



GUANGDONG TANNERY LIMITED

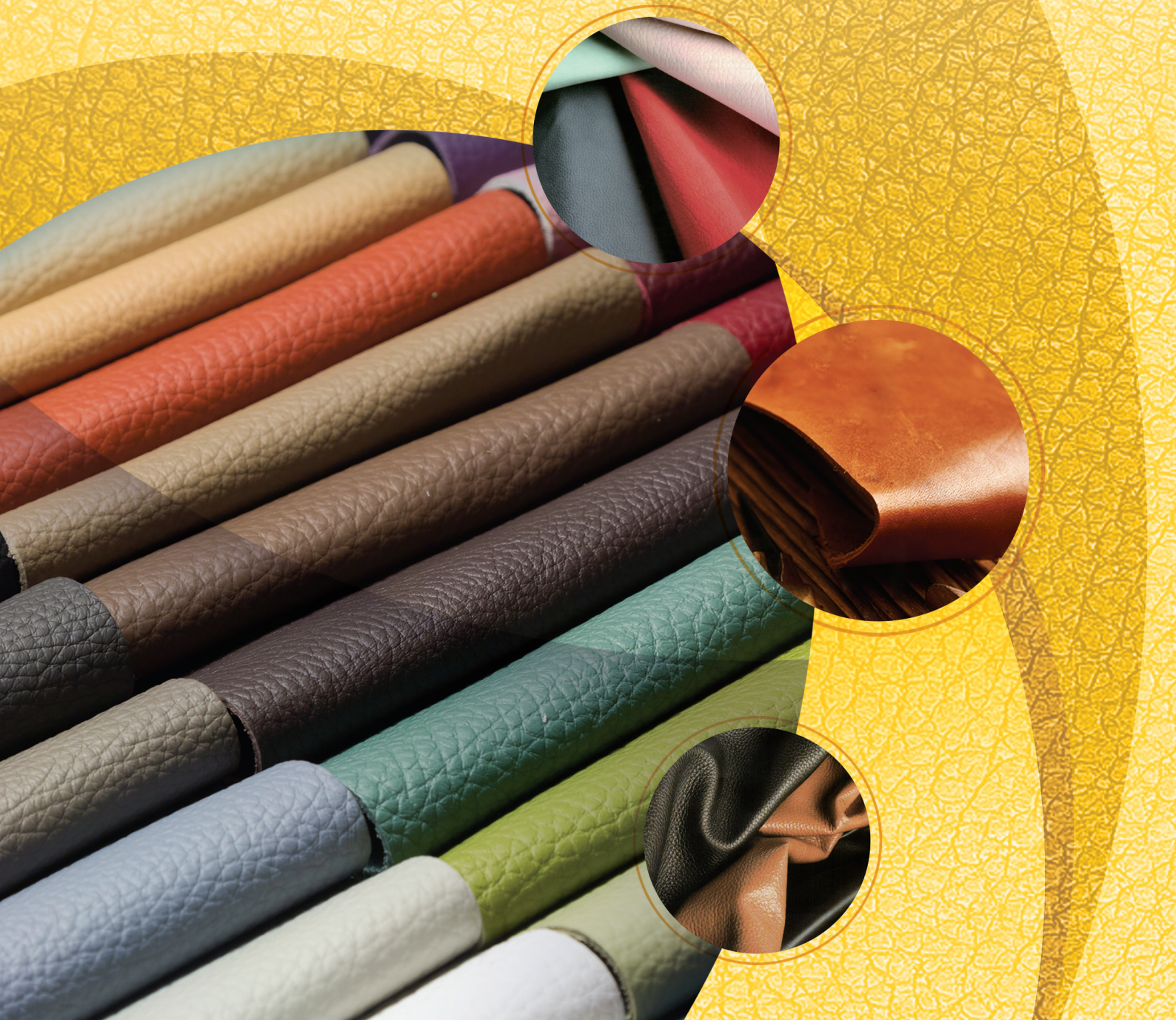
粵海制革有限公司

(股份代號 Stock Code: 01058)

2020

INTERIM REPORT

中期報告





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Corporate Information

As at 28 August 2020

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Kuang Hu (*Chairman*)
Sun Jun (*Managing Director*)

Non-Executive Directors

Ding Yatao
Qiao Jiankang

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Yeung Man Lee
Leung Luen Cheong
Yang Ge

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Kuang Hu (*Chairman*)
Yeung Man Lee
Leung Luen Cheong
Yang Ge

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Yang Ge (*Chairman*)
Yeung Man Lee
Leung Luen Cheong

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Leung Luen Cheong (*Chairman*)
Yeung Man Lee
Yang Ge

COMPANY SECRETARY

Chan Miu Ting

AUDITOR

Ernst & Young

REGISTERED OFFICE

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SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Tengis Limited
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183 Queen's Road East
Hong Kong
Customer Service Hotline: (852) 2980 1333

SHARE INFORMATION

Place of Listing : Main Board of The Stock Exchange
of Hong Kong Limited
Stock Code : 01058
Board Lot : 2,000 shares
Financial Year End : 31 December

Management Discussion and Analysis

RESULTS

The unaudited consolidated loss attributable to shareholders of Guangdong Tannery Limited (the “Company”) and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “Group”) for the six months ended 30 June 2020 was HK\$9,631,000, representing a decrease in loss of HK\$12,482,000 or 56.4% from HK\$22,113,000 for the corresponding period of last year.

The unaudited net asset value of the Group as at 30 June 2020 was HK\$6,146,000, representing a decrease of HK\$29,830,000 and HK\$9,597,000 as compared to the net asset value as at 30 June 2019 and 31 December 2019, respectively.

The board of directors of the Company (the “Board”) resolved not to declare the payment of an interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2020 (six months ended 30 June 2019: Nil).

