

瀋陽公用發展股份有限公司

(a joint stock limited company incorporated in the People's Republic of China) (在中華人民共和國註冊成立之股份有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號: 747



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# **Corporate Information**

# 公司資料

### **DIRECTORS**

### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Zhang Jing Ming (Chairman)

Mr. Leng Xiao Rong

Mr. Chau Ting Yan

# **Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Ye Zhi E

Mr. Yin Zong Chen

# **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Chan Ming Sun Jonathan (resigned on 12 November 2020)

Ms. Gao Hong Hong

Mr. Guo Lu Jin

Mr. Luo Zhuo Qiang (appointed on 12 November 2020)

# **CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER**

Mr. Huang Chunfeng

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. Luo Zhuo Qiang (Chairman) (appointed on 12 November 2020)

Mr. Chan Ming Sun Jonathan (Chairman) (resigned on

12 November 2020)

Mr. Yin Zong Chen

Ms. Gao Hong Hong

# **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Guo Lu Jin (Chairman)

Mr. Chan Ming Sun Jonathan (resigned on 12 November 2020)

Mr. Luo Zhuo Qiang (appointed on 12 November 2020)

Mr. Ye Zhi E

# **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Zhang Jing Ming (Chairman)

Ms. Gao Hong Hong

Mr. Guo Lu Jin

# **SUPERVISORS**

Mr. Wang Xing Ye (Chairman)

Mr. Chen Jun Feng

Mr. Zhang Yun Feng

Ms. Huang Yong Jing (resigned on 11 February 2021)

Mr. Zheng Ze Jian (appointed on 11 February 2021)

Mr. Fang Wei Ran

# 董事

# 執行董事

張敬明先生(主席) 冷小榮先生 周霆欣先生

# 非執行董事

葉智鍔先生尹宗臣先生

# 獨立非執行董事

陳銘燊先生(於2020年11月12日辭任)

高紅紅女士

郭魯晉先生

羅卓強先生(於2020年11月12日獲委任)

# 行政總裁

黃春鋒先生

# 審核委員會

羅卓強先生(主席)(於2020年11月12日獲委任)

陳銘燊先生(主席)(於2020年

11月12日辭任)

尹宗臣先生

高紅紅女士

# 薪酬委員會

郭魯晉先生(主席)

陳銘燊先生(於2020年11月12日辭任)

羅卓強先生(於2020年11月12日獲委任)

葉智鍔先生

# 提名委員會

張敬明先生(主席)

高紅紅女士

郭魯晉先生

# 監事

王興業先生(主席)

陳俊峰先生

張運峰先生

黃永菁女士(於2021年2月11日辭任)

鄭澤健先生(於2021年2月11日獲委任)

方偉然先生

# **Corporate Information**

# 公司資料

### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

No. 1–4, 20A, Central Street, Shenyang Economic and Technological Development Zone, People's Republic of China

### **BUSINESS PREMISE**

Room 2-12-5 Diwang Club Apartment 19 Wenyi Road Shenhe District, Shenyang People's Republic of China

# **JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES**

Ms. Qian Fang Fang

Mr. Tung Sze Ho Dicky (resigned on 1 September 2020)

Mr. Chung Man Wai, Stephen (appointed on 8 September 2020)

# **AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES**

Mr. Zhang Jing Ming

Mr. Tung Sze Ho Dicky (resigned on 1 September 2020)

Mr. Chung Man Wai, Stephen (appointed on 8 September 2020)

### **AUDITOR**

Asian Alliance (HK) CPA Limited

# **H SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE**

Hong Kong Registrars Limited Rooms 1712–16, 17th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai Hong Kong

# **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

China Merchants Bank Bank of China Industrial and Commercial Bank of China China Construction Bank

# **STOCK CODE**

747

# **WEBSITE**

www.shenyang747.com

# 註冊辦事處

中華人民共和國 瀋陽經濟技術開發區 中央大街20甲1-4號

# 經營地點

中華人民共和國 瀋陽市沈和區 文藝路19號 地王俱樂部公寓 B座2-12-5室

# 聯席公司秘書

錢芳芳女士 董思浩先生(於2020年9月1日辭任) 鍾文偉先生(於2020年9月8日獲委任)

# 授權代表

張敬明先生 董思浩先生(於2020年9月1日辭任) 鍾文偉先生(於2020年9月8日獲委任)

# 核數師

華融(香港)會計師事務所有限公司

# H股份過戶登記處

香港證券登記有限公司 香港 灣仔 皇后大道東183號 合和中心 17樓1712-16室

# 主要往來銀行

招商銀行 中國銀行 工商銀行 建設銀行

### 股份代號

747

#### 網址

www.shenyang747.com

# Chairman's Statement 主席報告

# Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Shenyang Public Utility Holdings Company Limited, I am pleased to present the audited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2020.

2020 has been a challenging year. The global outbreak of Covid-19 and the world economic recession have hit China with unprecedented impact on economy and social development. Domestic enterprises confronted a range of challenges in their development and business. In the face of adversity, the Group had strived to seek progress in stability and forged ahead, so as to keep calm and rational in the hostile environment and seek steady development.

### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

In September 2020, Zhongfang Chaozhou completed the acceptance and delivery of 12.3-mu K-Line Road in the Jin Nan Industrial Park Project, recording a revenue of RMB6,624,000.

During the 2020 Financial Year, due to the impact of many factors such as the pandemic, the personnel changes of Jinshan Company and related departments, and the historical problems left by the park, the settlement of the main portion of Zhongfang Chaozhou Jin Nan Industrial Park Project failed to complete on time. Up to now, in accordance with the First Phase Settlement Review Report – Adjustment Draft on Shenzhen (Chaozhou) Industry Park for Industrial Transfer, Jingnan Branch, Zhongfang Chaozhou is actively discussing with Jinshan Company, the Management Committee and the third-party review agency on the adjusted project volumes and amounts. Zhongfang Chaozhou will urge the construction party to provide supplementary information in April 2021. It is expected that a feedback draft of the settlement review report issued by a third-party review agency will be obtained before June 2021. The Group will still spare no effort to maintain smooth and effective communication with all parties, striving to complete the settlement work of the main portion of Jin Nan Industrial Park in 2021.

During the 2020 Financial Year, Zhongfang Chaozhou has completed the construction of the extension sections of the Chaoshang Road, Xinwang Road and Huoju Road in Four Roads and One Slope of the ancillary works of the Zhongfang Chaozhou Jin Nan Industrial Park Project. In January 2021, Zhongfang Chaozhou completed the acceptance of the extension sections of the Chaoshang Road, Xinwang Road and Huoju Road and LS temporary drainage works. Jinshan Company agreed to repurchase the ancillary works in March 2021. Xinxing Road within Four Roads and One Slope is expected to complete the construction and acceptance in 2021.

# 尊敬的各位股東:

本人謹代表瀋陽公用發展股份有限公司董事會,欣然向全體股東報告本公司及其附屬公司截至2020年12月31日止年度的經審核綜合業績。

2020年是充滿挑戰的一年。新冠疫情在全球暴發,世界經濟衰退,對中國經濟社會發展帶來前所未有的衝擊。國內企業發展面臨一定困境,經營難度加大。面對困境,本集團貫切穩中求進的精神,砥礪前行,力求在逆境中保持冷靜、理性,尋求穩步發展。

# 業務回顧及分析

於2020年9月,中房潮州完成了徑南工業園區項目12.3畝K綫道路的驗收交付,錄得收入人民幣6,624,000元。

2020年財政年度,由於受到疫情、金山公司及相關部門人事變動、園區歷史遺留問題等諸多因素的影響,中房潮州徑南工業量至體工程結算工作未能按時完成。截至至前,中房潮州根據《深圳(潮州)產業轉移至、數經南分園首期結算評審的報告一調整稿》,可以與於2021年4月敦促施工方一起提供五流資料,預計2021年6月前將會獲得第一次資料,預計2021年6月前將會獲得第一次資料,預計2021年6月前將會獲得第一次資料,預計2021年6月前將會獲得高。本時期,爭取在2021年完成徑南工業園主體工程的結算工作。

2020年財政年度,中房潮州完成了中房潮州徑南工業園項目附屬工程四路一坡中潮商路、新旺路及火炬路延長段的施工。2021年1月,中房潮州完成了潮商路、新旺路、火炬路延長段及LS臨時排水工程的驗收,金山公司於2021年3月同意回購此附屬工程。四路一坡中的新興路預計將於2021年完成施工及驗收。

# Chairman's Statement 主席報告

The Group has gradually reduced the scale of its credit business since 2017. The Group has sold Shenwu Investment and Chung Hwa Finance in the 2020 Financial Year to protect the Company's interests to the maximum extent. Since then, the Group has ceased to operate credit business.

The Group's property investment business is located in the cities of Guangzhou, Beijing and Sanhe. As the Group's existing properties have not yet been fully operated, revenue from property leasing of RMB384,000 has been recorded during the 2020 Financial Year.

During the 2020 Financial Year, the Company has acquired 60% equity interest of Shennongjia Hotel. The Company plans to build a high-end hotel with a construction area of approximately 48,000 square meters in Ping Qian Ancient Town, Da Jiu Hu, Shennongjia, which is expected to start operations in 2024.

The Group will continue to look for potential property investment opportunities. Through rationally allocating resources, the Group will accelerate the construction and operation of existing properties, thus achieving profitability as soon as possible.

# **COMPREHENSIVE DEVELOPMENT**

In 2020, in the face of challenges in all aspects, the Group has always uphold the act of seeking progress in a stable manner to safeguard the interests of shareholders. During the year, the Company adjusted its investment projects in accordance with the current economic conditions and overall development strategy, including the disposal of part of its equity interest in Chaozhou Rural Commercial Bank Co., Ltd., the cancellation of acquisition of 78% equity interest in San He Jing Jiao, and the resumption of the transaction in relation to acquisition of 11 stores and 60 parking spaces. According to the operating conditions of each subsidiary and the strategic direction of the Company, the Company sold 100% equity interest in Shen Wu Investment and terminated the credit business and securities investment business. While streamlining the Company's business, the Company acquired 60% equity interest of Shennongjia Hotel in accordance with the Company's development strategy. The Group will strictly monitor various existing investment projects, enhancing its comprehensive capabilities.

本集團自2017年以來逐步縮減信貸業務規模。 本集團已於2020年財政年度出售了沈物投 資連同中華信貸,以最大程度的保障公司利 益。自此,本集團不再經營信貸業務。

本集團物業投資業務分布於廣州、北京及三河等城市。由於集團現有物業尚未全部運營,2020年財政年度錄得物業租賃收入人民幣384,000元。

2020年財政年度,本集團收購了神農架賓館60%股權,計劃在神農架大九湖坪阡古鎮興建建築面積約為48,000平方米的高檔酒店,預計於2024年開始運營。

本集團仍會繼續物色有潛力的物業投資機會,合理配置資源,加快推動現有物業的建 設與運營,儘早實現盈利。

# 綜合發展

2020年面對各方面挑戰,集團始終秉持穩中求進的發展方向,保障廣大股東利益。於本年度,公司根據目前經濟狀況及整體發展略,調整投資項目,包括出售部分潮州河路%股權交易,及恢復收購11個商輔及60個停車位的交易;根據各子公司運營情況和60%股權。本集團將嚴格把控目前各類投資項目,提高集團綜合實力。

# Chairman's Statement 主席報告

### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

During the year, the Group engaged CT Consultants Limited to find out how the internal procedures were implemented, and reviewed the related policies and processes, through discussions with the management. The Group will take appropriate actions pursuant to the Internal Control Review Report. If any significant deficiencies or weaknesses in the internal control procedures are identified, improvements will be made to rectify the weaken areas, so as to further improve its internal risk management and replicate them to all departments and subsidiaries for better risk management awareness of each employee.

### **FUTURE PROSPECTS**

As the Covid-19 pandemic hits the world, the world political and economic landscape has changed, bringing profound impact and serious challenges to the community of human destiny. In the face of the intricate domestic and international environment, China's economy still shows its strong resilience and vitality, with aggregate indicators recovering and structural optimization continuing to deepen, and beginning to establish a "dual circulation" development pattern in which domestic economic cycle plays a leading role while international economic cycle remains its extension and supplement. While proactively exploring projects with more development prospects and stable income to enrich its main business, the Group will strive to follow the government in national development, take active steps to cope with challenges, stabilize its foundation and keep its feet on the ground, so as to enhance the overall comprehensive capabilities of the Group.

Finally, on behalf of the Board, I would like to express my gratitude to all the Shareholders, business partners and all employees for their support. In the face of adversity, I believe we will be able to overcome difficulties and move towards success together!

# **Zhang Jing Ming** *Chairman*

31 March 2021

# 風險管理

於本年度,本集團聘請思天顧問有限公司通過與管理層討論,瞭解內部程序之執行,並審閱相關政策和流程等。本集團將根據《內部監控審閱報告》採取合適行動,如發現內部監控程序有重大缺失或弱點,將會對薄弱環節進行改進,進一步完善公司內部風險管理,並落實到各部門及子公司,提高每一位員工的風險管理意識。

# 前景展望

新冠疫情衝擊全球,世界政治經濟格局發生變化,給人類命運共同體帶來深刻影響和影響和我會,給人類命運共同體帶來深刻影響和我經濟仍凸顯出強大的韌性與活力,總量指導不斷恢復、結構優化持續深入,開始打互強力,絕對進大的新發展格局。本集團將努力跟隨國兩分,積極應對挑戰,穩定根基,腳對地,同時積極開拓更具發展前景及穩立的項目,豐富主營業務,以提高集團整體綜合實力。

最後,本人謹代表董事會,向全體股東、合作夥伴及全體員工給予的支持和努力表示衷心的感謝,面對逆境,我相信我們一定能克服困難,邁向成功!

#### 張敬明

主席

2021年3月31日

### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

The revenue of the Group for the 2020 Financial Year amounted to RMB7,008,000 (the comparative figures for 2019 Corresponding Period: RMB22,023,000), representing a significant decrease of approximately 68.18% as compared with the 2019 Corresponding Period. The substantial decrease in revenue is mainly due to the impact of the Covid-19 on China's economy has delayed investment, construction and acceptance of infrastructure construction in China. This lead to a decrease in the revenue generated from the construction of infrastructure and the development of properties in the PRC.

During the 2020 Financial Year, the Group has completed the acceptance and transfer procedures of 12.3-mu K-line Road of Zhongfang Chaozhou Jing Nan Industrial Park Project and recorded the revenue for 2020 Financial Year of RMB6,624,000 (2019 Corresponding Period: RMB21,893,000). Zhongfang Chaozhou has completed the procedures for acceptance of completion and transfer of accumulated 4,012.3-mu construction land, including the acceptance and repurchase of the K-Line Road, and 38.63-mu slope stabilization works. The revenue for credit business was unrecorded by the Group for the 2020 Financial Year (2019 Corresponding Period: RMB4,537,000). The revenue for credit business decreased by 100% as compared with that for the 2019 Corresponding Period. Furthermore, the Group also recognised revenue of RMB384,000 from the property leasing business (2019 Corresponding Period: RMB130,000) increasing significantly by approximately 195.38% as compared with that for the 2019 Corresponding Period.

Loss before tax of the Group for the 2020 Financial Year amounted to RMB37,882,000 comparing with loss of RMB90,621,000 for the 2019 Corresponding Period.

The Group recorded an impairment loss on the expected credit loss model as at 31 December 2020, mainly from the receivable in relation to disposal of 66.67% of the equity interest in SHHH Development and the shareholder's loan. The disposal was completed on 15 November 2020. Affected by poor operation and the pandemic, the buyer, Shenzhen Hongxun Investment Development Company Limited ("Hongxun Investment"), failed to make payment as scheduled and has issued a notice for deferred payment. The management considered there is a significant change in the credit risk of Hongxun Investment and an impairment of approximately RMB9,988,000 was recognised.

### 財務回顧

本集團於2020年財政年度的收益為人民幣7,008,000元(2019年同期可比數字:人民幣22,023,000元),較2019年同期大幅減少約68.18%。收益大幅下降主要是由於2019冠狀病毒對中國經濟影響,使得中國基礎設施建設投資、施工、驗收延後。這導致中國基礎設施建設及物業發展所產生之收益降低。

於2020年財政年度,本集團完成中房潮州徑南工業園項目12.3畝K線道路的驗收交付工作,並於2020年財政年度確認收益人民幣6,624,000元(2019年同期:人民幣21,893,000元)。中房潮州已累計完成4,012.3畝建設用地(包含已驗收回購的K線道路)以及38.63畝斜坡鞏固工程的驗收交付工作。於2020年財政年度,本集團未錄得信貸業務收入(2019年同期:人民幣4,537,000元)。信貸業務收入較2019年同期減少100%。此外,本集團亦確認物業租賃業務收入人民幣384,000元(2019年同期:人民幣130,000元),較2019年同期大幅增加約195.38%。

本集團於2020年財政年度的除税前虧損為人民幣37,882,000元,而2019年同期虧損為人民幣90,621,000元。

本集團於2020年12月31日在預期信貸虧損模型方面錄得減值虧損,主要源於出售合輝煌發展66.67%股權及股東貸款之交易的相關應收款項。出售事項於2020年11月15日完成,因經營不善及疫情關係的影響,買方深圳市鴻訊投資發展有限公司(「鴻訊投資」)未能如期付款,並且發出通知要求延期支付,管理層認為鴻訊投資的信用風險發生了重大變化,確認減值準備約人民幣9,988,000元。

As a way to reallocate resources to develop the project invested by Shennongjia Hotel, the Group decided not to make further investment into Guangdong Xinmao and Chaozhou Jiafu and is exploring ways to realise their investments in Guangdong Xinmao and Chaozhou Jiafu.

The Group assessed that the fair values less costs of disposals of the construction in progress holds by Guangdong Xinmao and Chaozhou Jiafu are higher than their carrying amounts. An impairment loss on property, plant and equipment with approximately RMB36,380,000 was recognised during the 2020 Financial Year.

# **Income Tax Expenses**

Income tax expenses of the Group for the 2020 Financial Year amounted to RMB96,000, representing an increase of approximately 6.67% as compared with RMB90,000 for the 2019 Corresponding Period. The increase in income tax expenses was mainly attributable to the increase in income from property leasing.

### **Loss Per Share**

The basic and diluted loss per Share attributable to owners of the Company during the 2020 Financial Year from continuing operations and discontinued operations were approximately RMB2.70 cents representing a decrease of approximately 55.45% as compared with the loss per Share for the 2019 Corresponding Period of RMB6.06 cents.

為了重新調配資源開發神農架賓館投資的項目,本集團決定不進一步投資於廣東鑫茂及潮州佳富,並正在探討如何對其於廣東鑫茂及潮州佳富的投資予以變現。

本集團評估,廣東鑫茂及潮州佳富持有的在建工程公允價值減出售成本高於其賬面金額。於2020年財政年度,已重新確認約有人民幣36,380,000元的物業、廠房及設備減值虧損。

# 所得稅開支

本集團於2020年財政年度的所得稅開支為人民幣96,000元,較2019年同期人民幣90,000元增加約6.67%。所得稅開支增加主要是由於租賃業務收入增加所致。

### 每股虧損

於2020年財政年度內,本公司擁有人應佔持續經營業務及已終止經營業務的每股基本及攤薄虧損約為人民幣2.70分,較2019年度同期每股虧損人民幣6.06分減少約55.45%。

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

#### Infrastructure Construction Business

During the 2020 Financial Year, the Group has completed the acceptance and transfer procedures of the 12.3-mu K-line Road of Zhongfang Chaozhou Jing Nan Industrial Park Project (2019 Corresponding Period: 38.63-mu slope stabilization project) and recorded the revenue of RMB6,624,000 (2019 Corresponding Period: RMB21,893,000). The settlement of the main portion of Chaozhou Jing Nan Industrial Park Project could not be completed in the 2020 Financial Year due to the impact of Covid-19. The completion of acceptance of the Chaoshang Road, Xinwang Road, Huoju Road and LS temporary drainage works ("Three Roads and One Drainage Project") were delayed to 26 January 2021 due to problems with the land registration procedures for the Huoju Road extension portion and personnel changes of the relevant persons in charge. On 24 March 2021, Chaozhou Jinshan agreed to repurchase the Three Roads and One Drainage Project.

The Group will still actively maintain smooth and effective communication with Chaozhou Jinshan and all relevant institutions and spare no effort to facilitate the settlement and delivery of the remaining construction land as soon as possible.

### **Credit Business**

Following the capital reduction in Chung Hwa Finance for the financial year ended 31 December 2017, the Group gradually rationalised the credit business in Hong Kong and terminated the money lending licence in Hong Kong in September 2018. During the 2020 Financial Year, the Group has not recorded revenue for the credit business (2019 Corresponding Period: RMB4,537,000). In December 2020, the Group is disposing the equity interest in Shen Wu Investment and its subsidiaries (including Chung Hwa Finance), and the transaction has not been completed. The credit business was discontinued during the 2020 Financial Year.

# **Property Investment Business**

During the 2020 Financial Year, The Group further developed its property investment business by completing the acquisition of 125 properties in Fangshan, Beijing, promoting the transaction of acquisition of 11 retail units and 60 car parking spaces in Tianzi Zhuangyuan Phase 5 in Hebei and acquiring 60% equity interest of Shennongjia Hotel. The Group recorded a rental income of RMB384,000 in the 2020 Financial Year (the same period in 2019: RMB130,000). The Group will focus on the operation of existing property projects while actively identify potential property investment projects.

### 業務回顧

# 基礎設施建設業務

於2020年財政年度,本集團已完成中房潮州徑南工業園項目12.3畝K線道路(2019年同期:38.63畝斜坡鞏固工程)驗收交付手續,錄得收益人民幣6,624,000元(2019年同期:人民幣21,893,000元)。中房潮州徑南工業園項目主體工程的結算工作由於受2019冠狀病毒影響未能於2020年財政年度完成。潮商路、新旺路、火炬路及LS臨時排水工程(「三路一排工程」)因火炬路擴建部分土地登記程序問題及相關負責人發生人事變動而延遲至2021年1月26日完成驗收。2021年3月24日潮州金山同意回購三路一排工程。

本集團仍將積極與潮州金山及各相關機構保 持暢通有效的溝通,不遺餘力地促進結算及 剩餘建設用地的交付工作盡快完成。

# 信貸業務

截至2017年12月31日止財政年度完成中華信貸減資後,本集團逐步精簡香港的信貸業務,並於2018年9月終止香港持牌放債人的資格。於2020年財政年度,本集團未錄得信貸業務收入(2019年同期:人民幣4,537,000元)。於2020年12月,本集團出售沈物投資及其附屬公司(包括中華信貸)股權,交易尚未完成。信貸業務於2020年財政年度不再作為公司的主營業務。

### 物業投資業務

於2020年財政年度,本集團進一步發展物業投資業務,完成了北京房山125套物業的收購,推動收購河北天子莊園五期11個商鋪單位連同60個停車位的交易並收購神農架賓館60%股權。2020年財政年度本集團錄得租金收益人民幣384,000元(2019年同期:人民幣130,000元)。本集團將用心經營現有物業項目,同時積極物色有潛力物業投資項目。

#### **BUSINESS PROSPECTS**

The global economy was severely hit by the pandemic of Covid-19 in fiscal year 2020. With the gradual spread of the vaccine injection, the global economy is expected to recover steadily in 2021. However, China will face a more complex and severe international situation, and various economic uncertainties still exist. The Group will continue to firmly pursue its goal of steady development and promote existing infrastructure projects while actively responding to national policies and exploring other infrastructure projects with potential; at the same time, it will integrate the Group's resources to promote the construction and operation of various property projects to achieve profitability as soon as possible. Moreover, the Board will continue its effort in exploring diversified investment opportunities and upgrading the Group's market competitiveness.

# LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's total assets amounted to RMB898,130,000 (2019: RMB996,411,000), representing a decrease of 9.86%. Non-current assets and current assets as at 31 December 2020 were RMB513,724,000 (2019: RMB451,327,000) and RMB384,406,000 (2019: RMB545,084,000) respectively. The assets were financed by current liabilities of RMB213,401,000 (2019: RMB188,634,000) and Shareholders' fund of RMB678,036,000 (2019: RMB718,925,000).

With a prudent financial management policy and a solid financial position, the working capital of the Group is usually financed by its internally generated resources. As at 31 December 2020, the Group had net current assets of approximately RMB171,005,000 (31 December 2019: RMB356,450,000), including cash and cash equivalents of RMB2,343,000 (31 December 2019: RMB7,627,000).

As at 31 December 2020, the Group has no bank borrowings. The Group's current ratio (current assets/current liabilities) was 1.8 times (2019: 2.89 times) and gearing ratio (total liabilities/total assets) was 0.24 times (2019: 0.19 times).

# 業務展望

2020年財政年度受疫情影響,全球經濟受到嚴重衝擊。隨著疫苗的逐步使用,預計2021年全球經濟會穩健復甦,但是中國將面臨著更加複雜嚴峻的國際形勢,經濟依然存在各項不確定性。本集團將繼續堅定穩中遊過時,積極相應國家政策,挖掘其他有潛資時基礎設施建設項目;同時整合集團各項資度,推進各物業項目的建設及運營以盡快可見的投資機遇及提升本集團的市場競爭力。

# 流動資金與財務資源

於 2020 年 12 月 31 日,本集團的資產總值 為人民幣 898,130,000 元 (2019 年: 人民幣 996,411,000元),減少9.86%。於2020 年 12 月 31 日,非流動資產及流動資產分別 為人民幣 513,724,000元 (2019 年:人民幣 451,327,000元)及人民幣 384,406,000元 (2019年:人民幣545,084,000元)。資產以 流動負債人民幣 213,401,000元 (2019 年: 人民幣 188,634,000元)及股東資金人民幣 678,036,000元 (2019年:人民幣718,925,000 元)撥付。

本集團遵循審慎財務管理政策以及擁有良好的財務狀況,一般以內部產生之資源作為營運資金。2020年12月31日,本集團擁有流動資產淨值約人民幣171,005,000元(2019年12月31日:人民幣356,450,000元),其中包括現金及現金等價物人民幣2,343,000元(2019年12月31日:人民幣7,627,000元)。

於2020年12月31日,本集團並無銀行貸款。 本集團的流動比率(流動資產/流動負債)為 1.8倍(2019年:2.89倍)及資產負債比率(總 負債/總資產)為0.24倍(2019年:0.19倍)。

# MATERIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES

# Pre-acquisition of property in Beijing PRC

On 15 November 2016, Beijing Shen Shang, being the subscriber entered into the pre-acquisition agreement with Beijing Zhong Tou, pursuant to which Beijing Zhong Tou agreed to sell and Beijing Shen Shang agreed to acquire a property at a total consideration of RMB152,800,000. The property is a commercial premise with the construction area of 2,800 sq.m. (with the right to use 5,000 sq.m. of car parks at the basement level two of the Beijing International Zone Convention Centre\* 北京會展國際港展館 (the "Convention Centre")), being part of Phase 3 of the ancillary facility project of the Convention Center to be constructed in Beijing Shunyi District Tianzhu Airport Commercial Zone\* 北京市順義區天竺空港商務區 (the "Beijing Property"). Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 15 November 2016 for details.

On 26 March 2018, Beijing Shen Shang and Beijing Zhong Tou entered into a supplemental agreement in relation to the preacquisition agreement to postpone the date of the acceptance and transfer of the Beijing Property to 31 December 2019. The pre-sale permit for the project has been obtained on 17 August 2018.

However, due to multiple factors, including the 70th anniversary of the National Day, important meetings and the haze days, the construction was suspended at the request of the government, resulting in the postponement of completion. Coupling with the impact of the pandemic in 2020, the progress of the subsequent construction has been affected, and as a result the completion of construction and the delivery of the Beijing Property has not yet been completed.

On 20 May 2020, Beijing Shen Shang and Beijing Zhong Tou entered into a supplemental agreement to further postpone the date of the completion of construction and the delivery of the Beijing Property to 30 June 2021 due to the outbreak of the Pandemic and Beijing Shen Shang agreed to exempt the penalty of Beijing Zhong Tou for the delay of the completion of construction. Due to the pandemic and lockdown, the Group consider that there is further delay in completion of construction and expect the acquisition will be completed on or before 30 June 2022.

