

# SYNERGIS HOLDINGS LIMITED 昇捷控股有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability 於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號:02340.HK



2020 ANNUAL REPORT 年報

# —— MISSION 使命 —

We are committed to creating value for stakeholders by providing comprehensive and innovative solutions that achieve high quality results.

我們致力為持份者創造價值,為他們提供全面及 創新的方案,以達至高質素成效。

# ·····VALUES 企業價值

Customer Focus 以客為本
Integrity 正直誠實
Teamwork 群策群力
Innovation 不斷創新
Pursuit of Excellence 追求卓越

# CONTENTS 目錄

Significant Events of the Year	本年大事回顧	002		
Chairman's Statement	主席報告	006		
Group Structure	集團架構	011		
Management Discussion and Analysis	管理層討論及分析	012		
Profiles of Directors	董事之簡介	028		
Profiles of the Group's Key Personnel	集團要員之簡介	033		
Corporate Governance Report	企業管治報告	039		
Highlights of 2020 Environmental, Social and Governance Report	2020年環境、社會及 管治報告摘要	065		
	董事會報告	066		
Directors' Report	/			
Independent Auditor's Report	獨立核數師報告	085		
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss	綜合損益及其他全面收益表	093		
and Other Comprehensive Income				
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	綜合財務狀況表	094		
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	綜合權益變動表			
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	綜合現金流量表	097		
Notes to the Financial Statements	財務報表附註	098		
Five-Year Financial Summary	五年財務摘要	181		
Major Projects In-Progress	現時進行中之主要工程項目	182		
— Interiors and Special Projects	一室內裝飾及特殊項目			
Major Investment Properties	主要投資物業	183		
Corporate Information	公司資料	184		

## SIGNIFICANT EVENTS OF THE YEAR

# 本年大事回顧

### JAN一月

Won two bronze awards in the 7th Best Property Safety Management Award.

於第七屆最佳職安健物業管理大獎中榮獲兩個銅獎。



### APR 四月

Provision of property management services to the Independent Commission Against Corruption Building in North Point.

為北角廉政公署大樓提供物業管理服務。





Awarded of three batches of 3-year contracts from Link Property Management Services Limited for the provision of fitter services term maintenance contracts for the shopping centres, carparks, markets and cooked-food stalls in various districts.

承接領展物業管理有限公司三組位於多個地區的購物中心、停車場、街市及熟食 攤檔合約,以提供裝配服務定期保養。

# SIGNIFICANT EVENTS OF THE YEAR 本年大事回顧

#### MAY五月

Won 132 security, property and training awards from various regions, of which the New Territories North topped others as it alone attained 114 awards.

於各區保安、物業及培訓選舉中囊括132個獎項,其中 在新界北區獲得114個獎項,為各區之冠。



Awarded contract of the operation and management of vehicle park and provision of vehicle entry registration service in Western Wholesale Food Market under the Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department.

承接漁農自然護理署轄下西區副食品批發市場的停車場 營運和管理合約以及提供車輛入境登記服務。



#### JUL七月

Provision of security services for Caritas Medical Centre and Yan Chai Hospital, Kowloon West cluster, Hospital Authority.

為醫院管理局明愛醫院和仁濟醫院九龍西聯網提供保安 服務。





Provision of property management and cleaning services for a multi-block industrial building — Kwun Tong Industrial Centre.

為多棟式工業大廈 — 觀塘 工業中心提供物業管理及 清潔服務。



#### AUG八月



Awarded of an air-conditioning system replacement and addition and alteration works contract for English Schools Foundation's Quarry Bay School.

承接英基學校協會旗下鰂魚涌小學的更換空調及進行加 建及改建工程合約。

# SIGNIFICANT EVENTS OF THE YEAR 本年大事回顧

### NOV十一月

Awarded of an addition and alteration works contract at 5–19 Jardine's Bazaar located at the heart of Causeway Bay.

承接位於銅鑼灣核心地段物業 一 渣甸街 5-19 號的加建 及改建工程合約。



Won the Hong Kong Institute of Housing (HKIH) Elite Awards — Best Crisis Management Team Merit Award.

榮獲香港房屋經理學會精英大獎「最佳危機管理團隊 一優異獎」。



Awarded of a renovation works contract for Victoria Centre in Tin Hau.

承接位於天后維多利中心的翻新工程合約。



### DEC十二月

Awarded of a security services contract of Lung Mun Oasis in Tuen Mun.

承接屯門龍門居的保安服務合約。



## SUBSEQUENT SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER 2020 2020 年後大事回顧

## 2021

### FEB二月

Provision of property management services to Cheung On Estate, the second largest public housing estate in Tsing Yi.

為青衣第二大公共屋邨 一 長安邨提供物業管理服務。



Awarded a contract of the bus cleaning services at The Kowloon Motor Bus Co. (1933) Ltd. termini, covering over 130 locations.

承接九龍巴士(一九三三)有限公司總站巴士的清潔服務合約,涵蓋的地點超過130個。



主席報告



Dear Shareholders.

Chairman

主席 朱俊浩先生

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Synergis Holdings Limited (the "Company" or "Synergis"), I hereby present to you the annual performance of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2020 (the "Reporting Year").

Hong Kong economy experienced unprecedented challenges due to the pandemic of novel coronavirus since January 2020. Affected by the local economic downturn and unstable environment, the Group recorded a total revenue of approximately HK\$1,127.7 million for the Reporting Year which was approximately HK\$441.6 million below the last year. Although some business lines have been affected to varying degree and saw contrary financial performance in the Reporting Year, our property and facility management ("PFM") business and ancillary business (the "Ancillary Business") (collectively, the "PFM Business") remained stable as a whole. The segment saw a moderate increase in revenue and gross profit, which helped offset part of the loss from our interiors and special projects business (the "ISP Business"). Also, benefited from the government subsidies of approximately HK\$86.0 million under HKSAR Government's Employment Support Scheme ("ESS") mainly from the PFM Business, the Group recorded a profit attributable to Shareholders of approximately HK\$14.2 million for the Reporting Year, which was around onethird of that last year at approximately HK\$37.6 million.

#### 致各位股東:

本人謹代表昇捷控股有限公司(「本公司」或「昇 捷」)董事會(「董事會」)向 閣下呈報本公司及 其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至2020年12月 31日止年度(「報告年度」)的年度表現。

新型冠狀病毒自2020年1月起席捲全球,令香 港經濟遭遇前所未有的挑戰。受本地經濟下滑 及局勢不穩影響,本集團於報告年度錄得總收 益約港幣1,127,700,000元,較去年減少約港幣 441,600,000元。雖然部分業務線遭受的影響程 度不一,在報告年度的財務表現截然不同,惟 我們物業及設施管理(「物業及設施管理」)業務 及輔助業務(「輔助業務」)(統稱為「物業及設施 管理業務」)整體保持穩定。該分部在收益及毛 利上均溫和增長,幫助抵銷室內裝飾及特殊項 目業務(「室內裝飾及特殊項目業務」)的部分虧 損。另外,受惠於香港特區政府「保就業計劃」 (「保就業計劃」)下的政府補貼(主要來自物業 及設施管理業務)約港幣86,000,000元,本集團 於報告年度錄得股東應佔溢利約港幣 14,200,000 元,大概是去年約港幣37,600,000元的三分之

The PFM business maintained a stable and improved performance from past years even though not counting in the government subsidies from ESS. The financial results in terms of operating profit and net profit hit the record high this year from 2014 as we achieved satisfactory result on business development and maintained high contract retention rate as in the past. Substantial improvement on profit contribution showed in latter half of 2020 after the team continuously put remitting efforts as compared with first half 2020. As of the date of this report, we manage over 90,000 residential units and 8.7 million square metres of residential, commercial and industrial facilities of over 360 PFM projects in Hong Kong and China. We remain as one of the leading independent PFM service providers in Hong Kong due to our ability to offer one-stop-shop services to customers with our strength to proactively making improvement in our services in PFM. Under the economic downturn, our PFM Business which is more stable in business nature topped ISP Business, the Group's another key business arm, and contributed about 65% of the Group's revenue during the Reporting Year. The segment managed to explore new business opportunities during that difficult time and acquired about 50 new key contracts ranging from one-year to five-year project period with a total contract sum of over HK\$380 million which was the highest from the past in terms of both number of contracts awarded and contract sums. The top three remarkable contracts we got including three batches of Fitter Services Term Maintenance Contracts with Link Property Management Services Limited ('Link") to provide technical support services to its shopping centers and car parks, the management and cleaning services contract for 4-block industrial buildings — Kwun Tong Industrial Centre and the car park contract of Western Wholesale Food Market under the Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department.

Subsequent to the end of the Reporting Year, PFM Business was awarded a few significant new contracts with a total contract sum of over HK\$100 million including a 30-month contract of bus cleaning services at The Kowloon Motor Bus Co. (1933) Ltd. termini, covering over 130 locations and a 1-year contract of provision of property management services to Cheung On Estate, the second largest public housing estate in Tsing Yi with a total of 10 blocks of 7,338 residential units.

即使不計及來自保就業計劃的政府補貼,物業 及設施管理業務的表現平穩,與去年比較甚至 有所改善。以經營溢利及純利而言,本年度的 財務業績創下自2014年以來的新高水平,有賴 我們在業務發展收穫令人滿意的結果,並且一 如以往保持高合約保留率。經過團隊努力不 懈,2020年下半年的溢利貢獻較2020年上半年 大幅改善。截至本報告日期,我們為香港及中 國逾360個物業及設施管理項目管理超過 90,000 個住宅單位及8,700,000平方米的住宅、 商業及工業設施。有賴我們為客戶提供一站式 服務的能力以及在物業及設施管理服務方面積 極改進的優勢,本集團依然是香港領先的獨立 物業及設施管理服務供應商之一。在經濟衰退 下,物業及設施管理業務由於業務性質更為穩 定,所以表現較本集團另一項核心業務室內裝 飾及特殊項目業務更為傑出,並於報告年度為 本集團貢獻約65%的收益。該分部在艱難時刻 成功開拓新商機,並吸納約50份為期一年至 五年的主要項目合約,總合約金額超過港幣 380,000,000元,以獲授合約數目及合約金額而 言,均為有史以來最高。我們取得的三大觸目 合約包括三組領展物業管理有限公司(「領展」) 裝配服務之定期保養合約,以為其購物中心及 停車場提供技術支援服務、4棟工業大廈 一 觀 塘工業中心的管理及清潔服務合約以及漁農自 然護理署西區副食品批發市場的停車場合約。

於報告年度結束後,物業及設施管理業務獲授 幾份重大新合約,總合約金額超過港幣100,000,000元,包括為期30個月的九龍巴士(一九三三)有限公司總站巴士清潔服務合約,覆蓋超過130個站點,以及為期1年的長安邨物業管理服務合約,長安邨是青衣第二大公共屋邨,合共建有10座7.338個住宅單位。

Another stream of income was contributed by ISP Business, which had faced more challenges last year under the economic downturn. The local economy especially retail and hotel operations severely affected by the social distancing measures and travel restrictions since January 2020 and ultimately ISP's performance on new contracts hit. During the Reporting Year, ISP contributed about one-third of the total revenue of the Group and saw a total revenue of approximately HK\$374.8 million compared to that of approximately HK\$838.1 million, which was about half less than last year. The segment saw an operating loss of approximately HK\$83.6 million, a big twist comparing to an operating profit of approximately HK\$10.0 million in the last year. The significant decrease in revenue and gross profit was mainly due to the completion of a few key contracts and several lossmaking projects during the Reporting Year. As a result of re-structuring the management team from mid of 2020 to adopt more appropriate business strategy, the team has awarded several new key contracts in the latter half of 2020 including English School Foundation school addition and alteration ("A&A") works, Victoria Centre renovation works and 5–19 Jardine's Bazaar A&A works.

Reference was made to the interim report of the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2020, a winding up order has been made against Hsin Chong Group Holdings Limited ("Hsin Chong") by the Supreme Court of Bermuda in its place of incorporation in Bermuda in January 2020 and the Company has filed the proof of debts with the joint and several provisional liquidators of Hsin Chong in Bermuda in latter half of 2020. Even so, as an unsecured creditor, the recoverability of debts seems to be remote. On 2 November 2020, the Company applied to the High Court for the dismissal of the petition against Hsin Chong, such petition was delivered to the Court of First Instance of High Court on 18 January 2019. The dismissal of the petition did not have any financial impact on the Company.

Reference was made to the announcement dated 27 January 2021 in respect of the Company entered into the settlement agreement on 25 January 2021 with QBE Hongkong and Shanghai Insurance Limited ("QBE") after the conduction of the mediation regarding the writ of summons received on 23 January 2020 by QBE against the Company for a claim of approximately HK\$34.2 million under joint employee compensation policy with Hsin Chong. Under the Settlement Agreement, it is agreed, among other things, the Company shall pay a sum of HK\$19.5 million to QBE (inclusive of all interests, costs, disbursements, costs of mediation of QBE) in full and final settlement of QBE's claims and all the matters and disputes. The Company has recognized further loss of approximately HK\$10.2 million for the Reporting Year. The settlement has no material impact on the Group's liquidity position and was for the best interest for the Company.

室內裝飾及特殊項目業務為我們另一個收入來 源,其去年在經濟低迷下面對更多挑戰。本地 經濟(尤其是零售及酒店業)自2020年1月起受 社交距離措施和旅遊限制嚴重影響,最終室內 裝飾及特殊項目在新合約方面的表現亦無法幸 免。於報告年度,室內裝飾及特殊項目為本集 團總收益貢獻約三分之一,錄得總收益約港幣 374,800,000元,與去年的約港幣838,100,000元 大概急挫一半。該分部錄得經營虧損約港幣 83,600,000 元, 與去年的經營溢利約港幣 10,000,000元比較轉折巨大。收益及毛利大幅 減少乃主要由於年內完成幾份主要合約及若干 項目錄得虧蝕。由於自2020年中起管理層團隊 進行架構重組以採取更適當的業務策略,團隊 於2020年下半年獲授幾份重要的新合約,包括 英基學校協會的學校加建及改建(「加建及改 建」)工程、維多利中心翻新工程及渣甸街5-19 號加建及改建工程。

茲提述本公司日期為2020年6月30日止六個月的中期報告,百慕達最高法院於2020年1月針對新昌集團控股有限公司(「新昌」)在其註冊成立地點百慕達頒佈清盤令,而本公司向新昌於百慕達的共同及多名臨時清盤人於2020年下半年提交債權證明表。然而,作為無擔保債權人,收回債務的可能性低。於2020年11月2日,本公司向高等法院申請撤銷針對新昌的呈請,該呈請於2019年1月18日送達高等法院原訟法庭。撤銷呈請對本公司並無任何財務影響。

茲提述日期為2021年1月27日的公告,本公司與昆士蘭聯保保險有限公司(「昆士蘭聯保」)進行調解後於2021年1月25日訂立和解協議,調解涉及於2020年1月23日接獲昆士蘭聯保針對本公司所出具的傳訊令狀,以根據與新昌的僱員補償保單索償約港幣34,200,000元。根據和解協議,同意(其中包括)本公司向昆士蘭聯保支付合共港幣19,500,000元(包括所有利息、支付合共港幣19,500,000元(包括所有利息、設大支出、昆士蘭聯保的調解費)以全面及與終解決昆士蘭聯保的申索以及所有事宜及糾紛。本公司於報告年度進一步確認虧損約港幣10,200,000元。和解對本集團的流動資金狀況並無重大影響及符合本公司的最佳利益。

On the other hand, on 14 January 2021, Falcon Insurance Company (Hong Kong) Limited, as the 1st defendant, and ISP Construction (Engineering) Limited ("ISPCE"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as the 2nd defendant (collectively, the "Defendants"), received a writ of summons issued by Fortune Pharmacal Co., Ltd ("Fortune") against the Defendants for the sum of approximately HK\$54.4 million regarding the Defendants' breaches of the surety bond executed by the Defendants to guarantee due performance and observance by ISPCE for construction of main contract works for Fortune Pharmacal New Factory Development at Yuen Long given the ISPCE breaches of the contract and/or its negligence in carrying out the works. ISPCE is seeking legal advice in respect of the proceeding and would defend its position as well as filed the summons with the High Court on 1 March 2021 for a stay of proceedings in favour of arbitration. The hearing for the application to stay of proceedings to be held in mid of June 2021.

Taking into account of the financial results, the Group's available cash reserves and working capital requirements, the Board resolved not to declare final dividend for the Reporting Year (31 December 2019: Nil).

Stepping into 2021, we expect the local economy will return to positive growth as a whole following the mass vaccination program and help bring the pandemic of novel coronavirus under control. Although the degree and speed of recovery is subject to a host of uncertainties such as the pandemic development and China-US relations, we can look forward to life returning to normal and economic recovery across the globe later of the year. Meanwhile, we would capture the opportunity of the steady local residential property sector as well as education sector, banks and offices, and strive to maintain a continuous business growth. Considering that the overall financial performance of the Group remains stable, we believe we can minimise financial risk amid appropriate measures and careful monitoring of our financial position. Leveraging on its solid foundation and committed management team, the Group has full confidence in overcoming the difficulties we face.

Aligning our values of customer-focus, integrity, teamwork, innovation and pursuit of excellence, sustainability is our core business strategy. We are committed to proactively making improvements under implementation of Total Quality Management through the comprehensive and innovation solutions in provision of quality of services with the aim to enhance customer satisfaction. The Group is cautiously optimistic about the outlook of both businesses with continuing challenge and uncertainties in 2021.

經計及財務業績、本集團的可用現金儲備及營 運資金需求,董事會議決不會就截至報告年度 宣派末期股息(2019年12月31日:無)。

與我們以客為本、正直誠實、群策群力、不斷 創新及追求卓越的企業價值相匹配,可持續發 展是我們的核心業務策略。我們致力落實全面 質素管理,以綜合及創新解決方案提供優質服 務,積極提升服務質素,以提高客戶滿意度。 2021年仍然充滿挑戰及不確定因素,本集團對 各業務的前景抱持審慎樂觀態度。

The year just past was a volatile year for Hong Kong's economy, with significant contraction recorded throughout the year. On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my most sincere gratitude to our Directors and dedicated team for their unwavering commitment and passion for the business during that difficult time and have put forth in driving the Group towards sustainable development. I would also like to sincerely thank all our valued service providers, business partners as well as our shareholders for their continuous support.

剛剛過去的一年,本港經濟震蕩不穩,全年大幅緊縮。本人謹代表董事會向董事及盡心盡力的團隊在這一艱難時期為業務的竭誠付出及敬業樂業以及推動了本集團邁向可持續發展,致以最衷心的感謝。本人亦謹此對所有寶貴的服務供應商、業務夥伴以及股東一直以來的鼎力支持致以誠摯的感謝。

#### **Kingston Chu Chun Ho**

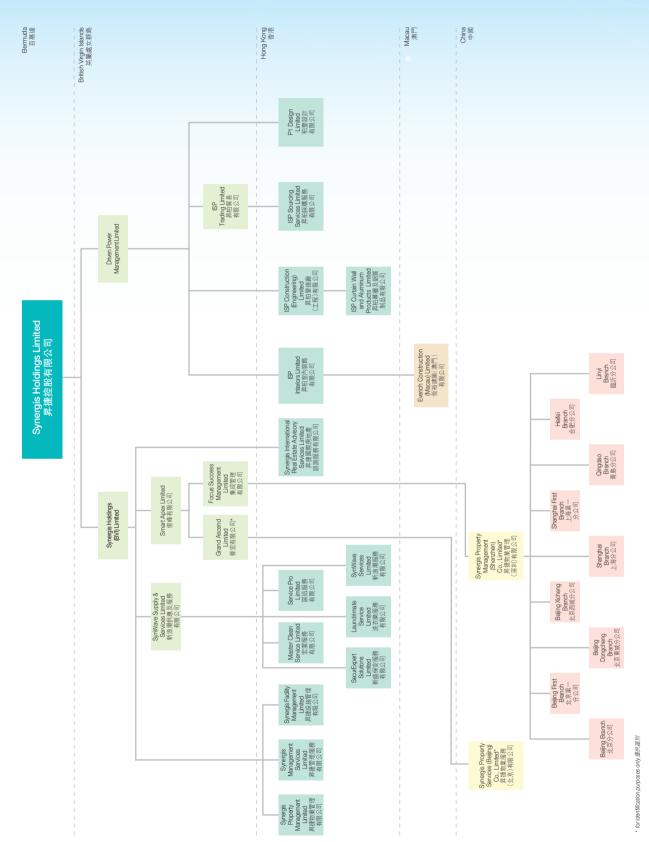
Chairman

Hong Kong, 23 March 2021

#### *主席* **朱俊浩**

香港,2021年3月23日

# GROUP STRUCTURE 集團架構



FINANCIAL OVERVIEW 財務概覽

				Change 變動			
HK\$'million	港幣百萬元	2020	2019	<b>发</b> 里 Amount 金額	w %		
Revenue	收益	1,127.7	1,569.3	(441.6)	↓ 28.1%		
Gross profit	毛利	50.1	142.4	(92.3)	↓ 64.8%		
Gross profit margin	毛利率	4.4%	9.1%	_	↓ 4.7%		
Operating expenses (excluding interest)	經營開支(不包括利息)	(87.7)	(94.1)	6.4	↓ 6.8%		
Government subsidies	政府補貼	86.0	_	86.0	-		
Profit attributable to shareholders	股東應佔溢利	14.2	37.6	(23.4)	↓ 62.2%		
EBITDA	除息税、折舊及						
	攤銷前盈利	54.2	71.6	(17.4)	↓ 24.3%		
Basic earnings per share (HK cents)	每股基本盈利(港幣仙)	3.3	8.8	(5.5)	↓ 62.5%		

The Group reported consolidated revenue and gross profit of approximately HK\$1,127.7 million (2019: HK\$1,569.3 million) and approximately HK\$50.1 million (2019: HK\$142.4 million) respectively for the Reporting Year, representing a 28.1% and 64.8% decrease respectively as a result of local economic downturn caused by the pandemic of novel coronavirus together with the completion of a few key ISP contracts and several loss-making ISP projects. In spite of the unprecedented economic challenges, the Group's PFM Business, which was more stable in business nature, managed to explore new business opportunities and acquired several significant projects during the Reporting Year. Those new wins coupled with a high contract renewal rate has raised the segment's gross profit and offset part of the loss from the ISP Business. Although the Group has received and accounted for the government subsidies of approximately HK\$86.0 million under HKSAR Government's ESS mainly from the PFM Business, the Group recorded a profit attributable to Shareholders of approximately HK\$14.2 million for the Reporting Year, which was around one-third of that last year at approximately HK\$37.6 million. Earnings per share was 3.3 HK cents (2019: earnings per share was 8.8 HK cents).

於報告年度,本集團呈報綜合收益及毛利分別 約港幣1.127.700.000元(2019年:港幣1.569.300.000 元)及約港幣50,100,000元(2019年:港幣 142,400,000元),減幅分別為28.1%及64.8%, 此乃由於新型冠狀病毒大流行導致本地經濟不 景氣,加上室內裝飾及特殊項目項下合約已完 成及數個項目虧損所致。儘管面對空前的經濟 挑戰,本集團的物業及設施管理業務的業務性 質相較穩定,於報告年度成功開拓新商機,並 取得數個重大項目。該等新項目加上合約重續 率較高,令該分部的毛利增加,抵銷了室內裝 飾及特殊項目業務的部分虧損。雖然本集團已 計入在香港特區政府的保就業計劃下獲得主要 來自於物業及設施管理業務的政府補貼約港幣 86,000,000元,本集團於報告年度錄得股東應 佔溢利約港幣14,200,000元,即為去年約港幣 37,600,000元的三分之一左右。每股盈利為港 幣 3.3 仙 (2019年: 每股盈利為港幣 8.8 仙)。

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW AND PROSPECTS**

#### **Business Overview**

The Group's PFM Business remained stable and contributed about twothird of the Group's revenue while the remaining one-third was contributed by ISP Business during the Reporting Year.

- Although there were some material adverse impacts on specific businesses because of the pandemic of novel coronavirus during the Reporting Year, mainly from carpark as well as repair and maintenance, our core PFM Business still well covered and showed up a steady growth of 10.7% in terms of profit contribution.
- The revenue of PFM Business attained approximately HK\$752.9
  million which was slightly above that of last year (2019: HK\$731.2
  million) and the gross profit also saw a moderate increase to
  approximately HK\$94.4 million comparing with that of last year
  (2019: HK\$91.9 million).
- Ancillary Business remained strong with an increase of gross profit by 17.4% to approximately HK\$27.7 million as compared to that of last year amid the intake of three batches of significant fitter maintenance services term contracts and the steady growth from several business lines.
- Total revenue of ISP Business was halved to approximately HK\$374.8
  million (2019: HK\$838.1 million) during the Reporting Year and the
  segment also saw an operating loss of approximately HK\$83.6
  million mainly due to the completion of a few key ISP contracts and
  substantial loss being incurred in some of the project works as well
  as certain costs incurred involving works done from construction
  projects still under negotiations with customers.
- The Group's operating expenses reduced by 6.8% to approximately HK\$87.7 million (2019: HK\$94.1 million) as a result of the cost conscious approach in monitoring the expenditure and the continuously improvement in operating efficiency.

#### 業務回顧及前景

#### 業務概覽

於報告年度,本集團的物業及設施管理業務保持穩定,貢獻本集團約三分之二的收益,而餘下三分之一的收益則由室內裝飾及特殊項目業務貢獻。

- 儘管於報告年度新型冠狀病毒大流行對 特定業務造成若干重大不利影響(主要是 停車場以及維修及保養業務),但我們的 核心之物業及設施管理業務仍充分補足 虧絀,並於其溢利反映了10.7%增長。
- 物業及設施管理業務的收益達約港幣752,900,000元,較去年略有增長(2019年:港幣731,200,000元),而其毛利亦較去年(2019年:港幣91,900,000元)小幅增長至約港幣94,400,000元。
- 輔助業務保持強勢,毛利較去年增加 17.4%至約港幣27,700,000元,乃由於簽 訂三組重大裝配保養服務之定期合約及 數項業務線穩定增長。
- · 於報告年度,室內裝飾及特殊項目業務的總收益減半至約港幣374,800,000元(2019年:港幣838,100,000元),該分部亦錄得經營虧損約港幣83,600,000元,主要由於數份主要室內裝飾及特殊項目合約完成,部份項目工程蒙受重大損失,以及涉及來自建築項目的已完成工序仍與客戶磋商而產生若干成本。
- 本集團營運開支減少6.8%至約港幣 87,700,000元(2019年:港幣94,100,000元), 此乃由於監察經營開支時具有控制成本 意識,及經營效率持續改善所致。

The operating results for the respective year ended 31 December of PFM and ISP Businesses in the following sections excluded the exceptional item, being the additional cost of approximately HK\$10.2 million recognised this year arising from commercial settlement with QBE in January 2021 which was made against the Company for a claim of approximately HK\$34.2 million under joint employee compensation policy with Hsin Chong (the "Insurance Compensation").

物業及設施管理業務及室內裝飾及特殊項目業務在截至12月31日止各個年度的以下各節的經營業績,並不包括特殊項目,即是於2021年1月與昆士蘭聯保進行商業和解而產生的額外成本而於本年確認約港幣10,200,000元,該和解乃根據與新昌的聯合僱員補償保單向本公司提出約港幣34,200,000元的索償(「保險賠償」)。

		PFM			ISP				
			物業及設施管理			室內裝飾及特殊項目			
			Change			Change			
				-	動		變動		
HK\$' million	港幣百萬元	2020	2019	Amount 金額	%	2020	2019	Amount 金額	%
Revenue	收益	752.9	731.2	21.7	† 3.0%	374.8	838.1	(463.3)	↓ 55.3%
Gross profit/(Loss)	毛利/(毛損)	94.4	91.9	2.5	† 2.7%	(44.3)	50.5	(94.8)	↓ 187.7%
Operating expenses	經營開支	(48.7)	(50.6)	1.9	↓ 3.8%	(29.5)	(35.1)	5.6	↓ 16.0%
Interest expenses	利息開支	-	-	-	-	(9.8)	(5.4)	(4.4)	† 81.5%
Operating profit/(loss)	經營溢利/(虧損)	45.7	41.3	4.4	10.7%	(83.6)	10.0	(93.6)	936.0%
Exceptional item	特殊項目	-	-	-	-	(10.2)	-	(10.2)	-
Operating profit/(loss) after exceptional item	扣除特殊項目後的經營溢利/(虧損)	45.7	41.3	4.4	10.7%	(93.8)	10.0	(103.8)	↓ 1,038.0%
Government subsidies	政府補助	81.9	-	81.9	-	4.1	-	4.1	-
Others	其他	0.3	2.4	(2.1)	↓ 87.5%	(0.9)	0.4	(1.3)	↓ 325.0%
Taxation	税項	(6.9)	(6.0)	(0.9)	15.0%	(6.5)	(0.8)	(5.7)	† 712.5%
Net profit/(loss)	淨溢利/(虧損)	121.0	37.7	83.3	† <b>221.0</b> %	(97.1)	9.6	(106.7)	1,111.5%

#### **Property and Facility Management Business**

#### **Property and Facility Management**

2020 had been an exceptional year with unprecedented economic challenges. Amid over four decades of solid and extensive experience, Synergis has successfully sustained the growth of PFM Business and remained one of the market leaders under the devastating economic situation. The Group maintains a diverse portfolio for a wide spectrum of clients including government, corporate clients, public institutions and private clients. The scope of service includes but not limited to government departments, large-scale public facilities, transportation systems, airport cargo terminals, education institutions, hospitals, commercial and industrial properties, shopping malls, public housing estates, private housing and car parks, etc.

#### 物業及設施管理業務

#### 物業及設施管理

2020年是特殊的一年,發生了前所未有的經濟困境。憑藉四十多年的穩健及豐富經驗,昇捷成功維持物業及設施管理業務增長,在滿目瘡痍的經濟狀況下保持市場領導地位。本集團維持客戶類別豐富的多元化組合,包括政府、企業客戶、公共機構及私人客戶。服務範圍涵產包括但不限於政府部門、大規模公共設施、工商物系統、機場貨運站、教育機構、醫院、工商物業、商場、公共房屋、私人房屋及停車場等。

# Operating profits for PFM Business 物業及設施管理業務之經營溢利



 $<sup>^{*}</sup>$  In 2020, we hit the record high from 2014

<sup>\*</sup> 於2020年,我們創下2014年以來的最高記錄

Leveraging on our rich management experience, exceptional talents and leading-edge innovative technology, we are capable of providing the most appropriate "one-stop-shop" solutions to our clients and earning their trust. During the Reporting Year, we were awarded about 50 new key contracts ranging from one-year to five-year project with a total contract sum of over HK\$380 million which was the highest from the past in terms of both number of contracts awarded and contract sums. Significant new contracts include:

憑藉豐富管理經驗、優秀人才及領先創新科技,我們能夠為客戶提供最適合的「一站式」解決方案並取得彼等的信任。於報告年度,我們獲授約50份新主要合約,年期介乎一年至五年,總合約額逾港幣380,000,000元,按獲授合約數目及合約金額均為過往最高。主要新合約包括:

- a 5-year contract of operation and management of vehicle park and provision of vehicle entry registration service in Western Wholesale Food Market under the Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department;
- a 3-year contract of provision of property management services to the Independent Commission Against Corruption Building;
- a 3-year contract of provision of security services for Caritas Medical Centre and Yan Chai Hospital;
- a 21-month management contract for a multi-block industrial building Kwun Tong Industrial Centre; and
- a 39-month contract of provision of security services for Lung Mun Oasis in Tuen Mun.

Subsequent to the end of the Reporting Year, we awarded a 1-year contract of provision of property management services to Cheung On Estate, the second largest public housing estate in Tsing Yi with a total of 10 blocks of 7,338 residential units.

- 一份為期5年的合約,於漁農自然護理署 轄下西區副食品批發市場營運及管理停 車場並提供車輛進入登記服務;
- 一份為期3年的合約,為廉政公署大樓提供物業管理服務;
- 一份為期3年的合約,為明愛醫院及仁濟 醫院提供保安服務;
- 一份為期21個月的合約,為觀塘工業中 心的多棟工業大廈提供管理服務;及
- · 一份為期39個月的合約,為屯門龍門居 提供保安服務。

於報告年度後,我們獲授為長安邨(青衣第二大公共屋邨,共有10座7,338個住宅單位)提供物業管理服務的1年期合約。

Our "Synergis Parking" successfully increased our brand awareness in the car park industry and we were awarded four new contracts covering six car parks including Greenhill Villa Carpark, Mount Verdant Carpark, Western Garden Carpark, Terrace Concerto Carpark, Bo Shek Mansion Carpark and Kingston Terrace Carpark, with a total number of around one thousand parking spaces during the Reporting Year. Among those, four of them were from the Hong Kong Housing Society. Car park business faced great challenge due to the gatherings and dining out restrictions in the commercial and shopping districts affected by the social distancing measure during the Reporting Year.

In spite of the economic challenges brought by the pandemic of novel coronavirus, our resilient PFM service team managed to explore new business opportunities and achieved the satisfactory results on business development as shown above. Besides, we are able to maintain a high renewal rate of over 90% with some existing major contracts notwithstanding some delay for the contract renewal due to the pandemic of novel coronavirus. During the Reporting Year, the renewed key contracts included the provision of management services at Residential, Riding Schools and other associated properties at the Hong Kong Jockey Club, Asia Airfreight Terminal, Fu Shin Estate, Tin Ping Estate, Lung Mun Oasis, Tai Wo Estate, Tai Po Garden and Chung Nga Court, etc. All in all, our revenue and operating profit have increased by 4.4% and 3.7% to approximately HK\$627.2 million and HK\$33.5 million respectively for the Reporting Year as compared with those of last year. With our stable and unique market position, we will continue to retain our current portfolio whilst exploring opportunities in commercial and operational facilities in the territory.

我們的「Synergis Parking」,成功提高品牌於停車場行業的知名度並於報告年度,獲授四份新合約,涵蓋六個停車場,包括綠怡雅苑停車場、翠嶺峰停車場、西園停車場、翠鳴臺停車場、寶石大廈停車場及景新臺停車場,車位總數為約一千個。當中四個停車場來自香港房屋協會。於報告年度,由於遭受社交距離措施影響,於商業及購物等區域的聚會及外出就餐之限制下導致停車場業務面對嚴峻挑戰。

#### **Ancillary Business**

Our Ancillary Business comprising integrated procurement, laundry, cleaning, security, maintenance and technical support services has persistently been playing a supportive role to our core PFM business and offers comprehensive value-added services to our clients. Over the years, these businesses have well developed and unleashed their market potential with proven dazzling results this year. Although the pandemic of novel coronavirus has inevitably casted some adverse impacts on some business lines this year, Ancillary Business still recorded a steady growth with an increase of gross profit by 17.4% to approximately HK\$27.7 million as compared to that of last year, by means of prudent cost control measures to gear up the margins. It contributed a satisfactory and encouraging result of around 26.7% of the operating profit of PFM Business during the Reporting Year.

Amid the new win of several fitter services maintenance contracts, our maintenance and technical support business became another key contributor of our Ancillary Business in 2020. Our cleaning business undeniable still be champion among all other business and contributed over half of revenue during the Reporting Year. As a whole, our Ancillary Business remained stable and has obtained around 20 new key contracts with a total contract sum of over HK\$90 million in 2020. Major contracts include:

- 3 batches of 3-year contracts of provision of Fitter Services Term Maintenance for The Link's shopping centres, carparks, markets and cooked-food stalls in Yuen Long & Tuen Mun, Kowloon Central, Kowloon West & Wong Tai Sin and Tsuen Wan, Kwai Tsing, Tung Chung & Hong Kong Island;
- a 21-month cleaning services contract for Kwun Tong Industrial Centre, a multi-block industrial building;
- a 22-month contract of provision of cleansing and horticultural maintenance services to the Food Safety Laboratory of the Government Laboratory;
- a 3-year cleaning services contract for King Hin Court, a residential estate in Ngau Chi Wan;
- Finishing works of resurfacing of wall in Tai Po Garden; and
- a 1-year security service contract for 8A Hart Avenue in Tsim Sha Tsui.

#### 輔助業務

輔助業務由綜合採購、洗衣、清潔、保安、維修及技術支援服務組成,一直為核心物業及設施管理業務起支援作用及提供全面的增值服務予客戶。多年來,該等業務穩步發展及展現市場潛力,從本年度的亮麗業績可見一斑。與大學工程,與去年比較,是利增加17.4%至約港等是,與去年比較,是利增加17.4%至約港幣之7,700,000元,此乃由於採取審慎的成本控制措施以提升利潤。於報告年度,其佔物業及設施管理業務的經營溢利約26.7%,業績表現理想,令人鼓舞。

隨著獲得多份新裝配服務保養合約,維修及技術支援服務成為2020年輔助業務的另一主要收益來源。我們的清潔業務無可否認仍是所有其他業務中的佼佼者,並在報告年度貢獻了一半以上的收入。總體而言,輔助業務保持穩定並於2020年取得約20份新主要合約,總額超過港幣90,000,000元。該等主要合約包括:

- 3組為期3年的合約,為領展在元朗及屯門、中九龍、西九龍及黃大仙、荃灣、葵青、東涌及香港島的商場、停車場、街市及熟食檔提供裝配服務之定期保養;
- · 一份為期21個月的合約,為觀塘工業中 心的多棟工業大廈提供清潔服務;
- 一份為期22個月的合約,為政府化驗所 食物安全檢測所提供清潔及園藝保養服 務;
- 一份為期3年的合約,為牛池灣住宅屋苑 瓊軒苑提供清潔服務;
- 大埔花園重鋪牆身飾面工程;及
- · 一份為期1年的合約,為尖沙咀赫德道 8A號提供保安服務。

Subsequent to the Reporting Year, our cleaning business received its largest contract in record, a 30-month contract of bus cleaning services at The Kowloon Motor Bus Co. (1933) Ltd. termini, covering over 130 locations, amounting to a contract sum of approximately HK\$100 million.

Ancillary Business demonstrated its development potential and proved itself to be a key business component of Synergis over the years. Looking forward, we will continue to grow the business progressively by expanding its client base and further enhancing its service quality.

#### **Interiors and Special Projects Business**

As another major business arm of Synergis, ISP Business provides one-stop services including planning, design, consultancy, project management, etc. to its customers.

2020 had been a tough year for ISP Business. The total revenue of ISP Business recorded a plunged by 55.3% to approximately HK\$374.8 million during the Reporting Year (2019: HK\$838.1 million). The segment also saw an operating loss before insurance compensation of approximately HK\$83.6 million, a big twist from an operating profit of approximately HK\$10.0 million in 2019. Barely recovered from the weakened economy caused by local order events in 2019, the segment was further hit by the novel coronavirus pandemic since January 2020 when Hong Kong reported its first local case. The launch of social distancing measures and travel restrictions hit severely the construction, retail as well as hotel industries and ultimately the segment's performance. All in all, the decrease in gross profit of ISP Business was attributable to the following key factors:

- the completion of a few key contracts and substantial loss being incurred in some of the project works;
- certain costs incurred involving works done from construction projects still under negotiations with customers;
- lack of new significant ISP orders replenishment during the Reporting Year because of the increasingly competitive business environment; and
- the novel coronavirus pandemic having disrupted the progress of some on-going projects and reduced the number of available tenders in the industry.

於報告年度後,清潔業務獲得有史以來最大的一份合約,即一份為期30個月的九龍巴士(一九三三)有限公司總站的巴士清潔服務合約,涵蓋的地點超過130個,合約金額約為港幣100,000,000元。

多年來,輔助業務彰顯其發展潛力,足證其為 昇捷的主要業務組成部分。展望未來,我們將 通過擴大客戶基礎及進一步提升服務質量,逐 步提升業務規模。

#### 室內裝飾及特殊項目業務

室內裝飾及特殊項目業務乃昇捷另一個主要業務,向客戶提供一站式服務,包括規劃、設計、顧問、項目管理等。

室內裝飾及特殊項目業務於2020年相當艱難。於報告年度,室內裝飾及特殊項目業務的總收益錄得暴跌55.3%,至約為港幣374,800,000元(2019年:港幣838,100,000元)。該分部亦錄得扣除保險賠償前之經營虧損約港幣83,600,000元,與2019年的經營溢利約港幣10,000,000元相比相距很遠。勉強從2019年本地秩序事件所致的經濟疲軟中恢復過來,惟自2020年1月香港報告首宗本地個案以來,該分部進一步受到新型冠狀病毒大流行影響。社交距離措施及外遊限制措施的實施重挫建築、零售及酒店行業,最終影響該分部的業績。總括而言,室內裝飾及特殊項目業務的毛利減少歸因於以下主要因素:

- 完成了數個主要合約及部份項目工程蒙 受重大損失;
- · 涉及來自建築項目的已完成工序仍與客 戶磋商而產生若干成本;
- 由於室內裝飾及特殊項目的營商環境競爭越趨激烈,該年度缺乏重大的新訂單補充;及
- 新型冠狀病毒大流行令若干進行中項目的進度受阻,並減少業界的招標數目。

Despite the uncertainty of external economic environment, the total outstanding workload for contracts on hand recorded by ISP Business as of 31 December 2020 was approximately HK\$350 million, which was attributed to the hard work of our management team. We were awarded several new major contracts with a total contract sum of approximately HK\$120 million during the Reporting Year. Major contracts include:

- Air-conditioning system replacement and addition and alteration works at English Schools Foundation's Quarry Bay School in Quarry Bay;
- Renovation works of Victoria Centre located in Tin Hau: and
- Addition and alteration works at basement to 4/F, 5–19 Jardine's Bazaar in Causeway Bay.

Subsequent to the end of the Reporting Year, the segment was awarded a few new contracts in which the most significant one was cladding replacement works and works complying Mandatory Building Inspection Scheme requirements at The Langham, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon.

Amid the public health crisis, Hong Kong has seen a record plunge in economic performance in 2020. Construction projects and property sales have slowed down as developers and investors took a more prudent business approach. At the same time, the launch of social distancing measures and travel restrictions further reduced economic activities and gave a severe hit to the local operating environment, in particular retail and hotel operations. All these have inevitably affected our ISP Business. During this difficult time, we will put more focus on the opportunities of education sector, banks and offices which are relatively more stable under economic downturn. With the team's commitment to excellence, we are looking forward to an improvement of our overall business performance in the near future when the pandemic eases with vaccination.

雖然外部經濟環境不穩,截至2020年12月31日,室內裝飾及特殊項目業務的手頭未完成合約總額仍錄得約港幣350,000,000元,全因管理團隊努力所得。於報告年度,我們獲授合約總金額為約港幣120,000,000元的多個新主要合約。主要項目包括:

- 為鰂魚涌英基學校協會旗下鰂魚涌小學 更換空調及進行加建及改建工程;
- 為天后維多利中心進行翻新工程;及
- 為銅鑼灣渣甸街5-19號地庫至4樓進行加建及改建工程。

於報告年度結束後,該分部獲得數份新合約, 其中最重大的一份合約為九龍尖沙咀朗廷酒店 的覆土層更換工程及符合強制驗樓計劃要求的 工程。

於公眾健康危機下,香港的經濟表現於2020年出現歷來最大跌幅。基於發展商及投資者採取更謹慎營商手法,建築項目及物業銷售減慢。同時,實施社交距離措施及旅遊限制進一步減少經濟活動及嚴重打擊本地經營環境(尤其是零售及酒店業務)。以上各項無可避免地影響室內裝飾及特殊項目業務。在此艱難時期,稅們將更加注重教育界別、銀行及辦公室的卓越服務承諾,於透過接種疫苗紓緩疫情後,我們期望整體業務表現於不久將來有所改善。

#### **Outlook of the Group**

Looking forward, the Hong Kong economy is expected to see positive growth for 2021 as a whole following the mass vaccination program, though the degree and speed of recovery are subject to a host of uncertainties such as the duration of novel coronavirus pandemic and the development of China-US relations. In the midst of economic uncertainties, we would capture the opportunity of the steady local residential property sector as well as education sector, banks and offices and strive to maintain a continuous business growth.

On a Group-wide overview, we consider that the overall financial performance of the Group remains stable. Alongside improving financial performance, we must carry on in delivering a transparent, responsible and inclusive approach to business so that we can continue our journey to sustainable development. Aligning our values of customer focus, integrity, teamwork, innovation and pursuit of excellence, sustainability is our core business strategy. Synergis is ready to play with the determination, resilience and our can do spirit to overcome any challenges and enhance our customer satisfaction with the improvement to our services quality. Besides, with the rapid change of business environment, we will continue to advance our risk management procedures to mitigate faced risks and turn some of the risks into new business opportunities. Leveraging on its solid foundation and committed management team, the Group has full confidence in overcoming all the challenges ahead of us.

#### 本集團的前景

展望未來,隨著公眾接種疫苗計劃,香港經濟預期於2021年錄得整體正面增長,惟復甦程度及速度仍面臨種種不確定因素,例如新型冠狀病毒疫情持續時間及中美關係的發展。在經濟不穩的情況下,我們會緊握穩定的本地住宅物業界別及教育界別、銀行及辦公室的機遇及致力保持業務繼續增長。

#### **Disposal of PFM Business**

Reference was made to the interim report of the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2020. On 6 April 2020, the Company and the potential purchaser (the "Potential Purchaser") entered into a non-legally binding memorandum of understanding in relation to possible disposal of the PFM Business, pursuant to which the Company has intended to dispose of, and the Potential Purchaser has intended to acquire the entire issued share capital of the certain subsidiaries of the Company which are principally engaged in the PFM Business (the "Possible Disposal"). In addition to the Potential Purchaser, the Company has been in negotiation with several potential purchasers for the Possible Disposal.

As at the date of this annual report, no formal agreement has been entered into between the Company and the potential purchasers and the Board will continue to negotiate the terms of the formal agreement with the potential purchasers. The Company will make further announcement(s) should there be any updates in relation to the Possible Disposal as and when appropriate. Details of the Possible Disposal are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 6 April 2020, 18 May 2020, 4 June 2020 and 8 October 2020 respectively.

