

GR PROPERTIES 國 鋭 地 産

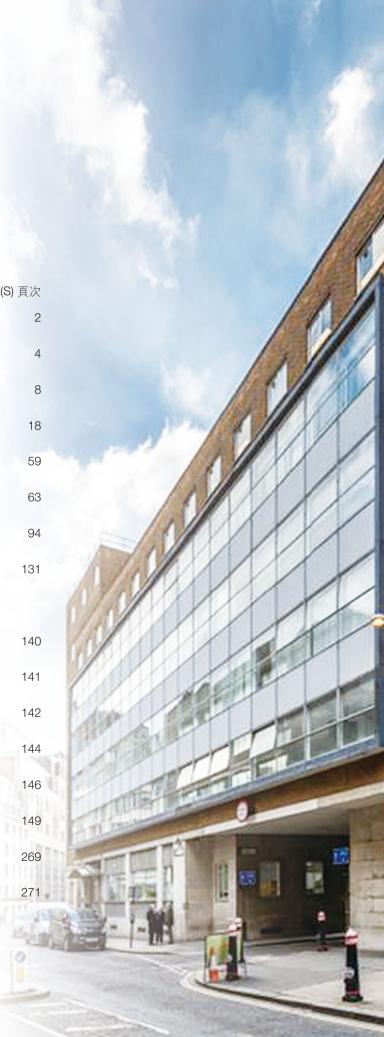


眼 公

Stock Code 股份代號: 108



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CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Wei Chunxian (Chairman)

Ms. Liu Shuhua (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Sun Zhongmin Ms. Huang Fei

Ms. Li Bing

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric

Ms. To Tsz Wan Vivien

Mr. Leung Louis Ho Ming

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Lam Yuen Ling Eva

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric

(Chairman of the Audit Committee)

Ms. To Tsz Wan Vivien Mr. Leung Louis Ho Ming

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Wei Chunxian

(Chairman of the Nomination Committee)

Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric Mr. Leung Louis Ho Ming

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Leung Louis Ho Ming

(Chairman of the Remuneration Committee)

Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric Ms. To Tsz Wan Vivien

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. Liu Shuhua

Ms. Lam Yuen Ling Eva

執行董事

魏純暹先生(主席)

劉淑華女士(行政總裁)

孫仲民先生

黃菲女士

李兵女士

獨立非執行董事

董渙樟先生

杜紫雲女士

梁浩鳴先生

公司秘書

林婉玲女士

審核委員會

董渙樟先生

(審核委員會主席)

杜紫雲女士

梁浩鳴先生

提名委員會

魏純暹先生

(提名委員會主席)

董渙樟先生

梁浩鳴先生

薪酬委員會

梁浩鳴先生

(薪酬委員會主席)

董渙樟先生

杜紫雲女士

授權代表

劉淑華女士

林婉玲女十

CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

AUDITOR

Ernst & Young

REGISTRAR

Tricor Standard Limited Level 54 Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Suite 1603, 16th Floor Wheelock House 20 Pedder Street Central Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

108

WEBSITE

www.grproperties.com.hk

核數師

安永會計師事務所

股票登記處

卓佳標準有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心 54樓

註冊辦事處

香港 中環 畢打街20號 會德豐大廈 16樓1603室

股份代號

108

網址

www.grproperties.com.hk

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告



Dear Shareholders,

I am pleased to present, as the chairman of the board of directors (the "Directors") (the "Board") of GR Properties Limited (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group"), the report for the year ended 31 December 2020 (the "Year").

REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

During the Year, the Group principally engaged in (i) the provision of property management services in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"); (ii) property development and investment worldwide, and (iii) operation and management of a leisure and lifestyle experience centre in the PRC.

各位股東:

本人欣然以國鋭地產有限公司(「本公司」,連 同其附屬公司,統稱為「本集團」)董事「董事」) 局(「董事局」)主席的身份提呈截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度(「本年度」)的報告。

回顧及展望

於本年度,本集團主要從事(i)在中華人民共和國(「中國」)提供物業管理服務:(ii)全球物業發展及投資,及(ii)經營及管理中國之休閒及時尚生活體驗中心的公司。

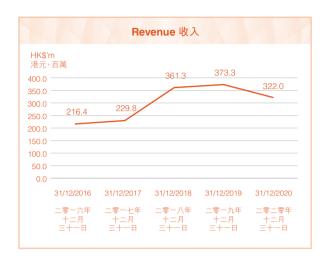
CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

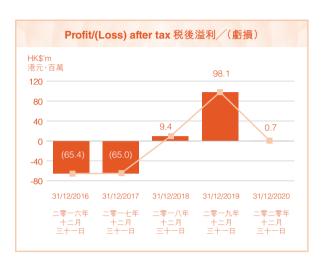


In recent years, numerous acquisitions such as Juxon House and Boundary House in London, the Santa Monica project in Los Angeles and property management and leisure and lifestyle experience business brought significant contributions to the development of the Group. The management team illustrated a more dynamic and professional business style. The main direction of the management team is to build on the Group's long and extensive experience and excellent track record in property development and investment industry in the PRC, in order to channel its capabilities in new directions that will create greater value for its shareholders (the "Shareholders").

近年,倫敦Juxon House及Boundary House、 洛杉磯聖莫尼卡項目以及物業管理和休閒及時 尚生活體驗業務等眾多收購為本集團的發展帶 來了重大貢獻。管理層經營風格更顯朝氣,管 理方式也更見專業。本集團歷史悠久,經驗豐 富,多年來在物業發展及投資行業表現超卓, 管理層將繼往開來,在原有基礎上開拓業務新 方向,為股東(「股東」)創造更大回報。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告





On 8 January 2021 (London time and after Hong Kong trading hours), GR UK Holdings Limited (the "Vendor"), a direct whollyowned subsidiary of the Company, and Bow Street Operations Limited (the "Purchaser"), a company incorporated in England and Wales with limited liability, entered into the sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which the Vendor has agreed to sell and the Purchaser has agreed to purchase all the issued shares of GR Properties UK Limited (the "Target Company") (the "Disposal"). The Company intends to apply the gross proceeds of the Disposal of approximately GBP30,960,000 for repayment of bank loan of approximately GBP11,700,000, repayment of a loan of approximately GBP13,960,000 owed by the Target Company to the Company and reimbursement of the expense incurred by the Group in connection with Disposal of approximately GBP300,000. In view of the impact of COVID-19 to the economy of the United Kingdom (the "UK") and the decline in the market price of properties similar to the Boundary House in London during 2020, the Directors consider that the consideration of the Disposal (which was determined based on the appraised value of the Boundary House as at 31 December 2019) is fair and reasonable, and it is the appropriate time for the Group to dispose the Target Company and realise its return from the investment.

於二零二一年一月八日(倫敦時間及於香港 交易時段後),本公司直接全資附屬公司GR UK Holdings Limited (「賣方」) 與 Bow Street Operations Limited(「買方」)(一間於英格蘭 及威爾斯許冊成立之有限公司)訂立買賣協 議,據此,賣方已同意出售且買方已同意購 買GR Properties UK Limited(「目標公司」)的 全部已發行股份(「出售事項」)。本公司擬動 用出售事項的所得款項總額約30,960,000英 鎊,約11,700,000英鎊用於償還銀行貸款, 約13.960,000英鎊用於償還目標公司欠本公 司之貸款以及約300,000英鎊用於賠償本集團 就出售事項產生的費用。鑒於COVID-19對英 國(「英國」)經濟的影響及二零二零年在倫敦與 Boundary House類似的物業的市場價格下跌, 董事認為出售事項的代價(乃經參考Boundary House於二零一九年十二月三十一日的評估價 值釐定)屬公平合理,現時正是本集團出售目 標公司及變現其投資收益的恰當時機。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

Faced with the unprecedented challenge of the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020, the Group worked relentlessly to maintain effective operations and provide quality services, minimizing impact on tenants, customers and staff. To ensure long-term sustainable business growth and value creation, the Group will continue to engage prominently in property development and investment, and relevant asset management services. However, the Group would be more cautious in considering investments in the international markets such as the United States of America (the "USA") and Europe in accordance with the future development strategy of the Group. This should give diversification and a hedge against the future domestic businesses of the Group with a reasonable return to the Shareholders. Other than capturing investment opportunities to establish the position and engage in the property market in Los Angeles and London for income generating real estates with potential of capital appreciation in the long term and re-development in future, the Group's focus will also be on the execution of existing projects, including but not limited to enhancement of operating performance as well as facilitation of projects developments. Besides, the Group will not rule out any possibilities to divest its investment with decent return. The Directors believe that after the acquisitions in the past few years and execution of existing projects, the Group will be able to broaden its income base through the stable rental incomes generated from the properties. Apart from the Group's core businesses in property development and investments in the PRC, the USA and the UK, and the provision of property management services in Beijing, the Group will continue to focus on searching for suitable investment opportunities which may strategically fit into its diversification strategy and generate a steady source of income.

面對二零二零年COVID-19疫情前所未見之挑 戰,本集團努力不懈地維持有效的營運及提供 優質服務,以盡量減低對租戶、顧客及員工的 影響。為確保業務有長遠可持續的增長,本集 團將繼續主要從事物業發展及投資,以及相關 資產管理服務。然而,本集團將按照本集團之 未來發展策略,於考慮向美利堅合眾國(「美 國」)及歐洲等國際市場作出投資時更加審慎, 此舉應帶來多樣化,並於日後為本集團之國內 業務提供對沖,從而為股東提供合理回報。本 集團不單把握投資機遇,進軍洛杉磯及倫敦物 業市場並建立橋頭堡,藉房地產長遠資本增值 及未來重建潛力賺取收入,亦將專注於執行現 有項目,包括但不限於提升營運表現及促進專 案發展。此外,本集團將不排除任何獲得足夠 回報後出售項目的可能性。董事相信,於過去 數年之收購及執行現有專案後,憑藉該等物業 產生之穩定租金收入,本集團之收入基礎將可 擴大。除本集團在中國、美國及英國的物業發 展及投資的核心業務及於北京提供物業管理服 務外,本集團將繼續增強聚焦於策略上配合其 多元化發展舉措之合適投資機會,務求帶來穩 定收入來源。

APPRECIATION

I would like to take this opportunity to express my heartfelt gratitude to the fellow members of the Board, and on behalf of the Board, the management and entire staff of the Group for their diligent work and contribution in the past year. Last but not least, I would like to extend my sincerest appreciation to the investors and shareholders of the Company for their continuing confidence in and support for the Group over the years. In 2021, the business portfolio of the Group will continue to be optimised and rationalised in order to motivate the Company's future development and business growth. We will devote our best efforts to generate encouraging returns for our supportive shareholders.

Yours faithfully,

WEI CHUNXIAN

Chairman

Hong Kong, 31 March 2021

致謝

本人謹藉此機會衷心感謝董事局全體同仁,並 代表董事局感謝本集團的管理層及全體員工過 去一年的努力工作和貢獻。最後,本人也誠意 感謝本公司的投資者及股東多年以來一直對本 集團的信心和支持。於二零二一年,本集團的 業務組合將持續優化及合理化,為本公司未來 的發展及業務增長注入了原動力。我們將會傾 盡全力,為一直支持我們的股東帶來豐碩的回 報。

此致 *主席*

魏純暹

香港,二零二一年三月三十一日

管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (the "Year"), the operations of the Group were organised into business units based on the nature of their products and services. There were three reportable operating segments, including (i) the property management segment; (ii) the property development and investment segment; and (iii) the operation of the Recreational Centre segment. The first and third segments were carried out in the PRC whereas the second segment was carried out in the PRC, the USA and the UK.

Property management segment

Beijing AOCEAN Property Management Company Limited* (北京 澳西物業管理有限公司), ("AOCEAN"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, provides property management services for office buildings, residential properties and car parks. As at 31 December 2020, AOCEAN managed 24 major residential and commercial property projects, which were located in Beijing, Hebei Province and Hainan, the PRC. The services provided by AOCEAN under the management agreements thereof include, inter alia (i) provision of heating supply and maintenance services of heat exchange stations and pipeline network; (ii) provision of management services to car parks such as maintenance of various facilities and equipment in the car parks; and (iii) provision of property management services to vacant properties and general management services such as repair and maintenance of buildings and fire safety equipment and facilities for residential and commercial property projects.

Adhering to the principle of being human-oriented, and perceiving the market from the perspective of customers and market needs, AOCEAN has been improving and perfecting its management system and continues to provide professional services to its customers.

業務回顧

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度(「本年度」),本集團的經營業務根據產品及服務之性質劃分為業務單位,並有以下三個可供報告之經營板塊:(i)物業管理板塊:(ii)物業發展及投資板塊:及(iii)經營休閒中心板塊。第一個及第三個板塊於中國營運,而第二個板塊則於中國、美國及英國營運。

物業管理板塊

本公司之全資附屬公司北京澳西物業管理有限公司(「澳西」)為辦公大樓、住宅物業及停車場提供物業管理服務。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,澳西管理24個大型住宅及商用物業項目,全部位於中國北京、河北省及海南。澳西根據有關管理協議所提供之服務計有(其中包括):(i)提供供暖服務以及換熱站及輸送管道網絡之維修服務;(ii)提供停車場管理服務(例如維修停車場之各種設施及設備):及(iii)提供有關空置物業之物業管理服務及一般管理服務以例如維修及保養住宅及商用物業項目之樓宇以及防火安全設備及設施)。

秉持以人為本之原則,並從客戶及市場需要之 角度進行市場考量,澳西一直改善及完善其管 理系統並繼續為客戶提供專業服務。

管理層討論及分析

Property development and investment segment

During the Year, the Group carried on its property development and investment business in the USA, the UK and the PRC.

Santa Monica project

The Santa Monica project, located in Santa Monica, the County of Los Angeles, State of California, the USA, has a total site area of approximately 40,615 square feet ("US Complex"). According to the title of the parcel of land, the development for the site is a mixed-use three stories development. Total rentable/saleable floor area is approximately 25,000 square feet for commercial use and 38,000 square feet for residential use and there are 190 onsite subterranean parking spaces. The commercial areas have been fully leased out for the Year. However, due to the outbreak of COVID-19, which slowed down the leasing progress of residential areas during the Year, we are actively negotiating with several potential tenants to lease out the remaining areas. Property leasing agent has been appointed for residential lease. Marketing campaign has been launched in the market. The plan for the Santa Monica project is to lease out all the commercial units and the residential units.

Culver City project

Culver City project is a 36,319 square feet redevelopment site located at the south corner of Washington Boulevard and Motor Avenue in Culver City, Los Angeles County, California, the USA. It includes an automotive service shop totalling 7,373 square feet and surface lot. The land title allows for the development of 139 residential units, of which 14 units would be income restricted for residents at the extremely low income level, and 1,969 square feet of ground floor would be commercial space.

The Directors consider the Culver City Project to be an attractive investment opportunity to diversify the Group's property development operations in the USA, as this land is located within walking distance to the heart of Culver City, Los Angeles, which is the hub of a number of motion pictures and other production studios and is within well-established transportation network. Culver City Project is expected to further cement the Group's foothold in the western USA and enhance the Group's overall geographical diversification of business.

物業發展及投資板塊

於本年度,本集團於美國、英國及中國進行物 業發展及投資業務。

聖莫尼卡項目

卡爾弗城項目

卡爾弗城項目為一個36,319平方呎的重建用地,位於美國加利福尼亞州洛杉磯縣卡爾弗城之Washington Boulevard及Motor Avenue的南角。該項目包括一個汽車服務店舖(總面積為7,373平方呎)及地面空間。該土地之所有權允許開發139個住宅單位,其中14個單位將提供予收入水平極低的居民居住以及1,969平方呎的地面樓層將為商業空間。

董事認為,由於從該地塊步行可達洛杉 磯匯聚多間電影及其他製作公司之卡爾 弗城中心區,附近交通網絡發達,故使 本集團美國物業發展業務之投資機會多 樣化,卡爾弗城項目乃具吸引力之良 機。卡爾弗城項目預計將成為本集團進 一步鞏固美國西部地區,提升本集團整 體業務地理多元性之里程碑。

管理層討論及分析

Boundary House

Boundary House is located at the crossover between the increasingly vibrant Aldgate district in London, the UK which is popular with technology, media and telecommunications occupiers and the established city of London financial and insurance hub. Boundary House is also close to numerous main train lines and underground stations with convenient access of rail transportation. Boundary House is an office building with a net internal floor area of approximately 45,062 square feet, which comprises a ground floor and seven upper floors, basement storage and seven car park spaces. As at 31 December 2020, Boundary House was approximately 88% occupied and was let to twelve tenants. The leases contributed approximately £0.95 million rental income to the Group for the Year.

Juxon House

Juxon House is located at 100 St Pauls Churchyard, London, the UK. It is situated in a prominent location on the northwest side of St Pauls Cathedral, at the corner of Ludgate Hill/St Paul's Churchyard to the south and Ave Maria Lane to the west, with Paternoster Square to the east, which is a prime professional and financial district with the London Stock Exchange and some multinational organisations having offices in the near vicinity. Juxon House is a grade A commercial building with a net lettable floor area of approximately 123,781 square feet, among which the office accommodation, the retail accommodation, and the ancillary and storage area have a net lettable floor area of 100,774 square feet, 20,083 square feet and 2,924 square feet respectively. Juxon House comprises a lower ground floor, a ground floor and five upper floors, basement storage and twenty car park spaces. Juxon House was let to three office tenants and four retail tenants, which contributed approximately £5.3 million rental income to the Group for the Year.

Boundary House

Boundary House坐落於英國倫敦市日漸繁華的Aldgate 區,該區域獲多家科技、媒體及電信企業進駐,且為倫敦市著名的金融及保險地帶中心。Boundary House 鄰近多條主要鐵路幹線及地鐵站,鐵路交通十分方便。Boundary House為一座辦公大樓,室內實用建築面積約為45,062平方呎,由一層地下室、地面上七層樓、地庫儲物空間及七個停車位組成。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,Boundary House出租予十二名租戶,出租率約達88%。於本年度,該等租賃為本集團貢獻約950,000英镑租金收入。

Juxon House

Juxon House 位於英國倫敦聖保羅教 堂墓地第100號。其坐落於聖保羅大教 堂西北側之黃金地段,南面為Ludgate Hill/聖保羅教堂墓地,西面為Ave Maria Lane, 而東面則為帕特諾斯特廣 場,乃倫敦證券交易所所在之主要專業 及金融區,若干跨國公司在附近擁有辦 事處。Juxon House為一座A級商業樓 宇,可出租實用面積約為123,781平方 呎,其中辦公場所、零售場所及配套及 儲存區域之可出租實用建築面積分別為 100,774平方呎、20,083平方呎及2,924 平方呎。Juxon House 包括一層底層、 地面層及以上五個樓層、地下儲存室 及二十個停車位。於本年度,Juxon House 已出租予三名辦公室租戶及四名 零售租戶,為本集團貢獻約5,300,000 英鎊租金收入。

管理層討論及分析

Guorui Square Block B

Beijing Kaipeng Technology Development Co., Ltd.* (北京凱 朋科技發展有限公司) ("Kaipeng Technology"), a subsidiary of the Company, holds certain units with a gross floor area of approximately 46,164 square meters in Building No.2 of Kingdom Guorui, No.1 Ronghua South Road, Daxing District, Beijing, the PRC ("Guorui Square Block B"), which are for office use.

The basements, the whole of Levels 2 to 11, Unit 108 on Level 1M and Units 1201, 1202 and 1203 on Level 12M of Guorui Square Block B, were owned by Wise Expert Investment Limited ("Wise Expert") and its subsidiaries. The Company agreed to acquire Wise Expert at a consideration of HK\$1,541,320,000 pursuant to the sale and purchase agreement dated 30 May 2018 entered into between the Company as purchaser and Winluck Global Limited and Silky Apex Limited as vendors. As at the date of this report, 95% of the entire issued share capital of Wise Expert has been acquired by the Group.

The remaining units in Guorui Square Block B, including Level 1, Unit 107 on Level 1M and Levels 13 to 36 (excluding refuge floors on Level 23 and Level 34), were owned by Capable Kingdom Limited (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) and its subsidiaries.

The Directors planned to sell or lease certain units of Guorui Square Block B, subject to market conditions in Yizhuang (亦 莊), Beijing, the PRC. Currently, certain units were leased out to tenants under medium or long term leases.

Operation of the Recreational Centre segment

The operation of the Recreational Centre (i.e. a leisure and lifestyle experience centre in Beijing, the PRC) segment includes, inter alia, the provision of catering, banquet, fitness and sport facilities services.

The Recreational Centre is located in the Economic Technological Development Area in Yizhuang at the southeast of Beijing, the PRC, which is surrounded by an area of large construction site under development. The construction site includes hotel, offices, residential and retail properties. The development of the remaining area is expected to complete gradually by 2022. The operation of the Recreational Centre incurred net losses during the Year, which was mainly due to the recreational market conditions which were adversely affected by the outbreak of COVID-19. As a cost control measure, the Group had temporarily suspended the Recreational Centre from February 2020 and reopened on August 2020. The Group will continue to monitor the development of COVID-19, and has been putting appropriate cost and risk management measures in place during this extraordinary difficult period while still preserving and building its capabilities for the future.

• 國鋭廣場B座

本公司附屬公司北京凱朋科技發展有限公司(「凱朋科技」)持有若干單位,位於中國北京大興區榮華南路1號院國鋭●金嵿大廈2號(「國鋭廣場B座」),總樓面面積約為46,164平方米,作辦公室用途。

國鋭廣場B座的地下室、第2層至第11層、第1M層的108室以及第12M層的1201、1202及1203室由Wise Expert Investment Limited(「Wise Expert」)及其附屬公司擁有。根據本公司(作為買方)與Winluck Global Limited及Silky Apex Limited(作為賣方)所訂立日期為二零一八年五月三十日之買賣協議,本公司同意以代價1,541,320,000港元收購Wise Expert。於本報告日期,Wise Expert全部已發行股本的95%已被本集團收購。

國鋭廣場B座的餘下單位(包括第1層、 第1M層的107室及第13至第36層(不包 括第23層及第34層的隔火層)),乃由 Capable Kingdom Limited(本公司的全 資附屬公司)及其附屬公司擁有。

董事計劃出售或租賃國鋭廣場B座的若 干單位,受限於中國北京亦莊之市況。 目前,若干單位按中長期租賃出租予租 戶。

經營休閒中心板塊

經營休閒中心(即中國北京市休閒及時尚生活體驗中心)板塊包括提供餐飲、宴會、健身及體育設施服務。

休閒中心位於中國北京東南部亦莊經濟技術開發區,周邊大部分建築工地正在開發。該建築工地附帶酒店、辦公室、住宅及零售物業。餘下區域之發展估計將於二零二二年前逐步完成。休閒中心運營於本年度內主要因休閒中。 展刊中心運營於本年度內主要因休閒中。 以因受COVID-19疫情的不利影響而產生虧閒中心自二零二零年二月起已暫時休業,並於二零二零年八月重新開業。本集團將繼續監控 COVID-19疫情的發展態勢,並在此異常艱難之際採納適當的成本及風險管理措施,同時仍為未來積蓄實力。

管理層討論及分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW

財務回顧

				Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止 年度 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>	Year ended 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止 年度 HK\$'000 千港元
Turno	ver	營業額	ı	322,026	373,327
Profit	for the year	本年度溢利	ı	680	98,082
				As at 31 December 2020 於二零二零年 十二月三十一日 <i>HK\$*0</i> 00 <i>千港元</i>	As at 31 December 2019 於二零一九年 十二月三十一日 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>
	assets liabilities	資產總額 負債總額		6,702,004 3,112,688	6,306,456 2,869,659
Net as	ssets	資產淨額	I	3,589,316	3,436,797
	ebts^ al liquidity ratio** ng ratio#	債務淨額^ 資本流動比率** 資產負債率#		2,464,208 0.24 68.7%	2,378,356 0.22 68.6%
^	·	de payables, bank and other daccruals and amounts due to nequivalents	۸		長款、銀行及其他借款、 ↑費用以及應付關聯方款 ♂物
**	The ratio represented cash and cliabilities	ash equivalents divided by current	**	該比率指現金及現金	等價物除以流動負債
#	The ratio represented net debts d	ivided by total equity	#	該比率指債務淨額除	以權益總額

管理層討論及分析

Financial analysis

During the Year, the Group generated revenue of approximately HK\$322,026,000 (31 December 2019: approximately HK\$373,327,000). The property management segment reported segment revenue of approximately HK\$197,017,000 (31 December 2019: approximately HK\$224,225,000). The property development and investment segment arising reported segment revenue of approximately HK\$99,412,000 (31 December 2019: approximately HK\$78,817,000), which was contributed from the rental income from the operating leases of certain portion of units in Juxon House, Boundary House, and Guorui Square Block B. The operation of the Recreational Centre segment reported segment revenue of approximately HK\$25,597,000 (31 December 2019: approximately HK\$70,285,000).

The Group recorded a profit for the Year of approximately HK\$680,000 (31 December 2019: approximately HK\$98,082,000). The break even was primarily due to i) increase in finance costs for the period as a result of additional interest expense incurred on a quasi-loan equity contributed by a joint venture partner of a subsidiary, which was acquired in the second half year of 2019; and ii) decrease in the remeasurement gain upon transfer of certain properties held for sale to investment properties as compared to that recorded in 2019 as a result of less number of additional properties transferred to investment properties for rental purposes in the PRC during the Year under negative impact of outbreak of COVID-19. As at 31 December 2020, the outstanding balance of bank and other borrowings was approximately HK\$2,119,581,000 (31 December 2019: approximately HK\$2,336,024,000), of which the balance mainly consisted of (i) a bank loan of approximately HK\$816,357,000 (31 December 2019: approximately HK\$806,374,000) secured by Juxon House and certain trade and lease receivables; (ii) other loan of approximately HK\$234,078,000 (31 December 2019: approximately HK\$213,959,000) secured by the US Complex which was newly drawdown during the Year; and (iii) lease liabilities balances of approximately HK\$5,483,000 (31 December 2019: approximately HK\$39,603,000).

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had available cash and bank balances of approximately HK\$196,147,000 (31 December 2019: approximately HK\$246,877,000).

財務分析

本集團於本年度產生收入約322,026,000港元(二零一九年十二月三十一日:約373,327,000港元)。物業管理板塊錄得板塊收入約197,017,000港元(二零一九年十二月三十一日:約224,225,000港元)。物業發展及投資板塊產生的可呈報板塊收入約99,412,000港元(二零一九年十二月三十一日:約78,817,000港元),源自Juxon House、Boundary House及國鋭廣場B座之若干單元之經營租賃貢獻的租金收入。經營休閒中心板塊錄得板塊收入約25,597,000港元(二零一九年十二月三十一日:約70,285,000港元)。

本集團於本年度錄得溢利約680.000港元(二 零一九年十二月三十一日:約98.082.000港 元)。收支平衡主要乃由於i)附屬公司(於二零 一九年下半年獲收購)之合營公司合夥人貢獻 的準貸款產生的額外利息開支致使本期間財務 費用增加;及ii)部分持作出售物業轉為投資物 業後導致重新計量收益較二零一九年錄得收益 有所減少,乃由於在COVID-19爆發的負面影 響下,本年度在中國轉為可供出租的投資物業 的額外物業數目有所減少。於二零二零年十二 月三十一日,銀行及其他借款的未償還結餘約 2,119,581,000港元(二零一九年十二月三十一 日:約2,336,024,000港元),其中結餘主要包 括(i)以Juxon House及若干應收貿易及租賃賬 款作抵押的銀行貸款約816,357,000港元(二 零一九年十二月三十一日:約806,374,000港 元);(ii)以美國綜合物業作抵押的本年度新增 其他貸款約234,078,000港元(二零一九年十二 月三十一日:約213,959,000港元);及(iii)租賃 負債結餘約5,483,000港元(二零一九年十二月 三十一日:約39,603,000港元)。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團有現金 及銀行結餘約196,147,000港元(二零一九年 十二月三十一日:約246,877,000港元)。

管理層討論及分析

Foreign currency exposure

During the Year, the Group's business operations were principally located in the PRC, the UK and the USA and the main operational currencies are Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), Renminbi ("RMB"), Pound sterling ("£") and United States dollars ("US\$"). The Group's transactions were mainly denominated in RMB, £ and US\$. The majority of assets and liabilities are denominated in HK\$, RMB, £ and US\$. Any significant exchange rate fluctuations of foreign currencies against HK\$ may have financial impact to the Group. The Group does not have a foreign currency hedging policy at present. However, the Group will closely monitor the exchange rate movement trend and take corresponding measures in a timely manner to reduce foreign currency exchange risk and exposure.

Human resources and remuneration policy

As at 31 December 2020, the total number of employees of the Group (excluding Directors) was 499 (31 December 2019: 698). Most of them were located in the PRC.

The total remuneration of the employees of the Group for the Year was approximately HK\$70,561,000 (31 December 2019: approximately HK\$96,705,000).

The emolument of each of the Directors and the employees of the Group is on the basis of their merit, qualification, competence and experience in the industry, the profitability of the Group as well as remuneration benchmarks from other local and international companies and prevailing market conditions. Executive Directors and employees also participate in bonus arrangements which are determined in accordance with the performance of the Group and the individual's performance.

Final dividend

The Board resolved not to declare any final dividend for the Year (31 December 2019: Nil).

外幣風險

於本年度,本集團之業務營運主要位於中國、 英國及美國境內,而主要營運貨幣為港元(「港 元」)、人民幣(「人民幣」)、英鎊(「英鎊」)及美 元(「美元」)。本集團之交易主要以人民幣、 鎊及美元為單位。大部分資產和負債均以港 元、人民幣、英鎊及美元為單位。外幣兑港元 如有任何重大匯率波動,可能會對本集團構成 財務影響。本集團目前並無外幣對沖政策。然 而,本集團將密切關注匯率變化趨勢,及時採 取應對措施以減輕外匯風險及承擔。

人力資源及薪酬政策

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團之僱員 (不包括董事)總數為499人(二零一九年十二月 三十一日:698人),大部分在中國工作。

本集團於本年度之僱員薪酬總額約70,561,000 港元(二零一九年十二月三十一日:約 96,705,000港元)。

董事及本集團僱員各自之薪酬乃根據其才幹、 資歷、能力及行業經驗、本集團之利潤以及其 他本地及國際公司之薪酬標準及當前市場狀況 而釐定。執行董事及僱員亦可參與獎金安排, 其根據本集團表現及個人表現釐定。

末期股息

董事局議決不宣派本年度之任何末期股息(二零一九年十二月三十一日:無)。

管理層討論及分析

Pledge of assets

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had investment properties and properties held for sale amounting to approximately HK\$3,775,613,000 in total (31 December 2019: approximately HK\$3,783,349,000) to secure bank and other borrowings. Such bank and other borrowings comprise of loans presented in the section headed "Financial analysis" of this report on page 13.

As at 31 December 2020, certain trade and lease receivables of approximately HK\$16,910,000 (31 December 2019: approximately HK\$3,253,000) in total was pledged to secure bank loans granted to the Group.

As at 31 December 2020, no bank deposit (31 December 2019: approximately HK\$39,168,000) has been pledged to secure standby letter of credit issued to the general contractor for Santa Monica project.

Capital and other development related commitment and contingent liabilities

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had no material contingent liabilities (31 December 2019: Nil). As at 31 December 2020, the Group had no contracted and no commitments for development costs and capital expenditure (31 December 2019: approximately HK\$2,879,000).

Property valuations

Property valuations on the Group's investment properties located in the UK and the USA and the property located in the PRC as at 31 December 2020 have been carried out by independent qualified professional valuers, Jones Lang LaSalle Limited, Cushman & Wakefield Western, Inc, and Colliers International (Hong Kong) Limited, respectively. The property valuations were used in preparing 2020 annual results. The valuations were based on income capitalisation approach and sales comparison approach.

資產抵押

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團將合 共約3,775,613,000港元(二零一九年十二月 三十一日:約3,783,349,000港元)之投資物業 及持作出售物業作為向銀行及其他借款之擔 保。該等銀行及其他借款包括本報告第13頁 「財務分析」一節呈列的貸款。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,若干應收貿易及租賃賬款合計約16,910,000港元(二零一九年十二月三十一日:約3,253,000港元)已抵押,作為本集團獲授銀行貸款之擔保。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,並無抵押銀行存款(二零一九年十二月三十一日:約39,168,000港元)作為向聖莫尼卡項目總承包商出具之備用信用證之擔保。

資本及其他開發相關之承擔及或然負債

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任何重大或然負債(二零一九年十二月三十一日:無)。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團未訂約且未就開發成本及資本開支撥備承擔(二零一九年十二月三十一日:約2,879,000 港元)。

物業估值

本集團於英國及美國之投資物業及位於中國之物業於二零二零年十二月三十一日之物業估值,分別由獨立合資格專業估值師仲量聯行有限公司、Cushman & Wakefield Western, Inc及高力國際物業顧問(香港)有限公司進行。物業估值用於編製二零二零年年度業績。估值乃根據收入資本化法及銷售比較法而定。

管理層討論及分析

Significant investments and material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures

The Group had not made any significant investments, acquisitions and disposals during the Year.

Future plans for material investments

There is no plan for making material investments or acquiring capital assets as at the date of this report.

FUTURE PROSPECT

Faced with the unprecedented challenge of the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020, the Group worked relentlessly to maintain effective operations and provide quality services, minimizing impact on tenants, customers and staff. To ensure long-term sustainable business growth and value creation, the Group will continue to engage prominently in property development and investment, and relevant asset management services. However, the Group would be more cautious in considering investments in the international markets such as the USA and Europe in accordance with the future development strategy of the Group. This should give diversification and a hedge against the future domestic businesses of the Group with a reasonable return to the Shareholders. Other than capturing investment opportunities to establish the position and engage in the property market in Los Angeles and London for income generating real estates with potential of capital appreciation in the long term and re-development in future, the Group's focus will also be on the execution of existing projects, including but not limited to enhancement of operating performance as well as facilitation of projects developments. Besides, the Group will not rule out any possibilities to divest its investment with decent return. The Directors believe that after the acquisitions in the past few years and execution of existing projects, the Group will be able to broaden its income base through the stable rental incomes generated from the properties.

Apart from the Group's core businesses in property development and investments in the PRC, the USA and the UK, and the provision of property management services in Beijing, the Group will continue to focus on searching for suitable investment opportunities which may strategically fit into its diversification strategy and generate a steady source of income.

重大投資及附屬公司、聯營公司及合營公司的重大收購及出售事項

本集團於本年度並無任何重大投資、收購及出 售事項。

重大投資之未來計劃

於本報告日期,尚無進行重大投資或收購資本資產之計劃。

未來展望

面對二零二零年COVID-19疫情前所未見之挑 戰,本集團努力不懈地維持有效的營運及提供 優質服務,以盡量減低對租戶、顧客及員工的 影響。為確保業務有長遠可持續的增長,本集 團將繼續主要從事物業發展及投資,以及相關 資產管理服務。然而,本集團將按照本集團之 未來發展策略,於考慮向美國及歐洲等國際市 場作出投資時更加審慎,此舉應帶來多樣化, 並於日後為本集團之國內業務提供對沖,從而 為股東提供合理回報。本集團不單把握投資機 遇, 進軍洛杉磯及倫敦物業市場並建立橋頭 堡,藉房地產長遠資本增值及未來重建潛力賺 取收入,亦將專注於執行現有項目,包括但不 限於提升營運表現及促進項目發展。此外,本 集團將不排除任何獲得足夠回報後出售項目的 可能性。董事相信,於過去數年之收購及執行 現有項目後,憑藉該等物業產生之穩定租金收 入,本集團之收入基礎將可擴大。

除本集團在中國、美國及英國的物業發展及投資的核心業務及於北京提供物業管理服務外, 本集團將繼續增強聚焦於策略上配合其多元化 發展舉措之合適投資機會,務求帶來穩定收入 來源。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold, redeemed or cancelled any of the Company's listed securities during the Year.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee has reviewed the annual results and has no dissenting view on the accounting policies of the companies adopted by the Group and on the Group's internal controls and risk management, accounting and financial reporting functions.

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

於本年度,本公司及其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售、贖回或註銷任何本公司的上市證 券。

審核委員會

審核委員會已審閱全年業績,而其對本集團採 納本公司的會計政策以及本集團的內部監控及 風險管理、會計及財務匯報職能並無異議。

環境、社會及管治報告

ABOUT THIS REPORT

This is the fourth Environmental, Social and Governance Report ("ESG") of GR Properties Limited ("GR Properties" or the "Company"), together with its subsidiaries (the "Group" or "We" or "Us") to stakeholders, which aims to provide a balanced representation of the efforts made by the Group on corporate social responsibility and sustainable development in the past year. This report is prepared in accordance with the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide in Appendix 27 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

REPORTING PERIOD AND SCOPE

This report covers the period from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020 (the "Reporting Period").

The reporting scope of this report covers the major property management projects of the property management business, which include 11 major property management projects of the Group during the Reporting Period (2019: seven major property management projects), namely the Fortune Street project*, the Yigou project*, In-Beijing project*, the GOLDEN TOWER project*, the North Garden project*, the Kingdom Guorui project*, the Guorui Plaza project*, the Daxing project*, the Xiongan project*, the Sanya project* and ChengJianManTi project*, and Recreational Centre businesses of the Group located in Beijing.

* The English name is an unofficial translation for identification purpose only.

關於本報告

本報告是國鋭地產有限公司(「國鋭地產」或「本公司」),連同其附屬公司(統稱為「本集團」或「我們」)向各位持份者所發表的第四份環境、社會及管治報告(「環境、社會及管治報告」),旨在平衡展示本集團在過去一年在企業社會責任及可持續發展方面作出的努力。本報告乃根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則附錄二十七之《環境、社會及管治報告指引》編製。

報告期間及範圍

本報告的報告期為二零二零年一月一日至二零 二零年十二月三十一日(「報告期間」)。

本報告的範圍涵蓋物業管理業務的主要物業管理項目,包括本集團於報告期內的十一個主要物業管理項目(二零一九年:七個主要物業管理項目),即財滿街項目*、易構項目*、In北京項目*、金長安項目*、北花園項目*、國鋭●金演項目*、國鋭廣場項目*、大興項目*、雄安項目*、三亞項目*及城建縵緹項目*,以及涵蓋本集團位於中國北京市的休閒中心業務。

* 英文名稱為非官方名稱,僅供識別。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

ESG WORKING GROUP

To demonstrate our commitment to transparency and accountability, the Company has established an ESG working group, which has clear terms of reference that set out the powers delegated to it by the board of directors of the Company. We highly value opinions of each stakeholder and treat them as the cornerstone for the development of the Group. If you have any opinions or suggestion on this report and our sustainable development performance, please send us your comments via email at info@grproperties.com.hk.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY ("CSR") VISION. POLICY AND STRATEGY

The Group adopted a CSR Policy in order to commit to the highest standards of corporate governance, and aims to integrate CSR into the Group's business strategy and management approach.

CSR is viewed as a business philosophy that creates shared sustainable value with its stakeholders in the economic, social and environmental dimensions. The Group's CSR vision and CSR Policy guide the Group's business and operational decisions to take into account its responsibility to the CSR cornerstones with pragmatic objectives providing guidance on the application of these principles in its daily operations.

The Group's CSR Policy describes our long-term approach to specific issues in the four cornerstones: Marketplace, Workplace, Community and Environment, which is instrumental in enabling our business to operate in a sustainable manner. Within each of the cornerstones, core principles and pragmatic objectives provide guidance on practicing CSR in our daily operations.

環境、社會及管治工作組

為踐行我們的透明度及問責制承諾,本公司成立了環境、社會及管治工作組及職權範圍,並明確規定了本公司董事局賦予工作組的權力。我們對於每一個持份者的意見都極其重視,視之為本集團向前發展的基石。如閣下對本報告或本集團的可持續發展表現有任何意見或建議,可透過電郵info@grproperties.com.hk向我們提出。

企業社會責任(「CSR」)願景、政策 及策略

本集團已採納企業社會責任政策,遵守最高企業管治標準,並致力於將企業社會責任納入本 集團的業務策略及管理方案。

我們將企業社會責任視為一種商業理念,在經濟、社會和環境方面與持份者共同創造可持續的價值。本集團的企業社會責任願景及企業社會責任政策將指引本集團的業務及營運決策,我們將企業社會責任視為企業責任的基石,並透過務實目標指引相關原則在日常營運中的運用。

本集團的企業社會責任政策介紹了我們針對市場、工作場所、社區和環境四個基礎方面的具體事宜的長期方案,從而促進我們業務的可持續營運。在每個基礎方面,核心原則及務實目標將指引我們在日常運營中實踐企業社會責任。

環境、社會及管治報告

SUSTAINABILITY

Sustainable development is a long-term commitment of a responsible enterprise, and is deeply rooted in our people-oriented businesses. We have been implementing sustainable operations and worked towards a better life for the public, through continuously enhancing the sustainability of the environment, ensuring a high quality of services, building an outstanding and strong service team, carrying out rigorous supply chain management, maintaining a high level of ethics and integrity, caring for disadvantaged groups in the community and otherwise.

可持續發展

可持續發展是負責任企業的長期承諾,且深深 植根於我們以人為本的業務當中,透過不斷加 強環境的可持續性、確保服務品質卓越、建立 優秀強大的服務團隊、嚴謹的供應鏈管理、維 持高度的道德與誠信、關懷社區弱勢社群等各 範疇的工作。我們一直貫徹可持續營運方針, 將美好生活帶給公眾。



ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

STAKEHOLDERS ENGAGEMENT

The Group endeavors to create sustainable growth and longterm value for its stakeholders, who are comprised of the Group's employees, customers, owners and households, suppliers and business partners, shareholders and investors, government and the wider community. We continue to interact with our stakeholders on an ongoing basis in order to understand their views and collect their feedback.

Our channels of daily communication with stakeholders are as follows:

持份者參與

本集團努力為持份者創造可持續增長和長期價 值,本集團的持份者涵蓋本集團的僱員、客 戶、業主及住戶、供應商及業務夥伴、股東及 投資者、政府以及更廣泛社區。我們持續與持 份者進行交流,了解彼等的看法並收集反饋意 見,。

我們與持份者的日常溝通渠道如下:

Local community **Employees** 當地社區 員工 • Website Employee meeting 網站 員工會議 · Social media Training 社交媒體 培訓 · Mass media Annual meeting 大眾傳媒 年會 Visit Notice board 探訪活動 公告欄 Mobile application Internal system 手機應用程式 內部系統 Government 政府 · Qualification review Communication 資質評審 with Stakeholders Meeting 持份者溝通 會議 · Direct communication 直接溝通 Shareholders and Suppliers and investors business partners 股東及投資者 供應商及合作夥伴 · Shareholders' meeting · Direct communication 股東會議 直接溝通 · Annual report, financial statement

and announcement

· Social media

社交媒體

Website

網站 · Mass media 大眾傳媒

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Owners and households

業主及住戶

- Hotline 熱線電話
- Mobile application 手機應用程式
- Social media 社交媒體
- Website 網站
- · Satisfaction survey 滿意度調查
- · Direct communication 直接溝通

- · On-site inspection 現場考察
- Regular review 定期評審
- · Performance evaluation 履約評估

環境、社會及管治報告

MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

In order to better understand the opinions and expectations of our stakeholders, we engage a third party to conduct materiality assessment for us each year. Through opinion survey, we invite stakeholders to score and rank a total of 25 environmental, social and governance issues grouped into five main categories (namely "Quality of Working Environment", "Environmental Protection and Green Operations", "Operational Practices", "Product and Service Responsibilities" and "Contribution to Communities"), thereby understanding their degree and change of attention to each significant issue, and enabling us to plan our sustainable development work more comprehensively in the future.

重要性評估

為了更有效瞭解持份者的意見和期望,我們每年委任第三方為我們進行重要性評估工作。通過意見調查,邀請各類別的持份者就五個主要範疇(即「工作環境質素」、「環境保護和綠色營運」、「營運常規」、「產品與服務責任」以及「社區貢獻」),合共25個環境、社會及管治議題進行評分及排名,我們從而瞭解持份者就各重大議題的關注程度及其改變趨勢,以及以便我們在未來更全面地規劃可持續發展工作。

Materiality Analysis of Issues

各議題之重要性分析

Issue ³ ⊞	Category	Change	Rankings for the Year	Rankings for the Last Year 上一年度
· 議題 	- 範疇 	變化	本年度排名	排名
Product safety 產品安全	Product and service responsibilities 產品與服務責任	↑	1	8
Treatment of hazardous and non-hazardous waste 有害及無害廢棄物處理	Environmental protection and green operations 環境保護和綠色營運	^	2	7
有古及無古廢棄初處埋 Anti-corruption 反貪污	Operational practices 營運常規	↑	3	12
Complaint handling 投訴處理	Product and service responsibilities 產品與服務責任	↑	4	14
Disaster emergency plan 災難應急預案	Operational practices 營運常規	^	5	6
Customer/consumer privacy 客戶/消費者私隱	Product and service responsibilities 產品與服務責任	•	6	3
Energy and water conservation	Environmental protection and green operations	•	7	5
節約能源及用水 Sewage discharge	環境保護和綠色營運 Environmental protection and	•	8	2
污水排放	green operations 環境保護和綠色營運			
Exhaust emission	Environmental protection and green operations	^	9	10
廢氣排放	環境保護和綠色營運			

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Issue	Category	Change	Rankings for the Year	Rankings for the Last Year 上一年度
議題	範疇	變化	本年度排名	排名
Occupational safety and health 職業安全及健康	Quality of working environment 工作環境質素	•	10	1
Prevention of child and forced labour	Quality of working environment	•	11	4
防止童工及強制勞動	工作環境質素			
Greenhouse gas emission	Environmental protection and green operations	•	12	9
溫室氣體排放	環境保護和綠色營運			
Intellectual property rights	Product and service responsibilities		13	13
知識產權	產品與服務責任			
Natural resource utilization	Environmental protection and	•	14	11
(including energy and water utilization)	green operations			
天然資源利用(包括能源及用水)	環境保護和綠色營運			
Employment relationship and communication with employees	Quality of working environment	↑	15	21
僱傭關係及員工溝通	工作環境質素			
Technology research and development	Product and service responsibilities	↑	16	18
技術研究與開發	產品與服務責任			
Supplier selection procedure 供應商選擇程序	Operational practices 營運常規	^	17	19
Employee turnover rate 員工流失率	Quality of working environment 工作環境質素	^	18	25
Evaluation of suppliers' environmental and social performance		•	19	17
供應商環境及社會表現評估	環境保護和綠色營運			
Diversity and equal opportunity	Quality of working environment	^	20	24
多元化及均等機會	工作環境質素			
Trainings and development 培訓及發展	Quality of working environment 工作環境質素	•	21	15
Employee benefits/leisure activities	Quality of working environment	•	22	20
員工福利/康樂活動	工作環境質素			
Participation in volunteer activities	Contribution to Communities		23	23
參與義工活動	社區貢獻			
Carbon trading mechanism	Environmental protection and green operations	•	24	16
碳交易機制	環境保護和綠色營運			
Charity donation 慈善捐贈	Contribution to Communities 社區貢獻	•	25	22

環境、社會及管治報告

ENVIRONMENTAL

The Group is eminently devoted towards promoting a sustainable working and living environment through continuous emissions reduction and effective use of resources. We have obtained ISO14001:2015 Environment Management Certificate and ISO9001: 2015 Quality Management Certificate, and formulated the Quality, Environment and OHS Management Manual to actively reduce our impact on the environment, especially in terms of energy saving and waste reduction.

Emissions

The Group persistently strives to operate its business in an environmentally friendly manner, making every effort to achieve environmental conservation. Our main emissions are greenhouse gas emissions ("GHG") from the energy consumption and the non-hazardous waste from domestic wastes. Apart from carbon dioxide, other air emission or pollutants produced by the Group were immaterial or negligible during the Reporting Period, thus are not reported in the report.

環境層面

本集團致力於透過不斷減少排放及有效利用資源來促進營造可持續的工作和生活環境。我們已取得ISO14001:2015環境管理體系認證及ISO9001:2015質量管理體系認證,並製定了《質量、環境、職業健康安全管理手冊》,以積極減少我們對環境的影響,尤其是在節約能源及減少廢棄物方面。

排放物

本集團一直致力採用環保方式經營業務,竭力保護環境。我們的主要排放物為能源消耗產生的溫室氣體(「溫室氣體」)排放,以及生活垃圾產生的無害廢棄物。除二氧化碳外,本集團於報告期內產生的其他廢氣排放或污染物概屬不重大或可忽略不計,因此並未於本報告中進行報告。

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GHG Emissions

Our greenhouse gas emissions are mainly direct or indirect emissions caused by the use of purchased electricity, the fuel use for vehicles and the consumption of natural gas and steam for heating, cooking, domestic hot water supply and otherwise.

An overview of the carbon footprint of the Group is summarized as follows:

溫室氣體排放

我們的溫室氣體排放來源包括外購電力、車輛 的燃料使用以及用作供暖、煮食、生活熱水等 用途所消耗的天然氣和蒸汽所產生的直接或間 接排放。

本集團的碳足跡概述如下:

2020 tCO ₂ e 二零二零年二氧化碳當量噸數 Property Recreational			2019 tCO ₂ e 二零一九年二氧化碳當量噸數 Property Recreational			Variance Increase/(decrease) 增加/(減少)量 Property Recreational			
GHG emissions	Management	Centre	Total	Management	Centre	Total	Management	Centre	Total
溫室氣體排放	物業管理	休閒中心	合計	物業管理	休閒中心	合計	物業管理	休閒中心	合計
Scope 1: Direct emissions ² 範圍1: 直接排放 ²	100.13	28.70	128.83	86.74	163.15	249.89	15%	(82%)	(48%)
Scope 2: Indirect emissions ³ 範圍2:間接排放 ³	9,513.81	2,836.00	12,349.81	9,560.36	4,230.22	13,790.58	(0.5%)	(33%)	(10%)
Total GHG emissions (Scope 1+2) 溫室氣體排放總量	9,613.94	2,864.70	12,478.64	9,647.10	4,393.37	14,040.47	(0.3%)	(35%)	(11%)
(範圍1+範圍2)									
GHG emissions intensity ⁴ 溫室氣體排放密度 ⁴ Average by number of household									
(Kg CO₂e/household) 住戶數平均(公斤二氧化碳	524.69	N/A	N/A	708.20	N/A	N/A	(26%)	N/A	N/A
當量/每戶)		不適用	不適用		不適用	不適用		不適用	不適用
Average by area (Kg CO ₂ e/m²) 面積平均(公斤二氧化碳	5.14	102.10	N/A	6.57	156.59	N/A	(22%)	(35%)	N/A
當量/每平方米)			不適用			不適用			不適用

環境、社會及管治報告

Note:

備註:

- The above calculation is based on the reference and tools provided by Environmental Protection Department. https://www.carbon-footprint.hk/node/52
- 2. Scope 1 refers to direct emissions from operations that are owned or controlled by the company;
- Scope 2 refers to indirect emissions resulting from the generation of purchased or acquired electricity and steam consumed within the company;
- 4. GHG emissions intensity is calculated by dividing the total energy consumption by (1) the number of household; and (2) the total chargeable area or the area of operation for the property management segment and Recreational Centre, respectively.
 - For the property management business, total chargeable area for 2019 and 2020 is approximately 1,468,393.48 m² and 1,870,269.97 m² respectively.
 - For the Recreational Centre, the area of operation is 28,056.88 m² in 2019 and 2020.
 - For the property management business, the number of house hold for 2019 and 2020 is approximately 13,622 units and 18,323 units respectively.

Due to the outbreak of COVID-19, the Group had temporarily suspended the Recreational Centre from February 2020 and reopened in August 2020. As a result, GHG emissions from Recreational Centre have been significantly reduced.

- 1. 上述計算乃基於環境保護署提供的參考及工具。https://www.carbon-footprint.hk/node/52
- 2. 範圍1指由本公司擁有或控制的經營活動產 生的直接排放;
- 3. 範圍2指本公司外購或購買的電力及蒸汽消 耗所產生的間接排放;
- 4. 溫室氣體排放密度的計算方法為:總能源消耗量除以(1)住戶數目:及(2)物業管理板塊及休閒中心各自的總收費面積或營業面積。
 - 在物業管理業務方面,二零一九年及二零二零年的總收費面積分別為約1,468,393.48平方米及1,870,269.97平方米。
 - 在休閒中心方面,二零一九年及二零二零年的營業面積為28,056.88平方米。
 - 在物業管理業務方面,二零一九年 及二零二零年的住戶數量分別為約 13,622戶及18,323戶。

由於COVID-19疫情影響,本集團休閒中心自二零二零年二月起已暫時休業,並於二零二零年八月重新開業。因此休閒中心溫室氣體排放量大幅度降低。

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Non-hazardous waste

The operation of the Group's business does not result in the creation of hazardous waste, while non-hazardous waste is mainly general refuse collected from various property management projects and public spaces in the Recreational Centre, as well as waste papers from our offices. The Group has engaged third-party waste management companies to collect and dispose of its non-hazardous wastes in an appropriate manner.

無害廢棄物

本集團的業務營運不會導致產生有害廢棄物, 而無害廢棄物主要來自於各物業管理項目和休 閒中心公用空間收集的一般廢棄物,以及我們 辦公室所產生之廢紙。本集團已委聘第三方廢 棄物管理公司收集及適當處置無害廢棄物。

Non-hazardous waste¹ 無害廢棄物¹	2020 tonnes 二零二零年 公噸	2019 tonnes 二零一九年 公噸	Variance Increase/ (decrease) 增加/ (減少)量
Property management 物業管理	27.47	26.53	4%
Recreational Centre 休閒中心	9.62	88.00	(89%)
Total 合計	37.09	114.53	(68%)
Non-hazardous waste intensity ² 無害廢棄物密度 ² Property management 物業管理 — Average by number of household (Kg/household) — 住戶數平均(公斤/每戶) Recreational Centre 休閒中心	1.5	1.95	(23%)
一 Average by number of household (Kg/household) ー 住戶數平均(公斤/每戶) Property management 物業管理	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
- Average by area (Kg/m²) - 面積平均(公斤/平方米) Recreational Centre 休閒中心	0.01	0.02	(50%)
- Average by area (Kg/m²) - 面積平均(公斤/平方米)	0.34	3.14	(89%)

Note:

- The non-hazardous waste data did not include waste generated by owners in the property management segment, only the amount of waste generated in offices and public areas were accounted for;
- Non-hazardous waste intensity is calculated by dividing the total non-hazardous waste by (1) the number of household; and (2) the total chargeable area or the area of operation for the property management segment and Recreational Centre, respectively.

備註:

- 無害廢棄物數據並不包括物業管理板塊的業 主產生的廢棄物,僅計及辦公室及公共場所 產生的廢棄物量;
- 2. 無害廢物密度的計算方法為:無害廢物總量 除以(1)住戶數目;及(2)物業管理板塊及休閒 中心各自的總收費面積或營業面積。

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We promote the practice of waste reduction at the source to owners, households and customers, by encouraging them to use environmentally friendly bags instead of plastic bags, classifying general refuse and recyclable waste, donating unwanted items to others instead of discard, and choosing environmentally friendly products and otherwise. In addition, we encourage employees to classify wastes, and require that construction waste generated by contractors or builders during decoration or maintenance should not be mixed into general refuse but should be separately treated and transferred in a timely manner. Meanwhile, we are also committed to enhancing employees' awareness of emission reduction, encouraging them to use electronic channels for communication, giving priority to the use of double-sided printing and recycling paper as far as possible, in the hope of achieving a "paperless" office.

Due to the outbreak of COVID-19. the Group had temporarily suspended the Recreational Centre from February 2020 and reopened in August 2020. As a result, the non-hazarous waste from Recreational Centre have been significantly reduced.

由於COVID-19疫情影響,本集團休閒中心自二零二零年二月起已暫時休業,並於二零二零年八月重新開業。因此休閒中心無危害廢棄物大幅度降低。

Use of Resources

The Group encourages our employees to use their best endeavors to reduce waste and emissions, with a view to contributing to the community and the environment. We have implemented the following environmental protection policies to reduce emissions and increase efficiency of resource usage, which include green management, the use of environmentally friendly equipment and the promotion of environmental awareness.

資源利用

本集團鼓勵員工盡力減少廢棄物及排放,為社 區及環境做出貢獻。我們實施以下環境保護政 策,以減少排放並提高資源利用效率,包括綠 色管理、使用環保設備以及提高環保意識。

Category 範疇

Environmental Protection Measure 環保措施

Green management 綠色管理

- Establish plans and guidelines for energy and water saving
- 製定節約能源及用水的方案及指引
- Organize monthly energy consumption analysis meeting to discuss and analyze the energy consumption data, status of indicators, and the remaining energy consumption quota
- 組織每月能耗分析會議,針對能耗數據、指標情況及能耗剩餘額度進行分析討論
- Cooperate with local suppliers as far as possible to reduce carbon emissions caused by transportation
- 盡量與本地供應商合作,減少運輸過程所帶來的碳排放
- Maintain the temperature of air conditioning in office and public area at 26°C in summer and 22°C in winter
- 將辦公室和公共區域的空調溫度維持於:夏天26攝氏度、冬天22攝氏度
- Regularly inspect and repair equipment to reduce energy and water wastage caused by damage
- 定期檢查各種設備,適時維修保養,減少因損壞而浪費水電
- Organize the promotion and training activity to raise awareness of environmental protection
- 舉辦宣傳培訓活動,以提高環保意識
- Encourage employees to use their best endeavors to take public transport during business trip
- 鼓勵員工在出差期間盡量乘坐公共交通工具
- Reuse office stationaries (e.g. envelopes, folders and double-sided printing and recycling paper)
- 重複使用辦公文具(例如信封、文件夾、雙面打印及回收紙張)

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Category 範疇	Environmental Protection Measure 環保措施
Environmentally friendly equipment 環保設備	 Install voice or infrared sensors to control the level of regional lighting 安裝聲控或紅外綫感應系統,控制區域燈光水平 Replace ordinary lamps in garage of each project with LED lamps 以LED燈管替代各項目車庫內普通燈管 Adjust time switch in a timely manner based on the level of sunlight for lights and roof advertisement words 要求項目對園區燈、樓頂廣告字根據日照情形及時調整時控開關 Purchase appliances with at least Grade Two Energy Label as far as possible 盡可能採購國家二級節能以上的環保設備 Replace boiler burners to increase operational efficiency and reduce emission 更換鍋爐燃燒器,提高運行效能及減低排放 Use central control system for energy management, and adjust such system seasonally to save energy 通過中央系統管理能源的使用,配合季節進行調整,以節省能源 Adopt rainwater recycling system for garden irrigation 通過雨水回收系統回收雨水進行花園灌溉 Use non-negative pressure fresh water supply system to save energy 使用無負壓淡水供應系統,節約能源 Adjust the running time of the elevator based on peak and non-peak hours 根據高峰期及低谷期時長調整電梯運行時間 Equipped the electricity controller of air conditioner in the employee's dormitory
Environmental awareness 環保意識	 員工宿舍的空調配備用電控制器 Provide environmental protection training for employees to improve their attention to environmental protection issues, and require them to apply energy saving measures into their daily work, including considering the necessity of energy dissipation and water consumption, turning off lights, powering off when leaving, keeping an eye on water and electricity waste caused by equipment damage, and arranging maintenance in case of any damage 為員工提供環保相關培訓,提升對環境保護事宜的關注,要求員工把節能措施融入日常工作當中,包括考慮耗能耗水的必要性、隨手關燈、下班關機、注意是否有設備因損壞而浪費水電的情況,及時報修 Install sub-meter and implement "user/polluter-pays" policy to encourage water and electricity savings 透過安裝水電分表,提倡「用/污者自付」的原則,鼓勵住戶節約 Promote environmental awareness and provide guidelines to encourage better behaviors

• 宣傳環保意識,提供指引,鼓勵改善行為習慣

環境、社會及管治報告

Energy Consumption

Our energy consumption includes purchased electricity, fuel consumed by vehicles and natural gas and steam consumed for domestic hot water supply, cooking and heating purposes. The relevant consumption data are as follows:

能源消耗

我們的能耗包括外購電力、車輛的燃油消耗以 及用作生活熱水、厨房及供暖用途的天然氣及 蒸汽,有關耗用的數據如下:

Energy Consumption 能源消耗	二 Property Management 物業管理	2020 MWh =零二零年千個千瓦時 Recreational Centre 休閒中心	Total 合計	= Property Management 物業管理	2019 MWh 零一九年千個千瓦時 Recreational Centre 休閒中心	Total 合計	Variar Property Management 物業管理	ice Increase/(decrease 增加/(減少)量 Recreational Centre 休閒中心	Total 合計
Electricity 電力	11,745.44	2,448.40	14,193.84	11,950.45	4,013.99	15,964.44	(2%)	(39%)	(11%)
Steam ¹ 蒸汽 ¹	N/A	3,829.17	3,829.17	N/A 不適用	4,575.58	4,575.58	N/A 不適用	(16%)	(16%)
Non-renewable fuels ² 非再生燃料能源 ²	1,330.36	382.08	1,712.44	1,102.88	2,259.98	3,362.86	21%	(83%)	(49%)
Total 合計	13,075.81	6,659.64	19,735.45	13,053.33	10,849.55	23,902.88	0.17%	(39%)	(17%)
Energy consumption intensity ³ 能源消耗密度 ³ Average by number of household									
(MWh/household) 住戶數平均(千個千瓦時/每戶)	0.71	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	0.96	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	(26%)	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Average by area (MWh/m²) 面積平均(千個千瓦時/	0.01	0.24	N/A	0.01	0.39	N/A	(30%)	(39%)	N/A
每平方米)			不適用			不適用			不適用

Notes:

- 1. The consumption of steam purchased only included the amount of steam used in the Recreational Centre;
- The natural gas data only includes the consumption for the GOLD EN TOWER project, since the operation and management of boilers in other property management projects were outsourced to third parties from 2018;
- 3. Energy consumption intensity is calculated by dividing the total energy consumption by (1) the number of household; and (2) the total chargeable area or the area of operation for the property management segment and Recreational Centre, respectively.

In order to improve the energy efficiency of our property management business, we have formulated the "Energy Conservation and Environmental Protection Management Policy" to strengthen and standardize the management of energy conservation and emission reduction in properties, including regular inspection, cleaning and maintenance of equipment and facilities such as units, cooling towers and air conditioning systems, so as to effectively control energy consumption and avoid energy waste.

- 備註:
- 1. 外購蒸汽消耗量耗僅包括休閒中心使用的蒸 汽量:
- 天然氣數據僅包括金長安項目的消耗量,乃 由於其他物業管理項目的鍋爐營運及管理自 二零一八年起外包予第三方;
- 3. 能源消耗密度的計算方法為:總能源消耗量 除以(1)住戶數目:及(2)物業管理板塊及休閒 中心各自的總收費面積或營業面積。

為了提升能源效益,我們的物業管理業務已製定《節能環保管理政策》,加強並規範各物業的節能減排管理工作,包括定期檢查、清洗和維修各項設備設施如機組、冷郤塔、空調系統等,以有效控制其能耗並避免能源浪費。

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Water management

The Group recognizes that water management is one of the material aspects of preserving the natural environment. With respect to water usage, we collect rainwater for irrigation through rainwater recycling system, install automatic faucet in public washroom, adjust the amount of flushing water, and use non-negative pressure fresh water supply system to reduce water consumption. The water consumed by the Group daily is derived from the municipal water supply by the local water supply department, and the Group has not experienced any material issues in sourcing water that is fit for purpose and such sourcing has no impact on the groundwater or water resources in the natural environment. Our water consumption data during the Reporting Period are as follows:

水資源管理

本集團意識到,水資源管理是保護天然資源的 重要方面之一。在用水方面,我們透過雨水回 收系統收集雨水進行灌溉,在公共洗手間安裝 自動水龍頭,調節沖洗水量,使用無負壓淡水 供應系統,以減少用水量。集團日常所消耗的 水資源都是來自當地供水部門提供的市政供 水,且於求取適用水源方面並無遭遇任何重大 問題,求取水源時亦不會對地下水或自然環境 的水資源產生影響。以下是我們於報告期間的 耗水數據:

		2020 m ³ 二零二零年立方米		9 m³ 年立方米	Variance Increase/(decrease) 增加/(減少)量		
Water consumption 耗水量	Property Management 物業管理	Recreational Centre 休閒中心	Property Management 物業管理	Recreational Centre 休閒中心	Property Management 物業管理	Recreational Centre 休閒中心	Total 合計
Segment 板塊 Total 合計	156,080.99	12,191.00 168,271.99	183,389.20	54,396.00 237,785.20	(27,308.21) (15%)	(42,205.00) (78%)	(69,513.21) (29%)
Water intensity 耗水密度 Average by number of household (m³/household) 住戶數平均(立方米/每戶) Average by area (m³/m²) 面積平均(立方米/每平方米)	8.52 0.08	N/A 不適用 0.43	13.46 0.12	N/A 不適用 1.94	(37%)	N/A 不適用 (78%)	N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用

備註:

Note:

Water intensity is calculated by dividing the water consumption by (1) the number of household; and (2) the total chargeable area or the area of operation for the property management segment and Recreational Centre,

respectively.

