

ANNUAL REPORT 2020



STOCK CODE: 83

St. George's Mansions

This annual report (“Annual Report”) is available in both English and Chinese. Shareholders who have received either the English or the Chinese version of the Annual Report may request a copy in the language different from that has been received by writing to the Company’s Share Registrar, Tricor Standard Limited at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen’s Road East, Hong Kong.

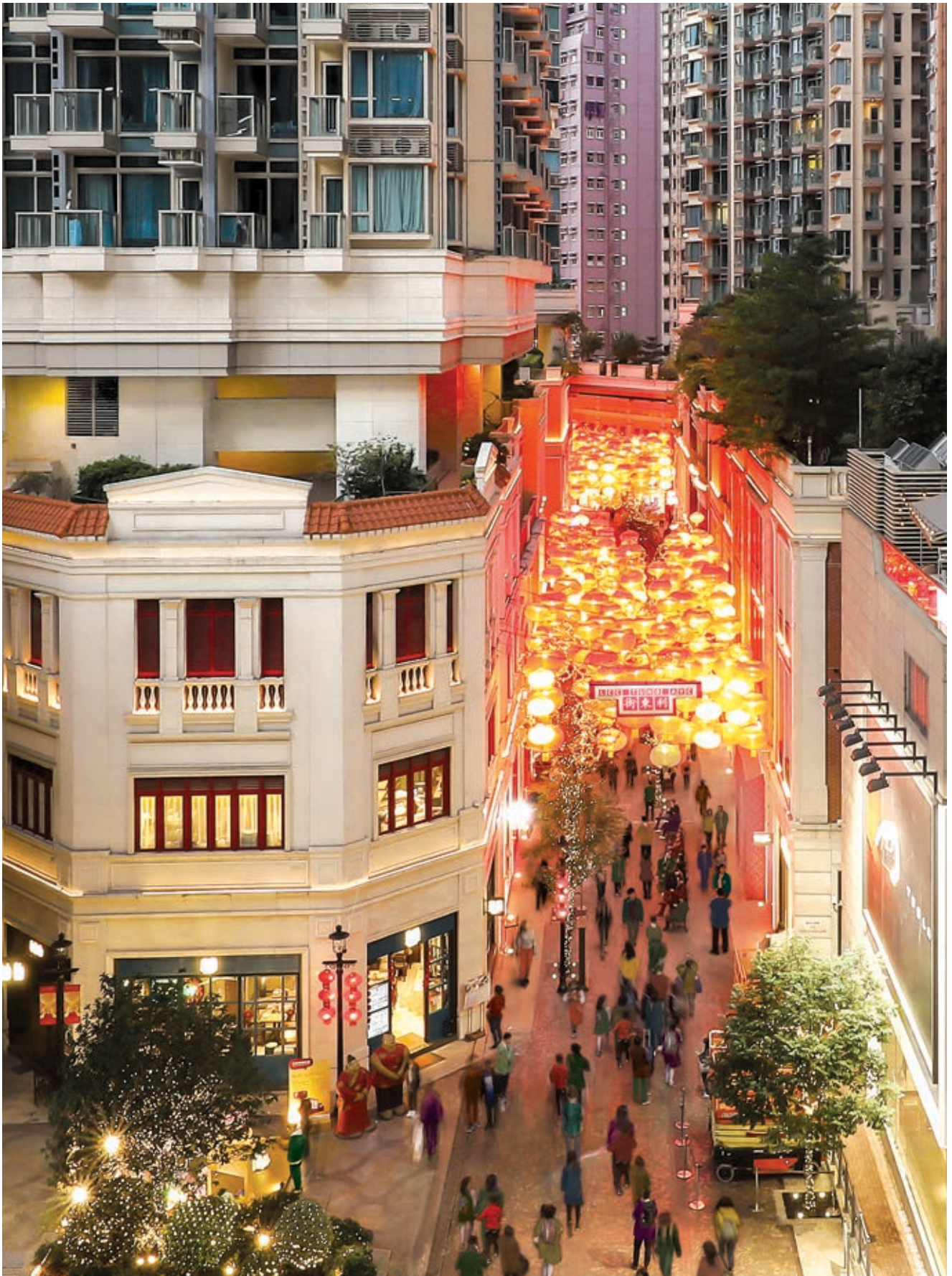
The Annual Report (in both English and Chinese versions) has been posted on the Company’s website at www.sino.com. Shareholders who have chosen to rely on copies of the Corporate Communications (including but not limited to annual report, summary financial report (where applicable), interim report, summary interim report (where applicable), notice of meeting, listing document, circular and proxy form) posted on the Company’s website in lieu of any or all the printed copies thereof may request printed copy of the Annual Report.

Shareholders who have chosen or are deemed to have consented to receive the Corporate Communications using electronic means through the Company’s website and who have difficulty in receiving or gaining access to the Annual Report posted on the Company’s website will upon request be sent the Annual Report in printed form free of charge.

Shareholders may at any time choose to change their choice of language and means of receipt (i.e. in printed form or by electronic means through the Company’s website) of all future Corporate Communications from the Company by giving notice in writing by post to the Company’s Share Registrar, Tricor Standard Limited at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen’s Road East, Hong Kong or by email at sinoland83-ecom@hk.tricorglobal.com.

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Board of Directors

Robert Ng Chee Siong, Chairman
 Daryl Ng Win Kong, JP, Deputy Chairman
 Ronald Joseph Arculli, GBM, CVO, GBS, OBE, JP#
 Allan Zeman, GBM, GBS, JP*
 Adrian David Li Man-kiu, JP*
 Steven Ong Kay Eng*
 Wong Cho Bau, JP*
 Ringo Chan Wing Kwong
 Gordon Lee Ching Keung
 Sunny Yeung Kwong
 Thomas Tang Wing Yung, Group Chief Financial Officer
(appointed on 15th January, 2020)

(# Non-Executive Director)

(* Independent Non-Executive Directors)

Audit Committee

Adrian David Li Man-kiu, JP, Chairman
 Allan Zeman, GBM, GBS, JP
 Steven Ong Kay Eng

Nomination Committee

Robert Ng Chee Siong, Chairman
 Allan Zeman, GBM, GBS, JP
 Adrian David Li Man-kiu, JP

Remuneration Committee

Steven Ong Kay Eng, Chairman
 Allan Zeman, GBM, GBS, JP
 Adrian David Li Man-kiu, JP
 Daryl Ng Win Kong, JP

Authorized Representatives

Robert Ng Chee Siong
 Ringo Chan Wing Kwong

Company Secretary

Fanny Cheng Siu King *(appointed on 1st May, 2020)*

Auditor

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu
 Registered Public Interest Entity Auditors

Solicitors

Woo, Kwan, Lee & Lo
 Clifford Chance

Share Registrar

Tricor Standard Limited
 Level 54, Hopewell Centre,
 183 Queen's Road East,
 Hong Kong
 Telephone : (852) 2980 1333
 Fax : (852) 2861 1465
 Email : sinoland83-ecom@hk.tricorglobal.com

Principal Bankers

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited
 Hang Seng Bank Limited
 The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited
 DBS Bank Ltd., Hong Kong Branch
 China Construction Bank (Asia) Corporation Limited
 Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited
 Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
 Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited
 The Bank of East Asia, Limited

Investor relations contact

Please direct enquiries to:
 Group General Manager (Corporate Finance & Investor Relations)
 Telephone : (852) 2132 8090
 Fax : (852) 2137 5963
 Email : investorrelations@sino.com

Registered Office

12th Floor, Tsim Sha Tsui Centre,
 Salisbury Road, Tsim Sha Tsui,
 Kowloon, Hong Kong
 Telephone : (852) 2721 8388
 Fax : (852) 2723 5901
 Website : www.sino.com
 Email : info@sino.com

Listing information

Stock code	83
American depositary receipt	
CUSIP Number	829344308
Trading Symbol	SNLAY
ADR to Ordinary Share Ratio	1:5
Listing	Level One (OTC)
Depository Bank	The Bank of New York 101 Barclay Street, 22nd Floor – West, New York, NY 10286, U.S.A.

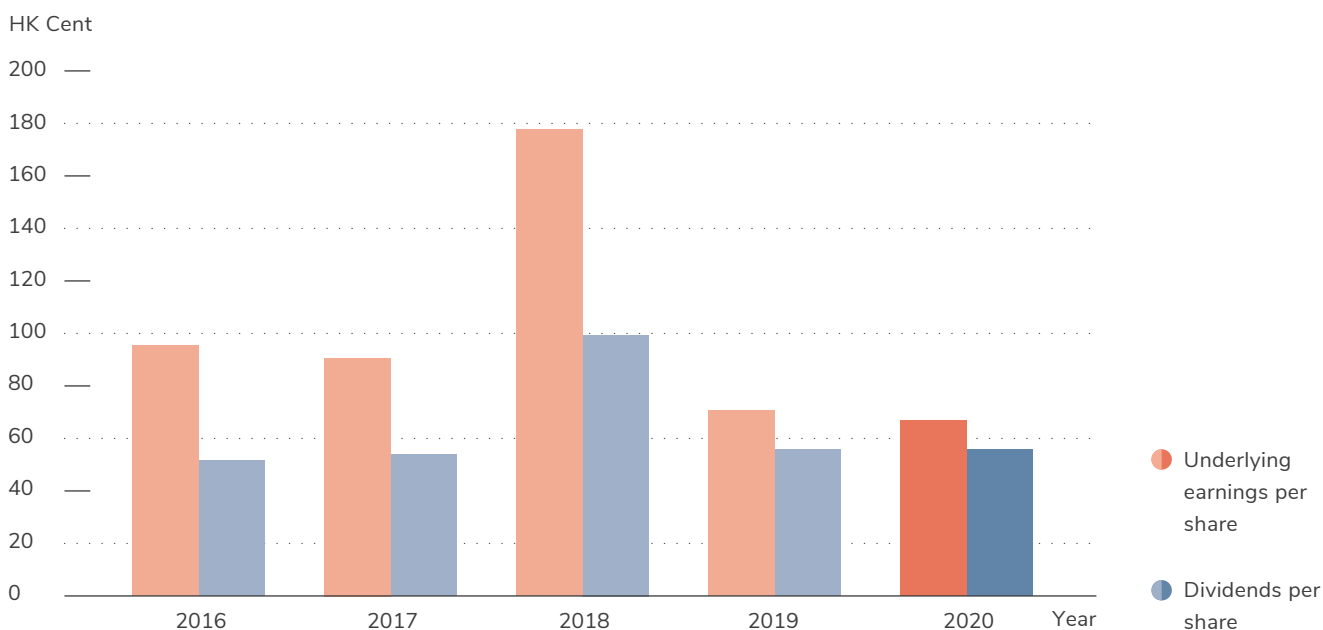
Shareholders' calendar

Closure of Register of Members for entitlement to attend and vote at Annual General Meeting	22nd October, 2020 to 28th October, 2020 (both dates inclusive)
Annual General Meeting	28th October, 2020
Closure of Register of Members for dividend entitlement	3rd November, 2020 to 4th November, 2020 (both dates inclusive)
Record Date for final dividend entitlement	4th November, 2020
Last Date for lodging form of election for scrip dividend	26th November, 2020 4:30 p.m.
Interim Dividend Paid	HK14 cents per share 17th April, 2020
Final Dividend Payable	HK41 cents per share 7th December, 2020

Group financial summary

	2016 HK\$	2017 HK\$	2018 HK\$	2019 HK\$	2020 HK\$
Turnover	<u>10,803,690,687</u>	<u>18,333,874,993</u>	<u>10,730,234,383</u>	<u>8,009,912,578</u>	<u>5,886,888,002</u>
Underlying net profit from operations	<u>5,748,981,277</u>	<u>5,565,243,295</u>	<u>11,247,096,992</u>	<u>4,671,078,053</u>	<u>4,557,049,804</u>
Profit attributable to the Company's shareholders	<u>7,090,436,987</u>	<u>7,414,672,305</u>	<u>13,995,949,179</u>	<u>6,914,903,934</u>	<u>1,688,050,428</u>
Underlying earnings per share (cents)	94.04	89.32	175.14	69.68	65.89
Reported earnings per share (cents)	115.98	119.00	217.94	103.15	24.41
Dividends per share (cents)	51.0	53.0	98.0	55.0	55.0

Underlying earnings & dividends per share

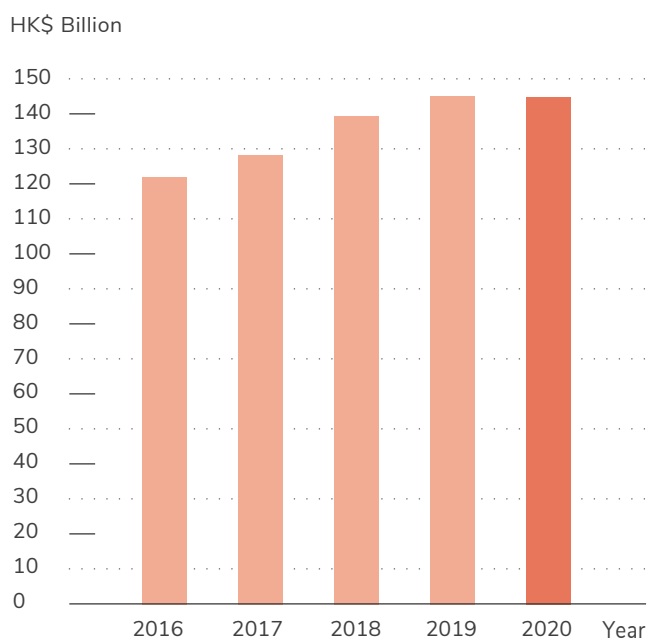


Group financial summary (Continued)

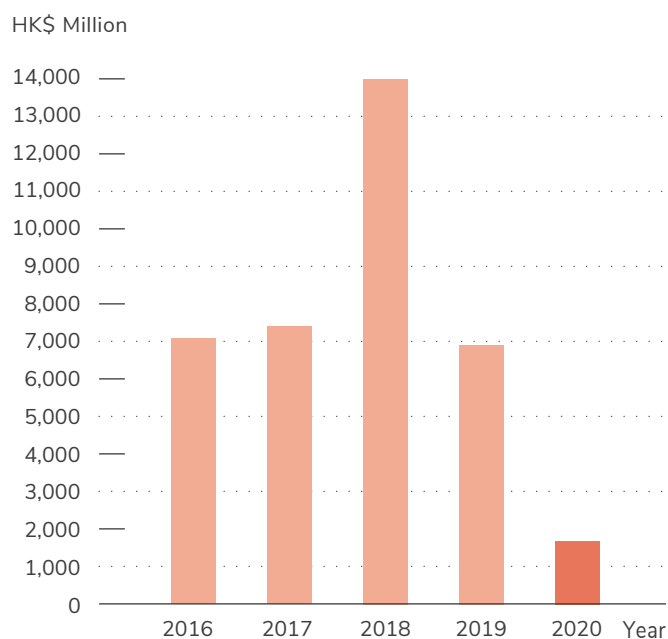
Consolidated statement of financial position

	2016 HK\$	2017 HK\$	2018 HK\$	2019 HK\$	2020 HK\$
Non-current assets	90,771,041,127	94,319,325,140	105,863,032,858	106,204,235,953	106,332,352,941
Current assets	58,287,413,047	60,946,539,943	53,244,363,670	74,544,144,431	80,391,448,913
Current liabilities	(17,649,712,727)	(20,050,896,042)	(12,131,243,524)	(25,385,564,491)	(32,319,376,427)
	<u>131,408,741,447</u>	<u>135,214,969,041</u>	<u>146,976,153,004</u>	<u>155,362,815,893</u>	<u>154,404,425,427</u>
Share capital	38,657,017,941	40,590,631,436	44,560,016,005	47,324,776,293	49,806,148,516
Reserves	<u>83,474,152,717</u>	<u>87,763,136,246</u>	<u>95,021,924,733</u>	<u>97,969,236,460</u>	<u>95,109,732,783</u>
Shareholders' funds	122,131,170,658	128,353,767,682	139,581,940,738	145,294,012,753	144,915,881,299
Non-controlling interests	543,049,902	971,301,683	860,175,745	868,091,612	843,307,789
Non-current liabilities	<u>8,734,520,887</u>	<u>5,889,899,676</u>	<u>6,534,036,521</u>	<u>9,200,711,528</u>	<u>8,645,236,339</u>
	<u>131,408,741,447</u>	<u>135,214,969,041</u>	<u>146,976,153,004</u>	<u>155,362,815,893</u>	<u>154,404,425,427</u>
Shareholders' funds at book value per share	<u>19.81</u>	<u>20.32</u>	<u>21.14</u>	<u>21.31</u>	<u>20.57</u>

Shareholders' funds



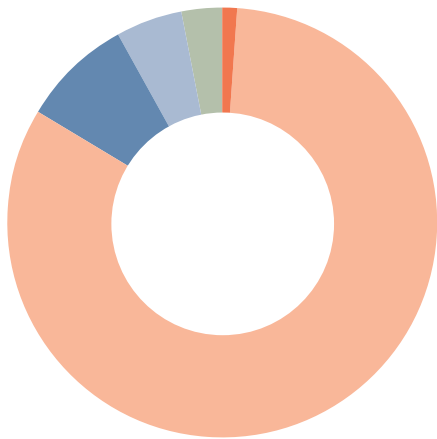
Profit attributable to the Company's shareholders



Group financial summary (Continued)

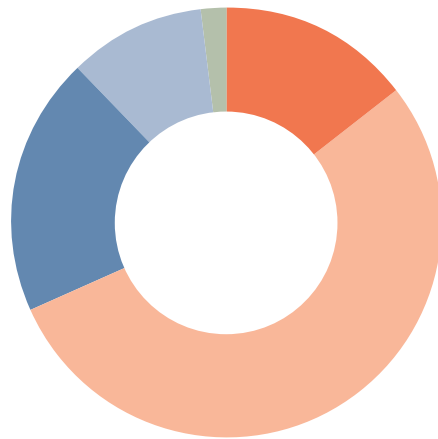
The Company and its subsidiaries (the “Group”)

Breakdown of segment results for the year ended 30th June, 2020



- Property sales **1.2%**
- Property rental **82.5%**
- Property management and other services **8.3%**
- Hotel operations **5.0%**
- Investments in securities and financing **3.0%**

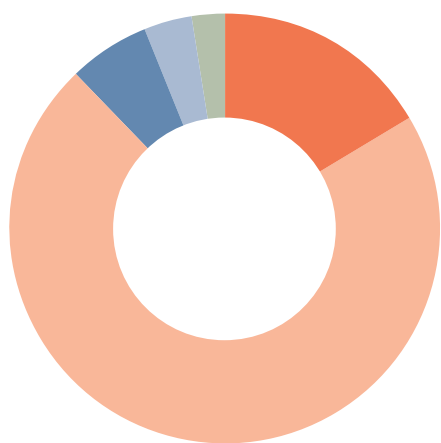
Breakdown of segment revenue for the year ended 30th June, 2020



- Property sales **14.7%**
- Property rental **53.7%**
- Property management and other services **19.5%**
- Hotel operations **10.4%**
- Investments in securities and financing **1.7%**

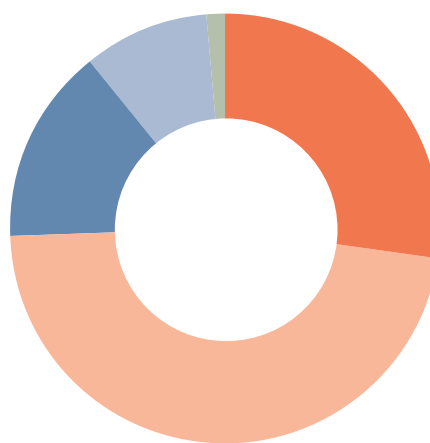
The Group and attributable share from associates and joint ventures

Breakdown of segment results
for the year ended 30th June, 2020



- Property sales **16.5%**
- Property rental **71.5%**
- Property management and other services **5.9%**
- Hotel operations **3.8%**
- Investments in securities and financing **2.3%**

Breakdown of segment revenue
for the year ended 30th June, 2020



- Property sales **27.5%**
- Property rental **47.2%**
- Property management and other services **14.6%**
- Hotel operations **9.4%**
- Investments in securities and financing **1.3%**

Chairman's statement

I am pleased to present 2019/2020 Annual Report to the shareholders.

Final results

The Group's underlying profit attributable to shareholders, excluding the effect of fair-value changes on investment properties for the year ended 30th June, 2020 ("Financial Year") was HK\$4,557.0 million compared to HK\$4,671.0 million last year. Underlying earnings per share was HK\$0.65, compared to HK\$0.69 last year.

After taking into account the revaluation loss (net of deferred taxation) on investment properties of HK\$2,532.7 million, which is a non-cash item, compared to a revaluation surplus (net of deferred taxation) of HK\$2,415.7 million last year, the Group reported a net profit attributable to shareholders of HK\$1,688.0 million for the Financial Year (2018/2019: HK\$6,914.9 million). Earnings per share for the Financial Year was HK\$0.24 (2018/2019: HK\$1.03).

Dividends

The Directors have resolved to recommend a final dividend of HK41 cents per share in respect of the Financial Year to shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members of the Company on 4th November, 2020. Together with the interim dividend of HK14 cents per share paid on 17th April, 2020, the total dividend for the Financial Year is HK55 cents per share.

The Directors propose that shareholders be given the option to receive the final dividend in new shares in lieu of cash. The scrip dividend proposal is subject to: (1) the approval of the proposed final dividend at the Annual General Meeting to be held on 28th October, 2020; and (2) The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited granting the listing of and permission to deal in the new shares to be issued pursuant to this proposal.

A circular containing details of the scrip dividend proposal will be dispatched to shareholders together with the form of election for scrip dividend on or about 11th November, 2020. It is expected that the final dividend warrants and share certificates for the scrip dividend will be dispatched to shareholders on or about 7th December, 2020.



Grand Central

Central to the Kwun Tong Town Centre Development Areas, Grand Central enjoys the enormous potential the 'Energising Kowloon East' and CBD² initiatives bring about. It will provide 1,999 residential units and a podium comprising a shopping mall and a public transport interchange.

In addition to 5G-ready infrastructure, Grand Central will feature smart home designs, smart irrigation system and renewable energy harvesting devices, creating a healthy environment for residents in a smart way.

Business review

(1) Sales activities

For the Financial Year, property sales at subsidiary level was HK\$863.9 million compared to HK\$2,541.7 million last year. The year-on-year reduction was primarily due to no new completion of property sales took place at subsidiary level this Financial Year, whereas, there were booking of property sales of HK\$1,305.4 million from Commune Modern in the last financial year. Including property sales of associates and joint ventures recognised by the Group, the total revenue from property sales attributable to the Group for the Financial Year was HK\$2,372.7 million compared to HK\$2,986.5 million last year.

Property sales at subsidiary level for the Financial Year comprise mainly the sales of residential units as well as carparking spaces in projects completed in previous financial years including Park Mediterranean in Sai Kung (100% sold), The Mediterranean in Sai Kung (96% sold), The Palazzo in Shatin (100% sold), and Commune Modern in Fanling (100% sold). Property sales of associates and joint ventures for the Financial Year comprise mainly the sales of commercial space in Capital Tower at 38 Wai Yip Street in Kowloon East (50% sold); as well as residential units and carparking spaces in projects completed in previous financial years including Providence Bay in Pak Shek Kok (100% sold), The Coronation in South West Kowloon (100% sold), and The Spectra in Yuen Long (99% sold).

During the Financial Year, certain units of 133 Portofino in Sai Kung were launched for sale by way of tender.

Subsequent to the Financial Year end, the Group obtained pre-sale consent for St. George's Mansions at 24A Kadoorie Avenue in Ho Man Tin in July 2020 and certain units of the project were launched for sale by way of tender. The Group expects to obtain pre-sale consents for five other residential projects in the next 12 months. These residential projects are Silversands (STTL 611) in Ma On Shan, KIL 11254 in Mongkok, Grand Victoria (NKIL 6549) in South West Kowloon, IL 9064 (Site A) in Central, and AIL 467 (Site B) in Aberdeen. The timing for launching the projects for sale will depend on when the pre-sale consents are received and the prevailing market conditions.

(2) Land bank

As at 30th June, 2020, the Group has a land bank of approximately 22.3 million square feet of attributable floor area in Mainland China, Hong Kong, Singapore and Sydney which comprises a balanced portfolio of properties of which 39.7% is commercial; 37.1% residential; 10.8% industrial; 7.0% car parks and 5.4% hotels. In terms of breakdown of the land bank by status, 9.8 million square feet were properties under development, 11.8 million square feet of properties for investment and hotels, together with 0.7 million square feet of properties held for sale. The Group will continue to be selective in replenishing its land bank to optimise its earnings potential.

During the Financial Year, the Group was awarded the right to develop a residential project at Wong Chuk Hang Station from MTR Corporation Limited with attributable floor area of approximately 159,576 square feet. Details of the project are as follows:

Location	Usage	Group's Interest	Attributable Floor Area (Square feet)
AIL 467 (Site D) Wong Chuk Hang Station Package Four Property Development, Wong Chuk Hang, Aberdeen, Hong Kong	Residential	Joint venture	159,576

Chairman's statement (Continued)

Business review (Continued)

(2) Land bank (Continued)

In addition, the Group acquired a commercial site in Qianhai in Shenzhen. The project will provide total attributable plot ratio area of 258,336 square feet. Details of the project are as follows:

Location	Usage	Group's Interest	Attributable Floor Area (Square feet)
Lot No. T102-0261 Land Parcel 03, Unit 7, Qianwan Area, Qianhai Shenzhen-Hong Kong Modern Service Industry Cooperation Zone, Shenzhen, People's Republic of China	Commercial	30%	258,336



133 Portofino

133 Portofino in Sai Kung has received WELL v2™ pre-certification, becoming the first Hong Kong residential project accredited by Core V.2 of the world's first architectural benchmark that focuses exclusively on human health and wellness to promote sustainability.

(3) Property development

During the Financial Year, the Group obtained Occupation Permits for two projects, namely Madison Park and 133 Portofino. Details of the two projects are as follows:

Location	Usage	Group's Interest	Attributable Floor Area (Square feet)
1. Madison Park 1 Kowloon Road, Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon, Hong Kong	Residential/ Retail	Joint Venture	52,571
2. 133 Portofino 133 Hong Kin Road, Sai Kung, New Territories, Hong Kong	Residential	100%	51,592
			104,163

Business review (Continued)

(4) Rental activities

For the Financial Year, the Group's gross rental revenue, including attributable share from associates and joint ventures, was HK\$4,061.9 million (2018/2019: HK\$4,239.9 million), representing a decrease of 4.2% year-on-year. The decrease was primarily due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, including rental relief granted to tenants. In terms of net rental income, it only declined 2.3% year-on-year, to HK\$3,599.8 million for the Financial Year (2018/2019: HK\$3,685.2 million), as the decline in relevant expenses is greater than that of the gross rental revenue. Overall occupancy of the Group's investment property portfolio was at approximately 94.8% for the Financial Year (2018/2019: 96.3%).

Rental income from the Group's retail portfolio was much affected by the rental relief granted to tenants and a slightly lower occupancy rate of 96.0% (2018/2019: 97.2%). As for the leasing performance of the Group's office portfolio, there was a slight rental growth compared to last year mainly due to positive rental reversion on lease renewals, while occupancy rate remains broadly flat at approximately 95.2% (2018/2019: 96.0%). Leasing performance of the Group's industrial portfolio saw a slight rental decline mainly due to occupancy rate which declined 3.4% points to approximately 90.3% (2018/2019: 93.7%).

The Group's investment property portfolio primarily serves the need of its customers which include tenants, shoppers and the communities around the properties. The design and condition of the properties together with the quality of service provided to customers are of paramount importance. To ensure that the properties are in good condition, the Group performs regular review of the properties as part of its asset enhancement initiatives. Going forward, the Group will adopt a proactive asset management approach to its balanced portfolio of rental properties. On service quality, the Group places a strong emphasis on regular training particularly for all front-line staff to ensure that the service provided to customers meets their expectations. Comments

from customers, reports by silent shoppers and recognitions from professional institutions all play a role in assessing the quality of service delivered by the staff. With health and safety being our utmost priority, proactive measures have been taken to strengthen the standards of hygiene at the Group's shopping malls, offices, and other properties to offer a safe and clean environment for customers, residents, and staff.



The Fullerton Hotel Singapore

Housed in the historic building completed in 1928, The Fullerton Hotel Singapore provides 400 beautifully presented guest rooms and suites. Its excellent location and comprehensive facilities make it ideal for both business and leisure travellers. The Hotel has received international awards and accolades in recognition of its impeccable services and offerings.

On 7 December 2015, the building was gazetted as Singapore's 71st National Monument.

As at 30th June, 2020, the Group has approximately 11.8 million square feet of attributable floor area of investment properties and hotels in Mainland China, Hong Kong, Singapore and Sydney. Of this portfolio, commercial developments (retail and office) account for 61.6%, industrial 14.7%, car parks 13.2%, hotels 7.7%, and residential 2.8%.

Total attributable value of investment properties (including associates and joint ventures) amounted to HK\$83,385.3 million (2018/2019: HK\$86,285.6 million), representing an overall decrease of 3.36% year-on-year. Excluding additions and disposals during the year, the decrease in value of the investment properties is 2.83%.

Chairman's statement (Continued)

Business review (Continued)



The Fullerton Hotel Sydney

The 416-room five-star hotel was rebranded as The Fullerton Hotel Sydney on 18 October 2019. Located at No. 1 Martin Place, the heart of Sydney's fashion and financial district, the iconic hotel includes the redevelopment of the former Sydney General Post Office, blending contemporary elegance with historical charm and providing warm hospitality for guests to create their own Fullerton memories.

(5) Hotels

The performance of our hotels was much affected by the outbreak of COVID-19 and its adverse impact on cross border and international travel. For the Financial Year, the Group's hotel revenue, including attributable share from associates and joint ventures, was HK\$811.3 million compared to HK\$1,353.0 million last year, and the corresponding operating profit was HK\$192.6 million compared to HK\$537.3 million last year.

The Group is taking all practicable measures to cope with the challenges. The first priority is to deliver feeling of safety to our discerning guests therefore we are putting in place strict sanitisation and hygiene protocol to ensure guests returning to stay or dine with us will have complete peace of mind and full assurance in our product and service. Moreover, we are introducing marketing and sales recovery strategies to target the domestic market (staycation) and at the same time, taking decisive decision to reduce operating costs. The Group will continue to improve the quality of its hotel services to ensure our discerning guests have enjoyable experiences during their stays in the hotels.

As at 30th June, 2020, the Group's portfolio of hotels comprises The Fullerton Hotel Singapore, The Fullerton Bay Hotel Singapore, Conrad Hong Kong, The Fullerton Hotel Sydney (rebranded from Westin Sydney Hotel in October 2019) and The Olympian Hong Kong.

(6) Mainland China business

Urbanisation continues to play a key role in Central Government's urban planning and policy. In November 2019, Central Government introduced a total of 16 measures to expedite the economic cooperation within the Greater Bay Area. These measures would fortify the economic strengths of the cities within the Greater Bay Area and open a wide spectrum of opportunities for people and enterprises. In December 2019, the Communist Party of China Central Committee and the State Council jointly published an outline for integrating the cities within Yangtze River Delta setting the development goals and roadmap for the region by 2025. The policy of developing city clusters will significantly take urbanisation in Mainland China to the next level.

As at 30th June, 2020, the Group has approximately 5.5 million attributable square feet of land bank in Mainland China. Of the total, approximately 4.5 million square feet are projects under development and the remaining are mainly investment properties. The projects under development include 100% interest in Dynasty Park in Zhangzhou, 50% interest in a serviced apartment project in Qianhai, 20% interest in The Palazzo in Chengdu, and 30% interest in a new commercial development site located in Qianwan Area in Qianhai.

Other than the matters mentioned above, there has been no material change from the information published in the report and accounts for the year ended 30th June, 2019.

Finance

The Group's financial position remains strong. As at 30th June, 2020, the Group had cash and bank deposits of HK\$43,664.0 million. After netting off total borrowings of HK\$5,250.1 million, the Group had net cash of HK\$38,413.9 million as at 30th June, 2020. Of the total borrowings, 15.8% repayable within one year, 65.1% repayable between one and three years and the remaining between four and five years. Majority of the Group's borrowings are subject to floating interest rates. Total assets and shareholders' funds of the Group were HK\$186,723.8 million and HK\$144,915.8 million, respectively.

As at 30th June, 2020, the majority of the Group's debts are denominated in Hong Kong dollars. Other than the above-mentioned, there was no material change in foreign currency borrowings and the capital structure of the Group for the Financial Year. The majority of the Group's cash are denominated in Hong Kong dollars with a portion in Renminbi, Australian dollars and US dollars. The Group has maintained a sound financial management policy and foreign exchange exposure has been prudently kept at a minimal level.

Corporate governance

The Group places great importance on corporate integrity, business ethics and good governance. With the objective of practising good corporate governance, the Group has formed Audit, Compliance, Remuneration and Nomination Committees. The Group is committed to maintaining corporate transparency and disseminates information about new developments through various channels, including press releases, its corporate website, results briefings, non-deal roadshows, site visits and participation in investor conferences.

Customer service

The Group is committed to building quality projects. In keeping with its mission to enhance customer satisfaction, the Group will, wherever possible, ensure that attractive design concepts and features are

also environmentally-friendly for its developments. Management conducts regular reviews of the Group's properties and service so that improvements can be made on a continuous basis.



Sino Property Services has collaborated with Asbury Methodist Social Service (AMSS) on the 'LOVE-SHARING' Toy Collection Programme. Over 4,400 pieces of toys and 4,500 books have been collected from managed properties and given to families in need under the 'Help2 Project' from AMSS.

Corporate social responsibility

Sustainability is integral to the Group's business and operations. We have been structuring our corporate social responsibility efforts around the six areas crucial to our vision of 'Creating better lifescapes', namely Green, Wellness, Design, Innovation, Heritage & Culture and Community. In recognition of the Group's continuous efforts in promoting sustainability and upholding high standards in environmental, social and governance aspects, Sino Land has been named a constituent company of the Hang Seng Corporate Sustainability Index Series since September 2012.

Management recognises the importance of environmental protection, social responsibility and governance, as well as our role in building a more sustainable community. Our annual sustainability reporting highlights the corporate sustainability footprints and initiatives, and has been conducted in accordance with Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited's 'Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide' under Appendix 27 to the Main Board Listing Rules.

Corporate social responsibility

(Continued)

The Group joined the United Nations Global Compact as a Signatory in April 2020, becoming one of the first property companies in Hong Kong to do so. Incorporating the Ten Principles of the United Nations Global Compact into strategies, policies and procedures, the participation reaffirms our commitment to operating in a principled and responsible manner.

The built environment has a profound impact on health and well-being. In March 2020, 133 Portofino, the Group's latest residential project in Sai Kung, received WELL v2™ Pre-certification, becoming the first Hong Kong residential project accredited by WELL v2™, the world's first architectural benchmark focusing exclusively on human health and wellness to improve sustainability.

The Group's integrated green project 'Farm Together' was launched in March 2020 to promote urban farming and bring nature into the lives of those in our community. With a total area of over 23,000 square feet, the 'Farm Together' project currently operates across the city including Sky Farm at the Skyline Tower, 148 Farm at 148 Electric Road, Gold Coast Fun Farm, Gold Coast Eco Farm, Gold Coast Farm and the

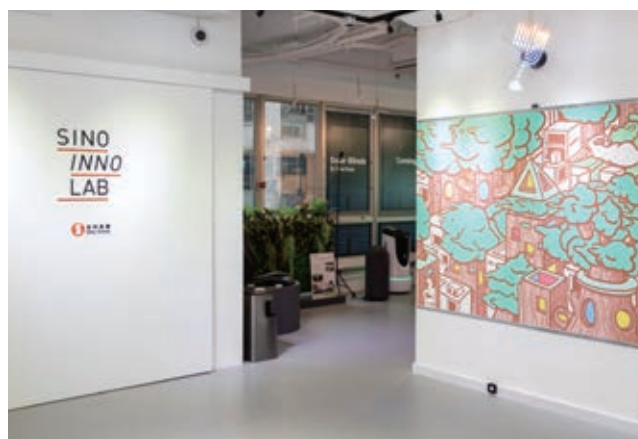
Butterflies and Herbs Farm at the Hong Kong Gold Coast Hotel. The harvest of the farms has been shared with our staff, tenants, residents and donated to charity organisations to support the community.

The Group initiates programmes and collaborates with charitable organisations to promote volunteering and community services for the less resourced on a regular basis. Sino Caring Friends, volunteers comprising staff of the Group, have been actively taking part in community programmes and charitable work. During the reporting period, over 174,000 volunteering service hours have been recorded.

The Group seeks to foster a culture of innovation to harness technology and explore business applications. Sino Inno Lab, a sandbox platform for technology companies to facilitate co-creation and support innovation, has been honoured at the Global Most Innovative Knowledge Enterprise (MIKE) Award 2019 and Hong Kong MIKE Award 2019, alongside 21 organisations from eight countries and regions. Sino Inno Lab is part of the holistic innovation ecosystem of Hong Kong Innovation Foundation to support innovation and technology. Since its inception, Sino Inno Lab has showcased more than 70 inventions and technologies, facilitated over 40 adoptions and welcomed more than 4,800 visitors from business associates, trade organisations and the academia.



The Group launched integrated green project 'Farm Together' in March 2020 to promote urban farming and bring the community closer to nature.



In a further effort to foster a culture of innovation, the Group has established Sino Inno Lab, a sandbox platform for technology companies to test out inventions and to facilitate co-creation.

Corporate social responsibility

(Continued)

In a further effort to foster innovation, Sinovation, a group-wide competition, was launched in June 2019 to encourage innovative ideas from staff and to turn concepts into functional prototypes. The Group has also been supporting the HKUST-Sino One Million Dollar Entrepreneurship Competition since 2018 to nurture home-grown innovations.

In March 2008, the Ng Family set up a non-profit-making organisation, Hong Kong Heritage Conservation Foundation Limited ('HCF'). HCF revitalised and converted the Old Tai O Police Station, a Grade II historic building, into a boutique hotel, it has been operating as a not-for-profit social enterprise since March 2012 with surpluses used to support maintenance of the site. Named Tai O Heritage Hotel ('Hotel'), it is home to nine colonial-style rooms and suites, and is part of the HKSAR Government's 'Revitalising Historic Buildings Through Partnership Scheme'. It provides permanent employment opportunities for Tai O and Lantau residents, and has organised community engagement programmes encompassing cultural activities, community services and home care services for the elderly living in Tai O. In 2018, HCF initiated 'Tai O Stilt House Restoration Programme' to provide financial assistance to repair and restore stilt houses of elderly villagers, and to preserve its unique architecture and cultural value. Six stilt houses have been repaired and restored since launch. The Hotel won Merit Award at the '2013 UNESCO Asia-Pacific Awards for Cultural Heritage Conservation', becoming the first UNESCO-awarded hotel in Hong Kong.

Prospects

The financial year 2019/2020 was indeed challenging due to unprecedented and exceptional circumstances, exacerbated by the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic. While central banks and governments have been supportive with measures such as interest rate cuts and stimulus plans (including relief packages, wage subsidies, and one time direct cash payment to individuals etc.) to ease the pressure during this difficult time, economic growth is expected to slow before it recovers as economies gradually re-open. Despite macro headwinds, the residential property market in Hong Kong remains resilient and fundamentally sound. Record low interest rates and favourable mortgage terms continue to encourage home ownership and they are providing support to the Hong Kong residential market.

For China, although its economy was negatively impacted by the pandemic in the first quarter of 2020, the leadership implemented good decisions on monetary and fiscal stimuli which are lending support to a recovery of the mainland economy. Moreover, the Central Government has adopted decisive measures to overcome the outbreak. China is now the first major economy to recover from the pandemic. With long-term positive economic fundamentals, China is expected to remain one of the world's key growth engine. Prominent Central Government policy like the Greater Bay Area and Belt and Road Initiatives will be instrumental in driving this growth. Hong Kong, as the most open and international city for business in the Greater Bay Area, and with an established economic and regulatory system, is well positioned to benefit from opportunities arising from continuous and rapid developments in the region. This will strengthen Hong Kong's position as an international hub for finance, business, trade and tourism, and support a stable economic environment for Hong Kong. We remain optimistic that Hong Kong will see brighter tomorrow and continue to be a vibrant international city.

Prospects (Continued)

During these challenging times, management have taken the opportunity to learn and improve. We have reviewed the processes, procedures, and the structure of operations in order to streamline workflow to enhance efficiency, as well as taken decisive decisions to achieve cost savings across the organisation. When the situation improves and economic recovery returns, the Group is able to leverage on an enhanced operational structure which will lead to higher shareholders' value.

The Group will continue to optimise earnings, enhance efficiency and productivity, and improve the quality of products and services. Management shall maintain a policy of selectively and continuously replenishing its land bank. In terms of property sales, product quality and service as well as price are the main critical success factors and the Group shall make every effort to deliver what the customers want in order to further enhance our brand. Regarding recurrent businesses of the Group, which comprise property leasing, hospitality, and property management services, they will continue to be core pillars of the Group contributing a good and steady stream of income. Additionally, the importance of applying commercially viable technologies in the business operations to expedite our work has been well recognised by management. Technology advancement is growing at an exponential speed and the Group will stay abreast with the latest digitisation developments and use it to enhance business development and operational efficiency.

The Group is cautiously optimistic on the outlook of the economy and property market in Hong Kong. We have strong faith that Hong Kong will overcome this challenging period. Meanwhile our organisation must adopt a new mindset and take this as the most important lesson that we should learn and improve from. With a strong financial position and sustainable business growth strategy, the Group is well placed to meet the challenging economic environment and to grasp opportunities.

Staff and management

On behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere appreciation to all staff for their commitment, dedication and continuing support. I would also like to express my gratitude to my fellow Directors for their guidance and wise counsel.

Robert NG Chee Siong

Chairman

Hong Kong, 26th August, 2020

(1) Land bank

As at 30th June, 2020, the Group had a land bank of approximately 22.3 million square feet. This land bank consisted of a diversified and balanced portfolio of properties, comprising: commercial 39.7%, residential 37.1%, industrial 10.8%, car parks 7.0% and hotels 5.4%. Developments currently under construction are generally situated in good locations and are

conveniently served by various modes of transport, including railway and subway lines. The tables below show the detailed breakdown of the Group's land bank as at 30th June, 2020.

The Group's commercial, industrial buildings, car parks and hotels are held mainly for long-term investment and to generate a stable stream of recurrent income.

By status and usage

(Floor area in square feet)	Commercial	Residential	Industrial	Car Park	Hotel	Total area	Percentage
Properties under development	1,415,384	7,881,900	176,906	–	291,896	9,766,086	43.7%
Investment properties and hotels	7,295,409	330,010	1,743,621	1,568,757	909,845	11,847,642	53.0%
Completed properties for sale	161,153	79,701	493,726	–	–	734,580	3.3%
Total	8,871,946	8,291,611	2,414,253	1,568,757	1,201,741	22,348,308	100.0%
Percentage	39.7%	37.1%	10.8%	7.0%	5.4%	100.0%	

By location and usage

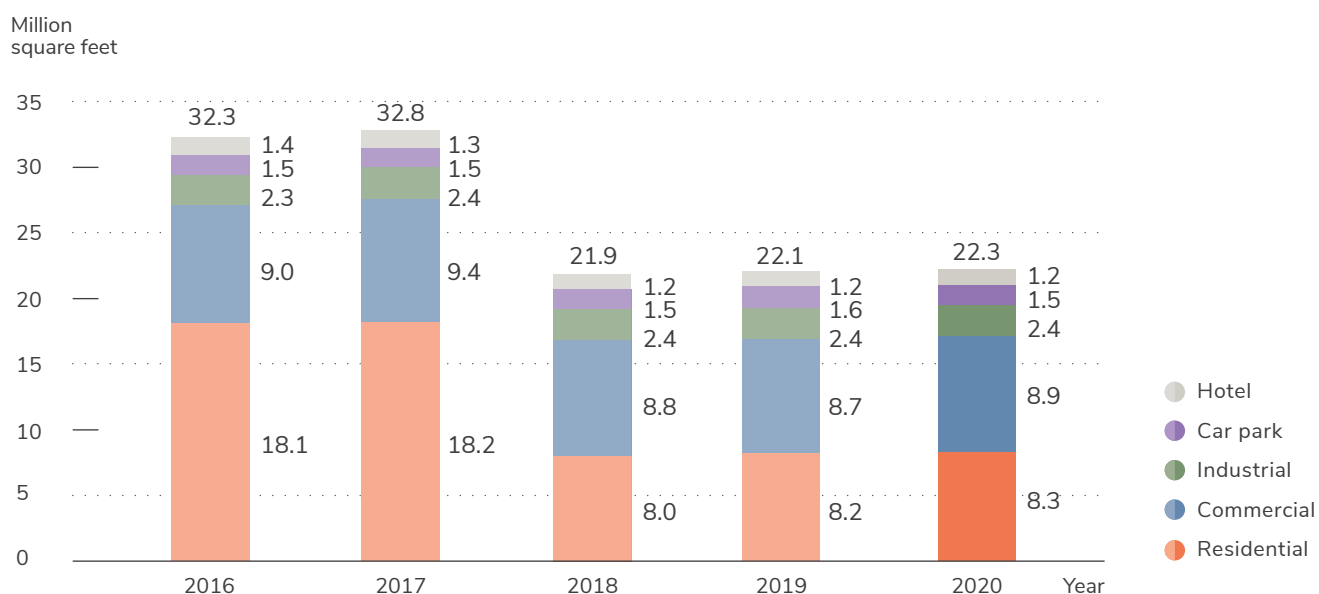
(Floor area in square feet)	Commercial	Residential	Industrial	Car Park	Hotel	Total area	Percentage
Mainland China	1,744,548	3,751,329	–	267	29,876	5,526,020	24.7%
Kowloon	3,004,524	2,286,093	1,490,002	364,145	43,759	7,188,523	32.2%
New Territories	2,612,501	1,549,680	924,251	1,144,043	–	6,230,475	27.9%
Hong Kong Island	1,349,922	704,509	–	60,302	427,526	2,542,259	11.4%
Singapore	130,729	–	–	–	545,510	676,239	3.0%
Sydney, Australia	29,722	–	–	–	155,070	184,792	0.8%
Total	8,871,946	8,291,611	2,414,253	1,568,757	1,201,741	22,348,308	100.0%

Review of operations (Continued)

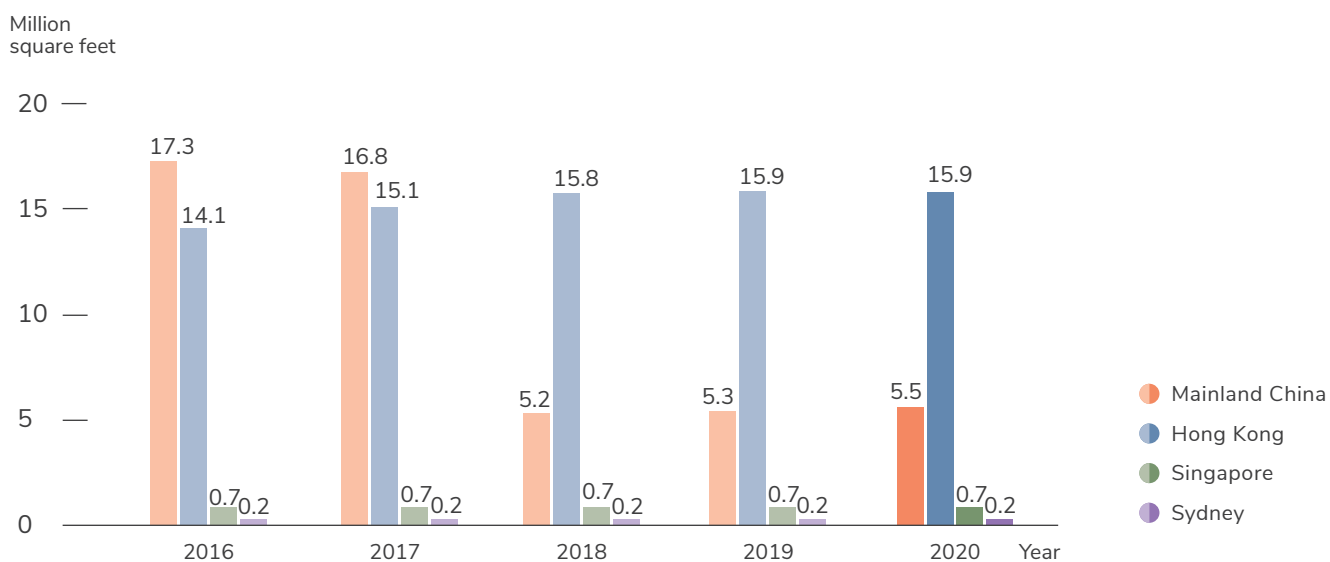
(1) Land bank (Continued)

The following charts show the changes of the Group's land bank by usage and geographical location over the last five financial years:

Land bank – breakdown by usage as at 30th June



Land bank – breakdown by geographical location as at 30th June



(2) Highlights of the Group's major property developments Development projects in Hong Kong

Madison Park (joint venture)

1 Kowloon Road, Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon, Hong Kong

The Group was awarded the right to develop the site in Kowloon Road in Cheung Sha Wan at a tender from the Urban Renewal Authority of Hong Kong ('URA') in October 2016. The project has a site area of approximately 5,842 square feet. Upon completion, a total of approximately 52,571 square feet of plot ratio area will be built, comprising approximately 43,809 square feet of residential plot ratio area in 100 residential units as well as approximately 8,762 square feet of retail area. The Occupation Permit for the project was obtained in May 2020 and the Certificate of Compliance is expected to be obtained in the financial year 2020/2021. The pre-sale consent was obtained in August 2018 and it was launched for sale in the same month; to date, 92% of the residential units have been sold.



133 Portofino (100% owned)

133 Hong Kin Road, Sai Kung, New Territories, Hong Kong

The site was acquired at a government tender in April 2015. It is located at a prime position on the seafront of Sai Kung and is closed to the 6-hectare Sai Kung Outdoor Recreation Centre and 16-hectare Lions Nature Education Centre. The project has a site area of approximately 36,856

square feet. The project will provide a total of approximately 51,592 square feet of residential plot ratio area in 33 residential units, comprising 26 apartments and 7 houses upon completion. The Occupation Permit for the project was obtained in May 2020 and the Certificate of Compliance is expected to be obtained in the financial year 2020/2021. The fitting out and landscaping works are in progress. The pre-sale consent was obtained in January 2020 and it was launched for sale in February 2020.



Grand Central (joint venture)

33 Hip Wo Street, Kwun Tong (South), Kowloon, Hong Kong

In September 2014, the Group was awarded the rights to develop Areas 2 and 3 of the Kwun Tong Town Centre Development project from the URA. The entire Kwun Tong Town Centre Development project is the

Review of operations (Continued)

(2) Highlights of the Group's major property developments (Continued)

Development projects in Hong Kong (Continued)

Grand Central (joint venture) (Continued)

largest redevelopment initiative ever undertaken by the URA and is divided into five development areas comprising residences, shopping arcades, office buildings, a hotel, government facilities and a public transport interchange.

Development Areas 2 and 3 comprise residences, a shopping mall, government facilities and a public transport interchange. The project will be a vibrant world-class, integrated mixed-used mega development. The location is easily accessed by various modes of public transport including MTR (Kwun Tong Station), buses and public light buses. The project has a site area of 234,160 square feet and upon completion, it will provide residential plot ratio area of approximately 1,495,981 square feet in 1,999 units. The Group has 90% equity interest in the development right of the project, and the residential plot ratio area attributable to the Group is approximately 1,346,383 square feet. The construction of the superstructure is in progress. The development will be divided into two phases with Phase 1 having 1,025 residential units and Phase 2 having 974 units. It is expected that the Occupation Permit and the Certificate of Compliance for both phases will be obtained in the financial year 2020/2021. The Group will build and sell the residential units. The retail area, government facilities and the public transport interchange will be developed by the Group and after completion, the retail area will be transferred to the URA whilst government facilities and the public transport interchange will be transferred to the HKSAR Government.

