



### **Corporate Information**

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Dr. TAN Henry, BBS, JP (Vice Chairman and CEO)

Mr. CHIU George

Mrs. SU TAN Jennifer Sze Tink Mr. SCHWEIZER Jeffrey William

#### **Non-Executive Directors**

Dr. TAN Siu Lin, SBS (Chairman)

Mr. TAN Willie

#### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Prof. CHAN Pak Woon David Mr. MA Andrew Chiu Cheung Mr. CHAN Leung Choi Albert

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. MA Andrew Chiu Cheung (Chairman)

Prof. CHAN Pak Woon David Mr. CHAN Leung Choi Albert

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. CHAN Leung Choi Albert (Chairman)

Prof. CHAN Pak Woon David Dr. TAN Henry, BBS, JP

#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

Prof. CHAN Pak Woon David (Chairman)

Mr. CHAN Leung Choi Albert Dr. TAN Henry, BBS, JP

#### **CHAIRMAN AND NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR**

Dr. TAN Siu Lin, SBS

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. CHEUNG Pik Shan Bonnie

#### **AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES**

(for the purpose of the Listing Rules)

Dr. TAN Henry, BBS, JP

Ms. CHEUNG Pik Shan Bonnie

#### **COMPLIANCE ADVISER**

#### **Elstone Capital Limited**

Suite 1612, 16/F

West Tower, Shun Tak Centre 168-200 Connaught Road Central

Hong Kong

#### **LEGAL ADVISERS TO OUR COMPANY**

As to Hong Kong laws

#### **Deacons**

5th Floor

Alexandra House

18 Chater Road

Central, Hong Kong

As to CNMI and Guam laws

#### Blair Sterling Johnson & Martinez, P.C.

238 Archbishop Flores Street

Suite 1008

Hagåtña Guam

96910-5205

#### **AUDITOR**

#### **PricewaterhouseCoopers**

Certified Public Accountants

Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

22nd Floor

Prince's Building

Central, Hong Kong

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive

P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman KY1-1111

Cavman Islands

# PLACE OF BUSINESS REGISTERED UNDER PART 16 OF THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE

5/F, Nanyang Plaza

57 Hung To Road

Kwun Tong, Kowloon

Hong Kong

### **Corporate Information**

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited
Bank of Hawaii, Hagatna Branch
Bank of Hawaii, Gualo Rai Branch
First Hawaiian Bank, Gualo Rai Branch
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

#### **Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Office**

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

# Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office

**Tricor Investor Services Limited**Level 54, Hopewell Centre
183 Queen's Road East
Hong Kong

### **Financial Calendar and Investor Relation Information**

Announcement of 2020 Final Results March 30, 2021

Announcement of 2020 Interim Results August 27, 2020

Dividends 2020 Final Nil

2020 Interim Nil

Closure of Register of Members for ascertaining

shareholders' entitlement to attend and vote at the

annual general meeting

ntitlement to attend and vote at the

Period from May 28, 2021 to June 2, 2021

Date of Annual General Meeting in 2021 June 2, 2021

Listing Date May 16, 2019

Authorized Shares 500,000,000 shares

Issued Shares 360,000,000 shares (as at December 31, 2020)

Website address www.saileisuregroup.com

Stock Code 1832

Board Lot 1,000 shares

Financial Year End December 31

# **Key Financial Highlights**

|  | 2020<br>US\$'000  | 2019<br>US\$'000 |
|--|-------------------|------------------|
| Revenue  | 40,784            | 98,699           |
| Operating (loss)/profit  | (12,194)          | 10,580           |
| (Loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company As a percentage of revenue | (9,320)<br>-22.9% | 10,100<br>10.2%  |
| Basic (loss)/earnings per share (US cents)                                     | (2.6)             | 3.1              |
| Dividend per share  — Final (US cent)  — Interim                               | _<br>_            | 0.28             |
| Equity Attributable to owners of the Company                                   | 91,900            | 102,229          |



#### Dear Shareholders,

It is my pleasure to present the second annual report of S.A.I. Leisure Group Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the financial year ended December 31, 2020 (the "Year").

#### **OVERVIEW**

At the start of 2020, the tourism industry of Saipan was growing after a year of recovery from the strike of Super Typhoon Yutu which happened in late 2018. Tourist arrivals from Korea was surging and the launch of daily direct flights between Japan and Saipan by Skymark Airlines, a Japanese carrier, in late 2019 enticed more travelers from Japan to visit the island. Simultaneously, the number of tourist arrivals in Guam continued to surge before the global tourism activities were brought to a halt due to the outbreak of the coronavirus disease 2019 ("COVID-19" or "coronavirus") in late January 2020.



Since late January 2020, a series of precautionary and control measures, including but not limited to travel bans, mandatory quarantine requirements and restrictions on business capacity, have been implemented by government authorities around the world due to the COVID-19 pandemic. During the Year, such measures have caused the suspension or reduction of flights to/from Saipan and Guam, including flights from the Group's key tourist origin markets. Coupled with the dampened global travel sentiment, there has been a sharp decline in the number of tourists travelling to Saipan and Guam. Towards the end of March 2020, we have made several decisions in respect of business operations in order to mitigate the negative financial and operational impacts of COVID-19, including but not limited to the temporary closure of some of the Group's hotels and luxury travel retail boutiques. In addition, the implementation of numerous cost-saving measures in all business units effectively brought down the Group's operational costs.

As at the date of this report, there were over 128 million confirmed COVID-19 cases around the world, with approximately 2.8 million deaths caused by the coronavirus. Kanoa Resort, one of the Group's four hotels had the honor to be selected by the Homeland Security and Emergency Management of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (the "CNMI") to provide its hotel rooms, facilities and meal services to persons subject to mandatory quarantine requirements upon their arrival in Saipan since March 2020. The Group is honored to be able to continuously support the local government in the fight against COVID-19.

#### **Chairman's Statement**

Although the number of global COVID-19 cases is still growing, the islands are comparatively safe for travelers. With proactive and prompt actions and the implementation of effective precautionary measures, Saipan and Guam had successfully curbed the spread of the coronavirus. From the outbreak of the pandemic until the date of this report, there were only 159 confirmed cases and 2 deaths reported in Saipan, and 36 of such cases were identified through community screening test or with known contact. On the other hand, the vaccination program rolled out smoothly in the CNMI. As at the date of this report, 49.4% of the total population of the CNMI have been vaccinated. Guam has comparatively more COVID-19 cases than Saipan, with 8,773 confirmed cases and 135 deaths since the outbreak of COVID-19 until the date of this report. Nevertheless, similar to the CNMI, the vaccination program rolled out smoothly in Guam. As at the date of this report, 51.7% of the total population of Guam have been vaccinated and the Guan Government expects to achieve COVID-19 herd immunity through vaccination by July 2021.

#### **BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT**

During the course of the pandemic, we focused our efforts on the renovation and upgrade of our hotels and expedited the Group's asset rejuvenation plan (including room refurbishment, landscaping upgrade and hospitality enhancement) to take advantage of this period of temporary closure of our hotels.

For the purpose of carrying out the renovation and upgrade works of Fiesta Resort Guam (the Group's hotel in Guam) under our asset rejuvenation plan and the rebranding works under the hotel management agreement with IHC Hotel Limited ("Hotel Manager") (a subsidiary of InterContinental Hotels Group PLC ("InterContinental Hotels Group")). The business operations of Fiesta Resort Guam have been suspended since May 2020 until completion of the renovation and upgrade works. As at the date of this report, the progress of the renovation and upgrade works are on track and we expect the grand opening of the hotel as "Crowne Plaza Resort Guam" to take place in the second half of 2021, subject to the confirmation of the Hotel Manager.

On the other hand, our Group entered into hotel management agreements for Fiesta Resort Saipan and Kanoa Resort (two of the Group's hotels in Saipan) with our Hotel Manager in May 2020 and December 2020 respectively. The arrangement under each newly signed hotel management agreement is similar to the hotel management agreement for Fiesta Resort Guam. The InterContinental Hotels Group is one of the leading international hospitality chains in the world. Under the terms of the hotel management agreements, the two hotels will be respectively rebranded as "Crowne Plaza Resort Saipan" and "voco Resort Saipan" after completion of the renovation and rebranding works, subject to the confirmation of the Hotel Manager.

With the accelerated pace of our asset rejuvenation plan, we also expect the grand opening of Fiesta Resort Saipan as "Crowne Plaza Resort Saipan" to take place in the second half of 2021.

#### **Chairman's Statement**



#### **GOING FORWARD**

While the COVID-19 pandemic severely impacted the global tourism industry and our Group's business operations, the Group still strives to maintain and further our market leadership, particularly in the hotels and resorts industry in Saipan and Guam. With the rollout of vaccination programs worldwide, especially in the Group's key tourist origin markets, and the continuous liaison among countries to launch travel bubbles, we are cautiously optimistic that the leisure travel market will gradually recover towards the end of 2021.

By the time the tourists return, we expect that our two beach-front hotels will be respectively rebranded and re-opened as "Crowne Plaza Resort Guam" and "Crowne Plaza Resort Saipan". Being the newest products available in Guam and Saipan and leveraging on the InterContinental Hotels Group's extensive hotel management experience, membership program and loyalty customer base, as well as the brand recognition of the "Crowne Plaza" brand, particularly among mainland Chinese, Japanese and South Korean guests, the Group will be in a position to take advantage of a potentially strong recovery of the leisure travel market due to people's general pent-up desire to travel.

In 2021, we will continue to closely monitor changes in the global travel sentiment and market behavior, and will make timely adjustments to the Group's business plans and strategies throughout the course of market recovery and seize the best market opportunities to achieve long-term and sustainable business growth. We will uphold the Tan family motto of "Integrity and Diligence", tackle all challenges vigilantly and brave forward. We will continue to enhance the image, recognition and market reputation of our "S.A.I. Leisure Group" brand so as to strengthen our position as market leader.

Lastly, I would like to extend my sincere gratitude to our management and staff for their commitment and hard work during this difficult Year. I would also like to thank our shareholders and customers for their continuous support to and confidence in the Group.

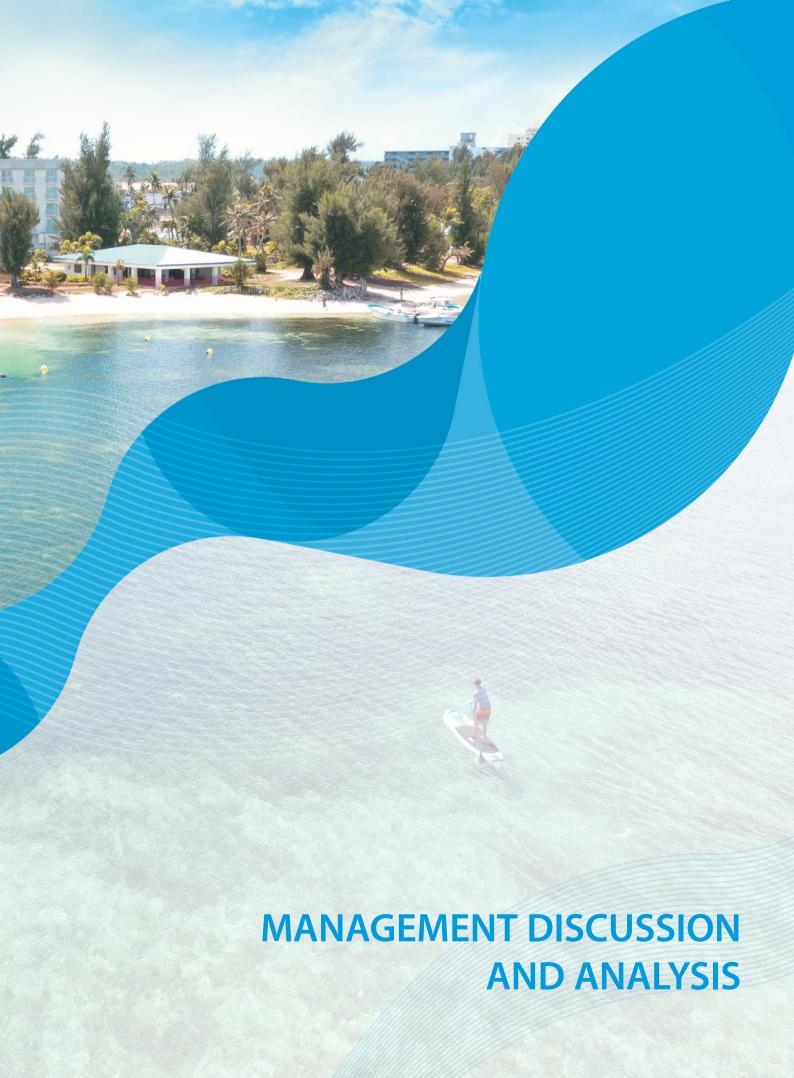
S.A.I. Leisure Group Company Limited

Dr. TAN Siu Lin, SBS

Chairman

Hong Kong, March 30, 2021







#### **BUSINESS OVERVIEW**

The outbreak of COVID-19 massively affected the global tourism industry in year 2020. Since late January 2020, a series of precautionary and control measures (including but not limited to travel bans) have been implemented by government authorities around the world due to the pandemic.

In early February 2020, such measures have caused the suspension or reduction of flights to/from Saipan and Guam, including flights from the Group's key tourist origin markets. Coupled with the dampened global travel sentiment and the slowdown of the global economy, there has been a slump in demand for leisure travelling.

Towards the end of March 2020, the local governments of the CNMI and Guam have both implemented various measures to curb the spread of the coronavirus (including restrictions on opening hours and business capacity), all of which have significant repercussions on the Group's business operations. In late March 2020, in order to mitigate the financial impacts of the pandemic, the Group's management decided to temporarily suspend the business operations of some of the Group's hotels, luxury travel retail boutiques and destination services, and implemented various cost-saving measures. Nevertheless, Kanoa Resort remained in operation as it was selected by the CNMI Homeland Security and Emergency Management to provide its hotel rooms, facilities and meal services to persons subject to the mandatory quarantine requirements upon their arrival in Saipan since March 2020.

Despite the various challenges throughout 2020 due to the COVID-19 outbreak, the Group managed to resume some of its business operations in the last quarter, including the restaurant of Fiesta Resort Saipan and some of our luxury travel retail boutiques in Guam, Saipan and Hawaii. Century Hotel was also reopened in the third quarter of the Year to serve business travelers.

Since the COVID-19 outbreak in late January 2020, the governments of the CNMI and Guam have worked closely with federal and local officials as well as private sector partners to address the threat of the coronavirus. As at the date of this report, Guam recorded 8,773 confirmed cases (deaths: 135) whilst Saipan recorded 159 confirmed cases (deaths: 2) of COVID-19. The relatively low number of confirmed cases and death rate compared to some other countries demonstrated the effectiveness of the actions taken by the local governments to mitigate the spread of the coronavirus across the islands.

#### **REVENUE AND OPERATING LOSS**

For the Year, the Group recorded a revenue of US\$40.8 million, representing a decrease of US\$57.9 million or 58.7% from US\$98.7 million in the preceding year. The total revenue from our Saipan and Guam businesses dropped by over 50% and over 60%, respectively. The significant decrease in revenue was mainly due to the material impact of the COVID-19 pandemic across all of our business segments, namely (1) the Hotels & Resorts Segment (operation of hotels and resorts, food and beverage services in Saipan and Guam), (2) the Luxury Travel Retail Segment (retail of luxury and leisure clothing and accessories in Saipan, Guam and Hawaii), and (3) the Destination Services Segment (provision of destination services in Saipan).

Due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, the operating loss of the Group for the Year was approximately US\$12.2 million, representing a decrease in operating profit of US\$22.8 million when compared to the operating profit of US\$10.6 million in the preceding year. The amount of operating loss as aforesaid has taken into account a number of non-cash items, including but not limited to (1) recognition of depreciation and amortization expenses and impairment losses relating to the Group's operating assets of approximately US\$8.7 million and US\$3.5 million respectively; (2) a one-time write-off of the Group's property, plant and equipment amounting to approximately US\$2.9 million as a result of the renovation works currently being carried out to Fiesta Resort Guam; (3) additional provision for obsolete inventories amounting to US\$0.6 million under the Luxury Travel Retail Segment; and (4) additional provision for impairment of trade receivables amounting to US\$0.4 million under the Hotels and Resorts Segment.

Performance of the Group's business is covered in more detail under the "Segmental Review" section below.



#### **SEGMENTAL REVIEW**

The Hotels & Resorts Segment, Luxury Travel Retail Segment and Destination Services Segment accounted for approximately 73.8%, 24.8% and 1.4% of the Group's total revenue for the Year respectively.

#### **Hotels & Resorts Segment**

During the Year, revenue generated from the Hotels & Resorts Segment was approximately US\$30.1 million, representing a decrease of US\$34.6 million or 53.5% when compared to the preceding year. The substantial decrease in revenue was mainly due to (1) the temporary closure of Fiesta Resort Saipan, Fiesta Resort Guam and Century Hotel since late March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic, and (2) the extended period of closure of Fiesta Resort Guam since May 2020 for the purpose of carrying out renovation and upgrade works. With the return of some business travelers, Century Hotel has resumed operation in August 2020.

During the period of temporary closure of our hotels, the Group's management implemented numerous cost-saving measures to mitigate the negative financial impact of the pandemic. For the Year, the operating costs of the Hotels & Resorts Segment was reduced by US\$23.3 million as compared to the preceding year. However, as a result of the renovation works of Fiesta Resort Guam, there was a one-time write-off of US\$2.9 million of the Group's property, plant and equipment. Additional provision for impairment of trade receivables amounting to US\$0.4 million further hit the segment margin. As certain assets were non-profit generating during the Year due to the temporary closure of three out of the Group's four hotels, the depreciation and amortization expenses for the Year under the Hotels & Resorts Segment was approximately US\$5.1 million.

During the Year, the segmental margin of the Hotels & Resorts Segment decreased from 19.6% to 4.3%, which fluctuated in the same manner as the revenue.

#### Fiesta Resort Saipan

The Group entered into the hotel management agreement in respect of Fiesta Resort Saipan with the Hotel Manager in May 2020. Currently, Fiesta Resort Saipan is expected to be rebranded as "Crowne Plaza Resort Saipan" in the second half of 2021. Leveraging on the InterContinental Hotels Group's extensive hotel management experiences, membership program and loyalty customer base, as well as the brand recognition of the "Crowne Plaza" brand, particularly among mainland Chinese, Japanese and South Korean tourists, collaboration with the InterContinental Hotels Group could elevate Fiesta Resort Saipan from the more competitive mid-market segment to the up-market segment to capture sophisticated tourists from the Group's major target customer markets.

#### Kanoa Resort

Back in February 2020, when COVID-19 cases were surging around the world, the CNMI was the first U.S. territory to locally take proactive action and preventive measures against the coronavirus. In March 2020, Kanoa Resort was selected by the CNMI Homeland Security and Emergency Management to provide its hotel rooms, facilities and meal services to persons subject to the mandatory quarantine requirements upon their arrival in Saipan. The Group has received various fees during the Year for the services that have been provided to the government of the CNMI under the emergency contract. The Group is honored to be able to support the local government in the fight against COVID-19.

In December 2020, the Group entered into the hotel management agreement in respect of Kanoa Resort with the Hotel Manager. Under the terms of the hotel management agreement, Kanoa Resort is currently expected to be rebranded as "voco Resort Saipan" by mid-2022.

#### Fiesta Resort Guam

The renovation and upgrade works under the asset rejuvenation plan of Fiesta Resort Guam (including room refurbishment, landscaping upgrade and hospitality enhancement) commenced in 2020. In order to carry out the renovation and upgrade works, the business operations of Fiesta Resort Guam have been suspended from May 2020 until completion of the relevant works. After completion of the renovation and upgrade works, the accommodation capacity of the hotel will be increased from 318 to 321 rooms and suites, and the hotel will be placed in the high-end market position, capable of commanding a higher revenue and reaching out to a wider and more premium customer base. We are on track to rebrand our Fiesta Resort Guam to "Crowne Plaza Resort Guam" by the second half of 2021.

#### **Luxury Travel Retail Segment**

During the Year, revenue from the Luxury Travel Retail Segment was US\$10.1 million, representing a decrease of 66.7% as compared to US\$30.3 million in the preceding year. The substantial decrease was mainly due to the downturn of the global tourism market and the implementation of various precautionary measures imposed by the local governments (especially the limitation of business hours in Saipan and the limitation of business capacity in Guam).

In order to alleviate the negative financial and operational impacts of COVID-19 on the Luxury Travel Retail Segment, the Group's management decided to temporarily close all boutiques in Saipan, Guam and Hawaii with effect from late March 2020. Certain luxury travel retail boutiques located in Saipan, Guam and Hawaii have temporarily resumed their operations in various periods during the Year.

The temporary closure of our luxury travel retail boutiques has effectively reduced the operating costs of the Luxury Travel Retail Segment. In addition, the Group's management re-negotiated rental terms with the landlords in view of the pandemic and achieved more favorable terms for the Group's luxury travel retail boutiques in Saipan, Guam and Hawaii. The Group's management also exercised care in inventory management, which substantially reduced the Group's inventory level.

For the Year, the operating costs of the Luxury Travel Retail Segment was reduced by approximately US\$6.4 million as compared to the preceding year. However, in applying HKAS36 *Impairment of Assets*, US\$2.8 million impairment on the Group's property, plant and equipment was recognized and the additional provision for obsolete inventories amounting to US\$0.6 million hit the segmental results of the Year. Depreciation and amortization expenses for the Year under the Luxury Travel Retail Segment was approximately U\$3.3 million.

#### **Destination Services Segment**

While Saipan maintained a relatively low number of confirmed cases of COVID-19, the local government continued to impose surveillance measures at airports and the island remained closed to tourists due to the potential risks brought by inbound travelers, testing and quarantine requirements. With the sharp decline in the number of tourists in Saipan and the temporary closure of the Group's main hotels and resorts in Saipan, the Group's management decided to temporarily suspend the operation of our destination services with effect from late March 2020. As at the date of this report, we have not resumed operation of our destination services in Saipan.

During the Year, revenue from the Destination Services Segment was US\$0.6 million, representing a decrease of US\$3.1 million as compared with the preceding year. The segment loss of US\$1.5 million is mainly attributable to (1) the application of HKAS36 *Impairment of Assets* and, in turn, the recognition of US\$0.8 million impairment on the property, plant and equipment of the Group's excursion tours; and (2) the charging of depreciation expenses for the Year amounting to US\$0.2 million.

#### **ACQUISITIONS AND INVESTMENTS**

During the Year, the Group agreed and finalized the terms of the lease agreement ("Lease Agreement") for renewal of the existing lease of the hotel premises of Fiesta Resort Saipan with the Department of Public Lands of the CNMI. As mentioned in the Announcement of the Company issued on April 23, 2020, the Lease Agreement is for a term of 40 years commencing from July 1, 2021 which, subject to approval by the CNMI legislature, may be extended for up to 15 years.

Upon implementation of HKFRS 16 Leases effective from 1 January 2019, the entering into the Lease Agreement by the Group as a lessee was required to be recognized as a right-of-use asset acquired by the Group. During the Year, the Group recognized a right-of-use asset of approximately US\$3.9 million.

Save as aforesaid, the Group did not make any material acquisitions and disposals during the Year.

The Group had no significant investments held during the Year.

#### **SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The impact of the COVID-19 pandemic continues in 2021, and the various precautionary measures imposed by government authorities around the world (including but not limited to travel bans, mandatory quarantine requirements and restrictions on business capacity) are still in place. As a result, some of our business operations remain temporarily suspended to reduce operational costs and to comply with local regulations. As at the date of this report, Century Hotel, the restaurant of Fiesta Resort Saipan, four of our luxury travel retail boutiques in Guam and three of our luxury travel retail boutiques in Hawaii have resumed business operations.

Subsequent to the end of the Year, we continued to focus our efforts on the renovation and upgrade of our hotels and took action to expedite our asset rejuvenation plan to take advantage of the period of business suspension due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

For Fiesta Resort Guam, further to the construction contract entered into in November 2020 in respect of guestroom renovation works, we entered into two further construction contracts in respect of the renovation and upgrade works for the public spaces and the exterior of Fiesta Resort Guam. The renovation works under the construction contracts form part of the renovation and upgrade works under our asset rejuvenation plan and the rebranding works under the hotel management agreement entered into with our Hotel Manager. The relevant works are currently on schedule to be completed in the second half of 2021. Subject to the confirmation of the Hotel Manager, Fiesta Resort Guam will be rebranded and reopened as "Crowne Plaza Resort Guam" soon after completion of the renovation and upgrade works.

For Fiesta Resort Saipan, we are also in the course of expediting the renovation and upgrade works to be carried out under our asset rejuvenation plan and the rebranding works under the new hotel management agreement entered into with our Hotel Manager. The relevant works are currently in progress and are expected to be completed in the second half of 2021. Subject to the confirmation of the Hotel Manager, Fiesta Resort Saipan will be rebranded as "Crowne Plaza Resort Saipan" soon after the completion of the relevant works.

In 2021, Kanoa Resort continues to support the local government by providing its hotel rooms, facilities and meal services to persons subject to mandatory quarantine requirements. As at the date of this report, the Group and the relevant authority are in the course of finalizing the documentation of the extension of the emergency contract.

While the duration of the COVID-19 outbreak remains uncertain, the Board will continue to closely monitor market conditions, changes in the global travel sentiment and market behavior, and will make timely adjustments to the Group's strategies.

#### **FUTURE PLANS AND MARKET PROSPECTS**

The tourism industry was one of the world's greatest markets before the strike of the COVID-19 pandemic. With a series of precautionary and control measures (including but not limited to travel bans and mandatory quarantine requirements) implemented by local governments, the pandemic has brought cross-border holidays to a halt in 2020. Under the pandemic, many tourism-related businesses, including hotels and resorts, retail and tour operations were hit painfully. Nevertheless, the Group's management believes that, with the gradual roll-out of vaccination programs worldwide, the global travel sentiment will recover as soon as the spread of the virus is effectively controlled (especially in the Group's key tourist origin markets) and travel bans are lifted.

Saipan and Guam are both viewed as "safe" destinations to global travelers during the pandemic due to the low number of confirmed cases and the low death rates. Our management believes that, when routine flight schedules resume, short-haul and medium-haul trips will be in more demand initially than long-haul vacations, which puts Saipan and Guam at an advantageous position in our key tourist origin markets. Our management also believes that the pent-up thirst for adventure and the lure of beaches and mountains will make it irresistible for people to venture overseas quickly after the pandemic. The Group is prepared and hopes to take advantage of the potentially strong rebound of the leisure travel market.

#### **Hotels & Resorts Segment**

While COVID-19 continues to weigh heavily on the hospitality industry in early 2021 and the operation of some of our hotels and resorts continues to be suspended, the Group's management took advantage of the downturn to accelerate the renovation and upgrade works under the asset rejuvenation plan for Fiesta Resort Guam and Fiesta Resort Saipan. Currently, our management expects that the renovation and upgrade works for the two hotels will be completed one after the other in the second half of 2021. Subject to the confirmation of the Hotel Manager, Fiesta Resort Guam and Fiesta Resort Saipan will be respectively re-branded as "Crowne Plaza Resort Guam" and "Crowne Plaza Resort Saipan" soon after completion of the relevant works. Being the newest hotels in town, the Group's management believes that these two hotels will be uniquely positioned to capture the pent-up travel demand from the date of grand opening.

As at the date of this report, Kanoa Resort continues to support the local government and we are finalizing the documentation for the extension of the emergency contract with the CNMI Homeland Security and Emergency Management. As announced on December 29, 2020, the Group has entered into the hotel management agreement in respect of Kanoa Resort with the Hotel Manager and the renovation works of Kanoa Resort will commence after the termination or expiry of the emergency contract. The business operations of Kanoa Resort will be temporarily suspended during the first phase of the renovation works and Kanoa Resort will be rebranded as "voco Resort Saipan" soon thereafter.

The capital expenditure to be incurred in the coming financial year in respect of the renovation and upgrade works of Fiesta Resort Guam, Fiesta Resort Saipan and Kanoa Resort will be funded partly by the proceeds from Listing, partly by the Group's internal resources and partly by external financing.

With the InterContinental Hotels Group managing Fiesta Resort Guam, Fiesta Resort Saipan and Kanoa Resort after their respective rebranding as "Crowne Plaza Resort Guam", "Crowne Plaza Resort Saipan" and "voco Resort Saipan", the directors of the Company ("Directors") expect that this will create positive synergy among the three major hotels of the Group.

#### **Luxury Travel Retail Segment**

Despite the uncertainties caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group's management continues to seek for expansion opportunities to bolster the Group's revenue source when the market resumes after the pandemic is effectively controlled, especially in the Group's key tourist origin markets. For Guam, the Group's management believes that the segmental profitability could be improved with an expansion into stronger retail spaces. For Saipan, the Group's management believes that enhancing customers' overall shopping experience is the key to maximizing sales level. For the expansion of the Group's footprint in Hawaii, the Group's management is seeking to identify stronger retail spaces with good adjacencies and reasonable rental conditions for new retail stores.

The Group's management will continue to implement cost-saving measures to alleviate the negative financial impact resulting from COVID-19.

#### Other plans and prospects

Last but not least, in order to maintain the Group's long-term growth and for the best interests of the Company and its Shareholders as a whole, the Group's management will actively explore possible merger and acquisition opportunities. The Group's management believes that the downturn of the macro-economy as a result of the COVID-19 outbreak would increase the availability of favorable merger and acquisition deals in the market.

#### INVESTOR RELATIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS

The Group acknowledges the importance of communication with our Shareholders. The Group promotes investor relations proactively through meetings with analysts and investors, media luncheon and company interviews. Each year, an annual general meeting will be called by giving not less than 20 clear business days' notice and the Directors will be available at the annual general meeting to answer questions on the Group's business.

The Group encourages two-way communication with both private and institutional investors and responds to their enquiries in an informative and timely manner. The Group has established various forms of communication channels to improve its transparency, including proactive and timely issuance of press releases to inform investors of our latest development. The Group regularly updates its corporate information on the Company's website (www.saileisuregroup.com) in both English and Chinese.