The Group's overall water consumption decreased by 29% from 237,785.20 m³ in 2019 to 168,271.99 m³ in 2020, mainly as a result of the outbreak of COVID-19, the Group had temporarily suspended the Recreational Centre from February 2020 and reopened in August 2020. As a result, the water consumption from Recreational Centre have been significantly reduced.

耗水密度的計算方法為:耗水量除以(1)住戶數目; 及(2)物業管理板塊及休閒中心各自的總收費面積或 營業面積。

本集團的總體耗水量由二零一九年的237,785.20立方米減少29%至二零二零年的168,271.99立方米,主要是由於COVID-19疫情影響,本集團休閒中心自二零二零年二月起已暫時休業,並於二零二零年八月重新開業。因此休閒中心用水量大幅度降低。

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We closely monitor the water consumption of properties and the Recreational Centre and implement various water conservation measures: 我們密切監控物業及休閒中心的耗水量,並採取各種節水措施:

North Garden project 北花園項目

Adjusted the time of water use for greening purposes to consume water at intervals 調整綠化用水的時間以分段用水

Kingdom Guorui 國鋭 ● 金嵿項目 Equipped with a water card system in public toilets to control the duration of water consumption to reduce waste

公共衛生間安裝水卡系統,控制用水時間,減少浪費

Yigou project 易構項目 Installed pressure reducing valves to control the water flow 安裝減壓閥以控制水量

Golden tower project 金長安項目

Upgraded the cooling towers to control the water flow 冷邻塔進行升級改造工程,控制其流量

Recreational Centre 休閒中心 Separating the pipelines of the two swimming pools into independent ones instead of connected running, which avoid to close and drain all of pools and refill the water while cleaned or repaired 將兩個泳池的相連管道改造成獨立管道,當其中一個泳池清洗或維修時,無需關閉及排放所有游泳池並重新註水

The Group will continue to devote on-going efforts to promote energy and water-saving behavior under its overall environmental management agenda.

本集團將繼續在總體環境管理議程下持續促進 節能節水行為。

Regulation and Compliance

We promise to comply with all environmental laws and regulations, including but not limited to the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China, the Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China, the Atmospheric Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China and etc., striving to building a green community. We actively integrate the elements of energy conservation and emission reduction into operations to reduce the carbon footprint of our operations, so that our next generation can continue to live and work in peace and contentment in the community.

法規及合規

我們承諾謹遵所有環境相關的法例法規,包括 但不限於《中華人民共和國環境保護法》、《中 華人民共和國水污染防治法》、《中華人民共和 國大氣污染防治法》等,著力構建綠色社區, 積極於營運過程中融入節能減排的元素,減少 營運過程中產生的碳足印,讓我們的下一代能 繼續在這片社區安居樂業。

During the Reporting Period, the Group is not aware of any incidents of non-compliance with laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group relating to air and GHG emission, discharges into water and land and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous wastes.

於報告期間,我們並未發現任何不符合與空氣 及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地排放以及產生無 害廢棄物相關的法律法規且對本集團產生重大 影響的事件。

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SOCIAL

Employment and Labour Practices

Employees are an integral part of any organization and the corresponding labour management practices play a requisite role in affecting a company's culture, success and reputation. Our goal is to create a working environment that encourages diversity and respect for all while enabling each employee to exhibit individuality and creativity. With the aim to institute a favorable work environment the organization took several steps which included maintaining a workplace culture of equality and diversity, developing the competencies of employees, recognizing, motivating and rewarding talent, ensuring their well-being and safety of all individuals.

Employment

Our employees lie at the core of our business operations and form the firm foundation of our success and development. The Group from time to time reviews its policies relating to recruitment and promotion, compensation and dismissal, equal opportunity and antidiscrimination, training and development, and other benefits and welfare of the employees.

As per the records till 31 December 2020, the Group had a total of 474 employees in mainland China while 123 of them (who worked in the general office and 11 major property projects in the property management segment and the Recreational Centre) are covered in this report. The total number of employees in this year has decreased by 31% from 687 employees in 2019, which is mainly due to the human resources planning of the Group taking into account the influence of the epidemic.

社會層面

僱傭及勞工常規

對任何組織而言,員工均是不可或缺的組成部分,相應的勞工管理常規在公司文化、成功及聲譽方面發揮着重要作用。我們的目標是營造勵多元化及尊重全體員工的工作環境,同時確保展現每位僱員的個性和創造力。為了構建良好的工作環境,本集團採取所想措施保障全體僱員的福利和安全,包括維持平等和多元化的工作場所文化,發揮員工才能,認可、激勵及獎勵人才。

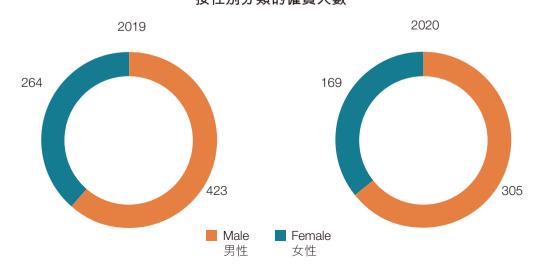
僱傭

我們的僱員是我們業務營運的核心所在,亦為 我們的成功與發展奠定堅實基礎。本集團不時 檢討招聘及晉升、薪酬及解僱、平等機會與反 歧視、培訓與發展以及其他僱員福祉及福利政 策。

根據截至二零二零年十二月三十一日的記錄,本集團在中國大陸共有474名員工,而本報告涵蓋其中123名員工於物業管理板塊的總辦公室及11個主要物業項目以及休閒中心辦公。相較於二零一九年的687名員工,本年度的員工總數減少了31%,主要乃由於本集團的人力資源規劃將疫情的影響考慮在內。

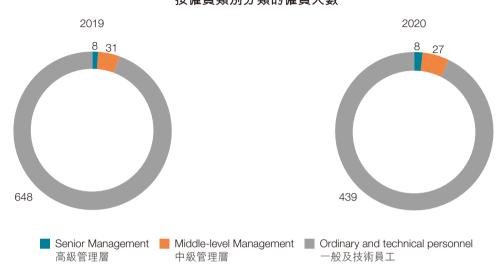
Employment Data Overview 僱傭數據概覽

Number of Employees by Gender 按性別分類的僱員人數

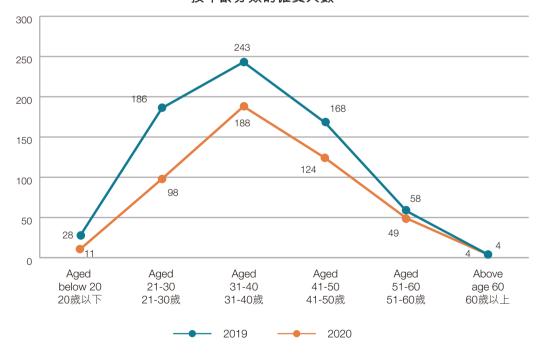


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Number of Employees by Employee Category 按僱員類別分類的僱員人數



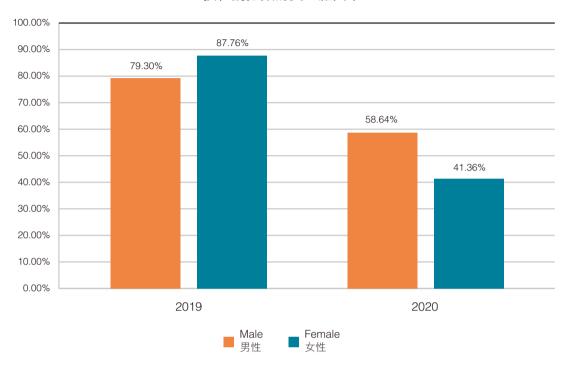
Number of Employees by Age 按年齡分類的僱員人數



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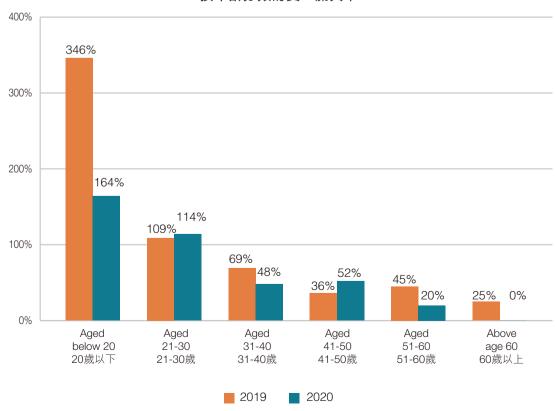
Employee turnover rate by Gender

按性別分類的員工流失率



Employee turnover rate by Age

按年齡分類的員工流失率



環境、社會及管治報告

Health and Safety

The Group intends to provide our employees with a healthy and secured workplace environment, which in turn ensures a sustainable corporate culture.

For our property management business, we have obtained OHSAS18001:2007/GB/T28001-2011 Occupational Health and Safety Management System Certificate and formulated the Quality, Environment and OHS Management manuals according to requirements of the certificate, to strengthen the safety management of the work environment.

During the Reporting Period, no non-compliance with the laws and regulations relating to occupational safety that have resulted or may result in significant impact on the Company was identified.

The health and safety measures undertaken by the Group include the following:

- To ensure the physical health of employees, physical checkups are conducted annually to avert the occurrence of infectious and occupational diseases.
- As part of the COVID-19 countermeasures and to prevent the spread of the virus, the Group complied strictly with the virus prevention regulations as required by the government, and stringent infection preventive measures were implemented to protect its employees. The Group closely monitored the health of its employees by checking their body temperature, providing sufficient surgical masks and alcohol-based hand rub in workplace. The Group also arranged some of its employees to work from home and to conduct business meetings online to minimize the spread of the pandemic.
- The Group often organizes production safety education and training, and promotes safety awareness. Our employees are required to execute Employee Safety Production Liability Statement in which they are committed to complying with all safety requirements.
- The Recreational Centre has formulated the "Regulations on Handling Work-related Injuries and accidents", specifying the procedures and measures for the prevention and handling of work-related injuries and accidents, so as to avoid material casualties in accidents in a timely manner.
- We provide personal protective equipment based on the position and work nature of employees, such as insulated shoes, gloves, safety helmet, safety reflective jacket etc., so as to reduce the accident risk. For the property management business, we provide anti-heatstroke or cold-proof equipment according to seasonal changes, so as to protect the safety of employees working outdoors.

健康與安全

本集團希望為僱員提供健康安全的工作環境, 以營造可持續的企業文化。

我們的物業管理業務已取得OHSAS18001: 2007/GB/T28001-2011職業健康安全管理體系認證,並根據認證要求製定了《質量、環境、職業健康安全管理手冊》,以加強工作環境的安全管理。

於報告期間內,本公司並未發現任何已經或可 能對本公司造成重大影響的違反職業安全相關 法律法規的行為。

本集團採取的健康與安全措施包括:

- 為確保員工身體健康,我們每年對員工 進行體檢,以防止傳染病及職業病。
- 作為COVID-19對抗措施的一環,為防止病毒傳播,本集團恪守政府所規定的預防病毒規例,並採取嚴格的防疫措施以保護僱員。透過在工作場所檢測體溫、提供充足的外科口罩及酒精擦手液,本集團密切監察僱員的身體健康。本集團亦安排僱員在家工作及進行網上商業會議,盡量抑制疫情散播。
- 本集團經常組織安全生產教育培訓,提 高員工的安全意識。我們的僱員必須簽 署《員工安全生產責任聲明書》,並承諾 遵守所有安全要求。
- 休閑中心編製《工傷及意外事故處理規定》,製定預防和處理工傷事故時的程序和措施,及時務求事故發生時能及時避免重大傷亡。
- 根據員工的崗位和工作性質發放勞保用品,如絕緣鞋、手套、安全帽、安全反光背心等,減低意外發生的風險。物業管理業務會按照季節變化提供防中暑或防寒裝備,為戶外工作的職工做好安全保障。

 The Group carries out fire drills every year and inspects all fire-fighting and electronic equipment regularly to ensure environmental safety.



Development and Training

We believe that employees are one of our most valued assets and motivated workforce could play a vital role in sustaining competitive advantage and providing the best service experience to our customers. For the sustainable development of the Group, we search for multiple facets of employee development and training activities.

The Group is committed to create a diversified and discrimination-free workplace and continuously improves the career development ladder. In order to effectively evaluate their performance, we have a performance management system, pursuant to which we carry out monthly, quarterly or annual performance assessments of employees, the results of which are taken into consideration in determination of the performance pay and adjustments to salaries and positions.

With regard to training, we provide abundant training opportunities to our employees. Our human resources department hand out the questionnaire of employees' training need at a regular basis, so as to draws up the annual training plans and readjusted the training content with actual needs. A vigorous and appropriate training development framework was developed as per the requirements of different staff members working at different positions. New joiners will receive orientation training covering corporate culture, regulations and system, safety training, environmental health and safety training, job skills and work procedures. The training to the employees of the property management project including but not limited to the customer service, security management, skill of communication with owners, equipment maintenance, emergency and fire safety.

本集團每年進行防火演習,並會定期檢查所有消防和電子設備設施,保障環境安全。



發展及培訓

我們認為,員工是我們最寶貴的資產之一,積極進取的員工隊伍能夠在維持競爭優勢及為客戶提供最佳服務體驗方面發揮至關重要的作用。為了促進本集團的可持續發展,我們為員工提供多方面的發展和培訓活動。

本集團致力於打造多元化和[零]歧視的職場, 持續改善職業發展階梯。為了有效評估員工的 表現,我們建立了績效管理系統,對員工進行 月度、季度及年度績效評估,評估結果將用於 釐定員工的績效薪酬以及調整工資和職位。

在培訓方面,我們為員工提供豐富的培訓機會。我們的人力資源部會定期發放員工培訓需求調查表,以製定年度培訓方案,並根據需需要調整培訓內容。我們根據不同職位員工榜受入職培訓,內容包括企業文化、知度工接受入職培訓、環境健康與安全培訓、規作技能及工作程序。物業管理項目的員工培包括但不限於客戶服務、安全管理、與業主的插技巧、設備維護、應急措施及消防安全。

環境、社會及管治報告

During the Reporting Period, due to the impact of the COVID-19, we have provided more than 9,140 working hours of training and the total training coverage exceeded 159 employees. Moreover, the Group continuously monitors the implementation of development and training measures to ensure effective execution, as well as regularly review and update such measures.

於報告期內,由於COVID-19疫情影響,我們提供了超過9,140個工時的培訓,培訓總人數超過159人。此外,本集團持續監察發展及培訓措施的實施情況,以確保有效執行,並定期檢討及更新相關措施。

As a Group we strive to create a positive work-life balance culture that provides reasonable working hours and organizes teambuilding activities on a regular basis. In order to cultivate a strong cohesiveness and team spirit, we organized a wide range of activities, such as sports competition, holiday celebration and epidemic prevention and control activities, all of which have been a great success, enabling our employees to strengthen their sense of belonging to the Company while relaxing themselves.

本集團努力營造積極的工作與生活平衡文化, 安排合理的工作時間,並定期組織團建活動。 為了提升員工的凝聚力及團隊合作精神,我們 組織了各種活動,例如體育比賽、節日慶祝和 防控疫情。這些活動取得了巨大成功,員工在 放鬆身心的同時,亦增強了對公司的歸屬感。

Overview of Employees' Activities 僱員活動概覽

Epidemic Prevention and Control 防控疫情





Sports competition 體育比賽



Holiday celebration 節日慶祝



環境、社會及管治報告

Labour Standards

To recruit and motivate the potential employees, the Group offers competitive remuneration and welfare packages. We provide our employees with reasonable remuneration, benefits and compensation at the market level, in sufficient consideration of their needs. The additional benefits given to the employees range from meal and accommodation, annual leaves, communication and Transportation allowance, holiday allowance and gift, social insurance and housing provident fund in accordance with local regulations. With this robust system of motivating the employees with enticing rewards and support, the Group strives to retain talent and envision the development of all the staff members.

We strictly comply with all employment-related laws and regulations, so that all employees are protected by law, including but not limited to the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China, the Labour Contract Law of the People's Republic of China, the Social Insurance Law of the People's Republic of China, and laws and regulations of Hong Kong in respect of the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance, and other ordinances relating to occupational safety, as well as disability, sex, family status, and race discrimination. The Group also established a Code of conduct, which is in line with the Anti-Corruption Policy published by the Hong Kong Independent Commission Against Corruption, the Anti-Fraud and Whistle blowing Policy.

During the Reporting Period, the Group was unaware of any material breaches of employment labour laws and regulations related to child and forced labour in its operations, and other benefits and welfares concerning its employees.

勞工準則

為招募及激勵潛在員工,本集團提供具競爭力的薪酬及福利待遇。我們充分考慮員工的需求,根據市場水平為員工提供薪酬、福利及報酬。我們為員工提供的其他福利包括餐飲及住宿、年假、通訊和交通津貼、假期津貼及禮品,並根據當地法規購買社保及住房公積金。憑藉我們強大的員工獎勵及支持製度,本集團努力保留人才,規劃全體員工的發展路徑。

我們嚴格遵守所有與僱傭相關的法例法規,讓所有員工都得到法律保障,包括但不限於《中華人民共和國勞動法》、《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》、《中華人民共和國社會保險法》,以及與《個人資料(私隱)條例》、其他職業安全及殘疾人、性別、家庭狀況及種族歧視相關的香港法律法規。本集團亦根據香港廉政公署發佈的《反腐敗政策》以及《反欺詐及舉報政策》製定了行為準則。

於報告期間,本集團在營運過程中並未發現任 何嚴重違反與防止童工及強制勞動有關的僱傭 勞工法律法規以及其他僱員福利和福祉相關的 法律法規的行為。

Operating Practices

Supply Chain Management

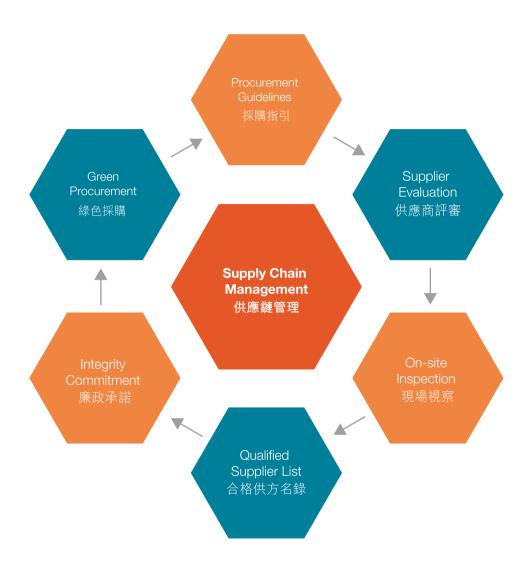
Effective supply chain management can have implications on cost and quality, and it serves to mitigate social or environmental risks that an organization may face. The Group formulated a strict Procurement Management Rules with shop around review mechanism for choosing the suppliers, including carry out on-site assessment to review their licenses, qualifications, service quality, business management, material management, the degree of support, reputation and otherwise. During the course of purchase, we require suppliers to sign the Integrity Commitment, impress on them the attention of the Company to integrity and disallow any corruption, bribery and other illegal activities, and require them to undertake to comply with laws and regulations in producing products and providing services. Besides, we also conduct regular review of existing suppliers in our Qualified Supplier List every year to ensure that they maintain the supply quality, the service level and otherwise.

營運慣例

供應鏈管理

有效的供應鏈管理可以降低成本、提升質量, 並有助於減低企業可能面臨的社會或環境 險。本集團製定了嚴格的採購管理規定,於選 擇新供應商時,我們會採用對比評估制度,包 括進行現場評估,以審核其證照、資質、信 實素、業務管理、物料管理、配合度、信 等。我們採購期間要求供應商簽訂《廉政承部 書》,向他們強調公司對於廉潔的重視,絕承 器在生產產品及提供服務的過程中守法守規。 此外,對於《合格供方名錄》中的現有供應質 我們每年亦會進行定期評審,確保其供貨質 和服務水平等得以維持。

環境、社會及管治報告



Product Responsibility

The Group values each client and strives to continuously improve its products and services. Each business operation in preserving the strict quality standards and traceability.

產品責任

本集團重視每一位客戶,並努力不斷改善產品 和服務。我們的每項業務營運均遵守嚴格的質 量標準及可追溯性。

For our property management business, we have a sound environment, occupational health and safety, and quality management system. We have established the Quality, Environment and OHS Management Manual to perfect our management system and define responsibilities of the management and departments, and has passed ISO14001:2015 environmental management system, OHSAS18001:2007 occupational health and safety management system and ISO9001:2015 quality management system certifications. We spare no effort to maintain the quality of our services and protect the health and safety of the households, tenants and employees. The Company regularly reviews and inspection for the Quality, Environment and Occupational health and safety management system. The external expert confirmed that we have complied with relevant requirements of the three standards, namely GB/T19001-2015 Quality Management System Requirements, GB/T24001-2015 Environmental Management Systems - Requirements with Guidance for Use and GB/T28001-2011 Occupational Health and Safety Management System Specifications. We are committed to the sustainable development of the enterprise, environment and society by strengthening the management of daily operations.

我們的物業管理業務擁有健全的環境、職業健 康與安全及質量管理系統。我們已建立了《質 量、環境、職業健康安全管理手冊》完善我們 的管理體系,明確管理層和各部門的職責,並 且已經通過ISO14001:2015環境管理體系、 OHSAS18001:2007職業健康安全管理體系和 ISO9001:2015質量管理體系認證。我們於維 持服務質量和保障住戶、租戶以及員工的健康 與安全方面不遺餘力。本公司定期進行質量、 環境、職業健康安全管理體系審核檢查。外部 專家確認,我們符合GB/T19001-2015《質量 管理體系要求》、GB/T24001-2015《環境管理 體系要求及使用指南》和GB/T28001-2011《職 業健康安全管理體系規範》三個標準的相關要 求。我們誘過加強對日常營運的管理,實踐企 業、環境和社會的持續發展。



ISO9001:2015 Quality Management Certificate 質量管理體系認證



ISO14001:2015 Environment Management Certificate 環境管理體系認證



OHSAS18001
OHS Management Certificate 職業健康安全管理體系認證

環境、社會及管治報告





For our Recreational Centre business, we have formulated the Quality Inspection Scheme to perfect the quality inspection system and standard in which we carry out weekly service quality and safety inspection, covering environmental sanitation, appearance, facilities and equipment, code of conduct, food safety, fire safety, dormitory management, work procedures, operations and etc., and monthly inspection, irregular comprehensive inspection, unannounced visit and otherwise, in the form of:

在休閒中心業務方面,我們製定《質檢工作方案》,完善品質檢查體系和規範,我們每周會進行服務品質及安全檢查,範疇涵蓋環境衛生、儀容儀表、設施設備、行為規範、食品安全類、安全消防、宿舍管理、工作程序及操作等等,亦會以每月巡檢、不定期綜合檢查、進行檢查和暗訪等不同頻次進行質檢,形式包括:

Departmental Self-inspectio 或明白給

- Quality inspectors from various departments would carry out inspections twice a week and • supervise the rectification of problems in respective departments, summarize the problems identified, prepare quality inspection report and submit them to the HR Department.
- 各部門質檢專員每週會於各自部門進行兩次檢查和督促問題整改,將發現的問題匯總並編寫 •質檢報告,上交人力資源部。

Service Qualit Department Recheck 服務品質部

- The Service Quality Department, together with quality inspectors of various departments, reviews the contents of quality inspection and safety reports every week, so as to ensure that problems are rectified properly.
- 服務品質部會聯同各部門的質檢專員每週對質檢、安全報告內容進行複查,確保問題整改到位。

Key department Inspection 重點部門檢

- Inspections, follow-up actions, communications and urgent work are carried out every week for key inspection departments, so as to improve the quality of services.
- ●每周制定出重點檢查部門開展相關的檢查、跟進、溝通、督促的工作,以提升各項服務品質。

Service Qualit Department Summary 服務品質部

- The Service Quality Department summarizes the inspections and prepares a report, which will be sent to department directors, who are required to respond with proposed rectifications, within 3 working days, including recording the rectified items in photos, or indicating the time needed for rectification.
- 服務品質部會將檢查情況匯總成報告,發送至各部門總監並要求彼等在3個工作日內對建議整改情況進行回覆,包括將已整改的地方拍照記錄,或就需要整改回覆具體所需時間。

The Recreational Centre also adopts the mystery shopper scheme by engaging a testing agency to appoint a mystery shopper to carry out quality inspection at the Center's restaurants, SPA and fitness centers on a regular basis, which is divided into 25 processes with a total of 156 test indicators, including telephone booking, meal ordering, serving of dishes, payment and etc., to test the qualification of the service personnel, and record the specific test processes by recording or photographing, so as to report to managers items which require improvement.

休閒中心亦採納神秘顧客計劃,在該計劃中, 休閒中心會委託檢測機構派出神秘顧客針對中 心旗下的餐廳、SPA和健身中心進行定期品質 檢查,分為25個環節,一共156個檢測指標, 包括電話預訂、點餐、上餐、結帳等,以測試 服務人員的達標情況,並將具體的測試過程以 錄音或照片記錄,以便將需要改善的地方向管 理人員反映。

It is also notable to mention that the Group has received certain awards and honors in respect of product quality and responsibility.

亦值得一提的是,本集團在產品質量及責任方面亦獲得若干獎項及榮譽。

China Excellent Service Team 中國服務示範企業



Triple-A Credit Units AAA級信用單位



Highlighted Office Property's Energy 寫字樓行業HOPE獎



Most Valuable Landmark Project 最具價值地標項目



環境、社會及管治報告

Contacting Customers

We have always advocated the service philosophy of "customer first", and are committed to providing the most complete and considerate service for the owners, households and surrounding residents to provide a feeling of home. There are customer service specialists for all of the Group's property projects to take care of the customers' needs at all hours, including repair requests, comments on the services or complaints. If necessary or in case of any problems, owners and households can contact their corresponding customer service specialists through the 24-hour service hotline, the on-site customer service center of the project or the "Aocean Life" online service.

The new version of "Aocean Life" mobile application has been transfered to the "澳西物業 AOCEAN" WeChat Official Accounts. The same with the "Aocean Life" APP, owners of the Aocean property can apply for repairs online, track the progress of services, contact service specialists, pay property fees, and make comments and suggestions on property management online.



聯繫客戶

我們一直推崇「以客為先」的服務理念,致力為業主、住戶以至周邊居民提供最完善、最貼心的服務,讓他們感到賓至如歸。集團旗下所有物業項目均設有客服管家,業主和住戶如有需要或遇到任何問題,可透過24小時服務熱綫、項目的現場客服中心或「澳生活」在線服務與客服管家即時聯繫,全天候照顧客戶所需,包括報修要求、對服務的意見或投訴等。

新版「澳生活」移動應用程式已轉移至「澳西物業」微信公眾號。類似於「澳生活」手機應用程式,澳西物業的業主可在線報修,跟蹤服務進度,聯繫服務專員,繳納物業費,並在線對物業管理提出意見和建議。



With regard to customer complaints, we have formulated the Complaint Management Policy, pursuant to which we shall respond to a complaint in the system within 4 hours, an oral complaint within 1 working day and a written complaint within 3 working days. In order to ensure that all complaints are handled in the most appropriate manner to the satisfaction of customers, we follow up with customers by telephone or in person, which shall cover all customers every year. In addition, we carry out at least one customer satisfaction survey each year to collect customer feedback and suggestions on the property projects and the quality of services, so as to continuously improve the quality of our services and "create high-quality products and provide prominent services". In order to better understand customers' views about us, we have specially added a "criticize and praise" function to the "澳西物業 AOCEAN" WeChat Official Accounts application, allowing customers to instantly upload photos and give a praise or suggestion for improvement so that our service team can make immediate response.

For the business of the Recreational Centre, in addition to our efforts to ensure the quality of services, we have always adhered to the philosophy of "treating customers with integrity and honesty" and treat every customer with care. In order to continuously improve our services, with regard to facilities and services of the Recreational Centre, we invite customers to complete a satisfaction survey after daily service for giving a score and comment on the food of restaurants, the quality of service staff, dining environment, treatment methods, skills and otherwise, and regularly summarize and analyze the results of the survey, and identify the items that require improvement, and carry out corresponding improvement measures for continuous enhancement.

Health and Safety

As a constructor of the community, we must shoulder the responsibility to protect the safety of the community, and are committed to protecting the lives and properties of the public. In accordance with the Safety Production Law of the People's Republic of China, the Regulations on the Reporting, Investigation and Handling of Work Safety Accidents, and the Safety Production Regulations of Beijing, we had formulated the Safety Production Management Manual to identified various kinds of safety risks and formulated appropriate response plans, so as to strengthen safety production management. We also carry out adequate safety training and publicity activities to raise the awareness among our staff and residents in safety issues. According to the principle of "safety first", the Group made a great endeavor to respond to different safety risks.

至於客戶投訴,我們設立《投訴管理政策》,政 策規定投訴須在4小時內進行系統回覆,口頭 投訴須在1個工作日內回覆,而書面投訴都得 在3個工作日內回覆。為確保所有投訴都得會 最合適的處理,確保客戶稱心滿意,並規定 電話或上門方式對客戶進行回訪,並規定 年須覆蓋所有客戶。此外,我們每年會對於 官調查,收集客戶對於提內 日和服務留質,「締造優質生活,奉獻超例 務」。為了更瞭解客戶對我們的設「批評表揚 例的服務品質,「締造優質生活,之 所為了更瞭解客戶對我們的設「批評表 別。為了更瞭解客戶對我們的設「批評表 別。為了更瞭解客戶對我們的設「批評表 別功能,讓客戶可即時上傳照片並作出 對 或提出改善建議,以便我們的服務團隊即時 應。

針對休閒中心的業務,除了致力保障服務質量,我們亦緊記「待客以誠」的理念,用心對待每一位顧客。為了不斷提升我們的服務,休閑中心旗下各項設施和服務會在日常服務後邀請顧客填寫滿意度調查表,就餐廳的食品、服務人員質素、用餐環境、療程手法、技能等進行評分和提出意見,並定期對調查結果進行總結和分析,而識別需要改善的地方,對症下藥,持續增強改進措施。

健康與安全

作為社區的建設者,我們必須肩負起守護保障 社區安全的責任,致力保護大眾的性命和財 產。為強化安全生產管理工作,我們根據《中 華人民共和國安全生產法》、《生產安全事故報 告和調查處理條例》、《北京市安全生產條例》 法律法規,製定了《安全生產管理手冊》,識別 各類安全風險並製定合適的應對方案。我們亦 開展豐富的安全培訓及宣傳活動,以提高我們 僱員及住戶的安全意識。本集團秉承「安全第 一」的原則,努力應對各類安全風險。

環境、社會及管治報告

Fire Safety

With regard to fire safety, for the property management business, we have improved the maintenance and repair system for fire-fighting equipment, including daily inspection of the alarm system and fire-fighting equipment room, monthly random inspection of smoke detectors, temperature detectors, audible and visual alarms, monthly inspection of fire-fighting facilities, equipment, escape routes, safety exit and otherwise, and testing water supply pumps to ensure normal operation, and annual inspection of water supply and drainage systems. In addition, the safety officers of each property project regularly check the status of fire hydrants, pumps, fire controllers and other equipment to ensure that all facilities and equipment are in good condition and will not pose a safety risk.

In addition to the property management business, the Recreational Centre attaches great importance to fire safety and has formulated inspection and fire emergency systems for various equipment systems such as oil separator, power distribution rooms, swimming pool systems, machine rooms, boilers and etc., to standardize daily inspection procedures and maintenance systems, fire prevention measures and emergency measures in case of fires, power outage, natural disaster and etc.

For improving the fire prevention awareness and the ability to deal with emergencies, we have developed fire drill plans and fire training during the Reporting Period. It not only enhanced everyone's awareness of fire safety, but also improved the ability of each project staff to put out fire at an early stage, and familiarise every staff with the project's fire fighting and evacuation plan and their respective duties during evacuation in the event of a fire.

消防安全

針對消防安全,物業管理業務就消防設備完善了維修保養制度,包括:每日檢查報警系統和消防設備機房,每月抽查煙霧、溫度、聲光感應報警器,每月檢查消防設施、器材、疏散通道、安全出口等並檢測供水泵確保運作正常,另外每年會檢測給排水系統。此外,各物業項目的安全負責人員亦會定期檢查消防栓、水泵、消防控制器等設備的狀態,確保所有設施設備運作情況良好,不會構成安全風險。

除了物業管理業務,休閑中心對消防安全亦極為重視,已就各項設備系統如隔油池、配電室、泳池系統、機房、鍋爐等設立巡查和防火應急制度,規範日常巡查程序及維修保養制度、防火措施以及突發事件如火災、斷電、自然災害等的應急措施。

為了提高居民的防火意識,加強處置突發事件的能力,於報告期間我們已製定消防演習方案及開展消防培訓。不僅讓大家的消防安全意識得到了增强,同時還提高了各項目員工撲救初期火災的能力,讓每一位員工在發生火災時熟悉項目的滅火疏散預案以及熟知在疏散時各自的職責。



Elevator Safety

To further strengthen the elevator safety management, the property management business has put forward the idea of "building intelligent elevator with Internet of things" to improve the safety and quality of the elevator. The Yigou property management project installed the Cloud elevator system, including the Cloud elevator Internet of things system, Cloud elevator big data analysis platform, APP, management and operation platform. The Cloud elevator system takes a positive role as the 24 hours electronic housekeeper to monitor the elevator running state and predict the elevator failure statistically, and intelligently manage the elevator daily operation, discourage and record unsafe and uncivilized elevator behavior.

電梯安全

為了進一步加強電梯安全管理,物業管理業務提出「建設物聯網智慧電梯」的理念,以提高電梯的安全和質量。易構物業管理項目安裝雲梯系統,包括雲梯物聯網系統、雲梯大數據分析平台、APP、管理及運營平台。雲梯系統為全天候電子管家,可監控電梯的運行狀態,從統計學角度預測電梯故障,智能管理電梯日常運行,阻止並記錄不安全及不文明的電梯行為。





環境、社會及管治報告

Hygiene

For the property management business, environmental officers of each property project carry out centralized cleaning and maintenance work in each area, beautifying the environment of the community and improving the appearance and image of the community every day, in accordance with the green maintenance standards. In addition, we engage a third-party testing agency to inspect the drinking water in projects every year to ensure that the water quality meets relevant requirements of the Hygienic Standards of Drinking Water and that drinking water is not contaminated or harmful to health.

Since the business of the Recreational Centre involves fitness centers and SPA, personal items including beds, towels, slippers, cosmetics and otherwise are used. We pay special attention to environmental and personal hygiene, and require our employees to clean and disinfect all facilities, equipment and supplies including all fitness equipment, fitness products, furniture, towels, gymnasiums, sauna rooms, massage couches, beauty beds, slippers, changing rooms every day. In addition, we require that all cosmetics including powder puffs, cotton swabs and eyebrow brushes should not be shared, and require employees to keep cosmetics including lotion, face cream and loose powder in clean and sealed containers.

In addition to the hygiene of the environment and supplies, food hygiene is an issue to which we attach great importance. For the catering service of the Recreational Centre, we have formulated a personal and environmental hygiene system, which specifies the separation of raw and cooked food, finished and semi-finished products, food and medicines and debris, and have frequently cleaned and disinfected the surrounding environment, tableware and utensils, and strictly managed the environment, refrigerator and food hygiene, so as to meet the relevant requirements of the Food Safety Law, the Measures for the Supervision and Administration of Food Safety in Catering Services and other laws and regulations. In addition, we carry out daily kitchen hygiene inspection, and weekly comprehensive site inspection by the food safety manager, and develop a food safety inspection plan every month to systematize the procedures and standards of kitchen hygiene inspection. For food safety, we have strict standards for the acceptance of ingredients during purchase to ensure that the freshness, quality, colour, lustre and appearance of all ingredients meet the standards. and ensure the quality and hygiene of each dish at the source.

衛牛

針對物業管理業務,每個物業項目的環境人員會按照線化養護標準,每日於各個區域進行集中清理和養護工作,美化園區環境,改善園區面貌,提升園區形象。此外,我們每年亦會委託第三方檢測機構就項目內的飲用水進行檢測,確保水質達到《生活飲用水衛生標準》的相關要求,確保飲用水並沒有受到污染,對健康構成傷害。

由於休閒中心的業務涉及健身中心和SPA,會使用到床鋪、毛巾、拖鞋、化妝品等個人物品。我們對環境和個人衛生尤為重視,要求員工每天清潔並消毒所有健身設備、健身用品、傢俱、毛巾、球館、桑拿室、按摩床、容床、拖鞋、更衣室等設施、設備和用品。除此之外,我們亦規定所有粉撲、棉花棒、眉毛刷等化妝品不得共用,將要求員工將乳液、面霜、蜜粉等化妝品保存在乾淨密封的容器。

Privacy Matters

In respect of privacy and confidentiality protection, the Group's employees are obligated to retain in confidence all information obtained during the course of their employment, including, but not limited to, trade secrets, knowhow, customers' information and personal data, supplier information and other confidential information. We strictly comply with all laws protecting data privacy and formulated privacy protection guidelines to instruct our employees to properly handle and storage of employees and customers data, with an aim to eliminating behavior of unauthorized edit, use, resale or use for other purposes of personal information. We also provide frequent trainings to our staff to increase their awareness in privacy protection.

During the Reporting Period, there were no violations or data leakage-related cases involving us, or substantiated complaints from any external parties or regulatory bodies about the Group's failure to protect the privacy of customers and loss of customer data.

Advertising and Labelling

During the Reporting Period, all advertising and publicity activities are in strict compliance with the advertising and promotion laws and regulations enforced in regions where we operate our businesses, including but not limited to the Advertising Law of the People's Republic of China and the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Protection of Consumer Rights and Interests. In developing a promotion plan, we did not publish any advertisement with false statement that would bring damage to customers.

Anti-Corruption

The protocols and laws concerned with bribery, privileges, and political contributions are closely followed by the Group. For ensuring an ethical behavior and conduct in the business environment, all the employees are subject to business ethics training corresponding to their position. We require all employees to strictly comply with all relevant laws and regulations, including but not limited to the Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China, the Criminal Law of the People's Republic of China, the Interim Provisions on Prohibition of Commercial Bribery, and strive to develop a corporate culture of compliance with laws and integrity.

During the Reporting Period, the Group was unaware of any matters concerning material instances of non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations regarding bribery, extortion, fraud, or money laundering in the countries where its employees are engaged. There are no current or pending regulatory actions or other litigation that is anticipated to have a material impact on the Group.

隱私事項

在保護隱私及保密方面,本集團的員工有責任 對僱傭期間取得的所有資料嚴格保密,包括但 不限於商業秘密、專有技術、客戶資料及個人 數據、供應商信息及其他保密資料。我們嚴格 遵守所有保障個人資料私隱的法例,並製定保 障私隱指引,指導員工妥善處理及保存員工及 客戶資料,以避免在未經授權下編輯、使用以 及為其他目的而轉售或使用個人資料的行為。 我們亦持續進行員工培訓,以提高員工保護隱 私的意識。

於報告期內,我們沒有任何違反或關於資料泄漏的個案,也並未收到任何來自外界團體或監管機構有關集團被證實未能保障客戶隱私及遺失客戶資料的投訴。

廣告及標籤

於報告期內,所有廣告及宣傳活動均嚴格遵守 我們業務營運所在地執行的廣告及推廣法律法 規,包括但不限於《中華人民共和國廣告法》及 《中華人民共和國消費者權益保護法》。在製定 推廣方案時,我們不會發佈任何附帶虛假陳述 而有損消費者利益的廣告。

反貪污

本集團嚴格遵守與反賄賂、特權及政治獻金有關的協定及法律。為確保員工在業務環境下的道德行為及操守,所有員工均須參加與其職位相應的業務道德培訓。我們要求所有員工嚴格遵守所有相關的法例法規,包括但不限於《中華人民共和國反不正當競爭法》、《中華人民共和國刑法》、《關於禁止商業賄賂行為的暫行規定》等,著力樹立守法誠信的企業文化。

於報告期內,本集團並未發現任何涉及違反僱員工作所在國家的反賄賂、勒索、欺詐或洗錢相關法律法規的重大事項。本集團當前並無亦並未面臨預計會對本集團產生重大影響之監管行動或其他訴訟。

環境、社會及管治報告

Community

The Group proactively fulfils its corporate social responsibility to the communities in which it operates and where its employees live. To perform as a responsible corporate citizen, we inspire employees to render support to the charitable organizations and also encourage them to participate in the charitable activities of the Group itself. We have been active in charitable activities, community culture building, environmental and health protection education as well as meet the labour needs.

Festival Care

The Group has had deep roots in the community and provided services for the community for years. We regard community engagement as an opportunity to contribute to the humanistic concern of these local communities.

Every Christmas Day, our employees would dress up as Santa Claus to give apples and gifts to the surrounding households of property management community we manage, sending our blessings and greetings.



社區

本集團積極履行營運所在社區及僱員居住社區 的企業社會責任。作為負責任的企業公民,我 們鼓勵員工向慈善組織提供支持,並鼓勵員工 參加本集團的慈善活動。我們一直積極參加慈 善活動、社區文化建設、環境保護及保護健康 教育,並滿足勞動需求。

節日關懷

本集團多年來均扎根於社區,為社區提供服務。我們認為,社區參與有助於促進當地社區的人文關懷。

在每個聖誕節,我們的員工會打扮成聖誕老人,向我們管理的物業管理社區的周邊住戶送 上平安果和禮物,為他們送上節日祝福和溫 暖。



Community Communication

The Group pledges itself to ensure continuous communication with members of the community where the Group operates. We pay attention to social issues and events to understand public expectation of the Group. Our property management company held the weeklong property service activities to collect the owner's need for optimizing our customized service. This year, our property management company organized a garbage sorting promotion campaign during October to further implement the work of garbage sorting. We distributed waste separation pamphlets to the owners, explained the knowledge of waste separation and played quiz game with the owners. The owners said that they welcomed this kind of community interaction. This activity not only promoted the concept of garbage separation to the community, but also shortened the distance between the Group and the property owners and the local community.

社區溝通

本集團確保與營運所在社區的成員持續溝通。 我們關注社會事宜及事件,以了解公眾對本本 團的期望。我們的物業管理公司通過舉辦物業 服務週活動來了解業主的需求,優化我們的問 制服務。今年我們物業管理公司於十月期間 為了垃圾分類工作進一步落實,組織了垃圾分類工作進一步落實,組織了垃圾分類 類宣傳活動。我們為業主們分發了垃圾分宣 傳冊,並講解了有關垃圾分類的知識,進這 獎問答小遊戲。業主們表示,他們很歡迎這有 獎問答小遊戲。此次活動不僅向社區宣傳了 圾分類的概念,也拉進了本集團與業主及當地 社區之間的距離。





環境、社會及管治報告

ESG REPORTING GUIDE INDEX

《環境、社會及管治報告指引》索引

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標			
	"Comply or explain" Provisions 「不遵守就解釋」條文	2020 ESG Report 二零二零年環境、社會及管治報告	
Subject Area 主要範疇A.環	a A. Environmental 境		
Aspect A1: E 層面A1:排放			
General Disclosure	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-	Please refer to Environmental (page 24–32)	
一般披露	hazardous waste. 有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、有害及無害 廢棄物的產生等的: (a) 政策:及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料	請參閱 「環境」(第24-32 頁)	
KPI A1.1 關鍵績效 指標A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data. 排放物種類及相關排放數據	Please refer to Emissions (page 24) 請參閱「排放物」(第24頁)	
KPI A1.2 關鍵績效 指標A1.2	Greenhouse gas emissions in total (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 溫室氣體總排放量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)	Please refer to GHG Emissions (page 25–26) 請參閱「溫室氣體排放」(第25–26頁)	
KPI A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Please refer to non-hazardous waste (page 27–28). The Group does not produce any hazardous waste in its operations.	
關鍵績效 指標A1.3	所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每 產量單位、每項設施計算)。	請參閱「無害廢棄物」(第27-28頁)本集團在營運過程中並不產生任何有害廢棄物。	
KPI A1.4 關鍵績效 指標A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	Please refer to non-hazardous waste (page 27–28). 請參閱「無害廢棄物」(第27–28頁)	

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標			
	"Comply or explain" Provisions 「不遵守就解釋」條文	2020 ESG Report 二零二零年環境、社會及管治報告	
KPI A1.5 關鍵績效 指標A1.5	Description of measures to mitigate emissions and results achieved. 減低排放量的措施及所得成果的描述	Please refer to non-hazardous waste (page 27-28). 請參閱「無害廢棄物」(第27-28頁)	
KPI A1.6 關鍵績效 指標A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, reduction initiatives and results achieved 處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法、減低產生量的措施及所得成果的描述	Please refer to non-hazardous waste (page 27–28). 請參閱「無害廢棄物」(第27–28頁)	
Aspect A2: U 層面A2:資源	Jse of Resources 原利用		
General disclosure 一般披露	Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials. 有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他原材料)的政策。	Please refer to Use of Resources (page 28-32) 請參閱「資源利用」(第28-32頁)	
KPI A2.1 關鍵績效 指標A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility) 按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源(如電、氣或油)總耗量(以千個千瓦時計算)及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	Please refer to Energy Consumption (page 30) 請參閱「能源消耗」(第30頁)	
KPI A2.2 關鍵績效 指標A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility) 總耗水量及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	Please refer to Water Management (page 31–32) 請參閱「水資源管理」(第31–32頁)	
KPI A2.3 關鍵績效 指標A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency initiatives and results achieved 能源使用效益計劃及所得成果的描述	Please refer to Use of Resources (page 28–32) 請參閱「資源利用」(第28–32頁)	
KPI A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency initiatives and results achieved	Please refer to Water Management (page 31–32). The Group does not have any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose. 請參閱「水資源管理」(第31–32頁)	
關鍵績效 指標A2.4	求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及提升用水效益計劃及所 得成果的描述	請參阅 水資源管理 (第31-32頁) 本公司於求取適用水源方面並無任何問題。	
KPI A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced	N/A. No packing materials are used for the Group.	
關鍵績效 指標A2.5	製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產單位佔量。	不適用。本集團並無使用任何包裝 材料。	

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	"Comply or explain" Provisions 「不遵守就解釋」條文	2020 ESG Report 二零二零年環境、社會及管治報告
Aspect A3: 層面A3:環境	Гhe Environment and Natural Resources 竟及天然資源	
General disclosure 一般披露	Policies on minimizing the issuer's significant impact on the environment and natural resources. 減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策	Please refer to Environmental (page 24–32) 請參閱「環境」(第24–32頁)
KPI A3.1 關鍵績效 指標A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them 業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動的描述	Please refer to Environmental (page 24–32) 請參閱「環境」(第24–32頁)
Subject Are 主要範疇B.ネ		
Employmen 僱傭及勞工常	t and Labour Practices 结規	
Aspect B1: l 層面B1:僱(Employment 龍	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare. 有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料	Please refer to Employment (page 33–35) 請參閱「僱傭」(第33–35頁)
Aspect B2: 層面B2:健原	Health and Safety 康與安全	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards. 有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料	Please refer to Health and Safety (page 36–37) 請參閱「健康與安全」(第36–37頁)

	Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures	and KPIs
	主要範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指	
	"Comply or explain" Provisions 「不遵守就解釋」條文	2020 ESG Report 二零二零年環境、社會及管治報告
Aspect B3: I 層面B3:發用	Development and Training 及 及培訓	
General disclosure 一般披露	Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities. 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培訓活動。	Please refer to Development and Training (page 37–38) 請參閱「發展及培訓」(第37–38頁)
Aspect B4: I 層面B4:勞二	_abour Standards └準則	
General disclosure 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour. 有關防止童工或強制勞工的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料	Please refer to Labour Standard (page 40) 請參閱「勞工準則」(第40頁)
Operating P 營運慣例	ractices	
Aspect B5: \$ 層面B5:供別	Supply Chain Management 康鏈管理	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain. 管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。	Please refer to Supply Chain Management (page 41–42) 請參閱「供應鍵管理」(第41–42頁)
Aspect B6: I 層面B6:產品	Product Responsibility 品責任	
General Disclosure	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress.	Please refer to Product Responsibility (page 42–51)
一般披露	有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料	請參閱「產品責任」(第42-51頁)

環境、社會及管治報告

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標			
	"Comply or explain" Provisions 「不遵守就解釋」條文	2020 ESG Report 二零二零年環境、社會及管治報告	
Aspect B7: A 層面B7:反釘	Anti-corruption 資污		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. 有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料	Please refer to Anti-Corruption (page 51) 請參閱「反貪污」(第51頁)	
Community 社區			
Aspect B8: (層面B8:社區	Community Investment 區投資		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests. 有關以社區參與來瞭解發行人營運所在社區需要和確保其業	Please refer to Community (page 52–53) 請參閱「社區」(第52–53頁)	

董事履歷

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Wei Chunxian, aged 57, was appointed as an executive Director and the chairman of the Company on 17 February 2014. He also acts as the chairman of the nomination committee of the Company. Mr. Wei Chunxian is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. In addition, he is also the president of GR properties USA Inc. and East Pacific Properties LLC (each a US subsidiary of the Company).

Mr. Wei Chunxian graduated from the Department of Architecture, Beijing University of Civil Engineering and Architecture (北京建築工程學院) in 1985 and was conferred a Bachelor of Engineering degree in architecture. Thereafter, Mr. Wei Chunxian obtained the senior engineer qualification in 1995. Mr. Wei Chunxian has more than 10 years of management experience in the real estate sector.

Mr. Wei Chunxian is a shareholder of a company while Mr. Sun Zhongmin is also the shareholder of that company.

Mr. Sun Zhongmin, aged 54, was appointed as an executive Director on 17 February 2014.

Mr. Sun Zhongmin has been involved in the real estate sector since 1992. He has been engaged in preliminary work of real estate projects and is conversant with the procedures for various formalities and the relevant requirements. Mr. Sun Zhongmin is currently a director of Beijing Guorui Holdings Company Limited* (北京國鋭控股有限公司).

Mr. Sun Zhongmin is a shareholder of a company while Mr. Wei Chunxian is also the shareholder of that company.

執行董事

魏純暹先生,現年五十七歲,於二零一四年二月十七日獲委任為執行董事及本公司主席。彼亦擔任本公司提名委員會主席。魏純暹先生亦出任本公司若干附屬公司之董事。此外,彼亦為GR Properties USA Inc.及 East Pacific Properties LLC(均為本公司之美國附屬公司)之總裁。

魏純暹先生於一九八五年畢業於北京建築工程 學院建築系,取得建築工程學士學位。其後, 魏純暹先生於一九九五年獲得高級工程師資 格。魏純暹先生在房地產業擁有逾十年的管理 經驗。

魏純暹先生為一家公司的股東,而孫仲民先生 也為該家公司股東。

孫仲民先生,現年五十四歲,於二零一四年二 月十七日獲委任為執行董事。

孫仲民先生自一九九二年起投身房地產業。彼 一直從事房地產項目之前期工作,並熟悉不同 手續及相關規定。孫仲民先生現任北京國鋭控 股有限公司董事。

孫仲民先生為一家公司的股東,而魏純暹先生 也為該家公司股東。

^{*} The English name is an unofficial translation for identification purpose only

^{*} 英文名稱為非官方名稱,僅供識別

董事履歷

Ms. Liu Shuhua ("Ms. Liu"), aged 44, was appointed as an executive Director and chief executive officer of the Company on 17 February 2014. Ms. Liu is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company.

Ms. Liu graduated from the Central University of Finance and Economics (中央財經大學) in 1998 and was conferred a Bachelor of Economics degree in accountancy. Thereafter, Ms. Liu obtained the intermediate accountant qualification in 2004. Ms. Liu has been engaged in financial field for more than 10 years, including financial management work in real estate development enterprises. She is currently a director of Beijing Guorui Holdings Company Limited* (北京國鋭控股有限公司).

Ms. Huang Fei ("Ms. Huang"), aged 48, was appointed as an executive Director on 28 June 2019. Ms. Huang graduated from East China University of Science and Technology with a bachelor's degree in engineering with a specialization in Fine Chemical Engineering in 1996. Since June 2015, Ms. Huang has been appointed as director and general manager of Beijing Aocean Property Management Co., Ltd.* (北京澳西物業管理有限公司), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. She has also been a director of Contract Budgeting and Group Vice President of Beijing Guorui Real Estate Development Company Limited* (北京 國鋭房地產開發有限公司) ("Beijing Guorui") since February 2009. She has been engaged in management areas such as budgeting, bidding and legal contracts. From June 2004 to February 2009, Ms. Huang was the budget manager of Beijing Zhongrui Jianda Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.* (北京中瑞建達房地產開發有 限公司), engaging in financial sales control, budgeting and bidding management.

劉淑華女士(「劉女士」),現年四十四歲,於二零一四年二月十七日獲委任為本公司執行董事兼行政總裁。劉女士亦出任本公司若干附屬公司之董事。

劉女士於一九九八年畢業於中央財經大學,並取得會計學經濟學士學位。其後,劉女士於二零零四年取得中級會計師資格。劉女士從事財務業超過十年,包括房地產開發企業的財務管理工作。彼現任北京國鋭控股有限公司之董事。

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^{*} 英文名稱為非官方名稱,僅供識別

董事履歷

Ms. Li Bing (Former Name: Li Cheng) ("Ms. Li"), aged 49. was appointed as an executive Director on 28 June 2019. Ms. Li completed a two-year program in industrial accounting in Heilongjiang Provincial Industrial Traffic Management Cadre College* (黑龍江省工業交通管理幹部學院) and graduated in 1992. Since December 2016, Ms. Li has been appointed as the managing director of Beijing Guorui Hotel Management Co., Ltd.* (北京國 鋭酒店管理有限公司) ("Guorui Hotel Management"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, overseeing all operational activities of Guorui Hotel Management and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. Ms. Li has held the positions of vice president (from December 2016 to present) and marketing director (from August 2004 to December 2016) respectively in Beijing Guorui and her then responsibilities included supervising sales and customer relations. Prior to her employment with Beijing Guorui, Ms. Li worked as a finance manager in a trading company in Beijing for several years.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric ("Mr. Tung"), aged 50, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 17 February 2014. He also acts as the chairman of the Company's audit committee and a member of each of the Company's remuneration committee and nomination committee.

Mr. Tung graduated from York University, Toronto, Canada with a bachelor's honours degree in administrative studies. Being an experienced Hong Kong certified public accountant and a U.S. certified public accountant (practising), he has gathered many years of experience in the financial and capital markets. Mr. Tung is the assistant president and general manager of the finance department of Beijing Enterprises Holdings Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 392), an executive director, the chief financial officer and company secretary of Beijing Enterprises Water Group Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 371), an independent non-executive director of South China Financial Holdings Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 619), as well as the company secretary of Biosino Bio-Technology and Science Incorporation (a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 8247).

獨立非執行董事

董渙樟先生(「董先生」),現年五十歲,於二零 一四年二月十七日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。 其亦擔任審核委員會主席以及本公司薪酬委員 會及提名委員會成員。

董先生畢業於加拿大多倫多約克大學,持有管理學榮譽學士學位。董先生為饒富經驗的香港註冊會計師及美國註冊會計師(執業),在金融及資本市場累積多年經驗。董先生現任北京控股有限公司(聯交所主板上市的公司,股份代號:392)之助理總裁兼財務部總經理、北控水務集團有限公司(聯交所主板的上市公司,股份代號:371)之執行董事、財務總監兼公司(聯交所主板的上市公司,股份代號:619)之獨立非執行董事,以及中生北控生物科技股份有限公司(聯交所在公司、股份代號:8247)之公司秘書。

^{*} The English name is an unofficial translation for identification purpose only

^{*} 英文名稱為非官方名稱,僅供識別

董事履歷

Ms. To Tsz Wan Vivien ("Ms. To"), aged 50, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 14 February 2018. She also acts as a member of each of the Company's audit committee and remuneration committee.

Ms. To is a Certified Public Accountant (CPA Practicing) and Certified Tax Adviser (CTA). She has over 30 years of experience in finance and accounting field and over 20 years of management experience in information technology audit, computer system, finance and administration. Ms. To is the owner of a Hong Kong accounting firm which provides extensive management and consultancy services of accounting, audit, company secretary and taxation for the subsidiaries of listed companies from Europe, China, Southeast Asia and Hong Kong. She is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong.

Mr. Leung Louis Ho Ming ("Mr. Leung"), aged 38, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director and member of the audit committee and nomination committee and chairman of the remuneration committee of the Company on 9 February 2020. Mr. Leung has been appointed as the financial controller and company secretary of AL Group Limited (a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 8360) since September 2019. Mr. Leung was a chief financial officer and company secretary of Prosperous Future Holdings Limited (formerly known as China Child Care Corporation Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 1259) from June 2017 to May 2019 and from January 2018 to May 2019 respectively.

Mr. Leung holds a bachelor degree of Science in Quantitative Finance from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in 2004. He has been a member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountant since 2008 and has over 10 years of experience in accounting and auditing for Hong Kong listed and private companies.

杜紫雲女士(「杜女士」),現年五十歲,於二零 一八年二月十四日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。 彼亦為本公司審核委員會及薪酬委員會成員。

杜女士現為香港執業會計師及註冊稅務師,在 財務及會計領域擁有累計超過30年之經驗,並 具有超過20年之信息科技審計、計算機系統、 財務及行政等專業領域之管理經驗。杜女士擁 有一間香港會計師事務所,為多間歐洲、中 國、東南亞和香港等上市公司之附屬公司提供 會計、審計、公司秘書和稅務等管理及諮詢服 務。杜女士現為香港會計師公會、英國特許公 認會計師公會及香港稅務學會之會員。

梁浩鳴先生(「梁先生」),現年三十八歲,於二零二零年二月九日獲委任為獨立非執行董事以及本公司審核委員會及提名委員會成員及薪酬委員會主席。梁先生自二零一九年九月獲委任為利駿集團(香港)有限公司(一間於聯於筋GEM上市的公司,股份代號:8360)之財務總監及公司秘書。梁先生自二零一七年六月至二零一九年五月分別擔任未來發展控股有限公司,一間於聯交所主板上市的公司,股份代號:1259)的首席財務官及公司秘書。

梁先生於二零零四年在香港中文大學取得計量 金融學理學士學位。彼自二零零八年起為香港 會計師公會會員,擁有超過10年於香港上市公 司及私人公司的會計及審計經驗。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Board is committed to maintaining and ensuring high standards of corporate governance practice. The Company stresses the importance of maintaining the quality of the Board by ensuring that the Directors possess a wide range of expertise and the effective implementation of an accountability system, so as to ensure that business activities and decision making processes are regulated in a proper manner. The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the principles and code provisions in the CG Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules") .

The Company will seek to improve its management and raise its control level to enhance the Company's competitiveness and operating efficiency, to ensure its sustainable development and to generate greater returns for the shareholders.

A. BOARD

A.1. The Board's Role and Delegation

The primary role of the Board is to maximise long-term shareholder's benefit. It assumes the responsibility for providing effective and responsible leadership and control of the Company, and directing and supervising the Company's affairs in the pursuit of the Group's strategic objectives.

The executive Directors and the management of the Company are responsible for the day to day operations of the Company whereas the independent non-executive Directors are responsible for ensuring a high standard of financial and management reporting to the Board and shareholders of the Company as well as to provide a balanced composition in the Board so that there is a strong independent element on the Board.

《企業管治守則》

董事局致力維持及確保實施高水準之企業管治常規,本公司著重透過確保董事俱備不同專長及有效實行問責制度,保持董事局的質素,確保業務運作及決策過程均受到適當規範。本公司的企業管治常規乃基於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載《企業管治守則》中的原則及守則條文。

本公司將尋求改善其管理及加強監控水平,藉 以提高本公司之競爭力及營運效率,確保得以 持續發展及為股東帶來更豐厚回報。

A. 董事局

A.1. 董事局角色及權力轉授

董事局的主要角色是為股東爭取最大之 長遠利益,肩負給予既有效又負責任的 領導及監控本公司的責任,同時統管並 監督本公司事務朝著本集團的策略性目 標發展。

本公司執行董事及管理層負責本公司的 日常運作,而獨立非執行董事負責確保 向董事局及本公司股東作出高標準之財 務及管理報告,並負責平衡董事局的架 構,使董事局具有高度獨立地位。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

A.2. Board Composition

At present, the Board comprises five executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors. The Directors during the Year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Wei Chunxian (Chairman)

Ms. Liu Shuhua (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Sun Zhongmin

Mr. Guo Jingsheng (resigned on 9 November 2020)

Ms. Huang Fei Ms. Li Bing

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric Mr. Au Yeung Po Fung (resigned on 9 February 2020) Ms. To Tsz Wan Vivien Mr. Leung Louis Ho Ming (appointed on 9 February 2020)

The biographical details of the current Directors are set out on pages 59 to 62 of this report. The Board possesses a balance of skills and experience which are appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Company. The opinions raised by the independent non-executive Directors in the Board meetings facilitate the maintenance of good corporate governance practices. All independent non-executive Directors have the appropriate professional qualifications and accounting and related financial management expertise as required by Rule 3.10 of the Listing Rules. A balanced composition of executive and independent non-executive Directors also generates a strong independence element on the Board, which allows independent and objective decision making process for the best interests of the Company. The Company will review the composition of the Board regularly to ensure the Board possesses the appropriate and necessary expertise, skills and experience to meet the developmental needs of the business of the Group.

The letters of appointment of the independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric, Ms. To Tsz Wan Vivien and Mr. Leung Louis Ho Ming, entered with the Company expired on 16 February 2021, 13 February 2021 and 8 February 2021 respectively and their letters of appointment had been extended for one year commencing on 17 February 2021, 14 February 2021 and 9 February 2021 respectively.

The service agreements of the executive Directors, namely Mr. Wei Chunxian, Mr. Sun Zhongmin and Ms. Liu Shuhua, entered with the Company expired on 16 February 2021 respectively and their service agreements had been extended for one year commencing on 17 February 2021 respectively.

The service agreements of the executive Directors, namely Ms. Huang Fei and Ms. Li Bing, entered with the Company expired on 27 June 2020 respectively and their service agreements had been extended for one year commencing on 28 June 2020 respectively.

A.2. 董事局組成

目前,董事局包括五名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事。於本年度及直至本報告日期,董事如下:

執行董事

魏純暹先生(主席) 劉淑華女士(行政總裁) 孫仲民先生 郭京生先生(於二零二零年十一月 九日辭任) 黃菲女士 李兵女士

獨立非執行董事

董渙樟先生 歐陽寶豐先生 (於二零二零年二月九日辭任) 杜紫雲女士 梁浩鳴先生 (於二零二零年二月九日獲委任)

董渙樟先生、杜紫雲女士及梁浩鳴先生 與本公司訂立獨立非執行董事之聘用函件,分別於二零二一年二月十六日,二 零二一年二月十三日及二零二一年二月 八日屆滿及彼等的聘用函件分別自二零 二一年二月十七日,二零二一年二月 十四日及二零二一年二月九日起延長一年。

魏純暹先生、孫仲民先生以及劉淑華女士與本公司訂立執行董事之服務協議,分別於二零二一年二月十六日屆滿及彼等的服務協議分別自二零二一年二月十七日起延長一年。

黃菲女士及李兵女士與本公司訂立的執行董事之服務協議,分別於二零二零年六月二十七日屆滿及彼等的服務協議分別自二零二零年六月二十八日起延長一年。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

In compliance with Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules, the Company has appointed three independent non-executive Directors, representing one-third of the Board. All independent non-executive Directors are free from any business or other relationship with the Company. The Company has received from each independent non-executive Director, who were in the Board during the Year, an annual confirmation of his/her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and the Company considers the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

The Board's primary functions are to set corporate policy and overall strategy for the Group and to provide effective oversight of the management of the Group's business and affairs. Apart from its statutory responsibilities, the Board also approves the strategic plans, key operational issues, investments and loans, reviews the financial performance of the Group and evaluates the performance and compensation of senior management. These functions are either carried out directly by the Board or through committees established by the Board. The Board is also responsible to maintain effective risk management and internal control systems.

Save as disclosed in the section of "Directors' Biographies", there is no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship among the members of the Board.

Regular Board meetings are held at least four times a year to approve the annual and interim results, and to review the business operation and the internal control system of the Group. Apart from these regular meetings, Board meetings are also held to approve major issues. At least 14 days' notice of each regular meeting is given to all Directors. Agendas and accompanying Board papers are sent not less than three days before the date of Board meetings to ensure that the Directors are given sufficient time to review the same. Draft minutes of Board meetings and Board committee meetings are circulated to Directors for their review and comment. All the said minutes are kept by the company secretary of the Company and are open for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable notice by any director.

