# ANNUAL年 REPORT報 2 0 2 0

Legend Strategy International Holdings Group Company Limited 朸濬國際集團控股有限公司

> (a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

> > Stock Code 股份代號 1355

# LegendStrategy <sub>朸濬國際</sub>

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### **Corporate Information** 公司資料

### DIRECTORS

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Chen Wu (Chief Executive Officer) (Appointed with effect from 20 March 2020) Mr. Chung Tin Yan

#### **Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Yuan Fuer (Chairman) Mr. Hu Xinglong

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Wu Jilin Mr. Du Hongwei Ms. Li Zhou

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Chung Tin Yan

### **AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES**

Mr. Chen Wu (Appointed with effect from 20 March 2020) Mr. Chung Tin Yan Mr. Hu Xinglong (Resigned with effect from 20 March 2020)

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. Wu Jilin (Chairman) Mr. Du Hongwei Ms. Li Zhou

### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Ms. Li Zhou (Chairman) Mr. Wu Jilin Mr. Du Hongwei

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### 董事

#### 執行董事

陳武先生(行政總裁) (自二零二零年三月二十日起獲委任) 鍾天昕先生

#### 非執行董事

袁富兒先生(主席) 胡性龍先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

吳吉林先生 杜宏偉先生 李舟女士

### 公司秘書

鍾天昕先生

### 授權代表

陳武先生(自二零二零年三月二十日起獲委任) 鍾天昕先生 胡性龍先生(自二零二零年三月二十日起辭任)

### 審核委員會

吳吉林先生(主席) 杜宏偉先生 李舟女士

### 提名委員會

李舟女士(主席) 吳吉林先生 杜宏偉先生



### Corporate Information 公司資料

### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Du Hongwei (Chairman) Mr. Wu Jilin Ms. Li Zhou

### **PRINCIPAL BANKS**

#### PRC

Industrial Bank Co. Ltd Agricultural Bank of China Limited

### Hong Kong

Hang Seng Bank Limited Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

### **AUDITOR**

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited

### LEGAL ADVISER AS TO HONG KONG LAW

Chiu & Partners

### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

### HEADQUARTER AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Suite 1702, 17/F World-Wide House 19 Des Voeux Road Central Central Hong Kong

### 薪酬委員會

杜宏偉先生(主席) 吳吉林先生 李舟女士

### 主要往來銀行

### 中國

興業銀行股份有限公司 中國農業銀行股份有限公司

### 香港

恒生銀行有限公司 中國銀行(香港)有限公司

### 核數師

國衛會計師事務所有限公司

### 就香港法律之法律顧問

趙不渝 馬國強律師事務所

### 註冊辦事處

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

### 總部及香港主要營業地點

香港 中環 德輔道中19號 環球大廈 17樓1702室



### THE CAYMAN ISLANDS PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

### HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Union Registrars Limited Suites 3301–04, 33/F Two Chinachem Exchange Square 338 King's Road North Point Hong Kong

### **COMPANY'S WEBSITE**

www.legend-strategy.com

### **STOCK CODE**

1355

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### 開曼群島主要股份過戶登記處

Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

#### 香港股份過戶登記分處

聯合證券登記有限公司 香港 北角 英皇道338號 華懋交易廣場2期 33樓3301-04室

公司網站

www.legend-strategy.com

股份代號



### Chairman's Statement 主席報告

On behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of Legend Strategy International Holdings Group Company Limited (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group"), I am pleased to present the annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2020 (the "Year").

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The Group is principally engaged in accommodation operations, provision of accommodation consultations and accommodation facilities management services and other related business. Although the sudden COVID-19 outbreak at the beginning of 2020 caused a serious impact on the operation of the hotel industry, by persisting in stringent control and management measures with respect to pandemic prevention, governments at all levels in the PRC continued to introduce various favorable policies to pave the way for the resumption of work and production among various industries, which facilitates the pace of economic recovery. As a result of effective control over the COVID-19 pandemic, the domestic tourism economy and consumer confidence were restored, particularly evidenced by the comprehensive restarting of interprovincial tourism, as well as the combined effects of the peak tourist seasons in both the summer holiday and Golden Week in October, and the hotel business of the Group also demonstrated the trend of U-shaped recovery and gradually recorded a positive growth. Driven by revenue from accommodation consultations and accommodation facilities management services, the revenue of the Group for the Year increased slightly as compared with the corresponding period of the last financial year. With revenue from accommodation facilities management and accommodation management service, the decrease in other operating expenses also lowered the burden for the comprehensive loss for the Year.

In 2020, the Group pursued the strategic initiative of focusing on our main business expansion and strengthening our core competence, while steadily promoting our brand upgrade and new brand incubation to improve our brand system. By diversifying hotel brands, we made improvement in service quality and hotel features, which unleased their unique personalities and cultural connotations. By providing different products and services to our customers, we increased our customers' awareness of each of our brands, which helped improve our brand value and economic benefits in the midst of achieving market expansion. Our newly established "LYAR" (萊亞) brand is positioned in five areas, namely, exploration, technology, vitality, art, and aspiration, and is expected to provide technologically active and artistically restive space to the adventurous and tech-savvy business community, in order to ultimately achieve the rapid development of brand value and influence by exploring the limitations for the art of living, as well as experiencing the brand concept that encourages the aspiration for future technology.

本人謹代表朸濬國際集團控股有限公司(「本公 司」),連同其附屬公司(「本集團」)董事(「董 事」)會(「董事會」),欣然提呈本公司及其附屬 公司截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 (「本年度」)之全年業績。

#### 業務回顧

本集團主要從事住宿營運及提供住宿諮詢及住 宿設施管理服務等相關業務。儘管二零二零年 年初突如其來的新冠疫情給酒店業的經營造成 了嚴重的影響,但中國各級政府堅持防疫嚴控 了嚴重的影響,但中國各級政府堅持防疫嚴控 嚴管,並持續出台各種利好政策為各行各業復 工稅購算。加快經濟復蘇步伐。得益於 新冠肺炎疫情的有效控制,國內旅遊經濟和消 費底遊旺季及十一黃金周假期旅遊的疊加,集 期旗下的酒店業務也呈現U型復蘇的趨勢並並理 服務的收益帶動下,本集團本年度收益較上個 財政年度同期略微增加。本集團在住宿設施管 理和住宿管理服務所帶來的收入帶動下及其他 營運開支減少亦為本年度全面虧損減輕負擔。

二零二零年,集團以做強主業,增強核心競爭 力為戰略目標,穩步推進各品牌升級和新品牌 孵化,完善品牌體系。通過多元化的酒店品 牌,在服務品質、酒店特色上有所作為,釋放 獨特的個性和文化內涵,為客戶提供不同的產 品服務,也增加客源對公司各品牌的認知,進 而提升品牌價值,提高經濟效益,實現市場擴 張。新創建了「萊亞」品牌,品牌定位在探索、 科技、活力、藝術和志趣等五方面,希望為具 有探索精神的科技理工商務人群提供科技活力 與藝術靜謐的休憩空間,以期實現探索生活藝 術的邊界,體會未來科技志趣的品牌理念,最 終實現品牌價值及影響力的飛速發展。

> Annual Report 2020 二零二零年年報

### Chairman's Statement 主席報告

### OUTLOOK

Despite the global outbreak of the pandemic during the Year, the Board is optimistic that the tourism industry in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") will remain on a strong growth path in medium to long term and considers the impact of the coronavirus on the accessibility and business and tourist activities in the PRC to be temporary. The Board will continue to strive for improvements in the operating results of the Group and to look for investment and expansion opportunities in Greater Bay Area and Hong Kong. Further, the development of Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area, such as the completion of High Speed Rail (Hong Kong Section), Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge, and other sizeable infrastructure projects, will bring new customer base to domestic hotel, service apartments and other markets with ongoing competition, and it is expected that the accommodation service market will continue to embrace opportunities in the future.

On top of consolidating the current business operations, the Group will continue to focus on core businesses by developing the principal businesses related to accommodation, and commit itself to improving its service standard and profitability. Leveraging on its current strengths to boost its brand influence, the Group will actively tap into the network of new management to strengthen its operation scale through its own expansion and acquisition of different accommodation projects, entering into management contracts and cooperative or joint ventures projects. In exercising caution over project investments, the Group doubles down on its efforts to expand its core business segment. Seizing investment opportunities in the prospective markets, the Group will identify new sources of profitability and growth to safeguard the sustainability of the Group. The incoming opening of Chengdu Branch and Wuhan Branch, as well as the accommodation facilities management service and accommodation consultations services, will also expand the Group's operation scale. On the other hand, the Group will continue to ride on the policies in effect during this year to continuously optimize its internal procedures and enhance management efficiency. To further achieve breakthroughs in the development momentum, the Group will facilitate the organic growth of its intrinsic corporate values and enhance its business vitality. The objectives will be to improve revenue, operating profit and the number of rooms under management.

### 展望

儘管本年疫情全球爆發,董事會對中華人民共 和國(「中國」)旅遊業於中期至長期內將繼續保 持強勁增長仍保持樂觀,並認為冠狀病毒對中 國商業活動及旅遊活動之影響為暫時的。董事 會將繼續致力改善本集團的經營業績並於大灣 區及香港尋求投資及擴展機會。再者,隨著粵 港澳大灣區的發展,如高鐵香港段及港珠澳大 橋等大型基建的落成,將為持續競爭的本地酒 店及公寓等市場帶來新的客戶群,預計未來的 住宿服務業市場將會充滿機遇。

本集團在鞏固現有營運的基礎上,繼續推動聚 焦主業,發展住宿相關的主營業務並致力提升 本集團的服務水平,持續提升盈利能力,利用 現有優勢增強品牌影響力,積極善用新管理層 的網絡透過自身開拓及收購不同的住宿項目、 訂立管理合約及合作或合營項目以擴大本集團 營運規模,嚴把項目投資關,加大核心業務板 塊拓展力度,把握潛在市場投資機會,尋求新 的利潤增長點及保障集團的可持續發展,成都 店及武漢店即將開業及住宿設施管理服務及住 宿諮詢服務亦可壯大本集團營運之規模。同時 本集團亦會繼續秉承本年度既定的方針,繼續 優化內部流程及提升管理效率,促進企業內在 價值增長,增強企業活力,讓集團的發展後勁 創造更突破性的成效。目標是改善收益,營運 盈利和管理的房間數量。

### Chairman's Statement 主席報告

### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

I, acting on behalf of the Board, express my utmost appreciation to our shareholders, customers, and business partners for their long-term confidence in and support for the Group, as well as my gratitude towards the management and all of our employees for their commitment and effort to our growth.



本人謹代表董事會,向本集團的尊貴股東、客 戶以及業務夥伴致以謝忱,感謝一直以來對本 集團的信任和支持;同時感謝管理層及全體員 工對集團發展所作出的全心投入和不懈努力。

Yuan Fuer	袁富兒
Chairman	主席
On Behalf of the Board	代表董事會
27 February 2021	二零二一年二月二十七日



#### **BUSINESS AND OPERATIONAL REVIEW**

The Group is principally engaged in accommodation operations, provision of accommodation consultations and accommodation facilities management services and other related businesses. The Group is also involved in the money lending business. For the financial year ended 31 December 2020 ("the Year"), the Group has 3 leased-and-operated hotels under operation and 2 leased-and-operated hotels under development. Revenue from accommodation operations during the Year was mainly derived from rental of accommodation and conference facilities and provision of accommodation facilities management and accommodation consultations services.

In 2020, the PRC's gross domestic product exceeded the threshold of RMB100 trillion for the first time at its annual economic growth rate of 2.3%, making it the only major economy to achieve a positive economic growth in the world under the severe impact of the COVID-19 outbreak. Although the sudden COVID-19 outbreak at the beginning of the Year caused a serious impact on the operation of the hotel industry, by persisting in stringent control and management measures with respect to pandemic prevention, governments at all levels in the PRC continued to introduce various favorable policies to pave the way for the resumption of work and production among various industries, which facilitates the pace of economic recovery. As a result of effective control over the COVID-19 pandemic, the domestic tourism economy and consumer confidence were restored, particularly evidenced by the comprehensive restarting of interprovincial tourism, as well as the combined effects of the peak tourist seasons in both the summer holiday and Golden Week in October, and the hotel business of the Group also demonstrated the trend of U-shaped recovery and gradually recorded a positive growth. Driven by revenue from the accommodation consultations and accommodation facilities management services, the revenue of the Group for the Year amounted to HK\$50,678,000, representing an increase of approximately 11.2% as compared with revenue of HK\$45,585,000 the same period of the last financial year.

### 業務及營運回顧

本集團主要從事住宿營運及提供住宿諮詢及住 宿設施管理服務等相關業務。本集團亦有從事 放債業務。截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止 財政年度(「本年度」),本集團擁有三家營運中 之租賃經營酒店及兩家開發中之租賃經營酒 店。本年度住宿營運之收益主要來自租賃住宿 及會議設施與提供住宿設施管理及住宿諮詢服 務。

二零二零年中國GDP總量首度突破100萬億 元,全年經濟增長率為2.3%,成為全球在受到 新冠疫情嚴重衝擊下唯一實現經濟正增長的主 要經濟體。儘管年初突如其來的新冠疫情給酒 店業的經營造成了嚴重的影響,但中國各級政 府堅持防疫嚴控嚴管,並持續出台各種利好政 策為各行各業復工復產開闢道路,加快經濟復 策步伐。得益於新冠肺炎疫情的有效控制,國 內旅遊經濟和消費信心恢復,特別是跨省旅遊 全面重啟以及暑期旅遊旺季及十一黃金周假期 旅遊的疊加,集團旗下的酒店業務也呈現U型 復蘇的趨勢並逐步迎來正向增長。受住宿諮詢 與住宿設施管理服務的收益帶動下,本集團本 年度收益為50,678,000港元,較上個財政年度 同期45,585,000港元增加約11.2%。

In 2020, the Group pursued the strategic initiative of focusing on our main business expansion and strengthening our core competence, while steadily promoting our brand upgrade and new brand incubation to improve our brand system. By diversifying hotel brands, we made improvement in service quality and hotel features, which unleased their unique personalities and cultural connotations. By providing different products and services to our customers, we increased our customers' awareness of each of our brands, which helped improve our brand value and economic benefits in the midst of achieving market expansion. Our newly established "LYAR" (萊亞) brand is positioned in five areas, namely, exploration, technology, vitality, art, and aspiration, and is expected to provide technologically active and artistically restive space to the adventurous and tech-savvy business community, in order to ultimately achieve the rapid development of brand value and influence by exploring the limitations for the art of living, as well as experiencing the brand concept that encourages the aspiration for future technology.

As disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 24 January 2020 and the section headed "Significant investment held, material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, and future plans for material investments or capital assets" below, the Group entered into separate agreements with partners in Chengdu and Wuhan to provide capital to two joint venture companies for the development of accommodation business in Chengdu and Wuhan respectively. The newly set up joint venture companies also entered into tenancy agreements with separate landlords for securing places for establishment of Chengdu Branch and Wuhan Branch respectively, which is expected to provide around 227 accommodation places in total and thus increases the number of available rooms of the Group. The service operation is expected to commence in the first guarter of 2021. The Group will continue to look for investment and enhancement opportunities to broaden its revenue base and source of income, and explore the provision of various accommodation projects, accommodation consultations and accommodation facility management services in the PRC, Hong Kong or overseas to optimize the overall hotel assets structure and improve efficiency.

二零二零年,集團以做強主業,增強核心競爭 力為戰略目標,穩步推進各品牌升級和新品牌 孵化,完善品牌體系。通過多元化的酒店品 牌,在服務品質、酒店特色上有所作為,釋放 獨特的個性和文化內涵,為客戶提供不同的產 品服務,也增加客源對公司各品牌的認知,進 而提升品牌價值,提高經濟效益,實現市場擴 張。新創建了「萊亞」品牌,品牌定位在探索、 科技、活力、藝術和志趣等五方面,希望為具 有探索精神的科技理工商務人群提供科技活力 與藝術靜謐的休憩空間,以期實現探索生活藝 術的邊界,體會未來科技志趣的品牌理念,最 終實現品牌價值及影響力的飛速發展。

誠如本公司於二零二零年一月二十四日之公告 及下文「所持重大投資、附屬公司、聯營公司 及合資公司之重大收購或出售以及未來重大投 資或資本資產計劃」一節所披露,本集團已分 別與成都及武漢的合作顆伴簽訂個別協議向兩 間合資公司提供資金,以於成都及武漢發展住 宿業務。新成立之合資公司亦分別與不同業主 簽訂租賃協議以取得設立成都店及武漢店的地 方,預計將能提供合約共227個宿位,從而增 加本集團之可出租房間數量,並預計在二零 二一年第一季正式投入服務。本集團將繼續尋 求投資及優化機會,擴大其收入基礎及來源, 並於中國內地、香港及海外地區開拓提供不同 的住宿項目、住宿諮詢和住宿設施管理服務業 務,以優化整體集團資產結構及組合並提升效 益。

Despite the Group recorded a decrease in total comprehensive loss as compared to the previous year, the Group continued to dedicate itself to improving the performance of its existing accommodation projects and stimulating its accommodation facility management and accommodation consultations services by implementing effective sales and marketing plans, including cooperation agreements with new tourism intermediaries and active liaison with various corporate customers. The Group also continued to adopt a series of operation improvement schemes during the Year such as improving accommodation ancillary facilities and implementing staff performance programs. By seeking customers' feedback from time to time, reviewing comments available from online travel agencies and their platforms, as well as actively carrying out improvement plans to increase service quality, customers' satisfaction and employees' morale, the Group aimed to boost up revenue and improve performance in all aspects.

In addition to the frontline operation of various accommodation projects and services, we also took important actions to control back office and other expenses, including reviewing human resource efficiency and making corresponding adjustments, maintaining cost saving measures to lower corporate expenses and reviewing performance from time to time by comparing to financial budgets, so as to maximize the Group's benefits.

The following is an update on the Group's existing business:

#### **Accommodation Projects under Operation**

#### Huizhou Branch

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Huizhou Branch is situated at Xunliaowan of Huizhou, which is easily accessible as Huizhou is located near the Pearl River Delta neighbouring Shenzhen and Hong Kong with direct flights to other cities in the PRC. Xunliaowan offers our guests opportunities to enjoy a beach vacation in the region, become a beach bum, spend their days lazing on the sand and take in the sun followed by a dip in the clear waters. Also, with both historic scenic spots and the coast along the Pacific Ocean, Huizhou attracts domestic and foreign tourists to spend their holiday in the region. The Group's management also decided not to renew the tenancy agreement of one of the two separate blocks of buildings in which Huizhou Branch was operating after its expiry on 31 March 2020 and to devote the available resources to the remaining block of Huizhou Branch.

儘管本集團的全面虧損總額較上年度收窄,本 集團仍繼續致力實行持之有效的銷售及市場方 案,以改善自身現有住宿項目及刺激住宿設施 管理及住宿諮詢服務之業績,包括與新的旅遊 中介簽訂合作協議及主動與不同的企業客戶聯 繫。本集團亦於本年度繼續實行一系列的經營 改善方案,如改善住宿項目配套設施和實行員 工績效方案等,集團亦會不時聽取顧客意見, 檢視網上旅遊代理及於其平台提供的建議並積 極落實改善方案,以提高服務質素、客戶的滿 意度和員工的士氣,務求全方位提高收益,改 善業績。

在各個住宿項目及服務的前線營運以外,我們 也就控制後勤和其他支出方面作出了重要舉 措,包括檢討人力資源效益並作出相對應的調 整、維持成本節約政策以減低企業支出費用及 不時對比財務預算以檢討表現,為集團爭取最 佳利益。

以下是集團現有業務之最新動態:

#### 營運中的住宿項目

#### 惠州店

惠州店位於惠州巽寮灣,惠州靠近與深圳及香 港相鄰的珠江三角洲,並有飛往中國其他城市 的直達航班,交通便利。巽寮灣令賓客有機會 在該地區享受海灘假日,成為海灘常客,在清 澈海水中暢遊後流連沙灘、沐浴陽光。另外, 惠州兼具歷史名勝及太平洋海岸的景觀,藉此 吸引國內外遊客到該區渡假。現正經營的惠州 店兩幢大樓的其中一幢,已於二零二零年三月 三十一日租賃協議到期,本集團管理層亦決定 不再續簽,並將可動用資源投放於餘下的一幢 大樓中。

Thanked to the principle of internal economic circulation in the PRC, Huizhou Branch at the resort area did not record a huge decrease in its total annual revenue despite the impact of the pandemic. The revenue of Huizhou Branch started to pick up as early as in the second quarter of 2020 as the market gradually recovers from the pandemic and the newly promoted "Staycation" trend in the region. Given the popularity of Huizhou Branch gained from prior years and with the commitment to the development of the Greater Bay Area of the PRC Government, the Group looks forward to the increasing number of guests visiting the region which will boost the performance of Huizhou Branch in the long run.

#### Nanshan Branch

Nanshan Branch is situated near the Hong Kong-Shenzhen Western Corridor and the Shekou Port. It has five floors and a total GFA of approximately 7,000 sq.m, comprising 189 rooms. The project is located just beside the subway exit of Nanshan Station of Shenzhen Metro Line No. 11 and it takes approximately 30 minutes from Nanshan Branch to the airport. Also, Nanshan Branch is in the proximity of the Coastal City Commercial Area, Shenzhen Book Mall (Nanshan), Shenzhen Bay Sports Centre Stadium and theme parks such as the Window of the World, Overseas Chinese Town Harbour and the Sea World, which provides stable demand for temporary accommodation from both business and tourism guests.

Internal renovation work completed in recent years at Nanshan Branch helped increase the number of rooms, as well as the satisfaction of hotel guests. With the pandemic in the PRC brought under control as early as in the second quarter of the year, resulting in the rapid recovery of consumption from and number of local travelers, Nanshan Branch recorded an increase in its revenue in the second half of the year. Given the ever-changing market conditions driven by government policies implemented to combat the pandemic, the Group will continue to review its marketing strategies and re-examine the model of cooperation and sales plans with tourism intermediaries and corporate customers in order to improve revenue in the long run. 受中國經濟內循環發展格局影響,位處渡假區 的惠州店並沒有因疫情的影響而導致全年總體 收益大減。隨著市場逐漸從疫情中恢復及該地 區新推廣的「留宿」趨勢,惠州店的收益早在二 零二零年第二季度開始回升。憑著惠州店往年 獲取的人氣及隨著內地政府致力於大灣區發 展,本集團期待造訪該地區的旅客數量增長, 並從長遠提升惠州店表現。

#### 南山店

南山店地近深港西部通道及蛇口碼頭,擁有五 層樓面,總建築面積約7,000平方米,包括189 間客房。項目位於深圳地鐵11號線南山站地 鐵出口旁,用大概30分鐘便可從南山店抵達機 場。此外,南山店鄰近海岸城商業區、深圳書 城(南山店)、深圳灣體育中心以及世界之窗、 歡樂海岸及海上世界等主題公園,地理位置便 利,商業及遊客對短暫住宿的需求穩定。

南山店近年完成的內部裝修不但令房間數量上 升,而且令住客滿意度亦有所提升。加上中國 疫情早在第二季度已經受控,令本地旅客消費 及數量迅速回復,南山店在下半年的收益亦有 所增長。鑑於疫情所導致政府實施的政策下的 市場狀況不斷變化,本集團將繼續檢視其銷售 策略,重新審視與旅遊中介及企業客戶的合作 及營銷模式,從而提高長遠收益。

#### Baoan Branch

Baoan Branch has four floors and a total GFA of approximately 1,700 sq.m, comprising 46 rooms. Surrounded by prosperous commercial streets and pedestrian streets, the accommodation project is located at the central area of administration, culture, sport, commerce and entertainment in the Baoan District, "a core district of the Bay Area", and is within close proximity of Haiya Mega Mall, a famous commercial center in Shenzhen, and Bao'an Sports Center, the largest gymnasium in Shenzhen where the 2011 Summer Universiade was held. It is a 20-minute drive from the Baoan International Airport, and takes within 10 minutes by walk from the Coach Terminal, the Xixiang Pier, and Lingzhi Station of Shenzhen Metro Line 5 (near Lingzhi Park). It has access to efficient road, sea and air transportation with convenient life.

Although the revenue of Baoan Branch was impacted by the pandemic in the first quarter of 2020, the occupancy rate of the branch started to restore its normal level in the second quarter of 2020, due to the comprehensive renovation in recent years and the improving pandemic situation. Driven by the support and commitment by the sales team, the revenue of the branch for the Year increased as compared with that last financial year.

#### **Accommodation Projects under Development**

#### Chengdu Branch

Chengdu Branch is situated near Tianfu Square. It has two floors and a total GFA of approximately 7,600 sq.m. Tianfu Square is at the centre of the city and is accessible by both Chengdu Subway Line No. 1 and Line No. 2. The hotel is in the proximity of Chengdu Museum, Mao Zedong Statue, Sichuan Art Museum, Sichuan Science and Technology Museum and a selection of department stores and shopping malls. The renovation at Chengdu Branch nearly came to an end, and therefore its business operation is anticipated to commence in the first quarter of 2021, which is expected to provide up to around 107 accommodation places.

#### 寶安店

寶安店擁有四層樓面,總建築面積約1,700平 方米,包括46間客房。該住宿項目地處「灣區 核心」寶安區的行政、文體、商業和娛樂的中 心地帶,周邊有繁華的商業街和步行街,鄰近 深圳知名商業城海雅繽紛城、深圳最大並承辦 過大運會的寶安體育館,距離寶安國際機場20 分鐘車程,距離長路汽車站、西鄉碼頭、5號 線靈芝公園站地鐵站口等步行無需10分鐘, 路、海、空交通十分快捷,生活便利。

儘管寶安店的收益於二零二零年第一季度受到 疫情的影響,但受益於近年全面裝修所帶來的 效益體現及疫情舒緩,該店入住率於二零二零 年第二季度開始恢愎正常水平。在銷售團隊的 支持和努力下,本年該店的全年收益較上個財 政年度上升。

#### 開發中的住宿項目

#### 成都店

成都店地近天府廣場,擁有兩層樓面,總建築 面積約7,600平方米。天府廣場位於市中心, 成都地鐵1號線及2號線均可到達。成都店鄰近 成都市博物館、毛澤東雕像、四川美術館、四 川科技館及眾多百貨公司和購物中心。成都店 的裝修工程己經接近尾聲,並預計於二零二一 年第一季度開業,預計最多能提供約107個宿 位。

#### Wuhan Branch

Wuhan Branch has five floors and a total GFA of approximately 9,000 sq.m. This branch is located in the Runwin International Building on Xin Cheng Yi Road. Wuhan Branch is in the proximity of Wuhan Five Rings Sports Centre and the new government building. The airport or train station can also be reachable from the branch in approximately 30 minutes. The renovation at Wuhan Branch nearly came to an end, and therefore its business operation is anticipated to commence in the first quarter of 2021, which is expected to provide up to around 120 accommodation places.

#### Accommodation Facility Management and Accommodation Consultations Services

In view of the uncertainty hovering over revenue from the accommodation operation business due to the pandemic, the Group continued to explore ways to broaden and stabilise its revenue base and source of income as well as to improve the performance of the Group such as the provision of accommodation facility management and consultations services which are considered to be less impacted by the pandemic. For facility management services, during the Year, the Group provided accommodation facility outsourcing management services including services such as professional cleaning, sterilization, inventory supply management and quality management to third party customers.

For accommodation consultations services, the Group provides consultations services for setting up hotels, guesthouses, inns, resorts, service apartments, elderly apartments, homestays, dormitories, staff quarters and other accommodation projects, such as performing market research and investment feasibility analysis, provision of accommodation construction and design consultations services and accommodation pre-commencement, opening and construction management services to customers. During the Year, the Group strengthened its business operations involving accommodation facility management and accommodation consultations services, which are expected to continuously improve the performance of the Group in the foreseeable future.

#### 武漢店

武漢店擁有五層樓面,總建築面積約9,000平 方米。武漢店位於新城一路的融園國際大廈。 武漢店鄰近武漢五環體育中心及新區政府大 樓,用大概30分鐘便可從酒店抵達機場或火 車站。武漢店的裝修工程接近尾聲,並預計於 二零二一年第一季度開業,預計最多能提供約 120個宿位。

#### 住宿設施管理和住宿諮詢服務

鑑於疫情的爆發令來自住宿營運的收益產生不 確定性,本集團一直不停尋找方法以擴大及穩 定其收入基礎及來源,例如發展一些被視為較 少受疫情影響的業務,如提供住宿設施管理和 諮詢服務,以改善本集團的業績。就設施管理 服務而言,本年度,本集團向第三方客戶提供 住宿設施外包管理服務,包括專業保潔、消 毒、物資管理和質量管理等服務。

就住宿諮詢服務而言,本集團為客戶提供開辦 酒店、賓館、旅店、渡假村、公寓、老人公 寓、民宿、學生宿舍及員工宿舍等住宿項目的 諮詢服務,如進行市場調研及投資的可行性分 析、提供住宿建築及設計諮詢服務及住宿籌 建、開業及施工管理服務。於本年間,本集團 加強了發展住宿設施管理和住宿諮詢服務的營 運,期望該等服務能為集團在可預見的未來繼 續改善業務表現。

### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

For the Year, the Group recorded revenue of HK\$50,678,000, compared with HK\$45,585,000 for the last financial year, representing an increase of approximately 11.2%. The Group recorded a total comprehensive loss of HK\$1,572,000 for the Year compared with HK\$15,734,000 for the last financial year, representing a decrease of approximately 90%. The decrease in comprehensive loss was mainly attributable to the revenue from accommodation facilities management and accommodation consultation services. The decrease in other operating expenses also lowered the burden for the comprehensive loss for the Year.

The following table shows the key information of all the Group's leasedand-operated accommodation rooms for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019 respectively.

### 財務回顧

本年度,本集團錄得收益50,678,000港元, 較上個財政年度之45,585,000港元,升幅約 11.2%。本集團於本年度錄得全面虧損總額 1,572,000港元,較上個財政年度之15,734,000 港元,減少約90%。全面虧損減少主要由住宿 設施管理和住宿諮詢服務所帶來的收入所致, 其他營運開支減少亦為本年度全面虧損減輕負 擔。

下表載列本集團全部租賃經營住宿項目分別於 截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一日 止年度之主要資料。

		<b>2020</b> 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
Total available room nights	總可出租客房晚數	152,148	237,935
Occupancy rate	入住率	71.04%	60.04%
ARR (RMB)*	平均房租(人民幣元)*	273.3	296.5
RevPAR (RMB)#	平均每間客房收入(人民幣元)#	194.2	178.0

\* ARR: the room revenue of all accommodation rooms divided by the total occupied room nights

# RevPAR: the room revenue of all accommodation rooms divided by the total available room nights

For the Year, total available room nights of the Group decreased by 85,787 nights or approximately 36.1% as compared with last financial year due to the expiry of tenancy agreements of Luohu Branch and one of the two separate blocks of buildings of Huizhou Branch during the Year. The occupancy rate and RevPAR of the Group increased by 11% and increased by RMB16.2 or approximately 9.1% respectively as compared with last financial year, mainly due to the average occupancy rate increased due to the "Staycation" promotion campaign. Meanwhile, the ARR during the Year decreased by RMB20 on a year-on-year basis as compared with that of last financial year.

- 平均房租:所有住宿項目之客房收入除以總入 住客房晚數
- 平均每間客房收入:所有住宿項目之客房收入 除以總可出租客房晚數

本年度,本集團總可出租客房晚數較上個財政 年度減少85,787晚或約36.1%,由於羅湖店及 惠州店兩幢大樓的酒店其中一幢之租賃協議於 本年度到期所致。本集團入住率及平均每間客 房收入分別較上個財政年度增加11%及增加人 民幣16.2元或約9.1%,主要由於平均入住率因 推廣「留宿」趨勢而上升。與此同時,本年度之 平均房租與上個財政年度之平均房租同比減少 人民幣20元。

#### **Operating Costs**

The total operating costs decreased by HK\$4,683,000, or approximately 8.8%, from HK\$53,048,000 for last financial year to HK\$48,365,000 for the Year.

Depreciation of right-of-use assets increased by HK\$3,278,000 or approximately 22.6% due to the newly established Chengdu Branch and Wuhan Branch, offsetting a decrease in the depreciation charge arising from the expiry of tenancy agreements of Luohu Branch and one of the two separate blocks of buildings of Huizhou Branch during the Year. Depreciation of property, plant and equipment decreased by HK\$929,000 or approximately 23.2%, primarily due to the renewal of tenancy agreement of Nanshan Branch in July 2019 which extended the useful lives of the leasehold improvements of the branch and lowered the depreciation charge accordingly.

Employee benefit expenses decreased by HK\$2,412,000 or 14.3% mainly attributable to lay off of manpower due to expiry of the tenancy agreements of some branches during the Year. Utilities decreased by HK\$695,000 or approximately 29.0% mainly attributable to the reduced electricity charge due to government refund during the Year.

Other operating expenses decreased by HK\$3,925,000 or approximately 25.7% mainly due to the impact of the cost saving measures adopted by the Group during the Year to lower the operating costs.

The following table shows the total operating costs for the financial years ended 31 December 2019 and 2020:

#### 經營成本

本年度,總經營成本由上個財政年度之 53,048,000港元減少4,683,000港元或約8.8% 至48,365,000港元。

使用權資產折舊增加3,278,000港元或約 22.6%,此乃由於新成立的成都店和武漢店, 抵銷了因羅湖店及惠州店兩幢大樓的其中一幢 大樓之租賃協議於本年間到期而減少之折舊費 所致。物業、廠房及設備折舊減少929,000港 元或約23.2%,主要由於南山店之租賃協議於 二零一九年七月續約,因而令該店的租賃物業 裝修之可使用年期延長,從而減少相應之折舊 費所致。

僱員福利開支減少2,412,000港元或14.3%則主要由於僱員於本年間因個別分店租賃協議到期 而裁減人手所致。公用設施減少695,000港元 或約29.0%主要因為於本年度政府回款令電費 減少所致。

其他營運開支減少3,925,000港元或約25.7%, 此乃主要由於本集團於本年度採取成本控制措施以降低經營成本的影響所致。

下表載列截至二零一九年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日止財政年度之總經營成本:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	17,752	14,474
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	3,069	3,998
Employee benefit expenses	僱員福利開支	14,506	16,918
Utilities	公用設施	1,705	2,400
Other operating expenses	其他營運開支	11,333	15,258
		48,365	53,048

#### **Finance costs**

The finance costs increased by HK\$1,879,000 to HK\$5,505,000 as compared with last financial year. It mainly represented the interests accrued from lease liabilities arising from the conclusion of new tenancy agreements of Chengdu Branch and Wuhan Branch, and offset early repayment of the interest expenses incurred from borrowings from the Former Controlling Shareholders for the last financial year.

#### Liquidity and financial resources

During the Year, the Group mainly financed its operations and expansion with its own working capital generated internally and borrowings from the Current Controlling Shareholder (with principal amount of HK\$37,026,000 as at 31 December 2020, which are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand).

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had bank and cash balances of HK\$19,969,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$11,201,000). Gearing ratio is calculated as the amount of interest- bearing borrowings divided by total equity. The gearing ratio as at 31 December 2020 was N/A (31 December 2019: N/A).

The Group was in net current liabilities position of HK\$57,137,000 as at 31 December 2020. The Current Controlling Shareholder has agreed to provide continuing financial support to the Company to enable it to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due and to enable the Company to continue its operations for the foreseeable future. Consequently, the financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.

#### 融資成本

融資成本較上個財政年度增加1,879,000港元至 5,505,000港元,主要為成都店及武漢店訂立新 租賃協議而增加的租賃負債利息,及抵銷已於 上個財政年度提早歸還向前控股股東之借款的 利息開支。

#### 流動資金及財務資源

本年度,本集團主要以其內部產生之本身營運 資金及向現有控股股東借款(二零二零年十二 月三十一日本金為37,026,000港元,無抵押, 免息及須按要求隨時償還)為其營運及擴展撥 付資金。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團之銀 行及現金結餘為19,969,000港元(二零一九年 十二月三十一日:11,201,000港元)。資本負債 比率乃按附息借貸除以資本總額計算。截至二 零二零年十二月三十一日之資本負債比率為不 適用(二零一九年十二月三十一日:不適用)。

本集團於二零二零年十二月三十一日處於淨流 動負債狀況為57,137,000港元。現有控股股東 已同意繼續為本公司提供財務支持以使本公司 能償還到期負債並於可見將來持續經營業務。 因此,財務報表乃按持續經營基準編製。

### SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT HELD, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS OR DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES, AND FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

As mentioned in the Company's announcement dated 24 January 2020, (i) an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("Shenzhen Subsidiary") and an independent third party ("Chengdu Partner") entered into an agreement (the "Chengdu Agreement") pursuant to which Shenzhen Subsidiary and Chengdu Partner will, among others, provide capital in the amount of RMB21,000,000 to a company to be established jointly by Shenzhen Subsidiary and Chengdu Partner in the PRC (the "Chengdu JV") according to their proportional interests (i.e. 51% and 49% respectively) in Chengdu JV after establishment (subject to the terms and conditions of the Chengdu Agreement); and (ii) Shenzhen Subsidiary and an independent third party ("Wuhan Partner") entered into an agreement (the "Wuhan Agreement") pursuant to which Shenzhen Subsidiary and Wuhan Partner will, among others, provide capital in the amount of RMB20.900.000 to a company established jointly by Shenzhen Subsidiary and Wuhan Partner in the PRC (the "Wuhan JV") according to their proportional interests (i.e. 51% and 49% respectively) in Wuhan JV (subject to the terms and conditions of the Wuhan Agreement), for the development of hotel accommodation business in Chengdu and Wuhan, the PRC respectively. Pursuant to the Chengdu Agreement and the Wuhan Agreement, Chengdu JV and Wuhan JV are accounted for as indirect non-wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company.

### 所持重大投資、附屬公司、聯營公 司及合資公司之重大收購或出售以 及未來重大投資或資本資產計劃

誠如本公司日期為二零二零年一月二十四日 之公告所述,(i)本公司一間間接全資附屬公司 (「深圳附屬公司」)與獨立第三方(「成都合作夥 (半」)訂立協議(「成都協議」),據此,深圳附屬 公司及成都合作夥伴將(其中包括)於成立後按 彼等於一間將由深圳附屬公司及成都合作夥伴 於中國共同成立的公司(「成都合營企業」)的權 益比例(即分別為51%及49%)向成都合營企 業提供資金人民幣21.000.000元(受限於成都 協議的條款及條件);及(ii)深圳附屬公司與獨 立第三方(「武漢合作夥伴」)訂立協議(「武漢協 議」),據此,深圳附屬公司及武漢合作夥伴將 (其中包括)按彼等於一間由深圳附屬公司及武 漢合作夥伴於中國共同成立的公司(「武漢合營 企業1)的權益比例(即分別為51%及49%)向武 漢合營企業提供資金人民幣20.900.000元(受 限於武漢協議的條款及條件),以分別於中國 成都及武漢發展酒店住宿業務。根據成都協議 及武漢協議,成都合營企業及武漢合營企業按 間接非全資附屬公司形式入賬。

In addition, as disclosed in the Company's announcements dated 24 January 2020, 4 February 2020, 17 March 2020 and 23 March 2020 respectively. (i) pursuant to a tenancy agreement dated 24 January 2020 (as amended and supplemented by a supplemental agreement dated 17 March 2020, and subject to a transfer agreement dated 23 March 2020) (the "Chengdu Tenancy Agreement"), Chengdu JV shall lease a property situated in Chengdu, the PRC (the "Chengdu Property") for a term of around 12 years from 23 March 2020 to 22 January 2032; and (ii) pursuant to a tenancy agreement dated 24 January 2020 (as amended and supplemented by a supplemental agreement dated 17 March 2020) (the "Wuhan Tenancy Agreement"), Wuhan JV shall lease a property situated in Wuhan, the PRC (the "Wuhan Property") for a term of 15 years from 23 July 2020 to 22 July 2035. The total rentable areas of the Chengdu Property and the Wuhan Property are approximately 7,600 sg.m and approximately 9,000 sg.m respectively. The total rental payables under the Chengdu Tenancy Agreement and the Wuhan Tenancy Agreement are approximately RMB65,110,000 (exclusive of property management fees, air-conditioning, other charges and outgoings) and approximately RMB92,950,000 (inclusive of property management fees but exclusive of air-conditioning, other charges and outgoings) for the entire term respectively. Pursuant to HKFRS 16 "Leases", the entering into of tenancy agreements as tenant will require the Company to recognise a right-of-use asset. Therefore, the entering into of the tenancy agreements as stated above were regarded as acquisitions of assets by the Company under the Listing Rules. The value of right-of-use assets recognised by the Company upon commencement of lease term was (i) approximately RMB48,590,000 under the Chengdu Tenancy Agreement; and (ii) approximately RMB63,240,000 under the Wuhan Tenancy Agreement, respectively.

Save as disclosed above, there was no significant investments held, or material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures by the Group during the Year, and the Company does not have any future plan for material investments or capital assets as at the date of this report.

此外,誠如本公司日期分別為二零二零年一月 二十四日、二零二零年二月四日、二零二零年 三月十十日及二零二零年三月二十三日之公 告所披露,(i)根據一份日期為二零二零年一月 二十四日的租賃協議(經一份日期為二零二零 年三月十七日的補充協議及一份日期為二零二 零年三月二十三日的轉租協議修訂及補充(「成 都租賃協議1),成都合營企業將租賃一所位 於中國成都的物業(「成都物業」),由二零二零 年三月二十三日起至二零三二年一月二十二 日止,共約十二年;(ii)根據一份日期為二零二 零年一月二十四日的租賃協議(經一份日期為 二零二零年三月十七日的補充協議修訂及補充 (「武漢租賃協議」),武漢合營企業將租賃一所 位於中國武漢的物業(「武漢物業」),由二零二 零年七月二十三日起至二零三五年七月二十二 日止,共十五年。成都物業及武漢物業的可租 賃總面積分別為約7,600平方米及約9,000平 方米。成都租賃協議及武漢租賃協議的全期應 付租金總額分別為約人民幣65.110.000元(不 含物業管理費、空調、其他費用及支出)及約 人民幣92,950,000元(含物業管理費但不含空 調、其他費用及支出)。根據香港財務報告準 則第16號「租賃」,以租戶身分訂立租賃協議 將使本公司需要確認使用權資產。因此,根據 上市規則,訂立以上租賃協議將被視為本公司 收購資產。本公司(i)根據成都租賃協議於租賃 期開始時確認的使用權資產價值將為約人民幣 48,590,000元;及(ii)根據武漢租賃協議於租賃 期開始時確認的使用權資產價值將為約人民幣 63,240,000元。

除上文所披露外,本年度,本集團概無持有重 大投資、附屬公司、聯營公司或合資公司之重 大收購或出售,並於本報告日期,本公司未有 落實任何未來重大投資或資本資產計劃。



### FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK

For the Year, the Group's majority of the assets and liabilities, and income and expenses were denominated in Renminbi and Hong Kong Dollar. The Group had no significant exposure to fluctuations in exchange rates under foreign exchange contracts, interest, currency swaps or other financial derivatives.

#### **CAPITAL STRUCTURE**

For the Year, there was no material change to the capital structure of the Group and information disclosed in the report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2019. The total number of the issued shares of the Company was 448,363,708 as at 31 December 2020 (31 December 2019: 448,363,708 shares).

#### DIVIDENDS

The Directors do not recommend the payment of dividend in respect of the Year (2019: Nil).

#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public as at 27 February 2021, being the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this annual report for the purpose of ascertaining information contained herein (the "Latest Practicable Date").

### **EMPLOYEE AND REMUNERATION POLICIES**

The Group had 124 employees (31 December 2019: 84 employees) as at 31 December 2020. Remuneration is determined with reference to market terms and performance, qualifications and experience of each individual employee. Discretionary bonuses based on individual performance will be paid to employees as recognition of and reward for their contributions. Other benefits include contributions to retirement scheme.

### 外匯風險

本年度,本集團大部分資產、負債、收入及開 支乃以人民幣及港元計值。本集團概無因外匯 合約、利率、貨幣掉期或其他金融衍生工具而 面臨任何重大因外匯變動而帶來的風險。

### 資本結構

本年度,本集團資本結構與於本公司截至二 零一九年十二月三十一日止年度報告中所 披露之資料概無重大變動。於二零二零年 十二月三十一日,本公司已發行股份總數為 448,363,708股(二零一九年十二月三十一日: 448,363,708股)。

### 股息

董事不建議就本年度派付任何股息(二零一九 年:無)。

### 足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司可查閱之公開資料及據董事所知, 本公司已發行股本總額之至少25%於二零二一 年二月二十七日(即本年報發行前就確定本年 報所載資料的最後實際可行日期(「最後實際可 行日期」)乃由公眾持有。

#### 僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團有124 名僱員(二零一九年十二月三十一日:84名僱 員)。薪酬乃參考市場條款與每位個別僱員之 表現、資歷及經驗釐定。本集團亦向僱員支付 基於個人表現之酌情花紅,以表揚及獎勵彼等 作出之貢獻。其他福利包括退休計劃供款。

### **CHARGES ON ASSETS**

As at 31 December 2020, the Group did not have any charges on its assets (31 December 2019: Nil).

