



COMPANY PROFILE

公司簡介

China Financial Leasing Group Limited (Stock Code: 2312, "CFLG" or the "Company", with its subsidiaries, collectively the "Group") is an investment company. Incorporated in the Cayman Islands, the Company's shares have been listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") since October 2002.

CFLG strives to create value for its shareholders, leveraging on favourable market conditions. With strong government industry support, unique investment approach, and in-depth knowledge of the investment market, CFLG would remain highly adaptive to market conditions and would continue to look out for opportunities in potential sectors.

中國金融租賃集團有限公司(股份代號: 2312,「中國金融租賃」或「本公司」,及其附屬公司,統稱「本集團」)為一間投資公司。本公司於開曼群島註冊成立,股份自二零零二年十月起在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。

中國金融租賃致力憑藉有利的市場環境為其股東創造價值。通過政府對行業大力支持,本身獨特的投資方式以及對投資市場的深入認識,中國金融租賃始終對市場情況反應靈活,並將持續留意有潛力行業內的機會。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告

Dear Shareholders,

The board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") is pleased to present you with the 2020 Annual Report of China Financial Leasing Group Limited (the "Company"), with its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2020.

During the year of 2020, the market sentiment was affected by (i) the COVID-19 pandemic; and (ii) the unclear political environment along the world. Hang Seng Index fluctuated between 21,000 to 29,000 level, recorded a decrease of approximately 3% throughout the year of 2020.

PRC ECONOMY

The People's Republic of China's (the "PRC") economy has recorded a positive economic growth of 2.3% in 2020, compared with 6.1% in 2019, which was a rare success among major economies. The PRC government successfully handled the COVID-19 pandemic by taking vigorous action, restored the economy activities much earlier compared to other countries, and recorded a satisfying growth in the last quarter of 2020.

The COVID-19 pandemic made a huge impact to the world economy, driven down the demand of both finished and semi-finished products significantly. As a result, export of the PRC was facing tremendous pressure. On top of that, the unstable political environment along the world, especially the tension between the PRC and the Western countries created wide range of uncertainty to the PRC's economy.

In order to alleviate the external pressure on the PRC's economy, Conference of the Politburo of the Chinese Communist Party ("PCCP") held in July 2020 emphasized the importance of sustainable economic development and promote the internal cycle to achieve economic growth without bearing unexpected external risk.

董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)欣然向 閣下 呈報中國金融租賃集團有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二 零二零年十二月三十一日止年度之二零二 零年年報。

於二零二零年,市場氣氛受到(i)新型冠狀病毒疫情;及(ii)世界政治環境不明朗所影響。於二零二零年,恆生指數在21,000點至29,000點之間波動,全年錄得約3%的降幅。

中國經濟

中華人民共和國(「中國」)經濟於二零二零年錄得2.3%的正增長,而二零一九年則為6.1%,這在主要經濟體中是罕見的成功。中國政府採取有力行動,成功地應對新型冠狀病毒疫情,恢復經濟活動的時間較其他國家更早,並於二零二零年最後一個季度取得了令人滿意的增長。

新型冠狀病毒對世界經濟產生了巨大影響,極大地降低了成品及半成品的需求。 因此,中國的出口面臨著巨大的壓力。 除此之外,世界政治環境的不穩定,特 別是中國與西方國家之間的緊張關係, 給中國經濟帶來廣泛的不確定性。

為緩解中國經濟面臨的外部壓力,於二零二零年七月召開的中國共產黨中央政治局(「中共中央政治局」)會議強調了經濟可持續發展的重要性,並推動內部循環,以實現經濟增長而不承擔意外的外部風險。

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Furthermore, on the 3rd Conference of The 13th National People's Congress of the PRC, the PRC prime minister stated there will not be a target set for the PRC's gross domestic product ("GDP"), which was the first time since the PRC first defined it in 1994. Looking forward to the future, the severity of COVID-19 pandemic and the vaccination rate are expected to be important factors to the PRC's economic policy.

此外,中國總理於中國第十三屆全國人民代表大會第三次會議上表示,將不會為中國的國內生產總值(「國內生產總值」)設定目標,這是自一九九四年中國首次確定該目標以來首次。展望未來,新型冠狀病毒疫情的嚴重程度及疫苗接種率將成為影響中國經濟政策的重要因素。

UNITED STATES AND EUROPEAN ECONOMY

The real GDP growth in the United States of America (the "United States") decreased by 3.5% in 2020 compared with 2.2% increase in 2019, the rapid deceleration in real GDP growth rate primarily reflected decelerations in non-residential fixed investment and personal consumption expenditures, which was believed to be highly related to the severeness of COVID-19 pandemic in the United States. Moreover, the Federal Reserve had announced in 2020 that they will not hike the rate until a steadily inflation rate is achieved in the future in order to stimulate the economy in the United States.

The European Central Bank (the "ECB") not only continued the negative territory and debt-buying programme from 2019, but also cancelled the 750 billion Euro limit in the debt-buying programme in March 2020 in order to counter the impact brought by the COVID-19 pandemic.

The eurozone economic growth was negative 7.4%, which was much worse than the ECB expected in 2019.

美國及歐洲經濟

美利堅合眾國(「美國」)的實際國內生產總值增速於二零二零年下降3.5%,而二零一九年則增長2.2%,實際國內生產總值增長率快速下降主要反映非住宅固定投資及個人消費支出的下降,據信高度與美國嚴重的新型冠狀病毒疫情高度相關。此外,美聯儲於二零二零年宣佈,為刺激美國經濟,在未來實現穩定通脹率之前將不會加息。

歐洲中央銀行(「歐洲央行」)不僅從二零一九年起繼續實施負數範圍利率及債務購買計劃,並於二零二零年三月取消債務購買計劃7,500億歐元的限額,以應對新型冠狀病毒疫情帶來的影響。

歐元區經濟增長率為負7.4%,遠低於歐 洲央行於二零一九年的預期。

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PROSPECT

The COVID-19 pandemic is expected to be gradually passed as the vaccination rate is anticipated to increase in 2021. It is believed that vaccination rate will become an important index of the world to determine the economic growth in 2021. At the same time, central banks are expected to continue the loosen monetary policy to stimulate the economic growth and support the capital market.

Given the uncertainties and expectations on the global economy, the Group will maintain cautious management of the investment portfolio. The Group will continue to explore investment opportunities to maximize the shareholders' return.

前景

隨著二零二一年疫苗接種率的提高,新型冠狀病毒疫情有望逐漸度過。預計疫苗接種率將成為二零二一年決定世界經濟增長的重要指標。同時,預計央行將繼續實施寬鬆的貨幣政策,以刺激經濟增長及支撐資本市場。

鑒於全球經濟的不確定性及市場預期, 本集團在管理投資組合方面將保持謹慎。 本集團將繼續發掘投資機會,旨在為股 東創造最大回報。

列位股東 台照

Liu Hailong

Chairman Hong Kong, 26 March 2021

劉海龍

主席 香港,二零二一年三月二十六日

管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

During the year ended 31 December 2020, China Financial Leasing Group Limited (the "Company") with its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") was mainly engaged in short to medium term capital appreciation by investing in a diversified portfolio of investments in listed and unlisted securities.

Global economy declined severely due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Measures to encounter the transmission of the virus severely damaged the real economy activities in the world. Hang Seng Index recorded its lowest price in March 2020, which was approximately 25% lower than 2019. Although the central banks enhanced their loosening monetary policies in 2020 to support the economy, Hang Seng Index still recorded a loss of approximately 3.4% after recovery. The realised losses and unrealised gains (2019: unrealised losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") for the year ended 31 December 2020 are approximately HK\$54,067,000 (2019: HK\$23,854,000) and HK\$39,953,000 (2019: HK\$23,609,000) respectively.

During the year, the Group disposed of the entire issued share capital in Peaceful Gain Limited ("Peaceful Gain") at a cash consideration of approximately HK\$13,000,000. Peaceful Gain is holding 3% of the registered capital of 深圳聯合能源控股有限公司 through its indirect wholly-owned subsidiary. The Group recorded a gain on disposal of approximately HK\$1,206,000 with a gain of release of foreign currency translation reserve of approximately HK\$1,134,000.

業務回顧

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,中國金融租賃集團有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要業務為透過多元化投資組合,投資於上市及非上市證券,以獲取短中期資本升值。

由於新型冠狀病毒的疫情持續蔓延,全球經濟嚴重下滑。應對病毒傳播的措施嚴重損害世界實體經濟活動。恒生指數於二零二零年三月創最低價,較二零一九年下跌約25%。儘管各國央行於二零年加強了寬鬆貨幣政策以支持經濟復駐後仍錄得約3.4%的跌幅。截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,透過損益按公平值計算(「透過頻益按公平值計算」)之財務資產之已變現虧損及未變現收益(二零一九年:23,854,000港元)及39,953,000港元(二零一九年:23,609,000港元)。

年內,本集團以現金代價約13,000,000港元出售利和有限公司(「利和」)的全部已發行股本。利和通過其間接全資附屬公司持有深圳聯合能源控股有限公司註冊資本的3%。本集團錄得出售收益約1,206,000港元,包含解除外幣換算儲備收益約1,134,000港元。

管理層討論及分析

OUTLOOK

The International Monetary Fund revised up the global growth for 2021 from 5.2% to 5.5%, the upward revision reflects expectations of a vaccine-powered strengthening of activity later in the year and additional policy support in a few large economies. The global growth would be dependent on access to medical interventions, effectiveness of policy support, exposure to cross-country spillovers, and structural characteristics entering the crisis. Since Hong Kong market is expected to remain volatile in 2021, the Group will remain cautious on the stock market and the global market environment. The Group will monitor the market movement closely and explore investment opportunities in order to enhance the investment return for shareholders of the Company.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

As at 31 December 2020, the carrying value of the Group's listed equity investments was approximately HK\$74,514,000 (2019: HK\$68,867,000) while carrying value of the Group's unlisted equity investment was nil (2019: HK\$12,270,000).

The Group recorded sales proceeds from disposals of trading listed equity securities of approximately HK\$65,477,000 (2019: HK\$90,860,000) for the year ended 31 December 2020. The realised losses and unrealised gains (2019: unrealised losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2020 were approximately HK\$54,067,000 (2019: HK\$23,854,000) and HK\$39,953,000 (2019: HK\$23,609,000) respectively. Loss for the year was approximately HK\$19,807,000 (2019: HK\$65,683,000) which was mainly attributable to the operating expenses and equity investments losses. During the year, the deposit received from the yacht buyer of HK\$2,550,000 was forfeited and recognised as other income by the Group.

展望

財務回顧

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團上市股本投資之賬面值約為74,514,000港元(二零一九年:68,867,000港元)及本集團非上市股本投資之賬面值約為零(二零一九年:12,270,000港元)。

本集團於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度出售上市股本證券錄得出售款項約為65,477,000港元(二零一九年:90,860,000港元)。截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,透過損益按及平值計算之財務資產之已變現虧損別分別約為54,067,000港元(二零一九年:23,609,000港元(二零一九年:23,609,000港元)。本年度之虧損約為19,807,000港元(二零一九年:65,683,000港元),虧損主要由於營運開支以及股本投資虧損所致。於年內,從遊艇買家收取的已收按金2,550,000港元予以沒收,並由本集團確認為其他收入。

管理層討論及分析

EQUITY INVESTMENTS

As at 31 December 2020, the Group held financial assets at FVTPL of approximately HK\$74,514,000. Listed below are the particulars of the Group's major listed and unlisted equity securities:

股本投資

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團持有透過損益按公平值計算之財務資產約為74,514,000港元。本集團之主要上市及非上市股本證券載列如下:

	As at 31 December 2020 於二零二零年十二月三十一日					For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零牛十二月三十一日止年度						
Name of investees	Number of shares	Approximate percentage of interest held		Market prices	Market value/ fair value 市值/	Approximate percentage of investment attributable to the Group's net assets 本集團淨資產 應佔之投資	Dividend received	Dividend cover		Realised loss 已變現	Unrealised gain/(loss) 未變現 收益/	Fair value gain/(loss) 公平值 收益/
所投資公司名稱	股份數目 <i>('000)</i> <i>(千股)</i>	概約百分比	成本 (HK\$'000) (千港元)	市價 <i>(HK\$)</i> <i>(港元)</i>	公平值 (HK\$*000) (千港元)	概約百分比	收取之股息 (HK\$'000) (千港元)	股息比率	出售所得款項 (HK\$*000) (千港元)	虧損 (HK\$'000) (千港元)	(虧損) (HK\$'000) (千港元)	(虧損) <i>(HK\$'000)</i> <i>(千港元)</i>
Listed equity securities 上市股本證券												
(a) Hing Ming Holdings Limited (8425) ("Hing Ming") 異銘控股有限公司(8425) ([異銘])	16,464	4.12%	18,249	1.520	25,025	31.10%	-	N/A 不適用	9,747	(2,156)	8,477	6,321
(b) ISP Global Limited (8487) ("ISP") ISP Global Limited (8487) ([ISP])	11,130	1.39%	10,486	1.870	20,813	25.86%	-	N/A 不適用	6,137	(82)	11,729	11,647
(c) RMH Holdings Limited (8437) ("RMH") 德斯控股有限公司(8437) ([德斯])	24,896	4.15%	12,242	0.345	8,589	10.67%	-	N/A 不適用	1,992	(466)	6,234	5,768
(d) Miji International Holdings Limited (1715) ("Miji International") 米技國際控股有限公司(1715) (「米技國際」)	38,870	2.59%	6,362	0.190	7,385	9.18%	-	N/A 不適用	21,251	(7,556)	2,269	(5,287
(e) WAC Holdings Limited (8619) ("WAC") WAC Holdings Limited (8619) ("WAC.")	10,078	1.05%	20,168	0.345	3,477	4.32%	-	N/A 不適用	7,563	(44)	(17,446)	(17,490
(f) C&N Holdings Limited (8430) ("C&N") 春能控股有限公司(8430) (「春能」)	12,110	1.89%	5,694	0.203	2,459	3.06%	-	N/A 不適用	837	(6,216)	7,343	1,127
(g) LHN Limited (1730) ("LHN") 賢能集團有限公司(1730) (「賢能」)	1,288	Less than 1% 少於1%	1,277	1.020	1,314	1.63%	54	3.16	-	-	399	399
(h) Future Bright Mining Holdings Limited (2212) ("Future Bright Mining") 高鹏礦業控設有限公司(2212) (「高鵬礦集」)	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	-	N/A 不適用	4,524	(28,369)	19,573	(8,796)
(i) National Investments Fund Limited (†227) (*National Investments*) 國盛投資基金有限公司(†227) (「國盛投資」)	19,560	2.14%	3,550	0.044	861	1.07%	-	N/A 不適用	978	(3,137)	(2,293)	(5,430)
(j) Wan Leader International Limited (8482) ("Wan Leader") 萬點達國際有限公司(8482) (「萬點達」)	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	-	N/A 不適用	2,477	(2,276)	1,044	(1,232
Other listed investments 其他上市投資	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	5,818	N/A 不適用	4,591	5.70%	59	N/A 不適用	9,971	(3,765)	2,705	(1,060
Sub-total 小計	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	83,846	N/A 不適用	74,514	92.59%	113	N/A 不適用	65,477	(54,067)	40,034	(14,033)
Unlisted equity securities 非上市股本證券												
(k) 聯合能源 聯合能源	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用 	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用 ———	N/A 不適用 ———————————————————————————————————	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	13,000		(81)	(81
Total 總計	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	83,846	N/A 不適用	74,514	92.59%	113	N/A 不適用	78,477	(54,067)	39,953	(14,114

管理層討論及分析

The net fair value losses on listed investments and fair value loss on unlisted investment amounted to approximately HK\$14,033,000 and HK\$81,000 respectively for the year ended 31 December 2020.

For the listed investments held as at 31 December 2020, the net fair value losses attributable to realised losses and unrealised gains were approximately HK\$54,067,000 and HK\$40,034,000 respectively. For those listed investments held but were sold during the year ended 31 December 2020, the net fair value losses attributable to realised losses and unrealised gains were approximately HK\$32,498,000 and HK\$20,615,000 respectively.

For the unlisted investment held during the year, the fair value loss attributable to unrealised loss was approximately HK\$81,000.

(a) Hing Ming

The Investment Committee of the Company ("Investment Committee") noted that Hing Ming acquired additional tower cranes in order to capture the market demand of rental services of tower crane and meet the needs of customers. It retained technicians and sales person in order to support operation in the tower crane rental business and diversify Hing Ming income stream.

The Investment Committee considered that Hing Ming acquired new motors and other necessary components for replacement of old temporary suspended working platforms, which would strengthen the market position in the suspended working platform industry.

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度, 於上市及非上市投資分別約為公平值虧損 淨額14,033,000港元及公平值虧損81,000 港元。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日之所持有上市投資,已變現虧損及未變現收益所佔公平值虧損淨額分別約為54,067,000港元及40,034,000港元。而截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度所持但於期內出售之上市投資,已變現虧損及未變現收益所佔公平值虧損淨額分別約為32,498,000港元及20,615,000港元。

於年內所持有之非上市投資,未變現虧損所佔公平值虧損約為81,000港元。

(a) 興銘

本公司投資委員會(「投資委員會」)注 意到為捕捉塔式起重機租賃服務的 市場需求及滿足客戶需求,興銘購 置額外的塔式起重機,以及挽留技 術及銷售人員,以支持塔式起重機 租賃業務的營運,使其收入來源多 元化。

投資委員會認為興銘購置新的馬達 及其他所需零部件,以更換舊的臨 時吊船,鞏固興銘於吊船行業的市 場地位。

管理層討論及分析

(b) ISP

The Investment Committee noted that the revenue of ISP decreased because there were less projects being awarded to the Group in the integrated sales of sound and communication segment.

The Investment Committee considered that ISP accepted more maintenance and other service contracts for sound and communications system solutions as part of the effort to maintain direct stakeholder relationships with institutions in the healthcare and education sectors. It intended to strengthen the team by employing technical expertise to remail innovative in the integrated systems solutions.

(c) RMH

The Investment Committee noted that the revenue of RMH decreased mainly due to the outbreak of COVID-19 infection in Singapore and worldwide leading to the implementation of various travel restriction and social distancing measures in Singapore posing operational challenges for clinics, the number of patient visits was decreased.

The Investment Committee considered that RMH started operation at both the specialist and aesthetic centre in Hong Kong with encouraging initial result. It incorporated unique feature of immediate and sustained protection from the COVID-19 virus. This has contributed the revenue and mitigated the drop in revenue at clinics due to the restriction imposed by the circuit breaker period.

(b) ISP

投資委員會注意到ISP收入減少主要由於音響及通訊分部綜合服務中獲授的項目減少所致。

投資委員會認為ISP已接獲更多音響及通訊系統解決方案維護及其他服務合約,致力維持與醫療及教育行業機構的直接持份者關係。ISP計劃通過聘請工程師加強我們的團隊實力,以便提供創新的集成系統解決方案。

(c) 德斯

投資委員會注意到德斯收益減少主 要由於新加坡及全球爆發新型冠狀 病毒感染,導致新加坡實施多種旅 行限制及保持社交距離措施,這對 診所的營運構成挑戰,求診患者人 數減少。

投資委員會認為德斯於香港的專 科及美容中心開始營運,初步業績 令人鼓舞。該產品融合了對新型冠 狀病毒的即時及持續保護的獨特功 能。這貢獻了收益,並減輕了由於 阻斷措施期間所實施的限制而導致 診所收益的下跌。

管理層討論及分析

(d) Miji International

The Investment Committee noted that Miji International reduced the adverse impact of COVID-19 and stimulated its sales performance. The close down of non-profitable consignment stores upon expiry of lease, the delay of opening new consignment stores, the offer of more attractive incentivized to its customers and the increase in the number of product exhibited and other marketing evented to enhance the recognition of its brands and products.

The Investment Committee considered that it would take time for the consumers to regain confidence and the retail industry to fully recover. Miji International would remain prudent on business development and continued to implement appropriate measures to improve its sales performance. It would carefully study the needs and preference of consumers and offered a wider range of products and services.

(e) WAC

The Investment Committee noted that the revenue of the WAC increased which was mainly due to the increase in revenue contribution from structural and geotechnical engineering consultancy service of construction of new properties and e-commerce retail online platform.

The Investment Committee considered that WAC was focusing on developing business opportunities from existing clients and was looking for increasing the types of consultancy services to be provided to various clients. WAC will continually expand its market share by securing more engineering consultancy service contracts.

(f) C&N

The Investment Committee noted that the revenue of the C&N decreased, the decrease was mainly attributable to the declining global trade economy with the emergence of COVID-19, which greatly decreased trading volume and closure of ports around the world, it affected the performance of C&N.

(d) 米技國際

投資委員會注意到米技國際降低新型冠狀病毒的不利影響並刺激其銷售表現。關閉租約到期的不盈利代銷店、延遲新代銷店開業、向客戶提供更具吸引力的待遇及優惠以及增加產品展覽及其他市場推廣活動的次數,以提升其產品及品牌的認知度。

投資委員會認為,消費者恢復信心 及零售業完全恢復仍需時日。米技 國際將繼續審慎發展業務,及繼 續實施適當措施改善銷售表現。米 技國際將仔細研究消費者需求及偏 好,並提供更加廣泛的產品及服 務。

(e) WAC

投資委員會注意到WAC收益增加主要由於興建新物業及電子商務零售在線平台的結構及岩土工程顧問服務的收益貢獻增加所致。

投資委員會認為WAC專注於自現有客戶發現商機,並正尋求增加將提供予各種客戶的顧問服務類型。 WAC會繼續爭取更多工程顧問服務 合約,以擴大市場份額。

(f) 春能

投資委員會注意到春能收益減少, 該減少主要由於新型冠狀病毒的出 現導致全球貿易經濟下降,從而使 貿易量顯著減少並使世界各地港口 關閉,影響了春能的業績。

管理層討論及分析

The Investment Committee considered that C&N continued to strive towards providing customers with timely delivery an storage of their containers, and increased service capacity through the acquisition of new vehicles and enhanced overall competitiveness and market share in Singapore.

投資委員會認為春能繼續努力為客戶提供及時運送及儲存集裝箱服務,通過購買新車輛增加服務能力,加強整體競爭力及擴大於新加坡的市場份額。

(g) LHN

The Investment Committee noted that the increase in the revenue of LHN was mainly due to the increase in revenue from the residential properties under the space optimisation business, as well as the facilities management business.

The Investment Committee considered that taking into consideration the challenges affecting the overall operating environment as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic worldwide and fresh hopes of a gradual economic recovery in the coming year due to the news of COVID-19 vaccines reaching new milestones, LHN continued to focus on its efforts to acquire new and retained existing customers, it had business presence in while cautiously exploring new opportunities to expand its current business offerings.

(h) Future Bright Mining

The Investment Committee noted that the increase in the revenue of Future Bright Mining was mainly due to the exploration of new customers during the period. However, due to the outbreak of COVLD-19, both production work and delivery of marble blocks were temporarily suspended in the first few months. As a result, the revenue for the period was adversely affected.

The Investment Committee considered that Future Bright Mining was actively exploring new customers by different ways including through the network of the senior management, it would increase product varieties and recognition through industry exchanges, it expected the business would have a stable growth in the coming years.

(g) 賢能

投資委員會注意到賢能收益增加主 要由於間優化業務項下住宅物業及 設施管理業務的收益增加所致。

投資委員會認經考慮全球新型冠狀 病毒疫情帶來的影響整體經營環 的挑戰,以及新型冠狀病毒疫苗取 得新進展的新聞所帶來的經濟 在逐步復甦的新希望,賢能繼有在 注於努力取得新客戶及留住現 戶,在保持業務存在的同時 物色新機遇,以擴展其現有業務。

(h) 高鵬礦業

投資委員會注意到高鵬礦業收入增加主要由於期間內發掘新客戶。然而由於新型冠狀病毒爆發,大理石荒料的生產工作及交付於首幾個月內暫時停止。因此本期間內收入受到不利影響。

投資委員會認為高鵬礦業通過高級 管理層網絡等不同方式積極開拓新 客,以及透過行業交流增加產品種 類及知名度,預計業務將於未來幾 年穩定增長。

管理層討論及分析

(i) National Investments

The Investment Committee noted that the loss of National Investments decreased which was mainly due to the decrease in loss on change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and it had successfully implemented the cost control plans during the period.

On 19 March 2020, National Investments received a winding up petition from an individual on the ground that National Investments was unable to pay its debts. On 8 February 2021, National Investments was ordered to be wound up by the High Court of Hong Kong pursuant to the provisions of the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Chapter 32, Laws of Hong Kong). On the same date, trading in National Investments' shares has been suspended. The Investment Committee will monitor the update information published by National Investments.

(j) Wan Leader

The Investment Committee noted that the increase of the revenue of Wan Leader was mainly due to (i) the security screening services brought in additional revenue; (ii) the increase in the overall selling prices of air cargo spaces, which resulted from the limited supply of air cargo spaces, coupled with surging demand from customers.

The Investment Committee considered that benefiting from the opportunities of the increased demand in air cargo space amid the COVID-19 pandemic, it successfully secured air spaces at compatible prices for its customers. It's extensive network of airlines and other forwarders was able to meet the demands of its customers, and strengthen its competitiveness in the logistics industry.

(k) 聯合能源

The Investment Committee decided to dispose the investment of 聯合能源 during the year and seek for other potential investment opportunities.

(i) 國盛投資

投資委員會注意到國盛投資虧損減 少主要由於透過損益按公平值計算 之財務資產的公平值變動的虧損減 少以及成功實施成本控制計劃所 致。

於二零二零年三月十九日,國盛投 資接獲一名個人提出的清盤呈請。 國盛投資可能因無力償還債務。 二零二一年二月八日,香港高文)院 根據《公司(清盤及雜項條文)的規定,下 國盛投資進行清盤。於同日 對國盛投資進行清盤。於同日 對國盛投資的股票交易被暫停。投 員會將監察國盛投資發佈的最新信息。

(j) 萬勵達

投資委員會注意到萬勵達收益增加主要由於(i)安檢服務帶來額外收入: (ii)空運艙位的供應有限加上客戶需求大幅上升導致空運艙位的整體售價上升。

投資委員會認為萬勵達受惠於新型 冠狀病毒疫情期間空運艙位需求殷 切的機會,成功幫助客戶以適宜的 價格取得空運艙位。萬勵達與航空 公司及其他貨運代理的廣泛網絡能 夠滿足客戶需求,以增強其於物流 行業的競爭力。

(k) 聯合能源

投資委員會於年內決定出售聯合能 源之投資並尋求其他潛在投資機 會。

管理層討論及分析

LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND FUNDING

As at 31 December 2020, the Group maintained cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$120,000 (2019: HK\$862,000) which were mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars. The Group will monitor the exposure and take prudent measures when necessary.

As at 31 December 2020, the gearing ratio for the Group was 5.36% (2019: 17.24%) which represents the ratio of the Group's total interest-bearing liabilities to the total equity of the Group.

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had net assets of approximately HK\$80,477,000 (2019: HK\$69,214,000). Except for the margin payable of approximately HK\$2,666,000 (2019: HK\$11,934,000) and borrowings of approximately HK\$1,650,000 (2019: Nil), the Group had no other borrowings or long-term liabilities as at 31 December 2020.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at 31 December 2020, the Company's total issued shares was 1,927,649,882 (2019: 1,606,649,882) of HK\$0.02 each. The Group had no debt securities or other capital instruments as at 31 December 2020.

On 30 December 2019, the Company entered into a placing agreement with Orient Securities Limited ("Orient") as placing agent where Orient agreed to place on a best effort basis a maximum of 321,000,000 new shares of the Company ("Placing Share") of HK\$0.02 each at HK\$0.1 per Placing Share to at least six placees who were professional investors according to the definition of the Securities and Futures Ordinance. The intended and actual use of proceeds from the share placement was for general working capital of the Company and potential investments to be identified. The placing transaction was completed on 23 January 2020 and a total of 321,000,000 shares were issued. The gross and net proceeds were approximately HK\$32,100,000 and HK\$31,137,000 respectively. The net price was approximately HK\$0.097 per Placing Share.

流動資金、財務資源及資金

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團維持現金及現金等值項目約為120,000港元(二零一九年:862,000港元),主要以港元計值。本集團將監察有關風險,並於有需要時採取審慎措施。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團 之資產負債比率(即本集團總計息負債 對本集團總權益)為5.36%(二零一九年: 17.24%)。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團擁有淨資產約為80,477,000港元(二零一九年:69,214,000港元),除應付保證金約為2,666,000港元(二零一九年:11,934,000港元)及借貸約為1,650,000港元外(二零一九年:無),本集團於二零二零年十二月三十一日並無其他借貸或長期負債。

資本架構

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本公司已發行股份總數為1,927,649,882股(二零一九年:1,606,649,882股),每股面值0.02港元。本集團於二零二零年十二月三十一日概無債務證券或其他資本工具。

於二零一九年十二月三十日,本公司與東方滙財證券有限公司(「東方滙財」)(作為配售代理)訂立一項配售協議,據此,東方滙財同意盡力以每股配售股份0.1港元配售最多321,000,000股每股面值0.02港元之本公司新股份(「配售股份」)予不少於公司新股份(「配售股份」)予不少於及期貨條例))。股份配售所得款項之潛在投資。配售交易已於定及實際用途為本公司的一般營運資と及實際用途為本公司的一般營運資と及實際用途為本公司的一般營運資と於五零二零年一月二十三日完成及合共發行321,000,000股股份。所得款項總額及淨額分別約為32,100,000港元及31,137,000港元。每股配售股份淨價約為0.097港元。

管理層討論及分析

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The realised gains and unrealised losses on financial assets at FVTPL from changes in fair value on financial assets at FVTPL held as at 31 December 2020 to the date of approval of this Annual Report were amounted to approximately HK\$89,000 and HK\$12,568,000 respectively.