The pre-sale consents for both Phases 1 and 2 of Grand Central were issued in November 2018 and they were launched for sale in December 2018. To date, approximately 82% of the units have been sold. Total proceeds derived from the sales have reached HK\$20.3 billion.



Mayfair By The Sea 8 (100% owned)

1 Fo Yin Road, Pak Shek Kok (East), New Territories, Hong Kong

The site of TPTL 228 was acquired at a government tender in July 2016. It has a site area of approximately 114,594 square feet and is designated for residential development. The project is next to the Hong Kong Science Park and is only a few minutes' walk from Mayfair By The Sea I and II, which have also been developed by the Group. Mayfair By The Sea 8 will provide approximately 412,530 square feet of residential plot ratio area in 528 units upon completion. Both the Occupation Permit and the Certificate of Compliance are expected to be obtained in the financial year 2020/2021. Pre-sale consent was obtained in January 2019. To date, approximately 87% of the units have been sold. Total proceeds derived from the sale have reached HK\$4.2 billion.

(2) Highlights of the Group's major property developments (Continued)

Development projects in Hong Kong (Continued)

The Fullerton Ocean Park Hotel Hong Kong (joint venture)

Tai Shue Wan, Hong Kong

In January 2017, the joint venture company, to which the Group has 60% equity interest, was awarded the development rights by the Ocean Park Corporation to build and manage a hotel located on the seafront between Po Chong Wan and Tai Shue Wan within the Ocean Park boundary. It is adjacent to the all-weather Water Park in Tai Shue Wan Development Project in the Ocean Park which is due to open in 2021. Upon completion, the project will provide approximately 436,700 square feet of plot ratio area and the total plot ratio area attributable to the Group is approximately 262,020 square feet. The hotel is estimated to open in 2021. The foundation works have been completed and the superstructure works are currently in progress. Named The Fullerton Ocean Park Hotel Hong Kong, the total number of guest rooms in the hotel is expected to be approximately 440.

AIL 462 (60% owned)

Yip Kan Street and Wong Chuk Hang Road,
Wong Chuk Hang, Hong Kong

The commercial site of AIL 462 in Wong Chuk Hang was acquired from a government tender in October 2016. The site is in a few minutes' walk from Wong Chuk Hang Station, which is two stations from Admiralty Station. With the MTR South Island Line commenced operations in December 2016 connecting the Central to Southern part of Hong Kong Island, Wong Chuk Hang has become a desirable location for

corporations to set up offices and the area has been undergoing a transformation from a traditional industrial area into a hub of commercial, industrial and residential district, making it a diversified and interesting area for work, entertainment and living. The project has a site area of 18,996 square feet and is currently undergoing superstructure construction. Upon completion, the project will provide approximately 141,731 square feet of plot ratio area attributable to the Group, as well as the development of an Arts and Cultural Centre to be handed over to the HKSAR Government. With the total plot ratio area, approximately 87% will be designated for the development of office and the rest for retail. Both the Occupation Permit and the Certificate of Compliance for the project are expected to be obtained in the financial year 2021/2022.

KCTL 524 (100% owned)

Wing Kei Road, Kwai Chung, New Territories,
Hong Kong

The Group acquired an industrial site in Kwai Chung at a government tender in May 2017. The site has an area of approximately 18,623 square feet. Upon completion, the project will provide a total of approximately 176,906 square feet of plot ratio area for industrial use, which allows different industries including media design and production, laboratory, inspection and testing centre, information technology and telecommunications industries and so forth. Both the Occupation Permit and Compliance Certificate for the project are expected to be obtained in the financial year 2021/2022. The project is under superstructure construction stage.

Review of operations (Continued)

(2) Highlights of the Group's major property developments (Continued)

Development projects in Hong Kong (Continued)

YLTL 532 (100% owned)

Junction of Wang Yip Street West and Hong Yip Street, Tung Tau Industrial Area, Yuen Long, New Territories, Hong Kong

The Group acquired the site in Yuen Long for commercial development from a government tender in December 2015. The site is approximately 99,524 square feet and is within walking distance from the MTR Long Ping Station. Upon completion, a total of approximately 497,601 square feet of plot ratio commercial area will be built, in which approximately 76% is designated for office use and the rest for retail use. The project is under superstructure construction stage. The Occupation Permit and the Certificate of Compliance for the project are expected to be obtained in the financial years 2021/2022 and 2022/2023 respectively.

Silversands (100% owned)

Whitehead, Ma On Shan, Sha Tin, New Territories, Hong Kong

The site was acquired at a government tender for residential development in July 2017. It has a site area of approximately 49,729 square feet. Upon completion, it will provide a total of approximately 119,351 square feet of attributable gross floor area in approximately 160 units. The Occupation Permit and Certificate of Compliance for the project are expected to be obtained in the financial years 2021/2022 and 2022/2023 respectively. The superstructure of the project is currently in process.



St. George's Mansions (joint venture)

24A Kadoorie Avenue, Ho Man Tin, Kowloon, Hong Kong

The Group was awarded the development right to redevelop the previous head office site of CLP in Ho Man Tin in December 2017. The site of 61,941 square feet is in the heart of Kowloon with picturesque view of Kadoorie Hill. It is a true rarity, which commands one of the most sought-after locations in Hong Kong's legendary neighbourhood with rich history, traditions and a coveted school network. The Clock Tower building will be preserved for community use. The project will be developed into residential properties. Upon completion, the project will provide a total of 309,707 square feet of residential plot ratio area in approximately 175 residences. Subsequent to Financial Year, pre-sale consent was obtained in July 2020. The Occupation Permit and Certificate of Compliance for the project are expected to be obtained in the financial years 2021/2022 and 2022/2023 respectively. The construction of the superstructure is in progress.

(2) Highlights of the Group's major property developments (Continued)

Development projects in Hong Kong (Continued)

Lot no. 765 in demarcation district no. 332 (100% owned)

South Lantau Road, Cheung Sha, Lantau Island, New Territories, Hong Kong

The Group acquired a residential site in Cheung Sha, Lantau Island through a government tender in December 2018. Upon completion of the construction, the project will provide a total of approximately 11,582 square feet of residential plot ratio area. The Occupation Permit and Certificate of Compliance for the project are expected to be obtained in the financial years 2021/2022 and 2022/2023 respectively. The project is under planning stage.

Grand Victoria (22.5% owned)

6 Lai Ying Street and 8 Lai Ying Street, South West Kowloon, Kowloon, Hong Kong

The development site of approximately 208,262 square feet was acquired at a government tender in November 2017. The plot commands a coveted urban waterfront location enjoying panoramic harbour views while having the West Kowloon Cultural District and Guangzhou – Shenzhen – Hong Kong Express Rail Link Terminus in the vicinity. It enjoys excellent connectivity with MTR stations and lines linking Central, airport, the Express Rail Link Terminus and all the commercial hubs in the city. Upon completion, the project will provide a total of approximately 987,812 square feet of residential plot ratio area in approximately 1,437 units. The plot ratio area which is attributable to the Group is 222,258 square feet. Both the Occupation Permit and Certificate of Compliance for the project are expected to be obtained in the financial year 2022/2023. The superstructure works are in progress.

AIL 467 (Site B) (joint venture)

Wong Chuk Hang Station Package Two Property Development, Aberdeen, Hong Kong

The joint venture company to which the Group has 50% equity interest was awarded the rights to develop a residential project atop of the MTR Wong Chuk Hang Depot from MTR Corporation Limited in December 2017. The project overlooks The Aberdeen Marina Club at Shum Wan with Singapore International School and the Ocean Park nearby. Upon completion, the project will provide a total of approximately 492,991 square feet of residential plot ratio area (246,496 square feet attributable to the Group) on the site with an area of approximately 92,269 square feet. It is expected that a total of approximately 600 apartments will be built. The Occupation Permit and Consent to Assign for the project are expected to be obtained in the financial years 2022/2023 and 2023/2024 respectively. The construction of the superstructure is in progress.

KIL 11254 (joint venture)

Reclamation Street/Shantung Street, Mongkok, Kowloon, Hong Kong

The Group was awarded the development right of this residential project from the URA in December 2017. The project is located at the shopping area of Mongkok and is within walking distance from Mong Kok Station. The site area of the project is approximately 14,961 square feet. Upon completion, the project will provide approximately 112,200 square feet of residential plot ratio area in approximately 322 residential units. The plot ratio area attributable to the Group is 67,320 square feet. The Occupation Permit and Certificate of Compliance for the project are expected to be obtained in the financial years 2022/2023. The project is under construction stage.

Review of operations (Continued)

(2) Highlights of the Group's major property developments (Continued)

Development projects in Hong Kong (Continued)

IL 9064 (joint venture)

Site A, Peel Street, Central, Hong Kong

The Group was awarded the right to develop Site A at Peel Street in Central at a tender from URA in March 2017. The project has a site area of approximately 9,607 square feet. Upon completion, the Group will build approximately 84,260 square feet of residential plot ratio area in approximately 121 residential units as well as retail area and a multi-purpose activities hall and a public open space. The retail area, the multi-purpose activities hall and the public open space will be handed over to the URA upon completion of the project. The Occupation Permit and the Certificate of Compliance for the project are expected to be obtained in the financial years 2022/2023 and 2023/2024 respectively. The project is under foundation work.

Lot no. 1040 in Demarcation District no. 103 (joint venture)

Kam Sheung Road Station Package One Property Development, Kam Ho Road and Tung Wui Road, New Territories, Hong Kong

In May 2017, the joint venture company to which the Group has 33.3% equity interest was awarded the development right by the MTR Corporation Limited to develop the residential property at the site adjacent to Kam Sheung Road Station. The Station is along the West Rail and between Tsuen Wan West and Yuen Long Stations. The site with a total area of approximately 448,719 square feet lies in between Kam Ho Road and Tung Wui Road. Upon completion, the site will provide a total of approximately 1,236,741 square

feet of residential plot ratio area in approximately 2,200 units. The development of the project is divided into two phases. The number of residential units for Phases 1 and 2 are 1,520 and 680 respectively. As the Group has 33.3% equity interest in the development right of the project, the total residential plot ratio area attributable to the Group is approximately 412,247 square feet. The Occupation Permit and Consent to Assign for both Phase 1 and Phase 2 are expected to be obtained in the financial years 2022/2023 and 2023/2024 respectively. The project is currently under foundation works stage.

Site C2 of the Remaining Portion of Tseung Kwan O Town lot no. 70 (joint venture)

LOHAS Park Package Eleven Property Development, Tseung Kwan O, New Territories, Hong Kong

The Group was awarded the right to develop the residential project which is also known as LOHAS Park Package Eleven Property Development Project by MTR Corporation Limited in April 2019. The project has a site area of 177,359 square feet and is atop the retail mall, it will provide a total of approximately 956,468 square feet of residential plot ratio area in approximately 1,880 units. The Group has 40% equity interest in the project, the plot ratio area attributable to the Group will be 382,587 square feet. The project is under planning stage. It is expected that both the Occupation Permit and the Consent to Assign will be obtained in the financial year 2023/2024.

(2) Highlights of the Group's major property developments (Continued)

Development projects in Hong Kong (Continued)

NKIL 6602 (joint venture)

Yau Tong Ventilation Building Property Development, Ko Chiu Road, Yau Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong

The joint venture company to which the Group has 80% equity interest was awarded the development rights to build a residential project over the Yau Tong Ventilation Building from MTR Corporation Limited in May 2018.

The site is approximately 8 minutes' walk from Yau Tong Station. The project commands one of the most coveted locations in a fast-growing, urban neighbourhood with amenities and high potential. Yau Tong Station is one of the only three MTR stations directly connected to Hong Kong Island, alongside Kowloon Station and Tsim Sha Tsui Station. There are well-established amenities in the vicinity, it is one stop from Quarry Bay Station on the Island Line and connects residents to all other major business hubs with the city's efficient transport network. The project has a site area of 43,379 square feet. Upon completion, the project will provide a total of approximately 325,342 square feet of residential plot ratio area in approximately 792 apartments. The plot ratio area which is attributable to the Group is 260,274 square feet. Both the Occupation Permit and Certificate of Compliance for the project are expected to be obtained in the financial year 2024/2025. The foundation works is currently in progress.

AIL 467 (Site D) (joint venture)

Wong Chuk Hang Station Package Four Property Development, Wong Chuk Hang, Aberdeen, Hong Kong

The joint venture company to which the Group has 25% equity interest was awarded the right to develop a residential project atop of the MTR Wong Chuk Hang Depot from MTRCL in October 2019. The project is a few minutes' walk from The Aberdeen Marina Club at Shum Wan, Singapore International School, Canadian International School and with Ocean Park nearby. Upon completion, the project will provide a total of approximately 638,305 square feet of residential plot ratio area (159,576 square feet attributable to the Group) on the site with an area of approximately 65,015 square feet. It is expected that a total of approximately 800 apartments will be built. The Occupation Permit and Consent to Assign for the project are expected to be obtained in the financial years 2023/2024 and 2024/2025 respectively. The project is currently under the progress of foundation works.

(2) Highlights of the Group's major property developments (Continued) Development projects in Mainland China



Dynasty Park, Zhangzhou, Fujian Province, PRC (100% owned)

No. 298, Tengfei Road, Xiangcheng District, Zhangzhou, Fujian Province, PRC

The development site of Dynasty Park was acquired in 2005. Named Dynasty Park, the project has a total of approximately 4.4 million square feet of plot ratio area with 4.2 million square feet of residential area in approximately 3,856 units, the remaining commercial area and resident communal facilities.

In respect of sales, a total of 2,641 residential units, comprising 602 units in Phase I, 1,047 units in Phase II and 992 units of the total of 1,268 units in Phase III, have been launched for sale since September 2012 and to date, approximately 91% of these units launched have been sold. In respect of the progress of the construction, Phase I comprising residential plot ratio area of approximately 0.6 million square feet in 602 units and commercial plot ratio area of 25,919 square feet was completed in the financial year 2013/2014. Phase II comprising residential plot ratio area of approximately 1.3 million square feet in 1,047 units and commercial plot ratio area of 47,095 square feet was completed in the financial year 2017/2018. Phases III

and IV comprising approximately 2.2 million square feet of residential area in approximately 2,207 units and 93,502 square feet of commercial space are expected to be completed in phases in the next four years.

T102-0262 (50% owned)

Land Parcel 04, Unit 7, Qianwan Area, Qianhai Shenzhen-Hong Kong Modern Service Industry Cooperation Zone, Shenzhen, PRC

The Group acquired 50% equity interest in a development project in Qianhai, Shenzhen in May 2017. The project has a total site area of approximately 80,485 square feet. Upon completion, which is estimated to be in 2021, it will provide a total of approximately 495,144 square feet of plot ratio area of commercial area. The project will be developed into serviced apartments. The Group has 50% equity interest in the project, the commercial plot ratio area which is attributable to the Group is approximately 247,572 square feet.

T102-0261 (30% owned)

Land Parcel 03, Unit 7, Qianwan Area, Qianhai Shenzhen-Hong Kong Modern Service Industry Cooperation Zone, Shenzhen, PRC

The Group acquired 30% equity interest in a commercial development project in Qianwan Area in Qianhai, Shenzhen in July 2019. The project is opposite to the site of T102-0262, Land Parcel 04, unit 7. It has a total site area of approximately 183,842 square feet. Upon completion of the project, the total plot ratio area will be 861,120 square feet. In terms of the breakdown of usage, approximately 90% of the total plot ratio area will be office and the remaining will be retail and public and transport facilities. The Group has 30% equity interest in the project, total attributable plot ratio area will be 258,336 square feet. The project is expected to be completed in 2024.

(3) Highlights of the Group's major properties completed in recent years

Capital Tower (30% owned)

38 Wai Yip Street, Kowloon Bay, Kowloon, Hong Kong

This commercial site of 40,849 square feet was acquired at a government tender in May 2015. The project provides a total of approximately 490,134 square feet of commercial plot ratio area. As the Group has 30% equity interest in the project, the total plot ratio area attributable to the Group is approximately 147,040 square feet. Of the total plot ratio area, approximately 92% is designated for the development of office area and the rest for retail use. The pre-sale consent was issued in February 2018. The Occupation Permit for the project was issued in April 2019 whilst the Certificate of Compliance was obtained in June 2019. The project was launched for sale in the first quarter of 2018 and to date, approximately 50% of the floor area have been sold.

The Hillside (100% owned)

9 Sik On Street, Wan Chai, Hong Kong

The site of IL9049 at 9 Sik On Street in Wan Chai was acquired at a government tender in September 2013. It has a site area of approximately 2,239 square feet and is designed for residential purpose. The project is close to The Avenue Phases 1 and 2, which were also developed by the Group and it is only a few minutes' walk from the Wan Chai Station. The Occupation Permit for the project was obtained in August 2018 whilst the Certificate of Compliance was issued in January 2019. The project provides a total of approximately 11,195 square feet of residential plot ratio area in 22 residential units and it is for leasing purposes.



Commune Modern (100% owned)

28 Wo Fung Street, Luen Wo Hui, Fanling, New Territories, Hong Kong

The development site of 30,440 square feet was acquired at a government tender in September 2014. The project is next to Luen Wo Market and Grand Regentville, a residential-cum-commercial project developed by the Group. It can be accessed by the East Rail Line and the nearest station is Fanling Station. Built in 1951, Luen Wo Market was formerly a market developed by local people and it was a popular place where local people did shopping daily. The building of Luen Wo Market has a history of over half of a century. It was confirmed as a Grade III historic building by the Antiquities Advisory Board of the HKSAR Government in 2010.

The project provides a total of approximately 209,909 square feet of plot ratio area comprising approximately 135,891 square feet of residential area in approximately 296 units, approximately 34,497 square feet of commercial area and approximately 39,521 square feet of car parking spaces. The Occupation Permit for the project was obtained in July 2018 whilst the Certificate of Compliance was issued in November 2018. The project was launched for sale in June 2016. All of the units have been sold.

Review of operations (Continued)

(3) Highlights of the Group's major properties completed in recent years (Continued)



Park Mediterranean (100% owned)

9 Hong Tsuen Road, Sai Kung, New Territories, Hong Kong

The development site of approximately 86,898 square feet was acquired at a government tender in November 2013. The project is within the vicinity of Sai Kung Outdoor Recreation Centre, the Lion Club's Nature Education Centre and Ma On Shan Country Park. The Occupation Permit for the project was obtained in October 2017 whilst the Certificate of Compliance was obtained in March 2018. The project provides a total of approximately 173,796 square feet of plot ratio area in 285 residential units. Park Mediterranean was launched for sale in July 2016, and all of the residential units have been sold. The project received a Merit in the Best Landscape Award for Private Property Development 2018 by Leisure and Cultural Services Department of The Government of HKSAR.



The Mediterranean (100% owned)

8 Tai Mong Tsai Road, Sai Kung, New Territories, Hong Kong

The development site of approximately 166,089 square feet was acquired at a government tender in January 2013 and is located in the centre of Sai Kung. Sai Kung, which is well known as the 'Rear Garden of Hong Kong', is surrounded by greenery, mountains and Geoparks. The project is a few minutes' walk from the seafront of Sai Kung Promenade, where public recreation facilities abound. The Occupation Permit for the project was obtained in October 2017 whilst the Certificate of Compliance was obtained in January 2018. The project provides a total of approximately 249,133 square feet of plot ratio area in 297 residential units. It was launched for sale in December 2015 and to date, over 96% of the units have been sold. The project received a Merit in the Best Landscape Award for Private Property Development 2018 by Leisure and Cultural Services Department of The Government of HKSAR.

(3) Highlights of the Group's major properties completed in recent years

(Continued)

Mayfair By The Sea II (100% owned)

21 Fo Chun Road, Pak Shek Kok, Tai Po, New Territories, Hong Kong

The site was acquired at a government land auction in December 2009. The Occupation Permit and Certificate of Compliance for the project were issued in June and November 2015 respectively. The project affords a total of approximately 720,669 square feet of plot ratio area. Of this total plot ratio area, approximately 675,673 square feet are for residential purposes comprising 545 units and the remaining area of 44,996 square feet for commercial. The residential units were launched for sale in June 2014 and they were sold by phases. All of the residential units have been sold. The commercial area is for leasing purposes.

Mayfair By The Sea I (85% owned)

23 Fo Chun Road, Pak Shek Kok, Tai Po, New Territories, Hong Kong

The site was acquired at a government land auction in December 2009. The area is well known for various types of sports including water sports and cycling. The Occupation Permit and Certificate of Compliance for the project were issued in June and November 2015 respectively. The project affords a total of approximately 720,559 square feet of plot ratio area. Of this total plot ratio area, approximately 675,598 square feet are for residential purposes comprising 546 units and the remaining area of 44,960 square feet for commercial. The Group has 85% equity interest in the

project. Therefore, the plot ratio area attributable to the Group is approximately 612,475 square feet. The residential units were launched for sale in June 2014 and they were sold by phases. All of the residential units have been sold whilst the commercial area is for leasing purposes.

The Fullerton Heritage (100% owned)

Singapore

Embracing the important history and heritage of the conserved buildings in the heart of Singapore's Central Business District, and the prime location of the promenade along Marina Bay, the Group has developed and transformed the precinct into a major destination for hospitality, dining, retail and entertainment. The development has been named The Fullerton Heritage which comprises The Fullerton Hotel Singapore, The Fullerton Bay Hotel Singapore, One Fullerton, The Fullerton Waterboat House, Clifford Pier, Customs House and The Fullerton Pavilion. The Fullerton Heritage offers a memorable lifestyle experience for locals and tourists, it also promotes the conservation of heritage buildings in line with the Group's ongoing commitment to corporate social responsibility. Further information of One Fullerton, The Fullerton Waterboat House, The Fullerton Pavilion and Customs House can be found in Section (5) of this Review of Operations whilst descriptions of The Fullerton Hotel Singapore and The Fullerton Bay Hotel Singapore can be found in Section (6) of this Review of Operations.



The Fullerton Heritage (Singapore)

Review of operations (Continued)

(4) Major investment properties and hotels

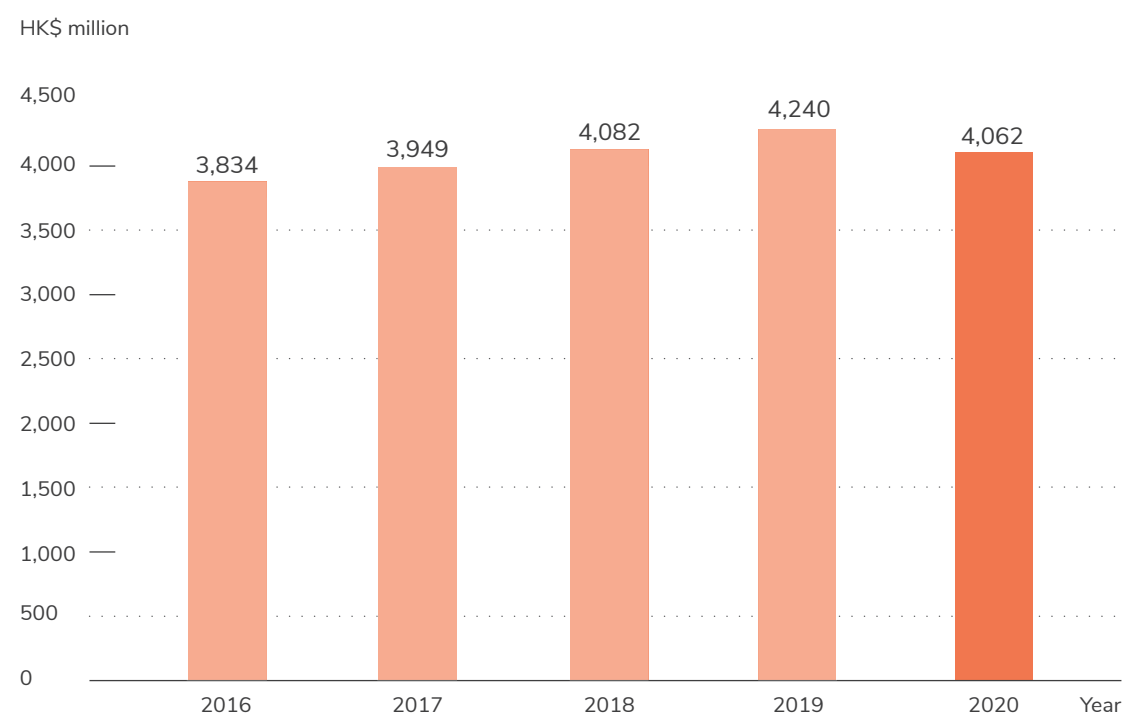
The Group has 11.8 million square feet of investment properties and hotels as at 30th June, 2020.

The portfolio comprises properties of diversified usage:

Use	Floor area (square feet)	Percentage
Office/Retail	7,295,409	61.6%
Industrial	1,743,621	14.7%
Car parks	1,568,757	13.2%
Hotels	909,845	7.7%
Residential	330,010	2.8%
	11,847,642	100.0%

The Group's investment property portfolio showed an overall occupancy rate of 94.8% for the financial year 2019/2020. Including attributable share from associates and joint venture, the total gross rental revenue was HK\$4,061.9 million.

Gross rental revenue for the years ended 30th June (including attributable share from associates and joint ventures)



(5) Highlights of investment properties



tmtplaza Phase I (100% owned)

1 Tuen Shun Street and 1 Tuen Shing Street, Tuen Mun, New Territories, Hong Kong

tmtplaza Phase I is one of the major retail mall and landmark in North-West New Territories. It provides approximately 1.1 million square feet of floor area. The mall offers a wide spectrum of business mix with over 300 shops and restaurants catering to a diverse customer base. A good transport network including the West Rail, the Light Rail System and buses as well as increasing number of residential developments in the region over the years are the major contributory factors to support a good shopper flow to the mall. Trade mix is reviewed and refreshed from time to time to cater to the evolving catchment. Thanks to a balanced trade mix combined with the Group's thematic promotional and marketing events, the customers shopping in the mall find it appealing. The Group will continue its efforts in providing a pleasant shopping environment for its customers. The occupancy rate of the mall was steady during the year under review.



Olympian City 1 and 2 (joint venture)

11 Hoi Fai Road and 18 Hoi Ting Road, Olympic Station, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Olympian City 1 and 2 combined offers in excess of 650,000 square feet of retail area and they are conveniently accessed by MTR and other public transport modes. These two malls are inter-connected and linked to Olympic Station by footbridges. The malls have become the landmarks in the region which are desirable for major events during holiday seasons or special occasions such as Christmas, New Year and international events. Olympian City 1 and 2, with its three levels of shops, an open piazza, variety of retail and a cinema, offer shoppers a wide range of entertainment and shopping options, and the opportunity to dine on a wide selection of cuisines. Both malls maintained high occupancy throughout the year under review.

Review of operations (Continued)

(5) Highlights of investment properties (Continued)

Olympian City 3 (50% owned)

1 Hoi Wang Road, South West Kowloon, Hong Kong

Olympian City 3 is the shopping mall at the residence of The Hermitage and it is adjacent to Olympian City 2 and Central Park, which are also developed by the Group. The shopping mall has a total of approximately 118,000 square feet of retail area. It is also connected to Mongkok area by a covered footbridge, which enhances the accessibility of the mall and shoppers' flow. Extending the Olympian City 1 and 2 shopping malls, the entire Olympian City shopping mall is home to an attractive trade mix. The Group strives to develop its malls as favourite family destinations by providing a pleasant shopping environment and an exciting programme of special events and entertainment. The occupancy rate of Olympian City 3 stayed at high level during the year under review. The mall received a Merit award in the Best Landscape Award for Private Property Development 2018 by Leisure and Cultural Services Department of The Government of HKSAR.

Hong Kong Pacific Centre (100% owned)

28 Hankow Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Located in the centre of Tsim Sha Tsui's vibrant retail neighbourhood, this commercial development comprises a high-rise office tower and a shopping centre podium with a total area of 219,853 square feet. Most of the shops enjoy extensive street frontage with a heavy pedestrian flow at Hankow Road and from nearby Nathan Road. The building is only a few minutes' walk from Tsim Sha Tsui Station on the Tsuen Wan Line and also in proximity to the East Tsim Sha Tsui Station on the West Rail Line. The property was close to full occupancy during the year under review.



The Centrium (70% owned)

60 Wyndham Street, Central, Hong Kong

This Grade A commercial development is located near the Lan Kwai Fong and SoHo. It is known for its cosmopolitan lifestyle, entertainment and dining. It includes retail space that complements the lively atmosphere and popular restaurants nearby. The total floor area attributable to the Group is 183,650 square feet. The building maintained high occupancy during the year under review.

(5) Highlights of investment properties (Continued)



China Hong Kong City (25% owned)

33 Canton Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong

China Hong Kong City is a development encompassing a retail mall, offices, a 673-room hotel named Royal Pacific Hotel, a public transport interchange as well as a ferry terminal, located on the waterfront of western Tsim Sha Tsui. The gold curtain wall cladding and China Ferry Terminal passenger facilities have led to its recognition as the 'Golden Gateway to China'. The commissioning of the Kowloon Southern Link railway line and the commencement of passenger service of Austin Station have enhanced the accessibility of the area. These factors have made China Hong Kong City a desirable property for businesses, shoppers, business travellers and tourists. Excluding the hotel, China Hong Kong City offers a total of over 1.2 million square feet of area of offices and retail, to which the Group has 25% equity interest. Therefore, the plot ratio area attributable to the Group is approximately 308,308 square feet. The occupancy rates of both office and retail were maintained at high levels during the year under review. China Hong Kong City received a Gold award in the Best Landscape Award for Private Property Development 2018 by Leisure and Cultural Services Department of The Government of HKSAR.



Tsim Sha Tsui Centre (45% owned)

Salisbury Road, Tsim Sha Tsui East, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Tsim Sha Tsui Centre is conveniently accessed by various transport options. A well-developed public transport network, which includes Tsim Sha Tsui Station on the Tsuen Wan Line, East Tsim Sha Tsui Station on the West Rail Line and the Tsim Sha Tsui East (Mody Road) bus terminus has helped increase shopper's flow in the area. Tsim Sha Tsui Centre has a total area of approximately 514,020 square feet. The Group has 45% equity interest, the floor area attributable to the Group is 231,309 square feet. Located on the seafront of Tsim Sha Tsui East overlooking panoramic views of Hong Kong Island, most of the tenants can enjoy the view of the Victoria Harbour and food and beverage tenants can provide alfresco dining experience. The mall attracts locals and overseas visitors. The occupancy of the property maintained at a high level during the year under review.

Review of operations (Continued)

(5) Highlights of investment properties (Continued)

Skylines Tower (50% owned)

39 Wang Kwong Road, Kowloon Bay, Kowloon, Hong Kong

The development is located next to the Kwun Tong Bypass and provides a total of approximately 824,406 square feet of commercial area with 412,203 square feet attributable to the Group. The building maintained high occupancy during the year under review. The HKSAR Government's plan to develop Kowloon East as new core business district with new transport infrastructure to support the development will be positive to the leasing market.



Citywalk (joint venture)

1 Yeung Uk Road, Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong

Opened in January 2008, Citywalk is an award-winning and environmentally friendly shopping mall which offers approximately 245,000 square feet of retail area. The

development is located in the heart of Tsuen Wan, with footbridges connecting to Tsuen Wan Station of Mass Transit Railway Tsuen Wan Line and Tsuen Wan West Station on the West Rail as well as other developments. A landmark shopping attraction, Citywalk includes a piazza, a Vertical Garden, an optimal tenant mix, good floor layouts, ample car park facilities and high accessibility via public transport networks. The project has received a Platinum rating from the Hong Kong Building Environmental Assessment Method Society (HK-BEAM Society) for eleven distinctive green features and designs, which include the Vertical Garden, Citywalk Piazza, a hybrid water and air-cooled air-conditioning system and more. Comprehensive promotion and marketing programmes designed to attract both shoppers and tenants are carried out on a regular basis. The occupancy rate of Citywalk was maintained at high level during the year under review. Citywalk received a Gold award in the Best Landscape Award for Private Property Development 2018 by Leisure and Cultural Services Department of The Government of HKSAR.

Citywalk 2 (joint venture)

18 Yeung Uk Road, Tsuen Wan, New Territories

Citywalk 2 is a contemporary three-storey shopping mall with approximately 180,000 square feet of plot ratio area. Both Citywalk 2 and Citywalk are connected by a footbridge and offer customers and local residents a complete spectrum of dynamic shopping, dining and entertainment.

(5) Highlights of investment properties (Continued)



Central Plaza (10% owned)

18 Harbour Road, Wan Chai, Hong Kong

Central Plaza is one of the tallest buildings in Asia. It is a 78-storey smart Grade A office tower, with panoramic views of Victoria Harbour. The building has a total of approximately 1.4 million square feet of floor area with 140,000 square feet attributable to the Group. With Hong Kong Convention & Exhibition Centre connected with a footbridge and an extensive transport network on the doorstep, this office property has attracted many multinational corporations tenants and consulate-generals. Occupancy maintained at a high level during the year under review.

148 Electric Road (100% owned)

148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong

This is a prime commercial development near Fortress Hill Station and the Cross-Harbour Tunnel. The development caters to a wide range of businesses and is within walking distance of international hotels. The project has an attributable area of 197,400 square feet. The project enjoyed good occupancy during the year under review.

Futura Plaza (100% owned)

111-113 How Ming Street, Kwun Tong, Hong Kong

This 26-storey building provides 225,396 square feet of plot ratio area, is only a few minutes' walk from Kwun Tong Station. The property has been converted from industrial use to office use. The project was completed in November 2001.

Kwun Tong has been going through a significant improvement in terms of its commercial and residential landscape. The Kwun Tong Town Centre Development project is the largest redevelopment initiative ever undertaken by the Urban Renewal Authority of Hong Kong. It comprises residential units, hotel, shopping mall, commercial buildings and a public transport interchange. Combining the HKSAR Government's development programme to enhance the infrastructure of Kowloon East, Kwun Tong, Kowloon Bay and the Old Kai Tak Airport will benefit from this world-class integrated mixed-used development.

Pacific Plaza (100% owned)

418 Des Voeux Road West, Hong Kong

Pacific Plaza is situated in the popular Western district near HKU Station and the Western Harbour Tunnel. The building provides approximately 137,414 square feet of office area and 30,185 square feet of shopping podium. The occupancy maintained at a high level during the year under review.

Review of operations (Continued)

(5) Highlights of investment properties (Continued)

The Hennessy (100% owned)

256 Hennessy Road, Wan Chai, Hong Kong

The Hennessy is conveniently located in a vibrant business area near Wan Chai Station, a stone's throw from the Causeway Bay entertainment hub and only minutes from the Central Business District. The building has been designed with full-height windows offering panoramic Victoria Harbour views, a 4.8-metre floor-to-floor height and flexible layout. The first three floors of retail space are encased in a 15-metre glass curtain providing excellent visibility from the street. The aptly named Sky Garden reaches a colossal 6-metre floor-to-floor height. The rooftop floor, with its stunning panoramic views of the harbour and the city, offers a visually spectacular setting for alfresco dining. The building contains a total of 71,862 square feet of commercial area and the occupancy was maintained at high level during the year under review.



The Staunton (100% owned)

22 Staunton Street, Central, Hong Kong

The development is situated at the heart of an area with a number of heritage establishments, including a section of the Dr. Sun Yat-sen Historical Trail, the Central Police Station Compound, Man Mo Temple, Wing Lee Street and the original site of the Central School in Hollywood Road.

It is also next to the SoHo entertainment area, where upmarket restaurants, boutiques, café and shops abound. It can be accessed by the Central-Mid-levels escalators. The Occupation Permit for the project was obtained in 2017. This project provides a total of approximately 37,629 square feet of plot ratio area comprising approximately 28,439 square feet of residential plot ratio area in 57 residential units and approximately 9,190 square feet of retail area. Named The Staunton, the project is held for lease.

Island Resort Mall (45% owned)

28 Siu Sai Wan Road, Siu Sai Wan, Hong Kong

With 189,190 square feet of retail area over three levels and supported by ample parking spaces, Island Resort Mall offers a good consumer choice. The ground floor comprises a public transport interchange. Served by different bus companies with more than 20 routes, it links popular locations across the city and helps increase shoppers' flow. The mall features fine retail shopping and the relaxed appeal of a spacious promenade with views of Victoria Harbour. The occupancy rate of the mall was satisfactory during the year under review.



Lee Tung Avenue (joint venture)

200 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong

Lee Tung Avenue features a 200-metre tree-lined

(5) Highlights of investment properties (Continued)

Lee Tung Avenue (joint venture)(Continued)

pedestrianised boulevard connecting Johnston Road and Queen's Road East in Wan Chai. It is directly connected to Wan Chai Station with a dedicated subway. It was completed in April 2015 and opened in November 2015. It provides a total plot ratio area of approximately 87,720 square feet and houses approximately 50 tenants offering a wide spectrum of business mix including cafes, confectioneries, fine restaurants as well as international and home-grown brands. With its history as a centre for printing and selling wedding cards and other wedding-related items before the redevelopment, public transport network, business surroundings in the area and creative marketing activities, Lee Tung Avenue has established itself as a popular place for all walks of life. The occupancy of Lee Tung Avenue stayed at a high level during the year under review. Lee Tung Avenue together with the residential part, named The Avenue, received a Merit in the Quality Building Award 2018 under the category of Hong Kong Residential (Multiple Buildings) as well as Gold award in the Best Landscape Award for Private Property Development 2018 by Leisure and Cultural Services Department of The Government of HKSAR.



Riverwalk (100% owned)

6 Ngan Kwong Wan Road, Mui Wo, Hong Kong

The Group acquired the site Lot 726 in Demarcation

District 4 in Mui Wo, Lantau Island, at a government tender in December 2011. The site has an area of 24,327 square feet and is located next to the Mui Wo section of the Nature Heritage Trail. The Occupation Permit for the project was issued in November 2015 whilst the Certificate of Compliance was obtained in July 2016. Named Riverwalk, the project provides a total of approximately 47,607 square feet of plot ratio area comprising 32,400 square feet of residential area in 50 units and 15,207 square feet of retail area. The project is held for lease and it enjoys close to full occupancy.



Paloma Bay (100% owned)

18 Peng Lei Road, Peng Chau, New Territories, Hong Kong

The site of Lot 676 in Demarcation District Peng Chau was acquired at a government tender in March 2012. It has a site area of 49,127 square feet and is designated for residential development. The Occupation Permit for the project was issued in June 2016 whilst the Certificate of Compliance was obtained in February 2017. Named Paloma Bay, the project provides approximately 36,845 square feet of residential plot ratio area in 54 units. It is held for lease and enjoyed close to full occupancy during the year under review.

Review of operations (Continued)

(5) Highlights of investment properties (Continued)

Mayfair Lane (100% owned)

21 Fo Chun Road, Tai Po, New Territories, Hong Kong

Located in Pak Shek Kok and a mere 5-minute drive from University Station, Mayfair Lane is an exquisite arcade providing a combination of lifestyle offerings and services for residents and the broader Pak Shek Kok neighbourhood. There are a Chinese Restaurant, a café, a beauty salon, a clinic, ATMs and a convenience store to the mix.



Paloma Cove (100% owned)

8 Ho King Street, Peng Chau, New Territories, Hong Kong

The site of Lot 674 in Demarcation District Peng Chau was acquired through a government tender in September 2012. It has a site area of approximately 19,163 square feet. The Occupation Permit for the project was issued in December 2016 whilst the Certificate of Compliance was obtained in August 2017. Named Paloma Cove, the project provides a total of approximately 14,372 square feet of residential plot ratio area in 10 houses. Paloma Cove is held for lease and maintained high occupancy during the year under review.

Coronation Circle (45% owned)

1 Yau Cheung Road, South West Kowloon, Hong Kong

Coronation Circle is the commercial part of the residential development named The Coronation. It is conveniently located in South West Kowloon, close to the West Kowloon terminus of the Express Rail Link which connects the railway systems in China and Hong Kong as well as Yau Ma Tei Station and Austin Station of the Mass Transit Railway. The mall has a total of 86,758 square feet of plot ratio area. As the Group has 45% equity interest in the project, the floor area attributable to the Group is approximately 39,041 square feet. It features fine retail shopping and quality education centres to serve the residents in the region.



One Fullerton (100% owned)

1 Fullerton Road, Singapore

Developed in 2001, the site is adjacent to Merlion Park across from The Fullerton Hotel Singapore. It has been developed into a modern two-storey building providing over 80,000 square feet of commercial area. Named One Fullerton, it houses some of Singapore's best restaurants, bars and entertainment concepts, from Michelin-star restaurants to chic cafes and fine-dining alfresco restaurants serving cuisines from around the globe, paired with panoramic views of the Marina Bay. One Fullerton is connected with The Fullerton Hotel Singapore by an underpass. It is also a well-placed vantage point for the Formula One Grand Prix circuit in Singapore.

(5) Highlights of investment properties (Continued)



Customs House (100% owned)

70 Collyer Quay, Singapore

Customs House, also part of The Fullerton Heritage, is a two-storey heritage building with a total floor area of approximately 14,800 square feet. It is located in Marina Bay, Singapore's Central Business District, arts, culture, and heritage waterfront area. Built in the '60s, Customs House was formerly home to the Customs Police. The building commands direct waterfront views of Marina Bay, and is now a dining destination with several chic restaurants. The project was completed in February 2010.

The Fullerton Waterboat House (100% owned)

3 Fullerton Road, Singapore

The Fullerton Waterboat House is a historic landmark that was formerly a dockyard where vessels refilled potable water. It was built in the 1940s and acquired by the Group in May 2002. The property has a total of 21,743 square feet of area.

The Fullerton Pavilion (100% owned)

82 Collyer Quay, Singapore

An addition to The Fullerton Heritage that was completed in May 2012, The Fullerton Pavilion is a first-of-its-kind floating, dome-shaped pod set on the waters of Marina Bay between One Fullerton and Clifford Pier. It features views of the bay, and the internal area of close to 4,500 square feet is leased to a leading restaurant.



Sino International Plaza, Fuzhou, PRC (100% owned)

137 Wusi Road, Fuzhou, PRC

Sino International Plaza is located in the central business district of Fuzhou city, the capital city of Fujian Province. Conveniently accessible through an extensive transport network, the development is in a desirable location for local and multinational firms. A number of local attractions, namely West Lake Park and Fujian Museum are also within the catchment area. The development, which provides approximately 493,177 square feet of commercial area, features environmentally friendly architectural characteristics. The project achieved high occupancy during the year under review.

Raffles City Shanghai (22.4% owned)

Plot 105 A & B, 228 Xizang Road Central, Huangpu District, Shanghai, PRC

Jointly developed by several international property developers, this commercial building comprising prime office tower and a shopping mall is located in the central business area of Huangpu District and surrounded by boutique shops that attract heavy pedestrian flows. The project was completed in October 2003, yielding a total of approximately 1.3 million square feet of floor area with approximately 0.3 million square feet attributable to the Group. The building enjoyed high occupancy during the year under review.

Review of operations (Continued)

(6) Hotels



The Fullerton Hotel Singapore (100% owned)

1 Fullerton Square, Singapore

Characterised by its unique heritage architecture with distinguished Doric columns and monumental porte cocheres, the Fullerton Building, unveiled in 1928, represents the pinnacle of Palladian architecture in Singapore. The Fullerton Building underwent a major makeover and was transformed into a prestigious, 5-star hotel with 400 guest rooms and suites. Named The Fullerton Hotel Singapore, it officially opened on 1st January, 2001.

The former Fullerton Building, which houses The Fullerton Hotel Singapore, was gazetted as Singapore's 71st National Monument on 7th December, 2015, signifying the highest form of preservation and national recognition, serving as a timely reflection on the trail history had left on Singapore's landscape. Located by the scenic Marina Bay, the hotel is well situated in the heart of the Singapore's Financial and Business District. The hotel is linked by an underpass to adjacent commercial developments, namely One Fullerton, Clifford Pier, The Fullerton Bay Hotel Singapore,

Customs House, The Fullerton Pavilion and offices. With its prime location and comprehensive facilities including a spa, the hotel is ideal for both business and leisure travellers.

The Fullerton Hotel Singapore received a number of awards from respected organisations and magazines in recognition of its standards of service during the financial year 2019/2020. These awards included (i) Travel + Leisure World's Best Awards 2020, (ii) American Chamber of Commerce CARES Awards – Distinction (2020), (iii) Travvy Awards (2020) – Best Luxury Hotel/Resort – Asia (Gold), (iv) Travvy Awards (2020) – Best Individual Hotel – Overall (Silver), (v) Expat Living Reader's Choice Awards (2020) – Best Hotel for Business in Singapore, (vi) Harper's Bazaar Spa Awards (2020) – The Fullerton Spa Best Cleansing Facial & Best Relaxing Massage, (vii) DestinAsian Magazine 15th Readers' Choice Awards for Top 10 Best Hotels and Resorts in Singapore and (viii) Expat Living Readers' Choice Awards for Best Hotel for Business in Singapore and (ix) Tripadvisor Travelers' Choice Awards 2020 for Best Hotels in Singapore.

The hotel has previously received a number of awards in recognition of its quality of service as well as its architectural design and interior concepts. These awards included Awards of Excellence by Urban Land Institute (2004), FIABCI Prix d'Excellence under the Leisure Category Winner (2003), Urban Redevelopment Authority Architectural Heritage Award 2001 and The Singapore Institute of Architects Architectural Design Award 2001 (Conservation Category).

(6) Hotels (Continued)



The Fullerton Bay Hotel Singapore (100% owned)

80 Collyer Quay, Singapore

Completed in July 2010, The Fullerton Bay Hotel Singapore is exclusively built on the waters of Marina Bay – Singapore’s latest focal destination for both business and leisure. At its prime waterfront location, the Central Business District, the new Marina Bay Financial District and key attractions like the Merlion Park, Gardens by the Bay, Esplanade-Theatres on the Bay, Boat Quay and the Singapore Flyer are all located within close proximity. The hotel features attractive architecture and sophisticated décor that combine contemporary style and Singapore’s illustrious seafaring history. Each of its 100 guest rooms further impresses with panoramic views of the vibrant Singapore skyline through full-length windows and private balconies or sun decks. Overlooking the city’s landmarks from the privacy of the guestroom, guests are treated to natural light and a sense of destination. The hotel’s culinary experiences include the signature restaurants such as The Landing Point, La Brasserie and Lantern. The Art

Deco-inspired Clifford Pier is named after Sir Hugh Charles Clifford, Governor of the Straits Settlements (1927 to 1929). The pier was first opened on 3rd June, 1933. It is defined by its notable architecture as a quintessential column-free Victorian wrought-iron pier.

Clifford Pier is a celebrated historic landmark and was the first port of call for visitors and immigrants arriving by ships in the early days of Singapore. A part of The Fullerton Heritage, it was opened in December 2008. The revitalised pier has kept its original architectural characteristics and charm, and it commands the panorama of the Marina Bay developments. The pier affords over 10,000 square feet of commercial space. It is now operating as an event venue space under The Fullerton Bay Hotel Singapore and has been named The Clifford Pier in honour of the landmark’s legacy. The Clifford Pier received the Her World Brides Venue Awards (2018).

Set amidst the skyline of the Marina Bay waterfront, La Brasserie is illuminated by 33-foot floor-to-ceiling windows overlooking the sparkling waters of the bay. Furnished with layers of theatrical salons and with splendid views of Marina Bay, La Brasserie provides fine French dining by the bay with personalised services.

The Landing Point is positioned alongside an indoor promenade paved in bespoke marble mosaics. With a 43-foot bar and spacious outdoor terrace, The Landing Point is designed to attract the sophisticated chic. Lantern is a stylish rooftop bar, surrounding the hotel’s 82-foot rooftop swimming pool, where guests can enjoy sweeping views of the Marina Bay waterfront and the Singapore skyline.

Review of operations (Continued)

(6) Hotels (Continued)

The Fullerton Bay Hotel Singapore (100% owned) (Continued)

The Fullerton Bay Hotel Singapore received a number of awards from respected organisations and magazines in recognition of its standards of service during the financial year 2019/2020. These awards included (i) Travel + Leisure India Editors' Choice Awards for Best BLeisure (Business and Leisure Hotel), (ii) DestinAsian Magazine 15th Readers' Choice Awards – Best Boutique Hotel in Asia Pacific, (iii) America Chamber of Commerce CARES Awards – Distinction (2020), (iv) Wine Spectator Award of Excellence for La Brasserie, (v) Business Traveller Asia-Pacific Awards 2019 for Best Independent Hotel in Asia-Pacific, (vi) Forbes Travel Guide Awards, Five-star Hotel and (vii) Tripadvisor Travelers' Choice Awards 2020 for Best Hotels in Singapore.



Conrad Hong Kong (30% owned)

Pacific Place, 88 Queensway, Hong Kong

The flagship hotel is located atop a major shopping and entertainment complex on Hong Kong Island and

is managed by a renowned international hospitality – Hilton. With its strategic location and high standard of service, Conrad Hong Kong has been placed among the most favoured hotels in the region.

In recognition of its professional service and warm hospitality demonstrated, the Hotel and its restaurants received a number of awards from respected titles and international magazines during the financial year 2019/2020. Major awards include (i) DestinAsian Readers' Choice Award 2019 – Top 10 Hotels in Hong Kong, (ii) 2020 Forbes Travel Guide Four-Star Award, (iii) Travel + Leisure World's Best Award 2020 – Top 5 City Hotels in Hong Kong, (iv) Hong Kong Tatler Dining Best Restaurants 2020 – Golden Leaf, Brasserie on The Eighth; (v) South China Morning Post 100 Tops Tables 2020 – Nicholini's; and (vi) Certificate of Excellence of 2019 by TripAdvisor.

The Hotel also initiated myriads of community projects for the well-being and sustainability of guests, team members, communities and the environment. These projects encompass recycling of used soap, food trimmings and food donation with Foodlink Foundation; and 'Travel With Purpose' philosophy which constantly advocates the social and environmental impacts of our business.

(6) Hotels (Continued)



The Fullerton Hotel Sydney (50% owned)

1 Martin Place, Sydney, New South Wales 2000, Australia

The Group acquired The Westin Sydney in July 2015. The Group rebranded The Westin Sydney as The Fullerton Hotel Sydney, which was officially opened on 18th October, 2019. Located in the heart of Sydney's fashion and financial district, The Fullerton Hotel Sydney is a 5-star luxury hotel with 416 guest rooms and extensive conferencing facilities. The property is complemented by a large prime retail podium with its unparalleled location fronting Martin Place, George and Pitt Streets. With part of the redevelopment of Sydney's historic General Post Office on Martin Place, The Fullerton Hotel Sydney is surrounded by Sydney's most exclusive designer shopping, fine restaurants and theatres, and is close to much-loved attractions such as Darling Harbour, the Sydney Opera House and the Sydney Harbour Bridge. The Fullerton Hotel Sydney received a number of awards from respected organisations and magazines in recognition of its standards of service during the financial year 2019/2020. These awards included (i) Trip Advisor – Certificate of Excellence 2020 and (ii) I Prefer – Members' Choice Award 2020.