### CAPITAL COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had outstanding capital commitments which were not provided for in the Group's financial statements, among which HK\$12,002,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$32,000) commitments were contracted for.

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had no material contingent liabilities (31 December 2019: Nil).

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold, or redeemed any of the listed securities of the Company during the Year.

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had issued or granted any convertible securities, options, warrants or similar rights or exercised any conversion or subscription rights under any convertible securities, options, warrants or similar rights during the Year.

### **COMPLIANCE CONFIRMATION**

The Board of Directors confirms that throughout the Year, the Group has conformed in all material respects with all the requirements under relevant statutes, rules, standards, codes, licences in respect of its operation, financial reporting, or disclosures in Hong Kong or other applicable jurisdictions.

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND STAKEHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The Group recognises and respects: (i) the importance of environmental protection; (ii) the lawful rights of stakeholders, broadly to be categorised as employees, customers, suppliers, members of communities, and (iii) corporate social responsibilities of the Group as a member of the society. A specific report on these issues is covered in the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" of this Annual Report.

### 資產抵押

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團並無 任何資產抵押(二零一九年十二月三十一日: 無)。

### 資本承擔及或然負債

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團的資本承擔並未於本集團財務報表撥備,當中 12,002,000港元(二零一九年十二月三十一日: 32,000港元)為已訂約。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團並無 重大或然負債(二零一九年十二月三十一日: 無)。

### 購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證 券

本公司或其任何附屬公司於本年度內概無購 買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

於本年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無發行 或授出任何可換股證券、期權、認股權證或類 似權利或根據任何可換股證券、期權、認股權 證或類似權利行使任何換股權或認購權。

### 遵例確認

董事會確認,於本年度,本集團已就其營運、 財務報告或披露而在所有重大方面均符合於香 港或其他適用司法管轄區的相關法規、規則、 準則、守則、牌照下的所有規定。

### 環保與利益相關者權利

本集團明白並尊重:(i)環保極為重要;(ii)持份 者(廣義而言涵蓋僱員、客戶、供應商、社區 成員)的合法權利;及(iii)本集團身為社會一分 子所肩負的企業社會責任。有關上述事宜的特 定報告乃載於本年報中的「環境、社會及管治 報告」。

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### Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

The following set forth the biographical details of the Directors and the members of the senior management of the Company as at the Latest Practicable Date.

# EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

#### Chen Wu

Mr. Chen Wu ("Mr. Chen"), aged 54, was appointed as an executive Director and the chief executive officer of the Company with effect from 20 March 2020. Mr. Chen graduated with a bachelor degree in applied mathematics from Huazhong Polytechnic University (華中理工大學) (formerly known as Huazhong College of Engineering (華中工學院)) in 1987 and graduated from the postgraduate programme in economics management engineering from Huazhong Polytechnic University (華中理工大學) in 1989. After graduation, Mr. Chen worked for Agricultural Bank of China from July 1989 to September 2016. He successively held positions as the Deputy General Manager of International Business Department and Offshore Business Department in Shenzhen Branch, the General Manager of Institutional Business Department in Shenzhen Branch and the President of Branch in Shenzhen Nanshan District of Agricultural Bank of China. Mr. Chen has been the Vice-president and the General Manager of Treasury Department of Shenzhen Hazens Real Estate Group Company Limited from September 2016 to February 2020.

# EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR AND COMPANY SECRETARY

#### Chung Tin Yan

**Mr. Chung Tin Yan ("Mr. Chung")**, aged 37, was appointed as an executive Director and the chief financial officer of the Company with effect from 31 December 2019 and was appointed as the financial controller and the company secretary of the Company on February 2017. Mr. Chung graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University with a degree of bachelor of arts in accountancy in 2005. He has over 15 years of experience in finance, mergers and acquisitions, internal control, auditing and accounting. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Chung held various senior positions in the management team of the Chief Operating Officer with Hutchison Telecommunications Hong Kong Holdings Limited (stock code: 0215). He has also worked as an audit manager at Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu. Mr. Chung also has extensive experience in corporate finance and fund raising activities in Hong Kong and in the United States. He is a member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and Hong Kong Securities and Investment Institute.

以下載列於最後實際可行日期本公司董事及高 級管理層成員的履歷詳情。

### 執行董事及行政總裁

#### 陳武

陳武先生(「陳先生」),54歲,自二零二零年 三月二十日起獲委任為本公司執行董事及行政 總裁。陳先生於一九八七年本科畢業於華中理 工大學(前稱為華中工學院)應用數學系並取得 學士學位,並於一九八九年華中理工大學經 濟管理工程系研究生畢業。陳先生畢業後由 一九八九年七月至二零一六年九月曾就職於中 國農業銀行,先後任職中國農業銀行深圳分行 機構業務部總經理及深圳南山區域支行行長等 職務。陳先生由二零一六年九月至二零二零年 二月擔任深圳合正房地產集團有限公司之副總 裁及資金中心之總經理。

### 執行董事及公司秘書

#### 鍾天昕

**鍾天昕先生(「鍾先生」)**,37歲,自二零一九年 十二月三十一日起獲委任為本公司執行董事及 首席財務官,於二零一七年二月獲委任為本公 司的財務總監及公司秘書。鍾先生於二零零五 年畢業於香港理工大學並取得會計學文學士學 位。彼擁有超過15年財務、企業併購、內控、 審計及會計方面的經驗。在加入本公司前,鍾 先生曾於和記電訊香港控股有限公司(股份代 號:0215)首席營運官之管理團隊擔任要職。 彼亦曾於德勤會計師事務所任職審計經理。鍾 先生亦在香港和美國的企業融資及集資活動方 面有豐富的經驗。彼為香港會計師公會及香港 證券及投資學會會員。

### Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

#### **NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

#### Yuan Fuer

**Mr. Yuan Fuer ("Mr. Yuan")**, aged 58, was appointed as a nonexecutive Director of the Company with effect from 15 August 2018 and the Chairman of the Group with effect from 6 September 2018. Mr. Yuan graduated from Jiangxi Public Medical School in medical studies. Mr. Yuan, a businessman with over 18 years of experience in property development and investment business in the PRC, founded Shenzhen Hazens Real Estate Group Company Limited ("Shenzhen Hazens") in 1996. Apart from property development and investment in the PRC, Shenzhen Hazens expanded into other businesses including financial business, medical business, and hotel and tourism business. Mr. Yuan is the ultimate beneficial controlling shareholder of Shenzhen Hazens. Mr. Yuan is also the sole director and the ultimate beneficial owner of Hehui International Development Limited, the Current Controlling Shareholder. Mr. Yuan is a brother-in-law of Mr. Hu Xinglong, a non-executive Director of the Company.

#### **Hu Xinglong**

**Mr. Hu Xinglong ("Mr. Hu")**, aged 56, was appointed as a nonexecutive Director of the Company with effect from 15 August 2018. Mr. Hu holds a Master Degree in Business Administration from China Europe International Business School. Mr. Hu is a brother-in-law of Mr. Yuan. Mr. Hu has been the vice president of Shenzhen Hazens since October 2016, and the chairman and the general manager of Shenzhen Hazens Property Service Company Limited from October 2016 to April 2017. Furthermore, he had also served as an audit manager, finance manager and chief accountant of FIYTA Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (SZSE Stock Code: 000026) from June 1997 to October 2016. Mr. Hu was certified as Certified Public Accountant by the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants in 1993 and Certified Internal Auditor by the Institute of Internal Auditors in 1999.

#### 非執行董事

#### 袁富兒

**袁富兒先生(「袁先生」)**,58歲,自二零一八年 八月十五日起獲委任為本公司非執行董事,並 自二零一八年九月六日起獲委任為本集團主 席。袁先生於江西醫學院畢業,主修醫學。袁 先生為商人,在中國之物業發展及投資業務積 逾18年經驗,彼於一九九六年成立深圳市合正 房地產集團有限公司(「深圳合正」)。除中國之 物業發展及投資外,深圳合正已擴展至其他業 務,包括金融業務、醫學業務及酒店及旅遊業 務。袁先生為深圳合正之最終實益控股股東。 袁 先 生 亦 為 Hehui International Development Limited(現任控股股東)之唯一董事及最終實益 擁有人。袁先生為胡性龍先生(本公司一位非 執行董事)之姻親。

#### 胡性龍

**胡性龍先生(「胡先生」)**,56歲,自二零一八年 八月十五日起獲委任為本公司非執行董事。胡 先生持有中歐國際工商學院頒授之工商管理碩 士學位。胡先生為袁先生的姻親。胡先生由二 零一六年十月起擔任深圳合正之副總裁及由二 零一六年十月至二零一七年四月擔任深圳市合 正物業服務有限公司之主席及總經理。此外, 彼由一九九七年六月至二零一六年十月擔任飛 亞達(集團)股份有限公司之審計經理、財務經 理及總會計師,該公司於深交所上市(深交所 股份代號:000026)。胡先生分別於一九九三 年及一九九九年成為中國註冊會計師協會之註 冊會計師及國際內部審計師協會之國際註冊內 部審計師。

### Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

#### Wu Jilin

**Mr. Wu Jilin ("Mr. Wu")**, aged 53, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company with effect from 15 August 2018. Mr. Wu holds a Master Degree in Accounting from Jiangxi University of Finance and Economics. Mr. Wu was an executive partner of Shenzhen Lianchuang Lixin Certified Public Accountants since January 2005 and is an adjunct professor of Accounting Faculty and a tutor of part-time master students at Jiangxi University of Finance and Economics since November 2015 and September 2016 respectively. He is a member of the Society of Chinese Accountants and Auditors since 2013.

#### Du Hongwei

Mr. Du Hongwei ("Mr. Du"), aged 53, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company with effect from 15 August 2018. Mr. Du holds a Master Degree in Economics from Fudan University. Mr. Du was the vice president, chief financial officer and joint company secretary of Sunshine 100 China Holdings Ltd (Stock Code: 2608) from December 2013 to July 2016, January 2014 to March 2016 and June 2014 to March 2016, respectively. Mr. Du was the general manager of Tianjin Yufeng Equity Investment Management Company Limited from September 2009 to May 2012. Mr. Du was a director of Sichuan Dikang Sci & Tech Pharmaceutical Industry Co., Ltd. (now known as Sichuan Languang Development Co., Ltd.), a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (Shanghai Stock Exchange Stock Code: 600466) from November 2007 to October 2008. Mr. Du was and has been an independent non-executive director of Enviro Energy International Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 1102) from June 2019 to October 2019 and again from June 2020 to present, respectively.

### 獨立非執行董事

#### 吳吉林

吳吉林先生(「吳先生」),53歲,自二零一八 年八月十五日起獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董 事。吳先生持有江西財經大學頒授之會計碩士 學位。吳先生由二零零五年一月起擔任深圳聯 創立信會計師事務所之執行合夥人,並分別由 二零一五年十一月及二零一六年九月起為江西 財經大學會計學院客座教授及兼讀碩士學生的 導師。彼由二零一三年起成為香港華人會計師 公會之成員。

#### 杜宏偉

**杜宏偉先生(「杜先生」)**,53歳,自二零一八 年八月十五日起獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董 事。杜先生持有復旦大學頒授之經濟學碩士學 位。由二零一三年十二月至二零一六年七月、 二零一四年一月至二零一六年三月及二零一四 年六月至二零一六年三月,擔任陽光100中國 控股有限公司(股份代號:2608)之副總裁、 首席財務官及聯席公司秘書。杜先生由二零零 九年九月至二零一二年五月擔任天津裕豐股權 投資有限公司之總經理。杜先生由二零零七年 十一月至二零零八年十月擔任四川迪康科技藥 業股份有限公司(現稱為四川藍光發展股份有 限公司)之董事,該公司於上海證券交易所上 市(上海證券交易所股份代號:600466)。杜先 生由二零一九年六月至二零一九年十月,並從 二零二零年六月至今再次擔任環能國際控股有 限公司(股份代號:1102)的獨立非執行董事。

### Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

#### Li Zhou

**Ms. Li Zhou ("Ms. Li")**, aged 47, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company with effect from 15 August 2018. Ms. Li holds a PhD Degree in Applied Economics from Xian Jiaotong University. Ms. Li was certified as a certified hospitality educator from America Hotel & Lodging Educational Institute in 2008 and a consultant psychologist (Grade 2) by Occupational Skill Testing Authority of the Ministry of Human Resources and Social Security in 2011. She was an international visiting scholar of School of Business, the George Washington University from 2009 to 2010 and a visiting scholar of the University of Hawaii from 2016 to 2017. Ms. Li was qualified as a teacher for higher education to teach management course by the Department of Education of Guangdong province in 2003. Ms. Li was appointed as Professor by Jinan University with effect from 1 October 2018.

### SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Various businesses of the Group are respectively under the direct responsibility of the Executive Directors, as named above.

Only the Executive Directors are regarded as members of the Group's senior management.

#### 李舟

**李舟女士(「李女士」)**,47歲,自二零一八年八 月十五日起獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。 李女士持有西安交通大學頒授之應用經濟學博 士學位。李女士於二零零八年成為美國飯店協 會之高級註冊教育導師及於二零一一年成為中 國人力資源和社會保障部職業技能鑑定中心認 定的心理諮詢師(二級)。彼由二零零九年至二 零一零年於喬治華盛頓大學商學院擔任訪問學 者及由二零一六年至二零一七年於夏威夷大學 擔任訪問學者。李女士於二零零三年獲廣東省 教育部認定具有高等學校教師資格,可教授管 理課程。李女士於二零一八年十月一日起,獲 暨南大學委任為教授。

#### 高級管理層

本集團各項業務分別由公司名列於上文的執行 董事直接負責。

僅執行董事被視為本集團的高級管理人員。

The Company is committed to ensuring a high standard of corporate governance in the interests of the shareholders and devotes considerable effort to maintain high level of business ethics and corporate governance practices.

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES**

The Company has complied with the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Listing Rules") throughout the Year, except for certain deviations as specified with considered reasons for such deviations as explained below. The Board will keep reviewing and updating such practices from time to time to ensure compliance with legal and commercial standards.

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE**

The Board is primarily responsible for formulating strategies, monitoring performance and managing risks of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group"). At the same time, it also has the duty to enhance the effectiveness of the corporate governance practices of the Group. Under the Board, there are 3 board committees, namely the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee. All these committees perform their distinct roles in accordance with their respective terms of reference and assist the Board in supervising certain functions of the senior management.

# COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Group had adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the "Model Code") as its own code of conduct for securities transactions by the Directors and relevant employees who, because of their office or employment, are likely to be in possession of unpublished inside information in relation to the Company's securities. The Company had made specific enquiry to all the Directors and such relevant employees and they had confirmed compliance with the Model Code throughout the Year. No incident of non-compliance was noted by the Company during the Year. 本公司致力推行高標準之企業管治,以保障股 東權益,並盡力維持高水準的商業操守及企業 管治常規。

### 企業管治常規

於本年度,本公司已遵守香港聯合交易所有限 公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載 企業管治守則及企業管治報告(「企業管治守 則」),惟下文解釋之若干已闡明原因之偏離除 外。董事會將繼續不時檢討及更新該等常規, 以確保符合法律及商業準則。

### 企業管治架構

董事會主要負責本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本 集團」)之策略制定、監控表現及風險管理。同 時,董事會亦有責任提升本集團企業管治常規 效力。董事會轄下有三個董事委員會,即審核 委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會。所有該等 委員會均根據彼等各自之職權範圍履行其各自 職責,並協助董事會監督高級管理層之若干職 能。

#### 遵守進行證券交易之標準守則

本集團已採納上市規則附錄十所載上市發行人 董事進行證券交易之標準守則(「標準守則」)作 為其董事及有關僱員(因職務或職位而可能取 得有關本公司證券之尚未發佈內幕消息)進行 證券交易的操守守則。本公司已向全體董事及 該等有關僱員作出具體查詢,而彼等已確認於 本年度內一直遵守標準守則。本公司於本年度 內並無發現任何不合規的事宜。

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

As at the Latest Practicable Date, the Board comprises seven Directors as follows:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Chen Wu (Appointed with effect from 20 March 2020) Mr. Chung Tin Yan

#### **Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Yuan Fuer (Chairman) Mr. Hu Xinglong

#### Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Wu Jilin Mr. Du Hongwei Ms. Li Zhou

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List of directors and their roles and functions are available on the websites of Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange"). Biographical details of the Directors as at the Latest Practicable Date are set out in the section of "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" on pages 21 to 24. Mr. Yuan Fuer, a non-executive Director and the Chairman of the Company, is a brother-in-law of Mr. Hu Xinglong, a non-executive Director of the Company. Save for the aforementioned relationship, there are no family or other material relationships among members of the Board.

The Board meets regularly for reviewing and approving the financial and operating performance, and considering and approving the overall strategies and policies of the Company. Apart from the regular board meetings of the Year, the Board also meets on other occasions when a Board-level decision on a particular matter is required.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, management provided all members of the Board with monthly updates giving a balanced and understandable assessment of the Company's performance, position and prospects in sufficient detail.

### 董事會

於最後實際可行日期,董事會由以下七名董事 組成:

#### 執行董事

陳武先生(自二零二零年三月二十日起獲委任) 鍾天昕先生

#### 非執行董事

袁富兒先生(主席) 胡性龍先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

吳吉林先生 杜宏偉先生 李舟女士

董事名單及彼等之職責及職能於本公司及香港 聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)網站可供查 閭。各董事於最後實際可行日期,履歷詳情載 於第21至24頁「董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情」 一節。本公司非執行董事及主席袁富兒先生為 本公司非執行董事胡性龍先生的姻親,除上述 關係外,董事會成員之間概無親屬或其他重大 關係。

董事會定期舉行會議,以檢討及通過財務及經 營業績以及審議及批准本公司總體策略及政 策。除年內之董事會例會外,董事會亦會就需 由董事會層面作出決定的特別事項於其他時候 舉行會議。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,管理 層每月向董事會全體成員提供最新資料,當中 載列詳盡內容,以公正及易於理解的角度評估 本公司的表現、狀況及前景。



Day-to-day operational responsibilities are specifically delegated by the Board to the management under the leadership of the chief executive officer. Major matters include implementation of the strategies and decisions approved by the Board and the management assumes full responsibility to the Board for operations of the Group.

According to code provision A.1.3 of the CG Code, a notice of at least 14 days should be given for a regular board meeting to give all directors an opportunity to attend. Due to the practical scheduling issues and with no objections from any Director, a shorter reasonable notice was given to the Directors for a number of regular meetings held in 2020.

Meanwhile, according to code provision A.6.7 of the CG Code, independent non-executive Directors and non-executive Directors should attend general meetings. At the annual general meeting held on 22 May 2020, all the then independent non-executive Directors and the then non-executive Directors were presented to enable the Board to develop a balanced understanding of the views of the shareholders of the Company.

The Company will arrange to furnish all Directors with appropriate information on all general meetings and take all reasonable measures to arrange the schedule that all Directors can attend the general meetings in order to develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders.

The Board will continue to review the corporate governance status of the Company from time to time and make any necessary changes to comply with the CG Code.

董事會特別授權管理層在行政總裁的領導下, 履行日常營運責任。主要事務包括執行經董事 會批准的策略及決定,且管理層就本集團的業 務營運向董事會承擔全部責任。

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第A.1.3條,董事 會定期會議須於會議召開前不少於十四日發出 通知,以讓全體董事有機會出席。由於實際安 排關係且並無任何董事反對,本公司曾就二零 二零年舉行之多次常規會議向董事發出提前時 間較短的合理通知。

同時,根據企業管治守則之守則條文A.6.7,全 體獨立非執行董事及非執行董事須出席股東大 會。於二零二零年五月二十二日舉行之股東週 年大會上,全體當時的獨立非執行董事及當時 的非執行董事均已出席該大會,以使董事會對 本公司股東之意見有公正的了解。

本公司將安排向全體董事提供所有股東大會之 適用資料,並採取一切合理措施以安排時間 表,確保全體董事能夠出席股東大會以對股東 意見有公正的了解。

董事會將繼續不時檢討本公司的企業管治情 況,並作出任何必要變動以符合企業管治守 則。

The attendance record of each Director at Board meetings, audit committee meetings, remuneration committee meetings, nomination committee meetings and general meetings during the year ended 31 December 2020 is set out in the following table: 各董事於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度有關董事會會議、審核委員會會議、薪酬委 員會會議、提名委員會會議及股東大會之出席 記錄載於下表:

Name of directors 董事姓名		Board Meetings 董事會會議 (attendance/ total no. of meetings held) (出席次數/ 舉行會議總次數)	Audit Committee Meetings 審核委員會會議 (attendance/ total no. of meetings held) (出席次數/ 舉行會議總次數)	Remuneration Committee Meetings 薪酬委員會會議 (attendance/ total no. of meetings held) (出席次數/ 舉行會議總次數)	Nomination Committee Meetings 提名委員會會議 (attendance/ total no. of meetings held) (出席次數/ 舉行會議總次數)	General Meetings 股東大會 (attendance/ total no. of meetings held) (出席次數/ 舉行會議總次數)
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Mr. Chen Wu (Appointed with effect from 20 March 2020)	陳武先生(自二零二零年 三月二十日起獲委任)	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1
Mr. Chung Tin Yan	鍾天昕先生	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事					
Mr. Yuan Fuer (Chairman)	袁富兒先生(主席)	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1
Mr. Hu Xinglong	胡性龍先生	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Wu Jilin	吳吉林先生	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. Du Hongwei	杜宏偉先生	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
Ms. Li Zhou	李舟女士	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1



All Directors were provided with details of agenda items for decisions making with reasonable notice and invited to raise any matters in the agenda of Board Meeting. Directors have access to the advice and services of the company secretary who is responsible for ensuring that the Board procedures are complied with and advising the Board on compliance matters. Minutes of Board meetings and meetings of the Board committees are kept by the company secretary and are opened for inspection as requested by the Directors. During the Year, the Board was given sufficient time to review and approve minutes of Board meetings and meetings of Board Committees. The Directors were also provided with access to independent professional advice, where necessary, in carrying out their obligations as the Directors of the Company, at the expense of the Company. Directors who are considered to have conflict of interests or material interests in the proposed transactions or issues to be discussed would not be counted in the guorum of meeting and would abstain from voting on the relevant resolution.

All Directors assume the responsibilities to the shareholders of the Company for the well-being and success of the Company. They are aware of their duties to act in good faith and in the best interests of the Company.

The Board is responsible for maintaining proper accounting records so as to enable the Directors to monitor the Company's overall financial position. The Board updates shareholders on the operations and financial position of the Group through, interim and annual results announcements as well as the publication of timely announcements of other matters as prescribed by the relevant rules and regulations.

The Company has three independent non-executive Directors, at least one of whom has appropriate financial management expertise, in compliance with the Listing Rules. The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of his/her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all independent non-executive Directors meet the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and are independent in accordance with the terms of the guidelines.

According to the Company's Articles of Association, newly appointed Directors shall hold office until the next following general meeting and shall be eligible for re-election at that meeting. Every Director, including those appointed for a specific term, should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2020, the Company had arranged appropriate insurance cover in respect of legal action against the Directors.

全體董事均獲合理通知以獲得各項議程之詳細 資料以便作出決定並受邀於董事會會議議程上 提出任何事項。董事均可獲得公司秘書提供之 意見及服務,公司秘書負責確保遵守董事會會 序及就合規事宜向董事會提供意見。董事會會 議及董事委員會之會議記錄由公司秘書保管並 可應間審閱及確認董事會會議及董事委員會並 可應間審閱及確認董事會會議及董事委員會之 會議記錄。董事在履行彼等作為本公司董事 費用由本公司承擔。被視為於建議交易或將予 討論事項中涉及利益衝突或擁有重大利益的董 事,不得計入該次會議之法定人數,並須就相 關決議案放棄投票。

全體董事就本公司穩健發展與成功向本公司股 東負責。彼等知悉彼等應以誠信態度及在符合 本公司最佳利益之情況下履行職務。

董事會有責任保存完備之會計記錄,以便董事 監察本公司整體財務狀況。董事會透過中期及 全年業績公告以及根據有關規則及規例之規定 就其他事項適時刊發之公告,向股東提供本集 團營運及財務狀況之最新資料。

本公司擁有三名獨立非執行董事,且為符合上 市規則,其中至少一名獨立非執行董事具備適 當之財務管理專業知識。本公司已接獲各獨立 非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條就其獨立性 作出的年度確認。本公司認為,全體獨立非執 行董事均符合上市規則第3.13條所載獨立性指 引,且根據指引條款屬獨立人士。

根據本公司之組織章程細則,最近獲委任之董 事將任職至下屆股東大會為止,並於該大會上 合資格膺選連任。每名董事(包括擁有特定任 期之董事)須至少每三年輪值退任一次。

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一止財政年度, 本公司已安排適當保險,使董事面對法律訴訟 時有所保障。

### CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Under code provision of A.2.1. of the CG Code, the roles of the chairman of the Company (the "Chairman") and the chief executive officer of the Company (the "Chief Executive Officer") should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual. The roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer should be separated to ensure a clear division between the Chairman's responsibility to manage the Board and the Chief Executive Officer's responsibility to manage the Company's business. The separation ensures a balance of power and authority so that power is not concentrated.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, Mr. Chen Wu was the Chief Executive Officer of the Group and Mr. Yuan Fuer was the Chairman of the Group. The roles of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer are segregated. The Chairman's main role is to lead the Board in discharging its powers and duties, while the Chief Executive Officer's main role is to lead the management of the Company for undertaking all the responsibilities delegated by the Board and managing the overall operation of the Group.

### **NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Under the code provision A.4.1 of the CG Code, all the non-executive Directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. Each of the non-executive Director and independent non-executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for a specific term of three years but subject to termination in certain circumstance as stipulated in the relevant service contracts.

### **ROTATION OF DIRECTORS**

At each annual general meeting, one third of the Directors for the time being (if their number is not a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one third) will retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an annual general meeting at least once every one year or three years. Any Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the first general meeting of members after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting and any Director appointed as an addition to the existing board shall hold office only until the next annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election.

### 主席及行政總裁

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第A.2.1.條,本 公司主席(「主席」)與本公司行政總裁(「行政總 裁」)之角色應有區分,不應由一人同時兼任。 將主席與行政總裁之角色劃分,可確保主席管 理董事會之責任與行政總裁管理本公司業務之 責任得到清晰分工。該劃分將確保權力及授權 分佈均衡,令權力不會集中於任何個人。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,陳武 先生為本集團行政總裁而袁富兒先生為本集團 主席。主席與行政總裁之角色是區分的。主席 之主要角色為領導董事會執行其權力及履行其 職責而行政總裁之主要角色為領導本公司管理 層承擔由董事會授權之所有責任及管理本集團 之整體運作。

### 非執行董事

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第A.4.1條,所有 非執行董事之委任應有特定任期,並須接受重 選。各非執行董事及獨立非執行董事已與本公 司訂立三年特定任期之服務合約,惟該等合約 可於有關服務合約所訂明之若干情況下予以終 止。

#### 董事的輪任

在每屆股東週年大會上,當時三分之一的董事 (若其人數並非三的倍數,則以當時最接近但 不少於三分之一的人數)將輪值退任,前提是 各董事須至少每年或每三年在股東週年大會上 退任一次。任何獲委任以填補臨時空缺的董事 的任期須直至彼獲委任後首屆股東大會並於該 會上重選,而現有董事會中任何增任董事的任 期僅至本公司下屆股東週年大會為止,隨後符 合資格可膺選連任。

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION**

The Board is responsible for performing corporate governance duties and has adopted the written terms of reference on its corporate governance functions. The duties of the Board in respect of the corporate governance functions include:

- (i) developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- (ii) reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management;
- (iii) reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (iv) developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and the Directors; and
- (v) reviewing the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

Since 2020 and up to the date of this report, the Board has performed the corporate governance duties in accordance with its terms of reference.

### **BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY**

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Board adopted a board diversity policy (the "Board Diversity Policy") setting out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. The Company considered diversity of board members can be achieved through consideration of a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

#### **Measurable objectives**

Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. The ultimate decision will be made upon the merits and contributions that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

### 企業管治職能

董事會負責履行企業管治職責,並已採納其企 業管治職能之書面職權範圍。董事會有關企業 管治職能之職責包括:

- (i) 制定及檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常 規;
- (ii) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層之培訓及 持續專業發展;
- (iii) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規 定方面之政策及常規;
- (iv) 制定、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事之 操守守則及合規手冊(如有);及
- (v) 檢討本公司對企業管治守則之遵守情況 及在企業管治報告之披露。

由二零二零年及直至本報告日期,董事會已根 據其職權範圍履行企業管治職責。

### 董事會成員多元化政策

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,董 事會已採納董事會成員多元化政策(「多元化政 策」),其中載有實現董事會成員多元化之方 法。本公司認為可透過多方面考慮實現董事會 成員多元化,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化 及教育背景、專業經驗、技能及知識。董事會 所有委任將用人唯才,並在考慮候選人時以客 觀準則充分顧及董事會成員多元化的裨益。

#### 可計量目標

候選人的甄選將基於一系列多元化角度,包括 但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專業 經驗、技能及知識。最終決定將按所選候選人 的優點及其將為董事會帶來的貢獻而作出。

#### Implementation and monitoring

The Nomination Committee reviewed the Board's composition under diversified perspectives, and monitored the implementation of the Board Diversity Policy annually.

As at the date of this report, the Board's composition under diversified perspectives was summarized as follows:



提名委員會按多元化的角度檢討董事會的組 成,並每年監察董事會成員多元化政策的執 行。

於本報告日期,董事會在主要多元化層面的組 成概述如下:



The Nomination Committee has reviewed the Board Diversity Policy to ensure its effectiveness and considered that the Group achieved the objectives of Board Diversity Policy.

### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

A remuneration committee of the Board was set up on 22 June 2011 (the "Remuneration Committee") to oversee the remuneration policy and structure for all Directors and senior management. The terms of reference is available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The primary objectives of the Remuneration Committee include making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration policy and structure of the Directors and the senior management and determining the remuneration packages of all Directors and senior management. The Remuneration Committee is also responsible for ensuring that no Director or any of his associates will participate in deciding his/ her own remuneration, which will be determined with reference to the performance of the individual and the Company as well as market practice and conditions. Members are provided with sufficient resources, including but not limited to, the access to independent professional advice, where necessary, in carrying out their obligations, at the expense of the Company.

### 薪酬委員會

成員多元化政策的目標。

本公司已於二零一一年六月二十二日成立董事 會薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」),以監察全體董 事及高級管理層之薪酬政策及架構。有關職權 範圍於本公司及聯交所網站可供查閱。

提名委員會已檢討董事會成員多元化政策,以

確保其行之有效,並認為本集團已達致董事會

薪酬委員會之主要任務包括就董事及高級管理 層之薪酬政策及架構向董事會作出推薦建議, 以及釐定全體董事及高級管理層之薪酬方案。 薪酬委員會亦負責確保概無董事或其任何聯繫 人將參與決定其自身薪酬。有關薪酬將參考 個人表現及本公司業績以及市場慣例及狀況 釐定。各成員獲提供充足資源(包括但不限於 在必要時獲得獨立專業建議)以履行彼等之責 任,費用由本公司承擔。



The Remuneration Committee held one meeting during the year ended 31 December 2020 for reviewing the remuneration package of the Directors and the senior management, assessing performance of Directors, approving the terms of Directors' service contracts and making recommendations to the Board as to the remuneration packages of individual Directors and senior management.

The Remuneration Committee comprises three members as at the date of this report namely:

Mr. Du Hongwei (Chairman)

Mr. Wu Jilin

Ms. Li Zhou

All of the current members are independent non-executive Directors.

In addition, pursuant to the code provision B.1.5 of the CG Code, an analysis of annual remuneration payable to the members of the senior management by band for the year ended 31 December 2020 is set out below:

薪酬委員會於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度舉行一次會議以檢討各董事及高級管理 層之薪酬方案、評估董事之表現、批准董事服 務合約之條款及就個別董事及高級管理層之薪 酬方案向董事會作出推薦建議。

於本報告日期,薪酬委員會由以下三名成員組 成:

杜宏偉先生(主席)

吳吉林先生

李舟女士

全體現任成員均為獨立非執行董事。

此外,根據企業管治守則守則條文第B.1.5條, 應付高級管理層成員截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度之年度薪酬按薪酬等級分析載 列如下:

		2020 二零二零年 Number of persons 人數	2019 二零一九年 Number of persons 人數
Above HK\$1,000,000 HK\$Nil to HK\$1,000,000	1,000,000港元以上 零港元至1,000,000港元	1 6	1 6

### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company has established a nomination committee of the Board on 22 June 2011 (the "Nomination Committee") for making recommendations to the Board on appointment of the Directors and succession planning of the Directors.

The principal duties of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the Board composition, making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and succession planning of the Directors, assessing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors and reviewing the Board Diversity Policy. Members are provided with access to independent professional advice, where necessary, in carrying their obligations at the expense of the Company.

### 提名委員會

本公司已於二零一一年六月二十二日成立董事 會提名委員會(「提名委員會」),以就委任董事 及董事的繼任人選規劃向董事會作出推薦建 議。

提名委員會之主要職責包括檢討董事會組成、 就董事委任及繼任人選規劃向董事會作出推薦 建議、評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性以及檢討 多元化政策。各成員在必要時獲提供獨立專業 建議,以履行彼等之責任,費用由本公司承 擔。

For the policy of nomination of directors of the Company (the "Nomination Policy"), the Nomination Committee of the Company shall first discuss the nomination of candidates for new Directors, examine the qualification of these candidates, and then recommend such candidates to the Board. The Board shall determine whether the appointment of such candidates should be proposed for election at the general meetings. The major criteria considered by the Nomination Committee and the Board are the candidates' educational backgrounds, experience in the industry, their proposed commitment to the Company and achieving the goal of diversity of the Board. Regarding the nomination of independent non-executive Directors, the Nomination Committee will also particularly consider the independence of such candidates taking into account the independence guidelines set out in Rules 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2020, the Nomination Committee held one meeting. The members reviewed the current composition of the Board and discussed about the Board structure to ensure that it has a balance of expertise, skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Company pursuant to its terms of reference (available on the websites of the Company the Stock Exchange), the Nomination Policy and the Board Diversity Policy.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company appointed one executive Director namely Mr. Chen Wu. The Nomination Committee has reviewed the appointed Director's background, including but not limited to independence, gender, age, cultural and education background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. The Nomination Committee considered current Board composition has achieved the objectives of the Board Diversity Policy.

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. Yuan Fuer, Mr. Hu Xinglong and Ms. Lizhou shall retire and are eligible to offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The Nomination Committee recommended the re-appointment of the Directors standing for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

The Nomination Committee comprises three members as at the date of this report namely:

Ms. Li Zhou (Chairman)	
Mr. Wu Jilin	

Mr. Du Hongwei

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關於本公司對於董事的提名政策(「提名政 策」),本公司提名委員會首先商議新董事的提 名人選,對董事候選人進行資格審查,再向董 事會推薦有關候選人。董事會決定是否將委任 有關候選人的事宜提交股東大會選舉。提名委 員會及董事會所考慮的主要標準為有關候選人 的教育背景、行業經驗、其擬對本公司的投入 程度以及董事會成員多元化目標的達成情況。 就提名獨立非執行董事而言,提名委員會亦會 特別就上市規則3.13條訂立獨立性的指引考慮 有關候選人的獨立性。

提名委員會於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止財政年度舉行一次會議。提名委員會成員檢 討董事會之現時組成並討論調整董事會之架 構,確保董事會根據其職權範圍(於本公司及 聯交所網站可供查閱)、提名政策及多元化政 策在適合本公司業務需要之專業知識、技能及 經驗各方面取得平衡。

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本 公司委任一名執行董事(即陳武先生)。提名委 員會已審閱獲委任董事的背景,包括但不限於 獨立性、性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專業 經驗、技能及知識。提名委員會認為董事會現 時的組成已達致多元化政策的目標。

根據本公司之組織章程細則,袁富兒先生、胡 性龍先生及李舟女士須於應屆股東週年大會上 退任並合資格膺選連任。

提名委員會建議於本公司應屆股東週年大會上 重新委任待重選之董事。

於本報告日期,提名委員會由以下三名成員組 成:

李舟女士(主席)

吳吉林先生

杜宏偉先生



All of the current members are independent non-executive Directors.

### AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has established an audit committee of the Board on 22 June 2011 (the "Audit Committee") with written terms of reference (available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange) that set out the authorities and duties of the Audit Committee adopted by the Board. The Audit Committee performs, amongst others, the following functions:

- reviewing the financial information of the Group;
- reviewing the relationship with and the terms of appointment of the external auditors; and
- overseeing the Company's financial reporting system, internal control system and risk management system.

The Audit Committee is given sufficient resources to oversee the internal control system of the Group, reports to the Board on any material issues, and makes recommendations to the Board. During the year under review, the Audit Committee reviewed the Group's annual results and annual report for the year ended 31 December 2019, and the interim results and interim report for the six months ended 30 June 2020, the accounting principles and policies adopted by the Group, the financial reporting and compliance procedures, the Company's internal control and risk management systems and processes, the effectiveness of Company's internal audit function and the re-appointment of the external auditors.

The Audit Committee held two meetings during the year ended 31 December 2020.

The Audit Committee comprises three members as at the date of this report namely:

Mr. Wu Jilin (Chairman)

Mr. Du Hongwei

Ms. Li Zhou

All the members are independent non-executive Directors. None of the members of the Audit Committee is a former partner of the Company's existing external auditors.

全體現任成員均為獨立非執行董事。

### 審核委員會

本公司已於二零一一年六月二十二日成立董事 會審核委員會(「審核委員會」),其書面職權範 圍(於本公司及聯交所網站可供查閱)載有董事 會所採納之審核委員會之權力及職責。審核委 員會履行(其中包括)以下職能:

- 審閱本集團財務資料;
- 檢討與外聘核數師的關係及其委任年 期;及
- 監察本公司之財務申報系統、內部監控 系統及風險管理系統。

審核委員會具有充足資源監督本集團之內部監 控系統、向董事會報告任何重大問題,並向董 事會作出推薦建議。於回顧年度,審核委員會 已審閱本集團截至二零一九年十二月三十一日 止年度之全年業績及年報及截至二零二零年六 月三十日止六個月的中期業績及中期報告、本 集團採納之會計原則及政策、財務申報及合規 程序、本公司之內部監控及風險管理系統及流 程、本公司內部審核職能的效能,以及外聘核 數師之續聘。

審核委員會於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度舉行兩次會議。

於本報告日期,審核委員會由以下三名成員組 成:

吳吉林先生(主席)

杜宏偉先生

李舟女士

全體成員均為獨立非執行董事。概無審核委員 會成員為本公司現任外聘核數師之前合夥人。

## INTERNAL CONTROLS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board has overall responsibility for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks it is willing to take in achieving the Group's strategic objectives, maintaining sound systems of risk management and internal controls and reviewing their effectiveness to safeguard interests of the Group as a whole. However, such systems are designed to manage the Group's risks within an acceptable risk profile, rather than to eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives of the Group, they can only provide reasonable assurance but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board has established an on-going process for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by the Group. This process includes enhancing the systems of risk management and internal control in view of the changes to the business environment or regulatory guidelines.

Management assists the Board in the implementation of the Group's policies, procedures and controls by identifying and assessing the risks faced, and in the design, operation and monitoring of suitable internal controls to mitigate and control these risks. The adequacy and effectiveness of the systems of risk management and internal controls of the Group are annually reviewed by the Board. The review covers all material controls including financial, operational and compliance controls as well as the process for the identification, evaluation and management of the significant risks faced by the Company and the Group. The Board also reviews the adequacy of resources, employees' qualifications and experience, their training programs, and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions. The Board has conducted and completed such review in respect of the year ended 31 December 2020 and considers the risk management and internal control systems of the Group effective and adequate.

## 內部監控及風險管理

董事會負責整體評估及確定為達致本集團策略 目標而願意承擔風險的性質及程度,以及維持 風險管理及內部監控的穩健系統,並檢討該等 系統對保障本集團整體利益的有效性。然而, 該等系統僅可將本集團風險控制在可接受範圍 內,而無法消除不能達致本集團業務目標的風 險,且僅可提供合理保證而非絕對保證不會出 現重大失實陳述或損失。

董事會已建立程序,以持續地識別、評估及管 理本集團所面對的重大風險。程序包括針對營 商環境或監管指引的變更而不時加強風險管理 及內部監控系統。

管理層透過識別及評估所面對的風險,協助董 事會執行本集團的政策及程序以及監控並參與 設計、運作及監察合適的內部監控措施,以減 少及控制此等風險。董事會每年檢討本集團的 風險管理及內部監控系統是否充足及有效。檢 討範圍涵蓋所有重大監控,包括財務、營運及 合規監控,以及本公司及本集團所面對的重大 風險的識別、評估及管理的過程。董事會亦檢 該別、評估及管理的過程。董事會亦檢 該別、評估及管理的過程。董事會亦檢 該別、評估及管理的過程。董事會亦檢 該別務報告職能僱員的資格及經驗及彼等的培 訓計劃及預算。董事會已進行及完成就截培 訓計劃及預算。董事會已進行及完成就截培 訓計劃及預算,董事會已進行及完成就截培 認為本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統有效及 充足。



# HANDLING AND DISSEMINATION OF INSIDE INFORMATION

For the purposes of handling and disseminating inside information in accordance with the Listing Rules and the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong), the Company has in place a policy on handling and dissemination of inside information ("Policy") which sets out the procedures and internal controls for handling and dissemination of inside information in a timely manner in such a way so as not to place any person in a privileged dealing position and to allow time for the market to price the listed securities of the Company with the latest available information. This Policy also provides guidelines to staff of the Company to ensure proper safeguards exist to prevent the Company from breaching the statutory disclosure requirements. It also includes appropriate internal control and reporting systems to identify and assess potential inside information. Dissemination of inside information of the Company shall be conducted by publishing the relevant information on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company, according to the requirements of the Listing Rules.

## EXTERNAL AUDITOR AND AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

The statement of the external auditor of the Company on their reporting responsibilities and opinion on the Group's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 is set out in the section headed "Independent Auditor's Report" in this annual report.

The Audit Committee is responsible for considering the appointment of the external auditor and reviewing any non-audit functions performed by the external auditor, including whether such non-audit functions could lead to any potential material adverse effect on the Company.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group has incurred an aggregate fee of approximately HK\$1,140,000 to the external auditor and its affiliate. Among such fee, the amount of approximately HK\$900,000 was paid for the final audit purposes including interim review and other review engagements and approximately HK\$240,000 was paid to its affiliate for non-audit purposes. The non-audit services mainly consist of consulting services in relation to the environmental, social and governance reporting, risk assessment and review on financing reporting procedures and internal control system, as well as due diligence work over new projects.

## 處理及發佈內幕消息

就根據上市規則及香港法例第571章證券及期 貨條例處理及發佈內幕消息而言,本公司已訂 立處理及發佈內幕消息的政策(「政策」),當中 載有處理及發佈內幕消息的程序及內部監控, 使內幕消息得以適時處理及發佈,而不會導致 任何人士在證券交易上處於佔優的地位,亦讓 市場有時間定出能反映最新現有寬況的本公司 上市證券價格。該政策亦為本公司員工提供指 引,確保設有適當措施以預防本公司違反法定 報制度,以識別及評估潛在的內幕消息。根據 上市規則規定,本公司內幕消息之發佈方法乃 於聯交所及本公司網站刊載相關消息。

## 外聘核數師及核數師酬金

本公司外聘核數師有關其申報責任的聲明及對 於本集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度之財務報表的意見,載於本年報「獨立核數 師報告」一節。

審核委員會負責考慮外聘核數師之委聘及審查 外聘核數師進行之任何非核數工作,包括有關 非核數工作會否對本公司構成任何潛在重大不 利影響。

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團已產生支付予外聘核數師及其聯屬公司的 費用總額約1,140,000港元。有關費用中,約 900,000港元為年度審核(包括中期審閱及其他 審閱項目)之費用及約240,000港元為作非審核 用途之費用支付予其聯屬公司。非審核服務主 要包括有關環境、社會及管治報告、風險評估 及有關財務申報程序及內部監控系統審閲以及 新項目盡調工作之諮詢服務。

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements for each financial year which gives a true and fair view. In preparing the financial statements, appropriate accounting policies and standards are selected and applied consistently.

