

股份編號 Stock code:2338.HK

2020 中報 Interim Report



Contents 目錄

Corporate Information 2 公司資料

Financial Summary 6 財務概要

Chairman's Statement 7 主席報告書

Management Discussion and Analysis 14 管理層討論與分析

Auditors' Review Report 23 審閱報告

Reviewed Financial Statements 已審閱財務報表

Consolidated Balance Sheet 24 合併資產負債表

Consolidated Income Statement 27 合併利潤表

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 29 合併股東權益變動表

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement 31 合併現金流量表

Company Balance Sheet 33 公司資產負債表

Company Income Statement 35 公司利潤表

Company Statement of Changes in Equity 36 公司股東權益變動表

Company Cash Flow Statement 37 公司現金流量表

Notes to Financial Statements 39 財務報表附註

Supplemental Information 補充資料

Schedule of Extraordinary Profit and Loss 284 非經常性損益明細表

Other Information 286 其他資料

Corporate Information

Directors

Executive Directors

Tan Xuguang (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Zhang Quan (Executive President)

Xu Xinyu

Sun Shaojun (Executive President)

Yuan Hongming (Executive President)

Yan Jianbo (Executive President)

Non-executive Directors

Zhang Liangfu (appointed on 29 June 2020)

Jiang Kui

Gordon Riske

Michael Martin Macht

Wang Yuepu (resigned on 26 March 2020)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Li Hongwu

Wen Daocai

Jiang Yan (appointed on 29 June 2020)

Yu Zhuoping (appointed on 29 June 2020)

Zhao Huifang (appointed on 29 June 2020)

Zhang Zhong (retired on 29 June 2020)

Wang Gongyong (retired on 29 June 2020)

Ning Xiangdong (retired on 29 June 2020)

Supervisors

Lu Wenwu

Ma Changhai

Wu Hongwei

Company Secretary and Chief Financial Officer

Kwong Kwan Tong (CPA, FCCA, ACMA)

Secretary to the Board

Wang Li

公司資料

董事

執行董事

譚旭光(董事長兼首席執行官)

張 泉(執行總裁)

徐新玉

孫少軍(執行總裁)

袁宏明(執行總裁)

嚴鑒鉑(執行總裁)

非執行董事

張良富(於二零二零年六月二十九日上任)

工 奎

Gordon Riske

Michael Martin Macht

王曰普(於二零二零年三月二十六日辭任)

獨立非執行董事

李洪武

聞道才

蔣 彦(於二零二零年六月二十九日上任)

余卓平(於二零二零年六月二十九日上任)

趙惠芳(於二零二零年六月二十九日上任)

張 忠(於二零二零年六月二十九日退任)

王貢勇(於二零二零年六月二十九日退任)

寧向東(於二零二零年六月二十九日退任)

監事

魯文武

馬常海

吳洪偉

公司秘書暨財務總監

鄺焜堂 (CPA, FCCA, ACMA)

董事會秘書

王麗

Corporate Information (Continued)

Securities Affair Representative

Wang Li

197, Section A, Fu Shou East Street

High Technology Industrial Development Zone

Weifang

Shandong Province

The People's Republic of China

Postal Code: 261061 Tel: (86) (536)-229 7056 Fax: (86) (536)-819 7073

Website: http://www.weichaipower.com

Authorised Representatives

Xu Xinyu

Kwong Kwan Tong

Registered Address and Headquarters of the Company

197, Section A, Fu Shou East Street

High Technology Industrial Development Zone

Weifang

Shandong Province

The People's Republic of China

Postal Code: 261061 Tel: (86) (536)-229 7056 Fax: (86) (536)-819 7073

Website: http://www.weichaipower.com

Place of Business in Hong Kong

Room 3407-3408

34/F Gloucester Tower

Landmark

15 Queen's Road Central

Central, Hong Kong

Legal Advisor

Reed Smith Richards Butler

Auditor

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Certified Public Accountants LLP

公司資料(續)

證券事務代表

王 麗

中華人民共和國

山東省

濰坊

高新技術產業開發區 福壽東街197號甲

郵編:261061

電話: (86) (536)-229 7056 傳真: (86) (536)-819 7073

網址: http://www.weichaipower.com

授權代表

徐新玉 鄺焜堂

註冊辦事處及公司總部

中華人民共和國

山東省

濰坊

高新技術產業開發區

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網址:http://www.weichaipower.com

香港營業地點

香港中環

皇后大道中15號

置地廣場

告羅士打大廈

34樓3407-3408室

法律顧問

禮德齊伯禮律師行

核數師

德勤華永會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)

Corporate Information (Continued)

Audit Committee

Jiang Yan (Chairman) (appointed on 29 June 2020)

Li Hongwu

Wen Daocai

Yu Zhuoping (appointed on 29 June 2020)

Zhao Huifang (appointed on 29 June 2020)

Wang Gongyong (retired on 29 June 2020)

Zhang Zhong (retired on 29 June 2020)

Ning Xiangdong (retired on 29 June 2020)

Strategic Development and Investment Committee

Tan Xuguang (Chairman)

Michael Martin Macht (Vice-chairman)

Zhang Quan

Xu Xinvu

Sun Shaojun

Yuan Hongming

Yan Jianbo

Zhang Liangfu (appointed on 29 June 2020)

Yu Zhuoping (appointed on 29 June 2020)

Wang Yuepu (resigned on 26 March 2020)

Ning Xiangdong (retired on 29 June 2020)

Remuneration Committee

Zhao Huifang (Chairman) (appointed on 29 June 2020)

Tan Xuguang

Jiang Yan (appointed on 29 June 2020)

Zhang Zhong (retired on 29 June 2020)

Wang Gongyong (retired on 29 June 2020)

Nomination Committee

Li Hongwu (Chairman) (appointed as chairman on 29 June 2020)

Xu Xinyu

Zhao Huifang (appointed on 29 June 2020)

Zhang Zhong (retired on 29 June 2020)

Wang Gongyong (retired on 29 June 2020)

Principal Bankers

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China

China Construction Bank Corporation

Bank of China

HSBC

公司資料(續)

審核委員會

蔣 彦(主席)(於二零二零年六月二十九日上任)

李洪武

聞道才

余卓平(於二零二零年六月二十九日上任)

趙惠芳(於二零二零年六月二十九日上任)

王貢勇(於二零二零年六月二十九日退任)

張 忠(於二零二零年六月二十九日退任)

寧向東(於二零二零年六月二十九日退任)

戰略發展及投資委員會

譚旭光(主席)

Michael Martin Macht(副主席)

張泉

徐新玉

孫少軍

袁宏明

嚴鑒鉑 張良富*(於二零二零年六月二十九日上任)*

余卓平(於二零二零年六月二十九日上任)

王曰普(於二零二零年三月二十六日辭任)

寧向東(於二零二零年六月二十九日退任)

薪酬委員會

趙惠芳(主席)(於二零二零年六月二十九日上任) 譚旭光

蔣 彦(於二零二零年六月二十九日上任)

張 忠(於二零二零年六月二十九日退任)

王貢勇(於二零二零年六月二十九日退任)

提名委員會

李洪武(主席)(於二零二零年六月二十九日上任主席)

徐新玉

趙惠芳(於二零二零年六月二十九日上任)

張 忠(於二零二零年六月二十九日退任)

王貢勇(於二零二零年六月二十九日退任)

主要往來銀行

中國工商銀行

中國建設銀行

中國銀行

滙豐銀行

Corporate Information (Continued)

Hong Kong H-Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712-1716 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Oueen's Road East

Wanchai Hong Kong

Share Information

Number of issued shares as at

30 June 2020:

7,933,873,895 Shares (5,990,833,895 A Shares,

and 1,943,040,000 H Shares)

Board lot (H Shares) 1,000 H Shares 100 A Shares (A Shares)

Abbreviation of the Company's share and Stock Codes

A Shares: Weichai Power (濰柴動力) 000338

H Shares: Weichai Power (濰柴動力) 2338

Stock Exchange Listings

A Shares: Shenzhen Stock Exchange

H Shares: The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange")

Investors and Media Relations

Legal and Securities Affairs Department The Company:

> Tel: (86) 536-229 7056 Fax: (86) 536-819 7073

Website: www.weichaipower.com

Public Relations Consultant: Wonderful Sky Financial Group Limited

> Tel: (852) 2851 1038 Fax: (852) 2598 1588 Website: www.wsfg.hk

公司資料(續)

香港H股登記及過戶處

香港中央證券登記有限公司

香港 灣仔

皇后大道東183號

合和中心17樓1712-1716號舖

股份資料

於二零二零年 7,933,873,895股

六月三十日的 (5,990,833,895股A股, 已發行股份數目: 及1.943.040.000股H股)

交易單位(H股) 1.000股H股 100股A股 (A股)

本公司股份簡稱及股份代號

A股: 濰柴動力 (Weichai Power) 000338

H股: 濰柴動力 (Weichai Power) 2338

上市交易所

顧問:

A股:深圳證券交易所

H股:香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「香港聯交所」)

投資者及媒體關係

公司: 法務與證券事務部

> 電話: (86) 536-229 7056 傳真: (86) 536-819 7073

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公眾關係 皓天財經集團有限公司

> 電話:(852)28511038 傳真:(852)25981588 網址:www.wsfg.hk

Financial Summary

- Revenue amounted to approximately RMB94,495 million, an increase of approximately 4.0%.
- Net profit attributable to the shareholders of the parent amounted to approximately RMB4,680 million, a decrease of approximately 11.5%.
- Basic earnings per share was approximately RMB0.59, a decrease of approximately 11.5%.

財務概要

- 營業收入約為人民幣94,495百萬元,上升 約4.0%。
- 歸屬於母公司股東的淨利潤約為人民幣 4,680百萬元,減少約11.5%。
- 每股基本盈利約為人民幣0.59元,減少約 11.5% 。

Chairman's Statement

主席報告書



Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board, I would like to present the reviewed interim results of the Company for the six months' period ended 30 June 2020.

I. Review of Operating Conditions

In the first half of 2020, facing the severe challenges brought by the outbreak of the novel coronavirus ("COVID-19"), coupled with the complicated and ever-changing environment domestically and abroad, the Chinese government has implemented various measures to prevent and control the spread of COVID-19 and facilitate economic developments. China has been achieving impressive strategic results in containing COVID-19, leading to a steady recovery in the economy. In the first half of the year, the gross domestic product reached RMB45.7 trillion, representing a year-on-year decrease of 1.6%. From a quarterly perspective, the gross domestic product decreased by 6.8% in the first quarter and grew by 3.2% in the second quarter compared to the corresponding periods last year.

During the Period, the Company implemented precise strategies and scientific planning to overcome the adverse impacts brought by COVID-19 and to seize the opportunity of economic recovery, leading to a growth in domestic operation, rapid growth in new business formats and increase

各位股東:

本人謹代表董事會呈報本公司截至二零二零年六 月三十日止六個月經審閱後的中期業績。

一、經營情況回顧

2020年上半年,面對新冠肺炎疫情帶來的嚴峻考驗和複雜多變的國內外環境,中國政府統籌推進疫情防控和經濟發展各項工作,疫情防控取得重大戰略成果,經濟發展呈現穩定轉好態勢。上半年,國內生產總值45.7萬億元,同比下降1.6%。分季度看,一季度同比下降6.8%,二季度同比增長3.2%。

報告期內,公司精準施策、科學部署,克 服疫情帶來的一系列不利影響,搶抓國內 經濟復蘇機遇,國內業務實現正增長,新 業態繼續保持高速增長,智能物流業務訂

in the number of orders of the intelligent logistics business despite the adversity, all of which highlighted the strength of our diversified business structure and significantly enhanced our risk resistance capabilities. In the first half of the year, the Company's revenue increased by approximately 4.0% compared with that in the corresponding period of 2019 to approximately RMB94,495 million. Net profit attributable to shareholders of the listed company was approximately RMB4,680 million, representing a decrease of approximately 11.5% compared with that in the corresponding period of 2019. Basic earnings per share was RMB0.59, representing a decrease of approximately 11.5% compared with that in the corresponding period of 2019.

1. Power System Business

The Company upheld an innovation-driven approach and accelerated the escalation of products mix to high-end. To create a new generation high-end platform "N+H+M", sales amount of new products such as WP3N, WP8 and WP10H increased rapidly; we have completed the upgrade and development of the full series of road-going China VI and non-road-going China IV products to firmly secure our leading position amidst the new round of emission standards upgrade, and achieved simultaneous growth in both traditional products and emerging strategic products. Leveraging the globally coordinated research and development (R&D) platform, we made strenuous efforts in achieving breakthroughs in core technologies, and our product competitiveness was significantly strengthened by continuously optimising engines and performance strengths of parts and components, lowering costs and fuel consumption and light-weighting. The Company adhered to the customer-oriented approach and focused precisely on various segment markets. We achieved all-round breakthroughs in strategic markets such as energy and electric power, industrial equipment and excavators, and continuously developed advantageous markets such as heavy-duty trucks, passenger vehicles and construction machineries to strengthen our competitive advantages in the industry. The Company was committed to creating synergy by combining its resources and speeding up the integration of the industrial chain. With engines as our principal axis, the Company achieved rapid breakthroughs in core technology of three major powertrain systems, namely, commercial vehicles, construction machineries and agricultural equipment, and took full advantage of systematic matching of its products, thereby creating competitive advantage of differentiation. The wholesale market testing phase for the second generation of AMT powertrain products has been completed, and "WP6H+Linde Hydraulics" powertrain became the first domestic self-developed powertrain solution for excavators.

主席報告書(續)

單逆勢增長,多元化業務結構優勢凸顯, 抗風險能力顯著增强。上半年,公司實現 營業收入約為94,495百萬元人民幣,較二 零一九年同期增長約4.0%。歸屬於上市 公司股東的淨利潤約為4,680百萬元人民 幣,較二零一九年同期減少約11.5%。基 本每股收益為0.59元人民幣,較二零一九 年同期減少約11.5%。

1. 動力系統業務

堅持創新驅動,加快產品結構邁向 高端。打造[N+H+M]新一代高端平 台, WP3N、WP8、WP10H等新產 品迅速上量;全系列道路國六、非道 路國四完成升級開發,在新一輪排放 標準升級中牢牢佔據領先優勢,實現 傳統產品與新興戰略產品協同並進; 依托全球協同研發平台,強化核心技 術攻關,不斷優化發動機、零部件性 能,降成本、降油耗、輕量化等成效 顯著,產品競爭力顯著提升。堅持客 戶導向,精準聚焦發力細分市場。能 源電力、工業裝備、挖機等戰略市場 全面突破,重卡、客車、工程機械等 優勢市場持續發力,行業競爭優勢不 斷增強。堅持資源協同,加速產業鏈 一體化。以發動機為主軸,加快突破 商用車、工程機械、農業裝備三大動 力總成核心技術,充分發揮系統匹配 優勢,形成差異化競爭能力。二代 AMT動力總成產品完成批量市場驗 證;「WP6H+林德液壓」動力總成成 為國內首個挖掘機自主動力總成解決 方案。

During the Period, the Company's powertrain business hit another record high. Sales volume of engines increased year-on-year by 19.2% to 470,000 units; sales volume of gear boxes increased year-on-year by 4.0% to 605,000; sales volume of axles increased year-on-year by 16.5% to 534,000. In addition, our strategic highend products continued to develop, with sales revenue of large-diameter engines of RMB420 million, representing a year-on-year growth of 30.4%; and sales revenue of high-end hydraulic products of RMB230 million, representing a year-on-year growth of 30.3%.



2. Complete Vehicles and Machineries Business

Upholding a strategy driven by complete vehicles and machineries, the Company sped up the innovation-driven strategy and industrial chain structural upgrade, and further enhanced its comprehensive competitiveness. Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Company Limited (陝 西重型汽車有限公司), a controlling subsidiary, made efforts in production and operation, market breakthrough and products innovation, and achieved stable growth with a total heavy-duty trucks sales of 88,000 units, representing a year-on-year growth of 2.1%. We seized the market share with full understanding of the needs of the industry. In the tractor economic market, port tractor market, and sand and gravel transportation market, we continued to rank the top. We overcame the impact of COVID-19 overseas effectively and recorded a year-on-year growth in cooperative export as well as a rapid expansion in high-end markets such as Central and South America and the Asia-Pacific. By effectively combining innovation chain and industrial chain, we gained a leading advantage. We accelerated the exploration of effective combination of management of customers' demand with the internet throughout the life cycle of trucks, and introduced innovative models of cooperation with major customers and platform customers on an ongoing basis, proactively forming a new business format. Following the completion of the development of model M3000S vehicles and technological reserves of model M5000 vehicles and further upgrade of complete vehicles in terms of smoothness and braking performance, the core performance indicators of our new-generation products led the industry.

主席報告書(續)

報告期內,動力總成業務再創歷史新高,銷售發動機47.0萬台,同比增長19.2%;銷售變速箱60.5萬台,同比增長4.0%;銷售車橋53.4萬根,同比增長16.5%。同時,戰略高端產品繼續發力,大缸徑發動機實現收入人民幣4.2億元,同比增長30.4%;高端液壓實現國內收入人民幣2.3億元,同比增長30.3%。



2. 整車整機業務

圍繞整車整機帶動戰略,加速創新引 領和產業鏈結構升級,綜合競爭力進 一步增強。控股子公司陝西重型汽車 有限公司從生產組織、市場突破、產 品研發等方面發力,實現穩健增長, 累計銷售重型卡車8.8萬輛,同比增 長2.1%。精準研判行業需求,搶佔 市場空間。在牽引車經濟市場、港口 牽引市場、砂石料運輸市場保持行業 第一;有效克服海外疫情影響,合作 出口銷量同比增長,中南美、亞太等 高端市場突破速度加快。創新鏈、產 業鏈有效融合,打造領先優勢。加快 探索卡車全生命周期客戶需求管理與 互聯網有效融合,不斷創新頭部客 戶、平台客戶合作模式,積極培育 新的經營業態;完成M3000S車型開 發、M5000車型技術儲備,整車平 順性、制動性能進一步升級;全新一 代產品核心性能指標行業領先。

主席報告書(續)



3. Intelligent Logistics Business

KION Group AG ("KION"), an overseas controlling subsidiary, is a globally leading supplier in the area of intralogistics which assists factories, warehouses and distribution centres to optimise their resources flow and information flow through the design, establishment and improvement of logistics solutions in over a hundred countries and regions around the world. Dematic Group is a globally leading automated logistics expert, with its products meeting the comprehensive needs in areas of intelligent supply chain and automated solutions. Under the influence of COVID-19, sales revenue of the intelligent logistics segment was EUR3.93 billion in the first half of 2020, representing a decrease of 10.0% as compared to the corresponding period last year. Nevertheless, total order value amounted to EUR4.40 billion, representing an increase of 4.8% as compared to the corresponding period last year. In particular, order value of supply chain solutions amounted to EUR1.74 billion, representing an increase of 57.3% as compared to the corresponding period last year.

3. 智能物流業務

海外控股子公司KION Group AG (「凱傲」)是內部物流領域的全球 領先供應商,在全球一百多個國 家和地區通過對物流解決方案的 設計、建設和完善,幫助工廠、 倉庫和配送中心不斷優化其物資 流和信息流。德馬泰克是世界領 先的自動化物流專家,其產品滿 足智能化供應鏈和自動化解決方 案領域裏的全面需求。受疫情影 響,2020年上半年智能物流業務 實現銷售收入39.3億歐元,同比 下降10.0%;但總訂單金額44.0 億歐元,同比增長4.8%,其中 供應鏈解決方案訂單額17.4億歐 元,同比增長57.3%。



4. New Business Format, New Energy and New Technology

Guided by future-oriented strategies, the Company actively facilitated the promotion of re-engineering of industrial chain and upgrade of value chain as well as new business format, new energy and new technology. The Company focused on key technologies to take lead in the development of the industry. Strategic restructure of Germany-based ARADEX AG and Austria-based VDS allowed the Company to effectively overcome the weakness in key technologies of motor control system of new energy powertrain and CVT power system in agricultural equipment in China. The Company established the world's largest manufacturing base of engines powered by hydrogen-fueled batteries, and the production line with production capacity of 20,000 units/sets of fuel-battery powered engines and stack has commenced formal operation. With the support of the new generation of information technology, the Company sped up the pace of digital transformation. With customers as the centre and digital technology as the medium, the Company served and empowered our business and sped up the pace of digital transformation. We accelerated the construction of Concentric Cloud and provided uniform infrastructure facilities of cloud-based information services to respond to business needs quickly. We have been continuously optimising our supply chain business and empowering upstream and downstream suppliers and customers. so as to achieve highly-efficient synergy in the industry chain and enhance the consistency in product quality.



II. Dividends and Capitalisation of Reserve

On 29 June 2020, the Company's 2019 profit distribution proposal was considered and approved at the Company's 2019 annual general meeting. Based on the 7,933,873,895 shares eligible for distribution as at 31 December 2019, the Company distributed to all shareholders a cash dividend of RMB1.36 (including tax) for every 10 shares held, without any capitalisation of reserve.

On 27 August 2020, under the authority granted by the shareholders of the Company, the Board considered and approved the distribution to all shareholders of a cash dividend of RMB1.50 (including tax) for every

主席報告書(續)

4. 新業態、新能源、新科 技

公司以未來戰略為指引,積極推 動產業鏈再造和價值鏈升級,新 業態、新能源、新科技等加速佈 局。聚焦關鍵技術,引領行業發 展。戰略重組德國歐德思、奧地 利威迪斯,有效填補中國在新能 源動力總成電機控制系統和農業 裝備CVT動力系統的關鍵技術短 板;建成全球最大氫燃料電池發 動機製造基地,20,000台套產 能的燃料電池發動機及電堆生產 綫正式投產運行。以新一代信息 技術為支撐,加快數字化轉型。 以客戶為中心,數字化技術為載 體,服務業務、賦能業務,加快 數字化轉型。提速同心雲建設, 提供統一基礎設施資源雲服務, 快速響應業務需求;持續推進供 應鏈業務優化,賦能上下游供應 商及客戶,實現產業鏈高效協 同,提升產品質量一致性。



二、股息及資本金轉增股本

於2020年6月29日,本公司2019年度股東周年大會審議通過2019年度利潤分配方案,本公司以2019年12月31日的現有可予分配7,933,873,895股為基數,向全體股東每10股派發現金紅利人民幣1.36元(含稅),不實施公積金轉增股本。

於2020年8月27日,本公司董事會根據股東授權,審議通過以公司總股數7,933,873,895股為基數,向全體股東

10 shares held, based on the total number of shares of the Company of 7,933,873,895 shares, without any capitalisation of reserve. Please refer to the further announcement issued by the Company for details on the closure of registers of members in determining the shareholders who are eligible for the 2020 interim dividend.

III. Development Outlook and Prospects

Looking to the second half of 2020, under the impact of COVID-19 outbreak around the globe, uncertainties arise due to the hindered industry and supply chain cycles, shrinking international trading and investment, and severely restricted export, resulting in severe global economic downturn. Considering both domestic and international situation, it is generally believed that the economy of China in the second half of 2020 will still have to face a greater downward pressure. Nevertheless, with the impact of a new "dual circulation" development model comprising both new and traditional infrastructure projects, greater effort in environmental governance, more stringent policies against overloading as well as acceleration of elimination and replacement of China III trucks, it is estimated that there is still a large room for growth in the industry, which will bring opportunities for the high-quality development of the Company's domestic business. Meanwhile, as automated logistics becomes a new trend and market demands for forklift trucks recovered, the Company's intelligent logistics business is expected to see a restorative growth.

By adhering to the principle of aiming at customer satisfaction, focusing on segment markets, speeding up the pace of technology innovation and optimising the operating eco-system, the Company is determined to accomplish its full-year goals.

Focusing on the sales target of million units of engines, the Company will seize opportunities in market expansion. Adhering to the customer demand-oriented approach, the Company will seize the development opportunity in the post-pandemic era, make great efforts to improve product offerings, steadfastly capture the market and secure the orders. We will focus on road-going and non-road-going segment markets and the development pattern of the industry, make a good planning of products for the "14th Five-Year Plan" and build a precise and scientific product structure. Leveraging the terminal digital analysis platform, we will conduct data-mining analysis of the growing markets and key markets, push ahead with the enhancement of marketing capability during all processes, along the entire value chain and throughout the lifecycle, with an aim to develop key customers and products and achieve breakthroughs in segment markets precisely. The Company

主席報告書(續)

每10股派發現金紅利人民幣1.50元(含稅),不實施公積金轉增股本。有關暫停辦理股份過戶登記以釐定合資格收取2020年中期股息的股東的詳情,請參閱本公司刊發進一步公告。

三、發展前景與展望

本公司將繼續堅持以客戶滿意為宗旨, 聚焦細分市場,加速科技創新步伐,持 續優化運營生態,努力完成全年目標任 務。

will continue the innovation-driven approach, and speed up the transformation and upgrade of products. Through coordinating global R&D resources, and optimising a new four-in-one innovation system consisting of "self-developed innovation+ open innovation+ professional innovation+ basic-research innovation", the Company will expedite the construction of a new energy complete vehicle platform and a power system platform in order to bring highly-efficient synergy in the new energy business. We will speed up our efforts in achieving breakthroughs in key technologies of high-end hydraulic pumps and motor, and advanced hydraulic powertrain control in order to systematically upgrade the performance of our products. We will also optimise a forward engineering process for automatic electric control system, accelerate research on common key technologies of engine electric control, new energy electric control, powertrain electric control and smart network, to develop products with our own self-developed core technologies and market competitiveness. Furthermore, we will strengthen the R&D, production and supply of core components including fuel system, pressure charging system and post-processing system while maintaining the stability of the supply chain. We will step up on constructing an eco-system for innovation and achieve a new height in business and entrepreneurship. On the basis of new landscape, new technologies and new demands, the Company will strive to do our best in the top-level design for the management of an innovation eco-system and enhance the integration of industry-university-research innovation chain to build a pool for innovative resources. We will step up the organisational reform of the R&D system and establish a multi-level incentive system with results-sharing and upfront incentives to encourage innovation. We will strengthen the talent-pool building, create innovative culture and atmosphere, introduce high-level talents domestically and abroad to build a team of international talents with a reasonable mix of different age groups and a scientific medium-to-high level hierarchy. We will also improve the honour system for employees to achieve mutual growth and development of our employees and of the Company, thereby fully enhancing the core competitiveness of the Company.

IV. Appreciation

Last but not least, I would like to express my sincere appreciation to all our shareholders, the general public and our customers for their care and support, as well as to all of our staff for their hard work and dedication!

Tan Xuguang

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 27 August 2020

主席報告書(續)

準突破。堅持創新驅動,加速產品轉型 升級。統籌全球研發資源,優化「自主創 新+開放創新+工匠創新+基礎研究創新」 四位一體創新體系,加快構建新能源整 車平台和動力系統平台,實現新能源業 務的高效協同;加快突破泵、馬達高端 液壓產品以及先進液壓動力總成控制關 鍵技術,系統提升產品性能;完善提升 自主電控系統正向開發流程,加快發動 機電控、新能源電控、動力總成電控及 智能網聯共性關鍵技術研究,開發具備 自主核心技術和市場競爭力的產品;強 化燃油系統、增壓系統、後處理系統等 關鍵核心零部件研發、生產和供應,維 護供應鏈的穩定。深化創新生態建設, 打造幹事創業新高地。立足新形勢、新 科技、新要求,做好創新生態管理頂層 設計,加強產學研創新鏈融合,打造創 新資源集聚高地;深化研發系統組織變 革,建立多層次激勵機制,創新成果分 紅、前置激勵手段,激發創新活力;強 化人才隊伍建設,營造創新文化氛圍, 面向海內外引進一批高層次人才,打造 一支老中青結構合理、中高端梯次科學 的國際化人才隊伍,完善員工榮譽體系 建設,實現員工成長與企業發展的相互 成就,全面提升公司核心競爭力。

四、致謝

最後,我謹向關心和支持本公司的所有 股東及社會各界人士、廣大客戶,向勤 勉工作的全體員工,表示衷心的感謝!

董事長兼首席執行官 **譚旭光**

香港,二零二零年八月二十七日

Management Discussion and Analysis

The Directors are pleased to present a management discussion and analysis of the results of operations of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2020 (the "Period") as follows:

I. Industry Analysis

The Company is one of the vehicle and equipment manufacturing conglomerates in the PRC with the best comprehensive strengths. It is a leading company in the markets of powertrain, complete vehicles and machines, hydraulic controlling parts and automotive electronics and parts and components and is equipped with the most comprehensive supply chain of engines, gear boxes and axles, and offers related aftersales market services. Meanwhile, with the Group's leading advantages in intelligent logistics, it could provide the most comprehensive logistics solutions to its customers.

Commercial Vehicles and Construction Machinery Industries

In the first half of 2020, facing the severe situation of the COVID-19 pandemic, the industry and supply chain cycles have been significantly affected, and international trading has been shrinking, resulting in an unprecedented hit on the global economy. The Chinese government implemented effective measures to prevent and control the spread of COVID-19 and to resume economic development. With the rapid resumption of operation and production, the domestic economic growth turned from negative to positive in the second quarter, indicating a steady recovery in the economy. In the first half of the year, the gross domestic product of the PRC reached RMB45.7 trillion, representing a year-on-year decrease of 1.6%. From a quarterly perspective, the gross domestic product decreased by 6.8% in the first quarter and grew by 3.2% in the second quarter compared to the corresponding periods last year.

Benefitting from the favourable factors such as continuous progress made in containing COVID-19, there have been signs of recovery in the domestic economy. Affected by factors including the advancement of fixed assets investment and new infrastructure projects, upgrade of emission standards and rising demand for vehicle replacement, the domestic commercial vehicles and construction machinery industries operated at a high level.

管理層討論與分析

董事欣然提呈本集團截至二零二零年六月三十日 止六個月(「本期間」)經營業績之管理層討論與分 析,詳情如下:

一、行業分析

本公司為中國綜合實力最強的汽車及裝備 製造產業集團之一,是動力總成、整車整 機、液壓控制和汽車電子及零部件市場領 先公司,具有最完善的發動機、變速箱及 車橋供應鏈和後市場服務。同時,本集團 憑藉在智能物流領先優勢,為客戶提供最 完善整體物流解決方案。

1. 商用車和工程機械行業

二零二零年上半年,面對新冠肺炎疫情嚴峻環境,產業供應鏈循環深受影響,國際貿易交易全面萎縮,全球經濟受到史無前例的衝擊。中國政府有效統籌推進疫情防控和恢復經濟開展工作,復工復產加快推進,使我國經濟增長在二季度由負轉正,經濟運行穩步復蘇。上半年國內生產總值達人民幣45.7萬億元,同比下降1.6%。分季度看,一季度同比下降6.8%,二季度同比增長3.2%。

受惠於疫情防控形勢持續向好,國內 經濟漸見復蘇;受到國家固定資產投 資和新基建項目推進、排放標準升級 提振換車需求等因素影響,國內商用 車和工程機械市場保持高位運行。

2. Forklift Truck and Supply Chain Solutions Industry

During the Period, the International Monetary Fund estimated a contraction of approximately 4.9% in global economy in the year 2020 due to the restrictive measures implemented by countries in response to COVID-19, which also caused a direct impact on the demand for industrial forklift trucks. Orders for industrial forklift trucks in the first half of 2020 decreased to approximately 706,400 units from approximately 759,500 units in the same period last year, representing a year-on-year decrease of approximately 7.0%. In particular, Central and South America, Middle East and Africa, West Europe and East Europe saw a relatively significant drop of approximately 20.7%, 18.9%, 16.9% and 12.9%, respectively, as compared with the corresponding period last year, while Asia Pacific was the only region which recorded a slight growth. The supply chain solutions industry was affected by the global economic downturn, resulting in weak investment market sentiment.

II. The Group's Business

An analysis of the Group's business segments is set out in Note XIV.2 to the consolidated financial statements. The following is an overview of the operating conditions of the major products of the Group:

Powertrain, Complete Vehicles and Machines and Key Components

The Group has the most comprehensive powertrain system covering engines, gear boxes and axles. With the advantages of the globally coordinated R&D platform, the Company enhanced its core technologies and capitalised on the synergistic effect of the industry chain. In the first half of 2020, the Company sold a total of approximately 470,000 units of engines and approximately 605,000 units of gear boxes, representing a year-on-year increase of approximately 19.2% and approximately 4.0% as compared with approximately 394,000 units and approximately 582,000 units, respectively, in the corresponding period last year. The engines segment contributed approximately RMB22,372 million to the Group's sales revenue during the Period, representing an increase of approximately 18.0% from approximately RMB18,963 million for the corresponding period last year.

管理層討論與分析(續)

2. 叉車及供應鏈解決方案行業

二、本集團之業務

本集團業務分部之分析載於合併財務報表 附註十四、2。本集團主要產品之經營狀況 概述如下:

1. 動力總成、整車整機及關 鍵零部件

本集團擁有最完善動力總成系統,包括發動機、變速箱和車轎。公司發揮全球協同研發平台優勢,強化核心技術突破,發揮產業鏈協同效益,持續提升產品核心競爭力,加速產業等一體化進程。於二零二零年上半年,本公司共銷售發動機約47.0萬台;變速箱約60.5萬台,比去年同期約39.4萬台和58.2萬台,分別增長約19.2%和4.0%。發動機業務於本期間為本集團貢獻銷售收入約人民幣22,372百萬元,比去年同期約大民幣18,963百萬元增長約18.0%。

During the Period, Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Company Limited (陝西重型汽車有限公司), a controlling subsidiary of the Group, effectively mitigated the impacts of COVID-19, took advantage of the economic recovery, and seized the market share with full understanding of the needs of the industry. During the Period, the Group's aggregate sales of heavy-duty truck engines amounted to approximately 88,000 units, representing a year-on-year growth of approximately 2.1%.

Intelligent Logistics

During the Period, the industrial forklift trucks key markets of the Group were severely affected by the COVID-19 outbreak. Sales order for forklift trucks decreased from approximately 109,000 units in the corresponding period last year to approximately 89,000 units, representing a year-on-year decrease of approximately 18.5%. The total value of order intake for the first half of the year decreased by approximately 13.9% to EUR2,655 million, and the total value of order intake of supply chain solutions recorded a year-on-year increase of approximately 57.3% to EUR1,744 million due to bigticket orders received from e-commerce customers. Intelligent logistics services contributed approximately RMB30,082 million to the Group's sales revenue during the Period, representing a yearon-year decrease of approximately 8.2%.

III. Financial Review

The Group's Results of Operations

a. Revenue

In the first half of 2020, the Group's revenue amounted to approximately RMB94,495 million, representing an increase of approximately RMB3,633 million or approximately 4.0% from approximately RMB90,862 million in the corresponding period in 2019. Largely benefitting from the effective prevention and control against the spread of COVID-19 across the country, there have been signs of gradual recovery of the economy. With favourable government policies, the domestic commercial vehicles and construction machinery industries maintained positive growth and revenue from the provision of intelligent logistics supply chain solutions remained stable. Revenue from principal operations increased by approximately 2.2% from approximately RMB89,130 million in the corresponding period last year to approximately RMB91,070 million for the Period.

管理層討論與分析(續)

於本期間,集團控股子公司陝西重型 汽車有限公司有效克服疫情影響搶抓 國內經濟復蘇機遇,精準研判行業需 求,搶佔市場份額。於本期間,本集 團共售出重型卡車約8.8萬輛,同比 增長約2.1%。

2. 智能物流

於本期間,本集團主要工業叉車市場 受疫情影響較為嚴重, 叉車訂單量由 去年同期約10.9萬輛減少至約8.9萬 輛,同比下降約18.5%。叉車上半年 訂單總值約2.655百萬歐元,同比減 少約13.9%;而供應鏈解決方案服 務因接到電子商貿客戶大額訂單,訂 單總值比去年同期增加約57.3%至 1,744百萬歐元。智流物流業務於本 期間為本集團貢獻銷售收入約人民幣 30,082百萬元,同比減少約8.2%。

三、財務回顧

1. 本集團之經營業績

營業收入

二零二零年上半年本集團營業 收入約為人民幣94,495百萬 元,比二零一九年同期約人民 幣90,862百萬元上升約人民 幣3,633百萬元,同比增長約 4.0%。主要受惠於國內疫情 得到有效防控,經濟漸見復 蘇;國家政策提振,國內商用 車和工程機械行業保持向好和 智能物流供應鏈解決方案服務 收入保持穩定。主營業務收入 由去年同期的約人民幣89,130 百萬元增加至本期的約人民幣 91,070百萬元,增加約2.2%。

b. Profit from Principal Operations

During the Period, the Group generated profit from principal operations in the amount of approximately RMB18,231 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB1,335 million or 6.8% from approximately RMB19,566 million recorded in the corresponding period in 2019. This was mainly attributable to the restrictive measures adopted by various countries in Europe and the United States to control the spread of COVID-19 which led to a decrease in the revenue from intelligent logistics business. The Group strictly controlled the costs during the Period to maintain a stable profit margin from principal operations at approximately 20.0%.

c. Distribution and Selling Expenses

During the Period, the distribution and selling expenses amounted to approximately RMB5,313 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB57 million or 1.1% from approximately RMB5,370 million in the corresponding period of 2019. The decrease of distribution and selling expenses was primarily attributable to a decrease in both the after-sales and repair fees and the costs of freight and packaging. With the effective control over the total expenses, the distribution and selling expenses as a percentage of revenue decreased to approximately 5.6% during the Period from approximately 5.9% during the corresponding period last year.

d. General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses increased by approximately RMB116 million or 3.5% from approximately RMB3,281 million in the corresponding period of 2019 to approximately RMB3,397 million in the Period. During the Period, the overall expenses were under effective control. The general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenue was maintained at the same level as in the corresponding period last year at approximately 3.6%.

管理層討論與分析(續)

b. 主營業務利潤

於本期間,本集團主營業務利潤約人民幣18,231百萬元,比二零一九年同期的約人民幣19,566百萬元,減少約人民幣1,335百萬元或6.8%。主要歐美多國為控制疫情而採取的限制措施,智能物流業務收入受到影響而減少。本集團於本期間嚴格控制成本,使主營業務利潤率維持平穩約20.0%。

c. 銷售費用

於本期間,銷售費用約為人民幣5,313百萬元,比二零一九年同期的約人民幣5,370百萬元,減少約人民幣57百萬元或1.1%。銷售費用減少主要是三包及產品返修費用和運費及包裝費減少。而整體費用得到有效控制,銷售費用佔營業收入比例由去年同期的約5.9%下降至本期的約5.6%。

d. 管理費用

管理費用由二零一九年同期的 約人民幣3,281百萬元上升至 本期間的約人民幣3,397百萬 元·上升約人民幣116百萬元 或3.5%。於本期間,整體費用 得到有效控制,管理費用佔營 業收入比例維持去年同期水平 約3.6%。

e. Earnings Before Interest and Tax (EBIT)

During the Period, the Group's EBIT was approximately RMB7,293 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB1,655 million or 18.5% from approximately RMB8,948 million in the corresponding period last year. The decrease in EBIT was primarily attributable to the influence of COVID-19, leading to a decrease in the profit contributed by the intelligent logistics business during the Period. However, the Group maintained an optimistic outlook for the future prospects and increased its investment in research and development, bringing down EBIT margin of the Group from approximately 9.8% in the corresponding period of 2019 to approximately 7.7% in the Period.

f. Finance Expenses

Finance expenses increased by approximately 17.6% to approximately RMB166 million in the Period from approximately RMB141 million in the corresponding period of 2019. This was mainly attributable to exchange gains and losses and the increase in handling fees on bank loans.

g. Income Tax Expenses

The Group's income tax expenses decreased by 31.2% from approximately RMB1,458 million in the corresponding period in 2019 to approximately RMB1,003 million in the Period, which was mainly attributable to the decrease in offshore profits. During the Period, the Group's average effective tax rate was at approximately 15.0%, representing a decrease of 2.5 percentage points from approximately 17.5% in the corresponding period last year.

h. Net Profit and Net Profit Margin

The Group's net profit for the Period was approximately RMB5,702 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB1,191 million or 17.3% from approximately RMB6,893 million in the corresponding period of last year. Net profit margin for the Period was approximately 6.0%, which decreased by 1.6 percentage points from approximately 7.6% in the corresponding period of last year. This was primarily attributable to the influence of COVID-19 on the revenue from the intelligent logistics business, the decrease in profit contribution and the increase in research and development expenses.

管理層討論與分析(續)

e. 息税前利潤(EBIT)

於本期間,本集團息稅前利潤 約為人民幣7,293百萬元, 去年同期的約人民幣8,948百 萬元減少約人民幣1,655百萬 元或18.5%。息稅前利潤 少主要是於本期間受新冠 疫情影響,智能物流業務所 貢獻減少。但集團對未來 貢獻減少。但集團對未來 大,使本集團息稅前利潤 是望樂觀,在研約9.8%, 下降至本期的約7.7%。

f. 財務費用

財務費用由二零一九年同期的 約人民幣141百萬元增加至本 期間的約人民幣166百萬元, 增加約17.6%。主要是因為匯 兑損益和銀行貸款手續費增加 所致。

q. 所得税費用

本集團所得稅費用由二零一九年同期的約人民幣1,458百萬元減少至本期間的約人民幣1,003百萬元,同比下降31.2%,主要是受境外利潤減少所影響。於本期間本集團的平均實際稅率約為15.0%,比去年同期的約17.5%下跌2.5個百分點。

h. 淨利潤及淨利潤率

於本期間,本集團淨利潤約為 人民幣5,702百萬元,比去年 同期的約人民幣6,893百萬元 減少約人民幣1,191百萬元或 17.3%。於本期間淨利潤率約 為6.0%,與去年同期約7.6% 比較,下降1.6個百分點。主要 受疫情影響智能物流業務收入 和利潤貢獻減少和增加研發費 用所影響。

i. Liquidity and Cash Flow

During the Period, the Group generated net operating cash flows of approximately RMB4,036 million and cash inflow from financing activities of approximately RMB18,912 million. A portion of such proceeds was applied to repaying debts, acquiring 100% equity interest in Digital Applications International Limited (total consideration amounting to approximately EUR110 million) and paying for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment for the expansion of the Group's business. As of 30 June 2020, the Group's gearing ratio (interest-bearing debts/(interest-bearing debts + shareholders' equity)) was approximately 30.5% (31 December 2019: approximately 29.9%).

2. Financial Position

a. Assets and Liabilities

As at 30 June 2020, the Group had total assets of approximately RMB260,978 million, of which approximately RMB145,162 million were current assets. As at 30 June 2020, the Group had cash and cash equivalents of approximately RMB45,769 million (as at 31 December 2019: approximately RMB48,818 million). On the same date, the Group's total liabilities amounted to approximately RMB186,919 million, of which approximately RMB123,926 million were current liabilities. The current ratio was approximately 1.17x (as at 31 December 2019: 1.20x).

管理層討論與分析(續)

i. 流動資金及現金流

於本期間,本集團產生經營現金流量淨額約人民幣4,036百萬元,而籌資活動產生的現金流入約人民幣18,912百萬元。其中部份已用於償還務,收購Digital Applications International Limited 100%股權(總代價約為110百萬器內稅權(總代價約為110百萬器內稅,支付購建物業、機務內人,支付購建物業之業務。集團之資本負債比率(計息債務+股東權益))的第30.5%(於二零一九年十二月三十一日:約29.9%)。

2. 財務狀況

a. 資產及負債

b. Capital Structure

As at 30 June 2020, the Group had total equity of approximately RMB74,059 million, of which approximately RMB48.707 million was attributable to equity holders of the Company and the balance was minority interests. Interest attributable to minority interest holders included the perpetual capital securities in the principal amount of US\$775 million issued in September 2017. The borrowings of the Group as at 30 June 2020 amounted to approximately RMB32,506 million, which included bonds of approximately RMB13,331 million and bank borrowings of approximately RMB19,175 million. The bank borrowings included approximately RMB4,977 million of fixed interest rate bank borrowings and approximately RMB14,198 million of floating interest rate bank borrowings. Borrowings repayable on demand or within a period not exceeding one year were approximately RMB8,882 million; borrowings repayable within a period of more than one year but not exceeding two years were approximately RMB3,052 million; borrowings repayable within a period of more than two years but not exceeding five years were approximately RMB6,668 million; and borrowings repayable within a period of more than five years were approximately RMB573 million. Other than Euro denominated borrowings, USD-denominated borrowings and GBP-denominated borrowings equivalent to approximately RMB14,057 million, RMB1,635 million and RMB242 million respectively, the borrowings are Renminbi-denominated borrowings. The revenue of the Group is mainly in Renminbi and Euro. To prevent exchange rate risk arising from the fluctuation of the USD exchange rate, contracts have been entered into with financial institutions to swap the USD400 million USD-denominated bonds issued in September 2015 and the USD775 million USD-denominated perpetual capital securities issued in September 2017 to Euro, and thus the Group does not consider the currency risk facing its future general cash outflow significant. As a policy, the Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debts and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior years.

管理層討論與分析(續)

b. 資本結構

於二零二零年六月三十日,本 集團總權益約為人民幣74.059 百萬元,其中約人民幣48.707 百萬元為本公司權益持有人應 佔權益,剩餘權益為少數股東 權益。少數股東權益持有人應 佔權益中已包括二零一七年九 月份發行7.75億美元永續債 券。本集團於二零二零年六月 三十日的借貸金額約為人民幣 32,506百萬元,其中包括約人 民幣13.331百萬元的債券及約 人民幣19,175百萬元的銀行借 貸。銀行借貸包括定息銀行借 貸約4,977人民幣百萬元及浮 息銀行借貸約14,198人民幣 百萬元。借款金額中約人民幣 8,882百萬元為一年內到期或 隨時要求償付借款;約3,052 人民幣百萬元為多於一年但不 超過兩年內到期借款;約人民 幣 6,668 百萬元為多於兩年但 不超過五年內到期借款和約 573人民幣百萬元為五年後到 期借款。除人民幣折約14,057 百萬元,人民幣折約1,635百 萬元和人民幣折約242百萬元 分別為歐元借款,美元及英磅 借款外,其他借款均為人民幣 借款。本集團收入主要是人民 幣和歐元,為避免美元匯率波 動而產生的外匯風險,本集團 在二零一五年九月和二零一七 年九月發行分別為4億美元債券 和7.75億美元永續債券已與金 融機構簽定合約掉期為歐元, 所以本集團認為其整體未來現 金流出面臨外匯風險並不重 大。本集團的政策為管理其資 本以確保本集團實體能夠持續 經營,同時透過優化負債及權 益比例為股東提供最大回報。 本集團整體策略與過往年度維 持不變。

c. Pledge of Assets

As at 30 June 2020, cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, receivable financing and accounts receivable of approximately RMB20,915 million (as at 31 December 2019: RMB22,897 million) were pledged to banks to secure the Group's notes payable, letter of guarantee and letter of credit, etc. issued by banks. The pledged bank deposits carry prevailing bank interest rates. The pledge will be released upon the settlement of the relevant bank borrowings. The fair value of the bank deposits as at the balance sheet date was approximately the same as the carrying amount. Certain other assets were also pledged by the Group to secure the Group's borrowings.

d. Contingencies

As at 30 June 2020, the Group provided certain distributors and agents bank guarantee amounting to approximately RMB3,853 million (as at 31 December 2019: approximately RMB2,643 million) to secure their obtaining and use of banking facilities.

As at 30 June 2020, the Group provided guarantee for joint liabilities in respect of failure of the leasee under finance lease to settle instalment payments plus interest. Risk exposure in respect of possible guarantee for joint liabilities amounted to approximately RMB3,377 million (as at 31 December 2019: approximately RMB2,734 million).

管理層討論與分析(續)

c. 資產抵押

d. 或有事項

於二零二零年六月三十日,本 集團為若干經銷商及代理商提 供約人民幣3,853百萬元(於二 零一九年十二月三十一日:約 人民幣2,643百萬元)之銀行擔 保以使其獲授權並使用銀行信 貸。

於二零二零年六月三十日,本 集團為融資租賃的承租方未能 支付的融資租賃分期付款及利 息提供連帶保證責任,連帶責 任保證風險敞口約為人民幣 3,377百萬元(於二零一九年 十二月三十一日:約人民幣 2,734百萬元)。

e. Commitments

As at 30 June 2020, the Group had capital commitments of approximately RMB3,369 million (as at 31 December 2019: approximately RMB3,088 million), principally for the capital expenditure in respect of acquisition of property, plant and equipment. The capital expenditure will be financed by internal resources.

3. Other Financial Information

a. Employees

As at 30 June 2020, the Group had approximately 82,900 employees (including approximately 35,600 employees of KION). During the Period, the Group had paid remuneration of approximately RMB13,292 million. The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is set up by the remuneration committee of the Company (the "Remuneration Committee") on the basis of their merits, qualifications and competence.

Major Investment, Acquisition and Disposal The Group did not have any major investment, acquisition or disposal during the Period.

c. Subsequent Events

On 27 August 2020, under the authority granted by the shareholders of the Company, the Board considered and approved the distribution to all shareholders of cash dividend of RMB1.50 (including tax) for every 10 shares held, based on the total number of shares of the Company of 7,933,873,895 shares, without any capitalisation of reserve.

管理層討論與分析(續)

e. 承諾事項

於二零二零年六月三十日,本 集團擁有的資本承諾約人民幣 3,369百萬元(於二零一九年 十二月三十一日:約人民幣 3,088百萬元),主要是購買物 業、機器及設備的資本開支。 此等開支將會以內部資源來支 付。

3. 其他財務資料

a. 僱員資料

於二零二零年六月三十日,本 集團共聘用約8.29萬名僱員), (包括約3.56萬名凱傲僱員), 於本期間,本集團人工成本約 人民幣13,292百萬元。本集團 僱員的薪酬政策由本公司薪酬 委員會(「薪酬委員會」)根據彼 等的長處、資歷及工作能力釐 定。

- b. 重大投資、收購及出售 於本期間本集團並無重大投 資、收購或出售事項。
- c. 資產負債表日後事項 於二零二零年八月二十七日, 本公司董事會根據股東授權,審議通過以公司總股本 7,933,873,895股為基數,向 全體股東每10股派發現金紅利 人民幣1.50元(含税),不實施 公積金轉增股本。

Auditors' Review Report

審閱報告

Deloitte.

德勤

Deloitte Shi Bao (Yue) Zi (20) No. R00052

德師報(閱)字(20)第R00052號

To the Shareholders of Weichai Power Co., Ltd.:

We have reviewed the accompanying interim financial statements of Weichai Power Co., Ltd. ("Weichai Power") which comprise the consolidated and company balance sheets as at 30 June 2020, the consolidated and company income statements, consolidated and company statement of changes in equity and consolidated and company cash flow statement for the period from 1 January to 30 June 2020 and notes to the financial statements ("interim financial statements"). The management of Weichai Power Co., Ltd. is responsible for the preparation of these interim financial statements. Our responsibility is to issue our review report on these interim financial statements based on our review.

We conducted our review in accordance with the Review Standard for Chinese Certified Public Accountants No. 2101 Review of Financial Statements. The standard requires us to plan and conduct a review to obtain limited assurance as to whether the interim financial statements are free from material misstatement. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of company personnel and performing analytical procedures on the data. A review provides less assurance than an audit. We have not performed an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the interim financial statements are not prepared in accordance with the requirement in Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises – No. 32 Interim Financial Reporting in any material respect, or do not fairly reflect the consolidated and company financial position of Weichai Power as at 30 June 2020 and the consolidated and company operating results and consolidated and company cash flow of Weichai Power for the period from 1 January to 30 June 2020 in any material respect.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Certified Public Accountants LLP Shanghai, PRC

Chinese Certified Public Accountant: Xie Yanfeng Chinese Certified Public Accountant: Wang Lixin

27 August 2020

濰柴動力股份有限公司全體股東:

我們審閱了後附的濰柴動力股份有限公司(以下簡稱「濰柴動力」)的中期財務報表,包括2020年6月30日合併及公司資產負債表,2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間的合併及公司利潤表、合併及公司股東權益變動表和合併及公司現金流量表以及財務報表附註(以下簡稱「中期財務報表」)。中期財務報表的編製是濰柴動力管理層的責任,我們的責任是在實施審閱工作的基礎上對中期財務報表出具審閱報告。

我們按照《中國註冊會計師審閱準則第2101號一財務報表審閱》的規定執行了審閱業務。該準則要求我們計劃和實施審閱工作,以對中期財務報表是否不存在重大錯報獲取有限保證。審閱主要限於詢問公司有關人員和對財務數據實施分析程序,提供的保證程度低於審計。我們沒有實施審計,因而不發表審計意見。

根據我們的審閱,我們沒有注意到任何事項使我們相信上述中期財務報表沒有在所有重大方面按照《企業會計準則第32號一中期財務報告》的要求編製,未能在所有重大方面公允反映濰柴動力2020年6月30日的合併及公司財務狀況以及2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間的合併及公司經營成果和合併及公司現金流量。

德勤華永會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)

中國·上海

中國註冊會計師:

解彥峰

中國註冊會計師:

王立新

2020年8月27日

Consolidated Balance Sheet

合併資產負債表

30 June 2020 (Expressed in Renminbi Yuan)

2020年6月30日(人民幣元)

Item		Note V	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目 ————————————————————————————————————		附註五	2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Current assets	流動資產			
Cash and cash equivalents	貨幣資金	1	45,768,528,852.10	48,817,622,206.26
Financial assets held for trading	交易性金融資產	2	9,828,239,349.19	4,451,059,463.07
Notes receivable	應收票據	3	24,914,347,693.33	15,920,141,988.31
Accounts receivable	應收賬款	4	18,489,989,589.65	14,285,262,297.09
Receivable financing	應收款項融資	5	10,123,170,313.68	10,537,909,983.71
Prepayments	預付款項	6	1,497,168,713.45	996,710,182.20
Other receivables	其他應收款	7	1,051,983,586.45	681,601,186.05
Inventories	存貨	8	27,121,565,052.48	24,717,700,810.03
Contract assets	合同資產	9	1,433,954,955.40	1,174,036,594.50
Assets held for sale	持有待售資產		24,237,289.50	24,237,289.50
Non-current assets due within one year	一年內到期的非流動資產	10	2,908,662,804.00	2,658,043,734.50
Other current assets	其他流動資產	11	1,999,656,314.65	1,920,759,332.58
Total current assets	流動資產合計		145,161,504,513.88	126,185,085,067.80
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Long-term receivables	長期應收款	12	8,934,200,406.00	8,447,617,640.00
Long-term equity investments	長期股權投資	13	4,655,222,866.64	4,711,144,533.01
Investment in other equity instruments	其他權益工具投資	14	2,219,446,189.31	2,103,129,675.18
Other non-current financial assets	其他非流動金融資產	15	799,120,774.21	636,502,629.08
Investment property	投資性房地產	16	524,588,227.30	537,298,133.13
Fixed assets	固定資產	17	29,054,957,601.86	26,318,667,724.94
Construction in progress	在建工程	18	4,978,032,002.20	5,408,666,017.06
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	19	8,465,660,936.47	9,109,528,185.30
Intangible assets	無形資產	20	24,159,013,345.72	23,435,580,132.59
Development expenditure	開發支出	21	52,257,467.22	139,500,519.38
Goodwill	商譽	22	24,959,309,685.61	23,822,520,317.99
Long-term prepaid expenses	長期待攤費用	23	298,496,123.89	254,367,462.55
Deferred tax assets	遞延所得税資產		6,121,565,021.33	5,034,346,014.96
Other non-current assets	其他非流動資產	24	594,282,413.03	687,720,493.20
Total non-current assets	非流動資產合計		115,816,153,060.79	110,646,589,478.37
Total assets	資產總計		260,977,657,574.67	236,831,674,546.17

Consolidated Balance Sheet (Continued)

30 June 2020 (Expressed in Renminbi Yuan)

合併資產負債表(續)

2020年6月30日(人民幣元)

Item		Note V	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		附註五	2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Short-term loans	短期借款	25	5,343,021,199.19	2,014,692,401.39
Financial liabilities held for trading	交易性金融負債	26	100,032,983.46	131,920,754.38
Notes payable	應付票據	27	18,418,671,023.25	22,446,404,536.58
Accounts payable	應付賬款	28	45,693,992,410.06	36,748,503,682.85
Contract liabilities	合同負債	29	14,372,968,816.29	10,654,453,360.19
Payroll payable	應付職工薪酬	30	5,212,592,567.82	5,588,996,060.47
Taxes payable	應交税費	31	3,025,221,176.48	2,064,584,764.70
Other payables	其他應付款	32	8,786,003,912.52	6,511,002,642.85
Non-current liabilities due within one year	一年內到期的非流動負債	33	13,845,295,365.10	12,998,360,887.57
Other current liabilities	其他流動負債	34	9,128,329,173.06	6,717,853,612.80
Total current liabilities	流動負債合計		123,926,128,627.23	105,876,772,703.78
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Long-term borrowings	長期借款	35	10,293,702,983.83	11,373,657,990.58
Bonds payable	應付債券	36	10,500,328,131.06	10,295,279,995.18
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	37	8,165,071,486.35	8,943,580,095.61
Long-term payables	長期應付款	38	5,758,723,302.94	4,658,205,937.06
Long-term payroll payable	長期應付職工薪酬	39	12,727,823,351.82	11,667,005,084.73
Accruals and provisions	預計負債	40	297,994,531.42	315,667,957.84
Deferred income	遞延收益	41	4,506,981,930.86	4,608,566,796.01
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延所得税負債		5,548,439,722.75	5,406,314,269.55
Other non-current liabilities	其他非流動負債	42	5,193,926,584.04	3,911,898,285.35
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債合計		62,992,992,025.07	61,180,176,411.91
Total liabilities	負債總計		186,919,120,652.30	167,056,949,115.69

Consolidated Balance Sheet (Continued)

合併資產負債表(續)

30 June 2020 (Expressed in Renminbi Yuan)

2020年6月30日(人民幣元)

Item		Note V	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		附註五	2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Shareholders' equity	股東權益			
Share capital	股本	43	7,933,873,895.00	7,933,873,895.00
Capital reserve	資本公積	44	118,432,762.35	118,896,726.65
Other comprehensive income	其他綜合收益	45	(1,377,079,212.03)	(1,278,030,636.58)
Special reserve	專項儲備	46	216,213,776.56	193,099,471.45
Surplus reserve	盈餘公積	47	973,728,220.76	973,728,220.76
Retained earnings	未分配利潤	48	40,842,068,973.35	37,282,373,385.43
Total equity attributable to the shareholders of	歸屬於母公司股東權益			
the parent	合計		48,707,238,415.99	45,223,941,062.71
Minority interests	少數股東權益	49	25,351,298,506.38	24,550,784,367.77
Total shareholders' equity	股東權益合計		74,058,536,922.37	69,774,725,430.48
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	負債和股東權益總計		260,977,657,574.67	236,831,674,546.17

The notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

附註為財務報表的組成部分

The financial statements on pages 24 to 283 have been signed by:

第24頁至第283頁的財務報表由下列負責人簽

Legal representative:

Principal in charge of accounting:

法定代表人 主管會計工作負責人 Head of accounting department:

會計機構負責人

Tan Xuguang

譚旭光

Kwong Kwan Tong

鄺焜堂

Li Xia 李霞

Consolidated Income Statement

合併利潤表

1 January to 30 June 2020 (Expressed in Renminbi Yuan)

			Incurred during	Incurred in
Item		Note V	this period	previous period
項目		附註五	本期發生額	上期發生額
I. Revenue	一、營業收入	50	94,494,559,093.69	90,862,496,520.48
Less: Cost of sales	減:營業成本	50	75,989,643,182.24	71,101,142,453.13
Taxes and surcharges	税金及附加	51	432,628,178.50	375,020,413.27
Distribution and selling expenses	銷售費用	52	5,312,502,799.91	5,369,736,377.62
General and administrative expenses	管理費用	53	3,397,396,172.54	3,281,155,705.90
Research & development expenses	研發費用	54	2,582,307,532.57	2,397,741,836.26
Finance expenses	財務費用	55	166,195,298.85	141,342,571.21
Incl: Interest expenses	其中:利息費用	55	587,977,422.15	596,873,003.86
Interest income	利息收入	55	619,198,001.23	479,664,629.04
Add: Other income	加:其他收益	56	139,144,077.13	90,120,492.57
Investment income	投資收益	57	271,836,921.75	372,698,501.34
Incl: investment income from associates	其中:對聯營企業和			
and joint ventures	合營企業的			
	投資收益		144,700,622.61	123,724,757.92
Profit or loss on change of fair value	公允價值變動損益	58	129,675,563.76	25,507,034.78
Impairment loss of credit	信用減值損失	59	(358,619,232.21)	(184,177,256.14)
Impairment loss of assets	資產減值損失	60	(199,053,610.17)	(267,253,210.66)
Gain on disposal of assets	資產處置收益		26,894,701.14	43,971,693.24
II. Operating profit	二、營業利潤		6,623,764,350.48	8,277,224,418.22
Add: Non-operating income	加:營業外收入	61	126,832,763.37	103,809,834.47
Less: Non-operating expenses	減:營業外支出	62	46,006,159.00	30,391,826.11
III. Total profit	三、利潤總額		6,704,590,954.85	8,350,642,426.58
Less: Income tax expenses	減:所得税費用	63	1,002,756,749.99	1,457,822,120.44
IV. Net profit	四、淨利潤		5,701,834,204.86	6,892,820,306.14
(I) Breakdown by continuity of operations	(一) 按經營持續性分類			
Net profit from continuing operation	s 1. 持續經營淨利	閏	5,701,834,204.86	6,892,820,306.14
(II) Breakdown by attributable interests	(二) 按所有權歸屬分類			
1. Net profit attributable to shareholder	rs 1. 歸屬於母公司			
of the parent	股東的淨利	閏	4,680,231,806.93	5,287,488,377.89
2. Minority interests	2. 少數股東損益		1,021,602,397.93	1,605,331,928.25

Consolidated Income Statement (Continued)

1 January to 30 June 2020 (Expressed in Renminbi Yuan)

合併利潤表(續)

ltem 項目		Note V 附註五	Incurred during this period 本期發生額	Incurred in previous period 上期發生額
·	、其他綜合收益的稅後淨額		(331,312,309.12)	(219,817,816.20)
Net other comprehensive income attributable to shareholders of the parent after tax (I) Those other comprehensive income not to	歸屬於母公司股東的其他 綜合收益的税後淨額 (一)不能重分類進損益	45	(99,048,575.45)	138,288,663.93
be reclassified into profit or loss1. Changes arising from re-measuring of defined benefit plan	的其他綜合收益 1. 重新計量設定受益計 劃變動額		(165,032,896.28)	(359,829,984.29)
 Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified into profit or loss using the equity method 	2. 權益法下不能轉損益的其他綜合收益		11,509,465.23	(104,627.70)
Change in fair value of investment in other equity instruments	3. 其他權益工具投資公允價值變動		103,773,209.63	404,196,316.01
(II) Those other comprehensive income to be reclassified into profit or loss1. Other comprehensive income to be reclassified into profit or loss using the	(二)將重分類進損益的 其他綜合收益 1.權益法下可轉損益的 其他綜合收益			
equity method			2,185,414.02	(4,361,463.39)
2. Cashflow hedging reserve3. Exchange differences on foreign currency translation	 現金流量套期儲備 外幣財務報表折算 差額 		51,933,276.56 (103,417,044.61)	35,466,883.63 62,921,539.67
Net other comprehensive income attributable to minority interests after tax	歸屬於少數股東的其他 綜合收益的稅後淨額		(232,263,733.67)	(358,106,480.13)
VI. Total comprehensive income	、綜合收益總額		5,370,521,895.74	6,673,002,489.94
Total comprehensive income attributable to the shareholders of the parent Total comprehensive income attributable to	歸屬於母公司股東的 綜合收益總額 歸屬於少數股東的		4,581,183,231.48	5,425,777,041.82
minority interests	综合收益總額		789,338,664.26	1,247,225,448.12
VII. Earnings per share (I) Basic earnings per share (II) Diluted earnings per share	(一)基本每股收益 (二)稀釋每股收益	64	0.59 0.59	0.67 0.67

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

1 January to 30 June 2020 (Expressed in Renminbi Yuan)

合併股東權益變動表

			Incurred during this period 本期發生額								
						utable to shareholders。 歸屬於母公司股東權益					
item 項目		Note 附註	Share capital 股本	Capital reserve 資本公積	Other comprehensive income 其他綜合收益	Special reserve 專項儲備	Surplus reserve 盈餘公積	Retained earnings 未分配利潤	Subtotal 小計	Minority interests 少數股東權益	Total equity 股東權益合計
	- 、 本期期初餘額	UNIT	7.933.873.895.00	118,896,726.65	(1,278,030,636.58)	193.099.471.45	973.728.220.76	37.282.373.385.43	45.223.941.062.71	24,550,784,367.77	69.774.725.430.48
			. 1555 615 655 10								
II. Movements in current period (I) Total comprehensive income	· 本期增減變動金額 (一)綜合收益總額		-		(99,048,575.45)			4,680,231,806.93	4,581,183,231.48	789,338,664.26	5,370,521,895.74
Injection and reduction Capital injection from shareholders Amount of these bound asserts	(二)股東投入和減少資本 1. 股東投入資本 2. 股份支付計入	W	-							133,887,634.57	133,887,634.57
Amount of share-based payment taken to owners' equity Acquisition of minority interests in		XI +- V4		1,566,518.32					1,566,518.32	1,914,633.50	3,481,151.82
subsidiaries 4. Repurchase and transfer of its	少數股東股權 4. 子公司回購及轉讓其股份	∄4	-	(3,597,542.29)				(41,529,369.29)	(45,126,911.58)	(37,860,477.35)	(82,987,388.93
shares by subsidiaries 5. Others	5. 其他		-	1,190,694.41 376.365.26					1,190,694.41 376.365.26	1,455,293.17 4.630.750.23	2,645,987.58 5,007,115.49
(III) Profit appropriation	(三)利潤分配										
Distribution to shareholders	1. 對股東的分配	V48 ∄48						(1,079,006,849.72)	(1,079,006,849.72)		(1,079,006,849.72
Distribution to holders of other equity instruments of subsidiaries	2. 對子公司其他權益工具 持有者的分配									(101,776,596.36)	(101,776,596.36
(IV) Special reserve	(四) 專項儲備										(101,110,550.50
Appropriation during the period	1. 本期提取	V46 ∄46	-			47,970,378.73			47,970,378.73	25,513,989.43	73,484,368.16
Used during the period	2. 本期使用	V46 ∄46	-			(24,856,073.62)			(24,856,073.62)	(16,589,752.84)	(41,445,826.46
III. At end of period	E、 本期期末餘額		7,933,873,895.00	118,432,762.35	(1,377,079,212.03)	216,213,776.56	973,728,220.76	40,842,068,973.35	48,707,238,415.99	25,351,298,506.38	74,058,536,922.37

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (Continued)

1 January to 30 June 2020 (Expressed in Renminbi Yuan)

合併股東權益變動表(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間(人民幣元)

Incurred in previous period

上期發生額

						table to shareholders。 昂屬於母公司股東權益						
			Share	Capital	Less:	Other comprehensive	Special	Surplus	Retained		- Minority	Tota
Item		Note	capital	reserve	Treasury shares	income	reserve	reserve	earnings	Subtotal	interests	equit
項目 		附註	股本	資本公積	減:庫存股	其他綜合收益	專項儲備	盈餘公積	未分配利潤	小計	少數股東權益	股東權益合訂
I. At beginning of period —	、本期期初餘額		7,997,238,556.00	113,699,432.76	499,911,217.21	(1,584,006,377.44)	155,056,854.10	674,283,390.61	32,324,975,192.29	39,181,335,831.11	22,783,820,738.31	61,965,156,569.4
II. Movements in current period =	· 本期增減變動金額											
(I) Total comprehensive income	(一) 綜合收益總額		-	-	-	138,288,663.93	-	-	5,287,488,377.89	5,425,777,041.82	1,247,225,448.12	6,673,002,489.9
(II) Injection and reduction	(二)股東投入和減少資本											
1. Capital injection from shareholders	1. 股東投入資本		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	97,380,570.97	97,380,570.9
2. Amount of share-based payment taken	2. 股份支付計入股東	XI										
to owners' equity	權益的金額	+-	-	1,201,603.95	-	-	-	-	-	1,201,603.95	1,468,627.06	2,670,231.0
3. Cancellation of treasury shares	3. 註銷回購的庫存股											
repurchased			(63,364,661.00)	-	(499,911,217.21)	-	-	(436,546,556.21)	-	-	-	
4. Others	4. 其他		-	2,276,543.11	-	-	-	-	-	2,276,543.11	2,782,441.57	5,058,984.6
(III) Profit appropriation	(三)利潤分配											
1. Distribution to shareholders	1. 對股東的分配	V48										
		∄48	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,221,484,690.60)	(2,221,484,690.60)	(591,306,148.30)	(2,812,790,838.9
2. Distribution to holders of other equity	2. 對子公司其他權益											
instruments of subsidiaries	工具持有者的分配		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(99,654,942.21)	(99,654,942.2
(IV) Special reserve	(四) 專項儲備											
1. Appropriation during the period	1. 本期提取	V46										
		∄46	-	-	-	-	54,517,051.72	-	-	54,517,051.72	18,822,880.93	73,339,932.6
2. Used during the period	2. 本期使用	V46										
		∄46	-	-	-	-	(31,916,434.31)	-	-	(31,916,434.31)	(11,312,637.73)	(43,229,072.0
III. At end of period	、 本期期末餘額		7,933,873,895.00	117,177,579.82		(1,445,717,713.51)	177,657,471.51	222 224 224 42	35,390,978,879.58		22 442 225 272 72	CF 0C0 000 005 F

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

合併現金流量表

1 January to 30 June 2020 (Expressed in Renminbi Yuan)

Item 項目			Note V 附註五	Incurred during this period 本期發生額	Incurred in previous period 上期發生額
l.	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES $-\cdot$	經營活動產生的 現金流量			
	Cash received from sales of goods or rendering of services	銷售商品、提供勞務		77 144 500 755 47	70 250 400 500 00
	Refunds of taxes	收到的現金 收到的税費返還		77,144,590,755.47 154,073,579.79	70,256,466,506.08 334,432,136.02
	Other cash received relating to operating	收到其他與經營活動		.5.,675,5757	33 ., .32, .33.62
	activities	有關的現金	65	703,473,184.51	905,243,651.00
	Subtotal of cash inflows from operating activities	經營活動現金流入小計		78,002,137,519.77	71,496,142,293.10
	Cash paid for goods and services	購買商品、接受勞務 支付的現金		52,771,668,915.78	44,009,086,409.54
	Cash paid to and on behalf of	支付給職工以及為職工		32,771,000,313.76	44,009,060,409.34
	employees	支付的現金		13,277,623,744.32	13,199,506,398.82
	Cash paid for all types of taxes	支付的各項税費		3,737,555,657.38	3,986,344,352.81
	Other cash paid relating to operating	支付其他與經營活動			
	activities	有關的現金	65	4,179,440,711.52	4,874,759,144.25
	Subtotal of cash outflows from operating	經營活動現金流出小計			
	activities			73,966,289,029.00	66,069,696,305.42
	Net cash flows from operating				
	activities	現金流量淨額	66	4,035,848,490.77	5,426,445,987.68
II.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES \	投資活動產生的 現金流量			
	Cash received from sale of investments Cash received from return on investments	收回投資收到的現金 取得投資收益收到的		9,751,992,122.53	7,317,876,585.00
	east received from retain on investments	現金		100,212,406.78	164,279,265.41
	Net cash received from disposal of fixed assets,	處置固定資產、無形			
	intangible assets and other long-term assets	資產和其他長期資產			
	Other each received relative to investige	收回的現金淨額		42,669,880.12	28,761,295.22
	Other cash received relating to investing activities	收到其他與投資活動 有關的現金		330,612,707.58	6,718,716.30
	Subtotal of cash inflows from investing activities	投資活動現金流入小計		10,225,487,117.01	7,517,635,861.93
	Cash paid for acquisition of fixed assets,	購建固定資產、無形			
	intangible assets and other long-term assets	資產和其他長期			
		資產支付的現金		2,965,029,597.87	2,419,040,870.86
	Cash paid for acquisition of investments	投資支付的現金		15,859,971,710.55	11,317,960,726.11
	Net cash paid for acquisition of subsidiaries and other business units	取得子公司及其他營業單位支付的現金淨額	66	803,532,290.74	
			00		
	Subtotal of cash outflows from investing activities	投資活動現金流出小計		19,628,533,599.16	13,737,001,596.97
	Net cash flows from investing activities	投資活動產生的			
		現金流量淨額		(9,403,046,482.15)	(6,219,365,735.04)