The Olympian Hong Kong (100% owned)

18 Hoi Fai Road, West Kowloon, Hong Kong

The Olympian Hong Kong hotel is situated on the waterfront of West Kowloon and only a few minutes' walk from Olympian City. With approximately 43,759 square feet of plot ratio area, the hotel provides 32 guest rooms and suites which range from 463-square-foot Deluxe Olympian Room to 807-square-foot Olympian Suite, a private lounge and a 24-hour gymnasium. All guest rooms feature 10.8-foot ceiling height and floor-to-ceiling windows to maximise the view over Victoria Harbour or Hong Kong's skyline. It commenced operations in March 2016. The hotel has received accolades namely (i) Certificate of Excellence 2017 – 2019 by TripAdvisor, (ii) Loved by Guests Award 2020 Winner by Hotels.com, (iii) Best Bespoke Luxury Boutique Hotel 2018 (Hong Kong) & LUX Guest Services Gold Standard Award 2018 by LUX Magazine's Hotel & Spa Awards, (iv) Asia's Best City Explorer Award 2018 by Boutique Hotel Awards, (v) Recommended Hotel in Louis Vuitton City Guide Hong Kong 2017-2020, (vi) Certified Quality Wedding Merchant 2019-2020 and (v) 'Caring Company Logo 2019/20' by The Hong Kong Council of Social Service.

Review of operations (Continued)

(7) Corporate affairs

The Group affirms its commitment to maintaining a high degree of corporate transparency and communicating regularly with banks, research analysts and investors. The Corporate Finance Department disseminates information about the Group's latest developments through various channels, including meetings with investors, fund managers and analysts, investor conferences, site visits, results briefings and the www.sino.com website. During the financial year 2019/2020, the Group participated in a total of 6 investor conferences and 4 non-deal roadshows reaching out to fund managers and investment advisors based in the cities, namely Hong Kong, New York, London, Singapore, Beijing and Shanghai. In addition to the meetings in the investor conferences, we had approximately 30 individual one-on-one or group meetings with investors and property analysts.

During the financial year, the Group received the 'Corporate Governance Asia 9th Asian Excellence Awards 2019' from Corporate Governance Asia magazine.

Sino Land is one of the constituent stocks of the Hang Seng Composite Index, the Hang Seng Corporate Sustainability Index and the Hang Seng ESG 50 Index.

Sino Club was established in July 1997 to enhance communication between the Group and its customers and promote customer loyalty. Sino Club communicates regularly with members through newsletters, websites and email. The Group has launched a brand new digital experience in May, 2020 including a new web-site and mobile app experience.

Sino Club members are offered a wide range of shopping and hospitality incentives from the Group and Group-related malls and hotels both in Hong Kong and Singapore, which include exclusive home purchase privileges. They are also invited to priority previews of show flats and enjoy activities arranged exclusively for them. As the Group markets more residential units and commercial space, Sino Club will see further increases in membership.



Sino Land Company Limited was honoured at the 9th Asian Excellence Award in recognition of its commitment to upholding corporate governance, sustainability and investor relations, namely 'Best Environmental Responsibility', 'Best Investor Relations Company' and 'Asia's Best CFO (Investor Relations)'.

(8) Employee programmes

As at 30th June, 2020, the Group employed approximately 6,500 full-time employees.

In line with the Group's mission of being the "Preferred Choice for Customers, Investors and Employees", we have established policies and offered a wide range of programmes to ensure that employees are provided with opportunities for growth and a rewarding career. The Group seeks to retain talents through competitive remuneration packages, pay for performance reward schemes, together with a caring, respectful and supportive work environment. Employee engagement and development are always placed on top of the corporate agenda.

Employee engagement

The Group strongly believes that employee engagement is critical to organisational success and therefore a high priority is placed to ensure that two-way open communications between management and employees at all levels are established. Different forms of communication channels such as "Corporate Town Hall Meeting", "Mini-Town Hall Meeting", "On-site Staff Communication Meeting", regular site visits and company newsletters have been deployed to promote open communication and listen to the views of our employees.

The Group's staff app "InSino" was launched in December 2019. Symbolising "integration", "interaction" and "innovation", it aims to strengthen communication and collaboration within the Group and create better employee experience, as well as to facilitate more new ideas to drive growth as we work towards our goals.



131 innovative ideas were received from colleagues through the Sinovation programme

To cultivate an innovative culture, enhance work efficiency and drive quality improvement, the Group launched a new "Sinovation" programme in 2019 to engage employees in creating and implementing innovation ideas and business solutions. A total of 131 innovative ideas were collected. 9 employees, with their outstanding ideas, entered the "Learn & Grow" stage and further developed their ideas into prototypes. 4 innovation projects were eventually selected to be implemented in different business units in 2020.

In recognition of the continuous commitment in implementing innovative programmes for employees to achieve work-life balance and foster employee satisfaction, the Group was honoured with the "Excellence in Employee Work-Life Balance" Silver Award in HR Distinction Awards 2019 by HR Magazine. Besides, the Group was also awarded the "Happy Company" for 5 consecutive years by Hong Kong Productivity Council in recognition of its continuous efforts in introducing family caring initiatives and commitment in building a happy workplace culture.

Review of operations (Continued)

(8) Employee programmes (Continued)

Employee engagement (Continued)

As a caring employer, the Group re-designed a comprehensive Employee Wellness Programme to promote health and well-being among employees in 2020. Expanded and fully updated, it consists of a variety of initiatives spanning across 4 themes – physical health, mental health, family relationship and happy at work. All activities aim to help employees live healthier and happier, both at work and at home. Major contents of the Programme include recreational activities, interest classes, outdoor activities, family-friendly activities and socialising gatherings. Employees can also enjoy fun activities, welfare facilities and spend quality time with their family and friends at the holiday flat/house provided by the Group. Activities held during the financial year 2019/2020 were well-received with participant attendance figure over 4,000.

The Group also implemented family-friendly practices such as birthday laisee, birthday leave, parental leave, employee children education scholarship and bursary, financial assistance for special need education, textbook subsidy and employee children summer internship programme to extend our care and support to family members of our employees.

Employee learning and development

The Group fosters a continuous learning culture and provides comprehensive training and development programmes to meet employees' training and career development needs. The Group also sets aside budget for external education and training sponsorship to support employees' career development.

During financial year 2019/2020, approximately 106,000 training hours were provided to employees within the Group. Training focused on customer service quality, as well as enhancing awareness of innovation and digitalisation.

The Group's well-established training "Academies" aim to help employees develop functional and professional expertise and provide quality customer service. The "Academies" offer comprehensive training with more than 120 courses covering customer service, property management, leasing operation, building maintenance, security service, clubhouse management, environmental conservation, cleaning services, and car park operation.



The Group is committed to creating a happy and engaging workplace for employees.

It is the Group's policy that all employees, in particular those in frontline positions, must uphold meticulous standards of customer service. The Group continues to channel effort into enhancing customer service standards through training. "Star Service" training was revamped to "Star Service+" training. Launched in June 2020, "Star Service+" delivers to employees refreshed service concepts in a more effective manner.

(8) Employee programmes (Continued)

Employee learning and development

(Continued)

To enhance the effectiveness of training delivery across multiple locations of property sites and offices, e-learning programmes have been implemented in January 2020 in addition to conventional classroom training, allowing employees to acquire and deploy the latest industry practice more effectively. Online programmes further improves employees' learning experience by making the mode of learning more accessible, flexible and interactive, within a systematic and structured framework.

Leadership and management development

Executive and leadership development programmes were organised regularly. Apart from existing training curriculum to strengthen middle to senior managers' leadership competency aligning with company's operation focus and direction, senior leaders are sponsored to join various reputable external courses to broaden their business and leadership perspective. Leadership development programmes are designed to support development of specific groups. Experts from different fields and professions were invited to give seminars and management talks to our executives sharing current market trends and business insights.



The Group has organised a two-day experience tour to the Greater Bay Area for 35 young colleagues to enhance understanding of the area.

Talent management

The Group has taken considerable steps to strengthen its leadership pipeline to support the continuous business development in Hong Kong and Mainland China. In addition to recruiting top-tier graduates from local universities to join our Corporate Management Trainee Programme and Engineer Trainee Programme, the Group has expanded the talent base by encouraging graduates from prestigious Mainland China and overseas universities to join the Group's Corporate Management Trainee Programme. The Group also collaborates with renowned universities such as Tsinghua University, Yale University and Columbia University and other education institutions to sponsor students for internship in our company.

Review of operations (Continued)

(9) Sino Property Services

The Group's fully integrated property management service is provided by Sino Property Services (SPS) which consists of four companies, namely Sino Estates Management Limited (SEML), Sino Security Services Limited (SSSL), Best Result Environmental Services Limited (BRESL) and Sino Parking Services Limited (SPSL). Each of these companies has its own functions. SPS is set up to complement the Group's property development and investment businesses. SPS currently manages 193 projects with an aggregate floor area of 54.9 million square feet.

Property management service

By providing property management services, the Group not only manages property assets, but also gains an opportunity to better serve customers, tenants and residents. SPS is an important channel that allows the Group to communicate with customers and receive feedback from them. This two-way communication channel spans daily observations, feedback from various sources, daily personal contact, regular inspections, mystery shopper reports and customer satisfaction surveys. From this, continual operational improvements can be made to bridge the gap between the Group's offerings and customer expectations. Delivering high-quality customer services is one of the Group's key business objectives. To achieve this objective, a quality recruitment process has been developed to select the right candidate for the right career. The Group cultivates a working environment that builds the sense of belonging and enables employees to work efficiently. Other initiatives that allow the Group to serve customers better include formal in-house training to enable staff to update and strengthen their skill set, a mentoring and coaching programme, efficient internal communications to ensure messages and experience sharing reaches all staff levels, and building a culture of teamwork and performance driven attitudes. Regular and thorough hardware checks are a must for effective property management and maintenance. Monitoring the maintenance process undertaken by contractors and staff, efficient supply chain processes,

efficient time management, effective process control and keeping close track of maintenance history are important to ensure the smooth running of daily operations and to optimise efficiency. SPS will continue to proactively make improvements in its quality of service with the aim to enhance both customer satisfaction and the value of the Group's properties.



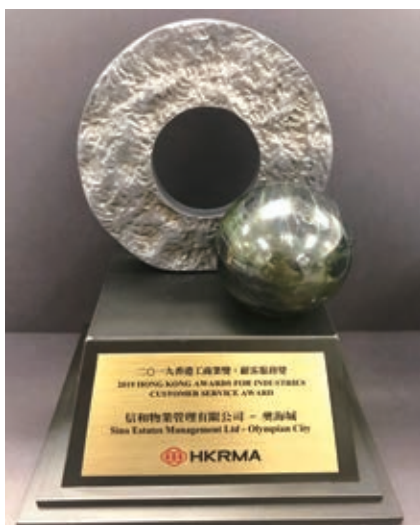
Sino Estates Management Limited was honoured at the Excellence in Facility Management Award 10th Anniversary organised by the Hong Kong Institute of Facility Management with 44 properties being awarded. Citywalk received the EFMA 10th Anniversary Honorary Award.

Our efforts in quality services are recognised by the public. In recognition of our continuous improvement and innovation in customer services, Vision City won the Grand Award (Medium-Scale Residential) whereas Citywalk 2 and The Johnston received the Gold Awards (Theme Award 2019 – Asset Enhancement) at the Excellence in Facility Management Award (EFMA) 10th Anniversary organised by The Hong Kong Institute of Facility Management. Citywalk was conferred the EFMA 10th Anniversary Honorary Award, the Award is to recognise one of the past Grand Awardees demonstrating continuous upgrading in service quality. 32 projects including The Johnston, The Staunton, Clifford Centre, Hong Kong Pacific Centre, Marina House, One Capital Place, Pacific Plaza, Sino Plaza, Skyline Tower, The Centrium, The Hennessy, Hong Kong Gold Coast, Grand Palisades, Mayfair by the Sea I & II, One SilverSea, Pacific Palisades, The Avenue, The Coronation,

(9) Sino Property Services (Continued)

Property management service (Continued)

The Hermitage, Bowen's Lookout, Paloma Bay, Park Metropolitan, Park Summit, The Camphora, The Humphreys, Three Bays, China Hong Kong City, Citywalk, Citywalk 2, Olympian City 2, Tsim Sha Tsui Centre, Waterside Plaza Shopping Arcade won the Excellence Awards at the same competition in various categories. In addition, 11 projects including Pan Asia Centre, Parklane Centre, Sunley Centre, 148 Electric Road, Far East Finance Centre, Golden Centre, Oceania Heights, Golden Plaza, Island Resort Mall, Tuen Mun Town Plaza Phase 1 (Shopping Arcade), Tuen Mun Town Plaza Phase 2 (Shopping Arcade) received Merit Awards whereas 2 projects including The Johnston (Silver Award) and 148 Electric Road (Bronze Award) won the FM People Awards at the same competition in various categories. Olympian City received the Customer Service Award at the 2019 Hong Kong Awards for Industries: Customer Service organised by Hong Kong Retail Management Association.



Olympian City received the Customer Service Award at the 2019 Hong Kong Awards for Industries: Customer Service (HKIA: CS) organised by Hong Kong Retail Management Association.

During the reporting period, 26 managed properties and 361 security guards won a total of 387 awards from the Hong Kong Police Force's various Regional Crime Prevention Offices and District Fight Crime

Committees in recognising our quality security services and outstanding performance in crime prevention as well as outstanding property and car parks management.

SPS's continuous involvement in Corporate Social Responsibilities (CSR) has also been recognised by the industry. Tuen Mun Town Plaza Phase 1 (Shopping Arcade) won the Merit Award for Inclusive Environment and The Hennessy received Progressive Award at the 2019 Inclusive Environment Recognition Scheme jointly organised by The Hong Kong Joint Council for People with Disabilities and The Hong Kong Council of Social Service. Under the Caring Company Scheme by The Hong Kong Council of Social Service, SEML achieved the 15 Years Plus Caring Company Logo while SSSL, SPSL, BRESL, China Hong Kong City, Tuen Mun Town Plaza (Shopping Arcade), Regentville Shopping Mall, Avon Mall received the 10 Years Plus Caring Company Logo. Citywalk, Citywalk 2, Gold Coast Piazza, Island Resort Mall, Olympian City were given the 5 Years Plus Caring Company Logo. The Waterside Shopping Arcade and Skyline Tower also received the Caring Company Logo 2019/20. SPS is committed in creating a happy working environment for staff. During the reporting period, SEML, SSSL, SPSL, BRESL and 3 managed properties received Happy Company 5 Years Plus Label whereas 89 managed properties received the Happy Company Label under the 2020 Happiness-at-Work Promotional Scheme initiated by the Promoting Happiness Index Foundation. SPSL won the Bronze Award (Enterprise) and Vision City received Merit Award (Volunteer Team) while BRESL and 10 managed properties received Corporate Citizenship Logo at The 10th Hong Kong Outstanding Corporate Citizenship Awards organised by Hong Kong Productivity Council. With continuous efforts in improving service quality as well as enhancing the efficiency of work process, SEML, SSSL, SPSL and BRESL received different certifications, including ISO9001 (Quality), ISO14001 (Environmental), ISO10002 (Complaints Handling) and OHSAS18001/ISO45001 (Occupational Health and Safety) Management Systems Certifications as well as Hygiene Control System Certification.

Review of operations (Continued)

(9) Sino Property Services (Continued)



Over 30 colleagues attended the 2019 Apprentice Sharing Session held on 13 December 2019 with current apprentices and masters sharing their work experience and know-how.



Graduates from the Sino Green Academy

Training

Property management is a human capital intensive business. Employees are the Group's most important assets. Managing and maintaining a portfolio of properties requires stringent regular controls, close communications, an efficient internal operation workflow system and an effective internal database. All these are executed by human interaction. Training and good communication systems are vital to ensure staff can deliver the required standards of service, adapt to the latest changes in the working environment, and upgrade their skill set, productivity and efficiency. Training and good communications also encourage staff to raise their value and increase their contributions to the Group, enhance job satisfaction and help ensure staff mindsets, attitudes and skill sets aligned with the interests of the Group. These all contribute to a knowledge-based management.

SPS has 11 academies designed to meet customer needs and expectations. Property management focused academies are Sino Property Management Academy, Sino Maintenance Academy, Sino Security Academy, Sino Cleaning Academy, Sino Carpark Academy, Sino Safety Academy and Sino Clubhouse Academy. Service focused academies are Sino Star Service Academy and Sino Language Academy. Sino Green Academy and Sino Landscape Academy are formed to promote green living. These academies aim at enhancing knowledge, skill and attitude for all our employees, ranging from professional property managers to frontline cleaners and security guards. Three Module Certificate Courses of SPS Academies have been recognised by the Government's Qualifications Framework: Supervisory Skills for Property Management (Level 3), Star Service (Level 2) and Clubhouse Management (Level 2). In recognition of our commitment in providing quality security services training, SSSL was granted 9 Gold Awards in the category of Licensed Security Company – Type 1 while SPSL also received 2 Gold Awards in the same category at the 2019 Security Services Best Training Award jointly organised by the Vocational Training Council and the Hong Kong Police Force Crime Prevention Bureau.

(9) Sino Property Services (Continued)



Argyle Centre Phase I and Kwun Tong Harbour Plaza, managed by Sino Estates Management Limited, received Silver Award (Safety Culture Award) and Merit Award (Best Safety Enhancement Programme) respectively at the 7th Best Property Safety Management Award.

Safety management

Establishing and maintaining a safe working environment is of paramount importance for SPS to increase productivity and efficiency. As a socially responsible corporation, SPS reviews and analyses working procedures and operations from time to time with the objective of maintaining a safe workplace. Safety precaution measures are also implemented for events and activities held in the premises where SPS manages. In addition to procedures and measures, training is also important for staff to build their mindsets and habits to pursue safety standards. SPS has been recognised and authorised by the Labour Department to run the Mandatory Basic Safety Training Courses (Construction Work) “Green Card” and the Safety Training Course for Competent Persons of Confined Spaces Operation and endorse related professional qualifications for the staff that have completed the courses. Since 2008, 6,263 staff members have completed the Green Card Training Course and 620 staff members have completed the Safety Training Course for Competent Persons of Confined Spaces Operation.

SPS's commitment to providing a safe working and living environment to employees, customers and other stakeholders is also well recognised. At the 7th Best Property Safety Management Award, Argyle Centre Phase I won the Silver Award – Safety Culture Award and Kwun Tong Harbour Plaza received Merit Award – Best Safety Enhancement Programme in Occupational Safety and Health. Sino Plaza achieved Bronze Award – Safety Culture Award and four performance awards, including Silver Award (Best Performance Award), Silver Award (Best Screenplay/Best Content Award), Bronze Award (Best Visual Effects Award) and Bronze Award (Best Performer Award) while Citywalk and The Avenue received Safety Performance Award at the 18th Hong Kong Occupational Safety and Health Award. The Avenue received the Bronze Award – Good Housekeeping Plan (Other Industries) and Bronze Award – Best Presentation Award at the Good Housekeeping Competition 2019. All these awards were organised by the Occupational Safety and Health Council. SEML – Hong Kong Island District (WOB) Team won the 1st Runner-up – Occupational Safety and Health Council Shield in the Union/Organisation Category at the Safety Quiz 2019 jointly organised by the Occupational Safety and Health Council and Labour Department. BRESL won the Grand Award (Joyful@Healthy Workplace Best Practices Award – Enterprise/Organisation Category) and the Excellence Award (Prevention of Pneumoconiosis Best Practices Award) at the Occupational Health Award 2019-20. The Avenue also received the Outstanding Award (Joyful@Health Workplace Best Practices Award – Branch/SME Category) at the same competition.

Review of operations (Continued)

(9) Sino Property Services (Continued)

Environmental protection

SPS recognises its role in promoting environmental protection. SPS team participates in the group's integrated green project "Farm Together". The rooftop gardens of Skyline Tower and 148 Electric Road were transformed into urban farms, providing venues for stakeholders to experience the joy and benefits of urban farming as well as promoting a healthy lifestyle. This project supports the group's sustainability goals of Green, Wellness and Community.



The property management team strives to enhance energy efficiency and support renewable energy through installing photovoltaic panels in our properties.

From the property management perspective, environmental protection initiatives can be applied in several main areas of the daily operations. These include treatment of used materials or waste; reduction of waste; use of sustainable materials, use of recycled materials, reduction of greenhouse gases (GHGs) or carbon audit and footprints; conservation of nature and landscaping. Initiatives can be extended to raise the awareness of the residents and customers as well as to educate the young generation to be more cautious on protecting the nature and environment. SPS supports building a sustainable environment in Hong Kong. Energy saving is also one of the main areas that can contribute to the reduction of fuel consumption thereby reducing carbon emission, and much attention has been paid to minimising power consumption in the areas of lighting, electrical appliances and equipment, air-

conditioning as well as lifts and escalators. SPS installed over 2,100 photovoltaic panels on building roofs and podiums, generating total rated power of more than 700kW.

In recognition of our efforts in energy saving, SPS was awarded at the Charter on External Lighting Award Ceremony organised by the Environment Bureau with 84 managed properties (71 Platinum Awards and 13 Gold Awards) included. Hong Kong Pacific Centre (Final Platinum, Existing Building), Tsim Sha Tsui Centre and Empire Centre (Provision Platinum, Existing Buildings), Exchange Tower (Satisfactory – Management Aspect, Existing Buildings Selective Scheme) received BEAM Plus certification.

In response to the trend towards electric vehicles, SPSL has provided support for installing over 360 electric vehicle chargers at more than 50 flagship car parks and this project will be reviewed and expanded to cover more car parks with more advance charging facilities.



Sino Estates Management Limited received the Renewable Energy Excellence Award (Corporate/Government Bodies) and the Joint Energy Saving Award at CLP Smart Energy Award 2019.

SEML received a number of awards in recognition of its efforts in environmental protection. Citywalk won the Silver Award (Property Management – Commercial & Industrial) in the 2019 Hong Kong Awards for Environmental Excellence jointly organised by the Environmental Campaign Committee and the Environmental Protection Department. Citywalk 2, Hong Kong Pacific Centre and Skyline Tower received Merit Award in the Property Management – Commercial & Industrial category whereas Pacific Palisades achieved Merit

(9) Sino Property Services (Continued)

Environmental protection (Continued)

Award in the Property Management – Residential category at the same competition. SEML won the Excellence Award – Renewable Energy (Corporate/Government Bodies) and Joint Energy Saving Award at the Smart Energy Award 2019 organised by CLP Power Hong Kong Limited. Skyline Tower, Exchange Tower, One SilverSea received Silver Award, Bronze Award and Merit Award respectively in the category of Green Management Award – Service Provider (SME) at the Hong Kong Green Awards 2019 organised by Green Council. SEML has received a Fully Support Organisation Award at the Umbrella Bags Reduction Accreditation Programme 2019 organised by the Greeners Action, with 39 properties joined the programme including 36 properties received Gold Awards, 2 properties received Silver Awards, 1 property received Merit Award, while 16 of them received Reduction Awards.

To support minimising waste at source, SPS has implemented food waste management programme in residential properties, shopping malls, office and industrial buildings including Pacific Palisades, Olympian City, Tuen Mun Town Plaza (Shopping Arcade), Island Resort Mall, Citywalk, Citywalk 2, Exchange Tower, Skyline Tower (including SPS Headquarters Office), The Coronation and Tsim Sha Tsui Centre (Sino Headquarters Office) as well as for the government sector and NGO.

BRESL and its wholly-owned subsidiary Perfect Green provide one stop waste recycling solutions to properties managed by SPS. In addition to the collection of general recyclables and food waste, BRESL and Perfect Green have registered as one of the collectors under the “Waste Cooking Oils” Recycling Administrative Registration Scheme by the Environmental Protection Department. This has further strengthened their competitive edge in providing professional waste recycling services.

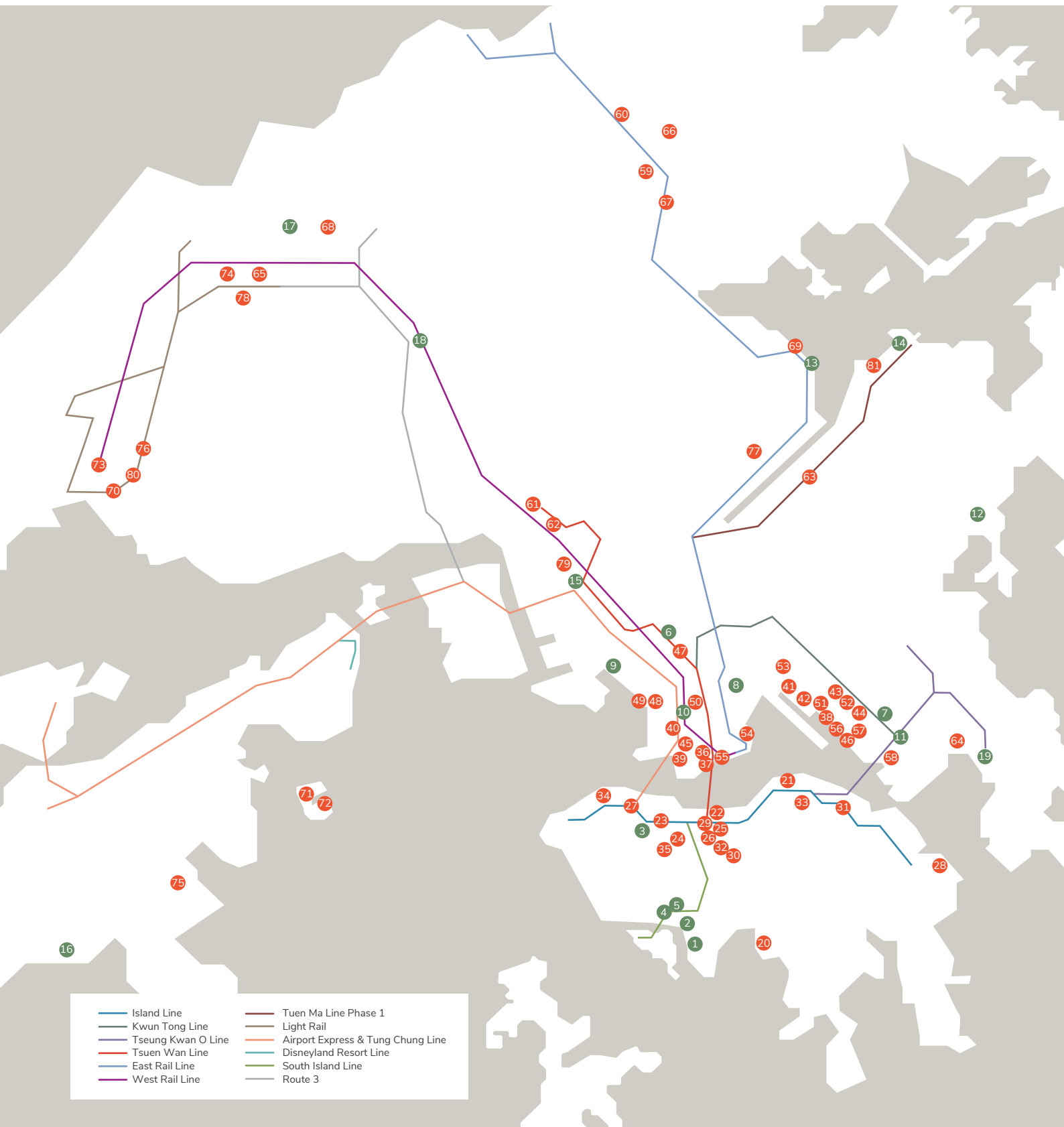
Business development highlights

As part of its continuous business strategy, SSSL diversifies its business by obtaining a Type III Security Company license which allows the company to install and repair security devices and/or to design a security system incorporating a security device. SSSL has completed

many projects for provision and installation of security system in residential estates, serviced apartments, hotels, commercial buildings and malls. To further expand the business portfolio in security solutions, SSSL has set up a Central Alarm Monitoring Station and launched CCTV and burglar alarm monitoring services. SPSL is making steady progress in developing and implementing their in-house car park control system, jointly with The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. Currently, the system has been deployed in over 50 car parks. As one of the market leaders, SPSL has introduced Android and iOS parking apps which provide real-time parking vacancy data and parking navigation services, etc., for customers to locate parking spaces easily and therefore enhance their parking experience. To further enrich customers' everyday life, SPSL has also participated in S+ Rewards, a multi-mall socialised interactive rewards programme introduced by the Group, to allow customers to redeem their rewards for parking privileges in our flagship car parks. In order to expand the specialist cleaning services, BRESL added a truck mounted with aerial work platform to provide high level cleaning and external wall cleaning. Since February 2020, BRESL has set up a Special Disinfection Unit to provide specialised disinfection and cleaning services particularly for COVID-19 related cases.



Best Result has adopted a UV sanitisation robot to enhance sanitisation services.





PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

HONG KONG ISLAND

1. The Fullerton Ocean Park Hotel Hong Kong
2. Aberdeen Inland Lot No. 462, Wong Chuk Hang
3. Peel Street / Gage Street Project (Site A), Central
4. Wong Chuk Hang Station Package Two Property Development
5. Wong Chuk Hang Station Package Four Property Development

KOWLOON

6. Madison Park, Cheung Sha Wan
7. Grand Central, Kwun Tong
8. St. George's Mansions, Ho Man Tin
9. Grand Victoria, South West Kowloon
10. Kowloon Inland Lot No. 11254, Mong Kok
11. Yau Tong Ventilation Building Property Development

NEW TERRITORIES

12. 133 Portofino, Sai Kung
13. Mayfair By The Sea 8, Pak Shek Kok
14. Silversands, Ma On Shan
15. Kwai Chung Town Lot No. 524
16. Lot 765 in DD332, Cheung Sha, Lantau Island
17. Yuen Long Town Lot No. 532
18. West Rail Kam Sheung Road Station Package One Property Development
19. LOHAS Park Package Eleven Property Development, Tseung Kwan O

MAJOR COMPLETED PROPERTIES

HONG KONG ISLAND

20. 38 Repulse Bay Road
21. 148 Electric Road
22. Central Plaza
23. The Centrium
24. Conrad Hong Kong
25. The Hennessy
26. The Hillside
27. Hollywood Centre
28. Island Resort Mall
29. The Johnston
30. Lee Tung Avenue
31. Marina House
32. One Capital Place
33. Pacific Palisades
34. Pacific Plaza
35. The Staunton

KOWLOON

36. Cameron Plaza
37. The Camphora
38. Capital Tower
39. China Hong Kong City
40. Coronation Circle
41. Corporation Square
42. Exchange Tower
43. Fullerton Centre
44. Futura Plaza
45. Hong Kong Pacific Centre
46. Kwun Tong Harbour Plaza
47. Maison Rosé
48. Olympian City
49. The Olympian Hong Kong
50. Omega Plaza
51. Pan Asia Centre
52. Remington Centre
53. Skyline Tower
54. Sunshine Plaza Shopping Arcade
55. Tsim Sha Tsui Centre
56. Westin Centre
57. Westley Square
58. Yau Tong Industrial City

NEW TERRITORIES

59. Avon Mall
60. Cambridge Plaza
61. Citywalk
62. Citywalk 2
63. Corporation Park
64. Corinthia By The Sea
65. Golden Plaza
66. Grand Regentville Shopping Mall
67. Lincoln Centre
68. Mansfield Industrial Centre
69. Mayfair Lane
70. Oceania Heights Shopping Mall
71. Paloma Bay
72. Paloma Cove
73. Parklane Centre
74. Ping Wui Centre
75. Riverwalk
76. Rosedale Gardens Shopping Mall
77. Shatin Galleria
78. Springdale Shopping Mall
79. Sunley Centre
80. tmtplaza
81. The Waterside Shopping Mall

Sustainable development

This Sustainable Development Section highlights the Group's performance in sustainability for the financial year ended 30th June, 2020. Further details of the Group's environmental, social and governance ('ESG') policies and performance are included in the standalone Sustainability Report for the financial year ended 30th June, 2020, which has been prepared in accordance with the 'Core' option of the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) Sustainability Reporting Standards as well as the requirements of the ESG Reporting Guide under Appendix 27 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The Sustainability Report will be made available on our corporate website at www.sino.com.

At Sino, sustainability is central to what we do, it is integrated into every aspect of our operations as we strive to create long-term value for customers, employees, business partners, shareholders, investors and the broader community. From architectural planning to green property management, from exploring green innovations to serving the community, we take a holistic approach and contribute to a sustainable built environment.

We collaborate with like-minded partners – colleagues, residents, tenants, business associates and the broader community – on our sustainability journey. This is encapsulated in our ethos of 'Creating better lifescapes' – committed and together, we make every effort to build a better life together, where communities thrive in harmony by embracing green living and wellness, by engaging with all and pursuing meaningful designs, and by seeking innovation while respecting heritage and culture. It is brought to life through work in six areas, namely Green, Wellness, Design, Innovation, Heritage & Culture and Community; these six pillars shape and guide how we plan, design, work and deliver products and services.

The Sustainability Committee was set up in 2010 to drive the planning and implementation of our strategies to build a more sustainable business. It was restructured and renamed as the Environmental, Social and Governance Steering Committee ('ESG Steering Committee') in 2020. The ESG Steering Committee comprises Executive Directors and key executives from different business units to support the Board of Directors in overseeing and steering the planning and execution of the Group's sustainability programmes. It provides overall stewardship, formulates direction, strategies, policies and goals, in addition to facilitating execution of plans and activities.

We continue to make strides on our sustainability journey. In April 2020, we joined the United Nations Global Compact as a Signatory, becoming one of the first property companies in Hong Kong to do so, and standing in collaboration with over 13,000 leading companies, organisations and government authorities from around the world to champion principled business. Incorporating the Ten Principles of the United Nations Global Compact into strategies, policies and processes, the participation reaffirms our commitment to operate in a responsible manner.

We have aligned our sustainability strategies with 15 United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, and undertaken to report progress to promote responsible business practices.

We have formulated our Sustainability Vision 2030 to guide our sustainability efforts, as well as strategies to accelerate environmental actions while seeking to make a positive impact on the community.

Sustainability vision 2030 and performance

Governance

Our performance

- Signatory of the United Nations Global Compact since April 2020
- No corruption case recorded in the 2019/2020 financial year

Green

Our vision

- To achieve greenhouse gas ('GHG') emission reduction by 30% by 2030 from 2012 level

Our performance

- As of June 2020, achieved GHG emission reduction by 17.73% from 2012 level

Wellness

Our vision

- To improve the well-being of our employees through wellness programmes covering work, family, physical health and mental health
- To increase training hours per employee by 50% by 2025 and 100% by 2030 from 2019 level
- To increase recruitment diversity by employing different ethnic groups and less-abled personnel

Our performance

- On top of paid maternity leave entitlement of 14 weeks (effective October 2018), increased paid parental leave by 10 days effective June 2019
- On average 11 training hours per employee in the 2019/2020 financial year

Design

Our vision

- To achieve BEAM Plus certification for all of our new buildings in Hong Kong
- Seek to achieve WELL™ certification for all of our new buildings in Hong Kong

Our performance

- 76% of our projects under development have obtained BEAM Plus provisional rating
- 133 Portofino, the Group's latest residential project in Sai Kung, has received WELL v2™ pre-certification, becoming the first Hong Kong residential project receiving WELL v2™ accreditation

Sustainable development (Continued)

Sustainability vision 2030 and performance (Continued)

Innovation

Our vision

- To foster a culture of innovation that enables colleagues and external innovators to test out new ideas and build a mechanism to apply new technologies in our business operations
- To receive ISO 27001 (Information security management) certification by 2025

Our performance

- Sino Inno Lab welcomed over 2,400 visitors during the 2019/2020 financial year; evaluated over 100 technologies with 47 under study for adoption, and over 40 adopted and at trial stage
- 131 innovative ideas were received from colleagues through the Sinovation programme

Heritage & Culture

Our vision

- To work on revitalisation of heritage building, promote appreciation of heritage conservation as well as arts and culture to enrich life

Our performance

- The Fullerton Hotel Sydney, housed in the heritage-listed former Sydney General Post Office, opened doors in October 2019
- The Fullerton Hotel Sydney carried out chemical-free cleaning of the building's ornate sandstone façades; the remediation works spanned 38,000 hours over nine months

Community

Our vision

- To improve the well-being of less-resourced families
- To establish a wellness education programme to promote good health education in the community
- To collaborate with local NGOs to promote social inclusion

Our performance

- Sino Caring Friends performed over 174,000 volunteer service hours in Hong Kong in the 2019/2020 financial year
- Undertaken a two-year partnership with The Boys and Girls Brigade, a Sydney-based children's charity. Support includes upgrading current facility to create a multifaceted space that will improve physical and mental health of beneficiaries

Green

The Group is committed to contributing to the sustainable development of our community by minimising environmental impact while facilitating societal changes.

Climate resilience, energy and emissions

The Group had set a carbon reduction target of reducing GHG emission across the common areas of buildings under the Group's management by 16% before 2020 from 2012 level, the target was achieved and exceeded in 2019. The Group has set a new target of reducing GHG emission by 30% by 2030 from 2012 level, equivalent to planting 1,072,223 trees. As at 30th June, 2020, a reduction of 17.73% was recorded.

The Group's Energy Policy outlines our commitment to managing energy consumption and to adopting energy-efficient technologies. Since September 2019, we have adopted IoT technology, AI analysis and digitalisation to enhance property services. A good example is Exchange Tower, which has recorded an 8% year-on-year reduction in chiller plant energy consumption while maintaining indoor comfort level through deploying a smart energy management system.

To support the use of renewable energy, we have installed renewable energy features in our managed properties and established smart monitoring platforms to optimise building services and renewable power systems. The Group is expanding the coverage of solar panels across our managed properties. Over 2,100 photovoltaic panels, with a total rated power capacity of more than 700 kW, have been installed at properties under the Group's management in Hong Kong.

The Group preserves and cares for trees at its properties. When it becomes necessary to fell trees due to safety or any other concerns, we try to make the most of the precious resources. Felled trees are examined and sorted; branches and twigs with no signs of pest infestation or disease are recycled into compost or mulch, while larger trunks and branches are upcycled into planters, furniture and art pieces. Since the launch of the tree recycling/upcycling initiative in 2018, 536 trees have been collected and converted into more than 50 m³ of mulch and compost.

Supplier environmental performance

In May 2019, the Group updated the Contractor/Supplier Code of Conduct, which outlines the Group's fundamental requirements on the environmental performance of its contractors and suppliers. Suppliers are expected to observe the Group's core values and are required to comply with applicable environmental codes, laws and regulations in the places where they operate and ensure that they obtain and maintain all necessary environmental permits and registrations to conduct their business. Regular compliance checks on suppliers are conducted. Environmental conservation training is also provided for suppliers to ensure they share the same values with the Group.

Wellness

In order to 'make Sino the preferred choice for customers, investors and employees', we make every effort to address stakeholders' feedback. We strive to safeguard and enhance the wellness of our people and community, including their physical and mental health.

Sustainable development (Continued)

Wellness (Continued)

Employees

The well-being and safety of our employees are the first and foremost concerns of the Group. Providing a safe, fair and inclusive workplace is crucial for our human capital.

With regard to occupational health and safety, 15 of our properties are certified under the ISO 45001 Occupational Health and Safety Management System standard. Since 2008, 6,263 staff members have completed the Mandatory Basic Safety Training Course (Construction Work), and 620 staff members have completed the Safety Training Course for Competent Persons of Confined Spaces Operation.

Employee development is vital to the sustainable growth of the Group. We provide a wide spectrum of internal and external training opportunities to deepen their professional knowledge and essential skills.

During the reporting period, approximately 106,000 training hours were provided, with each employee receiving an average of 11 hours of training.

We aim to increase training hours by 50% by 2025 and 100% by 2030 from our 2019 baseline.

To enhance internal communication and employee experience, the Group launched its first proprietary staff mobile app, inSino, in December 2019, enabling employees to access e-learning while on the move. The app also serves as a platform for engaging staff with the latest corporate updates, announcements, management messages, staff discounts, annual leave and medical benefit balance as well as a library of useful reference.

During the first half of 2020, around 10,000 care packs were distributed to colleagues to help combat COVID-19. Other initiatives to support staff include counselling services, Employee Wellness Programme, Happy@Work and outdoor fun day for colleagues and their families.

Customers, tenants and partners

The Group strives to achieve service and product excellence by thoroughly understanding the needs of customers and consistently surpassing their expectations, in line with one of our core values of 'Customers First'. To this end, we collect feedback regarding our service and product quality through communication channels such as our annual customer satisfaction survey. Customers are welcome to rate our services and facilities, including those related to our management, clubhouse services, cleanliness and security. We have also established an ISO 10002 certified Customer Satisfaction and Complaint Handling System, which is facilitated by a digital platform, iPromise, to ensure customer feedback is handled promptly and communicated efficiently. During the reporting period, we achieved a customer satisfaction rating of 3.67 out of 4 in Hong Kong.

Different systems and technologies have been harnessed to enhance the environmental quality for tenants and customers of the Group. Highlights include:

- robot for Indoor Air Quality ('IAQ') measurement to keep track of IAQ for the health and well-being of tenants;
- inorganic paint Airlite that is capable of reducing pollutants and removing germs in the air;
- award-winning proprietary innovation City Air Purification System that can purify air in the open space;
- air purifiers featuring double-layered HEPA filter, PMmagnet technology and patented disinfecting and bactericidal solution that are capable of removing pollutants and killing bacteria and viruses in the air by up to 99.99%.

Design

The Group attaches great importance to the sustainability of its business operations. We continue to adopt sustainable building standards, invest in improvements and incorporate energy-efficient features in our projects. Our Sustainable Building Guidelines provide a comprehensive framework for integrating sustainability attributes at the building design stage and throughout its lifecycle. To holistically and comprehensively reduce the environmental footprint of our developments and to improve their performance, we seek to achieve green building certification for both existing properties and new development projects. During the reporting period, 76% of our projects under development obtained BEAM Plus provisional rating.

We also seek to achieve WELL™ certification for all of our new buildings in Hong Kong. WELL™ is the world's first architectural benchmark focusing exclusively on health and well-being to improve sustainability. 133 Portofino, the Group's latest residential project in Sai Kung, has become the first residential property in Hong Kong to receive WELL v2™ pre-certification.

Innovation

The Group holds the firm belief that innovation and technology are key to developing a diversified, sustainable and resilient economy while enhancing Hong Kong's competitiveness internationally. The Group has set a goal of achieving ISO 27001 certification by 2025. An independent consultant was engaged to conduct cybersecurity assessment and review systems and infrastructure in 2019. Regular employee training on cybersecurity issues is also arranged.

To create a culture of innovation, drive efficiency and improve quality, a group-wide competition – Sinovation – was launched in June 2019. Staff members at all levels are encouraged to share ideas to enhance efficiency and customer service with shortlisted ideas receiving support from the Sino Innovation Fund. Technical sharing sessions in IoT, AI, robotics and presentation skills, as well as meet-the-innovator sessions with other start-ups, have also been arranged.

To date, 131 innovative ideas have been received, and nine colleagues with outstanding ideas have been shortlisted as Sinovators. Four of them have been selected as winners, and received funds to turn their proposals into functional prototypes. One of the winning entries is Dr temi, a robot piloted at Exchange Tower; it is capable of measuring body temperature, body weight, blood pressure and other health metrics for tenants and customers.

Sino Inno Lab, a sandbox platform for technology companies to test out inventions and facilitate co-creation, was honoured at the Global Most Innovative Knowledge Enterprise ('MIKE') and Hong Kong MIKE Awards 2019, alongside 21 organisations from eight countries and regions. During the reporting period, Sino Inno Lab welcomed more than 2,400 visitors and evaluated over 100 technologies and solutions; over 40 have been adopted for trial and 47 are under study for adoption.

Heritage & Culture

The Group appreciates the crucial role that cultural heritage plays in preserving defining memories, building identity and strengthening the sense of belonging.

The Fullerton Hotel Sydney had engaged more than 30 stonemasons to carry out a meticulous, chemical-free cleaning of the building's ornate sandstone façades in preparation of its opening in October 2019. The works spanned 38,000 hours over nine months.

'Think Like Leonardo da Vinci 500th Anniversary Exhibition' was held in Olympian City between December 2019 and February 2020. Partnering with the Hong Kong Innovation Foundation, Italy's acclaimed Leonardo3 Museum ('L3') and the Italian Consulate-General in Hong Kong, the exhibition showcased da Vinci's ideas, inventions and contributions to humanity in an interactive and engaging way that encouraged the audience to delve into the amazing universe of the celebrated genius. In addition to the fascinating machines constructed by L3 based on da Vinci's ideas, the exhibition featured over 1,000 digitised manuscripts and interactive drawings as part of a multi-sensory experience tailored for this inspiring event.

Community

As a committed corporate citizen, the Group holds the firm belief in supporting people in need and working hand in hand with community partners towards a better future.

We stay committed to reaching out to support those in need. Since 2010, Sino Caring Friends, the corporate volunteers, have been building relationships with less-resourced families in various districts through continued volunteer services. Through the Community Care Project launched in 2018, Sino Caring Friends and community members deepen their understanding of community care services through training and participation in volunteer services.

During the reporting period, Sino Caring Friends organised over 260 activities, with over 1,600 volunteers participating in services for over 8,000 less-resourced elderly, children, youth and families. In total, they performed over 174,000 hours of volunteer services in Hong Kong.

The Board of Directors (“Board”) is committed to providing effective management and sound control of the Company for maximizing the shareholders’ value. The corporate governance principles of the Company emphasize the attainment and maintenance of a high standard of corporate governance practices and procedures, a quality board, sound internal control, and high transparency and accountability to the shareholders. The Company has adopted its own Corporate Governance Code and has complied with all code provisions as set out in Appendix 14 (“Code”) to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (“Listing Rules”), save as disclosed in this report. The corporate governance practices of the Company in compliance with the Code during the financial year ended 30th June, 2020 with explanation of the deviation are set out in this report.

Corporate governance practices

Directors

Corporate governance principle

The Board provides overall leadership and control for the Company in an effective and responsible manner with a view to maximizing the financial performance of the Company and the shareholders’ value. The Board makes decisions on business strategies and corporate governance practices, determines the Company’s objectives, value and standards, and oversees and monitors the management performance within the control and delegation framework of the Company. These include the Company’s financial statements, dividend policy, any significant changes in accounting policy, adoption of corporate governance practices and procedures, and risk management and internal control strategies.

Board composition

The current Board has eleven Directors comprising six Executive Directors including the Chairman and the Deputy Chairman of the Board, one Non-Executive Director and four Independent Non-Executive Directors, details of which are set out under the section entitled “Directors’ Report” of this Annual Report. Biographical details of the Directors and their relationships, where applicable, are contained under the section entitled “Biographical Details of Directors & Senior Management” of this Annual Report. The Company has maintained on its website and on the website of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (“Stock Exchange”) an updated list of its Directors identifying their roles and functions and whether they are Independent Non-Executive Directors. Independent Non-Executive Directors are identified in all corporate communications that disclose the names of Directors of the Company.

Corporate governance practices

(Continued)

Directors (Continued)

Division of responsibilities

The Board, led by the Chairman, is responsible for the Company's future development directions, overall strategies and policies, evaluation of the financial performance of the Company and approval of matters that are of a material or substantial nature, including adequacy of systems of financial, risk management and internal control, and conduct of business in conformity with applicable laws and regulations. The Executive Directors, constituting the senior management of the Company, are delegated with responsibilities in the day-to-day management of the Company and make operational and business decisions within the control and delegation framework of the Company. The Board gives clear directions as to the matters that must be approved by the Board before decisions are made on behalf of the Company. The implementation of strategies and policies of the Board and the operations of each business unit are overseen and monitored by designated responsible Executive Directors. The Board has found that the current arrangement has worked effectively in enabling it to discharge its responsibilities satisfactorily. The types of decisions to be delegated by the Board to the management include implementation of the strategy and direction determined by the Board, operation of the business of the Company and its subsidiaries ("Group"), preparation of financial statements and operating budgets, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

The Chairman ensures that the Board works effectively to discharge its responsibilities in the best interests of the Company, and, to establish good corporate governance practices and procedures. He also ensures that all key and appropriate issues are discussed by the Board in a timely manner and all Directors are encouraged to make a full and active contribution to the board's affairs. Directors with different views are encouraged to voice their concerns. They are allowed sufficient time for discussion of issues so as to ensure that board decisions fairly reflect board consensus. A culture of openness and debate is promoted to facilitate the effective contribution of Non-Executive Directors and ensure constructive relations between Executive and Non-Executive Directors. During the year, the Chairman held a meeting in December 2019 with the Independent Non-Executive Directors without the presence of other directors in compliance with the applicable code provision of the Code.

There is no separation of the roles of the chairman and the chief executive in the Company. The Chairman of the Board provides leadership to the Board and undertakes both roles of chairman and chief executive. The Board is of the view that the current management structure has been effective in facilitating the Company's operation and business development and that necessary checks and balances consistent with sound corporate governance practices are in place. In addition, the four Independent Non-Executive Directors have contributed valuable views and proposals for the board's deliberation and decisions. The Board reviews the management structure regularly to ensure that it continues to meet these objectives and is in line with the industry practices.

Corporate governance practices

(Continued)

Directors (Continued)

Division of responsibilities (Continued)

To enhance the function of the Board, four board committees, namely the Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee, Audit Committee and Compliance Committee, have been set up to take up different responsibilities. All board committees have specific terms of reference clearly defining their powers and responsibilities. All board committees are required by their terms of reference to report to the Board in relation to their decisions, findings or recommendations, and in certain specific situations, to seek the Board's approval before taking any action.

The Non-Executive Directors, including Independent Non-Executive Directors, provide the Company with diverse skills, expertise and varied backgrounds and qualifications. They participate in board/board committee (including Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee) meetings to bring independent views, advice and judgment on important issues relating to the Company's strategy, policy, financial performance, and take the lead on matters where potential conflicts of interests arise. They also attend annual general meetings of the Company to understand the view of shareholders. They make a positive contribution to the development of the Company's strategy and policy through independent, constructive and informed comments.

Every Director is considered to have given sufficient time and attention to the Company's affairs for the year under review. Each of the Directors is required to disclose to the Company the number and nature of offices he/she held in public companies or organizations and other significant commitments as well as the identity of such public companies or organizations.

Directors' and officers' liabilities insurance

The Company has arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liabilities insurance coverage for the Directors and officers of the Company.

Board meetings and supply of and access to information

The Board holds at least four regular meetings a year, which are normally scheduled in advance in the fourth quarter of the preceding year. During the financial year ended 30th June, 2020, the Board had held five meetings. The attendance records of the Directors to these board meetings are set out below:

Directors	Meeting(s) attended/held
<i>Executive Directors</i>	
Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong (<i>Chairman</i>)	3/5
Mr. Daryl Ng Win Kong (<i>Deputy Chairman</i>)	5/5
Mr. Ringo Chan Wing Kwong	5/5
Mr. Gordon Lee Ching Keung	5/5
Mr. Sunny Yeung Kwong	5/5
Mr. Thomas Tang Wing Yung (<i>appointed on 15th January, 2020</i>)	3/3
Ms. Velencia Lee (<i>appointed on 1st July, 2019 and resigned on 1st May, 2020</i>)	4/4
<i>Non-Executive Director</i>	
The Honourable Ronald Joseph Arculli	5/5
<i>Independent Non-Executive Directors</i>	
Dr. Allan Zeman	5/5
Mr. Adrian David Li Man-kiu	5/5
Mr. Steven Ong Kay Eng	5/5
Mr. Wong Cho Bau	3/5

Corporate governance practices

(Continued)

Directors (Continued)

Board meetings and supply of and access to information (Continued)

Notice incorporating the agenda for each regular board meeting or board committee meeting is given to all Directors or board committee members at least 14 days in advance, and, all Directors or board committee members are given the opportunity to include matters for discussion in the agenda. All Directors/board committee members are entitled to have access to board/board committee papers and related materials in sufficient details to enable them to make informed decisions on matters to be placed before the board/board committee meetings. Meeting papers are normally sent to all Directors or board committee members at least 5 days in advance of every regular board meeting or board committee meeting.