#### **Financial Position and Financial Risk Management**

As at 31 December 2020, the total outstanding bank loan was HK\$64.0 million, and scheduled to be repaid within one year for supporting ISP operation and business development, details of which are disclosed in note 22 to the financial statements in this annual report. During the Reporting Year, the Group's sources of fund were generated primarily from operating and financing activities (including bank facilities).

#### 出售物業及設施管理業務事項

茲提述本公司截至2020年6月30日止六個月的中期報告。於2020年4月6日,本公司與潛在買方(「潛在買方」)就可能出售物業及設施管理業務事項訂立不具法律約束力之諒解備忘錄,據此,本公司擬出售及潛在買方擬收購本公司之若干附屬公司之全部已發行股本,其主要從事物業及設施管理業務(「可能出售事項」)。除潛在買方外,本公司與多名潛在買方磋商可能出售事項。

於本年報日期,本公司與潛在買方尚未訂立正式協議及董事會將會繼續與潛在買方磋商正式協議之條款。倘有關可能出售事項有任何最新消息,本公司將於適當時候另行刊發公告。可能出售事項詳情分別載於本公司日期為2020年4月6日、2020年5月18日、2020年6月4日及2020年10月8日的公告。

#### 財務狀況及財務風險管理

截至2020年12月31日,計劃於一年內償還之尚未償還銀行貸款總額為港幣64,000,000元,為支持室內裝飾及特殊項目運作及業務發展之營運資金貸款,有關詳情在本年報財務報表附註22中披露。於報告年度,本集團的資金來源主要來自經營活動及融資活動(包括銀行信貸)。

Interest costs on bank borrowings were primarily charged based on a spread over HIBOR. With regard to the current portfolio of businesses, management expects that financial requirements for the foreseeable future will be met from a combination of shareholders' equity and banking facilities. The Group would continue to proactively monitor the financial position and maintain sufficient working capital and liquidity in the way that can enable us to capture any good business opportunities and to meet the challenges ahead.

銀行借貸之利息成本主要按香港銀行同業拆息加息差計算。就現有業務組合而言,管理層預期將以股東權益及銀行信貸之方式應付可預見的未來財務需求。本集團將繼續積極監控其財務狀況,並維持充足營運資本及流動資金以把握任何良好商機及迎接未來挑戰。

The Company placed the 7% convertible bonds in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$42 million (the "Convertible Bonds") on 18 November 2019 pursuant to the placing agreement dated 24 October 2019 (the "Placing") by the placing agents to six placees, being individual and corporate investors who are the independent third parties and are not connected with the Company as well as its connected persons, whereby the Convertible Bonds may be convertible into a maximum of 84 million conversion shares based on the initial conversion price of HK\$0.50 per conversion share upon exercise in full of the conversion rights attaching to the Convertible Bonds. As at 31 December 2020 and up to the date of this annual report, no conversion share has been issued under the Convertible Bonds which will be due in November 2021.

本公司於2019年11月18日根據日期為2019年10月24日的配售協議透過配售代理向六名承配人配售本金總額港幣42,000,000元的7%可換股債券(「可換股債券」)(「配售事項」),承配人為個人及公司投資者(為獨立第三方及與本公司及其關連人士概無關連),據此可換股債券可於可換股債券附帶的轉換權獲悉數行使後按初步兑換價每股換股股份為港幣0.50元換為最多84,000,000股換股股份。於2020年12月31日及直至本年報日期,概無根據可換股債券發行換股股份,而可換股債券將於2021年11月到期。

The gross and net proceeds from the Placing amounted to HK\$42 million and approximately HK\$41 million respectively. The net issue price for the Placing is approximately HK\$0.49 per conversion share. The net proceeds from the Placing were fully used as the general working capital of the Group according to the purpose of the Placing. Details of the Placing are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 24 October 2019 and 18 November 2019 respectively as well as note 25 to the financial statements in this annual report.

配售事項所得款項總額及淨額分別為港幣42,000,000元及約港幣41,000,000元。配售事項淨發行價約為每股換股股份港幣0.49元。配售事項所得款項淨額將按照配售事項的用途悉數用作本集團一般營運資金。配售事項詳情分別載於本公司日期為2019年10月24日及2019年11月18日的公告,以及本年報之財務報表附註25。

Financial position (HK\$'000)	財務狀況(港幣千元)	2020	2019
Total assets	資產總值	628,198	836,365
Receivables and other assets	應收賬款及其他資產	385,974	673,725
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值	215,837	128,344
Current assets	流動資產	601,811	802,069
Payables and other liabilities	應付賬款及其他負債	373,527	534,383
Bank loans	銀行貸款	64,000	131,000
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	38,912	-
Current liabilities	流動負債	476,439	665,383
Other non-current liabilities	其他非流動負債	6,277	4,440
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	-	35,882
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	6,277	40,322
Net assets	資產淨值	145,482	130,660
Net assets per share (HK cents)	每股資產淨值(港幣仙)	28.8	25.9
Current ratio	流動比率	1.3	1.2

The Group adopts a conservative approach in the management of its financial risks and resources, under the supervision of the Executive Committee.

本集團於執行委員會之監管下對其財務風險和 資源採取審慎方式管理。

Interest rate risk arising from bank borrowings is low as interest rates are fixed for short-term periods to take advantage of the lower rates thus available. Interest rates will be subject to fluctuation at the time of renewal.

The Group's business is conducted primarily in Hong Kong, and its majority assets and liabilities are denominated in Hong Kong Dollars. Therefore, the Group has minimal foreign currency exposure. The growth of the Group's business in China has been funded via permanent capital injection, which is for the long-term and as such, foreign currency hedging is considered unnecessary.

It is the Group's policy not to enter into derivative transactions for speculative purposes. It is also the Group's policy not to invest its financial resources in financial products, including hedge funds or similar instruments, with significant underlying leverage or derivative exposure.

There were no material investments, capital commitments or contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2020 and up to the date of this annual report, other than a writ of summons received by ISP Construction (Engineering) Limited ("ISPCE"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, from Fortune, details of which are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 18 January 2021 and the "Writ of Summons" under the section headed "Subsequent Events After 2020" on page 27 of this annual report.

#### **Cash Management**

The Group operates a centralised cash management system. Cash balances surplus to meet immediate requirements are mainly placed as short-term bank deposits with licensed banks in Hong Kong.

我們採用短期固定利率以充分利用當前的低息 環境,故銀行借貸之利率風險較低。利率將可 能於重續時波動。

本集團的業務主要在香港進行,其大部分資產和負債均以港幣計值,因此本集團的外匯風險 甚微。本集團業務在中國之增長透過永久注資 長期撥付資金,因此本集團認為並無必要進行 外匯對沖。

本集團之一貫政策是不會訂立衍生工具交易作 投機炒賣用途,亦不會投資於帶來重大槓桿效 應或衍生工具風險之金融產品上,包括對沖基 金或類似投資工具。

於2020年12月31日及直至本年報日期,除本公司間接全資附屬公司昇柏營造廠(工程)有限公司(「昇柏營造廠」)接獲幸福的傳訊令狀(詳情載於本公司日期為2021年1月18日的公告,以及本年報第27頁「2020年後續事項」一節下的「傳訊令狀」)外,概無重大投資,資本承擔或或然負債。

#### 現金管理

本集團設有中央現金管理系統。應對即時需求 之現金結餘盈餘主要作為短期銀行存款存放於 香港多間持牌銀行。

#### **Human Resources**

As at 31 December 2020, the Group employed a total of 4,879 staff (31 December 2019: 4,944) in Hong Kong and China.

Year 2020 was a year of unprecedented challenges for Hong Kong, with pandemic of novel coronavirus impacting the economy, business and the job market. Throughout the past year, human resources playing a major role in supporting the Group under new normal. From enhancing employee wellness programs, to redesigning working measures, we have been instrumental in maintaining businesses continuity and preparing the Group for sustainable growth. Since the future will bring more flexible, remote-friendly, digital working norms, the changes in processes, workspaces, collaboration systems, and employee wellness are of increasing urgent importance that we will take good care of. In order to sustain our quality services, it is always our long-term goal to retain top talent for the Group. We put a lot of efforts in ensuring our staff members are enjoying competitive remuneration and benefits through market research for regular benchmarking review. Our Human Resources Team always strives their best to keep track of changes in the latest market conditions for attracting more high caliber candidates to join our winning team. In addition, aiming for the mutual growth of the staff and the Group, we do our utmost to invest and share resources with our staff. We have formulated a holistic policy on human capital management with the theme of "We Care We Share 盡展關懷 共享成果". We do believe our staff will reward the Company and customers through providing quality services and thus gain more appreciation and recognition from the customers. Besides, the Human Resources team manages through enhancing the existing Human Resources system aiming to uplift the effectiveness and efficiency of business operations.

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the Reporting Year.

#### 人力資源

截至2020年12月31日,本集團於香港及中國 僱用合共4,879名員工(2019年12月31日:4,944 名)。

2020年是香港面臨前所未有挑戰的一年,新型 冠狀病毒疫情影響了經濟、商業及就業市場。 在過去的一年中,人力資源在新常態下為支持 本集團發揮了重要角色。從加強員工健康計劃 到重新設計工作措施,我們一直在維持業務連 續性和為集團實現可持續發展做準備。由於將 來會帶來更靈活,遠程友好及數碼的工作模 式,因此流程、工作空間、協作系統和員工健 康的變化會變得越來越重要,我們將對此予以 關注。為了維持優質服務,我們的恆常長期目 標是為本集團留聘最優秀人才。我們透過市場 研究以進行定期基準化分析法檢討,竭力確保 員工獲得具競爭力的薪酬及福利。人力資源團 隊一直盡其所能緊貼最新市況變化,以吸納更 多人才加入我們的得獎團隊。此外,為了員工 能與本集團共同成長,我們盡最大可能投資及 與員工分享資源。我們已制定全面的人力資本 管理政策,主題為「We Care We Share 盡展關懷 共享成果」。我們相信員工將以優質服務回饋 本公司及顧客,獲得更多顧客的讚賞及認同。 另外,人力資源團隊有能力透過提升現有人力 資源制度,提升業務營運的有效性及效率。

#### 購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券

本公司或其任何附屬公司於報告年度概無購 買、出售或贖回本公司之任何上市證券。

#### **SUBSEQUENT EVENTS AFTER 2020**

#### **Writ of Summons**

Reference was made to the announcement of the Company dated 18 January 2021. Falcon Insurance Company (Hong Kong) Limited, as the 1st defendant and ISPCE, as the 2nd defendant (collectively, the "Defendants"), received a writ of summons (the "Writ of Summons") on 14 January 2021 issued in the Court of First Instance of the High Court of Hong Kong by Fortune as a plaintiff, against the Defendants for the sum of approximately HK\$54.4 million regarding the Defendants' breaches of the surety bond executed by the Defendants to guarantee due performance and observance by ISPCE for construction of main contract works for Fortune Pharmacal New Factory Development at Yuen Long given the ISPCE breaches of the contract and/or its negligence in carrying out the works. ISPCE is seeking legal advice in respect of the proceeding and defended its position as well as filed the summons with the High Court on 1 March 2021 for a stay of proceedings in favour of arbitration. The hearing for the application to stay of proceedings will be held in mid of June 2021.

#### **Insurance Compensation**

References were made to the announcements of the Company dated 30 January 2020 and 27 January 2021 respectively. The Company entered into the settlement agreement on 25 January 2021 with QBE after the conduction of the mediation regarding the writ of summons received on 23 January 2020 by QBE was made against the Company for a claim of approximately HK\$34.2 million under joint employee compensation insurance policy with Hsin Chong. Under the settlement agreement, it was agreed, among other things, the Company shall pay a sum of HK\$19.5 million to QBE (inclusive of all interests, costs, disbursements, costs of mediation of QBE) in full and final settlement of QBE's claims and all the matters and disputes. The Company has recognized further loss of approximately HK\$10.2 million for the Reporting Year. The settlement will have no material impact on the Group's liquidity position and was for the best interest for the Company.

#### 2020年後續事項

#### 傳訊令狀

#### 保險賠償

茲提述本公司日期分別為2020年1月30日及2021年1月27日的公告。於2021年1月25日,本公司與昆士蘭聯保於進行調解後訂立和解協議,其涉及於2020年1月23日接獲昆士蘭聯保所出具針對本公司的傳訊令狀,以根據與新昌的聯合僱員補償保單索償約港幣34,200,000元。根據和解協議,已協定(其中包括)本公司支付合共港幣19,500,000元(包括所有利息、訟費出及昆士蘭聯保調解之費用)予昆士蘭聯保以全面及最終解決昆士蘭聯保之申索及有關之以全面及最終解決昆士蘭聯保之申索及有關之所有事宜及糾紛。本公司已於報告年度確認進一步虧損約港幣10,200,000元。和解對本集團的流動資金狀況並無重大影響及符合本公司最佳利益。

# PROFILES OF DIRECTORS 董事之簡介



**MR. KINGSTON CHU CHUN HO** 

(aged 35)

Mr. Kingston Chu Chun Ho ("Mr. Chu") was appointed as an Executive Director and the Chairman of the Company with effect from 9 March 2017. He is also a member of each of the Executive Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee.

#### 朱俊浩先生

(35歳)

朱俊浩先生(「朱先生」)自2017年3月9日起獲委任為本公司之執行董事兼主席。彼亦為執行委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會之成員。

Mr. Chu is a licensed person under Securities and Futures Ordinance for Type 1 (dealing in securities) and Type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activities for Kingston Securities Limited and Kingston Corporate Finance Limited, respectively. Mr. Chu is a member of Guangxi Committee of The Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, a member of General Committee of The Chamber of Hong Kong Listed Companies, vice president of Hong Kong CPPCC Youth Association, vice director of Youth Committee of HKCPPCC (Provincial) Members Association, vice president of Federation of Hong Kong Guangxi Community Organisations, vice chairman of Hong Kong Guangdong Youth Association, honorary chairman of Hong Kong Guangxi Youth Organisations and founder chairman of Youth Committee of Hong Kong Federation of Dongguan Associations. Mr. Chu holds a Bachelor Degree of Science in Business Administration from the University of Southern California in the U.S.A.

朱先生分別為金利豐證券有限公司及金利豐財務顧問有限公司於證券及期貨條例項下之第1類(證券交易)及第6類(就機構融資提供意見)受規管活動之持牌人士。朱先生為中國人民政治協商會議廣西壯族自治區政協委員、香港政協有會副主席、香港廣西社團總會副會長、香港廣西社團總會副會長、會副主任、香港廣西社團總會副會長、會副主任、香港廣西書籍廣西書等與實際。 東青年總會副主席、香港廣西青年聯會主席。 朱先生持有美國南加州大學工商管理理學士學位。

Mr. Chu has been an executive director of Kingston Financial Group Limited (stock code: 1031) since 21 August 2015 and an executive director of Sincere Watch (Hong Kong) Limited (stock code: 444) ("Sincere HK") since 29 May 2012, both of which are listed on the main board (the "Main Board") of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

朱先生自2015年8月21日起出任金利豐金融集團有限公司(股份代號:1031)之執行董事及自2012年5月29日起出任Sincere Watch (Hong Kong)Limited(股份代號:444)(「Sincere HK」)之執行董事,該等公司均於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板(「主板」)上市。

Mr. Chu has also been a director of Sincere Watch Limited, a shareholder of Sincere HK since 21 May 2012. He was a non-executive director of New Concepts Holdings Limited (stock code: 2221) from September 2016 to November 2017, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

朱先生亦自2012年5月21日起出任Sincere HK 股東Sincere Watch Limited之董事。彼於2016年9月至2017年11月期間曾出任創業集團(控股)有限公司(股份代號:2221)之非執行董事,該公司於聯交所主板上市。

Mr. Chu is the son of Mrs. Chu Yuet Wah, the ultimate beneficial owner of Champ Key Holdings Limited, which is the controlling shareholder of the Company.

朱先生為李月華女士(本公司控股股東Champ Key Holdings Limited之最終實益擁有人)之兒子。



#### MS. MANDY HUI SUK MAN

MBA, FCCA, FCPA (aged 45)

Ms. Mandy Hui Suk Man ("Ms. Hui") was appointed as an Executive Director and the Deputy Chairman of the Company with effect from 24 April 2019 and the Managing Director for the property and facility management (the "PFM") of the Group with effect from 24 June 2019.

She is also a member of the Executive Committee, the Finance Director of the Group and a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company.

Ms. Hui is responsible for strategic planning and implementation, business development, monitoring operation of the PFM and supervising corporate services teams to improve the operational efficiency of the Group. She is also in charge of the finance and accounting operations, budgetary and financial control, and treasury management of the Group. Ms. Hui is responsible for overseeing merger and acquisition projects implemented by the Group. She is a Certified Public Accountant in Hong Kong and has over 20 years of experience in corporate accounting, financing and taxation. Ms. Hui joined the Group in 2006 and prior to that, she got solid experience in both audit and accounting field. She is also responsible for the company secretarial practice of the Group and is the primary corporate contact person of company secretarial function for the Company. Ms. Hui holds a Master's Degree of Business Administration from Hong Kong Baptist University. She is a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

#### 許淑敏女士

MBA, FCCA, FCPA(45歲)

許淑敏女士(「許女士」)自2019年4月24日起獲委任為本公司之執行董事兼副主席及自2019年6月24日起獲委任為本集團物業及設施管理(「物業及設施管理」)之董事總經理。彼亦為執行委員會之成員、本集團之財務董事及本公司多間附屬公司之董事。

許女士負責戰略規劃及實施、業務發展、監察物業及設施管理營運及監督企業服務團隊以是 升集團之營運效率。彼亦負責本集團財務及 計運作、預算及財務監控、以及庫務管理、 女士負責監督本集團實行的任何併購項目及 持工程。 為香港註冊會計師,於企業會計、融資及年的經驗。許女士在2006年加盟 本集團,在此之前彼於核數及會計範疇推工 本集團,在此之前彼於核數及會計範疇推工 查經驗。彼亦負責本集團公司秘書實務人學 等 為本公司公司秘書職能的主要企業聯絡人 等 為本士持有否認會計師公會及香港會計師公會 的資深會員。

## PROFILES OF DIRECTORS 董事之簡介



MR. LAU MAN TAK

(aged 51)

Mr. Lau Man Tak ("Mr. Lau") has been appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director since 28 September 2017. He is also the chairman of the Audit Committee, and a member of the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee.

Mr. Lau graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University with a bachelor's degree of arts in accountancy in November 1991. He has more than 20 years of experience in finance and accounting. He is an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow member of each of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in the United Kingdom, The Hong Kong Institute of Directors and the Hong Kong Securities and Investment Institute.

Mr. Lau is currently the chairman and a non-executive director of REF Holdings Limited (stock code: 1631), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. He is also an independent non-executive director of each of Kingston Financial Group Limited (stock code: 1031) and Chinese Food and Beverage Group Limited (stock code: 8272), which are companies listed on the Main Board and GEM of the Stock Exchange respectively. Mr. Lau was an executive director and chairman of TEM Holdings Limited ("TEM") since 2015 and was re-designated as a director in January 2021 upon the withdrawal of the listing of TEM by way of privatisation.

#### 劉文德先生

(51歳)

劉文德先生(「劉先生」)自2017年9月28日起獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼亦為審核委員會主席,以及薪酬委員會及提名委員會之成員。

劉先生於1991年11月在香港理工大學畢業, 持有會計學文學士學位。彼於金融及會計方面 擁有逾20年經驗。彼現為香港會計師公會之 會員,亦為英國特許公認會計師公會、香港董 事學會及香港證券及投資學會之資深會員。

劉先生現時為REF Holdings Limited (股份代號: 1631)之主席兼非執行董事,該公司於聯交所主板上市。彼亦為金利豐金融集團有限公司(股份代號: 1031)及華人飲食集團有限公司(股份代號: 8272)之獨立非執行董事,該等公司分別於聯交所主板及GEM上市。劉先生自2015年起擔任TEM Holdings Limited (創新電子控股有限公司\*)(「創新電子」)之執行董事兼主席,並於創新電子以私有化方式撤銷上市地位後於2021年1月調任董事。

\* 僅供識別



#### MR. ERIC LEE HON MAN

(aged 54)

Mr. Eric Lee Hon Man ("Mr. Lee") has been appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director since 28 September 2017. He is the chairman of the Nomination Committee, and a member of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee.

Mr. Lee is currently an independent non-executive director of REF Holdings Limited (stock code: 1631), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. He is also employed by Alliance Capital Partners Limited, a company engaging in advising on corporate finance and dealing in securities, as managing director. Mr. Lee graduated from the University of Birmingham, the United Kingdom with a bachelor's degree of engineering in electronic and electrical engineering in July 1988, and obtained a master's degree in business administration from the Chinese University of Hong Kong in December 1993.

Mr. Lee has over 20 years of experience in the corporate finance industry. He was an independent non-executive director of TEM since April 2016 until his resignation in January 2021 upon the withdrawal of the listing of TEM by way of privatisation. From March 2017 to June 2020, Mr. Lee worked at Orient Capital (Hong Kong) Limited, a company engaging in advising on corporate finance, as managing director of investment banking department. From August 2015 to February 2017, Mr. Lee worked at LY Capital Limited, a company engaging in advising on corporate finance, as a director. From April 2002 to November 2014, Mr. Lee worked at First Shanghai Capital Limited, a company engaging in advising on corporate finance, and his last position was managing director. From July 1997 to March 2002, Mr. Lee worked at DBS Asia Capital Limited, a company engaging in advising on corporate finance, and his last position was vice president.

#### 李翰文先生

(54歳)

李翰文先生(「李先生」)自2017年9月28日起獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼為提名委員會主席,以及審核委員會及薪酬委員會之成員。

李先生現為REF Holdings Limited (股份代號: 1631)之獨立非執行董事,該公司於聯交所主板上市。彼亦受聘於同人融資有限公司擔任董事總經理,該公司從事就機構融資提供意見及證券交易。李先生於1988年7月畢業於英國伯明翰大學,獲工程學士學位(電子及電機工程),並於1993年12月取得香港中文大學工商管理碩士學位。

李先生在企業融資行業有逾20年經驗。彼自2016年4月起擔任創新電子的獨立非執行董事,並於創新電子以私有化方式撤銷上市地位後在2021年1月辭任。李先生於2017年3月至2020年6月為東方融資(香港)有限公司擔任投資銀行部董事總經理,該公司從事就機構融資提供意見。李先生於2015年8月至2017年2月為絡繹資本有限公司的董事,該公司從事就機構融資提供意見。由2002年4月至2014年11月,李先生任職第一上海融資有限公司,該公司從事就機構融資提供意見,而彼離職前職位為董鄉經理。由1997年7月至2002年3月,李先生效力於星展亞洲融資有限公司,該公司從事就機構融資提供意見,而彼離職前職位為副總機構融資提供意見,而彼離職前職位為副總裁。

## PROFILES OF DIRECTORS 董事之簡介



#### MR. TO CHUN WAI

(aged 64)

Mr. To Chun Wai ("Mr. To") has been appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director since 1 March 2021. He is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee, and a member of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee.

Mr. To is at present the chief executive officer of a Hong Kong registered consultancy company, and an independent non-executive director of Auto Italia Holdings Limited (stock code: 720) and Greenheart Group Limited (stock code: 94), both of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. To spent most of his career with the Hong Kong Police, beginning in 1974 and rising up the ranks to Assistant Commissioner (Crime), being responsible for the overall charge of policy designs and operations of, among others, the Commercial Crime Bureau, Organized Crime & Triad Bureau, Criminal Intelligence Bureau, Financial Investigation Bureau (anti money-laundering), and Technology Crime Bureau, until his retirement in 2011.

Mr. To was awarded the Police Meritorious Service Medal by the Chief Executive of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, in recognition of his long and staunch service and contribution to the Hong Kong society. From 2011 to 2012, he served as a part-time tutor at the University of Hong Kong. Between April 2013 and August 2018, he served as the chief strategic officer, chief operating officer, and a non-executive director of Integrated Waste Solutions Group Holdings Limited ("IWS"), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 923), and sat on both the remuneration and nomination committees of IWS during his tenure of services.

Mr. To has wide administrative and management experiences in both the public and private sectors, and holds a master degree of public administration from the University of Hong Kong.

#### 杜振偉先生

(64歳)

杜振偉先生(「杜先生」)自2021年3月1日起獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼為薪酬委員會主席,以及審核委員會及提名委員會之成員。

杜先生現為一間香港註冊顧問公司之行政總裁,並為Auto Italia Holdings Limited(意達利控股有限公司\*)(股份代號:720)及緣心集團有限公司(股份代號:94)之獨立非執行董事,該等公司於聯交所主板上市。杜先生自1974年起大部份職業生涯均於香港警隊服務,於2011年退休之前,彼晉升至助理處長(刑事),全面負責(其中包括)商業罪案調查科、有組織罪案及三合會調查科、刑事情報科、財富調查科(打擊洗錢)及科技罪案調查科之政策設計及行動。

杜先生曾獲香港特別行政區行政長官頒授警察榮譽獎章以表揚其長期卓越服務及對香港社會的貢獻。於2011年至2012年,彼曾任香港大學兼職導師。彼曾於2013年4月至2018年8月擔任綜合環保集團有限公司(「綜合環保」)(股份代號:923)之策略總監、營運總監及非執行董事,該公司之股份於聯交所主板上市,彼於任期內擔任綜合環保之薪酬及提名委員會成員。

杜先生在公私營界別具備豐富行政及管理經 驗,並持有香港大學公共行政碩士學位。

\* 僅供識別

## **PROFILES OF THE GROUP'S KEY PERSONNEL**

# 集團要員之簡介



#### MS. CELINE TAM PUI CHING

MHousMan (HKU), F.PFM, MHKloD, MCIH, RPHM, MHIREA (aged 60)

Ms. Celine Tam Pui Ching ("Ms. Tam") is the Director — Property Management and a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. She is responsible for overseeing daily management operations as well as strategic planning and

business development of the Group's Hong Kong and Kowloon Regions of property management segment.

Ms. Tam, with over 30 years' experience in property and facility management profession, began her career at Hong Kong Housing Department. She was later transferred to the then City and New Territories Administration as Liaison Officer to serve at the deployed District Offices. She left the civil service and gained extensive working experience in the private sector at some well-established property/facility management companies. Prior to her joining to Synergis in May 2017, she was at senior management level when working for a property management subsidiary of a reputable property developer in Hong Kong.

Ms. Tam holds a Master's Degree of Housing Management from The University of Hong Kong. She is an expert in property management with rich experience in related fields. Being the Fellow Member of The Hong Kong Institute of Facility Management, she was elected as the President of the Institute for the year term of 2011–2012. She is currently a Registered Professional Housing Manager who holds membership of Chartered Institute of Housing Asian Pacific Branch, Hong Kong Institute of Real Estate Administrators and The Hong Kong Institute of Directors.

#### 譚佩貞女士

MHousMan (HKU), F.PFM, MHKIOD, MCIH, RPHM, MHIREA (60 歳)

譚佩貞女士(「譚女士」)為董事 — 物業管理及本公司若干附屬公司的董事。彼負責監督本集團香港及九龍區域的物業管理分部日常管理運作、策略規劃與業務發展。

譚女士投身物業及設施管理專業超過30年,最初於香港房屋署服務。彼後來獲調派當時的民政事務總處轄下政務處出任聯絡主任。其後彼離開公務員行列,加盟知名的物業/設施管理公司多年,充分掌握私營物管業界的作業模式。在2017年5月加入昇捷前,彼在香港一間信譽良好的房地產發展商附屬物業管理公司擔任要職。

譚女士持有香港大學房屋管理碩士學位,是一位物業管理專才,對相關行業的營運有豐富經驗。作為香港設施管理學會的資深會員,彼曾當選為2011-2012年度學會會長。彼同時為註冊專業房屋經理,並持有英國特許房屋經理學會亞太分會、香港地產行政師學會及香港董事學會會員資格。

## PROFILES OF THE GROUP'S KEY PERSONNEL 集團要員之簡介



#### MR. IVAN CHEUNG YUK LUNG

BBA, BAHS (Hons), RPHM, FHKIH, MRICS, VBAS Assessor (List 2B), PMP (Tier 1) Licence, Estate Agent's Individual Licence (aged 44)

Mr. Ivan Cheung Yuk Lung ("Mr. Cheung") is the Director — Property Management and a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. He is responsible for the strategic

planning, business development and management operation of the Group's New Territories East and West regions of property management segment as well as car park segment. He is a holder of PMP (Tier 1) Licence and Estate Agent's Individual Licence. He possesses over 20 years of experience in property management.

Mr. Cheung received a Bachelor's Degree of Arts in Housing Studies from the City University of Hong Kong and a Bachelor's Degree of Business Administration in Applied Economics from the Baptist University of Hong Kong. He is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Housing and has served as a council member since 2017. Also, he is a professional member of The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors, a registered professional housing manager of the Housing Managers Registration Board and a national property manager of Human Resources and Social Security Department of Guangdong Province.

Mr. Cheung began his career at Synergis as property officer in 2002. Three years later, he was promoted to assistant property manager and started his managerial career path. After that, he was subsequently promoted to the current position in 2021.

#### 張玉龍先生

BBA, BAHS (Hons), RPHM, FHKIH, MRICS, VBAS Assessor (List 2B), PMP (Tier 1) Licence, Estate Agent's Individual Licence (44歳)

張玉龍先生(「張先生」)為董事 一 物業管理及本公司若干附屬公司之董事。彼負責本集團新界東區、新界西區的物業管理分部和停車場分部的策略規劃、業務發展及管理營運。彼持有物業管理人(第1級)牌照及地產代理(個人)牌照。彼在物業管理行業擁有超過20年經驗。

張先生持有香港城市大學房屋學文學學士學位和香港浸會大學工商管理(應用經濟學)學士學位。彼為香港房屋經理學會的資深會員,並自2017年起擔任該會的理事。彼同時為皇家特許測量師學會的專業會員、房屋經理註冊管理局的註冊專業房屋經理,以及廣東省人力資源和社會保障廳的全國物業管理師。

張先生於2002年加入昇捷擔任管業主任一職, 三年後晉升為助理管業經理,擔任經理職級。 彼之後繼續拾級而上,並於2021年獲晉升至現 時的職位。



MR. LEUNG CHI MING

EMBA, RICS, CIH, CPM (aged 47)

Mr. Leung Chi Ming ("Mr. Leung") is the Regional Director (China) and a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Leung holds an Executive Master's Degree of Business Administration in Real Estate from Shanghai Advanced Institute of Finance. He is also

currently a Registered Professional Housing Manager of Institute of Real Estate Management and a member of each of the Chartered Institute of Housing Asian Pacific Branch and Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyor.

Mr. Leung joined the Group in 1999 and has over 20 years of extensive experience in real estate consultancy and service in Hong Kong and China. He is responsible for the overall strategic planning, business development and management operations of the real estate business of the Group in China.

#### 梁志明先生

EMBA, RICS, CIH, CPM(47歲)

梁志明先生(「梁先生」)為區域董事(中國)及本公司之若干附屬公司之董事。梁先生持有上海高級金融學院房地產專業高級工商管理碩士學位。彼亦為國際房地產管理協會的註冊專業房屋經理以及英國特許房屋經理學會亞太分會及英國皇家特許測量師學會的會員。

梁先生於1999年加入本集團,並於香港及中國之房地產顧問及服務擁有超過20年豐富經驗。彼負責本集團於中國房地產業務之整體規劃、發展策略及管理營運。



**MS. LORNA WONG BIG SEE** 

MSc, MRICS, MHKIS, MHKIFM (aged 56)

Ms. Lorna Wong Big See ("Ms. Wong") joined the Group as an Associate Director of Synergis Facility Management Limited in 2016 and is currently a Deputy Director — Facility Management. She is responsible for overall strategic planning, business development, management

operation and operational policy execution of the facility management business in sustaining added value as well as high quality facility management services delivery to the clientele and investors.

Ms. Wong holds a Master's Degree of Social Science in Counseling from University of South Australia and a Bachelor's Degree of Science in Estate Management from University of Reading in United Kingdom. She is also a member of Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors and Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors.

Ms. Wong possesses over 25 years of experiences in shopping mall management, project management as well as property and facility management perspectives and had served various renowned developers and major consulting firms in Hong Kong prior to the joining of Synergis.

#### 黃碧詩小姐

MSc, MRICS, MHKIS, MHKIFM (56 歲)

黃碧詩小姐(「黃小姐」)於2016年加盟本集團 出任昇捷設施管理有限公司的聯席董事,現為 副董事 一 設施管理。彼負責設施管理業務的 整體策略規劃、業務發展、管理營運及政策落 實以維持增值並致力向客戶及投資者提供優質 設施管理服務。

黃小姐持有南澳大學輔導學理碩士學位及英國 雷丁大學房地產管理理學士學位。彼亦為英國 皇家特許測量師學會會員及香港測量師學會會 員。

在加入昇捷前,黃小姐在商場營運、項目管理 以及物業及設施管理方面擁有逾25年的經驗, 並曾在香港多間著名發展商及大型顧問公司服 務。



#### MR. MARTIN LEE KA FU

MSc, BEng(Hons), CEng, CEnv, MCIBSE, MCIOB, MIET, MCIPHE, FSOE, FIPlantE, PFM, MHKIE, RPE(BSS), REA, REW (CO, HO), PMP (Tier 1) Licence (aged 43)

Mr. Martin Lee Ka Fu ("Mr. Lee") is the Assistant General Manager (Technical) of the property and facility management division and a director of certain subsidiaries of the

Company. He is responsible for all technical issues, business development, budget management of the business as well as the setting up and standardization of relevant technical documentation, systems and procedures.

Mr. Lee graduated with a Bachelor's Degree in Building Service from the University of Central Lancashire and a Master's Degree in Fire and Safety Engineering from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He qualified as a Chartered Building Service Engineer, Chartered Environmentalist and Registered Professional Engineer of the Hong Kong Engineers Registration Board. He is also a corporate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Facility Management and a member of Hong Kong Institute of Engineers.

Mr. Lee possesses over 20 years of experience in projects and facilities maintenance, renovation as well as addition and alternation works. He is an expert in commercial, residential and industrial buildings maintenance works especially for the design and consulting services aspects. Prior to his joining to Synergis in November 2017, he worked for various property management company and consulting firms. He has been involved in monitoring serval renowned renovation projects for commercial buildings, hotel and museum in Hong Kong.

#### 李家富先生

MSc, BEng(Hons),CEng, CEnv, MCIBSE, MCIOB, MIET, MCIPHE, FSOE, FIPlantE, PFM, MHKIE, RPE(BSS), REA, REW (C0, H0), PMP (Tier 1) Licence (43 歳)

李家富先生(「李先生」)為本公司助理總經理 (技術) 一 物業及設施管理部門以及若干附屬 公司之董事。彼負責有關業務之所有技術問 題、業務發展和預算管理以及相關技術文件、 系統和程序的建立及標準化。

李先生畢業於英國中央蘭開夏大學屋宇裝備學士學位及理工大學消防與安全工程學碩士學位。彼持有英國特許工程師、特許環境保護師及香港工程師註冊管理局的註冊專業工程師的資格。彼亦為香港設施管理學會的機構會員及香港工程師學會的會員。

李先生在項目與設施維護、翻新和改建及加建工程具有逾20多年的經驗。彼尤其於設計及諮詢服務方面為商業、住宅及工業大廈的維護工程之專家。李先生在2017年11月加入昇捷前,彼曾在多間物業管理和顧問公司任職。彼曾參與多個於香港著名的商業大廈、酒店及博物館的翻新項目之監督工作。



#### **MR. GARY TSE CHI CHIU**

MEng (Civil & Architectural), CEng, MIStructE, MCIOB, MHKIE, MHKICM, ICE, RPE(Structural), Chartered Construction Manager (aged 43)

Mr. Gary Tse Chi Chiu ("Mr. Tse") was appointed as an Acting Managing Director for the interiors and special projects business (the "ISP Business") and a member of the Executive

Committee with effect from 7 May 2020. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company and is responsible for strategic planning, business development and overall operation of ISP Business and in charge of Planning, Engineering and Plant Department of the Group.

Mr. Tse joined interiors and special projects division in 2011. He has strong background in structural design and consultation knowledge and processes 19 years of experience in the design, construction, supervision and project management. He has also been involved in various building, civil and renovation projects in Hong Kong, Macau, United Kingdom and Middle East.

Mr. Tse is a qualified contractor specialising in construction management in a wide range of construction projects including high rise class residential and commercial development, social facilities, shopping complex, hotel, hospital building; fitting-out works together with alteration and addition works, major demolition and repair works. He also qualified as a combined Chartered Civil and Structural Engineer as well as a Registered Professional Engineer.

#### 謝志超先生

MEng (Civil & Architectural), CEng, MIStructE, MCIOB, MHKIE, MHKICM, ICE, RPE(Structural), Chartered Construction Manager (43 歲)

謝志超先生(「謝先生」)自2020年5月7日起獲委任為室內裝飾及特殊項目業務(「室內裝飾及特殊項目業務」)的署理董事總經理及執行委員會之成員。彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事,負責室內裝飾及特殊項目業務的整體策略、業務發展和管理營運以及負責本集團規劃工程及工廠部。

謝先生在2011年加入室內裝飾及特殊項目部門。彼於結構設計及諮詢方面擁有深厚的背景並具有19年的設計、建築、監督及項目管理的經驗。彼亦曾參與香港、澳門、英國以及中東的各種建築、土木及翻新項目。

謝先生為合資格的承建商,專門從事各種建築項目的建築管理包括高層住宅及商業發展項目、社區設施、購物中心、酒店、醫院大樓、室內裝飾工程和改建及加建工程以及大型拆卸和修理工程。彼亦持有聯合註冊的土木和結構工程師以及註冊專業工程師的資格。



#### **MR. YUNG HEUNG WING**

(aged 43)

Mr. Yung Heung Wing ("Mr. Yung") is a director of certain subsidiaries of Company and is responsible for strategic planning, business development and overall operation of interiors, new building and alteration and addition works. He also oversees the Construction and

Operation Department, HSEQ Department, Procurement Department and Planning and Engineering Department.

Mr. Yung holds a Master's Degree in Construction Management from Greenwich University. Besides, he joined interiors and special projects division since 2011, he has been also responsible for on-site construction operation and abundant practices from feasibility study to completion of building construction. During the career in two decades, his experience covers cross-variety construction project management including large-scale revitalization of industrial building, Grade A office, residential estate, hotel, shopping complex, recreational facility and Museum.

#### 容向榮先生

(43歳)

容向榮先生(「容先生」)為本公司若干附屬公司 之董事,負責室內裝飾、新樓建設和改建及加 建工程的策略規劃、業務發展及管理營運。彼 亦負責監督本公司多個部門,包括建造及營運 部、健康安全環境品質部、採購部以及工程規 劃部。

容先生持有英國格林威治大學所頒發的建築管理學碩士學位。此外,他自2011年起加入室內裝飾及特殊項目部門,彼亦致力負責現場施工管理以及從可行性研究到建築竣工的實踐。在20年的職業生涯中,彼的經驗涵蓋了多樣化的建築項目管理,包括大型活化工廈、甲級寫字樓、住宅項目、酒店、購物中心、休閒設施及博物館。

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

## 企業管治報告

The Company recognises the interests of and its responsibility to one of its most important stakeholders — the shareholders. Synergis is committed to upholding high standards of corporate governance as a means of protecting and enhancing shareholder value and ensuring the integrity of operations of the Group. Synergis's corporate governance standards are built on the principles of independence, accountability, transparency and fairness with an appropriate system of checks and balances.

本公司深明股東是最重要之持份者之一,並對股東承擔責任。昇捷致力維持高度企業管治水平,以保障及提升股東價值,同時確保本集團誠實公正運作。昇捷的企業管治標準建基於獨立性、問責性、透明度及公平性原則,並制訂完善檢討及平衡制度。

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE**

The Company has applied the principles, code provisions and certain recommended best practices set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange.

Throughout the Reporting Year, the Company has complied with all code provisions of the CG Code and, where appropriate, the applicable recommended best practices of the CG Code.

#### **MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS**

The Board has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules (as amended from time to time by the Stock Exchange) as its own code of conduct for regulating securities transactions by Directors. Having made specific enquiry by the Company, all Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the Reporting Year.

The Board has further adopted the Model Code as the written guidelines for regulating securities transactions by the senior management (whose names are set out in Profiles of the Group's Key Personnel on pages 33 to 38 of this annual report) and certain employees (collectively, the "Relevant Employees") of the Group. The Board believes that the Relevant Employees may, by virtue of their positions, likely be in possession of unpublished inside information of the Group.

#### 企業管治守則

本公司已應用聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄14所載之《企業管治守則》(「企業管治守則」)之原則、守則條文及若干建議最佳常規。

於報告年度,本公司已遵守企業管治守則之所 有守則條文,並在適當情況下,遵守企業管治 守則之適用的建議最佳常規。

#### 董事進行證券交易之標準守則

董事會已採納上市規則附錄10所載之《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》(「標準守則」)(經聯交所不時修訂)作為其規管本公司董事進行證券交易之操守準則。經本公司作出特定查詢後,所有董事均確認彼等於本報告年度一直遵守標準守則所規定之標準。

董事會進一步採納標準守則作為規管本集團高層管理人員(彼等之姓名載於本年報第33至38頁集團要員之簡介)及若干僱員(統稱「有關僱員」)進行證券交易之書面指引。董事會相信有關僱員可憑藉本身職位取得本集團未公開之內幕消息。

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Composition**

During the Reporting Year and up to the date of this annual report, the Board comprised the following Directors:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Kingston Chu Chun Ho (Chairman)

Ms. Mandy Hui Suk Man (Deputy Chairman and Managing Director for PFM business)

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Lau Man Tak

Mr. Eric Lee Hon Man

Mr. To Chun Wai (appointed with effect from 1 March 2021)

Dr. Wong Yun Kuen (resigned with effect from 23 December 2020)

An updated list of Directors identifying their roles and functions is available on the websites of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk) and the Company (www.synergis.com.hk).

Coming from diverse businesses and professional backgrounds, the Board members possess a balance of skills, expertise and diversity of perspectives appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Group and they are collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising the Company's affairs. Save as disclosed in the Profiles of Directors set out on pages 28 to 32 of this annual report, there is no relationship among the Board members.

Following the resignation of Dr. Wong Yun Kuen as an Independent Non-executive Director, the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of each of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee with effect from 23 December 2020, the Company failed to comply with Rules 3.10(1), 3.21 and 3.25 of the Listing Rules. Pursuant to Rule 3.11, 3.23 and 3.27, the Company should appoint sufficient number of independent non-executive directors and make appropriate appointment to the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee within three months after failing to meet the requirements under Rules 3.10(1), 3.21 and 3.25 of the Listing Rules.

#### 董事會

#### 組成

於本報告年度及直至本年報日期,董事會由以 下董事組成:

#### 執行董事

朱俊浩先生(主席)

許淑敏女士(副主席兼物業及設施管理業務 董事總經理)

#### 獨立非執行董事

劉文德先生

李翰文先生

杜振偉先生(自2021年3月1日起獲委任)

黃潤權博士(自2020年12月23日起辭任)

董事名單更新版本可於聯交所網站(www. hkexnews.hk)及本公司網站(www.synergis.com. hk)供查閱,當中會列明各董事之職能及責任。

董事會成員來自不同行業及專業背景,具備切合本集團業務需要的全面技能、專業知識及多元化觀點。彼等共同負責領導及監督本公司的事務,以協助本公司成功發展。除於本年報第28頁至第32頁所載董事之簡介所披露者外,董事會成員之間並無任何關係。

於黃潤權博士自2020年12月23日起辭任獨立 非執行董事、薪酬委員會主席以及審核委員會 及提名委員會成員後,本公司未能遵守上市規 則第3.10(1)、3.21及3.25條。根據上市規則第 3.11、3.23及3.27條,本公司應於未能符合上市 規則第3.10(1)、3.21及3.25條的規定後三個月 內委任足夠的獨立非執行董事,並對審核委員 會及薪酬委員會作出適當委任。

The Company has appointed Mr. To Chun Wai as an Independent Non-executive Director, the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of each of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee with effect from 1 March 2021. Following the appointment of Mr. To Chun Wai, the Company is in compliance with the relevant requirements under Rules 3.10(1), 3.21 and 3.25 of the Listing Rules.

The Company currently has three Independent Non-executive Directors representing more than one-third of the total number of Board members and is in compliance with the requirement under Rule 3.10 of the Listing Rules. The views of the Independent Non-executive Directors carry weight in the Board's decisions, and their participation helps the Board exercise judgement, make decisions and act objectively in the interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

Each of the Independent Non-executive Directors has given to the Company an annual confirmation of independence in compliance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers that all the Independent Non-executive Directors are and have remained independent. Mr. Lau Man Tak, chairman of the Audit Committee, has the appropriate accounting and financial management expertise required under Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules.

The Board members, including all the Independent Non-executive Directors, are expressly identified in all corporate communications which disclose the names of the Directors of the Company.

#### **Functions**

The Board has an ultimate oversight of the Group's activities. Its primary functions are to set and direct the Company's strategy and to monitor and measure the management's performance. The Board is accountable for the overall strategic development of the Group with the objective to enhance shareholder value. Material matters are reserved for the Board's considerations or decisions which include, among other things, overall strategy of the Group, business plans, annual budgets, significant capital expenditure, interim and annual results and reports, dividend policy and payments, material acquisitions, disposals or investment proposals, directors' appointments, re-appointments or removal, and other material transactions.

The Board has delegated certain of its responsibilities to the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Executive Committee. It has also delegated the day-to-day operations of the Group's business to the senior management. Delegation of duties to the Board committees and daily business operations to the management are discussed on pages 47 to 55 of this report.