Except for above mentioned, there were no material events occurred after the financial report date.

MATERIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

- (a) On 9 October 2020, the Group disposed of the entire issued share capital in China Financial Leasing Investments Limited at a cash consideration of approximately HK\$569,000.
- (b) On 15 September 2020, the Company entered into a share transfer agreement with an independent third party (the "Purchaser") to dispose of the entire issued share capital in Peaceful Gain at a cash consideration of approximately HK\$13,000,000 of which an amount of approximately HK\$9,000,000 shall be settled on or before 31 December 2020 and the remaining balance of approximately HK\$4,000,000 shall be settled on or before 30 June 2021.

On 31 December 2020, the Company entered into a supplementary agreement with the Purchaser to agree that the whole consideration of HK\$13,000,000 shall be settled on or before 30 April 2021. If the Purchaser is unable to settle the consideration on or before 30 April 2021, an independent guarantor will transfer a property located in the PRC to the Company or dispose of the property according to the Company's instructions. The transaction was completed on 31 December 2020.

Except for above mentioned, the Group has not made any material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries during the year under review.

報告期後事項

於二零二零年十二月三十一日至本年報獲批准日期,所持透過損益按公平值計算之財務資產的公平值變動所產生的透過損益按公平值計算之財務資產的已變現收益及未變現虧損分別約為89,000港元及12,568,000港元。

除上文所述外,於財務報告日期後,概 無發生重大事項。

重大收購及出售附屬公司

- (a) 於二零二零年十月九日,本集團以 現金代價約569,000港元出售中國 金融租賃投資有限公司之全部已發 行股本。
- (b) 於二零二零年九月十五日,本公司 與獨立第三方(「買方」)訂立股份轉 讓協議,以現金代價約13,000,000 港元出售利和全部已發行股本,其 中約9,000,000港元將於二零二零年 十二月三十一日或之前結清,餘額 約4,000,000港元應於二零二一年六 月三十日或之前結清。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本公司與買方訂立補充協議,同意全部代價13,000,000港元將於二零二一年四月三十日或之前支付。如果買克無法於二零二一年四月三十日或之前支付該代價,獨立擔保人將根據本公司的指示將位於中國的物業轉讓予本公司或出售該物業。該交完成。

除上文所述外,本集團於回顧年度 並無作出任何重大收購或出售附屬 公司。

管理層討論及分析

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had 5 employees. Total employee benefits expenses (excluding Directors' emoluments) and Directors' emoluments for the year ended 31 December 2020 were approximately HK\$1,621,000 (2019: HK\$5,583,000) and HK\$1,698,000 (2019: HK\$1,700,000) respectively. For the year ended 31 December 2020, COVID-19 related government grants amounted to approximately HK\$538,000 have been offset adjust employee benefits expense. The remuneration policy of the Group is reviewed annually and employees are remunerated based on their performance, experience and the prevailing market practice. No Director or executive is involved in dealing with his own remuneration.

In addition to salary payments, the Group has participated in the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") in Hong Kong. The MPF Scheme is registered with the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of an independent trustee. Pursuant to the rules of the MPF Scheme, the Group and its employees are each required to make contributions to the MPF Scheme at 5% of each employee's monthly relevant income subject to a monthly maximum amount of HK\$1,500.

The Company maintains a share option scheme, pursuant to which share options are granted to selected directors, employees or other eligible participants of the Group, with a view to attract and retain quality personnel and to provide them with incentive to contribute to the business and operation of the Group. During the year, there were no share options exercised, granted, lapsed or cancelled.

CHARGES ON GROUP'S ASSETS

As at 31 December 2020, listed securities of approximately HK\$74,514,000 (2019: HK\$66,322,000) were pledged to secure margin payable. Except for above mentioned, there were no charges on the Group's assets.

僱員福利

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團僱用5名僱員。於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度之總僱員褔利開支(不包括董事酬金)及董事酬金分別約為1,621,000港元(二零一九年:5,583,000港元)及1,698,000港元(二零一九年:1,700,000港元)。截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,新型冠狀病毒相關政府補助約538,000港元已抵銷調整僱員褔利開支。本集團之薪酬政策按年檢討,及僱員根據其表現、經驗及現行市場慣例獲得薪酬。概無董事或行政人員參與決定其自身的薪酬。

除支付薪資外,本集團於香港參與強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。強積金計劃是根據強制性公積金計劃條例向強制性公積金計劃管理局登記。強積金計劃之資產與本集團資金分開持有及受到立信託人管理。根據強積金計劃規則,本集團及其僱員各自須按每位僱員的每月租關收入之5%向強積金計劃供款,每名僱員的每月最高供款為1,500港元。

本公司保持一項購股權計劃,據此本集 團向選定董事、僱員或其他合資格參與 人授予購股權,旨在吸納及留住優秀人 才,並鼓勵彼等對本集團之業務及營運 作出貢獻。年內並無購股權獲行使、授 出、失效或註銷。

本集團資產抵押

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,約為 74,514,000港元(二零一九年:66,322,000 港元)之上市證券用作應付保證金抵押。 除上文所述外,本集團並無任何資產抵 押。

管理層討論及分析

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND 遵守法例及法規REGULATIONS

The Group recognises the importance of compliance with regulatory requirements and the risk of non-compliance with such requirements may affect the substantiality of the business. The Group has allocated various resources to ensure ongoing compliance with rules and regulations.

本集團確認法規要求的重要性,不符合該等要求的風險可能影響業務內容。本 集團已分配多項資源,確保持續符合規 則及規例。

During the year under review, the Group has in material compliance with the relevant laws and regulations in Hong Kong.

於回顧年度內,本集團已在重大方面遵守香港相關法例及法規。

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group is principally engaged in short to medium term capital appreciation by investing in a diversified portfolio of investments in listed and unlisted securities, which are exposed to certain market risks including price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The details are set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements under the section headed "Financial Risk Management".

主要風險及不確定性

本集團主要從事透過投資於上市及非上市證券的多元化投資組合在短期至中期內達致資本升值,因而面對價格風險、信貸風險、流動資金風險及利率風險等若干市場風險。詳情載於綜合財務報表附註6「財務風險管理」一節內。

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

During the year, the Group's exposures to foreign currencies mainly arises from its investments in financial assets denominated in RMB. The Group currently does not have any foreign currency hedging policy. However, the Group monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

外匯風險

年內,本集團之外匯風險主要來自其對以人民幣計值之財務資產投資。現時本集團並無任何外幣對沖政策。然而,本集團將監控匯兑風險並會於有需要時考慮對沖重大外幣風險。

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

During the year, there were no contingent liabilities noted by the Directors (2019: Nil).

或然負債

年內,本公司董事未曾知悉有任何或然 負債(二零一九年:無)。

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

As at 31 December 2020, the significant investments of the Group are included in the Management Discussion and Analysis under the section headed "Equity Investments".

重大投資

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團之 重大投資於管理層討論及分析「股本投資」一節呈列。

管理層討論及分析

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company has adopted a dividend policy, pursuant to which allowing shareholders to participate in the Company's profits whilst to retain adequate reserves for future growth. The declaration and payment of dividends by the Company is also subject to any restrictions under the Laws of the Cayman Islands, the articles of association of the Company and any applicable laws, rules and regulations.

The board (the "Board") of directors of the Company may from time to time determine and pay to the shareholders such interim dividends as it considers appropriate. The Board may recommend the payment of final dividends which are required to be approved by shareholders in general meetings.

In determining/recommending the frequency, amount and form of any dividend in any financial year/period, the Board shall consider the following factors:

- (i) the actual and expected financial results of the Group;
- economic conditions and other internal or external factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance and position of the Group;
- the Group's business strategies, including future cash commitments and investment needs to sustain the longterm growth aspect of the business;
- (iv) the current and future operations, liquidity position and capital requirements of the Group; and
- (v) any other factors that the Board deems appropriate.

股息政策

本公司已採納股息政策,據此,可讓股東分享本公司溢利的同時保留充足儲備供未來增長所用。本公司宣派及派付股息亦須受開曼群島法例、本公司章程細則及任何適用法例、規則及規例規限。

本公司董事會(「董事會」)可不時釐定並 向股東派付其認為合適的中期股息。董 事會可建議派付末期股息,惟須經股東 於股東大會上批准。

釐定/建議任何財政年度/期間任何股 息之次數、金額及方式時,董事會將考 慮以下因素:

- (i) 本集團實際及預期財務業績;
- (ii) 或會對本集團的業務或財務表現及 狀況有影響的經濟情況及其他內部 或外部因素:
- (iii) 本集團的業務策略,包括未來現金 承擔及投資需求以維持業務之長期 增長方面:
- (iv) 本集團當時及未來營運、現金流動 狀況及資金需求;及
- (v) 董事會視為合適的任何其他因素。

管理層討論及分析

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board did not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: Nil).

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2020.

末期股息

董事會並不建議派付截至二零二零年十 二月三十一日止年度之末期股息(二零一 九年:無)。

購買、贖回或出售本公司上市 證券

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度, 本公司或其附屬公司並無購買、贖回或 出售本公司任何上市證券。

企業管治報告

China Financial Leasing Group Limited (the "Company"), with its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") is committed to maintaining good corporate governance standards and procedures to ensure the integrity, transparency and quality of disclosure, thereby enhancing shareholder value.

中國金融租賃集團有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)致力維持良好企業管治水平及程序,確保行事持正、透明度及披露質素,從而提高股東價值。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company has adopted the code provisions of The Corporate Governance Code And Corporate Governance Report (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") as its own code of corporate governance practices.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company was in compliance with the code provisions set out in the CG Code except for the deviation from code provision A.4.1.

Code provision A.4.1 of the CG Code provides that non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term and subject to re-election. The independent non-executive directors are not appointed for a specific term but they are subject to retirement by rotation at least once in every three years in accordance with the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles").

Save as aforesaid and in the opinion of the directors (the "Directors") of the Company, the Company was in compliance with the code provisions set out in the CG Code during the year ended 31 December 2020.

企業管治守則

本公司已採納香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附 錄十四所載之企業管治守則及企業管治 報告中之守則條文(「企業管治守則」),作 為本公司之企業管治常規守則。

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司遵守企業管治守則載列之守則條文,惟偏離守則條文第A.4.1條者除外。

企業管治守則之守則條文第A.4.1條規定, 非執行董事應按指定任期獲委任,並膺 選連任。獨立非執行董事並未按指定任 期獲委任,但須根據本公司章程細則(「細 則」)每三年內至少一次輪席退任。

除上述者外,本公司董事(「董事」)認為, 本公司於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度已遵守企業管治守則所載之守則 條文。

企業管治報告

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the required standards of dealings regarding securities transactions by Directors as set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules.

All the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2020.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The board (the "Board") of Directors is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company and oversees the Group's businesses, investment and strategic decisions and performance. The Board delegated authority and responsibility for day-to-day portfolio management of the Group to the investment manager, while reserving certain key matters for the approval by the Board. In addition, the Board has also delegated various responsibilities to the Board committees.

Further details of these committees are set out in this report. As at the date of this annual report, the Board consists of seven Directors including one executive Director, three non-executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors:

Executive Director Mr. Chiu Wai Lap

Non-executive Directors
Mr. Liu Hailong (chairman)
Mr. Liu Yang (vice chairman)

Mr. Xiao Shen

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Wang Ruiyang Mr. Lam Wai Tsin Mr. Luk Chi Shing

董事之證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之上 市發行人之董事進行證券交易之標準守 則(「標準守則」)所列董事進行證券交易 有關交易之規定標準。

全體董事確認,於截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止整個年度內,彼等一直遵 守標準守則所載之規定標準。

董事會

董事會(「董事會」)負責領導及監控本公司,以及監督本集團之業務、投資及策略決定和表現。投資經理獲董事會授予權力及責任負責本集團之日常投資組合管理工作,惟若干重要事務須留待董事會批准除外。此外,董事會亦已委託不同責任予董事委員會。

有關該等委員會之詳情,已列載於本報 告內。於本年報日期,董事會由七名董 事組成,包括一名執行董事、三名非執 行董事及三名獨立非執行董事:

執行董事 招偉立先生

非執行董事 劉海龍先生(主席) 劉陽先生(副主席) 肖深先生

獨立非執行董事 王瑞陽先生 林維蕆先生 陸志成先生

企業管治報告

The Board members have no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships with each other. Such balanced Board composition is formed to ensure strong independence exists across the Board and has met the recommended practice under the CG Code for the Board to have at least one-third of its members comprising independent non-executive Directors. The biographical information of the Directors are set out under the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors" on pages 44 to 47 of this annual report.

董事會成員彼此之間並無財務、業務、 家族或其他重大/相關關係。董事會之 組合取得平衡以確保董事會具有強大之 獨立性,並已符合企業管治守則中規定 董事會成員中最少有三分之一成員為獨 立非執行董事之建議常規。董事之履歷 載於本年報第44至47頁內之「董事履歷詳 情」一節。

CHAIRMAN, VICE CHAIRMAN AND EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

The major duties of the chairman of the Board are to provide leadership to the Board and spearhead overall corporate development and strategic planning. The vice chairman of the Board will assist the chairman for the management of the Board. The executive Director is responsible for implementation of decisions and strategy approved by the Board and day-to-day management of business. Therefore, a clear division of responsibilities is in place and a balance of power and authority is ensured.

主席、副主席及執行董事

董事會主席之主要職責為帶領董事會及作出整體企業發展及策略規劃。副主席將協助主席管理董事會。執行董事負責執行由董事會批准之決策及策略及日常業務管理。因此,職責已作出清晰劃分,確保權力及權限保持平衡。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The three independent non-executive Directors are persons of high caliber, with academic and professional qualifications, and extensive experience in several fields including accounting, financial, management, etc. With their extensive experience, they provide strong support towards the effective discharge of the duties and responsibilities of the Board.

All independent non-executive Directors have given their annual confirmation of independence to the Company, and the Company considered that they are independent under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

All independent non-executive Directors are not appointed for a specific term, but they are subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the Articles.

獨立非執行董事

三名獨立非執行董事俱為能幹之人士, 具備學歷及專業資歷,在多方面(包括於會計、財務及管理等)具有豐富經驗。憑 藉彼等之豐富經驗,彼等對董事會有效 地履行其職責及職務提供強力支援。

全體獨立非執行董事已根據上市規則第 3.13條之規定,就其獨立性向本公司發出 年度確認函,本公司認為彼等確實為獨 立人士。

全體獨立非執行董事之委任並無固定任 期,惟彼等均須根據細則輪席告退。

企業管治報告

BOARD MEETINGS

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Board has held 16 meetings. All Directors are given an opportunity to include any matters in the agenda for all Board meetings and are given sufficient time to review documents and information relating to matters to be discussed during the Board meetings in advance. For all regular Board meetings, the Board reviewed the operation and financial performance, and reviewed and approved the annual and interim results. And in order to ensure all Directors could plan in advance their availability, a notice of at least 14 days is given for regular meeting.

Details of the attendance of the Board meetings are as follows:

董事會會議

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,董事會已舉行16次會議。全體董事協會就所有董事會會議議題提供擬議園,亦獲給予充分時間,以相關之相關於董事會會議上討論事宜之相關或人相關之之,於董事會檢討營運及財務表現,於董事會檢討營運及財務表確保,於董事會檢入中期業績。為確保入,及事會獲發最少14天通知。

董事會會議之出席詳情如下:

Name of Directors

董事姓名

Attendance/Number of meetings 出席次數/會議次數

Executive Director Mr. Chan Chi Hang	<i>執行董事</i> 陳志恆先生	16/16
Non-executive Directors Mr. Liu Hailong¹ (chairman) Mr. Liu Yang² (vice chairman) Mr. Xiao Shen³	非執行董事 劉海龍先生 ¹ (主席) 劉陽先生 ² (副主席) 肖深先生 ³	15/15 1/10 5/5
Independent non-Executive Directors Mr. Yip Ming ⁴ Mr. Tsang Chung Sing Edward ⁵ Mr. Zhang Bin Mr. Wang Ruiyang Mr. Lam Wai Tsin ⁶ Mr. Luk Chi Shing ⁷	<i>獨立非執行董事</i> 葉明先生 ⁴ 曾松星先生 ⁵ 張彬先生 王瑞陽先生 林維蕆先生 ⁶ 陸志成先生 ⁷	15/15 15/15 16/16 16/16 2/2 1/1

- 1. Mr. Liu Hailong was appointed on 3 January 2020.
- 2. Mr. Liu Yang was appointed on 8 April 2020.
- 3. Mr. Xiao Shen was appointed on 15 September 2020.
- 4. Mr. Yip Ming resigned on 10 December 2020.
- 5. Mr. Tsang Chung Sing Edward resigned on 10 December 2020.
- 6. Mr. Lam Wai Tsin was appointed on 23 November 2020.
- 7. Mr. Luk Chi Shing was appointed on 10 December 2020.

- 1. 劉海龍先生於二零二零年一月三日獲委任。
- 2. 劉陽先生於二零二零年四月八日獲委任。
- 3. 肖深先生於二零二零年九月十五日獲委任。
- 4. 葉明先生於二零二零年十二月十日辭任。
- 5. 曾松星先生於二零二零年十二月十日辭任。
- 7. 陸志成先生於二零二零年十二月十日獲委 任。

企業管治報告

Board minutes are kept by the company secretary (the "Company Secretary") of the Company and are open for inspection by the Directors. Every Board member is entitled to have access to Board papers and related materials and has unrestricted access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary, and has the right to seek external professional advice if so required.

董事會會議記錄由本公司的公司秘書(「公司秘書」)存置並公開予董事查閱。每名董事會成員均有權查閱董事會文件及有關資料,並可不受限制地得到公司秘書之意見及服務,並有權於需要時尋求外界專業意見。

Appropriate insurance cover has been arranged in respect of relevant actions against its Directors.

本公司已安排適當保險,使其董事於面 對有關法律行動時得到保障。

DIRECTORS' INDUCTION AND CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Each newly appointed Director would receive an induction covering the Group's business operations, policies and procedures and the statutory and regulatory obligations of a director of a listed company. The Group also provides briefings and other training to develop and refresh the Directors' knowledge and skills. The Company continuously updates Directors on the latest developments regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements, to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices. Circulars or guidance notes are issued to Directors and senior management where appropriate, to ensure awareness of best corporate governance practices.

董事就任及持續專業發展

企業管治報告

According to the records provided by the Directors, during the period from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020, the Directors participated in the following trainings:

根據董事提供之記錄,於二零二零年一 月一日至二零二零年十二月三十一日期 間,董事已參與下列培訓:

Name of Directors 董事姓名		Type of trainings 培訓類型
Executive Director	執行董事	
Mr. Chan Chi Hang	陳志恆先生	В
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事	
Mr. Liu Hailong (chairman)	劉海龍先生(主席)	В
Mr. Liu Yang (vice chairman)	劉陽先生(副主席)	В
Mr. Xiao Shen	肖深先生	В
Independent non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Yip Ming	葉明先生	В
Mr. Tsang Chung Sing Edward	曾松星先生	В
Mr. Zhang Bin	張彬先生	В
Mr. Wang Ruiyang	王瑞陽先生	В
Mr. Lam Wai Tsin	林維蕆先生	В
Mr. Luk Chi Shing	陸志成先生	В

A: attending seminars and/or conferences and/or forums relating to directors' duties

A: 出席有關董事職責之研討會及/或會議及/ 或論壇

NOMINATION OF DIRECTORS

The Nomination Committee was established on 21 December 2011 with written terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules, and currently consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Lam Wai Tsin (chairman of the Nomination Committee), Mr. Luk Chi Shing and Mr. Wang Ruiyang.

董事之提名

提名委員會於二零一一年十二月二十一 日成立,並遵照上市規則設立其職權範 圍,其目前由三名獨立非執行董事,即 林維蔵先生(提名委員會主席)、陸志成 先生及王瑞陽先生組成。

B: reading newspaper, journals and updates relating to the economy, general business or directors' duties etc.

B: 閱讀有關經濟、一般業務或董事職責等之 報章、刊物及更新資料

企業管治報告

The Nomination Committee is mainly responsible for reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board, identifying qualified individuals to become members of the Board. assessing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors. Moreover, the committee will ensure that the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives necessary to enhance the effectiveness of the Board and to maintain high standards of corporate governance.

提名委員會主要負責審核董事會之架構、 規模以及構成,物色合資格人士加入董 事會,評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性以 及就委任或再度委任董事向董事會提供 推薦意見。此外,委員會將確保董事會 成員在技能、經驗及視角的多元化方面 達到適當的平衡,從而提升董事會之效 率及保持高標準的企業管治。

During the year, the Nomination Committee held 6 meetings. Details of the attendance of the Nomination Committee meetings are as follows:

年內,提名委員會舉行了6次會議。提名 委員會會議之出席詳情如下:

Name of Nomination Committee members 提名委員會成員姓名

Attendance/Number of meetings 出席次數/會議次數

Mr. Yip Ming ¹	葉明先生1	5/5
Mr. Tsang Chung Sing Edward ²	曾松星先生2	5/5
Mr. Zhang Bin	張彬先生	6/6
Mr. Lam Wai Tsin ³	林維蕆先生3	1/1
Mr. Luk Chi Shing4	陸志成先生4	1/1

- Mr. Yip Ming resigned on 10 December 2020. 1.
- Mr. Tsang Chung Sing Edward resigned on 10 December 2020.
- 3. Mr. Lam Wai Tsin was appointed on 10 December 2020.
- 4 Mr. Luk Chi Shing was appointed on 10 December 2020.

- 曾松星先生於二零二零年十二月十日辭任。

葉明先生於二零二零年十二月十日辭任。

- 林維蕆先生於二零二零年十二月十日獲委
- 陸志成先生於二零二零年十二月十日獲委 仟。

DIVERSITY OF THE BOARD

The Company has adopted a Board diversity policy to achieve Board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age (eighteen years old or above), cultural and educational background, qualification, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

董事會之多元化

本公司已採納董事會多元化政策,透過 考慮多項因素,包括但不限於性別、年齡 (18歲或以上)、文化及教育背景、學歷、 種族、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務年 期,務求達致董事會多元化。全體董事 會成員委任乃基於用人唯才之準則,而 為有效達致董事會多元化,各候選人將 按客觀條件加以考慮。

企業管治報告

The Nomination Committee monitors the implementation of the Board diversity policy to ensure the effectiveness of the Board diversity policy.

提名委員會一直監督董事會多元化政策 之執行工作,以確保董事會多元化政策 之有效性。

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

The Company established the Remuneration Committee on 28 June 2005 with written terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules, and currently consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Wang Ruiyang (chairman of the Remuneration Committee), Mr. Luk Chi Shing and Mr. Lam Wai Tsin. The Remuneration Committee is mainly responsible for the determination of the specific remuneration packages of all Directors and senior management (including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments), making recommendations to the Board on the matters relating to the Company's policy and structure for the remuneration of the Directors and senior management, and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing policy on such remuneration.

董事酬金

During the year, the Remuneration Committee held 3 meetings. Details of the attendance of the Remuneration Committee meetings are as follows:

年內,薪酬委員會共舉行了3次會議。薪酬委員會會議之出席詳情如下:

Name of Remuneration Committee members 薪酬委員會成員姓名

Attendance/Number of meetings 出席次數/會議次數

Mr. Zhang Bin	張彬先生	3/3
Mr. Yip Ming ¹	葉明先生1	2/2
Mr. Tsang Chung Sing Edward ²	曾松星先生2	2/2
Mr. Luk Chi Shing ³	陸志成先生3	1/1
Mr. Lam Wai Tsin ⁴	林維蕆先生4	1/1

- 1. Mr. Yip Ming resigned on 10 December 2020.
- 2. Mr. Tsang Chung Sing Edward resigned on 10 December 2020.
- 3. Mr. Luk Chi Shing was appointed on 10 December 2020.
- 4. Mr. Lam Wai Tsin was appointed on 10 December 2020.
- |. 葉明先生於二零二零年十二月十日辭任。
- 2. 曾松星先生於二零二零年十二月十日辭任。
- 3. 陸志成先生於二零二零年十二月十日獲委 任。
- 4. 林維蕆先生於二零二零年十二月十日獲委任。

企業管治報告

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The Audit Committee is mainly responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of resignation or dismissal of such auditor; reviewing the interim and annual reports and accounts of the Group; and overseeing the Group's financial reporting system and internal control procedures. During the year under review, the remuneration paid/payable to the Company's auditor, RSM Hong Kong, is set out below:

核數師酬金

審核委員會主要負責就外聘核數師之委任、重聘及免職向董事會提供推薦意見及批准聘任外聘核數師之薪酬及聘任或免職款,以及考慮該等核數師辭任或免職之任何問題;審核本集團之中期及年度報告以及賬目;及監督本集團之財務報告以及賬目;及監督本集團之財務報告系統及內部監控程序。於回顧年度計師事務所之酬金載列如下:

Fee paid/payable 已付/應付費用 HK\$'000 千港元

Audit services 核數服務 335/335

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee was established on 7 October 2002. The Audit Committee currently consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Luk Chi Shing (chairman of the Audit Committee), Mr. Wang Ruiyang and Mr. Lam Wai Tsin.

The terms of reference adopted by the Audit Committee are aligned with the code provisions set out in the CG Code.

The Audit Committee shall meet the external auditor to discuss any area of concern during the audit or review. The Audit Committee reviews the interim and annual reports before submission to the Board. The Audit Committee focuses not only on the impact of standards, but also on the Listing Rules and the legal requirements in the review of the Group's interim and annual reports.

審核委員會

本公司於二零零二年十月七日成立審核 委員會。審核委員會現時由三名獨立非 執行董事,即陸志成先生(審核委員會主 席)、王瑞陽先生及林維蔵先生組成。

審核委員會採納之職權範圍符合企業管 治守則所載之守則條文。

審核委員會應與外聘核數師開會,以討論於審計或審閱期間發現之任何重要事宜。審核委員會將於中期報告及年報呈交董事會前進行審閱。審核委員會於審閱本集團中期報告及年報之時不單關注準則之影響,亦關注上市規則及法律規定之影響。

企業管治報告

During the year, the Audit Committee held 2 meetings and has reviewed the Group's unaudited interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2020 and audited annual results for the year ended 31 December 2019 together with the auditor of the Group. In the opinion of the Audit Committee, the preparation of such results complied with the applicable accounting standards and the Listing Rules.

年內,審核委員會共舉行2次會議,並連同本集團之核數師審閱本集團截至二零 二零年六月三十日止六個月之未經審核中期業績以及截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度之經審核全年業績。審核委員會認為,該等業績之編製符合適用會計準則及上市規則。

Major work completed by the Audit Committee during the year includes:

審核委員會於年內完成的重要工作包括:

- reviewed the Group's annual report, interim financial information and annual financial statements:
- reviewed significant accounting and audit issues;
- reviewed the external auditor's qualifications, independence and performance;
- assisted the Board to evaluate on the effectiveness of financial reporting procedures and internal control system;
- advised on material event or drawing the attention of the management on related risks; and
- reviewed the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's systems of risk management and internal control.

- 審閱本集團的年報、中期財務資料及年度財務報表;
- 審閱主要會計及核數事宜;
- 審閱外聘核數師的資格、獨立身份及表現;
- 協助董事會評估財務申報流程及內 部監控系統的有效性;
- 就重大事件提供意見或敦請管理層 垂注有關風險;及
- 審閱本集團風險管理及內部監控系統的合適性及有效性。

Details of the attendance of the Audit Committee meetings are as follows:

審核委員會會議之出席詳情如下:

Name of Audit Committee members 審核委員會成員姓名

Attendance/Number of meetings 出席次數/會議次數

Mr. Tsang Chung Sing Edward¹曾松星先生¹2/2Mr. Yip Ming²葉明先生²2/2Mr. Zhang Bin張彬先生2/2Mr. Luk Chi Shing³陸志成先生³-Mr. Lam Wai Tsin⁴林維顏先生⁴-

- 1. Mr. Tsang Chung Sing Edward resigned on 10 December 2020.
- 2. Mr. Yip Ming resigned on 10 December 2020.
- 3. Mr. Luk Chi Shing was appointed on 10 December 2020.
- 4. Mr. Lam Wai Tsin was appointed on 10 December 2020.
- 1. 曾松星先生於二零二零年十二月十日辭任。
- 2. 葉明先生於二零二零年十二月十日辭任。
- 3. 陸志成先生於二零二零年十二月十日獲委 任。
- 4. 林維蕆先生於二零二零年十二月十日獲委 任。

企業管治報告

COMPANY SECRETARY

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company Secretary has duly complied with the relevant professional training requirement under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

VOTING BY POLL

Pursuant to Rule 13.39(4) of the Listing Rules, any vote of shareholders at a general meeting must be taken by poll except where the chairman, in good faith, decides to allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter to be voted on by a show of hands.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The Company commits to place shareholders' interests as top priority and protect their rights as provided in the Articles. Shareholders can visit the Company's website (www.cflg.com.hk) to gain access to the Company's up-to-date information. They are entitled to be given due notice to attend all the general meetings of the Company, vote all the resolutions (except for those which shareholders may have conflict of interest and are required to abstain from voting) and raise questions to the management on the Group's status and development plans.