The Company Secretary assists the Chairman of the Board and the chairmen of board committees in preparing meeting agendas and ensures that the Code as well as all applicable laws and regulations are duly complied with. Minutes of board meetings and board committee meetings are recorded in sufficient details of the matters considered and decisions reached at the relevant meetings. Draft and final versions of the minutes in respect of board meetings and board committee meetings are sent to all Directors or board committee members respectively for comment and records within a reasonable time after the relevant meetings. All minutes are properly kept by the Company Secretary and are available for the Directors' and board committee members' inspection.

All Directors are given unrestricted access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary who is responsible to the Board for ensuring that the board procedures and all applicable laws, rules and regulations are followed. The selection, appointment or dismissal of the Company Secretary is subject to approval by the Directors at board meeting.

All Directors are entitled to have access to timely information in relation to the Company's business and make further enquiries or retain independent professional advisors where necessary. The management provides all relevant explanation and information to the Board so as to give the Board the information it needs to discharge its responsibilities. During the year under review, the management provided all members of the Board with the relevant updates of major business operations giving a balanced and understandable assessment of the Company's performance, position and prospects.

Directors' appointment, re-election and removal

All Non-Executive Directors have entered into letters of appointment with the Company for a specific term of three years. The Company's Articles of Association provide that each Director is subject to retirement from office by rotation and re-election once every three years and that one-third (or the number nearest to one-third) of the Directors shall retire from office every year at the annual general meeting. New appointment to the Board is subject to re-election at the next following annual general meeting. In addition, the appointment of an Independent Non-Executive Director who has served on the Board for more than nine years will be subject to a separate resolution to be approved by shareholders. The Board will provide in the circular accompanying the annual report sent to shareholders the reason why the Board considers the Independent Non-Executive Director is still independent and its recommendation to shareholders to vote in favour of the re-election of such Independent Non-Executive Director.

Corporate governance practices

(Continued)

Directors (Continued)

Directors' appointment, re-election and removal (Continued)

The Directors who are subject to retirement and re-election at the 2020 annual general meeting are set out on page 90 of this Annual Report.

The Board is empowered under the Company's Articles of Association and is collectively responsible to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional board member. Only the most suitable candidate who is experienced, competent and able to fulfill the fiduciary duties and duties of skill, care and diligence would be selected as Director.

During the year, the Nomination Committee took into account the selection criteria for directors as set out in the nomination policy for directorship of the Company and the board diversity policy recommended and the Board approved the appointment of Mr. Thomas Tang Wing Yung as an Executive Director of the Board with effect from 15th January, 2020.

Confirmation of independence

The independence of the Independent Non-Executive Directors has been assessed in accordance with the applicable Listing Rules. Each of the Independent Non-Executive Directors has provided an annual written confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all the Independent Non-Executive Directors meet the guidelines for assessing independence as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and are independent.

Directors' training and professional development

Every Director keeps abreast of responsibilities as a Director and of the conduct, business activities and development of the Company. Every newly appointed director receives a comprehensive induction package covering the statutory and regulatory obligations of directors, organizational structure, policies, procedures and codes of the Company, terms of reference of board committees and internal audit charter of internal audit. The Company Secretary from time to time updates and provides written training materials to the Directors, and organizes seminars on the latest development of the Listing Rules, applicable laws, rules and regulations relating to Directors' duties and responsibilities.

The Company Secretary maintains records of trainings attended by the Directors. The trainings attended by the current Directors during the year are as follows:

Directors	Training matters ^(Notes)
<i>Executive Directors</i>	
Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong	a, b
Mr. Daryl Ng Win Kong	a, b
Mr. Ringo Chan Wing Kwong	a, b, c
Mr. Gordon Lee Ching Keung	a, b
Mr. Sunny Yeung Kwong	a, b
Mr. Thomas Tang Wing Yung <i>(appointed on 15th January, 2020)</i>	a, b
<i>Non-Executive Director</i>	
The Honourable Ronald Joseph Arculli	a, b, c, d
<i>Independent Non-Executive Directors</i>	
Dr. Allan Zeman	a, b, d
Mr. Adrian David Li Man-kiu	a, b, c, d
Mr. Steven Ong Kay Eng	a, b
Mr. Wong Cho Bau	a, b

Notes:

- a. corporate governance
- b. regulatory
- c. finance
- d. managerial

Corporate governance practices

(Continued)

Remuneration of directors and senior management

Emolument policy

The Company's emolument policy is to ensure that the remuneration offered to employees, including Executive Directors and senior management, is based on skill, knowledge, responsibilities and involvement in the Company's affairs. The remuneration packages of Executive Directors are also determined by reference to the Company's performance and profitability, the prevailing market conditions and the performance or contribution of each Director. The emolument policy for Non-Executive Directors is to ensure that the Non-Executive Directors are adequately compensated for their efforts and time dedicated to the Company's affairs, including their participation in board committees. Individual Directors and senior management have not been involved in deciding their own remuneration.

Remuneration Committee

The Company established its Remuneration Committee with written terms of reference on 23rd June, 2005.

The current written terms of reference are available at the Company's website www.sino.com and the Stock Exchange's website.

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management's remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy. In arriving at its recommendations, the Committee consults the Chairman of the Board and takes into consideration factors including salaries paid by comparable companies, employment conditions elsewhere in the Group, and desirability of performance-based remuneration. The Committee

makes recommendations to the Board relating to the remuneration package of individual Executive Directors and senior management, and it also makes recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of Non-Executive Directors. The Committee meets at least once a year and is provided with sufficient resources enabling it to discharge its duties.

The Remuneration Committee currently comprises four members with the Independent Non-Executive Directors constituting the majority of the Committee and an Independent Non-Executive Director acting as its chairman.

During the year, the Remuneration Committee had performed the following works:

- reviewed the existing emolument policy of Directors;
- reviewed the remuneration packages of Executive Directors; and
- made recommendations on Non-Executive Directors' fees.

No Director was involved in deciding his own remuneration at the meeting of the Remuneration Committee. The attendance records of the committee members to committee meeting(s) are set out below:

Committee members	Meeting(s) attended/held
Mr. Steven Ong Kay Eng* (Committee Chairman)	1/1
Dr. Allan Zeman*	1/1
Mr. Adrian David Li Man-kiu*	1/1
Mr. Daryl Ng Win Kong	1/1

* Independent Non-Executive Director

Details of Directors' emoluments for the year are set out in Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

Corporate governance practices

(Continued)

Nomination of directors and senior management

Nomination policy

The Company has adopted the Nomination Policy for Directorship (“Nomination Policy”) with effect from 1st January, 2019 which supplements the terms of reference of the Nomination Committee, and, sets out the processes and criteria for the nomination of a candidate for directorship in the Company. This Policy ensures that all nominations of Board members are fair and transparent in order to facilitate the constitution of the Board with a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives that is appropriate to the requirements of the Company’s business.

The Nomination Policy contains a number of factors in assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate which include the reputation for integrity, accomplishment and professional knowledge and industry experience which may be relevant to the Company, commitment in respect of available time, merit and potential contributions to the Board with reference to the Company’s Board Diversity Policy, and the independence criteria under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules if the candidate is proposed to be appointed as an independent non-executive director. This Policy also lays down the nomination procedures on appointment or re-appointment of directors. The Nomination Committee will conduct the relevant selection process (coupled with the relevant selection criteria) against the nominated candidate for new directorship or director offer for re-election and make recommendations to the Board for consideration. The Board will then make a decision as to whether the nominated candidate or the director offer for re-election shall be eligible to be appointed as a director or eligible to be re-appointed as a director of the Company respectively.

Board diversity policy

With a view to achieving a sustainable and balanced development, the Company has been considering diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development. The Board Diversity Policy allows the Company to consider board diversity from a number of factors when deciding on new and re-appointments to the Board in order to achieve a diversity of perspectives among Board members. These factors include but not limited to gender, age, ethnicity, cultural and educational background, professional or industry experience, skills, knowledge and other qualities of Directors. The Nomination Committee shall consider candidates on merits as well as against these measurable objectives with due regard for the benefits of the appropriate diversity of perspectives within the Board and also the candidates’ potential contributions thereto.

The Board as a whole is responsible for reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board with due regard to the intended benefits of board diversity. The balance between the number of Executive and Non-Executive Directors is considered effective in ensuring independent judgment being exercised effectively to provide sufficient checks and balances to safeguard the interests of the Company and its shareholders. The Company believes that the current Board composition is well-balanced and of a diverse mix appropriate for the business of the Company. The Board reviews and monitors the implementation of board diversity on a regular basis to ensure its effectiveness on determining the optimal composition of the Board.

Corporate governance practices (Continued)

Nomination of directors and senior management (Continued)

Nomination Committee

The Company established its Nomination Committee with written terms of reference on 20th February, 2012. The current written terms of reference are available at the Company's website www.sino.com and the Stock Exchange's website.

The Nomination Committee reports to the Board and holds regular meeting to assist the Board in discharging its responsibility in reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board with reference to the Board Diversity Policy of the Company. The Committee makes recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy. Its duties include making recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships, the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, and regularly reviewing the time required from a Director to perform his/her responsibilities. The Committee is also responsible for assessing the independence of Independent Non-Executive Directors and reviewing their annual confirmations on independence. The Committee meets at least once a year and is provided with sufficient resources enabling it to discharge its duties.

The Nomination Committee, which is chaired by the Chairman of the Board, currently comprises three members with the Independent Non-Executive Directors constituting the majority of the Committee.

During the year, the Nomination Committee had performed the following works:

- recommended the appointment of Mr. Thomas Tang Wing Yung as an Executive Director of the Board with effect from 15th January, 2020, with reference to the selection criteria for directors as set out in the Nomination Policy and the Board Diversity Policy;
- reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board and recommended the re-appointment of the retiring Directors;
- assessed the independence of Independent Non-Executive Directors and their annual confirmations on independence; and
- reviewed time commitment of Directors.

The attendance records of the committee members to committee meeting(s) are set out below:

Committee members	Meeting(s) attended/held
Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong <i>(Committee Chairman)</i>	1/1
Dr. Allan Zeman*	1/1
Mr. Adrian David Li Man-kiu*	1/1

* *Independent Non-Executive Director*

Corporate governance practices

(Continued)

Accountability and audit

Directors' responsibilities for financial statements

The Board is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements which should give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the results and cash flows for such reporting period. In preparing the financial statements, the Board has adopted generally accepted accounting standards in Hong Kong and suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently, made judgments and estimates that are prudent, fair and reasonable, and prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. The Board is responsible for ensuring that the Company keeps proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company.

The Board is not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt over the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the Board has continued to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

The auditor is responsible for auditing and reporting its opinion on the financial statements of the Company and the independent auditor's report for the financial year ended 30th June, 2020 is set out in the section entitled "Independent Auditor's Report" of this Annual Report.

Risk management and internal control

The Board has the overall responsibility for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks it is willing to take in achieving the Company's strategic objectives, and ensuring that the Company establishes and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems. The Audit Committee is delegated with the authority from the Board to oversee the risk management and internal control systems.

Effective risk management is important to the Company's achievement of its strategic goals. To this end, the Company adopts an Enterprise Risk Management ("ERM") approach to assist the Board in discharging its risk management responsibilities and individual business units in managing the key risks faced by the Company. Details of the main features of the ERM system including the processes for the identification, evaluation and management of significant risks are set out in the "Risk Management Report" on pages 82 to 88.

The Company's internal control system is built on a sound control environment with a strong commitment to ethical values. "Staff integrity" is among one of our core values. A Code of Conduct, including prevention of bribery and avoidance of conflict of interest has been established. The core values and Code of Conduct are communicated to all new staff during orientation. This information is also included in the Staff Handbook and available on our intranet. The importance of integrity is reiterated regularly by messages from senior management and through training and seminar. The Business Ethics Committee has been established as a whistle-blowing channel for staff and other relevant parties to report misconduct cases. Every reported case will be handled in confidence and followed through in accordance with the policy and procedures for notification of unethical conduct.

Corporate governance practices

(Continued)

Accountability and audit (Continued)

Risk management and internal control (Continued)

The internal control system also includes an appropriate organizational structure with clearly defined responsibilities, accountability and authorities underpinning proper segregation of duties, complemented by monitoring and reporting mechanism to ensure proper checks and balances. Policies and procedures covering key business processes are established and communicated to staff, and are reviewed regularly to ensure continued relevance and effectiveness, and for continuous improvement.

The Company's internal control system is fully integrated with the risk management framework.

The ERM is a process through which risks together with the relevant controls are identified, assessed, evaluated and reviewed on an ongoing basis. All the significant risks identified are mapped to and incorporated in the annual internal audit plan. Key controls are subject to regular independent review and test by the Internal Audit Department in order to assess their adequacy and effectiveness.

Internal audit

The Internal Audit Department provides independent assurance regarding the existence of adequate and effective controls in the operations of the Company's business units. The Head of Internal Audit Department reports directly to the Audit Committee. In performing its duties, the Internal Audit Department has free and unfettered access to information and to meet with any of the department heads or persons-in-charge as stipulated in the Internal Audit Charter.

The Internal Audit Department adopts a risk-based audit approach. It conducts annual risk assessment and devises a 3-year-rolling internal audit plan which is reviewed and approved by the Audit Committee. Depending on the nature and level of the risks, the Internal Audit Department performs audits and reviews on the operations of individual business units, and conducts recurring and impromptu site investigations on selected risk areas to assess the effectiveness of the controls implemented by the business units concerned. The audit findings regarding control weaknesses are communicated to the relevant business units. Significant audit findings and recommendations are reported to the Audit Committee, which in turn reports to the Board. The implementation of the agreed actions in response to the audit findings are tracked and followed up regularly, and the status is reported to the Audit Committee.

Internal control self-assessment

To further enhance the risk management and internal control systems, the heads of individual business units conduct annual internal control self-assessment with reference to the 17 principles of the COSO (The Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission) 2013 Internal Control – Integrated Framework. Through the use of internal control self-assessment questionnaires, the heads of individual business units systemically review and assess the effectiveness of all the key internal controls over their business operations that are in place to mitigate the risks, identify potential new risks affecting their businesses and operations, design and execute enhancement plans to address such new risks. The results of the self-assessment are reported to the Board through the Audit Committee and form part of the annual assessment of the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems.

Corporate governance practices

(Continued)

Accountability and audit (Continued)

Risk management and internal control (Continued)

Evaluation of the adequacy of resources of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and internal audit function

For the year ended 30th June, 2020, the Internal Audit Department has conducted an assessment and concluded that the resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function were adequate. The Head of Internal Audit Department, in conjunction with the Human Resources Department, also carried out a review of the internal audit function and concluded that its resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget were adequate. The results of the review were reported to the Audit Committee.

Based on the above, the Board and the Audit Committee were satisfied with the adequacy of the resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and internal audit function.

Review of the effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems

The Board has the overall responsibility for the risk management and internal control systems and reviewing effectiveness of such systems. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risks of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

On behalf of the Board, the Audit Committee evaluates the effectiveness of the Company's risk management and internal control systems at least annually. For the financial year ended 30th June, 2020, the Audit Committee, with the assistance of the Risk and Control Committee, conducted a review of the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems covering all the material controls, including environmental, social and governance related risks, financial, operational and compliance controls. Throughout the year, the Audit Committee also oversaw the risk management system on an ongoing basis through various activities including reviewing and approving the updated ERM Policy and Framework as well as the ERM reports.

For the financial year ended 30th June, 2020, the Board received a confirmation statement from management on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems. The confirmation is based on:

- the work performed by management in identifying, evaluating, monitoring and managing the existing, new and emerging risks on an ongoing basis;
- the results of formal risk assessments conducted quarterly during the year in accordance with the approved ERM Policy and Framework;
- the results of the Group-wide internal control self-assessment performed by individual business units; and
- the independent verification and assurance provided through audit and review performed by the external auditor and the Internal Audit Department.

In the light of the above, the Board and the Audit Committee concluded that the risk management and internal control systems of the Group were adequate and effective. Although there were no significant control failings or weaknesses or areas of major concerns identified during the year, the risk management and internal control systems will be reviewed regularly for continuous improvement.

Corporate governance practices (Continued)

Accountability and audit (Continued)

Policy and procedures of inside information handling and dissemination

The Company handles and disseminates inside information in accordance with the Securities and Futures Ordinance and the Listing Rules and with reference to the Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information issued by the Securities and Futures Commission. Potential inside information is captured through established reporting channels of the business units and escalated to senior management which will consider the price sensitivity of the information. Inside information is kept strictly confidential and is restricted to relevant parties on a need-to-know basis so as to ensure confidentiality until consistent and timely disclosure by way of corporate announcement is made to inform the public of the inside information in an equal and timely manner. A strict prohibition on the unauthorized use of confidential information is included in the Company's code of conduct applicable to all employees of the Group.

Audit Committee

The Company established its Audit Committee with written terms of reference on 23rd September, 1998. The current written terms of reference are available at the Company's website www.sino.com and the Stock Exchange's website.

The Audit Committee reports to the Board and holds regular meetings to assist the Board in discharging its responsibilities for effective financial reporting controls, risk management and internal control. The Committee monitors the integrity of the Company's financial statements, annual report and accounts and half-year report and reviews significant financial reporting judgments contained in them. It reviews, makes recommendations and reports to the Board on findings relating to the financial statements, reports and accounts, risk management and internal control systems and compliance issues. The Committee also oversees the Company's relationship with the external auditor, reviews auditor's letter of engagement and makes recommendations to the Board on the appointment and re-appointment of external auditor. It is empowered to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards. It reviews external auditor's management letter and any material queries raised by the auditor to the management and the management's response. The Committee meets at least four times a year and is provided with sufficient resources enabling it to discharge its duties.

Corporate governance practices

(Continued)

Accountability and audit (Continued)

Audit Committee (Continued)

The Audit Committee currently comprises three members, all of them being Independent Non-Executive Directors.

During the year, the Audit Committee had held four meetings and reviewed, inter alia, the following matters:

- the Company's 2019 annual report and audited financial statements and the 2019/2020 interim report and unaudited interim financial statements, including the accounting policies and practices adopted by the Company, before submitting to the Board;
- the ERM Policy and Framework of the Company for the enhancement of the risk management system;
- internal audit reports and ERM reports on the risk management and internal control systems, including the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group, the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and internal audit function;
- internal audit plan 2020/2021;
- usage of annual caps on certain continuing connected transactions of the Company; and
- re-appointment of the Company's auditor before submitting to the Board.

All the meetings were attended by the external auditor of the Company. The attendance records of the committee members to these committee meetings are set out below:

Committee members	Meeting(s) attended/held
Mr. Adrian David Li Man-kiu <i>(Committee Chairman)</i>	4/4
Dr. Allan Zeman	4/4
Mr. Steven Ong Kay Eng	4/4

Codes for dealing in the Company's securities

The Company has adopted its own code for dealing in the Company's securities by Directors ("Directors Dealing Code") on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers of the Listing Rules ("Model Code"). The Company has made specific enquiries of all Directors who held such offices during the year under review. All of them confirmed their compliance with the required standard set out in the Directors Dealing Code during the year ended 30th June, 2020. The Company has also adopted a code for dealing in the Company's securities by relevant employees, who are likely to be in possession of inside information in relation to the securities of the Company, on no less exacting terms than the Model Code.

Corporate governance report (Continued)

Corporate governance practices

(Continued)

Accountability and audit (Continued)

Auditor's remuneration

The fees in respect of audit and non-audit services provided to the Group by the external auditor of the Company for the year ended 30th June, 2020 amounted to HK\$4,812,760 and HK\$970,000 respectively.

The non-audit services mainly consist of review and consultancy services.

Corporate governance functions

The Board is responsible for performing the following corporate governance duties as required under the Code:

- to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and Directors; and
- to review the Company's compliance with the Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

During the year, the Board considered the following corporate governance matters:

- reviewed the usage of annual caps on certain continuing connected transactions of the Company;
- reviewed the compliance with the Code through the Compliance Committee; and
- reviewed the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group through the Risk and Control Committee and the Audit Committee.

Compliance Committee

The Company established its Compliance Committee with written terms of reference on 30th August, 2004 to enhance the corporate governance standard of the Company. The Compliance Committee has dual reporting lines. A principal reporting line is to the Board through the Committee Chairman. A secondary reporting line is to the Audit Committee. The Compliance Committee currently comprises the Deputy Chairman of the Board Mr. Daryl Ng Win Kong (Committee Chairman), the other Executive Directors of the Company, the Group Chief Financial Officer, a Senior Legal Counsel, the Company Secretary, the Head of Internal Audit Department, other department heads and the Compliance Officer. The Committee holds regular meetings on a bi-monthly basis to review bi-monthly management reports on ongoing compliance regarding continuing connected transactions and usage of annual caps, provide a forum for regulatory updates for the management, consider corporate governance issues and make recommendations to the Board and the Audit Committee on the Company's corporate governance issues and Listing Rules compliance matters.

Corporate governance practices

(Continued)

Communication with shareholders

The Company affirms its commitment to maintaining a high degree of corporate transparency, communicating regularly with its shareholders and ensuring in appropriate circumstances, the investment community at large being provided with ready, equal and timely access to balanced and understandable information about the Company (including its financial performance, strategic goals and plans, material developments, governance, risk profile and other material information), in order to enable the shareholders to exercise their rights in an informed manner.

Communication strategies

Principles

The Board is dedicated to maintain an ongoing dialogue with the shareholders of the Company and the investment community. Information is communicated to the shareholders and the investment community mainly through the Company's financial reports (interim and annual reports), annual general meetings and regular meetings with research analysts and fund managers, as well as by making available all the disclosures submitted to the Stock Exchange and its corporate communications and other corporate publications on the Company's website. The Company continuously enhances its website in order to improve communication with shareholders. Investor/analyst briefings and one-on-one meetings, investor conferences, site visits and results briefings are conducted on a regular basis in order to facilitate effective communication between the Company, shareholders and the investment community. The Board strives to ensure effective and timely dissemination of information to shareholders and the investment community at all times and reviews regularly the above arrangements to ensure its effectiveness.

Shareholders' meetings

The Board strives to maintain a continuing open dialogue with the shareholders of the Company. Shareholders are encouraged to participate in general meetings or to appoint proxies to attend and vote at meetings for and on their behalf if they are unable to attend the meetings. The process of the Company's general meeting is monitored and reviewed on a regular basis, and, if necessary, changes will be made to ensure that shareholders' needs are best served.

The Company uses annual general meeting as one of the principal channels for communicating with its shareholders. The Company ensures that shareholders' views are communicated to the Board. At the annual general meeting, each substantially separate issue has been considered by a separate resolution, including the election of individual Directors. The Chairman of the Board, chairmen of the respective board committees and the external auditor usually attend annual general meetings to inter-face with and answer questions from shareholders.

Corporate governance report (Continued)

Corporate governance practices

(Continued)

Communication with shareholders

(Continued)

Communication strategies (Continued)

Shareholders' meetings (Continued)

The last annual general meeting of the Company is the 2019 annual general meeting ("2019 AGM") which was held on 24th October, 2019 at The Pacific Rooms, 9th Floor, Towers Wing, The Royal Pacific Hotel & Towers, 33 Canton Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon. The Directors, including the Chairman of the Board, the Chairman of the Audit Committee, the Chairman of the Nomination Committee and the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee, and the external auditor of the Company, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, attended the 2019 AGM. The attendance records of the then Directors to the 2019 AGM are set out below:

	Meeting(s) attended/held
<i>Executive Directors</i>	
Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong	1/1
Mr. Daryl Ng Win Kong	1/1
Mr. Ringo Chan Wing Kwong	1/1
Mr. Gordon Lee Ching Keung	1/1
Mr. Sunny Yeung Kwong	1/1
Ms. Velencia Lee	1/1
<i>(resigned on 1st May, 2020)</i>	
<i>Non-Executive Director</i>	
The Honourable Ronald Joseph Arculli	1/1
<i>Independent Non-Executive Directors</i>	
Dr. Allan Zeman	1/1
Mr. Adrian David Li Man-kiu	1/1
Mr. Steven Ong Kay Eng	1/1
Mr. Wong Cho Bau	0/1

The Company's notice to shareholders for the 2019 AGM was sent to shareholders more than 20 clear business days prior to the meeting. The chairman of the meeting exercised his power under the Company's Articles of Association to put each proposed resolution to vote by way of a poll. The Company adopted poll voting for all resolutions put to vote at the meeting. The procedures for voting by poll at the 2019 AGM were contained in the circular of the Company to its shareholders, which was dispatched together with the 2019 annual report, and were further explained at the 2019 AGM prior to the polls being taken. Simultaneous translation from English to Cantonese was available at the 2019 AGM.

Separate resolutions were proposed at the 2019 AGM on each substantive issue and the percentage of votes cast in favour of such resolutions as disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 24th October, 2019 are set out below:

Resolutions proposed at the 2019 AGM	Percentage of votes
1 Adoption of the audited Financial Statements and the Directors' and Independent Auditor's Reports for the year ended 30th June, 2019	99.99%
2 Declaration of a final dividend of HK\$0.41 per ordinary share with an option for scrip dividend	99.99%
3(i) Re-election of Mr. Daryl Ng Win Kong as Director	87.92%
3(ii) Re-election of Mr. Ringo Chan Wing Kwong as Director	89.74%
3(iii) Re-election of Mr. Gordon Lee Ching Keung as Director	93.21%
3(iv) Re-election of Ms. Velencia Lee as Director	93.32%
3(v) Authorization of the Board to fix the Directors' remuneration for the financial year ending 30th June, 2020	99.96%
4 Re-appointment of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as Auditor for the ensuing year and to authorize the Board to fix their remuneration	99.70%
5(i) Share buy-back mandate up to 10% of the Company's issued shares	99.99%
5(ii) Share issue mandate up to 20% of the Company's issued shares	82.25%
5(iii) Extension of share issue mandate to the shares bought back under the share buy-back mandate	82.19%

Corporate governance practices

(Continued)

Communication with shareholders

(Continued)

Communication strategies (Continued)

Shareholders' meetings (Continued)

All resolutions put to shareholders at the 2019 AGM were passed. The Company's Share Registrar was appointed as scrutineers to monitor and count the poll votes cast at that meeting. The results of the voting by poll were published on the respective websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The latest version of the Articles of Association of the Company is available at the Company's website www.sino.com and the Stock Exchange's website. No changes have been made to the Company's Articles of Association during the year.

Enquiries

Shareholders can direct their questions about their shareholdings to the Company's Share Registrar. To the extent the requisite information of the Company is publicly available, shareholders and the investment community may at any time make a request for such information. Designated contacts, email addresses and enquiry lines of the Company have been provided in the "Corporate Information" section of this Annual Report to enable the shareholders and the investment community to make any enquiry in respect of the Company.

Shareholders' privacy

The Company recognizes the importance of shareholders' privacy and will not disclose shareholders' information without their consent, unless required by law to do so.

Corporate communications

Corporate communications issued by the Company have been provided to the shareholders in both English and Chinese versions to facilitate their understanding. Shareholders have the right to choose the language (either English or Chinese, or both) or means of receipt of the corporate communications (in hard copy or through electronic means). They are encouraged to provide, amongst other things, their email addresses to the Company in order to facilitate timely, effective and environmental friendly communication.

Company's website

A section entitled "Investor Relations" is available on the Company's website www.sino.com. Information on the Company's website is updated on a regular basis. Information released by the Company to the Stock Exchange is also posted on the Company's website immediately thereafter in accordance with the Listing Rules. Such information includes financial statements, announcements, circulars to shareholders and notices of general meetings, etc.

Corporate governance practices

(Continued)

Communication with shareholders

(Continued)

Dividend policy

The Board has formalized and adopted a Dividend Policy with effect from 1st January, 2019 to set out the framework that the Company has put in place in relation to dividend payout to shareholders. The Company's Dividend Policy is consistent with its business profile and maintenance of a strong credit profile while providing steady dividend payout to shareholders. The Company aims to provide relatively consistent, and where appropriate increases, in ordinary dividends linked to the underlying earnings performance of the Company's business for the reporting period. The Company will declare and pay dividends in Hong Kong dollars.

The Company may also offer to its shareholders an option to receive dividends in the form of new shares in the Company credited as fully paid in lieu of cash dividends. The scrip dividend option will enable the shareholders to increase their investment in the Company without incurring brokerage fees, stamp duty and related dealing costs. The Company may, at the Board's discretion, declare and pay dividends in any other forms as prescribed by its Articles of Association, as the Board deems appropriate.

The Board will review the Dividend Policy from time to time and may adopt changes as appropriate at the relevant time to ensure the effectiveness of this Policy.

Shareholders' rights

Pursuant to Section 566 of the Companies Ordinance, Directors are required to call a general meeting if the Company has received requests to do so from shareholders representing at least 5% of the total voting rights of all the shareholders having a right to vote at the general meetings. The request must state the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the meeting and may include the text of a resolution that may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at the meeting. Such request must be authenticated by the shareholders making it and may either be deposited at the registered office of the Company at 12th Floor, Tsim Sha Tsui Centre, Salisbury Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong for the attention of the Company Secretary or sent to the Company's email address at investorrelations@sino.com.

In relation to an annual general meeting which the Company is required to hold, Sections 615 and 616 of the Companies Ordinance provide that the Company must give notice of a resolution if it has received request to do so from shareholders representing at least 2.5% of the total voting rights of all shareholders of the Company having a right to vote on the resolution at the annual general meeting, or at least 50 shareholders having a right to vote on the resolution at the annual general meeting. Such request must be authenticated by the shareholders making it and may either be deposited at the registered office of the Company or sent to the Company's email address, both of which are mentioned above.

Corporate governance practices

(Continued)

Communication with shareholders

(Continued)

Shareholders' rights (Continued)

Shareholders who wish to propose a person (other than a retiring Director) for election as director ("Candidate") at a general meeting of the Company, should (a) deposit a written notice of such proposal at the registered office of the Company for the attention of the Company Secretary, signed by the shareholders who should be qualified to attend and vote at the general meeting; (b) provide biographical details of the Candidate as set out in Rule 13.51(2)(a) to (x) of the Listing Rules; and (c) provide a written consent signed by the Candidate indicating his/her willingness to be elected. The period for lodgment of such a written notice shall be at least 7 days commencing no earlier than the day after the dispatch of the notice of the meeting appointed for such meeting and such election and ending not later than 7 days prior to the meeting.

The Company has been practising the above shareholders' communication policy to handle enquiries put to the Board and will review them on a regular basis to ensure their effectiveness. Specific enquiries and suggestions by shareholders can be sent in writing to the Board or the Company Secretary at our registered office address or by email to the Company.

Risk management report

Risk policy statement

Robust and effective management of risks is an essential and integral part of corporate governance. It helps to ensure that the risks encountered in the course of achieving the Group's strategic objectives are managed within the Group's risk appetite.

To achieve this, an Enterprise Risk Management ("ERM") approach is adopted for identifying, assessing, responding to and reporting on risks that might affect the Group in pursuit of its objectives and goals. The purposes of the implementation of ERM are as follows:

- to establish a structured and systematic process for identifying, assessing, reporting and managing risks;
- to define roles and responsibilities within a "Three Lines of Defence" framework;
- to increase risk awareness at all levels;
- to enhance constructive discussion, effective communication and timely escalation of risks by adopting a common platform for risk management;
- to focus on risks that are relevant to the Group's business and reputation, the Board's requirements and stakeholders' expectations;
- to provide senior management and the Board with a holistic view of the Group's material risk exposures and steps taken to manage and monitor such exposures;
- to provide senior management and the Board with the best available risk information and facilitate the making of informed decisions;
- to ensure compliance with the relevant laws and regulations, and the best practices in corporate governance; and
- to help creating and protecting the value of the Group.

The Group is committed to continuously improving its ERM framework and processes and building a risk-aware culture across the Group with a view to achieving a sustainable and balanced development.

Risk governance and management

In June 2020, the Audit Committee approved the updated ERM Policy and Framework, which was based on the International Standard ISO 31000:2018 Risk Management – Guidelines, proposed by the Risk Management function of the Internal Audit Department. To ensure Continued relevance and continuous improvement, the ERM Policy and Framework is reviewed and updated with changes regularly.

The Group adopts a "Three Lines of Defence" model in risk governance. This is manifested by the oversight and directions from the Board, the Audit Committee and the Risk and Control Committee of the Group. The risk management framework of the Group combines a top-down strategic view with a bottom-up operational assessment conducted by each division and department. Members of senior management discuss the top-tier risks escalated through the bottom-up process and deliberate on any other risk issues that they consider important. This combined approach ensures that all the significant risks which need to be considered are identified and managed properly.

The following diagram illustrates the Group's Risk Governance and Management Framework:



Risk governance and management (Continued)

The Board has the overall responsibility for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks it is willing to take in achieving the Group's strategic objectives, and ensuring that the Group establishes and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems.

The Audit Committee is delegated with the authority from the Board to oversee the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems within the Group. The Audit Committee advises the Board on the Group's risk-related matters. The Audit Committee is also responsible for reviewing and approving the Group's ERM Policy and Framework and for ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems. The Head of Internal Audit Department reports regularly to the Audit Committee, which in turn reports to the Board, on the Group's overall risk position and key exposures, the actions planned or taken by management, and major emerging risks that require special attention.

The Risk and Control Committee, with its formal terms of reference approved by the Audit Committee, is made up of members from senior management. The Risk and Control Committee assists the Audit Committee in discharging its corporate governance responsibilities for risk management and internal control. Regarding risk management, the Risk and Control Committee is responsible for ensuring that the ERM system is adequate and effective and that the ERM framework is implemented consistently throughout the Group. It monitors the Group's overall risk profiles by reviewing the key risks relating to individual business units and the key risks that are enterprise-wide, and ensures alignment with the approved risk appetite.

As the first line of defence, heads of individual divisions and departments manage risks faced by their business units/functions. As the risk owners, they identify and

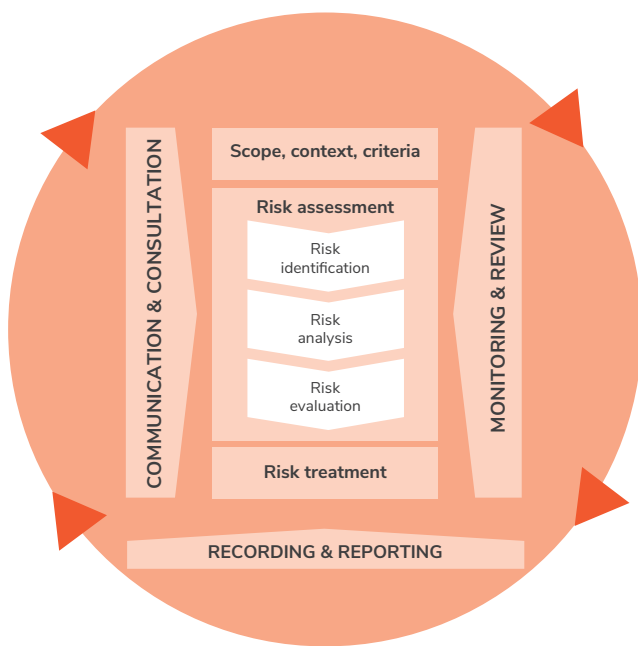
evaluate the risks which may potentially impact the achievement of their business objectives, mitigate and monitor the risks by designing and executing control procedures in their day-to-day operations. They conduct risk assessment and control self-assessment on a regular basis to evaluate the adequacy and effectiveness of controls that are in place to mitigate the identified risks.

As the second line of defence, the Risk Management function is responsible for the ongoing maintenance of the ERM infrastructure and recommending changes to the Risk and Control Committee and the Audit Committee as appropriate. The Risk Management function collects and collates risk information to create an enterprise-wide view of risks and controls. In doing so, it critically reviews the results of risk assessment individual business units, constructively challenges their views so as to ensure that all the risks relevant to the Group are identified properly, assessed consistently and reported timely. It prepares reports for the Risk and Control Committee and the Audit Committee and escalates risk and control issues with reference to the risk appetite thresholds.

As the third line of defence, the Internal Audit Department acts as an independent assessor. It conducts independent review and assessment of the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems. The Internal Audit Department assesses if all the key risks are identified properly and evaluated according to the approved ERM Policy and Framework and whether the existing key controls are operating effectively. The results of risk assessment are also mapped to the internal audit plan to ensure the audit performed by the Internal Audit Department systematically covers all the significant risks and the corresponding key controls. As such, the Internal Audit Department is able to provide independent assurance on the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems and to report any deficiencies and room for improvement to the Risk and Control Committee and the Audit Committee.

Risk management process

The ERM process is illustrated in the diagram below:



(Source: The ISO 31000:2018 Risk Management Process)

a) Communication and consultation

Communication and consultation with appropriate external and internal stakeholders take place within and throughout all steps of the ERM process. For instance, the management team holds daily meetings to raise risk concerns, discuss emerging risks identified and formulate early response actions.

b) Scope, context, criteria

The risk management process applies to all business and decision-making processes, including the formulation of strategic objectives, business planning and day-to-day operations. The context of the ERM process is developed from the understanding of the external and internal environment in which the Group operates, taking into account the relevant

external and internal factors, the relationships with the external and internal stakeholders and the contractual relationships and commitments to ensure that the risk management approach adopted is appropriate for the Group. To ensure a common assessment standard is adopted, risk criteria are defined to measure the relative significance of risk.

c) Risk identification

Divisions and departments analyze their respective business activities and main processes to identify operational risks, which forms a “bottom-up” approach. A “top-down” approach is also adopted by the senior management to identify business/strategic risks. Combining the output from the two approaches, a comprehensive list of risks for individual business units and hence for the Group can be generated. Risk classification system is used to facilitate the identification and accumulation of similar risks.

d) Risk analysis

The purpose of risk analysis is to comprehend the nature of risk and its characteristics. Risk analysis involves a detailed consideration of the sources of risk, the consequences and likelihood, the existing controls and their effectiveness.

e) Risk evaluation

Divisions and departments use the predefined criteria to assign scores for the risks identified. With reference to the risk matrix (i.e. a combination of the consequence and likelihood scores), the risk ratings are determined (i.e. low risk, moderate risk, high risk and extreme risk). The risk ratings reflect the management attention and risk treatment effort required, taking into account the Group’s risk appetite.

Risk management process (Continued)

f) Risk treatment

The adequacy of existing controls is assessed in order to determine if additional measures are required to bring the remaining risks to an acceptable level. When determining the appropriate risk treatment plans, one or more of the following four types of risk response will generally be adopted:

- avoid (not starting or continuing with the activity that gives rise to the risk);
- reduce (lessening the likelihood or consequences);
- transfer (sharing the risk with another party, e.g. insurance); and
- accept (retaining the risk by making an informed decision).

g) Monitoring and review

Annual risk assessment is conducted to effectively manage the Group's risk profile. A half-yearly review is also conducted to update the progress of risk treatment plans and incorporate changes in the

external and internal environment. Key risks and emerging risks are reviewed at least quarterly or when the situation may require.


h) Recording and reporting

The results of risk assessment are documented in the risk registers in a consistent manner. All the identified risks, risk scoring and ratings, together with the details of existing controls and proposed treatment plan (if any) are recorded in the risk registers. Daily management meetings are held to identify and discuss emerging risk and determine the response required.

Quarterly ERM report is prepared for the Risk and Control Committee and the Audit Committee. The Group's top tier risks are presented in a heat map which provides a dynamic and forward-looking picture of the Group's risk position. The changes in risk profile since the last review, the corresponding key controls and risk treatment plans, as well as the targeted risk positions upon the completion of risk treatment plans with specified time frame are highlighted in the ERM reports. The potential/expected trend of certain risks, such as emerging risk, is also indicated on the heat map.

Principal risks to the group

The principal risks faced by the Group include the following:

Risk category	Risk description	Risk movement*	Key controls/mitigation measures
Strategic risk	Changing market sentiment caused by uncertainties in macro-economic and political outlook, changes in government policies		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Closely monitoring market situation and adopting appropriate strategies promptly • Stress test for different scenarios • Regular performance review of individual business units/projects • Maintaining sound financial position • Closely monitoring the situation of public protests and civil unrest and taking the appropriate measures including but not limited to cost control.
	Changes in the competition landscape regarding property development in Hong Kong, e.g. new competitors, increasing land cost, challenges in land acquisition		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Selective land bank replenishment to optimize earning potential • Careful consideration of business cases before commitment, studies on market transactions, joint venture partnership if necessary • Regular review of our properties, asset enhancement where necessary • Continued effort to improve quality of products and services to strengthen our brand and market position • Investments in Mainland China, Singapore and Australia
Operational risk	Rising costs, including construction costs and operating costs		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Budgetary control mechanism established • Analysis and benchmarking of construction and operating costs • Tender/quotation procedures in place to ensure best prices are achieved through competitive bidding • Broadening contractor/supplier base • Ongoing enhancement of efficiency and productivity

Principal risks to the group (Continued)

Risk category	Risk description	Risk movement*	Key controls/ mitigation measures
Operational risk (Continued)	Cyber security		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implementation of security measures such as firewall, anti-spam and anti-virus protection • Ongoing review of IT infrastructure and systems and the need for upgrade/enhancement • Internal communication and training on cyber-attack threats • Employment of IT Security Manager to focus on security issues • Set up of emergency incident response team to handle imminent threat of cyber-attack • Upgrade of the network service for contingency • Engagement of independent consultant to perform penetration tests and to assess the cybersecurity risks
	Fraud		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • High commitment to ethical values with “integrity” as one of our core values • Code of Conduct covering prevention of bribery • Whistle-blowing and staff grievance procedures in place • Regular reinforcement of our core value of “integrity” to staff and external stakeholders (including contractors and suppliers) through training and communication • Policies and procedures incorporating proper segregation of duties with checks and balances • System of approved contractor and supplier lists with performance evaluation and business concentration monitoring mechanism
	Disaster event, e.g. pandemic, terrorist attack, civil unrest		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Comprehensive insurance coverage for our properties and business operations • Contingency plans developed for critical business processes/ functions and accounting system recovery drill performed • Taking immediate response actions, e.g. stepping up hygiene measures during COVID-19 pandemic • Special work arrangement (e.g. flexible working hours; and splitting of the team to work on different floors/locations)

For the financial risks of the Group, please refer to “Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements” on pages 202 to 211.

* Key – Risk Movement (change from last year)



Risk rating increased



Risk rating remained broadly the same

Principal risks to the group (Continued)

Apart from the above principal risks, other specific emerging risks have also been identified and kept under regular monitoring and review. In particular, the Group has identified and focused on the “technology strategic risk”. Technology is advancing exponentially and disrupting the status quo. It is crucial that we can anticipate trends and adopt the appropriate technologies so as to maintain our competitiveness, market share, and branding position. The Group has signed a strategic memorandum of understanding with China Mobile Hong Kong Limited to develop a pre-5G infrastructure across the Group’s residential and commercial properties. As at 30th June, 2020, 5G infrastructure has been installed in 4 of the Group’s residential and commercial properties. This partnership, encompassing Smart Home, Smart Shopping Mall, and Smart Property Management, supports Hong Kong’s transformation into a “smart city”. Moreover, Sino Inno Lab was launched in September 2018 as a real-life incubator platform to try out new ideas.

Integration of risk management with internal control system

Risk management is closely linked to the Group’s Internal Control Framework. Key controls for mitigating high risk items identified in the ERM process are subject to independent reviews and tests by the Internal Audit Department in order to assess their adequacy and effectiveness. Details of the internal control system are set out in the “Corporate Governance Report” on pages 71 to 73.

Review of the effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems

During the year, the Audit Committee, on behalf of the Board, has reviewed the effectiveness of the Group’s risk management and internal control systems. Details of the aforesaid review of effectiveness are described in the “Corporate Governance Report” on page 73.

The Directors present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 30th June, 2020.

Principal activities

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in Note 51 to the consolidated financial statements.

Business review

A review of the business of the Group during the year and a discussion on the Group's future business development are provided in the Chairman's Statement on pages 8 to 16 of this Annual Report. Description of possible risks and uncertainties that the Group may be facing can be found in the Risk Management Report on pages 82 to 88. Also, the financial risk management objectives and policies of the Group can be found in Note 47 to the consolidated financial statements. Particulars of important events affecting the Group that have occurred since the end of the financial year ended 30th June, 2020, if any, are provided in the Notes to the consolidated financial statements. An analysis of the Group's performance during the year using financial key performance indicators is provided in the Group Financial Summary on pages 4 to 7 of this Annual Report.

The Group has set up proper procedures to ensure adherence to the relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group in conduct of its business, including but not limited to the Residential Properties (First-hand Sales) Ordinance, Competition Ordinance, Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance, Minimum Wage Ordinance, Employment Ordinance and Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance in Hong Kong. The Group also complies with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Listing Rules"), the applicable companies laws and the Securities and

Futures Ordinance ("SFO"). Any new enactment of or changes in the relevant laws and regulations would be communicated to the relevant departments and staff to ensure compliance. Reminders on the compliance would also be sent out regularly where necessary.

Discussions on the Group's environmental policies, performance and relationships with its key stakeholders are contained in the Sustainable Development on pages 56 to 62 and the Company's Sustainability Report to be published on the Company's website. No incident of non-compliance to environmental laws and regulations that has a significant impact on the Group was recorded for the financial year ended 30th June, 2020.

Results and appropriations

The results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on page 116.

An interim dividend of HK14 cents per share amounting to HK\$974,251,863, including HK\$168,467,201 by way of cash dividends and HK\$805,784,662 by way of scrip alternatives, was paid to the shareholders during the year. The Directors now recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK41 cents per share amounting to HK\$2,888,515,165 payable to shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members of the Company on 4th November, 2020.

Major properties

Details of the major properties of the Group at 30th June, 2020 are set out on pages 232 to 243.

Subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures

Details of the Company's principal subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures at 30th June, 2020 are set out in Notes 51, 52 and 53 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

Directors' report (Continued)

Share capital

Details of shares issued by the Company during the year are set out in Note 35 to the consolidated financial statements. The shares issued during the year were in lieu of cash dividends.

Purchase, sale or redemption of the Company's listed securities

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the listed securities of the Company during the year.

Distributable reserves of the Company

The Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders as at 30th June, 2020 were the retained profits of HK\$20,974,221,187 (2019: HK\$20,351,123,662).

Treasury, group borrowings and interest capitalised

The Group maintains a prudent approach in its treasury management with foreign exchange exposure being kept at a minimal level and interest rates on a floating rate basis. Bank borrowings repayable within one year are classified as current liabilities. Repayment analysis of bank borrowings as at 30th June, 2020 are set out in Note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

Interest expenses capitalised by the Group during the year in respect of properties under development amounted to HK\$107,790,738 (2019: HK\$74,471,973).

Name of Director

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report are:

Executive Directors

Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong (Chairman)
Mr. Daryl Ng Win Kong (Deputy Chairman)
Mr. Ringo Chan Wing Kwong
Mr. Gordon Lee Ching Keung
Mr. Sunny Yeung Kwong
Mr. Thomas Tang Wing Yung (appointed on 15th January, 2020)
Ms. Velencia Lee (appointed on 1st July, 2019 and resigned on 1st May, 2020)

Non-Executive Director

The Honourable Ronald Joseph Arculli

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Dr. Allan Zeman
Mr. Adrian David Li Man-kiu
Mr. Steven Ong Kay Eng
Mr. Wong Cho Bau

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association and pursuant to Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules, Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong, Mr. Adrian David Li Man-kiu and Mr. Thomas Tang Wing Yung will retire at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and, who being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election. Mr. Sunny Yeung Kwong will also retire at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting but will not offer himself for re-election.

The list of directors who have served on the boards of the subsidiaries of the Company included in the annual consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended 30th June, 2020 during the year and up to the date of this report is available on the Company's website at www.sino.com under Corporate Governance of the Investor Relations section.

Directors' interests

As at 30th June, 2020, the interests and short positions held by the Directors of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), as recorded in the register required

to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") contained in the Listing Rules, were as follows:

(a) Long positions in shares of the Company

Name of Director	Number of ordinary shares	Capacity and nature of interest	% of issued shares
Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong	4,044,997,320 (Note)	Beneficial owner of 232,218 shares, spouse interest in 4,968,916 shares and trustee interest in 4,039,796,186 shares in the capacity as one of the co-executors of the estate of the late Mr. Ng Teng Fong	57.41%
The Honourable Ronald Joseph Arculli	1,191,997	Beneficial owner	0.01%
Dr. Allan Zeman	—	—	—
Mr. Adrian David Li Man-kiu	—	—	—
Mr. Steven Ong Kay Eng	—	—	—
Mr. Wong Cho Bau	—	—	—
Mr. Daryl Ng Win Kong	133,107	Beneficial owner	≈ 0%
Mr. Ringo Chan Wing Kwong	200,000	Beneficial owner	≈ 0%
Mr. Gordon Lee Ching Keung	—	—	—
Mr. Sunny Yeung Kwong	—	—	—
Mr. Thomas Tang Wing Yung	—	—	—

Note:

The trustee interest in 4,039,796,186 shares comprises:

- (a) 1,729,155,449 shares which were held by Tsim Sha Tsui Properties Limited, which was 72.03% controlled by the co-executors of the estate of the late Mr. Ng Teng Fong;
- (b) (i) 53,498,941 shares which were held by Orchard Centre Holdings (Private) Limited, in which Nam Lung Properties Development Company Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Tsim Sha Tsui Properties Limited, had a 95.23% control; and
 - (ii) 2,079,729,979 shares which were held through wholly-owned subsidiaries of Tsim Sha Tsui Properties Limited;
- (c) 130,735,359 shares which were held through companies 100% controlled by the co-executors of the estate of the late Mr. Ng Teng Fong, namely, 216,604 shares by Fanlight Investment Limited, 209,024 shares by Garford Nominees Limited, 47,040,037 shares by Karaganda Investments Inc., 20,288,166 shares by Orient Creation Limited, 9,860,538 shares by Strathallan Investment Limited, 29,719,860 shares by Strong Investments Limited, 22,774,379 shares by Tamworth Investment Limited and 626,751 shares by Transpire Investment Limited; and
- (d) 46,676,458 shares which were held by the co-executors of the estate of the late Mr. Ng Teng Fong.

Directors' report (Continued)

Directors' interests (Continued)

(b) Long positions in shares of associated corporations

(i) Holding Company

Tsim Sha Tsui Properties Limited

Name of Director	Number of ordinary shares	Capacity and nature of interest	% of issued shares
Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong	1,363,983,874 <i>(Note)</i>	Beneficial owner of 732,493 shares and trustee interest in 1,363,251,381 shares in the capacity as one of the co-executors of the estate of the late Mr. Ng Teng Fong	72.07%
The Honourable Ronald Joseph Arculli	60,000	Beneficial owner	≈ 0%
Dr. Allan Zeman	—	—	—
Mr. Adrian David Li Man-kiu	—	—	—
Mr. Steven Ong Kay Eng	—	—	—
Mr. Wong Cho Bau	—	—	—
Mr. Daryl Ng Win Kong	—	—	—
Mr. Ringo Chan Wing Kwong	—	—	—
Mr. Gordon Lee Ching Keung	—	—	—
Mr. Sunny Yeung Kwong	—	—	—
Mr. Thomas Tang Wing Yung	—	—	—

Note:

The trustee interest in 1,363,251,381 shares comprises:

(a) 1,255,660,102 shares which were held through companies 100% controlled by the co-executors of the estate of the late Mr. Ng Teng Fong, namely, 130,149,144 shares by Fanlight Investment Limited, 176,371,078 shares by Nippomo Limited, 4,052,817 shares by Orient Creation Limited, 346,884,800 shares by Strathallan Investment Limited, 517,646,313 shares by Tamworth Investment Limited and 80,555,950 shares by Transpire Investment Limited; and

(b) 107,591,279 shares which were held by the co-executors of the estate of the late Mr. Ng Teng Fong.