本公司已於2021年3月1日起委任杜振偉先生 為獨立非執行董事、薪酬委員會主席以及審核 委員會及提名委員會成員。於杜振偉先生獲委 任後,本公司已符合上市規則第3.10(1)、3.21 及3.25條的相關規定。

本公司現時有3名獨立非執行董事,佔董事會成員總人數三分之一以上,符合上市規則第3.10條之規定。獨立非執行董事之意見於董事會決策中極具影響力,彼等幫助董事會行使判斷、作出決定及採取符合本公司與其股東整體利益之客觀行動。

各位獨立非執行董事已遵照上市規則第3.13條之規定就彼等之獨立性向本公司提交年度確認函。本公司認為所有獨立非執行董事現時及一直保持獨立。審核委員會主席劉文德先生具備上市規則第3.10(2)條所規定的合適會計及財務管理專長。

董事會成員(包括各獨立非執行董事)均明確地 載列於所有披露本公司董事姓名的企業通訊 中。

#### 職能

董事會為本集團業務之最高監督組織,其主要職能為制定本公司之策略並提供指引,亦同時監察及評估管理層之表現。董事會負責本集團之整體策略發展,以致力提升股東價值為目標。所有重大事宜均留待董事會考慮或決定,有關事宜包括(其中包括)本集團整體策略與民務計劃、年度預算、重大資本開支、中期與策度業績及報告、股息政策及分派、重大收購、實業績及報告、股息政策及分派、重大收購、出售或投資建議、委任、重新委任或罷免董事、及其他重大交易。

董事會已將其若干責任轉授予審核委員會、薪酬委員會、提名委員會以及執行委員會。董事會亦已授權高層管理人員處理本集團業務之日常營運。有關轉授職責予董事會轄下的委員會及授權管理層處理日常營運之詳情,將於本報告第47頁至第55頁討論。

#### **Board Chairman and Managing Director**

Code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code provides that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the chairman and chief executive should be clearly established and set out in writing.

Mr. Kingston Chu Chun Ho is the Chairman of the Board. The role of chief executive of the Company is played by two managing directors responsible for our PFM Business and ISP Business respectively. Ms. Mandy Hui Suk Man is the Managing Director for PFM Business. Mr. David Chan Tat Wai was the Acting Managing Director for the ISP Business until 6 May 2020, and Mr. Gary Tse Chi Chiu has been appointed as the Acting Managing Director for the ISP Business with effect from 7 May 2020.

At all times, the Chairman of the Board and the Managing Directors are not related to each other and there are clear divisions among their responsibilities with a view to achieving a balance of power and authority. The Chairman of the Board provides leadership to the Board in terms of formulating policies and strategies, and discharges those duties set out in code provision A.2 of the CG Code. The Managing Directors have the overall responsibility of implementing the decisions, policies and strategies approved by the Board, and overseeing the Group's business and operations. The duties of the Chairman and the Managing Directors are set out in their respective service agreements entered into with the Company.

With the support from the Executive Director and the Company Secretary, the Chairman of the Board ensures that all Directors are properly briefed on all issues arising from Board meetings and receive adequate, complete and reliable information in a timely manner.

#### **Appointment, Re-election and Removal of Directors**

The Board has assumed the responsibility to consider the appointment, re-election and removal of the Directors. The Board set up a Nomination Committee in 2011 to recommend the appointment, re-election and removal of the Directors.

All the Independent Non-executive Directors have entered into letters of appointment with the Company for a term of three years subject to the requirements of the Listing Rules and the bye-laws of the Company ("Bye-laws"), including the requirement of retirement by rotation and re-election or standing for re-election at annual general meetings ("AGM(s)") of the Company at least once every three years. The term is renewable upon expiry.

#### 董事會主席及董事總經理

企業管治守則之守則條文第A.2.1條訂明,主席及行政總裁之職能必須分開,且不可由同一人兼任。主席及行政總裁之責任分工應以書面形式清楚列明。

朱俊浩先生為董事會主席。本公司行政總裁之職務由兩名董事總經理擔任,彼等分別負責我們的物業及設施管理業務以及室內裝飾及特殊項目業務。許淑敏女士為物業及設施管理業務董事總經理。陳達偉先生擔任室內裝飾及特殊項目業務署理董事總經理至2020年5月6日,謝志超先生於2020年5月7日起獲委任為室內裝飾及特殊項目業務署理董事總經理。

董事會主席及董事總經理之間一直並無任何關係及彼等之責任有明確區分,以確保權力及職權的平衡。董事會主席領導董事會制訂政策及策略,以及履行企業管治守則守則條文第A.2條所載的職責。董事總經理負責實行董事會通過之所有決定、政策及策略,並監察本集團之業務及營運。主席及董事總經理的職責分別載於彼等各自與本公司訂立之服務協議內。

在執行董事及公司秘書的協助下,董事會主席 確保在董事會會議上所有董事均適當知悉當前 的事項,並適時收到充份且完備及可靠的資 料。

#### 委任、重選及罷免董事

董事會負責考慮委任、重選及罷免董事。董事 會於2011年設立提名委員會,就董事之委任、 重選及罷免作出建議。

所有獨立非執行董事均與本公司簽訂任期為3年之委任函,惟須遵守上市規則及本公司細則(「細則」)之規定,包括最少每3年一次於本公司股東周年大會(「股東周年大會」)上輪席告退並膺選連任或尋求重選連任之規定。於任期屆滿後可予續期。

Any new Director to be appointed by the Company shall be provided with information on duties and obligations of director, relevant regulatory requirements and the Group's business affairs. All Directors appointed to fill a casual vacancy on the Board or as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company or next following AGM respectively and shall then be eligible for re-election at the meeting according to the Bye-laws.

任何獲本公司委任之新董事,將獲提供有關董事職責及責任、相關監管規則及本集團業務之資料。所有為填補董事會臨時空缺或增加現有董事名額而獲委任之董事任期僅分別至本公司下屆股東大會或下屆股東周年大會為止,並有資格根據細則於該股東大會上重選。

#### **Board Meetings**

Regular Board meetings are held at least four times a year at approximately quarterly intervals. Tentative dates of regular Board meetings for next year are scheduled approaching the end of each calendar year in order to facilitate the Directors to plan for attendance of the meetings. Additional Board meetings will be convened, as and when required, to deal with ad hoc issues. Any Director who is not able to present physically may participate at any Board meeting through electronic means of communication, such as conference telephone or other similar communication equipment, in accordance with the Bye-laws.

#### **Board Proceedings**

Notice convening each regular Board meeting is sent at least 14 days in advance, and reasonable notice is given for other Board meetings. The Company Secretary assists the Chairman of the Board to prepare the meeting notice and agenda. Each Director may include any item in the agenda. The agenda, accompanied by meeting papers with sufficient and reliable information, are sent to each Director normally not less than three days before the date of a Board meeting to enable the Directors to make informed decisions on the matters to be discussed, except where a Board meeting is convened on a very urgent basis to consider any urgent ad hoc matter.

The Company Secretary is responsible for taking minutes of the Board meetings, drafts and final versions of which will be circulated to Directors for comment and records, respectively, and in both cases, within a reasonable time after each meeting. Minutes shall record in sufficient detail the matters considered by the Board at the meeting and decisions reached, including any concerns raised by the Directors or dissenting view (if any) expressed. Minutes of Board meetings are kept by the Company Secretary and open for inspection to any Director on request.

#### 董事會會議

董事會定期會議每年最少舉行4次,約每季一次。翌年董事會定期會議之暫定舉行日期將於每年近年底時編訂,以便董事安排出席有關會議。董事會亦將於有需要時召開額外的董事會會議,以處理突發事務。根據細則之規定,任何未能親身出席董事會會議之董事,可透過電話會議或其他類似通訊設備等電子通訊方式參與董事會會議。

#### 董事會程序

董事會定期會議之通告於會議召開前最少14 日發出,而董事會其他會議之通告則於合理時間內發出。公司秘書負責協助董事會主席擬備會議通告及議程。每位董事皆有機會將任何事項納入議程之內。一般在舉行董事會會議前最少3日,送出會議議程及其他具備充足可靠資料之會議文件予每位董事(除非董事會會議於緊急情況下召開以考慮任何緊急突發事項),使董事能夠就提出的事項作出知情決定。

公司秘書須負責撰寫董事會會議記錄,其初稿 及最終稿須在每次董事會會議結束後的合理時間內發送予董事評議,而最終稿則予以存檔。 會議記錄須對董事會會議上各董事所考慮的事項及達致的決定作出足夠詳細之記錄,其中包括董事提出之任何關注事項或表達之異議(如有)。董事會會議記錄由公司秘書備存,並按要求公開予任何董事查閱。

All Directors have access to the Company Secretary who is responsible for ensuring that Board procedures are complied with and all applicable rules and regulations relating to Board process are followed. Directors have full and timely access to all relevant information, including reports from the Board committees and reports from the management. They are also provided with updates on the latest developments of the Listing Rules and other relevant legal and regulatory changes and matters of relevance to the Directors in discharging their duties as and when appropriate.

To assist the Directors to discharge their duties, the Board has adopted written procedures for any Director who wishes to seek independent professional advice at the Company's expenses.

Board approval is also given by circulation of resolution in writing pursuant to the Bye-laws on urgent matters which require decisions in a tight timeframe and hence convening a Board meeting is difficult or not practicable. In the case where a resolution in writing is circulated, sufficient information and explanatory materials will also be provided to the Directors at the same time.

If a substantial shareholder or a Director has a conflict of interest in a matter (including material transactions with connected persons) which the Board determines to be material, the Board will hold a meeting to consider the relevant matter.

Appropriate insurance cover on Directors' and officers' liabilities has been arranged to protect the Directors and officers of the Group.

所有董事均有聯絡公司秘書之途徑,而公司秘書有責任確保董事會程序獲依循及所有關於董事會程序的適用規則及規例均獲遵守。董事均可適時全面取得所有相關資料,包括董事會轄下的委員會之報告及管理層之報告。彼等亦獲適時提供有關上市規則之最新發佈及其他有關法例及監管規例變動之最新信息,以及與董事履行彼等職責有關之事宜。

為協助董事履行彼等之職責,董事會已採納書 面程序,以便任何董事尋求獨立專業意見,費 用則由本公司支付。

如有緊急事項須於緊迫時限內作出決定,並因 此難以或不能召開董事會會議,則根據細則, 董事會可透過傳閱書面決議方式批准有關事 項。在傳閱書面決議時,充分之資料及説明材 料亦將同時提供予董事。

若有主要股東或董事在某一事項(包括與關連 人士的重大交易)中存有董事會認為重大的利 益衝突時,董事會將舉行會議以考慮有關事 項。

本集團已購買適當之董事及高級職員責任保 險,為其董事及高級職員提供保障。

#### **Attendances of Meetings**

Eight Board meetings, two Audit Committee meetings, one Remuneration Committee meeting, one Nomination Committee meeting and one general meeting were held during the Reporting Year. Attendances of these meetings by Directors are set out below:

#### 會議出席情況

於報告年度內,曾經舉行8次董事會會議、2 次審核委員會會議、1次薪酬委員會會議、1次 提名委員會會議及1次股東大會。下表載列董 事出席該等會議之情況:

#### Meetings attended/Eligible to attend

出席/具資格出席會議

Name of Directors	董事姓名	Board 董事會	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會	General Meeting 股東大會
<b>Executive Directors</b>	執行董事					
Kingston Chu Chun Ho	朱俊浩	8/8	n/a	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mandy Hui Suk Man	許淑敏	8/8	n/a	n/a	n/a	1/1
Independent	獨立非執行董事					
Non-executive Directors						
Lau Man Tak	劉文德	8/8	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
Eric Lee Hon Man	李翰文	8/8	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
Wong Yun Kuen (resigned with effect from	黄潤權 (自2020年12月23日					
23 December 2020)	起辭任)	7/7	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1

n/a: not applicable

n/a: 不適用

During the Reporting Year, the Chairman of the Board also held one meeting with the Independent Non-executive Directors without the other Director present.

於報告年度,董事會主席亦與獨立非執行董事在沒有其他董事出席下舉行一次會議。

Code provision A.6.7 of the CG Code provides that independent non-executive directors and other non-executive directors should attend general meetings to gain and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders generally. All Independent Non-executive Directors attended the AGM held on 22 May 2020 by electronic means or in person.

企業管治守則之守則條文第A.6.7條訂明,獨立 非執行董事及其他非執行董事應出席股東大 會,並對股東的意見有全面公正的了解。全體 獨立非執行董事均已通過電子方式或親身出席 於2020年5月22日舉行之股東周年大會。

#### **Directors' Training and Professional Development**

Every Director keeps abreast of responsibilities as a Director of the Company and of the conduct, business activities and development of the Company.

Directors are aware of the requirement under code provision A.6.5 of the CG Code regarding continuous professional development. During the Reporting Year, the Company provided reading materials to the Directors for self-study. In addition, the Directors have attended external courses or conferences organised by various organisations for their own continuous training.

Directors also reviewed the business and financial updates and other reading materials provided to them concerning latest developments in corporate governance practices, and relevant legal and regulatory developments. A record of the Directors' participation in various continuous professional development programme is kept by the company secretarial department. A summary of training received by the Directors for the Reporting Year according to the records provided by the Directors is as follows:

#### 董事培訓及專業發展

每位董事均會時常更新有關本公司董事責任,以及本公司的經營、業務活動及動向的資料。

董事均知曉企業管治守則下守則條文第 A.6.5 條 有關持續專業發展的規定。於報告年度,本公司曾為董事提供閱讀資料供自我進修。此外, 董事已參加由不同機構舉辦的外界課程或會 議,以接受持續培訓。

董事亦審閱彼等獲提供之業務及財務的更新資料以及其他有關企業管治常規及相關法律及法規演進最新發展的閱覽資料。1份董事參與不同持續專業發展項目的記錄,由公司秘書部保存。董事於截至報告年度所接受培訓的概要(根據董事所提供的記錄編製)如下:

Name of Directors	董事姓名	Giving talks or attending seminars/conferences/forums  舉行講座或出席 研討會/會議/論壇	Reading newspapers, journals and updates relating to the economy, general business, accounting, laws, rules and regulations, etc 閱讀關於經濟、 -般商業、會計、法律、規則及法規等方面之報章、期刊及最新資訊
Kingston Chu Chun Ho	朱俊浩	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
Mandy Hui Suk Man	許淑敏	$\checkmark$	$\sqrt{}$
Lau Man Tak	劉文德	$\checkmark$	$\sqrt{}$
Eric Lee Hon Man	李翰文	$\checkmark$	$\sqrt{}$
Wong Yun Kuen	黃潤權		
(resigned with effect from	(自2020年12月23日		
23 December 2020)	起辭任)	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

Each of the Board committees, namely, the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Executive Committee, is to assist in the execution of the Board's responsibilities and to oversee particular aspect of the Group's affairs. Each Board committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge its duties properly, and holds meetings in accordance with the Bye-laws, its specific written terms of reference and, where applicable, the proceedings of Board meeting.

#### **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee currently comprises three Independent Nonexecutive Directors. The members of Audit Committee during the Reporting Year and up to date of this report were:

Mr. Lau Man Tak (Chairman)

Mr. Eric Lee Hon Man

Mr. To Chun Wai (appointed with effect from 1 March 2021)

Dr. Wong Yun Kuen (resigned with effect from 23 December 2020)

None of the Audit Committee members is or has been a former partner of the Company's existing external auditor for the past two years.

The Audit Committee is primarily responsible for conducting an independent and objective review of the financial reporting process, internal controls and audit function with emphasis on:

- (i) appraise the quality of the audit effort of the Company's internal and external auditors;
- serve as an independent and objective party to review the financial information presented by management to shareholders, regulators and the general public;
- (iii) ascertain the adequacy of the Company's systems of risk management and internal control which management and the Board have established: and
- (iv) serve as useful channel of communication between the Board and the external and internal auditors on matters relating to and arising out of the external and internal audit.

The authority and duties of the Audit Committee are set out in its specific written terms of reference. Full text of the terms of reference of the Audit Committee is available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

#### 董事委員會

各董事委員會(即審核委員會、薪酬委員會、 提名委員會及執行委員會)均為協助執行董事 會之責任,並專責監督本集團事務之某一特定 範疇。每個董事委員會均獲提供充足資源,可 適當地履行其職責,並根據細則、其特定書面 職權範圍及董事會議事程序(如適用)舉行會 議。

#### 審核委員會

審核委員會目前由三名獨立非執行董事組成。 於報告年度及直至本報告日期,審核委員會的 成員如下:

劉文德先生(主席)

李翰文先生

杜振偉先生(自2021年3月1日起獲委任) 黃潤權博士(自2020年12月23日起辭任)

概無審核委員會成員現時或於過去兩年曾經為 本公司現任外聘核數師之前合夥人。

審核委員會主要負責就財務申報程序、內部監 控及審核職能進行獨立及客觀之檢討,並專注 於以下事項:

- (i) 評估本公司內部及外聘核數師之審核工 作質素;
- (ii) 以獨立及客觀身份審核由管理層向股 東、監管機構及公眾呈報之財務資料:
- (iii) 釐定管理層及董事會設立的本公司風險 管理及內部監控系統是否充分;及
- (iv) 就關於外部及內部審核及由其產生的事項,擔任董事會與外部及內部核數師之間有效的溝通渠道。

審核委員會之權限及職責載於其特定書面職權 範圍內。審核委員會之職權範圍全文已登載於 本公司及聯交所網站內。

The principal duties of the Audit Committee include, among other things, recommending to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment or removal of the Company's external auditor and on its remuneration; reviewing the Company's interim and annual financial statements and other financial reports; and reviewing the Company's financial reporting system, internal control procedures (including monitoring the effectiveness of the internal audit function) and risk management system. The Audit Committee has explicit authority to investigate any activity within its duties and responsibilities and the authority to obtain external legal or other independent professional advice if it considers necessary.

The Audit Committee shall meet at least twice a year. During the Reporting Year, two Audit Committee meetings were held. Attendances of the meetings have been disclosed on page 45 of this report.

During the Reporting Year, the Audit Committee members with the participation of the internal and external auditors and the management, (i) reviewed the risk management and internal control systems of the Group; (ii) reviewed the annual results for the year ended 31 December 2019 and the interim results for the period ended 30 June 2020 and the related financial statements of the Company with a view to ensuring that these financial statements were prepared in accordance with the accounting principles and standards generally accepted in Hong Kong and considered the reports from the external auditor on the scope and findings of its independent review of the interim financial statements and audit of the annual financial statements; (iii) reviewed the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions and their training programmes and budget; (iv) reviewed and approved the external auditor's fees for audit and non-audit services; (v) reviewed the independence of external auditor; and (vi) recommended the Board to nominate the re-appointment of the external auditor at AGM.

There is no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee's view on re-appointment of external auditor, and they both have agreed to recommend the re-appointment of BDO Limited as the Company's external auditor for the ensuing year at the 2021 AGM.

審核委員會之主要職責包括(當中包括)就委任、重新委任或罷免本公司外聘核數師及就其酬金向董事會作出建議:審閱本公司中期及年度財務報表以及其他財務報告;並檢討本公司之財務申報制度、內部監控程序(包括監管內部審核職能之成效)及風險管理制度。審核委員會具清晰權限,可在其職責及責任範圍內調查任何活動,並有權於其認為必需時取得外聘法律或其他獨立專業意見。

審核委員會須每年至少舉行兩次會議。於報告年度,審核委員會舉行了2次會議。出席會議 之情況已於本報告第45頁披露。

於報告年度,審核委員會成員已連同內部及外聘核數師與管理層(i)審閱本集團之風險管理及內部監控制度:(ii)審閱本公司截至2019年12月31日止年度的年度業績及截至2020年6月30日止期間的中期業績以及相關財務報表,以確保該等財務報表根據香港公認會計原則及準則編製及省覽外聘核數師就其對中期與年度財務報表進行獨立審閱和審核之範圍及就所得結果審核出之報告:(iii)檢討本集團的會計、內經經濟學與一個人類,以及被等的培訓課程及預算。(iv)檢討外聘核數師的審核及非審核服務費用;(v)檢討外聘核數師的獨立性:及(vi)建議董事會在股東周年大會上提名重新委任外聘核數師。

董事會及審核委員會就重新委任外聘核數師上並無分歧意見,而彼等均已同意於即將舉行之2021年股東周年大會上,建議重新委任香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司為本公司來年之外聘核數師。

#### **Remuneration Committee**

The Remuneration Committee currently comprises four Directors, a majority of whom are Independent Non-executive Directors. The members of the Remuneration Committee during the Reporting Year and up to date of this report were:

Mr. To Chun Wai (Chairman) (appointed with effect from 1 March 2021)

Mr. Kingston Chu Chun Ho

Mr. Lau Man Tak

Mr. Fric Lee Hon Man

Dr. Wong Yun Kuen (resigned with effect from 23 December 2020)

The authority and duties of the Remuneration Committee are set out in its specific written terms of reference. Full text of the terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee is available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The Remuneration Committee is primarily responsible for reviewing the remuneration policy of the Group and the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management of the Company. Its duties are summarised below:

- make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- (ii) review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;
- (iii) make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual Executive Directors and senior management;
- (iv) make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of Nonexecutive Directors;
- consider salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities, and employment conditions elsewhere in the Group;

#### 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會目前由四名董事組成,以獨立非執 行董事佔多數。於報告年度及直至本報告日期,薪酬委員會的成員如下:

杜振偉先生(主席)(自2021年3月1日起獲委任) 朱俊浩先生

劉文德先生

李翰文先生

黃潤權博士(自2020年12月23日起辭任)

薪酬委員會之權限及職責載於其特定書面職權 範圍內。薪酬委員會之職權範圍全文已登載於 本公司及聯交所網站內。

薪酬委員會主要負責檢討本集團之薪酬政策及 本公司董事與高層管理人員之薪酬待遇。其職 責概述如下:

- (i) 就本公司所有董事及高層管理人員薪酬 之政策及架構,以及就發展薪酬政策而 訂立一套正式且具透明度之程序,向董 事會作出建議;
- (ii) 經參考董事會之企業目的及目標後,檢 討及批准管理層之薪酬建議;
- (iii) 就個別執行董事及高層管理人員之薪酬 待遇,向董事會作出建議;
- (iv) 就非執行董事之薪酬,向董事會作出建 議;
- (v) 考慮比較公司支付的薪金,須付出的時間及職責,以及本集團內其他職位的僱用條件;

- (vi) review and approve compensation payable to Executive Directors and senior management for any loss or termination of office or appointment to ensure that it is consistent with contractual terms and is otherwise fair and not excessive;
- (vii) review and approve compensation arrangements, relating to dismissal or removal of Directors for misconduct to ensure that they are consistent with contractual terms and are otherwise reasonable and appropriate; and
- (viii) ensure that no Director or any of his associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration.

The Remuneration Committee shall meet at least once a year. During the Reporting Year, one Remuneration Committee meeting was held. Attendance of the meeting has been disclosed on page 45 of this report.

During the Reporting Year, the Remuneration Committee members reviewed (i) the bonus distribution proposal of the senior management for PFM Business for the year ended 31 December 2019; (ii) the salary revision proposal for general staff of ISP Business for the year ended 31 December 2020; (iii) the remuneration packages of the newly appointed Acting Managing Director for ISP Business; (iv) the salary reduction and subsequent adjustment for senior management of ISP Business; (v) the one-off performance bonus for Managing Director for PFM Business; and (vi) recommended the aforesaid matters to the Board for approval.

Pursuant to code provision B.1.5 of the CG Code, the remuneration of the senior management by band for the Reporting Year is set out below:

- (vi) 檢討及批准向執行董事及高層管理人員就任何喪失或終止職務或委任而須支付的賠償,以確保該等賠償與合約條款一致;若未能與合約條款一致,賠償亦須公平合理,不致過多;
- (vii) 檢討及批准因董事行為失當而解僱或罷 免有關董事所涉及的賠償安排,以確保 該等安排與合約條款一致;若未能與合 約條款一致,有關賠償亦須合理適當; 及
- (viii) 確保任何董事或其任何連繫人不得參與 釐定其薪酬。

薪酬委員會須每年至少舉行一次會議。於報告年度,薪酬委員會舉行了1次會議。出席會議之情況已於本報告第45頁披露。

於報告年度,薪酬委員會成員已檢討(i)物業及設施管理業務高層管理人員截至2019年12月31日止年度的花紅分派建議;(ii)室內裝飾及特殊項目業務一般員工截至2020年12月31日止年度的薪酬調整建議;(iii)新委任室內裝飾及特殊項目業務署理董事總經理的薪酬待遇;(iv)調低室內裝飾及特殊項目業務高層管理人員的薪金及其後的調整;(v)物業及設施管理業務董事總經理的一次性表現花紅;及(vi)就批准上述事宜向董事會作出推薦建議。

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第B.1.5條,以下 列出高層管理人員於截至報告年度的薪酬組 別:

Within the band of	組別介乎於	Number of individuals 人數
up to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$2,000,000 HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$3,000,000	港幣 1,000,000 元或以下 港幣 1,000,001 元至港幣 2,000,000 元 港幣 2,000,001 元至港幣 3,000,000 元	11 6

#### **Remuneration Policy of the Group**

The Group sets out its remuneration policy by making reference to the prevailing market conditions and benchmark of the industry and formulating an appropriate performance-based reward system, so as to ensure that the Group is able to attract, retain and motivate executives of the highest calibre, which is essential to the successful leadership and effective management of the Group. The performance measures are balanced between financial and industrial comparatives. The components of remuneration package may consist of basic salary, allowances, benefits-in-kind, fringe benefits including medical insurance and contributions to pension funds, as well as incentives like discretionary bonus, participation in a share option scheme or long-term rewards.

The remuneration packages of the Executive Directors and senior management of the Company are determined by the Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board by reference to their respective duties and responsibilities in the Group, individual performance, achievement of the Group's targets and the prevailing market terms in the industry.

The remunerations of the Independent Non-executive Directors are approved by the Board with the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee by reference to their duties and responsibilities in the Group, time involvement and the prevailing market situation.

#### **Nomination Committee**

The Nomination Committee currently comprises four Directors, a majority of whom are Independent Non-executive Directors. The members of the Nomination Committee during the Reporting Year and up to date of this report were:

Mr. Eric Lee Hon Man (Chairman)

Mr. Kingston Chu Chun Ho

Mr. Lau Man Tak

Mr. To Chun Wai (appointed with effect from 1 March 2021)

Dr. Wong Yun Kuen (resigned with effect from 23 December 2020)

The authority and duties of the Nomination Committee are set out in its specific written terms of reference. Full text of the terms of reference of the Nomination Committee is available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

#### 本集團之薪酬政策

本集團在訂定其薪酬政策時會參考當時市況及 行業標準,並制定一套與表現掛鈎的合適獎賞 制度,以確保本集團能吸引、挽留及激勵具有 卓越才幹、可成功領導及有效管理本集團之人 才。在進行表現評核時會考慮財政狀況及行業 指標以求在兩者中取得平衡。薪酬待遇之組成 部分可包括基本薪金、津貼、實物福利、附加 福利(包括醫療保險及退休金供款)及諸如酌情 花紅、參與購股權計劃或長期回報等激勵。

本公司執行董事及高層管理人員之薪酬待遇乃 由薪酬委員會及董事會經參考彼等各自於本集 團之職責及責任、個人表現、本集團目標之達 標情況及業內當時之市場條款後釐定及批准。

獨立非執行董事之薪酬乃由董事會根據薪酬委員會之建議,並經參考各董事於本集團之職責及責任、所耗時間及當時市況後批准。

#### 提名委員會

提名委員會目前由四名董事組成,以獨立非執 行董事佔多數。於報告年度及直至本報告日 期,提名委員會的成員如下:

李翰文先生(主席) 朱俊浩先生 劉文德先生 杜振偉先生(自2021年3月1日起獲委任) 黃潤權博士(自2020年12月23日起辭任)

提名委員會之權限及職責載於其特定書面職權 範圍內。提名委員會之有關職權範圍全文已登 載於本公司及聯交所網站內。

The Nomination Committee is primarily responsible for formulating nomination policy and leading the process of identifying and nominating suitable candidates. Its duties are summarised below:

提名委員會主要負責制定提名政策及主導物色及提名適合候選人的過程。其職責概述如下:

- review the structure, size and diversity (including without limitation, gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, skills, knowledge, professional experience and length of service) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Group's corporate strategy;
- (ii) identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships based on the objective criteria with due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board;
- (iii) taking into account the Group's corporate strategy and mix of skills, knowledge, experience and diversity needed in the future, to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or reappointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the Chairman and the Chief Executive;
- (iv) assess the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors and review the Independent Non-executive Directors' annual confirmations on their independence; and make disclosure of its review results in the Corporate Governance Report;
- (v) regularly review the time required from a Director to perform his/her responsibilities and report to the Board of their findings; and
- (vi) review the policies on both the Board Diversity Policy and Nomination Policy, as appropriate; and review the measurable objectives that the Board had set for implementing the Board Diversity Policy, and the progress on achieving the objectives; and make disclosure of its review results in the Corporate Governance Report annually.

The Nomination Committee shall meet at least once a year. During the Reporting Year, one Nomination Committee meeting was held. Attendance of the meeting has been disclosed on page 45 of this report.

- (i) 至少每年檢討董事會的架構、規模及多元化(包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、技能、知識、專業經驗及服務年期方面),並就任何擬作出的變動向董事會提出建議以配合執行本集團企業策略;
- (ii) 根據客觀標準及基於董事會多元化的好處,物色具備合適資格可擔任董事會成員的人士,並挑選提名有關人士出任董事或就此向董事會提出建議;
- (iii) 經計及本集團的企業策略以及未來所需的技能、知識、經驗及多元化組合,就董事委任或重新委任以及董事(尤其是主席及行政總裁)繼任計劃的有關事宜向董事會提出建議;
- (iv) 評核獨立非執行董事之獨立性及審視獨 立非執行董事就其獨立性所作年度確認; 並在《企業管治報告》內披露其審視結果;
- (v) 定期檢討董事履行其責任所需付出之時 間,並向董事會匯報其檢討結果;及
- (vi) 在適當情況下檢討董事會成員多元化政 策及提名政策等政策:及檢討董事會為 執行董事會成員多元化政策而制定之可 計量目標和達標進度:以及每年在《企業 管治報告》內披露其檢討結果。

提名委員會須每年至少舉行一次會議。於報告年度,提名委員會舉行了1次會議。出席會議 之情況已於本報告第45頁披露。

The Board has adopted a Board Diversity Policy. Pursuant to the Board Diversity Policy, the Board shall consider the benefits of diversity when they review the Board composition. In designing the Board's composition, Board diversity has been considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to skills, background, experience, knowledge, expertise, culture, independence, race, gender, and other qualities of Directors. All Board appointments will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

The Nomination Committee will monitor the implementation of the Board Diversity Policy and review the Board composition under diversified perspectives annually to ensure the Board has a balance of skills, knowledge, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the achievement of the strategic objectives and sustainable development of the Company.

The Board has also adopted the Nomination Policy which sets out the selection criteria and nomination procedures to identify, select and recommend candidates for directorships.

#### **Selection Criteria**

When assessing the suitability of the proposed candidate to the Board regarding the appointment or re-appointment of any existing director(s) of the Board, the Nomination Committee should consider the following factors:

- (i) The candidate should be of good character, integrity and competent to act as director of the Company;
- (ii) The candidate should possess the skills, knowledge, and experience in the commercial and professional fields which are relevant to the principal business of the Group;
- (iii) The candidate should be able to devote sufficient time and attention to the Board; and
- (iv) The candidates should be considered on merit, against objective criteria and with due regard to the diversity perspectives set out in the Board Diversity Policy of the Company.

董事會採納董事會成員多元化政策。根據董事 會成員多元化政策,董事會於審閱董事會組成 時須考慮多元化的裨益。在釐定董事會組成 時,董事會多元化應從數個角度考慮,包括但 不限於董事的技能、背景、經驗、知識、專 業、文化、獨立性、種族、性別及其他資質。 所有董事會委任將參考客觀標準並基於董事會 多元化的裨益作出。

提名委員會將監控董事會成員多元化政策的落 實及每年根據多元化的角度檢討董事會組成, 以確保董事會在技能、知識、經驗及觀點多元 化方面達到平衡,對於取得本公司策略性目標 及可持續發展而言屬合適。

董事會亦採納提名政策,列載識別、挑選及推 薦董事人選的挑選標準及提名程序。

#### 挑選標準

就委任或重新委任任何董事會現有董事而評估 董事會候選董事的合適性時,提名委員會應考 慮以下因素:

- (i) 候選人須品格優良、誠信及有能力擔任 本公司董事;
- (ii) 候選人應具備與本集團主要業務相關的 商業及專業領域的技能、知識及經驗;
- (iii) 候選人應能夠投入足夠的時間及關注予 董事會事務;及
- (iv) 應根據客觀標準並充分考慮公司董事會 成員多元化政策中規定的多元化觀點來 考慮候選人。

#### **Nomination Procedures**

- (i) The Secretary of the Nomination Committee shall convene a meeting, and invite nominations of candidates from Board members (if any), for consideration by the Nomination Committee. The Nomination Committee may also nominate candidates for its consideration:
- The Nomination Committee shall undertake adequate due diligence in respect of appointment of any proposed candidate to the Board, prior to making recommendations for the Board's consideration and approval;
- (iii) The Nomination Committee shall make recommendations to the Board for its consideration and recommendation in respect of reappointment of any existing Director(s) of the Board, for the proposed candidates to stand for re-election at a general meeting;
- (iv) The procedures for shareholders' nomination of any proposed candidate for election as a director should follow the "Procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a director of the Company" which are available on the Company's website; and
- (v) The Board shall have the final decision on all matters relating to its recommendation of candidates to stand for election at a general meeting.

During the Reporting Year, the Nomination Committee members (i) reviewed and considered the structure, size, diversity and composition of the Board; (ii) assessed the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors; (iii) considered the re-election of directors at the AGM; and (iv) recommended the aforesaid matters to the Board for approval.

#### 提名程序

- (i) 提名委員會秘書將召開會議及邀請董事 會成員提名之人選(如有)以供提名委員 會考慮。提名委員會亦可提名人選以供 考慮;
- (ii) 提名委員會將就委任任何候選董事進行 足夠的盡職審查,其後方作出推薦,以 供董事會考慮及批准;
- (iii) 提名委員會應就重新委任董事會任何現 有董事向董事會作出推薦建議,以供其 考慮及推薦有關候選人在股東大會上重 撰連任;
- (iv) 股東提名任何候選人選舉董事的程序應 遵從「股東建議人士選舉本公司董事的 程序」,該程序已登載於本公司網站內; 及
- (v) 董事會對於有關其推薦人選在股東大會 上選舉的所有事宜享有最終決定權。

於報告年度,提名委員會成員已(i)檢討及考慮董事會的架構、規模、多元化及組成:(ii)評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性:(iii)考慮董事於股東周年大會重選:及(iv)就前述事宜向董事會作出推薦,供其批准。

#### **Executive Committee**

The Executive Committee currently comprises two Executive Directors and one senior management member of the Group. The members of the Executive Committee during the Reporting Year were:

Mr. Kingston Chu Chun Ho (Chairman of the Board)

Ms. Mandy Hui Suk Man (Deputy Chairman of the Board and Managing Director for PFM Business)

Mr. Gary Tse Chi Chiu (Appointed as Acting Managing Director for ISP Business with effect from 7 May 2020)

Mr. David Chan Tat Wai (Resigned as Acting Managing Director for ISP Business with effect from 7 May 2020)

The authority and duties of the Executive Committee are set out in its specific written terms of reference. Full text of the terms of reference of the Executive Committee is available on the website of the Company. The principal duties of the Executive Committee are, pursuant to the Authorisation Matrix/Limits of Authority of each subsidiary, to approve tender submission and/or payment requisition when the amount of tender or payment exceeds certain limits, to approve banking matters, the issue of guarantees to third party customers, the issue of shares under share option scheme and promotion or appointment of senior management at operation level, and other duties delegated by the Board from time to time.

The Executive Committee shall meet as and when required depending on business and operation needs. Members' attendances would depend on the importance of the matters to be transacted. During the Reporting Year, the Executive Committee held 14 meetings to discharge their duties.

#### 執行委員會

執行委員會目前由兩名執行董事及一名本集團 高層管理人員組成。於報告年度,執行委員會 的成員如下:

朱俊浩先生(董事會主席)

許淑敏女士(董事會副主席兼物業及 設施管理業務董事總經理)

謝志超先生(於2020年5月7日獲委任為 室內裝飾及特殊項目業務署理董事總經理)

陳達偉先生(於2020年5月7日辭任 室內裝飾及特殊項目業務署理董事總經理)

執行委員會之權限及職責載於特定書面職權範 圍內。執行委員會之有關職權範圍全文已登載 於本公司網站內。執行委員會之主要職責為根 據各附屬公司之審批權限額度表,倘若投標額 或付款額超過若干限制,則需審批入標競投 及/或付款請求、批准銀行事務、向第三方 戶出具擔保、按購股權計劃發行股份及晉升或 委任業務層的高層管理人員、及不時執行由董 事會委任的其他職責。

執行委員會須因應業務及營運需要召開會議。 成員可按將予處理事宜之重要性出席會議。於 報告年度,執行委員會舉行了14次會議以履 行職責。

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS**

The Board is responsible for determining the policy for the corporate governance of the Company and performing the corporate governance duties as below:

- (i) develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- (ii) review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- (iii) review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements;
- (iv) develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- (v) review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure requirements in the Corporate Governance Report.

The Board has in place the procedures for Directors to seek an independent professional advice if necessary.

#### **DELEGATION TO MANAGEMENT**

The monitoring of the day-to-day business operations of the Group and the implementation of the business plans and strategies adopted by the Board are performed by the senior management led primarily by the Managing Directors of the Company.

The Group has also organised a management meeting for senior management and other relevant staff on a monthly basis to review business operations with significant issue, review the financial and business performance against the budget approved by the Board, and review the implementation of the strategies and policies adopted by the Board.

#### **Risk Management Committee**

With a view to further enhancing risk management at all levels, a Risk Management Committee, as approved by the Audit Committee and the Board, has been established to assume the responsibility for identifying, evaluating, assessing and managing risk areas from company-wide perspective. The Risk Management Committee comprises senior management and corporate managers of the Group. Its findings and recommendations are reported to the Audit Committee.

#### 企業管治職能

董事會負責釐定本公司企業管治政策及履行以下企業管治職責:

- (i) 制訂及檢討本公司企業管治政策及常規;
- (ii) 檢討及監察董事及高層管理人員之培訓 及持續專業發展;
- (iii) 檢討及監察本公司就遵守所有法律及監 管規定所制定之政策及常規;
- (iv) 制訂、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事之 行為守則及合規手冊(如有);及
- (v) 檢討本公司是否遵守企業管治守則及企 業管治報告之披露規定。

董事會已設有董事在有需要情況下可尋求獨立 專業意見之程序。

#### 轉授權力予管理層

高層管理人員主要在本公司董事總經理之領導下,監督本集團之日常業務運作及執行經董事 會採納之業務計劃與策略。

本集團亦每月為高層管理人員及其他相關員工 召開管理人員會議,以檢討有關業務運作之重 要事宜,按董事會批准之預算檢討財政及業務 表現,以及檢討董事會所採納的策略及政策之 實施成效。

#### 風險管理委員會

為進一步加強各層面的風險管理,經審核委員會與董事會批准,風險管理委員會已成立,其責任是從公司整體層面識別、分析、評估及管理不同的風險範疇。風險管理委員會由本集團高層管理人員及企業部門經理組成。其調查結果及建議向審核委員會呈報。

#### **Risk Management**

The Board has the overall responsibility for establishing, maintaining and evaluating the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group on an ongoing basis. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate risk of failure to achieve business objective, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. To ensure systematic coverage of all auditable areas and effective deployment of resources, an every 3-year internal audit ("IA") plan with reference to the risk assessment results has been formulated and approved by the Audit Committee. During the Reporting Year, the IA plan focused on the examination of the financial and treasury management, management of litigation and claims, procurement control and compliance with applicable rules and regulations. Subsequent meetings were conducted to update the IA plan in order to reflect the major changes in the organisational structure and business objectives, review the IA reports and highlight the more significant issues identified from the IA reviews and follow-up actions taken. Meetings between the head of IA function and senior management are conducted monthly to stay current with market developments and changes in the business strategy.

Management is responsible for setting the appropriate tone from the top, performing risk assessments, and owning the design, implementation and maintenance of internal controls. The associated policies and procedures for risk management and internal controls, which are properly documented and communicated to staff, are designed to help ensure that the Group's assets are safeguarded against unauthorised use or disposition; relevant rules and regulations are adhered to and complied with; complete, accurate and reliable financial and accounting records are maintained; and key risk factors including operational, financial, market competition, corporate cultural and reputation, safety and environmental compliance and regulatory compliance risks which may impact the Group's performance are appropriately identified and managed.

To ensure the risk management process is consistent with the best practice, the Directors review the existing practice, and their suggestions will be incorporated into the Group's risk management framework in due course.

#### 風險管理

董事會全權負責設立、維持並持續評估本集團 之風險管理及內部監控系統之充足性及成效。 有關管理系統旨在管理而非消除未能達成業務 目標之風險,並僅可就重大錯誤陳述或損失提 供合理而非絕對保證。為確保系統性地覆蓋所 有可審核領域,並有效地部署資源,參照風險 評估結果制定每三年一次的內部審核(「內部審 核」)計劃,並由審核委員會批准。於報告年 度,內部審核計劃集中審查財務及庫務管理、 訴訟及索償管理、採購控制及遵守適用規則及 規例的情況。其後舉行的會議旨在更新內部審 核計劃,以反映組織架構及業務目標的重大變 動,審閱內部審核報告,並重點指出內部審核 檢討中發現的較重要問題及所採取的跟進行 動。內部審核職能主管與高級管理層每月舉行 會議,以掌握市場發展及業務策略變動的最新 情況。

管理層負責從頂層為監控定調、執行風險評估、並設計、實施及維護內部監控。風險管理及內部監控之相關政策及程序已作妥善書面記錄並傳達予員工,該等政策及程序旨在協助確保本集團資產不會在未經授權下被使用或轉讓:有關規則及規例獲依循及遵守;財務及可靠記錄獲完整、準確及可靠地保存;以及可能影響本集團業績的營運、財務、市場競爭、公司文化及聲譽、安全及環境合規及監管合規風險等主要風險因素均獲妥為識別及管理。

為確保風險管理程序與最佳常規一致,董事審 閱現時的做法,彼等的建議將於適當時候納入 本集團風險管理框架。

The Group's risk management framework comprises the following key features:

- 本集團之風險管理框架包含以下主要特徵:
- (i) A distinct organisational structure for different responsible parties
- with defined authority, responsibilities and risk management roles;
- The Board sets forth the proper risk management culture and risk appetite for the Group, evaluates and determines the level of risk that the Group should take and monitor regularly;
- The Risk Management Committee facilitates the risk assessment process and timely communication to the Audit Committee and the Board. Also, it ensures key business and operational risks being properly identified and managed; and
- A Risk Management Policy has been established to provide a framework for the identification, analysis, evaluation, treatment, monitoring and reporting of key risks at all levels across the Group to support the achievement of the organisation's overall strategic objectives.
- Identified potential risks are evaluated using appropriate qualitative and quantitative techniques and risk responses (i.e. accept, reduce, transfer and avoid) are formulated, which are consistent with the Group's risk appetite. Risks are assessed based on a risk assessment matrix that helps to rank the risks into four risk levels (i.e. Extremely High, High, Medium and Low) and to prioritise risk management effort to determine the appropriate risk mitigation plans.

- 就負責各方訂立權責及風險管理角色分 明的組織架構;
- 董事會為本集團設立適當的風險管理文 化及風險承受能力,評估及釐定本集團 應承擔並進行定期監控的風險水平;
- 風險管理委員會促進風險評估程序,並 及時向審核委員會及董事會溝通。再 者,彼確保主要業務及營運風險妥為識 別及管理;及
- 制定風險管理政策以提供一個框架,以 識別、分析、評估、處理、監控及匯報 本集團的關鍵風險,協助組織實現整體 戰略目標。

已識別潛在風險乃以恰當定性及定量方法評 估,並制定與本集團風險承受能力一致的風險 應對方法(即接受、減低、轉移及避免)。風險 乃根據風險評級分為4個風險等級(即極高、 高、中等及低)進行評估,該評級亦可協助制 定風險管理優先次序,訂立恰當的風險緩解計 劃。

#### **Internal Control**

The Group has an IA function, which plays a major role in monitoring the internal governance of the Group, to conduct independent reviews of the adequacy and effectiveness of its risk management and internal control system and report the review results regularly to the Board through the Audit Committee.

To ensure systematic coverage of all auditable areas and effective deployment of resources, an every 3-year IA plan with reference to the risk assessment results has been formulated and approved by the Audit Committee. During the Reporting Year, the IA plan focused on the examination of the financial and treasury management, management of litigation and claims, procurement control and compliance with applicable rules and regulations. Subsequent meetings were conducted to update the IA plan in order to reflect the major changes in the organisational structure and business objectives, review the IA reports and highlight the more significant issues identified from the IA reviews and follow-up actions taken. Meetings between the head of IA function and senior management are conducted monthly to stay current with market developments and changes in the business strategy.

The Group is fully aware of its obligation of handling and dissemination of inside information under the Listing Rules and the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO"). The Group has a set of procedures and controls in place to preserve the confidentiality of inside information relating to the Group. All Board members and senior management, who are likely to possess the Group's inside information because of their offices or employments in the Group, are bound by Model Code. In addition, every employee is required to follow the guidelines of the code of conduct and the staff handbook to keep unpublished inside information strictly confidential.

#### 內部監控

本集團既有內部審核職能,主要職責為監察本 集團內部管治,對風險管理及內部監控系統的 充足性及成效進行獨立審視,並透過審核委員 會定期向董事會匯報審視結果。

為確保有系統地覆蓋所有審核範圍及有效分配 資源,參考風險評估結果後已制訂三年內內部審 核計劃並獲得審核委員會批准。於報告年 內,內部審核計劃的焦點為評核財務及庫務 理、管理訴訟及索賠、採購監控及遵守適用 規及規例。其後亦召開會議,更新內部審核 劃,反映組織架構的主要變動及業務目標、審 閱內部審核報告,並重點提及內部審核所識 的較重大問題及已採取的跟進行動。內部審核 職能的主管與高層管理人員每月召開會議,以 得知市場發展及業務策略的變動。

本集團十分清楚上市規則及香港法例第571章 證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)下處理及發佈內幕消息的責任。本集團有一系列程序及監控,以保護與本集團有關的內幕消息機密。全體董事會成員及高層管理人員均可能因彼等的職務或受僱於本集團,而擁有本集團內幕消息,彼等均受標準守則約束。再者,各員工須遵守道德守則及員工手冊內的指引,確保未刊發內幕消息絕對保密。

#### **Review of Risk Management and Internal Control Systems**

During the Reporting Year, the Board has conducted a review on the effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems of the Group through discussion with the Audit Committee, which covers the major control procedures in areas of business/strategy, operational, financial, compliance, corporate reputation and regulatory risk, and was satisfied with the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

The changes in the nature and extent of significant risks faced by the Group and response plans to changes in its business and the external environment have been evaluated. The scope and quality of ongoing monitoring of risks and the internal control systems have been assessed.