BUSINESS REVIEW

In the first half of 2020, as affected by the COVID-19 pandemic (the “Pandemic”), the upstream and downstream industrial chains were affected to varying degrees, causing significant impacts on the business activities of leather enterprises and exerting further pressure on their scale of operations. The lack of confidence of downstream footwear factories in the market and the sharp drop in orders from customers have put tremendous pressure on the operations of the tanneries. In addition, affected by the Pandemic, the peak season of Chinese New Year sales was basically suspended, which not only imposed heavy pressure on the sales process, but also drastically increased the inventory burden of leather enterprises. During the period, the Group continued to focus on promoting its production and operation philosophy, adhering to the direction of “stable operations to ensure asset safety” as its primary operating strategy, so as to minimize the impact of the Pandemic on production and operation. As all major domestic footwear factories were affected by the Pandemic, the production and sales of the tannery industry have been significantly reduced. The Group has paid close attention to the changes in the market, made reasonable arrangements on production and sales with regard to the actual market situation, and strengthened its control over various costs to minimize the impact and losses caused by the Pandemic. During the period, the Group’s operating results were improved as compared to the same period of last year due to savings in administrative expenses, reversal of impairment of receivables, reversal of payables and accruals, and narrowing down of gross loss margin.

In terms of environmental protection, the State has strengthened the environmental protection management policies in the industry in recent years. The environmental protection requirements have also been further enhanced as a result of an increasingly standardized approach to environmental protection. During the period, the Group maintained close communication with the environmental protection department and work safety department to strengthen the prevention and control of environmental risks. The Group promoted the application of clean production technology, strengthened the classification and disposal of solid waste, reduced the total amount of sludge, completed the renovations of wastewater disposal facilities, as well as strengthened the analysis and testing of water quality indicators, so as to ensure that the sewage meets the discharge standards and safeguard a safe and stable production environment.

During the period, the total production volume of cowhides was 4,157,000 sq. ft., representing a decrease of 1,573,000 sq. ft. or 27.5% as compared to 5,730,000 sq. ft. for the same period of last year. The production volume of grey hides was 3,049 tons, representing an increase of 2,605 tons or 586.7% as compared to 444 tons for the same period of last year. During the period, the total sales volume of cowhides was 3,541,000 sq. ft., representing a decrease of 2,754,000 sq. ft. or 43.7 % as compared to 6,295,000 sq. ft. for the same period of last year. The sales volume of grey hides was 3,049 tons, representing an increase of 2,206 tons or 261.7% as compared to 843 tons for the same period of last year.



Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

BUSINESS REVIEW (CONTINUED)

During the period, the consolidated turnover of the Group was HK\$55,651,000, representing a decrease of HK\$46,430,000 or 45.5% from HK\$102,081,000 for the same period of last year, of which the sales value of cowhides amounted to HK\$45,780,000 (six months ended 30 June 2019: HK\$97,886,000), representing a decrease of 53.2%, and that of grey hides and other products amounted to HK\$9,871,000 (six months ended 30 June 2019: HK\$4,195,000), representing an increase of 135.3%. During the period, the leather market was affected by the Pandemic and was basically suspended in the month of February. Gradual resumption was assumed in mid-to-late March 2020. The Group's major downstream customers were located in critical areas of the Pandemic and the resumption of the market was thus delayed. Insufficient orders, coupled with the downward trend in price of raw cowhides, led to a decrease in the price of end-products, resulting in a drop in both the sales volume and price for the Group's footwear leather products; hence the sales revenue was decreased significantly.

In terms of sales, having been battered by an industry downturn, overcapacity, emergence of new material substitutes, changing consumer demand as well as the severe impact of the Pandemic in the first quarter, the tannery industry missed the mass production of spring and summer shoes entirely, resulting in a substantial reduction in sales volume. During the period, in order to address the abovementioned difficulties, the Group proactively liaised with its downstream customers to arrange production in accordance with the actual market conditions, and at the same time, took the initiative to call on its customers to strengthen sales and promote inventory reduction. In order to eliminate backlog and reduce inventory, research and development of processing technique were introduced. In addition, the Group continued to promote micro-research and development in response to market demand during the period. As the new products have gained recognition from the customers, upgrading and solidifications of products through research were being carried out, in the hope that soon enough breakthroughs in production volume and product profitability would be achieved.

In terms of purchasing, during the period, the Group paid close attention to the impact of the national policy on the tannery industry, kept track of price movements of cowhides in international markets and exchange rate trends, strengthened the research on market conditions and implemented scientific strategies for the procurement of raw cowhides. In addition, the Group proactively introduced price reduction negotiation on chemicals, identified substitutes products and suppliers with competitive prices, and controlled the procurement cost of chemicals. As affected by the Pandemic, the market price of international cowhides has reached the lowest point in history. As strict procurement control was made in the previous period, the Group made purchases on the premise of ensuring profits of products and safety of cash flow, and planned its product structure according to the production, supply and marketing arrangements. The total purchase volume in the first half of the year amounted to HK\$59,212,000, representing an increase of 26.6% over the same period of last year.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

BUSINESS REVIEW (CONTINUED)

As at 30 June 2020, the Group's consolidated inventories amounted to HK\$88,247,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$78,930,000), representing an increase of HK\$9,317,000 or 11.8% as compared to that as at 31 December 2019. During the period, the Group adhered to the business strategy of destocking and strived to alleviate the problem of inventory accumulation through research and development of processing technique, optimization of inventory structure, and integration and rectification of its products, so as to convert slow-moving inventory into cash flow and ensured to meet the working capital needs for the Group's normal operation. However, as affected by the Pandemic, inventory increased due to the significant decrease in the shipment volume of footwear leather in the first half of the year, nonetheless, the inventory structure has still seen improvement as compared to the end of last year. The Group had reassessed the value of inventories based on its aging and net realizable value and made a reversal of net provision for inventories of HK\$164,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2020 (net provision for inventories for the six months ended 30 June 2019: HK\$4,078,000).

As at 30 June 2020, the Group's property, plant and equipment amounted to HK\$40,701,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$42,484,000), representing a decrease of HK\$1,783,000 or 4.2% as compared to that as at 31 December 2019. In view of the loss-making operating results of the Group during the period, the recoverable amount of the plant and equipment was calculated by using a value in use calculation based on the discounted cash flow method and an impairment loss on plant and equipment of HK\$1,528,000 was made for the six months ended 30 June 2020 (six months ended 30 June 2019: HK\$550,000).