## **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The company secretary is responsible for ensuring that the Board procedures are followed and facilitating communications among the Directors as well as with shareholders and management.

During 2020, Mr. Chung Tin Yan has attended relevant professional training to update his skills and knowledge. He met the training requirements as required under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

## **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

The Company believes that maintaining a high level of transparency is a key to enhance investor relations. It is committed to a policy of open and timely disclosure of corporate information to its shareholders and the public.

The Company updates its shareholders on its latest business developments and financial performance through its annual and interim reports.

The website of the Company (www.legend-strategy.com) has provided an effective communication platform to the public and the shareholders.

# SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENT

The Company has not made any change to its constitutional documents during the year ended 31 December 2020. A consolidated version of the Company's constitutional documents is available on the Company's website and the website of the Stock Exchange.

## 董事對財務報表應負的責任

董事負責就各財政年度編製真實兼公平地反映 意見之財務報表。在編製財務報表時,董事選 擇及貫徹地應用適當之會計政策及準則。

## 公司秘書

公司秘書負責確保遵守董事會程序及促進董事 之間以及與股東及管理層的溝通。

於二零二零年期間, 鍾天昕先生已出席相關專 業培訓以提升其技能及知識。彼符合上市規則 第3.29條所要求之培訓規定。

## 投資者關係

本公司相信,維持高透明度是鞏固投資者關係 的關鍵。本公司致力奉行向其股東及大眾公開 及適時披露公司資料的政策。

本公司透過其年度及中期報告向其股東提供其最新的業務發展及財務表現資料。

本公司的網站(www.legend-strategy.com)為大眾及股東提供一個有效的溝通平台。

## 章程文件之重大變動

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本 公司並無對其章程文件作出任何變動。本公司 章程文件之綜合版本可於本公司網站及聯交所 網站查閱。

# INDUCTION AND CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Each newly appointed Director receives a formal, comprehensive and tailored induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment to ensure appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and full awareness of Director's responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements.

All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Company has continuously provided relevant training materials to the Directors. Directors participated in continuous development relating to their roles, functions and duties of a listed company director or further enhancement of their professional development by the way of attending training courses or reading relevant materials. All Directors had provided the Company their training records for the year under review. The Directors and officers are indemnified under a Directors' and officers' liability insurance against any liability incurred by them in discharge of their duties while holding office as the Directors and officers of the Company. The Directors and officers shall not be indemnified where there is any fraud, breach of duty or breach of trust proven against them.

## 入職指引及持續專業發展

每名新委任之董事均於首次獲委任時獲提供正 式、全面及度身制訂的入職指引,確保新委任 之董事可適當掌握本公司之業務及營運,並充 分了解其於上市規則及相關法規項下之責任與 義務。

本公司鼓勵全體董事參與持續專業發展,以發 展及更新彼等之知識及技能。本公司持續向董 事提供有關培訓材料。董事透過參加培訓課程 或閱讀有關材料,參與與上市公司董事之角 色、職能及職責或進一步增強彼等專業發展相 關之持續發展。全體董事已向本公司提供彼等 於回顧年度之培訓記錄。董事及高級職員於擔 任本公司董事及高級職員期間,因彼等履行其 職責而引致之任何責任均受到董事及高級職員存 在任何欺詐、失職或失信行為,則彼等將不獲 彌償。

		Attending Seminar(s)	Reading regulatory updates 閱讀監管規定
Directors	董事	出席講座	的最新資料
Mr. Chen Wu	陳武先生	V	V
Mr. Chung Tin Yan	鍾天昕先生	<b>v</b>	v
Mr. Yuan Fuer	袁富兒先生	v	~
Mr. Hu Xinglong	胡性龍先生	v	~
Mr. Wu Jilin	吳吉林先生	v	~
Mr. Du Hongwei	杜宏偉先生	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	~
Ms. Li Zhou	李舟女士	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	~

## **DIVIDEND AND DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Group did not declare nor pay any dividends to shareholders of the Group during the Year.

The payment and the amount of any dividends, if paid, will depend on the results of operations, cash flows, financial condition, statutory and regulatory restrictions on the payment of dividends by the Group, future prospects and other factors that the Directors may consider relevant. Holders of the shares will be entitled to receive such dividends pro rata according to the amounts paid up or credited as paid up on the shares. The declaration of payment and amount of dividends will be subject to the Directors' discretion.

Dividends may be paid only out of the Group's distributable profits as permitted under the relevant laws. To the extent profits are distributed as dividends, such portion of profits will not be able to be reinvested in the Group's operations. There can be no assurance that the Directors will be able to declare or distribute any dividend in the amount set out in any plan of the Board or at all. The dividend distribution record in the past may not be used as a reference or basis to determine the level of dividends that may be declared or paid by the Group in the future.

#### SHAREHOLDER COMMUNICATION

The Company has adopted a shareholders communication policy with objectives to provide our shareholders with detailed information about the Company so that they can exercise their rights as shareholders in an informed manner. The Company would review the shareholders communication policy on a regular basis.

The Company uses a range of communication tools to ensure its shareholders are kept well informed of key business imperatives, including annual general meeting, annual report, various notices, announcements and circulars. Procedures for demanding a poll have been included in circulars accompanying notice convening a general meeting and such procedures have been read out by the chairman of the general meeting. The annual general meeting and other general meetings of the Company are primary forum for communication between the Company and its shareholders. The Company shall provide shareholders with relevant information on the resolution(s) proposed at a general meeting in a timely manner in accordance with the Listing Rules. The information provided shall be reasonably necessary to enable shareholders to make an informed decision on the proposed resolution(s). At the annual general meeting held on 22 May 2020 (the "2020 AGM"), a separate resolution was proposed by the chairman of the meeting in respect of each separate issue, including re-election of the Directors.

## 股息及股息政策

於本年度,本集團並沒有向集團股東宣告或支 付任何股息。

任何股息的派付及金額(若有)將取決於經營業 績、現金流量、財務狀況、集團股息派付的法 定及法規限制、未來前景及董事認為相關的其 他因素。股份持有人將獲根據就股份繳付或入 賬列為繳足的股款按比例收取此等股息。宣告 股息的派付及金額將根據董事酌情處理。

股息可根據相關法例的允許下從集團應佔溢利 內派付。倘溢利獲分派為股息,則該部分溢利 將不可重新投資於集團的業務經營上。無法確 保董事將可按董事局任何計劃所定的金額宣派 或派付股息。過往配發股息的記錄不應視為參 考或基準作釐定集團日後可能宣告或派付股息 的水平。

## 與股東之溝通

本公司已採納與股東溝通之政策,旨在向股東 提供有關本公司的詳細資料,使彼等能在知情 的情況下行使彼等身為股東的權利。本公司將 定期檢討股東溝通政策。

本公司使用多種溝通渠道,以確保股東及時獲 悉主要業務須知,包括股東週年大會、年報、 各項通告、公告及通函。以投票方式表決之程 序已載入隨附召開股東大會通告的通函內,而 股東大會主席已於會上宣讀有關程序。本公司 的股東週年大會及其他股東大會為本公司與 股東溝通的主要平台。本公司應按照上市規則 及時向股東提供在股東大會上提呈的決議案的 相關資料。所提供的資料應是合理所需的資 料,以便股東能夠就提呈的決議案作出知情 定。於二零二零年股東週年大會」)上,會議 主席就各項獨立事宜(包括重選董事)提呈獨立 決議案。



At the 2020 AGM, the executive Directors, the chairmen of the Audit, Remuneration and Nomination Committees and representatives from the auditor of the Company, HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited, were present for questions from shareholders. There was one general meeting held during the year ended 31 December 2020.

## PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS TO CONVENE AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

There are no provisions allowing shareholders to propose new resolutions at the general meetings under the Cayman Islands Companies Law (2012 Revision). However, shareholders are requested to follow article 58 of the Articles of Association of the Company, general meetings shall be convened on the written requisition of any one or more members holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the secretary to the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

於二零二零年股東週年大會上,執行董事、審 核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會各自之主 席以及本公司核數師國衛會計師事務所有限公 司之代表均已出席回答股東之提問。截至二零 二零年十二月三十一日止年度內,本公司共舉 行一次股東大會。

## 股東召開股東特別大會的程序

開曼群島公司法(二零一二年修訂本)並無條文 允許股東於股東大會上提呈新決議案。然而, 股東須遵從本公司組織章程細則第58條細則, 即任何一位或以上於提請要求當日持有不少於 本公司繳足股本(賦予權利在本公司股東大會 上投票)十分之一的股東,可隨時向董事會或 本公司秘書發出書面要求,要求董事會召開股 東特別大會,以處理有關要求所指明的任何事 項;有關大會須於提請該要求後兩(2)個月內舉 行。倘提請後二十一(21)日內董事會未有召開 有關大會,則提請要求的人士可自行以相同方 式召開大會,而本公司須向提請要求的人士補 償其因董事會未有召開大會而產生的所有合理 開支。

## PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS TO PROPOSE A PERSON FOR ELECTION AS A DIRECTOR

The provisions for a shareholder to propose a person for election as a Director of the Company are laid down under article 85 of the Company's Articles of Association. No person other than a Director retiring at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the Board for election, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting unless a notice in writing of the intention to propose such person for election as a Director, signed by a shareholder (other than the person to be proposed for election as a Director) duly gualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given, and a notice in writing signed by such person of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the head office or at the registration office. The minimum length of the period during which such notices are given shall be at least seven (7) days and the period for lodgment of such notices shall commence no earlier than the day after the dispatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven (7) days prior to the date of such general meeting. Detailed procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director are available on the Company's website.

## PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS TO PUT FORWARD PROPOSAL

If a shareholder wishes to make any proposal at any general meeting of the Company, the shareholder should deposit a written notice of the proposal to the company secretary of the Company within 7 days commencing from the date of the notice of the general meeting of the Company (or such other period as may be determined and announced by the Director from time to time).

## PROCEDURES FOR SENDING ENQUIRIES TO THE BOARD

Shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company, for the attention of the company secretary, by email: info@lsih.com.hk, or mail to Suite 1702, 17/F, World-Wide House, 19 Des Voeux Road Central, Central, Hong Kong.

## 股東提名人選參選為董事的程序

有關股東提名人選參選為本公司董事的規定載 列於本公司組織章程細則第85條細則。除非獲 董事會推薦參選,否則任何人士(將於大會上 退任之董事除外)應無資格在任何股東大會上 參選董事職位,除非本公司總辦事處或註冊辦 事處收到一份由正式合資格出席大會並可於會 上投票的一名股東(被提名參選董事之人士除 外)所簽署,表明彼擬提名該人士參選為董 之書面通知,及收到一份由該被提名人士所簽 署,表示其願意接受推選之書面通知。作出該 等通知的期間必須不少於七(7)天,提交該等通 知之期間須由不早於指定進行該推選之股東大 會通告寄發翌日起計,及不遲於該股東大會舉 行日期前七(7)天結束。股東提名人選參選為董 事的程序詳情於本公司網站刊載。

## 股東提出建議的程序

倘股東欲於本公司任何股東大會上提呈任何建 議,股東須自本公司股東大會通告日期起計七 日內(或由董事不時決定及公佈的其他期間)向 本公司的公司秘書就有關建議遞交書面通知。

## 向董事會發出查詢的程序

股東可透過以下方式向本公司(註明公司 秘書為收件人)發出書面查詢:發電郵至 info@lsih.com.hk,或郵寄至香港中環德輔道中 19號環球大廈17樓1702室。



## **INFORMATION DISCLOSURE**

The Company discloses information in compliance with the Listing Rules and publishes periodic reports and announcements to the public in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations. The primary focus of the Company is to ensure information disclosure is timely, fair, accurate, truthful and complete, thereby enabling shareholders, investors as well as the public to make rational and informed decisions.

## CONCLUSION

The Company believes that good corporate governance could ensure an effective distribution of the resources and shareholders' interests. The senior management will continue endeavors in maintaining, enhancing and increasing the Group's corporate governance level and quality.

## 資料披露

本公司遵從上市規則披露資料,及根據相關法 律及法規向公眾定期刊發報告及公告。本公司 盡力確保及時披露資料,而有關資料為公正、 準確、真實及完整,務求使股東、投資者及公 眾能作出合理知情決定。

## 總結

本公司堅信良好的企業管治可保證資源之有效 分配及保障股東權益。高級管理層將繼續致力 維持、加強及提升本集團之企業管治水平及質 素。

## PRINCIPLES

The Group hereby presents this Environmental, Social and Governance report ("ESG report") for the year ended 31 December 2020, in order to comply with the requirements set forth in Environmental, Social and Governance (the "ESG") Reporting Guide of the Listing Rules. This covers the environmental and social performance of the core business of the Group in the PRC during the period from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020 (the "Year").

The Board is responsible for the ESG strategy and reporting including evaluating and determining the ESG-related risks and ensuring that appropriate and effective ESG risk management and internal control systems are in place. We have engaged Zhonghui Anda Risk Services Limited to identify relevant ESG issues and to assess their materiality to the business as well as the stakeholders, through reviewing the Group's operations and holding internal discussions. The management has provided a confirmation to the Board on the effectiveness of the ESG risk management and internal control systems. Pursuant to the general disclosure requirements of the ESG Guide, disclosures relating to the material ESG issues identified have been included in this ESG Report which aims to provide a balanced representation of the Group's ESG performance in the environmental and social areas, and covers the Group's operations.

This report comprises the review of ESG areas, which sets out the Group's policies and practices as well as certain major subsidiaries of the Company's policies and practices in respect of three environmental aspects and eight social aspects in accordance with ESG Reporting Guide of the Listing Rules for the Year. This report is designed to allow the Company's stakeholders, such as shareholders, governments and regulatory bodies, employees, customers, suppliers and society and the public to have comprehensive understanding of the long-term sustainability information of the Group. The Group seeks to balance the views and interests of these stakeholders through constructive conversation with a view to set the course for long term prosperity.

## 原則

為符合上市規則環境、社會及管治(「環境、社 會及管治」)報告指引所載的規定,本集團謹此 呈列截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度之 本環境、社會及管治報告(「環境、社會及管治 報告」)。本報告涵蓋本集團於二零二零年一月 一日至二零二零年十二月三十一日期間(「本年 度」)於中國核心業務的環境及社會表現。

董事會負責我們的環境、社會及管治策略及報告,包括評估及確定環境、社會及管治相關風險,並確保已設有適當及有效的環境、社會及管治風險管理及內部監控系統。我們已委聘中匯安達風險管理有限公司透過檢討本集團的營運及舉行內部討論,以識別相關環境、社會及管治事宜及評估有關事宜對我們的業務及特份重要人內部監控系統的有效性向董事會作出確認。根據環境、社會及管治指引的一般披露的披露事項已載入本環境、社會及管治和告, 旨在以平衡的原則呈列本集團營運中的環境、社會及管治之表現。

本報告包括對環境,社會和管治領域的審閲, 其中列出了本年度本集團以及某些主要子公 司,按上市規則環境、社會及管治指引中,關 於三個環境方面和八個社會方面的政策和做 法。本報告旨在讓本公司的持份者,如股東, 政府及監管機構,僱員,客戶,供應商,社 會及公眾全面了解本集團的長期可持續發展信 息。本集團力求通過建設性對話平衡這些持份 者的觀點和利益,以為本集團的長期繁榮奠定 基礎。



The Group is principally engaged in accommodation operations and provision of accommodation consultations and accommodation facilities management services and other related businesses. For the Year, the Group operates three leased-and-operated hotels, the three branches are located at Nanshan District (the "Nanshan Branch") and Baoan District (the "Baoan Branch") in Shenzhen as well as in Huizhou (the "Huizhou Branch") of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") respectively (collectively, the "Three Branches"). The Three Branches have 420 rooms in total. In addition, certain green renovations of the Three Branches have been completed in the Year in order to attract more guests and boost the revenue of the Group.

## STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

Stakeholder engagement plays a core role in the sustainability of the Group. The Group fully appreciates the needs to build both online and offline communication channels and to provide stakeholders with timely reports on strategic planning and performance of the Group in order to establish a continuing communication mechanism with the stakeholders. In addition, the Group consults the stakeholders on their recommendations and propositions to ensure its business practices can meet the expectations of the stakeholders.

The stakeholders include the shareholders, governments and regulatory bodies, employees, customers, suppliers and society and the public. The Group discusses with the stakeholders through various channels for their expectations and relevant feedback of the Group as below:

本集團主要從事住宿營運,提供住宿設施管理 服務及住宿顧問服務等相關業務。於本年度, 本集團經營三間租賃經營酒店。這三間酒店分 別位於中華人民共和國(「中國」)深圳市南山區 (「南山店」)及寶安區(「寶安店」)以及位於惠州 市(「惠州店」)統稱「三間酒店」)。這三間酒店 共有420間客房。此外,本年度本集團已完成 三間酒店的若干綠化裝修,以吸引更多客人及 增加本集團的收益。

## 持份者參與

持份者參與在本集團的可持續發展中擔當核心 角色。本集團深明需要搭建線上及線下溝通渠 道,並及時向持份者提供有關本集團戰略規劃 及表現的報告,藉以與持份者建立長效溝通機 制。此外,本集團向持份者徵求建議及提議, 以確保其業務實踐符合持份者之期望。

持份者包括股東、政府及監管機構、僱員、客 戶、供應商以及社會及公眾。本集團透過多種 渠道與持份者討論其期望,而本集團的相關反 饋如下:

<b>Stakeholder</b>	Expectations	Communication and feedback
持份者	期望	溝通及反饋
Shareholders 股東	<ul> <li>Financial results 財務業績</li> <li>ESG performance 環境、社會及管治表現</li> <li>Corporate transparency 企業透明度</li> <li>Sound risk control 完善的風險控制</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Improving profitability 提高盈利能力</li> <li>Monitoring use of resources 監測資源使用</li> <li>Regular information disclosures 定期信息披露</li> <li>Optimising risk management and internal control 優化風險管理及內部控制</li> </ul>

<b>Stakeholder</b> 持份者	Expectations 期望	Communication and feedback 溝通及反饋
Governments and regulatory bodies 政府及監管機構	<ul> <li>Compliance with laws and regulations 遵守法例及規例</li> <li>Tax payment in accordance with laws 依法納税</li> <li>Compliance with environmental regulations 遵守環境規例</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Compliance operation 合規經營</li> <li>Tax payment in full and on time 按時足額納税</li> <li>Compliance of environmental policies 遵守環境政策</li> </ul>
Employees 僱員	<ul> <li>Career development platform 職業發展平台</li> <li>Salary and benefits 薪金及福利</li> <li>Occupational health and safety 職業健康及安全</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Transparent promotion mechanism 晉升機制</li> <li>Competitive salary and employee benefits 具競爭力的薪金及僱員福利</li> <li>Providing trainings for employees and strengthen their safety awareness 提供僱員培訓及加強安全意識</li> </ul>
Customers 客戶	<ul> <li>Service quality 服務水準</li> <li>Customer information security 客戶信息安全</li> <li>Customer rights and interests protection 客戶權益保護</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Monitoring the customers' satisfaction level through enquiry and questionnaire 以查詢及問卷形式監測客戶滿意度</li> <li>Customer privacy protection 客戶私隱保護</li> <li>Complaint handling mechanism 處理投訴機制</li> </ul>
Suppliers 供應商	<ul> <li>Business ethics and credibility 商業道德及信譽</li> <li>Integrity cooperation 誠信合作</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Performing the contracts according to law 依法履約</li> <li>Building a responsible supply chain 建立負責任的供應鏈</li> </ul>

<b>Stakeholder</b> 持份者	Expectations 期望	Communication and feedback 溝通及反饋
Society and the public 社會及公眾	<ul> <li>Environmental protection 環境保護</li> <li>Employment opportunities 就業機會</li> <li>Caring company and social responsibility 關懷公司和社會責任</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Putting into use environmental protections and energy saving equipments 將環保節能設備投入使用</li> <li>Providing equal opportunities for all employees 提供所有員工公平機會</li> <li>Community investment 社區投資</li> </ul>
MATERIALITY AS	SESSMENT	重要性評估

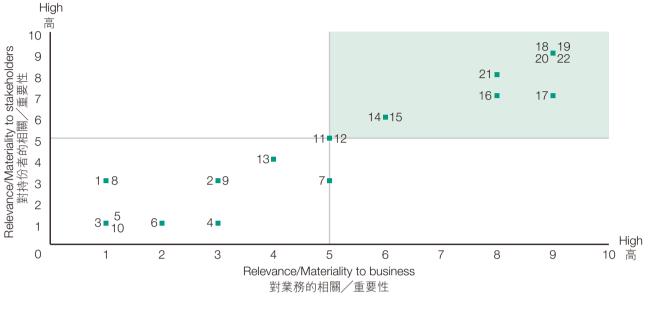
## MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

In the Year 2020, the Group conducted a comprehensive materiality assessment, which involved group discussions, interviews and a survey with internal and external stakeholders to identify "material issues" and reflect the environmental, social and operational issues which have the most significant impacts on the Company's business and the relevant issues which are of concern to the stakeholders.

With reference to the scope of disclosure as required under the ESG Reporting Guide, as well as taking into consideration its business features, the Group has identified and determined 22 issues covering greenhouse gas ("GHG") emission, energy consumption, employee welfare, occupational health and safety, training and development, supply chain management, customer privacy, anti-corruption, and community investment with respect to its business operation.

於二零二零年,本集團進行全面的重要性評 估,涉及小組討論、訪談及與內部及外部持份 者進行的調查,以識別「重大問題」及反映對本 公司業務及持份者關注的相關事宜有重大影響 的環境、社會及營運問題。

經參考環境、社會及管治報告指引所規定的披 露範圍以及考慮其業務特點,本集團已就其業 務營運識別及釐定22項有關溫室氣體(「溫室氣 體」)排放、能源消耗、僱員福利、職業健康及 安全、培訓及發展、供應鏈管理、客戶私隱、 反貪污及社區投資等事宜。



#### Materiality of Environmental, Social and Governance Issues 環境、社會及管治問題的重大性

#### Environmental aspects 環境方面

- 1. GHG emissions
- 1. 溫室氣體排放
- 2. Energy consumption
- 2. 能源消耗
- 3. Water consumption
- 3. 耗水
- 4. Waste
- 4. 廢棄物
- 5. Environmental impact of operation 13.
- 5. 營運的環境影響
- 6. Use of natural resources and packaging material
- 6. 使用自然資源及包裝物料
- 7. Customer engagement in environmental issues
- 7. 客戶參與環境問題
- 8. Use of chemicals
- 8. 使用化學品

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#### Social aspects 社會方面

- 9. Local community engagement
- 9. 當地社區參與
- 10. Community investment
- 10. 社區投資
- 11. Occupational health and safety
- 11. 職業健康與安全
- 12. Labour standards in supply chain
- 12. 供應鏈勞工標準
- 3. Training and development
- 13. 培訓及發展
- 14. Employee welfare
- 14. 僱員福利
- 15. Inclusion and equal opportunities
- 15. 共融及平等機會
- 16. Talent attraction and retention
- 16. 吸引及挽留人才

#### **Operational aspects** 營運方面

- 17. Economic value generated
- 17. 所產生的經濟價值
- 18. Corporate governance
- 18. 企業管治
- 19. Anti-corruption
- 19. 反貪污
- 20. Supply chain management
- 20. 供應鏈管理
- 21. Customer satisfaction
- 21. 客戶滿意度
- 22. Customer privacy
- 22. 客戶私隱



## **EMISSIONS**

As stated above, the Group is principally engaged in accommodation operations and provision of accommodation consultations and accommodation facilities management services and other related businesses. Hence, the emissions relating to air, greenhouse gases emissions and discharge into the water and land, as well as generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste are minimal in the Year.

During the Year, the major greenhouse gases emissions of the Three Branches were the greenhouse gases generated by the electricity consumption and the waste paper disposal at landfills. In order to minimise the energy consumption and waste paper of the Three Branches, various sustainable development measures have been enforced to address environmental responsibilities within normal operating procedures, including but not limited to (i) compact fluorescent lamp were installed as many as possible in the Three Branches for the Year; (ii) switch on and off sensors were installed in the corridors; (iii) staff were encouraged to switch off the electronic devices, lights and airconditioners after the use of a room or leaving office for a period of time such as lunch hour; (vi) air-conditioners with low efficiency or malfunction were replaced in the Year; (v) refrigerators were kept away from sunlight; and (vi) staff were encouraged to print only when necessary and use recycle papers in first priority for printing so far as practicable.

Other air pollutants include nitrogen oxides ("NO<sub>x</sub>"), sulphur oxides ("SO<sub>x</sub>") and particulate matter ("PM"), which have adverse effects on climate, ecosystems, air quality, habitats, agriculture, and human and animal health. The Group generates other air pollutants through the use of its motor vehicles.

## 排放物

誠如上文所示,本集團主要從事住宿營運,提 供住宿諮詢及住宿設施管理服務等相關業務, 因此於本年度並無重大空氣排放物、溫室氣體 排放、向水及土地的排污以及產生有害及無害 廢物。

於本年度,三間酒店的主要溫室氣體排放來自 電力消耗及堆填區棄置的廢紙。為盡量減少三 間酒店的能源消耗及廢紙,本集團已採取若干 可持續發展措施,在日常經營過程中承擔環境 責任,包括但不限於(I)於本年度於三間酒店盡 可能安裝節能燈;(II)於走廊安裝開關感應器;(III) 鼓勵員工在使用房間後或離開辦公室一段時間 (如午餐時段)時關閉電子設備、燈源及空調; (IV)於本年度更換低效或出現故障的空調;(V)冰 箱遠離日光放置;及(VI)鼓勵員工僅於必要時打 印並在切實可行範圍內優先使用再生紙打印。

其他空氣污染物包括氮氧化物(「氮氧化物」)、 硫氧化物(「硫氧化物」)及懸浮微粒(「懸浮微 粒」),它們對氣候、生態系統、空氣質量、棲 息地、農業以及人類和動物健康都有不利影 響。本集團通過使用汽車產生其他空氣污染 物。

#### **Gaseous Emissions from the Use of Motor Vehicles**

#### 使用汽車產生的氣體排放

Indicator 指標	<b>Unit</b> 單位	<b>2020</b> 二零二零年	<b>2019</b> 二零一九年
NO	Kilogram ("Kg")		
氮氧化物	公斤(「公斤」)	2.70	0.99
SO	Kg		
硫氧化物	公斤	0.06	0.02
PM	Kg		
懸浮微粒	公斤	0.20	0.07
GHG emissions (Scope 1)	Kilogram of Carbon dioxide equivalent		
溫室氣體排放(範圍1)	("Kg of CO <sub>2</sub> e")		
	二氧化碳公斤等量(「二氧化碳公斤等量」	11,492	4,222
GHG emissions (Scope 2)*	Kg of $CO_2e$		
溫室氣體排放(範圍2)*	二氧化碳公斤等量	600,153	941,597
GHG emissions (Scope 3)*	Kg of CO <sub>2</sub> e		
溫室氣體排放(範圍3)*	二氧化碳公斤等量	35,981	44,604
Total	Kg of CO <sub>s</sub> e		
總額	二氧化碳公斤等量	647,626	990,423
Hotel gross floor area	Square meter ("M <sup>2</sup> ")		
酒店建築面積	平方米(「平方米」)	20,645	35,956
GHG intensity	Kg of CO <sub>2</sub> e/M <sup>2</sup>		
溫室氣體密度	二氧化碳公斤等量/平方米	31.4	27.5
* The emission factor of elec	tricity consumed is sourced from the China *	二零一九年所耗電力的排放	<b></b> 女因子乃來自中國南

 \* The emission factor of electricity consumed is sourced from the China \* 二零-Southern Power Grid in 2019. The figures are calculated in accordance with the "Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs". The figures are restated for consistent comparison purpose.

二零一九年所耗電力的排放因子乃來自中國南 方電網。數據乃根據「環境關鍵績效指標報告 指引」計算。經重列數據作一致的比較目的。

#### **Environmental performance from operations**

#### 營運產生的環境表現

Indicator 指標	<b>Unit</b> 單位	<b>2020</b> 二零二零年	<b>2019</b> 二零一九年
Hazardous waste produced	Ton		
有害廢物產生	噸	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Intensity	Ton/M <sup>2</sup>		
密度	噸/平方米	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Non-hazardous waste produced	Ton		
非有害廢物產生	噸	10.3	22.5
Intensity	Ton/M <sup>2</sup>		
密度	噸/平方米	0.0005	0.001

No hazardous waste are generated from the accommodation operations and provision of accommodation consultations and accommodation facilities management services and other related businesses. Nonhazardous wastes generated from the operations in the Three Branches are mainly office and hotel room consumables. The hotel staff has promoted separation of waste such as cartons and plastic bottles, which are placed in certain areas assigned to recycled suppliers for collection. For the hotel consumables such as cans and used plastic bottles of water, the building management offices of landlords have separated them from other waste for recycling purposes.

The COVID-19 pandemic has influenced the overall economy of accommodation operations. Due to decrease in customers and discontinued operations of Luohu Branch and one of the two blocks of buildings of Huizhou Branch, the volume of non-hazardous waste has also decreased significantly.

#### Compliance with relevant laws and regulations

The Group is not aware of any non-compliance with the Environmental Protection Law of the PRC and other applicable laws and regulations that has an impact relating to air and greenhouse gases emissions, discharges into water and land, generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste of the Group in the Year.

No fines or non-monetary sanctions for non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations had been reported in the Year.

從事住宿營運、提供住宿諮詢及住宿設施管理 服務等相關業務並無產生任何有害廢物。三間 酒店經營產生的無害廢物主要為辦公室及酒店 客房的消耗品。酒店員工推行廢物分類,如紙 箱及塑料瓶存放在分配予回收供應商的若干區 域以便回收。就易拉罐及已用飲用水塑料瓶等 酒店消耗品而言,業主樓宇管理辦事處已進行 分類以便回收再用。

COVID-19疫情已影響住宿業務的整體經濟情況。由於客源減少以及羅湖店及惠州店兩棟樓 宇之一終止經營業務,非有害廢物數量亦相應 大幅減少。

#### 遵守相關法律及法規

本集團並不知悉任何不遵守中國環境保護法及 相關法律及法規而具有有關本年度本集團空氣 及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污及產生有 害及無害廢物的影響。

本年度並無呈報就不遵守相關法律及法規的罰 款或非貨幣處罰。

## **USE OF RESOURCES**

The Group is committed to minimising the impact of business activities on the environment and supporting environmental protection programs. In particular, a number of initiatives, which are designed to conserve resources, were introduced to promote employee awareness of the need to achieve efficient utilisation of resources.

As mentioned in the above "Emissions" section, the Group has a series of policies and procedures to minimise the electricity used by the employees in the Three Branches. In order to increase the electricity consumption efficiency, a number of new light-emitting diodes ("LED") lightings were installed in 2019. Other than above, solar water heaters and heat pumps have been installed in Nanshan Branch to generate daily hot water supply in order to reduce gas or electricity consumption. In addition, shower sprinklers with low water pressure were installed in all bathrooms of the Three Branches to reduce water consumption and water intensity.

## 資源使用

本集團致力減低業務活動對環境的影響,以及 支持環境保護項目,並特別推出各種節約資源 的措施,提高員工對需要有效利用資源的意 識。

誠如上文「排放物」一節所述,本集團於三間酒 店設有多項政策及程序以減少僱員用電量。為 提高用電效能,於二零一九年安裝了發光二極 管(「LED」)照明。除上述以外,南山店亦已安 裝太陽能熱水器及熱水泵,以滿足日常熱水供 應,減少燃氣及電力消耗。此外,我們亦已 於三間酒店的全部浴室安裝較低水壓的淋浴噴 頭,藉此減少水耗及水密度。

#### **Relevant Consumptions from Operation**

#### 營運產生的相關消耗

Indicator 指標	<b>Unit</b> 單位	<b>2020</b> 二零二零年	<b>2019</b> 二零一九年
Energy Consumption			
能源消耗			
Electricity consumption	kWh		
電力消耗	千瓦時	1,179,430	1,850,441
Electricity consumption intensity	kWh/M <sup>2</sup>		
電力消耗密度	千瓦時/平方米	57.1	51.5
Water Consumption			
水耗			
Water consumption	Cubic metre ("M <sup>3</sup> ")		
水耗	立方米(「立方米」)	76,365	86,384
Water consumption intensity	$M^3/M^2$		
水耗密度	立方米/平方米	3.7	2.4

As the Group is principally engaged in accommodation operations and provision of accommodation consultations and accommodation facilities management services and other related businesses, no packaging material was used in the Year. 由於本集團主要從事住宿營運,提供住宿設施 管理服務及住宿顧問服務等相關業務,於本年 度並無使用包裝材料。



Regarding the accommodation operations, the Group closely monitors the level of energy consumption and greenhouse gases emissions of its Branches. Every year, the Three Branches are required to set their respective energy and carbon reduction targets, and come up with feasible measures to achieve them. The details and results achieved are listed as follows:

就本集團住宿經營而言,本集團密切監測其酒 店的能源消耗及溫室氣體排放水平。三間酒店 每年均須訂立彼等各自的能源及碳減排目標, 並制定可行措施以達成目標。所達至的詳情及 結果載列如下:

<b>Projects</b> 項目	Details and results achieved 所達至的詳情及結果
LED and compact fluorescent lamps LED及悭電膽	In 2019, LED lightings have been installed in Baoan Branch during renovation. For Nanshan Branch and Huizhou Branch, a number of compact fluorescent lamps have been installed, which have saved up much electricity as compared with incandescent light lamp. 於二零一九年,寶安店裝修期間已安裝LED照明。至於南山店及惠州店,慳 電膽照明裝置已被安裝,相比非慳電膽節省更多電力。
Shower heads 花灑頭	Using water savings shower heads in the bathroom of the Three Branches, consumption of water is saved after installation. 於三間酒店浴室使用省水花灑頭,安裝後能節省用水。
Solar water heaters and heat pumps 太陽能熱水器及電熱泵	Solar water heaters and heat pumps have been installed in Nanshan Branch to generate daily hot water supply in order to reduce gas or electricity consumption. The consumption of electricity is saved in the Nanshan Branch for water heating. 已於南山店安裝太陽能熱水器及電熱泵產生每日熱水供應,以減少氣體或電 力消耗。南山店於節省熱水供應方面預期可減少電力消耗。
Air-conditioners 空詞	In 2019, a number of new air-conditioners have been upgrading from old air- conditioners for the renovation of Baoan Branch. The relevant consumption of electricity would be reduced. Moreover, energy saving signs are displayed to remind hotel staff to turn off air-conditioners after use to promote energy saving. 於二零一九年,寶安店裝修期間,已將若干舊空調升級至新空調,相關電力 消耗能相應減少。再者,節省能源標示牌已被貼上,提醒酒店員工於使用空 調後關上,以節約能源。
Non-Hazardous Waste 非有害廢物	Non-hazardous waste from the Three Branches include packaging materials of hotel guest supplies, paper for office use and kitchen waste from restaurants of hotels. The hotels made their best effort to minimising the impact on the environment by using biodegradable material for packaging materials of hotel guest supplies. The Three Branches promoted separation of waste such as cartons and plastic bottles, which are placed in certain areas assigned to recycled suppliers for collection. 三間酒店的非有害廢物包括酒店房客用品包裝物料、辦公室用紙及酒店餐廳 廚餘廢物。酒店透過酒店房客用品包裝物料採用可生物降解物料,盡量減少 環境影響。三間酒店推動廢物(如紙箱及塑膠瓶)分類,放置於分派予回收供 應商的若干區域供其收集。

## THE ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

The Group always raise energy-saving awareness among the staff of the Three Branches, reminding them to switch off all lighting and electronic devices after use. On the other hand, hotel guests are encouraged energy reduction by providing energy-saving tips in hotel lobbies and written reminders in guest rooms.

The impact on the environment and natural resources from the accommodation operations of the Group in PRC is minimal in the Year.

#### **EMPLOYMENT**

The Group places a significant emphasis on developing human capital and provides competitive remuneration and welfare packages. Promotion opportunities and salary adjustments are benchmarked against individual performance. Employees are entitled to benefits such as annual leave, sick leave, maternity leave, marriage leave, funeral leave and medical coverage in accordance with local regulations.

Distribution of work force classified by difference catalogues as follows:

## 環境及天然資源

本集團亦提升三間酒店員工對節能的意識,提 醒員工於使用後關閉所有燈光及電子設備。另 一方面,透過於酒店大堂提供節能建議及於酒 店房間提供書面節能提示,鼓勵酒店住客節約 能源。

本年度,本集團於中國的住宿營運對環境及自 然資源造成的影響極為微弱。

#### 僱傭

本集團高度重視發展人力資本並提供具競爭力 的薪酬及福利組合,且會根據員工個人表現提 供晉升機遇及作出薪資調整。僱員可根據當地 法規享有年假、病假、產假、婚假、喪假以及 醫療保險等多種福利。

按不同類別分類的勞動力分佈如下:

Social Performance 社會表現	<b>Unit</b> 單位	<b>2020</b> 二零二零年	<b>2019</b> 二零一九年
<b>By Gender</b> 按性別劃分			
Male 男性	People 人	15 (37%)	25 (36%)
Female	People		
女性	人	26 (63%)	45 (64%)
Total 總計	People 人	41 (100%)	70 (100%)

Social Performance 社會表現	<b>Unit</b> 單位		<b>2020</b> 二零二零年	<b>2019</b> 二零一九年
按年齡組別劃分				
Under 30 years old	People			00 (410/)
30歲以下 20,50 years ald	人 Decente		17 (41%)	29 (41%)
30–50 years old 30至50歲	People 人		20(400/)	0E (E00/)
Over 50 years old	People		20 (49%)	35 (50%)
50歲以上	人		4 (10%)	6 (9%)
		-	4 (1070)	0 (070)
Total	People			
總計	人 人		41 (100%)	70 (100%)
		-	()	- ( /
By Employment Categories				
Senior level	People			
高級	人		3 (7%)	3 (4%)
Middle level	People			
中級	人		7 (17%)	17 (24%)
Entry level	People			
入門級	人		31 (76%)	50 (72%)
		_		
Total	People			
總計	人		41 (100%)	70 (100%)
		-		

The Group places emphasis on equal opportunities for all personnel in respect of hiring, pay rates, training and development, promotion and other terms of employment. The Group is committed to providing a working environment which is free from any form of discrimination on the basis of ethnicity, gender, religion, age, disability or sexual orientation.

本集團注重在招聘、薪酬比率、培訓及發展、 晉升及其他就業待遇方面為全體職員提供平等 機遇。本集團致力提供一個不存在種族、性 別、宗教、年齡、殘疾或性取向等任何歧視的 工作環境。

The Group has a wide diversity of cultures including the employees with different genders, ages, skills, educational backgrounds, industry experiences and other qualifications in order to achieve the most suitable composition and balance. 本集團文化架構多元,聘有不同性別、年齡、 技能、教育背景、行業經驗及其他質素的員 工,並就此達致最適合之結構和平衡。

The Group has enhanced its employee handbook with effect from January 2015 which is applicable for the Three Branches. Such employee handbook is developed in accordance with the Labour Law of PRC and has been distributed to all employees since they commence working for the Group.

The remuneration and position of the employees of the accommodation operations will be adjusted which are based on the results of evaluation of individual working performance and efficiency. Staff bonus is based on the performance appraisal and operating results.

Treatment of employee's misconduct must be fair and reasonable in all of the circumstances. Misconduct may lead to a warning and even a dismissal. Any acts of misconduct are to be reported to the human and administration department. In the Year, no incident of serious misconduct was identified.

Employees' wages, overtime payments and related benefits are made not less than the local government's minimum requirements. The normal working hours for general employees are normally 8 hours a day and 40 hours a week. Integrated computation of working hours is implemented with reference to the requirements of the Labour Law of the PRC.

#### Compliance with relevant laws and regulations

The Group is not aware of any material non-compliance with the Labour Law of the PRC, Labour Contract Law of the PRC, Payment of Wages Tentative Provisions and other applicable laws and regulations that has a significant impact relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination and other benefits and welfare on the Group in the Year.

No non-compliance with law that resulted in significant fines or sanctions had been reported in the Year.

本集團已更新其員工手冊,該手冊自二零一五 年一月起生效,適用於本集團經營的全部三間 酒店的全體僱員。該員工手冊乃根據中國勞動 法編製,並已於各員工入職本集團時向其作出 分派。

住宿經營僱員薪酬及狀況將根據個人工作表現 及效率評估結果進行調整。員工花紅乃基於表 現評估及經營業績。

僱員如有不當行為,於所有情況下均須本著公 平合理的態度對待,一經發現,將給予警告, 甚至予以解僱。任何不當行為將上報人力及行 政部門。本年度,並無發現情節嚴重的不當行 為。

僱員薪資、加班工資及相關福利不得少於當地 政府的最低規定。一般僱員的正常工作時間通 常為每天8小時,每週40小時。工作時間乃經 參考中國勞動法規定綜合計算。

#### 遵守相關法律及法規

本集團並不知悉任何不遵守中國勞動法、中國 勞動合同法、工資支付暫行條例及相關法律及 法規而具有有關本年度本集團賠償及解僱、招 聘及晉升、工作時數、休息時間、平等機會、 多元化、反歧視及其他權益及福利的影響。

本年度並不知悉呈報導致重大罰款或處罰的法 律不合規。



## **HEALTH AND SAFETY**

The Group adopts non-discriminatory employment practices and provides a healthy and safe workplace. All employees are strictly required to follow the operating procedures, which include but not limited to (i) pay attention to whether there is a dangerous work situation, if found, should immediately report to the supervisor; (ii) use both hands to handle the carts; (iii) use a ladder or chair to take items from a height or ask colleagues for help; (iv) wipe out the slippery or oily working areas immediately in order to prevent slipping; (v) do not use damaged machines or appliances to avoid accidents; (vi) maintain a variety of tools and safety equipment; and (vii) strictly enforce the industry norms and professional operation.

Smoking is prohibited in all indoor areas of the Three Branches. First aid, fire extinguishing, evacuation, leakage and escape exercises are regularly performed. Two fire drills were conducted in the Year for the Three Branches.

For electrical works, the Three Branches have employed electrical technicians who have valid licences granted by relevant government officials.

Due to the outbreak of COVID-19 in 2020, the Group has adopted a series of measures to protect the health of employees, which include not limited to (i) each of the employees and guests is required to wear a mask at all times in the hotel, disposable masks are provided to employees every day; (ii) guests are only able to check in when they have a valid health QR code; (iii) public areas of the hotel such as elevators and lobby are sterilised at least 3 times a day; and (iv) hand sanitizers are provided to all guests in the hotel.

In addition, in order to respond to emergencies and improve first-aid skills of the employees, the Group had provided first-aid training courses to its employees.

#### Compliance with relevant laws and regulations

The Group is not aware of any material non-compliance with the Law of the PRC on Work Safety, Regulations on Work-Related Injury Insurance of the PRC and other applicable laws and regulations that has a significant impact on the Group relating to provide a safety working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards in the Year.

No non-compliance with law that resulted in significant fines or sanctions had been reported in the Year.

## 健康與安全

本集團採用非歧視僱傭常規並提供健康安全的 工作場所。所有僱員均須嚴格遵守經營程序, 包括但不限於(i)留意工作中是否存在危險情 況,一經發現,應立即向上級部門報告;(ii)雙 手推車;(iii)利用梯子或椅子從高處拿取物件或 請求同事幫助;(iv)即時清除濕滑或油膩工作區 域,防止滑倒;(v)禁止使用損壞機器或電器, 避免事故發生;(vi)維持各種工具及安全設備; 及(vii)嚴格執行行業規範及專業操作。

三間酒店所有室內區域禁止吸煙。定期安排急 救、消防、疏散、洩漏及逃生演習。三間酒店 於本年度進行兩次消防操練。

電器工程方面,三間酒店已僱用電器技術人 員,彼等均獲相關政府部門授予有效資格證。

由於二零二零年爆發COVID-19疫情,本集團 已採取一系列保障僱員健康的措施,包括但不 限於(i)所有僱員及旅客於酒店內須一直配戴口 罩,且僱員每日獲提供一次性口罩;(ii)旅客僅 當其持有有效健康二維碼時方能入住;(iii)酒 店的公共區域(如電梯及大堂)每日至少消毒三 次;及(iv)酒店旅客均獲提供洗手液。

此外,為應對緊急情況及提升僱員的急救技 能,本集團向其僱員安排急救培訓課程。

#### 遵守相關法律及法規

本集團並不知悉任何不遵守中國安全生產法、 中國工傷保險條例及相關法律及法規而具有有 關本年度本集團提供安全工作環保及保護僱員 免受職業傷害的重大影響。

本年度並無呈報導致重大罰款或處罰的法律不合規。

## **DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING**

The Group has been committed to providing on-the-job training of its employees in order to enhance their knowledge and skills. All employees are encouraged to enhance their skills and knowledge at every opportunity in order to perform their current job more efficiently and effectively and to be better prepared for career opportunities which may arise. During the Year, quarterly training courses were provided to the employees including but not limited to customer check-in and checkout procedures, room services techniques, disinfection techniques for hotel rooms, fire safety, handling customers' complaint, handling of items left by customers and so on. The employees participated actively in the training courses. For certain external training courses recommended by the Group, such fees of training course are borne by the Group in accordance with the specific guidelines of reimbursement stated in the employee handbook.