The crisis over the novel coronavirus outbreak emerged since December 2019. The coronavirus transmission also exploded in Hong Kong over the last year and a 4th wave of the outbreak in Hong Kong occurred in the mid of November 2020. The coronavirus transmission occurred in Hong Kong and other countries and it interrupted the progress of works (including the supply of raw materials and labor). The Group experienced certain business disruptions during the period as some construction works had been forced to delay for completion due to the outbreak which impacted on the supply of workforce and the ordinary operations of our customers or suppliers. Some tender interviews, commencement of new contracts as well as the existing contracts renewal were delayed given a concern over personal healthcare. Manpower and resource allocation was arranged and various hygiene instructions were issued in the headquarters and support the site operation. The PFM team increased the operation expenditure to purchase the hygiene equipment (e.g. face mask and sanitary tools) and employ extra manpower for cleaning services in outbreak areas. The ISP team rescheduled the working sequence and prepared to claim extension of time to mitigate the financial loss. The financial performance of car park as well as repair and maintenance business were seriously affected because of slow resumption on business activities in Q4 2020.

In 2020, no significant areas of concern that may affect the Group to achieve strategic goals have been identified. The Board considered that the risk management and internal control systems are functioning effectively and adequately.

#### 風險管理及內部監控系統回顧

於報告年度內,董事會已通過與審核委員會就業務/策略、營運、財務、合規、公司聲譽及監管的風險範疇之主要監控程序的討論,對本集團風險管理及內部監控系統的效能進行檢討,並對本集團風險管理及內部監控系統的成效表示滿意。

本集團所面臨重大風險之性質及程度之轉變以 及就其業務及外部環境變動所作出之應對計劃 已經作出評估。持續監察風險及內部監控系統 的工作範疇及素質已作出評估。

新型冠狀病毒疫情危機自2019年12月出現, 去年香港亦爆發冠狀病毒傳染,2020年11月 中旬,香港爆發第四波疫情。香港及其他國家 發生冠狀病毒傳播,干擾了工程進度(包括原 材料及勞工供應)。於此期間,本集團的業務 亦遭遇若干阻礙,部份建築工程因疫情影響人 力供應及客戶或供應商的日常業務,而被迫延 遲完工。由於對個人健康的關注,部分招標面 試、新合約的展開及現有合約的續約均被延 遲。我們已安排人力及資源分配,並於總部發 出各種衛生指引,以支援工地運作。物業及設 施管理團隊增加了營運開支,以購買衛生設備 (如口罩及衛生工具),並增聘額外人手在疫區 進行清潔服務。室內裝飾及特殊項目團隊重新 編排工作次序,並準備延期索償,以減輕財務 虧損。由於2020年第四季度商業恢復運作的速 度緩慢,嚴重影響停車場及維修保養業務的財 務表現。

於2020年,概無識別可能影響本集團達成策略 目標的重要關注事項。董事會認為風險管理內 部監控系統的運作有效充足。

In addition, confirmation from management on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group was received during the Reporting Year.

此外,於報告年度已收到管理層對本集團風險管理及內部監控系統有效性之確認。

The Board has reviewed and is satisfied with the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experiences, training requirements and budgets of the Group's accounting, financial reporting and IA functions.

董事會已審視及滿意資源充足性、僱員資格及 經驗、受訓要求及本集團會計、財務報告及內 部審核職能的預算。

#### **Integrity Monitoring Committee**

#### 誠信監察委員會

Each of our staff is given clear guidelines and codes of standard in the staff handbook with integrity being put as the first and foremost code of conduct. A whistle-blowing-type channel which is implemented by the Integrity Monitoring Committee is to provide staff and contractors a channel to report issues which might cause a significant financial loss to, or an adverse impact on the image of the Company. The Integrity Monitoring Committee comprises the Senior Quality Assurance Manager as chairman of the Committee, the Financial Controller and the Senior Human Resources Manager as members.

本集團給每位員工的員工手冊中均載有清晰指引及標準守則,其中以誠信為首要操守原則。 誠信監察委員會實施之舉報渠道為員工及承建商提供渠道報告或會導致本公司蒙受重大財務 損失或有損本公司形象的事項。誠信監察委員會由高級質量監控經理(委員會主席)、財務總 監及高級人才資源經理(成員)組成。

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING**

#### 董事的財務匯報責任

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the consolidated financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group on a going concern basis. With the support of the accounting and finance functions led by the Finance Director of the Group, the Directors have ensured that the consolidated financial statements for the Reporting Year have been prepared in accordance with appropriate accounting policies applied, if any, consistently save for those new and amended accounting standards as disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

董事明白彼等對編製綜合財務報表的責任,財務報表須真實公平地反映本公司及本集團按持續經營基準的事務狀況。在本集團財務董事統領的會計及財務職能支援下,董事確保截至報告年度之綜合財務報表已根據貫徹應用的適當會計政策(如有)編製,惟綜合財務報表附註所披露的該等新訂及經修訂會計準則除外。

In preparing the interim and annual financial statements, announcements and other financial disclosures required under the Listing Rules, the Directors aim at presenting a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of the Group's position and prospects. Financial information put before the Board for approval by management is accompanied by sufficient explanation to enable the Directors to make an informed assessment.

在編製中期與年度財務報表、公告及根據上市 規則之規定須予披露之其他財務資料時,董事 均以中肯、清晰及易於理解之形式評估本集團 之情況及前景為目標。管理層提呈予董事會審 批的財務資料須連同充足解説,使董事可作出 知情評估。

The independent auditor's report, which contains the statement of the external auditor about its reporting responsibilities on the Company's financial statements, is set out in pages 90 to 92 of this annual report.

獨立核數師報告(當中載有外聘核數師就本公司財務報表之匯報責任所作聲明)載於本年報第90至第92頁。

#### **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

The fees paid/payable to BDO Limited, the Company's external auditor, for services rendered for the Reporting Year are set out as follows:

#### 核數師酬金

截至報告年度,就本公司外聘核數師香港立信 德豪會計師事務所有限公司提供服務而已 付/應付費用載列如下:

#### Fees paid/payable

已付/應付費用

Services rendered	所提供服務	HK\$'000 港幣千元
Audit services	審核服務	1,220
Non-audit services	非審核服務	148

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The Company Secretary is responsible for facilitating the Board process, as well as communications among Board members. The Company Secretary complied with all the qualifications under the Listing Rules. The Company Secretary is Mr. Eric Chan Kwong Leung, who is engaged and appointed by the Company from an external secretarial services provider. The primary corporate contact person at the Company is Ms. Mandy Hui Suk Man, an Executive Director.

#### 公司秘書

公司秘書負責促成董事會的有效運作,以及董 事會成員之間的溝通。公司秘書為陳鄺良先 生,彼由本公司從外間秘書服務供應商委聘及 委任。本公司的主要企業聯絡人為執行董事許 淑敏女士。

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS AND COMMUNICATIONS WITH **SHAREHOLDERS**

In addition to publishing interim and annual reports, announcements, circulars, business updates and press releases, updates on the Group's developments are also provided on the Company's website which is updated in a timely manner.

#### Procedures for Directing Shareholders' Enquiries to the Board

Enquiries from Shareholders are welcome through the following channels to the Company:

- by post to the Company's Hong Kong principal place of business at 8/F., KT336, 334–336 Kwun Tong Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong
- (ii) by telephone at (852) 3471 2340
- (iii) by facsimile transmission to (852) 2751 8784
- (iv) by email at investor@synergis.com.hk
- on the Company's website at www.synergis.com.hk under "IR Contact" of "Investor Relations"

#### 股東權利及與股東之溝通

除透過刊發中期報告與年報、公告、通函、業 務更新及新聞稿外,有關本集團最新發展情況 之資料亦會登載於本公司下述網站並及時予以 更新。

#### 將股東查詢提交董事會的程序

股東如有任何查詢,歡迎透過下列途徑提交予 本公司:

- 郵寄至本公司之香港主要營業地點,地 (i) 址為香港九龍觀塘觀塘道334-336號 KT336八樓
- 致電 (852) 3471 2340
- (iii) 傳真至(852) 2751 8784
- (iv)發送電郵至investor@synergis.com.hk
- 於本公司網站www.synergis.com.hk之「投 資者關係」下「投資界查詢」一欄

An AGM is deemed as a forum for Shareholders to communicate directly with the Board members. Notice of 20 clear business days together with detailed agenda is given to Shareholders for the AGM and 10 clear business days for all special general meetings of the Company. Separate resolution is proposed at the AGM on each substantially separate issue, including the election of each individual Director.

## Procedures for Convening a Special General Meeting by Shareholders

In accordance with the Bye-laws, any Shareholder holding not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at a general meeting shall have the right, by written requisition served to the Board or the Company Secretary, to require a special general meeting to be convened by the Board for transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Any vote of Shareholders at a general meeting must be taken by poll. The chairman of meeting will explain the poll voting procedures at the relevant general meeting.

## Procedures for Shareholders to Put Forward Proposals at General Meetings

The following Shareholders are entitled to put forward a proposal (which may properly be put to the meeting) for consideration at a general meeting of the Company:

- (i) any number of members representing not less than one-twentieth of the total voting rights of the Company on the date of the requisition; or
- (ii) not less than 100 members holding shares in the Company.

The requisition specifying the proposal, duly signed by the Shareholders concerned, together with a statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to the matter referred to in the proposal must be deposited at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at 8/F., KT336, 334–336 Kwun Tong Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong. The Company would take appropriate actions and make necessary arrangements, and the Shareholders concerned would be responsible for the expenses incurred in giving effect thereto in accordance with the requirements under Sections 79 and 80 of the Companies Act of Bermuda once valid documents are received.

股東周年大會被視為股東與董事會成員直接溝通的平台。召開股東周年大會須最少於20個完整營業日前向股東寄發載有詳細會議議程之通告,而本公司所有股東特別大會則須10個完整營業日。個別的決議案就各項基本上獨立的事項提呈股東周年大會,包括選舉各個別董事。

#### 股東召開股東特別大會的程序

根據細則之規定,任何持有有權於股東大會上 投票之本公司繳足股本不少於十分之一的股 東,均有權向董事會或公司秘書發出書面要 求,要求董事會召開股東特別大會,以處理有 關要求列明之任何事項。股東於股東大會上必 須以投票表決方式進行任何表決。大會主席將 於相關股東大會上解釋投票表決的程序。

#### 股東於股東大會上提呈建議之程序

以下股東有權於本公司股東大會上提呈建議(可於大會上正式提呈之建議)以供考慮:

- (i) 於請求日期佔本公司總投票權不少於 二十分之一之任何股東數目;或
- (ii) 不少於100位持有本公司股份之股東。

經有關股東正式簽署並載列建議之請求書連同不多於1,000字有關建議內所述事宜之聲明,須送交本公司之香港主要營業地點,地址為香港九龍觀塘觀塘道334-336號 KT336八樓。本公司將採取適當行動及作出必要安排,而有關股東須根據百慕達公司法第79及80條之規定負責支付作出該等行動及安排所產生之開支。

#### **CONTINUOUS CORPORATE GOVERNANCE ENHANCEMENT**

The Board is committed to continuous corporate governance enhancement including giving closer attention to any regulatory changes with a view to maintaining a corporate culture built on ethics and integrity and increasing Shareholder value as a whole.

#### **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

There is no significant change in the Company's constitutional documents during the Reporting Year.

#### 不斷提升企業管治水平

董事會承諾將繼續提升企業管治水平,包括密切留意任何法規變動,務求維持一套建基於道 德及誠信的企業文化,及提升股東的整體價值。

#### 投資者關係

於報告年度,本公司的組織章程文件並無重大變動。

# HIGHLIGHTS OF 2020 ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 2020 年環境、社會及管治報告摘要

Sustainability is at the core of what we do and is a driver for our continuous growth. As a responsible corporate citizen, we are committed to integrating sustainability into every facet of our Company. By building business resilience, providing quality services to our customers, prioritising our community and peoples' safety and well-being, as well as protecting our natural environment, we aim to contribute to a world that provides a viable future for all.

The Company's standalone 2020 Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") report has been prepared to communicate our sustainability-related visions, commitments, policies and performances. It adheres to the "comply or explain" and "recommended disclosure" provisions of the ESG Reporting Guide under Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules on the Stock Exchange.

Below are some key highlights of the Company's 2020 ESG performance:

可持續發展是我們工作的核心,也是我們不斷 發展的動力。作為負責任的企業公民,我們致 力於將可持續發展融入我們公司的各方面。通 過建立業務適應力,為客戶提供優質服務,優 先考慮社區和人民的安全與福祉以及保護我們 的自然環境,我們致力於為所有人提供可行未 來的世界而作出貢獻。

本公司獨立的2020年環境、社會與管治(「環境、社會與管治」)報告旨在傳達可持續發展相關的願景、承諾、政策及表現。其遵守聯交所上市規則附錄27的環境、社會與管治報告指引「不遵守就解釋」及「建議披露」條文。

下表載列本公司之2020年環境、社會及管治表現的若干摘要:

Sustainability at Synergis 昇捷的可持續發展	<ul> <li>Invited stakeholders to rank and prioritise the relevance and importance of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals to the Group to align with international practices as well as provide a more comprehensive picture for the Board.</li> <li>為與國際慣例接軌並提供更全面的資訊予董事會,我們邀請持份者就可持續發展目標對本集團的相關程度及重要性進行評級及排序。</li> </ul>
Business 業務營運	<ul> <li>Continued to uphold strong corporate governance and proper risk management whilst maintaining ethics and integrity.</li> <li>繼續堅持強而有力的公司管治和適當的風險管理,同時維護道德和正直。</li> </ul>
Customers 以客為本	<ul> <li>Harnessed technological innovation to optimise workflow and efficiency as well as improve overall automation such that quality and satisfaction are guaranteed.</li> <li>利用技術創新來優化工作流程和效率,並改善整體自動化,從而確保質量和滿意度。</li> </ul>
People 人才發展	<ul> <li>Prioritised employee health and safety by adopting novel coronavirus prevention and mitigation measures, increasing the use of e-learning platforms, and transitioning from OHSAS 18001 into the new ISO 45001.</li> <li>通過採用新型冠狀病毒預防和緩解措施,增加電子學習平台的使用並從OHSAS 18001 過渡到新的ISO 45001,優先考慮員工的健康和安全。</li> </ul>
Community 社會貢獻	<ul> <li>Participated in various volunteering and fundraising events under the theme "Sharing Love" to encompass our Company's heartfelt care and concern towards the community.</li> <li>參加了以「分享愛」為主題的各種義工服務和籌款活動,以表達我們公司對社會真誠的關懷和關注。</li> </ul>
Partners 夥伴合作	<ul> <li>Collaborated closely with our supply chain partners to enhance their sustainability performance.</li> <li>與我們的供應鏈合作夥伴緊密合作,以提升其可持續發展表現。</li> </ul>
Environment 環境管理	<ul> <li>Installed solar panels at our managed properties to contribute towards a clean energy future.</li> <li>在我們管理物業中安裝了太陽能電池板,以促進擁有潔淨能源的未來。</li> </ul>

Please visit the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange to download the full version of the Company's 2020 ESG report.

如欲下載本公司之2020年環境、社會及管治報告全文,請瀏覽本公司及聯交所網頁。

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

## 董事會報告

The Directors present the report and the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Reporting Year.

董事會提呈本報告及本集團截至報告年度之綜 合財務報表。

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries are the provision of PFM Business and ISP Business in Hong Kong, China and Macau. Particulars of the principal wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company are set out in note 34 to the financial statements.

#### **SEGMENT INFORMATION**

Details of segment information are set out in note 7 to the financial statements.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Details of the business review information are set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 12 to 27 of this annual report.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE**

The Directors consider that environmental protection is essential to the long-term development of the Group and will constantly improve management practices so as to minimise waste, maximise efficiencies and reduce the Group's negative environmental impact on the environment.

For details, please refer to the Company's standalone "2020 Environmental, Social and Governance Report".

#### **COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS**

The Group recognises the importance of compliance with regulatory requirements and the risk of non-compliance with such requirements. The Group has been allocating system and staff resources to ensure ongoing compliance with relevant rules and regulations.

The Group's operations are mainly carried out by the Company's subsidiaries in Hong Kong, China and Macau while the Company itself was incorporated in Bermuda and listed on the Stock Exchange in Hong Kong. Our establishment and operations accordingly shall comply with relevant laws and regulations in Hong Kong, Bermuda, China and Macau.

#### 主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。本公司全資附屬公司之主要業務為於香港、中國及澳門提供物業及設施管理服務業務以及室內裝飾及特殊項目業務。本公司主要全資附屬公司之詳情載於財務報表附註34。

#### 分部資料

分部資料詳情載於財務報表附註7。

#### 業務回顧

業務回顧資料之詳情載於本年報第12頁至第 27頁之「管理層討論及分析」一節。

#### 環境政策及表現

董事認為環境保護對本集團之長遠發展而言屬 至關重要,並將持續改善管理常規以盡量減少 廢棄物、提升效益及降低本集團的負面環境影 響。

有關詳情謹請參閱本公司獨立的「2020年環境、 社會及管治報告」。

#### 遵守法律及法規

本集團承認遵守監管規定之重要性及不遵守有關規定之風險。本集團已分配系統及員工資源以確保持續遵守相關規則及法規。

本集團之營運主要由本公司於香港、中國及澳門之附屬公司進行,而其本身於百慕達註冊成立並於香港聯交所上市。我們的成立及營運因此應遵守香港、百慕達、中國及澳門之相關法律及法規。

To ensure compliance with the Competition Ordinance, the Group has conducted trainings for staff. The Group also steps up measures to increase safety awareness amongst the management and staff to prevent accidents in contravention with safety regulations.

為確保遵守競爭條例,本集團已對員工進行培訓。本集團亦加強措施提升管理人員及員工安全意識,以防止違反安全法規之事故發生。

#### **RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES**

Various risks that the Company may face have been disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report and the Notes to the Financial Statements on pages 57 to 61 and pages 133 to 141 of this annual report respectively.

## RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group ensures all staff are reasonably remunerated and the Company regularly reviews and improves its policies on remuneration and benefits, training, occupational health and safety.

The Group maintains a good relationship with its customers. A customer complaint handling mechanism is in place to receive, analyse and study complaints and make recommendations on remedies with the aim of improving service quality.

The Group is in good relationship with its suppliers and conducts a fair and strict appraisal of its suppliers.

For details, please refer to the Company's standalone "2020 Environmental, Social and Governance Report".

#### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The results of the Group for the Reporting Year are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 93; and the state of affairs of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2020 are set out in the consolidated statement of financial position on pages 94 to 95; and statement of financial position and change in equity of the Company are set out on note 32 to the financial statements.

The Board did not recommend the payment of interim dividend for the period ended 30 June 2020 (2019: nil). To preserve funds for the operation and business development of the Company, the Board did not recommend the payment of final dividend for the Reporting Year (2019: nil).

#### 風險及不確定因素

本公司可能面臨的各類風險已分別於本年報第 57至第61頁及第133至第141頁之企業管治報 告及財務報表附註披露。

#### 與僱員、客戶及供應商之關係

本集團確保全體員工均獲得合理薪酬,同時本 公司亦定期檢討及改進我們的薪酬及福利、培 訓、職業健康及安全政策。

本集團與客戶保持良好關係。本集團設有客戶 投訴處理系統以接收、分析及研究投訴及就補 救措施提供建議,進而提升服務質素。

本集團與其供應商保持良好關係並對其供應商 進行公平及嚴格之評估。

有關詳情謹請參閱本公司獨立的[2020年環境、 社會及管治報告]。

#### 業績及分派

本集團截至報告年度之業績載於第93頁之綜合損益及其他全面收益表:及本集團和本公司截至2020年12月31日之財政狀況載於第94至第95頁之綜合財務狀況表及財務報表附註32之本公司財務狀況表及權益變動表。

董事會不建議就截至2020年6月30日止期間派付中期股息(2019年:零)。為了本公司營運及業務發展之資金所需,董事會不建議就截至報告年度派付末期股息(2019年:零)。

### DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Company has adopted a dividend policy (the "Dividend Policy"), pursuant to which the Company may declare and distribute dividends to the Shareholders to allow Shareholders to share the Company's profits and for the Company to retain adequate reserves for future growth. In proposing any dividend payout, the Board shall also take into account, among others, the Group's actual and expected financial performance, operating results, cash flow, financial condition and capital requirements, Shareholders' interests, contractual covenants, general business conditions and strategies, possible effects on the Group's creditworthiness, state of economy and other factors that the Board deems appropriate.

Such declaration and recommendation of dividends shall be determined at the sole discretion of the Board and are subject to the restrictions under the Companies Act of Bermuda, the Bye-laws and any other applicable laws, rules and regulations.

The Company will review the Dividend Policy from time to time and reserves the right in its sole and absolute discretion to update, amend and/or modify the Dividend Policy. The Dividend Policy shall not constitute a legally binding commitment by the Company and there is no assurance that dividends will be paid in any particular amount in any given period.

#### **RESERVES**

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group and of the Company during the Reporting Year are set out in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity on page 96 and in note 32 to the financial statements respectively.

#### **FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A summary of the operating results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last four financial years and for the Reporting Year is set out on page 181. This summary does not form a part of the financial statements.

## PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment, and investment properties of the Group during the Reporting Year are set out in note 16 and note 17 to the financial statements respectively.

#### 股息政策

本公司已採納一項股息政策(「股息政策」),據此,本公司可向股東宣派及分派股息,讓股東分佔本公司溢利及為本公司保留足夠儲備作未來增長之用。於提議任何派付股息的金額時,董事會亦將考慮(其中包括)本集團實際及預期財務表現、經營業績、現金流量、財務狀況及資金需求、股東權益、合約契據、整體業務狀況及策略、對本集團信譽的潛在影響、經濟狀況及董事會認為適當的任何因素。

有關股息的宣派及建議將由董事會全權酌情決 定,惟受百慕達公司法、細則及任何其他適用 法律、規則及法規的限制。

本公司將不時審閱股息政策並保留全權絕對酌情權更新、修訂及/或修改股息政策。股息政策並不構成本公司具法律約束力的承諾,概不保證將於任何指定期間按任何特定金額派付股息。

#### 儲備

本集團及本公司於報告年度內之儲備變動詳情 分別載於第96頁之綜合權益變動表及財務報 表附註32。

#### 五年財務摘要

本集團於過去4個財政年度及截至報告年度經營業績與資產及負債摘要載於第181頁。此摘要並不屬於財務報表之一部份。

#### 物業、機器及設備以及投資物業

於報告年度,本集團物業、機器及設備以及投資物業之變動詳情分別載於財務報表附註16 及附註17。

#### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the Reporting Year are set out in note 27 to the financial statements.

#### **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

Distributable reserves of the Company at 31 December 2020, calculated under the Companies Act of Bermuda, amounted to HK\$15,506,000 (31 December 2019: nil).

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Bye-laws although there is no restriction against such rights under the laws of Bermuda.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The Directors during the Reporting Year and up to the date of this report were:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Kingston Chu Chun Ho (Chairman)

Ms. Mandy Hui Suk Man (Deputy Chairman and Managing Director for PFM Business)

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Lau Man Tak

Mr. Eric Lee Hon Man

Mr. To Chun Wai (appointed with effect from 1 March 2021)

Dr. Wong Yun Kuen# (resigned with effect from 23 December 2020)

Dr. Wong Yun Kuen resigned as an Independent Non-executive Director, the chairman of Remuneration Committee and a member of each of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee with effect from 23 December 2020 as he would like to devote more time to his other business engagement. He had confirmed that he had no disagreement with the Board and there was nothing relating to his resignation that needed to be brought to the attention of the Shareholders or the Stock Exchange.

The profiles of Directors who are in office as at the date of this report are set out on pages 28 to 32 of this annual report.

#### 股本

報告年度內本公司之股本變動詳情,載於財務 報表附註 27。

#### 可供分派儲備

本公司於2020年12月31日之可供分派儲備乃 根據百慕達公司法計算,金額為港幣15,506,000 元(2019年12月31日:港幣零元)。

#### 優先購買權

細則並無優先購買權之條文,惟百慕達法例亦 無就該等權利設有任何限制。

#### 董事

於報告年度及截至本報告日期止,董事如下:

#### 執行董事

朱俊浩先生(主席)

許淑敏女士(副主席兼物業及設施管理業務之 董事總經理)

#### 獨立非執行董事

劉文德先生

李翰文先生

杜振偉先生(自2021年3月1日起獲委任) 黃潤權博士(自2020年12月23日起辭任)

由於黃潤權博士有意投放更多時間於其他業務,故 自2020年12月23日起辭任獨立非執行董事、薪酬委 員會主席以及審核委員會及提名委員會成員之職務。 彼已確認,彼與董事會並無意見分歧,亦無任何有 關彼辭任的事宜需提請股東或聯交所垂注。

於本報告日期在職之董事之簡介載於本年報第 28頁至第32頁。

## DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

The Company has received from each of its Independent Non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, and considers that all the Independent Non-executive Directors are independent in accordance with the terms of the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

The Director who has served on the boards of directors of the subsidiaries of the Company as at the date of this report was Ms. Mandy Hui Suk Man.

#### **RE-ELECTION OF RETIRING DIRECTORS**

In accordance with Bye-laws 87(1) and 87(2), Mr. Kingston Chu Chun Ho and Ms. Mandy Hui Suk Man shall retire by rotation at the 2021 AGM, and being eligible, have offered themselves for re-election at the 2021 AGM.

In accordance with Bye-laws 86(2), Mr. To Chun Wai shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company. He, being eligible, has offered himself for re-election at the 2021 AGM.

Save for the aforesaid, the other remaining Directors would continue in office.

The proposed re-election of Mr. To Chun Wai as Independent Non-executive Director was made in accordance with the Nomination Policy of the Company and took into account a wide range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge, length of services and independency, with due regard of the diversity perspectives as set out under the Board Diversity Policy of the Company.

The Board had assessed and reviewed the written confirmation of independence of Mr. To Chun Wai based on the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and is satisfied that as at the date of this report, Mr. To Chun Wai remained independent in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

The Board is also of the view that Mr. To Chun Wai would bring to the Board his own perspective, skills and experience, and can contribute to the Company. The Board believes that his re-election as the Independent Non-executive Director of the Company would be in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

#### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

None of the Directors offering themselves for re-election at 2021 AGM have entered into a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

本公司已接獲其每位獨立非執行董事,根據上市規則第3.13條之規定就彼等之獨立性而發出之年度書面確認函,並認為所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士,符合上市規則第3.13條所載獨立指引的條款。

於本報告日期,曾任本公司附屬公司董事會成 員的董事為許淑敏女士。

#### 重選退任董事

根據細則第87(1)及87(2)條,朱俊浩先生及許 淑敏女士將於2021年股東周年大會上輪值退 任並符合資格於2021年股東周年大會膺選連任。

根據細則第86(2)條,杜振偉先生的任期僅至 本公司下次股東大會為止。杜振偉先生符合資 格,並願意於2021年股東周年大會上重選連任。

除前述者外,其他餘下之董事均將繼續留任。

建議重選杜振偉先生為獨立非執行董事乃根據 本公司的提名政策而作出,並已考慮到廣泛的 多元化觀點,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化 及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識、 服務年期及獨立性,並充分考慮到本公司董事 會成員多元化政策所載的多元化觀點。

董事會已根據上市規則第3.13條所載的獨立性 指引評估及審閱杜振偉先生的獨立性確認書, 並信納杜振偉先生於本報告日期根據上市規則 第3.13條保持獨立。

董事會亦認為,杜振偉先生將為董事會帶來其本身的觀點、技能及經驗,並能為本公司作出 貢獻。董事會相信,其重選出任本公司獨立非 執行董事符合本公司及其股東的整體最佳利 益。

#### 董事之服務合約

於即將舉行之2021年股東周年大會上重選連 任之董事概無與本公司或其任何附屬公司簽訂 不可於一年內終止而毋須支付賠償(法定賠償 除外)之服務合約。

### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Save for the agreements disclosed in the section headed "Continuing Connected Transactions" below, there were no transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company's subsidiaries, its holding companies or its fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which any Director and the Director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of or at any time during the Reporting Year.

#### **DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS**

Details of Directors' emoluments are set out in note 12 to the financial statements.

#### **CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS**

In accordance with Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, changes of the information of the Directors, subsequent to the date of the interim report of the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2020, required to be disclosed, are set out below:

#### Mr. Lau Man Tak

 Re-designated from chairman and executive director to director of TEM Holdings Limited (stock code: 8346) (Note) with effect from 13 January 2021.

#### Mr. Eric Lee Hon Man

- Appointed as Managing Director of Alliance Capital Partners Limited, a company engaging in advising on corporate finance and dealing in securities, with effect from 1 December 2020.
- Resigned as an independent non-executive director of TEM Holdings
   Limited (stock code: 8346) (Note) with effect from 13 January 2021.

Note: The listing of its shares on GEM of the Stock Exchange was withdrawn on 12 January 2021 by way of privatisation.

Save as disclosed above, there is no other information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

#### 董事於交易、安排或合約之權益

除下文「持續關連交易」一節所披露的協議外,於報告年度末或報告年度之任何時間,本公司之附屬公司、其控股公司或其同系附屬公司概無就本集團之業務訂立董事及董事之關連人士直接或間接擁有重大權益之交易、安排及合約。

#### 金陋電董

董事酬金之詳情載於財務報表附註12。

#### 董事資料變更

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條規定須披露董事資料,於本公司截至2020年6月30日止六個月的中期報告日期後的變更如下:

#### 劉文德先生

· 於2021年1月13日由創新電子控股有限 公司(股份代號:8346)(附註)的主席兼 執行董事調任為董事。

#### 李翰文先生

- 於2020年12月1日獲委任為同人融資有限公司董事總經理,該公司從事機構融資提供意見及證券交易業務。
- 於2021年1月13日辭任創新電子控股有限公司(股份代號:8346)(附註)獨立非執行董事。

附註: 其股份於聯交所GEM的上市地位已於2021年1月12 日以私有化方式撤銷。

除上文所披露者外,概無其他資料須根據上市 規則第13.51B(1)條予以披露。

## DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

#### **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

Save for disclosed in the sections headed "Share Option Scheme", "Convertible Securities, Options, Warrants or Similar Rights" and "Substantial Shareholders' Interests and Short Positions in the Shares and Underlying Shares of the Company — Convertible Preference Shares" of this report, the Company has not entered into any equity-linked agreements during the Reporting Year.

#### **PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS**

Pursuant to the Bye-law 168, every Director or other officers of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he/she may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his/her office or otherwise in relation thereto, and no Director or other officers shall be liable for any loss, damages or misfortune which may happen to or be incurred by the Company in the execution of the duties of his/her office or in relation thereto, provided that this Bye-law shall only have effect in so far as its provisions are not avoided by the Companies Act of Bermuda. The Company has maintained Directors and officers liability insurance during the Reporting Year.

#### **BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS**

Analysis of bank loans and other borrowings of the Group as at 31 December 2020 is set out in note 22 and note 25 to the financial statements.

#### 權益掛鈎協議

除本報告「購股權計劃」、「可換股證券、購股權、認股權證或類似權利」及「主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有之權益及淡倉一可轉換優先股」各節所披露外,本公司概無於報告年度訂立任何權益掛鈎協議。

#### 獲准許彌償條文

根據細則第168條,各董事或本公司其他高級職員有權就履行其職務或在其他有關方面蒙受或產生之所有虧損或負債自本公司之資產中獲得彌償,且概無董事或其他高級職員須就履行職責或與此有關而使本公司蒙受或產生之任何虧損、損失或不幸事件負責,惟該公司細則僅在未被百慕達公司法廢止之情況下有效。本公司於報告年度維持董事及高級職員責任保險。

#### 銀行貸款及其他借貸

本集團於2020年12月31日之銀行貸款及其他借貸分析載於財務報表附註22及附註25。

# DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 December 2020, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which were required: (a) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules.

#### **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

At the 2013 AGM, the shareholders approved the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme"). Details of the Share Option Scheme as required to be disclosed under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules are set out below:

#### **Summary of the Share Option Scheme**

#### (a) Purpose of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme is set up for the purpose of recognising and motivating the contribution of the Eligible Persons (as defined below) to the Company and/or any of its subsidiaries and/or any Invested Entity (as defined below).

#### (b) Participants of the Share Option Scheme

Eligible persons entitled to participate in the Share Option Scheme (the "Eligible Persons") include:

(i) any employee (whether full time or part time) of the Company, any of its subsidiaries, or any entity in which the Company or any of its subsidiaries holds an equity interest (the "Invested Entity"); including any executive director of the Company, any of its subsidiaries or any Invested Entity and any employee employed or to be employed by the Company, any of its subsidiaries or any Invested Entity, whether in Hong Kong or in The People's Republic of China ("PRC");

#### 董事及行政總裁於本公司及其相聯法團 的股份、相關股份及債券中擁有之權益 及淡倉

截至2020年12月31日,本公司董事或行政總裁概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債券中擁有權益及淡倉而須:(a)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部知會本公司及聯交所(包括根據證券及期貨條例有關條文彼等被當作或視為擁有之權益及淡倉);或(b)根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記錄於該條所指之登記冊內;或(c)根據上市規則附錄10所載之標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所。

#### 購股權計劃

在2013年股東周年大會上,股東批准採納新購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)。根據上市規則第17章規定須予披露有關購股權計劃之詳情載列如下:

#### 購股權計劃之摘要

#### (a) 購股權計劃之目的

購股權計劃旨在表彰及激勵合資格人士 (定義見下文)為本公司及/或其任何附 屬公司及/或任何投資實體(定義見下 文)作出貢獻。

#### (b) 購股權計劃之參與人士

可參與購股權計劃之合資格人士(「合資格人士」)包括:

(i) 本公司、其任何附屬公司、或本公司或其任何附屬公司持有股本權益之任何實體(「投資實體」)之任何僱員(不論全職或兼職),包括本公司、其任何附屬公司或任何投資實體之任何執行董事,及本公司、其任何附屬公司或任何投資實體(不論於香港或中華人民共和國(「中國」))僱用或將僱用之任何僱員:

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

- any non-executive director (including any independent nonexecutive director) of the Company, any of its subsidiaries or any Invested Entity;
- (iii) any shareholder of the Company, any of its subsidiaries or any Invested Entity or any holder of any securities issued by the Company, any of its subsidiaries or any Invested Entity who has, in the opinion of the Board, made contribution to the business growth of the Company, any of its subsidiaries or any Invested Entity;
- (iv) any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support to the Company, any of its subsidiaries or any Invested Entity;
- any supplier of goods and/or services to the Company, any of its subsidiaries or any Invested Entity;
- (vi) any business collaborator, business consultant, joint venture or business partner, or technical, financial, legal and other professional advisers engaged by the Company, any of its subsidiaries or any Invested Entity;
- (vii) any associate (as defined under the Listing Rules) of the directors or the substantial shareholders of the Company, any of its subsidiaries or any Invested Entity who has, in the opinion of the Board, made contribution to the business growth of the Company, any of its subsidiaries or any Invested Entity; or
- (viii) the trustee of any trust pre-approved by the Board, the beneficiary (or in case of discretionary trust, the discretionary objects) of which includes any of the above-mentioned persons,

and, for the purposes of the Share Option Scheme, the options may be granted to any company wholly owned by one or more of the above Eligible Persons.

- (ii) 本公司、其任何附屬公司或任何投 資實體之任何非執行董事(包括任 何獨立非執行董事);
- (iii) 本公司、其任何附屬公司或任何投資實體之任何股東或本公司、其任何附屬公司或任何投資實體所發行任何證券之持有人,而董事會認為其對本公司、其任何附屬公司或任何投資實體之業務發展有所貢獻者;
- (iv) 向本公司、其任何附屬公司或任何 投資實體提供研究、開發或其他技 術支援之任何人士或實體;
- (v) 本公司、其任何附屬公司或任何投 資實體的任何貨品及/或服務供應 商;
- (vi) 與本公司、其任何附屬公司或任何 投資實體已訂約之任何業務合作 方、業務顧問、合資公司或業務夥 伴、或技術、財務、法律及其他專 業顧問:
- (vii) 本公司、其任何附屬公司或任何投 資實體之董事或主要股東之任何聯 繫人(定義見上市規則),而董事會 認為其對本公司、其任何附屬公司 或任何投資實體之業務發展有所貢 獻者;或
- (viii) 經董事會預先批准之任何信託之受 託人,其受益人(或倘為全權信 託,則為受益對象)包括任何上述 人士,

及就購股權計劃而言,購股權可授予任何一名或以上之上述合資格人士全資擁有之任何公司。

### (c) Maximum number of shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme

At 2013 AGM, the scheme mandate limit for the Share Option Scheme to allow the Company to issue a maximum of 33,200,000 options under the Share Option Scheme, representing approximately 7.81% of the total number of issued shares of the Company (i.e. 424,850,000 ordinary shares) as at 23 March 2021.

As at 31 December 2020, there were no outstanding share options and there were not any share options granted, exercised, cancelled and lapsed under the Share Option Scheme. As at the date of this report, the maximum number of shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme is 29,600,000, representing approximately 6.97% of the total number of issued shares of the Company (i.e. 424,850,000 ordinary shares) as at 23 March 2021.

### (d) Maximum entitlement of each Eligible Person under the Share Option Scheme

No option may be granted to any one Eligible Person in any 12-month period which, if exercised in full, would result in the total number of shares already issued to such Eligible Person under all the options previously granted to him/her which have been exercised and, issuable to him/her under all the options previously granted to him/her which are for the time being subsisting and unexercised, exceeding 1% of the share capital of the Company in issue on the last date of such 12-month period unless being approved by the shareholders of the Company in a general meeting.

Where any proposed grant of option to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or any of their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules), would result in the shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options already granted (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) and to be granted to such person in the 12-month period up to and including the date of the proposed grant:

(i) representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the total number of shares in issue for the time being; and

#### (c) 根據購股權計劃可發行之股份數目上限

在2013年股東周年大會上,購股權計劃之計劃授權限額允許本公司根據購股權計劃最多發行33,200,000份購股權,佔本公司於2021年3月23日已發行股份總數(即424,850,000股普通股股份)約7.81%。

於2020年12月31日,概無任何購股權未行使及概無任何購股權根據購股權計劃授出、行使、註銷及失效。於本報告日期,根據購股權計劃可發行之股份數目上限為29,600,000股,佔本公司於2021年3月23日已發行股份總數(即424,850,000股普通股股份)約6.97%。

#### (d) 購股權計劃項下每位合資格人士可獲授 購股權之上限

倘於任何12個月期間內向任何一位合資格人士授出之購股權獲悉數行使時,會導致該合資格人士因過往獲授及已行使之所有購股權而獲發行的股份,及過往獲授仍有效且未行使之所有購股權而須予發行之股份,合計總數超過於該12個月期間最後一日之本公司已發行股本之1%,則不可向該合資格人士授出有關購股權,惟經本公司股東於股東大會上批准則除外。

倘向本公司之主要股東或獨立非執行董事或彼等各自之任何聯繫人(定義見上市規則)建議授出購股權,而將會導致於截至(及包括)建議授出日期止12個月期間向該人士已授出(包括已行使、註銷及未行使之購股權)及將授出之所有購股權獲行使而已發行及將予發行之股份:

(i) 合共超過當時已發行股份總數之 0.1%;及

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

the aggregate value of which, based on the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of the proposed grant, is in excess of HK\$5.0 million, such proposed grant of option shall be subject to the prior approval of the shareholders of the Company at a general meeting in which all connected persons for the time being of the Company (if any) (except where any connected person intends to vote against the proposed grant of option and his/her intention to do so has been stated in the circular) shall abstain from voting at such general meeting and at which any vote taken shall be taken on a poll.

#### (e) Period for and payment on acceptance of an option

An offer for grant of an option must be accepted by an Eligible Person (and by no other person) in respect of all the shares for which the offer is made. Acceptance shall be made by such Eligible Person by signing and returning the duplicate of the offer letter together with the payment of a consideration of HK\$1.00 for such grant to the Company within the time period specified in the offer letter.

#### (f) The basis of determining the subscription price

The subscription price in respect of any option granted under the Share Option Scheme shall be a price determined by the Board and notified to each grantee and shall not be less than the highest of (i) the nominal value of a share; (ii) the average of the closing prices of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date on which an offer for grant of an option (the "New Offer Date") is made to an Eligible Person; and (iii) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the New Offer Date which must be a business day, provided that the subscription price shall be rounded upwards to the nearest whole cent.

#### (g) Minimum period for holding an option before exercise

There is no minimum holding period for which an option must be held before exercise pursuant to the Share Option Scheme. The commencement date of the period during which an option may be exercised shall be specified by the Board in the relevant offer letter.

(ii) 根據於建議授出日期聯交所發出之每日報價表所載股份之收市價計算,總值超過港幣5,000,000元,則授出購股權的建議須事先獲得本公司股東於股東大會上批准,而本公司當時的所有關連人士(如有)不得於該股東大會上投票(惟擬投票反對該項授出購股權建議並已在通函中表明其意向的任何關連人士除外),及該股東大會須以投票表決方式進行表決。

#### (e) 接納購股權之期限及付款

合資格人士(及並無其他人士)可就其獲授之購股權下全部股份接納有關授出購股權的要約。接納要約須於要約函件指定時限內,由該合資格人士將要約函件副本正式簽妥並連同港幣1.00元作為有關授出之代價交回本公司。

#### (f) 釐定認購價之基準

根據購股權計劃所授出任何購股權的認購價須由董事會釐定及通知各承授人,惟不得低於下列三者中的最高者:(i)股份之面值;(ii)於緊接授出購股權要約5百資格人士日期(「新要約日期」)前5個營業日股份在聯交所每日報價表所載之平均收市價;及(iii)於新要約日期(必須為營業日)股份在聯交所每日報價表所載之收市價,惟認購價不足1仙的金額亦作1仙計算。

#### (q) 購股權行使前須持有之最短期限

根據購股權計劃,購股權於行使前並無 須持有之最短期限。購股權可獲行使之 期間的開始日期應由董事會於有關要約 函件內訂明。

#### (h) Remaining life

The Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of ten years commencing on 17 June 2013, the date of adoption of the Share Option Scheme, unless otherwise terminated in accordance with the rules of the Share Option Scheme.

#### **DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES**

During the Reporting Year, the Company has the Share Option Scheme pursuant to which options may be granted, inter alia, to the Directors.

Save as disclosed in "Share Option Scheme" above, at no time during the Reporting Year was the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors or their spouses or children under the age of 18 to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

#### **DIRECTOR'S INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS**

None of the Directors (excluding Independent Non-executive Directors) nor their respective associates had any interest in business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group for the Reporting Year.

### CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES, OPTIONS, WARRANTS OR SIMILAR RIGHTS

#### **Convertible Preference Shares**

The Company issued and allotted 80,000,000 convertible preference shares ("CPSs"), as part of the consideration for the acquisition of ISP Business in late 2012. The CPSs may be convertible into the ordinary shares at HK\$0.75 per share subject to satisfaction of the minimum public float requirements under the Listing Rules. As at 31 December 2020 and up to the date of this report, none of the CPSs was converted nor redeemed.

#### (h) 餘下期限

除根據購股權計劃之規則予以終止外, 購股權計劃由2013年6月17日(即採納購 股權計劃之日期)起計十年期間內生效及 維持有效。

#### 董事認購股份或債券之權利

於報告年度內,本公司擁有購股權計劃,據此,本公司可授出購股權予(其中包括)董事。

除上文「購股權計劃」所披露者外,本公司、 其控股公司或其任何附屬公司於報告年度內任 何時間概無訂立任何安排,致使董事或彼等的 配偶或18歲以下的子女可透過購買本公司或 任何其他法人團體之股份或債券而從中獲取利 益。

#### 董事於競爭業務之權益

概無董事(不包括獨立非執行董事)或其各自的 聯繫人於截至報告年度擁有與本集團業務直接 或間接構成競爭或可能構成競爭的業務之權 益。

#### 可換股證券、購股權、認股權證或類似 權利

#### 可轉換優先股

本公司發行及配發80,000,000股可轉換優先股(「可轉換優先股」)股份,作為於2012年年末收購室內裝飾及特殊項目業務之部份代價。可轉換優先股可按每股港幣0.75元轉換為普通股,惟須符合上市規則規定之最低公眾持股量。截至2020年12月31日及直至本報告日期,概無轉換或贖回可轉換優先股。

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

#### **Convertible Bonds**

The Company placed the convertible bonds in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$42 million (the "Convertible Bonds") on 18 November 2019 pursuant to the placing agreement dated 24 October 2019 (the "Placing") by the placing agents to six placees, being individual, corporate investors who are the independent third parties and are not connected with the Company as well as its connected persons, whereby the Convertible Bonds may be convertible into a maximum of 84 million conversion shares based on the initial conversion price of HK\$0.50 per conversion share upon exercise in full of the conversion rights attaching to the Convertible Bonds. As at 31 December 2020 and up to the date of this report, no conversion share has been issued under the Convertible Bonds which will be due in November 2021.

The gross and net proceeds from the placing amounted to HK\$42 million and approximately HK\$41 million respectively. The net issue price for the Placing is approximately HK\$0.49 per conversion share. The net proceeds from the Placing were fully used as the general working capital of the Group according to the purpose of the Placing. The details of the Placing are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 24 October 2019 and 18 November 2019 as well as note 25 to the financial statements in this annual report.

Save as above and other than the share option scheme described in the paragraph titled "Share Option Scheme" above, the Company had no outstanding convertible securities, options, warrants or similar rights as at 31 December 2020. There was no issue or exercise of any convertible securities, options, warrants or similar rights during the Reporting Year.

#### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

No contract concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company was entered into or existed during the Reporting Year.

#### **RETIREMENT SCHEMES**

The Group participated in mandatory provident fund schemes in Hong Kong and in the municipal government contribution scheme in China. Particulars of the retirement schemes are set out in note 4(h)(iii) to the financial statements.

#### 可換股債券

本公司於2019年11月18日根據日期為2019年10月24日的配售協議透過配售代理向六名承配人配售本金總額港幣42,000,000元的可換股債券(「可換股債券」)(「配售事項」),承配人為個人及公司投資者(為獨立第三方及與本公司及其關連人士概無關連),據此可換股債券附帶的轉換權獲悉數行使後按初步兌換價每股換股股份為港幣0.50元換為最多84,000,000股換股股份。於2020年12月31日及直至本報告日期,概無根據可換股債券發行換股股份,而可換股債券將於2021年11月到期。

配售事項所得款項總額及淨額分別為港幣42,000,000元及約港幣41,000,000元。配售事項淨發行價約為每股換股股份港幣0.49元。配售事項所得款項淨額將按照配售事項的用途悉數用作本集團一般營運資金。配售事項詳情載於本公司日期為2019年10月24日及2019年11月18日的公告,以及本年報之財務報表附註25。

除上文及上述「購股權計劃」一段外,於2020 年12月31日,本公司概無任何尚未發行之可 換股證券、購股權、認股權證或類似權利。本 報告年度內,概無任何可換股證券、購股權、 認股權證或類似權利獲發行或行使。

#### 管理合約

本報告年度內, 概無就本公司全部或任何主要 業務部份訂立或訂有任何管理及行政合約。

#### 退休計劃

本集團參與香港強制性公積金計劃及中國市級 政府供款計劃。該等退休計劃詳情載於財務報 表附註4(h)(iii)。

## SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2020, the following person/entity (other than Directors or chief executive of the Company) had or were deemed or taken to have interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register of interests and short positions of substantial shareholders (the "Register of Substantial Shareholders") required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO:

#### Long Positions in the Shares and Underlying Shares of the Company

#### (a) Ordinary Shares

### 主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有之權益及淡倉

截至2020年12月31日,根據證券及期貨條例第336條本公司須予存置之主要股東權益及淡倉登記冊(「主要股東登記冊」)所記錄,下列人士/實體(本公司董事或行政總裁除外)於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有或被視為擁有權益或淡倉:

#### 於本公司股份及相關股份之好倉

#### (a) 普通股股份

Name of Shareholders	Capacity	Number of ordinary shares held 持有之普通股	Approximate percentage of interests in the total number of issued shares
股東名稱	身份	股份數目	概約權益百分比
Chu Yuet Wah ("Mrs. Chu")	Interests of controlled corporation (Note (i))	225,518,633	53.08%
李月華(「李女士」)	受控法團權益(附註(i))		(Note (ii))(附註(ii))
Champ Key Holdings Limited	Beneficial owner	225,518,633	53.08%
("Champ Key")	實益擁有人		(Note (ii)) (附註(ii))

#### Notes:

- Champ Key being a company wholly-owned by Mrs. Chu is deemed to be a controlled corporation of Mrs. Chu under the SFO.
- (ii) There were 424,850,000 ordinary shares of the Company in issue as at 31 December 2020.

#### 附註:

- (i) 根據證券及期貨條例,Champ Key(李女士全 資擁有之公司)被視為李女士之受控法團。
- (ii) 本公司截至2020年12月31日之已發行普通股股份為424,850,000股。

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

#### (b) Convertible Preference Shares

#### (b) 可轉換優先股

Name of Shareholders	Capacity	Number of convertible preference shares held	Approximate percentage of interests in the total number of issued shares
股東名稱	身份	持有之可轉換 優先股股份數目	股份總數之概約權益百分比
Mrs. Chu 李女士	Interests of controlled corporation (Note (i)) 受控法團權益(附註(i))	80,000,000	100% (Note (ii))(附註(ii))
Champ Key	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	80,000,000	100% (Note (ii)) (附註(ii))

#### Notes:

- (i) The Company issued and allotted 80,000,000 CPSs to Smart Lane Holdings Limited ("Smart Lane"), as part of the consideration for the acquisition of ISP Business in late 2012. As disclosed in the joint announcement of Champ Key and the Company dated 30 November 2016, Champ Key (a company wholly-owned by Mrs. Chu) as the offeror entered into the sale and purchase agreement with Smart Lane as the vendor of the sale and purchase of 169,116,777 ordinary shares and 80,000,000 CPSs. Champ Key being a company wholly-owned by Mrs. Chu is deemed to be a controlled corporation of Mrs. Chu under the SFO.
- (ii) There were 80,000,000 CPSs of the Company in issue as at 31 December 2020.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2020, the Directors were not aware of any persons/entities (other than Directors or chief executive of the Company) who/which had or were deemed or taken to have any other interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the Register of Substantial Shareholders required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO.

#### 附註:

- (i) 本公司向Smart Lane Holdings Limited (「Smart Lane」)發行及配發80,000,000股可轉換優先股股份,作為於2012年年末收購室內裝飾及特殊項目業務之部份代價。誠如Champ Key及本公司日期為2016年11月30日之聯合公告所披露,由李女士全資擁有之公司Champ Key(作為要約人)與Smart Lane(作為買賣169,116,777股普通股及80,000,000股可轉換優先股之賣方)訂立買賣協議。根據證券及期貨條例,Champ Key(李女士全資擁有之公司)被視為李女士之受控制法團。
- (ii) 本公司截至2020年12月31日之已發行可轉換 優先股股份為80,000,000股。

除上文所披露者外,於2020年12月31日,董事並無獲悉任何人士/實體(本公司董事或行政總裁除外)於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有或被視為擁有記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須予存置之主要股東登記冊之任何其他權益或淡倉。

#### **CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

#### **Renewal of Continuing Connected Transactions**

The terms of the 2017 General Business Services Master Agreement and the 2018 ISP Works Master Agreement as well as the annual caps for continuing connected transactions thereunder expired on 31 December 2019. In order for the Group to continue to provide general business services and ISP works to Mrs. Chu and/or her associates, the Company and Mrs. Chu entered into the General Business Services Master Agreement and the ISP Works Master Agreement on 17 December 2019, each for a term of three years commencing from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2022 (both days inclusive).

During the Reporting Year, the Company and/or its subsidiaries had entered into the following continuing connected transactions which are subject to annual review and reporting requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules:

#### (a) General Business Services Master Agreement

Pursuant to the General Business Services Master Agreement dated 17 December 2019, Mrs. Chu and/or her associates may engage the Group to provide general business services. The annual cap for the General Business Services Master Agreement for the Reporting Year was HK\$6,000,000. Details of the transaction were summarised below and disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 17 December 2019.

#### 持續關連交易

#### 重續持續關聯交易

2017年一般業務服務總協議及2018年室內裝飾及特殊項目工程總協議的條款以及據此進行的持續關聯交易的年度上限已於2019年12月31日到期。為使本集團繼續向李女士及/或其關聯人士提供一般業務服務及室內裝飾及特殊項目工程,本公司與李女士於2019年12月17日訂立一般業務服務總協議及室內裝飾及特殊項目工程總協議,各自的期限由2020年1月1日至2022年12月31日(包括首尾兩天),為期三年。

於報告年度內,本公司及/或其附屬公司已訂立下列須遵守上市規則第14A章之年度審核及申報規定的持續關連交易:

#### (a) 一般業務服務總協議

根據日期為2019年12月17日的一般業務服務總協議,李女士及/或其聯繫人可委聘本集團提供一般業務服務。截至報告年度,一般業務服務總協議的年度上限為港幣6,000,000元。交易詳情於下表總結及本公司日期為2019年12月17日的公告內披露。

Connected person(s) 關連人士	Date of agreement(s) 協議日期	<b>Terms</b> 期限	Particulars 詳情	Annual cap 年度上限	Annual consideration 年度代價	Nature and extent of the connected person's interest 關連人士權益性質及範圍
Mrs. Chu	General Business Services Master Agreement dated 17 December 2019	The period from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2022 (both days inclusive)	Mrs. Chu and/or her associates to engage the Group for providing the general business services, including but not limited to, the property and assets management, real estate advisory services, fitting-out works, renovation works, general consultancy and other ancillary services	HK\$6,000,000	HK\$2,952,481	Mrs. Chu is a substantial shareholder and controlling shareholder of the Company and hence, a connected person under the Listing Rules.
李女士	日期為2019年12月17日 之一般業務服務總協議	自2020年1月1日起至 2022年12月31日止期間 (包括首尾兩日)	李女士及/或其聯繫人可委聘 本集團提供一般業務服務, 包括但不限於物業及資產 管理、房地產諮詢服務、 裝修工程、翻新工程、 一般諮詢及其他輔助服務	港幣6,000,000元	巷幣 2,952,481 元	李女士為本公司之主要股東及 控股股東・因而為上市規則下 之關連人士。

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

#### (b) ISP Works Master Agreement

Pursuant to the ISP Works Master Agreement dated 17 December 2019, Mrs. Chu and/or her associates may engage the Group for providing ISP Works on a non-exclusive basis. The annual cap for the ISP Works Master Agreement for the Reporting Year was HK\$8,000,000. Details of the transaction were summarised below and disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 17 December 2019.

#### (b) 室內裝飾及特殊項目工程總協議

根據日期為2019年12月17日的室內裝飾及特殊項目工程總協議,李女士及/或其聯繫人可委聘本集團按非獨家基準提供室內裝飾及特殊項目工程。截至報告年度,室內裝飾及特殊項目工程總協議的年度上限為港幣8,000,000元。交易詳情於下表總結及本公司日期為2019年12月17日的公告內披露。

Connected person(s) 關連人士	Date of agreement(s) 協議日期	Terms 期限	Particulars 詳情	Annual cap 年度上限	Annual consideration 年度代價	Nature and extent of the connected person's interest 關連人士權益性質及範圍
Mrs. Chu	ISP Works Master Agreement on 17 December 2019	The period from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2022 (both days inclusive)	Mrs. Chu and/or her associates to engage the Group for providing ISP Works	HK\$8,000,000	HK\$6,988,509	Mrs. Chu is a substantial shareholder and controlling shareholder of the Company
李女士	日期為2019年12月17日 之室內裝飾及特殊 項目工程總協議	自2020年1月1日起至 2022年12月31日止期間 (包括首尾兩日)	李女士及/或其聯繫人委聘本集團 提供室內裝飾及特殊項目工程	港幣8,000,000元	港幣6,988,509元	and hence, a connected person under the Listing Rules. 李女士為本公司之主要股東及控股股東・因而為上市規則下之關連人士。

The Directors (including the Independent Non-executive Directors) have reviewed and confirmed that all the continuing connected transactions mentioned above conducted in the year were entered into on the following basis:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of the business of the Group;
- (ii) on normal commercial terms or better; and
- (iii) according to the relevant agreements governing these transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 "Assurance Engagements other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued an unqualified letter containing the findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Group as above in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

董事(包括獨立非執行董事)已審閱並確認上文 所述本年度進行的所有持續關連交易乃按照下 列原則進行:

- (i) 於本集團日常及一般業務範圍內進行;
- (ii) 按照一般商業條款或更好的條款;及
- (iii) 根據監管該等交易的相關協議按公平合理並符合本公司股東整體利益的條款訂立。

根據香港會計師公會發佈的香港鑒證業務準則 3000號「歷史財務資料審核或審閱以外的鑒証 工作」並參考實務説明740號「香港上市規則規 定的持續關連交易的核數師函件」,本公司核 數師已受聘對本集團持續關連交易作出報告。 根據上市規則第14A.56條,核數師已就本集團 披露的上述持續關連交易,發出無保留意見的 函件,並載有其發現和結論。本公司已將核數 師函件副本向聯交所提供。 In addition, the auditor of the Company has confirmed to the Board that nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that the above continuing connected transactions for the Reporting Year:

- (i) have not been approved by the Board;
- (ii) were not, in all material respects, in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group where the transactions involve the provision of services by the Group;
- (iii) were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreements governing the transactions; and
- (iv) have exceeded the relevant annual caps as disclosed in the respective previous announcements of the Company.

The Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules in respect of the continuing connected transactions mentioned above.

#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

The aggregate revenue attributable to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 38.3% (31 December 2019: 31.9%) of the Group's total revenue and the revenue attributable to the Group's largest customer accounted for approximately 11.7% (31 December 2019: 9.0%) of the Group's total revenue for the year.

The aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers were less than 30% of the Group's total purchases for the year (2019: less than 30%).

None of the Directors, any of their close associates, or shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital), had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers.

#### **BANK BORROWINGS**

The particulars of bank borrowings of the Group as at 31 December 2020 are set out in note 22 to the financial statements.

#### **DONATIONS**

The Group donated HK\$37,000 (2019: HK\$53,000) for charitable and other purposes during the Reporting Year.

此外,本公司之核數師已向董事會確認,彼等 並不知悉任何事項使彼等相信上述截至報告年 度之持續關連交易:

- (i) 並無獲董事會批准;
- (ii) 於所有重大方面並不符合本集團有關涉及本集團提供服務之交易之定價政策;
- (iii) 於所有重大方面並無根據規管該等交易 之相關協議訂立;及
- (iv) 超過本公司先前公告所披露之相關年度 上限。

本公司就上文所述有關的持續關連交易,已遵守上市規則第14A章所載之披露規定。

#### 主要客戶及供應商

於本年度,本集團最大5位客戶佔本集團總收 益約38.3%(2019年12月31日:31.9%),而本 集團最大客戶則佔本集團總收益約11.7%(2019 年12月31日:9.0%)。

於本年度,本集團最大5位供應商佔本集團之 總採購額少於30%(2019年:少於30%)。

董事、任何彼等之緊密聯繫人或股東(據董事 所知擁有本公司已發行股本超過5%者)概無在 本集團之最大5位客戶中擁有任何實益權益。

#### 銀行貸款

本集團於2020年12月31日的銀行貸款詳情載 於財務報表附註22。

#### 捐款

於報告年度,本集團作出慈善及其他捐款港幣 37,000元(2019年:港幣53,000元)。

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

### PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the Reporting Year.

#### **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Related party transactions of the Group are set out in note 31 to the financial statements. In relation to those related party transactions that also constituted connected transactions or continuing connected transactions of the Group as defined in the Listing Rules, the relevant disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules have been complied with.

#### **PUBLIC FLOAT**

At the date of this report, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules, based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and to the best of knowledge of its Directors.

#### **AUDITOR**

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Reporting Year were audited by BDO Limited who has expressed its willingness to offer itself for re-appointment at the 2021 AGM.

A resolution will be proposed at the 2021 AGM to re-appoint BDO Limited as the auditor of the Company for the ensuring year and to authorise the Directors to fix its remuneration.

On behalf of the Board

#### **Kingston Chu Chun Ho**

Chairman

Hong Kong, 23 March 2021

#### 購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券

本公司或其任何附屬公司於報告年度概無購買、出售或贖回本公司之任何上市證券。

#### 關連人士交易

本集團之關連人士交易載於財務報表附註31。 就該等亦構成本集團關連交易或持續關連交易 (定義見上市規則)之關聯方交易而言,本集團 已遵守根據上市規則第14A章之相關披露規定。

#### 公眾持股量

於本報告日期,據本公司所獲之公眾資料及董 事所知悉,本公司已維持上市規則所指定之公 眾持股量。

#### 核數師

本集團截至報告年度之綜合財務報表已由香港 立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司審核,彼已表 明願意於2021年股東周年大會上提呈重選連任。

於2021年股東周年大會上將提呈決議案重選香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司為本公司翌年之核數師,並授權董事釐定其酬金。

代表董事會

主席 **朱俊浩** 

香港,2021年3月23日

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### 獨立核數師報告

#### TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SYNERGIS HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Synergis Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 93 to 180, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's "Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### 致昇捷控股有限公司之股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

#### 意見

我們已審計昇捷控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其 附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)列載於第93頁至第 180頁的綜合財務報表,包括於2020年12月31 日的綜合財務狀況表、截至該日止年度的綜合 損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表、綜 合現金流量表及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要 會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的《香港財務報告準則」)真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於2020年12月31日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

#### 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部份中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及且適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters identified in our audit are summarised as follows:

- Accounting for construction contracts including profit recognition, and contract assets/liabilities; and
- Impairment assessment on receivables and contract assets.

### ACCOUNTING FOR CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS — INCLUDING PROFIT RECOGNITION, AND CONTRACT ASSETS/LIABILITIES

Refer to note 7 and note 18 to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group recognised revenue from construction contracts relating to the interiors and special projects which totalled approximately HK\$375 million. The contract assets and liabilities amounted to approximately HK\$90 million (after provision for impairment of approximately HK\$773,000) and approximately HK\$14 million respectively as at 31 December 2020.

The recognition of revenue and cost of sales for the Group's construction contracts is based on the progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation.

Progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation is determined by reference to work performed up to the end of the reporting period. Recognition of profit on contracts requires significant judgement and estimates of the total contract revenue and costs by management.

#### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這 些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具 意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供 單獨的意見。

我們在審計中識別的關鍵審計事項概述如下:

- · 建築合約之會計處理 包括確認溢利及 合約資產/負債;及
- 應收賬款及合約資產之減值評估。

### 建築合約之會計處理一包括確認溢利及合約資產/負債

請參閱綜合財務報表附註7及附註18

截至2020年12月31日止年度, 貴集團確認來 自室內裝飾及特殊項目建築合約的收益合共約 港幣375,000,000元。於2020年12月31日, 合 約資產及負債分別為約港幣90,000,000元(已扣 除減值撥備約港幣773,000元)及約港幣 14,000,000元。

貴集團建築合約之收益及銷售成本乃根據履約 責任完全達成的進度予以確認。

履約責任完全達成的進度乃參考報告期末所執 行的工作釐定。確認合約溢利需要管理層就合 約收益及成本總額行使重大判斷和估計。

#### Our response:

We tested the key controls on how management measure the progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation, including controls on estimated total contract revenue and costs, budgeted margins, progress billings and progress payments of contracts.

Our work in relation to management's estimated total contract revenue and costs, and budgeted margins focused on the following procedures in relation to material construction contracts within the Group:

- Discussing with the Group's quantity surveyors and project managers for the status of the projects, identifying any variations, claims and provision on loss-making contracts, and obtaining explanations for fluctuations in margins and the expected recovery of variations.
- Obtaining corroborative evidence, in relation to the above points, by reviewing the project budgets, external architect's instructions, external architect's certificates of work performed and minutes of management's regular internal meetings, on a sample basis.
- Inspecting signed contracts to identify the total contract sum and terms.
- Agreeing the progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation to the surveyors' latest valuation and/or external architects certificates.
- Testing the calculations of contract revenue, costs, and construction contracts assets/liabilities.
- Where applicable, inspecting correspondence with the customers and sub-contractors to obtain audit evidence on variations from customers, claims from customers and sub-contractors.

We found the assumptions made by management in relation to construction contracts (including profit recognition and contract assets and liabilities) are supported by the audit evidence available.

#### 我們的回應:

我們已就管理層如何計量履約責任完全達成的 進度的主要監控進行測試,包括就估計合約總 收益及成本、預算利潤、合約進度發票及進度 付款的監控。

我們對管理層於 貴集團的重大建築合約所估計的合約總收益及成本及預算利潤集中進行以下程序:

- 與 貴集團工料測量師及項目經理討論 有關項目之狀況,以識別是否存在任何 變更、申索及因虧蝕合約而產生的撥 備,並取得有關利潤波動及預期變更回 收的解釋。
- 對項目預算、外部建築師指示、外部建築師已進行工程的證書及管理層進行的定期內部會議之會議紀錄進行抽樣審閱,就上述觀點取得證據支持。
- 檢查已簽署合約,以識別合約總金額及 條款。
- 核對履約責任完全達成的進度符合測量 師之最近估值及/或外部建築師之證書。
- 對合約收益、成本及建築合約資產/負債的計算進行測試。
- 在適當情況下,檢查與客戶及分包商的來往資料,以就對客戶的變更指令、客戶及分包商所提出之索償取得審計證據。

根據可得之證據,我們認為管理層就建築合約 作出之假設(包括確認溢利及合約資產及負債) 獲可得審核理據支持。

### IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT ON RECEIVABLES AND CONTRACT ASSETS

Refer to note 18, note 19 to the consolidated financial statements

The Group had receivables of approximately HK\$270 million (after provision for impairment of approximately HK\$6 million) and contract assets of approximately HK\$90 million (after provision for impairment of approximately HK\$773,000) as at 31 December 2020.

Receivables of the Group comprise mainly receivables in relation to the Group's business of (i) property and facility management services, and (ii) interiors and special projects, and contract assets are in relation to the Group's business of interiors and special projects.

The recoverable amount is estimated by management based on their specific recoverability assessment on individual counterparties with reference to the aging profile, historical payment pattern, the past record of default and assessment of their financial position. Management would make specific provision against individual balances with reference to the estimated recoverable amount.

For the purpose of impairment assessment, significant judgements and assumptions include identification of impairment indicators, the credit risks of counterparty, the estimated timing and amount of future cash flows for the determination of the impairment charge.

#### Our response:

We performed the following procedures in relation to the recoverability of receivables and contract assets:

- Testing the accuracy of aging of trade receivables at year end on a sample basis.
- Obtaining lists of outstanding receivables and contract assets, and identifying any counterparty with potential financial difficulty through discussion with management as well as conducting market research on the industry.

#### 應收賬款及合約資產之減值評估

請參閱綜合財務報表附註18及附註19

貴集團於2020年12月31日的應收賬款為約港幣270,000,000元(已扣除減值撥備約港幣6,000,000元)及合約資產為約港幣90,000,000元(已扣除減值撥備約港幣773,000元)。

貴集團之應收賬款則主要包括與 貴集團(i)物業及設施管理服務;及(ii)室內裝飾及特殊項目業務有關,而合約資產與 貴集團室內裝飾及特殊項目業務有關。

可回收金額乃管理層根據其個別應付方的可回 收性評估而估算得出,當中參考賬齡組合、以往付款習慣、以往拖欠紀錄及評估其財務狀況。管理層會參考估算可收回金額,對個別結餘作出特定撥備。

就減值評估而言,重大判斷及假設包括識別減值跡象、應付方之信貸風險、估計時間及未來 現金流量金額,以識別減值金額。

#### 我們的回應:

我們已就應收賬款及合約資產之可收回性進行 以下程序:

- 對年末貿易應收賬款的賬齡之準確性進行抽樣測試。
- 獲取應收賬款及合約資產的清單,通過 與管理層討論從而識別是否存在有潛在 財政困難的應付方,並對行業進行市場 研究。

- Assessing the recoverability of the unsettled receivables and contract
  assets on a sample basis through our evaluation of management's
  assessment with reference to the credit profile of the counterparties,
  historical payment pattern of the counterparties, publicly available
  information and latest correspondence with the counterparties and
  to consider if any additional provision should be made.
- Testing subsequent settlement and contract work certification of receivables and contract assets respectively after the Reporting Year on a sample basis.

We found the key judgements and assumptions used by management in the recoverability assessment of receivables and contract assets to be supportable based on the available evidence.

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's 2020 annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

- 根據管理層對未結清應收賬款及合約資產可回收性的評估,我們參照應付方的信貸組合、應付方以往付款習慣、公開資訊及與應付方的近期通信,以抽樣方式評估應收賬款之可回收性,並考慮應否作出額外撥備。
- 分別於報告年度後的應收賬款及合約資產之期後結算及合約工程認證進行抽樣 測試。

根據可得之憑證,我們認為管理層用於應收賬 款及合約資產的可回收評估之關鍵判斷及假設 是有理據支持的。

#### 其他信息

董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括 貴公司 2020 年年報內的信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的 鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任 是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息 是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了 解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤 陳述的情況。基於我們已執行的工作,如果我 們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要 報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process. The Audit Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibilities in this regard.

### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

#### 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

董事負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》以及香港《公司條例》的披露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對董事認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集 團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持 續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計 基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經 營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

董事負責監督 貴集團之財務申報程序。審核 委員會協助董事履行其在此方面的職責。

#### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。此報告僅按照我們的委聘條款向 閣下(作為整體)作出,除此之外別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照香港審計準則進行的審計,在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中,我們 運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我們 亦:

- · 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設 計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以 及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我 們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串 謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌 駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺 詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未 能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的 風險。
- · 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適 當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團 內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- · 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性 作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證, 定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大 續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我核 續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我核 為存在重大不確定性,則有必數 為存在重大不確定性,則有必財務 時報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務不足 中的相關披露。假若有關的披露不足們 則我們應當發表非無保留意見。我們 結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得的 結論是基於核數師報告日止所取可能導 致實集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。

 obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了計劃 的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包 括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺 陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,相關的防範措施。

從與董事溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

#### **BDO Limited**

Certified Public Accountants

#### Lee Ka Leung, Daniel

Practising Certificate Number P01220

Hong Kong, 23 March 2021

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師

#### 李家樑

執業證書編號 P01220

香港,2021年3月23日

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至 2020年 12月 31日止年度

			2020	2019
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元
Revenue	收益	7	1,127,656	1,569,280
Cost of sales and service	銷售及服務成本		(1,077,518)	(1,426,860)
Gross profit	毛利		50,138	142,420
Other income	其他收入	8	85,863	3,424
General and administrative expenses	一般及行政開支		(89,792)	(93,371)
Interest expenses	利息開支	9	(10,514)	(7,338)
Net allowances for impairment losses	應收賬款及合約資產之減值			
on receivables and contract assets	虧損撥備淨額		(8,140)	(729)
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	10	27,555	44,406
Taxation	税項	13	(13,342)	(6,824)
Profit for the year	年內溢利		14,213	37,582
Profit for the year attributable to equity	本公司股權持有人應佔			
holders of the Company	年內溢利		14,213	37,582
Profit for the year	年內溢利		14,213	37,582
Other comprehensive income/(loss):	其他全面收益/(虧損):			
Items that will not be reclassified	其後將不會重新分類至			
to profit or loss:	損益之項目:			
Actuarial (loss)/gain on long service	 長期服務金負債之精算			
payment liabilities	(虧損)/收益		(1,186)	274
Items that may be subsequently	可其後重新分類至損益之項目:			
reclassified to profit or loss:	可共民主制力双王原皿之次日:			
Exchange differences on translating	換算海外業務產生之			
foreign operations	正 正 注 額		1,795	(577)
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	年內其他全面收益/(虧損)			
for the year			609	(303)
Total comprehensive income	本公司股權持有人應佔年內			
for the year attributable to equity	全面收益總額			
holders of the Company			14,822	37,279
Earnings per share attributable to the				
equity holders of the Company	盈利			
— basic (HK cents)	一基本(港幣仙)	15	3.3	8.8
— diluted (HK cents)		15	2.8	7.4
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### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

### 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2020 於2020年12月31日

			2020	2019
		Note	HK\$′000	HK\$'000
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元 ————
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備	16	18,420	20,387
Investment properties	投資物業	17	6,800	7,200
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	26	1,167	6,294
Prepayment	預付款項		-	415
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		26,387	34,296
Current assets				
Contract assets	合約資產	18	90,337	312,863
Receivables	應收賬款	19	270,259	336,633
Deposits and prepayments	按金及預付款項		25,272	22,819
Taxation recoverable	可收回税項		106	1,410
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值	20	205,082	116,873
Pledged bank deposits/time deposits	已抵押銀行存款/原到期日			
with original maturities over three	超過三個月之定期存款			
months		20	10,755	11,471
Total current assets	流動資產總額		601,811	802,069
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Payables and accruals	應付賬款及應計費用	21	345,630	506,619
Contract liabilities	合約負債	18	13,583	15,892
Bank loans	銀行貸款	22	64,000	131,000
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	25	38,912	_
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	23	7,652	7,641
Taxation payable	應付税項		6,662	4,231
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		476,439	665,383
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		125,372	136,686
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總額減流動負債		151,759	170,982
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Long service payment liabilities	長期服務金負債	24	1,516	1,576
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	25	_	35,882
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	23	4,376	2,464
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	26	385	400
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		6,277	40,322
Net assets			145,482	130,660

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2020 於2020年12月31日

		Note 附註	<b>2020</b> HK\$′000 港幣千元	2019 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Equity attributable to equity holders	<b>。</b> 本公司股權持有人應佔權益			
of the Company				
Share capital	股本	27	50,486	50,486
Reserves	儲備	28	94,996	80,174
Total equity	權益總額		145,482	130,660

The notes on pages 98 to 180 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第98至第180頁之附註為該等綜合財務報表之 組成部分。

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 23 March 2021 and were signed on its behalf.

財務報表經董事會於2021年3月23日批准·並 由以下人士代表簽署。

Kingston Chu Chun Ho 朱俊浩

Chairman 主席 Mandy Hui Suk Man

許淑敏 Director 董事

### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

### 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### Attributable to equity holders of the Company

歸屬於本公司股權持有人

				PH 120	61-41-700-1-10	1377		
		Share capital	Share premium	Merger reserve	Exchange reserve	Equity component of convertible bonds 可換股債券	Retained earnings/ (accumulated losses) 保留溢利/	Total Equity
		股本	股份溢價	合併儲備	匯兑儲備	中操放 俱分 之權益部分	(累計虧損)	權益總額
		HK\$'000	MK\$'000	<b>н №</b> НК\$′000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	(奈可度)(ラ/ HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	50,486	185,420	1,513	(2,524)	5,180	(109,415)	130,660
Profit for the year	年內溢利	-	-	-	-	-	14,213	14,213
Other comprehensive income/(loss): Actuarial loss on long service	其他全面收益/(虧損): 長期服務金負債之精算							
payment liabilities Exchange differences on	虧損 換算海外業務產生之	-	-	-	-	-	(1,186)	(1,186)
translating foreign operations	连并	-	_	_	1,795	_	_	1,795
Total other comprehensive income/(loss)	其他全面收益/(虧損)總額	-	-	-	1,795	-	(1,186)	609
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	-	-	-	1,795	-	13,027	14,822
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	50,486	185,420	1,513	(729)	5,180	(96,388)	145,482
At 1 January 2019	於2019年1月1日	50,486	185,420	1,513	(1,947)	-	(145,950)	89,522
Change in accounting policy	會計政策變動	-	-	-	-	-	(1,321)	(1,321)
Restated total equity at 1 January 2019	於2019年1月1日的經重列							
	權益總額	50,486	185,420	1,513	(1,947)	-	(147,271)	88,201
Profit for the year	年內溢利	-	-	-	-	-	37,582	37,582
Other comprehensive income/(loss):	其他全面收益/(虧損):							
Actuarial gain on long service	長期服務金負債之精算							
payment liabilities	收益	-	-	-	-	-	274	274
Exchange differences on translating	換算海外業務產生之							
foreign operations	匯兑差額	-	-	-	(577)	-	-	(577)
Total other comprehensive income/(loss)	其他全面收益/(虧損)總額	-	-	-	(577)	-	274	(303)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	全面收益/(虧損)總額	_	-	-	(577)	-	37,856	37,279
Issue of convertible bonds	發行可換股債券	-	-	-	-	5,180	-	5,180
At 31 December 2019	於2019年12月31日	50,486	185,420	1,513	(2,524)	5,180	(109,415)	130,660

The note on pages 98 to 180 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第98至第180頁之附註為該等綜合財務報表之 組成部分。

### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

### 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

		Note 附註	2020 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2019 HK\$'000 港幣千元
		PIV ā±	を帯下ル	/它带干儿 
Operating activities	經營業務			
Cash generated from operations	經營業務產生之現金	29(a)	177,506	32,597
Interest received	已收利息		890	522
Interest paid	已付利息		(7,053)	(6,383)
Income taxes paid	已付所得税		(4,495)	(1,231)
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營業務產生之現金淨額		166,848	25,505
	↓□、次· 兴· 3/6			
Investing activities Purchase of property, plant and	<b>投資業務</b> 購買物業、機器及設備		(3,506)	(5,040)
equipment  Proceeds from disposal of property,	出售物業、機器及設備		(3,500)	(3,040)
plant and equipment  Decrease/(increase) in pledged  bank deposits/time deposits	所得款項 減少/(增加)已抵押銀行 存款/原到期日超過		302	413
over three months	三個月之定期存款		716	(605)
Net cash used in investing activities	投資業務耗用之現金淨額		(2,488)	(5,232)
Financing activities	融資業務	29(b)		
Drawdown of bank loans	動用銀行貸款		105,000	35,000
Repayment of bank loans	償還銀行貸款		(172,000)	(70,000)
Proceeds from issuance of 7%	發行7%可換股債券			
convertible bonds, net of	所得款項,			
transaction costs	扣除交易成本		-	40,749
Repayment of principal portion	償還租賃負債之本金部分			
of the lease liabilities			(10,866)	(12,297)
Net cash used in financing activities	融資業務耗用之現金淨額		(77,866)	(6,548)
Net increase in cash	現金及現金等值增加之淨額			
and cash equivalents			86,494	13,725
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	年初之現金及現金等值		116,873	103,084
Exchange gain on cash	現金及現金等值之匯兑收益			
and cash equivalents			1,715	64
Cash and cash equivalents at	年末之現金及現金等值			446.070
the end of the year			205,082	116,873

The note on pages 98 to 180 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第98至第180頁之附註為該等綜合財務報表之 組成部分。

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated in Bermuda under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda as an exempted company on 4 August 2003. The address of its registered office is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton, HM 11, Bermuda. The Company's shares were listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 9 October 2003.

The principal business of the Group is principally engaged in the provision of PFM Business and ISP Business in Hong Kong, China and Macau

The consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of Hong Kong dollars (HK\$), unless otherwise stated, and were approved for issue by the Board on 23 March 2021.

### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

### (a) Adoption of new/revised standards — effective 1 January 2020

The HKICPA has issued a number of new or amended standards, interpretations and amendments to standards that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group:

#### 1. 一般資料

本公司於2003年8月4日根據1981年百 慕達公司法在百慕達註冊成立為獲豁免 公司。註冊辦事處地址為Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton, HM 11, Bermuda。本公司股份於2003年10月9日 在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」) 上市。

本集團之主要業務為於香港、中國及澳門主要從事提供物業及設施管理業務以 及室內裝飾及特殊項目業務。

除另有列明者外,本綜合財務報表以港幣千元列示,並已於2021年3月23日經董事會批准刊發。

#### 2. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」)

(a) 採納新訂/經修訂準則一於 2020年1月1日生效

> 香港會計師公會已頒佈多項於本集 團的當前會計期間首次生效的新訂 或經修訂、詮釋及準則修訂本:

Amendments to HKFRS 3 香港財務報告準則第3號(修訂)	Definition of a Business 業務的定義
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8 香港會計準則第 1 號及香港會計 準則第 8 號 (修訂)	Definition of Material 重大之定義
Amendments to HKFRS 16 香港財務報告準則第 16號(修訂)	COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020) 與新冠肺炎相關的租金優惠(於2020年6月1日或之後 開始的年度期間生效)
Amendments to HKAS 39, HKFRS 7 and HKFRS 9 香港會計準則第 39號、香港財務報告準則 第7號及香港財務報告準則第9號(修訂)	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform 利率基準改革

The Group has early adopted the amendment to HKFRS 16. The adoption of the amendment to HKFRS 16 does not have any significant impact on current or future periods.

The other new or amended standards that are effective from 1 January 2020 do not have any material impact on the Group's accounting policies.

本集團已提早採納香港財務報告準 則第16號(修訂)。採納香港財務報 告準則第16號(修訂)對本期間或 未來期間並無任何重大影響。

於2020年1月1日生效的其他新訂 或經修訂香港財務報告準則對本集 團的會計政策概無任何重大影響。

### (b) New/revised standards that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following new/revised standards, potentially relevant to the Group's financial statements, have been issued, but are not yet effective for the current financial year. The Group's current intention is to apply these changes on the date they become effective.

#### (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂/經 修訂香港財務報告準則

以下與本集團財務報表潛在相關之 新訂/經修訂香港財務報告準則已 經頒佈,但於本財政年度尚未生 效。本集團目前計劃於該等準則生 效日期應用該等變動。

Amendments to HKAS 1 香港會計準則第1號(修訂)	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and HK Interpretation 5 (2020), Presentation of Financial Statements — Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause <sup>3</sup> 負債分類為流動或非流動及相關香港詮釋第5號的修訂(2020年),財務報表之呈列 — 借款人對載有按要求償還條文的定期貸款的分類 <sup>3</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 16	Proceeds before Intended Use <sup>2</sup>
香港會計準則第16號(修訂)	於作擬定用途前之所得款項 <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts — Cost of Fulfilling a Contract <sup>2</sup>
香港會計準則第37號(修訂)	虧損性合約 — 履行合約之成本 <sup>2</sup>
HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts³
香港財務報告準則第17號	保險合約³
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework <sup>2</sup>
香港財務報告準則第3號(修訂)	概念框架之提述 <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計 準則第28號(修訂)	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture <sup>4</sup> 投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間的資產出售或注資 <sup>4</sup>
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020 <sup>2</sup>
香港財務報告準則(修訂)	香港財務報告準則2018年至2020年週期之年度改進 <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 39, HKFRS 4, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 16 香港會計準則第39號、香港財務報告準則 第4號、香港財務報告準則第7號、 香港財務報告準則第9號及香港財務 報告準則第16號(修訂)	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 2 <sup>1</sup> 利率基準改革 — 第二階段 <sup>1</sup>

- <sup>1</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021 於2021年1月1日開始或之後開始之年度期間生效
- <sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 於 2022 年 1 月 1 日開始或之後開始之年度期間生效
- 3 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 於2023年1月1日開始或之後開始之年度期間生效
- <sup>4</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined 於將予釐定之日期或之後開始的年度期間生效

#### Amendments to HKAS 1, Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and HK Interpretation 5 (2020), Presentation of Financial Statements — Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause

The amendments clarify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current is based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period, specify that classification is unaffected by expectations about whether an entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of a liability and explain that rights are in existence if covenants are complied with at the end of the reporting period. The amendments also introduce a definition of 'settlement' to make clear that settlement refers to the transfer to the counterparty of cash, equity instruments, other assets or services.

### Amendments to HKAS 16, Proceeds before Intended Use

The amendments prohibit deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, the proceeds from selling such items, and the cost of producing those items, is recognised in profit or loss.

### Amendments to HKAS 37, Onerous Contracts — Cost of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (e.g. direct labour and materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts (e.g. the allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract).

# 香港會計準則第1號(修訂),負債分類為流動或非流動及香港詮釋第5號(2020年),財務報表之呈列一借款人對載有按要求償還條文的定期貸款的分類

該等修訂澄清負債應基於報告期末 存在之權利分類為流動或非流動負 債,明確規定分類不受有關實體是 否會行使其延遲清償債務權利之預 期,並闡述如於報告期末遵司 約,則存在該權利。該等修訂亦引 入「結算」的定義,以明確表示結 算乃指將現金、股權工具、其他資 產或服務轉移至交易對手方。

#### 香港會計準則第**16**號(修訂),於 作擬定用途前之所得款項

該修訂禁止實體從物業、機器及設備項目的成本中扣除使資產達到能夠按照管理層擬定的方式開展經營所必要的位置及條件過程中產出的項目的任何銷售所得款項。反而,實體必須於損益中確認出售該等項目的所得款項及產出該等項目的成本。

#### 香港會計準則第37號(修訂),虧 損性合約一履行合約之成本

該修訂釐清「履行合約之成本」包括「與合約直接相關之成本」。與合約直接相關之成本為履行合約之增量成本(如直接勞工及材料),或與履行合約直接相關之其他成本分配(如用於履行合約之物業、機器及設備項目之折舊支出分配)。

#### **HKFRS 17** — Insurance Contracts

HKFRS 17 will replace HKFRS 4 as a single principle-based standard for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of insurance contracts in the financial statements of the issuers of those contracts

### Amendments to HKFRS 3, Reference to the Conceptual Framework

The amendments update HKFRS 3 so that it refers to the revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018 instead of the version issued in 2010. The amendments add to HKFRS 3 a requirement that, for obligations within the scope of HKAS 37, an acquirer applies HKAS 37 to determine whether at the acquisition date a present obligation exists as a result of past events. For a levy that would be within the scope of HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 Levies, the acquirer applies HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 to determine whether the obligating event that gives rise to a liability to pay the levy has occurred by the acquisition date. The amendments also add an explicit statement that an acquirer does not recognise contingent assets acquired in a business combination.

#### Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28, Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments clarify with situations where there is a sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. When the transaction with an associate or joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method, any gains or losses resulting from the loss of control of a subsidiary that does not contain a business are recognised in the profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in that associate or joint venture. Similarly, any gains or losses resulting from the remeasurement of retained interest in any former subsidiary (that has become an associate or a joint venture) to fair value are recognised in the profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in the new associate or joint venture.

#### 香港財務報告準則第17號 一 保險 合約

香港財務報告準則第17號將取代香港財務報告準則第4號,作為於保險合約發行人的財務報表確認、計量、呈列及披露該等合約的單一原則性準則。

#### 香港財務報告準則第3號(修訂), 概念框架之提述

該修訂更新香港財務報告準則第3 號,致使其提述2018年財務報告之 經修訂概念框架,而非2010年頒佈 之版本。該等修訂對香港財務報告 準則第3號增加一項規定,就香港 會計準則第37號範圍內的責任而 言, 收購方應用香港會計準則第37 號釐定於收購日期是否因過往事件 而存在現有責任。就香港(國際財 務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋第21號 徵税範圍內的徵税而言, 收購方應 用香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員 會)一詮釋第21號釐定產生支付徵 税負債的責任事件是否已於收購日 期前發生。該等修訂亦增加一項明 確聲明,表明收購方並無確認於業 務合併中收購的或然資產。

# 香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號(修訂),投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間的資產出售或注資

### Amendments to HKFRSs, Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018–2020

The annual improvements amends a number of standards, including:

- HKFRS 1, First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, which permit a subsidiary that applies paragraph D16(a) of HKFRS 1 to measure cumulative translation differences using the amounts reported by its parent, based on the parent's date of transition to HKFRSs.
- HKFRS 9, Financial Instruments, which clarify the fees included in the '10 per cent' test in paragraph B3.3.6 of HKFRS 9 in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability, explaining that only fees paid or received between the entity and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the entity or the lender on other's behalf are included.
- HKFRS 16, Leases, which amend to remove the illustration of reimbursement of leasehold improvements by the lessor in order to resolve any potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives that might arise because of how lease incentives are illustrated in that example.
- HKAS 41, Agriculture, which remove the requirement to exclude taxation cash flows when measuring the fair value of a biological asset using a present value technique.

## 香港財務報告準則(修訂),香港財務報告準則2018年至2020年週期之年度改進

年度改進修訂多項準則,其中包括:

- 一 香港財務報告準則第1號,首 次採納香港財務報告準則, 其允許應用香港財務報告準 則第1號第D16(a)段的附屬公 司,根據母公司過渡至香港 財務報告準則的日期使用母 公司呈報的金額計量累計匯 兑差額。
- 一 香港財務報告準則第9號,財務工具,其該修訂澄清實體於評估是否終止確認金融負債時應用香港財務報告準則第9號第B3.3.6段中「百分之十」測試時計入的費用。實體與貸款人之間實體與貸款人人之間實體或收取的費用,包括實體或政的費用。
- 一 香港財務報告準則第16號, 租賃,其修訂旨在刪除出租 人償還租賃物業裝修的説 明,以解決因該例子中如何 説明租賃獎勵措施而可能出 現與處理租賃獎勵有關的任 何潛在混淆情況。
- 一 香港會計準則第41號,農業,其刪除有關使用現值技術計量生物資產的公平值時不包括稅收現金流量之要求。

## Amendments to HKAS 39, HKFRS 4, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 16, Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 2

The amendments address issues that might affect financial reporting when a company replaces the old interest rate benchmark with an alternative benchmark rate as a result of the interest rate benchmark reform (the "Reform"). The amendments complement those issued in November 2020 and relate to (a) changes to contractual cash flows in which an entity will not have to derecognise or adjust the carrying amount of financial instruments for changes required by the Reform, but will instead update the effective interest rate to reflect the change to the alternative benchmark rate; (b) hedge accounting in which an entity will not have to discontinue its hedge accounting solely because it makes changes required by the Reform, if the hedge meets other hedge accounting criteria; and (c) disclosures in which an entity will be required to disclose information about new risks arising from the Reform and how it manages the transition to alternative benchmark rates.

The Group is not yet in a position to state whether these new pronouncements will result in substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies and financial statements.

香港會計準則第39號、香港財務報告準則第4號、香港財務報告準則第7號、香港財務報告準則第9號及香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂),利率基準改革一第2階段

該等修訂解決因利率基準改革(「改 革1)而導致公司以替代基準利率代 替舊利率基準時可能影響財務報告 之問題。該等修訂對於2020年11 月頒佈之修訂進行補充,內容有 關:(a)合約現金流量之變化,而實 體毋須就改革要求之變動終止確認 或調整金融工具之賬面值,而是更 新實際利率以反映替代基準利率之 變動;(b)對沖會計處理,倘對沖滿 足其他對沖會計標準,則實體毋須 僅因其作出改革所要求之變更而中 止其對沖會計處理;及(c)披露,實 體將被要求披露有關改革產生之新 風險以及其如何管理過渡至替代基 準利率之資料。

本集團尚未能確定該等新公佈是否 對本集團之會計政策及財務報表造 成重大變動。

#### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### (a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "HKFRS") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules").

#### (b) Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis, except for investment properties and certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values, at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

#### (c) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies.

#### (d) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company. All values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

#### 3. 編製基準

#### (a) 合規聲明

綜合財務報表乃根據所有適用香港 財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「香 港會計準則」)及詮釋(下文統稱為 「香港財務報告準則」)及香港公司 條例之披露規定編製。此外,綜合 財務報表載有香港聯合交易所有限 公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)規 定的適用披露事項。

#### (b) 計量基準

誠如下文所載的會計政策所説明, 除投資物業及若干金融工具按公允 值計量外,各報告期末之綜合財務 報表乃根據歷史成本基準編製。

#### (c) 使用估計及判斷

在遵照香港財務報告準則編製財務報表時,須採用若干關鍵會計估算,管理層亦須在應用本集團會計政策之過程中作出判斷。

#### (d) 功能及呈列貨幣

財務報表乃以港幣(「港幣」)呈列, 其與本公司功能貨幣相同。除另有 指明者外,所有價值會取捨至最接 近的千位數。

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Business combination and basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Group. Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies together with unrealised profits are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment on the asset transferred, in which case the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the Reporting Year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the effective dates of acquisition or up to the effective dates of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by other members of the Group.