FINANCIAL REVIEW

As at 30 June 2020, the Group's cash and cash equivalent amounted to HK\$26,690,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$48,832,000), representing a decrease of HK\$22,142,000 or 45.3% as compared to that as at 31 December 2019, of which 8.6% were in Hong Kong dollars, 90.0% in Renminbi and 1.4% in United States dollar. Net cash outflow from operating activities for the period was HK\$17,003,000 which was mainly attributable to the increase in net cash outflow from the increase in inventories. Net cash outflow from investing activities amounted to HK\$4,010,000, which was mainly due to increase in pledged deposit and payment for renovations and purchase of machinery and equipment. Net cash outflow from financing activities was HK\$432,000, which was mainly attributable to the payment of rental expenses.

As at 30 June 2020, the Group's interest-bearing borrowings amounted to HK\$7,896,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$145,531,000 of which Hong Kong dollar and United States dollar interest-bearing borrowings were HK\$65,000,000 and HK\$80,531,000, respectively), which were United States dollar interest-bearing borrowings. The Group's borrowings arose from trust receipt loans provided by banks with the balance of HK\$7,896,000, which were secured by bank deposits, buildings and prepaid land lease payments of HK\$49,239,000 and charged at floating interest rates. During the period, the Group obtained an exemption of interests of its long-term unsecured loans of HK\$135,461,000 from the immediate holding company for the year of 2020 commencing from 1 January 2020.

As at 30 June 2020, the Group's gearing ratio of interest-bearing borrowings to shareholders' equity plus interest-bearing borrowings was 56.2% (31 December 2019: 90.2%). The annual interest rate of the borrowings during the period was approximately 1.6% to 4.2%. During the period, the Group's interest expenses amounted to HK\$2,588,000, representing a decrease of 6.6% as compared with the same period of last year, which was mainly due to the decrease in loan interest rates.



Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

FINANCIAL REVIEW (CONTINUED)

As at 30 June 2020, the Group had banking facilities and an unsecured loan facility from a fellow subsidiary (the “Facilities”) of HK\$69,193,000 in total (31 December 2019: banking facilities of HK\$85,170,000) with utilised banking facilities of HK\$7,896,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$3,152,000) and unutilised Facilities of HK\$61,297,000 (31 December 2019: banking facilities of HK\$82,018,000). Taking into account the existing cash resources and available credit facilities, the Group has adequate financial resources to meet its day-to-day operational requirements.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

As at 30 June 2020, the carrying value of non-current assets including property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets amounted to HK\$51,555,000, representing a decrease of HK\$2,137,000 over the carrying value of HK\$53,692,000 as at 31 December 2019. The capital expenditure for the period amounted to HK\$1,679,000 (six months ended 30 June 2019: HK\$599,000) in total, which was mainly attributable to the payment of renovations, acquisition of machinery and equipment to meet the production needs of the Group.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 30 June 2020, the Group’s bank deposits of HK\$3,188,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$895,000), buildings of HK\$35,197,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$36,801,000) and prepaid land lease payments of HK\$10,854,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$11,208,000) were pledged to banks to secure general banking facilities.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

The assets, liabilities and transactions of the Group are basically denominated in Hong Kong dollar, United States dollar or Renminbi. The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk primarily from purchases from overseas suppliers that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which they relate. The currency giving rise to this risk is mainly the United States dollar against Renminbi. The Group did not hedge its exposure to risks arising from fluctuations in exchange rates during the period. Should the Group consider that its foreign currency risk justifies hedging, the Group may use forward or hedging contracts to reduce the risks.

REMUNERATION POLICY FOR EMPLOYEES

As at 30 June 2020, the Group had 364 staff (31 December 2019: 378). The Group’s remuneration policy is based on the Group’s operating results and the employees’ performance. The Group has adopted a performance-based appraisal scheme for its employees focusing on “accountability and performance”. The incentive bonuses to the management, key officers and staff with outstanding performance under the incentive scheme are determined with reference to the Group’s operating net cash flow and profit after tax and calculated by various profit rankings. Applying a measure that links bonuses with the operating results of the Group and further taking into account the individual performance of the staff concerned, the employees were motivated to contribute. In addition, the Group offered social and medical insurances and pension schemes to all employees in different areas.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

PROSPECTS

It is expected that the downward trend in the sectoral economy will continue in the second half of 2020, although the Pandemic has slowed down and the State has also introduced relevant supportive government policies. It does not look promising for the footwear leather market in face of overcapacity, weak demand, narrowed profitability etc. In the second half of the year, the Group will continue to adopt “stabilizing production, stabilizing operation, reducing inventory” as its general direction. Meanwhile, the Group will continue to pay close attention to the development of the Pandemic and adjust its operation strategies in a timely manner to ensure production safety. The Group will continuously strengthen research and development technology, strengthen cost control, improve innovation capacity, and increase its inventory turnover rate by developing new processing techniques to enhance the market competitiveness of its products. The Group will also continuously expand the replenishment of production volume through subcontracting business in order to share its fixed costs and maintain a stable business volume. In the meantime, the Group will continue to strengthen the control mechanism for credit management, strengthen capital chain management, and exercise control over its key risks including environmental protection, safety, internal control and others, so as to ensure stable operation of the Group in a complex economic environment and strive for a further reduction in loss.

Report on Review of Interim Financial Information



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To the board of directors of Guangdong Tannery Limited
(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

INTRODUCTION

We have reviewed the interim financial information set out on pages 9 to 26, which comprises the condensed consolidated statement of financial position of Guangdong Tannery Limited (the “Company”) and its subsidiaries as at 30 June 2020 and the related condensed consolidated statements of profit or loss, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended, and explanatory notes. The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited require the preparation of a report on interim financial information to be in compliance with the relevant provisions thereof and Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* (“HKAS 34”) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “HKICPA”). The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with HKAS 34. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

SCOPE OF REVIEW

We conducted our review in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410 *Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity* issued by the HKICPA. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

CONCLUSION

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with HKAS 34.