Shareholders as duly registered holders of the ordinary shares of the Company ("Members") are also entitled to requisition to convene an extraordinary general meeting in accordance with the Articles. Details of the requirements and procedures are as follows:

(i) Any one or more Members holding not less than one tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company may send a written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary to convene a general meeting;

公司秘書

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,公司秘書已妥善遵守上市規則第3.29 條項下之相關專業培訓規定。

以投票方式表決

根據上市規則第13.39(4)條規定,股東於股東大會上所作的任何表決必須以投票方式進行,惟主席誠意決定以允許純粹與程序或行政事宜相關之決議案可以舉手投票方式表決除外。

股東權利

本公司致力將股東權益放在首位,並保障本公司之細則提供予彼等之權利。股東可瀏覽本公司網站(www.cflg.com.hk)以取得本公司之最新資料。彼等有權收取適當通知,出席所有本公司股東大會、投票表決所有決議案(除股東可能有利益衝突並須放棄投票者外)及就本集團之狀況及發展計劃向本公司之管理層提出詢問。

正式註冊為本公司普通股持有人之股東 (「股東」)亦有權根據細則提出召開股東 特別大會之請求。有關請求及程序之詳 情如下:

(i) 持有本公司繳足股本(附帶權利出 席本公司股東大會)不少於十分之一 之任何一名或多名股東,有權向董 事會或公司秘書發出請求書,要求 召開股東大會;

企業管治報告

- (ii) The requisition must be duly signed by the requisitionist, specifying the requisitionist's name, contact details and the number of ordinary shares of the Company that the requisitionist is holding and the matters proposed to be discussed and transacted in the general meeting. The requisition must be deposited at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at 11/F., Wui Tat Centre, 55 Connaught Road West, Hong Kong;
- (ii) 請求書必須由請求人正式簽署,列明請求人之姓名、聯絡資料及請求人持有本公司普通股之數目,以及建議於股東大會討論及處理之事務。請求書必須存放至本公司之香港主要營業地點香港干諾道西55號會達中心11樓;
- (iii) The Company will verify the requisition and upon confirming that the requisition is proper and in order, the Board will proceed with the necessary procedures including the convening of a general meeting; and
- (iii) 本公司將核實請求書,並於確認請求書屬適合及適當後,董事會將進行召開股東大會之必要程序;及
- (iv) The general meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of the requisition.
- (iv) 股東大會須於存放請求書後兩(2)個 月內舉行。

If the Board does not within twenty-one (21) days from the date of the deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene a general meeting, the requisitionist himself may convene a general meeting in the same manner.

倘董事會於存放請求書日期後二十一(21) 日內未正式召開股東大會,則請求人可 以相同方式自行召開股東大會。

INVESTOR RELATIONS

投資者關係

The Company is committed to a policy of open and regular communication and reasonable disclosure of information to its shareholders so that they can exercise their rights in an informed manner. Information about the Company is disseminated to the shareholders through:

本公司致力保持開放及定期溝通之政策,並且向其股東及投資者合理地作出資料披露,令彼等可於知情之情況下行使其權利。關於本公司之資料通過以下方式向股東發佈:

- (i) delivery of interim and annual results and reports to all shareholders;
- (i) 向全體股東提呈中期和全年業績及 報告:
- (ii) publication of announcements on interim and annual results on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange, and issuance of other announcements and shareholders' circulars in accordance with the continuing disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and
- (ii) 根據上市規則之持續披露責任於本公司及聯交所之網站刊登中期及全年業績公佈、發表其他公佈及刊發股東通函:及

企業管治報告

- the general meeting of the Company is an effective communication channel between the Board and shareholders. As such, the Board members attended the 2020 annual general meeting and other extraordinary general meetings during the year to provide shareholders with opportunities to understand the latest development of the Group and raise questions.
- 本公司之股東大會乃董事會與股東 之間的有效溝通渠道。因此,年內 董事會成員出席二零二零年股東週 年大會及其他股東特別大會,為股 東提供瞭解本集團最新發展之機會 及提出詢問。

The 2020 annual general meeting was held on 27 May 2020. The attendance record of the Directors at the general meetings is set out below:

二零二零年股東週年大會於二零二零年 五月二十七日舉行。董事於股東大會之 出席記錄載列如下:

	Attendance/Number
Name of Directors	of general meetings
董事姓名	出席次數/股東大會次數

Executive Director	執行董事	
Mr. Chan Chi Hang	陳志恆先生	1/1
Will Criair Cris Flaring		17 1
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事	
Mr. Liu Hailong (chairman)	劉海龍先生 <i>(主席)</i>	1/1
Mr. Liu Yang (vice chairman)	劉陽先生(副主席)	1/1
Wil. Eld Tally (Vice Chairman)		1/ 1
Independent non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Yip Ming	葉明先生	1/1
Mr. Tsang Chung Sing Edward	曾松星先生	1/1
Mr. Zhang Bin	張彬先生	1/1
_		
Mr. Wang Ruiyang	王瑞陽先生	1/1

During the year ended 31 December 2020, there were 於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 no significant changes in the Company's constitutional 度,本公司之章程文件並無重大改動。 documents.

企業管治報告

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board acknowledges its responsibility to prepare the Group's accounts for each financial period and to ensure that the financial statements are in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Board also ensures the timely publication of the consolidated financial statements. The Directors, having made appropriate enquiries, confirm that they are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

董事對財務報表之責任

董事會確認其負責編製本集團各財務期間之賬目,並須確保財務報表符合法定要求及適用會計準則。董事會亦確保綜合財務報表準時刊發。董事於作出適當查詢後,確認彼等並不知悉任何可能會對本集團持續經營能力造成重大疑慮之事件或情況之重大不確定因素。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Board as a whole is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties including:

- (i) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- (ii) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- (iii) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices in compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- (v) to review the Company's compliance with the code and disclosure in the corporate governance report.

企業管治職能

董事會整體負責執行企業管治職責,包括:

- (i) 發展及檢討本公司有關企業管治之 政策及常規;
- (ii) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層之培 訓及持續專業發展;
- (iii) 檢討及監察遵守法定及監管規定之 本公司政策及常規;
- (iv) 制定、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事之行為守則及合規手冊(如有): 及
- (v) 檢討本公司遵守企業管治報告之守 則及披露。

企業管治報告

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for overseeing the Group's risk management and internal control systems and reviewing their effectiveness at least annually.

As a part of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, appropriate policies and controls have been designed and established by the Group to ensure that assets are safeguarded against improper use or disposal, relevant rules and regulations are adhered to and complied with, reliable financial and accounting records are maintained in accordance with relevant accounting standards and regulatory reporting requirements, and key risks that may impact on the Group's performance are appropriately identified and managed.

However, the risk management and internal control systems can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss, as they are designed to manage, rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives.

The Group has adopted a three-tier risk management approach to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks. The operating units of the Group, as a first line of defence, identify, evaluate, mitigate and monitor the risks, and report such risk management activities to the Group's management on a regularly basis. The Group's management, as the second line of defence, provides support to the operating units and ensure that the significant risks are properly managed and within the acceptable range and report the situation to the Board at each regularly scheduled meeting. The Board, as the final line of defence, conducts an annual review of the overall effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

風險管理及內部監控

董事會確認監督本集團風險管理及內部 監控系統以及每年至少檢討一次該系統 是否有效的責任。

作為本集團風險管理及內部監控系統的 一部分,本集團設計並制訂適當的政策 及監控程序,以保證資產免遭不當使用 或出售、貫徹及遵守相關規則及規定定 根據相關會計標準及監管申報規定進行 可靠財務及會計記錄,以及及時發現並 管理可能影響本集團表現的重要風險。

然而,就避免重大的失實陳述或損失而言,風險管理及內部監控系統僅能作出合理而非絕對的保證,由於該系統旨在管理而非消除未能達成業務目標的風險。

企業管治報告

The Group does not have an internal audit function and is currently of the view that there is no immediate need to set up an internal audit function within the Group in light of the size, nature and complexity of the Group's business. It was decided that the Board would be directly responsible for internal control of the Group and for reviewing its effectiveness. Procedures have been designed for safeguarding assets against unauthorised use or disposition, ensuring the maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publication, and ensuring compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations. The situation will be reviewed from time to time.

本集團並無內部審核功能及認為根據目前本集團業務之規模、性質及複雜性, 須即時於本集團內設立內部審核功能。 本集團決定直接由董事會負責本集團決定直接由董事會負責本集團決定直接由董事會負責本集團 內部監控並審閱其效能,並已制訂程序以防止資產未經授權使用或出售、確保 存有正確記錄以提供可靠財務資料作內 部使用或刊發,以及確保遵守適用法律、 法規及規定。該情況將不時進行檢討。

During the year, the Board has reviewed and discussed the risk management and internal control systems and no material internal control failings, weaknesses or deficiencies have been identified during the course of the review.

本年度內,董事會已審閱及與本集團管理 層討論風險管理及內部監控系統,於審 閱過程中概無發現重大內部監控失靈、 弱點或缺陷。

Based on the above, the Board were not aware of any areas of concern that would have a material impact on the Group's financial position or results of operations and considered the risk management and internal control systems to be generally effective and adequate including the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programs and budget of the accounting, internal control and financial reporting functions.

根據以上所述,董事會並不知悉任何需關注事項會對本集團的財務狀況或營運業績產生重大影響,並認為風險管理及內部監控系統的運作整體上充足且有效,包括在資源、員工資歷及經驗、培訓計劃及在會計、內部監控及財務匯報職能的預算等方面均屬充足。

With respect to the monitoring and disclosure of inside information, the Group has formulated its guidelines, with an aim to ensure that the insiders abide by the confidentiality requirement and fulfill the disclosure obligation of the inside information.

關於內幕消息的監控及披露,本集團已 就保證內幕人士遵循保密要求及履行內 幕消息的披露義務制定相關的指引。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

China Financial Leasing Group Limited (the "Company"), with its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") is pleased to demonstrate its commitment to sustainable development. The Group prepared the Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Report (the "ESG Report") pursuant to the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide provided in Appendix 27 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. This report covers the Group's operation in Hong Kong for the year ended 31 December 2020 and discloses information on the Group's ESG management approach, strategy, priorities, objectives, compliance with the relevant laws and regulations and the Group's performance.

為展示中國金融租賃集團有限公司(「本 公司」),及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」) 可持續發展的承諾,本集團根據香港 合交易所有限公司證券上市規則附告指 令及管治(「環境、社會及管治(「環境、 編製本環境、社會及管治(「環境、報告」))報告(「環境、社會及管治等報告 管治」)報告(「環境、社會及管治學 本報告涵蓋本集團截至二零一十一日止年度於香港營運的長 並披露有關本集團的環境、社會時間 並披露有關本集團的環境、社會時間 並披露有關本集團的環境、社會時間 並披露有關本集團的表現的資料。

The board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") has overall responsibility for the Group's ESG strategy and reporting and has determined to integrate the ideas of environmental and social responsibility into the Group's operation and management activities. The Board has reviewed and approved this ESG Report.

董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)對本集團的環境、社會及管治策略及報告負全責,並決定將環境及社會責任的觀點與本集團的營運及管理活動相結合。董事會已審閱及批准本環境、社會及管治報告。

STAKEHOLDERS ENGAGEMENT

The Group endeavours to create sustainable growth and long-term value for its stakeholders, who mainly comprise the Group's employees and investors. The Group continues to interact with the Group's stakeholders on ongoing basis in order to understand their views and collect their feedback. The communication channels with stakeholders include annual general meeting and staff meetings, etc.

持份者參與

本集團致力於為其持份者創造可持續增 長及長期價值,持份者主要包括本集團 之僱員及投資者。本集團持續與持份者 交流,以了解彼等的觀點及蒐集彼等的 反饋。本集團與持份者的溝通渠道包括 股東週年大會及員工會議等。

環境、社會及管治報告

ENVIRONMENTAL

The Group is committed to acting in an environmentally responsible manner through its office management and daily operation. The Group adheres to the principle of recycling and reducing, and implement green office practices to minimise the impact of businesses on the environment.

Below practices are being implemented by the Group for energy saving measure:

- (i) double-sided printing and copying, promoting using recycled paper and reducing energy consumption by switching off idle lightings and electrical appliance;
- (ii) maintain the temperature at 25.5℃, an optimal temperature for comfort and energy savings;
- (iii) staff is recommended to switch off the lights and air conditioning in the meeting room when it is not in use;
- (iv) widespread adoption of multi-function photocopiers (with printing, scanning and fax functions); and
- (v) promote paperless environment by encouraging the use of soft and electronic copy for the document instead of hard copy.

Being an investment company, the Group is also aware of the investment decisions and its potential impact to the environment. Should the opportunity arise, the Group would consider the risk of the projects and return dynamics as well as the positive environmental effects it will have.

環境

本集團於整個辦公室管理及日常營運過程中秉承對環境負責之態度。本集團堅守循環再用及減少使用的原則,並實踐綠色辦公室常規達至盡量減少公司對環境的影響。

以下是本集團已實施在節能方面的措施:

- (i) 採用雙面列印及複印、推廣環保用 紙及透過關掉不使用的照明及電器 來減少能源消耗:
- (ii) 將室溫保持在攝氏25.5度這一最舒 適及節能的溫度;
- (iii) 當會議室閒置時,員工會關掉房中 的燈光和空調;
- (iv) 廣泛採用多功能的影印機(具備打印、掃描及傳真功能);及
- (v) 通過鼓勵使用文件的軟拷貝及電子複本而非紙本,來推行無紙化環境。

作為投資公司,本集團亦知悉投資決策 及其對環境的潛在影響。倘時機適合, 本集團可能考慮項目的風險回報機制之 餘亦考量其對環境的積極影響。

環境、社會及管治報告

EMISSION

As a responsible corporate citizen, the Group is committed to protecting natural resources and the global environment. Our commitment to emission reduction, energy and resources conservation encompasses every aspect of the Group's operation, and the Group has complied with laws and regulation related to environmental protection. In light of the Group's business nature, the operation of the Group does not generate air, water or land pollutions or raise any significant environmental issues.

Electricity consumed by the Group in principle place of business is supplied by The Hongkong Electric Company, Limited. The electricity consumption by the Group was approximately 4,000 kWh.

Since the Group's business does not involve manufacturing activities, solid waste is mainly generated in daily office operations without generation of hazardous waste. The Group encourages employees to go paperless as much as possible by limiting print outs as well as communicating via e-mail as opposed to fax. Employees are also encouraged to reuse paper and conserve paper usage by printing double-sided to the extent practicable. During the year, the Group used a total of approximately 233,300 pieces of paper in its normal business operations of which approximately 211,500 pieces of paper were attributable to the printing of the financial statements and materials related to general meetings distributed to shareholders of the Company.

Regulatory compliance

During the year under review, the Group was not aware of any incidents of non-compliance with laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

排放

身為有責任的企業公民,本集團致力於 保護天然資源及全球環境。本集團於營 運的各個方面皆致力減排、節能及珍惜 資源,並已遵守與環境保護有關之法律 及規例。鑒於本集團的業務性質,本集 團之營運不會產生空氣、水質或土地污 染或產生任何重大環境問題。

本集團主要營業地點中所用電力乃由香港電燈有限公司供應。年內,本集團所消耗電量約為4,000千瓦時。

由於本集團業務不涉及製造業務,固體廢物主要於日常辦公室運作中產生,並無產生有害廢物。本集團鼓勵僱員盡量無紙化辦公,減少打印並以電郵(而非傳真)通訊。為免浪費用紙,本集團亦鼓勵員工在切實可行的情況下重用紙張及採用雙面打印。年內,本集團於正常業務學運使用合共約233,300張印刷紙張,當中約211,500張是源自打印向本公司股東派發的財務報表及股東大會相關之文件。

法規遵從

於回顧年度,本集團並不知悉任何就空 氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、 有害及無害廢棄物的產生而言對本集團 有重大影響的法律及法規不合規事宜。

環境、社會及管治報告

USE OF RESOURCES

The Group has undertaken various resources saving measures to demonstrate the efforts in efficient use of resources in the daily operations. Employees are encouraged to optimise resources to help the Group to minimise the impact on the environment and natural resources e.g. use of public transportation. The Group disposed the yacht and private motor vehicles that run on gasoline and petrol during the year. During the year, none of gasoline and petrol was used for the yacht and private motor vehicles. Although non-significant amounts of water is consumed through the business activities, the Group also encourages water saving by driving watersaving habits and posting green messages in the workplace to remind the employees to use water effectively.

THE ENVIRONMENTAL AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Since the Groups core operations are confined to the office environment, the impact of the Group on the environment and natural resources is not significant. It is mainly attributed to the use of electricity, water and papers in the office. During the year, the Group set a number of measures to reduce the use of resources (refers to above sections "Environmental" and "Emission" for details). In order to have further reductions on the environmental impact and use of natural resources, the Group will continue to make assessment and minimise the environmental impact.

EMPLOYMENT

The Group provides the employees with fair and competitive remuneration to motivate them. The Group may also at its sole discretion, to grant share options to employees as a long-term incentive aiming to motivate employees pursuing Group's goal and objectives. Employees and Directors can subscribe shares of the Company based on their performance and contribution to the Group.

資源利用

環境及自然資源

由於本集團的核心業務限於辦公室環境,本集團對環境及自然資源的影響並不重大,主要體現在辦公區用電、用水及消耗紙張。年內,本集團採取了一系列措施(有關詳情請參閱上文「環境」及「排放」),以減少資源的使用。為進一步減低環境影響及自然資源使用,本集團將持續評估並將環境影響降至最低。

僱傭

本集團給予僱員公平及具競爭力的薪酬 以鼓勵彼等。本集團亦可按其全權酌情 決定向僱員授予購股權作為長期激勵, 旨在鼓勵僱員追求本集團的目標。僱員 及董事可根據其表現及對本集團的貢獻 認購本公司股份。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

In addition, the Group's policies and guidelines on recruitment and promotion are formulated based on the principles that:

此外,本集團在招聘及晉升方面的政策 及指引為:

- (i) we are an equal opportunity employer;
- (ii) we make decisions to engagement relating to candidate's relevance experiences and qualifications and staff's promotion relating to performance; and
- (iii) working hours, leaves and other fringe benefits are in line with industry practice and/or (if applicable) adjusted based on experience, qualifications and seniority of staff.
- A breakdown of the number of the Group's staff and Directors as at 31 December 2020 is as follows:

- (i) 我們是平等機會僱主;
- (ii) 我們按照應徵者相關經驗及學歷 以決定聘用及員工的表現以決定晉 升:及
- (iii) 工作時數、假期及其他待遇及福利 與行業慣例一致,及/或(如適用) 按經驗、資格及年資調整。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團在 職員工及董事人數統計如下:

		Staff 員工	Directors 董事	Total 合計
Number (At 31 December 2020)	人數(於二零二零年 十二月三十一日)	5	8	13

The Group's human resources practices are established to align with the applicable laws and regulations with regard to recruitment, compensation and dismissal, other benefits and welfare, promotion, working hours, equal opportunities, diversity and anti-discrimination. The Group embraces diversity and provides employees with equal opportunity. Employees are assessed and hired based on their capabilities, regardless of their age, gender, nationality, cultural background, religious belief, etc. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group complied with Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and other labour related laws and regulations.

本集團就招聘、補償及解僱、其他福利、 晉升、工時、平等機會、多樣性及反人 視方面訂有符合適用法律及法規的 資源常規。本集團接受多樣化,並為 員提供平等機會。本集團會根據僱員 能力而無論其年齡、性別、國籍、文化 背景及宗教信仰等對僱員進行評估及 明。於截至二零二零十二月三十一日 年度,本集團已遵守強制性公積金計劃 條例(香港法例第485章)及其他勞動相關 法例及法規。

環境、社會及管治報告

DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING

The Group believes two-way communication is crucial to employee engagement that drives job satisfaction and high productivity. The Group has provided a platform for quality communication between employees and management. Promotion is executed on a fair and open basis and any form of discrimination is not tolerated. Competent employees will be considered for internal promotion in recognition of their efforts and contribution when there is a job vacancy.

HEALTH AND SAFETY

The Group is subject to the health and safety requirements of Hong Kong including, but not limited to, the Occupational Health and Safety Ordinance. The Board believes that it is in compliance with such requirements for the year ended 31 December 2020. The Group's liability to the employees is covered by insurance, which are required by law to take out. The Board further confirmed that there was no material violation of currently applicable safety regulations nor were there any material employee safety issues involving the Group. During the year ended 31 December 2020, no fines or penalties for non-compliance of safety laws and regulations were imposed on the Group.

LABOUR STANDARD

No child or forced labour were employed in the Group's operations during the year which was in compliance with the Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong) in terms of employment management.

The Group lists specific requirements to hire the most suitable candidate. All resume, original identification card, original certificate should be first checked during interview. The Group may also contact candidate's preceded employer for reference.

The Group adopted a Board diversity policy under which the Board composition includes members with different skills, industry knowledge and experience, education, background and other qualities without discrimination.

發展及培訓

本集團相信雙向溝通對推動員工的投入 度,以提高工作滿意度和生產率至關重 要。本集團已為員工及管理層之間提供 高質溝通平台。升職乃按公平及公開基 準執行且概不容忍任何形式的歧視。在 有職位空缺的情況下,合符資格的僱員 將被考慮進行內部晉升,以表彰他們的 努力及貢獻。

健康及安全

本集團須遵守香港的健康及安全規定, 包括但不限於職業安全及健康條例 至二零年十二月三十一日止年度 事會認為其已遵守該等規定。本集團 僱員的責任乃由本集團根據法例認納 無嚴重違反現時適用的安全規例,事宜 無涉及本集團的任何重大僱員安全共例 無涉及本集團的任何重大僱員安全 概無就違反安全法例及規例向本集團判 處任何罰款或懲罰。

勞工準則

於本年度內,本集團的經營業務並無僱 用童工或強制勞工。本集團的僱傭管理 符合僱傭條例(香港法例第57章)。

本集團會列出具體要求以招聘最合適人 選。所有履歷表、身份證正本及證書正 本應首先在面試時檢查。本集團亦可能 聯絡應徵者的前僱主以作參考。

本集團已設立了董事會多元化政策。組 成董事會所包括的成員擁有不同的技能、 行業知識及經驗、教育、背景及其他特 質,沒有歧視。

環境、社會及管治報告

During the year, the Group had no non-compliance case regarding violation of relevant child labour and forced labour laws.

於本年度內,本集團並無有關違反有關 童工或強制勞工法律的不合規個案。

LAWFUL GOVERNANCE

The Group has complied with the applicable employment-related laws and regulations currently in force in Hong Kong (including but not limited to those relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity diversity, anti-discrimination, other benefits and welfare), as well as the Group does not employ staffs who are below 18 years of age. The Group provides such rights and benefits to the employees which are no less than those required statutorily. No employees are paid less than the minimum wage specified by the Minimum Wage Ordinance (Chapter 608 of the Laws of Hong Kong). Monthly salary payments are made on time according to respective employment contracts.

依法管治

本集團遵守香港現行之適用的僱傭相關 法例及法規(包括但不限於與薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期 等機會多元化、反對歧視、其他待遇別 福利有關之法律及規例)同時亦無僱用未 滿18歲之員工,並向員工提供不低於 定標準的勞工權利及福利。概無向任 僱員支付低於最低工資條例(香港法員 608章)之工資,每月薪金乃根據各員 的僱傭合約按時支付。

SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT AND PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY

The Company is an investment company. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group mainly engages in investments in listed and unlisted equity securities. It does not have any major supplier of products, raw materials or services.

供應鏈管理及產品責任

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,由於本公司作為一間投資公司,而本集團業務主要為其於上市及非上市股本證券之投資,故並無任何為本集團提供產品、原材料或服務之主要供貨商。

ANTI-CORRUPTION

With integrity being a core part of the Group's business ethics, the Group strictly complies with the laws and regulations regarding bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering, such as the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Chapter 201 of the laws of Hong Kong). To maintain high standards of corporate governance, the Group fulfills the commitment through abiding by anti-corruption policies and guidelines, such as acceptance of gifts and conflicts of interest. To live up to the anti-corruption commitment, whistleblowing policy is also formulated by the Group. The employees of the Group are encouraged to report any suspected misconduct and violation of rules. Investigation work for whistleblowing reports is handled with strict confidentiality under all circumstances to preserve anonymity.

反貪污

誠信為本集團商業道德的核心部分,本集團商業道德的核例(香港內)等有關賄賂條例(香港內)等有關賄賂、勒索、欺的法律及規例。為維持高水平的法律及規例。為維持高關強等分別,本集團通過政策及指導方工集團的資源等,與指導方本集團的反資與等。為履行本集團的反資與等。為大學和政策,以保持學報告之工作於任何持況下均以保持學報告之工作,以保持學報人士匿名。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group had not been charged for any corruption within the Board, its senior management and its staff, as well as its subsidiaries and their employees, during their employment.

The Group, together with the current Board, gives the utmost priority to regulatory compliance. The Board advocates a high level of independence so as to make independent judgements. Therefore, the Company has appointed three independent non-executive Directors. In selecting the Board members, the Company already considered the experience, knowledge and background of all four independent non-executive Directors that can contribute to the diversity and caliber of the Group.

COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT

The Group always endeavours to serve the community and therefore highly respects its corporate social responsibilities. For the sake of social betterment, the Group will identify charitable, non-profit or educational institutions and foundations that share its beliefs.

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團概無因本公司董事會、高級管理層及員工、以及旗下附屬公司或其僱員(於受僱期間)貪污而被起訴。

本集團,連同現屆董事會,給予監管合規最優先的關注。董事會認為,董事會應具備強烈獨立性,有效行使獨立判斷。因此,本公司已委任三名獨立非執行董事。於遴選董事會成員時,本公司已考量該四名獨立非執行董事可為本集團的多元化及才能作出貢獻的經驗、知識及背景。

社區參與

本集團一向致力回饋社會,重視履行企 業的社會責任。本集團日後亦會繼續物 色與本公司理念一致的慈善、非牟利或 教育機構及基金組織,以回饋社會。

董事履歷詳情

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Chiu Wai Lap ("Mr. Chiu"), aged 37, was appointed as executive Director of China Financial Leasing Group Limited (the "Company") on 1 January 2021, Mr. Chiu is a holder of Bachelor of Business Administration in Finance from The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology in 2006. Mr. Chiu has over 14 years of relevant experience in financial industry, including business development and management, fund operations, asset allocation, portfolio management and investment advisory, etc. Mr. Chiu is a responsible officer of Avia Asset Management Limited, which is the investment manager of the Company and a company licensed to carry out Type 4 (advising in securities) and Type 9 (asset management) regulated activities under Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap.571) (the "SFO").

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Liu Hailong ("Mr. Liu"), aged 50, was appointed as non-executive Director of the Company and chairman of the board (the "Board") of directors on 3 January 2020. Mr. Liu possessed years of experience in electronic sales, special electronic commerce operation and management. Mr. Liu is currently the chairman of the boards of directors of 安徽大 運亨通電子商務股份有限公司 and 安徽天圓地方電子商務 股份有限公司. Mr. Liu is mainly responsible for, including but not limit to, operation, management, financial, merchant and administration. Mr. Liu has been a chairman of the board of directors of 六安國鷹電子銷售有限公司 from January 2004 to December 2013. Mr. Liu was appointed as council member of Asia-Pacific Financial Council from October 2015 to October 2016, and vice officer of 安徽省創業創新企業家論壇組委 員電商委員會 since 2018. Mr. Liu is currently a chairman of the board of directors of China Electronics Holdings Inc., a company listed on Nasdag with ticker symbol "CEHD".

執行董事

招偉立先生(「招先生」),37歲,於二零二一年一月一日獲委任為中國金融租賃集團有限公司(「本公司」)執行董事。招先生於二零零六年取得香港科技大學工程,學生學位。招先生於金融行政學學士學位。招先生於金融行政學學士學向。招先生於金融行政學學士學向。招先生於金融行政學學士學向。招先生於金融行政學學士學向經歷,資產配置、招先與資產管理及提供投資意見等等,對貨條例(第571章)(「證券及期貨條例(第571章)(「證券及期貨條例」)牌照可進行第4類(就證券提供意見)及第9類(資產管理)受規管活動之公司。

非執行董事

劉海龍先生,50歲,於二零二零年一月 三日獲委任為本公司非執行董事及董事 會(「董事會」)主席。劉先生擁有多年電子 銷售經驗、特產電商營運及管理經驗, 劉先生現任安徽大運亨通電子商務股份 有限公司及安徽天圓地方電子商務股份 有限公司的董事長,劉先生主要負責包 括但不限於營運、管理、財務、招商及 行政等職責。劉先生於二零零四年一月 至二零一三年十二月擔任六安國鷹電子 銷售有限公司的董事長。劉先生於二零 一五年十月至二零一六年十月擔任亞太金 融理事會理事及於二零一八年起擔任安 徽省創業創新企業家論壇組委員電商委 員會副主任。劉先生現時於中國電子集 團控股有限公司(一間於納斯達克上市之 公司,股票代號為CEHD)擔任董事會主 席。

董事履歷詳情

Mr. Liu Yang, aged 34, was appointed as non-executive Director of the Company and vice chairman of the Board on 8 April 2020. Mr. Liu Yang obtained a Bachelor's degree in international economics and trade from Beijing Opening University in 2009. Mr. Liu Yang possessed years of management experience. Mr. Liu Yang has been a chief executive officer of J.W. (Joinway Holdings) Culture Media Planning & Production International Holdings Limited since January 2020. Mr. Liu Yang is mainly responsible for, including but not limit to, operation, management, formulate plans and annual business plans. Mr. Liu Yang has been a general manager and chairman of the board of directors of 深圳市網聯通盈網絡科技有限公司 from August 2012 to December 2015 and from January 2016 to December 2019 respectively.