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (Continued)

1 January to 30 June 2020 (Expressed in Renminbi Yuan)

合併現金流量表(續)

Item 項目			Note V 附註五	Incurred during this period 本期發生額	Incurred in previous period 上期發生額
III.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES \equiv \cdot	籌資活動產生的 現金流量			
	Cash received from capital contributions	吸收投資收到的現金		106,090,633.91	102,593,389.77
	Incl: Cash received by subsidiaries from capital contributions of minority shareholders	其中:子公司吸收少數 股東投資收到			
		的現金		106,090,633.91	102,593,389.77
	Cash received from borrowings	取得借款收到的現金		18,686,603,445.21	15,447,418,433.60
	Other cash received relating to financing activities	收到其他與籌資活動 有關的現金		119,185,404.24	58,956,621.40
				113,163,404.24	30,930,021.40
	Subtotal of cash inflows from financing activities	籌資活動現金流入小計		18,911,879,483.36	15,608,968,444.77
	Cash repayments of borrowings Cash paid for distribution of dividends or profits	償還債務支付的現金 分配股利、利潤或償付		15,149,868,431.77	12,840,238,759.74
	and for interest expenses	利息支付的現金		665,844,276.19	1,247,867,955.77
	Incl: Cash paid to minority shareholders for distribution of dividends or profits by subsidiaries	其中:子公司支付給 少數股東的 股利、利潤		316,220,541.43	926,121,881.02
	Other cash paid relating to financing activities	支付其他與籌資活動 有關的現金	65	1,012,757,177.68	520,462,094.40
	Subtotal of cash outflows from financing activities	籌資活動現金流出 小計		16,828,469,885.64	14,608,568,809.91
	Net cash flows from financing activities	籌資活動產生的 現金流量淨額		2,083,409,597.72	1,000,399,634.86
IV.	EFFECT OF CHANGES IN EXCHANGE RATE ON 四、CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	匯率變動對現金 及現金等價物的影響		(47,830,401.62)	<mark>33</mark> ,4 <mark>59</mark> ,332.68
V.	NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND 五、CASH EQUIVALENTS Add: Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of	現金及現金等價物 淨(減少)增加 加:期初現金及現金等		(3,331,618,795.28)	240,939,220.18
	period	價物餘額		42,285,584,925.16	34,379,938,275.41
VI.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF A PERIOD	期末現金及現金等價物餘額	66	38,953,966,129.88	34,620,877,495.59

Company Balance Sheet 30 June 2020

公司資產負債表

2020年6月30日

RMB

人民幣元

				•
Item		Note XV	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		附註十五	2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Current assets	流動資產			
Cash and cash equivalents	貨幣資金		22,376,580,412.16	27,276,378,348.59
Notes receivable	應收票據	1	28,174,439,600.85	19,031,065,273.37
Accounts receivable	應收賬款	2	3,483,287,412.94	961,224,481.20
Prepayments	預付款項		252,844,874.59	252,912,459.06
Other receivables	其他應收款	3	423,142,603.81	495,183,938.26
Inventories	存貨		2,313,432,530.64	3,442,624,138.43
Other current assets	其他流動資產		-	320,293,618.85
Total current assets	流動資產合計		57,023,727,434.99	51,779,682,257.76
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Long-term equity investments	長期股權投資	4	15,952,516,942.90	15,588,308,928.23
Investment in other equity instruments	其他權益工具投資		174,920,200.00	191,620,200.00
Other non-current financial assets	其他非流動金融資產		48,744,000.00	48,744,000.00
Investment property	投資性房地產		1,102,376,651.53	1,098,873,377.18
Fixed assets	固定資產		3,807,501,405.29	3,006,064,048.78
Construction in progress	在建工程		2,106,098,201.17	2,277,083,525.08
Intangible assets	無形資產		782,659,398.65	512,203,369.80
Goodwill	商譽		341,073,643.76	341,073,643.76
Deferred tax assets	遞延所得税資產		1,402,747,652.41	910,637,045.17
Other non-current assets	其他非流動資產		2,806,676,762.50	2,484,556,774.12
Total non-current assets	非流動資產合計		28,525,314,858.21	26,459,164,912.12
Total assets	資產總計		85,549,042,293.20	78,238,847,169.88

Company Balance Sheet (Continued)

30 June 2020

公司資產負債表(續)

2020年6月30日

RMB 人民幣元

Item		Note XV	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		附註十五	2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Notes payable	應付票據		11,174,765,588.81	13,815,739,112.99
Accounts payable	應付賬款		14,726,283,085.01	12,497,803,183.14
Contract liabilities	合同負債		4,956,861,730.34	2,571,680,421.94
Payroll payable	應付職工薪酬		756,035,761.87	985,532,575.51
Taxes payable	應交税費		864,670,692.83	155,032,778.30
Other payables	其他應付款		3,195,977,400.67	2,147,054,763.30
Other current liabilities	其他流動負債		1,915,025,169.16	1,674,274,867.54
Total current liabilities	流動負債合計		37,589,619,428.69	33,847,117,702.72
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Long-term payables	長期應付款		6,860,643.94	5,513,797.98
Long term payroll payable	長期應付職工薪酬		53,634,317.34	24,734,049.15
Deferred income	遞延收益		911,829,722.38	906,196,708.93
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債合計		972,324,683.66	936,444,556.06
Total liabilities	負債總計		38,561,944,112.35	34,783,562,258.78
Shareholders' equity	股東權益			
Share capital	股本		7,933,873,895.00	7,933,873,895.00
Capital reserve	資本公積		695,679,231.81	695,679,231.81
Other comprehensive income	其他綜合收益		(162,522,149.65)	(119,983,030.10)
Special reserve	專項儲備		106,276,983.42	94,899,845.80
Surplus reserve	盈餘公積		3,607,357,154.34	3,607,357,154.34
Retained earnings	未分配利潤		34,806,433,065.93	31,243,457,814.25
Total shareholders' equity	股東權益合計		46,987,098,180.85	43,455,284,911.10
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	負債和股東權益總計		85,549,042,293.20	78,238,847,169. <mark>8</mark> 8

Company Income Statement 1 January to 30 June 2020

公司利潤表

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

RMB

人民幣元

Iter 項			Note XV 附註十五	Incurred during this period 本期發生額	Incurred in previous period 上期發生額
I.	Revenue — Less: Cost of sales Taxes and surcharges Distribution and selling expenses General and administrative expenses Research & development expenses Finance expenses Incl: Interest expenses Interest income	·營業 「營業」 「一個 「一個 「一個 「一個 「一個 「一個 「一個 「一個	5 5	28,549,475,904.20 22,028,328,311.24 164,650,122.59 472,713,585.15 417,765,528.79 1,016,381,743.73 (168,515,258.61) – 173,754,591.04	24,408,563,211.01 17,599,138,838.21 153,054,486.06 687,984,414.93 545,444,978.25 1,063,328,580.45 (110,962,502.64) – 117,309,188.63
	Add: Other income Investment income Incl: Investment income from associates and joint ventures	加:其他收益 投資收益 其中:對聯營企業 和合營企 業的投資		84,267,920.62 586,862,228.07	39,487,227.95 610,885,819.43
	Impairment loss of credit Impairment loss of assets Gain/(loss) on disposal of assets	收益 信用減值損失 資產減值損失 資產處置 收益/(損失)		70,189,156.45 (72,494,053.03) (2,039,052.28) 2,162,165.20	60,137,591.48 (34,505,077.42) (5,423,751.68) (3,500,499.47)
II.	Operating profit == Add: Non-operating income Less: Non-operating expenses	·營業利潤 加:營業外收入 減:營業外支出		5,216,911,079.89 26,800,887.28 1,279,984.31	5,077,518,134.56 5,988,231.28 233,048.58
III.	Total profit \equiv Less: Income tax expenses	·利潤總額 減:所得税費用		5,242,431,982.86 600,449,881.46	5,083,273,317.26 616,701,382.41
IV.	Net profit (I) Breakdown by continuity of operations 1. Net profit from continuing operations	·淨利潤 (一)按經營持續性分数 1.持續經營淨 利潤	Ą	4,641,982,101.40 4,641,982,101.40	4,466,571,934.85 4,466,571,934.85
V.	Net other comprehensive income after tax 五 (I) Those other comprehensive income not to be reclassified into profit or loss 1. Change in fair value of investment in other equity instruments	·其他綜合收益的稅後 淨額 (一)不能重分類進損益 的其他綜合收益 1. 其他權益工具 投資公允 價值變動		(42,539,119.55) (42,539,119.55)	6,541,384.92 6,541,384.92
VI.	Total comprehensive income	綜合收益總額		4,599,442,981.85	4,473,113,319.77

Company Statement of Changes in Equity

公司股東權益變動表

1 January to 30 June 2020 (Expressed in Renminbi Yuan)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間(人民幣元)

		Incurred during this period 本期發生額						
Item 項目	Note V 附註五	Share capital 股本	Capital reserve 資本公積	Other comprehensive income 其他綜合收益	Special reserve 專項儲備	Surplus reserve 盈餘公積	Retained earnings 未分配利潤	Total equity 股東權益合計
I. At beginning of period 一、 本期期初餘額		7,933,873,895.00	695,679,231.81	(119,983,030.10)	94,899,845.80	3,607,357,154.34	31,243,457,814.25	43,455,284,911.10
II. Movements in current period 二、 本期增減變動金額 (I) Total comprehensive income (一) 綜合收益總額 (II) Injection and reduction of (二) 股東投入和減少資本				(42,539,119.55)			4,641,982,101.40	4,599,442,981.85
(III) Profit appropriation (三) 利潤分配 1. Distribution to shareholders 1. 對股東的分配 (IV) Special reserve (四) 專項儲備	48						(1,079,006,849.72)	(1,079,006,849.72)
 Appropriation during the 1. 本期提取 period Used during the period 2. 本期使用 					15,234,619.62 (3,857,482.00)			15,234,619.62 (3,857,482.00)
III. At end of period 三、 本期期末餘額		7,933,873,895.00	695,679,231.81	(162,522,149.65)	106,276,983.42	3,607,357,154.34	34,806,433,065.93	46,987,098,180.85

					Incurred in previous period 上期發生額							
Item 項目				Note V 附註五	Share capital 股本	Capital reserve 資本公積	Less: Treasury shares 減:庫存股	Other comprehensive income 其他綜合收益	Special reserve 專項儲備	Surplus reserve 盈餘公積	Retained earnings 未分配利潤	Total equity 股東權益合計
l.	At be	ginning of period — -	本期期初餘額		7,997,238,556.00	1,084,612,950.62	499,911,217.21	(47,258,130.00)	74,867,864.57	2,811,115,722.19	27,897,980,483.61	39,318,646,229.78
11.	Move (I) (II)	ments in current period	本期增減變動金額 (一) 綜合收益總額 (二) 股東投入和減少資本 1. 吸收合併子公司		-		-	6,541,384.92	-	-	4,466,571,934.85	4,473,113,319.77
		absorption 2. Cancellation of treasury shares	2. 註銷回購庫存股			47,612,837.40			-	60,250,045.79	133,120,628.25	240,983,511.44
	(III)	repurchased Profit appropriation 1. Appropriation to surplus reserve	(三) 利潤分配 1. 提取盈餘公積		(63,364,661.00)	(436,546,556.21)	(499,911,217.21)	-	-	-		
	(IV)	Distribution to shareholders Special reserve Appropriation during the period	 對股東的分配 (四) 專項儲備 本期提取 	48				-	- 13,215,455.80	-	(2,221,484,690.60)	(2,221,484,690.60)
<u> </u>	At en	Used during the period d of period =	2. 本期使用		7,933,873,895.00	695,679,231.81	-	(40,716,745.08)	(3,907,693.41)	2,871,365,767.98	30,276,188,356.11	(3,907,693.41) 41,820,566,132.78

Company Cash Flow Statement

公司現金流量表

1 January to 30 June 2020 (Expressed in Renminbi Yuan)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間(人民幣元)

Item 項目			Incurred during this period 本期發生額	Incurred in previous period 上期發生額
l.	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES —	、 經營活動產生的 現金流量		
	Cash received from sales of goods or rendering of services Refunds of taxes Other cash received relating to operating activities	銷售商品、提供勞務 收到的現金 收到的税費返還 收到其他與經營活動	21,427,765,023.50 4,358,780.04	21,137,451,128.56 –
		有關的現金	298,405,420.11	532,788,731.62
	Subtotal of cash inflows from operating activities	經營活動現金流入小計	21,730,529,223.65	21,670,239,860.18
	Cash paid for goods and services Cash paid to and on behalf of employees	購買商品、接受勞務 支付的現金 支付給職工以及為	20,666,914,413.27	17,428,443,912.89
	Cash paid for all types of taxes Other cash paid relating to operating activities	股份	1,027,043,884.25 1,539,148,213.68	1,046,134,778.25 2,013,438,002.68
	Other cash paid relating to operating activities	有關的現金	807,402,722.45	521,051,494.84
	Subtotal of cash outflows from operating activities	經營活動現金流出小計	24,040,509,233.65	21,009,068,188.66
	Net cash flows from operating activities	經營活動產生的現金 流量淨額	(2,309,980,010.00)	661,171,671.52
II.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES _	、 投資活動產生的 現金流量		
	Cash received from sale of investments Cash received from return on investments	收回投資收到的現金 取得投資收益收到的 現金	– 275,575,906.91	876,585.00 644,004,020.43
	Net cash received from disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets	處置固定資產、無形 資產和其他長期資產收回 的現金淨額	1,986,400.00	8,653,514.00
	Other cash received relating to investing activities	收到其他與投資活動 有關的現金		241,783,376.18
	Subtotal of cash inflows from investing activities	投資活動現金流入小計	277,562,306.91	895,317,495.61
	Cash paid for acquisition of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets Cash paid for acquisition of investments Other cash paid relating to investing activities	購建固定資產、無形 資產和其他長期資產 支付的現金 投資支付的現金 支付其他與投資活動 有關的現金	1,375,331,490.56 412,518,858.22 322,119,988.38	988,932,508.43 395,890,181.29
	Subtotal of cash outflows from investing activities	投資活動現金流出小計	2,109,970,337.16	1,384,822,689.72
	Net cash flows from investing activities	投資活動產生的現金 流量淨額	(1,832,408,030.25)	(489,505,194.11)

Company Cash Flow Statement (Continued)

公司現金流量表(續)

1 January to 30 June 2020 (Expressed in Renminbi Yuan)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間(人民幣元)

Item 項目				Incurred during this period 本期發生額	Incurred in previous period 上期發生額
III.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	三、	籌資活動產生的 現金流量		
	Cash paid for distribution of dividends or profits and for interest expenses		分配股利、利潤或償付利息 支付的現金	38,762,115.42	-
	Subtotal of cash outflows from financing activities		籌資活動現金流出小計	38,762,115.42	_
	Net cash flows from financing activities		籌資活動產生的 現金流量淨額	(38,762,115.42)	-
IV.	EFFECT OF CHANGES IN EXCHANGE RATE ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	四、	匯率變動對現金及 現金等價物的影響	101,358.76	(27,322.50)
V.	NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Add: Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	五、	現金及現金等價物淨 (減少)增加 加:期初現金及 現金等價物餘額	(4,181,048,796.91) 26,404,688,200.32	171,639,154.91 19,074,554,698.78
VI.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	六、	期末現金及 現金等價物餘額	22,223,639,403.41	19,246,193,853.69

Notes to Financial Statements

1 January to 30 June 2020

I. Corporate Background

Weichai Power Co., Ltd. (the "Company") is a joint stock company limited by shares incorporated in Weifang, Shandong on 23 December 2002.

The RMB ordinary A shares and overseas listed foreign H shares issued by the Company were listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, respectively. The registered address of the Company's headquarters is 197, Section A, Fu Shou East Street, High Technology Industrial Development Zone, Weifang, Shandong Province. The Company operates in the transportation equipment manufacturing industry. The major scope of operations of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") covers: design, development, production, sale, repair, import and export of engines and auxiliary products, automobile, automobile axle and components, gear boxes and components and other automobile components, hydraulic pumps, hydraulic motors, hydraulic valves, gears and gear transmission devices, ancillary casting and casting products of hydraulic components, internal combustion engines, new energy powertrain systems and ancillary products; technical consultation and technical services; leasing of self-owned houses; sale of steel; business management service; forklift trucks production, warehousing technology and supply chain solution services. For the aforesaid scope of operation, operating permit(s) should be held for those operations requiring administrative permission.

Weichai Group Holdings Limited and Shandong Heavy Industry Group Co., Ltd., established in the PRC, are the parent company and ultimate holding company of the Group respectively.

These company and consolidated interim financial statements of the Company were approved by the board of directors of the Company on 27 August 2020.

The consolidation scope of consolidated financial statements is determined on the basis of control. Please refer to Note VI for changes this period.

財務報表附註

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

一、公司基本情況

濰柴動力股份有限公司(以下簡稱「本公司」)是一家於2002年12月23日在山東省 濰坊市註冊成立的股份有限公司。

本公司所發行人民幣普通股A股及境外上 市外資股H股已分別在深圳證券交易所和 香港聯合交易所有限公司上市。本公司註 冊地址位於山東省濰坊市高新技術產業開 發區福壽東街197號甲。本公司所屬行業 為交通運輸設備製造業。本公司及子公司 (以下統稱「本集團」)主要經營範圍為: 發動機及配套產品,汽車,汽車車橋及零 部件,汽車變速器及零部件以及其他汽車 零部件,液壓泵、液壓馬達、液壓閥門、 齒輪和齒輪傳動裝置、液壓元件附屬鑄件 和鑄造品、內燃機、新能源動力總成系統 及配套產品的設計、開發、生產、銷售、 維修、進出口;技術諮詢和技術服務;自 有房屋租賃、鋼材銷售、企業管理服務; 叉車生產、倉庫技術及供應鏈解決方案服 務。以上經營範圍涉及行政許可的憑許可 證經營。

本公司的母公司和最終控股公司分別為於 中國成立的濰柴控股集團有限公司和山東 重工集團有限公司。

本公司的公司及合併中期財務報表於2020 年8月27日已經本公司董事會批准。

合併財務報表的合併範圍以控制為基礎確 定,本期變化情況參見附註六。

1 January to 30 June 2020

II. Preparation basis of the financial statements Preparation basis

These interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises – No. 32 Interim Financial Reporting issued by the Ministry of Finance (the "MOF"). In addition, the Group also disclosed relevant financial information in accordance with relevant disclosure requirements of Compilation Rules No. 15 for Information Disclosure by Companies Offering Securities to the Public – General Requirements for Financial Reporting (2014 Revision) and the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

These interim financial statements include selected explanatory notes, which are provided for easy understanding of the Group's important events and transactions leading to its financial position and change of results of operations since the financial statements for the year 2019. These selected notes do not include all information and disclosures required under the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises for a full set of financial statements. As such, these statements shall be read in conjunction with the financial statements of the Group for the year 2019.

Continuing operations

The interim financial statements are presented on a going concern basis.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

二、財務報表的編製基礎

編製基礎

本中期財務報表根據財政部頒佈的《企業會計準則第32號一中期財務報告》的要求編製。此外,本集團還按照《公開發行證券的公司信息披露編報規則第15號一財務報告的一般規定(2014年修訂)》和《香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則》相關披露要求披露有關財務信息。

本中期財務報表包括選取的説明性附註, 這些附註有助於理解本集團自2019年度財 務報表以來財務狀況和業績變化的重要事 件和交易。這些選取的附註不包括根據企 業會計準則的要求而編製一套完整的財務 報表所需的所有信息和披露內容,因此需 要和本集團2019年度財務報表一並閱讀。

持續經營

本中期財務報表以持續經營為基礎列報。

1 January to 30 June 2020

II. Preparation basis of the financial statements 二、財務報表的編製基礎(續) (Continued)

Basis of book-keeping and principle of measurement

The Group adopts the accrual basis as the basis of book-keeping in accounting. Other than certain financial instruments, these financial statements have been prepared at historical costs. A disposal group heldfor-sale is carried at the lower of carrying amount or the net value of fair value less selling expenses. If the assets are impaired, corresponding provisions for impairment shall be made according to relevant provisions.

Under historical cost method, the amount of assets was measured at the fair value of cash or cash equivalents or consideration paid at the time of purchase. Liabilities were measured at the amount of money or assets due to the current obligations actually received, or a present obligation of the contract amount, or the measurement of cash or cash equivalents in accordance with daily activities to repay the liabilities of the amount expected to be paid.

The fair value refers to the amount, at which both willing parties engaged to an orderly transaction who are familiar with the condition sell their assets or transfer their liabilities. Whether the fair value is observable or measured by valuation techniques, the measurement and disclosure of the fair value in these financial statements were all based on it.

For financial assets with transaction prices as the fair value upon initial recognition and a valuation technique that unobservable inputs are to be used to measure fair value in subsequent periods, the valuation technique is calibrated so that the results of the valuation technique equals to the transaction price.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

記賬基礎和計價原則

本集團會計核算以權責發生制為記賬基 礎。除某些金融工具外,本財務報表以歷 史成本作為計量基礎。持有待售的處置 組,按照賬面價值與公允價值減去出售費 用後的淨額孰低列報。資產如果發生減 值,則按照相關規定計提相應的減值準備。

在歷史成本計量下,資產按照購置時支付 的現金或者現金等價物的金額或者所付出 的對價的公允價值計量。負債按照因承擔 現時義務而實際收到的款項或者資產的金 額,或者承擔現時義務的合同金額,或者 按照日常活動中為償還負債預期需要支付 的現金或者現金等價物的金額計量。

公允價值是市場參與者在計量日發生的有 序交易中,出售一項資產所能收到或者轉 移一項負債所需支付的價格。無論公允價 值是可觀察到的還是採用估值技術估計 的,在本財務報表中計量和披露的公允價 值均在此基礎上予以確定。

對於以交易價格作為初始確認時的公允價 值,且在公允價值後續計量中使用了涉及 不可觀察輸入值的估值技術的金融資產, 在估值過程中校正該估值技術,以使估值 技術確定的初始確認結果與交易價格相等。

1 January to 30 June 2020

II. Preparation basis of the financial statements 二、財務報表的編製基礎(續) (Continued)

Basis of book-keeping and principle of measurement (Continued)

Fair value measurements are categorized into three levels based on the degree to which the inputs of the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates**

Accounting policies and accounting estimates are formulated based on the actual characteristics of production and operation. These are reflected in the identification of leases, provision for credit losses in respect of receivables, classification of fixed assets and depreciation estimation, classification of intangible assets and long-term pre-paid expenses and estimation of amortization.

Accounting period

The accounting year of the Group is from 1 January to 31 December of each calendar year. The accounting period for these interim financial statements is from 1 January to 30 June.

2. Business cycle

Business cycle refers to the period from the purchase of assets used for processing to the realization of cash and cash equivalents. The business cycle of the Group is twelve months.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

記賬基礎和計價原則(續)

公允價值計量基於公允價值的輸入值的可 觀察程度以及該等輸入值對公允價值計量 整體的重要性,被劃分為三個層次:

- 第一層次輸入值是在計量日能夠取得 的相同資產或負債在活躍市場上未經 調整的報價。
- 第二層次輸入值是除第一層次輸入值 外相關資產或負債直接或間接可觀察 的輸入值。
- 第三層次輸入值是相關資產或負債的 不可觀察輸入值。

本集團根據實際生產經營特點制定了具體 會計政策和會計估計,主要體現在租賃的 識別、應收款項信用損失準備的計提、固 定資產分類及折舊估計、無形資產和長期 待攤費用的分類和攤銷估計。

1. 會計期間

本集團會計年度採用公曆年度,即每 年自1月1日起至12月31日止。本中 期財務報表會計期間為自1月1日至6 月30日止。

2. 營業周期

營業周期是指企業從購買用於加工的 資產起至實現現金或現金等價物的期 間。本集團的營業周期為12個月。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

Functional currency

Renminbi (RMB) was the currency used in the major economic environment in which the Company and its domestic subsidiaries operate the business. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries used RMB as their functional currencies. The Company's overseas subsidiaries may determine their own functional currencies based on the currency used in the major economic environment in which they operate the business. In preparation of these financial statements, the Company adopted RMB as the functional currency.

The accounting treatment of business combinations involving enterprises under common control and business combinations involving enterprises not under common control

Business combinations include business combinations involving enterprises under common control and business combinations involving enterprises not under common control.

4.1 Business combinations involving enterprises under common control

A business combination involving enterprises under common control is a business combination in which all of the combining enterprises are ultimately controlled by the same party or parties both before and after the combination, and that control is not transitory.

Assets and liabilities that are obtained in a business combination shall be measured at the carrying amounts on the financial statements of the acquiree as at the combination date. The difference between the carrying amount of the net assets obtained by the acquirer and the carrying amount of the consideration paid for the combination (or the aggregate face value of shares issued as consideration) shall be adjusted to share premium under capital reserve. If the capital reserve is not sufficient to absorb the difference, any excess shall be adjusted against retained earnings.

Costs that are directly attributable to the combination are charged to profit or loss when incurred.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

3. 記賬本位幣

人民幣為本公司及境內子公司經營所 處的主要經濟環境中的貨幣,本公 司及境內子公司以人民幣為記賬本位 幣。本公司之境外子公司根據其經營 所處的主要經濟環境中的貨幣確定其 記賬本位幣。本公司編製本財務報表 時所採用的貨幣為人民幣。

同一控制下和非同一控制 下企業合併的會計處理方 法

> 企業合併分為同一控制下企業合併和 非同一控制下企業合併。

4.1 同一控制下企業合併

參與合併的企業在合併前後均 受同一方或相同的多方最終控 制,且該控制並非暫時性的, 為同一控制下的企業合併。

在企業合併中取得的資產和負 債,按合併日其在被合併方的 賬面價值計量。合併方取得的 淨資產賬面價值與支付的合併 對價的賬面價值(或發行股份面 值總額)的差額,調整資本公積 中的股本溢價,股本溢價不足 沖減的則調整留存收益。

為進行企業合併發生的各項直 接費用,於發生時計入當期損 益。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

- The accounting treatment of business combinations involving enterprises under common control and business combinations involving enterprises not under common control (Continued)
 - 4.2 Business combinations involving enterprises not under common control and goodwill

A business combination involving enterprises not under common control is a business combination in which all of the combining enterprises are not ultimately controlled by the same party or parties before and after the combination.

Combination cost refers to the fair value of assets paid, liabilities incurred or assumed and equity instruments issued by the acquirer for acquiring control of the acquiree. For business combinations of enterprises not under common control achieved in stages through multiple transactions, the combination cost shall be the sum of the consideration paid on the date of acquisition and the fair value, as at the date of acquisition, of the equity interests in the acquiree held prior to the date of acquisition.

The fees paid to intermediaries including audit, legal services, appraisal and so forth and other related administrative expenses incurred by the acquirer for the business combination are charged to profit or loss for the current period when incurred.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 4. 同一控制下和非同一控制 下企業合併的會計處理方 法(續)
 - 4.2 非同一控制下的企業合併 及商譽

參與合併的企業在合併前後不 受同一方或相同的多方最終控 制的,為非同一控制下的企業 合併。

合併成本指購買方為取得被購 買方的控制權而付出的資產、 發生或承擔的負債和發行的權 益性工具的公允價值。通過多 次交易分步實現非同一控制下 的企業合併的,合併成本為購 買日支付的對價與購買日之前 已經持有的被購買方的股權在 購買日的公允價值之和。

購買方為企業合併發生的審 計、法律服務、評估諮詢等中 介費用以及其他相關管理費 用,於發生時計入當期損益。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

- The accounting treatment of business combinations involving enterprises under common control and business combinations involving enterprises not under common control (Continued)
 - 4.2 Business combinations involving enterprises not under common control and goodwill (Continued)

The identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of acquiree qualifying for the conditions of recognition acquired by the acquirer in the business combination are measured at fair value on the date of acquisition. When the business combination contract provides that, upon the occurrence of multiple future contingencies, the acquirer shall require the return of consideration paid for the business combination, such contingent consideration as set out in the contract shall be recognised as an asset by the Group as a part of the aggregate consideration transferred in the business combination, and be included in the cost of combination at the fair value at the date of acquisition. Within twelve months after the acquisition, if the contingent consideration needs to be adjusted as new or further evidences are obtained in respect of circumstances existed as of the date of acquisition, the amount previously included in the goodwill shall be adjusted. A change in or adjustment to the contingent consideration under other circumstances shall be measured in accordance with Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No. 22 – Recognition and Measurement of Financial Instruments and Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No. 13 - Contingencies. Any change or adjustment is included in profit or loss for the current period.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 4. 同一控制下和非同一控制 下企業合併的會計處理方 法(續)
 - 4.2 非同一控制下的企業合併 及商譽(續)

購買方在合併中所取得的被購 買方符合確認條件的可辨認資 產、負債及或有負債在購買日 以公允價值計量。當合併協議 中約定根據未來多項或有事項 的發生,購買方有權要求返還 之前已經支付的合併對價時, 本集團將合併協議約定的或有 對價確認為一項資產,作為企 業合併轉移對價的一部分,按 照其在購買日的公允價值計入 企業合併成本。購買日後12個 月內,若出現對購買日已存在 情況的新的或者進一步證據而 需要調整或有對價的,予以確 認並對原計入商譽的金額進行 調整。其他情況下發生的或有 對價變化或調整,按照《企業會 計準則第22號-金融工具確認 和計量》和《企業會計準則第13 號一或有事項》計量,發生的變 化或調整計入當期損益。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

- The accounting treatment of business combinations involving enterprises under common control and business combinations involving enterprises not under common control (Continued)
 - 4.2 Business combinations involving enterprises not under common control and goodwill (Continued)

Where the combination cost is larger than the portion of fair value of net identifiable assets of acquiree acquired in the business combination, the difference is recognized as goodwill as an asset, and initially measured at cost. For those with combination cost lower than the portion of fair value of net identifiable assets of acquiree acquired in the business combination, re-verification is first carried out on the measurement of the fair value of all identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities as well as the combination cost. For those with combination cost lower than the portion of fair value of net identifiable assets of acquiree acquired in the business combination after re-verification, they are charged to profit or loss for the current period.

If either the fair values of identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired in a combination or the cost of business combination can be determined only provisionally by the end of the period in which the business combination was effected, the acquirer recognizes and measures the combination using those provisional values. Any adjustments to those provisional values within 12 months after the acquisition date are treated as if they had been recognized and measured on the acquisition date.

Goodwill arising from the business combination shall be recognized separately in the consolidated financial statements and measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 4. 同一控制下和非同一控制 下企業合併的會計處理方 法(續)
 - 4.2 非同一控制下的企業合併 及商譽(續)

合併成本大於合併中取得的被 購買方可辨認淨資產公允價值 份額的差額,作為一項資產確 認為商譽並按成本進行初始計 量。合併成本小於合併中取得 的被購買方可辨認淨資產公允 價值份額的,首先對取得的被 購買方各項可辨認資產、負債 及或有負債的公允價值以及合 併成本的計量進行覆核,覆核 後合併成本仍小於合併中取得 的被購買方可辨認淨資產公允 價值份額的,計入當期損益。

合併當期期末,如合併中取得 的各項可辨認資產、負債及或 有負債的公允價值或企業合併 成本只能暫時確定的,則以所 確定的暫時價值為基礎對企業 合併進行確認和計量。購買日 後12個月內對確認的暫時價值 進行調整的,視為在購買日確 認和計量。

因企業合併形成的商譽在合併 財務報表中單獨列報,並按照 成本扣除累計減值準備後的金 額計量。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidation scope of consolidated financial statements is determined on the basis of control. Control refers to the power of an investor over an investee, and exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of its returns. Once the relevant facts and situation which alters the elements that define control change, the Group shall perform re-evaluation.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary.

For a subsidiary acquired through a business combination not involving enterprises under common control, the operating results and cash flows from the date of acquisition (the date when the control is obtained) are included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated cash flow statement, as appropriate.

No matter when the business combination occurs in the reporting period, subsidiaries acquired through a business combination involving enterprises under common control or the party being absorbed under merger by absorption are included in the Group's scope of consolidation as if they had been included in the scope of consolidation from the date when they first came under the common control of the ultimate controlling party. Their operating results and cash flows from the beginning of the earliest reporting period or from the date when they first came under the common control of the ultimate controlling party are included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated cash flow statement, as appropriate.

The significant accounting policies and accounting periods adopted by the subsidiaries are determined based on the uniform accounting policies and accounting periods set out by the Company.

The effect of all intra-group transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries and among subsidiaries on the consolidated financial statements is eliminated on consolidation.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

5. 合併財務報表的編製方法

合併財務報表的合併範圍以控制為基 礎予以確定。控制是指投資方擁有對 被投資方的權力,通過參與被投資方 的相關活動而享有可變回報,並且有 能力運用對被投資方的權力影響其回 報金額。一旦相關事實和情況的變化 導致上述控制定義涉及的相關要素發 生了變化,本集團將進行重新評估。

子公司的合併起始於本集團獲得對該 子公司的控制權時,終止於本集團喪 失對該子公司的控制權時。

對於通過非同一控制下的企業合併取 得的子公司,其自購買日(取得控制 權的日期)起的經營成果及現金流量 已經適當地包括在合併利潤表和合併 現金流量表中。

對於通過同一控制下的企業合併取 得的子公司(或吸收合併下的被合併 方),無論該項企業合併發生在報告 期的任一時點,視同該子公司(或被 合併方)同受最終控制方控制之日起 納入本集團的合併範圍,其自報告期 最早期間期初或同受最終控制方控制 之日起的經營成果和現金流量已適當 地包括在合併利潤表和合併現金流量 表中。

子公司採用的主要會計政策和會計期 間按照本公司統一規定的會計政策和 會計期間釐定。

本公司與子公司及子公司相互之間發 生的內部交易對合併財務報表的影響 於合併時抵銷。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements (Continued)

The portion of subsidiaries' equity that is not attributable to the Company is treated as minority interests and presented as "minority interests" in the consolidated balance sheet within shareholders' equity. The portion of net profits or losses of subsidiaries attributable to minority interests is presented as "minority interests" in the consolidated income statement below the "net profit" line item.

Where the amount of losses of a subsidiary attributable to the minority shareholders exceeds their share of the opening balance of owner's equity of the subsidiary, the excess shall be allocated against minority interests.

Acquisition of minority interests or disposal of interest in a subsidiary that does not result in the loss of control over the subsidiary is accounted for as an equity transaction. The carrying amounts of the interests attributable to the parent and minority interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. The difference between the amount by which the minority interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is adjusted to capital reserve. If the capital reserve is not sufficient to absorb the difference, the excess is adjusted against retained earnings.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

5. 合併財務報表的編製方法 (續)

> 子公司所有者權益中不屬於本公司的 份額作為少數股東權益,在合併資產 負債表中股東權益項目下以「少數股 東權益」項目列示。子公司當期淨損 益中屬於少數股東權益的份額,在合 併利潤表中淨利潤項目下以「少數股 東損益」項目列示。

> 少數股東分擔的子公司的虧損超過了 少數股東在該子公司期初所有者權益 中所享有的份額,其餘額仍沖減少數 股東權益。

> 對於購買子公司少數股權或因處置部 分股權投資但沒有喪失對該子公司控 制權的交易,作為權益性交易核算, 調整歸屬於母公司所有者權益和少數 股東權益的賬面價值以反映其在子公 司中相關權益的變化。少數股東權益 的調整額與支付/收到對價的公允價 值之間的差額調整資本公積,資本公 積不足沖減的,調整留存收益。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

Classification of joint arrangements and accounting treatments for joint operations

Joint arrangements include joint operations and joint ventures. The classification is determined by considering the structure, legal form and contract terms of the arrangement according to the rights and obligations of the joint parties in the joint arrangements. A joint operation refers to the arrangement whereby the parties have rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities relating to the arrangement. A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties only have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement.

The Group adopts equity method for computing the investments in joint ventures. For details, see Note III. 13.3.2 Long-term equity investment calculated by equity method

The following items should be recognized by the Group in relation to its sole and shared ownerships in the joint operation: solely held assets, as well as jointly held assets according to its share; solely assumed liabilities, as well as jointly assumed liabilities according to its share; income derived from its entitled share of production of the joint operation; income derived from the sales of production of the joint operation according to its share; solely incurred expenses, as well as expenses incurred by the joint operation according to its share. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses related to the joint operation are computed according to requirements applicable to specific assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

If the Group invests or sells assets, etc. to the joint operation (except when the assets constitute business), the part pertaining to other participants in the joint operation among the profit or loss due to the transaction will be recognized only before the assets are sold to a third party by the joint operation. Where asset impairment losses are incurred in respect of assets invested or sold, the Group recognizes the losses in full amount.

If the Group purchases assets, etc. from the joint operation (except when the assets constitute business), the part pertaining to other participants in the joint operation among the profit or loss due to the transaction will be recognized only before the assets are sold to a third party. Where asset impairment losses are incurred in respect of assets purchased, the Group recognizes the losses to the extent of its share.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

6. 合營安排分類及共同經營 會計處理方法

> 合營安排分為共同經營和合營企業, 該分類通過考慮該安排的結構、法律 形式以及合同條款等因素根據合營方 在合營安排中享有的權利和承擔的義 務確定。共同經營,是指合營方享有 該安排相關資產且承擔該安排相關負 債的合營安排。合營企業是指合營方 僅對該安排的淨資產享有權利的合營 安排。

> 本集團對合營企業的投資採用權益法 核算,具體參見附註三、13.3.2按權 益法核算的長期股權投資。

> 本集團根據共同經營的安排確認本集 團單獨所持有的資產以及按本集團份 額確認共同持有的資產;確認本集團 單獨所承擔的負債以及按本集團份額 確認共同承擔的負債;確認出售本集 團享有的共同經營產出份額所產生的 收入;按本集團份額確認共同經營因 出售產出所產生的收入;確認本集團 單獨所發生的費用,以及按本集團份 額確認共同經營發生的費用。本集團 按照適用於特定資產、負債、收入和 費用的規定核算與共同經營相關的資 產、負債、收入和費用。

> 本集團向共同經營投出或出售資產等 (該資產構成業務的除外),在該等資 產由共同經營出售給第三方之前,僅 確認因該交易產生的損益中歸屬於共 同經營其他參與方的部分。投出或出 售的資產發生資產減值損失的,本集 團全額確認該損失。

> 本集團自共同經營購買資產等(該資 產構成業務的除外),在將該資產出 售給第三方之前,僅確認因該交易產 生的損益中歸屬於共同經營其他參與 方的部分。購入的資產發生資產減值 損失的,本集團按其承擔的份額確認 該部分損失。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

7. Recognition criteria for cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises the Group's cash on hand and deposits that can be readily withdrawn on demand. Cash equivalents are short-term (usually mature within 3 months from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments held by the Group, that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Foreign currency operations and foreign currency translation

8.1 Foreign currency operations

Foreign currency transactions are recorded, on initial recognition, in the functional currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the spot exchange rate prevailing on the transaction dates. On the balance sheet date, foreign currency monetary items are translated into Renminbi using the spot exchange rate prevailing on the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising from the difference between the spot exchange rate on that day and on the date of initial recognition or the previous balance sheet date are taken to profit or loss in the current period except for the following: (1) The exchange difference in respect of special borrowings denominated in foreign currencies that meet the criteria for capitalization are capitalized during the capitalization period as a cost under the relevant assets; (2) The exchange difference in respect of hedging instruments used for hedging for avoiding foreign exchange rate risks is accounted for using hedge accounting; (3) For monetary items classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI), exchange difference arising from the change in other gross carrying amounts other than amortized costs is taken to other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary foreign currency items measured at historical cost shall still be measured at the amount in the functional currency translated at the spot exchange rate prevailing on the transaction date. Non-monetary foreign currency items measured at fair value are translated at the spot exchange rate prevailing at the date on which the fair values are determined. The difference between the amount in the functional currency after translation and the amount in the original functional currency is accounted for as fair value change (inclusive of exchange rate change) and is taken to profit or loss for the current period or recognized as other comprehensive income.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日 | 期間

(續)

7. 現金及現金等價物的確定 煙進

現金是指庫存現金以及可以隨時用於 支付的存款。現金等價物是指本集團 持有的期限短(一般指從購買日起三 個月內到期)、流動性強、易於轉換 為已知金額現金、價值變動風險很小 的投資。

8. 外幣業務和外幣報表折算

8.1 外幣業務

外幣交易在初始確認時,採用 交易發生日的即期匯率將外幣 金額折算為記賬本位幣金額。 於資產負債表日,對於外幣貨 幣性項目採用資產負債表日即 期匯率折算為人民幣,因該日 的即期匯率與初始確認時或者 前一資產負債表日即期匯率不 同而產生的匯兑差額,除:(1) 符合資本化條件的外幣專門借 款的匯兑差額在資本化期間予 以資本化計入相關資產的成 本;(2)為了規避外匯風險進行 套期的套期工具的匯兑差額按 套期會計方法處理;(3)分類為 以公允價值計量且其變動計入 其他綜合收益的貨幣性項目除 攤餘成本之外的其他賬面餘額 變動產生的匯兑差額計入其他 綜合收益外,均計入當期損益。

以歷史成本計量的外幣非貨幣 性項目仍以交易發生日的即期 匯率折算的記賬本位幣金額計 量。以公允價值計量的外幣非 貨幣性項目,採用公允價值確 定日的即期匯率折算,折算後 的記賬本位幣金額與原記賬本 位幣金額的差額,作為公允價 值變動(含匯率變動)處理,計 入當期損益或確認為其他綜合 收益。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

- Foreign currency operations and foreign currency translation (Continued)
 - 8.2 Translation of foreign currency financial statements To prepare the consolidated financial statement, the financial statements denominated in foreign currency of a foreign operation are translated to RMB in compliance with the following requirements: all assets and liabilities on the balance sheet are translated at the spot exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date; all equity items are translated at the spot exchange rates at the dates on which such items arose; income and expenses and profit appropriation items in the income statement are translated at the spot exchange rate at the date of transaction; all exchange differences of assets, liabilities and shareholders' equity resulting from the translation are recognized as other comprehensive income and taken to shareholders' equity.

Foreign currency cash flows and the cash flows of foreign subsidiaries are translated using the spot exchange rate as of the date on which the cash flows occur. The effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents is presented separately as an adjustment item under "effect of changes in exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents" in the cash flow statement.

The opening balances of the year/period and prior year's/period's figures are presented according to the translated amounts of the financial statements of the prior year/period.

When control over the Group's foreign operation is lost due to the disposal of ownership interests of foreign operation or partial disposal of equity investment or other reasons, exchange differences of foreign currency statements attributable to the shareholders of the parent company related to such foreign operation and presented under shareholder's equity item in the balance sheet are all transferred to profit or loss for the current period.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 外幣業務和外幣報表折算 (續)
 - 8.2 外幣財務報表折算

為編製合併財務報表,境外經 營的外幣財務報表按以下方法 折算為人民幣報表:資產負債 表中的所有資產、負債類項目 按資產負債表日的即期匯率折 算;股東權益項目按發生時的 即期匯率折算;利潤表中的所 有項目及反映利潤分配發生額 的項目按交易發生日的即期匯 率折算;折算後資產類項目與 負債類項目和股東權益類項目 合計數的差額確認為其他綜合 收益並計入股東權益。

外幣現金流量以及境外子公司 的現金流量,採用現金流量發 生日的即期匯率折算,匯率變 動對現金及現金等價物的影響 額,作為調節項目,在現金流 量表中以「匯率變動對現金及現 金等價物的影響」單獨列示。

年/期初數和上年/期實際數 按照上年/期財務報表折算後 的數額列示。

在處置本集團在境外經營的全 部所有者權益或因處置部分股 權投資或其他原因喪失了對境 外經營控制權時,將資產負債 表中股東權益項目下列示的、 與該境外經營相關的歸屬於母 公司所有者權益的外幣報表折 算差額,全部轉入處置當期損 益。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

- Foreign currency operations and foreign currency translation (Continued)
 - 8.2 Translation of foreign currency financial statements (Continued)

In partial disposal of the equity investment or other reasons that lead to the reduction of the proportion of interests in foreign operation but there is no loss of control over such foreign operations, the difference of foreign currency translation related to the part of foreign operation disposal will be attributed to minority interests and will not be taken to profit or loss for the current period. In partial disposal of equity interest in an overseas associate or joint venture, the foreign currency translation difference related to the foreign operation shall be taken to profit or loss for the current period according to the proportion of the disposal of the foreign operation.

Financial instruments

The Group recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument.

Where financial assets are purchased or sold in a regular way, assets to be received and liabilities to be borne for it are recognized on the date of transaction, or sold assets are derecognized on the date of transaction.

The financial assets and financial liabilities were initially recognized at fair value. For the financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) for the current period, related transaction expenses are directly taken to the profit or loss for the current period; for other types of financial assets and financial liabilities, related transaction expenses are included in the initial recognized amount. For accounts receivable excluding significant financing components or regardless of financing components of contracts less than one year initially recognised based on Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No.14-Revenue ("Standard on Revenue"), they are initially measured at transaction price defined based on the Standard on Revenue.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 8. 外幣業務和外幣報表折算 (續)
 - 8.2 外幣財務報表折算(續)

在處置部分股權投資或其他原 因導致持有境外經營權益比例 降低但不喪失對境外經營控制 權時,與該境外經營處置部分 相關的外幣報表折算差額將歸 屬於少數股東權益,不轉入當 期損益。在處置境外經營為聯 營企業或合營企業的部分股權 時,與該境外經營相關的外幣 報表折算差額,按處置該境外 經營的比例轉入處置當期損益。

9. 金融工具

本集團在成為金融工具合同的一方時 確認一項金融資產或金融負債。

對於以常規方式購買或出售金融資產 的,在交易日確認將收到的資產和為 此將承擔的負債,或者在交易日終止 確認已出售的資產。

金融資產和金融負債在初始確認時以 公允價值計量。對於以公允價值計量 且其變動計入當期損益的金融資產和 金融負債,相關的交易費用直接計入 當期損益;對於其他類別的金融資產 和金融負債,相關交易費用計入初始 確認金額。當本集團按照《企業會計 準則第14號一收入》(「收入準則」)初 始確認未包含重大融資成分或不考慮 不超過一年的合同中的融資成分的應 收賬款時,按照收入準則定義的交易 價格進行初始計量。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

Financial instruments (Continued)

Effective interest method is the method that is used in the calculation of the amortized cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and in the allocation and recognition of the interest income or interest expense over the accounting periods.

Effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset or to the amortized cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Group shall estimate the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial assets or liabilities (for example, early repayment, extension, call and similar options) but shall not consider the expected credit losses.

Amortized cost of a financial asset or financial liability is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount and, for financial assets, adjusted for any loss allowance.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

金融工具(續)

實際利率法是指計算金融資產或金融 負債的攤餘成本以及將利息收入或利 息費用分攤計入各會計期間的方法。

實際利率,是指將金融資產或金融負 債在預計存續期的估計未來現金流 量,折現為該金融資產賬面餘額或該 金融負債攤餘成本所使用的利率。在 確定實際利率時,在考慮金融資產 或金融負債所有合同條款(如提前還 款、展期、看漲期權或其他類似期權 等)的基礎上估計預期現金流量,但 不考慮預期信用損失。

金融資產或金融負債的攤餘成本是以 該金融資產或金融負債的初始確認金 額扣除已償還的本金,加上或減去採 用實際利率法將該初始確認金額與到 期日金額之間的差額進行攤銷形成的 累計攤銷額,再扣除累計計提的損失 準備(僅適用於金融資產)。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.1 Classification and measurement of financial assets After initial recognition, the Group shall measure different types of financial assets at amortized cost, FVTOCI or FVTPL.

If the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding and the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows, the Group shall classify the financial asset into a financial asset measured at amortized cost. Such financial assets mainly include: cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables and long-term receivables, etc.

If the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding and the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows and sell such financial assets, the Group shall classify the financial asset into a financial asset at FVTOCI. Such financial assets primarily include receivable financing.

Financial assets at FVTPL include financial assets classified as at FVTPL and those designated as at FVTPL which are presented in held-for-trading financial assets. Those due over one year and expected to be held for over one year since the balance sheet date are presented in other non-current financial assets.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日 | 期間

(續)

- 9. 金融工具(續)
 - 9.1 金融資產的分類與計量 初始確認後,本集團對不同類 別的金融資產,分別以攤餘成 本、以公允價值計量且其變動 計入其他綜合收益或以公允價 值計量且其變動計入當期損益 進行後續計量。

金融資產的合同條款規定在特 定日期產生的現金流量僅為對 本金和以未償付本金金額為基 礎的利息的支付,且本集團管 理該金融資產的業務模式是以 收取合同現金流量為目標,則 本集團將該金融資產分類為以 攤餘成本計量的金融資產。此 類金融資產主要包括貨幣資 金、應收票據、應收賬款、其 他應收款和長期應收款等。

金融資產的合同條款規定在特 定日期產生的現金流量僅為對 本金和以未償付本金金額為基 礎的利息的支付,且本集團管 理該金融資產的業務模式既以 收取合同現金流量為目標又以 出售該金融資產為目標的,則 該金融資產分類為以公允價值 計量且其變動計入其他綜合收 益的金融資產。此類金融資產 主要包括應收款項融資。

以公允價值計量且其變動計入 當期損益的金融資產包括分類 為以公允價值計量且其變動計 入當期損益的金融資產和指定 為以公允價值計量且其變動計 入當期損益的金融資產,列示 於交易性金融資產。自資產負 **債表日起超過一年到期且預期** 持有超過一年的,列示於其他 非流動金融資產。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.1 Classification and measurement of financial assets (Continued)
 - A financial asset which does not satisfy the criteria for a financial asset classified as being measured at amortized cost or a financial asset at FVTOCI shall be classified as a financial asset at FVTPL.
 - At initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces accounting mismatch (expected credit losses).

On initial recognition, the Group may, based on a individual financial asset, irrevocably designate a non-trading equity instrument investment which is non-contingent consideration and recognized in business combination not involving enterprises under common control as financial asset measured at FVTOCI. Such financial assets are presented as investment in other equity instruments.

The Group's purpose of holding the financial assets is for trading if one of the following conditions is satisfied:

- The Group's purpose of holding the relevant financial assets is primarily for recent sale.
- The relevant financial assets are, on initial recognition, a part of the centrally-managed identifiable financial instrument portfolio, and objective evidence indicates that short-term profit model exists in the near future.
- The relevant financial assets are derivative instruments. However, derivatives that meet the definition of financial guarantee contracts and those designated as effective hedging instruments are excluded.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 9. 金融工具(續)
 - 9.1 金融資產的分類與計量 (續)
 - 不符合分類為以攤餘成本 計量的金融資產、以公允 價值計量且其變動計入其 他綜合收益的金融資產條 件的金融資產均分類為以 公允價值計量且其變動計 入當期損益金融資產。
 - 在初始確認時,為消除或 顯著減少會計錯配,本集 團可以將金融資產不可撤 銷地指定為以公允價值計 量且其變動計入當期損益 的金融資產。

初始確認時,本集團可以單項 金融資產為基礎,不可撤銷地 將非同一控制下的企業合併中 確認的或有對價以外的非交易 性權益工具投資指定為以公允 價值計量且其變動計入其他綜 合收益的金融資產。此類金融 資產作為其他權益工具投資列 示。

金融資產滿足下列條件之一 的,表明本集團持有該金融資 產的目的是交易性的:

- 取得相關金融資產的目 的,主要是為了近期出 售。
- 相關金融資產在初始確認 時屬於集中管理的可辨認 金融工具組合的一部分, 且有客觀證據表明近期實 際存在短期獲利模式。
- 相關金融資產屬於衍生工 具。但符合財務擔保合同 定義的衍生工具以及被指 定為有效套期工具的衍生 工具除外。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.1 Classification and measurement of financial assets (Continued)
 - 9 1 1 Financial assets at amortised cost

The financial asset at amortized cost is subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Gain or loss arising from derecognition, impairment or amortization is recognized in profit or loss.

The Group recognizes interest income on financial assets measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The Group calculates interest income based on the gross carrying amount of financial assets multiplied by the actual interest rate, unless the financial assets become credit-impaired financial assets in subsequent reporting period. For those financial assets, the Group shall apply the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset in subsequent reporting period. If the financial assets no longer has credit impairment during the subsequent period as a result of an improvement in its credit risk, and this improvement may be linked to an event that occurred after the application of the above regulations, the Group calculates interest income based on the gross carrying amount of financial assets multiplied by the actual interest rate.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 9. 金融工具(續)
 - 9.1 金融資產的分類與計量 (續)
 - 9.1.1 以攤餘成本計量的金融 資產

以攤餘成本計量的金融資 產採用實際利率法,按攤 餘成本進行後續計量,發 生減值時或終止確認產生 的利得或損失,計入當期 損益。

本集團對以攤餘成本計量 的金融資產按照實際利率 法確認利息收入。本集團 根據金融資產賬面餘額乘 以實際利率計算確定利息 收入,除非該金融資產在 後續期間成為已發生信用 減值的金融資產,本集團 在後續期間,按照該金融 資產的攤餘成本和實際利 率計算確定其利息收入。 若該金融工具在後續期間 因其信用風險有所改善而 不再存在信用減值,並且 這一改善可與應用上述規 定之後發生的某一事件相 聯繫,本集團轉按實際利 率乘以該金融資產賬面餘 額來計算確定利息收入。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.1 Classification and measurement of financial assets (Continued)
 - 9.1.2 Financial assets classified as at FVTOCI

Impairment gains or losses on a financial asset classified as at FVTOCI and the interest income calculated using the effective interest method and exchange gains and losses shall be recognized in profit or loss. Except for them, changes in fair value of such financial assets shall be recognized in other comprehensive income. The amount of such financial asset recognized in profit or loss of each period is equal to the amount deemed as measured at amortized cost all the time and recognized in profit or loss of each period. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is transferred from other comprehensive income to profit or loss.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 9. 金融工具(續)
 - 9.1 金融資產的分類與計量 (續)
 - 9.1.2 以公允價值計量且其變 動計入其他綜合收益的 金融資產

分類為以公允價值計量且 其變動計入其他綜合收益 的金融資產相關的減值損 失或利得、採用實際利率 法計算的利息收入及匯兑 損益計入當期損益,除此 以外該金融資產的公允價 值變動均計入其他綜合收 益。該金融資產計入各期 損益的金額與視同其一直 按攤餘成本計量而計入各 期損益的金額相等。該 金融資產終止確認時,之 前計入其他綜合收益的累 計利得或損失從其他綜合 收益中轉出,計入當期損 益。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.1 Classification and measurement of financial assets (Continued)
 - 9.1.2 Financial assets classified as at FVTOCI (Continued)

After designating a non-trading equity instrument investment as a financial asset at FVTOCI, the changes in fair value of such financial assets are recognized in other comprehensive income. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income are transferred from other comprehensive income to retained earnings. During the period that the Group holds these non-trading equity instrument investments, the Group has established the right of collecting dividends, whose economic benefit will probably flow into the Group, and the amount of the dividends can be reliably measured, then the Group will recognize dividend income in profit or loss.

9.1.3 Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets at FVTPL shall be subsequently measured at fair value. Gains or losses from change in fair value and dividends and interest income related to such financial assets shall be recognized in profit or loss.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 9. 金融工具(續)
 - 9.1 金融資產的分類與計量 (續)
 - 9.1.2 以公允價值計量且其變 動計入其他綜合收益的 金融資產(續)

將非交易性權益工具投資 指定為以公允價值計量且 其變動計入其他綜合收益 的金融資產後,該金融資 產的公允價值變動在其他 綜合收益中進行確認,該 金融資產終止確認時,之 前計入其他綜合收益的累 計利得或損失從其他綜合 收益中轉出,計入留存收 益。本集團持有該等非交 易性權益工具投資期間, 在本集團收取股利的權利 已經確立,與股利相關的 經濟利益很可能流入本集 團,且股利的金額能夠可 靠計量時,確認股利收入 並計入當期損益。

9.1.3 以公允價值計量且其變 動計入當期損益的金融 資產

以公允價值計量且其變動 計入當期損益的金融資產 以公允價值進行後續計 量,公允價值變動形成的 利得或損失以及與該金融 資產相關的股利和利息收 入計入當期損益。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.2 Impairment of financial instruments and other items The Group shall recognise a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortized cost, financial assets classified as FVTOCI, a lease receivable, contract assets and financial guarantee contracts that are not designated as financial liabilities at FVTPL.

The Group makes a loss allowance against amount of lifetime expected credit losses of the receivables and contract assets arising from transactions adopting Standard on Revenue and the lease receivables arising from transactions adopting Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No. 21 -Leases.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 9. 金融工具(續)
 - 9.2 金融工具及其他項目減值 本集團對以攤餘成本計量的金 融資產、分類為以公允價值計 量且其變動計入其他綜合收益 的金融資產、租賃應收款、合 同資產以及以公允價值計量且 其變動計入當期損益的金融負 債外的財務擔保合同以預期信 用損失為基礎進行減值會計處 理並確認損失準備。

對於由收入準則規範的交易形 成的應收款項、合同資產及由 《企業會計準則第21號-租賃》 規範的交易形成的租賃應收 款,本集團按照相當於整個存 續期內的預期信用損失金額計 量損失準備。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.2 Impairment of financial instruments and other items (Continued)

For other financial instruments, at the balance sheet date, the Group assesses changes in credit risk of relevant financial instruments since initial recognition. If the credit risk of the above financial instruments has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures loss allowance based on the amount of lifetime expected credit losses; if credit risk of the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group recognises loss allowance based on 12-month expected credit losses of the financial instrument. Increase in or reversal of credit loss allowance is included in profit or loss as loss/gain on impairment. Except financial assets classified as at FVTOCI, allowance for credit losses decreases the carrying amount of the financial assets. For financial assets at FVTOCI, the Group recognises credit loss allowance in other comprehensive income and does not decrease the carrying amount of such financial assets in the balance sheet.

The Group measures loss allowance at the full lifetime expected credit losses of the financial instruments in the previous accounting period. However, at the balance sheet date, for the above financial instruments, if significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition no longer applies, the Group measures loss allowance for the financial instrument at 12-month expected credit losses at the balance sheet date for the current period. Relevant reversal of loss allowance is included in profit or loss for the current period as gain on impairment.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 9. 金融工具(續)
 - 9.2 金融工具及其他項目減值 (續)

對於其他金融工具,本集團在 每個資產負債表日評估相關金 融工具的信用風險自初始確認 後的變動情況。若該金融工具 的信用風險自初始確認後已顯 著增加,本集團按照相當於該 金融工具整個存續期內預期信 用損失的金額計量其損失準 備; 若該金融工具的信用風險 自初始確認後並未顯著增加, 本集團按照相當於該金融工具 未來12個月內預期信用損失的 金額計量其損失準備。信用損 失準備的增加或轉回金額,作 為減值損失或利得計入當期損 益。除分類為以公允價值計量 且其變動計入其他綜合收益的 金融資產外,信用損失準備抵 減金融資產的賬面價值。對於 分類為以公允價值計量且其變 動計入其他綜合收益的金融資 產,本集團在其他綜合收益中 確認其信用損失準備,且不減 少該金融資產在資產負債表中 列示的賬面價值。

本集團在前一會計期間已經按 照相當於金融工具整個存續期 內預期信用損失的金額計量了 損失準備,但在當期資產負債 表日,該金融工具已不再屬於 自初始確認後信用風險顯著增 加的情形的,本集團在當期資 產負債表日按照相當於未來12 個月內預期信用損失的金額計 量該金融工具的損失準備,由 此形成的損失準備的轉回金額 作為減值利得計入當期損益。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.2 Impairment of financial instruments and other items (Continued)
 - 9.2.1 Significant increases in credit risk

The Group assesses whether or not the credit risk of the relevant financial instruments has increased significantly since the initial recognition at each balance sheet date. While determining whether the credit risk has significantly increased since initial recognition, the Group takes into account the reasonable and substantiated information that is accessible without exerting unnecessary cost or effort, including qualitative and quantitative analysis based on the historical data of the Group, external credit risk rating, and forwardlooking information. Based on the single financial instrument or the combination of financial instruments with similar characteristics of credit risk, the Group compares the risk of default of financial instruments on the balance sheet date with that on the initial recognition date in order to figure out the changes of default risk in the expected lifetime of financial instruments. For financial guarantee contracts, the date that the Group becomes a party to the irrevocable commitment is considered to be the date of initial recognition in the application of criteria related to the financial instrument for impairment.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 9. 金融工具(續)
 - 9.2 金融工具及其他項目減值 (續)
 - 9.2.1 信用風險顯著增加

本集團在每個資產負債表 日評估相關金融工具的信 用風險自初始確認後是否 已顯著增加。在確定信用 風險自初始確認後是否顯 著增加時,本集團考慮在 無須付出不必要的額外成 本或努力即可獲得合理且 有依據的信息,包括基於 本集團歷史數據的定性和 定量分析、外部信用風險 評級以及前瞻性信息。本 集團以單項金融工具或者 具有相似信用風險特徵的 金融工具組合為基礎,通 過比較金融工具在資產負 債表日發生違約的風險與 在初始確認日發生違約的 風險,以確定金融工具預 計存續期內發生違約風險 的變化情況。對於財務擔 保合同,本集團在應用金 融工具減值規定時,將本 集團成為做出不可撤銷承 諾的一方之日作為初始確 認日。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.2 Impairment of financial instruments and other items (Continued)
 - 9.2.1 Significant increases in credit risk (Continued) Criteria for judging significant increases in credit risk

When triggering one or more of the following quantitative and qualitative criteria, the Group believes that the credit risk of financial instruments has increased significantly:

- Quantitative criteria are primarily that the probability of default of the remaining duration of the reporting date rises by more than a certain proportion compared with the initial recognition
- Qualitative criteria primarily include major adverse changes in the debtor's business or financial position, the debtor's internal credit rating is actually lowered or is expected to be lowered, etc.

At the balance date, the Group assumes that credit risk of the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the Group determines that the financial instrument is only exposed to lower credit risk. If the risk of default of a financial instrument is low, the borrower is highly capable of meeting its contract cash flow obligations in the short term, and the financial instrument is considered to have a lower credit risk even if there is an adverse change in the economic situation and operating environment over a longer period of time, but it may not necessarily reduce the borrower's performance of its contract cash obligations.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 9. 金融工具(續)
 - 9.2 金融工具及其他項目減值 (續)
 - 9.2.1 信用風險顯著增加(續) 信用風險顯著增加判斷標 進

當觸發以下一個或多個定 量、定性標準時,本集團 認為金融工具的信用風險 已發生顯著增加:

- 定量標準主要為報 告日剩餘存續期違 約概率較初始確認 時上升超過一定比 例
- 定性標準主要為債 務人經營或財務情 況出現重大不利變 化、對債務人實際 或預期的內部信用 評級下調等

於資產負債表日,若本集 團判斷金融工具只具有較 低的信用風險,則本集團 假定該金融工具的信用風 險自初始確認後並未顯著 增加。如果金融工具的違 約風險較低,借款人在短 期內履行其合同現金流量 義務的能力很強, 並且即 使較長時期內經濟形勢和 經營環境存在不利變化但 未必一定降低借款人履行 其合同現金義務,則該金 融工具被視為具有較低的 信用風險。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.2 Impairment of financial instruments and other items (Continued)
 - 9.2.2 Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired include observable data about the following events:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the debtor;
- (2) A breach of contract by the debtor, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- The creditor, for economic or contracted reasons relating to the debtor's financial difficulty, granting to the debtor a concession which will not otherwise be granted in any other circumstances:
- It becoming probable that the debtor will enter (4)bankruptcy or other financial reorganizations;
- The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties of the issuer or the debtor.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 9. 金融工具(續)
 - 9.2 金融工具及其他項目減值 (續)
 - 9.2.2 已發生信用減值的金融 資產

當本集團預期對金融資產 未來現金流量具有不利影 響的一項或多項事件發生 時,該金融資產成為已發 生信用減值的金融資產。 金融資產已發生信用減值 的證據包括下列可觀察信 息:

- 發行方或債務人發 生重大財務困難;
- 債務人違反合同, (2) 如償付利息或本金 違約或逾期等;
- 債權人出於與債務 (3)人財務困難有關的 經濟或合同考慮, 給予債務人在任何 其他情況下都不會 做出的讓步;
- (4) 債務人很可能破產 或進行其他財務重 組;
- (5) 發行方或債務人財 務困難導致該金融 資產的活躍市場消 失。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.2 Impairment of financial instruments and other items (Continued)
 - 9.2.3 Recognition of expected credit losses

The Group assesses the expected credit losses of financial instruments based on individual and group basis. The Group recognises the credit loss on receivables, lease receivables, contract assets, etc., of significant amount and insignificant amount but with special credit risk on an individual asset basis, and otherwise recognises credit loss of relevant financial instruments on a group basis. The Group considers the credit risk characteristics of different customers and evaluates the expected credit losses of accounts receivable on the basis of groupings by age, by quality of credit history and by overdue age. The Group considers various credit risk characteristics including instrument type, credit risk ratings, collateral type, date of initial recognition, remaining term to maturity, industry, geographical location of the debtor and the value of collateral relative to the financial asset, etc.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 9. 金融工具(續)
 - 9.2 金融工具及其他項目減值 (續)
 - 9.2.3 預期信用損失的確定

本集團基於單項和組合評 估金融工具的預期信用損 失。本集團對金額重大的 以及金額不重大但是具有 特別信用風險的應收款 項、租賃應收款、合同資 產等在單項資產的基礎上 確定其信用損失,除此以 外在組合基礎上確定相關 金融工具的信用損失。本 集團考慮了不同客戶的 信用風險特徵,以賬齡組 合、信用記錄優質組合和 逾期賬齡組合為基礎評 估應收款項的預期信用損 失。本集團考慮的不同信 用風險特徵包括:金融工 具類型、信用風險評級、 擔保物類型、初始確認日 期、剩餘合同期限、債務 人所處行業、債務人所處 地理位置、擔保品相對於 金融資產的價值等。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.2 Impairment of financial instruments and other items (Continued)
 - 9.2.3 Recognition of expected credit losses (Continued)

The Group determines expected credit losses of relevant financial instruments using the following methods:

- For financial assets, a credit loss is the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows that are due to the Group under the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive.
- For lease receivables, a credit loss is the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows that are due to the Group under the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive.
- For a financial guarantee contract, credit loss is the present value of difference between the expected payments to reimburse the holder for a credit loss that it incurs less any amounts that the Group expects to receive from the holder, the debtor or any other party.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 9. 金融工具(續)
 - 9.2 金融工具及其他項目減值 (續)
 - 9.2.3 預期信用損失的確定 (續)

本集團按照下列方法確定 相關金融工具的預期信用 損失:

- 對於金融資產,信 用損失為本集團應 收取的合同現金流 量與預期收取的現 金流量之間差額的 現值。
- 對於租賃應收款, 信用損失為本集團 應收取的合同現金 流量與預期收取的 現金流量之間差額 的現值。
- 對於財務擔保合 同,信用損失為本 集團就該合同持有 人發生的信用損失 向其做出賠付的預 計付款額,減去本 集團預期向該合同 持有人、債務人或 任何其他方收取的 金額之間差額的現 值。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.2 Impairment of financial instruments and other items (Continued)
 - 9.2.3 Recognition of expected credit losses (Continued)
 - For credit-impaired financial assets at the balance sheet date, credit loss is the difference between the gross carrying amount of financial assets and the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at original effective interest rate.

The Group's measurement of expected credit losses of financial instruments reflects factors including unbiased probability weighted average amount recognised by assessing a series of possible results, time value of money, reasonable and supportable information related to historical events, current condition and forecast of future economic position that is available without undue cost or effort at the balance sheet date.

9.2.4 Write-off of financial assets

The Group shall directly reduce the gross carrying amount of a financial asset when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. A write-off constitutes a derecognition of the relevant financial asset.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 9. 金融工具(續)
 - 9.2 金融工具及其他項目減值 (續)
 - 9.2.3 預期信用損失的確定 (續)
 - 對於資產負債表日 已發生信用減值的 金融資產,信用損 失為該金融資產賬 面餘額與按原實際 利率折現的估計未 來現金流量的現值 之間的差額。

本集團計量金融工具預期 信用損失的方法反映的因 素包括: 通過評價一系列 可能的結果而確定的無偏 概率加權平均金額;貨幣 時間價值;在資產負債表 日無須付出不必要的額外 成本或努力即可獲得的有 關過去事項、當前狀況以 及未來經濟狀況預測的合 理且有依據的信息。

9.2.4 減記金融資產

當本集團不再合理預期金 融資產合同現金流量能夠 全部或部分收回的,直接 減記該金融資產的賬面餘 額。這種減記構成相關金 融資產的終止確認。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.3 Transfer of financial assets

The Group shall derecognise a financial asset when one of the following conditions are satisfied: (1) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, (2) the financial asset has been transferred and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset is transferred to the transferee; or (3) although the financial asset has been transferred, the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset but has not retained control of the financial asset.

If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a financial asset, and it retains control of the financial asset, the Group will recognize the financial asset to the extent of its continuing involvement in the transferred financial asset and recognize an associated liability. Relevant liabilities are measured using the following methods:

If the transferred financial asset is measured at amortized cost, the carrying amount of relevant liabilities is the carrying amount of continuing involvement in the transferred financial asset less the amortized cost of the rights retained by the Group (if the Group retains rights for the transfer of the financial asset) plus the amortized cost of the obligations undertaken by the Group (if the Group undertakes relevant obligations for the transfer of the financial asset), and the relevant liabilities are not designated as financial liabilities at FVTPL.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 9. 金融工具(續)
 - 9.3 金融資產的轉移

滿足下列條件之一的金融資 產,予以終止確認:(1)收取該 金融資產現金流量的合同權利 終止;(2)該金融資產已轉移, 且將金融資產所有權上幾乎所 有的風險和報酬轉移給轉入 方;(3)該金融資產已轉移,雖 然本集團既沒有轉移也沒有保 留金融資產所有權上幾乎所有 的風險和報酬,但是未保留對 該金融資產的控制。

若本集團既沒有轉移也沒有保 留金融資產所有權上幾乎所有 風險和報酬,且保留了對該金 融資產控制的,則按照其繼續 涉入被轉移金融資產的程度繼 續確認該被轉移金融資產,並 相應確認相關負債。本集團按 照下列方式對相關負債進行計 量:

被轉移金融資產以攤餘成 本計量的,相關負債的賬 面價值等於繼續涉入被轉 移金融資產的賬面價值減 去本集團保留的權利(如 果本集團因金融資產轉移 保留了相關權利)的攤餘 成本並加上本集團承擔的 義務(如果本集團因金融 資產轉移承擔了相關義 務)的攤餘成本,相關負 債不指定為以公允價值計 量且其變動計入當期損益 的金融負債。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.3 Transfer of financial assets (Continued)
 - If the transferred financial asset is measured at fair value, the carrying amount of relevant liabilities is the carrying amount of continuing involvement in the transferred financial asset less the fair value of the rights retained by the Group (if the Group retains rights for the transfer of the financial asset) plus the fair value of the obligations undertaken by the Group (if the Group undertakes relevant obligations for the transfer of the financial asset), and the fair value of the rights and liabilities is measured on a stand-alone basis.