Acquisition of subsidiaries or businesses is accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the acquisition-date fair value of assets transferred, liabilities incurred and equity interests issued by the Group, as the acquirer. The identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are principally measured at acquisition-date fair value. The Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree, if any, is re-measured at acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss. The Group may elect, on a transaction-by-transaction basis, to measure the non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests are measured at fair value unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRSs. Acquisition-related costs incurred are expensed unless they are incurred in issuing equity instruments in which case the costs are deducted from equity.

#### 4. 重大會計政策

#### (a) 業務合併及綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本集團的財務報表。公司間的交易、集團內公司間結餘及未變現溢利於編製綜合財務報表時悉數對銷。未變現虧損的交易亦予以對銷,除非交易有證據顯示所轉讓資產出現減值,並在損益中確認虧損。

於報告年度收購或出售附屬公司的 業績乃自收購生效日期起至出售生 效日期止(視適用情況而定)於綜合 損益及其他全面收益表入賬。如有 需要,本集團會調整附屬公司的財 務報表,使其會計政策與本集團其 他成員一致。

收購附屬公司或業務採用收購法列 賬。一項收購的成本乃按所轉讓資 產、所產生負債及本集團(作為收 購方)發行的股權於收購當日的公 允值總額計量。所收購可識別資產 及所承擔負債則假設主要按收購當 日公允值計量。本集團先前所持被 收購方的股權(如有)以收購當日公 允值重新計量,而所產生的收益或 虧損則於損益賬內確認。本集團可 按逐筆交易基準選擇以被收購方的 識別資產淨值公允值或應佔比例計 算相當於目前於附屬公司擁有權的 非控股權益。所有其他非控股權益 均按公允值計量,惟香港財務報告 準則另行規定則作別論。所產生的 收購相關成本列作開支,除非有關 成本乃因發行股本工具而產生,在 此情況下,有關成本從權益中扣 除。

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent adjustments to consideration are recognised against goodwill only to the extent that they arise from new information obtained within the measurement period (a maximum of 12 months from the acquisition date) about the fair value at the acquisition date. All other subsequent adjustments to contingent consideration classified as an asset or a liability are recognised in profit or loss.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the gain or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interest. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are accounted for in the same manner as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.

Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus the non-controlling interest's share of subsequent changes in equity. Total comprehensive income is attributed to non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interest having a deficit balance.

#### (b) Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an investee over which the Company is able to exercise control. The Company controls an investee if all three of the following elements are present: power over the investee, exposure, or rights, to variable returns from the investee, and the ability to use its power to affect those variable returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

收購方將予轉讓的任何或然代價均 按收購日期的公允值計量。倘其後 代價調整僅於計量期間(最長為收 購日期起計十二個月)內所取得有 關於收購日期的公允值的新資料 時,會於商譽確認。分類為資產或 負債的或然代價所有其他其後調整 均於損益確認。

倘本集團失去附屬公司的控制權, 出售收益或虧損乃按下列兩者的 額計算:(i)所收取代價的公允值與 任何保留權益的公允值總額,與與 該附屬公司的資產(包括商譽)及負 債與任何非控股權益過往的賬 值。先前就該附屬公司於其他全面 收入確認的款額按出售相關資產或 負債時所規定的相同方式列賬。

收購後,相當於目前於附屬公司擁有權的非控股權益的賬面款額為該等權益於初步確認時的款額加非控股權益應佔權益其後變動的部分。即使會導致非控股權益出現虧絀結餘,全面收益總額仍歸屬於非控股權益。

#### (b) 附屬公司

附屬公司指本公司能對其行使控制權之實體。倘下列三項因素全部出現時,本公司可控制被投資方:被投資方、風險承擔的權力,或有權更改被投資方的回報及有能力利用權力影響該等可變回報。當事實及情況顯示該等控制權的任何因素可能發生變動,控制權將會進行重新評估。

在本公司之財務狀況表中,於附屬 公司之投資按成本扣除減值虧損 (如有)列賬。附屬公司之業績由本 公司按已收或應收股息基準列賬。

## (c) Joint arrangements

The group is a party to a joint arrangement where there is a contractual arrangement that confers joint control over the relevant activities of the arrangement to the group and at least one other party. Joint control is assessed under the same principles as control over subsidiaries.

The group classifies its interests in joint arrangements as either:

- Joint ventures: where the group has rights to only the net assets of the joint arrangement; or
- Joint operations: where the group has both the rights to assets and obligations for the liabilities of the joint arrangement.

In assessing the classification of interests in joint arrangements, the Group considers:

- The structure of the joint arrangement;
- The legal form of joint arrangements structured through a separate vehicle;
- The contractual terms of the joint arrangement agreement; and
- Any other facts and circumstances (including any other contractual arrangements).

The Group accounts for its interests joint operations by recognizing its share of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses in accordance with its contractually conferred rights and obligations.

# (c) 共同安排

當有合約安排賦予本集團及至少一名其他訂約方對安排之相關活動之 共同控制權時,則本集團為共同安 排之訂約方。共同控制權乃根據與 附屬公司控制權之相同原則予以評 估。

本集團將其於共同安排之權益分類 為:

- 合營企業:本集團僅對共同 安排的資產淨值擁有權利;或
- 合營業務:本集團對共同安排的資產擁有權利並有責任 承擔共同安排之負債。

評估於共同安排之權益之分類時, 本集團會考慮:

- 共同安排之架構;
- · 透過獨立工具組織之共同安排之法定形式;
- 共同安排協議之合約條款;
- 任何其他事實及情況(包括任 何其他合約安排)。

本集團對其於聯合營運中的權益進 行列賬,方法為按照其合約所賦予 權力及責任將其分佔資產、負債、 收益及開支予以確認。

# (d) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments and making strategic decisions.

### (e) Investment properties

Investment property is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and is not occupied by the companies in the Group.

Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs. After initial recognition, investment property is carried at fair value. Fair value is revaluated biannually based on active market prices, adjusted for any necessary difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset.

The fair value of investment property reflects, among other things, rental income from current leases and assumptions about rental income from future leases in the light of current market conditions. Changes in fair values are recognised in profit or loss.

### (f) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in each asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that there is future economic benefit to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

### (d) 分部報告

營運分部之報告形式與向主要營運 決策者提供之內部報告形式一致。 主要營運決策者負責資源調配、為 各營運分部評估表現及作策略性決 定。

### (e) 投資物業

投資物業為獲得長期租金收益或資本增值或兩者兼備而持有,且並非 由集團旗下公司佔用。

投資物業初步按成本(包括有關交易成本)計量。在首次確認後,投資物業按公允值列賬。公允值每年進行兩次重估,並根據活躍市場價格計算,如有需要會按個別資產的性質、地點或狀況之差異作出調整。

投資物業之公允值反映(其中包括) 來自現有租賃之租金收入以及在現 時市況下未來租賃之租金收入假 設。公允值變動在損益確認。

### (f) 物業、機器及設備

物業、機器及設備按歷史成本減累 計折舊及減值虧損列賬。歷史成本 包括收購該等項目直接應佔之開 支。

其後成本僅在對本集團很可能有未來經濟利益,而該項目之成本能可 靠計量時,方計入各項資產的賬面 值。已更換項目部份的賬面值已被 取消確認。所有其他維修及保養在 所涉財政期間內於損益支銷。

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method based on estimated useful lives, as follows:

Leasehold improvements

Over the lease period

Motor vehicles

25%–33% per annum

Furniture and equipment

10%–50% per annum

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. An assets' carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (note 6(a)).

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sale proceeds and its carrying amount, and is recognised in profit or loss on disposal.

### (g) Financial Instruments

### (i) Financial assets

A financial asset (unless it is an account receivable without a significant financing component) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. An account receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirely when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

物業、機器及設備的折舊以直線法 於預計可使用年期內計算如下:

租賃物業裝修 按租約年期 汽車 每年 25%-33% 傢俱及設備 每年 10%-50%

資產餘值及可使用年期於各報告期 末檢討並按需要作出調整。倘資產 的賬面值高於其估計可收回金額, 則資產賬面值即時撇減至其可收回 金額(附註6(a))。

出售物業、機器及設備項目的收益 或虧損為銷售所得款項淨額及其賬 面值的差額,於出售之損益確認。

### (g) 金融工具

### (i) 金融資產

金融資產(除非其為並無重大融資部分之應收賬款)按公平值加(倘項目並非按公平值計入損益)其收購或發行直接應佔之交易成本初步計量。並無重大融資部分之應收賬款按交易價格初步計量。

所有按常規方式購買及出售 之金融資產於交易日(即本集 團承諾購買或出售該資產之 日期)確認。按常規方式購買 或出售指須於市場規例或 例一般設定之期間內交付 產之金融資產購買或出售。

具有嵌入式衍生工具之金融 資產於釐定其現金流量是否 僅為本金及利息付款時予以 整體考慮。

### Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through OCI. Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest rate method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

### 債務工具

債務工具之其後計量視乎本 集團管理該資產之業務模式 及該資產之現金流量特徵而 定。本集團將其債務工具分 類為三個計量類別:

Fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"): Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

### **Equity instruments**

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group could irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis. Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value. Dividend income are recognised in profit or loss unless the dividend income clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investments. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and are not reclassified to profit or loss. All other equity instruments are classified as FVTPL, whereby changes in fair value, dividends and interest income are recognised in profit or loss.

按公平值計入損益:按公平 值計入損益之金融資產包括 持作買賣之金融資產、於初 步確認時指定按公平值計入 損益之金融資產,或強制要 求按公平值計量之金融資 產。倘金融資產為於折期作 出售或購回目的而收購,則 其分類為持作買賣。衍生工 具(包括個別嵌入式衍生工 具) 亦分類為持作買賣,除非 其指定為實際對沖工具則作 別論。現金流量並非僅為本 金及利息付款之金融資產, 不論其業務模式如何,均按 公平值計入損益分類及計 量。儘管上文概述有關債務 工具可按攤銷成本或按公平 值計入其他全面收益分類之 標準,惟倘能消除或顯著減 少會計錯配,則債務工具可 於初步確認時指定為按公平 值計入損益。

### 股本工具

於初次確認並非持作買賣用 途的股本投資時,本集團可 不撤回地選擇於其他全面收 益中呈列投資公平值的後續 變動。該選擇乃按投資逐項 作出。按公平值計入其他全 面收益的股本投資按公平值 計量。股息收入於損益內確 認,除非股息收入明確表示 收回部分投資成本。其他收 益及虧損淨額於其他全面收 益確認且不會重新分類至損 益。所有其他股本工具分類 為按公平值計入損益,而公 平值變動、股息及利息收入 則於損益確認。

### (ii) Impairment loss on financial assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit loss ("ECL") on account receivables, contract assets, and financial assets measured at amortised cost. The ECLs are measured on either of the following bases: (1) 12 months ECLs: these are the ECLs that result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date: and (2) lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the assets' original effective interest rate.

The Group has elected to measure loss allowances for account receivables and contract assets using HKFRS 9 simplified approach and has calculated ECLs based on lifetime ECLs. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For other debt financial assets, the ECLs are based on the 12-month ECLs. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECLs.

### (ii) 金融資產之減值虧損

就其他債務金融資產而言, 預期信貸虧損以12個月預期 信貸虧損為基準。然而,於 信貸風險自產生以來已顯著 增加時,撥備將以全期預期 信貸虧損為基準。

#### Significant increase in credit risk

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a debt instrument has not increase significantly since initial recognition if the debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk if i) it has a low risk of default, ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

### Credit-impaired financial assets

The Group considers a financial asset to be creditimpaired when: (1) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (2) the financial asset is more than 90 days past due.

# 信貸風險大幅增加

本集團假設,倘金融資產逾期超過30日,則信貸風險已大幅增加,除非本集團有合理及可靠資料證明可予收回則當別論。

本集團定期監察用以釐定信貸風險有否顯著增加的準則 的成效,並於適當時候作出 修訂,從而確保有關準則能 夠於款項逾期前識別出信貸 風險已顯著增加。

### 信貸減值金融資產

本集團認為金融資產於下列 情況屬信貸減值:(1)在本集 團並無追索權採取如變現抵 押品(如持有)等行動之情況 下,借款人則不大可能向本 集團悉數支付其信貸債務; 或(2)金融資產逾期超過90日。

Interest income on credit-impaired financial assets is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset. For non credit-impaired financial assets interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount.

#### Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that receivables that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable:

- when there is a breach of financial covenants by the debtor; or
- information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

The Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

## Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

信貸減值金融資產的利息收入乃根據金融資產之攤銷成本(即賬面總值減虧損撥備)計算。對於非信貸減值金融資產而言,利息收入乃根據賬面總額計算。

### 違約定義

本集團認為以下情況就內部 信貸風險管理目的而言構成 違約事件,因為過往經驗表 明符合以下任何一項條件的 應收款項一般無法收回:

- 債務人違反財務契約; 或
- · 內部產生或獲取自外部來源的資料表明,債務 人不太可能向其債權人 (包括本集團)全額還款 (不考慮本集團持有的 任何抵押品)。

本集團認為倘工具逾期超過 90日,違約已發生,除非本 集團有合理及可靠資料顯示 較寬鬆的違約準則更為合適。

### 撇銷政策

### Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information as described above. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date.

For financial assets, the ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

If the Group has measured the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to lifetime ECL in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the conditions for lifetime ECL are no longer met, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL at the current reporting date, except for assets for which simplified approach was used.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

## 計量及確認預期信貸虧損

預期信貸虧損的計量乃違約概率、違約虧損率(即違約結損率(即違約結動を違約風險的函數。違約概率及違約風虧損率乃根據經上文數據經上文數據經上文數據進行。金融資產之違約風面總值呈列。

就金融資產而言,預期信貸 虧損按根據合約應付本集團 的所有合約現金流與本集團 將收取的所有現金流量之間 的差額估計,並按原先實際 利率貼現。

本集團於損益確認所有金融 工具的減值收益或虧損,並 透過虧損撥備賬目對其賬面 值作出相應調整。

#### (iii) Financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities, depending on the purpose for which the liabilities were incurred. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially measured at fair value and financial liabilities at amortised costs are initially measured at fair value, net of directly attributable costs incurred.

### Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of sale in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in profit or loss.

Where a contract contains one or more embedded derivatives, the entire hybrid contract may be designated as a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss, except where the embedded derivative does not significantly modify the cash flows or it is clear that separation of the embedded derivative is prohibited.

Financial liabilities may be designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss if the following criteria are met: (i) the designation eliminates or significantly reduces the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the liabilities or recognising gains or losses on them on a different basis; (ii) the liabilities are part of a group of financial liabilities which are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management strategy; or (iii) the financial liability contains an embedded derivative that would need to be separately recorded.

### (iii) 金融負債

本集團視乎負債產生之目的 將其金融負債分類。按公平 值計入損益的金融負債初步 按公平值計量,而按攤銷成 本列賬的金融負債初步按公 平值減所產生的直接應佔成 本計量。

### 按公平值計入損益的金融負 信

按公平值計入損益的金融負債包括持作買賣的金融負債 及於初步確認時指定為按公 平值計入損益的金融負債。

倘為於近期出售而收購金融 負債,則該等金融負債分類 為持作買賣。衍生工具(包括 獨立嵌入式衍生工具)亦分類 為持作買賣,惟該等衍生工 具被指定為有效對沖工具則 除外。持作買賣之負債所產 生的收益或虧損於損益確認。

倘合約包含一項或多項嵌入 式衍生工具,則整項混合式 合約可指定為按公平值計入 損益之金融負債,惟嵌入式 衍生工具對現金流量並無五 大影響或明確禁止將嵌入 衍生工具單獨入賬則除外。

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except for the gains and losses arising from the Group's own credit risk which are presented in other comprehensive income with no subsequent reclassification to the statement of profit or loss. The net fair value gain or loss recognised in the statement of profit or loss does not include any interest charged on these financial liabilities.

#### Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities at amortised cost including account and other payables, borrowings, and the debt element of convertible bonds issued by the Group are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

# (iv) Convertible bonds

Convertible bonds issued by the Group that contain both the liability and conversion option components are classified separately into their respective items on initial recognition. Conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is classified as an equity instrument.

On initial recognition, the fair value of the liability component is determined using the prevailing market interest of similar non-convertible debts. The difference between the proceeds of the issue of the convertible bonds and the fair value assigned to the liability component, representing the conversion option for the holder to convert the loan bonds into equity, is included in equity reserve.

# 按攤銷成本計量的金融負債

按攤銷成本計量的金融負債包括應付賬款及其他應付賬款及其他應行可、借款及本集團所發行可換股債券的債務成分,其後使用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。相關利息開支於損益確認。

終止確認負債時以及於攤銷 過程中於損益確認收益或虧 損。

#### (iv) 可換股債券

本集團所發行包括負債及兑, 換權兩部分之可換閱債券 的項目。如兑換權所 的項目。如兑換權 可定金額現金款額或以其 之 財務資產兑換固定數目之 公司股本工具之方式結算, 即分類為股本工具。

於初步確認時,負債部分之公平值按同類不可換股債務之現行市場利率釐定或與行可換股債券之所得款項與人負債部分之公平值差額(即持有人將貸款債券兑換與權)計入權益儲備。

In subsequent periods, the liability component of the convertible bonds is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The equity component, represented by the option to convert the liability component into ordinary shares of the Company, will remain in convertible bonds equity reserve until the embedded option is exercised (in which case the balance stated in convertible bonds equity reserve will be transferred to share capital and share premium. Where the option remains unexercised at the expiry dates, the balance stated in convertible bonds equity reserve will be released to the retained earnings. No gain or loss is recognised upon conversion or expiration of the option.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible bonds are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are charged directly to equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability portion and amortised over the period of the convertible bonds using the effective interest method.

### (v) Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

#### (v) 實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算金融資產或金融負債的攤銷成本入或與負債的攤銷成本入或與關期間分配利息際預到的方法。實際利計實際人。與實際預過,數與實際,與其估計,不可以與對於與關稅。

### (vi) Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the future cash flows in relation to the financial asset expire or when the financial asset has been transferred and the transfer meets the criteria for derecognition in accordance with HKFRS 9.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Where the Group issues its own equity instruments to a creditor to settle a financial liability in whole or in part as a result of renegotiating the terms of that liability, the equity instruments issued are the consideration paid and are recognised initially and measured at their fair value on the date the financial liability or part thereof is extinguished. If the fair value of the equity instruments issued cannot be reliably measured, the equity instruments are measured to reflect the fair value of the financial liability extinguished. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability or part thereof extinguished and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss for the year.

### (h) Employee benefits

### (i) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. It is the Group's policy to forfeit any untaken annual leave with a specific time period. Subject to regular assessment of staff turnover rate, a provision will be made or reversed. Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave. A provision is made for the estimated liability up to the Reporting Year.

### (vi) 終止確認

當與該金融資產有關的未來 現金流量的合約權利到期 時,或當該金融資產已轉移 且轉移符合香港財務報告準 則第9號的終止確認標準時, 目標集團終止確認該金融資 產。

當相關合約中訂明的義務獲 解除、取消或到期時,終止 確認金融負債。

### (h) 僱員福利

### (i) 僱員享有假期權益

### (ii) Profit sharing and bonus plans

Provisions for profit sharing and bonus are made for the estimated liability for incentive bonus as a result of services rendered by employees up to the Reporting Year, where there is a contractual obligation or past practice that has created a constructive obligation, and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

#### (iii) Retirement benefit

The Group participates in mandatory provident fund schemes in Hong Kong which are defined contribution plan generally funded through payments to trustee — administered funds. The assets of the schemes is held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds.

Pursuant to the relevant regulations of the government in PRC, the subsidiaries in PRC participates in the municipal government contribution scheme whereby the subsidiaries are required to contribute to the scheme for the retirement benefit of eligible employees. The municipal government of the PRC is responsible for the entire benefit obligations payable to the retired employees. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the scheme is to pay the ongoing contributions required by the scheme. The Group's contributions to the scheme are expensed as incurred.

#### (iv) Long service payment liabilities

The Group's net obligation in respect of long service accounts payable on cessation of employment in certain circumstances under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their services in the current and prior periods. That benefit is discounted to determine the present value and reduced by entitlements accrued under the Group's retirement plans. The obligation is calculated using the projected unit credit method by a qualified actuary. Actuarial gains or losses was charged/credited to the other comprehensive income.

### (ii) 攤分溢利及花紅計劃

### (iii) 退休福利

本集團在香港參與強制性公 積金計劃,該計劃為定額供 款計劃,一般藉付款予受 人管理的基金以提供資金。 該等計劃之資產由獨立管理 的基金持有,並與本集團之 資產分隔。

#### (iv) 長期服務金負債

### (v) Share option scheme

Where share options are awarded to employees and others providing similar services, the fair value of the services received is measured by reference to the fair value of the options at the date of grant. Such fair value is recognised in profit or loss over the vesting period with a corresponding increase in the share option reserve within equity. Non-market vesting conditions are taken into account by adjusting the number of equity instruments expected to vest at the end of each reporting period so that, ultimately, the cumulative amount recognised over the vesting period is based on the number of options that eventually vest. Market vesting conditions are factored into the fair value of the options granted. As long as all non-market vesting conditions are satisfied, a charge is made irrespective of whether the market vesting conditions are satisfied. The cumulative expense is not adjusted for failure to achieve a market vesting condition.

Where the terms and conditions of options are modified before they vest, the increase in the fair value of the options, measured immediately before and after the modification, is also recognised in profit or loss over the remaining vesting period.

The Group also operates a phantom share option scheme which is determined to be a cash-settled share-based payment transaction with employees. An option pricing model is used to measure the Group's liability at grant date and subsequently at the end of each reporting period, taking into account the terms and conditions on which the bonus is awarded and the extent to which employees have rendered service. Movements in the liability (other than cash payments) are recognised in profit or loss.

### (v) 購股權計劃

倘向僱員及提供類似服務的 其他人士授出購股權,已提 供服務的公平值經參考購股 權於授出當日的公平值計 量。該公平值於歸屬期間在 損益確認, 而權益內購股權 儲備則會相應增加。本集團 透過調整預期於各報告期末 歸屬的股本工具數目,將非 市場歸屬條件納入考慮,最 終致使於歸屬期內確認的累 計金額按最終歸屬的購股權 數目計算。市場歸屬條件因 素已計入所授出購股權的公 平值。不論是否達成市場歸 屬條件,只要達成所有非市 場歸屬條件,均會作出扣 除。倘未能達成市場歸屬條 件,則概不會調整累計開支。

倘購股權的條款及條件於其 歸屬前被修改,則於緊接該 修改前後所計量的購股權公 平值增加亦會於餘下歸屬期 內在損益確認。

# (i) Foreign currency

Transactions entered into by the group entities in currencies other than the currency of the primary economic environment in which it/they operate(s) (the "functional currency") are recorded at the rates ruling when the transactions occur. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the end of reporting period. Nonmonetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, income and expense items of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the rates approximating to those ruling when the transactions took place are used. All assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated at the rate ruling at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as exchange reserve. Exchange differences recognised in profit or loss of group entities' separate financial statements on the translation of long-term monetary items forming part of the Group's net investment in the foreign operation concerned are reclassified to other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as foreign exchange reserve.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative exchange differences recognised in the foreign exchange reserve relating to that operation up to the date of disposal are reclassified to profit or loss as part of the profit or loss on disposal.

# (i) 外幣

集團實體以其經營業務所在主要經濟環境貨幣(「功能貨幣」)以外的貨幣進行的交易,按交易發生時的適用匯率入賬。外幣貨幣資產及負債則以報告期末的適用匯率換算。以外幣計值並按公平值入賬之非貨幣項目按釐定公平值當日適用之匯率重新換算。以外幣按歷史成本計量的非貨幣項目不會重新換算。

結算及換算貨幣項目所產生之匯兑 差額於產生期間在損益確認。重新 換算按公平值列賬之非貨幣項目所 產生之匯兑差額計入期間之損益, 惟重新換算有關盈虧在其他全面收 益確認之非貨幣項目所產生之匯兑 差額除外,在此情況下,有關匯兑 差額亦在其他全面收益確認。

於出售海外業務時,直至出售日期 與該業務有關的匯兑波動儲備確認 的累計匯兑差額將重新分類至損 益,作為出售損益的一部分。

# (j) Impairment of assets (other than financial assets)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of the following assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment; and
- investments in subsidiaries

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another HKFRS, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease under that HKFRS.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another HKFRS, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase under that HKFRS.

Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset or cash generating unit, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash generating unit.

# (j) 資產(金融資產除外)減值

於各報告期末,本集團審閱下列資產之賬面值,以判定該等資產是否有任何減值虧損跡象或之前確認的減值虧損不再存在或可能減少:

- 物業、機器及設備;及
- 於附屬公司之投資

倘估計某項資產之可收回金額低於 其賬面值,則該資產賬面值會被減 低至其可收回金額。而減值虧損隨 即確認為開支,惟相關資產按另一 香港財務報告準則以重估金額列賬 除外;在此情況下,根據該香港財 務報告準則,減值虧損被視為重估 減少。

倘減值虧損隨後轉回,則該資產之 賬面值會增加至其經修訂估計四金額,然而增加之賬面值亦因面值亦然而增加之賬面值亦因 不會超過可能已經釐定之是產 (假設於過往年度未就該資產時 減值虧損)。減值虧損轉回即一香 財務報告準則以重估金額可則 外;在此情況下,根據該香港財 報告準則,減值虧損轉回被視為重 估增加。

使用價值乃基於預期資產或現金產 生單位產生之估計未來現金流量, 使用反映當前市場對金錢時間價值 評估及相關資產或現金產生單位特 定風險之除税前折現率,折現至其 現值。

# (k) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, which it is probable will result in an outflow of economic benefits that can be reliably estimated.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, the existence of which will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

### (I) Current and deferred income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the Reporting Year in the countries where the Group's entities operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates tax related situations and establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the Reporting Year and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

## (k) 撥備及或然負債

當本集團因過往事件須承擔法定責 任或推定責任,而可能需要流出經 濟利益,且有關數額能可靠估計 時,須就未確定時間或金額不確定 之負債確認撥備。

若當不大可能需要付出流出經濟利,或其數額不未能可靠地估計,否則該項責任須披露該責任為或極負債,惟流出經濟利益之可能性性,性流出經濟和益之可能性或宗未來事項件之發生或不發生或不發生予除性。 可認來證實之潛在義務責任,除性極低,否則亦需須披露為或然負債。

# (I) 當期及遞延所得税

當期所得税支出根據本集團營運所 在及產生應課税收入的國家於報告 年度已頒佈或實質頒佈的税法計 算。管理層就與税項有關的情況作 定期評估,並在適用情況下根據預 期須向税務機關支付的税款計提撥 備。

遞延所得稅按資產及負債之稅基與 其在綜合財務報表之賬面值兩者。 之暫時差額以負債法全數撥備。然 而,若遞延所得稅來自在交易(不 包括業務合併)中初步確認營會計 負債或應課稅盈虧,則不作記營會計 延所得稅採用在報告年度前已已稅 或實領或遞延所得稅負債結算 時 頭用之稅率及法例釐定。

遞延所得税資產於有可能出現未來 應課税溢利以抵銷暫時差額時方予 以確認。

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

### (m) Lease

#### (i) The Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets

### Right-of-use asset

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date which the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment. The Right-of-use assets are depreciated on straight-line basis over the lease terms.

遞延所得税按於附屬公司之投資所 產生之暫時差額作出撥備,惟倘本 集團可以控制暫時差額之回撥時間,且暫時差額在可見未來將不會 回撥之情況則除外。

當有法定可執行權利將當期稅項資產與當期稅務負債抵銷,且遞延所得稅資產和負債涉及由同一稅務機關對應課稅主體或不同應課稅主體所徵所得稅但有意向以淨額基準結算所得稅結餘時,則可將遞延所得稅資產與負債互相抵銷。

即期及遞延税項於損益確認,除非其涉及於其他全面收益或直接於權益確認的項目。於此情況下,税項亦分別於其他全面收益或直接於權益確認。

### (m) 租賃

### (i) 本集團作為承租人

本集團對所有租賃應用單一確認及計量方法,惟短期租賃及低價值資產租賃除外。 本集團確認租賃負債以作出租賃付款,而使用權資產指使用相關資產的權利。

### 使用權資產

#### Lease liability

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value quarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate the lease. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification (i.e. a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g. a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset).

### Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e. those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### 租賃負債

租賃負債於租賃開始日期按 租期內作出的租賃付款之現 值予以確認。租賃付款包括 固定付款(包括實質固定付 款)減任何應收租賃優惠、取 決於某一指數或比率的可變 租賃付款,以及預期在殘值 擔保下支付的余額。租賃付 款亦包括合理確定將由本集 團行使的購買選擇權的行使 價以及為終止租賃而支付的 罰款(倘和期反映本集團行使 終止租賃選擇權)。並非取決 於某一指數或比率的可變租 賃付款於導致付款的事件或 條件發生的期間內確認為開 支。

### 短期租賃及低價值資產租賃

### (ii) The Group as a lessor

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the leased assets to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group has leased out its investment property to a number of tenants. Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on the straight-line basis over the lease term.

### (n) Revenue and income recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of returns and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group.

Revenue are recognised when or as the control of the services or goods is transferred to the purchaser. Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws that apply to the contract, control of the services or goods may transfer over time or at a point in time. Control of the services or goods is transferred over time if the Group's performance:

- provides all the benefits received and consumed simultaneously by the purchaser; or
- creates and enhances an asset that the purchaser controls as the Group performs; or
- do not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If control of the services or goods transfers over time, revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the purchaser obtains control of the asset.

### (ii) 本集團作為出租人

凡租賃之條款將擁有權之絕 大部分風險及回報轉移至承 租人,該租賃分類為融資租 賃。所有其他租賃分類為經 營租賃。

本集團已向多名租戶出租其 投資物業。來自經營期租 租金收入在相關租賃期內 直線法於損益確認中 租賃的磋商及安排中入租 實的是 產的服面值,並在租赁 按直線法確認為開支。

### (n) 收益及收入確認

收益包括於本集團活動的一般過程 中銷售貨品及服務的已收或應收代 價公平值。收益按扣除退貨及折扣 和撇銷本集團內銷售後列示。

收益於或隨著服務或貨品控制權轉移予買方而確認。視乎合約條款及適用於合約的法律、服務或貨品的控制權可能於一段時間或某一時間點轉移。倘本集團的履約屬以下所述,則服務或貨品的控制於一段時間內轉移:

- 提供客戶同時收到且消耗所 有利益;或
- 在本集團履約時創建和增強 資產並由客戶控制該資產;或
- 並未產生讓本集團有替代用 途之資產,且本集團對至今 已完成履約之付款具有可強 制執行之權利。

如果服務或貨品之控制權在一段時間內轉移,即參考完成履約責任之 進度在整個合約期間內確認收益。 否則,收益於買方獲得資產控制權 之時間點確認。

The progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation is measured based on output method that best depict the Group's performance in satisfying the performance obligation. The output method is made reference to the gross value of contracting work to date as compared to the total contract sum receivable under the contracts.

An entity is a principal if it controls the promised good or service before transferring it to the customer. An entity is an agent if its role is to arrange for another entity to provide the good or service.

In determining the transaction price, the Group adjusts the promised amount of consideration for the effect of a financing component if it is significant.

# Provision of services of property and facility management

Property and facility management fees and other supporting service fees are recognised when the services are rendered and in accordance with the terms of agreements. There are two types of agreement, namely management remuneration contracts ("MR Contracts") and lump sum contracts ("LS Contracts"). Under a MR Contract, the Group is remunerated based on a fixed percentage of the costs involved in the management of the property or facility, and only such fee is recognised as the Group's revenue. Under a LS Contract, the Group is paid a lump sum fee which normally covers the costs involved, thus the whole of lump sum fee is recognised as the Group's revenue.

#### **Provision of construction services**

Under HKFRS 15, revenue from construction contracts is recognised when or as the construction projects are transferred to the customer. The control of the construction projects transfer over time in accordance with the terms of the contracts and the laws that are applicable to the contracts. If construction projects create or enhance an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced, the Group satisfies the performance obligation over time and therefore, recognises revenue over time in accordance with the output method for measuring progress.

完成履約責任之進度乃按最貼切描 述本集團完成履約責任之表現之輸 出方法計量。輸出方法乃參考迄今 合約工程總價值對比根據合約應收 總合約金額。

倘實體於轉移予客戶前控制貨品或 服務,則其為主事人。倘實體的責 任為安排另一實體提供貨品或服 務,則其為代理。

釐定交易價時,倘融資部份重大, 本集團將根據合約之融資部份調整 合約之承諾代價。

#### 提供物業及設施管理服務

### 提供建築服務

根據香港財務報告準則第15號,建築合約收入於建築項目轉讓予客戶時確認。建築項目的控制權根據合約條款及適用於合約的法律隨時間轉移。倘建築項目創造或改良於質產被創造或改良時由客戶所控制的資產,本集團將根據滿足在一段時間內履行責任的條件,按照輸出法確認收入。

Where the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs are recognised by applying the stage-of-completion method of individual contract with reference to the certificates issued by the customers, measured based on the value of work performed to date to the contract value. Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included to the extent that the amount can be measured reliably and its receipt is considered probable.

The excess of cumulative revenue recognised in consolidated income statement over the cumulative billings to customers is recognised as contract assets. The excess of cumulative billings to customers over the cumulative revenue recognised in consolidated income statement is recognised as contract liabilities.

### Variable consideration

For the consideration promised in a contract includes a variable amount, the Group estimates the amount of consideration to which the Group will be entitled in exchange for transferring the promised services to a customer.

The Group estimates an amount of variable consideration by using either the expected value method or the most likely amount method, depending on which method the Group expects to better predict the amount of consideration to which it will be entitled.

The estimated amount of variable consideration is included in the transaction price only to the extent that it is highly probable that such an inclusion will not result in a significant revenue reversal in the future when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group updates the estimated transaction price (including updating its assessment of whether an estimate of variable consideration is constrained) to represent faithfully the circumstances during the reporting period.

倘建築合約之成果能夠可靠地估計,收益及成本則會參考客戶所出 具的證書使用完成階段法予以確認,乃基於至今已施工工程的價值 佔合約價值之比例計量。合約工程 的變更、申索及獎金只在金額能夠 可靠地計量及認為很大可能收取該 等金額的情況下方會入賬。

計入綜合收益表的累計確認收入超過累計客戶開單的款項的差額確認為合約資產。累計客戶開單的款項超過計入綜合收益表的累計確認收入的差額確認為合約負債。

### 可變代價

就包括可變金額之合約中所承諾之 代價而言,本集團估計本集團將有 權就向客戶轉移所承諾服務換取之 代價金額。

本集團透過使用預期價值法或最可能金額法估計可變代價之金額,視 乎本集團預期將更好預測其有權收 取之代價金額之方法而定。

可變代價的估計金額將納入交易價格,惟前提為隨後解決與可變代價相關的不確定性時,有關納入不會 導致日後的重大收入撥回。

於各報告期末,本集團更新估計交易價格(包括更新其對可變代價估計是否受限的評估),以真實呈報於報告期內的情況。

### Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when control of the goods has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer. A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

#### Operating lease rental income

Operating lease rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

#### Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis, taking into account the principal amounts or refundable deposits outstanding and the effective interest rates applicable.

#### **Contract assets and liabilities**

A contract asset represents the Group's right to consideration in exchange for services that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet unconditional. In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

Contract asset is recognised when (i) the Group completes the construction works under such services contracts but yet certified by architects, surveyors or other representatives appointed by customers, or (ii) the customers retain retention money to secure the due performance of the contracts. Any amount previously recognised as a contract asset is reclassified to account receivables at the point at which it is invoiced to the customer. If the considerations (including advances received from customers) exceeds the revenue recognised to date under the output method then the Group recognises a contract liability for the difference.

### 貨品銷售

銷售貨品的收益於貨品之控制權轉移(即當產品交付至客戶)時予以確認。應收賬款於交付貨品時確認,原因為此時乃代價成為無條件的時間點,僅須隨時間流逝即可收取付款。

#### 經營租賃租金收入

經營租賃租金收入以直線法於租賃 期間確認。

### 利息收入

利息收入按未償還本金或可退回按 金及適用實際利率根據時間比例基 準確認。

### 合約資產及負債

合約資產指本集團就向客戶換取本 集團已轉讓的服務收取代價的權利 (尚未成為無條件)。相反,應收款 項指本集團收取代價的無條件權 利,即代價只需待時間過去而到期 支付。

合約負債指本集團就已自客戶收取 代價(或應付代價金額)而須向客戶 轉讓服務的責任。

# (o) Related parties

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Company's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply:
  - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group or an entity related to the Group.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).

# (o) 關連人士

- (a) 倘適用下列情況,該名人士 或該名人士的近親家屬成員 被視為與本集團有關連:
  - (i) 對本集團有控制權或共 同控制權;
  - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響 力;或
  - (iii) 為本集團或本公司母公 司主要管理人員。
- (b) 僅在以下任何情況適用下, 實體與本集團有關連:
  - (i) 實體與本集團為同一集 團之成員(即各母公司、附屬公司及同系附屬公司均互相有關連)。
  - (ii) 一實體為另一實體之聯 營公司或合營公司(或 另一實體為成員之集團 成員公司之聯營公司或 合營公司)。
  - (iii) 兩實體均為同一第三方 之合營公司。
  - (iv) 一實體為第三方實體之 合營公司,而另一實體 為該第三方實體之聯營 公司。
  - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本 集團有關連實體的僱員 福利而設的離職後福利 計劃。
  - (vi) 該實體受(a)所識別人士 控制或共同控制。

- (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
- (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the group or to the group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (i) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (iii) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

### (p) Government grant

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for wages and salaries already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable and are recognised as other income, rather than reducing wages and salaries.

### (q) Dividend distribution

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the entity, on or before the end of the reporting period but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

- (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別對實體有 重大影響的人士,或是 實體(或實體的母公司) 主要管理層人員。
- (viii) 實體,或其構成部分的 集團的任何成員公司, 對集團或集團母公司提 供主要管理層人員服 務。

某一人士的近親家屬成員指預期可影響該人士與實體進行買賣或於買賣時受該人士影響的有關家屬成員並包括:

- (i) 該名人士的子女及配偶或家 庭夥伴;
- (ii) 該名人士的配偶或家庭夥伴 的子女;及
- (iii) 該名人士或該名人士的配偶 或家庭夥伴的受養人。

### (p) 政府補助

在可合理保證本集團將收到政府補助以及本集團將遵守有關補助附帶的條款之前,本集團不會確認政府補助。

收取作為已產生工資及薪金的補償,或向本集團提供即時的財務資助且無未來相關成本的政府補助,於其成為應收款項的期間於損益確認,並確認為其他收入,而非減少工資及薪金。

### (a) 股息分派

就於報告期末或之前已宣派但於報告期末並未分派之任何股息金額(已經適當授權及再不由實體酌情決定)作出撥備。

### 5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

### 5.1 Financial risk factors

Risk management seeks to minimise any potential material effects on the Group's financial performance from the following factors.

### (a) Market risk

(i) Foreign currency exchange risk

The Group mainly operated in Hong Kong with most of the transactions settled in Hong Kong dollar and did not have significant exposure to risk resulting from changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

#### (ii) Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from Hong Kong dollar denominated borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates and at fixed rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest risk respectively. The Group's interest rate profile as monitored by management is set out below.

The following table details the interest rate profile of the Group's borrowings at the end of the Reporting Year.

# 5. 財務風險管理

# 5.1 財務風險因素

風險管理旨在減低對本集團財務表 現潛在之重大影響,當中包括以下 風險。

### (a) 市場風險

(i) 外匯風險

本集團主要於香港經營,大部分交易以港幣 結算,故並無因外幣匯 率變動而面臨重大風 險。

### (ii) 利率風險

本集團之利率風險主要。 來自以港幣計值借款。 以可變動利率及令意 到率批出之貸現金流 屬分別承受現金流和 藥風險及公平值利率 險。管理層監察之本 團利率情況載於下文。

下表詳述於報告年度末本集團借款的利率組合。

		2020		2019	
		Effective		Effective	
		interest rate	HK\$'000	interest rate	HK\$'000
		實際利率	港幣千元	實際利率	港幣千元
Fixed rate borrowings	固定利率借款				
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	17.1%	38,912	17.1%	35,882
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	4.7%	12,028	4.7%	10,105
			50,940		45,987
Floating rate	浮動利率借款				
borrowings					
Bank loans	銀行貸款	3.7%	64,000	4.2%	131,000
Total net borrowings	淨借款總額		114,940		176,987

#### Sensitivity analysis

At 31 December 2020, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 50 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would decrease/increase the Group's profits for the year and accumulated losses by approximately HK\$532,000 (2019: HK\$713,000).

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of reporting period and had been applied to the exposure to interest rate risk for the borrowings in existence at that date. The 50 basis point increase or decrease represents management's assessment of a reasonably possible change in interest rates over the period until the next annual reporting date.

#### (b) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk mainly arises from deposits, cash and bank balances, contract assets and receivables. Current policies ensure that sales and services are made to customers with an appropriate credit history and subject to periodic credit evaluations. Collection of outstanding receivables is closely monitored on an ongoing basis.

As at 31 December 2020, a provision of approximately HK\$6,074,000 (2019: HK\$94,302,000) and HK\$773,000 (2019: HK\$53,273,000) against receivables and contract assets respectively based on the impairment assessment.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the directors of the Company are responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. Certain customers have exceeded their respective credit terms during the reporting. However, management does not expect any significant losses from non-performance by these counterparties because of their satisfactory repayment history.

### 敏感度分析

於2020年12月31日,估計利率普偏上升/下降50個基準點,如果所有其他變量保持不變,本集年內溢利及累計虧損將減少/增加約港幣532,000元(2019年:港713,000元)。

### (b) 信貸風險

於2020年12月31日,已根據 減值評估分別就應收賬款及 合約資產作出撥備約港幣 6,074,000元(2019年:港幣 94,302,000元)及港幣773,000 元(2019年:港幣53,273,000元)。

Starting from 1 January 2019, for trade receivables, retention receivables and contract assets, the Group has applied the simplified approach in HKFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. The Group determines the ECL collectively by using a provision matrix, estimated based on historical credit loss experience, as well as the general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

For other non-trade related receivables, the Group has assessed whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If there has been a significant increase in credit risk, the Group will measure the loss allowance based on lifetime rather than 12-month ECL.

The credit risk associated with deposits and cash and bank balances is limited because the counterparties are bank with high credit rating.

The Group considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout the reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information. Especially the following indicators are incorporated:

- internal and external credit rating
- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the borrower's ability to meet its obligations
- actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the borrower
- significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of the borrower, including changes in the payment status of borrowers in the Group and changes in the operating results of the borrower

對於其他非貿易相關應收款項,本集團已評估信貸風險自初步確認以來是否顯著上升。倘信貸風險顯著上升,本集團將按全期而非12個月預期信貸虧損計量虧損撥備。

與存款及現金及銀行結餘有關之信貸風險有限,因為交 易對手方為具有高信貸評級 之銀行。

- 一 內部及外部信貸評級
- 一 實際或預期的營業、財務或經濟狀況中的重大不利變化預期導致借款人按期償還到期債務的能力產生重大變化
- 一 借款人的經營業績實際 或預期發生重大變化
- 一 借款人預期表現及行為 發生重大變化,包括本 集團借款人付款情況的 變化和借款人經營業績 的變化

# The Group's exposure to credit risk

The tables below detail the credit quality of the Group's financial assets and contract assets as well as the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk.

# 本集團之信貸風險

下表詳述本集團之金融資產 及合約資產的信貸質素以及 本集團所面臨的最大信貸風 險。

31 December 2020 2020年12月31日	12-month or lifetime ECL 12個月或全期預期信貸虧損	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Accumulated loss allowance 累計虧損撥備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Net carrying amount 賬面淨值 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Account receivables 應收賬款 Retention receivables 應收保固金	Lifetime ECL (Simplified approach) 全期預期信貸虧損(簡化方法) Lifetime ECL (Simplified approach) 全期預期信貸虧損(簡化方法)	153,848 88,432	(3,008) (148)	150,840 88,284
Other receivables 其他應收款項	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	34,053	(2,918)	31,135
		276,333	(6,074)	270,259
Contract assets 合約資產	Lifetime ECL (Simplified approach) 全期預期信貸虧損(簡化方法)	91,110	(773)	90,337
Deposits 按金	12-month ECL 12 個月預期信貸虧損	9,268	-	9,268
31 December 2019 2019年12月31日	12-month or lifetime ECL 12 個月或全期預期信貸虧損	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Accumulated loss allowance 累計虧損撥備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Net carrying amount 賬面淨值 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Account receivables 應收賬款	Lifetime ECL (Simplified approach) 全期預期信貸虧損(簡化方法)	285,483	(73,696)	211,787
Retention receivables 應收保固金	Lifetime ECL (Simplified approach) 全期預期信貸虧損(簡化方法)	105,414	(17,069)	88,345
Other receivables 其他應收款項	12-month ECL 12 個月預期信貸虧損	40,038	(3,537)	36,501
		430,935	(94,302)	336,633
Contract assets 合約資產	Lifetime ECL (Simplified approach) 全期預期信貸虧損(簡化方法)	366,136	(53,273)	312,863
Deposits 按金	12-month ECL 12 個月預期信貸虧損	11,450	_	11,450

### Account receivables

The Group has applied the simplified approach to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. The Group determines the expected credit losses by using a provision matrix, grouped based on share credit risk characteristics and the days past due.