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

As at December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities.

#### **VALUATION OF PROPERTIES**

For the purpose of the Listing, a valuation as at January 31, 2019 was conducted on the properties held by our Group in Saipan and Guam (the "**Properties**"). The Properties include premises occupied by our Group for our business operations and premises in our hotels and resorts leased to third parties on concessions in return for a rental income. The Properties were valued at US\$114.3 million in aggregate as at January 31, 2019 by Savills Valuation and Professional Services (S) Pte Ltd, as disclosed in the Prospectus published on April 30, 2019. The Properties were classified as property, plant and equipment and investment properties in the consolidated statement of financial position. As detailed in notes 2.6 and 2.8 to the consolidated financial statements, the property, plant and equipment and investment properties are carried at historical cost less deprecation and impairment loss. Accordingly, no additional depreciation would be charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income regardless of the changes in the market value of the Properties.

#### LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

Despite the fact that 2020 was a challenging year for the global tourism industry, the financial position of the Group remained strong during the Year. The Group generally finances its operations with internally generated cash flows and proceeds from the Listing. As at December 31, 2020, the total amount of cash and bank deposits of the Group was approximately US\$38.2 million, representing a decrease of approximately US\$18.4 million as compared to that as at December 31, 2019. During the Year, the Group had utilized US\$11.1 million for the asset rejuvenation plan. As at December 31, 2020 and 2019, our Group has zero interest-bearing bank borrowings.

Gearing ratio of the Company is calculated based on the total interest-bearing bank borrowings divided by total equity as at the end of respective years and multiplied by 100%. As at December 31, 2020, the gearing ratio of the Group was not applicable as the Group did not have any interest-bearing liabilities (2019: Nil). The capital structure of the Group only consists of equity attributable to owners of the Company as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### **CHARGE ON ASSETS**

As at December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Group had aggregate banking facilities of US\$11.0 million and US\$11.0 million respectively, which was secured by certain buildings and investment properties owned by the Group. As all of our banking facilities were unutilized, unutilized facilities at the end of each reporting year amounted to US\$11.0 million and US\$11.0 million respectively.

#### FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK MANAGEMENT

The subsidiaries of the Group mainly operate in Saipan, Guam and Hawaii with most transactions settled in United States dollars ("**US Dollars**"). Foreign exchange rate risk arises when recognized financial assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency. As at December 31, 2020, the financial assets and liabilities of the subsidiaries of the Group in Saipan, Guam and Hawaii are also primarily denominated in US Dollars. Therefore, the Group's foreign exchange risk is insignificant.

#### **EMPLOYEES AND EMOLUMENT POLICY**

As at December 31, 2020, the Group had a total of 206 (2019: 746) full-time employees, including 149 employed in Saipan, 44 employed in Guam, 9 employed in Hawaii and 4 employed in Hong Kong. The substantial decrease in headcount was mainly due to the layoff of staff as part of the cost-saving measures during the temporary closure of our hotels and resorts. The mass layoff of staff was a hard decision that had to be made during the challenging Year. As a responsible employer, the Group continues to value our employees and continues to strive to provide an excellent working environment. We have complied with all relevant labor laws and regulations and has formulated a set of human resources policies relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal employment opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination and other benefits and welfare. Remuneration is determined with reference to market terms and performance, qualification and experience of individual director and employee. During the Year, the total staff costs (including directors' emoluments) amounted to US\$13.6 million (2019: US\$25.0 million). On April 9 2019, the Company adopted a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible persons, including the employees of the Group, for their contribution to the Group. Details of the share option scheme are set out under the heading "Share Option Scheme" in the section headed "Report of Directors" on pages 30 to 31 of this annual report.

### **Management Executives**

#### CHAIRMAN AND NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Dr. TAN Siu Lin. sps. ("Chairman Tan"), aged 90, has been the Chairman of the Board and a Non-Executive Director of the Company since November 2018. He founded the Group in April 1997. Chairman Tan is a prominent entrepreneur in mainland China, Hong Kong and the Western Pacific Region with over 50 years of experience in developing a diversified portfolio of business ventures. He is the honorary director of Peking University Education Foundation (北京大學教育基金 會), chairman of the board of the Peking University Luen Thai Center for Supply Chain System Research & Development (北京大學聯泰供應鏈系統研發中心), and chairman of the board of Tan Siu Lin School of Business in Quanzhou Normal University (泉州師範學院陳守仁商學院). Chairman Tan is the permanent honorary director of the board of Huagiao University (華僑大學) and the honorary consul of the Federated States of Micronesia in Hong Kong. Chairman Tan holds an honorary doctoral of laws degree from the University of Guam and has been awarded honorary university fellowships by both the Hong Kong Baptist University and the Chinese University of Hong Kong. He is also the founder, honorary life chairman and executive director of Luen Thai Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 311), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Chairman Tan is the father of Dr. Tan Henry (Vice Chairman, an Executive Director, the Chief Executive Officer and a controlling shareholder). Mr. Tan Willie (a Non-Executive Director), Mr. Tan Jerry Cho Yee (a member of our senior management) and the grandfather of Mrs. Su Tan Jennifer Sze Tink (an Executive Director and the Executive Vice President). Chairman Tan is also a controlling shareholder of the Company. Details of his interest in the shares of the Company are set out under the headings "Directors' and Chief Executives' Interest in Shares" in the section headed "Report of Directors" on page 33 of this annual report.

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Dr. TAN Henry, BBS, JP, aged 67, has been the Vice Chairman of the Board, an Executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company since November 2018. He is also a member of our Nomination and Remuneration Committees. He joined the Group in April 1997. Dr. Tan has over 40 years of experience in conducting business in mainland China, Hong Kong and the Western Pacific Region and has gained in-depth local knowledge, business and personal connections and market insight in the region. Dr. Tan is very active in the community. He is the chairman of the Textile Council of Hong Kong, a court member of The Hong Kong Polytechnic University, a member of the Council and the chairman of the Advisory Committee of College of Professional and Continuing Education of The Hong Kong Polytechnic University, and an honorary court member of the Hong Kong Baptist University. He is a Hong Kong Deputy to the Thirteenth National People's Congress of the People's Republic of China, an honorary trustee of Peking University (北京大學) and a director of the board of Huaqiao University (華僑大學). Dr. Tan is a former chairman of Po Leung Kuk. He was awarded a Bronze Bauhinia Star in November 2005 and was appointed as Justice of the Peace in July 2008 by the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. Dr. Tan holds a bachelor's degree and a master's degree in business administration from the University of Guam. He also received an honorary doctorate in humane letters from the University of Guam in recognition of his contribution in the Western Pacific Region. Since June 2020, Dr. Tan has been the independent non-executive director of SinoMedia Holding Limited (Stock Code: 623), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Dr. Tan is a son of Chairman Tan (Chairman, a non-Executive Director and a controlling shareholder), a brother of Mr. Tan Willie (a Non-Executive Director) and Mr. Tan Jerry Cho Yee (a member of our senior management), the father of Mrs. Su Tan Jennifer Sze Tink (an Executive Director and the Executive Vice President), and a brother-in-law of Mr. Chiu George (an Executive Director). He is also a director of S.A.I. CNMI Holdings Limited, S.A.I. CNMI Tourism Inc., S.A.I. Guam Holdings Limited, Gemkell Corporation and Gemkell U.S.A. LLC, all of which are our subsidiaries. Dr. Tan is also a controlling shareholder of the Company. Details of his interest in the shares of the Company are set out under the headings "Directors' and Chief Executives' Interest in Shares" in the section headed "Report of Directors" on page 33 of this annual report.

Mr. CHIU George, aged 59, has been an Executive Director of the Group since November 2018. Mr. Chiu joined the Group in April 1997 and has held directorship and key management roles. Mr. Chiu is recognized as a successful businessman in the Western Pacific Region with more than 30 years of experience in overseeing and managing various business ventures in the region. Mr. Chiu has a strong presence in the business community of the Western Pacific Region. He is also actively involved in other community organizations. Mr. Chiu is the president of both the Chinese Chamber of Commerce of Guam and the Guam Chinese Association. He also serves as the director of the board of the Guam Economic Development Authority and the director/treasurer of the board of the University of Guam Endowment Foundation. Mr. Chiu holds a bachelor's degree in business administration with double majors in management and accounting from the University of Guam. Mr. Chiu is the brother-in-law of Dr. Tan Henry (Vice Chairman, an Executive Director, the Chief Executive Officer and a controlling shareholder) and an uncle of Mrs. Su Tan Jennifer Sze Tink (an Executive Director and the Executive Vice President). He is also a director of S.A.I. CNMI Tourism Inc., S.A.I. Guam Tourism Inc., Asia Pacific Hotels, Inc., Asia Pacific Hotels, Inc. (Guam), Gemkell (Saipan) Corporation, Gemkell Corporation and Gemkell U.S.A. LLC, all of which are our subsidiaries.

### **Management Executives**

Mrs. SU TAN Jennifer Sze Tink, aged 38, has been an Executive Director of the Company since November 2018. She is also the Executive Vice President of our Group. Mrs. Su Tan joined our Group in February 2017. She has a solid background and experience in the hotel and hospitality industry and marketing. Mrs. Su Tan holds a bachelor's degree in science majoring in hotel and restaurant administration from Cornell University, the U.S.. She is a granddaughter of Chairman Tan (Chairman, a Non-Executive Director and a controlling shareholder), a daughter of Dr. Tan Henry (Vice Chairman, an Executive Director, the Chief Executive Officer and a controlling shareholder) and a niece of Mr. Chiu George (an Executive Director), Mr. Tan Willie (a Non-Executive Director) and Mr. Tan Jerry Cho Yee (a member of our senior management). Mrs. Su Tan is also a director of Asia Pacific Hotels, Inc. and Asia Pacific Hotels, Inc. (Guam), all of which are our subsidiaries.

Mr. SCHWEIZER Jeffrey William, aged 67, has been an Executive Director of the Company since April 2019. He has also been the Head of Hotel Operations of our Group since November 2018. Mr. Schweizer joined the Group in April 2005. He has over 30 years of experience in the hospitality industry. He served as chairman of the board of the Guam Hotel and Restaurant Association (the "GHRA") in 2009, 2018 and 2019, and has been a longstanding board member of the GHRA. Mr. Schweizer is currently a member of Skål Club of Guam and had been a longstanding member of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce in Guam, a member of the Guam Chamber of Commerce and one of its subcommittees, the Armed Forces Committee. Mr. Schweizer completed the advanced hotel management program of the Hong Kong Winter School 2004 of The Hong Kong Polytechnic University and completed the food and beverage management seminar held by the School of Hotel Administration, Cornell University, the U.S..

#### **NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR**

Mr. TAN Willie, aged 64, has been a Non-Executive Director of the Company since November 2018. Mr. Tan joined the Group in April 1997. He has over 30 years of experience in business management. Mr. Tan is the deputy chief executive officer of Luen Thai Group Limited ("Luen Thai Group") and vice chairman of the board of Tan Holdings Corporation ("Tan Holdings") (a controlling shareholder), both of which are the privately held businesses of the family of Chairman Tan. Under Luen Thai Group, he oversees several groups of companies including Luen Thai Retail Group and Luen Thai Real Estate. Mr. Tan has an extensive experience in tourism and retail businesses. He is also the chief executive of Skechers China Limited, Skechers South Korea Limited and Skechers Southeast Asia Limited. He is currently the external vice president of the Philippines-China Business Council, chairman of the Confederation of Garment Exporters of the Philippines and was appointed honorary ambassador-at-large for Guam, U.S. in 2007. Mr. Tan holds a bachelor's degree in business administration from the University of Guam. He is a son of Chairman Tan (Chairman, a Non-Executive Director and a controlling shareholder), a brother of Dr. Tan Henry (Vice Chairman, an Executive Director, the Chief Executive Officer and a controlling shareholder) and Mr. Tan Jerry Cho Yee (a member of our senior management) and an uncle of Mrs. Su Tan Jennifer Sze Tink (an Executive Director and the Executive Vice President). Mr. Tan is also a director of Asia Pacific Hotels, Inc., Gemkell (Saipan) Corporation, Gemkell Corporation and Gemkell U.S.A. LLC, all of which are our subsidiaries.

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

**Professor CHAN Pak Woon David**, aged 65, has been an Independent Non-Executive Director since April 2019 and is the Chairman of our Nomination Committee and a member of our Audit and Remuneration Committees. Prof. Chan has over 30 years of experience in the hotels and resorts industry. He is currently a professor and Director of the School of Hotel and Tourism Management of the Chinese University of Hong Kong and has extensive experience in the hotels and resorts industry. Prof. Chan holds a bachelor's degree in business administration from the University of Hawaii at Manoa in the U.S., a master's degree in China laws from Jinan University in the People's Republic of China (the "**PRC**") and a doctoral degree of management science in tourist management from Sun Yat-Sen University in the PRC.

### **Management Executives**

Mr. MA Andrew Chiu Cheung, aged 79, has been an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company since April 2019 and is the Chairman of our Audit Committee. Mr. Ma holds a bachelor's degree in economics from the London School of Economics and Political Science (The University of London) in the United Kingdom and has over 40 years of experience in accounting and finance. He is a Fellow Member of each of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England & Wales, the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong and the Hong Kong Institute of Directors. Mr. Ma has also been appointed as the honorary consul of Cote d'Ivoire in Hong Kong and Macau. Mr. Ma is a director of Mayee Management Limited and Chong Hing Insurance Company Limited. He is currently an independent non-executive director of China Resources Power Holdings Company Limited (Stock Code: 836), Chong Hing Bank Limited (Stock Code: 1111), Asiaray Media Group Limited (Stock Code: 1993) and C-Mer Eye Care Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 3309), the shares of all of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Ma previously served as an independent non-executive director of Asia Financial Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 662) and C.P. Pokphand Co. Ltd. (Stock Code: 43), the shares of all of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, until his retirement on May 23, 2019 and June 5, 2020, respectively.

Mr. CHAN Leung Choi Albert, aged 66, has been an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company since April 2019 and is the Chairman of our Remuneration Committee and a member of our Audit and Nomination Committees. Mr. Chan has over 40 years of banking experience based in Hong Kong. Prior to his retirement in 2017, he was Head of Commercial Banking Hong Kong of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited ("HSBC"). Before that, he assumed various management positions in HSBC including retail banking, treasury, corporate banking and risk management. Since January 2019, Mr. Chan has been a non-executive director of HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the HSBC group. Mr. Chan holds a bachelor's degree in science from the University of Hong Kong.

#### **SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

Mr. TAN Jerry Cho Yee, aged 59, has been our President, Guam & Saipan since November 2018. He joined the Group in April 1997. Mr. Tan is the chief executive officer of Tan Holdings (a controlling shareholder), which is the privately held business of the family of Chairman Tan, and has over 30 years of management experience in doing business in the Western Pacific Region, particularly in Guam and the CNMI. Mr. Tan received recognition as an entrepreneur and community leader including Executive of the Year from the Guam Business Magazine, Employer of the Year from the CNMI Society for Human Resource Management, Business Person of the Year from the Saipan Chamber of Commerce, and Sports Administrator of the Year from the Northern Marianas Sports Association. Mr. Tan is the vice chairman of Tan Siu Lin Foundation and the chairman of Pacific Century Fellows Marianas Chapter, a non-profit leadership mentoring program for young people working in both public and private sectors in the CNMI. He served as a board member of the Marianas Visitors Authority from 2012 to 2020 (previously its chairman from 2006 to 2010), and the president of the Northern Marianas Sports Association, the Northern Mariana Islands Football Association and the Chinese Association of Saipan. Mr. Tan graduated magna cum laude from the University of Guam with a double major in accounting and management. He is a son of Chairman Tan (Chairman, a Non-Executive Director and a controlling shareholder), a brother of Dr. Tan Henry (Vice Chairman, an Executive Director, the Chief Executive Officer and a controlling shareholder) and Mr. Tan Willie (a Non-Executive Director) and an uncle of Mrs. Su Tan Jennifer Sze Tink (an Executive Director and the Executive Vice President). Mr. Tan is also a director of S.A.I. CNMI Tourism Inc., S.A.I Guam Tourism Inc., Asia Pacific Hotels, Inc., Asia Pacific Hotels, Inc. (Guam), Gemkell (Saipan) Corporation and Century Tours, Inc. and a manager (equivalent to a director) of CKR, LLC, all of which are our subsidiaries.

Ms. CHEUNG Pik Shan Bonnie, aged 44, has been our Group Financial Controller since November 2018 and was appointed as the Company Secretary of the Company since April 2019. She joined the Group in April 2018. Ms. Cheung has over 20 years of experience in the field of auditing and accounting. Before transferring to the Group, she was a vice president of the corporate finance division of Luen Thai Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 311), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Ms. Cheung is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Ms. Cheung holds a bachelor's degree in accountancy from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University.

The Board has the pleasure in presenting to the Shareholders this annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year.

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the principal subsidiaries of the Company are (1) the operation of hotels and resorts in Saipan and Guam, (2) luxury travel retail business in Saipan, Guam and Hawaii and (3) the provision of destination services in Saipan, the particulars of which are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Listing of and the dealing in the Shares on the Stock Exchange commenced on the Listing Date, being May 16, 2019.

An analysis of the Group's performance by principal activities during the Year is set out in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 92 to 95 of this annual report.

#### **GROUP PROFIT/LOSS**

The loss of the Group for the Year is set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 64 of this annual report. The state of the Group's affairs as at December 31, 2020 are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 64 to 131 of this annual report.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

No interim dividend (2019: Nil) was declared during the Year. The Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of a final dividend for the Year (2019: US0.28 cent per share).

The Board is not aware of any Shareholders who have waived or agreed to waive any dividends.

#### **CASH FLOW**

The cash flow position of the Group for the Year is set out and analyzed in the consolidated statement of cash flows on page 69 of this annual report.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW AND PERFORMANCE**

A fair review of the business of the Group for the Year together with a discussion and analysis of its performance and the material factors underlying its performance as well as the Group's future business development are set out in the sections headed "Chairman's Statement" as well as the "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 6 to 9 and pages 12 to 19 of this annual report respectively. An analysis of the Group's performance during the Year using financial key performance indicators is provided in the section headed "Key Financial Highlights" on page 5 of this annual report.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITIES**

Detailed information and a discussion on the environmental, social and governance practices adopted by the Group will be set out in the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" which will be a separate report to be published on the websites of the Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited ("**HKEX**") and the Company no later than three months after the publication of this annual report.

#### **COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS**

The Group's business operations are mainly carried out by the Company's subsidiaries in Saipan, Guam and Hawaii, the United States of America (the "**U.S.**"), while the Company is listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange in Hong Kong. Sufficient resources have been allocated to ensure the on-going compliance with applicable laws and regulations. During the Year and up to the date of this annual report, the Board is not aware of any material non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations in the countries where the Group is operating.

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Directors are aware that business operations and financial results of the Group may be affected by various risks and uncertainties. Description of the principal risks and uncertainties faced by the Group are set out in the section headed "Principal Risks and Uncertainties" on pages 40 to 41 of this annual report.

#### **RELATIONSHIP WITH KEY STAKEHOLDERS**

The success of the Group depends on the support from key stakeholders which comprise customers, suppliers, employees and Shareholders.

#### **Customers and Suppliers**

The Group appreciates the importance of maintaining a good relationship with its customers and suppliers to meet its immediate and long-term business goals. The Group values customers' feedback and addresses their concerns in a timely manner. During the Year, there is no circumstance of any event between the Group and its customers or suppliers which will have a significant impact on the Group's business and on which the Group's success depends.

#### **Employees**

Employees constitute one of the valuable assets of the Group. The key objective of the Group's human resource management is to recognize and reward performing staff by providing competitive remuneration packages and implementing an effective performance appraisal system with appropriate incentives. Sufficient training and development are provided to all the employees and equal opportunities are provided within the Group for career advancement.

#### **Shareholders**

One of the major goals of the Group is to maximize the return to the Shareholders. The Group endeavors to foster the development of business for achieving sustainable profit growth and rewarding the Shareholders with stable dividend payouts taking into account the business development needs and financial health of the Group.

#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS**

The Group's major customers are primarily the Commonwealth Health Center in the CNMI and tour operators of our Hotels & Resorts Segment. During the Year, the aggregate percentage of the Group's revenue from sales attributable to the Group's five largest customers was 46.4%. In addition, the Group's largest customer accounted for approximately 40.4% of the total revenue from sales.

Our Directors have confirmed that, save as disclosed under the paragraph headed "Connected Transactions, Directors' and Shareholders' Interest in Contracts" below and as at December 31, 2020, all of our five largest customers (by revenue contribution) were independent third parties. None of our Directors, their close associates or our existing Shareholder(s) who, to the knowledge of the Directors, owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital, had an interest in any of the five largest customers.

#### **MAJOR SUPPLIERS**

The Group's major suppliers are utilities and food and beverage ingredient suppliers in our Hotels & Resorts Segment, as well as brand owners in our Luxury Travel Retail Segment. During the Year, the aggregate percentage of the Group's purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers was less than 30%. In addition, the Group's largest supplier accounted for approximately 5.4% of the total purchases.

As at December 31, 2020, none of our Directors, their close associates or our existing Shareholder(s) who, to the knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital had an interest in any of the five largest suppliers.

#### **PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES**

Details of the principal subsidiaries of the Group as at December 31, 2020 are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **USE OF NET PROCEEDS FROM LISTING**

The Shares of the Company were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on the Listing Date. The net proceeds from the Listing were US\$39.4 million (equivalent to HK\$307.4 million, after deduction of underwriting fees and commissions and estimated expenses payable by the Company in connection with the Listing). The Company has applied and will continue to apply the net proceeds from the Listing for the purposes as set out in the section headed "Future Plans and Use of Proceeds" in the prospectus of the Company published on April 30, 2019 ("Prospectus") and supplemented by the 2019 Annual Report published on April 17, 2020 ("2019 Annual Report").

#### **Utilization during the Year**

As at December 31, 2020, the Group had utilized the net proceeds from the Listing as set out in the table below:

|                             |                       |             | Aggregated amount | Percentage     |                       |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
|                             |                       | Utilization | utilized as at    | utilized as at |                       |
|                             | Net proceeds          | during the  | December          | December       | Unutilized            |
|                             | from Listing          | Year        | 31, 2020          | 31, 2020       | amount                |
|                             | US\$'000              | US\$'000    |                   |                | US\$'000              |
| Asset rejuvenation plan     | 29,555                | 9,830       | 10.219            | 34.6%          | 19,336                |
| New travel retail boutiques | 2,000                 | 535         | 1,680             | 84.0%          | 320                   |
| IT upgrade                  | 2,000                 | 764         | 885               | 44.3%          | 1,115                 |
| Digital sales and marketing | 2,000                 | 548         | 692               | 34.6%          | 1,308                 |
| General working capital     | 3,945                 | 2,032       | 2,235             | 56.7%          | 1,710                 |
| Total <sup>(a)</sup> :      | 39,400 <sup>(b)</sup> | 13,709      | 15,711            | 39.9%          | 23,689 <sup>(b)</sup> |

#### Notes:

- (a) The inconsistency between the sum of the numbers in this table and the total figures is due to rounding.
- (b) In respect of the amount of net proceeds from Listing, the exchange rate applied is US\$1.0 = HK\$7.8 and the amount in US\$ is calculated according to such exchange rate. As a result, the difference between the net value of the remaining funds in the above table and the actual amount of funds in the retained account is due to the difference between the controlling exchange rate and the actual exchange rate.

Currently, the Group holds the unutilized net proceeds as deposit with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

#### Adjustments to the timing for use of proceeds of Listing

Various adjustments have been made to the timing for the use of proceeds from Listing when compared to the implementation plan set out in the 2019 Annual Report. The Board is of the view that the adjustments made were not material. Please refer to the revised plan set out below under the heading "Revised proceeds utilization plan" for the updated expected timeline for the utilization of the net proceeds from the Listing.

The main reasons for the adjustments made are as follows:-

#### 1. Asset rejuvenation plan

Due to the COVID-19 outbreak, the Group has expedited the asset rejuvenation plan for Fiesta Resort Guam, Fiesta Resort Saipan and Kanoa Resort to take advantage of the period of temporary closure of our hotels during the Year.

#### Fiesta Resort Guam

Further to the announcement of the Company issued on November 5, 2020, the estimated total capital expenditure for the asset rejuvenation plan of Fiesta Resort Guam is now projected to be approximately US\$37.7 million, representing an increase of approximately US\$5.0 million compared to the amount disclosed in the 2019 Annual Report. The increase is primarily due to the fact that the Group's management has decided to invest in a more energy-efficient air-conditioning system and further upgrade works, such as the upgrade of all elevators and the upgrade of the main power distribution system to meet the needs of the upgraded hotel. The Group's management has also decided to expand the indoor space of the restaurant of the hotel to increase indoor capacity. As the additional estimated capital expenditure will be funded by the Group's internal resources, there is no change to the total amount of proceeds from Listing allocated to the asset rejuvenation plan of Fiesta Resort Guam.

Despite the expedited asset rejuvenation plan, due to the payment terms under the relevant construction contracts, the Group incurred less capital expenditure during the Year than previously estimated, as most of the construction costs are to be settled in year 2021. As such, a total capital expenditure of approximately US\$8.3 million was incurred during the Year. The Directors expect that approximately US\$27.2 million will be incurred in the year ending December 31, 2021. Currently, the renovation and upgrade works for Fiesta Resort Guam are expected to be completed in the second half of 2021. Subject to the confirmation of the Hotel Manager, Fiesta Resort Guam will be re-branded as "Crowne Plaza Resort Guam" soon after the completion of the relevant works.

#### Fiesta Resort Saipan

As mentioned in the announcement of the Company issued on May 3, 2020, the Group entered into a hotel management agreement with our Hotel Manager in respect of Fiesta Resort Saipan.

As a result of the hotel management agreement, the estimated total capital expenditure for the asset rejuvenation plan of our Fiesta Resort Saipan is now projected to be approximately US\$38.2 million (representing an increase of approximately US\$12.9 million). The additional capital expenditure is primarily due to additional investments in landscaping upgrade, guestrooms and public space infrastructure, a more energy-efficient air-conditioning system, as well as the "Crowne Plaza" brand standards required by the InterContinental Hotels Group. Nevertheless, the additional estimated capital expenditure will be funded partly by the Group's internal resources and partly by external financing and hence there is no change to the total amount of proceeds from the Listing to be used as disclosed in the Prospectus.

Subsequent to the end of the Year, due to the expedition of the asset rejuvenation plan, the Directors expect that all renovation and upgrade works to be carried out to Fiesta Resort Saipan will be completed in the second half of 2021. Subject to the confirmation of the Hotel Manager, Fiesta Resort Saipan will be rebranded as "Crowne Plaza Resort Saipan" soon after the completion of relevant works. In view of the aforesaid, the Directors currently expect that capital expenditure of approximately US\$37.5 million will be incurred in the year ending December 31, 2021 and no further capital expenditure will be incurred in the year ending December 31, 2022.

#### Kanoa Resort

As mentioned in the announcement of the Company issued on December 29, 2020, the Group also entered into a hotel management agreement with our Hotel Manager in respect of Kanoa Resort.

In view of the hotel management agreement and the "voco" brand standards required by the InterContinental Hotels Group, the Directors foresee that the total capital expenditure for the asset rejuvenation plan for Kanoa Resort may be significantly increased. In particular, additional investments will be made to increase the number of guestrooms of Kanoa Resort from 224 to 237 by the construction of new suites located at the ground floor of the hotel. However, as the details of the renovation and upgrade works have yet to be finalized, the total additional capital expenditure cannot be estimated as at the date of this report.

In addition, subject to the renewal of the emergency contract with the CNMI Homeland Security and Emergency Management, Kanoa Resort may continue to provide rooms and services to persons subject to mandatory quarantine requirements upon their arrival in Saipan. Hence, as at the date of this report, the Directors are not in a position to estimate when the construction works under the asset rejuvenation plan will commence. Nevertheless, there is no intention to change the amount of proceeds from the Listing to be applied towards the asset rejuvenation plan of Kanoa Resort. Any additional capital expenditure will be funded partly by the Group's internal resources and partly by external financing.

However, in order to expedite the implementation of the asset rejuvenation plan once the emergency contract comes to an end, the Group has incurred capital expenditure of approximately US\$0.9 million to prepare plans and drawings for the renovation, upgrade and rebranding works for Kanoa Resort. Such costs were originally intended to be incurred in the year ending December 31, 2021 according to the 2019 Annual Report.

#### 2. IT upgrade

Under the terms of the hotel management agreements in respect of Fiesta Resort Guam, Fiesta Resort Saipan and Kanoa Resort, we have access to the worldwide reservation system administered and operated by the InterContinental Hotels Group, with technical support from our Hotel Manager.

The InterContinental Hotels Group's worldwide reservation system gives us access to robust customer relations management, loyalty club member bookings, mobile reservations application, and a user-friendly user interface for bookings. With an integrated secure data server, the InterContinental Hotels Group's reservation system satisfies our original need of a new reservation system, a new data server and a new online booking interface. Hence, the Directors have reallocated a portion of the unutilized proceeds from Listing originally allocated to implement a new reservation system and to upgrade our data server and online booking interface to other IT upgrades as mentioned below.

We plan to deploy a portion of the unutilized proceeds from Listing to IT-related customer experience for our Fiesta Resort Guam, Fiesta Resort Saipan and Kanoa Resort as part of our IT infrastructure upgrade. We plan to implement InterContinental Hotels Group's Connect system ("IHG Connect") throughout all three hotels. IHG Connect allows us to connect with guests through multiple check points while they are on our property using television, phone and on-property Wi-Fi. It will also improve connectivity for our guests throughout the property. This will also involve a full upgrade of the Wi-Fi systems of our three hotels to ensure compatibility with the IHG Connect system. Hence, the Directors have reallocated a portion of the unutilized proceeds from Listing originally allocated to implement a new reservation system and to upgrade our data server and online booking interface to "other IT upgrades" for the purpose of implementing IHG Connect and upgrading our hotel Wi-Fi systems.