As at the date of this report, the transaction is still in progress.

#### \* For identification purpose only

# 重大收購及出售附屬及聯營公司

### 預購於中國北京的物業

於2016年11月15日,北京瀋商(即認購方) 與北京中投訂立預購協議,據此,北京中投 同意出售及北京瀋商同意收購物業,總代價 為人民幣152,800,000元。物業為建築面積 2,800平方米並有權使用北京會展國際港展館 (「會展中心」)地下負二層5,000平方米停車場 之商用物業,即位於北京市順義區天竺空港 商務區將興建的會展中心配套設施項目3期的 一部分(「北京物業」)。有關詳情載於本公司 日期為2016年11月15日的公告。

於2018年3月26日,北京瀋商與北京中投就 預購協議訂立補充協議以推遲北京物業驗收 交付日期至2019年12月31日。該項目已於 2018年8月17日取得預售許可證。

然而,由於國慶70週年、重大會議及霧霾 天等多重因素影響,工程應政府要求暫停施 工,導致延長竣工。加上2020年疫情影響, 其後工程進程受阻,導致北京物業仍未竣工 交付。

於2020年5月20日,由於爆發疫情,北京瀋 商與北京中投訂立補充協議,將北京物業 的竣工交付日期進一步推遲至2021年6月30 日,而北京瀋商同意豁免北京中投延遲竣工 的罰款。由於疫情及封城,本集團認為建設 完成時間將進一步延遲,並預期收購事項將 於2022年6月30日或之前完成。

於本報告日期,該交易仍在進行當中。

\* 僅供識別

# Adjustment to the transaction model of acquisition of properties in Hebei Province

On 9 February 2018 (after trading hours), Beijing Shen Shang and San He Jing Jiao entered into an agreement (the "Property Acquisition Agreement") pursuant to which San He Jing Jiao has conditionally agreed to sell, and Beijing Shen Shang has conditionally agreed to acquire, the properties at the cash consideration of RMB110,000,000. The properties, comprise 11 shop units (including Shop No. 5-1-101, 5-1-102, 5-1-103, 5-1-104, 5-5-111, 5-5-112, 5-5-222, 5-5-223, 5-5-324, 5-5-425, 5-5-426) with a total gross floor area of approximately 3,168 sq.m. together with 60 car parking spaces (No. 001–005, 008-010, 012-024, 027-029, 032-034, 036-055, 059-071) on basement level of Phase 5 of Tian Zi Zhuang Yuan (天子莊園), located at Yanjiao National High-Tech Industrial Development Area, Sanhe City, Hebei Province. San He Jing Jiao and Beijing Shen Shang shall have completed and performed all of their respective obligations under the Property Acquisition Agreement no later than 9 August 2018, or such later date as the parties may agree in writing.

On 17 August 2018, Beijing Shen Shang entered into a supplemental agreement with San He Jing Jiao to extend the long stop date to 31 December 2018.

On 18 March 2019, San He Jing Jiao and Beijing Shen Shang entered into the compensation agreement pursuant to which it was agreed that San He Jing Jiao shall additionally deliver the rights to use one car parking space as compensation for delay in processing the real property ownership certificate. The application of the real property ownership certificate was completed in April 2019.

On 5 August 2019, San He Jing Jiao and Beijing Shen Shang entered into the termination agreement with respect to the Property Acquisition Agreement and compensation agreement to proceed with.

# 調整收購河北省物業交易模型

於2018年2月9日(交易時段後),北京瀋商與 三河京郊訂立一份協議(「物業收購協議」), 據此,三河京郊有條件同意出售,而北京瀋 商有條件同意收購該物業,現金代價為人民 幣110,000,000元。該物業包括於河北省三河 市燕郊國家高新技術產業開發區天子莊園五 期11個商舖單位(包括第5-1-101、5-1-102、 5-1-103 \ 5-1-104 \ 5-5-111 \ 5-5-112 \ 5-5-222 \ 5-5-223 \ 5-5-324 \ 5-5-425 \ 5-5-426 號 舖 ), 總 建 築 面 積 約 3,168 平 方 米,連同地庫的60個停車位(第001-005、 008-010 \ 012-024 \ 027-029 \ 032-034 \ 036-055、059-071號)。三河京郊與北京瀋 商須於2018年8月9日前(或各訂約方可能以書 面協定之其他較後日期)完成及履行彼等於物 業收購協議項下全部的相關責任。

於2018年8月17日,北京瀋商與三河京郊簽訂一份補充協議,將最後完成期限延至2018年12月31日。

於2019年3月18日,三河京郊與北京瀋商簽訂補償協議,據此,約定三河京郊額外交付1個停車位使用權作為延期辦理物業不動產權證書的補償。物業不動產權證書已於2019年4月辦理完成。

於2019年8月5日,三河京郊與北京瀋商就物 業收購協議及補償協議簽訂解除協議。

On 28 October 2019, Shenzhen Shenhe and Shanghai Wanbang Enterprise Group Company Limited\* 上海萬邦企業集團有限公 司 ("Shanghai Wanbang"). Shenzhen Wanbang Real Estate Company Limited\*深圳市萬邦置業有限公司("Shenzhen Wanbang") and Shenzhen Zhaowanda Investment Company Limited\* 深圳市兆萬達投資有限公司 ("Shenzhen Zhaowanda") entered into the sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which Shenzhen Shenhe has conditionally agreed to purchase and the vendors have conditionally agreed to sell the sale shares, representing 78% equity interest of San He Jing Jiao at the consideration of RMB321,000,000. San He Jing Jiao is currently engaged in a property development project, namely Tian Zi Zhuang Yuan (天子莊園). It is a large scale residential development project developed on a site formed by various parcels of land with a total land area of approximately 300,243.3 sq.m. located at the northern side of Jingha Road (京哈路) within Yanjiao National High-Tech Industrial Development Area, Sanhe City.

於2019年10月28日,深圳深合與上海萬邦企業集團有限公司(「**上海萬邦**」)、深圳市萬邦置業有限公司(「**深圳萬邦**」)及深圳市兆萬達投資有限公司(「**深圳兆萬達**」)訂立買賣協議,據此,深圳深合有條件同意購買而京京協議,據此,深圳深合有條件同意購買而京京。 有條件同意出售待售股份(相當於三河京郊現時從事一項名為天子莊園之物,代價為人民幣321,000,000元。 三河京郊現時從事一項名為天子莊園之物,時發項目。其為一項大型住宅開發項目,與於三河市燕郊國家高新技術產業開發區、 京哈路北側總面積約300,243.3平方米之多幅土地上進行開發。

On 24 August 2020, Shanghai Wanbang, Shenzhen Wanbang, Shenzhen Zhaowanda, Shenzhen Shenhe, San He Jing Jiao and Beijing Shen Shang entered into a termination agreement to (i) terminate the sale and purchase agreement dated 28 October 2019; (ii) Shanghai Wanbang shall refund the paid deposit of RMB110,000,000 to Shenzhen Shenhe; and (iii) Beijing Shen Shang and San He Jing Jiao shall resume the sale and purchase of the properties by entering into the second supplemental agreement.

於2020年8月24日,上海萬邦、深圳萬邦、深圳兆萬達、深圳深合、三河京郊及北京瀋商訂立終止協議,以(i)終止日期為2019年10月28日的買賣協議:(ii)上海萬邦須向深圳深合退還已付訂金人民幣110,000,000元;及(iii)北京瀋商與三河京郊須透過訂立第二份補充協議恢復買賣該等物業。

On 28 February 2021, Beijing Shen Shang and San He Jing Jiao have agreed and entered into an extension agreement to extend the completion date of the second supplemental agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder from 28 February 2021 to 28 May 2021.

2021年2月28日,北京瀋商與三河京郊已同意並訂立延期協議,將第二份補充協議及其項下擬進行的交易的完成日期由2021年2月28日延長至2021年5月28日。

\* 僅供識別

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purpose only

Please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 9 February 2018, 5 August 2019, 28 October 2019, 18 November 2019, 20 December 2019, 31 December 2019, 6 February 2020, 11 March 2020, 15 April 2020, 15 May 2020, 15 June 2020, 15 July 2020, 14 August 2020, 24 August 2020, 14 September 2020, 9 October 2020, 23 October 2020, 30 November 2020, 30 December 2020, 25 January 2021, 25 February 2021 and 1 March 2021 and the circular of the Company dated 26 February 2021 for details.

詳情請參閱本公司日期分別為2018年2月9日、2019年8月5日、2019年10月28日、2019年11月18日、2019年12月20日、2019年12月31日、2020年2月6日、2020年3月11日、2020年4月15日、2020年5月15日、2020年6月15日、2020年7月15日、2020年8月14日、2020年8月24日、2020年10月9日、2020年10月23日、2020年11月30日、2020年12月30日、2021年1月25日、2021年2月25日及2021年3月1日的公告與本公司日期為2021年2月26日的通函。

The acquisition of the properties from San He Jing Jiao completed on 16 March 2021.

三河京郊物業已於2021年3月16日完成收購。

# Disposal of 66.67% equity interest of SHHH Development and shareholders' loan

# On 4 July 2019, Shenzhen Shenxi entered into a disposal agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which, the independent third party conditionally agreed to acquire and Shenzhen Shenxi conditionally disposed of 66.67% equity interest in SHHH Development and shareholders' loan at a consideration of RMB173,000,000.

Please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 4 July 2019, 25 July 2019, 30 August 2019, 8 October 2019, 31 October 2019 and 3 December 2019 and the circular of the Company dated 20 December 2019 for details.

As at the date of this report, Shenzhen Shenxi has received a payment of RMB20,000,000 and the disposal completed on 15 November 2020.

# 出售深圳合輝煌發展66.67%股權及股東貸款

於2019年7月4日,深圳沈璽與獨立第三方訂立出售協議,據此,獨立第三方有條件同意 收購及深圳沈璽有條件出售深圳合輝煌發展 之66.67%股權及股東貸款,代價為人民幣 173,000,000元。

有關出售事項的詳情載於本公司日期分別 2019年7月4日、2019年7月25日、2019年8 月30日、2019年10月8日、2019年10月31 日及2019年12月3日之公告及本公司日期為 2019年12月20日之通函。

於本報告日期,深圳沈璽已收到款項人民幣 20,000,000元且出售事項已於2020年11月15 日完成。

# Acquisition of 95% equity interest of the 8 PRC Companies

On 30 December 2019, Shenzhen Shenhe and Beijing Wanzi Apartment Management Company Limited\* (北京萬紫公寓管理有限公司) entered into the sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which Shenzhen Shenhe has conditionally agreed to purchase and Beijing Wanzi Apartment Management Company Limited has conditionally agreed to sell the 95% equity interest of the 8 PRC companies (the "Target Companies") at the consideration of RMB71,000,000, in which RMB47,000,000 was payable to the Beijing Wanzi Apartment Management Company Limited as the purchase consideration and the remaining RMB24,000,000 was paid on behalf of the Target Companies to its creditor.

The Target Companies hold a total of 125 subsidiaries, each of which has entered into a "Beijing Commercial Real Estate Sale and Purchase Contract\* 北京市商品房現房買賣合同" with an Independent Third Party, involving acquisition of 125 sets of properties (the "**Properties**"). The Properties are located in the Zhiying Commercial Center in Liangxiang Higher Education Park, Fangshan, Beijing, adjacent to Liangxiang University City North Station. It is expected that the Properties will be used for leasing, and will generate stable rental income for the Group in the future.

As at 31 December 2019, RMB56,000,000 represented deposit paid for the acquisition of the Target Companies.

The acquisition has been completed on 7 April 2020.

### Acquisition of 60% equity interest of Shennongjia Hotel

On 16 October 2020 (after trading hours), Shenzhen Ju Sheng Chuang Jian Investment and Development Limited\* (深圳市聚 晟創建投資發展有限公司) ("Shenzhen Ju Sheng"), a whollyowned subsidiary of the Company entered into the equity transfer agreement with Shenzhen Apple Culture Media Company Limited\* (深圳市蘋果文化傳媒有限公司) ("Apple Culture"), pursuant to which Apple Culture conditionally agreed to sell and Shenzhen Ju Sheng conditionally agreed to acquire 60% equity interest of Shennongjia Hotel, and the entire amount of the shareholder's loan owing by Shennongjia Hotel to Apple Culture as at 31 July 2020 at an aggregate consideration of RMB35,000,000.

# 收購八家中國公司95%股權

於2019年12月30日,深圳深合與北京萬紫公寓管理有限公司訂立買賣協議,據此,深圳深合有條件同意購買而北京萬紫公寓管理有限公司有條件同意出售八家中國公司(「**目標公司**」)95%股權,代價為人民幣71,000,000元,其中人民幣47,000,000元應付予北京萬紫公寓管理有限公司(作為購買代價)及餘下人民幣24,000,000元乃代表目標公司支付予其債權人。

目標公司共持有125間附屬公司,其各自已與獨立第三方訂立《北京市商品房現房買賣合同》,涉及收購125套物業(「該等物業」)。該等物業位於北京房山良鄉高教園內的智盈商業中心,毗鄰良鄉大學城北站。預期該等物業將用作出租用途,並於日後為本集團帶來穩定的租金收入。

於2019年12月31日,人民幣56,000,000元指 收購目標公司之已付訂金。

收購事項已於2020年4月7日完成。

#### 收購神農架賓館60%股權

2020年10月16日(交易時間結束後),本公司 全資附屬公司深圳市聚晟創建投資發展有限 公司(「**深圳聚晟**」)與深圳市蘋果文化傳媒有 限公司(「**蘋果文化**」)訂立股權轉讓協議,據 此,蘋果文化有條件同意出售且深圳聚晟有 條件同意收購神農架賓館60%股權及神農架 賓館於2020年7月31日欠蘋果文化的全部股 東貸款,總代價為人民幣35,000,000元。

\* 僅供識別

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purpose only

Shennongjia Hotel holds the land use rights of two parcels of adjoining land, with a total site area of approximately 35,506 sq.m. located in Ping Qian Ancient Town, Da Jiu Hu, Shennongjia Forestry District, Hubei Province, the PRC\* (湖北省神農架林區大九湖坪阡古鎮) for commercial hotel service use. Upon completion, Shennongjia Hotel will be owned as to 60% by Shenzhen Ju Sheng and as to 40% by Apple Culture.

Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 16 October 2020 for details.

The acquisition has been completed on 15 March 2021.

# Disposal of 100% of equity interest in Shen Wu Investment

As at 31 December 2020, the Company (as seller) entered into an equity transfer agreement with an Independent Third Party (as buyer), pursuant to which the buyer conditionally agreed to purchase and the seller conditionally agreed to sell 100% of the equity interests in Shen Wu Investment together with its subsidiaries for a consideration of RMB5,000,000. As at the date of this report, the Company has received RMB2,000,000 for the partial sale consideration from an Independent Third Party and the transaction has not been completed. All the assets and liabilities of Shen Wu Investment with its subsidiaries are classified as held for sale. As the relevant ratio for each transaction is less than 5%, the transaction is not subject to the announcement requirement under the Listing Rules.

# **ADVANCE TO AN ENTITY**

Reference is made to the Company's announcement dated 24 August 2020 and the circular dated 26 February 2021 in relation to the termination of the major transaction in relation to the acquisition of 78% equity interest in San He Jing Jiao and major transaction relating to the acquisition of the properties with advance to an entity.

神農架賓館持有兩塊毗鄰土地的土地使用權,該兩塊土地位於中國湖北省神農架林區大九湖坪阡古鎮,總用地面積約35,506平方米,用於商業酒店服務用途。完成後,神農架賓館將由深圳聚晟及蘋果文化分別擁有60%及40%股權。

詳情請見本公司2020年10月16日的公告。

收購事項已於2021年3月15日完成。

# 出售沈物投資100%股權

於2020年12月31日,本公司(作為賣方)與獨立第三方(作為買方)簽訂股權轉讓協議,據此,買方有條件同意購買而賣方有條件同意 出售沈物投資(連同其子公司)100%股權,代價為人民幣5,000,000元。截至本報告日期,本公司收到獨立第三方部分出售代價人民幣2,000,000元,交易未完成。沈物投資連同其子公司之全部資產及負債被分類為持作銷售。由於各項交易的相關比例低於5%,交易無需遵守上市規則的公告規定。

### 向實體墊款

茲提述本公司日期為2020年8月24日之公告及日期為2021年2月26日之通函,內容有關終止有關收購三河京郊78%股權之主要交易及與收購該等物業連向實體墊款之主要交易。

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purpose only

According to the termination agreement, Shanghai Wanbang shall refund the paid deposit of RMB110,000,000 to Shenzhen Shenhe. In addition, pursuant to the second supplemental agreement, the new consideration of RMB110,000,000 shall be payable by Beijing Shen Shang to San He Jing Jiao. Shenzhen Shenhe agreed to pay the new consideration on behalf of Beijing Shen Shang and RMB110,000,000 shall be payable by Shanghai Wanbang to San He Jing Jiao.

根據終止協議,上海萬邦須退還已付訂金人 民幣110,000,000元予深圳深合。此外,根據 第二份補充協議,北京瀋商須向三河京郊支 付新代價人民幣110,000,000元。深圳深合同 意代表北京瀋商支付新代價,而上海萬邦須 向三河京郊支付人民幣110,000,000元。

As the amount of the deposit of RMB110,000,000 exceeds 8% under the assets ratio as defined under Rule 13.13 of the Listing Rules, the deposit is also subject to the general disclosure obligations under Rule 13.15 of the Listing Rules.

由於訂金金額人民幣110,000,000元按上市規則第13.13條所界定之資產比率計算超過8%,故訂金亦須遵守上市規則第13.15條之一般披露責任。

Please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 24 August 2020, 14 September 2020, 9 October 2020, 23 October 2020, 30 November 2020, 30 December 2020 and 1 March 2021 and the circular of the Company dated 26 February 2021 for details.

有關詳情請參閱本公司日期為2020年8月24日、2020年9月14日、2020年10月9日、2020年10月23日、2020年11月30日、2020年12月30日及2021年3月1日的公告與本公司日期為2021年2月26日的通函。

#### OTHER INVESTMENTS AND TRANSACTIONS

# 其他投資與交易

# Disposal of 20% equity interest in Hai Yue Real Estate

# 出售海粤房地產20%股權

On 12 September 2018, Tai He Chuang Jian transferred 20% equity interest in Hai Yue Real Estate to Hou Feng Trading, the largest shareholder of Hai Yue Real Estate at the consideration of RMB133.000.000.

於2018年9月12日,泰合創建將於海粵房地產持有的20%的股權以代價人民幣133,000,000元轉讓給海粵房地產第一大股東厚豐貿易。

On 21 April 2020, Tai He Chuang Jian has received a written notice from Hou Feng Trading stating that it has difficulty in the turnover of working capital due to the impact of the pandemic and Hou Feng Trading is not able to repay the outstanding consideration to Tai He Chuang Jian in time. In 2021, Houfeng Trading clearly indicated that it could not repay the arrears in the short term due to difficulties in its operation and the inability to repay the bank loan; the assets under the name of Houfeng Trading and Guangzhou Haiyue were auctioned off, and their actual controllers were listed as defaulting debtors and subject to consumption restrictions. The Company has appointed Chinese lawyers to conduct legal verification, pre-litigation collection and litigation to recover the arrears through legal means.

於2020年4月21日,泰合創建已收到厚豐貿易的書面通知,表示由於疫情影響營運資金周轉出現困難,厚豐貿易未能按時向泰合創建償還代價。2021年厚豐貿易因經營困難及無法償還銀行貸款明確表示短期無法償還欠款,厚豐貿易及廣州海粵名下資產被拍賣。 實際控制人被列入失信執行人及限制消費。本公司已委聘中國律師進行法律核查、訴前催收及訴訟,通過法律手段追討欠款。

As at the date of this report, Hou Feng Trading had settled RMB62,840,000 and the remaining balance of RMB70,160,000 is yet to be paid.

於本報告日期,厚豐貿易已結算人民幣62,840,000元,餘額人民幣70,160,000元尚未支付。

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# Acquisition of 34,420,335 shares of Chaozhou Rural Credit Cooperative\* 潮州市區農村信用合作聯社 by Zhongfang Chaozhou

On 3 January 2019, Zhongfang Chaozhou acquired 8,700,000 shares of Chaozhou Rural Credit Cooperative\* (潮州市區農村信用合作聯社) ("Chaozhou Rural Credit Cooperative") in aggregate held by eight natural persons at RMB1.8 per share. The total consideration of the transaction amounted to RMB15,660,000 (the "1st Acquisition").

On 24 January 2019, Zhongfang Chaozhou acquired 25,720,335 shares of Chaozhou Rural Credit Cooperative in aggregate held by 19 natural persons at RMB1.85 per share. The total consideration of the transaction amounted to approximately RMB48,271,000 (the "2nd Acquisition").

Upon completion of the 1st Acquisition and the 2nd Acquisition, Zhongfang Chaozhou will hold 59,720,335 shares of Chaozhou Rural Credit Cooperative in aggregate. Please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 24 January 2019 and 28 January 2019 for details.

On 21 June 2019, Chaozhou Rural Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. ("Chaozhou Rural Commercial Bank") was established and commenced operation after the restructuring of Chaozhou Rural Credit Cooperative, Raoping Rural Credit Cooperative\* (饒平縣農村信用合作聯社) and Chao'an Rural Credit Cooperative\* (潮安區農村信用合作聯社).

Since the 1st Acquisition and the 2nd Acquisition occurred during the period of restructuring of Chaozhou Rural Commercial Bank and the shares held by the vendors including the natural persons in Chaozhou Rural Commercial Bank are non-transferable within one year pursuant to the relevant requirements, an aggregate of 34,420,335 shares of Chaozhou Rural Credit Cooperative from the 1st Acquisition and the 2nd Acquisition had not been registered and converted into shares of Chaozhou Rural Commercial Bank during 2019. Upon completion of the registration, Zhongfang Chaozhou will hold an aggregate of 36,490,344 shares of Chaozhou Rural Commercial Bank.

# 中房潮州收購潮州市區農村信用合作聯社 34,420,335股股份

於2019年1月3日,中房潮州按照每股人民幣 1.8元分別收購由8個自然人合計持有的潮州市區農村信用合作聯社8,700,000股股份,交易代價總額為人民幣15,660,000元(「第一次收購」)。

於2019年1月24日,中房潮州以每股人民幣1.85元收購19個自然人合計持有的潮州市區農村信用合作聯社25,720,335股股份,交易代價總額約為人民幣48,271,000元(「第二次收購」)。

完成第一次收購及第二次收購後,中房潮州將合共持有潮州市區農村信用合作聯社59,720,335股股份,有關詳情載於本公司日期為2019年1月24日及2019年1月28日之公告。

於2019年6月21日,由潮州市區農村信用合作聯社、饒平縣農村信用合作聯社及潮安區 農村信用合作聯社重組的潮州農村商業銀行 股份有限公司(「**潮州農商銀行**」)開業成立。

由於第一次收購及第二次收購發生在潮州農商銀行重組期間及根據相關規定由賣方(包括自然人)持有的潮州農商銀行股份一年內不能轉讓,因此第一次收購及第二次收購合計34,420,335股潮州市區農村信用合作聯社股份未能於2019年度登記並折算成潮州農商銀行股份。於登記完成後,中房潮州將合計持有潮州農商銀行36,490,344股股份。

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purpose only

On 16 October 2020 (after trading hours), Zhongfang Chaozhou entered into a share transfer agreement with Shenzhen Wanyi Trading Limited (深圳市萬億貿易有限公司) ("Wanyi") pursuant to which Zhongfang Chaozhou has agreed to sell, and Wanyi has agreed to purchase 12,760,000 sale shares, representing approximately 0.48% of the issued share capital of Chaozhou Rural Commercial Bank as at the date of the share transfer agreement for a cash consideration of RMB18,476,480, of which including approximately RMB564,000 of dividend receivable.

Upon completion, Zhongfang Chaozhou will hold 0.9% issued capital of Chaozhou Rural Commercial Bank.

Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 16 October 2020 for details.

### Provision of loans to Guangzhou Leyou

On 7 November 2018, the Company entered into a loan agreement with Guangzhou Levou with a loan amount of RMB15,000,000 for a term of eight months at an interest rate of 8% per annum. The loan is guaranteed jointly and severally by a competent guarantor. As the relevant percentage ratio in respect of the transaction is below 5%, the transaction is not subject to any disclosure requirements under the Listing Rules.

On 9 August 2019, the Company and Guangzhou Leyou entered into a supplemental agreement to extend the term of loan for further eight months to 6 March 2020 and adjusted the interest rate to 6% per annum. The loan will continue to be guaranteed jointly and severally by the guarantor.

Guangzhou Leyou settled RMB1,000,000 on 28 April 2020. On 20 May 2020, the Company and Guangzhou Leyou entered into a supplemental agreement to extend the term of loan with an amount of RMB14,000,000 for further twelve months to 6 March 2021 with an interest rate of 6% per annum.

於2020年10月16日(交易時段後),中房潮 州與深圳市萬億貿易有限公司(「萬億」)訂立 股份轉讓協議,據此,中房潮州已同意出 售,而萬億已同意購買12,760,000股出售股 份, 佔潮州農村商業銀行於股份轉讓協議日 期已發行股本約0.48%,現金代價為人民幣 18,476,480元,其中包括應收股息約人民幣 564.000元。

完成後,中房潮州將持有潮州農村商業銀行 0.9%的已發行股本。

詳見公司2020年10月16日的公告。

### 向廣州樂游提供借款

於2018年11月7日,本公司與廣州樂游簽署 借款協議,借款金額為人民幣15.000.000 元,借款期限為8個月,借款利息為年利率 8%,並由有資質的擔保公司提供連帶責任擔 保,由於本次交易的相關百分比率低於5%, 因此,交易無需遵守上市規則下的任何披露 規定。

於2019年8月9日,本公司與廣州樂游訂立補 充協議,將貸款年期限一步延長8個月至2020 年3月6日,並調整年利率至6%。貸款將繼續 由該擔保公司提供連帶責任擔保。

廣州樂游已於2020年4月28日結算人民幣 1,000,000元。於2020年5月20日,本公司 與廣州樂游訂立補充協議,將為數人民幣 14,000,000元的有期貸款進一步延長12個月 至2021年3月6日,年利率為6%。

僅供識別

For identification purpose only

On 18 June 2020, Guangzhou Leyou repaid RMB1,200,000. On 7 July 2020, Guangzhou Leyou repaid RMB200,000. On 30 March 2021, Guangzhou Leyou repaid RMB1,000,000. As at the date of this report, the remaining principal was RMB11,600,000.

# Disposal of 100% equity interest of Shenzhen Shen He

On 24 June 2019, the Company entered into a sale agreement with Guangzhou Yiwan Trading Company Limited\* 廣州藝菀貿易有限公司 ("Guangzhou Yiwan"). Pursuant to that Guangzhou Yiwan conditionally agreed to purchase, and the Company conditionally agreed to sell, the entire equity of Shenzhen Shen He for a consideration of RMB13,950,000, inclusive of the consideration for the sale of Shenzhen Zhonghe Chuangjian Investment Development Company Limited. The transaction was completed on 28 June 2019.

The Group received RMB3,000,000, RMB3,000,000 and RMB1,000,000 from Guangzhou Yiwan on 16 July 2019, 10 November 2020 and 30 March 2021 respectively.

# NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES, EMOLUMENTS, TRAINING SCHEMES AND SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

As at 31 December 2020, the Group employed a total of 45 employees (2019: 45). The Group has entered into employment contracts with all employees, and offered employment packages according to their positions, qualifications, experience and abilities. During the 2020 Financial Year, the aggregate salaries and emoluments amounted to RMB4,486,000 (2019 Corresponding Period: RMB4,497,000). The Group also provides benefits to employees, such as contributions to endowment insurance, basic medical insurance and housing reserve in accordance with the relevant laws of the PRC. The Group has not adopted any share option scheme for any of its senior management or employees.