Ernst & Young
Certified Public Accountants
Hong Kong

28 August 2020

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

	Notes	For the six months ended 30 June	
		2020 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2019 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
REVENUE	4	55,651	102,081
Cost of sales		(56,841)	(105,733)
Gross loss		(1,190)	(3,652)
Other income and gains	4	804	2,034
Selling and distribution expenses		(757)	(950)
Administrative expenses		(9,443)	(13,268)
Other operating income/(expenses), net		5,194	(2,925)
Impairment on items of plant and equipment		(1,528)	(550)
Finance costs	5	(2,588)	(2,772)
LOSS BEFORE TAX	5	(9,508)	(22,083)
Income tax expense	6	(123)	(30)
LOSS FOR THE PERIOD		(9,631)	(22,113)
LOSS PER SHARE	7		
— Basic		HK (1.79) cents	HK (4.11) cents
— Diluted		HK (1.79) cents	HK (4.11) cents

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

	For the six months ended 30 June	
	2020 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2019 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	(9,631)	(22,113)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS		
Other comprehensive loss that will not be reclassified to the profit or loss in subsequent periods:		
Deficits on revaluation of buildings	(378)	(857)
Income tax effect	95	214
	(283)	(643)
Other comprehensive loss that may be reclassified to the profit or loss in subsequent periods:		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	(3,628)	(361)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD, NET OF TAX	(3,911)	(1,004)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	(13,542)	(23,117)

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

30 June 2020

	Notes	30 June 2020 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2019 HK\$'000 (Audited)
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment		40,701	42,484
Right-of-use assets		10,854	11,208
Total non-current assets		51,555	53,692
CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventories		88,247	78,930
Receivables, prepayments and deposits	9	47,717	56,384
Pledged bank balances		3,188	895
Cash and bank balances		26,690	48,832
Total current assets		165,842	185,041
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade payables	10	23,702	33,621
Other payables and accruals		15,667	20,010
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	11	7,896	3,152
Due to a PRC joint venture partner		1,131	1,131
Provision		3,492	3,560
Tax payable		94	63
Total current liabilities		51,982	61,537
NET CURRENT ASSETS		113,860	123,504
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		165,415	177,196
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Loans from the immediate holding company	11	135,461	142,379
Other payables		20,626	15,797
Deferred tax liabilities		3,182	3,277
Total non-current liabilities		159,269	161,453
Net assets		6,146	15,743
EQUITY			
Share capital	12	75,032	75,032
Other reserves	13	(68,886)	(59,289)
Total equity		6,146	15,743

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

	Share capital HK\$'000	Equity component of convertible notes HK\$'000	General reserve fund HK\$'000	Reserve funds HK\$'000	Capital reserve HK\$'000	Exchange translation reserve HK\$'000	Property revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Special capital reserve HK\$'000	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 January 2019 (Audited)	75,032	5,545	167,746	20,054	3,639	66,857	10,191	70	(290,041)	59,093
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(22,113)	(22,113)
Other comprehensive loss for the period:										
Deficits on revaluation of buildings, net of tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	(643)	-	-	(643)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	(361)	-	-	-	(361)
Total comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(361)	(643)	-	(22,113)	(23,117)
Transfer from accumulated losses in accordance with the undertaking (note 13(b))	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63	(63)	-
At 30 June 2019 (Unaudited)	75,032	5,545	167,746	20,054	3,639	66,496	9,548	133	(312,217)	35,976
At 1 January 2020 (Audited)	75,032	5,545*	167,746*	20,054*	4,642*	63,193*	8,496*	419*	(329,384)*	15,743
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9,631)	(9,631)
Other comprehensive loss for the period:										
Deficits on revaluation of buildings, net of tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	(283)	-	-	(283)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	(3,628)	-	-	-	(3,628)
Total comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(3,628)	(283)	-	(9,631)	(13,542)
Transfer from accumulated losses in accordance with the undertaking (note 13(b))	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	300	(300)	-
Capital contribution from the immediate holding company	-	-	-	-	3,945	-	-	-	-	3,945
At 30 June 2020 (Unaudited)	75,032	5,545*	167,746*	20,054*	8,587*	59,565*	8,213*	719*	(339,315)*	6,146

* These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated other reserves deficits of HK\$68,886,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$59,289,000) in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020.

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the six months ended 30 June 2020

	For the six months ended 30 June	
	2020 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2019 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Loss before tax	(9,508)	(22,083)
Adjustments for:		
Finance costs	2,588	2,772
Finance income	(83)	(22)
Depreciation	1,186	1,505
Provision/(reversal of provision) for inventories	(164)	4,078
Impairment/(reversal of impairment) of trade and other receivables	(706)	2,110
Impairment on items of plant and equipment	1,528	550
Impairment of right-of-use assets	107	815
Gain on derecognition of lease liabilities	(847)	—
Reversal of accruals and payables	(3,748)	—
	(9,647)	(10,275)
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	(10,770)	47,862
Decrease/(increase) in receivables, prepayments and deposits	8,355	(24,070)
Decrease in trade payables	(9,353)	(7,881)
Decrease in other payables and accruals	(354)	(6,351)
Increase in interest-bearing bank borrowings	4,847	—
Cash used in operations	(16,922)	(715)
Interest received	83	22
Interest paid	(65)	(166)
PRC tax paid	(99)	(51)
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(17,003)	(910)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of items of property, plant and equipment	(1,679)	(599)
Increase in pledged bank balances	(2,331)	—
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(4,010)	(599)
CASH FLOWS FROM A FINANCING ACTIVITY		
Principal portion of lease payments	(432)	(440)
Net cash flows used in a financing activity	(432)	(440)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(21,445)	(1,949)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	48,832	27,513
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	(697)	21
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	26,690	25,585
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Cash and bank balances	26,690	25,585

Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information

30 June 2020

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2020 has been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard (“HKAS”) 34 “Interim Financial Reporting” issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the applicable disclosure requirements of Appendix 16 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial information does not include all information and disclosures required in the annual consolidated financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group’s annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

The accounting policies and basis of preparation adopted in the preparation of this unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial information are the same as those used in the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019, except for the adoption of the revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) (which also include HKASs and Interpretation) effective as at 1 January 2020. The Group has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

The financial information relating to the year ended 31 December 2019 that is included in this unaudited interim condensed financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2020 as comparative information does not constitute the statutory annual consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year but is derived from those consolidated financial statements. Further information relating to those statutory financial statements required to be disclosed in accordance with section 436 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622) is as follows:

The Company has delivered the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 to the Registrar of Companies as required by section 662(3) of, and Part 3 of Schedule 6 to, the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622).