We have also postponed our plan to implement our IT upgrades to coincide with the rebranding timeframe under the hotel management agreements. As such, during the Year, we have incurred capital expenditure and expenses of approximately US\$0.8 million for the purpose of IT upgrade, including the upgrading of our equipment to meet the technical requirements to operate InterContinental Hotels Group's reservation system for our Fiesta Resort Saipan.

We expect to use the unutilized portion of the proceeds from the Listing in year 2021 as we fully integrate into the InterContinental Hotels Group's IT system for our Fiesta Resort Guam, Fiesta Resort Saipan and Kanoa Resort. There is no change to the total amount of proceeds from the Listing to be used for IT upgrade purposes as disclosed in the 2019 Annual Report.

Save as set out above, there are no material changes or delay in the use of net proceeds from the Listing.

The Company will continue to apply the unutilized net proceeds from the Listing for the purposes stated in the Prospectus, taking into account the revised proceeds utilization plan, our development strategy, as well as market conditions. The Company expects that the remaining unutilized proceeds will be fully used by December 31, 2022.

#### Revised proceeds utilization plan

Set out below is the revised proceeds utilization plan of the Company:

|  | - p          |              |                |                  |                         |                       |                     |
|--|--------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
|  |              |              | Capital ex     | penditure and    | expenses                |                       |                     |
|  | Amount of    | Aggregate    |                |                  |                         |                       |                     |
|  | net proceeds | amount of    |                |                  |                         |                       |                     |
|  | used in the  | net proceeds | Estimated amou | int for the year | Estimated               |                       |                     |
|  | year ended   | used as at   | ending Dec     | ember 31,        | total amount            | Approximate a         | mount to be         |
|  | December 31, | December 31, |                |                  | by December             | funded with the       | net proceeds        |
|  | 2020         | 2020         | 2021           | 2022             | 31, 2022 <sup>(c)</sup> | from Lis              | ting <sup>(b)</sup> |
|  | US\$'000     | US\$'000     | US\$'000       | US\$'000         | US\$'000                | US\$'000              | %                   |
| Asset rejuvenation plan  |              |              |                |                  |                         |                       |                     |
| Fiesta Resort Saipan   | 715          | 715          | 37,460         | _                | 38,175                  | 11,780                | 30.9%               |
| Kanoa Resort   | 861          | 861          | 4,940          | 8,234            | 14,035                  | 7,075                 | 50.4%               |
| Fiesta Resort Guam   | 8,254        | 8,643        | 29,028         | _                | 37,671                  | 10,700                | 28.4%               |
| Sub-total  | 9,830        | 10,219       | 71,428         | 8,234            | 89,881                  | 29,555                |                     |
| New Saipan boutique  | 140          | 1,550        | _              | _                | 1,550                   | 630                   | 40.6%               |
| New Guam boutique  | 535          | 1,050        | 500            | _                | 1,550                   | 1,370                 | 88.4%               |
| Other future boutiques   | _            | 1,000        | _              | 1,550            | 1,550                   | -                     | 0%                  |
| Other latare boundage  |              |              |                | 1,000            | 1,000                   |                       | 070                 |
| Sub-total  | 675          | 2,600        | 500            | 1,550            | 4,650                   | 2,000                 |                     |
| New reservation system   | 143          | 162          | 484            | _                | 646                     | 646                   | 100%                |
| New data server  | _            | _            | _              | _                | _                       | _                     | N/A                 |
| New online booking interface<br>New Wi-Fi systems and other IT | 2            | 14           | _              | _                | 14                      | 14                    | 100%                |
| expenses   | 619          | 709          | 795            | _                | 1,504                   | 1,340                 | 89.1%               |
| Sub-total  | 764          | 885          | 1,279          | _                | 2,164                   | 2,000                 |                     |
| Digital sales and marketing                                    | 702          | 846          | 1,404          | _                | 2,250                   | 2,000                 | 88.9%               |
| General working capital  | 2,032        | 2,235        | _              | _                | 3,945                   | 3,945                 | N/A                 |
|  |              |              |                |                  |                         | 39,500 <sup>(a)</sup> |                     |

#### Notes:

- (a) The inconsistency between the sum of the numbers in this table and the total figures is due to rounding.
- (b) The outstanding amount of estimated capital expenditure or expenses not otherwise funded with the net proceeds from the Listing will be funded with our internal financial resources or external financing.
- (c) Subject to future operating conditions and market environment, we may incur additional expenses for these purposes in the future, such as carrying out additional renovation and upgrade works to our hotels, launching additional travel retail boutiques, other IT upgrade, other sales and marketing initiatives and general working capital. The estimated capital expenditure and expenses above represent our estimated funding requirements as at the date of this annual report only.

#### SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the Year are set out in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

As at December 31, 2020, the Company's reserves available for distribution to the Shareholders, calculated in accordance with the Companies Law (Revised), Cap 22 of the Cayman Islands, amounted to US\$93.4 million. Details of movements in the reserves of the Company during the Year are set out in note 33(b) to the consolidated financial statements. Under the Companies Law (Revised), Cap. 22 of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account and the capital reserve account of the Company are distributable to the Shareholders provided that, immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as and when they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

#### **FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the past five financial years is set out on page 132 of this annual report.

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Year are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **INVESTMENT PROPERTY**

Details of movements in investment properties of the Group during the Year are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **RETIREMENT SCHEMES**

Details of the retirement schemes of the Group are set out in note 2.21 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **DONATIONS**

Charitable and other donations made by the Group during the Year amounted to approximately US\$505,000 (2019: 128,000).

#### **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") on April 9, 2019, pursuant to which the Board may, at its absolute discretion, offer to grant to any Eligible Person (as defined below) an option to subscribe for Shares.

"Eligible Persons" include any director or proposed director (including an independent non-executive director) of any member of our Group, any executive director of, manager of, or other employee holding an executive, managerial, supervisory or similar position in, any member of our Group (an "Employee"), any proposed Employee, any full-time or part-time Employee, or a person for the time being seconded to work full-time or part-time for any member of our Group (an "Executive"), a consultant, business or joint venture partner, franchisee, contractor, agent or representative of any member of our Group, a person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support or any advisory, consultancy, professional or other services to any member of our Group, or an Associate (as defined under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules")) of any of the foregoing persons.

The purposes of the Share Option Scheme are to motivate Eligible Persons to optimize their future contributions to our Group and/or to reward them for their past contributions, to attract and retain or otherwise maintain on-going relationships with Eligible Persons who are significant to and/or whose contributions are or will be beneficial to the performance, growth or success of the Group, and additionally in the case of Executives, to enable our Group to attract and retain individuals with experience and ability and/or to reward them for their past contributions.

Under the Share Option Scheme, an option may be exercised at any time during a period to be notified by the Board to each grantee. The Board may also provide restrictions on the exercise of an option during the period an option may be exercised. As at the date of this annual report, the total number of shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme is 36,000,000, representing approximately 10% of the total issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this annual report. The maximum number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to any one Eligible Person (including exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the Shares in issue from time to time. Each grantee shall pay a consideration of HK\$10 upon acceptance of the offer of the option (within 21 days of the offer) and the exercise price of the share options will be determined by the Board and shall be less than the highest of (i) the nominal value of a Share; (ii) the closing price of Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the offer date; and (iii) the average of the closing prices of Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date.

The Share Option Scheme will remain in force for ten years from the Listing Date until May 15, 2029, unless otherwise determined in accordance with its terms.

During the Year, no options were granted, exercised or cancelled, or lapsed under the Share Option Scheme and there were no options outstanding as at December 31, 2020.

#### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

The Group entered into three hotel management agreements with our Hotel Manager in respect of Fiesta Resort Guam, Fiesta Resort Saipan and Kanoa Resort on September 10, 2019, May 1, 2020 and December 29, 2020 respectively. The hotel management agreements in respect of Fiesta Resort Guam and Fiesta Resort Saipan commenced in October 2019 and August 2020 respectively. As at the date of this report, the hotel management agreement in respect of Kanoa Resort has not commenced pending completion of the relevant renovation works to be carried out under the terms of the hotel management agreement (to be carried out after the expiration or termination of the emergency contract with the local government authority). When the hotel management agreement in respect of Kanoa Resort commences, the Hotel Manager will be managing three out of four of the Group's hotels and resorts under our Hotels & Resorts Segment. Fiesta Resort Guam and Fiesta Resort Saipan will be respectively rebranded as "Crowne Plaza Resort Guam" and "Crowne Plaza Resort Saipan" with effect from the relevant rebranding date under the hotel management agreements. Kanoa Resort will be rebranded as "voco Resort Saipan" upon commencement of the hotel management agreement. Under the terms of the three hotel management agreements, the Hotel Manager will provide hotel management services and manage and operate the three hotels in accordance with the relevant brand standards. The Group will retain our rights as hotel owner over certain key managerial, financial and strategic decisions.

Each of the hotel management agreements are for an initial term of 25 years from its commencement date with two options to renew for an additional 5 years each. None of the Directors has a material interest in the hotel management agreements.

Save as aforesaid, no contracts, other than contracts of service with Directors or persons engaged under the full-time employment of the Company, concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or subsisted during the Year.

#### **DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' SERVICE AGREEMENTS**

The Directors who held office during the Year and up to the date of this annual report were:

#### **Chairman and Non-Executive Director**

Dr. TAN Siu Lin, SBS

#### **Executive Directors**

Dr. TAN Henry, BBS, JP Mr. CHIU George

Mrs. SU TAN Jennifer Sze Tink Mr. SCHWEIZER Jeffrey William

#### **Non-Executive Director**

Mr. TAN Willie

#### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Prof. CHAN Pak Woon David Mr. MA Andrew Chiu Cheung Mr. CHAN Leung Choi Albert

The Company received written confirmations from the independent non-executive Directors of their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all the independent non-executive Directors as independent.

#### APPOINTMENTS, RETIREMENT, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

Each of the executive and non-executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years and is subject to termination by either party by giving not less than three months' written notice or compensation in lieu.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years and is subject to termination by either party by giving not less than three months' written notice or compensation in lieu.

Under the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles"), at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not greater than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation. In addition, according to the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules (the "CG Code") and the Articles, every Director, including those appointed for a specific term, should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. A retiring Director is eligible for re-election and continues to act as a Director throughout the meeting at which he retires.

The Articles provide that any Director appointed by the Board, either to fill a causal vacancy in the Board or as an addition to the existing Board, shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election.

In accordance with the Articles, Mr. Chiu George, Mrs. Su Tan Jennifer Sze Tink and Mr. Chan Leung Choi Albert will retire from office at the forthcoming annual general meeting ("**AGM**"). All retiring Directors, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the AGM.

## DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed under the paragraph headed "Connected Transactions, Directors' and Shareholders' Interests in Contracts" below, no other transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director and the Director's connected entities had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted as at December 31, 2020 or at any time during the Year.

#### **DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES**

Save as disclosed under the paragraph headed "Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests in Shares" below, at no time during the Year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of an acquisition of shares or underlying shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

#### BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The biographical details of Directors and senior management are set out in the section headed "Management Executives" on pages 20 to 22 of this annual report.

#### **DIRECTORS' AND MANAGEMENT EMOLUMENTS**

Particulars of Directors' emoluments and the five highest paid individuals in the Group are set out in notes 34(a) and 9(a) respectively to the consolidated financial statements. The Board is not aware of any Directors who have waived or agreed to waive any emoluments.

#### **DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS IN SHARES**

As at December 31, 2020, the interests of the Directors and chief executives of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Future Ordinance, Cap. 571 of the laws of Hong Kong (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register maintained by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") contained in the Listing Rules were as follows:

#### Long position in the Shares

|  | Personal                         | Corporate interests        | in the Company  |                                |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>-</b>                                 | interests (held<br>as beneficial | (interests of controlled   |                 | Percentage of interests in the |
| Directors                                | owner)                           | corporations)              | Total interests | Company <sup>(a)</sup>         |
| Dr. TAN Siu Lin (b)<br>Dr. TAN Henry (c) | _<br>_                           | 270,000,000<br>270,000,000 | , ,             | 75%<br>75%                     |

#### Notes:

(a) The percentage has been compiled based on the total number of Shares issued (i.e. 360,000,000) as at December 31, 2020.

- (b) Dr. Tan Siu Lin is deemed to be interested in 270,000,000 Shares under the SFO (representing 75% of the Company's entire issued share capital) held by THC Leisure Holdings Limited ("THC Leisure") because (i) he acts in concert with Dr. Tan Henry in respect of the affairs of the Group, (ii) he and Dr. Tan Henry together control the majority of the board of directors of Supreme Success Limited ("Supreme Success"), which is the registered owner of the entire interests in Leap Forward Limited ("Leap Forward") as the trustee of a discretionary family trust, (iii) he and Dr. Tan Henry together control the majority of the protectors of the said discretionary family trust and the board of directors of Leap Forward, and are thus entitled to exercise the voting rights in Leap Forward, (iv) he is the founder of the said discretionary family trust, (v) Leap Forward is the registered owner of a 39% interest in Tan Holdings Corporation ("Tan Holdings"), and (vi) Tan Holdings is the registered owner of the entire interests in THC Leisure. As such, THC Leisure is a controlled corporation of Dr. Tan Siu Lin.
- (c) Dr. Tan Henry is deemed to be interested in 270,000,000 Shares under the SFO (representing 75% of the Company's entire issued share capital) held by THC Leisure because (i) he acts in concert with Dr. Tan Siu Lin in respect of the affairs of the Group, (ii) he and Dr. Tan Siu Lin together control the majority of the board of directors of Supreme Success, which is the registered owner of the entire interests in Leap Forward as the trustee of a discretionary family trust, (iii) he and Dr. Tan Siu Lin together control the majority of the protectors of the said discretionary family trust and the board of directors of Leap Forward and are thus entitled to exercise the voting rights in Leap Forward, (iv) Leap Forward is the registered owner of a 39% interest in Tan Holdings, and (v) Tan Henry. He is also the founder of a discretionary family trust which is the registered owner of a 20% interest in Tan Holdings.

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SHARES

As at December 31, 2020, the register of substantial Shareholders maintained pursuant to Section 336 of Part XV of the SFO showed that other than the interests disclosed in the section headed "Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests in Shares" above, the following Shareholders had notified the Company of their relevant interests in the issued share capital of the Company.

#### Long position in the Shares

| Name of Shareholder         | Capacity/Nature of interests          | Number of Shares | Percentage of interests in the Company <sup>(a)</sup> |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|---|
| Dr. TAN Siu Lin (b)         | Interests in a controlled corporation | 270,000,000      | 75%   |
| Dr. TAN Henry (©)           | Interests in a controlled corporation | 270,000,000      | 75%   |
| THC Leisure (d)             | Beneficial interests                  | 270,000,000      | 75%   |
| Tan Holdings <sup>(d)</sup> | Interests in a controlled corporation | 270,000,000      | 75%   |
| Leap Forward (d)            | Interests in a controlled corporation | 270,000,000      | 75%   |
| Supreme Success (d)         | Interests in a controlled corporation | 270,000,000      | 75%   |

#### Notes:

- (a) The percentage has been compiled based on the total number of Shares in issue (i.e. 360,000,000) as at December 31, 2020.
- (b) Dr. Tan Siu Lin is deemed to be interested in 270,000,000 Shares under the SFO (representing 75% of the Company's entire issued share capital) held by THC Leisure because (i) he acts in concert with Dr. Tan Henry in respect of the affairs of the Group, (ii) he and Dr. Tan Henry together control the majority of the board of directors of Supreme Success, which is the registered owner of the entire interests in Leap Forward as the trustee of a discretionary family trust, (iii) he and Dr. Tan Henry together control the majority of the protectors of the said discretionary family trust and the board of directors of Leap Forward, and are thus entitled to exercise the voting rights in Leap Forward, (iv) he is the founder of the said discretionary family trust, (v) Leap Forward is the registered owner of a 39% interest in Tan Holdings, and (vi) Tan Holdings is the registered owner of the entire interests in THC Leisure. As such, THC Leisure is a controlled corporation of Dr. Tan Siu Lin.
- (c) Dr. Tan Henry is deemed to be interested in 270,000,000 Shares under the SFO (representing 75% of the Company's entire issued share capital) held by THC Leisure because (i) he acts in concert with Dr. Tan Siu Lin in respect of the affairs of the Group, (ii) he and Dr. Tan Siu Lin together control the majority of the board of directors of Supreme Success, which is the registered owner of the entire interests in Leap Forward as the trustee of a discretionary family trust, (iii) he and Dr. Tan Siu Lin together control the majority of the protectors of the said discretionary family trust and the board of directors of Leap Forward and are thus entitled to exercise the voting rights in Leap Forward, (iv) Leap Forward is the registered owner of a 39% interest in Tan Holdings, and (v) Tan Holdings is the registered owner of the entire interests in THC Leisure. As such, THC Leisure is a controlled corporation of Dr. Tan Henry. He is also the founder of a discretionary family trust which is the registered owner of a 20% interest in Tan Holdings.
- (d) THC Leisure directly holds 270,000,000 Shares (representing 75% of the Company's entire issued share capital). THC Leisure is 100% directly owned by Tan Holdings. Leap Forward holds 39% interest in Tan Holdings directly and Supreme Success holds 100% interest in Leap Forward.

Save as disclosed above, so far as is known to the Directors, there is no other person (not being a Director or chief executive of the Company) who has an interest or a short position in the Shares or underlying shares which could fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or, who is directly or indirectly, interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any other members of the Group.

#### CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS, DIRECTORS' AND SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

The related party transactions of the Company for the Year are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements. Other than disclosed below, the related party transactions of the Company did not constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules which are required to comply with any of the reporting, announcement and/or independent shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules.

#### **Non-exempt Continuing Connected Transactions**

During the Year, the Group entered into a number of transactions, which constituted non-exempt continuing connected transactions for the Company and are subject to announcement, annual review and/or independent shareholders' approval requirements contained in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The following table is a summary of the approximate aggregate value and the annual caps of each category of the non-exempt continuing connected transactions of the Group pursuant to Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules for the Year. Details of these connected transactions are set out below in accordance with the Listing Rules.

|                                    |  | For the Year                | ended                  |  |  |
|------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
|                                    |  | December 31, 2020           |                        |  |  |
| Connected Party                    | Category                               | Aggregate Value<br>US\$'000 | Annual Cap<br>US\$'000 |  |  |
| Expenses                           |  |                             |                        |  |  |
| QZ Tours                           | Holiday Package Transactions (a)       | 624                         | 11,793                 |  |  |
| TakeCare                           | Medical Insurance (b)                  | 1,282                       | 2,196                  |  |  |
| Cosmos Saipan, Cosmos Guam and D&Q | Consumer Goods Transactions (c)        | 214                         | 1,038                  |  |  |
| Beach Road Tourism, L&T Group and  | Leased premises (d)                    |                             |                        |  |  |
| Luen Thai International            |  | 400                         | 976                    |  |  |
| CTSI Group                         | Freight and Logistics Transactions (e) | 404                         | 1,166                  |  |  |
| Income                             |  |                             |                        |  |  |
| Strategic Gaming                   | Leased premises (d)                    | 63                          | 300                    |  |  |

#### Notes:

(a) On April 9, 2019, the Company entered into an agreement with 泉州市世紀旅遊投資有限公司 ("QZ Tours") for a term commencing from April 9, 2019 to December 31, 2021 pursuant to which QZ Tours agreed to (i) reserve in bulk accommodation in our hotels and resorts, (ii) purchase meal coupons from our on-site restaurants and our self-operated excursion tours, and (iii) procure destination-based, concierge and travel management services from our Destination Services Segment (the "Holiday Package Transactions"). These travel products and services are often bundled by QZ Tours into holiday packages and on-sold to its customers. The Holiday Package Transactions relate to our business operations in Saipan only.

QZ Tours has been providing the Holiday Package Transactions for more than five years before the Company's Listing on the Stock Exchange. The commercial terms we offered to QZ Tours were substantially the same as those we offered to other independent tour operators, with the exceptions that (i) we generally offer a discount to tour operators which place bulk bookings with us and the level of such discount is determined primarily based on the level of bulk bookings placed with us, (ii) only QZ Tours may extend its guest room check-out time until mid-night at a special late night charge, (iii) only QZ Tours had the option to increase its room allocation in the event that it has secured additional charter flights between Saipan and mainland China, (iv) QZ Tours was given a short cancellation or release date, and (v) only QZ Tours had the option to guarantee a room reservation without providing guest names.

Notwithstanding the difference in the terms we offer to QZ Tours and other independent tour operators set out above, the terms and conditions of the Holiday Package Transactions reflect normal commercial terms negotiated on an arm's length basis. Furthermore, the bulk purchase volume of QZ Tours gives us a stable volume from which we optimize our revenue and yield and hedge our risks against the cyclical and seasonal downside of the leisure tourism market in Saipan.

Given the long term and mutually beneficial collaboration with QZ Tours, the Directors (including the independent non- executive Directors) consider that such Holiday Package Transactions and their respective terms and conditions are on normal commercial terms, are fair and reasonable and are in the interests of the Group and the Shareholders as a whole.

QZ Tours is owned as to 99% by Mr. ZHOU Xindong (周新東先生), who is a brother-in-law of Dr. Tan Henry (the Vice Chairman of the Board, an Executive Director, the Chief Executive Officer and a controlling shareholder). QZ Tours is a majority-controlled corporation of a deemed connected person, and hence a connected person of the Company.

(b) On April 9, 2019, the Company entered into an agreement with TakeCare Insurance Company, Inc. ("TakeCare") for a term commencing from April 9, 2019 to December 31, 2021, pursuant to which the Company agreed to purchase medical and dental insurance coverage (the "Medical Insurance") for our employees. Under the agreement, our employees also have the option to enhance his/her coverage and benefits and/or extend the Medical Insurance to his/her family members by paying additional insurance premium, which would be settled through our Group initially and deducted from their salary (the "Additional Coverage").

TakeCare is one of the leading medical and dental insurers in Saipan and Guam with a sizable network of clinics. In our ordinary and usual course of business, we have been purchasing the Medical Insurance and the Additional Coverage from TakeCare for a long time before the Company's Listing on the Stock Exchange. The Directors believe that such transactions are beneficial to the Group and the Shareholder as a whole taking into account the scale and quality of TakeCare's operation in Saipan and Guam as well as the extent of coverage it offers. Besides, the Group is able to leverage on its long-established relationship with TakeCare.

The insurance premium payable by us to TakeCare is determined on a case-by-case basis in arm's length commercial negotiations. The Directors (including the independent non-executive Directors) consider that the terms and conditions under the Medical Insurance and the premium payable reflect normal commercial terms, are fair and reasonable and no less favorable compared to other independent insurers.

TakeCare is a 30%-controlled corporation of Dr. Tan Siu Lin (the Chairman of the Board, a Non-Executive Director and a controlling shareholder) and Dr. Tan Henry (the Vice Chairman of the Board, an Executive Director, the Chief Executive Officer and a controlling shareholder). TakeCare is an associate of a connected person, and hence a connected person of the Company.

(c) On April 9, 2019, the Company entered into an agreement with Cosmos Distributing Co. (Saipan) Ltd. ("Cosmos Saipan"), Cosmos Distributing Co., Ltd. ("Cosmos Guam") and D&Q Co., Ltd. ("D&Q") for a term commencing from April 9, 2019 to December 31, 2021, pursuant to which the Company agreed to procure miscellaneous supplies of consumer goods, such as linens, towels, detergents and food and beverage ingredients, principally for our hotels and resorts operations (the "Consumer Goods Transactions"). Cosmos Saipan has ceased to operate since mid-2017 and its wholesale business was transferred to and taken up by D&Q.

Each of Cosmos Guam and D&Q is a consumer goods wholesaler in Saipan and Guam of significant scale. The terms and conditions of the Consumer Goods Transactions are determined on a case-by-case basis based on arm's length commercial negotiations and the amounts payable by us to Cosmos Guam and D&Q under the Consumer Goods Transactions have been more favorable to us compared to our other independent suppliers. The Directors confirm that the terms and conditions under the Consumer Goods Transactions reflect normal commercial terms, are fair and reasonable and no less favorable compared to other independent consumer goods wholesalers.

Given the scale of the operation and the quality of supplies of Cosmos Guam and D&Q in Saipan and Guam, the Directors further consider that the Consumer Goods Transactions are in the interests of our Group and the Shareholders as a whole.

Each of Cosmos Guam and D&Q is a 30%-controlled corporation of Tan Holdings (a controlling shareholder) and an associate of Mr. Chiu George (an Executive Director). Each of Cosmos Guam and D&Q is an associate of a connected person, and hence a connected person of the Company.

(d) On April 9, 2019, the Company entered into an agreement with Beach Road Tourism Development, Inc. ("Beach Road Tourism"), L&T Group of Companies, Ltd. ("L&T Group") and Luen Thai International Development Limited ("Luen Thai International") in relation to the leasing of certain premises as travel retail boutiques, a souvenir and amenities store, a burger joint, a warehousing unit in Saipan, and our corporate headquarters in Hong Kong, for a term commencing from April 9, 2019 to December 31, 2021. The Company, as landlord, has also entered into a concession agreement with Strategic Gaming Solutions, Inc. ("Strategic Gaming"), to lease premises within our Kanoa Resort as an amusement and gaming center operated by Strategic Gaming, for a term commencing from April 9, 2019 to December 31, 2021 (the said tenancy agreements and concession agreement together, the "Connected Tenancy Agreements").

Each of Beach Road Tourism, L&T Group, Luen Thai International and Strategic Gaming, has been leasing properties to/from the Group since the Listing. The Directors believe that such lease arrangements are for cost efficiency and for better utilization of the Group's premises, which are beneficial to the Group and the Shareholders as a whole.

Given the prime location of the premises and the level of rental and other income received or paid by us, the Directors further consider that the leasing arrangements and their respective terms are on normal commercial terms, are fair and reasonable and are in the interests of our Group and the Shareholders as a whole.

Each of Beach Road Tourism, L&T Group, Luen Thai International and Strategic Gaming is a 30%-controlled corporation and an associate of Tan Holdings (a controlling shareholder), Dr. Tan Siu Lin (the Chairman of the Board, a Non-Executive Director and a controlling shareholder) and Dr. Tan Henry (the Vice Chairman of the Board, an Executive Director, the Chief Executive Officer and a controlling shareholder). Each of Beach Road Tourism, L&T Group, Luen Thai International and Strategic Gaming is an associate of a connected person, and hence a connected person of the Company.

(e) On April 9, 2019, the Company entered into an agreement with CTSI Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries (the "CTSI Group") for a term commencing from April 9, 2019 to December 31, 2021, pursuant to which the Company procures warehousing, international freight forwarding, customs clearance and local courier services for our fixtures, furniture, retail merchandises and miscellaneous supplies and documents (the "Freight and Logistics Transactions").

The CTSI Group is a logistics and freight service provider in Saipan and Guam of significant scale. The terms and conditions of the Freight and Logistics Transactions are determined on a case-by-case basis based on arm's length commercial negotiations. The Directors believe that the terms and conditions under the Freight and Logistics Transactions reflect normal commercial terms, are fair and reasonable and no less favorable compared to other independent consumer goods wholesalers.

Given the scale of the operation and the quality of the freight forwarding services provided by CTSI Group in Saipan and Guam, the Directors further believe that the Freight and Logistics Transactions are in the interests of our Group and the Shareholders as a whole.

Each of CTSI Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries is a 30%-controlled corporation of a connected person of the Group and an associate of Dr. Tan Henry (the Vice Chairman of the Board, an Executive Director, the Chief Executive Officer and a controlling shareholder). Each of CTSI Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries is an associate of a connected person, and hence a connected person of the Company.

The Company has conducted a review of its continuing connected transactions and confirmed that all such transactions had complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

### Confirmations from the independent non-executive Directors and auditor

Pursuant to Rule 14A.55 of the Listing Rules, the independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the aforesaid continuing connected transactions and have confirmed that these continuing connected transactions (i) were entered into in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group; (ii) were either on normal commercial terms or on terms no less favorable to the Group than terms available to or from independent third parties; and (iii) were in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Shareholders as a whole.

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with "Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor of the Company confirmed that the above transactions were approved by the Board, were in accordance with the pricing policies of the Company, and were entered into under respective agreements that regulate such transactions and did not exceed any of the relevant caps as mentioned in the relevant agreements and announcements of the Company. The auditor has issued an unqualified letter containing the findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Group on pages 35 to 38 of this annual report in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

The Company confirmed that, save as disclosed above:

- (i) there were no subsisting contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which any one of the Directors of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, at the end of the Year or at any time during the Year; and
- (ii) there were no transactions which need to be disclosed as connected transactions in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules.

## **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

No equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares were entered into by the Company during the Year or subsisted at the end of the Year.

#### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Article 164(1) of the Articles provides that every Director or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses as a result of any act or failure to act in the execution of their duty. The Company has also maintained Directors' and officers' liability insurance during the Year.

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

### PURCHASE. SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed Shares during the Year.

## **PUBLIC FLOAT**

As at the date of this annual report, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules, based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors.

## **DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS**

Pursuant to Rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules, there were no competing business of which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisting at the end of the Year or at any time during the Year which is required to be disclosed.

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The Corporate Governance Report of the Company is set out in pages 42 to 56 of this annual report.