For a transfer of a financial asset in its entirety that satisfies the derecognition criteria, for financial assets classified as at amortized cost and financial assets at FVTOCI, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset transferred and the sum of the consideration received from the transfer and accumulated amount of the fair value changes originally taken to other comprehensive income corresponding to the derecognized part shall be taken to profit or loss for the current period. Where the financial asset to be transferred by the Group is a non-trading equity instrument investment designated as at FVTOCI, accumulated gains or losses previously taken to other comprehensive income are transferred out from other comprehensive income and taken to retained earnings.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 9. 金融工具(續)
 - 9.3 金融資產的轉移(續)
 - 被轉移金融資產以公允價 值計量的,相關負債的賬 面價值等於繼續涉入被轉 移金融資產的賬面價值減 去本集團保留的權利(如 果本集團因金融資產轉移 保留了相關權利)的公允 價值並加上本集團承擔的 義務(如果本集團因金融 資產轉移承擔了相關義 務)的公允價值,該權利 和義務的公允價值為按 獨立基礎計量時的公允價 值。

金融資產整體轉移滿足終止確 認條件的,將所轉移金融資產 在終止確認日的賬面價值及因 轉移金融資產而收到的對價與 原計入其他綜合收益的公允價 值變動累計額中對應終止確認 部分的金額之和的差額計入當 期損益。若本集團轉移的金融 資產是指定為以公允價值計量 且其變動計入其他綜合收益的 非交易性權益工具投資,之前 計入其他綜合收益的累計利得 或損失從其他綜合收益中轉 出,計入留存收益。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.3 Transfer of financial assets (Continued)

For a part of transfer of a financial asset that satisfies the derecognition criteria, the carrying amount of the transferred financial asset is allocated between the part that is derecognized and the part that is continuously involved, based on the respective fair values of those parts on transfer date. The difference between the sum of the consideration received for the part of the derecognition and the accumulated amount of the fair value changes originally taken to other comprehensive income corresponding to the derecognized part and the carrying amount on the date of derecognition for the derecognized part shall be taken to profit and loss for the current period. Where the financial asset to be transferred by the Group is a non-trading equity instrument investment designated as at FVTOCI, accumulated gains or losses previously taken to other comprehensive income are transferred out from other comprehensive income and taken to retained earnings.

For a transfer of a financial asset in its entirety that does not satisfy the derecognition criteria, the Group will continuously recognize the transferred financial asset in its entirety. Considerations received should be recognized as a financial liability.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

9. 金融工具(續)

9.3 金融資產的轉移(續)

金融資產部分轉移滿足終止確 認條件的,將轉移前金融資產 整體的賬面價值在終止確認部 分和繼續確認部分之間按照轉 移日各自的相對公允價值進行 分攤,並將終止確認部分收到 的對價和原計入其他綜合收益 的公允價值變動累計額中對應 終止確認部分的金額之和與終 止確認部分在終止確認日的賬 面價值之差額計入當期損益。 若本集團轉移的金融資產是指 定為以公允價值計量且其變動 計入其他綜合收益的非交易性 權益工具投資,之前計入其他 綜合收益的累計利得或損失從 其他綜合收益中轉出,計入留 存收益。

金融資產整體轉移未滿足終止 確認條件的,本集團繼續確認 所轉移的金融資產整體,並將 收到的對價確認為金融負債。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.4 Classification of financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial instruments or their constituent parts issued by the Group are classified into financial liabilities or equity instruments on initial recognition on the basis of the substance of the contractual arrangements and the economic nature but not only its legal form, together with the definition of financial liability and equity instruments.

9.4.1 Classification and measurement of financial liabilities On initial recognition, financial liabilities are classified into financial liabilities at FVTPL and other financial liabilities

9 4 1 1 Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities at FVTPL consist of financial liabilities held for trading (including derivative instruments of financial liabilities) and those designated as at FVTPL. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are presented as held-for-trading financial liabilities or other non-current liabilities according to their liquidity.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 9. 金融工具(續)
 - 9.4 金融負債和權益工具的分 鞱

本集團根據所發行金融工具的 合同條款及其所反映的經濟實 質而非僅以法律形式,結合金 融負債和權益工具的定義,在 初始確認時將該金融工具或其 組成部分分類為金融負債或權 益工具。

9.4.1 金融負債的分類及計量 金融負債在初始確認時劃 分為以公允價值計量且其 變動計入當期損益的金融 負債和其他金融負債。

> 9.4.1.1 以公允價值計量且 其變動計入當期損 益的金融負債 以公允價值計量且 其變動計入當期損 益的金融負債,包 括交易性金融負債 (含屬於金融負債的 衍生工具)和指定為 以公允價值計量且 其變動計入當期損 益的金融負債。以 公允價值計量且其 變動計入當期損益 的金融負債根據其 流動性列示為交易 性金融負債或其他 非流動負債。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.4 Classification of financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)
 - 9.4.1 Classification and measurement of financial liabilities (Continued)

9.4.1.1 Financial liabilities at FVTPL (Continued)

If one of the following conditions is met for a financial liability, it suggests that the Group recognises financial liability held-for-trading:

- The purpose of undertaking the relevant financial liability is mainly for the purpose of repurchasing in the near future.
- The relevant financial liability is, upon initial recognition, a combination of identifiable financial instruments that are centrally managed and there is objective evidence that the Company has recently adopted short-term profit-making methods.
- The relevant financial liability is a derivative instrument, except for derivatives that qualify for financial guarantee contracts and derivatives that are designated as effective hedging instruments.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 9. 金融工具(續)
 - 9.4 金融負債和權益工具的分 類(續)
 - 9.4.1 金融負債的分類及計量 (續)
 - 9.4.1.1 以公允價值計量且 其變動計入當期損 益的金融負債(續) 金融負債滿足下列 條件之一,表明本 集團承擔該金融負 债的目的是交易性 的:
 - 承擔相關金融 負債的目的, 主要是為了近 期回購。
 - 相關金融負債 在初始確認時 屬於集中管理 的可辨認金融 工具組合的一 部分,且有客 觀證據表明近 期實際存在短 期獲利模式。
 - 相關金融負債 屬於衍生工 具。但符合財 務擔保合同定 義的衍生工具 以及被指定為 有效套期工具 的衍生工具除 外。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.4 Classification of financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)
 - 9.4.1 Classification and measurement of financial liabilities (Continued)
 - 9.4.1.1 Financial liabilities at FVTPL (Continued)

The Group designates a financial liability as FVTPL on initial recognition when the financial liability satisfies one of the following criteria: (1) such designation eliminates or significantly reduces accounting mismatch; (2) The financial liability forms part of a group of financial liabilities or a group of financial assets and financial liabilities, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the documented risk management or investment strategy of the Group, and information about the grouping is reported to key management personnel on that basis; (3) The qualified hybrid financial instrument combines financial liability with embedded derivatives.

Held-for-trading financial liabilities are subsequently measured at fair value, and any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value and any dividend or interest income earned on the financial liabilities are recognised in profit or loss.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 9. 金融工具(續)
 - 9.4 金融負債和權益工具的分 類(續)
 - 9.4.1 金融負債的分類及計量 (續)
 - 9.4.1.1 以公允價值計量且 其變動計入當期損 益的金融負債(續) 本集團將符合下列 條件之一的金融負 債,在初始確認時 可以指定為以公允 價值計量且其變動 計入當期損益的金 融負債:(1)該指定 能夠消除或顯著減 少會計錯配;(2)根 據本集團正式書面 文件載明的風險管 理或投資策略,以 公允價值為基礎對 金融負債組合或金 融資產和金融負債 組合進行管理和業 績評價,並在本集 團內部以此為基礎 向關鍵管理人員報 告;(3)符合條件的 包含嵌入衍生工具 的混合合同。

交易性金融負債採 用公允價值進行後 續計量,公允價值 變動形成的利得或 損失以及與該等金 融負債相關的股利 或利息支出計入當 期損益。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.4 Classification of financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)
 - 9.4.1 Classification and measurement of financial liabilities (Continued)
 - 9.4.1.1 Financial liabilities at FVTPL (Continued)

For the financial liabilities designated as FVTPL, changes in fair value arising from changes in the Group's own credit risk are included in other comprehensive incomes and other changes in fair value recognised in profit and loss. Upon derecognition of the financial liabilities, cumulative changes in fair value arising from changes in the own credit risk previously recognised in other comprehensive income are transferred and included in retained earnings. Dividends or interest incomes earned on the financial liabilities are recognised in profit or loss. If the impact of the change in credit risk of such financial liability dealt with in the above way would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss, the Group shall present all gains or losses on that liability (including the effects of changes in the credit risk of that liability) in profit or loss.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 9. 金融工具(續)
 - 9.4 金融負債和權益工具的分 類(續)
 - 9.4.1 金融負債的分類及計量 (續)
 - 9.4.1.1 以公允價值計量且 其變動計入當期損 益的金融負債(續) 對於被指定為以公 允價值計量且其變 動計入當期損益的 金融負債,該金融 負債由本集團自身 信用風險變動引起 的公允價值變動計 入其他綜合收益, 其他公允價值變動 計入當期損益。該 金融負債終止確認 時,之前計入其他 綜合收益的自身信 用風險變動引起的 其公允價值累計變 動額轉入留存收 益。與該等金融負 債相關的股利或利 息支出計入當期損 益。若按上述方式 對該等金融負債的 自身信用風險變動 的影響進行處理會 造成或擴大損益中 的會計錯配的,本 集團將該金融負債 的全部利得或損失 (包括自身信用風險 變動的影響金額)計 入當期損益。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.4 Classification of financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)
 - 9.4.1 Classification and measurement of financial liabilities (Continued)
 - 9.4.1.2 Other financial liabilities

The Group shall classify all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost, except for financial liabilities, financial guarantee contracts that arise when a transfer of a financial asset does not qualify for derecognition or when the continuing involvement approach applies, and gains or losses arising from derecognition or amortisation are recognised in profit or loss for the period.

When the contractual cash flows are changed due to the renegotiation or modification of the contract made between the Group and the counterparty and the renegotiation or modification does not result in the derecognition of the financial liability that is subsequently measured at amortised cost, the Group shall recalculate the carrying amount of the financial liability and shall recognised related gains or losses in profit or loss. The carrying amount of the financial liability shall be recalculated as the present value of the renegotiated or modified contractual cash flows that are discounted at the financial liability's original effective interest rate. Any costs or fees incurred adjust the carrying amount of the modified financial liability and are amortised over the remaining term of the modified financial liability.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 9. 金融工具(續)
 - 9.4 金融負債和權益工具的分 類(續)
 - 9.4.1 金融負債的分類及計量 (續)
 - 9.4.1.2 其他金融負債

除金融資產轉移不 符合終止確認條件 或繼續涉入被轉移 金融資產所形成的 金融負債、財務擔 保合同外的其他金 融負債分類為以攤 餘成本計量的金融 負債,按攤餘成本 進行後續計量,終 止確認或攤銷產生 的利得或損失計入 當期損益。

本集團與交易對手 方修改或重新議定 合同,未導致按攤 餘成本進行後續計 量的金融負債終止 確認,但導致合同 現金流量發生變化 的,本集團重新計 算該金融負債的賬 面價值,並將相關 利得或損失計入當 期損益。重新計算 的該金融負債的賬 面價值,本集團根 據將重新議定或修 改的合同現金流量 按金融負債的原實 際利率折現的現值 確定。對於修改或 重新議定合同所產 生的所有成本或費 用,本集團調整修 改後的金融負債的 賬面價值,並在修 改後金融負債的剩 餘期限內進行攤銷。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.4 Classification of financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)
 - 9.4.1 Classification and measurement of financial liabilities (Continued)
 - 9.4.1.2 Other financial liabilities (Continued)
 - 9.4.1.2.1 Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder of the contract for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial guarantee contracts that are not designated as financial liabilities at FVTPL, or arise when a transfer of a financial asset does not qualify for derecognition or when the continuing involvement approach, are measured at the higher of amount of loss provision and the amount initially recognised less cumulative amortisation amount determined based on the relevant requirements under the Standard on Revenue upon initial recognition.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 金融工具(續) 9.
 - 9.4 金融負債和權益工具的分 類(續)
 - 9.4.1 金融負債的分類及計量 (續)

9.4.1.2 其他金融負債(續)

9.4.1.2.1 財務擔保合同 財務擔保合同 是指當特定債 務人到期不能 按照最初或修 改後的債務工 具條款償付債 務時,要求發 行方向蒙受損 失的合同持有 人賠付特定金 額的合同。對 於不屬於指定 為以公允價值 計量且其變動 計入當期損益 的金融負債或 者因金融資產 轉移不符合終 止確認條件或 繼續涉入被轉 移金融資產所 形成的金融負 債的財務擔保 合同,在初始 確認後按照損 失準備金額以 及初始確認金 額扣除依據收 入準則相關規 定所確定的累 計攤銷額後的 餘額孰高進行 計量。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.4 Classification of financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)
 - 9.4.2 Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises a financial liability (or part of it) when the underlying present obligation (or part of it) is discharged. An agreement between the Group (the debtor) and the creditor to replace the original financial liability with a new financial liability with substantially different terms is accounted for as a derecognition of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability.

When the Group derecognises a financial liability or a part of it, it recognises the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability (or part of the financial liability) derecognised and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or new financial liabilities assumed) in profit or loss.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 9. 金融工具(續)
 - 9.4 金融負債和權益工具的分 類(續)
 - 9.4.2 金融負債的終止確認

金融負債的現時義務全部 或部分已經解除的,終止 確認該金融負債或其一部 分。本集團(借入方)與借 出方之間簽訂協議,以承 擔新金融負債方式替換原 金融負債,且新金融負債 與原金融負債的合同條款 實質上不同的, 本集團終 止確認原金融負債,並同 時確認新金融負債。

金融負債全部或部分終止 確認的,將終止確認部分 的賬面價值與支付的對價 (包括轉出的非現金資產 或承擔的新金融負債)之 間的差額,計入當期損 益。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

- Financial instruments (Continued)
 - 9.4 Classification of financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

9.4.3 Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued (including refinanced), repurchased, sold or cancelled by the Group are recognised as changes of equity. Changes of fair value of equity instruments is not recognised by the Group. Transaction costs related to equity transactions are deducted from equity.

The Group recognises the distribution to holders of the equity instruments as distribution of profits. Dividends paid do not affect total amount of shareholders' equity.

The Group is entitled to extend the term of the perpetual bonds issued by the subsidiaries of the Company for an indefinite number of times. The Group is also entitled to defer payment of coupon interest on its perpetual bonds. The Group is not contractually obliged to pay cash or other financial assets. The perpetual bonds are classified as equity instruments and presented as minority interests in the consolidated financial statements.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 9. 金融工具(續)
 - 9.4 金融負債和權益工具的分 類(續)

9.4.3 權益工具

權益工具是指能證明擁有 本集團在扣除所有負債後 的資產中的剩餘權益的合 同。本集團發行(含再融 資)、回購、出售或註銷 權益工具作為權益的變動 處理。本集團不確認權益 工具的公允價值變動。與 權益性交易相關的交易費 用從權益中扣減。

本集團對權益工具持有方 的分配作為利潤分配處 理,發放的股票股利不影 響股東權益總額。

對於本公司子公司發行的 永續債,本集團有權不限 次數展期,對於永續債票 面利息,本集團有權遞延 支付,本集團並無合同義 務支付現金或其他金融資 產,該永續債分類為權益 工具,並在合併報表中列 報為少數股東權益。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

Financial instruments (Continued)

9.5 Derivatives and embedded derivatives

Derivatives include forward foreign exchange contracts, cross currency swap and interest rate swap instruments, etc. Derivatives are initially measured at fair value at the date when the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value.

For hybrid contract constituted by embedded derivatives and host contract, if the host contract is a financial asset, the embedded derivative is not separated from the hybrid contract, and the hybrid contract shall be taken as a whole to which the accounting standards on the classification of financial assets apply.

9.6 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

Where the Group has a legal right that is currently enforceable to set off the recognised financial assets and financial liabilities, and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the financial asset and settle the financial liability simultaneously, a financial asset and a financial liability shall be offset and the net amount is presented in the balance sheet. Except for the above circumstances, financial assets and financial liabilities shall be presented separately in the balance sheet and shall not be offset.

10. Receivable financing

For notes and accounts payables classified at FVTOCI with a maturity of less than one year (inclusive) are included in receivable financing. Please refer to Note III.9 for the related accounting policies.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

9. 金融工具(續)

9.5 衍生工具與嵌入衍生工具 衍生工具,包括遠期外匯合約 和交叉貨幣互換及利率互換工 具等。衍生工具於相關合同簽 署日以公允價值進行初始計 量,並以公允價值進行後續計 量。

> 對於嵌入衍生工具與主合同構 成的混合合同,若主合同屬於 金融資產的,本集團不從該混 合合同中分拆嵌入衍生工具, 而將該混合合同作為一個整體 適用關於金融資產分類的會計 準則規定。

9.6 金融資產和金融負債的 抵銷

當本集團具有抵銷已確認金融 資產和金融負債金額的法定權 利,且該種法定權利是當前可 執行的,同時本集團計劃以淨 額結算或同時變現該金融資產 和清償該金融負債時,金融資 產和金融負債以相互抵銷後的 金額在資產負債表內列示。除 此以外,金融資產和金融負債 在資產負債表內分別列示,不 予相互抵銷。

10. 應收款項融資

分類為以公允價值計量且其變動計 入其他綜合收益的應收票據和應收 賬款,自取得起期限在一年內(含一 年),列示為應收款項融資。其相關 會計政策參見附註三、9。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

11. Inventories

11.1 Classification of inventories

The Group's inventories mainly include raw materials, finished goods, materials under entrusted processing, selfmade semi-finished goods and work-in-progress and secondhand forklift trucks etc. Inventories are initially carried at cost. Cost of inventories comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs.

11.2 Calculation of cost of inventories transferred out

The actual cost of inventories transferred out is assigned by using weighted average method, first-in-first-out method or specific identification method.

11.3 Basis for determining net realisable value of inventories

At the balance sheet date, inventories are measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value; provisions for inventory write-down are made on the excess of its cost over the net realizable value.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale and relevant taxes. Recognition of the net realizable value is based on the verified evidences and considers the purpose of holding inventories and the effect of post balance sheet events.

Provision for decline in value of other inventories is made based on the excess of cost of inventory over its net realisable value on an item-by-item basis.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

11. 存貨

11.1存貨的分類

本集團的存貨主要包括原材 料、產成品、委託加工材料、 自製半成品及在產品和二手車 等。存貨按照成本進行初始計 量。存貨成本包括採購成本、 加工成本和其他成本。

11.2 發出存貨的計價方法

發出存貨,採用加權平均法、 先進先出法或個別計價法確定 其實際成本。

11.3存貨可變現淨值的確定 依據

資產負債表日,存貨按照成本 與可變現淨值孰低計量。當其 可變現淨值低於成本時,提取 存貨跌價準備。

可變現淨值,是指在日常活動 中,存貨的估計售價減去至完 工時估計將要發生的成本、估 計的銷售費用以及相關税費後 的金額。在確定存貨的可變現 淨值時,以取得的確鑿證據為 基礎,同時考慮持有存貨的目 的以及資產負債表日後事項的 影響。

存貨按單個存貨項目的成本高 於其可變現淨值的差額提取存 貨跌價準備。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

11. Inventories (Continued)

11.3 Basis for determining net realisable value of inventories (Continued)

Following a provision for impairment of inventories is made, if factors that previously resulted in the provision for decline in value of inventories no longer exist, so that the net realizable value is higher than the carrying amount, the amount of the write-down is reversed. The amount of the reversal is recognized in profit or loss for the current period.

11.4 Inventory system

The Groups adopts perpetual inventory system.

11.5 Amortisation method of low-value consumables Low-value consumables are amortised in full when received for use

12. Assets held-for-sale

A non-current asset or disposal group shall be classified as held for sale if its carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction (inclusive of non-monetary asset swap with commercial substance) rather than continuous use.

A non-current asset or disposal group classified as held for sale must also satisfy the following conditions: (1) according to the practice of disposing of this type of assets or disposal groups in a similar transaction, a non-current asset or disposal group is available for immediate sale in its present condition; (2) the sale will likely occur as the Group has made a resolution in respect of a disposal plan and obtained a firm purchase commitment from a buyer, and the sale is expected to be completed within one year.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

11. 存貨(續)

11.3存貨可變現淨值的確定依 據(續)

> 計提存貨跌價準備後,如果以 前減記存貨價值的影響因素已 經消失,導致存貨的可變現淨 值高於其賬面價值的,在原已 計提的存貨跌價準備金額內予 以轉回,轉回的金額計入當期 損益。

11.4存貨的盤存制度

存貨的盤存制度採用永續盤存 制。

11.5低值易耗品的攤銷方法 低值易耗品採用一次轉銷法進 行攤銷。

12. 持有待售資產

當本集團主要通過出售(包括具有商 業實質的非貨幣性資產交換)而非持 續使用一項非流動資產或處置組收回 其賬面價值時,將其劃分為持有待售 類別。

分類為持有待售類別的非流動資產 或處置組需同時滿足以下條件:(1) 根據類似交易中出售此類資產或處置 組的慣例,在當前狀況下即可立即出 售;(2)出售極可能發生,即本集團 已經就一項出售計劃作出決議且獲得 確定的購買承諾,預計出售將在一年 內完成。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

12. Assets held-for-sale (Continued)

The Group measures the non-current assets or disposal groups classified as held for sale at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Where the carrying amount is higher than the net amount of fair value less costs to sell, carrying amount should be reduced to the net amount of fair value less costs to sell. and such reduction is recognised in impairment loss of assets and included in profit or loss for the period. Meanwhile, provision for impairment of held-for-sale assets are made. When there is increase in the net amount of fair value of non-current assets held for sale less costs to sell at the balance sheet date, the original deduction should be reversed in impairment loss of assets recognised after the classification of held-for-sale category, and the reversed amount is include in profit or loss for the period, except for the impairment loss of assets recognised before classified as held for sale.

Non-current assets or disposal groups classified as held-for-sale are not depreciated or amortized. Interest and other costs of liabilities in disposal groups classified as held for sale continue to be recognised.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

12. 持有待售資產(續)

本集團以賬面價值與公允價值減去出 售費用後的淨額孰低計量持有待售的 非流動資產或處置組。賬面價值高於 公允價值減去出售費用後的淨額的, 減記賬面價值至公允價值減去出售費 用後的淨額,減記的金額確認為資產 減值損失,計入當期損益,同時計提 持有待售資產減值準備。後續資產負 債表日持有待售的非流動資產公允價 值減去出售費用後的淨額增加的,恢 復以前減記的金額,並在劃分為持有 待售類別後確認的資產減值損失金額 內轉回,轉回金額計入當期損益。劃 分為持有待售類別前確認的資產減值 損失不予轉回。

持有待售的非流動資產或處置組中的 非流動資產不計提折舊或攤銷,持有 待售的處置組中負債的利息和其他費 用繼續予以確認。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

- 13. Long-term equity investments
 - 13.1 Basis for determining joint control and significant influence

Control exists when the investor has power over the investee; is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and has the ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control over an economic activity, and exists only when decisions relating to the activity require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies. When determining whether an investor is able to exercise control or significant influence over an investee, the effect of potential voting rights of the investee (for example, warrants and convertible debts) held by the investors or other parties that are currently exercisable or convertible shall be considered.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 13. 長期股權投資
 - 13.1共同控制、重大影響的判 斷標準

控制是指投資方擁有對被投資 方的權力,通過參與被投資方 的相關活動而享有可變回報, 並且有能力運用對被投資方的 權力影響其回報金額。共同控 制是指按照相關約定對某項安 排所共有的控制,並且該安排 的相關活動必須經過分享控制 權的參與方一致同意後才能決 策。重大影響是指對被投資方 的財務和經營政策有參與決策 的權力,但並不能夠控制或者 與其他方一起共同控制這些政 策的制定。在確定能否對被投 資單位實施控制或施加重大影 響時,已考慮投資方和其他方 持有的被投資單位當期可轉換 公司債券、當期可執行認股權 證等潛在表決權因素。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

13. Long-term equity investments (Continued)

13.2 Determination of initial investment cost

For a long-term equity investment acquired through a business combination involving enterprises under common control, the initial investment cost of the long-term equity investment is the attributable share of the carrying amount of the shareholders' equity of the acquiree on the date of combination in the consolidated financial statements of the ultimate controlling party. The difference between the initial investment cost and the carrying amount of cash paid, non-cash assets transferred and liabilities assumed adjusted to capital reserve. If the balance of capital reserve is not sufficient, any excess is adjusted to retained earnings. For issuing equity securities as consideration, the initial investment cost of the long-term equity investment is the attributable share of the carrying amount of the shareholders' equity of the combining party on the date of combination in the consolidated financial statements of the ultimate controlling party. The aggregate face values of the shares are accounted for share capital. The difference between the initial investment cost and the aggregate face values of the shares issued is adjusted to capital reserve. If the capital reserve is insufficient to be written down, the retained earnings shall be adjusted.

As for the long-term equity investment acquired through business combinations involving enterprises not under common control, the initial investment cost of the long-term equity investment shall be taken as the merger cost on the acquisition date.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

13. 長期股權投資(續)

13.2 初始投資成本的確定

對於同一控制下的企業合併取 得的長期股權投資,在合併日 按照被合併方所有者權益在最 終控制方合併財務報表中的賬 面價值的份額作為長期股權投 資的初始投資成本。長期股權 投資初始投資成本與支付的現 令、轉讓的非現金資產以及所 承擔債務賬面價值之間的差 額,調整資本公積;資本公積 不足沖減的,調整留存收益。 以發行權益性證券作為合併對 價的,在合併日按照被合併方 所有者權益在最終控制方合併 財務報表中的賬面價值的份額 作為長期股權投資的初始投資 成本,按照發行股份的面值總 額作為股本,長期股權投資初 始投資成本與所發行股份面值 總額之間的差額,調整資本公 積;資本公積不足沖減的,調 整留存收益。

對於非同一控制下的企業合併 取得的長期股權投資,在購買 日按照合併成本作為長期股權 投資的初始投資成本。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

- 13. Long-term equity investments (Continued)
 - 13.2 Determination of initial investment cost (Continued)

The intermediary fees such as auditing, legal services, appraisal and consultation and other related administrative expenses incurred by the combining party or the acquirer for business combination shall be taken to profit or loss of the current period when incurred.

The initial measurement of the long-term equity investment obtained by means other than the long-term equity investment formed by business combination shall be accounted for at cost. Where additional investment results in significant influence or joint control (but not control) over the investee, the cost of long-term equity investment is the sum of the fair value of the original equity investment plus the additional investment cost determined in accordance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No. 22 -Recognition and Measurement of Financial Instruments.

- 13.3 Recognition method for subsequent measurement and profit or loss
 - 13.3.1 Long-term equity investment calculated by cost method

The Company's financial statements adopt the cost method to calculate long-term equity investment in subsidiaries. Subsidiaries refer to investees which can be controlled by the Group.

The long-term equity investment calculated by cost method is measured at the initial investment cost. Adding or recovering investment adjusts the cost of long-term equity investment. The current investment income is recognised according to the cash dividend or profit declared to be distributed by the investee.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 13. 長期股權投資(續)
 - 13.2 初始投資成本的確定(續)

合併方或購買方為企業合併發 生的審計、法律服務、評估諮 詢等中介費用以及其他相關管 理費用,於發生時計入當期損 益。

除企業合併形成的長期股權投 資外其他方式取得的長期股權 投資,按成本進行初始計量。 對於因追加投資能夠對被投資 單位實施重大影響或實施共同 控制但不構成控制的,長期股 權投資成本為按照《企業會計準 則第22號一金融工具確認和計 量》確定的原持有股權投資的公 允價值加上新增投資成本之和。

13.3後續計量及損益確認方法

13.3.1 按成本法核算的長期股 權投資

公司財務報表採用成本法 核算對子公司的長期股權 投資。子公司是指本集團 能夠對其實施控制的被投 資主體。

採用成本法核算的長期股 權投資按初始投資成本計 量。追加或收回投資調整 長期股權投資的成本。當 期投資收益按照享有被投 資單位宣告發放的現金股 利或利潤確認。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

13. Long-term equity investments (Continued)

13.3 Recognition method for subsequent measurement and profit or loss (Continued)

13.3.2 Long-term equity investment calculated by equity method

The Group's investment in associates and joint ventures is calculated by equity method. Associates refer to invested entities to which the Group can exert a significant influence, and joint ventures are joint arrangements in which the Group has only the right to the net assets of the arrangements.

When equity method is adopted, if the initial investment cost of long-term equity investment is greater than the fair value share of identifiable net assets of the invested entity, the initial investment cost of long-term equity investment shall not be adjusted; If the initial investment cost is less than the fair value share of the identifiable net assets of the invested entity, the difference shall be recorded into the current profits and losses, and the long-term equity investment cost shall be adjusted at the same time.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

13. 長期股權投資(續)

13.3後續計量及損益確認方法 (續)

13.3.2 按權益法核算的長期股 權投資

本集團對聯營企業和合營 企業的投資採用權益法核 算。聯營企業是指本集團 能夠對其施加重大影響的 被投資單位,合營企業是 指本集團僅對該安排的淨 資產享有權利的合營安 排。

採用權益法核算時,長期 股權投資的初始投資成本 大於投資時應享有被投資 單位可辨認淨資產公允價 值份額的,不調整長期股 權投資的初始投資成本: 初始投資成本小於投資時 應享有被投資單位可辨認 淨資產公允價值份額的, 其差額計入當期損益,同 時調整長期股權投資的成 本。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

- 13. Long-term equity investments (Continued)
 - 13.3 Recognition method for subsequent measurement and profit or loss (Continued)
 - 13.3.2 Long-term equity investment calculated by equity method (Continued)

When equity method is adopted, the investment income and other comprehensive income shall be recognised respectively according to the share of net profit and loss and other comprehensive income realised by the invested entity, and the carrying amount of long-term equity investment shall be adjusted at the same time; the carrying amount of long-term equity investment shall be reduced accordingly by calculating the portion to be enjoyed according to the profit or cash dividend declared by the invested entity; the carrying amount of long-term equity investment shall be adjusted and included in the capital reserve for other changes in the owner's rights and interests of the invested entity except net profit or loss, other comprehensive income and profit distribution. When recognising the share of the net profit or loss of the invested entity, the net profit of the invested entity shall be adjusted and recognised on the basis of the fair value of the identifiable assets of the invested entity at the acquisition date. If the accounting policies and periods adopted by the invested entity are inconsistent with those of the Company, the financial statements of the invested entity shall be adjusted in accordance with the accounting policies and period of the Company. The investment income and other comprehensive income shall be recognised accordingly. For transactions between the Group and associates or joint ventures, the assets invested or sold do not constitute business, and the gains and losses of internal transactions are offset by the shareholding attributable to the Group. On this basis, the investment gains and losses are recognised. However, the unrealised internal transaction losses between the Group and the invested entity shall not be offset if they belong to the impairment losses of the transferred assets.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

- 13. 長期股權投資(續)
 - 13.3後續計量及損益確認方法 (續)
 - 13.3.2 按權益法核算的長期股 權投資(續)

採用權益法核算時,按照 應享有或應分擔的被投資 單位實現的淨損益和其他 綜合收益的份額,分別確 認投資收益和其他綜合收 益,同時調整長期股權投 資的賬面價值;按照被投 資單位宣告分派的利潤或 現金股利計算應享有的部 分,相應減少長期股權投 資的賬面價值; 對於被投 資單位除淨損益、其他綜 合收益和利潤分配以外所 有者權益的其他變動,調 整長期股權投資的賬面價 值並計入資本公積。在確 認應享有被投資單位淨損 益的份額時,以取得投資 時被投資單位各項可辨認 資產等的公允價值為基 礎,對被投資單位的淨利 潤進行調整後確認。被投 資單位採用的會計政策及 會計期間與本公司不一致 的,按照本公司的會計政 策及會計期間對被投資單 位的財務報表進行調整, 並據以確認投資收益和其 他綜合收益。對於本集團 與聯營企業及合營企業之 間發生的交易,投出或出 售的資產不構成業務的, 未實現內部交易損益按照 享有的比例計算歸屬於本 集團的部分予以抵銷,在 此基礎上確認投資損益。 但本集團與被投資單位發 生的未實現內部交易損 失,屬於所轉讓資產減值 損失的,不予以抵銷。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

13. Long-term equity investments (Continued)

13.3 Recognition method for subsequent measurement and profit or loss (Continued)

13.3.2 Long-term equity investment calculated by equity method (Continued)

The Group discontinues recognising its share of net losses of the investee after the carrying amount of the long-term equity investment together with any long-term interests that in substance form part of its net investment in the invested entity is reduced to zero. If the Group has incurred obligations to assume additional losses of the investee, estimated liability is recognised according to the expected obligation, and recorded as investment loss for the period. Where net profits are subsequently made by the invested entity, the Group resumes recognising its share of those profits only after its share of the profits exceeds the share of losses previously not recognised.

13.4 Disposal of long-term equity investment

At the time of the disposal of long-term equity investment, the difference between its carrying amount and the actual consideration obtained shall be taken to profit or loss for the current period. For long-term equity investment calculated by equity method, the same basis as that adopted in the direct disposal of assets or liabilities by the invested entity shall be adopted and the part that would otherwise be taken to other comprehensive income is accounted for proportionally.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

13. 長期股權投資(續)

13.3後續計量及損益確認方法 (續)

13.3.2 按權益法核算的長期股 權投資(續)

在確認應分擔被投資單位 發生的淨虧損時,以長期 股權投資的賬面價值和其 他實質上構成對被投資單 位淨投資的長期權益減記 至零為限。此外,如本集 團對被投資單位負有承擔 額外損失的義務,則按預 計承擔的義務確認預計負 債,計入當期投資損失。 被投資單位以後期間實現 淨利潤的,本集團在收益 分享額彌補未確認的虧損 分擔額後,恢復確認收益 分享額。

13.4長期股權投資處置

處置長期股權投資時,其賬面 價值與實際取得價款的差額, 計入當期損益。採用權益法核 算的長期股權投資,在處置時 採用與被投資單位直接處置相 關資產或負債相同的基礎,按 相應的比例對原計入其他綜合 收益的部分進行會計處理。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

14. Investment property

Investment property is property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Investment property includes a land use right that is leased out and a building that is leased out.

An investment property is measured initially at its cost. If the economic benefits relating to an investment property will probably flow in and the cost can be reliably measured, subsequent costs incurred for the property is included in the cost of the investment property. Subsequent costs other than that are recognized in profit or loss for the period in which they are incurred.

The Group uses the cost model for subsequent measurement of its investment property. Depreciation or amortization is calculated on the straight-line basis over its useful life, as follows:

Estimated Estimated net Annual useful lives residual depreciation value rate (%) rate (%) (years) 預計使用 預計淨殘 項目 壽命(年) Item 值率(%) 年折舊率(%) Land use rights 土地使用權 48.5-50 0 2.00-2.06 Houses and buildings 房屋建築物 14.5-30 0-5 3.17-6.90

15. Fixed assets

Fixed assets represent the tangible assets held for production or supply of goods or services, rental or for administrative purposes with useful lives over one accounting year. A fixed asset is recognized only when the economic benefits associated with the asset will probably flow to the Group and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Fixed assets are initially measured at cost.

If the economic benefits relating to a fixed asset will probably flow in and the cost can be reliably measured, subsequent expenditure incurred for a fixed asset shall be included in the cost of the fixed asset, and the carrying amount of the component of the fixed asset that is replaced shall be derecognized. Subsequent expenditure other than that shall be recognized in profit or loss for the period in which they are incurred.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

14. 投資性房地產

投資性房地產,是指為賺取租金或資 本增值,或兩者兼有而持有的房地 產,包括已出租的土地使用權、已出 租的建築物。

投資性房地產按照成本進行初始計 量。與投資性房地產有關的後續支 出,如果與該資產有關的經濟利益很 可能流入且其成本能夠可靠地計量, 則計入投資性房地產成本。除此以外 的其他後續支出,在發生時計入當期 損益。

本集團採用成本模式對投資性房地產 進行後續計量,在其使用壽命內採用 直綫法計提折舊或攤銷。列示如下:

15. 固定資產

固定資產是指為生產商品、提供勞 務、出租或經營管理而持有的,使用 壽命超過一個會計年度的有形資產。 固定資產僅在與其有關的經濟利益很 可能流入本集團,且其成本能夠可靠 地計量時才予以確認。固定資產按照 成本進行初始計量。

與固定資產有關的後續支出,如果與 該固定資產有關的經濟利益很可能流 入且其成本能可靠地計量,則計入固 定資產成本,並終止確認被替換部分 的賬面價值。除此以外的其他後續支 出,在發生時計入當期損益。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

15. Fixed assets (Continued)

Other than fixed assets arising from the use and appropriation of safety funds, special reserve offset against the cost of fixed assets, and equivalent amounts of accumulated depreciation recognized; the straight line method or double-declining balance method is adopted for the depreciation of fixed assets of the Group.

The expected useful lives, net residual value rates and annual depreciation rates of fixed assets are presented as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

15. 固定資產(續)

除使用提取的安全生產費形成的固定 資產,按照形成固定資產的成本沖減 專項儲備,並確認相同金額的累計折 舊之外,本集團固定資產的折舊採用 直綫法或雙倍餘額遞減法計提。

各類固定資產的預計使用壽命、淨殘 值率及年折舊率列示如下:

	Estimated	Estimated net	Annual
	useful lives	residual	depreciation
	(years)	value rate (%)	rate (%)
	預計使用	預計淨殘	年折舊率
項目	壽命(年)	值率(%)	(%)
土地所有權	Indefinite		
	無期限	0	0
房屋建築物	10–50	0–5	1.90-10.00
機器設備	3–15	0–5	6.33–33.33
電子設備	2–15	0–5	6.33-50.00
運輸設備	4–10	0–5	9.50-25.00
租出的叉車及設備			
(長期)(註)	2–15	0	6.67-50.00
租出的叉車及設備			
(短期)(註)	2–15	0	6.67-50.00
其他	2–15	0–5	6.33–50.00
	土地所有權 房屋建築物 機器設備 電子設備 運輸設備 租出的叉車及設備 (長期)(註) 租出的叉車及設備 (短期)(註)	山seful lives (years) 預計使用 壽命(年) 土地所有權 Indefinite 無期限 房屋建築物 10-50 機器設備 3-15 電子設備 2-15 運輸設備 4-10 租出的叉車及設備 (長期)(註) 2-15 租出的叉車及設備 (短期)(註) 2-15	山seful lives (years) residual value rate (%) 預計使用 預計淨殘 壽命(年) 值率(%) 土地所有權 Indefinite 無期限 0 房屋建築物 10-50 0-5 機器設備 3-15 0-5 電子設備 2-15 0-5 運輸設備 4-10 0-5 租出的叉車及設備 (長期)(註) 2-15 0 租出的叉車及設備 (短期)(註) 2-15 0

Note: For self-owned fixed assets leased out by the Group as lessor under operating lease, those leased for a period of not more than 12 months are presented under forklift trucks and equipment leased out (short-term) and those leased for a period of more than 1 year are presented under forklift trucks and equipment leased out (long-term).

The Group reviews the useful life and estimated net residual value of a fixed asset and the depreciation method applied at least at each year-end, and makes adjustments if necessary.

註: 本集團作為出租人經營租出的自有固 定資產,租賃期限不超過12個月的列 報在租出的叉車及設備(短期)項下, 租賃期限大於1年的列報在租出的叉 車及設備(長期)項下。

本集團至少於每年年度終了,對固定 資產的使用壽命、預計淨殘值和折舊 方法進行覆核,必要時進行調整。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

16. Construction in progress

The cost of construction in progress is determined according to the actual expenditure incurred for the construction, including all necessary construction expenditure incurred during the construction period, borrowing costs that shall be capitalized before the construction gets ready for its intended use and other relevant expenses. No provision is made for construction in progress. A construction in progress is transferred to fixed asset when the asset is ready for its intended use.

17. Contract asset and liability

Contracts with customers will be presented in the Group's balance sheet as a contract liability or a contract asset, depending on the relationship between the Group's performance and the customer's payment.

17.1 Contract asset

Contract assets refer to the Group's right to receive consideration for the transfer of goods to its customers, which depends on factors other than the passage of time. The Group's unconditional (i.e., depending only on the passage of time) right to collect consideration from customers is shown separately as receivables.

The Group's method for determining and accounting for expected credit losses which are related to contract assets are detailed in Note III.9.

17.2 Contract liability

A contract liability is presented in the balance sheet where an amount of consideration has been received or is receivable by the Group prior to the Group performing by transferring the related good or service to the customer.

The Group offsets the contract assets and contract liabilities under the same contract and presents them on the balance sheet as a net amount.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

16. 在建工程

在建工程成本按實際工程支出確定, 包括在建期間發生的各項必要工程支 出、工程達到預定可使用狀態前的應 予資本化的借款費用以及其他相關費 用等。在建工程不計提折舊。在建工 程在達到預定可使用狀態時轉入固定 資產。

17. 合同資產與合同負債

本集團根據履行履約義務與客戶付款 之間的關係在資產負債表中列示合同 資產或合同負債。

17.1合同資產

合同資產指本集團已向客戶轉 讓商品而有權收取對價的權 利,且該權利取決於時間流逝 之外的其他因素。集團將擁有 的、無條件(即,僅取決於時間 流逝)向客戶收取對價的權利作 為應收款項列示。

本集團對合同資產的預期信用 損失的確定方法及會計處理方 法詳見附註三、9。

17.2合同負債

本集團將已收或應收客戶對價 而應向客戶轉讓商品的義務作 為合同負債列示,如企業在轉 讓承諾的商品之前已收取的款

本集團將同一合同下的合同資 產和合同負債相互抵銷後以淨 額列示。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

18. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs incurred by the Group in connection with the borrowing of the funds. Borrowing costs include interest, amortization of discounts or premiums related to borrowings, ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings, and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings.

The borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized. The amounts of other borrowing costs incurred are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred. Qualifying assets are assets (fixed assets, investment property and inventories, etc.) that necessarily take a substantial period of time for acquisition, construction or production to get ready for their intended use or sale.

The capitalization of borrowing costs commences only when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- expenditures for the asset are being incurred; (1)
- (2) borrowing costs are being incurred;
- activities relating to the acquisition, construction or (3)production of the asset that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale have commenced.

Capitalization of borrowing costs ceases when the qualifying asset being acquired, constructed or produced becomes ready for its intended use or sale. Any borrowing costs subsequently incurred are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

18. 借款費用

借款費用,是指本集團因借款而發生 的利息及其他相關成本,包括借款 利息、折價或者溢價的攤銷、輔助費 用以及因外幣借款而發生的匯兑差額 等。

可直接歸屬於符合資本化條件的資產 的購建或者生產的借款費用,予以資 本化,其他借款費用計入當期損益。 符合資本化條件的資產,是指需要經 過相當長時間的購建或者生產活動才 能達到預定可使用或者可銷售狀態的 固定資產、投資性房地產和存貨等資 產。

借款費用同時滿足下列條件的,才能 開始資本化:

- 資產支出已經發生; (1)
- 借款費用已經發生;
- 為使資產達到預定可使用或者 (3) 可銷售狀態所必要的購建或者 生產活動已經開始。

購建或者生產符合資本化條件的資產 達到預定可使用或者可銷售狀態時, 借款費用停止資本化。之後發生的借 款費用計入當期損益。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

18. Borrowing costs (Continued)

During the capitalization period, the amount of interest to be capitalized for each accounting period shall be determined as follows:

- where funds are borrowed for a specific purpose, the amount of interest to be capitalized is the actual interest expense incurred on that borrowing for the period less any bank interest earned form depositing the borrowed funds or any investment income on the temporary investment of those funds.
- where funds are borrowed for a general purpose, the amount of interest to be capitalized on such borrowings is determined by applying a weighted average interest rate to the weighted average of the excess amounts of accumulated expenditure on the asset over and above the amounts of specific-purpose borrowings.

Capitalization of borrowing costs is suspended during periods in which the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset is interrupted by activities other than those necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale, when the interruption is for a continuous period of more than 3 months. Borrowing costs incurred during these periods are recognized as an expense for the current period until the acquisition, construction or production is resumed.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

18. 借款費用(續)

在資本化期間內,每一會計期間的利 息資本化金額,按照下列方法確定:

- (1) 專門借款以當期實際發生的利 息費用,減去暫時性的存款利 息收入或投資收益後的金額確 定。
- 佔用的一般借款,根據累計資 產支出超過專門借款部分的資 產支出加權平均數乘以所佔用 一般借款的加權平均利率計算 確定。

符合資本化條件的資產在購建或者生 產過程中,發生除達到預定可使用或 者可銷售狀態必要的程序之外的非正 常中斷、且中斷時間連續超過3個月 的, 暫停借款費用的資本化。在中斷 期間發生的借款費用確認為費用,計 入當期損益,直至資產的購建或者生 產活動重新開始。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Estimates (Continued)**

19. Intangible assets

19.1 Valuation method, useful life, impairment test for intangible assets

An intangible asset shall be recognized only when it is probable that the economic benefit associated with the asset will flow to the Group and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are measured initially at cost. However, intangible assets acquired in a business combination with a fair value that can be measured reliably are recognized separately as intangible assets and initially measured at the fair value.

The useful life of an intangible asset is determined according to the period over which it is expected to generate economic benefits for the Group. An intangible asset is regarded as having an indefinite useful life when there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the asset is expected to generate economic benefits for the Group.

The expected useful lives of the intangible assets are as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

19. 無形資產

19.1無形資產計價方法、使用 壽命、減值測試

> 無形資產僅在與其有關的經濟 利益很可能流入本集團,且其 成本能夠可靠地計量時才予以 確認,並以成本進行初始計 量。但企業合併中取得的無形 資產,其公允價值能夠可靠地 計量的,即單獨確認為無形資 產並按照公允價值初始計量。

無形資產按照其能為本集團帶 來經濟利益的期限確定使用壽 命,無法預見其為本集團帶來 經濟利益期限的作為使用壽命 不確定的無形資產。

各項無形資產的預計使用壽命 如下:

Item Expected useful lives (years) 預計使用壽命(年) 項目

Patents	專有技術	3–20
Trademark rights	商標使用權	10/indefinite 不確定
License	特許權	3–15
Land use rights	土地使用權	30–50
Orders on hand	在手訂單	1–25
Customer relationship	客戶關係	2–17
Software	軟件	2–10
Others	其他,	3–10

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting Estimates (Continued)

19. Intangible assets (Continued)

19.1 Valuation method, useful life, impairment test for intangible assets (Continued)

Land use rights that are acquired by the Group are generally accounted for as intangible assets. Buildings, such as plants that are developed and constructed by the Group, and relevant land use rights and buildings, are accounted for as intangible assets and fixed assets, respectively. Payments for the land and buildings acquired are allocated between the land use rights and the buildings; if they cannot be reasonably allocated, all of the land use rights and buildings are accounted for as fixed assets.

An intangible asset with a finite useful life is amortized using the straight-line method over its useful life. For an intangible asset with a finite useful life, the Group reviews the useful life and amortization method at least at each year-end and makes adjustment if necessary.

An intangible asset with an indefinite useful life is tested for impairment at least once every year, irrespective of whether there is any indication that the asset may be impaired. This category of intangible assets will not be amortized and will be reviewed every accounting period based on its useful life. If evidence indicates that its useful life is limited, the asset will be accounted for in accordance to the policy for intangible asset with definite useful life stated above.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

三、重要會計政策及會計估計 (續)

19. 無形資產(續)

19.1無形資產計價方法、使用壽命、減值測試(續)

本集團取得的土地使用權,通 常作為無形資產核算。自行開 發建造廠房等建築物,相關的 土地使用權和建築物分別作為 無形資產和固定資產核算。外 購土地及建築物支付的價款在 土地使用權和建築物之間 土地使用權和建築物之間 分配,難以合理分配的,全部 作為固定資產處理。

使用壽命有限的無形資產,在 其使用壽命內採用直綫法攤銷。本集團至少於每年年度終 了,對使用壽命有限的無形資 產的使用壽命及攤銷方法進行 覆核,必要時進行調整。

對使用壽命不確定的無形資 產,無論是否存在減值跡類, 每年均進行減值測試。此類無 形資產不予攤銷,在每個會計 期間對其使用壽命進行覆核 期間對其使用壽命進行覆核 如果有證據表明使用壽命是 限的,則按上述使用壽命有限 的無形資產的政策進行會計處 理。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Estimates** (Continued)

19. Intangible assets (Continued)

19.2 Expenditure on an internal research and development Expenditure on the research phase is recognized in profit or loss for the period in which it is incurred.

Expenditure in the development phase is recognised as intangible asset when the following criteria are met. Expenditure on the development phase which cannot met all of the following conditions are recognized in current profit or loss:

- the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- the intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits. Among other things, the Group can demonstrate the existence of a market for the output of the intangible asset or the intangible asset itself or, if it is to be used internally, the usefulness of the intangible asset;
- the availability of adequate technical, financial and (4) other resources to complete the development and the ability to use or sell the intangible asset; and
- its ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

19. 無形資產(續)

19.2 內部研究開發支出 研究階段的支出,於發生時計 入當期損益。

> 開發階段的支出同時滿足下列 條件的,確認為無形資產,不 能滿足下述條件的開發階段的 支出計入當期損益:

- (1) 完成該無形資產以使其能 夠使用或出售在技術上具 有可行性;
- (2) 具有完成該無形資產並使 用或出售的意圖;
- (3) 無形資產產生經濟利益的 方式,包括能夠證明運用 該無形資產生產的產品存 在市場或無形資產自身存 在市場,無形資產將在內 部使用的,能夠證明其有 用性;
- 有足夠的技術、財務資源 和其他資源支持,以完成 該無形資產的開發,並有 能力使用或出售該無形資 產;及
- 歸屬於該無形資產開發階 段的支出能夠可靠地計 量。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting Estimates (Continued)

19. Intangible assets (Continued)

19.2 Expenditure on an internal research and development (Continued)

If the expenditures cannot be distinguished between research phase and development phase, the Company recognizes all expenditures into current profit or loss. The cost of the internally developed intangible assets only include the total expenditures incurred from the point of time at which the conditions for capitalisation are met until the intangible assets are ready for intended use. No adjustment is made to the costs already expensed in the profit or loss incurred by the identical intangible asset before it satisfies the conditions for capitalisation in the development phase.

20. Impairment of assets

The Group determines the impairment of assets, other than the impairment of inventories, deferred income taxes, financial assets, contract assets and assets classified as held-for-sale, using the following methods:

The Group assesses at the balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists that an asset may be impaired, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset and performs test for impairment. Goodwill arising from a business combination and an intangible asset with an indefinite useful life are tested for impairment at least at each yearend, irrespective of whether there is any indication that the asset may be impaired. Intangible assets that have not been ready for intended use are tested for impairment each year.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

三、重要會計政策及會計估計 (續)

19. 無形資產(續)

19.2內部研究開發支出(續)

無法區分研究階段支出和開發階段支出的,將發生的研發生的研發開出全部計入當期損益。內內成部所發活動形成的無形資產的成為不會包括滿足資本化條件的前時產至無形資產達到預定用途前更無形資產在開發過程中達到資本化條件之前已經費用化計入損益的支出不再進行調整。

20. 資產減值

本集團對除存貨、遞延所得稅、金融 資產、合同資產及劃分為持有待售 的資產外的資產減值,按以下方法確 定:

本集團於資產負債表日判斷資產是否存在可能發生減值的跡象,存在減值跡象的,本集團將估計其可收回金額,進行減值測試。對因企業合併所形成的商譽和使用壽命不確定的無形資產,無論是否存在減值跡象,至少於每年末進行減值測試。對於尚未達到可使用狀態的無形資產,也每年進行減值測試。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Estimates (Continued)**

20. Impairment of assets (Continued)

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and the present value of the future cash flow expected to be derived from the asset. The Group estimates the recoverable amount on an individual basis. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of the individual asset, the Group determines the recoverable amount of the asset group to which the asset belongs. Identification of an asset group is based on whether major cash inflows generated by the asset group are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or asset groups.

When the recoverable amount of an asset or asset group is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to the recoverable amount. The reduction in carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss for the current period. A provision for impairment of the asset is recognized accordingly.

For the purpose of impairment testing, the carrying amount of goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated from the acquisition date on a reasonable basis, to each of the related asset groups; if it is impossible to allocate to the related asset groups, it is allocated to each of the related sets of asset groups. Each of the related asset groups or sets of asset groups is an asset group or set of asset group that is able to benefit from the synergies of the business combination and shall not be larger than a reportable segment determined by the Group.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

20. 資產減值(續)

可收回金額根據資產的公允價值減去 處置費用後的淨額與資產預計未來現 金流量的現值兩者之間較高者確定。 本集團以單項資產為基礎估計其可收 回金額;難以對單項資產的可收回金 額進行估計的,以該資產所屬的資產 組為基礎確定資產組的可收回金額。 資產組的認定,以資產組產生的主要 現金流入是否獨立於其他資產或者資 產組的現金流入為依據。

當資產或者資產組的可收回金額低於 其賬面價值時,本集團將其賬面價值 減記至可收回金額,減記的金額計入 當期損益,同時計提相應的資產減值 準備。

就商譽的減值測試而言,對於因企業 合併形成的商譽的賬面價值, 自購買 日起按照合理的方法分攤至相關的資 產組;難以分攤至相關的資產組的, 將其分攤至相關的資產組組合。相關 的資產組或者資產組組合,是能夠從 企業合併的協同效應中受益的資產組 或者資產組組合,且不大於本集團確 定的報告分部。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting Estimates (Continued)

20. Impairment of assets (Continued)

In testing an asset group or a set of asset groups to which goodwill has been allocated for impairment, if there is any indication of impairment, the Group firstly tests the asset group or set of asset groups excluding the amount of goodwill allocated for impairment, determines the recoverable amount and recognizes any impairment loss. After that, the Group tests the asset group or set of asset groups including goodwill for impairment, whereby the carrying amount of the related asset group or set of asset groups is compared to its recoverable amount. If the carrying amount of the asset group or set of asset groups is higher than its recoverable amount, the amount of the impairment loss firstly reduces the carrying amount of the goodwill allocated to the asset group or set of asset groups, and then reduce the carrying amount of other assets (other than the goodwill) within the asset group or set of asset groups, pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset.

Once the above impairment loss of assets is recognized, it cannot be reversed in subsequent accounting periods.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

三、重要會計政策及會計估計 (續)

20. 資產減值(續)

上述資產減值損失一經確認,在以後會計期間不再轉回。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Estimates (Continued)**

21. Long-term prepaid expenses

Long-term prepaid expenses are amortized using straight-line method with amortization period as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

21. 長期待攤費用

長期待攤費用採用直綫法攤銷,攤銷 期如下:

Amortization period

使用壽命與租賃期孰短

Item (years) 項目 攤銷期(年)

Industrial mould fee 工裝模具費 1–5 Industrial equipment fee 工位器具費 5 Expenditure on improvement of fixed assets 租入固定資產改良支出 The shorter of useful life and lease term

leased in

22. Payroll

22.1 Accounting treatment for short-term remuneration Short-term remuneration actually incurred during the accounting period in which the staff members provide services are recognized as liability and taken to the profit and loss for the current period or the costs of the relevant asset. The Group recognises the amount of employee benefits that actually occurred and charged to profit or loss for the current period or cost of relevant assets. Employee benefits are nonmonetary benefits measured at fair value.

22. 職工薪酬

22.1短期薪酬的會計處理方法

本集團在職工為其提供服務的 會計期間,將實際發生的短期 薪酬確認為負債,並計入當期 損益或相關資產成本。本集團 發生的職工福利費,在實際發 生時根據實際發生額計入當期 損益或相關資產成本。職工福 利費為非貨幣性福利的,按照 公允價值計量。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting **Estimates** (Continued)

22. Payroll (Continued)

22.1 Accounting treatment for short-term remuneration (Continued)

During the accounting period in which employees render service, medical insurance, work-related injury insurance, maternity insurance and other social security contributions and housing provident fund paid by the Group, as well as labour union funds and employees' education expenses extracted by requirement are taken into account in determining the amount of staff remuneration based on the required accrual basis and proportions and in turn the corresponding liabilities, which are charged to profit or loss for the current period or cost of relevant assets.

22.2 Accounting treatment for post-employment benefits

Post-employment benefits are classified into defined contribution plans and defined benefit plans.

22.2.1 Defined contribution plan

In the accounting period in which employees render services, the amount payable under the defined contribution plan is recognised as liability and charged to profit or loss for the current period or cost of relevant assets.

The employees of the Group participate in pension insurance and unemployment insurance administered by local governments, as well as annuity plan. The relevant expenditure is recognized, when incurred, in the costs of relevant assets or the profit or loss for the current period.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

三、重要會計政策及會計估計 (續)

22. 職工薪酬(續)

22.1短期薪酬的會計處理方法 (續)

> 本集團為職工繳納的醫療保險 費、工傷保險費、生育保險費 等社會保險費和住房公積金, 以及本集團按規定提取的工會 經費和職工教育經費,在職工 為本集團提供服務的會計期 間,根據規定的計提基礎和計 提比例計算確定相應的職工薪 酬金額,確認相應負債,並計 入當期損益或相關資產成本。

22.2離職後福利的會計處理方 法

離職後福利分類為設定提存計 劃和設定受益計劃。

22.2.1 設定提存計劃

本集團在職工為其提供服 務的會計期間,將根據設 定提存計劃計算的應繳存 金額確認為負債,並計入 當期損益或相關資產成 本。

本集團的職工參加由當地 政府管理的養老保險和失 業保險,還參加了企業年 金,相應支出在發生時計 入相關資產成本或當期損 益。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Estimates (Continued)**

22. Payroll (Continued)

22.2 Accounting treatment for post-employment benefits (Continued)

22.2.2 Defined benefit plan

The benefit obligation under defined benefit plan based on the formula determined by projected unit credit method would be vested to the service period of the staff and charged to current profit or loss or cost of relevant assets. Some overseas subsidiaries of the Group operate defined benefit pension plans, under which contributions shall be made to a separatelyadministered fund.

The service costs and the net interest on the net liabilities or net assets under the defined benefit plan would be taken to the current profit or loss or cost of relevant assets. The changes generated from the remeasurement of the net liabilities or net assets under the defined benefit plan (including actuarial gains or losses, return on assets under the plan, less the amount included in the net interest on net liabilities or net assets under defined benefit plan, changes under the effect of maximum assets, less the amount included in the net interest on net liabilities or net assets under defined benefit plans) would be taken to other comprehensive income.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

22. 職工薪酬(續)

22.2離職後福利的會計處理方 法(續)

22.2.2 設定受益計劃

對於設定受益計劃,本集 團根據預期累計福利單位 法確定的公式將設定受益 計劃產生的福利義務歸屬 於職工提供服務的期間, 並計入當期損益或相關資 產成本。本集團的部分海 外子公司設立設定受益退 休金計劃,該等計劃要求 向獨立管理的基金繳存費 用。

服務成本及設定受益計劃 淨負債或淨資產的利息淨 額計入當期損益或相關資 產成本。重新計量設定受 益計劃淨負債或淨資產所 產生的變動(包括精算利 得或損失、計劃資產回報 扣除包括在設定受益計劃 淨負債或淨資產的利息淨 額中的金額、資產上限影 響的變動扣除包括在設定 受益計劃淨負債或淨資產 的利息淨額中的金額)計 入其他綜合收益。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting **Estimates** (Continued)

22. Payroll (Continued)

22.2 Accounting treatment for post-employment benefits (Continued)

22.2.2 Defined benefit plan (Continued)

Net interest is calculated by multiplying the net liabilities or net assets under the defined benefit plan with the discount rate. Changes in the net obligations under the defined benefit plan are recognized under cost of sales, selling expenses, general and administrative expenses, research & development expenses and finance expenses in the income statement. Costs of services include costs of services for the current period, costs of services for previous periods, and gains or losses on settlement. Net interest includes interest income accrued upon assets under the plan, interest expenses incurred due to obligations under the plan, and interest under the effect of maximum assets.

22.3 Accounting treatment for severance benefits

Where the Group provides severance benefits to its employees, payroll payable arising from such severance benefits are recognized on the earlier of the following dates and included in profit or loss for the current period: when the Group is unable to unilaterally withdraw the severance benefits provided under its plan to terminate working relationship with employees or redundancy plan; or when the Group recognizes costs or expenses relating to reorganization involving the payment of severance benefits.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

三、重要會計政策及會計估計 (續)

22. 職工薪酬(續)

22.2離職後福利的會計處理方 法(續)

22.2.2 設定受益計劃(續)

利息淨額由設定受益計劃 淨負債或淨資產乘以折現 率計算而得。本集團在利 潤表的營業成本、銷售費 用、管理費用、研發費 用、財務費用中確認設定 受益計劃淨義務的變動: 服務成本,包括當期服務 成本、過去服務成本和結 算利得或損失; 利息淨 額,包括計劃資產的利息 收入、計劃義務的利息費 用以及資產上限影響的利 息。

22.3辭退福利的會計處理方法

本集團向職工提供辭退福利 的,在下列兩者孰早日確認辭 退福利產生的職工薪酬負債, 並計入當期損益:本集團不能 單方面撤回因解除勞動關係計 劃或裁減建議所提供的辭退福 利時;本集團確認與涉及支付 辭退福利的重組相關的成本或 費用時。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Estimates (Continued)**

22. Payroll (Continued)

22.4 Other long-term staff benefits

For other long-term staff benefits, the items conforming to the conditions of defined contribution plan are treated according to the requirements in the defined contribution plans, whereas the rest are recognised and measured as net liabilities or net assets under other long-term staff benefits according to the defined benefit plan. At the end of reporting period, staff costs under other long-term staff benefits are recognised as three components, namely service cost, net interest on net liabilities or net assets under other long-term staff benefits and changes upon re-measurement of net liabilities or assets under other long-term staff benefits. The total net amount of these items is included in profit or loss for the current period or the cost of relevant assets.

23. Accruals and provisions

Except for contingent consideration transferred and contingent liability assumed in business combinations involving entities not under common control, the Group recognizes an obligation related to a contingency as a provision when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the obligation is a present obligation of the Group;
- it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits from the (2) Group will be required to settle the obligation;
- the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. (3)

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

22. 職工薪酬(續)

22.4其他長期職工福利

對於其他長期職工福利,符合 設定提存計劃條件的,按照上 述設定提存計劃的有關規定進 行處理,除此之外按照設定受 益計劃的有關規定,確認和計 量其他長期職工福利淨負債或 淨資產。在報告期末,其他長 期職工福利產生的職工薪酬成 本確認為服務成本、其他長期 職工福利淨負債或淨資產的利 息淨額以及重新計量其他長期 職工福利淨負債或淨資產所產 生的變動三個組成部分。這些 項目的總淨額計入當期損益或 相關資產成本。

23. 預計負債

除了非同一控制下企業合併中的或有 對價及承擔的或有負債之外,當與 或有事項相關的義務同時符合以下條 件,本集團將其確認為預計負債:

- 該義務是本集團承擔的現時義 務;
- 該義務的履行很可能導致經濟 利益流出本集團;
- 該義務的金額能夠可靠地計量。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting Estimates (Continued)

23. Accruals and provisions (Continued)

A provision is initially measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the related present obligation, with comprehensive consideration of factors such as the risks, uncertainty and time value of money relating to a contingency. The carrying amount of a provision is reviewed at the balance sheet date. If there is clear evidence that the carrying amount does not reflect the current best estimate, the carrying amount is adjusted to the best estimate.

A contingent liability recognized in a business combination from the acquiree is initially measured at its fair value. Subsequently, it is measured at the higher of the amount that would be recognized for provisions above; and the amount initially recognized less, when appropriate, cumulative amortization recognized in accordance with the principle of revenue recognition.

24. Share-based payments

Share-based payments can be distinguished into equity-settled share-based payments and cash-settled share-based payments. Equity-settled share-based payments are transactions of the Group settled through the payment of shares or other equity instruments in consideration for receiving services.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

三、重要會計政策及會計估計 (續)

23. 預計負債(續)

預計負債按照履行相關現時義務所需 支出的最佳估計數進行初始計量, 並 綜合考慮與或有事項有關的風險、不 確定性和貨幣時間價值等因素。每個 資產負債表日對預計負債的賬面價值 進行覆核。有確鑿證據表明該賬面價 值不能反映當前最佳估計數的,按照 當前最佳估計數對該賬面價值進行調 整。

企業合併中取得的被購買方或有負債 在初始確認時按照公允價值計量,在 初始確認後,按照預計負債確認的金 額,和初始確認金額扣除收入確認原 則確定的累計攤銷額後的餘額,以兩 者之中的較高者進行後續計量。

24. 股份支付

股份支付,分為以權益結算的股份支 付和以現金結算的股份支付。以權益 結算的股份支付,是指本集團為獲取 服務以股份或其他權益工具作為對價 進行結算的交易。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Estimates (Continued)**

24. Share-based payments (Continued)

Equity-settled share-based payments made in exchange for services rendered by employees are measured at the fair value of equity instruments granted to employees. Instruments which are vested immediately upon the grant are charged to relevant costs or expenses at the fair value on the date of grant and the capital reserve is credited accordingly. Equity instruments of subsidiaries granted to employees of subsidiaries are taken to minority interests in the consolidated financial statements. Instruments of which vesting is conditional upon completion of services or fulfillment of performance conditions are measured by recognizing services rendered during the period in relevant costs or expenses and crediting the capital reserve accordingly at the fair value on the date of grant according to the best estimates conducted by the Group at each balance sheet date during the pending period based on subsequent information such as latest updates on the change in the number of entitled employees and whether performance conditions have been fulfilled, and etc. Equity instruments of subsidiaries granted to employees of subsidiaries are taken to minority interests in the consolidated financial statements.

No cost or expense is recognized for awards that do not ultimately vest, except where vesting is conditional upon a market or nonvesting condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all non-market conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled share-based payment are modified, as a minimum, services obtained are recognized as if the terms had not been modified. In addition, an expense is recognized for any modification which increases the total fair value of the instrument granted, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

24. 股份支付(續)

以權益結算的股份支付換取職工提供 服務的,以授予職工權益工具的公 允價值計量。授予後立即可行權的, 在授予日按照公允價值計入相關成本 或費用,相應增加資本公積/子公司 授予其員工的子公司權益工具在合併 報表中計入少數股東權益;完成等待 期內的服務或達到規定業績條件才可 行權的,在等待期內每個資產負債表 日,本集團根據最新取得的可行權職 工人數變動、是否達到規定業績條件 等後續信息對可行權權益工具數量作 出最佳估計,以此為基礎,按照授予 日的公允價值,將當期取得的服務計 入相關成本或費用,相應增加資本公 積/子公司授予其員工的子公司權益 工具在合併報表中計入少數股東權 益。

對於最終未滿足行權條件的股份支 付,不確認成本或費用,除非行權條 件是市場條件或非可行權條件,此時 無論是否滿足市場條件或非可行權條 件,只要滿足所有可行權條件中的非 市場條件,即視為可行權。

如果修改了以權益結算的股份支付的 條款,至少按照未修改條款的情況確 認取得的服務。此外,如果修改增加 了所授予權益工具公允價值,或做出 其他對職工有利的變更,均確認取得 服務的增加。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting **Estimates** (Continued)

24. Share-based payments (Continued)

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognized for the award is recognized immediately. Where employees or other parties are permitted to choose to fulfill nonvesting conditions but have not fulfilled during the pending period, equity-settled share-based payments are deemed cancelled. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award.

A cash-settled share-based payment shall be measured in accordance with the fair value of liability calculated and confirmed based on the shares or other equity instruments undertaken by the Group. If the right may be exercised immediately after the grant, the fair value of the liability undertaken by the enterprise shall, on the date of the grant, be included in the relevant costs or expenses, and the liabilities shall be increased accordingly. If the right may not be exercised until services are completed or until the specified performance conditions are met during the vesting period, the services obtained in the current period shall, based on the best estimate of the information about the exercisable right, be included in the relevant costs or expenses at the fair value of the liability undertaken by the enterprise, and the liabilities shall be increased accordingly. On each balance sheet date prior to settlement of the relevant liabilities and on the settlement date, the fair value of the liability is re-measured and any change of fair value is taken to profit or loss for the current period.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

三、重要會計政策及會計估計 (續)

24. 股份支付(續)

如果取消了以權益結算的股份支付, 則於取消日作為加速行權處理,立即 確認尚未確認的金額。職工或其他方 能夠選擇滿足非可行權條件但在等待 期內未滿足的,作為取消以權益結算 的股份支付處理。但是,如果授予新 的權益工具,並在新權益工具授予日 認定所授予的新權益工具是用於替代 被取消的權益工具的,則作為原權益 結算的股份支付條款和條件的修改進 行處理。

以現金結算的股份支付,按照本集團 承擔的以股份或其他權益工具為基 礎計算確定的負債的公允價值計量。 授予後立即可行權的,在授予日以承 擔負債的公允價值計入成本或費用, 相應增加負債;完成等待期內的服務 或達到規定業績條件才可行權的,在 等待期內以對可行權情況的最佳估計 為基礎,按照承擔負債的公允價值, 將當期取得的服務計入相關成本或費 用,增加相應負債。在相關負債結算 前的每個資產負債表日以及結算日, 對負債的公允價值重新計量,其變動 計入當期損益。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Estimates (Continued)**

25. Revenue

The Group recognises revenue based on the transaction price allocated to such performance obligation when a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. A performance obligation represents the commitment that a good or service that is distinct shall be transferred by the Group to the customer. Transaction price refers to the amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange of transferring goods or services to a customer, excluding the amount received on behalf of third parties and the amount that the Group expects to return to a customer.

It is a performance obligation satisfied during a period of time if one of the following conditions is met: (1) the customer obtains and consumes economic benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs; (2) the customer is able to control goods in progress during the Group's performance; (3) goods generated during the Group's performance have no alternative use, and the Group is entitled to payments for performance completed to date. Otherwise, the Group will recognise revenue at the point in time when the customer obtains control of the relevant goods or services.

The Group adopts the input method to determine performance schedules, namely according to the Group's input into the performance of contractual obligations. When the performance progress cannot be determined, the Group is expected to be reimbursed for the costs already incurred and recognize the revenue based on the costs already incurred until the performance progress can be reasonably determined.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

25. 收入

本集團在履行了合同中的履約義務, 即在客戶取得相關商品或服務控制權 時,按照分攤至該項履約義務的交易 價格確認收入。履約義務,是指合同 中本集團向客戶轉讓可明確區分商品 或服務的承諾。交易價格,是指本集 團因向客戶轉讓商品或服務而預期有 權收取的對價金額,但不包含代第三 方收取的款項以及本集團預期將退還 給客戶的款項。

滿足下列條件之一的,屬於在某一時 間段內履行的履約義務,本集團按照 履約進度,在一段時間內確認收入: (1)客戶在本集團履約的同時即取得 並消耗本集團履約所帶來的經濟利 益;(2)客戶能夠控制本集團履約過 程中在建的商品;(3)本集團履約過 程中所產出的商品具有不可替代用 途,且本集團在整個合同期間內有權 就累計至今已完成的履約部分收取款 項。否則,本集團在客戶取得相關商 品或服務控制權的時點確認收入。

本集團採用投入法確定履約進度,即 根據本集團為履行履約義務的投入確 定履約進度。當履約進度不能合理確 定時,已經發生的成本預計能夠得到 補償的,本集團按照已經發生的成本 金額確認收入,直到履約進度能夠合 理確定為止。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting Estimates (Continued)

25. Revenue (Continued)

If there are two or more of performance obligations included in the contract, at the contract inception, the Group allocates the transaction price to each single performance obligation based on the relative proportion of stand-alone selling prices of goods or services promised in single performance obligation. However, if there is conclusive evidence indicating that the contract discount or variable consideration is only relative with one or more (not the whole) performance obligations in the contract, the Group will allocate the contract discount or variable consideration to relative one or more performance obligations. Stand-alone selling price is a price at which the Group would sell goods or services separately to a customer. The stand-alone selling price cannot be observed directly, the Group estimates the stand-alone selling price through comprehensive consideration of all reasonably acquired relative information and maximum use of observable inputs.