遵照上市規則第3.10A條,本公司已經委任三名獨立非執行董事,佔董事局成員人數的三分之一。所有獨立非執行董事均無參與本公司之任何業務,與本公司亦不存在其他關係。本公司已接獲各於本年度服務董事局的獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條就其獨立身份而發出之年度確認聲明,本公司認為各獨立非執行董事均屬獨立人士。

董事局之主要職能為制訂本集團之企業政策及整體策略,並提供有效監督本集團之業務及事務管理事宜。除其法定電話。 任外,董事局亦負責批准本集團之策 計劃、主要營運措施、投資及貸款、審 関本集團之財務表現及評估高層管理人員之表現及薪酬。此等職能由董事局成立之委員會執 行。董事局亦負責維持有效風險管理及內部監控系統。

除「董事履歷」一節中所披露者外,董事 會成員之間不存在財務、業務、家庭或 其他重大/相關關係。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

A.3. Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of the chairman and the chief executive of an issuer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. With effect from 17 February 2014, Mr. Wei Chunxian and Ms. Liu Shuhua have been appointed as chairman (the "Chairman") and CEO respectively. There is a clear division of responsibilities between the Chairman and the CEO, in that the Chairman provides leadership for the Board and bears the primary responsibility for the functioning of the Board, by ensuring its effective operation, while the CEO is authorised and responsible for the management of the day-to-day business of the Group as well as the implementation of the strategies approved by the Board.

A.4. Appointment and Re-Election of Directors

The procedures and process of appointment and removal of directors are laid down in the Company's Articles of Association (the "Articles").

All Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) have entered into service contracts or letters of appointment (as the case may be) with the Company for a term of one year, which is terminable by either party by giving no less than three months' or one month notice in advance to each other (as the case may be), subject to retirement from office by rotation and re-election at annual general meeting.

Pursuant to Article 81 of the Articles, at every annual general meeting one-third of the directors for the time being or, if their number is not a multiple of three, then the nearest number to but not less than one-third shall retire from office by rotation provided that every director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

Pursuant to Article 83 of the Articles, a retiring director shall be eligible for re-election.

Pursuant to Articles 81 and 83 of the Articles, Mr. Wei Chunxian, Mr. Sun Zhongmin and Ms. Huang Fei will retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

A.3. 主席及行政總裁

《企業管治守則》守則條文第A.2.1條規定,發行人的主席與行政總裁的角色應有區分,並不應由一人同時兼任。由二零一四年二月十七日起,魏純暹先生及劉淑華女士分別獲委任為主席(「主席」)及行政總裁。主席與行政總裁之職責有清楚分工,其中主席領導董事局,其承擔之主要職責為確保董事局有效運作而履行其職能,而行政總裁則獲授權負責本集團之日常業務管理,以及實施獲董事局批准之策略。

A.4. 董事委任及重選

董事委任及罷免之程序及過程載於本公司組織章程細則(「細則」)。

所有董事(包括獨立非執行董事)均已與本公司訂有服務合約或聘用函件(視屬何情況而定),為期一年,並可由任何一方向對方發出不少於三個月或一個月(視情況而定)之事前通知予以終止,並須於股東週年大會上輪流退任及重選。

根據細則第81條,於每屆股東週年大會上,當時為數三分之一(或如董事數目並非三或三之倍數,則最接近但不少於三分之一之數目)之董事須輪值退任,惟每位董事須至少每三年輪席退任一次。

根據細則第83條,退任董事將合資格膺 選連任。

遵照細則第81條及第83條規定,魏純暹 先生、孫仲民先生及黃菲女士於即將召 開之股東週年大會上輪流退任,而彼等 各自均符合資格並願意膺選連任。

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A.5. Board Diversity Policy

The Board has adopted a board diversity policy (the "Board Diversity Policy") in September 2013 which sets out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board.

With a view to achieving a sustainable and balanced development, the Company sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

In designing the Board's composition, Board diversity has been considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service.

Independence

The Board includes a balanced composition of executive, non-executive and independent non-executive directors so that there is a strong element of independence in the Board. The independent non-executive directors shall be of sufficient calibre and stature for their views to carry weight.

Gender and age

The Company is committed to maintaining an environment of respect for people regardless of their gender in all business dealings and achieving a workplace environment free of harassment and discrimination on the basis of gender, physical or mental state, race, nationality, religion, age or family status. The same principle is applied to the selection of potential candidates for appointment to the Board.

A.5. 董事局成員多元化政策

董事局已經於二零一三年九月採納董事局成員多元化政策(「董事局成員多元化政策),當中列出董事局成員多元化達標的方法。

為達致可持續的均衡發展,本公司視董 事局層面日益多元化為支持其達到策略 目標及維持可持續發展的關鍵元素。董 事局所有委任均以用人唯才為原則,並 在考慮人選時以客觀條件充分顧及董事 局成員多元化的裨益。

在構思董事局之組成時,董事局成員多元化已從多個方面進行考慮,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化和教育背景、專業經驗、技能、知識以及服務任期。

獨立性

董事局中執行董事、非執行董事,以及 獨立非執行董事的組合應保持均衡,以 確保董事局具備高度的獨立性。獨立非 執行董事需具備充分才幹及視野,其意 見才具影響力。

性別及年齡

本公司承諾在所有營運業務範疇提供一個不論性別相互尊重的環境,並致力維持一個不受滋擾或不存有任何性別、身體或精神狀況、種族、國籍、宗教、年齡或家庭狀況歧視的工作間。同樣的原則也適用於董事候選人的甄選。

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Skills and experience

The Board members should possess a balance of skills appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Group, including the independent non-executive directors possessing professional accounting and other qualifications. The directors have a mix of finance and management backgrounds that taken together provide the Group with considerable experience in a range of activities including banking, investment and the professions.

Measurable Objectives

- The Company shall comply with the requirements on board composition under the Listing Rules from time to time.
- The number of independent non-executive Directors should be not less than three and one-third of the Board.
- At least one of the independent non-executive Directors must have appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.
- 4. At least one Director should be the professional or have intensive experience of the industry on which the business of the Group is.

Having reviewed the Board Diversity Policy and the Board's composition, the Nomination Committee considered that the requirements of the Board Diversity Policy had been met.

技能及經驗

董事局成員應具備配合本集團業務需要的不同技能,當中包括具備專業會計及其他資格的獨立非執行董事。結合擁有金融和管理背景的董事,為本集團提供了不同業務範疇(包括銀行、投資和專業)的豐富經驗。

可計量目標

- 本公司須遵守上市規則對董事局 組成之規定。
- 董事局必須包括至少三名獨立非 執行董事,並且獨立非執行董事 必須佔董事局成員人數至少三分 之一。
- 3. 至少一名獨立非執行董事必須具 備適當的專業資格,或具備適當 的會計或相關的財務管理專長。
- 4. 至少有一名董事是本集團業務所 在行業的專業人士或擁有豐富經 驗。

經回顧董事局成員多元化政策及董事局 組成後,提名委員會認為已經符合董事 局成員多元化政策之規定。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

A.6. Induction and Continuing Development for Directors

Pursuant to the CG Code which has come into effect from 1 April 2012, all directors and the company secretary should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the board remains informed and relevant.

Reading materials on relevant topics have been issued to Directors where appropriate. All Directors are encouraged to attend relevant training courses. Newly appointed Director has received formal and tailored induction and training on his/her appointment, so as to ensure that he/she has appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Group and that he/she is fully aware of his/her responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and the relevant regulatory requirements.

According to the records maintained by the Company, the Directors received the following training with an emphasis on the roles, functions and duties of a director of a listed issuer in compliance with the requirements of the CG Code on continuous professional development during the Year:

A.6. 董事就任須知及持續發展

根據由二零一二年四月一日起生效之 《企業管治守則》,所有董事及公司秘書 應參與持續專業發展,以發展並更新其 知識及技能,以確保其繼續在具備全面 資訊及切合所需的情況下對董事局作出 貢獻。

在適當時候已向董事發給有關課題之閱讀材料。我們亦鼓勵所有董事參加相關培訓課程。新委任的董事均已經在受委任時獲得正式兼特為其而設的就任須知及培訓,以確保其對本集團的運作及業務均有適當的理解,以及完全知道本身在上市規則及有關監管規定下的職責及責任。

根據本公司所保存之記錄,於本年度, 遵照《企業管治守則》有關持續專業發展 之規定,董事已接受以下培訓,其中著 重上市公司董事的角色、職能及責任:

Directors	董事	Read materials 閱讀材料	Attended seminars/ briefings 出席研討會 /簡介會
Executive Directors	執行董事		_
Mr. Wei Chunxian	魏純暹先生	✓	
Mr. Sun Zhongmin	孫仲民先生	✓	
Ms. Liu Shuhua	劉淑華女士	✓	
Mr. Guo Jingsheng	郭京生先生 <i>(於二零二零年</i>	N/A	N/A
(resigned on 9 November 2020)	十一月九日辭任)	不適用	不適用
Ms. Huang Fei	黃菲女士	✓	✓
Ms. Li Bing	李兵女士	✓	✓
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric	董渙樟先生		✓
Mr. Au Yeung Po Fung	歐陽寶豐先生(於二零二零年	N/A	N/A
(resigned on 9 February 2020)	二月九日辭任)	不適用	不適用
Ms. To Tsz Wan Vivien	杜紫雲女士	✓	✓
Mr. Leung Louis Ho Ming	梁浩鳴先生 <i>(於二零二零年</i>		✓
(appointed on 9 February 2020)	二月九日獲委任)		

During the Year, all Directors confirmed that they have complied with the CG Code.

於本年度,所有董事確認,彼等均已遵守《企業管治守則》。

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A.7. Directors' Attendance Record of Board and General Meetings

There were four Board meetings and two general meetings held during the Year. The attendance of the Directors at the Board meetings and the general meetings was as follows:

A.7. 董事出席董事局會議及股東大會之 記錄

於本年度,曾舉行四次董事局會議及二次股東大會。董事出席董事局會議及股 東大會的情況如下:

> No. of meetings attended/ held during the tenure of the Directors 董事任期內出席/ 舉行會議次數

		Board	General
		meeting(s)	meeting(s)
Directors	董事	董事局會議	股東大會
Executive Directors	<i>執行董事</i>		
Mr. Wei Chunxian (Chairman)	魏純暹先生(主席)	3/4	0/2
Mr. Sun Zhongmin	孫仲民先生	3/4	1/2
Ms. Liu Shuhua	劉淑華女士	4/4	1/2
Mr. Guo Jingsheng	郭京生先生(於二零二零年	4/4	1/2
(resigned on 9 November 2020)	十一月九日辭任)		
Ms. Huang Fei	黃菲女士	3/4	1/2
Ms. Li Bing	李兵女士	4/4	1/2
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric	董渙樟先生	4/4	2/2
Mr. Au Yeung Po Fung	歐陽寶豐先生(於二零二零	N/A	N/A
(resigned on 9 February 2020)	年二月九日辭任)	不適用	不適用
Ms. To Tsz Wan Vivien	杜紫雲女士	4/4	1/2
Mr. Leung Louis Ho Ming	梁浩鳴先生 <i>(於二零二零年</i>	4/4	1/2
(appointed on 9 February 2020)	二月九日獲委任)		

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

A.8. Corporate Governance Code

The Board is committed to maintain and ensure high standards of corporate governance practice. The Company stresses the importance of maintaining the quality of the Board by ensuring that the Directors possess a wide range of expertise and the effective implementation of an accountability system, so as to ensure that business activities and decision making processes are regulated in a proper manner.

The Company has complied with the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as stated in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules throughout the Year.

A.9. Compliance with Code for Securities Transactions by Directors

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiry to all Directors, the Directors confirmed that they had complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the Year.

A.10. Corporate Governance Functions

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance functions set out in provision D.3.1 of the CG Code.

During the Year, the Board reviewed the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, the compliance of the Model Code and the Company's compliance with the CG Code.

A.8. 《企業管治守則》

董事局致力維持及確保實施高水準之企 業管治常規,本公司著重透過確保董事 俱備不同專長及有效實行問責制度,保 持董事局的質素,確保業務運作及決策 過程均受到適當規管。

本公司於整個年度已遵守上市規則附錄 十四所載之《企業管治守則》(「《企業管 治守則》」)內所載之守則條文:

A.9. 遵守董事進行證券交易之標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之上 市發行人董事進行證券交易之標準守則 (「標準守則」)作為其自身有關董事證券 交易的行為準則。在本公司向所有董事 作出特定查詢後,董事確認,於整個年 度,彼等已一直遵守標準守則所載之規 定標準。

A.10. 企業管治職能

董事局負責履行《企業管治守則》守則條 文第D.3.1條所載的企業管治職責。

於本年度,董事局已檢討董事及高級管理人員的培訓及持續專業發展;遵守標準守則的情況;及本公司遵守《企業管治守則》的情況。

企業管治報告

A.11. Director's Nomination Policy

The director's nomination policy of the Company was adopted by the Board and became effective on 1 January 2019 and the Nomination Committee is responsible for execution.

Director Nomination Process

The Nomination Committee utilizes various methods for identifying director candidates, including recommendations from Board members, management, and headhunters. The Nomination Committee may also put forward director candidates who are not nominated by Board members. In addition, the Nomination Committee will consider director candidates properly submitted by shareholders of the Company through formal procedures set out in the Company's Procedures for Shareholders to Propose a Person for Election as a Director.

For filling a casual vacancy, the Nomination Committee shall make recommendations for the Board's consideration and approval. For proposing director candidates to stand for election at a general meeting, the Nomination Committee shall make nominations to the Board for its consideration and recommendation.

All director candidates, including incumbents and candidates nominated by shareholders of the Company are evaluated by the Nomination Committee based upon the director's qualifications. While director candidates will be evaluated on the same criteria, the Nomination Committee retains the discretion to establish the relative weighting of such criteria, which may vary based on the composition, skill sets, and experiences of the collective Board rather than on the individual candidate.

The Board shall have the final decision on all matters relating to the recommendation of director candidates by the Nomination Committee to stand for election at any general meeting. The Board will take such recommendations under advisement and is responsible for designating the director candidates to be elected at the annual general meeting of the Company and electing directors to fill Board vacancies.

A.11. 提名董事的政策

董事局於二零一九年一月一日採納提名 本公司董事的政策並生效且由提名委員 會負責執行。

董事提名程序

提名委員會運用各種方法物色董事人 選,當中包括董事局成員、管理層及專 業獵頭公司之推薦建議,提名委員會亦 可提名未獲董事局成員提名的董事候選 人。此外,提名委員會將會考慮由本公 司股東經載於本公司股東提名候選董事 的程序的正式程序妥善提交之董事人 選。

如要填補臨時空缺,提名委員會須推薦 人選供董事局考慮及批准。如要推薦董 事候選人在股東大會上參選,提名委員 會須向董事局提名供其考慮及推薦參 選。

所有董事候選人(包括現任董事及本公司股東提名之候選人)均由提名委員會基於董事資格進行評估。儘管董事候選人將按相同準則進行評估,但提名委員會保留為該等準則制定相對比重之酌情權,而該比重或會根據董事局整體之組成、技能及經驗而有所變更,而非按個別候選人釐定。

董事局對於其推薦候選人在股東大會上參選的所有事宜有最後決定權。董事局將詳細考慮有關推薦建議,並負責指定將於本公司股東週年大會上獲選舉之董事候選人及挑選董事以填補董事局之空缺。

Procedure for Appointment of New Director

Director candidates will be asked to submit the necessary personal information in a prescribed form, together with their written consent to be appointed as a Director and to the public disclosure of their personal data on any documents or the relevant websites for the purpose of or in relation to their standing for election as a Director.

The Nomination Committee shall, upon receipt of the proposal on appointment of new director and the biographical information (or relevant details) of the director candidate, evaluate such director candidate based on the criteria as set out below to determine whether such director candidate is qualified for directorship.

If the process yields one or more desirable director candidates, the Nomination Committee shall rank them by order of preference based on the needs of the Company and reference check of each director candidate (where applicable).

For any person that is nominated by a shareholder of the Company for election as a Director at the general meeting of the Company, the Nomination Committee shall evaluate such director candidate based on the criteria as set out below to determine whether such director candidate is qualified for directorship and where appropriate, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board shall make recommendation to shareholders of the Company in respect of the proposed election of Director at the general meeting (where applicable).

A director candidate is allowed to withdraw his/her candidature at any time before the general meeting by serving a notice in writing to the company secretary of the Company.

Until the issue of the shareholder circular, the nominated persons shall not assume that they have been proposed by the Board to stand for election at the general meeting.

委任新董事的程序

董事候選人將會被要求按既定格式提交 所需的個人資料,以及提交同意書,同 意被任為董事,並同意就其參選董事或 與此有關的事情在任何文件或相關網站 公開披露其個人資料。

提名委員會應在收到委任新董事的建議 及董事候選人的個人資料(或相關詳情) 後,依據以下列明的準則評估該董事候 選人,以決定該董事候選人是否合資格 擔任董事。

如過程涉及一個或多個合意的董事候選 人,提名委員會應根據本公司的需要及 每位董事候選人的證明審查(如適用)排 列他們的優先次序。

任何經由本公司股東提名就於本公司股東大會上選舉為董事的人士,提名委員會應依據以下列明的準則評估該董事候選人,以決定該董事候選人是否合資格擔任董事,並且,提名委員會及/或董事局應就於股東大會上委任董事向本公司股東提出建議(如適用)。

董事候選人可於股東大會舉行前任何時 候向公司秘書發出書面通知退選。

在直至發出股東通函前,被提名人士不可假設其已獲董事局推薦在股東大會上 參撰。

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Procedure for Re-appointment of Director at General Meeting

The Nomination Committee shall review the overall contribution and service to the Company of the retiring Directors including their attendance of Board meetings and, where applicable, general meetings, and the level of participation and performance on the Board.

The Nomination Committee shall also review and determine whether the retiring Directors continue to meet the criteria as set out below.

The Nomination Committee and/or the Board shall then make recommendation to the shareholders of the Company in respect of the proposed re-election of Directors at the general meeting.

Director Selection Criteria

The Nomination Committee considers the following qualifications are at a minimum to be required of a director candidate in recommending to the Board potential new Director, or the continued service of existing Director:

- (a) the highest personal and professional ethics and integrity;
- (b) proven achievement and competence in the nominee's field and the ability to exercise sound business judgment;
- (c) qualifications including professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience that are complementary to those of the existing Board;
- (d) the ability to assist and support management and make significant contributions to the Company's success;
- (e) the contribution on diversity of the Board and any measurable objectives adopted by the Nomination Committee for achieving diversity on the Board;

於股東大會上重選董事的程序

提名委員會應檢討退任董事對本公司的 整體貢獻及服務,包括其出席董事局會 議及股東大會(如適用)的出席率,以及 在董事局的參與程度及表現。

提名委員會亦應檢討及確定退任董事是 否仍然符合以下列明的準則。

提名委員會及/或董事局應就於股東大會上重選董事向本公司股東提出建議。

董事甄選準則

提名委員會認為以下為向董事局推薦董 事候選人作為潛在新董事或現有董事持 續就任所需之最低資格:

- (a) 最高水平之個人及專業操守和誠 信;
- (b) 於獲提名人之範疇內具備過往實 績及能力,並有能力行使良好之 商業判斷;
- (c) 補足現有董事局之資格,包括專 業資格、知識、技能及經驗;
- (d) 有能力協助及支援管理層,並為 本公司達致成功作出重大貢獻:
- (e) 促進董事局成員多元化及任何由 提名委員會所採納以達致董事局 成員多元化的可計量目標;

- (f) an understanding of the fiduciary responsibilities that is required of a member of the Board and the commitment of time and energy necessary to diligently carry out those responsibilities; and
- (g) meet the "independence" criteria as required under the Listing Rules and the composition of the Board is in conformity with the provisions of the Listing Rules from time to time (where applicable).

Other than the foregoing, there are no stated minimum criteria for director candidate, although the Nomination Committee may also consider such other factors as it may deem to be in the best interests of the Company and the shareholders of the Company.

A.12. Directors' and Officers' Insurance

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover in respect of potential legal actions against its directors and officers.

B. BOARD COMMITTEES

As part of good corporate governance, the Board has set up an audit committee, a nomination committee and a remuneration committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees have been established with defined written terms of reference, which are posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. All the Board committees should report to the Board on their decisions or recommendations made.

B.1. Audit Committee

The Board set up the audit committee in July 1999 with specific written terms of reference (which have been revised subsequently to cope with changes) (the "Audit Committee") which clearly deal with its authority and duties. The Audit Committee's role is to review the Group's financial reporting, internal controls and corporate governance issues and to make relevant recommendations to the Board.

- (f) 明白董事局成員所需承擔之受信 責任,以及妥善履行該等責任所 需投入之時間及精力;及
- (g) 須達到上市規則所規定之「獨立 性」準則,且董事局組成須遵守 上市規則之條文(如適用)。

除上文所述者外,儘管提名委員會亦可 能考慮其可能視為符合本公司及本公司 股東最佳利益之其他因素,惟概無明文 規定董事候選人需達到之最低標準。

A.12. 董事及高級人員之保險

本公司已經就其董事及高級人員可能會面對的法律行動作適當的投保安排。

B. 董事局轄下的委員會

作為良好企業管治的一部分,董事局已 經成立審核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬 委員會,以監督本公司事務的個別方 面。所有董事局轄下的委員會均已制訂 界定書面職權範圍,其載於本公司及聯 交所之網站。所有董事局轄下的委員會 均應向董事局匯報其決定及作出的建 議。

B.1. 審核委員會

董事局於一九九九年七月成立審核委員會(「審核委員會」),並有書面職權範圍(因應其後變更曾經修訂)其清晰確定其權力及職責。審核委員會負責審閱本集團之財務申報、內部監控及企業管治等問題,並向董事局提供有關建議。

企業管治報告

During the Year and up to the date of this report, the members of the Audit Committee have been and are:

Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric (Chairman)

Mr. Au Yeung Po Fung

(resigned on 9 February 2020)

Ms. To Tsz Wan Vivien

Mr. Leung Louis Ho Ming

(appointed on 9 February 2020)

The corporate governance functions per formed during the Year included the following:

- (a) to develop and review an issuer's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board;
- (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management;
- to review and monitor the issuer's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (d) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct applicable to employees and directors; and
- (e) to review the issuer's compliance with the code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

In discharging its responsibilities, the Audit Committee has performed the following tasks during the Year:

- reviewed the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with the applicable standards;
- (ii) reviewed the draft interim and annual financial statements and the related draft results announcements:
- (iii) reviewed the change in accounting standards and assessed the potential impacts on the Group's consolidated financial statements;

於本年度及直至本報告日期,審核委員 會的成員為:

董渙樟先生(主席) 歐陽寶豐先生

(於二零二零年二月九日辭任)

杜紫雲女士

梁浩鳴先生

(於二零二零年二月九日獲委任)

於本年度所履行的企業管治職能包括以下各項:

- (a) 制定及覆審發行人的企業管治政 策及常規,並向董事局提出建 議;
- (b) 覆審及監察董事及高級管理人員 的培訓及持續專業發展;
- (c) 覆審及監察發行人在遵守法律及 監管規定方面的政策及常規;
- (d) 制定、覆審及監察僱員及董事的 操守準則;及
- (e) 覆審發行人遵守《守則》的情況及 在《企業管治報告》內的披露。

就履行其職責而言,審核委員會於本年 度已進行如下工作:

- (i) 根據適用準則覆審審核過程之成 效;
- (ii) 審閱已草擬之中期及全年財務報表及相關之草擬業績公佈:
- (iii) 審閱會計準則之變動及評估可能 對本集團綜合財務報表產生之潛 在影響;

- (iv) discussed with the management the relevant issues including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions and ensured that the management has discharged its duty to have an effective internal control system including the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget; and
- (v) made recommendation on the appointment or reappointment of the external auditor and approved their terms of engagement.

The audit committee has reviewed the annual results and has no dissenting view on the accounting policies of the companies adopted by the Group and on the Group's internal controls and risk management, accounting and financial reporting functions.

All members of the Audit Committee possess in-depth experience in their profession. All of them possess appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise as required under Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules.

The Audit Committee held two meetings during the Year under review and the attendance of its members was as follows:

- (iv) 與管理層討論有關事項,包括財務、營運及遵守監控以及風險管理等工作及確保管理層履行其責任令本集團擁有有效的內部監控系統(包括本集團在會計及財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗是否足夠,以及員工所接受的培訓課程及有關預算又是否充足):及
- (v) 就委聘或續聘外聘核數師提供建 議及批准委聘條件。

審核委員會已審閱全年業績,而其對本集團採納本公司的會計政策以及本集團的內部監控及風險管理、會計及財務匯報職能並無異議。

審核委員會各成員在其專業範疇均擁有 豐富經驗。彼等全部均根據上市規則第 3.21條之規定,具備適當專業資格,或 具備適當的會計或相關的財務管理專 長。

於回顧年度內曾舉行兩次審核委員會會 議。其成員的出席情況如下:

> No. of meetings attended/ held during the tenure of the Directors 董事任期內出席/

Directors	董事	舉行會議次數
Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric (Chairman)	董渙樟先生(主席)	2/2
Mr. Au Yeung Po Fung	歐陽寶豐先生(於二零二零年	N/A
(resigned on 9 February 2020)	二月九日辭任)	不適用
Ms. To Tsz Wan Vivien	杜紫雲女士	2/2
Mr. Leung Louis Ho Ming	梁浩鳴先生 <i>(於二零二零年</i>	2/2
(appointed on 9 February 2020)	二月九日獲委任)	

企業管治報告

B.2. Nomination Committee

The Board set up the nomination committee in March 2007 with specific written terms of reference (which have been revised subsequently to cope with changes) (the "Nomination Committee") which clearly deal with its authority and duties. The Nomination Committee's roles are principally to review the structure, size and composition of the Board on a regular basis and make recommendations to the Board regarding any proposed changes; identify individuals suit ably qualified to become Board members and make recommendations to the Board in this regard; and assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors.

In respect of code provision A.5.1 of the CG Code, the Nomination Committee is chaired by the chairman of the Board and comprises a majority of independent non-executive Directors.

During the Year and up to the date of this report, the members of the Nomination Committee have been and are:

Mr. Wei Chunxian (Chairman)

Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric

Mr. Au Yeung Po Fung

(resigned on 9 February 2020)

Mr. Leung Louis Ho Ming

(appointed on 9 February 2020)

The work performed by the Nomination Committee during the Year included the following:

- i) to review the structure, size and diversity (including without limitation, gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of services) of the Board and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- ii) to assess on the independence of the independent non-executive Directors; and
- iii) to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors and to identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members.

B.2. 提名委員會

董事局於二零零七年三月成立提名委員會(「提名委員會」),並有書面職權範圍(因應其後變更曾經修訂)其清晰確定其權力及職責。提名委員會之職責主要包括:定期審閱董事局規定的架構、大及組成及就任何建議修訂向董事局提供建議;物色合資格成為董事的合適性、選,並就此向董事局提供建議;及評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性。

有關《企業管治守則》守則條文第A.5.1 條,提名委員會由董事局主席擔任主 席,成員以獨立非執行董事佔大多數。

於本年度及直至本報告日期,提名委員 會的成員為:

魏純暹先生(主席) 董渙樟先生

歐陽寶豐先生

(於二零二零年二月九日辭任) 梁浩鳴先生

(於二零二零年二月九日獲委任)

於本年度,提名委員會所進行之工作包 括以下各項:

- i) 檢討董事局之架構、人數及成員 多元化(包括但不限於性別、年 齡、文化及教育背景、民族、專 業經驗、技能、知識及服務任 期),並就任何為配合本公司策 略而擬對董事局作出之變動提出 建議;
- ii) 評核獨立非執行董事之獨立性; 及
- iii) 就董事之委任或重新委任,以及 董事繼任計劃向董事局提出建 議,並物色具備合適資格可擔任 董事局成員之人士。

The Nomination Committee held two meetings during the Year under review and the attendance of its members was as follows:

於回顧年度內曾舉行兩次提名委員會會 議。其成員的出席情況如下:

> No. of meetings attended/ held during the tenure of the Directors 董事任期內出席/

Members of Nomination Committee	提名委員會成員	舉行會議次數
Mr. Wei Chunxian (Chairman)	魏純暹先生(主席)	1/2
Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric	董渙樟先生	2/2
Mr. Au Yeung Po Fung	歐陽寶豐先生(於二零二零年	N/A
(resigned on 9 February 2020)	二月九日辭任)	不適用
Mr. Leung Louis Ho Ming	梁浩鳴先生 <i>(於二零二零年</i>	2/2
(appointed on 9 February 2020)	二月九日獲委任)	

B.3. Remuneration Committee

The Board set up the Remuneration Committee in May 2005 with specific written terms of reference (which have been revised subsequently to cope with changes) (the "Remuneration Committee") which clearly deals with its authority and duties. The Remuneration Committee's role is to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration policy and structure for directors and senior management and to ensure that they are fairly rewarded for their individual contribution to the Group's overall performance, having regard to the interests of shareholders. The principal duties of the Remuneration Committee include determining the specific remuneration packages of all executive Directors and senior management with reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Board from time to time. No Director or any of his/her associates may be involved in any decisions as to his/her own remuneration.

In accordance with Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules, the Remuneration Committee is chaired by an independent non-executive Director and comprising a majority of independent non-executive Directors.

B.3. 薪酬委員會

董事局於二零零五年五月成立薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」),並有書面職權範員會」),並有書面職權確定員會」),並有書面職權確定計畫,並修訂)其清責之職責。薪酬委員會之薪酬政策及股責國共董事人員之薪酬政策及股責國共立。 董事及高層管理人員边籍。 董事及為高層管理人員均便行為。 董事及高層管理人員均便行為。 董事及高層管理人員之薪酬。 董事及高層管理人員之新酬。 董事及高層管理人員之言, 新酬委員會之主要職長,回董體體。 新明委員會之前, 新明委員会, 新明委員有明報 新明之任何決定。

根據上市規則第3.25條,薪酬委員會由獨立非執行董事出任主席,大部分成員均為獨立非執行董事。

企業管治報告

During the Year and up to the date of this report, the members of the Remuneration Committee have been and are:

於本年度及直至本報告日期,薪酬委員 會的成員為:

Mr. Au Yeung Po Fung (Chairman) (resigned on 9 February 2020)

Mr. Leung Louis Ho Ming (appointed as Chairman on 9 February 2020)

Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric Ms. To Tsz Wan Vivien

The work performed by the Remuneration Committee during the Year included the following:

- (i) reviewed and recommended the remuneration package of the independent non-executive Directors; and
- (ii) reviewed and recommended the remuneration package for the executive Directors and management of the Company.

The Remuneration Committee held one meeting during the Year under review and the attendance of its members was as follows:

歐陽寶豐先生(主席)

(於二零二零年二月九日辭任)

梁浩鳴先生

(於二零二零年二月九日獲委任為主席)

董渙樟先生 杜紫雲女士

於本年度,薪酬委員會所進行之工作包括以下各項:

- (i) 檢討及建議獨立非執行董事的薪酬待遇;及
- (ii) 檢討及批准本公司執行董事及管 理人員的薪酬待遇。

於回顧年度內曾舉行一次薪酬委員會會議。其成員的出席情況如下:

No. of meetings attended/ held during the tenure of the Directors

Members of Remuneration Committee	薪酬委員會成員	of the Directors 董事任期內出席/ 舉行會議次數
Mr. Au Yeung Po Fung (Chairman)	歐陽寶豐先生 <i>(主席)</i>	N/A
(resigned on 9 February 2020)	(於二零二零年二月九日辭任)	不適用
Mr. Leung Louis Ho Ming (appointed	梁浩鳴先生 <i>(於二零二零年</i>	1/1
as Chairman on 9 February 2020)	二月九日獲委任為主席)	
Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric	董渙樟先生	1/1
Ms. To Tsz Wan Vivien	杜紫雲女士	1/1

C. RESPONSIBILITY FOR PREPARATION AND REPORTING OF ACCOUNTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the accounts which were prepared in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. A statement by the auditor about their reporting responsibilities is set out on pages 131 to 139 of this report.

The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

D. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

Risk Management Structure

The Board is responsible to maintain an effective risk management and internal control systems, in order to safeguard the interest of the Company and shareholders as a whole. However, the risk management and internal control systems were designed to manage rather than eliminate all risks exposure of the Group. It does not provide an absolute shield against inherent limitations such as unpredictable risks, uncontrollable events such as natural catastrophes, fraud, and errors of judgement, but it may provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatements or losses.

The Company established an Enterprise Risk Management framework in order to implement effective risk management. Our risk management structure is simple and clear, which has categorical duties.

C. 編製及呈報賬目之責任

董事明白彼等須負責根據法例規定及適用會計準則編製賬目。核數師就其呈報責任而發出之聲明載於本報告第131頁至第139頁。

董事並不知悉有關任何事件或情況之重 大不明朗因素為可能對本公司按持續經 營基準繼續營業的能力構成重大疑問。

D. 風險管理及內部監控

風險管理架構

董事局有責任維持有效之風險管理及內部監控系統,以保障本公司及其股東的整體利益。然而,本集團制定的風險管理及內部監控系統旨在管理而非消除所有本集團需面對的風險。該等系統無法完全排除不可預測風險及不可控制事件(例如自然災害、欺詐及判斷失誤)等固有限制,只能就不會有重大的失實陳述或損失作出合理而非絕對的保證。

本公司通過建立企業風險管理框架,以 落實有效的風險管理工作。本集團的風 險管理架構簡單明確,責任清晰。

企業管治報告

Board of Directors

The Board plays an important role in the Group's risk management and internal control systems. The Board is responsible for establishing the risk management framework and risk management policies, and the relevant policies are aiming to assess and determine the Group's business strategies and defining the risk tolerance. The Board, with assistance from the Audit Committee, monitors risk management and internal control systems in an on-going manner and reviews, at least annually, the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems.

Audit Committee

Audit Committee stands at the highest level of the risk management and internal control systems below the Board. The Audit Committee assists the Board in overseeing the Group's risk management and internal control systems by providing advice and support in respect of all risk matters, including on-going monitoring of the implementation of risk management procedures, reviewing the Group's risk register, reviewing and approving the internal control review plans and results.

Management

The management of the Group is responsible for identifying and on-going monitoring strategic, operational, financial, reporting and compliance risks associated with the daily operations of the Group. The management reports to the Board and Audit Committee on the relevant risks and their changes. The management also formulates various internal control measures to mitigate the risks, and rectify internal control deficiencies they identified in a timely manner.

董事局

董事局於本集團風險管理及內部監控系統中擔當重要角色。董事局負責建立風險管理框架及風險管理政策,有關政策旨在評估及釐定本集團的業務戰略及定義風險承受程度。董事局在審核委員會的協助下持續監督風險管理及內部監控系統,並且每年至少覆審一次風險管理及內部監控系統的有效性。

審核委員會

審核委員會為僅次於董事局的最高風險管理及內部監控系統負責機構,向董事局就所有風險事宜提供建議及支持,包括監督集團的整體風險管理程序的執行、審閱集團的主要風險名單、審批內部監控覆核計劃及審閱內部監控覆核結果等。

管理層

本集團管理層負責於日常營運過程中識別並持續監測集團所面對的戰略、營運及財務、報告和合規風險,向董事局及審核委員會匯報有關風險以及其變化情況。管理層亦制定各種紓緩風險的內部監控措施,並透過各途徑收集內部監控缺失資訊並及時執行整改。

Independent Professional Internal Control Advisor

To ensure the independence of the internal control review, the Group has outsourced the internal audit function to an independent professional internal control advisor (the "Internal Control Advisor"), whose work scope includes reviewing the effectiveness of the Group's risk management procedures and effectiveness of the internal control systems. The Internal Control Advisor formulates the internal control review plan based on risk assessment and gets approval from Audit Committee, and will communicate with the Audit Committee about the review results directly.

Risk Management Procedures

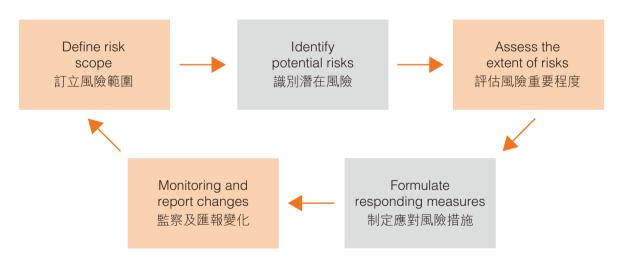
The Group has established the Enterprise Risk Management framework so as to effectively manage all kinds of risks faced by the Group. The Enterprise Risk Management framework defined the procedures for identifying, assessing, responding to and monitoring risks and their changes. Through regular discussion with each operating function, the Group strengthened the understanding of risk management so that all employees will understand and report the risks timely which enhanced the Group's ability to identify and manage risks.

獨立專業內控顧問

為保證內部監控覆核的獨立性,本集團 將內部審核功能外判予獨立專業內控顧 問(下稱「內控顧問」),工作內容包括檢 討本集團風險管理程序,以及內部監控 系統有效性。內控顧問的內部監控覆核 以風險評估為基礎制定,並由審核委員 會審批,內控顧問亦會直接向審核委員 會報告有關的覆審結果。

風險管理程序

本集團建立了企業風險管理框架以有效 地管理本集團所面對的各種風險。該企 業風險管理框架定義了本集團識別、評 估、應對和監測風險及其變化的程序。 本集團透過定期研討加強各職能部門其 對風險管理的認識,從而讓所有員工理 解並及時匯報風險,加強本集團風險管 理的能力。



企業管治報告

In the course of risk identification, the management liaises with each operating function, collect significant risk factors that affect the Group from the bottom to the top, in various aspects including strategic, operational, financial, reporting and complying aspects. After establishing risk assessment scope, the management will assess the potential impact and possibilities of the risks and prioritise the risks, and make appropriate internal control measures are then developed to mitigate the risks identified and monitor the changes of risks in an on-going manner.

Main features of our risk management and internal control systems

Maintain an effective internal control system (operational level)

- Establish clear internal control policies and procedures, clearly define the responsibilities, authorities and accountabilities of each key position;
- Establish code of conduct, convey to all employee the Group's requirements on integrity and ethic;
- Establish whistle blowing mechanism, encourage employees to report incidents of misconduct or fraud;
- Establish appropriate level of information technology assess rights, avoid leakage of price sensitive information;
- Establish inside information disclosure policy, including reporting channels and responsible person of disclosure, unified response to external enquiries and obtain advice from professional financial advisors or the Stock Exchange, if necessary.

在進行風險識別時,管理層與各營運職 能部門溝通,以由下而上方式收集對本 集團有影響的重大風險因素,包括戰 略、營運及財務、報告和合規等各個範 疇。在建立風險評估範圍後,管理層根 據風險的潛在影響與發生機會判斷風險 的重要程度,制定應對有關風險的內控 措施,並對風險的變化情況進行持續監 察和匯報。

風險管理及內部監控系統主要特點

維持有效的內控系統(營運層面)

- 設有明確的內部監控政策和程序,清晰界定各部門及職位的職 青、授權及問責性;
- 設有員工行為守則,傳遞本集團 對於員工誠信及道德價值方面的 要求;
- 設有舉報機制,鼓勵僱員舉報涉嫌行為失當或舞弊的事件;
- 設置適當的資訊科技權限,防止 股價敏感消息外泄;
- 設有內幕消息匯報政策,包括設立匯報渠道及信息披露負責人, 統一回應外界查詢,並在需要時諮詢專業財務顧問或聯交所意見。

In 2020, the Board has reviewed the effectiveness of internal control policies and procedures, including those related to financial reporting and Listing Rules compliance and the management also conveyed confirmation of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems to the Board and the Audit Committee. The Board has considered the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions during the evaluation of the review of risk management and internal control systems.

On-going risk monitoring (risk management level)

Based on the risk management framework and risk management policies established by the Board, the management communicates with each operating function, collect significant risk factors that affect the Group from the bottom to the top. The Group has established a risk register to record the risks identified, the management will assess the potential impact and possibilities of each major risk and develop relevant internal control measures.

In 2020, the management conducted evaluation of risk management structure and procedures and submitted a risk assessment report to the Board and Audit Committee, including a 3-years internal control review plan, to enable the Board and Audit Committee to effectively monitor the major business risks of the Group and know about how the management responses to and mitigates such risks.

Procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information

We established appropriate level of information technology assess rights, avoiding leakage of price sensitive information. We also establish inside information disclosure policy, including reporting channels and responsible person of disclosure, unified response to external enquiries and obtain advice from professional financial advisors or the Stock Exchange, if necessary, in order to ensure compliance with the Listing Rules requirements regarding handling and dissemination of inside information.

於二零二零年,董事局已覆審內部監控政策和程序的有效性,包括財務報告及遵守上市規則規定的程序,而管理層亦已向董事局及審核委員會確認風險管理及內部監控系統有效性。董事局在檢討風險管理及內部監控程序時,已考慮在會計、內部審核及財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗,以及員工所接受的培訓課程及有關預算是否足夠。

持續監察風險(風險管理層面)

管理層根據董事局建立的風險管理框架 及風險管理政策,與各營運職能部門溝 通,由下而上方式收集對本集團有影響 的重大風險資訊及持續監察風險的變 化。本集團建立風險登記冊記錄已識別 的風險,管理層將評估每項主要風險的 潛在影響及可能性,制定相關內控措 施。

於二零二零年,管理層進行了風險管理架構及程序的檢討,並向董事局及審核委員會提交風險評估報告,以及未來三年的內控覆核計劃,讓董事局及審核委員會更有效地監察本集團的主要業務風險以及了解管理層如何應對及減低該等風險。

處理及發佈內幕消息的程序和內部監控 措施

我們已設置適當的資訊科技權限,防止 股價敏感消息外泄,並設有內幕消息匯 報政策,包括設立匯報渠道及信息披露 負責人,統一回應外界查詢,並在需要 時諮詢專業財務顧問或聯交所意見,以 確保符合上市規則對於處理及發佈內幕 消息的要求。

企業管治報告

Independent review

The Group has outsourced the Internal Control Advisor to conduct an internal control review, reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems and submitted the internal review report to the Audit Committee.

In 2020, the Internal Control Advisor has completed the internal control review work during the Year. The review aimed at the transaction incurred during the period from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020, and the scope of the review included the effectiveness of the internal control measures in corporate level and operational level. The Internal Control Advisor has reported the results of the internal control review work to the Audit Committee.

The management has established remediation and improvement plan for internal control weaknesses identified. Nothing has come to the Audit Committee's or Board's attention to believe that risk management and internal control systems of the Group are inadequate or ineffective.

獨立覆核

本集團已將內審職能外包至內控顧問, 對本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統進 行獨立覆核,覆核本集團風險管理和內 部監控系統的有效性,並向審核委員會 提交內控覆核報告。

於二零二零年,內控顧問已完成以本年 度的內控覆核工作,覆核針對二零二零 年一月一日至二零二零年十二月三十一 日期間發生的交易,覆核範圍包括企業 層面及營運層面的內控措施有效性。內 控顧問亦已向審核委員會匯報內控覆核 工作結果。

對於發現的內控問題或不足之處,管理 層已制定糾正措施及改善方案。審核委 員會及董事局未有注意到任何事件令他 們相信現時的風險管理及內部監控系統 存在重大不足。

Principle risks and uncertainties

The following are the principal risks and uncertainties faced by the Group and their changes during the Year:

主要風險及不確定性

以下各項為本集團的主要風險及不確定 性,以及其於本年度的變動情況:

Risk 風險	Description 描述	Key Risk Mitigations 主要風險緩解措施	Changes 變動
Economic downturn 經濟下行	Affected by economic downturn, the number of people who are able to purchase or rent the property decreased. We may need to lower selling price or rental rate or may even not be able to sell or lease. We might also be unable to increase our property management/other additional service fee due to the overall worse economic conditions. 受經濟下行所影響,有能力購買或承租物業的人減少,我們或需要下調售價或租金,甚至無法出售或出租。亦可能因總體經濟較差而難以提高物業管理/其他額外服務的費用。	 Regularly analyse overall economic changes, adjust business strategies, and communicate quickly with managers in business areas through video conferencing to implement recommended improvements 定期分析總體經濟轉變、調整業務策略,並通過視像會議快速與各業務區域管理人員溝通落實應變工作 	Decreasing 減少
		 Conduct due diligence and understand local economy and property market outlook before acquisition of new property investment projects 收購新的物業投資項目時進行盡職調查,瞭解當地經濟及物業市場前景 	
Human Resources 人力資源	Insufficient staff or incompetency of our staff might affect our ability to provide quality service to meet our customers' demands. In addition, labour costs in mainland China are expected to increase which might also decrease our profits or competitiveness. 員工人數不足或能力不足或會影響我們提供優質服務以滿足客戶需求的能力。另外,中國大陸的勞動力成本預期增加亦可能會削弱我們的的溢利或競爭力。	 Be close to the pay market dynamics, control the wastage rate 緊貼薪酬市場動態,控制流失率 Recruitment planning every year, timely replenishment of staff turnover 每年進行招聘規劃,及時補充流失人手 	No change 無變化
		 Provide adequate training for staff to improve staff service standards 為員工提供充足培訓,提升員工服務水準 	

企業管治報告

Risk 風險	Description 描述	Key Risk Mitigations 主要風險緩解措施	Changes 變動
Brand Name 品牌	If we fail to maintain our service level in customer service, engineering, cleaning or security, customers may lose confidence which will have a very negative impact on our Company's reputation and image. 集團若未能維持服務水平,在客戶服務、工程質量、清潔或保安工作中出現重大問題,使客戶失去信任,對公司聲譽及形象造成極為負面的影響。	 Daily self-examination to maintain and enhance the quality of service and engineering 日常進行服務質量自查維持及提升服務和工程質量水平 Investigate customers' satisfaction, monitor the latest ratings for each project, follow up timely on customers' complaints 調查客戶滿意度,監察各項目的最新評級,及早就客戶關注事項進行跟進 	Decreasing 減少
		 Provide regular training for staff to ensure that employees have sufficient capacity to deal with problems 定期培訓員工,確保員工有足夠能力處理問題 	
Outsourcing 外包	Failure by service providers and contractors to proceed projects to their completion on time and on the unsatisfactory quality of the work may incur extra cost to the Group in order to complete the work. 服務供應商及承建商若未能妥善完成工作或其工作品質未如理想,可能會影響客戶對我們服務的滿意程度,或令我們需要增加額外成本以完成有關工作。	 Conduct strict assessment and follow due tender procedures in selecting outsourcing service providers. 在選擇外包服務供應商時進行嚴謹的評估及招標工作。 Our project manager and legal staff would review the terms of an outsourcing agreement to ensure the duty and responsibility of each party therein are clearly defined and stated. 項目經理和法務人員審查外包合同條款,確保各方職責條文清晰明確。 Evaluate and update performance 	No change 無變化
		 Evaluate and update performance by outsourcing service providers on regular basis to ensure their service standards meet the Group's requirements. 定期跟進外包服務供應商表現,確保其服務水平符合集團要求。 	

企業管治報告

Risk 風險	Description 描述	Key Risk Mitigations 主要風險緩解措施	Changes 變動
Natural disasters 自然災害	Inappropriate handling of emergency situations triggered by natural disasters (e.g. fire, electric shock, traffic accident etc.) or epidemic outbreaks may lead to substantial/numerous claims and liabilities against the Group and damage to our reputation, in addition to human casualties and direct losses on assets. 若集團不當處理突如其來的自然災害(例如火災、觸電、交通意外等)或傳染病爆發事件,除可能引致人命傷亡及直接資產損失外,亦可能令本集團面對大量/高額索償、法律責任,以及破壞集團聲譽等。	 Put in place various contingency plans and strategies and with designated persons-in-charge to deal with specific risks, and conduct of regular disaster drills. 制定各種緊急應對預案及策略, 訂立風險應對負責人,並定期進行防災演練。 Periodic checks on equipment for emergency and regular inspections would be conducted so that any source of severe hazards could be identified as early as possible. 定期檢查防災設備,以及進行日常巡查,及早發現重大危險源。 Maintain third party liability insurance to diversify our risk exposure and review the scope and amount insured regularly. 購買第三者責任保險以分散風險,定期檢討保障範圍和保額。 	No change 無變化
Occupational health and safety 職業健康與 安全	Failure by the Group to put in place appropriate emergency equipment, formulate and oversee the implementation of various safety procedures that result in injuries of our employees in work may incur liability to the Group against any compensation, give adverse effect to our reputation and cause an outflow of talents. 集團若未能提供合適防護設備、制定並監督各種安全程序的執行,引致員工在工作時受傷,集團可能需要負上賠償責任、對公司的聲譽造成負面影響,以及引起人才流失。	 Put in place various work safety procedures, strictly observe and implement precautionary measures for all duties and procedures that are hazardous in nature. Designated persons would be appointed to oversee the implementation of such measures. 制定安全工作程序,落實執行各種帶有危險性質工作時應使用的防護措施,並指派監督人員檢查執行情況。 Provide training on safety and raise the awareness of our employees on occupational safety. 提供安全培訓,增強員工對職業安全的意識。 Conduct regular inspection on safety equipment to ensure they are in good working conditions. 	No change 無變化

企業管治報告

Risk 風險	Description 描述	Key Risk Mitigations 主要風險緩解措施	Changes 變動
Interest rate 利率	The Group holds borrowings on floating interest. This may increase the cost and have an effect on profits due to the increase in interest rates. 集團持有以浮動利息計算的借款,因此或會受利率上升所影響而增加成本,影響溢利。	 Closely monitor the interest rate, and report to the management timely on the interest rate changes 密切監察利率狀況,及時向管理 層匯報最新利率變化 	No change 無變化
		 Formulate policy and take measures to reduce interest rate risk 制定應對政策應對及採取措施降低利率風險 	
Foreign exchange rate 匯率	The Group holds assets and liabilities denominated in Hong Kong dollars, Renminbi, US dollars and GBP. Foreign exchange rate fluctuations may bring exchange losses to the Company. 集團持有以港元、人民幣、美元及英鎊計價之資產及負債。外匯匯率波動或會為本公司帶來匯兑損失。	 Actively monitor the fluctuation in foreign exchange rate change, consider all necessary actions (such as reduce loan/investment, hedging). 持續監察匯率風險,並制定相關應對政策(如減少借貸/投資、考慮對沖等)。 	No change 無變化
		 Perform sensitivity analysis to quantify currency exposure 定期進行敏感度分析,量化有關風險 	
Relevant politics, policies and regulations on real estate	Changes in politics, policies and regulations on real estate might increase our operating expenses. If we breach relevant regulatory and governing requirements, such as lack of ability to adjust the operational procedures timely, the Group may incur losses due to penalty,	 Actively monitor changes of laws and regulations associated with the business of the Group. 積極監察與本集團業務相關的法律法規變動。 	No change 無變化
有關房地產的 相關政治、 政策及法規	Suspension or interruption of operation 各種政策、法規及監管要求轉變或會增加集團營運開支。若集團違反相關法規及監管要求(包括因未能及時調節營運程序導致)亦可能會令本集團蒙受罰款、阻斷或妨礙營運而引起損失	 Consult legal staff or legal advisors to ensure the Group's compliance with policy, regulatory and governing requirements. 諮詢法務人員或法務顧問確保本集團符合政策、法規及監管(包括牌照)要求。 	

E. COMPANY SECRETARY

The company secretary of the Company, Ms. Lam Yuen Ling Eva, is delegated by an external service provider. The external service provider's primary contact person at the Company is Ms. Lee Sum Yee, a director of human resources and administration of the Company.

During the Year, the company secretary of the Company has taken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

F. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The Company's external auditor is Ernst & Young. The remuneration paid/payable to Ernst & Young in respect of audit services and permissible audit related and non-audit services for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$2,050,000 and HK\$491,000 respectively. The permissible audit related and non-audit services of HK\$421,000 comprised (i) agree-upon procedures on interim financial information of approximately HK\$400,000; and (ii) other and tax services of approximately HK\$21,000.

G. COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

Pursuant to the Companies Ordinance, a general meeting of shareholders of the Company can be convened by a written request signed by shareholders holding at least 5% of the total rights of all the shareholders having a right to vote at that meeting, stating the nature of the business to be dealt with at that meeting, and deposited at the Company's registered office. The rights of shareholders and the procedures for demanding a poll on resolutions at shareholders' meetings are contained in the Company's constitutional documents. Details of such rights to demand a poll and the poll procedures are included in all related circulars to shareholders and will be explained during the proceedings of meetings.

E. 公司秘書

本公司公司秘書林婉玲女士,獲外部服 務供應商授權。該外部服務供應商在本 公司的主要聯絡人為本公司人力資源及 行政總監李心怡女士。

於本年度,本公司的公司秘書已參加不 少於15小時的相關專業培訓。

F. 核數師之酬金

本公司之外聘核數師為安永會計師事務所。於本年度,就核數以及允許的核數相關及非核數服務已付/應付安永會計師事務所的薪酬分別約為2,050,000港元及491,000港元。421,000港元允許的核數相關及非核數服務包括(i)中期財務資料的協定程序約400,000港元:及(ii)其他及税務服務約21,000港元。

G. 與股東及投資者溝通

根據《公司條例》,佔全體有權在股東大會上表決的股東的總表決權最少5%的股東可藉簽署書面要求召開本公司股東大會,要求須述明有待在有關股東大會上處理的事務的性質及存放於公司的註冊辦事處。股東於股東大會要求以投票表決決議案之權利及其程序載於本公司章程。有關要求投票表決的權利及投票表決程序載於所有致股東相關通函,並將於大會期間再作解釋。

企業管治報告

Poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange on the same day of the shareholders' meeting.

The general meeting of the Company provides a forum for communication between the shareholders and the Board. The Chairman, as well as the chairmen of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee or in their absence, other members of the respective committees, normally attend the annual general meeting and other relevant shareholders' meetings to answer shareholders' queries at the shareholders' meetings.

Separate resolutions are proposed at shareholders' meetings on each substantial issue, including election of individual directors.

The Company continues to enhance communication and relations with its investors. Enquiries from investors are dealt with in an informative and timely manner.

H. DIVIDEND POLICY

The dividend policy of the Company (the "Dividend Policy") was adopted by the Board and became effective on 1 January 2019.

The Dividend Policy is to ensure that the Board maintains an appropriate procedure on declaring and recommending the dividend payment of the Company. The Board endeavors to strike a balance between the Company's shareholders' interests and prudent capital management with a sustainable dividend policy.

The declaration and recommendation of dividends is subject to the decision of the Board after considering the Company's ability to pay dividends, which will depend upon, among other things:

- the Group's financial results;
- the Group's cash flow, liquidity and capital requirements;
- the Group's debt to equity ratios and the debt level;

投票表決結果將於股東大會當日於本公 司及聯交所網站刊載。

本公司股東大會為股東與董事局提供溝 通機會。主席及審核委員會、提名委員 會及薪酬委員會主席(若彼等缺席,則 相關委員會的其他成員)一般會出席股 東週年大會及其他有關股東大會,以在 股東大會上回答股東提問。

股東大會上,將就重要事項(包括推選個別董事)提呈獨立決議案。

本公司不斷加強與投資者之間的溝通及 關係。本公司會及時處理投資者的查 詢,為投資者提供相關資料。

H. 股息政策

董事局於二零一九年一月一日採納股息 政策(「股息政策」)並生效。

股息政策旨在確保董事局就本公司宣派 及建議派付股息維持適當的程序。董事 局通過可持續的股息政策,務求於本公 司股東利益與審慎資本管理之間取得平 衡。

宣派及建議派付股息乃董事局經考慮本公司派付股息之能力後作出之決定,而本公司派付股息之能力將視乎下列各項而定,其中包括:

- 本集團的財務業績;
- 本集團的現金流量、流動資金及 資金需求;
- ◆ 本集團的負債權益比率及債務水 平;

- the retained earnings and distributable reserves of the Group;
- the Group's shareholders' interests;
- the Group's current and future business operations, conditions, cycle and strategies;
- the general market conditions;
- the shareholders' and the investors' expectation and industry's norm;
- any restrictions on payment of dividends that may be imposed by the Group's lenders;
- statutory and regulatory restrictions;
- past dividend record; and
- any other factors the Board may deem relevant.

The Board has complete discretion on whether to pay a dividend and the form to pay, subject to any restrictions under the Companies Ordinance of Hong Kong and the Articles. Any final dividends declared by the Company must be approved by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders of the Company at an annual general meeting and must not exceed the amount recommended by the Board. The Board may also consider declaring special dividends from time to time, in addition to the interim and/or final dividends. There is no assurance that dividends will be paid in any particular amount for any given period.

The Company shall review and reassess the Dividend Policy and its effectiveness from time to time. Any revisions to the Dividend Policy shall be considered and approved by the Board.

I. CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENT

During the Year, the Company had not amended its constitutional document.

- 本集團的保留盈餘和可供分派儲 備;
- 本集團的股東權益;
- 本集團現時及未來的業務營運、 狀況、周期及策略;
- 一般市場情況;
- 股東及投資者的期望及行業的常 規;
- 由本集團的貸款人可能施加的任何股息派發限制;
- 法定及監管限制;
- 過往派息紀錄;及
- 董事局可能視為相關之任何其他 因素。

董事局可全權酌情決定是否派付股息及派付之形式,惟須遵守香港公司法及細則之任何限制。本公司宣佈任何末期股息必須經本公司股東於股東週年大會上以普通決議案予以批准,且不得超過事局所建議之金額。除中期及/或末期股息外,董事局亦可不時考慮宣派特別股息。本公司不能保證將在任何指定期間派付任何特定金額之股息。

本公司須不時檢討及重新評估股息政策 及其成效。任何對股息政策進行的修改 須經董事局審批。

I. 組織章程文件

於本年度,本公司並無修改其組織章程 文件。

董事局報告書

The Board hereby present its report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year.

董事局謹此提呈其報告書以及本集團於本年度 之經審核綜合財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The Group is principally engaged in the property development and investments in the PRC, the USA and the UK, and the provision of property management services in Beijing and Hebei Province, the PRC. Details of the principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 1 to the consolidated financial statements.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group's principal business activities are exposed to a variety of key risks including credit risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, operational risk and market risk.

The Group's business and profitability growth during the Year is affected by the volatility and uncertainty of macro-economic conditions in Hong Kong, the PRC, the USA and the UK. The divergence of monetary policies in major advanced economies of global nations is expected to continue to contribute partly to the volatility of fund and trade flows and that of asset prices in Hong Kong, the PRC, the USA and the UK.

In particular, the potential impact on economic activities and real estate prices is also affected by political and economic developments in Hong Kong, the PRC, the USA and the UK. The long term business and profitability growth of the Group is expected to continue to be affected by the changes in macro-economic variables, including unemployment rates, real gross domestic product growth, consumer and asset price indexes and credit demand, and also qualitative factors such as political and economic policy developments of Hong Kong, the PRC, the USA and the UK.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATION

The Group's profit for the Year and the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2020 are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 140 to 143.

The Board did not recommend the payment of final dividend for the Year (2019: Nil). No interim dividend was declared for the Year (2019: Nil).

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。本集團主要於中國、美國及英國從事物業發展及投資,以及在中國北京及河北省提供物業管理服務。附屬公司主要業務之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註1內。

主要風險及不確定因素

本集團的主要業務活動面臨多項重大風險,包括信貸風險、利率風險、流動資金風險、營運 風險及市場風險。

於本年度,本集團的業務及收益率增長受香港、中國、美國及英國宏觀經濟狀況波動及不確定之影響。預期全球主要發達經濟體貨幣政策的分歧仍將為資金及貿易往來以及香港、中國、美國及英國資產價格波動的部分因素。

尤其是,對經濟活動及房地產價格的潛在影響亦受香港、中國、美國及英國政治及經濟發展之影響。預計本集團長期業務及收益率增長將持續受失業率、實際國內生產總值增長、消費者及資產價格指數及信貸需求等宏觀經濟變量變動以及香港、中國、美國及英國政治及經濟政策發展等定性因素的影響。

業績及利潤分配

本集團於本年度之溢利及本集團於二零二零年十二月三十一日之財務狀況,載於綜合財務報表第140頁至第143頁。

董事局並無建議派付本年度末期股息(二零一九年:無)。概無於本年度派發中期股息(二零一九年:無)。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS **董事局**報告書

BUSINESS REVIEW

Business review of the Group for the Year has been stated in Chairman's Statement on pages 4 to 7 and Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 8 to 17.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The environmental policies and performance of the Group are set out in Environmental, Social and Governance Report on pages 18 to 58.

KEY RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

An account of the key relationships of the Group with its employees, customers and suppliers is contained in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report on pages 18 to 58.

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results and assets, liabilities and equity of the Group for the last five financial years/period, as extracted from the audited consolidated financial statements for the Year and the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2019 are set out on pages 271 to 272. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

COMPLIANCE WITH RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group recognises the importance of compliance with regulatory requirements and the risk of non-compliance. The Group has been allocating system and staff resources to ensure ongoing compliance with rules and regulations and to maintain strong working relationships with regulators through effective communications. During the Year, the Board is not aware of any material non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that had a significant impact on the Group.

業務回顧

本集團於本年度之業務回顧載於第4頁至第7頁 的主席報告以及第8頁至第17頁的管理層討論 及分析。

環境政策及表現

本集團的環境政策及表現載於第18頁至58頁的 環境、社會及管治報告內。

與僱員、客戶及供應商的主要 關係

本集團與其僱員、客戶及供應商的主要關係的 賬目載於第18頁至第58頁的環境、社會及管治 報告。

財務資料概要

本集團過去五個財政年度/期間之已刊發業績以及資產、負債和權益的概要(節錄自本公司於本年度之經審核綜合財務報表及截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度之年報),載於第271頁至第272頁。此概要並不構成經審核綜合財務報表的一部分。

遵守相關法律及法規

本集團明白遵守監管規定的重要性及不合規的 風險。本集團一直分配系統及人力資源確保持 續遵守規則及法規以及透過有效溝通維持與監 管機構的穩固工作關係。於本年度,董事局並 不知悉任何嚴重違反對本集團產生重大影響的 相關法律及法規的情況。

董事局報告書

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movement in the Company's share capital during the Year are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

On 17 August 2018, the Company completed the first completion with the acquisition of 95% of the share capital of Wise Expert Investment Limited, at a consideration of HK\$1,464,254,000, from Winluck Global Limited (a company wholly-owned by Mr. Wei Chunxian) and Silky Apex Limited (a company wholly-owned by Mr. Sun Zhongmin). The consideration was paid as to HK\$361,260,800 by the allotment and issue of 451,576,000 consideration shares at the issue price of HK\$0.80 per consideration share and the remaining HK\$1,102,993,200 by the issue of convertible bonds in the principal amount of HK\$1,102,993,200 convertible into 1,378,741,500 shares at the initial conversion price of HK\$0.80 per convertible share. By way of a summary, the conversion rights underlying the convertible bonds may be exercised provided that any such conversion (i) does not trigger general offer obligations under the Takeovers Code on the part of the bondholder or parties acting in concert with it; (ii) does not result in the public float of the Shares being less than 25% or such other percentages as the Listing Rules may prescribe, and that the relevant bondholder complies with the procedures set out in the conditions to the convertible bonds. Based on the market price of the Company's shares of HK\$0.82 as at 17 August 2018, the share capital of the Company was increased by HK\$370,292,320 as a result of the issuance of 451,576,000 consideration shares.

For the details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 30 May 2018 and 17 August 2018 and the circular of the Company dated 19 July 2018.

On 3 September 2018, the Company allotted and issued 7,500,000 new shares pursuant to the exercise of the conversion rights attached to the convertible bonds in the principal amount of HK\$6,000,000 at the issue price of HK\$0.80 per share. Based on the market price of the Company's shares of HK\$0.80 as at 3 September 2018, the share capital of the Company was increased by HK\$6,000,000 as a result of the issuance of 7,500,000 new shares.

股本

本公司股本於本年度之變動詳情,載於綜合財務報表附註31內。

於二零一八年八月十七日,本公司自Winluck Global Limited (一間由魏純暹先生全資擁有 的公司)及Silky Apex Limited(一間由孫仲 民先生全資擁有的公司) 處收購Wise Expert Investment Limited 95%的股本,代價為 1,464,254,000港元。代價乃透過按每股代價 股份發行價0.80港元配發及發行451,576,000 股代價股份支付361,260,800港元,及透過 按初始轉換價每股可轉換股份0.80港元發 行可轉換為1.378.741.500股股份本金額為 1,102,993,200港元的可轉換債券支付餘下 1,102,993,200港元。作為總結,可轉換債券的 轉換權可以行使,條件為任何該等轉換(i)不會 觸發債券持有人或與其一致行動者根據收購守 則承擔的全面要約責任;(ii)不會導致股份的公 眾持股量少於25%或上市規則所規定的其他百 分比,且相關債券持有人須遵守可換股債券條 件所載的程序。基於本公司股份於二零一八年 八月十七日0.82港元的市價,本公司股本因發 行451,576,000股代價股份而增加370,292,320 港元。

有關詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零一八年五 月三十日及二零一八年八月十七日之公佈以及 本公司日期為二零一八年七月十九日之通函。

於二零一八年九月三日,本公司根據發行價為每股股份0.80港元之本金額為6,000,000港元行使可換股債券所附之轉換權,配發及發行7,500,000股新股份。根據本公司於二零一八年九月三日的股份市價0.80港元,本公司股本因發行7,500,000股新股而增加6,000,000港元。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事局報告書

For the details, please refer to the next day disclosure return of the Company dated 3 September 2018.