For recreation activities, the Group often organises a variety of physical and mental health or sports activities, such as various sports competitions, outdoor picnic and employees' birthday party.

## LABOUR STANDARDS

The Group fully understands that the exploitation of child and forced labour are universally condemned, and therefore take the responsibility against child and forced labour very seriously. The Group complies with all laws and regulations against child labour and forced labour strictly for the Three Branches.

For entry registration, all employees must present valid documents and copies to the Group as follows: (i) identity card, academic proof such as diploma or degree certificate, title certificate, vocational qualification certificate, English grade certificate; (ii) social security card; (iii) medical or health certificate; (iv) recent photos; and (v) other relevant information and documents required by the Group. The above procedures can ensure no child labour will be employed in the accommodation operations.

All Employees are entitled to have sick leave, injury leave and maternity leave with medical proof in accordance with the Labour Law of the PRC. In addition, all employees work normally 8 hours daily and are not encouraged to work overtime. But if overtime work is required, the relevant employees and superior will agree mutually in written form. The compensation for overtime work is in accordance with the provisions of Labour Law of the PRC.

## 發展及培訓

本集團承諾為其僱員提供在職培訓,以提高彼 等的知識和技能。本集團鼓勵所有僱員抓緊每 一個機會提升技能及知識,以更高效執行當前 的工作,及做好準備迎接職業機遇。於本年 度,本集團向其僱員提供季度培訓課程,包 括但不限於客戶入住和退房程序,客房服務 技巧,酒店客房消毒技術,消防安全,客戶投 訴處理,客戶遺漏物品處理等。僱員積極參與 培訓課程。有關本集團建議的若干外部培訓課 程,該等培訓課程的費用則由本集團根據僱員 手冊中所述的具體補償指引承擔。

娛樂活動方面,本集團經常組織各種身心健康 活動或體育活動,例如各種體育比賽、戶外野 餐及僱員生日會等。

## 勞工準則

本集團深知僱用童工及強制勞工嚴重違反普世 價值觀,因此竭力反對一切僱用童工及強制勞 工的行為。本集團的三間酒店遵守禁用童工及 強制勞工的所有法律及法規。

為進行登記,所有僱員須向本集團提交以下有 效文件及副本:(i)身份證、文憑或學位證書等 學歷證明、職稱證書、職業資格證書、英語等 級證書:(ii)社會保險卡;(iii)醫療或健康證明;(iv) 近期相片;及(v)本集團所需之其他相關資料及 文件。上述程序可確保在住宿營運不會僱用童 工。

根據中國勞動法,所有員工有權享有帶有醫療 證明的病假、工傷假及產假。此外,所有員工 每天正常工作8小時,不鼓勵加班。倘需要加 班工作,相關僱員及上司將雙方書面同意。加 班補償符合中國勞動法的規定。



#### Compliance with relevant laws and regulations

The Group is not aware of any non-compliance with the Labour Law of the PRC, Provisions on the Prohibition of Using Child Labour, Protection of Minors of the PRC and other applicable laws and regulations relating to preventing child or forced labour on the Group in the Year.

No non-compliance with law that resulted in significant fines or sanctions had been reported in the Year.

## SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

The Group has set up strict supply chain management system to ensure high quality of service to our accommodation customers. Specific attentions have been paid to promote the health and safety consumables and services of the Three Branches.

The Group adheres to the principle of transparency and implements the values of honesty, integrity and fairness in the supply chain management. When selecting suppliers, the Group takes into account the factors such as quality of services and products, past performance and reputation of the suppliers. When dealing with suppliers of goods and services, the approval procedures are in place to ensure that supplier engagements are monitored and approved by the appropriate level of management. The Group expects major suppliers to observe the same environmental, social, health and safety and governance policies in their operating practices as those adopted by the Group.

The major suppliers for accommodation operations are supply of bottles of water, washing of bed linings and pest control. For drinking water provided to customers, the Group places orders to acquire bottles of water from a well-known brand which has a series of green production procedures. For washing of bed linings, the Group requires the supplier to provide hygiene licence and environmental protection certificate prior to placing any order. For pest control, the Group requires the supplier to use pest control materials or consumables which fulfil the required standards of local laws and regulations.

#### 遵守相關法律及法規

本集團並不知悉任何不遵守有關本年度本集團 防止童工及強制勞工的中國勞動法、禁止使用 童工規定、中國未成年人保護法及相關法律及 法規。

本年度並無呈報導致重大罰款或處罰的法律不 合規。

## 供應鏈管理

本集團已建立嚴格的供應鏈管理系統,確保向 住宿客戶提供高質量的服務,並特別注重加強 三間酒店的衛生及消耗品的安全性,並提升服 務質量。

在供應鏈管理方面,本集團秉持透明、誠實、 正直及公平的原則。本集團在甄選供應商時會 考慮多項因素,如服務及產品質素、過往表現 及供應商聲譽。本集團在採用貨品及服務供應 商時執行審批程序以確保供應商委聘受到適當 的管理層監控與審批。本集團要求主要供應商 於其經營常規中在環境、社會、健康、安全以 及企業管治方面採納與本集團一致的標準。

住宿營運的主要供應商為供應瓶裝水,洗滌床 套和蟲害防治。客戶飲用水供應方面,本集團 向知名品牌(擁有一系列綠色生產程序)下達訂 單採購瓶裝水。洗滌床套方面,本集團於下達 任何訂單前要求供應商提供衛生許可證和環境 保護證書。在蟲害防治方面,本集團要求供應 商使用符合本地法律法規要求的防蟲材料或消 耗品。

## PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY

A high priority for the Group is to ensure customer satisfaction in terms of our products and services. Strenuous efforts are made to ensure compliance with the laws and regulations relating to product health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters of the jurisdictions in which we operate. The Group requires its employees to comply with applicable governmental and regulatory laws, rules, codes and regulations.

The Group deals with lots of private and confidential information of its hotel customers. Hence, the Group has set up strict code of conduct requirements for their employees. In addition, the employees are required to maintain all reasonable methods to safeguard the information of the Group and the customers as stated in employee handbook and working practices.

As mentioned above, smoking is prohibited in all indoor areas of the Three Branches. First aid, fire extinguishing, evacuation, leakage and escape exercises are regularly performed. Daily hotel room cleaning services and regular hygiene inspection are maintained from time to time. If a customer complains on initially assigned hotel room, the front line staff will arrange another hotel room until it is satisfied by the customer.

#### Compliance with relevant laws and regulations

The Group is not aware of any material non-compliance with the Patent Law of the PRC and other applicable laws and regulations that has a significant impact relating to health and safety, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress on the Group in the Year.

No significant fines had been reported in the Year.

## 產品責任

確保顧客滿意我們的產品和服務是本集團的重 要宗旨。我們致力確保本集團在產品健康、安 全、廣告、標籤以及私隱權方面遵守我們經營 所在地的法律和法規。本集團亦要求員工遵守 相關的政府規定、法律、規則、守則及規例。

本集團業務接觸大量酒店客戶私密資料。因 此,本集團制定嚴格的員工行為守則。此外, 我們要求員工按照員工手冊及工作準則要求採 取一切合理方法對本集團及客戶資料保密。

誠如上文所述,三間酒店所有室內區域嚴禁吸 煙。急救、消防、疏散、洩漏及逃生演練定期 舉行。日常酒店客房清潔服務及常規衛生檢查 按部就班開展。如客戶對原先安排的客房不滿 意,當班人員會安排更換另一間客房,直至客 戶滿意。

#### 遵守相關法律及法規

本集團並不知悉任何重大不遵守中國專利法及 相關法律及法規而具有有關本年度本集團所提 供產品及服務的健康及安全、標籤及私隱事宜 以及糾正方法的重大影響。

本年度並無呈報重大罰款。



## **ANTI-CORRUPTION**

Corruption, bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering in any form are strictly prohibited. The Group's anti-corruption policies set out standards of conduct to which all employees are required to adhere in order to promote the integrity environment in the workplace. Any employee is prohibited from giving and accepting of advantages, by using the excuse of work or the authority granted from the Group. The advantages include but not limited to money, gifts, loans, rewards, contracts, services and entertainment.

All employees are required to strictly follow the guidelines stated in the employee handbook, which includes but is not limited to (i) protection of customer information, business decision and private documents; (ii) report and contribute to the Group for any gifts, commission, rebate exceeding RMB100; (iii) prohibit to use the name or authority of the Group for personal benefit; and (iv) prohibit to negotiate business separately such as signing of contract, purchase of equipment or goods without obtaining approval from relevant superiors.

The Group encourages the reporting of dishonest acts by the employees. The human resources department may terminate the employment contract with the employee who carries out dishonest acts as stated in the employee handbook. The content of the complaint should be clear to the fact that it is forbidden to fabricate the facts without any factual basis or vent their anger. The criteria for a valid complaint includes (i) the individual is unfairly treated in which relevant superior handling of the problem is not fair, abuse of power or combat retaliation; and (ii) the behaviour of individual causes damage to the interests of the Group. All employees can raise their complaint by putting a written letter into a complaint box located at reception of the hotel, by mail to human resources department or even by verbal presentation.

#### Compliance with relevant laws and regulations

The Group is not aware of any material non-compliance with the Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the PRC and other applicable laws and regulations that has a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering in the Year.

There was no legal case concerning corruption brought against the Group or its employees in the Year.

## 反貪污

任何形式的腐敗、賄賂、勒索、舞弊或洗黑錢 行為一律嚴令禁止。本集團的反貪污政策訂有 明確行為準則,並要求全體員工嚴格遵守,以 營造公正的職場環境。所有員工嚴禁利用工作 便利或本集團授予的權力提供或收受利益,包 括但不限於現金、禮品、貸款、獎勵、合約、 服務及款待。

全體員工須嚴格遵守員工手冊規定的守則,包括但不限於(i)對客戶資料、商業決策及私密檔案保密:(ii)將任何超過人民幣100元的禮品、 佣金、返利上報並交還本集團:(iii)禁止使用本 集團名義或權力謀取私利:及(iv)禁止在未經上 級批准的情況下私下進行商業談判,例如簽訂 合同、採購設備或商品等。

本集團鼓勵舉報員工舞弊行為。人事部有權終 止行為不檢(如僱員手冊所述)員工的僱傭合 同。舉報內容應有理有據,嚴禁憑空捏造事實 或純粹發洩怨憤。有效舉報應符合以下標準(1) 個人因有關上司處理問題偏倚、濫用職權或報 復而受到不公正對待;及(1)個人行為損害本集 團利益。所有員工可通過向酒店前台的舉報信 箱投遞書面函件、向人事部寫信或口頭面陳等 形式進行舉報。

#### 遵守相關法律及法規

本集團並不知悉任何重大不遵守中國反不正當 競爭法及相關法律及法規而具有對發行人有關 本年度賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的重大影 響。

本年度並無對本集團或其僱員有關貪污的法律 案件。

## **COMMUNITY INVESTMENT**

The Group is committed to creating sustainable prosperity that brings long-term social and economic benefits for all stakeholders, particularly to maintain the relationship with interest groups which are relevant to business operation. This is realised by first meeting the needs of the hotel employees and then further extending the caring and services to their families and to the surrounding community.

Although the Group has not established and documented a specific community policy, social care is deep-seated in the Group's corporate culture. Employees are encouraged to participate in various charitable events and community service.

The Group believes that such entertaining corporate team-building activities for staff are not only beneficial to the health of staff, but are also relaxing and conducive to team building outside of the workplace, improving cross-departmental communications, creating a chance to know each other in different departments and promoting fellowship at workplace, leading to a more harmonious and productive working environment.

## 社區投資

本集團致力創造可持續繁榮為所有持份者帶來 長期社會及經濟利益,尤其維持與業務營運相 關的利益團體的關係,需首先滿足酒店僱員的 需求,隨後進一步延伸關懷及服務至彼等家庭 及周圍社區。

儘管本集團並未建立及記錄特定社區政策,但 社會關懷深深植根於本集團的企業文化。本集 團鼓勵僱員參與不同慈善活動及社區服務。

本集團認為,此類集團員工團建活動不僅有利 於員工的健康,亦有利於工作場所外的友情建 設,改善跨部門溝通,創立不同部門員工認識 的機會,促進員工之間的情誼,最終實現更和 諧及高效的工作環境。

The Directors of the Company (the "Directors") are pleased to submit their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company, and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2020.

## **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Details of business review are set out in the "Chairman's Statement" on pages 5 to 7 and the section of "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 8 to 20.

## **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The Group is principally engaged in accommodation operations, provision of accommodation consultations and accommodation facilities management services and other related business. The Group is also involved in the money lending business. The foregoing discussions form parts on the business review as contained in this Report of the Directors.

## **SEGMENT INFORMATION**

An analysis of the Group's performance for the Year by business segments is set out in Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

## **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 are set out in the consolidated financial statements on page 86 of this annual report. The Directors do not recommend payment of any dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2020.

## **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Year are set out in Note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

## PROPERTIES

The Group did not own any major property or property interests as at 31 December 2020.

本公司董事(「董事」)欣然呈報其報告以及本公 司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零二零 年十二月三十一日止年度的經審核綜合財務報 表。

## 業務回顧

業務回顧的詳情載於第5至7頁之「主席報告」及 第8至20頁之「管理層討論及分析」一節。

## 主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。本集團主要從 事住宿營運、提供住宿諮詢及住宿設施管理服 務等相關業務。本集團亦有從事放債業務。於 本董事會報告之內容構成業務回顧之部分內 容。

#### 分部資料

本集團年內按業務分部劃分之業績分析載於綜 合財務報表附註7。

#### 業績及股息

本集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 的業績載於本年報第86頁之綜合財務報表。董 事不建議派付截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度之任何股息。

## 物業、廠房及設備

本集團之物業、廠房及設備於本年度的變動詳 情載於綜合財務報表附註17。

## 物業

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任 何主要物業或物業權益。

## SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in the Company's share capital during the Year are set out in Note 28 to the consolidated financial statements.

## DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2020, the Company had no reserve available for distribution to shareholders including share premium account and accumulated losses.

## RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the Year are set out in Note 30 to the consolidated financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 85 respectively.

## TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION

The Directors are not aware of any tax relief and exemption available to the shareholders by reason of their holding of the Company's securities.

## **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association or the laws of Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

## MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The diversity and nature of the Group's activities are such that the percentage of sales attributable to the Group's five largest customers was approximately 52.9% (2019: 58.0%) of the total and the percentage of sales attributable to the Group's largest customer was approximately 18.4% (2019: 25.1%) and the Directors do not consider any one customer to be influential to the Group.

## 股本

本公司股本於本年度的變動詳情載於綜合財務 報表附註28。

## 可供分派儲備

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本公司並無可 供分派予股東之儲備包括股份溢價賬加保留虧 損。

## 儲備

本公司及本集團之儲備於本年度的變動詳情分 別載於綜合財務報表附註30及第85頁之綜合權 益變動表。

## 税務寬免及豁免

董事並不知悉股東因持有本公司證券可獲任何 税務寬免及豁免。

## 優先購買權

本公司組織章程細則或開曼群島法例並無有關 優先購買權的條文,規定本公司須按比例向現 有股東提呈發售新股。

## 主要客戶及供應商

由於本集團業務多元化及其性質關係,本集團 五大客戶佔本集團銷售的比率約為52.9%(二零 一九年:58.0%),而最大客戶佔本集團銷售 的比率為約18.4%(二零一九年:25.1%)。董 事認為,並無任何單一客戶對本集團有重要影 響。



The main suppliers of the Group comprise of suppliers of disposable amenities, bed linings cleaning, laundry services, supply of bottles of water and pest control. For the financial year ended 31 December 2020, the Group's five largest suppliers in aggregate accounted for approximately 53.2% (2019: 69.5%) of the total purchases and purchases from the largest supplier accounted for approximately 24.1% (2019: 35.6%) of total purchases.

None of the Directors, their close associates or any shareholders of the Company (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in the Group's five largest customers or five largest suppliers during the financial year ended 31 December 2020.

## **BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS**

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had borrowings of principal amount of HK\$37,026,000 (2019: HK\$15,000,000) from Current Controlling Shareholder. The borrowings are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. Save for the borrowings, the Group did not have any outstanding bank borrowings for both two years.

Moreover, on top of the above borrowings, Current Controlling Shareholder has also made available a credit facility up to the amount of HK\$350,000,000 to the Company under substantially the same terms with the Current Controlling Shareholder's Borrowing under which the Company may request for drawdown at any time prior to 7 August 2022 and any borrowing made will be unsecured and interest-free. As at 31 December 2020, credit facility of amount of HK\$312,974,000 (2019: HK\$335,000,000) is available for use.

## **INTEREST CAPITALISATION**

The Group had no capitalised interest during the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: Nil).

本集團主要的供應商包括提供一次性消耗品、 床套清潔、洗衣服務以及供應瓶裝水及進行 蟲害防治的供應商。截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止財政年度,本集團五大供應商合共 佔採購總額約53.2%(二零一九年:69.5%), 而向最大供應商的採購則佔採購總額約24.1% (二零一九年:35.6%)。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止財政年度, 概無董事、彼等之緊密聯繫人或任何本公司股 東(據董事所深知,擁有本公司已發行股本5% 以上者)於本集團的五大客戶或五大供應商擁 有任何權益。

## 銀行借貸及其他借款

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團擁有來 自現任控股股東之借款本金額37,026,000港元 (二零一九年:15,000,000港元)。借款為無抵 押、免息及按要求隨時償還。除此之外,本集 團在這兩年內並無任何未償還銀行借款。

此外,除上述股東借款外,現任控股股東亦已 根據與現任控股股東借款大致相同的條款向本 公司提供金額最多為350,000,000港元的信貸 融資額度,可由本公司於二零二二年八月七日 前隨時要求提取,其提取的借款則為無抵押及 免息的。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,尚餘 312,974,000港元(二零一九年:335,000,000 港元)的信貸融資額度可用。

## 利息資本化

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團並無擁有資本化利息(二零一九年:無)。

## **GROUP FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A summary of the results of the Group for year ended 31 December 2020 is set out on page 192 of this annual report.

## DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the Year and up to the date of this report were:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Chen Wu (Appointed with effect from 20 March 2020) Mr. Chung Tin Yan

#### **Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Yuan Fuer (Chairman) Mr. Hu Xinglong

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Wu Jilin Mr. Du Hongwei Ms. Li Zhou

The terms of office of each Director are subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association.

# DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors of the Company and the senior management of the Group are set out from pages 21 to 24 of this annual report.

## 本集團財務概要

本集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 的業績概要載於本年報第192頁。

## 董事

於本年度直至本報告日期,本公司之董事如 下:

#### 執行董事

陳武先生(自二零二零年三月二十日起獲委任) 鍾天昕先生

#### 非執行董事

袁富兒先生(主席) 胡性龍先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

吳吉林先生 杜宏偉先生 李舟女士

各董事須根據本公司組織章程細則輪席退任。

## 董事及高級管理層之履歷

本公司董事及本集團高級管理層之履歷詳情載 於本年報第21至24頁。



## DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the 2020 AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

## PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The service agreements entered into by the Company with each of the executive Directors, which are currently in force and were in force during the year ended 31 December 2020, contain indemnity provisions which are permitted indemnity provisions under section 467 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) for the benefit of the executive Directors. Pursuant to such provisions, the Company shall indemnify any executive Director against any liability attaching to him in connection with any legal proceedings in which he is involved by reason of being a Director, and in which the judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted.

# TERMS OF OFFICE FOR THE INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

All the independent non-executive Directors were appointed for a specific term of three years, but subject to the relevant provisions of the Articles of Associations or any other applicable laws whereby the directors shall vacate or retire from their office.

# EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Details of the emoluments of the Directors of the Company and the five highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively. Remuneration packages of the Directors are recommended by the Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board.

## 董事之服務合約

本公司概無與任何擬於二零二零年股東週年大 會上膺選連任之董事訂立不可由本公司於一年 內終止而毋須作出賠償(法定賠償除外)之服務 合約。

## 獲准許彌償條文

本公司與各執行董事訂立的服務協議(目前具 有效力及於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止 年度內具有效力)就執行董事的利益載有彌償 條文(為根據香港法例第622章公司條例第467 條的獲准許彌償條文)。根據有關條文,倘任 何執行董事因以董事身份涉及任何法律程序而 附加任何責任,並獲判勝訴或無罪,則本公司 應就任何該等責任彌償有關執行董事。

## 獨立非執行董事之任期

所有獨立非執行董事之指定任期為三年,惟董 事的離任或退任須受組織章程細則或任何其他 適用法例的有關條文所規限。

## 董事薪酬及五名最高薪酬人士

本公司董事之薪酬及本集團五名最高薪酬人士 之詳情乃分別載於綜合財務報表附註9。董事 之薪酬方案由薪酬委員會提出並由董事會審 批。

## DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTEREST AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 December 2020, so far as was known to the Directors, the following Director had interest in the shares of the Company as notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code and as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 352 of the SFO:

## 董事及主要行政人員於本公司及其 相關法團股份、相關股份及債權證 之權益及淡倉

就董事所知,於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 以下董事於本公司股份中擁有根據標準守則須 知會本公司及聯交所及須登記於本公司根據證 券及期貨條例第352條存置之登記冊之權益:

Name of Director	Capacity/ Nature of interest	Number and class of sha		Approximately percentage of the issued share capital (Note 1) 佔已發行股本
董事姓名	身份/權益性質	股份數目及类	頁別	概約百分比 (附註1)
Yuan Fuer (Note 2)	Interest of a controlled corporation	321,580,510	shares	71.72%
袁富兒(附註2)	受控股法團之權益	321,580,510	股	71.72%
	nareholding percentage is based on 31 December 2020 of 448,363,708.	the number of 的 附記	主1:概約股權百分比乃 三十一日已發行股份	
International Develo	0 shares were registered in the n. opment Limited ("Hehui"). Mr. Yuan capital of Hehui and was deemed to b ares in which Hehui was interested p	Fuer held the be interested in	的。袁富兒先生擁有 因此彼根據證券及期	分是以Hehui International d(「Hehui」)的名下登記 Hehui全部已發行股份, J貨條例被視為擁有Hehui 股股份權益中之權益。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2020, so far as was known to the Directors, none of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company had any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

除上文所披露外,就董事所知,於二零二零年 十二月三十一日,概無本公司董事及主要行政 人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券 及期貨條例第XV部)的任何股份、相關股份或 債權證內擁有須登記於本公司根據證券及期貨 條例第352條存置之登記冊或根據標準守則須 知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益及淡倉。

## SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2020, so far as was known to the Directors, the following substantial shareholders (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company, not being Directors or the chief executive of the Company, had interests in the shares as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO:

## 主要股東及其他人士於本公司股 份、相關股份及債權證之權益及淡 倉

就董事所知,於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 以下本公司主要股東(定義見上市規則)(並非 本公司董事或主要行政人員)於股份中擁有須 登記於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條存 置之登記冊之權益:

			Aggregate percentage of shareholding
Name	Capacity	Number of shares	。 (Note 1) 總股權百分比
姓名	身份	股份數目	(附註1)
Hehui	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	321,580,510	71.72%
Chen Hui (Note 2) 陳輝(附註2)	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益	35,740,071	7.97%
	eholding percentages are based on the number of 1 December 2020 of 448,363,708.	附註1:概約股權百分比乃基於 三十一日已發行股份44	
by Mr. Chen Hui on 2 the shares in 智眾開 CHINA DRAGON ASI/ and CHINA DRAGON	1 – Individual Substantial Shareholder Notice" filed 0 February 2018, Mr. Chen Hui controls 100% of 曼, which in turn controls 100% of the shares in A CHAMPION FUND SERIES SPC, and 智眾開曼 ASIA CHAMPION FUND SERIES SPC each holds 1 shares of the Company directly.	附註2: 誠如陳輝先生於二零- 「表格1-個人大股東通 生擁有智眾開曼100%; 則擁有CHINA DRAG( FUND SERIES SPC之1 眾開曼及CHINA DRAG( FUND SERIES SPC 各 35,740,071股股份。	自知」之披露,陳輝先 之股權,而智眾開曼 ON ASIA CHAMPION 00%股權,因此,智 ON ASIA CHAMPION
Save as disclosed above,	as at 31 December 2020, so far as was	除上文所披露外,就董事所	知,於二零二零年

known to the Directors, no other person (not being a Director or the chief executive of the Company) had any interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

除上文所披露外,就董事所知,於二零二零年 十二月三十一日,概無其他人士(並非本公司 董事或主要行政人員)於股份或相關股份中擁 有須登記於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336 條存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉。

## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN A COMPETING BUSINESS

Mr. Yuan Fuer, a non-executive Director of the Company, is the ultimate beneficial controlling shareholder of Shenzhen Hazens. Shenzhen Hazens is principally engaged in property development and property management services business and holds interests in several hotels which are located in the United States of America and managed by multinational hotel management groups through its subsidiaries. Given that the hotel business of Shenzhen Hazens and its subsidiaries is not conducted in the target markets of the Group or places where the Group has existing and ongoing business operations, and that the majority of the members of the Board are independent and not connected with the boards of Shenzhen Hazens and its subsidiaries, the Group is capable of and has been operating independently of, and at arm's length from the business of Shenzhen Hazens and its subsidiaries, no competition is considered to exist during the Year.

Save as disclosed in the above and the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management", for the year ended 31 December 2020 and up to the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any business or interest of the Directors, the management of the Company and their respective associates (as defined under the Listing Rules) that compete or may compete with the business of the Group and any other conflict of interest which any such person has or may have with the Group.

## **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS**

Save as disclosed in the sections headed "Connected Transactions" and "Continuing Connected Transactions" below and in Note 33 to the financial statements and those exempted from the reporting, annual review, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules, there was no

- transaction, arrangement or contract of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party in which any Director or any entity connected with any Director is or was materially interested, either directly or indirectly;
- (2) contract of significance between the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, and any of the Company's controlling shareholders or their subsidiaries; or
- (3) contract of significance for the provision of services to the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, by any of the Company's controlling shareholders or their subsidiaries

subsisting during or at the end of the financial year.

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## 董事於競爭業務之權益

袁富兒先生(本公司一位非執行董事)為深圳合 正之最終實益控股股東,深圳合正主要從事物 業開發及物業管理服務業務並透過其子公司於 美國擁有幾家由國際酒店管理集團所經營的酒 店的權益。由於深圳合正及其子公司的酒店管 理業務,並不在本集團現有或將有之業務的市 場範圍及地區進行,而且董事會大部分成員與 深圳合正及其子公司之董事會並無關連,關係 獨立,因此,本集團有能力及一直獨立於深圳 合正及其子公司經營,而且經營方式是按公平 交易原則進行的,於本年度不存在任何競爭。

除上述所提及及於「董事及高級管理層之履歷 詳情」披露外,截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度及直至本報告日期,董事概不知悉 董事、本公司管理層及彼等各自的聯繫人(定 義見上市規則)之任何業務或權益與本集團的 業務出現或可能出現競爭,亦不知悉任何該等 人士已經或可能與本集團出現任何其他利益衝 突。

## 董事於合約中的權益

除下文「關連交易」及「持續關連交易」兩節及財 務報表附註33披露者及獲豁免遵守上市規則項 下申報,年度審閱、公告及獨立股東批准規定 者外,概無

- (1) 本公司或其任何附屬公司為其中一方且 與本集團業務有關的重要交易、安排或 合約,任何董事或與任何董事有關連的 任何實體,(不論直接或間接)於其中擁 有重大權益的;
- (2) 本公司或其任何附屬公司與本公司任何 控股股東或彼等附屬公司之間的重要合約;或
- (3) 就本公司任何控股股東或彼等附屬公司 向本公司或其任何附屬公司提供服務的 重要合約

於財政年度期間或財政年度末仍然存續。

# ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the Year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisitions of shares or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporates.

## MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contract concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company which was not contract of service with Directors or persons engaged in the full-time employment of the Company was entered into or existed during the year under review.

## **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

The related party transactions set out in Note 33 (other than Note 33(c)) to the consolidated financial statements constituted connected transactions or continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The Company has complied with all applicable disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules in respect of such transactions.

On 16 November 2018, Current Controlling Shareholder, Hehui, has made available a credit facility up to amount of HK\$350,000,000 to the Company ("Current Controlling Shareholder's Credit Facility") on normal commercial terms or better to the Group. The borrowings drawn under the Current Controlling Shareholder's Credit Facility shall be repayable on the date as set out in the individual borrowing agreements and are interest-free and unsecured. The Company may request for drawdown at any time prior to 7 August 2022.

As at 31 December 2020, the Group has borrowings of approximately HK\$37,026,000 (2019: HK\$15,000,000) from the controlling Shareholder. The borrowings are repayable on demand, interest-free and unsecured.

## 購買股份或債權證的安排

本公司或其任何附屬公司於年內任何時間概無 訂立任何安排,以使董事可透過收購本公司或 任何其他法團之股份或債權證而獲益。

## 管理合約

於回顧年度內,本公司概無訂立或訂有任何有 關管理與經營本公司全部或任何重大部分業務 之合約(並非與本公司董事或全職受僱的人士 訂立的服務合約)。

## 關連交易

載列於綜合財務報表附註33(除附註33(c)外)的 關聯方交易構成本公司根據上市規則第14A章 的關連交易或持續關連交易。本公司就該等交 易已遵守根據上市規則第14A章所有適用的披 露要求。

於二零一八年十一月十六日,現任控股股東 Hehui向本公司提供金額最多為350,000,000 港元的信貸額度(「現任控股股東信貸額度」), 按一般商業條款或更有利於本集團的條款,根 據現任控股股東信貸額度所提取的借款按各借 款協議訂立還款日期還款並且是免息及無抵押 的,並可由本公司於二零二二年八月七日前隨 時要求提取。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團擁有 來自現任股東之借款約37,026,000港元(二零 一九年:15,000,000港元),該股東借款為按要 求隨時償還、免息及無抵押。



## **CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

During the year under review, the Group has conducted the following continuing connected transactions which were required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 14A.71 of the Listing Rules.

On 29 September 2020, the Company and Hazens Holdings Group (Shenzhen) Limited ("Hazens") entered into the Consultancy Framework Agreement pursuant to which the Group will provide accommodation consultancy services to Hazens in respect of feasibility of accommodation business at the locations proposed by Hazens and the design of accommodation places for a term commencing from 29 September 2020 to 31 December 2020 (both date inclusive).

The principal terms of the Consultancy Framework Agreement are set out below:

Date	:	29 September 2020 (after trading hours of the Stock Exchange)	日期	:	(
Parties	:	<ul><li>(i) The Company; and</li><li>(ii) Hazens</li></ul>	訂約方	:	( (
Term	:	The term commences from 29 September 2020 and ends on 31 December 2020 (both days inclusive)	期限	:	
Nature of transactions	:	Pursuant to the Consultancy Framework Agreement, the Group agreed to provide the following accommodation consultancy services to Hazens and its subsidiaries within the term above. The accommodation consultancy services will include, but not limited to: (i) seeking suitable location in relation to the accommodation business; (ii) performing market research of the location of accommodation business proposed by Hazens; (iii) providing advice on certain interior and external design for the accommodation business; (iv) advising on estimated renovation cost and analysis on the financial forecast of the accommodation business; (v) preparing operation manual and quality manuals with reference to ISO standards; and (vi) assisting Hazens in seeking	交易性質	:	ファイリー イス 日調サイ 調査 キャイ
		construction contractor for the accommodation business.			

## 持續關連交易

於回顧年度內,本集團訂立以下須就上市規則 第14A.71條下所披露的持續關連交易。

於二零二零年九月二十九日,本公司與合正控 股集團(深圳)有限公司(「合正」)訂立顧問服務 框架協議,據此,本集團將於合正提議的位置 就住宿項目的可行性及住宿項目的設計向合正 提供住宿顧問服務,自二零二零年九月二十九 日起至二零二零年十二月三十一日(包括首尾 兩日)。

顧問服務框架協議之主要條款載列如下:

- : 二零二零年九月二十九日 (聯交所交易時段後)
- : (i) 本公司;及 (ii) 合正
  - : 自二零二零年九月二十九
     日起至二零二零年十二月
     三十一日結束(包括首尾
     兩日)

: 根據顧問服務框架協議, 本集團同意在上述期限內 向合正及其附屬公司提供 以下住宿顧問服務。

> 住宿顧問服務包括但不限 於:(I)尋求開辦住宿項目 的適當位置:(II)為合正提 調查的開辦項目位置進行市 場調查內風格建議及外場設 計方案程的投資成本提設 計方案程的投資成本提供 預估及財務預測分析:(V) 參照ISO 9001標準的指 引準備經營程序及質量手 冊;及(vI)協助合正為住 宿項目尋找承建商施工。

Hazens should be responsible for applying the licenses (such as industry and commerce, taxation, fire safety measures, health, property ownership or rights of use, and related business licenses (such as hotel operating license), etc.) and relevant expenses. Hazens may also seek qualified construction teams to decorate the property of accommodation business according to the standard recommended by the Group.

The parties will enter into individual agreement for each transaction setting out specific terms of the services including, among others, scope of services, service fees, settlement method and payment arrangement. Such terms will be consistent with the terms of the Consultancy Framework Agreement.

**Pricing basis** 

Payment terms

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The basis of service fee were arrived after arm's length negotiations between the Group and Hazens after taking into consideration of the market conditions, the Group current pricing policy of the services and on normal commercial terms or on terms no less favourable to the Group than those offered to other customers of the Group who are Independent Third Parties for comparable services.

If there is no relevant market price or comparable services that the Group provide to Independent Third Parties, the service fees will be determined by the relevant costs and past performance of such consulting services of the Group and take reference to the market price of such comparable services.

Payment of service fees will be made according

to the payment terms of the individual agreement for each transaction between the

parties, which will be determined by arm's

length negotiations between the parties with reference to, among others, the amount of

service fees payable.

支付條款

定價基準

合正應負責自行辦理証 照(例如工商、税務、消 防、衛生、房產擁有或使 用權以及相關經營許可 (如酒店經營牌照)等)及 相關費用。合正亦可根據 本集團建議的標準尋找有 資質的施工隊裝修住宿項 目的物業。

訂約方將就每項交易訂立 個別協議,訂明服務的具 體條款,其中包括服務範 圍、服務費、結算方式及 付款安排等。該等條款將 與顧問服務框架協議的條 款一致。

: 服務費基準乃本集團與合 正經考慮市場狀況、本 集團現行服務定價政策以 及按一般商業條款或按不 遜於本集團向本集團其他 獨立第三方客戶提供可比 服務的條款公平磋商後釐 定。

倘本集團並無向獨立第三 方提供相關市場價格或可 比服務,則服務費將根據 本集團此類顧問服務的相 關成本及過往利潤水平並 參考該等可比服務的市場 利潤水平而釐定。

: 服務費的支付將根據訂約 方之間每筆交易的個別協 議之支付條款進行,這將 由訂約方之間公平磋商釐 定,並參考(其中包括)應 付的服務費金額。

#### Right of first refusal:

Since Hazens is a company controlled by Mr. Yuan Anru, a connected person of the Company and brother of the controlling shareholder of the Company, the accommodation business in relation to the Consultancy Framework Agreement, if conducted, might constitute competing business. To avoid any potential conflicts and unapproved competition with the Group, Hazens agreed if the accommodation business in relation to the Consultancy Framework Agreement will be conducted by Hazens or its associate (other than the Company and its subsidiaries) or other Independent Third Parties, Hazens shall notify the Group in written form.

The Group has the priority to obtain such business opportunities regarding the accommodation business and the Group must inform Hazens whether the Group will exercise the right of first refusal within 30 days after receiving the written notice.

The Group can only exercise the right of first refusal after obtaining all independent nonexecutive directors approval. If there is a conflict of interest or potential conflict of interest from the directors of the Group, the directors with conflicts of interest (if any) shall be excluded in all board meetings and its voting right regarding whether to exercise the right of first refusal.

#### 優先購買權

本集團優先獲得有關住宿 項目的商機,本集團須於 收到書面通知後30天內 通知合正本集團是否將行 使優先購買權。

本集團僅在獲得所有獨立 非執行董事的批准後方 可行使優先購買權。倘本 集團董事存在利益衝突或 潛在利益衝突,則在所有 董事會會議及其是否行使 優先購買權的表決權中, 應將存在利益衝突的董事 (如有)排除在外。



## Annual Cap and Basis of Annual Cap

The Company estimates the annual cap of HK\$8.8 million for the financial year ending 31 December 2020. The annual cap is calculated based on the estimated demand of relevant services by Hazens under the Consultancy Framework Agreement and the prevailing price of similar services provided by the Group to its Independent Third Party customers.

In order to determine the service fees for each transaction and to ensure that the service fees charged by the Group would not be less favourable than the service fees charged by the Independent Third Parties in the market for similar services, the Group will (i) make reference to the pricing of similar services with Independent Third Party customers; (ii) review historical transactions between Hazens and its Independent Third Party suppliers for similar services (if the Group could not obtain information in (i) for comparison); and (ii) obtain price quotations from its Independent Third Party suppliers and mark up with a reasonable profit margin (if the Group could not obtain information in (i) and (ii) for comparison).

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited ("HLB"), the Company's auditors, were engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. HLB has issued their unqualified letter to the Board containing their findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed above by the Group in accordance with the Listing Rules and confirming the matters as stated in Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditors' letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

The independent non-executive Directors have, for the purpose of Rule 14A.55 of the Listing Rules, reviewed and confirmed that the above continuing connected transactions undertaken by the Group were entered into (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group; (ii) either on normal commercial terms or better; and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing the transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

#### 年度上限及年度上限基準

本公司估計截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止 財政年度的年度上限為8,800,000港元。年度上 限乃由合正根據顧問服務框架協議估計相關服 務需求及本集團向其獨立第三方客戶提供類似 服務的現行價格計算得出。

為釐定每項交易的服務費並確保本集團收取的 服務費不會低於市場上獨立第三方收取的類似 服務的服務費,本集團將(i)參考與獨立第三方 客戶提供的類似服務的定價:(ii)審查合正與其 獨立第三方供應商之間就類似服務的過往交易 (倘本集團無法獲得(i)中的資料以作比較):(iii) 向其獨立第三方供應商處獲取報價,並以合理 的利潤率加價(倘本集團無法獲得(i)及(ii)中的資 料以作比較)。

本公司已聘用本公司核數師國衛會計師事務所 有限公司(「國衛」)按照香港會計師公會頒佈之 香港鑒證業務準則第3000號(經修訂)下之「非 審核或審閱過往財務資料之鑒證工作」規定, 或參照實務説明第740號「關於香港上市規則所 述持續關連交易之核數師函件」就本公司之持 續關連交易編製報告。國衛已就上述持續關連 交易發出並無保留意見的函件,而該函件載有 核數師對有關本集團所披露的持續關連交易的 發現及結論及按上市規則第14A.56條所需確認 之事項。本公司已將該函件提交給聯交所。

就上市規則第14A.55條而言,獨立非執行董事 已審閱並確認本集團所進行之上述持續關連交 易乃:(1)於本集團日常及一般業務範圍內進行; (ii)按一般商業條款或更佳之條款進行;及(iii)根 據規管該等交易之有關協議進行,其條款屬公 平合理,符合本公司股東之整體利益。

## SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company has a share option scheme ("Scheme") which was adopted pursuant to a resolution of the sole shareholder passed on 22 June 2011. The purpose of the Scheme is to attract, retain and motivate talented participants to strive for future developments and expansion of the Group. The Scheme shall be an incentive to encourage the participants to perform their best in achieving the goals of the Group and allow the participants to enjoy the results of the Company attained through their efforts and contributions.

The Board may, at its discretion, invite any director, full-time employee or part time employee with weekly working hours of 10 hours or above of the Group, any adviser or consultant (in the areas of legal, technical, financial or corporate managerial) to the Group, any provider of goods and/or services to the Group, any other person who, at the sole determination of the Board, has contributed to the Group, and any trustee of a trust whose beneficiaries or objects include any of the above persons to become participants of the Scheme.

The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme together with any options outstanding and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall not exceed 30% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue from time to time. In addition to the foregoing 30% limit, the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all share options to be granted under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the total number of the shares in issue as at the date of completion of the placing of the shares of the Company for the purpose of the listing on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange, i.e. 14 July 2011 i.e. 18,000,000 shares, unless otherwise approved by the shareholders of the Company at general meeting. As at the date of this annual report, the total number of shares available for issue under the Scheme is 9,100,000, representing approximately 2% of the total number of issued shares of the Company.

The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the share options granted to each participant under the Scheme (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding share options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the relevant class of securities of the Company in issue.

## 購股權計劃

本公司設有一項根據唯一股東於二零一一年六 月二十二日通過的決議案而採納之購股權計劃 (「該計劃」)。該計劃的目的是吸引、挽留及激 勵有能力的參與者,為本集團的未來發展及擴 展而奮鬥。該計劃可作為鼓勵參與者為達成本 集團的目標而作出其最佳表現之獎勵,讓參與 者分享本公司因其努力及貢獻而取得的成果。

董事會可酌情邀請本集團任何董事、全職僱 員或每星期工作時數為10小時或以上的兼職 僱員、本集團(就法律、技術、財務或企業管 理方面)任何諮詢人或顧問、本集團任何貨品 及/或服務供應商、董事會全權認為對本集團 有貢獻的任何其他人士以及其受益人或對象包 括上述任何人士的信託的任何信託人成為該計 劃的參與者。

該計劃可予授出的購股權,連同根據該計劃及 本公司任何其他購股權計劃的任何發行在外及 有待行使的購股權所涉及的股份數目,最高不 得超過本公司不時已發行股份總數的30%。除 上述30%限制外,除非本公司股東於股東大 會上另有批准,否則根據行使該計劃及本公司 任何其他購股權計劃項下將予授出的所有購股 權而可能發行的股份總數合計不得超過於本公 司就於聯交所創業板上市而配售股份完成日期 (即二零一一年七月十四日)(即18,000,000股) 的已發行股份總數10%。於本年報日期,根據 該計劃可供發行的股份總數為9,100,000股,佔 本公司已發行股份總數約2%。

該計劃項下各參與者於任何12個月期間內因 行使其獲授購股權(包括已行使、已註銷及尚 未行使的購股權)而已發行及將發行的股份總 數,不得超過本公司已發行相關類別證券的 1%。



An offer of share options under the Scheme shall be deemed to have been accepted by the grantee when the duplicate of the relevant offer letter comprising acceptance of the share options duly signed by the grantee, together with a remittance in favour of the Company of HK\$1.00 by way of consideration for the grant thereof, is received by the Company within 28 days from the date of the offer.

Share options granted under the Scheme may be exercised at any time during the option period after they have been granted by the Board but, in any event, not more than 10 years commencing on the date of grant. The share options granted shall lapse automatically (to the extent not already exercised) on the expiry of the option period.

The subscription price for shares under the Scheme, subject to any adjustments made pursuant to reorganisation of capital structure, shall be a price determined by the Board in its absolute discretion at the time of grant of the relevant share options and notified to the participant and shall be no less than the higher of (i) the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets on the date on which the relevant share options are granted; (ii) the average closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date on which the relevant share options are granted; and (iii) the nominal value of the shares of the Company.

The Scheme became effective on 22 June 2011 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from the adoption date, i.e. until 21 June 2021.

Further details about the principal terms of the Scheme are set out in the paragraph headed "Share Option Scheme" in Appendix V to the Company's prospectus dated 30 June 2011.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2020, the Company has not granted any share option under the Scheme. No share option under this Scheme remains outstanding as at 31 December 2020 (31 December 2019: Nil).