The Company’s auditor has reported on those consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019. The auditor’s report was unqualified; did not include a reference to any matters to which the auditor drew attention by way of emphasis without qualifying its report; and did not contain a statement under sections 406(2), 407(2) or 407(3) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622).

2. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current period’s unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial information:

Amendments to HKFRS 3	<i>Definition of a Business</i>
Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7	<i>Interest Rate Benchmark Reform</i>
Amendment to HKFRS 16	<i>Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions</i> (early adopted)
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8	<i>Definition of Material</i>

Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information (Continued)

30 June 2020

2. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

The nature and impact of the revised HKFRSs are described below:

- (a) Amendments to HKFRS 3 clarify and provide additional guidance on the definition of a business. The amendments clarify that for an integrated set of activities and assets to be considered a business, it must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create output. A business can exist without including all of the inputs and processes needed to create outputs. The amendments remove the assessment of whether market participants are capable of acquiring the business and continue to produce outputs. Instead, the focus is on whether acquired inputs and acquired substantive processes together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs. The amendments have also narrowed the definition of outputs to focus on goods or services provided to customers, investment income or other income from ordinary activities. Furthermore, the amendments provide guidance to assess whether an acquired process is substantive and introduce an optional fair value concentration test to permit a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business. The Group has applied the amendments prospectively to transactions or other events that occurred on or after 1 January 2020.
- (b) Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7 address the effects of interbank offered rate reform on financial reporting. The amendments provide temporary reliefs which enable hedge accounting to continue during the period of uncertainty before the replacement of an existing interest rate benchmark. In addition, the amendments require companies to provide additional information to investors about their hedging relationships which are directly affected by these uncertainties.
- (c) Amendment to HKFRS 16 provides a practical expedient for lessees to elect not to apply lease modification accounting for rent concessions arising as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic. The practical expedient applies only to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and only if (i) the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change; (ii) any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021; and (iii) there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease. The amendment is effective retrospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020 with earlier application permitted.
- (d) Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8 provide a new definition of material. The new definition states that information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. The amendments clarify that materiality will depend on the nature or magnitude of information.

The above amendments did not have any impact on the Group's interim condensed consolidated financial information.

3. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

No separate analysis of segment information is presented by the Group as over 90% of the Group's revenue, results and assets relate to the processing and sale of semi-finished and finished leather in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC" or "Mainland China").

Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information (Continued)

30 June 2020

3. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Information about major customers

The revenue from customers individually contributed 10% or more of the consolidated revenue of the Group are as follows:

	For the six months ended 30 June	
	2020 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2019 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Customer A	12,649	23,538
Customer B	7,425	Note
Customer C	6,143	21,714

Note: The corresponding revenue did not contribute 10% or more of the consolidated revenue of the Group.

4. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

An analysis of revenue is as follows:

	For the six months ended 30 June	
	2020 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2019 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
<i>Revenue from contracts with customers</i>		
Sale of processed leather	55,651	102,081

Revenue is recognised when goods are transferred at a point in time to customers.

	For the six months ended 30 June	
	2020 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2019 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Other income and gains		
Finance income	83	22
Sale of scrap materials	230	527
Government grants	318	609
Income from subcontracted leather processing	169	853
Others	4	23
	804	2,034

Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information (Continued)

30 June 2020

5. LOSS BEFORE TAX

The Group's loss before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	For the six months ended 30 June	
	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	2019 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)
Cost of inventories sold*	57,005	101,655
Depreciation for items of plant and equipment	1,011	949
Depreciation for right-of-use assets	175	556
Impairment/(reversal of impairment) of trade and other receivables#	(706)	2,110
Impairment of right-of-use assets#	107	815
Gain on derecognition of lease liabilities#	(847)	—
Reversal of payables and accruals#	(3,748)	—
Interest on:		
Bank loans and discounting bills receivable to banks	64	166
Loans from the immediate holding company	2,483	2,568
Lease liabilities	41	38
	2,588	2,772
Provision/(reversal of provision) for inventories*	(164)	4,078

* This item is included in "Cost of sales" on the face of the condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss.

These items for the period ended 30 June 2020 are included in "Other operating income/(expenses), net" on the face of the condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information (Continued)

30 June 2020

6. INCOME TAX

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group did not generate any assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the period (six months ended 30 June 2019: Nil). Taxes on profits assessable in Mainland China have been calculated at the rate of tax prevailing in Mainland China in which the Group operates.

	For the six months ended 30 June	
	2020 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2019 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Group — Mainland China		
Provision for the period	123	114
Overprovision in prior years	—	(84)
Total tax charge for the period	123	30

7. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic loss per share amounts is based on the loss for the period of HK\$9,631,000 (six months ended 30 June 2019: HK\$22,113,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 538,019,000 (30 June 2019: 538,019,000) in issue during the period.

No adjustment has been made to the basic loss per share amounts presented for the periods ended 30 June 2020 and 2019 in the calculation of diluted loss per share as there were no dilutive events during the periods ended 30 June 2020 and 2019.

8. DIVIDEND

The Board has resolved not to declare the payment of an interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2020 (six months ended 30 June 2019: Nil).