有關詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零一八年九 月三日的翌日披露報表。

On 7 May 2019, the Company allotted and issued 7,500,000 new ordinary shares pursuant to the exercise of the conversion rights attached to the convertible bonds in the principal amount of HK\$6,000,000 at the issue price of HK\$0.80 per share. Based on the closing market price of the Company's shares of HK\$1.41 as at 6 May 2019, the share capital of the Company was increased by HK\$6,000,000 as a result of the issuance of 7,500,000 new ordinary shares.

於二零一九年五月七日,本公司根據發行價為 每股0.80港元之本金額為6,000,000港元行使可 換股債券所附之轉換權,配發及發行7.500.000 股新普通股。根據本公司於二零一九年五月六 日的股份收市價1.41港元,本公司股本因發行 7.500.000股新普通股而增加6.000.000港元。

For the details, please refer to the next day disclosure return of the Company dated 7 May 2019.

有關詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零一九年五 月十日的翌日披露報表。

After the exercise of conversion rights of the convertible bonds on 3 September 2018 and 7 May 2019, the remaining principal amount of convertible bonds is HK\$1,090,993,200, a maximum of 1,363,741,500 new ordinary shares will be issued upon full conversion of the convertible bonds. Upon full exercise of the conversion rights attaching to the convertible bonds, the shareholdings of Mr. Wei Chunxian, the substantial shareholder of the Company, will be changed from approximately 70.21% to 76.72% of the total number of issued shares of the Company as enlarged by the issue of the shares of the Company upon the full conversion of all the convertible bonds.

於二零一八年九月三日及二零一九年五月七日 行使可換股債券之轉換權後,可換股債券餘下 本金額為1,090,993,200港元,悉數轉換可換 股債券後,本公司將發行最多1,363,741,500 股新普通股。悉數行使可換股債券所附之轉換 權後,本公司主要股東魏純暹先生於本公司已 發行股份總數之股權佔比將由約70.21%變更至 76.72%, 而本公司已發行股份總數經本公司於 悉數轉換所有可換股債券後發行股份而擴大。

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save as disclosed in the sections headed "SHARE OPTIONS" and "SHARE CAPITAL" of this report, no equity-linked agreement was entered into by the Company during the Year.

股權掛鈎協議

除本報告「購股權 | 及 「股本 | 兩節所披露者外, 本公司於本年度並無訂立股權掛鈎協議。

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the Year.

購買、贖回或出售本公司上市證券

證券於本年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無 購買、贖回或出售任何本公司上市證券。

董事局報告書

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

The Company had no reserve available for cash distribution/or distribution in specie as at 31 December 2020 in accordance with the provisions of section 291, 297 and 299 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the Year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity of the Group on pages 144 to 145 of this report and in notes 33 and 43 to the consolidated financial statements.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, less than 20% of the Group's revenue was attributable to the Group's five largest customers, and less than 20% of the Group's purchases were attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers.

During the Year, the Group has related party transactions with related companies (as disclosed in the note 38 to the consolidated financial statements), including Beijing Guorui Real Estate Development Co. Limited* (北京國鋭房地產開發有限公司) and 北京國隆置業有限公司, which are controlled by Mr. Wei Chunxian and Mr. Sun Zhongmin, the executive Directors. These related companies are top 5 customers of the Group.

Except as disclosed per above, none of the Directors, or any of their close associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued shares) had any beneficial interest in the Group's top five customers and suppliers.

可供分派儲備

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,根據香港《公司條例》第291、297及299條之條文,本公司並無儲備可供用作現金分發及/或實物分發。

本集團及本公司於本年度的儲備變動詳情載於 本報告第144頁至第145頁之本集團綜合權益變 動表及綜合財務報表附註33及附註43中。

主要客戶及供應商

於截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度內,本集團五個最大的客戶所佔本集團收入的百分比少於20%,而本集團五個最大的供應商所佔本集團的購貨額百分比少於20%。

於本年度,本集團與關連公司有關聯方交易 (誠如綜合財務報表附註38所披露),包括北 京國鋭房地產開發有限公司及北京國隆置業有 限公司,彼等由執行董事魏純暹先生及孫仲民 先生控制。該等關連公司乃為本集團的五大客 戶。

除上文披露者外,概無董事或任何彼等各自之 緊密聯繫人或任何股東(據董事所知擁有5%以 上的本公司已發行股本者)在本集團五個最大 客戶及五個最大供應商中擁有任何實益權益。

For identification purpose only

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS **董事局**報告書

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, the Group did not make any charitable donations.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the Year and up to the date of this report are:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Wei Chunxian (Chairman)

Ms. Liu Shuhua (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Sun Zhongmin

Mr. Guo Jingsheng

(resigned on 9 November 2020)

Ms. Huang Fei

Ms. Li Bing

Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric

Mr. Au Yeung Po Fung

(resigned on 9 February 2020)

Ms. To Tsz Wan Vivien

Mr. Leung Louis Ho Ming

(appointed on 9 February 2020)

In accordance with Articles 81 and 83 of the Articles, Mr. Wei Chunxian, Mr. Sun Zhongmin and Ms. Huang Fei will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

The Company has received written annual confirmations of independence from all independent non-executive Directors and as at the date of this report all of them are considered to be independent.

慈善捐贈

截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團並無作出任何慈善捐贈。

畫事

於本年度及直至本報告日期,董事如下:

執行董事:

魏純暹先生(主席)

劉淑華女士(行政總裁)

孫仲民先生

郭京生先生

(於二零二零年十一月九日辭任)

黃菲女士

李兵女十

獨立非執行董事:

董渙樟先生

歐陽寶豐先生

(於二零二零年二月九日辭任)

杜紫雲女士

梁浩鳴先生

(於二零二零年二月九日獲委任)

遵照細則第81條及第83條規定,魏純暹先生、孫仲民先生及黃菲女士於即將召開之股東週年大會上退任,而彼等各自均符合資格並願意膺 撰連任。

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事有關其獨立身份之書面年度確認,於本報告日期,本公司認 為彼等確屬獨立人士。

董事局報告書

BOARD CHANGES AND CHANGES IN DIRECTORS' INFORMATION

Subsequent to the date of the interim report of the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2020, there has no change in information of the Directors required to be disclosed pursuant to rule 13.51B(1) of the Listina Rules.

DIRECTORS' BIOGRAPHIES

The biographical details of the Directors are set out on pages 59 to 62 of this report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The Directors' fees are subject to shareholders' approval at general meetings. Other emoluments are determined by the Board with reference to Directors' duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group as well as the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee.

Further details of the Company's Remuneration Committee are set out in the corporate governance report on pages 79 to 80 of this report.

董事局變動及董事資料變動

於本公司截至二零二零年六月三十日止六個月 之中期報告日期後,概無須根據上市規則第 13.51B(1)條須予披露之董事資料變動。

董事履歷

董事之履歷詳情載於本報告第59頁至第62頁。

董事之服務合約

擬在下次股東週年大會上重選連任之董事均無 與本公司訂立本集團在一年內不可在不予賠償 (法定賠償除外)的情況下終止之服務合約。

董事薪酬

董事袍金須獲得股東在股東大會上批准,方可 作實。其他薪酬由本公司董事局經參考董事職 責、責任及表現及本集團業績以及薪酬委員會 之建議後釐定。

有關本公司薪酬委員會之進一步詳情,載於本 報告企業管治報告第79頁至第80頁。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事局報告書

DIRECTORS OF SUBSIDIARIES

Other than the directors named under the paragraph headed "DIRECTORS" above, the persons who have served on the boards of the subsidiaries of the Company as at 31 December 2020 and up to the date of this report included Mr. Chen Gang.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emolument of each of the Directors and the employees of the Group is on the basis of their merit, qualification, competence and experience in the industry, the profitability of the Group as well as remuneration benchmarks from other local and international companies and prevailing market conditions, executive Directors and employees also participate in bonus arrangements which are determined in accordance with the performance of the Group and the individual's performance.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Article 137 of the Articles provides that every director, executive director, manager, secretary, officer and auditor of the Company shall be indemnified out of the funds of the Company against all liabilities incurred by him as such director, executive director, manager, secretary, officer and auditor in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, to the extent permitted by the Companies Ordinance. The Company has also maintained directors and officers liability insurance during the Year.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

Other than the service contracts of the Directors, the Company has not entered into any contract with any individual, firm or body corporate to manage or administer the whole or any substantial part of any business of the Company during the Year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS AND CONTRACT OF **SIGNIFICANCE**

Details of the continuing connected transactions and significant related party transactions are disclosed in this report and in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements. Save for the above, no Director nor a connected entity of a Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which the holding companies of the Company, or any of the Company's subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party during the Year.

附屬公司董事

除 | 文「董事 | 一段內所載之董事外,於二零二 零年十二月三十一日及截至本報告日期,擔任 本公司附屬公司董事者包括陳崗先生。

薪酬政策

董事及本集團僱員各自之薪酬乃根據其才幹、 資歷、能力及行業經驗、本集團之利潤以及其 他本地及國際公司之薪酬標準及當前市場狀況 而釐定。執行董事及僱員亦可參與獎金安排, 其根據本集團表現及個人表現釐定。

獲准許彌償條文

細則第137條規定,本公司每名董事、執行董 事、經理、秘書、高級職員及核數師須就彼作 為董事、執行董事、經理、秘書、高級職員及 核數師對任何訴訟程序(無論民事或刑事)抗辯 而產生的所有責任從本公司資金獲得彌償,惟 須獲公司條例批准。本公司亦於本年度購買董 事及高級職員責任保險。

管理合約

除與董事訂立的服務合約外,本公司並未與任 何個人、公司或法團訂立任何合約以管理或執 行本公司年內任何業務的全部或任何重要部 分。

董事於合約及重大合約中之權益

有關持續關連交易及重大關聯方交易之詳情載 在本報告及綜合財務報表附註38內披露。除上 文所述者外,於本年度,概無董事或董事的有 關連實體在由本公司控權公司或本公司的任何 附屬公司或同系附屬公司訂立的、就本集團的 業務而言屬重大的任何交易、安排或合約中, 有直接或間接的具相當分量的利害關係。

董事局報告書

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2020, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company and their associates in the shares of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) (a) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code contained in the Listing Rules, were as follows:

董事及最高行政人員於股份及相關 股份之權益及淡倉

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,董事及本公司 最高行政人員以及彼等之聯繫人士於本公司及 其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及 期貨條例1)第XV部)之股份中擁有:(a)根據證 券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部須知會本公 司及聯交所之權益及淡倉(包括根據證券及期 貨條例之該等條文被當作或被視作擁有之權益 或淡倉);或(b)根據證券及期貨條例第352條須 予記入該條文所述登記冊之權益及淡倉;或(c) 根據上市規則內所載標準守則須知會本公司及 聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

Interest in Shares

股份權益

Name of Directors 董事姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of ordinary shares held 持有普通股數目	Number of underlying shares held 持有相關 股份數目	Approximate percentage of the total number of issued shares 佔已發行股份總數之概約百分比
Mr. Sun Zhongmin 孫仲民先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 (Note 4) (附註4)	136,752,350 (L)	109,086,735 (L)	7.68%
	Interest of controlled corporation 受控法團之權益 (Note 3) (附註3)		8,669,925 (L)	0.27%
Mr. Wei Chunxian 魏純暹先生	Interest of controlled corporation 受控法團之權益 (Notes 1 and 2) (附註1及2)	2,246,160,464 (L)	1,342,317,340 (L)	112.16%
Ms. Liu Shuhua 劉淑華女士	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 (Note 5) (附註5)		5,020,500 (L)	0.16%

董事局報告書

(L) denotes long position

Note 1: Wintime Company Limited is interested in 1,434,421,537 shares and 1,254,654,765 underlying shares of aggregate principal amount of convertible bonds of HK\$1,003,723,812 issued by the Company at conversion price of HK\$0.80 per share on 17 August 2018. Wintime Company Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Winluck Global Limited. Apart from the shares and underlying shares held by Wintime Company Limited, Winluck Global Limited is also interested in 87,662,575 underlying shares of aggregate principal amount of convertible bonds of HK\$70,130,060 to be issued by the Company at conversion price of HK\$0.80 per share pursuant to the payment schedule under the agreement entered on 30 May 2018. The entire issued share capital of Winluck Global Limited is beneficially owned by Mr. Wei Chunxian. Winluck Global Limited is deemed to be interested in the shares and underlying shares held by Wintime Company Limited, and Mr. Wei Chunxian is deemed to be interested in the shares and underlying shares held by Wintime Company Limited and Winluck Global Limited under the SFO.

Note 2: 811,738,927 shares are held by Gang Rui International Investment (HK) Limited. Gang Rui International Investment (HK) Limited is owned as to 90% and 10% by Beijing Guorui Real Estate Development Co. Limited* (北京國鋭房地產開發有限公司) and Future Glow Ventures Inc. respectively. Future Glow Ventures Inc. is wholly-owned by an independent third party. Beijing Guorui Real Estate Development Co. Limited* (北京國鋭房地產開發有限公司) is wholly-owned by Beijing Guorui Holdings Co. Limited* (北京國鋭控 股有限公司), which is directly owned by Mr. Wei Chunxian and Mr. Sun Zhongmin as to approximately 91% and 9%, respectively. Each of Beijing Guorui Real Estate Development Co. Limited* (北京國鋭房 地產開發有限公司), Beijing Guorui Holdings Co. Limited* (北京國鋭 控股有限公司), and Mr. Wei Chunxian is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Gang Rui International Investment (HK) Limited under the SFO.

Note 3: Silky Apex Limited is interested in 8,669,925 underlying shares pursuant to convertible bonds in the principle amount of HK\$6,935,940 to be issued by the Company at conversion price of HK\$0.80 per share pursuant to the payment schedule under the agreement entered into on 30 May 2018. Silky Apex Limited is 100% owned by Mr. Sun Zhongmin and Mr. Sun Zhongmin is deemed to be interested in the underlying shares held by Silky Apex under the SFO.

(L) 代表好倉

附註1: Wintime Company Limited 於 1,434,421,537 股股份以及本公司於二零一八年八月十七 日以每股股份0.80港元之兑换價發行的 本金總額1,003,723,812港元之可換股債 券的 1.254.654.765 股相關股份中擁有權 益。 Wintime Company Limited 為 Winluck Global Limited的全資附屬公司。除Wintime Company Limited 持有的股份及相關股份 外, Winluck Global Limited亦於本公司根據 於二零一八年五月三十日訂立之協議項下的 付款時間表將以每股股份0.80港元之兑換價 發行的本金總額70,130,060港元之可換股債 券的87,662,575股相關股份中擁有權益。 Winluck Global Limited的全部已發行股本由 魏純暹先生實益擁有。根據證券及期貨條 例,Winluck Global Limited被視為於Wintime Company Limited持有的股份及相關股份中 擁有權益,而魏純暹先生被視為於Wintime Company Limited及Winluck Global Limited持 有的股份及相關股份中擁有權益。

附註2:該811.738.927股股份由港鋭國際投資(香 港)有限公司持有。港鋭國際投資(香港)有 限公司由北京國鋭房地產開發有限公司及 Future Glow Ventures Inc. 分別擁有90%及 10%權益。Future Glow Ventures Inc.由獨立 第三方全資擁有。北京國鋭房地產開發有限 公司由北京國鋭控股有限公司全資擁有,而 北京國鋭控股有限公司由魏純暹先生及孫仲 民先生分別直接擁有約91%及9%權益。根據 證券及期貨條例,北京國鋭房地產開發有限 公司、北京國鋭控股有限公司魏純暹先生各 自被視為於港鋭國際投資(香港)有限公司所 持有之股份中擁有權益。

附註3: Silky Apex Limited於本公司根據於二零一八 年五月三十日訂立之協議項下的付款時間 表將以每股股份0.80港元之兑換價發行的 本金總額6,935,940港元之可換股債券的 8,669,925 股相關股份中擁有權益。 Silky Apex Limited由孫仲民先生擁有100%權益, 而根據證券及期貨條例,孫仲民先生被視為 於Silky Apex持有的相關股份中擁有權益。

董事局報告書

Note 4: Mr. Sun Zhongmin is interested in 109,086,735 underlying shares pursuant to convertible bonds in the principle amount of HK\$87,269,388 issued by the Company at the conversion price of HK\$0.80 per share on 17 August 2018.

Note 5: These shares represent the share options granted by the Company under the share option scheme of the Company on 20 June 2018.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2020, none of the Directors nor the chief executive of the Company had or was deemed to have any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) (a) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code contained in the Listing Rules.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND **SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES**

To the best of the Directors' knowledge, as at 31 December 2020, the following persons (not being Directors or chief executive of the Company) had, or were deemed to have, interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO:

附註4:於二零一八年八月十七日,本公司按每股 0.80港元的轉換價就本金總額87.269.388港 元的可換股債券發行109.086.735股相關股 份,而孫仲民先生於該等股份中擁有權益。

附計5:該等股份根據公司的購股權計劃於二零一八 年六月二十日代表公司授予購股權。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二零年十二月 三十一日,本公司董事及最高行政人員概無於 本公司及其相關法團(定義見證券及期貨條例 第XV部)之股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有或 被視作擁有:(a)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第 7及第8分部須知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益 或淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例之該等條文 被當作或被視作擁有之權益或淡倉);或(b)根 據證券及期貨條例第352條須予記入該條文所 述登記冊之任何權益或淡倉;或(c)根據上市規 則內所載標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所之任 何權益或淡倉。

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關 股份之權益及淡倉

就董事所知,於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 以下本公司董事或最高行政人員以外的人士, 在股份及相關股份中擁有或被視為擁有權益或 淡倉,而此等權益或淡倉根據證券及期貨條例 第XV部第2及第3分部須向本公司及聯交所披 露,或一如本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336 條而備存的登記冊所載錄者:

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS **董事局**報告書

LONG POSITIONS IN SHARES AND **UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY:**

於本公司股份及相關股份之好倉:

Name	Capacity	Number of ordinary shares held	Number of underlying shares held	Total interests as percentage of the total number of issued shares 權益總額
名稱	身份	持有普通股數目	持有相關 股份數目	佔已發行股份 總數之百分比
Wintime Company Limited (Note 1) Wintime Company Limited (附註1)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,434,421,537	_	44.83%
	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	_	1,254,654,765	39.22%
Winluck Global Limited (Note 1) Winluck Global Limited (附註1)	Interest in Controlled Corporation 受控法團之實益	1,434,421,537	_	44.83%
	Interest in Controlled Corporation 受控法團之實益	_	1,254,654,765	39.22%
	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	_	87,662,575	2.74%
Gang Rui International Investment (HK) Limited (Note 2)	Beneficial owner	811,738,927 (L)	_	25.37%
港鋭國際投資(香港)有限公司 <i>(附註2)</i>	實益擁有人			
Beijing Guorui Real Estate Development Co., Ltd* (Note 2) 北京國鋭房地產開發有限公司(附註2)	Interest in Controlled Corporation	811,738,927 (L)	_	25.37%
	受控法團之實益			
Beijing Guorui Holdings Co., Ltd* <i>(Note 2)</i> 北京國鋭控股有限公司 <i>(附註2)</i>	Interest in Controlled Corporation 受控法團之實益	811,738,927 (L)	_	25.37%

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Note 1: Wintime Company Limited is interested in 1,434,421,537 shares and 1,254,654,765 underlying shares pursuant to convertible bonds in the principal amount of HK\$1,003,723,812 issued by the Company at conversion price of HK\$0.80 per share on 17 August 2018. Wintime Company Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Winluck Global Limited. Apart from the shares and underlying shares held by Wintime Company Limited, Winluck Global Limited is also interested in 87,662,575 underlying shares pursuant to convertible bonds in the principal amount of HK\$70,130,060 to be issued by the Company at conversion price of HK\$0.80 per share pursuant to the payment schedule under the agreement entered on 30 May 2018. The entire issued share capital of Winluck Global Limited is beneficially owned by Mr. Wei Chunxian. Winluck Global Limited is deemed to be interested in the shares and underlying shares held by Wintime Company Limited, and Mr. Wei Chunxian is deemed to be interested in the shares and underlying shares held by Wintime Company Limited and Winluck Global Limited under the SFO.

Note 2: 811,738,927 shares are held by Gang Rui International Investment (HK) Limited. Gang Rui International Investment (HK) Limited is owned as to 90% and 10% by Beijing Guorui Real Estate Development Co. Limited* (北京國鋭房地產開發有限公司) and Future Glow Ventures Inc. respectively. Future Glow Ventures Inc. is wholly-owned by an independent third party. Beijing Guorui Real Estate Development Co. Limited* (北京國鋭房地產開發有限公司) is wholly-owned by Beijing Guorui Holdings Co. Limited* (北京國鋭控 股有限公司) which is directly owned by Mr. Wei Chunxian and Mr. Sun Zhongmin as to approximately 91% and 9%, respectively. Each of Beijing Guorui Real Estate Development Co. Limited* (北京國鋭 房地產開發有限公司), Beijing Guorui Holdings Co. Limited* (北京國 鋭控股有限公司), and Mr. Wei Chunxian is deemed to be interested in the shares held by Gang Rui International Investment (HK) Limited under the SFO.

附註1: Wintime Company Limited於本公司在二零 一八年八月十七日按兑換價每股0.80港元所 發行本金總額1.003.723.812港元之可換股債 券的1.434.421.537股股份及1.254.654.765 股相關股份中擁有權益。Wintime Company Limited為Winluck Global Limited之全資附屬 公司。除Wintime Company Limited持有的 股份及相關股份外, Winluck Global Limited 亦於本公司根據於二零一八年五月三十日訂 立之協議項下的付款時間表將以兑換價每股 0.80港元所發行本金總額70,130,060港元之 可換股債券的87,662,575股相關股份中擁 有權益。Winluck Global Limited之全部已發 行股本由魏純暹先生實益擁有。根據證券及 期貨條例, Winluck Global Limited被視為於 Wintime Company Limited 所持股份及相關 股份中擁有權益,且魏純暹先生被視為於 Wintime Company Limited 及 Winluck Global Limited所持股份及相關股份中擁有權益。

附註2:該811,738,927股股份由港鋭國際投資(香 港)有限公司持有。港鋭國際投資(香港)有 限公司由北京國鋭房地產開發有限公司及 Future Glow Ventures Inc. 分別擁有90%及 10% 權益。 Future Glow Ventures Inc. 由獨 立第三方全資擁有。北京國鋭房地產開發有 限公司由北京國鋭控股有限公司全資擁有, 由魏純暹先生及孫仲民先生分別直接擁有約 91%及9%權益。根據證券及期貨條例,北京 國鋭房地產開發有限公司、北京國鋭控股有 限公司與魏純暹先生各自被視為於港鋭國際 投資(香港)有限公司所持有之股份中擁有權 益。

董事局報告書

The English names of Chinese entities marked with "*" are translations of their Chinese names and are included for identification purpose only, and should not be regarded as their official English name. In the event of any inconsistency, the Chinese name prevails.

中國實體帶有[*|的英文名稱為其中文名稱的英 譯本,僅供識別,不得視為其官方英文名稱。 如有歧義,以中文名稱為準。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2020, the Directors and the chief executive of the Company were not aware of any other person (other than the Directors and the chief executive of the Company) who had, or was deemed to have, interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

除上文所披露者外,於二零二零年十二月 三十一日,本公司董事及最高行政人員不知悉 任何其他本公司董事或最高行政人員以外的人 士,在股份及相關股份中擁有或被視為擁有權 益或淡倉,而此等權益或淡倉根據證券及期貨 條例第XV部第2及第3分部須向本公司及聯交 所披露,或一如本公司根據證券及期貨條例第 336條而備存的登記冊所載錄者。

SHARE OPTIONS

On 7 November 2016, the Company conditionally adopted the share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme"), pursuant to which the Board may, at its discretion, grant options to any Directors and any employee of the Company or the Group or any person, who, in the absolute opinion of the Board, have contributed or will contribute to the Company or the Group. The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to (i) incentivise and reward those who have contributed or may contribute to the development of the Group; and (ii) attract and retain skilled and experienced personnel and motivate them to strive for the future development of the Group by providing them with an opportunity to acquire proprietary interests in the Company thereby linking their interest with that of the Group. Unless otherwise determined by the Board in the relevant offer letter to a grantee, there is no minimum period for which any share option (the "Option(s)") must be held before it can be exercised and no performance target which needs to be achieved by a grantee before the options can be exercised. Under the Share Option Scheme, the Board will have absolute discretion in determining the subscription price (subject to the Listing Rules) in respect of any Option. The Board is of the view that the flexibility given to the Board will place the Group in a better position to incentivise or reward the Participants and retain human resources that are valuable to the growth and development of the Group as a whole.

購股權

於二零一六年十一月七日,本公司有條件採納 購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)。據此,董事局可 酌情向其全權認為對本公司或本集團作出或將 作出貢獻之本公司或本集團或任何人士任何董 事及任何僱員授予購股權。購股權計劃之目的 是(i)鼓勵及嘉許對本集團發展曾作出貢獻或可 能會作出貢獻的人士;及(ii)吸引及挽留具有技 能及經驗的人員,透過提供收購本公司產權權 益的機會激勵彼等努力為本集團未來發展付 出,以便將其利益與本集團利益連成一陣線。 除非董事局於寄予承授人之相關要約函件另 有界定,任何購股權(「購股權」)在其可予行使 前毋須持有最短期限,且承授人無需於購股權 可予行使前達到任何表現目標。根據購股權計 劃,董事局將擁有絕對酌情權釐定任何購股權 之認購價(受上市規則所規限)。董事局認為, 董事局獲授之靈活性將令本集團得以更好地激 勵或獎勵參與者並挽留對本集團之整體增長及 發展具有寶貴意義之人力資源。

董事局報告書

The subscription price shall be such price determined by the Board in its absolute discretion and notified to the Participant in the offer and shall be at least the higher of (i) the closing price of a share as stated in the daily quotations sheet issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of offer of the grant; and (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer of the grant. The consideration payable for acceptance of the option by each participant is HK\$1.00 which shall be received by the Company within such time as may be specified in the offer (which shall not be later than 21 days from, and inclusive of, the date of offer). If the participant does not accept such grant of option pursuant to the procedures specified in the respective offer letter or notice within the stipulated time frame, such option shall be regarded as unaccepted and lapsed.

認購價須為董事局全權酌情釐定之有關價格, 並於要約時通知參與者,且不低於(i)聯交所於 授出要約日期發出之每日報價表所示之每股收 市價;及(ii)聯交所於緊接授出要約日期前五個 營業日發出之每日報價表所示之股份平均收市 價之較高者。各參與者接納購股權時應付之代 價為1.00港元其將由本公司於要約可能註明的 時間內接獲(不得遲於要約日期起計二十一日 (包括當日))。倘參與者並無在指定時限內按 照相關要約函件或通告上列明之程序接納有關 授出購股權,則有關購股權須被視為不獲接納 月失效。

Following the refreshment of the scheme mandate limit by the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting dated 28 June 2019, and based on the 3,199,373,986 shares in issue at the same date, the maximum number of shares to be issued upon the exercise of options that may be granted under the Share Option Scheme are 319,937,398 shares, being approximately 10% of the shares in issue as at the date of refreshment of the scheme mandate limit. Pursuant to Rule 17.03 of the Listing Rules, the total number of shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme must not, in aggregate, exceed 10% of the shares in issue as at the date of approval of the scheme mandate limit. The Board shall not grant any options which would result in the maximum aggregate number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted but yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes adopted by the Company exceeding, in aggregate, 30% of the shares in issue from time to time. The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company to each Participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of shares in issue (the "Individual Limit"). Any further grant of options to a Participant which would result in the shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted to such Participant (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in the 12-month

於本公司股東在日期為二零一九年六月二十八 日之股東週年大會上更新計劃授權限額後,並 根據同日已發行3,199,373,986股股份,根據 購股權計劃可能授出之購股權獲行使後將予發 行的最高股份數目為319,937,398股,佔於更 新計劃授權限額日期之已發行股份的約10%, 按照上市規則第17.03條,根據購股權計劃將 授出之所有購股權獲行使而可能發行之股份總 數,合共不得超過本公司於批准購股權計劃當 日已發行股份之10%。董事局不得授出任何購 股權,導致根據購股權計劃及本公司採納之任 何其他購股權計劃已授出但尚未行使之所有購 股權獲行使而可能發行之股份最高數目合共超 過不時已發行股份之30%。於任何12個月期 間,根據本公司購股權計劃及任何其他購股權 計劃向各參與者授出之購股權(包括已行使及 尚未行使購股權)獲行使而發行及將予發行之 股份總數,不得超過已發行股份總數之1%(「個 人上限」)。如向某參與者進一步授出購股權, 將導致於直至及包括該次進一步授出購股權當 日止12個月期間,向及將向該參與者授出之全 部購股權(包括已行使、已註銷及尚未行使購 股權)獲行使而發行及將予發行之股份超過個 人上限,則須經股東於股東大會上批准,而該 參與者及其緊密聯繫人(或倘該參與者為關連 人士,則其聯繫人)須於該股東大會上放棄投

period up to and including the date of such further grant exceeding the Individual Limit shall be subject to approval of the Shareholders in general meeting with such Participant and his close associates (or his associates if such Participant is a connected person) abstaining from voting. An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time during a period as the Board may determine which shall not exceed 10 years from the date of grant subject to the provisions of early termination thereof.

票。購股權可於董事局可能釐定而不得超過授 出日期起計十年期間內,在有關提前終止條文 之規限下隨時根據購股權計劃之條款行使。

The Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years commencing from the date of adoption of the Share Option Scheme.

購股權計劃有效日期自購股權計劃採納日期起 計十年。

Number of Options

				購股權數目			_		
		Outstanding				Outstanding			Exercise
		at				at			price per
	Nature of	1 January			Cancelled/	31 December			share
Name(s)	interest	2020	Granted	Exercised	Lapsed	2020	Date of grant	Exercise period	(HK\$)
		於二零二零年				於二零二零年			
		一月一日			已註銷/	十二月三十一日			每股行使價
姓名	權益性質	尚未行使	已授出	已行使	已失效	尚未行使	授出日期	行使期	(港元)

Director(s) 董事									
Liu Shuhua	Personal	5,020,500	-	_	_	5,020,500	20 June 2018	20 June 2018 to	0.827
								19 June 2023	
劉淑華	個人						於二零一八年	二零一八年	
							六月二十日	六月二十日至	
								二零二三年	
								六月十九日	

Note: All of the Options granted have no vesting period or vesting condition.

附註: 所有已授出的購股權並無歸屬期或歸屬條 件。

On 20 June 2018, the Company granted 5,000,000 Options to Ms. Liu Shuhua, an executive Director and the chief executive officer of the Company under the Share Option Scheme, with exercise price of HK\$0.83. Following the completion of the open offer, the exercise price and the number of shares to be allotted and issued upon exercise in full of the subscription rights attaching to the outstanding Options were adjusted to HK\$0.827 and 5,020,500 shares respectively, with effect from 24 July 2018.

於二零一八年六月二十日,本公司根據購股權 計劃按行使價為0.83港元向本公司執行董事兼 行政總裁劉淑華女士授出5,000,000份購股權。 公開發售完成後,尚未行使購股權附帶之認購 權獲悉數行使時將予配發及發行股份之行使價 調整為0.827港元,股份數目調整為5,020,500 股,自二零一八年七月二十四日起生效。

CONNECTED TRANSACTION AND CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the Year, the Group entered into certain transactions which constituted connected transaction and continuing connected transactions (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company, the details of which are set out below.

The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed and confirmed that the continuing connected transactions undertaken by the Group were entered into (a) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group; (b) either on normal commercial terms or better; and (c) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing the transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

The auditor of the Company has also confirmed that nothing has come to the auditor's attention that causes it to believe that the continuing connected transactions (a) have not been approved by the Board; (b) were not, in all material aspects, in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group; (c) were not entered into in accordance with the relevant agreements governing such transactions, in all material respects; and (d) have exceeded the respective caps as aforesaid, where applicable.

The Company confirms that it has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules insofar as they are applicable.

關連交易及持續關連交易

於本年度,本集團進行若干構成本公司關連交 易及持續關連交易(按上市規則之定義)之交 易,有關詳情載列如下。

獨立非執行董事已經審核本集團所進行之持續 關連交易,並確認該等交易是:(a)在本集團的 日常業務中訂立; (b)按照一般商務條款或更 佳條款進行;及(c)根據有關交易的協議進行, 條款公平合理, 並且符合本公司股東的整體利

本公司核數師亦已經確認,核數師並無注意到 任何事情,可使他們認為有關持續關連交易: (a)並未獲董事局批准;(b)在各重大方面沒有按 照本集團的定價政策進行;(c)在各重大方面沒 有根據有關交易的協議進行;及(d)超逾上述各 有關上限(如適用)。

根據上市規則第14A章,本公司確認其已遵守 適用披露規定。

- **Continuing connected transactions and** A. connected transaction subject to the reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the **Listing Rules**
 - Heat supply and property management services (1) provided by AOCEAN Property Management to Beijing Guorui Group

During the Year, 北京澳西物業管理有限公司 (Beijing AOCEAN Property Management Company Limited* or "AOCEAN Property Management"), a whollyowned subsidiary of the Company, provided heat supply and maintenance and property management services to a total of 1,893 property units of Beijing Guorui Group (Note 1) with a total floor area of approximately 205,196 square metres.

The 2018 New Heat Supply Services Agreement, the 2018 New Property Management Agreement and the 2018 Kingdom Guorui Sales Office Management Agreement all entered into between AOCEAN Property Management and Beijing Guorui Property (Note 1) on 20 October 2017 (with details set out below) have expired on 31 December 2020.

In order to continue the provision of services by AOCEAN Property Management to Beijing Gruorui Group, on 2 November 2020, AOCEAN Property Management and Beijing Guorui Property (for itself and for and on behalf of Beijing Guorui Group) entered into the 2021 New Heat Supply Services Agreement and the 2021 New Property Management Agreement (with details set out below). Such agreements have been approved by independent shareholders of the Company on 23 December 2020 and became effective on 1 January 2021.

- 須遵守上市規則第14A章有關申 A. 報、公告及獨立股東批准規定的持 續關連交易及關連交易
 - 澳西物業管理為北京國銳集團提 (1) 供供暖以及物業管理服務

於年度內,北京澳西物業管理有 限公司(「澳西物業管理」)(其為 本公司之全資附屬公司)為北京 國鋭集團(附註1)合共1,893個物 業單位(總樓面面積約205,196平 方米)提供供暖及維修以及物業 管理服務。

澳西物業管理與北京國鋭(附註 1)於二零一七年十月二十日(詳 情載於下文)訂立之二零一八年 新供暖服務協議、二零一八年新 物業管理協議及二零一八年國 鋭●金嵿銷售辦事處管理協議均 已於二零二零年十二月三十一日 到期。

為繼續由澳西物業管理向北京國 鋭集團提供服務,於二零二零年 十一月二日,澳西物業管理與北 京國鋭(為其本身及代表北京國 鋭集團)訂立二零二一年新供暖 服務協議及二零二一年新物業管 理協議(詳情載於下文)。該等協 議已於二零二零年十二月二十三 日獲本公司獨立股東批准,並於 二零二一年一月一日生效。

董事局報告書

2018 New Heat Supply Services Agreement

Date: 20 October 2017

Parties: AOCEAN Property Management

> (ii) Beijing Guorui Property (for itself and for and on behalf of the Beijing Guorui Group)

(Note 1)

Term: From 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2020

(both days inclusive)

Nature of Transactions:

AOCEAN Property Management shall provide heat supply services to the members of Beijing Guorui Group. AOCEAN Property Management's responsibilities include (i) overseeing the daily operation and provision of repair and maintenance services of the heat exchange station and facilities and the pipeline network located in the property projects developed by Beijing Guorui Group, namely Fortune Street Phase One* (財滿街一 期), Fortune Street Phase Two* (財滿街二期) and Rui City International Building* (鋭城國際 大廈) in Chaoyang District, Beijing, Kingdom Guorui* (國鋭•金嵿) in Daxing District, Beijing, and North Garden* (北花園) at Gaobeidian, Chaoyang District, Beijing; and (ii) ensuring that the heat supply complies with governmental guidelines and standards, etc.

AOCEAN Property Management charges the individual owners/tenants of the property units directly for those units which are occupied. The relevant members of the Beijing Guorui Group will be responsible for the fees of the vacant units or units occupied by Beijing Guorui Group within the aforesaid property projects

Fees:

Residential properties: RMB18 to RMB30 per square meter per heat supply season depending on the property project, payable on

annual basis

Commercial properties: RMB25.2 to RMB50.4 per square meter per heat supply season depending on the property project, payable on annual basis

二零一八年新供暖服務協議

二零一十年十月二十日 日期:

訂約方: (i) 澳西物業管理

> (ii) 北京國鋭(為其本身 及代表北京國鋭集 團)(附註1)

年期: 自二零一八年一月一日至

> 二零二零年十二月三十一 日(包括首尾兩日)

交易性質:

澳西物業管理須向北京國 鋭集團成員公司提供供暖 服務。澳西物業管理之責 任包括:(i)監督位於北京 國锐集團所發展之物業項 目(即北京朝陽區財滿街 一期*、財滿街二期*及鋭 城國際大廈*、北京大興 區國鋭●金嵿* 以及北京 朝陽區高碑店北花園*)的 換熱站及設施以及管道網 絡的日常運作以及提供維 修保養之服務;及(ii)確保 所提供之暖氣符合政府指 引及標準等。

有關已佔用物業單位,澳 西物業管理直接向物業單 位之個別業主/租戶收取 費用。北京國鋭集團有關 成員公司將負責上述物業 項目內空置單位或北京國 鋭集團所佔用單位之費用

費用:

住宅物業:根據物業項 目,每個供暖季節每平方 米人民幣18元至人民幣 30元,其須每年支付

商用物業:根據物業項 目,每個供暖季節每平方 米人民幣25.2元至人民幣 50.4元,其須每年支付

董事局報告書

Transaction RMB4,928,000 (equivalent to approximately amount during HK\$5,540,731)

the Year:

Annual cap: For the three years ended 31 December 2020

are RMB8,596,000, RMB9,456,000 and

RMB10,401,000, respectively

* For identification purpose only

The transaction was announced by the Company in its announcement dated 20 October 2017 and approved by independent shareholders at the general meeting of the Company held on 19 December 2017.

The 2018 New Heat Supply Services Agreement has expired on 31 December 2020.

2018 New Property Management Agreement

Date: 20 October 2017

Parties: (1) AOCEAN Property Management

> (2) Beijing Guorui Property (for itself and for and on behalf of the Beijing Guorui Group)

(Note 1)

Term: From 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2020

(both days inclusive)

Premises: Fortune Street Phase One* (財滿街一期),

> Fortune Street Phase Two* (財滿街二期), Rui City International Building* (鋭城國際大廈), GOLDEN TOWER* (金長安大廈) in Chaoyang District, Beijing, and Kingdom Guorui* (國銳• 金嵿), Fairyland (國鋭境界) in Miyun, Beijing at Daxing District, Beijing, and North Garden* (北 花園) at Gaobeidian, Chaoyang District, Beijing

Nature of Transactions:

AOCEAN Property Management is responsible for (i) safekeeping of the keys of the vacant units; (ii) carrying out monthly inspections of the vacant units and keeping records accordingly; (iii) carrying out monthly cleaning of the vacant units; and (iv) inspecting the vacant units during bad weather conditions; (v) providing security services; and (vi) maintaining and managing facilities and assets for public use, etc.

於本年度 人民幣4,928,000元(相當

交易金額: 於約5.540.731港元)

全年上限: 截至二零二零年十二月

> 三十一日 止三個年度: 分別為人民幣8,596,000 元、人民幣9,456,000元 及人民幣10.401.000元

* 僅供識別

該交易發表於本公司日期為二零 一十年十月二十日之公佈並經獨 立股東於本公司二零一七年十二 月十九日召開之股東大會上批 准。

二零一八年新供暖服務協議已於 二零二零年十二月三十一日到 期。

二零一八年新物業管理協議

日期: 二零一七年十月二十日

(1) 澳西物業管理 訂約方:

> (2) 北京國鋭(為其本身 及代表北京國鋭集 團)(附註1)

年期: 自二零一八年一月一日至

二零二零年十二月三十一 日(包括首尾兩日)

北京朝陽區財滿街一期 物業:

> *、財滿街二期*、鋭城國 際大廈*、金長安大廈*、 北京大興區北京密雲國 鋭•金演*、國鋭境界以 及北京朝陽區高碑店北花

園*

交易性質: 澳西物業管理負責:(1)保

管空置單位之鑰匙;(ii)每 月視察空置單位及作出相 應記錄;(iii)每月清潔空 置單位; (iv)於惡劣天氣 狀況下視察空置單位; (v) 提供保安服務;及(vi)維 護和管理公共設施及資產

等

董事局報告書

Moreover, for particular property units, AOCEAN Property Management will also provide initial clean up services after completion of their construction (the "Initial Clean Up Services").

費用: 視乎不同種類之商業及住

宅物業單位,管理費介平 每月每平方米人民幣1.25 元至人民幣32.0元之間,

此外,就特定物業單位而

言,澳西物業管理亦將於

建築完工後提供初始清潔

服務(「初始清潔服務」)。

其須每季支付

就初始清潔服務而言,澳 西物業管理將收取費用, 乃根據其實際產生的支出 加利潤率10%計算。

於本年度 人民幣31,643,000元(相 交易金額: 當於約35.577.385港元)

全年上限: 截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日 上三個年度: 分別為人民幣54,620,000 元、人民幣60.083.000元

及人民幣66,091,000元

* 僅供識別

該交易發表於本公司日期為二零 一七年十月二十日之公佈並經獨 立股東於本公司二零一七年十二 月十九日召開之股東大會上批 准。

二零一八年新物業管理協議已於 二零二零年十二月三十一日到 期。

Fees:

The management fee ranges from RMB1.25 to RMB32.0 per square meter per month for different types of commercial and residential property units, payable on a quarterly basis

For the Initial Clean Up Services, AOCEAN Property Management charges a fee calculated based on its actually incurred disbursement

plus a margin of 10%.

Transaction

RMB31,643,000 (equivalent to approximately

amount during HK\$35,577,385)

the Year:

For the three years ended 31 December 2020 Annual cap:

are RMB54,620,000, RMB60,083,000 and

RMB66,091,000, respectively

* For identification purpose only

The transaction was announced by the Company in its announcement dated 20 October 2017 and approved by independent shareholders at the general meeting of the Company held on 19 December 2017.

The 2018 New Property Management Agreement has expired on 31 December 2020.

處管理協議

日期:

訂約方:

董事局報告書

2018 Kingdom Guorui Sales Office Management Agreement

Date: 20 October 2017 二零一七年十月二十日

二零一八年國鋭 • 金诣銷售辦事

Parties: (1) AOCEAN Property Management (2) Beijing Guorui Property (Note 1)

(1) 澳西物業管理 (2) 北京國鋭(附註1)

Term: From 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2020 年期: 二零一八年一月一日至二

(both days inclusive)

零二零年十二月三十一日 (首尾兩日包括在內)

Premises: Kingdom Guorui* (國鋭•金嵿) — sales office 物業: 北京市大興區北京經濟技

and ancillary areas at Beijing Economic and Technological Development Area, Daxing

District, Beijing

術開發區國鋭 ● 金嵿*銷

售辦事處及附屬地方

Nature of Transactions:

AOCEAN Property Management is responsible for (i)welcoming and arranging customers to visit the show flats; (ii) coordinating services

related to sales activities; (iii) the security, hygiene and concierge services of the property; (iv) the daily operation, management and maintenance of the common parts including the restaurants, bars and other amenities facilities and common facilities; (v) maintenance of the hygiene and security of the common parts of the property; (vi) refuse collection and disposal;

(vii) maintenance and management of the

greenery of the property, and so on.

交易性質: 澳西物業管理負責:(i)迎

接及安排客人參觀示範單 位;(ii)統籌有關銷售活動 的服務;(iii)有關物業之保 安、衛生及禮賓服務;(iv) 公共地方之日常運作、管 理及保養,包括餐廳、酒 吧及其他康樂設施及公共 設施:(v)保持有關物業之 公共地方的衛生及保安; (vi)收集垃圾及處置; (vii) 保養及管理有關物業之綠

化地帶等。

算:

費用:

Fees: Beijing Guorui Property shall bear the

following expenses, disbursements, costs and fees, which are paid by AOCEAN Property Management in advance and settled between

the parties quarterly:

the expenses incurred in the course of providing services to the property,

including all supplies, materials and labour costs:

就有關物業提供服務 的過程中所招致的 開支,包括所有供應 品、材料及人工成 本;

北京國鋭須承擔以下開

支、開銷、成本及費用,

其先由澳西物業管理支

付,並由有關各方每季結

(ii) disbursements including the costs incurred for external wall cleaning, floor brightening, maintenance of the exterior greenery as well as power charges and replacement costs of facilities;

(ii) 開銷,包括就清潔外 牆、地板打蠟、保養 室外綠化地帶所招致 的成本,以及電費及 設施更換成本;

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(iii) the costs of acquiring the fixed assets, equipment and facilities necessary for the additional services if Beijing Guorui Property requests AOCEAN Property Management to provide additional services or themed activities related to sales; and

(iv) the relevant taxation and profit margin of 10% over the actual costs and expenses incurred in the course of managing the property.

Transaction RMB3,480,000 (equivalent to approximately amount during HK\$3,912,692) the Year:

For the three years ending 31 December Annual cap:

2020 are RMB6.160.000, RMB6.776.000 and

RMB7,454,000, respectively

* For identification purpose only

The transaction was announced by the Company in its announcement dated 20 October 2017 and approved by independent shareholders at the general meeting of the Company held on 19 December 2017.

The 2018 Kingdom Guorui Sales Office Management Agreement has expired on 31 December 2020.

2021 New Heat Supply Services Agreement

2 November 2020 Date:

Parties: (i) AOCEAN Property Management

> (ii) Beijing Guorui Property (for itself and for and on behalf of the Beijing Guorui Group) (Note 1)

Term: From 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2023

(both days inclusive)

(iii) (倘若北京國鋭要求 澳西物業管理提供 額外服務或有關銷售 的主題活動)就額外 服務購買所需固定資 產、設備及設施之成 本;及

(iv) 在管理有關物業的過 程中所招致的有關税 項及實際成本及開支 的10%的利潤。

於本年度 人民幣3.480.000元(相當 交易金額: 於約3.912.692港元)

截至二零二零年十二月 全年上限: 三十一日止三個年度:

分別為人民幣6.160.000 元、人民幣6.776.000元 及人民幣7,454,000元

* 僅供識別

該交易發表於本公司日期為二零 一七年十月二十日之公佈並經獨 立股東於本公司二零一七年十二 月十九日召開之股東大會上批 准。

二零一八年國瑞 • 金嵿銷售辦事 處管理協議於二零二零年十二月 三十一日到期。

二零二一年新供暖服務協議

日期: 二零二零年十一月二日

訂約方: (i) 澳西物業管理

> (ii) 北京國鋭(為其本身 及代表北京國鋭集 團)(附註1)

年期: 自二零二一年一月一日至 二零二三年十二月三十一

日(包括首尾兩日)

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Nature of Transactions:

AOCEAN Property Management shall provide heat supply and maintenance services to the members of Beijing Guorui Group. AOCEAN Property Management's responsibilities include (i) overseeing the daily operation and provision of repair and maintenance services of the heat exchange station and facilities and the pipeline network located in the property projects developed by Beijing Guorui Group, namely Fortune Street Phase One* (財滿街 一期), Fortune Street Phase Two* (財滿街二 期), Fortune Street Phase Three* (財滿街三期) and Golden Tower* (金長安大廈) in Chaoyang District, Beijing; Guorui Square* (國鋭廣場) and Kingdom Guorui* (國鋭•金嵿) in Daxing District, Beijing; and North Garden* (北花園) at Gaobeidian, Chaoyang District, Beijing; and (ii) ensuring that the heat supply complies with governmental guidelines and standards, etc.

AOCEAN Property Management charges the individual owners/tenants of the property units directly for those units which are occupied. The relevant members of the Beijing Guorui Group will be responsible for the fees of the vacant units or units occupied by Beijing Guorui Group within the aforesaid property projects

Fees:

Residential properties: RMB18 to RMB30 per square meter per heat supply season depending on the property project, payable on annual basis

Commercial properties: RMB25.2 to RMB50.4 per square meter per heat supply season depending on the property project, payable on annual basis

Annual cap:

For the three years ending 31 December 2021 are RMB10,000,000, RMB11,000,000 and

RMB12,100,000, respectively

* For identification purpose only

The transaction was announced by the Company in its announcements dated 2 November 2020. 23 November 2020, 4 December 2020 and 23 December 2020 and approved by independent shareholders at the general meeting of the Company held on 23 December 2020.

交易性質:

澳西物業管理須向北京國 锐集團成員公司提供供暖 及維修服務。澳西物業管 理之責任包括:(i)監督位 於北京國鋭集團所發展之 物業項目(即北京朝陽區 財滿街一期*、財滿街二 期*、財滿街三期及金長 安大廈*;北京大興區國 鋭•金嵿*;以及北京朝 陽區高碑店北花園*)的換 熱站及設施以及管道網絡 的日常運作以及提供維修 保養之服務;及(ii)確保所 提供之暖氣符合政府指引 及標準等。

有關已佔用物業單位,澳 西物業管理直接向物業單 位之個別業主/租戶收取 費用。北京國鋭集團有關 成員公司將負責上述物業 項目內空置單位或北京國 锐集團所佔用單位之費用

費用:

住宅物業:根據物業項 目,每個供暖季節每平方 米人民幣18元至人民幣 30元,其須每年支付

商用物業:根據物業項 目,每個供暖季節每平方 米人民幣25.2元至人民幣 50.4元,其須每年支付

截至二零二一年十二月 全年上限:

三十一日止三個年度: 分別為人民幣10,000,000 元、人民幣11.000.000元 及人民幣12,100,000元

* 僅供識別

該交易發表於本公司日期為二零 二零年十一月二日、二零二零 年十一月二十三日、二零二零年 十二月四日及二零二零年十二月 二十三日之公佈並經獨立股東於 本公司二零二零年十二月二十三 日召開之股東大會ト批准。

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2021 New Property Management Agreement

2 November 2020 Date:

Parties: (1) AOCEAN Property Management

> (2) Beijing Guorui Property (for itself and for and on behalf of the Beijing Guorui Group)

> > (Note 1)

Term: From 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2023

(both days inclusive)

Fortune Street Phase One* (財滿街一期). Premises:

> Fortune Street Phase Two* (財滿街二期), Fortune Street Phase Three* (財滿街三期) and Golden Tower* (金長安大廈) in Chaoyang District, Beijing; Guorui Square* (國鋭廣場), and Kingdom Guorui* (國鋭•金演) in Daxing District, Beijing; North Garden* (北花園) at Gaobeidian, Chaoyang District, Beijing; and Project Majuqiao* (馬駒橋項目) at Tongzhou District,

Beijing

Nature of AOCEAN Property Management is responsible Transactions:

for (i) safekeeping of the keys of the vacant units; (ii) carrying out monthly inspections of the vacant units and keeping records accordingly; (iii) carrying out monthly cleaning of the vacant units; (iv) inspecting the vacant units during bad weather conditions; (v) providing security services; and (vi) maintaining and managing

facilities and assets for public use, etc.

Moreover, for particular property units, AOCEAN Property Management will also provide initial clean up services after completion

of their construction (the "Initial Clean Up

Services").

Fees: The management fee ranges from RMB0.49

> to RMB33.6 per square meter per month for different types of property units, payable on an

annual basis

二零二一年新物業管理協議

二零二零年十一月二日 日期:

訂約方: (1) 澳西物業管理

> (2) 北京國鋭(為其本身 及代表北京國鋭集

團)(附註1)

年期: 自二零二一年一月一日至

> 二零二三年十二月三十一 日(包括首尾兩日)

物業: 北京朝陽區財滿街一期*、

> 財滿街二期*、財滿街三 期*及金長安大廈*;北 京大興區國鋭廣場*及國 鋭•金嵿*;北京朝陽區 高碑店北花園*;及北京 通州區馬駒橋項目*

交易性質:

澳西物業管理負責:(i)保 管空置單位之鑰匙;(ii)每 月視察空置單位及作出相

應記錄;(iii)每月清潔空 置單位; (iv)於惡劣天氣 狀況下視察空置單位; (v) 提供保安服務;及(vi)維 護和管理公共設施及資產

此外,就特定物業單位而 言,澳西物業管理亦將於 建築完工後提供初始清潔

服務(「初始清潔服務」)。

費用: 視乎不同種類之物業單

> 位,管理費介平每月每平 方米人民幣0.49元至人民 幣33.6元之間,其須每年

支付

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For the Initial Clean Up Services, AOCEAN Property Management charges a fee calculated based on its actually incurred disbursement plus a margin of 10%.

Annual cap:

For the three years ending 31 December 2021 are RMB47,500,000, RMB52,250,000 and RMB57,475,000, respectively

* For identification purpose only

The transaction was announced by the Company in its announcements dated 2 November 2020, 23 November 2020, 4 December 2020 and 23 December 2020 and approved by independent shareholders at the general meeting of the Company held on 23 December 2020.

For details of the 2021 New Heat Supply Services Agreement and the 2021 New Property Management Agreement, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 2 November 2020, 23 November 2020, 4 December 2020 and 23 December 2020 and the circular of the Company dated 4 December 2020.

Note 1: 北京國鋭房地產開發公司(Beijing Guorui Property Development Company Limited*, or "Beijing Guorui Property", which together with its subsidiaries and associates, as the "Beijing Guorui Group") is a connected person of the Company by virtue of Mr. Wei Chunxian (the chairman of the Board, executive Director and the controlling shareholder of the Company) being the ultimate beneficial owner of approximately 91% equity interest in Beijing Guorui Property (the remaining equity interest of approximately 9% being indirectly held by Mr. Sun Zhongmin (an executive director of the Company)), and Ms. Liu Shuhua (an executive director of the Company) being a director of Beijing Guorui Property.

就初始清潔服務而言,澳 西物業管理將收取費用, 乃根據其實際產生的支出 加利潤率10%計算。

截至二零二一年十二月 全年上限:

> 三十一日止三個年度: 分別為人民幣47,500,000 元、人民幣52,250,000元 及人民幣57,475,000元

* 僅供識別

該交易發表於本公司日期為二零 二零年十一月二日、二零二零 年十一月二十三日、二零二零年 十二月四日及二零二零年十二月 二十三日之公佈並經獨立股東於 本公司二零二零年十二月二十三 日召開之股東大會上批准。

有關二零二一年新供暖服務協議 及二零二一年新物業管理協議 之詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二 零二零年十一月二日、二零二零 年十一月二十三日、二零二零年 十二月四日及二零二零年十二月 二十三日之公佈以及本公司日期 為二零二零年十二月四日之通 函。

附註1:因為本公司董事局主席、執 行董事兼控股股東魏純暹先 生為北京國鋭房地產開發有 限公司(「北京國鋭」, 連同 其附屬公司及聯營公司統稱 為「北京國鋭集團」)約91% 股權之最終實益擁有人(其 餘約9%股權則由本公司執 行董事孫仲民先生間接持 有)及本公司執行董事劉淑 華女士為北京國鋭之董事, 因此,北京國鋭為本公司之 關連人士。

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(2) Renewed Guorui Hotel Tenancy Agreement I

As disclosed in the announcements of the Company dated 16 July 2019 and 1 August 2019, Beijing Shengyu Technology Development Co., Ltd.* (北 京勝域科技發展有限公司), a company of which 91% interest indirectly held by Mr. Wei Chunxian ("WE PRC Subsidiary B") and Beijing Guorui Hotel Management Co., Ltd.* (北京國鋭酒店管理有限 公司), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("Guorui Hotel Management") had entered into the Guorui Hotel Management Tenancy Agreement I, which expired on 31 July 2019. On 1 August 2019, WE PRC Subsidiary B and Guorui Hotel Management had entered into the Renewed Guorui Hotel Tenancy Agreement I to renew the Guorui Hotel Tenancy Agreement I.

1 August 2019 Date:

Landlord: WE PRC Subsidiary B

Tenant: Guorui Hotel Management

Premises: No. 101-102 of the 1st Floor, No. 101-103

> of the 1st Floor of Basement, No. 201-210 of the 2nd floor of Basement, No.3 of Building 1, Ronghua South Road, Beijing Economic and Technological Development Zone, Beijing, the PRC* (北京市北京經濟技 術開發區榮華南路1號院3號樓一層101-102 號、負一層101-103號、負二層201-210號)

Gross floor area: 23,525.54 square meters

經重續國銳酒店租賃協議一 (2)

誠如本公司日期為二零一九年七 月十六日及二零一九年八月一日 之公佈所披露,北京勝域科技發 展有限公司(「WE中國附屬公司 B」, 魏純暹先生間接持有其91% 的權益)及北京國鋭酒店管理有 限公司(「國鋭酒店管理」,本公 司的全資附屬公司)已訂立國鋭 酒店租賃協議一,該協議於二零 一九年七月三十一日到期。於二 零一九年八月一日,WE中國附 屬公司B及國鋭酒店管理已訂立 經重續國鋭酒店租賃協議一,以 重續國鋭酒店租賃協議一。

日期: 二零一九年八月一日

房東: WE中國附屬公司B

租戶: 國鋭酒店管理

物業: 中國北京市北京經濟技術開

> 發區榮華南路1號院3號樓一 層101-102號、負一層101-103號、負二層201-210號

總樓面 23,525.54平方米

面積:

Term: From 1 August 2019 to 31 July 2022 年期: 二零一九年八月一日至二零

二二年七月三十一日

RMB846,919.44 per month (equivalent 和金: 每月人民幣846,919.44元 Rent:

(相當於約965,488.16港 元),須每月提前支付

經重續國鋭酒店租賃協議一

的每月租金由訂約方參考

(其中包括)附近類似物業的

現時市場租金釐定。

payable monthly in advance

The monthly rental payment of the Renewed Guorui Hotel Tenancy Agreement I was determined between the parties with reference to, among other things, the current market rent for similar properties in

to approximately HK\$965,488.16)to be

the vicinity.

Total rental payment RMB30,489,099.84 (equivalent to

payable during approximately HK\$34,757,573.82)

the term:

Usage: Office and operation

The Company recognized the total rental fees payable under the Renewed Guorui Hotel Tenancy Agreement I as the value of the right-of-use assets on the financial statements of the Group in accordance with HKFRS 16 "Leases". Accordingly, the transactions contemplated under the Renewed Guorui Hotel Tenancy Agreement I are regarded as an acquisition of asset by Guorui Hotel Management for the purpose of the Listing Rules.

於年期內 人民幣30.489.099.84元(相 應付的 當於約34,757,573.82港元) 租金總額:

用涂: 辦公及營運

本公司將根據香港財務報告準則 第16號「租賃」於本集團財務報表 確認經重續國鋭酒店租賃協議一 項下應付租賃費用總額為使用權 資產的價值。因此,就上市規則 而言,經重續國鋭酒店租賃協議 一項下擬進行之交易將被視為國 鋭酒店管理的資產收購。

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Since WE PRC Subsidiary B is a company indirectly held by Mr. Wei Chunxian as to 91% and therefore an associate of Mr. Wei Chunxian, the Renewed Guorui Hotel Tenancy Agreement I and the transactions contemplated thereunder constituted an acquisition of assets from connected person under the Listing Rules.

As Mr. Wei Chunxian and Mr. Sun Zhongmin are considered having a material interest in the Renewed Guorui Hotel Tenancy Agreement I, they had abstained from voting at the Board resolutions approving the Renewed Guorui Hotel Tenancy Agreement I and the transactions contemplated thereunder.

Since the applicable percentage ratios set out in Rule 14.07 of the Listing Rules in respect of the transaction contemplated under the Renewed Guorui Hotel Tenancy Agreement I exceed 0.1% but are below 5%, the transaction contemplated under the Renewed Guorui Hotel Tenancy Agreement I is therefore exempt from the circular (including independent financial advice) and shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The transaction was announced by the Company in its announcements dated 16 July 2019 and 1 August 2019 and disclosed in its circular dated 30 September 2019.

The tenancy agreement has been terminated on 31 December 2020 and the rent payable for the period from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020 has been waived by the landlord. The tenancy agreement has then been renewed for a term of one year (i.e. from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021); but since the highest applicable percentage ratio set out in Rule 14.07 of the Listing Rules in respect of the renewal transaction is less than 0.1%, such transaction is fully exempt from shareholders' approval, annual review and all disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

由於WE中國附屬公司B由魏純渥先生間 接持有91%,因此為魏純暹先生之聯繫 人,故經重續國鋭酒店租賃協議一及其 項下擬進行之交易將根據上市規則構成 自關連人士之資產收購。

由於魏純暹先生及孫仲民先生被視為於 經重續國鋭酒店租賃協議一擁有重大權 益,彼等已就批准經重續國鋭酒店租賃 協議一及其項下擬進行之交易之董事局 決議案放棄投票。

由於上市規則第14.07條所載有關經重 續國鋭酒店租賃協議一項下擬進行交易 之適用百分比率超過0.1%但低於5%, 故經重續國鋭酒店租賃協議一項下擬進 行交易獲豁免遵守上市規則第14A章項 下通函(包括獨立財務意見)及股東批准 規定。

該交易發表於本公司日期為二零一九年 七月十六日及二零一九年八月一日之公 佈以及披露於日期為二零一九年九月 三十日之通函。

租賃協議已於二零二零年十二月三十一 日終止,且業主已放棄收取自二零二 零年一月一日起至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止期間的應付租金。租賃協議 已續簽一年(即自二零二一年一月一日 起至二零二一年十二月三十一日止), 但由於上市規則第14.07條所載的有 關續期交易的最高適用百分比率低於 0.1%,因此該交易須全面豁免遵守上市 規則第14A章項下的股東批准、年度審 閱及所有披露規定。

- B. Continuing connected transactions subject to annual review and disclosure requirements under **Chapter 14A.60 of the Listing Rules**
 - (1) Guorui Hotel Tenancy Agreement II

Date: 5 July 2017

Landlord: WE PRC Subsidiary B

Tenant: Guorui Hotel Management

Premises: No.3 of Building 1, Ronghua South Road, Beijing

> Economic and Technological Development Zone, Beijing, the PRC* (北京市北京經濟技術開發區榮華

南路1號院3號樓)

Gross floor area: 18 square meters

Term: From 5 July 2017 to 4 July 2020

Rent: RMB1,095 per month, calculated based on the rate

of RMB2 per day per square meter

The monthly rent of Guorui Hotel Tenancy Agreement II was determined between the parties with reference to, among other things, the then current market rent at the time payable for similar

properties in the vicinity.

須遵守年度審核及上市規則第 B. 14A.60條披露規定之持續關連交易

> (1) 國銳酒店租賃協議二

> > 日期: 二零一十年十月五日

房東: WE中國附屬公司B

租戶: 國鋭酒店管理

物業: 中國北京市北京經濟技術開發

區榮華南路1號院3號樓

總樓面面積:18平方米

年期: 二零一七年七月五日至二零二

零年七月四日

租金: 每月人民幣1.095元,乃根據

每平方米每日人民幣2元的利

率計算

國鋭酒店租賃協議二的每月租 金由訂約方經參考(其中包括) 附近類似物業應付的當時市場

租金釐定。

Usage:

董事局報告書

The annual rental payments paid and to be payable by Guorui Hotel Management to WE PRC Subsidiary B are as follows:

國鋭酒店管理每年向WE中國 附屬公司B已付及應付租金如 下:

From

		5 July 2017 to 31 December 2017 二零一七年 七月五日至 二零一七年 十二月 三十一日	1 January 2018 to 31 December 2018 二零一八年 一月一日至 二零一八年 十二月 三十一日	1 January 2019 to 31 December 2019 二零一九年 一月一日至 二零一九年 十二月 三十一日	From 1 January 2020 to 4 July 2020 二零二零年 一月一日至 二零二零年 七月四日
Annual rental amount (in RMB)	年租金 (人民幣)	6,480	13,140	13,140	6,696
(approx. in HK\$)	(約港元)	7,387.2	14,979.6	14,979.6	7,633.4
Office			用途:	辦公	

From

From

Since WE PRC Subsidiary B is a company indirectly held by Mr. Wei Chunxian as to 91% and therefore an associate of Mr. Wei Chunxian, the Guorui Hotel Tenancy Agreement II and the transactions contemplated thereunder constituted continuing connected transaction of the Company under the Listing Rules.

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 16 July 2019, pursuant to Rule 14A.60 of the Listing Rules, the transactions contemplated under the Guorui Hotel Tenancy Agreement II are subject to all applicable reporting, annual review and disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The transaction was announced by the Company in its announcement dated 16 July 2019 and disclosed in its circular dated 30 September 2019.