倘於提呈要約日期起計28日內,本公司接獲承 授人正式簽署有關接納購股權的相關要約函副 本,連同承授人向本公司匯款1.00港元作為獲 授購股權的代價,則該計劃項下購股權要約視 為已獲承授人接納。

該計劃項下授出的購股權可於董事會授予購股 權當日起計的購股權行使期內隨時行使,惟任 何情況下,自授出日期起計不得超過10年。當 購股權行使期屆滿時,尚未行使的已授出購股 權將自動失效及失去行使效力。

該計劃項下的股份認購價(可根據資本架構重 組作出任何調整)將由董事會於授出相關購股 權時按其絕對酌情權釐定,並知會參與者,而 價格不得低於下列各項的最高者:(1)於授出相 關購股權日期聯交所每日報價表所載的本公司 股份收市價:(i1)於緊接授出相關購股權日期前 五個營業日聯交所每日報價表所載的本公司股 份平均收市價;及(iii)本公司股份面值。

該計劃由二零一一年六月二十二日起生效,除 非取消或修訂,否則該計劃將由採納日期起十 年內有效(即直至二零二一年六月二十一日)。

有關該計劃的主要條款的進一步詳情載於本公 司日期為二零一一年六月三十日的招股章程附 錄五「購股權計劃」一段。

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止財政年 度,本公司並無根據計劃授出任何購股權。於 二零二零年十二月三十一日,該計劃項下概無 尚未行使之購股權(二零一九年十二月三十一 日:無)。

## **PENSION SCHEMES**

As of 31 December 2020, the Group had no forfeited contributions available to redeem its contributions to the pension scheme in future years (2019: Nil). The Group participates in a defined contribution retirement scheme organised by the government in the PRC and a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme. Particulars of these schemes are set out under "Employee benefits" in Note 4 of the consolidated financial statements.

## AUDITOR

The financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 were audited by ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited. The financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 were audited by HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited.

Zhonghui Anda CPA Limited has resigned as the auditor of the Company with effect from 29 June 2020. The Board, with the recommendation from the Audit Committee, has resolved to appoint HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited as the new auditor of the Company with effect from 29 June 2020 to fill the vacancy following the resignation of Zhonghui and to hold office until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company. Details of the change of auditor are set out in the Company's announcement dated 29 June 2020.

A resolution to re-appoint HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

## PUBLICATION OF INFORMATION ON WEBSITES

This annual report is available for viewing on the website of Stock Exchange at www.hkex.com.hk and on the website of the Company at www.legend-strategy.com.

By Order of the Board

**Yuan Fuer** Chairman

27 February 2021

## 退休計劃

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團概無 沒收可供未來數年贖回的退休計劃供款(二零 一九年:無)。本集團參與一項由中國政府安 排之定額供款退休計劃及強制性公積金計劃。 該等計劃的詳情載列於綜合財務報表附註4「僱 員福利」。

## 核數師

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度之財務 報表由中滙安達會計師事務所有限公司審核。 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度之財務 報表由國衛會計師事務所有限公司審核。

中滙安達會計師事務所有限公司已辭任本公司 核數師一職,自二零二零年六月二十九日起生 效。根據審核委員會的建議,董事會已議決委 聘國衛會計師事務所有限公司作為本公司新任 核數師,自二零二零年六月二十九日起生效, 以填補中匯辭任後的空缺,任期直至本公司下 屆股東週年大會結束為止。核數師變動詳情載 於本公司日期為二零二零年六月二十九日的公 告。

將於應屆股東週年大會上提呈一項決議案,續 聘國衛會計師事務所有限公司為本公司核數 師。

## 於網站刊發資料

本年報可於聯交所網站www.hkex.com.hk及本公司網站www.legend-strategy.com瀏覽。

承董事會命

**袁富兒** *主席* 

二零二一年二月二十七日



31/F, Gloucester Tower The Landmark 11 Pedder Street Central Hong Kong

> 香港 中環 畢打街11號 置地廣場 告羅士打大廈31樓

### TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF LEGEND STRATEGY INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS GROUP COMPANY LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

## **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Legend Strategy International Holdings Group Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 86 to 191, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### 致朸濬國際集團控股有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

## 意見

我們已審核載於第86頁至191頁的朸濬國際集 團控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統 稱為「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務 報表包括於二零二零年十二月三十一日的綜合 財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其 他全面收入表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流 量表以及綜合財務報表附註(包括主要會計政 策概要)。

我們認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公 會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告 準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實及公平地提 供 貴集團於二零二零年十二月三十一日之綜 合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表 現及綜合現金流量,並已根據香港《公司條例》 之披露規定妥為編製。

## **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# MATERIAL UNCERTAINTY RELATED TO GOING CONCERN

We draw attention to note 2 to the consolidated financial statements which indicates that the Group incurred a net loss of approximately HK\$2,461,000 for the year ended 31 December 2020 and, as of that date, the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$57,137,000. As stated in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

## **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significant in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in *Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern* section above, we have determined the matters described below to be key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

## 意見基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港核數準則(「香港核數準則」)進行審核。在這些準則下,我們的責任會在我們報告中*核數師就審核 綜合財務報表須承擔的責任*一節中進一步闡 述。根據香港會計師公會之職業會計師道德守 則(「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已遵循 守則履行其他道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲 得的審核憑證可充足和適當地為我們的意見提 供基礎。

### 與持續經營相關的重大不明朗因素

我們注意到綜合財務報表附註2,當中表 示 貴集團於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度錄得淨虧損約2,461,000港元及截至該 日 貴集團的淨流動負債約為57,137,000港 元。誠如綜合財務報表附註2所述,該等事件 或狀況連同綜合財務報表附註2所載的其他事 項顯示存在可能令 貴集團能否持續經營嚴重 成疑之重大不明朗因素。我們就此事宜發表無 保留意見。

## 關鍵審核事項

根據我們的專業判斷,關鍵審核事項為我們審 核本期間綜合財務報表中最重要的事項。我們 在審核整體綜合財務報表和就此形成意見時處 理此等事項,而不會就此等事項單獨發表意 見。除上文「與持續經營有關的重大不明朗因 素/一節所述的事宜外,我們已釐定下述事宜 為將於我們的報告內傳達之關鍵審核事項。

**Key audit matters** 關鍵審核事項

#### Impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment ("PPE"), goodwill and right-of-use assets ("ROU assets")

Refer to notes 17, 19 and 20 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

The Group had interests in various hotels in the People Republic of China (the "PRC"). The carrying amounts of PPE, goodwill and ROU assets were approximately of HK\$36,332,000, HK\$2,003,000 and HK\$163,180,000 respectively as at 31 December 2020. Given the adverse impact brought by COVID-19 pandemic, there is a risk that the carrying amounts of PPE, goodwill and ROU assets are higher than their recoverable amounts.

Management considers each hotel to be a separate cash-generating unit ("CGU") and performs impairment assessments, where impairment indicators exist, to determine the recoverable amount of the hotels' PPE, goodwill and ROU assets. The recoverable amount is determined as the CGU's value-in-use, which involves estimation of future business performance and key assumptions including discount rates, occupancy rates, average room rates, etc.. Based on the impairment assessments carried out by management, no impairment loss were recognised in respect of PPE, goodwill and ROU assets during the year ended 31 December 2020.

We focused on this area as the impairment assessments and determination of recoverable amounts involve significant management's judgments and estimations.

貴集團於中華人民共和國(「中國」)擁有多家酒店的權益。於 二零二零年十二月三十一日,物業、廠房及設備、商譽及 使用權資產的賬面值分別約為36,332,000港元、2,003,000 港元和163,180,000港元。鑒於COVID-19疫情帶來的不利影 響,物業、廠房及設備、商譽及使用權資產的賬面值可能高 於其可收回金額。

管理層將每家酒店視為現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」),並 在出現減值跡象時進行減值評估,以判斷酒店物業、廠房及 設備、商譽及使用權資產的可回收數額。可回收數額為該現 金產生單位的使用價值,其中涉及估算未來績效及重要假 設,包括貼現率、入住率、平均房價等。根據管理層進行的 減值評估,截至二零年十二月三十一日止年度,概無就 物業、廠房及設備、商譽及使用權資產確認減值虧損。

我們專注於這方面,原因是減值評估及可回收數額的釐定涉 及管理層的重大判斷及估計。 How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審核事項

物業、廠房及設備(「物業、廠房及設備」)、商譽以及使用權 資產(「使用權資產」)減值估計

請分別見綜合財務報表附註17、19及20。

Our audit procedures in relation to management's impairment assessments including, but not limited to the followings:

- Evaluating management's future cash flow forecasts and the process by which they were prepared for each CGU, including testing the mathematical accuracy of the underlying calculations and compared the future cash flow forecasts to the latest approved budgets and actual results of the prior period;
- Assessing the appropriateness of methodologies used by management with the support of the external valuers;
- Assessing the key assumptions including occupancy rates and average room rates applied in the forecasts by comparing them to historical results, economic and industry forecasts;
- Assessing external professional valuers' competence, capabilities and objectivity, and reading the valuation reports prepared by the external valuers; and
- Checking, on a sample basis, the accuracy and relevance of the input data used by the external valuers.

Based on our audit procedures performed, we found the assessments of the recoverability of the carrying amounts of PPE, goodwill and ROU assets were supported by the evidence we obtained.

我們有關管理層減值評估的審核程序包括但不限於以下各項:

- 評估管理層的未來現金流量預測及其編製各個現金產 生單位預測的過程,包括測試相關計算方法的數學準 確度,及比對未來現金流量預測及最新核准預算及上 期實際業績;
- 在外部估值師的支持下評估管理層所採用方法的適當 性;
- 評估預測過程中所使用的入住率及平均房價等關鍵假設,方法是將其與過往業績、經濟及行業預測進行比較
- 評估外聘專業估值師是否勝任、具有能力及客觀,並 閱讀外部估值師所編製之估值報告;及
- 抽樣檢查外部估值師所用之輸入數據的準確性及適當 性。

基於我們已執行的審核程序,我們發現對虧損酒店的物業、 廠房及設備、商譽及使用權資產賬面值的可回收程度評估獲 所得憑證支持。

## **OTHER MATTER**

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019 were audited by another auditors who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on 14 February 2020.

## **OTHER INFORMATION**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

## 其他事宜

貴集團截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 綜合財務報表經其他核數師審核,該核數師於 二零二零年二月十四日對該等財務報表發表無 保留意見。

## 其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料承擔責任。其他資料 包括年報中所包含的資料,但不包括綜合財務 報表及我們就此發出的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表作出的意見並未考慮其他 資料。我們不對其他資料發表任何形式的核證 結論。

就審核綜合財務報表而言,我們的責任是閱讀 其他資料,從而考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務 報表或我們在審核過程中獲悉的資料存在重大 不符,或似乎存在重大錯誤陳述。基於我們已 執行的工作,如果我們認為其他資料存在重大 錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。在這方面, 我們沒有任何報告。

## 董事及審核委員會就綜合財務報表 須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的 香港財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》的披露規 定編製綜合財務報表,以令綜合財務報表作出 真實而公平的反映,及落實其認為編製綜合財 務報表所必要的內部控制,以使綜合財務報表 不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳 述。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事須負責評估 貴 集團持續經營的能力,並披露與持續經營有關 的事項(如適用)。除非董事有意將 貴集團清 盤或停止營運,或除此之外並無其他實際可行 的辦法,否則董事須採用以持續經營為基礎的 會計法。

審核委員會須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過 程。



## AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

## 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔 的責任

我們的目標是對整體綜合財務報表是否不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合 理保證,並根據我們協定的委聘條款僅向 閣 下出具包括我們意見的核數師報告,除此之外 本報告別無其他目的。我們概不就本報告的內 容對其他任何人士負責或承擔責任。合理確定 屬高層次的核證,但不能擔保根據香港核數準 則進行的審核工作總能發現所有存在的重大錯 誤陳述。重大錯誤陳述可源於欺詐或錯誤,倘 個別或整體在合理預期情況下可影響使用者根 據綜合財務報表作出的經濟決定時,被視為重 大錯誤陳述。

作為根據香港審計準則進行審核其中一部分, 我們在整個審核期間運用專業判斷並保持專業 懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設 計及執行審計程序以應對該等風險,以 及獲取充足及適當的審核憑證,作為我 們意見之基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串 謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌 駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺 詐而導致出現重大錯誤陳述的風險高於 未能發現因錯誤而導致出現重大錯誤陳 述的風險。
- 了解與審核相關之內部控制,以設計在 有關情況下屬適當之審核程序,但目的 並非對 貴集團內部控制之有效性發表 意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策之適當性及作 出會計估計及相關披露之合理性。

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎之適當性 作出結論,並根據所獲取的審核憑證, 確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大 不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的 持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。倘我們認 為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數 師報告中提請注意綜合財務報表中之相 關披露,或倘有關之披露不足,則修訂 我們之意見。我們之結論乃基於直至核 數師報告日期止所取得之審核憑證。然 而,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團 不能持續經營業務。
- 評估綜合財務報表之整體列報方式、結構及內容(包括披露)以及綜合財務報表 是否公平反映相關交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團內各實體或業務活動之財務 資料獲取充足適當之審核憑證,以就綜 合財務報表發表意見。我們負責指導、 監督及執行 貴集團之審核工作。我們 須為我們之審計意見承擔全部責任。

我們與審核委員會就(其中包括)審核之計劃範 圍及時間以及重大審核發現,包括我們在審核 中識別出內部監控之任何重大不足之處溝通。

我們亦向審核委員會提交聲明,表明我們已符 合有關獨立性之相關道德要求,並與彼等溝通 可能合理被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係 及其他事項以及在適用的情況下,消除威脅之 行動或採取之防範措施。



From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement director on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Yu Chi Fat.

從與審核委員會溝通之事項中,我們確定該等 對本期間綜合財務報表之審核最為重要的事 項,因而構成關鍵審核事項。我們在核數師報 告中闡釋該等事項,除非法律或法規不允許公 開披露此等事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,合 理預期倘於我們之報告中溝通某事項而造成的 負面後果將會超過產生的公眾利益,則我們決 定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告之審核項目董事為余智 發。

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited Certified Public Accountants

Yu Chi Fat Practising Certificate Number: P05467

Hong Kong, 27 February 2021

國衛會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師

**余智發** 執業證書編號:P05467

香港,二零二一年二月二十七日

# Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收入表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Revenue</b> Depreciation of right-of-use assets Depreciation of property, plant and	<b>收益</b> 使用權資產折舊 物業、廠房及設備折舊	8	50,678 (17,752)	45,585 (14,474)
equipment Employee benefit expenses Utilities Other operating expenses Other income	術業、 MK K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K	9 11	(3,069) (14,506) (1,705) (11,333) 3,336	(3,998) (16,918) (2,400) (15,258) 2,969
<b>Operating profit (loss)</b> Finance costs	<b>營運溢利(虧損)</b> 融資成本	12	5,649 (5,505)	(4,494) (3,626)
Profit (loss) before tax Income tax expense	<b>除税前溢利(虧損)</b> 所得税開支	13	144 (2,605)	(8,120) (7,002)
Loss for the year	年內虧損	14	(2,461)	(15,122)
Other comprehensive income (loss): Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss: Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	<b>其他全面收入(虧損):</b> <i>其後可能重新分類至損益之項 目:</i> 換算海外業務產生之匯兑差額		889	(612)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年內全面虧損總額		(1,572)	(15,734)
Profit (loss) for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	<b>以下人士應佔年內溢利 (虧損):</b> 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		2,063 (4,524)	(14,970) (152)
			(2,461)	(15,122)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	<b>以下人士應佔年內全面收入 (虧損)總額:</b> 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		3,224 (4,796)	(15,586) (148)
			(1,572)	(15,734)
Earnings (loss) per share – Basic (Hong Kong cents) – Diluted (Hong Kong cents)	<b>每股盈利(虧損)</b> -基本(港仙) -攤薄(港仙)	16	0.46 0.46	(3.34) (3.34)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附附註構成綜合財務報表不可或缺的一部 分。

# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2020 於二零二零年十二月三十一日

			<b>2020</b> 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
		Notes 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	17	36,332	11,138
Rental deposits	租賃按金	18	2,720	2,921
Goodwill	商譽	19	2,003	1,879
Prepayments	預付款項	18	104	145
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	20	163,180	39,891
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	21	2,690	1,937
			207,029	57,911
Current assets	流動資產			
Rental deposits	租賃按金	18	2,722	392
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及	10	_,	002
other receivables	其他應收款項	18	1,150	977
Trade receivables	應收賬款	22	548	611
Inventories	存貨	23	110	144
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘	20	19,969	11,201
				,
			24,499	13,325
Total assets	總資產		231,528	71,236
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	<i>加到員員</i> 應付賬款及其他應付款項	24	12,238	4,104
Tax payable	應付税項	24	2,214	2,755
Provision for asset retirement	報廢資產復原撥備	OF	2,214	2,755
	和發員產後尿酸桶 租賃負債	25 26	- 30,158	
Lease liabilities				13,521
Borrowings	借款	27	37,026	15,000
			81,636	35,852
Net current liabilities	淨流動負債		(57,137)	(22,527)
	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		(01,101)	(22,021)
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		149,892	35,384

## Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2020 於二零二零年十二月三十一日

			<b>2020</b> 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Provision for asset retirement	報廢資產復原撥備	25	444	397
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	26	147,394	31,361
			147,838	31,758
Net assets	資產淨值		2,054	3,626
EQUITY	權益			
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備	00	4 404	4 40 4
Share capital	股本	28	4,484	4,484
Reserves	儲備		2,589	(635)
	木〇三焼ちし産仕博光			
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益		7,073	3,849
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(5,019)	(223)
				()
Total equity	權益總額		2,054	3,626

The consolidated financial statements on pages 86 to 191 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 27 February 2021 and are signed on its behalf by: 於第86頁至第191頁的綜合財務報表已於 二零二一年二月二十七日獲董事會批准及授權 刊發並由以下人士代表簽署:

Yuan Fuer 袁富兒 Director 董事 Chung Tin Yan 鍾天昕 Director 董事

隨附附註構成綜合財務報表不可或缺的一部 分。

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

					<b>to owners of the</b> 公司擁有人應佔	Company				
		Share capital 股本	Share premium 股份溢價 Note (i)	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 Note (ii)	Statutory reserve 法定儲備 Note (iii)	Shareholders' contributions 股東注資 Note (iv)	Accumulated losses 累計虧損	Sub-total 小計	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益	Total 總計
		HK\$'000 千港元	附註() HK\$'000 千港元	附註(ii) HK\$'000 千港元	附註(iii) HK\$'000 千港元	附註(iv) HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年 一月一日	4,484	261,578	656	1,743	9,112	(258,138)	19,435	(75)	19,360
Loss for the year Other comprehensive (loss)	年內虧損 其他全面(虧損)	-	-	-	-	-	(14,970)	(14,970)	(152)	(15,122)
income	收入	-	-	(616)	-	-	-	(616)	4	(612)
At 31 December 2019 and at 1 January 2020	十二月三十一日 及於二零二零年									
	一月一日	4,484	261,578	40	1,743	9,112	(273,108)	3,849	(223)	3,626
Profit (loss) for the year Other comprehensive incom	年內溢利(虧損) 20 甘州仝面收入(虧	-	-	-	-	-	2,063	2,063	(4,524)	(2,461)
	損)	-	-	1,161	-	-	-	1,161	(272)	889
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	4,484	261,578	1,201	1,743	9,112	(271,045)	7,073	(5,019)	2,054
Notes:						附註	:			
(i) Share pre	mium					(i)	股份溢價			
premium a the Comp dividend is	e Companies I account of the pany provided s proposed to debts as they	e Company ar that immedia be distributed	e distributat ately followir I, the Compa	ble to the sh ng the date o any will be in	areholders on which t a position	of he	可分派予本公	公司股東・惟	なつ司股份溢 主緊隨建議派 賞於一般業務	付股息日
(ii) Exchange	reserve					(ii)	匯兑儲備			
from the t reserve is	ange reserve translation of dealt with in the consolidate	the financial s accordance w	tatements of vith the acco	of foreign op	erations. T	he	匯兑儲備由推 外匯差額構成 註4所載的會	<b>戈。該儲備</b> フ		
(iii) Statutory	reserve					(iii)	法定儲備			
profit afte	tory reserve, v r taxation of t regulations in t	he Group's P					法定儲備為 <sup>2</sup> 根據中國適 撥。		日本集團中國 規於除税後》	
(iv) Sharehold	lers' contributi	ons				(iv)	股東注資			
The share	eholders' cont	tribution repre	esent waiver	of interest	expenses	on	股東的注資排	旨豁免股東借	請款的利息開き	支。

borrowings from shareholders.

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

		<b>2020</b> 二零二零年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash flows from operating activities	經營活動產生的現金流量		
Profit (loss) before tax	除税前溢利(虧損)	144	(8,120)
Adjustments for:	經調整:		
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	(34)	(227)
Reversal of provision for asset retirement	報廢資產復原撥備撥回	(103)	(1,378)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	3,069	3,998
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	17,752	14,474
Finance cost on provision for asset retirement	報廢資產復原撥備的融資成本	23	74
Gain on early repayment of borrowings	提前償還借款之收益	-	(1,046)
Interest on borrowings from the Former Controlling	g 前控股股東借款的利息		
Shareholder		-	1,091
Impairment loss recognised in respect of property	, 確認物業、廠房及設備減值虧損		
plant and equipment		-	435
Impairment loss recognised in respect of right-of-	使用權資產確認的減值虧損		
use assets		-	1,404
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	5,482	2,461
COVID-19-related rent concessions	COVID-19相關的租金減免	(1,219)	, _
Operating profit before working capital changes	營運資金變動前的經營溢利	25,114	13,166
Change in trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款項的變動	(9)	1,133
Change in rental deposits	租賃按金的變動	(1,971)	(204)
Change in inventories	存貨的變動	41	65
Change in investments at fair value through	按公平值計入損益之投資的變動		
profit or loss		-	5,923
Change in trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款項的變動	1,134	(2,921)
Change in provision for asset retirement	報廢資產復原撥備變動	(377)	
Cash generated from operations	經營所得現金	23,932	17,162
Income tax paid	已付所得税	(3,893)	(3,611)
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動所得的現金淨額	20,039	13,551

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動產生的現金流量		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment Interest received	購買物業、廠房及設備 已收利息	(26,309) 34	(6,591) 227
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用的現金淨額	(26,275)	(6,364)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動產生的現金流量		
Proceeds from borrowings Amounts due to non-controlling interests Repayment of lease liabilities Lease interest paid Repayment of borrowings	借款所得款項 應付非控股權益款項 償還租賃負債 已付租賃利息 償還借款	21,260 6,884 (7,307) (5,482) –	5,000 - (13,635) (2,461) (11,906)
Net cash generated from (used in) financing activities	融資活動所得(所用)的現金淨額	15,355	(23,002)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物增加(減少) 淨額	9,119	(15,815)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	年初的現金及現金等價物	11,201	27,650
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外匯匯率變動的影響	(351)	(634)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	年終的現金及現金等價物	19,969	11,201

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

## **1 GENERAL INFORMATION**

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability. The address of its registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. The address of its principal place of business is Suite 1702, 17/F., World-Wide House, No. 19 Des Voeux Road Central, Central, Hong Kong. The Company's shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

Its parent is Hehui International Development Limited (the "Controlling Shareholder"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, and is beneficially owned as to 100% by Mr. Yuan Fuer ("Mr. Yuan"), who is also the non-executive director of the Company.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") are principally engaged in the accommodation operations and provision of accommodation consultations and accommodation facilities management services and other related businesses in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") which is same as the functional currency of the Company. The consolidated financial statements are presented in the nearest thousand (HK\$'000) unless otherwise stated.

### 1. 一般資料

本公司於開曼群島註冊成立為有限公司。註冊辦事處地址為Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands。主 要營業地點地址為香港中環德輔道中19 號環球大廈17樓1702室。本公司股份於 香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主 板上市。

其母公司為Hehui International Development Limited(「控股股東」)。該公司於英屬處女 群島註冊成立,並由袁富兒先生(「袁先 生」)實益擁有100%權益,彼亦為本公司 的非執行董事。

本公司為一間投資控股公司。本公司及 其附屬公司(統稱為「本集團」)主要於中 華人民共和國(「中國」)從事住宿營運及 提供住宿諮詢及住宿設施管理服務等相 關業務。

綜合財務報表以港元(「港元」)呈列,港 元亦為本公司的功能貨幣。除另有説明 者外,綜合財務報表湊整至最接近千位 (千港元)。



For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

## 2. GOING CONCERN

The Group incurred a net loss of approximately HK\$2,461,000 (2019: HK\$15,122,000) for the year ended 31 December 2020 and, as of that date, the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$57,137,000 (2019: HK\$22,527,000). These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the Group may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which depends upon the financial support of the Controlling Shareholder and the beneficial owner, at a level sufficient to finance the working capital requirements of the Group and the Controlling Shareholder has undertaken not to demand repayment for the borrowings due by the Group of approximately HK\$37,026,000, until the Company can meet all the other obligations. The Controlling Shareholder has agreed to provide adequate funds for the Group to meet its liabilities as they fall due, of which the beneficial owner has agreed to undertake the amount. As at 31 December 2020, the Group had unused credit facility of approximately HK\$312,974,000 granted by the Controlling Shareholder is available for use.

Further, the outbreak of COVID-19 has brought additional uncertainties to the Group's operations. In order to improve the Group's operating performance and alleviate its liquidity risk, management is implementing measures to broaden its revenue base, control costs and contain capital expenditures. Further investments in accommodation operations and provision of accommodation consultations and accommodation facilities management services will be made only when the Group has sufficient financial resources after meeting its day-to-day working capital and other capital commitment requirements.

The directors of the Company are therefore of the opinion that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis. Should the Group be unable to continue as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to the consolidated financial statements to adjust the value of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and liabilities as current assets and liabilities, respectively.

## 2. 持續經營

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團錄得淨虧損約2,461,000 港元(二零一九年:15,122,000港元) 及截至該日,本集團的淨流動負債 為約57,137,000港元(二零一九年: 22,527,000港元)。該情況説明存在重大 不確定因素可能對本集團繼續經營的能 力造成重大懷疑。因此,本集團未必能 於正常營運中體現其資產及履行其負債。

該等綜合財務報表已按持續經營基準編 製,其有效性取決於控股股東及實益擁 有人的財務支持,其金額足以滿足本 集團的營運資金需求,而控股股東已 承諾不要求償還本集團結欠的借款約 37,026,000港元直到本公司能夠履行 所有其他負債為止。控股股東已同意為 有其中實益擁有人已同意承擔該筆 項。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本 集團擁有控股股東所授出未動用信貸融 資額度約312,974,000港元可供使用。

此外,COVID-19疫情給本集團業務帶來 不確定性。為改善本集團的經營表現及 降低其流動資金風險,管理層現正實施 措施以擴闊其收益基礎、控制成本及限 制資本開支。僅當本集團於在滿足日常 營運資金及其他資本承擔需求後仍擁有 足夠的財務資源時,方會進一步投資住 宿營運以及提供住宿諮詢及住宿設施管 理服務業務。

因此,本公司董事認為按持續經營基準 編製綜合財務報表乃屬恰當。倘本集團 無法持續經營,則必須對綜合財務報表 作出調整,以將本集團資產的價值調整 至可收回金額,以撥備可能出現的任何 額外負債並分別將非流動資產和負債重 新分類為流動資產和負債。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 2. GOING CONCERN (Continued)

The directors of the Company have reviewed the Group's cash flow projections. The cash flow projections cover a period of not less than twelve months from 31 December 2020. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, based on these cash flow projections and in light of the above, the Group will have sufficient financial resources in the coming twelve months to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due. Accordingly, the directors of the Company are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

## 3. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

# Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in HKFRS Standards and the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") for the first time, which are mandatory effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2020 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8	Definition of Material
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Definition of a Business
Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform

In addition, the Group has early applied the Amendment to HKFRS 16 COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions.

Except as described below, the application of the Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in HKFRS Standards and the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

## 2. 持續經營(續)

本公司董事已審閲本集團的現金流量預 測。該等現金流量預測涵蓋自二零二零 年十二月三十一日起計不少於十二個月 的期間。本公司董事認為,根據該等現 金流量預測以及鑑於上文所述,本集團 將具備足夠的財務資源,可履行未來 十二個月到期應付的財務責任。因此, 本公司董事信納,按持續經營基準編製 綜合財務報表乃屬恰當。

## 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)修訂本

#### 於本年度強制生效的香港財務報告準 則修訂本

於本年度,本集團於編製綜合財務報表 時已首次應用由香港會計師公會(「香港 會計師公會」)頒佈的*香港財務報告準則 中對概念框架的提述修訂本*及以下香港 財務報告準則之修訂本,該等修訂本於 二零二零年一月一日或之後開始的年度 期間強制生效:

谷浴曾訂準則弟1號及	里人之疋我
香港會計準則第8號	
修訂本	
香港財務報告準則第3	業務之定義
號修訂本	
香港財務報告準則第9	利率基準改革
號、香港會計準則	
第39號及香港財務	
報告準則第7號	
修訂本	

千进本计准则体,略又 千上之中关

此外,本集團已提早採納香港財務報告 準則第16號修訂本COVID-19相關租金優 惠。

除下文所述情形外,於本年度採納香港 財務報告準則中對概念框架的提述修訂 本及香港財務報告準則修訂本對本集團 於本期間及過往年度之財務狀況及表現 及/或對該等綜合財務報表所載之披露 事宜並無重大影響。

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## 3. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

# Impacts on early application of Amendment to HKFRS 16 COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions

The Group has applied the amendment for the first time in the current year. The amendment introduces a new practical expedient for lessees to elect not to assess whether a COVID-19-related rent concession is a lease modification. The practical expedient only applies to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 that meets all of the following conditions:

- the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021; and
- there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

A lessee applying the practical expedient accounts for changes in lease payments resulting from rent concessions the same way it would account for the changes applying HKFRS 16 *Leases* if the changes were not a lease modification. Forgiveness or waiver of lease payments are accounted for as variable lease payments. The related lease liabilities are adjusted to reflect the amounts forgiven or waived with a corresponding adjustment recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which the event occurs.

The application of the amendment had no impact to the opening accumulated losses at 1 January 2020. The Group has benefited from one month waiver of lease payments on several leases in the PRC. The Group has derecognised the part of lease liability that has been extinguished by the forgiveness of lease payments using the discount rates originally applied to these leases respectively, resulting in a decrease in the lease liabilities of approximately HK\$1,219,000, which has been recognised as lease concession in "other income" for the year ended 31 December 2020.

3. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)修訂本(續)

### 提早採納香港財務報告準則第16號修 訂本*COVID-19相關租金優惠之影響*

本集團於本年度首次應用該修訂。該修 訂為承租人引進新的可行權宜方法使其 可選擇不評估COVID-19相關租金優惠是 否為一項租賃修訂。該可行權宜方法僅 適用於滿足以下所有條件由COVID-19直 接產生的租金優惠:

- 租賃付款變動導致的經修訂租賃代 價與緊接變動前的租賃代價大致相
   同或少於緊接變動前的租賃代價;
- 租賃付款的任何減幅僅影響原到期
   日為二零二一年六月三十日或之前
   的付款;及
- 租賃的其他條款及條件並無實質變動。

承租人採用實際權宜法將因租金優惠引 起的租賃付款變動入賬時,倘有關變動 並非租賃修改,則其會使用相同方式將 採納香港財務報告準則第16號租賃的變 動入賬。租賃付款之寬免或豁免入賬列 作可變租賃付款。相關租賃負債經調整 以反映獲寬免或豁免的金額,並於有關 事件發生期間於損益確認相應調整。

應用該修訂本對於二零二零年一月一日 的期初保留累計虧損並無影響。本集團 受惠於中國若干租賃的一個月租賃款項 獲得豁免。本集團已終止確認因豁免租 賃款項(分別採用該等租賃最初適用的貼 現率)而消除的部分租賃負債,導致租賃 負債減少約1,219,000港元,並已於截至 二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的「其 他收入」確認為租賃優惠。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

## 3. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

# New and amendments to HKFRSs in issued but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 17	7 Insurance Contracts and the related Amendments <sup>1</sup>		保險合約及相關修訂本1
Amendments to HKFRS 3			概念框架的提述 <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2 <sup>4</sup>	第3號之修訂本 香港財務報告準則 第9號、香港會 計準則第39號、 香港財務報告準 則第7號、香港 財務報告準則 第4號及香港財 務報告準則 第16號之修訂本	利率基準變革-第二 階段4
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture <sup>3</sup>	香港財務報告準則 第10號及香港會 計準則第28號之 修訂本	投資者與其聯營公司或合 營企業之間的資產銷 售或貢獻 <sup>3</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) <sup>1</sup>	香港會計準則 第1號之修訂本	將負債分類為流動或非流 動以及香港詮釋第5號 (二零二零年)之有關 修訂1
Amendments to HKAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before Intended Use <sup>2</sup>	香港會計準則 第16號之修訂本	物業、廠房及設備一擬定 用途前所得款項 <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract <sup>2</sup>	香港會計準則 第37號之修訂本	繁重合約-履行合約的成 本 <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018–2020 <sup>2</sup>	香港財務報告準則 之修訂本	香港財務報告準則二零 一八年至二零二零年 週期之年度改進 <sup>2</sup>
<sup>1</sup> Effective for annual period	ds beginning on or after 1 January 2023.	1 自二零二三年 期間生效。	一月一日或之後開始年度
<sup>2</sup> Effective for annual period	ds beginning on or after 1 January 2022.	<sup>2</sup> 自二零二二年 期間生效。	一月一日或之後開始年度
<sup>3</sup> Effective for annual pe determined.	riods beginning on or after a date to be	<sup>3</sup> 於將予釐定的 生效。	日期或之後開始年度期間
<sup>4</sup> Effective for annual period	ds beginning on or after 1 January 2021.	4 自二零二一年 期間生效。	—月一日或之後開始年度
directors of the Company a new and amendments to H	ts to HKFRSs mentioned below, the nticipate that the application of all other KFRSs will have no material impact on structure in the former shaded for the structure in the former shaded by the fo	外,本公司董事·	財務報告準則修訂本 預期應用所有香港財務 及修訂本於可見將來不

3. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)修訂本(續)

#### 已頒佈但未生效的香港財務報告準則 之新訂及修訂本

本集團並無提早應用下列已頒佈但尚未 生效的香港財務報告準則之新訂及修訂 本:

會對綜合財務報表造成重大影響。

the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

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## 3. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

#### Amendments to HKAS 1 *Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020)*

The amendments provide clarification and additional guidance on the assessment of right to defer settlement for at least twelve months from reporting date for classification of liabilities as current or non-current, which:

- specify that the classification of liabilities as current and noncurrent should be based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period. Specifically, the amendments clarify that:
  - the classification should not be affected by management intentions or expectations to settle the liability within 12 months; and
  - (ii) if the right is conditional on the compliance with covenants, the right exists if the conditions are met at the end of the reporting period, even if the lender does not test compliance until a later date; and
- clarify that if a liability has terms that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the transfer of the entity's own equity instruments, these terms do not affect its classification as current or non-current only if the entity recognises the option separately as an equity instrument applying HKAS 32 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*.

In addition, Hong Kong Interpretation 5 was revised as a consequence of the Amendments to HKAS 1 to align the corresponding wordings with no change in conclusion.

The application of amendments will not result in any reclassification of the Group's outstanding liabilities as at 31 December 2020. 3. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)修訂本(續)

### 香港會計準則第1號之修訂本將負債 分類為流動或非流動以及香港詮釋第 5號(二零二零年)之有關修訂

該等修訂本為評估將結清負債期限延遲 至自報告日期起至少十二個月的權利提 供澄清及額外指引,以將負債分類為流 動或非流動,當中包括:

- 訂明負債應基於報告期未存在之權 利而分類為流動或非流動。具體而 言,有關修訂本澄清:
  - (i) 該分類不受管理層於十二個 月內結清負債的意圖或預期 所影響;及
  - (ii) 澄清倘若該權利以遵守契諾 為條件,即使貸款人於較後 日期方才測試是否符合條 件,該權利於報告期末符合 條件的情況下存在;及
- 澄清倘若負債具有若干條款,可由 對手方選擇透過轉讓實體本身的股 本工具進行結清,僅當實體應用香 港會計準則第32號*金融工具:呈列* 將選擇權單獨確認為股本工具,該 等條款不影響將其分類為流動或非 流動。

此外,香港詮釋第5號因香港會計準則第 1號之修訂本而進行修訂,以使相應措辭 保持一致而結論不變。

應用修訂本不會導致對本集團於二零二 零年十二月三十一日的未償還負債作出 任何重新分類。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. For the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements, information is considered material if such information is reasonably expected to influence decisions made by primary users. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment, leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 Inventories or value in use in HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

### 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主 要會計政策

#### 編製綜合財務報表的基準

綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒 佈的香港財務報告準則編製。就編製綜 合財務報表而言,倘有關資料合理預期 會影響主要用戶作出的決定,則有關資 料被視為重大。而且,本綜合財務報表 亦載有香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上 市規則(「上市規則」)及香港公司條例規 定的適用披露事項。

根據以下所述會計政策,於各報告期 末,綜合財務報表乃按照歷史成本基準 編製。

歷史成本一般基於為交換貨品及服務所 支付代價的公平值。

公平值是指市場參與者之間在計量日進 行的有序交易中出售一項資產所收取或 轉移一項負債所支付的價格,無論該價 格是直接觀察到的結果還是採用其他估 值技術作出的估計。在對資產或負債的 公平值作出估計時,本集團考慮了市場 參與者在計量日為該資產或負債進行定 價時將會考慮的特徵。該等綜合財務報 表中計量及/或披露的公平值均在此基 礎上予以釐定,惟香港財務報告準則第2 號以股份為基礎付款範圍內以股份為基 礎付款交易、根據香港財務報告準則第 16號入賬的租賃交易,以及與公平值類 似但並非公平值的計量(例如香港會計準 則第2號存貨中的可變現淨值或香港會計 準則第36號資產減值中的使用價值)除 外。

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## 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

# Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements (Continued)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are observable inputs for the asset or liability.

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above. **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

#### 編製綜合財務報表的基準(續)

此外,就財務報告而言,公平值計量根 據公平值計量的輸入數據可觀察程度及 公平值計量的輸入數據對其整體的重要 性分類為第一級、第二級或第三級,詳 情如下:

- 第一級輸入數據是實體於計量日可以取得的相同資產或負債於活躍市場的報價(未經調整);
- 第二級輸入數據是就資產或負債直 接或間接地可觀察得出的輸入數據 (第一級內包括的報價除外);及
- 第三級輸入數據是資產或負債的可 觀察輸入數據。

#### 綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司以及由本公司 及其附屬公司控制的實體的財務報表。 本公司在下列情況下取得控制權:

- 對投資對象擁有權力;
- 因參與投資對象業務而承擔可變回報的風險或享有可變回報的權利;
- 能夠使用其權力以影響其回報。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制權要 素有一項或以上出現變動,本集團會重 新評估其是否對投資對象擁有控制權。

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## 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specially, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein, which represent present ownership interests entitling their holders to a proportionate share of net assets of the relevant subsidiaries upon liquidation. **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

#### 綜合基準(續)

本集團於獲得附屬公司控制權時將附屬 公司綜合入賬,並於失去附屬公司控制 權時終止入賬。具體而言,於年內購入 或出售的附屬公司的收入及開支,自本 集團獲得控制權當日起至本集團失去附 屬公司控制權當日止,計入綜合損益及 其他全面收益表內。

損益及各項其他全面收入項目歸屬於本 公司擁有人及非控股權益。附屬公司的 全面收入總額歸屬於本公司擁有人及非 控股權益,即使此舉將導致非控股權益 出現虧絀結餘。

如有需要,將會就附屬公司的財務報表 作出調整,使其會計政策與本集團的會 計政策貫徹一致。

集團內的所有資產及負債、權益、收 入、開支以及與本集團成員公司間的交 易相關的現金流量已於綜合賬目時全額 抵銷。

於附屬公司之非控股權益與本集團於當 中之權益分開呈列,其指於清盤時賦予 其持有人權利按比例分佔有關附屬公司 資產淨值之現有擁有權權益。

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## 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Basis of consolidation (Continued)

#### Changes in the Group's interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's relevant components of equity and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries, including re-attribution of relevant reserves between the Group and the non-controlling interests according to the Group's and the noncontrolling interests' proportionate interests.

Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted, and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary and non-controlling interests (if any) are derecognised. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary attributable to the owners of the Company. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments ("HKFRS 9") or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

# **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

綜合基準(續)

#### 本集團於現有附屬公司權益之變動

本集團於附屬公司權益之變動如並無導 致本集團失去對該附屬公司之控制權, 則作為權益交易入賬。本集團持有的相 關權益部份與非控股權益的賬面值應予 調整以反映附屬公司中相關權益的變 動,包括本集團與非控股權益根據彼等 所佔權益比例重新歸屬的相關儲備。

非控股權益所調整之款額與所付或所收 代價之公平值兩者之間的任何差額,均 直接於權益確認並歸屬本公司擁有人。

倘本集團失去一家附屬公司的控制權, 則該附屬公司的資產及負債以及非控股 權益(如有)予以取消確認。收益或虧損 將於損益中確認,並按(1)所收代價之公平 值及任何保留權益之公平值總額與(ii)本 公司擁有人應佔該附屬公司資產(包括商 譽),及負債之賬面值之差額計算。所有 先前於其他全面收益中就該附屬公司確 認之款額(即按適用香港財務報告準則之 規定指明/容許者,重新分類至損益或 轉撥至權益下的另一類別)。根據香港財 務報告準則第9號金融工具(「香港財務報 告準則第9號」),於失去控制權當日,於 前附屬公司保留之任何投資之公平值於 其後入賬時被列作初步確認之公平值, 或(如適用)於聯營公司或合資企業之初 步確認投資成本。

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## 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### **Business combinations or asset acquisitions**

#### Optional concentration test

Effective from 1 January 2020, the Group can elect to apply an optional concentration test, on a transaction-by-transaction basis, that permits a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business. The concentration test is met if substantially all of the fair value of the gross assets acquired is concentrated in a single identifiable asset or group of similar identifiable assets. The gross assets under assessment exclude cash and cash equivalents, deferred tax assets, and goodwill resulting from the effects of deferred tax liabilities. If the concentration test is met, the set of activities and assets is determined not to be a business and no further assessment is needed.

#### Asset acquisitions

When the Group acquires a group of assets and liabilities that do not constitute a business, the Group identifies and recognises the individual identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed by allocating the purchase price first to financial assets/financial liabilities at the respective fair values, the remaining balance of the purchase price is then allocated to the other identifiable assets and liabilities on the basis of their relative fair values at the date of purchase. Such a transaction does not give rise to goodwill or bargain purchase gain.

#### Business combinations

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Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.  編製綜合財務報表的基準及主 要會計政策(續)

#### 業務合併或資產收購

#### 可選集中性測試

自二零二零年一月一日起,本集團可按 個別交易基準選擇應用可選集中性測 試,允許對所收購的一組活動及資產是 否為一項業務進行簡化評估。倘所收購 的總資產的絕大部分公平值均集中於單 個可識別資產或一組類似的可識別資產 中,則符合集中性測試。經評估的總資 產及遞延税項負債的影響所產生的商 資產被釐定為並非業務而毋須進行進一 步評估。

#### 資產收購

當本集團收購一組不構成業務的資產與 負債,本集團先按該等資產及負債各自 的公平值將購買價分配至金融資產/金 融負債,隨後按於購買日期各自的相對 公平值將購買價餘額分配至其他可識別 資產及負債,藉此識別並確認所收購的 個別可識別資產及所承擔的負債。該項 交易並無產生商譽或議價購買收益。

#### 業務合併

收購業務乃採用收購法入賬。於業務合 併中轉讓的對價按公平值計量,而計算 方法為本集團所轉讓的資產、本集團對 被收購方原持有人產生的負債及本集團 為交換被收購方的控制權所發行的股權 於收購日期的公平值的總和。與收購有 關的成本一般於產生時在損益中確認。

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## 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Business combinations or asset acquisitions (Continued)

#### Business combinations (Continued)

Except for certain recognition exemptions, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of an asset and a liability in the *Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements* (replaced by the *Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting* issued in October 2010).

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities, and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 *Income Taxes* and HKAS 19 *Employee Benefits* respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment at the acquisition date (see the accounting policy below);
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that standard; and
- lease liabilities are recognised and measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments (as defined in HKFRS 16) as if the acquired leases were new leases at the acquisition date. Right-of-use assets are recognised and measured at the same amount as the relevant lease liabilities, adjusted to reflect favorable or unfavorable terms of the lease when compared with market terms.