Directors' interests (Continued)

(b) Long positions in shares of associated corporations (Continued)

(ii) Associates and joint ventures

Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong was deemed to be interested in shares of the following companies through corporations controlled by him:

Name of Company	Number of ordinary shares	% of issued shares
Brighton Land Investment Limited	1,000,002 (Notes 1 and 2)	100%
Empire Funds Limited	1 (Notes 1 and 3)	50%
Erleigh Investment Limited	110 (Notes 1 and 3)	55%
Eternal Honest Finance Company Limited	1 (Notes 1 and 3)	50%
Famous Empire Properties Limited	5,000 (Notes 1 and 4)	50%
FHR International Limited	1 (Note 5)	33.33%
Island Resort Estate Management Company Limited	10 (Notes 1 and 3)	50%
Jade Result Limited	500,000 (Notes 1 and 3)	50%
Murdoch Investments Inc.	2 (Notes 1 and 2)	100%
Real Maker Development Limited	20,000 (Notes 1 and 6)	10%
Rich Century Investment Limited	500,000 (Notes 1 and 3)	50%
Sea Dragon Limited	70 (Notes 1 and 3)	70%
Silver Link Investment Limited	10 (Notes 1 and 3)	50%
Sino Club Limited	2 (Note 7)	100%
Sino Parking Services Limited	450,000 (Note 8)	50%
Sino Real Estate Agency Limited	50,000 (Note 8)	50%

Notes:

- Osborne Investments Ltd. ("Osborne") was a wholly-owned subsidiary of Seaview Assets Limited which was in turn 100% owned by Boswell Holdings Limited in which Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong had a 50% control.
- The shares were held by Erleigh Investment Limited, a company 55% controlled by Osborne.
- The share(s) was (were) held by Osborne.
- The shares were held by Standard City Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Osborne.
- The share was held by Smart Link Limited in which Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong had a 100% control.
- The shares were held by Goegan Godown Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Osborne.
- The shares were held by Sino Real Estate Agency Limited, a company 50% controlled by Deansky Investments Limited in which Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong had a 100% control.
- The shares were held by Deansky Investments Limited.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30th June, 2020, none of the Directors had or was deemed to have any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated

corporations which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

Share option schemes

The Company and its subsidiaries have no share option schemes.

Arrangement to purchase shares or debentures

At no time during the year was the Company, its holding company, any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

Directors' interests in competing businesses

Pursuant to Rule 8.10(2) of the Listing Rules, the Company discloses that during the year, the following current Directors held share interests and/or directorships in companies engaged in businesses which compete or likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group:

Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong and Mr. Daryl Ng Win Kong held share interests and directorships and Mr. Ringo Chan Wing Kwong held directorships in companies of the Ng Family (including Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong, Mr. Philip Ng Chee Tat, and as co-executors of the estate of the late Mr. Ng Teng Fong and/or their respective associates) which engage in businesses of property investment, development and management and hotel operation.

The Honourable Ronald Joseph Arculli is a Non-Executive Director of HKR International Limited, which engages in businesses of property investment, development and management and hotel operation.

As the Board of Directors of the Company is independent of the boards of the aforesaid companies and maintains four Independent Non-Executive

Directors, the Group operates its businesses independently of, and at arm's length from, the businesses of the aforesaid companies.

Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Apart from the transactions disclosed under the heading "Related Party Disclosures" as set out in Note 49 to the consolidated financial statements, there were no other transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, its holding company, any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company or his connected entities had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

Permitted indemnity provision

Pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association, every Director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities (to the fullest extent permitted by the Companies Ordinance) which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto. The Company has arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the Directors and officers of the Group during the year, which remains in force.

Service contracts

None of the Directors of the Company has a contract of service with the Company, its holding company, any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries not determinable by the employing company within one year without payment of compensation (except for statutory compensation).

Connected transactions

Continuing connected transactions for the year ended 30th June, 2020

The Company and its holding company, Tsim Sha Tsui Properties Limited ("TST Properties"), jointly announced on 28th June, 2019 that the Company and/or its subsidiaries ("Group") had entered into agreements on 28th June, 2019 ("Agreements" or individually, "Agreement") relating to the following continuing

connected transactions between the Group and the Ng Family (including Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong, Mr. Philip Ng Chee Tat, and as co-executors of the estate of the late Mr. Ng Teng Fong, and/or their respective associates) for the three financial years commencing from 1st July, 2019 and ending on 30th June, 2022 with annual caps fixed for each of the years. Applicable particulars of the Agreements together with the total amount received/paid in respect of the transactions for the year ended 30th June, 2020 are disclosed herein as required under the Listing Rules:

Nature of services provided under the Agreement	Parties to the transactions	Nature of transactions	Basis of consideration	Applicable annual cap(s) under the Agreement	Total amount received/paid for the year ended 30th June, 2020
1. Building cleaning services	<p>Service provider Best Result Environmental Services Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company</p> <p>Service recipient Ng Family</p>	Provision of building cleaning services and cleaning consultancy services by the Group to properties developed/ owned/partly owned or to be developed/owned/ partly owned by the Ng Family	A lump sum fee to be agreed between the parties which shall be determined by reference to cost plus a profit margin ranging from approximately 5% to 25% of the amount thereof, payable in monthly instalments in arrears on the last day of each month. The parties will take into account factors such as the size, nature of the building, location, complexity of the work, image, competition and length of the contract in determining the lump sum fee under each individual contract in respect of the services contemplated thereunder	<p>The aggregate amount payable by the relevant members of the Ng Family under the Agreement shall not exceed:</p> <p>(i) HK\$180 million for the period from 1st July, 2019 to 30th June, 2020;</p> <p>(ii) HK\$198 million for the period from 1st July, 2020 to 30th June, 2021; and</p> <p>(iii) HK\$218 million for the period from 1st July, 2021 to 30th June, 2022</p>	HK\$112.99 million

Directors' report (Continued)

Connected transactions (Continued)

Continuing connected transactions for the year ended 30th June, 2020 (Continued)

Nature of services provided under the Agreement	Parties to the transactions	Nature of transactions	Basis of consideration	Applicable annual cap(s) under the Agreement	Total amount received/paid for the year ended 30th June, 2020
2. Car park management services	<p>Service provider Sino Parking Services Limited ("SPSL"), a company held as to 50% by the Company and 50% by the Ng Family</p> <p>Service recipient Group</p>	Provision of car park management services by SPSL and/or members of the Ng Family to properties owned/developed or to be owned/developed by the Group	A lump sum fee to be agreed between the parties which shall be determined by reference to a rate of approximately 16% to 20% of the total gross revenue generated from car parking operations in the relevant properties managed by SPSL and/or the relevant member of the Ng Family, payable in half-yearly instalments in arrears on the last day of each half year. The parties will take into account factors such as the size, nature of the building, location, complexity of the work, image, competition and length of the contract in determining the lump sum fee under each individual contract in respect of the services contemplated thereunder	<p>The aggregate amount payable by the relevant members of the Group under the Agreement shall not exceed:</p> <p>(i) HK\$57 million for the period from 1st July, 2019 to 30th June, 2020;</p> <p>(ii) HK\$65 million for the period from 1st July, 2020 to 30th June, 2021; and</p> <p>(iii) HK\$79 million for the period from 1st July, 2021 to 30th June, 2022</p>	HK\$32.19 million

Connected transactions (Continued)

Continuing connected transactions for the year ended 30th June, 2020 (Continued)

Nature of services provided under the Agreement	Parties to the transactions	Nature of transactions	Basis of consideration	Applicable annual cap(s) under the Agreement	Total amount received/paid for the year ended 30th June, 2020
3. Estate management and general administrative services	<p>Service provider Sino Estates Management Limited ("SEML"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company</p> <p>Service recipient Ng Family</p>	Provision of estate management services, life-style services, home maintenance services, courtesy services and general administrative services by the Group to properties developed/owned/partly owned or to be developed/owned/partly owned by the Ng Family	A lump sum fee to be agreed between the parties which shall be a fixed sum or determined by reference to a rate of approximately 2% to 15% of the management expenditure as shown in the annual budget of, or actually incurred by, the relevant member of the Ng Family in respect of the properties managed by SEML, payable by periodic instalments (for example, monthly, quarterly or half-yearly) in advance or in arrears. The parties will take into account factors such as the size, nature of the building, location, complexity of the work, image, competition and length of the contract in determining the lump sum fee under each individual contract in respect of the services contemplated thereunder	<p>The aggregate amount payable by the relevant members of the Ng Family under the Agreement shall not exceed:</p> <p>(i) HK\$52 million for the period from 1st July, 2019 to 30th June, 2020;</p> <p>(ii) HK\$57 million for the period from 1st July, 2020 to 30th June, 2021; and</p> <p>(iii) HK\$63 million for the period from 1st July, 2021 to 30th June, 2022</p>	HK\$25.36 million

Directors' report (Continued)

Connected transactions (Continued)

Continuing connected transactions for the year ended 30th June, 2020 (Continued)

Nature of services provided under the Agreement	Parties to the transactions	Nature of transactions	Basis of consideration	Applicable annual cap(s) under the Agreement	Total amount received/paid for the year ended 30th June, 2020
4. Security services	<p>Service provider Sino Security Services Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company</p> <p>Service recipient Ng Family</p>	Provision of security services by the Group to properties developed/owned/partly owned or to be developed/owned/partly owned by the Ng Family	<p>A lump sum fee to be agreed between the parties which shall be determined by reference to cost plus a profit margin ranging from approximately 5% to 25% of the amount thereof, payable in monthly instalments in arrears on the last day of each month. The parties will take into account factors such as the size, nature of the building, location, complexity of the work, image, competition and length of the contract in determining the lump sum fee under each individual contract in respect of the services contemplated thereunder</p>	<p>The aggregate amount payable by the relevant members of the Ng Family under the Agreement shall not exceed:</p> <p>(i) HK\$131 million for the period from 1st July, 2019 to 30th June, 2020;</p> <p>(ii) HK\$144 million for the period from 1st July, 2020 to 30th June, 2021; and</p> <p>(iii) HK\$158 million for the period from 1st July, 2021 to 30th June, 2022</p>	HK\$89.90 million

Connected transactions (Continued)

Continuing connected transactions for the year ended 30th June, 2020 (Continued)

Nature of services provided under the Agreement	Parties to the transactions	Nature of transactions	Basis of consideration	Applicable annual cap(s) under the Agreement	Total amount received/paid for the year ended 30th June, 2020
5. Lease of properties	<p>Service provider</p> <p>(i) Group</p> <p>Service recipient</p> <p>(i) Ng Family</p>	(i) the Ng Family (as lessee) leases properties owned or to be owned by the Group (as lessor)	(i) A lump sum base rent exclusive of rates, Government rent, management fees and, if any, other outgoings, with or without a variable turnover rent linked to the gross sales turnover of the lessee of the particular properties to be agreed between the parties which shall be determined by reference to the prevailing market rent of the particular properties. The base rent is payable monthly on the first day of every calendar month and the turnover rent, if any, is payable on terms to be agreed between the parties	<p>(i) The total rent payable per annum shall not exceed:</p> <p>(a) HK\$61.3 million for the period from 1st July, 2019 to 30th June, 2020;</p> <p>(b) HK\$64.9 million for the period from 1st July, 2020 to 30th June, 2021; and</p> <p>(c) HK\$68.8 million for the period from 1st July, 2021 to 30th June, 2022</p>	(i) HK\$24.49 million

Directors' report (Continued)

Connected transactions (Continued)

Continuing connected transactions for the year ended 30th June, 2020 (Continued)

Nature of services provided under the Agreement	Parties to the transactions	Nature of transactions	Basis of consideration	Applicable annual cap(s) under the Agreement	Total rent recognized as right-of-use assets according to HKFRS 16 – Leases
5. Lease of properties (Continued)	<p>Service provider (ii) Ng Family</p> <p>Service recipient (ii) Group</p>	(ii) the Group (as lessee) leases properties owned or to be owned by the Ng Family (as lessor)	(ii) A lump sum rent exclusive of rates, Government rent, management fees and, if any, other outgoings, to be agreed between the parties which shall be determined by reference to the prevailing market rent of the particular properties, payable monthly on the first day of every calendar month	<p>(ii) The total rent for the whole tenancy/licence period which shall be recognized as right-of-use assets according to Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard ("HKFRS") 16 – Leases relating to those tenancy agreements or licences to be entered into in the corresponding year shall not exceed:</p> <p>(a) HK\$110.4 million for the period from 1st July, 2019 to 30th June, 2020;</p> <p>(b) HK\$209.3 million for the period from 1st July, 2020 to 30th June, 2021; and</p> <p>(c) HK\$140.9 million for the period from 1st July, 2021 to 30th June, 2022</p>	(ii) HK\$24.45 million

Connected transactions (Continued)

Continuing connected transactions for the year ended 30th June, 2020 (Continued)

The Ng Family and SPSL, being an associate of the Ng Family, are connected persons of TST Properties and the Company by virtue of the Ng Family being the controlling shareholder of both TST Properties and the Company. Therefore, the above transactions constituted continuing connected transactions of each of TST Properties and the Company under the Listing Rules.

During the year, the above continuing connected transactions were carried out within their respective applicable annual caps for the year. The Internal Audit Department has reviewed the above continuing connected transactions and concluded that the internal controls over such continuing connected transactions are adequate and effective. The findings have been submitted to the Audit Committee.

The Independent Non-Executive Directors have reviewed and confirmed that during the year, the above continuing connected transactions were all conducted and entered into:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (ii) on normal commercial terms; and
- (iii) according to the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company's shareholders as a whole.

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued an unqualified letter containing its findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Group in this Annual Report in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

Details of the above continuing connected transactions have been disclosed in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules and are set out in the announcement of the Company which is available at the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website at www.sino.com.

Details of other related party transactions are set out in Note 49 to the consolidated financial statements.

Directors' report (Continued)

Substantial shareholders' and other shareholders' interests

As at 30th June, 2020, the interests and short positions of the substantial shareholders and other shareholders (other than Directors of the Company) in the shares and

underlying shares of the Company as notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO and as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Long positions in shares of the Company

Name of substantial shareholder	Number of ordinary shares	Capacity and nature of interest	% of issued shares
Mr. Philip Ng Chee Tat	4,054,128,567 <i>(Notes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6)</i>	Interest of controlled corporations in 14,332,381 shares and trustee interest in 4,039,796,186 shares in the capacity as one of the co-executors of the estate of the late Mr. Ng Teng Fong	57.54%
Tsim Sha Tsui Properties Limited	3,862,384,369 <i>(Notes 2(a), 2(b), 3, 4 and 6)</i>	Beneficial owner of 1,729,155,449 shares and interest of controlled corporations in 2,133,228,920 shares	54.82%

Name of other shareholder	Number of ordinary shares	Capacity and nature of interest	% of issued shares
Spangle Investment Limited	403,368,756 <i>(Notes 3 and 6)</i>	Beneficial owner	6.44%
Ka Fai Land Investment Limited	421,996,094 <i>(Notes 4 and 6)</i>	Beneficial owner	6.19%

Substantial shareholders' and other shareholders' interests (Continued)

Long positions in shares of the Company (Continued)

Notes:

1. 14,332,381 shares were held through companies 100% controlled by Mr. Philip Ng Chee Tat, namely, 4,423,249 shares by Far East Ventures Pte. Ltd. and 9,909,132 shares by Western Properties Pte Ltd.
2. The trustee interest in 4,039,796,186 shares comprises:
 - (a) 1,729,155,449 shares which were held by Tsim Sha Tsui Properties Limited, which was 72.03% controlled by the co-executors of the estate of the late Mr. Ng Teng Fong;
 - (b) (i) 53,498,941 shares which were held by Orchard Centre Holdings (Private) Limited, in which Nam Lung Properties Development Company Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Tsim Sha Tsui Properties Limited, had a 95.23% control; and
 (ii) 2,079,729,979 shares which were held through wholly-owned subsidiaries of Tsim Sha Tsui Properties Limited (including 478,148,758 shares held by Spangle Investment Limited (Note 3) and 428,317,456 shares held by Ka Fai Land Investment Limited (Note 4));
 - (c) 130,735,359 shares which were held through companies 100% controlled by the co-executors of the estate of the late Mr. Ng Teng Fong, namely, 216,604 shares by Fanlight Investment Limited, 209,024 shares by Garford Nominees Limited, 47,040,037 shares by Karaganda Investments Inc., 20,288,166 shares by Orient Creation Limited, 9,860,538 shares by Strathallan Investment Limited, 29,719,860 shares by Strong Investments Limited, 22,774,379 shares by Tamworth Investment Limited and 626,751 shares by Transpire Investment Limited; and
 - (d) 46,676,458 shares which were held by the co-executors of the estate of the late Mr. Ng Teng Fong.
3. Spangle Investment Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Tsim Sha Tsui Properties Limited and its shareholding was duplicated in the interests of the co-executors of the estate of the late Mr. Ng Teng Fong and Tsim Sha Tsui Properties Limited.
4. Ka Fai Land Investment Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Tsim Sha Tsui Properties Limited and its shareholding was duplicated in the interests of the co-executors of the estate of the late Mr. Ng Teng Fong and Tsim Sha Tsui Properties Limited.
5. The trustee interest of Mr. Philip Ng Chee Tat was duplicated in the trustee interest of Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong as disclosed under the section headed "Directors' Interests" above as the co-executors of the estate of the late Mr. Ng Teng Fong.
6. The number and the percentage of shares as disclosed are based on the substantial shareholder notices filed with the Stock Exchange.

Save as disclosed above and so far as the Directors of the Company are aware, as at 30th June, 2020, no other person (other than Directors of the Company) had an interest or short position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which were notified to the

Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO and were recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO, or was otherwise a substantial shareholder of the Company.

Donations

During the year, the Group made charitable and other donations amounting to approximately HK\$5,222,000.

Equity-linked agreements

No equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Company during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

Major suppliers and customers

The aggregate amount of purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 81% of the Group's total purchases and the purchases attributable to the Group's largest supplier was approximately 51% of the Group's total purchases.

The percentage of sales attributable to the Group's five largest customers is less than 30% of the Group's total sales for the year.

At no time during the year did the Directors, their close associates or any shareholders of the Company (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had an interest in the share capital of any of the Group's five largest suppliers.

Corporate governance

The corporate governance report is set out on pages 63 to 81.

Sufficiency of public float

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors of the Company as at the date of this Annual Report, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules.

Auditor

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30th June, 2020 of the Group have been audited by Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu. A resolution will be submitted to the forthcoming Annual General Meeting to re-appoint Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Robert NG Chee Siong
Chairman

Hong Kong, 26th August, 2020

Biographical details of Directors & senior management

(I) Executive Directors

Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong^{N+}, aged 68, an Executive Director since 1981 and Chairman of the Group since 1991, was called to the Bar in 1975. He has been actively engaged in property investment and development in Hong Kong during the last 44 years and is also a director of a number of subsidiaries and associated companies of the Company. Mr. Ng is the Chairman of Tsim Sha Tsui Properties Limited, the holding company of the Company, and the Chairman of Sino Hotels (Holdings) Limited. In addition, he is a Director of The Real Estate Developers Association of Hong Kong, a member of the 11th, 12th and 13th National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference ("CPPCC") and Deputy Director of the Committee for Economic Affairs of the 13th National Committee of the CPPCC. Mr. Ng is the father of Mr. Daryl Ng Win Kong, the Deputy Chairman of the Company, a son of the late substantial shareholder Mr. Ng Teng Fong and the brother of Mr. Philip Ng Chee Tat, the co-executor of the estate of the late Mr. Ng Teng Fong.

Mr. Daryl Ng Win Kong^{R, JP}, aged 42, an Executive Director since April 2005 and Deputy Chairman of the Group since November 2017, holds a Bachelor of Arts Degree in Economics, a Master Degree of Science in Real Estate Development from Columbia University in New York, an Honorary Doctor of Humane Letters degree from Savannah College of Art and Design and an Honorary University Fellowship from The Open University of Hong Kong. Mr. Ng first joined the Company as Executive (Development) in 2003. He is a director of a number of subsidiaries and associated companies of the Company, and an Executive Director and Deputy Chairman of Tsim Sha Tsui Properties Limited and Sino Hotels (Holdings) Limited. He is also a Non-Executive Director of The Bank of East Asia, Limited, which is listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange

and the Chairman, Non-independent & Non-executive Director of Yeo Hiap Seng Limited, a company listed on the main board of the Singapore Stock Exchange. He is a member of the Global Leadership Council of Columbia University in the City of New York, a member of the 10th Sichuan Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference ("CPPCC"), a member of the 12th and 13th Beijing Municipal Committee of the CPPCC, a member of the 10th and 11th Committees of the All-China Youth Federation and the Deputy Chairman of the Chongqing Youth Federation. He is the President of Hong Kong United Youth Association, a Council Member of the Hong Kong Committee for UNICEF, a Council Member of The Hong Kong Management Association, an Advisor of Our Hong Kong Foundation, a Council Member of Hong Kong Chronicles Institute Limited, a Council Member of the Employers' Federation of Hong Kong and a member of the Board of Hong Kong Science and Technology Parks Corporation. Mr. Ng's major public service appointments include being a member of the Estate Agents Authority of the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, a member of the Council of the University of Hong Kong, a member of the Court of the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, a member of NUS Medicine International Council at the Yong Loo Lin School of Medicine of National University of Singapore, a member of International Advisory Council of Singapore Management University, a member of the Board of M Plus Museum Limited, a Board Member of National Heritage Board, Singapore, a member of Hong Kong Trade Development Council Mainland Business Advisory Committee and a member of the Cyberport Advisory Panel of Hong Kong Cyberport Management Company Limited. He is a Director of The Real Estate Developers Association of Hong Kong and a Director of The Community Chest of Hong Kong. He is the eldest son of the Chairman of the Group Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong and the eldest grandson of the late substantial shareholder Mr. Ng Teng Fong.

N+: Nomination Committee Chairman R: Remuneration Committee member

Biographical details of Directors & senior management (Continued)

(I) Executive Directors (Continued)

Mr. Ringo Chan Wing Kwong, aged 60, an Executive Director since January 2008. He first joined the Company in 1988 and had been an Associate Director (Group Treasury) of the Company since 2005. He is also a director of a number of subsidiaries and associated companies of the Company. Mr. Chan holds a Master Degree of Business Administration and is a Fellow Member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and an Associate Member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (Practising). Mr. Chan has over 36 years of experience in accounting and finance.

Mr. Gordon Lee Ching Keung, aged 60, an Executive Director since January 2013. Mr. Lee first joined the Company in 1989 and left the Company in 1995. He rejoined the Company in 1997 and has been an Associate Director (Development Division) of the Company since 2006. He is also a director of a number of subsidiaries and associated companies of the Company. Mr. Lee is a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Architects, a Registered Architect and an Authorized Person (Architect). He has extensive experience in design, project management, quality management, construction site management and cost management and is in charge of the Development Division.

Mr. Sunny Yeung Kwong, aged 65, an Executive Director since November 2016, holds degrees in Law, Arbitration and Dispute Resolution, and Architecture. He is a registered architect, a non-practising barrister and a Fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Arbitrators. He has extensive experience in architecture, property and project management. Prior to joining the Company, he had held senior positions in various reputable organizations. He is also a director of a number of subsidiaries of the Company.

Mr. Thomas Tang Wing Yung, aged 65, an Executive Director and Group Chief Financial Officer of the Company with effect from 15th January, 2020. He has also been appointed as an Executive Director and Group Chief Financial Officer of Sino Hotels (Holdings) Limited on 15th January, 2020. He is a director of a number of subsidiaries and associated companies of the Company. Mr. Tang obtained his Bachelor of Science Degree in Modern Mathematics from Surrey University, United Kingdom. He has been an Associate Member of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales since 1981. He is also a Fellow Member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and has over 39 years of experience in accounting and finance.

Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Tang was an Executive Director and Group Chief Financial Officer of Esprit Holdings Limited and he is currently an Independent Non-Executive Director of Playmates Holdings Limited, both of which are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Mr. Tang was an Executive Director and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company for the period from 1st April, 2005 to 26th March, 2012.

(II) Non-executive Director

The Honourable Ronald Joseph Arculli,

GBM, CVO, GBS, OBE, JP, aged 81,

has been a Director of the Company since 1981 and was re-designated from an Independent Non-Executive Director to a Non-Executive Director in July 2005.

The Honourable Ronald Arculli through Ronald Arculli and Associates provides consultancy services to the Company. He is also a Non-Executive Director of Tsim Sha Tsui Properties Limited and Sino Hotels (Holdings) Limited. The Honourable Ronald Arculli was an Independent Non-Executive Director of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited from 2006 to April 2013, for which he was also a former Independent Non-Executive Chairman from 2006 to April 2012. He has a long and distinguished record of public service on numerous government committees and advisory bodies. He was the Chairman of The Hong Kong Jockey Club from 2002 to August 2006. He is a practising solicitor and has served on the Legislative Council from 1988 to 2000. He was a Non-Official Member of the Executive Council of the HKSAR Government from November 2005 to June 2012, for which he also acted as Convenor of the Non-Official Members since December 2011. He chairs FWD Group, the Honorary Advisory Committee of SVHK Foundation Limited and Common Purpose Charitable Foundation Limited in Hong Kong. He is also a Non-Executive Director of Asia Art Archive Limited. He is a Board Member and the Vice-Chairman of the Board of The West Kowloon Cultural District Authority and chairs its Executive Committee and Development Committee.

The Honourable Ronald Arculli is an Independent Non-Executive Director of Hang Lung Properties Limited and a Non-Executive Director of HKR International Limited, HK Electric Investments Manager Limited (as trustee-manager of HK Electric Investments) and HK Electric Investments Limited (all are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited except HK Electric Investments Manager Limited).

(III) Independent Non-Executive Directors

Dr. Allan Zeman^{A N R}, GBM, GBS, JP, aged 72,

an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company since September 2004. He is also an Independent Non-Executive Director of Tsim Sha Tsui Properties Limited. Dr. Zeman is the Chairman of Lan Kwai Fong Group in Hong Kong. Dr. Zeman serves as an Independent Non-Executive Director and the Chairman of Wynn Macau, Limited, a Non-Executive Director of Pacific Century Premium Developments Limited, and an Independent Non-Executive Director of Global Brands Group Holding Limited, Television Broadcasts Limited and Fosun Tourism Group, all of which are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Dr. Zeman was the Chairman of Hong Kong Ocean Park from July 2003 to June 2014 and is now the Honorary Advisor to the Park. He is also a Board member of the Alibaba Entrepreneurs Fund and the Airport Authority Hong Kong, an appointed member of the Economic Development Commission of Hong Kong, a member of the General Committee of the Hong Kong General Chamber of Commerce, a governor of the Board of Governors of Our Hong Kong Foundation and a representative of Hong Kong China to the APEC Business Advisory Council (ABAC). Dr. Zeman is also a member of the Board of Governors of The Canadian Chamber of Commerce in Hong Kong, a member of the Asian Advisory Board of the Richard Ivey School of Business, The University of Western Ontario and the Vice Patron of The Community Chest of Hong Kong. Dr. Zeman is a holder of Honorary Doctorate of Laws Degree from The University of Western Ontario, Canada. In 2012, he was awarded Honorary Doctorate Degrees of Business Administration from City University of Hong Kong and The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology.

A: Audit Committee member N: Nomination Committee member R: Remuneration Committee member

Biographical details of Directors & senior management (Continued)

(III) Independent Non-Executive Directors (Continued)

Mr. Adrian David Li Man-kiu^{A+ N R}, JP, aged 47,

an Independent Non-Executive Director since April 2005, is Co-Chief Executive of The Bank of East Asia, Limited. He is also an Independent Non-Executive Director of Tsim Sha Tsui Properties Limited. Mr. Li is a member of the Anhui Provincial Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference and a Counsellor of the Hong Kong United Youth Association. He is Chairman of The Chinese Banks' Association, Vice President of The Hong Kong Institute of Bankers' Council and a member of the MPF Industry Schemes Committee of the MPFA. He is a board member of The Community Chest of Hong Kong and serves on its Executive Committee, a member of the Advisory Board of The Salvation Army, Hong Kong and Macau Command, and a Trustee of The University of Hong Kong's occupational retirement schemes. Furthermore, he serves as a member of the Election Committees responsible for electing the Chief Executive of the HKSAR and deputies of the HKSAR to the 13th National People's Congress. He also sits on the Judging Panel of the BAI Global Innovation Awards. Mr. Li is currently an Independent Non-Executive Director of China State Construction International Holdings Limited and COSCO SHIPPING Ports Limited, both companies listed in Hong Kong. In addition, he is a Non-Executive Director of The Berkeley Group Holdings plc, which is listed on the London Stock Exchange and a member of Mastercard's Asia Pacific Advisory Board. He was previously an Independent Non-Executive Director of Sino Hotels (Holdings) Limited, which is listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Mr. Li holds a Master of Management degree from the Kellogg School of Management, Northwestern University in the US, and a Master of Arts degree and Bachelor of Arts degree in Law from the University of Cambridge in Britain. He is a member of The Law Society of England and Wales, and The Law Society of Hong Kong.

Mr. Steven Ong Kay Eng^{A R+}, aged 74,

an Independent Non-Executive Director since October 2011. He is also an Independent Non-Executive Director of Tsim Sha Tsui Properties Limited and Sino Hotels (Holdings) Limited since July 2005. He is a Director of Altrade Investments Pte. Ltd. in Singapore. He is also a Non-Executive Independent Director of EnGro Corporation Limited and a substantial shareholder of Hwa Hong Corporation Limited, both of which are listed on the main board of the Singapore Stock Exchange. Mr. Ong has been a veteran banker with extensive experience in banking and finance over 43 years. He was the General Manager and Country Head for American Express Bank in Singapore for nearly 10 years and also the Chief Representative and Country Manager in China for Banca Monte dei Paschi di Siena S.p.A. for 16 years. Mr. Ong remained as the bank's advisor and consultant for 2 years after he left China in 2006 having resided in the country for over 16 years. He was the Chairman of Foreign Bankers' Association in Beijing, PRC from 1999 to 2000.

A+: Audit Committee Chairman A: Audit Committee member N: Nomination Committee member

R+: Remuneration Committee Chairman R: Remuneration Committee member

(III) Independent Non-Executive Directors (Continued)

Mr. Wong Cho Bau, JP, aged 61,

an Independent Non-Executive Director since January 2015. He is also an Independent Non-Executive Director of Sino Hotels (Holdings) Limited. He is an Honorary Fellow of City University of Hong Kong and currently serves as Chairman of East Pacific (Holdings) Ltd., Shenzhen East Pacific Group Ltd., Donghai Airlines Co., Ltd., Donghai Jet Co., Ltd.. Mr. Wong has more than 30 years of business experience and is one of the pioneers on the establishment of Shenzhen Special Economic Zone. His business interests have expanded from property development to industrial, hotel, aviation, tourism. Mr. Wong is a National Committee Member of the 10th to 13th Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, an Executive Councilor of the 4th Council of China Overseas Friendship Association and a Committee Adviser of Hong Kong Association for The Promotion of Peaceful Reunification of China. He was formerly a Councilor of the 1st and the 2nd Council and an Executive Councilor of the 3rd Council of China Overseas Friendship Association. He is also a Chief Director of Hong Kong Federation of Hong Kong Chiu Chow Community Organization.

(IV) Senior management

Various businesses and functions of the Company are respectively under the direct responsibilities of the Executive Directors who are regarded as senior management of the Company.



TO THE MEMBERS OF
SINO LAND COMPANY LIMITED
信和置業有限公司
(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Sino Land Company Limited (the “Company”) and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “Group”) set out on pages 116 to 230, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30th June, 2020, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 30th June, 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “HKICPA”) and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing (“HKSAs”) issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA’s Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (“the Code”), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters (Continued)

Key audit matter

Valuation of investment properties

We identified the valuation of investment properties as a key audit matter due to the significance of the balance to the consolidated financial statements as a whole, combined with the significant judgments associated with the determination of the fair value.

The Group's investment properties are located in Hong Kong, Mainland China and Singapore. As at 30th June, 2020, the Group's investment properties amounted to HK\$62,658,456,279 and represented 34% of the Group's total assets, with a fair value loss of HK\$2,020,824,150 recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year then ended.

All of the Group's investment properties are stated at fair value based on valuations carried out by independent qualified professional valuers (the "Valuers"). Majority of the valuations are dependent on capitalisation rates which are the significant unobservable inputs that involve significant judgment. Details of the valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs used in the valuations are disclosed in Note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our procedures in relation to the valuation of the investment properties included:

- Evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the Valuers;
- Obtaining an understanding of the valuation process and techniques adopted by the Valuers to assess if they are consistent with industry norms; and
- Obtaining the valuation reports and meeting with the Valuers to assess the reasonableness of the significant unobservable inputs and the accuracy of the source data used by the Valuers and comparing them, on a sampling basis, to where relevant, existing tenancy profiles and publicly available information of similar comparable properties.

Independent auditor's report (Continued)

Key audit matters (Continued)

Key audit matter

Net realisable value of properties under development and stocks of completed properties

We identified the determination of the net realisable value ("NRV") of the Group's properties under development and stocks of completed properties as a key audit matter due to the significant judgments involved in the determination of the NRV and the estimation of future cost to completion by management of the Group.

The Group's properties under development and stocks of completed properties are stated at the lower of cost and NRV. As at 30th June, 2020, the Group's properties under development and stocks of completed properties amounted to HK\$29,661,206,200 and HK\$1,230,396,135 respectively.

As disclosed in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements, the NRV of properties under development is determined with reference to the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. The NRV of stocks of completed properties is determined with reference to the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our procedures in relation to the NRV of the properties under development and stocks of completed properties included:

- Challenging the assumptions and judgments applied by management in estimating the NRV including evaluating the accuracy of management's prior period estimation;
- Evaluating the reasonableness of the management's estimation of the total budgeted development costs of the properties under development, on a sampling basis, by comparing them to the actual development costs of similar completed properties of the Group and comparing to the relevant market information; and
- Assessing the appropriateness of the selling price estimated by management, on a sampling basis, by comparing the estimated selling price to recent market prices of units of the same projects or comparable properties, based on the current market conditions in the real estate industry and our knowledge of the Group's business.

Other information

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of directors and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Ip Chiu Yin.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong

26th August, 2020

Consolidated statement of profit or loss

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

	NOTES	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Revenue	5	5,886,888,002	8,009,912,578
Cost of sales		(540,711,582)	(1,319,224,798)
Direct expenses		(1,896,521,238)	(2,200,099,945)
Gross profit		3,449,655,182	4,490,587,835
Change in fair value of investment properties	17	(2,020,824,150)	1,965,519,436
Other income and other gains or losses		203,640,955	93,750,075
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")		(3,012,666)	1,214,679
Gain on disposal of investment properties		137,663,664	77,044,126
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	39	41,623,517	49,855,396
Administrative expenses		(843,993,687)	(932,270,707)
Other operating expenses		(198,412,222)	(204,854,508)
Finance income	7	1,025,188,143	643,252,213
Finance costs	8	(137,622,508)	(134,600,527)
Less: interest capitalised	8	107,790,738	74,471,973
Finance income, net		995,356,373	583,123,659
Share of results of associates	9	910,888,761	1,378,020,003
Share of results of joint ventures	10	(472,666,590)	216,478,417
Profit before taxation	11	2,199,919,137	7,718,468,411
Income tax expense	14	(525,221,412)	(713,648,610)
Profit for the year		1,674,697,725	7,004,819,801
Attributable to:			
The Company's shareholders		1,688,050,428	6,914,903,934
Non-controlling interests		(13,352,703)	89,915,867
		1,674,697,725	7,004,819,801
Earnings per share (reported earnings per share)			
Basic	16(a)	0.24	1.03

Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Profit for the year	<u>1,674,697,725</u>	<u>7,004,819,801</u>
Other comprehensive (expense) income		
<i>Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:</i>		
Change in fair value of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI")	<u>(299,242,693)</u>	<u>(86,134,048)</u>
<i>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:</i>		
Change in fair value of hedging instruments designated as cash flow hedges	(16,020,273)	–
Reclassification of fair value adjustment to profit or loss on an interest rate swap	(1,916,161)	–
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	(461,518,858)	(293,818,931)
Change in fair value of debt instruments at FVTOCI	<u>362,072</u>	<u>–</u>
	<u>(479,093,220)</u>	<u>(293,818,931)</u>
Other comprehensive expense for the year	<u>(778,335,913)</u>	<u>(379,952,979)</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>896,361,812</u>	<u>6,624,866,822</u>
Total comprehensive income (expense) attributable to:		
The Company's shareholders	909,714,515	6,534,950,955
Non-controlling interests	<u>(13,352,703)</u>	<u>89,915,867</u>
	<u>896,361,812</u>	<u>6,624,866,822</u>

Consolidated statement of financial position

At 30th June, 2020

	NOTES	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Non-current assets			
Investment properties	17	62,658,456,279	65,035,087,581
Hotel properties	18	1,724,061,091	1,892,461,633
Property, plant and equipment	19	180,989,640	219,236,888
Right-of-use assets	20	1,186,301,166	–
Prepaid lease payments – non-current	21	–	1,103,916,724
Interests in associates	22	20,765,899,460	21,944,280,816
Interests in joint ventures	23	2,969,843,643	3,344,737,242
Equity and debt instruments at FVTOCI	24	675,219,077	860,940,215
Advances to associates	22	3,363,101,061	2,051,559,285
Advances to joint ventures	23	10,628,066,644	7,505,992,744
Long-term loans receivable	27	2,180,114,880	2,245,722,825
Other asset		300,000	300,000
		<u>106,332,352,941</u>	<u>106,204,235,953</u>
Current assets			
Properties under development	45	29,661,206,200	25,866,538,169
Stocks of completed properties	45	1,230,396,135	1,732,436,869
Hotel inventories		19,985,062	21,276,567
Prepaid lease payments – current	21	–	20,135,984
Financial assets at FVTPL	28	8,653,802	11,666,468
Amounts due from associates	22	908,925,877	3,375,515,148
Amounts due from joint ventures	23	2,434,175,477	2,895,614,759
Amounts due from non-controlling interests	26	623,317,300	75,505,655
Trade and other receivables	29	1,565,360,330	1,240,670,454
Current portion of long-term loans receivable	27	87,741,043	80,941,385
Taxation recoverable		187,591,159	149,887,249
Restricted bank deposits	30	121,827,414	383,731,024
Time deposits	30	37,523,737,562	27,285,304,366
Bank balances and cash	30	6,018,531,552	11,404,920,334
		<u>80,391,448,913</u>	<u>74,544,144,431</u>
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	31	4,973,897,858	4,967,358,991
Lease liabilities	32	32,031,671	–
Contract liabilities	33	23,454,168,068	16,208,373,613
Amounts due to associates	22	1,709,937,674	2,637,954,369
Amounts due to non-controlling interests	26	738,712,759	881,155,371
Taxation payable		578,632,397	690,722,147
Bank borrowings – due within one year	34	831,996,000	–
		<u>32,319,376,427</u>	<u>25,385,564,491</u>
Net current assets		<u>48,072,072,486</u>	<u>49,158,579,940</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>154,404,425,427</u>	<u>155,362,815,893</u>

Consolidated statement of financial position (Continued)

At 30th June, 2020

	NOTES	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	35	49,806,148,516	47,324,776,293
Reserves		<u>95,109,732,783</u>	<u>97,969,236,460</u>
Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders		144,915,881,299	145,294,012,753
Non-controlling interests		<u>843,307,789</u>	<u>868,091,612</u>
Total equity		<u>145,759,189,088</u>	<u>146,162,104,365</u>
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term bank borrowings – due after one year	34	4,418,199,715	5,026,688,387
Derivative financial instrument	25	17,936,434	–
Lease liabilities	32	7,537,099	–
Deferred taxation	36	2,488,172,527	2,445,353,649
Advances from associates	37	1,570,678,347	1,622,090,423
Advances from non-controlling interests	38	<u>142,712,217</u>	<u>106,579,069</u>
		<u>8,645,236,339</u>	<u>9,200,711,528</u>
		<u>154,404,425,427</u>	<u>155,362,815,893</u>

The consolidated financial statements on pages 116 to 230 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 26th August, 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

Robert NG Chee Siong
Chairman

Daryl NG Win Kong
Deputy Chairman

Consolidated statement of changes in equity

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

	Attributable to the Company's shareholders						Non-controlling interests	Total
	Share capital	Investment revaluation reserve	Hedging reserve	Exchange reserve	Retained profits	Total		
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
At 1st July, 2018	44,560,016,005	173,425,953	-	419,701,643	94,428,797,137	139,581,940,738	860,175,745	140,442,116,483
Adjustments	-	(438,077,414)	-	-	438,077,414	-	-	-
At 1st July, 2018 (restated)	44,560,016,005	(264,651,461)	-	419,701,643	94,866,874,551	139,581,940,738	860,175,745	140,442,116,483
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	6,914,903,934	6,914,903,934	89,915,867	7,004,819,801
Other comprehensive expense:								
- change in fair value of equity instruments at FVTOCI	-	(86,134,048)	-	-	-	(86,134,048)	-	(86,134,048)
- exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	(293,818,931)	-	(293,818,931)	-	(293,818,931)
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	-	(86,134,048)	-	(293,818,931)	6,914,903,934	6,534,950,955	89,915,867	6,624,866,822
Shares issued in lieu of cash dividends	2,764,760,288	-	-	-	-	2,764,760,288	-	2,764,760,288
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	(82,000,000)	(82,000,000)
Final dividend - 2018	-	-	-	-	(2,641,224,521)	(2,641,224,521)	-	(2,641,224,521)
Interim dividend - 2019	-	-	-	-	(946,414,707)	(946,414,707)	-	(946,414,707)
At 1st July, 2019	47,324,776,293	(350,785,509)	-	125,882,712	98,194,139,257	145,294,012,753	868,091,612	146,162,104,365
Profit (loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	1,688,050,428	1,688,050,428	(13,352,703)	1,674,697,725
Other comprehensive expense:								
- change in fair value of equity and debt instruments at FVTOCI	-	(298,880,621)	-	-	-	(298,880,621)	-	(298,880,621)
- exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	(461,518,858)	-	(461,518,858)	-	(461,518,858)
- change in fair value of hedging instruments designated as cash flow hedges	-	-	(16,020,273)	-	-	(16,020,273)	-	(16,020,273)
- reclassification of fair value adjustment to profit or loss on an interest rate swap	-	-	(1,916,161)	-	-	(1,916,161)	-	(1,916,161)
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	-	(298,880,621)	(17,936,434)	(461,518,858)	1,688,050,428	909,714,515	(13,352,703)	896,361,812
Shares issued in lieu of cash dividends	2,481,372,223	-	-	-	-	2,481,372,223	-	2,481,372,223
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	(11,431,120)	(11,431,120)
Final dividend - 2019	-	-	-	-	(2,794,966,329)	(2,794,966,329)	-	(2,794,966,329)
Interim dividend - 2020	-	-	-	-	(974,251,863)	(974,251,863)	-	(974,251,863)
At 30th June, 2020	49,806,148,516	(649,666,130)	(17,936,434)	(335,636,146)	96,112,971,493	144,915,881,299	843,307,789	145,759,189,088

Consolidated statement of cash flows

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

	NOTE	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before taxation		2,199,919,137	7,718,468,411
Adjustments for:			
Finance costs		29,831,770	60,128,554
Amortisation and depreciation of property, plant and equipment and hotel properties		110,846,466	122,438,804
Depreciation of right-of-use assets		74,704,344	–
Release of prepaid lease payments		–	20,081,810
(Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(102,242)	1,167,883
Property, plant and equipment written off		1,150	22,308
Impairment loss on trade receivables, net of reversal		14,975,432	2,888,582
Share of results of associates		(910,888,761)	(1,378,020,003)
Share of results of joint ventures		472,666,590	(216,478,417)
Change in fair value of investment properties		2,020,824,150	(1,965,519,436)
Finance income		(1,025,188,143)	(643,252,213)
Change in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL		3,012,666	(1,214,679)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	39	(41,623,517)	(49,855,396)
Gain on disposal of investment properties		(137,663,664)	(77,044,126)
Interest income from loans receivable		(69,974,228)	(61,039,744)
Dividend income from listed investments		(32,847,427)	(44,092,667)
Dividend income from unlisted investments		–	(4,206,900)
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital		2,708,493,723	3,484,472,771
Decrease (increase) in long-term loans receivable		58,808,287	(421,922,112)
Increase in properties under development		(3,659,449,786)	(2,458,433,610)
Decrease in stocks of completed properties		502,040,734	1,541,747,858
Decrease (increase) in hotel inventories		1,291,505	(343,095)
Increase in financial assets at FVTPL		–	(2,294)
Increase in trade and other receivables		(483,839,055)	(87,712,742)
Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables		20,439,767	(971,926,498)
Increase in contract liabilities		7,245,794,455	14,882,723,534
Cash generated from operations		6,393,579,630	15,968,603,812
Hong Kong Profits Tax paid		(433,102,425)	(712,371,965)
Taxation in other jurisdictions paid		(163,911,303)	(1,090,805,629)
Interest received from loans receivable		69,974,228	61,039,744
Dividends received from listed investments		26,537,675	12,843,726
Dividends received from unlisted investments		–	4,206,900
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		5,893,077,805	14,243,516,588

Consolidated statement of cash flows (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

	NOTE	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Repayments from associates		1,232,989,217	927,699,035
Repayments from joint ventures		72,476,384	2,794,101,611
Repayments from non-controlling interests		961,250	19,727,293
Dividends received from associates		2,436,905,265	494,285,046
Dividends received from joint ventures		109,000,000	109,500,000
Decrease in restricted bank deposits		261,903,610	50,114,668
Interest received		1,111,278,095	458,133,826
Proceeds from disposal of investment properties		229,347,999	229,338,087
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		352,980	468,225
Advances to associates		(87,907,428)	(3,164,993,796)
Advances to joint ventures		(2,993,828,234)	(98,735,143)
Advances to non-controlling interests		(548,772,895)	(29,469,853)
Additions to investment properties		(181,329,177)	(181,518,093)
Additions to hotel properties		(1,188,758)	(7,140,582)
Additions to property, plant and equipment		(48,396,950)	(66,275,259)
Proceeds from disposal of a subsidiary (net of cash and cash equivalents disposed of)	39	346,580,113	110,441,542
Decrease (increase) in time deposits with original maturity over three months		1,789,111,903	(8,114,781,108)
Purchase of equity instruments at FVTOCI		(81,616,078)	–
Purchase of debt instruments at FVTOCI		(25,233,653)	–
Acquisition of interests in associates		(450,000,000)	(1,100,000,004)
Acquisition of interests in joint ventures		(15,535,872)	–
NET CASH FROM (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES		3,157,097,771	(7,569,104,505)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
New bank borrowings raised		1,000,000,000	2,825,996,000
Repayments of bank borrowings		(778,666,667)	(178,598,750)
Repayments of lease liabilities		(51,928,782)	–
Advances from associates		299,013,113	725,701,480
Repayments to associates		(1,275,308,931)	(63,228,370)
Repayment to a joint venture		–	(65,945)
Repayments to non-controlling interests		(204,851,066)	(457,007,167)
Advances from non-controlling interests		98,541,602	161,658,651
Dividends paid to ordinary shareholders of the Company		(1,287,845,969)	(822,878,940)
Interest paid		(117,040,610)	(98,306,758)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(11,431,120)	(82,000,000)
NET CASH (USED IN) FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(2,329,518,430)	2,011,270,201

Consolidated statement of cash flows (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	6,720,657,146	8,685,682,284
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BROUGHT FORWARD	16,439,823,293	7,823,797,702
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	<u>(79,500,829)</u>	<u>(69,656,693)</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CARRIED FORWARD	<u>23,080,979,610</u>	<u>16,439,823,293</u>
ANALYSIS OF THE BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Restricted bank deposits	121,827,414	383,731,024
Time deposits	37,523,737,562	27,285,304,366
Bank balances and cash	<u>6,018,531,552</u>	<u>11,404,920,334</u>
Deposits, bank balances and cash in the consolidated statement of financial position	43,664,096,528	39,073,955,724
Less: Time deposits with original maturity over three months	<u>(20,461,289,504)</u>	<u>(22,250,401,407)</u>
Restricted bank deposits	<u>(121,827,414)</u>	<u>(383,731,024)</u>
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of cash flows	<u>23,080,979,610</u>	<u>16,439,823,293</u>

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

1. General

The Company is a public listed limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong and with its shares listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”). Its parent and ultimate holding company is Tsim Sha Tsui Properties Limited, a public listed limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong and with its shares listed on the Stock Exchange. The address of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company is 12th Floor, Tsim Sha Tsui Centre, Salisbury Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in Note 51.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “Group”) are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the same as the functional currency of the Company.

2. Application of new and amendments to Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”)

New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

The Group has applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs and an interpretation issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “HKICPA”) for the first time in the current year:

HKFRS 16	Leases
HK(IFRIC) – Int 23	Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments
Amendments to HKFRS 9	Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation
Amendments to HKAS 19	Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement
Amendments to HKAS 28	Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2015 – 2017 Cycle

Except as described below, the application of the new and amendments to HKFRSs and an interpretation in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

2. Application of new and amendments to Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

HKFRS 16 “Leases”

The Group has applied HKFRS 16 for the first time in the current year. HKFRS 16 superseded HKAS 17 “Leases”, and the related interpretations.

Definition of a lease

The Group has elected the practical expedient to apply HKFRS 16 to contracts that were previously identified as leases applying HKAS 17 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 4 “*Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease*” and not apply this standard to contracts that were not previously identified as containing a lease. Therefore, the Group has not reassessed contracts which already existed prior to the date of initial application.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application, the Group applies the definition of a lease in accordance with the requirements set out in HKFRS 16 in assessing whether a contract contains a lease.

As a lessee

The Group has applied HKFRS 16 retrospectively with the cumulative effect recognised at the date of initial application, 1st July, 2019.

As at 1st July, 2019, the Group recognised additional lease liabilities and right-of-use assets at amounts equal to the related lease liabilities adjusted by any prepaid or accrued lease payments by applying HKFRS 16.C8(b)(ii) transition. Any difference at the date of initial application is recognised in the opening retained profits and comparative information has not been restated.

When applying the modified retrospective approach under HKFRS 16 at transition, the Group applied the following practical expedients to leases previously classified as operating leases under HKAS 17, on lease-by-lease basis, to the extent relevant to the respective lease contracts:

- i. relied on the assessment of whether leases are onerous by applying HKAS 37 “*Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*” as an alternative of impairment review;
- ii. elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases with lease term ends within 12 months of the date of initial application; and
- iii. applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with a similar remaining terms for similar class of underlying assets in similar economic environment.

When recognising the lease liabilities for leases previously classified as operating leases, the Group has applied incremental borrowing rates of the relevant group entities at the date of initial application. The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied is 3.2%.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

2. Application of new and amendments to Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

HKFRS 16 “Leases” (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

	At 1st July, 2019 HK\$
Operating lease commitments disclosed as at 30th June, 2019	92,634,364
Lease liabilities discounted at relevant incremental borrowing rates	91,945,733
Less: Recognition exemption – short-term leases	(160,001)
Practical expedient – leases with lease term ending within 12 months from the date of initial application	<u>(10,751,256)</u>
Lease liabilities relating to operating leases recognised upon application of HKFRS 16 and lease liabilities as at 1st July, 2019	<u>81,034,476</u>
Analysed as	
Current	48,777,912
Non-current	<u>32,256,564</u>
	<u>81,034,476</u>

The carrying amount of right-of-use assets as at 1st July, 2019 comprises the following:

	<i>Notes</i>	Right-of-use assets HK\$
Right-of-use assets relating to operating leases recognised upon application of HKFRS 16		81,034,476
Reclassified from hotel properties	<i>(a)</i>	84,318,013
Reclassified from prepaid lease payments	<i>(b)</i>	<u>1,124,052,708</u>
		<u>1,289,405,197</u>
By class:		
Leasehold land		1,208,370,721
Leased properties		<u>81,034,476</u>
		<u>1,289,405,197</u>

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

2. Application of new and amendments to Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

HKFRS 16 “Leases” (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

The following adjustments were made to the amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at 1st July, 2019. Line items that were not affected by the changes have not been included.