9. RECEIVABLES, PREPAYMENTS AND DEPOSITS

	30 June 2020 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2019 HK\$'000 (Audited)
Trade receivables	30,179	26,947
Bills receivable	14,923	24,963
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	2,615	4,474
	47,717	56,384

Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information (Continued)

30 June 2020

9. RECEIVABLES, PREPAYMENTS AND DEPOSITS (CONTINUED)

The Group's trading terms with customers are mainly on credit, except for new customers, where payment in advance is normally required. Invoices are normally payable within 60 days of issuance, except for certain well-established customers, where the terms are extended to 150 days. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. The Group seeks to maintain tight control over its outstanding receivables in order to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivable balances. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

An ageing analysis of the Group's trade and bills receivables as at the end of reporting period, based on the settlement due date, is as follows:

	30 June 2020 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2019 HK\$'000 (Audited)
Current	40,107	50,902
Less than 3 months past due	4,326	1,109
More than 3 months past due	4,124	4,115
Impairment	48,557 (3,455)	56,126 (4,216)
	45,102	51,910

10. TRADE PAYABLES

An ageing analysis of the Group's trade payables as at the end of reporting period, based on the date of receipt of goods, is as follows:

	30 June 2020 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2019 HK\$'000 (Audited)
Within 3 months	15,199	25,781
3 to 6 months	5,833	5,021
Over 6 months	2,670	2,819
	23,702	33,621

The trade payables of the Group are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on terms of 90 days.

Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information (Continued)

30 June 2020

11. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

	30 June 2020 (Unaudited)			31 December 2019 (Audited)		
	Effective interest rate (%)	Maturity	Amount HK\$'000	Effective interest rate (%)	Maturity	Amount HK\$'000
Current						
Trust receipt loans, secured	1.60-2.45	2020	7,896	3.84-4.20	2020	3,152
Non-current						
Loans from the immediate holding company	1.33-1.95	2023	135,461	3.27-3.42	2021	142,379
			143,357			145,531

As at 30 June 2020, trust receipt loans of HK\$7,896,000 were under facilities which were secured by (i) a corporate guarantee of the Company as at 30 June 2020 (31 December 2019: a corporate guarantee of the Company); (ii) the pledge of certain of the Group's bank balances amounting to HK\$3,188,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$895,000); and (iii) the pledge of certain of the Group's buildings and right-of-use assets with an aggregate carrying amounts of HK\$46,051,000 as at 30 June 2020 (31 December 2019: HK\$48,009,000).

As at 30 June 2020, a loan facility of HK\$32,844,000 (31 December 2019: Nil) from a fellow subsidiary was unsecured and was not utilised.

The following table illustrates the loans from GDH Limited ("GDH"), the Company's immediate holding company:

Notes	30 June 2020 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2019 HK\$'000 (Audited)
(i)	21,819	22,779
(ii)	61,343	65,000
(iii)	52,299	54,600
	135,461	142,379

(i) The balance represents an unsecured loan from GDH of US\$2,920,000 (31 December 2019: US\$2,920,000), which bears interest at 3-month LIBOR + 1.17% per annum (31 December 2019: 3-month LIBOR + 1.17% per annum) and is repayable on 31 July 2023 (31 December 2019: repayable on 31 July 2021).

(ii) The balance represents an unsecured loan from GDH of HK\$65,000,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$65,000,000), which bears interest at 3-month HIBOR + 1.17% per annum (31 December 2019: 3-month HIBOR + 1.17% per annum) and is repayable on 31 July 2023 (31 December 2019: repayable on 9 August 2021).

(iii) The balance represents an unsecured loan from GDH of US\$7,000,000 (31 December 2019: US\$7,000,000), which bears interest at 3-month LIBOR + 1.17% per annum (31 December 2019: 3-month LIBOR + 1.17% per annum) and is repayable on 31 July 2023 (31 December 2019: repayable on 30 December 2021).

Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information (Continued)

30 June 2020

11. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

On 30 June 2020, the Group secured the agreement with GDH to waive interest charged on the loans balance from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020.

The carrying amounts of the Group's interest-bearing bank and other borrowings approximate their fair values.

12. SHARE CAPITAL

Shares

	30 June 2020 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2019 HK\$'000 (Audited)
Issued and fully paid: 538,019,000 (31 December 2019: 538,019,000) ordinary shares	75,032	75,032

13. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior periods are presented in the unaudited interim condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity.

- (a) The general reserve fund of the Group is an undistributable reserve and may not be treated as realised profits.

On 25 November 1996, a court order confirming the reduction of the share premium account by HK\$133,349,000 was registered by the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong and the credit arising therefrom was transferred to the general reserve fund against which goodwill arising on the acquisition of a subsidiary was eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. In the year ended 31 December 2002, there was a release of goodwill of HK\$133,349,000 in respect of impairment of an investment in a subsidiary relating to the goodwill arising from acquisition of that subsidiary in 1996.

Pursuant to a special resolution passed in the Group's extraordinary general meeting held on 23 January 1998 and confirmed by the Order of the High Court of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC (the "Court") dated 2 March 1998, the share premium account was reduced by the amount of HK\$34,397,000 and, as undertaken by the Group, a general reserve fund was credited in the books of accounts of the Group in the same amount for the purpose of setting off, in the consolidated financial statements of the Group and its subsidiaries, goodwill arising on consolidation in 1997. In 2000 and 2001, there was a release of goodwill of HK\$12,478,000 and HK\$21,919,000, respectively, in respect of impairment of investments in subsidiaries relating to the goodwill arising from the acquisition of the subsidiaries in 1997.

Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information (Continued)

30 June 2020

13. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

- (b) On 1 February 2011, a special resolution was passed by the shareholders of the Company for approving the reduction in share premium of the Company (the "Share Premium Reduction"). The purpose of the Share Premium Reduction is to reduce the credit standing to the share premium account of the Company to the extent of HK\$393,345,845 and to apply the credit arising from such reduction to eliminate the accumulated losses of the Company by the same amount.

On 22 March 2011, the Court made an order (the "Order") confirming the Share Premium Reduction. An office copy of the Order was registered with the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong on 29 March 2011 (the "Effective Date") in accordance with Section 61 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. Accordingly, the Share Premium Reduction became effective immediately following the registration of the Order of the Court and the accumulated losses of the Company of HK\$393,345,845 were eliminated against the Company's share premium account.