**4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

#### 業務合併或資產收購(續)

#### 業務合併(續)

除若干確認豁免外,所收購之可識別資 產及所承擔之負債必須符合編製及呈列 財務報表之框架(於二零一零年十月被所 頒佈的財務報告概念框架所取代)下資產 及負債之定義。

於收購日期,所收購可辨別資產及所承 擔負債按其公平值確認,惟下文所述者 除外:

- 遞延税項資產或負債及與僱員福利 安排有關之資產或負債,乃分別根 香港會計準則第12號所得税及香港 會計準則第19號僱員福利確認及計 量;
- 與被收購方之以股份為基礎付款安 排或與本集團之以股份為基礎付款 安排取代被收購方之以股份為基礎 付款安排相關之負債或權益工具乃 於收購日期根據香港財務報告準則 第2號以股份為基礎付款計量(請參 閱下文之會計政策);
- 根據香港財務報告準則第5號持作 出售非流動資產及已終止業務被分 類為持作出售之資產(或出售組別) 乃根據該準則計量;及
- 租賃負債按剩餘租賃付款(定義見 香港財務報告準則第16號)的現值 確認及計量,猶如收購的租賃於收 購日期均為新租賃。使用權資產按 與相關租賃負債相同的金額確認及 計量,並經調整以反映與市場條款 相比租賃的有利或不利條款。

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## 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Business combinations or asset acquisitions (Continued)

#### Business combinations (Continued)

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquire (if any) over the net amount of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed as at acquisition date. If, after re-assessment, the net amount the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquire (if any), the excess is recongised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the relevant subsidiary's net assets in the event of liquidation are initially measured at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets or at fair value. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis.

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the "measurement period" (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date. **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

#### 業務合併或資產收購(續)

#### 業務合併(續)

商譽按所轉讓代價、於被收購方任何非 控股權益之金額及收購方過往所持被收 購方股本權益(如有)公平值總和超出所 收購可識別資產及所承擔負債於收購日 期之淨額計量。倘於重新評估後,所收 購可識別資產及所承擔負債之淨額超出 所轉讓代價、於被收購方任何非控股權 益之金額及收購方過往所持被收購方權 益(如有)公平值之總和,差額即時於損 益確認為按折價收購收益。

非控股權益為現有所有權權益,授權持 有人於清盤時按比例分佔相關附屬公司 的資產淨值,其可初步按非控股權益按 比例分佔被收購方可識別資產淨值之已 確認數額或按公平值計量。按個別交易 基準選擇計量基準。

當本集團於業務合併時轉讓之代價包含 因或然代價安排時,或然代價將按收購 日期之公平值計量,並被視為業務合併 時所轉讓代價之一部份。符合作為計量 期間調整之或然代價之公平值變動,需 以追溯方式進行調整。計量期間調整是 指於「計量期間」(不超出收購日期起計一 年)因取得於收購日期已存在之事實及情 況之額外資料而作出之調整。

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## 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Business combinations or asset acquisitions (Continued)

#### Business combinations (Continued)

The subsequent accounting for the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured to fair value at subsequent reporting dates, with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date (i.e. the date when the Group obtains control), and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss or other comprehensive income, as appropriate. Amounts arising from interests in the acquire prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income and measured under HKFRS 9 would be accounted for on the same basis as would be required if the Group had disposed directly of the previously held equity interest.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted retrospectively during the measurement period (see above), and additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised at that date. **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

#### 業務合併或資產收購(續)

#### 業務合併(續)

不符合作為計量期間調整之或然代價之 其後會計處理,取決於或然代價如何分 類。分類為權益的或然代價於其後報告 日期不會重新計量,其後結算於權益內 進行入賬處理。分類為資產或負債之或 然代價於其後報告日期重新計量至公平 值,而相應收益或虧損乃於損益中確認。

倘業務合併分階段完成,則本集團過往 所持有被收購方之股權會重新計量至收 購日期(即本集團獲得控制權當日)之公 平值,而所產生之收益或虧損(如有)會 於損益或其他全面收益(如適用)確認。 如本集團已直接出售先前持有之股權, 先前已於其他全面收益確認並根據香港 財務報告準則第9號計量的在收購日期前 於被收購方的權益所產生之金額,將須 按相同基準入賬。

倘業務合併之初步會計處理於合併發生 之結算日仍未完成,則本集團會就仍未 完成會計處理之項目呈報暫定金額。該 等暫定金額於計量期間(見上文)內作出 追溯調整,並確認額外資產或負債,以 反映獲得有關於收購日期已存在事實及 情況之新資料,而倘知悉該等資料,將 會影響於當日確認之金額。

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## 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Business combinations or asset acquisitions (Continued)

#### Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business (see the accounting policy above) less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or group of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, which represent the lowest level at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes and not larger than an operating segment.

A cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently when there is indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit (or group of cash-generating units).

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit or any of the cash-generating unit within the group of cash-generating units, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal. When the Group disposes of an operation within the cash-generating unit (or a cash-generating unit within a group of cash-generating units), the amount of goodwill disposed of is measured on the basis of the relative values of the operation (or the cash-generating unit) disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit (or the group of cash-generating unit) retained.

**4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

#### 業務合併或資產收購(續)

#### 商譽

因收購一項業務產生之商譽乃按收購業 務當日設立的成本(見上述會計政策)減 累計減值虧損(如有)列賬。

就減值測試而言,商譽分配至預期受益 於合併協同效應之本集團各現金產生單 位(或現金產生單位組別),而該單位或 單位組別指就內部管理目的監控商譽的 最低水平且規模不超過經營分部。

獲分配商譽的現金產生單位(或現金產生 單位組別)會每年進行減值測試,或於單 位出現減值跡象時增加測試次數。就於 某報告期間因收購產生的商譽而言,獲 分配商譽的現金產生單位(或現金產生單 位組別)於報告期末前進行減值測試。倘 可收回金額少於其賬面值,則減值虧損 會首先分配以削減任何商譽的賬面值, 其後按各項資產所佔單位(或現金產生單 位組別)的賬面值比例分配至其他資產。

出售相關現金產生單位或現金產生單位 組別內的任何現金產生單位時,釐定出 售損益金額時會計入商譽應佔金額。當 本集團出售現金產生單位(或現金產生單 位組別內現金產生單位)內的業務時,所 出售商譽金額按所出售業務(或現金產生 單位)與所保留現金產生單位(或現金產 生單位組別)部分的相對價值計量。

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## 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### **Foreign currencies**

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. HK\$) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of exchange reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operations and translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income. **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

#### 外幣

於編製各個別集團實體之財務報表時, 以該實體功能貨幣以外之貨幣(外幣)進 行之交易均按交易日期之適用匯率換算 為功能貨幣記賬。於各報告期末,以外 幣列值之貨幣項目均按該日之適用匯率 重新換算。按公平值以外幣列值之非貨 幣項目乃按於公平值釐定當日之適用匯 率重新換算。按外幣過往成本計量之非 貨幣項目毋須重新換算。

於結算及換算貨幣項目時產生之匯兑差 額均於產生期間內於損益中確認。

就呈列綜合財務報表而言,本集團經營 業務之資產及負債於各報告期末使用匯 率換算為本集團之呈報貨幣(即港元)。 而其他收入及支出項目乃按該期間之平 均匯率進行換算,除非匯率於該期間內 出現大幅波動則作別論,在此情況下, 則採用於換算當日之適用匯率。所產生 的匯兑差額(如有)於其他全面收入確認 及於權益項下匯兑儲備(非控股權益應佔 (如適用))累計。

因收購海外業務而產生的商譽及所收購 可識別資產的公平值調整被視為該海外 業務的資產及負債,並按各報告期末的 現行匯率換算。產生的匯兑差額於其他 全面收益確認。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

## Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purpose. Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment loss, if any.

Construction in progress represents leasehold improvements, and is stated at cost less impairment losses. Depreciation begins when the relevant assets are available for use.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of property, plant and equipment other than construction in progress less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straightline method. Depreciation begins when the relevant assets are available for use. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on disposal or retirement of an item of properties, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in profit or loss. **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

## 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備乃為生產或提供貨品 或服務或作行政用途而持有的有形資 產。物業、廠房及設備乃按成本減去其 後累計折舊及其後累計減值虧損(如有) 於綜合財務狀況表列賬。

在建工程指租賃裝修,按成本減減值虧 損列賬。當有關資產可用時,則開始計 提折舊。

物業、廠房及設備項目(在建工程除外) 均以直線法按其估計可使用年期將其成 本撇減至剩餘價值確認折舊。有關資產 可供使用後方開始計算折舊。估計可使 用年期、剩餘價值及折舊方法於各報告 期間結算日檢討,並按預測基準計對估 計出現任何變動之影響入賬。

物業、廠房及設備項目在出售時或預期 繼續使用該資產不會帶來未來經濟利益 時終止確認。處置或報廢物業、廠房及 設備所產生的任何收益或虧損按銷售所 得款項與資產賬面價值之間的差額於損 益確認。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### Leases

## Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application or arising from business combinations, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception, modification date or acquisition date, as appropriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed. As a practical expedient, leases with similar characteristics are accounted on a portfolio basis when the Group reasonably expects that the effects on the consolidated financial statements would not differ materially from individual leases within the portfolio.

#### The Group as a lessee

#### Allocation of consideration of components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease component.

The Group applies practical expedient not to separate non-lease components from lease component, and instead account for the lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component.

# **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

#### 租賃

## 租賃的定義

倘合約在一定期間內讓渡控制使用一項 已識別資產的權利以獲取對價,則合約 為或包含租賃。

就於初始應用日期或之後訂立或修改或 由業務合併產生的合約而言,本集團根 據香港財務報告準則第16號的定義於初 始、修改日期或收購日期(倘適用)評估 合約是否為租賃或包含租賃。除非合約 條款及條件其後有變,否則有關合約將 不予重新評估。作為可行權宜方法,倘 本集團合理預期按組合基準入賬與於組 合內的租賃個別入賬兩者對綜合財務報 表之影響並無重大差異時,則具有類似 特性之租賃按組合基準入賬。

## 本集團為承租人

#### 分配合約組成部分代價

就含有租賃組成部分以及一項或多項額 外租賃或非租賃組成部分的合約而言, 本集團根據租賃組成部分的相對獨立價 格及非租賃組成部分的合計獨立價格基 準將合約對價分配至各項租賃組成部分。

本集團應用切實權宜方式,不將非租賃 組成部分自租賃組成部分區分開來,而 是將租賃組成部分以及任何相關非租賃 組成部分入賬列作單一租賃組成部分。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. It also applies the recognition exemption for lease of low-value assets. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of lowvalue assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the lease term.

#### Right-of-use assets

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

**4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

**租賃**(續)

本集團為承租人(續)

## 短期租賃和低價值資產租賃

本集團對從租賃日開始日租賃期為12個 月或更短的租賃及不包含購買選擇權的 租賃應用短期租賃的確認豁免。本集團 亦對低價值資產租賃應用該項豁免。短 期租賃和低價值資產租賃的付款額在租 賃期內採用直線法或另一種系統法確認 為費用。

## 使用權資產

使用權資產的成本包括:

- 租賃負債的初始計量金額;
- 在租賃期開始日或之前支付的任何 租賃付款額,減去所取得的任何租 賃激勵金額;
- 本集團產生的任何初始直接成本;
   及
- 本集團拆卸及移除相關資產、復原 相關資產所在地或將相關資產恢復 至租賃條款和條件所規定的狀態所 發生的預計成本。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

#### Right-of-use assets (Continued)

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities other than adjustments to lease liabilities resulting from COVID-19-related rent concessions in which the Group applied the practical expedient.

Right-of-use assets in which in Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line item on the consolidated statements of financial position.

#### Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

### Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團為承租人(續)

使用權資產(續)

使用權資產按成本減任何累計折舊及 減值虧損計量,並於重新計算租賃負 債時進行調整,惟不包括本集團應用 COVID-19相關租金優惠的可行權宜方法 產生的租賃負債的調整。

對於本集團可合理確定在租賃期結束時 取得相關租賃資產所有權的使用權資 產,自租賃期開始日至使用壽命結束的 期間內計提折舊。否則,使用權資產應 按估計使用壽命和租賃期兩者中的較短 者以直線法計提折舊。

本集團於綜合財務狀況表內單獨呈列使 用權資產。

## 可退回租賃按金

已支付的可退回租賃按金根據香港財務 報告準則第9號進行核算,並且按公平值 進行初始計量。初始確認時的公平值調 整視為額外租賃付款並計入使用權資產 的成本。

## 租賃負債

於租賃開始日期,本集團根據該日未支 付租賃款項現值確認及計量租賃負債。 於計算租賃款項現值時,倘租賃隱含的 利率難以釐定,本集團於租賃開始日期 使用增量借款利率。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Lease liabilities (Continued)

The lease payments include:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise the option; and
- Payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate the lease.

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment.
- the lease payments change in market rental rates following a market rent review, in which cases the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

**4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團為承租人(續)

租賃負債(續)

租賃付款包括:

- 固定付款(包括實物固定付款)減去 任何應收的租賃優惠;
- 初步按開始日期之指數或利率計量 的可變租賃款項(視乎指數或利率 而定)。
- 本集團根據剩餘價值擔保預期應支 付的款項;
- 倘本集團合理確定行使購買選擇 權,該選擇權的行使價;及
- 倘租賃期反映本集團行使選擇權終 止租賃,終止租賃的罰款付款。

於開始日期後,租賃負債按利率增值及 租賃款項予以調整。

本集團在以下情況下重新計量租賃負債 (及對有關使用權資產作出相應調整):

- 租期有變或行使購買選擇權的評估 發生變動,在此情況下,有關租賃 負債乃使用重新評估日期經修訂貼 現率貼現經修訂租賃款項而重新計 量。
- 租賃付款因進行市場租金調查後市 場租金變動而變動,在此情況下, 相關租賃負債使用初始貼現率貼現 經修訂租賃付款而重新計量。

本集團於綜合財務狀況表內單獨呈列租 賃負債。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Lease modifications

Except for COVID-19-related rent concessions in which the Group applied the practical expedient, the Group accounts for a lease modification as a separate lease if:

- the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and
- the consideration for the leases increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group remeasures the lease liability, less any lease incentives receivable, based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group accounts for the remeasurement of lease liabilities by making corresponding adjustments to the relevant right-of-use asset. When the modified contract contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the modified contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components. **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團為承租人(續)

租賃修改

除本集團應用COVID-19相關租金優惠可 行權宜方法外,本集團將租賃修改作為 一項單獨租賃進行會計處理,前提為:

- 該修改通過增加對一項或多項相關 資產的使用權擴大了租賃範圍;及
- 租賃代價增加的金額與針對擴大租 賃範圍的單獨價格及為反映特定合
   同的具體情況而對單獨價格作出的
   任何適當的調整相稱。

對於不作為一項單獨租賃進行會計處理 的租賃修改,在租賃修改的生效日,本 集團根據修改後租賃的租賃期,通過使 用修改後的折現率對修改後的租賃付款 額進行折現,減任何應收租賃獎勵,以 重新計量租賃負債。

本集團通過對相關使用權資產進行相應 調整,對租賃負債的重新計量進行會計 處理。當修改後的合同包含租賃組成部 分和一個或多個其他租賃或非租賃組成 部分時,本集團會根據租賃組成部分的 相對獨立價格及非租賃組成部分的總獨 立價格將修改後的合同中的代價分配至 每個租賃組成部分。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

COVID-19-related rent concessions

In relation to rent concessions that occurred as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group has elected to apply the practical expedient not to assess whether the change is a lease modification if all of the following conditions are met:

- the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021; and
- there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

A lease applying the practical expedient accounts for changes in lease payments resulting from rent concessions the same way it would account for the changes applying HKFRS 16 if the changes are not a lease modification. Forgiveness or waiver of lease payments are accounted for as variable lease payments. The related lease liabilities are adjusted to reflect the amounts forgiven or waived with a corresponding adjustment recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which the event occurs. **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團為承租人(續)

## COVID-19相關租金優惠

因COVID-19疫情的直接影響產生的租金 優惠,倘符合下列所有條件,本集團選 擇應用可行權宜方法不評估該變動是否 為租賃修訂:

- 租賃款項變動引致的經修訂租賃代 價大致上等同或低於緊接變動前的 租賃代價;
- 租賃款項的任何減少僅影響原定於
   二零二一年六月三十日或之前到期
   的款項;及
- 租賃的其他條款及條件並無實質變 動。

承租人應用可行權宜方法將租金優惠導 致的租賃款項變動入賬的方式,與其應 用香港財務報告準則第16號將變動列 賬的方式一致(倘變動並非租賃修訂)。 寬免或豁免租賃款項入賬為可變租賃款 項。相關租賃負債乃經調整以反映寬免 或豁免的金額,而相應調整於事件發生 的期間內在損益確認。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

## Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of inventories are determined on a first-in, first-out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories, less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

## **Financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables arising from contract with customers which are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets, or financial liabilities as appropriate, on initial recognition.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition. **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

## 存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者中之較低 者列賬。存貨成本以先進先出法計算。 可變現淨值指存貨之估計售價減全部估 計完成成本及銷售所需成本。

## 金融工具

當一家集團實體成為工具合約條文的訂 約方時確認金融資產及金融負債。所有 以常規方式購入或出售之金融資產按交 易日基準確認及終止確認。以常規方式 購入或出售指須於市場規則或慣例所設 定之時間架構內交收資產之金融資產購 入或出售。

金融資產及金融負債按公平值初步計 量,惟因客戶合約而產生的貿易應收款 項乃按香港財務報告準則第15號初步計 量。收購或發行金融資產及金融負債直 接產生的交易成本將於初步確認時計入 或扣減自有關金融資產或金融負債(視情 況而定)的公平值。

實際利率法為於有關期間計算金融資產 或金融負債的攤銷成本及分配利息收入 及利息開支的方法。實際利率指於金融 資產或金融負債的預期年期或(如適用) 較短期間,將估計未來現金收入及付款 (包括構成整體實際利率的所有已付或已 收費用及利率差價、交易成本及其他溢 價或折讓)準確貼現至初步確認時的賬面 淨值的利率。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

## Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both selling and collecting contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at the date of initial application of HKFRS 9 or initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income ("OCI") if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 *Business Combinations* applies.

In addition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that is required to be measured at the amortised cost or FVTOCI as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch. **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產

金融資產的分類及其後計量

符合以下條件的金融資產其後按攤銷成 本計量:

- 金融資產的目的為收取合約現金流 量的業務模式內持有;及
- 其合約條款引致於指定日期的現金 流量純粹為支付本金及未償還本金 的利息。

符合下列條件之金融資產其後按公平值 計入其他全面收益(「按公平值計入其他 全面收益」)計量:

- 金融資產於透過出售及收取合約現
   金流量達致目的的業務模式內持
   有;及
- 其合約條款引致於指定日期的現金
   流量純粹為支付本金及未償還本金
   的利息。

所有其他金融資產其後按公平值計入損 益計量,惟在首次應用香港財務報告準 則第9號或首次確認金融資產之日,倘股 本投資並非持作買賣用途及收購方於香 港財務報告準則第3號*業務合併*所適用之 業務合併中確認的或然對價,則本集團 可能會不可撤銷地選擇於其他全面收益 (「其他全面收益」)中呈列該股本投資公 平值的其後變動。

此外,倘可消除或大幅減少會計錯配, 本集團可能會不可撤銷地指定須按攤銷 成本或按公平值計入其他全面收益計量 的金融資產為按公平值計入損益計量。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets *(Continued)* 

## Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit-impaired.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss ("ECL") model on financial assets (including trade receivables, deposits and other receivables and bank balances) which are subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition. **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產的分類及其後計量(續)

攤銷成本及利息收入

其後按攤銷成本計量的金融資產乃使用 實際利率法確認利息收入。利息收入乃 對一項金融資產賬面總值應用實際利率 予以計算,惟其後出現信貸減值的金融 資產除外(見下文)。就其後出現信貸減 值的金融資產而言,自下一報告期起, 利息收入乃對金融資產備當難銷成本應用實 際利率予以確認。倘信貸減值金融工具 的信貸減值,於釐定資產不再出現信貸減 值後,自報告期開始起利息收入乃對金 融資產賬面總值應用實際利率予以確認。

## 金融資產減值

本集團根據預期信貸損失(「預期信貸虧 損」)模式對根據香港財務報告準則第9號 須進行減值評估之金融資產(包括貿易應 收款項、按金及其他應收款項及銀行結 餘)進行減值評估。預期信貸虧損的金額 於各報告日期更新,以反映自初步確認 後信貸風險的變化。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessments are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables which are in trade nature.

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

#### (i) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forwardlooking information that is available without undue cost or effort. **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

## 金融資產減值(續)

全期預期信貸虧損指在相關工具的預期 年期內所有可能的違約事件產生之預期 信貸虧損。相反,12個月預期信貸虧損 (「12個月預期信貸虧損」)指預期於報告 日其後12個月內可能發生的違約事件導 致之全期預期信貸虧損部分。評估乃根 據本集團的歷史信貸損失經驗進行,並 根據債務人特有的因素、一般經濟狀況 以及對報告日期當前狀況的評估以及對 未來狀況的預測作出調整。

本集團始終就屬貿易性質的貿易應收款 項確認全期預期信貸虧損。

對於所有其他工具,本集團計量的虧損 撥備等於12個月預期信貸虧損,除非自 初步確認後信貸風險顯著增加,在此情 況下本集團確認存續期預期信貸虧損。 是否應確認存續期預期信貸虧損的評估 乃基於自初步確認以來發生違約之可能 性或風險的顯著增加。

於評估自初步確認後信貸風險是否 顯著增加時,本集團將對於報告日 期金融工具發生之違約風險與初步 確認日期金融工具發生之違約風險 進行比較。在進行該評估時,本集 團會考慮合理並有理據支持的定量 和定性資料,包括無需付出不必要 的成本或努力而可得之歷史經驗及 前瞻性資料。

<sup>(</sup>i) 信貸風險顯著增加

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

**4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

## 金融資產減值(續)

(i) 信貸風險顯著增加(續)

特別是,在評估信貸風險是否顯著 增加時,會考慮以下資料:

- 金融工具的外部(如有)或內 部信貸評級的實際或預期顯 著惡化;
- 信貸風險的外部市場指標的 顯著惡化,如信貸利差大幅 增加,債務人的信貸違約掉 期價格大幅上升;
- 預計會導致債務人履行其債 務責任的能力大幅下降的業
   務、財務或經濟狀況的現有
   或預測的不利變化:
- 債務人經營業績的實際或預 期顯著惡化;
- 導致債務人履行其債務責任 的能力大幅下降的債務人監 管、經濟或技術環境的實際 或預期的重大不利變化。

不論上述評估之結果如何,本集團 假定,當合約付款逾期超過30天, 則自初步確認以來信貸風險已顯著 增加,除非本集團有合理並有理據 支持的資料顯示情況並非如此,則 作別論。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

(ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full.

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

(iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events of default that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

(a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;

**4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

## 金融資產減值(續)

(i) 信貸風險顯著增加(續)

本集團定期監控用以識別信貸風險 有否顯著增加的標準之成效,且修 訂標準(如適當)來確保標準能在金 額逾期前識別信貸風險顯著增加。

#### (ii) 違約定義

就內部信貸風險管理而言,本集團 認為,違約事件在內部制訂或自外 界來源獲得的資料顯示債務人不大 可能悉數向債權人(包括本集團)還 款時發生。

不論上文有何規定,本集團認為, 金融資產逾期超過90日即發生違約,惟本集團有合理並有理據支持 的資料顯示更加滯後的違約標準更 為恰當,則作別論。

(iii) 信貸減值金融資產

金融資產在一項或以上違約事件 (對該金融資產估計未來現金流量 構成不利影響)發生時出現信貸減 值。金融資產信貸減值的證據包括 有關下列事件的可觀察數據:

(a) 發行人或借款人出現重大財 務困難;

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4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

- (iii) Credit-impaired financial assets (Continued)
  - (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
  - (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
  - (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
  - (e) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.
- (iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss. **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

- (iii) 信貸減值金融資產(續)
  - (b) 違反合約(如違約或逾期事件);
  - (c) 借款人的貸款人因有關借款 人財務困難的經濟或合約理 由而向借款人批出貸款人原 本不予考慮的優惠;
  - (d) 借款人有可能面臨破產或進 行財務重組;或
  - (e) 該金融資產的活躍市場因財 務困難而消失。
- (iv) 撇銷政策
  - 當資料顯示對手方處於嚴重財務困 難及無實際收回可能時(例如對手 方被清盤或已進入破產程序時), 本集團則撇銷金融資產。經考慮法 律意見後(倘合適),遭撇銷的金融 資產可能仍須按本集團收回程序進 行強制執行活動。撇銷構成終止確 認事項。任何其後收回在損益中確 認。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

## Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data and forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. The Group uses a practical expedient in estimating ECL on trade receivables using a provision matrix taking into consideration historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL for trade receivables are considered on a collective basis taking into consideration past due information and relevant credit information such as forward looking macroeconomic information.

For collective assessment, the Group takes into consideration the following characteristics when formulating the grouping:

Past-due status;

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- Nature, size and industry of debtors; and
- External credit ratings where available.

**4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

## 金融資產減值(續)

(v) 預期信貸虧損之計量及確認

預期信貸虧損之計量為違約概率、 違約虧損(即違約時虧損大小)及違 約時風險敞口之函數。違約概率及 違約虧損之評估乃基於歷史數據及 前瞻性資料作出。預期信貸虧損的 預估乃無偏概率加權金額,以各自 發生違約的風險為權重確定。本集 團於估計貿易應收款項時使用可行 權宜方法,利用計及歷史信貸虧損 經驗的撥備矩陣,並就毋須作出不 必要的成本或努力便可獲得的前瞻 性資料作出調整。

一般而言,預期信貸虧損為根據合約應付本集團之所有合約現金流量 與本集團預期收取之所有現金流量 之間的差額(按初步確認時釐定之 實際利率貼現)。

貿易應收款項的全期預期信貸虧損 經考慮過往逾期資料及前瞻性宏觀 經濟資料等相關信貸資料按集體基 準考慮。

就集體評估而言,訂立組別時考慮 以下特徵:

- 逾期狀況;
- 債務人的性質、規模及行業;及
- 外部信貸評級(倘有)。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

The groupings in regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of trade receivables where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

#### Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss. **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

歸類工作經管理層定期檢討,以確保各 組別成份繼續分擔類似信貸風險特性。

利息收入乃根據金融資產之賬面總額計 算,除非金融資產發生信貸減值,在此 情況下,利息收入根據金融資產之攤銷 成本計算。

本集團通過調整金融工具的賬面值於損 益中確認所有金融工具的減值收益或虧 損,惟貿易應收款項則除外,其相應調 整於虧損撥備賬中確認。

## 終止確認金融資產

本集團僅於收取資產現金流量的合約權 利屆滿時,或將金融資產及資產所有權 的絕大部分風險及回報轉讓予另一實體 時終止確認金融資產。

終止確認按攤銷成本計量的金融資產 時,該資產賬面值與已收及應收對價總 和之間的差額於損益中確認。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities including trade and other payables (excluding contract liabilities and other tax payables), lease liabilities and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

## Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss. **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債與股本

#### 分類為債務或股本

債務及股本工具乃根據合約安排的內容 及金融負債與股本工具的定義分類為金 融負債或股本。

## 股本工具

凡證明實體資產經扣除其所有負債後的 剩餘權益的任何合約均為股本工具。本 公司發行的股本工具按已收款項扣除直 接發行成本確認。

## 金融負債

所有金融負債隨後使用實際利率法按攤 銷成本計量。

## 按攤銷成本計量的金融負債

金融負債(包括貿易及其他應付款項(不 包括合約負債及其他應付税項)、租賃負 債及借款)其後使用實際利率法按攤銷成 本計量。

## 終止確認金融負債

當且僅當本集團的責任被解除、註銷或 屆滿時,本集團方會終止確認金融負 債。已終止確認的金融負債賬面值與已 付及應付對價之間的差額於損益中確認。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

## **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

## **Revenue from contracts with customers**

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

**4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

## 借貸成本

直接歸屬於收購、興建或生產合資格資 產(指必須經一段長時間處理以作其預定 用途或銷售的資產)的借貸成本,將計入 該等資產之成本中,直至有關資產大致 可供用作擬定用途或出售為止。

所有其他借貸成本於其產生期間在損益 中確認。

## 與客戶合約的收益

本集團於完成履約責任時(或就此)確認 收益,即於特定履約責任相關商品或服 務之「控制權」轉移至客戶時。

履約責任指一項明確商品或服務(或一批 商品或服務)或一系列大致相同之明確商 品或服務。

控制權隨時間轉移,如滿足以下其中一 項標準,則收入會按照完全滿足相關履 約責任的進展情況而隨時間確認:

- 客戶於本集團履約時同時接受及使 用本集團履約所提供之利益;
- 本集團履約產生或增強一項於本集
   團履約時由客戶控制之資產;或
- 本集團履約並無產生對本集團而言 具替代用途之資產,且本集團對迄 今完成之履約付款具有可執行權 利。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

## Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the good or service.

A contract asset represents the Group's right to consideration in exchange for goods or services that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet unconditional. It is assessed for impairment in accordance with HKFRS 9. In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

A contract asset and a contract liability relating to the same contract are accounted for and presented on a net basis.

Over time revenue recognition: measurement of progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation

#### Output method

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The progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured based on output method, which is to recognise revenue on the basis of direct measurements of the value of the goods or services transferred to customers to date relative to the remaining goods or services promised under the contract, that best depict the Group's performance in transferring control of goods or services.

As a practical expedient, if the Group has a right to consideration in an amount that corresponds directly with the value of the Group's performance completed to date (i.e. service contracts in which the Group bills a fixed amount for each month of service provided), the Group recognises revenue in an amount to which the Group has the right to invoice.  編製綜合財務報表的基準及主 要會計政策(續)

## 與客戶合約的收益(續)

否則,收入會在客戶獲得獨特商品或服 務的控制權時確認。

合約資產指本集團以貨品或服務換取代 價的權利,而本集團已轉讓給客戶的貨 品或服務仍不是無條件的。合約資產是 根據香港財務報告準則第9號評估減值。 相反,應收款項指本集團收取代價的無 條件權利,即代價僅隨時間推移即會成 為到期支付。

合約負債指本集團就已收客戶代價(或到 期代價款項)向客戶轉移貨品或服務之義 務。與同一合約有關的合約資產及合約 負債按淨額基準入賬及呈列。

與相同合約有關的合約資產及合約負債 以淨額列賬並呈列。

## 隨時間確認收益:計量完全達成履約 責任的進度

## 產出法

完全達成履約責任的進度乃根據產出法 計量,即基於直接計量迄今已轉移予客 戶的貨品或服務相對於合約項下承諾提 供的餘下貨品或服務的價值以確認收 益,有關方法最能反映本集團於轉讓貨 品或服務控制權方面的履約情況。

作為實際權宜方法,倘本集團有權以與 本集團迄今已完成的業績(即本集團就每 月所得供服務開具固定金額賬單的服務 合約)的價值直接對應的金額收取代價, 則本集團以本集團有權開具發票的金額 確認收益。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

## Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

Accommodation operations and provision of accommodation facilities management services

As the customers simultaneously receive and consumer the benefit provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs, the Group recognises the service fee received or receivable from the customers as its revenue over time based on output method, which is to recognise revenue on the basis of direct measurements of the value of the goods or services transferred to the customer to date relative to the remaining goods or services promised under the contract, that best depict the Group's performance in transferring control of goods or services.

As a practical expedient, if the Group has a right to consideration in an amount that corresponds directly with the value of the Group's performance competed to date, the Group recognises revenue in the amount to which the Group has the right to invoice.

#### Provision of accommodation consultations services

Revenue from provision of accommodation consultations services is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct services.

## **Employee benefits**

#### Retirement benefit costs

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

### Termination benefits

A liability for a termination benefit is recognised at the earlier of when the Group entity can no longer withdraw the offer of the termination benefit and when it recognises any related restructuring costs. **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

## 與客戶合約的收益(續)

住宿業務及提供住宿設施管理服務

由於客戶同時收取及使用本集團履約所 帶來的利益,本集團根據產出法確認已 收或應收客戶的服務費作為其收益,其 隨時間的變化,即按以下基準確認收 益:直接計量轉移至客戶的貨品或服務 相對於合約承諾的餘下貨品或服務的價 值,以最能描述集團轉讓貨品或服務控 制的表現。

作為實際權宜之計,倘本集團有權收取 代價的金額直接對應本集團迄今為止所 完成工作的價值,而本集團確認本集團 有權開具發票金額的收入。

## 提供住宿諮詢服務

提供住宿諮詢服務的收入於客戶取得指 定服務控制權的某一時點確認。

## 僱員福利

#### 退休福利成本

向定額供款退休福利計劃的付款於僱員 已提供賦予其權利享受供款的服務時確 認為開支。

## 終止福利

終止福利的負債於集團實體不再撤回終 止福利的要約及確認任何相關重組成本 時(以較早者為準)確認。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

## Employee benefits (Continued)

#### Short-term and other long-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid as and when employees rendered the services. All short-term employee benefits are recognised as an expense unless another HKFRS requires or permits the inclusion of the benefit in the cost of an asset.

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees (such as wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave) after deducting any amount already paid.

Liabilities recognised in respect of other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows expected to be made by the Group in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. Any changes in the liabilities' carrying amounts resulting from service cost, interest and remeasurements are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that another HKFRS requires or permits their inclusion in the cost of an asset.

## Taxation

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Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax current payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit (loss) before tax because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

#### 僱員福利(續)

## 短期及其他長期僱員福利

短期僱員福利於僱員提供服務時按預期 將予支付的未貼現福利金額確認。所有 短期僱員福利均確認為開支,除非另有 香港財務報告準則要求或允許將其計入 資產成本。

僱員應計福利(例如工資、薪金、年假及 病假)乃於扣除任何已付款項後確認為負 債。

就其他長期僱員福利所確認的負債按本 集團預期就僱員截至報告日期所提供服 務將予作出的估計未來現金流出的現值 計量。因服務成本、利息及重新計量而 產生的負債賬面值的任何變化均在損益 中確認,除非另有香港財務報告準則要 求或允許將其計入資產成本。

## 税項

所得税開支為應付即期税項與遞延税項 的總和。

即期應付税項乃按本年度應課税溢利計 算。應課税溢利與除税前溢利(虧損)不 同,因有在其他年度應課税或可扣税之 收入或開支及毋須課税或不獲扣税之項 目。本集團的即期税項負債乃按報告期 末前已頒佈或實質頒佈的税率計算。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

## Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax reductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

# **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

## **税項**(續)

遞延税項乃根據綜合財務報表中資產及 負債的賬面值與用作計算應課税溢利的 相應税基間的暫時差額確認。遞延税項 負債一般會確認所有應課税暫時差額。 倘很可能有應課税溢利可用於抵銷可 的有可能有應課税溢利可用於抵銷可 加減暫時差額。於一項交易 中,倘因資產及負債的初步確認(業務合 併除外)而產生的暫時差額。於一項交易 中,倘因資產及負債的初步確認(業務合 併除外)而產生的暫時差額不影響應親税 溢利及會計溢利時,則不會確認該等遞 近税項資產及負債。

遞延税項負債乃按於附屬公司之投資而 產生之應課税暫時差額確認入賬,惟倘 本集團可控制暫時差額之撥回並預期該 暫時差額將不會在可見將來撥回者除 外。有關該等投資及利息之可扣税暫時 差額所產生之遞延税項資產可予確認, 惟以可能具備足夠應課税溢利可予以抵 銷以動用暫時差額之利益而預期該等暫 時差額將於可見將來撥回為限。

遞延税項資產的賬面值於各報告期末均 會作出檢討,並在預期不再有足夠應課 税溢利予以收回全部或部分資產時作出 相應減值。

就本集團確認使用權資產及相關租賃負 債之租賃交易計量遞延税項而言,本集 團首先釐定税項扣減乃分配予使用權資 產或租賃負債。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

## Taxation (Continued)

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 *Income Taxes* requirements to the leasing transaction as a whole. Temporary differences relating to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are assessed on a net basis. Excess of depreciation on right-of-use assets over the lease payments for the principal portion of lease liabilities resulting in net deductible temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates (or tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

# **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

## 税項(續)

就租賃交易(其税項扣減歸屬於租賃負 債)而言,本集團對租賃交易整體應用香 港會計準則第12號*所得税*之規定。使用 權資產與租賃負債之暫時性差額以淨額 估算。使用權資產折舊超過租賃負債本 金部分之金額會導致可扣除暫時性淨差 額。

遞延税項資產及負債乃以預期於償還負 債或變現資產當期基於報告期末前頒佈 或實質頒佈的税率或税法計量。

遞延税項資產及負債之計量反映按本集 團預計於報告期末收回或清償其資產及 負債之賬面值之税務後果。

倘有法定可強制執行權利將即期税項資 產及即期税項負債抵銷,且其與同一税 務機構向同一應課税實體徵收的所得税 相關,則遞延税項資產及負債可互相抵 銷。

本期税項及遞延税項於損益確認,惟對 於在其他全面收益確認或直接於權益確 認的項目,本期及遞延税項亦分別在其 他全面收益或直接於權益確認。當本期 税項或遞延税項是源自業務合併之初步 會計,税務影響乃計入業務合併之會計。

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## **BASIS OF PREPARATION OF** 4. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

## Impairment on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any.

The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are estimated individually, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, corporate assets are allocated to the relevant cash-generating unit when a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be established, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be established. The recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units to which the corporate asset belongs, and is compared with the carrying amount of the relevant cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or a cash generating unit) for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

4. 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主 要會計政策(續)

## 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產減 佰

於各報告期間結束時,本集團檢討其物 業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產之賬面 值,以釐定有否跡象顯示該等資產出現 減值虧損。倘出現任何有關跡象,則須 估計資產之可收回金額,以釐定減值虧 損(如有)之程度。

物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產之可 收回金額乃個別地估計。倘無法個別地 估計可收回金額,則本集團會估計該資 產所屬現金產生單位之可收回金額。

為一個現金產生單位進行減值測試時, 企業資產分配至相關現金產生單位(倘可 建立合理及一致之分配基準),否則彼等 分配至可建立合理及一致分配基準之最 小組別現金產生單位。就企業資產所屬 之現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別釐 定可收回金額,並與相關現金產生單位 或現金產生單位組別之賬面值進行比較。

可收回金額為公平價值減銷售成本與使 用價值兩者中之較高值。於評估使用價 值時,乃以反映目前市場對金錢時間價 值及資產(或現金產生單位)於估計未來 現金流量調整前之獨有風險之税前貼現 率將估計未來現金流量貼現至現值。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

# Impairment on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (Continued)

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For corporate assets or portion of corporate assets which cannot be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to a cash-generating unit, the Group compares the carrying amount of a group of cash-generating units, including the carrying amounts of the corporate assets or portion of corporate assets allocated to that group of cash-generating units, with the recoverable amount of the group of cash-generating units. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the other assets on a prorata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit or the group of cash-generating units. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit or the group of cash-generating units. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit or the group of cash-generating units) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit or the group of cash-generating units) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

# **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

# 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產減 值(續)

倘估計資產(或現金產生單位)之可收回 金額少於其賬面值,資產(或現金產生單 位)之賬面值下調至其可收回金額。對於 無法按合理及一致基準分配至現金產生 單位之企業資產或企業資產之部分,本 集團將現金產生單位組別的賬面值(包括 分配至該現金產生單位組別的企業資產 或企業資產部分的賬面值)與該現金產生 單位組別的可收回金額進行比較。分配 減值虧損時,首先將減值虧損分配至減 少任何商譽(如適用)之賬面值,繼而根 據單位或現金產生單位組別中各項資產 之賬面值而按比例分配至其他資產。抵 減後資產之賬面值不得低於以下三者之 中最高者:該資產之公平價值減去出售 成本(如可釐定)之數、其使用價值(如可 釐定)及零。原應分配至該資產之減值 虧損金額,乃按照該單位或現金產生單 位組別中其他資產之賬面值而按比例分 配。減值虧損即時於損益確認。

倘減值虧損於其後撥回,則該項資產(或 現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別)之賬 面值會增加至其經修訂之估計可收回金 額,惟增加後之賬面值不得超出假設過 往期間並無就該項資產(或現金產生單位 或現金產生單位組別)確認減值虧損時原 應釐定之賬面值。減值虧損撥回即時於 損益確認。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

## **Government grants**

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as deferred income in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable. **4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

## 政府補助

政府補助直至有合理保證證明本集團將 遵守其附帶條件及將收取補助時方確認 入賬。

政府補助於本集團將該補助擬用於補償 的相關成本確認為開支的期間內以系統 基準於損益確認。具體而言,以要求本 集團購買、建造或另行獲得非流動資產 為主要條件的政府補助於綜合財務狀況 表確認為遞延收入,並按有系統及合理 的基準於相關資產的可用年期內轉撥至 損益。

作為已產生開支或虧損的補償或為向本 集團提供即時財務資助(並無日後相關成 本)而應收與收入有關的政府補助於成為 可收取的期間內在損益確認。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

# **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

Provisions for the costs to restore leased assets to their original condition, as required by the terms and conditions of the lease, are recognised at the date of inception of the lease at the directors' best estimate of the expenditure that would be required to restore the assets. Estimates are regularly reviewed and adjusted as appropriate for new circumstances.

#### **Related parties**

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A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group.

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Company or of a parent of the Company.

 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主 要會計政策(續)

## 撥備

倘本集團因過往事件而產生現有的責任 (法律或推定):有可能需要本集團以償 付責任:及責任金額已被可靠估計時確 認撥備。

經計及有關責任的風險及不確定因素 後,確認為撥備的金額為對於報告期末 履行現時責任所需對價的最佳估計。倘 撥備運用履行現時責任的估計現金流量 計量,其賬面值為該等現金流量的現值 (倘貨幣時間價值影響重大)。

將所租賃資產恢復至其原始狀態的成本 撥備,按照租約條款及條件的規定,乃 於租賃開始日期按董事最佳估計的恢復 資產所需支出確認。估計乃定期審閱及 就新情況作出適當調整。

## 關聯方

關聯方乃與本集團有關聯之人士或實體。

- (a) 倘屬以下人士,即該人士或該人士 家庭近親成員與本集團有關連:
  - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
  - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響; 或
  - (iii) 為本公司或本公司母公司的 主要管理層成員。

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4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

## Related parties (Continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) The entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
  - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
  - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Company or to a parent of the Company.

**4.** 編製綜合財務報表的基準及主要會計政策(續)

## **關聯方**(續)

- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,即實體與本 集團有關連:
  - (i) 該實體與本公司屬同一集團 之成員公司(即各母公司、附 屬公司及同系附屬公司彼此 間有關連)。
  - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體的聯營 公司或合營企業(或另一實 體為成員公司之集團旗下成 員公司之聯營公司或合營企 業)。
  - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三方的 合營企業。
  - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體的合 營企業,而另一實體為該第 三方實體的聯營公司。
  - (v) 實體為本集團或與本集團有 關連之實體就僱員利益設立 的離職福利計劃。倘本集團 本身便是該計劃,提供資助 的僱主亦與本集團有關連。
  - (vi) 實體受(a)所識別人士控制或 受共同控制。
  - (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別人士對實體有 重大影響力或屬該實體(或該 實體的母公司)主要管理層成 員。
  - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團的任何 成員公司向本公司或本公司 的母公司提供主要管理人員 服務。

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# 4. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

## **Contingent liabilities**

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, they will then be recognised as a provision.

# 5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 4, the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets within the next financial year.  編製綜合財務報表的基準及主 要會計政策(續)

## 或然負債

或然負債指因過往事件產生且其存在僅 由本集團未有完全控制的一宗或多宗未 確定未來事件是否發生而釐定的可能責 任,亦可因過往事件產生但未獲確認的 當前責任,乃因經濟資源不大可能有必 要流出,或責任金額未能可靠計量。當 流出可能性發生變動導致流出成為可能 時,彼等將屆時確認撥備。

# 5. 估計不明朗因素的主要來源

於應用附註4所述的本集團會計政策時, 本公司董事須就未能從其他來源輕易獲 得的資產及負債的賬面值作出判斷、估 計及假設。估計及相關假設乃基於過往 經驗及被視為相關的其他因素。實際結 果可能有別於該等估計。

估計及相關假設乃按持續經營基準檢 討。倘會計估計的修訂僅影響估計獲修 訂的期間,則相關修訂於該期間予以確 認,或倘修訂影響現時及未來期間,則 於修訂期間及未來期間內予以確認。

以下為有關未來的主要假設及於報告期 末的估計不明朗因素的其他主要來源, 其可能導致於下一財政年度有對資產的 賬面值作出重大調整的重大風險。

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# 5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

# (a) Estimated impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

Property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are stated at costs less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. In determining whether an asset is impaired, the Group has to exercise judgment and make estimation, particularly in assessing: (1) whether an event has occurred or any indicators that may affect the asset value; (2) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, in the case of value in use, the net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset; and (3) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in estimating the recoverable amounts including cash flow projections and an appropriate discount rate. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, including rightof-use assets, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the assets belong, including allocation of corporate assets when a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be established, otherwise recoverable amount is determined at the smallest group of CGUs, for which the relevant corporate assets have been allocated. Changing the assumptions and estimates, including the discount rates or the growth rate in the cash flow projections, could affect the recoverable amounts. Furthermore, the cash flows projections, growth rate and discount rate are subject to greater uncertainties in the current year due to uncertainty on how the COVID-19 pandemic may progress and evolve and volatility in financial markets, including potential disruptions in the Group's accommodation operations, provision of accommodation consultations and accommodation facilities management services.