Variable consideration

Where variable consideration exists in the Group's contracts, the best estimate of variable consideration is arrived at using either an expected value or most likely outcome method. Transaction price comprising the variable consideration does not exceed the amount that it is highly probable that there will not be a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized when the uncertainty is resolved. On each balance sheet date, the Group re-estimates the amount of variable consideration that should be included in the transaction price.

Consideration payable to customers

Where consideration payable to customers exists in a contract, it is set off against transaction price and is applied against revenue for the current period at the later of the point at which the relevant revenue is recognized and the point of payment of (or commitment to pay) consideration to customers, unless the consideration payable is for obtaining other distinct goods or services from the customers.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

三、重要會計政策及會計估計 (續)

25. 收入(續)

合同中包含兩項或多項履約義務的, 本集團在合同開始日,按照各單項履 約義務所承諾商品或服務的單獨售價 的相對比例,將交易價格分攤至各單 項履約義務。但在有確鑿證據表明合 同折扣或可變對價僅與合同中一項或 多項(而非全部)履約義務相關的, 本集團將該合同折扣或可變對價分攤 至相關一項或多項履約義務。單獨售 價,是指本集團向客戶單獨銷售商品 或服務的價格。單獨售價無法直接觀 察的,本集團綜合考慮能夠合理取得 的全部相關信息,並最大限度地採用 可觀察的輸入值估計單獨售價。

可變對價

合同中存在可變對價的,本集團按照 期望值或最可能發生金額確定可變對 價的最佳估計數。包含可變對價的交 易價格,不超過在相關不確定性消除 時累計已確認收入極可能不會發生重 大轉回的金額。每一資產負債表日, 本集團重新估計應計入交易價格的可 變對價金額。

應付客戶對價

合同中存在應付客戶對價的,除非該 對價是為了向客戶取得其他可明確區 分商品或服務的,本集團將該應付對 價沖減交易價格,並在確認相關收入 與支付(或承諾支付)客戶對價二者孰 晚的時點沖減當期收入。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Estimates** (Continued)

25. Revenue (Continued)

Sales with quality assurance terms attached

For sales with quality assurance terms, if the quality assurance provides a separate service to the customer other than ensuring that the goods or services sold meet the pre-determined standards, the quality assurance constitutes a single performance obligation. Otherwise, the Group will account for the quality assurance obligation in accordance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No. 13 – Contingencies.

A principal/an agent

The Group determines whether it is a principal or an agent at the time of the transaction based on whether it owns the control of the goods or services before the transfer of such goods or services to the customer. Where the Group is in control of that good or service prior to transferring the same to a customer, the Group is a principal, and revenue shall be recognized based on the total consideration received or receivable. Otherwise, the Group is an agent, and revenue shall be recognized at the amount of commissions or service charges expected to be entitled to collect, and such amount shall be determined based on net amount of total consideration received or receivable less amounts payable to other related parties, or based on the pre-determined commissions or proportions.

Except for the income arising from contracts with customers, income of the Group includes interest income and lease income from daily operating activities. For details of relevant accounting policies, please refer to Note III. 9 and Note III. 28.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

25. 收入(續)

附有質量保證條款的銷售

對於附有質量保證條款的銷售,如果 該質量保證在向客戶保證所銷售商品 或服務符合既定標準之外提供了一項 單獨的服務,該質量保證構成單項履 約義務。否則,本集團按照《企業會 計準則第13號一或有事項》規定對質 量保證責任進行會計處理。

主要責任人/代理人

本集團根據在向客戶轉讓商品或服務 前是否擁有對該商品或服務的控制 權,來判斷從事交易時本集團的身份 是主要責任人還是代理人。本集團在 向客戶轉讓商品或服務前能夠控制該 商品或服務的,本集團為主要責任 人,按照已收或應收對價總額確認收 入;否則,本集團為代理人,按照預 期有權收取的佣金或手續費的金額確 認收入,該金額按照已收或應收對價 總額扣除應支付給其他相關方的價款 後的淨額或者按照既定的佣金金額或 比例等確定。

除與客戶之間的合同產生的收入外, 本集團收入中包括作為日常經營活動 而取得的利息收入和租賃收入,相應 會計政策詳見附註三、9和三、28。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting **Estimates** (Continued)

26. Government grants

Government grant is recognized when the Group can comply with the conditions attached to it and it can be received. Government grant is classified as asset-related government grant and incomerelated government grant. Government grant for purchasing, building or otherwise forming long-term assets is recognized as one related to assets. Otherwise it is recognized as one related to income.

If a government grant is in the form of a transfer of monetary asset, it is measured at the amount received or receivable. If a government grant is in the form of a transfer of non-monetary asset, it is measured at fair value; if fair value is not reliably determinable, it is measured at a nominal amount.

An asset-related government grant is recognized as deferred income and recognized in profit or loss by stages over the useful life of the related assets in a reasonable and systematic way. However, a government grant measured at a nominal amount is recognized directly in profit or loss for the current period. A government grant related to income is accounted for as follows: if the grant is a compensation for related costs expenses or losses to be incurred in subsequent periods, the grant is recognized as deferred income, and recognized in profit or loss over the periods in which the related costs are recognized; if the grant is a compensation for related costs expenses or losses already incurred, it is recognized immediately in profit or loss for the current period.

Government grant related to daily operations is recognized in other income. Government grant not related to daily operations is recognized in non-operating income.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

三、重要會計政策及會計估計 (續)

26. 政府補助

政府補助在能夠滿足其所附的條件並 且能夠收到時,予以確認。政府補助 分為與資產相關的政府補助和與收益 相關的政府補助。用於購建或以其他 方式形成長期資產的,作為與資產相 關的政府補助;除此之外的作為與收 益相關的政府補助。

政府補助為貨幣性資產的,按照收到 或應收的金額計量。政府補助為非貨 幣性資產的,按照公允價值計量;公 允價值不能夠可靠取得的,按照名義 **金額計量**。

與資產相關的政府補助,確認為遞延 收益, 並在相關資產使用壽命內按照 合理、系統的方法分期計入損益。但 按照名義金額計量的政府補助,直接 計入當期損益。與收益相關的政府補 助,用於補償企業以後期間的相關成 本費用或損失的,確認為遞延收益, 並在確認相關成本費用或損失的期 間,計入當期損益;用於補償企業已 發生的相關成本費用或損失的,直接 計入當期損益。

與日常活動相關的政府補助,計入其 他收益。與日常活動無關的政府補 助,計入營業外收入。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Estimates (Continued)**

27. Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized as income or an expense in profit or loss for the current period, except that it is a goodwill adjustment arising from business combination, or transactions or events recognized directly in shareholders' equity or other comprehensive income, in which case they are recognized in shareholders' equity or other comprehensive income.

The Group measures a current tax asset or liability arising from the current and prior period based on the amount of income tax expected to be paid by the Group or returned by tax authority calculated by related tax laws.

For temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts, and temporary differences between the carrying amounts and the tax bases of items, the tax bases of which can be determined for tax purposes, but which have not been recognized as assets and liabilities according to the tax laws, deferred taxes are provided using the liability method.

A deferred tax liability is recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- where the taxable temporary differences arise from the initial recognition of goodwill, or the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which contains both of the following characteristics: the transaction is not a business combination; and at the time of the transaction, it affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit or deductible loss.
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not be reversed in the foreseeable future.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

27. 所得税

所得税包括當期所得税和遞延所得 税。除由於企業合併產生的調整商 譽,或與直接計入股東權益或其他綜 合收益的交易或者事項相關的計入股 東權益或其他綜合收益外,均作為所 得税費用或收益計入當期損益。

本集團對於當期和以前期間形成的當 期所得税負債或資產,按照税法規定 計算的預期應交納或返還的所得稅金 額計量。

本集團根據資產與負債於資產負債表 日的賬面價值與計税基礎之間的暫時 性差異,以及未作為資產和負債確認 但按照税法規定可以確定其計税基礎 的項目的賬面價值與計稅基礎之間的 差額產生的暫時性差異,採用資產負 債表債務法計提遞延所得税。

各種應納税暫時性差異均據以確認遞 延所得税負債,除非:

- 應納税暫時性差異是在以下交 易中產生的: 商譽的初始確 認,或者具有以下特徵的交易 中產生的資產或負債的初始確 認:該交易不是企業合併,並 且交易發生時既不影響會計利 潤也不影響應納税所得額或可 抵扣虧損。
- 對於與子公司、合營企業及聯 (2) 營企業投資相關的應納税暫時 性差異,該暫時性差異轉回的 時間能夠控制並且該暫時性差 異在可預見的未來很可能不會 轉回。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting Estimates (Continued)

27. Income tax (Continued)

A deferred tax asset is recognized for deductible temporary differences, carryforward of deductible tax losses from prior years and tax credits, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and deductible tax losses and tax credits can be utilized, except:

- where the deductible temporary differences arises from a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or deductible loss is affected.
- in respect of the deductible temporary differences associated (2) with investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates, a deferred tax asset is only recognized to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will be reversed in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilized in the future.

At the balance sheet date, deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, according to the requirements of tax laws. The measurement of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects at the balance sheet date, to recover the assets or settle the liabilities.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

三、重要會計政策及會計估計 (續)

27. 所得税(續)

對於可抵扣暫時性差異、能夠結轉以 後年度的可抵扣虧損和税款抵減,本 集團以很可能取得用來抵扣可抵扣暫 時性差異、可抵扣虧損和税款抵減的 未來應納稅所得額為限,確認由此產 生的遞延所得税資產,除非:

- 可抵扣暫時性差異是在以下交 (1) 易中產生的:該交易不是企業 合併,並且交易發生時既不影 響會計利潤也不影響應納稅所 得額或可抵扣虧損。
- 對於與子公司、合營企業及聯 營企業投資相關的可抵扣暫時 性 差 異 , 同 時 滿 足 下 列 條 件 的,確認相應的遞延所得税資 產:暫時性差異在可預見的未 來很可能轉回,且未來很可能 獲得用來抵扣可抵扣暫時性差 異的應納稅所得額。

本集團於資產負債表日,對於遞延所 得税資產和遞延所得税負債,依據税 法規定,按照預期收回該資產或清償 該負債期間的適用税率計量,並反映 資產負債表日預期收回資產或清償負 債方式的所得税影響。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Estimates** (Continued)

27. Income tax (Continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available in future periods to allow the deferred tax assets to be utilized. Deferred tax assets previously written down are reversed to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities presented on a net basis are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities on a net basis and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

28. Leases

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease at inception/modification date. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

27. 所得税(續)

於資產負債表日,本集團對遞延所得 税資產的賬面價值進行覆核,如果 未來期間很可能無法獲得足夠的應納 税所得額用以抵扣遞延所得税資產的 利益,減記遞延所得税資產的賬面價 值。在很可能獲得足夠的應納税所得 額可供所有或部分遞延所得税資產轉 回的限度內,轉回原減記的遞延所得 税資產。

如果擁有以淨額結算當期所得稅資產 及當期所得税負債的法定權利,且遞 延所得税與同一應納税主體和同一税 收征管部門相關,則將遞延所得稅資 產和遞延所得税負債以抵銷後的淨額 列示。

28. 租賃

租賃,是指在一定期間內,出租人將 資產的使用權讓與承租人以獲取對價 的合同。

首次執行日後簽訂或變更合同,在合 同開始或變更日,本集團評估該合同 是否為租賃或者包含租賃。除非合同 條款和條件發生變化,本集團不重新 評估合同是否為租賃或者包含租賃。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting Estimates (Continued)

28. Leases (Continued)

28.1 The Group as lessee

28.1.1 Right-of-use assets

Except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets, the Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date on which the leased asset is made available by the lessor for the Group's use. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost. This cost includes:

- the initial measurement amount of the lease liabilities:
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less the relevant amount of any lease incentives received (where lease incentives are available);
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group;
- an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

三、重要會計政策及會計估計 (續)

28. 租賃(續)

28.1本集團作為承租人

28.1.1 使用權資產

除短期租賃和低價值資產租賃外,本集團在租赁外,本集團在租赁期開始日對租賃確認使用權資產。租賃期開始日產的租赁開始日,產時期的租赁,是使用權資產的。 在提行初始計量。該成本包括:

- 租賃負債的初始計量金額;
- 在租賃期開始日或 之前支付的租賃付 款額,存在租賃激 勵的,扣除已享受 的租賃激勵相關金 額;
- 本集團發生的初始 直接費用;
- ◆ 本集團為拆卸及移 除租賃資產、復原 租賃資產所在場地 或將租賃資產恢復 至租賃條款約定 態預計將發生的成 本。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Estimates (Continued)**

28. Leases (Continued)

28.1 The Group as lessee (Continued)

28.1.1 Right-of-use assets (Continued)

The Group made provisions for depreciation of rightof-use assets in accordance with the depreciation requirements under the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No. 4 - Fixed Assets. Right-ofuse assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term is depreciated over the remaining useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter of its remaining useful life and the lease term.

The Group determines whether impairment has occurred in the right-of-use asset and accounts for the recognised impairment losses according to Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No. 8 - Assets Impairment.

28.1.2 Lease liabilities

Except for share-term leases and leases of low value assets, at the commencement date of a lease, the Group initially measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the interest rate implicit in the lease as discount rate. If the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable, the incremental borrowing rate will be adopted as discount rate.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

28. 租賃(續)

28.1本集團作為承租人(續)

28.1.1 使用權資產(續)

本集團參照《企業會計準 則第4號一固定資產》有 關折舊規定,對使用權資 產計提折舊。本集團能夠 合理確定租賃期屆滿時取 得租賃資產所有權的,使 用權資產在租賃資產剩餘 使用壽命內計提折舊。無 法合理確定租賃期屆滿時 能夠取得租賃資產所有權 的,在租賃期與租賃資產 剩餘使用壽命兩者孰短的 期間內計提折舊。

本集團按照《企業會計準 則第8號-資產減值》的 規定來確定使用權資產是 否已發生減值, 並對已識 別的減值損失進行會計處 理。

28.1.2 租賃負債

除短期租賃和低價值資產 租賃外,本集團在租賃期 開始日按照該日尚未支付 的租賃付款額的現值對租 賃負債進行初始計量。在 計算租賃付款額的現值 時,本集團採用租賃內含 利率作為折現率,無法確 定租賃內含利率的,採用 增量借款利率作為折現 率。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting **Estimates** (Continued)

28. Leases (Continued)

28.1 The Group as lessee (Continued)

28.1.2 Lease liabilities (Continued)

Lease payment refers to the amount paid by the Group to the lessor relating to the right to use an underlying asset during the lease term, including:

- fixed payments and in-substance fixed payments less the relevant amount of any lease incentives (where lease incentives are available):
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate;
- the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group;
- payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate;
- amounts expected to be paid by the Group under residual value guarantees.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

三、重要會計政策及會計估計 (續)

28. 租賃(續)

28.1本集團作為承租人(續)

28.1.2 租賃負債(續)

租賃付款額是指本集團向 出租人支付的與在租賃期 內使用租賃資產的權利相 關的款項,包括:

- 固定付款額及實質 固定付款額,存在 租賃激勵的,扣除 租賃激勵相關金額;
- 取決於指數或比率 的可變租賃付款額;
- 本集團合理確定將 行使購買選擇權 時,該選擇權的行 權價格;
- 租賃期反映出本集 團將行使終止租賃 選擇權的,行使終 止租賃選擇權需支 付的款項;
- 根據本集團提供的 擔保餘值預計應支 付的款項。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Estimates (Continued)**

28. Leases (Continued)

28.1 The Group as lessee (Continued)

28.1.2 Lease liabilities (Continued)

Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a ratio, are initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date of a lease. Variable lease payments that are not included in the measurement of the lease liability are recognised in profit or loss or related asset costs when incurred.

Upon commencement of the lease term, the Group calculates the interest expense of the lease liabilities for each period of the lease term based on a fixed periodic interest rate, and recognized in profit or loss for the current period or the costs of the relevant asset.

After the commencement date of the lease, the Group re-measures the lease liabilities and adjusts the corresponding right-of-use asset in the following circumstances:

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the Group re-measures the lease liabilities by discounting the present value of revised lease payments using a revised discount rate:
- the expected lease payments under a guaranteed residual value or the index or rate determining the lease payments change, in which cases the Group re-measures the lease liabilities by discounting the present value of revised lease payments using the original discount rate.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

28. 租賃(續)

28.1本集團作為承租人(續)

28.1.2 租賃負債(續)

取決於指數或比率的可變 租賃付款額在初始計量時 根據租賃期開始日的指數 或比率確定。未納入租賃 負債計量的可變租賃付款 額在實際發生時計入當期 損益或相關資產成本。

租賃期開始日後,本集團 按照固定的周期性利率計 算租賃負債在租賃期內各 期間的利息費用,並計入 當期損益或相關資產成 本。

在租賃期開始日後,發生 下列情形的,本集團重新 計量租賃負債, 並調整相 應的使用權資產:

- 因租賃期變化或購 買選擇權的評估結 果發生變化的,本 集團按變動後租賃 付款額和修訂後的 折現率計算的現值 重新計量租賃負債;
- 根據擔保餘值預計 的應付金額或者用 於確定租賃付款額 的指數或者比率發 生變動,本集團按 照變動後的租賃付 款額和原折現率計 算的現值重新計量 租賃負債。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting Estimates (Continued)

28. Leases (Continued)

28.1 The Group as lessee (Continued)

28.1.3 Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group elects not to recognize the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases and low-value asset leases of vehicles, machinery and equipment and office buildings. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. A lease of low value asset refers to a single lease asset which, when new, is of low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised in profit or loss or the cost of underlying assets on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

28.1.4 Lease modifications

If the lease changes and meets the following conditions, the Group will account for the lease modification as a separate lease:

- the lease modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more leased assets:
- the consideration increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

三、重要會計政策及會計估計 (續)

28. 租賃(續)

28.1本集團作為承租人(續)

28.1.3 短期租賃和低價值資產 租賃

> 本集團對運輸設備、機器 設備及辦公用房的短期租 賃以及低價值資產租賃, 選擇不確認使用權資產和 租賃負債。短期租賃,是 指在租賃期開始日,租賃 期不超過12個月且不包 含購買選擇權的租賃。低 價值資產租賃,是指單項 租賃資產為全新資產時價 值較低的租賃。本集團將 短期租賃和低價值資產租 賃的租賃付款額,在租賃 期內各個期間按照直綫法 計入當期損益或相關資產 成本。

28.1.4 租賃變更

租賃發生變更且同時符合 下列條件的,本集團將該 租賃變更作為一項單獨租 賃進行會計處理:

- 該租賃變更通過增 加一項或多項租賃 資產的使用權而擴 大了租賃範圍;
- 增加的對價與租賃 範圍擴大部分的單 獨價格按該合同情 況調整後的金額相 當。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Estimates (Continued)**

28. Leases (Continued)

28.1 The Group as lessee (Continued)

28.1.4 Lease modifications (Continued)

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group re-allocates the consideration in the revised contract, re-determines the lease term and re-measures the lease liability by discounting the present value of the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the lease modification.

If the lease change results in a reduction in the scope of lease or the term of lease, the Group reduces the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets and recognises the related gains or losses on the partly or fully terminated lease in the current profit or loss. If other lease changes result in the re-measurement of the lease liability, the Group adjusts the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets accordingly.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

28. 租賃(續)

28.1本集團作為承租人(續)

28.1.4 租賃變更(續)

租賃變更未作為一項單獨 租賃進行會計處理的,在 租賃變更生效日,本集團 重新分攤變更後合同的對 價,重新確定租賃期,並 按照變更後租賃付款額和 修訂後的折現率計算的現 值重新計量租賃負債。

租賃變更導致租賃範圍縮 小或租賃期縮短的,本集 團相應調減使用權資產的 賬面價值,並將部分終止 或完全終止租賃的相關利 得或損失計入當期損益。 其他租賃變更導致租賃負 債重新計量的,本集團相 應調整使用權資產的賬面 價值。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting Estimates (Continued)

28. Leases (Continued)

28.2 The Group as lessor

28.2.1 Separating components of a lease

For a contract that contains lease and non-lease components, the Group shall allocate the consideration of the contract by applying Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No.14 - Revenue in respect of allocation of transaction price, on the basis of their respective stand-alone selling prices.

28.2.2 Classification of leases

Leases that substantially transfer all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of assets are accounted for as finance leases: otherwise, it is an operating lease.

28.2.2.1 The Group records operating leasing business as

The Group recognises lease payments from operating leases as lease income on a straightline basis in different periods over the lease term. The Group capitalises initial direct costs incurred in relation to an operating lease and apportions such amount over the lease term on the same basis as that used for lease income. Such amount will be taken to profit or loss for the current period by stages.

The Group recognises any variable lease payments relating to operating lease not included in the lease payments as income, in profit or loss for the current period as incurred.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

三、重要會計政策及會計估計 (續)

28. 租賃(續)

28.2本集團作為出和人

28.2.1 租賃的分拆

合同中同時包含租賃和非 租賃部分的,本集團根據 《企業會計準則第14號一 收入》關於交易價格分攤 的規定分攤合同對價,分 攤的基礎為租賃部分和非 租賃部分各自的單獨價 格。

28.2.2 租賃的分類

實質上轉移了與資產所有 權有關的全部風險和報酬 的租賃為融資租賃。融資 租賃以外的其他租賃為經 營租賃。

28.2.2.1 本集團作為出租人

記錄經營租賃業務 在租賃期內各個期 間,本集團採用直 綫法,將經營租賃 的租賃收款額確認 為租金收入。本集 團發生的與經營租 賃有關的初始直接 費用於發生時予以 資本化,在租賃期 內按照與租金收入 確認相同的基礎進 行分攤,分期計入 當期損益。

本集團取得的與經 營租賃有關的未計 入租賃收款額的可 變租賃收款額,在 實際發生時計入當 期損益。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Estimates (Continued)**

28. Leases (Continued)

28.2 The Group as lessor (Continued)

28.2.2 Classification of leases (Continued)

28.2.2.2 The Group records finance leasing business as a lessor

> On the commencement date of the lease, the Group adopts the net lease investment as the recorded value of the financial lease receivables and derecognises the finance lease assets. The net lease investment is the sum of the unquaranteed residual value and the present value of outstanding lease payments at the commencement date of the lease which are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease.

> Lease payments refer to the amount that the Group should collect from the lessee for the purpose of transferring the leased assets during the lease term, including:

- fixed payments and in-substance fixed payments required to be paid by lessee, less any lease incentives (where lease incentives are available);
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate;

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

28. 租賃(續)

28.2本集團作為出租人(續) 28.2.2 租賃的分類(續)

> 28.2.2.2 本集團作為出租人 記錄融資租賃業務 於租賃期開始日, 本集團以租賃投資 淨額作為應收融資 租賃款的入賬價 值, 並終止確認融 資租賃資產。租賃 投資淨額為未擔保 餘值和租賃期開始 日尚未收到的租賃 收款額按照租賃內 含利率折現的現值 之和。

> > 租賃收款額,是指 本集團因讓渡在租 賃期內使用租賃資 產的權利而應向承 租人收取的款項, 包括:

- 承租人需支付 的固定付款額 及實質固定付 款額,存在租 賃激勵的,扣 除租賃激勵相 關金額;
- 取決於指數或 比率的可變租 賃付款額;

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting Estimates (Continued)

28. Leases (Continued)

28.2 The Group as lessor (Continued)

28.2.2 Classification of leases (Continued)

28.2.2.2 The Group records finance leasing business as a lessor (Continued)

- the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the lessee;
- payments for exercising the option to terminate the lease, if the lease term reflects that the lessee will exercise an option to terminate the lease;
- any residual value guarantees provided to the Group by the lessee, a party related to the lessee and an independent third party that is financially capable of discharging the obligations under the guarantee.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

三、重要會計政策及會計估計 (續)

28. 租賃(續)

28.2本集團作為出租人(續)

28.2.2 租賃的分類(續)

28.2.2.2 本集團作為出租人 記錄融資租賃業務 (續)

- 購買選擇權的 行權價格,前 提是合理確定 承租人將行使 該選擇權;
- 承租人行使終 l 租賃選擇 權需支付的款 項,前提是租 賃期反映出承 租人將行使終 止租賃選擇 權;
- 由承租人、與 承租人有關的 一方以及有經 濟能力履行擔 保義務的獨立 第三方向本集 團提供的擔保 餘值。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Estimates (Continued)**

28. Leases (Continued)

28.2 The Group as lessor (Continued)

28.2.2 Classification of leases (Continued)

28.2.2.2 The Group records finance leasing business as a lessor (Continued)

> Variable lease payments that are not included in the measurement of net lease investments are recognized in profit or loss for the current period as incurred.

> Interest income in each period during the lease term are calculated and recognized by the Group using the fixed periodic rate of interest.

28.2.3 Lease modifications

The Group accounts for a modification to an operating lease as a new lease from the effective date of the modification, considering any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to the original lease as part of the lease payments for the new lease.

If the finance lease changes and meets the following conditions, the Group accounts for a lease modification as a separate lease:

- the modification expands the scope of the lease by increasing the right to use one or more leased assets;
- the consideration increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

28. 租賃(續)

28.2本集團作為出租人(續)

28.2.2 租賃的分類(續)

28.2.2.2 本集團作為出租人 記錄融資租賃業務 (續)

> 未納入租賃投資淨 額計量的可變租賃 收款額在實際發生 時計入當期損益。

> 本集團按照固定的 周期性利率計算並 確認租賃期內各個 期間的利息收入。

28.2.3 租賃變更

經營租賃發生變更的,本 集團自變更生效日起將其 作為一項新租賃進行會計 處理,與變更前租賃有關 的預收或應收租賃收款額 視為新租賃的收款額。

融資租賃發生變更且同時 符合下列條件的,本集團 將該變更作為一項單獨租 賃進行會計處理:

- 該變更通過增加一 項或多項租賃資產 的使用權而擴大了 租賃範圍;
- 增加的對價與租賃 範圍擴大部分的單 獨價格按該合同情 況調整後的金額相 當。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting **Estimates** (Continued)

28. Leases (Continued)

28.2 The Group as lessor (Continued)

28.2.3 Lease modifications (Continued)

If the modification of the finance lease is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group will account for the lease modification in the following cases:

- If the lease is classified as an operating lease when the modification becomes effective at the commencement date, the Group begins accounting for the lease modification as a new lease from the effective date of the modification and uses the net lease investment before the effective date of the lease modification as the carrying value of the leased asset;
- If the modification is effective at the commencement date and the lease is classified as a finance lease, the Group accounts for such modification in accordance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No. 22 -Recognition and Measurement of Financial Instruments in respect of the modification or renegotiation of contracts.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

三、重要會計政策及會計估計 (續)

28. 租賃(續)

28.2本集團作為出租人(續)

28.2.3 租賃變更(續)

融資租賃的變更未作為一 項單獨租賃進行會計處理 的,本集團分別下列情形 對變更後的租賃進行處 理:

- 假如變更在租賃開 始日生效,該租賃 會被分類為經營租 賃的,本集團自租 賃變更生效日開始 將其作為一項新租 賃進行會計處理, 並以租賃變更生效 日前的租賃投資淨 額作為租賃資產的 賬面價值;
- 假如變更在租賃開 始日生效,該租賃 會被分類為融資租 賃的,本集團按照 《企業會計準則第 22號一金融工具確 認和計量》關於修改 或重新議定合同的 規定進行會計處理。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Estimates (Continued)**

28. Leases (Continued)

28.2 The Group as lessor (Continued)

28.2.4 Sale and leaseback transaction

The Group as a seller and lessee

The Group determines whether the asset transfer in the sale and leaseback transaction constitutes a sale in accordance with Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No.14 – Revenue. If the transfer of assets is not a sale, the Group continues to recognize the transferred assets and recognizes a financial liability in equal amount to the transfer income, and accounts for the financial liabilities in accordance with Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No. 22 - Recognition and Measurement of Financial Instruments. Where the transfer of assets is a sale, the Group measures the right-of-use assets formed by the sale and leaseback based on the portion of the original asset's book value that is related to the use rights obtained from the leaseback, and only recognizes the relevant gains or loss that relates to the rights transferred to the lessor.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

28. 租賃(續)

28.2本集團作為出租人(續)

28.2.4 售後租回交易

本集團作為賣方及承租人 本集團按照《企業會計準 則第14號一收入》的規 定,評估確定售後租回交 易中的資產轉讓是否屬於 銷售。該資產轉讓不屬於 銷售的,本集團繼續確認 被轉讓資產,同時確認一 項與轉讓收入等額的金融 負債,並按照《企業會計 準則第22號一金融工具 確認和計量》對該金融負 債進行會計處理。該資產 轉讓屬於銷售的,本集團 按原資產賬面價值中與租 回獲得的使用權有關的部 分,計量售後租回所形成 的使用權資產, 並僅就轉 讓至出租人的權利確認相 關利得或損失。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting **Estimates** (Continued)

29. Hedge accounting

29.1 Basis of hedge accounting and accounting treatment

To manage the risk exposure caused by specific risks such as foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk, the Group has designated certain financial instruments as hedging instruments for hedging. The Group applies hedging accounting for a hedge that satisfies the prescribed conditions. Hedging activities of the Group include fair value hedges and cash flow hedges. For the hedges for foreign exchange risk with firm commitment, the Group treated them as cash flow hedges.

For the purpose of hedge accounting, the Group's hedging is classified as follows:

- (1) Fair value hedges refer to the hedging against the risk of fair value change in respect of definite commitments which are not yet recognized (other than exchange rate risks) of assets and liabilities already recognized.
- Cash flow hedges refer to the hedging against the (2) exposure to variability in cash flows that is either attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognized asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction, or a foreign currency risk in an unrecognized firm commitment.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

三、重要會計政策及會計估計 (續)

29. 套期會計

29.1 採用套期會計的依據與會 計處理方法

> 為管理外匯風險、利率風險等 特定風險引起的風險敞口,本 集團指定某些金融工具作為套 期工具進行套期。滿足規定條 件的套期,本集團採用套期會 計方法進行處理。本集團的套 期包括公允價值套期、現金流 量套期。對確定承諾的外匯風 險進行的套期,本集團作為現 金流量套期處理。

> 就套期會計方法而言,本集團 的套期保值分類為:

- (1) 公允價值套期,是指對已 確認資產或負債,尚未確 認的確定承諾(除匯率風 險外)的公允價值變動風 險進行的套期。
- (2) 現金流量套期,是指對現 金流量變動風險進行的套 期,此現金流量變動源於 與已確認資產或負債、很 可能發生的預期交易有關 的某類特定風險,或一項 未確認的確定承諾包含的 匯率風險。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Estimates** (Continued)

29. Hedge accounting (Continued)

29.1 Basis of hedge accounting and accounting treatment (Continued)

Hedges which meet the strict criteria for hedge accounting are accounted for as follows:

Fair value hedges

The Group's fair value hedge is a hedge against interest rate risk (risk of fair value change) of the fixed rate debt instruments.

Gains or losses arising from a hedging instrument are recognized in profit or loss for the current period. Gains or losses in respect of the hedged item attributable to hedged risk are recognized in profit or loss and the carrying amount of the hedged item that is not measured at fair value is adjusted.

For fair value hedge relating to debt instruments carried at amortized cost, the carrying amount of the hedged items is adjusted and amortized to profit or loss over the remaining term of the hedge using the effective interest rate method. Amortization begins on the date of adjustment but no later than the point when the hedged item ceases to be adjusted for hedging gains and losses.

Where the hedged items are firm commitments not yet recognized, upon designation of the hedging relationship, the accumulated change in fair value arising from the hedging risk of the firm commitments are recognized as an asset or a liability, and related gains and losses are taken to profit or loss for the current period. When the Group obtains assets or undertakes liabilities by performing firm commitments, the initial recognised amount of the assets or liabilities is adjusted to include the accumulated change in fair value of the recognised hedged items.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

29. 套期會計(續)

29.1採用套期會計的依據與會 計處理方法(續)

> 滿足套期會計方法的嚴格條件 的,按如下方法進行處理:

公允價值套期

本集團公允價值套期系對固定 利率債務工具的利率風險(公允 價值變動風險)進行的套期。

套期工具產生的利得或損失計 入當期損益。被套期項目因套 期風險敞口形成的利得或損 失,計入當期損益,同時調整 未以公允價值計量的被套期項 目的賬面價值。

就與按攤餘成本計量的債務工 具有關的公允價值套期而言, 對被套期項目賬面價值所作的 調整,在套期剩餘期間內採用 實際利率法進行攤銷,計入當 期損益。該攤銷自調整日開 始,但不晚於被套期項目終止 進行套期利得和損失調整的時 點。

被套期項目為尚未確認的確定 承諾的,套期關係指定後該確 定承諾的公允價值因被套期風 險引起的累計公允價值變動確 認為一項資產或負債,相關的 利得或損失計入當期損益。當 本集團履行確定承諾而取得資 產或承擔負債時,調整該資產 或負債的初始確認金額,以包 括已確認的被套期項目的公允 價值累計變動額。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting Estimates (Continued)

29. Hedge accounting (Continued)

29.1 Basis of hedge accounting and accounting treatment (Continued)

Cash flow hedges

The Group's cash flow hedge include hedges of the expected sales/procurements, foreign currency financial instruments, foreign exchange risk on firm commitments and interest rate risk of variable rate debt instruments (exposure to variability in cash flows).

The effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognized in other comprehensive income, while the ineffective portion is recognized in profit or loss.

If the expected transaction being hedged is subsequently recognized as non-financial assets or non-financial liabilities, or when the expected transaction of non-financial assets or non-financial liabilities becomes the firm commitment under applicable fair value hedges, the amount of cashflow hedging reserve originally recognized in other comprehensive income is transferred out and taken to the initial recognized amount of that asset or liability item. For other cashflow hedges, during the same period in which the expected cashflow being hedged affects profit or loss, for example when the expected sale occurs, the cashflow hedging reserve recognized in other comprehensive income is transferred out and taken to profit or loss for the current period.

When the Group no longer applies hedging accounting to cashflow hedges, if the future cashflow being hedged is still expected to occur, the amount previously taken to other comprehensive income is not transferred out until the expected transaction actually occurs or the firm commitment is performed; if the future cashflow being hedged is no longer expected to occur, the accumulated amount of cashflow hedging reserve shall be transferred out from other comprehensive income and taken to profit or loss for the current period.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日 | 期間

三、重要會計政策及會計估計 (續)

29. 套期會計(續)

29.1採用套期會計的依據與會 計處理方法(續)

現金流量套期

本集團現金流量套期包括對預 期銷售/採購、外幣金融工 具、確定承諾的外匯風險以及 浮動利率債務工具的利率風險 (現金流量變動風險)進行的套 期。

套期工具利得或損失中屬於套 期有效的部分,確認為其他綜 合收益,屬於套期無效的部 分,計入當期損益。

如果被套期的預期交易隨後確 認為非金融資產或非金融負 債,或非金融資產或非金融負 債的預期交易形成適用公允價 值套期的確定承諾時,則原在 其他綜合收益中確認的現金流 量套期儲備金額轉出,計入該 資產或負債的初始確認金額。 其餘現金流量套期在被套期的 預期現金流量影響損益的相同 期間,如預期銷售發生時,將 其他綜合收益中確認的現金流 量套期儲備轉出,計入當期損 益。

本集團對現金流量套期終止運 用套期會計時,如果被套期的 未來現金流量預期仍然會發 生,則以前計入其他綜合收益 的金額不轉出,直至預期交易 實際發生或確定承諾履行; 如 果被套期的未來現金流量預期 不再發生的,則累計現金流量 套期儲備的金額從其他綜合收 益中轉出,計入當期損益。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Estimates** (Continued)

29. Hedge accounting (Continued)

29.2 Effective evaluation of hedging

At the inception of a hedge relationship, the Group formally designates and documents the hedge relationship to which the Group wishes to apply hedge accounting, the risk management objective and the risk management strategy. The documentation includes identification of the hedging instrument, the hedged item, the nature of the risk being hedged and how the Group will assess the hedging instrument's effectiveness in offsetting the exposure to changes in the hedged item's fair value or cash flows attributable to the hedged risk. Besides, the Group assesses on an ongoing basis whether such hedging relationships are complying with the hedge effectiveness requirements as at the commencement date and in subsequent periods. The Group recognises that the hedging relationships meet hedge effectiveness requirements when they meet all of the following requirements:

- There is an economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument.
- The effect of credit risk does not dominate the value changes that result from that economic relationship.
- The hedge ratio of the hedging relationship is the same as that resulting from the quantity of the hedged item that the Group actually hedges and the quantity of the hedging instrument that the Group actually uses to hedge that quantity of hedged item.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

29. 套期會計(續)

29.2套期有效性評估方法

在套期關係開始時,本集團對 套期關係進行正式指定,並準 備了關於套期關係、風險管理 目標和風險管理策略的正式書 面文件。該文件載明瞭套期工 具、被套期項目,被套期風險 的性質,以及本集團對套期有 效性評估方法。套期有效性, 是指套期工具的公允價值或現 金流量變動能夠抵銷被套期風 險引起的被套期項目公允價值 或現金流量變動的程度。此 外,本集團在套期開始日及以 後期間持續地對套期關係是否 符合套期有效性要求進行評 估。套期同時滿足下列條件 的,本集團認定套期關係符合 套期有效性要求:

- 被套期項目和套期工具之 間存在經濟關係。
- 被套期項目和套期工具經 濟關係產生的價值變動 中,信用風險的影響不佔 主導地位。
- 套期關係的套期比率,等 於本集團實際套期的被套 期項目數量與對其進行套 期的套期工具實際數量之 比。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting Estimates (Continued)

29. Hedge accounting (Continued)

29.2 Effective evaluation of hedging (Continued)

If a hedging relationship ceases to meet the hedge effectiveness requirement relating to the hedge ratio but the risk management objective for that designated hedging relationship remains the same, the Group rebalances the hedging relationship and adjusts the quantity of the hedged items or hedging instruments having existed in the hedging relationship to make the hedge ratio conform to the hedge effectiveness requirement again.

If the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised (with the exception of rollover of the hedging strategic component or unfulfilled replacement), if its objective of risk management changes, so that the hedge relationship no longer satisfies the objective of risk management, or if the hedge no longer fulfills the other conditions under the accounting requirement of a hedge, the Group will cease the adoption of such hedge accounting.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

三、重要會計政策及會計估計 (續)

29. 套期會計(續)

29.2套期有效性評估方法(續)

套期關係由於套期比率的原因 而不再符合套期有效性要等 但指定該套期關係的風 目標沒有改變的,本集團將 行套期關係再平衡,套期關係再 在的套期關係中被套期項 在的套期關係中被查 套期工具的數量進行高套期有效 使套期比率重新符合套期有效 性要求。

如果套期工具已到期、他作的 套期策略組成部分的展期標 換除外),或因風險管理目標發 生變化,導致套期關係不再 足風險管理目標,或者該有 足風險管理目標,或者 。 不再滿足套期會計方法的其他 條件時,本集團終止運用套期 會計。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

30. Profit appropriation

Interim and final cash dividends of the Company are recognized as liabilities upon approval by shareholders in general meeting.

31. Safety funds

Safety funds provided for as required were included in cost of product or the current profit and loss, and credited in special reserve. And the funds are treated separately depending on whether fixed assets are resulted when being used: funds related to expenditure is offset against special reserve directly while those forming fixed assets will consolidate expenditure incurred and recognized as fixed assets when such assets are ready for their intended use, at the same time offsetting equivalent amounts in the special reserve and recognizing equivalent amounts of accumulated depreciation.

32. Segment reporting

The Group identifies operating segments based on the internal organization structure, managerial requirements and internal reporting system, identifies reportable segments based on operating segments and discloses segment information by operating segment.

An operating segment is a component of the Group that meets all the following conditions:

- (1) it engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses;
- its operating results are regularly reviewed by the Company's (2) management to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance;
- the Group is able to obtain relevant accounting information such as its financial position, operating results and cash flows of such segment.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

30. 利潤分配

本公司的中期及年度現金股利,於股 東大會批准後確認為負債。

31. 安全生產費

按照規定提取的安全生產費,計入相 關產品的成本或當期損益,同時計入 專項儲備;使用時區分是否形成固定 資產分別進行處理:屬於費用性支出 的,直接沖減專項儲備;形成固定資 產的,歸集所發生的支出,於達到預 定可使用狀態時確認固定資產,同時 沖減等值專項儲備並確認等值累計折

32. 分部報告

本集團以內部組織結構、管理要求、 內部報告制度為依據確定經營分部, 以經營分部為基礎確定報告分部並披 露分部信息。

經營分部是指本集團內同時滿足下列 條件的組成部分:

- 該組成部分能夠在日常活動中 產生收入、發生費用;
- 本公司管理層能夠定期評價該 組成部分的經營成果,以決定 向其配置資源、評價其業績;
- (3) 本集團能夠取得該組成部分的 財務狀況、經營成果和現金流 量等有關會計信息。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

32. Segment reporting (Continued)

If two or more segments have similar economic characteristics and meet certain conditions, then they can be aggregated into a single operating segment.

33. Significant accounting judgments and estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that will affect the reported amounts and disclosure of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the balance sheet date. However, uncertainty about these estimates and assumptions could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

33.1 Judgments

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments which have significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements.

Confirmation of functional currency

Since the Company owns a number of overseas subsidiaries, associates and branch organizations, when recognizing its functional currency, multiple factors are taken into consideration to recognize the major economic environment of their operating locations. Under circumstances with multiple factors and no obvious functional currency, the Group uses judgment to confirm its functional currency. Such judgment is the best to reflect economic influence of the underlying transactions, events and environment.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

32. 分部報告(續)

兩個或多個經營分部具有相似的經濟 特徵, 並且滿足一定條件的, 則可合 併為一個經營分部。

33. 重大會計判斷和估計

編製財務報表要求管理層作出判斷、 估計和假設,這些判斷、估計和假設 會影響收入、費用、資產和負債的列 報金額及其披露,以及資產負債表日 或有負債的披露。這些假設和估計的 不確定性所導致的結果可能造成對未 來受影響的資產或負債的賬面金額進 行重大調整。

33.1判斷

在應用本集團的會計政策的過 程中,管理層作出了以下對財 務報表所確認的金額具有重大 影響的判斷。

記賬本位幣的確定

本公司在境外擁有多家子公 司、聯營企業及分支機構,在 確定其記賬本位幣時,考慮多 個因素確定其經營所處的主要 經濟環境。在多個因素混合在 一起, 記賬本位幣不明顯的情 況下,本集團運用判斷以確定 其記賬本位幣,該判斷最能反 映基礎交易、事項和環境的經 濟影響。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

33. Significant accounting judgments and estimates (Continued)

33.1 Judgments (Continued)

Sale and leaseback sub-leases

Leasing of forklift trucks is the principal business of KION GROUP AG ("KION"), which includes 3 categories: direct leasing, sale and leaseback sub-leases and indirect leasing. To fund leases, industrial forklift trucks are generally sold by KION and its subsidiaries ("KION Group") to finance partners. The industrial forklift trucks are then leased back to companies under KION Group (head leases), which sublease them to external end customers (described below as "sale and leaseback sub-leases"). These head leases generally have a term of four to five years. Taking into account the fact that the finance partners can only lease the industrial forklift trucks to KION Group, at rental rate determined based on transfer income plus an agreed rate of return, and the leased assets are to be owned by KION Group upon expiry of the term of the head leases, the management of the Group considers that under the sale and leaseback sub-leases arrangements, the control over the respective leased assets incidental to the head leases are retained by KION Group, the asset transfer is not considered as a sale. As such, the Group continues to recognize the transferred assets and at the same time recognizes a financial liability that corresponds to the amount of the transfer income.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

33. 重大會計判斷和估計(續)

33.1判斷(續)

售後租回再轉租安排

叉車租賃業務為KION GROUP AG(以下簡稱「KION」)的主要 業務,主要有三類:直接租 賃、售後租回再轉租和間接租 賃。為滿足融資需求, KION及 其子公司(以下簡稱「KION集 團」)將工業叉車銷售給金融合 作夥伴,然後由KION集團內的 公司租回(首次租賃),再轉租 給外部最終用戶(以下稱為「售 後租回再轉租」),首次租賃的 租賃期通常為4到5年。考慮到 金融合作夥伴僅能將工業叉車 出租給KION集團,租金按轉讓 收入加約定的回報率商定,且 首次租賃期屆滿之時租賃資產 歸KION集團所有,本集團管理 層認為售後租回再轉租安排下 首次租賃對應租賃資產的控制 權仍然由KION集團保留,該資 產轉讓不屬於銷售。因此,本 集團繼續確認被轉讓資產,同 時確認一項與轉讓收入等額的 金融負債。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

33. Significant accounting judgments and estimates (Continued)

33.1 Judgments (Continued)

Indirect leasing arrangement

KION Group sells industrial forklift trucks to finance partners, who then lease them to external end customers (abbreviated below as "indirect leasing"). Taking into account the contract terms and historical commercial practice, KION Group repurchases from finance partners the transferred industrial forklift trucks at agreed prices or market prices when the term of indirect leasing expires, the management of the Group considers that KION Group still maintain control over the corresponding leased-out assets, and asset transfer under the indirect leasing arrangement is not considered a sale. As such, the Group continues to recognize the transferred assets, and the present value of the Group's obligations to repurchase is recognized as a liability. The difference between the transfer income and such liability is accounted for in accordance with Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No. 21 -Leases.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

33. 重大會計判斷和估計(續)

33.1判斷(續)

間接租賃安排

KION集團將工業叉車銷售給金 融合作夥伴,再由金融合作夥 伴租賃給外部最終客戶(以下簡 稱「間接租賃」)。考慮到合同條 款及過往的商業慣例,KION集 團在間接租賃的租賃期屆滿之 時均會以約定價格或市場價格 向金融合作夥伴回購被轉讓的 工業叉車,本集團管理層認為 KION集團仍保留相應租出資產 的控制權,間接租賃安排下的 資產轉讓不屬於銷售。因此, 本集團繼續確認被轉讓資產, 對於本集團承擔的回購義務的 現值確認一項負債,轉讓收入 與該負債之間的差額按照《企業 會計準則第21號一租賃》進行 會計處理。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

33. Significant accounting judgments and estimates (Continued)

33.1 Judgments (Continued)

Indirect leasing arrangement (Continued)

Method of ascertaining of performance progress for contracts (only applicable to situations where control is transferred within a period of time)

The input method is adopted by the Group to ascertain the progress of performance of contracts. In ascertaining performance progress, products for which control is not yet transferred to customers are deducted. Specifically, the performance costs actually incurred on a cumulative basis as a percentage of estimated total costs is used to ascertain progress of performance. Performance costs actually incurred on a cumulative basis include direct and indirect costs incurred by the Group in the course of fulfilling its performance obligations, but does not include costs that are not proportional to the performance progress of the Group, such as costs of products or materials not yet installed, used or consumed. The Group considers that contract prices are ascertained on the basis of performance costs, and the adjusted costs actually incurred as a percentage of expected total costs can essentially reflect truly the performance progress of the Group.

As the period of validity of such contracts is relatively long and may span over a number of accounting periods, the Group shall review and revise budget as the duration of the contracts continues, and adjust the amount of recognized revenue accordingly.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

33. 重大會計判斷和估計(續)

33.1判斷(續)

間接租賃安排(續)

合同履約進度的確定方法(僅適 用於控制權在一段時間內轉移 的情形)

本集團按照投入法確定合同的 履約進度,在確定履約進度 時,扣除那些控制權尚未轉移 給客戶的商品。具體而言,本 集團按照累計實際發生的履約 成本佔預計總成本的比例確定 履約進度,累計實際發生的履 約成本包括本集團為履行履約 義務所發生的直接和間接成 本,但不包括與本集團履行履 約進度不成比例的成本(如尚未 安裝、使用或消耗的商品或材 料成本等)。本集團認為,合同 價款以履約成本為基礎確定, 實際發生的經調整成本佔預計 總成本的比例基本能夠如實反 映本集團的履約進度。

鑒於該等合同存續期間較長, 可能跨越幾個會計期間,本集 團會隨著合同的推進覆核並修 訂預算,相應調整收入確認金 額。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

33. Significant accounting judgments and estimates (Continued)

33.1 Judgments (Continued)

Business model

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the business model of the Group's management of financial assets. In judging the business model, the Group considers corporate appraisal, methods of reporting the results of financial assets to key management members, risks affecting the results of financial assets and its management, as well as the methods of remunerating relevant business managers and so forth. In assessing whether the objective is to collect contractual cash flows, the Group needs to analyze and judge the reasons for disposing of the financial assets before maturity, time, frequency and value of the financial assets and so forth.

Contractual cash flow characteristics

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. When it is necessary to judge whether the contractual cash flow is only the payment of the principal and the interest based on the outstanding principal, including the assessment of the correction of the time value of money, it is necessary to judge whether there is a significant difference compared with the benchmark cash flow. For financial assets with early repayment features, it is necessary to judge whether the fair value of the early repayment features is minimal.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

33. 重大會計判斷和估計(續)

33.1判斷(續)

業務模式

金融資產於初始確認時的分類 取決於本集團管理金融資產的 業務模式,在判斷業務模式 時,本集團考慮包括企業評價 和向關鍵管理人員報告金融資 產業績的方式、影響金融資產 業績的風險及其管理方式以及 相關業務管理人員獲得報酬的 方式等。在評估是否以收取合 同現金流量為目標時,本集團 需要對金融資產到期日前的出 售原因、時間、頻率和價值等 進行分析判斷。

合同現金流量特徵

金融資產於初始確認時的分類 取決於金融資產的合同現金流 量特徵,需要判斷合同現金流 量是否僅為對本金和以未償付 本金為基礎的利息的支付時, 包含對貨幣時間價值的修正進 行評估時,需要判斷與基準現 金流量相比是否具有顯著差 異、對包含提前還款特徵的金 融資產,需要判斷提前還款特 徵的公允價值是否非常小等。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

33. Significant accounting judgments and estimates (Continued)

33.2 Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the future accounting periods, are discussed below.

Impairment of accounts receivable and contract assets

The Group uses the expected credit loss model to assess the impairment of accounts receivable and contract assets. The application of the expected credit loss model requires significant judgments and estimations, and all reasonable and evidenced information, including forward-looking information, should be considered. In making such judgments and estimations, the Group infers the expected changes in the debtor's credit risk based on the historical repayment data in combination with economic policies, macroeconomic indicators, and industry risks.

Provision for losses in respect of accounts receivable and contract assets is measured at the amount of the lifetime expected credit losses. Regarding the accounts receivable and contract assets for which impairment matrix is applied (on a group basis) to determine credit losses, the Group relies on common risk profiles to classify them into different groups. Such common risk profiles include ages, overdue ages, credit risk rating and so forth. Regarding receivables and contract assets which are individually significant or are individually insignificant but have special credit risks, impairment testing is conducted individually.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

33. 重大會計判斷和估計(續)

33.2 估計的不確定性

以下為於資產負債表日有關未 來的關鍵假設以及估計不確定 性的其他關鍵來源,可能會導 致未來會計期間資產和負債賬 面金額重大調整。

應收賬款及合同資產減值

本集團採用預期信用損失模型 對應收賬款及合同資產的減值 進行評估,應用預期信用損失 模型需要做出重大判斷和估 計,需考慮所有合理且有依據 的信息,包括前瞻性信息。在 做出該等判斷和估計時,本集 團根據歷史還款數據結合經濟 政策、宏觀經濟指標、行業風 險等因素推斷債務人信用風險 的預期變動。

本集團按照相當於整個存續期 內預期信用損失的金額計量應 收賬款和合同資產的損失準 備。對於在組合基礎上採用減 值矩陣確定信用損失的應收賬 款和合同資產,本集團以共同 風險特徵為依據,將其分為不 同組別,所採用的共同信用風 險特徵包括: 賬齡、逾期賬 齡、信用風險評級等。對於單 項金額重大以及單項金額不重 大但具有特別信用風險的應收 賬款和合同資產,本集團單獨 進行減值測試。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

33. Significant accounting judgments and estimates (Continued)

33.2 Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Impairment of accounts receivable and contract assets (Continued)

Where the result of re-estimation is different from the existing estimation, the difference will affect the profit of the period of changes in estimates and the carrying amount of the accounts receivable and contract assets.

Impairment of non-current assets other than financial assets (other than goodwill and trademarks with indefinite useful life)

At the balance sheet date, the Company makes its judgment as to whether there is any evidence indicating potential impairment of non-current assets other than financial assets. Intangible assets with indefinite useful life shall be tested for impairment when there is any indication of impairment in addition to the annual impairment testing. Other noncurrent assets other than financial assets shall be tested for impairment if there is any evidence indicating that their carrying amount cannot be recovered. When the carrying amount of an asset or asset groups is higher than the recoverable amount, which is the higher of the net amount of its fair value less costs of disposal and the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset, it indicates impairment. The net amount of the fair value less costs of disposal is determined by making reference to the price in a sale agreement in an arm's length transaction or the observable market price less the incremental costs directly attributable to such assets disposal. In projecting the present value of future cashflow, the management is required to estimate the projected future cashflow of the asset or asset group and select an appropriate discount rate for determining the present value of future cashflow.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日 | 期間

(續)

33. 重大會計判斷和估計(續)

33.2 估計的不確定性(續)

應收賬款及合同資產減值 (續)

如果重新估計結果與現有估計 存在差異,該差異將會影響估 計改變期間的利潤和應收賬款 與合同資產的賬面價值。

除金融資產之外的非流動資 產減值(除商譽和使用壽命不 確定的商標外)

本集團於資產負債表日對除金 融資產之外的非流動資產判斷 是否存在可能發生減值的跡 象。對使用壽命不確定的無形 資產,除每年進行的減值測試 外,當其存在減值跡象時,也 進行減值測試。其他除金融資 產之外的非流動資產,當存在 跡象表明其賬面金額不可收回 時,進行減值測試。當資產或 資產組的賬面價值高於可收回 金額,即公允價值減去處置費 用後的淨額和預計未來現金流 量的現值中的較高者,表明發 生了減值。公允價值減去處置 費用後的淨額,參考公平交易 中類似資產的銷售協議價格或 可觀察到的市場價格,減去可 直接歸屬於該資產處置的增量 成本確定。預計未來現金流量 現值時,管理層必須估計該項 資產或資產組的預計未來現金 流量,並選擇恰當的折現率確 定未來現金流量的現值。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

33. Significant accounting judgments and estimates (Continued)

33.2 Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Impairment of goodwill and trademarks with indefinite useful life

The Group determines whether goodwill and trademarks with indefinite useful life are impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the recoverable amount of the asset group or group of asset groups including the goodwill and trademarks. Estimating the recoverable amount requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the asset group or group of asset groups and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

Defined benefit plans

The management of the Group recognizes net liabilities under defined benefit plans based on calculating model of the present value of the defined benefit obligations less fair value of the assets under the plan. The present value of defined benefit obligations comprises of various assumptions, including term of benefits and discount rate. Inconsistency between the future events and such assumptions may subject the net liabilities under defined benefit plans on the balance sheet date to material adjustment.

Fair value

Certain assets and liabilities of the Group are measured at fair value on the financial statements. The aforesaid measurement is on the basis of some assumptions. Fair value may differ significantly if future events deviate from such assumptions.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

33. 重大會計判斷和估計(續)

33.2 估計的不確定性(續)

商譽及使用壽命不確定商標 減值

本集團至少每年測試商譽和使 用壽命不確定的商標是否發生 減值。進行測試時必須估算包 含商譽及商標的相關資產組或 者資產組組合的可收回金額。 可收回金額之估算需要本集團 估算資產組或者資產組組合預 期所產生之未來現金流量及選 擇合嫡折現率以計算該等現金 流量之現值。

設定受益計劃

本集團的管理層依據模型計算 的設定受益義務的現值減計劃 資產的公允價值確定設定受益 計劃淨負債。設定受益義務的 現值計算包含多項假設,包括 受益期限及折現率。倘若未來 事項與該等假設不符,可能導 致對於資產負債表日設定受益 計劃淨負債的重大調整。

公允價值

本集團某些資產和負債在財務 報表中按公允價值計量,上述 公允價值評估包含多項假設, 倘未來事項與該假設不符,可 能導致公允價值的重大調整。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

33. Significant accounting judgments and estimates (Continued)

33.2 Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all unused deductible temporary differences and deductible losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and deductible losses can be utilized. Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profit together with future tax planning strategies.

Provision for decline in value of inventories

Provision for decline in value of inventories is recognized on the basis of the net realizable value of inventories. The management's judgments and estimates are required for determining the net realizable value of inventories on the basis of clear evidence, taking into consideration of purpose of holding the inventories, effect of subsequent events and other factors. The difference between the actual outcome and original estimate will affect the carrying amount of inventories and provision or reversal of decline in value of inventories during the estimated revision period.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

33. 重大會計判斷和估計(續)

33.2 估計的不確定性(續)

遞延所得税資產

在很可能有足夠的應納税所得 額用以抵扣可抵扣暫時性差異 和可抵扣虧損的限度內,應就 所有尚未利用的可抵扣暫時性 差異和可抵扣虧損確認遞延所 得税資產。這需要管理層運用 大量的判斷來估計未來取得應 納税所得額的時間和金額,結 合納税籌劃策略,以決定應確 認的遞延所得税資產的金額。

存貨跌價準備

本集團以存貨的可變現淨值為 判斷基礎確認跌價準備。確定 存貨的可變現淨值要求管理層 在取得確鑿證據,並且考慮持 有存貨的目的、資產負債表日 後事項的影響等因素的基礎上 作出判斷和估計。實際的結果 與原先估計的差異將在估計被 改變的期間影響存貨的賬面價 值及存貨跌價準備的計提或轉 0

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 Accounting Estimates (Continued)

33. Significant accounting judgments and estimates (Continued)

33.2 Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Recognition of accruals and provisions related to quality warranty of products

The Group estimates the obligation related to quality warranty of guaranteed products based on contractual terms, current knowledge and historical experience. The Group reasonably estimates maintenance fee charge and makes relevant provision based on all relevant data including historical data on and current situation of maintenance, product upgrade and market changes.

Estimated useful lives of fixed assets and intangible assets

The Group reviews the estimated useful lives of fixed assets and intangible assets at least once at the end of the year. Estimated useful lives are determined by the management based on historical experience of similar assets and expected technological advancement. Corresponding adjustment to depreciation and amortization expenses for future periods will be made in case of substantial changes in previous estimates.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

33. 重大會計判斷和估計(續)

33.2 估計的不確定性(續)

與產品質量保證相關預計負 債的確認

本集團根據合同條款、現有知 識及歷史經驗,對保證類產品 質量保證相關的義務進行估 計。本集團在考慮歷史保修數 據、當前保修情況,產品改 進、市場變化等全部相關信息 後,對保修費率進行合理估 計,並計提相應準備。

固定資產及無形資產的預計 可使用年限

本集團至少於每年年度終了, 對固定資產及無形資產的預計 使用壽命進行覆核。預計使用 壽命是管理層基於對同類資產 歷史經驗並結合預期技術更新 而確定的。當以往的估計發生 重大變化時,則相應調整未來 期間的折舊及攤銷費用。

1 January to 30 June 2020

III. Significant Accounting Policies and 三、重要會計政策及會計估計 **Accounting Estimates (Continued)**

33. Significant accounting judgments and estimates (Continued)

33.2 Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Limitations on the estimation of variable consideration In estimating variable consideration, the Group considers all such information as shall be reasonably obtained, including historical data, current data and projected data, thereby estimating the amount of possible consideration and the probability to the extent of such quantities as shall be reasonable. If it is estimated that multiple outcomes are possible for the contracts, the Group estimates the amount of variable consideration based on the expected value approach. If it is estimated that only two outcomes are possible, the variable consideration is arrived at using the most likely outcome method. Variable consideration is included in the transaction price to the extent it is highly probable that there will not be a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized when the uncertainty is resolved. In assessing whether it is highly probable that there will not be a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized when the uncertainty relevant to the variable consideration is resolved, the Group also considers the possibility of reversal of income and the ratio of reversed amount. On each balance sheet date, the Group re-assesses the amount of variable consideration, including re-assessing whether the estimation of variable consideration is limited, to reflect the circumstance as at the end of the reporting period as well as changes during the reporting period.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

33. 重大會計判斷和估計(續)

33.2 估計的不確定性(續)

評估可變對價的限制

本集團對可變對價進行估計 時,考慮能夠合理獲得的所有 信息,包括歷史信息、當前信 息以及預測信息,在合理的數 量範圍內估計各種可能發生的 對價金額以及概率。估計合同 可能產生多個結果時,本集團 按照期望值法估計可變對價金 額,當合同僅由兩個可能結果 時,本集團按照最可能發生金 額估計可變對價金額。包含可 變對價的交易價格不超過在相 關不確定性消除時累計已確認 收入極可能不會發生重大轉回 的金額。本集團在評估與可變 評估可變對價的限制對價相關 的不確定性消除時,累計已確 認的收入金額是否極可能不會 發生重大轉回時,同時考慮收 入轉回的可能性及轉回金額的 比重。本集團在每一資產負債 表日,重新評估可變對價金 額,包括重新評估對可變對價 的估計是否受到限制,以反映 報告期末存在的情況以及報告 期內發生的情況變化。

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

IV. Taxation

Major categories of taxes and respective tax rates

四、税項

1. 主要税種及税率

Value-added tax (VAT) 增值税 For the Group's PRC subsidiaries, output VAT is calculated by applying 13%, 9% and 6% to the taxable income for normal taxpayers, but the Group may pay it after deducting deductible input VAT for the current period.

本集團境內子公司一般納税人按應税收入的13%、9%、6%的税率計算銷項税,並按扣除當期允許抵扣的進項税額後的差額計繳增值税。

 The basis of computation and applicable rate of VAT primarily applicable to major overseas subsidiaries of the Group are set out below:

本集團境外子公司主要適用的增值稅計稅依據及適用稅率列示如下:

Basis of computation	Applicable country	Tax rate
計税依據	適用國家	税率
Amount of taxable added-value	Germany	19%
應納税增值額	德國	

Value-added tax rates applicable in other countries follow the tax laws and regulations in force in the respective countries. 其他國家增值稅稅率遵循當地稅務法律法規確定。

City maintenance and construction tax 城市維護建設税 - It is levied at 7% or 5% on the actual turnover taxes paid. 按實際繳納的流轉税的7%或5%計繳。

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

IV. Taxation (Continued)

1. Major categories of taxes and respective tax rates (Continued)

四、税項(續)

1. 主要税種及税率(續)

Education surcharge

教育費附加

It is levied at 3% on the actual turnover taxes paid.

按實際繳納的流轉税的3%計繳。

Local education surcharge

地方教育費附加

It is levied at 2% on the actual turnover taxes paid.

按實際繳納的流轉税的2%計繳。

Corporate income tax

企業所得税

 It is levied at 15% or 25% on the taxable profit, except that for overseas subsidiaries, it is levied at the statutory tax rate of the countries or regions in which the subsidiaries operate.

除海外子公司按其所在國家、地區的法定税率計繳外,企業所得税按 應納税所得額的15%或25%計繳。

 The basis of computation and applicable rate of corporate income tax primarily applicable to major overseas subsidiaries of the Group are set out below:

本集團境外主要子公司主要適用的企業所得税計税依據及適用税率列 示加下:

Basis of computation 計税依據	Applicable country 適用國家	Tax rate 税率
Amount of taxable income 應納税所得額	Germany 德國	30.73%
Amount of taxable income	United States	21.00%
應納税所得額	of America	
	美國	

Income tax rates applicable in other countries follow the tax laws and regulations in force in the respective countries.

其他國家所得稅稅率遵循當地稅務法律法規確定。

Certain oversea subsidiaries enjoy tax benefits pursuant to the local tax policies.

某些境外子公司按照當地税收政策享受税收優惠。

1 January to 30 June 2020

IV. Taxation (Continued)

2. Tax benefits

Preferential corporate income tax for the Company

The Company was recognized as a high-tech enterprise on 27 November 2008. The Company continued to be recognized as a high-tech enterprise in 2017 and is therefore entitled to enjoy a preferential income tax rate of 15% from 2017 to 2019. The Company is expected to continue to enjoy a 15% preferential tax rate for corporate income tax in 2020.

Preferential corporate income tax for the domestic subsidiaries of the Company

Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd., Shaanxi Fast Gear Co., Ltd., Baoji Fast Gear Co., Ltd., Zhuzhou Gear Co., Ltd., Zhuzhou Torch Machinery Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Weichai Power Yangzhou Diesel Engine Co., Ltd., Weichai Power Freshen Air Technology Co., Ltd., Baudouin (Weifang) Power Co., Ltd. and Linde Hydraulics (China) Co., Ltd. were recognized as high-tech enterprises in 2017 and are therefore entitled to enjoy a preferential income tax rate of 15% from 2017 to 2019. The Group expected that the abovementioned companies will continue to enjoy a 15% preferential tax rate for corporate income tax in 2020.

Shaanxi Hande Axle Co., ("Hande Axle"), Hande Axle (Zhuzhou) Gear Co., Ltd., Xi'an Fast Auto Drive Co., Ltd., Zhuzhou Torch Sparkplugs Co., Ltd., Weichai (Chongqing) Automotive Co., Ltd. and Tianjin Tsintel Technology Company Limited were recognized as high-tech enterprises in 2018 and are therefore entitled to enjoy a preferential income tax rate of 15% from 2018 to 2020.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

四、税項(續)

2. 税收優惠

本公司企業所得税優惠

本公司於2008年11月27日被認定為高新技術企業,2017年本公司繼續通過高新技術企業認定,自2017年至2019年享受15%的所得稅優惠稅率。本公司預計於2020年仍可減按15%的優惠稅率繳納企業所得稅。

本公司境內子公司企業所得税 優惠

陝西重型汽車有限公司、陝西法士特齒輪有限責任公司、株洲齒輪有限責任公司、株洲齒輪有限責任公司、株洲湖火炬機械製造有限責任公司、維柴動力揚州柴油機有限不量、維果動力空氣淨化科技有限公司、博杜安(濰坊)動力有限公司於2017年至2019年享受15%所得税優惠税率。本集團預計上述公司於2020年仍可減按15%的優惠税率繳納企業所得税。

陝西漢德車橋有限公司(以下簡稱「漢德車橋」)、漢德車橋(株洲)齒輪有限公司、西安法士特汽車傳動有限公司、株洲湘火炬火花塞有限責任公司、維柴(重慶)汽車有限公司和天津清智科技有限公司於2018年通過高新技術企業認定,自2018年至2020年享受15%所得税優惠税率。

1 January to 30 June 2020

IV. Taxation (Continued)

2. Tax benefits (Continued)

Weichai Power (Weifang) Reconstruction Co., Ltd. was recognized as a high-tech enterprise in 2019 and is therefore entitled to enjoy a preferential income tax rate of 15% from 2019 to 2021.

Pursuant to the requirement of Cai Shui [2019] No. 13, Shaanxi Fast Automotive Components Import and Export Company Limited, Weichai Digital Technology Co., Ltd., Weifang Weichai Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd. (濰坊濰柴智能科技有限公司), Weichai (Weifang) Venture Capital Co., Ltd. (濰柴(濰坊) 創業投資有限公 司) and Weifang Internal Combustion Engine Quality Inspection Center Company Limited (濰坊內燃機質量檢驗中心有限公司) may apply the inclusive tax deduction and exemption policies for small enterprises and is subject to corporate income tax at the reduced rate of 20% based on its taxable income which is taken as 25% of its income.

Pursuant to the requirement of the Notice Concerning Issues on Taxation Policies Relating to the Thorough Implementation of China's Strategy of Western Development (Cai Shui Fa No. [2011] 58) (《關於深入實施西部大開發戰略有關稅收政策問題的通知》) promulgated by MOF, the State Administration of Taxation and the General Administration of Customs dated 27 July 2011, the following companies have implemented preferential tax policy of 15% for the Western Development:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

四、税項(續)

2. 税收優惠(續)

濰柴動力(濰坊)再製造有限公司於 2019年通過高新技術企業認定,自 2019年至2021年享受15%所得税優 惠税率。

根據財税[2019]13號的規定,陝西 法士特汽車零部件進出口有限公司、 濰柴數字科技有限公司、濰坊濰柴智 能科技有限公司、濰柴(濰坊)創業投 資有限公司和濰坊內燃機質量檢驗中 心有限公司符合適用小微企業普惠性 税收減免政策,其所得減按25%計 入應納税所得額,按20%的税率繳 納企業所得税。

根據財政部、國家税務總局、海關總 署2011年7月27日財税發[2011]58 號文《關於深入實施西部大開發戰略 有關税收政策問題的通知》的規定, 下列公司享受西部大開發15%的税 收優惠政策:

1 January to 30 June 2020

IV. Taxation (Continued)

2. Tax benefits (Continued)

Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd., Hande Axle, Shaanxi Jinding Casting Co., Ltd., Shaanxi Automobile Xinjiang Motor Co., Ltd., Shaanxi Fast Gear Co., Ltd., Xi'an Fast Auto Drive Co., Ltd., Baoji Fast Gear Co., Ltd., Fast Eaton (Xi'an) Power Transmission System Co., Ltd. and Fast Eaton (Baoji) Light-duty Transmission Co., Ltd. (法 士特伊頓 (寶雞) 輕型變速器有限責任公司).

Pursuant to the requirement of the Announcement concerning the Cancellation of 22 Matters of Approvals About Non-administrative Permissions to be Sought for Taxation Issues numbered 58 of 2015 issued by the State Administration of Taxation on 18 August 2015, for those companies entitled to the preferential tax treatment at 15% under the western development strategy of China, only filing is required instead of approval. All the aforesaid companies have passed the examination of 2019 Taxation Filing as scheduled, and are expected to continue to be entitled to the preferential tax treatment under the western development strategy of China in 2020.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

四、税項(續)

2. 税收優惠(續)

陝西重型汽車有限公司、漢德車橋、 陝西金鼎鑄造有限公司、陝汽新疆汽 車有限公司、陝西法士特齒輪有限責 任公司、西安法士特汽車傳動有限責 任公司、寶雞法士特齒輪有限責任公司、法士特伊頓(西安)動力傳動系統 有限責任公司和法士特伊頓(寶雞)輕 型變速器有限責任公司。

根據2015年8月18日國家稅務總局公告2015年第58號文《關於公佈已取消的22項稅務非行政許可審批事項的公告》的規定,享受西部大開發15%的稅收優惠政策的公司不需要審批只需備查,上述公司均已按期完成2019年的稅務備查工作,預期2020年仍將獲得享受西部大開發稅收優惠政策的資格。

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 **Statements**

1. Cash and cash equivalents

1. 貨幣資金

RMB

人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Cash at bank	庫存現金	12,789,391.16	2,828,793.63
Bank deposits	銀行存款	38,901,565,551.25	42,237,896,644.63
Other cash and cash equivalents	其他貨幣資金	6,854,173,909.69	6,576,896,768.00
Total	合計	45,768,528,852.10	48,817,622,206.26

As at 30 June 2020, cash and cash equivalents of the Group with title restrictions amounted to RMB6,814,562,722.22 (31 December 2019: RMB6,532,037,281.10), please refer to Note V.67.