In connection with the application for the Share Premium Reduction (the "Application"), the Company undertakes that in the event of the Company making any future recoveries of the assets identified in the Application for which provision for impairment in value or amortisation was made in the accounts of the Company between 31 December 2000 and 30 June 2010 (the "Assets"), beyond the written down values in the Company's accounts as at 30 June 2010, all such recoveries beyond that written down values up to an amount of HK\$150,345,170 (the "Limit"), will be credited to a special capital reserve in the accounting records of the Company (the "Special Capital Reserve") and that so long as there shall remain outstanding any debt of or claim against the Company which, if the Effective Date was the date of the commencement of the winding up of the Company, would be admissible to proof in such winding up and the persons entitled to the benefit of such debts or claims shall not have agreed otherwise, such reserve shall not be treated as realised profits for the purposes of ss291, 297 and 299 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622) and shall (for so long as the Company shall remain a listed company) be treated as an undistributable reserve of the Company for the purposes of ss290 and 298 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622), or any statutory re-enactments or modifications thereof provided that:

- (1) the Company shall be at liberty to apply the Special Capital Reserve for the same purposes as a share premium account may be applied;
- (2) the Limit in respect of the Special Capital Reserve may be reduced by the amount of any increase, after the Effective Date, in the amount standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company as a result of the paying up of shares by the receipt of new consideration or the capitalisation of distributable profits;
- (3) the Limit in respect of the Special Capital Reserve may be reduced upon the disposal or other realisation, after the Effective Date, of the Assets by the amount of the impairment in value and amortisation made in relation to such assets as at 30 June 2010 less such amount (if any) as credited to the Special Capital Reserve as a result of such disposal or realisation; and
- (4) in the event that the amount standing to the credit of the Special Capital Reserve exceeds the Limit thereof after any reduction of such Limit pursuant to provisions (2) and/or (3) above, the Company shall be at liberty to transfer the amount of any such excess to the general reserves of the Company and the same shall become available for distribution.

Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information (Continued)

30 June 2020

13. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(b) (continued)

During the six months ended 30 June 2020, a reversal of provision for impairment of HK\$300,000 (six months ended 30 June 2019: HK\$63,000) was made for the Assets. This resulted in a transfer of HK\$300,000 (six months ended 30 June 2019: HK\$63,000) from accumulated losses to the Special Capital Reserve.

The Limit as at 30 June 2020 was HK\$150,273,970 (31 December 2019: HK\$150,273,970) and the amount standing to the credit of the Group's Special Capital Reserve as at 30 June 2020 was HK\$719,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$419,000).

(c) Pursuant to the relevant PRC laws and regulations, a portion of the profits of the Group's subsidiaries which are established in Mainland China has been transferred to reserve funds which are restricted as to use.

(d) Capital reserve represents the capital contribution from the immediate holding company.

14. FAIR VALUE AND THE FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

All financial assets of the Group, other than bills receivable, as at 30 June 2020 and 31 December 2019 are financial assets at amortised cost. Bills receivable as at 30 June 2020 and 31 December 2019 are financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

All financial liabilities of the Group as at 30 June 2020 and 31 December 2019 are financial liabilities at amortised cost.

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and bank balances, trade receivables, trade payables, financial assets included in receivables, prepayments and deposits, financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals, and an amount due to a PRC joint venture partner approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The fair values of bills receivable, loans from the immediate holding company and non-current portion of other payables have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. The Group's own non-performance risk for borrowings as at 30 June 2020 and 31 December 2019 was assessed to be insignificant. Their fair values approximate carrying amounts as at 30 June 2020 and 31 December 2019.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amounts of which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation date.

Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information (Continued)

30 June 2020

14. FAIR VALUE AND THE FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair value hierarchy

The following tables illustrate the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments:

Assets measured at fair value:

As at 30 June 2020

	Fair value measurement using			Total HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2) HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	
Bills receivable	—	14,923	—	14,923

As at 31 December 2019

	Fair value measurement using			Total HK\$'000 (Audited)
	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) HK\$'000 (Audited)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2) HK\$'000 (Audited)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) HK\$'000 (Audited)	
Bills receivable	—	24,963	—	24,963

During the period ended 30 June 2020, there were no transfers of fair value measurement between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfer into or out of Level 3 of financial assets (31 December 2019: Nil).

15. COMMITMENTS

	30 June 2020 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2019 HK\$'000 (Audited)
Contracted, but not provided for:		
Land and buildings	19	19
Leasehold improvements	360	523
Plant and machinery	473	570
	852	1,112

Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information (Continued)

30 June 2020

16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Transactions with related parties

In addition to the transactions and balances detailed elsewhere in the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial information, the Group had the following material transactions with related parties during the period:

	Notes	For the six months ended 30 June	
		2020 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2019 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Office rental paid to a fellow subsidiary	(i)	228	267
Interest expense charged by the immediate holding company	(ii)	2,483	2,568
Computer system maintenance service fee paid to a fellow subsidiary	(iii)	108	90

Notes:

- (i) The office rental was charged by a fellow subsidiary at HK\$44,500 per month from 1 January 2020 to 5 February 2020 and HK\$46,000 per month from 6 February 2020 to 31 May 2020 (2019: HK\$44,500 per month) in accordance with the terms of the rental agreement between the Group and a fellow subsidiary. As at 30 June 2020, the Group had a rental deposit of nil (31 December 2019: HK\$156,204) with the fellow subsidiary.
- (ii) The interest expense charged by the immediate holding company arose from the loans advanced from GDH. Further details of the loans, including the terms, are disclosed in note 11 to the condensed consolidated financial information.
- (iii) The fellow subsidiary charged maintenance service fees at HK\$18,000 per month during the period ended 30 June 2020 (period ended 30 June 2019: HK\$15,000 per month) for the computer system used by the Group.

(b) Outstanding balances with related parties

- (i) Details of the loans from the immediate holding company as at the end of the reporting period are included in note 11 to the condensed consolidated financial information.
- (ii) Included in other payables and accruals is accrued interest of HK\$20,435,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$14,980,000) due to the immediate holding company which are not repayable before 31 July 2023 (31 December 2019: 28 February 2021), and was arisen from loans from the immediate holding company.

Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Information (Continued)

30 June 2020

16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(c) Commitments with related parties:

On 28 November 2016, the Group entered into a three-year office rental agreement commencing 6 February 2017 and ending 5 February 2020 with Global Head Developments Limited (“Global Head”), a fellow subsidiary of the Group, with a monthly rent of HK\$44,500.

On 17 December 2019, the Group entered into another two-year office rental agreement commencing 6 February 2020 and ending 5 February 2022 with Global Head with a monthly rent of HK\$46,000. On 29 May 2020, the Group entered into agreement with Global Head to terminate the lease from 31 May 2020.

(d) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

	For the six months ended 30 June	
	2020 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2019 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Short term employee benefits	297	296
Post-employment benefits	86	89
Total compensation paid to key management personnel	383	385

17. IMPACT OF COVID-19

The outbreak of the novel coronavirus in early 2020 casted certain uncertainties on the operating environments of the Group. The Group expects the performance will continue to be affected. In light of the rapid development of the novel coronavirus outbreak, the Group will closely monitor the situation and continuously assess its impact on the financial conditions and operating results of the Group.

18. APPROVAL OF THE INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

This unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial information was approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 28 August 2020.

Directors' Interests and Short Positions in Securities

As at 30 June 2020, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which were required to be (i) notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which the Directors and the chief executive were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); (ii) entered in the register kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO; or (iii) notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"), were as follows:

INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE COMPANY

INTERESTS IN ORDINARY SHARES

Name of Director	Capacity/ Nature of interests	Number of ordinary shares held	Long/Short position	Approximate percentage of interests held <i>(Note)</i>
Sun Jun	Personal	40,000	Long position	0.007%

Note: The approximate percentage of interests held was calculated on the basis of 538,019,000 ordinary shares of the Company in issue as at 30 June 2020.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2020, to the knowledge of the Company, none of the Director or the chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which are required to be: (i) notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which the Directors and the chief executive are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); (ii) entered in the register kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO; or (iii) notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the period was the Company or its holding companies, or any of its subsidiaries or its fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company or their spouse or children under 18 years of age to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

Substantial Shareholders' Interests

As at 30 June 2020, so far as is known to any Director or the chief executive of the Company, the following persons (other than a Director or the chief executive of the Company) had, or were deemed or taken to have interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO:

Name of Shareholder	Capacity/ Nature of interests	Number of ordinary shares held	Long/Short position	Approximate percentage of interests held <i>(Note 1)</i>
廣東粵海控股集團有限公司 (Guangdong Holdings Limited) <i>(Note 2)</i>	Interest in controlled corporation	383,820,000	Long position	71.34%
GDH Limited	Beneficial owner	383,820,000	Long position	71.34%

Notes:

1. The approximate percentage of interests held was calculated on the basis of 538,019,000 ordinary shares of the Company in issue as at 30 June 2020.
2. The attributable interest which 廣東粵海控股集團有限公司 (Guangdong Holdings Limited) has in the Company is held through its 100% direct interest in GDH Limited.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2020, so far as is known to any Director or the chief executive of the Company, there were no other persons (other than a Director or the chief executive of the Company) had, or were deemed or taken to have interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO.

Corporate Governance and Other Information

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company had complied with the code provisions and, where appropriate, the applicable recommended best practices in the Corporate Governance Code (the “CG Code”) contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules throughout the six months ended 30 June 2020, save and except for the following deviation:

Mr. Fung Lak, Mr. Choi Kam Fai, Thomas and Mr. Chan Cheong Tat resigned/retired as independent non-executive Directors and members of the Nomination Committee, Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company with effect from the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company held on 19 June 2020; whereas Mr. Yeung Man Lee, Mr. Leung Luen Cheong and Mr. Yang Ge (the “New INEDs”) were appointed as independent non-executive Directors and members of the Nomination Committee, Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company with effect from 14 August 2020.

Accordingly, during the period from 19 June 2020 to 13 August 2020, the Company was not in compliance with the following requirements of the Listing Rules:

- (1) Rules 3.10(1) and 3.10A of the Listing Rules with regard to the number and proportion of independent non-executive Directors on the Board;
- (2) Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules with regard to the membership and composition of the Audit Committee;
- (3) Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules with regard to the membership and composition of the Remuneration Committee; and
- (4) Code provision A.5.1 of the Corporate Governance Code with regard to the membership and composition of the Nomination Committee.

Furthermore, as the Remuneration Committee has no member not until 14 August 2020, the remuneration of the above New INEDs was determined by the Board of Directors in the absence of any recommendations from the Remuneration Committee.

DIRECTORS’ SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding directors’ securities transactions. Having made specific enquiry to all the Directors of the Company, all Directors confirmed that they had complied with the required standard of dealings as set out in the Model Code throughout the six months ended 30 June 2020.

Corporate Governance and Other Information (Continued)

CHANGES IN DIRECTORS' INFORMATION

The changes in information of the Directors of the Company are set out below:

- (1) Mr. Kuang Hu was appointed as a director of 徐州港威皮革有限公司 (Xuzhou Gangwei Leather Co., Ltd.*).
- (2) Mr. Qiao Jiankang ceased to act as a director of both 徐州南海皮廠有限公司 (Xuzhou Nanhai Leather Factory Co., Ltd.*) and 粵海制革(徐州)有限公司 (Guangdong Tannery (Xuzhou) Limited*) .

* The English translation of the Chinese name of the company is for reference only, and such translation may not be accurate and such company may not have an official English translation/version of these Chinese name.

Save as disclosed above, there is no other information that is required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

REVIEW OF INTERIM RESULTS

The unaudited interim financial information of the Group and the interim report of the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2020 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Company and Messrs. Ernst & Young, the auditors of the Company.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange during the six months ended 30 June 2020.

By Order of the Board
Kuang Hu
Chairman

Hong Kong, 28 August 2020



GUANGDONG TANNERY LIMITED
粤海制革有限公司