- 5. 估計不明朗因素的主要來源
  - (a) 物業、廠房及設備及使用權資 產的減值估算

物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產乃 按成本減累計折舊及減值列賬(如 有)。在釐定資產是否減值時,本 集團須行使判斷及作出估計,特別 是評估:(1)是否有事件已發生或 有任何指標可能影響資產價值; (2)資產賬面值是否可獲可收回金 額(如為使用價值)支持即按照持續 使用資產估計的未來現金流量的淨 現值;及(3)將應用於估計可收回 金額的適當關鍵假設(包括現金流 量預測及適當的貼現率)。當無法 估計一項獨立資產(包括使用權資 產)的可收回金額時,本集團會估 計資產所屬的現金產生單位的可收 回金額,包括在能夠建立合理及一 致的分配基準時分配公司資產, 否則可收回金額按有關公司資產已 獲分配的最小組別現金產生單位釐 定。更改假設及估計(包括貼現率 或現金流量預測的增長率)可能影 響可收回金額。此外,本年度現金 流量預測、增長率及貼現率受較大 的不明朗因素影響,原因為不確定 COVID-19疫情如何發展及演變以及 金融市場波動,包括本集團住宿營 運、提供住宿諮詢及住宿設施管理 服務營運的潛在中斷。

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# 5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

# (a) Estimated impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (Continued)

As at 31 December 2020, the carrying amounts of rightof-use assets and property, plant and equipment subject to impairment assessment were HK\$163,180,000 and HK\$36,332,000 (2019: HK\$39,891,000 and HK\$11,138,000) respectively, after taking into account the impairment losses of HK\$1,404,000 and HK\$435,000 in respect of right-of-use assets and property, plant and equipment that have been recognised respectively in 2019 and no such impairment loss has been recognised in 2020. Details of the impairment of right-of-use assets and property, plant and equipment are disclosed in Notes 20 and 17 respectively.

#### (b) Estimated impairment of goodwill

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating units (or group of cash-generating units) to which goodwill has been allocated, which is the higher of the value in use or fair value less costs of disposal. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating units (or a group of cash-generating units) and a suitable discount rates in order to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, or change in facts and circumstances which results in downward revision of future cash flows or upward revision of discount rate, a material impairment loss or future impairment loss may arise. Furthermore, the estimated cash flows and discount rate are subject to higher degree of estimation uncertainties in the current year due to uncertainty on how the COVID-19 pandemic may progress and evolve and volatility in financial markets, including potential disruptions of the Group's accommodation operations due to the travel entry restrictions were imposed by various cities in PRC.

- 5. 估計不明朗因素的主要來源
  - (a) 物業、廠房及設備及使用權資 產的減值估算(續)

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,須 接受減值評估的使用權資產以及物 業、廠房及設備的賬面值分別為 163,180,000港元及36,332,000港 元(二零一九年:39,891,000港元 及11,138,000港元),於計及二零 一九年已分別確認的使用權資產以 及物業、廠房及設備的減值虧損 1,404,000港元及435,000港元後, 於二零二零年並無確認有關減值虧 損。使用權資產以及物業、廠房及 設備的減值詳情分別於附註20及17 中披露。

#### (b) 商譽減值估算

於釐定商譽是否需要減值時,須 估計商譽所獲分配現金產生單位 (或現金產生單位組別)之可收回金 額,而可收回金額指使用戈值或公 平值減出售成本的較高者。計算使 用價值時,本集團須估計現金產生 單位(或現金產生單位組別)預期所 產生的未來現金流量,以及合適的 貼現率,以計算該等現金流量的現 值。倘實際未來現金流量低於預 期,又或事實及情況有變導致未來 現金流量下調或貼現率上調,則可 能產生重大減值虧損或未來減值虧 損。此外,本年度估計現金流量及 貼現率受較大的不明朗因素影響, 原因為不確定COVID-19疫情如何發 展及演變以及金融市場波動,包括 本集團住宿營運因中國多個城市實 施的旅遊限制而出現的潛在中斷。

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# 5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

#### (b) Estimated impairment of goodwill (Continued)

As at 31 December 2020, the carrying amount of goodwill is HK\$2,003,000 (2019: HK\$1,879,000). Details of the recoverable amount calculation and impairment loss made for the year are disclosed in Note 19.

# (c) Deferred tax asset

As at 31 December 2020, a deferred tax asset of HK\$2,690,000 (2019: HK\$1,937,000) in relation to unused tax losses has been recognised in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position. The realisability of the deferred tax asset mainly depends on whether sufficient future profits or taxable temporary differences will be available in the foreseeable future such that the deferred tax assets can be utilised. The management of the Group determine whether deferred tax assets would be recognised based on profit projections of the respective group entities and the expected reversal of taxable temporary differences in the coming years. The Group reviews the probability of utilising tax losses in future at the end of each reporting period. In cases where the actual future taxable profits generated are more or less than expected, an additional recognition or a reversal of deferred tax assets may arise, which would be recognised in profit or loss for the year in which such a recognition or reversal takes place.

No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

# 5. 估計不明朗因素的主要來源

## (b) **商譽減值估算**(續)

於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 商譽賬面值為2,003,000港元(二零 一九年:1,879,000港元)。本年度 之可收回金額計算及減值虧損詳情 於附註19披露。

## (c) 遞延税項資產

於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 有關未動用税項虧損的遞延税項 資產2,690,000港元(二零一九年: 1,937,000港元)已於本集團的綜合 財務狀況表內確認。遞延税項資產 能否變現主要視乎可預見未來有無 足夠可供動用之未來溢利或應課税 暫時差額,致使動用遞延税項資 產。本集團管理層根據未來年度相 關集團實體之溢利預測及應課税暫 時差額之預期撥回,釐定遞延税項 資產會否確認。本集團於各報告期 末檢討未來動用税項虧損之可能 性。如所產生之實際未來應課税溢 利高於或低於預期,則可能須額外 確認或撥回遞延税項資產,並於有 關確認或撥回所發生年度於損益內 確認。

由於無法預測未來利潤來源,故並 無就剩餘税項虧損確認遞延税項資 產。

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# 6. **FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** 6. 金融工具

(a) Categories of financial instruments

(a) 金融工具之分類

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Financial assets:</b> Financial assets at amortised costs	<b>金融資產:</b> 按攤銷成本計值的金融資產	26,198	15,277
<b>Financial liabilities:</b> Financial liabilities at amortised costs	<b>金融負債:</b> 按攤銷成本計值的金融負債	226,102	63,623

# (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include trade receivables, rental deposits and other receivables, bank balances, trade and other payables (excluding other tax payables and contract liabilities), lease liabilities and borrowings. Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes.

The risks associated with the financial instruments include market risk (currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### Market risk

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The Group does not enter into or trade in derivative financial instruments either for hedging or speculative purposes. There has been no change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk during the year.

### (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括貿易應 收款項、租賃按金及其他應收款 項、銀行結餘、貿易及其他應付款 項(不包括其他應付税項及合約負 債)、租賃負債及借款。金融工具 詳情於各附註中披露。

與金融工具有關的風險包括市場風險(外幣風險及利率風險)、信用風險及流動資金風險。如何減輕該等風險的政策載於下文。管理層管理及監控該等風險,以確保及時有效地實施適當措施。

## 市場風險

本集團不會出於對沖或投機目的而 訂立或買賣衍生金融工具。年內, 本集團的市場風險或管理及衡量風 險的方式概無變動。

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# 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

(i) Currency risk

The Group major operates in Hong Kong and the PRC. For the Group's PRC subsidiaries, majority of transactions are denominated in Renminbi ("RMB"), which is their functional currency. For the Company and other non-PRC subsidiaries of the Group, business transactions are principally denominated in HK\$, which is their functional currencies.

The Group did not have any significant financial assets or financial liabilities that are denominated in a currency other than their functional currency as at 31 December 2020 and 2019. Therefore, the management does not expect that there will be any significant currency risk.

#### (ii) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to lease liabilities. The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest risk in relation to variable-rate bank balances which carry at prevailing market interest. The Group manages its interest rate exposures by assessing the potential impact arising from any interest rate movements based on interest rate level and outlook.

No sensitivity analysis on interest rate risk on bank balance is presented as management consider the sensitivity on interest rate risk on bank balance is insignificant.

### Credit risk and impairment assessment

Credit risk refers to the risk that the Group's counterparties default on their contractual obligations resulting in financial losses to the Group. The Group's credit risk exposures are primarily attributable to trade receivables, deposits and other receivables and bank balances. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements to cover its credit risks associated with its financial assets.

- 6. 金融工具(續)
  - (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

## 市場風險(續)

- (i) 外幣風險
  - 本集團主要於香港及中國經 營業務。就本集團的中國附 屬公司而言,主要交易乃以 人民幣(「人民幣」)計值且為 其功能貨幣。就本公司及本 集團的其他非中國附屬公司 而言,業務交易主要以港元 計值且為其功能貨幣。

於二零二零及二零一九年 十二月三十一日,本集團並 無任何按其功能貨幣除外的 貨幣計值的重大財務資產或 財務負債。因此,管理層預 期並無任何重大貨幣風險。

#### (ii) 利率風險

本集團面臨有關租賃負債的 公平值利率風險。本集團亦 面臨與按現行市場利率計息 的浮息銀行結餘有關之現金 流量利率風險,本集團根據 利率水平及前景評估任何利 率變動所產生的潛在影響, 以管理其利率風險。

由於管理層認為銀行結餘利 率風險敏感度的影響較小, 因此並無呈列關於銀行結餘 利率風險敏感度的分析。

## 信用風險及減值評估

信用風險指本集團交易對手違反其 合約義務令本集團蒙受財務虧損的 風險。本集團的信用風險敞口主要 歸因於應收賬款、按金及其他應收 款項及銀行結餘。本集團並無持有 任何抵押品或其他信用增強措施, 以涵蓋其金融資產的相關信貸風 險。

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## 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

## (i) Trade receivables

In respect of trade receivables, individual credit evaluations are performed on corporate customers. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. The normal credit period to these corporate customers is 30 days. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

ECL rates of the trade receivables are assessed to be minimal, because of the corporate customers' good background and reputation and no past default history. Thus, the loss allowance provision for such balances was insignificant and no loss allowance provision was recognised in respect of the trade receivables for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

No credit evaluations are performed to walk-in customers that are made in cash, credit cards or other payment platforms. The Group's trade receivables in connection with sales settled through payment platforms such as Alipay or WeChat Pay are with high credit rating and no past due history. These assets are short-term in nature and the probability of default is negligible on the basis of high-credit rating issuers during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, and accordingly, no loss allowance was recognised in respect of the trade receivables.

At the end of the reporting periods, the Group does not have any significant concentration of credit risk.

- 6. 金融工具(續)
  - (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信用風險及減值評估(續)

(i) 應收賬款

就應收賬款而言,個別信貸 評估乃針對公司客戶進行。 此等評估主要針對客戶過往 到期時之還款記錄及現時的 還付能力,並考慮客戶之特 定資料及客戶營運所在的經 濟環境的相關資料。該等公 司客戶的一般信貸期為30 天。一般而言,本集團並無 向客戶取得抵押品。

於報告期末,本集團並無任 何重大信貸集中風險。

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## 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

#### (ii) Deposits and other receivables

The directors of the Company make periodic individual assessment on the recoverability of deposits and other receivables based on historical settlement records, past experience, and also quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportive forward-looking information. The directors of the Company believe that there are no significant increase in credit risk of these amounts since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12m ECL basis. For the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, the Group assessed the ECL for deposits and other receivables were insignificant and thus no loss allowance was recognised.

#### (iii) Bank balances

The credit risks on bank balances are limited because the counterparties are financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by international creditrating agencies. The Group assessed 12m ECL for bank balances by reference to information relating to probability of default and loss given default of the respective credit rating grades published by external credit rating agencies. Based on the average loss rates, the 12m ECL is considered to be insignificant.

#### Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

- 6. 金融工具(續)
  - (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信用風險及減值評估(續)

(ii) 按金及其他應收款項

(iii) 銀行結餘

由於交易對手乃獲國際信貸 評級機構給予優良信貸評級 的金融機構,故抵銀行結餘 的信貸風險有限。本集團參 考外部信貸評級機構所發佈 有關信貸評級等級的違約概 率及虧損之資料評估銀行結 餘的12個月預期信貸虧損。 基於平均虧損率,12個月預 期信貸虧損被視為不重大。

## 流動資金風險

本集團為管理流動資金風險,監控 現金及現金等值項目的水平,將其 維持於管理層認為合適的水平,以 撥支本集團的業務,亦減低現金流 量波動的影響。

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### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Liquidity risk (Continued)

The following table details the Group's contractual maturity for its financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay.

- **6.** 金融工具(續)
  - (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 流動資金風險(續)

下表詳述本集團金融負債的合約到 期情況。表格乃根據本集團可能須 付款之最早日期的未貼現金融負債 現金流量制定。

						Tot 總著	
		Effective	Less than	Between	Over	Undiscounted	Carrying
		interest rate	1 year	2 and 5 years	5 years	cash flow	amount
		實際利率	一年內	兩年至五年	五年以上	未貼現 現金流量	賬面值
		更示小平	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日						
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款項	-	11,524	-	-	11,524	11,524
Borrowings	借款	-	37,026	-	-	37,026	37,026
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	4	30,780	66,729	139,371	236,880	177,552
			79,330	66,729	139,371	285,430	226,102
						Tot 總著	
		Effective	Less than	Between	Over	Undiscounted	Carrying
		interest rate	1 year	2 and 5 years	5 years	cash flow	amount
			<i>(</i> - 7			未貼現	
		實際利率 0/	一年內	兩年至五年	五年以上	現金流量	賬面值
		%	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
			1,0,0	1,0,0	11070	1,0,0	1,0,0
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月三十一日						
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款項	-	3,741	-	-	3,741	3,741
Borrowings	借款	-	15,000	-	-	15,000	15,000
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	8	13,941	20,771	19,465	54,177	44,882
			32,682	20,771	19,465	72,918	63,623

Legend Strategy International Holdings Group Company Limited 朸濬國際集團控股有限公司

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### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### Fair value measurements of financial instruments

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements were approximate of their fair values.

### 7. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the Group's management, being the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), for the purpose of resources allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of services provided.

Specifically, the Group's reportable segments under HKFRS 8 *Operating Segments* are as follows:

- Accommodation operations and provision of accommodation facilities management services
- Provision of accommodation consultations services

During the year, the Group commenced provision of accommodation consultations services, and it is considered as a new operating and reportable segment by the CODM.

### **6.** 金融工具(續)

### 金融工具的公平值計量

本公司董事認為,於綜合財務報表內按 攤銷成本確認的金融資產及金融負債的 賬面值與其公平值相若。

# 7. 經營分部資料

向本集團管理層(即主要經營決策者(「主 要經營決策者」))呈報以供資源分配及分 部表現評估之資料集中於所提供的服務 類別。

具體而言,根據香港財務報告準則第8號 經營分部,本集團可呈報分部如下:

- 住宿營運以及提供住宿設施管理服
   務
- 一 提供住宿諮詢服務

年內,本集團開始提供住宿諮詢服務, 且其被主要經營決策者視為新的經營及 呈報分部。

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### 7. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

#### (Continued)

#### Segment revenue and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable and operating segments:

#### For the year ended 31 December 2020

7. 經營分部資料(續)

#### 分部收益及業績

下列為本集團按可呈報及經營分部劃分 的收益及業績分析:

#### 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

		Accommodation		
		operations and		
		provision of		
		accommodation	Provision of	
		facilities	accommodation	
		management	consultations	
		services	services	Total
			Services	TOLAI
		住宿營運		
		以及提供		
		住宿設施	提供住宿	
		管理服務	諮詢服務	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Segment revenue	分部收益	37,982	12,696	50,678
Segment results	分部業績	10,819	3,540	14,359
Interest income	利息收入			34
Finance costs	融資成本			(5,505)
Unallocated corporate expenses	未分配企業開支			(8,744)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利			144

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### 7. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

# 7. 經營分部資料(續)

分部收益及業績(續)

(Continued)

#### Segment revenue and results (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2019

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

		Accommodation	
		Accommodation operations and	
		provision of	
		accommodation	
		facilities	
		management	Total
		Services	Total
		住宿營運	
		以及提供	
		住宿設施	(広空石
		管理服務	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Segment revenue	分部收益	45,585	45,585
Segment results	分部業績	11,699	11,699
	利点ル		007
Interest income	利息收入		227
Finance costs	融資成本		(3,626)
Unallocated corporate expenses	未分配企業開支		(16,420)
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	_	(8,120)

Segment revenue reported above represents revenue generated from external customers. There was no inter-segment revenue in both years.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accountings policies. For the year ended 31 December 2020, the segment results represents the profit earned by each segment without allocation of certain administration costs, certain other income, director's emoluments, interest income, finance costs and other corporate expenses. For the year ended 31 December 2019, the segment results represents loss from each segment without allocation of certain administrative costs, certain depreciation for property, plant and equipment, certain depreciation for right-of-use assets, certain other income, directors' emoluments, interest income, finance costs and other corporate expenses. This measure is reported to the CODM for the purpose of revenue allocation and performance assessment. 上述已呈報分部收益指來自外部客戶之 收益。兩個年度並無分部間收益。

經營分部之會計政策與本集團之會計 政策相一致。截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度,分部業績指各分部所 賺取的溢利,而未分配若干行政費用、 若干其他收入、董事酬金、利息收入、 融資成本及其他企業開支。截至二零 一九所產生的虧損,而未分配若干行政 費用用權資產折舊、若干行政者 干酬金、利息收入、融資成本及其他企 業開支。該計量將向主要經營決策者呈 報以供資源分配及表現評估。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 7. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

#### (Continued)

#### Segment revenue and results (Continued)

No segment assets and segment liabilities are presented as the information is not regularly reported to the CODM for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of performance. Therefore, only segment revenue and segment results are presented.

#### **Other segment information**

Amounts included in the measure of segment results:

#### For the year ended 31 December 2020

# 7. 經營分部資料(續)

#### 分部收益及業績(續)

並無呈列分部資產及分部負債,原因為 並非定期就資源分配及表現評核向主要 經營決策者呈報資料。因此,僅呈列分 部收益及分部業績。

#### 其他分部資料

計入分部業績計量之金額:

#### 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

		Accommodation operations and provision of accommodation facilities management services 住宿營運以及 提供住宿設施 管理服務 HK\$'000 干港元	Provision of accommodation consultations services 提供住宿 諮詢服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	2,729	340	3,069 17,752
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	14,382	3,370	

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# 7. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

# 7. 經營分部資料(續)

其他分部資料(續)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

(Continued)

#### Other segment information (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2019

		Accommodation		
		operations and		
		provision of		
		accommodation		
		facilities		
		management		
		services	Unallocated	Total
		住宿營運		
		以及提供		
		住宿設施		
		管理服務	未分配	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊			
plant and equipment		3,424	574	3,998
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	11,263	3,211	14,474
Impairment loss recognised	就物業、廠房及設備確認減值虧損	11,200	0,211	, ., .
in respect of property,				
plant and equipment		435	_	435
Impairment loss recognised	就使用權資產確認減值虧損	400		400
	MIC [1] 推貝/生 唯応/ 照目相 但	1 404		1 404
in respect of right-of-use assets		1,404	-	1,404

#### **Geographical information**

Information about the Group's revenue from external customers is presented based on the location of customers. For the year ended 31 December 2020, revenue of approximately HK\$50,678,000 (2019: HK\$45,585,000) were derived in the PRC.

#### 地區資料

有關本集團來自外部客戶收益的資料乃根據客戶地點呈列。截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,收益約50,678,000港元(二零一九年:45,585,000港元)來自中國。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

7.	<b>OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION</b> (Continued)	7.	經營分部資料(續)
	Geographical information (Continued)		<b>地區資料</b> (續)
	Information about the Group's non-current assets is presented based on the geographical location of the assets.		本集團之非流動資產資料乃按資產地理 位置呈列。

			Non-current assets 非流動資產		
		<b>2020</b> 二零二零年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	二零一九年 HK\$'000		
By geographical location	按地區位置劃分				
Hong Kong	香港	8,369	4,861		
PRC	中國	193,250	48,192		
		201,619	53,053		

Note: Non-current assets excluded financial instruments and deferred tax assets.

#### Information about major customers

Revenue from customers of corresponding years individually contributing over 10% of the total revenue of the Group are as follows:

附註:非流動資產不包括金融工具及遞延税項 資產。

### 有關主要客戶的資料

於相應年度來自佔本集團總收益超過 10%的個別客戶的收益載列如下:

				2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cus Cus Cus	stomer A <sup>1</sup> stomer B <sup>1</sup> stomer C <sup>1</sup> stomer D <sup>2</sup> stomer E <sup>1</sup>	客戶A <sup>1</sup> 客戶B <sup>1</sup> 客戶C <sup>1</sup> 客戶E <sup>1</sup>		_³ 5,913 6,330 9,311 5,273	11,463 8,198 _3 _3 _3
1		odation operations and provision of anagement services segment.	1	來自住宿營運以及提 務分部的收益。	供住宿設施管理服
2	Revenue from accommodation operations and provision of accommodation facilities management services segment and provision of accommodation consultations services.		2	來自住宿營運以及提 務分部及提供住宿諮	
3	The corresponding revenu revenue of the Group.	e did not contribute over 10% of the total	3	相應收益並非佔本隽 上。	集團總收益10%以

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

## 8. **REVENUE**

8. 收益

Revenue represents the aggregate amount of accommodation operations, provision of consultations and accommodation facilities management services as set out as follows: 收益指住宿營運、提供諮詢及住宿設施 管理服務載列如下:

		<b>2020</b> 二零二零年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Accommodation operations and	住宿營運及提供住宿設施管理服務		
provision of accommodation facilities management services		37,982	45,585
Provision of accommodation	提供住宿諮詢服務		-,
consultations services		12,696	
Revenue from contracts with customers	與客戶合約的收益	50,678	45,585
Timing of revenue recognition	與客戶合約的收益確認的時間		
from contracts with customers			
At a point in time	於某一時間點	12,696	-
Over time	於一段時間內	37,982	45,585
		50,678	45,585

The disaggregation of revenue by geographical location is consistent with the segment disclosures under Note 4.

按地理位置劃分之收益與附註4之分部披露相符。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 8. REVENUE

# 8. 收益

#### Performance obligations for contracts with customers

Accommodation operations and provision of accommodation facilities management services

Revenue of accommodation operations and provision of accommodation facilities management services are recognised over time using output method when the service are provided. The Group allows an average credit period is not more than 30 days to travel agents and corporate customers.

Provision of accommodation consultations services

Revenue of accommodation consultations services is recognised at a point in time when the related services are rendered.

# 9. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS)

與客戶合約的履約責任

住宿營運及提供住宿設施管理服務

住宿營運及提供住宿設施管理服務的收益於提供服務時使用輸出法於一段時間內確認。本集團允許旅行社及企業客戶的平均信貸期不超過30日。

#### 提供住宿諮詢服務

住宿諮詢服務的收入於提供相關服務的 某一時點確認。

### 9. 僱員福利開支(包括董事薪酬)

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, wages and allowances Pension obligations	薪金、工資及津貼 退休金責任	13,230 884	15,158 1,563
Other benefits	其他福利	392 14,506	197 16,918

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### 10. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

# **10.** 董事及最高行政人員之薪酬以 及五名最高薪酬之僱員

#### (a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

The emoluments paid and payable to each of the directors and chief executive of the Company for the year, disclosed pursuant to the applicable Listing Rules and Companies Ordinance ("CO"), is as follows:

#### (a) 董事及最高行政人員之薪酬

根據適用上市規則及公司條例(「公 司條例」),年內已付及應付本公司 董事及最高行政人員之薪酬披露如 下:

		Note 附註	Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及 實物福利 HK\$'000 千港元	Pension schemes contribution 退休金計劃 供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
For the year ended 31 December 2020	截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度					
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Chen Wu	陳武	(a)	1,228	-	11	1,239
Chung Tin Yan	鍾天昕		-	900	18	918
Non-executive directors:	非執行董事:					
Yuan Fuer	袁富兒		-	-	-	-
Hu Xinglong	胡性龍		-	-	-	-
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:					
Wu Jilin	吳吉林		120	-	-	120
Du Hongwei	杜宏偉		120	-	-	120
Li Zhou	李舟		120	-	-	120
			1,588	900	29	2,517

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 10. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (Continued)

# **10.** 董事及最高行政人員之薪酬以及五名最高薪酬之僱員(續)

總裁。

(a) 董事及最高行政人員之薪酬(續)

(a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (Continued)

				F	Salaries allowance and benefits	s Pension s schemes	<b>T</b>
				Fees	in kino 薪金、津貼及		Total
				袍金	實物福利		總額
			Notes 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元		HK\$'000 千港元
	he Year ended December 2019	截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度					
Exec	utive directors:	執行董事:					
	ng Tin Yan	鍾天昕	(b)	-			-
Ye Sł	husheng	叶樹生	(C)	1,527		- 18	1,545
Non-	executive directors:	非執行董事:					
Yuan	Fuer	袁富兒		-			-
Hu Xi	inglong	胡性龍		-			-
	pendent non-executive ectors:	獨立非執行董事:					
Wu J	ilin	吳吉林		120			120
Du H	ongwei	杜宏偉		120	-		120
Li Zh	ou	李舟		120			120
				1,887	-	- 18	1,905
Note	95:				附註:		
(a) Chen Wu was appointed as an executive director and executive officer with effect from 20 March 2020.			chief		自二零二零年三月 武獲委任為執行董		
(b) Chung Tin Yan was appointed as an executive d the chief financial officer with effect from 31 Decem					自二零一九年十 起,鍾天昕獲委任 首席財務官。		
(C)		d as an executive directo ffect from 31 December		chief		自二零一九年十 起,叶樹生辭任幸	

Legend Strategy International Holdings Group Company Limited 朸濬國際集團控股有限公司

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 10. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (Continued)

# (a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (Continued)

During the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, no emoluments were paid by the Group as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or to any of the directors as compensation for loss of office.

No bonus was paid or receivable by directors or five highest paid employees after considering the Group's operation and financial performance during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

Neither the chief executive nor any of the directors waived any emoluments in the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

#### (b) Five highest paid individuals

The five highest paid individuals in the Group during the year included one (2019: one) director whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments of the remaining four (2019: four) individuals are set out below:

- **10.** 董事及最高行政人員之薪酬以及五名最高薪酬之僱員(續)
  - (a) 董事及最高行政人員之薪酬(續)

截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二 月三十一日止年度,本集團並無支 付酬金作為加入或加入本集團時的 獎勵或作為離職補償。

考慮到本集團截至二零二零年及二 零一九年十二月三十一日止年度的 營運及財務表現,董事或五名最高 薪酬之僱員並無發放或應收花紅。

截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二 月三十一日止年度,概無最高行政 人員及任何董事放棄任何薪酬。

#### (b) 五名最高薪人士

年內,本集團五名最高薪人士包括 一名(二零一九年:一名)董事,酬 金於上文呈列之分析中反映。其餘 四名(二零一九年:四名)人士的酬 金載列如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, wages and allowances Pension obligations	薪金、工資及津貼 退休金責任	2,991 81	3,090 70
		3,072	3,160

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### 10. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID** EMPLOYEES (Continued)

#### (b) Five highest paid individuals (Continued)

The emoluments of five highest paid individuals who are not directors of the Company were within the following band:

10. 董事及最高行政人員之薪酬以 及五名最高薪酬之僱員(續)

### (b) 五名最高薪人士(續)

並非本公司董事的五名最高薪酬人 士的酬金介乎以下範圍:

			Number of employees 僱員人數	
			<b>2020</b> 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	0至1,000,000港元		4	4
	the five highest paid individuals upon joining the Group or as during both years.	-	兩個年度內均未向 支付任何酬金作為 本集團時之獎勵或	吸引加入或加入
	able by directors or five highest ing the Group's operational and ne year (2019: nil).	3	經考慮本集團年內 現後,概無向董事 雇員支付或應向其	或五名最高薪酬

僱員支付或應向其支付的花紅(二 零一九年:無)。

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# **11. OTHER INCOME**

11. 其他收入

			2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank interest income Food and beverage	銀行利息收入 食物及飲品		34 20	227 85
Gain on early repayment of borrowings Reversal of provision for asset retirement	提前償還借款之收益 報廢資產復原撥備撥回		103	1,046 1,378
COVID-19-related rent concessions Government grants (Note) Others	COVID-19相關的租金減免 政府補助(附註) 其他		1,219 1,782 178	- - 233
			3,336	2,969
Note: Amount of approximately HK\$1,080,000 ( to exemption of value-added-tax in the accommodation operation business.		불기	約1,080,000港元(二 款項與關於住宿經營 豁免有關。	
There were no unfulfilled conditions or contin government grants.	gencies relating to these	_	並無任何與該等政府 條件或或然事項之情》	
During the year ended 31 December 2020 HK\$432,000 relates to Employment Support the Hong Kong Government.		J	截至二零二零年十二 度,本集團確認432, 政府提供的保就業計劃	000港元有關香港

### **12. FINANCE COSTS**

# 12. 融資成本

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Finance cost on provision for asset retirement Interest on borrowings from China Medical Overseas Limited (the "Former Controlling	報廢資產復原撥備的融資成本 中華醫學海外有限公司 (「前控股股東」)借款的利息	23	74
Shareholder")		-	1,091
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	5,482	2,461
		5,505	3,626

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### **13. INCOME TAX EXPENSE**

# 13. 所得税開支

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current tax – PRC corporate income tax Provision for the year Deferred tax	即期税項-中國企業所得税 年度撥備 遞延税項	3,197 (592)	4,195 2,807
		2,605	7,002

The Group is not subject to taxation in the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands.

On 21 March 2018, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed The Inland Revenue (Amendment) (No. 7) Bill 2017 (the "Bill") which introduced the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The Bill was signed into law on 28 March 2018 and was gazetted on the following day. Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2 million of profits of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%.

The directors of the Company considered the amount involved upon implementation of the two-tiered profits tax rates regime as insignificant to the consolidated financial statements. Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for both years.

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% for both years.

本集團於開曼群島及英屬處女群島毋須 繳納税項。

於二零一八年三月二十一日,香港立法 會通過二零一七年税務(修訂)(第7號)條 例草案(「草案」),引入利得税兩級制。 草案於二零一八年三月二十八日簽署成 為法律,並於次日刊憲。根據利得税兩 級制,合資格集團實體的首2百萬港元溢 利將按8.25%之税率徵税,超過2百萬港 元之溢利則按16.5%之税率徵税。不符 合利得税兩級制的法團的溢利將繼續按 16.5%的劃一税率徵税。

本公司董事認為,實施利得税兩級制所 涉及的金額與綜合財務報表並無重大關 係。兩個年度的香港利得税乃按估計應 課税溢利以16.5%之税率計算。

根據中國有關企業所得税法(「企業所得 税法」)及企業所得税法實施條例,中國 附屬公司於兩個年度內之税率均為25%。



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## 13. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

# 13. 所得税開支(續)

The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to profit (loss) before tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss as follows:

年內所得税開支與綜合損益表所示除税 前溢利(虧損)的對賬如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit (loss) before tax	除税前溢利(虧損)	144	(8,120)
Tax calculated at domestic tax rates applicable	按適用於各國損益的當地税率計算		
to profits or loss in the respective countries	的税項	760	(553)
Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible	不可扣除開支的税務影響	2,036	2,866
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損的税務影響	261	2,008
Tax effect of utilization of tax losses not	使用先前未確認税項虧損的税務		
previously recognised	影響	(1,815)	-
Tax losses previously recognised and reversed	之前確認並沖回之税務虧損	412	1,959
Tax effect of income not taxable	無須課税收入的税務影響	(72)	-
Unrecognised temporary difference	未確認暫時性差額	1,023	722
Income tax expense	所得税開支	2,605	7,002

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## 14. PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR

# 14. 年內溢利(虧損)

Profit (loss) for the year has been arrived at after charging (crediting):

年內溢利(虧損)乃經扣除(計入)下列項 目達致:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Auditors' remuneration for – audit services – non-audit services	以下各項的核數師酬金 一審計服務 一非審計服務	900 240	1,000 545
		1,140	1,545
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets Net foreign exchange (gain) loss	物業、廠房及設備折舊 使用權資產折舊 匯兑(收益)虧損淨額	3,069 17,752 (2)	3,998 14,474 24
COVID-19-related rent concessions Impairment loss recognised in respect of property, plant and equipment	COVID-19相關的租金優惠 就物業、廠房及設備確認的 減值虧損	(1,219)	435
Impairment loss recognised in respect of right-of-use assets	就使用權資產確認的減值虧損	-	1,404

### 15. DIVIDEND

160

No dividend was paid or proposed for ordinary shareholders of the Company for both years.

### 16. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

#### (a) Basic earnings (loss) per share

The calculation of basic earnings (loss) per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$2,063,000 (2019: loss of approximately HK\$14,970,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares is 448,363,708 (2019: 448,363,708) in issue during the year.

#### (b) Diluted earnings (loss) per share

No diluted earnings (loss) per share for both years were presented as there were no potential shares in issue for both years.

#### 15. 股息

兩個年度內,本公司概無向普通股東派 付或擬派付股息。

#### 16. 每股盈利(虧損)

#### (a) 每股基本盈利(虧損)

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本盈利 (虧損)的計算乃基於本公司擁有 人應佔年內盈利約2,063,000港元 (二零一九年:虧損約14,970,000 港元)及於本年度已發行普通 股加權平均數448,363,708股 (二零一九年:448,363,708股)。

#### (b) 每股攤薄盈利(虧損)

由於兩個年度概無已發行潛在股份,故概無呈列兩個年度的每股攤 薄盈利(虧損)。

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# 17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

**17.** 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及裝置 HK\$'000 千港元	Office equipment 辦公室設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Construction in progress 在建工程 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost	成本					
At 1 January 2019	₩₩ 於二零一九年一月一日	16,730	4,474	3,162	236	24,602
Additions	添置	769	1,961	294	3,567	6,591
Transfer	轉讓	3,798	-		(3,798)	- 0,001
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(101)	(89)	(66)	(5)	(261
At 31 December 2019 and	於二零一九年十二月三十一日及					
at 1 January 2020	二零二零年一月一日	21,196	6,346	3,390	_	30,932
Additions	添置	295	97	207	25,710	26,309
Disposals	出售	-	-	(4)	_	(4)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	616	401	219	1,462	2,698
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	22,107	6,844	3,812	27,172	59,935
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊及減值					
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	10,419	3,890	1,248	_	15,557
Provided for the year	年內計提	3,196	321	481	_	3,998
Impairment loss	減值虧損	293	142	-	_	435
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(75)	(87)	(34)	_	(196
At 31 December 2019 and	於二零一九年十二月三十一日及					
at 1 January 2020	二零二零年一月一日	13,833	4,266	1,695	-	19,794
Provided for the year	年內計提	2,025	541	503	-	3,069
Disposals	出售	-	-	(4)	-	(4
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	310	296	138	-	744
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	16,168	5,103	2,332	-	23,603
Carrying amounts:	賬面值:					
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	5,939	1,741	1,480	27,172	36,332
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月三十一日	7,363	2,080	1,695	-	11,138

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### **17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

(Continued)

The above items of property, plant and equipment, except for construction in progress after taking into account of their estimated residual values, are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold improvements	shorter of the unexpired term of lease	租賃物業裝修
	and 7 years	
Furniture and fixtures	5 years	傢俱及裝置
Office equipment	5 years	辦公室設備

#### Impairment assessment

The Group carried out impairment assessments of the recoverable amount of its property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets as at 31 December 2020 and 2019 as a result of the deterioration of performance of hotels. These assets are used in the Group's accommodation operations and provision of accommodation facilities management segment.

The recoverable amount has been determined on the basis of their value-in-use using discounted cash flow method. The cash flow forecasts were derived from the most recent financial budgets and estimated future cash flows covering the remaining terms as approved by the management and using a pre-tax discount rate of approximately 15.1% (2019: 16.7%). Other key assumptions included growth rates on average room rates, occupancy rates, gross profit margin and costs to revenue ratio which are determined based on the Group's past performance and management expectations for the market developments.

An impairment loss of approximately HK\$435,000 that has been recognised in profit or loss in 2019 and no such impairment loss recognised in 2020. Management believes that any reasonably possible change of these assumptions would not cause the aggregate carrying amounts of these CGU to exceed their aggregate recoverable amount.

# 17. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

除在建工程外,上述物業、廠房及設備 項目經計入其估計剩餘價值後以直線基 準按以下年率計算折舊:

未屆滿租賃期及7年
(以較短者為準)
5年
5年

#### 減值評估

由於酒店業績轉差,本集團於二零二零 年及二零一九年十二月三十一日對物 業、廠房及設備及使用權資產的可收回 金額進行減值評估。該等資產用於本集 團的住宿營運及提供住宿設施管理分部。

可收回金額乃採用貼現現金流量法根據 其使用價值釐定。現金流量預測來自最 新財務預算以及管理層批准的涵蓋剩 餘期限的估計未來現金流量,使用之 税前折現率約為15.1%(二零一九年: 16.7%)。其他主要假設(包括平均房價增 長率、入住率、毛利率及成本對收益之 比率)均根據本集團的過往業績及管理層 對市場發展的預期所釐定。

二零一九年減值虧損約435,000港元已於 損益中確認,而於二零二零年並無確認 任何有關減值虧損。管理層認為,該等 假設的任何合理可能變動均不會導致該 等現金產生單位的總賬面值超過其可收 回總金額。

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### 18. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

**18.** 預付款項、按金及其他應收款 項

•

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Prepayments and deposit paid Prepayments	<b>預付款項及已付按金</b> 預付款項	1,015	970
Deposits	按金		
Rental deposits	租賃按金	5,442	3,313
Other receivables	其他應收款項	239	152
Total prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及		
other receivables	其他應收款項總額	6,696	4,435

Analysed for reporting purpose as:

就呈報目的分析為:

		<b>2020</b> 二零二零年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$ <sup>°</sup> 000 千港元
Non-current	非流動	2,824	3,066
Current	流動	3,872	1,369
		6,696	4,435

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### 19. GOODWILL

19. 商譽

(41 1,879
(41
1,920

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill has been allocated to 惠州合正東部灣旅遊服務有限公司 (Huizhou Hazens East Resort Travel Services Limited) ("Huizhou Hazens"), which engaged in accommodation operations and provision of accommodation facilities management services in PRC.

就減值測試而言, 商譽已分配至惠州合 正東部灣旅遊服務有限公司(「惠州合 正」), 該公司於中國從事住宿營運及提 供住宿設施管理服務。

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Huizhou Hazens	惠州合正	2,003	1,879

In addition to goodwill above, property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (including allocation of corporate assets) that generate cash flows together with the related goodwill are also included in the CGU of Huizhou Hazens for the purpose of impairment assessment.

The recoverable amount of Huizhou Hazens has been determined by a value-in-use calculation. The Group performed impairment assessment on the CGU of Huizhou Hazens based on the cash flow forecast derived from the most recent financial budgets and estimated future cash flows covering the remaining lease term as approved by the management and using a pre-tax discount rate of 15.1% (2019: 16.7%) per annum. Other key assumptions included growth rates, gross profit margin and costs to revenue ratio which are determined based on the hotel's past performance and management expectations for the market developments. Management believes that any reasonably possible change of these assumptions would not cause the aggregate carrying amount of the CGU to exceed its aggregate recoverable amount. 除上述商譽外,將產生現金流量的物 業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產(包括公 司資產的分配)連同相關商譽亦計入惠州 合正的現金產生單位,以進行減值評估。

惠州合正的可收回金額已按使用價值計 算釐定。本集團根據最近期財務預算得 出的現金流量預測及管理層批准的現 餘租期的估計未來現金流量,使用每 年的税前貼現率15.1%(二零一九年: 16.7%),對惠州合正的現金產生單位 進行減值評估。其他主要假設包括增 之。毛利率及成本對收益比率,乃根據 酒店的過往表現及管理層認為,該等假設 的任何合理可能變動將不會導致本現金 產生單位的總賬面值超出其總可收回金 額。

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### 20. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

20. 使用權資產

		Land and buildings 土地及	Motor vehicles	Office equipment	Total
		建築物	汽車	辦公室設備	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	43,735	_	_	43,735
Additions	添置	_	428	_	428
Modification of lease term	修改租期	12,370	_	_	12,370
Depreciation charge	折舊開支	(14,435)	(39)	_	(14,474)
Impairment losses (Note f)	減值虧損(附註f)	(1,404)	_	_	(1,404)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(757)	(7)		(764)
At 31 December 2019 and at 1 January 2020	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日及 二零二零年一月一日	39,509	382	_	39,891
Additions (note e)	添置(附註e)	129,648	_	77	129,725
Depreciation charge	折舊開支	(17,669)	(77)	(6)	(17,752)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	11,296	20	-	11,316
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年				
	十二月三十一日	162,784	325	71	163,180

Notes:

(a) For both years, the Group leases land and buildings, a motor vehicles and office equipment for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed periods of 2 to 15 years (2019: 2 to 15 years), 5.5 years (2019: 5.5 years) and 5 years (2019: nil) respectively, but may have extension and termination options. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants and the leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes. 附註:

(a) 於兩個年度,本集團就其營運租賃土地 及樓宇、汽車及辦公設備。租賃合約分 別按固定期限2至15年(二零一九年:2 至15年)、5.5年(二零一九年:5.5年) 及5年(二零一九年:無)訂立,惟可能 會有延長及終止選擇權。租期均單個協 商,涵蓋範圍廣,包括不同條款及條件。釐定租期及評估不可撤銷期限的長 度時,本集團應用合約定義並釐定合約 可執行的期限。該租賃協議並無施加任 何契諾且租賃資產不得用作借款抵押用 途。

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### 20. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Continued)

#### Notes: (Continued)

## 20. 使用權資產(續)

- 附註:(*續)*
- (b) The following amounts are related to leases with a related company (Mr. Yuan has control over the related company):
- (b) 以下金額與關聯公司(袁先生控制該關 聯公司)的租賃有關:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	8,075	8,963
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊開支	1,340	2,347
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	9,839	10,415
Lease interests	租賃利息	475	562
Total cash outflow for leases	租賃現金流出總額	1,349	2,605

- (c) The Group regularly entered into short-term leases for staff quarters. As at 31 December 2020, the portfolio of short-term leases is similar to the portfolio of leases for which short-term lease expense was recognised during the current year. The Group had amount of approximately HK\$269,000 and HK\$241,000 expenses relating to short-term leases for 2020 and 2019 respectively.
- (d) Rent concessions

During the year ended 31 December 2020, lessors of land and buildings provided rent concessions to the Group through rent reductions for 1 month.

These rent concessions occurred as a direct consequence of COVID-19 pandemic and met of all of the conditions in HKFRS 16.46B, and the Group applied the practical expedient not to assess whether the changes constitute lease modifications. The effects on changes in lease payments due to forgiveness or waiver by the lessors for the relevant leases of approximately HK\$1,219,000 were recognised as other income.

- (e) During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group recognised right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$129,648,000 under land and buildings which mainly represents two leased-and-operate hotels under construction situated in Chengdu and Wuhan for a period of 12 years and 15 years respectively. The Group applied incremental borrowing rate of approximately 4.9% for both leases. Further details were disclosed in the Company's circular dated 26 March 2020.
- (f) An impairment loss of approximately HK\$1,404,000 that has been recognised in profit or loss in 2019 and no such impairment loss recognised in 2020.