As at 30 June 2020, the Group held cash and cash equivalents of RMB2,465,245,384.16 (31 December 2019: RMB1,596,661,092.24), which were deposited overseas.

於 2020 年 6 月 30 日 , 本 集 團 所 有權受限制的貨幣資金為人民幣 6,814,562,722.22元(2019年12月31 日:人民幣6,532,037,281.10元), 詳見附計五、67。

於2020年6月30日,本集團存放 於境外的貨幣資金折合人民幣為 2,465,245,384.16元(2019年12月31 日:折合人民幣為1,596,661,092.24 元)。

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

2. Financial assets held for trading

(續)

2. 交易性金融資產

RMB

人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Classified as financial assets at fair value	分類為以公允價值計量且其變動		
through profit or loss	計入當期損益的金融資產		
Incl.: Other debt investments	其中:其他債務工具投資	150,669,886.00	37,576,924.00
Forward foreign exchange	遠期外匯合約		
contracts		120,609,150.00	73,270,312.50
Structured deposits	結構性存款	9,556,960,313.19	4,339,954,315.07
Other derivative financial assets	其他衍生金融資產	-	257,911.50
Total	合計	9,828,239,349.19	4,451,059,463.07

3. Notes receivable

Classification of notes receivable

3. 應收票據

應收票據分類

RMB

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Bank acceptance bills	銀行承兑匯票	24,914,347,693.33	15,920,141,988.31

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

Notes receivable (Continued)

Notes receivable pledged by the Group as at period end

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 (續)

3. 應收票據(續)

期末本集團已質押的應收票據

RMB

人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Bank acceptance bills	銀行承兑匯票	11,218,574,135.51	12,147,538,825.61

Notes receivable endorsed or discounted by the Group as at period end and not yet expired as at the balance sheet date

期末本集團已背書或貼現且在 資產負債表日尚未到期的應收 票據

> **RMB** 人民幣元

		30 Jun	e 2020	31 December 2019		
		2020年(2020年6月30日		2月31日	
		Derecognized	Not derecognized	Derecognized	Not derecognized	
		終止確認	未終止確認	終止確認	未終止確認	
Bank acceptance bills	銀行承兑匯票	32,795,397.41	-	3,658,307,945.85	_	

As at 30 June 2020, the Group had not transferred any notes into accounts receivable due to issuers' failure in performance (31 December 2019: Nil).

The Group considered that the credit rating of the bank acceptance bills was relatively high and there was no significant credit risk. Therefore, no provision for losses was made.

於2020年6月30日,本集團無因出票 人無力履約而將票據轉為應收賬款的 票據(2019年12月31日:無)。

本集團認為所持有的銀行承兑匯票的 承兑銀行信用評級較高,不存在重大 的信用風險,因此未計提損失準備。

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

Accounts receivable

The Group trades with its customers primarily on credit terms, and generally requires prepayments or cash on delivery for new customers. Credit period for credit customers is generally one to twelve months. Accounts receivable is non-interest bearing.

An aging analysis based on invoice dates is presented as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

4. 應收賬款

本集團與客戶間的貿易條款以信用交 易為主,且一般要求新客戶預付款或 採取貨到付款方式進行, 赊銷客戶的 信用期通常為1至12個月。應收賬款 並不計息。

根據開票日期,按賬齡披露:

RMB

人民幣元

Age		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
賬齡		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Within 1 year	1年以內	17,742,834,679.88	14,360,458,470.45
1 to 2 years	1年至2年	1,482,763,712.04	504,740,712.30
2 to 3 years	2年至3年	244,587,111.12	115,039,514.56
Over 3 years	3年以上	1,025,246,367.39	965,456,525.01
Total at original amount	原值合計	20,495,431,870.43	15,945,695,222.32
Less: Provision for credit loss in respect	減:應收賬款信用損失準備		
of accounts receivable		2,005,442,280.78	1,660,432,925.23
Total at net amount	淨值合計	18,489,989,589.65	14,285,262,297.09

Disclosure by category of provision for credit losses:

按信用損失計提方法分類披露:

		30 June 2020		31 December 2019						
			2020年	6月30日			2019年1	12月31日]31∄	
		Gross carrying	Proportion	Provision for	Percentage	Gross carrying	Proportion	Provision for	Percentage	
Item				credit losses		amount	(%)	credit losses	(%)	
					計提				計提	
項目		賬面餘額	比例(%)	信用損失準備	比例(%)	賬面餘額	比例(%)	信用損失準備	比例(%)	
Items assessed for expected credit losses 單項	評估預期信用									
	(失	2,407,788,034.69	11.75	1,380,449,029.31	57.33	2,728,834,722.55	17.11	1,215,508,645.54	44.54	
Items assessed for expected credit losses 按信	自用風險特徵組合									
by group with distinctive credit risk	平估預期信用損失									
characteristics		18,087,643,835.74	88.25	624,993,251.47	3.46	13,216,860,499.77	82.89	444,924,279.69	3.37	
Total 合計	+	20,495,431,870.43	100.00	2,005,442,280.78	9.78	15,945,695,222.32	100.00	1,660,432,925.23	10.41	

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

4. Accounts receivable (Continued)

As at 30 June 2020, accounts receivable assessed for expected credit losses individually are presented as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 (續)

4. 應收賬款(續)

於2020年6月30日,本集團單項評估 預期信用損失的應收賬款情況如下:

Customers	Gross carrying amount	Provision for credit losses	Percentage (%)	Reasons
			計提比例	
客戶	賬面餘額	信用損失準備	(%)	計提理由
Customer 1	874,252,769.81	335,792,800.00	38.41	Bad repayment ability
客戶1				僧債能力差 償債能力差
Customer 2	111,878,808.83	111,878,808.83	100.00	Bad repayment ability
客戶2				償債能力差
Customer 3	75,871,191.17	75,871,191.17	100.00	Bad repayment ability
客戶3				償債能力差
Customer 4	56,927,140.00	56,927,140.00	100.00	Long credit age
客戶4				長賬齡
Customer 5	49,159,575.31	49,159,575.31	100.00	Bad repayment ability
客戶5				償債能力差
Customer 6	45,430,890.58	44,531,086.13	98.02	Long credit age
客戶6				長賬齡
Customer 7	40,516,068.59	40,516,068.59	100.00	Bad repayment ability
客戶7				償債能力差
Customer 8	37,449,568.86	37,449,568.86	100.00	Liquidation
客戶8				公司清算中
Customer 9	32,989,886.43	32,989,886.43	100.00	Assets have been
客戶9				preserved
				財產已查封
Customer 10	32,556,007.92	32,556,007.92	100.00	Long credit age
客戶10				長賬齡
Others	1,050,756,127.19	562,776,896.07		Long credit age etc.
其他				長賬齡等
Total	2,407,788,034.69	1,380,449,029.31		_
合計				

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 **Statements** (Continued)

4. Accounts receivable (Continued)

As at 30 June 2020, the Group's accounts receivable for which credit losses are provided for using aging analysis are presented as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

4. 應收賬款(續)

於2020年6月30日,本集團採用賬齡 分析法計提信用損失準備的應收賬款 情況如下:

RMB

			30 June 2020			
			2020年6月30日			
		Carrying				
		amount		Lifetime		
		estimated	Expected credit	expected		
Age		to be in default	loss rate (%)	credit loss		
		估計發生違約	預期信用	整個存續期		
賬齡		的賬面餘額	損失率(%)	預期信用損失		
Within 1 year	1年以內	7,734,268,796.00	2.88	222,587,034.28		
1 to 2 years	1至2年	295,610,214.90	15.15	44,777,993.50		
2 to 3 years	2至3年	94,209,056.66	27.64	26,041,143.49		
3 to 4 years	3至4年	19,994,899.79	70.43	14,082,404.22		
4 to 5 years	4至5年	37,349,052.44	99.17	37,039,987.34		
Over 5 years	5年以上	213,866,406.42	100.00	213,866,406.43		
Total	合計	8,395,298,426.21	6.65	558,394,969.26		

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

4. Accounts receivable (Continued)

As at 30 June 2020, the Group's accounts receivable for which credit losses are provided for using overdue ages as credit risk characteristics are presented as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 (續)

4. 應收賬款(續)

於2020年6月30日,本集團採用逾期 賬齡作為信用風險特徵計提信用損失 準備的應收賬款情況如下:

RMB

人民幣元

			30 June 2020 2020年6月30日	
		Carrying		
		amount		Lifetime
		estimated	Expected credit	expected
Overdue age		to be in default	loss rate (%)	credit loss
		估計發生違約	預期信用	整個存續期
逾期賬齡		的賬面餘額	損失率(%)	預期信用損失
Not yet overdue or overdue	未逾期或逾期			
for less than 90 days	小於90天	7,985,084,715.18	0.31	24,516,856.37
Overdue for more than	逾期大於90天			
90 days but less than	且小於180天			
180 days		295,159,331.82	2.83	8,353,009.09
Overdue for more than	逾期大於180天			
180 days		182,213,825.49	7.65	13,930,710.10
Total	合計	8,462,457,872.49	0.55	46,800,575.56

As at 30 June 2020, provisions for credit losses for the Group's accounts receivable with good credit history are presented as follows:

於2020年6月30日,本集團信用記錄 優質的應收款項組合計提信用損失準 備的情況如下:

RMB

		30 June 2020		
			2020年6月30日	
		Carrying		
		amount		Lifetime
		estimated	Expected credit	expected
Item		to be in default	loss rate (%)	credit loss
		估計發生違約	預期信用	整個存續期
項目		的賬面餘額	損失率(%)	預期信用損失
Accounts receivable with	信用記錄優質的			
good credit history	應收款項組合	1,229,887,537.04	1.61	19,797,706.65

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

4. Accounts receivable (Continued)

As at 30 June 2020, the top five balances in respect of accounts receivable had a sum of closing balance of RMB2,373,748,289.42 (31 December 2019: RMB2,435,489,389.61), accounting for 11.58% (31 December 2019: 15.27%) of the total of closing balance of accounts receivable. The closing balance in respect of credit losses provided for the top five amounted to RMB344,970,942.75 (31 December 2019: RMB258,392,423.15).

Movements in provision for credit losses:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 (續)

4. 應收賬款(續)

於2020年6月30日,餘額前五名的應收賬款的期末賬面餘額合計為人民幣2,373,748,289.42元(2019年12月31日:人民幣2,435,489,389.61元),佔應收賬款期末賬面餘額合計數的比例為11.58%(2019年12月31日:15.27%),前五名相應計提的信用損失準備期末餘額為人民幣344,970,942.75元(2019年12月31日:人民幣258,392,423.15元)。

信用損失準備變動情況:

				RMB
				人民幣元
Provision for credit losses 信用損失準備		Lifetime expected credit loss (without impairment of credit) 整個存續期預期信用損失 (未發生信用減值)	Lifetime expected credit loss (with impairment of credit) 整個存續期 預期信用損失 (已發生 信用減值)	Total
Balance as at 31 December 2019 Balance as at 31 December 2019 in the current period – Transferred to receivables	2019年12月31日 餘額 2019年12月31日 餘額在本期 -轉入已發生信用	1,005,615,663.38	654,817,261.85	1,660,432,925.23
with impairment of credit – Reversal of receivables without impairment	減值 一轉回未發生信用 減值			
of credit Provision for the period Reversal during the period Written-off or transferred	本期計提 本期轉回 本期核銷或轉銷	172,125,307.75 (3,664,440.05)	- 182,823,111.67 -	354,948,419.42 (3,664,440.05)
out during the period Adjustment for exchange	本		(3,263,212.99)	(3,263,212.99)
differences		(2,143,247.57)	(868,163.26)	(3,011,410.83)
Balance as at 30 June 2020	2020年6月30日餘額	1,171,933,283.51	833,508,997.27	2,005,442,280.78

As at 30 June 2020, the carrying amount of the restricted accounts receivable of the Group amounted to RMB51,057,178.92 (31 December 2019: RMB25,442,865.48), please refer to Note V.67.

於2020年6月30日,本集團所有權受到限制的應收賬款賬面餘額為人民幣51,057,178.92元(2019年12月31日:人民幣25,442,865.48元),詳見附註五、67。

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

5. Receivable financing

Classification of receivable financing

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

5. 應收款項融資

應收款項融資分類

RMB

人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Bank acceptance bills at fair value	以公允價值計量的銀行 承兑匯票	10,064,002,894.85	10,388,865,839.45
Commercial acceptance bills	以公允價值計量的商業		
at fair value	承兑匯票	59,167,418.83	149,044,144.26
Total	合計	10,123,170,313.68	10,537,909,983.71

Receivable financing pledged by the Group as at period end

期末本集團已質押的應收款項 融資

RMB

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Bank acceptance bills at fair value	以公允價值計量的銀行 承兑匯票	2,830,447,026.53	4,084,326,054.81
Commercial acceptance bills	以公允價值計量的商業		
at fair value	承兑匯票	-	107,205, <mark>123.12</mark>
Total	合計	2,830,447,026.53	4,191,531,177.93

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

Receivable financing (Continued)

Receivable financing endorsed or discounted by the Group as at period end and not yet expired as at the balance sheet date

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

5. 應收款項融資(續)

期末本集團已背書或貼現且在 資產負債表日尚未到期的應收 款項融資

RMB

人民幣元

		30 Jun	30 June 2020		ber 2019
		2020年(5月30日	2019年1	2月31日
		Derecognized	Not derecognized	Derecognized	Not derecognized
		終止確認	未終止確認	終止確認	未終止確認
Bank acceptance bills	以公允價值計量的				
at fair value	銀行承兑匯票	18,041,301,675.38		19,777,138,744.81	-
Commercial acceptance bills	以公允價值計量的				
at fair value	商業承兑匯票	-		21,357,250.00	
Total	合計	18,041,301,675.38		19,798,495,994.81	_

6. **Prepayments**

An aging analysis of prepayments is presented as follows:

6. 預付款項

預付款項的賬齡分析如下:

RMB

		30 June 202	0	31 December 2019		
		2020年6月30	日	2019年12月	31日	
			Proportion		Proportion	
Age		Amount	%	Amount	%	
分量		金額	比例%	金額	比例%	
Within 1 year	1年以內	1,392,087,301.92	92.98	903,965,694.27	90.69	
1 to 2 years	1至2年	86,616,598.29	5.79	80,508,116.62	8.08	
2 to 3 years	2至3年	12,295,616.46	0.82	5,471,376.03	0.55	
Over 3 years	3年以上	6,169,196.78	0.41	6,764,995.28	0.68	
Total	合計	1,497,168,713.45	100.00	996,710,182.20	100.00	

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

Prepayments (Continued)

Description of the ages of prepayments: Prepayments with ages over 1 year represent primarily those outstanding amounts prepaid to suppliers for raw materials.

As at 30 June 2020, there was no significant prepayments with an age of more than one year (31 December 2019: Nil).

As at 30 June 2020, the closing balances of the top 5 prepayments amounted in aggregate to RMB619,918,509.72 (31 December 2019: RMB191,788,392.61), representing 41.41% (31 December 2019: 19.24%) of the total closing balances of all prepayments at

Other receivables 7.

Presented by categories

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 (續)

6. 預付款項(續)

預付款項賬齡的説明:賬齡超過1年 的預付款項主要是預付供應商未結算 的材料款。

於2020年6月30日,無賬齡一年以 上的重要預付款項(2019年12月31 日:無)。

於2020年6月30日,餘額前五名的 預付款項的期末餘額合計為人民幣 619,918,509.72元(2019年12月31 日:人民幣191,788,392.61元), 佔預付款項期末餘額合計數的比 例為41.41%(2019年12月31日: 19.24%)。

7. 其他應收款

分類列示

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Interest receivable	應收利息	159,714,654.22	37,912,073.30
Dividend receivable	應收股利	3,039,944.92	5,009,506.00
Other receivables	其他應收款	889,228,987.31	638,679,606.75
Total	合計	1,051,983,586.45	681,601,186. <mark>0</mark> 5

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

7. Other receivables (Continued)

Other receivables are disclosed by ages as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

7. 其他應收款(續)

其他應收款按賬齡披露:

RMB

人民幣元

Age		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
賬齡		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Within 1 year	1年以內	842,558,153.38	579,659,764.25
1 to 2 years	1至2年	29,846,560.32	44,823,004.37
2 to 3 years	2至3年	18,881,352.67	18,762,419.94
Over 3 years	3年以上	45,542,880.79	37,729,415.71
Total at original amount	原值合計	936,828,947.16	680,974,604.27
Less: Provision for credit loss in respect of other receivables	減:其他應收款信用損失 準備	47,599,959.85	42,294,997.52
Of Other receivables	午開	Co.ece,ee c,14	42,294,997.32
Total at net amount	淨值合計	889,228,987.31	638,679,606.75

Classification of gross carrying amount of other receivables by nature

其他應收款賬面餘額按款項性 質分類情況

RMB

Nature		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
性質		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Corporate lending and payment	企業暫借款及代付款		
on behalf		199,801,016.64	13 <mark>9,797,</mark> 158.66
Deposit	押金	142,387,769.32	134,138,181.85
Reserve fund	備用金	36,431,068.73	22,258,336.50
Others	其他	558,209,092.47	384,780,927.26
Total	合計	936,828,947.16	680,974,604.27

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

Other receivables (Continued)

Classification of gross carrying amount of other receivables by nature (Continued)

Change in the provision for credit losses in respect of other receivables based on 12-month expected credit losses and lifetime expected credit losses is as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 (續)

7. 其他應收款(續)

其他應收款賬面餘額按款項性 質分類情況(續)

其他應收款按照12個月預期信用損 失及整個存續期預期信用損失計提的 信用損失準備的變動如下:

RMB

		Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 2	Stage 3	
		Expected	Lifetime	Lifetime	Financial assets	
		credit loss	expected	expected	with incurred	
		for the next	credit loss	credit loss	credit loss	
Item		12 months	(individually)	(by group)	(lifetime)	Total
			第二階段	第二階段	第三階段	
		第一階段	整個存續期	整個存續期	已發生信用	
		未來12個月	預期信用損失	預期信用損失	減值金融資產	
項目		預期信用損失	(單項評估)	(組合評估)	(整個存續期)	合計
Balance as at 31 December 2019	2019年12月31日餘額	2,401,638.77	_	_	39,893,358.75	42,294,997.52
Balance as at 31 December 2019	2019年12月31日餘額					
in the current period	在本期					
– Transferred to Stage 2	- 轉入第二階段	_	_	-	-	-
– Transferred to Stage 3	- 轉入第三階段	-	-	-		-
Provided for the period	本期計提	2,543,316.06	-	-	4,848,474.01	7,391,790.07
Reversed during the period	本期轉回	(56,537.23)	-	-	-	(56,537.23)
Written off or transferred						
out during the period	本期核銷或轉銷			-	(2,069,860.00)	(2,069,860.00)
Adjustment for exchange						
difference	匯兑差額調整	(6.51)	-	-	39,576.00	39,569.49
Balance as at 30 June 2020	2020年6月30日餘額	4,888,411.09		-	42,711,548.76	47,599,959.85

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 **Statements** (Continued)

7. Other receivables (Continued)

As at 30 June 2020, the top 5 other receivables are presented as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

7. 其他應收款(續)

於2020年6月30日,其他應收款金額 前五名如下:

> RMB 人民幣元

Customers		Closing balance	Percentage of total other receivables (%) 佔其他應收款	Nature	Age	Closing balance of provision for credit losses
			餘額合計數			信用損失準備
客戶		期末餘額	的比例(%)	性質	賬齢	期末餘額
First	第一名	90,444,921.00	9.65	Security deposits	Within 1 year	_
				保證金	1年以內	
Second	第二名	29,328,324.00	3.13	Security deposits	Within 1 year	-
				保證金	1年以內	
Third	第三名	20,746,366.00	2.21	Advances	Within 1 year	-
				暫借款	1年以內	
Fourth	第四名	16,820,000.00	1.80	Advances	Within 1 year	-
				暫借款	1年以內	
Fifth	第五名	15,922,000.00	1.70	Advances	Within 1 year	-
				暫借款	1年以內	
Total	合計	173,261,611.00	18.49			-

8. Inventories

Classification of inventories

8. 存貨

存貨分類

			30 June 2020 2020年6月30日			31 December 2019 2019年12月31日	
		Gross carrying	Provision for	Carrying	Gross carrying	Provision for	Carrying
Item		amount	decline in value	amount	amount	decline in value	amount
項目		賬面餘額	跌價準備	賬面價值	賬面餘額	跌價準備	賬面價值
Raw materials	原材料	8,359,097,236.22	(484,582,991.23)	7,874,514,244.99	7,375,523,757.17	(424,519,817.26)	6,951,003,939.91
Finished goods	產成品	15,636,063,562.03	(493,908,208.84)	15,142,155,353.19	15,126,444,367.64	(593,161,870.78)	14,533,282,496.86
OEM materials	委託加工材料	296,351,029.24	(1,784,030.86)	294,566,998.38	302,830,517.00	(3,272,506.74)	299,558,010.26
Self made semi-finished good	ds 自製半成品及						
and work in progress	在產品	3,048,155,318.39	(95,728,105.47)	2,952,427,212.92	2,201,616,542.88	(86,019,583.37)	2,115,596,959.51
Second-hand vehicles	二手車	1,007,359,537.71	(149,458,294.71)	857,901,243.00	942,361,803.32	(124,102,399.83)	818,259,403.49
Total	合計	28,347,026,683.59	(1,225,461,631.11)	27,121,565,052.48	25,948,776,988.01	(1,231,076,177.98)	24,717,700,810.03

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

8. Inventories (Continued)

Provision for decline in value of inventories

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

8. 存貨(續)

存貨跌價準備

RMB 人民幣元

Decrease during this period

本期減少

					1 /13////2		
			Charge			Adjustment	
			during			for exchange	
Item		31 December 2019	this period	Reversal	Write-off	differences	30 June 2020
項目		2019年12月31日	本期計提	轉回	轉銷	匯兑差額調整	2020年6月30日
Raw materials	原材料	424,519,817.26	91,116,214.87	(26,011,884.16)	(12,498,427.41)	7,457,270.67	484,582,991.23
Finished goods	產成品	593,161,870.78	160,501,013.94	(60,274,488.84)	(200,978,540.65)	1,498,353.61	493,908,208.84
OEM materials	委託加工材料	3,272,506.74	-	(1,517,410.65)	-	28,934.77	1,784,030.86
Self made semi-finished goods	自製半成品及						
and work in progress	在產品	86,019,583.37	31,593,045.27	(20,354,809.37)	(2,244,344.39)	714,630.59	95,728,105.47
Second-hand vehicles	二手車	124,102,399.83	30,815,316.49	(8,055,980.53)	-	2,596,558.92	149,458,294.71
Total	合計	1,231,076,177.98	314,025,590.57	(116,214,573.55)	(215,721,312.45)	12,295,748.56	1,225,461,631.11

9. Contract assets

9. 合同資產

RMB

人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Supply chain solution services (Note) Others	供應鏈解決方案服務(註) 其他	1,347,064,888.00 86,890,067.40	1,122,000,995.50 52,035,599.00
Total	合計	1,433,954,955.40	1,174,036,594.50

Note: the amount in respect of supply chain solution services was the net amount of receivable from customers after offsetting contract assets and contract liabilities under the same contract under the supply chain solution services of the Group. The Group recognized the work performed as a contract asset, and reclassified the contract asset recognized at the point of time when it settled the amount with the customer into receivables.

註: 與供應鏈解決方案服務相關的金額為 本集團供應鏈解決方案服務在同一合 同下合同資產與合同負債抵銷後的應 收客戶的淨額。本集團先將已執行的 工作確認為一項合同資產,在其向客 戶辦理結算的時點將確認的合同資產 重分類至應收賬款。

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

10. Non-current assets due within one year

(續)

10. 一年內到期的非流動資產

RMB

人民幣元

Item			30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目			2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Finance lease receivables	融資租賃應收款	Note V.12		
		附註五、12	2,908,662,804.00	2,658,043,734.50

11. Other current assets

11. 其他流動資產

RMB

			_
Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Tax credit	留抵税額	1,071,663,846.32	1,221,958,350.16
Prepaid expenses	待攤費用	585,404,502.18	430,654,872.66
Prepaid corporate income tax	預繳企業所得税	225,469,768.97	237,539,267.85
Others	其他	117,118,197.18	30,606,841.91
Total	合計	1,999,656,314.65	1,920,759,332.58

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

12. Long-term receivables

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 (續)

12. 長期應收款

RMB

			30 June 2020 2020年6月30日			31 December 2019 2019年12月31日	
		Gross carrying	Provision for	Carrying	Gross carrying	Provision for	Carrying
Item		amount	impairment	amount	amount	impairment	amount
項目		賬面餘額	減值準備	賬面價值	賬面餘額	減值準備	賬面價值
Finance lease receivables Incl.: Finance income not	融資租賃應收款其中:未實現融	12,901,007,486.00		12,901,007,486.00	12,175,228,180.50	-	12,175,228,180.50
yet realized	共中·木貝児閥 資收益	(1,058,144,276.00)		(1,058,144,276.00)	(1,069,566,806.00)	_	(1,069,566,806.00)
Sub-total Less: Finance lease	小計 減:分類為	11,842,863,210.00		11,842,863,210.00	11,105,661,374.50	-	11,105,661,374.50
receivables classified as due within	一年內 到期的融資						
one year	租賃應收款	2,908,662,804.00		2,908,662,804.00	2,658,043,734.50	-	2,658,043,734.50
Total	合計	8,934,200,406.00		8,934,200,406.00	8,447,617,640.00	-	8,447,617,640.00

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

13. Long-term equity investments

(續)

13. 長期股權投資

RMB

人民幣元

Change during this period 本期變動

Investee entity		31 December 2019	Increase in investments	Decrease in investments	Gains and losses on investment under equity method 權益法下	Other comprehensive income	Declaration of cash dividend	Exchange differences	30 June 2020	Incl: Closing provision for impairment 其中:期末
被投資單位		2019年12月31日	增加投資	減少投資	投資損益	其他綜合收益	宣告現金股利	匯兑差額	2020年6月30日	減值準備
Joint ventures Xi'an FC Intelligence Transmission Co., Ltd. (Note 1) KAMAZ Weichai LLC	合營企業 西安雙特智能傳動 有限公司(註1) 卡瑪斯滩柴有限公司	99,769,145.79 33,043,289.37	- 8,560,858.22	-	14,633,171.32 -			-	114,402,317.11 41,604,147.59	- -
Associates Shanzhong Finance Leasing Co., Ltd. Shandong Heavy Industry Group Finance Co., Ltd.	聯營企業 山重融資租賃有限公司 山東重工集團財務 有限公司	501,140,526.12	-		13,359,902.87 74,515,861.15			-	514,500,428.99 1,148,183,095.94	-
Ballard Power Systems Inc.	巴拉德動力系統有限公司	1,076,020,989.85	-	-	(41,104,823.29)	-	_	17,668,688.80	1,052,584,855.36	-
Other associates	其他聯營企業	1,927,503,347.09	118,841,045.39	(340,383,056.21)	83,296,510.56	(15,655,569.00)	(19,306,130.57)	29,651,874.39	1,783,948,021.65	(50,844,091.33)
Total	合計	4,711,144,533.01	127,401,903.61	(340,383,056.21)	144,700,622.61	(15,655,569.00)	(19,306,130.57)	47,320,563.19	4,655,222,866.64	(50,844,091.33)

Note 1: Xi'an FC Intelligence Transmission Co., Ltd. ("Xi'an FC") is held as to 51% by the Group, and as to 4% and 45% by Shaanxi Fast Gear Automotive Transmission Co., Ltd. ("Fast Gear Transmission") and Caterpillar (China) Investment Co., Ltd ("Caterpillar") respectively. The board of directors of Xi'an FC comprises seven directors, three of whom being nominated by the Group, one being nominated by Fast Gear Transmission and three being nominated by Caterpillar. According to the articles of association of Xi'an FC, important board resolutions require unanimous approval, and thus Xi'an FC is a joint venture of the Group.

註1: 本集團持有西安雙特智能傳動有限公 司(以下簡稱「西安雙特」)51%股權, 另外兩位股東為陝西法士特汽車傳動 集團有限責任公司(以下簡稱「法士特 傳動」)和卡特彼勒(中國)投資有限公 司(以下簡稱「卡特彼勒」),股權分 別為4%和45%。西安雙特董事會由 七名董事組成,其中三名由本集團委 任,一名由法士特傳動委任,另外三 名由卡特彼勒委任,根據西安雙特公 司章程約定,重要董事會決議需要董 事會全體同意通過,因此西安雙特屬 於本集團合營企業。

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

14. Investment in other equity instruments

(續)

14. 其他權益工具投資

RMB 人民幣元

Investee entity 被投資單位		30 June 2020 2020年6月30日	31 December 2019 2019年12月31日
XCMG Construction Machinery Co., Ltd. Beiqi Foton Motor Co., Ltd. Others	徐工集團工程機械股份 有限公司 北汽福田汽車股份有限公司 其他	1,897,361,788.33 144,000,000.00 178,084,400.98	1,745,234,324.70 167,200,000.00 190,695,350.48
Total	合計	2,219,446,189.31	2,103,129,675.18

Investment in other equity instruments

其他權益工具投資的情況

Investee entity		Dividend income recognized during this period	Fair value changes accrued to other comprehensive income	Amounts transferred from other comprehensive income to retained earnings	Reason for designation at fair value through other comprehensive income 指定為以 公允價值計量	Reason for transfer from other comprehensive income to retained earnings during the period
被投資單位		本期確認 的股利收入	累計計入 其他綜合收益 的公允價值變動	其他綜合 收益轉入留存 收益的金額	且其變動計入 其他綜合 收益的原因	本期從其他綜合 收益轉入留存 收益的原因
XCMG Construction Machinery Co., Ltd.	徐工集團工程機械股份 有限公司		697,821,515.19		Investment in equity investments as strategic investment 權益工具投資 為戰略投資	
Beiqi Foton Motor Co., Ltd.	北汽福田汽車股份有限公司		(50,000,000.00)		耐取明収負 Investment in equity investments as strategic investment 権益工具投資 為戦略投資	
Others	其他		(19,584,674.93)		神戦性双貝 Investment in equity investments as strategic investment 権益工具投資 為戦略投資	
Total	合計	-	628,236,840.26	- 1		

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

15. Other non-current financial assets

(續)

15. 其他非流動金融資產

RMB

人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Financial assets at fair value through	以公允價值計量且其變動計入		
profit or loss for the current period	當期損益的金融資產		
Other debt investments	其他債務工具投資	216,945,211.00	216,168,914.50
Cross currency swap and interest rate	交叉貨幣互換及利率		
swap contracts	互換合約	533,431,563.21	371,589,714.58
Contingent consideration from	企業合併或有對價		
business combination		48,744,000.00	48,744,000.00
Total	合計	799,120,774.21	636,502,629.08

16. Investment property

(1) Subsequent measurement under the cost model:

16. 投資性房地產

(1) 採用成本模式進行後續計量:

ltem		Houses and buildings	Land use rights	Total
項目		房屋建築物	土地使用權	合計
I. Gross carrying amount				
31 December 2019	2019年12月31日	775,056,156.61	66,359,171.84	841,415,328.45
Decrease during the period	本期減少	(501,268.53)		(501,268.53)
30 June 2020	2020年6月30日	774,554,888.08	66,359,171.84	840,914,059.92
II. Accumulated depreciation and amortization	二、累計折舊和攤銷			
31 December 2019	2019年12月31日	278,291,400.67	12,377,969.98	290,669,370.65
Provision for the period	本期計提	11,672,704.72	666,042.36	12,338,747.08
Decrease during the period	本期減少	(130,109.78)		(130,109.78)
30 June 2020	2020年6月30日	289,833,995.61	13,044,012.34	302,878,007.95
III. Accumulated impairment	三、累計減值準備			
provision				
31 December 2019 and	2019年12月31日及			
30 June 2020	2020年6月30日	13,447,824.67		13,447,824.67
IV. Carrying amount	四、賬面價值			
30 June 2020	2020年6月30日	471,273,067.80	53,315,159.50	524,588,227.30
31 Decemb <mark>er 2</mark> 019	2019年12月31日	483,316,931.27	53,981,201.86	537,298,133.13

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

- 16. Investment property (Continued)
 - Investment properties not obtained title certificates:

As at 30 June 2020, the Group did not have any investment properties not obtained title certificates (31 December 2019: Nil).

17. Fixed assets

Presented by categories

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 (續)

- 16. 投資性房地產(續)
 - (2) 未辦妥產權證書的投資性房地 產情況:

於2020年6月30日,本集團無 未獲得房地產證的投資性房地 產(2019年12月31日:無)。

17. 固定資產

分類列示

RMB

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Fixed Assets Disposal of fixed assets	固定資產 固定資產清理	29,052,088,072.72 2,869,529.14	26,315,978,220.47 2,689,504.47
	四比貝炷月圩	2,003,323.14	2,009,304.47
Total	合計	29,054,957,601.86	26,318,667,724.94

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

17. Fixed assets (Continued)

Fixed assets

(續)

17. 固定資產(續)

固定資產情況

										7 (2011)
							Forklift trucks	Forklift trucks		
			Houses,				and equipment	and equipment		
			buildings and	Machinery and	Electronic					
em			land use rights	equipment	equipment	Vehicles	(long-term)	(short-term)	Others	Total
			房屋建築物				租出的叉車	租出的叉車		
ĪĦ			及土地所有權	機器設備	電子設備	運輸設備	及設備(長期)	及設備(短期)	其他	合計
Gross carryin	g amount	一、脹面原值								
31 December	r 2019	2019年12月31日	13,852,851,195.42	19,183,701,402.61	1,971,158,081.75	451,296,966.50	5,319,670,320.38	4,238,453,466.87	2,157,687,519.90	47,174,818,953.43
Increase duri	ng the period	本期増加金額								
Addition		購置	44,100,718.42	140,442,181.23	21,947,845.08	10,798,626.72	1,944,782,267.60	801,678,860.30	151,349,353.21	3,115,099,852.56
Transfer from	n construction-in-	在建工程轉入								
progress			700,364,201.17	1,305,631,368.63	240,221,967.94	16,641,557.93			200,631,196.71	2,463,490,292.38
Increase in bu	usiness	企業合併増加								
combinatio	on		19,740,749.11	102,314,838.02	6,488,403.60	3,246,442.43			50,268,538.18	182,058,971.34
Internal recla	ssification	內部重分類	-		(9,640,150.07)				9,640,150.07	
Other transfe	er	其他轉入	501,268.53							501,268.53
Decrease dur	ring the period	本期減少金額	-							
Disposals or r	retirements	處置或報廢	(15,028,790.10)	(175,497,437.73)	(14,220,040.74)	(17,209,857.86)	(517,526,867.28)	(659,032,094.00)	(18,777,057.06)	(1,417,292,144.77
Adjustment f	for exchange	匯兑差額調整								
differences	5		34,837,836.61	(1,621,934.20)	342,772.62	(107,509.21)	(182,073,716.33)	(100,108,382.17)	5,434,396.00	(243,296,536.68)
30 June 2020	0	2020年6月30日	14,637,367,179.16	20,554,970,418.56	2,216,298,880.18	464,666,226.51	6,564,852,004.37	4,280,991,851.00	2,556,234,097.01	51,275,380,656.79
Accumulated	depreciation	二、累計折舊								
31 December	r 2019	2019年12月31日	3,959,350,997.75	12,588,119,059.05	1,536,141,521.11	337,501,092.54	59,538,987.60	1,024,605,306.21	859,985,238.87	20,365,242,203.13
Increase duri	ng the period	本期增加金額								
Provision		計提	347,202,227.13	744,800,435.91	89,720,332.78	18,756,089.66	204,416,374.08	294,782,461.56	224,279,029.32	1,923,956,950.44
Other transfe	er	其他轉入	130,109.78							130,109.78
Internal classi	ification	內部重分類	-		759,885.86				(759,885.86)	
Decrease dur	ring the period	本期減少金額	-							
Disposals or r	retirements	處置或報廢	(935,304.15)	(129,165,251.38)	(10,673,683.54)	(16,515,836.84)	(53,109,360.58)	(160,573,758.10)	(2,627,513.55)	(373,600,708.14
Adjustment f	for exchange	匯兑差額調整								
differences	5		3,096,041.16	(3,446,162.66)	254,100.01	(29,562.32)	(94,288,755.85)	(77,693,505.04)	(11,020,853.54)	(183,128,698.24
30 June 2020	0	2020年6月30日	4,308,844,071.67	13,200,308,080.92	1,616,202,156.22	339,711,783.04	116,557,245.25	1,081,120,504.63	1,069,856,015.24	21,732,599,856.97
. Provision for	impairment	三、減值準備								
31 December	r 2019	2019年12月31日	276,352,941.50	173,117,675.35	7,022,424.16	728,801.75	2,930,812.50	22,750,920.50	10,694,954.07	493,598,529.83
Provision		計提	-	208,658.57					1,033,934.58	1,242,593.15
Disposals or r	retirements	處置或報廢	_	(5,639,950.88)	(116.00)	(2,761.32)				(5,642,828.20)
Adjustment f	for exchange	匯兑差額調整								
differences	5		503,953.50	359,884.40			54,562.50	423,550.50	152,481.42	1,494,432.32
30 June 2020	0	2020年6月30日	276,856,895.00	168,046,267.44	7,022,308.16	726,040.43	2,985,375.00	23,174,471.00	11,881,370.07	490,692,727.10
. Carrying amo	ount	四、賬面價值								
30 June 2020		2020年6月30日	10,051,666,212.49	7,186,616,070.20	593,074,415.80	124,228,403.04	6,445,309,384.12	3,176,696,875.37	1,474,496,711.70	29,052,088,072.72
31 December		2019年12月31日	9,617,147,256.17	6,422,464,668.21	427,994,136.48	113,067,072.21	5,257,200,520.28	3,191,097,240.16	1,287,007,326.96	26,315,978,220.47

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

17. Fixed assets (Continued)

Fixed assets which are temporarily idle are presented as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

17. 固定資產(續)

暫時閑置的固定資產如下:

RMB人民幣元

Item 項目		Gross carrying amount 原價	Accumulated depreciation 累計折舊	Provision for impairment 減值準備	Carrying amount 賬面價值
Houses and buildings and	房屋建築物及	400 042 052 24	440 275 052 25	262 222 747 60	25 242 202 25
land use rights Machinery and equipment	土地所有權 機器設備	409,913,853.21 210,229,947.19	110,376,852.26 99,197,842.45	263,323,717.69 58,314,000.55	36,213,283.26 52,718,104.19
Electronic equipment	電子設備	41,801,109.79	29,672,643.97	6,996,295.86	5,132,169.96
Vehicles	運輸設備	818,489.43	764,842.72		53,646.71
Total	合計	662,763,399.62	240,012,181.40	328,634,014.10	94,117,204.12

Carrying amount of fixed assets leased out under operating lease is presented as follows:

經營性租出固定資產賬面價值如下:

RMB

人民幣元

Item 項目		30 June 2020 2020年6月30日	31 December 2019 2019年12月31日
Electronic equipment	電子設備	4,033,017.46	259,749.12
Machinery and equipment	機器設備	26,838,404.65	36,944,311.17
Vehicles	運輸設備	802,387.21	2,449.49
Forklift trucks and equipment leased out	租出的叉車及設備(長期)		
(long-term)		6,445,309,384.12	5,257,200,520.28
Forklift trucks and equipment leased out	租出的叉車及設備(短期)		
(short-term)		3,176,696,875.37	3,191,097,240.16
Total	合計	9,653,680,068.81	8,485,504,270.22

As at 30 June 2020, fixed assets for which the Group had not obtained real estate certificates had a carrying amount of RMB1,540,056,154.93 (31 December 2019: RMB1,568,776,275.11).

於2020年6月30日,本集團尚未獲得 房地產證的固定資產賬面價值為人民 幣 1,540,056,154.93 元 (2019年12 月31日:人民幣1,568,776,275.11 元)。

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

17. Fixed assets (Continued)

As at 30 June 2020, net fixed assets of the Group with title restrictions amounted to RMB606,038,473.12 (31 December 2019: RMB628,507,841.20), please refer to Note V.67. Among which, the pledge over fixed assets with carrying amount of RMB288,269,241.97 had yet to be registered.

As at 30 June 2020, in view of the existence of idle fixed assets and the fact that the recoverable amounts of some fixed assets were lower than their carrying amount, according to the result of impairment, provision for impairment in the amount of RMB1.242.593.15 was made.

18. Construction in progress

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

17. 固定資產(續)

於2020年6月30日,本集團所有權 受到限制的固定資產淨值為人民幣 606,038,473.12元(2019年12月31 日:人民幣628,507,841.20元),詳 見附註五、67。其中,賬面價值為 人民幣288,269,241.97元的固定資 產,尚未辦理抵押登記。

於2020年6月30日,由於存在閑置 的固定資產,以及部分固定資產的 可收回金額低於賬面價值,根據減 值測試結果,計提減值準備人民幣 1,242,593.15元。

18. 在建工程

		Gross	30 June 2020 2020年6月30日 Provision for	Carrying	Gross	31 December 2019 2019年12月31日 Provision for	Carrying
Item		carrying amount	impairment	amount	carrying amount	impairment	amount
項目		賬面餘額	減值準備	賬面價值	馬面餘額 服面餘額	減值準備	賬面價值
Transmission project	傳動項目	802,628,164.36		802,628,164.36	892,307,327.63		892,307,327.63
Production line construction and	生產綫建設改造項目						
renovation project		507,356,622.38		507,356,622.38	482,213,069.42	-	482,213,069.42
Trial room construction project A	試驗室建設項目A	489,902,659.96		489,902,659.96	272,504,325.35	-	272,504,325.35
Factory area construction project A	廠區建設項目A	519,672,852.65	(70,611,873.18)	449,060,979.47	507,918,491.72	(70,611,873.18)	437,306,618.54
Factory area construction project C	廠區建設項目C	364,714,506.22		364,714,506.22	317,657,204.95	-	317,657,204.95
Factory area construction project B	廠區建設項目B	176,335,297.56		176,335,297.56	368,730,784.47		368,730,784.47
Trial room construction project B	試驗室建設項目B	101,048,743.08		101,048,743.08	205,439,387.19	-	205,439,387.19
Factory area construction project D	廠區建設項目D	49,947,123.42		49,947,123.42	236,453,336.98	-	236,453,336.98
Materials used in construction	工程物資	8,447,325.00		8,447,325.00	138,063.63	-	138,063.63
Others	其他	2,033,318,253.58	(4,727,672.83)	2,028,590,580.75	2,200,643,571.73	(4,727,672.83)	2,195,915,898.90
Total	合計	5,053,371,548.21	(75,339,546.01)	4,978,032,002.20	5,484,005,563.07	(75,339,546.01)	5,408,666,017.06

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

18. Construction in progress (Continued)

Movement in key construction-in-progress is presented as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 (續)

18. 在建工程(續)

重要在建工程變動如下:

tem		Budget							
項目		預算			固定資產				
Trial room construction	試驗室建設項目A								
project A		1,033,000,000.00				489,902,659.96			自有資金
actory area construction	廠區建設項目C								
project C		780,000,000.00	317,657,204.95			364,714,506.22			自有資金
actory area construction	廠區建設								金融機構貸
project B-Phase 3	項目B-三期	723,876,400.00		76,008,331.58	225,789,285.78	101,404,478.98		2,091,246.29	
actory area construction	廠區建設項目A-搬								
project A-relocation	遷	349,990,000.00	135,889,985.95	95,801,729.78	28,456,133.00		66.20		自有資金
ransmission project – Light-duty	傳動項目-中輕卡								
and medium-duty truck		270,000,000.00	205,978,937.23	30,146,888.78		236,125,826.01			自有資金
ransmission project –	傳動項目 – 基建								
Infrastructure		182,899,000.00	126,870,012.43	3,653,508.83					自有資金
Total .	合計	3,339,765,400.00	1,310,085,899.09	733,142,997.88	636,795,098.44	1,406,433,798.53		2,091,246.29	

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

19. Right-of-use assets

(續)

19. 使用權資產

RMB人民幣元

									人氏帝儿
						Forklift trucks	Forklift trucks		
						and equipment	and equipment		
						after sale and	after sale and		
						leaseback	leaseback		
			Houses and	Machinery and		subleases	subleases		
lte	m		buildings	equipment	Vehicles	(long-term)	(short-term)	Others	Total
						售後租回	售後租回		
						再轉租的叉車	再轉租的租出		
						及設備	的叉車及設備		
項	E .		房屋及建築物	機器設備	運輸設備	(長期)	(短期)	其他	合計
I.	Gross carrying amount	一、賬面原值							
	31 December 2019	2019年12月31日	4,563,127,279.60	66,244,178.00	8,916,065.91	2,859,022,171.70	4,625,208,784.58	1,835,561,920.85	13,958,080,400.64
	Increase during the period	本期増加	657,256,005.49	1,899,808.40	49,503.30			207,543,767.21	866,749,084.40
	Decrease during the period	本期減少	(24,121,337.80)	(1,019,979.10)		(395,673,412.03)	(837,914,264.68)	(233,676,433.20)	(1,492,405,426.81)
	Adjustment for exchange	匯兑差額調整							
	differences		(3,469,863.45)	1,253,021.70	159,593.43	18,050,713.83	(3,711,532.67)	4,229,495.46	16,511,428.30
	30 June 2020	2020年6月30日	5,192,792,083.84	68,377,029.00	9,125,162.64	2,481,399,473.50	3,783,582,987.23	1,813,658,750.32	13,348,935,486.53
∥.	Accumulated depreciation	二、累計折舊							
	31 December 2019	2019年12月31日	2,038,299,453.88	36,936,053.00	3,319,346.99	485,994,237.34	1,404,459,298.69	871,822,111.44	4,840,830,501.34
	Provision	計提	253,127,080.35	4,445,863.10	1,773,795.05	341,096,278.31	465,054,403.16	226,288,928.41	1,291,786,348.38
	Decrease during the period	本期減少	(12,457,760.00)	(872,043.20)		(327,983,811.94)	(680,959,307.51)	(209,975,544.80)	(1,232,248,467.45)
	Adjustment for exchange	匯兑差額調整							
	differences		2,532,059.00	767,912.10	94,480.72	(4,740,779.89)	(23,125,665.37)	62,002.23	(24,409,991.21)
	30 June 2020	2020年6月30日	2,281,500,833.23	41,277,785.00	5,187,622.76	494,365,923.82	1,165,428,728.97	888,197,497.28	4,875,958,391.06
Ⅲ.	Provision for impairment	三、減值準備							
	31 December 2019	2019年12月31日	5,799,101.01					1,922,612.99	7,721,714.00
	Provision	計提	-						
	Decrease during the period	本期減少	-						
	Adjustment for exchange	匯兑差額調整							
	differences		(441,348.01)					35,793.01	(405,555.00)
	30 June 2020	2020年6月30日	5,357,753.00					1,958,406.00	7,316,159.00
IV.	Carrying amount	四、賬面價值							
	30 June 2020	2020年6月30日	2,905,933,497.61	27,099,244.00	3,937,539.88	1,987,033,549.68	2,618,154,258.26	923,502,847.04	8,465,660,936.47
	31 December 2019	2019年12月 <mark>31日</mark>	2,519,028,724.71	29,308,125.00	5,596,718.92	2,373,027,934.36	3,220,749,485.89	961,817,196.42	9,109,528,185.30

During the period, short-term leasing fees through profit or loss under the simplified approach amounted to RMB87,456,080.78 while low value asset leasing fee amounted to RMB10,636,607.63.

本期計入當期損益的簡化處理的短 期租賃費用為人民幣87,456,080.78 元,低價值資產租賃費用為人民幣 10,636,607.63元。

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

20. Intangible assets

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

20. 無形資產

RMB人民幣元

					Trademark						
Item			Land use rights	Patents	rights		Software	Orders on hand	relationship	Others	Total
項目			土地使用權	專有技術	商標使用權	特許權	軟件	在手訂單	客戶關係	其他	合計
Gross carrying amo	unt - ·	資產原值									
31 December 2019		2019年12月31日	1,952,236,505.25	1,822,168,082.11	7,665,296,573.01	1,043,875,447.19	487,031,964.49	325,189,013.24	10,578,992,060.42	7,701,832,828.48	31,576,622,474.19
Addition		購置	306,596,452.85	4,051,194.96		5,419,125.63	69,726,015.30			375,219,808.86	761,012,597.60
Transfer to internal	R&D	內部研發轉入	_	139,305,081.27							139,305,081.27
Increase in busines		企業合併増加									
combination			_	50,843,233.00	3,744,948.91	70,018.93	146,216.73	4,182,865.83	366,186,480.82	103,803,487.50	528,977,251.72
Reclassification		重分類	_	9,598,649.81	(4,363,600.56)	30,498,153.70	(34,549,715.75)			(1,183,487.20)	
Disposals or retiren	ients	處置或報廢	_			(4,500,365.80)					(4,500,365.80
Adjustment for exc	hange	匯兑差額調整									
differences			(209,282.59)	10,278,902.06	135,420,780.88	12,482,278.04	4,145,250.72	6,135,522.98	158,886,401.59	116,719,068.25	443,858,921.93
30 June 2020		2020年6月30日	2,258,623,675.51	2,036,245,143.21	7,800,098,702.24	1,087,844,657.69	526,499,731.49	335,507,402.05	11,104,064,942.83	8,296,391,705.89	33,445,275,960.91
II. Accumulated amor	tization = .	累計攤銷									
31 December 2019		2019年12月31日	333,574,354.72	794,253,473.01	26,987,034.78	674,843,102.97	170,840,825.15	144,024,034.00	3,512,570,477.45	1,792,189,709.09	7,449,283,011.17
Provision		計提	24,234,964.53	67,627,666.06	1,367,963.66	80,080,038.50	12,944,871.20	15,859,194.06	385,963,754.70	445,763,632.64	1,033,842,085.35
Disposals or retiren	ients	處置或報廢	_			(4,500,365.80)					(4,500,365.80
Adjustments for ex	change	匯兑差額調整									
differences			(103,244.45)	4,617,727.70	(455,186.21)	321,330.78	108,786.64	3,028,211.57	61,257,029.48	34,225,518.06	103,000,173.57
30 June 2020		2020年6月30日	357,706,074.80	866,498,866.77	27,899,812.23	750,744,106.45	183,894,482.99	162,911,439.63	3,959,791,261.63	2,272,178,859.79	8,581,624,904.29
III. Provision for impair	ment Ξ ·	減值準備									
31 December 2019		2019年12月31日	_		32,825,100.00	7,252,784.00	6,228,953.50	19,444,964.00	547,188,211.43	78,819,317.50	691,759,330.43
Provision		計提	_								
Disposals or retiren		處置或報廢	_								
Adjustments for ex		匯兑差額調整									
differences			_		611,100.00	135,024.00	115,963.50	362,004.00	10,186,921.47	1,467,367.50	12,878,380.47
30 June 2020		2020年6月30日			33,436,200.00	7,387,808.00	6,344,917.00	19,806,968.00	557,375,132.90	80,286,685.00	704,637,710.90
IV. Net carrying amou		脹面淨值									
30 June 2020		2020年6月30日	1,900,917,600.71	1,169,746,276.44	7,738,762,690.01	329,712,743.24	336,260,331.50	152,788,994.42	6,586,898,548.30	5,943,926,161.10	24,159,013,345.72
31 December 2019		2019年12月31日	1,618,662,150.53	1,027,914,609.10	7,605,484,438.23	361,779,560.22	309,962,185.84	161,720,015.24	6,519,233,371.54		23,435,580,132.59

During the end of the period, the proportion of intangible assets from internal R&D to the remaining amount of intangible assets was 24.84%.

本期期末通過內部研發形成的無 形資產佔無形資產餘額的比例為 24.84% 。

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

20. Intangible assets (Continued)

As at 30 June 2020, the intangible assets for which the Group had title restrictions had a carrying amount of RMB346,065,559.45 (31 December 2019: RMB242,181,694.04), for details please refer to Note V.67.

As at 30 June 2020, the intangible assets for which the Group had not obtained title certificates had a carrying amount of RMB70,084,145.21 (31 December 2019: RMB54,320,648.72), for which the Group was in the process of applying.

Other than the finite useful life of some of the trademarks held by the subsidiaries of the Company, trademarks of the Group are renewable every 10 years at minimal cost. The management of the Group are of the opinion that the Group has both the intention and ability to renew the trademarks continuously. As a result, the useful life of the trademarks is considered by the management of the Group as indefinite because the trademarks are expected to contribute to the Group's net cash inflows indefinitely. The trademarks will not be amortized unless their useful life is determined to be finite. Instead the trademarks will be tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that they may be impaired.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

20. 無形資產(續)

於2020年6月30日,本集團所有權 受限制的無形資產賬面價值為人民幣 346,065,559.45元(2019年12月31 日:人民幣242,181,694.04元),詳 見附許五、67。

於2020年6月30日,本集團尚未辦妥 產權證書的無形資產賬面價值為人民 幣70.084.145.21元(2019年12月31 日:人民幣54,320,648.72元),該 等無形資產的產權證尚在辦理中。

除本公司之子公司持有的部分商標使 用壽命有限外,本集團其他商標每 十年須按最低成本重續一次。本集團 管理層認為,本集團有意且有能力不 斷重續該等商標。預計該等商標將可 永久為本集團產生現金流入淨額,故 此,本集團管理層認為該等商標使用 壽命不確定。除非該等商標的可使用 年限被認定為有限,否則不會進行攤 銷。相反,商標將會每年及每當有跡 象顯示存在減值時進行減值測試。

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

21. Expenditure on development

Capitalization of expenditure on development starts when the development stage is reached. Capitalized expenditure on development of the Group is presented as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 (續)

21. 開發支出

當開發支出達到開發階段的時候開始 資本化,本集團資本化的開發支出如 下:

> RMB人民幣元

Item 項目		31 December 2019 2019年 12月31日	Increase in internal R&D expenditure 內部開發 支出增加	Recognition of intangible assets 確認 無形資產	Other changes 其他變動	30 June 2020 2020年 6月30日
Improvement project on driver's cab	n 駕駛室改進項目	49,051,325.26	3,134,357.25	(52,185,682.51)		
Hydraulics project	液壓項目	_	28,237,667.00			28,237,667.00
Others	其他	90,449,194.12	20,690,004.86	(87,119,398.76)		24,019,800.22
Total	合計	139,500,519.38	52,062,029.11	(139,305,081.27)		52,257,467.22

22. Goodwill

(1) Gross carrying amount of goodwill

22. 商譽

(1) 商譽賬面原值

			Increase during this				
			period due to business				
			combination				
			involving entities not		Adjustment for		
			under common	Decrease during	exchange	30 June	Asset
tem		31 December 2019		this period	differences	2020	group unit
			本期				
		2019年	非同一控制下		匯兑	2020年	
項目		12月31日	企業合併增加	本期減少	差額調整	6月30日	資產組組合
Merger with TAGC	合併湘火炬	531,226,252.68				531,226,252.68	
Merger with Linde Hydraulics	合併林德液壓						
GmbH & Co. KG	合夥企業	828,942,374.97			15,432,296.79	844,374,671.76	
Merger with KION	合併KION	6,636,463,936.94			123,550,061.15	6,760,013,998.09	
Merger with Dematic Group	合併Dematic Group	15,419,317,182.50	554,103,106.80		83,948,554.70	16,057,368,844.00	
Merger with Tianjin Tsintel	合併天津清智科技						
Technology Company Limited	有限公司(以下簡稱						
("Tsintel Technology")	「清智科技」)	303,417,137.96				303,417,137.96	
Others	其他	341,224,832.94	354,199,258.31		5,556,089.87	700,980,181.12	
Total	合計	24,060,591,717.99	908,302,365.11		228,487,002.51	25,197,381,085.61	

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

22. Goodwill (Continued)

(2) Provision for impairment of goodwill

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

22. 商譽(續)

(2) 商譽減值準備

RMB人民幣元

			Increase during	Decrease during	
Item		31 December 2019	this period	this period	30 June 2020
項目		2019年12月31日	本期增加	本期減少	2020年6月30日
Merger with TAGC	合併湘火炬	238,071,400.00			238,071,400.00

Balance as at 30 June 2020 mainly represented goodwill arising from merger with TAGC, Linde Hydraulics GmbH & Co. KG, KION, Dematic Group and Tsintel Technology. Goodwill arising from merger would be allocated to asset group units to test for impairment on an annual basis.

Carrying amount of material goodwill is allocated to the following asset group units as follows:

- asset group unit A: major automobile components other than automotive and engines
- asset group unit B: manufacture of hydraulic pumps, hydraulic motors, hydraulic valves, gears and other components
- asset group unit C: forklift trucks production, warehousing technology and supply chain solutions services
- asset group unit D: Intelligent supply chains and automation solutions
- asset group unit E: driving assistance system and automatic driving solutions

2020年6月30日商譽餘額主要 為合併湘火炬、林德液壓合夥 企業、KION、Dematic Group 和清智科技而產生的商譽。本 集團每年度對與該等企業合併 相關的資產組組合進行商譽減 值測試。

重要商譽的賬面金額分配至資 產組組合的情況如下:

- 資產組組合A: 汽車及發 動機外的主要汽車零部件
- 資產組組合B:生產液壓 泵、液壓馬達、液壓閥 門、齒輪及其它零部件
- 資產組組合C: 叉車生 產、倉庫技術及供應鏈解 決方案服務
- 資產組組合D:智能供應 鏈和自動化解決方案
- 資產組組合E: 駕駛輔助 系統及自動駕駛解決方案

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

22. Goodwill (Continued)

(2) Provision for impairment of goodwill (Continued) The carrying amount of material goodwill is allocated to the asset group units as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 (續)

22. 商譽(續)

(2) 商譽減值準備(續) 重要商譽的賬面金額分配至資 產組組合的情況如下:

RMB

人民幣元

Carrying amount of goodwill

商譽的賬面金額

		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Asset group units	資產組組合	2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Asset group unit A	資產組組合A	293,154,852.68	293,154,852.68
Asset group unit B	資產組組合B	844,374,671.76	828,942,374.97
Asset group unit C	資產組組合C	6,760,013,998.09	6,636,463,936.94
Asset group unit D	資產組組合D	16,057,368,844.00	15,419,317,182.50
Asset group unit E	資產組組合E	303,417,137.96	303,417,137.96
Total	合計	24,258,329,504.49	23,481,295,485.05

23. Long-term prepaid expenses

23. 長期待攤費用

RMB

			Increase	Amortization		
		31 December	during	during	Provision for	30 June
Item		2019	this period	this period	impairment	2020
		2019年				2020年
項目		12月31日	本期增加	本期攤銷	減值準備	6月30日
Industrial mould fee	工裝模具費	174,828,296.76	52,403,774.98	(2,513,043.34)		224,719,028.40
Industrial equipment fee	工位器具費	35,688,479.65	14,088,277.87	(5,265,728.44)		44,511,029.08
Expenditure on improvement of	租入固定資產					
fixed assets leased in	改良支出	43,850,686.14	6,085,686.84	(20,670,306.57)		29,266,066.41
Total	合計	254,367,462.55	72,577,739.69	(28,449,078.35)		298,496,123.89

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

24. Other non-current assets

(續)

24. 其他非流動資產

RMB

人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Scheme assets under defined benefi	360,848,247.00	403,740,914.50	
Input tax credit to be deducted	待抵扣進項税額	170,209,372.56	152,404,692.00
Others	其他	63,224,793.47	131,574,886.70
Total	合計	594,282,413.03	687,720,493.20

25. Short-term loans

25. 短期借款

RMB

人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Pledged borrowings (Note)	質押借款(註)信用借款	40,000,000.00	380,000,000.00
Credit loans		5,303,021,199.19	1,634,692,401.39
Total	合計	5,343,021,199.19	2,014,692,401.39

As at 30 June 2020, the above loans carried interest at rates ranging 0.70%~4.25% (31 December 2019: 1.05%~4.35%) per annum.

Note: As at 30 June 2020, among the short-term loans, RMB40,000,000.00 (31 December 2019: RMB20,000,000.00) represented the loan secured by the pledge of accounts receivable of RMB51,057,178.92 (31 December 2019: RMB25,442,865.48) by Shaanxi Jinding Casting Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, to Shandong Heavy Industry Group Finance Co., Ltd..

於2020年6月30日,上述借款的年利 率為0.70%~4.25%(2019年12月31 日:1.05%~4.35%)。

註: 於2020年6月30日,短期借款中人 民幣 40,000,000.00元(2019年12月 31日:人民幣20,000,000.00元)為 本公司之子公司陝西金鼎鑄造有限 公司向山東重工集團財務有限公司 質押人民幣51,057,178.92元應收賬 款獲得(2019年12月31日:人民幣 25,442,865.48元)。

1 January to 30 June 2020

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

財務報表附註(續)

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

26. Financial liability held for trading

(續)

26. 交易性金融負債

RMB

人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Forward foreign exchange contracts Cross currency swap and interest rate	遠期外匯合約 交叉貨幣互換及利率互換工具	85,151,393.42	100,742,322.60
swap instruments		14,881,590.04	31,178,431.78
Total	合計	100,032,983.46	131,920,754.38

27. Notes payable

27. 應付票據

RMB

人民幣元

Item 項目		30 June 2020 2020年6月30日	31 December 2019 2019年12月31日
Bank acceptance bills Commercial acceptance bills	銀行承兑匯票商業承兑匯票	18,074,140,421.84 344,530,601.41	22,399,651,927.32 46,752,609.26
Total	合計	18,418,671,023.25	22,446,404,536.58

As at 30 June 2020, the Group had no outstanding notes payable which were due (31 December 2019: Nil).

於2020年6月30日,本集團無到期未 付的應付票據(2019年12月31日: 無)。

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

28. Accounts payable

(續)

28. 應付賬款

RMB人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Within 3 months	3個月以內	40,222,970,627.36	33,160,995,390.49
3 to 6 months	3個月至6個月	3,687,991,150.05	2,714,553,791.80
6 to 12 months	6個月至12個月	1,089,045,847.96	543,361,583.54
Over 12 months	12個月以上	693,984,784.69	329,592,917.02
Total	合計	45,693,992,410.06	36,748,503,682.85

Accounts payable are non-interest bearing, and are generally settled within three to six months.

As at 30 June 2020, there was no payable which was material and aged over one year (31 December 2019: Nil).

應付賬款不計息,並通常在3至6個 月內清償。

於2020年6月30日,無賬齡一年以上 的重要的應付款項(2019年12月31 日:無)。

29. Contract liabilities

29. 合同負債

RMB人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Supply chain solutions services (Note)	供應鏈解決方案服務(註)	3,442,893,670.00	3,257,672,340.51
Construction contracts	建造合同		
Sales and other services	銷售及其他服務	10,930,075,146.29	7,396,781,019.68
Total	合計	14,372,968,816.29	10,654,453,360.19

Note: The contract liabilities associated with the supply chain solutions services are the balances payable to the customer under the performing contract. The balance is generated when a specific milestone payment exceeds the revenue recognized as a result of the input method.

與供應鏈解決方案服務相關的合同負 債為履行中合同下應付客戶的餘額。 當特定的里程碑付款超過按投入法已 確認的收入時,將產生該餘額。

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

30. Payroll payable

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

30. 應付職工薪酬

RMB人民幣元

ltem 項目		31 December 2019 2019年12月31日	Increase during this period 本期增加	Decrease during this period 本期減少	30 June 2020 2020年6月30日
Short-term remuneration	短期薪酬	4,869,582,825.95	11,292,577,142.55	(11,669,342,283.42)	4,492,817,685.08
Post-employment benefits (defined contribution plan)	離職後福利(設定 提存計劃)	430,349,431.75	1,324,529,647.17	(1,257,963,499.50)	496,915,579.42
Severance benefits due within 1 year	一年內到期的辭退福利	181,311,504.27	49,085,570.62	(107,007,307.57)	123,389,767.32
Cash-settled share-based payment due within 1 year	一年內到期的以現金 結算的股份支付	43,344,763.00	27,251,350.00	(38,425,712.00)	32,170,401.00
Other long-term payroll due within 1 year	一年內到期的其他長期 職工薪酬	64,407,535.50	225,964,019.32	(223,072,419.82)	67,299,135.00
Total	合計	5,588,996,060.47	12,919,407,729.66	(13,295,811,222.31)	5,212,592,567.82

Short-term remuneration is presented as follows:

短期薪酬如下:

			Increase during	Decrease during	
		31 December 2019	this period	this period	30 June 2020
		2019年12月31日	本期增加	本期減少	2020年6月30日
Salaries, bonuses, allowances	工資、獎金、津貼和				
and subsidies	補貼	3,873,801,176.90	9,778,307,446.32	(10,366,257,426.02)	3,285,851,197.20
Staff welfare	職工福利費	23,252,500.93	156,181,918.00	(148,898,066.80)	30,536,352.13
Social security	社會保險費	108,433,625.50	813,986,381.74	(753,568,322.20)	168,851,685.04
Incl: Medical insurance	其中:醫療保險費	76,143,515.66	733,419,551.31	(678,493,311.22)	131,069,755.75
Work injury insurance	工傷保險費	20,295,658.83	35,499,542.83	(32,478,082.77)	23,317,118.89
Maternity insurance	生育保險費	1,008,583.73	580,889.19	(1,489,721.60)	99,751.32
Supplementary medical insurance	補充醫療保險	10,985,867.28	44,486,398.41	(41,107,206.61)	14,365,059.08
Housing funds	住房公積金	18,874,214.37	184,866,108.40	(127,115,375.91)	76,624,946.86
Labor union operating funds and	工會經費和職工				
employee education costs	教育經費	640,038,401.52	90,492,949.34	(46,962,652.95)	683,568,697.91
Other short-term remuneration	其他短期薪酬	205,182,906.73	268,742,338.75	(226,540,439.54)	247,384,805.94
Total	合計	4,869,582,825.95	11,292,577,142.55	(11,669,342,283.42)	4,492,817,685.08

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 **Statements** (Continued)

30. Payroll payable (Continued)

Post-employment benefits (defined contribution plan) is presented as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

30. 應付職工薪酬(續)

離職後福利(設定提存計劃)如下:

RMB

人民幣元

Item 項目		31 December 2019 2019年12月31日	Increase during this period 本期增加	Decrease during this period 本期減少	30 June 2020 2020年6月30日
Basic pension insurance	基本養老保險	344,709,563.41	993,047,070.04	(909,722,806.45)	428,033,827.00
Unemployment insurance Contribution to pension fund	失業保險費 企業年金繳費	15,744,653.74 69,895,214.60	92,657,175.45 238,825,401.68	(86,434,123.76) (261,806,569.29)	21,967,705.43 46,914,046.99
Total	合計	430,349,431.75	1,324,529,647.17	(1,257,963,499.50)	496,915,579.42

31. Taxes payable

31. 應交税費

RMB

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Corporate income tax	企業所得税	1,457,633,445.21	977,012,671.16
Value-added tax	增值税	1,094,226,872.40	721,933,236.77
Individual income tax	個人所得税	312,653,294.93	219,970,981.88
Property tax	房產税	16,645,233.59	11,161,834.32
City maintenance and construction tax	城市維護建設税	15,846,892.72	<mark>7,079,</mark> 202.79
Stamp duty	印花税	14,729,771.12	1 <mark>7,347,</mark> 883.76
Land use tax	土地使用税	12,188,159.44	9,262,341.18
Educational surtax	教育費附加	11,437,207.95	5,787,532.86
Other taxes	其他税項	89,860,299.12	95,029,079.98
Total	合計	3,025,221,176.48	2,064,584,764.70

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

32. Other payables

(續)

32. 其他應付款

RMB

人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Interest payable	應付利息	79,054,971.75	86,402,649.03
Dividend payable	應付股利	1,140,752,247.84	305,265,323.14
Other payables	其他應付款	7,566,196,692.93	6,119,334,670.68
Total	合計	8,786,003,912.52	6,511,002,642.85

Interest payable

應付利息

RMB

人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Interest on medium term notes Interest on borrowings	中期票據利息借款利息	49,122,255.89 29,932,715.86	63,063,074.22 23,339,574.81
Total	合計	79,054,971.75	86,402,649.03

Dividend payable

應付股利

RMB

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Dividend payable on ordinary	應付普通股股利(註1)		
shares (Note 1)		1,079,597,502.31	245,005,493.84
Interest payable on perpetual	應付永續債票息(註2)		
bonds (Note 2)		61,154,745.53	60,259,829.30
Total	合計	1,140,752,247.84	305,265,323.14

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

32. Other payables (Continued)

Other payables

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

32. 其他應付款(續)

其他應付款

RMB

人民幣元

Nature		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
性質		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Guarantees and deposits	保證金及押金	3,036,959,462.13	1,983,323,781.13
Technology development expenses	技術開發費	459,550,069.00	426,634,376.02
Payables for purchase of construction	應付工程款及固定資產		
and fixed assets	採購款	424,814,832.36	263,043,363.50
After-sale expenses and repair and	三包及修理維護費		
maintenance expenses		421,151,997.33	405,156,107.97
Sales discount	銷售折讓	389,580,766.46	563,936,754.18
Commission	佣金	338,411,174.93	327,229,694.22
Transportation expenses	運費	151,364,571.54	107,004,319.66
Others	其他	2,344,363,819.18	2,043,006,274.00
Total	合計	7,566,196,692.93	6,119,334,670.68

Note 1: Dividends payable to the shareholders of the parent in the amount of RMB1,079,597,502.31 has been distributed during the period from the balance sheet date to the date on which the issue of these financial statements was approved.

Note 2: As stipulated in relevant agreements of Weichai International Hong Kong Energy Group Co., Limited, a subsidiary of the Company, coupon interest of perpetual bonds in the amount of RMB61,154,745.53 confirmed on 30 June 2020 will be distributed to holders of perpetual bonds on 14 September 2020.

As at 30 June 2020, there were no other payables in significant amount aging over one year (31 December 2019: Nil).