The loss allowances for account receivables as at 31 December 2020 and 2019 were determined as follows:

### 應收賬款

就應收賬款而言,本集團應 用簡化方法計量全期預期信 貸虧損模型下的虧損撥備。 本集團使用撥備矩陣釐定 期信貸虧損,根據共同信貸 園險特徵及逾期日數進行分 組。

於2020年及2019年12月31日, 應收賬款的虧損撥備釐定如 下:

31 December 2020 2020年12月31日	Not yet due 尚未逾期	1 to 30 days 1至30日	31 to 60 days 31 至 60 日	61 to 90 days 61 至 90 日	91 to 180 days 91 至 180 日	Over 180 days 180 日以上	Total 總計
2020 + 12 // 31	四个超州	1 ± 30 H	31±00 H	01 ± 90 H	91 ± 100 H	100 日水工	26.01
Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000)							
賬面總值(港幣千元)	87,560	22,155	5,538	4,507	3,471	30,617	153,848
Less: Individually assessed (HK\$'000)					(4)	(000)	(000)
減:個別評估(港幣千元)	-				(1)	(832)	(833)
Carrying amount under collective measurement (HK\$'000) 共同計量下之賬面值(港幣千元)	07.500	22.455	E 530	4.507	2.470	20 705	452.045
共内計里 N Z 版 国 国 ( ) / 位 常 十 ル / Expected credit loss rate ( %)	87,560	22,155	5,538	4,507	3,470	29,785	153,015
預期信貸虧損率(%)	_	0.50%	1.00%	1.50%	3.00%	6.17%	
ECL allowance for collectively measurement (HK\$'000)							
共同計量之預期信貸虧損撥備(港幣千元)	-	111	55	68	104	1,837	2,175
Individually assessed loss allowance (HK\$'000)							
個別評估虧損撥備(港幣千元)	-	-	-	-	1	832	833
Total loss allowance (HK\$'000) 虧損務備總額(港幣千元)		111	55	68	105	2,669	3,008
<b>個担放性総は(心市   ル)</b>	_	1111	33	00	103	2,009	3,008
31 December 2019	Not yet	1 to	31 to	61 to	91 to	Over	
of December 2019	due	30 days	60 days	90 days	180 days	180 days	Total
2019年12月31日	尚未逾期	1至30日	31至60日	61至90日	91至180日	180 日以上	總計
Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000)							
賬面總值(港幣千元)	116,262	47,303	12,989	7,507	8,072	93,350	285,483
Less: Individually assessed (HK\$'000) 減:個別評估(港幣千元)					(416)	(72.406)	(72.012)
7/4 IB/2/41 IB (78.11 1797					(416)	(72,496)	(72,912)
Carrying amount under collective measurement (HK\$'000)	446060	47.000	40.000	7.507	7.55	22.254	040.574
共同計量下之賬面值(港幣千元)	116,262	47,303	12,989	7,507	7,656	20,854	212,571
Expected credit loss rate (%) 預期信貸虧損率 (%)		0.10%	0.26%	0.43%	1.54%	2.65%	
I具附后具有例 (物) ECL allowance for collectively measurement (HK\$'000)	_	0.1070	0.2070	U. <del>4</del> 370	1.34%	2.0370	
共同計量之預期信貸虧損撥備(港幣千元)	_	47	34	32	118	553	784
Individually assessed loss allowance (HK\$'000)		1/	51	32	110	555	701
個別評估虧損撥備(港幣千元)	-	_	_	-	416	72,496	72,912
Total loss allowance (HK\$'000)						,	,
虧損撥備總額(港幣千元)	-	47	34	32	534	73,049	73,696

### Retention receivables

The Group has applied the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9 to measure the allowance for credit losses at lifetime ECL. The retention receivables is assessed for ECL by using the provision matrix. Other than impairment on individual assessment of HK\$148,000 (2019: HK\$17,069,000) of retention receivables, the directors of the Company consider that the allowance for ECL for the year ended 31 December 2019 and 2020 on retention receivables are insignificant to the Group by using the provision matrix.

#### Other receivables and deposits

The Group has assessed these balances using 12-month ECL basis as there was no significant increase in credit risk for these balances since initial recognition. Other than impairment on individual assessment of HK\$2,918,000 (2019: HK\$3,537,000) of other receivables, the directors of the Company consider that the allowance for ECL for the year ended 31 December 2019 and 2020 on other receivables and deposits are insignificant to the Group.

#### Contract assets

The Group has applied the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9 to measure the allowance for credit losses at lifetime ECL. The contract assets are assessed for ECL by using the provision matrix. The allowance for ECL on contract assets of HK\$773,000 is recognized as at 31 December 2020.

Other than impairment on individual assessment of HK\$53,273,000 of contract assets as at 31 December 2019, the director of the Company consider that the allowance for ECL on contract assets are insignificant to the Group as at 31 December 2019.

### 應收保固金

### 其他應收款項及按金

本集團已使用12個月預期信 貸虧損基準評估該等認能 資風險並無大會的元(2019年 數港幣2,918,000元(2019年 數港幣3,537,000元)的其他 數港項個別評估減至2019年 12月31日止時預 2020年12月31日止預 12020年12月31日止 12020年12月31日止 12020年12月31日止 12020年12月31日 12020年12月31日

### 合約資產

本集團已應用香港財務報告 準則第9號所允許的簡化方 法,按全期預期信貸虧損計 量信貸虧損撥備。合約資產 的預期信貸虧損使用撥備矩 陣評估。合約資產的預期信 貸虧損撥備港幣773,000元於 2020年12月31日確認。

於2019年12月31日,除為數港幣53,273,000元的合約資產個別評估減值外,本公司董事認為於2019年12月31日合約資產的預期信貸虧損撥備對本集團而言並不重大。

### (c) Liquidity risk

The Group adopts prudent liquidity risk management which includes maintaining sufficient bank balances and cash, and having available funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities.

For bank loans containing a repayment on demand clause, if the lenders were to invoke their unconditional rights to call the loans with immediate effect, including term loans of HK\$29,000,000 (2019: HK\$96,000,000) with scheduled repayment dates, will be on demand for repayment immediately. As at 31 December 2020, bank deposits of HK\$10,000,000 (2019: HK\$10,160,000) is pledged as security for the Group's bank loan of HK\$35,000,000 (2019: HK\$35,000,000).

Since the year end, there have been no changes in the risk management department or in any risk management policies.

### (c) 流動資金風險

本集團採取審慎流動資金風 險管理,包括維持充足之銀 行結餘及現金,並擁有可供 動用之充足金額已承諾信貸 融資。

就包含按要求償還條款的銀行貸款而言,倘貸款人援用其無條件權利即時收回貸款,包括原定償還日期的定期貸款港幣29,000,000元(2019年:港幣96,000,000元),將即時按要求償還。於2020年12月31日,銀行存貨港幣10,000,000元(2019年:港幣35,000,000元(2019年:港幣35,000,000元)之抵押。

自年末起,風險管理部或任何風險管理政策並無任何變動。

Financial risk factors
Liquidity risk (in HK\$'000)

財務風險因素 流動資金風險(港幣千元)

At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	Less than 1 year 少於一年	Between 1 and 2 years 介乎一至兩年	Between 2 and 5 years 介乎兩至五年	Total contractual undiscounted cash flow 未折現合約 現金流量總額	Carrying amount 賬面值
Term loans subject to a repayment on demand	附帶按要求償還 條款之定期貸款					
clause	10 /T 6 /+	65,037	-	-	65,037	64,000
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	8,002	3,536	973	12,511	12,028
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	44,586	-	-	44,586	38,912
Payables and accruals	應付賬款及應計費用	301,940	17,454	26,236	345,630	345,630
Total	總計	419,565	20,990	27,209	467,764	460,570
At 31 December 2019	於2019年12月31日	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Total contractual undiscounted cash flow	Carrying amount
At 51 December 2015	N 2019 + 127] 31 H	i yeui	r and 2 years	2 and 3 years	未折現合約	amount
		少於一年	介乎一至兩年	介乎兩至五年	現金流量總額	賬面值
Term loans subject to a repayment on demand	附帶按要求償還 條款之定期貸款					
clause		137,781	-	-	137,781	131,000
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	7,921	2,300	217	10,438	10,105
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	2,940	44,586	-	47,526	35,882
Payables and accruals	應付賬款及應計費用	459,915	18,896	27,808	506,619	506,619
Total	總計	608,557	65,782	28,025	702,364	683,606

# 5.2 Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balances. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of bank loans disclosed in note 22, net of bank balances and cash disclosed in note 20, and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital and reserves.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure periodically. As part of the review, the directors of the Company consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on the recommendations of the directors of the Company, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues, issue of new debts or the redemption of existing debt.

### 5.3 Fair value estimation

The carrying amounts of the Group's current assets and liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short term maturities as at 31 December 2019 and 2020. The fair value of convertible bonds is classified as level 3 in the fair value hierarchy has been determined in accordance with general accepted pricing models based on a discounted cash flow analysis with the most significant inputs being the discount rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparties as at 31 December 2019 and 2020.

## 5.2 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本,以確保本集團 內實體均可持續經營,同時透過優 化債務及權益結餘為股東謀求最大 回報。本集團之整體策略與上個年 度維持不變。

本集團之資本架構由附註22所披露 之銀行貸款(已扣除附註20所披露 之銀行結餘及現金)及本公司擁有 人應佔權益(包括已發行股本及儲 備)組成。

本公司董事定期檢討資本架構。作為此檢討工作一部分,本公司董事考慮資本成本及各類資本相關之風險。按照本公司董事建議,本集團將透過派發股息、發行新股份、發行新債務或贖回現有債務之方式平衡其整體資本架構。

### 5.3 公平值估計

鑒於本集團流動資產及負債於短期內到期,於2019年及2020年12月31日其賬面值與其公平值相若。於2019年及2020年12月31日可換股債券的公平值分類為公平值層級的第3層,乃根據公認定價模型使用最重大輸入數字(即反映對手方信貸風險的貼現率)的貼現現金流分析釐定。

# 6. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

### (a) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

Management determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment. Such estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions.

# (b) Impairment of receivables, deposits and prepayment and contract assets

Management determines the specific provision for impairment of receivables, deposits and prepayment and contract assets based on assessment of the recoverability of the balances. The assessment is based on the specific recoverability assessment and ageing profile of the balances, which requires the use of judgements and estimates. A considerable amount of judgement is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of the balance, including the financial position and the historical payment pattern of each counterparty. The Group has set out policies to ensure followup action is taken to recover overdue receivables and deposits. As at 31 December 2020, the Group has made impairment provision of receivables and contract assets approximately HK\$6,074,000 and HK\$773,000 respectively. The Group has been negotiating with the counterparties for the payment of settlement. The determination of the provision involved significant management estimation.

# **6.** 關鍵會計判斷及估計不確定性之主要來源

應用本集團會計政策時,董事須就未能即時輕易從其他來源得知的資產及負債 賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設。有關估 計及相關假設乃根據過往經驗及被視為 有關的其他因素作出。實際結果有別於 該等估計。

有關估計及相關假設將持續進行審閱。 倘修訂僅影響修訂估計的期間,則於該 期間確認會計估計的修訂,或倘修訂同 時影響現時及未來期間,則於修訂期間 及未來期間確認會計估計的修訂。

# (a) 物業、機器及設備之可使用年期

管理層釐定其物業、機器及設備的 估計可使用年期及相關折舊及攤銷 費用。有關估計乃基於類似性質及 性能的物業、廠房及設備的實際可 使用年期過往經驗得出。

# (b) 應收賬款、按金及預付款項以 及合約資產減值

#### (c) Construction contracts

The Group recognises the revenue from design, supply and installation service over time based on output method by directly measuring the value of construction work transferred to the customer to date relative to the remaining construction works promised to be completed under the construction contract. Most construction works take 1 to 3 years to complete and the scope of work may change during the construction period. The Group reviews and revises the estimates of contract revenue, contract costs, variation orders as well as the financial impact of claims, disputes and liquidation damages prepared for each construction contract as the contract progresses. The management's estimate of revenue and the completion status of construction works requires significant judgement and has a significant impact on the amount and timing of revenue recognised. The construction works performed by the Group would be certified by the quantity surveyors of the customers or payment applications from the in-house surveyors periodically according to the construction contracts. The Group regularly reviews and revises the estimation of contract revenue prepared for each construction contract as the contract progresses based on the construction progress and the certification issued by the customers.

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had certain claims over its contract assets and receivables in respect of disputes or prolonged negotiation between the Group and the employers in certain building construction contracts. The Group is closely monitoring the development of these contracts and has been negotiating with the employer. The directors of the Company are of the view that the carrying value of the balances as at 31 December 2020 would be fully recoverable. The determination of the recoverability involved significant management estimation.

#### (c) 建築合約

本集團根據輸出方法透過直接計量 截至目前已轉讓予客戶之建設工程 相對根據建設合約承諾將完成之餘 下建設工程之價值隨時間確認設 計、供應及安裝服務之收益。大多 數建設工程需1至3年方可完成且 工程範圍可能於建設期作出變更。 管理層在合約過程中檢討及修訂各 建築合約的合約收益、合約成本、 變更指令之估計以及索償、爭議及 違約賠償金之財務影響。管理層估 計收益及建設工程之完成狀態需作 出重大判斷及對所確認收益之金額 及時間有重大影響。本集團執行的 建築工程會由客戶工料測量師或內 部測量師的付款申請根據建築合約 定期核證。本集團按合約進展定期 根據建築進度及客戶發出的證明 書,審閱及修訂就各建築合約而編 製的合約收益估計。

於2020年12月31日,本集團就合約資產及應收款項就本集團與僱主 在某些建築施工合約中的糾紛或長期談判提出若干索償。本集團正會 切監察這些合約的發展,並一直與僱主磋商。本公司董事認為,截至 2020年12月31日的結餘賬面值可 全數收回。可收回性的確定涉及重 大的管理估算。

#### (d) Income tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in Hong Kong, Macau and the PRC. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for PRC income taxes. There are a number of transactions and calculations for which ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for potential tax exposures based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will affect the income tax and deferred tax provision in the period in which such determination is made.

#### (e) Fair value measurement

A number of assets and liabilities included in the Group's financial statements require measurement at, and/or disclosure of, fair value.

The fair value measurement of the Group's financial and non-financial assets and liabilities utilises market observable inputs and data as far as possible. Inputs used in determining fair value measurements are categorised into different levels based on how observable the inputs used in the valuation technique utilised are (the 'fair value hierarchy'):

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical items (unadjusted);
- Level 2: Observable direct or indirect inputs other than Level 1 inputs;
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs (i.e. not derived from market data).

The classification of an item into the above levels is based on the lowest level of the inputs used that has a significant effect on the fair value measurement of the item. Transfers of items between levels are recognised in the period they occur.

The Group measures the below item at fair value:

• Investment properties (note 17).

For more detailed information in relation to the fair value measurement of the item above, please refer to the applicable note.

#### (d) 所得税

本集團須繳納香港、澳門及中國之 所得税。於釐定中國所得税撥備時 須作出重大判斷。在日常業務中 大量交易及計算的最終稅項釐納 能確定。本集團根據是否須繳類風 就確定之估計而確認潛在稅項風險 之負債。倘若最終評稅結果與額會 對 數額不同,則有關差額可之撥 備。

#### (e) 公平值計量

計入本集團財務報表之多項資產及 負債須按公允價值計量及/或作出 公允價值披露。

本集團金融及非金融資產及負債之 公允價值計量盡可能使用市場可觀 察輸入數據及數值。釐定公允價值 計量所使用輸入數據乃基於估值技 術中所使用輸入數據之可觀察程度 分為不同等級(「公允價值層級」):

- 第一級: 相同項目於活躍市場 所報價格(未經調整);
- 第二級: 第一級輸入數據以外 直接或間接可觀察輸 入數據;
- 第三級: 不可觀察輸入數據(即 無法自市場數據衍生)。

分類為上述等級之項目乃基於所使 用對該項目公允價值計量產生重大 影響之最低等級輸入數據確定。等 級之間項目轉撥於其產生期間確認。

本集團按公平值計量以下項目:

· 投資物業(附註17)。

有關上述項目的公平值計量之更多 詳情,請參閱適用附註。

#### 7. SEGMENT INFORMATION

In accordance with the Group's internal financial reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker, identified as the Executive Committee, who is responsible for allocating resources, assessing performance of the operating segments and making strategic decisions, the reportable operating segments and their results are as below:

- property and facility management services;
- ancillary business including integrated procurement, laundry, cleaning, security, maintenance and technical support services; and
- interiors and special projects.

#### Segment Results (in HK\$'000)

#### 7. 分部資料

根據提呈予本集團之營運決策者即本公司執行委員會(其負責調配資源、為各營運分部評估表現及作策略性決定)之內部財務報告,本集團須予呈報之營運分部及其業績如下:

- 物業及設施管理服務;
- 輔助業務,包括綜合採購、洗衣、 清潔、保安、維修及技術支援服 務;及
- 室內裝飾及特殊項目。

#### 分部業績(港幣千元)

					Corporate	
		Ancillary	PFM	ISP	Overhead	
	PFM	Business	Business	Business	(Note)	Total
	物業及	輔助	物業及設施	室內裝飾及	行政費用	
2020年	設施管理	業務	管理業務	特殊項目業務	(附註)	總計
收益						
一於某一時間點	-	13,017	13,017	-	-	13,017
——段時間	627,229	112,607	739,836	374,803	-	1,114,639
	627,229	125,624	752,853	374,803	-	1,127,656
毛利/(毛損)	66,753	27,698	94,451	(44,313)	-	50,138
毛利/(毛損)率	10.6%	22.0%	12.5%	-11.8%	-	4.4%
經營開支	(33,225)	(15,460)	(48,685)	(29,455)	(9,599)	(87,739)
利息開支	-	-	-	(9,841)	-	(9,841)
經營溢利/(虧損)	33,528	12,238	45,766	(83,609)	(9,599)	(47,442)
經營溢利/(虧損)率	5.3%	9.7%	6.1%	-22.3%	-	-4.2%
特殊項目*	_	_	_	(10,193)	_	(10,193)
扣除特殊項目後的						
經營溢利/(虧損)	33,528	12,238	45,766	(93,802)	(9,599)	(57,635)
收購貸款之利息開支						
			_	_	(190)	(190)
租賃利息開支			(379)	(104)	_	(483)
其他收入			82,555	3,308	-	85,863
除税前溢利/(虧損)			127,942	(90,598)	(9,789)	27,555
税項			(6,860)	(6,482)	-	(13,342)
年內溢利/(虧損)			121,082	(97,080)	(9,789)	14,213
	收益 一時間 毛利/(毛損) 毛利/(毛損) 經營溢利/(虧損) 經營溢利/(虧損) 經營溢利/(虧損) 經營溢利/(虧損) 時時間 時期 時期 時期 時期 時期 時期 時期 時期 時期 時期 時期 時期 時期	物業及	PFM	PFM   Business   W業及   輸助   物業及設施   接施管理   業務   管理業務   管理業務   管理業務   で理業務   で理業務   で理業務   で記載している。   では、	PFM       Business       Business       Business         物業及 設施管理       輔助 業務       物業及設施 管理業務       室內裝飾及 管理業務         收益 一於某一時間點 一一段時間       -       13,017       13,017       -         627,229       112,607       739,836       374,803         毛利/(毛損)       66,753       27,698       94,451       (44,313)         毛利/(毛損)率       10.6%       22.0%       12.5%       -11.8%         經營開支 利息開支       (33,225)       (15,460)       (48,685)       (29,455)         利息開支       -       -       -       (9,841)         經營溢利/(虧損)       33,528       12,238       45,766       (83,609)         經營溢利/(虧損)       33,528       12,238       45,766       (93,802)         收購貸款之利息開支       -	PFM         Ancillary Business         PFM Business         ISP Business         Overhead (Note)           物業及 糖助 物業及設施 室內裝飾及 行政費用 設施管理 業務 管理業務 特殊項目業務 (附註)         行政費用 管理業務 特殊項目業務 (附註)           收益

<sup>\*</sup> Insurance compensation arising from commercial settlement with QBE.

與昆士蘭聯保進行商業和解產生的保險賠償。

			Ancillary	PFM	ISP	Corporate Overhead	
		PFM	Business	Business	Business	(Note)	Total
		物業及	輔助	物業及設施	室內裝飾及	行政費用	rotar
2019	2019年	初未及 設施管理	業務	初未及 改施 管理業務	至 内表 即 及 特殊項目業務	1)以复用 (附註)	總計
		W/// 172		T-T-N-1//	11/// // H 2/(1//	(111 HT)	WO'H I
Revenue	收益						
— At a point in time	一於某一時間點	-	16,599	16,599	-	-	16,599
— Over time	一一段時間	600,965	113,611	714,576	838,105	-	1,552,681
		600,965	130,210	731,175	838,105	-	1,569,280
Gross Profit	毛利	68,316	23,602	91,918	50,502	-	142,420
Gross Profit Margin	毛利率	11.4%	18.1%	12.6%	6.0%	-	9.1%
Operating expenses	經營開支	(36,007)	(14,565)	(50,572)	(35,074)	(8,454)	(94,100)
Interest expenses	利息開支	-	-	-	(5,408)	-	(5,408)
Operating Profit	經營溢利	32,309	9,037	41,346	10,020	(8,454)	42,912
Operating Profit Margin	經營溢利率	5.4%	6.9%	5.7%	1.2%	-	2.7%
Interest expenses for acquisition loan	收購貸款之利息開支			-	-	(1,320)	(1,320)
Interest expenses for lease	租賃利息開支			(402)	(208)	-	(610)
Other income	其他收入			2,847	577	-	3,424
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利			43,791	10,389	(9,774)	44,406
Taxation	税項			(6,068)	(756)	_	(6,824)
Profit for the year	年內溢利			37,723	9,633	(9,774)	37,582

Note: Corporate overhead mainly represents corporate and administrative activities, and shared services.

服務。

#### Information about a major customer

The Group's one of the customers (2019: none) with whom transactions have exceeded 10% of the Group's revenue for the Reporting Year.

#### 一名主要客戶的資料

本集團於報告年度與一名主要客戶(2019年:無)的交易超過本集團收入的10%。

附註: 行政費用主要為公司及行政活動,以及共享

#### **Geographical analysis**

#### 地區分析

		<b>2020</b> <b>HK\$′000</b> 港幣千元	2019 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Revenue	收益		
Hong Kong	香港	1,121,411	1,559,853
PRC	中國	6,245	9,427
		1,127,656	1,569,280

Note: Over 99% of the Group's revenue derived from Hong Kong.

附註:本集團收入的99%以上來自香港。

#### 8. OTHER INCOME

#### 8. 其他收入

		<b>2020</b> HK\$′000 港幣千元	2019 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Government subsidies (Note) Miscellaneous income Bank interest income Rental income from investment properties Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	政府補貼(附註) 其他收入 銀行利息收入 投資物業之租賃收入 出售物業、機器及設備之虧損	85,989 1,037 751 338 (1,564)	- 2,191 672 399 (7)
Fair value (loss)/gain on investment properties Exchange loss	投資物業之公平值(虧損)/收益匯兑虧損	(400) (288) 85,863	200 (31) 3,424

Note:

Almost all the government subsidies were granted from the Employment Support Scheme ("ESS") under the Anti-epidemic Fund of the Hong Kong Government, which aim to retain employment and combat pandemic of novel coronavirus. As a condition of receiving the subsidies from the ESS, the Group undertakes not to make redundancies by 30 November 2020 after deducting the reimbursement to be paid to the respective Incorporation Owners or clients in PFM Business.

#### 9. INTEREST EXPENSES

#### 附註:

幾乎所有政府補貼來自香港政府防疫抗疫基金下的 「保就業」計劃(「保就業計劃」),計劃旨在保留就業 及對抗新型冠狀病毒。作為獲得保就業計劃補貼的 條件,本集團承諾於2020年11月30日之前不會裁員, 當中已扣除應支付給物業及設施管理業務的相關業 主立案法團或客戶之回饋。

#### 9. 利息開支

		<b>2020</b> <b>HK\$'000</b> 港幣千元	2019 HK\$′000 港幣千元
Interest expenses on:  — Convertible bonds  — Bank loans  — Lease liabilities	以下項目的利息開支:	5,970	667
	一 可換股債券	4,061	6,061
	一 銀行貸款	483	610
	一 租賃負債	10,514	7,338

#### 10. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

#### 10. 除税前溢利

		<b>2020</b> HK\$′000 港幣千元	2019 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Profit before taxation is arrived after charging: Staff costs, including directors' emoluments Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	除税前溢利已扣除下列各項: 員工成本(包括董事酬金) 物業、機器及設備折舊	653,284 4,465	645,459 6,520
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Auditor's remuneration	使用權資產折舊 核數師薪酬	11,653	13,286
— Audit — Non-audit Short-term lease expenses	一審核 一非審核 短期租賃開支	1,220 148 660	1,220 158 468

### 11. STAFF COSTS, INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS 11. 員工成本(包括董事酬金)

		<b>2020</b> HK\$'000 港幣千元	2019 HK\$′000 港幣千元
Wages and salaries	工資及薪金		
— included in cost of sales	一計入銷售成本	575,157	565,133
— included in general	一計入一般及行政開支		
and administrative expenses		54,317	57,864
Pension — defined contribution scheme	退休金 — 界定供款計劃		
— included in cost of sales	一計入銷售成本	21,807	20,211
— included in general	一計入一般及行政開支		
and administrative expenses		2,003	2,251
		653,284	645,459

#### 12. BENEFITS AND INTEREST OF DIRECTORS

#### (a) Directors' Emoluments (in HK\$'000)

The remuneration of every director is set out below:

#### For the year ended 31 December 2020

#### 12. 董事福利及權益

#### (a) 董事酬金(港幣千元)

各董事之薪酬載列如下:

#### 截至2020年12月31日止年度

Name of Directors	董事姓名	Fees 袍金	Salaries, allowances and bonuses* 薪金、津貼 及花紅*	Employer's contribution to a retirement benefit scheme* 僱主對退休 福利計劃 之供款*	Total 總計
Executive Directors	執行董事				
Kingston Chu Chun Ho	朱俊浩	150	1,200	60	1,410
Mandy Hui Suk Man	許淑敏	150	2,374	84	2,608
Independent Non-executive	獨立非執行董事				
Directors					
Lau Man Tak	劉文德	240	_	-	240
Eric Lee Hon Man	李翰文	240	_	-	240
Wong Yun Kuen <sup>1</sup>	黄潤權 1	235		_	235
		1,015	3,574	144	4,733

#### For the year ended 31 December 2019

#### 截至2019年12月31日止年度

				Employer's	
			Salaries,	contribution	
			allowances and	to a retirement	
		Fees	bonuses*	benefit scheme*	Total
				僱主對退休	
			薪金、津貼	福利計劃	
Name of Directors	董事姓名 ————————————————————————————————————	袍金	及花紅*	之供款*	總計
<b>Executive Directors</b>	執行董事				
Kingston Chu Chun Ho	朱俊浩	150	1,200	60	1,410
Mandy Hui Suk Man <sup>2</sup>	許淑敏2	104	1,502	58	1,664
Terence Leung Siu Cheong <sup>3</sup>	梁兆昌3	46	675	6	727
Independent Non-executive	獨立非執行董事				
Directors					
Lau Man Tak	劉文德	240	-	-	240
Eric Lee Hon Man	李翰文	240	-	-	240
Wong Yun Kuen	黃潤權	240	_	_	240
		1,020	3,377	124	4,521

- Except for the independent non-executive directors, the amounts represented emoluments in respect of services provided in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiaries undertaking.
- Resigned as an Independent Non-executive Director with effect from 23 December 2020.
- <sup>2</sup> Appointed as an Executive Director with effect from 24 April 2019.
- <sup>3</sup> Resigned as an Executive Director with effect from 24 April 2019.

#### (b) Interest of Directors

- (i) During the Reporting Year, no retirement benefits, payments or benefits in respect of termination of directors' services were paid or made, directly or indirectly, to the directors; nor are any payable (2019: Nil). No consideration was provided to or receivable by third parties for making available directors' services (2019: Nil).
- (ii) There are no loans, quasi-loans or other dealings in favour of directors, their controlled bodies corporate and connected entities (2019: Nil).
- (iii) No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Company's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the Reporting Year (2019: Nil).

#### (c) Five highest paid individuals

During the Reporting Year, the five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group include two directors (2019: one) whose emoluments are included in note 12(a). The emoluments payable to the other three (2019: four) highest paid individuals during the Reporting Year are as follows:

- \* 除獨立非執行董事外,該等金額指就提供有關管理本公司或其附屬公司所進行之事務之服務收取之酬金。
- 由 2020年12月23日起辭任獨立非執行董 事。
- 2 由2019年4月24日起獲委任為執行董事。
- 3 由2019年4月24日起辭任執行董事。

#### (b) 董事權益

- (i) 於報告年度,並無向董事直接或間接支付或作出退休福利、有關終止董事服務之付款或福利,亦無任何就此應付之款項(2019年:無)。並無就獲得董事服務而撥備或第三方就此應收之代價(2019年:無)。
- (ii) 並無貸款、準貸款或其他以 董事、彼等之控權實體法團 及關連實體為受益人之交易 (2019年:無)。
- (iii) 於本年度末或於本年度任何時間並無存續本公司訂立之有關本公司業務之重大交易、安排及合約,而本公司董事直接或間接於其中擁有重大權益(2019年:無)。

#### (c) 五位最高薪人士

於報告年度,本集團五位最高薪人士包括兩名(2019年:一名)董事,彼等之酬金已載於附註12(a)。本年內,應付予其他三名(2019年:四名)最高薪人士之酬金詳情如下:

	<b>2020</b> <b>HK\$′000</b> 港幣千元	2019 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及實物利益 Pension — defined contribution scheme 退休金 — 界定供款計劃	4,716 126	6,000 197
	4,842	6,197

The emoluments of the above individuals fell within the following bands:

上述人士的酬金介乎以下範圍:

#### **Number of individuals**

人數

		2020	2019	
Emolument band	酬金範圍			
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$2,000,000	港幣 1,000,001 元至			
	港幣 2,000,000 元	3	4	

During the Reporting Year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

於報告年度,本集團並無向任何五 位最高薪人士支付任何酬金,作為 促使加入或加入本集團時的酬金或 作為離職補償。

#### 13. TAXATION

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2019: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits/(loss) for the year after application of available tax losses brought forward for both years. Taxation on overseas profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profits for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

The amount of tax charged/(credited) to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represents:

#### 13. 税項

兩個年度的香港利得稅乃按有關年度之估計應課稅溢利/(虧損)扣除自往年結轉之可動用稅損後以稅率16.5%撥備(2019年:16.5%)。本集團之海外溢利稅項乃按本年度估計應課稅溢利以其經營所在國家之現行稅率計算。

綜合損益及其他全面收益表扣除/(計入)之稅項金額如下:

		<b>2020</b> <b>HK\$′000</b> 港幣千元	2019 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Current taxation  Hong Kong profits tax  — provision for the year  — over provision in prior years	當期税項 香港利得税 一年內撥備 一過往年度超額撥備	8,445 (215)	6,456 (77)
Deferred taxation	遞延税項	5,112	445
		13,342	6,824

The taxation on the Group's profit before taxation differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the taxation rate of the home country of the Company as follows:

本集團除税前溢利之税項與按本公司所 在國家之税率應產生之理論税款之差額 如下:

		<b>2020</b> HK\$′000 港幣千元	2019 HK\$′000 港幣千元
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	27,555	44,406
Calculated at a taxation rate of 16.5%	按税率 16.5%計算		
(2019: 16.5%)	(2019年:16.5%)	4,547	7,327
Effect of different taxation rates in	其他税務司法權區不同税率		
other tax jurisdictions	之影響	253	348
Over provision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(215)	(77)
Income not subject to taxation (Note)	毋須課税收入(附註)	(14,320)	(49)
Expenses not deductible for taxation purposes	不可扣税開支	2,527	591
Unrecognised tax losses/(Utilisation of	未獲確認之税項虧損/(動用		
previously unrecognised tax losses)	過往未獲確認之税項虧損)	20,550	(1,316)
		13,342	6,824

Note: ESS income is not subject to taxation.

#### 14. DIVIDEND

At a meeting held on 23 March 2021, the Board resolved not to declare final dividend for the Reporting Year (2019: Nil).

#### 15. EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the Group's profit attributable to the equity holders less dividends (if any) to convertible preference shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the Reporting Year.

#### 附註: 保就業計劃收入無需徵税。

#### 14. 股息

於2021年3月23日舉行之會議上,董事會議決不宣派報告年度之末期股息(2019年:無)。

#### 15. 每股盈利

(a) 每股基本盈利乃根據股權持有人應 佔本集團溢利減可轉換優先股股權 持有人之股息(如有)除以報告年度 內已發行普通股加權平均數計算。

	2020	2019
Profit attributable to equity holders 股權持有人應佔溢利 (港幣千元)	14,213	37,582
Weighted-average ordinary shares issued 已發行普通股加權平均數 ('000) (干股)	424,850	424,850
Basic earnings per share (HK cents) 每股基本盈利(港幣仙)	3.3	8.8

- (b) Diluted earnings per share for the Reporting Year is calculated by dividing the Group's profit attributable to the equity holders by the weighted-average ordinary shares outstanding after adjusting for the potential ordinary shares to be issued on convertible preference shares and convertible bonds. The calculation of the diluted earnings per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company is based on the following data:
- (b) 於報告年度之每股攤薄盈利乃於就可轉換優先股及可換股債券將予發行的潛在普通股作出調整後,根據股權持有人應佔本集團溢利除以發行普通股加權平均數計算。本公司普通股權持有人應佔每股攤薄盈利乃根據以下數據:

		2020	2019
Earnings	盈利		
Earnings for the purposes of basic earnings per share (HK\$'000)	就每股基本盈利的盈利 (港幣千元)	14,213	37,582
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares  — Interest on convertible bonds	: 攤薄潛在普通股之影響: 一可換股債券之利息		
(net of tax) (HK\$'000)	(扣除税項)(港幣千元)	_	667
Earnings for the purposes of diluted earnings per share (HK\$'000)	就每股攤薄盈利的盈利 (港幣千元)	14,213	38,249
Number of share			
Weighted-average ordinary	已發行加權平均普通股(千股)		
shares issued ('000)		424,850	424,850
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares	: 攤薄潛在普通股之影響:		
— Convertible preference shares ('000)	一可轉換優先股(千股)	80,000	80,000
— Convertible bonds ('000) (Note)	一可換股債券(千股)(附註)	_	10,126
		80,000	90,126
Weighted-average ordinary shares for calculating diluted earnings	就計算每股攤薄盈利之加權 平均普通股(千股)		
per share ('000)		504,850	514,976
Diluted earnings per share (HK cents)	每股攤薄盈利(港幣仙)	2.8	7.4

Note:

The effect of any potential exercise of convertible bonds is excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share in 2020 where the effect would be anti-dilutive.

附註:

任何可能行使的可轉換債券的影響均不包括 在2020年攤薄每股盈利的計算中,其影響是 反攤薄的。

### 16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

#### 16. 物業、機器及設備

		Right-of-use assets 使用權資產 HK\$'000	Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000	Furniture and equipment 傢俱及設備 HK\$'000	Total 總計 HK\$'000
		港幣千元 ——————	港幣千元 	港幣千元	港幣千元 ————————————————————————————————————	港幣千元
Cost	成本					
At 1 January 2019	於2019年1月1日	30,572	13,796	4,671	59,662	108,701
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(69)	(7)	(35)	(59)	(170)
Additions	添置	9,727	403	1,335	3,302	14,767
Disposals	出售	(191)	(11)	(870)	(813)	(1,885)
At 31 December 2019	於2019年12月31日	40,039	14,181	5,101	62,092	121,413
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	246	2	92	165	505
Additions	添置	12,539	170	27	3,309	16,045
Disposals	出售	(29,127)	(3,403)	(573)	(4,247)	(37,350)
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	23,697	10,950	4,647	61,319	100,613
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊					
At 1 January 2019	於2019年1月1日	(15,626)	(10,309)	(3,558)	(53,302)	(82,795)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	58	7	29	56	150
Depreciation for the year	年內折舊	(13,286)	(2,211)	(682)	(3,627)	(19,806)
Disposals	出售	151	3	520	751	1,425
At 31 December 2019	於2019年12月31日	(28,703)	(12,510)	(3,691)	(56,122)	(101,026)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(281)	(3)	(88)	(161)	(533)
Depreciation for the year	年內折舊	(11,653)	(779)	(508)	(3,178)	(16,118)
Disposals	出售	29,127	2,560	270	3,527	35,484
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	(11,510)	(10,732)	(4,017)	(55,934)	(82,193)
Closing net book value	年終賬面淨值					
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	12,187	218	630	5,385	18,420
At 31 December 2019	於2019年12月31日	11,336	1,671	1,410	5,970	20,387

#### Right-of-use assets

#### 使用權資產

		Leasehold		
		land and	Furniture and	
		buildings	equipment	Total
		租賃土地及樓宇	傢俱及設備	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
At 1 January 2019	於2019年1月1日	14,020	926	14,946
Additions	添置	9,361	366	9,727
Disposals	出售	(34)	(6)	(40)
Depreciation	折舊	(12,889)	(397)	(13,286)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(11)	-	(11)
Balance as at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	於2019年12月31日及 2020年1月1日的結餘	10,447	889	11,336
Additions	添置	12,539	_	12,539
Depreciation	折舊	(11,269)	(384)	(11,653)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(35)	_	(35)
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	11,682	505	12,187

#### 17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

### 17. 投資物業

		<b>2020</b> HK\$'000 港幣千元	2019 HK\$′000 港幣千元
At 1 January Unrealised (loss)/gain arising from change	於1月1日 公平值變動產生之未變現	7,200	7,000
in fair value	(虧損)/收益	(400)	200
At 31 December	於12月31日	6,800	7,200

Note:

附註:

The investment properties were valued as of year-end date on the basis of their open market value by an independent professional property valuer, Savills Valuation and Professional Services Limited.

投資物業於年末由獨立專業物業估值師第一太平戴維斯估值及專業顧問有限公司按公開市值基準估計。

#### (a) Valuation processes of the Group

The Group measures its investment properties at fair value. The fair value of the Group's investment properties at 31 December 2020 has been determined on the basis of valuations carried out by independent valuers. Discussion of valuation processes and results are held between the Group's senior management and valuers at least once every six months, in line with the Group's interim and annual reporting dates. At each reporting date the Group's senior management:

- verifies all major inputs to the independent valuation report;
- assess property valuations movement when compared to the prior period valuation report; and
- holds discussions with the independent valuers.

Change in Levels 2 and 3 fair values are also analysed at each reporting date during the semi-annual valuations discussions date between the Group's senior management.

#### (a) 本集團之估值程序

本集團按公平值計量其投資物業。 本集團之投資物業於2020年12月 31日之公平值乃按獨立估值師進行 之估值釐定。本集團高層管理人員 與估值師至少每六個月(與本集團 之中期及年度報告日期一致)進行 一次估值程序及結果討論。於各報 告日期,本集團高層管理人員:

- 查核獨立估值報告內的所有 重要輸入數據;
- 與上一期間的估值報告進行 比較時評估物業估值變動;及
- 與獨立估值師進行討論。

本集團高層管理人員亦對第二級及 第三級公平值之變動於各報告日期 進行半年度之估值討論時進行分 析。

#### (b) Fair value hierarchy

The following tables analyses the fair value of investment properties at different levels defined as follows:

- quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1).
- inputs other than guoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2).
- inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

#### 公平值層級 (b)

下表載列不同層級之投資物業公平 值分析,有關層級之定義如下:

- 同類資產或負債於活躍市場 上之報價(未經調整)(第一 級)。
- 計入第一級內之報價以外之 資產或負債之可觀察輸入數 據,不論直接(即價格)或間 接(衍生自價格)(第二級)。
- 並非基於可觀察市場數據之 資產或負債輸入數據(不可觀 察輸入數據)(第三級)。

**Quoted prices** in active market for identical assets (Level 1) 同類資產於活躍 市場上之報價 可觀察輸入數據 (第一級) HK\$'000 港幣千元

**Significant** other observable inputs (Level 2) 重大其他 (第二級) HK\$'000

港幣千元

**Significant** unobservable inputs (Level 3) 重大不可 觀察輸入數據 (第三級) HK\$'000 港幣千元

As at 31 December 2020 Recurring fair value measurements Investment properties	於2020年12月31日 經常性公平值計量 投資物業	-	6,800	-
As at 31 December 2019 Recurring fair value	於2019年12月31日 經常性公平值計量			
measurements Investment properties	投資物業	_	7,200	_

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 during the Reporting Year.

#### Fair vale measurements using significant other observable inputs (Level 2)

Fair value of the investment properties are derived using the direct comparison method. This valuation method is based on comparing the property to be valued directly with other comparable properties, which have recently transacted. However, given the heterogeneous nature of the properties, appropriate adjustments are usually required to allow for any qualitative differences that may affect the price likely to be achieved by the property under consideration.

於報告年度,第一級、第二級及第 三級之間並無轉撥。

#### 使用重大其他可觀察輸入數據之公 平值計量(第二級)

投資物業之公平值使用直接比較法 得出。此估值法乃以將予估值之物 業與近期交易之其他可資比較物業 進行之直接比較為基礎。然而,由 於各物業之性質互不相同,通常須 作出適當調整,而允許存在可能影 響標的物業可能達致之價格之任何 質化差異。

#### 18. CONTRACT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

#### 18. 合約資產及負債

		Notes 附註	<b>2020</b> HK\$′000 港幣千元	2019 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Contract assets — contract work of ISP business — property and facility service Less: impairment	合約資產   一室內裝飾及特殊項目   業務的合約工程   一物業及設施服務 減:減值	(i) (ii)	89,949 1,161 (773)	366,136 - (53,273)
Total contract assets  Contract liabilities  — contract work of ISP business  — property and facility service	合約資產總額 合約負債 一室內裝飾及特殊項目 業務的合約工程 一物業及設施服務	(iii) (iii)	90,337 (894) (12,689)	312,863 (11,230) (4,662)
Total contract liabilities	合約負債總額		(13,583)	(15,892)

#### Notes:

(i) Significant changes in contract assets of ISP Business

Contract assets have decreased as the Group has less outstanding workload as at 31 December 2020 together with the impact of the progress of contract works and timing of work certification as at year end.

(ii) Movements in the provision for impairment of contract assets that are assessed for impairment collectively are as follows:

#### 附註:

(i) 室內裝飾及特殊項目業務之合約資產的重大 變動

合約資產減少,因為本集團於2020年12月31日的未完成工程較少,連同年底合約工程進度及工程認證時機的影響所致。

(ii) 合約資產(集體評估減值)之減值撥備變動 如下:

		2020 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2019 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Contract assets At 1 January Written-off Provision for impairment recognised	合約資產 於1月1日 撤銷 已確認減值撥備	53,273 (53,273) 773	53,273 - -
At 31 December	於12月31日	773	53,273

For contract assets, the Group has applied the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9 to measure the allowance for credit losses at lifetime ECL. The contract assets are assessed for ECL by using the provision matrix similar with the approach of trade receivables. After the assessment by the directors of the Company, the allowance for ECL on contract assets are HK\$773,000 during the Reporting Year (2019: nil).

就合約資產而言,本集團已採用香港財務報告準則第9號所准許的簡化方法計量全期預期信貸虧損模型下之信貸虧損撥備。合約資產的預期信貸虧損使用貿易應收款項方法類似的撥備矩陣作出評估。經本公司董事評估,於報告年度,合約資產的預期信貸虧損撥備為港幣773,000元(2019年:無)。

Revenue recognised in relation to contract liabilities (iii) The following table shows how much of the revenue recognised in the current reporting period relates to carried-forward contract liabilities.

就合約負債確認的收益

下表列載與結轉自前期合約負債有關的於本 年確認收益金額及與於過往年度履行的履約 責任有關的金額。

		<b>2020</b> <b>HK\$′000</b> 港幣千元	2019 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period	於期初計入合約負債結餘的已確認收益		
Contract work of ISP business Property and facility services	室內裝飾及特殊項目業務的合約工程 物業及設施服務	11,230 4,662	6,804 4,149

Unsatisfied long-term contract work of ISP business

long-term contract work of ISP business.

(iv)

The following table shows unsatisfied performance obligations resulting from

室內裝飾及特殊項目業務的未完成長期合約

下表列載源於室內裝飾及特殊項目業務的長 期合約工程的未完成履約責任。

	<b>2020</b> <b>HK\$′000</b> 港幣千元	2019 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated 分配至於12月31日部分或全部未完成 to long-term contract work of ISP business that are partially or fully unsatisfied as at 31 December 的交易價總額	355,700	679,900

Management expects approximately that HK\$350,300,000 (2019: HK\$599,800,000) to the unsatisfied contracts as of 31 December 2020 will be recognised as revenue during the next reporting period. The remaining HK\$5,400,000 (2019: HK\$ 80,100,000) will be recognised in the year of 2022 (2019: 2021). The amount disclosed above does not include variable consideration which is constrained.

管理層概約預計於2020年12月31日未 完成合約的港幣350,300,000元(2019年:港幣 599,800,000元)將重新確認為下一報告期間的 收益。餘下港幣5,400,000元(2019年:港幣 80,100,000元)將於2022年度(2019年:2021年) 重新確認。上文所披露的金額並未計入受限 制可變代價。

#### 19. RECEIVABLES

The credit period of the Group's accounts receivable generally ranges from 30 to 60 days (2019: 30 to 60 days) and the majority of the Group's accounts receivable are denominated in Hong Kong dollars. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable by invoice date is as follows:

#### 19. 應收賬款

本集團應收賬款之信貸期一般介乎30至60日(2019年:30至60日)。本集團之大部分應收賬款乃按港幣計值。按發票日期分類之應收賬款之賬齡分析如下:

		2020 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2019 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Accounts receivable	應收賬款		
0 to 30 days	0至30日	60,967	118,025
31 to 60 days	31至60日	41,734	37,013
61 to 90 days	61至90日	11,104	17,489
Over 90 days	90日以上	40,043	112,956
Retention receivables and other	應收保固金及其他應收款項	153,848	285,483
receivables		122,485	145,452
Impairment of accounts receivable, retention receivables and other	應收賬款、應收保固金及其他 應收款項之減值	276,333	430,935
receivables		(6,074)	(94,302)
		270,259	336,633

#### **Retention receivables**

Retention receivables in respect of the contracting business are settled in accordance with the terms of the respective contracts. As of 31 December 2020, retention receivables held by customers for contract works amounting to approximately HK\$9,398,000 (2019: HK\$9,907,000) are expected to be recovered or settled in more than 12 months from the end of the reporting year, all of the remaining balances are expected to be recovered or settled within one year. Retention receivables are included in current assets as the Group expects to realise these within its normal operating cycle.