(c) 本集團定期就員工宿舍訂立短期租約。 於二零二零年十二月三十一日,短期 租賃組合類似於本年度確認短期租賃開 支的租賃組合。本集團於二零二零年及 二零一九年的短期租賃開支分別約為 269,000港元及241,000港元。

(d) 租金減免

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度,土地及樓宇的出租人向本集團提供 一個月租金扣減的租金減免。

該等租金優惠因COVID-19疫情直接發 生並符合香港財務報告準則第16.46B條 的條件,且本集團應用可行權宜方法不 評估該等變動是否構成租賃修改。出租 人就有關租約寬免或豁免約1,219,000 港元導致租賃付款變動的影響確認為其 他收入。

- (e) 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團根據土地及建築物確認使用權資產約129,648,000港元,主要指位於成都及武漢的兩間在建租賃經營酒店,租期分別為12年及15年。本集團就兩項租賃採用約4.9%的增量借貸利率。更多詳情已於本公司日期為二零二零年三月二十六日的通函內披露。
- (f) 二零一九年減值虧損約1,404,000港元 已於損益中確認,而於二零二零年則並 無確認任何有關減值虧損。

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## 21. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

The following are the major deferred tax assets recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior years.

### 21. 遞延税項資產

下文載列於本年度及過往年度確認的主 要遞延税項資產及相關變動:

		Right-of-use assets/Lease liabilities 使用權資產/	Accelerated tax depreciation	Provisions for asset retirement 資產	Tax loss	Total
		租賃負債	加速税項折舊	報廢撥備	税項虧損	總額
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	600	948	434	2,813	4,795
Credited to profit or loss (Note 13)	計入損益(附註13)	(30)	(385)	(433)	(1,959)	(2,807)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(12)	(14)	(1)	(24)	(51)
At 31 December 2019 and	於二零一九年十二月三十一日及					
at 1 January 2020	二零二零年一月一日	558	549	-	830	1,937
Charged (credited) to profit or loss	扣自(計入)損益(附註13)					
(Note 13)		1,106	(102)	-	(412)	592
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	99	31	-	31	161
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	1,763	478	-	449	2,690

Deferred tax assets are recognised for tax loss carry forwards to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable. As at 31 December 2020, the Group does not recognise deferred tax assets of approximately HK\$6,061,000 (2019: HK\$8,315,000) in respect of losses amounting to approximately HK\$29,649,000 (2019: HK\$40,115,000) that can be carried forward against taxable income. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of HK\$13,750,000 (2019: HK\$19,885,000) that will expire in 2024. Other tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

At the end of the reporting period, the amount of temporary differences associated with undistributed earnings of subsidiaries for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised is approximately HK\$9,316,000 for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: HK\$12,737,000). No liability has been recognised in respect of these differences because the Group is in a position to control the timing of reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that such differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

倘有關税務利益可能透過抵銷未來應課 税溢利變現,則會就所結轉之税項虧損 確認遞延税項資產。截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日,本集團並無就可作結 轉以抵銷應課税收入之虧損6,061,000港 元(二零一九年:8,315,000港元)確認遞 延税項資產約29,649,000港元(二零一九 年:40,115,000港元)。未確認税項虧 損包括將於二零二四年(二零一九年:二 零二四年)到期之13,750,000港元(二零 一九年:19,885,000港元)之虧損。其他 税項虧損可無限期向日後結轉。

於報告期末,於截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度有關就附屬公司未分 派盈利未確認遞延税項負債的暫時性 差異約為9,316,000港元(二零一九年: 12,737,000港元)。由於本集團可以控制 暫時性差異撥回的時間,且該差異於可 見將來可能不會撥回,故並未就上述差 異確認負債。

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### 22. TRADE RECEIVABLES

The majority of the Group's revenue from accommodation operations and provision of accommodation facilities management services are made via credit cards, cash or other payment platforms such as Alipay and Wechat Pay. Hotel rooms are rented to corporate customers with an appropriate credit history on credit terms of 30 days. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by the directors.

### 22. 應收賬款

本集團的住宿營運及提供住宿設施管理 服務收益主要以信用卡、現金或支付寶 及微信等其他支付平台結算。本集團為 擁有合適信貸記錄的企業客戶提供三十 天的酒店客房租賃信貸期。本集團尋求 嚴格控制客戶未償還之應收款項。董事 會定期審閱逾期餘額。

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$ <sup>*</sup> 000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables	應收賬款	548	611

The following is the aging analysis of trade receivables, net of allowance for credit losses, presented based on the past due date:

下文載列根據逾期日期呈列的應收賬款 (扣除信貸虧損撥備)的賬齡分析:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Neither past due nor impaired	未逾期或減值	168	400
1–30 days past due	1至30日逾期	105	35
31–60 days past due	31至60日逾期	113	-
61–90 days past due	61至90日逾期	138	168
Over 90 days past due	90日以上逾期	24	8
		548	611

As at 31 December 2020, included in the Group's trade receivables balance are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$380,000 (2019: HK\$211,000) which are past due as at the reporting date. Out of the past due balances, approximately HK\$162,000 (2019: HK\$176,000) has been past due 60 days or more.

Details of impairment assessment of trade receivables are set out in Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團 的應收賬款結餘為總賬面值為約380,000 港元(二零一九年:211,000港元)於報 告日期已逾期的應收賬款。在逾期結 餘中,約162,000港元(二零一九年: 176,000港元)已逾期60日或以上。

應收賬款減值評估的詳情載於綜合財務 報表附註6。

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### **23. INVENTORIES**

23. 存貨

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Consumable stores	消耗品	110	144

### 24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

# 24. 應付賬款及其他應付款項

		<b>2020</b> 二零二零年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables Accruals and other payables	應付賬款 應計項目及其他應付款項	108 12,130	92 4,012
		12,238	4,104

The aging analysis of trade payables, based on invoice date, is as 應付賬款基於發票日期的賬齡分析如下: follows:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
0–30 days	0至30天	104	88
31–60 days	31至60天	3	4
61–90 days	61至90天	1	-
		108	92

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### 24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

### 24. 應付賬款及其他應付款項(續)

Accruals and other payables are analysed as follows:

應計項目及其他應付款項的分析載列如 下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
		17270	17870
Accruals	應計項目		
Accrued staff costs	應計員工成本	1,091	1,113
Accrued audit and professional fee	應計審核及專業費	1,600	1,372
		2,691	2,485
Other payables	其他應付款項		
Other tax payables	其他應付税項	374	231
Deposits	按金	355	403
Contract liabilities (note (i))	合約負債(附註(i))	340	132
Amounts due to non-controlling interests	應付非控股權益款項(附註(ii))		
(note (ii))		7,276	-
Others	其他	1,094	761
		9,439	1,527
Total accruals and other navables	雁計百日及甘他雁付款百幽頞	12 130	1 012
Total accruals and other payables Notes:	應計項目及其他應付款項總額 附註:	12,130	4,012

- (i) The Group would collect deposits for corporate customers. Whenever the progress towards complete satisfaction or the relevant performance obligation is passed, such contract liabilities would be derecognised and the respective amount would be recognised as revenue. The balance of contract liabilities is expected to be recognised as revenue in next financial year.
- (ii) The amount represents amounts due to non-controlling interests of approximately HK\$4,017,000 and HK\$3,259,000 due to the Chengdu Partner and the Wuhan Partner (as defined in Note 35) respectively. The amounts are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.
- (i) 本集團將對企業客戶收取按金。當全面 達成或履行相關履約責任的進度獲得通 過時,有關合約負債將被取消確認,而 有關金額將確認為收益。合約負債結餘 預期於下個財政年度確認為收入。
- (ii) 該款項指應付成都合作夥伴及武漢合作 夥伴(定義見附註35)的應付非控股權益 款項分別約4,017,000港元及3,259,000 港元。該款項無抵押、免息及於要求時 償還。

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### 25. PROVISION FOR ASSET RETIREMENT

Under the terms of the tenancy agreements signed with landlords, the Group shall vacate and re-instate the leased hotel premises at the Group's cost upon expiry of the relevant tenancy agreements in 1 to 12 years (2019: 1 to 13 years). Provision is therefore made for the best estimate of the expected reinstatement costs to be incurred. Movements of provision for asset retirement are as follows:

# 25. 報廢資產復原撥備

根據與業主簽訂的租賃協議條款,本集 團須於相關租賃協議租期(一至十二年) (二零一九年:一至十三年)屆滿後由本 集團出資搬離及還原租賃酒店物業。因 此已對預期產生的還原成本以最貼近的 估計進行撥備。報廢資產復原撥備的變 動如下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	869	2,197
Provision utilised	已動用撥備	(377)	-
Reversal of provision for asset retirement	報廢資產復原撥備撥回	(103)	(1,378)
Finance cost on provision for asset	報廢資產復原撥備的融資成本		
retirement (Note 12)	(附註12)	23	74
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	32	(24)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	444	869
Less: non-current portion	減:非流動部分	(444)	(397)
Current portion	流動部分	-	472

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# 26. LEASE LIABILITIES

# 26. 租賃負債

	<b>Lease payments</b> 租賃付款		lease pa	Present value of lease payments 租賃付款現值	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	
	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Within one year 一年內	30,780	13,941	30,158	13,521	
In the second to fifth years, 第二及第五年					
inclusive(包括首尾兩年)	66,729	20,771	57,927	18,432	
After five years 五年後	139,371	19,465	89,467	12,929	
	236,880	54,177	177,552	44,882	
Less: Future finance charges 減:未來融資費用	(59,328)	(9,295)	_		
Present value of lease liabilities 租賃負債現值	177,552	44,882			
Less: Amount due for 減:十二個月內到期 settlement within 償還之款項 12 months (shown (列於流動 under current liabilities) 負債下)			(30,158)	(13,521)	
				(,	
Amount due for settlement 十二個月後到期償還					
after 12 months 之款項			147,394	31,361	
Notes:		附註:			
(a) At 31 December 2020, the incremental borrowing rate 4.2% to 9% (2019: 4.75% to 9%). Interest rates ar contract dates and thus expose the Group to fair valu risk.	e fixed at the	款利 4.759	零二零年十二月三 率介乎4.2%至9% %至9%)。利率於· 團因而承擔公平值詞	(二零一九年: 合約日期釐定,	
(b) Lease liabilities of approximately HK\$9,839 HK\$10,415,000) are related to leases with a related pa			負債約9,839,000 10,415,000港元) 9		
(c) Lease liabilities are mainly denominated in RMB.		(c) 租賃	負債大部分乃以人!	民幣計值。	

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# **27. BORROWINGS**

# 27. 借款

			Note 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
	rowings from the Controlling hareholder	來自控股股東的借款	(a)	37,026	15,000
Note	As at 31 December 2020, th approximately HK\$37,026,000 (2 Controlling Shareholder. The borrow bearing and repayable on demand.	019: HK\$15,000,000) from the		於二零二零年十二 集團擁有來自控別 為 37,026,000港元( 15,000,000港元)。借 息及按要求隨時償還	段股東之借款約 (二零一九年: 昔款為無抵押、免
(b)	During the year ended 31 Decem agreement with the Former Con to which, the Group early repair to approximately of HK\$11,906, Shareholder to settle principal amou HK\$13,800,000. At the date of re of the borrowings was approximat in the recognition of a gain on ea approximately of HK\$1,046,000.	trolling Shareholder, pursuant d RMB10,680,000 (equivalent 000) to the Former Controlling nt of borrowings of approximately epayment, the carrying amount tely of HK\$12,952,000 resulting	( -	截至二零一九年十二 度,本集團與前控服 根據該協議,本集 10,680,000元(相等 港元),償還前控股 13,800,000港元。於 賬面值約為12,952,00 提早償還借款收益約1	股股東簽訂協議, 團提早以人民幣 耐約11,906,000 股東借款本金約 還款當天,借款之 20港元,因此確認

# 28. SHARE CAPITAL

# 28. 股本

		Number of shares 股份數目	<b>Amount</b> 金額 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised: Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 (2019: HK\$0.01) each	法定: 每股面值0.01港元(二零一九年: 0.01港元)的普通股		
At 1 January 2019, 31 December 2019, 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020	於二零一九年一月一日、 二零一九年十二月三十一日、 二零二零年一月一日及 二零二零年十二月三十一日	780,000,000	7,800
Issued and fully paid: At 1 January 2019, 31 December 2019, 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020	已發行及繳足: 於二零一九年一月一日、 二零一九年十二月三十一日、 二零二零年一月一日及 二零二零年十二月三十一日	448,363,708	4,484

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### 28. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maximise the return to the shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The Group sets the amount of capital in proportion to risk. The Group manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the payment of dividends, issue new shares, buy-back shares, raise new debts, redeem existing debts or sell assets to reduce debts.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the debt-to-capital ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by capital. Net debt is calculated as total debts less cash and cash equivalents. Capital comprises all components of equity (i.e. share capital, share premium and other reserves).

The gearing ratio at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

# 28. 股本(續)

本集團資本管理的目標是保障本集團能 持續經營,並通過優化資本負債比率給 予股東最大回報。

本集團按比例設定風險資本金額。本集 團管理其資本結構,並因應經濟狀況及 相關資產風險特徵的變化而調整。為了 維持或調整資本結構,本集團可能會調 整股息支付,發行新股份,回購股份, 融入新債,贖回現有債務或出售資產以 減少債務。

本集團根據負債與資本比率來監管資本。該比率為負債淨額除以資本所得。 負債淨額乃按借貸總額減現金及現金等 價物計算。資本由全部權益(即股本、股 份溢價及其他儲備)組成。

於報告期末的資產負債比率如下:

		<b>2020</b> 二零二零年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Debt (note) Cash and cash equivalents	債項(附註) 現金及現金等價物	221,854 (19,969)	59,882 (11,201)
Net debt	債項淨額	201,885	48,681
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益	7,073	3,849
Net debt to equity ratio	債項淨額與權益之比率	2,854%	1,265%

Note: Debt includes borrowings, lease liabilities and amounts due to non-controlling interests included in trade and other payables.

附註:債項包括借款、租賃負債及計入應付賬 款及其他應付款項的應付非控股權益款 項。

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# 29. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF 29. 本公司財務狀況表 THE COMPANY

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資	4,730	4,730
Rental deposits	租賃按金	1,416	1,394
Prepayments	預付款項	104	145
		6,250	6,269
Current assets	流動資產	407	0.45
Prepayments and other deposit	預付款項及其他按金	437	315
Rental deposits Bank and cash balances	租賃按金 銀行及現金結餘	1,394 196	- 123
Bank and cash balances	蛓11 X 况 並 紀 跡	190	123
		2,027	438
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	13,320	11,984
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	1,541	1,390
Borrowings	借款	22,767	15,000
		27 609	00.074
		37,628	28,374
Net current liabilities	淨流動負債	(35,601)	(27,936)
Net liabilities	負債淨值	(29,351)	(21 667)
		(29,331)	(21,667)
Equity	權益		
Share capital	股本	4,484	4,484
Reserves	儲備	(33,835)	(26,151)
Total deficit	虧絀總額	(29,351)	(21,667)

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 27 February 2021 and are signed on its behalf by: 於二零二一年二月二十七日獲董事會批 准及授權刊發並由以下董事代表簽署:

Yuan Fuer 袁富兒 Director 董事 Chung Tin Yan 鍾天昕 Director 董事

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### **30. RESERVES**

#### (a) The Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and movements therein are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and consolidated statement of changes in equity.

#### (b) The Company

### 30. 儲備

#### (a) 本集團

本集團儲備的金額及變動乃於綜合 損益及其他全面收入表以及綜合權 益變動表中列示。

#### (b) 本公司

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Shareholder's contributions 股東注資 HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2019 Total comprehensive loss	於二零一九年一月一日 年內全面虧損總額	261,579	3,550	(276,046)	(10,917)
for the year		-	-	(15,234)	(15,234)
At 31 December 2019 and at 1 January 2020	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日及			()	
Total comprehensive loss for the year	二零二零年一月一日 年內全面虧損總額	261,579 –	3,550 –	(291,280) (7,684)	(26,151) (7,684)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	261,579	3,550	(298,964)	(33,835)

# **31. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

31. 或然負債

The Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities for both years 31 December 2020 and 2019.

截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日止兩個年度,本集團並無任何 重大或然負債。

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# **32. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

32. 資本承擔

	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Capital expenditure in respect of acquisition 已訂約但未於綜合財務報表 of property, plant and equipment 撥備的收購物業、 contracted for but not provided in the 廠房及設備資本開支 consolidated financial statements	12,002	32

# 33. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 33. 重大關聯方交易

In addition to those related party transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with its related parties during the year.

除綜合財務報表其他內容披露之關聯方 交易及結餘外,本集團於年內有以下關 聯方交易。

#### (a) Key management compensation

(a) 主要管理人員補償

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, wages and allowance Pension obligations	薪金、工資及津貼 退休金責任	900 18	938 18
		918	956

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# 33. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 33. 重大關聯方交易(續)

(Continued)

- (b) The Group had the following significant transactions with the related party during the year:
- (b) 本集團於年內有以下重大關聯 方交易:

費使用。

	Notes 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Repayment of borrowings to the former controlling shareholder Accommodation operations and provision of accommodation facilities management services and provision of accommodation	<sup>▶</sup> 運及 1服務	-	11,906
consultation revenue from related parties Rental expenses charged by   一名關聯方收取的租		9,311	3,512
a related party Notes: (i) Mr. Yuan has control over the related parties.		1,349 附註: () 袁先生擁有對問	<u>2,605</u> 關聯方的控制權。
<ul><li>(ii) A related party, controlled by Mr. Yuan, provides an office certain subsidiaries free of charge during the year.</li></ul>	for		a袁先生擁有)於年 予某些附屬公司免

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# 33. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 33. 重大關聯方交易(續)

(Continued)

- (c) The Group had the following balances with the related party during the year:
- (c) 本集團於年內與關聯方有以下 結餘:

		Note 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Other payables to related parties	其他應付關聯方款項	(i)	281	149

Note:

- (i) Mr. Yuan has control over the related parties. The balances arose from the utilities and other operating expenses paid on behalf of the Group by the related parties, for which they should be reimbursed by the Group.
- (d) As 31 December 2020, the Controlling Shareholder had made available a credit facility up to the amount of HK\$350,000,000 (2019: HK\$350,000,000) to the Group on normal commercial terms or better to the Group. The borrowings drawn under the Controlling Shareholder's credit facility shall be repayable on the date as set out in the individual borrowing agreements and are interest-free and unsecured. The Group may request for drawdown at any time prior to 7 August 2022. As at 31 December 2020, credit facility of amount of approximately HK\$312,974,000 (2019: HK\$335,000,000) is available for use.

附註:

- (i) 袁先生擁有對關聯方的控制權。 結餘來自應由本集團向關聯方補 償的關聯方代表本集團支付的公 用設施及其他營運支出。
- (d) 於二零二零年十二月三十一日,控股股東按一般商業條款或更有利於本集團的條款向本集團提供金額最多350,000,000港元(二零一九年:350,000,000港元)的信貸融資額度,根據控股股東信貸額度所提取的借款按各借款協議訂立還款日期還款並且是免息及無抵押的,可由本集團於二零二二年八月七日前隨時要求提取。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,尚餘約312,974,000港元(二零一九年:335,000,000港元)的信貸融資額度可用。

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## 34. CHANGES IN LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

# 34. 融資活動產生的負債變動

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities. 下表詳盡載列本集團融資活動產生的負 債變動,包括現金及非現金變動。融資 活動產生的負債指現金流量已歸類入或 未來現金流量將會歸類入本集團綜合現 金流量表作為融資活動產生的現金流量 部分。

		Amounts due to non-controlling interests 應付非控股	Lease liabilities	Borrowings	Total liabilities from financing activities 融資活動 產生的
		權益款項	租賃負債	借款	負債總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	-	46,573	21,861	68,434
Change in cash flows	現金流量變動	-	(16,096)	(6,906)	(23,002)
Non-cash changes	非現金變動	-			
- Interest charged	一利息支出	-	2,461	1,091	3,552
- Additions of lease liabilities	一租賃負債增加	_	428	_	428
<ul> <li>Modifications of lease liabilities</li> <li>Gain on early repayment</li> </ul>	-租賃負債修改 -提早償還借款之收益	-	12,588	-	12,588
of borrowings		-	-	(1,046)	(1,046)
- Exchange realignments	一匯兑調整	-	(1,072)	-	(1,072)
At 31 December 2019 and at 1 January 2020	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日及 於二零二零年一月一日	-	44,882	15,000	59,882
Change in cash flows Non-cash changes	現金流量變動 非現金變動	6,884	(12,789)	21,260	15,355
- Interest charged	-利息支出	-	5,482	-	5,482
- Additions of lease liabilities	- 租賃負債增加	-	129,725	-	129,725
- COVID-19-related rent concession	-COVID-19相關租賃寬免	-	(1,219)	-	(1,219)
- Exchange realignments	一匯兑調整	392	11,471	766	12,629
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年				
	十二月三十一日	7,276	177,552	37,026	221,854

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# 35. PARTICULARS OF THE SUBSIDIARIES

35. 附屬公司詳情

Particulars of the subsidiaries as at 31 December 2020 are as follows:

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,附屬公 司之詳情如下:

	Place of incorporation/ registration and	Issued and fully paid/ registered	Percentage of ownership	Principal
Company name	<b>operation</b> 註冊成立/	<b>capital</b> 已發行及	interest 擁有人	activities
公司名稱	註冊及經營地點	已繳足/註冊資本	權益百分比	主要業務
Huizhou Hazens East Resort Travel Services Limited	The PRC	RMB1,000,000	100% (indirect)	Accommodation operations and provision of accommodation facilities management services
惠州合正東部灣旅遊服務有限公司	中國	人民幣1,000,000元	100%(間接)	住宿營運及提供宿舍設施管理服務
Shenzhen Yingde Tourists Co., Ltd.*	The PRC	HK\$8,000,000	100% (indirect)	Accommodation operations and provision of accommodation facilities management services
深圳盈的旅業有限公司*	中國	8,000,000港元	100%(間接)	住宿營運及提供宿舍設施管理服務
Shenzhen Modern Tourists Co., Ltd.*	The PRC	HK\$1,000,000	100% (indirect)	Accommodation operations and provision of accommodation facilities management services
深圳摩登旅業管理有限公司*	中國	1,000,000港元	100%(間接)	住宿營運及提供宿舍設施管理服務
Legend Strategy Corporate Management (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.*	The PRC	HK\$5,000,000	100% (indirect)	Provision of accommodation consultations services
朸濬企業管理(深圳)有限公司*	中國	5,000,000港元	100%(間接)	提供住宿諮詢服務
Grand China Industrial Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1 ordinary share	100% (indirect)	Cost centre
中國實業有限公司	香港	1港元 普通股	100%(間接)	成本中心
Net Media Finance Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$20,000,000 ordinary shares	100% (indirect)	Provision of accommodation consultations services
網信傳媒財務香港有限公司	香港	20,000,000港元 普通股	100%(間接)	提供住宿諮詢服務

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## 35. PARTICULARS OF THE SUBSIDIARIES

(Continued)

Particulars of the subsidiaries as at 31 December 2020 are as follows: *(Continued)* 

# 35. 附屬公司詳情(續)

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,附屬公司之詳情如下:(續)

Company name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operation 註冊成立/	Issued and fully paid/ registered capital 已發行及	Percentage of ownership interest 擁有人	Principal activities
公司名稱	註冊及經營地點	已繳足/註冊資本	權益百分比	主要業務
Chengdu Legend Strategy Hotel Management Company Limited <sup>#</sup> ("Chengdu LS") (note)	The PRC	RMB500,000	51% (indirect)	Accommodation operations and provision of accommodation facilities management services
成都力之浚酒店管理有限公司# (「成都力之浚」)(附註)	中國	人民幣500,000元	51%(間接)	住宿營運及提供宿舍設施管理服務
Wuhan Legend Strategy Hotel Management Company Limited <sup>#</sup> ("Wuhan LS") (note)	The PRC	RMB500,000	51% (indirect)	Accommodation operations and provision of accommodation facilities management services
武漢朸浚酒店管理有限公司 (「武漢朸浚」)(附註)	中國	人民幣500,000元	51%(間接)	住宿營運及提供宿舍設施管理服務
* Wholly owned Foreign Ente	rprise		* 外商獨	資企業
# Partially owned Foreign Ent	erprise		# 外商合	資企業
Note: Chengdu LS and Wuhan I Group because the Group voting rights since the date right to appoint three out o Chengdu LS and Wuhan I voting interests to direct th Wuhan LS and therefore has LS.	o has held 51% for bo of incorporation. The G f five directors of the bo _S. The Group has a s ne relevant activities of	th ownership and iroup also have the pard of directors of sufficient dominant Chengdu LS and	附 期 起 持 團 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二	之浚及武漢朸浚被視為本集團的 司,原因為本集團自註冊成立日 有擁有權及投票權的51%權益。 亦有權委任成都力之浚及武漢朸 會五名董事中的三名董事。本集 足夠的主導投票權益,以指導成 浚及武漢朸浚的相關活動,因此 都力之浚及武漢朸浚的控制權。
The above table lists the subs opinion of the directors of the results or assets of the Group would, in the opinion of the particulars of excessive length	e Company, princip b. To give details of o directors of the Cor	ally affected the other subsidiaries	或資產有主 本公司董事	公司董事認為對本集團業績 要影響的本公司附屬公司。 認為,若提供其他附屬公司 會導致資料過於冗長。

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the year.

概無附屬公司於本年度末發行任何債務 證券。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

# **35. PARTICULARS OF THE SUBSIDIARIES**

### (Continued)

The table below shows details of non-wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Group that have material non-controlling interests:

# 35. 附屬公司詳情(續)

下表列示本集團並無重大非控股權益的 非全資附屬公司詳情:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation and principal place of business 註冊成立地點 及主要營業地點	Proportion of ownership interests and voting rights held by non-controlling interests 非控股權益所持 所有權權益及投票權比例		inter 非控服	ontrolling	Accumulat non-cor inter 非控股權益	ntrolling rests
		2020 二零二零年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Chengdu LS 成都力之浚	The PRC 中國	49%	N/A 不適用	(2,784)	-	(2,784)	-
Wuhan LS 武漢朸浚	The PRC 中國	49%	N/A 不適用	(1,949)	-	(1,949)	-
Individual immaterial subsidiaries with non-controlling interests 持有非控股權益的個人非重大 附屬公司						(286)	(223)
						(5,019)	(223)

# Information on non-wholly-owned subsidiaries with material non-controlling interests

Summarised financial information in respect of each of the Group's subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amount before intragroup elimination.

### 有關擁有重大非控股權益的非全資附 屬公司資料

有關本集團擁有重大非控股權益的各附 屬公司之財務資料概要載列如下。以下 財務資料概要呈列集團內對銷前之金額。

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# 35. PARTICULARS OF THE SUBSIDIARIES

**35. 附屬公司詳情**(續)

(Continued)

Chengdu LS

成都力之浚

		<b>2020</b> 二零二零年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元
Current assets	流動資產	194
Non-current assets	非流動資產	69,128
Current liabilities	流動負債	23,616
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	51,388
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益	(2,898)
Equity attributable to non-controlling interests	非控股權益應佔權益	(2,784)

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## **35. PARTICULARS OF THE SUBSIDIARIES**

(Continued)

### Chengdu LS (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2020, Chengdu LS had not yet commenced business. Chengdu LS had no revenue and approximately HK\$5,376,000 as expenses and recorded approximately HK\$5,376,000 loss for the year, of which the loss attributable to owners of the Company and loss attributable to non-controlling interest of Chengdu LS were HK\$2,742,000 and HK\$2,634,000 respectively. Total comprehensive loss was approximately HK\$5,682,000, of which total comprehensive loss attributable to owners of the Company and total comprehensive loss attributable to non-controlling interest of Chengdu LS were HK\$2,896,000 and HK\$2,784,000 respectively.

Chengdu LS had net cash outflow from operating activities, net cash outflow from investing activities, net cash inflow from financing activities and net cash inflow were approximately of HK\$1,087,000, HK\$14,073,000, HK\$15,284,000 and HK\$124,000 respectively during the year ended 31 December 2020.

### Priority distribution amount

From the date of commencement of business of the Chengdu LS to the expiry of the Chengdu Tenancy Agreement (the "Chengdu Priority Period"), 深圳朸浚酒店管理有限公司 (Shenzhen Legend Strategy Hotel Management Company Limited) (the "Shenzhen LS"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, shall, subject to the laws in the PRC, have priority over 廖子涵 (Ms. Liao Zihan) (the "Chengdu Partner") in respect of distribution from the amount (the "Chengdu Distributable Amount") of profit after tax (after offsetting accumulated losses and contribution to statutory reserve) and adding back non-cash items including depreciation and amortisation charges of Chengdu LS, which on average, is based on around 12% of the proportionate capital commitment (in form of share capital, if paid up, and aforesaid shareholders' loans) to be provided by Shenzhen LS (the "Chengdu Priority Period.

## 35. 附屬公司詳情(續)

### 成都力之浚(續)

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度,成都力之浚尚未開展業務。成都力 之浚於年內並無收益及約5,376,000港 元作為開支,並錄得虧損約5,376,000 港元,其中本公司擁有人應佔虧損及成 都力之浚非控股權益應佔虧損分別為 2,742,000港元及2,634,000港元。全面 虧損總額約為5,682,000港元,其中本公 司擁有人應佔全面虧損總額及成都力之 浚非控股權益應佔全面虧損總額分別為 2,896,000港元及2,784,000港元。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度,成都力之浚的經營活動現金流出淨 額、投資活動現金流出淨額、融資活動 現金流入淨額及現金流入淨額分別約 為1,087,000港元、14,073,000港元、 15,284,000港元及124,000港元。

### 優先分派金額

於成都力之浚開業日期至成都租賃協議 屆滿期間(「成都優先期」),本公司間接 全資附屬公司深圳朸浚酒店管理有限公 司(「深圳朸浚」)將根據中國法律較廖子 涵(「廖子涵女士」)(「成都合作夥伴」)優 先獲分派成都力之浚的除税後溢利(經抵 銷累計虧損及向法定儲備的供款)的金額 (「成都可分派金額」),並加回非現金項 目(包括折舊及攤銷費用),平均而言乃 基於深圳朸浚於成都優先期每12個月期 間所提供按比例計算的資本承擔(以股本 (如已繳足)及上述股東貸款的形式)約 12%(「成都優先金額」)計算。

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### **35. PARTICULARS OF THE SUBSIDIARIES**

(Continued)

### Chengdu LS (Continued)

#### Priority distribution amount (Continued)

If the Chengdu Distributable Amount exceeds 24% of the total capital commitment of Chengdu LS, parties shall share the Chengdu Distributable Amount (other than those amounts which will firstly be distributed to Shenzhen LS and Chengdu Partner under the aforesaid arrangement) according to their respective interests in Chengdu LS. The aforesaid benchmarks of 12% and 24%, and accordingly the actual Chengdu Priority Amount for a particular 12 month period (the "Chengdu Account Period") (starting from the business commencement date of Chengdu Hotel) may vary in different stages of Chengdu Hotel depending on its renovation period, ramp-up period etc. The average Chengdu Priority Amount of 12% is determined by the Company after considering the market return rate of companies engaging in hotel business and expected return from its investment in the Chenadu Hotel. Both parties shall continue to be entitled to the relevant Chengdu Distributable Amount, if not distributed, pursuant to the Chengdu Agreement and the articles of Chengdu LS.

The determination of the Chengdu Distributable Amount will be on a standalone basis for each Chengdu Account Period. Nevertheless, if Chengdu LS records accumulated losses and/or is subject to mandatory contribution to its statutory surplus, profit after tax of Chengdu LS for the relevant Chengdu Account Period will first be used to offset the accumulated losses and/or make contribution to statutory surplus in order to comply with the relevant legal requirements. The balance of such profit after tax will then be made reference for determining the Chengdu Distributable Amount. Both parties agreed to determine the Chengdu Priority Amounts based on audited accounts for each Chengdu Account Period prepared by an independent auditor to be engaged by Chengdu LS.

# **35. 附屬公司詳情**(續)

### 成都力之浚(續)

### 優先分派金額(續)

倘成都可分派金額超逾成都力之浚的總 資本承擔的24%,訂約各方須按照彼等 各自於成都力之浚的權益分攤成都可分 派金額(根據上述安排將首先分派予深圳 朸浚及成都合作夥伴的該等金額除外)。 上述12%及24%基準,以及由此所得的 指定12個月期間(「成都會計期間」)(自成 都洒店業務開始之日起)的實際成都優先 金額,或會因成都酒店處於裝修期及增 長期等不同階段而有所差異。成都優先 金額平均為12%,乃由本公司經考慮從 事酒店業務的公司的市場回報率以及其 對成都酒店投資的預期回報而釐定。根 據成都協議及成都力之浚的細則,雙方 將繼續有權獲取相關成都可分派金額(如 未獲分派)。

成都可分派金額將根據各個成都會計期 間為單獨基準而釐定。然而,倘成都力 之浚錄得累計虧損及/或須向法定盈餘 作出強制性供款,成都力之浚於相關成 都會計期間的税後溢利將首先用做抵銷 累計虧損及/或供款至法定盈餘,藉此 遵守相關法律規定。屆時,有關税後溢 利的結餘將作為釐定成都可分派金額的 參考。訂約雙方同意根據成都力之浚將 予委聘的獨立核數師所編製的各成都會 計期間經審核賬目釐定成都優先金額。

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### **35. PARTICULARS OF THE SUBSIDIARIES**

(Continued)

### Chengdu LS (Continued)

#### Right of purchase

The Group is given a right to purchase (the "Chengdu Right of Purchase") all the 49% interests in Chengdu LS held by the Chengdu Partner if (i) Chengdu Partner and/or Chengdu LS cannot fulfill their obligations to Shenzhen LS in respect of the distribution of the Chengdu Priority Amount in any Chengdu Account Period (e.g. the actual Chengdu Priority Amount is less than the benchmark to be agreed for each Chengdu Account Period); or (ii) Chengdu LS records losses after tax for two consecutive Chengdu Account Periods, during the first three Chengdu Account Periods (the "Chengdu Right of Purchase Period").

The purchase price will be based on the investment costs committed by the Chengdu Partner in Chengdu LS (i.e. any paidup capital and shareholder's loans) less proportionate losses of Chengdu LS, if any, during the Chengdu Right of Purchase Period.

The Chengdu Right of Purchase is regarded as a derivative financial instruments. The directors of the Company assessed the fair value of the Chengdu Right of Purchases with reference to the valuation performed by Vincorn Consulting and Appraisal Limited ("Vincorn"), a firm of independent qualified professional valuers, which assess the fair value of the Chengdu Right of Purchase using binomial model. The amount is considered insignificant on initial recognition and as at 31 December 2020 and therefore were not recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

Further details were disclosed in the Company's circular dated 26 March 2020.

# 35. 附屬公司詳情(續)

### 成都力之浚(續)

#### 回購權

本集團獲賦予權利回購(「成都回購權」) 成都合作夥伴所持有的全部49%成都力 之浚權益,前提是(i)成都合作夥伴及/或 成都力之浚未能就任何成都會計期間分 派成都優先金額履行彼等對深圳朸浚的 責任(例如實際的成都優先金額少於就各 成都會計期間協定的基準);或(i)在首三 個成都會計期間(「成都回購期」),成都 力之浚在連續兩個成都會計期間錄得除 税後虧損。

回購價將根據成都回購期內成都合作夥 伴就成都力之浚承擔的投資成本(即任何 繳足資本及股東貸款)減成都力之浚按比 例計算的虧損(如有)計算。

成都回購權被視為衍生金融工具。本公 司董事參考獨立合資格專業估值師泓亮 諮詢及評估有限公司(「泓亮」)進行的估 值評估成都回購權的公平值,泓亮使用 二項式模式評估成都回購權的公平值。 於初步確認時及於二零二零年十二月 三十一日,該金額被視為不重大,因此 並無於綜合財務報表確認。

有關進一步詳情披露於本公司日期為二 零二零年三月二十六日之通函。

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# 35. PARTICULARS OF THE SUBSIDIARIES

**35. 附屬公司詳情**(續)

(Continued)

Wuhan LS

武漢朸浚

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets	流動資產	139
Non-current assets	非流動資產	87,334
Current liabilities	流動負債	21,830
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	69,618
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益	(2,027)
Equity attributable to non-controlling interests	非控股權益應佔權益	(1,948)

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### **35. PARTICULARS OF THE SUBSIDIARIES**

(Continued)

### Wuhan LS (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2020, Wuhan LS had not yet commenced business. Wuhan LS had no revenue and approximately HK\$3,763,000 as expenses and recorded approximately HK\$3,763,000 loss for the year, of which the loss attributable to owners of the Company and loss attributable to non-controlling interest of Wuhan LS were HK\$1,919,000 and HK\$1,844,000 respectively. Total comprehensive loss was approximately HK\$3,977,000, of which total comprehensive loss attributable to owners of the Company and total comprehensive loss attributable to non-controlling interest of Wuhan LS were HK\$2,028,000 and HK\$1,949,000 respectively.

Wuhan LS had net cash outflow from operating activities, net cash outflow from investing activities, net cash inflow from financing activities and net cash outflow were approximately of HK\$1,372,000, HK\$13,325,000, HK\$14,483,000 and HK\$214,000 respectively during the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### Priority distribution amount

From the date of commencement of business of the Wuhan LS to the expiry of the Wuhan Tenancy Agreement (the "Wuhan Priority Period"), Shenzhen LS shall, subject to the laws in the PRC, have priority over 孫太山 (Mr. Sun Taishan\*) ("Wuhan Partner") in respect of distribution from the amount (the "Wuhan Distributable Amount") of profit after tax (after offsetting accumulated losses and contribution to statutory reserve) and adding back non-cash items including depreciation and amortisation charges of Wuhan LS, which on average, is based on around 12% of the proportionate capital commitment (in form of share capital, if paid up, and aforesaid shareholders' loans) to be provided by Shenzhen Subsidiary (the "Wuhan Priority Amount") for each 12 month period over the Wuhan Priority Period.

# **35. 附屬公司詳情**(續)

### 武漢朸浚(續)

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度,武漢朸浚尚未開展業務。武漢朸浚 於年內並無收益及約3,763,000港元作為 開支,並錄得虧損約3,763,000港元,其 中本公司擁有人應佔虧損及武漢朸浚非 控股權益應佔虧損分別為1,919,000港 元及1,844,000港元。全面虧損總額約為 3,977,000港元,其中本公司擁有人應佔 全面虧損總額及武漢朸浚非控股權益應 佔全面虧損總額分別為2,028,000港元及 1,949,000港元。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度,武漢朸浚的經營活動現金流出淨 額、投資活動現金流出淨額、融資活動 現金流入淨額及現金流出淨額分別約 為1,372,000港元、13,325,000港元、 14,483,000港元及214,000港元。

#### 優先分派金額

於武漢朸浚開業日期至武漢租賃協議屆 滿期間(「武漢優先期」),深圳朸浚將根 據中國法律較孫太山(「孫太山先生」) (「武漢合作夥伴」)優先獲分派武漢朸浚 的除税後溢利(經抵銷累計虧損及向法 定儲備的供款)的金額(「武漢可分派金 額」),並加回非現金項目(包括折舊及攤 銷費用),平均而言乃基於深圳附屬公司 於武漢優先期每12個月期間所提供按比 例計算的資本承擔(以股本(如已繳足)及 上述股東貸款的形式)約12%(「武漢優先 金額」)計算。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### **35. PARTICULARS OF THE SUBSIDIARIES**

(Continued)

### Wuhan LS (Continued)

#### Priority distribution amount (Continued)

If the Wuhan Distributable Amount exceeds 24% of the total capital commitment of Wuhan LS, both parties shall share the Wuhan Distributable Amount (other than those amounts which will firstly be distributed to Shenzhen LS and Wuhan Partner under the aforesaid arrangement) according to their respective interests in Wuhan LS. The aforesaid benchmarks of 12% and 24%, and accordingly the actual Wuhan Priority Amount for a particular 12 month period (the "Wuhan Account Period") (starting from the business commencement date of Wuhan Hotel) may vary in different stages of Wuhan LS depending on its renovation period, ramp-up period etc. The average Wuhan Priority Amount of 12% is determined by the Company after considering the market return rate of companies engaging in hotel business and expected return from its investment in the Wuhan LS. Both parties shall continue to be entitled to the relevant Wuhan Distributable Amount, if not distributed, pursuant to the Wuhan Agreement and the articles of Wuhan LS.

The determination of the Wuhan Distributable Amount will be on a standalone basis for each Wuhan Account Period. Nevertheless, if Wuhan LS records accumulated losses and/or is subject to mandatory contribution to its statutory surplus, profit after tax of Wuhan LS for the relevant Wuhan Account Period will first be used to offset the accumulated losses and/or make contribution to statutory surplus in order to comply with the relevant legal requirements. The balance of such profit after tax will then be made reference for determining the Wuhan Distributable Amount. Both parties agreed to determine the Wuhan Priority Amounts based on audited accounts for each Wuhan Account Period prepared by an independent auditor to be engaged by Wuhan LS.

# 35. 附屬公司詳情(續)

### 武漢朸浚(續)

### 優先分派金額(續)

武漢可分派金額將根據各個武漢會計期 間為單獨基準而釐定。然而,倘武漢朸 浚錄得累計虧損及/或須向法定盈餘作 出強制性供款,武漢朸浚於相關武漢會 計崩間的税後溢利將首先用做抵銷累計 虧損及/或供款至法定盈餘,藉此遵守 相關法律規定。屆時,有關税後溢利的 結餘將作為釐定武漢可分派金額的參 考。訂約雙方同意根據武漢朸浚將予委 聘的獨立核數師所編製的各武漢會計期 間經審核賬目釐定武漢優先金額。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### **35. PARTICULARS OF THE SUBSIDIARIES**

(Continued)

#### Wuhan LS (Continued)

#### Right of purchase

Shenzhen LS is given a right to purchase (the "Wuhan Right of Purchase") all the 49% interests in Wuhan LS held by the Wuhan Partner if (i) Wuhan Partner and/or Wuhan LS cannot fulfill their obligations to Shenzhen LS in respect of the distribution of the Wuhan Priority Amount in any Wuhan Account Period (e.g. the actual Wuhan Priority Amount is less than the benchmark to be agreed for each Wuhan Account Period); or (ii) Wuhan LS records losses after tax for two consecutive Wuhan Account Periods, during the first three Wuhan Account Periods (the "Wuhan Right of Purchase Period").

The purchase price will be based on the investment costs committed by the Wuhan Partner in Wuhan LS (i.e. any paid-up capital and shareholder's loans) less proportionate losses of Wuhan LS, if any, during the Wuhan Right of Purchase Period.

## **36. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

These financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 27 February 2021.

# 35. 附屬公司詳情(續)

### 武漢朸浚(續)

#### 回購權

深圳朸浚獲賦予權利回購(「武漢回購 權」)武漢合作夥伴所持有的全部49%武 漢朸浚權益,前提是(I)武漢合作夥伴及/ 或武漢朸浚未能就任何武漢會計期間分 派武漢優先金額履行彼等對深圳朸浚的 責任(例如實際的武漢優先金額少於就各 武漢會計期間協定的基準);或(II)在首三 個武漢會計期間(「武漢回購期」),武漢 朸浚在連續兩個武漢會計期間錄得除税 後虧損。

回購價將根據武漢回購期內武漢合作夥 伴就武漢朸浚承擔的投資成本(即任何繳 足資本及股東貸款)減武漢朸浚按比例計 算的虧損(如有)計算。

### 36. 批准財務報表

該等財務報表由董事會於二零二一年二 月二十七日批准及授權發佈。

# Five-Year Financial Summary 五年財務概要

**Results** 

A summary of results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is as follows:

本集團過往五個財政年度的業績以及資產及負 債的概要如下:

### 業績

		<b>Year ended 31 December</b> 截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益	50,678	45,585	45,547	16,282	17,655
Profit (loss) before tax Income tax (expense) credit	除税前溢利(虧損) 所得税(開支)抵免	144 (2,605)	(8,120) (7,002)	(2,077) (3,110)	(42,570) 409	(100,490) 2,201
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(2,461)	(15,122)	(5,187)	(42,161)	(98,289)
Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	<b>以下人士應佔:</b> 本公司擁有人 非控股權益	2,063 (4,524)	(14,970) (152)	(4,378) (809)	(42,089) (72)	(98,289)
		(2,461)	(15,122)	(5,187)	(42,161)	(98,289)

### Assets, liabilities and Non-controlling interests

### 資產、負債及非控股權益

Year ended 31 December 裁否十一日二十一日止任度

			截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	
		二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年	二零一六年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
					(Restated)		
					(經重列)		
					I		
Total assets	資產總值	231,528	71,236	99,169	66,307	81,091	
Total liabilities	負債總額	(229,474)	(67,609)	(79,810)	(45,237)	(68,264)	
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	5,019	223	76	(743)	_	
		7,073	3,850	19,435	20,327	12,827	





# Legend Strategy International Holdings Group Company Limited 朸濬國際集團控股有限公司

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