Mr. Xiao Shen ("Mr. Xiao"), aged 56, was appointed as nonexecutive Director of the Company on 15 September 2020. Mr. Xiao graduated under a MBA programme in Renmin University of China. Mr. Xiao previously served as the general manager and executive director of 深圳市銀聯投資顧問有限公司 (Shenzhen Yinlian Investment Advisor Co., Ltd.*) and is currently the general manager and executive director of 深圳市建同置業有限公司 (Shenzhen Jiantong Estate Co., Ltd.*), the general manager and executive director of 深圳市建同房地產開發有限公司 (Shenzhen Jiantong Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.*), the chairman and general manager of 深圳市水榭香蜜房地產開發有限公 司 (Shenzhen Shuixie Xiangmi Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.*), the chairman of 深圳市深越投資有限公司 (Shenzhen Shenyue Investment Co., Ltd.*) and a director of 正大資產管 理(深圳)有限公司 (Zhengda Asset Management (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.*). Mr. Xiao was the non-executive director of Lamtex Holdings Limited, a company listed on the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (stock code: 1041) from April 2019 to March 2020. Mr. Xiao has years of extensive experience in the fields of real estate and investment management and excellent executive capacity in asset reorganization and merger and acquisition.

肖深先生(「肖先生」),56歲,於二零二零 年九月十五日獲委任為本公司非執行董 事。肖先生研修中國人民大學工商管理 碩士畢業。肖先生曾任深圳市銀聯投資 顧問有限公司總經理兼執行董事,現任 深圳市建同置業有限公司總經理兼執行 董事、深圳市建同房地產開發有限公司 總經理兼執行董事、深圳市水榭香蜜房 地產開發有限公司董事長兼總經理、深 圳市深越投資有限公司董事長及正大資 產管理(深圳)有限公司董事。肖先生於 二零一九年四月至二零二零年三月為林 達控股有限公司(一間於香港聯合交易所 有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市之公司)(股 份代號:1041)之非執行董事。肖先生具 有多年房地產及投資管理經驗,在資產 重組和併購方面具有良好的操作性。

^{*} For identification purpose only

董事履歷詳情

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE 獨立非執行董事 DIRECTORS

Mr. Wang Ruiyang ("Mr. Wang"), aged 33, was appointed as independent non-executive Director of the Company on 3 September 2018. Mr. Wang obtained a Bachelor's degree in Biological Engineering from Zhejiang Gongshang University in 2010. Mr. Wang has experience in human resources, administration, financial management and sales experience. Mr. Wang has been a sale manager of 廣州順舟物流有限公司 (Guangzhou Shunzhou Logistics Co., Limited*) from July 2010 to January 2016 and statutory representative of 温州杭辰工藝禮品有限公司 (Wenzhou Hangchen Crafts Co., Limited*) from March 2016 to January 2018. Mr. Wang is currently an executive director of 美哈國際實業(深圳)有限公司 (Meehaa International Industry (Shenzhen) Co., Limited*) since March 2018.

王瑞陽先生(「王先生」),33歲,於二零一八年九月三日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。王先生於二零一零年取得浙江商大學生物工程本科學歷。王先生於二零一次對售經驗。王先生於二零一零年七月至二零一八年三月為廣州順舟物流有限公司為對等經過一次於二零一六年三月至二零一八年三月之二零一八年三月起,王先生擔任等。國際實業(深圳)有限公司的執行董事。

Mr. Lam Wai Tsin ("Mr. Lam"), aged 38, was appointed as independent non-executive Director of the Company on 23 November 2020. Mr. Lam is a holder of Bachelor of Engineering in Civil and Environmental Engineering from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 2003 and Master of Finance from The University of Hong Kong in 2007. Mr. Lam is currently a licensed person and a responsible officer to carry out type 4 (advising on securities) and type 9 (asset management) regulated activities under the SFO. Mr. Lam has approximately 13 years of relevant experience in financial industry, including provides brokerage, asset management and investment advisory service. Mr. Lam is the type 4 (advising on securities) and type 9 (asset management) responsible officer of Chung Sun Asset Management Limited ("Chung Sun") since November 2016 and responsible for the investment portfolio management. Chung Sun is a licensed corporation under the SFO with regulated activities type 4 (advising on securities) and type 9 (asset management) to provide advising on securities, asset management and investment advisory service to the clients.

林 維 蕆 先 生(「林 先 生」),38歳,於二零 二零年十一月二十三日獲委任為本公司 獨立非執行董事。林先生於二零零三年 取得香港理工大學土木與環境工程學士 學位及於二零零七年取得香港大學金融 學碩士。林先生現時為證券及期貨條例 下進行第4類(就證券提供意見)及第9類 (資產管理)受規管活動之持牌人士及負 責人員。林先生於金融行業擁有約13年 相關經驗,包括經紀、資產管理及提供 投資顧問服務。自二零一六年十一月起, 林先生為中新資產管理有限公司(「中新」) 之第4類(就證券提供意見)及第9類(資產 管理)負責人員,負責管理投資組合。中 新為證券及期貨條例下的第4類(就證券 提供意見)及第9類(資產管理)受規管活 動之持牌法團,為客戶提供就證券提供 意見及資產管理服務。

* 僅供識別

^{*} For identification purpose only

董事履歷詳情

Mr. Luk Chi Shing ("Mr. Luk"), aged 51, was appointed as independent non-executive Director of the Company on 10 December 2020. Mr. Luk graduated from City University of Hong Kong in 1993, with a Bachelor of Arts in Accountancy. Mr. Luk is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Mr. Luk is currently an independent non-executive director of Chinese Energy Holdings Limited (stock code: 8009), a company listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Luk was previously the executive director of China Pioneer Pharma Holdings Limited (stock code: 1345), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange and the independent non-executive director of China Saite Group Company Limited (stock code: 153), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, Mr. Luk resigned from his directorship in these companies in December 2020 and July 2019 respectively. Mr. Luk has worked for an international audit firm and a number of public listed companies in Hong Kong. Mr. Luk has accumulated over 20 years of working experience in the fields of auditing, financial accounting and management, as well as corporate merger and acquisition.

陸志成先生(「陸先生」),51歲,於二零二 零年十二月十日獲委任為本公司獨立非 執行董事。陸先生於一九九三年畢業於 香港城市大學,擁有會計學學士學位。 陸先生為香港會計師公會及特許公認會 計師公會資深會員。陸先生現為華夏能 源控股有限公司的獨立非執行董事(一間 於聯交所GEM上市之公司)(股份代號: 8009)。於此之前,陸先生為中國先鋒醫 藥控股有限公司的執行董事(一間於聯交 所主板 上市之公司)(股份代號:1345)及 中國賽特集團有限公司的獨立非執行董 事(一間於聯交所主板上市之公司)(股份 代號:153),陸先生分別於二零二零年十 二月及二零一九年七月辭任該等公司董 事職位。陸先生曾在一家國際審計公司 和香港多家上市公司工作。陸先生於審 計、財務會計及管理以及企業收購、合 併等方面累計逾20年豐富的工作經驗。

董事會報告書

The board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") is pleased to submit their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of China Financial Leasing Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2020.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Group is principally engaged in short to medium term capital appreciation by investing in a diversified portfolio of investments in listed and unlisted securities. Details of the principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

Further discussion and analysis of these activities as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, including a description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group and indication of likely future development in the Group's business, can be found in the Management Discussion and Analysis set out on pages 6 to 19 of this annual report. This discussion forms part of this Report of the Directors.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The Group's results for the year ended 31 December 2020 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 64.

The Directors did not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2020.

DONATIONS

No charitable and other donations made by the Group during the year.

TOTAL NUMBER OF ISSUED SHARES

Details of the movements in the total number of issued shares of the Company during the year are set out in note 26 to the consolidated financial statements.

董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)欣然提呈彼等之報告,連同中國金融租賃集團有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱為「本集團」)截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度之經審核綜合財務報表。

主要業務

本集團主要從事透過投資於上市及非上 市證券之多元化投資組合達致中短期資 本升值。附屬公司主要業務詳情載於綜 合財務報表附註19。

載於本年報管理層討論及分析第6至19頁 之內容包含按照香港公司條例附表5要求 須作出有關該等業務之進一步討論及分 析,其中包括闡述本集團面臨的主要風 險及不確定性以及本集團日後可能出現 的業務發展。該討論構成本董事會報告 書一部分。

業績及備撥

本集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度之業績載於綜合損益及其他全面 收益表第64頁。

董事並不建議派付截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度之末期股息。

捐款

於本年度,本集團並無作出慈善及其他 捐款。

已發行股份總數

本公司年內之已發行股份總數變動詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註26。

董事會報告書

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a new share option scheme (the "SO Scheme") on 12 January 2012. The purpose of the SO Scheme is to enable the Company to grant options to eligible participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Group. Eligible participants of the SO Scheme include, without limitation, any persons who are employees, officers, agents, consultants or representatives of the Group. The SO Scheme became unconditional upon The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") granting on 13 January 2012 the approval of the listing of and the permission to deal in the shares falling to be issued pursuant to the exercise of any options to be granted under the SO Scheme and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, shall remain in force for 10 years from the adoption date.

The maximum number of shares issuable under share options to each eligible participant in the SO Scheme and the other scheme (if any) in any 12-month's period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of issued shares of the Company for the time being. Any further grant of share options to any eligible participant in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting. The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all share options to be granted under the SO Scheme and the other schemes (if any) must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue (the "10% Limit") as at 12 January 2012, being the date of passing the resolution by the shareholders at the extraordinary general meeting approving and adopting the SO Scheme. The Company may seek approval of its shareholders in a general meeting to refresh the 10% Limit at any time in accordance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange.

購股權計劃

於任何十二個月期間,根據購股權計劃 以及其他購股權計劃(如有)授予各合資 格參與者之購股權可予發行股份最高數 目不得超過本公司當時之已發行股份總 數之1%。向任何合資格參與者進一步授 出超越此限額之購股權須先獲股東於股 東大會上批准。根據購股權計劃以及其 他購股權計劃(如有)將予授出之所有購 股權獲行使時可予發行之股份總數,合 共不得超過本公司於二零一二年一月十二 日(即股東於股東特別大會通過批准及 採納購股權計劃之決議案之日期)已發 行股份之10%(「10%上限」)。本公司可隨 時按照聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」) 於股東大會上尋求其股東批准更新10% 上限。

董事會報告書

The maximum number of shares which may be allotted and issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the SO Scheme and other schemes (if any) shall not exceed 30% of the total number of issued shares of the Company from time to time. The making of an offer to any Directors, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or any of their respective associates must be approved by the independent non-executive Directors (excluding any independent non-executive Directors who or whose associate is a proposed grantee of the share options).

其他購股權計劃(如有)授出所有尚未行使惟將予行使之購股權可能配發及發行之股份合共最多不得超過本公司之任何發行股份總數之30%。向本公司之任何發重事、主要行政人員或主要股東須先等各自之任何聯繫人士作出要約須先養獨立非執行董事(不包括彼或彼之聯繫人財股權之建議承授人之任何獨立非執行董事)批准。

因行使合資格參與人根據購股權計劃及

In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive Director of the Company or any of their respective associates, in excess of 0.1% of the total number of issued shares of the Company at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the closing price of the Company's shares at the date of the offer) in excess of HK\$5,000,000, within any 12-month's period, are subject to the shareholders' approval in a general meeting in accordance with the Listing Rules.

此外,於任何十二個月期間內,向本公司之主要股東或獨立非執行董事、或彼等各自之任何聯繫人士授出超逾本公司不時已發行股份總數之0.1%,或總值(按本公司股份於授出日期之收市價計算)超逾5,000,000港元之購股權,須遵照上市規則於股東大會上獲股東批准。

Any offer may be accepted by an eligible participant in respect of less than the number of shares which are offered provided that such number is clearly stated in the duplicate letter comprising acceptance of the offer duly signed by such eligible participants and received by the Company together with a remittance in favour of the Company of HK\$1 (which shall not be later than 21 days from the offer date). The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the Directors, but shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets on the offer date; (ii) the average closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the offer date; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares.

On 25 May 2018, the share option limit was refreshed by the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting that maximum of 133,964,988 options convertible to 133,964,988 shares at HK\$0.02 each can be issued. As at the date of this annual report, 133,964,988 options convertible to 133,964,988 shares at HK\$0.02 each can be issued, representing approximate 6.95% of the total number of issued shares as at the date of this annual report.

於二零一八年五月二十五日,本公司股東於股東週年大會上更新購股權限額,最高可發行133,964,988份購股權,可兑換為133,964,988股每股面值0.02港元之股份。於本年報日期,還有133,964,988份購股權可兑換為133,964,988股每股面值0.02港元之股份可予發行,佔於本年報日期的已發行股份總數約6.95%。

董事會報告書

During the year, no Share Options were exercised, granted, lapsed or cancelled.

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 154 of this annual report.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles") or the laws of the Cayman Islands, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2020.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Under the Companies Law (2007 Revision) of the Cayman Islands, approximately HK\$289,390,000 in the share premium account and approximately HK\$19,444,000 in the reserve arising from capital reduction of the Company completed on 10 December 2012, is distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as and when they fall due in the ordinary course of business. The share premium account may also be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

年內,並無購股權獲行使、授出、失效 或許銷。

五年財務概要

最近五個財政年度之本集團業績及資產 及負債之概要載於本年報第154頁。

優先購買權

本公司之章程細則(「細則」)或開曼群島 (本公司註冊成立之司法權區)法例並無 有關本公司須按比例向現有股東提呈新 股之優先購買權之條文。

購買、贖回或出售本公司上市 證券

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度, 本公司或其任何附屬公司並無購買、贖 回或出售本公司任何上市證券。

可供分派儲備

根據開曼群島公司法(二零零七年修訂版),為數約289,390,000港元之股份溢價賬及於儲備中由本公司於二零一二年十二月十日完成之資本削減產生之約為19,444,000港元可供分派予本公司股東,惟在緊隨建議分派股息當日後,本公司須有能力清償其在日常業務過程中到期之債務。股份溢價賬亦可以繳足紅股之方式分派。

董事會報告書

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this annual report were as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Chi Hang¹ Mr. Chiu Wai Lap²

'

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Liu Hailong³ (chairman)

Mr. Liu Yang4 (vice chairman)

Mr. Xiao Shen⁵

Independent non-Executive Directors

Mr. Yip Ming⁶

Mr. Tsang Chung Sing Edward⁷

Mr. Zhang Bin⁸

Mr. Wang Ruiyang

Mr. Lam Wai Tsin9

Mr. Luk Chi Shing¹⁰

- 1. Mr. Chan Chi Hang resigned on 1 January 2021.
- 2. Mr. Chiu Wai Lap was appointed on 1 January 2021.
- 3. Mr. Liu Hailong was appointed on 3 January 2020.
- 4. Mr. Liu Yang was appointed on 8 April 2020.
- 5. Mr. Xiao Shen was appointed on 15 September 2020.
- 6. Mr. Yip Ming resigned on 10 December 2020.
- 7. Mr. Tsang Chung Sing Edward resigned on 10 December 2020.
- 8. Mr. Zhang Bin resigned on 15 January 2021.
- 9. Mr. Lam Wai Tsin was appointed on 23 November 2020.
- 10. Mr. Luk Chi Shing was appointed on 10 December 2020.

Pursuant to article 88(1) of the Articles, Mr. Liu Hailong and Mr. Liu Yang will retire by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the 2021 Annual General Meeting ("2021 AGM").

Pursuant to Article 87(3) of the Articles, Mr. Chiu Wai Lap, Mr. Xiao Shen, Mr. Lam Wai Tsin and Mr. Luk Chi Shing will be subject to re-election and, being eligible, offers themselves for re-election at the 2021 AGM.

董事

年內及直至本年報日期,本公司之董事 如下:

執行董事

陳志恆先生1

招偉立先生2

非執行董事

劉海龍先生3(主席)

劉陽先生4(副主席)

肖深先生5

獨立非執行董事

葉明先生6

曾松星先生7

張彬先生8

干瑞陽先生

林維蔵先生9

陸志成先生10

- 1. 陳志恆先生於二零二一年一月一日辭任。
- 2. 招偉立先生於二零二一年一月一日獲委任。
- 3. 劉海龍先生於二零二零年一月三日獲委任。
- 4. 劉陽先生於二零二零年四月八日獲委任。
- 5. 肖深先生於二零二零年九月十五日獲委任。
- 6. 葉明先生於二零二零年十二月十日辭任。7. 曾松星先生於二零二零年十二月十日辭任。
- 8. 張彬先生於二零二一年一月十五日辭任。
- 10. 陸志成先生於二零二零年十二月十日獲委 任。

根據細則第88(1)條,劉海龍先生及劉陽 先生須在二零二一年股東週年大會(「二 零二一年股東週年大會」)上輪席退任,惟 符合資格膺選連任。

根據細則第87(3)條,招偉立先生、肖深 先生、林維蔵先生及陸志成先生須在二 零二一年股東週年大會上進行重選,惟 符合資格膺選連任。

董事會報告書

INDEPENDENCE CONFIRMATION

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive Directors of the Company, an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considered that all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No Director proposed for re-election at the 2021 AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS THAT ARE SIGNIFICANT IN RELATION TO THE GROUP'S BUSINESS

No transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company's subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company and the Director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly and indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

確認獨立性

本公司已獲得本公司各獨立非執行董事 根據上市規則第3.13條發出之年度獨立 性確認函。本公司認為全體獨立非執行 董事均具備獨立身份。

董事之服務合約

擬於二零二一年股東週年大會膺選連任 之董事,概無與本集團訂立不可於一年 內在免付賠償之情況下(法定賠償除外) 由本公司終止之服務合約。

董事於有關本集團業務之重大交易、安排及合約之重大權益

本公司附屬公司概無訂立有關本集團業務,且本公司董事及董事之關連方於其中直接或間接擁有重大權益,並於年末或年內任何時間存續之重大交易、安排及合約。

董事會報告書

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES

As at 31 December 2020, the interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares of the Directors or chief executives of the Company (as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) and debentures of the Company or any associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules on the Stock Exchange, are set out below:

董事於股份之權益

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,董事或本公司主要行政人員於本公司或任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份(定義見證券及期貨條例([證券及期貨條例」))及債權證中擁有的根據證券及期貨條例第352條已記入官條規定存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉;成據聯交所上市規則附錄十所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則已另行知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉如下:

Name of Director	Type of interest	Position	Number of underlying shares	Approximate percentage of the Company's total number of issued shares 佔本公司已發行股份總數
董事姓名	權益類別	倉盤	相關股份數目	概約百分比
Mr. Liu Hailong ("Mr. Liu") (Note 1) 劉海龍先生(「劉先生」)(附註1)	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益	Long 好倉	338,000,000	17.53%

附註:

- Note:
- 1. According to the information available to the Company, 338,000,000 shares are held by 安徽大運亨通電子商務股份有限公司(「安徽大運亨通」) in the capacity of beneficial owner. 安徽大運亨通 is wholly owned by Mr. Liu, the chairman of the Board and non-executive Director of the Company. Accordingly, Mr. Liu is deemed to have interests in the 338,000,000 Shares.
- 相據本公司所得資料,338,000,000股股份由安徽大運亨通電子商務股份有限公司(「安徽大運亨通」)以實益擁有人身份持有。安徽大運亨通由本公司董事會主席及非執行董事劉先生全資擁有。因此,劉先生被視作於338,000,000股股份中擁有權益。

董事會報告書

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 December 2020, according to the information publicly disclosed, persons who had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO, are set out below:

主要股東

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,依照公開披露之資料,根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定備存之登記冊所載,在本公司之股份及相關股份擁有權益或淡倉之人士載列如下:

Approximate

Name of shareholders	Type of interests	Position	Number of ordinary shares held	percentage of the Company's total number of issued shares 佔本公司
股東名稱/姓名	權益類別	倉盤	所持普通股 數目	已發行股份總數 概約百分比
安徽大運亨通(Note 1) 安徽大運亨通(附註1)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	Long 好倉	338,000,000	17.53%
Mr. Liu (Note 1)	Interest of controlled	Long	338,000,000	17.53%
劉先生(附註1)	corporation 受控制法團之權益	好倉		

Note:

附註:

- 1. According to the information available to the Company, 338,000,000 shares are held by 安徽大運亨通 in the capacity of beneficial owner. 安徽大運亨通 is wholly owned by Mr. Liu, the chairman of the Board and non-executive Director of the Company. Accordingly, Mr. Liu is deemed to have interests in the 338,000,000 Shares.
- 根據本公司所得資料,338,000,000股股份由安徽大運亨通以實益擁有人身份持有。 安徽大運亨通由本公司董事會主席及非執行董事劉先生全資擁有。因此,劉先生被 視作於338,000,000股股份中擁有權益。

董事會報告書

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Company has paid/payable HK\$400,000 as investment management fee to Avia Asset Management Limited, the investment manager of the Company for the provision of investment management services to the Company. The above transaction constitutes a de minimis continuing connected transaction which is exempted from reporting, annual review, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirement under Rule 14A.76 (1) of the Listing Rules.

During the year, UOB Kay Hian (Hong Kong) Limited, China Tonghai Securities Limited, I Win Securities Limited, Head & Shoulders Securities Limited and Kingston Securities Limited, the custodians (collectively the "Custodians") of the Company provided custody services in relation to the securities and cash which the Company may from time to time deposit with the Custodians. The fees payable by the Company to the Custodians for the services constitutes de minimis continuing connected transaction which is exempted from reporting, annual review, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirement under Rule 14A.76 (1) of the Listing Rules.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group were entered into or existed during the year.

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules during the year and up to the date of this annual report.

關連交易

年內,本公司已支付/應付400,000港元 予本公司投資經理輝亞資產管理有限公司作為投資管理費向本公司提供投資管理服務。上述交易構成一項微不足道之持續關連交易,獲豁免遵守上市規則第14A.76(1)條之申報、年度審核、公佈及獨立股東批准規定。

年內,本公司託管商(統稱「託管商」)大 華繼顯(香港)有限公司、中國通海商證 有限公司、一盈證券有限公司、聯合 新有限公司及金利豐證券有限公司及金利豐證券有限公司 公司可能不時存入託管商之證券及現 提供託管服務。本公司就託管商是供 提供託管服務。本公司就託管商不足 服務應付託管商之費用構成微不足 財 續關連交易,獲豁免遵守上市規則 持續關連交易,獲 14A.76(1)條之申報、年度審核、公佈 獨立股東批准規定。

管理合約

年內並無訂立或存有任何關於本集團全 部或任何重大部份業務之管理及行政合 約。

公眾持股量

根據本公司可公開取閱之資料以及就董 事所知,於本年度及直至本年報日期為 止,本公司維持上市規則所規定之足夠 公眾持股量。

董事會報告書

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee was established in accordance with the requirements of the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report of reviewing and providing supervision over the Group's financial reporting process and internal controls.

As at the date of this annual report, the Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Luk Chi Shing (as the chairman), Mr. Wang Ruiyang and Mr. Lam Wai Tsin.

The Audit Committee has reviewed the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020.

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 have been audited by RSM Hong Kong.

RSM Hong Kong will retire and, being eligible, offers itself for re-appointment. A resolution will be submitted to the 2021 AGM for the re-appointment of RSM Hong Kong as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

China Financial Leasing Group Limited

Liu Hailong

Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 March 2021

審核委員會

本公司已按企業管治守則及企業管治報 告之規定成立審核委員會,以審閱及監 察本集團之財務申報程序及內部監控。

於本年報日期,審核委員會由三名獨立 非執行董事組成,分別為陸志成先生(作 為主席)、王瑞陽先生及林維蕆先生。

審核委員會已審閱本集團截至二零二零 年十二月三十一日止年度之經審核綜合 財務報表。

核數師

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 之綜合財務報表已由羅申美會計師事務 所審核。

羅申美會計師事務所將退任,並有資格 重選連任。一項決議案將於二零二一年 股東週年大會提呈,藉以重新委任羅申 美會計師事務所為本公司核數師。

代表董事會 中國金融租賃集團有限公司 主席 劉海龍

香港,二零二一年三月二十六日

獨立核數師報告書



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羅申美會計師事務所

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TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CHINA FINANCIAL LEASING GROUP LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Financial Leasing Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 64 to 153, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

致中國金融租賃集團有限公司全體股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

我們已審計列載於第64至153頁的中國金融租賃集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零二零年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表紀綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表及綜合財務報表附註(包括重大會計政策概要)。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而中肯地反映 貴集團於二零年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例的披露規定妥為擬備。

獨立核數師報告書

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined that there are no key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the Other Information. The Other Information comprises all the information in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

意見基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。根據該等準則,我們的責任於本報告表數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的會開述。根據香港會計師公會計師道德守則(「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,且我們已根據信戶稅們的其他道德責任。我們相信地為稅們的意見提供基礎。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對我們審計本期綜合財務報表最為重要的事項。該等事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理,而我們不會對該等事項提供單獨的意見。我們已釐定於本報告內並無須溝通的關鍵審計事項。

其他資料

董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括 載入年報的所有資料,但不包括綜合財 務報表及我們有關的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表作出的意見並不包 括其他資料,我們亦不會對此發表任何 形式的核證結論。

就我們審計綜合財務報表而言,我們的 責任為閱讀其他資料,並於此過程中中 考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報表或 們於審計中所得知的情況有重大抵觸, 或似乎有重大錯誤陳述。基於我們已執 行的工作,倘我們認為此其他資料有 大錯誤陳述,我們須報告有關事實。就 此,我們毋須作出報告。

獨立核數師報告書

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的 香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披 露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表, 並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不 存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤 陳述所必需的內部控制負責。

於擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及採用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或除此之外並無其他實際可行的辦法。

審核委員會協助董事履行彼等就監督 貴 集團財務申報程序須承擔的責任。

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須 承擔的責任

我們的目標為合理確定綜合財務報表整體而言是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述,並出具載有我們意見的核數師報告。我們僅向 閣下(作為整體)報告我們的意見,除此之外別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔責任。

合理確定屬高層次的保證,惟根據香港 審計準則進行的審計工作概不保證總能 察覺所存在的重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述 可因欺詐或錯誤而產生,倘個別或整體 在合理預期情況下可影響使用者根據該 等綜合財務報表作出的經濟決定時,則 被視為重大錯誤陳述。

獨立核數師報告書

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須 承擔的責任(續)

根據香港審計準則進行審計時,我們運 用專業判斷,並於整個審計過程中保持 專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致 綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述 風險、設計及執行審計程序以應對 該等風險,以及獲取充足和適當等 不為我們意見的基 審計憑證,作為我們意見的基 。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽部 直遺漏、虚假陳述或凌駕內部 意遺漏、因此未能發現因欺詐而 致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高 發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述 的風險。
- 了解與審計有關的內部控制,以設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策的合適性 及作出會計估計和相關披露的合理 性。

獨立核數師報告書

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content
 of the consolidated financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial
 statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須 承擔的責任(續)

- 評估綜合財務報表的整體呈報方式、結構及內容,包括披露資料, 以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映相關交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資料獲取充足及適當的審計憑證,以就綜合財務報表發表意見。我們須負責集團審計的方向、監督及執行。我們須為我們的審計意見承擔全部責任。

我們與審核委員會就(其中包括)審計的計劃範圍、時間安排及重大審計發現進行溝通,該等發現包括我們在審計過程中識別的內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們亦向審核委員會作出聲明,説明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關道德要求,並與彼等溝通可能被合理認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係及其他事宜,以及相關防範措施(如適用)。

獨立核數師報告書

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Ms. Ng Wai Kwun.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任(續)

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們釐 定對本期間綜合財務報表的審計最為 要,因而構成關鍵審計事項的事項,除 們在核數師報告中描述該等事項,除項 在核數師報告中描述該等事項,除項 法律或法規不允許公開披露該等事期 或在極端罕見的情況下,倘合理預 報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果 在 報告中溝通有關事項。