The retention receivables are classified as contract assets until the end of the retention period as the Group's entitlement to this final payment is conditional on the Group's work satisfactorily passing inspection.

For retention receivables, the Group has applied the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9 to measure the allowance for credit losses at lifetime ECL. The retention receivables are assessed for ECL by using the provision matrix similar with the approach of trade receivables. After the assessment by the directors of the Company, the allowance for ECL on retention receivables are insignificant to the Group as at 31 December 2019 and 2020.

#### 應收保固金

承建業務之應收保固金乃根據相關合約條款結付。於2020年12月31日,約港幣9,398,000元(2019年:港幣9,907,000元)之客戶就訂約工程持有的應收保固金預期於報告年末起計12個月後收回或結付,所有餘額預期於1年內收回或結付。應收保固金計入流動資產,因為本集團預期於正常經營週期變現此等款項。

應收保固金分類為合約資產,直至保固期完結為止,因本集團收取該末期款項為本集團之工程完滿通過檢測的條件之一。

就應收保固金而言,本集團已應用香港財務報告準則第9號所准許的簡化方法計量全期預期信貸虧損模型下之信貸虧損撥備。應收保固金之預期信貸虧損乃使用與貿易應收款項方法類似的撥備矩陣評估。經本公司董事評估,於2019年及2020年12月31日,應收保固金預期信貸虧損撥備對本集團而言並不重大。

#### **Accounts receivable**

As of 31 December 2020, accounts receivable of HK\$63,281,000 (2019: HK\$95,524,000) were past due but not impaired. These related to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default. Accounts receivable of HK\$3,007,000 (2019: HK\$73,696,000) were past due and impaired.

### 應收賬款

於2020年12月31日,港幣63,281,000元 (2019年:港幣95,524,000元)之應收賬款 已逾期但未減值。該等款項與多名近期 並無違約記錄的獨立客戶有關。港幣 3,007,000元(2019年:港幣73,696,000元) 之應收賬款已逾期及減值。

#### **Impairment of receivables**

#### 應收款項減值

		<b>2020</b> <b>HK\$'000</b> 港幣千元	2019 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 January	於1月1日	94,302	94,812
Provision for impairment recognised	已確認減值撥備	8,044	816
Written-off	撇銷	(95,635)	(1,111)
Doubtful debts recovery	收回壞賬	(677)	(87)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	40	(128)
At 31 December	於12月31日	6,074	94,302

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of the receivables mentioned above. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

於報告日期所面臨之最高信貸風險為上 述應收款項之賬面值。本集團並無持有 任何抵押品作抵押。

# 20. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS/TIME DEPOSITS

# **20.** 現金及現金等值及已抵押銀行存款/定期存款

		2020 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2019 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Cash and bank balance Time deposits with original maturities less than three months	現金及銀行結餘 原到期日為三個月以下的 定期存款	87,349 117,733	60,597 56,276
Cash and cash equivalents Pledged bank deposits/time deposits with	現金及現金等值 已抵押銀行存款/原到期日	205,082	116,873
original maturities over three months	超過三個月的定期存款	10,755 215,837	11,471 128,344

The majority of the Group's deposit, cash and cash equivalents is denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

The deposits, cash and cash equivalents disclosed above and in the consolidated statement of cash flows include HK\$20,347,000 (2019: HK\$16,692,000) which are held in the PRC. These deposits are subject to regulatory restrictions and are therefore not available for general use by the other entities within the Group.

Bank deposits of HK\$10,000,000 (2019: HK\$10,160,000) is pledged as security for the Group's bank loan of HK\$35,000,000 (2019: HK\$35,000,000).

#### 21. PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

The credit period of the Group's accounts payable generally ranges from 30 to 60 days (2019: 30 to 60 days). The ageing analysis of accounts payable by invoice date is as follows:

本集團之存款、現金及現金等值大部份 以港幣為單位。

上文披露的存款、現金及現金等值和計入綜合現金流量表港幣20,347,000元(2019年:港幣16,692,000元)均在中國存置。該等存款受監管限制,因此集團內其他實體不可將其用作為一般用途。

銀行存款港幣10,000,000元(2019年:港幣10,160,000元)用作本集團銀行貸款港幣35,000,000元之抵押(2019年:港幣35,000,000元)。

#### 21. 應付賬款及應計費用

本集團應付賬款之信貸期一般介乎30至60日(2019年:30至60日)。按發票日期分類之應付賬款之賬齡分析如下:

			2020 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2019 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Accounts payable	應付賬款			
0 to 30 days	0至30日		152,828	286,450
31 to 60 days	31至60日		14,235	12,245
61 to 90 days	61至90日		8,116	7,663
Over 90 days	90 日以上		23,595	32,230
			198,774	338,588
Retention payables, other payables	應付保固金、其何	他應付賬款及		
and accruals	應計費用		146,856	168,031
			345,630	506,619

Retention payables in respect of the contracting business are settled in accordance with the terms of the respective contracts. At 31 December 2020, retention payables held by the Group amounting to approximately HK\$6,302,000 (2019: HK\$5,093,000) are expected to be settled in more than 12 months from the end of the reporting year.

承建業務之應付保固金乃根據相關合約條款結付。於2020年12月31日,本集團持有約港幣6,302,000元(2019年:港幣5,093,000元)之應付保固金預期於報告年末起計12個月後結付。

#### 22. BANK LOANS

#### 22. 銀行貸款

	<b>2020</b> <b>HK\$'000</b> 港幣千元	2019 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Bank loans contains a clause of repayment 銀行貸款附帶按要求償還條款: on demand:  — Portion due for repayment within one year — 1 年內到期償還部份 — Portion due for repayment in the — 於第2年到期償還部份	64,000	80,000
second year	_	51,000
	64,000	131,000

#### Notes:

- (a) The Group had bank loans of HK\$64,000,000 (2019: HK\$131,000,000) denominated in Hong Kong dollars.
- (b) The bank loans of the Group carried weighted average interest rates of 2.7% (2019: 5.4%) per annum.
- (c) The Group's term loan of HK\$29,000,000 (2019: HK\$96,000,000) is subject to a floating charge over the assets of the Company and its subsidiaries and personally guaranteed by an indirect controlling shareholder.
- (d) Bank deposits of HK\$10,000,000 (2019: HK\$10,160,000) is pledged as security for the Group's bank loan of HK\$35,000,000 (2019: HK\$35,000,000).
- (e) The carrying amounts of loans approximate their fair values.

#### 附註:

- (a) 本集團有銀行貸款港幣64,000,000元(2019年: 港幣131,000,000元)以港幣計值。
- (b) 本集團之銀行貸款之加權平均年利率為2.7% (2019年:5.4%)。
- (c) 本集團之有期貸款為港幣29,000,000元(2019年:港幣96,000,000元),其乃將本公司及有 其附屬公司之資產及由間接的控股股東個人 作出擔保作浮動押記。
- (d) 銀行存款為港幣10,000,000元(2019年:港幣 10,160,000元),其乃就本集團港幣35,000,000 元(2019年:港幣35,000,000元)之銀行貸款質 押作抵押品。
- (e) 貸款的賬面值與其公允值相若。

#### 23. LEASES LIABILITIES

#### 23. 租賃負債

		land and buildings 租賃土地 及樓宇 HK\$'000 港幣千元	and equipment 傢俱 及設備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	<b>Total</b> <b>總計</b> HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 January 2019 Additions Termination Interest expenses Lease payments Exchange differences	於2019年1月1日 添置 終止 利息開支 租賃付款 匯兑差額	12,439 8,007 (34) 555 (11,851) 28	992 366 (6) 55 (446)	13,431 8,373 (40) 610 (12,297) 28
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 Additions Interest expenses Lease payments Exchange differences	於2019年12月31日及 2020年1月1日 添置 利息開支 租賃付款 匯兑差額	9,144 12,339 447 (10,424) (33)	961 - 36 (442) -	10,105 12,339 483 (10,866) (33)
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	11,473	555	12,028

Future lease payments are due as follows:

#### 未來租賃付款到期如下:

		Minimum lease payments 最低租賃付款 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Interest 利息 HK\$′000 港幣千元	Present value 現值 HK\$′000 港幣千元	
Not later than one year Later than one year and	1年內 1年後但2年內	8,002	(350)	7,652	
not later than two years Later than two years and	2年後但5年內	3,536	(116)	3,420	
not later than five years		973	(17)	956	
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	12,511	(483)	12,028	
		Minimum			
		lease		Present	
		payments	Interest	value	
		最低租賃付款	利息	現值	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		港幣千元 	港幣千元 ———————	港幣千元	
Not later than one year	1年內	7,921	(280)	7,641	
Later than one year and	1年後但2年內				
not later than two years		2,300	(44)	2,256	
Later than two years and	2年後但5年內				
not later than five years		217	(9)	208	
At 31 December 2019	於2019年12月31日	10,438	(333)	10,105	

#### 24. LONG SERVICE PAYMENT LIABILITIES

Under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance, the Group is obliged to make lump sum payments on cessation of employment in certain circumstances to certain employees who have completed at least five years of service with the Group. The amount payable is dependent on the employee's final salary and years of service, and is reduced by entitlements accrued under the Group's defined contribution retirement scheme that is attributable to contributions made by the Group. The Group does not set aside any assets to fund any remaining obligations.

The liability recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position is present value of unfunded obligation and its movements are as follows:

#### 24. 長期服務金負債

根據香港《僱傭條例》,本集團有責任向 於本集團服務年資達五年或以上而在若 干情況下停止受僱的僱員付出一筆過的 金額。所支付的金額乃根據僱員的最終 薪金及服務年數而釐定,並扣除僱員在 本集團界定供款退休計劃下應計權益中 本集團所供之款項。本集團並無撥出任 何資產以為任何剩餘的責任提供資金。

於綜合財務狀況表內確認之負債乃為未 撥付責任之現值及其變動如下:

		<b>2020</b> <b>HK\$'000</b> 港幣千元	2019 HK\$′000 港幣千元
At 1 January	於1月1日	1,576	1,963
Net charge to profit or loss	於損益中扣除淨額		
Current service cost	即期服務成本	123	114
Interest cost	利息成本	25	31
		148	145
Net credit to other comprehensive income	於其他全面收益中計入淨額		
Remeasurements:	重新計量:		
Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from:	自以下各項產生之精算 虧損/(收益):		
Liability experience	經驗調整	990	(277)
Financial assumptions	財務假設	196	5
Demographic assumptions	人口分佈假設	_	(2)
		1,186	(274)
Other	其他		
Benefits paid	已付福利	(1,394)	(258)
At 31 December	於12月31日	1,516	1,576

The principal actuarial assumptions used for accounting purposes are as follows:

就會計目的採用之主要精算假設如下:

		<b>2020</b> %	2019 %
Discount rate Long-term salary increase rate	貼現率 長期薪金增長率	0.25 2.5	1.7 4.0
Long term average expected return on mandatory provident fund scheme assets	強制性公積金計劃資產之長期 平均預期回報	3.0	3.5

The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in the significant principal assumptions are as follows:

界定福利責任對重大主要假設變動的敏 感度載列如下:

#### Impact on defined benefit obligation

界定福利責任之影響

		Change in assumption 假設變動	Increase in assumption 假設增加	Decrease in assumption 假設減少
Discount rate	貼現率	0.25%	Decrease by 0.6%	Increase by 0.6%
			減少0.6%	增加0.6%
Long-term salary increase rate	長期薪金增長率	0.25%	Increase by 3.9%	Decrease by 3.8%
			增加3.9%	減少3.8%
Long-term average expected	強制性公積金計劃資產	0.25%	Decrease by 4.4%	Increase by 4.6%
return on mandatory provident	之長期平均預期回報		減少4.4%	增加4.6%
fund scheme assets				

The above sensitivity analyses are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions, the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied.

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 2.4 years as at 31 December 2020 (2019: 2.4 years).

以上敏感度分析是基於只有一個假設的 改變,而其他假設則沒有變動。實際 上,這是不太可能發生的,及某些假設 之變動可能是互相關連的。當計算就重 要的精算假設對該等界定福利責任的敏 感度時,應用了相同方法(於報告期末以 預計單位計入法計算該等界定福利責任 的現值)。

於2020年12月31日界定福利責任的加權 平均期限為2.4年(2019年: 2.4年)。

#### 25. CONVERTIBLE BONDS

The Company issued 84 million, 7% convertible bonds with a principal amount of HK\$42 million on 18 November 2019. The convertible bonds are denominated in Hong Kong dollars. The bonds will mature by two years from the issue date with repayment of principal amount or can be converted into ordinary shares of the Company at the holder's option at the fixed rate of one share per HK\$0.5 of the outstanding principal.

The fair values of the liability component and the equity conversion component were valued by independent professional valuer, Pretium Advisory Services Limited, at the issuance of the convertible bonds and not subject to annual revaluation. The fair value of the liability component was calculated using a market interest rate for an equivalent non-convertible bonds. The residual amount, representing the value of the equity conversion component, is included in shareholders' equity net of deferred income taxes.

The convertible bonds recognized in the statement of financial position is calculated as follows:

#### 25. 可換股債券

本公司於2019年11月18日發行84,000,000股7%可換股債券,本金總額為港幣42,000,000元。可換股債券按港幣計值。債券將由發行日計2年內到期,持有人可選擇償還本金額或按未償還本金每港幣0.5元兑一股股份之固定兑換率兑換為本公司普通股。

負債部分及權益轉換部分之公允值乃由 獨立專業估值師(Pretium Advisory Services Limited)於發行可換股債券時估值及無需 每年重估。負債部分之公允值乃使用等 額非可換股債券之市場利率計算。餘值 (指權益轉換部分之價值)計入股東權益 扣除遞延所得税。

於財務狀況表確認之可換股債券計算如下:

		<b>2020</b> HK\$′000 港幣千元	2019 HK\$′000 港幣千元
Equity component at 31 December	於12月31日之權益部分	5,180	5,180
Liability component at 1 January Liability component on initial recognition at 18 November 2019	於1月1日之負債部分 於2019年11月18日初步確認 之負債部分	35,882 _	- 35,569
Interest expenses Interest paid	利息開支 已付利息	5,970 (2,940)	667 (354)
Liability component at 31 December	於12月31日之負債部分	38,912	35,882

Interest expenses on the convertible bonds are calculated using the effective interest method by applying the effective interest rate of 17.1% to the liability component. None of the convertible bonds were redeemed or converted during the Reporting Year.

可換股債券之利息開支乃使用實際利率 法以負債部分之實際利率17.1%計算。於 報告年度內,概無可換股債券獲贖回或 兑換。

#### **26. DEFERRED TAXATION**

Deferred taxation is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method using tax rates substantively enacted as at the date of statement of financial position. The movement on the net deferred tax (assets)/liabilities account is as follows:

#### 26. 遞延税項

遞延税項採用於財務狀況表之日期實質 頒佈之税率按負債法就暫時差額悉數計 算。遞延税項(資產)/負債賬目淨額之 變動如下:

		<b>2020</b> <b>HK\$'000</b> 港幣千元	2019 HK\$′000 港幣千元
Beginning of the year Deferred taxation recognised in	年初 於損益確認之遞延税項	(5,894)	(6,339)
profit or loss (note 13)	(附註13)	5,112	445
End of the year	年末	(782)	(5,894)

The movement on the deferred tax assets and liabilities (prior to offsetting of balances within the same taxation jurisdiction) during the Reporting Year is as follows:

遞延税項資產及負債(於相同徵税司法權 區抵銷結餘前)於本報告年度之變動如 下:

		Deferred tax liabilities 遞延税項負債		Deferred tax assets 遞延税項資產	
		Accelerated tax	Accounting tax		
		depreciation	depreciation	Tax loss	Total
		加速税項折舊	會計税項折舊	税項虧損	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
At 1 January 2019 Charged/(credited) to	於2019年1月1日 於損益扣除/(計入)	189	(484)	(6,044)	(6,528)
profit or loss		211	(456)	690	234
At 31 December 2019 Charged/(credited) to	於 <b>2019</b> 年12月31日 於損益扣除/(計入)	400	(940)	(5,354)	(6,294)
profit or loss		(15)	(227)	5,354	5,127
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	385	(1,167)	_	(1,167)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for tax losses carried forward to the extent that recognised of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable. The Group has recognised tax losses of HK\$162,980,000 (2019: HK\$93,113,000) to carry forward against future taxable income. The tax loss do not have expiry dates.

就結轉的稅項虧損而確認的遞延稅項資產僅限於有關之稅務利益很有可能透過未來應課稅溢利確認的部份。本集團之已確認稅項虧損,為數港幣162,980,000元(2019年:港幣93,113,000元),可結轉以抵銷未來之應課稅收入。稅項虧損並無屆滿日期。

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred taxes relate to the same fiscal authority. The following amounts, determined after appropriate offsetting, are shown in the consolidated statement of financial position.

當有法定可執行權利可將當期稅項資產與當期稅項負債抵銷,而遞延稅項涉及同一財政機關,則可將遞延稅項資產與遞延稅項負債互相抵銷。在計入適當抵銷後,下列金額在綜合財務狀況表內列賬。

		<b>2020</b> HK\$'000 港幣千元	2019 HK\$′000 港幣千元
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項資產 遞延税項負債	(1,167) 385	(6,294) 400
		(782)	(5,894)

#### 27. SHARE CAPITAL

#### 27. 股本

		Number of shares 股份數目	Amount 金額
		′000 千股	HK\$'000 港幣千元
Ordinary shares At 31 December 2019, 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020	普通股 於2019年12月31日, 2020年1月1日及 2020年12月31日	424,850	42,486
Convertible preference shares (Note) At 31 December 2019, 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020	可轉換優先股(附註) 於2019年12月31日, 2020年1月1日及 2020年12月31日	80,000	8,000
Ordinary shares and convertible preference shares issued and fully paid	已發行及繳足之普通股及 可轉換優先股		
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	504,850	50,486
At 31 December 2019	於2019年12月31日	504,850	50,486

#### Note:

80,000,000 CPSs of HK\$0.75 each were issued as part of the consideration paid for the acquisition of ISP business in late 2012. The rights, privileges and restrictions of the CPS are set out below:

#### (i) Dividend

Holder of each CPS shall have the same entitlement to dividend and other income distribution as the holder of each ordinary share of the Company and shall rank pari passu with ordinary shares of the Company as to dividend payments.

#### (ii) Return on capital

On winding up of the Company, the holder of the CPSs shall be entitled to the return of capital on the basis of the issue price of the CPSs and in priority to ordinary shares of the Company.

#### (iii) Conversion rights

The CPSs is convertible at the option of the holder at any time after the issue date. Conversion of the CPSs shall be subject to, among others, the minimum public float requirements stipulated under the Listing Rules or as required by the Stock Exchange being satisfied.

#### (iv) Conversion price

The conversion price is HK\$0.75, subject to adjustment in accordance with the terms of the CPSs. The adjustment event includes consolidation, sub-division, right issue, issue of the Company's shares for cash and grant of options or warrants to subscribe for new shares of the Company at a discount of more than 20% of the market price.

#### (v) Redemption

The Company shall have the sole right to redeem the CPSs at any time after the issue at the issue price of the CPSs, i.e. HK\$0.75 per share.

#### 附註:

於2012年底發行80,000,000股每股港幣0.75元的可換股優先股作為購買室內及特殊裝飾業務的代價的一部分。可換股優先股之權利、特權和限制如下:

#### (i) 股息

每股可換股優先股之持有人與每股本公司普 通股之持有人於股息及其他收入分派方面享 有同等權利,且於派息方面與本公司普通股 享有同等地位。

#### (ii) 資本退還

可換股優先股之持有人有權利於本公司清盤 時優先於本公司普通股按可換股優先股之發 行價基準獲資本退還。

#### (iii) 換股權

持有人可選擇於發行日期後任何時間轉換可 換股優先股。轉換可換股優先股須待達到(其 中包括)上市規則所規定或聯交所要求之最 低公眾持股量後,方可進行。

#### (iv) 兑換價

兑換價港幣0.75元,可根據可換股優先股之條款予以調整。該等調整事件包括合併、拆細、供股及發行本公司股份以獲取現金,以及授出購股權或認股權證以按市價逾20%之折讓認購本公司新股份。

#### (v) 贖回

本公司擁有獨有權利,可於發行日期後任何時間按發行價(即每股港幣0.75元)贖回可換股優先股。

#### 28. RESERVES

28. 儲備

Details of movement in the reserves of the Group are set out on page 96.

本集團儲備的變動詳情載於第96頁。

The following describes the nature and purpose of each reserve within owners' equity:

下文描述擁有人股權內各儲備的性質及目的:

Reserve 儲備	<b>Description and purpose</b> 描述及目的
Share premium	Prior to 3 March 2018, the application of the share premium account was governed by s.48B of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, Cap. 32. In accordance with the transitional provisions set out in s.37 of Schedule 11 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, Cap. 622 (the Ordinance) any amount standing to the credit of the share premium account at the beginning of 3 March 2018 became part of the Company's share capital. The use of this share premium balance is governed by s.38 of Schedule
股份溢價	11 to the Ordinance. 於 2018年3月3日前,股份溢價賬之應用受香港公司條例(第32章)第48B條規管。按照香港公司條例(第622章)(該條例)附表11第37條所載之過渡條文,於 2018年3月3日開始在股份溢價賬之任何進賬額已成為本公司股本一部分。動用此等股份溢價結餘受該條例附表11第38條規管。
Merger reserve 合併儲備	Amount of proceeds on merger accounting relating to the difference between the cost of investment and the nominal value of the share capital acquired. 與投資成本及已收購股本公平值之間差額有關的合併會計處理產生之所得款項金額。
Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備	Gains/losses arising on retranslating the net assets of foreign operations into presentation currency. 重新換算海外營運資產淨值為呈報貨幣產生的收益/虧損。
Equity component of convertible bonds 可換股債券之權益部分	Equity component was equal to the difference between the net proceeds received and the fair value of the liability component on issue of convertible bonds (i.e. option to convert the debt into share capital). 權益部分等於發行可換股債券之已收所得款項淨額與負債部分公平值之間的差額(即將債務轉換為股本的期權)。
Retained earnings/accumulated loss 保留盈利/累計虧損	Cumulative net gains and losses recognized in profit or loss. 累計收益及虧損淨額於損益確認。

#### 29. NOTES TO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

# (a) Reconciliation of profit before taxation to cash generated from operations:

#### 29. 現金流量表附註

(a) 除税前溢利與經營業務產生之 現金對賬表:

		港幣千元	港幣千元
Profit before taxation		27,555	44,406
Depreciation	折舊	16,118	19,806
Impairment of receivables	應收賬款之減值	7,228	816
Impairment of contract assets	合約資產之減值	773	_
Interest income	利息收入	(751)	(672)
Interest expenses	利息開支	10,514	7,338
Fair value loss/(gain) on	投資物業公允值虧損/(收益)		
investment properties		400	(200)
Loss on disposal of property,	出售物業、機器及設備之虧損		
plant and equipment		1,564	7
Operating profit before working	營運資金變動前之經營溢利		
capital changes		63,401	71,501
Decrease/(increase) in contract assets	合約資產減少/(增加)	221,753	(19,720)
Decrease in receivables	應收賬款減少	59,007	42,684
(Increase)/decrease in deposits and	按金及預付款項(增加)/減少		
prepayments		(2,256)	1,285
Decrease in payables and accruals and	應付賬款、應計費用及長期		
long service payment liabilities	服務金負債減少	(164,399)	(63,153)
Cash generated from operations	經營業務產生之現金	177,506	32,597

# (b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities (in HK\$'000)

#### (b) 融資業務產生之負債對賬表 (港幣千元)

		Bank	Interest	Lease	Convertible
		loans	payable	liabilities	bonds
		銀行貸款	應付利息	租賃負債	可換股債券
		(note 22)		(note 23)	(note 25)
		(附註22)		(附註23)	(附註25)
At 1 January 2019	於2019年1月1日	166,000	52	13,431	-
Drawdown of bank loans	動用銀行貸款	35,000	_	_	_
Repayment of bank loans	償還銀行貸款	(70,000)	-	-	_
Bank loans interest paid	已付銀行貸款利息	-	(6,029)	-	-
Placing of convertible bonds	配售可換股債券	-	-	-	40,749
Interest paid on convertible bonds		-	-	-	(354)
Lease payments	租賃付款	-	-	(12,297)	_
Total changes from financing	融資現金流量之變動				
cash flow	總額	(35,000)	(6,029)	(12,297)	40,395
Convertible bonds adjustment	可換股債券調整	-	-	-	(5,180)
Lease adjustments	租賃調整	-	-	8,333	-
Foreign exchange adjustments	外匯調整	-	-	28	_
Interest expenses	利息開支	-	6,061	610	667
Total other changes	其他開支總額		6,061	8,971	(4,513)
At 31 December 2019	於2019年12月31日	131,000	84	10,105	35,882
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	131,000	84	10,105	35,882
Drawdown of bank loans	動用銀行貸款	105,000	_	_	_
Repayment of bank loans	償還銀行貸款	(172,000)	_	_	_
New lease	新租賃	_	_	12,339	-
Bank loans interest paid	已付銀行貸款利息	_	(4,113)	_	-
Interest paid on convertible bonds	就可換股債券已付利息	-	_	-	(2,940)
Lease payments	租賃付款	-	-	(10,866)	-
Total changes from financing	融資現金流量之變動				
cash flow	總額	(67,000)	(4,113)	1,473	(2,940)
Foreign exchange adjustments	外匯調整	_	_	(33)	-
Interest expenses	利息開支	_	4,061	483	5,970
Total other changes	其他開支總額	-	4,061	450	5,970
At 31 December 2020					

#### 30. LITIGATION

On 23 January 2020, the Company received a writ of summons issued in the Court of First Instance of the High Court of Hong Kong by QBE against the Company for a claim of total amount of approximately HK\$34.2 million which including the amounts that the Company is not responsible to pay under the third parties Loss Retention and Indemnification Agreement signed together with Hsin Chong. The Company, recognized a provision of approximately HK\$9.7 million as at 31 December 2019, reflects the directors' best estimate of the most likely outcome at that moment.

On 25 January 2021, QBE entered into the settlement agreement with the Company after the conduction of the mediation in relation to the QBE's claim. Under the settlement agreement, it is agreed, among other things, the Company shall pay a sum of HK\$19.5 million to the QBE (inclusive of all interests, costs, disbursements, cost of mediation of the QBE) in full and final settlement of the QBE's claims. Accordingly, the Company further recognised a provision of approximately HK\$10.2 million for the Reporting Year (2019: HK\$9.7 million), included in other payables and accruals of the Group's consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020.

#### 30. 訴訟

於2020年1月23日,本公司收到昆士蘭聯保於香港高等法院原訟法庭上所出具針對本公司之傳訊令狀,以索償合共約港幣34,200,000元,其中包括本公司於與新昌共同簽訂的第三方損失保留及賠償協議下無責任支付的款項。本公司於2019年12月31日確認撥備約港幣9,700,000元,反映董事於當刻對最可能結果的最佳估計。

On the other hand, on 14 January 2021, Falcon Insurance Company (Hong Kong) Limited, as the 1st defendant, and ISP Construction (Engineering) Limited ("ISPCE"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as the 2nd defendant (collectively, the "Defendants"), received a writ of summons issued by Fortune against the Defendants for the net sum of HK\$54.4 million regarding the Defendants' breaches of the surety bond executed by the Defendants to guarantee due performance and observance by ISPCE for construction of main contract works for Fortune Pharmacal New Factory Development at Yuen Long given the ISPCE breaches of the contract and/or its negligence in carrying out the works. ISPCE is seeking legal advice in respect of the proceeding and would defend its position as well as filed the summons with the High Court on 1 March 2021 for a stay of proceedings in favour of arbitration. The hearing for the application to stay of proceedings to be held in mid of June 2021. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, it is premature to predict the outcome of the claim against the Company. There is no provision recognized or contingent liabilities disclosure as at 31 December 2020 as the directors of the company consider the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefit is remote.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2020, no other litigation or claims of material importance is known to the directors to be pending against the Company.

#### 31. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### (a) Key management personnel compensation

另一方面,於2021年1月14日,富勤保 險(香港)有限公司作為第一被告人及昇 柏營造廠(工程)有限公司(「昇柏營造 廠」,本公司的間接全資附屬公司)作為 第二被告人(統稱「該等被告人」)收到幸 福針對該等被告人之傳訊令狀,因該等 被告人違反了由該等被告人簽署的保證 金,其保證昇柏營造廠需妥善履約及遵 守有關元朗幸福醫藥新廠房發展之主要 建築工程之合約(昇柏營造廠違反該合約 及/或其在進行工程時造成疏忽),索償 合共港幣54.400.000元的淨額。昇柏營造 廠正在就法律程序尋求法律意見及辯 護,並已於2021年3月1日向高等法院遞 交傳票以擱置所有法律程序以作仲裁。 申請擱置法律程序的聆訊排期將於2021 年6月中旬進行。本公司董事認為,現在 預測對本公司的索償結果為時尚早。由 於本公司董事認為體現經濟利益的資源 流出的可能性極微,故於2020年12月31 日並無確認撥備或披露或然負債。

除上文所披露者外,於2020年12月31日, 據董事所知,並無其他針對本公司的重 大待決訴訟或申索。

#### 31. 關連人士交易

#### (a) 主要管理人員薪酬

	<b>2020</b> HK\$′000 港幣千元	2019 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及實物利益 Pension — defined contribution scheme 退休金 — 界定供款計劃	18,473 634	19,924 690
	19,107	20,614

#### (b) Significant related party transactions

Summary of the significant related party transactions carried out by the Group during the Reporting Year are follows:

#### (b) 重大關連人士交易

於報告年度本集團進行之重大關連 人士交易概要如下:

		Note 附註	2020 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2019 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Service charges paid to	向下列公司支付服務費			
<ul> <li>Company with common controlling shareholder</li> </ul>	<ul><li>一有一間共同控股</li><li>股東之公司</li></ul>	(j)		(726)
— Company controlled by	一由一名董事控制	(1)	_	(720)
a director	之公司	(ii)	(184)	(224)
Services income from	來自下列公司之服務收入			
— Company with common	一有一間共同控股			
controlling shareholder	股東之公司	(iii)	2,465	2,692
Maintenance and technical	來自下列公司之維修及			
support service income from	技術支援服務收入			
— Company with common	一有一間共同控股	(:. )	400	1 (7)
controlling shareholder	股東之公司 來自下列公司之合約	(i∨)	488	1,672
Contracting work's income from	工程收入			
— Companies with common	一有多間共同控股			
controlling shareholder	股東之公司	(v)	27,464	73,886

#### Notes:

- Service charges paid in respect of commission and documentation fee for placing of convertible bonds were mutually agreed by both parties.
- (ii) Service charges paid in respect of typesetting, translation and printing services were mutually agreed by both parties.
- (iii) Services income earned on services including property management, agency services, consultancy fee, security, laundry, cleaning, etc. rendered was mutually agreed by both parties.
- (iv) Maintenance and technical support service income represents fees earned on repair and maintenance works. The prices and terms were mutually agreed by both parties.
- (v) Contracting work's earned from construction and fitting-out projects, were mutually agreed by both parties.

#### 附註:

- (i) 就配售可換股債券事項之佣金及文件 費支付之服務費,乃按雙方協定而收 取。
- 就排版、翻譯及印刷服務支付的服務 開支金額乃由雙方互相協定。
- (iii) 就提供服務(包括物業管理、代理服務、顧問費、保安、洗衣及清潔等服務)賺取之服務收入・乃按雙方協定 而收取。
- (iv) 維修及技術支援服務收入指就維修及 保養工程賺取之費用。價格及條款由 雙方協定。
- (v) 就建築及裝修項目賺取之合約工程費 乃按雙方協定而收取。

# 32. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND CHANGE IN EQUITY OF THE COMPANY

### 32. 本公司財務狀況表及權益變動表

**Statement of Financial Position of the Company** 

本公司財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2020

於2020年12月31日

		2020 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2019 HK\$′000 港幣千元
		使申した	/它市 1 /し
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備	1,498	9
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	1	-
Subsidiaries	附屬公司	89,204	89,204
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額	90,703	89,213
Current assets	流動資產		
Other receivables	其他應收款項	1	143
Deposits and prepayments	按金及預付款項	336	333
Amount due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	191,535	6,058
Deposit, cash and cash equivalents	按金、現金及現金等值	16,198	46,826
Total current assets	流動資產總額	208,070	53,360
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Payables and accruals	應付賬款及應計費用	1,883	1,362
Bank loans	銀行貸款	-	12,000
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	1,031	_
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	2,914	13,362
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	205,156	39,998
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總額減流動負債	295,859	129,211
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債 非流動負債		
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	_	1
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	38,912	35,882
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	355	_
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額	39,267	35,883
Net assets	資產淨值	256,592	93,328
Equity attributable to equity holders	本公司股權持有人應佔權益		
of the Company			
Share capital	股本	50,486	50,486
Reserves	儲備	206,106	42,842
Total equity	權益總額	256,592	93,328

The statement of financial position of the Company was approved by the Board of Directors on 23 March 2021 and was signed on its behalf.

本公司財務狀況表經董事會於2021年3 月23日批准,並由以下人士代表簽署。

Kingston Chu Chun Ho 朱俊浩

Mandy Hui Suk Man 許淑敏

Chairman主席

Director 董事

#### Change in equity of the Company (in HK\$'000)

#### 本公司權益變動表(港幣千元)

					Equity		
					component		
					of		
			Share	Contributed	convertible	Accumulated	
		Share capital	premium	surplus	bonds	losses	Total equity
					可換股債券		
		股本	股份溢價	繳入盈餘	之權益部分	累計虧損	權益總額
At 1 January 2019	於2019年1月1日	50,486	185,420	82,601	_	(229,003)	89,504
Issue of convertible bonds	發行可換股債券	-	-	-	5,180	-	5,180
Loss attributable to equity holders	本公司股權持有人應佔虧損						
of the Company		-	-	-	-	(1,356)	(1,356)
At 31 December 2019	於2019年12月31日	50,486	185,420	82,601	5,180	(230,359)	93,328
Profit attributable to equity holders	本公司股權持有人應佔溢利						
of the Company	1 S. 1987 [13 (13 (10) [H700.1])	-	_	_	-	163,264	163,264
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	50,486	185,420	82,601	5,180	(67,095)	256,592

#### 33. HOLDING COMPANY

The directors regarded Champ Key Holding Limited, a company incorporated in British Virgin Islands, as its ultimate holding company.

#### 33. 控股公司

董事視Champ Key Holdings Limited(於英屬處女群島註冊成立的公司)為其最終控股公司。

#### 34. PRINCIPAL WHOLLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARIES

#### 34. 主要全資附屬公司

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and operation 註冊成立及 經營地點	Principal activities 主要業務	Issued and paid up/ registered capital 已發行及繳足/ 註冊股本
Interest held directly: 直接持有權益:			
Synergis Holdings (BVI) Limited <sup>1</sup>	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	100,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each
	英屬處女群島	投資控股	100,000 股每股面值 港幣 0.1 元之普通股
Driven Power Management Limited <sup>1</sup>	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	100 ordinary shares of US\$1 each
	英屬處女群島	投資控股	100股每股面值1美元 之普通股

	Place of		
	incorporation		Issued and paid up/
Name	and operation	Principal activities	registered capital
<b>₩</b> 150	註冊成立及	<b>-                                    </b>	已發行及繳足/
名稱	經營地點	主要業務 ————————————	註冊股本 —————————
Interest held indirectly: 間接持有權益:			
PFM Business 物業及設施管理業務			
C	Hana Kana	Dura de la casa de la	206.027
Synergis Management Services Limited	Hong Kong	Provision of property management services	206,837 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each
Services Littlited		and investment holding	Silates Of Fility Feach
昇捷管理服務有限公司	香港	提供物業管理服務	206,837股每股面值
		及投資控股	港幣1元之普通股
Synergis Facility	Hong Kong	Provision of facility	2 ordinary shares of
Management Limited	3 3	management services	HK\$1 each
昇捷設施管理有限公司	香港	提供設施管理服務	2股每股面值港幣1元 之普通股
Service Pro Limited	Hong Kong	Provision of maintenance and	2 ordinary shares of
		technical support services	HK\$1 each
諾迅服務有限公司	香港	提供維修及技術支援服務	2股每股面值港幣1元 之普通股
SecurExpert Solutions Limited	Hong Kong	Provision of security and	2 ordinary shares of
		consultancy services	HK\$1 each
新盛保安服務有限公司	香港	提供保安及顧問服務	2股每股面值港幣1元 之普通股
Laundrimate Service Limited	Hong Kong	Provision of laundry services	2 ordinary shares of
			HK\$1 each
洗衣樂服務有限公司	香港	提供洗衣服務	2股每股面值港幣1元 之普通股
Master Clean Service Limited	Hong Kong	Provision of cleaning services	200,000 ordinary shares of
		10 (11 ) to 10 0 0	HK\$1 each
宏潔服務有限公司	香港	提供清潔服務	200,000股每股面值 港幣1元之普通股
SynWave Services Limited	Hong Kong	Provision of procurement and	1 ordinary share of HK\$1
AC > > > > > AC   AC   AC   AC   AC   AC	T.\#	trading business	DD (+ )+
新浪潮服務有限公司	香港	提供採購及貿易業務	1股面值港幣1元 之普通股

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and operation 註冊成立及 經營地點	Principal activities	Issued and paid up/ registered capital 已發行及繳足/ 註冊股本
12 (H) 	—————————————————————————————————————	工女未份 ————————————————————————————————————	
Synergis Property Management (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. <sup>2</sup>	PRC (wholly owned foreign enterprise)	Provision of property management, repair and maintenance of	RMB31,000,000
		sophisticated equipment and indoor cleaning services, and property	
		management	
昇捷物業管理(深圳)有限公司	中國(外資獨資企業)	consultancy services 提供物業管理、維修保養 先進設備及室內清潔服務 以及物業管理顧問服務	人民幣31,000,000元
Synergis Property Services (Beijing) Co. Ltd. <sup>2</sup>	PRC (wholly owned foreign enterprise)	Provision of property and facility management services, property agent and property	RMB32,000,000
昇捷物業服務(北京) 有限公司	中國(外資獨資企業)	consultancy services 提供物業及設施 管理服務、 房地產經紀及 房地產顧問服務	人民幣 32,000,000元
ISP Business 室內裝飾及特殊項目業務			
ISP Interiors Limited	Hong Kong	Provision of fitting-out, renovation and addition	5,000,000 ordinary share of HK\$1 each
昇柏室內裝飾有限公司	香港	and alteration works 提供室內裝修、翻新與 加建及改建工程	5,000,000股每股面值 港幣1元之普通股
ISP Construction (Engineering) Limited	Hong Kong	Provision of demolition work, addition and alteration works and	22,000,000 ordinary share of HK\$1 each
昇柏營造廠(工程)有限公司	香港	special construction projects 提供拆建工程與加建及 改建工程及特殊建造項目	22,000,000股每股面值 港幣1元之普通股
ISP Curtain Wall and	Hong Kong	Provision of curtain walling,	100,000 ordinary
Aluminum Products Limited 昇柏幕牆及鋁質制品有限公司	香港	cladding & related products 提供幕牆、圍蔽及相關產品	shares of HK\$1 100,000 股每股面值 港幣1元之普通股

This is an investment holding company with no specific place of operation. 該公司為一間投資控股公司,並無具體經營地點。

These are not registered company names but merely for identification purposes only. 該等並非註冊公司名稱,僅供識別。

# FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY 五年財務摘要

		<b>2020</b> <b>HK\$′000</b> 港幣千元	2019 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2018 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2016 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Operating Results	經營業績					
Revenue	收益	1,127,656	1,569,280	1,532,986	2,083,300	2,433,471
Profit/(loss) before taxation Taxation	除税前溢利/(虧損) 税項	27,555 (13,342)	44,406 (6,824)	(161,937) 1,673	(53,751) (1,770)	(34,946) (4,766)
Profit/(loss) for the year Non-controlling interests	年內溢利/(虧損) 非控股權益	14,213 -	37,582 -	(160,264) 246	(55,521) 1,144	(39,712) 229
Profit/(loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company	溢利/(虧損)歸屬於 本公司股權持有人	14,213	37,582	(160,018)	(54,377)	(39,483)
Assets and Liabilities	資產及負債					
Total assets Total liabilities Non-controlling interests	資產總額 負債總額 非控股權益	628,198 482,716 -	836,365 705,705 –	838,874 749,352	1,120,897 870,070 (1,158)	1,197,562 972,012 (14)
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company	本公司股權持有人 應佔權益	145,482	130,660	89,522	251,985	225,564

# MAJOR PROJECTS IN-PROGRESS — INTERIORS AND SPECIAL PROJECTS 現時進行中之主要工程項目一室內裝飾及特殊項目

<b>Description</b> 詳情	Commencement Date 開工日期	Anticipated Completion Date 預期竣工日期	Client 客戶
Reprovision of an Indoor All-Weather Swimming Pool at Po Leung Kok Camoes Tan Siu Lin Primary School at 6 Hoi Ting Road, Tau Ma Tei, Kowloon 重置九龍油麻地海庭道6號的保良局陳守仁小學 的室內全天候游泳池	August 2017 2017年8月	August 2021 2021年8月	The Incorporated Management Committee of Po Leung Kok Camoes Tan Siu Lin Primary School 保良局陳守仁小學法團校董會
Air Conditioning system Replacement and Addition and Alteration Works at English Schools Foundation Quarry Bay School 英基學校協會旗下鰂魚涌小學更換空調及加建及 改建工程	September 2020 2020年9月	May 2022 2022年5月	English Schools Foundation 英基學校協會
Renovation Works at 4/F to 6/F at Victoria Centre, 15 Watson Road, Tin Hau, Hong Kong 香港天后屈臣道15號維多利中心4樓至6樓之 翻新工程	December 2020 2020年12月	April 2021 2021年4月	Tin Hau Ventures Limited
Landscape Works at Hysan Avenue, Lee Garden One, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong 香港銅鑼灣利園一期位於希慎道外圍美化工程	December 2020 2020年12月	July 2021 2021年7月	Hysan Development Projects Ltd. 希慎興業工程策劃有限公司
Addition and Alteration Works at Basement to 4/F, 5–19 Jardine's Bazaar, Hong Kong 香港渣甸街5–19號地庫至4樓進行加建及 改建工程	December 2020 2020年12月	August 2021 2021年8月	Capital Centre Realty Limited

# MAJOR INVESTMENT PROPERTIES 主要投資物業

Description 詳情	Use 用途	Status 狀況	<b>Lease Term</b> 租賃年期
Car Park Nos. P250, P251, P252, P253, P254,	Carpark	Rental	Medium
P255, P256 and P257, Sun Hing Garden,	泊車位	出租	中期
No. 2 On Po Lane, Tai Po, New Territories.			
24/64,299th shares of and in			
Tai Po Town Lot No. 26			
新界大埔安埔里2號新興花園P250、P251、P252、			
P253、P254、P255、P256及P257號車位大埔市			
地段26號第64,299份之24份			

### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

# 公司資料

<b>Board of</b>	Directors
苦宝金	

Executive Directors 執行董事

\_\_\_\_ Kingston Chu Chun Ho *(Chairman)* 

朱俊浩(主席)

Mandy Hui Suk Man (Deputy Chairman and Managing Director for PFM Business) 許淑敏(副主席兼物業及設施 管理業務董事總經理)

Independent Non-executive Directors

獨立非執行董事 Lau Man Tak 劉文德 Eric Lee Hon Man 李翰文 To Chun Wai 杜振偉

Audit Committee 審核委員會 Lau Man Tak *(Chairman)* 劉文德*(主席)* Eric Lee Hon Man 李翰文 To Chun Wai 杜振偉

Nomination Committee 提名委員會 Eric Lee Hon Man (Chairman)

李翰文*(主席)* 

Kingston Chu Chun Ho

朱俊浩 Lau Man Tak 劉文德 To Chun Wai 杜振偉

**Remuneration Committee** 

薪酬委員會

To Chun Wai *(Chairman)* 杜振偉*(主席)* Kingston Chu Chun Ho

朱俊浩 Lau Man Tak 劉文德 Eric Lee Hon Man

李翰文

Executive Committee 執行委員會

Kingston Chu Chun Ho

朱俊浩

Mandy Hui Suk Man

許淑敏

Gary Tse Chi Chiu

謝志超

**Company Secretary** 

公司秘書

Eric Chan Kwong Leung

陳鄺良

Auditor 核數師 **BDO** Limited

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司

Principal Bankers 主要往來銀行 The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 Chong Hing Bank Limited 創興銀行有限公司 O-Bank Co., Ltd

王道商業銀行股份有限公司

Registered Office 註冊辦事處 Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton, HM 11 Bermuda

Principal Place of Business in Hong Kong

In Hong Kong 香港主要營業地點 8/F., KT336

334–336 Kwun Tong Road, Kwun Tong

Kowloon, Hong Kong

香港九龍

觀塘觀塘道334-336號

KT336八樓

Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Agent 主要股份過戶登記處 MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 4th Floor North Cedar House

4th Floor North Cedar Hous 41 Cedar Avenue

Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

Services Limited

Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office 香港股份過戶登記分處 Computershare Hong Kong Investor

Shops 1712–1716 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East

Wan Chai, Hong Kong 香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港灣仔皇后大道東183號 合和中心17樓1712-1716號舖

Stock Code 股份代號 02340

Board Lot 每手買賣單位 4,000 shares 4,000 股

Website 網站 www.synergis.com.hk

E-mail Address 電郵地址

info@synergis.com.hk

**Financial Calendar** 

Announcement of interim results Announcement of annual results Annual General Meeting for 2021 **財務日誌** 25 August 2020 公佈中期 23 March 2021 公佈全年

21 May 2021

公佈中期業績 公佈全年業績 2021年股東周年大會 2020年8月25日 2021年3月23日 2021年5月21日