於2020年6月18日,廣州樂游償還人民幣1,200,000元,於2020年7月7日,廣州樂游償還人民幣200,000元,於2021年3月30日,廣州樂遊償還人民幣1,000,000元。截至本報告日期,剩餘本金為人民幣11.600,000元。

# 出售深圳沈和100%股權

於2019年6月24日,本公司與廣州藝菀貿易有限公司(「**廣州藝菀**」)簽訂出售協議,據此,廣州藝菀有條件同意購買,而本公司有條件同意出售深圳沈和全部股權,代價為人民幣13,950,000元,包含出售深圳市眾合創建投資發展有限公司的代價。該交易已於2019年6月28日完成。

本集團於2019年7月16日、2020年11月10日 及2021年3月30日,分別收到廣州藝菀人民 幣3,000,000元、人民幣3,000,000元及人民 幣1,000,000元。

# 僱員人數、薪酬、培訓計劃及購股權計 割

於2020年12月31日,本集團共聘用45名僱員(2019年:45名)。本集團與全體僱員均已簽署聘用合同,根據僱員所在不同崗位、資歷、經驗及能力提供不同之薪酬待遇。於2020年財政年度,薪金及酬金總額為人民幣4,486,000元(2019年同期:人民幣4,497,000元)。同時,根據中國有關法律規定,本集團為僱員提供福利如交納養老保險金、基本醫療保險金及住房公積金。本集團尚未採納任何高級管理人員或員工購股權計劃。

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purpose only

#### **ASSETS SECURED/PLEDGED**

As at 31 December 2020, no assets of the Group was secured or pledged (2019: Nil).

#### **CURRENCY RISKS**

Other than those subsidiaries established in Hong Kong, the revenue and expenses of the Group are mainly denominated in RMB. The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk on transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional and reporting currency of the Group, which is RMB. The changes in the exchange rate of Hong Kong Dollar against RMB will affect the result of the Group. In view of the appreciation of Hong Kong Dollar against RMB, the reporting currency, an exchange gain of RMB1,993,000 (2019 Corresponding Period: gain of RMB90,000) has been recorded in the results for the 2020 Financial Year. The Group currently does not have hedging policy against foreign exchange risk. The management of the Company will consider hedging significant currency exposure in the future should the need arise

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had no significant contingent liabilities (2019: Nil).

### **FINAL DIVIDENDS**

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the 2020 Financial Year.

# **DONATIONS**

The Group has not made any donations for the 2020 Financial Year (2019 Corresponding Period: RMB1,000,000).

# **CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

As at 31 December 2020, the total capital commitments of the Group amounted to RMB28,273,000 (2019: RMB243,638,000).

#### **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

Details of significant events after the reporting period and up to the date of this report are set out in Note 44 to the consolidated financial statement.

# 資產抵押/質押

於2020年12月31日,本集團並無任何資產抵押或質押(2019年:無)。

# 外匯風險

除於香港成立的該等附屬公司外,本集團之收入及開支主要以人民幣計值。本集團承受以本集團功能及申報貨幣(人民幣)以外幣計值的交易的外匯風險。港元兑人民幣的匯率變動將影響本集團的業績。鑒於港元兑人民幣(申報貨幣)上升,於2020年財政年度的業績中錄得匯兑收益人民幣1,993,000元(2019年同期:收益人民幣90,000元)。本集團目前並無外匯風險的對沖政策。本公司管理層將考慮日後於有需要時對沖重大貨幣風險。

### 或然負債

於2020年12月31日,本集團並無重大或然負債(2019年:無)。

# 末期股息

董事會不建議就2020年財政年度派發末期股 息。

# 捐款

本集團於2020年財政年度未做出任何捐贈(2019年同期:人民幣1,000,000元)。

# 資本承擔

於2020年12月31日,本集團的總資本承擔 為人民幣28,273,000元(2019年:人民幣 243,638,000元)。

# 報告期後事項

有關報告期後及截至本報告期發生的重大事件詳情載於綜合財務報表附註44。

### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS:**

Mr. Zhang Jing Ming, aged 63, graduated from Shantou Business School. Since 1986, Mr. Zhang has successively worked as the deputy manager of Guangdong Haining Paper Packing Company Limited\* (廣東海寧紙品包裝有限公司), the vice president of Hong Kong Hai Yuan Industry Group Limited and chairman of Beijing Zhongjin Chuangzhan Real Estate Development Company Limited\* (北京中金創展房地產開發有限公司). Mr. Zhang has extensive experience in business management, corporate culture and project and operational planning.

Mr. Leng Xiao Rong, aged 54, graduated from the Department of Economics of Jiangxi University in 1989 majoring in accounting. He qualified as an accountant through the national uniform examination in 1998. He was the financial manager of Xiushui County Forestry Industrial Company in Jiangxi Province\* (江西省修水縣林業工業公司) from 1989 to 1999, audit officer of Shenzhen Petrochemical (Holding) Co., Ltd.\* (深圳石化集團股份有限公司) from 1999 to 2004, financial director of China South City Nanning\* (南寧華南城) and China South City Harbin\* (哈爾濱華南城) which are the branches of China South City Holdings Limited\* (華南城控股有限公司) (stock code: 1668) from 2004 to 2014 and investment director of Guangdong Yueshang High-Tech Holdings Co., Ltd.\* (廣東粵商高科控股有限公司) from 2014 to 2018. Mr. Leng has extensive experience in various aspects including corporate finance, audit and investment.

Mr. Chau Ting Yan, aged 62, graduated from Nanjing Communication Engineering Institute\* (南京通信工程學院) in 1982. After his graduation, he had successively served as an assistant engineer and the engineer of the 54th Research Institute\* (第五十四研究所) from 1983 to 1993; from 1993 to 2005, he successively served as a general manager of Fine Lee Industries, Limited\* (宏利實業有限公司) and chairman of the board of directors of China Hani Group\* (中國恒利集團); he has served as chairman of Zhongjin Fuhua (Beijing) Investment Co., Ltd.\* (中金富華(北京)投資有限公司) from 2005 to 2017; and he has been serving as a director of Zhong Rong Jin Kong Capital Management Co., Ltd.\* (中融金控資本管理有限公司) since 2018 to March 2019. Mr. Chau has extensive experience in finance, investment and corporate management.

# 執行董事:

**張敬明先生**,63歲,畢業於汕頭商業學校。 自1986年,張先生先後擔任廣東海寧紙品包 裝有限公司副總經理、香港海源實業集團有 限公司副總裁以及北京中金創展房地產開發 有限公司董事長。張先生在業務管理、企業 文化及項目及營運規劃方面擁有豐富經驗。

冷小榮先生,54歲,1989年畢業於江西大學經濟系會計專業,1998年經至國統考獲會計師專業技術職稱:於1989年至1999年期間,擔任江西省修水縣林業工業公司財務經理理於1999年至2004年期間,擔任深圳石化集團股份有限公司審計部主任,於2004年至2014年期間,擔任華南城控股有限公司(股份代碼:1668)旗下分公司南寧華南城、哈爾濱華南城財務總監,於2014年至2018年期間,擔任廣東粵商高科控股有限公司投資總監。冷先生於企業融資、審計及投資等多個範疇具有廣泛經驗。

周霆欣先生,62歲,1982年畢業於南京通信工程學院,完成學業後,於1983年至1993年期間,先後擔任第五十四研究所助理工程師以及工程師;於1993年至2005年期間,先後擔任宏利實業有限公司總經理以及中國恒利集團董事會主席;於2005年至2017年期間,擔任中金富華(北京)投資有限公司董事長;2018年至2019年3月,擔任中融金控資本管理有限公司董事。周先生於金融、投資及公司管理等方面都具有豐富的經驗。

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purpose only

### **NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS:**

Mr. Yin Zong Chen, aged 57, graduated from Harbin Institute of Technology\* (哈爾濱工業大學) with a master's degree in architecture and civil engineering professional. He is a member of the Shenzhen Luohu District Committee of the CPPCC for the fifth session. He successively served as the general manager, party branch deputy secretary and senior engineer of Shenzhen Shenan Enterprise Co., Ltd. from 1997 to 2003, and the director, general manager and senior engineer of Shenzhen Pan-China Engineering Group Co., Ltd. ("Pan-China Engineering Group") from 2003 to 2007. During his term in Pan-China Engineering Group, he obtained the qualifications of national first class registered constructor, registered supervision engineer, real estate economist and registered cost engineer. Mr. Yin served as the general manager of the contracting division and group vice president and general manager in Shenzhen Construction (Group) Company Limited\*(深圳市建設(集團)有限公司) from 2009 to 2012, currently served as an executive director and general manager of Guangdong Shiliuve Construction Co. Ltd.\* (廣東十六冶建設有限 公司). He has over 30 years' experience in architecture design, civil engineering and infrastructure construction.

Mr. Ye Zhi E, aged 35, graduated from South China Agricultural University in 2008 with a bachelor of science degree in ecology. He graduated from Dongbei University of Finance and Economics in 2011 with a master of laws degree and has been engaged in real estate legal affairs since graduation. He was an assistant to lawyer of Guangdong Zhongquan Law Firm\* (廣東中全律師事務所) and a partner in Beijing DeHeng (Shenzhen) Law Offices\* (北京德恒(深圳)律師事務所), and currently holds the position of partner of Guangdong Junyan Law Firm\* (廣東君言律師事務所). Mr. Ye has extensive experience in business fields such as real estate development, urban renewal and renovation of old towns, old plants and old villages.

# 非執行董事:

尹宗臣先生,57歲,畢業於哈爾濱工業大 學,獲頒授建築與土木工程專業碩士學位, 深圳市羅湖區第五屆政協委員。於1997年至 2003年,先後擔任深圳市深安企業有限公司 之總經理、黨總支副書記及高級工程師。於 2003年至2007年,先後擔任深圳市泛華工程 集團有限公司(「泛華工程集團」)之董事、總 經理及高級工程師。於泛華工程集團期內, 獲取國家註冊一級建造師、註冊監理工程 師、房地產經濟師及註冊造價工程師資格。 於2009年至2012年,尹先生先後擔任深圳市 建設(集團)有限公司總承包事業部總經理及 集團副總裁及總經理,現擔任廣東十六冶建 設有限公司執行董事及總經理。尹先生於建 築工程設計、土木及工程及基建建造方面擁 有逾三十年經驗。

葉智鍔先生,35歲,2008年畢業於華南農業大學生態學專業獲理學學士學位,2011年畢業於東北財經大學獲法律碩士學位,畢業至今一直從事房地產法律事務工作。歷任廣東中全律師事務所律師助理及北京德恆(深圳)律師事務所團隊合夥人,現任廣東君言律師事務所合夥人。葉先生在房地產開發、城市更新、三舊改造等業務領域擁有豐富經驗。

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purpose only

#### **INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS:**

Mr. Luo Zhuo Qiang, aged 41, is a certified public accountant in the PRC. He graduated from Wuhan Finance College\* (武漢金 融高等專科學校) majoring in accounting in 2001, and from 2017 to 2019, he completed a law degree programme at University of South China; from 2003 to June 2019, Mr. Luo successively served as an audit manager of Baker Tilly China Certified Public Accountants\* (天職國際會計事務所) (Shenzhen Branch), an executive director of Shenzhen Guanghua Yongzhuo Financial Consultancy Co., Ltd.\* (深圳市光華永卓財務顧問有限公司), a department head of Asia Pacific CPA (Group) (Shenzhen Branch); from July 2019 to present, Mr. Luo has been an executive director of Guangdong Tianjian Consulting Co., Ltd.\* (廣東天健顧問有 限公司). Mr. Luo has been in charge of the audit of a number of listed companies in the PRC and the listing and financing consultancy services for a number of domestic private enterprises in the PRC, proving his extensive experience in audit, financing and the operation of listed companies.

Mr. Luo is appointed as an independent non-executive director, the chairman of audit committee and a member of remuneration committee of the Company effective from 12 November 2020 which was approved in the election in the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 11 February 2021.

Ms. Gao Hong Hong, aged 50, graduated from the department of monetary banking under the faculty of finance of Southwestern University of Finance and Economics with a master's degree in economics in 1998. Since 1998, she has worked in the business division and dealt with credit business in the international finance division of Bank of China Shenzhen Branch. She successively served as chairman of Bank of China Shenzhen Meili Sub-branch, Bank of China Shenzhen Meilin Sub-branch and Bank of China Shenzhen Shahe Sub-branch. She is currently the assistant to general manager of the asset management centre of Shenzhen Galaxy Holdings Group Limited\* (深圳星河控股集團有限公司). Ms. Gao has extensive experience in investment, financing and asset management.

# 獨立非執行董事:

羅先生已獲委任為獨立非執行董事、本公司 審核委員會主席及薪酬委員會成員,自2020 年11月12日起生效,2021年2月11日舉行之 股東特別大會已批准有關選舉。

高紅紅女士,50歲,1998年畢業於西南財金大學金融系貨幣銀行學專業,獲經濟學碩士學位。自1998年起,在中國銀行深圳市分行公司業務部、國際融資部從事信貸工作。彼歷任中國銀行深圳梅麗支行、中國銀行深圳梅萊支行、中國銀行深圳沙河支行行長。彼現任深圳星河控股集團有限公司資產管理中心總經理助理。高女士在投融資和資產管理方面擁有豐富經驗。

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purpose only

Mr. Guo Lu Jin, aged 65, graduated from Renmin University of China in 1982 with a bachelor's degree. During his university years, he took a professional course in sociology at Nankai University. Mr. Guo served at the General Communication Station of the Lanzhou Military Region\* (蘭州軍區通訊總站) as a soldier. Upon completion of studies, he held the position of principal staff member of the Department of Higher Education of the Ministry of Education\* (教育部高等教育司) from 1982 to 1988. He was the director of the National Development and Reform Commission from 1988 to 1993 and successively became the person-in-charge of the investment and development department, general office and asset preservation department of China Everbright Bank Company Limited from 1993 to 2015. He has extensive experience in various aspects including finance, investment, macroeconomic adjustment and social development strategies.

郭魯晉先生,65歲,1982年於中國人民大學獲學士學位,大學期間就讀南開大學社會學專業班。郭先生曾擔任蘭州軍區通訊總站戰士,完成學業後,於1982年至1988年擔任教育部高等教育司主任科員,於1988年至1993年期間,擔任國家發展改革委員會處長,其後於1993年至2015年期間,擔任中國光大銀行股份有限公司投資發展部、辦公室、資產保全部負責人,在金融、投資、宏觀經濟。整和社會發展戰略等方面都具有豐富的經驗。

### **CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER:**

Mr. Huang Chunfeng, aged 44, obtained a bachelor's degree from the School of Finance of Zhengzhou University in 2002, a master's degree in business administration from the Graduate School of Chinese Academy of Social Sciences in 2013 and a master's degree in EMBA from China Europe International Business School (CEIBS) in 2017. From 1998 to 2010, he successively worked in the sub-branch directly under Henan Branch of Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited (stock code: 601398) and the Zhengzhou Branch of Shanghai Pudong Development Bank Co., Ltd. (stock code: 600000). From 2010 to 2013, he successively served as vice president of the Xueyuan South Road sub-branch under Beijing Branch of Bank of Shanghai Co., Ltd. (stock code: 601229) and Beijing Dongzhimen sub-branch of Bank of Jiangsu. From 2014 to 2016, he was the general manager of Beijing Guo Tai Zhong Tou Investment Funds Management Co., Ltd. (國泰中投(北京)投資基金管理 有限公司). Since 2016, he has been the chairman of Chuang Xing Yuan Asset Management Co., Ltd. (創星原資產管理有限公 司). Mr. Huang has extensive experience in the areas of finance, investment and corporate management.

# 行政總裁:

黃春鋒先生,44歲,2002年獲得鄭州大學金 融學院學士學位,2013年獲得中國社會科學 院研究生院工商管理碩士學位,2017年獲得 中歐國際工商學院EMBA碩士學位,於1998年 至2010年期間,先後任職於中國工商銀行股 份有限公司(股票交易代碼:601398)河南省 分行直屬支行以及上海浦東發展銀行股份有 限公司(股票交易代碼:600000)鄭州分行; 於2010年至2013年期間,先後擔任上海銀行 股份有限公司(股票交易代碼:601229)北京 分行學院南路支行以及江蘇銀行北京東直門 支行副行長;於2014年至2016年期間,擔任 國泰中投(北京)投資基金管理有限公司總經 理;2016年至今,擔任共創星原資產管理有 限公司董事長。黃先生無論在金融、投資以 及公司管理等方面,都具有相當豐富的經驗。

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purpose only

#### **SUPERVISORS:**

Mr. Wang Xing Ye, aged 43, holds a master postgraduate degree. Mr. Wang is currently the managing director of Beijing Jade Bird Hengsheng Investment Management Co., Ltd., director of Jade Bird Fire Co., Ltd. (青鳥消防股份有限公司) (formerly known as Hebei Beida Jade Bird Universal Fire Alarm Device Co., Ltd.) (stock code: 002960. SZ), director of Enraytek Optoelectronics Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., director of Ningbo Jade Bird Zhengyuan Equity Interest Investment Management Co., Ltd.\* (寧波青鳥正元股權投資管理有限公司), director of Ningbo Jade Bird Venture Capital Investment Co., Ltd., executive director/ general manager of Ningbo Liyuantai Venture Capital Investment Management Co., Ltd., secretary to the board of director/ chairman of union of Beijing Beida Jade Bird Universal Sci-Tech Company Limited and the chairman of the Board of Supervisors of the Company. He has profound experience in investment and financing, asset and business reorganization.

Mr. Chen Jun Fung, aged 38, graduated from Southwest University of Political Science & Law\* (西南政法大學) with a bachelor of laws. Mr. Chen served as the assistant to the president of Guangdong Xutongda Dutch Auction Company Limited\* (廣東旭通達拍賣有限公司) from November 2008 to January 2010, assistant to the president and legal manager of Guangzhou Shengtang Properties Limited\* (廣州市盛塘置業有限公司) from February 2010 to February 2012, the director and deputy general manager of Guangdong Gong He Equity Fund Limited\* (廣東工合股權基金有限公司) from March 2013 to October 2015, and the director of Zhuhai Kingma Holdings Co., Ltd. (formerly known as Shining Metals Groups, Inc) (Stock code: 400028). Mr. Chen has extensive experience in investment and financing, asset and business reorganization.

# 監事:

王興業先生,43歲,碩士研究生。王先生現擔任北京青鳥恒盛投資管理有限公司董事為問題與一個人工。 經理、青鳥消防股份有限公司(前稱北大碼島環宇消防設備股份有限公司)(股份代碼)002960. SZ)董事、映瑞光電科技(上海)日限公司董事、寧波青鳥創業投資有限公司董事、寧波青鳥創業投資有限公司董事人上會主席,及本國董事會經歷,沒不會主席,及本重組方面有豐富經驗。

陳俊峰先生,38歲,畢業於西南政法大學,獲頒授法律學士學位。2008年11月到2010年1月,在廣東旭通達拍賣有限公司擔任總裁助理,2010年2月到2012年2月,在廣州市盛塘置業有限公司擔任總經理助理兼法務經理,2013年3月到2015年10月,在廣東工合股權基金有限公司擔任董事、副總經理,在珠海金馬控股股份有限公司(前稱珠海鑫光集團股份有限公司)(股份代碼:400028)擔任董事。陳先生在投融資、資產及業務重組方面有豐富的經驗。

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purpose only

**Mr. Zheng Ze Jian**, aged 33, graduated from Beijing Institute of Technology, Zhuhai with a bachelor's degree in engineering. From 2012 to 2016, Mr. Zheng successively served as an account manager of Standard Chartered Bank (China) Limited and an approval manager of Ping An Bank Co., Ltd. Since 2016, Mr. Zheng has worked in the investment development department of the Company. Mr. Zheng has extensive experience in corporate investment and financing.

Mr. Zheng is appointed as an employee representative supervisor of the Company from 11 February 2021 which was approved in the election in the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 11 February 2021.

Mr. Zhang Yun Feng, aged 56, graduated from Anhui University of Finance and Economics\* (安徽財經大學) majoring in science of merchandise. Mr. Zhang has worked as an officer of Bengbu Foreign Trade Bureau, Anhui Province (安徽省蚌埠市外貿局), general manager of Bengbu Knitted Cotton Fabric Import and Export Company (蚌埠市針棉織品進出口公司), deputy general manager of the marketing department of Shenzhen Ouhe Network System Company Limited (深圳區涸網絡系統有限公司), deputy general manager of the marketing department in the headquarters of the Kunlun Securities Company Limited\* (昆侖證券有限公司) and general manager of Anhui Xin Tai Yuan Technology Company Limited\* (安徽鑫泰元科技有限公司). He is currently the president of Shenzhen Qian Yuan Kun Li Investment Technology Co., Ltd.\* (深圳市乾元坤利投資科技有限公司). Mr. Zhang has extensive experience in capital operation.

**Mr. Fang Wei Ran**, aged 35, graduated from Guangdong Ocean University with bachelor of science in financial management. He previously worked in Huizhou LCY Elastomers Corp. Mr. Fang is currently the finance manager of Zhongfang Chaozhou Investment Development Company Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Mr. Fang has extensive experience in accounting practices and cost management.

**鄭澤健先生**,33歲,畢業於北京理工大學珠海學院,獲頒工學學士學位。鄭先生於2012年至2016年期間,先後擔任渣打銀行(中國)有限公司客戶經理及平安銀行股份有限公司審批經理;2016年至今,鄭先生任職於本公司投資發展部。鄭先生於企業投融資方面具有豐富的經驗。

鄭先生自2021年2月11日起獲委任為本公司 職工代表監事,2021年2月11日舉行之股東 特別大會已批准有關選舉。

**張運峰先生**,56歲,畢業於安徽財經大學商品學專業。張先生歷任安徽省蚌埠市外貿局科員、蚌埠市針棉織品進出口公司總經理、深圳區涸網絡系統有限公司市場部副經理及定配證券有限公司總部市場部副總經理及安徽鑫泰元科技有限公司總經理。現任深圳市乾元坤利投資科技有限公司總裁。張先生於資本運作方面有豐富經驗。

方偉然先生,35歲,畢業於廣東海洋大學財務管理專業,獲頒管理學學士學位。曾任職於惠州李長榮橡膠有限公司。現任本公司全資附屬公司中房潮州投資開發有限公司財務經理。方先生於會計實務、成本管理方面具有豐富的經驗。

\* 僅供識別

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purpose only

# **JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES:**

**Ms. Qian Fang Fang**, aged 38, is the Joint Company Secretary of the Company. Ms. Qian graduated from the Northwest University of professional accounting with a bachelor's degree in management in 2006, and was conferred a master's degree in management in 2008. Ms. Qian was appointed as the supervisor of the Company for the period from 12 February 2012 to 3 March 2014. Ms. Qian was appointed as Joint Company Secretary of the Company on 6 March 2014.

Mr. Chung Man Wai, Stephen, aged 42, is appointed as the Joint Company Secretary of the Company on 8 September 2020. Mr. Chung holds a bachelor's degree of science in applied accountancy from Oxford Brookes University in United Kingdom and he has served as company secretary for various Hong Kong listed companies. He is a member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and has extensive experience as a professional in the fields of accounting, auditing and company secretarial matters.

# 公司聯席秘書:

鐵芳芳女士,38歲,本公司的聯席公司秘書。錢女士於2006年畢業於西北大學會計學專業,獲頒管理學學士學位,並於2008年獲授管理學碩士學位。錢女士於2012年2月12日至2014年3月3日期間獲委任為本公司監事。錢女士於2014年3月6日獲委任為本公司聯席公司秘書。

**鍾文偉先生**,42歲,於2020年9月8日獲委任 為本公司聯席公司秘書,鍾先生持有英國牛 津布魯克斯大學應用會計學理學士學位,曾 在多家香港上市公司擔任公司秘書。彼為中 國香港會計師公會會員,於會計、審計及公 司秘書方面擁有豐富經驗。

# Report of the Supervisory Committee 監事會報告

# To the Shareholders,

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the supervisory committee of Shenyang Public Utility Holdings Company Limited (the "Supervisory Committee"), exercised conscientiously its authority, safeguarded the interests of the Shareholders and the Company, followed the principle of trustworthiness, honestly carried out the duties of supervisors and worked cautiously and diligently, in accordance with the Company Law of the PRC, requirements of the relevant laws and regulations of Hong Kong and the Articles for their accountability to the Shareholders.

During the year, the major work performed by the Supervisory Committee included the attendance of the Board meetings; reviewing the report of the Directors and reserve appropriation proposed by the Board, if any, for the Shareholders' approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company; strictly and effectively monitoring whether the policies and decisions made by the management of the Company had conformed with the state laws and regulations and the Articles or safeguarded the interests of the Shareholders. The Supervisory Committee has also reviewed the performance of the Directors, general manager and senior management in the daily operation by various means, and seriously examined the Company's financial affairs and its connected transactions. After the examination, the Supervisory Committee concluded that:

- the report of the Directors and the reserve appropriation proposed by the Board for the Shareholders' approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company are in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations and the Articles;
- 2. the Directors, general manager and other senior management of the Company have strictly followed the principles of trustworthiness, worked diligently and responsibly, and discharged their duties for the best interest of the Company. The Supervisory Committee has not discovered that any Directors, general manager and other senior management of the Company had abused their powers, damaged the interest of the Company or the benefits of the Shareholders and employees or contravened any laws and regulations or the Articles; and

### 各位股東:

截至2020年12月31日止年度,瀋陽公用發展股份有限公司監事會(「**監事會**」)遵照中華人民共和國公司法、香港有關法律法規及公司章程的規定,本着對全體股東負責的精神,認真履行職責,維護股東權益,維護本公司利益,遵守誠信原則,忠實履行監督之職責和義務,勤勉主動地開展工作。

在本年度內監事會主要工作包括列席董事會會議;審閱董事會於本公司應屆股東週年大配會上提呈股東批准的董事會報告及利潤分配方案(如有);對本公司管理層決策及決定否符合國家法律法規以及公司章程,是否符合國家法律法規以及公司章程,是督生活,了解本公司董事、總經理及通過各種方式,了解本公司董事、總經理及高級管理人員在經營管理、日常事務中的分別。經審查,監事會認為:

- 1. 董事會於本公司應屆股東週年大會上 提呈股東批准的董事會報告及利潤分 配方案,符合有關法律法規和公司章 程的規定:
- 2. 本公司董事、總經理及其他高級管理 人員,嚴格遵守誠信原則,工作克勤 盡職、真誠地以本公司最大利益為出 發點行使職權。未發現董事、總經理 及高級管理人員濫用職權,損害本公 司利益及侵犯本公司股東和本公司員 工權益之行為,亦未違反法律法規或 公司章程;及

# Report of the Supervisory Committee 監事會報告

- 3. the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2020, which were audited by Asian Alliance (HK) CPA Company Limited, have truly and fairly reflected the operating results and financial position of the Group. The related parties transactions were fair and reasonable and had not infringed upon the interests of the Company and the Shareholders.
- 3. 經華融(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 審核的本公司截至2020年12月31日 止年度的綜合財務報表,真實和公允 地反映了本集團的經營業績及財務情 況。與關連方交易為公平合理,沒有 損害本公司及股東利益的行為。

The Supervisory Committee takes this opportunity to thank the Shareholders, Directors and all the employees of the Company for their supports in the past year.

在過去的一年中,監事會的工作得到了本公司各位股東、董事及全體員工的大力支持, 謹此表示衷心地感謝!

By order of the Supervisory Committee

承監事會命

Mr. Wang Xing Ye Chairman of the Supervisory Committee **王興業先生** *監事會主席* 

Shenyang, 31 March 2021

瀋陽,2021年3月31日

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

董事會謹向各位股東欣然提呈截至2020年12 月31日止年度的報告及經審核財務報表。

# **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company is an investment holding company and the principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in Note 42 to the consolidated financial statements.

# 主要業務

本公司為投資控股公司,其附屬公司主要業務載於綜合財務報表附註42。

#### SEGMENT INFORMATION

Details of segment information are set out in Note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

# 分部資料

分部資料的詳情載於綜合財務報表附註8。

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 61 and 63.

The state of the Group's affairs as at 31 December 2020 is set out in the consolidated statement of financial position on pages 64 and 65.

The Board does not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 December 2020.

# 財務報表及股息

本集團截至2020年12月31日止年度的業績載 於第61頁至第63頁的綜合損益表及綜合損益 及其他全面收益表。

本集團於2020年12月31日的財務狀況載於第 64頁至第65頁的綜合財務狀況表。

董事會不建議派發截至2020年12月31日止年 度任何股息。

# PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

# 物業、廠房及設備

本集團的物業、廠房及設備變動詳情載於綜 合財務報表附註18內。

# **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company are set out in Note 37 to the consolidated financial statements.