出具獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人 為吳慧筠女士。

RSM Hong Kong

Certified Public Accountants

29th Floor Lee Garden Two 28 Yun Ping Road Causeway Bay Hong Kong

26 March 2021

羅申美會計師事務所

執業會計師

香港 銅鑼灣 恩平道二十八號 利園二期 二十九字樓

二零二一年三月二十六日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

		Note 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收入	8	113	1
Other income Net loss on financial assets at fair	其他收入 透過損益按公平值計算之 財務資產虧損淨額	9	2,846	(47.400)
value through profit or loss	划 纷 貝 连 削 垻 才 렍	_	(14,114)	(47,463)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(11,155) (7,374)	(47,462) (18,688)
Loss from operations Finance costs (Loss)/gain on disposal of	經營虧損 融資成本 出售附屬公司(虧損)/	10	(18,529) (1,115)	(66,150) (682)
subsidiaries, net	收益,淨額		(163)	1,149
Loss before tax Income tax expense	除税前虧損 所得税開支	11	(19,807) —	(65,683)
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔年度 虧損	12	(19,807)	(65,683)
Other comprehensive income for the year:	年度其他全面收益:			
Item that may be reclassified to profit or loss:	可重新分類至損益之項目:			
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	換算海外業務之匯兑差額		1,067	39
Exchange differences reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of	出售附屬公司時重新分類 至損益之匯兑差額		7,000	
subsidiaries		-	(1,134)	
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	年度其他全面收益, 扣除税項		(67)	39
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔年度 全面收入總額		(19,874)	(65,644)
Loss per share	每股虧損	16		
Basic (HK cents per share)	基本(每股港仙)		1.04	4.09
Diluted (HK cents per share)	攤薄(每股港仙)		1.04	4.09

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2020

於二零二零年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 使用權資產 透過損益按公平值計算之 財務資產	17 18 20	3 339 —	4,198 714 12,270
Refundable rental deposit	可退回租賃按金	21	404	17,182
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Deposits and other receivable Bank and cash balances	流動資產 透過損益按公平值計算之 財務資產 按金及其他應收款項 銀行及現金結餘	20 21	74,514 13,002 120 87,636	68,867 188 862 69,917
Current liabilities Deposit received Margin payables and accruals Borrowings Lease liabilities	流動負債 已收按金 應付保證金及應計費用 借貸 租賃負債	22 23 24 25	– 5,547 1,650 270	2,550 14,619 — 496
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		7,467 80,169	17,665 52,252
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		80,573	69,434
Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities	非流動負債 租賃負債	25	96	220
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		80,477	69,214

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2020

於二零二零年十二月三十一日

			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元_
Capital and reserves	本公司擁有人應佔			
attributable to owners of the	資本及儲備			
Company				
Share capital	股本	26	38,553	32,133
Reserves	儲備	28	41,924	37,081
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益		80,477	69,214
Net asset value per share	每股資產淨值			
(HK cents per share)	(港仙/每股)	29	4.17	4.31

Approved by the Board of Directors on 26 March 2021 and 於二零二一年三月二十六日經董事會批 are signed on its behalf by:

准及由以下董事代表簽署:

Chiu Wai Lap 招偉立 Executive Director 執行董事

Liu Hailong 劉海龍 Non-executive Director 非執行董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

		Share	Share	Capital reduction	Foreign currency translation	Accumulated	
		capital	premium	reserve 資本削減	reserve 外幣換算	losses	Total equity
		股本	股份溢價	儲備	儲備	累計虧損	總權益
		(note 26) (附註26)	(note 27(b)(i)) (附註27(b)(i))	(note 27(b)(ii)) (附註27(b)(ii))	(note 27(b)(iii)) (附註27(b)(iii)		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	32,133	264,673	19,444	28	(181,420)	134,858
Total comprehensive and changes in equity for the year	年度全面收入總額及權益變動		_	_	39	(65,683)	(65,644)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	於二零一九年十二月三十一日及 二零二零年一月一日	32,133	264,673	19,444	67	(247,103)	69,214
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Issue of shares on placement (note 26(a))	配售時發行股份(附註26(a))	6,420	25,680	_	-	-	32,100
Share issue expenses	股份發行開支	-	(963)	-	-	_	(963)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收入總額		_	_	(67)	(19,807)	(19,874)
Changes of equity for the year	年度權益變動	6,420	24,717	_	(67)	(19,807)	11,263
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	38,553	289,390	19,444	-	(266,910)	80,477

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
	Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	附註	千港元	千港元_
經營活動現金流量			
除税前虧損		(19,807)	(65,683)
就以下項目作出調整:			
物業、廠房及設備折舊	17	1 1 1 7	2 525
庙田塘恣 紊垢萑			2,525
			1,452 682
融員成本 出售附屬公司虧損/(收益),	10	1,115	002
淨額	30(a)	163	(1,149)
提前終止租約之虧損		2	_
沒收已收按金收益		(2,550)	_
山告彻未、쩺房及故開之収益		(295)	_
透過損益按公平值計算之			
財務資產虧損淨額		14,114	47,463
營運資金變動前經營虧損			
		(5,774)	(14,710)
購買透過損益按公平值計算之			()
		(85,157)	(93,374)
財務貧產乙所得款垻		05.433	00.000
可用同和任护人操 机			90,860
		(62)	_
		400	404
			484
			2,212
應的休留並(減少)/ 增加		(9,268)	11,934
經營所用現金		(33,248)	(2,594)
		(1,027)	(501)
租賃負債利息		(47)	(181)
經營活動所用現金淨額		(34,322)	(3,276)
	除就物 使融出 提沒出 透 質 購 出 可按 應應 營應租前下業 用資售淨前收售 過濟 變 過資過資 租其別用證 情景 不	## 2	大きな

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

		Note 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動現金流量			
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備所得款項		295	_
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	購置物業、廠房及設備	17	-	(21)
Disposal of subsidiaries Increase in deposit received	出售附屬公司 已收按金增加	30(a)	564 —	1,447 2,550
Net cash generated from investing activities	投資活動所得現金淨額		859	3,976
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動現金流量			
Proceeds from issue of shares on placement	配售時發行股份之所得款項		32,100	_
Share issue expenses paid Borrowings raised	已付股份發行開支 籌集借貸		(963) 1,650	_ _
Interest paid Principal elements of lease payments	已付利息 租賃付款本金部分		(20) (302)	— (1,079)
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities	融資活動所得/(所用)現金淨額		32,465	(1,079)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等值項目減少淨額		(998)	(379)
Effect of foreign exchange changes	外匯變動影響		256	314
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 1 JANUARY	於一月一日之現金及 現金等值項目		862	927
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 31 DECEMBER	於十二月三十一日之 現金及現金等值項目		120	862
ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等值項目分析			
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘		120	862

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

China Financial Leasing Group Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law (2007 Revision) of the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. The address of its principal place of business is 11/F., Wui Tat Centre, 55 Connaught Road West, Hong Kong. The Company's shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") are principally engaged in short to medium term capital appreciation by investing in a diversified portfolio of investments in listed and unlisted securities on a general perspective. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"). HKFRSs comprise Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"); Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS"); and Interpretations. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622). Significant accounting policies adopted by the Group are disclosed below.

1. 一般資料

中國金融租賃集團有限公司(「本公司」) 根據開曼群島公司法(二零零七年修訂版) 於開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免之有限公司。本公司之註冊辦事處及主要營業地點之地址分別為 Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands及香港干諾道西55號會達中心11樓。本公司股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。

本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」) 主要從事全面投資於上市及非上市 證券之多元化投資組合以達致短中 期資本升價,而附屬公司主要業務 則載於綜合財務報表附註19。

2. 編製基準

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 3 provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

(a) Application of new and revised HKFRSs

The Group has applied the Amendments to Reference to the Conceptual Framework in HKFRS Standards and the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2020 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

2. 編製基準(續)

香港會計師公會已頒佈於本集團本會計期間首次生效或可予提早採納之若干新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則。附註3載列因初次應用與本集團有關並已反映於本期及過往會計期間綜合財務報表內之新訂及經修訂準則而產生的會計政策變動資料。

3. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財 務報告準則

(a) 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則

編製綜合財務報表時,本集團已首次應用於二零二零年一月一日或之後開始的年度期間強制生效的香港財務報告準則中提述概念框架之修訂以及下列香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則之修訂:

Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於該日或之後開始的會計期間生效

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8 Definition of Material 香港會計準則第1號及香港會計準則第8號修訂本 — 重大的定義

1 January 2020 二零二零年一月一日

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

(a) Application of new and revised HKFRSs (Continued)

Except as described below, the application of the Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in HKFRS Standards and the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8 Definition of Material

The amendments provide a new definition of material that states "information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements, which provide financial information about a specific reporting entity." The amendments also clarify that materiality depends on the nature or magnitude of information, either individually or in combination with other information, in the context of the financial statements taken as a whole.

The application of the amendments had no impact on the consolidated financial statements.

3. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

(a) 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(續)

除下文所述者外,本年度應用 香港財務報告準則提述概念框 架的修訂及經修訂香港財務報 告準則對本集團於本年度及過 往年度之財務狀況及表現及/ 或載於綜合財務報表之披露 並無重大影響。

香港會計準則第1號及香港會 計準則第8號修訂本 - 重大 的定義

修訂本為重大提供新的定義,例明「倘遺漏、錯誤陳建國, 關資訊可以合理預期會影響是 般用途財務報表的主要用戶實出 於該等提供有關特定報告 之財務資訊的財務報表作」。 決策,則該資訊屬重大」。 表 訂本亦釐清在整體財務報訊 節圍內,重要性取決於資訊 質或幅度(單獨或與其他 質 訊結合使用)。

應用修訂本對綜合財務報表並 無影響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

(b) New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not applied any new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2020. These new and revised HKFRSs include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

3. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經 修訂香港財務報告準則

> 本集團未有提前應用已頒佈但 尚未於二零二零年一月一日開 始之財政年度生效的新訂及經 修訂香港財務報告準則。該等 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則包括以下可能與本集團相關 之準則。

> > Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於該日或之後開始的會計期間生效

Amendments to HKAS 16 Property, plant and equipment proceeds before intended use

1 January 2022

香港會計準則第16號(修訂本)

二零二二年一月一日

物業、廠房及設備:作擬定用途前的所得款項

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020 Cycle

二零一八年至二零二零年周期香港財務報告準則的年度改進

1 January 2022 二零二二年一月一日

Amendments to HKAS 1 Classification of liabilities as current or non current

1 January 2023

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)將負債分類為流動負債或非流動負債

二零二三年一月一日

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

本集團正在評估該等修訂本於 首次應用期間之預期影響。迄 今為止,本集團認為採納該等 修訂本不大可能會對綜合財務 報表造成重大影響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, unless mentioned otherwise in the accounting policies below (e.g. certain financial instruments that are measured at fair value).

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 5.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below.

(a) Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 December. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group has power over an entity when the Group has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. activities that significantly affect the entity's returns.

When assessing control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

4. 重大會計政策

此等綜合財務報表乃按歷史成本常 規編製,惟於下列會計政策另有提 及者除外(例如按公平值計量的若 干財務資產)。

財務報表乃遵照香港財務報告準則編製,當中須採用若干主要會計估計,亦規定管理層須於應用本集團會計政策的過程中作出判斷。就綜合財務報表而言屬重大之假設及估計已於附註5披露。

編製此等綜合財務報表所應用的重 大會計政策載列如下。

(a) 綜合

在評估控制權時,本集團會考 慮其潛在投票權以及其他人士 持有的潛在投票權。在持有人 能實際行使潛在投票權的情況 下,方會考慮其權利。

綜合財務報表附註

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(a) Consolidation (Continued)

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date the control ceases.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary that results in a loss of control represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that subsidiary and (ii) the Company's share of the net assets of that subsidiary plus any remaining goodwill and any accumulated foreign currency translation reserve relating to that subsidiary.

Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment loss, unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale).

(a) 綜合(續)

附屬公司在控制權轉移至本集 團之日綜合入賬,而在控制權 終止之日起停止綜合入賬。

因出售附屬公司而導致失去控制權的盈虧指(i)出售代價公平值加上於該附屬公司保留的任何投資公平值與(ii)本公司應佔該附屬公司資產淨值加上與該附屬公司有關的任何餘下商譽及任何累計外幣換算儲備兩者間的差額。

集團內公司間之交易、結餘及未變現溢利均予以對銷。除非交易提供憑證顯示所轉讓資產出現減值,否則未變現虧損亦予以對銷。倘有需要,附屬公司之會計政策會作出調整,以確保符合本集團採納之政策。

於本公司財務狀況表中,於一間附屬公司之投資按成本減值虧損列賬,除非有關投資被分類為持作出售(或計入被分類為持作出售之出售組別)則另當別論。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(b) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances in each entity's financial statements

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the dates when the fair values are determined.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(b) 外幣換算

(i) 功能及呈列貨幣

納入本集團各實體財務 報表的項目,均以實體於 主要經濟環境經營的貨 幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。 。 合財務報表以港元呈列, 即本公司的功能貨幣及呈 列貨幣。

(ii) 於各實體財務報表的交 易及結餘

外幣交易於初步確認時 採用交易當日的匯率換 為功能貨幣。外幣的 養及負債按 告期末的匯率兑換。 告期末的匯率兑換收益 數算政策產生的收益 虧損均於損益確認。

按公平值計量及以外幣計值的非貨幣性項目乃按釐定公平值當日的匯率 換算。

倘非貨幣性項目的盈虧 於其他全面收益內確認, 該盈虧的任何外匯部分乃 於其他全面收益內確認。 倘非貨幣性項目的盈虧 於損益內確認,該盈虧 的任何外匯部分乃於損益 內確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(b) Foreign currency translation (Continued) (iii) Translation on consolidation

The results and financial position of all the Group entities that have a functional currency different from the Company's presentation currency are translated into the Company's presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates on the transaction dates); and
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of monetary items that form part of the net investment in foreign entities are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are reclassified to consolidated profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

(b) 外幣換算(續) (iii) 綜合賬目換算

本集團所有實體之功能貨幣倘有別於本公司之呈列貨幣,則其業績及財務狀況須按以下方式換算 為本公司之呈列貨幣:

- 所呈列每份財務狀況表內資產及負債按該財務狀況表 日期之收市匯率換算;
- 一 所有由此而產生之 匯兑差額均於其他 全面收益內確認及 於外幣換算儲備內 累計。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(c) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment held for administrative purposes are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their cost less their residual values over the estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The principal useful lives are as follows:

Furniture and office equipment 2-4 years Leasehold improvements Over the lease term

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

(c) 物業、廠房及設備

持作行政用途之物業、廠房及設備於綜合財務狀況表按成本減其後累計折舊及其後累計減值虧損(如有)列賬。

其後成本乃計入資產賬面值或 確認為個別資產(如適用),但 只有在該項目有可能為本集團 流入未來經濟利益以及可以可 靠地計量該項目的成本之情況 下才以此方式處理。所有其他 檢修及維修乃於其產生期間在 損益內確認。

物業、廠房及設備乃以直線法 於可使用年期內按足以撇銷其 成本減去其剩餘價值計算折 舊。以下為主要可使用年期:

傢俬及辦公室設備 二至四年 租賃物業裝修 於租約期內

剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊 方法會於各報告期末進行審閱 及調整(如適用)。

出售物業、廠房及設備的收益 或虧損是出售相關資產所得款 項淨額與賬面值兩者的差額, 並於損益中確認。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(d) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

The Group as a lessee

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

(d) 租賃

本集團會於合約開始時評估該 合約是否屬或包含租賃。 約為換取代價而給予在一段時間內控制可識別資產使用的 個內控制可識別資產使用的。 個內控制可識別資產的的 不戶有權主導可識別資產的的 是戶有權主導可識別資產大 與一方。 經濟利益,則控制權已轉讓

本集團作為承租人

於租賃開始日期,本集團確認使用權資產及租賃負債,的短債期為十二個月或以下的租賃與下的租賃值資產的租賃值資產的租賃時,本集團按領面資產租赁。當本集團按領資在租賃項租債等不作資本化租賃資本化租赁付款在租賃期內按系統基準確認為開支。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(d) Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use asset also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives and the lease terms.

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

(d) 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

本集團可於租賃期結束時合理確定取得相關租賃資產擁有權的使用權資產自開始日期起至可使用年期結束期間內計提折舊。否則,使用權資產則於估計可使用年期或租賃期(以較短者為準)按直線法計提折舊。

已付可退回租賃按金根據香港 財務報告準則第9號入賬,且 初步按公平值計量。於初步確 認時對公平值的調整被視為額 外租賃付款並計入使用權資產 成本。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(d) Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The lease liability is also remeasured when there is a change in the scope of a lease or the consideration for a lease that is not originally provided for in the lease contract ("lease modification") that is not accounted for as a separate lease. In this case the lease liability is remeasured based on the revised lease payments and lease term using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification. The only exceptions are any rent concessions which arose as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and which satisfied the conditions set out in paragraph 46B of HKFRS 16. In such cases, the Group took advantage of the practical expedient set out in paragraph 46A of HKFRS 16 and recognised the change in consideration as if it were not a lease modification.

(d) 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

當未來租賃付款因重新評估本集團是否合理地確定將行行應關是否合理地確定將行行使購買、續租或終止選擇權而產生變動,則會重新計量租賃賃。按此方式重新計量租賃賃時,使用權資產的賬面值戶網整,或倘使用權資產的賬面值已減至零,則於損益內列賬。

當租賃範疇發生變化或租賃 合約原先並無規定的租賃代價 發牛變化(「租賃修訂」),且未 作為單獨的租賃入賬時,則亦 要對租賃負債進行重新計量。 在此情況,租賃負債根據經修 訂的租賃付款及租賃期限,使 用經修訂的貼現率在修訂生效 日重新計量。唯一例外為因新 冠病毒疫情而直接產生的任何 租金减免,且其符合香港財務 報告準則第16號租賃第46B段 所載的條件。在該等情況下, 本集團利用香港財務報告準則 第16號第46A段所載的可行權 宜方法確認代價變動,猶如其 並非租賃修訂。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(e) Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

(e) 確認及取消確認財務工具

當本集團成為工具合約條文的 一方,則在綜合財務狀況表確 認財務資產及財務負債。

僅從資產收取現金流量之合約 權利已屆滿,或當其財務資產 及資產擁有權之絕大部分風 險及回報轉讓予另一實體時, 本集團方會取消確認該財務資 產。倘本集團既不轉讓亦不保 留擁有權之絕大部分風險及回 報,且繼續控制獲轉讓資產, 則本集團確認其於有關資產的 保留權益,以及其可能需要支 付的相關負債款項。倘本集團 保留獲轉讓財務資產擁有權之 絕大部分風險及回報,則本集 團繼續確認有關財務資產,且 亦就已收取之所得款項確認一 項有抵押借款。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(e) Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments (Continued)

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

(f) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. All recognised financial assets are measured subsequently in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Debt investments

Debt investments held by the Group are classified into the amortised cost measurement category, if the investment is held for the collection of contractual cash flows which represent solely payments of principal and interest. Interest income from the investment is calculated using the effective interest method.

(e) 確認及取消確認財務工具

本集團之財務負債僅於本集團 之責任獲解除、取消或屆滿時 取消確認。取消確認之財務 負債賬面值與已付及應付代價 (包括獲轉讓之任何非現金資 產或所承擔負債)之差額於損 益確認。

(f) 財務資產

所有財務資產之日常買賣,於 交易日確認及終止確認。日常 買賣乃指購買或出售於有關市 場規則或慣例設定之時限內交 付之財務資產。所有已確認財 務資產其後視乎其分類按攤銷 成本或公平值整體計算。

債務投資

本集團持有之債務投資可分類 為按攤銷成本計量類別,條 件為投資乃持作收取合約現金 流量,即純粹為本金及利息付 款。投資的利息收入採用實際 利率法計算。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(f) Financial assets (Continued) Equity investments

An investment in equity securities is classified as FVTPL unless the equity investment is not held for trading purposes and on initial recognition of the investment the Group makes an election to designate the investment at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") (non-recycling) such that subsequent changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income. Such elections are made on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but may only be made if the investment meets the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective. Where such an election is made, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income remains in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) until the investment is disposed of. At the time of disposal, the amount accumulated in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) is transferred to accumulated losses. It is not recycled through profit or loss. Dividends from an investment in equity securities, irrespective of whether classified as at FVTPL or FVTOCI, are recognised in profit or loss as revenue.

(g) Other receivable

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

Receivables are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowance for credit losses.

(f) 財務資產(續) *股本投資*

股本證券投資乃分類為透過 損益按公平值計算,除非該股 本投資並非持作買賣用途,且 最初確認該投資時,本集團選 擇將該投資指定為透過其他 全面收益按公平值計算(「诱過 其他全面收益按公平值計算」) (不得重新分類),致使其後公 平值變動於其他全面收益確 認。該等選擇乃按逐項工具基 準作出,惟僅在投資符合發行 人對股本之定義時方可作出。 如作出該等選擇,於其他全面 收益累計之金額會保留於公 平值儲備(不得重新分類), 直 至該投資獲出售。於出售時, 累計於公平值儲備(不得重新 分類)之金額會轉撥至累計虧 損,而非重新分類至損益。股 本證券投資所得股息不論分類 為诱過損益按公平值計算或 绣過其他全面收益按公平值計 算均於損益確認為收入。

(g) 其他應收款項

應收款項於本集團擁有收取代 價之無條件權利時予以確認。 收取代價之權利僅於有關代價 之付款到期前需要時間流逝的 情況下方屬無條件。

應收款項按攤銷成本以實際利率法減信貸虧損撥備列賬。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for expected credit losses ("ECL").

(i) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under HKFRSs. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

(j) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

(h) 現金及現金等值項目

(i) 財務負債及權益性工具

財務負債及權益性工具按所訂立合約安排的內容及香港財務報告準則中財務負債及權益性工具的定義分類。權益性工具的定義分類。權益性工具指能證明擁有本集團在減除所有負債後的資產中的剩餘權益的合約。就特定財務負債及權益性工具所採納的會計政策列載如下。

(j) 借貸

借貸初步按公平值扣除所產生 的交易成本確認,而其後則採 用實際利率法按已攤銷成本計 量。

除非本集團有無條件權利延遲 償還負債直至報告期後最少十 二個月,否則借貸應分類為流 動負債。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(k) Other payables

Other payables are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

(I) Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidence a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(m) Revenue and other income

Revenue is recognised when control over a product or service is transferred to the customer, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method. For financial assets measured at amortised cost that are not creditimpaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset. For credit impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the asset.

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment are established.

(k) 其他應付款項

其他應付款項初步按公平值確認,其後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量,除非貼現影響甚微,在此情況下,則按成本列賬。

(I) 權益性工具

權益性工具為任何可作為一項 實體之資產經扣除所有負債後 有留存權益之實證的合約。本公司發行之權益性工具按已收所得款項扣除直接發行成本列 賬。

(m) 收入及其他收入

收入於客戶獲得個別產品或服務的控制權時按本集團預期有權收取之承付代價金額(不包括代表第三方收取之金額)確認。

利息收入以實際利息法隨累 計確認。就並未出現信貸減值 之按攤銷成本計算之財務資產 而言,對有關資產採用實際利 率。就出現信貸減值之財務資 產而言,對有關資產之攤銷成 本(即賬面總值扣除虧損撥備) 採用實際利率。

股息收入於股東收取付款之權 利確立時予以確認。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(n) Employee benefits

(i) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(ii) Pension obligations

The Group operates a mandatory provident fund scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The Group's contributions to the MPF Scheme are calculated at 5% of the salaries and wages subject to a monthly maximum amount of HK\$1,500 per employee and vest fully with employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of the dates when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits, and when the Group recognises restructuring costs and involves the payment of termination benefits.

(n) 僱員福利

(i) 僱員應享假期

僱員應享年假及長期服 務假期隨員工累積假期 予以確認。本集團已因僱 員提供服務至報告期雇 的年假及長期服務假期 而產生的估計負債作出 撥備。

僱員應享病假及產假於 僱員放假時方會確認。

(ii) 退休金責任

(iii) 終止服務福利

終止服務福利會於本集 團無法撤回福利提供及 本集團確認重組成本並 涉及支付終止服務福利 的較早日期予以確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(o) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

To the extent that funds are borrowed generally and used for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is determined by applying a capitalisation rate to the expenditures on that asset. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the borrowing costs applicable to the borrowings of the Group that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying assets. Any specific borrowing that remain outstanding after the related asset is ready for its intended use or sale is included in the general borrowing pool for calculation of capitalisation rate on general borrowings.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(o) 借貸成本

所有其他借貸成本於產生期間 於損益確認。

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截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(p) Government grants

A government grant is recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to it and that the grant will be received.

Government grants relating to income are deferred and recognised in profit or loss over the period to match them with the costs they are intended to compensate.

Government grants that become receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

(q) Taxation

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit recognised in profit or loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

(p) 政府補助

當有合理保證本集團將遵守政 府補助的附帶條件及將獲得補 助時,即確認政府補助。

與收入相關的政府補助會予以 遞延,並將於配合擬補助的成 本的期間內於損益內確認。

因已產生的開支或虧損或向本 集團提供即時財務資助成為應 收補償且並無日後相關成本的 政府補助,乃於其成為應收款 項的期間於損益確認。

(q) 税項

所得税為當期税項與遞延税 項的總和。

當期應付稅項乃按年度應課稅溢利計算。由於其他年度應課稅以及永遠毋須課稅或可扣減收入或開支項目以及永遠毋須課稅或不可扣減的項目,應課稅溢利與損盡的溢利不同。本集團稅項負債,應按報告期稅項負債,應按報告期稅率計算。

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(q) Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

(q) 税項(續)

遞延税項負債就於附屬公司的 投資導致的應課税暫時性差額 確認,除非本集團能夠控制暫 時性差額的撥回及暫時性差額 於可見將來將不太可能撥回。

遞延税項資產的賬面值會於各報告期末作出檢討,並在不再可能有足夠應課税溢利抵銷全部或部分將予收回之資產時作出相應調低。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(q) Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. Temporary differences relating to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised at initial recognition and over the lease terms due to application of the initial recognition exemption.

(q) 税項(續)

遞延税項乃基於報告期末前已, 執行或實質上已執行的變現資期於清償負債或變現資期間應用的税率計算。遞延與 頭間應用的税率計算。遞延與 項對強力。 其他全面收益或直接於權 認之項目有關,則在此情 。 遞延税項 重接於權益確認。

遞延税項資產及負債的計量 反映本集團預期於報告期末收 回或結算其資產及負債賬面值 的稅務後果。

就計量本集團確認使用權資產 及相關租賃負債的租赁交易的 遞延税項而言,本集團首先釐 定税項扣減是否歸因於使用權 資產或租賃負債。

就税項扣減歸因於租賃負債之租賃交易而言,本集團將香港會計準則第12號規定分別應用於使用權資產及租賃負債。於應用初步確認豁免,有關使用權資產及租賃負債之暫時性差額並未於初步確認時於租期內確認。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(q) Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

(r) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date for indications of impairment and where an asset is impaired, it is written down as an expense through the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income to its estimated recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. If this is the case, recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Recoverable amount is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal of the individual asset or the cash-generating unit.

Value in use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows of the asset/cash-generating unit. Present values are computed using pre-tax discount rates that reflect the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset/cash-generating unit whose impairment is being measured.

Impairment losses for cash-generating units are allocated pro rata amongst the assets of the cash-generating unit. Subsequent increases in the recoverable amount caused by changes in estimates are credited to profit or loss to the extent that they reverse the impairment.

(q) 税項(續)

當有法定可強制執行權利將即期稅項資產與即期稅項負債互相抵銷,且彼等與同一稅務當局徵收的所得稅相關,以及本集團擬按淨額基準結算即期稅項資產及負債,則會將遞延稅項資產與負債互相抵銷。

(r) 非財務資產減值

使用價值為資產/現金產生單位估計未來現金流量之現值。 現值按反映貨幣時間價值及資產/現金產生單位(已計量減值)之特有風險之稅前貼現率計算。

現金產生單位減值虧損按比例 在現金產生單位資產間進行分配。因估計變動而導致其後可 收回金額增加將計入損益直至 撥回減值。

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(s) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises a loss allowance for ECL on other receivable. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of other receivable.