### **AUDITOR**

The consolidated financial statements for the Year have been audited by Messrs. PricewaterhouseCoopers. A resolution will be submitted to the forthcoming AGM of the Company to re-appoint Messrs. PricewaterhouseCoopers as the auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

**TAN Henry**, BBS, JP Vice Chairman of the Board, Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer

March 30, 2021

# **Principal Risks and Uncertainties**

The Group's business operations and results may be affected by various factors, some of which are external causes, and some are inherent to the business. There are several principal risks and uncertainties which may directly or indirectly affect the Group's business operations, financial conditions and future business prospects. The magnitude of the impact on the Group arising from these risks depends on the severity, duration and locality of the relevant event should it occur. There are also risks that are not significant now but can turn significant, risks that we are not aware of and/or new risks that may emerge in the future. Outlined below are the several principal risks and uncertainties that may affect the Group, but this list is not intended to be exhaustive or comprehensive:

## 1. Macro-economic and political environment

The Group is one of the leading leisure tourism groups in Saipan and Guam. Our business is particularly sensitive to the general macro-economic and political environment, which could affect levels of discretionary leisure tourism and tourist spending. In particular, the number of tourists traveling and the amount they spend on holidays could decrease if disposable income reduces, sales taxes or value-added taxes increase, unemployment rate increases, transport and fuel costs increase, or the spending habits of tourists change in response to uncertain economic conditions. We closely monitor changes in the macro-economic environment and endeavor to adjust our business plans in a timely manner.

### 2. Tourist Arrivals

The Group's business depends on the number of tourist arrivals in Saipan and Guam, which is highly reliant on the schedule and price of the flights to and from Saipan and/or Guam. These flights could be regular flights or chartered flights. Suspension or reduction in the frequency of direct flights from a key tourist origin market, such as mainland China, South Korea and/or Japan, could significantly reduce the number of tourist arrivals from these markets. In turn, our results of operations might be adversely affected and the competition in the leisure tourism market in Saipan and Guam might intensify. The Group does not have any contractual relationship with airlines and control over their business decisions on flight operations and pricing. Nevertheless, we actively encourage the airlines to develop new flight routes from our key tourist origin markets with a view to facilitate a general increase in the number of air seats to and from Saipan and/or Guam.

### 3. Land lease renewal

The Kanoa Resort is operated on land parcels leased from the local government which will expire on June 30, 2024. If we fail to renew the land leases, we will lose a revenue stream and our business prospects, results of operations and financial conditions could decline. The renewal of the public land leases will be subject to the publication of a public notice and a public hearing (where public comments are collected) as well as commercial negotiations on statutorily prescribed terms and conditions, including rental level, new improvements and upgrades and public benefits and contributions (such as local employment, public facilities or infrastructure), all of which are common in the context of public land lease renewals in the CNMI and Guam but are not entirely within our control. We are actively engaged in negotiations with the local government on land lease renewal.

## 4. Human Resources

The Group's operations in Hotels & Resorts Segment is labor-intensive. Our success depends in large on our ability to attract, retain, train, manage and engage employees. The level of services we provide to our guests depend a significant degree on the quality and skillset of our staff (including our temporary and full-time employees and our casual staff). The failure to attract, retain, train, manage and engage skilled employees could reduce guest satisfaction and thus have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial conditions. Staffing shortages could also hinder our ability to grow and expand our businesses. A shortage of skilled employees could also require higher wages that would increase our personnel costs and could adversely affect our profits. The Group monitors labor market conditions on a regular basis to ensure our employment terms are both reasonable and competitive while maintaining our high quality of services.

# **Principal Risks and Uncertainties**

### 5. Legal and Compliance

The Group is committed to complying with all relevant legal, regulatory and contractual requirements, which gives rise to compliance costs.

The Group's Hotels & Resorts Segment has three hotel management agreements with our Hotel Manager, each of which has a term of 25 years from its commencement date with two options to renew for an additional 5 years each. During the term of the hotel management agreements, we are subject to a number of terms and obligations which may restrict our hotels and resorts business operations. Failure to observe the terms of the hotel management agreements may give rise to the Hotel Manager's right to prematurely terminate the hotel management agreements with 30 days' notice.

The Group's Luxury Travel Retail Segment has a number of franchise and distribution agreements with brand owners which typically have a fixed term of 4 to 5 years. During the term of these agreements, we are subject to a number of terms and obligations which may restrict our travel retail business operations, expansion and future prospects. Failure to observe these terms may give rise to the brand owners' rights to prematurely terminate the franchise and distribution agreements with a nil to 60 days' notice.

The Group actively engages external professional advisors to advise on relevant legal, regulatory and contractual requirements to ensure compliance.

#### 6. Disaster Events

The Group's leisure tourism business will be materially and adversely affected by natural disaster events such as super typhoon or flooding. Other disaster events include acts or threats of terrorism, wars, travel-related accidents, outbreak of contagious diseases or other catastrophic events. Depending on the severity, duration and locality, such events could severely disrupt the Group's business operations and cause damages to our properties. Such events, or a general apprehension of such events, may also significantly and adversely affect travel sentiments and reduce demand for tourism products and services in the affected destination. The Group regularly conducts risk assessment, and has taken out comprehensive insurance covering our properties, business operations and third-party liabilities.

The global outbreak of COVID-19 in 2020 is an example of such disaster events, which has also caused changes in the macro-economic environment, dampening of global travel sentiment, decrease in flight availability and hence tourist arrivals, as well as changes in local laws and regulations (including but not limited to travel bans).

The impact of the COVID-19 outbreak on our Group's business and the measures taken by our Group to manage the same are set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 12 to 19 of this annual report.

As the severity, duration and locality of the COVID-19 outbreak remain uncertain, the extent of its impact on the Group's business operations and financial results remains a principal risk and continues to create uncertainties for our Group's business operations and financial results.

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Group acknowledges the need and importance of corporate governance as one of the key elements in enhancing shareholders' value. It is committed to ensuring high standards of corporate governance in the interests of Shareholders, taking care to identify practices designed to achieve effective oversight, transparency and ethical behavior, and protecting the long-term sustainability of the Group as a whole.

The Shares of the Company have been listed on the Stock Exchange on the Listing Date. Since the Listing Date, the Company has adopted the principles in the CG Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules as its code of corporate governance.

During the Year and up to the date of this annual report, the Company has complied with all applicable code provisions of the CG Code.

### **DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS**

The Company has adopted the "Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers" (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code for dealing in securities of the Company by the Directors. Having made specific enquiries of all directors, each Director has confirmed that he/she has complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the Year.

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

### **Board responsibilities**

The Board is primarily responsible for overseeing and supervising the management of the business affairs and the overall performance of the Group. The Board sets the Group's values and standards and ensures that the requisite financial and human resources support is in place for the Group to achieve its objectives. The Board acknowledges its responsibility for the management of the Group and to ensure sound and effective internal control systems are maintained so as to safeguard the Group's assets and the interest of the Shareholders. The Board is also responsible for convening general meetings, implementing the resolutions passed at the general meetings, determining the business and investment plans of the Group, formulating the annual financial budget and financial statements of the Group, and formulating the proposals for dividend distributions as well as exercising other powers, functions and duties as conferred by the Company's Articles. The Board has established Board Committees (as defined below) and has delegated to these Board Committees various responsibilities as set out in their respective terms of reference. The responsibilities of these Board Committees include monitoring the Group's operational and financial performance, and ensuring that appropriate internal control and risk management systems are in place.

The Board may from time to time delegate certain functions to the management of the Group if and when considered appropriate. The management is mainly responsible for the execution of the business plans, strategies and policies adopted by the Board and assigned to it from time to time.

The Directors have full access to information of the Group and the management has an obligation to supply the Directors with adequate information in a timely manner to enable the Directors to perform their responsibilities. The Directors are entitled to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expense.

### Composition

The Board currently comprises nine members, consisting of four executive Directors, two non-executive Directors (including the Chairman of the Board) and three independent non-executive Directors, as follows:

#### **Executive Directors**

Dr. TAN Henry, BBS, JP (Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. CHIU George

Mrs. SU TAN Jennifer Sze Tink Mr. SCHWEIZER Jeffrey William

#### **Non-Executive Directors**

Dr. TAN Siu Lin, SBS (Chairman)

Mr. TAN Willie

### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Prof. CHAN Pak Woon David Mr. MA Andrew Chiu Cheung Mr. CHAN Leung Choi Albert

The biographical details of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Management Executives" on pages 20 to 22 of this annual report. Save as disclosed in the said section, there is no family, financial or business relationship among the Directors.

Throughout the Year, independent non-executive Directors constitute one-third of the Board, which is in compliance with the requirement under Rule 3.10(A) of the Listing Rules. Hence, there is a strong independence element in the composition of the Board. Each of the Directors has the relevant experience, competencies and skills appropriate to the requirements of the business of the Group, and at least one of the independent non-executive Directors has appropriate professional qualifications of accounting or related financial management expertise.

The list of Directors has been published on the website of the Company and the website of the Stock Exchange, and is disclosed in all corporate communications issued by the Company pursuant to the Listing Rules from time to time.

During the Year and up to the date of this annual report, an appropriate and adequate directors' and officers' liability insurance is in place to protect all the Directors from legal action arising from the performance of their duties as a Director. Such insurance coverage will be reviewed and renewed on an annual basis. As at the date of this annual report, no claims under the insurance policy has been made.

### **Independent non-executive Directors**

The roles of the independent non-executive Directors include the following:

- (i) provision of independent judgement at Board meetings;
- (ii) take the lead where potential conflicts of interest arise;
- (iii) serve on committees if invited; and
- (iv) scrutinize the performance of the Group as necessary.

The independent non-executive Directors have brought in a wide range of business and financial expertise, experience and independent judgement to the Board. Through active participation in the Board meetings and serving on various Board Committees, all independent non-executive Directors will continue to make various contributions to the Company.

The independent non-executive Directors and their immediate family receive no payment from the Company or its subsidiaries (except the director fee). No family member of any independent non-executive Directors is employed as an executive officer of the Company or its subsidiaries or has been so in the past three years. The independent non-executive Directors are subject to retirement and re-election at the AGM of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Articles. Each independent non-executive Director has provided a written confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

Provision A.2.7 of the CG Code requires that the Chairman should at least annually hold meetings with the independent non-executive Directors without the presence of the other Directors. During the Year and up to the date of this annual report, the Chairman held two meetings with the independent non-executive Directors on March 25, 2020 and March 22, 2021, respectively without the presence of any other Directors. Going forward, the Chairman will continue to ensure compliance with this code provision.

## Directors' induction and continuing professional development

During the Year, each Director has received training on the general, statutory and regulatory obligations of being a Director to ensure that he/she is sufficiently aware of his/her responsibilities under the Listing Rules and other relevant legal and regulatory requirements.

Directors are committed to comply with the continuous professional development requirement under provision A.6.5 of the CG Code so as to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills and ensure that their contribution to the Board will be informed and relevant.

The Directors, on an ongoing basis, will receive updates on the relevant laws, rules and regulations. During the Year, the Company shared with the Directors certain continuous professional development courses relating to their duties as directors of a listed corporation, the Listing Rules, corporate governance practices and other relevant legal and regulatory requirements so that they can continuously acquire relevant knowledge and skills.

A summary of training received by each Director during the Year is set out below:

| Board Members  | Type of training |
|--|------------------|
| Executive Directors  |                  |
| Dr. TAN Henry, BBS, JP (Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) | A, B             |
| Mr. CHIU George  | A, B             |
| Mrs. SU TAN Jennifer Sze Tink                                      | A, B             |
| Mr. SCHWEIZER Jeffrey William                                      | A, B             |
| Non-Executive Directors  |                  |
| Dr. TAN Siu Lin, sbs (Chairman)                                    | А, В             |
| Mr. TAN Willie   | А, В             |
| Independent Non-Executive Directors                                |                  |
| Prof. CHAN Pak Woon David  | A, B             |
| Mr. MA Andrew Chiu Cheung  | A, B             |
| Mr. CHAN Leung Choi Albert   | A, B             |

A: attending external seminars/conferences/workshops/forums/webinars

### Meeting of the Board and the Directors' attendance record

The Board is scheduled to meet at least four times a year to determine overall strategic direction and objectives and approve interim and annual results and other significant matters. Each of the Directors is required to give sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company. During the Year, four Board meetings were held with full attendance, details of which are presented below:

|  | Meetings      | Average         |
|--|---------------|-----------------|
| Board Members  | Attended/Held | Attendance Rate |
| Executive Directors  |               |                 |
| Dr. TAN Henry, BBS, JP (Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) | 4/4           | 100%            |
| Mr. CHIU George  | 4/4           | 100%            |
| Mrs. SU TAN Jennifer Sze Tink                                      | 4/4           | 100%            |
| Mr. SCHWEIZER Jeffrey William                                      | 4/4           | 100%            |
| Non-Executive Directors  |               |                 |
| Dr. TAN Siu Lin, ses (Chairman)                                    | 4/4           | 100%            |
| Mr. TAN Willie   | 4/4           | 100%            |
| Independent Non-Executive Directors                                |               |                 |
| Prof. CHAN Pak Woon David  | 4/4           | 100%            |
| Mr. MA Andrew Chiu Cheung  | 4/4           | 100%            |
| Mr. CHAN Leung Choi Albert   | 4/4           | 100%            |

B: reading newspapers/journals and updates relevant to their profession, business, corporate governance and director's duties and responsibilities

Apart from Board meetings, consent/approval from the Board had also been obtained by written resolutions on a number of matters.

During the Year, an AGM of the Company was held on June 2, 2020 for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Directors are consulted to include any matter in the draft agenda. As part of our best practices, the agenda of Board meetings are finalized by the Chairman after taking into consideration any matters proposed by other Directors, including the independent non-executive Directors. The management has the obligation to supply the Board and the Board Committees with adequate information in a timely manner to enable the members to make informed decisions. The notice of a Board meeting is generally released at least 14 days in advance, while the finalized agenda and relevant materials are released no less than 3 days in advance.

The Company Secretary is responsible for taking minutes of the Board meetings. Draft and final minutes are sent to all Directors for comments within a reasonable time. All board papers and minutes are also made available for inspection by the Board and the Board Committees. A final draft of each minutes of meetings is made available for inspection by Directors.

The Company's Articles provide that a Board meeting shall be held (instead of passing a resolution in writing) in cases where a substantial shareholder or Director has a material conflict of interest in a matter. In the relevant Board meeting, the substantial shareholder or Director is required to abstain from voting and shall not be counted in quorum. This is also in conformity with the requirement of the CG Code.

### **CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER**

During the Year and as at the date of this annual report, Dr. Tan Siu Lin is the Chairman of the Board and his son Dr. Tan Henry is the Chief Executive Officer (the "CEO") of the company. The Chairman's role is to provide leadership to and oversee the functioning of the Board to ensure that the Board acts in the best interests of the Group. The Chairman is primarily responsible for approving the agenda for each Board meeting, taking into account, where appropriate, matters raised by other Directors for inclusion in the agenda. With the support of the Company Secretary, the Chairman seeks to ensure that all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at Board meetings and receive reliable, adequate and complete information in a timely manner. The Chairman also actively encourages Directors to fully engage in the Board's affairs and make contribution to the Board's functions.

The CEO is in charge of the Company's operations and day-to-day management. The CEO is also responsible for developing strategic plans and formulating the organizational structure, control systems and internal procedures and processes for the Board's approval.

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The Company Secretary supports the Board by ensuring that reliable and relevant flow of information is maintained amongst members of the Board and that all procedures have been adhered to in accordance with applicable laws, rules and regulations. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary on corporate governance and board practices and matters.

Ms. Cheung Pik Shan Bonnie was appointed as the Company Secretary of the Company on April 9, 2019. The Company Secretary's biography is set out in the section headed "Management Executives" on pages 20 to 22 of this annual report. During the Year, the Company Secretary undertook no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Board has established the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee (collectively, "Board Committees") in accordance with the CG Code and these Board Committees are mainly composed of independent non-executive Directors. Each of these Board Committees has specific written terms of reference which are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. The Board Committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties, including access to the management and/or independent professional advice if considered necessary.

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Audit Committee was established on the Listing Date with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code.

The Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Ma Andrew Chiu Cheung, Mr. Chan Leung Choi Albert and Prof. Chan Pak Woon David. The Audit Committee is chaired by Mr. Ma Andrew Chiu Cheung. None of the members of the Audit Committee is a former partner of the external auditor. The Audit Committee must meet not less than two times a year with the Company's external auditor and meetings shall be held at such other times on an ad hoc/as-needed basis. It meets with the external auditor and the management of the Group to ensure that the audit findings are addressed properly. The Audit Committee has access to independent professional advice at the Company's expense if considered necessary. During the Year, we have engaged BDO Financial Service Limited ("BDO") to provide internal auditing service.

The principal responsibilities of the Audit Committee include the following:

- (i) to review the relationship with the external auditor by reference to the work performed by the auditor, their fees and terms of engagement, to monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity, and to make recommendation to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditor;
- (ii) to review and monitor the integrity of the Company's financial statements and reports and consider any significant or unusual items raised by the external auditor or qualified accountant before submission to the Board;
- (iii) to review the effectiveness and adequacy of the Company's financial reporting system, internal control systems and associated procedures, risk management and corporate governance matters; and
- (iv) to review the adequacy of resources, qualifications, experience, training programs and budget of the staff of the Group's financial reporting and accounting and internal audit functions.

The Audit Committee held four meetings during the Year to review and adopt the internal audit plan proposed by BDO, to review the Group's financial results and reports, financial reporting and compliance procedures, internal control and risk management systems, other corporate governance matters and the appointment of the external auditor. The Audit Committee recommended to the Board that, subject to the Shareholders' approval at the forthcoming AGM of the Company, Messrs. PricewaterhouseCoopers ("Auditor") be re-appointed as the external auditor of the Group for the financial year ending December 31, 2021.

The attendance record of the four Audit Committee meetings during the Year is presented below:

Audit Committee Members

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. MA Andrew Chiu Cheung (Chairman)

Mr. CHAN Leung Choi Albert

Prof. CHAN Pak Woon David

Meeting
Attended/Held

4/4

4/4

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The Remuneration Committee was established on the Listing Date with terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include recommending to the Board the remuneration policy and structure of all the Directors and the senior management and evaluating their performance in order to make recommendations on the individual remuneration package of each of the Directors and senior management. In addition, the Remuneration Committee provides effective supervision and administration of the Company's share option scheme.

The Remuneration Committee comprises two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Chan Leung Choi Albert and Prof. Chan Pak Woon David, and an executive Director, Dr. Tan Henry. The Remuneration Committee is chaired by Mr. Chan Leung Choi Albert.

A meeting of the Remuneration Committee is required to be held at least once a year to coincide with key dates within the financial reporting and audit cycle. The chairman of the Remuneration Committee is required to report to the Board on its proceedings after each meeting on all matters within its duties and responsibilities.

The Remuneration Committee held one meeting during the Year to review and recommend to the Board the remuneration policy and structure of all Directors and the senior management.

The attendance record of the one Remuneration Committee meeting during the Year is presented below:

| Remuneration Committee Members  | Meeting<br>Attended/Held |
|---|--------------------------|
| Independent Non-Executive Directors  Mr. CHAN Leung Choi Albert (Chairman)  Prof. CHAN Pak Woon David | 1/1<br>1/1               |
| Executive Director Dr. TAN Henry  | 1/1                      |

The Remuneration Committee is authorized to investigate any matter within its terms of reference and seek any information it requires from any employee and obtain legal or other independent professional advice at the cost of the Company if it considered necessary.

Pursuant to code provision B.1.5 of the CG Code, the emolument of the members of the senior management (other than the emoluments of Directors and five highest paid individuals disclosed in notes 34(a) and 9(a) to the consolidated financial statements pursuant to Appendix 16 to the Listing Rules) paid by the Group by band for the Year is set out below:

Number of

| Emolument band                                | Individuals                   |
|---|-------------------------------|
| US\$128,205 to US\$192,308 (equivalent to HK  | \$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000) |
| US\$64,103 to US\$128,205 (equivalent to HK\$ | 500,001 to HK\$1,000,000)     |

During the Year, total Directors' remuneration amounted to approximately US\$793,000 (2019: US\$684,000). The executive Directors and senior management's compensation, including the long-term incentive, shall be based on the corporate and individual performance. Details of the remunerations of the Directors are set out in note 34(a) to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

The Nomination Committee was established on the Listing Date with written terms of reference in compliance with the requirements of the CG Code. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are to review the structure, size and composition of the Board, identify suitably qualified candidates to become members of the Board, develop the Board Diversity Policy (as defined below), assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors, and make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors.

The Nomination Committee comprises two independent non-executive Directors, namely Prof. Chan Pak Woon David and Mr. Chan Leung Choi Albert, and an executive Director, Dr. Tan Henry. The Nomination Committee is chaired by Prof. Chan Pak Woon David.

A meeting of the Nomination Committee is required to be held at least once a year. The Nomination Committee held one meeting during the Year to review the structure, size and composition of the Board, assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors and consider each retiring Director.

The attendance record of the one Nomination Committee meeting during the Year is presented below:

| Nomination Committee Members         | Meeting<br>Attended/Held |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Independent Non-Executive Directors  |                          |
| Prof. CHAN Pak Woon David (Chairman) | 1/1                      |
| Mr. CHAN Leung Choi Albert           | 1/1                      |
| Executive Director                   |                          |
| Dr. TAN Henry                        | 1/1                      |

# **Board Diversity Policy**

The Board has adopted a policy on board diversity ("Board Diversity Policy") with effect from the Listing Date which sets out the Company's approach to achieve diversity on the Board. The Company recognizes and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board as it promotes board effectiveness and enables better decisions to be made. A truly diverse Board will include and make good use of differences in the qualifications, skills, experience, gender, age, cultural and education background and other qualities of the Directors.

Under the Board Diversity Policy, diversity will be considered from all relevant aspects when determining the optimum structure, size and composition of the Board. The Board may consider other factors as appropriate from time to time, taking into account the Company's business model and specific needs. All Board appointments are ultimately made on merit and contribution that the potential candidates will bring to the Board, having due regard for the benefits of diversity and the specific needs of the Company, without focusing on a single diversity aspect.

### **Nomination Policy**

Under the director nomination policy ("**Nomination Policy**") adopted by the Board with effect from the Listing Date, when assessing and selecting candidates for directorships, the Nomination Committee will consider the following factors:

- (i) whether the individual's educational background and qualification, skills and experience are relevant to the Company's business model and specific needs;
- (ii) the individual's character and reputation for integrity;
- (iii) whether the individual would be able to devote sufficient time to the Board;
- (iv) (in respect of appointment and reappointment of independent non-executive Directors) independence of the individual with reference to the independence criteria set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules;
- (v) how the individual would be able to contribute to the diversity of the Board with reference to the factors set out in the Board Diversity Policy; and
- (vi) Board succession planning considerations.

Nevertheless, the ultimate responsibility for the selection and appointment of Directors rests with the entire Board.

#### **Nomination Procedures**

On March 23, 2020, the Nomination Committee adopted the following nomination procedures for the appointment and reappointment of Directors.

# Appointment of Directors

- (i) The Nomination Committee identifies individual(s) suitably qualified to become Board members, having due regard to the Nomination Policy and the Board Diversity Policy, and assesses the independence of the proposed independent non-executive Director(s) as appropriate;
- (ii) The Nomination Committee may use any process it deems appropriate to evaluate the candidate(s), which may include personal interviews, background checks, presentations or written submissions by the candidate(s) and third party references;
- (iii) The Nomination Committee makes recommendation(s) to the Board;
- (iv) The Board considers the individual(s) recommended by the Nomination Committee, having due regard to the Nomination Policy, the Board Diversity Policy and the corporate governance guidelines;
- (v) The Board confirms the appointment of the individual(s) as Director(s) or recommends the individual(s) to stand for election at a general meeting. Individual(s) appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board will be subject to re-election by Shareholders at the next AGM after initial appointment in accordance with the Company's Articles; and
- (vi) The Shareholders approve the election of individual(s), who stand(s) for election at general meeting, as Director(s).

### Re-appointment of Directors

- (i) The Nomination Committee considers each retiring Director, having due regard to the Nomination Policy, the Board Diversity Policy and the corporate governance guidelines, and assesses the independence of each retiring independent non-executive Director;
- (ii) The Nomination Committee makes recommendation(s) to the Board;
- (iii) The Board considers each retiring Director recommended by the Nomination Committee, having due regard to the Nomination Policy, the Board Diversity Policy and the corporate governance guidelines;
- (iv) The Board recommends the retiring Directors to stand for re-election at the annual general meeting in accordance with the Company's Articles; and
- (v) The Shareholders approve the re-election of Directors at the annual general meeting.

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance functions including:

- (i) to develop and review the Company's policies, procedures and practices on corporate governance;
- (ii) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- (iii) to review the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control system on an ongoing basis and to remedy material internal control weaknesses:
- (iv) to review and monitor the Company's policies, procedures and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (v) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors:
- (vi) to review the adequacy of resources, staff competency, training programs and budget of the Company's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions; and
- (vii) to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report in the annual report of the Company.

The Board's annual review of the Company's corporate governance practices for the Year has covered the aforesaid matters. This corporate governance report has been reviewed by the Board in fulfillment of its corporate governance responsibilities.

#### **ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT**

### **Financial reporting**

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility in publishing financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and a clear and accurate assessment of the results and cash flows for that period. The Auditor's statement regarding its reporting responsibilities in respect of the consolidated financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on page 57 to 63 of this annual report. The Directors, having made the relevant enquiries, confirm that there are no material uncertainties relating to events which may affect the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. In addition, an explanation of the basis on which the Company generates or preserves value over the longer term and the strategy for delivering the Company's objective is included in the "Chairman's Statement" and the "Management Discussion and Analysis" sections on pages 6 to 9 and pages 12 to 19 respectively.

## **Risk Management and Internal Control**

The Board acknowledges its overall responsibility for the systems of risk management and internal controls of the Company and for reviewing their effectiveness through the Audit Committee at least annually. The Board is committed to the management, identification and monitoring of risks associated with its business activities and has implemented effective and adequate risk management and internal controls systems to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and the Group's assets.

The internal control procedures of the Group feature a comprehensive budgeting and financial/management reporting system to facilitate the management's ongoing review and oversight. Business strategic plans and budgets are prepared on an annual basis by the management of individual business and subject to review and approval by the Board. During the budget setting process, the likelihood and potential financial impact of fundamental business risks have been identified, evaluated and reported by the management. Specific procedures and guidelines have been established for management approval and control of capital expenditures, mergers and acquisitions, unbudgeted items, operating expenses and other matters.

The executive Directors review the monthly management reports of major business units and the financial results and hold periodic meetings with senior finance and operational management teams to review and discuss the business performance against budget, market outlooks and to address deficiencies of any key issues on a timely basis.

The Group has adopted a principle of minimizing financial and capital risks. Details of our financial and capital risk management covering market risk (including foreign exchange risk, cash flow interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk are set out in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 86 to 91 of this annual report.

All major operations are governed by its standard operating procedures with authorization matrix and supplemented by written policies and procedures tailored to the respective business units and support functions. These policies and procedures are aimed to provide guidelines on key risk management and control standards for our global operations and are updated on a regular and timely basis.

The Group has engaged BDO to provide internal auditing service (the "Internal Audit") for the Year. BDO is an independent internal audit services provider approved and adopted by the Audit Committee. BDO acts as a significant independent resource in assisting the Audit Committee in achieving good corporate governance and exercising its oversight responsibility to ensure the effectiveness of the Group's internal control system and performing evaluation of the adequacy of the controls established to safeguard Shareholders' investment and the Group's assets on an ongoing basis. BDO has a direct reporting line to the Audit Committee.

BDO independently reviews compliance with the Group's policies and guidelines, legal and regulatory requirements, risk management and internal controls and evaluates their adequacy and effectiveness.

The Internal Audit plan is risk-based and covers the Group's significant operations over a cycle and recurring basis. The Internal Audit plan is reviewed and endorsed by the Audit Committee. Representatives from BDO attend meetings of the Audit Committee held during the Year to report its progress in achieving the Internal Audit plan. The scope of the Internal Audit covers significant controls including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management policies and procedures. Major findings and recommendations including the implementation status of agreed recommendations are reported at the Audit Committee meetings. In respect of the Year, no major issues but areas of improvement have been identified. The Directors and the Audit Committee considered that the major areas of the internal control systems of the Group are reasonably effective and adequately implemented.

As part of the annual review of the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems for the Year, management teams of business units also conducted an internal control self-assessment of business operations and relevant accounting functions and considered that sound risk management and internal control practices were in place for the Year.

The Auditor performed independent statutory audits of the Group's consolidated financial statements. The Auditor also reported to the Audit Committee that there is no significant weaknesses in our internal control which come to notice during the course of the audit.

The Group has adopted a code of business ethics which requires all Directors and employees to comply with a set of high ethical standards in conducting the business. The Company has also adopted the inside information policy setting out the guidelines for handling and dissemination of inside information to the Directors and employees of the Group in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations.

Up to the date of approval of this annual report, based on the respective assessments made by management and BDO, and also taking into account the results of the audit conducted by the Auditor, the Audit Committee and the Directors considered that:

- (i) The risk management, internal control and accounting systems of the Group are designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance that material assets are protected, business risks attributable to the Group are identified and monitored, material transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and the financial statements are reliable for publication;
- (ii) The risk management and internal controls systems of the Group have been implemented with room for improvement and BDO has actively conducted follow-up audit for any improvements which were identified; and
- (iii) There is a reasonably effective and adequate on-going process in place for identifying, evaluating and managing significant risks faced by the Group.

#### **External Auditor**

The Auditor has been appointed as the external auditor of the Company for the Year. The consolidated financial statements for the Year have been audited by the Auditor. The Audit Committee has been notified of the nature and the service charges of non-audit services performed by the Auditor and considered that such services have no adverse effect on the independence of the Auditor.

In the preceding three financial years, there has not been any change of Auditor of the Company.

During the Year, remuneration of approximately US\$218,000 was paid/payable to the Auditor for the provision of audit services. In addition, approximately US\$13,000 was paid/payable to the Auditor for other non-audit services.

### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

A summary of certain rights of the Shareholders is set out below:

### Procedures for putting forward proposals at Shareholders' meetings

There is no provision allowing Shareholders to make proposals or move resolutions at the AGM under the Articles or the laws of the Cayman Islands. Shareholders who wish to make proposals or move a resolution may, however, convene an extraordinary general meeting ("**EGM**") in accordance with the "Procedures for Shareholders to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting" set out below.