	Notes	Carrying amounts previously reported at 30th June, 2019 HK\$	Adjustments HK\$	Carrying amounts under HKFRS 16 at 1st July, 2019 HK\$
Non-current assets				
Hotel properties	(a)	1,892,461,633	(84,318,013)	1,808,143,620
Prepaid lease payments				
– non-current	(b)	1,103,916,724	(1,103,916,724)	–
Right-of-use assets		–	1,289,405,197	1,289,405,197
Current assets				
Prepaid lease payments				
– current	(b)	20,135,984	(20,135,984)	–
Current liabilities				
Lease liabilities		–	48,777,912	48,777,912
Non-current liabilities				
Lease liabilities		–	32,256,564	32,256,564

Notes:

- (a) Leasehold land in Hong Kong was classified as hotel properties as at 30th June, 2019. Upon application of HKFRS 16, the leasehold land in Hong Kong amounting to HK\$84,318,013 was reclassified from hotel properties to right-of-use assets.
- (b) Leasehold land in Singapore was classified as prepaid lease payments as at 30th June, 2019. Upon application of HKFRS 16, the current and non-current portion of prepaid lease payments amounting to HK\$20,135,984 and HK\$1,103,916,724 respectively were reclassified to right-of-use assets.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

2. Application of new and amendments to Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

HKFRS 16 “Leases” (Continued)

As a lessor

In accordance with the transitional provisions in HKFRS 16, the Group is not required to make any adjustment on transition for leases in which the Group is a lessor but account for these leases in accordance with HKFRS 16 from the date of initial application and comparative information has not been restated.

- (a) Upon application of HKFRS 16, new lease contracts entered into but commence after the date of initial application relating to the same underlying assets under existing lease contracts are accounted for as if the existing leases are modified as at 1st July, 2019. The application has had no impact on the Group’s consolidated statement of financial position at 1st July, 2019. However, effective from 1st July, 2019, lease payments relating to the revised lease term after modification are recognised as income on straight-line basis over the extended lease term.
- (b) Before application of HKFRS 16, refundable rental deposits received were considered as rights and obligations under leases to which HKAS 17 applied. Based on the definition of lease payments under HKFRS 16, such deposits are not payments relating to the right-of-use assets. The discounting effect has had no material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the current year.
- (c) Effective from 1st July, 2019, the Group has applied HKFRS 15 “Revenue from Contracts with Customers” to allocate consideration in the contract to each lease and non-lease components. The change in allocation basis has had no material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the current year.

2. Application of new and amendments to Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts ¹
Amendment to HKFRS 16	Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions ⁵
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Definition of a Business ²
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework ⁶
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ³
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8	Definition of Material ⁴
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current ⁷
Amendments to HKAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before Intended Use ⁶
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract ⁶
Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform ⁴
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018 – 2020 ⁶

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2021

² Effective for business combinations and asset acquisitions for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual period beginning on or after 1st January, 2020

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined

⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2020

⁵ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st June, 2020

⁶ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2022

⁷ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2023

The Directors of the Company anticipate that the application of these new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

3. Significant accounting policies

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, with the exception of section 381 which requires a company to include all its subsidiary undertakings (within the meaning of Schedule 1 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance) in the company’s annual consolidated financial statements. Section 381 is inconsistent with the requirements of HKFRS 10 “Consolidated Financial Statements” so far as they apply to subsidiary undertakings which are not controlled by the Group in accordance with HKFRS 10. For this reason, under the provisions of section 380(6), the Company has departed from section 381 and has not treated such companies as subsidiaries but they are accounted for in accordance with the accounting policies in Note 3. Those excluded subsidiary undertakings of the Group are disclosed in Note 53. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for investment properties and certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies set out below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 “*Share-based Payment*”, leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16 (since 1st July, 2019) or HKAS 17 (before application of HKFRS 16), and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 “*Inventories*” or value in use in HKAS 36 “*Impairment of Assets*”.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participants’ ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The significant accounting policies adopted are as follows:

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein, which represent present ownership interests entitling their holders to a proportionate share of net assets of the relevant subsidiaries upon liquidation.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary attributable to the shareholders of the Company. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKFRS 9, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

Allocation of total comprehensive income and expense to non-controlling interests

Total comprehensive income and expense of a subsidiary is attributed to the Company's shareholders and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Investments in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Investments in associates and joint ventures (Continued)

The results and assets and liabilities of associates and joint ventures are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The financial statements of associates and joint ventures used for equity accounting purposes are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate or a joint venture is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate or joint venture. Changes in net assets of the associate/joint venture other than profit or loss and other comprehensive income are not accounted for unless such changes resulted in changes in ownership interest held by the Group. When the Group's share of losses of an associate or joint venture exceeds the Group's interest in that associate or joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or joint venture), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or joint venture.

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate or a joint venture. On acquisition of the investment in an associate or a joint venture, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

The Group assess whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in an associate or a joint venture may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 "*Impairment of Assets*" as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Investments in associates and joint ventures (Continued)

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be an associate or a joint venture, or when the investment (or a portion thereof) is classified as held for sale. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate or joint venture and the retained interest is a financial asset, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition in accordance with HKFRS 9. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of a part interest in the associate or joint venture is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate or joint venture. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate or joint venture on the same basis as would be required if that associate or joint venture had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate or joint venture would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when the equity method is discontinued.

The Group continues to use the equity method when an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate. There is no remeasurement to fair value upon such changes in ownership interests.

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate or a joint venture but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

When a group entity transacts with an associate or a joint venture of the Group (such as a sale or contribution of assets), profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate or joint venture are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate or joint venture that are not related to the Group.

Where the accounting year end dates of the associates and joint ventures are different from the Group's accounting year end date, their results are accounted for in the Group's financial statements based on their management accounts made up to 30th June each year.

Goodwill arising on acquisitions prior to 1st January, 2005

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the associate recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill. From 1st July, 2005 onwards, the Group has discontinued amortisation of goodwill and such goodwill is included within the carrying amount of the investment and is assessed for impairment as part of the investment.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Investments in associates and joint ventures (Continued)

Goodwill arising on acquisitions on or after 1st January, 2005

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the associate recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill. The goodwill is included within the carrying amount of the investment and is used for impairment as part of the investment. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment in the associate. Any reversal of impairment loss is recognised to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Interests in joint operations

A joint operation is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

When a group entity undertakes its activities under joint operations, the Group as a joint operator recognises in relation to its interest in a joint operation:

- its assets, including its share of any assets held jointly;
- its liabilities, including its share of any liabilities incurred jointly;
- its revenue from the sale of its share of the output arising from the joint operation;
- its share of the revenue from the sale of the output by the joint operation; and
- its expenses, including its share of any expenses incurred jointly.

The Group accounts for the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses relating to its interest in a joint operation in accordance with the HKFRSs applicable to the particular assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses.

When a group entity sells or contributes assets to a joint operation in which a group entity is a joint operator, the Group is considered to be selling or contributing assets to the other parties to the joint operation, and gains and losses resulting from the sale or contribution are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of other parties' interests in the joint operation.

When a group entity purchases assets from a joint operation in which a group entity is a joint operator, the Group does not recognise its share of the gains and losses until it resells those assets to a third party.

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation including investment properties under redevelopment for such purposes.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value, adjusted to exclude any prepaid or accrued operating lease income.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

Investment properties under redevelopment are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. Construction costs incurred for investment properties under redevelopment are capitalised as part of the carrying amount of the investment properties under redevelopment. Any difference between the fair value of the investment properties under redevelopment and their carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

Hotel properties and property, plant and equipment

Hotel properties and property, plant and equipment including leasehold land (classified as finance lease) (prior to application of HKFRS 16) and buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated amortisation and depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Amortisation and depreciation are recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment and hotel properties over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account their estimated residual value, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of hotel properties and property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the Continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in the profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Hotel properties and property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Ownership interests in leasehold land and building

When the Group makes payments for ownership interests of properties which includes both leasehold land and building elements, the entire consideration is allocated between the leasehold land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values at initial recognition.

To the extent the allocation of the relevant payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land is presented as “right-of-use assets” (upon application of HKFRS 16) or “prepaid lease payments” (before application of HKFRS 16) in the consolidated statement of financial position except for those that are classified and accounted for as investment properties under the fair value model. When the consideration cannot be allocated reliably between non-lease building element and undivided interest in the underlying leasehold land, the entire properties are classified as hotels properties or property, plant and equipment.

Impairment losses on hotel properties, property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its hotel properties, property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Properties under development and stocks of completed properties

Properties under development which are developed in the ordinary course of business and stocks of completed properties are classified as current assets. Except for the leasehold land element which is measured at cost model in accordance with the accounting policies of right-of-use assets upon the application of HKFRS 16, properties under development and stocks of completed properties are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a specific identification basis including allocation of the related development expenditure incurred and where appropriate, borrowing costs capitalised. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for the properties less estimated cost to completion and costs necessary to make the sales.

Hotel inventories

Hotel inventories are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost method.

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the year in which they are incurred.

Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as deferred income in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

The benefit of a government loan at a below-market rate of interest is treated as a government grant, measured as the difference between proceeds received and the fair value of the loan based on prevailing market interest rates.

Leases

Definition of a lease (upon application of HKFRS 16 in accordance with transitions in Note 2)

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception or modification date. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed. As a practical expedient, leases with similar characteristics are accounted on a portfolio basis when the Group reasonably expects that the effects on the financial statements would not differ materially from individual leases within the portfolio.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (upon application of HKFRS 16 in accordance with transitions in Note 2)

Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

Non-lease components are separated from lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices.

Short-term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases of premises that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Right-of-use assets

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received; and
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group.

Except for those that are classified as investment properties and measured under the fair value model, right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property or inventory as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position. Right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment property and inventory are presented within “investment properties” and “properties under development”/“stock of completed properties” respectively.

Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted for under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable.

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (upon application of HKFRS 16 in accordance with transitions in Note 2)
(Continued)

Lease liabilities (Continued)

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever the lease term has changed, in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment.

Lease modifications

The Group accounts for a lease modification as a separate lease if:

- the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and
- the consideration for the leases increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group remeasures the lease liability based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group accounts for the remeasurement of lease liabilities by making corresponding adjustments to the relevant right-of-use asset. When the modified contract contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the modified contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

The Group as a lessee (prior to 1st July, 2019)

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Operating lease payments, including the cost of acquiring land held under operating leases, are recognised as an expense on straight-line basis over the term of relevant lease. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease are recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessor

Classification and measurement of leases

Leases for which the Group is a lessor are classified as finance or operating leases. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset, and such costs are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term except for investment properties measured under fair value model. Upon application of HKFRS 16 on 1st July, 2019, variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as income when they arise.

When a lease contract contains a specific clause that provides for rent reduction or suspension of rent in the event that the underlying assets (or any part thereof) are affected by adverse events beyond the control of the Group and the lessee so as to render the underlying assets unfit or not available for use, the relevant rent reduction or suspension of rent resulting from the specific clause is accounted for as part of the original lease and not as a lease modification. Such rent reduction or suspension of rent is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the event or condition that triggers those payments to occur.

Rental income which are derived from the Group's ordinary course of business are presented as revenue.

The Group as a lessor (upon application of HKFRS 16 in accordance with transitions in Note 2)

Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

When a contract includes both leases and non-lease components, the Group applies HKFRS 15 to allocate consideration in a contract to lease and non-lease components. Non-lease components are separated from lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone selling prices.

Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits received are accounted for under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments from lessees.

Lease modification

The Group accounts for a modification to an operating lease as a new lease from the effective date of the modification, considering any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to the original lease as part of the lease payments for the new lease.

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Dividend income and interest income from loans receivable which are derived from the Group's ordinary course of business are presented as revenue.

Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at FVTOCI:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both selling and collecting contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at the date of initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 "Business Combinations" applies.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Continued)

A financial asset is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

(i) Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost and debt instruments subsequently measured at FVTOCI. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit impaired.

(ii) Equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve; and are not subject to impairment assessment. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments, and will be transferred to retained profits.

Dividends from these investments in equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Dividends are included in the "revenue" line item in profit or loss.

(iii) Debt instruments classified as at FVTOCI

Subsequent changes in the carrying amounts for debt instruments classified as at FVTOCI as a result of interest income calculated using the effective interest method and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss. All other changes in the carrying amount of these debt instruments are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investment revaluation reserve. Impairment allowances are recognised in profit or loss with corresponding adjustment to other comprehensive income without reducing the carrying amounts of these debt instruments. When these debt instruments are derecognised, the cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Continued)

(iv) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or designated as FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset.

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss (“ECL”) model on financial assets (including trade and other receivables, advances to associates/joint ventures, debt instruments at FVTOCI, loans receivable, amounts due from associates/joint ventures/non-controlling interests, restricted bank deposits, time deposits and bank balances) and financial guarantee contracts which are subject to impairment under HKFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL (“12m ECL”) represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessment are done based on the Group’s historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables. The ECL on these assets are assessed individually for debtors with significant balances and/or collectively using a provision matrix with appropriate groupings.

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

(i) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a debt instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk if (i) it has a low risk of default, (ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfill its contractual cash flow obligations. The Group considers a debt instrument to have low credit risk when it has an internal or external credit rating of investment grade as per globally understood definitions.

For financial guarantee contracts, the date that the Group becomes a party to the irrevocable commitment is considered to be the date of initial recognition for the purposes of assessing the financial instrument for impairment. In assessing whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition, the Group considers the changes in the risk that the specified debtor will default on the contract.

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

(ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

(iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- (e) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

(iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been bankrupted. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

Generally, the ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition. For a lease receivable, the cash flows used for determining the ECL is consistent with the cash flows used in measuring the lease receivable in accordance with HKFRS 16 (since 1st July, 2019) or HKAS 17 (prior to 1st July, 2019).

For a financial guarantee contract, the Group is required to make payments only in the event of a default by the debtor in accordance with the terms of the instrument that is guaranteed. Accordingly, the expected losses is the present value of the expected payments to reimburse the holder for a credit loss that it incurs less any amounts that the Group expects to receive from the holder, the debtor or any other party.

For ECL on financial guarantee contracts for which the effective interest rate cannot be determined, the Group will apply a discount rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks that are specific to the cash flows but only if, and to the extent that, the risks are taken into account by adjusting the discount rate instead of adjusting the cash shortfalls being discounted.

Where ECL is measured on a collective basis or cater for cases where evidence at the individual instrument level may not yet be available, the financial instruments are grouped on the following basis:

- Nature of financial instruments (i.e. the Group's trade and other receivables and long-term loans receivable are each assessed as a separate group. Advances to and amounts due from related parties are assessed for expected credit losses on an individual basis); and
- Past-due status.

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

For financial guarantee contracts, the loss allowances are recognised at the higher of the amount of the loss allowance determined in accordance with HKFRS 9; and the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, cumulative amount of income recognised over the guarantee period.

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

Except for financial guarantee contracts and investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, the Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of trade receivables and long-term loans receivable where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account. For investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve without reducing the carrying amount of these debt instruments. Such amount represents the changes in the investment revaluation reserve in relation to accumulated loss allowance.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified either as financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities (including trade and other payables, amounts due to associates/non-controlling interests, bank borrowings and advances from associates/non-controlling interests) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract issued by the Group and not designated as at fair value through profit or loss is recognised initially at its fair value less transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the financial guarantee contract. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of:

- the amount of the loss allowance determined in accordance with HKFRS 9; and
- the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised over the guarantee period.

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of an investment in equity instrument which the Group has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is transferred to retained profits.

On derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument classified as at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when, and only when the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Derivative financial instrument

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date when derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of the reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Hedge accounting

The Group designate a derivative as hedging instrument for cash flow hedges.

At the inception of the hedging relationship the Group documents the relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item, along with its risk management objectives and its strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. Furthermore, at the inception of the hedge and on an ongoing basis, the Group documents whether the hedging instrument is highly effective in offsetting changes in cash flows of the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk.

Assessment of hedging relationship and effectiveness

For hedge effectiveness assessment, the Group considers whether the hedging instrument is effective in offsetting changes in cash flows of the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk, which is when the hedging relationships meet all of the following hedge effectiveness requirements:

- there is an economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument;
- the effect of credit risk does not dominate the value changes that result from that economic relationship; and
- the hedge ratio of the hedging relationship is the same as that resulting from the quantity of the hedged item that the Group actually hedges and the quantity of the hedging instrument that the entity actually uses to hedge that quantity of hedged item.

If a hedging relationship ceases to meet the hedge effectiveness requirement relating to the hedge ratio but the risk management objective for that designated hedging relationship remains the same, the Group adjusts the hedge ratio of the hedging relationship (i.e. rebalances the hedge) so that it meets the qualifying criteria again.

Cash flow hedge

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives and other qualifying hedging instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of cash flow hedging reserve, limited to the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item from inception of the hedge. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in profit or loss, and is included in the "other income and other gains or losses" line item in profit or loss.

Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are reclassified to profit or loss in the periods when the hedged item affects profit or loss, in the same line as the recognised hedged item. Furthermore, if the Group expects that some or all of the loss accumulated in the cash flow hedging reserve will not be recovered in the future, that amount is immediately reclassified to profit or loss.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Hedge accounting (Continued)

Discontinuation of hedge accounting

The Group discontinues hedge accounting prospectively only when the hedging relationship (or a part thereof) ceases to meet the qualifying criteria (after rebalancing, if applicable). This includes instances when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised. Discontinuing hedge accounting can either affect a hedging relationship in its entirety or only a part of it (in which case hedge accounting continues for the remainder of the hedging relationship).

For cash flow hedge, any gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity at that time remains in equity and is recognised when the forecast transactions is ultimately recognised in profit or loss. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the gain or loss accumulated in equity is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when “control” of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good and service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group’s performance as the Group performs;
- the Group’s performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group’s performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

A contract liability represents the Group’s obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

Contracts with multiple performance obligations (including allocation of transaction price)

For contracts that contain more than one performance obligations (hotel room revenue and other ancillary services), the Group allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation on a relative stand-alone selling price basis.

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

Contracts with multiple performance obligations (including allocation of transaction price) (Continued)

The stand-alone selling price of the distinct good or service underlying each performance obligation is determined at contract inception. It represents the price at which the Group would sell a promised good or service separately to a customer. If a stand-alone selling price is not directly observable, the Group estimates it using appropriate techniques such that the transaction price ultimately allocated to any performance obligation reflects the amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring the promised goods or services to the customer.

Over time revenue recognition: measurement of progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation

Output method

The progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured based on output method, which is to recognise revenue on the basis of direct measurements of the value of the goods or services transferred to the customer to date relative to the remaining goods or services promised under the contract, that best depict the Group's performance in transferring control of goods or services.

Existence of significant financing component

In determining the transaction price, the Group adjusts the promised amount of consideration for the effects of the time value of money if the timing of payments agreed (either explicitly or implicitly) provides the customer or the Group with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer. In those circumstances, the contract contains a significant financing component. A significant financing component may exist regardless of whether the promise of financing is explicitly stated in the contract or implied by the payment terms agreed to by the parties to the contract.

For contracts where the period between payment and transfer of the associated goods or services is less than one year, the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the transaction price for any significant financing component.

For advance payments received from customers before the transfer of the associated goods or services in which the Group adjusts for the promised amount of consideration for a significant financing component, the Group applies a discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. The relevant interest expenses during the period between the advance payments were received and the transfer of the associated goods and services are accounted for on the same basis as other borrowing costs.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

Incremental costs of obtaining a contract

Incremental costs of obtaining a contract are those costs that the Group incurs to obtain a contract with a customer that it would not have incurred if the contract had not been obtained.

The Group recognises such costs (sales commissions) as an asset if it expects to recover these costs. The asset so recognised is subsequently amortised to profit or loss on a systematic basis that is consistent with the transfer to the customer of the goods or services to which the asset relates. The asset is included in trade and other receivables and is subject to impairment review.

The Group applies the practical expedient of expensing all incremental costs to obtain a contract if these costs would otherwise have been fully amortised to profit or loss within one year.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred taxation.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from the profit before taxation because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years, and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred taxation is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred taxation liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred taxation assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred taxation liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and interests in associates and joint arrangements, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred taxation assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred taxation assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred taxation assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

The measurement of deferred taxation liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred taxation liabilities or deferred taxation assets for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 "Income Taxes" requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. Temporary differences relating to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised at initial recognition and over the lease terms due to application of the initial recognition exemption. Temporary differences arising from subsequent revision to the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, resulting from remeasurement of lease liabilities and lease modifications, that are not subject to initial recognition exemption are recognised on the date of remeasurement or modification.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred taxation are recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the current and deferred taxation are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

3. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Foreign currencies (Continued)

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in other comprehensive income, in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting period, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of exchange reserve (attributed to non-controlling interest as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, a disposal of interest in a joint arrangement or an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the Company's shareholders are reclassified to profit or loss.

Retirement benefit costs

Payments to the retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

4. Critical accounting judgment and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 3, the Directors are required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgment in applying accounting policies

The following is the critical judgment, apart from those involving estimations (see below), that the Directors have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

Deferred taxation on investment properties

For the purposes of measuring deferred taxation liabilities or deferred taxation assets arising from investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the Directors have reviewed investment property portfolios of the subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures of the Group and concluded that the investment properties held by the subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures of the Group in Hong Kong, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and Singapore are not held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time. Therefore, in measuring the Group's deferred taxation on investment properties, the Directors have determined that the presumption that the carrying amounts of investment properties measured using the fair value model are recovered entirely through sale is not rebutted. As a result, the Group has not recognised any deferred taxes on changes in fair value of investment properties held by the subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures of the Group in Hong Kong and Singapore for those investment properties which are not subject to any income taxes on changes to the fair value of the investment properties upon their sales. However, for those investment properties in the PRC, the deferred taxes on changes in fair value of investment properties are recognised taking into account the Land Appreciation Tax and Enterprise Income Tax payable upon sales of those investment properties in the PRC.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

4. Critical accounting judgment and key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Estimated net realisable value on properties under development

In determining whether allowances should be made for the Group's properties under development, the Group takes into consideration the current market environment and the estimated net realisable value (i.e. the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale). An allowance is made if the estimated or actual net realisable value of the properties under development is less than expected as a result of change in market condition and/or significant variation in the budgeted development cost, material provision for impairment losses may result. The carrying amount of the properties under development is HK\$29,661,206,200 (2019: HK\$25,866,538,169).

Allowance for stocks of completed properties

Management exercises its judgment in making allowance for stocks of completed properties with reference to the existing market environment, the sales performance in previous years and estimated net realisable value of the properties, i.e. the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. A specific allowance for stocks of completed properties is made if the estimated net realisable value of the property is lower than its carrying amount. If the actual net realisable values of the stocks of completed properties are less than expected as a result of change in market condition, material provision for impairment losses may result. The carrying amount of the stocks of completed properties is HK\$1,230,396,135 (2019: HK\$1,732,436,869).

Depreciation on hotel properties

In determining the estimated useful lives of the hotel properties, the management makes reference to the relevant terms of leases of the hotel properties, which are 36 to 96 years. Any changes to the estimated useful lives of the hotel properties may cause a material adjustment to the carrying amount and the depreciation charge within the next financial year.

At 30th June, 2020, the carrying amount of the hotel properties is HK\$1,724,061,091 net of accumulated depreciation of HK\$368,037,109 (2019: HK\$1,892,461,633 net of accumulated amortisation and depreciation of HK\$358,986,685). Details of the movements of the hotel properties are disclosed in Note 18.

Fair value of investment properties

Investment properties are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at 30th June, 2020 at their fair value of HK\$62,658,456,279 (2019: HK\$65,035,087,581). The fair value was based on valuations conducted by independent professional valuers using property valuation techniques which involve certain assumptions of market conditions. Favourable or unfavourable changes to these assumptions would result in changes in the fair value of the Group's investment properties and corresponding adjustments to the amount of gain or loss reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Details of the fair value measurement of investment properties are set out in Note 17.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

5. Revenue

(i) Disaggregation of revenue

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Sales of properties	863,945,244	2,541,762,910
Property management and services	1,146,927,916	1,097,627,033
Hotel operations	611,302,969	933,806,583
Revenue from goods and services	2,622,176,129	4,573,196,526
Rental income from operating leases	3,161,890,218	3,327,376,741
Interest income from loans receivable	69,974,228	61,039,744
Dividend income		
Listed investments	32,847,427	44,092,667
Unlisted investments	–	4,206,900
	5,886,888,002	8,009,912,578

For the year ended 30th June, 2020, revenue from contracts with customers recognised over time mainly consists of property management and service fee income and hotel room revenue of HK\$1,146,927,916 and HK\$305,352,278 (2019: HK\$1,097,627,033 and HK\$464,816,978) respectively. The revenue recognised at a point in time mainly consists of income from sales of properties and income from hotel food and beverage sales of HK\$863,945,244 and HK\$305,950,691 (2019: HK\$2,541,762,910 and HK\$468,989,605) respectively.

(ii) Performance obligations for contracts with customers

Revenue from sales of properties is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains the control of the completed properties.

Revenue from property management and service fee income and hotel room revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation, as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs.

Revenue from hotel food and beverage sales is recognised at a point in time when the food and beverage are served.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

5. Revenue (Continued)

(iii) Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation for contracts with customers

The transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied) regarding contracts for sales of properties and the expected timing of recognising revenue are as follows:

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Within one year	23,901,025,054	491,147,733
Over one year	152,684,136	22,452,108,836
	<u>24,053,709,190</u>	<u>22,943,256,569</u>

The amounts disclosed above do not include unsatisfied performance obligation that are related to the Group's contracts with an original duration of one year or less.

Contracts for property management and service fee income have various contractual periods for which the Group bills fixed amount for each month of service provided. The Group elected to apply the practical expedient by recognising revenue in the amount to which the Group has right to invoice. As permitted under HKFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to these unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed.

All contracts in relation to revenue from hotel operations are for periods of one year or less. As permitted under HKFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to these unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed.

(iv) Leases

All the lease income are from operating leases. The Directors of the Company consider that the variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate included in the operating lease income was insignificant to the Group and thus the relevant financial information was not disclosed.

6. Operating segments

The Group's operating segments are reported by six operating divisions – property sales, property rental, property management and other services, hotel operations, investments in securities and financing. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision makers, being the Directors of the Company, for the purposes of resources allocation and performance assessment. No operating segment identified by chief operating decision makers has been aggregated in arriving at the reportable segments of the Group.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

6. Operating segments (Continued)

Segment results

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

	The Company and its subsidiaries		Associates and joint ventures		Total	
	External revenue HK\$	Results HK\$	Share of revenue HK\$	Share of results HK\$	Segment revenue HK\$	Segment results HK\$
Property sales	863,945,244	40,361,945	1,508,777,294	795,840,388	2,372,722,538	836,202,333
Property rental	3,161,890,218	2,777,356,718	920,891,726	839,210,641	4,082,781,944	3,616,567,359
	4,025,835,462	2,817,718,663	2,429,669,020	1,635,051,029	6,455,504,482	4,452,769,692
Property management and other services	1,146,927,916	279,841,512	115,379,064	18,850,815	1,262,306,980	298,692,327
Hotel operations	611,302,969	167,860,371	200,048,841	24,767,439	811,351,810	192,627,810
Investments in securities	32,847,427	32,847,427	3,900	3,900	32,851,327	32,851,327
Financing	69,974,228	69,974,228	11,245,400	11,245,400	81,219,628	81,219,628
	<u>5,886,888,002</u>	<u>3,368,242,201</u>	<u>2,756,346,225</u>	<u>1,689,918,583</u>	<u>8,643,234,227</u>	<u>5,058,160,784</u>

Segment assets

As at 30th June, 2020

	The Company and its subsidiaries HK\$	Associates and joint ventures HK\$	Total HK\$
Property sales	32,092,535,605	5,607,902,022	37,700,437,627
Property rental	63,115,886,853	15,848,044,912	78,963,931,765
	95,208,422,458	21,455,946,934	116,664,369,392
Property management and other services	511,535,540	37,733,127	549,268,667
Hotel operations	3,073,162,180	536,661,040	3,609,823,220
Investments in securities	721,345,128	1,678,639,552	2,399,984,680
Financing	19,621,905,758	26,762,450	19,648,668,208
Segment assets	<u>119,136,371,064</u>	<u>23,735,743,103</u>	142,872,114,167
Restricted bank deposits, time deposits, bank balances and cash			43,664,096,528
Taxation recoverable			187,591,159
Total assets			<u>186,723,801,854</u>

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

6. Operating segments (Continued)

Other information

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

	Property sales HK\$	Property rental HK\$	Property management and other services HK\$	Hotel operations HK\$	Investments in securities HK\$	Financing HK\$	Consolidated HK\$
Amounts included in the measure of segment assets:							
Capital additions							
– Property, plant and equipment	347,229	2,341,544	20,085,686	25,622,491	-	-	48,396,950
– Investment properties	-	181,329,177	-	-	-	-	181,329,177
– Hotel properties	-	-	-	1,188,758	-	-	1,188,758
Amount regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision makers but not included in the measure of segment profit or loss:							
Change in fair value of investment properties							
	-	(2,020,824,150)	-	-	-	-	(2,020,824,150)
Depreciation							
– Property, plant and equipment	(1,690,409)	(2,650,515)	(14,443,267)	(62,445,245)	(47,446)	-	(81,276,882)
– Hotel properties	-	-	-	(29,569,584)	-	-	(29,569,584)
– Right-of-use assets	-	(120,998)	(51,995,874)	(22,359,325)	(228,147)	-	(74,704,344)

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

6. Operating segments (Continued)

Segment results

For the year ended 30th June, 2019

	The Company and its subsidiaries		Associates and joint ventures		Total	
	External revenue HK\$	Results HK\$	Share of revenue HK\$	Share of results HK\$	Segment revenue HK\$	Segment results HK\$
Property sales	2,541,762,910	827,959,801	444,718,168	216,705,676	2,986,481,078	1,044,665,477
Property rental	3,327,376,741	2,850,198,493	947,002,784	859,888,683	4,274,379,525	3,710,087,176
	5,869,139,651	3,678,158,294	1,391,720,952	1,076,594,359	7,260,860,603	4,754,752,653
Property management and other services	1,097,627,033	218,765,642	124,625,257	32,728,094	1,222,252,290	251,493,736
Hotel operations	933,806,583	349,082,203	419,236,692	188,290,291	1,353,043,275	537,372,494
Investments in securities	48,299,567	48,299,567	3,900	3,900	48,303,467	48,303,467
Financing	61,039,744	61,039,744	14,893,741	14,893,741	75,933,485	75,933,485
	<u>8,009,912,578</u>	<u>4,355,345,450</u>	<u>1,950,480,542</u>	<u>1,312,510,385</u>	<u>9,960,393,120</u>	<u>5,667,855,835</u>

Segment assets

As at 30th June, 2019

	The Company and its subsidiaries HK\$	Associates and joint ventures HK\$	Total HK\$
Property sales	27,844,528,899	6,999,412,496	34,843,941,395
Property rental	65,437,646,166	16,266,060,694	81,703,706,860
	93,282,175,065	23,265,473,190	116,547,648,255
Property management and other services	527,895,512	47,999,782	575,895,294
Hotel operations	3,282,665,850	769,054,012	4,051,719,862
Investments in securities	923,823,343	1,175,740,828	2,099,564,171
Financing	18,218,959,583	30,750,246	18,249,709,829
Segment assets	<u>116,235,519,353</u>	<u>25,289,018,058</u>	141,524,537,411
Restricted bank deposits, time deposits, bank balances and cash			39,073,955,724
Taxation recoverable			<u>149,887,249</u>
Total assets			<u>180,748,380,384</u>

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

6. Operating segments (Continued)

Other information

For the year ended 30th June, 2019

	Property sales HK\$	Property rental HK\$	Property management and other services HK\$	Hotel operations HK\$	Investments in securities HK\$	Financing HK\$	Consolidated HK\$
Amounts included in the measure of segment assets:							
Capital additions							
- Property, plant and equipment	2,691,935	1,319,786	26,482,473	35,781,065	-	-	66,275,259
- Investment properties	-	181,518,093	-	-	-	-	181,518,093
- Hotel properties	-	-	-	7,140,582	-	-	7,140,582
Amount regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision makers but not included in the measure of segment profit or loss:							
Change in fair value of investment properties							
	-	1,965,519,436	-	-	-	-	1,965,519,436
Amortisation and depreciation							
- Property, plant and equipment	(1,883,857)	(3,744,264)	(13,294,455)	(65,179,876)	(47,446)	-	(84,149,898)
- Hotel properties	-	-	-	(38,288,906)	-	-	(38,288,906)
- Prepaid lease payments	-	-	-	(20,081,810)	-	-	(20,081,810)

Measurement

The accounting policies of the reportable and operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in Note 3.

Segment results represent the profit before taxation earned by each segment without allocation of certain other income and other gains or losses, certain administrative expenses and other operating expenses, changes in fair value of investment properties and financial assets at FVTPL, gain on disposal of investment properties, gain on disposal of subsidiaries and certain finance income net of finance costs. The profit before taxation earned by each segment also includes the share of results from the Group's associates and joint ventures without allocation of the associates' and joint ventures' certain other income and other gains or losses, certain administrative expenses and other operating expenses, change in fair value of investment properties, gain on disposal of investment properties, finance costs net of finance income and income tax expense.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

6. Operating segments (Continued)

Reconciliation of profit before taxation

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Segment profit	5,058,160,784	5,667,855,835
Change in fair value of investment properties	(2,020,824,150)	1,965,519,436
Other income and other gains or losses	173,989,690	92,222,088
Change in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL	(3,012,666)	1,214,679
Gain on disposal of investment properties	137,663,664	77,044,126
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	41,623,517	49,855,396
Administrative expenses and other operating expenses	(929,179,117)	(998,108,184)
Finance income, net	993,193,827	580,877,000
Results shared from associates and joint ventures		
– Other income and other gains or losses	(162,813,288)	117,140,533
– Change in fair value of investment properties	(503,511,122)	619,869,986
– Gain on disposal of investment properties	7,041,567	146,034,360
– Administrative expenses and other operating expenses	(245,547,891)	(230,876,396)
– Finance costs, net	(67,866,000)	(29,409,561)
– Income tax expense	(278,999,678)	(340,770,887)
	<u>(1,251,696,412)</u>	<u>281,988,035</u>
Profit before taxation	<u>2,199,919,137</u>	<u>7,718,468,411</u>

During the year ended 30th June, 2020, inter-segment sales of HK\$74,979,392 (2019: HK\$79,954,549) were not included in the segment of “property management and other services”. There were no inter-segment sales in other operating segments. Inter-segment sales were charged at cost plus margin basis as agreed between both parties.

Revenue from major products and services

An analysis of the Group’s revenue for the year from its major products and services is set out in Note 5.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

6. Operating segments (Continued)

Geographical information

The Group operates in four principal geographical areas – Hong Kong, the PRC, Singapore and Australia.

The Group's revenue from external customers and share of revenue from associates and joint ventures by location of operations and information about its non-current assets by location of assets, excluding financial instruments, are detailed below:

	The Company's and its subsidiaries' external revenue		Share of revenue from associates and joint ventures		The Group's non-current assets	
	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Hong Kong	5,100,632,679	6,720,664,614	2,468,014,740	1,499,351,545	77,763,281,190	81,149,544,406
The PRC	97,939,806	263,655,479	175,129,131	259,707,011	7,799,198,720	8,022,935,962
Singapore and Australia	688,315,517	1,025,592,485	113,202,354	191,421,986	3,923,071,369	4,367,240,516
	5,886,888,002	8,009,912,578	2,756,346,225	1,950,480,542	89,485,551,279	93,539,720,884

Information about major customers

There was no customer who individually accounted for over 10% of the total revenue generated from the six operating divisions for both years.

7. Finance income

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Interest income on:		
advances to associates and joint ventures	41,495,260	35,523,521
bank deposits	926,630,859	564,324,799
Imputed interest income on non-current interest-free advances to associates and joint ventures	57,062,024	43,403,893
	1,025,188,143	643,252,213

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

8. Finance costs

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Interest and other finance costs on:		
bank loans	116,634,027	98,509,764
other loans	4,791,084	4,852,656
lease liabilities	2,051,142	–
Imputed interest expense on non-current interest-free advances from associates and non-controlling interests	16,062,416	31,238,107
	<u>139,538,669</u>	<u>134,600,527</u>
Fair value adjustment on an interest rate swap reclassified from hedging reserve to profit or loss	(1,916,161)	–
	<u>137,622,508</u>	<u>134,600,527</u>
Less: Amounts capitalised to properties under development	(107,790,738)	(74,471,973)
	<u>29,831,770</u>	<u>60,128,554</u>

9. Share of results of associates

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Share of results of associates comprises:		
Share of profits of associates	1,169,386,294	1,696,992,211
Share of taxation of associates	(258,497,533)	(318,972,208)
	<u>910,888,761</u>	<u>1,378,020,003</u>

The Group's share of results of associates included the Group's share of decrease in fair value of investment properties of the associates, net of deferred taxation, of HK\$323,654,714 (2019: share of increase in fair value of investment properties of the associates, net of deferred taxation, of HK\$500,137,069) recognised in the statement of profit or loss of the associates.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

10. Share of results of joint ventures

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Share of results of joint ventures comprises:		
Share of (losses) profits of joint ventures	(452,164,445)	238,277,096
Share of taxation of joint ventures	(20,502,145)	(21,798,679)
	<u>(472,666,590)</u>	<u>216,478,417</u>

The Group's share of results of joint ventures included the Group's share of decrease in fair value of investment properties of the joint ventures of HK\$180,895,088 (2019: share of increase in fair value of investment properties of the joint ventures of HK\$91,204,109) recognised in the statement of profit or loss of the joint ventures.

11. Profit before taxation

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Profit before taxation has been arrived at after charging (crediting):		
Staff costs including Directors' remuneration (Note 12):		
Staff salaries and other benefits	1,551,359,027	1,564,029,178
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	59,046,226	61,334,020
Total staff costs	<u>1,610,405,253</u>	<u>1,625,363,198</u>
Release of prepaid lease payments (included in other operating expenses)	–	20,081,810
Auditor's remuneration		
– audit services	4,812,760	5,056,938
– non-audit services	970,000	680,000
Cost of hotel inventories consumed (included in direct expenses)	77,204,920	119,720,659
Cost of properties sold	540,711,582	1,319,224,798
Amortisation and depreciation of property, plant and equipment, hotel properties and right-of-use assets (included in administrative and other operating expenses)	185,550,810	122,438,804
(Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(102,242)	1,167,883
Property, plant and equipment written off	1,150	22,308
Impairment loss on trade receivables, net of reversal	14,975,432	2,888,582
	<u>14,975,432</u>	<u>2,888,582</u>

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

12. Directors' and Chairman's emoluments

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the twelve (2019: eleven) Directors of the Company, which include the Chairman, were disclosed pursuant to section 383(1)-(4) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Hong Kong Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation. Emoluments of the Directors of the Company in respect of their qualifying services including:

2020

	Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong [^] HK\$ (Note ii)	Mr. Daryl Ng Win Kong [^] HK\$ (Note iv)	Mr. Ringo Chan Wing Kwong [^] HK\$ (Note iv)	Mr. Gordon Lee Ching Keung [^] HK\$ (Note iv)	Mr. Sunny Yeung Kwong [^] HK\$ (Notes iv and vi)	Ms. Velencia Lee [^] HK\$ (Notes iv and vi)	Mr. Thomas Tang Wing Yung [^] HK\$ (Note v)	The Honourable Joseph Arculli [†] HK\$ (Note iii)	Dr. Allan Zeman [*] HK\$	Mr. Adrian Man-kiu [*] HK\$	Mr. Steven Ong Kay Eng [*] HK\$	Mr. Cho Bau [*] HK\$	Total HK\$
Fees	-	-	37,500	20,000	22,920	25,010	11,680	200,000	380,000	380,000	350,000	200,000	1,627,110
Salaries and other benefits	920,584	725,538	5,160,900	7,110,793	6,417,316	4,352,116	2,657,523	-	-	-	-	-	27,344,770
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	-	13,500	42,000	24,000	24,000	18,000	6,000	-	-	-	-	-	127,500
Discretionary bonus (Note i)	-	160,990	1,204,800	1,473,750	1,846,249	954,975	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,640,764
Total emoluments	920,584	900,028	6,445,200	8,628,543	8,310,485	5,350,101	2,675,203	200,000	380,000	380,000	350,000	200,000	34,740,144

2019

	Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong [^] HK\$ (Note ii)	Mr. Daryl Ng Win Kong [^] HK\$	Mr. Ringo Chan Wing Kwong [^] HK\$	Ms. Alice Ip Mo Lin [^] HK\$	Mr. Gordon Lee Ching Keung [^] HK\$	Mr. Sunny Yeung Kwong [^] HK\$	Mr. The Honourable Joseph Arculli [†] HK\$ (Note iii)	Dr. Allan Zeman [*] HK\$	Mr. Adrian Man-kiu [*] HK\$	Mr. Steven Ong Kay Eng [*] HK\$	Mr. Cho Bau [*] HK\$	Total HK\$
Fees	40,000	30,000	35,840	26,700	20,000	20,000	200,000	340,000	340,000	330,000	200,000	1,582,540
Salaries and other benefits	1,227,146	956,750	4,377,500	3,764,826	6,173,916	6,134,406	-	-	-	-	-	22,634,544
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	-	18,000	42,000	18,000	24,000	24,000	-	-	-	-	-	126,000
Discretionary bonus (Note i)	-	767,560	1,219,930	2,446,895	1,940,000	1,993,840	-	-	-	-	-	8,368,225
Total emoluments	1,267,146	1,772,310	5,675,270	6,256,421	8,157,916	8,172,246	200,000	340,000	340,000	330,000	200,000	32,711,309

Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong and Mr. Daryl Ng Win Kong waived their directors' fees of HK\$60,000 and HK\$50,000 respectively for the year ended 30th June, 2020 (2019: no waiver of directors' fees).

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

12. Directors' and Chairman's emoluments (Continued)

Note i: Discretionary bonus is determined primarily based on the performance of each Director and the profitability of the Group.

Note ii: Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong is also the Chairman of the Company and his emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by him as the Chairman. Mr. Ng is also a substantial shareholder of the Company through his trustee interest in shares of the Company in the capacity as one of the co-executors of the estate of the late Mr. Ng Teng Fong.

Note iii: A consultancy fee of HK\$1,666,664 (2019: HK\$1,666,664) was paid to Ronald Arculli and Associates, of which The Honourable Ronald Joseph Arculli is the sole proprietor.

Note iv: Mr. Daryl Ng Win Kong, Mr. Ringo Chan Wing Kwong, Mr. Gordon Lee Ching Keung and Ms. Velencia Lee retired by rotation and were re-appointed as Executive Directors of the Company on 24th October, 2019.

Note v: Mr. Thomas Tang Wing Yung was appointed as an Executive Director and Group Chief Financial Officer of the Company on 15th January, 2020.

Note vi: Ms. Velencia Lee was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company on 1st July, 2019 and resigned as an Executive Director of the Company on 1st May, 2020.

Note vii: The Executive Directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group. The Non-Executive Director's and Independent Non-Executive Directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as Directors of the Company.

(^ Executive Directors)

(# Non-Executive Director)

(* Independent Non-Executive Directors)

13. Employees' emoluments

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, three (2019: three) are Directors of the Company whose emoluments are included in Note 12 above. The emoluments of the remaining two (2019: two) individuals disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules are as follows:

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Salaries and other emoluments (including basic salaries, housing allowances and other allowances)	9,553,841	10,924,118
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	48,000	42,000
Discretionary bonus	2,177,945	1,546,100
	11,779,786	12,512,218

Discretionary bonus is determined primarily based on the performance of each employee and the profitability of the Group.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

13. Employees' emoluments (Continued)

The emoluments of the remaining two (2019: two) individuals were within the following bands:

	Number of individuals	
	2020	2019
HK\$		
5,000,001 – 6,000,000	2	–
6,000,001 – 6,500,000	–	2
	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

For the years ended 30th June, 2020 and 2019, no emoluments were paid by the Group to these five highest paid individuals and the Directors, as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. Save as mentioned in Note 12, no other Director waived or agreed to waive any emoluments for both years.

14. Income tax expense

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
The charge (credit) comprises:		
Taxation attributable to the Company and its subsidiaries		
Hong Kong Profits Tax		
Provision for the year calculated at 16.5% (2019: 16.5%)	386,106,984	441,737,849
(Over)underprovision in previous years	(21,860,011)	3,188,986
	<u>364,246,973</u>	<u>444,926,835</u>
Taxation in other jurisdictions		
Provision for the year	46,024,903	117,587,365
(Over)underprovision in previous years	(9,312)	2,143,550
Land Appreciation Tax in the PRC	23,252,411	52,905,933
	<u>69,268,002</u>	<u>172,636,848</u>
Deferred taxation (Note 36)	433,514,975	617,563,683
	<u>91,706,437</u>	<u>96,084,927</u>
	<u>525,221,412</u>	<u>713,648,610</u>

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

14. Income tax expense (Continued)

On 21st March, 2018, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed The Inland Revenue (Amendment) (No. 7) Bill 2017 (the "Bill") which introduces the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The Bill was signed into law on 28th March, 2018 and was gazetted on the following day. Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2 million of profits of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%. The Group considered the amount involved upon implementation of the two-tiered profits tax rates regime as insignificant to the consolidated financial statements. Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for both years.

Taxation in other jurisdictions is provided for in accordance with the respective local tax requirements.

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss as follows:

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Profit before taxation	<u>2,199,919,137</u>	<u>7,718,468,411</u>
Tax charge at Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 16.5% (2019: 16.5%)	362,986,658	1,273,547,288
Tax effect of share of results of associates and joint ventures	(72,306,658)	(263,092,239)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	352,370,290	28,133,212
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	(192,341,631)	(489,513,027)
(Over)underprovision in previous years	(21,869,323)	5,332,536
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	64,328,761	11,083,222
Tax effect of deductible temporary differences not recognised	19,700,238	29,358,840
Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	(21,147,422)	(22,794,265)
Utilisation of deductible temporary differences previously not recognised	(3,191,329)	(9,818,981)
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdictions	13,439,417	98,506,091
Land Appreciation Tax in the PRC	23,252,411	52,905,933
Tax charge for the year	<u>525,221,412</u>	<u>713,648,610</u>

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

15. Dividends

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Dividends recognised as distribution during the year:		
Final dividend for the year ended 30th June, 2019: HK41 cents (2019: HK40 cents for the year ended 30th June, 2018) per share	2,794,966,329	2,641,224,521
Interim dividend for the year ended 30th June, 2020: HK14 cents (2019: HK14 cents for the year ended 30th June, 2019) per share	<u>974,251,863</u>	<u>946,414,707</u>
	<u>3,769,218,192</u>	<u>3,587,639,228</u>

During the year, scrip dividends were offered in respect of the 2019 final dividend and 2020 interim dividend. These scrip alternatives were accepted by certain shareholders, as follows:

	2020 Interim dividend HK\$	2019 Final dividend HK\$
Cash dividends	168,467,201	1,119,378,768
Scrip dividends	<u>805,784,662</u>	<u>1,675,587,561</u>
	<u>974,251,863</u>	<u>2,794,966,329</u>

A final dividend of HK41 cents (2019: HK41 cents) per share for the year ended 30th June, 2020, totalling HK\$2,888,515,165 based on 7,045,158,938 shares (2019: HK\$2,794,966,329 based on 6,816,991,049 shares), has been proposed by the Directors and is subject to approval by the shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. It is expected that the final dividend will be dispatched to shareholders on or about 7th December, 2020.

On 3rd December, 2019 and 17th April, 2020, the Company issued and allotted a total of 141,950,827 (2019: 157,043,742) ordinary shares and 86,217,062 (2019: 56,886,005) ordinary shares at an issue price of HK\$11.804 (2019: HK\$12.344) and HK\$9.346 (2019: HK\$14.524) per ordinary share, to the shareholders in lieu of cash for the 2019 final and 2020 interim dividends (2019: 2018 final and 2019 interim dividends) respectively.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

16. Earnings per share

(a) Reported earnings per share

The calculation of the basic earnings per share attributable to the Company's shareholders is based on the following data:

	2020	2019
	<i>HK\$</i>	<i>HK\$</i>
Earnings for the purpose of basic earnings per share	<u>1,688,050,428</u>	<u>6,914,903,934</u>
	Number	Number
	of shares	of shares
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share	<u>6,916,493,520</u>	<u>6,703,738,772</u>

No diluted earnings per share has been presented for the years ended 30th June, 2020 and 2019 as there were no potential ordinary shares outstanding during the current and prior years.

(b) Underlying earnings per share

For the purpose of assessing the underlying performance of the Group, basic earnings per share calculated based on the underlying profit attributable to the Company's shareholders of HK\$4,557,049,804 (2019: HK\$4,671,078,053) is also presented, excluding the net effect of changes in fair value of investment properties of the Group and its associates and joint ventures and fair value adjustment of the residual interest arising from the disposal of a subsidiary, taking into account tax effect and the amount attributable to the Company's shareholders. The denominators used are the same as those detailed above for reported earnings per share.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

16. Earnings per share (Continued)

(b) Underlying earnings per share (Continued)

A reconciliation of profit is as follows:

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Earnings for the purpose of basic earnings per share	<u>1,688,050,428</u>	<u>6,914,903,934</u>
Change in fair value of investment properties	2,020,824,150	(1,965,519,436)
Effect of corresponding deferred taxation charges	38,225,017	82,012,224
Share of results of associates		
– Change in fair value of investment properties	322,616,034	(528,665,877)
– Effect of corresponding deferred taxation charges	1,038,680	28,528,808
Share of results of joint ventures		
– Change in fair value of investment properties	<u>180,895,088</u>	<u>(91,204,109)</u>
	2,563,598,969	(2,474,848,390)
Amount attributable to non-controlling interests	<u>(30,828,470)</u>	<u>59,147,350</u>
Unrealised change in fair value of investment properties attributable to the Company's shareholders	2,532,770,499	(2,415,701,040)
Realised fair value gain on investment properties disposed of during the year, net of taxation	335,315,764	156,618,785
Realised fair value gain on the disposal of a subsidiary upon sales of the underlying properties in current year	<u>913,113</u>	<u>15,256,374</u>
	<u>2,868,999,376</u>	<u>(2,243,825,881)</u>
Underlying profit attributable to the Company's shareholders	<u>4,557,049,804</u>	<u>4,671,078,053</u>
Underlying earnings per share	<u>0.65</u>	<u>0.69</u>

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

17. Investment properties

The Group leases out various offices, industrial, residential and retail properties under operating leases with rentals payable monthly. Certain leases of retail properties contain variable lease payment that are based on percentage of sales and minimum annual lease payment that are fixed over the lease term.