The Group recognises lifetime ECL for the financial instruments when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. However, if the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

(s) 財務資產減值

本集團針對其他應收款項的預期信貸虧損確認虧損撥備。預期信貸虧損的金額於每個報告日期予以更新,以反映自首次確認以來信貸風險的變動。

就金融工具而言,如自首次確認以來信貸風險已大幅增加,則本集團確認全期預期信以虧損。然而,倘自首次確認,所以來信貸風險並無大幅增加,則本集團按與十二個月預期信貸虧損之等額計算有關金融工具虧損機備。

全期預期信貸虧損指於金融 工具預期壽命內發生所有可能 的違約事件而導致的預期信貸 虧損。相反,十二個月預期信 貸虧損則指預期於報告日期後 十二個月內可能發生的違約事 件而導致的部分全期預期信貸 虧損。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(s) Impairment of financial assets (Continued) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. Forwardlooking information considered includes the future prospects of the industries in which the Group's debtors operate, obtained from economic expert reports, financial analysts, governmental bodies, relevant think-tanks and other similar organisations, as well as consideration of various external sources of actual and forecast economic information that relate to the Group's core operations.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk for a particular financial instrument;

(s) 財務資產減值(續) 信貸風險顯著增加

為評估信貸風險自首次確認後 是否已大幅增加,本集團會將 金融工具於報告日出現違約的 風險與該金融工具於首次確認 當日出現違約的風險相比較。 本集團進行評估時,會考慮合 理及有依據的量性及質性資 料,包括參考過往經驗及無 須耗費不必要的成本或精力而 取得的前瞻性資料。納入考量 之前瞻性資料包括來自經濟專 家報告、金融分析師、政府機 構、相關智庫及其他類似機構 所觀望本集團債務人所經營行 業之前景、以及考慮不同外部 來源對與本集團主要業務相關 的實際及預測經濟資料。

具體而言,評估信貸風險是否 自首次確認以來已大幅增加時 會考慮以下資料:

- 一 金融工具的外部(如有)或 內部的信貸評級實際上 或預期嚴重惡化;
- 具體金融工具的信貸風 險的外部市場指標嚴重 轉差:

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

- (s) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

 Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)
 - existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
 - an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
 - significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor; and
 - an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

- (s) 財務資產減值(續) 信貸風險顯著增加(續)
 - 業務、金融或經濟環境目前受到或預期出現不利影響,並預計嚴重使債務人的債務償還能力下降;
 - 債務人的經營業績實際 上或預期嚴重惡化;
 - 有關相同債務人的其他 金融工具之信貸風險大 幅增加;及
 - 一 債務人面對的監管、經 濟或技術環境在實際上 或預計會發生重大不利 變動,導致債務人的債 務償還能力嚴重下降。

不論上述評估結果,本集團認為,當合約付款逾期超過三十天,則自首次確認以來信貸風險已大幅增加,除非本集團有合理及有依據之資料證明。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

- (s) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

 Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

 Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if:
 - (i) the financial instrument has a low risk of default:
 - (ii) the debtor has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term; and
 - (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

The Group considers a financial asset to have low credit risk when the asset has external credit rating of "investment grade" in accordance with the globally understood definition or if an external rating is not available, the asset has an internal rating of "performing". Performing means that the counterparty has a strong financial position and there are no past due amounts.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due. (s) 財務資產減值(續) 信貸風險顯著增加(續)

儘管如此,本集團假設倘若債務工具於報告日期確定為信貸風險低,自首次確認後債務工具的信貸風險則尚未大幅增加。倘若:

- (i) 金融工具之違約風險低;
- (ii) 借款人在近期內履行合約 現金流量責任的能力強: 及
- (iii) 經濟和商業環境的不利 影響從長遠來看,可能但 不一定會降低借款人履 行合約現金流量責任的 能力。

則金融工具可被確定為具有低信貸風險。本集團認為,如財務資產具有按照環球理解定義之「投資級別」之外部信貸部級,或倘並無外部評級可用,有關資產具有「良好」之內部評級。良好指對手方財務狀況強固,且並無逾期款項。

本集團定期監察用於識別信貸風險是否有大幅增加之標準是否有效,並對其進行適當修訂,以確保該標準能於款項逾期前識別信貸風險是否有大幅增加。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(s) Impairment of financial assets (Continued) Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that receivables that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable:

- when there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty; or
- information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

(s) 財務資產減值(續) *違約之定義*

本集團認為,就內部信貸風險 管理而言,以下事件構成違約 事件,因過往經驗顯示符合以 下任何標準之應收款項一般無 法收回:

- 一 對手方違反財務契諾時;或
- 內部產生或外部來源資料顯示,債務人很可能無法向債權人(包括本集團)悉數還款(不計及本集團所持有任何抵押品)。

不論上文分析,本集團認為, 倘財務資產逾期超過九十天, 則違約已經發生,惟本集團擁 有合理及有依據資料顯示一項 更滯後的違約標準更為合適, 則另作別論。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(s) Impairment of financial assets (Continued) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the counterparty;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event:
- the lender(s) of the counterparty, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the counterparty's financial difficulty, having granted to the counterparty a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- it is becoming probable that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

(s) 財務資產減值(續) 出現信貸減值的財務資產

如一項或多項事件發生,導致 財務資產的估計未來現金流量 受到負面影響,則財務資產出 現信貸減值。財務資產出現信 貸減值之證據包括有關以下事 件之可觀察數據:

- 一 發行人或對手方出現嚴 重財務困難;
- 一 違約,例如逾期或拖欠 事件;
- 一 對手方之貸款人因與對手方出現財務困難相關經濟或合約理由授予對手方貸款人一般不會考慮的寬免;
- 對手方很可能將宣佈破產 或進行財務重組;或
- 有關財務資產之活躍市場因財務困難而消失。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(s) Impairment of financial assets (Continued) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, including when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of other receivable, when the amounts are over two years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information as described above. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date.

The ECL for financial assets is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

(s) 財務資產減值(續) *撇銷政策*

如有資料顯示債務人出現嚴重 財務困難且並無實際收回已能 性(包括債務人被清盤或可 性(包括債務人被清盤或 大破產程序,或如屬其他應 有關款項逾期超過來 (以較早發生者為準)),則 團將該財務資產撇銷。已 團將該財務資產撇銷。已 數項程序之強制執行活動, 。 話尋求法律意見(如適用)。 任 何收回款項確認於損益。

預期信貸虧損的計量及確認

預期信貸虧損的計量為違約 概率、違約損失率程度(即倘 發生違約時的損失程度)及違 約風險敞口的函數。違約概率 及違約損失率程度之評估功 按過往數據為依據,並按前瞻 性資料作出調整。至於所面臨 違約風險金額,就財務資產而 言,乃為有關資產於報告日期 之賬面總值。

就財務資產而言,預期信貸虧 損以根據合約中應付本集團的 所有合約現金流量與本集團預 期收取的所有現金流量之間的 差額進行估算,並按初始實際 利率貼現。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(s) Impairment of financial assets (Continued) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

If the Group has measured the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to lifetime ECL in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the conditions for lifetime ECL are no longer met, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL at the current reporting date, except for assets for which simplified approach was used.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account and does not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the consolidated statement of financial position.

(t) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

(s) 財務資產減值(續) 預期信貸虧損的計量及確認 (續)

倘本集團已於過往報告期針對 一項金融工具按與全期預期信 貸虧損相等金額計算虧損撥 備,惟於現行報告日期該金融 工具不再符合全期預期信貸 虧損之條件,則本集團於現行 報告日期按與十二個月預期信 貸虧損相等金額計算虧損撥備 (除使用簡化方法之資產外)。

本集團就所有金融工具於損益 確認減值收益或虧損,並通過 虧損撥備賬對其賬面值進行相 應調整,而不會於綜合財務狀 況表扣減有關財務資產之賬面 值。

(t) 撥備及或然負債

倘本集團因過往事件負上現有 法律或推定責任而可能需要以 經濟利益流出履行義務,並能 作出可靠估計時,便會就未有 確定時間或金額之負債確認撥 備。倘貨幣時間價值重大,撥 備會以履行義務預期支出的現 值列賬。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. 重大會計政策(續) (Continued)

(t) Provisions and contingent liabilities (Continued)

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

(u) Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of the reporting period are adjusting events and are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when material.

(t) 撥備及或然負債(續)

倘需要經濟利益流出的可能性 不大,則除非經濟利益流出的可能性 不大,則除非經濟利益流后計出 能性極微,否則有關責任 域多項未來事件是否發生一 或多項未來事件是否發生才, 確定存在與否的潛在責任 會披露為或然負債,除非經 利益流出的可能性極微則作別 論。

(u) 報告期後事項

提供本集團於報告期末狀況 額外資料的報告期後事項為調 整事項,並反映於綜合財務報 表。並非調整事項的報告期後 事項,倘屬重大時,則於綜合 財務報表附註內披露。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

估計不明朗因素的主要 5. KEY SOURCES OF **ESTIMATION** 5. 來源 UNCERTAINTY

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

(a) Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

Property, plant and equipment and right-ofuse assets are stated at costs less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. In determining whether an asset is impaired, the Group has to exercise judgement and make estimation, particularly in assessing: (i) whether an event has occurred or any indicators that may affect the asset value; (ii) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, in the case of value in use, the net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset; and (iii) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in estimating the recoverable amounts including cash flow projections and an appropriate discount rate. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset (including right-of-use assets), the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the assets belong. Changing the assumptions and estimates, including the discount rates or the growth rate in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the recoverable amounts.

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets as at 31 December 2020 were HK\$3,000 (2019: HK\$4,198,000) and HK\$339,000 (2019: HK\$714,000) respectively.

於報告期末,涉及未來及其他估計 不明朗因素的主要來源,有對下一

財政年度的資產及負債的賬面值造 成重大調整之重大風險的主要假設 討論如下。

(a) 物業、廠房及設備及使用權資 產減值

物業、廠房及設備及使用權資 產乃按成本減累計折舊及減 值(如有)列賬。於釐定資產是 否減值時,本集團須作出判斷 及估計,尤其評估:(i)是否有 事件已發生或有任何指標可能 影響資產價值;(ii)資產賬面值 是否能夠以可收回金額(如為 使用價值)支持,即按照持續 使用資產估計的未來現金流 量之淨現值;及(iii)將應用於估 計可收回金額的適當關鍵假設 (包括現金流量預測及適當的 貼現率)。倘無法估算某一單 獨資產(包括使用權資產)之可 收回金額,則本集團對資產所 屬之現金產生單元的可收回金 額進行估算。更改假設及估計 (包括於現金流量預測內的貼 現率或增長率)會對可收回金 額產生重大影響。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 物業、廠房及設備及使用權 資產賬面值分別為3.000港元 (二零一九年:4,198,000港元) 及339,000港元(二零一九年: 714,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION 5. UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

(b) Impairment of other receivable

The management of the Group estimates the amount of impairment loss for ECL on other receivable based on the credit risk of other receivable. The amount of the impairment loss based on ECL model is measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition. Where the future cash flows are less than expected, or being revised downward due to changes in facts and circumstances, a material impairment loss may arise.

As at 31 December 2020, the carrying amount of other receivable is HK\$13,000,000 (2019: HK\$Nil).

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) Price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk mainly through its investment in equity securities. The management manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk and return profiles. The Group's equity price risk is mainly concentrated on equity securities quoted on the Stock Exchange.

5. 估計不明朗因素的主要 來源(續)

(b) 其他應收款項減值

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,其他應收款項的賬面值為13,000,000港元(二零一九年:零港元)。

6. 財務風險管理

本集團的業務面對多種財務風險: 價格風險、信貸風險、流動資金風 險及利率風險。本集團整體風險管 理計劃專注於不可預測之金融市場 並尋求降低對本集團財務表現之潛 在不利影響。

(a) 價格風險

本集團主要透過其權益證券投資承受權益價格風險。管理層透過持有一個不同風險及回報之投資組合管理是項風險。本集團之權益價格風險主要集中於在聯交所報價之股本證券。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 6. 財務風險管理(續) (Continued)

(a) Price risk (Continued)

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risk at the end of the reporting period.

If equity prices had been 10% (2019: 10%) higher/lower, loss after tax for the year ended 31 December 2020 would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$7,451,000 (2019: HK\$6,887,000). This is mainly due to the changes in fair value of held-for-trading investments.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities and from its financing activities, including equity instruments and deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments. The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from cash and cash equivalents is limited because the counterparties are banks and financial institutions with high credit-rating assigned by international credit-rating agencies, for which the Group considers to have low credit risk.

All of the Group's financial assets at amortised cost are considered to have low credit risk, and the loss allowance, if any, recognised during the period was therefore limited to 12-month expected losses. Financial instruments are considered to be low credit risk when they have a low risk of default and the issuer has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term. Financial assets at amortised cost include deposits and other receivable.

(a) 價格風險(續)

以下敏感度分析乃根據於報告 期末所面臨的權益價格風險釐 定。

倘權益價格上升/下降10% (二零一九年:10%),截至二 零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度除税後虧損將減少/增加約 7,451,000港元(二零一九年: 6,887,000港元)。此乃主要由 於持作買賣投資公平值變動所 致。

(b) 信貸風險

本集團所有按攤銷成本計算之 財務資產被認為屬低信貨 險,故於期內所確認的虧損 備(倘有)限於十二個月預期 損。金融工具如具低違約期 預行合約現金流責任,則被 履行合約現金流責任,則被成 為屬低信貸風險。按攤銷及 計算之財務資產包括按金及 他應收款項。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 6. 財務風險管理(續) (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The maturity analysis based on contractual undiscounted cash flows of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities is as follows:

(c) 流動資金風險

本集團的政策是定期監控現 時及預期流動資金需要,以確 保維持足夠現金儲備滿足短期 及長期之流動資金需要。

根據本集團非衍生財務負債之 合約未貼現現金流量之到期情 況分析如下:

		On demand or less than 1 year 應要求或1年內 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 and 2 years 1至2年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2020 Margin payables Lease liabilities Borrowings Accruals	於二零二零年十二月三十一日 應付保證金 租賃負債 借貸 應計費用	2,666 291 1,733 2,881	– 97 – –	2,666 388 1,733 2,881
		7,571	97	7,668
At 31 December 2019 Margin payables Lease liabilities Accruals	於二零一九年十二月三十一日 應付保證金 租賃負債 應計費用	11,934 540 2,685 15,159	225 —	11,934 765 2,685

Based on the assessment of the directors, despite the continuous operating loss incurred by the Group over the years, the liquidity risk encountered by the Group is minimal considered that the Group will have sufficient cash resources to satisfy its future working capital after taking into account the ability of the Group to conduct fund raising activities and the ability to realise the financial assets at FVTPL.

根據董事評估,儘管本集團多年持續產生經營虧損,本集團的流動資金風險甚低,原因是經考慮本集團有能力進行集資活動及有能力變現透過損益按公平值計算之財務資產,本集團有充足現金資源以應付未來營運資金。

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6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 6. 財務風險管理(續) (Continued)

(d) Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk arises from its margin payables. The margin payables bear interest at variable rate that varies with the then prevailing market condition.

Except as stated above, the Group has no other significant interest-bearing assets and liabilities, the Group's operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

(e) Categories of financial instruments at 31 December 2020

(d) 利率風險

本集團面臨的利率風險來自其 應付保證金。應付保證金按可 變利率計息,利率隨現行市場 情況而變化。

除上文所述者外,本集團並無 重大計息資產及負債,本集團 的經營現金流量基本不受市場 利率變動影響。

2019

14.619

(e) 於二零二零年十二月三十一日 的財務工具組別

2020

二零二零年 HK\$'000	二零一九年 HK\$'000
千港元	千港元_
74,514	81,137
13,184	1,050

Financial assets:	財務資產:
Financial assets at FVTPL:	透過損益按公平值
	計算之財務資產:
Mandatorily measured at	強制性透過損益
FVTPL	按公平值計算
Financial assets measured at	按攤銷成本計算之
amortised cost	財務資產

Financial liabilities: 財務負債:

Financial liabilities at 按攤銷成本計算之 amortised cost 財務負債

(f) Fair values

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their respective fair values.

(f) 公平值

7.197

本集團財務資產及財務負債的 賬面值誠如綜合財務狀況表所 反映,與其各自公平值相若。

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7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The following disclosures of fair value measurements use a fair value hierarchy that categorises into three levels the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value:

Level 1 inputs: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active

markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access

at the measurement date.

Level 2 inputs: inputs other than quoted prices

included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability,

either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs: unobservable inputs for the asset or

liability.

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of any of the three levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

7. 公平值計量

公平值為市場參與者於計量日期進 行之有序交易中出售資產所收取或 轉讓負債所支付之價格。以下公平 值計量披露使用的公平值層級將用 於計量公平值的估值技術之輸入值 分為三個層級:

第一層級輸入值:本集團可於計量

日期獲得之相同 資產或負債之活 躍市場報價(未 經調整)。

第二層級輸入值:第一層級所包括

之報價以外之直 接或間接的資產 或負債可觀察輸 入值。

第三層級輸入值:資產或負債之不 可觀察輸入值。

本集團的政策乃於導致該轉移之事 件或狀況出現變動當日確認自三個 層級中的任何一個層級的轉入及轉 出。

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7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS 7. 公平值計量(續) (Continued)

- (a) Disclosures of level in fair value hierarchy at 31 December 2020:
- (a) 於二零二零年十二月三十一日 的公平值層級披露:

Description	概述		measuremen 輸入值之公平(Level 2 第二層級 HK\$'000 千港元	•	Total 總計 2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Recurring fair value measurements:	經常性公平值計量:				
Financial assets Financial assets at FVTPL	財務資產 透過損益按公平值計算之 財務資產				
Listed equity securities	上市股本證券	74,514	_	_	74,514
Description	概 述		e measurement 輸入值之公平(Level 2 第二層級 HK\$'000 千港元	0	Total 總計 2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Recurring fair value measurements:	經常性公平值計量:				
Financial assets	財務資產				
Financial assets at FVTPL	透過損益按公平值計算之 財務資產				
Listed equity securities	上市股本證券	68,867	_	_	68,867
Unlisted equity securities	非上市股本證券			12,270	12,270
Total	總計	68,867	_	12,270	81,137

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7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS 7. 公平值計量(續) (Continued)

- (b) Reconciliation of assets measured at fair value based on Level 3:
- (b) 按第三層級公平值計量之資 產對賬:

概述 **Description**

Financial assets at FVTPL - unlisted equity securities 透過損益按公平值計算之 財務資產 - 非上市股本證券

2020 2019 二零二零年 二零一九年

		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
	於一月一日 於下表確認之收益或	12,270	14,518
in profit or loss (#) in other comprehensive income Disposal of a subsidiary (note 30(a)(ii))	虧損總額 損益(#) 其他全面收益 出售附屬公司 (附註30(a)(ii))	(81) 811 (13,000)	(1,973) (275)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	_	12,270
(#) Include gains or losses for assets (held at end of reporting period	(#) 包括於報告期末持有 之資產之收益或虧損	_	(1,973)

The total gains or losses recognised in other comprehensive income are presented in exchange differences on translating foreign operations in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

The total gains or losses recognised in profit or loss including those for assets held at the end of reporting period are presented in net loss on financial assets at FVTPL in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

於其他綜合收益確認之收益或 虧損總額於綜合損益及其他全 面收益表中列示為外幣換算匯 兑,差額。

於損益確認之收益或虧損總額 (包括於報告期末所持有資產) 於綜合損益及其他全面收益表 中呈列為透過損益按公平值計 算之財務資產之淨虧損。

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

8. REVENUE

Revenue recognised during the year is as follows:

8. 收入

年內確認之收入如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest income on bank deposits Dividend income	銀行存款之利息收入 股息收入	– 113	1 —
		113	1

The results arising from the fair value change of financial assets at FVTPL are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income under the line of "Net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss". The gross proceeds from trading of securities for the year amounted to approximately HK\$65,477,000 (2019: HK\$90,860,000).

The Group has identified its operating segments and prepared segment information based on the regular internal financial information reported to the Group's executive director for his decisions about resources allocation to the Group's business components and review of these components' performance.

For both years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, the Group has identified only one segment and the sole business of this segment is investment in listed and unlisted securities. No separate analysis of segment information by business segment is presented.

The Group's revenue from external customers and its non-current assets by geographical areas are not presented as the geographical segments other than Hong Kong are less than 10% of the aggregate amount of all segments.

透過損益按公平值計算之財務資產的公平值變動所得結果於綜合損益及其他全面收益表「透過損益按公平值計算之財務資產虧損淨額」下獨立列示。本年度買賣證券所得款項總額約為65,477,000港元(二零一九年:90,860,000港元)。

本集團已識別其經營分部,並根據 本集團執行董事獲提供以作本集團 業務分部之資源分配及檢討該等分 部表現決策的定期內部財務資料而 編製分部資料。

截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二 月三十一日止年度,本集團僅識別 一個分部,該分部的唯一業務為於 上市及非上市證券的投資。並無另 外呈列按業務分部劃分的分部資料 分析。

本集團並無呈列按地區劃分的來自 外部客戶的收入及非流動資產,原 因是香港境外地區分部之收入少於 所有分部總額的10%。

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

9. OTHER INCOME

9. 其他收入

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Gain on forfeiture of deposit received			
(note 22)	(附註22)	2,550	_
Gain on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備之		
plant and equipment	收益	295	_
Sundry income	雜項收入	1	_
		2,846	_

10. FINANCE COSTS

10. 財務成本

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest on borrowings Interest expense on lease liabilities Interest on margin payables	借貸之利息 租賃負債之利息開支 應付保證金之利息	41 47 1,027	– 181 501
		1,115	682

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11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The Group is not subject to any taxation under the jurisdictions of the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands during the year (2019: Nil).

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in the consolidated financial statements since the Group has no assessable profit for the year (2019: Nil).

The reconciliation between the income tax expense and the product of loss before tax multiplied by the Hong Kong Profits Tax rate is as follows:

11. 所得税開支

年內,本集團毋須繳付開曼群島及 英屬處女群島司法權區內的任何稅 項(二零一九年:無)。

由於本集團年內並無應課税溢利(二零一九年:無),故並無香港利得税 在綜合財務報表內作出撥備。

所得税開支與除税前虧損乘以香港 利得税税率之乘積對賬如下:

2019

2020

		2020	2013
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	(19,807)	(65,683)
Tax at the Hong Kong Profits Tax rate	按香港利得税税率		
of 16.5%	16.5%計算之税項	(3,269)	(10,838)
Tax effect of income that	不可扣減收入之税項影響		
is not taxable		(3,583)	(453)
Tax effect of expenses that	不可扣減開支之税項影響		
are not deductible		2,586	1,494
Tax effect of other temporary	其他未確認暫時性差額之		
differences not recognised	税項影響	(6,911)	4,132
Tax effect of tax losses not	未確認税項虧損之		
recognised	税項影響	11,099	5,862
Effect of different tax rate of	於其他司法權區經營之		
a subsidiary operating in	附屬公司使用不同		
other jurisdiction	税率之影響	78	(197)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	_	_

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

At the end of the reporting period the Group has unused tax losses of approximately HK\$302,116,000 (2019: HK\$241,020,000) available for offset against future profits and are subject to the approval of Inland Revenue Department. No deferred tax asset has been recognised due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

12. LOSS FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

The Group's loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company is stated after charging/(crediting) the following:

11. 所得税開支(續)

於報告期末,本集團未動用税項虧 損約302,116,000港元(二零一九年: 241,020,000港元),可抵銷未來溢 利及需獲税務局的核准。並無遞延 税項資產因未來溢利流的不可預測 性而獲確認。税項虧損可無限期結 轉。

12. 本公司擁有人應佔年度虧損

本公司擁有人應佔本集團年度虧損於扣除/(計入)以下各項後呈列:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元_
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	335	335
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備之折舊		
plant and equipment		1,147	2,525
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產之折舊	337	1,452
Government grant (#)	政府補助(#)	(538)	_
Loss of early extinguishment of lease	提前終止租約之虧損	2	_
Net foreign exchange loss	匯兑虧損淨額	258	319

- (#) During the year, the Group recognised government grants of approximately HK\$538,000 in respect of COVID-19 relating to Employment Support Scheme provided by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region.
- (#) 於本年度,本集團確認就香港 特別行政區政府因應新冠病毒 提供的「保就業」計劃有關的政 府補助約538,000港元。

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13. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

13. 僱員福利開支

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, bonuses and allowances Retirement benefit scheme	薪金、花紅及津貼 退休福利計劃供款	1,555	5,438
contributions		66	145
		1,621	5,583

For the year ended 31 December 2020, COVID-19 related government grants amounted to approximately HK\$538,000 have been offset adjust employee benefits expense.

(a) Pensions - defined contribution plans

Contributions totalling approximately HK\$Nil (2019: HK\$26,000) were payable to the fund at the end of the reporting period.

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five highest paid individuals in the Group during the year included 1 (2019: 1) director whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented in note 14. The emoluments of the remaining 4 (2019: 4) individuals are set out below:

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,金額達約538,000港元的新冠病毒相關的政府補助已被抵銷調整僱員福利開支。

(a) 退休金 - 定額供款計劃

供款總額約零港元(二零一九年:26,000港元)已於報告期末向基金支付。

(b) 五名最高薪酬人士

本集團年內五名最高薪酬人士包括1名(二零一九年:1名)董事,其薪酬反映在附註14呈列之分析。餘下4名(二零一九年:4名)人士之酬金載列如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Basic salaries and allowances Retirement benefit scheme	基本薪金及津貼 退休福利計劃供款	1,363	3,085
contributions		48	54
		1,411	3,139

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13. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE 13. 僱員福利開支(續) (Continued)

(b) Five highest paid individuals (Continued)

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

(b) 五名最高薪酬人士(續) 酬金介乎以下範圍:

Number of individuals

		人數		
		2020	2019	
		二零二零年	二零一九年	
Nil to HK\$1,000,000 零 3	至1,000,000港元	4	3	
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000 1,00	00,001港元至1,500,000港元	_	1	
		4	4	

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office (2019: Nil).

The emoluments paid or payable to the remaining 1 (2019: 1) member of senior management fell within the following band:

年內,本集團並無向任何最高 薪酬人士支付酬金,作為加入 本集團或加入後之獎勵或作為 辭職補償(二零一九年:無)。

付予或須付予餘下1名(二零一九年:1名)高級管理層成員之酬金介乎以下範圍:

Number of individual

		人數		
		2020	2019	
		二零二零年	二零一九年	
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	1	1	

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14. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF 14. 董事福利及權益 DIRECTORS

(a) Directors' emoluments

(a) 董事酬金

The remuneration of every director is set out below:

每名董事薪酬載列如下:

Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking 就作為本公司或其附屬公司董事之人士服務已付或應收酬金

		机作	3.可以共剂屬公可	里争之人工服份口管	以應收斷並
				Employer's	
				contribution to	
			Discretionary	a retirement	
		Fees	bonus	benefit scheme	Total
		rees	bonus		iotai
				僱主對退休福利	
		袍金	酌情花紅	計劃的供款	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive Director	執行董事				
Mr. Chan Chi Hang	陳志恆先生	900	_	_	900
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事				
Mr. Liu Hailong (Note (i))	劉海龍先生(附註(i))	_	_	_	_
Mr. Liu Yang (Note (ii))	劉陽先生(附註(ii))	_	_	_	_
Mr. Xiao Shen (Note (iii))	肖深先生(附註(iii))	_	_	_	_
IVII. AIAO SHEH (IVOLE (III))	月本儿生(門吐(III))		_ _	_	
		_	_	_	_
Independent Non-	獨立非執行董事				
executive Directors					
Mr. Yip Ming (Note (vi))	葉明先生(附註(vi))	189	_	_	189
Mr. Wang Ruiyang	王瑞陽先生	200	_	_	200
Mr. Tsang Chung Sing	曾松星先生(附註(vi))	200			200
	首位生儿生(的社(VI))	400			400
Edward (Note (vi))	7E #/ #_ //	189	_	_	189
Mr. Zhang Bin	張彬先生	200	_	_	200
Mr. Lam Wai Tsin (Note (iv))	林維蕆先生(附註(iv))	13	-	-	13
Mr. Luk Chi Shing (Note (v))	陸志成先生(附註(v))	7			7
		798		_	798
Total for 2020	二零二零年總計	1,698	_	_	1,698

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14. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF 14. 董事福利及權益(續) DIRECTORS (Continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

(a) 董事酬金(續)

Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking 就作為本公司或其附屬公司董事之人士服務已付或應收酬金

		加下為中公司或共的屬公司重事之八工服仍已內或應收削並				
				Employer's		
				contribution to		
			Discretionary	a retirement		
		Fees	bonus	benefit scheme 僱主對退休福利	Total	
		袍金	酌情花紅	計劃的供款	總計	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元 	千港元_	千港元	<u> </u>	
Executive Director	執行董事					
Mr. Chan Chi Hang	陳志恆先生	900	_	_	900	
Independent Non-	獨立非執行董事					
executive Directors	烟业升刊11里中					
Mr. Yip Ming (Note (vi)) Mr. Tsang Chung Sing	葉明先生(附註(vi)) 曾松星先生(附註(vi))	200	_	_	200	
Edward (Note (vi))		200	_	_	200	
Mr. Wang Ruiyang	王瑞陽先生	200	_	_	200	
Mr. Zhang Bin	張彬先生	200			200	
		800			800	
Total for 2019	二零一九年總計	1,700	_	_	1,700	

Notes:

- (i) Appointed on 3 January 2020.
- (ii) Appointed on 8 April 2020.
- (iii) Appointed on 15 September 2020.
- (iv) Appointed on 23 November 2020.
- (v) Appointed on 10 December 2020.
- (vi) Resigned on 10 December 2020.

附註:

- (i) 於二零二零年一月三日獲委任。
- (ii) 於二零二零年四月八日獲委 任。
- (iii) 於二零二零年九月十五日獲委 仁。
- (iv) 於二零二零年十一月二十三日 獲委任。
- (v) 於二零二零年十二月十日獲委 在。
- (vi) 於二零二零年十二月十日獲委 任。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

14. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF 14. 董事福利及權益(續) **DIRECTORS** (Continued)

(b) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements and contracts

No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company and the director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

15. DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: Nil).

16. LOSS PER SHARE

Basic loss per share

The calculation of basic loss per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$19,807,000 (2019: HK\$65,683,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 1,908,354,800 (2019: 1,606,649,882) in issue during the year.