### Procedures for Shareholders to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting

Pursuant to Article 58 of the Articles, any one or more Shareholders holding (at the date of deposit of the requisition) not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary of the Company, to require an EGM to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Any written requisition to convene an EGM must state the objects of the EGM and must be signed by the requisitionist(s) concerned and deposited at the registered office of the Company (presently at 5th Floor, Nanyang Plaza, 57 Hung To Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong) marked for the attention of the Company Secretary. The requisition may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more of the requisitionist(s) concerned.

The EGM convened by the requisitionist(s) shall be convened in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which general meetings are to be convened by the Board.

# Procedures for directing Shareholders' enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may, at any time, direct questions, request for publicly available information and provide comments and suggestions to the Directors or management of the Company in writing through the Company Secretary of the Company whose contact details are as follow:

S.A.I. Leisure Group Company Limited 5th Floor, Nanyang Plaza, 57 Hung To Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Email: <u>ir@saileisuregroup.com</u>

The Company Secretary will forward the Shareholders' enquiries, comments and suggestions to the Board and/or the relevant Board Committees of the Company, where appropriate, to answer the Shareholders' questions.

In addition, Shareholders may also make enquiries to the Board at the general meetings of the Company.

Shareholders should direct their questions about their shareholdings by mail to the Company's Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong, who has been appointed by the Company to deal with Shareholders for share registration and related matters.

### Procedures for Shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director

With effect from the Listing Date, the Company adopted a formal, considered and transparent procedure for Shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director. The following procedures are subject to the Company's Articles, the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and applicable legislation and regulation:

- (i) If a Shareholder, who is entitled to attend and vote at the general meeting convened to deal with the appointment or election of Director(s), wishes to propose a person (other than himself/herself) for election as a Director at that meeting, he/she may lodge a written notice with the Company Secretary of the Company at 5/F, Nanyang Plaza, 57 Hung To Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong.
- (ii) In order for the Company to inform all Shareholders of that proposal, the written notice must state (i) his/her intention to propose such person for election as a Director, and (ii) the biographical details of such nominated candidate as required under Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules for publication by the Company and be signed by the Shareholder concerned and the person who has been proposed indicating his/her willingness to be elected.
- (iii) The period for lodgement of the above notice shall be a seven-day period commencing on a day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election of Director(s). If the Directors should determine and notify the Shareholders of a different period for lodgement of the above notice, such period shall in any event be a period of not less than seven days, commencing no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and ending no later than seven days prior to the date of such general meeting.
- (iv) Upon receipt of the above notice from a Shareholder which is received after publication of the notice of general meeting, the Company shall, prior to the general meeting, publish an announcement or issue a supplementary circular disclosing the particulars of the proposed Director pursuant to Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules.

For Shareholders who would like to nominate a person for election as a Director at the forthcoming AGM, please refer to the notice of the AGM to be published for further information on the relevant nomination period.

### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Company intends to maintain a balance between rewarding the Shareholders and retaining adequate capital for development and operation of the Company's business. The Company has adopted a dividend policy ("**Dividend Policy**"), pursuant to which the Company may declare and distribute dividends to the Shareholders. The recommendation of the payment of any dividend is subject to the discretion of the Board, and any declaration of final dividend will be subject to the approval of the Shareholders.

According to the Dividend Policy, in deciding whether to declare or recommend a dividend, the Board shall consider the following factors:

- (i) the general financial condition of the Group;
- (ii) the actual and future operations and liquidity positions of the Group;
- (iii) the future cash requirements and availability;
- (iv) any restrictions on payment of dividends that may be imposed by the Group's lenders;
- (v) the general market conditions;
- (vi) the future development of the Group; and
- (vii) any other factor that the Board deems appropriate.

The Dividend Policy will be reviewed from time to time and there is no assurance that a dividend will be proposed or declared in any specific period.

#### **COMPLIANCE ADVISER**

With effect from the Listing Date and during the Year, the Company has appointed Elstone Capital Limited as its compliance adviser ("Compliance Adviser") to provide guidance and advice to the Company in respect of compliance with the Listing Rules and other laws, regulations and practice governing listed issuers in Hong Kong, including but not limited to various requirements relating to Directors' duties and internal controls. The Compliance Adviser, its directors, employees and close associates have no interests in relation to the Company, which is required to be notified to the Company pursuant to the Listing Rules.

### **COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS**

The Board believes the importance of maintaining transparent, timely and effective communication with the Shareholders and investors of the Company. Effective communication with Shareholders enables Shareholders to have a clear assessment of the Group's performance and establishes investor confidence and enables them to engage actively with the Company and exercise their rights as shareholders in an informed manner. Major means of communication with the Shareholders adopted by the Company are as follows:

### Financial and other reporting

The Company reports operating results on a half-yearly basis and produces interim and annual reports in accordance with the Listing Rules and other applicable laws and regulations. From time to time, the Company communicates other information to Shareholders by way of Company's announcement and/or circular, in compliance with the relevant regulatory requirements or otherwise.

### Disclosure of information on corporate website

All material information in both English and Chinese about the Group is made available on the Company's website (<a href="www.saileisuregroup.com">www.saileisuregroup.com</a>). In addition to a dedicated "Investor Relations" section in which the annual reports, interim reports, announcements and circulars of the Company are posted as soon as practicable following their release to the Stock Exchange on the website of HKEX, relevant press releases and speeches are also made available on the Company's website to facilitate communication between the Company, Shareholders and the investment community.

#### **General meetings with Shareholders**

The annual general meetings and other general meetings of the Company are the primary forum for communication with Shareholders and for Shareholders' participation. Voting at general meetings is conducted by way of poll in accordance with the Listing Rules. The poll results will be published on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company after the conclusion of the general meetings. The Company encourages Shareholders to participate in shareholders' meetings physically or to appoint proxies to attend and vote at such meetings for and on their behalf if they are unable to attend.

The 2021 AGM of the Company will be held on June 2, 2021. The notice of the AGM will be sent to the Shareholders at least 20 clear business days before the AGM. The Chairman and members of the Board and chairmen of the various Board committees or their duly appointed delegates will attend the forthcoming AGM to answer questions raised by the Shareholders.

## **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

Pursuant to a special resolution of the then Shareholders passed on April 9, 2019, the amended and restated Memorandum of Association (the "**Memorandum**") and the amended and restated Articles of the Company were adopted with effect from the Listing Date. Save as disclosed above, there was no change in the constitutional documents of the Company during the Year. The Memorandum and Articles are available on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

To the Shareholders of S.A.I. Leisure Group Company Limited (incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

#### What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of S.A.I. Leisure Group Company Limited (the "**Company**") and its subsidiaries (the "**Group**") set out on pages 64 to 131, which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies.

### **Our opinion**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

## **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters identified in our audit are related to (i) impairment loss on property, plant and equipment of hotels and retail store assets and (ii) provision for inventories.

### **Key Audit Matter**

# Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment of hotels and retail store assets

Refer to Note 4(iv) and 15 to the consolidated financial statements

The Group had US\$54,719,000 of property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) as at December 31, 2020, of which approximately US\$52,588,000 and US\$1,727,000 were attributable to its hotels and retail stores, respectively. The carrying amounts of the hotels and retail stores assets are written down to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Management regards each hotel and individual retail store as a separately identifiable cash-generating unit and monitors their financial performance for the existence of impairment indicators, such as trading performance is below expectation or store is loss making.

Management carried out an impairment assessment for the hotels and retail store assets which has an impairment indicator and as a result an impairment loss of US\$2,774,000 has been recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year. The recoverable amounts of the assets are determined by value-in-use calculations using discounted cash flow projections based on the financial forecasts approved by management covering the remaining tenure of the lease.

# How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

We performed the following procedures to evaluate management's assessment process for identifying hotels and retail store assets with impairment indicator:

- a. Obtaining an understanding of the management's internal control and assessment process in identifying the indicators of potential impairment and estimating the recoverable amount of hotels and retail stores, and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors such as complexity, subjectivity, changes and susceptibility to management bias or fraud:
- b. Challenging the judgments made in the identification of impairment indicators; and
- c. Comparing current year's performance of hotels and retail stores with impairment indicators to the prior year's performance.

## **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (Continued)

#### **Kev Audit Matter**

# Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment of hotels and retail store assets (Continued)

We focused on this area because significant estimation and judgment were involved in deciding whether a hotel or retail store has an impairment indicator and in determining the recoverable amounts of the relevant hotels and retail store assets.

### How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

We tested the impairment calculation by performing the following procedures:

- a. Comparing the forecasted sales performance to the approved business plan, and compared estimated running costs to the historical records;
- b. Challenging management in relation to key assumptions in their business plan and evaluated the key assumptions (such as revenue growth rate, gross profit margin and operating costs) applied by comparing them to historical information and our understanding of latest market information and conditions:
- Testing the discount rates with reference to our understanding of the business including the future business plans of the relevant hotels and retail stores and comparisons to other similar companies; and
- d. Recomputing the impairment loss calculation.

Based on our work performed, we found the impairment assessment of hotels and retail store assets made by the management to be supported by available evidence.

### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (Continued)

#### **Kev Audit Matter**

### Provision for inventories

Refer to Note 2.14, 4(iii) and 19 to the consolidated financial statements

As at December 31, 2020, the Group held inventories of US\$4,657,000. A net provision for inventories of US\$578,000 was charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2020. As described in the accounting policy in Note 2.14 to the consolidated financial statements, inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

The Group's inventories are subject to changing consumer demands and market trends, increasing the level of judgment involved in estimating provision for inventories.

We focused on this area because of magnitude of the inventories and judgment is required to assess the appropriate level of provisioning for items which may be ultimately written off or sold below cost as a result of a reduction in consumer demand particularly in light of the current volatile retail market situation.

### How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

We performed the following procedures to evaluate the provision for inventories:

- a. Obtaining an understanding of the management's internal control and assessment process of provision for inventories and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors such as complexity, subjectivity, changes and susceptibility to management bias or fraud;
- Assessing the appropriateness of the Group's inventory provisioning policy with respect to the inventories by category based on ageing together with the historical sales records which reflected the expected life cycle of similar products;
- c. Comparing the net realizable value of the inventories held at year end, on a sample basis, to latest selling prices by examining the sales invoices; where there are no subsequent sales of the respective inventories after the balance sheet date, we challenged management as to the realizable value of the inventories, corroborating explanations with the ageing and marketability of the respective inventories as appropriate; and
- d. Testing the accuracy of ageing profile of inventories used in the inventory provision and recalculated the inventory provision as at year end based on the Group's provisioning policy.

Based on the above procedures performed, we consider management's judgment and estimates in the assessment of provision for inventories, supported by the available evidence.

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## (Continued)

From the matters communicated with Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Cheung Kin Bong.

## **PricewaterhouseCoopers**

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, March 30, 2021

# **Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income**

For the year ended December 31, 2020

|   |      | 2020     | 2019     |
|---|------|----------|----------|
|   | Note | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
|   |      |          |          |
| Revenue   | 6    | 40,784   | 98,699   |
| Cost of inventories sold  | 8    | (7,933)  | (16,617) |
| Food and beverage costs   | 8    | (1,237)  | (6,337)  |
| Employee benefit expenses                                       | 8    | (13,571) | (24,962) |
| Utilities, repairs and maintenance                              | 8    | (3,697)  | (7,000)  |
| Other gains/(losses), net                                       | 7    | 70       | (265)    |
| Operating and other expenses                                    | 8    | (26,610) | (32,938) |
|   |      |          |          |
| Operating (loss)/profit   |      | (12,194) | 10,580   |
| Finance income  | 10   | 298      | 427      |
| Finance costs   | 10   | (883)    | (737)    |
| Tillalice costs   | 10   | (863)    | (131)    |
| Finance costs, net  | 10   | (585)    | (310)    |
| (Loss)/profit before income tax                                 |      | (12,779) | 10,270   |
| Income tax credit/(expense)                                     | 11   | 2,017    | (95)     |
| (Loss)/profit for the year                                      |      | (10,762) | 10,175   |
| Other comprehensive income                                      |      |          |          |
| Item that may be reclassified to profit or loss                 |      |          |          |
| Change in value of debt investment at fair value through        |      |          |          |
| other comprehensive income                                      |      | 1        | 3        |
|   |      |          |          |
| Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year                  |      | (10,761) | 10,178   |
|   |      |          |          |
| (Loss)/profit attributable to:                                  |      | (0.000)  | 10.100   |
| Owners of the Company   |      | (9,320)  | 10,100   |
| Non-controlling interests                                       |      | (1,442)  | 75       |
|   |      | (10,762) | 10,175   |
|   |      |          |          |
| Total comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to:              |      |          |          |
| Owners of the Company   |      | (9,319)  | 10,103   |
| Non-controlling interests                                       |      | (1,442)  | 75       |
|   |      |          |          |
|   |      | (10,761) | 10,178   |
| (Loss)/earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company |      |          |          |
| Basic and diluted (US cents)                                    | 13   | (2.6)    | 3.1      |
|   |      | , ,      |          |

The notes on pages 70 to 131 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

As at December 31, 2020

|  |          | 2020            | 2019           |
|--|----------|-----------------|----------------|
|  | Note     | US\$'000        | US\$'000       |
|  |          |                 |                |
| ASSETS   |          |                 |                |
| Non-current assets   |          |                 |                |
| Property, plant and equipment                                    | 15       | 54,719          | 51,478         |
| Investment properties  | 16       | 2,228           | 2,507          |
| Intangible assets  | 17       | 229             | 357            |
| Deferred income tax assets                                       | 27       | 3,290           | 2,035          |
| Deposits   | 21       | 934             | 681            |
| Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income | 18       | 508             | 507            |
|  | _        |                 |                |
|  |          | 61,908          | 57,565         |
|  |          | 01,000          | 07,000         |
| O  |          |                 |                |
| Current assets Inventories                                       | 10       | 4.057           | 0.000          |
| Trade receivables  | 19       | 4,657           | 8,290          |
|  | 20<br>21 | 15,251          | 3,551<br>2,668 |
| Deposits, prepayments and other receivables                      |          | 1,106<br>4      |                |
| Amounts due from related parties                                 | 30(d)    |                 | 50             |
| Income tax recoverable   | 22       | 2,561<br>38,164 | 2,461          |
| Cash and cash equivalents  |          | 30,104          | 56,602         |
|  |          |                 |                |
|  |          | 61,743          | 73,622         |
|  |          |                 |                |
| Total assets   |          | 123,651         | 131,187        |
|  |          |                 |                |
| EQUITY   |          |                 |                |
| Equity attributable to owners of the Company                     |          |                 |                |
| Share capital  | 23       | 461             | 461            |
| Share premium  | 23       | 38,122          | 38,122         |
| Capital reserve  | 24       | 27,006          | 27,006         |
| Other reserve  | 24       | 4,840           | 4,839          |
| Retained earnings  | 21       | 21,471          | 31,801         |
| Tiotainos outilingo  |          | ≥1, T11         | 01,001         |
|  |          | 91,900          | 100 000        |
| Non controlling interests  | 25       |                 | 102,229        |
| Non-controlling interests  | 20       | (85)            | 1,357          |
|  |          |                 |                |
| Total equity   |          | 91,815          | 103,586        |
|  | _        |                 |                |

# **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

As at December 31, 2020

|                                 | Note  | 2020<br>US\$'000 | 2019<br>US\$'000 |
|---------------------------------|-------|------------------|------------------|
| LIABILITIES                     |       |                  |                  |
| Non-current liabilities         |       |                  |                  |
| Lease liabilities               | 15    | 17,585           | 14,714           |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | 27    | _                | 762              |
|                                 |       |                  |                  |
|                                 |       | 17,585           | 15,476           |
|                                 |       |                  |                  |
| Current liabilities             |       |                  |                  |
| Trade and other payables        | 26    | 12,006           | 9,086            |
| Contract liabilities            | 6     | _                | 413              |
| Lease liabilities               | 15    | 2,003            | 2,481            |
| Amounts due to related parties  | 30(d) | 213              | 70               |
| Income tax payable              |       | 29               | 75               |
|                                 |       |                  |                  |
|                                 |       | 14,251           | 12,125           |
|                                 |       |                  |                  |
| Total liabilities               |       | 31,836           | 27,601           |
|                                 |       |                  |                  |
| Total equity and liabilities    |       | 123,651          | 131,187          |

The consolidated financial statements on pages 64 to 131 were approved by the Board of Directors on March 30, 2021 and were signed on its behalf.

Dr. Tan Siu Lin
Dr. Tan Henry
Director
Director

The notes on pages 70 to 131 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

For the year ended December 31, 2020

| Attributable | to | owners | of the | Company |
|--------------|----|--------|--------|---------|
|--------------|----|--------|--------|---------|

| Share   Share   Capital   Other   Retained   controlling   capital   premium   reserve   reserve   earnings   Subtotal   interests   Total   US\$'000   US\$  |  |           | / ttilibut | abic to ownici | 3 01 1110 00111 | parry    |          |             |          |
|--|--|-----------|------------|----------------|-----------------|----------|----------|-------------|----------|
| capital US\$'000         premium VS\$'000         reserve VS\$'000         earnings VS\$'000         Subtotal VS\$'000         interests VS\$'000         Total VS\$'000           (Note 23)         (Note 23)         (Note 24)         (Note 24)         (Note 24)         US\$'000         US\$'000 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>   |  |           |            |                |                 |          |          |             |          |
| US\$'000 US\$'00 |  | Share     | Share      | Capital        | Other           |          |          | controlling |          |
| (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 24) (Note 24)  Balance at January 1, 2019  - 27,006 4,809 21,701 53,516 1,609 55,125   |  | capital   |            | reserve        | reserve         | earnings | Subtotal |             | Total    |
| <b>Balance at January 1, 2019</b> – – 27,006 4,809 21,701 53,516 1,609 55,125  |  | US\$'000  | US\$'000   | US\$'000       | US\$'000        | US\$'000 | US\$'000 | US\$'000    | US\$'000 |
|  |  | (Note 23) | (Note 23)  | (Note 24)      | (Note 24)       |          |          |             |          |
| Profit for the year – – 10.100 10.100 75 10.175  | Balance at January 1, 2019               | -         | -          | 27,006         | 4,809           | 21,701   | 53,516   | 1,609       | 55,125   |
| 10,100 10,100  | Profit for the year                      | _         | _          | _              | _               | 10,100   | 10,100   | 75          | 10,175   |
| Other comprehensive income:  Changes in value of debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive  | Changes in value of debt investments at  |           |            |                |                 |          |          |             |          |
| income   | income                                   |           | _          | _              | 3               |          | 3        | _           | 3        |
| Total comprehensive income         -         -         -         3         10,100         10,103         75         10,178   | Total comprehensive income               |           | <u>_</u>   | <u>_</u>       | 3               | 10,100   | 10,103   | 75          | 10,178   |
| Transactions with owners in their  | Transactions with owners in their        |           |            |                |                 |          |          |             |          |
| capacity as owners:  | capacity as owners:                      |           |            |                |                 |          |          |             |          |
| Issue of shares by Capitalization Issue 346 (346)  | Issue of shares by Capitalization Issue  | 346       | (346)      | _              | _               | _        | _        | _           | _        |
| Issue of shares pursuant to public   | Issue of shares pursuant to public       |           |            |                |                 |          |          |             |          |
| offering 115 40,731 40,846 - 40,846  | offering                                 | 115       | 40,731     | _              | _               | _        | 40,846   | _           | 40,846   |
| Listing expenses related to the issue of   | Listing expenses related to the issue of |           |            |                |                 |          |          |             |          |
| new shares - (2,263) (2,263) - (2,263)   | new shares                               | _         | (2,263)    | _              | _               | _        | (2,263)  | _           | (2,263)  |
| Transactions with non-controlling  | Transactions with non-controlling        |           |            |                |                 |          |          |             |          |
| interests 27 - 27 (327) (300)  | interests                                | _         | _          | _              | 27              | _        | 27       | (327)       | (300)    |
|  |  |           |            |                |                 |          |          |             |          |
| <b>Total transactions with owners</b> 461 38,122 - 27 - 38,610 (327) 38,283  | Total transactions with owners           | 461       | 38,122     | _              | 27              | _        | 38,610   | (327)       | 38,283   |
|  |  |           |            |                |                 |          |          |             |          |
| Balance at December 31, 2019         461         38,122         27,006         4,839         31,801         102,229         1,357         103,586  | Balance at December 31, 2019             | 461       | 38,122     | 27,006         | 4,839           | 31,801   | 102,229  | 1,357       | 103,586  |

# **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

For the year ended December 31, 2020

|  |   | Attributa                                 | able to owne                                | rs of the Coi                             | mpany                            |                      |  |                   |
|--|---|---|---|---|----------------------------------|----------------------|--|-------------------|
|  | Share<br>capital<br>US\$'000<br>(Note 23) | Share<br>premium<br>US\$'000<br>(Note 23) | Capital<br>reserve<br>US\$'000<br>(Note 24) | Other<br>reserve<br>US\$'000<br>(Note 24) | Retained<br>earnings<br>US\$'000 | Subtotal<br>US\$'000 | Non-<br>controlling<br>interests<br>US\$'000 | Total<br>US\$'000 |
| Balance at January 1, 2020   | 461                                       | 38,122                                    | 27,006                                      | 4,839                                     | 31,801                           | 102,229              | 1,357  | 103,586           |
| Loss for the year Other comprehensive income: Changes in value of debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive | -   | -   | -   | -   | (9,320)                          | (9,320)              | (1,442)                                      | (10,762)          |
| income   | _   | _   | _   | 1   | _                                | 1                    | _  | 1                 |
| Total comprehensive income/(loss)  |   | <u>-</u>                                  | <del>-</del>                                | 1   | (9,320)                          | (9,319)              | (1,442)                                      | (10,761)          |
| Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:  Dividend declared   | _   | _   | _   | _   | (1,010)                          | (1,010)              | _  | (1,010)           |
| Balance at December 31, 2020   | 461                                       | 38,122                                    | 27,006                                      | 4,840                                     | 21,471                           | 91,900               | (85)   | 91,815            |

The notes on pages 70 to 131 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

For the year ended December 31, 2020

| Note   | 2020<br>US\$'000                                     | 2019<br>US\$'000                                       |
|--|--|--|
| Cash flows from operating activities  Net cash (used in)/generated from operations  Income tax refunded  |  | 18,871<br>245  |
| Income tax paid  | (146)  | (240)  |
| Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities   | (2,897)  | 18,876   |
| Cash flows from investing activities  Purchase of property, plant and equipment  Purchase of investment properties  Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment  Acquisition of intangible assets  Purchase of financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income Interest received  Net cash used in investing activities | (12,926)<br>(6)<br>88<br>(8)<br>—<br>298<br>(12,554) | (2,242)<br>-<br>125<br>(60)<br>(504)<br>417<br>(2,264) |
| Cash flows from financing activities  Proceeds from issue of new ordinary shares upon listing  Transaction costs attributable to issuance of ordinary shares  Principal elements of lease payments  Interest paid  Payment of consideration for the acquisition of additional interests in subsidiaries  Dividend paid                               | -<br>(1,125)<br>(852)<br>-<br>(1,010)                | 40,846<br>(2,263)<br>(2,348)<br>(737)<br>(300)         |
| Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities   | (2,987)  | 35,198   |
| Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents   | (18,438)   | 51,810   |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year   | 56,602   | 4,792  |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year 22  | 38,164   | 56,602   |

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

S.A.I. Leisure Group Company Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on October 18, 2018 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law Cap.22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The address of the Company's registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands, and its principal place of business is at 5th Floor, Nanyang Plaza, 57 Hung To Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries (together, the "**Group**") are principally engaged in hotels and resorts operations in Saipan and Guam, travel retail business of luxury and leisure clothing and accessories in Saipan, Guam and Hawaii and provision of destination services in Saipan (collectively, the "**Businesses**"). The immediate holding company and intermediate holding company of the Company are THC Leisure Holdings Limited ("**THC Leisure**") and Tan Holdings Corporation ("**Tan Holdings**"), respectively. Dr. Tan Siu Lin and Dr. Tan Henry (the son of Dr. Tan Siu Lin) are ultimate controlling parties.

The Company has had its shares listed (the "Listing") on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited since May 16, 2019 (the "Listing Date").

This consolidated financial statements are presented in United States dollars ("US\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand ("US\$'000"), unless otherwise stated.

#### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and disclosure requirements of the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622 of the laws of Hong Kong). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income, which are carried at fair value.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

### (a) New and amended standards and interpretations adopted by the Group

The Group has applied the following new and amended standards for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing January 1, 2020:

Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018 Revised conceptual framework for financial reporting

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8 Definition of Material

Amendments to HKFRS 3 Definition of a Business

Amendments to HKAS 39, HKFRS 7 and HKFRS 9 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform

The adoption of these amendments to standards and revised framework does not have any significant change to the accounting policies or any significant effect on the results and financial position of the Group.

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended December 31, 2020

### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **2.1** Basis of preparation (Continued)

### (b) New and amended standards not yet adopted by the Group

Certain new accounting standards and amendments to standards have been published that are not mandatory for December 31, 2020 reporting period and have not been early adopted by the Group.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after

| Amendments to HKFRS 10 and | Sale or contribution of assets between an                   | To be announced |
|----------------------------|---|-----------------|
| HKAS 28                    | investor and its associate or joint venture                 |                 |
| Amendments to HKFRS 3      | Reference to the Conceptual Framework                       | January 1, 2022 |
| Amendments to HKAS 16      | Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before intended use | January 1, 2022 |
| Amendments to HKAS 37      | Onerous Contracts — Cost of Fulfilling a Contract           | January 1, 2022 |
| Annual Improvements        | Annual Improvements to HKFRS Standards 2018 – 2020          | January 1, 2022 |
| Amendments to HKAS 1       | Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-<br>current | January 1, 2023 |
| HKFRS 17                   | Insurance contracts   | January 1, 2023 |

The Group will adopt the new and amended standards and interpretations when they become effective. Management is in the process of assessing the impact of these new and amended standards and interpretations to existing HKFRSs and none of these is expected to have a significant effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

# (c) Early adoption of amendments to standard during the year ended December 31, 2020 where early adoption is permitted

The following amendments to HKFRSs, which is applicable to the Group but are not yet effective for the current period, have been early adopted in the current year:

Amendments to HKFRS 16

COVID-19 — Related Rent Concessions

The amendment provides an optional practical expedient allowing lessees to elect not to assess whether a rent concession related to COVID-19 is a lease modification. Lessees adopting this election may account for qualifying rent concessions in the same way as they would if they were not lease modifications. The practical expedient only applies to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and only if all of the following conditions are met: (i) the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change; (ii) any reduction in lease payments affects only payments due on or before 30 June 2021; and (iii) there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

The Group has applied the practical expedient to all qualifying COVID-19-related rent concessions. Rent concessions totaling US\$952,000 have been accounted for as negative variable lease payments and recognized in operating and other expenses in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2020 with a corresponding adjustment to the lease liabilities.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.2 Consolidation

Subsidiaries are all entities (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has right to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations not under common control. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

The Group recognizes any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. Non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation are measured at either fair value or the present ownership interests' proportionate share in the recognized amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRS. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such re-measurement are recognized in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognized at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognized in accordance with HKFRS 9 in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognized directly in consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealized gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **2.2 Consolidation** (Continued)

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions — that is, as transactions with the owners of the subsidiary in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying amount of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognized in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. It means the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

#### 2.3 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

#### 2.4 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker (the "CODM"). The CODM, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors who make strategic decisions.

#### 2.5 Foreign currency translation

#### (i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in US\$, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

#### (ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognized in profit or loss.

All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within "Other gains/(losses), net".

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **2.5** Foreign currency translation (Continued)

#### (iii) Group companies

The results and financial position of foreign operations (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- income and expenses for each statement of total comprehensive income are translated at average
  exchange rates (unless this is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates
  prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of
  the transactions); and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of any net investment in foreign entities, and of borrowings and other financial instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are recognized in other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is sold or any borrowings forming part of the net investment are repaid, the associated exchange differences are reclassified to profit or loss, as part of the gain or loss on sale.

## 2.6 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs to their residual values over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings 20 to 48 years

Renovation and leasehold improvements Shorter of lease term or 10 to 15 years

Plant and machinery 5 to 10 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment 3 to 5 years
Motor vehicles 3 to 5 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 2.10).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with carrying amount and are recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.7 Construction-in-progress

Construction-in-progress represents property, plant and equipment under construction and pending installation and is stated at cost. Cost includes the expenditure that is directly attributable to the construction of the items. No depreciation is made on construction in progress until such time as the relevant assets are completed and ready for intended use. When the assets concerned are brought into use, the costs are transferred to property, plant and equipment and depreciated in accordance with the policy as stated in Note 2.6.

#### 2.8 Investment properties

Properties that are held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that are not occupied by the Group, are classified as investment property.

The Group's investment properties comprise buildings located in Saipan and Guam, which is measured initially at their costs, including the related transaction costs and where applicable, borrowing costs.

After initial recognition, investment property is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any provision for impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the properties. The building portion of investment properties is depreciated over their estimated useful lives of 20 to 48 years.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized to the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

An investment property shall be derecognized on disposal or when investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal. Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of investment property shall be determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and shall be recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the period of the retirement or disposal.

#### 2.9 Intangible assets

Intangible assets represent computer software licenses and brand franchises and distribution rights that are acquired by the Group are stated at cost less accumulated amortization (where the estimated useful life is finite) and impairment losses (Note 2.10). Brand franchises and distribution rights are agreements entered into with the brand owners by the Group in the capacity as franchisee.

Costs associated with developing or maintaining computer software programs are recognized as an expense as incurred. Costs incurred to acquire and bring specific computer software licenses to working condition are capitalized.