The tenancy agreement has been renewed for a term of three years (i.e. from 5 July 2020 to 4 July 2023) (the "Renewed Agreement"); but since the highest applicable percentage ratio set out in Rule 14.07 of the Listing Rules in respect of such renewal transaction is less than 0.1%, such transaction is fully exempt from shareholders' approval, annual review and all disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

由於WE中國附屬公司B由魏純暹先生間 接持有91%,因此為魏純暹先生的聯繫 人,故國鋭酒店租賃協議二及其項下擬 進行的交易根據上市規則構成本公司的 持續關連交易。

誠如本公司日期為二零一九年七月十六 日之公佈所披露,根據上市規則第 14A.60條,國鋭酒店租賃協議二項下擬 進行的交易須遵守上市規則第14A章項 下所有適用的申報、年度審核及披露規 定。

該交易發表於本公司日期為二零一九年 七月十六日之公佈以及披露於日期為二 零一九年九月三十日之通函。

租賃協議已續簽三年(即自二零二零年 七月五日起至二零二三年七月四日止) (「經重續協議」),但由於上市規則第 14.07條所載的有關續期交易的最高嫡 用百分比率低於0.1%,因此該交易須全 面豁免遵守上市規則第14章項下的股東 批准、年度審閱及所有披露規定。

The Renewed Agreement has been terminated on 31 December 2020 and the rent payable for the period from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020 has been waived by the landlord. The Renewed Agreement has then been further renewed for a term of one year (i.e. from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021); but since the highest applicable percentage ratio set out in Rule 14.07 of the Listing Rules in respect of such renewal transaction is less than 0.1%, such transaction is fully exempt from shareholders' approval, annual review and all disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

(2)Ruilai Tenancy Agreement

> Date: 13 June 2017

Landlord: WE PRC Subsidiary B

Tenant: Beijing Rujlai Recreational Fitness Company Limited.

> a company established in the PRC with limited liability and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company

No.103-105 on the First Floor, No.3 of Building Premises:

> 1, Ronghua South Road, Beijing Economic and Technological Development Zone, Beijing, the PRC* (北京市北京經濟技術開發區榮華南路1號院3號樓

103-105)

Gross floor area: 50 square meters

Term: From 13 June 2017 to 12 June 2020

Rent: RMB8,100 per month, calculated based on the rate of

RMB5.4 per day per square meter

經重續協議已於二零二零年十二月 三十一日終止,且業主已放棄收取自二 零二零年一月一日起至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止期間的應付租金。經重續 協議已續簽一年(即自二零二一年一月 一日起至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止),但由於上市規則第14.07條所載的 有關續期交易的最高適用百分比率低於 0.1%,因此該交易須全面豁免遵守上市 規則第14A章項下的股東批准、年度審 閱及所有披露規定。

(2) 銳萊租賃協議

> 日期: 二零一七年六月十三日

房東: WE中國附屬公司B

和戶: 北京鋭萊康體健身有限公司,

> 一間於中國成立的有限公司及 一間本公司全資擁有的附屬公

物業: 中國北京市北京經濟技術開

發區榮華南路1號院3號樓

103-105

總樓面面積:50平方米

年期: 二零一七年六月十三日至二零

二零年六月十二日

和金: 每月人民幣8.100元,乃根據

每平方米每日人民幣5.4元的

價格計算

董事局報告書

The annual rental payments paid and payable by Ruilai Recreational to WE PRC Subsidiary B are as follows:

鋭萊康體每年向WE中國附屬 公司B已付及應付租金如下:

		From 13 June 2017 to 31 December 2017 二零一七年 六月十三日至 二零一七年 十二月 三十一日	From 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2018 二零一八年 一月一日至 二零一八年 十二月 三十一日	From 1 January 2019 to 31 December 2019 二零一九年 一月一日至 二零一九年 十二月 三十一日	From 1 January 2020 to 12 June 2020 二零二零年 一月一日至 二零二零年 六月十二日
Annual rental amount (in RMB) (approx. in HK\$)	年租金 <i>(人民幣)</i> <i>(約港元)</i>	49,532 56,466	97,200 110,808	97,200 110,808	43,673 49,787

The monthly rent of Ruilai Tenancy Agreement was determined after arm's length negotiation between the parties with reference to, among other things, the then current market rent at the time payable for similar properties in the vicinity.

Usage: Office and operation

Since WE PRC Subsidiary B is a company indirectly held by Mr. Wei Chunxian as to 91% and therefore an associate of Mr. Wei Chunxian, the Ruilai Tenancy Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder constituted continuing connected transaction of the Company under the Listing Rules.

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 16 July 2019, pursuant to Rule 14A.60 of the Listing Rules, the transactions contemplated under the Ruilai Tenancy Agreement are subject to all applicable reporting, annual review and disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The transaction was announced by the Company in its announcement dated 16 July 2019 and disclosed in its circular dated 30 September 2019.

鋭萊租賃協議的每月租金由訂 約方參考(其中包括)附近類似 物業應付的當時市場租金經公 平磋商後釐定。

用涂: 辦公及營運

由於WE中國附屬公司B由魏純暹 先生間接持有91%,因此為魏純 暹先生的聯繫人,故鋭萊和賃協 議及其項下擬進行的交易根據上 市規則構成本公司的持續關連交

誠如本公司日期為二零一九年七 月十六日之公佈所披露,根據上 市規則第14A.60條, 鋭萊租賃協 議項下擬進行的交易須遵守上市 規則第14A章項下所有適用的申 報、年度審核及披露規定。

該交易發表於本公司日期為二零 一九年七月十六日之公佈以及披 露於日期為二零一九年九月三十 日之通函。

董事局報告書

The tenancy agreement has been renewed for a term of one year (i.e. from 13 June 2020 to 12 June 2021); but since the highest applicable percentage ratio set out in Rule 14.07 of the Listing Rules in respect of the renewal transaction is less than 0.1%, such transaction is fully exempt from shareholders' approval, annual review and all disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

和賃協議已續簽一年(即自二零 二零年六月十三日起至二零二一 年六月十二日止),但由於上市 規則第14.07條所載的有關續期 交易的最高適用百分比率低於 0.1%,因此該交易須全面豁免 遵守上市規則第14A章項下的股 東批准、年度審閱及所有披露規 定。

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

A summary of the significant related party transactions which were undertaken in the normal course of business are set out in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements. For those related party transactions that constituted connected transactions or continuing connected transactions (as the case may be) (other than those described in the section above headed "Connected Transaction and Continuing Connected Transactions") under the Listing Rules, these transactions are exempt from reporting, annual review, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued its unqualified letter containing its findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Group in this report in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules. The Company has provided a signed copy of the said letter to the Stock Exchange.

Save as disclosed otherwise, the related party transactions and continuing related party transactions as disclosed in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements do not constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions as defined under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

As at the date of this report, based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors. the Company maintained sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules throughout the Year.

關聯方交易

在正常業務運作中進行之重大關聯方交易的概 要載於綜合財務報表附註38內。有關根據上 市規則構成關連交易或持續關連交易(視屬何 情況而定)之關聯方交易(在上文「關連交易及 持續關連交易」一節內所述者除外),其根據上 市規則第14A章獲豁免遵守有關申報、年度審 核、公告及獨立股東批准的規定。

本公司核數師獲委聘根據由香港會計師公會發 出之香港鑑證委聘準則第3000號「歷史財務資 料審核或審閱以外的鑑證委聘」及實務説明第 740號「香港上市規則規定的持續關運交易的 核數師函件 | 就本集團之持續關連交易作出匯 報。根據上市規則第14A.56條,核數師已經發 出無保留意見函件,當中載有其有關本集團在 本報告內披露之持續關連交易的結果及結論。 本公司已經將上述函件已簽署的副本送交聯交 所。

除另有披露者外,於綜合財務報表附註38披露 之關聯方交易及持續關聯方交易並不構成上市 規則第14A章所界定之關連交易或持續關連交

足夠公眾持股量

於本公佈日期,根據本公司得悉之公開資料及 董事所悉,於整個年度,本公司一直按上市規 則之規定維持充足之公眾持股量。

董事局報告書

EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Pursuant to a sale and purchase agreement entered into between GR UK Holdings Limited, a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and an independent third party dated 8 January 2021, GR UK Holdings Limited agreed to dispose of all the issued shares of GR Properties UK Limited to the independent third party for a consideration of £30,960,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$325,876,000). The disposal was completed on 8 January 2021. Further details are set out in the Company's announcements dated 8 January 2021 and 26 January 2021 and the Company's circular dated 26 February 2021.

Save as otherwise disclosed, the Group does not have any material subsequent event after the Year and up to the date of this report.

LOAN AGREEMENTS WITH COVENANTS RELATING TO SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE OF **CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER**

Pursuant to a construction loan agreement (the "Construction Loan Agreement") entered into by and among East Pacific Properties LLC ("East Pacific Properties"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company as borrower, the Company as guarantor and a licensed bank as lender (the "Lender") effective on 27 September 2016, the Lender has agreed to provide a bank loan (the "Loan") in an aggregate amount of not exceeding eighteen million United States Dollars (US\$18,000,000.00) which shall be used to finance the direct construction costs and related expenses of the residential and retail buildings and relevant structures to be constructed on the land in Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 in Block 4 of The Chelsea Green Tract in the City of Santa Monica, County of Los Angeles, State of California of the US. The Loan shall be repaid in full on or before the maturity date (the "Maturity Date"), which is two (2) years after the day on which the Lender first advanced all or a portion of the Loan to East Pacific Properties. The Maturity Date may be extended twice, for periods of one year each, if there is no event of default then existing and East Pacific Properties has paid the Lender an extension fee as stipulated in the Construction Loan Agreement.

Pursuant to the Construction Loan Agreement, it shall constitute an event of default if Mr. Wei Chunxian, the controlling shareholder (has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules), an executive Director and the Chairman, does not maintain direct management in East Pacific Properties under which circumstance the Lender may in its absolute discretion declare all amounts owing by East Pacific Properties under the Construction Loan Agreement immediately due and payable.

報告期後事項

根據本公司的直接全資附屬公司GRUK Holdings Limited 與獨立第三方訂立的日期 為二零二一年一月八日的買賣協議, GR UK Holdings Limited 同 意 將 GR Properties UK Limited的全部已發行股份以代價30,960,000 英鎊(相當於約325,876,000港元)出售予獨立 第三方。該出售事項於二零二一年一月八日完 成。進一步詳情載於本公司日期為二零二一年 一月八日及二零二一年一月二十六日之公佈以 及本公司日期為二零二一年二月二十六日之通 函。

除另有披露者外,本集團於本年度後且百至本 報告日期並無任何重大後續事件。

與控股股東具體表現關連契諾的貸 款協議

根據本公司的間接全資附屬公司East Pacific Properties LLC(「East Pacific Properties」)(作 為借款人)、本公司(作為擔保人)與持牌銀行 (作為貸款人)(「貸款人」)訂立的一份於二零 一六年九月二十七日生效的建造貸款協議(「建 造貸款協議」),貸款人已經同意提供總額不超 過一千八百萬美元(18,000,000.00美元)的銀行 貸款(「該筆貸款」),該筆貸款須用作撥付在一 幅土地上建造住宅和零售建築物及有關結構的 直接建造成本和相關開支,該幅土地位於美國 加利福尼亞州洛杉磯聖莫尼卡市Chelsea Green Tract第4區地段1、2、3、4、5、6及7。該筆 貸款必須在到期日(「到期日」)或之前全數償 還,到期日為貸款人首次把該筆貸款的全部或 一部分墊付給East Pacific Properties當天以後 兩(2)年。如果到時候沒有發生失責事項,而 East Pacific Properties已經按照建造貸款協議 內所規定支付延期費給貸款人,則到期日可以 推遲兩次,每次為期一年。

根據建造貸款協議,如果控股股東(具有上市 規則賦予此詞之涵義)、執行董事兼主席魏純 暹先生並沒有維持對East Pacific Properties 的直接管理權,則構成失責事項,在該情 況下,貸款人可以全權酌情宣告East Pacific Properties根據建造貸款協議所欠負的所有款項 立即到期及須立即償還。

董事局報告書

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to maintaining the quality of corporate governance so as to ensure better transparency of the Company, protection of shareholders' and stakeholders' rights and enhance shareholder value. In the opinion of the Board, the Company had complied with all code provisions set out in the CG Code contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules during the Year.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiry of the Directors, all of the Directors have complied with, for any part of the accounting year covered by this report, the required standard set out in the Model Code.

DIRECTORS AND CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed under the sections headed "Connected Transaction and Continuing Connected Transactions" and "Related Party Transactions" of this report, there were no contracts of significance in relation to the Company's business, to which the Company or any of the Company's subsidiaries was a party, subsisting at the end of the Year or at any time during the Year, and in which a Director had, whether directly or indirectly, a material interest, nor there were any other contracts of significance (whether or not for the provision of services) in relation to the Company's business between the Company or any of the Company's subsidiaries and a controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO SUBSCRIBE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Other than interests in share options of the Company as disclosed above, and in the share option schemes disclosed in this report, at no time during the Year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors or chief executives, or their spouses or children under the age of 18 to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debenture of the Company or any other body corporate, and none of them had any right to subscribe for the securities of the Company or its associated corporations, or had exercised any such right during the Year.

企業管治

本公司致力維持企業管治質素,以確保本公司 有更高诱明度、保障股東及持份者權益以及提 高股東價值。董事局認為,本公司於本年度已 遵守上市規則附錄十四所載《企業管治守則》項 下之所有守則條文。

遵守標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之標準守則 作為其有關董事進行證券交易的守則。在向董 事作出特定查詢後,在本報告所涵蓋之會計年 度的任何部分,各董事已經遵守標準守則所訂 的標準,惟企業管治報告內所披露者除外。

董事及控權股東於合約之權益

除本報告「關連交易及持續關連交易」及「關聯 方交易 | 章節所披露者外,本公司或本公司之 任何附屬公司概無於本年度結束時或本年度任 何時間訂立與本公司業務有關且董事於其中直 接或間接擁有重大權益之重大合約,本公司或 本公司之任何附屬公司亦概無與控權股東或其 任何附屬公司訂立與本公司業務有關之其他重 大合約(無論是否就提供服務而言)。

董事認購股份或債券之權利

除上文披露本公司購股權之權益,及於本報告 披露之購股權計劃外,本公司及其附屬公司並 無於本年度期間參與任何安排,以致董事或高 級管理人員或其配偶或其未滿18歲之子女,得 以藉著購入本公司或其他機構之股份或債券而 獲益。該等人士亦無持有任何權利認購本公司 或其關連公司之證券,或於本年度期間行使任 何該等權利。

董事局報告書

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESSES

As at 31 December 2020, none of the Directors was interested in any business, which competed or was likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the Group's businesses.

RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme in Hong Kong (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme. No forfeited contributions under these schemes is available to reduce the contribution payable in future years. For details, please refer to, particulars of retirement benefits schemes of the Group are set out in note 2.4 (headed "Other employee benefits (pension scheme)") to the consolidated financial statements.

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the Year have been audited by Ernst & Young. A resolution for their re-appointment as the auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

APPROVAL OF THE CONSOLIDATED **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year were approved by the Board on 31 March 2021.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Wei Chunxian

Chairman

Hong Kong 31 March 2021

董事於競爭性業務之權益

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,概無董事於與 本集團業務直接或間接構成競爭或可能構成競 爭之任何業務中擁有權益。

退休福利計劃

本集團按照香港強制性公積金計劃條例在香港 為有資格參與強積金計劃的該等僱員實行了界 定供款的強制性公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金 計劃1)。供款按照僱員基本工資的一定百分比 計算, 並根據強積金計劃的規定在需要支付時 在損益中扣除。本集團的僱主供款支付給強積 金計劃後完全歸屬予僱員。按此計劃並無可被 沒收之供款用作沖減將來之供款。有關之詳 情,請參閱本集團退休福利計劃之詳情載於綜 合財務報表附註2.4(「其他僱員福利(退休金計 劃)])。

核數師

於本年度之綜合財務報表已由安永會計師事務 所任滿審核。一項有關續聘安永會計師事務所 為本公司核數師的決議案,將於即將舉行之股 東週年大會ト提呈。

批准該等綜合財務報表

本集團於本年度的綜合財務報表已於二零二一 年三月三十一日獲董事局批准。

承董事局命

魏純暹

主席

香港

二零二一年三月三十一日

獨立核數師報告書



Ernst & Young 22/F. CITIC Tower 1 Tim Mei Avenue Central, Hong Kong 安永會計師事務所 香港中環添美道1號 中信大廈22樓

Tel 電話: +852 2846 9888 Fax 傳真: +852 2868 4432 ey.com

Independent auditor's report To the shareholders of GR Properties Limited

(Incorporated in the Hong Kong with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of GR Properties Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 140 to 268, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

獨立核數師報告書 致國鋭地產有限公司全體股東

(於香港註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

我們已審核第140至268頁載列的國鋭地產有限 公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(「貴集團」)的綜 合財務報表,綜合財務報表包括於二零二零年 十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表以及截至該 日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合全面收益表、綜 合權益變動表、綜合現金流量表及綜合財務報 表附註,包括重大會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計 師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報 告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而公平地反 映 貴集團在二零二零年十二月三十一日的綜 合財務狀況以及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表 現和綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港公司條例妥 為編製。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準 則(「香港審計準則」)進行審核工作。在這些 準則下,我們的責任會在本報告中[核數師就 審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任」中進一步詳 述。根據香港會計師公會之*專業會計師道德守* 則(簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已 遵循守則履行其他道德責任。我們相信,我們 所獲得的審核憑證是充足和適當地為我們的意 見提供基礎。

獨立核數師報告書



KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

關鍵審核事項

根據我們的專業判斷,關鍵審核事項為我們審 核本期綜合財務報表中最重要的事項。此等事 項是在我們在審核綜合財務報表整體上和作出 意見時進行處理的,而不會就此等事項單獨發 表意見。下文載有我們的審計如何處理以下各 項事項的資料。

我們已履行本報告「核數師就審核綜合財務報 表須承擔的責任」一節所述的責任,包括有關 該等事項的責任。因此,我們的審計包括執行 為應對綜合財務報表重大錯報風險的評估而設 的程序。審計程序的結果包括處理以下事項的 程序,為我們就隨附的綜合財務報表的審計意 見提供基礎。

獨立核數師報告書



KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Impairment assessment of trade and lease receivables

At 31 December 2020, the Group had trade and lease receivables of approximately HK\$92,827,000, which mainly arose from the provision of property management services and leasing of investment properties.

Significant management's judgements and estimates on the amount of expected credit losses at the reporting date were involved in determining the recoverability of these trade and lease receivables for impairment assessment.

Related disclosures are included in notes 3 and 20 to the consolidated financial statements.

In relation to the impairment assessment of trade and lease receivables, we obtained an understanding of the credit loss provisioning methodology adopted by the Group and assessed the reasonableness of the allowance for the expected credit losses estimated by management with reference to the history of debtors' settlement patterns and ageing analysis of the trade and lease receivables.

We tested, on a sample basis, the ageing analysis of the trade and lease receivables prepared by management; circulated and obtained direct debtor confirmations; and checked the settlement status subsequent to the reporting period.

We also considered the adequacy of the disclosures in the consolidated financial statements in connection with the impairment of trade and lease receivables.

關鍵審核事項(續)

主要審核事宜

核數師如何解決主要 審核事宜

應收貿易及租賃賬款的減值評估

於二零二零年十二月 三十一日, 貴集團應 收貿易及租賃賬款約為 我們已獲取 貴集團 92,827,000港元,其主 採用的信貸虧損撥備 要產生自提供物業管理 方法,並參考債務人 服務及租賃投資物業。

就減值評估釐定該等應 收貿易及租賃賬款時涉 及重大管理層於本報告 日期有關預期信貸虧損 金額的判斷及估計。

相關披露載於綜合財務 報表附註3及20。

就應收貿易及租賃賬 款的減值評估而言, 結算模式的歷史及應 收貿易及租賃賬款的 賬齡分析,評估管理 層估計的預期信貸虧 損撥備的合理性。

我們亦抽樣檢測管理 層編製的應收貿易及 租賃賬款賬齡分析; 分發並獲得直接債務 人確認書; 及核實報 告期後續結算情況。

我們亦已考慮於綜合 財務報表中有關應收 貿易及租賃賬款的減 值的披露的妥善性。

獨立核數師報告書



KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

Key audit matter

Estimation of fair value of investment properties

In accordance with the accounting policies of the Group, investment properties are stated at fair value. At 31 December 2020, the carrying amounts of the Group's investment properties (including a property included in a disposal group held for sale) amounted to approximately HK\$4,980,658,000, which represented 74% of the total assets of the Group. The valuation process is inherently subjective, and dependent on a number of estimates. The Group engaged external professionally qualified valuers to perform the valuation for the investment properties.

Related disclosures are included in notes 3, 14 and 24 to the consolidated financial statements.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We considered the objectivity, independence and competence of the valuation experts.

We assessed the appropriateness of the valuation methodology adopted by the valuers and evaluated the data used as inputs for the valuations and performed market value benchmarking against comparable properties.

We involved our internal valuation experts to assist us in evaluating the assumptions and methodologies for the valuation of the investment properties held by the Group.

We considered the adequacy of the disclosures in the consolidated financial statements in respect of the fair value measurement of the investment properties.

關鍵審核事項(續)

主要審核事宜

投資物業的公平值估計 根據 貴集團會計政 策,投資物業按公平值 呈列。於二零二零年 十二月三十一日, 貴 集團投資物業(包括計 入持作出售之出售組別 納的估值方法的適當 的一處物業)的賬面值 約為4,980,658,000港 元,佔 貴集團總資產 且對可資比較物業進 的74%。估值過程帶有 行市值基準測試。 主觀性,並取決於大量 估計。 貴集團聘用外 我們讓我們的內部估 部專業合資格估值師為 值專家協助我們評估 投資物業進行估值。

相關披露載於綜合財務 及方法。 報表附註3、14及24。

核數師如何解決主要 審核事官

我們已考慮估值專家 的客觀性、獨立性及 能力。

我們已評估估值師採 性及評估作為輸入數 據用於估值的數據,

估值 貴集團持有的 投資物業涉及的假設

我們已考慮於綜合財 務報表中有關投資物 業之公平值計量的披 露的妥善性。

獨立核數師報告書



OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

年報所載的其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括 年報所載資料(綜合財務報表及我們就此發出 的核數師報告除外)。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資 料,我們亦不會就其發表任何形式的鑒證結 論。

就審計綜合財務報表而言,我們的責任是閱讀 其他資料,及在此過程中,考慮其他資料是否 與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的 情況有重大不符,或者似乎有重大錯誤陳述。 基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他資 料有重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告有關事實。 就此而言,我們無需報告任何事項。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的 香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例編製綜合財 務報表,以令綜合財務報表作出真實而公平的 反映,及落實其認為編製綜合財務報表所必要 的內部控制,以使綜合財務報表不存在由於欺 詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事負責評 估 貴公司持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下 披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經 營為會計基礎,除非 貴公司董事有意將 貴 集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代 方案。

獨立核數師報告書



RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS** (continued)

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任 (繪)

審核委員會協助 貴公司董事履行監督 貴集 團財務報告過程的責任。

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔 的責任

我們的目標,是對整體綜合財務報表是否不存 在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的任何重大錯誤陳 述取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核 數師報告。我們按照香港公司條例第405條僅 向 閣下(作為整體)報告,除此之外本報告別 無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何 其他人士負卜或承擔任何責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按香港 審計準則進行的審計總能發現重大錯誤陳述。 錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果按合理 預期而錯誤陳述個別或匯總起來可能影響綜合 財務報表使用者所作出的經濟決定,則有關的 錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

獨立核數師報告書



AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔 的責任(績)

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中,我們 運用了職業判斷,保持了職業懷疑態度。我們 亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設 計及執行審計程序以應對該等風險,以 及取得充足及適當的審計憑證,作為我 們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串 謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述,或淩 駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺 詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險較因錯 誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險為高。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適 當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團 內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的合適性及作 出會計估計及相關披露資料的合理性。

獨立核數師報告書



AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

- conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔 的責任(續)

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性 作出結論, 並根據所得的審計憑證, 決 定是否存在與事件或情況有關的重大不 確定性,而可能對 貴集團持續經營的 能力構成重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在 重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告 中提請使用者關注綜合財務報表中的相 關披露資料,假若有關披露資料不足, 則我們須出具非無保留意見的核數師報 告。我們的結論是基於截至核數師報告 日止所取得的審計憑證。然而,未來事 件或情況可能導致 貴集團不能繼續持 續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結 構及內容,包括披露資料,以及綜合財 務報表是否公允反映交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團實體或業務活動的財務資料 獲取充分、適當的審計憑證,以對綜合 財務報表發表意見。我們負責指導、監 督及執行集團審計。我們對審計意見承 擔全部負責。

我們與審核委員會溝通計劃審計範圍、時間安 排、重大審計發現等事項,包括我們於審計期 間識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

獨立核數師報告書



AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is CHENG Man.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔 的責任(績)

我們亦向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們已符 合有關獨立性的相關道德要求,並與彼等溝通 所有合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的關係及 其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,為消除威脅 而採取的行動或相關的防範措施。

就與審核委員會溝通的事項而言,我們釐定哪 些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要, 因而構成關鍵審核事項。我們於核數師報告中 描述該等事項,除非法律法規不允許對某件事 項作出公開披露,或在極端罕見的情況下,若 有合理預期於我們報告中溝通某事項而造成的 負面後果將會超過其產生的公眾利益,我們將 不會在此等情況下在報告中溝通該事項。

本獨立核數師報告書的審計項目合夥人為鄭 敏。

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong 31 March 2021

安永會計師事務所

執業會計師 香港 二零二一年三月三十一日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

綜合損益表

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
REVENUE	收入	5	322,026	373,327
Other income and gains, net	其他收入及收益,淨額	6	11,040	44,453
Cost of inventories sold	已售存貨成本		(6,001)	(22,538)
Employee benefit expenses	員工福利費用	8	(70,561)	(96,705)
Marketing expenses	營銷費用		(3,320)	(1,973)
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	8	(24,295)	(31,079)
Utilities, repairs and maintenance and	公共事業、維修及保養			
rental expenses	以及租金開支		(120,298)	(141,098)
Reversal of impairment/(impairment) of	應收貿易及租賃賬款減值			
trade and lease receivables, net	撥回/(減值),淨額	20(b)	(3,492)	2,395
Other operating expenses, net	其他經營費用,淨額		(43,806)	(46,159)
Remeasurement gain upon transfer	若干持作出售物業轉為投資			,
of certain properties held for sale to	物業後之重新計量收益			
investment properties		14(c)	124,882	301,460
Fair value loss of investment properties,	投資物業公平值虧損,	14,	,	,
net	淨額	24(a)	(5,838)	(142,174)
Finance costs	財務費用	7	(112,599)	(57,797)
	,,,,,,,,,,			
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	税前溢利	8	67,738	182,112
Income tax	所得税	11	(67,058)	(84,030)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	本年度溢利		680	98,082
	· · /2/m/13			00,002
Attributable to:	下列人士應佔:			
Shareholders of the Company	本公司股東		552	98,599
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		128	(517)
			680	98,082
EARNINGS PER SHARE	本公司股東應佔每股			
ATTRIBUTABLE TO	盈利			
SHAREHOLDERS OF THE				
COMPANY		12		
Basic (HK cents)	基本(港仙)		0.02	3.08
Diluted (III/ acuta)	₩a.+± / \++ /.l. \		2.22	0.10
Diluted (HK cents)	攤薄(港仙)		0.02	2.19

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合全面收益表

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

			2020	2019
		Notes 附註	二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	二零一九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	本年度溢利		680	98,082
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS)	其他全面收益/(虧損)			
Other comprehensive income/(loss) that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:	以後期間可能重分類至損益 的其他全面收益/(虧損):			
Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income:	按公平值計入其他全面收 益的債務投資:			
Changes in fair value Reclassification adjustment for	公平值變動計入五新公都開放	17	(967)	1,424
gain on disposal included in profit or loss	之重新分類調整	17	(144)	(1,761)
			(1,111)	(337)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	換算海外經營業務產生之 匯兑差額		152,950	(134,768)
or lordigit operations	四九生成		102,000	(104,700)
Net other comprehensive income/(loss) that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	以後期間可能重分類至 損益的其他全面收益/ (虧損)淨額		151,839	(135,105)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods: Changes in fair value of a building in property and equipment and a leasehold land in right-of-use	以後期間將不會重分類 至損益的其他全面 收益/(虧損): 物業及設備樓宇以及 租賃土地使用權 資產的公平值變動			
assets Income tax effect	所得税影響	13 30	-	22,420 (5,605)
Net other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	以後期間將不會重分類至 損益的其他全面收益淨額			
in subsequent periods	37.m.637.(10.m.pg, b/2)		_	16,815
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR,	本年度其他全面收益/虧損, 扣除税項			
NET OF TAX			151,839	(118,290)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	本年度全面收益/虧損 總額	_	152,519	(20,208)
Attributable to: Shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	下列人士應佔: 本公司股東 非控股權益		151,028 1,491	(19,307) (901)
			152,519	(20,208)
				/

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

31 December 2020 二零二零年十二月三十一日

			2020	2019
		Notes	二零二零年 <i>HK</i> \$'000	二零一九年 <i>HK</i> \$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		TIJ II	17870	17670
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	13	8,229	13,457
Investment properties	初来 ^下 顺厉及战闸 投資物業	14	4,653,309	4,179,648
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	15		39,580
_	電腦軟件	16	5,505 948	
Computer software	- 20			1,083
Non-current deposits	非流動訂金	21	1,188	1,119
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	30	12,196	11,975
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額	_	4,681,375	4,246,862
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Properties held for sale	持作出售物業	18	1,073,920	1,182,025
Inventories	存貨	19	2,212	2,240
Trade and lease receivables	應收貿易及租賃賬款	20	92,827	33,574
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、訂金及	20	02,021	00,07 +
receivables	其他應收款項	21	119,078	54,140
Due from related parties	應收關聯方款項	22	69,839	49,874
Other tax recoverables	其他可收回税項	22	72,200	69,277
Debt investments at fair value through	按公平值計入其他全面收益		12,200	03,211
other comprehensive income	的債務投資	17	24,562	46,518
Pledged bank deposit	已抵押銀行存款	23	24,302	39,168
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	23	- 196,147	246,877
Cash and Cash equivalents	况並及况並守頂彻		190,147	240,077
			1,650,785	1,723,693
Assets of a disposal group held for	持作出售之出售組別			
sale/non-current asset held for	資產/持作出售之			
sale	非流動資產	24	369,844	335,901
Total current assets	流動資產總額		2,020,629	2,059,594
	\			
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	25	42,327	37,477
Receipts in advance	預收款項	26	95,567	97,620
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	27	137,799	112,153
Due to related parties	應付關聯方款項	22	360,648	139,579
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款	28	25,854	710,378
Income tax payables	應付所得税		17,192	14,671
Other tax payables	其他應付税項	_	4,387	5,241
			683,774	1,117,119
Liabilities directly associated with the assets classified as held for sale	與分類為持作出售之資產 直接相關之負債	24	126,543	_
		_		
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	_	810,317	1,117,119

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION **綜合**財務狀況表

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	<i>千港元</i>
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨額	_	1,210,312	942,475
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	資產總額減流動負債			
LIABILITIES		_	5,891,687	5,189,337
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款	28	2,093,727	1,625,646
Liability component of perpetual	永久可換股債券之負債部分			
convertible bonds		29	51,197	49,945
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	30 _	157,447	76,949
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額	_	2,302,371	1,752,540
Net assets	資產淨額	_	3,589,316	3,436,797
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to shareholders of the Company	本公司股東應佔權益			
Share capital	股本	31	3,152,571	3,152,571
Equity component of perpetual	永久可換股債券之			
convertible bonds	權益部分	29	1,078,217	1,078,217
Reserves	儲備	33 _	(664,841)	(815,869)
			3,565,947	3,414,919
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		23,369	21,878
		_		
Total equity	權益總額		3,589,316	3,436,797

Wei Chunxian **Sun Zhongmin** 魏純暹 孫仲民 Director Director 董事 董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

Attributable to shareholders of the Company

歸屬於本公司股東

											Ī		
			Equity										
			component										
			of perpetual				Investment	Exchange	PRC			Non-	
		Share	convertible	Share	Capital	Merger	revaluation	fluctuation	statutory	Accumulated		controlling	
		capital	spuod	option	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	losses	Total	interests	Total equity
			永久可換骰債				投	州岬	田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田田				
		殿	券的權益部分	購股權	資本儲備	合併儲備	重估儲備	波動儲備	法定儲備	累計虧損	如	非控股權益	權益總額
		HK\$.000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$.000	HK\$.000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$'000	HK\$.000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	子港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
					(note 33(b))	(note 33(c))			(note 33(e))				
					(附註33/b))	(附註3844)			(附註33年)				
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	3,152,571	1,078,217	1,730	167,858	(288,982)	15	(178,236)	7,147	(514,451)	3,414,919	21,878	3,436,797
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	292	292	128	089
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year:	本年度其他全面收益/(虧損):												
Changes in fair value of debt investments at fair value	按公平值計入其他全面收益的債務投資之												
through other comprehensive income	公平值變動	1	1	ı	ı	1	(296)	ı	ı	ı	(296)	1	(296)
Reclassification adjustment for gain on disposal	出售按公平值計入其他全面收益的												
of debt investments at fair value through	債務投資之收益之重新分類調整												
other comprehensive income		ı	1	1	1	1	(144)	1	ı	ı	(144)	ı	(144)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	s 換算海外業務產生之匯兇差額	1	1	1	1	1	1	151,587	1	1	151,587	1,363	152,950
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	本年度全面收益/(虧損)總額	1	1	ı	ı	1	(1,111)	151,587	1	292	151,028	1,491	152,519
Transfer to PRC statutory reserve	轉至中國法定儲備	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零 年十二月三十一日	3,152,571	1,078,217	1,730*	167,858*	(299,932)*	(1,096)*	(26,649)*	7,147*	(513,899)*	3,565,947	23,369	3,589,316

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December 2020

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

Attributable to shareholders of the Company 歸屬於本公司股東

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December 2019

土大5,000 上光等的 Total equity interests 非控股權益 HK\$'000 controlling Lota **小海** 上海沿 HK\$'000 losses Accumulated 法記録簿 HK\$'000 **子遊売** reserve (note 33(e)) HK\$'000 波動儲備 Exchange 重估儲備 HK\$'000 北海店 revaluation reserve Investment HK\$,000 Property 重估儲備 note 33(d)) HK\$'000 合併儲備 (note 33(c)) 資本儲備 HK\$,000 (note 33(b)) Capital HK\$.000 eserve 擓 購股權 ponds 券的權益部分 HK\$,000 上海小 convertible 永久可換股債 of perpetual component 関本 HK\$'000 大海ボ Share capital Note 發

附註3361)

A to handay 2019															
sive income/loss) for the year: 本年度进利 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	於二零-	-九年-月-日	3,146,571	1,084,013	1,730	165,572	(299,932)	346,322	352	(43,852)	3,611	(972,651)	3,431,736	22,779	3,454,515
本年度其他全面收益/(廣損):	本年度沿	東東	ı	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1	98,599	98,599	(517)	38,082
#	本年度	其他全面收益/(虧損):													
(和除所傳放)		及設備樓字以及租賃土地													
(和除所得税) 文公平值計入其他全面收益的債務投資 立公平值計入其他全面收益的債務投資 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一		5用權資產的公平值變動													
な公平値景が 大公平値景が 大名字値景動 大人工 (T)	扣除所得税〕	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	16,815	ı	ı	ı	ı	16,815	ı	16,815
2公平値變動		、平值計入其他全面收益的債務投資													
# 1	12	公平值變動	I	1	1	1	1	1	1,424	ı	1	ı	1,424	ı	1,424
情務投資之收益之重新分類調整		公平值計入其他全面收益的													
本年度全面体益/(監損)總額 本年度全面体益/(監損)總額 精勢永久可換股債券接後行股份 出售一間附屬公司後轉至累計監損 辞至中國法定儲備 於二零一九年十二月三十一日 3,152,571 1,078,217 1,730*		投資之收益之重新分類調整													
本年度全面收益//重損)總額 本年度全面收益//重損)總額 轉換永久可遊殷債券後發行股份 出售一間附屬公司後轉至累計虧損 於二零一九年十二月三十一日 次二零一九年十二月三十一日 3,152,571 1,078,217 1,730°			ı	ı	1	1	ı	ı	(1,761)	ı	1	ı	(1,761)	ı	(1,761)
本年度全面收益/(虧損)機額 關聯方之程作注資 轉換永久可越股債券接發行股份 出售一間附屬公司後轉至累計虧損 故二零一九年十二月三十一日 於二零一九年十二月三十一日		海外業務產生之匯兑差額	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	(134,384)	ı	ı	(134,384)	(384)	(134,768)
本年度全面收益/鑑損)總額															
開聯方之孫作注資 轉換永入可換股債券後發行股份 出售一間附屬公司後轉至累計虧損 轉至中國法定儲備	本年度3	全面收益/(虧損)總額	ı	1	1	ı	1	16,815	(337)	(134,384)	1	98,599	(19,307)	(100)	(20,208)
轉換永入可換股債券後受行股份	開聯方式	之視作注資	ı	ı	ı	2,286	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	2,286	ı	2,286
28(a) 6,000 (5,796) -	轉換水	入可換股債券後發行股份													
出售ー間所願公司後韓至累計虧損 		(a)(a)	000'9	(5,796)	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	204	ı	204
韓至中國法定儲備	二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二	間附屬公司後轉至累計虧損													
が resane 轉至中國法定儲備 か 二零一九年十二月三十一日 3,152,571 1,076,217 1,730°			ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	(363,137)	ı	ı	ı	363,137	ı	ı	ı
於二零一九年十二月三十一日 3,152,571 1,078,217 1,730	韓至中國	國法定儲備	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	3,536	(3,536)	ı	ı	ı
		•													
	放二場	:-九年十二月三十一日	3,152,571	1,078,217	1,730*	167,858*	(299,932)*	*1	15*	(178,236)*	7,147*	(514,451)*	3,414,919	21,878	3,436,797

These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated negative reserves of HK\$664,841,000 (2019: HK\$815,869,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020.

該等儲備賬包括於二零二零年十二月三十一日於綜合財 務狀況表中之綜合負儲備664,841,000港元(二零一九 年:815,869,000港元)。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	<u> </u>	千港元_
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動產生的現金流量			
Profit before tax	税前溢利		67,738	182,112
Adjustments for:	調整項目:		01,100	102,112
Finance costs	財務費用	7	112,599	57,797
Interest income	利息收入	6	(3,238)	(5,217)
Fair value gain recycled from equity upon	出售按公平值計入其他全面			
disposal of debt investments at fair valu				
through other comprehensive income	收回的公平值收益	6	(144)	(1,761)
Loss on disposal of items of property,	出售物業、廠房及	0	07	0
plant and equipment Loss on lease modification	設備項目的虧損 租賃變更的虧損	8	27	9
	物業、廠房及設備項目的		252	_
Depreciation of items of property, plant and equipment	初未、	8	5,885	12,365
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	8	18,219	18,475
Amortisation of computer software	電腦軟件攤銷	8	191	239
Remeasurement gain upon transfer	若干持作出售物業轉為			
of certain properties held for sale to	投資物業後之重新			
investment properties	計量收益	14(c)	(124,882)	(301,460)
Fair value loss of investment properties, ne	32 (2 () 32 () - () 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	14, 24(a)	5,838	142,174
Impairment/(reversal of impairment) of trade	應收貿易及租賃賬款減值/	0.0 (1.)		(0.00=)
and lease receivables, net	(減值撥回),淨額	20(b)	3,492	(2,395)
Operating profit before working capital	營運資金變動前的 經營溢利		95 077	100 000
changes Decrease in non-current deposits	非流動訂金減少		85,977 —	102,338 252
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	存貨減少/(增加)		158	(779)
Increase in trade and lease receivables	應收貿易及租賃賬款增加		(57,217)	(9,238)
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments,	預付款項、訂金及其他		, , ,	,
deposits and other receivables	應收款項減少/(增加)		(62,531)	28,282
Decrease/(increase) in amounts due from	應收關聯方款項減少/(增加)			
related parties	++ /1 -> // 1 × 1 - \		9,887	(17,227)
Decrease/(increase) in other tax recoverables			1,287	(22,466)
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables Increase/(decrease) in receipts in advance	應付貿易賬款增加/(減少) 預收款項增加/(減少)		3,439 (5,135)	(27,919) 20,756
Increase in other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用增加		22,524	6,802
Increase in amounts due to related parties	應付關聯方款項增加			1,718
Decrease in other tax payables	其他應付税項減少		(778)	(2,255)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	匯率變動影響淨額	_	15,581	(11,566)
		_		
Cash generated from operations	經營所得的現金		13,192	68,698
PRC corporate income tax paid	已付中國企業所得稅		(4,506)	(3,783)
UK income tax paid	已付英國所得税		(4,702)	_
USA corporate income tax and withholding tax paid	已付美國企業所得税及預繳税		(154)	(493)
with indianing tax paid		_	(10-7)	(490)
Net cash flows from operating activities	經營活動所得現金流量淨額		3,830	64,422
The state of the s	₩ □ /□ ₩ // □	_	3,000	0 1, 122

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS **綜合**現金流量表

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2019 二零一九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動產生的現金流量			
Interest received	已收利息	6	3,238	5,217
Purchases of items of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備項目	13	(282)	(4,077)
Addition of investment properties	添置投資物業	14	(10,970)	(250,286)
Purchase of computer software	購買電腦軟件	16		(448)
Acquisition of a subsidiary	收購一間附屬公司	34	_	529
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司	34	_	(2,337)
Proceeds from the sale of debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income	出售按公平值計入其他 全面收益的債務投資 所得款項		22,639	22,686
Purchases of debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive	開買按公平值計入其他全面 收益之債務投資		22,039	22,000
income		_		(45,371)
Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities	投資活動所得/所用的 現金流量淨額	_	14,625	(274,087)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動產生的現金流量			
Decrease in a pledged bank deposit	已質押銀行存款減少		38,997	_
Net bank loans	銀行貸款淨額	35(b)	38,083	1,579,138
Repayments of bank loans	償還銀行貸款	35(b)	(8,000)	(1,502,122)
New loans from a shareholder	股東提供的新貸款	35(b)	_	81,387
New loan from a financial institution	償還股東提供的新增貸款	35(b)	21,161	_
Short term advances from independent	金融機構提供的	0.5(1.)		00.450
third parties	新增貸款	35(b)	_	29,453
Repayment of short term advances from independent third parties	償還獨立第三方短期墊款	35(b)		(36,248)
Repayment of an interest-bearing a	償還附屬公司有限合夥人	33(0)	_	(30,240)
quasi-loan equity contributed by a	貢獻的計息準貸款			
limited partner of a subsidiary	權益	35(b)	(194,510)	_
Advances from other related parties	其他關聯方之墊款	35(b)	209,959	35,263
Repayment of advances from	償還其他關聯方之墊款			
other related parties			(22,942)	_
Interest paid for bank loans	已付銀行貸款利息		(37,176)	(39,405)
Interest paid for a loan from	已付董事控制實體的			
a director-controlled entity	貸款利息		(412)	_
Interest paid for the interest-bearing	已付附屬公司有限合夥人			
a quasi-loan equity contributed by a limited partner of a subsidiary	貢獻的計息準貸款 權益的利息		(55,881)	(16,018)
Payment of dividend of preference	支付附屬公司優先股股息		(55,001)	(10,010)
shares of a subsidiary	文门们倒 A F I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	7, 35(b)	_	(1,093)
Repayment of preference shares of	償還附屬公司優先股	1,00(0)		(1,000)
a subsidiary			_	(15,403)
Principal portion of lease payments	租賃付款之主要部分	15	(19,821)	(3,451)
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	融資活動所得/(所用)的現金 流量淨額		(30,542)	111,501
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_	(,)	.,

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND	現金及現金等價物減少			
CASH EQUIVALENTS	淨額		(12,087)	(98,164)
Cash and cash equivalents at	年初現金及現金等價物			
beginning of year			246,877	345,163
Effect of foreign exchange rate	匯率變動影響淨額			
changes, net			(263)	(122)
		•		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	年末現金及現金等價物			
AT END OF YEAR			234,527	246,877
		•		
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH	現金及現金等價物			
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	結餘分析			
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the	綜合財務狀況表中列示的現金			
consolidated statement of financial positio			196,147	246,877
Cash and cash equivalents attributable to	應佔持作出售之出售組別的現金		,	-,-
a disposal group held for sale	及現金等價物	24	38,380	_
		-	,,,,,,,	
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the	綜合現金流量表中列示的現金			
consolidated statement of cash flows	及現金等價物		234,527	246,877
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31 December 2020 二零二零年十二月三十一日

1. **CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION**

GR Properties Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong and shares of which are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The registered office and the principal place of business of the Company is located at Suite 1603, Wheelock House, 20 Pedder Street, Central, Hong Kong.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") were involved in the following principal activities:

- property development and investment in the United Kingdom (the "UK"), the United States of America (the "USA") and the mainland ("Mainland China") of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC")
- provision of property management services in Mainland China
- operation and management of a leisure and lifestyle experience centre (the "Recreational Centre") in Beijing, the PRC.

At 31 December 2020, the immediate holding company of the Company is Wintime Company Limited ("Wintime"), which is incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability, and, in the opinion of the directors, the ultimate holding company of the Company is Winluck Global Limited ("Winluck Global"), which is incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability.

公司及集團資料 1.

國鋭地產有限公司(「本公司」)為一家於 香港註冊成立之有限公司及其股份於香 港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板 上市。本公司的註冊辦事處及主要營業 地點位於香港中環畢打街20號會德豐大 厦16樓1603室。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度,本公司及其附屬公司(統稱為「本集 團 |)主要從事下列業務:

- 英國(「英國 |)、美利堅合眾國 (「美國」)及中華人民共和國(「中 國」)大陸(「中國大陸」)的物業發 展及投資
- 在中國大陸提供物業管理服務
- 經營及管理中國北京市休閒及時 尚生活體驗中心(「休閒中心」)。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本公 司的直接控股公司為於英屬處女群島 註冊成立之有限公司Wintime Company Limited(「Wintime」),董事認為,本 公司的最終控股公司為於英屬處女群 島註冊成立之有限公司Winluck Global Limited([Winluck Global]) •

財務報表附註

1. **CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION** (continued)

Information about principal subsidiaries

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries, which are all indirectly held by the Company, as at 31 December 2020 are as follows:

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

有關主要附屬公司的資料

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本公司 主要附屬公司(均由本公司間接持有)的 詳情如下:

Company name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/註冊和	Issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行普通股本/	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應佔	Principal activities
公司名稱	經營地點	註冊資本	權益百分比	主要經營活動
East Pacific Properties LLC	Delaware, USA 美國特拉華	United States dollars ("US\$") 23,250,000 23,250,000美元	100%	Property investment 物業投資
GR Properties USA Inc.	Delaware, USA 美國特拉華	US\$1 1美元	100%	Property development and investment 物業發展及投資
Washington Motor LP	Nevada, USA 美國特拉華	US\$12,000,000 12,000,000美元	100%	Property development and investment 物業發展及投資
GR Properties UK Limited	British Virgin Islands/UK 英屬處女群島/英國	US\$1 1美元	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Talented Chief Limited	British Virgin Islands/UK 英屬處女群島/英國	US\$50,000 50,000美元	100%	Property investment 物業投資
北京萬港通科技發展有限公司#	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	Renminbi ("RMB") 1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100%	Property investment 物業投資
北京凱朋科技發展有限公司 ("Kaipeng Technology")#◎ (「凱朋科技」)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB1,960,000 人民幣1,960,000元	99.90%	Sale of properties and property investment 物業銷售及物業投資
北京澳西物業管理有限公司♯	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB50,000,000 人民幣50,000,000元	100%	Provision of property management services 提供物業管理服務
北京國鋭酒店管理有限公司	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB40,000,000 人民幣40,000,000元	100%	Operation of a leisure and lifestyle experience centre 運營休閒及時尚 生活體驗中心
北京水晶樹商務管理有限公司#	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100%	Provision of spa treatment service in a leisure and lifestyle experience centre 於休閒及時尚生活體驗 中心提供水療護理服務

1. **CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION** (continued)

Information about principal subsidiaries (continued)

- These subsidiaries are registered as limited liability companies under PRC Law.
- 50.02% and 48.98% equity interests of this entity are held by a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group and a fund (the "Fund"), respectively.

The Fund is owned as to 33.33%, 66.57% and 0.1% by the Group, an independent third party (the "JV Partner") and a general partner of the fund, respectively, and its main asset is the 48.98% equity interest in Kaipeng Technology, which holds a commercial property located in Beijing, the PRC. Pursuant to the partnership agreement signed between the parties, the Group and the JV Partner shall pay RMB345 million and RMB690 million, respectively, as capital of the Fund.

Pursuant to a share transfer agreement and a supplementary agreement thereto entered into between the Group and the JV Partner on 23 April 2018 and 29 April 2020, respectively:

- the Group has the right to acquire the 66.57% (i) equity interest of the Fund held by the JV Partner at any time before 17 April 2022 (as extended by the supplementary agreement) at the consideration of the capital injected by the JV Partner plus an 8.9% return per annum up to 4 May 2020 and a 9.5% return per annum thereafter (the "Call Option"); and
- (ii) the JV Partner shall sell the 66.57% equity interest of the Fund held by it to the Group on 17 April 2022 (as extended by the supplementary agreement) at the consideration of the capital injected by it plus an 8.9% return per annum up to 4 May 2020 and a 9.5% return per annum thereafter (the "Put").

公司及集團資料(續) 1.

有關主要附屬公司的資料(續)

- 該等附屬公司均根據中國法律註冊 為有限公司。
- 該實體的50.02%及48.98%的股權分 別由本集團的一家全資附屬公司及 一家基金(統稱「基金」)持有。

該基金分別由本集團、獨立第三 方(「合營夥伴」)及該基金的普通 合 夥 人 持 有 33.33% 、 66.57% 及 0.1%權益及其主要資產為凱朋科 技持有的48.98%的股權,凱朋科 技持有位於中國北京的一處商用 物業。根據訂約方簽署的合夥協 議,本集團與合營夥伴應分別支 付人民幣345,000,000元及人民幣 690,000,000元作為該基金之資本。

根據本集團與合營夥伴分別於二零 一八年四月二十三日及二零二零年 四月二十九日簽訂的股份轉讓協議 及補充協議:

- 本集團有權於二零二二年四 (i) 月十七日前的任何時間(已 透過補充協議延後) 收購合 營夥伴所持該基金的66.57% 股權,代價為合營夥伴注入 的資本加直至二零二零年五 月四日8.9%的年回報率及其 後9.5%的年回報率(「認購期 權」);及
- (ii) 合營夥伴應於二零二二年四 月十七日(已透過補充協議 延後)向本集團出售其所持 該基金的66.57%股權,代價 為其注入的資本加直至二零 二零年五月四日8.9%的年回 報率及其後9.5%的年回報率 (「認沽期權」)。

財務報表附註

1. **CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION** (continued)

Information about principal subsidiaries (continued)

The capital injected by the JV Partner to the Fund as at 31 December 2020 amounted to RMB472 million (2019: RMB646 million).

In addition, pursuant to a pledge agreement entered into between the Group and the JV Partner in April 2018, 104 out of 129 units of the commercial property held by Kaipeng Technology are pledged to the JV Partner for the capital injected by the JV Partner with a maximum guarantee amount of RMB690 million.

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the above arrangements are, in substance, a loan arrangement to obtain finance from the JV Partner for the purchase of the commercial property owned by Kaipeng Technology. In addition, the Call Option and the Put are likely to give the Group present access to returns associated with the ownership interest in the Fund and also the indirect ownership interest in Kaipeng Technology held by the JV Partner. Accordingly, there is no non-controlling interest presented in equity in respect of the equity interest of the Fund held by the JV Partner and the Group consolidated the 99.9% equity interest in Kaipeng Technology in these financial statements. The Group then recognised a financial liability stated at amortised cost for the present value of the consideration to be payable to the JV Partner under the Call Option or the Put, as further disclosed in note 28(e) to the financial statements.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

公司及集團資料(續) 1.

有關主要附屬公司的資料(續)

於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 合營夥伴向該基金注資人民幣 472,000,000元(二零一九年:人民 幣646,000,000元)。

此外,根據本集團與合營夥伴於二 零一八年四月訂立的抵押協議,凱 朋科技持有的商用物業之129個單位 中的104個單位,透過合營夥伴注資 最高擔保金額人民幣690,000,000元 抵押予合營夥伴。

本公司董事認為,上述安排實質上 為一項貸款安排,旨在自合營夥伴 處獲得融資,以購買凱朋科技擁有 的商用物業。此外,認購期權及認 沽期權很可能使本集團獲得與該基 金所有權權益相關的回報以及合營 夥伴持有的凱朋科技間接所有權權 益。因此,該等財務報表並不存在 與合營夥伴持有的該基金股權有關 的非控股權益,而本集團於該等財 務報表中合併凱朋科技99.9%的股 權。誠如財務報表附註28(e)之進一 步披露,本集團隨後根據認購期權 或認沽期權就應付合營夥伴之代價 的現值確認一項以攤銷成本列賬的 金融負債。

上表所羅列的本公司附屬公司是董事認 為對本集團本年業績產生主要影響或構 成本集團淨資產主要部分的公司。董事 認為,羅列其他附屬公司將使本詳情內 容冗長,故不贅述。

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for (i) investment properties (including a property classified in a disposal group held for sale or as a non-current asset held for sale) and debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income which have been measured at fair value; (ii) a building and a leasehold land in the PRC which have been measured at revalued amounts; and (iii) a disposal group held for sale which is stated at the lower of its carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell, as further detailed in note 2.4 to the financial statements. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

編製基礎 2.1

該等財務報表是按照香港會計師公會 (「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報 告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(包括所 有香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則 (「香港會計準則」)和詮釋)、香港普遍 採納之會計原則及香港公司條例編製。 編製該等財務報表時,除(i)投資物業(包 括分類為持作出售之出售組別或持作出 售之非流動資產的物業)及按公平值計 入其他全面收益的债務投資已按公平值 計量;(ii)一處按重估值計量的於中國的 樓宇及租賃土地;及(iii)持作出售之出 售集團乃按賬面值及公平值減銷售成本 (以較低者為準)列賬外,均採用歷史成 本計價原則,進一步詳情載於財務報表 附註2.4。除非另外説明,該等財務報 表以港元(「港元」)列報,所有金額進位 至最接近的千位數。

財務報表附註

2.1 **BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)**

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2020. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- the contractual arrangement with the other vote (a) holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements;
- (C) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the shareholders of the Company and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

2.1 編製基礎(續)

綜合基礎

該等綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬 公司截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止 年度的財務報表。附屬公司指本公司 直接或間接控制的實體(包括結構化實 體)。當本集團通過參與被投資方的相 關活動而承擔可變回報的風險或享有可 變回報,並且有能力運用對被投資方的 權力(即是使本集團目前有能力主導被 投資方的相關活動的現時權利)影響該 等回報時,即取得控制權。

當本公司直接或間接擁有少於被投資方 大多數的表決或類似權利,在評估其是 否擁有對被投資方的權力時,本集團會 考慮所有相關事實和情況,包括:

- 與被投資方其他表決權持有者的 (a) 合同安排;
- 其他合同安排產生的權利; 及 (b)
- (C) 本集團的表決權及潛在表決權。

附屬公司之財務報表於本公司相同報告 期間編製。附屬公司業績由本集團獲得 控制權當日起綜合入賬,及直至失去該 控制權日期前持續綜合入賬。本集團已 作出調整以消除任何可能存在的會計政 策分歧。

損益及其他全面收益的各組成部分會歸 屬於本公司股東及非控股權益,即使此 舉引致非控股權益結餘為負數。本集團 內部各公司之間交易有關的所有資產及 負債、權益、收入、費用及現金流量於 綜合賬目時全數抵銷。

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Basis of consolidation (continued)

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary. without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or accumulated losses, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group has directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING **POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES**

The Group has adopted the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018 (the "Conceptual Framework") and the following revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements:

Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7

香港財務報告準則第9號、

香港會計準則第39號及

香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂本)

Amendment to HKFRS 16

香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本)

Amendments to HKAS 1 and

HKAS 8

香港會計準則第1號及

香港會計準則第8號(修訂本)

2.1 編製基礎(續)

綜合基礎(續)

如果事實及情況顯示上述控制的三項元 素中一項或多項有變,則本集團會重新 評估其是否仍然控制被投資方。附屬公 司中不導致喪失控制權的所有者權益變 動作為權益交易核算。

如果本集團失去對附屬公司的控制權, 將終止確認:(i)附屬公司資產(包括商 譽)和負債,(ii)非控股權益的賬面值及 (iii)計入權益的累計折算差異;並確認: (i)收到代價的公平值,(ii)剩餘投資的公 平值及(iii)在損益中確認由此產生的損 益。本集團之前確認的其他全面收益構 成部分應適當地重分類計入損益或累計 虧損,基準與倘若本集團直接出售有關 資產或負債所需者相同。

2.2 會計政策及披露變動

本集團就本年度財務報表首次採納二零 一八年財務報告概念框架(「概念框架」) 及以下經修訂香港財務報告準則:

Interest Rate Benchmark Reform

利率基準改革

COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions (early adopted)

COVID-19相關租金優惠(獲提早採納)

Definition of Material

重大的定義

財務報表附註

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING **POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES** (continued)

The nature and the impact of the Conceptual Framework and the revised HKFRSs are described below:

- The Conceptual Framework sets out a (a) comprehensive set of concepts for financial reporting and standard setting, and provides guidance for preparers of financial statements in developing consistent accounting policies and assistance to all parties to understand and interpret the standards. The Conceptual Framework includes new chapters on measurement and reporting financial performance, new guidance on the derecognition of assets and liabilities, and updated definitions and recognition criteria for assets and liabilities. It also clarifies the roles of stewardship, prudence and measurement uncertainty in financial reporting. The Conceptual Framework is not a standard, and none of the concepts contained therein override the concepts or requirements in any standard. The Conceptual Framework did not have any significant impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.
- Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39 and HKFRS (b) 7 address issues affecting financial reporting in the period before the replacement of an existing interest rate benchmark with an alternative risk-free rate ("RFR"). The amendments provide temporary reliefs which enable hedge accounting to continue during the period of uncertainty before the introduction of the alternative RFR. In addition, the amendments require companies to provide additional information to investors about their hedging relationships which are directly affected by these uncertainties. The amendments did not have any impact on the financial position and performance of the Group as the Group does not have any interest rate hedging relationships.