Diluted loss per share

As the Company did not have any dilutive potential ordinary shares for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, diluted loss per share was the same as the basic loss per share for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

(b) 董事於交易、安排及合約之重

於年末或於年內任何時間,本 公司概無就本集團業務訂立任 何本公司董事及董事關連方於 當中直接或間接擁有重大權益 之重大交易、安排及合約。

15. 股息

董事並不建議派付截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度之任何股息 (二零一九年:無)。

16. 每股虧損

每股基本虧損

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本虧損 乃按本公司擁有人應佔年度虧損 約為19,807,000港元(二零一九年: 65.683.000港元)及年內已發行的普 通股之加權平均股數1,908,354,800 (二零一九年:1,606,649,882)計 質。

每股攤薄虧損

由於本公司截至二零二零年及二零 一九年十二月三十一日止各年度並 無任何潛在攤薄普通股,因此每股 攤薄虧損與截至二零二零年及二零 一九年十二月三十一日止各年度的 每股基本虧損相同。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 17. 物業、廠房及設備

		Yacht and motor vehicles	Furniture and office equipment 傢俬及	Leasehold improvements	Total
		遊艇及汽車	辦公室設備	租賃物業裝修	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元_
Cost	成本				
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	9,471	812	202	10,485
Additions	添置	21	_	_	21
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司				
(note 30(a)(iii))	(附註30(a)(iii))	(2,900)	(790)	(202)	(3,892)
At 31 December 2019 and	於二零一九年十二月三十一日及				
1 January 2020	二零二零年一月一日	6,592	22	_	6,614
Disposal	出售	(502)	_	_	(502)
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司				
(note 30(a)(i))	(附註30(a)(i))	(6,090)	_		(6,090)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日		22		22
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊				
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	2,831	655	146	3,632
Charge for the year	年度費用	2,319	150	56	2,525
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司				
(note 30(a)(iii))	(附註30(a)(iii))	(2,749)	(790)	(202)	(3,741)
At 31 December 2019 and	於二零一九年十二月三十一日及				
1 January 2020	二零二零年一月一日	2,401	15	_	2,416
Charge for the year	年度費用	1,143	4	_	1,147
Disposal	出售	(502)	_	_	(502)
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司				
(note 30(a)(i))	(附註30(a)(i))	(3,042)		_	(3,042)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日		19		19
Carrying amount	賬面值				
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日		3	_	3
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月三十一日	4,191	7	_	4,198

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

18. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

18. 使用權資產

				Leased properties 租賃物業
				HK\$'000
				千港元
At 1 January 2019		於二零一九年一月]一日	1,202
Additions		添置		3,825
Depreciation		折舊		(1,452)
Disposal of a subsidiary (note 30(a)(iv	/))	出售一間附屬公司	司(附註30(a)(iv))	(2,861)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January	, 2020	於二零一九年十二	- 日二十一日乃	
At or December 2019 and 1 danuary	y 2020	二零二零年一月		714
Addition		添置		508
Depreciation		折舊		(337)
Loss of early extinguishment		提前終止租約之戶	虧損	(546)
At 31 December 2020		於二零二零年十二	- 8 = + _ p	339
At 31 December 2020		於 一 ◆一◆十Ⅰ-	-/I ⊢ ·	
			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元 —————	
Depreciation evacages on	(古田墳)	資產之折舊開支		
Depreciation expenses on right-of-use assets	厌用惟.	貝 生 之 扒 皆 用 乂	337	1,452
Interest expense on lease liabilities	租賃負債	 責之利息開支	001	1,402
(included in finance costs)		財務成本)	47	181
Expenses relating to short-term	短期租賃	賃相關開支		
leases (included in	(計入	行政開支)		
administrative expenses)			315	1,674

Details of total cash outflow for leases are set out in note 30(c).

有關租賃的總現金流出之詳情載於 附註30(c)。

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

18. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Continued)

For both years, the Group leases an office and an accommodation property for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed terms of 2 (2019: 2 to 3 years), but may have termination options. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

18. 使用權資產(續)

於兩個年度,本集團租賃辦公室及一項宿舍物業作經營用途。租賃辦公室及的方按2年(二零一九年:2至3年)的固定期限訂立,惟可選擇終止。租賃期限乃逐個磋商,包含各種限內。於釐定租賃期限不可撤銷期間之年期時,本為評估不可撤銷期間之年期時,本為可強制執行的期限。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

19. 於附屬公司之投資

Particulars of the subsidiaries as at 31 December 2020 are as follows:

於二零二零年十二月三十一日之附 屬公司詳情如下:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operation 註冊成立/登記及經營地點	Particular of issued share capital 已發行股本詳情	share capital voting power/profit sharing				
				.接		接	
			2020	2019 二零一九年	2020	2019	
China Finance Qianhai Limited 中國金融前海有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	1 ordinary share of US\$1 1股面值1美元之 普通股	100%	100%	-	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Peaceful Gain Limited 利和有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	1 ordinary share of US\$1 1股面值1美元之 普通股	-	100%	-	-	Investment holding 投資控股
China Financial Leasing Investments Limited ("CFL Investments") 中國金融租賃投資有限公司 (「中國金融租賃投資」)	Hong Kong 香港	1 ordinary share 1股普通股	-	100%	_	-	Asset holding 持有資產
China Finance Qianhai (Hong Kong) Limited 中國金融前海(香港)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	1 ordinary share 1股普通股	-	-	100%	100%	Inactive 暫無業務
China Financial Leasing Group (Hong Kong) Limited 中國金融租賃集團(香港) 有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	1 ordinary share 1股普通股	-	-	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
安徽蜂鑫股權投資有限公司 ("安徽蜂鑫") 安徽蜂鑫股權投資有限公司 (「安徽蜂鑫」)	People's Republic of China (the "PRC") 中華人民共和國 (「中國」)	Registered capital of Renminbi 13,000,000 註冊資本為人民幣 13,000,000元	_	_	100%	-	Inactive 暫無業務
深圳頂誠信息咨詢有限公司 ("深圳頂誠") 深圳頂誠信息咨詢有限公司 (「深圳頂誠」)	PRC 中國	Registered capital of Renminbi 15,000,000 註冊資本為人民幣 15,000,000元	-	-	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES 19. 於附屬公司之投資(續) (Continued)

安徽蜂鑫 and 深圳頂誠 are wholly-owned foreign enterprise established in the PRC.

The above list contains the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group.

安徽蜂鑫及深圳頂誠為於中國成立 之外商獨資企業。

以上列表包括主要影響本集團業 績、資產或負債之附屬公司詳情。

20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Equity securities listed in	按成本計算之香港上市		
Hong Kong, at cost	股本證券	90,674	126,340
Net fair value loss	公平值虧損淨額	(16,160)	(57,473)
Unlisted equity securities, at fair value	非上市股本證券, 按公平值計算	74,514 —	68,867 12,270
Fair value as at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之公平值	74,514	81,137
Analysed as: Non-current assets Current assets	分析為: 非流動資產 流動資產	- 74,514 74,514	12,270 68,867 81,137

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL 20. 透過損益按公平值計算之 (Continued) 財務資產(續)

Financial assets at FVTPL are denominated in the following currencies:

透過損益按公平值計算之財務資產 以下列貨幣計值:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Hong Kong dollars	港元	74,514	68,867
Renminbi	人民幣	_	12,270
		74,514	81,137

The carrying amounts of the above financial assets are mandatorily measured at FVTPL in accordance with HKFRS 9.

The investments included above represent investments in equity securities that offer the Group the opportunity for return through dividend income and fair value gains. They have no fixed maturity or coupon rate.

The fair values of listed securities are based on quoted market prices. For unlisted securities, the Group establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis and option pricing models, making maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.

以上財務資產之賬面值按照香港財務報告準則第9號強制性按公平值計量。

上文所包括的投資指股本證券之投資,其透過股息收入及公平值收益 為本集團提供回報機會。該等投資 並無固定到期日或票面息率。

上市證券之公平值乃按所報市價計算。非上市證券方面,本集團使用估值技術確立公平值,包括使用近期公平交易、參考大致上相同的其他工具、貼現現金流分析及期權定價模型,盡量使用市場輸入數據。 盡量不依賴個別實體輸入數據。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL 20. 透過損益按公平值計算之 (Continued) 財務資產(續)

The realised losses and unrealised gains (2019: unrealised losses) on financial assets at FVTPL for the year ended 31 December 2020 are approximately HK\$54,067,000 (2019: HK\$23,854,000) and HK\$39,953,000 (2019: HK\$23,609,000) respectively, the aggregate of which was recorded as net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

At 31 December 2020, listed securities with an aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$74,514,000 (2019: HK\$66,322,000) have been pledged to secure margin payables of approximately HK\$2,666,000 (2019: HK\$11,934,000).

Particulars of the Group's financial assets at FVTPL as at 31 December 2020 are as follows:

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,透過損益按公平值計算之財務資產之已變現虧損及未變現收益(二零一九年:未變現虧損)分別約為54,067,000港元(二零一九年:23,854,000港元)及39,953,000港元(二零一九年:23,609,000港元),有關總額已於綜合損益及其他全面收益表中計入透過損益按公平值計算之財務資產之虧損淨額項下。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,賬面值總額約74,514,00港元(二零一九年:66,322,000港元)的上市證券已抵押以作約2,666,000港元(二零一九年:11,934,000港元)的應付保證金。

本公司於二零二零年十二月三十一日之透過損益按公平值計算之財務 資產詳情如下:

Not assets/

Nan	ue of investee company	Place of incorporation/ registration	Number of shares held	Proportion of investee's capital owned	Cost	Market value/ fair value	Fair value (losses)/gains	Net assets/ (liabilities) attributable to the Company 本公司應佔
所投	資公司名稱	註冊成立/登記地點	所持股份數目	所擁有被投資 公司資本比例	成本 HK\$'000 千港元	市值/公平值 HK\$'000 千港元	公平值 (虧損)/收益 HK\$'000 千港元	資產/(負債) 淨值 HK\$'000 千港元
(a)	Hing Ming Holdings Limited ("Hing Ming") 興銘控股有限公司([興銘])	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	16,464,000	4.12%	18,249	25,025	6,776	5,216
(b)	ISP Global Limited ("ISP Global") ISP Global Limited ([ISP Global])	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	11,130,000	1.39%	10,486	20,813	10,327	1,213
(c)	Miji International Holdings Limited ("Miji International") 米技國際控股有限公司([米技國際])	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	38,870,000	2.59%	6,362	7,385	1,023	5,212
(d)	RMH Holdings Limited ("RMH Holdings") 德斯控股有限公司(「德斯控股」)	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	24,896,000	4.15%	12,242	8,589	(3,653)	1,346
(e)	C&N Holdings Limited ("C&N Holdings") 春能控股有限公司(「春能控股」)	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	12,110,000	1.89%	5,694	2,459	(3,235)	2,200
(f)	National Investments Fund Limited ("National Investments Fund") 國盛投資基金有限公司(「國盛投資基金」)	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	19,560,000	2.14%	3,550	861	(2,689)	(1,523)

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20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL 20. 透過損益按公平值計算之 (Continued) 財務資產(續)

Nam	e of investee company	Place of incorporation/ registration	Number of shares held	Proportion of investee's capital owned	Cost	Market value/ fair value	Fair value (losses)/gains	Net assets/ (liabilities) attributable to the Company 本公司應佔
所投	資公司名稱	註冊成立/登記地點	所持股份數目	所擁有被投資 公司資本比例	成本 HK\$'000 千港元	市值/公平值 HK\$'000 千港元		資產/(負債) 淨值 HK\$'000 千港元
(f)	Rights issue of National Investments Fund 國盛投資基金供股	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	97,800,000	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	978	978	N/A 不適用
(g)	LHN Limited ("LHN") 賢能集團有限公司([賢能])	Singapore 新加坡	1,288,000	Less than 1% 少於1%	1,277	1,314	37	2,204
(h)	Golden Ponder Holdings Limited ("Golden Ponder") 金侖控股有限公司(「金侖」)	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	5,860,000	Less than 1% 少於1%	1,181	873	(308)	1,276
(i)	China Ocean Group Development Limited ("China Ocean Group") 中國海洋集團發展有限公司([中國海洋集團])	Bermuda 百慕達	3,500,000	Less than 1% 少於1%	1,649	679	(970)	1,020
(j)	Tasty Concepts Holding Limited ("Tasty Concepts") 賞之味控股有限公司(「賞之味」)	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	4,300,000	Less than 1% 少於1%	1,023	374	(649)	306
(k)	Pacific Legend Group Limited ("Pacific Legend") Pacific Legend Group Limited ([Pacific Legend])	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	14,100,000	1.41%	849	860	11	1,257
(l)	WAC Holdings Limited ("WAC") WAC Holdings Limited ([WAC])	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	10,078,000	1.05%	20,168	3,477	(16,691)	722
(m)	Jete Power Holdings Limited ("Jete Power") 鑄能控股有限公司(「鑄能」)	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	20,100,000	Less than 1% 少於1%	545	241	(304)	115
(n)	Beaver Group (Holding) Company Limited ("Beaver Group") 永勤集團(控股)有限公司([永勤集團])	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	6,050,000	Less than 1% 少於1%	222	164	(58)	405
(o)	Basetrophy Group Holdings Limited ("Basetrophy Group") 基地錦標集團控股有限公司([基地錦標集團])	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	6,300,000	Less than 1% 少於1%	349	422	73	387
				_	83,846	74,514	(9,332)	_

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (Continued)

A brief description of the business and financial information of the investee companies, based on their published annual and interim reports, results announcements and management accounts, is as follows:

Hing Ming is principally engaged in (i) providing rental services of temporary suspended working platforms and other equipment, mainly including tower cranes and generators; and (ii) trading of equipment and spare parts, mainly including permanent suspended working platforms, motors and wire rope. The audited consolidated profit attributable to owners of Hing Ming for the year ended 31 March 2020 was approximately HK\$1,104,000 (2019: HK\$6,235,000). As at 31 March 2020, the audited consolidated net asset value attributable to owners of Hing Ming was approximately HK\$119,810,000 (2019: HK\$118,706,000). The unaudited consolidated profit attributable to owners of Hing Ming for the six months ended 30 September 2020 was approximately HK\$6,917,000 (2019: HK\$3,649,000). As at 30 September 2020, the unaudited consolidated net asset value attributable to owners of Hing Ming was approximately HK\$126,727,000 (2019: HK\$122,355,000).

20. 透過損益按公平值計算之 財務資產(續)

根據有關上市所投資公司已公佈的 年度及中期報告、業績公告及管理 賬目編撰之業務及財務資料簡介如 下:

興銘主要從事(i)提供臨時吊船 (a) (主要包括塔式起重機及發電 機)及其他設備的租賃服務;及 (ii)設備及零部件(主要包括固 定吊船、馬達及鋼纜)貿易。 於截至二零二零年三月三十一 日止年度,興銘擁有人應佔經 審核綜合溢利約為1,104,000港 元(二零一九年: 6.325,000港 元)。於二零二零年三月三十一 日, 興銘擁有人應佔經審核綜 合資產淨值約為119.810.000港 元(二零一九年: 118,706,000 港元)。於截至二零二零年九月 三十日止六個月,興銘擁有人 應佔未經審核綜合溢利約為 6,917,000港元(二零一九年: 3.649.000港元)。於二零二零 年九月三十日, 興銘擁有人應 佔未經審核綜合資產淨值約 為126.727.000港元(二零一九 年:122.355.000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL 20. (Continued)

- ISP Global is principally engaged in the sales. installation and maintenance of sound and communication system solutions and alert alarm systems in Singapore. The audited consolidated profit attributable to owners of ISP Global for the year ended 30 June 2020 was approximately HK\$1,602,000 (2019: HK\$583,000). As at 30 June 2020, the audited consolidated net asset value attributable to owners of ISP Global was approximately HK\$82,783,000 (2019: HK\$84,463,000). The unaudited consolidated loss attributable to owners of ISP Global for the six months ended 31 December 2020 was approximately HK\$241.000 (2019: HK\$332.000). As at 31 December 2020, the unaudited net asset value attributable to owners of ISP Global was approximately HK\$87,204,000 (2019: HK\$84,894,000).
- (c) Miji International is principally engaged in the development, manufacturing and selling of kitchen appliances in the PRC. The audited consolidated loss (2019: profit) attributable to owners of Miji International for the year ended 31 December 2020 was approximately HK\$23,762,000 (2019: HK\$21,271,000). As at 31 December 2020, the audited consolidated net asset value attributable to owners of Miji International was approximately HK\$201,132,000 (2019: HK\$212,162,000).

- (b) ISP Global主要於新加坡從事 銷售、安裝及維護音響、通訊 系統解決方案及警報系統。於 截至二零二零年六月三十日止 年度, ISP Global擁有人應佔 經審核綜合溢利約為1.602.000 港元(二零一九年:583,000 港元)。於二零二零年六月三 十日, ISP Global 擁有人應 佔經審核綜合資產淨值約為 82,783,000港元(二零一九年: 84,463,000港元)。於截至二零 二零年十二月三十一日止六個 月, ISP Global擁有人應佔未 經審核綜合虧損約為241.000 港元(二零一九年: 332,000港 元)。於二零二零年十二月三十 一日, ISP Global擁有人應佔 未經審核綜合資產淨值約為 87,204,000港元(二零一九年: 84,894,000港元)。
- (c) 米技國際主要從事於中國開發、製造及出售廚房用具。於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,米技國際擁有人應佔經審核綜合虧損(二零一九年:溢利)約為23,762,000港元(二零一九年:21,271,000港元)。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,米技國際擁有人應佔經審核綜合資產淨值約為201,132,000港元(二零一九年:212,162,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (Continued)

- (d) RMH Holdings is principally engaged in the provision of specialty care services for a variety of dermatological conditions by utilising medical, surgical, laser and aesthetic treatments in Singapore. The audited consolidated loss (2019: profit) attributable to owners of RMH Holdings for the year ended 31 December 2020 was approximately HK\$52,162,000 (2019: HK\$908,000). As at 31 December 2020, the audited consolidated net asset value attributable to owners of RMH Holdings was approximately HK\$32,434,000 (2019: HK\$85,265,000).
- (e) C&N Holdings is principally engaged in the provision of transport and storage services to the logistics industry in Singapore. The audited consolidated loss attributable to owners of C&N Holdings for the year ended 31 December 2020 was approximately HK\$4,565,000 (2019: HK\$5,631,000). As at 31 December 2020, the audited consolidated net asset value attributable to owners of C&N Holdings was approximately HK\$116,266,000 (2019: HK\$119,352,000).
- (f) National Investments Fund is principally engaged in investments in a diversified portfolio of listed and unlisted companies. The audited consolidated loss attributable to owners of National Investments Fund for the year ended 31 December 2019 was approximately HK\$25,043,000. As at 31 December 2019, the audited consolidated shareholders' deficit of National Investments Fund was approximately HK\$51,990,000. The unaudited consolidated loss attributable to owners of National Investments Fund for the six months ended 30 June 2020 was approximately HK\$15,262,000 (2019: HK\$26,145,000). As at 30 June 2020, the unaudited consolidated shareholder's deficit of National Investments Fund was approximately HK\$71,229,000 (2019: HK\$43,927,000).

- (d) 德斯控股主要從事於新加坡 透過醫療、外科、激光及美專 療程,為各種皮膚問題提供零 等護理服務。於截至二度 年十二月三十一日止年度 斯控股擁有人應佔經審核約 虧損(二零一九年:溢利))年 52,162,000港元(二零一九年 908,000港元)。於二零三股 十二月三十一日,德斯控產 有人應佔經審核綜合資 值約為32,434,000港元(二零 一九年:85,265,000港元)。
- (e) 春能控股主要從事於新加坡 為物流業提供運輸及倉儲服 務。於截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度,春能控股擁 有人應佔經審核綜合虧損約為 4,565,000港元(二零一九年: 5,631,000港元)。於二零二零 年十二月三十一日,春能控 擁有人應佔經審核綜合資產淨 值約為116,266,000港元(二零 一九年:119,352,000港元)。
- (f) 國盛投資基金主要從事投資於 上市及非上市公司之多元化投 資組合。於截至二零一九年十 二月三十一日止年度,國盛投 資基金擁有人應佔經審核綜合 虧損約為25,043,000港元。於 二零一九年十二月三十一日, 國盛投資基金經審核綜合股 東虧絀約為51,990,000港元。 於截至二零二零年六月三十日 止六個月,國盛投資基金擁有 人應佔未經審核綜合虧損約為 15,262,000港元(二零一九年: 26,145,000港元)。於二零二零 年六月三十日, 國盛投資基金 的未經審核綜合股東虧絀約為 71,229,000港元(二零一九年: 43,927,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL 20. 透過損益按公平值計算之 (Continued) 財務資產(續)

(f) (Continued)

On 8 December 2020, National Investments Fund approved a rights issue on the basis of 5 rights shares for every 1 share at a subscription price of HK\$0.035 per rights shares. As at 31 December 2020, rights to subscribe for 97,800,000 rights shares were granted to the Company and fair value was approximately HK\$978,000. The rights lapsed on 8 January 2021.

On 19 March 2020, National Investments Fund received a winding up petition from an individual on the ground that National Investments Fund was unable to pay its debts. On 8 February 2021, National Investments Fund was ordered to be wound up by the High Court of Hong Kong pursuant to the provisions of the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Chapter 32, Laws of Hong Kong). On the same date, trading in National Investments Fund's shares have been suspended.

(g) LHN is principally engaged in (i) space resource management services; (ii) facilities management services; and (iii) logistics services. The audited consolidated profit attributable to owners of LHN for the year ended 30 September 2020 was approximately HK\$135,731,000 (2019: HK\$46,930,000). As at 30 September 2020, the audited consolidated net asset value attributable to owners of LHN was approximately HK\$688,610,000 (2019: HK\$541,215,000).

(f) (續)

於二零二零年十二月八日,國 盛投資基金批准一項供股,, 每股供股0.035港元之認購 按每持有一(1)股股份獲發 (5)股供股股份之基準進行供 股。於二零二零年十二月三 一日,向本公司授出可認購 97,800,000股供股股份之權利 及公平值為約978,000港元。 該權利已於二零二一年一月八 日失效。

(g) 賢能主要從事(i)空間資源管理服務: (ii)設施管理服務: 及(iii)物流服務。於截至二零二零年九月三十日止年度,賢能擁有人應佔經審核綜合溢利約為135,731,000港元(二零一九年: 46,930,000港元)。於二零年九月三十日,賢能擁有人應佔經審核綜合資產淨值約為688,610,000港元(二零一九年: 541,215,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (Continued)

- Golden Ponder is principally engaged in the provision of superstructure building and repair, maintenance, alteration and addition works service as a main contractor in Hong Kong. The audited consolidated loss (2019: profit) attributable to owners of Golden Ponder for the year ended 31 March 2020 was approximately HK\$2,051,000 (2019: HK\$16,824,000). As at 31 March 2020, the audited consolidated net asset value attributable to owners of Golden Ponder was approximately HK\$188,271,000 (2019: HK\$190,322,000). The unaudited consolidated loss attributable to owners of Golden Ponder for the six months ended 30 September 2020 was approximately HK\$6,015,000 (2019: HK\$2,276,000). As at 30 September 2020, the unaudited consolidated net asset value attributable to owners of Golden Ponder was approximately HK\$174,256,000 (2019: HK\$188.046.000).
- (i) China Ocean Group is principally engaged in provision of supply chain management services, money lending and ocean fishing. The audited consolidated profit attributable to owners of China Ocean Group for the year ended 31 March 2020 was approximately HK\$28,029,000 (2019: HK\$43,668,000). As at 31 March 2020, the audited consolidated net asset value attributable to owners of China Ocean Group was approximately HK\$1,218,498,000 (2019: HK\$1,232,153,000). The unaudited consolidated profit attributable to owners of China Ocean Group for the six months ended 30 September 2020 was approximately HK\$12,931,000 (2019: HK\$10,593,000). As at 30 September 2020, the unaudited consolidated net asset value attributable to owners of China Ocean Group was approximately HK\$1,254,417,000 (2019: HK\$1,168,150,000).

- 金侖主要從事於香港作為總 承建商提供上層結構建築和 修葺、維護、改建及加建工程 服務。於截至二零二零年三月 三十一日止年度,金侖擁有人 應佔經審核綜合虧損(二零一 九年:溢利)約為2,051,000港 元(二零一九年:16,824,000港 元)。於二零二零年三月三十一 日,金侖擁有人應佔經審核綜 合資產淨值約為188.271,000港 元(二零一九年: 190.322.000 港元)。於截至二零二零年九月 三十日止六個月,金侖擁有人 應佔未經審核綜合虧損約為 6.015.000港元(二零一九年: 2.276.000港元)。於二零二零 年九月三十日, 金侖擁有人應 佔未經審核綜合資產淨值約為 174.256.000港元(二零一九年: 188.046.000港元)。
- 中國海洋集團主要從事提供 (i) 供應鏈管理服務、放債及海洋 捕撈。於截至二零二零年三月 三十一日止年度,中國海洋集 **團擁有人應佔經審核綜合溢利** 約為28,029,000港元(二零一九 年:43.668.000港元)。於二零 二零年三月三十一日,中國海 洋集團擁有人應佔經審核綜合 資產淨值約為1,218,498,000港 元(二零一九年:1,232,153,000 港元)。於截至二零二零年九 月三十日止六個月,中國海 洋集團擁有人應佔未經審核 綜合溢利約為12,931,000港元 (二零一九年:10,593,000港 元)。於二零二零年九月三十 日,中國海洋集團擁有人應佔 未經審核綜合資產淨值約為 1,254,417,000港元(二零一九 年:1,168,150,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (Continued)

- Tasty Concepts is principally engaged in operation of Japanese ramen restaurants in Hong Kong and the PRC. The audited consolidated loss attributable to owners of Tasty Concepts for the year ended 31 March 2020 was approximately HK\$56,436,000 (2019: HK\$12,261,000). As at 31 March 2020, the audited consolidated net asset value attributable to owners of Tasty Concepts was approximately HK\$34,826,000 (2019: HK\$91,167,000). The unaudited consolidated profit (2019: loss) attributable to owners of Tasty Concepts for the six months ended 30 September 2020 was approximately HK\$805,000 (2019: HK\$6,398,000). As at 30 September 2020, the unaudited consolidated net asset value attributable to owners of Tastv Concepts was approximately HK\$35,625,000 (2019: HK\$84,844,000).
- (k) Pacific Legend is principally engaged in (i) sale of home furniture and accessories; (ii) leasing of home furniture and accessories; and (iii) provision of design consultancy services for fitting out interiors with furnishings. The audited consolidated loss attributable to owners of Pacific Legend for the year ended 31 December 2020 was approximately HK\$43,830,000 (2019: HK\$7,802,000). As at 31 December 2020, the audited consolidated net asset value attributable to owners of Pacific Legend was approximately HK\$89,116,000 (2019: HK\$132,428,000).

- 賞之味主要從事於香港及中 國經營日本拉麵餐廳。於截 至二零二零年三月三十一日止 年度,賞之味擁有人應佔經審 核綜合虧損約為56,436,000港 元(二零一九年: 12,261,000港 元)。於二零二零年三月三十一 日,賞之味擁有人應佔經審核 綜合資產淨值約為34,826,000 港元(二零一九年:91,167,000 港元)。於截至二零二零年九月 三十日止六個月,賞之味擁有 人應佔未經審核綜合溢利(二 零一九年:虧損)約為805.000 港元(二零一九年: 6.398,000 港元)。於二零二零年九月三 十日,賞之味擁有人應佔未 經審核綜合資產淨值約為 35,625,000港元(二零一九年: 84,844,000港元)。
- (k) Pacific Legend主要從事(i)家具及家居配飾銷售: (ii)家具及家居配飾銷售: (iii)提供室內家具布置的設計諮詢服務。於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,Pacific Legend擁有人應佔經審核綜合虧損約為43,830,000港元(二零一九年:7,802,000港元)。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,Pacific Legend擁有人應佔經審核綜合資產淨值約為89,116,000港元(二零一九年:132,428,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (Continued)

- WAC is principally engaged in provision of comprehensive structural and geotechnical engineering consultancy services. The audited consolidated loss attributable to owners of WAC for the year ended 31 March 2020 was approximately HK\$6,964,000 (2019: HK\$419,000). As at 31 March 2020, the audited consolidated net asset value attributable to owners of WAC was approximately HK\$63,904,000 (2019: HK\$70,948,000). The unaudited consolidated profit (2019: loss) attributable to owners of WAC for the six months ended 30 September 2020 was approximately HK\$4,994,000 (2019: HK\$2,580,000). As at 30 September 2020, the unaudited consolidated net asset value attributable to owners of WAC was approximately HK\$68,804,000 (2019: HK\$68.276.000).
- (m) Jete Power is principally engaged in trading and manufacturing of metal casting parts and components in the PRC and provision of financial printing services in Hong Kong. The audited consolidated loss attributable to owners of Jete Power for the year ended 31 December 2020 was approximately HK\$22,670,000. As at 31 December 2020, the audited consolidated net asset value attributable to owners of Jete Power was approximately HK\$23,748,000.