# 股本

本公司的股本變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附 註37。

# **RESERVES**

Movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 66 and 68.

# 儲備

本公司及本集團本年度內的儲備變動載於第 66頁至第68頁的綜合權益變動表。

### **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

There is no distributable reserves of the Company as at 31 December 2020, calculated under the Company Law of the PRC, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was established, (2019: Nil).

### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Articles and under the laws of the PRC, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

### **SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

The summary of the financial information of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on pages 264 and 265.

# **SHARE OPTIONS**

As at the date of this report, no option has been granted or agreed to be granted by the Company to any of its Directors, supervisors or employees.

### **DIRECTORS**

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date hereof are:

# **Executive Directors**

Mr. Zhang Jing Ming Mr. Leng Xiao Rong Mr. Chau Ting Yan

# **Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Yin Zong Chen Mr. Ye Zhi E

# 可供分配儲備

本公司並無於2020年12月31日按照中國(本公司成立的司法權區)公司法計算的可供分配儲備(2019年:無)。

# 優先購買權

公司章程中並無優先購買權的規定,而根據 中國法例,本公司須按比例向現有股東提呈 發售新股份。

# 財務資料概要

本集團過去五個財政年度的財務資料概要載 於第264頁至第265頁。

# 購股權

於本報告日期,本公司概無向其任何董事、 監事或僱員授予或同意授予任何購股權。

# 董事

於本年度及截至本報告日期任職的董事如下:

# 執行董事

張敬明先生 冷小榮先生 周霆欣先生

# 非執行董事

尹宗臣先生 葉智鍔先生

# **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Chan Ming Sun Jonathan (resigned on 12 November 2020)

Mr. Guo Lu Jin

Mr. Luo Zhuo Qiang (appointed on 12 November 2020)

Ms. Gao Hong Hong

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors the annual confirmation of independence pursuant to the Listing Rules and considers that all independent non-executive Directors are independent to the Group in accordance with the terms of the guidelines as set out in the Listing Rules.

In accordance with article 100 of the Articles, all the Directors shall be appointed at the general meeting for a term of three years. A Director may serve consecutive terms if re-elected upon the expiration of the terms.

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Brief biographical details of Directors, supervisors and senior management are set out on pages from 22 to 28.

# **DIRECTORS' AND SUPERVISORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

Each of the Directors and supervisors has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years from his/ her date of appointment as a Director or supervisor (or until the expiration of the term of the current session of the Board or the Supervisory Committee) and thereafter subject to termination by either party giving not less than one month's written notice to the other party.

# **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS**

Apart from the Directors' service contracts disclosed above, no contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Group was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

# 獨立非執行董事

陳銘燊先生(於2020年11月12日辭任) 郭魯晉先生 羅卓強先生(於2020年11月12日獲委任) 高紅紅女士

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則發出的年度獨立性確認書,並認為按照上市規則所載的條款及指引,全體獨立非執行董事對本集團來說均具獨立性。

根據公司章程第100條,所有於股東大會上獲 委任的董事任期應為三年。倘任期屆滿後獲 重選,則董事可連任。

# 董事、監事及高級管理層的履歷詳情

有關董事、監事及高級管理層的履歷詳情簡 介載於第22頁至第28頁。

# 董事及監事的服務合約

各董事及監事已與本公司訂立服務合約,自 其獲委任為董事或監事之日起為期三年(或直 至本屆董事會或監事會屆滿為止),其後可由 任何一方向另一方發出不少於一個月書面通 知予以終止。

# 董事於合約的權益

除上文所披露的董事服務合約外,於年末或 本年度內任何時候,概無訂立與本集團業務 有關而本集團為其中一方及董事於當中擁有 重大權益(不論直接或間接)的任何重大合約。

# DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVES' AND SUPERVISORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2020, none of the Directors, chief executives and supervisors of the Company had interests or short positions in any securities of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which are required (a) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) pursuant to the required standard of dealings by Directors and supervisors as referred to in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As of 31 December 2020, save as the Company's Directors, supervisors and chief executives, the following corporations and individuals had interests and/or short positions in the Company's shares, underlying shares, securities, equity derivatives and/or debentures, which are required to be recorded in the register of members maintained by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO:

# 董事、最高行政人員及監事於本公司股份的權益及淡倉

於2020年12月31日,概無本公司董事、最高 行政人員及監事於本公司或其任何相關法團 (定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的任何證券 中,擁有(a)須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7 及第8分部須知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡 倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例的該等條文,彼 等被當作或視為擁有的權益或淡倉);或(b)須 根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記入該條例所 述的登記冊的權益或淡倉;或(c)根據上市規 則附錄10所載董事及監事進行交易的規定準 則,須知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉。

# 主要股東於股份及相關股份的權益及其他人士於當中的權益及淡倉

截至2020年12月31日,除本公司董事、監事及最高行政人員以外,以下公司及人士於本公司的股份、相關股份、證券、股本衍生工具及/或債權證中擁有權益及/或淡倉,且該等權益及/或淡倉須根據證券及期貨條例第336條須於本公司備存的登記冊所記錄:

Percentage of total

	Interest owners 權益持有人	Shares 股份	issued share capital 佔已發行股本總數 百分比
1	Beijing Hua Xia Ding	420,000,000 Domestic shares	28.58%
	北京華夏鼎	420,000,000股內資股	28.58%
2	Huang Guang Fu <i>(Note 1)</i>	420,000,000 Domestic shares	28.58%
	黃廣服 <i>(附註1)</i>	420,000,000股內資股	28.58%
3	Beijing Lichuang Future	180,000,000 Domestic shares	12.25%
	北京力創未來	180,000,000股內資股	12.25%
4	Zhai Ming Yue <i>(Note 2)</i>	180,000,000 Domestic shares	12.25%
	翟明月 <i>(附註2)</i>	180,000,000股內資股	12.25%
5	Shenzhen Wan Zhong Run Long	140,000,000 Domestic shares	9.53%
	深圳萬眾潤隆	140,000,000股內資股	9.53%
6	Zhang Song <i>(Note 3)</i>	140,000,000 Domestic shares	9.53%
	張松 <i>(附註3)</i>	140,000,000股內資股	9.53%
7	HKSCC Nominees Limited (Note 4)	605,376,000 H-Shares (listed shares)	41.2%
	香港中央結算(代理人)有限公司(附註4)	605,376,000股H股(上市股份)	41.2%

### Notes:

- Huang Guang Fu is a PRC resident who holds 100% equity interests in Beijing Hua Xia Ding. Pursuant to section 316 of the SFO, Huang Guang Fu is also deemed to be interested in the underlying shares of the Company held by Beijing Hua Xia Ding.
- Zhai Mingyue is a PRC resident who holds 100% equity interests in Beijing Li Chuang Future. Pursuant to section 316 of the SFO, Zhai Mingyue is also deemed to be interested in the underlying shares of the Company held by Beijing Li Chuang Future.
- Zhang Song is a PRC resident who holds 100% equity interests in Shenzhen Wan Zhong Run Long. Pursuant to section 316 of the SFO, Zhang Song is deemed to be interested in the underlying shares of the Company held by Shenzhen Wan Zhong Run Long.
- 4. As notified by HKSCC Nominees Limited, as of 31 December 2020, the following participants of CCASS had interests amounting to 5.00% or more of the total issued H-Shares of the Company as shown in the securities accounts in CCASS:
  - The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited as nominee holds 89,354,740 H-Shares, representing 14.76% of the issued H-Shares of the Company.
  - (2) Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited as nominee holds 64,830,000 H-Shares, representing 10.70% of the issued H-Shares of the Company.
  - (3) Ever-long Securities Company Limited as nominee holds 64,428,000 H-Shares, representing 10.64% of the issued H-Shares of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2020, the Company has not been notified of any interests and/or short positions in shares, underlying shares, securities, equity derivatives and/or debentures of the Company which are required to be recorded in the register maintained in accordance with section 336 of the SFO.

# 附註:

- 黃廣服是中國公民,於北京華夏鼎持有100% 股權。根據證券及期貨條例第316條,黃廣服 亦被視為在北京華夏鼎持有的本公司相關股份 中擁有權益。
- 翟明月是中國公民,於北京力創未來持有 100%股權。根據證券及期貨條例第316條, 翟明月亦被視為在北京力創未來持有的本公司 相關股份中擁有權益。
- 3. 張松是中國公民,於深圳萬眾潤隆持有100% 股權。根據證券及期貨條例第316條,張松被 視為在深圳萬眾潤隆持有的本公司相關股份中 擁有權益。
- 4. 根據香港中央結算(代理人)有限公司的通知, 截至2020年12月31日,下列中央結算系統參 與者在中央結算系統股票戶口內持有本公司已 發行H股股份總數的5.00%或以上:
  - (1) 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司代理持有 89,354,740股H股・佔本公司已發行 H股14.76%。
  - (2) 中國銀行(香港)有限公司代理持有 64,830,000股H股,佔本公司已發行 H股10.70%。
  - (3) 長雄證券有限公司代理持有 64,428,000股H股,佔本公司已發行 H股10.64%。

除上述披露外,本公司於2020年12月31日並未接獲有任何須按證券及期貨條例第336條須於備存的登記冊所記錄的本公司股份、相關股份、證券、股本衍生工具及/或債權證中的權益及/或淡倉。

#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

The percentage of sales and purchases for the 2020 Financial Year attributable to the Group's major customers and suppliers are as follows:

#### Sales

– the largest customer	94.52%	一最大客戶
<ul> <li>five largest customers combined</li> </ul>	100%	一五大客戶合計

#### **Purchases**

– the largest supplier	100%	一最大供應商	100%
– five largest suppliers combined	100%	一五大供應商合計	100%

None of the Directors, their associates or any Shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) has any interest in the Group's five largest customers and suppliers disclosed above.

#### COMPLIANCE WITH MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES **TRANSACTIONS**

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. Following a specific enquiry, all the Directors confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code throughout the 2020 Financial Year.

#### **DIRECTORS' AND SUPERVISORS' RIGHT TO ACOUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES**

None of the Directors and supervisors or their respective associates was granted by the Company or its subsidiaries any right to acquire Shares or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate, or had exercised any such right during the 2020 Financial Year.

#### PURCHASE, SALES OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

The Company has not redeemed any of its Shares during the year. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased or sold any of the Company's listed Shares during the year.

#### 主要客戶及供應商

於2020年財政年度本集團主要客戶及供應商 應佔銷售及採購百分比如下:

## 銷售

一最大客戶	94.52%
- 五大客戶合計	100%

#### 採購

一最大供應商	100%
- 五大供應商合計	100%

概無董事,彼等的聯繫人或任何股東(據董事 所知擁有本公司5%以上已發行股本的股東) 於上文所披露的五大客戶及供應商中擁有任 何權益。

#### 進行證券交易之標準守則

本公司已採納載於上市規則附錄10之標準守 則。經作出具體查詢後,全體董事確認,彼 等於2020年財政年度已遵守標準守則。

#### 董事及監事收購股份或債權證的權利

於2020年財政年度,概無董事及監事或彼等 各自的聯繫人獲本公司或其附屬公司授予任 何權益以收購本公司或任何其他法團的股份 或債權證,且亦無行使有關權利。

#### 購買、銷售或贖回上市證券

於本年度內,本公司概無贖回其任何股份。 於本年度內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無 購買或銷售本公司任何上市股份。

#### **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

Details of the significant related party transactions entered into by the Group under the applicable accounting standards during the 2020 Financial Year are set out in Note 41 to the consolidated financial statements.

None of the related party transactions disclosed in the Note 41 to the consolidated financial statements constituted connected transactions or continuing connected transactions as defined in the Listing Rules which are subject to the reporting, announcement or independent Shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

A review of the business of the Group for the 2020 Financial Year and a discussion of the Group's future prospects are set in the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 7 to 21 and the Chairman's Statement on pages 4 to 6 of this annual report respectively.

#### **Risks and uncertainties**

The principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group have been addressed in the Chairman's Statement on pages 4 to 6 and the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 7 to 21 of this annual report respectively.

In addition, various financial risks have been disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report.

#### Likely development in the Group's business

The likely development of the Group is shown in the business prospect section in the Management Discussion and Analysis and Chairman's Statement in this annual report.

#### An analysis using financial key performance indicators

The relevant financial key performance indicators relating to the business of the Group are set out in the Financial Review section in the Management Discussion and Analysis and the consolidated financial statements in this annual report.

#### 關連交易

有關本集團於2020年財政年度根據適用會計 準則訂立重大關連方交易的詳情,載於綜合 財務報表附註41。

概無綜合財務報表附註41所披露的關連方交 易構成上市規則所界定的關連交易或持續關 連交易而須遵守上市規則的申報、公告或獨 立股東批准規定。

#### 業務審視

對本集團於2020年財政年度業務的審視及本 集團未來前景的討論分別載於本年報第7頁至 第21頁的管理層討論與分析及第4頁至第6頁 的主席報告內。

#### 風險及不確定性

本集團所面臨的主要風險及不確定性已分別 於本年報第4頁至第6頁的主席報告及本年報 第7頁至第21頁的管理層討論與分析中提述。

此外,各種財務風險已於本年報綜合財務報 表附註中披露。

#### 本集團業務的潛在發展

本集團業務的潛在發展載於本年報管理層討 論與分析的業務展望及主席報告內。

#### 利用財務主要表現指標的分析

與本集團業務有關的相關財務主要表現指標 載於本年報管理層討論與分析的財務回顧一 節及綜合財務報表內。

#### **Environmental policies and performance**

Environment protection is critical to the long term development of the Group. The Group places importance in the management practice so as to minimize waste, maximize efficiencies and reduce negative impact to the environment.

## Relationships with employees, customers, suppliers and others

The Group ensures all staff are reasonably remunerated and regularly reviews the employment polices on remuneration and other benefits.

The Group maintains a good relationship with its customers and suppliers. The Group maintains close contacts with the customers and has regular review of requirements of customers and complaints. The Group will conduct appraisal of the performance of suppliers on regular basis.

#### **Compliance with Laws and Regulations**

The Group recognises the importance of compliance with regulatory requirements and risks of non-compliance with such requirements. The Group has an on-going review of the new enacted laws and regulations affecting the operations of the Group. The Group is not aware of any material non-compliance with the laws and regulations that have significant impact on the business of the Group.

#### **COMPETING INTERESTS**

None of the Directors or any of their respective associates, has engaged in any business that competes or may compete with the business of the Group, nor has any other conflict of interest with the Group.

#### **SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT**

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules as at the date of this report.

#### 環保政策及表現

環保對本集團長遠發展至關重要。本集團十 分重視管理層對減廢增效及降低對環境造成 負面影響所採取的措施。

#### 與僱員、客戶、供應商及其他各方的關係

本集團確保全體員工獲發合理薪酬,並定期 檢討有關薪酬及其他福利的僱傭政策。

本集團與其客戶及供應商維持良好關係。本 集團與客戶保持緊密聯繫,並定期檢討客戶 需求及投訴。本集團將定期對供應商的表現 進行評估。

#### 遵從法律法規

本集團重視遵從監管規定及因違反有關規定 帶來的風險。本集團持續檢討影響本集團業 務的新頒佈法律法規。本集團不知悉有任何 重大的法律法規違規情況而對本集團業務造 成重大影響。

#### 競爭權益

董事或彼等各自的任何聯繫人概無從事任何 與本集團業務構成競爭或可能構成競爭的業 務,亦無與本集團有任何其他利益衝突。

#### 足夠的公眾持股量

根據本公司公開可得的資料及據董事所知, 本公司於本報告日期已根據上市規則維持指 定的公眾持股量。

#### **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

Details of significant events after the reporting period and up to the date hereof are set out in Note 44 to the consolidated financial statement.

#### **AUDITOR OF THE COMPANY**

The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the 2020 Financial Year have been audited by Asian Alliance (HK) CPA Company Limited, who will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. The Company will propose relevant resolutions at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company in this regard.

On behalf of the Board

#### **Zhang Jing Ming**

Chairman

Shenyang, The PRC, 31 March 2021

#### 報告期後事件

有關報告期後及截至本報告期發生的重大事件詳情載於綜合財務報表附註44。

#### 本公司核數師

本公司2020年財政年度之綜合財務報表已由 華融(香港)會計師事務所有限公司審核,其 將退任惟符合資格並願意重選連任,本公司 將就此於本公司應屆股東週年大會提呈相關 決議案。

代表董事會

#### 張敬明

董事長

中國 • 瀋陽, 2021年3月31日

### 企業管治報告

The Board is committed to maintain high standard of corporate governance practices and business ethics which are essential for maintaining and promoting investors' confidence and maximising Shareholders' returns. The Board reviews its corporate governance practices from time to time to comply with the regulatory requirements, and to improve the in corporate governance practice.

董事會致力於維持高水準的企業管治常規及 商業道德,其乃維持及提升投資者信心以及 為股東帶來最高回報的根本。董事會不時檢 討其企業管治常規,以遵守監管要求,以及 改善企業管治實務。

#### **CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The Company has complied with the applicable code of provisions of the CG Code set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules throughout for the 2020 Financial Year, except the following:

Code provision A.1.8 of the CG Code requires that the Company should arrange appropriate insurance cover in respect of legal action against its Directors. The Company did not arrange such insurance cover during the 2020 Financial Year as Directors considered that the risk of material legal claims against Directors is minimal. Nevertheless, the Board will review this arrangement from time to time in light of the prevailing circumstances and arrange for appropriate insurance coverage when necessary.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND BOARD MEETING**

The Board, which currently comprises 8 Directors, is responsible for the formulation of corporate strategy and risk management to protect Shareholders' interest. Daily operation and administration delegated by the Board to the executive Directors and the management.

The brief biographical details of each Director are set out in the section headed Profiles of Directors and Senior Management of this report. All Directors have given sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Group. The composition of the Board is well balanced as all Directors have experience in their field of expertise with a balance of skills, knowledge and experience relevant to the operation of the Group.

The Board has three independent non-executive Directors who have appropriate and sufficient experience and qualifications. In addition, two non-executive Directors are appointed to provide guidance to the Board.

The Company has received an annual written confirmation from each of the independent non-executive Directors of their independence pursuant to the Listing Rules and considers them to be independent of the management.

#### 企業管治守則

於2020年財政年度,本公司一直遵守載於上市規則附錄14之企業管治守則之適用守則條文,惟以下除外:

企管守則之守則條文A.1.8規定,本公司應就 對其董事之法律行動投購合適之保險覆蓋。 由於董事認為對董事提出重大法律索償之風 險不大,故2020年財政年度本公司並無投購 有關保險覆蓋。然而,董事會將視乎當前狀 況不時檢討此安排,並於有需要時投購合適 之保險覆蓋。

#### 董事會及董事會會議

董事會現由8名董事組成,負責制定公司策略 及風險管理以保障股東權益。董事會指派執 行董事及管理層負責日常營運及行政。

各董事簡歷詳情載於本報告「董事及高級管理層介紹」一節。全體董事已就本集團事務付出充足時間及心力。董事會之組成保持適當平衡,各董事在本身之專業範圍均為資深人士,擁有與本集團業務相關的適當技能、知識及經驗。

董事會擁有三名具有適當及豐富相關經驗及 資格的獨立非執行董事。此外,兩名非執行 董事已獲委任,以向董事會提供指引。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規 則有關其獨立性的年度確認書,並認為彼等 獨立於管理層。

### 企業管治報告

The terms of appointment for all the executive Directors, non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors are 3 years. All Directors shall be elected and removed by the Shareholders in general meeting according to the Articles.

The policy relating to the board diversity of the Group sets up the approach to achieve diversity on the Board in order to ensure the Board has the required skills, experience, knowledge, expertise and other qualities of the members of the Board. The composition of the Board and its committee is regularly reviewed by considering the benefits of all aspects of diversity. The board diversity policy shall be reviewed by the nomination committee of the Company, as appropriate, to ensure its effectiveness.

#### TRAININGS OF DIRECTORS

All newly appointed Directors be provided with necessary induction and information to ensure that they have a proper understanding of the Group's businesses and their statutory supervision responsibilities as directors of listed companies. The Company will update the Directors on the latest development regarding the Group's businesses as well as the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements, where appropriate. In addition, all Directors are encouraged to participate in training programmes held by qualified professionals in relation to the revised code and amendments to the relevant Listing Rules, so as to develop and update their knowledge and skills.

During the 2020 Financial Year, all the Directors have participated in proper continuous professional development trainings to update their knowledge and skills by attending briefings, conferences, programmes, workshops and seminars as well as by way of further education and self-study, so as to understand their roles, functions and responsibilities.

所有執行董事、非執行董事和獨立非執行董 事的任期均為三年。按照公司章程,所有董 事都必須在股東大會 | 由股東選舉和罷免。

與本集團董事會多元化相關的政策載列如何 達成董事會多元化的方法,以確保董事會成 員具備所需技能、經驗、知識、專長及其他 元素。董事會及其委員會的組成會定期進行 檢討,以評估多元化於各範疇的好處。董事 會多元化政策應由本公司提名委員會(如適 用)審閱以確保其成效。

#### 董事培訓

各新委任的董事將獲得所需的入職培訓及資訊,以確保他們對本集團業務及上市公司董事的法定監管責任有適當的理解。另外,本公司除了向董事提供有關本集團業務及上市規則和其他適用監管規定(如適用)之最新發展概況外,亦鼓勵全體董事參加由合資格專業人士所舉辦,有關經修訂之守則及相關上市規則之培訓課程,以發展及更新董事的知識和技能。

於2020年財政年度內,所有董事均以出席簡報會、會議、課程、工作坊和研討會、教學、自讀等方式完成適當的持續專業發展培訓,以更新自己的知識和技能,確保充分瞭解其角色、職能及責任。

### 企業管治報告

Attendance of individual Director at Board meetings for 2020 Financial Year are as follows:

2020年財政年度每位董事出席董事會的考勤 紀錄如下:

Number of meeting	會議次數	9
Executive Directors:	執行董事:	
Mr. Zhang Jing Ming	張敬明先生	9
Mr. Leng Xiao Rong	冷小榮先生	9
Mr. Chau Ting Yan	周霆欣先生	9
Non-executive Directors:	非執行董事:	
Mr. Yin Zong Chen	尹宗臣先生	9
Mr. Ye Zhi E	葉智鍔先生	9
Independent Non-executive Directors:	獨立非執行董事:	
Mr. Chan Ming Sun Jonathan (resigned on	陳銘燊先生(於2020年11月12日辭任)	6
12 November 2020)	初免巫什什	0
Mr. Guo Lu Jin	郭魯晉先生	9
Mr. Luo Zhuo Qiang (appointed on 12 November 2020)	羅卓強先生(於2020年11月12日獲委任)	1
Ms. Gao Hong Hong	高紅紅女士	9

All Directors have access to the advice and assistance of the Joint Company Secretaries in relation to the Board procedures and corporate governance matters.

全體董事可就董事會程序及企業管治事宜尋 求聯席公司秘書的意見及協助。

The minutes of the Board meetings recorded all the matters discussed by the Board and the matters resolved. Minutes of Board meetings are kept by the Joint Company Secretaries and are available for inspection by any Director or committee members.

董事會會議記錄載列董事會討論之所有事務 及議決事宜,乃由聯席公司秘書備存,以供 任何董事或委員會成員查閱。

#### **CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER**

# The role of the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company are segregated and not exercised by the same individual. The chairman is Mr. Zhang Jing Ming and the chief executive officer is Mr. Huang Chunfeng.

With the support of the Joint Company Secretaries, the chairman of the Company ensures all the Directors are provided adequate information on matters discussed in the Board meeting in a timely manner.

### 主席及行政總裁

本公司主席及行政總裁之職務分開,並非由 同一人擔任。主席為張敬明先生,行政總裁 為黃春鋒先生。

在聯席公司秘書的協助下,本公司主席確保 全體董事可及時獲得董事會會議所討論事宜 之充分資料。

### 企業管治報告

#### **REMUNERATION OF COMMITTEE**

The remuneration committee of the Company (the "Remuneration Committee") was established on 12 February 2012 with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. The majority of committee members are independent non-executive Directors and the committee chairman is Mr. Guo Lu Jin. Other committee members are Mr. Luo Zhuo Qiang and Mr. Ye Zhi E.

The roles of the Remuneration Committee include the determination of the specific remuneration packages of all executive Directors, including benefits in kind, pension benefits and compensation payments (including any compensation payable for loss of office or engagement), and make recommendations to the Board about the remuneration of the non-executive Directors.

Details of the attendance of the Remuneration Committee meetings are as follows:

#### 薪酬委員會

本公司薪酬委員會(「**薪酬委員會**」)於2012年 2月12日成立,並按照企業管治守則制定書面 職權範圍。大部份委員會成員為獨立非執行 董事,且委員會主席為郭魯晉先生,其他委 員會員為羅卓強先生及葉智鍔先生。

薪酬委員會的職務包括釐定全體執行董事的 特定薪酬組合,包括實物利益、退休福利及 補償金,包括離職或入職補償,以及就非執 行董事的薪酬向董事會提供建議。

薪酬委員會會議的考勤紀錄詳情如下:

Number of meetings 會議次數	1
Mr. Guo Lu Jin 郭魯晉先生	1
Mr. Chan Ming Sun Jonathan (resigned on 12 November 2020) 陳銘燊先生(於2020年11月12日辭任)	0
Mr. Ye Zhi E 葉智鍔先生	1
Mr. Luo Zhuo Qiang (appointed on 12 November 2020) 羅卓強先生(於2020年11月12日獲委任)	0

The Remuneration Committee has considered and reviewed the existing terms of employment contracts of the executive Directors and the non-executive Directors.

The remuneration of the senior management by band for the 2020 Financial Year are set out in Note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company established the nomination committee on 12 February 2012 with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. The majority of committee members are independent non-executive Directors and the committee chairman is Mr. Zhang Jing Ming, the other members include Mr. Guo Lu Jin and Ms. Gao Hong Hong.

薪酬委員會已經考慮和檢討了執行董事和非 執行董事目前的僱用合約條款。

2020年財政年度高級管理層的薪酬範圍載於 綜合財務報表附註15。

#### 提名委員會

本公司於2012年2月12日成立提名委員會,並按照企業管治守則制定書面職權範圍。大部份委員會成員為獨立非執行董事,且委員會主席為張敬明先生,其他委員會成員為郭魯晉先生及高紅紅女士。

#### 企業管治報告

The duties of the nomination committee of the Company are reviewed and updated as follows:

- to review the structure, size and composition (including skills, knowledge and experience, length of service and diversity of perspectives) of the Board at least annually and to make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- to develop the criteria for identifying and assessing the qualifications of and evaluating candidates for directorship;
- to identify individuals who are qualified/suitable to become a member of the Board and to select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships. Academic and professional qualifications, business experience, expertise, knowledge and diversity of perspectives required from members of the Board as well as other requirements under the Listing Rules will be assessed to determine if the nomination is suitable;
- to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors to determine their eligibility;
- to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular, the chairman and the chief executive and the policy concerning the diversity of the Board members, and the measurable objectives for implementing such policy;
- to review and implement the board diversity policy, as appropriate and review the measurable objectives that the Board has set for implementing the board diversity policy, and the progress on achieving these objectives;
- to review and implement the nomination policy of the Company, as appropriate. This includes the nomination procedures and the process and criteria to select and recommend candidates for directorship set out in the nomination policy of the Company; and
- other matters authorized by the Board.