註1: 應付股利中應付本公司股東現金股利 人民幣1,079,597,502.31元於資產負 債表日至本財務報告批准報出日之間 已派發完畢。

註2: 按照本公司之子公司濰柴國際(香港) 能源集團有限公司相關協議約定,於 2020年6月30日確認的永續債票息人 民幣61,154,745.53元,將於2020年 9月14日向永續債持有者派發。

於2020年6月30日,無賬齡一年以 上的重要的其他應付款(2019年12月 31日:無)。

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

33. Non-current liabilities due within one year

(續)

33. 一年內到期的非流動負債

RMB

人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Long-term payables due within one year Long-term borrowings due within	一年內到期的長期應付款 一年內到期的長期借款	2,697,752,546.87	1,340,539,689.35
one year		3,538,896,804.26	3,300,247,072.58
Lease liabilities due within one year	一年內到期的租賃負債	2,502,027,038.25	3,798,393,534.74
Bonds payable due within one year	一年內到期的應付債券	2,830,529,270.72	2,786,461,065.40
Other non-current liabilities due within	一年內到期的其他非流動負債		
one year		2,276,089,705.00	1,772,719,525.50
Total	合計	13,845,295,365.10	12,998,360,887.57
Long-term borrowings due within one year include:	其中:一年內到期的長期借款:		
Guaranteed loans (Note V.35	保證借款(附註五、35、		
– Notes 2, 4~9, 11)	註2、4~9、11)	3,022,136,804.26	2,795,627,072.58
Credit loans	信用借款	350,000,000.00	350,000,000.00
Mortgage loans (Note V.35	抵押借款(附註五、35、		
– Notes 13, 14)	註13、14)	165,760,000.00	153,620,000.00
Other loans (Note V.35 – Note 15)	其他借款(附註五、35、註15)	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00

34. Other current liabilities

34. 其他流動負債

RMB

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Product quality assurance deposit	產品質量保證金	3,590,099,935.86	3,129,123,318.32
Lease borrowings	租賃借款	2,701,927,575.50	3,036,978,252.00
Short-term financing	短期融資	2,324,038,808.00	_
Others	其他	512,262,853.70	551,752,042.48
Total	合計	9,128,329,173.06	6,717,853,612.80

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 **Statements** (Continued)

35. Long-term borrowings

(續)

35. 長期借款

RMB

人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Guaranteed loans (Notes 1~12)	保證借款(註1~12)	6,768,719,204.72	6,833,296,369.13
Credit loans	信用借款	3,055,507,027.66	3,998,004,870.00
Mortgage loans (Notes 13, 14)	抵押借款(註13、14)	322,476,751.45	395,356,751.45
Other loans (Note 15)	其他借款(註15)	147,000,000.00	147,000,000.00
Total	合計	10,293,702,983.83	11,373,657,990.58

Long-term borrowings are classified according to maturity dates as follows:

長期借款按到期日劃分如下:

RMB

人民幣元

Maturity		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
到期日		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Due within 1 year	1年內到期	3,538,896,804.26	3,300,247,072.58
Due within 1 to 2 years	1到2年內到期	3,052,695,618.00	2,091,064,663.00
Due within 2 to 5 years	2到5年內到期	6,668,007,365.83	8,888,193,327.58
Due over 5 years	5年以上	573,000,000.00	394,400,000.00
Sub-total	小計	13,832,599,788.09	14,673,905,063.16
Less: Long-term borrowings classified as	減:分類為一年內到期的		
due within one year	長期借款	3,538,896,804.26	3,300,247,072.58
Total	合計	10,293,702,983.83	11,373,657,990.58

As at 30 June 2020, the above loans carried interest at rates ranging from 1.00% to 5.05% (31 December 2019: 0.53% to 5.05%) per annum.

於2020年6月30日,上述借款的年利 率為1.00%~5.05%(2019年12月31 日:0.53%~5.05%)。

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

35. Long-term borrowings (Continued)

Note 1: As at 30 June 2020, an amount of EUR353,000,000.00 equivalent to RMB2,810,233,000.00 under long term borrowings (31 December 2019: RMB2,758,871,500.00) was loan(s) provided to Weichai Power (Hong Kong) International Development Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, from China Development Bank, for which the Company provided guarantee for joint liabilities. The long term borrowings will mature on 15 October 2024

Note 2: As at 30 June 2020, an amount of EUR263,500,000.00 equivalent to RMB2,097,723,500.00 under long term borrowings (31 December 2019: RMB2,059,384,250.00) was loan(s) provided to Weichai Power (Hong Kong) International Development Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, from ANZ Singapore, for which the Company provided guarantee for joint liabilities. The long term borrowings will mature in stages by 21 November 2022. Among others, an amount of EUR62,000,000.00 equivalent to RMB493,582,000.00 (31 December 2019: RMB484,561,000.00) will mature within one year.

Note 3: As at 30 June 2020, an amount of EUR129,000,000.00, equivalent to RMB1,026,969,000.00 under long term borrowings (31 December 2019: RMB1,008,199,500.00) was loan(s) provided to Weichai Power (Hong Kong) International Development Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, from Bank Of China (Hong Kong) Limited, for which the Company provided guarantee for joint liabilities. The long term borrowings will mature in stages by 28 October 2024. Among others, no amount will mature within one year.

Note 4: As at 30 June 2020, an amount of EUR120,000,000.00 equivalent to RMB955,320,000.00 under long term borrowings (31 December 2019: RMB937,860,000.00) was loan(s) provided to Weichai Power (Hong Kong) International Development Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, from China Development Bank, for which the Company provided guarantee for joint liabilities. The loan(s) will mature within one year.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 (續)

35. 長期借款(續)

註1: 於2020年6月30日,長期借款中歐 元 353,000,000.00 , 折合人民幣 2.810.233.000.00元(2019年12月31 日:人民幣2,758,871,500.00元)為 國家開發銀行向本公司之子公司濰柴 動力(香港)國際發展有限公司提供的 貸款,由本公司提供連帶責任保證擔 保。該筆長期借款將於2024年10月 15日到期。

註2: 於2020年6月30日,長期借款中歐 元 263,500,000.00 , 折合人民幣 2,097,723,500.00 元 (2019年12月 31日:人民幣2,059,384,250.00元) 為澳新銀行新加坡分行向本公司之子 公司濰柴動力(香港)國際發展有限 公司提供的貸款,由本公司提供連 帶責任保證擔保。該筆長期借款將 於2022年11月21日前分期到期,其 中歐元62,000,000,00,折合人民幣 493,582,000.00元(2019年12月31 日:人民幣484,561,000.00元)將於 一年內到期。

註3: 於2020年6月30日,長期借款中歐 元 129,000,000.00, 折合人民幣 1,026,969,000.00 元 (2019年12月 31日:人民幣1,008,199,500.00元) 為中國銀行(香港)有限公司向本公司 之子公司濰柴動力(香港)國際發展有 限公司提供的貸款,由本公司提供連 帶責任保證擔保。該筆長期借款將於 2024年10月28日前分期到期,其中 無一年內到期金額。

註4: 於2020年6月30日,長期借款中歐 元 120,000,000.00,折合人民幣 955.320.000.00元(2019年12月31 日:人民幣937,860,000.00元)為國 家開發銀行向本公司之子公司濰柴動 力(香港)國際發展有限公司提供的 貸款,由本公司提供連帶責任保證擔 保,並將於一年內到期。

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

35. Long-term borrowings (Continued)

Note 5: As at 30 June 2020, an amount of USD98,180,000.00 equivalent to RMB695,086,644.52 under long term borrowings (31 December 2019: RMB684,915,000.15) was loan(s) provided to Weichai Power (Hong Kong) International Development Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, from Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited, for which the Company provided guarantee for joint liabilities. The long term borrowings will mature in stages by 7 November 2024. Among others, an amount of USD49,090,000.00 equivalent to RMB347,543,322.26 (31 December 2019: RMB342,457,500.08) will mature within one year.

Note 6: As at 30 June 2020, an amount of EUR68,629,000.00 equivalent to RMB546,355,469.00 under long term borrowings (31 December 2019: RMB536,369,949.50) was loan(s) provided to Weichai Power (Luxembourg) Holding S.à r.l., a subsidiary of the Company, from Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited, for which the Company provided guarantee for joint liabilities. The loan(s) will mature within one year.

Note 7: As at 30 June 2020, an amount of EUR55,000,000.00 equivalent to RMB437,855,000.00 under long term borrowings (31 December 2019: RMB429,852,500.00) was loan(s) provided to Weichai Power (Hong Kong) International Development Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, from China Development Bank, for which the Company provided guarantee for joint liabilities. The loan(s) will mature within one year (31 December 2019: the amount which will mature within one year is nil).

Note 8: As at 30 June 2020, an amount of EUR39,000,000,00 equivalent to RMB310,479,000.00 under long term borrowings (31 December 2019: RMB332,158,750.00) was loan(s) provided to Weichai Power (Hong Kong) International Development Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, from The Export-import Bank of China, for which the Company provided guarantee for joint liabilities. The long term borrowings will mature in stages by 21 June 2023. Among others, an amount of EUR9,000,000.00 equivalent to RMB71,649,000.00 (31 December 2019: RMB62,524,000.00) will mature within one year

Note 9: As at 30 June 2020, an amount of EUR33,334,000.00 equivalent to RMB265,371,974.00 under long term borrowings (31 December 2019: RMB325,648,438.50) was loan(s) provided to Weichai (Germany) Real Estate GmbH, a subsidiary of the Company, from Bank of China Frankfurt Branch, for which the Company provided guarantee for joint liabilities. The long term borrowings will mature in stages by 13 January 2022. Among others, an amount of EUR8,333,000.00 equivalent to RMB66,339,013.00 (31 December 2019: RMB130,253,123.00) will mature within one year.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

35. 長期借款(續)

註5: 於2020年6月30日,長期借款中 美元 98,180,000.00, 折合人民幣 695.086.644.52 元 (2019年12月31 日:人民幣684,915,000.15元)為中 國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司向本公 司之子公司濰柴動力(香港)國際發展 有限公司提供的貸款,由本公司提供 連帶責任保證擔保。該筆長期借款將 於2024年11月7日前分期到期,其 中美元49,090,000.00,折合人民幣 347,543,322.26元(2019年12月31 日:人民幣342,457,500.08元)將於 一年內到期。

註6: 於2020年6月30日,長期借款中 歐元 68,629,000.00, 折合人民幣 546.355.469.00元(2019年12月31 日:人民幣536,369,949.50元)為中 國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司向本公司 之子公司潍柴動力(盧森堡)控股有限 公司提供的貸款,由本公司提供連帶 責任保證擔保,並將於一年內到期。

註7: 於2020年6月30日,長期借款中 歐元 55,000,000.00, 折合人民幣 437,855,000.00元(2019年12月31 日:人民幣429,852,500.00元)為國 家開發銀行向本公司之子公司潍柴動 力(香港)國際發展有限公司提供的 貸款,由本公司提供連帶責任保證擔 保, 並將於一年內到期(2019年12月 31日:一年內到期的金額為零)。

註8: 於2020年6月30日,長期借款中 歐元39,000,000.00,折合人民幣 310,479,000.00 元(2019年12月 31日:人民幣332,158,750.00元) 為中國進出口銀行向本公司之子公 司濰柴動力(香港)國際發展有限公 司提供的貸款,由本公司提供連帶 責任保證擔保。該筆長期借款將於 2023年6月21日前分期到期,其中 歐元 9,000,000.00,折合人民幣 71,649,000.00 元 (2019年12月31 日:人民幣62,524,000.00元)將於一 年內到期。

註9: 於2020年6月30日,長期借款中 歐元33,334,000.00,折合人民幣 265,371,974.00 元(2019年12月 31日:人民幣325,648,438.50元) 為中國銀行法蘭克福分行向本公司 之子公司濰柴(德國)房地產有限公 司提供的貸款,由本公司提供連帶 責任保證擔保。該筆長期借款將於 2022年1月13日前分期到期,其中 歐元 8,333,000.00,折合人民幣 66,339,013.00 元 (2019年12月31 日:人民幣130,253,123.00元)將於 一年內到期。

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

35. Long-term borrowings (Continued)

- Note 10: As at 30 June 2020, an amount of GBP27,767,540.78 equivalent to RMB241,969,421.46 under long term borrowings (31 December 2019: RMB254,062,053.56) was loan(s) provided to Weichai Power (Hong Kong) International Development Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, from Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited, Luxembourg Branch, for which the Company provided guarantee for joint liabilities. The long term borrowings will mature on 2 December 2024.
- Note 11: As at 30 June 2020, an amount of EUR13,000,000.00 equivalent to RMB103,493,000.00 under long term borrowings (31 December 2019: RMB101,601,500.00) was loan(s) provided to Weichai Power (Luxembourg) Holding S.à r.l., a subsidiary of the Company, from Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited, for which the Company provided guarantee for joint liabilities. The loan(s) will mature within one year.
- Note 12: As at 30 June 2020, an amount of RMB300,000,000.00 under longterm borrowings (31 December 2019: Nil) was loan(s) provided to Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, from the Shaanxi branch of The Export-import Bank of China, for which the Shaanxi branch of the Bank of Communications provided guarantee for joint liabilities by the pledge of fixed deposit of RMB340,000,000.00 to the Xi'an Tianshuijing Street branch of the Bank of Communications. The long-term borrowings will mature in stages by 26 March 2022. Among others, no amount will mature within one year.
- Note 13: As at 30 June 2020, an amount of RMB468,236,751.45 under longterm borrowings (31 December 2019: RMB528,976,751.45) was loan provided to Weichai (Chongging) Automotive Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, from the Chongqing Branch of China Construction Bank Corporation and Shandong Heavy Industry Group Finance Co., Ltd., and secured by the assets under phase one light-duty vehicle project of the Company, as stipulated in the loan agreement. As at 30 June 2020, the assets already invested in the project included fixed assets with a carrying amount of RMB421,486,216.97 and intangible assets with a carrying amount of RMB239,474,508.14. The long-term borrowings will mature in stages by 20 September 2024. Among others, an amount of RMB145,760,000.00 (31 December 2019: RMB133,620,000.00) will mature within one year.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 (續)

35. 長期借款(續)

- 註10:於2020年6月30日,長期借款中 英鎊 27,767,540.78, 折合人民幣 241.969.421.46 元 (2019年12月31 日:人民幣254,062,053.56元)為中 國工商銀行盧森堡分行向本公司之子 公司濰柴動力(香港)國際發展有限公 司提供的貸款,由本公司提供連帶責 任保證擔保。該筆長期借款將於2024 年12月2日到期。
- 註11:於2020年6月30日,長期借款中 歐元 13,000,000.00, 折合人民幣 103,493,000.00元(2019年12月31 日:人民幣101,601,500.00元)為中 國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司向本公司 之子公司濰柴動力(盧森堡)控股有限 公司提供的貸款,由本公司提供連帶 責任保證擔保,並將於一年內到期。
- 註12:於2020年6月30日,長期借款中人 民幣 300,000,000.00 元(2019年12 月31日:無)為中國進出口銀行陝西 省分行向本公司之子公司陝西重型汽 車有限公司提供的貸款,通過向交通 銀行西安甜水井街支行質押人民幣 340,000,000.00元的定期存單,由交 通銀行陝西省分行提供連帶責任保證 擔保,該筆長期借款將於2022年3月 26日前分期到期,其中無一年內到期 金額。
- 註13:於2020年6月30日,長期借款中人 民幣 468,236,751.45 元(2019年12 月31日:人民幣528,976,751.45元) 為中國建設銀行股份有限公司重慶市 分行與山東重工集團財務有限公司 向本公司之子公司潍柴(重慶)汽車 有限公司提供的貸款,借款協議約 定以公司輕型車一期項目資產作為抵 押。截至2020年6月30日,該項目 已投資的資產包括賬面價值人民幣 421,486,216.97元的固定資產和人民 幣239,474,508.14元的無形資產,該 筆長期借款將於2024年9月20日前分 期到期,其中人民幣145,760,000.00 元(2019年12月31日:人民幣 133,620,000.00元)將於一年內到期。

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

35. Long-term borrowings (Continued)

Note 14: As at 30 June 2020, mortgage loans amounting to RMB20,000,000.00 under long-term borrowings (31 December 2019: RMB20,000,000.00) were loans provided to Shaanxi Jinding Casting Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, from Rural Commercial Bank Corporation Limited of Qishan County, Shaanxi Province, and secured by machinery and equipment with a carrying amount of RMB38,627,126.15 (31 December 2019: RMB43,849,214.71) which will be due within one year.

Note 15: As at 30 June 2020, an amount of RMB148,000,000.00 under long-term borrowings (31 December 2019: RMB148,000,000.00) was loan(s) provided to Shaanxi Fast Gear Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, from CDB Capital Co., Ltd., and the loan agreed in the loan agreement were used in medium-duty and light-duty gear boxes and new energy transmission system projects. This long-term borrowing will mature in stages by 22 October 2030. Among others, RMB1,000,000.00 (31 December 2019: RMB1,000,000.00) will mature within one year.

36. Bonds payable

36. 應付債券

RMB 人民幣元

Item30 June 202031 December 2019項目2020年6月30日2019年12月31日Bonds payable應付債券10,500,328,131.0610,295,279,995.18

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 (續)

35. 長期借款(續)

註14:於2020年6月30日,長期借款中人民幣20,000,000.00元的抵押借款(2019年12月31日:人民幣20,000,000.00元)為陝西岐山農村商業銀行股份有限公司向本公司向本公司陝西金鼎鑄造有限公司提供的貸款,以賬面價值人民幣38,627,126.15元(2019年12月31日:人民幣43,849,214.71元)的機器設備用於抵押,並將於一年內到期。

註15:於2020年6月30日,長期借款中人 民幣148,000,000.00元(2019年12 月31日:人民幣148,000,000.00元) 為國開發展基金有限公司向本公司之 子公司陝西法士特齒輪有限責任公司 提供的貸款,借款協議約定該筆借款 用於中輕型變速器及新能源傳動系 統項目。該筆長期借款將於2030年 10月22日前分期到期,其中人民幣 1,000,000.00元(2019年12月31日: 人民幣1,000,000.00元)將於一年內 到期。

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

36. Bonds payable (Continued)

As at 30 June 2020, balance of bonds payable are listed as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 (續)

36. 應付債券(續)

於2020年6月30日,應付債券餘額列 示如下:

RMB

ltem	Face value	lssuing date	Bond period	Issued amount	At the beginning of period	Issued during this period	Accrued interest during this period	Fair value hedging adjustments	Amortization	Exchange gains and losses/ adjustment for exchange differences	Repaid during this period	At the end of period	
項目			債券期限	發行金額	期初餘額	本期發行	本期計提利息	公允價值套期調整	折溢價攤銷	匯兑損益/ 匯兑差額調整	本期償還	期末餘額	註
Medium-term note 中期票據	7,367,344,000.00	21 February 2017 2017年2月21日		7,344,731,360.00	7,885,581,857.50		44,764,547.46		2,296,899.50	142,859,603.00		8,030,738,360.00	1
Medium-term note 中期票據	1,504,120,000.00			1,500,359,700.00	1,469,407,517.18		7,955,679.47	9,646,977.90	210,224.70	31,573,860.22		1,510,838,580.00	2
Medium-term note 中期票據	906,834,800.00	April 2019 2019年4月			940,290,620.50		5,340,720.76		934,332.06	17,526,238.50		958,751,191.06	3
Total 습함	9,778,298,800.00			9,750,345,484.00	10,295,279,995.18	-	58,060,947.69	9,646,977.90	3,441,456.26	191,959,701.72	-	10,500,328,131.06	

- Note 1: KION, a subsidiary of the Company, issued medium-term notes with total par value of EUR1,010 million on 21 February 2017, which will mature in May 2022, April 2024 and April 2027, at floating interest rate based on EURIBOR (Euro Interbank Offered Rate).
- Note 2: KION, a subsidiary of the Company, issued medium-term notes with total par value of EUR200 million in June 2018 with bond period of 7 years. Nominal amount of EUR100 million of such notes are at floating interest rate based on EURIBOR while the other nominal amount of EUR100 million are at fixed interest rate.
- Note 3: KION, a subsidiary of the Company, issued medium-term notes with total par value of EUR120.5 million in April 2019 with bond period of 7 years, at floating interest rate based on EURIBOR.
- 註1: 本公司之子公司KION,於2017年2月21日發 行票面總額為10.1億歐元的中期票據,分別 於2022年5月,2024年4月和2027年4月到 期,利率為以EURIBOR(歐元銀行同業拆借利 率)為基準的浮動利率。
- 註2: 本公司之子公司KION,於2018年6月發行票 面總額為2億歐元的中期票據,債券期限為7 年,該票據中1億歐元面額利率為以EURIBOR (歐元銀行同業拆借利率)為基準的浮動利 率,另1億歐元面額利率為固定利率。
- 註3: 本公司之子公司KION,於2019年4月發行票 面總額為1.205億歐元的中期票據,債券期 限為7年,利率為以EURIBOR(歐元銀行同業 拆借利率)為基準的浮動利率。

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

37. Lease liabilities

(續)

37. 租賃負債

RMB

人民幣元

Item 項目		30 June 2020 2020年6月30日	31 December 2019 2019年12月31日
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	10,667,098,524.60	12,741,973,630.35
Less: Lease liabilities taken to non-current liabilities due within	減:計入一年內到期的非流動 負債的租賃負債		
one year (Note V.33)	(附註五、33)	2,502,027,038.25	3,798,393,534.74
Total	合計	8,165,071,486.35	8,943,580,095.61

38. Long-term payables

38. 長期應付款

RMB

Item 項目		30 June 2020 2020年6月30日	31 December 2019 2019年12月31日
Government grants for national debt projects	國債項目政府撥款	5,500,000.00	5,500,000.00
Balance of indirect lease guarantee	間接租賃擔保餘值	1,033,879,324.73	660,847,418.00
Special payables	專項應付款	29,860,643.94	28,889,197.98
Financial liabilities related to sale and leaseback	售後租回相關金融負債	4,689,483,334.27	3,962,969,321.08
Total	合計	5,758,723,302.94	4,658,205,937.06

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

38. Long-term payables (Continued)

The change in special payables is as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 (續)

38. 長期應付款(續)

專項應付款的變動如下:

RMB 人民幣元

ltem 項目		31 December 2019 2019年12月31日	Increase during this period 本期增加	Decrease during this period 本期減少	30 June 2020 2020年6月30日
Interest subsidy for liquid fund	省財政廳撥付的	22 000 000 00			22 000 000 00
granted by provincial finance office Compensation for relocation	流動資金貸款貼息 拆遷補償款	23,000,000.00 5,513,797.98	971,445.96		23,000,000.00 6,485,243.94
R&D projects grants	研發項目撥款	375,400.00			375,400.00
Total	合計	28,889,197.98	971,445.96		29,860,643.94

39. Long-term payroll payable

39. 長期應付職工薪酬

RMB

ltem		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Defined benefit obligations	設定受益義務	11,873,441,511.19	10,994,858,481.19
Long-term severance benefits	長期辭退福利	397,019,703.71	348,758,860.11
Cash-settled share-based payments	以現金結算的股份支付	113,117,849.00	142,851,709.00
Other long-term payroll payable	其他長期職工薪酬	567,103,591.24	469 <mark>,599,</mark> 837.20
Subtotal	小計	12,950,682,655.14	11,956,068,887.50
Less: Long-term payroll payable due	減:一年內到期的長期		
within one year	應付職工薪酬		
Among which: Severance benefits	其中:辭退福利	123,389,767.32	181,311,504.27
Cash-settled share-based	以現金結算的股份支付		
payments		32,170,401.00	43,344,763.00
Other long-term payroll	其他長期職工薪酬		
payable		67,299,135.00	64,407,535.50
Subtotal	小計	222,859,303.32	289,063,802.77
Total	合計	12,727,823,351.82	11,667,005,084.73

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

39. Long-term payroll payable (Continued)

Defined benefit obligations

The Group operates defined benefit schemes for its staff in some overseas subsidiaries who meet conditions. Under the scheme, staff are entitled to enjoy retirement benefit provided for under defined benefit of the plans.

The Group's defined benefit scheme is one requiring contribution after termination of service. The scheme requires that contribution be made to an independently administered fund. The scheme is administered by an independent trustee in the legal form of a fund. The assets held under the fund is held separately with assets of the Group. The trustee is responsible for the investment strategies of the scheme.

The trustee assesses the level of capital of the scheme. The assessment includes asset-liabilities matching strategies and investment risk management strategies. The trustee determines the amount to be deployed based on the result of its annual assessment.

The scheme is exposed to interest rate risk, risk of change of anticipated age of beneficiaries of the pension, and risks of the securities market.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

39. 長期應付職工薪酬(續)

設定受益義務

本集團部分境外子公司為符合條件的 員工運作若干設定受益計劃,在該計 劃下,員工有權享受設定受益計劃約 定的退休福利。

本集團的設定受益計劃是離職後退休 金計劃,該計劃要求向獨立管理的基 金繳存費用。該計劃以基金為法律形 式,並由獨立受托人進行管理,其持 有的資產與本集團的資產單獨分開。 受托人負責確定該計劃的投資策略。

受托人審核計劃的資金水平。該審核 包括資產一負債匹配策略和投資風險 管理策略。受托人根據年度審核的結 果決定應繳存額。

該計劃受利率風險、退休金受益人的 預期壽命變動風險和證券市場風險的 影響。

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

39. Long-term payroll payable (Continued)

Defined benefit obligations (Continued)

The following table sets out the key actuarial assumptions used as at the balance sheet date:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

39. 長期應付職工薪酬(續)

設定受益義務(續)

下表為資產負債表日所使用的主要精 算假設:

Key actuarial assumptions		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
主要精算假設		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Discount rate (%) Expected growth rate of future	折現率(%) 預期未來退休金費用增長率(%)	0.67-2.75	0.73-3.30
pension expenses (%)		0.00-4.12	0.00-4.12
Expected rate of salary increment (%)	預期薪金增長率(%)	0.00-3.20	0.00-3.20

Scheme recognized in the income statement is set out below:

在利潤表中確認的有關計劃如下:

		Incurred during	Incurred in
Item		this period	previous period
項目		本期發生額	上期發生額
Current period cost of service	當期服務成本	209,583,608.10	158,338,094.05
Net interest	利息淨額	70,928,073.72	83,719,002.47
Net amount of the cost of post-	離職後福利成本淨額		
employment benefit		280,511,681.82	242,057,096.52
Taken to cost of sales	計入營業成本	123,806,776.10	96,298,640.85
Taken to distribution and selling	計入銷售費用		
expenses		34,764,936.50	26,747,364.80
Taken to general and administrative	計入管理費用		
expenses		36,934,626.70	23,853,060.40
Taken to research and development	計入研發費用		
expenses		14,077,268.80	11,439,028.00
Taken to finance expenses	計入財務費用	70,928,073.72	83,719,002.47
Total	合計	280,511,681.82	242,057,096.52

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

39. Long-term payroll payable (Continued)

Defined benefit obligations (Continued)

The change in defined benefit obligations and the change in fair value of assets under the scheme are as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

39. 長期應付職工薪酬(續)

設定受益義務(續)

設定受益義務變動和計劃資產公允價 值變動如下:

RMB

人民幣元

Net liabilities/

				Net liabilities/
		Present value of	Fair value of	(Net assets)
		defined benefit	assets under	under defined
Item		scheme obligations	the scheme	benefit scheme
		設定受益計劃	計劃資產	設定受益計劃
項目		義務現值	公允價值	淨負債/(淨資產)
Opening balance	期初餘額	17,650,362,811.68	(7,059,245,244.99)	10,591,117,566.69
Taken to profit or loss in	計入當期損益			
the current period		346,030,543.92	(65,518,862.10)	280,511,681.82
Cost of services	服務成本	209,583,608.10		209,583,608.10
Net interest	利息淨額	136,446,935.82	(65,518,862.10)	70,928,073.72
Taken to other comprehensive income	計入其他綜合收益	557,311,529.68	(47,791,586.02)	509,519,943.66
Actuarial gains or losses	精算利得或損失	557,311,529.68	-	557,311,529.68
Return on assets under the scheme	計劃資產回報(計入			
(net of amount included in net interest)	利息淨額的除外)		(47,791,586.02)	(47,791,586.02)
Adjustment for exchange differences	匯兑差額調整	99,681,005.83	115,623,746.98	215,304,752.81
Benefits paid	已支付的福利	(219,397,946.59)	151,357,369.54	(68,040,577.05)
Contribution from employers	僱主繳存	- 1	(15,820,103.74)	(15,820,103.74)
Other changes	其他變動	24,401,637.40	(24,401,637.40)	_
Closing balance	期末餘額	18,458,389,581.92	(6,945,796,317.73)	11,512,593,264.19

Note: As of 30 June 2020, the assets under the scheme amounting in aggregate to RMB360,848,247.00 (31 December 2019: RMB403,740,914.50) were accounted for under other non-current assets.

註: 於2020年6月30日計劃資產中有共計 人民幣360,848,247.00元(2019年12 月31日:人民幣403,740,914.50元) 在其他非流動資產中核算。

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

40. Accruals and provisions

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

40. 預計負債

RMB人民幣元

ltem 項目		31 December 2019 2019年12月31日	Increase during this period 本期增加	Decrease during this period 本期減少	Adjustment for exchange differences 匯兑差額調整	30 June 2020 2020年6月30日
Product quality assurance deposit	產品質量保證金	147,556,640.00	22,300,082.75	(21,377,157.50)	(17,091,221.25)	131,388,344.00
Pending litigation	未決訴訟	54,763,208.50	2,129,827.50	(394,412.50)	(3,677,388.50)	52,821,235.00
Others	其他	113,348,109.34	32,779,521.71	(37,066,886.75)	4,724,208.12	113,784,952.42
Total	合計	315,667,957.84	57,209,431.96	(58,838,456.75)	(16,044,401.63)	297,994,531.42

41. Deferred income

41. 遞延收益

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Government grant	政府補助	1,862,127,326.68	1,862,716,747.45
Deferred income of indirect	間接租賃業務之遞延收益		
leasing business		2,208,542,445.98	2,234,452,184.66
Deferred income of sale and	售後租回再轉租業務之		
leaseback sub-leases	遞延收益	436,312,158.20	511,3 <mark>97,</mark> 863.90
Total	合計	4,506,981,930.86	4,608,566,796.01

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

41. Deferred income (Continued)

As at 30 June 2020, the items related to government grant are as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

41. 遞延收益(續)

於2020年6月30日,涉及政府補助的 項目如下:

RMB

人民幣元

Item 項目		31 December 2019 2019年12月31日	Increase during this period 本期增加	Taken to other income during this period 本期計入其他收益	Other decreases 其他減少	30 June 2020 2020年6月30日	Related to assets/income 與資產/收益相關
Land-related government	與土地相關的	005 657 600 00	40.272.200.00	(44.000.454.77)		004 022 542 00	Related to assets
grant Special funds for industry	政府補助 產業振興和技	895,657,699.02	18,273,396.00	(11,998,451.22)		901,932,643.80	與資產相關 Related to
revitalization and	改專項資金						assets/income
technological renovation		656,725,021.77	60,641,600.00	(24,902,144.84)	(939, 105.20)	691,525,371.73	與資產/收益相關
Special assistance fund	專項補助資金						Related to assets/income
		109,256,721.35	7,690,000.00	(7,362,332.02)		109,584,389.33	與資產/收益相關
National debt special fund	國債專項資金						Related to assets
Position-based allowances	項目人才團隊	3,984,405.59		(996,101.40)		2,988,304.19	與資產相關 Related to income
for project teams	崗位津貼等	194,890,107.40	8,415,458.49	(49,360,170.04)		153,945,395.85	與收益相關
Others	其他						Related to assets
		2,202,792.32		(51,570.54)		2,151,221.78	與資產相關
Total	合計	1,862,716,747.45	95,020,454.49	(94,670,770.06)	(939,105.20)	1,862,127,326.68	

42. Other non-current liabilities

42. 其他非流動負債

RMB

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Asset securitization financing	資產證券化融資	4,343,704,703.00	3,254,303,860.50
Long-term liabilities of indirect	間接租賃業務之長期負債		
leasing business		337,395,141.00	311,338,258.00
Interest rate swap contracts	利率互換合約	117,735,229.00	89,174,855.00
Put options	看跌期權	38,905,407.00	38,194,348.50
Others	其他	356,186,104.04	218,886,963.35
Total	合計	5,193,926,584.04	3,911,898,285.35

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

43. Share capital

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 (續)

43. 股本

			31 Decemb	er 2019	Increase (decrease) of shares in current period	30 June	2020
			2019年12.	月31日	本期增(減)股數	2020年6月	月30日
lte	m		No. of shares	Proportion		No. of shares	Proportion
項	<u> </u>		股數	比例(%)		股數	比例(%)
I.	Restricted shares -	有限售條件股份	1,745,832,270.00	22.00	685,800.00	1,746,518,070.00	22.01
	State-owned legal person shares	國有法人持股	1,642,531,008.00	20.70		1,642,531,008.00	20.70
	Other domestic shares	其他內資持股	103,301,262.00	1.30	685,800.00	103,987,062.00	1.31
	Incl: Domestic natural	其中:境內自然人					
	person shares	持股	103,301,262.00	1.30	685,800.00	103,987,062.00	1.31
∥.	Non-restricted shares	二. 無限售條件股份	6,188,041,625.00	78.00	(685,800.00)	6,187,355,825.00	77.99
	RMB ordinary Shares	人民幣普通股	4,245,001,625.00	53.51	(685,800.00)	4,244,315,825.00	53.50
	Overseas listed foreign shares	境外上市的外資股	1,943,040,000.00	24.49		1,943,040,000.00	24.49
III.	Total no. of shares	E. 股份總數	7,933,873,895.00	100.00		7,933,873,895.00	100.00

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

44. Capital reserve

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

44. 資本公積

RMB

人民幣元

			Increase during	Decrease during	
Item		31 December 2019	this period	this period	30 June 2020
項目		2019年12月31日	本期增加	本期減少	2020年6月30日
Share premium (Notes 1, 3)	股本溢價(註1、3)	2,406,847.88	1,190,694.41	(3,597,542.29)	
Wholly state-owned capital reserve	國有獨享資本公積	77,000,000.00			77,000,000.00
Other capital reserve (Note 2)	其他資本公積(註2)	39,489,878.77	1,942,883.58		41,432,762.35
Total	合計	118,896,726.65	3,133,577.99	(3,597,542.29)	118,432,762.35

Note 1:KION, a subsidiary of the Company, made an equity-settled sharebased payment, (for details please refer to Note XI) and employees made the payment for subscribing shares, leading to an increase of RMB1,190,694.41 in capital reserve during the period.

Note 2:KION, a subsidiary of the Company, made an equity-settled share-based payment, leading to an increase of RMB1,942,883.58 in capital reserve.

Note 3: During the period, the Company acquired 0.23% minority interests of KION GROUP AG in the secondary market through Weichai Power (Luxembourg) Holding S.à r.l. ("Weichai Lux"). The above equity transaction led to a decrease of RMB3,597,542.29 in the share premium and a decrease of RMB41,529,369.29 in the retained earnings.

註1: 本公司之子公司KION實施一項以權 益結算的股份支付(詳情參見附註 十一),本期員工繳納認股款引起資 本公積增加人民幣1,190,694.41元。

註2: 本公司之子公司KION以權益結算的 股份支付引起資本公積增加人民幣 1,942,883.58元。

註3: 本期本公司通過濰柴動力(盧森堡)控 股有限公司(「濰柴盧森堡」)從二級市 場購買KION GROUP AG 0.23%的少 數股權,上述權益性交易沖減股本溢 價人民幣3,597,542.29元,沖減未分 配利潤人民幣41,529,369.29元。

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

45. Other comprehensive income

Other comprehensive income, on a cumulative basis, attributable to shareholders of parent company as shown in the consolidated balance sheet is as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 (續)

45. 其他綜合收益

合併資產負債表中歸屬於母公司的其 他綜合收益累計餘額:

RMB

人民幣元

				I	Incurred during this period			
					本期發生額			
				Less: Amount				
			Amount before					
		Balance as at						
		1 January				parent company		
Item		2020						
				減:前期計入				
		2020年	本期所得税前	其他綜合收益			税後歸屬於	
項目		1月1日餘額	發生額	當期轉入損益	減:所得税費用	歸屬於母公司	少數股東	
Those other comprehensive income not to be reclassified into profit or	loss 一、不能重分類進損益的其他綜合收益							
Changes arising from re-measuring of defined benefit plan	重新計量設定受益計劃變動額	(936,835,187.38)	(509,519,943.66)		(136,182,294.53)	(165,032,896.28)	(208,304,752.85)	(1,101,868,083.66)
Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified into	2000 2000 2000 2000							
profit or loss using the equity method	權益法下不能轉損益的其他綜合收益	(159.298.652.32)	(20,512,044.60)			11,509,465.23	(32,021,509.83)	(147,789,187.09)
Change in fair value of investment in other equity instruments	其他權益工具投資公允價值變動	425.026.942.34	116,004,942.63		19.339.119.55	103,773,209.63	(7,107,386.55)	528,800,151.97
II. Other comprehensive income to be reclassified into profit or loss	二、將重分類進損益的其他綜合收益							
Other comprehensive income to be reclassified into	- III							
profit or loss using the equity method	權益法下可轉捐益的其他綜合收益	36.683.605.76	4.856.475.60			2,185,414.02	2.671.061.58	38,869,019.78
Cashflow hedging reserve	現金流量套期儲備	(54,454,552.10)	76,671,167.11	(26,140,906.52)	15.595.599.01	51.933.276.56	35.283.198.06	(2,521,275.54)
7.7	外幣財務報表折算差額	(589,152,792.88)	(126,201,388.69)			(103,417,044.61)	(22,784,344.08)	(692,569,837.49)
Exchange differences on foreign currency translation								
Exchange differences on foreign currency translation	/ I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I							

46. Special reserve

46. 專項儲備

RMB

			Increase during	Decrease during	
Item		31 December 2019	this period	this period	30 June 2020
項目		2019年12月31日	本期增加	本期減少	2020年6月30日
Safety funds	安全生產費	193,099,471.45	47,970,378.73	(24,856,073.62)	216,213,776.56

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

47. Surplus reserve

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

47. 盈餘公積

RMB

人民幣元

lkana		24 Danashar 2010	Increase during	Decrease during	20 1 2020
Item 項目		31 December 2019 2019年12月31日	this period 本期增加	this period 本期減少	30 June 2020 2020年6月30日
Statutory surplus reserve	法定盈餘公積	973,728,220.76			973,728,220.76

48. Retained earnings

48. 未分配利潤

RMB

人民幣元

Item 項目		Incurred during this period 本期發生額	Incurred in previous period 上期發生額
		个 为 3	工力及工品
Retained earnings at the beginning of period	期初未分配利潤	37,282,373,385.43	32,324,975,192.29
Net profit attributable to shareholders	歸屬於母公司股東的		
of the parent	淨利潤	4,680,231,806.93	5,287,488,377.89
Less: Dividend payable on ordinary	減:應付普通股現金股利		
shares in cash		1,079,006,849.72	2,221,484,690.60
Acquisition of minority interests in	購買子公司少數股東股權		
subsidiaries (Note V. 44 Note 3)	(五、44註3)	41,529,369.29	_
Retained earnings at the end of period	期末未分配利潤	40,842,068,973.35	35,390,9 <mark>78,</mark> 879.58

On 29 June 2020, the Company's 2019 profit distribution proposal was considered and approved at the Company's 2019 annual general meeting. Based on the total share capital of 7,933,873,895 shares, the Company distributed to all shareholders a cash dividend of RMB1.36 (including tax) for every 10 shares held, without any capitalisation of reserve. Cash dividend amounting to RMB1,079,006,849.72 were distributed.

於2020年6月29日,本公司2019 年度股東周年大會審議通過了2019 年度利潤分配方案,本公司以總股 本 7,933,873,895 股 為 基 數 , 向 全 體股東每10股派發現金紅利人民 幣 1.36元(含税),不實施公積金 轉增股本,共派發現金股利人民幣 1,079,006,849.72元。

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

49. Minority interests

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 (續)

49. 少數股東權益

RMB

人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Minority interest attributable to ordinary share holders	歸屬於普通股少數股東的權益	20,298,021,264.69	19,497,507,126.08
Minority interests – perpetual bonds	少數股東權益-永續債	5,053,277,241.69	5,053,277,241.69
Total	合計	25,351,298,506.38	24,550,784,367.77

On 14 September 2017, Weichai International Hong Kong Energy Group Co., Limited, a subsidiary of the Company, issued perpetual bond of par value of USD775 million, nominal interest rate of 3.75% and with interest payable every six months. Total net proceeds after deduction of issue expenses amounted to RMB5,053,277,241.69.

The perpetual bonds were issued with the guarantee provided by the Company for its subsidiary Weichai International Hong Kong Energy Group Co., Limited, without maturity date, without conversion right, and dividend distribution may be deferred for an indefinite number of times at the discretion of the Group. The Group is entitled to redeem such perpetual bonds on 14 September 2022.

於2017年9月14日,本公司之子公司 濰柴國際(香港)能源集團有限公司發 行票面總額為7.75億美元,票面利率 為3.75%,付息頻率為6個月的永續 債,扣除發行費用後募集資金總額為 人民幣5,053,277,241.69元。

該等永續債由本公司為子公司濰柴國 際(香港)能源集團有限公司提供擔保 發行,無到期日,無轉股權,且分派 股息可由本集團酌情延期,且不受次 數限制。本集團有權於2022年9月14 日贖回該等永續債。

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

50. Revenue and Cost of Sales

(1) Revenue and cost of sales

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

50. 營業收入及成本

(1) 營業收入和營業成本情況

RMB人民幣元

			Incurred during this period 本期發生額		Incurred in previous period 上期發生額	
Item		Revenue	Cost	Revenue	Cost	
項目		收入	成本	收入	成本	
Revenue from principal operations	主營業務	91,070,191,344.94	72,839,210,382.86	89,130,194,179.44	69,563,891,661.86	
Other revenue	其他業務	3,424,367,748.75	3,150,432,799.38	1,732,302,341.04	1,537,250,791.27	
Total	合計	94,494,559,093.69	75,989,643,182.24	90,862,496,520.48	71,101,142,453.13	

(2) Reporting segment

(2) 報告分部

					7(10)0
			Automobiles and		
			automobile	Intelligent	
Item		Engines	components	logistics	Total
			汽車及		
項目		發動機	汽車零部件	智能物流	合計
Major regions of operation:	主要經營地區:				
Mainland China	中國大陸	21,160,783,988.27	40,070,236,919.33	1,767,784,589.23	62,998,805,496.83
Other countries and regions	其他國家和地區	1,211,440,504.08	1,969,602,504.87	28,314,710,587.91	31,495,753,596.86
Total	合計	22,372,224,492.35	42,039,839,424.20	30,082,495,177.14	94,494,559,093.69
Time for recognition	收入確認時間:				
of revenue:					
Transferred at a certain	在某一時點轉讓				
point of time		22,334,410,963.01	41,983,159,545.74	16,628,654,649.53	80,946,225,158.28
Provided over a certain	在某一時段內提供				
period of time		21,969,808.39	30,070,494.99	10,357,165,927.05	10,409,206,230.43
Subtotal of revenue arising from	n 與客戶之間的合同產生				
contracts with customers	的收入小計	22,356,380,771.40	42,013,230,040.73	26,985,820,576.58	91,355,431,388.71
Revenue under the Standard	租賃準則下收入				
on Lease		15,843,720.95	26,609,383.47	3,096,674,600.56	3,139,127,704.98
Total	合計	22,372,224,492.35	42,039,839,424.20	30,082,495,177.14	94,494,559,093.69

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

50. Revenue and Cost of Sales (Continued)

Performance of obligations

The supply chain solution services provided by the Group belong to the performance obligation satisfied over a certain period of time. The performance costs actually incurred on a cumulative basis as a percentage of estimated total costs is used to ascertain progress of performance of supply chain solution services contracts. As at 30 June 2020, some of the Group's supply chain solution services contracts were still in the process of performance, the transaction price allocated to the outstanding (or partially unperformed) performance obligations is related to the performance progress of each supply chain solution services contract, and will be recognized as revenue in the future performance period of each supply chain solution services contracts based on the performance progress.

51. Taxes and Surcharges

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日 | 期間

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 (續)

50. 營業收入及成本(續)

(3) 履約義務的説明

本集團提供的供應鏈解決方案 服務屬於在某一時段內履行的 履約義務,按照累計實際發生 的履約成本佔預計總成本的比 例確定供應鏈解決方案服務合 同的履約進度。截至2020年6 月30日,本集團部分供應鏈解 決方案服務尚在履行過程中, 分攤至尚未履行(或部分未履 行)履約義務的交易價格與相應 供應鏈解決方案服務的履約進 度相關,並將於相應供應鏈解 決方案服務的未來履約期內按 履約進度確認為收入。

51. 税金及附加

	TIVID
1	民幣元

		Incurred during	Incurred in
Item		this period	previous period
項目		本期發生額	上期發生額
City maintenance and construction tax	城建税	133,928,314.59	114,008,675.23
Educational surtax	教育費附加	98,313,548.74	8 <mark>3,063,</mark> 488.76
Property tax	房產稅	76,149,490.37	6 <mark>8,987,</mark> 198.89
Stamp duty	印花税	44,442,522.00	40,327,806.66
Others	其他	79,794,302.80	68,633,243.73
Total	合計	432,628,178.50	375,020,413.27

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

52. Distribution and selling expenses

(續)

52. 銷售費用

RMB

人民幣元

Item		Incurred during this period	Incurred in previous period
項目		本期發生額	上期發生額
Staff costs	 員工成本	2,302,334,424.14	2,273,973,893.28
Freight and packaging	運費及包裝費 	638,422,453.63	739,740,716.54
After-sales and repair fee	三包及產品返修費用	595,448,989.53	739,125,641.37
Marketing expenses	市場開拓費用	451,314,802.66	319,311,011.83
Depreciation and amortization	折舊及攤銷	344,073,017.85	390,796,213.23
Travel expenses	差旅費	119,788,603.81	195,964,648.61
Lease expenses	租賃費	49,358,679.71	31,045,306.23
Office expenses	辦公費用	48,230,860.85	53,286,722.92
Others	其他	763,530,967.73	626,492,223.61
Total	合計	5,312,502,799.91	5,369,736,377.62

53. General and administrative expenses

53. 管理費用

RMB

Item 項目		Incurred during this period 本期發生額	Incurred in previous period 上期發生額
Staff costs	員工成本	1,853,104,518.90	1,852,780,984.62
Depreciation and amortization	折舊及攤銷	328,667,234.24	319,497,567.00
External support fee	外部支持費	242,502,434.12	324,580,912.10
Office expenses	辦公費	171,490,641.49	168,247,006.82
Travel expenses	差旅費	42,095,349.89	63,846,597.86
Repair expenses	修理費	34,877,409.92	35,826,796.97
Lease expenses	租賃費	28,712,600.50	35,871,494.70
Others	其他	695,945,983.48	480,504,345.83
Total	合計	3,397,396,172.54	3,281,155,705.90

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

54. Research & development expenses

(續)

54. 研發費用

RMB

人民幣元

Item 項目		Incurred during this period 本期發生額	Incurred in previous period 上期發生額
Staff costs	員工成本	1,115,919,896.78	1,207,098,272.02
Technology development costs	技術開發費	486,953,141.70	550,633,200.80
Testing costs	實驗試製費	359,897,464.90	142,175,445.46
External intellectual property and	外部知識產權及		
published documents licensing costs	出版文獻使用費	252,000,372.03	152,813,547.65
Depreciation and amortization	折舊及攤銷	118,887,255.75	145,034,935.23
Fuels and utility fees	燃料及動能費	58,815,216.80	57,159,867.13
Travel expenses	差旅費	19,280,020.35	44,428,907.94
Others	其他	170,554,164.26	98,397,660.03
Total	合計	2,582,307,532.57	2,397,741,836.26

55. Finance expenses

55. 財務費用

RMB人民幣元

Item 項目		Incurred during this period 本期發生額	Incurred in previous period 上期發生額
Interest expenses (Note)	利息支出(註)	587,977,422.15	596,873,003.86
Less: interest income	減:利息收入	619,198,001.23	479,664,629.04
Exchange gains and losses	匯兑損益	153,774,657.13	1,832,049.75
Handling fees and others	手續費及其他	43,641,220.80	22,302,146.64
Total	合計	166,195,298.85	141,342,571.21

Note: Among which, interest expenses of lease liabilities during the period was RMB270,100,306.99.

註: 其中本期租賃負債的利息費用為人民 幣270,100,306.99元。

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

56. Other income

Government grants charged to profit or loss for the current period are presented as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

56. 其他收益

計入當期損益的政府補助如下:

RMB人民幣元

ltem		Incurred during this period	Incurred in previous period	Related to assets/income 與資產/	Extraordinary profit and loss taken as incurred during this period 計入本期發生額的
項目		本期發生額	上期發生額	收益相關	非經常性損益
Income of financial subsidies	財政補貼收入	34,670,987.78	36,163,573.52	Related to income 與收益相關	34,670,987.78
Government support fund	政府扶持金	7,653,639.69	16,842,500.00	Related to income 與收益相關	7,653,639.69
Amortization of deferred income	遞延收益攤銷	94,670,770.06	36,865,308.50	Related to assets/income 與資產/收益相關	94,670,770.06
Others	其他	2,148,679.60	249,110.55	Related to income 與收益相關	2,148,679.60
Total	合計	139,144,077.13	90,120,492.57		139,144,077.13

57. Investment income

57. 投資收益

Item 項目		Incurred during this period 本期發生額	Incurred in previous period 上期發生額
Gain on long-term equity investments	權益法核算的長期股權		
under the equity method	投資收益	144,700,622.61	123,724,757.92
Investment income during the period	交易性金融資產持有期間		
in which the financial assets held for	取得的投資收益		
trading were held		78,889,136.87	95,532,597.95
Gain on interest rate swap and exchange	交叉貨幣互換及利率互換		
gains and losses realized in cross	合約中已實現的利息		
currency swap and interest rate	掉期收益和匯兑損益		
swap contracts		51,391,050.74	50,355,931.50
Investment income arising from disposal	處置長期股權投資產生的		
of long-term equity investments	投資收益	-	71,491,942.98
Investment income arising from the	認股權證行權產生的投資收益		
exercise of warrants		-	7,859,123.54
Others	其他	(3,143,888.47)	23,734,147.45
Total	合計	271,836,921.75	372,698,501.34

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

58. Profit or loss on change of fair value

58. 公允價值變動損益

RMB人民幣元

Item 項目		Incurred during this period 本期發生額	Incurred in previous period 上期發生額
swap instruments at fair value through 計 profit or loss for the current period 貨	公允價值計量且其變動 十入當期損益的交叉 貨幣互換及利率互換工具 責件存款	100,138,247.02 21,055,998.12	100,735,766.07 6,153,301.20
Forward foreign exchange contracts at 以公	公允價值計量且其變動計入 當期損益的遠期外匯合約	8,481,318.62	(81,382,032.49)
Total 合計	†	129,675,563.76	25,507,034.78

59. Impairment loss of credit

59. 信用減值損失

RMB人民幣元

Item 項目		Incurred during this period 本期發生額	Incurred in previous period 上期發生額
Impairment loss of credit from accounts receivable Impairment loss of credit from	應收賬款信用減值損失 其他應收款信用減值損失	(351,283,979.37)	(184,095,318.45)
other receivables		(7,335,252.84)	(81,937.69)
Total	合計	(358,619,232.21)	(184,177,256.14)

60. Impairment loss of assets

60. 資產減值損失

Item 項目		Incurred during this period 本期發生額	Incurred in previous period 上期發生額
Loss due to decline in value of inventories	存貨跌價損失	(197,811,017.02)	(267,082,096.40)
Impairment loss of fixed assets	固定資產減值損失	(1,242,593.15)	(171,114.26)
Total	合計	(199,053,610.17)	(267,253,210.66)

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

61. Non-operating income

(續)

61. 營業外收入

RMB人民幣元

ltem		Incurred during this period	Incurred in previous period	Extraordinary profit and loss taken as incurred during this period 計入本期發生額的
項目		本期發生額	上期發生額	非經常性損益
Reversal of provision for	其他負債撥備轉回			
other liabilities		12,550,458.89	-	12,550,458.89
Others	其他	114,282,304.48	103,809,834.47	114,282,304.48
Total	合計	126,832,763.37	103,809,834.47	126,832,763.37

62. Non-operating expenses

62. 營業外支出

RMB人民幣元

				Extraordinary profit and loss taken
		Incurred during	Incurred in	as incurred during
Item		this period	previous period	this period
				計入本期發生額的
項目		本期發生額	上期發生額	非經常性損益
Donation expenditure	對外捐贈	2,160,790.00	1,461,800.00	2,160,790.00
Others	其他	43,845,369.00	28,930,026.11	43,845,369.00
Total	合計	46,006,159.00	30,391,826.11	46,006,159.00

63. Income Tax Expenses

63. 所得税費用

		Incurred during	Incurred in
Item		this period	previous period
項目		本期發生額	上期發生額
Current tax expenses	當期所得税費用	1,932,214,146.17	1,997,495,904.63
Deferred tax expenses	遞延所得税費用	(929,457,396.18)	(539,673,784.19)
Total	合計	1,002,756,749.99	1,457,822,120.44

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

63. Income Tax Expenses (Continued)

The relationship between income tax expenses and the total profit is listed as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 (續)

63. 所得税費用(續)

所得税費用與利潤總額的關系列示如 下:

RMB

人民幣元

Item 項目			Incurred during this period 本期發生額	Incurred in previous period 上期發生額
Total profit	利潤總額		6,704,590,954.85	8,350,642,426.58
Tax at statutory tax rate	按法定税率計算的税項	Note1 註1	1,676,147,738.71	2,087,660,606.64
Effect of different tax rates applicable to	本公司及某些子公司適用	Note2 註2		
the Company and some subsidiaries	不同税率的影響		(684,883,163.22)	(555,183,529.15)
Effect of tax rate change on opening	税率變動對期初遞延			
balance of deferred income tax	所得稅餘額的影響		(8,028,073.49)	7,922,837.31
Effect of adjustments to income tax	調整以前期間所得税的影響			
of previous periods			(17,349,765.33)	(38,866,974.83)
Profits and losses attributable to	歸屬於聯營和合營企業的損益			
associates and joint ventures			(21,602,451.59)	(16,507,683.30)
Income not subject to tax	無須納税的收入		(39,095,451.57)	(53,916,269.33)
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可抵扣的費用		67,464,398.56	29,887,877.37
Tax incentives on eligible expenditures	符合條件的支出的税收優惠		(206,771,432.11)	(162,565,171.33)
Utilization of deductible losses from prior years	利用以前年度的可抵扣虧損		(4,383,035.85)	(5,063,633.00)
Unrecognized deductible losses	未確認的可抵扣虧損		201,427,965.99	131,369,715.68
Effect of unrecognized deductible	未確認的可抵扣暫時性差異的			
temporary difference	影響		37,777,444.71	23 <mark>,28</mark> 8,166.22
Others	其他		2,052,575.18	9,796,178.16
Tax expense at the Group's	按本集團實際税率計算的			
effective tax rate	所得税費用		1,002,756,749.99	1,457,822,120.44

Note 1: The Company is subject to a statutory tax rate of 25%.

Note 2:The PRC income tax of the Group is calculated based on the estimated taxable income gained in the PRC and applicable tax rate. Tax arising from the taxable income in other regions is calculated at applicable tax rate according to existing laws, interpretations and practices of the country in which the Group operates.

No provision for Hong Kong profit tax has been made as the Group had no taxable profits arising in Hong Kong for the period. 註1: 本公司法定税率為25%。

註2: 本集團在中國境內所得稅按取得的估計應納稅所得額及適用稅率計提。源於其他地區應納稅所得的稅項根據本集團經營所在國家的現行法律、解釋公告和慣例,按照適用稅率計算。

由於本集團於本期在香港並無應稅利潤,故未作出香港利得稅的撥備。

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

64. Earnings Per Share (EPS)

The basic EPS is calculated by dividing the net profit of the current period attributable to the ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of outstanding ordinary shares.

The calculation of basic EPS is detailed as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

64. 每股收益

基本每股收益按照歸屬於本公司普通 股股東的當期淨利潤,除以發行在外 普通股的加權平均數計算。

基本每股收益的具體計算如下:

RMB

人民幣元

ltem 項目		Incurred during this period 本期發生額	Incurred in previous period 上期發生額
Earnings Net profit of the current period attributable to ordinary shareholde	收益 歸屬於本公司普通股 rs 股東的當年淨利潤		
of the Company		4,680,231,806.93	5,287,488,377.89
Shares Weighted average number of the ordinary shares outstanding of the Company	股份 本公司發行在外普通股 的加權平均數	7,933,873,895.00	7,933,873,895.00
Basic EPS (RMB/share)	基本每股收益(元/股)	0.59	0.67

The Group holds no potential shares that are significantly dilutive.

本集團無重大稀釋性潛在股。

65. Notes to items in cash flow statement

Other cash received relating to operating activities

65. 現金流量表項目註釋

收到其他與經營活動有關的現 *

RMB

		Incurred during	Incurred in
Item		this period	previous period
項目		本期發生額	上期發生額
Interest income	利息收入	357,767,141.46	418,479,686.35
Government grants	政府補助	130,792,795.55	113,088,156.54
Others	其他	214,913,247.50	373,675,808.11
Total	合計	703,473,184.51	905,243,651.00

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

65. Notes to items in cash flow statement (Continued)
Other cash paid relating to operating activities

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 (續)

65. 現金流量表項目註釋(續)

支付其他與經營活動有關的現 金

RMB

人民幣元

		Incurred during	Incurred in
Item		this period	previous period
項目		本期發生額	上期發生額
Freight and packaging	運費及包裝費	613,728,839.04	739,740,716.54
Marketing and external support fee	市場開拓費及外部支持費	557,270,090.25	643,891,923.93
After-sales and repair fee	三包及產品返修	446,979,275.04	739,125,641.37
Cash settlement of confirmation business	保兑倉業務現金平倉	291,439,300.00	701,955,397.30
Travel expenses	差旅費	179,480,337.93	304,240,154.42
Office expenses	辦公費	227,768,396.33	221,533,729.74
Others	其他	1,862,774,472.93	1,524,271,580.95
Total	合計	4,179,440,711.52	4,874,759,144.25

Other cash paid relating to financing activities

支付其他與籌資活動有關的現金

RMB

Item		Incurred during this period	Incurred in previous period
項目		· 本期發生額	上期發生額
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	527,293,890.70	469,840,785.00
Handling fee for guarantee for	借款擔保及保函手續費		
borrowings and letters of guarantee		346,861,838.61	14,964,880.64
Acquisition of minority interests in	購買子公司少數股權		
subsidiaries		81,552,693.67	_
Others	其他	57,048,754.70	35,656,428.76
Total	合計	1,012,757,177.68	520,462,094.40

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

66. Supplement to cash flow statement

(1) Supplement to cash flow statement

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

66. 現金流量表補充資料

(1) 現金流量表補充資料

ltem 項目		Incurred during this period 本期發生額	Incurred in previous period 上期發生額
Net profit	淨利潤	5,701,834,204.86	6,892,820,306.14
Add: Impairment loss of assets	加:資產減值損失	199,053,610.17	267,253,210.66
Impairment loss of credit	信用減值損失	358,619,232.21	184,177,256.14
Increase in special reserve	專項儲備的增加	32,038,541.70	30,110,860.61
Depreciation of fixed assets,	固定資產、投資性房地		
investment properties and	產及使用權資產折舊		
right-of-use assets		3,228,082,045.90	3,059,362,652.83
Amortization of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	1,033,842,085.35	873,651,635.51
Amortization of long-term	長期待攤費用攤銷		
prepaid expenses		28,449,078.35	30,079,729.44
Gain on disposal and retirement	處置和報廢固定資產、		
of fixed assets, intangible assets	無形資產和其他長期		
and other long-term assets	資產的收益	(26,504,662.73)	(43,695,373.75)
Finance expenses	財務費用	655,726,127.17	593,228,998.73
Investment income	投資收益	(271,836,921.75)	(372,698,501.34)
Gain on change of fair value	公允價值變動收益	(129,675,563.76)	(25,507,034.78)
Increase in deferred tax assets	遞延所得税資產的增加	(1,063,311,015.54)	(695,444,522.91)
Increase in deferred	遞延所得税負債的增加		
tax liabilities		133,853,619.36	155,770,738.72
Increase in inventories	存貨的增加	(1,670,064,593.31)	(3,396,172,604.90)
Increase in operating receivables	經營性應收項目的增加	(13,346,721,816.78)	(11,418,720,383.36)
Increase in operating payables	經營性應付項目的增加	9,172,464,519.57	9,292,229,019.94
Net cash flow from operating activities	經營活動產生的現金 流量淨額	4,035,848,490.77	5,426,445,987.68

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial **Statements** (Continued)

- 66. Supplement to cash flow statement (Continued)
 - (1) Supplement to cash flow statement (Continued) Non-cash payment of material investment and financing activities:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 (續)

- 66. 現金流量表補充資料(續)
 - (1) 現金流量表補充資料(續) 不涉及現金的重大投資和籌資 活動:

RMB

人民幣元

Item 項目	Incurred during this period 本期發生額	Incurred in previous period 上期發生額
Acquisition of long-term assets from 銷售商品、提供勞務收到的 the endorsement of bank acceptance 銀行承兑匯票背書		
bills received from the sale of goods 轉讓購買長期資產 and provision of services	708,949,348.25	3,715,783,425.89

RMB

Item		Incurred during this period	Incurred in previous period
項目		本期發生額	上期發生額
Net change in cash and cash equivalents:	現金及現金等價物淨變動:		
The closing balance of cash	現金及現金等價物的		
and cash equivalents	期末餘額	38,953,966,129.88	34,620,877, <mark>4</mark> 95.59
Less: The opening balance of	減:現金及現金等價物的		
cash and cash equivalents	期初餘額	42,285,584,925.16	34,379,938,275.41
Net (decrease) increase in cash and	現金及現金等價物淨		
cash equivalents	(減少)增加額	(3,331,618,795.28)	240,939,220.18

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 **Statements** (Continued)

- 66. Supplement to cash flow statement (Continued)
 - (2) Information related to acquisition or disposal of major subsidiaries and other business units Information relating to acquisition of major subsidiaries and other business units

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 66. 現金流量表補充資料(續)
 - (2) 取得或處置主要子公司及 其他營業單位信息 取得主要子公司及其他營業單 位信息

RMB人民幣元

Item 項目	Incurred during this period 本期發生額	Incurred in previous period 上期發生額
Consideration for acquisition of 取得子公司及其他營業單位 subsidiaries and other business units 的價格	978,977,835.50	-
Cash and cash equivalents paid 取得子公司及其他營業單位 for acquisition of subsidiaries and other business units 取得子公司及其他營業單位 支付的現金和現金等價物	889,905,867.90	_
Less: Amount of cash and cash 減:取得子公司及其他營業 equivalents in subsidiaries and 單位持有的現金和		
other business units acquired 現金等價物	86,373,577.16	
Net cash paid for acquisition of 取得子公司及其他營業單位 subsidiaries and other business units 支付的現金淨額	803,532,290.74	-

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

- 66. Supplement to cash flow statement (Continued)
 - (3) Cash and cash equivalents

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

- 66. 現金流量表補充資料(續)
 - (3) 現金及現金等價物

RMB

人民幣元

Item 項目		30 June 2020 2020年6月30日	31 December 2019 2019年12月31日
Cash		38,953,966,129.88	42,285,584,925.16
Incl: Cash at bank	其中:庫存現金	12,789,391.16	2,828,793.63
Bank deposits on demand	可隨時用於支付		
	的銀行存款	38,901,566,064.04	42,231,897,155.05
Other cash equivalents on	可隨時用於支付		
demand	的其他貨幣資金	39,610,674.68	50,858,976.48
Cash and cash equivalents	期末現金及現金等價物餘額		
at end of period		38,953,966,129.88	42,285,584,925.16

RMB

Item 項目		30 June 2020 2020年6月30日	31 December 2019 2019年12月31日
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period Less: Balance of restricted cash and	期末貨幣資金餘額減:使用受到限制的	45,768,528,852.10	48,817,622,206.26
cash equivalents	貨幣資金餘額	6,814,562,722.22	6,53 <mark>2,037,</mark> 281.10
Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents at end of period	期末現金及現金 等價物餘額	38,953,966,129.88	42,285,584,925.16

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

67. Assets with restrictions in titles or use rights

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

67. 所有權或使用權受到限制 的資產

> RMB人民幣元

Item 項目	30 June 2020 2020年6月30日	Reasons for restrictions 受限原因
Cash and cash equivalents 貨幣資金	6,814,562,722.22	Used in security monies for special accounts such as letter of guarantee, bank acceptance bills and letter of credit and fixed deposits for pledges etc. 用於辦理保函、銀行承兑票據、信用證等專戶而儲存的保證金和用於質押的定期存單等
Bills receivable 應收票據	11,218,574,135.51	Used in pledging issued notes payable 用於質押開具應付票據
Financings receivable 應收款項融資	2,830,447,026.53	Used in pledging issued notes payable 用於質押開具應付票據
Accounts receivable 應收賬款	51,057,178.92	Used in pledge to secure bank borrowings 用於質押取得銀行借款
Fixed assets 固定資產	606,038,473.12	Used in securing bank borrowings and pledge to guarantee the obligations under the staff retirement benefit 用於取得銀行借款和對員工退休福利下的義務 提供擔保
Intangible assets 無形資產	346,065,559.45	Used as security to secure bank borrowings 用於抵押取得銀行借款
Total 合計	21,866,745,095.75	

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 **Statements (Continued)**

68. Hedges

Cash flow hedging

KION, a subsidiary of the Company, conducted cash flow hedging on forward currency contracts designated to the exchange rate risk of forecast sale, forecast purchase and firm commitment. The total cash flow of the hedged item amounted to RMB3,272,671,568.00 (EUR411,088,000.00), of which the amount due within 1 year was RMB2,927,418,920.00 (EUR367,720,000.00), and the remaining portion will become due in 2022. The hedged items would affect the profit and loss for the period of 2020 to 2022. There was no material invalid hedge for the current period. From 1 January to 30 June 2020, the gain arising from changes in fair value of the hedging instrument recognized as other comprehensive income was RMB58,451,193.20 (EUR7,466,000.00), and the loss amount recognized in profit or loss in current period was RMB16,335,972.00 (EUR2,052,000.00).

KION, a subsidiary of the Company, conducted cash flow hedging on interest rate swap contracts designated to the interest rate risk of the floating-rate borrowings for acquiring Dematic Group, a subsidiary of the Company, which will become due in 2027. There was no material invalid hedge for the current period. From 1 January to 30 June 2020, the gain arising from changes in fair value of the hedging instrument recognized as other comprehensive income was RMB4,959,703.00 (EUR623,000.00). No amount was taken to profit or loss for current period.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

68. 套期

現金流量套期

子公司KION將遠期外匯合同指定對 預期銷售、預期採購以及確定承諾的 多種貨幣外匯風險進行現金流量套 期。被套期項目現金流量總額折算 為人民幣3,272,671,568.00元(歐元 411,088,000.00),其中1年內到期 的金額為人民幣2,927,418,920.00 元(歐元367,720,000.00),剩 餘部分將於2022年到期。被套期 項目預期影響損益的期間為2020 年至2022年。本期無重大套期無 效的部分。2020年1月1日至6月 30日止期間,該套期工具計入其 他綜合收益的公允價值變動收益 為人民幣 58,451,193.20元(歐元 7,466,000.00),當期轉出至損益的 損失金額為人民幣16,335,972.00元 (歐元2,052,000.00)。

子公司KION將利率互換合約指定對 收購子公司Dematic Group的浮動 利率借款的利率風險進行現金流量 套期,將於2027年到期。本期無重 大套期無效的部分。2020年1月1日 至6月30日止期間,該套期工具計 入其他綜合收益的公允價值變動收 益為人民幣4,959,703.00元(歐元 623,000.00),當期尚無轉入損益的 金額。

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial 五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

68. Hedges (Continued)

Cash flow hedging (Continued)

On 1 July 2016, Weichai International Hong Kong Energy Group Co., Limited ("Hong Kong Energy"), a subsidiary of the Company, used the cross currency interest rate swap instruments as hedging instrument, and conducted cash flow hedging on the foreign currency bond amounting to USD400 million against the cash flow fluctuation incurred by change in exchange rates. The total cash flow of the hedged items amounted to an equivalent of RMB2,890,205,875.00 (EUR363,045,581.59), all of which were due within 1 year. The hedged items would affect the profit and loss for the period of 2020. There was no material invalid hedge for the current period. From 1 January to 30 June 2020, the gain arising from changes in fair value of the hedging instrument recognized as other comprehensive income was RMB22,188,320.08 (EUR3,252,885.09), and the loss amount recognized in profit or loss in current period was RMB9,804,934.51 (EUR1,305,643.60).

On 15 January 2020, Weichai Power (Hong Kong) International Development Co., Ltd. ("Hong Kong Power"), a subsidiary of the Company used the interest rate swap instruments as hedging instrument, and conducted cash flow hedging on the floating-rate borrowings amounting to EUR241 million against the cash flow fluctuation incurred by change in interest rates. The hedged items would affect the profit and loss for the period of 2020 to 2024. There was no material invalid hedge for the current period. From 1 January to 30 June 2020, the loss arising from changes in fair value of the hedging instrument recognized as other comprehensive income was RMB8,928,049.17 (EUR1,132,889.36). No amount was taken to profit or loss for current period.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

68. 套期(續)

現金流量套期(續)

2016年7月1日,子公司潍柴國際 香港能源集團有限公司(「香港能 源」) 將交叉貨幣利率互換工具作 為套期工具,指定對4億美元的外 幣債券由於匯率變動引起的現金 流量波動進行現金流量套期。被 套期項目的現金流量總額折算為 人民幣 2.890.205.875.00 元(歐元 363,045,581.59),全部為1年內 到期。被套期項目影響損益的期 間為2020年。本期無重大套期無 效的部分。2020年1月1日至6月 30日止期間,該套期工具計入其 他綜合收益的公允價值變動收益 為人民幣 22,188,320.08元(歐元 3,252,885.09),當期轉出至損益的 損失金額為人民幣9,804,934.51元 (歐元1,305,643.60)。

2020年1月15日,子公司潍柴動力 (香港)國際發展有限公司(「香港動 力」)將利率互換工具作為套期工具, 指定對2.41億歐元的浮動利率借款由 於利率變動引起的現金流量波動進行 現金流量套期。被套期項目預期影響 損益的期間為2020年至2024年。本 期無重大套期無效的部分。2020年1 月1日至6月30日止期間,該套期工 具計入其他綜合收益的公允價值變動 損失為人民幣8,928,049.17元(歐元 1,132,889.36),當期尚無轉入損益 的金額。

1 January to 30 June 2020

V. Notes to Key Items of Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

68. Hedges (Continued)

Fair value hedging

On 31 December 2018, KION, a subsidiary of the Group, signed interest rate swap contracts to conduct fair value hedging on the interest rate risk of fixed-rate medium-term notes issued this period of par value of EUR100,000,000.00. As at 30 June 2020, the aforesaid hedged items of the Group were presented as bonds payable in the financial statement with a book value of RMB716.943.777.00 (EUR90.057.000.00). During the period from 1 January to 30 June 2020, the book value of the changes and adjustments of fair value of hedged items accrued to hedged items was RMB9,646,977.90 (EUR1,239,000.00). There was no material invalid hedge for the current period.

VI. Change in Scope of Consolidation

- Consolidation of businesses involving entities not under common control
 - Material consolidation of businesses involving entities not under common control during the period

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

五、合併財務報表主要項目註釋

68. 套期(續)

公允價值套期

於2018年12月31日,本集團子公司 KION簽訂了利率互換合約,指定對 發行的面值為歐元100,000,000.00 的固定利率中期票據的利率風險進 行公允價值套期。於2020年6月30 日,本集團上述被套期項目在財務 報表中列示為應付債券,賬面價值 為人民幣716,943,777.00元(歐元 90,057,000.00),2020年1月1日至 6月30日止期間被套期項目公允價值 變動調整的計入被套期項目的賬面 價值為人民幣9,646,977.90元(歐元 1,239,000.00)。本期無重大套期無 效的部分。

六、合併範圍的變動

- 1. 非同一控制下企業合併
 - (1) 本期發生的重要非同一控 制下企業合併

RMB人民幣元

	Time of equity	Acquisition	Shareholding	Way of		Determination basis for the	Revenue of the acquiree from the acquisition date to the end	Net profit of the acquiree from the acquisition date to the end
Name of acquiree	acquisition	cost	(%)	acquisition	Acquisition date	acquisition date	of the period	of the period
	股權	股權	股權取得	股權			購買日至期末被	購買日至期末被
被合併方名稱	取得時點	取得成本	比例(%)	取得方式	購買日	購買日確定的依據	購買方的收入	購買方的淨利潤
Digital Applications International Limited("DAI") (Note) Digital Applications International Limited(以下簡稱「DAI」)(註)	2 March 2020 2020年3月2日	852,041,047.20	100%	Acquisition 購買	2 March 2020 2020年3月2日	The Company acquired control over the acquiree on the acquisition date. 本公司於購買日取得對被合併方的控制權	53,322,525.00	7,247,106.00

Other Information:

Note: Pursuant to the Equity Transfer Agreement entered into by the KION, a subsidiary of the Company, with the original shareholders of DAI, KION acquired 100% equity interest in DAI at a consideration of RMB852,041,047.20 (EUR110,348,000.00). KION obtained the control right over relevant activities such as financial and operational policies of DAI on 2 March 2020 and the acquisition date is determined to be 2 March 2020. DAI will become a part of KION's supply chain solutions business segment and expand the software investment portfolio of Dematic Group.