- WAC主要從事提供全面結構 及岩士工程顧問服務。於截至 二零二零年三月三十一日止年 度,WAC擁有人應佔經審核 綜合虧損約為6,964,000港元 (二零一九年:419.000港元)。 於二零二零年三月三十一日, WAC擁有人應佔經審核綜合 資產淨值約為63,904,000港 元(二零一九年:70,948,000港 元)。於截至二零二零年九月 三十日止六個月,WAC擁有人 應佔未經審核綜合溢利(二零 一九年:虧損)約為4.994.000 港元(二零一九年: 2.580.000 港元)。於二零二零年九月三十 日,WAC擁有人應佔未經審核 綜合資產淨值約為68,804,000 港元(二零一九年: 68,276,000 港元)。
- (m) 鑄能主要於中國買賣及製造金屬鑄造零部件及於香港提供財經印刷服務。於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,鑄能擁有人應佔經審核綜合虧損約為22,670,000港元。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,鑄能擁有人應佔經審核綜合資產淨值約為23,748,000港元。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

20. 透過損益按公平值計算之 20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT **FVTPL** (Continued)

- Beaver Group is a foundation contractor primarily specialising in bored piling works as well as other foundation works. The audited consolidated loss attributable to owners of Beaver Group for the year ended 31 March 2020 was approximately HK\$12,604,000. As at 31 March 2020, the audited consolidated net asset value attributable to owners of Beaver Group was approximately HK\$62,616,000. The unaudited consolidated loss attributable to owner of Beaver Group for the six months ended 30 September 2020 was approximately HK\$2,410,000. As at 30 September 2020, the net audited consolidated net asset value attributable to owners of Beaver Group was approximately HK\$60.203.000.
- Basetrophy Group is principally engaged in the (O) provision of foundation and related works, including site formation works and other geotechnical engineering works which are carried out in Hong Kong. The audited consolidated profit attributable to owners of Basetrophy Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 was approximately HK\$487,000. As at 31 December 2020, the audited consolidated net asset value attributable to owners of Jete Power was approximately HK\$61,495,000.

- 財務資產(續) 永勤集團是專門從事分包鑽 孔椿工程及其他地基工程的
 - 地基承建商。於截至二零二零 年三月三十一日止年度,永勤 集團擁有人應佔經審核綜合 虧損約為12.604.000港元。於 二零二零年三月三十一日,永 勤集團擁有人應佔經審核綜 合資產淨值約為62,616,000港 元。於截至二零二零年九月三 十日止六個月,永勤集團擁有 人應佔未經審核綜合虧損約為 2,410,000港元。於二零二零年 九月三十日,永勤集團擁有人 應佔未經審核綜合資產淨值 約為60,203,000港元。
- (O) 基地錦標集團主要從事提供 地基及相關工程,包括地盤平 整工程及其他土力工程(主要 在香港開展)。於截至二零二 零年十二月三十一日止年度, 基地錦標集團擁有人應佔經 審核綜合溢利約為487,000港 元。於二零二零年十二月三十 一日,基地錦標集團擁有人應 佔經審核綜合資產淨值約為 61,495,000港元。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

21. DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLE 21.

21. 按金及其他應收款項

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Deposits Other receivable (note)	按金 其他應收款項(附註)	64 13,000	188 —
		13,064	188
Analysed as: Non-current assets Current assets	分類為: 非流動資產 流動資產	62 13,002	_ 188
		13,064	188

Note:

Pursuant to a share transfer agreement and a supplementary agreement dated 15 September 2020 and 31 December 2020, respectively, entered into between the Company and an independent third party for the disposal of the entire issued share capital in Peaceful Gain Limited at a cash consideration of approximately HK\$13,000,000. The consideration receivable shall be settled on or before 30 April 2021. Details are set out in note 30(a)(ii) to the consolidated financial statements.

附註:

根據分別於二零二零年九月十五日及二零二零年十二月三十一日訂立之股份轉讓協議及補充協議,本公司與獨立第三方以現金代價約13,000,000港元出售利和有限公司之全部已發行股本。應收代價將於二零二一年四月三十日或之前償付。詳情載於綜合財務報表附註30(a)(ii)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

22. DEPOSIT RECEIVED

22. 已收按金

2020	2019
二零二零年	二零一九年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
_	2,550

Deposit received for sale of vacht 就出售遊艇之已收按金

Pursuant to a sale and purchase agreement dated 5 November 2019 entered into between CFL Investments and an independent third party (the "Yacht Buyer"), CFL Investments disposed of the yacht at a consideration of approximately HK\$5,100,000. The transfer of yacht would only be completed when the consideration was fully settled. As at 31 December 2019, only half of the consideration was received from the Yacht Buyer and the settlement date of the remaining balance was extended to 31 January 2020 by supplemental agreements.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the sale and purchase agreement lapsed as the Yacht Buyer was unable to settle the remaining balance. The deposit received was forfeited and recognised as other income by the Group before the end of the reporting period.

根據中國金融租賃投資與一名獨立第三方(「遊艇買家」)訂立日期為,中國金融租賃投資以代價約5,100,000港元出售該遊艇。遊艇轉讓僅當代價悉數結算時完成。於二零一九年十二月三十一日,僅收到遊艇買用經補充協議已延長至二零二零年一月三十一日。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止 年度,由於遊艇買家無法支付餘下 結餘,買賣協議失效。已收按金予 以沒收,並由本集團於報告期末前 確認為其他收入。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

23. MARGIN PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

23. 應付保證金及應計費用

		2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元_
Margin payables due to a broker	應付經紀之保證金 應計費用	2,666	11,934
Accruals	應計 	2,881	2,685
		5,547	14,619

Margin payables represent margin loan arising from the trading of listed investments which are repayable on demand. At 31 December 2020, margin payables bear interest ranged from 10.25% to 11.25% (2019: 10.25%) per annum and are secured by financial assets at FVTPL of approximately HK\$74,514,000 (2019: HK\$66,322,000).

The carrying amount of margin payables is denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

The margin payables are arranged at floating rate, thus exposing the Group to cash flow interest rate risk.

24. BORROWINGS

The loan agreements were entered into between the Company and an independent third party (the "Lender") on 8 July 2020, 29 July 2020 and 13 November 2020 for the purpose of the Company's daily working capital.

The borrowings are unsecured and repayable one year after the first drawdown date. The borrowings are arranged at fixed interest rate of 5% per annum, thus exposing the Group to fair value interest rate risk.

The carrying amount of borrowings is denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

應付保證金為買賣上市投資引致之保證金貸款,有關保證金貸款 乃於要求時償還。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,應付保證金按介 乎10.25%至11.25%(二零一九年: 10.25%)的不等年利率計息,且由 透過損益按公平值計算之財務資 產約74,514,000港元(二零一九年: 66,322,000港元)作抵押。

應付保證金之賬面值乃以港元計值。

應付保證金乃按浮息協定,因而令本集團面臨現金流量利率風險。

24. 借貸

於二零二零年七月八日、二零二零年七月二十九日及二零二零年十一月十三日,本公司與一名獨立第三方(「貸款方」)就本公司之日常營運資金訂立貸款協議。

借貸為無抵押及於首次提取日之後 一年內償還。借貸按每年5%之固定 利率計息,因而令本集團面臨公平 值利率風險。

借貸之賬面值以港元計值。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

25. LEASE LIABILITIES

25. 租賃負債

				Present value of		
			m lease	minimum lease		
			nents	payments		
			L賃款項 • • • • •		欢項的現值	
		2020	2019	2020	2019	
			二零一九年			
		千港元	千港元 	千港元 	千港元	
Within one year	一年內	291	540	270	496	
In the second to fifth years,	第二至第五年					
inclusive	(包括首尾兩年)	97	225	96	220	
		388	765	366	716	
Less: Future finance charges	減:未來融資費用			N/A	N/A	
	,,,,	(22)	(49)	不適用	不適用	
		(/	(10)	1 ~ 73	1 , 2 , 13	
Dragant value of lease obligations	知 告 承 L L T L T L T L T L T L T L T L T L T	366	716	366	716	
Present value of lease obligations	但貝序循况且	300	710		710	
Less: Amount due for settlement	減:於十二個月內					
within 12 months (shown under	到期償付之款項					
current liabilities)	(列入流動負債)			(270)	(496)	
Amount due for settlement after	十二個月後到期償付					
12 months	之款項			96	220	

The weighted average incremental borrowing rates applied to lease liability is 9.87% (2019: 6.87%).

租賃負債適用的加權平均增量借貸利率為9.87%(二零一九年:6.87%)。

All lease liabilities are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

所有租賃負債均以港元計值。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

26. SHARE CAPITAL

26. 股本

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised: 15,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.02 each	法定: 15,000,000,000股每股 面值0.02港元之普通股	300,000	300,000
Issued and fully paid: 1,927,649,882 (2019: 1,606,649,882) ordinary shares of HK\$0.02 each	已發行及繳足: 1,927,649,882股 (二零一九年: 1,606,649,882股)每股 面值0.02港元之普通股	38,553	32,133
A summary of the movements in the issued share capital of the Company during the year is as follows:		年內本公司已發行 下:	_{了股本變動概要如}
		Number of	:

			Number of ordinary shares of HK\$0.02 each 每股面值 0.02港元之	Par value
		Nloto	普通股數目	面值
		Note 附註		HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2019, 31 December 2019	於二零一九年一月一日、 二零一九年十二月三十一日及			
and 1 January 2020 Issue of shares on	二零二零年一月一日 配售時發行股份		1,606,649,882	32,133
placement		(a)	321,000,000	6,420
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日		1,927,649,882	38,553

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

26. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Note

(a) On 30 December 2019, the Company entered into a placing agreement with Orient Securities Limited ("Orient") as placing agent where Orient agreed to place on a best effort basis a maximum of 321,000,000 new shares of the Company ("Placing Share III") of HK\$0.02 each at HK\$0.1 per Placing Share III to at least six placees who were professional investors according to the definition of the Securities and Futures Ordinance. The intended and actual use of proceeds from the share placement was for general working capital and investments.

The placing transaction was completed on 23 January 2020 and a total of 321,000,000 shares were issued. The gross and net proceeds were approximately HK\$32,100,000 and HK\$31,137,000 respectively. The net price was approximately HK\$0.097 per Placing Share III.

The Group's objectives when managing capital are:

- To safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it continues to provide returns and benefits for stakeholders;
- (ii) To support the Group's stability and growth; and
- (iii) To provide capital for the purpose of strengthening the Group's risk management capability.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to ensure optimal capital structure and shareholder returns, taking into consideration the future capital requirements of the Group and capital efficiency, prevailing and projected profitability, projected operating cash flows, projected capital expenditures and projected strategic investment opportunities.

26. 股本(續)

附註:

(a) 於二零一九年十二月三十日,本公司與東方滙財證券有限公司(「東方滙財」) (作為配售代理)訂立一項配售協議,據此,東方滙財同意盡力以每股配售股份III 0.1港元配售最多321,000,000股每股面值0.02港元之本公司新股份(「配售股份III」)予不少於六名承配人(為專業投資者(定義見證券及期貨條例))。股份配售所得款項之擬定及實際用涂為一般營運資金及投資。

配售交易已於二零二零年一月二十三日完成及合共發行321,000,000股股份。所得款項總額及淨額分別約32,100,000港元。每股配售股份III淨價約0.097港元。

本集團管理資本時之目標是:

- (i) 維護本集團之持續經營能力, 使其持續為持份者提供回報及 利益;
- (ii) 維持本集團之穩定性及增長: 及
- (iii) 為增強本集團風險管理能力而 提供資本。

考慮到本集團之未來資本要求及資本效益、現時及預測盈利能力、預測經營現金流量、預測資本開支及預測策略投資機遇,本集團積極定期檢討及管理其資本架構以確保完善的資本架構及股東回報。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

26. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

The Group also balances its overall capital structure periodically. The Group manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group will also consider the raise of long-term borrowings as second resource of capital when investment opportunities arise and the return of such investments will justify the cost of debts from the borrowings.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the debt-to-equity ratio. This ratio is calculated as total debt divided by shareholders' equity. Total debt comprises borrowings and lease liabilities. Total equity comprises all components of equity. The Group aims to maintain the debt-to-equity ratio at a reasonable level. The debt-to-equity ratio as the end of the reporting period was as follow:

26. 股本(續)

本集團亦定期平衡其整體資本架構。本集團因經濟狀況變動及相關資產之風險特性而管理資本架構並作出調整。為維持或調整資資的股東或會調整可股別東或會調整可發資金予股東或發過時,考慮等措長期借款作為資源等投資出金之另一來源,而該等投資回報亦將會令借款之債務成本用得其所。

本集團按債務權益比率基準監察資本。該比率以總債務除以股東權益而計算。總債務包括借貸及租賃負債。總權益包括權益的所有組成部分。本集團的目的為將債務權益比率維持在合理水平。於報告期末,債務權益比率如下:

0010

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
			_
Borrowings	借貸	1,650	_
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	366	716
Total debt	總債務	2,016	716
Total equity	總權益	80,477	69,214
Debt-to-equity ratio	債務權益比率	2.5%	1.0%
			·

The increase in the debt-to-equity ratio during 2020 resulted primarily from borrowings of approximately HK\$1,650,000 for the purpose of daily working capital.

二零二零年債務權益比率增加主要由於借貸約1,650,000港元作為日常營運資金。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

26. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

The only externally imposed capital requirement is that for the Group to maintain its listing on the Stock Exchange it has to have a public float of at least 25% of the shares. The Group received a report from share registrars on substantial share interests showing the non-public float and it demonstrated continuing compliance with the 25% limit throughout the year.

27. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

(a) Statement of financial position of the Company

26. 股本(續)

僅有的外加資本要求是,本集團要維持其在聯交所之上市地位,其須有最少25%股份的公眾持股量。本集團自股份登記處接獲一份顯示非公眾持股量之有關主要股份權益之報告,其證明本集團於整個年度內一直遵守25%限額。

27. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動

(a) 本公司財務狀況表

At 31 December

於十二月三十一日20202019二零二零年二零一九年

7.195

14,759

			二零二零年	二零一九年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
_				
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment			3	7
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產		_	714
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資		_	7 14
investments in subsidiaries	於門園 A 則之以貝			
			•	704
			3	721
Current assets	流動資產			
Financial assets at FVTPL	透過損益按公平值			
	計算之財務資產		74,514	68,867
Deposits and other receivable	按金及其他應收款			
	項		13,000	153
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項		325	13,631
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘		104	806
			87,943	83,457
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Margin payables and accruals	應付保證金及			
	應計費用		5,545	14,263
Borrowings	借貸		1,650	_
Lease liabilities	租賃負債		_	496

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

27. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 27. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備 AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE **COMPANY** (Continued)

(a) Statement of financial position of the Company (Continued)

變動(續)

(a) 本公司財務狀況表(續)

At 31 December

於十二月三十一日

			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		80,748	68,698
Total assets less	總資產減流動負債			
current liabilities			80,751	69,419
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債		_	220
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		80,751	69,199
Equity attributable to	本公司擁有人			
owners of the company	應佔權益			
Share capital	股本	26	38,553	32,133
Reserves	儲備	27(b)	42,198	37,066
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益		80,751	69,199

Approved by the Board of Directors on 26 March 2021 and is signed on its behalf by:

於二零二一年三月二十六日經 董事會批准及由以下董事代表 簽署:

Chiu Wai Lap 招偉立 Executive Director 執行董事

Liu Hailong 劉海龍 Non-executive Director 非執行董事

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

27. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 27. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備 AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE **COMPANY (Continued)**

變動(續)

(b) Reserve movement of the Company

(b) 本公司儲備變動

			Capital		
		Share	reduction	Accumulated	
		premium	reserve	losses	Total
			資本削減		
		股份溢價	儲備	累計虧損	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	264,673	19,444	(178,129)	105,988
Total comprehensive income	年內全面收益總額				
for the year			_	(68,922)	(68,922)
At 31 December 2019 and	於二零一九年十二月三十一日及				
1 January 2020	二零二零年一月一日	264,673	19,444	(247,051)	37,066
Total comprehensive income	年內全面收益總額				
for the year		_	_	(19,585)	(19,585)
Issue of shares on placement	配售時發行股份(附註26(a))				
(note 26(a))		25,680	_	_	25,680
Share issue expenses	股份發行開支	(963)	_		(963)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	289,390	19,444	(266,636)	42,198

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

28. RESERVES

(a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and movements therein are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and consolidated statement of changes in equity.

(b) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Share premium account

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account of the Company are distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business. The share premium may also be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

(ii) Capital reduction reserve

Capital reduction reserve represents the credit arising from the reduction of par value of issued share capital after cancelling the accumulated losses of the Company in 2012. The reserve may be utilised by the directors as a distributable reserve in accordance with the articles of association of the Company and all applicable laws.

(iii) Foreign currency translation reserve

The translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 4(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

28. 儲備

(a) 本集團

本集團儲備金額及當中變動在 綜合損益及其他全面收益表以 及綜合權益變動表中呈列。

(b) 儲備之性質及目的

(i) 股份溢價賬

(ii) 資本削減儲備

資本削減儲備指於二零一二年註銷本公司累計虧損後導致削減已發行股本值之入賬。儲備可由董事根據本公司組織章程細則及所有適用法例用作可予分派儲備。

(iii) 外幣換算儲備

外幣換算儲備包括所有 換算海外業務財務報表 產生之匯兑差異,乃根據 綜合財務報表附註4(b)所 載會計政策進行處理。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

29. NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE

The calculation of the net asset value per share is based on the net assets of the Group as at 31 December 2020 of approximately HK\$80,477,000 (2019: HK\$69,214,000) and the number of ordinary shares of 1,927,649,882 (2019: 1,606,649,882) in issue as at that date.

30. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED 30. 綜合現金流量表附註 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Disposal of subsidiaries

(i) Disposal of CFL Investments

On 9 October 2020, the Group disposed of the entire issued share capital in CFL Investments at a cash consideration of approximately HK\$569,000.

Net assets of CFL Investments at the date of disposal were as follows:

(a) 出售附屬公司

29. 每股資產淨值

(i) 出售中國金融租賃投資 於二零二零年十月九日, 本集團以現金代價約 569,000港元出售中國金 融租賃投資之全部已發 行股本。

每股資產淨值乃按照於二零二零

年十二月三十一日本集團淨資產

約80,477,000港元(二零一九年:

69,214,000港元)及截至該日已發行 1,927,649,882股普通股(二零一九

年:1,606,649,882股)計算。

中國金融租賃投資於出售日期之資產淨值如下:

HK\$'000

千港元

	₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩	0.040
Property, plant and equipment (note 17)	物業、廠房及設備(附註17) 按金及其他應收款項	3,048
Deposits and other receivable Bank and cash balances	报	35 1
Loan from an employee	級 1	(865)
Accruals	應計費用	(280)
, tool date	//CHT X/13	(200)
Net assets disposed of	出售資產淨值	1,939
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司之虧損	(1,369)
Total consideration satisfied by cash	以現金支付之總代價	569
Net cash inflow arising on disposal:	出售產生之現金淨流入:	
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	569
Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	出售現金及現金等值項目	(1)
		568

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

30. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED 30. 綜 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

- (a) Disposal of subsidiaries (Continued)
 - (ii) Disposal of Peaceful Gain Limited

On 15 September 2020, the Company entered into a share transfer agreement with an independent third party (the "Purchaser") to dispose of the entire issued share capital in Peaceful Gain Limited at a cash consideration of approximately HK\$13,000,000 of which an amount of approximately HK\$9,000,000 shall be settled on or before 31 December 2020 and the remaining balance of approximately HK\$4,000,000 shall be settled on or before 30 June 2021.

On 31 December 2020, the Company entered into a supplementary agreement with the Purchaser to agree that the whole consideration of HK\$13,000,000 shall be settled on or before 30 April 2021. If the Purchaser is unable to settle the consideration on or before 30 April 2021, an independent guarantor will transfer a property located in the PRC to the Company or dispose of the property according to the Company's instructions. The transaction was completed on 31 December 2020.

30. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

- (a) 出售附屬公司(續)
 - (ii) 出售利和有限公司

於二零二零年九月十五 日,本公司與一名獨立時 三方(「買方」)訂立股份轉 讓協議,以現金代價利 13,000,000港元出已發 有限公司之全部已 股本,其中約9,000,000 港元將於二零二零年十二 月三十一日或之前償付。 就為4,000,000港元 時 於二零二一年六月三十日 或之前償付。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

30. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED 30. 綜合現金流量表附註(續) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

- (a) Disposal of subsidiaries (Continued)
 - (ii) Disposal of Peaceful Gain Limited (Continued)

Net assets of Peaceful Gain Limited at the date of disposal were as follows:

(a) 出售附屬公司(續) (ii) 出售利和有限公司(續)

利和有限公司於出售日期之資產淨值如下:

HK\$'000 千港元

		1 70 70
Financial assets at FVTPL (note 7(b)) Bank and cash balances Accruals	透過損益按公平值計算之 財務資產(附註7(b)) 銀行及現金結餘 應計費用	13,000 4 (76)
Net assets disposed of Release of foreign currency translation reserve Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售資產淨值 解除外幣匯兑儲備 出售一間附屬公司之收益	12,928 (1,134) 1,206
Total consideration receivable	應收現金總代價	13,000
Net cash inflow arising on disposal: Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	出售產生之現金淨流入: 出售現金及現金等值項目	(4)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

30. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED 30. 綜合現金流量表附註(續) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

(a) Disposal of subsidiaries (Continued) (iii) Disposal of Colour Charm

On 31 December 2019, the Group disposed of the entire issued share capital in Colour Charm at a cash consideration of approximately HK\$1,300,000.

Net assets of Colour Charm at the date of disposal were as follows:

(a) 出售附屬公司(續) (iii) 出售彩昌

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團以現金代價約1,300,000港元出售彩昌之全部已發行股本。

彩昌於出售日期之資產淨值如下:

		HK\$'000
Property, plant and equipment (note 17)	物業、廠房及設備(附註17)	151
Net assets disposed of Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售資產淨值 出售一間附屬公司之收益	151 1,149
Total consideration satisfied by cash	以現金支付之總代價	1,300
Net cash inflow arising on disposal: Cash consideration received	出售產生之現金淨流入: 已收現金代價	1,300

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

30. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED 30. 綜合現金流量表附註(續) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

(a) Disposal of subsidiaries (Continued) (iv) Disposal of Affluent Crest

On 31 December 2019, the Group disposed of the entire issued share capital in Affluent Crest at a cash consideration of approximately HK\$147,000.

Net assets of Affluent Crest at the date of disposal were as follows:

(a) 出售附屬公司(續)

(iv) 出售峰冠

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團以現金代價約147,000港元出售峰冠之全部已發行股本。

峰冠於出售日期之資產 淨值如下:

 $\Box \lor \Phi' \cap \cap \cap$

		HK\$7000
Right-of-use assets (note 18)	使用權資產(附註18)	2,861
Deposits and prepayments	按金及預付款項	541
Accruals	應計費用	(23)
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	(3,232)
Net assets disposed of	出售資產淨值	147
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司之收益	_
Total consideration satisfied by cash	以現金支付之總代價	147
Net cash inflow arising on disposal:	出售產生之現金淨流入:	
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	147

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

30. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

(b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

30. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

(b) 融資活動所產生之負債對賬

下表為本集團融資活動所產生 負債之變動詳情,包括現金及 非現金變動。融資活動所產生 之負債指現金流量或日後現金 流量將於本集團綜合現金流量 表分類為融資活動所產生現金 流量之負債。

		1 January 2020 二零二零年 一月一日 HK\$'000 千港元	New leases entered 新訂租約 HK\$'000 千港元	Cash flows 現金流量 HK\$'000 千港元	Non-cash item (note) 非現金項目 (附註) HK\$'000 千港元	31 December 2020 二零二零年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元
Borrowings Lease liabilities (note 25)	借貸 租賃負債(附註25)	- 716	_ 508	1,650 (302)	– (556)	1,650 366
		716	508	1,327	(535)	2,016
		1 January 2019 二零一九年 一月一日 HK\$'000 千港元	New leases entered 新訂租約 HK\$'000 千港元	Cash flows 現金流量 HK\$'000 千港元	Disposal of a subsidiary 出售一間 附屬公司 HK\$'000 千港元	31 December 2019 二零一九年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元
Lease liabilities (note 25)	租賃負債(附註25)	1,202	3,825	(1,079)	(3,232)	716

Note:

附註:

The non-cash item represented the early extinguishment of a lease.

非現金項目指提前終止一項租約。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

30. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED 30. 綜合現金流量表附註(續) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

(c) Total cash outflow for leases

Amounts included in the consolidated statement of cash flows for leases comprise the following:

(c) 租賃現金流出總額

綜合現金流量表內所計入租賃 的款項包括以下各項:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within operating cash flows	經營現金流量	362	1,513
Within financing cash flows	融資現金流量	302	1,079
		664	2,592

These amounts relate to the following:

該等金額與以下項目有關:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000
Lease rental paid	已付租金	千港元 664	<u>千港元</u> 2,706

31. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2020, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities (2019: Nil).

31. 或然負債

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本 集團並無任何重大或然負債(二零 一九年:無)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other key management during the year was as follows:

32. 關連方交易

主要管理人員之酬金

年內,董事及其他主要管理人員之薪酬如下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Short-term benefits	短期福利	2,472	3,635
Post-employment benefits	離職後福利	18	20
		2,490	3,655

33. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING 33. 報告期後事項 PERIOD

The realised gains and unrealised losses on financial assets at FVTPL from changes in fair value on financial assets at FVTPL held as at 31 December 2020 to the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements were amounted to approximately HK\$89,000 and HK\$12,568,000 respectively.

截至綜合財務報表獲批准日期,於二零二零年十二月三十一日持有的透過損益按公平值計算之財務資產之公平值變動導致透過損益按公平值計算之財務資產之已變現收益及未變現虧損分別約為89,000港元及12,568,000港元。

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

五年財務概要

A summary of the published results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements, is set out below. The summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

摘錄自經審核財務報表之最近五個財政 年度之本集團所公佈業績以及資產及負 債之概要載於下文。概要並不構成經審 核財務報表之部份。

		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
		二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元_
RESULTS	業績					
Revenue	收入	113	1	18	_	1
1 1 . 6 1 .	IV 었 수 함 IE	(40.007)	(05,000)	(07400)	(45.070)	(07.05.0)
Loss before tax Income tax expense	除税前虧損 所得税開支	(19,807) —	(65,683) —	(27,128)	(45,370) —	(37,656)
Loss for the year attributable to	本公司擁有人應佔					
owners of the Company	年度虧損	(19,807)	(65,683)	(27,128)	(45,370)	(37,656)
ACCETO AND LIABILITIES	次玄豆色库					
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債					
Non-current assets	非流動資產	404	17,182	21,371	18,827	3,572
Current assets	流動資產	87,636	69,917	113,983	64,941	67,340
Current liabilities	流動負債	(7,467)	(17,665)	(496)	(399)	(387)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(96)	(220)	_	_	
Not accete attributable to	★△ヲ協专↓ 薩/ト					
Net assets attributable to	本公司擁有人應佔	00.477	CO 04 4	104.050	00.000	70 505
owners of the Company	資產淨值	80,477	69,214	134,858	83,369	70,525

CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Director

CHIU Wai Lap

Non-executive Directors

LIU Hailong *(chairman)*LIU Yang *(vice chairman)*XIAO Shen

Independent non-executive Directors

WANG Ruiyang LAM Wai Tsin LUK Chi Shing

COMPANY SECRETARY

WONG Ka Shing CPA, ACCA

AUDIT COMMITTEE

LUK Chi Shing *(chairman)* WANG Ruiyang LAM Wai Tsin

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

WANG Ruiyang (chairman) LUK Chi Shing I AM Wai Tsin

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

LAM Wai Tsin *(chairman)* LUK Chi Shing WANG Ruiyang

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

董事會

執行董事

招偉立

非執行董事

劉海龍(*主席*) 劉陽(副主席) 肖深

獨立非執行董事

王瑞陽林維蔵陸志成

公司秘書

黃嘉盛CPA、ACCA

審核委員會

陸志成(主席) 王瑞陽 林維蔵

薪酬委員會

王瑞陽(主席) 陸志成 林維蔵

提名委員會

林維蔵(主席) 陸志成 王瑞陽

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

11/F., Wui Tat Centre 55 Connaught Road West Hong Kong

INVESTMENT MANAGER

Avia Asset Management Limited Unit A, Level 9, Fortis Tower 77–79 Gloucester Road, Wanchai Hong Kong

AUDITOR

RSM Hong Kong
Certified Public Accountants
Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

CUSTODIANS

UOB Kay Hian (Hong Kong) Limited China Tonghai Securities Limited I Win Securities Limited Head & Shoulders Securities Limited Kingston Securities Limited

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Tengis Limited Level 54 Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited
Bank of Communications Hong Kong Branch

STOCK CODE

2312

WEBSITE

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香港主要營業地點

香港 干諾道西55號 會達中心11樓

投資經理

輝亞資產管理有限公司香港 灣仔告士打道77-79號 富通大廈9樓A室

核數師

羅申美會計師事務所 執業會計師 註冊公眾利益實體核數師

託管商

大華繼顯(香港)有限公司 中國通海證券有限公司 一盈證券有限公司 聯合證券有限公司 金利豐證券有限公司

香港股份過戶登記處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

主要往來銀行

星展銀行(香港)有限公司 中國銀行(香港)有限公司 交通銀行香港分行

股份代號

2312

網址

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CHINA FINANCIAL LEASING GROUP LIMITED 中國金融租賃集團有限公司