本公司提名委員會的職責經檢討及更新後如 下:

- 至少每年檢討董事會的架構、人數及 組成(包括技能、知識、經驗、服務年 期及多元化範疇方面),並就任何為配 合本公司的企業策略而擬對董事會作 出的變動向董事會提出建議;
- 制訂有關物色及評核董事人選的資格,以及評估有關人選的準則;
- 物色具備合適/適當資格可擔任董事的人士,並挑選提名有關人士出任董事或就此向董事會提供意見。於釐定有關提名是否適合時,將評核獲提名人士的學術及專業資格、業務經驗、專業技能、知識及多元化範疇方面以符合董事會成員之要求以及上市規則不時規定之其他要求;
- 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性,以確 定他們是否符合資格;
- 就董事委任或重新委任以及董事(尤其 是董事會主席及行政總裁)繼任計劃及 董事會成員多元化政策以及為執行該 政策而制定的可計量目標的有關事宜 向董事會提出建議;
- 在適當情況下檢討及執行董事會成員 多元化政策:及檢討董事會為執行董 事會成員多元化政策而制定的可計量 目標和達標進度:
- 在適當情況下檢討及執行本公司提名 政策。這包括載列於本公司提名政策 內的提名程式以及遴選及推薦候選人 為董事的準則;及
- 董事會授權的其他事宜。

#### 企業管治報告

Details of the attendance of the nomination committee meetings are as follow:

提名委員會會議的考勤記錄詳情如下:

Number of meetings	會議次數	2
Mr. Zhang Jing Ming Ms. Gao Hong Hong	張敬明先生 高紅紅女士	2 2
Mr. Guo Lu Jin	郭魯晉先生	2

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Company established an audit committee (the "Audit Committee") with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code.

The major duties of the Audit Committee are reviewed and updated as follows:

- to be primarily responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor, and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and to handle any problems of his or her resignation or dismissal;
- to review and monitor the external auditor's independence, objectivity, and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards. The Audit Committee should discuss with the auditor the nature, scope of the audit, and reporting obligations before the audit commences;
- to monitor the integrity of the Company's financial statements, annual reports and accounts, interim reports and, if prepared for publication, quarterly reports, and to review significant financial reporting judgments contained in them;
- to review the Company's financial controls, and unless expressly addressed by a separate Board risk committee, or by the Board itself, to review the Company's risk management and internal control systems;
- to ensure co-ordination between the internal and external auditors, and to ensure that the internal audit function is adequately resourced and has the appropriate standing within the Company, and to review and monitor its effectiveness; and
- to review the financial and accounting policies and practices of the Company and its subsidiaries.

#### 審核委員會

本公司成立審核委員會(「**審核委員會**」),並 按照企業管治守則制定書面職權範圍。

審核委員會的主要職責經檢討及更新後如下:

- 主要負責就外聘核數師的委任、重新委任及罷免向董事會提供建議、批准外聘核數師的薪酬及聘用條款,及處理任何有關該核數師辭職或辭退該核數師的問題;
- 按適用的標準檢討及監察外聘核數師 是否獨立客觀及核數程序是否有效; 審核委員會應於核數工作開始前先與 核數師討論核數性質及範疇及有關申 報責任;
- 監察本公司的財務報表以及年度報告及賬目、中期報告及(若擬刊發)季度報告的完整性,並審閱報表及報告所載有關財務申報的重大意見;
- 檢討本公司的財務監控,以及(除非有 另設的董事會轄下風險委員會又或董 事會本身會明確處理)檢討本公司的風 險管理及內部監控系統;
- 確保內部和外聘核數師的工作得到協調;也須確保內部審核功能在本公司內有足夠資源運作,並且享有適當的地位,以及檢討及監察其成效;及
- 檢討本公司及其附屬公司的財務及會 計政策及實務。

### 企業管治報告

The Audit Committee comprises two independent non-executive Directors and one non-executive Director. The chairman of the Audit Committee is Mr. Luo Zhuo Qiang. The Audit Committee held 3 meetings during the 2020 Financial Year.

Details of the attendance of the audit committee meetings are as follow:

審核委員會由兩名獨立非執行董事及一名非執行董事組成。審核委員會主席為羅卓強先生。本公司在2020年財政年度內共召開3次審核委員會會議。

審核委員會會議的考勤紀錄詳情如下:

Number of meetings	會議次數	3
Mr. Chan Ming San Jonathan (resigned on 12 November 2020)	陳銘燊先生(於2020年11月12日辭任)	3
Mr. Yin Zong Chen	尹宗臣先生	3
Mr. Luo Zhuo Qiang (appointed on 12 November 2020)	羅卓強先生(於2020年11月12日獲委任)	0
Ms. Gao Hong Hong	高紅紅女士	3

The Group's unaudited interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2020 and audited annual results for the year ended 31 December 2020 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee, in relation to the compliance with the applicable accounting standards and requirements and that adequate disclosures have been made.

The Audit Committee has met the external auditor without the presence of executive Directors.

#### **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

The Audit Committee is responsible for considering the appointment of the external auditor and reviewing any non-audit functions performed by the external auditor. During the 2020 Financial Year, the Company paid an aggregate of approximately RMB1,155,000 to the external auditor (including auditor of the PRC subsidiaries) of which auditing services of approximately RMB980,000 and non-audit services of approximately RMB175,000 respectively.

#### MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. Following a specific enquiry, all the Directors confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code for the 2020 Financial Year.

本集團於截至2020年6月30日止六個月的未經審核中期業績以及截至2020年12月31日止年度的經審核全年業績已由審核委員會按照適用會計準則及規定審閱,並已作出充分披露。

審核委員會已在沒有執行董事的情況下會見外聘核數師。

#### 核數師酬金

審核委員會負責考慮外聘核數師的委任及審查外聘核數師進行的任何非核數工作。於2020年財政年度,本公司已向外聘核數師(包括中國附屬公司的核數師)支付合共約人民幣1,155,000元,作為其所提供核數服務(約人民幣980,000元)及非核數服務(約人民幣175,000元)的酬金。

#### 證券交易標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載的標準守則。經具體查詢後,全體董事確認彼等於2020年財政年度均遵守標準守則。

## Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

## DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ACCOUNTS

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for preparing the Company's financial statement showing a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and in accordance with the statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The statement of the auditor of the Company regarding their reporting responsibility to the Shareholders on the consolidated financial statement of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report.

#### FINANCIAL REPORTING AND INTERNAL CONTROL

#### **FINANCIAL REPORTING**

The Board is responsible for preparing the financial statements of the Company and the Group with the supports of finance department of the Group. In preparing the financial statements, the Board has applied the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and consistently followed the appropriate accounting policies and provisions of laws.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL**

The Board has overall responsibilities for maintaining a sound and effective risk management and internal control system within the Group. The Group's system of internal control and risk management includes a defined management structure with limits of authority, and is designed to help the Group achieve its business objectives, safeguard its assets against unauthorised use or disposition, ensure the maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publication, and ensure compliance with relevant laws and regulations. The system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss, and to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in the Group's operational systems and in the achievement of the Group's business objectives.

The Board is also responsible for reviewing from time to time the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control system, including the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions.

#### 董事及核數師對賬目之責任

董事會確認其有責任根據法定規定及適用會計準則來編製本公司的財務報表,以真實及公平地反映本集團的財務狀況。本公司核數師就本集團綜合財務報表對股東作出的申報責任聲明,載於獨立核數師報告。

#### 財務報告及內部監控

#### 財務報告

董事會負責在本集團財務部的協助下編製本公司及本集團的財務報表。於編製財務報表 過程中,董事會已採納香港財務報告準則並 貫徹遵守適當會計政策及法律規定。

#### 風險管理及內部控制

董事會全權負責維持本集團健全和有效之風險管理及內部控制系統。本集團內部控制系統的之權限,以協助本集團達致其業務目標、定管產以防未經授權之使用或處理、確定對為資料供內部使用或對外發放,並確保符合關法例與規則。該系統旨在就不會出現嚴重誤報或損失的情況提供合理(而非絕對)保證,並管理(而非消除)本集團經營系統失誤及未能達到業務目標的風險。

董事會亦負責不時審閱本集團風險管理及內部監控系統的有效性,包括資源、員工資歷及本集團會計、內部審計及財務報告職能的經驗是否足夠。

#### 企業管治報告

The Group has engaged CT Consultants Limited to provide internal audit functions to review the control environment, risk assessment, control activities, information system and monitoring progress of the Group during the 2020 Financial Year and reported its findings to the Audit Committee.

The Board has reviewed the Group's risk management and internal control system during the 2020 Financial Year, including the report of CT Consultants Limited and the explanations by the management. Issues raised for improvement had been identified and appropriate actions were recommended.

An inside information handling policy is in place to enable the Group to handle inside information. The Board as a whole is responsible for identifying and considering the disclosure requirements and guidelines regarding inside information.

#### **MANAGEMENT FUNCTIONS**

The Board is responsible for formulating overall corporate strategy, monitoring and controlling of the performance of the Group whereas the management is responsible for the daily hands on operation.

When the Board delegates its management and administrative functions to the management, it has given clear directions as to the powers of the management and the circumstances where, the management on behalf of the Company shall obtain prior approval from the Board before making decisions or entering into any commitments.

#### **JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES**

Ms. Qian Fang Fang was appointed as Joint Company Secretary of the Company on 6 March 2014. Mr. Chung Man Wai, Stephen, engaged from external service provider, was appointed as Joint Company Secretary of the Company on 8 September 2020. Mr. Zhang Jing Ming, the chairman of the Company, is the primary contact for external company secretary. Each of Ms. Qian and Mr. Chung undertook not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the 2020 Financial Year.

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The dividend policy of the Company (the "**Dividend Policy**") has been adopted by the Board on 29 March 2019. Under the Dividend Policy, provided that the Group is profitable and without affecting the normal operations of the Group, the Company may consider to declare and pay dividends to the Shareholders.

本集團已於2020年財政年度委聘思天顧問有限公司提供內部審計工作,以審閱本集團的監控環境、風險評估、監控活動、訊息系統及監察程序,並向審核委員會匯報其審閱結果。

董事會已於2020年財政年度審閱本集團之風險管理及內部監控系統,包括思天顧問有限公司之報告及管理層之解釋。已識別一些需要改進之事宜並建議適當之行動。

本公司亦已制定內幕消息處理政策,使本集團能夠處理內幕消息。董事會上下負責識別及考慮有關內幕消息的披露規定及指引。

#### 管理功能

董事會負責制訂整體企業策略、監察及控制 本集團的表現,而日常管理集團業務營運則 是管理層的責任。

當董事會將其管理及行政功能方面的權力轉授予管理層時,已同時就管理層的權力給予清晰的指引,特別是管理層在代表本公司作出任何決定或訂立任何承諾前應取得董事會批准等事宜方面。

#### 聯席公司秘書

錢芳芳女士於2014年3月6日獲委任為本公司的聯席公司秘書。鍾文偉先生於2020年9月8日透過外聘服務供應商獲委任為本公司的聯席公司秘書。本公司主席張敬明先生為外聘公司秘書的主要聯絡人。於2020年財政年度,錢女士及鍾先生各自已接受不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。

#### 股息政策

本公司董事會於2019年3月29日採納股息政策(「**股息政策**」)。根據股息政策,倘本集團錄得盈利及不影響本集團之正常營運,本公司可考慮向股東宣派及派付股息。

#### 企業管治報告

The Company considers stable and sustainable returns to the Shareholders to be its goal. In deciding whether to propose a dividend and in determining the dividend amount, the Board takes into account, among others:

- financial performance, liquidity position, business condition and strategies of the Group;
- actual and future operation and demands for liquidity of the Group;
- expected future expansion plan of the Group;
- gearing ratio, credit facilities and indebtedness level of the Group;
- gains, losses, retained profits and distributable reserves of the Group;
- expectation of the Shareholders and investors and industrial practices;
- general market condition;
- any restrictions against declaration of dividends; and
- any other relevant factors which the Board may deem appropriate.

In proposing or declaring dividends, the Company shall maintain adequate cash reserves for meeting its working capital requirements, future growth and its shareholding value. In accordance with the Articles, all applicable regulations and factors above, the Board may, from time to time, pay interim dividends or special dividends to the Shareholders which the Board considers reasonable after taking into account of the financial condition and profit of the Company, and the Company may also announce final dividends in forms of any currencies at the general meeting, provided that any dividend must not exceed the amount proposed by the Board.

The Board will continue to review the Dividend Policy from time to time and reserves the right in its sole and absolute discretion to update, amend and/or modify the Dividend Policy at any time. The Dividend Policy shall in no way constitute a legally binding commitment by the Company in respect of its future dividend and/or in no way obligate the Company to declare a dividend at any time or from time to time.

本公司以提供穩定及可持續回報予股東作為目標。在決定是否建議派發股息及釐定股息 金額時,董事會將考慮(其中包括):

- 本集團的財務業績、現金流狀況、業 務狀況及策略狀況;
- 本集團的實際和未來營運及流動資金 需求狀況;
- 本集團預期未來擴展計劃;
- 本集團的資產負債比率、信貸額度及 債務水平;
- 本集團的收益、虧損、保留盈餘和可 供分派儲備;
- 股東及投資者的期望及行業的常規;
- 一般市場情況;
- 任何派付股息的限制;及
- 董事會認為適當的任何其他相關因素。

在建議或宣派股息時,本公司應維持足夠現金儲備,以應付其資金需求、未來增長以及其股權價值。根據公司章程、所有適用法規及以上所列因素,董事會可不時向股東支付其鑒於本公司的財務狀況及溢利而認為合理的中期股息或特別股息,而本公司亦可在股東大會中宣佈任何貨幣之末期股息,但任何股息均不得多於董事會所建議的款額。

董事會將持續不時檢討股息政策,並保留權利全權及絕對酌情隨時更新、修訂及/或修改股息政策。股息政策不會以任何方式構成本公司有關其未來股息之具法律約束力之承諾及/或不會以任何方式令本公司有責任於任何時間或不時宣派股息。

## 企業管治報告

#### **COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS**

The Company considers that effective communication with the Shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and for investors to understand the Group's business performance and strategies. The Company also recognises the importance of transparency and timely disclosure of corporate information, which will enable Shareholders and investors to make the best investment decisions.

The Company maintains a website at www.shenyang747.com, to provide up-to-date information on the Company's business operations and developments, financial information, and corporate governance practices.

The Company endeavours to maintain an on-going dialogue with its Shareholders, in particular, through annual general meeting of the Company (the "AGM") or other general meetings to communicate with the Shareholders and encourage their participation. The chairman of the Board as well as the chairmen of the Audit Committee, nomination committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company will make themselves available at the AGM to meet with the Shareholders.

The chairman of the Board, the chairman or the representatives of each committee together with the external auditor have attended the AGM to answer any questions raised by the Shareholders.

The forthcoming AGM of the Company will be held in June 2021. The notice of AGM will be sent to the Shareholders in due course.

The Company will continue to maintain an open and effective investor communication policy and to update investors on relevant information on the Group's business in a timely manner, subject to relevant regulatory requirement.

#### **SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS**

To safeguard Shareholders' interests and rights, a separate resolution is proposed for each substantially separate issue at general meetings, including the election of individual Director.

All resolutions put forward at general meetings will be voted on by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and of the Stock Exchange after each general meeting.

#### 與股東的溝通

本公司認為,與股東之有效溝通對加強投資 者關係及投資者對本集團業務表現及策略之 理解非常重要。本公司亦確認透明度及適時 披露公司資料之重要性,其使股東及投資者 可作出最佳投資決定。

本公司設有網站www.shenyang747.com,以 提供本公司業務經營及發展、財務資料及企 業管治常規之最新資料。

本公司努力維持與其股東的持續交流,特別是透過本公司股東週年大會(「**股東週年大會**」)或其他股東會議與股東進行溝通並鼓勵其參加。本公司董事會主席、審核委員會主席、提名委員會主席及薪酬委員會主席將出席股東週年大會與股東會面。

董事會主席、各委員會主席或代表連同外聘 核數師已出席股東週年大會,以回應股東提 出的任何提問。

本公司即將於2021年6月召開應屆股東週年大會。股東週年大會通告將於稍後寄發予股東。

本公司將繼續維持開放、有效的投資者溝通 政策,並及時向投資者提供有關本集團業務 的最新資料,惟須遵守相關監管規定。

#### 股東權利

為保障股東的利益及權利,本公司會於股東 大會上就每項獨立事項,包括選舉個別董 事,提出獨立決議案。

於股東大會上提呈之所有決議案將根據上市 規則按股數投票表決,投票結果將於每屆股 東大會結束後於本公司及聯交所網站刊登。

### 企業管治報告

Two or more Shareholders holding in aggregate 10 per cent or more of the shares carrying the right to vote at the meeting may, in accordance with the requirements set out in the Articles, make a requisition to the Board to convene an extraordinary general meeting of the Company stating the objective of the meeting. The Board shall as soon as possible proceed to convene the extraordinary general meeting of the Shareholders or a class meeting after receiving the requisition.

根據公司章程規定,兩名或以上持有附有權利於會上投票的股份合共10%或以上的股東,可向董事會提出請求召開本公司股東特別大會,並列明會議目的。董事會於收到請求後應在可行情況下儘快落實召開股東特別大會或類別大會。

#### **SHAREHOLDERS ENQUIRIES**

Any enquiries regarding the shareholding of H-Shares, including the transfer of shares, change of address, loss of certificate etc, should be sent to the Company's H-Share Registrar and Transfer Office, Hong Kong Registrar Limited at Rooms 1712–16, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

Any enquires relating to the Company should be sent to the Company's business premise for the attention of the chairman of the Board.

#### **CONSTITUTION DOCUMENTS**

The Articles is published on the website of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

#### 股東查詢

有關H股股權的任何查詢(包括股份過戶、更改地址、遺失股票等)應提交本公司的H股份過戶登記處香港證券登記有限公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712-16室。

有關本公司的任何查詢應提交本公司經營地 點致董事會主席。

#### 憲法文件

公司章程刊登於本公司及聯交所的網站內。

獨立核數師報告



TO THE MEMBERS OF

## SHENYANG PUBLIC UTILITY HOLDINGS COMPANY LIMITED 瀋陽公用發展股份有限公司

(incorporated in People's Republic of China with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Shenyang Public Utility Holdings Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 61 to 263, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### 致 瀋陽公用發展股份有限公司股東

(於中華人民共和國註冊成立的有限公司)

#### 意見

我們已審計瀋陽公用發展股份有限公司 (「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)刊 於第61頁至263頁的綜合財務報表,包括於 2020年12月31日的綜合財務狀況表以及截至 該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合損益及其他 全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流 量表以及綜合財務報表附註(包括主要會計政 策概要)。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「**香港會計師公會**」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則(「**香港財務報告準則**」)而真實及公允地反映了 貴集團於2020年12月31日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港公司條例的披露規定妥為編製。

#### 意見之基準

我們按照香港會計師公會頒佈的香港核數準則(「**香港核數準則**」)進行審計。我們根據該等準則的責任詳載於我們的報告內核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任一節。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的專業會計師操守守則(「**守則**」),我們獨立於 貴集團,且我們已履行根據守則的其他操守責任。我們相信,我們所獲取的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的意見提供基礎。

### 獨立核數師報告

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為 對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事 項。這些事項是在對綜合財務報表整體進行 審計並形成意見的背景下進行處理的,我們 不對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

#### Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

### How our audit addressed the key audit matter 該關鍵審計事項在審計中是如何應對的

## Impairment assessment of deposit paid for acquisition of properties

As disclosed in Note 24 (a) to the consolidated financial statements, at 31 December 2020, deposit of approximately RMB149,100,000 (the "**Properties Deposits**") was paid for acquisition of properties (the "**Properties Acquisition**").

#### 就收購物業所支付訂金的減值評估

Our audit procedures in relation to management's assessment on impairment of deposit paid for acquisition of properties included:

- Obtaining the agreement to understand the terms of the Properties Acquisition;
- Performing an independent check on the ownership of the land in which the properties located;
- Obtaining the valuation report from an independent professional valuer related to the properties and assessed the reasonableness of the methodologies and assumption used;

誠如綜合財務報表附註24(a)所披露,於2020年12月 31日,已就收購物業(「物業收購」)支付訂金約人民幣 149,100,000元(「物業訂金」)。 我們有關管理層對收購物業所支付訂金的減值的評估的審計程序包括:

- 獲得協議以瞭解物業收購的條款;
- 對物業所在的土地擁有權進行獨立調查;
- 獲得獨立專業估值師出具與物業相關的估值報告,並評估所用方法及假設是否合理;

### 獨立核數師報告

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (Continued)

#### 關鍵審計事項(續)

#### Kev audit matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 該關鍵審計事項在審計中是如何應對的

#### Impairment assessment of deposit paid for acquisition of properties (Continued)

### 就收購物業所支付訂金的減值評估(續)

Management performed a valuation on the properties with the assistance from an independent professional valuer. With reference to the valuation, management concluded that no impairment on the Properties Deposit in respect of the Properties Acquisition was necessary as at 31 December 2020.

- Obtaining an understanding from the management about the status of the construction process and progress of the Properties Acquisition;

We identified the recoverability of the Properties Deposit for the Transaction as a key audit matter due to the fact that management's assessment of the recoverable amount of the Properties Deposit involved significant judgment.

- Obtaining confirmation with respect to the amount of the Properties Deposits as at 31 December 2020;
- Reviewing the relevant correspondences and documents provided by the management to evaluate the status and progress of the Properties Acquisition; and
- Discussing with the management on the likelihood of completion of the Properties Acquisition and timing on when the Properties Acquisition can be finalised.

管理層在獨立專業估值師協助下對物業進行估值。經參 考估值後,管理層總結,於2020年12月31日,毋須就 物業收購的物業訂金作出減值撥備。

向管理層了解工程進度及物業收購進展的情況;

鑒於管理層對物業訂金可回收金額的估計涉及重大判 斷,我們將該交易物業訂金的可回收性列作關鍵審計事 項。

- 獲得於2020年12月31日物業訂金金額的確認
- 審閱管理層提供的相關信函及文件以評估物業 收購情況及進展;及
- 與管理層討論完成物業收購的可能性及物業收 購何時可落實。

#### 獨立核數師報告

關鍵審計事項

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (Continued)

## Kev audit matter

## Impairment assessment of other receivables

As disclosed in Note 27 to the consolidated financial statements, as at 31 December 2020, the Group's gross other receivables amounted to approximately RMB245,193,000, and an allowance of credit losses of approximately RMB81,219,000 were included in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position.

The impairment loss on other receivables, net of reversal, included in the Group's consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2020 amounted to approximately RMB10,504,000.

The allowance for credit loss of other receivables represents the management's best estimates of the end of the reporting period of expected credit losses under Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard 9: Financial Instrument Expected Credit Loss Model.

Management assess whether the credit risk of other receivables have increased significantly since their initial recognition, and apply a three-stage impairment model to calculate their expected credit losses.

誠如綜合財務報表附註27所披露,於2020年12月31日, 貴集團其他應收款總額約為人民幣245,193,000元,而信貸虧損撥備約人民幣81,219,000元已計入 貴集團的綜合財務狀況表。

計入 貴集團截至2020年12月31日止年度的綜合損益表中其他應收款的減值虧損(扣除撥回)約為人民幣10,504,000元。

其他應收款的信貸虧損撥備指管理層根據香港財務報告 準則第9號「金融工具」對於報告期末預期信貸虧損模式 下預期信貸虧損的最佳估計。

管理層評估其他應收款的信貸風險自初步確認以來是否 顯著上升,並使用三級制減值模式去計算其預期信貸虧 損。

#### 關鍵審計事項(續)

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 該關鍵審計事項在審計中是如何應對的

#### 其他應收款的減值評估

Our audit procedures in relation to management's assessment on impairment of other receivables included:

- Understanding and evaluating the modelling methodologies for expected credit losses measurement, assessed the reasonableness of the model selection and key measurement parameters determination;
- For the historical information, discussing with management to understand the management's identification of significant increase in credit risk, defaults and credit-impaired receivables, corroborated management's explanation with supporting evidence;

我們有關管理層對其他應收款的減值的評估的審計程 序包括:

- 知悉並評估釐定預期信貸虧損模式的方法,評估模式甄選以及釐定重要計量參數是否合理;
- 對於過往資料,與管理層討論以了解管理層怎樣識別信貸風險顯著增加、違約及信貸減值應收款,以支持證據確證管理層的解釋;

#### 獨立核數師報告

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (Continued)

#### Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

## 該關鍵審計事項在審計中是如何應對的

關鍵審計事項(續)

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

## Impairment assessment of other receivables (Continued)

The measurement models of expected credit losses involves significant management judgement and assumptions, primarily including the following:

- selection of appropriate model and determination of relevant key measurement parameters, including probability of default, loss given default and exposure at default;
- criteria for determining whether or not there was a significant increase in credit risk or a default; and
- economic indicator for forward-looking measurement, and the application of economic scenarios and weightings.

We consider impairment assessment on other receivables as a key audit matter because of its significance to the consolidated financial statements and the significant estimates and judgement involved in determining the expected credit losses allowance on the other receivables.

預期信貸虧損的計量模式涉及管理層重大判斷及假設, 主要包括以下各項:

- 挑選合適模式及釐定相關重要計量參數,包括違 約概率、違約損失率及違約風險;
- 釐定是否有信貸風險顯著增加或違約的條件;及
- 前瞻性計量的經濟指標,以及使用經濟場境及權重。

我們認為其他應收款項的減值評估為關鍵審計事項,此 乃由於其對綜合財務報表的重要性及釐定其他應收款項 的預期信貸虧損撥備所涉及的重大估計及判斷。

#### 其他應收款的減值評估(續)

- For forward-looking measurement, assessing the reasonableness of economic indicator selection, economic scenarios and weightings application, assessed the reasonableness of the estimation by comparing with industry data;
- Challenging the management the sufficiency of impairment loss based on the specific facts and circumstances; and
- Checking major data inputs used in the expect credit losses models on sample basis to the Group's record.

- 對於前瞻性計量,評估經濟指標甄選、經濟場境及權重應用是否合理,並透過比較行業數據來評估估計是否合理;
- 根據具體事實及情況質疑管理層對減值虧損的 撥備是否充足;及
- 抽樣核實 貴集團紀錄內預期信貸虧損模式所 用的主要數據輸入值。

#### 獨立核數師報告

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors of the Company determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### 其他資料

貴公司董事需對其他資料負責。其他資料包括刊載於年報內的資料,但不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料,我們亦不對該等其他資料發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱讀其他資料,在此過程中,考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所瞭解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯報的情況。基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他資料存在重大錯報,我們需要報告該事實。就此我們並無須報告事項。

#### 董事及負責管治的人士就綜合財務報表 須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈 的香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露 規定擬備真實而公允的綜合財務報表,並對 其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於 欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯報所需的內部控 制負責。

在編製綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非 貴公司董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

負責管治的人士負責監督 貴集團的財務報 告過程。

獨立核數師報告

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors of the Company.

#### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任

在根據香港核數準則進行審計的過程中,我 們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。 我們亦:

- 一 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯報的風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑可能透明意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能與及非謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、處因此大為強弱因欺詐而導致的重大錯報的風險。 錯報的風險。
- 一 瞭解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計 適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴 集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價 貴公司董事所採用會計政策的 恰當性及作出會計估計和相關披露的 合理性。

獨立核數師報告

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Company's directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, action taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任

- 評價綜合財務報表的整體呈報方式、 結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財 務報表是否公允反映相關交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務 資料獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以 便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負 責 貴集團審計的方向、監督和執 行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與負責管治的人士溝通 計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現 等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任 何重大缺陷。

我們亦向負責管治的人士提交聲明,説明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,用以消除威脅的行動或採取的防範措施。

獨立核數師報告

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任

從與負責管治的人士溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

#### Asian Alliance (HK) CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants (Practising)
Chung Chi Chiu

Practising Certificate Number: P06610

8/F., Catic Plaza 8 Causeway Road Causeway Bay Hong Kong

31 March 2021

#### 華融(香港)會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

#### 鍾志釗

執業證書編號: P06610

香港 銅鑼灣 高士威道8號 航空大廈8樓

2021年3月31日

## Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss 綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

		Notes 附註	2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (經重列)
Continuing operations	持續經營業務			
Revenue	收益	7		
Contracts with customers Leases	客戶合約 租賃		6,624 384	21,893 130
Total revenue	總收益		7,008	22,023
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(6,666)	(21,127)
Gross profit	毛利		342	896
Other income	其他收入	9	3,006	1,316
Impairment losses under expected credit loss model, net of reversal	預期信貸虧損模型下的 減值虧損,扣除撥回	11	(10,504)	(71,111)
Impairment loss recognised in respect of property, plant and equipment	就物業、廠房及設備確認 的減值虧損	18	(36,380)	_
Loss from changes in fair value of investment properties	投資物業公允價值變動的 虧損	20	(428)	(730)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries, net	出售附屬公司收益淨額	36	15,554	1,072
Exchange gain, net	匯兑收益淨額		1,993	90
Depreciation	折舊		(1,629)	(1,779)
Staff costs	員工成本		(4,486)	(4,497)
Other operating expenses	其他經營開支		(5,319)	(7,277)
Share of loss of associates Finance cost	分佔聯營公司虧損 融資成本	10	(31)	(8,548) (53)
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損		(37,882)	(90,621)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	12	(96)	(90)
Loss for the year from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務之 年內虧損		(37,978)	(90,711)
Discontinued operations	已終止經營業務			
Loss for the year from discontinued operations	來自已終止經營業務之 年內虧損	13	(10,300)	(3,729)
Loss for the year	年內虧損	14	(48,278)	(94,440)

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## Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss 綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

		Notes 附註	2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (經重列)
Loss attributable to owners of the	本公司擁有人應佔虧損:			
Company:  – from continuing operations  – from discontinued operations	一來自持續經營業務 一來自已終止經營業務		(34,016) (5,665)	(85,600) (3,449)
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔年內 虧損		(39,681)	(89,049)
Loss attributable to non-controlling interests: - from continuing operations - from discontinued operations	非控股權益應佔 虧損: 一來自持續經營業務 一來自已終止經營業務		(3,962) (4,635)	(2,571) (2,820)
Loss for the year attributable to non-controlling interests	非控股權益應佔年內 虧損		(8,597)	(5,391)
			(48,278)	(94,440)
				(Restated) (經重列)
Loss per share From continuing and discontinued operations	<b>毎股虧損</b> 來自持續經營及已終止 經營業務	16		
– Basic (RMB cents)	一基本(人民幣分)		(2.70)	(6.06)
– Diluted (RMB cents)	-攤薄(人民幣分)		N/A不適用	N/A不適用
From continuing operations  – Basic (RMB cents)	<b>來自持續經營業務</b> 一基本(人民幣分)		(2.31)	(5.83)
– Diluted (RMB cents)	-攤薄(人民幣分)		N/A不適用	N/A不適用

## Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(48,278)	(94,440)
Other comprehensive income (expense) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:	<b>其他全面收入(開支)</b> 不會重新分類至損益之項目:		
Fair value gain (loss) on investments in equity instruments at fair value through	按公允價值計入其他全面收入的 股本工具投資的公允價值		
other comprehensive income Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	收益(虧損) 其後可能重新分類至損益之 項目:	52	(57,188)
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	換算海外業務產生之 匯兑差額	(2,321)	790
Other comprehensive expense	年內其他全面開支,扣除		
for the year, net of income tax	所得税	(2,269)	(56,398)
Total comprehensive expense	年內全面開支	(50.545)	(450,000)
for the year	總額	(50,547)	(150,838)
Total comprehensive expense attributable to:	下列應佔全面開支 總額:		
– Owners of the Company	一本公司擁有人	(40,889)	(145,811)
<ul> <li>Non-controlling interests</li> </ul>	一非控股權益	(9,658)	(5,027)
		(50,547)	(150,838)
Total comprehensive expense	本公司擁有人應佔全面		
attributable to owners of the Company:	開支總額:		
<ul> <li>from continuing operations</li> </ul>	一來自持續經營業務	(33,927)	(142,810)
– from discontinued operations	一來自已終止經營業務	(6,962)	(3,001)
		(40,889)	(145,811)

## Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2020 於2020年12月31日

		Notes 附註	2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Investment properties Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI")	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 使用權資產 投資物業 按公允價值計入其他全面 收入(「按公允價值 計入其他全面收入」)	18 19 20	12,307 15,103 157,300	49,411 15,834 19,400
Deposits paid Deferred tax assets	的股本工具 已支付訂金 遞延税項資產	23 24 38	34,883 294,100 31	52,743 313,100 839
			513,724	451,327
CURRENT ASSETS Contract costs Loan and interest receivables Deposits and other receivables Restricted bank balances Bank balances and cash	流動資產 合約成本 應收貸款及利息 訂金及其他應收款 受限制銀行結餘 銀行結餘及現金	25 26 27 28 29	131,761 - 164,169 75,826 2,343	128,124 14,339 74,998 80,542 7,627
Assets classified as held for sale	分類為持作銷售的資產	13	374,099 10,307	305,630 239,454 545,084
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade payables Contract liabilities Other payables and accruals Lease liabilities – current portion Amount due to a non-controlling interest Amount due to a shareholder Deposits received Tax liabilities	流動負債 應付賬款 合約負債 其他應付款及應計費用 租賃負債一流動部分 應付一名非控股股東款項 應付一名股東款項 已收訂金 税項負債	30 32 33 34 41 41 13	65,797 54,926 86,339 676 - 2,153 - 1,532	67,231 61,749 22,926 754 2,625 5,219 20,000 1,605
Liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale	分類為持作銷售與 資產相關的負債	13	1,978	182,109 6,525
			213,401	188,634
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		171,005	356,450
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	總資產減流動負債		684,729	807,777

## Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2020 於2020年12月31日

		Notes 附註	2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
NON-CURRENT LIABILITY	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities – non-current portion	租賃負債-非流動部分	34	_	264
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		684,729	807,513
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	37	1,469,376	1,469,376
Reserves	儲備		(791,340)	(750,451)
		_		
Equity attributable to owners	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
of the Company			678,036	718,925
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		6,693	88,588
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益		684,729	807,513
•		_		

The consolidated financial statements on pages 61 to 263 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 31 March 2021 and are signed on its behalf by

第61頁至263頁所列的綜合財務報表,經董事會於2021年3月31日核准及授權發出,並由下列董事代表簽署

Zhang Jing Ming 張敬明 Director 董事 Leng Xiao Rong 冷小榮 Director 董事

## Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

				Attributable	to owners of th	a Company				
		Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔					olling			
		Share capital	Share premium	Statutory surplus reserve	FVTOCI reserve 按公允價值 計入其他	Exchange reserve	Accumulated losses	Total	Non- controlling interest	Total
		<b>股本</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 37) (附註37)	<b>股份溢價</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note a) <i>(附註a)</i>	法定盈餘 公積金 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note b) (附註b)	<b>全面收入</b> <b>的儲備</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>匯兌儲備</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>累計虧損</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>總計</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>非控股權益</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>總計</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2019 总	於2019年1月1日	1,469,376	320,476	105,028	5,898	1,422	(1,037,464)	864,736	25,197	889,933
Loss for the year 年	<b>平內虧損</b>	_	-	-	_	-	(89,049)	(89,049)	(5,391)	(94,440)
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: Fair value loss on investments in equity instruments at PVTOCI Items that may be reclassified subsequently 其	其他全面(開支)收入 不會重新分類至損益之 項目: 按公允價值計入其他全面 收入的股本工具投資的 公允價值虧損 接後可能重新分類至損益之 項目:	-	-	-	(57,188)	-	-	(57,188)	-	(57,188)
Exchange difference arising on translation of foreign operations	因換算海外業務產生之 匯兑差額	-	-	-		426	_	426	364	790
	年內其他全面(開支)收入, 扣除所得稅	-	-	-	(57,188)	426	-	(56,762)	364	(56,398)
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	年內全面(開支) 收入總額	-	-		(57,188)	426	(89,049)	(145,811)	(5,027)	(150,838)
· ·	出售按公允價值計入其他 全面收入之股本工具時 解除按公允價值計入其他 全面收入的儲備 <i>(附註d)</i>	_	_		(3,000)	_	3,000	_	_	_
Dividend paid to non-controlling interest (Note 42)	已付予非控股股東之股息 ( <i>附註42</i> )	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	(9,070)	(9,070)
	收購一間附屬公司 <i>(附註35(b)(i))</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	77,488	77,488
At 31 December 2019	於2019年12月31日	1,469,376	320,476	105,028	(54,290)	1,848	(1,123,513)	718,925	88,588	807,513

## Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

		Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔								
		Share capital  股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 37)	Share premium  股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note a)	Statutory surplus reserve 法定盈餘 公積金 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note b)	FVTOCI reserve 按公允價值 計入其他 全面收入 的儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Exchange reserve <b>匯兌儲備</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	Accumulated losses  累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>Total</b> <b>總計</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	Non- controlling interest 非控股權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	( <i>附註39</i> ) 1,469,376	(附註a) 320,476	( <i>附註b</i> ) 105,028	(54,290)	1,848	(1,123,513)	718,925	88,588	807,513
Loss for the year	年內虧損	-	-	-	-	-	(39,681)	(39,681)	(8,597)	(48,278)
Other comprehensive income (expense) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: Fair value gain on investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	其他全面收入(開支) 不會重新分類至損益之 項目: 按公允價值計入其他全面 收入的股本工具投資的									-
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	公允價值收益 <i>其後可能重新分類至損益之</i> 項目:		_	-	52	\	-	52	-	52
Exchange difference arising on translation of foreign operations	因換算海外業務產生之 匯兑差額	-	-	_	-	(1,260)	-	(1,260)	(1,061)	(2,321)
Other comprehensive income (expense) for the year, net of income tax	年內其他全面收入(開支), 扣除所得税	-	-	-	52	(1,260)	-	(1,208)	(1,061)	(2,269)
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	年內全面收入(開支) 總額	-	-	-	52	(1,260)	(39,681)	(40,889)	(9,658)	(50,547)
Release of FVTOCI reserve upon disposal of investment in equity instruments at FVTOCI	出售按公允價值計入其他 全面收入之股本工具時 解除按公允價值計入其他				10.004		(40.004)			
Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 36(a)) Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 35(a))	全面收入的儲備 出售一間附屬公司( <i>附註36(a))</i> 收購附屬公司( <i>附註35(a))</i>	- - -	- - -	- - -	18,984 - -	- - -	(18,984) - -	- - -	(74,711) 2,474	(74,711) 2,474
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	1,469,376	320,476	105,028	(35,254)	588	(1,182,178)	678,036	6,693	684,729

## Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

Notes:

#### (a) Share premium

Share premium comprises surplus between the value of net assets acquired and the nominal value of domestic shares issued as a result of the incorporation of the Company as a joint stock limited company and the share premium from the issuance of H-shares.

#### (b) Statutory surplus reserve

The Group is required to set aside 10% of its profit after taxation prepared in accordance with the PRC accounting standards and regulations to the statutory surplus reserve until the balance reaches 50% of their respective paid up capital or registered capital, where further appropriation will be made at the directors' recommendation. Such reserve can be used to reduce any losses incurred or increased the capital.

#### (c) Distributable reserve

Pursuant to the relevant PRC regulations, distributable reserve shall be the lower of the accumulated distributable profits determined in accordance with PRC accounting standards and regulations as stated in the PRC statutory audited financial statements and the accumulated distributable profits determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. The Group did not have any reserve available for distribution as at 31 December 2020 and 2019.

(d) Included in fair value gain on investments in equity instrument at FVTOCI was approximately RMB3,000,000 which was related to equity instrument that has been reclassified as held for sale during the year ended 31 December 2018 and disposed during the year ended 31 December 2019. 附註:

#### (a) 股份溢價

股份溢價包括收購的淨資產價值和本公司作為 股份制有限公司註冊成立而發行的內資股面 值之間的盈餘,以及發行H股所產生的股份溢 價。

#### (b) 法定盈餘公積金

根據中國會計準則及法規,本集團需要從稅後溢利中撥出10%作為法定盈餘公積金,直到該公積金達到彼等各自已繳足股本或註冊資本的50%,進一步的撥備將由董事建議。該公積金可以用作減少已發生的任何虧損或增加股本。

#### (c) 可供分配之儲備

根據中國有關之規例,可供分配之儲備為根據中國會計準則及法規釐定之載列於中國法定經審核財務報表之累計可供分派溢利與根據香港公認會計原則釐定之累計可供分派溢利兩者之較低者。本集團於2020年及2019年12月31日並無任何可供分配之儲備。

(d) 按公允價值計入其他全面收入的股本工具的公允價值收益約人民幣3,000,000元與截至2018年12月31日止年度重新分類為持作銷售的股本工具有關,該股本工具已於截至2019年12月31日止年度出售。

## **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

## 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

		2020 RMB'000	2019 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元 (Restated) (經重列)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Loss for the year	<b>經營業務</b> 年內虧損		
- from continuing operations - from discontinued operations	- 來自持續經營業務 - 來自終止經營業務	(37,978) (10,300)	(90,711) (3,729)
Adjustments for:	調整:	(11,211,	(= /: == /
Income tax	所得税	186	1,156
Interest income	利息收入	(829)	(4,638)
Dividends from equity investments	股權投資股息	(1,934)	_
Rent concession	租金寬減	(145)	-
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及		
plant and equipment	設備折舊	196	270
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	1,433	1,520
Share of loss of associates	分佔聯營公司虧損	-	8,548
Impairment losses on other	其他應收款的減值虧損淨額		
receivables, net	<b>ホル役却 フゴルウン4/ままり</b> でみ	10,520	71,491
Impairment losses on loan and interest	應收貸款及利息減值虧損淨額	10.150	6 122
receivables, net Impairment loss recognised in respect of	4.1 恤类   ∝巨 7.3 供 4.	10,159	6,123
property, plant and equipment	計入物業、廠房及設備的 減值虧損	36,380	
Loss on deregistration of a subsidiary	減阻虧損 註銷一間附屬公司所致虧損	30,360	_
Loss from changes in fair value of	世	4	_
investment properties	据損 <b>(1)</b>	428	730
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries, net	出售附屬公司收益淨額	(15,554)	(1,072)
Loss on written-off of property,	撇銷物業、廠房及設備的	(13,334)	(1,072)
plant and equipment	虧損	-	5
Finance cost	融資成本	31	53
Operating cash flows before	營運資金變動前的經營		
movements in working capital	現金流量	(7,403)	(10,254)
(Increase) decrease in contract costs	合約成本(增加)減少	(3,637)	8,797
Decrease in loan and interest receivables	應收貸款及利息減少	-	31,255
Decrease (increase) in deposits and other	訂金及其他應收款減少(增加)		
receivables		47,553	(27,746)
Decrease in trade payables	應付賬款減少	(1,434)	(18,093)
Decrease in contract liabilities	合約負債減少	(6,823)	(22,550)
(Decrease) increase in amount due to	應付一名非控股股東款項	(077)	F.C.4
non-controlling interest	(減少)増加	(877)	564
Decrease in other payables and accruals	其他應付款及應計費用減少	(495)	(18,233)
Cash generated from (used in)	經營活動所得(所用)現金		
operations		26,884	(56,260)
ncome tax refund (paid), net	退還(繳付)所得税淨額	758	(167)
NET CASH FROM (USED IN) OPERATING	經營活動所得(所用)現金淨額		
ACTIVITIES		27,642	

## **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

## 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (經重列)
INVESTING A CTUATION	18.5% 아무 프L		
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動	4.0	101
Interest received	已收利息	10	101
Deposit received from assets classified	已收分類為持作銷售的		20.000
as held for sale	資產的訂金	(27,000)	20,000
Deposit paid Dividend received from equity investments	收購物業所支付的訂金 股權投資已收股息	(37,000)	(20,364)
Purchase of right-of-use assets	購買使用權資產	1,370	(6,450)
Net cash outflow on disposal	出售附屬公司的	_	(0,430)
of subsidiaries	現金流出淨額	(13)	(482)
Net cash outflow on acquisition	收購附屬公司的 收購	(13)	(402)
of subsidiaries	現金流出淨額	(14,931)	(15,413)
Purchase of equity instruments	購買按公允價值計入其他	(14,551)	(13,413)
at FVTOCI	全面收入的股本工具	_	(63,931)
Proceed from disposal of equity instruments			(05,551)
at FVTOCI	的股本工具的所得款項	18,476	_
attivioci	的放作工具的用序数次	10,470	
NET CACH LICED IN	十八小次江弘公		
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	支付投資活動的	(22,000)	(96 E20)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	現金淨額	(32,088)	(86,539)
	T4- 1-7 T.		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動		
(Decrease) increase in amount due to	應付一名股東款項(減少)增加	(2.055)	2.670
shareholder	平阳 41497744 公計 小	(3,066)	3,679
Decrease in restricted bank balance	受限制銀行結餘減少	4,716	6,914
Dividend paid to a non-controlling interest	已付一名非控股股東股息	(700)	(9,070)
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	(799)	(939)
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<b>立方际次迁新公理</b>	051	EQ4
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<b>米日熙貞</b> 石 <b>劃</b> 的現 <b>亚</b> 净韻	851	584
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND	<b>用人刀用人做住在</b> 日		
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND	現金及現金等值項目	(2.505)	(1.42.202)
CASH EQUIVALENTS	減少淨額	(3,595)	(142,382)
CACH AND CACH FOUNTALENTS	₩4₽4₽₩₩ <b>₽</b> ₽		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 1 JANUARY	於1月1日的現金及	7.644	149,258
AT TJANUART	現金等值項目	7,644	149,256
Effect of foreign exchange	匯率變動影響,		
rate changes, net	净額 	(1,552)	768
rate thanges, het	/ <del>7</del> 18	(1,332)	700
CACH AND CACH FOUNTALENTS	左士公理人工		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	年末的現金及	2.407	7.611
AT THE END OF THE YEAR	現金等值項目	2,497	7,644
	A4 E E // EE A E		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	於12月31日的現金及		
AT 31 DECEMBER, represented by:	現金等值項目,即:	2.242	7.627
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	2,343	7,627
Bank balance and cash included in assets	計入分類為持作銷售的資產的	454	47
classified as held for sales	銀行結餘及現金	154	17
		2,497	7,644

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Shenyang Public Utility Holdings Company Limited (the "Company") is a joint stock limited company incorporated in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

The addresses of the principal place of business of the Company in PRC is Room 2-12-5, Block B, Diwang Club Apartment, No. 19 Wenyi Road, Shenhe District, Shenyang, the PRC.

The address of the registered office of the Company in PRC is No. 1-4, 20A, Central Street, Shenyang Economic and Technological Development Zone, the PRC.

The address of the principal place of business in Hong Kong is 8/F, Skyway Centre, 23 Queen's Road West, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong.

The Company is an investment holding company and the principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in Note 42 to the consolidated financial statements. The Group was also engaged in credit business and securities investments which was discontinued in current year (Note 13).

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"). Other than those subsidiaries established in Hong Kong whose functional currencies are Hong Kong Dollars ("HK\$"), the functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively known as the "Group") are RMB.

The Company's H-shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**") with effect from 16 December 1999.

#### 1. 一般資料

瀋陽公用發展股份有限公司(「本公司」)是一家在中華人民共和國(「中國」)註冊成立的股份有限公司。

本公司於中國的主要營業地點之地址 位於中國瀋陽市沈河區文藝路19號地 王俱樂部公寓B座2-12-5室。

本公司於中國的註冊辦事處之地址位 於中國瀋陽經濟技術開發區中央大街 20甲1-4號。

本公司於香港的主要營業地點之地址 位於香港上環皇后大道西23號天威中 心8樓。

本公司為投資控股公司,其附屬公司 主要業務載於綜合財務報表附註42。 本集團亦從事信貸業務及證券投資, 該業務已於本年度終止(附註13)。

綜合財務報表以人民幣(「**人民幣**」) 列示。除於香港成立的該等附屬公司以港元(「**港元**」)為功能貨幣外, 人民幣是本公司及其附屬公司(統稱 「**本集團**」)的功能貨幣。

本公司的H股自1999年12月16日起在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交所**」) 上市。

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# 2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

# Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in HKFRS Standards and the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2020 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to Hong Kong

Definition of Material

Accounting Standards ("**HKAS**") 1 and HKAS 8 Amendments to HKERS 3

Definition of a Business

Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform

In addition, the Group has early applied the Amendment to HKFRS 16 *Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions*.

Except as described below, the application of the *Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in HKFRS Standards* and the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

# 2. 採用經修訂的香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)

## 於本年度強制生效的經修訂香港財務 報告準則

於本年度,本集團已就編製綜合財務報表,首次應用「香港財務報告準則中對概念框架參考修訂」及以下於2020年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間強制生效的由香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的經修訂香港財務報告準則:

香港會計準則(「香港會計

重大的定義

**準則**」)第1號及香港會計 準則第8號(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則第3號 業務的定義

(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則第9號、 香港會計準則第39號及 香港財務報告準則第7號 (修訂本) 利率基準 改革

此外,本集團已提早應用香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本)[2019冠狀病毒病相關租金寬減]。

除下文説明者外,於本年度應用「香港財務報告準則中對概念框架參考修訂」 及經修訂香港財務報告準則對本集團 於本年度及過往年度的財務狀況及表 現及/或該等綜合財務報表所載的披露並無重大影響。

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2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS(s)") (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

2.1 Impacts on application of Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8 Definition of Material

The Group has applied the Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8 for the first time in the current year. The amendments provide a new definition of material that states "information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements, which provide financial information about a specific reporting entity." The amendments also clarify that materiality depends on the nature or magnitude of information, either individually or in combination with other information, in the context of the financial statements taken as a whole.

The application of the amendments in the current year had no impact on the consolidated financial statements. 2. 採用新頒佈及經修訂的香港財務報 告準則(「香港財報告準則」)(續)

> 於本年度強制生效的經修訂香港財務 報告準則(續)

> 2.1 應用香港會計準則第1號及 香港會計準則第8號(修訂本) 「重大的定義/的影響

> > 本集團已於本年度首次應用會首次應用會計準則第1號及6。 準則第8號(修訂本)。。 第8號(修訂本)。 第6時期第1號及。 第5時期第1號及 第5時期 第5時期 第5時期 第5時期 第6時期 第6

本年度應用等修訂對綜合財務 報表並無影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS(s)") (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

2.2 Impacts on application of Amendments to HKFRS 3 Definition of a Business

The Group has applied the amendments for the first time in the current year. The amendments clarify that while businesses usually have outputs, outputs are not required for an integrated set of activities and assets to qualify as a business. To be considered a business, an acquired set of activities and assets must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs.

The amendments remove the assessment of whether market participants are capable of replacing any missing inputs or processes and continuing to produce outputs. The amendments also introduce additional guidance that helps to determine whether a substantive process has been acquired.

2. 採用新頒佈及經修訂的香港財務報告準則(「香港財報告準則」)(續)

於本年度強制生效的新頒佈及經修訂 香港財務報告準則(續)

2.2 應用香港財務報告準則第3號 (修訂本)「業務的定義|的影響

> 本集團已於本年度首次應用該 等修訂本。該等修訂產用 對於一組整合的活動及資 言,產出非屬符合業務, 要件。如果要構成業務, 便 一組活動及資產必 包括一項投入和一項實性 程 , 二者可以共同顯著促 造產出的能力。

> 該等修訂刪除了對市場參與者 是否有能力替換缺失的投入或 過程並繼續創造產出的評估。 該等修訂還為評估所取得的過 程是否為實質性過程提供了額 外指引。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS(s)") (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

2.2 Impacts on application of Amendments to HKFRS 3 Definition of a Business (Continued)

In addition, the amendments introduce an optional concentration test that permits a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business. Under the optional concentration test, the acquired set of activities and assets is not a business if substantially all of the fair value of the gross assets acquired is concentrated in a single identifiable asset or group of similar assets. The gross assets under assessment exclude cash and cash equivalents, deferred tax assets, and goodwill resulting from the effects of deferred tax liabilities. The election on whether to apply the optional concentration test is available on transaction-by-transaction basis.

The Group has elected to apply the optional concentration test on the acquisition of Target Companies (as defined and detailed in Notes 24(c) and 35(a)) and concluded that such acquisition does not constitute a business.

2. 採用新頒佈及經修訂的香港財務報 告準則(「香港財報告準則」)(續)

> 於本年度強制生效的新頒佈及經修訂 香港財務報告準則(續)

> 2.2 應用香港財務報告準則第3號 (修訂本)「業務的定義」的影響 (續)

> > 本集團已選擇就收購目標公司(定義及詳情見附註24(c)及35(a))應用選擇性集中度測試,並總結該收購並不構成業務。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS(s)") (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

2.3 Impacts on early application of Amendment to HKFRS 16 Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions

The Group has applied the amendment for the first time in the current year. The amendment introduces a new practical expedient for lessees to elect not to assess whether a Covid-19-related rent concession is a lease modification. The practical expedient only applies to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the Covid-19 that meets all of the following conditions:

- the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021; and
- there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

2. 採用新頒佈及經修訂的香港財務報 告準則(「香港財報告準則」)(續)

> 於本年度強制生效的新頒佈及經修訂 香港財務報告準則(續)

> 2.3 提早應用香港財務報告準則第 16號(修訂本)「2019冠狀病毒 病相關租金寬減 的影響

> > 本集團已於本年度首次應用該 等修訂本。該等修訂引入新的 可行權宜方法,承租人可選擇 不評估2019冠狀病毒病相關租 金寬減是否屬租賃修改。該可 行權宜方法僅適用於因2019 冠狀病毒病直接產生之租金寬 減,且須符合下列所有條件:

- 租賃付款變動導致經修 訂租賃代價與緊接變動 前的租賃代價大致相同 或低於該代價;
- 任何租賃付款減少僅影響原到期日為2021年6 月30日或之前的付款:
- 其他租賃條款及條件並 無實質變動。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS(s)") (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

2.3 Impacts on early application of Amendment to HKFRS 16 Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions (Continued)

A lessee applying the practical expedient accounts for changes in lease payments resulting from rent concessions the same way it would account for the changes applying HKFRS 16 *Leases* if the changes were not a lease modification. Forgiveness or waiver of lease payments are accounted for as variable lease payments. The related lease liabilities are adjusted to reflect the amounts forgiven or waived with a corresponding adjustment recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which the event occurs.

The application of the amendment had no impact to the opening accumulated losses at 1 January 2020. The Group has benefited from 7 to 9 months concession of lease payments on several leases in the PRC and Hong Kong. The Group has derecognised the part of lease liability that has been extinguished by the forgiveness of lease payments using the discount rates originally applied to these leases respectively, resulting in a decrease in the lease liabilities of RMB145,000, which has been recognised as variable lease payments in profit or loss for the current year.

2. 採用新頒佈及經修訂的香港財務報 告準則(「香港財報告準則」)(續)

> 於本年度強制生效的新頒佈及經修訂 香港財務報告準則(續)

> 2.3 提早應用香港財務報告準則第 16號(修訂本)「2019冠狀病毒 病相關租金寬減 的影響(續)

> > 應用可行權宜方法將租賃寬減 導致的租賃付款變動列賬的租赁付款變動列賬的不可將應用一方式將應用看」的務報告準則第16號「租賃」的發動入賬(倘變動並非租赁債款的寬免或豁免實付款列賬。相關發生,與實色,並於該事件發生的的金額,並於該事件發生的內在損益中確認相應調整。

應用該等修訂對於2020年1月1日之期初累計虧損並無影響。 一之期初累計虧損並無影響若 租賃的7至9個月租賃付款 減。本集團已終止確認因寬付款(分別採用該等租賃付款(分別採用該等租赁 到適用的貼現率)而消除的部 租賃負債,導致租賃負債減 人民幣145,000元,並已於本 年度的損益內確認為可變租賃 付款。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS(s)") (Continued)

# New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 17

Insurance Contracts and the related Amendments¹

Amendment to HKFRS 16

Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions⁴

Amendments to HKFRS 3

Reference to the Conceptual Framework²

Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, Interest Rate Benchmark Reform HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 – Phase 2<sup>5</sup>

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and
HKAS 28

Sale or Contribution of Assets
between an Investor and its
Associate or Joint Venture<sup>3</sup>

Amendments to HKAS 1

Classification of Liabilities as
Current or Non-current and
related amendments to Hong
Kong Interpretation 5 (2020)<sup>1</sup>

Amendments to HKAS 16

Property, Plant and Equipment
— Proceeds before Intended

Amendments to HKAS 37 Use<sup>2</sup>
Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract<sup>2</sup>

Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020<sup>2</sup>

Hong Kong Accounting Merger Accounting for Common Guideline 5 (Revised) Control Combinations<sup>2</sup>

# 2. 採用新頒佈及經修訂的香港財務報 告準則(「香港財報告準則」)(續)

## 已頒佈但尙未生效的新頒佈及經修訂 香港財務報告準則

本集團尚未提早應用以下已頒佈但尚 未生效的新頒佈及經修訂香港財務報 告準則:

香港財務報告準則 保險合約及 第17號 相關修訂' 香港財務報告準則 2019冠狀病毒病 第16號(修訂本) 相關租金寬減<sup>4</sup> 香港財務報告準則第3號 概念框架參考<sup>2</sup>

(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則 利率基準改革 第9號、香港會計準則 -第2階段<sup>5</sup> 第39號、香港財務 報告準則第7號、 香港財務報告準則 第4號及香港財務報告

準則第16號(修訂本)

香港會計準則第37號

香港財務報告準則 投資者與其聯營 第10號及香港會計 公司或合營企業 準則第28號(修訂本) 之間的資產出售 或注資3

香港會計準則第1號 將負債分類為流動 (修訂本) 或非流動及對

香港詮釋第5號 的相關修訂 (2020年)<sup>1</sup>

香港會計準則第16號 物業、廠房及設備 (修訂本) 一作擬定用途前

之所得款項<sup>2</sup> 虧損性合約-履行 合約的成本<sup>2</sup>

 (修訂本)
 合約的成本²

 香港財務報告準則
 香港財務報告準則

 (修訂本)
 2018-2020年的

 年度改進²

香港會計指引第5號 共同控制合併之 (經修訂) 合併會計法<sup>2</sup>

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS(s)") (Continued)

# New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

- 1 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021.