Variable franchisee fee paid to certain brand owners are not recognized upon initial recognition but expensed as incurred.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.9 Intangible assets (Continued)

Amortization of intangible assets with finite useful lives is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives. The following intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortized from the date they are available for use and their estimated useful lives are as follows:

Computer software

5 years

#### 2.10 Impairment of non-financial assets

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets ("cash-generating units"). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

#### 2.11 Financial assets

#### (a) Classification

Financial asset is classified in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income ("OCI"), or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortized cost.

The classification depends on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

#### (b) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.11 Financial assets (Continued)

#### (c) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

Amortized cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognized directly in profit or loss and presented in "Other gains/(losses), net" together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.

FVOCI: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognized in "Other gains/(losses), net". Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in "Other gains/(losses), net" and impairment expenses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.

FVPL: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at FVPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVPL is recognized in profit or loss and presented net within "Other gains/(losses), net" in the period in which it arises.

Management has assessed the business model for the debt investments, and the Group elected to present in other comprehensive income for the fair value changes of all debt investments, as management considered that all debt investments are held within a portfolio with the objective by both collecting contractual cash flows that meet the "solely payments of principal and interest" criterion and selling financial assets.

#### (d) Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortized cost and FVOCI. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables without a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires to recognize the lifetime expected credit losses.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.12 Financial liabilities

#### (a) Recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified as financial liabilities at amortized cost. Financial liabilities at amortized cost are recognized initially at fair value net of transaction costs incurred and subsequently stated at amortized cost. Any difference between proceeds net of transaction costs and the redemption value is recognized in the profit or loss over the period of the financial liabilities using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

#### (b) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled, expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such as exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognized in profit or loss.

#### 2.13 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet where the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or the counterparty.

#### 2.14 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first out ("FIFO") method and comprises all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Hotel consumables including linens and toiletries are expensed-off as incurred.

#### 2.15 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade receivables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. See Note 2.11 for further information about the Group's accounting for trade receivables and a description of the Group's impairment policies.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.16 Contract liabilities

Upon entering into a contract with a customer, the Group obtains right to receive consideration from the customer and assumes performance obligations to transfer goods or provide services to the customer. The combination of those rights and performance obligations give rise to a net asset or a net liability depending on the relationship between the remaining rights and the performance obligations. Contract liabilities are recognized for services to be provided to customers represented by the excess of consideration received from the customers according to agreed customer billing schedules over cumulative revenue recognized.

#### 2.17 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### 2.18 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### 2.19 Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade payables and other payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade and other payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

#### 2.20 Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

#### (a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Company's subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.20 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

#### (b) Deferred income tax

Inside basis differences

Deferred income tax is recognized, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax are not recognized if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

#### Outside basis differences

Deferred income tax liabilities are provided on taxable temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized on deductible temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries only to the extent that it is probable the temporary difference will reverse in the future and there is sufficient taxable profit available against which the temporary difference can be utilized.

#### (c) Offsetting

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

#### 2.21 Employee benefits

#### (a) Pension obligations

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

During the year, the employees in Saipan, Guam and Hawaii are required to participate in a defined contribution pension scheme as defined in subsection 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. The subsidiary may make matching or non-elective contributions to the plan on behalf of eligible employees that is limited to a maximum pre-tax annual contribution of US\$19,500 (2019: US\$19,000) for the year ended December 31, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **2.21 Employee benefits** (Continued)

#### (b) Profit-sharing and bonus plan

The Group recognizes a liability and an expense for bonuses and profit-sharing based on a formula that takes into consideration the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders after certain adjustments. The Group recognizes a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

#### (c) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the Group before the normal retirement date, or when an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognizes termination benefits at the earlier of the following dates: (a) when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits; and (b) when the entity recognizes costs for a restructuring that is within the scope of HKAS 37 and involves the payment of terminations benefits. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period are discounted to present value.

#### 2.22 Provision

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognized even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

#### 2.23 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when or as the control of the goods or service is transferred to the customer. Depending on the terms of the contract and laws that apply to the contract, control of the goods and services may be transferred over time or at a point in time.

Revenue is recognized when a performance obligation is satisfied by transferring control of the promised products or services to a customer in an amount that reflects the consideration expected to be collected in exchange for those products or services. The revenue recognition of the Group is determined through the following five steps:

- (i) Identification of the contract, or contracts, with a customer;
- (ii) Identification of the performance obligations in the contract;
- (iii) Determination of the transaction price;
- (iv) Allocation of the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract;
- (v) Recognition of revenue when, or as, a performance obligation is satisfied.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.23 Revenue recognition (Continued)

At contract inception, it is performed that the assessment and the identification of a performance obligation for each promise to transfer to the customer a product or a service (or bundle of products or services) that is distinct. To identify the performance obligations, the Group considers all the products and services promised in the contract with the customer based on the Group's customary business practices, published policies, or specific statements.

The Group determines whether control of a product or a service is transferred to a customer over time or at a point in time based on the analysis of the following three criteria. Revenue is recognized over time if any of such criteria are met that the Group:

- provide all of the benefits received and consumed simultaneously by the customer; or
- create and enhance an asset that the customer controls as the Group perform; or
- do not create an asset with an alternative use of the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

A performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time if none of the above criteria for satisfying a performance obligation over time are met.

The Group recognizes incremental costs incurred in obtaining contracts with customers as contract costs if those costs are expected to be recoverable. The contract costs are amortized on a basis consistent with the pattern of the transfer of the goods or services to which the asset relates. As a practical expedient, the Group recognizes the incremental costs of obtaining a contract as an expense when incurred as the amortization period of the asset that the Group otherwise would have recognized is one year or less.

In instances where the revenue is determined to be recognized over time, the Group will measure its progress toward complete satisfaction to determine the timing of revenue recognition in a pattern that reflects the transfer of control of the promised product or service to the customer. The Group mainly employs the following two methods for measuring progress:

- Output methods, that recognize revenue based on direct measurements of the value transferred to the customer; or
- Input methods, that recognize revenue based on the Group's efforts to satisfy the performance obligation.

An entity is a principle if it controls the promised products or services before they are transferred to the customer. An entity is an agent if its role is to arrange for another entity to provide goods or service. The principal recognizes as revenue the "gross" amount paid by the customer for the specified product and service. The agent recognizes as revenue the commission or fee earned for facilitating the transfer of the specified goods or services (the "net" amount).

The application of the Group's revenue recognition policies and a description of the principal activities, organized by segment, from which the Group generates its revenue, are presented below.

A contract liability is the Group's obligation to render the services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration from the customer.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.23 Revenue recognition (Continued)

The Group recognizes revenue when the specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities, as described below.

#### (a) Hotel and hospitality

Hotel and hospitality includes full service hotels operation and select service hotels operation within which the Group provides hotel accommodations, food and beverage and other hospitality in Saipan and Guam.

The Group self-operates all its hotels. Room revenue is recognized over time in the accounting period in which the hotel accommodation services are transferred to the customer.

The Group sells the rooms directly either to tour operators on a wholesales basis, traditional travel agents ("TTAs"), corporate customers and individuals. The Group also sells the rooms through the online travel agents ("OTAs") to the end customers. On this basis, tour operators, TTAs, corporate customer and individuals are accounted for as the Group's customers. The Group has an agency relationship with OTAs whereby OTAs would book the room when they receive customers' order and in return receive fixed rate commission for their service. As such, the Group regards OTAs as the agents of the Group and their endguests as the Group's customers. Revenue is recognized based on the amount received from the endguests and payment made to the OTAs is recorded as commission expenses.

For the room revenue sold to the TTAs, a credit term of 30 days from the date of issue of invoice to the TTAs is granted. Invoices are issued to the TTAs twice a month. For the sale with OTAs, payment are either settled by the end-guests upon check-out by end-guests or settled by OTAs on a monthly basis. For certain sale with corporate customers, a credit term of 30 days is granted.

Revenue from food and beverage recognized at a point of time when the food and beverage are delivered to the customers.

Rental income received or receivable under operating leases is recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease terms. Contingent rentals are recognized as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

### (b) Retail sales of luxury and leisure clothing and accessories, souvenirs and others

The Group procures merchandises from suppliers and sells products directly to customers in their self-operated boutiques, in which the revenue is recognized at a point of time when the control of the products is transferred to the customers, being when the goods are sold to the customers, there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customers' acceptance of the goods, the customer has obtained the physical possession or the legal title of the goods and the Group has present right to payment. The Group controls the products in these transactions and, therefore, the Group is the principal and revenue is recognized on a gross basis. The Group does not provide any sales-related warranties. There is no right of return by customers under the Group's standard contract terms.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.23 Revenue recognition (Continued)

#### (c) Excursion tour operation and land arrangement services

The Group provides short-term self-operated excursion tour operation and land arrangement services for the tourists in Saipan. Revenue for excursion tours is recognized over time in accounting period in which the control of services are transferred to the customer because the customer simultaneously receives and consumes benefits provided by the Group's performance as it performs. Payment is made to the Group before the customers enjoy the tour service.

Commission income for the land arrangement activities is recognized when the services are rendered to the customers. The Group considered that it is an agent in providing these services. Payment is made in advance by the time the reservation is confirmed by the Group.

#### 2.24 Leases

Leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date, and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases held by the Group, which does not have recent third party financing, and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.24 Leases (Continued)

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- any initial direct costs, and
- restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases of retail stores and all leases of low-value assets are recognized on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

Lease income from operating leases where the Group is a lessor is recognized in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term (Note 16). Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying asset and recognized as expense over the lease term on the same basis as lease income. The respective leased assets are included in the consolidated statement of financial position based on their nature.

#### 2.25 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the shareholders is recognized as a liability in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the entity's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

Dividend proposed or declared after the reporting period but before the financial statements are authorized for issue, are disclosed as a non-adjusting event and are not recognized as liability at the end of the reporting period.

#### 2.26 Interest income

Interest income on financial assets at amortized cost calculated using the effective interest method is recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as part of finance income.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group is exposed to various kinds of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, cash flow and fair value interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

#### (i) Market risk

#### (a) Foreign currency risk

Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the functional currency of the relevant group entity.

The Group mainly operate in Saipan, Guam, Hawaii and Hong Kong with most of the transactions settled in US\$ and Hong Kong dollars ("**HK\$**"). Foreign exchange rate risk arises when recognized financial assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency.

As HK\$ is pegged to US\$, the directors considered the foreign exchange risk on HK\$ to the Group is minimal.

As at December 31, 2020, the financial assets and liabilities of the subsidiaries of the Group in Saipan, Guam and Hawaii are primarily denominated in US\$. Therefore, the management considers the foreign exchange risk is insignificant to the Group.

#### (b) Interest rate risk

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk mainly arises from banks deposits and borrowings carried at floating interest rates.

As at December 31, 2020, if interest rates had been 50 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's pre-tax loss for the year would have been approximately US\$93,000 lower/higher (2019: pre-tax profit would have been approximately US\$195,000 higher/lower).

#### (ii) Credit risk

The Group is exposed to credit risk in relation to its cash at bank, debt instrument at FVOCI, trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, and amounts due from related parties. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying amounts of these financial assets.

While cash at bank and debt investments carried at FVOCI are also subject to impairment requirements of HKFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial as the counterparties are of high credit quality with no history of default.

The Group considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information.

The Group accounts for its credit risk by appropriately providing for expected credit losses on a timely basis. In calculating the expected credit loss rates, the Group considers historical loss rates for each category of receivables and adjusts for forward looking macroeconomic data.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (ii) Credit risk (Continued)

#### (a) Trade receivables

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide expected credit losses prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables from third parties and related parties.

As at December 31, 2019, the impact of the expected loss rate for trade receivables from related parties is assessed to be insignificant. The loss allowance provision for trade receivables from related parties was not material during the year ended December 31, 2019.

To measure the expected credit losses of trade receivables from third parties, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. All customers of the Group are assessed collectively using a provision matrix. The loss allowance provision as at December 31, 2020 is determined as follows; the expected credit losses below also incorporate forward looking information.

As at December 31, 2020, the trade receivable from governmental authorities amounted to approximately US\$15,291,000 (2019: US\$201,000). The credit quality of governmental authorities has been assessed by reference to external credit ratings or to historical information about the counterparty default rates. Provision of US\$107,000 (2019: Nil) has been provided for the year ended December 31, 2020.

The provision for trade receivables from third parties of hotels and resorts operation as at December 31, 2020 was as follows:

|   | Current | Within 30 days | 31 to<br>60 days | 61 to<br>90 days | Over<br>90 days | Total |
|---|---------|----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------|
| At December 31, 2020  Expected loss rate  Gross carrying amount (excluding receivables assessed | 0.0%    | 16.7%          | 16.7%            | 100.0%           | 100.0%          |       |
| individually) (US\$'000)  | 2       | 6              | 12               | 1                | 504             | 525   |
| Loss allowance provision (US\$'000)   | _       | 1              | 2                | 1                | 504             | 508   |
| ,   |         |                |                  |                  |                 |       |
| At December 31, 2019  |         |                |                  |                  |                 |       |
| Expected loss rate  | 2.0%    | 7.7%           | 18.5%            | 38.5%            | 40.0%           |       |
| Gross carrying amount (excluding receivables assessed   |         |                |                  |                  |                 |       |
| individually) (US\$'000)  | 1,993   | 416            | 27               | 13               | 335             | 2,784 |
| Loss allowance provision (US\$'000)   | 40      | 32             | 5                | 5                | 134             | 216   |

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (ii) Credit risk (Continued)

#### (a) Trade receivables (Continued)

As at December 31, 2020, the carrying amount of trade receivables from third parties of retail operation and destination services were approximately US\$50,000 (2019: US\$128,000), the management has assessed that the expected credit losses rate for these receivables is immaterial.

Please refer to Note 20 for the movements on the provision for impairment of trade receivables.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the provision for loss allowances was recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income under "Operating and other expenses" in relation to the impaired trade receivables.

As at December 31, 2020, the carrying amount of trade receivables from third parties was approximately US\$15,251,000 (2019: US\$2,696,000), and thus the maximum exposure to loss was approximately US\$15,251,000 (2019: US\$2,696,000).

#### (b) Deposits and other receivables and amounts due from related parties

The Group uses four categories for deposits and other receivables and amounts due from related parties which reflect their credit risk and how the loss provision is determined for each of those categories.

A summary of the assumptions underpinning the Group's expected credit loss model is as follows:

| Category        | Group definition of category  | Basis for recognition of expected credit loss provision   |
|-----------------|---|---|
| Performing      | Customers have a low risk of default and a strong capacity to meet contractual cash flows   | 12 months expected losses.  Where the expected lifetime of an asset is less than 12 months, expected losses are measured at its expected lifetime |
| Underperforming | Receivables for which there is a significant increase in credit risk; as significant increase in credit risk is presumed if interest and/or principal repayments are more than 90 days past due | Lifetime expected losses  |
| Non-performing  | Customers have difficulties in making full payment despite numerous reminders   | Lifetime expected losses  |
| Write-off       | There is no reasonable expectation of recovery  | Asset is written off  |

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (ii) Credit risk (Continued)

(b) Deposits and other receivables and amounts due from related parties (Continued)

The Group accounts for its credit risk by appropriately providing for expected credit losses on a timely basis. In calculating the expected credit loss rates, the Group considers historical loss rates for each category of receivables and adjusts for forward looking macroeconomic data.

As at December 31, 2020, all of these financial assets are considered to have low credit risk, and thus the impairment provision recognized during the year was limited to 12 months expected losses. Management considered these financial assets to be low credit risk when they have a low risk of default and the issuer has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term. The Group has assessed that the 12 months expected credit losses for these receivables are not material, and thus, no loss allowance provision was recognized during the year.

As at December 31, 2020, the maximum exposure to loss of these financial assets were as follows:

| Deposits and other receivables   |
|----------------------------------|
| Amounts due from related parties |

| 2020     | 2019     |
|----------|----------|
| US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
|          |          |
|          |          |
| 984      | 706      |
| 4        | 50       |
|          |          |
|          |          |
| 988      | 756      |
|          |          |

#### (iii) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of available credit facilities. The Group aims to maintain flexibility in funding by keeping credit lines available.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on its banking facilities. Surplus cash held by Group entities over and above balances required for working capital management is invested in interest-bearing bank accounts and bank deposits with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the above-mentioned forecasts.

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interests payments computed using contractual rates, or if floating, based on the current rates at the end of the reporting period).

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(iii) Liquidity risk (Continued)

|  | Less than<br>1 year<br>US\$'000 | Between<br>1 and<br>2 years<br>US\$'000 | Between<br>2 and<br>5 years<br>US\$'000 | Over<br>5 years<br>US\$'000 | Total<br>US\$'000      |
|--|---------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| At December 31, 2020 Trade and other payables Lease liabilities Amounts due to related parties | 5,271<br>2,880<br>213           | _<br>2,300<br>_                         | -<br>4,244<br>-                         | _<br>32,109<br>_            | 5,271<br>41,533<br>213 |
|  | 8,364                           | 2,300                                   | 4,244                                   | 32,109                      | 47,017                 |
| At December 31, 2019   |                                 |   |   |                             |                        |
| Trade and other payables   | 7,282                           | _                                       | _                                       | _                           | 7,282                  |
| Lease liabilities  | 3,130                           | 2,465                                   | 3,628                                   | 18,242                      | 27,465                 |
| Amounts due to related parties   | 70                              | _                                       | _                                       | _                           | 70                     |
|  | 10,482                          | 2,465                                   | 3,628                                   | 18,242                      | 34,817                 |

#### 3.2 Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total lease liabilities (including "current and non-current lease liabilities" as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as "equity" as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The gearing ratios as at December 31 were as follows:

|   | 2020     | 2019     |
|---|----------|----------|
|   | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
|   |          |          |
| Lease liabilities (Note 15)               | 19,588   | 17,195   |
| Less: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 22) | (38,164) | (56,602) |
|   |          |          |
| Net cash                                  | (18,576) | (39,407) |
|   |          | ,        |
| Total position                            | 04.045   | 100 500  |
| Total capital                             | 91,815   | 103,586  |
|   |          |          |
| Gearing ratio                             | N/A      | N/A      |
|   |          |          |

As at December 31, 2020 and 2019, the gearing ratio is not applicable due to net cash position.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation

The different levels of financial instruments carried at fair value have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The fair value estimation of the financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income is categorized in level 1 hierarchy.

The carrying value of the Group's financial assets and liabilities are reasonable approximation to their fair values.

#### 3.4 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

There is no material offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangement and similar agreements as at December 31, 2020 and 2019.

#### 4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgement in applying the Group's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### (i) Provision for impairments of trade receivables

The Group's management determines the provision for impairment of trade receivables on a forward-looking basis and the expected lifetime losses are recognized from initial recognition of the assets. The provision matrix is determined based on the Group's historical observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables with similar credit risk characteristics and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. In making the judgement, management considers available reasonable and supportive forward-looking information such as actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of customers, actual or expected significant adverse changes in business and customers' financial position. At every reporting date the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analyzed by the Group's management.

#### (ii) Current and deferred income tax

Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

#### (iii) Net realizable value of inventories

The Group writes down inventories to net realizable value based on an assessment of the realizability of inventories. Write-downs of inventories are recorded where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be realized. The identification of write-downs requires the use of judgment and estimates. These estimates are based on the market condition and the historical experience of selling prices of similar nature. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of inventories and write-downs of inventories in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

#### (iv) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets at the end of each reporting period. Non-financial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs to sell is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

#### **5 SEGMENT INFORMATION**

The executive directors have been identified as the Group's CODM. The CODM has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by them that are used to make strategic decisions and resources allocation. The Group's businesses are managed according to the nature of their operations and the products and services they provide.

The CODM has identified three reportable operating segments as follows:

- (a) Hotels and resorts: operation of hotels and leasing of commercial premises located within the hotel buildings in Saipan and Guam (the "Hotels & Resorts Segment");
- (b) Luxury travel retail: sales of luxury and leisure clothing and accessories in retail stores in Saipan, Guam and Hawaii (the "Luxury Travel Retail Segment");
- (c) Destination services: provision of destination activities in Saipan including (i) operation of souvenir and convenience stores; (ii) excursion tour operation; and (iii) provision of land arrangement and concierge services (the "Destination Services Segment").

The Group's business activities are conducted predominantly in Saipan, Guam and Hawaii.

The Group's CODM assesses the performance of the operating segments based on adjusted operating profit/ (loss). Expenses, where appropriate, are allocated to operating segments with reference to revenue contributions of respective segments. Finance income, finance costs and other gains/(losses), net are not included in the result for each operating segment that is reviewed by the Group's CODM.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

## 5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

The segment information provided to the Group's CODM for the reportable segments for the year ended December 31, 2020 are as follows:

|  | Hotels and<br>resorts<br>US\$'000 | Year end<br>Luxury<br>travel retail<br>US\$'000 | ed December<br>Destination<br>services<br>US\$'000 | 31, 2020<br>Unallocated<br>US\$'000 | Total<br>US\$'000              |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Revenue Total segment revenue  | 30,123                            | 10,120  | 587  | _                                   | 40,830                         |
| Inter-segment revenue  | (46)                              | _   | _  | _                                   | (46)                           |
| Revenue from external customers  | 30,077                            | 10,120  | 587  | _                                   | 40,784                         |
| Segment results Other gains, net Finance income Finance costs              | (1,610)                           | (7,695)   | (1,523)  | (1,436)                             | (12,264)<br>70<br>298<br>(883) |
| Loss before income tax Income tax credit                                   |                                   |   |  |                                     | (12,779)<br>2,017              |
| Loss for the year  |                                   |   |  |                                     | (10,762)                       |
| Loss for the year includes:  |                                   |   |  |                                     |                                |
| Depreciation for property, plant and equipment                             | 4,871                             | 3,283   | 216  | 56                                  | 8,426                          |
| Depreciation for investment properties  Amortization for intangible assets | 113<br>116                        | _<br>20   | _  | _                                   | 113<br>136                     |
| Provision for obsolete inventory   | -                                 | 578   | _  | _                                   | 578                            |
| Provision for impairment of trade receivables                              | 399                               | _   | _  | _                                   | 399                            |
| Write-off of property, plant and equipment and                             |                                   |   |  |                                     |                                |
| investment properties  | 2,938                             | -   | -  | -                                   | 2,938                          |
| Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment                           | _                                 | 2,774   | 726  | _                                   | 3,500                          |
| Capital expenditure  | 17,323                            | 607   | 16   | 3                                   | 17,949                         |

For the year ended December 31, 2020

### 5 **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

The segment information provided to the Group's CODM for the reportable segments for the year ended December 31, 2019 are as follows:

|  | Year ended December 31, 2019 |               |             |             |          |
|--|------------------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|----------|
|  | Hotels and                   | Luxury travel | Destination |             |          |
|  | resorts                      | retail        | services    | Unallocated | Total    |
|  | US\$'000                     | US\$'000      | US\$'000    | US\$'000    | US\$'000 |
|  |                              |               |             |             |          |
| Revenue  |                              |               |             |             |          |
| Total segment revenue                          | 64,891                       | 30,312        | 3,676       | _           | 98,879   |
| Inter-segment revenue                          | (180)                        | _             | _           | _           | (180)    |
|  |                              |               |             |             |          |
| Revenue from external customers                | 64,711                       | 30,312        | 3,676       | _           | 98,699   |
|  |                              |               |             |             |          |
| Segment results                                | 12,659                       | 690           | 238         | (1,218)     | 12,369   |
| Other losses, net                              |                              |               |             |             | (265)    |
| Listing expenses                               |                              |               |             |             | (1,524)  |
| Finance income                                 |                              |               |             |             | 427      |
| Finance costs                                  |                              |               |             |             | (737)    |
|  |                              |               |             |             |          |
| Profit before income tax                       |                              |               |             |             | 10,270   |
| Income tax expense                             |                              |               |             |             | (95)     |
|  |                              |               |             |             |          |
| Profit for the year                            |                              |               |             |             | 10,175   |
|  |                              |               |             |             |          |
| Profit for the year includes:                  |                              |               |             |             |          |
| Depreciation for property, plant and equipment | 5,092                        | 3,450         | 260         | 41          | 8,843    |
| Depreciation for investment properties         | 115                          | _             | _           | _           | 115      |
| Amortization for intangible assets             | 116                          | 8             | 1           | _           | 125      |
| Provision for obsolete inventory               | _                            | 76            | 12          | _           | 88       |
| Provision for impairment of trade receivables  | 56                           | _             | _           | _           | 56       |
|  |                              |               |             |             |          |
| Capital expenditure                            | 1,827                        | 1,006         | 28          | 166         | 3,027    |

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 5 **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

Revenue between segments are carried out in accordance with the terms mutually agreed between the respective group entities. The revenue from external parties is derived from numerous external customers and the revenue reported to management is measured in a manner consistent with that in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

#### **Geographical information**

The amount of revenue from external customers broken down by geographical location is as follows:

|        | 2020     | 2019     |
|--------|----------|----------|
|        | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
|        |          |          |
| Saipan | 26,803   | 55,486   |
| Guam   | 12,718   | 36,882   |
| Hawaii | 1,263    | 6,331    |
|        |          |          |
|        | 40,784   | 98,699   |

The geographical location is based on the location at which the services were rendered or the goods delivered.

The non-current assets other than deferred income tax assets and financial instruments broken down by geographical location of the assets, is shown as below:

|                              | 2020<br>US\$'000                | 2019<br>US\$'000                 |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Saipan Guam Hawaii Hong Kong | 14,763<br>41,014<br>1,327<br>72 | 13,726<br>38,428<br>2,063<br>125 |
|                              | 57,176                          | 54,342                           |

#### Information about major customers

The revenue from external parties is derived from numerous external customers and the revenue reported to the executive directors is measured in a manner consistent with that in the consolidated financial statements.

Revenue individually generated from the following customer contributed more than 10% of the total revenue of the Group:

|            | 2020     | 2019     |
|------------|----------|----------|
|            | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
|            |          |          |
| Customer A | N/A      | 10,994   |
| Customer B | 16,447   | N/A      |
|            |          |          |

All other customers individually accounted for less than 10% of the Group's revenue for the year ended December 31, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 6 REVENUE

### (a) Disaggregation of revenue

The Group derives its revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at point in time in the following major product lines:

|   | 2020     | 2019     |
|---|----------|----------|
|   | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
|   |          |          |
| Room rentals  | 24,894   | 44,073   |
| Food and beverage   | 4,681    | 18,618   |
| Retailing   |          |          |
| <ul> <li>Luxury and leisure clothing and accessories</li> </ul>     | 10,120   | 30,312   |
| <ul> <li>Souvenirs and others</li> </ul>                            | 432      | 1,501    |
| Operating excursion tour and rendering of land arrangement services | 155      | 2,175    |
| Other hospitality (Note (i))  | 183      | 1,048    |
| Space rental income (Note (ii))                                     | 319      | 972      |
|   |          |          |
|   | 40,784   | 98,699   |

#### Notes:

- (i) Other hospitality mainly represents late check-out charges, cancellation charges, laundry income, sales of items from mini bar, smoking fee and extra bed charges.
- (ii) Space rental income mainly represents rental income derived from third-party operating services and facilities.

|                               | 2020     | 2019     |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|
|                               | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
|                               |          |          |
| Timing of revenue recognition |          |          |
| At point in time              | 15,526   | 53,281   |
| Over time                     | 24,939   | 44,446   |
|                               |          |          |
|                               | 40,465   | 97,727   |
|                               |          |          |
| Revenue from other sources:   |          |          |
| Rental income                 | 319      | 972      |
|                               |          |          |
|                               | 40,784   | 98,699   |

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### **6 REVENUE** (Continued)

#### (b) Contract liabilities

The Group has recognized the following revenue-related contract liabilities:

|  | 2020     | 2019     |
|--|----------|----------|
|  | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
|  |          |          |
| Contract liabilities related to hotel operation (Note (i), (ii)) | _        | 413      |

#### Notes:

(i) Revenue recognized in relation to contract liabilities

The following table shows the amount of the revenue recognized in respective years in relation to carried-forward contract liabilities.

|   | 2020<br>US\$'000 | 2019<br>US\$'000 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Revenue recognized that was included in the contract liabilities balance at the beginning of the year — hotel operation | 413              | 453              |

(ii) Contract liabilities represent advanced payments received from customers for services that have not yet been performed to the customers. As at December 31, 2019, the contract liabilities mainly included the advanced payments received from individual customers for hotel services to be rendered after the end of reporting period.

The Group elected the practical expedient for not to disclose the remaining performance obligations as the performance obligation is part of a contract that has an original expected duration of one year or less.