2.2 會計政策及披露變動(續)

下文列出概念框架及經修訂香港財務報 告準則的性質和影響:

- (a) 概念框架就財務報告和準則制定 提供了一整套概念,並為財務報 告編製者制定一致的會計政策提 供指引,協助所有人理解和解讀 準則。概念框架包括有關計量和 報告財務績效的新章節,有關資 產和負債終止確認的新指引,以 及更新了有關資產和負債定義和 確認的標準。該等框架亦闡明了 管理、審慎和衡量不確定性在財 務報告中的作用。概念框架並非 準則,其中包含的任何概念都不 會淩駕於任何準則中的概念或要 求之上。概念框架並無對本集團 的財務狀況及表現產生任何重大 影響。
- 香港財務報告準則第9號、香港 (b) 會計準則第39號及香港財務報告 準則第7號(修訂本)旨在解決以 替代無風險利率(「無風險利率」) 取代現有利率基準之前的期間的 財務報告問題。該等修訂本提供 可在引入替代無風險利率前的不 確定期限內繼續進行對沖會計處 理的暫時性補救措施。此外,該 等修訂本規定公司須向投資者提 供有關直接受該等不確定因素影 響的對沖關係的額外資料。由於 本集團並無任何利率對沖關係, 該等修訂本並無對本集團的財務 狀況及表現產生任何影響。

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING **POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES**

(continued)

The nature and the impact of the Conceptual Framework and the revised HKFRSs are described below: (continued)

- Amendment to HKFRS 16 provides a practical (C) expedient for lessees to elect not to apply lease modification accounting for rent concessions arising as a direct consequence of the covid-19 pandemic. The practical expedient applies only to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the pandemic and only if (i) the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change; (ii) any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021; and (iii) there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020 with earlier application permitted and shall be applied retrospectively. The Group early adopted the amendment on 1 January 2020 which did not have any impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.
- (d) Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8 provide a new definition of material. The new definition states that information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. The amendments clarify that materiality will depend on the nature or magnitude of information, or both. The amendments did not have any significant impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

2.2 會計政策及披露變動(續)

下文列出概念框架及經修訂香港財務報 告準則的性質和影響:(續)

- 香港財務報告準則第16號(修 (C) 訂本)為承租人提供可行權宜方 法,可選擇不就covid-19疫情直 接導致的租金優惠應用租賃修訂 會計處理。該可行權宜方法僅 適用於該疫情直接導致的和金優 惠,並僅在以下情況下適用:(i) 租賃付款變動所導致的經修訂租 賃代價與緊接該變動前的租賃代 價大致相同或低於有關代價;(ii) 租賃付款的任何減幅僅影響原到 期日為二零二一年六月三十日或 之前的付款;及(iii)其他租賃條 款及條件並無實質變動。該修訂 本於二零二零年六月一日或之後 開始的年度期間生效,允許提早 應用,並須追溯應用。本集團已 於二零二零年一月一日提早採納 該修訂本,該修訂本並無對本集 團的財務狀況及表現產生任何影
- (d) 香港會計準則第1號及香港會計 準則第8號(修訂本)為重大一詞 提供新定義。新定義指出,倘遺 漏、錯誤陳述或掩蓋有關資料能 被合理預期會影響一般目的財務 報表的主要用戶基於該等財務報 表所作出的決定,則有關資料即 屬重大。修訂指明,重大性取決 於資料之性質及牽涉範圍(或兩 者都有)。該等修訂本並無對本 集團的財務狀況及表現產生任何 重大影響。

財務報表附註

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS**

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements:

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財 務報告準則

本集團並未於該等財務報表中採納以下 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則:

Amendments to HKFRS 3

香港財務報告準則第3號(修訂本)

Amendments to HKFRS 9. HKAS 39. HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16

香港財務報告準則第9號、香港會計 準則第39號、香港財務報告準則 第7號、香港財務報告準則第4號及 香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本)

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011)

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計 準則第28號(二零一一年)(修訂本)

HKFRS 17

香港財務報告準則第17號

Amendments to HKFRS 17

香港財務報告準則第17號(修訂本)

Amendments to HKAS 1

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)

Amendments to HKAS 16

香港會計準則第16號(修訂本)

Amendments to HKAS 37

香港會計準則第37號(修訂本)

Annual Improvements to

HKFRSs 2018-2020

二零一八年至二零二零年之 香港財務報告準則年度改進 Reference to the Conceptual Framework² 概念框架之提述2

Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 21

利率基準改革-第二階段1

Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture4

投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間的資產出售或注資4

Insurance Contracts³

保險合約3

Insurance Contracts3,6

保險合約3,6

Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current3,5

負債分類為流動或非流動3,5

Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use²

物業、廠房及設備:擬定用途前之所得款項2

Onerous Contracts — Cost of Fulfilling a Contract²

虧損性合約-履行合約之成本2

Amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 9, Illustrative Examples

accompanying HKFRS 16, and HKAS 412

香港財務報告準則第1號、香港財務報告準則第9號、香港財務報告準 則第16號相應闡釋範例及香港會計準則第41號(修訂本)2

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January
- No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption
- As a consequence of the amendments to HKAS 1, Hong Kong Interpretation 5 Presentation of Financial Statements - Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause was revised in October 2020 to align the corresponding wording with no change in conclusion
- As a consequence of the amendments to HKFRS 17 issued in October 2020, HKFRS 4 was amended to extend the temporary exemption that permits insurers to apply HKAS 39 rather than HKFRS 9 for annual periods beginning before 1 January 2023

- 於二零二一年一月一日或之後開始 的年度期間生效
- 於二零二二年一月一日或之後開始 的年度期間生效
- 於二零二三年一月一日或之後開始 的年度期間生效
- 現並無釐定強制生效日期,惟可予 提早採納
- 由於香港會計準則第1號(修訂本), 香港詮釋第5號呈列財務報表-借款 人對包含按要求償還條款之有期貸 款之分類於二零二零年十月修訂, 使相應措詞保持一致而結論不變。
- 由於二零二零年十月刊發香港財務 報告準則第17號(修訂本),香港財 務報告準則第4號已修訂以延長臨時 豁免,允許保險人於二零二三年一 月一日前開始的年度期間採用香港 會計準則第39號而非香港財務報告 準則第9號。

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is described below:

Amendments to HKFRS 3 are intended to replace (a) a reference to the previous Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements with a reference to the Conceptual Framework issued in June 2018 without significantly changing its requirements. The amendments also add to HKFRS 3 Business Combinations an exception to its recognition principle for an entity to refer to the Conceptual Framework to determine what constitutes an asset or a liability. The exception specifies that, for liabilities and contingent liabilities that would be within the scope of HKAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets or HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 Levies if they were incurred separately rather than assumed in a business combination, an entity applying HKFRS 3 should refer to HKAS 37 or HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 respectively instead of the Conceptual Framework. Furthermore, the amendments clarify that contingent assets do not qualify for recognition at the acquisition date. The Group expects to adopt the amendments prospectively from 1 January 2022. Since the amendments apply prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the date of first application, the Group will not be affected by these amendments on the date of transition.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財 務報告準則(續)

預期將適用於本集團的香港財務報告準 則的進一步資料如下:

香港財務報告準則第3號(修訂 (a) 本)旨在以二零一八年六月發佈 概念框架的提述取代先前編製及 呈列財務報表的框架提述,而無 需重大改變其要求。該等修訂本 亦為香港財務報告準則第3號業 務合併增加確認原則的例外,實 體可參考概念框架釐定資產或負 債的構成要素。該例外情況規 定,對於單獨而非於業務合併中 承擔且屬於香港會計準則第37號 撥備、或有負債及或有資產或香 港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)-詮釋第21號*徵費*的負債及或然 負債,採用香港財務報告準則第 3號的實體應分別提述香港會計 準則第37號或香港(國際財務報 告詮釋委員會)-詮釋第21號, 而非概念框架。此外,該等修訂 本澄清或然資產於收購日期不符 合確認資格。本集團預期於二零 二二年一月一日起前瞻採用有關 修訂。由於該等修訂本可能對收 購日期為首次採納日期或之後的 業務合併前瞻性採納,本集團於 過渡日期將不會受到該等修訂本 的影響。

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

- Amendments to HKAS 1 clarify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current. The amendments specify that if an entity's right to defer settlement of a liability is subject to the entity complying with specified conditions, the entity has a right to defer settlement of the liability at the end of the reporting period if it complies with those conditions at that date. Classification of a liability is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of the liability. The amendments also clarify the situations that are considered a settlement of a liability. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and shall be applied retrospectively. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.
- Amendments to HKAS 16 prohibit an entity from (C) deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognises the proceeds from selling any such items, and the cost of those items, in profit or loss. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 and shall be applied retrospectively only to items of property, plant and equipment made available for use on or after the beginning of the earliest period presented in the financial statements in which the entity first applies the amendments. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財 務報告準則(續)

- 香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)淨 (b) 清劃分負債為流動或非流動的規 定。該等修訂本載明,倘實體推 遲清償負債的權利受限於該實體 須符合特定條件,則倘該實體符 合當日之條件,其有權於報告期 末推遲清償負債。負債的分類不 受實體行使其權利延遲清償負債 的可能性的影響。該等修訂本亦 澄清被認為清償負債的情況。該 等修訂本於二零二三年一月一日 或之後開始的年度期間生效,並 將追溯應用。允許提早採納。預 期該等修訂本不會對本集團的財 務報表產生任何重大影響。
- 香港會計準則第16號(修訂本)禁 (c) 止實體從物業、廠房及設備項目 成本中扣除資產達到管理層預定 的可使用狀態(包括位置與條件) 過程中產生的全部出售所得。相 反,實體須將出售任何有關項目 的所得款項及成本計入損益。 該等修訂本於二零二二年一月一 日或之後開始的年度期間生效, 並僅對實體首次應用有關修訂本 的財務報表呈列的最早期間開始 時或之後可供使用的物業、廠房 及設備項目追溯應用。允許提早 採納。預期該等修訂本不會對本 集團的財務報表產生任何重大影 墾。

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

Amendments to HKAS 37 clarify that for the purpose of assessing whether a contract is onerous under HKAS 37, the cost of fulfilling the contract comprises the costs that relate directly to the contract. Costs that relate directly to a contract include both the incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (e.g., direct labour and materials) and an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling that contract (e.g., an allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract as well as contract management and supervision costs). General and administrative costs do not relate directly to a contract and are excluded unless they are explicitly chargeable to the counterparty under the contract. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 and shall be applied to contracts for which an entity has not yet fulfilled all its obligations at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which it first applies the amendments. Earlier application is permitted. Any cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments shall be recognised as an adjustment to the opening equity at the date of initial application without restating the comparative information. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財 務報告準則(續)

香港會計準則第37號(修訂本)淨 (d) 清,就根據香港會計準則第37 號評估合約是否屬虧損性而言, 履行合約之成本包括與合約直接 相關的成本。與合約直接相關的 成本包括履行該合約的增量成本 (例如直接勞工及材料)及與履行 合約直接相關的其他成本分配 (例如分配履行合約所用物業、 廠房及設備項目的折舊開支以及 合約管理與監督成本)。一般及 行政費用與合約並無直接關係, 除非合約明確向對手方收費,否 則將其排除在外。該等修訂本於 二零二二年一月一日或之後開始 的年度期間生效,並適用於實體 首次應用有關修訂本的年度報告 期間開始時實體尚未履行其全部 責任的合約。允許提早採納。初 步應用修訂的任何累積影響應於 初始應用日期確認為期初權益的 調整,且毋須重列比較資料。預 期該等修訂本不會對本集團的財 務報表產生任何重大影響。

財務報表附註

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

- Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020 sets out amendments to HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, HKFRS 9 (2014) Financial Instruments, Illustrative Examples accompanying HKFRS 16 Leases, and HKAS 41 Agriculture. Details of the amendments that are expected to be applicable to the Group are as follows:
 - i. HKFRS 9 (2014): clarifies the fees that an entity includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf. An entity applies the amendment to financial liabilities that are modified or exchanged on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the amendment. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Earlier application is permitted. The amendment is not expected to have a significant impact on the Group's financial statements.
 - ii. HKFRS 16: removes the illustration of payments from the lessor relating to leasehold improvements in Illustrative Example 13 accompanying HKFRS 16. This removes potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives when applying HKFRS 16.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財 務報告準則(續)

- 二零一八年至二零二零年之香港 (e) 財務報告準則年度改進載列香港 財務報告準則第1號首次採納香 港財務報告準則、香港財務報告 準則第9號(二零一四年)金融工 具、香港財務報告準則第16號租 賃相應闡釋範例及香港會計準則 第41號農業(修訂本)。預計適 用於本集團的該等修訂本詳情如 下:
 - i. 香港財務報告準則第9號 (二零一四年): 澄清於 實體評估是否新訂或經修 改金融負債的條款與原金 融負債的條款存在實質差 異時所包含的費用。該等 費用僅包括借款人與貸款 人之間已支付或收取的費 用,包括借款人或貸款人 代表其他方支付或收取的 費用。實體將有關修訂本 應用於實體首次應用有關 修訂本的年度報告期開始 或之後修改或交換的金融 負債。該等修訂本於二零 二二年一月一日或之後開 始的年度期間生效。允許 提早採納。預期該等修訂 本不會對本集團的財務報 表產生任何重大影響。
 - 香港財務報告準則第16 號:刪除香港財務報告準 則第16號相應闡釋範例 13中有關租賃物業裝修 的出租人付款説明。此舉 消除於採用香港財務報告 準則第16號有關租賃激 勵措施處理方面的潛在困 惑。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Fair value measurement

The Group measures investment properties (including a property classified in a disposal group held for sale or as a non-current asset held for sale) and debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要

公平值計量

於各報告期間末,本集團按公平值計量 投資物業(包括分類為持作出售之出售 組別或持作出售之非流動資產的物業) 及按公平值計入其他全面收益的債務投 資。公平值是指市場參與者在計量日的 有序交易中,出售一項資產所能收到的 或轉讓負債所支付的價格。公平值計量 乃基於出售資產或轉讓負債的交易在相 關資產或負債的主要市場進行,或在不 存在主要市場的情況下,則在相關資產 或負債的最有利市場進行的假定。主要 市場(或最有利市場)應當是本集團能夠 進入的市場。資產或負債的公平值乃基 於市場參與者在對該資產或負債定價時 (假設市場參與者以實現其經濟利益最 大化的方式行事)所採用的假設計量。

非金融資產的公平值計量會考慮市場參 與者透過以最大限度使用該資產達致最 佳用涂,或诱過將該資產出售給能夠以 最大限度使用該資產達致最佳用途的其 他市場參與者產生經濟利益的能力。

本集團採用在當前情況下適用並且有足 夠可利用數據支持的估值技術去計量公 平值, 盡量使用相關可觀察輸入值及盡 量減少使用不可觀察輸入值。

財務報表附註

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Fair value measurement (continued)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

公平值計量(續)

在財務報表內計量或披露公平值的所有 資產及負債,均根據對公平值計量整體 而言具有重要意義的最低層次輸入值在 下述公平值層次內進行分類:

- 基於相同資產或負債在 Level 1 活躍市場上(未經調整) 的報價
- Level 2 -基於對公平值計量而言 具有重要意義的最低層 次輸入值乃直接或間接 可觀察的估值技術
- 基於對公平值計量而言 Level 3 -具有重要意義的最低層 次輸入值乃不可觀察的 估值技術

就持續於財務報表確認的資產而言,本 集團於各報告期末透過(按對公平值計 量整體而言具有重要意義的最低層次輸 入值)重新評估分類,以決定層次制度 中各個層次間是否有轉移。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - has significant influence over the Group; or (ii)
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a holding company of the Group;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - the entity and the Group are members of the (i) same group;
 - one entity is an associate or joint venture of (ii) the other entity (or of a holding company, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - one entity is a joint venture of a third entity (iv)and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - the entity is a post-employment benefit plan (v) for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a (vi) person identified in (a);

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

關聯方

在下列情況下,則一方被視為與本集團 有關:

- (a) 個人或與該個人關係密切的家庭 成員與本集團相關連,如果該個 人:
 - 對本集團實施控制或共同 (i) 控制;
 - 對本集團實施重大影響; (ii) 或
 - (iii) 是本集團或其控股公司的 關鍵管理人員的成員;

或

- (b) 如果嫡用以下任何情形,則某實 體與本集團相關連:
 - (i) 該實體和本集團是同一集 團的成員;
 - 某一實體是另一實體(或 (ii) 是該另一實體的控股公 司、附屬公司或同系附屬 公司)的聯營企業或合營 企業;
 - (iii) 該實體和本集團都是相同 第三方的合營企業;
 - 某一實體是第三方的合營 (iv) 企業並且另一實體是該第 三方的聯營企業;
 - 該實體是為本集團或與本 (v) 集團關連的實體的僱員 福利而設的離職後福利計 劃;
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)項所述個人的 控制或共同控制;

財務報表附註

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Related parties (continued)

- (b) (continued)
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a holding company of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to a holding company of the Group.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than investment properties, deferred tax assets, properties held for sale, inventories, financial assets and a disposal group classified as held for sale), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

關聯方(續)

- (續) (b)
 - (vii) (a)(i)項所述的個人對該實 體實施重大影響或是該實 體(或該實體的控股公司) 的關鍵管理人員的成員; 及
 - (viii) 向本集團或本集團母公司 提供關鍵管理人員服務的 實體或其所屬集團的任何 控股公司。

非金融資產減值

除了投資物業、遞延税項資產、持作出 售物業、存貨、金融資產及劃分為持有 待售處置組合外,如果一項資產存在減 值跡象,或需要進行年度減值測試,則 估計資產的可收回金額。資產可收回金 額按該資產或現金產出單元的使用價值 和公平值減出售費用兩者中的較大者計 算,並按個別資產釐定,除非該資產不 能產出基本上獨立於其他資產或資產組 所產生的現金流入,這種情況下,可確 定該資產所屬的現金產出單元的可收回 余額。

只有資產賬面值超過其可收回金額時, 才確認減值虧損。評估使用價值時,採 用反映當前市場對資金時間價值和資產 的特定風險的估價的稅前折現率,將估 計未來現金流量折成現值。減值虧損於 其產生期間的損益內扣除,惟資產按重 估金額列賬則除外,在此情況下,減值 虧損根據該重估資產的相關會計政策入 賬。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Impairment of non-financial assets (continued)

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Except for a building, which is stated at a revalued amount (being its fair value at the date of the revaluation less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses), other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

When an item of property, plant and equipment is classified as held for sale or when it is part of a disposal group classified as held for sale, it is not depreciated and is accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations, as further explained in the accounting policy for "Non-current asset and disposal group held for sale". The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

非金融資產減值(續)

於每個報告期末評估是否有跡象表明以 前確認的減值虧損可能已不存在或可能 降低。如果存在上述跡象,則對可收回 金額進行估計。對於一項除商譽外的資 產來說,只有在用於確定資產可收回金 額的估計發生變動時,以前確認的減值 虧損才能轉回,但是由於該等資產的減 值虧損的轉回而增加的資產賬面值,不 應高於資產以前年度沒有確認減值虧損 時的賬面值(減去攤銷/折舊)。這種減 值虧損的轉回計入其發生當期的損益, 惟資產按重估金額列賬則除外,在此情 況下,減值虧損撥回根據該重估資產的 相關會計政策入賬。

物業、廠房及設備及其折舊

除樓宇按重新估值(即重新估值日期的 公平值減累計折舊及任何累計減值虧損 之重估值計量)外,其他物業、廠房及 設備項目按成本減去累計折舊和任何累 計減值虧損計量。

倘物業、廠房及設備項目分類為持作出 售,或倘其屬於分類為持作出售的出售 組別的一部分,則無須折舊並根據香港 財務報告準則第5號持作出售非流動資 *產及非持續經營業務*入賬,誠如會計政 策[持作出售的非流動資產及出售組別] 進一步所述。物業、廠房及設備項目的 成本包括其購買價格和將資產運抵指定 地點並使其達到能夠按照預定的方式進 行運作狀態的直接可歸屬成本。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Valuation in relation to the building is performed frequently enough to ensure its the fair value does not differ materially from its carrying amount. Changes in the values of the building are dealt with as movements in the property revaluation reserve. If the total of this reserve is insufficient to cover a deficit, on an individual asset basis, the excess of the deficit is charged to profit or loss. Any subsequent revaluation surplus is credited to profit or loss to the extent of the deficit previously charged. An annual transfer from the property revaluation reserve to accumulated losses is made for the difference between the depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the building and the depreciation based on the building's original cost. On disposal of a revalued asset, the relevant portion of the property revaluation reserve realised in respect of previous valuations is transferred to accumulated losses as a movement in reserves.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

物業、廠房及設備及其折舊(續)

物業、廠房及設備項目投入運行後發生 的支出,比如維修和保養,通常在費用 發生當期的損益中扣除。如果符合確認 準則,則主要檢查的支出會作為替換資 本化於資產賬面值。如果物業、廠房及 設備的主要部分須定期替換,則本集團 確認有關部分為獨立資產,其具有特定 的使用年限及據此折舊。

本集團經常對大樓進行全面估值以確保 其公平值與其賬面值不會有重大差異。 大樓之價值變動會作物業重估儲備變動 處理。倘按個別資產基準計算,該儲備 總額不足以抵銷虧絀,則超出之虧絀將 於損益中扣除,其後產生之任何重估盈 餘按過往扣除之虧絀計入損益。每年從 物業重估儲備轉撥至累計虧損乃根據樓 宇重估賬面值所計算之折舊與根據樓宇 原來成本所計算之折舊兩者之差額作 出。於出售經重估資產時,就過往估值 變現之物業重估儲備相關部分轉撥至累 計虧損,列作儲備變動。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Building 樓宇 Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修 Furniture, fixtures and office equipment **傢**俬、裝置和辦公室設備 Motor vehicles 汽車

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the period the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

物業、廠房及設備及其折舊(續)

各項物業、廠房及設備採用直線法在計 算折舊的估計使用年限內削減其成本至 其殘值。計算折舊之主要年期如下:

Over the shorter of the lease term and 2.5% 租賃期及2.5%的較短者 Over the shorter of the lease terms and 33.3% 租賃期及33.3%的較短者 10% to 20% 10%至20% 20%

20%

如果物業、廠房及設備項目的各部分具 有不同使用年限,則在各部分間合理分 配該項目的成本,且按各部分單獨計提 折舊。於每個財政年度結算日,評估剩 餘價值、使用年限和折舊方法,必要時 進行調整。

物業、廠房及設備項目(包括初始確認 的任何重大部分)一經處置或預期其使 用或處置將不會帶來未來經濟利益,則 終止確認。於資產終止確認期間內的損 益確認的處置或報廢的任何損益乃淨銷 售收入和相關資產賬面值之差。

財務報表附註

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Investment properties

Investment properties include both completed investment properties and investment properties under construction.

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings (including the leasehold property held as a right-of-use asset which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Completed investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Investment properties under construction or development for future use as investment properties are classified as investment properties under construction. Such properties under construction are measured at cost, including transaction costs, and subsequent to initial recognition, are stated at fair value at the end of the reporting period when the fair value can be determined reliably.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

投資物業

投資物業包括已落成投資物業及在建中 投資物業。

投資物業指就賺取租金收入及/或資本 增值持有之土地及樓宇權益(包括符合 投資物業定義持作使用權資產之租賃物 業),而非就生產或供應貨品或服務或 就行政目的;或就於日常業務中銷售而 持有。

已落成投資物業初始按成本計量,包含 交易費用。初始確認後,投資物業按反 映報告期末市場狀況的公平值計量。

在建中或發展中以供在未來作為投資物 業使用的投資物業分類為在建中投資物 業。該等在建中物業按成本(包括交易 成本)計量,於初始確認後,在公平值 能夠可靠釐定的報告期間末按公平值列 賬。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Investment properties (continued)

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in profit or loss in the period of the retirement or disposal.

For a transfer from inventories (i.e., properties under development or held for sale) to investment properties, any difference between the fair value of the property at the date of change in use and its previous carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

Non-current asset and disposal group held for

Non-current asset and a disposal group are classified as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sales transaction rather than through continuing use. For this to be the case, the asset or disposal group must be available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for the sale of such assets or disposal groups and its sale must be highly probable. All assets and liabilities of a subsidiary classified as a disposal group are reclassified as held for sale regardless of whether the Group retains a non-controlling interest in its former subsidiary after the sale.

An investment property classified as held for sale is measured at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

A disposal group (other than an investment property and financial assets) classified as held for sale is measured at the lower of its carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(績)

投資物業(續)

投資物業公平值變動引起的損益於產生 期間計入損益內。

已落成投資物業報廢或處置造成的損益 在報廢或處置期間於損益內確認。

由存貨(即發展中物業或持作出售物業) 轉為投資物業,而物業在使用變更日期 的公平值與其過往之賬面值的任何差額 於損益內確認。

持作出售的非流動資產及出售組別

若賬面值主要透過銷售交易收回價值而 非持續使用,則分類為持作出售的非流 動資產及出售組別。在此情況下,該資 產及出售組別務必能以現況即時出售, 出售條款僅可為一般慣例中出售有關資 產或出售組別的條款,而銷售機會為相 當大。歸類為出售組別的附屬公司所有 資產及負債重新分類為持作出售,而不 論出售後本集團有否保留所持前附屬公 司的非控股權益。

分類為持作出售的投資物業以公平值計 量,該公平值反映了報告期末的市場狀 況。

分類為持作出售的出售組別(投資物業 及金融資產除外)以其賬面值及公平值 減出售成本兩者中的較低者計量。

財務報表附註

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Group as a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it classifies at lease inception (or when there is a lease modification) each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease.

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. Rental income is accounted for on the straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in profit or loss due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Leases that transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee are accounted for as finance leases.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

租賃

本集團於合約開始時評估合約是否為或 包含租賃。倘合約為換取代價而給予在 一段時間內控制已識別資產使用的權 利,則該合約分類為租賃。

本集團作為出租人

本集團作為出租人時,於租賃開始時 (或發生租賃變更時)將其各租賃分類為 經營租賃或融資租賃。

本集團並未轉讓資產擁有權所附帶的絕 大部分風險及回報的租賃分類為經營租 賃。倘合約包括租賃及非租賃部分,本 集團根據相對獨立的售價基準將合約代 價分配予各部分。租金收入於租賃期內 按直線法列賬並根據其經營性質於損益 內列為收入。於磋商及安排經營租賃時 產生的初始直接成本計入租賃資產的賬 面值, 並於租賃期內按相同方法確認為 租金收入。或然租金乃於所賺取的期間 內確認為收入。

將相關資產擁有權所附帶的絕大部分風 險及回報轉移至承租人的租賃列為融資 租賃。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Leases (continued)

Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component and non-lease component, the Group adopts the practical expedient not to separate a nonlease component and to account for the lease component and the associated non-lease component (e.g., property management services for leases of properties) as a single lease component.

Right-of-use assets (a)

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Except for the right of use of a leasehold land which is stated at a revalued amount, being its fair value at the date of the revaluation less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, other right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人

本集團對所有租賃(惟短期租賃及低價 值資產租賃除外)採取單一確認及計量 方法。本集團確認租賃負債以作出租賃 付款,而使用權資產指使用相關資產的 權利。

於包含租賃部分及非租賃部分之合約開 始或重新評估時,本集團採用實際權宜 方法不區分非租賃部分及就租賃部分及 相關非租賃部分(例如物業租賃的物業 管理服務)入賬作為單一租賃部分。

使用權資產 (a)

於租賃開始日期確認使用權資產 (即相關資產可供使用日期)。除 以重估金額(即重估之日的公平 值減累計折舊及任何累計減值虧 損)列示的租賃土地使用權外, 其他使用權資產按成本減任何累 計折舊及減值虧損計量,並就任 何重新計量租賃負債作出調整。 使用權資產成本包括已確認租賃 **自**倩款項、已產牛初步直接成本 及於開始日期或之前作出的租賃 付款減任何已收取租賃優惠。

財務報表附註

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Leases (continued)

Group as a lessee (continued)

Right-of-use assets (continued)

Valuation in relation to the right of use of the leasehold land is performed frequently enough to ensure that its fair value does not differ materially from its carrying amount. Changes in the value of the right of use of the leasehold land are dealt with as movements in the property revaluation reserve. If the total of this reserve is insufficient to cover a deficit, on an individual asset basis, the excess of the deficit is charged to profit or loss. Any subsequent revaluation surplus is credited to profit or loss to the extent of the deficit previously charged. An annual transfer from the property revaluation reserve to accumulated losses is made for the difference between the depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the right of use of the leasehold land and the depreciation based on the original cost of the right of use of the leasehold land. On disposal of a revalued right-of-use asset, the relevant portion of the property revaluation reserve realised in respect of previous valuations is transferred to accumulated losses as a movement in reserve.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on the straightline basis over the following depreciation periods, which are the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets:

Leasehold land 租賃土地 Office premises 辦公室物業 Motor vehicle 汽車

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(a) 使用權資產(續)

> 本公司經常對租賃土地的使用權 進行估值,以確保其公平值與 賬面值並無重大差異。租賃土地 使用權估值變動會作為物業重估 儲備變動處理。倘按個別資產基 準計算,該儲備總額不足以抵銷 虧絀,則超出之虧絀將於損益扣 除,其後產生之任何重估盈餘按 過往扣除之虧絀計入損益。每年 從物業重估儲備轉撥至累計虧損 乃根據租賃土地使用權重估賬面 值所計算之折舊與根據租賃土地 使用權原來成本所計算之折舊兩 者之差額作出。於出售經重估使 用權資產時,就過往估值變現之 物業重估儲備相關部分轉撥至累 計虧損,列作儲備變動。

> 使用權資產於下列折舊期內(按 租賃期及資產估計使用年期(以 較短者為準))按直線法計提折 舊:

40 years 四十年 1 to 5 years 一至五年 3 years 三年

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Leases (continued)

Group as a lessee (continued)

Right-of-use assets (continued)

If ownership of the leased asset is transferred to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

When a right-of-use asset meets the definition of investment property, it is included in investment properties. The corresponding right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, and subsequently measured at fair value, in accordance with the Group's policy for "Investment properties".

The Group's right-of-use assets are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of financial position.

(b) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including insubstance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate the lease. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

使用權資產(續)

倘於租賃期結束時租賃資產的擁 有權轉讓至本集團或成本反映購 買選擇權的行使,折舊則根據資 產的估計可使用年期計算。

倘使用權資產符合投資物業之定 義,該資產須計入投資物業。 相應之使用權資產於開始時按成 本計量,而其後須根據本集團對 「投資物業」之政策按公平值計 量。

本集團的使用權資產於綜合財務 狀況表中列示。

租賃負債 (b)

租賃負債乃於租賃開始日期按租 賃期內將作出的租賃付款現值確 認。租賃付款包括定額付款(含 實質定額付款)減任何應收租賃 優惠、取決於某一指數或利率的 可變租賃付款以及預期根據剩餘 價值擔保支付的金額。租賃付款 亦包括合理確定將由本集團行使 的購買選擇權之行使價及為終止 租賃而支付的罰款(倘租賃期反 映本集團正行使終止權)。並非 取決於某一指數或比率的可變租 賃付款於導致付款的事件或條件 發生的期間確認為支出。

財務報表附註

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Leases (continued)

Group as a lessee (continued)

Lease liabilities (continued)

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the interest rate implicit in the lease or, where that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

The Group's lease liabilities are included in bank and other borrowings.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets (c) The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of office equipment (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the recognition exemption for leases of low-value assets to leases of office equipment that are considered to be of low value.

> Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as an expense on the straight-line basis over the lease term.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

租賃負債(續)

在計算租賃付款的現值時,本集 團使用租賃的隱含利率或,倘 該利率無法可靠地釐定,則於租 賃開始日期,本集團使用其增量 借款利率。於開始日期後,租賃 負債金額的增加反映了利息的增 長,其減少則關乎所作出的租賃 付款。此外,倘存在修改、租賃 期變動、租賃付款變動(即指數 或利率變動引起的未來租賃付款 變動)或購買相關資產的選擇權 之評估變動,則重新計量租賃負 債的賬面值。

本集團的租賃負債計入銀行及其 他借款。

(c) 短期租賃及低價值資產租賃 本集團將短期租賃確認豁免應用 於其設備的短期租賃(即自租賃 開始日期起計租賃期為十二個月 或以下並且不包含購買選擇權的 和賃)。低價值資產和賃的確認 豁免亦應用於將被認為低價值的 辦公室設備之租賃。

> 短期租賃的租賃付款及低價值資 產的租賃於租賃期內按直線法確 認為開支。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Computer software

Computer software acquired separately is measured on initial recognition at cost. The useful lives of computer software are assessed to be finite.

Computer software is subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the computer software may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for computer software is reviewed at least at each financial year end. The estimated annual rates of amortisation of computer software are 10%-25%.

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, or at fair value through other comprehensive income, as appropriate.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade and lease receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade and lease receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

In order for a financial asset (debt instrument) to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets (debt instruments) with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

電腦軟件

單獨取得的電腦軟件在初始確認時按成 本計量。電腦軟件的可使用年期被評估 為有限。

電腦軟件其後按可使用經濟年期攤銷, 並於有跡象顯示電腦軟件可能減值時評 估減值。電腦軟件的攤銷期及攤銷方法 至少在各財政年度末進行審查。估計電 腦軟件的年攤銷率為10%至25%。

投資和其他金融資產

初始確認和計量

金融資產在初始確認時分類為後續按攤 銷成本計量或按公平值計入其他全面收 益(倘適用)。

初始確認金融資產分類取決於金融資產 的合約現金流特徵,以及本集團管理金 融資產的業務模式。除並未包含重大融 資組成部分或本集團已實行權宜措施不 調整重大融資組成部分影響的應收貿易 及租賃賬款外,本集團初步按公允價值 加(倘金融資產並非以公平值計量且其 變動計入當期損益)交易成本計量金融 資產。並未包含重大融資組成部分或本 集團已實行權宜措施的應收貿易及租賃 賬款根據下文「收入確認」所述政策按香 港財務報告準則第15號客戶合約收入釐 定的交易價計量。

須使現金流量僅為償還本金及未償還本 金利息(「僅為償還本金及利息」),方可 分類為按攤銷成本計量或按公平值計入 其他全面收益的金融資產(債務工具)。 現金流量並非僅為償還本金及利息的金 融資產(債務工具)按公平值計入損益分 類並計量,而不論其業務模式如何。

財務報表附註

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Initial recognition and measurement (continued)

The Group's business model for managing financial assets (debt instruments) refers to how it manages its financial assets (debt instruments) in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets (debt instruments), or both. Financial assets (debt instruments) classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets (debt instruments) in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets (debt instruments) classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling. Financial assets (debt instruments) which are not held within the aforementioned business models are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

- (a) Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments) Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.
- (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (debt instruments) For debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognised in profit or loss and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortised cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognised in other comprehensive income. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognised in other comprehensive income is recycled to profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

投資和其他金融資產(續)

初始確認和計量(續)

本集團管理金融資產(債務工具)的業務 模式指本集團如何管理其金融資產(債 務工具)以產生現金流量。業務模式釐 定現金流量會否因收取合約現金流量、 出售金融資產(債務工具)或因前述兩者 而產生。分類為並按攤銷成本計量的金 融資產(債務工具)在一個業務模式內持 有,目的是持有金融資產(債務工具)以 收取合約現金流量,而分類為並按公平 值計入其他全面收益計量金融資產(債 務工具)在一個業務模式內持有,目的 是收取合約現金流量及出售。不屬於上 述業務模式內持有的金融資產(債務工 具)分類為並按公平值計入損益計量。

所有常規購買和出售金融資產於交易日 (即本集團承諾購買或銷售該資產之日) 確認。常規購買或出售金融資產指購買 或出售需要在一般由法規或市場慣例確 定的期間內移交資產。

後續計量

金融資產的後續計量取決於以下分類:

- 按攤銷成本計量的金融資產(債 (a) 務工具)
 - 按攤銷成本計量的金融資產後續 使用實際利率法計量,並可予減 值。倘資產終止確認、修訂或減 值,則收益及虧損於損益確認。
- 按公平值計入其他全面收益的金 (b) 融資產(債務工具)

就按公平值計入其他全面收益的 債務投資而言,利息收入、外匯 重估及減值虧損或撥回於損益中 確認,並按與按攤銷成本計量的 金融資產相同的方式計量。其餘 公平值變動於其他全面收益中確 認。終止確認時,於其他全面收 益中確認的累計公平值變動將重 新計入損益。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Impairment

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

(a) General approach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forwardlooking information.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

投資和其他金融資產(續)

減值

本集團就並非按公平值計入損益持有的 所有債務工具確認預期信貸虧損(「預期 信貸虧損1)撥備。預期信貸虧損乃基於 根據合約到期的合約現金流量與本集團 預期獲得的所有現金流量的差額而釐 定,並以原實際利率的近似值貼現。預 期現金流量將包括出售所持抵押的現金 流量或組成合約條款的其他信貸提升措 施。

(a) 一般方法

預期信貸虧損分兩個階段進行確 認。就自初始確認以來信貸風 險並無顯著增加的信貸敞口而 言,會就未來十二個月內可能發 生的違約事件而導致的信貸虧損 (十二個月預期信貸虧損)計提預 期信貸虧損撥備。就自初始確認 以來信貸風險顯著增加的信貸敞 口而言,不論何時發生違約,須 就餘下風險年期內的預期信貸虧 損計提虧損撥備(存續期預期信 貸虧損)。

於各報告日期,本集團評估金融 工具的信貸風險自初始確認以來 是否顯著增加。在進行評估時, 本集團比較金融工具於報告日期 發生違約的風險及金融工具於初 始確認日期發生違約的風險, 同時考慮無需消耗過多費用或精 力即可獲得之合理且可支持的資 料,包括歷史及前瞻性資料。

財務報表附註

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Impairment (continued)

General approach (continued)

For debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income, the Group applies the low credit risk simplification. At each reporting date, the Group evaluates whether the debt investments are considered to have low credit risk using all reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. In making that evaluation, the Group reassesses the external credit ratings of the debt investments. In addition, the Group considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

投資和其他金融資產(續)

減值(續)

(a) 一般方法(續)

> 就按公平值計入其他全面收益的 債務投資而言,本集團應用低信 貸風險簡化法。於各報告日期, 本集團使用無需消耗過多費用或 精力即可獲得之所有合理且可支 持的資料,來評估債務投資是否 被認為有低信貸風險。於作出該 評估時,本集團重新評估債務投 資的外部信貸評級。此外,本集 團認為,當合約付款逾期超過30 日時,信貸風險將大幅增加。

> 當合約付款逾期90天時,本集團 認為金融資產違約。然而,在某 些情況下,當內部或外部資料表 明本集團在採取任何信貸提升措 施前不太可能全額收回未付合約 款項時,本集團亦可將一項金融 資產視為違約。金融資產於並無 合理預期可收回合約現金流量時 撇銷。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Impairment (continued)

General approach (continued)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for trade and lease receivables which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

Stage 1 Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs

Stage 2 Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

Stage 3 Financial assets that are creditimpaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

投資和其他金融資產(續)

減值(續)

(a) 一般方法(續)

> 按攤銷成本計量的金融資產須按 一般方法計提減值,且就計量預 期信貸虧損而言分為以下幾個階 段,惟採用下述簡易方法的應收 貿易及租賃賬款除外。

第一階段 -自初始確認以 來信貸風險並 無顯著增加的 金融工具,其 虧損撥備按相 當於十二個月 預期信貸虧損 的金額計算

第二階段 -自初始確認以 來信貸風險顯 著增加但並非 信用減值的金 融資產的金融 工具,其虧損 撥備按相等於 存續期預期信 貸虧損的金額 計算

第三階段 -在報告日期已 發生信用減值 的金融資產(但 並非購買或初 始信用減值的 金融資產),其 虧損撥備按相 等於存續期預 期信貸虧損的 金額計算

財務報表附註

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Impairment (continued)

Simplified approach

For trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For lease receivables, the Group chooses as its accounting policy to adopt the simplified approach in calculating ECLs with policies as described above.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

投資和其他金融資產(續)

減值(續)

(b) 簡化方法

> 就並未包含重大融資組成部分或 本集團已實行權宜措施不調整重 大融資組成部分影響的應收貿易 賬款而言,本集團在計算預期信 貸虧損時採用簡化方法。根據簡 化方法,本集團並不跟蹤信貸風 險的變化,而是於每個報告日期 基於存續期預期信貸虧損確認虧 損撥備。本集團已根據過往信貸 虧損經驗建立撥備矩陣,並根據 債務人具體的前瞻性因素及經濟 環境作出調整。

> 就應收租賃賬款而言,本集團選 擇採用簡化方法作為根據上述 政策計算預期信貸虧損的會計政 策。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

投資和其他金融資產(續)

終止確認

在下列主要情況下,應終止確認金融資 產(或,如適用,金融資產的一部分, 或一組相類似金融資產的一部分)(即自 本集團的綜合財務狀況表剔除):

- 獲取資產所產生的現金流量的權 利屆滿;或
- 本集團轉讓了獲取資產所產生的 現金流量的權利,或在「轉移」安 排下承擔了需無重大延誤地向第 三方全額支付這些取得的現金流 量的義務;並且(a)本集團實質上 轉讓了與該資產相關的幾乎全部 風險和回報,或(b)雖然本集團實 質上既未轉讓亦未保留與該資產 相關的所有風險和回報,但轉移 了資產的控制權。

如果本集團轉讓了收取一項資產所產生 的現金流量的權利,或已經訂立轉移安 排,其評估其是否保留與擁有該資產相 關的風險和回報以及有關程度。如果其 既未實質上轉移亦未保留與該資產相關 的幾乎全部風險和回報,也沒有轉移對 該資產的控制權,本集團則根據其對該 被轉讓資產的持續參與程度確認該項資 產。在該情況下,本集團亦確認相關負 債。轉讓的資產及相關負債按反映本集 團保留的權利和義務的基準計量。

如果持續參與形式為對被轉讓資產提供 擔保,則持續參與程度的計量是下述兩 者中的較低者:資產的原賬面值和本集 團可以被要求償還的代價的最大金額。

財務報表附註

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are all classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at amortised cost, which are recognised initially at fair value and net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

金融負債

初始確認和計量

金融負債在初始確認時分類為按攤銷成 本計量的金融負債,其初始按公平值確 認並且扣除直接應佔交易成本。

後續計量

初始確認後,金融負債後續採用實際利 率法按攤銷成本計量,除非折現的影響 不重大,這種情況下,它們按成本計 量。在負債終止確認時及在實際利率攤 銷過程中,產生的損益在損益中確認。

計算攤銷成本時,應考慮購買產生的任 何折價或溢價,且包括作為實際利率不 可或缺的費用和交易費用。實際利率攤 銷包括在損益中的財務費用。

終止確認

如果金融負債的責任已履行、撤銷或屆 滿,則對金融負債進行終止確認。

如果現有金融負債被同一貸款方以實質 上幾乎全部不同條款的另一金融負債取 代,或者現有負債的條款幾乎全部被實 質性修改,則此類替換或修改作為終止 確認原負債和確認新負債處理,並且各 自賬面值的差異在損益中確認。

金融工具的互相抵銷

如果以現時可行法定權利將確認的金額 互相抵銷,並且打算以淨額為基礎結 算,或同時變現該資產和清償該負債, 則金融資產和金融負債會互相抵銷,淨 額在財務狀況表中報告。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Perpetual convertible bonds

The component of perpetual convertible bonds that exhibits characteristics of a liability is recognised as a liability in the consolidated statement of financial position, net of transaction costs. On issuance of perpetual convertible bonds, the fair value of the liability component is determined using a market rate for an equivalent non-convertible bond; and this amount is carried as a financial liability at amortised cost. The remainder of the proceeds is allocated to the equity component of the perpetual convertible bonds that is recognised and included in shareholders' equity, net of transaction costs. The carrying amount of the equity component of the perpetual convertible bonds is not remeasured in subsequent years. Transaction costs are apportioned between the liability and equity components of the perpetual convertible bonds based on the allocation of proceeds to the liability and equity components when the instruments are initially recognised.

Properties held for sale

Properties held for sale are intended to be held for sale and are classified as current assets.

Properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is determined by reference to the estimated selling price based on prevailing market conditions less estimated costs to be incurred in marketing and selling the properties.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out basis. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to disposal.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

永久可換股債券

具有負債特徵的永久可換股債券部分於 扣除交易成本後於綜合財務狀況表確認 為負債。發行永久可換股債券時,負債 部分的公平值採用等值不可換股債券的 市場利率釐定;而該金額按攤銷成本入 賬列為金融負債。餘下所得款項於扣除 交易成本後分配至永久可換股債券之權 益部分,該部分於股東權益內確認並計 入其中。永久可換股債券之權益部分的 賬面值不會於其後年度重新計量。交易 成本於首次確認該等工具時按所得款項 分配至負債及權益部分的比例在負債及 永久可換股債券之權益部分之間分配。

持作出售物業

持作出售物業為擬持作出售並分類為流 動資產。

持作出售物業按成本和可變現淨值兩者 中較低者列賬。可變現淨值參考根據當 前市場狀況估計的售價減去推廣及銷售 物業產生的估計成本釐定。

存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者之較低者 入賬。成本乃根據先進先出法釐定。可 變現淨值乃根據估計售價減出售事項將 產生的任何估計成本計算。

財務報表附註

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等 價物包括手頭現金和活期存款,以及流 動性強、易轉換成已知金額的現金且價 值變動風險很小的短期投資,且購買時 到期日通常為三個月。

就綜合財務狀況表而言,現金及現金等 價物包括並無限制使用用途的手頭及銀 行現金(包括定期存款及與現金性質類 同的資產)。

撥備

因過去事項而需要承擔現時義務(法定 或推定),而履行該義務很可能導致未 來資源的流出,且該義務的金額能夠可 靠地估計,則應確認撥備。

如果折現的影響重大,就撥備確認的金 額應是未來履行義務預期所需支出在報 告期末的現值。隨時間推移增加的折現 現值金額計入損益的財務費用。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(績)

所得稅

所得税包括即期税項和遞延税項。有關 在損益以外確認的項目的所得税,在損 益以外(在其他全面收益或直接在權益 中)確認。

即期税項資產和負債,以在報告期末已 執行的或實質上已執行的税率(及税法) 為基礎,根據本集團經營所在國家的現 行詮釋和相關常規,按照預期自税務部 門收回或向税務部門支付的金額計量。

遞延税項採用負債法,對報告期末的資 產和負債税務基礎及其出於財務報告目 的的賬面值之間的所有暫時性差異作撥

所有應納税暫時性差異均確認為遞延税 項負債,除非:

- 遞延税項負債是由商譽或資產或 負債於非業務合併交易的初始確 認所產生,而在交易時既不影響 會計溢利也不影響應納稅溢利或 虧損;及
- 就與於附屬公司的投資相關的應 納税暫時性差異而言,如果能夠 控制該暫時性差異轉回的時間安 排並且暫時性差異在可預見的未 來不會轉回。

財務報表附註

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

所得稅(續)

所有可抵扣的暫時性差異、及結轉未利 用的税項抵免和任何未利用的税務虧損 確認為遞延税項資產,但以很有可能有 應納税溢利抵銷可抵扣的暫時性差異、 結轉未利用的税項抵免和未利用的税務 虧損為限,除非:

- 與可抵扣的暫時性差異有關的遞 延税項資產是由資產或負債於 非業務合併交易的初始確認所產 生,而在交易時既不影響會計溢 利也不影響應納税溢利或虧損;
- 就與於附屬公司的投資相關的可 抵扣的暫時性差異而言,遞延税 項資產確認是以暫時性差異將於 可預見的未來轉回且有應納稅溢 利可用以抵銷暫時性差異為限。

於各報告期末對遞延税項資產的賬面值 予以覆核。如果不再是很可能獲得足夠 的應納稅溢利以允許利用全部或部分遞 延税項資產,應減少該項遞延税項資 產。於各報告期末應重新評估未確認的 遞延税項資產,在可能有足夠應納稅溢 利可供收回全部或部分遞延税項資產時 確認遞延税項資產。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with.

Where the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is credited to a deferred income account and is released to profit or loss over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments or deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and released to profit or loss by way of a reduced depreciation charge.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

所得稅(續)

遞延税項資產和負債,以在報告期末已 執行的或實質上將執行的税率(和税法) 為基礎,按變現該資產或清償該負債期 間的預期適用税率計量。

僅當本集團有可合法執行權利可將即期 税項資產與即期税項負債抵銷,且遞延 税項資產與遞延税項負債與同一税務機 關對同一應納税實體或於各未來期間預 期有大額遞延税項負債或資產需要結算 或清償時,擬按淨額基準結算即期稅務 負債及資產或同時變現資產及結算負債 之不同税務實體徵收之所得税相關,則 遞延税項資產與遞延税項負債可予抵 銷。

政府補助

倘有合理保證可獲取政府補助及所有附 带條件可獲符合,則有關補助按公平值 予以確認。

倘補助與一項支出項目有關,則該補助 在擬補償之成本支銷之期間內有系統地 確認為收入。倘補助與資產有關,則公 平值記入遞延收入賬,並在相關資產的 預期使用年限內按相等年度金額分期轉 撥至損益,或自資產賬面值扣減並以降 低折舊開支方式釋放至損益表。

收入確認

客戶合約收入

客戶合約收入於貨品或服務的控制權按 反映本集團預期就交換該等貨品或服務 而有權獲得之代價金額轉讓予客戶時予 以確認。

財務報表附註

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

When the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the amount of consideration is estimated to which the Group will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

When the contract contains a financing component which provides the customer with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer for more than one year, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. When the contract contains a financing component which provides the Group with a significant financial benefit for more than one year, revenue recognised under the contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised goods or services is one year or less, the transaction price is not adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component, using the practical expedient in HKFRS 15.

(a) Provision of property management services

In respect of property management services, the Group's property management fee is charged on a lump sum basis. The Group acts as the principal and is primarily responsible for providing the property management services to the property owners, accordingly the Group recognises property management fee received or receivable from property owners as its revenue and all related property management costs as its cost of services. Revenue from the provision of property management services is recognised over time when the services are rendered.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

收入確認(續)

客戶合約收入(續)

倘合約中的代價包括可變金額,代價金 額則按本集團就交換向客戶轉讓貨品或 服務而有權獲得的金額估計。可變代價 於合約初期估計並受限直至可變代價的 相關不確定性於隨後排除後很可能不會 產生已確認累計收入金額的重大收入撥 回之時。

倘合約包括於向客戶轉讓貨品或服務時 為客戶提供一年以上重大融資利益的融 資組成部分,則收入按應收金額的現值 計量,並使用本集團與客戶於合約初期 的單獨融資交易中反映的折現率折現。 倘合約包括為本集團提供一年以上重大 融資利益的融資組成部分,則根據該合 約確認的收入包括按實際利率法計算的 就合約負債所產生的利息開支。就客戶 付款及轉讓承諾貨品或服務的期間為一 年或以下的合約而言,交易價不會就重 大融資組成部分的影響採用香港財務報 告準則第15號的實際合宜方法進行調 整。

提供物業管理服務 (a)

就物業管理服務而言,本集團的 物業管理費按一次性收取。本 集團作為委託人,且主要負責向 業主提供物業管理服務,因此, 本集團將已收或應收業主的物業 管理費確認為收入,並將所有相 關的物業管理成本確認為服務成 本。提供物業管理服務的收入於 提供服務時隨時確認。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Provision of services in relation to operations of the Recreational Centre

> Revenue from the provision of services in relation to operations of the Recreational Centre is recognised over time when the related services are rendered.

(c) Sale of goods in relation to operations of the Recreational Centre

> Revenue from the sale of goods in relation to operations of the Recreational Centre is recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer.

Revenue from other sources

Rental income

Revenue from rental income is recognised on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

(b) Interest income

> Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised when a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

收入確認(續)

客戶合約收入(續)

- 就經營休閒中心提供服務 就經營休閒中心提供服務所得收 入於提供相關服務時按時間確 認。
- 就經營休閒中心銷售貨品 (c)

就經營休閒中心銷售貨品所得收 入於資產控制權轉讓予客戶時確 認。

其他來源收入

租金收入 來自租賃收入的收入在租賃期內 按直線法確認。

利息收入 (b)

> 利息收入採用實際利率法按應計 基準確認,應用的利率為在金融 工具的預期壽命或更短期間(如 適用)將估計未來現金收入準確 折現至金融資產賬面淨值的利 率。

合約負債

於本集團轉讓相關貨物或服務前收到客 戶付款或到期付款(以較早者為準)時, 確認合約負債。於本集團履行合約時 (即將相關貨物或服務的控制權轉讓給 客戶),合約負債確認為收入。

財務報表附註

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Share-based payments

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors of the Company) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of sharebased payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a Black-Scholes model.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised in employee benefit expense, together with a corresponding increase in the share option reserve in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for equitysettled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to profit or loss for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an award, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be non-vesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of an award unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

以股份為基礎的付款

本公司設有購股權計劃,旨在給予為本 集團業務成功作出貢獻之合資格參與者 鼓勵及獎勵。本集團僱員(包括本公司 董事)按以股份為基礎的付款形式收取 酬金,而僱員則提供服務作為權益工具 之代價(「以權益結算的交易」)。

與僱員進行的以權益結算的交易之成本 乃參考授出當日之公平值計量。公平值 由外部估值師利用柏力克一舒爾斯模式 **誊定。**

以權益結算的交易的成本連同權益內購 股權儲備的相應增加,於表現及/或服 務條件獲達成的期間內於僱員福利費用 確認。於各報告期末直至歸屬日期為止 就以權益結算的交易確認的累計開支反 映歸屬期已屆滿程度及本集團對最終將 會歸屬的權益工具數目的最佳估計。於 某一期間扣除或計入於損益的金額指於 期初及期末確認的累計開支變動。

章定獎勵於授出日期的公平值時並不計
 及服務及非市場表現條件,惟達成有關 條件的可能性會評估為本集團對最終將 會歸屬的權益工具數目的最佳估計的一 部分。市場表現條件在授出日期公平值 中反映。獎勵所附帶但無相關服務要求 的任何其他條件被視為非歸屬條件。除 非同時附有服務及/或表現條件,否則 非歸屬條件在獎勵的公平值中反映,並 會導致獎勵即時支銷。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Share-based payments (continued)

For awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met, no expense is recognised. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vesting irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

Upon the exercise of share options, the resulting shares issued are recorded by the Company as additional share capital. In addition, at the time when the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in the share option reserve will be transferred to the share capital account.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

以股份為基礎的付款(續)

就因非市場表現及/或服務條件未獲達 成而最終並未歸屬的獎勵而言,並無確 認任何開支。倘獎勵包括一項市場或非 歸屬條件,則只要所有其他表現及/或 服務條件已經達成,不論市場或非歸屬 條件是否達成,交易被視為已歸屬。

倘以權益結算的獎勵的條款有所修訂, 而獎勵的原有條款已達成,則會確認最 少開支,猶如條款並無作出修訂。此 外,倘任何修訂導致以股份為基礎的付 款的公平值總額有所增加,或於修訂日 期計量時為僱員帶來其他利益,則須就 該等修訂確認開支。

倘以權益結算的獎勵被註銷,其將被視 為猶如已於註銷日期歸屬,而尚未就獎 勵確認的任何開支則即時確認。這包括 在不符合本集團或僱員控制範圍內的非 歸屬條件的情況下的任何獎勵。然而, 倘有新獎勵取代已註銷獎勵, 並於其授 出日期指定為替代獎勵,則已註銷及新 獎勵,均如前段所述被視為猶如其為原 有獎勵的修訂。

尚未行使購股權的攤薄效應於計算每股 盈利時列為額外股份攤薄。

於購股權獲行使時,本公司將因此而發 行的股份記錄為額外股本。此外,於購 股權獲行使時,先前於購股權儲備確認 的款項將轉撥至股本溢價賬。

財務報表附註

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Share-based payments (continued)

Options which are cancelled prior to their exercise date or lapse are deleted from the register of outstanding options. When the share options are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in the share option reserve will be transferred to accumulated losses as a movement in reserves.

Other employee benefits (pension schemes)

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme in Hong Kong (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions vest fully once made and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

以股份為基礎的付款(續)

於行使日期前註銷或失效之購股權均自 尚未行使購股權登記冊中刪除。當購股 權於屆滿日期仍未行使時,先前於購股 權儲備確認之款項會轉撥至累計虧損作 為儲備變動。

其他僱員福利(退休金計劃)

本集團按照香港強制性公積金計劃條例 在香港為有資格參與強積金計劃的該等 僱員實行了界定供款的強制性公積金退 休福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)。供款按照 僱員基本工資的一定百分比計算,並根 據強積金計劃的規定在需要支付時在損 益中扣除。強積金計劃的資產由與本集 團資產分開的獨立管理基金持有。本集 團的僱主供款支付給強積金計劃後完全 歸屬予僱員。

本集團於中國大陸的附屬公司的僱員必 須參加由當地市政府管理的中央退休金 計劃。該等附屬公司須貢獻其工資成本 的若干百分比予中央退休金計劃。供款 於投入計劃時即時全數歸計劃所有並根 據中央退休金計劃的規定在需要支付時 在損益中扣除。

借款費用

借款費用包括實體就借用資金而產生的 利息及其他成本。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Borrowing costs (continued)

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in HK\$, which is the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

借款費用(續)

因收購、建設或生產合資格資產(即需 要一段頗長時間準備方可作其擬定用 途或出售的資產)所直接產生的借款費 用,乃予以資本化作為該等資產成本之 一部分。倘若該等資產已大致能夠用作 擬定用途或出售,其借款費用不再予以 資本化。個別借款因尚未用於合資格資 產而用作暫時性投資,所賺取的投資收 入應從已資本化的借款費用中扣除。所 有其他借款費用於產生期間內支銷。

外幣

本財務報表以港元列報,港元為本公司 的功能貨幣。本集團下的每一實體自行 決定其功能貨幣,而每一實體財務報表 中的項目使用該功能貨幣計量。本集團 實體記錄的外幣交易初步按交易日它們 各自的功能貨幣匯率記賬。以外幣列值 的貨幣性資產和負債按報告期末的功能 貨幣匯率折算。結算或折算貨幣項目所 產生的差額於損益確認。

以歷史成本計量的外幣計價非貨幣項 目,按初始交易日的匯率折算。以公平 值計量的外幣計價非貨幣項目,按照計 量公平值之日的匯率折算。折算以公平 值計量的非貨幣項目所產生的損益的處 理方法與確認有關項目公平值變動的損 益一致(即公平值損益分別在其他全面 收益或損益中確認的折算差額亦分別在 其他全面收益或損益中確認)。

財務報表附註

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Foreign currencies (continued)

In determining the exchange rate on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to an advance consideration, the date of initial transaction is the date on which the Group initially recognises the nonmonetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Group determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of the advance consideration.

The functional currencies of certain subsidiaries established in Mainland China and overseas are currencies other than HK\$. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into HK\$ at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their statements of profit or loss are translated into HK\$ at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of the exchange fluctuation reserve relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in profit or loss.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of certain subsidiaries established in Mainland China and overseas are translated into HK\$ at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of these entities which arise throughout the year are translated into HK\$ at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

2.4 主要會計政策摘要(續)

外幣(續)

於釐定終止確認與預付代價相關的非貨 幣性資產或非貨幣性負債所產生的相關 資產、開支或收入於初始確認時的匯率 時,初始交易日期為本集團初步確認由 預付代價產生的非貨幣性資產或非貨幣 性負債的日期。倘存在多筆預付款或預 收款,則本集團須釐定每次支付或收到 預付代價的交易日期。

若干於中國大陸及海外建立的附屬公司 的功能貨幣為港元之外的貨幣。於報告 期末,這些實體的資產和負債按照報告 期末的匯率折算成港元,而它們的損益 表按照本年度加權平均匯率折算成港 元。由此產生的匯兑差額在其他全面收 益中確認,並在匯兑波動儲備中累計。 出售境外經營時,與上述特定境外經營 相關的匯兑波動儲備部分在損益中確 認。

就綜合現金流量表而言,若干於中國大 陸及海外建立的附屬公司的現金流按照 現金流發生當日的匯率折算成港元。該 等實體於本年度經常發生的現金流量按 本年度加權平均匯率折算成港元。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

The major judgements, estimates and assumptions, that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements and have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are set out below:

Provision for ECLs on trade and lease receivables

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade and lease receivables, by applying ECL rates to different ageing groups of trade and lease receivables. The ECL rate of each ageing group is determined by the Group based on the average of historical incurred credit loss experience on each ageing group in the past years and, where material, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may not be representative of customers' actual default in the future and significant management estimates are required in the estimates. When the actual outcome or expectation in future is different from the original estimates, such differences will impact on the carrying amounts of trade and lease receivables and the amount of ECLs provided or reversed in the periods in which such estimates have been changed. The information about the ECLs on the Group's trade and lease receivables is disclosed in note 20 to the financial statements.

重大會計判斷和估計 3.

編製本集團的財務報表要求管理層作出 會影響收入、開支、資產和負債的報告 金額及其隨附披露的判斷、估計和假 設,並作出或然負債披露。有關該等假 設和估計的不確定性可能導致可能須於 未來對受影響資產或負債的賬面值作出 重大調整的結果。

下文載列對財務報表中確認的金額最具 重大影響的以及具有對下一會計年度資 產和負債賬面值造成重大調整的重大風 險的重大判斷、估計和假設:

應收貿易及租賃賬款的預期信貸虧

本集團使用撥備矩陣計算應收貿易及租 賃賬款的預期信貸虧損,方法為針對不 同的應收貿易及租賃賬款賬齡組別使用 預期信貸虧損率。每個賬齡組別的預期 信貸虧損率由本集團根據過去幾年每個 賬齡組別過往產生的信貸虧損經驗的平 均值確定,並在金額重大時根據債務人 具體的前瞻性因素及經濟環境作出調 整。

本集團的過往信貸虧損經驗及經濟狀況 預測可能無法代表客戶未來的實際違約 情況,且估計時需要作出重大管理估 計。當日後的實際結果或預期與原先估 計不同時,相關差異將影響相關估計出 現變動期間應收貿易及租賃賬款的賬面 值及預期信貸虧損的撥備或撥回金額。 有關本集團應收貿易及租賃賬款的預期 信貸虧損的資料於財務報表附註20內披 露。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES** (continued)

Estimation of fair value of investment properties

The fair values of the Group's investment properties (including a property classified as a non-current asset held for sale or included in a disposal group held for sale) are assessed by management based on property valuations performed by independent professionally qualified valuers. The assumptions adopted in the property valuations are based on information of annual rental income and property market price per square metre, supported by (i) the terms of any existing leases and other contracts; and (ii) (when possible) external evidence such as current market rents and recent prices for similar properties in the same location and condition.

Further details of the fair value estimation of the investment properties, including the key assumptions used for fair value measurement and a sensitivity analysis, are set out in note 14 to the financial statements.

Income tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in Hong Kong, Mainland China, the USA and the UK. The Group carefully evaluates tax implications of its transactions in accordance with prevailing tax regulations and makes tax provision accordingly. However, judgement is required in determining the Group's provision for income taxes as there are many transactions and calculations, of which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain, during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, the differences will impact on the income tax and deferred tax provision in the periods in which the determination is made. The carrying amount of current income tax payables carried as liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020 was HK\$17,192,000 (2019: HK\$14,671,000).

重大會計判斷和估計(續) 3.

投資物業公平值的估計

本集團投資物業(包括分類為持作出售 之非流動資產或計入持作出售之出售組 別的物業)之公平值由管理層根據獨立 專業合資格估值師進行的物業估值評 估。物業估值所採用的假設乃基於年租 金收入及每平方米的物業市場價的資 料,由(i)任何現有租賃及其他合約的條 款;及(ii)(如有可能)外部證據(例如當 前市場租金以及相同地點和條件下類似 物業的近期價格)支持。

有關投資物業之公平值估計的進一步詳 情,包括公平值計量所用的主要假設及 敏感性分析,載於財務報表附註14內。

所得稅

本集團須繳納香港、中國大陸、美國及 英國所得税。本集團根據當前税務法規 謹慎評估其交易的税務影響,並據此計 提税項準備。然而,於釐定本集團所得 税準備時須作出判斷,因為於日常業務 過程中有很多最終税項釐定不確定的交 易及計算。倘若有關事宜的最終税務結 果與原先記錄金額不同,則有關差異將 會影響到釐定期間的所得稅及遞延稅項 準備。於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 綜合財務狀況表內列為負債的當期應付 所得税項的賬面值為17,192,000港元 (二零一九年:14,671,000港元)。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

(continued)

Income tax (continued)

In addition, the Group has investment properties located in the PRC, the USA and the UK which are measured at fair value. Investment property is property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. In considering whether the presumption in HKAS 12 Income Taxes that an investment property measured at fair value will be recovered through sale is rebutted in determining deferred tax, the Group has developed certain criteria in making that judgement, such as whether an investment property is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time or through sale. The presumption is rebutted only in the circumstance that there is sufficient evidence such as a historical transaction, future development plan and management's intention to demonstrate that the investment property is held with the objective to consume substantially all of the economic benefits over time, rather than through sale. Continuous assessments on the presumption will be made by management at each reporting date.

Change in use of properties

The Group shall transfer a property to, or from, an investment property when, and only when, there is a change in use. A change in use occurs when the property meets, or ceases to meet, the definition of an investment property and there is evidence of the change in use. Judgement is involved in determining the occurrence of a change in use of the property and the Group has developed criteria in making that judgement, for example, any inception of an operating lease arrangement with an external third party, any resource to hold and manage the investment property, legal permissible of the change, commencement of the further development (if any), in accordance with the facts and circumstances. Judgement is made on an individual unit basis to determine whether there is a change in use of the units in a property.

If the Group changes the use of a property in future, the accounting treatment of the relevant property may be changed, with a corresponding impact on the financial position and financial performance of the Group.

重大會計判斷和估計(績) 3.

所得稅(續)

此外,本集團於中國、美國及英國擁有 以公平值計量的投資物業。投資物業乃 就賺取租金或資本增值或上述兩者而持 有之物業。考慮到香港會計準則第12 條所得稅的假設以公平值計量的投資物 業透過銷售可收回以釐定遞延税項之反 駁,本集團已制定若干判斷標準,如於 業務模式內持有投資物業之目標是否為 隨時間或通過銷售耗用該投資物業所包 含之絕大部分經濟利益。該假設只可被 反駁,若存在足夠證據如以往的交易、 未來的發展計劃及管理層有意指示持有 投資物業之目標是隨時間(而非通過銷 售)耗用絕大部分經濟利益。管理層必 須於每個報告日期對假設作持續評估。

物業用涂變動

當月僅當出現用涂變動時,本集團會將 物業轉至或轉出投資物業。當物業符合 或不再符合投資物業定義及存在用途變 動證據時,視作發生用途變動。判斷涉 及釐定物業用途發生變化,且本集團已 制定判斷標準,如與外部第三方開始經 營租賃安排。根據事實及情況持有及管 理投資物業的任何資源(在法律上允許 變更),開始進行進一步開發(倘有)。 判斷乃以個別單位為基準作出,以釐定 物業中的單位的用途是否發生變化。

倘本集團日後更改物業的用途,相關物 業的會計處理可能會發生變化,並對本 集團的財務狀況及財務表現產生相應影 響。

財務報表附註

4. **OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION**

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on the nature of their products and services and has three reportable operating segments as follows:

- (a) the property development and investment segment engages in property development and investment in the UK, the USA and Mainland China;
- (b) the property management segment engages in the provision of property management services for office buildings, residential properties and car parks in Mainland China; and
- the operation of the Recreational Centre segment (C) engages in the operation and management of a leisure and lifestyle experience centre in Beijing, the PRC.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit/loss, which is a measure of adjusted profit/ loss before tax. The adjusted profit/loss before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax except that head office and corporate income and expenses are excluded from this measurement.

Segment assets and segment liabilities exclude unallocated head office and corporate assets and liabilities as these assets and liabilities are managed on a group basis.

經營板塊資料 4.

出於管理目的,本集團根據其產品和服 務性質來劃分業務單元,並有以下三個 報告經營板塊:

- 物業發展及投資板塊,其業務為 (a) 從事英國、美國及中國大陸的物 業發展及投資;
- (b) 物業管理板塊的業務為在中國大 陸為辦公室樓宇、住宅物業及停 車場提供物業管理服務;及
- 經營休閒中心板塊從事經營及管 (C) 理於中國北京市之休閒及時尚生 活體驗中心。

管理層單獨監督本集團各經營板塊的業 績,以決定如何分配資源及評估表現。 板塊表現根據報告板塊溢利/虧損評 估,而其以經調整税前溢利/虧損計 量。經調整稅前溢利/虧損的計量與本 集團稅前溢利互相一致,惟有關計量並 不包括總部及公司收入及費用。

板塊資產和板塊負債不包括未分配總部 及公司資產和負債,因為該等資產和負 債在集團層面管理。

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION 4. 經營板塊資料(績) (continued)

			evelopment estment 發及投資	Property m 物業	anagement 管理	Operatio Recreatior 休閒中	nal Centre	To 合	
		2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment revenue	板塊收入	99,412	78,817	197,017	224,225	25,597	70,285	322,026	373,327
Segment results	板塊業績	67,439	153,801	30,824	48,121	(14,801)	(34,596)	83,462	167,326
Reconciliation: Other unallocated income and gains Corporate and other unallocated expenses	<i>對賬:</i> 其他未分配收入及收益 公司及其他未分配費用	·		·	·	, , ,	, ,	520 (16,244)	34,477 (19,691)
Profit before tax	税前溢利							67,738	182,112
Segment assets	板塊資產	6,316,116	5,957,399	280,437	224,033	67,748	75,883	6,664,301	6,257,315
Reconciliation: Corporate and other unallocated assets: — Property, plant and equipment — Right-of-use assets — Prepayments, deposits and other receivables — Due from related parties — Pledged bank deposit — Cash and cash equivalents	對無: 公司及其他未分配資產: 一物業、廠房及設備 一使用權資產 一預付款項、訂金及其他應收 款項 一應收關聯方款項 一應收關聯方款項 一有抵押銀行存款 一現金及現金等價物							126 2,796 2,636 87 - 32,058	193 4,961 2,551 360 39,168 1,908
Total assets	總資產							6,702,004	6,306,456
Segment liabilities	板塊負債	2,596,805	2,370,230	166,552	130,479	205,799	227,197	2,969,156	2,727,906
Reconciliation: Corporate and other unallocated liabilities — Other payables and accruals — Due to shareholders — Lease liabilities — Liability component of perpetual convertible bonds	對賬: 公司及其他未分配負債 —其他應付款及預提費用 —應付股東款項 —租賃負債 —永久可換股債券的 負債部分							5,220 84,295 2,820 51,197	2,731 84,142 4,935 49,945
Total liabilities	總負債							3,112,688	2,869,659
Other segment information: Capital expenditure* — Operating segments	其他板塊資料: 資本開支* 一經營板塊	10,977	1,771,415	194	1,703	3,057	30,447	14,228	1,803,565
 Amount unallocated 	- 一未分配金額							7	6,509
								14,235	1,810,074
Impairment/(reversal of impairment) of trade and lease receivables, net Depreciation and amortisation	應收貿易及租賃賬款 減值/(減值撥回),淨額 折舊及攤銷	522	-	2,970	(2,395)	-	-	3,492	(2,395)
 Operating segments 	- 經營板塊	1,287	1,043	841	593	19,775	27,774	21,903	29,410
 Amount unallocated 	一未分配金額							2,392	1,669
								24,295	31,079
Remeasurement gain upon transfer of certain properties held for sale to investment properties	若干持作出售物業轉為 投資物業後之重新 計量收益 12	124,882	301,460	_	_	_	_	124,882	301,460
Fair value loss of investment properties, net	投資物業公平值 虧損,淨額	(5,838)	(142,174)	_		_		(5,838)	(142,174)
properties, riet	周供 · / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	(3,030)	(142,174)	-		_		(0,000)	(142,174)

財務報表附註

OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION 4.