Except for the new and amendments to HKFRSs mentioned below, the directors of the Company (the "**Directors**") anticipate that the application of all other new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

# 2. 採用新頒佈及經修訂的香港財務報告準則(「香港財報告準則」)(續)

# 已頒佈但尚未生效的新頒佈及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

- 於2023年1月1日或之後開始的年度 期間生效。
- <sup>2</sup> 於2022年1月1日或之後開始的年度 期間生效。
- <sup>3</sup> 於有待釐定日期或之後開始的年度期間生效。
- 4 於2020年6月1日或之後開始的年度 期間生效。
- 5 於2021年1月1日或之後開始的年度 期間生效。

除下述的新頒佈及經修訂香港財務報告準則外,本公司董事(「**董事**」)預計,應用所有其他新頒佈及經修訂香港財務報告準則於可見將來不會對綜合財務報表有任何重大影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS(s)") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 3 Reference to the Conceptual Framework

The amendments:

- update a reference in HKFRS 3 Business Combinations so that it refers to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018 issued in June 2018 (the "Conceptual Framework") instead of Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements (replaced by the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2010 issued in October 2010);
- add a requirement that, for transactions and other events within the scope of HKAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets or HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 Levies, an acquirer applies HKAS 37 or HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 instead of the Conceptual Framework to identify the liabilities it has assumed in a business combination; and
- add an explicit statement that an acquirer does not recognise contingent assets acquired in a business combination.

The Group will apply the amendments prospectively to business combinations for which the date of acquisition is on or after the beginning of the first annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2022. The application of the amendments is not expected to have significant impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

2. 採用新頒佈及經修訂的香港財務報 告準則(「香港財報告準則」)(續)

> 已頒佈但尚未生效的新頒佈及經修訂 香港財務報告準則(續)

> 香港財務報告準則第3號(修訂本) 「概念框架參考|

該等修訂本:

- 更新香港財務報告準則第3號 「業務合併」中的一項引述,使 其指2018年6月頒佈的「2018 年財務報告概念框架」(「概念框 架」),而非「編製及呈列財務報 表之框架」(由2010年10月頒佈 的2010年財務報告概念框架取 代);
- 新增一項要求,即對於香港會計準則第37號「撥備、或營產」或香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋第21號「徵費」範圍內的交易及使事項,收購人須應用香港與第37號或香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋第21號,而非概念框架,以識別其於業務合併中承擔的負債;及
- 新增一項明確陳述,即收購人 不會確認於業務合併中收購的 或然資產。

本集團將對收購日期為2022年1月1日 或之後開始的首個年度期間的業務合 併前瞻性應用修訂。預期應用該等修 訂本不會對本集團的財務狀況及表現 有重大影響。

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2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS(s)") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020)

The amendments provide clarification and additional guidance on the assessment of right to defer settlement for at least twelve months from reporting date for classification of liabilities as current or non-current, which:

- specify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current should be based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period.
   Specifically, the amendments clarify that:
  - (i) the classification should not be affected by management intentions or expectations to settle the liability within 12 months; and
  - (ii) if the right is conditional on the compliance with covenants, the right exists if the conditions are met at the end of the reporting period, even if the lender does not test compliance until a later date; and
- clarify that if a liability has terms that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the transfer of the entity's own equity instruments, these terms do not affect its classification as current or non-current only if the entity recognises the option separately as an equity instrument applying HKAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation.

2. 採用新頒佈及經修訂的香港財務報告準則(「香港財報告準則」)(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的新頒佈及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)「將負債分類為流動或非流動及對香港詮釋第5號的相關修訂(2020年)|

該等修訂就評估自報告日期起至少十二個月之延遲結算權利提供澄清及額外指引,以將負債分類為流動或非流動,當中:

- 訂明負債應根據報告期末存有 之權利分類為流動或非流動。 該等修訂特別澄清:
  - (i) 該分類不受管理層在12 個月內結清負債之意圖 或預期所影響;及
  - (ii) 倘若該權利以遵守契諾 為條件,則即使貸款人 在較後日期才測試是否 符合條件,該權利在報 告期末符合條件之情況 下仍然存在;及
- 澄清倘負債具有可由對手方選 擇透過轉讓實體本身的股本工 具進行結清之條款,則僅當實 體採用香港會計準則第32號 「金融工具:呈列」將選擇權單 獨確認為股本工具時,該等條 款方不會影響其分類為流動或 非流動。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS(s)") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) (Continued)

In addition, Hong Kong Interpretation 5 was revised as a consequence of the Amendments to HKAS 1 to align the corresponding wordings with no change in conclusion.

Based on the Group's outstanding liabilities as at 31 December 2020, the application of the amendments will not result in reclassification of the Group's liabilities.

# Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020

The annual improvements make amendments to the following standards.

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments

The amendment clarifies that for the purpose of assessing whether modification of terms of original financial liability constitutes substantial modification under the "10 per cent" test, a borrower includes only fees paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or the lender on the other's behalf.

# 2. 採用新頒佈及經修訂的香港財務報 告準則(「香港財報告準則」)(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的新頒佈及經修訂 香港財務報告準則(續)

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)「將負債分類為流動或非流動及對香港詮釋第5號的相關修訂(2020年)」(續)

此外,香港詮釋第5號因香港會計準則 第1號(修訂本)而予以修改,以使相應 措辭一致,但結論不變。

根據本集團於2020年12月31日之未償還負債,應用該等修訂將不會導致本集團負債被重新分類。

香港財務報告準則修訂本「香港財務報 告準則2018-2020年的年度改進 /

年度改進對下列準則進行了修訂。

香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」

該等修訂澄清,就評估在[10%]測試下對原始財務負債條款的修改是否構成實質修改而言,借款人僅計入借款人與貸款人之間支付或收取的費用,包括借款人或貸款人代表對方支付或收取的費用。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS(s)") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020 (Continued)

HKFRS 16 Leases

The amendment to Illustrative Example 13 accompanying HKFRS 16 removes from the example the illustration of reimbursement relating to leasehold improvements by the lessor in order to remove any potential confusion.

HKAS 41 Agriculture

The amendment ensures consistency with the requirements in HKFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement by removing the requirement in paragraph 22 of HKAS 41 to exclude taxation cash flows when measuring the fair value of a biological asset using a present value technique.

The application of the amendments is not expected to have significant impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

2. 採用新頒佈及經修訂的香港財務報 告準則(「香港財報告準則」)(續)

已頒佈但尙未生效的新頒佈及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則修訂本「香港財務報告準則2018-2020年的年度改進」(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」

香港財務報告準則第16號所附的對示 例第13號的修訂從示例中刪除出租人 為租賃物業裝修而作出補償的説明, 以消除任何潛在的混淆。

香港會計準則第41號「農業」

該等修訂刪除香港會計準則第41號第 22段中關於使用現值技術計量生物資 產的公允價值時不計入稅項現金流量 的要求,從而確保與香港財務報告準 則第13號「公允價值計量」的要求相一 致。

預期應用該等修訂本不會對本集團財 務狀況及表現有重大影響。

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# 3.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. For the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements, information is considered material if such information is reasonably expected to influence decisions made by primary users. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

### Going concern assessment

The Directors have, at the time of approving the consolidated financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

## 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策

### 3.1 綜合財務報表編製基準

#### 持續經營評估

於批准綜合財務報表時,董事合理預期本集團有充足資源於可預見未來繼續持續經營。因此,董事在編製綜合財務報表時繼續採用持續經營會計基準。

除若干物業及金融工具於各報 告期末以公允價值計量外(見載 於下文的會計政策説明),綜合 財務報表是根據歷史成本基準 編製。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 3.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements (Continued)

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment, leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 Inventories or value in use in HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

# 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

### 3.1 綜合財務報表編製基準(續)

歷史成本一般根據交易貨品及 服務時所付出代價的公允價值 計算。

公允價值是於計量日期市場參 與者間於有秩序交易中出售資 產所收取或轉讓負債須支付之 價格, 而不論該價格為可直接 觀察取得或可使用其他估值方 法估計。於估計資產或負債之 公允價值時,本集團會考慮 該等市場參與者於計量日期對 資產或負債定價時所考慮之資 產或負債之特點。於該等綜合 財務報表中作計量及/或披露 用途之公允價值乃按此基準釐 定,惟以下各項除外:屬於香 港財務報告準則第2號「以股份 為基礎的付款」範圍內以股份為 付款基礎之交易、根據香港財 務報告準則第16號入賬之租賃 交易,以及其計量與公允價值 之計量存在某些相似之處但並 非公允價值,例如香港會計準 則第2號「存貨」之可變現淨值 或香港會計準則第36號「資產 減值」之使用價值。

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 3.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For financial instruments and investment properties which are transacted at fair value and a valuation technique that unobservable inputs is to be used to measure fair value in subsequent periods, the valuation technique is calibrated so that at initial recognition the results of the valuation technique equals the transaction price.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date:
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

# 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

### 3.1 綜合財務報表編製基準(續)

就按公允價值交易的金融工具 及投資物業以及於其後期間計 量公允價值將使用不可觀察輸 入數據的估值方法而言,估值 方法會予以校準以使初步確認 時估值方法結果與交易價格相 等。

此外,就財務報告而言,公允 價值計量分為第一級、第二級 或第三級,有關等級之劃分乃 根據公允價值計量之輸入數據 之可觀察程度及該輸入數據對 公允價值計量之整體重要性, 概述如下:

- 第一級輸入數據指該實體於計量日期由活躍市場上相同資產或負債獲得之報價(未經調整);
- 第二級輸入數據指除第 一級所包含之報價以 外,可直接或間接從資 產或負債觀察之輸入數 據;及
- 第三級輸入數據指不可 從觀察資產或負債獲得 之輸入數據。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved where the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

# 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策

#### 綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及本公司所控制實體及其附屬公司的財務報表。當本公司符合以下情況時,即取得控制權:

- 有權控制被投資方;
- 因其參與被投資方業務 而獲得或有權獲得可變 回報;及
- 有能力以其權力影響其 回報。

倘有事實及情況顯示上列三項 控制權條件之其中一項或多項 有變,則本集團會重新評估其 是否對被投資方擁有控制權。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

## **Basis of consolidation** (Continued)

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intra group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein, which represent present ownership interests entitling their holders to a proportionate share of net assets of the relevant subsidiaries upon liquidation.

# 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

## 綜合基準(續)

損益及其他全面收入各項目乃 歸於本公司擁有人及非控股權 益。附屬公司的全面收入總額 乃歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控 股權益,即使將導致非控股權 益呈現虧絀結餘。

當有必要時,會對附屬公司之 財務報表作出調整,使其會計 政策與本集團之會計政策一致。

所有集團內資產及負債、權益、收支及與本集團成員公司 間交易相關之現金流量均於綜 合賬目時對銷。

於附屬公司的非控股權益從本 集團的權益分開呈列,指賦予 其持有人於清盤時按比例分佔 相關附屬公司資產淨值的權利 的現時擁有權權益。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

# Changes in the Group's interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's relevant components of equity and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries, including re-attribution of relevant reserves between the Group and the non-controlling interests according to the Group's and the non-controlling interests.

Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted, and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

# 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

# 本集團於現有附屬公司的權益的變動

並無導致本集團失去附屬公司的控制權的本集團於附屬公司的權益變動,乃按權益交易分賬。本集團的相關權益部分及財控股權益的賬面值,乃可司整以反映彼等於附屬公本可關權益的變動,包括按照不少相關權益之權益之間的時本集團與非控股權益之間的相關儲備重新歸屬。

非控股權益數額的調整額與已 付或已收代價公允價值之間的 差額,乃於權益直接確認,並 歸於本公司擁有人。

瀋陽公用發展股份有限公司 89

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

# Changes in the Group's interests in existing subsidiaries (Continued)

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary and non-controlling interests (if any) are derecognised. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary attributable to the owners of the Company. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments ("HKFRS 9") or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

# 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

## 本集團於現有附屬公司的權益 的變動(續)

當本集團失去一間附屬公司之 控制權時,則該附屬公司之資 產及負債以及非控股權益(如 有)應予取消確認。盈虧於損 益內確認,並按:(i)已收代價 公允價值及任何保留權益公允 價值總額與(ii)本公司擁有人應 佔附屬公司之資產(包括商譽) 及負債之賬面值之差額計算。 所有先前於其他全面收入確認 之有關該附屬公司之款項,將 按猶如本集團已直接出售該附 屬公司之相關資產或負債入賬 (即按適用香港財務報告準則 之規定/許可條文重新分類至 損益或轉撥至另一類權益)。於 失去控制權當日於前附屬公司 保留之任何投資之公允價值將 根據香港財務報告準則第9號 「金融工具」(「香港財務報告準 則第9號」),於其後入賬時被 列作初步確認之公允價值,或 (如適用)於初步確認時於一間 聯營公司或合營企業之投資成 本。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

### Business combinations or asset acquisitions

Optional concentration test

Effective from 1 January 2020, the Group can elect to apply an optional concentration test, on a transaction by – transaction basis, that permits a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business. The concentration test is met if substantially all of the fair value of the gross assets acquired is concentrated in a single identifiable asset or group of similar identifiable assets. The gross assets under assessment exclude cash and cash equivalents, deferred tax assets, and goodwill resulting from the effects of deferred tax liabilities. If the concentration test is met, the set of activities and assets is determined not to be a business and no further assessment is needed.

### Asset acquisitions

When the Group acquires a group of assets and liabilities that do not constitute a business, the Group identifies and recognises the individual identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed by allocating the purchase price first to investment properties which are subsequently measured under fair value model and financial assets at the respective fair values, the remaining balance of the purchase price is then allocated to the other identifiable assets and liabilities on the basis of their relative fair values at the date of purchase. Such a transaction does not give rise to goodwill or bargain purchase gain.

# 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

### 業務合併

### 選擇性集中度測試

自2020年1月1日2020年1月1日日期 中国 1月1日日期 中国 1月1日 1月1日 日 1月1日

#### 資產收購

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

# **Business combinations or asset acquisitions** (Continued)

**Business** combinations

Acquisition of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Except for certain recognition exemptions, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of an asset and a liability in the Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements (replaced by the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting issued in October 2010).

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

 deferred tax assets or liabilities, and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 Income Taxes and HKAS 19 Employee Benefits respectively;

# 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

## 業務合併(續)

### 業務合併

收購業務採用收購法入賬。 務合併的所轉讓代價按公本集 團轉讓的資產、本集團產生的 對被收購者前擁有人的與 本集團為換取被收購者的負控期的 本集團為換取權於收購者日期的 權而發行的總額。有關收購的的 成本一般於產生時於損益中確 認。

除若干確認豁免外,所收購的可識別資產及承擔的負債必須符合「編製及呈列財務報表之框架」(由2010年10月頒佈的「財務報告概念框架」取代)中資產及負債的定義。

於收購日期,所收購的可識別 資產及所承擔的負債乃按公允 價值確認,惟以下情況除外:

• 遞延税項資產或負債, 及與僱員福利安排相關 的資產或負債分別按香 港會計準則第12號「所 得税」及香港會計準則 第19號「僱員福利」確認 及計量:

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

# **Business combinations or asset acquisitions** (Continued)

Business combinations (Continued)

- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment at the acquisition date (see the accounting policy below);
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that standard; and
- lease liabilities are recognised and measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments (as defined in HKFRS 16) as if the acquired leases were new leases at the acquisition date, except for leases of which (a) the lease term ends within 12 months of the acquisition date; or (b) the underlying asset is of low value. Right-of-use assets are recognised and measured at the same amount as the relevant lease liabilities, adjusted to reflect favourable or unfavourable terms of the lease when compared with market terms.

# 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 業務合併(續)

## 業務合併(續)

- 與被收購者以股份支付的安排有關或以本集團訂立之股份支付的支付的安排有關的份支付的安排和限份支付的安排有關的人工具,乃於收購出期按香港財務報告準則第2號「以股份為基礎的付款」計量(見以下會計政策);
- 根據香港財務報告準則 第5號「持作銷售非流 動資產及已終止經營業 務」分類為持作銷售的 資產(或出售組別)根據 該準則計量;及

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

# **Business combinations or asset acquisitions** (Continued)

Business combinations (Continued)

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net amount of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed as at acquisition date. If, after re-assessment, the net amount of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the relevant subsidiary's net assets in the event of liquidation are initially measured at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets or at fair value. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-bytransaction basis.

# 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

## 業務合併(續)

### 業務合併(續)

屬現時擁有權權益且於清盤時讓持有人有權按比例分佔相關附屬公司資產淨值的非控股權益,初步以非控股權益應佔被收購者可識別資產淨值的已確認金額比例或公允價值計量。計量基準的選擇乃按每次交易為基礎。

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

# **Business combinations or asset acquisitions** (Continued)

Business combinations (Continued)

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the "measurement period" (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

The subsequent accounting for the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured to fair value at subsequent reporting dates, with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

# 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 業務合併(續)

### 業務合併(續)

不合資格作為計量期調整的或 然代價其後會計處理將取缺歸 或然代價是如何分類。確益的或然代價不會在其 是報日期重新計量以內。被 是報日期重新計量以內。被 為資產或負債的或然代價公 為資產或自動重新計量至 其後呈報日期重新計量至 價值,並在損益中確認相應的 盈虧。

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business (see the accounting policy above) less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or group of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, which represent the lowest level at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes and not larger than an operating segment.

A cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently when there is indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit (or the group of cash-generating units).

# 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 商譽

收購一項業務所產生的商譽以 業務收購日期(見上文會計政 策)設立之成本減累計減值虧損 (如有)入賬。

就減值測試而言,商譽被分配 到預期從合併的協同效應中受 益的本集團各現金產生單位(或 現金產生單位的組別),而該單 位或單位組別指就內部管理目 的監控商譽的最低層面且不大 於經營分部。

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

## **Goodwill** (Continued)

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit or any of the cash-generating unit within the group of cash-generating units, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal. When the Group disposes of an operation within the cash-generating unit (or a cash-generating unit within a group of cash-generating units), the amount of goodwill disposed of is measured on the basis of the relative values of the operation (or the cash-generating unit) disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit (or the group of cash-generating units) retained.

The Group's policy for goodwill arising on the acquisition of an associate is described below.

#### Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control of those policies.

# 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

## **商譽**(續)

商譽應佔金額於出售相關現金產生單位或該組現金產生單位或該組現金產生單位時意現金產生單位時間, 產定出售損益的金額。或是 團出售現金產生單位(或產生單位組別內的現金產生單位組別內的業務時,所出售商內的業務時,所出售商產生單位( 領按所出售業務(或現金產生單位( 現金產生單位組別)部分的相對 價值計量。

本集團因收購聯營公司產生的 商譽的政策載列下文。

### 於聯營公司的投資

聯營公司是本集團擁有重大影響力的實體。重大影響力是指 參與被投資方的財務及營運政 策決定的權力,而非對該等政 策行使控制權或共同控制權。

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### **Investments in associates** (Continued)

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment, or a portion thereof, is classified as held for sale, in which case it is or the portion so classified is accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. Any retained portion of an investment in an associate that has not been classified as held for sale continues to be accounted for using the equity method. The financial statements of associates used for equity accounting purpose are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. Changes in net assets of the associate other than profit or loss and other comprehensive income are not accounted for unless such changes resulted in changes in ownership interest held by the Group. When the Group's share of losses of an associate exceeds the Group's interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

# 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 於聯營公司的投資(續)

聯營公司業績以及資產及負債 以權益會計法於該等綜合財務 報表入賬,惟當投資或其部分 被分類為持作銷售時則除外, 在此情況下,該投資或被分類 之部分乃根據香港財務報告準 則第5號「持作銷售非流動資產 及已終止經營業務」予以入賬。 於聯營公司之投資之任何保留 部分,如未分類為持作銷售, 則繼續按權益法入賬。使用權 益會計法的聯營公司的財務報 表乃按類同交易及類同情況的 事件下本集團的統一會計政策 編製。根據權益法,於聯營公 司的投資初步按成本於綜合財 務狀況表內確認,並於其後就 確認本集團分佔聯營公司的損 益及其他全面收入予以調整。 除損益及其他全面收入外,聯 營公司資產淨值的變動不會入 賬,除非該等變動導致本集團 持有的擁有權權益出現變動。 當本集團應佔聯營公司的虧損 超出本集團於聯營公司的權益 (包括實質上成為本集團於聯營 公司投資淨額一部分的任何長 期權益)時,本集團取消確認其 應佔的進一步虧損。僅於本集 團已產生法定或推定責任,或 已代表聯營公司支付款項的情 況下,方會確認額外虧損。

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

### **Investments in associates** (Continued)

An investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate. On acquisition of the investment in an associate, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

The Group assesses whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in an associate may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

# 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 於聯營公司的投資(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

## **Investments in associates** (Continued)

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in the investee with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate and the retained interest is a financial asset within the scope of HKFRS 9, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of the relevant interest in the associate is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) upon disposal/partial disposal of the relevant associate.

The Group continues to use the equity method when an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture. There is no remeasurement to fair value upon such changes in ownership interests.

# 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

## 於聯營公司的投資(續)

當本集團不再對聯營公司擁有 重大影響力時,將以出售於被 投資方的全部權益入賬,所得 收益或虧損於損益確認。倘本 集團保留於前聯營公司的權益 且該保留權益為香港財務報告 準則第9號界定的財務資產, 則本集團會於該日按公允價值 計量保留權益,而該公允價值 被視為於初步確認時的公允價 值。聯營公司的賬面值與任何 保留權益及出售聯營公司相關 權益的任何所得款項公允價值 之間的差額,會於釐定出售聯 營公司的收益或虧損時入賬。 此外,本集團會將先前在其他 全面收入就聯營公司確認的所 有金額入賬,基準與聯營公司 直接出售相關資產或負債所需 基準相同。因此,倘聯營公司 先前已於其他全面收入確認的 收益或虧損,會於出售相關資 產或負債時重新分類至損益, 則本集團會於出售/部分出售 有關聯營公司後將收益或虧損 由權益重新分類至損益(作為重 新分類調整)。

當於聯營公司的投資成為於合營企業的投資時,本集團將繼續使用權益法。於此類擁有權權益變動發生時,公允價值不會重新計量。

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

### **Investments in associates** (Continued)

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

When a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

#### Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets (and disposal groups) are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such asset (or disposal group) and its sale is highly probable. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a complete sale within one year from the date of classification.

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all of the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, regardless of whether the Group will retain a non-controlling interest in the relevant subsidiary after the sale.

# 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 於聯營公司的投資(續)

倘本集團削減其於聯營公司的 擁有權權益而本集團繼續採用 權益法,若有關收益或虧損會 於出售相關資產或負債時重新 分類至損益,則本集團會將先 前已於其他全面收入確認與削 減擁有權權益有關的收益或虧 損部分重新分類至損益。

倘集團實體與本集團的聯營公司進行交易,僅在聯營公司的權益與本集團無關的情況下,與聯營公司進行交易所產生的溢利及虧損方會於本集團的綜合財務報表中確認。

### 持作銷售之非流動資產

當本集團致力進行涉及失去附屬公司控制權之出售計劃時,假如符合上述條件,不論出售後本集團是否於相關附屬公司保留非控股權益,該附屬公司之全部資產及負債均會分類為持作銷售。

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

### **Non-current assets held for sale** (Continued)

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving disposal of an investment, or a portion of an investment, in an associate, the investment or the portion of the investment that will be disposed of is classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, and the Group discontinues the use of the equity method in relation to the portion that is classified as held for sale from the time when the investment (or a portion of the investment) is classified as held for sale.

Non-current assets (or disposal group) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their previous carrying amount and fair values less costs to sell, except for financial assets within the scope of HKFRS9, which continue to be measured in accordance with the accounting policies as set out in respective sections.

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

# 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 持作銷售之非流動資產(續)

當本集團承諾進行涉及出售於聯營公司之投資或部分投資或部分投資之 出售計劃,倘符合上述條件, 將予出售之該項投資或部分投 資分類為持作銷售,而本集團 將由投資(或部分投資)分類為 持作銷售之時起,不再就該部 分使用權益法。

分類為持作銷售之非流動資產 (或出售組別)按其先前賬面值 與公允價值減出售成本(以較低 者為準)計量,除香港財務報告 準則第9號範圍內的金融資產 外,後者將繼續按各章節所載 會計政策計量。

#### 客戶合約收益

當(或於)履行履約責任時(即當 特定履約責任的相關貨品或服 務的「**控制權**」轉移至客戶時), 本集團確認收益。

履約責任指明確的貨品或服務 (或一組貨品或服務)或一系列 大致相同的明確貨品或服務。

控制權隨時間轉移,倘滿足以 下其中一項標準,則參照完全 履行相關履約責任的進度隨時 間確認收益:

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

### **Revenue from contracts with customers** (Continued)

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates and enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

A contract asset represents the Group's right to consideration in exchange for goods or services that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet unconditional. It is assessed for impairment in accordance with HKFRS 9. In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

A contract asset and a contract liability relating to the same contract are accounted for and presented on a net basis.

# 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

## **客戶合約收益**(續)

- 隨著本集團履約,客戶 同時取得並耗用本集團 履約所提供的利益;
- 本集團的履約創建及強化一項資產,而客戶可隨著本集團履約而控制該資產;或
- 本集團的履約並未創建 對本集團有替代用途的 資產,且本集團對迄今 已完成履約的款項具有 可強制執行的權利。

否則,收益會在客戶取得明確 貨品或服務的控制權的時間點 確認。

合約資產指本集團就換取本集團已轉讓予客戶的貨品或服務的代價的權利(尚未成為無條件)。其根據香港財務報告準則第9號評估減值。相反,應收款項指本集團收取代價的無條件權利,即在該筆代價到期付款前僅需時間推移。

合約負債指本集團因已自客戶 收取代價(或一筆代價金額已到 期),而須轉移貨品或服務予客 戶的責任。

與同一合約有關的合約資產及 合約負債按淨額基準入賬及呈 列。

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

### **Revenue from contracts with customers** (Continued)

Existence of significant financing component

In determining the transaction price, the Group adjusts the promised amount of consideration for the effects of the time value of money if the timing of payments agreed (either explicitly or implicitly) provides the customer or the Group with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer. In those circumstances, the contract contains a significant financing component. A significant financing component may exist regardless of whether the promise of financing is explicitly stated in the contract or implied by the payment terms agreed to by the parties to the contract.

For contracts where the period between payment and transfer of the associated goods or services is less than one year, the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the transaction price for any significant financing component.