## 7 OTHER GAINS/(LOSSES), NET

|   | 2020     | 2019     |
|---|----------|----------|
|   | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
|   |          |          |
| Net exchange losses   | (8)      | (252)    |
| ~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                     |          |          |
| Gains/(losses) on disposal of property, plant and equipment | 78       | (13)     |
|   |          |          |
|   | 70       | (265)    |
|   | 70       | (200)    |

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### **8 EXPENSES BY NATURE**

|   | 2020     | 2019     |
|---|----------|----------|
|   | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
|   | 004 000  | 000 000  |
| Cost of inventories sold (Note 19)                                    | 7,933    | 16,617   |
| Food and beverage costs   | 1,237    | 6,337    |
| Employee benefit expenses (Note 9)                                    | 13,571   | 24,962   |
| Utilities, repairs and maintenance                                    | 3,697    | 7,000    |
| Short-term leases expenses*   | 183      | 388      |
| Variable lease payment expenses*                                      | 249      | 1,136    |
| Rent concessions from lessors*  |          | 1,100    |
|   | (952)    | 0.040    |
| Depreciation on property, plant and equipment* (Note 15)              | 8,426    | 8,843    |
| Depreciation on investment properties* (Note 16)                      | 113      | 115      |
| Amortization on intangible assets* (Note 17)                          | 136      | 125      |
| Other taxes and licenses*   | 2,337    | 4,857    |
| Supplies and tools*   | 982      | 3,117    |
| Shared-services expenses*   | 204      | 278      |
| Laundry expenses*   | 339      | 1,282    |
| Temporary labour costs*   | 218      | 605      |
| Commission expenses*  | 644      | 2,703    |
| Insurance expenses*   | 1,040    | 1,388    |
| Provision for impairment of trade receivables* (Note 20)              | 399      | 56       |
| Provision for obsolete inventory* (Note 19)                           | 578      | 88       |
| Write-off of property, plant and equipment and investment properties* | 2,938    | _        |
| Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment*                     | 3,500    | _        |
| Auditors' remuneration*   |          |          |
| <ul> <li>Audit services</li> </ul>                                    | 218      | 300      |
| <ul> <li>Non-audit services</li> </ul>                                | 13       | 21       |
| Listing expenses*   | _        | 1,524    |
| Hotel management fees*  | 612      | 248      |
| Other miscellaneous expenses* (Note (a))                              | 4,433    | 5,864    |
|   |          |          |
|   | 53,048   | 87,854   |
|   |          |          |
| Depresenting  |          |          |
| Representing:   | 7.000    | 10.017   |
| Cost of inventories sold  | 7,933    | 16,617   |
| Food and beverage costs   | 1,237    | 6,337    |
| Employee benefit expenses   | 13,571   | 24,962   |
| Utilities, repairs and maintenance                                    | 3,697    | 7,000    |
| Operating and other expenses  | 26,610   | 32,938   |
|   |          |          |
|   | 53,048   | 87,854   |
|   |          |          |

<sup>\*</sup> Included in "Operating and other expenses"

### Note:

<sup>(</sup>a) Other miscellaneous expenses mainly represent professional fees, donations, promotion, communication, transportation and entertainment expenses.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

# 9 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENT)

|   | 2020<br>US\$'000     | 2019<br>US\$'000       |
|---|----------------------|------------------------|
| Wages, salaries, bonuses and allowances  Pension cost — defined contribution scheme  Staff welfare and benefits | 8,712<br>87<br>4,772 | 18,162<br>143<br>6,657 |
|   | 13,571               | 24,962                 |

### (a) Five highest paid individuals

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group include 3 (2019: 2) directors, whose emoluments were reflected in Note 34(a). The emoluments paid to the remaining 2 (2019: 3) individuals are as follows:

|   | 2020     | 2019     |
|---|----------|----------|
|   | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
|   |          |          |
| Salaries, wages and other allowances and benefits in kind | 293      | 454      |
| Discretionary bonus                                       | 23       | 49       |
| Pension costs — defined contribution plans                | 2        | 10       |
|   |          |          |
|   | 318      | 513      |

The emoluments of the remaining individuals fell within the following bands:

|  | No. of individuals |      |
|--|--------------------|------|
|  | 2020               | 2019 |
| Emolument bands  |                    |      |
| HK\$1,000,001 — HK\$1,500,000 (equivalent to US\$128,205 to US\$192,308) | 2                  | 3    |

No incentive payment for joining the Group or compensation for loss of office was paid or payable to any of the five highest paid individuals during the year ended December 31, 2020 (2019: Nil).

For the year ended December 31, 2020

### 10 FINANCE COSTS, NET

|   | 2020<br>US\$'000 | 2019<br>US\$'000 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Finance costs:  — Interest expenses on lease liabilities  — Interest expenses on Paycheck Protection Program loans                      | (852)<br>(31)    | (737)            |
|   | (883)            | (737)            |
| Finance income:  — Interest income from bank deposits  — Interest income from financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive | 275              | 417              |
| income  | 23               | 10<br>427        |
| Finance costs, net  | (585)            | (310)            |

### 11 INCOME TAX (CREDIT)/EXPENSE

No provision for the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands ("**CNMI**"), Guam and Hawaii corporate income tax has been made as the Group did not generate any assessable profits arising in the CNMI, Guam and Hawaii during the year ended December 31, 2020. Taxation on profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the year ended December 31, 2019 at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

|   | 2020     | 2019     |
|---|----------|----------|
|   | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
| Current tax                                       |          |          |
| United States corporate income tax                | _        | 576      |
|   |          |          |
| Deferred tax (Note 27)                            |          |          |
| Origination and reversal of temporary differences | (2,017)  | (481)    |
|   |          |          |
|   | (2,017)  | 95       |

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 11 INCOME TAX (CREDIT)/EXPENSE (Continued)

The Group's subsidiaries incorporated in the CNMI, Guam and Hawaii were subject to income tax rate of 21%. The tax on the Group's (loss)/profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the weighted average tax rate applicable to profits of the consolidated entities as follows:

|  | 2020     | 2019     |
|--|----------|----------|
|  | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
|  |          |          |
| (Loss)/profit before income tax  | (12,779) | 10,270   |
|  |          |          |
| Tax calculated at the applicable domestic tax rates                          | (2,650)  | 2,144    |
| Tax effects of:  | (2,000)  | 2,111    |
| Income not subject to tax  | (45)     | (69)     |
|  | ` ,      | ` '      |
| Expenses not deductible for tax purpose                                      | 1,371    | 888      |
| Income tax credits arising from business gross receipt tax payments ("BGRT") |          |          |
| (Note (a))   | (693)    | (2,563)  |
| Income tax rebates (Note (b))  | _        | (92)     |
| Recognition of previously unrecognized deferred income tax assets            | _        | (128)    |
| Utilization of previously unrecognized tax losses                            | _        | (85)     |
|  |          |          |
| Income tax (credit)/expense  | (2,017)  | 95       |
| income tax (oreaity/expense  | (2,017)  | 95       |

#### Notes:

(a) Income tax credits arising from business gross receipt tax payments

The CNMI imposes progressive (1.5% to 5%) BGRT. Companies incorporated and operating in the CNMI are entitled to use BGRT as tax credits in deriving the corporate income tax during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019.

(b) Income tax rebates

The CNMI legislation provides for income tax rebates with descending progressive percentages ranging from 90% to 50% on taxable income, after taking into account the utilization of the tax credit mentioned in Note (a) above sourced in the CNMI.

The weighted average applicable domestic tax rate was 21% for the year ended December 31, 2020 (2019: 21%).

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 12 DIVIDENDS

|   | 2020     | 2019     |
|---|----------|----------|
|   | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
|   |          |          |
| Final dividend in respect of previous year, declared and paid during the year |          |          |
| <ul> <li>US0.28 cent per share</li> </ul>                                     | 1,010    | _        |

The board of directors does not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended December 31, 2020.

#### 13 (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE

#### (a) Basic

The basic (loss)/earnings per share is calculated by dividing the (loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

|  | 2020    | 2019    |
|--|---------|---------|
|  |         |         |
| (Loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company (US\$'000) | (9,320) | 10,100  |
| Weighted average number of ordinary share in issue (thousands) | 360,000 | 326,712 |
| Basic (loss)/earnings per share (US cents)                     | (2.6)   | 3.1     |

#### (b) Diluted

Diluted (loss)/earnings per share presented is the same as the basic (loss)/earnings per share as there was no potentially dilutive ordinary share outstanding as at December 31, 2020 (2019: Nil).

#### 14 SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries at December 31, 2020 were as follows:

| Name of subsidiary           | Place of incorporation/ establishment | Principal activities and place of operation | Issued and fully paid share capital | Ownershi<br>held b<br>Com<br>Direct | y the |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------|
| S.A.I. CNMI Holdings Limited | BVI                                   | Investment holding,<br>BVI                  | US\$1                               | 100%                                | _     |
| S.A.I. Guam Holdings Limited | BVI                                   | Investment holding,<br>BVI                  | US\$1                               | 100%                                | _     |
| S.A.I. CNMI Tourism Inc.     | CNMI                                  | Investment holding,<br>Saipan               | US\$100                             | _                                   | 100%  |
| S.A.I. Guam Tourism Inc.     | Guam                                  | Investment holding,<br>Guam                 | US\$10,000                          | _                                   | 100%  |
| Asia Pacific Hotels, Inc.    | CNMI                                  | Hotel operations,<br>Saipan                 | US\$15,000,000                      | _                                   | 100%  |
| CKR, LLC (Note (i))          | CNMI                                  | Dormant, Saipan                             | N/A                                 | _                                   | 100%  |

For the year ended December 31, 2020

# 14 SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

| Name of subsidiary               | Place of incorporation/ establishment | Principal activities and place of operation  | Issued and fully paid share capital | Ownership<br>held b<br>Comp<br>Direct | y the |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Asia Pacific Hotels, Inc. (Guam) | Guam                                  | Hotel operations,<br>Guam  | US\$9,500,000                       | _                                     | 100%  |
| Gemkell Corporation              | Guam                                  | Retail of luxury travel accessories, Guam  | US\$80,000                          | _                                     | 80%   |
| Gemkell (Saipan) Corporation     | CNMI                                  | Retail of luxury travel accessories, Saipan  | US\$100,000                         | _                                     | 80%   |
| Taga Fashion Group, LLC          | Guam                                  | Retail of luxury travel accessories, Guam  | US\$1,000                           | _                                     | 80%   |
| Hawes Group, LLC                 | Guam                                  | Retail of luxury travel accessories, Guam  | US\$1,000                           | _                                     | 80%   |
| Ellen Group, LLC                 | Guam                                  | Retail of luxury travel accessories, Guam  | US\$1,000                           | _                                     | 80%   |
| Gemkell U.S.A. LLC               | Hawaii                                | Retail of luxury travel accessories, Hawaii  | US\$1,000,000                       | -                                     | 80%   |
| Century Tours, Inc.              | CNMI                                  | Provision of ground<br>handling and<br>concierge services<br>and retail of<br>consumer products,<br>Saipan | US\$1,000,000                       | _                                     | 100%  |
| Let's Go Tours Company           | CNMI                                  | Provision of excursion service, Saipan   | US\$500,000                         | _                                     | 100%  |
| Saipan Adventures, Inc.          | CNMI                                  | Provision of ground<br>handling and<br>concierge services,<br>Saipan                                       | US\$100,000                         | _                                     | 100%  |
| J&K Marine Sports, Inc.          | CNMI                                  | Provision of excursion service, Saipan   | US\$50,000                          | _                                     | 100%  |
| Sea-Touch, LLC (Note (i))        | CNMI                                  | Provision of excursion service, Saipan   | N/A                                 | _                                     | 100%  |

#### Notes:

<sup>(</sup>i) CKR, LLC and Sea-Touch, LLC are limited liability companies which do not have the concept of shares or stock.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

# 15 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

|                                     | Right-of-use<br>assets (Note)<br>US\$'000 | Buildings<br>US\$'000 | Renovation<br>and leasehold<br>improvements<br>US\$'000 | Plant and machinery US\$'000 | Furniture,<br>fixtures and<br>equipment<br>US\$'000 | Motor vehicles<br>US\$'000 | Construction in progress US\$'000 | Total<br>US\$'000 |
|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------------|---|------------------------------|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| As at January 1, 2019               |   |                       |   |                              |   |                            |                                   |                   |
| Cost                                | _   | 48,593                | 25,622  | 9,323                        | 8,455   | 971                        | 776                               | 93,740            |
| Accumulated depreciation            |   | (26,468)              | (15,595)  | (6,148)                      | (6,957)   | (370)                      |                                   | (55,538)          |
| Net book amount                     | -   | 22,125                | 10,027  | 3,175                        | 1,498   | 601                        | 776                               | 38,202            |
| Change in accounting policy  — Cost | 19,230                                    | _                     |   | _                            | _   | _                          |                                   | 19,230            |
| Restated as at January 1, 2019      |   |                       |   |                              |   |                            |                                   |                   |
| Cost                                | 19,230                                    | 48,593                | 25,622  | 9,323                        | 8,455   | 971                        | 776                               | 112,970           |
| Accumulated depreciation            |   | (26,468)              | (15,595)  | (6,148)                      | (6,957)   | (370)                      |                                   | (55,538)          |
| Net book amount as restated         | 19,230                                    | 22,125                | 10,027  | 3,175                        | 1,498   | 601                        | 776                               | 57,432            |
| Year ended December 31, 2019        |   |                       |   |                              |   |                            |                                   |                   |
| Opening net book amount             | 19,230                                    | 22,125                | 10,027  | 3,175                        | 1,498   | 601                        | 776                               | 57,432            |
| Additions                           | 717                                       | _                     | 649   | 1,079                        | 435   | 52                         | 95                                | 3,027             |
| Disposals                           | _   | _                     | (120)   | (10)                         | (1)   | (7)                        | _                                 | (138)             |
| Transfer                            | _   | _                     | 83  | 462                          | 209   | -                          | (754)                             | _                 |
| Depreciation charges                | (2,802)                                   | (1,053)               | (2,913)   | (964)                        | (925)   | (186)                      | _                                 | (8,843)           |
| Closing net book amount             | 17,145                                    | 21,072                | 7,726   | 3,742                        | 1,216   | 460                        | 117                               | 51,478            |
| As at December 31, 2019             |   |                       |   |                              |   |                            |                                   |                   |
| Cost                                | 19,947                                    | 48,593                | 26,215  | 10,820                       | 9,070   | 984                        | 117                               | 115,746           |
| Accumulated depreciation            | (2,802)                                   | (27,521)              | (18,489)  | (7,078)                      | (7,854)   | (524)                      | -                                 | (64,268)          |
| Net book amount                     | 17,145                                    | 21,072                | 7,726   | 3,742                        | 1,216   | 460                        | 117                               | 51,478            |
|                                     |   |                       |   |                              |   |                            |                                   |                   |

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 15 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

|   | Right-of-use<br>assets (Note)<br>US\$'000 | Buildings<br>US\$'000 | Renovation<br>and leasehold<br>improvements<br>US\$'000 | Plant and<br>machinery<br>US\$'000 | Furniture,<br>fixtures and<br>equipment<br>US\$'000 | Motor<br>vehicles<br>US\$'000 | Construction<br>in progress<br>US\$'000 | Total<br>US\$'000 |
|---|---|-----------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| Year ended December 31, 2020            |   |                       |   |                                    |   |                               |   |                   |
| Opening net book amount                 | 17,145                                    | 21,072                | 7,726   | 3,742                              | 1,216   | 460                           | 117                                     | 51,478            |
| Additions                               | -   | 49                    | 264   | 667                                | 93  | 41                            | 12,359                                  | 13,473            |
| Lease modifications                     | 4,470                                     | -                     | -   | -                                  | -   | -                             | -                                       | 4,470             |
| Disposals                               | -   | -                     | -   | -                                  | -   | (10)                          | -                                       | (10)              |
| Write-off                               | -   | (1,406)               | -   | (932)                              | (428)   | -                             | -                                       | (2,766)           |
| Transfer                                | -   | -                     | -   | 83                                 | -   | -                             | (83)                                    | -                 |
| Depreciation charges                    | (2,675)                                   | (1,043)               | (2,916)   | (1,074)                            | (543)   | (175)                         | -                                       | (8,426)           |
| Impairment                              | (1,107)                                   | _                     | (2,130)   | (7)                                | (1)   | (255)                         | -                                       | (3,500)           |
| Closing net book amount                 | 17,833                                    | 18,672                | 2,944   | 2,479                              | 337   | 61                            | 12,393                                  | 54,719            |
| As at Describer 04, 0000                |   |                       |   |                                    |   |                               |   |                   |
| As at December 31, 2020                 | 00.000                                    | 45 500                | 00.470  | 0.050                              | E 000   | 0.47                          | 40.000                                  | 404.440           |
| Cost                                    | 23,996                                    | 45,583                | 26,479  | 9,359                              | 5,683   | 947                           | 12,393                                  | 124,440           |
| Accumulated depreciation and impairment | (6,163)                                   | (26,911)              | (23,535)  | (6,880)                            | (5,346)   | (886)                         |   | (69,721)          |
| Net book amount                         | 17,833                                    | 18,672                | 2,944   | 2,479                              | 337   | 61                            | 12,393                                  | 54,719            |

Depreciation has been charged to "Operating and other expenses" for the year ended December 31, 2020 (2019: same).

As at December 31, 2020, certain buildings of the Group of US\$17,709,000 (2019: US\$19,857,000) have been pledged as security for the banking facilities.

As at December 31, 2020, the Group had property, plant and equipment of approximately US\$52,588,000 and approximately US\$1,727,000 that were subject to impairment tests in the event that trading performance is below expectation or store is loss making. The Group considered each individual hotel and retail store as a separately identifiable cash-generating unit ("**CGU**") and performed impairment assessments on each of the CGU with impairment indicators by considering the recoverable amount of such assets at hotel and retail store level.

The carrying amounts of the hotels and retail store assets are written down to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. The estimates of the recoverable amounts were based on value-in-use calculations using discounted cash flow projections based on the financial forecasts reviewed by management covering the remaining tenure of the lease, with major assumptions such as percentage change in revenue, gross profit margin and operating costs. As a result, an impairment loss of property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) of approximately US\$2,774,000 (2019: Nil) was recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

### 15 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Notes:

(a) Amounts recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position

The following right-of-use assets are included in the line item of property, plant and equipment:

|                     | 2020<br>US\$'000 | 2019<br>US\$'000 |
|---------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Right-of-use assets |                  |                  |
| Leasehold land*     | 16,044           | 12,860           |
| Buildings           | 1,789            | 4,285            |
|                     |                  |                  |
|                     | 17,833           | 17,145           |
|                     |                  |                  |
| Lease liabilities   |                  |                  |
| Current             | 2,003            | 2,481            |
| Non-current         | 17,585           | 14,714           |
|                     |                  |                  |
|                     | 19,588           | 17,195           |

<sup>\*</sup> The Group has land lease arrangement with CNMI and Guam government.

(b) Amounts recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income

The consolidated statement of comprehensive income shows the following amounts relating to leases:

|  | 2020     | 2019     |
|--|----------|----------|
|  | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
| Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets   |          |          |
| Leasehold land   | 687      | 641      |
| Buildings  | 1,988    | 2,161    |
|  |          |          |
|  | 2,675    | 2,802    |
|  |          |          |
| Interest expense (included in finance cost)  | 852      | 737      |
| Expense relating to short-term leases (Note 8)   | 183      | 388      |
| Expense relating to variable lease payments not included in lease liabilities (Note 8) | 249      | 1,136    |
| Impairment loss on right-of-use assets   | 1,107    |          |
|  |          |          |
|  | 2,391    | 2,261    |

The total cash outflow for leases amounted to US\$2,409,000 (2019: US\$4,609,000) for the year ended December 31, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 15 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(c) The Group's leasing activities and how these are accounted for

The Group leases various land, retail stores, offices and warehouses. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 2 to 60 years, but may have extension options as described in (e) below.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

(d) Variable lease payments

Some property leases contain variable payment terms that are linked to sales generated from hotels and retail stores. For individual stores, certain lease payments are on the basis of variable payment terms with percentages ranging from 5% to 20% of sales. Variable payment terms are used for a variety of reasons, including minimizing the fixed costs base for hotels and retail stores. Variable lease payments that depend on sales are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which the condition that triggers those payments occurs. A 10% increase in sales across all hotels and retail stores in the Group with such variable lease contracts would increase total lease payments by approximately US\$25,000 (2019: US\$113,000).

(e) Extension and termination options

Extension and termination options are included in a number of properties leases across the Group. These are used to maximize operational flexibility in terms of managing the assets used in the Group's operations.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### **16 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

|   | US\$'000 |
|---|----------|
| As January 1, 2019                      |          |
| Cost                                    | 4,322    |
| Accumulated depreciation                | (1,700)  |
| Net book amount                         | 2,622    |
| Year ended December 31, 2019            |          |
| Opening net book amount                 | 2,622    |
| Depreciation charge                     | (115)    |
| Closing net book amount                 | 2,507    |
| As at December 31, 2019                 |          |
| Cost                                    | 4,322    |
| Accumulated depreciation                | (1,815)  |
| Net book amount                         | 2,507    |
| Year ended December 31, 2020            |          |
| Opening net book amount                 | 2,507    |
| Additions                               | 6        |
| Depreciation charge                     | (113)    |
| Write-off                               | (172)    |
| Closing net book amount                 | 2,228    |
| As at December 31, 2020                 |          |
| Cost                                    | 3,950    |
| Accumulated depreciation and impairment | (1,722)  |
| Net book amount                         | 2,228    |

As at December 31, 2020, the fair values of the investment properties of the Group, as determined by the directors, were US\$7,068,000 (2019: US\$7,068,000).

As at December 31, 2020, certain investment properties of the Group of US\$2,169,000 (2019: US\$2,431,000), have been pledged as security for the banking facilities.

The investment properties are situated in Saipan and Guam.

Depreciation has been charged to "Operating and other expenses" for the year ended December 31, 2020 (2019: same).

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 17 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

|                                   | Compu            |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|
|                                   | Compute software |
|                                   | US\$'C           |
|                                   |                  |
| As at January 1, 2019  Cost       | 7                |
| Accumulated amortization          | (3               |
| 7.000                             |                  |
| Net book amount                   | 4                |
|                                   |                  |
| Year ended December 31, 2019      |                  |
| Opening net book amount           | 4                |
| Additions                         |                  |
| Amortization charge               | (1               |
| Closing net book amount           | 3                |
| Closing not book amount           |                  |
| As at December 31, 2019           |                  |
| Cost                              | 8                |
| Accumulated amortization          | (4               |
|                                   |                  |
| Net book amount                   | 3                |
|                                   |                  |
| Year ended December 31, 2020      |                  |
| Opening net book amount Additions | 3                |
| Amortization charge               | (1               |
| 3                                 |                  |
| Closing net book amount           | 2                |
|                                   |                  |
| As at December 31, 2020           |                  |
| Cost                              | 8                |
| Accumulated amortization          | (5               |
| Nich leads out to                 |                  |
| Net book amount                   | 2                |

Amortization has been charged to "Operating and other expenses" for the year ended December 31, 2020 (2019: same).

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 18 FINANCIAL ASSET AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise the investments in listed bond:

|                                     | 2020     | 2019     |
|-------------------------------------|----------|----------|
|                                     | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
|                                     |          |          |
| Debt securities listed in Hong Kong | 508      | 507      |

On disposal of these debt investments, any related balance within the fair value through other comprehensive income reserve is reclassified to profit or loss.

The carrying amount of the financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income is denominated in US\$.

#### 19 INVENTORIES

|              | 2020     | 2019     |
|--------------|----------|----------|
|              | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
|              |          |          |
| Merchandises | 4,657    | 8,290    |
|              | 7        | -,       |

Inventories recognized as an expense for the year ended December 31, 2020 amounted to US\$7,933,000 (2019: US\$16,617,000) and included in "Cost of inventories sold" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Provision for obsolete inventory for the year ended December 31, 2020 amounted to US\$578,000 (2019: US\$88,000). These were in "Operating and other expenses" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

#### 20 TRADE RECEIVABLES

|   | 20     | <b>20</b> 2019     |
|---|--------|--------------------|
|   | US\$'0 | <b>00</b> US\$'000 |
|   |        |                    |
| Trade receivables from third parties (Note (a)) | 15,8   | <b>66</b> 2,912    |
| Less: provision for impairment (Note (a))       | (6     | <b>15)</b> (216)   |
|   |        |                    |
|   | 15,2   | <b>51</b> 2,696    |
| Amounts due from related parties (Note (b))     |        | <b>–</b> 855       |
|   |        |                    |
| Total trade receivables, net                    | 15,2   | <b>51</b> 3,551    |

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 20 TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Notes:

#### (a) Trade receivables from third parties

The majority of the Group's sales are with credit terms of 30 days from the invoice date. The ageing analysis of the trade receivables based on invoice date were as follows:

|                | 2020     | 2019     |
|----------------|----------|----------|
|                | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
| Within 30 days | 1,106    | 2,108    |
| 31 to 60 days  | 1,046    | 419      |
| 61 to 90 days  | 1,024    | 33       |
| Over 90 days   | 12,690   | 352      |
|                |          |          |
|                | 15,866   | 2,912    |

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for expected credit losses prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The expected credit losses also incorporate forward-looking information. As at December 31, 2020, provisions of US\$615,000 (2019: US\$216,000) were made against the gross amounts of trade receivables.

As at December 31, 2020, approximately 95% (2019: 21%) of the Group's trade receivables were due from the largest customer.

Movements on the provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

|  | 2020<br>US\$'000 | 2019<br>US\$'000  |
|--|------------------|-------------------|
| At beginning of the year Provision for impairment Trade receivables written off during the year as uncollectible | 216<br>399<br>—  | 186<br>56<br>(26) |
| At end of the year   | 615              | 216               |

#### (b) Amounts due from related parties

The amounts due from related parties were unsecured, interest-free and with credit terms of 30 days.

The ageing analysis of amounts due from related parties based on invoice date were as follows:

|                | 2020<br>US\$'000 | 2019<br>US\$'000 |
|----------------|------------------|------------------|
|                | σοφ σοσ          | 000 000          |
| Within 30 days | _                | 782              |
| 31 to 60 days  | _                | 6                |
| 61 to 90 days  | _                | 18               |
| Over 90 days   | -                | 49               |
|                |                  |                  |
|                | _                | 855              |

The maximum exposure to credit risk as at December 31, 2020 was the carrying value mentioned above. The Group did not hold any collateral as security. The carrying amounts of trade receivables approximate their fair values and are denominated in US\$.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 21 DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

|                             | 2020     | 2019     |
|-----------------------------|----------|----------|
|                             | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
|                             |          |          |
| Deposits                    | 934      | 681      |
| Prepayments                 | 1,056    | 2,643    |
| Other receivables           | 50       | 25       |
|                             |          |          |
|                             | 2,040    | 3,349    |
|                             |          |          |
| Less: non-current portion   |          |          |
| Rental and utility deposits | (934)    | (681)    |
|                             |          |          |
| Current portion             | 1,106    | 2,668    |

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amounts of each class of receivable mentioned above. The Group does not hold collateral as security.

The carrying amounts of deposits, prepayments and other receivables approximate their fair values and are denominated in the following currencies:

|              | 2020<br>US\$'000 | 2019<br>US\$'000 |
|--------------|------------------|------------------|
| US\$<br>HK\$ | 2,007<br>33      | 3,285<br>64      |
|              | 2,040            | 3,349            |

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 22 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

|  | 2020<br>US\$'000 | 2019<br>US\$'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Cash at banks  | 38,106           | 56,234           |
| Cash on hand   | 58               | 368              |
|  | 38,164           | 56,602           |
| Maximum exposure to credit risk  | 38,106           | 56,234           |
| Cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies: |                  |                  |
|  | 2020             | 2019             |
|  | US\$'000         | US\$'000         |
| US\$   | 37,938           | 55,979           |
| HK\$   | 226              | 623              |
|  | 38,164           | 56,602           |

#### 23 SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE PREMIUM

Ordinary shares, issued and fully paid:

|   | 1                | Nominal value                     |                              |
|---|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
|   | Number of shares | of ordinary<br>shares<br>US\$'000 | Share<br>premium<br>US\$'000 |
| At January 1, 2019  | 1                | _                                 | _                            |
| Shares issued pursuant to the Capitalization Issue (Note (a))   | 269,999,999      | 346                               | (346)                        |
| Shares issued pursuant to the share offer in Listing (Note (b)) | 90,000,000       | 115                               | 40,731                       |
| Listing expenses related to the issue of new shares (Note (c))  |                  | _                                 | (2,263)                      |
| At December 31, 2019 and 2020                                   | 360,000,000      | 461                               | 38,122                       |

#### Notes:

- (a) Pursuant to a sole shareholder's resolution dated April 9 2019, the Company issued additional 269,999,999 shares (the "Capitalization Issue"), credited as fully paid, to THC Leisure Holdings Limited, by way of capitalization of US\$346,000 charging to the Company's share premium account.
- (b) On May 16, 2019, the Company issued 90,000,000 ordinary shares at a price of HK\$3.54 per share for a total of HK\$318,600,000 (equivalent to approximately US\$40,846,000) pursuant to the initial public offering and listing of the Company's shares on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (the "Listing").
- (c) The issuance costs in connection with the Listing amounted to US\$2,263,000 were charged to the Company's share premium account.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 24 CAPITAL RESERVE AND OTHER RESERVE

#### (a) Capital reserve

Capital reserve of US\$27,006,000 represented the contribution from the immediate holding company with respect to the consideration for the acquisition of subsidiaries pursuant to a reorganization for the Listing.

#### (b) Other reserve

Other reserve of US\$4,809,000 represented the deemed contribution from Tan Holdings Limited before the reorganization for the Listing.

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement to acquire additional interests in two subsidiaries from non-controlling interests and recognized an increase in other reserve of US\$27,000.

#### 25 NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

As at December 31, 2020, the Group's non-controlling interests ("**NCI**") amounting to approximately US\$(85,000) (2019: US\$1,357,000), are arising from Gemkell Corporation and Gemkell (Saipan) Corporation, which are the Group's 80% owned subsidiaries.

#### **Transaction with non-controlling interests**

On September 3, 2019, the Group acquired additional 5% of each of the issued shares of Gemkell Corporation and Gemkell (Saipan) Corporation at considerations of approximately US\$298,000 and approximately US\$2,000, respectively.

Immediately prior to the purchase, the carrying amount of the existing 25% non-controlling interest in Gemkell Corporation and Gemkell (Saipan) Corporation were approximately U\$\$1,605,000 and U\$\$30,000 respectively. The Group recognized a decrease in non-controlling interests of U\$\$327,000 and an increase in equity attributable to owners of U\$\$27,000. The effect on the equity attributable to the owners of Gemkell Corporation and Gemkell (Saipan) Corporation during the year is summarized as follows:

|  | 2019<br>US\$'000 |
|--|------------------|
| Carrying amount of non-controlling interests acquired Consideration paid to non-controlling interests            | 327<br>(300)     |
| Excess of consideration paid recognized in the transactions with non-controlling interests reserve within equity | 27               |

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 25 NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (Continued)

#### Summarized financial information of the subsidiaries with material non-controlling interest

Set out below are the summarized financial information of Gemkell Corporation and Gemkell (Saipan) Corporation, which have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group.