其他説明:

根據本公司之子公司KION 與DAI的原股東簽署的《股 權轉讓協議》,KION以人民 幣 852,041,047.20 元(歐元 110,348,000.00)的對價收購 DAI 100%的股權。KION於 2020年3月2日取得了對DAI財 務和經營政策等相關活動的控 制權,購買日確認為2020年3 月2日。DAI將成為KION供應 鏈解決方案業務分部的一部 分,擴大Dematic Group的軟 件投資組合。

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

VI. Change in Scope of Consolidation 六、合併範圍的變動(續) (Continued)

- 1. Consolidation of businesses involving entities not under common control (Continued)
 - (2) Acquisition cost and goodwill

- 1. 非同一控制下企業合併 (續)
 - (2) 合併成本及商譽

RMB

人民幣元

Amount

Acquisition cost and goodwill	(provisional value)
合併成本及商譽	金額(暫時價值)
Cash	
現金	674,726,817.60
Fair value of liabilities assumed	
承擔債務的公允價值	177,314,229.60
Total of acquisition cost	
合併成本合計	852,041,047.20
Less: share of fair value of identifiable net assets acquired	
減:取得的可辨認淨資產公允價值份額	297,937,940.40
Goodwill	
商譽	554,103,106.80

1 January to 30 June 2020

VI. Change in Scope of Consolidation 六、合併範圍的變動(續) (Continued)

- 1. Consolidation of businesses involving entities not under common control (Continued)
 - (3) Identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquiree as at the acquisition date

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

- 1. 非同一控制下企業合併 (續)
 - (3) 被購買方於購買日可辨認 資產、負債

ΠΔΙ

RMB

人民幣元

DAI			
		DA	Al .
		Fair value as at the acquisition date	Carrying amount as at the
Item		(provisional value)	acquisition date
		購買日公允價值	
項目		(暫時價值)	購買日賬面價值
Assets	資產		
Cash and cash equivalents	貨幣資金	67,670,349.60	67,670,349.60
Accounts receivable	應收賬款	44,259,064.80	44,259,064.80
Fixed assets	固定資產	6,192,562.80	6,192,562.80
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	80,858,500.80	80,858,500.80
Intangible assets	無形資產	256,906,420.80	_
Deferred tax assets	遞延所得税資產	33,680,746.80	_
Other non-current assets	其他非流動資產	210,670,677.60	33,356,448.00
Liabilities	負債		
Other current liabilities	其他流動負債	171,384,194.40	87,877,253.40
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延所得税負債	48,814,690.80	_
Other non-current liabilities	其他非流動負債	93,807,288.60	-
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	80,858,500.80	80,8 <mark>58,</mark> 500.80
Other liabilities	其他負債	7,435,708.20	7,435,708.20
Net assets	淨資產	297,937,940.40	56,165,463.60
Less: Minority interests	減:少數股東權益	-	
Net assets acquired	取得的淨資產	297,937,940.40	

The Group has recognized and measured the business combination based on the provisional values so determined, and will make adjustments to such provisional values of those identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities within 12 months from the acquisition date.

本集團以所確定的暫時價值為基礎對 該企業合併進行了確認和計量,將 自購買日算起12個月內對可辨認資 產、負債及或有負債的暫時性價值進 行調整。

1 January to 30 June 2020

VII.Interest in Other Entities

1. Interest in subsidiaries

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries of the Company are presented as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

七、在其他主體中的權益

1. 在子公司中的權益

本公司重要子公司的情況如下:

Item 項目		Place of key operation 主要經營地	Place of registration 註冊地	Nature of business 業務性質	Registered capital 註冊資本	sharehol	tage of Iding (%) :例(%)
						Direct	Indirect
_						直接	間接
	diaries acquired through establishment or investment 设立或投資等方式取得的子公司						
(1)	Weichai Power (Weifang) Casting	Shandong	Shandong	Manufacturing	RMB460,150,000.00	100.00	-
	Co., Ltd.	山東	山東	industry	人民幣460,150,000.00		
	濰柴動力(濰坊)鑄鍛有限公司			製造業			
(2)	Weichai Power (Shanghai) Technology	Shanghai	Shanghai	Manufacturing	RMB650,000,000.00	100.00	-
	Development Co., Ltd.	上海	上海	industry	人民幣650,000,000.00		
	濰柴動力(上海)科技發展有限公司			製造業			
(3)	Weichai Power Yangzhou Diesel	Jiangsu	Jiangsu	Manufacturing	RMB953,885,379.17	-	71.06
	Engine Co., Ltd.	江蘇	江蘇	industry	人民幣953,885,379.17		
	濰柴動力揚州柴油機有限責任公司			製造業			
(4)	Weichai Power (Beijing) International	Beijing	Beijing	Project	RMB300,000,000.00	100.00	-
	Resources Investment Co., Ltd.	北京	北京	Investment	人民幣300,000,000.00		
	濰柴動力(北京)國際資源投資有限公司			項目投資			
(5)	Weichai Lux	Luxembourg	Luxembourg	Project	EUR100,000.00	-	100.00
	潍柴盧森堡	盧森堡	盧森堡	Investment	歐元100,000.00		
				項目投資			
(6)	Weichai Power (Hong Kong) International	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	Services	USD336,242,497.00	100.00	-
	Development Co., Ltd.	香港	香港	industry	美元336,242,497.00		
	濰柴動力(香港)國際發展有限公司			服務業			
(7)	Shandong Heavy Industry India Private	India	India	Manufacturing	Rupee823,889,270.00	-	97.68
	Limited	印度	印度	industry	盧比823,889,270.00		
	山東重工印度有限責任公司			製造業			

1 January to 30 June 2020

VII.Interest in Other Entities (Continued)

1. Interest in subsidiaries (Continued)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries of the Company are presented as follows: (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

七、在其他主體中的權益(續)

1. 在子公司中的權益(續)

本公司重要子公司的情况如下: (續)

ltem		Place of key operation	Place of registration	Nature of business	Registered capital	shareho	tage of
項目		主要經營地	註冊地	業務性質	註冊資本	持股b Direct	比例(%) Indirect
						直接	間接
	diaries acquired through business combinations invo -控制下企業合併取得的子公司	lving entities not under	common control				
(8)	Shandong Huadong Casting Co., Ltd. 山東華動鑄造有限公司	Shandong 山東	Shandong 山東	Manufacturing industry 製造業	RMB450,150,000.00 人民幣450,150,000.00	-	100.00
(9)	Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd. 陝西重型汽車有限公司	Shaanxi 陝西	Shaanxi 陝西	Manufacturing industry 製造業	RMB3,706,330,000.00 人民幣3,706,330,000.00	51.00	-
(10)	Hande Axle 漢德車橋	Shaanxi 陝西	Shaanxi 陝西	Manufacturing industry 製造業	RMB320,000,000.00 人民幣320,000,000.00	3.06	94.00
(11)	Shaanxi Jinding Casting Co., Ltd. 陝西金鼎鑄造有限公司	Shaanxi 陝西	Shaanxi 陝西	Manufacturing industry 製造業	RMB593,360,000.00 人民幣593,360,000.00	-	100.00
(12)	Shaanxi Fast Gear Co., Ltd. 陝西法士特齒輪有限責任公司	Shaanxi 陝西	Shaanxi 陝西	Manufacturing industry 製造業	RMB256,790,000.00 人民幣256,790,000.00	51.00	-
(13)	Zhuzhou Gear Co., Ltd. 株洲齒輪有限責任公司	Hunan 湖南	Hunan 湖南	Manufacturing industry 製造業	RMB531, <mark>314,951</mark> .00 人民幣531,314,951.00	86.37	-
(14)	Zhuzhou Torch Sparkplugs Co., Ltd. 株洲湘火炬火花塞有限責任公司	Hunan 湖南	Hunan 湖南	Manufacturing industry 製造業	RMB282,480,000.00 人民幣282,480,000.00	100.00	H
(15)	Weichai (Chongqing) Automotive Co., Ltd. 濰柴(重慶)汽車有限公司	Chongqing 重慶	Chongqing 重慶	Manufacturing industry 製造業	RMB3,707,684,720.14 人民幣3,707,684,720.14	100.00	-
(16)	Société International des Moteurs Baudouin 法國博杜安動力國際有限公司	France 法國	France 法國	Manufacturing industry 製造業	EUR47,311,180.00 歐元47,311,180.00		100.00
(17)	KION	Germany 德國	Germany 德國	Manufacturing industry 製造業	EUR118,090,000.00 歐元118,090,000.00		45.23
(18)	Weichai America Corp. 濰柴動力北美有限公司	U.S.A 美國	U.S.A 美國	Manufacturing industry 製造業	USD89,452,784.00 美元89,452,784.00	100.00	

1 January to 30 June 2020

VII.Interest in Other Entities (Continued)

1. Interest in subsidiaries (Continued)

Changes in paid-in capital of principal subsidiaries for the period are detailed as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

七、在其他主體中的權益(續)

1. 在子公司中的權益(續)

主要子公司實收資本本期發生變化的 詳情如下:

Name of subsidiary	子公司名稱	31 December 2019 2019年12月31日	Increase during this period 本期增加	Decrease during this period 本期減少	30 June 2020 2020年6月30日
Weichai (Chongqing) Automotive	濰柴(重慶)	3,319,684,720.14	平舟垣川 187,000,000.00	—————————————————————————————————————	3,506,684,720.14
Co., Ltd. (RMB)	汽車有限公司 (人民幣元)				
KION (EUR)	KION(歐元)	117,959,000.00	8,000.00		117,967,000.00

Subsidiaries with material interests of minority shareholders are as follows:

存在重要少數股東權益的子公司如 下:

RMB

		Percentage of			Accumulated
		shareholding of	Attributable	Dividends paid	minority interests
		minority	to minority	to minority	at the end
		shareholders	interests	shareholders	of period
		少數股東	歸屬少數	向少數股東	期末累計
Name of subsidiary	子公司名稱	持股比例	股東損益	支付股利	少數股東權益
KION	KION	54.77%	20,556,687.79	-	10,819,879,937.24
Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd.	陝西重型汽車有限公司	49.00%	454,695,529.21	-	4,082,950,555.16
Shaanxi Fast Gear Co., Ltd.	陝西法士特齒輪有限責任公司	49.00%	435,588,527.84	-	5,437,291,635.77
Total	合計		910,840,744.84	-	20,340,122,128.17

1 January to 30 June 2020

VII.Interest in Other Entities (Continued)

1. Interest in subsidiaries (Continued)

The following table illustrates the key financial information of the above subsidiaries. The amounts disclosed are before any intercompany eliminations:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

七、在其他主體中的權益(續)

1. 在子公司中的權益(續)

下表列示了上述子公司主要財務信 息。這些信息為本集團內各企業之間 相互抵銷前的金額:

RMB

ltem		KION	Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd.	Shaanxi Fast Gear Co., Ltd.
			陝西重型汽車	陝西法士特齒輪
項目		KION	有限公司	有限責任公司
30 June 2020	2020年6月30日			
Current assets	流動資產	26,258,116,584.00	40,402,836,585.42	14,943,518,670.44
Non-current assets	非流動資產	74,848,970,782.96	6,035,321,473.35	3,321,968,458.06
Total assets	資產合計	101,107,087,366.96	46,438,158,058.77	18,265,487,128.50
Current liabilities	流動負債	32,904,668,428.87	35,731,681,194.14	7,126,188,684.48
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	50,466,305,822.58	2,428,360,414.29	357,130,338.33
Total liabilities	負債合計	83,370,974,251.45	38,160,041,608.43	7,483,319,022.81
Incurred during the period	本期發生額			
Revenue	營業收入	30,158,049,772.81	32,478,594,903.01	9,211,068,149.38
Net profit	淨利潤	58,642,391.30	905,894,695.59	881,268,951.30
Total comprehensive income	綜合收益總額	(428,512,990.22)	905,894,695.59	879,953,625.56
Net cash flows from operating	經營活動產生的			
activities	現金流量淨額	(20,602,020.60)	5,735,148,788.49	312,333,348.05

1 January to 30 June 2020

VII.Interest in Other Entities (Continued)

2. Interest in joint ventures and associates

Particulars of the principal joint venture and associates of the Company are presented as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

七、在其他主體中的權益(續)

2. 在合營企業和聯營企業中 的權益

> 本公司重要合營企業和聯營企業的情 況如下:

		Place of key	Place of	Nature of		Percent	age of	Accounting
	Item	operation	registration	business	Registered capital	sharehol	ding (%)	treatment
	項目	主要經營地	註冊地	業務性質	註冊資本	持股比	例(%)	會計處理
						Direct	Indirect	
						直接	間接	
Joint ve	enture							
合營企	業							
(1)	Xi'an FC	Shaanxi	Shaanxi	Manufacturing	RMB500,000,000.00	-	51.00	Equity method
	西安雙特	陝西	陝西	industry	人民幣500,000,000.00			權益法
				製造業				
Associa	tes							
聯營企	業							
(1)	Shanzhong Finance Leasing Co., Ltd.	Beijing	Beijing	Finance lease	RMB1,100,000,000.00	19.565	19.565	Equity method
	山重融資租賃有限公司	北京	北京	融資租賃	人民幣1,100,000,000.00			權益法
(2)	Shandong Heavy Industry Group	Shandong	Shandong	Finance	RMB1,600,000,000.00	31.25	6.25	Equity method
	Finance Co., Ltd.	山東	山東	company	人民幣1,600,000,000.00			權益法
	山東重工集團財務有限公司			財務公司				

1 January to 30 June 2020

VII.Interest in Other Entities (Continued)

2. Interest in joint ventures and associates (Continued)

Key financial information of principal joint venture:

The following table illustrates the financial information of Xi'an FC:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

七、在其他主體中的權益(續)

2. 在合營企業和聯營企業中 的權益(續)

重要合營企業的主要財務信息:

下表列示了西安雙特的財務信息:

RMB

人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目 ————————————————————————————————————		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Current assets	流動資產	260,775,367.45	221,108,848.52
Non-current assets	非流動資產	205,363,551.12	219,116,438.87
Total assets	資產合計	466,138,918.57	440,225,287.39
Current liabilities	流動負債	227,054,200.95	229,369,186.76
Total liabilities	負債合計	227,054,200.95	229,369,186.76
Shareholders' equity attributable	歸屬於母公司的股東權益		
to the parent		239,084,717.62	210,856,100.63
Share of net assets based on	按持股比例享有的淨資產份額		
percentage of shareholding		121,933,205.99	107,536,611.32
Adjustments	調整事項		
– Others	一其他	(7,530,888.88)	(7,767,465.53)
Carrying value of investment	投資的賬面價值	114,402,317.11	99,769,145.79

RMB

		Incurred during	Incurred in
Item		this period	previous period
項目		本期發生額	上期發生額
Revenue	營業收入	180,566,395.87	153,580,592.47
Finance expenses	財務費用	1,789,504.47	2,000,910.64
Net profit	淨利潤	28,275,885.33	163,812.55
Total comprehensive income	綜合收益總額	28,275,885.33	163,812.55

1 January to 30 June 2020

VII. Interest in Other Entities (Continued)

2. Interest in joint ventures and associates (Continued)

Key financial information of principal associates:

The Group holds 37.50% equity interest of Shandong Heavy Industry Group Finance Co., Ltd. ("Shandong Heavy Industry Finance Co."), which provides the Group with services of deposits, credit lending, settlement and other financial services. It is a key associate of the Group and is accounted for using equity method in the Group's accounts.

The following table illustrates the financial information of Shandong Heavy Industry Finance Co.:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

七、在其他主體中的權益(續)

2. 在合營企業和聯營企業中的權益(續)

重要聯營企業的主要財務信息:

本集團持有山東重工集團財務有限公司(「山東重工財務公司」)37.50%股權,山東重工財務公司為本集團提供存款、信貸、結算及其他金融服務,是本集團重要的聯營企業,本集團對該聯營企業採用權益法核算。

下表列示了山東重工財務公司的財務 信息:

RMB

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Current assets	流動資產	26,590,191,229.94	24,569,360,777.74
Non-current assets	非流動資產	6,609,462,057.43	7,581,575,756.44
Total assets	資產合計	33,199,653,287.37	32,150,936,534.18
Current liabilities	流動負債	30,229,062,081.27	29,379,303,637.82
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	3,968,456.96	3,968,456.96
Total liabilities	負債合計	30,233,030,538.23	29,383,272,094.78
Shareholders' equity attributable	歸屬於母公司的股東權益		
to the parent		2,966,622,749.14	2,767,664,439.40
Share of net assets based on	按持股比例享有的淨資產份額		
percentage of shareholding		1,112,483,530.93	1,037,874,164.78
Adjustments	調整事項		
– Others	一其他	35,699,565.01	35,793,070.01
Carrying value of investment	投資的賬面價值	1,148,183,095.94	1,073,667,234.79

1 January to 30 June 2020

VII. Interest in Other Entities (Continued)

2. Interest in joint ventures and associates (Continued)

Key financial information of principal associates: (Continued)

The following table illustrates the financial information of Shandong Heavy Industry Finance Co.: (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日 | 期間

七、在其他主體中的權益(續)

2. 在合營企業和聯營企業中 的權益(續)

重要聯營企業的主要財務信息:(續)

下表列示了山東重工財務公司的財務 信息:(續)

RMB

人民幣元

		Incurred during	Incurred in
Item		this period	previous period
項目		本期發生額	上期發生額
Revenue	營業收入	288,507,108.68	285,514,573.34
Income tax expenses	所得税費用	(66,319,436.58)	(66,401,391.29)
Net profit	淨利潤	198,958,309.74	199,204,173.87
Total comprehensive income	綜合收益總額	198,958,309.74	199,204,173.87

The Group holds 39.13% equity interests of Shanzhong Finance Leasing Co., Ltd. ("Shanzhong Finance Leasing"), which provides the Group and its distributors with finance leasing services. It is a key associate of the Group and is accounted for using equity method in the Group's accounts.

本集團持有山重融資租賃有限公司 (「山重融資租賃」)39.13%股權,山 重融資租賃為本集團及本集團的經銷 商提供融資租賃業務服務,是本集團 重要的聯營企業,本集團對該聯營企 業採用權益法核算。

1 January to 30 June 2020

VII.Interest in Other Entities (Continued)

2. Interest in joint ventures and associates (Continued)

Key financial information of principal associates: (Continued)

The following table illustrates the financial information of Shanzhong Finance Leasing:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

七、在其他主體中的權益(續)

2. 在合營企業和聯營企業中 的權益(續)

重要聯營企業的主要財務信息:(續)

下表列示了山重融資租賃的財務信 息:

RMB

人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Current assets	流動資產	4,005,462,922.20	3,613,666,154.48
Non-current assets	非流動資產	2,601,295,222.25	2,197,374,049.21
Total assets	資產合計	6,606,758,144.45	5,811,040,203.69
Current liabilities	流動負債	3,349,271,557.08	3,074,375,022.58
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	1,942,455,517.00	1,455,798,632.20
Total liabilities	負債合計	5,291,727,074.08	4,530,173,654.78
Shareholders' equity attributable	歸屬於母公司的股東權益		
to the parent		1,315,031,070.37	1,280,866,548.91
Share of net assets based on	按持股比例享有的淨資產份額		
percentage of shareholding		514,571,657.84	501,203,080.59
Adjustments	調整事項		
– Others	一其他	(71,228.85)	(62,554.47)
Carrying value of investment	投資的賬面價值	514,500,428.99	501,140,526.12

RMB人民幣元

Item		Incurred during this period	Incurred in previous period
項目		本期發生額	上期發生額
Revenue	營業收入	183,597,089.35	183,277,893.50
Income tax expenses	所得税費用	(11,379,444.53)	(10,696,023.23)
Net profit	淨利潤	34,137,833.58	33,588,069.66
Total comprehensive income	綜合收益總額	34,137,833.58	33,588,069.66

1 January to 30 June 2020

VII.Interest in Other Entities (Continued)

2. Interest in joint ventures and associates (Continued)

Key financial information of principal associates: (Continued)

The following table illustrates the combined financial information of the joint ventures and associates which, individually, are not significant to the Group:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日 | 期間

七、在其他主體中的權益(續)

2. 在合營企業和聯營企業中 的權益(續)

重要聯營企業的主要財務信息:(續)

下表列示了對本集團單項不重要的合 營和聯營企業的合計財務信息:

RMB

人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Total carrying value of investments	投資賬面價值合計	2,878,137,024.60	3,036,567,626.31

The total amount of the following calculation based on the percentage of shareholding:

下列各項按持股比例計算的合計數:

RMB

人民幣元

		Incurred during	Incurred in
Item		this period	previous period
項目		本期發生額	上期發生額
Net profit	利潤	42,191,687.27	32,927,057.45
Other comprehensive income (including 其代	也綜合收益		
foreign currency translation difference) ((含外幣報表折算差額)	31,664,994.19	(5,905,759.65)
Total comprehensive income 綜合	合收益總額	73,856,681.46	27,021,297.80

As the Group takes no responsibility for additional losses incurred by Shaanxi Eurostar Auto Co., Ltd., in recognizing its share of the net losses incurred by Shaanxi Eurostar Auto Co., Ltd., the writing-off of carrying values of long-term equity investments and other longterm interests constituting effectively net investments in Shaanxi Eurostar Auto Co., Ltd. is limited to zero. The Group's unrecognized investment losses, for the period and on an accumulative basis, amounted to RMB6,170,893.62 and RMB95,177,807.81 (2019: RMB4,707,338.83 and RMB89,006,914.19) respectively.

由於本集團對陝西歐舒特汽車股份有 限公司不負有承擔額外損失義務, 因此在確認應分擔陝西歐舒特汽車股 份有限公司發生的淨虧損時,以長期 股權投資的賬面價值以及其他實質上 構成對陝西歐舒特汽車股份有限公司 淨投資的長期權益減記至零為限, 本集團本期及累計未確認的投資損 失金額分別為人民幣6,170,893.62 元和人民幣95,177,807.81元(2019 年:人民幣4,707,338.83元和人民 幣89,006,914.19元)。

1 January to 30 June 2020

VII.Interest in Other Entities (Continued)

2. Interest in joint ventures and associates (Continued)

Key financial information of principal associates: (Continued)

As the Group takes no responsibility for additional losses incurred by Baoding Shanqi Tianma Automobile Co., Ltd., in recognizing its share of the net losses incurred by Baoding Shangi Tianma Automobile Co., Ltd., the writing-off of the carrying values of longterm equity investments and other long-term interests constituting effectively net investments in Baoding Shangi Tianma Automobile Co., Ltd. is limited to zero. The Group's has no unrecognised investment losses for the period, while unrecognised investment losses on an accumulative basis amounted to RMB7,750,155.68 (2019: RMB358,574.37 and RMB7,750,155.68).

VIII. Transfers of Financial Assets

Transferred financial assets that had been derecognised in their entirety but continuously involved

As at 30 June 2020, the Group had outstanding endorsed or discounted acceptance bills with a carrying amount of RMB18,074,097,072.79 (31 December 2019: RMB23,456,803,940.66). As at 30 June 2020, they were due in 1 to 12 months. If acceptance banks dishonor the bills, endorsees shall have the right to turn to the Group for recourse ("Continuing Involvement") according to the Law of Negotiable Instruments.

The Group considered substantially all risk and reward of the abovementioned bills have been transferred. Therefore, the Group derecognized the bills and the book values of related accounts payable that have been settled. The maximum loss and undiscounted cash flow of continuing involvement and repurchase were equal to the book value of the bills. The Group considers the fair value of continuing involvement not significant.

The Group did not recognize any significant profit or loss at the date of transfer for the period. The Group had no current or accumulated gain or expense arising from the continuing involvement in financial assets which had been derecognized. The endorsement and discount were incurred evenly throughout the period.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

七、在其他主體中的權益(續)

2. 在合營企業和聯營企業中 的權益(續)

重要聯營企業的主要財務信息:(續)

由於本集團對保定陝汽天馬汽車有 限公司不負有承擔額外損失義務, 因此在確認應分擔保定陝汽天馬汽 車有限公司發生的淨虧損時,以長 期股權投資的賬面價值以及其他實 質上構成對保定陝汽天馬汽車有限 公司淨投資的長期權益減記至零為 限,本集團本期無未確認的投資損 失,累計未確認的投資損失金額 為人民幣7,750,155.68元(2019 年:人民幣358,574.37元和人民幣 7,750,155.68元)。

八、金融資產轉移

已整體終止確認但繼續涉入的 已轉移金融資產

於2020年6月30日,本集團未到期的已 背書或貼現的承兑匯票的賬面價值為人 民幣 18,074,097,072.79元(2019年12月 31日:人民幣23,456,803,940.66元)。 於2020年6月30日,其到期日為1至12個 月,根據《票據法》相關規定,若承兑銀行 拒絕付款的,其持有人有權向本集團追索 (「繼續涉入」)。

本集團認為,本集團已經轉移了上述票據 幾乎所有的風險和報酬,因此,終止確認 其及與之相關的已結算應付賬款的賬面價 值。繼續涉入及回購的最大損失和未折現 現金流量等於其賬面價值。本集團認為, 繼續涉入公允價值並不重大。

本期本集團於其轉移日確認的利得或損失 並不重大。本集團無因繼續涉入已終止確 認金融資產當期和累計確認的收益或費 用。背書和貼現在本期大致均衡發生。

1 January to 30 June 2020

IX. Disclosure of Fair Value

1. Assets and liabilities measured at fair value

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日 | 期間

九、公允價值的披露

1. 以公允價值計量的資產和 負債

RMB

人民幣元

Inputs used in the measurement of fair value

公允價值計量使用的輸入值

		Quoted prices in	Key observable	Key unobservable	
		active markets	inputs	inputs	
			重要可觀察	重要不可觀察	
		活躍市場報價	輸入值	輸入值	
Item		(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	Total
項目		(第一層次)	(第二層次)	(第三層次)	合計
Receivable Financing	應收款項融資	_	10,123,170,313.68	-	10,123,170,313.68
Financial assets held for trading	交易性金融資產	-	9,828,239,349.19	_	9,828,239,349.19
Investments in other equity instrument	s 其他權益工具投資	156,092,759.00	1,897,361,788.33	165,991,641.98	2,219,446,189.31
Other non-current financial assets	其他非流動金融資產	<u> </u>	750,376,774.21	48,744,000.00	799,120,774.21
Financial liabilities held for trading	交易性金融負債	-	100,032,983.46		100,032,983.46
Other non-current liabilities	其他非流動負債	-	117,735,229.00	38,905,407.00	156,640,636.00

2. Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value

The management of the Group considers that the carrying values of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortized cost in the financial statements approximate the fair values of those assets and liabilities.

2. 不以公允價值計量的金融 資產和金融負債的公允價 值情況

> 本集團管理層認為,財務報表中以攤 餘成本計量的金融資產及金融負債的 賬面價值接近該等資產及負債的公允 價值。

1 January to 30 June 2020

IX. Disclosure of Fair Value (Continued)

3. Estimation of fair value

Fair value of financial assets/liabilities

The finance team of the Group is led by the head of finance department who is responsible for formulating policies and procedures applicable to the measurement of the fair value of financial instruments. The finance team directly reports to the Chief Financial Officer and the Audit Committee. On each balance sheet date, the finance team analyzes the change in value of financial instruments and ascertain the key inputs which apply to the valuation. The result of valuation is subject to approval by the Chief Financial Officer.

Financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include the forward exchange contracts, cross currency swap and interest rate swap instruments, some structured deposits and other debt instrument investments of subsidiaries. The Group believes that the fair value estimated using valuation techniques is reasonable and the most appropriate value as of the balance sheet date.

The fair values of listed equity instruments are determined according to quote prices on the market. For listed equity instruments for which circulation is restricted, fair values are determined based on quoted prices on the market with necessary adjustments. The fair values of investments in non-listed equity instruments are estimated using the valuating model of market comparison approach, and the assumptions adopted are not supported by observable market price or interest rate. The Group needs to estimate unobservable market parameters such as price—to—book ratio. The Group believes that the fair value and its changes estimated using valuation techniques is reasonable and the most appropriate value as of the balance sheet date.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

九、公允價值的披露(續)

3. 公允價值估值

金融資產/金融負債公允價值 本集團的財務團隊由財務部門負責人 領導,負責制定金融工具公允價值 計量的政策和程序。財務團隊直接向 首席財務官和審計委員會報告。每個 資產負債表日,財務團隊分析金融工 具價值變動,確定估值適用的主要輸 入值。估值結果經首席財務官審核批 准。

以公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益的金融資產/金融負債包括下屬子公司的遠期外匯合約、交叉貨幣互換及利率互換工具、部分結構性存款及其他債務工具投資。本集團相信,以估值技術估計的公允價值是合理的,並且亦是於資產負債表日最合適的價值。

上市的權益工具,以市場報價確定公允價值。上市但是流通受限的權益工具,以市場報價為依據做必要的調整確定公允價值。非上市的權益工具整資,採用市場比較法估值模型估計公稅價值,採用的假設並非由可觀報就市場價格或利率支持。本集團需要就市場參數作出估值技術估計的公允價值及其變動,是合理的,並且亦是於資產負債表日最合適的價值。

1 January to 30 June 2020

IX. Disclosure of Fair Value (Continued)

4. Unobservable inputs

The key unobservable inputs of Level 3 of the measurements of fair value are summarized as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

九、公允價值的披露(續)

4. 不可觀察輸入值

如下為第三層次公允價值計量的重要 不可觀察輸入值概述:

> RMB 人民幣元

	Fair value as at	Fair value as at the			Range (weighted
Item	the end of period	beginning of period	Valuation technique	Unobservable inputs	average)
					範圍區間
項目	期末公允價值	期初公允價值	估值技術	不可觀察輸入值	(加權平均值)
Financial assets					
金融資產					
Xiamen Fengtai Bus and Coach	5,000,000.00	5,000,000.00	Income approach	Cash flow	
International Co., Ltd.			收益法	現金流量	
廈門豐泰國際新能源汽車有限公司					
Huarong Xiangjiang Bank	40,552,440.00	40,552,440.00	Market comparison	Price-to-Book ratio	1.0
華融湘江銀行			approach	市淨率	
			市場比較法		
Zhejiang EP Equipment Co., Ltd	87,021,691.00	86,966,553.30	Income approach	Cash flow	
Zhejiang EP Equipment Co., Ltd			收益法	現金流量	
Contingent consideration from	48,744,000.00	48,744,000.00	Monte Carlo simulation	Revenue from principal	
business combinations			method	business	
企業合併或有對價			蒙特卡洛模擬法	主營業務收入	
Real estate call option	-	257,911.50	Binomial options	Forward price of	
不動產看漲期權			pricing model	real estate	
			二叉樹期權定價模型	不動產遠期價格	
Others	33,417,510.98	32,716,942.98			
其他					
Financial liabilities					
金融負債					
Put option	38,905,407.00	38,194,348.50	Binomial options pricing	Volatility of equity value	
看跌期權			model	股權價值波動率	
			二叉樹期權定價模型		

1 January to 30 June 2020

IX. Disclosure of Fair Value (Continued)

5. Adjustments for fair value measurement

The adjustments for the continuous Level 3 measurement of fair value are as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

九、公允價值的披露(續)

5. 公允價值計量的調節

持續的第三層次公允價值計量的調節 信息如下:

RMB

人民幣元

Other non-current financial liabilities	其他非流動金融負債	38,194,348.50	-	, - ,	711,058.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	38,905,407.00	-
Investment in equity instruments Other non-current financial assets	權益工具投資 其他非流動金融資產	165,235,936.28 48,744,000.00	-	-	-	755,705.70 -	-	-	-	-	_	165,991,641.98 48,744,000.00	-
Financial assets held for trading	交易性金融資產	257,911.50	-	-	(257,911.50)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
項目		2020年1月1日	轉入第三層次	轉出第三層次	計入損益	計入其他 綜合收益	贈用	發行	出售	結算	匯兑損益	2020年6月30日	期末特有的資產/ 負債計入損益的 當期未實現利得或 損失的變動
ltem		1 January 2020	Transfer into Level 3	Transfer out of Level 3	Recognized through profit or loss	Recognized through other comprehensive income	Acquisition	Issuance	Sale	Settlement	Foreign exchange gain/loss	30 June 2020	Changes of unrealized current gain/ loss of assets/liabilities held at the end of period recognized through profit/loss
						al current profit/loss 期利得或損失總額			suance, sale and sa 發行、出售和結				

The level change in the fair value

From 1 January to 30 June 2020, there were neither transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 for the measurement of fair value of financial assets and liabilities, nor transfer into or out of Level 3 (1 January to 30 June 2019: nil).

6. 公允價值層次轉換

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間, 本集團並無金融資產和金融負債公允 價值計量在第一層次和第二層次之間 的轉移,亦無轉入或轉出第三層級的 情況(2019年1月1日至6月30日止期 間:無)。

1 January to 30 June 2020

X. Related Party Relationships and Transactions

The related parties defined in these financial statements included the related parties under Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises and related parties under the information disclosure requirements of China Securities Regulatory Commission (the "CSRC") and Shenzhen Stock Exchange.

1. Parent

Proportion of Proportion of ownership voting interest in power in Place of registration Nature of business Registered capital the Company the Company Company 對本公司 對本公司 公司 註冊地 表決權比例 業務性質 註冊資本 持股比例 (%) (%) Weichai Group Holdings Limited External investment financial guarantee investment 17.72 17.72 Weifang City, RMB1,200,000,000.00 潍柴控股集團有限公司 Shandong Province advisory planning and organization/coordination 人民幣1,200,000,000.00元 山東省濰坊市 and management of production operating activities of corporates under the Group 對外投資經濟擔保投資諮詢規劃組織/ 協調管理集團所屬企業生產經營活動

Shandong Heavy Industry Group Co., Ltd. is the ultimate controller of the Company.

2. Subsidiaries

Details of subsidiaries are set out in Note VII.1.

3. Associates and joint ventures

Details of associates and joint ventures are set out in Note VII.2.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

十、關聯方關係及其交易

本財務報表中披露的關聯方既包括企業會計準則中界定的關聯方,也包括中國證券監督管理委員會(「證監會」)和深圳證券交易所在信息披露規定中界定的關聯方。

1. 母公司

本公司的最終控股公司為山東重工集 團有限公司。

2. 子公司

子公司信息詳見附註七、1。

3. 聯營企業和合營企業

聯營企業和合營企業詳見附註七、 2。

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

X. Related Party Relationships and Transactions 十、關聯方關係及其交易(續) (Continued)

- 4. Particulars of other related parties which entered into material transactions with the Group
- - 4. 與本集團發生重大交易的 其他關聯方情況

公司	關聯方關係	簡稱
Weichai Group Holdings Limited	Parent	Weichai Group Holdings
濰柴控股集團有限公司	母公司	濰柴控股
Shandong Weichai Import and Export Co., Ltd.	Common control by parent	Weichai Import and Export
山東濰柴進出口有限公司	同受母公司控制	潍柴進出口
Weichai Heavy-duty Machinery Co., Ltd.	Common control by parent	Weichai Heavy-duty
濰柴重機股份有限公司	同受母公司控制	Machinery
		潍柴重機
Weichai Electric Equipment Co., Ltd	Common control by parent	Weichai Electric
濰柴電力設備有限公司	同受母公司控制	濰柴電力
Yangzhou Yaxing Coach Co., Ltd.	Common control by parent	Yangzhou Yaxing
揚州亞星客車股份有限公司	同受母公司控制	揚州亞星
Weichai (Yangzhou) Yaxing New Energy Commercia	l Common control by parent	New Energy Commercial
Vehicles Co., Ltd.	同受母公司控制	Vehicles
濰柴(揚州)亞星新能源商用車有限公司		新能源商用車
Weichai (Yangzhou) Special Vehicles Co., Ltd.	Common control by parent	Yangzhou Special Vehicles
濰柴(揚州)特種車有限公司	同受母公司控制	揚州特種車
Dezhou Degong Machinery Co., Ltd.	Same ultimate controller	Dezhou Degong
德州德工機械有限公司	同一最終控股公司	德州 <mark>德工</mark>
Shantui Construction Machinery Co., Ltd.	Same ultimate controller	Shantui Construction
山推工程機械股份有限公司	同一最終控股公司	山推工程
Shanzhong Jianji Co., Ltd.	Same ultimate controller	Shanzhong Jianji
山重建機有限公司	同一最終控股公司	山重建機
Shandong Automobile Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	Same ultimate controller	Shandong Automobile
山東汽車製造有限公司	同一最終控股公司	Manufacture
		山東汽車製造
Beiqi Foton Motor Co., Ltd.	Same key management personnel	Beiqi Foton
北汽福田汽車股份有限公司	同一關鍵管理人員	北汽福田
Shaanxi Automotive Group Co., Ltd.	Minority shareholders of	Shaanxi Automotive
陝西汽車集團有限責任公司	subsidiary(ies)	陝汽集團
	子公司之少數股東	
Shaanxi Fast Gear Automotive Transmission Co., Ltd	. Minority shareholders of	Fast Gear Transmission
陝西法士特汽車傳動集團有限責任公司	subsidi <mark>ary(ies)</mark>	法士特傳動
	子公司之少數股東	
Shaanxi Automobile Industry Co., Ltd.	Related party of substantial	Shaanxi Industry
陝西汽車實業有限公司	shareholders of subsidiary(ies)	陝汽實業
	子公司重要股東之關聯人士	

1 January to 30 June 2020

X. Related Party Relationships and Transactions 十、關聯方關係及其交易(續) (Continued)

4. Particulars of other related parties which entered into material transactions with the Group (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

4. 與本集團發生重大交易的 其他關聯方情況(續)

Company 公司	Related party relationships 關聯方關係	Referred to as 簡稱
Shaanxi Wanfang Vehicle Parts and Components	Related party of substantial	Shaanxi Wanfang
Co. Ltd.	shareholders of subsidiary(ies)	陝西萬方
陝西萬方汽車零部件有限公司	子公司重要股東之關聯人士	
Shaanxi Huazhen Vehicle Parts Co., Ltd.	Related party of substantial	Huazhen Parts
陝西華臻車輛部件有限公司	shareholders of subsidiary(ies) 子公司重要股東之關聯人士	華臻部件
Shaanxi Wanfang Tianyun Vehicle Equipment Co. Ltd.	Related party of substantial	Wanfang Tianyun
陝西萬方天運汽車電器有限公司	shareholders of subsidiary(ies) 子公司重要股東之關聯人士	萬方天運
Shaanxi Huazhen Vehicle Component Parts Co., Ltd.	Related party of substantial	Huazhen Component
陝西華臻汽車零部件有限公司	shareholders of subsidiary(ies) 子公司重要股東之關聯人士	華臻零部件
Shaanxi Tongli Special Purpose Vehicle Co., Ltd.	Related party of substantial	Tongli Special Purpose
陝西通力專用汽車有限責任公司	shareholders of subsidiary(ies) 子公司重要股東之關聯人士	通力專用
Shaanxi Lantong Transmission Axle Co., Ltd.	Related party of substantial	Lantong Transmission
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	shareholders of subsidiary(ies)	藍通傳動軸
	子公司重要股東之關聯人士	
Shaanxi Automotive Group Commercial Vehicles	Related party of substantial	Sha <mark>anxi A</mark> utomotive
Co., Ltd.	shareholders of subsidiary(ies)	Commercial Vehicles
陝汽集團商用車有限公司	子公司重要股東之關聯人士	陝汽商用車
Shaanxi Fangyuan Automobile Standard Components	Related party of substantial	Fangyuan Automobile
Co. Ltd.	shareholders of subsidiary(ies)	方圓汽車
陝西方圓汽車標準件有限公司	子公司重要股東之關聯人士	
Shaanxi Deyin Leasing Co., Ltd	Related party of substantial	Deyin Leasing
德銀融資租賃有限公司	shareholders of subsidiary(ies)	德銀租賃
	子公司重要股東之關聯人士	
Shaanxi Huazhen Industry and	Related party of substantial	Huazhen Services
Trading Services Co.,Ltd.	shareholders of subsidiary(ies)	華臻服務
陝西華臻工貿服務有限公司	子公司重要股東之關聯人士	
Shaanxi Dongming Automobile System Co., Ltd	Related party of substantial	Dongming Automobile
陝西東銘車輛系統股份有限公司	shareholders of subsidiary(ies)	東銘車輛
	子公司重要股東之關聯人士	

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

X. Related Party Relationships and Transactions 十、關聯方關係及其交易(續) (Continued)

4. Particulars of other related parties which entered into material transactions with the Group (Continued)

4. 與本集團發生重大交易的 其他關聯方情況(續)

Company 公司	Related party relationships 關聯方關係	Referred to as 簡稱
Shaanxi Huazhen Automobile Filtration System Co., Ltd.	Related party of substantial shareholders of subsidiary(ies)	Huazhen Filtration 華臻濾清
陝西華臻汽車濾清系統有限公司	子公司重要股東之關聯人士	
Shaanxi Yuanxing Supply Chain Management	Related party of substantial	Shaanxi Yuanxing Supply
Co., Ltd.	shareholders of subsidiary(ies)	Chain
陝西遠行供應鏈管理有限公司	子公司重要股東之關聯人士	陝西遠行供應鏈
J. Eberspaecher (Xi'an) GmbH & Co. KG	Related party of substantial	J. Eberspaecher
埃貝赫排氣技術(西安)有限公司	shareholders of subsidiary(ies)	埃貝赫
	子公司重要股東之關聯人士	
Xi'an Deshi Vehicle Components Co., Ltd.	Related party of substantial	Deshi Components
西安德仕汽車零部件有限責任公司	shareholders of subsidiary(ies)	德仕零部件
	子公司重要股東之關聯人士	
Xi'an Oude Rubber and Plastic Technology Co., Ltd.	Related party of substantial	Oude Rubber
西安歐德橡塑技術有限公司	shareholders of subsidiary(ies)	歐德橡塑
	子公司重要股東之關聯人士	
Shaanxi Heavy-duty Special Vehicles Co., Ltd.	Related party of substantial	Shaanxi Heavy-duty Special
陝西重汽專用汽車有限公司	shareholders of subsidiary(ies)	陝重汽專用
	子公司重要股東之關聯人士	
Shaanxi Tianxingjian Vehicle Networking	Related party of substantial	Tian <mark>xingji</mark> an Vehicle
Information Technology Co., Ltd.	shareholders of subsidiary(ies)	Networking
陝西天行健車聯網信息技術有限公司	子公司重要股東之關聯人士	天行健車聯
Xi'an Cummics Engine Co., Ltd.	Associate of subsidiary(ies)	Xi'an Cummics
西安康明斯發動機有限公司	子公司之聯營企業	西安康明斯
CIMC-SHAC (Xi'an) Special Vehicles Co., Ltd.	Associate of subsidiary(ies)	CIMC-SHAC
中集陝汽重卡(西安)專用車有限公司	子公司之聯營企業	中集重卡
Ballard Power Systems Inc.	Associate of subsidiary(ies)	Ballard Power
巴拉德動力系統有限公司	子公司之聯營企業	巴拉德動力
Shaanxi Eurostar Auto Co., Ltd.	Associate of subsidiary(ies)	Eurostar
陝西歐舒特汽車股份有限公司	子公司之聯營企業	歐舒特
Shaanxi Automobile Wuhai Special Vehicles Co., Ltd.	Associate of subsidiary(ies)	Shaanxi Wuhai
陝汽烏海專用汽車有限公司	子公司之聯營企業	陝汽烏海
Weichai Power Westport New Energy Engine Co., Ltd.	. Associate of parent	Westport New Energy
維柴西港新能源動力有限公司	母公司之聯營企業	西港新能源
Shaanxi Tonghui Automotive Transportation Co., Ltd.	Associate of subsidiary(ies)	Tonghui Transportation
陝西通匯汽車物流有限公司	子公司之聯營企業	通匯物流

1 January to 30 June 2020

X. Related Party Relationships and Transactions 十、關聯方關係及其交易(續) (Continued)

- Major transactions between the Group and its related parties
 - (1) Transaction of goods and services with related

Purchase of goods from related parties

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

- 5. 本集團與關聯方的主要交
 - 關聯方商品和勞務交易 (1)

自關聯方購買商品

RMB

			•
		Incurred during	Incurred in
Company		this period	previous period
公司		本期發生額	上期發生額
Fast Gear Transmission	法士特傳動	3,179,492,714.11	2,642,232,203.22
Shaanxi Wuhai	陝汽烏海	1,879,652,332.69	1,368,965,777.17
Westport New Energy	西港新能源	1,833,606,864.13	1,457,056,386.56
Shaanxi Automotive Commercial Vehicles	陝汽商用車	1,661,213,915.40	1,802,791,415.07
Shaanxi Wanfang	陝西萬方	699,283,938.89	819,489,800.78
Weichai Import and Export	濰柴進出口	489,054,158.01	414,585,930.78
Wanfang Tianyun	萬方天運	419,836,584.23	337,080,101.17
Shaanxi Heavy-duty Special	陝重汽專用	415,145,885.74	115,876,926.83
Xi'an Cummics	西安康明斯	396,986,815.59	281,709,018.43
Tongli Special Purpose	通力專用	386,984,734.10	478,611,471.74
Deshi Components	德 仕 零部件	371,585,256.85	319,805,358.07
Huazhen Component	華臻零部件	310,561,407.59	362,266,313.43
CIMC-SHAC	中集重卡	289,408,053.10	451,858,360.94
Weichai Group Holdings	濰柴控股	210,151,898.15	216,969,719.93
Ballard Power	巴拉德動力	185,451,964.79	41,9 <mark>60,</mark> 416.66
Oude Rubber	歐德橡塑	177,027,555.49	191,918,634.72
Tianxingjian Vehicle Networking	天行健車聯	165,640,268.14	95,057,901.29
Weichai Heavy-duty Machinery	濰柴重機	158,512,935.39	187,949,692. <mark>9</mark> 8
Lantong Transmission	藍通傳動軸	97,872,541.68	127,407,347.64
Fangyuan Automobile	方圓汽車	37,794,911.99	51,498,723.64
Dongming Automobile	東銘車輛	36,399,007.76	17,313,238.06
Huazhen Parts	華臻部件	31,418,575.02	50,817,168.46
Others	其他	541,359,675.58	826,664,700.26
Total	合計	13,974,441,994.42	12,659,886,607.83

1 January to 30 June 2020

X. Related Party Relationships and Transactions 十、關聯方關係及其交易(續) (Continued)

- 5. Major transactions between the Group and its related parties (Continued)
 - (1) Transaction of goods and services with related parties (Continued)

Sales of goods to related parties

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

- 5. 本集團與關聯方的主要交 易(續)
 - (1) 關聯方商品和勞務交易 (續)

向關聯方銷售商品

RMB

		Incurred during	Incurred in
Company		this period	previous period
公司		本期發生額	上期發生額
Fast Gear Transmission	法士特傳動	1,306,500,886.34	1,086,518,542.50
Shaanxi Wuhai	陝汽烏海	1,291,853,112.70	919,024,475.15
Shaanxi Automotive Commercial Vehicl	es 陝汽商用車	931,680,257.09	423,888,018.92
Shaanxi Automotive	陝汽集團	683,100,133.10	149,591,099.54
Weichai Import and Export	濰柴進出口	613,518,236.86	533,100,166.96
Westport New Energy	西港新能源	567,104,439.13	74,641,608.27
Beiqi Foton	北汽福田	431,192,412.33	221,727,449.40
Shaanxi Heavy-duty Special	陝重汽專用	331,743,297.32	263,037,853.94
Shaanxi Wanfang	陝西萬方	186,507,492.55	180,971,853.85
Shandong Automobile Manufacture	山東汽車製造	185,723,974.81	385,568.98
Shantui Construction	山推工程	171,697,895.33	105,952,146.35
Wanfang Tianyun	萬方天運	144,110,117.12	129,890,513.47
Weichai Electric	濰柴電力	134,809,165.03	162,490,748.68
Yangzhou Yaxing	揚州亞星	121,775,137.44	247,047,499.93
Weichai Heavy-duty Machinery	濰柴重機	113,302,182.91	8 <mark>8,752,</mark> 468.51
Yangzhou Special Vehicles	揚州特種車	104,793,722.92	58,607,479.22
Oude Rubber	歐德橡塑	87,314,876.86	105,777,501.36
Huazhen Component	華臻零部件	81,634,541.94	93,933,287.47
Dezhou Degong	德州德工	46,748,073.09	54,815,620.84
Shanzhong Jianji	山重建機	46,587,990.12	28,833,739.64
Tongli Special Purpose	通力專用	37,665,234.94	95,376,783.86
Huazhen Services	華臻服務	34,712,061.72	34,492,078.07
Others	其他	907,281,347.19	748,434,097.42
Total	合計	8,561,356,588.84	5,807,290,602.33

1 January to 30 June 2020

X. Related Party Relationships and Transactions 十、關聯方關係及其交易(續) (Continued)

- 5. Major transactions between the Group and its related parties (Continued)
 - (1) Transaction of goods and services with related parties (Continued)

Receiving services from related parties

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

- 5. 本集團與關聯方的主要交 易(續)
 - (1) 關聯方商品和勞務交易 (續)

自關聯方接受勞務

RMB

人民幣元

Company 公司		Incurred during this period 本期發生額	Incurred in previous period 上期發生額
Tonghui Transportation	通匯物流	180,414,010.41	190,368,169.61
Weichai Heavy-duty Machinery	濰柴重機	44,861,790.29	14,746,068.74
Shaanxi Industry	陝汽實業	44,848,720.03	68,610,899.60
Ballard Power	巴拉德動力	29,355,865.00	-
Weichai Group Holdings	濰柴控股	14,693,915.61	13,890,089.35
Others	其他	62,313,086.74	32,715,236.67
Total	合計	376,487,388.08	320,330,463.97

Rendering services to related parties

向關聯方提供勞務

RMB

人民幣元

		Incurred during	Incurred in
Item		this period	previous period
項目		本期發生額	上期發生額
Others	其他	18,680,304.96	23,699,719.49

The prices for the Group's sale of goods and rendering services to related parties as well as purchase of goods and receiving services from related parties were determined with reference to market rates.

本集團向關聯方銷售商品、提 供勞務、採購商品及接受勞務 的價格參考市場價格決定。

1 January to 30 June 2020

X. Related Party Relationships and Transactions 十、關聯方關係及其交易(續) (Continued)

- 5. Major transactions between the Group and its related parties (Continued)
 - (2) Leasing with related parties

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

- 5. 本集團與關聯方的主要交 易(續)
 - (2) 關聯方租賃

RMB

人民幣元

		Lease revenue for	Lease revenue for
Item	Type of leased property	this period	the previous period
項目	租賃資產種類	本期租賃收入	上期租賃收入
As lessor	Buildings, equipment & land		
作為出租人	房屋設備土地	18,229,872.03	13,589,799.11

The prices for the Group's leasing with related parties were determined with reference to market rates.

本集團與關聯方租賃業務價格 參考市場價格決定。

(3) Transfer of assets with related parties

(3) 關聯方資產轉讓

RMB

人民幣元

		Incurred during	Incurred in
Item	Particulars of transaction	this period	previous period
項目	交易內容	本期發生額	上期發生額
Others	Purchase of fixed assets		
其他	購買固定資產	171,287.23	7,340,111.01
Others	Sale of fixed assets		
其他	出售固定資產	124,923.04	1,612,994.97

The price for the Group's purchase and sale of fixed assets from and to related parties were determined with reference to market rates.

本集團向關聯方採購和銷售固 定資產價格參考市場價格決定。

1 January to 30 June 2020

X. Related Party Relationships and Transactions 十、關聯方關係及其交易(續) (Continued)

- Major transactions between the Group and its related parties (Continued)
 - (4) Other related party transactions
 - Deyin Leasing provides Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, with services of financial leasing. It was agreed among Devin Leasing and third-party distributors that for the vehicle monies of related business to be receivable by the Group from distributors, Deyin Leasing may take up the payment obligation on behalf of the distributors. The amount of vehicle sales through this business mode amounted to RMB1,594,781,400.00 for the period (previous period: RMB1,351,288,300.00).
 - (b) Shanzhong Finance Leasing provides distributors and ultimate customers of Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, with services of financial leasing. The amount of outright vehicle sales in cash to distributors through this business mode amounted to RMB3,297,095,848.00 for the period (previous period: RMB2,686,952,218.00). For details, see Note XII.3.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

- 本集團與關聯方的主要交 易(續)
 - (4) 其他關聯方交易
 - 德銀租賃為本公司之子公 司陝西重型汽車有限公 司的經銷商提供融資租 賃服務, 德銀租賃和第 三方經銷商同意對於本集 團應收經銷商的相關業 務的車款,可由德銀租 賃代經銷商承擔付款義 務。本期通過該種業務模 式銷售的車輛金額為人 民幣 1,594,781,400.00 元(上期:人民幣 1,351,288,300.00元)。
 - 山重融資租賃為本公司 (b) 之子公司陝西重型汽車 有限公司的經銷商及其 終端客戶提供融資租賃 業務,本期通過該種業 務模式現金銷售賣斷給 經銷商的車輛金額為人 民幣 3,297,095,848.00 元(上期:人民幣 2,686,952,218.00元)。 具體情況參見附註十二、 3 °

1 January to 30 June 2020

X. Related Party Relationships and Transactions 十、關聯方關係及其交易(續) (Continued)

- Major transactions between the Group and its related parties (Continued)
 - (4) Other related party transactions (Continued)
 - On 30 March 2016, the Group entered into the Financial Services Agreement with Shandong Heavy Industry Finance Co.. Pursuant to the agreement, Shandong Heavy Industry Finance Company provided deposit, credit lending and clearing services as well as other financial services to the Company and its controlling subsidiaries. The interest rates for credit relating to financial services as well as fee rates are determined according to the Financial Services Agreement and based upon the relevant requirements of the People's Bank of China's under which the lending rate shall not exceed the minimum level permitted under the interest rates and fee rates for money lending of similar types and categories available to the Group from other major commercial banks in the PRC.

Shandong Heavy Industry Finance Co. provides distributors of Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, with credit line to apply for establishing bank acceptance bills for the purchase of products from Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd.. In 2020, the credit line amounted to RMB3,000,000,000.00 (2019: RMB3,000,000,000.00). Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd. assumes security obligation in favour of the distributors for the difference between amount of notes and guarantee money. As at 30 June 2020, open position of outstanding acceptance bill was RMB666,262,310.00 (31 December 2019: RMB658,341,770.00). For details, see Note XII.2.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

- 5. 本集團與關聯方的主要交 易(續)
 - (4) 其他關聯方交易(續)
 - 本集團與山東重工財務公 司於2016年3月30日簽 訂《金融服務協議》,根據 協議,山東重工財務公司 為本公司及控股子公司提 供存款、信貸、結算及其 他金融服務等。有關金融 服務信貸利率和費率根據 《金融服務協議》滿足中國 人民銀行有關貸款利率相 關規定的基礎上不高於本 集團在其他中國國內主要 商業銀行取得的同類同檔 次信貸利率及費率允許的 最低水平確定。

山東重工財務公司為本公 司之子公司陝西重型汽車 有限公司的經銷商提供授 信額度,申請開立銀行承 兑匯票用於購買陝西重 型汽車有限公司產品, 2020年的授信額度為人 民幣 3,000,000,000.00 元(2019年:人民幣 3,000,000,000.00元)。 陝西重型汽車有限公司 為經銷商提供票據金額 與保證金之間差額的退 款保證責任。截至2020 年6月30日,尚未到期 的承兑匯票敞口額為人 民 幣 666,262,310.00 元(2019年12月31日: 人民幣 658,341,770.00 元)。具體情況參見附註 += \ 2 .

1 January to 30 June 2020

X. Related Party Relationships and Transactions 十、關聯方關係及其交易(續) (Continued)

- Major transactions between the Group and its related parties (Continued)
 - (4) Other related party transactions (Continued) Amounts of transactions with Shandong Heavy Industry Finance Co. are as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

- 5. 本集團與關聯方的主要交 易(續)
 - (4) 其他關聯方交易(續) 本集團與山東重工財務公司發 生的各項交易額如下:

RMB

人民幣元

		Incurred during	Incurred in
Item		this period	previous period
項目		本期發生額	上期發生額
Bank deposit placed	存放銀行存款	39,071,137,784.84	55,767,512,903.45
Interest income	利息收入	101,955,748.42	129,606,533.75
Interest expenses	利息支出	7,501,365.36	6,052,878.37
Acquisition of short-term borrowings	取得短期借款	45,000,000.00	_
Acquisition of long-term borrowings	取得長期借款	-	103,400,000.00
Repayment of long-term borrowings	償還長期借款	199,630,000.00	-
Establishment of bank acceptance bills	開具銀行承兑匯票	1,743,553,154.95	2,024,557,623.02

Balances of accounts with Shandong Heavy Industry Finance Co. are as follows:

本集團與山東重工財務公司的 各項往來餘額如下:

RMB

D.		20 1 2020	21 D
Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Cash and cash equivalents placed	存放關聯方的貨幣資金		
with related parties		25,288,532,024.32	24,322,456,355.51
Interest receivable	應收利息	101,357,412.70	24,268,278.47
Balance of short-term borrowings	短期借款餘額	65,000,000.00	20,000,000.00
Balance of long-term borrowings	長期借款餘額	266,767,751.45	466,397,751.45
Balance of bank acceptance	開具的銀行承兑匯票餘額		
bills established		2,026,944,953.69	3,461,859,096.77

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

X. Related Party Relationships and Transactions 十、關聯方關係及其交易(續) (Continued)

6. Amounts due from/to related parties

6. 關聯方應收應付款項餘額

RMB 人民幣元

	30 June 2020 2020年6月30日		31 December 2019 2019年12月31日	
Item 項目	Gross carrying amount 賬面餘額	Provision for credit losses 信用損失準備	Gross carrying amount 賬面餘額	Provision for credit losses 信用損失準備
Accounts receivable				
應收賬款				
Weichai Import and Export 濰柴進出口	429,412,316.98	5,567,368.25	110,659,375.88	1,099,877.91
Shaanxi Automotive Commercial Vehicles 陝汽商用車	287,938,653.42	5,848,328.78	192,684,496.25	_
Yangzhou Yaxing				
揚州亞星	187,144,407.12	2,579,555.99	70,014,901.68	2,242,476.09
Shaanxi Wuhai				
陝汽烏海	145,726,643.10		78,074,725.76	_
Yangzhou Special Vehicles				
揚州特種車	106,977,617.65	1,468,928.38	910,150.18	0.00
Shandong Automobile Manufacture				
山東汽車製造	27,250,739.73	681,016.85	5,986,832.00	119,736.64
Shantui Construction				
山推工程	26,905,124.18	521,217.53	8,402,496.73	168,044.07
Huazhen Component				
華臻零部件	22,660,596.73		12,177,225.31	_
Beiqi Foton	22 225 756 64	1 102 020 00	04 254 244 24	1 0 45 720 06
北汽福田	22,225,756.61	1,183,938.80	91,251,341.21	1,945,738.96
Tongli Special Purpose 通力專用	10 00E 461 07		4 505 006 00	
通刀等用 Westport New Energy	19,885,461.87		4,595,096.09	_
西港新能源	18,867,437.44	566,023.12	16,164,686.09	94,108.88
四元 利 尼 // Xi'an FC	10,007,437.44	300,023.12	10,104,080.09	34,100.00
西安雙特	17,788,613.42	309,532.92	11,949,328.47	238,986.57
Weichai Heavy-duty Machinery	17,700,013.42	303,332.32	11,545,520.47	230,300.37
維柴重機	14,651,522.58	273,987.77	2,687,475.85	25,584.00
Weichai Electric			_,00,,0.00	23,331.00
維柴電力	12,576,141.90	145,077.26	66,936,962.46	1,338,635.85
Eurostar				
歐舒特	12,129,459.02	12,129,459.02	14,067,992.31	14,067,992.31
Others				
其他	362,567,960.04	6,890,319.36	281,972,256.33	6,821,480.92
Total				
合計	1,714,708,451.79	38,164,754.03	968,535,342.60	28,162,662.20

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

X. Related Party Relationships and Transactions 十、關聯方關係及其交易(續) (Continued)

6. Amounts due from/to related parties (Continued)

關聯方應收應付款項餘額 (續)

RMB

人民幣元

	30 June 2020 2020年6月30日			nber 2019 2月31日
	Gross carrying	Provision for	Gross carrying	Provision for
Item	amount	credit losses	amount	credit losses
項目	賬面餘額	信用損失準備	賬面餘額	信用損失準備
Other receivables 其他應收款 Others				
其他	220,267,082.12	13,802,532.90	124,994,121.77	13,781,240.01

RMB

		八八冊儿
Item	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目	2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Notes receivable		
應收票據		
Shantui Construction		
山推工程	228,452,802.84	146,947,390.01
Weichai Heavy-duty Machinery		
濰柴重 <mark>機</mark>	204,500,000.00	339,612, <mark>368.69</mark>
Yangzhou Yaxing		
揚州亞星	138,467,384.00	278,154,000.00
Shandong Automobile Manufacture		
山東汽車製造	134,688,690.77	-
Dezhou Degong		
德州德工	56,190,000.00	74,301,358.24
Shanzhong Jianji		
山重建機	36,561,966.66	20,208,517.00
Others		
其他	19,746,624.31	57,576,178.03
Total		
合計	818,607,468.58	916,799,811.97

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

X. Related Party Relationships and Transactions 十、關聯方關係及其交易(續) (Continued)

6. Amounts due from/to related parties (Continued)

6. 關聯方應收應付款項餘額 (續)

Item 項目	30 June 2020 2020年6月30日	31 December 2019 2019年12月31日
供日	2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Receivable Financing		
應收款項融資		
Deyin Leasing		
德銀租賃	229,860,600.42	153,000,000.00
Shaanxi Automotive Commercial Vehicles		
陝汽商用車	229,000,000.00	29,450,000.00
Shaanxi Wuhai		
陝汽烏海	193,180,000.00	110,667,390.00
Dongming Automobile		
東銘車輛	24,250,000.00	2,860,000.00
Tongli Special Purpose		
通力專用	10,307,468.88	9,917,445.59
Shantui Construction		
山推工程	5,472,141.04	19,388,188.24
Weichai Heavy-duty Machinery		
維柴重機	3,463,114.16	12,650,007.89
Yangzhou Yaxing		
揚州亞星	1,216,270.17	48,412,298.00
Yangzhou Special Vehicles		
揚州特種車	776,475.00	54,412,400.00
Others		
其他	40,829,402.82	15,200,153. <mark>9</mark> 7
Total		
	729 255 472 40	4EE 0E7 992 C0
合計	738,355,472.49	455,957,883.69

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

X. Related Party Relationships and Transactions 十、關聯方關係及其交易(續) (Continued)

6. Amounts due from/to related parties (Continued)

6. 關聯方應收應付款項餘額 (續)

Item	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目	2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Prepayments		
預付款項		
Ballard Power		
巴拉德動力	39,298,608.79	42,560,370.00
Weichai Import and Export		
潍柴進出口	30,738,717.68	75,176,413.60
Huazhen Services		
華臻服務	29,965,982.33	43,146,129.56
Others		
其他	51,040,390.68	44,853,751.74
Total		
合計	151,043,699.48	205,736,664.90

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

X. Related Party Relationships and Transactions 十、關聯方關係及其交易(續) (Continued)

6. Amounts due from/to related parties (Continued)

6. 關聯方應收應付款項餘額 (續)

RMB

ltem 項目	30 June 2020 2020年6月30日	31 December 2019 2019年12月31日
Accounts payable		
應付賬款		
Shaanxi Automotive Commercial Vehicles		
陝汽商用車	912,606,808.94	762,088,776.30
Shaanxi Wuhai		
陝汽烏海	563,101,459.48	286,984,556.93
Shaanxi Wanfang		
陝西萬方	540,134,191.30	245,348,067.02
Westport New Energy		
西港新能源	376,514,735.69	318,271,447.84
Weichai Import and Export		
維柴進出口	292,862,716.17	224,075,034.42
Fast Gear Transmission	204 244 200 40	246 070 420 42
法士特傳動	284,344,209.40	346,979,138.43
Xi'an Cummics 西安康明斯	270 211 209 51	170 775 000 01
四女原明則 Tongli Special Purpose	279,311,398.51	179,775,989.91
通力專用	266,627,786.38	229,100,179.48
Deshi Components	200,027,700.30	223,100,173.40
德仕零部件	235,415,361.89	201,473,981.41
Wanfang Tianyun	255, 115,50 1105	20171737331111
萬方天運	196,490,950.39	137,116,971.42
Huazhen Component		
華臻零部件	179,763,248.09	1 <mark>47,448,</mark> 583.10
Tonghui Transportation		
通匯物流	126,135,745.10	88,329,212.51
Xi'an FC		
西安雙特	118,340,067.40	73,531,242.38
Shaanxi Heavy-duty Special		
陝重汽專用	117,815,970.86	79,824,954.86
Oude Rubber		
歐德橡塑	94,387,369.87	71,975,306.12
Lantong Transmission	05.040.057.00	F7 600 604 70
藍通傳動軸	85,949,867.39	57,690,604.79
Tianxingjian Vehicle Networking 天行健車聯	F1 0F4-004-02	E7 0E2 020 00
大行健単聯 Others	51,054,004.92	57,853,838.88
其他	331,236,542.43	327,696,784.98
六世 	331,230,342.43	321,030,164.36
Total		
合計	5,052,092,434.21	3,835,564,6 <mark>7</mark> 0.78

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

X. Related Party Relationships and Transactions 十、關聯方關係及其交易(續) (Continued)

6. Amounts due from/to related parties (Continued)

6. 關聯方應收應付款項餘額 (續)

Item 項目	30 June 2020 2020年6月30日	31 December 2019 2019年12月31日
Notes payable		
應付票據		
Westport New Energy		
西港新能源	1,019,215,655.13	922,140,371.81
Shaanxi Wuhai		
陝汽烏海	262,000,000.00	385,000,000.00
Fast Gear Transmission		
法士特傳動	135,000,000.00	115,300,000.00
Huazhen Component		
華臻零部件	122,512,000.00	114,390,000.00
Tongli Special Purpose		
通力專用	28,272,308.08	27,006,319.48
Shaanxi Automotive Commercial Vehicles		
陝汽商用車	26,500,000.00	101,500,000.00
Deshi Components		
德仕零部件	16,080,000.00	64,200,000.00
Tonghui Transportation		
通匯物流	13,882,883.43	9,840,085.62
Shaanxi Wanfang		
陝西萬方	-	171,366,000.00
Others		
其他	47,863,470.41	37,332,574.02
Total		
合計	1,671,326,317.05	1,948,075,350.93

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

X. Related Party Relationships and Transactions 十、關聯方關係及其交易(續) (Continued)

6. Amounts due from/to related parties (Continued)

6. 關聯方應收應付款項餘額 (續)

RMB

人民幣元

Item	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目	2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Contract liabilities		
合同負債		
Shaanxi Automotive		
陝汽集團	1,461,735,884.49	517,094,874.40
Others		
其他	4,304,152.65	8,545,379.38
Total		
合計	1,466,040,037.14	525,640,253.78

RMB

Item	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目	2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Other payables		
其他應付款		
Shaanxi Industry		
陝汽實業	60,706,259.13	6 <mark>4,</mark> 063,346.62
Others		
其他	115,205,490.84	115,182,073.98
Total		
合計	175,911,749.97	179,245,420.60

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

X. Related Party Relationships and Transactions 十、關聯方關係及其交易(續) (Continued)

6. Amounts due from/to related parties (Continued)

6. 關聯方應收應付款項餘額 (續)

RMB

人民幣元

Item 項目	30 June 2020 2020年6月30日	31 December 2019 2019年12月31日
Dividends payable		
應付股利		
Weichai Group Holdings		
維柴控股	191,229,600.00	27,993,120.35
Fast Gear Transmission		
法士特傳動	-	109,529,743.16
Shaanxi Automotive		
陝汽集團	-	106,658,826.01
Total		
合計	191,229,600.00	244,181,689.52

RMB

Item 項目	30 June 2020 2020年6月30日	31 December 2019 2019年12月31日
Lease liabilities		
租賃負債		
Shaanxi Industry		
陝汽實業	115,774.48	347,323.44
Fast Gear Transmission		
法士特傳動	-	13,722,851.47
Total		
合計	115,774.48	14,070,174.91

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

X. Related Party Relationships and Transactions 十、關聯方關係及其交易(續) (Continued)

6. Amounts due from/to related parties (Continued)

6. 關聯方應收應付款項餘額 (續)

RMB

人民幣元

Item	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目	2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Long-term payables		
長期應付款		
Other immaterial associates		
其他非重大聯營企業	409,537,723.00	394,940,661.50

RMB

人民幣元

ltem	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目	2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Non-current liabilities due within one year		
一年內到期的非流動負債		
Other immaterial associates		
其他非重大聯營企業	201,469,027.00	179,154,706.50

Other than long-term payables and non-current liabilities due within one year, amounts due from/to related parties were non-interest bearing and unsecured, of which the terms of repayment for amounts of trading nature will follow the requirement of terms of trading, while amounts of non-trading nature have no fixed terms of repayment.

除長期應付款、一年內到期的非流動 負債以外,應收及應付關聯方款項均 不計利息、無抵押,其中,貿易往來 的還款期遵從貿易條款規定,非貿易 往來無固定還款期。

1 January to 30 June 2020

XI. Share-based Payment

Share-based Payment Project Applicable to Staff Members of KION

As at 30 June 2020, the number of bonus shares issued by KION amounted to 53,040 shares (31 December 2019: 53,776 shares). The number of shares decreased as compared to previous year as 736 shares (2019: 537 shares) have lapsed. The total costs in respect of equitysettled share-based payments related to such project was recognized as EUR446,000.00, equivalent to RMB3,481,151.82 (previous period: EUR351,000.00, equivalent to RMB2,670,231.01) for the period.

Share Incentive Scheme Applicable to KION Managers

As part of the cash-settled Share Incentive Scheme of KION, managers were granted virtual shares over a fixed period of time (3 years). In 2020, a share incentive scheme operated by KION became applicable to managers from 1 January 2020, for a term of three years ("KION Senior Management Long-term Incentive Scheme 2020"). On 1 January 2020, 252,645 (2019: 274,460) virtual shares with specific fair value were granted to managers. Such virtual shares were apportioned in proportion to the total annual remuneration of the respective managers who were granted such shares.

The cash-settled share-based payment granted in 2017 is subject to appraisal for business performance during a period ending 31 December 2019, and has been settled in March 2020.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

+一、股份支付

KION員工股份支付項目

截至2020年6月30日, KION發行在外的紅股 53.040股(2019年12月31日:53.776股), 股數較上年減少是由於其中736股已失效 (2019年:537股)。本期與該項目相關的以 權益結算的股份支付確認的費用總額為歐 元 446,000.00, 折合人民幣 3,481,151.82 元(上期:歐元351,000.00,折合人民幣 2,670,231.01元)。

KION經理股權激勵計劃

作為以現金結算的KION股權激勵計劃的 一部分,經理在一個固定的期間內(3年) 被授予虛擬股份。在2020年, KION對經 理實施了自2020年1月1日起為期三年的 股權激勵計劃(KION2020年高管長期激 勵計劃)。在2020年1月1日,經理被授予 252,645份具有特定公允價值的虛擬股份 (2019年:274,460份),該虛擬股份按照 每位經理被授予股份時個人總年薪的相應 比例進行分配。

2017年授予的以現金結算的股份支付的業 績考核期在2019年12月31日結束,並已 於2020年3月完成支付。

1 January to 30 June 2020

XI. Share-based Payment (Continued)

Share Incentive Scheme Applicable to KION Managers (Continued)

As at 30 June 2020, accumulated liabilities incurred from the cash-settled share-based payments amounted to EUR11,498,000.00, equivalent to RMB91.535.578.00 (31 December 2019: EUR12.519.000.00, equivalent to RMB97,842,244.50). In particular, nil belonged to the 2017 tranche (31 December 2019: EUR3,729,000.00, equivalent to RMB29,143,999.50), and EUR4,041,000.00 belonged to the 2018 tranche, which was equivalent to RMB32,170,401.00 (31 December 2019: EUR4,409,000.00, which was equivalent to RMB34,458,539.50). EUR5,593,000.00 belonged to the 2019 tranche, which was equivalent to RMB44,525,873.00 (31 December 2019: EUR4,381,000.00, which was equivalent to RMB34,239,705.50), and EUR1,864,000.00 belonged to the 2020 tranche, which was equivalent to RMB14,839,304.00.