(continued)

Capital expenditure consists of additions to property, plant and equipment, investment properties, right-of-use assets and computer software, including assets from the acquisition of subsidiaries.

經營板塊資料(續) 4.

資本開支包括添置物業、廠房及設 備、投資物業、使用權資產及電腦 軟件(包括收購附屬公司的資產)。

Geographical information

Revenue from external customers

地區資料

來自外部客戶的收入

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	<i>千港元</i>
Mainland China	中國大陸	246,535	297,907
The UK	英國	62,227	75,420
The USA	美國	13,264	-
		322,026	373,327

The revenue information above is based on the locations of the customers.

以上收入資料乃根據客戶地點而載。

(b) Non-current assets

非流動資產 (b)

		2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2019 二零一九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Mainland China	中國大陸	2,504,151	2,005,300
The UK	英國	1,387,228	1,431,453
The USA	美國	771,525	791,862
Hong Kong	香港	5,087	5,153
		4,667,991	4,233,768

The non-current asset information above is based on the locations of the assets and excludes financial instruments and deferred tax assets.

上述非流動資產資料以資產所處 區域為基礎,其並不包括金融工 具及遞延税項資產。

Information about major customers

During each of the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, there was no single external customer which contributed 10% or more of the Group's total revenue for each of these years.

主要客戶資料

截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日止各年度,並無於該等年度各 年對本集團總收益貢獻10%或以上的單 一外部客戶。

5. REVENUE

5. 收入

Disaggregated revenue information of the Group is as follows:

本集團的收入分列資料如下:

Year ended 31 December 2020

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

		Property		Operation	
		development		of the	
		and	Property	Recreational	
		investment	management	Centre	Total
		物業發展		經營	
		及投資	物業管理	休閒中心	合計
Segments		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
板塊		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Types of goods or services	貨品或服務種類				
Rendering of property management services	提供物業管理服務	_	197,017	-	197,017
Operations of the Recreational Centre:	經營休閒中心:				
 Rendering of services 	-提供服務	_	-	12,109	12,109
— Sale of goods	一銷售貨品	_	-	13,488	13,488
Total revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約收入總額	_	197,017	25,597	222,614
Revenue from another source	其他來源收入				
Gross rental income from investment	一來自投資物業經營				
property operating leases	租賃的租金	99,412	-	_	99,412
Total revenue	收入總額	99,412	197,017	25,597	322,026
Timing of revenue recognition	收入確認時間				
Goods transferred at a point in time	於某一時間點轉移貨品	_	_	13,488	13,488
Services transferred over time	隨時間轉移服務	_	197,017	12,109	209,126
T. 1.			,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約收入總額	-	197,017	25,597	222,614
Revenue from another source	其他來源收入				
 Gross rental income from investment 	一來自投資物業經營租賃的租金				
property operating leases	收入總額	99,412	-	_	99,412
Total revenue	收入總額	99,412	197,017	25,597	322,026

Geographical market

地區市場

All revenue from contracts with customers was generated in Mainland China.

所有客戶合約收入於中國大陸產生。

財務報表附註

REVENUE (continued) **5.**

Year ended 31 December 2019

5. 收入(續)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

	Property		Operation	
	development		of the	
	and	Property	Recreational	
	investment	management	Centre	Total
	物業發展		經營	
	及投資	物業管理	休閒中心	合計
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
貨品或服務種類				
提供物業管理服務	_	224,225	_	224,225
經營休閒中心:				
-提供服務	_	_	35,771	35,771
一銷售貨品	_	_	34,514	34,514
客戶合約收入總額	_	224,225	70,285	294,510
其他來源收入				
一來自投資物業經營				
租賃的租金	78,817	-	-	78,817
收入總額	78,817	224,225	70,285	373,327
收入確認時間				
於某一時間點轉移貨品	_	_	34,514	34,514
隨時間轉移服務	_	224,225	35,771	259,996
京兵人 45114. 1. 66 55		004.005	70.005	004.510
各尸合剂收入總額	_	224,225	70,285	294,510
其他來源收入				
一來自投資物業經營租賃的租金				
收入總額	78,817	_	_	78,817
收入總額	78,817	224,225	70,285	373,327
	提供物業管理服務 經營休閒中心: 一	development and investment hard investment hard hk\$*000 F** F**	development and investment which was with the property management which which was with the property management which was with the property management which was with the property management which which was with the property management which was with	development and investment and investment wh業發展 及投資 HK\$'000 HK

Geographical market

All revenue from contracts with customers was generated in Mainland China.

所有客戶合約收入於中國大陸產生。

5. **REVENUE** (continued)

Notes:

收入(續) 5.

附註:

- (a) The following table shows the amounts of revenue recognised in the current reporting period that were included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the reporting period:
- (a) 下表列示於本報告期間確認的收入 金額,其計入報告期初的合約負債:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	<i>千港元</i>
Property management services	物業管理服務	31,507	37,726
Services in relation to operations of the	與經營休閒中心有關的服務		
Recreational Centre		4,615	22,156
			_
		36,122	59,882

No revenue recognised during the year ended 31 December 2020 related to performance obligations satisfied or partially satisfied in previous periods (2019: Nil).

Performance obligations (b)

Information about the Group's performance obligations in contracts with customers is summarised below:

Provision of property management services and services in relation to operations of the Recreational Centre

The performance obligation is satisfied over time as services are rendered and payment in advance is normally required.

Sale of goods in relation to operations of the Recreational Centre

Revenue from the sale of goods in relation to operations of the Recreational Centre is recognised at the point in time when the goods are delivered to the customers, and payment is made upon delivery.

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度,並未確認與先前期間已履 行或部分履行的履約責任有關的收 入(二零一九年:無)。

(b) 履約責任

有關本集團於客戶合約內的履約責 任的資料概述如下:

提供物業管理服務及休閒中心運營 相關服務

履約責任隨著提供服務的時間獲履 行,且通常需要預先付款。

與休閒中心運營相關的貨品銷售

與休閒中心運營相關的貨品銷售收 入乃於貨品交付予客戶及客戶於交 付後作出付款的時間點確認。

財務報表附註

5. **REVENUE** (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(b) Performance obligations (continued)

The amounts of transaction prices allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

收入(續) **5.**

附註: (續)

(b) 履約責任(續)

於報告期末分配至剩餘履約責任(未 履行或部分未履行)的交易價金額如

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Amounts expected to be recognised	預期確認為收入的金額:		
as revenue:			
Within one year	一年內	27,439	18,831
After one year	一年後	1,036	227
		28,475	19,058

The amounts of transaction prices allocated to the remaining performance obligations which are expected to be recognised as revenue after one year relate to services in relation to operations of the Recreational Centre, of which the performance obligations are to be satisfied within two years. All the other amounts of transaction prices allocated to the remaining performance obligations are expected to be recognised as revenue within one year. The amounts disclosed above do not include variable consideration which is constrained.

在一年後分配至預計確認為收入的 剩餘履約責任的交易價金額與休閒 中心運營相關的服務有關,其中履 約責任將於兩年內達成。分配至剩 餘履約責任的所有其他交易價金額 預計於一年內確認為收入。上述披 露的金額不包括受限制的可變代價。

6. OTHER INCOME AND GAINS, NET

An analysis of the Group's other income and gains, net is as follows:

其他收入及收益,淨額 6.

本集團的其他收入及收益,淨額分析如 下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		<i>千港元</i>	千港元
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	1,787	3,632
Interest income of loan receivables	應收貸款利息收入	1,451	1,585
Government subsidies	政府補貼	617	_
Penalty income	罰款收入	2,258	158
Foreign exchange gain, net	匯兑收益淨值	_	32,461
Fair value gain recycled from	出售按公平值計入		
equity upon disposal of debt	其他全面收益的		
investments at fair value through	債務投資後自權益		
other comprehensive income	收回的公平值收益	144	1,761
Others	其他	4,783	4,856
		11,040	44,453

7. **FINANCE COSTS**

An analysis of the Group's finance costs is as follows:

7. 財務費用

本集團財務費用分析如下:

		Notes 附註	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2019 二零一九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Interest on bank loans	銀行貸款的利息		37,176	39,405
Interest on preference shares of a subsidiary Interest on loan from a shareholder of the	附屬公司優先股的 利息 本公司股東提供的 貸款的利息	38	-	1,093
Company	7 (3) (1.3) [3.6]		1,614	1,269
Interest on loans from director-controlled entities Imputed interest on loans from director-controlled	董事控制實體提供的 貸款的利息 董事控制實體提供的 貸款的推算利息	38	412	115
entities Interest on a quasi-loan equity contributed by a joint venture partner of	附屬公司之合營公司 合夥人貢獻的 準貸款權益的利息		15,211	2,477
a subsidiary	> 6 16 pp /= >/ 4.4	38	55,881	16,018
Interest on perpetual convertible bonds	永久可換股債券利息	29	1,252	1,220
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	15(b)	1,053	555
Less: Amount capitalised in	減:在建投資物業的		112,599	62,152
investment property under construction	資本化金額	14	_	(4,355)
			112,599	57,797

財務報表附註

8. **PROFIT BEFORE TAX**

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/ (crediting):

稅前溢利 8.

本集團税前溢利已扣除/(抵免)下列各

		Notes	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK</i> \$'000	2019 二零一九年 <i>HK\$</i> '000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	13	5,885	12,365
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	15	18,219	18,475
Amortisation of computer software	電腦軟件攤銷	16	191	239
Loss on disposal of items of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備 項目的虧損	10		
equipment Lease expenses on short-term leases	短期租賃的租賃費用		27 —	9
Employee benefit expenses (including directors' remuneration (note 9)): Salaries, allowances and	僱員福利費用 (包括董事薪酬 (附註9)): 薪金、津貼和實物利			
benefits in kind Pension scheme	益 退休金計劃供款		67,996	90,051
contributions (note)	(附註)		2,565	6,654
			70,561	96,705
Auditor's remuneration Foreign exchange	核數師酬金 匯兑差額淨額		2,050	2,180
differences, net	<u> </u>		224	(32,461)

Note: The decrease in pension scheme contributions was mainly due to reduction and wavier of employer obligations on social security contributions for a specified period of time, as announced by the Ministry of Human Resources and Social Security of the PRC, by an aggregate amount of HK\$3,685,000. In addition, government grants of HK\$617,000 in total under COVID-19 were received from the government in Hong Kong and the PRC which were recognised as other income during the year.

附註: 退休金計劃供款減少主要乃由於中國人力資 源和社會保障部發佈的指定時期內減少或 免除僱主的社會保險繳款義務,總金額為 3,685,000港元。此外, COVID-19下獲自香 港及中國政府的政府補助總金額為617,000 港元,並於年內確認為其他收入。

9. **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

董事薪酬 9.

根據聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規 則」)、香港《公司條例》第383(1)(a)、 (b)、(c)及(f)條以及《公司(披露董事利益 資料)規例》第2部披露的本年度董事薪 酬如下:

		Group	
		本集團	
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Fees	袍金	1,240	1,240
Other emoluments:	其他報酬:		
Salaries, allowances and	薪金、津貼和實物利益		
benefits in kind		405	716
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	54	54
	_	459	770
Total remuneration	薪酬總額	1,699	2,010

財務報表附註

9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

An analysis of the directors' remuneration, on a named basis, is as follows:

9. 董事薪酬(續)

董事薪酬(以姓名為基準)分析如下:

		Fees 袍金 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼和 實物利益 <i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元	Pension scheme contributions 退休金 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total remuneration 薪酬合計 <i>HK\$</i> *000 <i>千港元</i>
Year ended 31 December 2020	截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度				
Executive directors: Mr. Wei Chunxian ("Mr. Wei") Ms. Liu Shuhua Mr. Sun Zhongmin ("Mr. Sun")	執行董事: 魏純渥先生(「魏先生」) 劉淑華女士 孫仲民先生(「孫先生」)	480 - 400	=	18 _ 18	498 _ 418
Mr. Guo Jingsheng# Ms. Huang Fei# Ms. Li Bing#	郭京生先生 * 黃菲女士 * 李兵女士 *	_ _ _	405 —	- - -	405 —
	<u>-</u>	880	405	36	1,321
Independent non-executive directors: Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric Ms. To Tsz Wan Vivien Mr. Leung Louis Ho Ming^ Mr. Au Yeung Po Fung*	獨立非執行董事 : 董渙樟先生 杜紫雲女士 梁浩鳴先生^ 歐陽寶豐先生*	120 120 107 13	- - - - -	6 6 5 1 18	126 126 112 14 378
Total	合計	1,240	405	54	1,699
Year ended 31 December 2019	截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度				
Executive directors: Mr. Wei Chunxian ("Mr. Wei") Ms. Liu Shuhua Mr. Sun Zhongmin ("Mr. Sun") Mr. Guo Jingsheng Ms. Huang Fei	執行董事: 魏純渥先生(「魏先生」) 劉淑華女士 孫仲民先生(「孫先生」) 郭京生先生 黃菲女士	480 — 400 —	 347 369	18 - 18 -	498 - 765 - 369
Ms. Li Bing	李兵女士	_			
Independent non-executive directors: Mr. Tung Woon Cheung Eric Ms. To Tsz Wan Vivien Mr. Au Yeung Po Fung*	獨立非執行董事: 董渙樟先生 杜紫雲女士 歐陽寶豐先生* -	120 120 120 120 360	716	6 6 6 18	1,632 126 126 126 378
Total	合計	1,240	716	54	2,010

31 December 2020 二零二零年十二月三十一日

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION 9. (continued)

- Appointed as an executive director of the Company on 28 June 2019.
- Appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 9 February 2020.
- Resigned as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 9 February 2020.

Note: There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2019: Nil).

10. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included no (2019: one) director, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 9 above. Details of the remuneration of the five (2019: four) non-director, highest paid employees for the year are as follows:

董事薪酬(續) 9.

- 於二零一九年六月二十八日獲委任 為本公司執行董事。
- 於二零二零年二月九日獲委任為本 公司獨立非執行董事。
- 於二零二零年二月九日辭任本公司 獨立非執行董事。

附計: 年內無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬 金的安排(二零一九年:無)。

10. 五位最高薪僱員

年內,五位最高薪僱員中並無包括董事 (二零一九年:一名),其薪酬詳見上文 附註9。年內五名(二零一九年:四名) 非董事的最高薪僱員之薪酬詳情如下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Salaries, allowances and benefits	薪金、津貼和實物利益		
in kind		4,950	4,713
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	18	36
		4,968	4,749

財務報表附註

10. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

(continued)

The number of the non-director highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

10. 五位最高薪僱員(續)

薪酬處於以下範圍內的非董事最高薪僱 員的人數如下:

Number of employees

		僱員人數		
		2020	2019	
		二零二零年	二零一九年	
Nil to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	零至1,000,000港元 1,000,001港元至	2	1	
	1,500,000港元	3	3	
		5	4	

11. INCOME TAX

An analysis of the Group's income tax is as follows:

11. 所得稅

本集團所得税分析如下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Current — Mainland China	當期-中國大陸	8,407	11,684
Current — UK	當期-英國	2,578	410
Current — USA	當期-美國	-	493
Deferred (note 30)	遞延 <i>(附註30)</i>	56,073	71,443
Total tax expense for the year	本年度税項費用總額	67,058	84,030

Notes:

No provision for Hong Kong has been made as the Group did not generate any assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year (2019: Nil).

> The PRC, UK and USA income taxes in respect of operations in Mainland China, the UK and the USA are calculated at the applicable tax rates on the estimated assessable profits for the year, based on the prevailing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof.

> The USA corporate income tax provision represented withholding tax provision calculated at the applicable tax rate on interest income of intercompany advances to subsidiaries in the USA for the year, based on existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof.

附註:

於本年度,由於本集團並無產生任 (a) 何於香港產生的應課税溢利,因 此,並無就香港計提準備(二零一九 年:無)。

> 本年度有關中國大陸、英國及美國 經營業務的中國、英國及美國所得 税按估計應課税溢利,並根據有關 的現行法律、詮釋和相關常規,按 照適用税率計算。

> 本年度美國企業所得税撥備指預扣 税項撥備,根據現行法律、詮釋及 相關常規就向美國附屬公司公司間 作出的墊款的利息收入按照適用税 率計算。

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11. INCOME TAX (continued)

Notes: (continued)

A reconciliation of the tax expense/(credit) applicable to (b) profit/(loss) before tax at the statutory tax rates for the jurisdictions in which the Company and the majority of its subsidiaries operate to the tax expense/(credit) at the effective tax rates, and a reconciliation of the applicable tax rates (i.e., the statutory tax rates) to the effective tax rates, are as follows:

11. 所得稅(續) 附註: (續)

(b) 按照適用於本公司及其大多數附屬 公司營運所在地的司法管轄區的税 前溢利/(虧損)的法定税率計算出 的税項費用/(抵免),與按實際税 率計算出的税項費用/(抵免)的對 賬,以及適用税率(即法定税率)和 實際税率的對賬如下:

Year ended 31 December 2020

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

		Hong Kon 香港	ng	Mainland 中國大		The US 美國		The U 英國		Tota 合計	
		HK\$'000 千港元	%	HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	%	HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	%	HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	%	HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	%
Profit/(loss) before tax	税前溢利/(虧損)	13,272		179,961		(40,065)	ı	(85,430)	ı	67,738	
Tax credit/(expenses) at the statutory tax rate	按法定税率計算的 税項抵免/(費用)	2,190	16.5	44,990	25.0	(11,218)	28.0	(16,445)	19.3	19,517	28.9
Income not subject to tax	無須納税的收入	(5,060)	(38.1)	(686)	(0.4)	(797)	2.0	-	_	(6,543)	(9.7)
Expenses not deductible for tax Adjustment in respect of current tax	不可抵扣税項的費用 就過往期間的即期	2,860	21.5	329	0.2	3,297	(8.2)	1,616	(1.9)	8,102	12.0
of previous periods	税項作出的調整	-	-	87	-	-	-	-	-	87	0.1
Temporary difference not recognised	未確認暫時性差額	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,182	(17.8)	15,182	22.4
Tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損	10	0.1	19,993	11.1	8,485	(21.2)	2,225	(2.6)	30,713	45.3
Tax expense/(credit) at the Group's effective tax rate	按本集團實際税率 計算的税項			64 740	25.0	(022)	0.6	0.570	(2.0)	67.050	00.0
	費用/(抵免)		-	64,713	35.9	(233)	0.6	2,578	(3.0)	67,058	99.0

Year ended 31 December 2019

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

		Hong K 香港	•	Mainland 中國大		The US 美國	A	The U 英國		Tota 合計	
		HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%
		千港元		千港元		千港元		千港元		千港元	
Profit before tax	税前溢利	14,582		67,504		11,943	ı	88,083	ļ	182,112	
Tax expense at the statutory	按法定税率計算的										
tax rate	税項費用	2,406	16.5	16,876	25	4,777	40	17,617	20	41,676	22.9
Income not subject to tax	無須納税的收入	(6,804)	(46.6)	(264)	(0.4)	(4,544)	(38)	(6,923)	(7.9)	(18,535)	(10.2)
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可抵扣税項的費用	4,386	30.1	1,861	2.8	-	-	121	0.1	6,368	3.5
Effect of withholding tax on interest	預扣税對得自美國的										
income derived from the USA	利息收入的影響	-	-	-	-	493	4.1	-	-	493	0.3
Adjustment in respect of current tax	就過往期間的即期税項										
of previous periods	作出的調整	-	-	396	0.6	-	-	-	-	396	0.2
Tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損	12	-	9,529	14.1	(233)	(2)	-	-	9,308	5.1
Temporary differences not recognised	未確認暫時性差額	-	-	54,729	81.1	-	-	(10,405)	(11.8)	44,324	24.3
Tax expense at the Group's effective	按本集團實際税率										
tax rate	計算的税項費用	-	-	83,127	123.1	493	4.1	410	0.5	84,030	46.1

財務報表附註

12. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of the basic earnings per share amount is based on the profit for the year attributable to shareholders of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

In respect of the year ended 31 December 2020, no adjustment has been made to the basic earnings per share amount presented in respect of a dilution as the impact of the perpetual convertible bonds and share options outstanding during the year either had an anti-dilutive effect or did not have a diluting effect on the earnings per share amount presented.

In respect of the year ended 31 December 2019, the calculation of the diluted earnings per share amount is based on the profit for the year attributable to shareholders of the Company, adjusted to reflect the deemed conversion of all dilutive perpetual convertible bonds at the beginning of that year, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation is the total of (i) the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during that year, as used in the basic earnings per share calculation; and (ii) the weighted average number of ordinary shares assumed to have been issued on the deemed conversion of all dilutive perpetual convertible bonds into ordinary shares of the Company. The share options outstanding during the year ended 31 December 2019 did not have a diluting effect on the earnings per share amount presented.

12. 本公司股東應佔每股盈利

每股基本盈利金額乃根據本公司股東應 佔本年度溢利及本年度已發行普通股加 權平均數計算。

就截至二零二零年十二月三十一止年度 而言,由於本年度內的未償還永久可換 股債券及未行使之購股權之影響均具有 反攤薄效應或對所呈列的每股盈利金額 並無攤薄效應,故並無對所呈列之每股 基本盈利金額作出調整。

就截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年 度而言,每股攤薄盈利金額乃根據本公 司股東應佔本年度溢利計算,並經調整 以反映視作於年初轉換所有攤薄永久可 換股債券,而計算所用普通股的加權平 均數為以下各項之總和:(1)計算每股基 本盈利所用的年內已發行普通股加權平 均數;及(ii)於視作轉換所有攤薄永久可 換股債券為本公司普通股時假設已發行 的普通股加權平均數。截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度未行使之購股權 並無對所呈列的每股盈利金額產生攤薄 影響。

盈利

12. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY (continued)

The calculations of the basic and diluted earnings per share amounts are based on the following data:

12. 本公司股東應佔每股盈利(續)

每股基本及攤薄盈利金額之計算乃基於 以下數據:

Earnings

		2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2019 二零一九年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>
Profit for the year attributable to shareholders of the Company, used in the basic earnings per	本公司股東應佔本年度 溢利,用於 計算每股基本盈利		
share calculation Interest on perpetual convertible	永久可換股債券利息	552	98,599
bonds			1,220
Profit for the year attributable to shareholders of the Company, used in the diluted earnings per	本公司股東應佔本年度 溢利・用於 計算每股攤薄盈利		
share calculation		552	99,819

Number of ordinary shares

普通股數目

Number of shares

		股份數目			
		2020	2019		
		二零二零年	二零一九年		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year, used in the basic earnings per share calculation	計算每股基本盈利所用本 年度已發行普通股之加 權平均數	3,199,373,986	3,196,784,946		
Effect of dilution of perpetual convertible bonds — weighted average number of ordinary	永久可換股債券攤薄的 影響一普通股加權 平均數				
shares		_	1,366,330,541		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares during the year, used in the diluted earnings per share calculation	計算每股攤薄盈利 所用本年度普通股之 加權平均數	3,199,373,986	4,563,115,487		

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 13. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold improvements 租賃物業 裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture, fixtures and office equipment 傢俬、裝置和 辦公室設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>	Total 合計 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>
Year ended 31 December 2020	截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度				
At 1 January 2020: Cost Accumulated depreciation	於二零二零年一月一日: 成本 累計折舊	10,186 (4,908)	24,681 (17,151)	2,502 (1,853)	37,369 (23,912)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	5,278	7,530	649	13,457
Net carrying amount: At 1 January 2020 Additions Depreciation provided during	賬面淨值: 於二零二零年一月一日 添置 本年度計提折舊 <i>(附註8)</i>	5,278 74	7,530 208	649 -	13,457 282
the year (note 8) Disposals Exchange realignment	出售 匯兑調整	(2,987) — 158	(2,663) (27) 218	(235) — 26	(5,885) (27) 402
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	2,523	5,266	440	8,229
At 31 December 2020: Cost Accumulated depreciation	於二零二零年十二月三十一日: 成本 累計折舊	10,852 (8,329)	26,327 (21,061)	2,656 (2,216)	39,835 (31,606)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	2,523	5,266	440	8,229

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 13. 物業、廠房及設備(績) (continued)

				Furniture, fixtures		
			Leasehold	and office	Motor	
		Building	improvements 租賃物業	equipment 傢俬、裝置和	vehicles	Total
		樓宇	裝修	辦公室設備	汽車	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
V 1.10/P 1.00/A	**************************************	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Year ended 31 December 2019	截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度					
At 1 January 2019:	於二零一九年一月一日:					
Cost or valuation	成本或估值	404,251	9,338	22,384	2,545	438,518
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(38,599)	(4,423)	(14,434)	(1,648)	(59,104)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值 ■	365,652	4,915	7,950	897	379,414
Net carrying amount:	賬面淨值:					
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	365,652	4,915	7,950	897	379,414
Additions	添置	_	1,010	3,067	_	4,077
Depreciation provided during	本年度計提折舊					
the year (note 8)	(附註8)	(8,398)	(559)	(3,171)	(237)	(12,365)
Disposals	出售	_	_	(190)	_	(190)
Disposal of a subsidiary (note 34)	出售一間附屬公司(附註34)	(326,413)	_	_	_	(326,413)
Surplus on revaluation	重估盈餘	11,883	_	_	_	11,883
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整 -	(42,724)	(88)	(126)	(11)	(42,949)
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月三十一日	_	5,278	7,530	649	13,457
At 31 December 2019:	於二零一九年十二月三十一日:					
Cost	成本	_	10,186	24,681	2,502	37,369
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	-	(4,908)	(17,151)	(1,853)	(23,912)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	_	5,278	7,530	649	13,457

財務報表附註

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

Note: The building of the Group as at 1 January 2019 was a selfoccupied commercial building located in Beijing, which was disposed of by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2019 in exchange for another property in Beijing under an asset exchange transaction, as further detailed in note 34 to the financial statements. Immediately prior to the disposal of the property on 31 October 2019, the building portion (included in property, plant and equipment) and leasehold land portion (included in right-of-use assets (note 15(a)) were revalued on 31 October 2019 based on a valuation performed by Knight Frank Petty Limited, an independent professional qualified valuer, at an open market value of RMB682,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$759,100,000) in total, resulting in a revaluation surplus of HK\$22,420,000 which has been recognised as other comprehensive income in the property revaluation reserve during the year ended 31 December 2019.

> The fair value of the property was measured using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 as defined in HKFRS 13). During the year, there was no transfer into or out of Level 3 (2019: Nil).

> Below is a summary of the valuation technique used and the key input to the valuation of the property:

> > Valuation technique 估值技術

13. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

附註: 於二零一九年一月一日,本集團樓 宇為位於北京的一處自用商業樓 宇,該樓宇由本集團於截至二零 一九年十二月三十一日止年度進行 出售,以換取資產交換交易項下於 北京的另一棟物業,進一步詳情如 財務報表附註34所述。緊接於二零 一九年十月三十一日出售物業前, 樓宇部分(計入物業、廠房及設備 中)及租賃土地部分(計入使用權資 產中(附註15(a))已於二零一九年 十月三十一日進行重估。根據獨立 專業合資格估值師萊坊測計師行有 限公司進行的估值, 開放市場價值 合共人民幣682,000,000元(相當於 759,100,000港元),導致重新估 值盈餘22,420,000港元於截至二零 一九年十二月三十一日止年度物業 重估儲備中確認為其他全面收益。

> 物業之公平值均使用重大不可觀察 輸入值(第三層級)(定義見香港財務 報告準則第13號)計量。於本年度, 概無轉入或轉出第三層級的公平值 計量(二零一九年:無)。

> 以下為物業估值所採用的估值技術 及主要輸入數據概要:

Significant unobservable input 重大不可觀察輸入數據

Weighted average 加權平均 31 October 2019 二零一九年 十月三十一日 (date of disposal) 出售日期

Leasehold land and building 租賃土地及樓宇

Direct comparison 直接比較

Price per square metre 每平方米價格

RMB24,308 人民幣24,308元

The valuation of the property was based on the direct comparison approach by reference to comparable market transactions. A significant increase (decrease) in the estimated price per square metre in isolation would result in a significant increase (decrease) in the fair value of the property.

物業的估值乃參照可比較市場交易根據直接 比較法釐定。每平方米單獨估計價格大幅 增加(減少)將導致物業公平值大幅增加(減 少)。

14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

14. 投資物業

		Completed 已落成 (note (a)) (附註(a))	Under construction 在建中 (note (b)) (附註(b))	Total 合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Carrying amount as at	於二零一九年一月一日的			_
1 January 2019	賬面值	1,656,442	519,228	2,175,670
Additions	添置	1,524,354	245,931	1,770,285
Interest capitalised Net loss from fair value	資本化利息 公平值調整產生的淨虧損	_	4,355	4,355
adjustments		(140,730)	(1,444)	(142,174)
Transfer from properties held for sale (note (c)) Transfer upon completion	轉撥自持作出售物業 (附註(c)) 竣工後轉撥	782,287	_	782,287
of construction Transfer to an asset held	轉撥至持作出售之資產	569,064	(569,064)	_
for sale (note 24)	(附註24)	(335,901)	_	(335,901)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(73,734)	(1,140)	(74,874)
Carrying amount as at 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月 三十一日及二零二零年	0.004.700	407.000	4 470 040
and 1 January 2020	一月一日的賬面值	3,981,782	197,866	4,179,648
Additions Net gain from fair value	添置 公平值調整產生的	_	10,970	10,970
adjustments	淨收益	6,699	1,440	8,139
Transfer from properties held for sale (note (c))	轉撥自持作出售物業 <i>(附註(c))</i>	300,934	_	300,934
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	154,578	(960)	153,618
Carrying amount as at	於二零二零年十二月			
31 December 2020	三十一的賬面值	4,443,993	209,316	4,653,309

財務報表附註

14. **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)**

Notes:

(a) The Group's completed investment properties as at 31 December 2020 represented two commercial buildings located in London, the UK; a commercial and residential complex located in Santa Monica, the County of Los Angeles, State of California, the USA (the "US Complex"); and a commercial building located in Beijing, the PRC, which are leased to third parties under operating leases, further summary details of which are set out in note 15 to the financial statements.

> At 31 December 2020 and 2019, one of the commercial buildings located in the UK was included in a disposal group classified as held for sale as the Group had been actively negotiating with interested parties for the sale of that property since 2019 and signed a sale and purchase agreement to dispose of the subsidiary which owns such property subsequently in January 2021, as further details in note 24 to the financial statements.

- (b) The Group's investment property under construction as at 31 December 2020 represented a parcel of land located in Culver City, the USA, which was acquired on 27 March 2019 at a cash consideration of US\$24,000,000.
- (C) During the year, the use of certain units in the properties held for sale has been changed upon the inception of operating leases with external third parties. As a result, the leased portion of the properties held for sale was transferred to completed investment properties and a remeasurement gain of HK\$\$124,882,000 (2019: HK\$301,460,000) was recognised in profit or loss during the year.
- (d) Each year, the Group's senior management decides which external valuers to be appointed for the external valuations of the Group's properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, independence and whether professional standards are maintained.

The Group's senior management has ongoing discussions with the valuers on the valuation assumptions and results when the valuations are performed. The Group's investment properties (including a property classified as a non-current asset held for sale or included in a disposal group held for sale (note 24)) were revalued on 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019 based on valuations performed by Jones Lang LaSalle Limited, Knight Frank Petty Limited, Colliers International (Hong Kong) Limited, Colliers International Valuation UK LLP and Cushman & Wakefield Western, Inc., independent professionally qualified valuers.

14. 投資物業(續)

附註:

於二零二零年十二月三十一日本集 (a) 團之已落成投資物業指位於英國倫 敦的兩幢商業樓宇; 位於美國加利 福尼亞州洛杉磯聖莫尼卡市的商住 綜合物業(「美國綜合物業」);及位 於中國北京的一幢商業樓宇,該樓 宇根據經營租賃出租予第三方,其 進一步概要詳情載於財務報表附註 15。

> 於二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日,位於英國的一處商業樓 宇計入分類為持作出售之出售組 別,概因本集團自二零一九年以來 一直積極與利益相關方磋商以出售 該物業且已於二零二一年一月簽署 買賣協議以出售擁有該物業的附屬 公司, 進一步詳情見財務報表附計 24 °

- 於二零二零年十二月三十一日本集 (b) 團之在建中投資物業指位於美國 卡爾弗城之一塊土地,其於二零 一九年三月二十七日以現金代價 24,000,000美元被收購。
- (c) 於本年度,與外部第三方簽訂經營 租賃後,持作出售物業的部分單元 之使用發生變動。因此,於本年度 持作出售物業單位的租賃部分轉為 已落成投資物業及於損益內確認重 估收益為124,882,000港元(二零 一九年:301,460,000港元)。
- (d) 每年,本集團高級管理層決定委任 哪一家外聘估值師負責本集團投資 物業的外部估值。甄選準則包括市 場知識、獨立性及是否維持專業水 準。

本集團高級管理層與估值師在進行 估值時持續討論估值假設及結果。 於二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日,本集團之投資物業(包括 分類為持作出售之非流動資產或計 入持作出售之出售組別的物業(附註 24))由獨立專業合資格估值師Jones Lang LaSalle Limited、萊坊測計師 行有限公司、Colliers International (Hong Kong) Limited . Colliers International Valuation UK LLP 及 Cushman & Wakefield Western, Inc. 進行估值重估。

31 December 2020 二零二零年十二月三十一日

14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(d)

(continued)

Fair value hierarchy disclosure

At 31 December 2019, fair value measurements of all of the Group's investment properties are using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 as defined in HKFRS 13). During the year, there was no transfer into or out of Level 3.

Below is a summary of the valuation techniques used and the key inputs to the valuation of the Group's investment properties:

Valuation

14. 投資物業(續)

附註: (續)

(續) (d)

公平值層級披露

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本 集團投資物業的公平值計量均使用 重大不可觀察輸入值(第三層級)(定 義見香港財務報告準則第13號)。於 本年度,概無轉入或轉出第三層級 的公平值計量。

以下為就本集團投資物業估值所採 用的估值技術及主要輸入值的概要:

	techniques	un	observable inputs	Range of	f input
	估值技術	重	大不可觀察輸入值	輸入值	範圍
				2020	2019
				二零二零年	二零一九年
Completed investment	properties				
已落成投資物業					
A commercial building	Income capitalisation	(i)	Equivalent yield	4.51%	4.18%
in the UK	·	(ii)	Unit market rent per	£64.20 per	£57.36 per
			month	square metre of	square metre of
				gross floor area	gross floor area
於英國的商業樓宇	收入資本化法	(i)	等價收益率		
八八四时间不反	W/ATIDA	(ii)	每月單位市場租金	4.51%	4.18%
		(11)	母71年世中%/田亚	每平方米	每平方米
				總樓面面積	總樓面面積
				64.20英鎊	57.36英鎊
The US complex	Income capitalisation	(i)	Capitalisation rate	4.4%	4.5%
		(ii)	Unit market rent per	US\$57-US\$84	US\$66-US\$84
			month	per square metre of	per square metre of
				gross floor area and	gross floor area and
				US\$6,100-US\$8,000 per unit of bedroom	US\$5,200-US\$9,500 per unit of bedroom
				or townhouse	or townhouse
A			No. 1 (1 ->-		
美國綜合物業	收入資本化法	(i)	資本化率	4.4 %	4.5%
		(ii)	每月單位市場租金	每平方米	每平方米 物牌 不可請
				總樓面面積 57 美元至84美元	總樓面面積 66美元至84美元
				及每單位卧室或	及每單位卧室或
				聯排住宅6,100美元至	聯排住宅5,200美元
				8,000美元	至9,500美元

Significant

財務報表附註

14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued) 14. 投資物業(績)

Notes: (continued) 附註: (續)

(d) (continued) (續) (d)

Fair value hierarchy disclosure (continued) 公平值層級披露(續)

	Valuation techniques 估值技術	un	nificant observable inputs 大不可觀察輸入值	•	of input 直範圍 2019 二零一九年
A commercial building in the PRC	Income capitalisation	(i)	Sales comparison	RMB52,200-RMB63,800 per square metre for retail and RMB45,200-RMB55,970 per square metre for office	RMB52,200-RMB63,800 per square metre for retail and RMB43,600-RMB53,300 per square metre for office
於中國的商業樓宇	收入資本化法	(i)	銷售比較	零售價 每平方米 人民幣52,200元至 人民幣63,800元 及辦公室 每平方米 人民幣45,200元至 人民幣55,970元	零售價 每平方米 人民幣52,200元至 人民幣63,800元 及辦公室 每平方米 人民幣43,600元至 人民幣53,300元
Investment property und	der construction				
在建中投資物業 A parcel of land located in Culver City, the USA	Income capitalisation	(i)	Sales comparison	US\$743 per square metre of gross floors area	US\$699 per square metre of gross floor area
位於美國卡爾弗城的 一塊土地	收入資本化法	(i)	銷售比較	每平方米 總樓面面積 743 美元	每平方米 總樓面面積 699美元
Included in a disposal g	roup held for sale (note 24))			
計入持作出售之出售組別(A commercial building	/附註 24) Income capitalisation	(i)	Equivalent yield	5.01%	5,36%
in the UK		(ii)	Unit market rent per month	£49.05 per square metre of gross floor area	£51.08 per square metre of gross floor area
於英國的商業樓宇	收入資本化法	(i) (ii)	等價收益率每月單位市場租金	5.01% 每平方米 總樓面面積 49.05英鎊	5.36% 每平方米 總樓面面積 51.08英鎊
on net rental incom	lisation approach is a ne that can be derived the allowance for the perties.	d from	n existing		時乃基於可得自現有・並妥為計及有關物

14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(d) (continued)

Fair value hierarchy disclosure (continued)

A significant increase (decrease) in the estimated rental value in isolation would result in a significant increase (decrease) in the fair value of the investment properties. A significant increase (decrease) in the equivalent yield and capitalisation rate in isolation would result in a significant decrease/(increase) in the fair value of the investment properties. Generally, a change in the assumption made for the estimated rental value is accompanied by a directionally similar change in the rental value and an opposite change in the equivalent yield and the capitalisation rate.

(e) At 31 December 2020, certain of the Group's investment properties with a total carrying amount of HK\$2,819,153,000 (2019: HK\$2,463,059,000) were pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group (note 28(a)), a loan from a financial institution (note 28(b)) and loans from a joint venture partner of a subsidiary (note 28(e)).

15. LEASES

Group as a lessor

The Group leases its investment properties (note 14) consisting of two commercial properties in the UK, one residential and commercial property in the USA and one commercial property in the PRC to third parties and a related party in which two directors of the Company have beneficial interests, under operating lease arrangements for terms ranging between 1 and 8 years (2019: 1 and 10 years). The terms of the leases generally require the tenants to pay security deposits and provide for periodic rent adjustments according to the contract terms. Rental income recognised by the Group during the year was HK\$99,412,000 (2019: HK\$78.817.000), details of which are included in note 5 to the financial statements.

14. 投資物業(續)

附註: (續)

(d) (續)

公平值層級披露(續)

單獨估計租金價值大幅上升(下降) 會導致投資物業公平值大幅上升(下 降)。等價收益率及資本化率單獨大 幅上升(下降)會導致投資物業公平 值大幅下降/(上升)。一般而言, 就估計租金價值所作假設的變動會 伴隨租金價值相同方向的變動以及 等價收益率及資本化率相反方向的 變動。

(e) 於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本 集團抵押賬面值合共2,819,153,000 港元(二零一九年: 2,463,059,000港 元)的若干投資物業作為授予本集團 的銀行融資之擔保(附註28(a))、來 自金融機構之貸款(附註28(b))及來 自一間附屬公司之合營公司合夥人 之貸款(附註28(e))。

15. 租賃

本集團作為出租人

本集團根據經營租賃安排向第三方及本 公司兩名董事擁有實益權益的關聯方出 租其投資物業(附註14)(包括在英國的 兩項商用物業、在美國的一項住宅及商 用物業及在中國的一項商用物業),租 賃期為1年至8年(二零一九年:1年至10 年)不等。該等租賃的條款一般要求租 戶支付保證金,並可以根據合約條款定 期調整租金。本集團於本年度確認的租 金收入為99,412,000港元(二零一九年: 78,817,000港元),其詳情計入財務報 表附註5。

財務報表附註

31 December 2020 二零二零年十二月三十一日

15. LEASES (continued)

Group as a lessor (continued)

At 31 December 2020, the undiscounted lease payments receivable by the Group in future periods under noncancellable operating leases with its tenants are as follows:

15. 租賃(續)

本集團作為出租人(續)

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團 根據與其租戶簽訂的不可撤銷經營租 賃,於未來期間收取的未折現租賃付款 如下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	84,127	61,105
After one year but within two years	一年後但兩年內	68,923	38,775
After two years but within three years	兩年後但三年內	53,708	34,617
After three years but within four years	三年後但四年內	37,721	28,637
After four years but within five years	四年後但五年內	21,279	25,389
After five years	五年後	7,513	27,332
Total	合計	273,271	215,855

The Group's operating lease receivables as at 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019 are disclosed in note 20 to the financial statements.

Group as a lessee

The Group has lease arrangements as a lessee for office premises, staff quarters, a fitness centre, several units of a recreational centre, a motor vehicle and several items of equipment for use in its operations. Leases of office premises, staff quarters, a fitness centre and several units of a recreational centre have lease terms between 3 and 4 years, while the motor vehicle has a lease term of 3 years. Other equipment generally has lease terms of 12 months or less and/or is individually of low value. Generally, the Group is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets outside the Group.

本集團於二零二零年十二月三十一日及 二零一九年十二月三十一日的經營應收 租賃賬款於財務報表附註20中披露。

本集團作為承租人

本集團作為承租人,擁有辦公室物業、 員工宿舍、一間健身中心、一所休閑中 心若干單元、一輛汽車及用於其業務營 運的若干設備項目的多項租賃土地安 排。辦公室物業、員工宿舍、一間健身 中心及一所休閑中心若干單元之租賃的 租賃期為3至4年,而汽車的租賃期通常 為3年。其他設備的租賃期通常為12個 月或以下及/或個別設備的價值較低。 一般而言,本集團不可向本集團以外人 士轉讓及分租租賃資產。

15. LEASES (continued)

Group as a lessee (continued)

Right-of-use assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements during the year are as follows:

15. 租賃(績)

本集團作為承租人(績)

使用權資產

本集團之使用權資產賬面值及本 年度變動如下:

		Leasehold land 租賃土地 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i> (note) (附註)	Office premises 辦公室物業 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicle 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	405,946	13,182	639	419,767
Additions	添置	-	35,264	-	35,264
Depreciation provided during	本年度計提折舊(附註8)				
the year (note 8)		(9,469)	(8,698)	(308)	(18,475)
Surplus on revaluation	重估盈餘	10,537	_	-	10,537
Disposal of a subsidiary (note 34)	出售一間附屬公司	/ 100 00T)			/100 00 =
	(附註34)	(432,687)	_	_	(432,687)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	25,673	(500)	1	25,174
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	於二零一九年十二月 三十一日及二零二零年 一月一日	_	39,248	332	39,580
Additions	添置	_	2,983	_	2,983
Depreciation provided during	本年度計提折舊		,		,
the year (note 8)	(附註8)	_	(17,914)	(305)	(18,219)
Lease modification	租賃變更	_	(20,014)	_	(20,014)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整		1,176	(1)	1,175
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月 三十一日		5 470	26	E E0E
	=T-A		5,479	20	5,505

Note: It was stated at a revalued amount less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, further details of the fair value measurement is included in note 13 to the financial statements.

附註: 其按重估金額減累計折舊及 任何累計減值虧損列賬,公 平值計量的進一步詳情載入 財務報表附註13。

財務報表附註

31 December 2020 二零二零年十二月三十一日

15. LEASES (continued)

Group as a lessee (continued)

Lease liabilities

The carrying amount of lease liabilities (included under bank and other borrowings) and the movements during the year are as follows:

15. 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

租賃負債 (b)

租賃負債之賬面值(包括銀行及 其他借款)及本年度變動如下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	39,603	13,821
New leases	新租賃	2,983	35,264
Accretion of interest recognised	本年度已確認利息		
during the year (note 7)	增幅 <i>(附註7)</i>	1,053	555
Payments	付款	(19,821)	(9,539)
Lease modification	租賃變更	(19,762)	_
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	1,427	(498)
At 31 December Portion classified as current	於十二月三十一日 分類為流動負債部分	5,483	39,603
liabilities		(3,913)	(18,704)
Non-current portion	非即期部分	1,570	20,899

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed in note 41 to the financial statements.

租賃負債的到期日分析披露於財 務報表附註41。

Other lease information (c)

The amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to leases are as follows:

其他租賃資料 (c)

與租賃有關於損益內確認的金額 如下:

		2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>	2019 二零一九年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	1,053	555
Depreciation of right-of-use	使用權資產折舊		
assets		18,219	18,475
Expense relating to short-term	與短期租賃有關的		
leases	開支	_	7
Loss on lease modification	租賃變更的虧損	252	
Total amount recognised in profit	於損益內確認款項		
or loss	總額	19,524	19,037

The total cash outflow for leases is disclosed in note 35(c) to the financial statements.

租賃的現金流出總額披露於財務 報表附註35(c)。

16. COMPUTER SOFTWARE

16. 電腦軟件

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	<i>千港元</i>
At 1 January:	於一月一日:		
Cost	成本	1,719	1,300
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	(636)	(407)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	1,083	893
Net carrying amount:	賬面淨值:		
At 1 January	於一月一日	1,083	893
Additions	添置	-	448
Amortisation provided during	本年度計提攤銷		
the year (note 8)	(附註8)	(191)	(239)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	56	(19)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	948	1,083
At 31 December:	於十二月三十一日:		
Cost	成本	1,825	1,719
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	(877)	(636)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值 •	948	1,083

17. DEBT INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE **INCOME**

17. 按公平值計入其他全面收益 的債務投資

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Unlisted debt investments,	非上市債務投資,		
at fair value	按公平值計量	24,562	46,518

The unlisted debt investments were designated as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income as the Group plans to both hold the financial assets to collect their contractual cash flows and sell them, as appropriate.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the gross loss in respect of fair value remeasurement of the unlisted debt investments recognised in other comprehensive income amounted to HK\$967,000 (2019: gross gain amounted to HK\$1,424,000) and a gain on disposal of certain unlisted debt investments amounting to HK\$144,000 (2019: HK\$1,761,000) was recycled to profit or loss.

非上市債務投資被指定為按公平值計入 其他全面收益的金融資產,乃由於本集 團計劃持有金融資產以收取其合約現金 流量及銷售(倘適用)。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度,確認於其他全面收益的非上市債 務投資之重新計量公平值之總虧損為 967,000港元(二零一九年:總收益為 1,424,000港元)及出售若干非上市債務 投資之收益為144,000港元(二零一九 年:1,761,000港元)已撥回至損益。

財務報表附註

18. PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

Properties held for sale of the Group as at 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019 represented a certain portion of a commercial building located in Beijing, the PRC, which was acquired on 31 October 2019 through acquisition of the entire interest of Capable Kingdom Limited. Further summary details of the acquisition are included in note 34 to the financial statements.

At 31 December 2020, certain properties held for sale with a then carrying amount of HK\$956,460,000 (2019: HK\$1,028,362,000) were pledged to secure the loans from a joint venture partner of a subsidiary (note 28(e)).

18. 持作出售物業

本集團於二零二零年十二月三十一日及 二零一九年十二月三十一日之持作出售 物業指位於中國北京的一座商業樓宇 的某一部分,該樓宇於二零一九年十 月三十一日透過收購Capable Kingdom Limited之全部權益而獲得。有關收購事 項之進一步概要詳情載於財務報表附註 34 °

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團 抵押當時賬面值為956,460,000港元(二 零一九年:1,028,362,000港元)的若干 持作出售物業作為來自一閒附屬公司 之合營公司合夥人之貸款的擔保(附註 28(e)) °

19. INVENTORIES

19. 存貨

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Food and beverages	食物及飲品	325	122
Other operating items for	餐廳經營的其他經營項目		
restaurant operations		294	292
Goods for resale	貨品轉售	164	696
Repair and maintenance parts	維修及保養部件	1,429	1,130
		0.010	0.040
	<u> </u>	2,212	2,240

20. TRADE AND LEASE RECEIVABLES

20. 應收貿易及租賃賬款

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	<i>千港元</i>
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	90,790	40,857
Lease receivables	應收租賃賬款	16,910	3,253
Total gross trade and lease	應收貿易及租賃賬款總額		
receivables		107,700	44,110
Less: Impairment (note (b))	減:減值 <i>(附註(b))</i> —	(14,873)	(10,536)
		92,827	33,574
	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

20. TRADE AND LEASE RECEIVABLES (continued)

Notes:

(a) Trade and lease receivables are non-interest bearing and arise from the provision of property management services, leasing of investment properties and operations of the Recreational Centre. Tenants of the Group's managed properties are required to pay a calendar year's property management service fees annually in advance.

> The Group's credit terms of its trade and lease receivables are negotiated with and entered into under normal commercial terms with tenants of the properties managed by the Group, tenants of investment properties and customers of the Recreational Centre. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

> Included in the Group's trade and lease receivables as at 31 December 2020 are amounts of HK\$45,062,000 (2019: HK\$4,847,000) in total due from companies controlled by two directors of the Company, which are repayable on credit terms similar to those offered to other tenants in the ordinary course of business. Mr. Wei and Mr. Sun, both being directors of the Company, have beneficial interests in these related parties.

> At 31 December 2020, certain lease receivables of HK\$16.910.000 (2019: HK\$3.253.000) in total were pledged to secure bank loan facilities granted to the Group for financing the purchase of two commercial buildings in London, the UK (note 28(a)).

20. 應收貿易及租賃賬款(續)

附註:

(a) 應收貿易及和賃賬款並不計息及於 提供物業管理服務、租賃投資物業 及經營休閒中心時產生。租戶租用 本集團管理之物業,須每年預付一 個曆年之物業管理服務費用。

> 本集團應收貿易及租賃賬款的信貸 條款透過與本集團管理的物業租 戶、投資物業租戶及休閒中心客戶 按一般商務條款磋商訂立。本集團 並無就該等餘額持有任何抵押品或 其他信用增級。

> 本集團於二零二零年十二月三十一 日的應收貿易及租賃賬款包括應收 本公司兩名董事控制的公司之款項 合共45,062,000港元(二零一九年: 4,847,000港元),並需按照與在日常 業務過程中向其他租戶所提供的信 用條款相類似的信用條款償還。魏 先生及孫先生(均為本公司董事)於 該等關聯方擁有實益權益。

> 於二零二零年十二月三十一日,若 干應收租賃賬款合共16,910,000港 元(二零一九年:3,253,000港元)已 抵押作為本集團購買英國倫敦兩處 商業樓宇(附註28(a))而獲授銀行貸 款融資之擔保。

財務報表附註

31 December 2020 二零二零年十二月三十一日

20. TRADE AND LEASE RECEIVABLES (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(b) An ageing analysis of the trade and lease receivables, based on the due date and net of impairment, is as follows:

20. 應收貿易及租賃賬款(續)

附註:(續)

(b) 按逾期日期之應收貿易及租賃賬款 (並扣除減值)之賬齡分析如下:

		2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元_
Current	當期	73,330	27,719
Past due:	已逾期:		
Less than 1 year	少於一年	14,191	2,770
1 year to 2 years	一至兩年	2,831	2,342
2 years to 3 years	兩至三年	2,475	743
		92.827	33.574

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of trade and lease receivables during the year are as follows:

於本年度,應收貿易及租賃賬款減 值虧損撥備的變動如下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	10,536	13,088
Impairment/(reversal of impairment)	已確認減值/(減值撥回),		
recognised, net (note 8)	淨額 <i>(附註8)</i>	3,492	(2,395)
Transfer to assets of a disposal group	轉移至持作出售之		
held for sale (note 24)	出售組別資產(附註24)	(6)	_
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	851	(157)

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on the average of historical incurred credit loss experience on each ageing group of trade and lease receivables. Generally, trade and lease receivables are written off if they are not considered recoverable by the Group and are not subject to enforcement activity.

於各報告日期採用撥備矩陣進行減 值分析,以計量預期信貸虧損。撥 備率乃基於應收貿易及租賃賬款的 各賬齡組別歷史已產生信貸虧損經 驗的平均值釐定。一般而言,應收 貿易及租賃賬款在被本集團視為不 可收回時可予以撇銷,且毋須受限 於強制執行活動。

10,536

14,873

20. TRADE AND LEASE RECEIVABLES (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(b) (continued)

> Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade and lease receivables using a provision matrix:

As at 31 December 2020

20. 應收貿易及租賃賬款(續)

附註:(續)

(b) (續)

> 有關本集團採用撥備矩陣計量的應 收貿易及租賃賬款的信貸風險資料 載列如下:

於二零二零年十二月三十一日

Ageing based on due date

基於到期日期的賬齡

	Less				
	than	1 to	2 to	Over	
Current	1 year	2 years	3 years	3 years	Total
當期	少於一年	一至兩年	兩至三年	三年以上	合計
0.62%	6.75%	36.01%	70.99%	100%	
73,789	15,218	4,424	8,533	5,736	107,700
459	1,027	1,593	6,058	5,736	14,873
	當期 0.62% 73,789	Current 営期1 year 少於一年0.62%6.75%73,78915,218	Current 営期1 to 1 year 少於一年2 years 一至兩年0.62%6.75%36.01%73,78915,2184,424	Current 営期1 to 1 to 2 to 2 years 2 years 一至兩年2 to 3 years 兩至三年0.62%6.75%36.01%70.99%73,78915,2184,4248,533	Current 営期 than 1 to 2 to 1 year 2 years 3 years 3 years 三年以上 0.62% 6.75% 36.01% 70.99% 100% 73,789 15,218 4,424 8,533 5,736

As at 31 December 2019

於二零一九年十二月三十一日

Ageing based on due date

基於到期日期的賬齡

			Less				
			than	1 to	2 to	Over	
		Current	1 year	2 years	3 years	3 years	Total
		當期	少於一年	一至兩年	兩至三年	三年以上	合計
Expected credit loss rate	預期信貸虧損率	2.00%	20.01%	50.99%	73.99%	100%	
Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000)	賬面總值(千港元)	28,284	3,463	4,779	2,857	4,727	44,110
Expected credit losses (HK\$'000)	預期信貸虧損(千港元)	565	693	2,437	2,114	4,727	10,536

21. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER 21. 預付款項、訂金及其他應收 **RECEIVABLES** 款項

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Prepayments	預付款項	12,397	7,015
Deposits and other	訂金及其他應收款項		
receivables		44,591	46,037
Loan receivables (note)	應收貸款(附註)	63,278	2,207
		120,266	55,259
Portion classified as current	分類為流動資產部分		
assets		(119,078)	(54,140)
Non-current portion	非流動部分	1,188	1,119

Note:

Each of the loan receivables bears interest at a fixed rate, will become repayable in the year of 2020 and is secured by a trade receivable of the borrower with a security value to loan ratio of more than 2 times. During the year, interest income of HK\$1,451,000 (2019: HK\$1,585,000) was recognised in profit or loss in respect of these loan receivables. The financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default and past due amounts. At 31 December 2020 and 2019, the loss allowance was assessed to be minimal. No ECLs were recognised against these loan receivables as, in the opinion of directors, the loss given default rate of each of these loan receivables is close to zero.

附註:

按固定利率計息的應收貸款將於二零二零年 償還,並由借款人的應收貿易賬款(抵押值 貸款比率超過2倍)作抵押。年內,就該等應 收貸款於損益內確認利息收入1,451,000港 元(二零一九年:1,585,000港元)。上述結 餘中所列金融資產與近期無違約記錄及逾期 金額的應收賬款有關。於二零二零年及二零 一九年十二月三十一日,虧損撥備被評估為 最低。並無就該等應收貸款確認預期信貸虧 損,乃由於董事認為該等應收貸款的違約損 失率趨近於零。

31 December 2020 二零二零年十二月三十一日

22. BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

The balances with related parties are unsecured, interestfree and have no fixed terms of repayment.

Due from related parties

Amounts due from related parties, disclosed pursuant to section 383(1)(d) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 3 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, are as follows:

22. 與關聯方的結餘

與關聯方的結餘為無抵押、免息且無固 定還款期。

應收關聯方款項 (a)

根據香港《公司條例》第383(1)(d) 條及《公司(披露董事利益資料) 規例》第3部披露的應收關聯方款 項如下:

Company name		At 31 December 2020	Maximum amount outstanding during the current year	At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 於二零一九年	Maximum amount outstanding during the prior year	At 1 January 2019
公司名稱		於 二零二零年 十二月 三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	本年度最高 未償還金額 HK\$*000 <i>千港元</i>	十二月 三十一日及 二零二零年 一月一日 HK\$'000 千港元	過往 年度最高 未償還金額 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	於二零一九年 一月一日 HK\$'000 千港元
The ultimate holding company* Winluck Global	最終控股公司* Winluck Global	355	355	_	355	18
Director-controlled related parties* 北京國隆置業有限公司	董事控制的關聯方* 北京國隆置業有限公司					
ル 京図性 直 末 有 成 ム 可 ("Beijing Guolong") Kaipeng Technology ^Ω 北京集趣互動信息技術有限公司	(「北京國隆」) 凱朋科技 ^Ω	2,501 —	2,501 —	1,963 —	1,963 —	1,637 11,314
北京朱越互動信息技術有限公司 ("Beijing Jiqu") Silky Apex Limited	有限公司(「北京集趣」) Silky Apex Limited	-	-	-	26	26
("Silky Apex") Gang Rui International Investmer	(「Silky Apex」)	35	35	-	35	2
(HK) Limited ("Gang Rui") 北京國鋭房地產開發有限公司 ("Guorui Property	有限公司(「港鋭」) 北京國鋭房地產開發 有限公司(「國鋭房地產	360	360	360	360	360
Development")	開發」)	30,945	30,945	22,569	22,722	
Other related parties	其他關聯方	34,196 35,643		24,892 24,982	-	13,357
		69,839		49,874		13,357

Two directors of the Company, namely Mr. Wei and Mr. Sun, have beneficial interests in these related parties.

This entity became a subsidiary of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2019.

本公司兩名董事(即魏先生 及孫先生)於該等關聯方中 擁有實益權益。

凱朋科技於截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度成為 本集團之附屬公司。

財務報表附註

22. BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

(b) Due to related parties

The balances as at 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019 mainly represented short term advances from related parties in which Mr. Wei and Mr. Sun have beneficial interests.

23. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSIT AND CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

金等價物

應付關聯方款項

於二零二零年十二月三十一日及

二零一九年十二月三十一日之結

餘主要指魏先生及孫先生擁有實

0010

益權益的關聯方之短期墊款。

23. 已抵押銀行存款及現金及現

0000

22. 與關聯方的結餘(續)

(b)

		二零二零年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>	二零一九年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Cash and bank balances other than time deposits Time deposits	除定期存款外的現金及銀 行結餘 定期存款 	196,147 —	286,045 —
Total cash and bank balances Less: Pledged bank deposit (note (c))	現金及銀行結餘總額 減:已抵押銀行存款 <i>(附註(o))</i>	196,147 —	286,045 (39,168)
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	196,147	246,877

Notes:

- At 31 December 2020, the cash and bank balances of the (a) Group denominated in RMB amounted to HK\$89,871,000 (2019: HK\$122,727,000). RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.
- Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily (b) bank deposit rates. A short term time deposit was made for a period of twelve months, and earns interest at the short term time deposit rate. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.
- (c) At 31 December 2019, a bank deposit of US\$5,003,000 (equivalent to HK\$39,168,000) was pledged to a bank for the issuance of a standby letter of credit in respect of future settlement to a contractor for the construction of the US Complex.

附註:

- 於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本 (a) 集團用人民幣列值的現金及銀行結 餘達89,871,000港元(二零一九年: 122,727,000港元)。儘管人民幣不 能與其他貨幣自由兑換,但是根據 中國大陸的外匯管理條例及結匯、 售匯及付匯管理規定,本集團可以 通過有權進行外幣業務的銀行將人 民幣兑換成其他貨幣。
- 銀行存款根據每日銀行存款利率計 (b) 算之浮動利率計息。短期定期存款 之存款期為十二個月,按有關之短 期定期存款利率計息。銀行結餘存 於近期並無違約記錄而具信譽的銀
- 於二零一九年十二月三十一日, (c) 銀行存款5,003,000美元(相當於 39,168,000港元)已抵押予銀行,以 令其就向承包商日後結清美國綜合 物業建造工程發出信貸備用函。

24. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF A **DISPOSAL GROUP HELD FOR SALE/** NON-CURRENT ASSET HELD FOR SALE

In December 2019, the directors of the Company decided to sell a commercial building (an investment property) of GR Properties UK Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, located in the UK and the Group signed the head of terms with a potential independent third party on 15 January 2020. Since the property is immediately available for sale, the directors expected that the disposal could be completed within one year. Accordingly, the investment property is classified as a non-current asset held for sale and is separately presented on the face of the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2019.

A new head of terms was signed by the Group with another potential independent third party on 8 July 2020. Pursuant to a sale and purchase agreement entered into between GR UK Holdings Limited, a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (as a vendor), and an independent third party (as a purchaser) dated 8 January 2021, GR UK Holdings Limited agreed to dispose of the entire interest of GR Properties UK Limited to the independent third party for a consideration of £30,960,000 (equivalent to HK\$325,876,000). The disposal was completed on 8 January 2021. Further details are set out in the Company's circular dated 26 February 2021.

As the transaction was not completed as at 31 December 2020, GR Properties UK Limited was classified as a disposal group held for sale.

24. 持作出售之出售組別資產及 負債/持作出售之非流動資

於二零一九年十二月,本公司董事決定 出售GR Properties UK Limited(本公司 的間接全資附屬公司)之位於英國的一 幢商業樓宇(投資物業),且本集團已於 二零二零年一月十五日與潛在獨立第三 方簽署主要條款。由於該物業隨時可供 出售,董事預計出售事項可於一年內完 成。因此,投資物業分類為持作出售 之非流動資產並於二零一九年十二月 三十一日之綜合財務狀況表中單獨列 示。

本集團於二零二零年十月八日與另一 潛在獨立第三方簽署新主要條款。根 據本公司的直接全資附屬公司GR UK Holdings Limited(作為賣方)與獨立第三 方(作為買方)訂立的日期為二零二一年 一月八日的買賣協議,GR UK Holdings Limited同意將GR Properties UK Limited 的全部權益以代價30,960,000英鎊(相 當於325,876,000港元)出售予獨立第三 方。該出售事項於二零二一年一月八日 完成。進一步詳情載於本公司日期為二 零二一年二月二十六日之通函。

由於該交易於二零二零年十二月三十一 日尚未完成, GR Properties UK Limited 分類為持作出售之出售組別。

31 December 2020 二零二零年十二月三十一日

24. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF A **DISPOSAL GROUP HELD FOR SALE/ NON-CURRENT ASSET HELD FOR SALE** (continued)

The major classes of assets and liabilities of the Group's subsidiary classified as held for sale as at 31 December 2020 are as follows:

24. 持作出售之出售組別資產及 負債/持作出售之非流動資 產(續)

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團 附屬公司分類為持作出售之資產及負債 的主要類別如下:

			2020	2019 二零一九年
		Notes 附計	二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	令一八十 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Assets:		113 ##	17670	17070
Investment property	投資物業	(a)	327,349	335,901
Trade and lease receivables	應收貿易及租賃賬款	()	553	_
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	3 預付款項、訂金及其他應收款項		3,562	_
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	-	38,380	
Assets of a disposal group held for sale	持作出售之出售組別資產	_	369,844	335,901
Liabilities:	負債:			
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款		1,010	_
Receipts in advance	預收款項		1,905	_
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	(b)	3,510	_
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款		119,966	_
Other tax payable	其他應付税項	_	152	
Liabilities directly associated with the assets	與持作出售之出售組別資產			
of a disposal group held for sale	直接相關之負債	_	126,543	
Net assets directly associated with the	與出售組別直接相關之			
disposal group	資產淨值	-	243,301	335,901

Notes:

- At 31 December 2020 and 2019, the investment property (a) was measured at fair value and was pledged as security for a banking facility granted to the Group (note 28(a)).
- At 31 December 2020, an amount of HK\$266,107,000 (b) due to the Company was excluded from the liabilities of GR Properties UK Limited as disclosed above.

附註:

- 於二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 (a) 三十一日,投資物業按公平值計量 且作為授予本集團的銀行融資之擔 保(附註28(a))。
- 於二零二零年十二月三十一日,應 (b) 付本公司款項266,107,000港元不 包括在上文所述GR Properties UK Limited的負債中。

25. TRADE PAYABLES

Trade payables are non-interest-bearing and the average credit period is 60 days.