#### (a) Gemkell Corporation

Summarized statement of financial position of Gemkell Corporation:

|  | 2020<br>US\$'000 | 2019<br>US\$'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Current  |                  |                  |
| Assets   | 7,332            | 9,162            |
| Liabilities  | (5,543)          | (5,720)          |
|  |                  |                  |
| Net current assets   | 1,789            | 3,442            |
|  |                  |                  |
| Non-current  |                  |                  |
| Assets   | 2,407            | 5,482            |
| Liabilities  | (1,276)          | (2,014)          |
|  |                  |                  |
| Net non-current assets   | 1,131            | 3,468            |
|  |                  |                  |
| Net assets   | 2,920            | 6,910            |
|  |                  |                  |
| Accumulated NCI  | 584              | 1,382            |
|  |                  | .,               |
| Summarized statement of comprehensive income of Gemkell Corporation: |                  |                  |
|  | 2020             | 2019             |
|  | US\$'000         | US\$'000         |
|  | 000 000          | σσφ σσσ          |
| Revenue  | 6,885            | 23,061           |
|  |                  |                  |
| Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year                       | (3,990)          | 535              |
|  |                  |                  |
| Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year attributable to NCI   | (798)            | 113              |

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 25 NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (Continued)

#### (a) Gemkell Corporation (Continued)

Summarized statement of cash flows of Gemkell Corporation:

|  | 2020<br>US\$'000    | 2019<br>US\$'000          |
|--|---------------------|---------------------------|
| Net cash generated from operating activities  Net cash used in investing activities  Net cash used in financing activities | 164<br>(7)<br>(728) | 5,188<br>(192)<br>(1,925) |
| Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents   | (571)               | 3,071                     |
| (b) Gemkell (Saipan) Corporation Summarized statement of financial position of Gemkell (Saipan) Corporation:               |                     |                           |
|  | 2020<br>US\$'000    | 2019<br>US\$'000          |
| Current Assets Liabilities   | 2,851<br>(6,181)    | 4,784<br>(6,638)          |
| Net current liabilities  | (3,330)             | (1,854)                   |
| Non-current Assets Liabilities   | 258<br>(271)        | 2,305<br>(574)            |
| Net non-current (liabilities)/assets  Net liabilities  | (3,343)             | (123)                     |
| Accumulated NCI  | (669)               | (25)                      |
| Summarized statement of comprehensive income of Gemkell (Saipan) Corpora   | tion:               |                           |
|  | 2020<br>US\$'000    | 2019<br>US\$'000          |
| Revenue  | 3,235               | 7,251                     |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year  | (3,220)             | (185)                     |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to NCI  | (644)               | (38)                      |

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 25 NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (Continued)

26

#### (b) Gemkell (Saipan) Corporation (Continued)

Summarized statement of cash flows of Gemkell (Saipan) Corporation:

|   | 2020     | 2019     |
|---|----------|----------|
|   | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
|   | 000 000  | σοφ σσσ  |
| Not each generated from enerating activities            | 914      | 484      |
| Net cash generated from operating activities            | 914      |          |
| Net cash used in investing activities                   | _        | (194)    |
| Net cash used in financing activities                   | (68)     | (309)    |
|   |          |          |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents    | 846      | (19)     |
|   |          |          |
| TRADE AND OTHER DAVABLES                                |          |          |
| TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES                                |          |          |
|   |          |          |
|   | 2020     | 2019     |
|   | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
|   |          |          |
| Trade payables  |          |          |
| to third parties (Note (a))                             | 1,087    | 3,162    |
|   | 36       | 79       |
| <ul><li>to related parties (Note (b))</li></ul>         | 30       |          |
|   |          |          |
| Total trade payables                                    | 1,123    | 3,241    |
|   |          |          |
| Accruals and other payables                             |          |          |
| Accrued staff salaries                                  | 668      | 716      |
| Other taxes payable                                     | 1,540    | 1,088    |
|   | 1,540    | 282      |
| Accruals for listing expenses                           | -        |          |
| Other accruals and payables                             | 4,148    | 3,759    |
| <ul><li>Deferred government grants (Note (c))</li></ul> | 4,527    |          |
|   |          |          |
|   | 10,883   | 5,845    |
|   |          |          |
|   |          |          |
|   | 12,006   | 9,086    |
|   |          |          |

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### **26 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES** (Continued)

#### (a) Trade payables to third parties

The ageing analysis of the trade payables to third parties based on invoice date were as follows:

|   | 2020<br>US\$'000         | 2019<br>US\$'000         |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Within 30 days 31 to 60 days 61 to 90 days Over 90 days | 527<br>166<br>193<br>201 | 2,564<br>502<br>76<br>20 |
|   | 1,087                    | 3,162                    |

#### (b) Amounts due to related parties

As at December 31, 2020, the amounts due to related parties are unsecured, interest-free and with credit term of 30 days.

The ageing analysis of amounts due to related parties based on invoice date were are follows:

|                | 2020     | 2019     |
|----------------|----------|----------|
|                | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
|                |          |          |
| Within 30 days | 36       | 35       |
| 31 to 60 days  | _        | 44       |
|                |          |          |
|                | 36       | 79       |
|                |          |          |

#### (c) Deferred government grants

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Group has successfully applied a loan of US\$4,527,000 under the Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP loan"). The PPP loan is unsecured, interest-bearing of 1% per annum and repayable within two years from the draw down date. Generally, the PPP loan will be forgiven as long as it is used to cover payroll costs, mortgage interest, rent, and utility costs of the Group and employee and compensation levels of the Group are maintained over certain measurement period after the loan has been granted. As at December 31, 2020, the Group has yet to apply for the forgiveness of the loan. Hence such loan was recognized as deferred government grant in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The carrying amounts of trade and other payables approximate their fair values and are denominated in the following currencies:

|              |  |  | 2020<br>US\$'000 | 2019<br>US\$'000 |
|--------------|--|--|------------------|------------------|
| US\$<br>HK\$ |  |  | 11,180<br>826    | 8,307<br>779     |
|              |  |  | 12,006           | 9,086            |

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 27 DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)

The analysis of deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities is as follows:

|                                 |   | 2020     | 2019     |
|---------------------------------|---|----------|----------|
|                                 |   | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
| Deferred income tax assets      |   | 3,290    | 2,035    |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | _ | _        | (762)    |
|                                 |   |          |          |

The movements of deferred income tax assets are as follows:

|   | tax on the impairment loss of trade receivables | Decelerated<br>tax<br>depreciation<br>US\$'000 | Tax losses<br>US\$'000 | <b>Total</b><br>US\$'000 |
|---|---|--|------------------------|--------------------------|
| As at January 1, 2019 Credited to the consolidated statement of   | 19  | 1,729  | _                      | 1,748                    |
| comprehensive income  | 3   | 284  |                        | 287                      |
| As at December 31, 2019 Credited to the consolidated statement of | 22  | 2,013  | _                      | 2,035                    |
| comprehensive income  | 51  | 254  | 1,204                  | 1,509                    |
| As at December 31, 2020   | 73  | 2,267  | 1,204                  | 3,544                    |

The movements of deferred income tax liabilities are as follows:

|  | Accelerated tax depreciation US\$'000 |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| As at January 1, 2019 Credited to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income   | (956)<br>194                          |
| As at December 31, 2019 Credited to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income | (762)<br>508                          |
| As at December 31, 2020  | (254)                                 |

Deferred income tax assets are recognized for tax loss carry-forwards to the extent that the realization of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable. As at December 31, 2020, the Group did not have unrecognized deferred income tax assets (2019: same) in respect of losses that can be carried forward against future taxable income.

Deferred income tax liabilities of US\$10,293,000 (2019: US\$11,365,000) have not been recognized for the withholding tax that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of certain subsidiaries at December 31, 2020, respectively. Such amounts are considered by the directors to be permanently reinvested.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### **28 COMMITMENTS**

#### (a) Operating leases rental receivables — the Group as lessor

The future minimum lease payments receivable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

|   | 2020     | 2019     |
|---|----------|----------|
|   | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
|   |          |          |
| No later than 1 year                        | 487      | 632      |
| Later than 1 year and no later than 5 years | 527      | 1,001    |
|   |          |          |
|   | 1,014    | 1,633    |

#### (b) Capital commitments

Significant capital expenditure contracted for at the end of each reporting period but not recognized as liabilities is as follows:

|                               | 2020     | 2019     |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|
|                               | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
|                               |          |          |
| Property, plant and equipment | 4,609    | 1,244    |

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 29 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### (a) Net cash (used in)/generated from operations

(b)

|  | 2020                                  | 2019     |
|--|---------------------------------------|----------|
|  | US\$'000                              | US\$'000 |
|  |                                       |          |
| (Loss)/profit before income tax  | (12,779)                              | 10,270   |
| Adjustments for:   | 0.400                                 | 0.040    |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment  | 8,426                                 | 8,843    |
| Depreciation of investment properties  | 113                                   | 115      |
| Amortization of intangible assets  | 136                                   | 125      |
| Provision for impairment of trade receivables  | 399                                   | 56       |
| Provision for obsolete inventory   | 578                                   | 88       |
| (Gains)/losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment  | (78)                                  | 13       |
| Write-off of property, plant and equipment and investment properties   | 2,938                                 | _        |
| Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment   | 3,500                                 | _        |
| Interest income  | (298)                                 | (427)    |
| Interest expense   | 883                                   | 737      |
| Rent concessions from lessors  | (952)                                 |          |
|  |                                       |          |
| Operating profit before changes in working capital   | 2,866                                 | 19,820   |
| Changes in working capital:  |                                       |          |
| Decrease in inventories  | 3,055                                 | 566      |
| (Increase)/decrease in trade receivables   | (12,099)                              | 531      |
| Decrease in deposits, prepayments and other receivables  | 1,309                                 | 125      |
| Increase in trade and other payables   | 2,342                                 | 449      |
| Decrease in contract liabilities   | (413)                                 | (40)     |
| Decrease in amounts due from the intermediate holding company  | _                                     | 453      |
| Decrease in amounts due from related parties   | 46                                    | 7,583    |
| Increase/(decrease) in amounts due to related parties  | 143                                   | (10,616) |
|  |                                       |          |
| Net cash (used in)/generated from operations   | (2,751)                               | 18,871   |
|  |                                       |          |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment  |                                       |          |
| and the second of the second o |                                       |          |
|  | 2020                                  | 2019     |
|  | US\$'000                              | US\$'000 |
|  | υ υ υ υ υ υ υ υ υ υ υ υ υ υ υ υ υ υ υ | υυψ υυυ  |
| Net book amount (Note 15)  | 10                                    | 138      |
| Gains/(losses) on disposal of property, plant and equipment  | 78                                    | (13)     |
| the second secon |                                       | (.3)     |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment  | 88                                    | 125      |
| r roceeds from disposar of property, plant and equipment   | 00                                    | 120      |

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 29 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

#### (c) Cash flow information — financing activities

The movements of liabilities from financing activities for the year ended December 31, 2020:

|                                  | Lease       |
|----------------------------------|-------------|
|                                  | liabilities |
|                                  | US\$'000    |
|                                  |             |
| At January 1, 2019               | 18,826      |
| Non cash — acquisition of leases | 717         |
| Cash flow                        | (2,348)     |
|                                  |             |
| At December 31, 2019             | 17,195      |
|                                  |             |
| At January 1, 2020               | 17,195      |
| Non cash — lease modification    | 4,470       |
| Cash flow                        | (1,125)     |
| Rent concessions from lessors    | (952)       |
|                                  |             |
| At December 31, 2020             | 19,588      |
|                                  |             |

#### 30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Parties are considered to be related to the Group if the party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to exercise significant influence over the Group in making financial and operating decisions. Related parties may be individuals (being members of key management personnel, significant shareholder and/or their close family members) or other entities and include entities which are under the significant influence of related parties of the Group where those parties are individuals. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control.

The Controlling Shareholders of the Company are disclosed in Note 1.

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Group had the following significant transactions with fellow subsidiaries and related parties. Related companies include companies which are beneficially owned or controlled by the Controlling Shareholders of the Company, individually, jointly or collectively, or together with their close family members.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Tan Siu Lin Foundation Limited

Luen Thai Group Ltd.

Luen Thai International Development Limited

(a) The directors of the Company are of the view that the following parties/companies were related parties that had transactions or balances with the Group during the year ended December 31, 2020:

| Name of the related parties  | Relationship with the Group   |
|--|---|
| Dr. Tan Siu Lin Dr. Tan Henry Tan Holdings Corporation Aero Micronesia, Inc. Beach Road Tourism Development, Inc. D&Q Co. Ltd. L&T Group of Companies Ltd. L&T (Guam) Corporation Pacific Oriental Inc. Tango Incorporated Unity Development Corporation Quanzhou Century Tour Investment Co., Ltd and its subsidiaries Century Finance Co., Ltd. Century Insurance Company (Guam) Ltd. Century Insurance Co. Ltd. | Controlling shareholder of the Group Controlling shareholder of the Group Intermediate holding company A fellow subsidiary Controlled by close family member of the Controlling shareholder Controlled by the Controlling shareholder Controlled by the Controlling shareholder Controlled by the Controlling shareholder |
| Cosmos Distributing Co. Ltd. CTSI Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "CTSI" Group)  — CTSI FSM  — CTSI Guam  — CTSI USA  — CTSI Saipan Integrated Solutions Technology Limited Luen Thai Enterprises Limited Luen Thai Leisure Company Limited   | Controlled by the Controlling shareholder Controlled by the Controlling shareholder  Controlled by the Controlling shareholder Controlled by the Controlling shareholder Controlled by the Controlling shareholder Controlled by the Controlling shareholder Controlled by the Controlling shareholder  |
| Strategic Gaming Solutions, Inc. TakeCare Insurance Company Inc. BlueBay Petroleum (Guam) Inc.   | Controlled by the Controlling shareholder Controlled by the Controlling shareholder Controlled by the Controlling shareholder   |

Controlled by Dr. Tan Siu Lin

Controlled by Dr. Tan Siu Lin

Common directors

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

#### (b) Significant transactions with related parties:

Save as disclosed elsewhere in this report, during the year ended December 31, 2020, the following significant transactions were carried out with related parties:

|   | 2020<br>US\$'000 | 2019<br>US\$'000 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
|   |                  |                  |
| Rental income and expenses recharged              |                  |                  |
| Strategic Gaming Solution, Inc.                   | 63               | 250              |
|   |                  |                  |
| Hotel service income                              |                  |                  |
| Quanzhou Century Tour Investment Co., Ltd         |                  |                  |
| and its subsidiaries                              | 624              | 10,994           |
|   |                  |                  |
| Freight forwarding and logistics service          |                  |                  |
| The CTSI Group                                    | 404              | 686              |
| '   |                  |                  |
| Shared-services expenses                          |                  |                  |
| L&T Group of Companies Ltd.                       | 198              | 236              |
| The CTSI Group                                    | 6                | 42               |
| The oral Group                                    |                  | 12               |
|   | 204              | 278              |
|   | 204              | 210              |
| Staff agata rasharmad                             |                  |                  |
| Staff costs recharged L&T Group of Companies Ltd. | 114              | 113              |
| Lat Group of Companies Ltd.                       | 114              | 110              |
| Donahara of manch on the ca                       |                  |                  |
| Purchase of merchandises                          | 143              | 517              |
| D&Q Co. Ltd. Cosmos Distributing Co. Ltd.         | 71               | 282              |
| Cosmos Distributing Co. Etd.                      | 71               | 202              |
|   | 214              | 799              |
|   | 214              | 799              |
|   |                  |                  |
| Insurance fee                                     | 4 000            | 4 000            |
| TakeCare Insurance Company Inc.                   | 1,282            | 1,638            |
|   |                  |                  |
| Lease payment/rental expenses                     |                  |                  |
| Beach Road Tourism Development, Inc.              | 266              | 650              |
| L&T Group of Companies Ltd.                       | 76               | 70               |
| Luen Thai International Development Limited       | 58               | 44               |
|   |                  | _ 5              |
|   | 400              | 764              |
|   |                  |                  |

The pricing of these transactions was determined based on mutual negotiation and agreement between the Group and related parties.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### **30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS** (Continued)

#### (c) Key management compensation

Key management includes directors and senior management of the Group. The compensation paid or payable to key management for employees' services is shown below:

|   | 2020<br>US\$'000 | 2019<br>US\$'000 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Wage, salaries, bonuses and other allowances and benefits in kind Pension costs — defined contribution plan | 1,062<br>7       | 931<br>6         |
|   | 1,069            | 937              |
| (d) Amounts due from/(to) the related parties   |                  |                  |
|   | 2020<br>US\$'000 | 2019<br>US\$'000 |
| Non-trade receivables from (Note (i))   |                  |                  |
| Related parties   |                  |                  |
| <ul><li>Denominated in US\$</li></ul>   | 4                | 50               |
| Trade receivables from (Note (ii)) Related parties  — Denominated in US\$                                   | _                | 855              |
| Deficitifiated in Cop   |                  | 000              |
| Non-trade payables to (Note (i)) Related parties  |                  |                  |
| Denominated in US\$   | (213)            | (70)             |
|   |                  |                  |
| Trade payables to (Note (ii)) Related parties   |                  |                  |
| — Denominated in US\$   | (36)             | (79)             |

#### Notes:

- (i) As at December 31, 2020 and 2019, the non-trade receivables/payables balances from/to related parties were unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.
- ii) As at December 31, 2020 and 2019, trade receivables/trade payables balances from/to related parties were unsecured, interest-free and with credit terms of 30 days and approximate their fair values.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 31 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

|  | 2020<br>US\$'000 | 2019<br>US\$'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Assets per consolidated statement of financial position:  Financial assets carried at amortized cost     |                  |                  |
| Trade receivables  | 15,251           | 3,551            |
| <ul> <li>Deposits and other receivables</li> </ul>   | 984              | 706              |
| <ul> <li>Amounts due from related parties</li> </ul>   | 4                | 50               |
| <ul> <li>Cash and cash equivalents</li> </ul>  | 38,164           | 56,602           |
|  | 54,403           | 60,909           |
| Financial assets carried at fair value  — Finance asset at fair value through other comprehensive income | 508              | 507              |
| — Finance asset at fair value through other comprehensive income   | 506              | 307              |
|  | 54,911           | 61,416           |
| Liabilities per consolidated statement of financial position: Financial liabilities at amortized cost    |                  |                  |
| <ul> <li>Trade and other payables</li> </ul>   | 5,271            | 7,282            |
| <ul> <li>Amounts due to related parties</li> </ul>   | 213              | 70               |
| <ul> <li>Leases liabilities</li> </ul>   | 19,588           | 17,195           |
|  | 25,072           | 24,547           |

#### 32 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On February 19, 2021, Asia Pacific Hotels, Inc. (Guam) ("APHI Guam"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, has entered into two construction contracts with an independent third party contractor in relation to the renovation and upgrade works of the Guam hotel owned by APHI Guam. The total amount of the contract sums is approximately US\$12,254,000 and the renovation and upgrade works are expected to be substantially completed in the second half of 2021. Details of the construction contracts in respect of the Guam hotel have been set out in the Company's announcement dated February 19, 2021.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 33 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

#### (a) Statement of financial position of the Company

| Note ASSETS  | 2020<br>US\$'000 | 2019<br>US\$'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Non-current asset  |                  |                  |
| Property, plant and equipment                                    | 73               | 124              |
| Investments in subsidiaries  Deposit                             | 52,929<br>14     | 54,225<br>14     |
| Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income | 508              | 507              |
| g  |                  |                  |
|  | 53,524           | 54,870           |
|  |                  |                  |
| Current assets   |                  |                  |
| Prepayments  | 32               | 77               |
| Amounts due from subsidiaries                                    | 16,960           | 9,338            |
| Cash and cash equivalents  | 30,361           | 37,239           |
|  |                  |                  |
|  | 47,353           | 46,654           |
| Total assets   | 100,877          | 101,524          |
|  |                  |                  |
| EQUITY   |                  |                  |
| Equity attributable to owners of the Company                     |                  |                  |
| Share capital  | 461              | 461              |
| Share premium 33(b)  | 38,122           | 38,122           |
| Capital reserve 33(b) Other reserve 33(b)                        | 54,225<br>4      | 54,225<br>3      |
| Retained earnings 33(b)  | 1,070            | 4,111            |
| Tiotaliloa oarningo 00(b)  | 1,370            | 7,111            |
| Total equity   | 93,882           | 96,922           |

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 33 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

(a) Statement of financial position of the Company (Continued)

| Note   | 2020<br>US\$'000 | 2019<br>US\$'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| LIABILITIES Non-august liabilities             |                  |                  |
| Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities      | 15               | 71               |
| Current liabilities                            |                  |                  |
| Accruals                                       | 1,428            | 908              |
| Lease liabilities  Amounts due to subsidiaries | 57<br>5,493      | 54<br>3,567      |
| Amount due to a related party                  | 2                | 2                |
|  | 6,980            | 4,531            |
| Total liabilities                              | 6,995            | 4,602            |
| Total equity and liabilities                   | 100,877          | 101,524          |

The statement of financial position of the Company was approved by the Board of Directors on March 30, 2021 and was signed on its behalf.

| Dr. Tan Siu Lin | Dr. Tan Hen | ry |
|-----------------|-------------|----|
| Director        | Director    |    |

For the year ended December 31, 2020

### 33 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

#### (b) Reserve movement of the Company

|   |          | Conital         |          | (Accumulated         |          |
|---|----------|-----------------|----------|----------------------|----------|
|   | Share    | Capital reserve | Other    | losses)/<br>retained |          |
|   | premium  | (Note (i))      | reserve  | earnings             | Total    |
|   | US\$'000 | US\$'000        | US\$'000 | US\$'000             | US\$'000 |
|   | σοφ σσσ  | σοφ σσσ         | σοφ σσσ  | σσφ σσσ              | σσφ σσσ  |
| Balance at January 1, 2019  | _        | 54,225          | _        | (2,216)              | 52,009   |
| Profit for the year   | _        | _               | / _      | 6,327                | 6,327    |
| Other comprehensive income:   |          |                 |          |                      |          |
| Change in value of debt investments at fair value                             |          |                 |          |                      |          |
| through other comprehensive income  | _        | _               | 3        | _                    | 3        |
|   |          |                 |          |                      |          |
| Total comprehensive income  | _        | _               | 3        | 6,327                | 6,330    |
|   |          |                 |          |                      |          |
| Transactions with owners in their capacity as                                 |          |                 |          |                      |          |
| owners:   |          |                 |          |                      |          |
| Issue of shares by Capitalization Issue (Note 23)                             | (346)    | _               | _        | _                    | (346)    |
| Issue of shares pursuant to public offering (Note 23)                         | 40,731   | _               | -        | _                    | 40,731   |
| Listing expenses related to the issue of new shares                           |          |                 |          |                      |          |
| (Note 23)   | (2,263)  |                 | _        |                      | (2,263)  |
|   |          |                 |          |                      |          |
|   | 38,122   |                 |          | <u> </u>             | 38,122   |
|   |          |                 |          |                      |          |
| Balance at December 31, 2019  | 38,122   | 54,225          | 3        | 4,111                | 96,461   |
|   |          |                 |          |                      |          |
| Balance at January 1, 2020  | 38,122   | 54,225          | 3        | 4,111                | 96,461   |
| Land for the coor   |          |                 |          | (0.004)              | (0.004)  |
| Loss for the year   | _        | _               | _        | (2,031)              | (2,031)  |
| Other comprehensive income: Change in value of debt investments at fair value |          |                 |          |                      |          |
| through other comprehensive income  | _        | _               | 1        | _                    | 1        |
| through other comprehensive income  |          |                 | <u>'</u> | <del>-</del>         | <u>'</u> |
| Total comprehensive income/(loss)   | _        | _               | 1        | (2,031)              | (2,030)  |
| rotal comprehensive moonie/(1000)   |          |                 |          | (2,001)              | (2,000)  |
| Transactions with owners in their capacity as                                 |          |                 |          |                      |          |
| owners:   |          |                 |          |                      |          |
| Dividend declared   | _        | _               | _        | (1,010)              | (1,010)  |
| 2ssa dooralod   |          |                 |          | (1,010)              | (1,010)  |
| Balance at December 31, 2020  | 38,122   | 54,225          | 4        | 1,070                | 93,421   |
| Salative at December 01, EVEV   | 00,122   | 07,220          | -        | 1,070                | 50,721   |

#### Note:

<sup>(</sup>i) Capital reserve of the Company represented the difference between the net assets value of the subsidiaries acquired and the consideration settled by issuance of the shares of the immediate holding company pursuant to a reorganization for the Listing.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 34 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS

#### (a) Directors' emoluments

|  |            |          |               |             | Employer's   |          |
|--|------------|----------|---------------|-------------|--------------|----------|
|  |            |          |               |             | contribution |          |
|  |            |          |               | Allowances  | to a         |          |
|  | B:         |          | D: 11         | and other   | retirement   |          |
|  | Director's |          | Discretionary | benefits in | benefit      |          |
|  | fee        | Salary   | bonuses       | kind        | scheme       | Total    |
|  | US\$'000   | US\$'000 | US\$'000      | US\$'000    | US\$'000     | US\$'000 |
| For the year ended December 31, 2020   |            |          |               |             |              |          |
| Executive directors                    |            |          |               |             |              |          |
| Dr. Tan Henry (Note (i))               | _          | 200      | _             | -           | _            | 200      |
| Mr. Chiu George                        | _          | 150      | 1             | _           | _            | 151      |
| Mrs. Su Tan Jennifer Sze Tink          | _          | 128      | _             | _           | _            | 128      |
| Mr. Schweizer Jeffrey William          | -          | 139      | -             | 18          | 5            | 162      |
| Non-executive directors                |            |          |               |             |              |          |
| Dr. Tan Siu Lin                        | 19         | _        | _             | _           | _            | 19       |
| Mr. Tan Willie                         | 19         | -        | -             | -           | -            | 19       |
| Independent Non-Executive Directors    |            |          |               |             |              |          |
| Prof. Chan Pak Woon David (Note (ii))  | 38         | _        | _             | _           | _            | 38       |
| Mr. Ma Andrew Chiu Cheung (Note (ii))  | 38         | _        | _             | _           | _            | 38       |
| Mr. Chan Leung Choi Albert (Note (ii)) | 38         | -        | _             | _           | _            | 38       |
|  | 152        | 617      | 1             | 18          | 5            | 793      |
|  |            |          |               |             | -            |          |
| For the year ended December 31, 2019   |            |          |               |             |              |          |
| Executive directors                    |            |          |               |             |              |          |
| Dr. Tan Henry (Note (i))               | _          | 117      | 55            | _           | _            | 172      |
| Mr. Chiu George                        | _          | 88       | _             | _           | _            | 88       |
| Mrs. Su Tan Jennifer Sze Tink          | _          | 75       | 37            | _           | _            | 112      |
| Mr. Schweizer Jeffrey William          | _          | 150      | 25            | 17          | 5            | 197      |
| Non-executive directors                |            |          |               |             |              |          |
| Dr. Tan Siu Lin                        | 14         | _        | _             | _           | _            | 14       |
| Mr. Tan Willie                         | 14         | -        | _             | _           | _            | 14       |
| Independent Non-Executive Directors    |            |          |               |             |              |          |
| Prof. Chan Pak Woon David (Note (ii))  | 29         | _        | _             | _           | _            | 29       |
| Mr. Ma Andrew Chiu Cheung (Note (ii))  | 29         | _        | _             | _           | _            | 29       |
| Mr. Chan Leung Choi Albert (Note (ii)) | 29         | _        | _             | _           | _            | 29       |
|  | 115        | 430      | 117           | 17          | 5            | 684      |

For the year ended December 31, 2020

#### 34 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

#### (a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

Notes:

- (i) Dr. Tan Henry is the Group's chief executive officer.
- (ii) Prof. Chan Pak Woon David, Mr. Ma Andrew Chiu Cheung and Mr. Chan Leung Choi Albert were appointed as the Company's independent non-executive directors on April 9, 2019.

No director fees were paid to these directors in their capacity as directors of the Company or the subsidiaries and no emoluments were paid by the Company or the subsidiaries to the directors as an inducement to join the Company or the subsidiaries, or as compensation for loss of office during the year ended December 31, 2020 (2019: Nil).

#### (b) Directors' retirement benefits and termination benefits

None of the directors received any other retirement benefits or termination benefits during the year ended December 31, 2020 (2019: Nil).

#### (c) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the year ended December 31, 2020, no consideration was provided to or receivable by third parties for making available directors' services (2019: Nil).

# (d) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

There were no loans, quasi-loan and other dealing arrangements in favor of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors as at December 31, 2020 (2019: Nil).

#### (e) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Save as disclosed in Note 30(b), there were no significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Group was a party and in which a director of the Group had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year ended December 31, 2020 (2019: Nil).

# **Five Year Financial Summary**

|   | 2016   | 2017   | 2018    | 2019    | 2020    |
|---|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|
| Financial highlights (US\$'000)                 |        |        |         |         |         |
| Total assets                                    | 66,301 | 73,782 | 75,887  | 131,187 | 123,651 |
| Total liabilities                               | 11,386 | 23,167 | 20,762  | 27,601  | 31,836  |
| Bank borrowings                                 | _      | 5,000  | _       | _       | _       |
| Equity attributable to the owners of the        |        |        |         |         |         |
| Company   | 53,531 | 49,081 | 53,516  | 102,229 | 91,900  |
| Working Capital                                 | 9,557  | 5,037  | 12,055  | 61,497  | 47,492  |
| Revenue   | 81,238 | 89,430 | 100,178 | 98,699  | 40,784  |
| Profit/(loss) attributable to the owners of the |        |        |         |         |         |
| Company   | 12,405 | 12,982 | 11,694  | 10,100  | (9,320) |
|   |        |        |         |         |         |
| Key Ratios                                      |        |        |         |         |         |
| Current ratio (times)                           | 1.9    | 1.2    | 1.6     | 6.1     | 4.3     |
| Profit margin attributable to the owners        |        |        |         |         |         |
| of the Company                                  | 15.3%  | 14.5%  | 11.6%   | 10.2%   | -22.9%  |

Note: The financial summary of the Group is for information only and does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.