Share Incentive Scheme Applicable to KION **Executive Board**

As part of the cash-settled Share Incentive Scheme of KION, members of the Executive Board were granted virtual shares over a fixed period of time (3 years). The remuneration component measured over the long term of members of the Executive Board is on the same basis of the Share Incentive Scheme Applicable to KION Managers above. On 1 January 2020, i.e. the beginning of the period subject to appraisal, 76,656 virtual shares (2019: 111,544 shares) with specified fair value were granted to members of the Executive Committee by KION and apportioned in ways stipulated in the service contract of each member of the Executive Committee.

The cash-settled share-based payment granted in 2017 is subject to appraisal for business performance during a period ending 31 December 2019, and has been settled in March 2020.

As at 30 June 2020, accumulated liabilities incurred from the cashsettled share-based payments amounted to EUR2,711,000.00, equivalent to RMB21,582,271.00 (31 December 2019: EUR5,759,000.00, equivalent to RMB45,009,464.50). In particular, nil belonged to the 2017 tranche (31 December 2019: EUR1,817,000.00, equivalent to RMB14,200,763.50), and nil belonged to the 2018 tranche (31 December 2019: EUR1,990,000.00, which was equivalent to RMB15,552,845.00). EUR2,113,000.00 belonged to the 2019 tranche, which was equivalent to RMB16,821,593.00 (31 December 2019: EUR1,952,000.00, which was equivalent to RMB15,255,856.00), and EUR598,000.00 belonged to the 2020 tranche, which was equivalent to RMB4,760,678.00.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

+一、股份支付(續) KION經理股權激勵計劃(續)

截至2020年6月30日,以現金結算的 股份支付產生的累計負債金額為歐元 11,498,000.00,折合人民幣91,535,578.00 元(2019年12月31日:歐元12,519,000.00, 折合人民幣97.842.244.50元),其中,2017 年授予的以現金結算的股份支付產生的累 計負債金額為零(2019年12月31日:歐元 3,729,000.00,折合人民幣29,143,999.50 元),2018年授予的以現金結算的股份支付 產生的累計負債金額為歐元4,041,000.00, 折合人民幣 32,170,401.00元(2019年12 月31日:歐元4,409,000.00,折合人民幣 34.458.539.50元), 2019年授予的以現金 結算的股份支付產生的累計負債金額為歐元 5.593.000.00,折合人民幣44.525.873.00 元(2019年12月31日:歐元4,381,000.00, 折合人民幣34,239,705.50元),2020年授 予的以現金結算的股份支付產生的累計負 債金額為歐元1,864,000.00,折合人民幣 14,839,304.00元。

KION執行委員會股權激勵計劃

作為以現金結算的KION股權激勵計劃的-部分,執行委員會成員在一個固定的期間 內(3年)被授予虛擬股份。執行委員會成 員的長期報酬的計量與上述KION經理股權 激勵計劃方法一致。在2020年1月1日績 效期間考核初期,KION授予執行委員會成 員76,656份具有特定公允價值的虛擬股份 (2019年:111,544份),該虛擬股份按照 每位執行委員會成員的服務合同中規定的 方式分配。

2017年授予的以現金結算的股份支付的業 績考核期於2019年12月31日結束,並已 於2020年3月完成支付。

截至2020年6月30日,以現金結算的 股份支付產生的累計負債金額為歐元 2,711,000.00,折合人民幣21,582,271.00 元(2019年12月31日:歐元5,759,000.00, 折合人民幣 45,009,464.50 元)。其中, 2017年授予的以現金結算的股份支付 產生的累計負債金額為零(2019年12月 31日:歐元1,817,000.00,折合人民幣 14,200,763.50元),2018年授予的以現金 結算的股份支付產生的累計負債金額為零 (2019年12月31日:歐元1,990,000.00, 折合人民幣15,552,845.00元),2019年授 予的以現金結算的股份支付產生的累計負 債金額為歐元2,113,000.00,折合人民幣 16,821,593.00元(2019年12月31日:歐元 1,952,000.00,折合人民幣15,255,856.00 元),2020年授予的以現金結算的股份支付 產生的累計負債金額為歐元598,000.00, 折合人民幣4,760,678.00元。

1 January to 30 June 2020

XII. Commitments and Contingencies

Significant commitments

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

七、承諾及或有事項

1. 重要承諾事項

RMB

人民幣元

Item	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目	2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Capital commitments		
資本承諾	3,368,614,470.91	3,088,297,118.51

Exposure to confirmation risks

Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, entered into a tri-party cooperation agreement with distributors and endorsing bank. Distributors will deposit guarantee money of no lower than 30% to the bank and apply for establishment of bank acceptance bill for the purchase of products of Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd. according to the amount of credit facility provided by the bank. Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd. assumes security obligation in favour of the distributors for the difference between amount of notes and guarantee money. Products are delivered to distributors and revenue is recognized when Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd. receives the amount representing the aforementioned difference from the distributors. As at 30 June 2020, open position of outstanding acceptance bills was RMB3,852,558,747,50 (31 December 2019: RMB2,643,365,360.00). Further, pursuant to the tri-party indemnity agreement entered into among Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd., the distributors and the guarantors of the distributors, the distributors shall indemnify Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd. in respect of the aforesaid security obligation for the said difference in amount or losses suffered, and their guarantors shall be jointly liable for the same. To date, distributors under this arrangement have hardly had any default. The Group is of the view that the risk exposure related to the provision of these security obligations is minimal, and thus no accruals and provisions have been made.

2. 保兑倉敞口風險

本公司之子公司陝西重型汽車有限公 司與經銷商、承兑銀行三方簽訂三方 合作協議,經銷商向銀行存入不低於 30%的保證金,根據銀行給予的一 定信用額度,申請開立銀行承兑匯 票用於購買陝西重型汽車有限公司 產品,陝西重型汽車有限公司為經 銷商提供票據金額與保證金之間差 額的還款保證責任。陝西重型汽車 有限公司在收到經銷商存入上述差 額的資金時,向經銷商交付產品並 確認收入。截至2020年6月30日, 尚未到期的承兑匯票敞口額為人民 幣 3,852,558,747,50 元 (2019年12 月31日:人民幣2,643,365,360.00 元)。此外,根據陝西重型汽車有限 公司、經銷商及經銷商的保證人的三 方保證合同,經銷商賠償陝西重型汽 車有限公司承擔的差額還款責任或遭 受的損失,其保證人承擔連帶保證責 任。截至目前,此類安排下經銷商幾 乎從未發生過違約情況,本集團認為 與提供該等保證責任相關的風險較 小,因此未確認預計負債。

1 January to 30 June 2020

XII. Commitments and Contingencies (Continued) 十二承諾及或有事項(續)

Business related to finance lease company

Regarding the outright product sales to distributors in cash by Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd. entered into a cooperation agreement with Shanzhong Finance Leasing Co., Ltd.. It is agreed by and between the two parties that Shanzhong Finance Leasing Co., Ltd. shall provide finance lease service to distributors or ultimate customers of Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd. Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd. shall jointly guarantee repurchase of physical assets upon presentation in respect of the leasee's (ultimate customers') failure to pay the instalment payments and interests under the finance lease, on condition that product quality required by Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd. is satisfied. As at 30 June 2020, risk exposure in respect of possible guarantee for joint liabilities was RMB3,376,750,000.00 (31 December 2019: RMB2,733,717,589.42). To date, the Group had not received any request for repurchase under this sort of business. The Group is of the view that the risk exposure related to the provision of these guarantees for joint liabilities is minimal, and thus no accruals and provisions have been made.

XIII. Subsequent Events

1. Profit distribution

Distribution of interim dividend for year 2020

On 27 August 2019, under the authority granted by the shareholders of the Company, the Board considered and approved the distribution to all shareholders of a cash dividend of RMB1.50 (including tax) for every 10 shares held, based on the total number of shares of the Company of 7,933,873,895 shares, without any capitalisation of reserve.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

3. 與融資租賃公司有關的業

對於本公司之子公司陝西重型汽車有 限公司現金銷售賣斷給經銷商的產 品,陝西重型汽車有限公司與山重融 資租賃簽訂合作協議,雙方約定山重 融資租賃為陝西重型汽車有限公司的 經銷商及其終端客戶提供融資租賃服 務,陝西重型汽車有限公司為融資租 賃的承租方(終端客戶)未能支付融資 租賃分期付款及利息的,在滿足陝西 重型汽車有限公司約定的產品質量條 件下提供連帶的見物回購責任。截至 2020年6月30日,連帶責任保證風 險敞口為人民幣3,376,750,000.00 元(2019年12月31日:人民幣 2,733,717,589.42元)。截至目前, 本集團從未收到過此類業務下的回購 要求,本集團認為與提供該等連帶責 任保證相關的風險較小,因此未確認 預計負債。

十三、資產負債表日後事項

1. 利潤分配情況

派發2020年中期紅利

於2019年8月27日,本公司董事會根 據股東會授權,審議通過以本公司總 股數7,933,873,895股為基數,向全 體股東每10股派發現金紅利人民幣 1.50元(含税),不實施公積金轉增 股本。

1 January to 30 June 2020

XIV. Other Significant Events

1. Leases

As the lessor

Finance leases: As at 30 June 2020, the balance of unrealized finance income was RMB1,058,144,276.00 (31 December 2019: RMB1,069,566,806.00) and was apportioned over the lease periods based on fixed periodic interest rate. Pursuant to the leasing contract signed with the lessee, the minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable leases are as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

世界其他重要事項

1. 租賃

作為出租人

融資租賃:於2020年6月30日, 未實現融資收益的餘額為人民幣 1,058,144,276.00元(2019年12月 31日:人民幣 1,069,566,806.00 元),採用固定的周期性利率在租賃 期內各個期間進行分攤。根據與承租 人簽訂的租賃合同,不可撤銷租賃的 最低租賃收款額如下:

RMB

人民幣元

Lease period		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
租賃期		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Within (and inclusive of) 1 year	1年以內(含1年)	3,254,586,628.46	3,071,491,500.00
1 to (and inclusive of) 2 years	1年至2年(含2年)	2,879,439,620.14	2,717,449,350.00
2 to (and inclusive of) 3 years	2年至3年(含3年)	2,448,807,292.71	2,311,043,350.00
3 to (and inclusive of) 4 years	3年至4年(含4年)	2,009,893,574.37	1,896,821,850.00
4 to (and inclusive of) 5 years	4年至5年(含5年)	1,379,108,309.98	1,301,523,030.50
Over 5 years	5年以上	929,172,060.34	876,899,100.00
Total	合計	12,901,007,486.00	12,175,228,180.50

For fixed assets leased out under operating lease, refer to Note V.17.

經營租出固定資產,參見附註五、 17 °

1 January to 30 June 2020

XIV. Other Significant Events (Continued)

Segment reporting

Operating segments

The Group organizes and manages its operating business in accordance with the nature of business and provision of products and services. Each operating segment of the Group is one operating group, providing products and services with risks and rewards different from those of other operating segments.

The details of operating segments are as follows:

- manufacturing and sale of engines and related parts ("Engines");
- manufacturing and sale of automobiles and automobile (b) components other than Engines ("Automobiles and automobile components");
- (c) Forklift trucks production, warehousing technology and supply chain solution services ("Intelligent logistics").

Management monitors the results of operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reported segment profit, which is a measure of adjusted total profits. The adjusted total profits are measured consistently with the Group's total profits, except that finance expenses, investment income, gains from changes in fair value of financial instruments as well as head office expenses are excluded from such measurement.

Segment assets exclude equity investments at FVTPL, derivative instruments, dividends receivable, interests receivable, equity investments at FVTOCI, deferred tax assets and other unallocated head office assets.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

十四、其他重要事項(續)

2. 分部報告

經營分部

本集團的經營業務根據業務的性質以 及所提供的產品和服務分開組織和管 理。本集團的每個經營分部是一個業 務集團,提供面臨不同於其他經營分 部的風險並取得不同於其他經營分部 的報酬的產品和服務。

以下是對經營分部詳細信息的概括:

- 生產及銷售發動機及相關零部 件(「發動機」);
- 生產及銷售汽車及汽車零部件 (不包括發動機)(「汽車及汽車 零部件」);
- 叉車生產、倉庫技術及供應鏈 (c) 解決方案服務(「智能物流」)。

管理層出於配置資源和評價業績的決 策目的, 對各業務單元的經營成果分 開進行管理。分部業績,以報告的分 部利潤為基礎進行評價。該指標系對 利潤總額進行調整後的指標,除不包 括財務費用、投資收益、金融工具公 允價值變動收益以及總部費用之外, 該指標與本集團利潤總額是一致的。

分部資產不包括以公允價值計量且其 變動計入當期損益的權益性投資、衍 生工具、應收股利、應收利息、指定 為以公允價值計量且其變動計入其他 綜合收益的權益性投資、遞延所得稅 資產和其他未分配的總部資產。

1 January to 30 June 2020

XIV. Other Significant Events (Continued)

Segment reporting (Continued)

Operating segments (Continued)

Segment liabilities exclude derivative instruments, borrowings, income tax payable, deferred tax liabilities and other unallocated head office liabilities.

Inter-segment transfers are transacted with reference to the prices used in the transactions carried out with third parties.

As the internal management structure had changed in the second half of 2019, the comparative data of operating segments have been restated for the purpose of information comparison.

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

+四、其他重要事項(續)

2. 分部報告(續)

經營分部(續)

分部負債不包括衍生工具、借款、應 交所得税、遞延所得税負債以及其他 未分配的總部負債。

分部間的轉移定價,參照向第三方進 行交易所採用的價格制定。

因2019年下半年內部管理結構變 更,出於信息可比的考慮,本公司重 述了經營分部的比較信息。

					ハル・ホル
			Automobiles		
			and automobile		
Item		Engines	components	Intelligent logistics	Total
			汽車及		
項目		發動機	汽車零部件	智能物流	合計
Incurred during the period	本期發生額				
Segment revenue:	分部收入:				
Sale to external customers	外部客戶銷售	22,372,224,492.35	42,039,839,424.20	30,082,495,177.14	94,494,559,093.69
Inter-segment sale	分部間銷售	8,890,816,976.96	620,341,480.78	75,554,595.67	9,586,713,053.41
Total	合計	31,263,041,469.31	42,660,180,904.98	30,158,049,772.81	104,081,272,147.10
Adjustment:	<i>調整:</i>				
Elimination of inter-segment sale	抵銷分部間銷售	-			(9,586,713,053.41)
Revenue	收入	-			94,494,559,093.69
Segment results	分部業績	4,699,216,049.44	1,538,888,249.51	531,331,647.36	6,769,435,946.31
Adjustment:	調整:				
Elimination of inter-segment results	抵銷分部間業績	-			(380,988,782.49)
Interest income	利息收入	-			619,198,001.23
Dividend income and unallocated income	股息收入及未分配收益	-			528,345,248.88
Corporate and other unallocated expenses	企業及其他未分配開支	-			(46,006,159.00)
Finance expenses	財務成本	-			(785,393,300.08)
Profit before tax	税前利潤	-	-	-	6,704,590,954.85

1 January to 30 June 2020

XIV. Other Significant Events (Continued)

2. Segment reporting (Continued)

Operating segments (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

十四、其他重要事項(續)

2. 分部報告(續)

經營分部(續)

ltem		Engines	Automobiles and automobile components 汽車及	Intelligent logistics	Total
項目		發動機 	汽車零部件 ————————————————————————————————————	智能物流	合計
30 June 2020	2020年6月30日				
Segment assets	分部資產	57,641,168,390.71	62,481,917,585.73	95,090,328,516.88	215,213,414,493.32
Adjustment:	調整:				
Elimination of inter-segment assets	抵銷分部間資產	-			(18,336,290,929.72
Corporate and other unallocated assets	企業及其他未分配資產	-			64,100,534,011.07
Total assets	總資產	-	-	-	260,977,657,574.67
segment liabilities	分部負債	44,500,104,882.99	45,525,082,474.37	55,204,507,242.91	145,229,694,600.27
Adjustment:	調整:				
Elimination of inter-segment liabilities	抵銷分部間負債	-			(10,597,624,895.09
Corporate and other unallocated liabilities	企業及其他未分配負債	-			52,287,050,947.12
Total liabilities	總負債	-	-	-	186,919,120,652.30
ncurred during the period	本期發生額				
Other segment information:	其他分部資料:				
Share of profit and loss from:	應佔下列公司利潤及虧損:				
Gain/(loss) from associates and joint ventures	聯營和合營企業收益/(損失)	(3,882,329.33)	92,634,694.04	55,948,257.90	144,700,622.61
Reversal/(loss) of impairment of inventories	存貨跌價轉回/(損失)	3,668,906.96	(100,805,146.76)	(100,674,777.22)	(197,811,017.02
oss of credit impairment of accounts receivable	應收款項的信用減值損失	(97,160,896.80)	(196,101,953.91)	(65,356,381.50)	(358,619,232.21
oss of impairment of non-current assets	非流動資產減值損失	(208,658.57)		(1,033,934.58)	(1,242,593.15
Depreciation and amortization	折舊及攤銷	(555,524,141.58)	(638,790,690.30)	(3,096,058,377.72)	(4,290,373,209.60
Gain from disposal of fixed assets	固定資產處置利得	4,184,819.23	4,256,923.71	18,452,958.20	26,894,701.14
nvestment in associates and joint ventures	於聯營和合營企業的投資	2,979,626,513.21	886,029,694.00	789,566,659.43	4,655,222,866.64
Capital expenditure	資本開支	1,750,849,647.03	909,450,067.57	4,457,861,480.10	7,118,161,194.70

1 January to 30 June 2020

XIV. Other Significant Events (Continued)

2. Segment reporting (Continued)

Operating segments (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

十四、其他重要事項(續)

2. 分部報告(續)

經營分部(續)

			Automobiles		
			and automobile	Intelligent	
Item		Engines	components	logistics	Total
			汽車及		
項目		發動機	汽車零部件	智能物流	合計
Incurred in previous period	上期發生額				
Segment revenue:	分部收入:				
Sale to external customers	外部客戶銷售	18,962,743,299.50	39,147,820,267.57	32,751,932,953.41	90,862,496,520.48
Inter-segment sale	分部間銷售	7,786,648,693.10	652,413,888.49	112,324,426.54	8,551,387,008.13
Total	合計	26,749,391,992.60	39,800,234,156.06	32,864,257,379.95	99,413,883,528.61
Adjustment:	調整:				
Elimination of inter-segment sale	抵銷分部間銷售				(8,551,387,008.13)
Revenue	收入	-			90,862,496,520.48
Segment results	分部業績	4,755,753,029.87	1,697,541,075.40	1,995,591,584.17	8,448,885,689.44
Adjustment:	調整:				
Elimination of inter-segment results	抵銷分部間業績	-			(428,524,236.13)
Interest income	利息收入	-			479,664,629.04
Dividend income and unallocated income	股息收入及未分配收益	-			502,015,370.59
Corporate and other unallocated expenses	企業及其他未分配開支				(30,391,826.11)
Finance expenses	財務成本	-			(621,007,200.25)
Profit before tax	税前利潤	-			8,350,642,426.58

1 January to 30 June 2020

XIV. Other Significant Events (Continued)

2. Segment reporting (Continued)

Operating segments (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

十四、其他重要事項(續)

2. 分部報告(續)

經營分部(續)

			Automobiles		
			and automobile	Intelligent	
Item		Engines	components	logistics	Total
		g	汽車及		
項目		發動機	汽車零部件	智能物流	合計
31 December 2019	2019年12月31日				
Segment assets	分部資產	44,882,937,469.75	56,775,622,050.61	91,424,104,386.93	193,082,663,907.29
Adjustment:	調整:				
Elimination of inter-segment assets	抵銷分部間資產	-			(16,700,068,299.89)
Corporate and other unallocated assets	企業及其他未分配資產				60,449,078,938.77
Total assets	總資產	-			236,831,674,546.17
Segment liabilities	分部負債	38,985,866,513.29	37,633,986,684.29	55,142,312,447.21	131,762,165,644.79
Adjustment:	調整:				
Elimination of inter-segment liabilities	抵銷分部間負債	-			(9,161,739,879.50)
Corporate and other unallocated liabilities	企業及其他未分配負債	-			44,456,523,350.40
Total liabilities	總負債	-			167,056,949,115.69
Incurred in previous period	上期發生額				
Other segment information:	其他分部資料:				
Share of profit and loss from:	應佔下列公司利潤及虧損:				
Gain/(loss) from associates and joint ventures	聯營和合營企業收益/(損失)	(1,855,243.40)	46,053,276.98	79,526,724.34	123,724,757.92
Loss of impairment of inventories	存貨跌價損失	(15,517,989.09)	(164,515,086.91)	(87,049,020.40)	(267,082,096.40)
Loss of credit impairment of accounts receivable	應收款項的信用減值損失	(52,674,844.34)	(82,163,311.60)	(49,339,100.20)	(184,177,256.14)
Loss of impairment of non-current assets	非流動資產減值損失	(16,729.52)	(154,384.74)		(171,114.26)
Depreciation and amortization	折舊及攤銷	(406,043,701.88)	(646,134,265.15)	(2,910,916,050.75)	(3,963,094,017.78)
Gain/(loss) from disposal of fixed assets	固定資產處置利得/(損失)	(3,302,619.81)	24,364,337.30	22,909,975.75	43,971,693.24
Investment in associates and joint ventures	於聯營和合營企業的投資	3,205,233,822.31	788,263,117.41	717,647,593.29	4,711,144,533.01
Capital expenditure	資本開支	1,507,376,706.69	1,399,281,909.41	4,443,548,005.60	7,350,206,621.70

1 January to 30 June 2020

XIV. Other Significant Events (Continued)

2. Segment reporting (Continued)

Group information

Information about products and services

Revenue from external transactions

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

+四、其他重要事項(續)

2. 分部報告(續)

集團信息 產品和勞務信息 對外交易收入

RMB

人民幣元

		Incurred during	Incurred in
Item		this period	previous period
項目		本期發生額	上期發生額
Powertrain, complete vehicles and	動力總成、整車整機及		
machines and key components	關鍵零部件	54,115,941,632.71	49,840,061,101.56
Other components	其他零部件	5,826,633,860.21	5,838,628,524.31
Intelligent logistics	智能物流	30,082,495,177.14	32,751,932,953.41
Others	其他	4,469,488,423.63	2,431,873,941.20
Total	合計	94,494,559,093.69	90,862,496,520.48

Geographic information

Revenue from external transactions

地理信息 對外交易收入

RMB

人民幣元

		Incurred during	Incurred in
Item		this period	previous period
項目		本期發生額	上期發生額
Mainland China	中國大陸	62,998,805,496.83	55,447,227,495.42
Other countries and regions	其他國家和地區	31,495,753,596.86	35,415,269,025.06
Total	合計	94,494,559,093.69	90,862,496,520.48

Revenues from external transactions are classified according to the areas where customers are located.

對外交易收入按客戶所處區域劃分。

1 January to 30 June 2020

XIV. Other Significant Events (Continued)

Segment reporting (Continued)

Group information (Continued)

Geographic information (Continued)

Total non-current assets

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

+四、其他重要事項(續)

2. 分部報告(續)

集團信息(續) 地理信息(續)

非流動資產總額

RMB

人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Mainland China Other countries and regions	中國大陸 其他國家和地區	22,844,348,892.36 74,897,471,777.58	21,580,951,912.91 72,844,041,606.24
Total	合計	97,741,820,669.94	94,424,993,519.15

Non-current assets are classified according to the areas where the assets are located, excluding financial assets and deferred tax assets. 非流動資產按資產所處區域劃分,不 包括金融資產和遞延所得税資產。

1 January to 30 June 2020

XV. Notes to Key Items of the Company Financial 十五、公司主要財務報表項目註釋 **Statements**

Notes receivable 1.

Classification of notes receivable

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

1. 應收票據

應收票據分類

RMB

人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Bank acceptance bills	銀行承兑匯票	28,174,439,600.85	19,031,065,273.37

Notes receivable pledged by the Company at period end

期末公司已質押的應收票據

RMB

人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Bank acceptance bills	銀行承兑匯票	11,218,574,135.51	12,147,538,825.61

Notes receivable endorsed or discounted by the Company at period end and not yet expired as at the balance sheet date

期末公司已背書或貼現且在資 產負債表日尚未到期的應收票

RMB

人民幣元

Bank acceptance bills	銀行承兑匯票	32,795,397.41	3,658,307,945.85
項目		終止確認	終止確認
Item		Derecognised	Derecognised
		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
		30 June 2020	31 December 2019

As at 30 June 2020, the Company had not transferred any notes into accounts receivable due to issuers' failure in performance (31 December 2019: nil).

The Company considered that the credit rating of the bank acceptance bills was relatively high and there was no significant credit risk. Therefore, no provision for losses was made.

於2020年6月30日,本公司無因出票 人無力履約而將票據轉為應收賬款的 票據(2019年12月31日:無)。

本公司認為所持有的銀行承兑匯票的 承兑銀行信用評級較高,不存在重大 的信用風險,因此未計提損失準備。

1 January to 30 June 2020

XV. Notes to Key Items of the Company Financial 十五、公司主要財務報表項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

Accounts receivable

The Company trades with its customers primarily on credit terms, and generally requires prepayments or cash on delivery for new customers. Credit period for credit customers is generally one to six months. Accounts receivable is non-interest bearing.

An aging analysis of accounts receivable based on invoice dates is presented as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

2. 應收賬款

本公司與客戶間的貿易條款以信用交 易為主,且一般要求新客戶預付款或 採取貨到付款方式進行, 赊銷客戶的 信用期通常為1至6個月。應收賬款 並不計息。

根據開票日期,應收賬款賬齡分析如 下:

RMB

Age		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
賬齡		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Within 1 year	1年以內	3,563,020,947.47	965,049,698.84
1 to 2 years	1年至2年	182,410.44	9,052,213.29
2 to 3 years	2年至3年	4,618,995.30	_
Over 3 years	3年以上	1,336,684.00	1,336,684.00
Total at original amount	原值合計	3,569,159,037.21	975,438,596.13
Less: Provision for credit loss in respect	減:應收賬款信用損失準備		
of accounts receivable		85,871,624.27	14,214,114.93
Total at net amount	淨值合計	3,483,287,412.94	961,224,481.20

1 January to 30 June 2020

XV. Notes to Key Items of the Company Financial 十五、公司主要財務報表項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

2. Accounts receivable (Continued)

Disclosure by category of provision for credit losses

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

2. 應收賬款(續)

按信用損失計提方法分類披露

RMB

人民幣元

	30 June 2020 2020年6月30日			
ltem 項目	Gross carrying amount 賬面餘額	Proportion 比例 (%)	Provision for credit losses 信用損失準備	Percentage 計提比例 (%)
Items assessed for expected 按信用風險特徵 credit losses by group 組合評估預期 with distinctive credit risk characteristics	3,569,159,037.21	100.00	85,871,624.27	2.41

As at 30 June 2020, the Company's accounts receivable for which credit losses are provided for using aging analysis are presented as follows:

於2020年6月30日,本公司採用賬齡 分析法計提信用損失準備的應收賬款 情況如下:

RMB

			30 June 2020	
			2020年6月30日	
		Carrying amount	Expected	Lifetime
		estimated to	credit loss	expected
		be in default	rate (%)	credit loss
		估計發生違約	預期信用損	整個存續期
		的賬面餘額	失率	預期信用損失
Age	賬齡		(%)	
Within 1 year	1年以內	1,669,855,334.84	3.44	57,415,966.64
1 to 2 years	1至2年	182,410.44	15.00	27,361.57
2 to 3 years	2至3年	4,618,995.30	30.00	1,385,698.59
Over 3 years	3年以上	1,336,684.00	100.00	1,336,684.00
Total	合計	1,675,993,424.58	3.59	60,165,710.80

1 January to 30 June 2020

XV.Key Notes to the Company Financial 十五、公司主要財務報表項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

Accounts receivable (Continued)

As at 30 June 2020, provisions for credit losses for the Company's accounts receivable with good credit history are presented as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

2. 應收賬款(續)

於2020年6月30日,本公司信用記錄 優質的應收款項組合計提信用損失準 備的情況如下:

> *RMB* 人民幣元

		2	30 June 2020 2020年6月30日	
		Carrying amount estimated to be in default 估計發生違約 的賬面餘額	Expected credit loss rate (%) 預期信用 損失率	Lifetime expected credit loss 整個存續期 預期信用損失
Item	項目		(%)	
Accounts receivable with good credit history	信用記錄優質的應 收款項組合	1,893,165,612.63	1.36	25,705,913.47

As at 30 June 2020, the top five balances in respect of accounts receivable had a sum of closing balance of RMB1,607,048,022.00 (31 December 2019: RMB277,316,746.54), accounting for 45.03% (31 December 2019: 28.43%) of the total of closing balance of accounts receivable. The closing balance in respect of credit losses provided for the top five amounted to RMB29,030,616.26 (31 December 2019: RMB4,567,752.63).

於2020年6月30日,餘額前五名的 應收賬款的期末賬面餘額合計為人 民幣 1,607,048,022.00 元(2019年 12月31日:人民幣277,316,746.54 元),佔應收賬款期末賬面餘額合計 數的比例為45.03%(2019年12月31 日:28.43%),該前五名相應計提 的信用損失準備期末餘額為人民幣 29,030,616.26元(2019年12月31 日:人民幣4,567,752.63元)。

1 January to 30 June 2020

XV.Key Notes to the Company Financial 土、公司主要財務報表項目註釋 **Statements (Continued)**

2. Accounts receivable (Continued)

Movements in provision for credit losses of accounts receivable:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

2. 應收賬款(續)

應收賬款信用損失準備變動情況:

		Lifetime	Lifetime	
		expected credit	expected credit	
		loss (without	loss (with	
		impairment	impairment	
		of credit)	of credit)	Total
		整個存續期	整個存續期	
		預期信用損失	預期信用損失	
		(未發生	(已發生	
Provision for credit losses	信用損失準備	信用減值)	信用減值)	合計
Balance as at 31 December 2019	2019年12月31日餘額	14,214,114.93		14,214,114.93
Balance as at 31 December 2019	2019年12月31日餘額			
for the current period	在本期			
– Transferred to receivables with impairment	- 轉入已發生信用減值			
of credit		_		-
– Transferred to receivables without impairment	-轉回未發生信用減值			
of credit		-		-
Provision for the period	本期計提	71,657,509.34		71,657,509.34
Reversal during the period	本期轉回	-		-
Balance as at 30 June 2020	2020年6月30日餘額	85,871,624.27		85,871,624.27

As at 30 June 2020, no accounts receivable had been pledged to secure bank borrowings of the Company (31 December 2019: nil).

於2020年6月30日,本公司無將應收 賬款(2019年12月31日:無)質押用 於取得銀行借款的情況。

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

XV.Key Notes to the Company Financial 十五、公司主要財務報表項目註釋 Statements (Continued)

Other receivables

Presented by categories

(續)

3. 其他應收款

分類列示

RMB

人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Interest receivable	應收利息	98,317,556.20	22,430,107.62
Dividend receivable	應收股利	27,375,427.85	262,092,592.40
Other receivables	其他應收款	297,449,619.76	210,661,238.24
Total	合計	423,142,603.81	495,183,938.26

Interest receivable

應收利息

RMB

人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Fixed deposits	定期存款	98,317,556.20	22,430,107.62

Dividend receivable

應收股利

人民幣元

RMB

Investee entity 30 June 2020 31 December 2019 被投資單位 2020年6月30日 2019年12月31日 Zhuzhou Torch Sparkplugs Co., Ltd. 株洲湘火炬火花塞 有限責任公司 27,079,944.92 37,080,000.00 Weichai Digital Technology Co., Ltd. 濰柴數字科技有限公司 295,482.93 Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd. 陝西重型汽車有限公司 100,302,247.48 Shaanxi Fast Gear Co., Ltd. 陝西法士特齒輪有限責任公司 114,000,344.92 10,710,000.00 Hande Axle 漢德車橋 Total 合計 27,375,427.85 262,092,592.40

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

XV.Key Notes to the Company Financial 十五、公司主要財務報表項目註釋 **Statements (Continued)**

3. Other receivables (Continued)

Other receivables

An aging analysis of other receivables is presented as follows:

(續)

3. 其他應收款(續)

其他應收款

其他應收款的賬齡分析如下:

RMB

人民幣元

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Within 1 year	1年以內	107,521,042.70	19,687,863.21
1 to 2 years	1至2年	2,833,000.21	189,361,384.62
2 to 3 years	2至3年	187,800,398.51	3,579,364.56
3 to 4 years	3至4年	2,099,096.18	-
Over 5 years	5年以上	2,222,004.85	2,222,004.85
Total at original amount	原值合計	302,475,542.45	214,850,617.24
Less: Provision for credit loss in respect	減:其他應收款信用損失準備		
of other receivables		5,025,922.69	4,189,379.00
Total at net amount	淨值合計	297,449,619.76	210,661,238.24

Classification of other receivables by nature at carrying amount:

其他應收款賬面餘額按款項性質分類 如下:

RMB

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年 <mark>12</mark> 月31日
Reserve fund	備用金	3,580,844.33	6,893,216.17
Deposits	押金	820,114.00	1,456,296.01
Others	其他	298,074,584.12	206,501,105.06
Total	合計	302,475,542.45	214,850,617.24

1 January to 30 June 2020

XV.Key Notes to the Company Financial 十五、公司主要財務報表項目註釋 **Statements (Continued)**

Other receivables (Continued)

Other receivables (Continued)

Change in the provision for bad debts in respect of other receivables based on 12-month expected credit losses and lifetime expected credit losses is as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

3. 其他應收款(續)

其他應收款(續)

其他應收款按照12個月預期信用損 失及整個存續期預期信用損失計提的 信用損失準備的變動如下:

RMB

					Stage 3	
			Stage 2	Stage 2	Financial	
		Stage 1	Lifetime	Lifetime	assets with	
		Expected credit	expected	expected	incurred	
		loss for the	credit loss	credit loss	credit loss	
Item		next 12 months	(individually)	(by group)	(lifetime)	Total
					第三階段	
			第二階段	第二階段	已發生信用	
		第一階段	整個存續期	整個存續期	減值金融	
		未來12個月	預期信用損失	預期信用損失	資產(整個	
項目		預期信用損失	(單項評估)	(組合評估)	存續期)	合計
Balance as at 31 December 2019	2019年12月31日餘額	136,835.73			4,052,543.27	4,189,379.00
Balance as at 31 December 2019	2019年12月31日餘額					
for the current period	在本期					
– Transferred to Stage 2	-轉入第二階段	-				-
– Transferred to Stage 3	-轉入第三階段	-				-
– Reversed to Stage 2	-轉回第二階段	-				-
– Reversed to Stage 1	-轉回第一階段	-				-
Provided for the period	本期計提	836,543.69				836,543.69
Reversed during the period	本期轉回	-				-
Written off or eliminated	本期核銷或轉銷					
during the period		-				-
Balance as at 30 June 2020	2020年6月30日餘額	973,379.42			4,052,543.27	5,025,922.69

1 January to 30 June 2020

XV.Key Notes to the Company Financial 十五、公司主要財務報表項目註釋 **Statements (Continued)**

3. Other receivables (Continued)

Other receivables (Continued)

As at 30 June 2020, the top 5 other receivables are presented as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

3. 其他應收款(續)

其他應收款(續)

於2020年6月30日,其他應收款金額 前五名如下:

RMB

人民幣元

Customer		Closing balance	Percentage of total other receivables (%) 佔其他應收款 餘額合計數	Nature	Age	Closing balance of provision for credit losses 信用損失準備
客戶		期末餘額	的比例 (%)	性質 	賬 齡	期末餘額
First place	第一名	188,036,939.77	62.17	Advance to subsidiaries 子公司暫借款	Within 3 years 3年以內	-
Second place	第二名	72,131,286.28	23.85	After-sales compensation claim 三包索賠款	Within 1 year 1年以內	-
Third place	第三名	5,226,080.98	1.73	Tax refund 退税款	Within 1 year 1年以內	261,304.05
Fourth place	第四名	1,740,954.85	0.58	Advance to subsidiaries 子公司暫借款	Over 5 years 5年以上	1,740,954.85
Fifth place	第五名	768,558.26	0.25	Others 其他	Within 1 year 1年以內	38,427.91
Total	合計	267,903,820.14	88.58			2,040,686.81

Long-term equity investments

4. 長期股權投資

RMB

Item		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
項目		2020年6月30日	2019年12月31日
Non-listed investment under cost method	非上市投資成本法	14,727,757,120.48	14,446,407,120.48
Non-listed investment under equity	非上市投資權益法		
method		1,424,759,822.42	1,341,901,8 <mark>07.75</mark>
Total at original amount	原值合計	16,152,516,942.90	15,788,308,9 <mark>28.23</mark>
Less: Provision for impairment of	減:長期股權投資減值準備		
long-term equity investments		200,000,000.00	200,000,0 <mark>00.00</mark>
Total at net amount	淨值合計	15,952,516,942.90	15,588,308,928.23

1 January to 30 June 2020

XV.Key Notes to the Company Financial 土公司主要財務報表項目註釋 **Statements (Continued)**

4. Long-term equity investments (Continued)

As at 30 June 2020, the breakdown of long-term equity investments under cost method was as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

4. 長期股權投資(續)

於2020年6月30日,成本法核算的長 期股權投資明細如下:

RMB

			Chan	ges during this period 本期變動	Ė		
		Opening carrying	Increase in	Other		Closing carrying	Distribution
		amount	investment		Other decreases		of dividend
Investee entity	被投資單位	期初賬面價值	追加投資	其他增加	其他減少	期末賬面價值	發放股利
Weichai Power (Hong Kong) International	濰柴動力(香港)國際發展有限公司	2,087,069,782.12				2,087,069,782.12	-
Development Co., Ltd.							
Shaanxi Heavy-duty Motor Co., Ltd	陝西重型汽車有限公司	1,992,116,000.85				1,992,116,000.85	-
Huzhou Yingcan Investment Partnership LLP	湖州盈燦投資合夥企業(有限合夥)	1,138,365,000.00				1,138,365,000.00	-
Shaanxi Fast Gear Co., Ltd.	陝西法士特齒輪有限責任公司	1,082,558,680.59				1,082,558,680.59	-
Weichai America Corp	Weichai America Corp	743,099,228.57				743,099,228.57	-
Tsintel Technology	清智科技	611,256,000.00				611,256,000.00	-
Weichai Power (Shanghai) Technology	潍柴動力(上海)科技發展有限公司	650,000,000.00				650,000,000.00	-
Development Co., Ltd.							
Zhuzhou Gear Co., Ltd.	株洲齒輪有限責任公司	532,334,743.21				532,334,743.21	-
Weichai Power (Weifang) Casting Co., Ltd.	潍柴動力(潍坊)鑄鍛有限公司	460,150,000.00				460,150,000.00	8,240,339.38
Weichai Power (Beijing) International	潍柴動力(北京)國際資源投資有限公司	300,000,000.00				300,000,000.00	823,804.32
Resource Investment Co., Ltd.							
Weichai Ballard Hydrogen Energy Technology	濰柴巴拉德氫能科技有限公司	251,175,000.00	94,350,000.00			345,525,000.00	-
Company Limited							
Zhuzhou Torch Sparkplugs Co., Ltd.	株洲湘火炬火花塞有限責任公司	245,574,858.40				245,574,858.40	-
Weichai (Weifang) Medium-duty Diesel Engine Co., Ltd.	濰柴(濰坊)中型柴油機有限公司	244,712,475.43				244,712,475.43	1,560,886.77
Weichai Power (Qingzhou) Drive Control	潍柴動力(青州)傳控技術有限公司	150,000,000.00				150,000,000.00	-
Technology Co., Ltd.							
Weifang Weichai Power Technology Co., Ltd	濰坊濰柴動力科技有限責任公司	140,770,000.00				140,770,000.00	-
Zhuzhou Torch Machinery Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	株洲湘火炬機械製造有限責任公司	130,898,993.14				130,898,993.14	-
Weichai Power (Weifang) Reconstruction Co., Ltd.	濰柴動力(濰坊)再製造有限公司	122,000,000.00				122,000,000.00	22,455,146.86
Shandong Synergy Oil Co., Ltd.	山東歐潤油品有限公司	109,509,458.68				109,509,458.68	87,521,450.54
Weichai Power Freshen Air Technology Co., Ltd.	濰柴動力空氣淨化科技有限公司	100,000,000.00				100,000,000.00	388,292,878.72
Other subsidiaries	其他子公司	3,154,816,899.49	187,000,000.00			3,341,816,899.49	7,778,565.03
Total	合計	14,246,407,120.48	281,350,000.00			14,527,757,120.48	516,673,071.62

1 January to 30 June 2020

XV.Key Notes to the Company Financial 十五、公司主要財務報表項目註釋 **Statements (Continued)**

4. Long-term equity investments (Continued) As at 30 June 2020, breakdown of long-term equity investments under equity method was as follows:

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

(續)

4. 長期股權投資(續)

於2020年6月30日,權益法核算的長 期股權投資明細如下:

RMB

人民幣元

				Changes during this period 本期變動				
				Investment gains and losses		Declaration		Closing
		Opening	Increase in	under the	Other equity	of cash	Disposed and	carrying
		balance	investment	equity method	changes	dividend	transferred out	
				權益法下	其他			期末
Investee entity	被投資單位	期初餘額	增加投資	投資損益	權益變動	宣告現金股利	處置轉出	賬面價值
Shandong Heavy Industry Group Finance Co., Ltd.	山東重工集團財務有限公司	874,991,244.30		62,174,471.79				937,165,716.09
Shanzhong Finance Leasing Co., Ltd.	山重融資租賃有限公司	250,590,366.30		6,680,767.46				257,271,133.76
Other associates and joint ventures	其他聯營合營企業	216,320,197.15	12,668,858.22	1,333,917.20				230,322,972.57
Total	合計	1,341,901,807.75	12,668,858.22	70,189,156.45				1,424,759,822.42

Revenue and cost of sales

(1) Revenue and cost of sales:

5. 營業收入及成本

(1) 營業收入和營業成本情況:

				ing this period 發生額		revious period 發生額
Item		Revenue	Cost	Revenue	Cost	
項目			收入	成本	收入	成本
Principal operations	主營業務		28,037,462,474.89	21,637,685,653.44	24,089,726,331.93	17,371,414,536.67
Other revenue	其他業務		512,013,429.31	390,642,657.80	318, <mark>836,879.08</mark>	227,724,301.54
Total	合計		28,549,475,904.20	22,028,328,311.24	24,408,563,211.01	17,599,138,838.21

1 January to 30 June 2020

財務報表附註(續)

2020年1月1日至6月30日止期間

XV.Key Notes to the Company Financial 土公司主要財務報表項目註釋 **Statements (Continued)**

- 5. Revenue and cost of sales (Continued)
 - (2) Other information of revenue:

(續)

- 5. 營業收入及成本(續)
 - (2) 營業收入的其他信息:

RMB

RMB

人民幣元

Item		Total
項目		合計
Major regions of operation:	主要經營地區:	
Mainland China	中國大陸	28,549,475,904.20
Time for recognition of revenue:	收入確認時間:	
Goods (transferred at a certain	商品(在某一時點轉讓)	
point of time)		28,478,125,114.60
Leases	租賃	71,350,789.60
Total	合計	28,549,475,904.20

6. Investment income

6. 投資收益

			人民幣元
Item		Incurred during	Incurred in
		this period	previous period
項目		本期發生額	上期發生額
Gain on long-term equity investments	權益法核算的長期股權		
under the equity method	投資收益	70,189,156.45	60,137,591.48
Gain on long-term equity investments	成本法核算的長期股權		
under the cost method	投資收益	516,673,071.62	479,839,074.70
Investment income arising from disposal	處置長期股權投資產生		
of long-term equity investments	的投資收益	-	70,909,153.25
Total	合計	586,862,228.07	610,885,819.43

Supplemental Information

補充資料

1. Schedule of Extraordinary Profit and Loss 1、非經常性損益明細表

RMB 人民幣元

		Incurred during
Item		this period
項目		本期發生額
Gains or losses from disposal of non-current assets	非流動資產處置損益	26,894,701.14
Government grants charged in profit or loss for the current	計入當期損益的政府補助(與正常	
period, except for those closely related to the ordinary	經營業務密切相關,符合國家	
operation and gained constantly at a fixed amount or	政策規定、按照一定標準定額或	
quantity according to certain standard based on state	定量持續享受的政府補助除外)	
policies		139,144,077.13
Profit and loss on the changes in fair value generated from	除同公司正常經營業務相關的有效	
financial assets and financial liabilities held for trading and	套期保值業務外,持有交易性金	
investment income received from disposal of financial assets	融資產、交易性金融負債產生的	
held for trading, financial liabilities held for trading and	公允價值變動損益,以及處置交	
investment in other equity instruments, other than effective	易性金融資產、交易性金融負債	
hedging business relating to ordinary operating business of	和其他權益工具投資取得的投資	
the Company	收益	256,811,862.90
Non-operating income and expenses other than the above	除上述各項之外的其他營業外收入	
items	和支出	80,826,604.37
Tax effect	所得税影響數	(57,224,353.59)
Effect on minority interests	少數股東損益影響數	(59,500,513.42)
Total	合計	386,952,378.53

The Group recognized extraordinary profit and loss items in accordance with the provisions in Explanatory Announcement on Information Disclosure for Companies Offering their Securities to the Public No. 1 – Extraordinary Items (CSRC Announcement [2008] No. 43).

本集團對非經常性損益項目的確認依照《公 開發行證券的公司信息披露解釋性公告第1 號一非經常性損益》(證監會公告[2008]43 號)的規定執行。

補充資料(續)

2. Return on Net Assets ("RONA") and 2、淨資產收益率和每股收益 Earnings Per Share ("EPS")

From 1 January to 30 June 2020

2020年1月1日至6月30日止 期間

> RMB人民幣元

		Weighted average RONA 加權平均 淨資產收益率	EPS 每股收益	
Item 項目		(%)	Basic 基本	Diluted 稀釋
Net profit attributable to the Company's ordinary shareholders Net profit attributable to the	歸屬於公司普通股 股東的淨利潤 扣除非經常性損益後	9.83	0.59	0.59
Company's ordinary shareholders after extraordinary profit and loss	歸屬於公司普通股 股東的淨利潤	9.02	0.54	0.54

From 1 January to 30 June 2019

2019年1月1日至6月30日止 期間

> RMB人民幣元

		Weighted average RONA 加權平均 淨資產收益率	EPS 每股收益	
Item		(%)	Basic	Diluted
項目			基本	稀釋
Net profit attributable to the	歸屬於公司普通股股東的			
Company's ordinary shareholders	淨利潤	12.49	0.67	0.67
Net profit attributable to the	扣除非經常性損益後歸屬			
Company's ordinary shareholders	於公司普通股股東的淨			
after extraordinary profit and loss	利潤	11.72	0.62	0.62

The Group holds no potential ordinary shares that are significantly dilutive.

本集團無重大稀釋性潛在普通股。

The Group presents RONA and EPS in accordance with Compilation Rules No. 9 for Information Disclosure by Companies Offering Securities to the Public – Calculation and Disclosure of Return on Net Assets and Earnings per Share (Revised in 2010) of the CSRC.

本集團對淨資產收益率和每股收益的列報 依照中國證監會《公開發行證券的公司信息 披露編報規則第9號-淨資產收益率和每股 收益的計算及披露》(2010年修訂)的規定。

Other Information

Directors' and Supervisors' Interests in Shares and Underlying Shares

As at 30 June 2020, the interests and short position (if any) of the directors, the chief executive and the supervisors in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies (the "Model Code"), were as follows:

其他資料

董事及監事於股份及相關股份 的權益

於二零二零年六月三十日,董事、高級管理人員 及監事於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及期 貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)的股份、相 關股份及債券中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第 352條規定本公司須存置的登記冊所記錄,或根 據上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準 守則」)規定已知會本公司及香港聯交所的權益及 短倉(如有)如下:

Percentage of

				the issued
		Number of	Number of	share capital of
Name of Director	Capacity	"A" shares held	"H" shares held	the Company
				佔本公司已
董事姓名	身份	所持「A」股數目	所持「H」股數目	發行股本百分比
Tan Xuguang	Beneficial owner	58,842,596 (Note 1)	_	0.74%
譚旭光	實益擁有人	(附註1)		
Zhang Quan	Beneficial owner	13,684,324 (Note 1)	-	0.17%
張泉	實益擁有人	(附註1)		
Xu Xinyu	Beneficial owner	13,684,324 (Note 1)	-	0.17%
徐新玉	實益擁有人	(附註1)		
Sun Shaojun	Beneficial owner	13,684,324 (Note 1)		0.17%
孫少軍	實益擁有人	(附註1)		
Yuan Hongming	Beneficial owner	1,000,440	-	0.013%
袁宏明	實益擁有人			
	Interest held by spouse	444	-	0.000006%
	配偶持有之權益		_	
		1,000,884		0.013%
		1,000,664		0.013%
Yan Jianbo	Beneficial owner	1,097,904	_	0.014%
嚴鑒鉑	實益擁有人			
Wen Daocai	Beneficial owner	21,940	-	0.0003%
聞道才	實益擁有人			

其他資料(續)

Directors' and Supervisors' Interests in Shares 董事及監事於股份及相關股份 and Underlying Shares (Continued)

的權益(續)

				Percentage of
				the issued
		Number of	Number of	share capital of
Name of Supervisor	Capacity	"A" shares held	"H" shares held	the Company
				佔本公司已
監事姓名	身份	所持「A」股數目	所持「H」股數目	發行股本百分比
Lu Wenwu 魯文武	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	600,000	-	0.0076%
Wu Hongwei 吳洪偉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	4,789,516	-	0.06%

Notes:

- These shares were derived from the previous domestic shares of the Company. The domestic shares were ordinary shares issued by the Company, with a Renminbidenominated par value of RMB1.00 each, which were subscribed for and paid up in Renminbi or credited as fully paid up. These shares became "A" shares of the Company upon the "A" share listing of the Company on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange.
- 2. All the shareholding interests listed in the above table are "long" position.
- 3. The percentage shareholding is calculated on the basis of 7,933,873,895 issued shares of the Company as at 30 June 2020 (comprising 5,990,833,895 "A" shares and 1,943,040,000 "H" shares).

附註:

- 該等股份之前為本公司內資股。內資股為本公司發 行的普通股,以人民幣列值,每股面值人民幣1.00 元,以人民幣認購及繳足或入賬列為繳足。該等股 份於本公司A股在深圳證券交易所上市後成為本公 司之A股。
- 上表所列的所有股權權益均為好倉。
- 持股百分比乃根據本公司於二零二零年六月 三十日的7,933,873,895股已發行股份(包括 5,990,833,895股A股及1,943,040,000股H股)計算 得出。

其他資料(續)

Interests in the shares of associated corporations 於本公司相關法團股份的權益 of the Company

				Approximate
			Class and	percentage
			number of	interest in the
			securities	entire issued
			interested	share capital
	Name of associated		or deemed	of associated
Name of Director	corporation	Nature of interest	to be interested	corporation
			持有權益或被視	佔相關法團全部
			為持有權益的	已發行股本的
董事姓名	相關法團名稱	權益性質	證券類別及數目	權益概約百分比
Gordon Riske (Note)	KION Group AG ("KION")	Beneficial owner	144,060 ordinary shares	0.12%
(附註)		實益擁有人	股普通股	
		Interest held by spouse	93,940 ordinary shares	0.08%
		由配偶持有的權益	股普通股	
			238,000 ordinary shares	0.20%
			股普通股 ———————————————————————————————————	

Note: Gordon Riske, a non-executive Director, was the beneficial owner of 144,060 ordinary shares in KION and he was also deemed to be interested in 93,940 shares in KION which were beneficially held by his wife, Ms. Benita Riske.

附註:非執行董事Gordon Riske為KION的144,060股股份 的實益擁有人,並被視為於其妻子Benita Riske女士 實益持有的93,940股KION股份中持有權益。

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2020, none of the Directors, the chief executive nor the supervisors had an interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations that was recorded in the register required to be kept pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company pursuant to the Model Code.

除上文所披露者外,於二零二零年六月三十日, 概無董事、最高行政人員或監事於本公司或其任 何相聯法團的股份、相關股份或債券中擁有根據 證券及期貨條例第352條規定須記錄於該條例所 述存置的登記冊內的權益或淡倉,或根據標準守 則須知會本公司的權益或淡倉。

其他資料(續)

Details of Changes in Share Capital and Substantial Shareholders' Shareholdings

(I) Changes in share capital

Changes in share capital (as at 30 June 2020)

股本變動和主要股東持股情況

(I) 股本變動情況

股本變動情況表(截至二零二零年六 月三十日)

				movement			lecrease in the mov				movement
			平 八	變動前 Percentage	New shares	4	次變動增減(+, Capitalisation	-)		平八?	變動後 Percentage
			No. of shares 數量	(%) 比例(%)	issued 發行新股	Bonus issue 送股	of reserve 公積金轉股	Others 其他	Sub-total 小計	No. of shares 數量	(%) 比例(%)
l.	Restricted circulating shares —	有限售條件股份	1,745,832,270	22.00%	-	_	-	685,800	685,800	1,746,518,070	22.01%
	 State-owned shares 	1. 國家持股	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	State-owned legal person shares	2. 國有法人持股	1,642,531,008	20.70%	-	-	-	-	-	1,642,531,008	20.70%
	3. Shares held by other domestic entities	3. 其他內資持股	103,301,262	1.30%	-	-	-	685,800	685,800	103,987,062	1.31%
	including: Shares held by domestic non-state-owned legal persons	其中:境內非國有 法人持股	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Shares held by domestic natural persons	境內自然人持股	103,301,262	1.30%	-	-	-	685,800	685,800	103,987,062	1.31%
	4. Shares held by foreign entities	4. 外資持股	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	including: Shares held by overseas legal persons	其中:境外法人持	F股 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Shares held by overseas natural persons	境外自然人持股	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11.	Non-restricted circulating shares	無限售條件股份	6,188,041,625	78.00%	_	_	_	(685,800)	(685,800)	6,187,355,825	77.99%
	1. RMB ordinary shares	1. 人民幣普通股	4,245,001,625	53.51%	-	-	-	(685,800)	(685,800)	4,244,315,825	53.50%
	2. Domestic listed foreign shares	2. 境內上市的外資服	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3. Overseas listed foreign shares	3. 境外上市的外資服	1,943,040,000	24.49%	-	-	-	-	-	1,943,040,000	24.49%
	4. Others	4. 其他		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ш	Total number of shares	、股份總數	7 933 873 895	100%			_		_	7 933 873 895	100%

其他資料(續)

Details of Changes in Share Capital and Substantial Shareholders' Shareholdings (Continued)

(II) Shareholdings of the Substantial Shareholders (as at 30 June 2020)

Total number of Shareholders The number of shareholders is

183,187 among which 182,936 are shareholders of "A" shares and 251 are shareholders of "H" shares.

股本變動和主要股東持股情況 (續)

(II) 主要股東持股情況(於二零二零 年六月三十日)

股東總數

共183,187户,其中A股股 東182,936戶, H股股東251 戶。

Shareholdings of the top ten shareholders

前10名股東持股情況

Name of shareholder 股東名稱	Type of Shareholder 股東性質	Approximate percentage of shares held (%) 持股概約百分比 (%)	Total number of shares held 持股總數	Number of restricted shares held 有限售條件 股份數量	Number of shares pledged or frozen 質押或凍結的 股份數量
HKSCC Nominees Limited 香港中央結算代理人有限公司	Foreign shareholder 外資股東	24.43%	1,938,424,316		N/A 未知
Weichai Group Holdings Limited 濰柴控股集團有限公司	State-owned legal person 國有法人	17.72%	1,406,100,000	1,345,905,600	-
Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited 香港中央結算有限公司	Overseas legal person 境外法人	7.71%	611,939,409		-
Weifang Investment Group Company Limited 濰坊市投資集團有限公司	State-owned legal person 國有法人	3.74%	296,625,408	296,625,408	-
China Securities Finance Corporation Limited 中國證券金融股份有限公司	Domestic non-state-owned legal person 境內非國有法人	2.06%	163,608,906		
IVM Technical Consultants Wien Gesellschaft m.b.H. 奥地利IVM技術諮詢維也納有限公司	Overseas legal person 境外法人	1.51%	119,618,700		
Central Huijin Assets Management Company Limited 中央匯金資產管理有限責任公司	State-owned legal person 國有法人	1.37%	108,492,800		
Shandong Enterprise Trust Operation Company Limited 山東省企業託管經營股份有限公司	Domestic non-state-owned legal person 境內非國有法人	0.85%	67,211,460		-
Tan Xuguang 譚旭光	Domestic natural person 境內自然人	0.74%	58,842,596	44,131,947	-
Bank of Communications – Rongtong Industry Prosperous Securities Investment Fund 交通銀行一融通行業景氣證券投資基金	Funds and wealth management products etc. 基金、理財產品等	0.61%	48,677,878		

其他資料(續)

Details of Changes in Share Capital and Substantial Shareholders' Shareholdings (Continued)

(II) Shareholdings of the Substantial Shareholders (as at 30 June 2020) (Continued)

Shareholdings of the top ten non-restricted shareholders

股本變動和主要股東持股情況 (續)

(II) 主要股東持股情況(於二零二零年六月三十日)(續)

前10名無限售條件股東持股情況

Name of shareholder 股東名稱	Number of the non-restricted shares held 持有無限售條件股份數量	Types of shares 股份種類
HKSCC Nominees Limited 香港中央結算代理人有限公司	1,938,424,316	Overseas listed foreign shares 境外上市外資股
Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited 香港中央結算有限公司	611,939,409	RMB ordinary shares 人民幣普通股
China Securities Finance Corporation Limited 中國證券金融股份有限公司	163,608,906	RMB ordinary shares 人民幣普通股
IVM Technical Consultants Wien Gesellschaft m.b.H. 奥地利IVM技術諮詢維也納有限公司	119,618,700	RMB ordinary shares 人民幣普通股
Central Huijin Assets Management Company Limited 中央匯金資產管理有限責任公司	108,492,800	RMB ordinary shares 人民幣普通股
Shandong Enterprise Trust Operation Company Limited 山東省企業託管經營股份有限公司	67,211,460	RMB ordinary shares 人民幣普通股
Weichai Group Holdings Limited 濰柴控股集團有限公司	60,194,400	RMB ordinary shares 人民幣普通股
Bank of Communications – Rongtong Industry Prosperous Securities Investment Fund 交通銀行-融通行業景氣證券投資基金	48,677,878	RMB ordinary shares 人民幣普通股
Hu Zhongxiang 胡中祥	44,466,545	RMB ordinary shares 人民幣普通股
China AMC – Agricultural Bank of China – China AMC China Securities and Financial Assets Management Plan	33,002,800	RMB ordinary shares 人民幣普通股

Notes:

 Among the aforesaid shareholders, Mr. Tan Xuguang is the chairman of Weichai Group Holdings Limited. It is not certain whether there is any connected relationship among the top ten shareholders and the other top ten non-restricted shareholders or whether there is any acting in concert relationship among them.

華夏基金-農業銀行-華夏中證金融資產管理計劃

No earmarked repurchase transaction has been conducted by the top ten shareholders and the top ten non-restricted shareholders of the Company during the reporting period.

附註:

- 以上股東中,譚旭光先生為濰柴控股集團有限公司 董事長。本公司未知其他前十名股東及其他前十名 無限售條件股東之間是否存在關聯關係,也未知其 是否屬於一致行動人士。
- 公司前十名股東及前十名無限售條件普通股股東在報告期內未進行約定購回交易。

Substantial Shareholders

The register of substantial shareholders maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO (including interests filed with the Hong Kong Stock Exchange) shows that as at 30 June 2020, the following persons (other than the directors, chief executive and supervisors) had the following interests and the short positions (if any) in the shares and underlying shares of the Company:

其他資料(續)

主要股東

本公司根據《證券及期貨條例第336條》存置的主 要股東登記冊(包括向香港聯交所申報的利益) 顯示,於二零二零年六月三十日,下列人士(董 事、高級管理人員及監事除外)在本公司股份及 相關股份中擁有下列權益及短倉(如有):

Name	Capacity	Long/Short position	Number of A shares	Percentage of share capital comprising only A sharest 佔A股股本	Number of H shares	only H shares	Percentage of total issued share capital 佔已發行股本
名稱	身份	好倉/淡倉	A股數目	百分比	H股數目	佔H股股本百分比	總數百分比
Weichai Group Holdings Limited	Beneficial owner	Long	1,406,100,000	23.47%	-	-	17.72%
濰柴控股集團有限公司	實益擁有人	好倉					
Shandong Heavy Industry Group Co., Ltd. (Note 1) 山東重工集團有限公司(附註1)	Interest of corporation controlled by you 你所控制的法團權益	Long 好倉	1,406,100,000	23.47%	-	-	17.72%
Brandes Investment Partners, LP (Note 3)	Investment manager	Long	_	_	78,578,612	16.18%	3.96%
(附註3)	投資經理	好倉					
Lazard Emerging Markets Equity Portfolio (Note 4) (附註4)	Investment manager 投資經理	Long 好倉	-	-	23,707,500	5.86%	1.43%
Barclays PLC (Note 3) (附註3)	Person having a security interest in shares 持有股份的保證權益的人	Long 好倉	-	-	525,552	0.11%	0.03%
	Interest of corporation controlled by you 你所控制的法團權益	Long 好倉	-	-	25,453,050	5.24%	1.28%
					25,978,602	5.35%	1.31%
	Interest of corporation controlled by you 你所控制的法團權益	Short 淡倉	-	-	24,102,475	4.96%	1.22%

其他資料(續)

Substantial Shareholders (Continued)

主要股東(續)

				Percentage of share capital comprising only A sharest 佔A股股本 百分比	Number of H shares H股數目	, ,	Percentage of total issued share capital 佔已發行股本 總數百分比
Name	Capacity	Long/Short position 好倉/淡倉	Number of A shares A股數目				
	身份						
Morgan Stanley (Note 2)	Interest of corporation controlled by you	Long	-	-	49,335,508	5.08%	1.24%
(附註2)	你所控制的法團權益	好倉					
	Interest of corporation controlled by you	Short	-	-	42,078,545	4.33%	1.06%
	你所控制的法團權益	淡倉					
Lazard Asset Management LLC	Investment manager	Long	-	_	328,810,940	16.92%	4.14%
	投資經理	好倉					
BlackRock, Inc.	Interest of corporation controlled by you	Long	_	_	100,958,902	5.20%	1.27%
	你所控制的法團的權益	好倉					
	Interest of corporation controlled by you	Short	-	-	2,357,000	0.12%	0.03%
	你所控制的法團的權益	淡倉					
Citigroup Inc.	Interest of corporation controlled by you	Long	-	_	2,317,299	0.12%	0.03%
	你所控制的法團的權益	好倉					
	Person having a security interest in shares	Long	-	_	484,844	0.02%	0.00%
	持有股份的保證權益的人	好倉					
	Approved lending agent	Long	-	_	133,206,006	6.85%	1.68%
	核準借出代理人	好倉					
					126 000 140	6.000/	1.710/
					136,008,149	6.99%	1.71%
	Interest of corporation controlled by you	Short	-		17,156	0.00%	0.00%
	你所控制的法團的權益	淡倉					

其他資料(續)

Substantial Shareholders (Continued)

主要股東(續)

Name 名稱	Capacity 身份	Long/Short position 好倉/淡倉	Number of A shares A股數目	Percentage of share capital comprising only A sharest 佔A股股本 百分比	Number of H shares H股數目	Percentage of share capital comprising only H shares 佔H股股本百分比	Percentage of total issued share capital 佔已發行股本 總數百分比
Brown Brothers Harriman & Co.	Agent 代理人	Long 好倉	-	-	116,949,106	6.02%	1.47%
The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation	Interest of corporation controlled by you 你所控制的法團的權益	Long 好倉	-	-	66,693,372	3.43%	0.84%
	Approved lending agent 核準借出代理人	Long 好倉	-	-	48,814,334	2.51%	0.62%
					115,507,706	5.94%	1.46%
	Interest of corporation controlled by you 你所控制的法圖的權益	Short 淡倉	_	-	64,595,640	3.32%	0.81%

Notes:

- Shandong Heavy Industry Group Co., Ltd., being a subsidiary of the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of Shandong Province, held the entire share capital of Weichai Group Holdings Limited (formerly known as Weifang Diesel Engine Works).
- The number of H shares (and the relevant shareholding percentages) reported above by the relevant substantial shareholder does not take into consideration the Company's bonus share issuance on 21 July 2017 as there is no disclosure of interest obligation under the SFO where there is no change in percentage of shareholdings for a substantial shareholder.
- The number of H shares (and the relevant shareholding percentages) reported above by the relevant substantial shareholder does not take into consideration the Company's bonus share issuance on 21 July 2017 and 20 August 2015 as there is no disclosure of interest obligation under the SFO where there is no change in percentage of shareholdings for a substantial shareholder.
- The number of H shares (and the relevant shareholding percentages) reported above by the relevant substantial shareholder does not take into consideration the Company's bonus share issuance on 21 July 2017, 20 August 2015 and 17 August 2012 as there is no disclosure of interest obligation under the SFO where there is no change in percentage of shareholdings for a substantial shareholder.

Save as disclosed above, the Company had not been notified of any other relevant interests or short positions in the issued share capital of the Company as at 30 June 2020.

附註:

- 山東國資委的附屬公司山東重工集團有限公司持有 濰柴控股集團有限公司(前稱為濰坊柴油機廠)的全 部股本。
- 上述呈列之相關主要股東持有之H股數目(及相關股 權百分比)並無計及本公司於二零一七年七月二十一 日的紅股派發行動,此乃由於根據證券及期貨條 例,倘主要股東之股權百分比並無變動,則毋須披 露權益。
- 上述呈列之相關主要股東持有之H股數目(及相關股 權百分比)並無計及本公司於二零一七年七月二十一 日及二零一五年八月二十日的紅股派發行動,此乃 由於根據證券及期貨條例,倘主要股東之股權百分 比並無變動,則毋須披露權益。
- 上述呈列的相關主要股東持有之H股數目(及相關股 權百分比)並無計及本公司於二零一七年七月二十一 日、二零一五年八月二十日及二零一二年八月十七 日的紅股派發行動,此乃由於根據證券及期貨條 例,倘主要股東之股權百分比並無變動,則毋須披 露權益。

除上文披露者外,於二零二零年六月三十日本公 司並無獲告知在本公司已發行股本中的任何其他 相關權益或淡倉。

Emolument Policy

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is set up by the Remuneration Committee on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments of the directors of the Company are decided by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

Arrangements to Purchase Shares or Debentures

At no time during the Period was the Company and any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Securities of the Company

During the Period, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

Pre-emptive Rights

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association or the laws of the PRC, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

Audit Committee

The audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") comprises five independent non-executive Directors of the Company. The Chairman of the Audit Committee is Ms. Jiang Yan, an independent non-executive Director. Ms. Jiang has appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise as required under Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules for the purpose of this appointment. During the Period, the Audit Committee discharged its responsibilities, reviewed and discussed the financial results and internal control matters of the Company. In accordance with the requirements of Appendix 16 to the Listing Rules, the Audit Committee has reviewed with the Company's auditors the reviewed consolidated financial statements for the Period.

其他資料(續)

薪酬政策

本集團僱員的薪酬政策由薪酬委員會根據彼等的 長處、資歷及工作能力釐訂。

本公司董事的薪酬由薪酬委員會經考慮本集團經 營業績、個人表現及可資比較市場統計數據後決 定。

購買股份或債券的安排

本公司及其任何附屬公司於本期間任何時間,概 無參與可以使本公司董事通過收購本公司或任何 其他法人團體的股份或債券以取得利益的安排。

購買、出售或贖回本公司的證 券

於本期間,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回任何本公司上市證券。

優先購買權

本公司的公司章程或中國法律均無訂立有關優先 購買權條文,規定本公司須按比例向現有股東發 售新股。

審核委員會

本公司審核委員會(「審核委員會」)由本公司五名獨立非執行董事組成。審核委員會主席為獨立非執行董事蔣彥女士。蔣女士具備上市規則第3.10(2)條對該委任所要求之適當的專業資格,或具備適當的會計或相關的財務管理專長。於本期間內,審核委員會履行其職責,檢討及討論本公司的財務業績及內部監控事宜。根據上市規則附錄十六的規定,審核委員會與本公司核數師已審閱本期間之經審閱合併財務報表。

Compliance With Corporate Governance Code in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules

Throughout the Period, other than the roles of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer being performed by Mr. Tan Xuguang ("Mr. Tan"), and that certain directors of the Company did not attend the Company's annual general meeting held during the Period due to other essential business engagements, the Company has complied with all the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules.

Mr. Tan is in charge of the overall management of the Company. The Company considers that the combination of the roles of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer can promote the efficient formulation and implementation of the Company's strategies which will enable the Group to grasp business opportunities efficiently and promptly. The Company considers that through the supervision of its board and its independent non-executive Directors, there is adequate balance of power and authority in place.

Compliance with the Model Code

During the Period, the Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code and the aforementioned code of conduct of the Company for the Period.

Sufficiency of Public Float

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors of the Company, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules as at the date of this report.

Approval of the Financial Statements

The reviewed consolidated financial statements for the Period were approved by the Board on 27 August 2020.

Publication of the Interim Report on the Websites of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the Company

The 2020 interim report will be despatched to the shareholders as well as made available on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's website at www.hkexnews.hk and the Company's website at www.weichaipower.com in due course.

其他資料(續)

遵守上市規則附錄十四所載的 企業管治常規守則

於本期間,除譚旭光先生(「譚先生」)擔任本公司 董事長兼首席執行官及本公司董事在本期間內因 彼等有其他重要公務在身而未能出席本公司股東 周年大會外,本公司一直遵守上市規則附錄十四 所載「企業管治守則」的所有守則條文。

譚先生負責本公司之整體管理。本公司認為,讓 譚先生同時兼任董事長及首席執行官可讓本公司 更有效地計劃及執行本公司之策略,從而令本集 團能夠有效而迅速地把握商機。本公司相信,通 過其董事會及其獨立非執行董事之監督,此足以 維持職權平衡。

遵守標準守則

於本期間,本公司已就董事進行證券交易採納操 守準則,有關條款不比標準守則規定的標準寬 鬆,且董事向全體董事作出特定查詢後確認,彼 等於本期間已遵守標準守則及前述本公司操守準 則所載規定的標準。

充足公眾持股量

根據本公司獲得之公開資料並就本公司董事所 知,本公司於本報告刊發日期維持上市規則所規 定的公眾持股量。

批准財務報表

董事會已於二零二零年八月二十七日批准本期間 的經審閱合併財務報表。

於香港聯交所及本公司網站公 佈中期報告

本公司二零二零年度中期報告將適時寄送予各位 股東及刊登於香港聯交所網www.hkexnews.hk 及本公司網站www.weichaipower.com。

維柴動力股份有限公司

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