An ageing analysis of the Group's trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

25. 應付貿易賬款

應付貿易賬款不計息,且平均信貸期限 為60天。

根據發票日期,於報告期末,本集團應 付貿易賬款的賬齡分析如下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	<i>千港元</i>
Within 3 months	三個月內	19,434	21,330
4 to 6 months	四至六個月	2,591	2,519
7 to 12 months	七至十二個月	2,272	4,896
Over 1 year	一年以上	18,030	8,732
		42,327	37,477

26. RECEIPTS IN ADVANCE

26. 預收款項

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Contract liabilities	合約負債	74,012	69,143
Other receipts in advance	其他預收款項	21,555	28,477
		95,567	97,620

Notes:

- (a) The Group's receipts in advance represented (i) prepayments of property management fees received from tenants; (ii) cash receipts from customers which are stored in membership cards for future consumption in the Recreational Centre; and (iii) rental received in advance from tenants of the Group's investment properties.
- The Group's contract liabilities as at 1 January 2019 (b) amounted to HK\$75,848,000.

附註:

- 本集團的預收款項指(i)向租戶收取的 (a) 物業管理費預付款項;(ii)客戶存入會 員卡以供日後在休閒中心消費的現 金;及(iii)向本集團的投資物業租戶 預收的租金。
- (b) 本集團於二零一九年一月一日的合 約負債為75,848,000港元。

財務報表附註

27. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

27. 其他應付款及預提費用

		2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$</i> '000	2019 二零一九年 <i>HK\$</i> '000
		<i>千港元</i>	<i>千港元</i>
Other payables	其他應付款	125,256	96,933
Accruals	預提費用	12,543	15,220
		137,799	112,153

The Group's other payables as at 31 December 2020 included, inter alia, the following:

- 於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團 的其他應付款包括(其中包括)以下各 項:
- amounts of HK\$2,887,000 (2019: HK\$3,917,000) in total payables to water, heating and electricity suppliers in respect of public utility fees collected from tenants on behalf of public utility suppliers;
- refundable decoration deposits and property (ii) management service fee deposits of HK\$19,186,000 (2019: HK\$16,288,000) in total received from tenants of a commercial building and residential properties managed by the Group; and
- advances from independent third parties of (iii) HK\$52,616,000 (2019: HK\$47,575,000) in total for the purpose of maintaining daily working capital and financing new investments. These advances are interest-free, unsecured and repayable on demand or within one year.

- 應付自來水、暖氣及電力供應 商款項合共2,887,000港元(二零 一九年:3,917,000港元),有關 公用設施費用乃代公用設施供應 商向租戶收取;
- 可予退還裝修訂金及物業管理 (ii) 服務費訂金合共19,186,000港 元(二零一九年:16,288,000港 元),有關訂金乃向一幢由本集 團管理之商業大廈及住宅物業之 租戶收取;及
- 有關維持日常運營資金及為新投 (iii) 資融資之獨立第三方墊款合共 52,616,000港元(二零一九年: 47.575.000港元)。該等墊款為 無息、無擔保且須按要求或於一 年內償還。

28. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS 28. 銀行及其他借款

			2020	2019 二零一九年
		Notes 附註	二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	参一八年 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Bank loans, secured	銀行貸款(有抵押)	(a)	851,988	929,568
Other loans: Loan from a financial institution, secured Loan from a shareholder of the Company,	其他貸款: 金融機構提供的貸款(有抵押) 本公司一名股東提供的貸款(無抵押)	(b)	234,078	213,959
unsecured Loans from director-controlled entities,	董事控制實體提供的貸款(無抵押)	(c)	84,269	82,656
unsecured Quasi-loan equity contributed by a joint	附屬公司之合營公司合夥人貢獻的準貸	(d)	381,976	347,648
venture partner of a subsidiary, secured	的屬公司之口智公司口移入貝屬可华貝 款股權(有抵押)	(e) _	561,787	722,590
		_	1,262,110	1,366,853
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	15(b)	5,483	39,603
Total bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款合計	_	2,119,581	2,336,024
Analysed into: Bank loans repayable: Within one year or on demand (note (a)) In the second year In the third to fifth years, inclusive	分析作: 應償還銀行貸款: 一年內或按要求(附註(a)) 第二年 第三至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	_	4,935 811,565 35,488	131,476 798,092 —
		_	851,988	929,568
Other loans repayable: Within one year In the second year In the third to fifth years, inclusive Beyond five years	其他應償還貸款: 一年內 第二年 第三至第五年(包括首尾兩年) 五年後	_	17,006 651,376 387,272 206,456	560,198 185,697 423,836 197,122
		_	1,262,110	1,366,853
Lease liabilities repayable: Within one year In the second year In the third to fifth years, inclusive	應償還租賃負債: 一年內 第二年 第三至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	_	3,913 1,513 57	18,704 15,018 5,881
		_	5,483	39,603
Total bank and other borrowings Portion classified as current liabilities	銀行及其他借款合計分類為流動負債的部分	_	2,119,581 (25,854)	2,336,024 (710,378)
Non-current portion	非流動部分		2,093,727	1,625,646

財務報表附註

28. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (continued)

Notes:

(a) The Group's bank loans as at 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019 were obtained for operation and financing the purchase of the Group's investment properties. The bank loans bear interest at fixed rates ranging from 2.35% to 4.20% per annum or at the US\$ prime rate and are secured by certain investment properties and lease receivables of the Group. The loan facility of a bank loan with a carrying amount of HK\$119,966,000 (2019: HK\$123,194,000) as at 31 December 2020 contains a repayable on demand clause and was reclassified to a disposal group held for sale as at 31 December 2020 (note 24).

> As at 31 December 2020, an office building of a directorcontrolled entity in Beijing, the PRC was pledged as security for bank borrowings amounted to HK\$35,631,000.

- The loan from a financial institution was obtained to finance (b) the operating costs of the US Complex, which is an investment property of the Group. The loan bears interest at a fixed rate of 3.65% per annum and is guaranteed by the Company and secured by a pledge over the US Complex.
- (C) Pursuant to a shareholder's loan agreement dated 1 January 2019 entered into between the Company and Gang Rui, which holds a 25.43% shareholding in the Company as at 31 December 2019 and in which Mr. Wei and Mr. Sun have beneficial interests, Gang Rui granted a shareholder's loan facility of HK\$200,000,000 (or its equivalent in US\$) to the Company, of which US\$10,370,000 (equivalent to HK\$84,269,000) (2019: US\$10,370,000 (equivalent to HK\$82,656,000)) had been utilised as at 31 December 2020.

The shareholder's loan is unsecured, bears interest at the rate of 2% per annum, and is repayable in 3 years from 1 January 2019, which is the date of the shareholder's loan agreement. During the year ended 31 December 2020, interest paid and payable to Gang Rui in respect of the shareholder's loan amounted to HK\$1,614,000 (2019: HK\$1,269,000) which was recognised as finance costs for the year.

This related party transaction constitutes an exempted connected transaction as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

28. 銀行及其他借款(續)

附註:

本集團於二零二零年十二月三十一 (a) 日及二零一九年十二月三十一日之 銀行貸款乃為運營及為購買本集團 投資撥資而獲取。該筆銀行貸款按 每年2.35%至4.20%的固定利率或 美國最優惠利率計息,並由本集團 若干投資物業及應收租賃賬款作抵 押。於二零二零年十二月三十一日 賬面值119,966,000港元(二零一九 年:123,194,000港元)之銀行貸款 的貸款融資當中包含按要求償還條 文並於二零二零年十二月三十一日 重新分類為持作出售之出售組別(附 註24)。

> 於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 中國北京的某個董事控制實體的 辦公室樓宇獲抵押作為銀行借款 35,631,000港元之擔保。

- 金融機構提供的貸款乃為美國綜合 (b) 物業(本集團的投資物業)的運營成 本撥資而獲取。該筆貸款按每年 3.65%的固定利率計息,由本公司提 供擔保,並由美國綜合物業作抵押。
- (c) 根據本公司與港鋭(於二零一九 年十二月三十一日其持有本公司 25.43%的股權,且魏先生及孫先生 均持有其實益權益)所訂立日期為 二零一九年一月一日的股東貸款協 議,港鋭向本公司授出200,000,000 港元(或等值美元)的股東貸款融 資,其中10,370,000美元(相當於 84.269.000港元)(二零一九年: 10,370,000美元(相當於82,656,000 港元))已於二零二零年十二月 三十一日獲使用。

該筆股東貸款為無抵押,年利率為 2%,自二零一九年一月一日(即股 東貸款協議之日)起3年內償還。截 至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度,就股東貸款已付及應付港鋭的 利息為1,614,000港元(二零一九年: 1.269.000港元)確認為本年度財務費 用。

該關聯方交易構成上市規則第14A章 所界定之獲豁免關連交易。

28. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(d) The loans from director-controlled entities as at 31 December 2020 were advanced from related parties in which Mr. Wei and Mr. Sun have beneficial interests. These loans will be matured for repayment between 2021 and 2024 and are unsecured and interest-free, except for a loan which bears interest at the fixed rate of 7.2% per annum.

> These related party transactions constitute exempted connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

(e) As detailed in note 1 to the financial statements, the Group accounted for the capital injected by the joint venture partner into the Fund (as defined in note 1) as loans from the joint venture partner. At 31 December 2020, aggregate amounts of RMB472,000,000 (2019: RMB646,000,000) were advanced from the joint venture partner which bear interest at the rate of 8.9% per annum, and 9.5% per annum from May 2020, are repayable on the maturity date of 17 April 2022, or at the option of the Group at any time before the maturity date and are secured by shares of Kaipeng Technology and 104 out of 129 units of a commercial property in Beijing owned by the Group, which was partly accounted for as investment properties and partly as properties held for sale. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the loan will not be repaid during the year ending 31 December 2021 and therefore the balance was classified as a non-current liability.

> These related party transactions do not constitute connected transactions of the Group as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

28. 銀行及其他借款(續)

附註:(續)

(d) 於二零二零年十二月三十一日董事 控制實體提供的貸款乃由魏先生及 孫先生持有其實益權益的關聯方墊 資。該等貸款期限為二零二一年至 二零二四年,到期償還,為無抵 押、免息,惟貸款按每年7.2%的固 定利率計息。

> 該等關聯方交易構成上市規則第14A 章所界定之獲豁免關連交易。

誠如財務報表附註1所詳述,本集 (e) 團將合營公司合夥人向基金(定義見 附註1)注入的資本列賬為來自合營 公司合夥人的貸款。於二零二零年 十二月三十一日,合營公司合夥人 共墊資人民幣472,000,000元(二零 一九年:人民幣646,000,000元), 該筆款項按年利率8.9%計息,自二 零二零年五月起按年利率9.5%計 息,並於二零二二年四月十七日的 到期日償還,或本集團可選擇於到 期日前的任何時間償還,且以凱朋 科技的股份及本集團所擁有一棟北 京商業物業129個單位中的104個單 位(部分列為投資物業,部分列為持 作出售物業)作抵押。本公司董事認 為,該貸款將不會於截至二零二一 年十二月三十一日止年度償還,因 此該結餘被分類為非流動負債。

> 該等關聯方交易並不構成上市規則 第14A章所界定之本集團的關連交 易。

財務報表附註

28. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (continued)

Notes: (continued)

The Group's secured bank and other loans are secured by the following assets:

28. 銀行及其他借款(續)

附註:(續)

本集團的有抵押銀行及其他貸款乃 由以下資產作抵押:

			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Completed investment properties	口兹出机次标类	1.1(0)	0.040.450	0.754.007
Completed investment properties	已落成投資物業	14(e)	2,819,153	2,754,987
Properties held for sale	已洛风投資物業 持作出售物業	14(e) 18	2,819,153 956,460	2,754,987 1,028,362
		` '	, ,	, ,

(g) The carrying amounts of the Group's bank and other borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團銀行及其他借款的賬面值以 (g) 下列貨幣計值:

		Carrying amount	
		賬面值	
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
£	英鎊	816,357	929,568
US\$	美元	235,137	298,478
RMB	人民幣	980,998	1,103,042
HK\$	港元	87,089	4,936
		2,119,581	2,336,024

31 December 2020 二零二零年十二月三十一日

29. PERPETUAL CONVERTIBLE BONDS

The Company had perpetual convertible bonds outstanding during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, the summary information of which is set out as follows:

29. 永久可換股債券

截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度,本公司擁有未償還的 永久可換股債券,相關概述資料載於下 文:

Issuance date 發行日期

Maturity date 到期日

Original principal amount 原始本金額

Coupon rate 票面利率

17 August 2018 二零一八年八月十七日 No maturity date 無到期日 HK\$1,102,993,200 1,102,993,200港元 1% per annum and will cease to bear any coupon after the fifth anniversary of the date of issue 每年1% 並將於發行 日期第五(5)週年後

終止承擔任何票息

Conversion price per ordinary share of the Company (HK\$)

本公司每股普通股之兑换價 (港元)

0.80

These perpetual convertible bonds were bifurcated into a liability component and an equity component for accounting purposes, as further described in the accounting policy for "Perpetual convertible bonds" set out in note 2.4 to the financial statements. The following tables summarise the movements in the principal amounts, the number of conversion rights outstanding, the liability and equity components of the Company's perpetual convertible bonds during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019:

就會計處理而言,該等永久可換股債券 分為負債部分及權益部分,進一步詳情 於財務報表附註2.4所載「永久可換股債 券」的會計政策闡述。下表概述於截至 二零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一 日止年度本公司永久可換股債券之本金 額、未行使之兑換權數目以及負債及權 益部分之變動:

Principal amount outstanding

未償還之本金額

		2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2019 二零一九年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>
At 1 January Conversion into ordinary shares	於一月一日 轉換為普通股	1,090,993	1,096,993 (6,000)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	1,090,993	1,090,993

29. PERPETUAL CONVERTIBLE BONDS 29. 永久可換股債券(績) (continued)

Number of conversion rights outstanding

未行使之兌換權數目

	2020	2019
	二零二零年	二零一九年
於一月一日	1,363,741,500	1,371,241,500
轉換為普通股		(7,500,000)
於十二月三十一日	1,363,741,500	1,363,741,500
	負債部分	
	2020	2019
	二零二零年	二零一九年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
於一月一日	49,945	48,929
利息開支(附註7)	1,252	1,220
於轉換為普通股後 轉移至股本	-	(204)
於十二月三十一日	51,197	49,945
	權益部分	
		2019
		二零一九年
		HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
<u></u> → 日 □		
	1,078,217	1,084,013
於特換為音通放後 轉移至股本		(5,796)
於十二月三十一日	1,078,217	1,078,217
	於十二月三十一日 於一月一日 利息開支(附註7) 於轉換至股本 於十二月三十一日 於一月一日 於轉換至股本 於十二月三十一日	1,363,741,500 轉換為普通股

29. PERPETUAL CONVERTIBLE BONDS (continued)

Notes:

(a) Pursuant to a sale and purchase agreement entered into with Winluck Global Limited and Silky Apex Limited (the "Vendors") on 30 May 2018, the Company issued a total of 451,576,000 ordinary shares and a batch of perpetual convertible bonds to the Vendors on 17 August 2018 as partial consideration for the acquisition of a 95% equity interest in Wise Expert Investment Limited ("Wise Expert"). Further details of the acquisition are set out in the Company's announcements dated 30 May 2018 and 17 August 2018, and a circular dated 20 July 2018.

> For accounting purposes, the fair value of the perpetual convertible bonds issued as consideration for the acquisition of Wise Expert as at the date of completion of the acquisition amounted to HK\$1,130,568,000.

> Further details of the terms of these perpetual convertible bonds are set out in the Company's circular dated 20 July 2018.

> During the year ended 31 December 2019, certain of these perpetual convertible bonds with an aggregate principal amount of HK\$6,000,000 were converted by the bondholder into 7,500,000 ordinary shares of the Company at the conversion price of HK\$0.80 per share. The carrying amounts of the liability and equity components of these perpetual convertible bonds at the date of conversion, which amounted to HK\$204,000 and HK\$5,796,000, respectively, were transferred to the share capital account of the Company.

(b) The conversion of the perpetual convertible bonds is subject to, amongst others, the condition that any conversion will not result in the public float of the Company's shares being less than 25% of the total issued shares of the Company.

29. 永久可換股債券(續)

附註:

(a) 根據 Winluck Global Limited 與 Silky Apex Limited(「賣方」)於二零一八 年五月三十日訂立之買賣協議,本 公司於二零一八年八月十七日向賣 方發行合共451,576,000股普通股 及一批永久可換股債券,作為收購 於 Wise Expert Investment Limited (「Wise Expert」)的95%股權之部 分代價。有關該收購事項之進一步 詳情載於本公司日期為二零一八年 五月三十日及二零一八年八月十七 日之公佈及日期為二零一八年七月 二十日之通函。

> 就會計處理而言,於完成收購日 期作為收購Wise Expert之代價而 發行永久可換股債券之公平值為 1.130.568.000港元。

> 有關該等永久可換股債券條款的進 一步詳情載於本公司日期為二零 一八年七月二十日之通函。

> 於截至二零一九年十二月三十一日 止年度內,若干本金總額6,000,000 港元的永久可換股債券已由債券持 有人按每股0.80港元的兑換價轉換為 本公司7,500,000股普通股。該等永 久可換股債券之負債及權益部分於 轉換日之賬面值分別為204,000港元 及5,796,000港元,已轉撥至本公司 的股本賬戶。

轉換永久可換股債券須受(其中包 (b) 括)任何轉換不會導致本公司股份的 公眾持股量少於本公司已發行股份 25%的條件所規限。

財務報表附註

30. DEFERRED TAX

30. 遞延稅項

Net deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position are as follows:

於綜合財務狀況表確認的遞延税項資產 及負債淨額如下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	12,196	11,975
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(157,447)	(76,949)
		(145,251)	(64,974)

The movements in deferred tax assets/(liabilities) of the Group are as follows:

以下是本集團遞延税項資產/(負債)的 變動情況:

Arising from revaluation of investment properties and a leasehold land and building

產生自投資物業及

		性工口 权貝彻未及	
		一處租賃土地及樓宇重估	
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	(64,974)	(93,220)
Net deferred tax charged to profit or loss during the year (note 11)	本年度於損益扣除的 遞延税項淨額		
	(附註11)	(56,073)	(71,443)
Net deferred tax charged to other comprehensive income during	本年度於其他全面收益 扣除的遞延税項淨額		
the year		_	(5,605)
Disposal of a subsidiary (note 34)	出售一間附屬公司		
	(附註34)	_	100,949
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整 -	(24,204)	4,345
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	(145,251)	(64,974)

30. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

Notes:

- (a) At 31 December 2020, deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of unutilised tax losses of HK\$151,180,000 (2019: HK\$237,627,000) as they have arisen in the Company and certain subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is not probable that taxable profits will be available against which such tax losses can be utilised. Out of this amount, tax losses of HK\$35,917,500 (2019: HK\$55,042,000) will expire in one to five years.
- (b) Pursuant to income tax laws of the PRC, the UK and the USA, withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in these countries. Lower withholding tax rates may be applied if there is a tax treaty between these countries and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. The Group is therefore liable to withholding taxes on dividends declared by the subsidiaries established in these countries.

The withholding tax rates applicable to the Group are as follows:

Entities established in Mainland China Entities established in the UK Entities established in the USA

At 31 December 2020, no deferred tax has been recognised for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings that are subject to withholding taxes of the Group's subsidiaries established in Mainland China, the UK and the USA (2019; Nil). In the opinion of the directors. it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute such earnings in the foreseeable future. The aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries in Mainland China, the UK and the USA for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised was HK\$87,960,000 (2019: HK\$157,127,000) in aggregate as at 31 December 2020.

(c) There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

遞延稅項(續) 30.

附註:

- (a) 於二零二零年十二月三十一日,由 於發生虧損的本公司及若干附屬公 司已虧損一段時間,而且估計其不 太可能產生用於抵銷有關稅項虧損 的應課税溢利,因此並未就未利用 税項虧損151,180,000港元(二零 一九年:237,627,000港元)確認遞 延税項資產。在該金額中,稅項虧 損35,917,500港元(二零一九年: 55,042,000港元)將會於一至五年內 到期。
- (b) 根據中國、英國及美國所得稅法, 於該等國家成立的外商投資企業向 境外投資者宣派股息須繳納預扣 税。倘該等國家與境外投資者的司 法管轄區訂有税務條約,則可運用 較低的預扣税率。因此,本集團須 就於該等國家成立的附屬公司所宣 派的股息繳納預扣税。

適用於本集團的預扣税率如下:

於中國大陸成立的實體 於英國成立的實體 於美國成立的實體

5%-10% 20% 30%

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,概 無就在中國大陸、英國及美國成立 應繳納預扣税的本集團附屬公司的 未滙付盈餘的應繳預扣税而確認任 何遞延税項(二零一九年:無)。董 事認為,在可見未來,該等附屬公 司不大可能分派此等盈餘。於二零 二零年十二月三十一日,尚未確認 遞延税項負債的於中國大陸、英國 及美國附屬公司投資的暫時差異總 額合共為87.960.000港元(二零一九 年:157,127,000港元)。

本公司支付股東的股息無所得税影 (c) 響。

財務報表附註

31 December 2020 二零二零年十二月三十一日

31. SHARE CAPITAL

Shares

31. 股本 股份

> 2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000

> > 千港元

3,152,571

2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元

Issued and fully paid:

已發行及繳足:

3,199,373,986 ordinary shares 3,199,373,986股

普通股

3,152,571

A summary of a movement in the Company's share capital during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019 is as follows:

截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度,本公司股本的變動概 括如下:

			Number of shares in issue 已發行	
		Note 附註	股份的數量	股本 HK\$'000 <i>千港元</i>
At 1 January 2019: Issue of shares upon conversion of	於二零一九年一月一日: 轉換永久可換股	117 K.	3,191,873,986	3,146,571
perpetual convertible bonds	債券後發行股份	29(a)	7,500,000	6,000

At 31 December 2019, 1 January 2020 於二零一九年十二月三十一日、 and 31 December 2020 二零二零年一月一日及二零二 零年十二月三十一日

3,152,571 3,199,373,986

Share options

Details of the Company's share option scheme and the share options issued under the scheme are included in note 32 to the financial statements.

購股權

有關本公司的購股權計劃及根據該計劃 發行的購股權詳情載於財務報表附註 32 °

32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company's share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") was adopted pursuant to a resolution passed on 7 November 2016 (the "Adoption Date") for the primary purpose of (i) incentivising and rewarding those who have contributed or may contribute to the development of the Group; and (ii) attracting and retaining skilled and experienced personnel ("Eligible Participants") and motivating them to strive for the future development of the Group by providing them with an opportunity to acquire proprietary interests in the Company thereby linking their interest with that of the Group. The Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of ten years commencing on the Adoption Date and shall expire on 6 November 2026, subject to early termination provisions contained in the Share Option Scheme. The board of directors of the Company may grant options to Eligible Participants to subscribe for shares in the Company subject to the terms of the Share Option Scheme.

The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted at any time under the Share Option Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at the Adoption Date, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. Further, the total maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding share options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. Options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent nonexecutive director, or to any of their respective associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time and with an aggregate value (based on the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange at the date of the grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period up to and including the date of grant, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

The number of share options outstanding under the Share Option Scheme as at 31 December 2020 and 2019 was 5,020,500 with a weighted average exercise price of HK\$0.827 per share.

32. 購股權計劃

根據於二零一六年十一月十日(「採納日 期1) 通過的決議案,本公司的購股權計 劃(「購股權計劃」)已獲採納,主要旨在 通過提供獲得本公司適當權益的機會, (i)激勵及獎勵已對或可能對本集團的發 展作出貢獻的人士;及(ii)吸引及留聘熟 練及富有經驗的人員(「合資格參與者」) 以及激勵彼等為本集團的未來發展奮 鬥,從而將彼等的權益與本集團的權益 聯繫在一起。購股權計劃將自採納日期 起計十年內有效,並將於二零二六年 十一月六日屆滿,惟受限於購股權計劃 內含的提早終止條文。在購股權計劃條 款的規限下,本公司董事局可向合資格 參與者授出購股權以認購本公司股份。

在未有本公司股東事先批准的情況下, 根據購股權計劃可能隨時授出的購股權 的有關股份總數不得超過本公司於採納 日期已發行股份的10%。另外,悉數行 使根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購 股權計劃授出但未行使的全部尚未行使 購股權後可能發行的股份最高總數不得 超過本公司不時之已發行股本30%。倘 向一名主要股東或獨立非執行董事或任 何彼等各自的聯繫人授出的購股權於任 何截至及包括授出日期12個月期間超過 本公司任何時間的已發行股份0.1%及總 價值(以聯交所於授出日期發出的每日 報價表所述本公司股份收市價為基準) 超過5,000,000港元,須事先於股東大 會上取得股東批准。

於二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日,購股權計劃項下尚未行使的 購股權數目為5,020,500份,而加權平 均行使價為每股股份0.827港元。

財務報表附註

32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

The fair value of these share options on the grant date amounted to HK\$1,730,000 which had been fully recognised in profit or loss as a share option expense in the prior year.

33. RESERVES

- The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current year and the prior year are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.
- (b) Capital reserve mainly arose from deemed contributions from non-controlling shareholders of the Company as a result of certain liabilities of the Group of approximately HK\$161,035,000 in total being waived by two shareholders of the Company in February 2014.
- (C) Merger reserve represented the difference between (i) the amounts at which the assets and liabilities are recorded under a business combination under common control, net of any reserves of the acquired entities; and (ii) the cost of acquisition (fair value of consideration paid).
- (d) Property revaluation reserve represents cumulative revaluation surplus, net of deferred tax effect and any annual transfers to accumulated losses, of a leasehold land and building, which is located in Beijing, the PRC. During the year ended 31 December 2019, the reserve balance was transferred to accumulated losses in full upon disposal of the property, as further detailed in note 34 to the financial statements.
- (e) The PRC statutory reserve is the reserve set aside in accordance with the PRC Companies Law as applicable to the Group's subsidiaries established in Mainland China. None of the Group's PRC statutory reserve as at 31 December 2020 was distributable in the form of cash dividends.

32. 購股權計劃(續)

該等購股權於授出日期之公平值為 1.730.000港元,已於上一年度在損益 內悉數確認為購股權費用。

33. 儲備

- 本集團本年度及去年同期的儲備 (a) 金額及相應變動列報於綜合權益 變動表。
- (b) 資本儲備主要產生自本公司非控 股股東之視為供款,由於本集團 合共約161,035,000港元之若干 負債於二零一四年二月獲本公司 兩名股東豁免。
- (C) 合併儲備指(i)根據共同控制下的 業務合併錄得的資產及負債金 額,扣除已收購實體的任何儲 備;及(ii)收購成本(已付代價的 公平值)之間的差額。
- 物業重估儲備指對位於中國北京 (d) 的樓宇累計重估盈餘(扣除遞延 税項影響及任何年度轉至一處租 賃土地及樓宇的累計虧損)。截 至二零一九年十二月三十一日止 年度,儲備結餘於出售物業後全 部轉撥至累計虧損,進一步詳情 載於財務報表附註34。
- (e) 中國法定儲備為根據適用於本集 團在中國大陸成立的附屬公司的 中國公司法撥備的儲備。於二零 二零年十二月三十一日,本集團 中國法定儲備概無以現金股息形 式分派。

34. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES

The Group acquired the entire equity interest in Capable Kingdom Limited ("Capable Kingdom") and a 95% equity interest in Wise Expert (as defined in note 29(a)) during the years ended 31 December 2019.

For accounting purposes, each of these acquisitions was not accounted for as a business combination but an acquisition of assets and liabilities. In this regard, the cost of acquisition has been allocated to the identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquirees as at the date of the acquisition as follows:

34. 收購附屬公司

本集團於截至二零一九年十二月三十一 日止年度收購Capable Kingdom Limited (「Capable Kingdom」)的全部股權及 Wise Expert 的 95% 股權(定義見附註 29(a)) °

就會計處理而言,該等收購事項均未列 賬為企業合併,而作為收購資產及負債 列示。就此而言,收購成本已按以下方 式分配至被購方於收購日期的可識別資 產及負債:

2019

		二零一九年
		HK\$'000
		千港元
		(note)
		(附註)
Net assets acquired:	所收購資產淨值:	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	1,074
Computer software	電腦軟件	12
Properties held for sale	持作出售物業	1,662,852
Other tax recoverables	其他可收回税項	47,100
Due from related parties	應收關聯方款項	18,062
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	529
Loans from director-controlled entities	董事受控實體提供的貸款	(345,488)
Quasi-loan equity contributed by a limited	附屬公司有限合夥貢獻的準貸款	(710,000)
partner of a subsidiary	權益	(719,063)
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款及預提費用	(1,886)
	_	663,192
Satisfied by:	以下列方式支付:	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	326,413
Right-of-use asset	使用權資產	432,687
Prepayments and other receivables	預付款項及其他應收款項	11,884
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	2,337
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款及預提費用	(9,180)
Deferred tax liabilities		1
Deletted (ax liabilities	遞延税項負債 — — — — —	(100,949)
	_	663,192

財務報表附註

34. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES

(continued)

An analysis of the net inflow/(outflow) of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the acquisition of subsidiaries and disposal of a subsidiary is as follows:

34. 收購附屬公司(續)

有關收購附屬公司及出售一間附屬公司 的現金及現金等價物淨流入/(流出)分 析如下:

> 2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元

Cash and bank balances acquired Cash and bank balances disposed of

assets and liabilities

2019.

所收購現金及銀行結餘 出售現金及銀行結餘

529 (2,337)

Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the acquisition of subsidiaries that was accounted for as an acquisition of

有關收購附屬公司 (列作收購資產及負債) 之現金及現金等價物淨流出

(1,808)

Note: Pursuant to a purchase and sale agreement entered into with the Vendors on 16 July 2019, the Vendors conditionally agreed to sell and the Company conditionally agreed to purchase the entire interest of Capable Kingdom in exchange for the entire interest of Wholly Express Limited ("Wholly Express"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. The acquisition of Capable Kingdom and the disposal of Wholly Express were completed on 31 October

> Capable Kingdom and its subsidiaries (the "CKL Group") hold certain floors of a commercial building in Beijing, the PRC (the "CKL Property") and, at the time of the acquisition, principally engaged in the leasing of the CKL Property to third parties for rental income. As disclosed in note 2.2(a) to the financial statements, the Group applied the fair value concentration test in accounting for the acquisition of Capable Kingdom and concluded that the acquired set of assets and activities in respect of this acquisition is not a business combination but an acquisition of assets and liabilities because the fair value of the gross assets of the CKL Group acquired is concentrated in a single identifiable asset, i.e., the CKL Property.

> This acquisition and disposal transaction constitutes a connected transaction as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules and further details of the transaction are set out in the Company's circular dated 30 September 2019.

附註: 根據於二零一九年七月十六日與賣 方訂立的買賣協議,賣方有條件 同意出售及本公司有條件同意購 買Capable Kingdom的全部權益, 以換取本公司全資附屬公司Wholly Express Limited ([Wholly Express]) 的全部權益。收購Capable Kingdom 及出售Wholly Express於二零一九年 十月三十一日完成。

> Capable Kingdom 及其附屬公司 (「CKL集團」)持有中國北京一棟商業 樓宇的若干樓層(「CKL物業」),於 收購時主要從事將CKL物業租賃予 第三方,以賺取租金收入。誠如財 務報表附註2.2(a)所披露者,本集團 採用公平值集中測試法核算Capable Kingdom的收購,認為有關是次收 購的所收購資產及活動並非業務合 併,而是收購資產及負債,概因所 收購CKL集團總資產的公平值集中於 單一可識別資產,即CKL物業。

> 是次收購及出售交易構成上市規則 第14A章所界定的關連交易,更多交 易詳情載於本公司日期為二零一九 年九月三十日之通函。

35. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Major non-cash transactions

Save as disclosed in notes 14, 15, 29 and 34 to the financial statements regarding transfer from a portion of certain properties held for sale to investment properties, additions of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, conversion of perpetual convertible bonds, issue of new ordinary shares and perpetual convertible bonds of the Company for the acquisition of Wise Expert Group and disposal of the entire interest of Wholly Express in exchange for the entire interest of Capable Kingdom, the Group has no other major non-cash transactions of investing and financing activities during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

Changes in liabilities arising from financing (b) activities

35. 綜合現金流量表附註

(a) 重大非現金交易

除將上個年度就將部分持作出 售物業轉撥至投資物業、添置 使用權資產及租賃負債、轉換 永久可換股債券、發行本公司 新普通股及永久可換股債券以 收購Wise Expert集團以及出售 Wholly Express的全部權益以換 取Capable Kingdom的全部權益 (如財務報表附註14、15、29及 34所披露)外,本集團於截至二 零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度並無其他於投資 及融資活動中進行的主要非現金 交易。

(b) 產生自融資活動的負債變動

		Other payables and accruals 其他應付款 及預提費用 HK\$'000 千港元	Bank and other borrowings 銀行及 其他借款 HK\$'000 千港元	Preference shares of a subsidiary 附屬公司之 優先股 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	113,167	1,036,915	15,671
Changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動	(46,200)	146,373	(15,403)
Changes from operating cash flows	營運現金流量變動	6,802	_	_
Acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司	7,294	1,064,551	_
Interest expense	利息開支	35,050	_	1,093
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(3,960)	88,185	(1,361)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	於二零一九年十二月 三十一日及二零二零年 一月一日	112,153	2,336,024	_
Changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動	(37,176)	(177,381)	_
Changes from operating cash flows Transfer to liabilities of a disposal	營運現金流量變動 轉移至持作出售的出售	59,700	(1,472)	_
group held for sale (note 24)	組別負債(附註24)	(3,510)	(119,966)	_
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	6,632	82,376	
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月			
	三十一日	137,799	2,119,581	

35. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

Total cash outflow for leases

The total cash outflow for leases within financing activities included in the consolidated statement of cash flows is HK\$19,821,000 during the year.

36. CONTINGENT LIABILITY

In or about January 2020, certain plaintiffs commenced legal proceedings against subsidiaries of the Company in the USA and an independent third party constructor, alleging that the subsidiaries and the constructor have caused damage and nuisance inrelation to the construction of the US Complex. The related punitive damages were in an aggregate amount of US\$550,000, which was reduced to US\$200,000 as at the date of approval of these financial statements with reference to a legal advice from an independent legal advisor in the USA. The first hearing was held on 29 July 2020 and the next hearing will be held during July 2021.

Based on internal assessment of the aforesaid case and having sought legal advice from the independent legal advisor in the USA, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that the Group has a reasonable ground of defence on the merits and considered that the possibility of any outflow in settling the claim was remote as the claim was well covered by an insurance indemnity and no material adverse financial impact on the Group is therefore expected.

37. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The Group had the following capital commitments as at the end of the reporting period:

35. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

租賃的現金流出總額 (c)

計入本年度綜合現金流量表融資 活動內的租賃現金流出總額為 19,821,000港元。

36. 或然負債

於二零二零年一月或前後,若干原告對 本公司位於美國的附屬公司與一名獨立 第三方建築商提起法律訴訟,指控該等 附屬公司及建築商對美國綜合物業的建 設造成損害及滋擾。相關懲罰性賠償 金合共為550,000美元,於批准該等財 務報表日期,該金額經參考美國獨立法 律顧問的法律意見後減少至200,000美 元。首次聆訊於二零二零年七月二十九 日舉行,下一次聆訊將於二零二一年七 月舉行。

根據上述案件的內部評估並經徵求美國 獨立法律顧問的法律意見,本公司董事 認為,本集團具有合理的抗辯理據並認 為解決該索賠的任何資金流出的可能性 很小,乃由於該索賠已由保險賠償金賠 付。因此,預期不會對本集團造成重大 不利財務影響。

37. 資本承擔

於報告期末,本集團作出以下資本承 擔:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Contracted, but not provided for:	已簽約但未撥備:		_
Purchase of items of plant	購買廠房及設備項目		
and equipment		_	2,879
Acquisition of 5% equity interest	收購Wise Expert 5%		
of Wise Expert	之權益	77,066	77,066
Total	合計	77,066	79,945

38. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with related parties during the year:

關聯方披露 38.

(a) 於本年度,除該等財務報表他處 詳述之交易外, 本集團與關聯方 發生以下重大交易:

			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
Company name	Nature of transactions	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
公司名稱	交易性質	附註	千港元	千港元
Directors - controlled				
entities:				
董事控制實體:				
Guorui Property	Property management			
Development	fee income			
國鋭房地產開發	物業管理費收入	(i)	36,189	21,713
	Heat supply and maintenance fee			
	income			
	供暖及維修費收入	(i)	2,608	4,787
	Car park management			
	fee income			
	停車場管理費收入	(i)	858	873
	Rental income			
	租金收入	(ii)	_	2,902
	Rental expense of a fitness centre			
	健身中心租金開支	(iii)	-	2,609
Winzone Technologies	Rental expense			
Development Company				
Limited				
北京勝域科技發展有限公司	租金開支	(iv)	_	1,907

財務報表附註

(a)

38. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES 38. 關聯方披露(績)

(continued)

(continued)

(a) (續)

			2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
Company name	Nature of transactions	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
公司名稱	交易性質	附註	千港元	千港元
Beijing Guolong	Property management fee income			
北京國隆	物業管理費收入	(i)	2,442	2,636
	Heat supply and maintenance fee income			
	供暖及維修費收入	(i)	2,933	3,412
Gang Rui	Interest paid and payable			
港鋭	已付及應付利息	28(c)	1,614	1,269
北京鑫鋭小額貸款有限公司	Interest paid and payable			
	已付及應付利息	7	412	115
鑫隆(北京)投資基金管理 有限公司	Dividend of preference shares of a subsidiary paid and payable			
	已付及應付公司一間附屬公司優先 股之股息	(v)	-	1,093
Vendors (as defined in note 29(a))	Interest payable			
賣方(定義見附註29(a))	應付利息	7, 29	1,252	1,220
Joint venture partner of				
a subsidiary				
附屬公司之合營公司合夥人				
Kunlun Trust Co., Ltd	Interest paid and payable	7.00()	55.004	40.040
昆倫信託有限責任公司	已付及應付利息	7, 28(e)	55,881	16,018

38. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(continued)

(a) (continued)

Notes:

- (i) The Group provides property management services to landlords of certain properties managed by the Group, in which two directors of the Company have beneficial interests. In return, the Group receives property management service fees, heat supply and maintenance service fees and car park management service fees which were charged at rates mutually agreed between the Group and the landlords. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the total fees received by the Group from landlords in respect of these services amounted to HK\$45.030.000 (2019: HK\$33.421.000). These related party transactions constitute continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.
- (ii) Rental expense was charged to this related party for the lease of an office premise at RMB2,592,000 (equivalent to HK\$2,902,000) during the year ended 31 December 2019, on a mutually agreed basis, which, in the opinion of the directors, approximated to market rates. This related party transaction constitutes an exempted continuing connected transaction as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.
- (iii) Rental expense was incurred by Rui Hua Investment Limited and its subsidiaries (collectively "Rui Hui Group") and charged by this related party for the lease of a fitness centre at RMB2,300,000 (equivalent to HK\$2,609,000) during the year ended 31 December 2019, on a mutually agreed basis, which, in the opinion of the directors, approximated to market rates. This related party transaction constitutes a continuing connected transaction as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.
- (iv) Rental expenses were incurred by Rui Hua Group and charged by this related party for the lease of the Recreational Centre at RMB1,713,000 (equivalent of HK\$1,907,000) aggregately during the year ended 31 December 2019, on a mutually agreed basis, which in, in the opinion of the directors, approximated to market rates. This related party transaction constitutes a continuing connected transaction as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

關聯方披露(續) 38.

(續) (a)

附註:

- 本集團為本集團管理的若干 (i) 物業的業主(兩名董事於其 中擁有實益權益)提供物業 管理服務。本集團按本集團 與業主共同協定的價格收取 物業管理服務費、供暖及維 修服務費及停車場管理服務 費。截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團就 該等服務向業主收取的費用 總額為45,030,000港元(二 零一九年: 33,421,000港 元)。該等關聯方交易構成 上市規則第14A章所界定的 持續關連交易。
- 截至二零一九年十二月 (ii) 三十一日止年度的租金開支 由該關聯方租賃辦公室物業 收取人民幣2,592,000元(相 當於2,902,000港元),相關 金額由雙方共同協定,董事 認為租金與市場價格相若。 該關聯方交易構成上市規則 第14A章所界定的獲豁免持 續關連交易。
- (iii) 截至二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度的租金開 支由鋭華天地投資有限公 司及其附屬公司(統稱「鋭 華集團」)產生並由該關聯 方租賃健身中心收取人 民幣 2,300,000 元(相當於 2,609,000港元),相關金額 由雙方共同協定,董事認為 租金與市場利率相若。該關 聯方交易構成上市規則第14A 章所界定的持續關連交易。
- 截至二零一九年十二月 (iv) 三十一日止年度的租金開支 由鋭華集團產生並由該關聯 方租賃休閒中心收取總額 人民幣1.713.000元(相當於 1,907,000港元),相關金額 由雙方共同協定,董事認 為租金與市場價格相若。該 關聯方交易構成上市規則第 14A章所界定的持續關連交 易。

財務報表附註

38. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

(continued) (a)

Notes: (continued)

In the prior year, preference shares of (v) RMB13,770,000 without a par value were issued in 2016 by a subsidiary of the Group to the noncontrolling equity holder of the subsidiary, which is a company established in the PRC and indirectly wholly owned by an associate of Mr. Wei and Mr. Sun, both being directors of the Company. The preference shares shall have no voting rights but are entitled to annual dividends at the rate of 7% of the issued and paid up preference share capital of the subsidiary.

> The preference shares of the subsidiary had been accounted for as financial liabilities of the Group as the Group has a contractual obligation to deliver cash to the preference shareholder in 3 years from the date of capital injection. The preference shares were fully redeemed during the year ended 31 December 2019.

> Dividend paid and payable to the related party during the year ended 31 December 2019 in respect of the preference shares of the subsidiary amounted to HK\$1,093,000, which was recognised as finance costs for the year ended 31 December 2019. This related party transaction does not constitute a continuing connected transaction as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

(b) Outstanding balances with related parties

> Save as disclosed in notes 15, 20(a), 22, 28(d) and 34 to the financial statements, the Group had no other material outstanding balances with related parties as at 31 December 2020 and 2019.

(C) Key management personnel of the Group are directors of the Company, whose emoluments are included in note 9 to the financial statements.

38. 關聯方披露(續)

(續) (a)

附註:(續)

(v) 於過往年度,本集團-家附 屬公司於二零一六年向該 附屬公司之非控股權益持 有人(一家於中國成立之公 司, 並由本公司董事魏先生 及孫先生之一家聯營公司 間接全資擁有)發行人民幣 13,770,000 元 之 無 面 值 優 先股。該等優先股並無投票 權,但有權按該附屬公司已 發行及已繳足的優先股股本 的7%獲得年度股息。

> 該等附屬公司優先股已入賬 列作本集團的財務負債,乃 由於本集團有合約責任於注 資日期後三年內向優先股股 東交付現金。該等優先股已 於截至二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度獲悉數贖 0 0

> 截至二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度,就附屬 公司之優先股已付及應付 關聯方之股息為1.093.000 港元,已於截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度確認 為財務費用。此關聯方交易 並不構成上市規則第14A章 所界定的持續關連交易。

與關聯方之尚未支付結餘 (b)

> 於二零二零年及二零一九年十二 月三十一日,除本財務報表附註 15、20(a)、22、28(d)及34所披 露者外,本集團與關聯方並無任 何其他重大尚未支付結餘。

本集團主要管理人員為本公司董 (c) 事,彼等之薪酬載於本財務報表 附註9。

39. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY **CATEGORY**

Except for debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income being classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, as further detailed in note 17 to the financial statements, all financial assets and liabilities of the Group as at 31 December 2020 and 2019 were financial assets and financial liabilities stated at amortised cost, respectively.

40. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL **INSTRUMENTS**

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities which are due to be received or settled within one year approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments, therefore, no disclosure of the fair values of these financial instruments is made.

For other non-current financial assets and liabilities, in the opinion of the directors, since their carrying amounts are not significantly different from their respective fair values, no disclosure of the fair values of these financial instruments is made.

39. 金融工具分類

除按公平值計入其他全面收益的債務投 資外,分類為按公平值計入其他全面收 益的金融資產之進一步詳情載於財務報 表附註17,於二零二零年及二零一九年 十二月三十一日,本集團所有金融資產 及負債均分別為按攤銷成本計量的金融 資產及金融負債。

40. 金融工具的公平值

於一年內到期收取或支付的金融資產及 負債的公平值接近其賬面值,主要由於 有關工具於短期內到期,因此,並無披 露該等金融工具的公平值。

至於其他非流動金融資產及負債,董事 認為,由於其賬面值與其各自的公平值 並無重大差異,因此並無披露有關金融 工具的公平值。

41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT **OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES**

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and cash equivalents, a pledged bank deposit, debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income, bank and other borrowings and perpetual convertible bonds. The main purpose of these financial instruments is mainly for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade and lease receivables, deposits and other receivables, trade payables, other payables, receipts in advance and amounts due from/(to) related parties.

The main risk arising from the Group's financial instruments is foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below:

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Since HK\$ is pegged to US\$, the Group does not have significant foreign exchange risk in respect of its operations in the USA. However, owing to its significant investments and operations in Mainland China and the UK, the Group's financial position and operating performance can be affected significantly by movements in the RMB/HK\$ and £/HK\$ exchange rates.

41. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括現金及現金 等價物、已抵押銀行存款、按公平值計 入其他全面收益的債務投資、銀行及其 他借款及永久可換股債券。該等金融工 具的主要目的在於為本集團的運營融 資。本集團具有多種其他金融資產及負 債,如應收貿易及租賃賬款、訂金及其 他應收款、應付貿易賬款、其他應付 款、預收款項及應收/(應付)關聯方款 項。

本集團的金融工具導致的主要風險是外 幣風險、信用風險及流動資金風險。董 事局已審議並批准管理外幣風險及流動 風險的政策及該等風險概述如下:

外幣風險

外幣風險是指金融工具的價值因外匯匯 率變化而波動的風險。由於港元與美元 掛鈎,本集團於美國的經營尚未受到重 大外匯風險。然而,由於本集團在中國 大陸及英國有重大投資及經營,因此本 集團財務狀況及經營表現可能受人民幣 兑港元及英鎊兑港元匯率變動的重大影

41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT **OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)**

Foreign currency risk (continued)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the end of the reporting period to a reasonably possible change in the RMB and £ exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (due to changes in fair value of monetary assets and liabilities).

41. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

外幣風險(續)

Increase/ (decrease) in foreign

下表説明於報告期末其他變數保持不 變,而人民幣及英鎊匯率出現合理可能 波動的情況下,本集團税前溢利(因貨 幣資產及負債公平值出現變動)對波動 的敏感性。

	exchange rate 外幣匯率 上升/(下降)	Increase/(decrease) in profit before tax 税前溢利 增加/(減少)	
	%	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度 倘若港元兑人民幣貶值 倘若港元兑人民幣升值	5 (5)	12,016 (12,016)	18,119 (18,119)
倘若港元兑英鎊貶值	5	(43,552)	(43,398)

Credit risk

Year ended 31 December 2020

If HK\$ weakens against RMB If HK\$ strengthens against RMB

If HK\$ weakens against £

If HK\$ strengthens against £

Credit risk arises from the potential failure of the Group's counterparties to meet their obligations under property management service agreements and rental agreements. Credit risk exposure is minimised by undertaking transactions with a large number of counterparties and conducting credit reviews on prospective tenants. In addition, the Group regularly reviews the recoverable amount of trade and lease receivables to ensure that adequate provision for impairment losses is made for irrecoverable amounts. The Group has no significant concentrations of credit risk.

倘若港元兑英鎊升值

With respect to credit risk arising from other financial assets of the Group, which mainly comprise cash and bank balances and other receivables, the Group's exposure to credit risk arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments.

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and year-end staging classification as at 31 December 2020 and 2019. The amounts presented are gross carrying amounts of financial assets.

信用風險

(5)

信用風險因本集團之交易對方可能未能 履行彼等於物業管理服務協議及租金協 議下之責任而產生。本集團透過與大量 交易對方進行交易及對潛在租戶進行信 用審查,將信用風險減至最低。此外, 本集團定期審閱應收貿易及租賃賬款之 可收回金額以確保就不可收回金額計提 足夠減值虧損撥備。本集團不存在重大 集中信用風險的問題。

43,552

43,398

本集團其他金融資產主要包括現金及銀 行結餘及其他應收款項,本集團有關該 等金融資產的信用風險源自因交易對方 違約,最大風險敞口等於該等工具的賬 面值。

下表列示基於本集團信貸政策的信貸質 素及所面對的最大信貸風險,主要基於 逾期資料(除非其他資料可在毋須花費 不必要成本或精力的情況下獲得)及於 二零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一 日的年末結階段分類。所呈列的金額為 金融資產的賬面總值。

財務報表附註

41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT **OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)**

Credit risk (continued)

At 31 December 2020

41. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

信用風險(續)

於二零二零年十二月三十一日

		12-month ECLs 十二個月預 期信貸虧損		Lifetime 存續期預期		
		河口只胜识		丁祺为识为		
		Stage 1 第一階段 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>	Stage 2 第二階段 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>	Stage 3 第三階段 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Simplified approach 簡化方法 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>
Trade and lease receivables Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and	應收貿易及租賃賬款 計入預付款項、訂金 及其他應收款項的	-	-	-	92,827	92,827
other receivables	金融資產	106,681	_	_	_	106,681
Due from related parties Debt investments at fair value through	應收關聯方款項 按公平值計入其他全面	69,839	-	-	-	69,839
other comprehensive income Cash and cash equivalents,	收益的債務投資 現金及現金等價物	24,562	-	-	-	24,562
not yet past due	(尚未逾期)	196,147				196,147
		397,229	_	_	92,827	490,056
At 31 December 2019		12-month	於二零	零一九年十二	二月三十一日	3
		ECLs 十二個月預		Lifetime	e ECLs	
		期信貸虧損		存續期預期	信貸虧損	
		Stage 1 第一階段 <i>HK\$</i> *000 <i>千港元</i>	Stage 2 第二階段 <i>HK</i> \$'000 <i>千港元</i>	Stage 3 第三階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Simplified approach 簡化方法 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade and lease receivables Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and	應收貿易及租賃賬款 計入預付款項、訂金 及其他應收款項的	_	-	_	33,574	33,574
other receivables	金融資產	47,126	_	_	_	47,126
Due from related parties	應收關聯方款項	49,874	_	_	_	49,874
Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income Pledged bank deposit,	按公平值計入其他全面 收益的債務投資 已抵押銀行存款	46,518	-	_	-	46,518
not yet past due	(尚未逾期)	39,168	_	_	_	39,168
Cash and cash equivalents, not yet past due	現金及現金等價物 (尚未逾期)	246,877	_	_	_	246,877
		429,563	_	_	33,574	463,137

41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT **OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)**

Credit risk (continued)

For trade and lease receivables to which the Group applies the simplified approach for impairment, information is disclosed in note 20 to the financial statements.

The credit quality of the financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables are not past due and there is no information indicating that the financial assets had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.

The credit risk of the Group's other financial assets, which comprise amounts due from related parties and other receivables, debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income and cash and bank balances, arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments.

Liquidity risk

In light of the future business expansion of the Group, the Group ensures that it maintains sufficient cash and credit lines to meet its liquidity requirements and the estimated future construction cost of the development of a parcel of land in Culver City, the USA. The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through cash receipts from the issue of shares, as well as the strict control over its daily operating expenses. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, proceeds from a share placement obtained, capital contributed by shareholders and financing from a shareholder and related parties by means of cash during the prior year and the current year, respectively to finance certain of the abovementioned planned development is expected to be fulfilled by the Group after 2020. Accordingly, the Group expects to have adequate sources of funding to finance the Group's operations and manage its liquidity position.

41. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

信用風險(續)

就本集團採用簡化方法估算減值的應收 貿易及租賃賬款而言,有關資料披露於 財務報表附註20。

計入預付款項、訂金及其他應收款項的 金融資產的信貸質素並未逾期,且並無 資料表明自初始確認以來金融資產的信 貸風險有顯著增加。

本集團其他金融資產(包括應收關聯方 款項及其他應收款項、按公平值計入其 他全面收益的債務投資以及現金及銀行 結餘)的信貸風險乃因對手方違約而產 生,所面臨的最大風險等於該等工具的 賬面值。

流動風險

鑒於本集團未來業務拓展,本集團確保 其維持足夠的現金及額度,以滿足其流 動資金需要及於美國卡爾弗城開發一塊 土地之估計未來建造成本。本集團的目 標是運用發行股份所收取的現金以及嚴 格控制其日常經營開支以保持融資的持 續性與靈活性的平衡。本公司董事認 為,於上個年度及本年度股份配售所獲 所得款項、股東注資及一名股東及關聯 方通過現金方式進行的融資分別為本集 團預期將於二零二零年後履行的若干上 述計劃開發提供資金。因此,本集團預 期將會有足夠資金來源以提供本集團經 營業務所需資金及管理其流動資金狀 況。

財務報表附註

41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT **OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)**

Liquidity risk (continued)

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

41. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

流動風險(續)

於報告期末,根據未經折現的合同付款 額,本集團金融負債的到期期限狀況如 下:

		On demand 按要求 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Within 1 year 一年以內 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	1–5 years 一至五年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>	Total 合計 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月 三十一日				
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	20,302	22,025	_	42,327
Other payables	其他應付款	125,256	· –	_	125,256
Due to related parties	應付關聯方款項	360,648	_	_	360,648
Bank and other borrowings (excluding lease liabilities) (note)	銀行及其他借款 (不包括租賃負債)				
	(附註)	124,250	686,113	1,556,901	2,367,264
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	_	3,913	1,570	5,483
Liability component of perpetual	永久可換股債券的				
convertible bonds	負債部分			51,197	51,197
		630,456	712,051	1,609,668	2,952,175
		On	Within		
		demand	1 year	1-5 years	Total
		按要求	一年以內	一至五年	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月 三十一日				
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	12,870	24,607	_	37,477
Other payables	其他應付款	96,933	_	_	96,933
Due to related parties	應付關聯方款項	139,579	_	_	139,579
Bank and other borrowings (excluding lease liabilities) (note)	銀行及其他借款 (不包括租賃負債)				
	(附註)	123,423	627,503	1,772,383	2,523,309
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	_	18,704	20,899	39,603
Liability component of perpetual	永久可換股債券的				
convertible bonds	負債部分		_	49,945	49,945
		372,805	670,814	1,843,227	2,886,846

41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT **OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)**

Liquidity risk (continued)

Note: One of the loan agreements contains a repayment on demand clause giving the bank an unconditional right to call in the loan at any time and therefore, for the purpose of the above maturity profile, the total amount was classified as "on demand" as at 31 December 2020 and 2019. In accordance with the terms of the loan agreement, the contractual undiscounted payments of this bank borrowing amounted to HK\$119,966,000 (2019: HK\$123,423,000) which were repaid during the year ended 31 December 2020. The loan was reclassified to a disposal group held for sale as at 31 December 2020 (note 24).

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

41. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

流動風險(續)

附註: 貸款協議中的一項包括按要求償還 條款,賦予銀行隨時無條件催繳貸 款的權利,因此,就上述到期期限 情况而言,於二零二零年及二零 一九年十二月三十一日,有關款項 總額被分類為「按要求」。根據貸 款協議條款,須於截至二零二零 年十二月三十一日止年度內償還 的銀行借款之合約未貼現還款達 119.966.000港元(二零一九年: 123,423,000港元)。貸款已重新分 類至於二零二零年十二月三十一日 持作出售的出售組別(附註24)。

資本管理

本集團資本管理的主要目標為保障本集 團繼續按持續經營基準營業的能力,並 維持穩健的資本比率,以支持其業務及 盡量增加股東價值。

本集團管理其資本架構,並就經濟情況 及相關資產的風險特徵變動作出調整。 維持或調整資本架構時,本集團可能會 調整向股東派付的股息、向股東退還資 本或發行新股份。本集團無須受任何外 界所定之資金要求約束。於截至二零二 零年及二零一九年十二月三十一日止年 度,管理資本的目標、政策或程序維持 不變。

41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT **OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)**

Capital management (continued)

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by the adjusted capital. The Group's policy is to maintain a healthy ratio. Net debt includes trade payables, bank and other borrowings, other payables and accruals, amounts due to related parties and preference shares of a subsidiary, less cash and cash equivalents. Capital includes perpetual convertible bonds and equity attributable to shareholders of the Company. The gearing ratios as at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

41. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

資本管理(續)

本集團使用資產負債比率監察資本。資 產負債比率乃按債務淨額除以經調整資 本計算。本集團的政策旨在維持穩健的 比率。債務淨額包括應付貿易賬款、銀 行及其他借款、其他應付款及預提費 用、應付關聯方款項及一間附屬公司的 優先股,減去現金及現金等價物。資本 包括永久可換股債券及本公司股東應佔 權益。於報告期末的資產負債比率如 下:

2010

2020

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	<i>千港元</i>
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	42,327	37,477
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款	2,119,581	2,336,024
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款及預提費用	137,799	112,153
Due to related parties	應付關聯方款項	360,648	139,579
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	減:現金及現金等價物	(196,147)	(246,877)
Net debt	債務淨額	2,464,208	2,378,356
Equity attributable to	本公司股東應佔權益		
shareholders of the Company		3,565,947	3,414,919
Liability component of perpetual	永久可換股債券的		
convertible bonds	負債部分	51,197	49,945
Adjusted capital	經調整資本	3,617,144	3,464,864
Gearing ratio	資產負債率	68.13%	68.64%
Equity attributable to shareholders of the Company Liability component of perpetual convertible bonds Adjusted capital	本公司股東應佔權益 永久可換股債券的 負債部分 經調整資本	3,565,947 51,197 3,617,144	3,414,919 49,945 3,464,864

42. EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Save as disclosed in note 24 to the financial statements regarding the sale of an investment property in the UK through disposal of the entire interest in GR Properties UK Limited, there were no significant events of the Group after the reporting period for the year ended 31 December 2020.

42. 報告期後事項

除財務報表附註24所披露的有關透過出 售GR Properties UK Limited的全部權益 而出售的一處英國投資物業外,本集團 於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度的報告期後並無任何重大事件。

43. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

OF THE COMPANY

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

43. 本公司的財務狀況表

有關本公司於報告期末的財務狀況表的 資料如下:

		2020 二零二零年 <i>HK</i> \$'000	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000
	JL vir 로니 Vir - 하	<i>千港元</i>	<u> </u>
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產	400	100
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	126	193
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	2,796	4,961
Interests in subsidiaries	於附屬公司的權益	1,028,131	2,167,503
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項——	180,124	180,490
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額	1,211,177	2,353,147
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產		
Loans to subsidiaries	提供予附屬公司的貸款	609,897	615,264
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	768,182	719,772
Due from related parties	應收關聯方款項	636,453	360
·		030,433	300
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、訂金及其他	0.007	0.551
	應收款項	2,237	2,551
Pledged bank deposit	已抵押銀行存款	_	39,168
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物 —	32,033	1,890
Total current assets	流動資產合計	2,048,802	1,379,005
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債		
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款及預提費用	3,314	2,607
Due to a shareholder	應付一名股東款項	1,514	1,486
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	318	318
Other borrowings	其他借款	2,172	2,118
other borrowings		2,172	2,110
Total current liabilities	流動負債合計	7,318	6,529
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨額	2,041,484	1,372,476
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	資產總額減流動負債		
LIABILITIES	央注:::	3,252,661	3,725,623
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債		
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	_	391
Liability component of perpetual	永久可換股債券的負債		
convertible bonds	部分	51,197	49,945
Other borrowings	其他借款	84,917	85,473
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額	116,547	135,809
Net assets	資產淨額	3,116,547	3,589,814
1 101 000010	只住才识	0,110,071	0,000,014

財務報表附註

43. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION **OF THE COMPANY (continued)**

43. 本公司的財務狀況表(續)

		2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2019 二零一九年 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>
EQUITY	權益		_
Share capital	股本	3,152,571	3,152,571
Equity component of perpetual	永久可換股債券的		
convertible bonds	權益部分	1,078,217	1,078,217
Reserves (note)	儲備(附註)	(1,114,242)	(640,974)
Total equity	權益總額	3,116,547	3,589,814

Wei Chunxian 魏純暹 Director 董事

Sun Zhongmin 孫仲民 Director 董事

Note: A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

附註: 本公司儲備概要如下:

			Share		
		Capital	option	Accumulated	
		reserve	reserve	losses	Total
		資本儲備	購股權儲備	累計虧損	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	10,868	1,730	(800,901)	(788,303)
Profit for the year and total comprehensive	本年度溢利及本年度全面收益總額				
income for the year			-	147,329	147,329
ALOA D	₩_ = ↓ /				
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	於二零一九年十二月三十一日	40.000	4 =00	(050 550)	(0.40.004)
	及二零二零年一月一日	10,868	1,730	(653,572)	(640,974)
Loss for the year and total comprehensive loss	本年度虧損及本年度				
for the year	全面虧損總額		-	(473,268)	(473,268)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	10,868	1,730	(1,126,840)	(1,114,242)
ALOT DOGGTIDGI ZUZU	バーマーマTI=刀=I H	10,000	1,700	(1,120,040)	(1,117,272)

44. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS**

These financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 31 March 2021.

44. 財務報表的批准

該等財務報表於二零二一年三月三十一 日由董事局通過並批准發佈。

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTIES

物業**詳情**

Location	Use	Lease term	Attributable interest of the Group 歸屬於
地點	用途	租賃期	本集團的權益
Completed investment properties 已落成投資物業			
Juxon House, 100 St Pauls Churchyard, London, EC 4M 8BU, the United Kingdom	Commercial 商業	Long term lease 長期租約	100%
Portion of Building No. 2 of Kingdom Guorui No. 1 Ronghua South Road Beijing Economic Technological Development Area Beijing the PRC 中國 北京 經濟技術開發區 榮華南路1號院 國鋭 • 金嵿大廈2號樓的部分	Commercial 商業	Medium term lease 中期租約	100%
2300-2320 Wilshire Blvd., Santa Monica, CA90403, the USA	Residential/ Commercial 住宅/商業	Not applicable 不適用	100%
Investment properties under construction 在建中投資物業			
10375 Washington Redevelopment Site 10375 Washington Boulevard Culver City, Los Angeles Country, CA90232	Residential/ Commercial 住宅/商業	Not Applicable 不適用	100%

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTIES

物業**詳情**

Attributable interest of the Location Use Lease term Group 歸屬於 地點 用途 租賃期 本集團的權益

Completed investment property classified as a non-current asset held for sale

分類為持作出售之非流動資產的已落成投資物業

Boundary House, Commercial Medium term lease 100% 7-17 Jewry Street, 商業 中期租約

London EC3N 2EX

A building included in property, plant and equipment and a leasehold land included in right-of-use assets

樓宇(計入物業、廠房及設備)及租賃土地(計入使用權資產)

Building No. 3 of Kingdom Guorui, Commercial Medium term lease 100% 商業 中期租約

1 Ronghua South Road,

Beijing Economic Technological Development Area,

Beijing, the PRC

中國北京

經濟技術開發區

榮華南路1號院

國鋭●金嵿

大廈3號

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY 五年財務摘要

A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and total equity of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published annual report and audited financial statements, is set out below:

本集團過去五個財政年度節錄自已刊發的年報 及經審核財務報表的經營業績、資產、負債和 權益合計的摘要如下:

RESULTS

業績

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年	二零一六年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
收入	322,026	373,327	361,282	229,822	216,392
税前溢利/(虧損)	67,738	182,112	7,928	(67,633)	(67,395)
所得税	(67,058)	(84,030)	1,502	2,619	2,032
本年度溢利/(虧損)					
	680	98,082	9,430	(65,014)	(65,363)
歸屬於:					
本公司股東	552	98,599	9,579	(65,014)	(62,798)
非控股權益	128	(517)	(149)	_	(2,565)
	680	98,082	9,430	(65,014)	(65,363)
	税前溢利/(虧損) 所得税 本年度溢利/(虧損) 歸屬於: 本公司股東	二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元 收入 322,026 税前溢利/(虧損) 67,738 所得税 (67,058) 本年度溢利/(虧損) 680 歸屬於: 本公司股東 非控股權益 128	二零二零年 二零一九年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 収入 322,026 373,327 税前溢利/(虧損) 67,738 182,112 所得税 (67,058) (84,030) 本年度溢利/(虧損) 680 98,082 歸屬於: 本公司股東 552 98,599 非控股權益 128 (517)	二零二零年 二零一九年 二零一八年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000	二零二零年

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY **五年**財務摘要

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND TOTAL EQUITY 資產、負債和權益合計

		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
		二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Total assets	資產總額	6,702,004	6,306,456	5,030,079	2,415,782	1,657,683
Total liabilities	負債總額	(3,112,688)	(2,869,659)	(1,575,564)	(1,306,958)	(502,927)
NET ASSETS	資產淨額	3,589,316	3,436,797	3,454,515	1,108,824	1,154,756
Equity attributable to:	歸屬於以下各方的權益:					
Shareholders of the Company	本公司股東	3,565,947	3,414,919	3,431,736	1,108,824	1,160,983
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	23,369	21,878	22,779	_	(6,227)
TOTAL EQUITY	權益合計	3,589,316	3,436,797	3,454,515	1,108,824	1,154,756