	Investment properties in Hong Kong HK\$	Investment properties under redevelopment in Hong Kong HK\$	Investment properties in the PRC HK\$	Investment properties in Singapore HK\$	Total HK\$
FAIR VALUE					
At 1st July, 2018	59,167,142,014	93,000,000	2,190,961,888	1,261,801,050	62,712,904,952
Exchange realignment	-	-	(90,224,632)	6,826,200	(83,398,432)
Additions	177,717,626	2,563,500	572,212	664,755	181,518,093
Transfer from properties under development	461,070,831	-	18,241,310	-	479,312,141
Disposals	(22,856,959)	-	(129,437,002)	-	(152,293,961)
Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 39)	(62,000,000)	-	-	-	(62,000,000)
Adjustments to construction costs	(5,227,400)	-	(1,247,248)	-	(6,474,648)
Change in fair value	<u>1,871,126,176</u>	<u>(2,563,500)</u>	<u>97,621,515</u>	<u>(664,755)</u>	<u>1,965,519,436</u>
At 30th June, 2019	61,586,972,288	93,000,000	2,086,488,043	1,268,627,250	65,035,087,581
Exchange realignment	-	-	(78,014,421)	(43,938,600)	(121,953,021)
Additions	175,164,006	1,986,593	2,092,620	2,085,958	181,329,177
Disposals	(78,680,893)	-	(13,003,442)	-	(91,684,335)
Disposal of subsidiaries (Note 39)	(310,000,000)	-	-	-	(310,000,000)
Adjustments to construction costs	(13,270,542)	-	(228,431)	-	(13,498,973)
Change in fair value	<u>(2,042,049,980)</u>	<u>(1,986,593)</u>	<u>43,412,781</u>	<u>(20,200,358)</u>	<u>(2,020,824,150)</u>
At 30th June, 2020	<u>59,318,134,879</u>	<u>93,000,000</u>	<u>2,040,747,150</u>	<u>1,206,574,250</u>	<u>62,658,456,279</u>

Fair value measurement of investment properties

Fair value hierarchy

The fair value of the Group's investment properties is measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement".

All of the Group's investment properties measured at fair value are categorised as Level 3 valuation.

During the years ended 30th June, 2020 and 2019, there were no transfers among Levels 1, 2 and 3.

17. Investment properties (Continued)

Fair value measurement of investment properties (Continued)

Valuation process and methodologies

The fair values of the Group's investment properties at 30th June, 2020 and 2019 have been arrived at on the basis of valuations carried out as at those dates by Knight Frank Petty Limited and Knight Frank Pte Ltd., firms of independent qualified professional valuers not connected with the Group. The valuations were arrived at by reference to market evidence of recent transaction prices for similar properties and/or on the basis of discounted cash flow projections based on estimates of future rental income from properties using current market rentals and yields as inputs. In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and the best use of the properties is their current use.

For investment properties under redevelopment, the valuations had been arrived at by adopting direct comparison approach with reference to comparable transactions in the locality and assuming that the investment properties will be completed in accordance with the development proposals and the relevant approvals for the proposals have been obtained. The valuations had also taken into account the relevant future cost of development, including construction costs, finance costs, professional fees and developer's profit as of completion, which duly reflect the risks associated with the development of the properties.

All of the Group's leasehold property interests held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purposes are measured using fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties.

Level 3 valuation methodologies

Below is a table which presents the significant unobservable input:

Investment properties	Range of capitalisation rates (%)
In Hong Kong	
– Office/Industrial	3% – 6% (2019: 3% – 6%)
– Residential	2% – 6% (2019: 2% – 6%)
– Retail	3% – 6% (2019: 3% – 6%)
Outside Hong Kong	
– Office	4% – 7% (2019: 4% – 8%)

The fair value measurement of investment properties is negatively correlated to the capitalisation rate, which is applied to the prevailing market rent. A slight increase/decrease in the capitalisation rate would result in a significant decrease/increase in fair value and vice versa.

Estimated costs to completion, developer's profit and risk margins required are estimated by valuers based on market conditions for investment properties under redevelopment. The estimates are largely consistent with the budgets developed internally by the Group based on management's experience and knowledge of market conditions. A slight increase/decrease in costs and decrease/increase in margins would result in a significant decrease/increase in fair value and vice versa.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

18. Hotel properties

	Leasehold land in Hong Kong HK\$	Hotel property in Hong Kong HK\$	Hotel properties in Singapore HK\$	Total HK\$
COST				
At 1st July, 2018	92,900,000	218,385,854	1,922,607,031	2,233,892,885
Exchange realignment	–	–	10,414,851	10,414,851
Additions	–	2,038,661	5,101,921	7,140,582
At 30th June, 2019	92,900,000	220,424,515	1,938,123,803	2,251,448,318
Adjustment upon application of HKFRS 16 (Note 2)	(92,900,000)	–	–	(92,900,000)
At 1st July, 2019 (restated)	–	220,424,515	1,938,123,803	2,158,548,318
Exchange realignment	–	–	(67,638,876)	(67,638,876)
Additions	–	–	1,188,758	1,188,758
At 30th June, 2020	–	220,424,515	1,871,673,685	2,092,098,200
AMORTISATION AND DEPRECIATION				
At 1st July, 2018	6,007,391	14,072,023	298,921,382	319,000,796
Exchange realignment	–	–	1,696,983	1,696,983
Provided for the year	2,574,596	6,114,148	29,600,162	38,288,906
At 30th June, 2019	8,581,987	20,186,171	330,218,527	358,986,685
Adjustment upon application of HKFRS 16 (Note 2)	(8,581,987)	–	–	(8,581,987)
At 1st July, 2019 (restated)	–	20,186,171	330,218,527	350,404,698
Exchange realignment	–	–	(11,937,173)	(11,937,173)
Provided for the year	–	6,114,148	23,455,436	29,569,584
At 30th June, 2020	–	26,300,319	341,736,790	368,037,109
CARRYING VALUES				
At 30th June, 2020	–	194,124,196	1,529,936,895	1,724,061,091
At 30th June, 2019	84,318,013	200,238,344	1,607,905,276	1,892,461,633

The hotel properties (2019: leasehold land and hotel properties) are amortised or depreciated on a straight-line basis over the relevant terms of the leases of 36 to 96 years.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

19. Property, plant and equipment

	Computer systems HK\$	Furniture, fixtures, equipment and hotel operating equipment HK\$	Leasehold improvements HK\$	Motor vehicles HK\$	Plant and machinery HK\$	Total HK\$
COST						
At 1st July, 2018	126,035,249	589,405,287	47,827,790	34,169,128	14,909,625	812,347,079
Exchange realignment	113,251	2,673,624	(21,174)	(32,216)	(107,721)	2,625,764
Additions	16,422,240	36,412,941	5,629,580	6,126,617	1,683,881	66,275,259
Write off	(194,378)	(840)	(1,725,033)	–	(1,296)	(1,921,547)
Disposals	(2,925,491)	(5,822,338)	(1,441,797)	(2,058,246)	(894,961)	(13,142,833)
At 30th June, 2019	139,450,871	622,668,674	50,269,366	38,205,283	15,589,528	866,183,722
Exchange realignment	(1,892,000)	(19,025,469)	(27,944)	(437,278)	(91,149)	(21,473,840)
Additions	22,111,638	21,816,506	756,325	2,595,251	1,117,230	48,396,950
Write off	–	(234,610)	–	–	(3,741)	(238,351)
Disposals	(1,769,340)	(4,356,724)	–	(1,115,881)	(1,263,043)	(8,504,988)
At 30th June, 2020	157,901,169	620,868,377	50,997,747	39,247,375	15,348,825	884,363,493
DEPRECIATION						
At 1st July, 2018	100,466,196	393,645,182	44,403,726	26,166,263	9,630,466	574,311,833
Exchange realignment	113,231	1,822,095	(14,932)	(11,244)	(18,083)	1,891,067
Provided for the year	12,486,961	63,852,477	1,717,715	4,014,309	2,078,436	84,149,898
Write off	(194,262)	(840)	(1,703,781)	–	(356)	(1,899,239)
Eliminated on disposals	(2,657,016)	(5,338,069)	(663,466)	(1,953,213)	(894,961)	(11,506,725)
At 30th June, 2019	110,215,110	453,980,845	43,739,262	28,216,115	10,795,502	646,946,834
Exchange realignment	(1,579,891)	(14,415,552)	(18,487)	(319,536)	(24,946)	(16,358,412)
Provided for the year	14,440,425	59,595,882	1,760,675	3,478,424	2,001,476	81,276,882
Write off	–	(233,460)	–	–	(3,741)	(237,201)
Eliminated on disposals	(1,751,497)	(4,154,273)	–	(1,115,881)	(1,232,599)	(8,254,250)
At 30th June, 2020	121,324,147	494,773,442	45,481,450	30,259,122	11,535,692	703,373,853
CARRYING VALUES						
At 30th June, 2020	36,577,022	126,094,935	5,516,297	8,988,253	3,813,133	180,989,640
At 30th June, 2019	29,235,761	168,687,829	6,530,104	9,989,168	4,794,026	219,236,888

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

19. Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Computer systems	20% – 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ %
Furniture, fixtures, equipment and hotel operating equipment	10% – 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ %
Leasehold improvements	20%
Motor vehicles	20% – 25%
Plant and machinery	10% – 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ %

Included in furniture, fixtures, equipment and hotel operating equipment, the carrying value of HK\$108,423,211 (2019: HK\$148,977,185) as at 30th June, 2020 represents furniture, fixtures and equipment relating to the hotel operations of the Group.

20. Right-of-use assets

	Leasehold land <i>HK\$</i>	Leased properties <i>HK\$</i>	Total <i>HK\$</i>
As at 1st July, 2019			
Carrying amount	<u>1,208,370,721</u>	<u>81,034,476</u>	<u>1,289,405,197</u>
As at 30th June, 2020			
Carrying amount	<u>1,147,146,407</u>	<u>39,154,759</u>	<u>1,186,301,166</u>
For the year ended 30th June, 2020			
Depreciation charge	<u>22,359,325</u>	<u>52,345,019</u>	<u>74,704,344</u>
Expense relating to short-term leases and other leases with lease terms ended within 12 months at the date of initial application of HKFRS 16			<u>43,379,311</u>
Total cash outflow for leases			<u>97,359,235</u>
Additions to right-of-use assets			<u>10,463,076</u>

For both years, the Group leases various properties for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed term of 1 to 5 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

In addition, the Group owns hotel properties for its operations. The relevant subsidiaries of the Group are the registered owners of these property interests, including the underlying leasehold lands. Lump sum payments were made to acquire these property interests. The leasehold land components of these owned properties are presented separately as right-of use assets as the payments made for the leasehold land components can be identified reliably.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

21. Prepaid lease payments

	2019 HK\$
Analysed for reporting purposes as:	
Current assets	20,135,984
Non-current assets	<u>1,103,916,724</u>
Leasehold land for hotel properties outside Hong Kong	<u>1,124,052,708</u>

This amount was reclassified in its entirety to right-of-use assets on 1st July, 2019 upon the adoption of HKFRS 16.

22. Interests in associates/advances to associates/amounts due from/to associates

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Interests in associates:		
Unlisted shares, at cost	6,119,093,716	5,670,522,275
Share of post-acquisition profits, net of dividends received	<u>14,646,805,744</u>	<u>16,273,758,541</u>
	<u>20,765,899,460</u>	<u>21,944,280,816</u>
Advances to associates	4,719,949,549	3,429,828,974
Less: Allowance	<u>(1,356,848,488)</u>	<u>(1,378,269,689)</u>
	<u>3,363,101,061</u>	<u>2,051,559,285</u>

Included in the cost of investment in associates is goodwill of HK\$142,498,716 (2019: HK\$142,498,716) arising on acquisitions of associates in prior years.

The advances to associates of the Group are unsecured and have no fixed repayment terms. At 30th June, 2020, out of the Group's advances to associates net of allowance, HK\$210,849,190 (2019: HK\$130,153,825) bears interest and the remaining balance is interest-free. In the opinion of the Directors, the Group will not demand for repayment within the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period and the advances are therefore shown as non-current.

As at 30th June, 2020 and 2019, the Directors reviewed the carrying amounts of the advances to associates. The recoverable amounts of these advances to associates are determined with reference to the Directors' estimate of discounted future cash flows and financial position of these associates at the end of the reporting period. Accordingly, no impairment loss was recognised by considering the recovery in financial condition of the respective associates.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

22. Interests in associates/advances to associates/amounts due from/to associates (Continued)

The amounts due from associates of the Group classified under current assets are unsecured, interest-free and are expected to be repaid within one year.

The amounts due to associates of the Group classified under current liabilities are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

Details of impairment assessment of advances to associates and amounts due from associates for the years ended 30th June, 2020 and 2019 are set out in Note 47.

Particulars of the principal associates at 30th June, 2020 and 2019 are set out in Note 52. The associates are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

Summarised financial information of material associates

Summarised financial information of the Group's material associates is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in the associates' financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs.

Great Maker Limited

Great Maker Limited is incorporated by the Group and other property developers and operates in Hong Kong. The associate is mainly engaged in property trading in Hong Kong.

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Current assets	<u>2,079,409,625</u>	<u>4,273,369,483</u>
Current liabilities	<u>2,036,579,237</u>	<u>2,822,331,289</u>
Non-current liabilities	<u>–</u>	<u>1,451,600,000</u>

	For the year ended 30th June,	
	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Revenue	<u>4,602,779,942</u>	<u>–</u>
Profit (loss) and total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	<u>2,043,392,194</u>	<u>(106,590)</u>
Dividend received from the associate during the year	<u>600,000,000</u>	<u>–</u>

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

22. Interests in associates/advances to associates/amounts due from/to associates (Continued)

Summarised financial information of material associates (Continued)

Great Maker Limited (Continued)

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in Great Maker Limited recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Net assets (liabilities) of Great Maker Limited	42,830,388	(561,806)
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in Great Maker Limited	30%	30%
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in Great Maker Limited	<u>12,849,116</u>	<u>–</u>
Cumulative losses in excess of cost of investment in Great Maker Limited recognised against advance to an associate	<u>–</u>	<u>(168,542)</u>

Hua Qing Holdings Pte Ltd and its subsidiary ("Hua Qing")

Hua Qing is incorporated by the Group and other property developers and operates in the PRC. The associate is mainly engaged in property investment in the PRC.

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Current assets	<u>456,849,879</u>	<u>996,006,018</u>
Non-current assets	<u>14,061,937,433</u>	<u>14,356,795,361</u>
Current liabilities	<u>341,115,299</u>	<u>585,824,664</u>
Non-current liabilities	<u>3,368,101,838</u>	<u>3,373,687,983</u>

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

22. Interests in associates/advances to associates/amounts due from/to associates (Continued)

Summarised financial information of material associates (Continued)

Hua Qing Holdings Pte Ltd and its subsidiary ("Hua Qing") (Continued)

	For the year ended 30th June,	
	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Revenue	<u>735,644,830</u>	<u>778,029,117</u>
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	<u>190,680,443</u>	<u>443,217,527</u>
Dividend received from the associate during the year	<u>182,209,115</u>	<u>–</u>

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in Hua Qing recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Net assets of Hua Qing	<u>10,809,570,175</u>	<u>11,393,288,732</u>
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in Hua Qing	<u>23.5%</u>	<u>23.5%</u>
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in Hua Qing	<u>2,543,394,576</u>	<u>2,680,738,299</u>

Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
The Group's share of profit and total comprehensive income for the year	<u>253,005,711</u>	<u>1,273,766,885</u>
Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's interests in these associates	<u>18,209,655,768</u>	<u>19,263,542,517</u>

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

23. Interests in joint ventures/advances to joint ventures/amounts due from joint ventures

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Interests in joint ventures:		
Unlisted shares	210,734,187	522,239,132
Share of post-acquisition profits, net of dividends received	<u>2,759,109,456</u>	<u>2,822,498,110</u>
	<u>2,969,843,643</u>	<u>3,344,737,242</u>
Advances to joint ventures	10,862,168,668	7,505,992,744
Less: Allowance	<u>(234,102,024)</u>	–
	<u>10,628,066,644</u>	<u>7,505,992,744</u>

The advances to joint ventures of the Group are unsecured and have no fixed repayment terms. At 30th June, 2020, out of the Group's advances to joint ventures, HK\$7,712,200,417 (2019: HK\$5,705,499,063) bear interest and the remaining balance is interest-free. In the opinion of the Directors, the Group will not demand for repayment within the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period and the advances are therefore shown as non-current.

The amounts due from joint ventures of the Group classified under current assets are unsecured, interest-free and are expected to be repaid within one year from the end of the reporting period.

Details of impairment assessment of advances to joint ventures and amounts due from joint ventures for the years ended 30th June, 2020 and 2019 are set out in Note 47.

Particulars of the principal joint ventures at 30th June, 2020 and 2019 are set out in Note 53. The joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

23. Interests in joint ventures/advances to joint ventures/amounts due from joint ventures (Continued)

Summarised financial information of material joint ventures

Summarised financial information of the Group's material joint ventures is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in the joint ventures' financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs.

Rich Century Investment Limited

Rich Century Investment Limited is incorporated by the Group and another property developer and operates in Hong Kong. The joint venture is mainly engaged in property investment in Hong Kong.

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Current assets	<u>36,020,978</u>	<u>36,012,706</u>
Non-current assets	<u>5,190,203,596</u>	<u>5,320,152,501</u>
Current liabilities	<u>1,022,231,783</u>	<u>1,008,982,110</u>
Non-current liabilities	<u>70,492,740</u>	<u>66,403,096</u>

	For the year ended 30th June,	
	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Revenue	<u>289,894,901</u>	<u>282,736,494</u>
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	<u>27,720,050</u>	<u>197,836,563</u>
Dividend received from the joint venture during the year	<u>87,500,000</u>	<u>85,000,000</u>

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

23. Interests in joint ventures/advances to joint ventures/amounts due from joint ventures (Continued)

Summarised financial information of material joint ventures (Continued)

Rich Century Investment Limited (Continued)

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in Rich Century Investment Limited recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Net assets of Rich Century Investment Limited	4,133,500,051	4,280,780,001
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in Rich Century Investment Limited	50%	50%
	2,066,750,026	2,140,390,001
Consolidation adjustment at Group level	29,000	29,000
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in Rich Century Investment Limited	2,066,779,026	2,140,419,001

Grand Site Development Limited

Grand Site Development Limited is incorporated by the Group and another property developer and operates in Hong Kong. The joint venture is mainly engaged in property investment in Hong Kong.

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Current assets	262,257,173	265,145,697
Non-current assets	1,613,400,000	1,726,800,000
Current liabilities	436,966,905	466,231,807
Non-current liabilities	10,572,609	8,560,330

For the year ended 30th June,

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Revenue	38,753,470	41,408,739
(Loss) profit and total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	(89,035,901)	12,262,744

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

23. Interests in joint ventures/advances to joint ventures/amounts due from joint ventures (Continued)

Summarised financial information of material joint ventures (Continued)

Grand Site Development Limited (Continued)

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in Grand Site Development Limited recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Net assets of Grand Site Development Limited	1,428,117,659	1,517,153,560
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in Grand Site Development Limited	50%	50%
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in Grand Site Development Limited	714,058,830	758,576,780

Aggregate information of joint ventures that are not individually material

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
The Group's share of (loss) profit and total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	(442,008,664)	111,428,763
Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's interests in these joint ventures	189,005,787	445,741,461

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

24. Equity and debt instruments at FVTOCI

Equity and debt instruments at FVTOCI comprise:

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Listed investments:		
Equity securities listed in		
Hong Kong	428,887,716	700,359,887
Singapore	134,143,465	157,618,750
Perpetual bonds listed in		
Hong Kong	75,889,531	–
Singapore	7,741,062	–
	<u>646,661,774</u>	<u>857,978,637</u>
Unlisted securities:		
Equity securities	2,961,578	2,961,578
	<u>649,623,352</u>	<u>860,940,215</u>
Equity instruments at FVTOCI	649,623,352	860,940,215
Debt instruments at FVTOCI listed in Singapore	25,595,725	–
	<u>675,219,077</u>	<u>860,940,215</u>
Total	<u>675,219,077</u>	<u>860,940,215</u>

These equity investments are not held for trading, instead, they are held for long-term strategic purposes. The Directors have elected to designate these investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI as they believe that recognising short-term fluctuations in these investments' fair value in profit or loss would not be consistent with the Group's strategy of holding these investments for long-term purposes and realising their performance potential in the long run.

At 30th June, 2020, debt instruments at FVTOCI carried interest at fixed rates ranging from 3.5% to 5.0% per annum and had maturity dates ranging from September 2028 to January 2030.

Unlisted equity securities are investments in unlisted equity securities issued by private entities incorporated in Hong Kong.

At 30th June, 2020 and 2019, all equity and debt instruments at FVTOCI are stated at fair value. Details of the fair value measurements for equity and debt instruments at FVTOCI and impairment assessment for debt instruments at FVTOCI are set out in Note 47.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

25. Derivative financial instrument

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Derivative financial liability (under hedge accounting):		
Cash flow hedge		
Interest rate swap (Note)	17,936,434	–

Note: During the year ended 30th June, 2020, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into an interest rate swap contract with a bank with aggregate notional amount of HK\$1,000,000,000. Such interest rate swap contract has the economic effect of converting borrowing from a floating rate based on Hong Kong Interbank Offer Rate ("HIBOR") to a fixed rate. The interest rate swap was entered into for mitigating the interest rate exposure on a specific borrowing and is designated as a hedging instrument that is subject to cash flow hedge accounting.

26. Amounts due from/to non-controlling interests

The amounts due from/to non-controlling interests of the Group are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

Details of impairment assessment of amounts due from non-controlling interests for the years ended 30th June, 2020 and 2019 are set out in Note 47.

27. Long-term loans receivable

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Gross carrying amount of long-term variable-rate loans receivable	2,267,855,923	2,328,909,713
Less: Allowance for credit losses	–	(2,245,503)
	2,267,855,923	2,326,664,210
Less: Current portion shown under current assets	(87,741,043)	(80,941,385)
	2,180,114,880	2,245,722,825

The Group offers loans to buyers of properties sold by the Group and the repayment terms of the loans are specified in the respective loan agreements.

The Group maintains a defined credit policy to assess the credit quality of each counterparty. The collection is closely monitored to minimise any credit risk associated with these debtors.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

27. Long-term loans receivable (Continued)

Variable-rate loans receivable, net of allowance for credit loss, have the following maturity in accordance with the loan agreements:

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Within one year	87,741,043	80,941,385
In more than one year but not more than five years	360,035,542	344,805,208
In more than five years	<u>1,820,079,338</u>	<u>1,900,917,617</u>
	<u>2,267,855,923</u>	<u>2,326,664,210</u>

The Group's long-term loans receivable are denominated in HK\$ and carry interest rates (which are the contractual interest rates) at prime rate or prime rate plus/minus a margin per annum and are secured by mortgages over the properties acquired by the purchasers. The maturity dates of the balances are ranging from within 1 to 29 years (2019: ranging from within 1 to 30 years).

Details of impairment assessment of long-term loans receivable for the years ended 30th June, 2020 and 2019 are set out in Note 47.

28. Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets at FVTPL comprise:

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Listed investments:		
Equity securities listed in Hong Kong	8,471,208	11,343,458
Equity securities listed elsewhere	<u>182,594</u>	<u>323,010</u>
Total	<u>8,653,802</u>	<u>11,666,468</u>

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

29. Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables mainly comprise rental receivables and property management and other services. Rental receivables are billed and payable in advance by tenants.

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Trade receivables	282,119,749	240,021,449
Less: Allowance for credit losses	(33,033,525)	(21,217,453)
	<u>249,086,224</u>	<u>218,803,996</u>
Other receivables and prepayments	1,316,274,106	1,021,866,458
	<u>1,565,360,330</u>	<u>1,240,670,454</u>

The Group maintains a defined credit policy to assess the credit quality of each counterparty. The collection is closely monitored to minimise any credit risk associated with these trade debtors.

As at 30th June, 2020 and 2019, trade receivables (net of allowance for credit losses) from contracts with customer amounted to HK\$142,223,347 and HK\$168,553,814 respectively.

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables (net of allowance for credit losses) at the end of the reporting period. The amounts not yet due mainly represented receivables from property management and other services. The amounts overdue mainly represent rental receivables billed on a monthly basis and payable by the tenants in advance of the rental periods and receivables from property management and other services:

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Current	43,026,685	33,980,445
Overdue:		
1 – 30 days	58,104,669	98,098,592
31 – 60 days	49,522,012	30,974,527
61 – 90 days	24,504,262	12,361,832
Over 90 days	73,928,596	43,388,600
	<u>249,086,224</u>	<u>218,803,996</u>

For those past due but not impaired receivables at 30th June, 2020 and 2019, although no collateral was held, the Group had assessed the creditworthiness, past payment history and subsequent settlement, and considers that the amounts were still recoverable and no further credit provision is required in excess of allowance for credit losses. Trade receivables overdue more than 90 days amounting to HK\$73,928,596 (2019: HK\$43,388,600) are sufficiently covered by rental deposits received from the respective tenants and no allowance is required for these receivables under the Group's allowance policy.

Trade receivables as at 30th June, 2020 and 2019 which are neither overdue nor impaired are of good quality.

29. Trade and other receivables (Continued)

Other receivables and prepayments mainly comprise receivables in relation to rental, utility and other deposits paid of approximately HK\$173,000,000 (2019: HK\$181,000,000), prepayments for operating expenses of approximately HK\$43,000,000 (2019: HK\$28,000,000), other payment in advance of approximately HK\$125,000,000 (2019: HK\$113,000,000) which is mainly related to property development projects, interest receivables of approximately HK\$154,000,000 (2019: HK\$297,000,000) and prepayment for sales commissions of approximately HK\$458,000,000 (2019: HK\$47,000,000).

Details of impairment assessment of trade and other receivables for the years ended 30th June, 2020 and 2019 are set out in Note 47.

30. Restricted bank deposits/time deposits/bank balances and cash

Included in restricted bank deposits amounted to HK\$121,827,414 (2019: HK\$383,120,841) in total were the proceeds received from sale of properties of certain property projects deposited into designated bank accounts of the Group which were limited to be used for settlement of construction costs of these property projects, interest payment and principal repayment of the corresponding secured bank loans. The remaining balances in 2019 represent rental income received from certain properties and the usage of which is restricted for settlement of property expenses, interest payment and principal repayment of the corresponding secured bank loans.

The restricted bank deposits, time deposits and bank balances carry floating interest rates ranging from 0.001% to 3.50% (2019: 0.001% to 3.38%) per annum.

Details of impairment assessment of restricted bank deposits, time deposits and bank balances for the years ended 30th June, 2020 and 2019 are set out in Note 47.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

31. Trade and other payables

At 30th June, 2020, included in trade and other payables of the Group are trade payables of HK\$83,902,503 (2019: HK\$115,182,425).

The following is an aged analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the reporting date:

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
0 – 30 days	32,094,524	69,893,706
31 – 60 days	31,826,558	20,597,271
61 – 90 days	3,632,895	1,329,600
Over 90 days	16,348,526	23,361,848
	<u>83,902,503</u>	<u>115,182,425</u>

Other payables mainly comprise construction cost payable of approximately HK\$653,000,000 (2019: HK\$857,000,000), rental and utilities deposits received of approximately HK\$795,000,000 (2019: HK\$848,000,000), receipt in advance of approximately HK\$2,589,000,000 (2019: HK\$2,297,000,000) which is mainly related to property development projects and rental receipt in advance of approximately HK\$143,000,000 (2019: HK\$164,000,000).

32. Lease liabilities

	2020 HK\$
Lease liabilities payable:	
Within one year	32,031,671
Within a period of more than one year but not more than two years	7,278,343
Within a period of more than two years but not more than five years	258,756
	<u>39,568,770</u>
Less: Amounts due for settlement within 12 months shown under current liabilities	<u>(32,031,671)</u>
Amounts due for settlement after 12 months shown under non-current liabilities	<u>7,537,099</u>

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

33. Contract liabilities

As at 30th June, 2020, the Group has recognised the contract liabilities of HK\$23,454,168,068 (2019: HK\$16,208,373,613) related to property sales. No significant financing component is included in contract liabilities for both years.

The contract liabilities of the Group are all expected to be settled within the Group's normal operating cycle and thus are classified as current liabilities.

The Group receives certain percentage of the contract price as deposits from customers when they sign the sale and purchase agreements. The rest of sale consideration is typically paid when legal assignment is completed. In many cases, the Group receives further deposits from customers prior to the completion of legal assignment. In some sales arrangements, the customers agree to pay the rest of sale consideration early while construction is still ongoing. All such deposits received are recognised as contract liabilities throughout the property construction period until the customer obtains control of the completed property.

The following shows how much of the revenue recognised in the current year relates to carried-forward contract liabilities.

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the year	<u>38,921,064</u>	<u>1,139,303,717</u>

34. Bank borrowings

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Long-term unsecured bank borrowings		
Within one year	831,996,000	–
More than one year but not exceeding two years	2,843,058,010	1,642,996,000
More than two years but not exceeding five years	<u>1,575,141,705</u>	<u>3,383,692,387</u>
	5,250,195,715	5,026,688,387
Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities	<u>(831,996,000)</u>	–
Total bank borrowings – due after one year	<u>4,418,199,715</u>	<u>5,026,688,387</u>

All of the Group's bank borrowings carry interest rates (which are also the effective interest rates) at HIBOR plus a margin per annum.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

35. Share capital

	2020		2019	
	Number of ordinary shares	Share capital HK\$	Number of ordinary shares	Share capital HK\$
Ordinary shares issued and fully paid:				
At 1st July	6,816,991,049	47,324,776,293	6,603,061,302	44,560,016,005
Issue of shares in lieu of cash dividends	228,167,889	2,481,372,223	213,929,747	2,764,760,288
At 30th June – ordinary shares with no par value	<u>7,045,158,938</u>	<u>49,806,148,516</u>	<u>6,816,991,049</u>	<u>47,324,776,293</u>

On 3rd December, 2019 and 17th April, 2020, the Company issued and allotted a total of 141,950,827 (2019: 157,043,742) ordinary shares and 86,217,062 (2019: 56,886,005) ordinary shares at an issue price of HK\$11.804 (2019: HK\$12.344) and HK\$9.346 (2019: HK\$14.524) per ordinary share, to the shareholders in lieu of cash for the 2019 final and 2020 interim dividends (2019: 2018 final and 2019 interim dividends) respectively.

The shares rank pari passu in all respects with the existing shares.

36. Deferred taxation

The major deferred taxation liabilities and assets recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior reporting periods are as follows:

	Accelerated tax depreciation HK\$	Revaluation of investment properties HK\$	Undistributed profits of subsidiaries and associates HK\$	Tax losses HK\$	Others HK\$	Total HK\$
At 1st July, 2018	838,356,116	1,283,355,919	321,509,639	(53,986,975)	(2,088,173)	2,387,146,526
Exchange realignment	–	(35,939,150)	(1,551,776)	–	478,683	(37,012,243)
Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 39)	(865,561)	–	–	–	–	(865,561)
Charged (credited) to profit or loss for the year	<u>44,697,567</u>	<u>21,080,389</u>	<u>14,880,043</u>	<u>15,761,088</u>	<u>(334,160)</u>	<u>96,084,927</u>
At 30th June, 2019	882,188,122	1,268,497,158	334,837,906	(38,225,887)	(1,943,650)	2,445,353,649
Exchange realignment	–	(31,782,518)	(1,081,798)	–	(2,882,548)	(35,746,864)
Disposal of subsidiaries (Note 39)	(2,346,630)	–	–	–	–	(2,346,630)
Settlement on withholding tax	–	–	(10,794,065)	–	–	(10,794,065)
Charged (credited) to profit or loss for the year	<u>54,174,299</u>	<u>31,775,616</u>	<u>10,456,195</u>	<u>(7,642,056)</u>	<u>2,942,383</u>	<u>91,706,437</u>
At 30th June, 2020	<u>934,015,791</u>	<u>1,268,490,256</u>	<u>333,418,238</u>	<u>(45,867,943)</u>	<u>(1,883,815)</u>	<u>2,488,172,527</u>

36. Deferred taxation (Continued)

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position, the deferred taxation assets and liabilities have been offset.

At 30th June, 2020, the Group had unused tax losses of HK\$993,752,521 (2019: HK\$685,731,945) available for offset against future profits. A deferred taxation asset has been recognised in respect of HK\$277,987,533 (2019: HK\$231,672,042) of such losses. No deferred taxation asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining HK\$715,764,988 (2019: HK\$454,059,903) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

At 30th June, 2020, the Group had deductible temporary differences of HK\$705,603,612 (2019: HK\$605,549,618). No deferred taxation asset has been recognised in relation to such deductible temporary differences as it is not probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

37. Advances from associates

The advances from associates of the Group are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed repayment terms. The associates have agreed not to demand repayment within the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period and the advances are therefore shown as non-current. The effective interest rate for imputed interest expense for these interest-free loans is determined based on the cost-of-funds of the Group.

38. Advances from non-controlling interests

The advances from non-controlling interests of the Group amounting to HK\$71,343,674 (2019: HK\$35,644,803) are unsecured, bear interest at 6.25% (2019: 6.25%) per annum and have no fixed repayment terms. The remaining balance of HK\$71,368,543 (2019: HK\$70,934,266) is unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed repayment terms. The non-controlling shareholders have agreed not to demand repayment within the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period and the advances are therefore shown as non-current.

39. Disposal of subsidiaries

(a) Disposal of Silver Target Limited and Regent Profit Investment Limited

During the year ended 30th June, 2020, the Group disposed of its entire interest in Silver Target Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, for a cash consideration received of approximately HK\$283,000,000 to an independent third party. The disposal was completed on 10th January, 2020.

During the year ended 30th June, 2020, the Group disposed of its entire interest in Regent Profit Investment Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, for a cash consideration received of approximately HK\$71,000,000 to an independent third party. The disposal was completed on 29th May, 2020.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

39. Disposal of subsidiaries (Continued)

(a) Disposal of Silver Target Limited and Regent Profit Investment Limited (Continued)

The net assets of Silver Target Limited and Regent Profit Investment Limited at the date of disposal were as follows:

	Silver Target Limited HK\$	Regent Profit Investment Limited HK\$	Total HK\$
Net assets disposed of:			
Investment properties	285,000,000	25,000,000	310,000,000
Trade and other receivables	917,722	104,049	1,021,771
Bank balances and cash	219	–	219
Trade and other payables	(2,614,888)	(132,526)	(2,747,414)
Amount due to a subsidiary of the Group	(71,840,910)	(2,008,967)	(73,849,877)
Taxation payable	(971,131)	–	(971,131)
Deferred taxation	(2,346,630)	–	(2,346,630)
	<u>208,144,382</u>	<u>22,962,556</u>	<u>231,106,938</u>
Assignment of amount due to a subsidiary of the Group to the purchaser	<u>71,840,910</u>	<u>2,008,967</u>	<u>73,849,877</u>
	279,985,292	24,971,523	304,956,815
(Loss) gain on disposal	<u>(2,246,483)</u>	<u>43,870,000</u>	<u>41,623,517</u>
	<u>277,738,809</u>	<u>68,841,523</u>	<u>346,580,332</u>
Satisfied:			
Cash consideration received	282,701,703	70,971,523	353,673,226
Expenses incurred for disposal	<u>(4,962,894)</u>	<u>(2,130,000)</u>	<u>(7,092,894)</u>
	277,738,809	68,841,523	346,580,332
Bank balances and cash disposed of	<u>(219)</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>(219)</u>
Net cash inflow arising on disposal	<u>277,738,590</u>	<u>68,841,523</u>	<u>346,580,113</u>

The subsidiaries disposed of during the year did not contribute significantly to the revenue, operating results or cash flows to the Group for the year ended 30th June, 2020.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

39. Disposal of subsidiaries (Continued)

(b) Disposal of Wise Mate Limited

During the year ended 30th June, 2019, the Group disposed of its entire interest in Wise Mate Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, for a cash consideration of approximately HK\$112,000,000 to an independent third party. The disposal was completed on 24th June, 2019. The net assets of Wise Mate Limited at the date of disposal were as follows:

	<i>HK\$</i>
Net assets disposed of:	
Investment properties	62,000,000
Trade and other receivables	256,536
Trade and other payables	(565,210)
Amount due to a subsidiary of the Group	(23,772,312)
Taxation payables	(239,619)
Deferred taxation	(865,561)
	<u>36,813,834</u>
Assignment of amount due to a subsidiary of the Group to the purchaser	<u>23,772,312</u>
	60,586,146
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	<u>49,855,396</u>
	<u>110,441,542</u>
Satisfied:	
Cash consideration received	111,950,019
Expenses incurred for disposal	<u>(1,508,477)</u>
Net cash inflow arising on disposal	<u>110,441,542</u>

The subsidiary disposed of during the prior year did not contribute significantly to the revenue, operating results or cash flows to the Group for the year ended 30th June, 2019.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

40. Joint operations

The Group has entered into joint venture agreements (“Agreements”) in the form of joint operations to engage in residential/commercial property development, sales and investment in Hong Kong. Under the Agreements, the Group is mainly responsible for the development of the projects.

At 30th June, 2020 and 2019, the aggregate amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses recognised in the consolidated financial statements in relation to interests in joint operations attributable to the Group are as follows:

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Investment properties	11,053,278,672	11,452,506,081
Other non-current assets	29,323,603	66,737
Current assets	20,884,627,209	21,741,031,962
	<u>31,967,229,484</u>	<u>33,193,604,780</u>
Non-current liabilities	235,624,117	218,267,033
Current liabilities	20,744,572,468	15,507,122,705
	<u>20,980,196,585</u>	<u>15,725,389,738</u>
Income	<u>334,597,011</u>	<u>1,173,211,281</u>
Expenses	<u>247,409,184</u>	<u>316,276,387</u>

41. Pledge of assets

At 30th June, 2019, the Group’s investment properties of HK\$254,647,250, hotel properties of HK\$778,781,122 and prepaid lease payments of HK\$713,044,039 had been pledged to secure banking facilities of the Group. At 30th June, 2020, the Group did not have any pledged assets.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

42. Contingent liabilities

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had contingent liabilities as follows:

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Guarantees given to banks in respect of:		
Banking facilities of an associate and joint ventures attributable to the Group		
– Utilised	6,863,909,096	5,488,625,000
– Unutilised	3,892,216,604	2,425,605,000
	<u>10,756,125,700</u>	<u>7,914,230,000</u>
Mortgage loans granted to property purchasers	<u>502,404,617</u>	<u>464,134,435</u>

At 30th June, 2020 and 2019, the Group issued corporate financial guarantees to banks in respect of banking facilities granted to an associate and joint ventures. At the end of both reporting periods, the Group did not recognise any liabilities in respect of such corporate financial guarantees as the Directors of the Company consider that the fair values of these financial guarantee contracts at their initial recognition and at the end of the reporting period are insignificant. The amounts of loss allowances determined in accordance with HKFRS 9 at the end of the reporting period are insignificant.

Guarantees are given to banks with respect to loans procured by the purchasers of the Group's properties. Such guarantees will be released by banks upon completion of the relevant mortgage properties registration. In the opinion of the Directors, the fair values of these financial guarantee contracts of the Group are insignificant at initial recognition and the Directors consider that the possibility of default of the parties involved is remote; accordingly, no value has been recognised at the inception of these guarantee contracts and at the end of the each reporting period. The amounts of loss allowances determined in accordance with HKFRS 9 at the end of the reporting period are insignificant.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

43. Operating lease arrangements

The Group as lessor

Property rental income earned during the year, net of outgoings of HK\$384,533,500 (2019: HK\$477,178,248), was HK\$2,777,356,718 (2019: HK\$2,850,198,493). Most of the properties have committed tenants with fixed rental for an average term of two years.

Lease payments receivable on leases are as follows:

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Within one year	2,229,523,817	2,332,866,766
In the second year	1,279,715,661	1,282,602,445
In the third year	642,194,051	616,619,775
In the fourth year	364,401,678	250,098,317
In the fifth year	209,747,088	116,885,118
After five years	201,519,117	46,802,761
	<u>4,927,101,412</u>	<u>4,645,875,182</u>

The Group as lessee

Minimum lease payments paid under operating leases during the year ended 30th June, 2019 was HK\$51,867,791.

The Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

	2019 HK\$
Within one year	54,598,513
In the second to fifth year inclusive	<u>38,035,851</u>
	<u>92,634,364</u>

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for certain of its office properties to its related companies. Leases are negotiated for an average term of two years and rentals are fixed for an average term of two years.

44. Retirement benefit scheme

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (“MPF Scheme”) for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The MPF Scheme is registered with the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of an independent trustee. Under the rules of the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at rates specified in the rules. The only obligation of the Group with respect to MPF Scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme. No forfeited contribution is available to reduce the contribution payable in the future years.

The Group is also required to make contributions to state pension scheme, the Central Provident Fund, based on certain percentages of the monthly salaries of the employees of the Company’s subsidiaries operating in Singapore. The Group has no other obligations under this state pension scheme other than the contribution payments.

The eligible employees of the Company’s subsidiaries in the PRC are members of pension schemes operated by the Chinese local government. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of the relevant cost of the basic payroll of these employees to the pension schemes to fund the benefits. The Group has no other obligations under this state pension scheme other than the contribution payments.

45. Properties under development/stocks of completed properties

At the end of the reporting period, properties under development amounting to approximately HK\$15,480,603,000 (2019: HK\$25,073,902,000) were not expected to be realised within twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

Effective from 1st July, 2019, the carrying amount of leasehold land included in properties under development and stocks of completed properties of approximately HK\$23,192,371,000 (As at 1st July, 2019: HK\$23,391,589,000) is measured under HKFRS 16 at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The residual values are determined as the estimated disposal value of the leasehold land component. No depreciation charge is made on the leasehold land taking into account the estimated residual values as at 30th June, 2020.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

46. Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balances.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debts, which include bank borrowings, advances from associates/non-controlling interests, amounts due to associates/non-controlling interests and equity attributable to the Company's shareholders, comprising issued share capital, retained profits and other reserves as disclosed in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

The management of the Group reviews the capital structure periodically. As a part of this review, the management of the Group considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. The Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new shares issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

There were no changes on the Group's approach to capital risk management during the year.

47. Financial instruments

Categories of financial instruments

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Financial assets		
Financial assets at FVTPL	8,653,802	11,666,468
Equity and debt instruments at FVTOCI	675,219,077	860,940,215
Financial assets at amortised costs	<u>64,691,568,723</u>	<u>58,124,964,478</u>
Financial liabilities		
Amortised costs	13,047,304,312	13,677,438,156
Derivative financial instrument	<u>17,936,434</u>	<u>–</u>

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include trade and other receivables, advances to associates/joint ventures, equity and debt instruments at FVTOCI, loans receivable, financial assets at FVTPL, amounts due from/to associates/joint ventures/non-controlling interests, restricted bank deposits, time deposits, bank balances and cash, trade and other payables, bank borrowings, advances from associates/non-controlling interests and derivative financial instrument.

Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

47. Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk

The Group's activities expose the Group primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and other equity price. There has been no change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risks. Details of each type of market risks are described as follows:

Currency risk

The Group undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign currencies, hence exposures to exchange rate fluctuations arise. The Group currently does not use any derivative contracts to hedge against its exposure to currency risk. The Group manages its foreign currency risk by closely monitoring the movement of the foreign currency rates.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets (excluding equity and debt instruments at FVTOCI) and monetary liabilities at the end of the respective reporting periods are as follows:

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Assets		
RMB	304,059,848	327,509,422
United States Dollars ("USD")	1,884,895,266	1,426,493,914
Australian Dollars ("AUD")	603,830,452	561,000,528
New Zealand Dollars ("NZD")	24,536,139	25,014,103
Singapore Dollars ("SGD")	222,418,871	–
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Liabilities		
RMB	358,089,511	485,520,644
	<hr/>	<hr/>

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

47. Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The Group's foreign currency risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of RMB, AUD, NZD and SGD (the "Foreign Currencies") against HK\$, functional currency of the relevant group entities. The exposure of USD against HK\$ is considered insignificant as HK\$ is pegged to USD, therefore is excluded from the sensitivity analysis below.

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to 5% increase and decrease in the Foreign Currencies against HK\$. 5% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign currency rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. A positive number indicates an increase in profit for the year where the Foreign Currencies strengthens against HK\$. For a weakening of the Foreign Currencies against HK\$, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the profit.

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
RMB	(2,255,738)	(6,596,968)
AUD	25,209,921	23,421,772
NZD	1,024,384	1,044,339
SGD	9,285,988	–

Certain equity and debt instruments at FVTOCI are denominated in SGD which is a foreign currency in relation to the relevant group entities. For equity instruments at FVTOCI amounted to HK\$115,171,437 (2019: HK\$127,995,666) as at 30th June, 2020, an increase/a decrease in 5% of SGD against the functional currency of the relevant group entities would result in an increase/a decrease of HK\$5,758,571 (2019: HK\$6,399,783) in the Group's investment revaluation reserve. For debt instruments at FVTOCI amounted to HK\$9,325,651 (2019: nil) as at 30th June, 2020, an increase/a decrease in 5% of SGD against the functional currency of the relevant group entities would result in an increase/a decrease of HK\$466,283 (2019: nil) in the Group's profit or loss.

Interest rate risk

Long-term loans receivable, advances to associates, advances to joint ventures, certain trade and other payables, bank borrowings at floating rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Advances from non-controlling interests and lease liabilities at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of HIBOR arising from the bank borrowings and prime rate arising from the loans receivable.

47. Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

Interest rate risk (Continued)

Since 1st July, 2019, the management has aimed at keeping certain general bank borrowing at fixed rate at appropriate level by entering into interest rate swap. In order to achieve this result, the Group entered into an interest rate swap to hedge against certain exposures to changes in interest rates of certain bank borrowing.

Details of the Group's interest rate swap and bank borrowings entered into by the Group at the end of the reporting period are set out in Notes 25 and 34, respectively.

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates including floating rate long-term loans receivable, advances to associates, advances to joint ventures, certain trade and other payables, bank borrowings and derivatives which are designated as effective hedging instruments for variable rate borrowing. Bank balances are not included in the analysis as the management expects that bank deposit rates do not fluctuate significantly. The analysis is prepared assuming that the change in interest rate had occurred at the end of the respective reporting period and had been applied to the exposure to interest rate risk for these financial assets and financial liabilities in existence at that date and outstanding for the whole year. The 50 basis points represent the best estimation of the possible change in the interest rates over the period until the end of the next reporting period.

At the end of the respective reporting periods, if interest rates had increased/decreased by 50 basis points and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit for the year would have increased/decreased by HK\$20,219,162 (2019: HK\$9,046,295) and hedging reserve would have decreased/increased by HK\$4,175,000 (2019: nil) as a result of fair value adjustment of derivatives which are designated as effective hedging instruments for variable rate borrowing.

Other price risk

The Group is exposed to other price risk through its investments in equity and debt securities. The management manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risks and returns. The Group's other price risk is primarily arising from listed equity securities which are mainly concentrated on blue chip stocks quoted in the Stock Exchange and the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited. In this regard, the management considers the Group's exposure to other price risk is reduced.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

47. Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

Other price risk sensitivity analysis

The following tables show the sensitivity to price risk on the equity and debt instruments at FVTOCI and equity instruments at FVTPL which are carried at fair value at the end of such reporting period. Sensitivity rate of 5% represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in equity and debt instruments price while all other variables were held constant.

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Equity and debt instruments at FVTOCI		
Increase (decrease) in investment revaluation reserve		
– as a result of increase in price	33,612,875	42,898,932
– as a result of decrease in price	<u>(33,612,875)</u>	<u>(42,898,932)</u>
Equity instruments at FVTPL		
Increase (decrease) in profit for the year		
– as a result of increase in price	361,296	487,075
– as a result of decrease in price	<u>(361,296)</u>	<u>(487,075)</u>

Credit risk and impairment assessment

As at 30th June, 2020 and 2019, other than those financial assets whose carrying amounts best represent the maximum exposure to credit risk, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group arising from the amount of contingent liabilities in relation to financial guarantees provided by the Group is disclosed in Note 42.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits and credit approvals. Monitoring procedures are in place to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debt and the credit concentration of debt instruments on a regular basis. In addition, the Group performs impairment assessment under ECL model on trade receivables based on provision matrix. In this regard, the Directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

47. Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

The Group's internal credit risk grading assessment comprises the following categories:

Internal credit rating	Description	Trade receivables	Other financial assets
Low risk	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired	12m ECL
Watch list	Debtor frequently repays after due dates but usually settle in full	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired	12m ECL
Doubtful	There have been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition through information developed internally or external resources	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired
Loss	There is evidence indicating the asset is credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL – credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL – credit-impaired
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is written off	Amount is written off

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

47. Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

Apart from trade receivables of HK\$33,033,525 (2019: HK\$21,217,453) and loans receivable of nil (2019: HK\$2,245,503) which are considered to be credit-impaired, the management of the Group considers that the other financial assets (including other receivables, loans receivable, advances to associates/joint ventures, amounts due from associates/joint ventures/non-controlling interests, restricted bank deposits, time deposits, bank balances and debt instruments at FVTOCI) have low credit risk because the probability of default of the counterparties is insignificant or these items do not have any past due amounts. Accordingly, the Group performed impairment assessment individually based on 12m ECL and no allowance for credit losses is provided.

With respect to credit risk arising from other receivables, the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from default of the counterparty is limited as the counterparty has good history of repayment and/or in good financial condition. Accordingly, the Group does not expect to incur a significant loss for uncollected other receivables.

With respect to credit risk arising from loans receivable, the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from default of the counterparty is limited as each outstanding loans are secured by the properties purchased by the buyers and the fair value of each property exceeds the outstanding loan amount on an individual basis.

With respect to credit risk arising from advances to associates/joint ventures and amounts due from associates/joint ventures/non-controlling interests, the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from default of the counterparty is limited as the counterparty engages in property investment or property development in Hong Kong and the underlying properties are of high quality. Accordingly, the Group does not expect to incur a significant loss for uncollected for advances to associates/joint ventures and amounts due from associates/joint ventures/non-controlling interests.

With respect to credit risk on debt instruments at FVTOCI, the Group only invests in debt securities with low credit risk. The Group's debt instruments at FVTOCI mainly comprise listed bonds that are graded in investment grade as per globally understood definitions and therefore are considered to be low credit risk investments.

With respect to credit risks on restricted bank deposits, time deposits and bank balances are limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

For trade receivables, the Group uses debtors' aging to assess the impairment for its customers in relation to its property rental operation because these customers consist of a large number of small customers with common risk characteristics that are representative of the customers' abilities to pay all amounts due in accordance with the contractual terms.

During the year ended 30th June, 2020, no allowance for credit losses is provided on overdue trade receivables with gross carrying amount HK\$239,093,064 (2019: HK\$206,041,004) by using provision matrix because the Group considered that credit losses on these trade receivables are insignificant.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

47. Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

The estimated loss rates are estimated based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of the customers and are adjusted for forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure relevant information about specific customer is updated.

As at 30th June, 2020, credit-impaired trade receivables of HK\$33,033,525 (2019: HK\$21,217,453) were assessed individually.

The following table shows reconciliation of loss allowance that has been recognised for trade receivables.

	Lifetime ECL (credit-impaired) HK\$
As at 1st July, 2018	21,738,487
Recognition of impairment loss	2,889,070
Reversal of impairment loss	(488)
Amounts written off	<u>(3,409,616)</u>
As at 30th June, 2019	21,217,453
Recognition of impairment loss	15,063,107
Reversal of impairment loss	(87,675)
Amounts written off	<u>(3,159,360)</u>
As at 30th June, 2020	<u>33,033,525</u>

As at 30th June, 2020, no allowance for credit losses is provided (2019: HK\$2,245,503) for loans receivable which are credit-impaired.

The following table shows reconciliation of loss allowance that has been recognised for loans receivable.

	Lifetime ECL (credit-impaired) HK\$
As at 1st July, 2018	12,646,510
Amounts written off	<u>(10,401,007)</u>
As at 30th June, 2019	2,245,503
Amounts written off	<u>(2,245,503)</u>
As at 30th June, 2020	<u>–</u>

Other than concentration of credit risk on advances to associates/joint ventures and amounts due from associates/joint ventures/non-controlling interests, the Group does not have any other significant concentration of credit risk in which exposure is spread over a large number of counterparties.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

47. Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitor and maintain a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management monitors the utilisation of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The following table details the Group's contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities and derivative instruments based on the agreed repayment terms. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Repayable on demand or less than 1 month HK\$	1 - 3 months HK\$	3 months to 1 year HK\$	1 - 2 years HK\$	2 - 5 years HK\$	Over 5 years HK\$	Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$	Carrying amount HK\$
2020									
Trade and other payables									
non-interest bearing	N/A	2,080,611,328	28,603,279	885,272,558	450,078,463	136,708,456	15,503,426	3,596,777,510	3,596,777,510
variable rate	5.00	38,290,090	-	-	-	-	-	38,290,090	38,290,090
Other liabilities									
non-interest bearing	2.36	1,709,936,828	738,712,759	-	1,661,242,258	-	-	4,109,891,845	4,090,697,323
fixed rate	6.25	371,582	743,163	3,344,235	71,343,674	-	-	75,802,654	71,343,674
Borrowings									
variable rate	1.14	5,004,853	10,009,707	872,905,077	2,873,637,101	1,619,800,215	-	5,381,356,953	5,250,195,715
Financial guarantee contracts	N/A	502,404,617	-	1,332,000,000	2,598,000,000	6,826,125,700	-	11,258,530,317	-
		<u>4,336,619,298</u>	<u>778,068,908</u>	<u>3,093,521,870</u>	<u>7,654,301,496</u>	<u>8,582,634,371</u>	<u>15,503,426</u>	<u>24,460,649,369</u>	<u>13,047,304,312</u>
Derivatives - net settlement									
Interest rate swap	N/A	<u>326,167</u>	<u>652,333</u>	<u>2,935,500</u>	<u>3,914,000</u>	<u>10,437,333</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>18,265,333</u>	<u>17,936,434</u>
Lease liabilities	3.20	<u>4,710,212</u>	<u>9,344,334</u>	<u>19,171,202</u>	<u>7,434,463</u>	<u>264,543</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>40,924,754</u>	<u>39,568,770</u>

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

47. Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Repayable on demand or less than 1 month HK\$	1 – 3 months HK\$	3 months to 1 year HK\$	1 – 2 years HK\$	2 – 5 years HK\$	Over 5 years HK\$	Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$	Carrying amount HK\$
2019									
Trade and other payables									
non-interest bearing	N/A	1,696,053,167	35,223,903	823,911,485	639,788,701	191,937,203	14,874,079	3,401,788,538	3,401,788,538
variable rate	5.13	1,181,999	-	-	-	-	-	1,181,999	1,181,999
Other liabilities									
non-interest bearing	2.14	2,637,954,369	881,155,371	-	1,709,087,105	-	-	5,228,196,845	5,212,134,429
fixed rate	6.25	185,650	371,300	1,670,850	35,644,803	-	-	37,872,603	35,644,803
Borrowings									
variable rate	3.07	12,885,198	25,770,395	115,966,779	1,771,431,481	3,433,380,030	-	5,359,433,883	5,026,688,387
Financial guarantee contracts	N/A	899,614,435	-	1,158,000,000	1,332,000,000	4,988,750,000	-	8,378,364,435	-
		<u>5,247,874,818</u>	<u>942,520,969</u>	<u>2,099,549,114</u>	<u>5,487,952,090</u>	<u>8,614,067,233</u>	<u>14,874,079</u>	<u>22,406,838,303</u>	<u>13,677,438,156</u>

The amounts included above for financial guarantee contracts are the maximum amounts the Group could be required to settle under the arrangement for the full guaranteed amount if that amount is claimed by the counterparty to the guarantee. At the end of the reporting period, financial guarantee contracts are measured at the higher of: (i) the amount determined in accordance with HKFRS 9; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised over the guarantee period. However, this estimate is subject to change depending on the probability of the counterparty claiming under the guarantee which is a function of the likelihood that the financial receivables held by the counterparty which are guaranteed suffer credit losses.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

47. Financial instruments (Continued)

Fair value measurements

Some of the Group's assets and liabilities are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes. The Directors have to determine the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for fair value measurements.

In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Group engages independent qualified valuers to perform the valuation. The Directors work closely with the qualified external valuers to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model.

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$	Fair value hierarchy
Financial assets			
Equity instruments at FVTOCI			
– Listed equity securities (Note a)	563,031,181	857,978,637	Level 1
– Unlisted equity securities (Note b)	2,961,578	2,961,578	Level 3
– Listed perpetual bonds (Note c)	83,630,593	–	Level 2
Debt instruments at FVTOCI			
– Listed debt securities (Note c)	25,595,725	–	Level 2
Financial assets at FVTPL			
– Listed equity securities (Note a)	<u>8,653,802</u>	<u>11,666,468</u>	Level 1
Financial liability			
Derivative financial instrument			
– Interest rate swap (Note d)	<u>17,936,434</u>	–	Level 2

Notes:

- (a) The fair values of all listed equity securities are determined with reference to quoted market prices in an active market as at 30th June, 2020 and 2019.
- (b) As at 30th June, 2020 and 2019, the Directors of the Company consider the costs of unlisted equity securities approximate their fair values.
- (c) The fair values of all listed perpetual bonds and debt securities are determined with reference to quoted market prices provided by financial institutions as at 30th June, 2020.
- (d) The fair value of the interest rate swap is determined with reference to discount cash flow. Future cash flows are estimated based on forward interest rate (from observable forward interest rates at the end of the reporting period) and contracted interest rates, discounted at a rate that reflects the credit risk of various counterparties.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

47. Financial instruments (Continued)

Fair values of financial instruments

There was no transfer among different levels of the fair value hierarchy in the current and prior year.

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets

HK\$

Equity instruments at FVTOCI – unlisted equity securities
At 1st July, 2018, 30th June, 2019 and 30th June, 2020

2,961,578

48. Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

	Interest and other finance costs payable HK\$	Advances from associates HK\$	Amounts due to associates HK\$	Amounts due to joint ventures HK\$	Advances from non-controlling interests HK\$	Amounts due to non-controlling interests HK\$	Bank borrowings HK\$	Lease liabilities HK\$	Total HK\$
At 1st July, 2018	212,374	1,261,934,843	2,364,904,027	65,945	1,228,955,152	36,094,469	2,375,684,111	-	7,267,850,921
Financing cash flows	(98,306,758)	389,422,768	273,050,342	(65,945)	(1,140,409,418)	845,060,902	2,647,397,250	-	2,916,149,141
Finance costs	100,713,767	13,204,772	-	-	18,033,335	-	2,648,653	-	134,600,527
Fair value adjustments	-	(42,471,960)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(42,471,960)
Foreign exchange translation	-	-	-	-	-	-	958,373	-	958,373
At 30th June, 2019	2,619,383	1,622,090,423	2,637,954,369	-	106,579,069	881,155,371	5,026,688,387	-	10,277,087,002
Adjustment upon application of HKFRS 16 (Note 2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	81,034,476	81,034,476
As at 1st July, 2019 (restated)	2,619,383	1,622,090,423	2,637,954,369	-	106,579,069	881,155,371	5,026,688,387	81,034,476	10,358,121,478
Financing cash flows	(114,989,468)	(48,279,123)	(928,016,695)	-	36,133,148	(142,442,612)	221,333,333	(53,979,924)	(1,030,241,341)
Finance costs	117,334,955	16,062,416	-	-	-	-	2,173,995	2,051,142	137,622,508
Fair value adjustments	-	(19,195,369)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(19,195,369)
New leases entered	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,463,076	10,463,076
At 30th June, 2020	<u>4,964,870</u>	<u>1,570,678,347</u>	<u>1,709,937,674</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>142,712,217</u>	<u>738,712,759</u>	<u>5,250,195,715</u>	<u>39,568,770</u>	<u>9,456,770,352</u>

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

49. Related party disclosures

The Group had the following transactions with related parties:

(a) Related companies

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Service fees received (Note i)	252,735,810	227,355,988
Lease/rental payments (Note i)	68,556,079	65,289,440
Consultancy fee paid (Note ii)	1,666,664	1,666,664

(b) Associates and joint ventures

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Service fees paid (Note i)	32,191,745	35,356,004
Administrative fees received (Note iii)	63,818,787	53,593,672
Interest income received (Note iv)	41,495,260	35,523,521

Note i: Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong, Director and the controlling shareholder of the Company, was interested in these transactions as he holds controlling interests and directorships of the related companies. These related party transactions also constitute continuing connected transactions and have complied with the requirements of Chapter 14A of The Listing Rules, details of which are disclosed on pages 95 to 101 in the Directors' report.

Note ii: The consultancy fee was paid to Ronald Arculli and Associates, of which The Honourable Ronald Joseph Arculli, Non-Executive Director of the Company, is a sole proprietor. This also constitutes an exempted connected transaction under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Note iii: Included in the administrative fees received, HK\$63,721,587 (2019: HK\$53,496,472) represent administrative fees received from associates and joint ventures in which Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong has controlling interests and directorships. These related party transactions also constitute exempted connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Note iv: Included in the interest income received, HK\$25,085,327 (2019: HK\$25,382,982) represent interest income received from associates and joint ventures in which Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong has controlling interests and directorships. These related party transactions also constitute exempted connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

49. Related party disclosures (Continued)

Included in the advances to associates, amounts due to associates, advances from associates, amounts due from associates and advances to joint ventures are amounts of HK\$2,183,122,365 (2019: HK\$2,238,788,738), HK\$2,181,576 (2019: HK\$15,394,504), HK\$1,376,557,046 (2019: HK\$1,179,136,170), HK\$710,679,026 (2019: HK\$650,572,946) and HK\$682,767,619 (2019: HK\$669,659,630) which represent the balances with the respective associates and joint ventures in which Mr. Robert Ng Chee Siong, Director and the controlling shareholder of the Company, has controlling interests and directorships. The advances are provided by the shareholders of the associates and joint ventures on a several and proportional basis. Other than the aforesaid, details of the outstanding balances with associates, joint ventures and non-controlling interests at the end of the reporting period are set out in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position and in Notes 22, 23, 26, 37 and 38.

In addition, as set out in Notes 41 and 42, the Group has pledged certain assets and granted guarantees to banks for facilities granted to the associates and joint ventures.

Apart from the transactions disclosed above, there were no other transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company or his connected entities had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or any time during the year.

Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of Directors during the year was as follows:

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Short-term benefits	34,612,644	32,585,309
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	127,500	126,000
	<u>34,740,144</u>	<u>32,711,309</u>

The remuneration of the Directors is determined by Remuneration Committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

50. Statement of financial position and reserve movements of the Company

Statement of financial position of the Company

	2020 HK\$	2019 HK\$
Non-current assets		
Investments in subsidiaries (Note)	805,411,989	448,441,989
Interests in associates (Note)	557,179,242	557,179,242
Equity instruments at FVTOCI	503,651,094	786,934,961
Other asset	300,000	300,000
	<u>1,866,542,325</u>	<u>1,792,856,192</u>
Current assets		
Financial assets at FVTPL	8,653,802	11,666,468
Amounts due from subsidiaries	68,825,187,782	65,748,087,708
Amounts due from associates	540,272,246	479,343,101
Trade and other receivables	6,899,340	4,271,908
Time deposits, bank balances and cash	5,008,900	6,964,578
	<u>69,386,022,070</u>	<u>66,250,333,763</u>
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables	11,235,039	10,921,339
Amount due to a subsidiary	412,248,856	342,602,699
Amounts due to associates	71,737,920	86,575,108
Financial guarantee contract – current	71,354,901	–
	<u>566,576,716</u>	<u>440,099,146</u>
Net current assets	<u>68,819,445,354</u>	<u>65,810,234,617</u>
Total assets less current liabilities	<u>70,685,987,679</u>	<u>67,603,090,809</u>
Capital and reserves		
Share capital	49,806,148,516	47,324,776,293
Reserves	20,611,818,423	20,278,314,516
Total equity	<u>70,417,966,939</u>	<u>67,603,090,809</u>
Non-current liability		
Financial guarantee contract – non-current	268,020,740	–
	<u>70,685,987,679</u>	<u>67,603,090,809</u>

Note: Investments in subsidiaries and interests in associates are included in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less any identified impairment loss. The results of subsidiaries and associates are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 26th August, 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

Robert NG Chee Siong
Chairman

Daryl NG Win Kong
Deputy Chairman

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

50. Statement of financial position and reserve movements of the Company (Continued)

Reserve movements of the Company

	Investment revaluation reserve <i>HK\$</i>	Retained profits <i>HK\$</i>	Total <i>HK\$</i>
At 30th June, 2018	105,952,291	20,417,390,115	20,523,342,406
Adjustment	<u>(108,682,137)</u>	<u>108,682,137</u>	<u>–</u>
At 1st July, 2018 (restated)	<u>(2,729,846)</u>	<u>20,526,072,252</u>	<u>20,523,342,406</u>
Profit for the year	–	3,412,690,638	3,412,690,638
Change in fair value of equity instruments at FVTOCI	<u>(70,079,300)</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>(70,079,300)</u>
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	<u>(70,079,300)</u>	<u>3,412,690,638</u>	<u>3,342,611,338</u>
Final dividend – 2018	–	(2,641,224,521)	(2,641,224,521)
Interim dividend – 2019	<u>–</u>	<u>(946,414,707)</u>	<u>(946,414,707)</u>
At 30th June, 2019	<u>(72,809,146)</u>	<u>20,351,123,662</u>	<u>20,278,314,516</u>
Profit for the year	–	4,392,315,717	4,392,315,717
Change in fair value of equity instruments at FVTOCI	<u>(289,593,618)</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>(289,593,618)</u>
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	<u>(289,593,618)</u>	<u>4,392,315,717</u>	<u>4,102,722,099</u>
Final dividend – 2019	–	(2,794,966,329)	(2,794,966,329)
Interim dividend – 2020	<u>–</u>	<u>(974,251,863)</u>	<u>(974,251,863)</u>
At 30th June, 2020	<u>(362,402,764)</u>	<u>20,974,221,187</u>	<u>20,611,818,423</u>

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

51. Principal subsidiaries

The Directors are of the opinion that a complete list of all subsidiaries will be of excessive length and therefore the following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries at 30th June, 2020 and 2019 which materially affected the results or assets and liabilities of the Group.

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation	Issued share/ registered capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company		Principal activities
			2020 %	2019 %	
Direct:					
Best Result Environmental Services Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Cleaning services
Fu King Investment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1,000,000	100	100	Investment holding
Glorypark Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1,000	100	100	Property investment
Hong Kong Elite Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
King Chance Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Investment holding
Serenity Park Building Management Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10	100	100	Building management
Sharp Rise Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading
Sing-Ho Finance Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$30,000,000	100	100	Financing
Sino (Xiamen) Realty Development Co., Ltd. (Note i)	PRC	HK\$290,000,000	100	100	Property trading and investment
Sino Administration Services Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$3	100	100	Administration services
Sino Estates Management Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$6,500,000	100	100	Building management
Sino Estates Services Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$20	100	100	Building management
Sino Land (Fuzhou) Co., Ltd. (Note i)	PRC	HK\$50,000,000	100	100	Property investment
Sino Security Services Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Security services
World Ace Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Indirect:					
Ackerley Estates Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$20,000,000	100	100	Property investment
Active Success Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading and investment
Advance Profit Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Alfaso Investment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$20,000	100	100	Property investment
Allways Success Finance Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10	100	100	Mortgage loan financing
Ample Way Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Apex Speed Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Asian View Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Property development
Beauty Plaza Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$20,000	100	100	Property investment
Benefit Bright Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading and investment
Best Origin Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Best Wisdom Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Property development
Bestone Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading
Bright Global Holdings Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	–	Financing

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

51. Principal subsidiaries (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation	Issued share/ registered capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company		Principal activities
			2020 %	2019 %	
Indirect: (Continued)					
Bright Land Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Property trading and investment
Brighton Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property development
Capital Faith (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	52.6	52.6	Property investment
Central Wisdom Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading
Century Link (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	52.6	52.6	Property investment
Century Profit Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Champion Asia Investments Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Champion Rise Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Champion Top Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property development
Cheer Asia Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Property investment
Cheer Result Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading and investment
Cheer View Holdings Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Property development
Citywalk Management Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Building management
Citywalk 2 Management Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Building management
Corinthia By The Sea Finance Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	60	60	Mortgage loan financing
Corinthia By The Sea Property Management Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	60	60	Building management
Danford Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Property development
Deveron (SL) Secretaries Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Secretarial services
Dragon (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading and investment
e.Sino Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Investment holding
Elegant Lane Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Elite Land Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Property development
Entertainment City Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$4,500,000	100	100	Property investment
Ever Champion Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading
Excel Wisdom Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	52.6	52.6	Property investment
Falcon City Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading and investment
Falcon Land Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Property development
Famous General Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Famous Palace Properties Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$20,000	100	100	Property investment
Far Gain Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100	100	Property investment
Forlink Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Fortune Glory Investments Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Property investment
Free Champion Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Full Fair Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading and investment

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

51. Principal subsidiaries (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation	Issued share/ registered capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company		Principal activities
			2020 %	2019 %	
Indirect: (Continued)					
Fullerton Hotels & Resorts Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	S\$10,000	100	100	Management services
Fung Yuen Construction Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1,000,000	100	100	Building construction
Fuwin Investment Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100	100	Investment holding
Global Honest Finance Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Mortgage loan financing
Globaland Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading and investment
Golden Leaf Investment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$20,000	100	100	Property investment
Good Champion Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Grace Rays Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Grand Central Finance Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10	90	90	Mortgage loan financing
Grand Creator Investment (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$10	60	60	Investment holding
Grand Creator Investment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	60	60	Property trading
Grand Empire Investment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Project management
Grand Rise Investments Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	52.6	52.6	Property investment
Grand Start Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$1	100	100	Investment holding
Granddeal Limited	Hong Kong/PRC	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading
Handsome Lift Investment (CI) Limited	Cayman Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$1	100	100	Property investment
Hang Hau Station (Project Management) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	60	60	Project management
Harley Investments Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	52.6	52.6	Property investment
Harvest Sun Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading and investment
Harvestrade Investment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$20,000	100	100	Property trading and investment
HCP Hong Kong Fully Co Ltd	Cayman Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$1	100	100	Property investment
Hickson Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$20	100	100	Property investment
High Elite Finance Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Mortgage loan financing
High Elite Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

51. Principal subsidiaries (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation	Issued share/ registered capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company		Principal activities
			2020 %	2019 %	
Indirect: (Continued)					
Jade Bird Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$100,000	100	100	Property trading and investment
Jade Line Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Jade Mate Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Jade Pine Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$20,000	100	100	Property investment
Jet Fame (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	52.6	52.6	Property investment
Jet Rise Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading and investment
Jet Union Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	60	60	Property trading and investment
Joint Prospect Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	52.6	52.6	Property investment
Joint Rise Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Property investment
Joy Rise Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Property development
King Century Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
King Regent Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	85	85	Property trading and investment
Kingdom Investment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading and investment
Kingsfield International Investments Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Property investment
Land Success Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading and investment
Lucky Fortress Inc.	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$1	100	100	Securities investment
Mayfair By The Sea I Finance Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	85	85	Mortgage loan financing
Mega Sino Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$1	100	100	Investment holding
Megaford Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Financing
Morbest Profits Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$1	100	100	Securities investment
Multipurpose Investment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$20,000	100	100	Property trading and investment
New Realm Enterprises Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100	100	Investment holding

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

51. Principal subsidiaries (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation	Issued share/ registered capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company		Principal activities
			2020 %	2019 %	
Indirect: (Continued)					
Nice Scene International Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$1	100	100	Investment holding
Ocean Treasure (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading and investment
Octerworth Enterprises Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$20,000	100	100	Property investment
Olympian City 1 (Project Management) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Project management
Olympian City 2 Finance Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1,000	100	100	Mortgage loan financing
Olympian City 2 (Project Management) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Project management
Orient Field Holdings Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	52.6	52.6	Property investment
Orient Harvest International Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading
Pacific Asia Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Property development
Pacific Shine Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Property development
Park Summit Commercial Management Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Building management
Peace Success Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading
Perfect Green Supplies Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Cleaning services
Perfect Sun Properties Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Precious Land Pte. Limited	Singapore	S\$2	100	100	Property investment
Precious Quay Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	S\$10,000	100	100	Hotel operation and property investment
Precious Treasure Pte Ltd	Singapore	S\$20,000,000	100	100	Hotel operation and property investment
Premium Living Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Premium living services
Pridegate (CI) Limited	Cayman Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$1	100	100	Property investment
Prime Harvest (Administration Services) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Management services
Prime Harvest Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading and investment
Primewin Properties Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Rainbow City Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading and investment
Rankchief Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$200	100	100	Property trading
Real Maker Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$200,000	90	90	Property investment

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

51. Principal subsidiaries (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation	Issued share/ registered capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company		Principal activities
			2020 %	2019 %	
Indirect: (Continued)					
Regal Crown Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Property development
Region One Investment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Rich Tact International (CI) Limited	Cayman Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$1	100	100	Property investment
Rich Treasure Investments Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Mortgage loan financing
Rickson Investment Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$1	100	100	Investment holding
Roystar Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$1	100	100	Investment holding
Ruddiman Trading Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$100,000	100	100	Investment holding
Saky Investment (CI) Limited	Cayman Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$1	100	100	Property investment
Sheen Honour Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Property investment
Shine Harvest International Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading and investment
Sidak Investment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$20,000	100	100	Property investment
Silver Palm Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Sincere Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading and investment
Sino Fortune Garden Inc.	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$1	100	100	Securities investment
Sino Land Finance Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Deposit placing
Sino Land (Guangzhou) Company Limited (Note i)	PRC	US\$3,200,000	100	100	Property investment
Sino Land (Zhangzhou) Company Limited (Note i)	PRC	HK\$374,150,000	100	100	Property development, trading and investment
Sino Land Investment (Holdings) Ltd.	Cayman Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$6,000,000	100	100	Investment holding
Sinoland China Investment Holdings Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Investment holding
Sky Base Properties Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	–	Investment holding
Sky Target (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Property development
Sky Vision Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	52.6	52.6	Property investment
Smart Champion (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Property development
Standard Union Investment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Securities investment
Star Talent Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Property trading and investment

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

51. Principal subsidiaries (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation	Issued share/ registered capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company		Principal activities
			2020 %	2019 %	
Indirect: (Continued)					
Success One Investment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Sunair Investment Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Investment holding
Sunfairs International Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$1	100	100	Investment holding
Sunny Force Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Sunrise Investment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Super One Investment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Thousand Growth Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$20,000	100	100	Property investment
Timeshare Development (CI) Limited	Cayman Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$1	100	100	Property investment
Top Gallant Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Property trading and investment
Top Harmony Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10	60	60	Property development
Top Oasis Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	80	80	Property development
Trans China Investment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Triple Reach International (CI) Limited	Cayman Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$1	100	100	Property investment
Triumph One Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100	100	Property trading and investment
Turbolink International Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$1	100	100	Investment holding
Union Century (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Union Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property trading
Union Harvest Investments Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property development
Union Rich Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Union Score Investments Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10	90	90	Property development
Union Top Properties Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	52.6	52.6	Property investment
Union Vision Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
United Link Investments Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Vantage Plus Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$100	85	85	Investment holding
Vasilon Pte Ltd	Singapore	S\$2	100	100	Investment holding
Victory Top Properties Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	52.6	52.6	Property investment
Vision Land Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Property development
Vista Commercial Management Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Building management
Weiland Development Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$33,140,000	100	100	Property investment

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

51. Principal subsidiaries (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation	Issued share/ registered capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company		Principal activities
			2020 %	2019 %	
Indirect: (Continued)					
Well Faith Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	–	Investment holding
Well Growth International Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$1	100	100	Investment holding
Well Victory Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Wellord Investments Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Wendia Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$20	100	100	Property investment
Will Glory Company (CI) Limited	Cayman Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$1	100	100	Property investment
Win Chanford Enterprises Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1,000,000	52.6	52.6	Property investment
Win Harvest (HK) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Winchamp Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Winning Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Investment holding
Wisdom Power Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$1	100	100	Investment holding
Wise Century Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	100	Property investment
Wise Grand Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	52.6	52.6	Property investment
Wise Land Investments Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Securities investment
World Empire Investment (CI) Limited	Cayman Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$1	100	100	Property investment
World Talent (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Property trading

Notes:

- i. Wholly foreign owned enterprises established in the PRC.*
- ii. None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at 30th June, 2020 and 2019.*

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

52. Principal associates

The Directors are of the opinion that a complete list of all associates will be of excessive length and therefore the following list contains only the particulars of associates at 30th June, 2020 and 2019 which materially affected the results of the year or form a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group.

Name of associate	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company		Principal activities
		2020	2019	
		%	%	
Direct:				
Sino Parking Services Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	Carpark operation
Sino Real Estate Agency Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	Real estate agency
Tat Lee Construction Company Limited	Hong Kong	25	25	Building construction
Indirect:				
Ace Glory Limited	Hong Kong	25	25	Property trading and investment
Astoria Estate Management Company Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	Building management
Best Profit Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	Property investment
Beverhill Limited	Hong Kong	20	20	Property investment
Boatswain Enterprises Limited	Hong Kong	20	20	Property investment
Brisbane Trading Company Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	Property trading
Century Rise Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	Property trading and investment
Cheer City Properties Limited	Hong Kong	20	20	Property investment
C.H.K.C. Building Management Limited	Hong Kong	25	25	Building management
Cosmos Door Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	Property investment
Credit World Limited	Hong Kong	20	20	Property trading
Direct Win Development Limited	Hong Kong	33.3	33.3	Property trading
Eternal Honest Finance Company Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	Mortgage loan financing
Finedale Industries Limited	Hong Kong	33.3	33.3	Property investment
Full Raise International Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	25	25	Investment holding
Gloryland Limited	Hong Kong	33.3	33.3	Property investment
Grace Sign Limited	Hong Kong	30	30	Property trading
Grand Palisades Finance Company Limited	Hong Kong	20	20	Mortgage loan financing
Great Maker Limited	Hong Kong	30	30	Property trading
Greater Bay Area Homeland Development Fund (GP) Limited	Cayman Islands	12.3	12.3	General Partner
Greater Bay Area Homeland Development Fund LP	Cayman Islands	15.1	15.1	Investment holding
Greater Bay Area Homeland Investments Limited	Hong Kong	12.3	12.3	Investment holding

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

52. Principal associates (Continued)

Name of associate	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company		Principal activities
		2020 %	2019 %	
Indirect: (Continued)				
Greenroll Limited	Hong Kong	30	30	Hotel operation
Hua Qing Holdings Pte Ltd	Singapore	23.5	23.5	Investment holding
Island Resort Estate Management Company Limited	Hong Kong	45	45	Building management
Joy Origin Holdings Limited	Hong Kong	40	40	Investment holding
Lead Bright Finance Limited	Hong Kong	20	20	Mortgage loan financing
Lead Bright Limited	Hong Kong	20	20	Property trading
Lohas Park Package Eleven (Project Management) Limited	Hong Kong	40	40	Project management
Million Success Limited	Hong Kong	25	25	Property investment
More Treasure Company Limited	Hong Kong	25	25	Property investment
Murdoch Investments Inc.	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	45	45	Property investment
Nimble Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	45	45	Investment holding
Pacific Bond Limited	Hong Kong	35	35	Property trading and investment
Pembroke Development Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	40	40	Property trading
Providence Bay Finance Company Limited	Hong Kong	35	35	Mortgage loan financing
Providence Bay Property Management Company Limited	Hong Kong	35	35	Building management
Providence Peak Finance Company Limited	Hong Kong	25	25	Mortgage loan financing
Providence Peak Property Management Company Limited	Hong Kong	25	25	Building management
Pui Hay Enterprises Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	Property trading
Sea Dragon Limited	Hong Kong	30	30	Property investment
Silver Link Investment Limited	Hong Kong	45	45	Property trading and investment
Sky Castle Limited	Hong Kong	40	40	Property development
Teamer International Limited	Hong Kong	35	35	Property trading
The Coronation Estates Management Limited	Hong Kong	45	45	Building management
The Graces – Providence Bay Finance Company Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	Mortgage loan financing

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

52. Principal associates (Continued)

Name of associate	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company		Principal activities
		2020 %	2019 %	
Indirect: (Continued)				
The Graces – Providence Bay Property Management Company Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	Building management
The Hermitage Estates Management Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	Building management
Union King (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	45	45	Property investment
United Best Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong	40	40	Property trading
Victory World Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	Property trading and investment
Wide Harvest Investment Limited	Hong Kong	25	25	Property investment
Wisekey Investment Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	50	50	Investment holding
中海信和(成都)物業發展有限公司 (Note)	PRC	20	20	Property development and trading
信和置業(成都)有限公司 (Note)	PRC	20	20	Property development and trading

Note: Wholly foreign owned enterprises established in the PRC.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

53. Principal joint ventures

The Directors are of the opinion that a complete list of all joint ventures will be of excessive length and therefore the following list contains only the particulars of joint ventures at 30th June, 2020 and 2019 which materially affected the results of the year or form a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group.

Name of joint venture	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company		Principal activities
		2020 %	2019 %	
Direct:				
Rich Century Investment Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	Property investment
Indirect:				
Asia Bright Development Limited	Hong Kong	22.5	22.5	Investment holding
Best Profile Limited	British Virgin Islands	50	50	Investment holding
Bright Insight Limited	Hong Kong	30	–	Investment holding
Bright Treasure Properties Limited	Hong Kong	30	–	Investment holding
Empire Funds Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	Property trading
Enterprico Investment Limited	Hong Kong	52.5 <i>(Note i)</i>	52.5 <i>(Note i)</i>	Loan financing
Famous Empire Properties Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	Property trading and investment
Far East Martin Trust	Australia	50	50	Hotel operation
Fortune Access Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	25	–	Investment holding
Grand Ample Limited	Hong Kong	33.3	33.3	Property development
Grand Apex Limited	Hong Kong	60 <i>(Note i)</i>	60 <i>(Note i)</i>	Property development and investment
Grand Site Development Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	Property investment
Great Universe Development (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. <i>(Note ii)</i>	PRC	30	–	Property development
High Crown Holdings Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	Property development
Kam Sheung Road Station Package One (Project Management) Limited	Hong Kong	33.3	33.3	Project management
Lee Tung Avenue Management Company Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	Building management
Martin Heritage Management Pty Ltd	Australia	50	50	Trustee
Parkland (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	60 <i>(Note i)</i>	60 <i>(Note i)</i>	Hotel development and operation
Precious Heritage Pte. Limited	British Virgin Islands	50	50	Investment holding
Sky Asia Properties Limited	Hong Kong	22.5	22.5	Property development
The Avenue Finance Company Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	Mortgage loan financing
Top Regent Holdings Limited	Hong Kong	33.3	33.3	Investment holding

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30th June, 2020

53. Principal joint ventures (Continued)

Name of joint venture	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operation	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/ registered capital held by the Company		Principal activities
		2020 %	2019 %	
Indirect: (Continued)				
Tower Beyond Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	Investment holding
Vanguard Insight Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	Investment holding
WCH Property Development Company Limited	Hong Kong	25	–	Property development
Wise Link Management Limited	Hong Kong	50	50	Building management
深圳前晉置業有限公司 (Note ii)	PRC	50	50	Property development

Notes:

- (i) The Company through its subsidiaries holds more than 50% interests in these joint ventures. These joint ventures are considered as subsidiary undertakings under the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. However, under the respective contractual arrangements, the Group does not control these joint ventures as the decisions about relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing the control.
- (ii) Wholly foreign owned enterprises established in PRC.

Disclosure pursuant to Rule 13.22 of the Listing Rules

In accordance with Rule 13.22 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, the Company discloses the following statement of indebtedness, capital commitments and contingent liabilities reported on by the affiliated companies of the Company and/or its subsidiaries as at the end of the most recent financial period. This information has been extracted from the relevant audited financial statements of the affiliated companies.

	At 30th June, 2020 HK\$	At 30th June, 2019 HK\$
The Group's share of total indebtedness of its affiliated companies		
– Bank loans	8,272,437,096	6,863,153,000
Advances from the Group	<u>19,149,954,298</u>	<u>18,838,557,885</u>
	<u>27,422,391,394</u>	<u>25,701,710,885</u>
The Group's share of capital commitments and contingent liabilities of its affiliated companies	<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>

Note: "Affiliated companies" mentioned above refers to associates and joint ventures of the Group.

Major properties held by the Group

(A) Properties for investment and hotels

Property name	Location
HONG KONG ISLAND	
No. 1 Chatham Path	Mid-levels
38 Repulse Bay Road	Hong Kong South
148 Electric Road	North Point
Central Plaza	18 Harbour Road, Wan Chai
The Centrium, office	60 Wyndham Street, Central
The Centrium, retail	60 Wyndham Street, Central
Conrad Hong Kong	Pacific Place, 88 Queensway
Harbour Centre	Harbour Road & Fleming Road
The Hennessy	256 Hennessy Road, Wan Chai
The Hillside	9 Sik On Street, Wan Chai
Hollywood Centre	233 Hollywood Road
Island Resort Mall	28 Siu Sai Wan Road, Chai Wan
The Johnston	74-80 Johnston Road, Wan Chai
Lee Tung Avenue	200 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai
Marina House	68 Hing Man Street, Shau Kei Wan
One Capital Place	18 Luard Road, Wan Chai
Pacific Palisades	1 Braemar Hill Road
Pacific Plaza	418 Des Voeux Road West
The Staunton	22 Staunton Street, Central
25/F United Centre	Queensway
KOWLOON	
No. 1 Hung To Road	Kwun Tong
The Astrid	180 Argyle Street
The Avery Shopping Arcade	12, 16 and 18 Hau Wong Road
Cameron Plaza	23 Cameron Road, Tsim Sha Tsui
The Camphora	51-52 Haiphong Road
China Hong Kong City	33 Canton Road, Tsim Sha Tsui
Coronation Circle	1 Yau Cheung Road, South West Kowloon
Corporation Square	8 Lam Lok Street, Kowloon Bay
Exchange Tower	33 Wang Chiu Road, Kowloon Bay
Fullerton Centre	19 Hung To Road, Kwun Tong
Futura Plaza	111-113 How Ming Street, Kwun Tong
Hong Kong Pacific Centre	28 Hankow Road, Tsim Sha Tsui
Kwun Tong Harbour Plaza	182 Wai Yip Street, Kwun Tong
Kwun Tong Plaza	68 Hoi Yuen Road, Kwun Tong
Maison Rosé	270 Cheung Sha Wan Road, Cheung Sha Wan
Olympian City 1	11 Hoi Fai Road, MTR Olympic Station
Olympian City 2	18 Hoi Ting Road, MTR Olympic Station
Olympian City 3	1 Hoi Wang Road, South West Kowloon

Lease expiry	Group's interest (%)	Gross floor area attributable to the Group (square feet)	Attributable gross floor area (square feet)					Attributable number of carpark spaces
			Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Hotel	Carpark	
2072	100.0%	7,800	7,800	-	-	-	-	-
2084	100.0%	12,126	12,126	-	-	-	-	-
2047	100.0%	197,400	-	197,400	-	-	-	-
2047	10.0%	140,000	-	140,000	-	-	-	-
2047	100.0%	171,176	-	171,176	-	-	-	-
2047	70.0%	12,474	-	12,474	-	-	-	-
2047	30.0%	165,506	-	-	-	165,506	-	-
2128	17.5%	42,091	-	42,091	-	-	-	-
2127	100.0%	71,862	-	71,862	-	-	-	-
2063	100.0%	11,195	11,195	-	-	-	-	-
2128	52.6%	52,933	-	52,933	-	-	-	-
2047	45.0%	145,438	-	85,136	-	-	60,302	540
2047	100.0%	58,108	46,331	11,777	-	-	-	-
2060	50.0% ⁽¹⁾	43,860	-	43,860	-	-	-	-
2047	100.0%	113,009	-	113,009	-	-	-	-
2127	100.0%	73,443	-	73,443	-	-	-	-
2047	20.0%	93,550	93,550	-	-	-	-	-
2860	100.0%	167,599	-	167,599	-	-	-	-
2844	100.0%	37,629	28,439	9,190	-	-	-	-
2128	50.0%	10,225	-	10,225	-	-	-	-
2047	33.3%	177,337	-	-	177,337	-	-	-
2047	100.0%	9,852	9,852	-	-	-	-	-
2047	100.0%	10,455	-	10,455	-	-	-	-
2038	100.0%	64,093	-	64,093	-	-	-	-
2863	100.0%	14,147	12,493	1,654	-	-	-	-
2135	25.0%	308,308	-	308,308	-	-	-	-
2057	45.0%	39,041	-	39,041	-	-	-	-
2047	100.0%	155,910	-	-	155,910	-	-	-
2055	100.0%	259,503	-	259,503	-	-	-	-
2047	100.0%	114,334	-	-	114,334	-	-	-
2047	100.0%	225,396	-	225,396	-	-	-	-
2039	100.0%	219,853	-	219,853	-	-	-	-
2047	100.0%	341,078	-	130,728	-	-	210,350	474
2047	100.0%	153,795	-	-	-	-	153,795	366
2047	100.0%	6,873	-	6,873	-	-	-	-
2047	100.0% ⁽¹⁾	139,931	-	139,931	-	-	-	-
2047	100.0% ⁽¹⁾	511,287	-	511,287	-	-	-	-
2055	50.0%	59,423	-	59,423	-	-	-	-

Major properties held by the Group (Continued)

(A) Properties for investment and hotels (Continued)

Property name	Location
KOWLOON	
The Olympian Hong Kong	18 Hoi Fai Road
Omega Plaza	32 Dundas Street
Park Ivy Shopping Arcade	8 Ivy Street
Park Summit Shopping Arcade	88 Beech Street
Remington Centre	23 Hung To Road, Kwun Tong
Skyline Tower	39 Wang Kwong Road, Kowloon Bay
Sunshine Plaza Shopping Arcade	17 Sung On Street, Hung Hom
Tsim Sha Tsui Centre	Salisbury Road, Tsim Sha Tsui
Vista Shopping Arcade	188 Fuk Wa Street, Sham Shui Po
Westley Square	48 Hoi Yuen Road, Kwun Tong
Yau Tong Industrial City	17 Ko Fai Road, Yau Tong
NEW TERRITORIES	
Avon Mall	15 Yat Ming Street, Fanling
Citywalk	1 Yeung Uk Road, Tsuen Wan
Citywalk 2	18 Yeung Uk Road, Tsuen Wan
Commune Modern Shopping Arcade	28 Wo Fung Street, Luen Wo Hui, Fanling
Corporation Park	11 On Lai Road, Shatin
Corinthia By The Sea Shopping Arcade	23 Tong Yin Street, Tseung Kwan O
Golden Plaza	28 Shui Che Kwun Street, Yuen Long
The Graces · Providence Bay Shopping Arcade	9 Fo Chun Road, Tai Po
Grand Regentville Shopping Mall	9 Wo Mun Street, Fanling
Mansfield Industrial Centre	19 Hong Yip Street, Tung Tau, Yuen Long
Mayfair By The Sea I	23 Fo Chun Road, Tai Po
Mayfair Lane	21 Fo Chun Road, Tai Po
Oceania Heights Shopping Mall	2 Hoi Chu Road, Tuen Mun
Paloma Bay	18 Peng Lei Road, Peng Chau
Paloma Cove	8 Ho King Street, Peng Chau
The Palazzo Shopping Arcade	28 Lok King Street, Shatin
Parklane Centre	25 Kin Wing Street, Tuen Mun
Ping Wui Centre	13-17 Ping Wui Street, Yuen Long
Riverwalk	6 Ngan Kwong Wan Road, Mui Wo
Rosedale Gardens Shopping Mall	133 Castle Peak Road, Tuen Mun
Shatin Galleria	18-24 Shan Mei Street, Fo Tan, Shatin
Springdale Mall	80 Ma Tin Road, Yuen Long
Sunley Centre	9 Wing Yin Street, Tsuen Wan
Tuen Mun Town Plaza, Phase I	1 Tuen Shun Street & 1 Tuen Shing Street, Tuen Mun
The Waterside Shopping Mall	15 On Chun Street, Ma On Shan, Shatin

Lease expiry	Group's interest (%)	Gross floor area attributable to the Group (square feet)	Attributable gross floor area (square feet)					Attributable number of carpark spaces
			Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Hotel	Carpark	
2052	100.0%	112,215	-	68,456	-	43,759	-	-
2047	100.0%	80,775	-	80,775	-	-	-	-
2061	100.0% ⁽¹⁾	9,042	-	9,042	-	-	-	-
2058	100.0% ⁽¹⁾	37,588	-	37,588	-	-	-	-
2047	100.0%	114,103	-	-	114,103	-	-	-
2047	50.0%	412,203	-	412,203	-	-	-	-
2047	100.0%	54,461	-	54,461	-	-	-	-
2127	45.0%	231,309	-	231,309	-	-	-	-
2054	100.0% ⁽¹⁾	22,335	-	22,335	-	-	-	-
2047	100.0%	238,187	-	-	238,187 ⁽²⁾	-	-	-
2047	90.0%	464,627	-	-	464,627	-	-	-
2047	100.0%	101,632	-	101,632	-	-	-	-
2052	100.0% ⁽¹⁾	245,419	-	245,419	-	-	-	-
2054	100.0% ⁽¹⁾	180,646	-	180,646	-	-	-	-
2064	100.0%	74,018	-	34,497	-	-	39,521	119
2047	30.0%	122,708	-	-	122,708	-	-	-
2062	60.0%	41,708	-	41,708	-	-	-	-
2047	100.0%	203,460	-	32,178	-	-	171,282	438
2057	50.0%	10,791	-	10,791	-	-	-	-
2049	100.0%	219,754	-	71,462	-	-	148,292	415
2047	100.0%	111,253	-	-	111,253	-	-	-
2059	85.0%	38,216	-	38,216	-	-	-	-
2059	100.0%	44,996	-	44,996	-	-	-	-
2052	100.0%	28,470	-	28,470	-	-	-	-
2062	100.0%	36,845	36,845	-	-	-	-	-
2062	100.0%	14,372	14,372	-	-	-	-	-
2053	100.0% ⁽¹⁾	21,528	-	21,528	-	-	-	-
2047	100.0%	251,961	-	-	80,222	-	171,739	116
2047	100.0%	192,516	-	19,861	-	-	172,655	450
2062	100.0%	47,607	32,400	15,207	-	-	-	-
2047	100.0%	31,791	-	31,791	-	-	-	-
2047	100.0%	361,764	-	263,818	-	-	97,946	268
2047	100.0%	126,766	-	40,446	-	-	86,320	261
2047	100.0%	164,940	-	-	164,940	-	-	-
2047	100.0%	1,112,739	-	856,451	-	-	256,288	525
2047	50.0%	28,285	-	28,285	-	-	-	-

Major properties held by the Group (Continued)

(A) Properties for investment and hotels (Continued)

Property name	Location
MAINLAND CHINA	
Central Park, Xiamen	178-180 Jiahe Road, Xiamen, Fujian Province
Dynasty Park, Zhangzhou	298 Tengfei Road, Xiangcheng District, Zhangzhou, Fujian Province
Greenfields	Chuangye Road, Guangzhou Economic & Technology Development District, Guangzhou, Guangdong Province
Le Sommet	279 Jiahe Road, Xiamen, Fujian Province
Park Place	130 Jiahe Road, Xiamen, Fujian Province
Raffles City Shanghai	Plot 105 A&B, 228 Xizang Road Central, Huangpu District, Shanghai
Sino International Plaza	137 Wusi Road, Fuzhou, Fujian Province
OVERSEAS – SINGAPORE AND AUSTRALIA	
Clifford Pier	80 Collyer Quay, Singapore
Customs House	70 Collyer Quay, Singapore
The Fullerton Hotel Singapore	1 Fullerton Square, Singapore
The Fullerton Bay Hotel Singapore	80 Collyer Quay, Singapore
The Fullerton Waterboat House	3 Fullerton Road, Singapore
One Fullerton	1 Fullerton Road, Singapore
The Fullerton Hotel Sydney	1 Martin Place, Sydney, Australia

Lease expiry	Group's interest (%)	Gross floor area attributable to the Group (square feet)	Attributable gross floor area (square feet)					Attributable number of carpark spaces
			Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Hotel	Carpark	
2046	100.0%	31,533	-	31,533	-	-	-	-
2045	100.0%	68,163	-	68,163	-	-	-	-
2054	100.0%	15,454	-	15,187	-	-	267	2
2041	100.0%	15,978	-	15,978	-	-	-	-
2039	100.0%	10,854	-	10,854	-	-	-	-
2044/ 2046	22.4%	301,145	-	301,145	-	-	-	-
2059	100.0%	493,177	-	493,177	-	-	-	-
2067	100.0%	13,731	-	13,731	-	-	-	-
2067	100.0%	14,822	-	14,822	-	-	-	-
2096	100.0%	466,423	-	-	-	466,423	-	-
2067	100.0%	79,087	-	-	-	79,087	-	-
2032	100.0%	21,743	-	21,743	-	-	-	-
2096	100.0%	80,433	-	80,433	-	-	-	-
Freehold	50.0%	184,792	-	29,722	-	155,070	-	-

Major properties held by the Group (Continued)

(B) Completed properties for sale

Property name	Location
HONG KONG	
Capital Tower	38 Wai Yip Street, Kowloon Bay, Kowloon
Chevalier Commercial Centre	Wang Hoi Road, Kowloon Bay, Kowloon
Hewlett Centre	54 Hoi Yuen Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon
Kowloon Plaza	485 Castle Peak Road, Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon
Metro Centre	32 Lam Hing Street, Kowloon Bay, Kowloon
Pan Asia Centre	137 Wai Yip Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon
Westin Centre	26 Hung To Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon
The Balmoral	1 Ma Shing Path, Tai Po, New Territories
Cambridge Plaza	188 San Wan Road, Sheung Shui, New Territories
Lincoln Centre	20 Yip Fung Street, Fanling, New Territories
The Mediterranean	8 Tai Mong Tsai Road, Sai Kung, New Territories
Poly Centre	15 Yip Fung Street, Fanling, New Territories
MAINLAND CHINA	
Mayfair By The Lake	26 North Hubin Road, Xiamen, Fujian Province
Dynasty Park, Zhangzhou	298 Tengfei Road, Xiangcheng District, Zhangzhou, Fujian Province

Lease expiry	Group's interest (%)	Gross floor area attributable to the Group (square feet)	Attributable gross floor area (square feet)		
			Residential	Commercial	Industrial
2065	30.0%	90,140	–	90,140	–
2047	33.3%	11,484	–	11,484	–
2047	100.0%	15,099	–	–	15,099
2047	100.0%	25,702	–	–	25,702
2047	100.0%	18,395	–	–	18,395
2047	100.0%	62,857	–	–	62,857
2047	50.0%	103,451	–	–	103,451
2055	100.0%	16,785	16,785 ⁽³⁾	–	–
2047	100.0%	174,358	–	–	174,358
2047	100.0%	61,144	–	–	61,144
2063	100.0%	18,531	18,531 ⁽³⁾	–	–
2047	100.0%	10,430	–	–	10,430
2038/2066	100.0%	23,655	3,396	20,259	–
2045/2075	100.0%	11,738	4,357	7,381	–

Major properties held by the Group (Continued)

(C) Properties under development

Location	Property name	Lease expiry	Group's interest (%)	Site area (square feet)
HONG KONG				
133 Hong Kin Road, Sai Kung	133 Portofino	2065	100.0%	36,856
1 Fo Yin Road, Pak Shek Kok (East), Tai Po	Mayfair By The Sea 8	2066	100.0%	114,594
Kwai Chung Town Lot No. 524		2067	100.0%	18,623
Aberdeen Inland Lot No. 462		2066	60.0%	18,996
Yuen Long Town Lot No. 532		2066	100.0%	99,524
Sha Tin Town Lot No. 611, Whitehead, Ma On Shan	Silversands	2067	100.0%	49,729
Lot No. 765 in Demarcation District No. 332, Cheung Sha, Lantau Island		2069	100.0%	28,977
6 Lai Ying Street and 8 Lai Ying Street, South West Kowloon	Grand Victoria	2067	22.5%	208,262
MAINLAND CHINA				
Land Parcel No. T102-0262, Qianhai Shenzhen-Hong Kong Modern Service Industry Cooperation Zone		2057	50.0%	80,485
9 The Second Yufeng Road, Chenghua District, East Chengdu, Sichuan Province	The Palazzo, Chengdu	2048/ 2078	20.0%	2,673,385
Xipu Zhen, Pi Xian, Jin Niu District, Chengdu, Sichuan Province	Chengdu International Community	2044	20.0%	14,253,628
298 Tengfei Road, Xiangcheng District, Zhangzhou, Fujian Province	Dynasty Park, Zhangzhou	2045/ 2075	100.0%	962,939
Land Parcel No. T102-0261, Qianhai Shenzhen-Hong Kong Modern Service Industry Cooperation Zone		2058	30.0%	183,842

Gross floor area attributable to the Group (square feet)	Attributable gross floor area (square feet)				Stage of completion	Estimated completion date
	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Hotel		
51,592	51,592	-	-	-	Occupation Permit Issued	September 2020
412,530	412,530	-	-	-	Superstructure works in progress	June 2021
176,906	-	-	176,906	-	Superstructure works in progress	January 2022
141,731	-	141,731	-	-	Superstructure works in progress	June 2022
497,601	-	497,601	-	-	Superstructure works in progress	July 2022
119,351	119,351	-	-	-	Superstructure works in progress	August 2022
11,582	11,582	-	-	-	Under planning	August 2022
222,258	222,258	-	-	-	Superstructure works in progress	March 2023
247,572	-	247,572	-	-	Superstructure works in progress	September 2021
1,685,332	1,526,893	128,563	-	29,876	Superstructure works in progress	April 2022
39,317	-	39,317	-	-	Under planning	June 2023
2,310,185	2,216,683	93,502	-	-	Superstructure works in progress	May 2024
258,336	-	258,336	-	-	Foundation works in progress	June 2024

Major properties held by the Group (Continued)

(D) Properties under development in which the group has a development interest⁽¹⁾

Location	Property name	Lease expiry	Site area (square feet)
HONG KONG			
1 Kowloon Road, Cheung Sha Wan	Madison Park	2067	5,842
33 Hip Wo Street, Kwun Tong (South)	Grand Central	2064	234,160
Tai Shue Wan	The Fullerton Ocean Park Hotel	2047	133,474
	Hong Kong		
24A Kadoorie Avenue, Ho Man Tin	St George's Mansions	2081	61,941
Kowloon Inland Lot No. 11254, Reclamation Street/ Shantung Street, Mongkok		2068	14,961
Inland Lot No. 9064, Peel Street/Gage Street Project (Site A), Central		2067	9,607
Aberdeen Inland Lot No. 467 (Site B), Wong Chuk Hang Station Package Two Property Development		2067	92,269
Site C2 of The Remaining Portion of Tseung Kwan O Town Lot No. 70, LOHAS Park Package Eleven Property Development		2052	177,359
Lot No. 1040 in Demarcation District No. 103, West Rail Kam Sheung Road Station Package One Property Development		2067	448,719
Aberdeen Inland Lot No. 467 (Site D), Wong Chuk Hang Station Package Four Property Development		2067	65,015
New Kowloon Inland Lot No. 6602, Yau Tong Ventilation Building Property Development		2068	43,379

Notes to major properties held by the Group:

(1) Properties in which the Group has a development interest and is entitled to a share of the development profits after completion in accordance with the terms and conditions of the joint development agreements.

(2) Industrial/Office

(3) It represents the saleable floor area.

Gross floor area (square feet)	Gross floor area (square feet)				Stage of completion	Estimated completion date
	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Hotel		
52,571	43,809	8,762	-	-	Occupation Permit Issued	November 2020
1,495,981	1,495,981	-	-	-	Superstructure works in progress	April 2021
436,700	-	-	-	436,700	Superstructure works in progress	November 2021
309,707	309,707	-	-	-	Superstructure works in progress	August 2022
112,200	112,200	-	-	-	Foundation works in progress	May 2023
84,260	84,260	-	-	-	Foundation works in progress	September 2023
492,991	492,991	-	-	-	Superstructure works in progress	September 2023
956,468	956,468	-	-	-	Under planning	May 2024
1,236,741	1,236,741	-	-	-	Foundation works in progress	June 2024
638,305	638,305	-	-	-	Foundation works in progress	March 2025
325,342	325,342	-	-	-	Foundation works in progress	April 2025