#### Contract costs

### Costs to fulfil a contract

The Group incurs costs to fulfil a contract in its construction of infrastructure and development of properties. The Group first assesses whether these costs qualify for recognition as an asset in terms of other relevant Standards, failing which it recognises an asset for these costs only if they meet all of the following criteria:

# 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 客戶合約收益(續)

### 存在重大融資部分

對於付款與轉移相關貨品或服 務相隔期間不足一年的合約, 本集團應用實際可行權宜方 法,不就任何重大融資部分調 整交易價格。

### 合約成本

### 履行合約的成本

本集團於基礎設施建設及物業 發展中產生履行合約的成本。 本集團首先根據其他相關準則 評估該等成本是否合資格確認 為資產,倘不合資格,僅在符 合以下全部標準後將該等成本 確認為資產:

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

### **Revenue from contracts with customers** (Continued)

Contract costs (Continued)

Costs to fulfil a contract (Continued)

- (a) the costs relate directly to a contract or to an anticipated contract that the Group can specifically identify;
- (b) the costs generate or enhance resources of the Group that will be used in satisfying (or in continuing to satisfy) performance obligations in the future; and
- (c) the costs are expected to be recovered.

The asset so recognised is subsequently amortised to profit or loss on a systematic basis that is consistent with the transfer to the customer of the goods or services to which the assets relate. The asset is subject to impairment review.

#### Leases

### Definition of lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application or arising from business combinations, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception, modification date or acquisition date, as appropriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

# 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 客戶合約收益(續)

合約成本(續)

履行合約的成本(續)

- (a) 有關成本與本集團可特 定識別的合約或預期訂 立的合約有直接關係:
- (b) 有關成本令本集團將用 於履行(或持續履行)日 後履約責任的資源得以 產生或有所增加:及
- (c) 有關成本預期可收回。

如此確認的資產其後按系統化 基準攤銷至損益,該基準與向 客戶轉讓該等資產相關的貨品 及服務一致。資產須進行減值 檢討。

## 租賃

#### 和賃的定義

倘合約獲給予權利在一段時間 內控制已識別資產的使用以換 取代價,則合約為一項租賃或 包含租賃。

就於首次應用當日或之後訂立 或修訂或因業務合併而產生的 合約而言,本集團於開始用 訂日期或收購日期(如適用) 據於香港財務報告準則第16號 項下的定義評估合約是否約 項租賃或包含租賃。該言為 有 不會被重新評估,除非該約 中的條款及條件其後被改動。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

**Leases** (Continued)

The Group as a lessee

Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative standalone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases of office that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. It also applies the recognition exemption for lease of low-value assets. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the lease term.

# 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人

將代價分配至合約成分

就含有租賃成分以及一項或多 項額外租賃或非租賃成分的合 約而言,本集團將合約代價分 配至各租賃成分,基準是租賃 成分的相對獨立價格及非租賃 成分的總獨立價格。

#### 短期租賃及低價值資產租賃

本集團就自開始日期起計租期 為12個月或以下且不包括購買 權的辦公室租賃應用短期租價 確認豁免。本集團亦就低價值 資產的租賃應用確認豁免。短 期租賃及低價值資產租賃的租 賃付款乃於租期內以直線法或 另一系統化基準確認為開支。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

**Leases** (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Right-of-use assets

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received:
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities other than adjustments to lease liabilities resulting from Covid-19-related rent concessions in which the Group applied the practical expedient.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

# 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

使用權資產

使用權資產的成本包括:

- 租賃負債之初始計量金額;
- 於開始日期或之前作出 的任何租賃付款,減任 何已收租賃優惠;
- 本集團產生的任何初始 直接成本:及
- 本集團於拆除及拆遷相 關資產、復原相關資產 所在場地或復原相關資 產至租賃的條款及條件 所規定的狀況時估計產 生的成本。

使用權資產按成本減任何累計 折舊及減值虧損計量,並就租 賃負債的任何重新計量作出調 整,但本集團應用可行權宜方 法的2019冠狀病毒病相關租金 寬減所導致的租賃負債調整除 外。

本集團合理地確定於租期結束 時會獲取的相關租賃資產擁有 權的使用權資產按開始日期起 至可使用年期結束時計提折 舊。在其他情況下,使用權資 產按直線法於其估計可使用年 期及租期(以較短者為準)內計 提折舊。

本集團於綜合財務狀況表內將 使用權資產呈列為獨立項目。

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

**Leases** (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

#### Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable

The lease payments include:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable:
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise the option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate the lease.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

可退回租賃按金

已付可退回租賃按金乃根據香港財務報告準則第9號入賬,初始按公允價值計量。首次確認時對公允價值作出的調整被視為額外租賃付款且計入使用權資產成本。

#### 租賃負債

於租賃開始日期,本集團以於該日期尚未支付的租賃付款的現值確認並計量租賃負債。倘租賃的隱含利率不易釐定,則本集團會使用於租賃開始日期的增量借款利率計算租賃付款的現值。

### 該等租賃付款包括:

- 固定付款(包括實質固定付款)減任何應收租 賃優惠;
- 取決於一項指數或比率的可變租賃付款,初步使用於開始日期的指數或比率計量;
- 剩餘價值擔保項下本集 團預計應付金額;
- 本集團合理地確定將行 使的購買權的行使價;及
- 為終止租賃而支付的罰款(倘租期反映本集團 正行使終止租賃權)。

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

**Leases** (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Lease liabilities (Continued)

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment.
- the lease payments change due to changes in market rental rates following a market rent review, in which cases the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Lease modifications

Except for Covid-19-related rent concessions in which the Group applied the practical expedient, the Group accounts for a lease modification as a separate lease if:

- the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and
- the consideration for the leases increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

#### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

租賃負債(續)

於開始日期後,租賃負債以應計利息及租賃付款予以調整。

倘出現以下情況,本集團重新 計量租賃負債(並就相關使用權 資產作出相應調整):

- 租期有所變動或行使購 買選擇權的評估發生變 化,在該情況下,相關 租賃負債透過使用重新 評估日期的經修訂貼現 率貼現經修訂租賃付款 而重新計量。
- 由於市場租金審查後市場租金變動導致租賃付款發生變動,在此情況下,使用初始貼現率對修正後的租賃付款額進行貼現以重新計量相關的租賃負債。

本集團於綜合財務狀況表內將 租賃負債呈列為單獨項目。

#### 租賃修改

除本集團應用可行權宜方法的 2019冠狀病毒病相關租金寬減 外,倘出現以下情況,本集團 將租賃修改作為單獨租賃入賬:

- 修改透過加入使用一項 或以上相關資產之權利 擴大租賃範圍;及
- 租賃代價增加,增加之 金額相當於範圍擴大對 應之獨立價格及為反映 特定合約之實際情況而 對該獨立價格進行之任 何適當調整。

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

**Leases** (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Lease modifications (Continued)

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group remeasures the lease liability, less any lease incentives receivable, based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification

The Group accounts for the remeasurement of lease liabilities by making corresponding adjustments to the relevant right-of-use asset. When the modified contract contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the modified contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

租賃修改(續)

就未作為單獨租賃入賬之租賃 修改而言,本集團按透過使用 修改生效日期之經修訂貼現率 貼現經修訂租賃付款之經修改 租賃之租期重新計量租賃負債。

本集團透過對相關使用權資產 作出相應調整,重新計量租租 負債。當經修改合約含有租租 成分以及一項或多項額外租 或非租賃成分時,本集團將 修改合約代價分配至各租賃 份 分,基準是租賃成分的總獨立 價格及非租賃成分的總獨立 價格。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

**Leases** (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Covid-19-related rent concessions

In relation to rent concessions that occurred as a direct consequence of the Covid-19 pandemic, the Group has elected to apply the practical expedient not to assess whether the change is a lease modification if all of the following conditions are met:

- the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021; and
- there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

A lessee applying the practical expedient accounts for changes in lease payments resulting from rent concessions the same way it would account for the changes applying HKFRS 16 if the changes are not a lease modification. Forgiveness or waiver of lease payments are accounted for as variable lease payments. The related lease liabilities are adjusted to reflect the amounts forgiven or waived with a corresponding adjustment recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which the event occurs.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

2019冠狀病毒病相關租金寬減

就因2019冠狀病毒病直接產生之租金寬減而言,倘符合下列所有條件,本集團已選擇應用可行權宜方法,不評估該變動是否屬租賃修改:

- 租賃付款變動導致經修 訂租賃代價與緊接變動 前的租賃代價大致相同 或低於該代價;
- 任何租賃付款減少僅影響原到期日為2021年6月30日或之前的付款;
- 其他租賃條款及條件並 無實質變動。

應用可行權宜方法將租賃寬減導致的租賃付款變動列賬的租赁付款變動列賬的租人將以同一方式將應用香港財務報告準則第16號的改則賬(倘變動並非租賃修改)可負債付款的寬免或豁免按賃負的電調整以反映寬免或豁免的期內在調整以反映寬免或豁免的期內在損益中確認相應調整。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

**Leases** (Continued)

The Group as a lessor

Classification and measurement of leases

Leases for which the Group is a lessor are classified as finance or operating leases. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct cost incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset, and such costs are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term except for investment properties measured under fair value model.

Rental income which are derived from the Group's ordinary course of business are presented as revenue.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為出租人

租賃的分類及計量

本集團作為出租人的租賃分類 為融資或經營租賃。當租賃係 款將相關資產擁有權附帶的絕 大部分風險及回報轉移至承租 人時,該合約分類為融資 賃。所有其他租賃分類為經營 租賃。

經營租賃所產生的租金收入乃 按相關租賃的租期以直線法於 損益確認。磋商及安排經營租 賃所產生的初始直接成本加至 租賃資產的賬面值,而有關 成本按租期以直線法確認為開 支,惟按公允價值模式計量的 投資物業除外。

來自本集團日常業務過程中的 租金收入呈列為收益。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, expect for exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in the foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on disposal or partial disposal of the Group's interests in associates.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. RMB) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rate at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of exchange reserves (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 外幣

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### Foreign currencies (Continued)

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a partial disposal of an interest in a joint arrangement or an associate that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

In addition, in relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are reattributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates or joint arrangements that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operation and translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

#### **外幣**(續)

出售海外業務時(即出售本集團於海外業務之全部權益、或出售涉及失去包括海外業務之合營安排或附屬公司之控制權、或部分出售包括海外業務之合營安排或聯營公司之權益(其保留權益成類有可財務資產)),本公司擁權益可,就該業務應佔之所有於權益累計之匯兑差額乃重新分類至損益。

透過收購海外業務所收購可識別資產之商譽及公允價值調整乃作為海外業務之資產及負債處理,並按於各報告期末之現行匯率換算。產生之匯兑差額乃於其他全面收入確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intented use or sale.

All other borrowings costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire noncurrent assets are recognised as deferred income in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 借貸成本

收購、興建或生產合資格資產 (需以一段長時間準備以作擬定 用途或銷售)的直接應佔借貸成 本計入該等資產之成本,直至 大部分資產可作擬定用途或出 售時為止。

所有其他借貸成本均於產生期 間在損益內確認。

#### 政府補助金

在合理地保證本集團會遵守政 府補助金的附帶條件及將會得 到補助以後,政府補助金方會 予以確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### Government grants (Continued)

Government grants related to income are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable. Such grants are presented under "other income".

The benefit of a government loan at a belowmarket rate of interest is treated as a government grant, measured as the difference between proceeds received and the fair value of the loan based on prevailing market interest rates.

#### **Employee benefits**

#### Retirement benefits costs

Payments to state-managed retirement benefit schemes and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

#### Termination benefits

A liability for a termination benefit is recognised at the earlier of when the group entity can no longer withdraw the offer of the termination benefit and when it recognises any related restructuring costs.

#### Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid as and when employees rendered the services. All short-term employee benefits are recognised as an expense unless another HKFRS requires or permits the inclusion of the benefit in the cost of an asset.

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees (such as wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave) after deducting any amount already paid.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 政府補助金(續)

與收入有關的政府補助金是抵銷已產生的支出或虧損或旨在給予本集團即時財務支援(而無未來有關成本)之應收款項,於有關補助成為應收款項的期間在損益中確認。該等補助金呈列於「其他收入」。

按低於市場利率所取得的政府 貸款利益被視為政府補助金, 按已收所得款項與根據現行市 場利率的貸款公允價值之間的 差額計量。

#### 僱員福利

#### 退休福利成本

向國家管理的退休福利計劃及 強制性公積金計劃作出的付款 於僱員提供服務而可享有該等 供款時確認為開支。

#### 終止福利

終止福利之負債於集團實體不能取消提供終止福利時及實體確認任何有關重組成本當日(以較早者為準)確認。

#### 短期僱員福利

短期僱員福利於僱員提供服務時就預計將支付福利的未貼現金額確認。所有短期僱員福利確認為開支,除非另一項香港財務報告準則要求或允許將有關福利納入資產成本,則作別論。

在扣除已經支付的任何金額 後,對僱員應得的福利(例如工 資及薪金、年假及病假)確認負 債。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### **Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from loss before tax because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 稅項

所得税開支指現時應付税項及 遞延税項的總和。

現時應付税項按本年度應課稅 溢利計算。應課稅溢利與除稅 前虧損不同,此乃由於在其他 年度應課稅或可扣減的收入 支出,以及從不課稅或扣減的 項目所致。本集團的即期稅項 負債是按報告期末已實行或實 質上已實行的稅率計算。

遞延税項按在綜合財務報表內 資產及負債的賬面值與於計算 應課税溢利時採用的相應税基 的暫時差額確認。遞延稅項負 債一般就所有應課税暫時差額 確認。所有可扣減暫時差額一 般則會在應課税溢利可供用作 抵銷該等可予扣減暫時差額時 確認為遞延税項資產。倘暫時 差額是因一項不會影響應課税 溢利或會計溢利之交易涉及的 資產及負債進行初步確認時(業 務合併除外)產生,則有關遞延 税項資產及負債不予確認。此 外,倘暫時差額因商譽進行初 步確認時產生,則遞延税項負 債不予確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### **Taxation** (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 稅項(續)

遞延税項資產賬面值於各報告 期末檢討,並於其將不再可能 有足夠應課税溢利可收回所有 或部分資產時扣減。

遞延稅項資產及負債按預期於 負債可結算或資產可變現期間 內應用之稅率以於報告期末已 施行或實質上施行之稅率(及稅 法)為基準計量。

遞延税項負債及資產之計量反 映本集團預期收回或結算其資 產及負債賬面值之方式於報告 期末造成的稅務影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### **Taxation** (Continued)

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 *Income Taxes* requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. Temporary differences relating to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised at initial recognition and over the lease terms due to application of the initial recognition exemption. Temporary differences arising from subsequent revision to the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, resulting from remeasurement of lease liabilities and lease modifications, that are not subject to initial recognition exemption are recognised on the date of remeasurement or modification.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 稅項(續)

就計量本集團確認使用權資產 及相關租賃負債的租賃交易的 遞延税項而言,本集團首先釐 定扣税是否歸屬於使用權資產 或租賃負債。

就扣税歸屬於租賃負債的無關於租賃負債的無關於租賃負債的無關於租賃負債的無力。 中華 12號「所租資。 中華 12號「所租資。 中華 12號「所租資。 中華 12號「所租前, 中華 12號「所租前, 中華 12號「在 12號」, 的租租 在 13號」, 的租租 在 13號」, 的租租 在 13號」, 的租租 在 13號, 的租租 在 13%。 中華 13號, 由于 13%。 中華 13號, 由于 13%。 由于 13%。

當有即期税項資產抵銷即期稅項負債的法定強制性權利,以及遞延稅項資產及負債是與同一稅務部門對同一應課稅實體徵收的所得稅相關,則會抵銷遞延稅項資產及負債。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### **Taxation** (Continued)

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

#### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes (other than properties under construction as described below). Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Costs include any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, and for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write-off the cost of assets other than properties under construction less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 稅項(續)

即期及遞延税項於損益確認,惟倘其與其他全面收入或直於一樣。 情況下,即期及遞延稅項。於其他全面收入或直接於其他全面收入或直接於其他全面收入或直接於其他全面期稅項或或直接於其他。當即期稅項或遞計階段,則稅務影響包括在業務合併的會計處理之中。

#### 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備為持作用於 產品或服務生產或供應或行政 用途的有形資產(下文所述在建 物業除外)。物業、廠房及設備 按成本減其後之累計折舊及其 後之累計減值虧損(如有)於綜 合財務狀況表列賬。

資產(在建物業除外)乃按其估計可使用年期經扣減其剩餘價值後,使用直線法撇銷其成本以確認折舊。於各報告期末,估計可使用年期、剩餘價值與折舊方法將經審閱,以按預期基準反映任何估計變動的影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### **Property, plant and equipment** (Continued)

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation.

Investment properties also include leased properties which are being recognised as right-of-use assets and subleased by the Group under operating leases.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value, adjusted to exclude any prepaid or accrued operating lease income.

Gains or losses arising from change in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

Construction costs incurred for investment properties under construction are capitalised as part of the carrying amount of the investment properties under construction.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal. A leased property which is recognises as a right-of-use asset is derecognised if the Group as intermediate lessor classifies the sublease as a finance lease. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 物業、廠房及設備(續)

#### 投資物業

投資物業乃就賺取租金及/或 作資本增值持有之物業。

投資物業亦包括租賃物業,該 等租賃物業確認為使用權資產 並由本集團根據經營租賃分租。

投資物業初始按成本計量。於 初步確認後,投資物業按公允 價值計量,並就撇除任何預付 或應計經營租賃收入作出調整。

投資物業公允價值的變動所產 生的盈虧於產生期間計入損益。

就在建投資物業產生的建築成本乃資本化作在建投資物業賬 面值的一部分。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a settlement date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest/dividend income which are derived from the Group's ordinary course of business are presented as revenue.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具

財務資產及財務負債乃當某集 團實體成為工具合約條文的訂 約方時確認。所有一般財務資 產買賣按結算日基準確認及取 消確認。一般買賣指須於市場 規定或慣例確立之期限內交付 資產之財務資產買賣。

財務資產及財務負債按公允財務負債按公司的人工 ( ) 大學 ( ) 大學

實際利率法乃為計算有關期間財務資產或財務負債的攤銷成本及分配利息收入及利息開支的方法。實際利率乃按財務負債的預計年期或(商用)較短期間內,於初步確財預益期間內,於初步確認時準確貼現估計未來現金收款。 及付款(包括構成實際利率完整別分的所有已付或已收費用及部分的所有已付或已收費用及基點,交易成本及其他溢明,

源自本集團日常業務過程的利息/股息收入呈列為收益。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("**FVTOCI**"):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both selling and collecting contractual cash flows;
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 Business Combinations applies.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產

財務資產的分類及其後計量

符合以下條件的財務資產其後 按攤銷成本計量:

- 財務資產乃於目的是收取合約現金流量的業務模式內持有;及
- 合約條款導致於特定日 期產生的現金流量僅為 償還本金及尚未償還本 金利息。

符合下列條件的財務資產其後 按公允價值計入其他全面收入 (「按公允價值計入其他全面收 入」)計量:

- 財務資產乃於透過出售及收取合約現金流量而達成目的之業務模式內持有:及
- 合約條款導致於特定日期產生的現金流量僅為 償還本金及尚未償還本 金利息。

所有其他財務資產其後按公允 價值計入損益計量,惟於初關 確認財務資產日期,倘有關財 本投資並非持作買賣或收購方 在香港財務報告準則第3號「 務合併」適用的業務合併中可不 的或然代價,則本集團中不 前回地選擇在其他全面收值 類股本投資其後的公允價值變 動。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

**Financial instruments** (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Continued)

A financial asset is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profittaking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

In addition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that are required to be measured at the amortised cost or FVTOCI as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產的分類及其後計量(續)

財務資產於下列情況分類為持作買賣:

- 主要為於短期出售而購入;或
- 於初步確認時,屬本集 團共同管理,且最近有 實際短期獲利趨勢的已 識別金融工具組合其中 部分;或
- 屬衍生工具,但並無指 定亦非實際作為對沖工 具。

此外,本集團可不可撤回地將 須按攤銷成本或按公允價值計 入其他全面收入計量的財務資 產指定為按公允價值計入損益 計量(倘如此行事可抵銷或大幅 減少會計錯配)。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Continued)

(i) Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit-impaired.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產的分類及其後計量(續)

#### (i) 攤銷成本及利息收入

就其後按攤銷成本計量 的財務資產而言,利息 收入乃使用實際利率法 確認。利息收入乃對財 務資產的賬面總值應用 實際利率計算,惟其後 出現信貸減值的財務資 產除外(見下文)。就其 後出現信貸減值的財務 資產而言,利息收入乃 自下一報告期間起,對 財務資產的攤銷成本應 用實際利率確認。倘出 現信貸減值的金融工具 的信貸風險有所改善, 以致財務資產不再出現 信貸減值,利息收入則 在確定有關資產不再出 現信貸減值後,自報告 期間開始起對財務資產 的賬面總值應用實際利 率確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

**Financial instruments** (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Continued)

(ii) Equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income ("OCI") and accumulated in the FVTOCI reserve; and are not subject to impairment assessment. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments, and will be transferred to accumulated losses

Dividends from these investments in equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Dividends are included in the "other income" line item in profit or loss.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產的分類及其後計量(續)

(ii) 指定按公允價值計入其 他全面收入的股本工具

> 該等股本工具投資的股息乃於本集團收取股息的權利確立時在損益確認,除非有關股息明顯為收回一部分的投資成本。股息在損益中計入 「其他收入」項目。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss ("ECL") on financial assets (including loan and interest receivables, other receivables, bank balances, restricted bank balances and financial guarantee contracts), which are subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產之減值

本集團就根據香港財務報告準則第9號須進行減值評估的息務資產(包括應收貸款及利息,以他應收款項、銀行結餘及財務擔保合約進行預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)下的減值評估。預期的資虧損金額乃於各報告日期更資虧損金額及於各報告日期更確認以來的變動。

就所有其他工具而言,本集團會計量相等於12個月預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備,除非信貸風險自初步確認以來顯著增加於此情況下,本集團則確認等增認之期預期信貸虧損。評估應否確認全期預期信貸虧損,乃根據可數分數。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

**Financial instruments** (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產之減值(續)

(i) 信貸風險顯著增加

特別是,在評估信貸風 險是否顯著增加時,會 考慮以下資料:

- 金融工具的外部 (如有)或內部信 貸評級的實際或 預期顯著惡化;
- 外部市場信貸風險指標顯著惡化,例如信貸利差大幅增加,債務人的信貸違約掉期價格;

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

**Financial instruments** (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

- (i) Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)
  - existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
  - an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
  - an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise

For financial guarantee contracts, the date that the Group becomes a party to the irrevocable commitment is considered to be the date of initial recognition for the purposes of assessing impairment. In assessing whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition of financial guarantee contracts, the Group considers the changes in the risk that the specified debtor will default on the contract.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產之減值(續)

- i) 信貸風險顯著增加(續)
  - 預計會導致債務 人償還債務能力 大減的業務、財 務或經濟狀況的 現有或預測的不 利變化:
  - 債務人經營業績 的實際或預期顯 著惡化;
  - 導致債務人償還 債務能力大減的 債務人監管、經 濟或技術環境的 實際或預期的重 大不利變化。

不論上述評估結果如何,本集團假定,當內付款逾期超過30天信期自初步確認以來信戶國際已顯著增加,除實國內資料提出相反證明。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

(ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產之減值(續)

(i) 信貸風險顯著增加(續)

(ii) 違約的定義

為進行內部信貸風險管理,當有內部信貸風險管 理,當有內部制定 自外部來源的資料與 債務人不大可能向之 權人(包括本集團)全 還款(不計及本集團) 有的任何抵押品), 集團即認為發生違約 件。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

**Financial instruments** (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產之減值(續)

(iii) 出現信貸減值的財務資 產

- 發行人或借款人 的重大財務困 難;
- 違反合約,如欠 付或逾期事件;
- 借款人有可能將 會破產或進行其 他財務重組;或
- 該財務資產的活躍市場因財務困難而消失。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

**Financial instruments** (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes-off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over two years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written-off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data and forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probabilityweighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. The Group uses a practical expedient in estimating ECL on trade receivables using a provision matrix taking into consideration historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產之減值(續)

(iv) 撇銷政策

倘有資料顯示交易方陷 入嚴重財務困難且無實 際可收回的期望(如交 易方已進行清盤或進入 破產程序),或如屬應 收賬款,倘該等款項逾 期超過兩年(以較早發 生者為準),則本集團 撇銷財務資產。經考慮 法律意見(如適用)後, 已撇銷的財務資產仍可 能受制於本集團收回程 序下的執法活動。撇銷 構成取消確認事件。其 後的任何收回均在損益 確認。

(v) 計量及確認預期信貸虧 捐

> 預期信貸虧損的計量為 違約概率、違約虧損 (即違約時虧損大小)及 違約時風險敞口的函 數。違約概率及違約虧 損的評估乃基於歷史數 據及前瞻性資料。預期 信貸虧損的估計反映無 偏頗的概率加權金額, 此乃以發生違約的相關 風險作為權重而釐定。 本集團在估算應收賬款 的預期信貸虧損時應用 可行權宜方法,根據過 往信貸虧損經驗使用撥 備矩陣,並根據無需付 出不必要的費用或努力 而可得的前瞻性資料進 行調整。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

For a financial guarantee contract, the Group is required to make payments only in the event of a default by the debtor in accordance with the terms of the instrument that is guaranteed. Accordingly, the ECL is the present value of the expected payments to reimburse the holder for a credit loss that it incurs less any amounts that the Group expects to receive from the holder, the debtor or any other party.

For ECL on financial guarantee contracts for which the effective interest rate cannot be determined, the Group will apply a discount rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks that are specific to the cash flows but only if, and to the extent that, the risks are taken into account by adjusting the discount rate instead of adjusting the cash shortfalls being discounted.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產之減值(續)

(v) 計量及確認預期信貸虧 損(續)

> 一般而言,預期信貸虧 損為根據合約應付本集 團的所有合約現金流 與本集團預期收取的 金流量之間的差額,按 初步確認時釐定的實際 利率貼現計算。

> 就財務擔保合約擔保合約擔保合的債務就集無獲須工。因補資所付虧所有所有所有所有所有所有所有所有所有所有所有所有所有的所有。 一個人方所收取的任何金額,這一個人方所收取的任何金額。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

**Financial instruments** (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

Lifetime ECL for certain loan and interest receivables and certain other receivables are considered on a collective basis taking into consideration past due information and relevant credit information such as forward looking macroeconomic information.

For collective assessment, the Group takes into consideration the following characteristics when formulating the grouping:

- Past-due status;
- Nature, size and industry of debtors; and
- External credit ratings where available.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產之減值(續)

(v) 計量及確認預期信貸虧 損(續)

> 若干應收貸款及利息以及若干進收贷款及利息以及若干其他應收款項及 全期預期信貸虧損根 逾期資料以及相關信 資料(如前瞻性宏觀經 濟資料)按整體基準考 慮。

> 就集體評估而言,本集 團按以下特徵制定分 組:

- 逾期狀況;
- 債務人的性質、 規模及行業;及
- 外部信貸評級 (如有)。

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of trade receivables, loan and interest receivables and other receivables where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產之減值(續)

(v) 計量及確認預期信貸虧 損(續)

> 管理層定期審閱分組方式,以確保各組別的組 成項目維持類似的信貸 風險特徵。

> 利息收入按財務資產的 賬面總值計算,惟財務 資產出現信貸減值則除 外,而在有關情況下, 利息收入按財務資產攤 銷成本計算。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of an investment in equity instrument which the Group has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the FVTOCI reserve is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is transferred to accumulated losses.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產取消確認

於取消確認按攤銷成本計量的 財務資產時,資產賬面值與已 收及應收代價的總和的差額, 將於損益中確認。

於取消確認本集團於初步確認 時已選擇按公允價值計入其他 全面收入計量的股本工具投資 時,先前在按公允價值計入其 他全面收入的儲備累計的累計 收益或虧損不會重新分類至損 益,而會轉撥至累計虧損。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### **Financial instruments** (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest method.

#### Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities including (trade payables, other payables and accruals, lease liabilities and amount due to a non-controlling interest/a shareholder) are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

財務負債及權益

#### 分類為債項或權益

債務及股本工具乃根據合約安 排的性質與財務負債及股本工 具的定義分類為財務負債或權 益。

#### 股本工具

股本工具乃證明實體於扣減其 所有負債後的資產中擁有剩餘 權益的任何合約。由本公司發 行之股本工具以扣減直接發行 成本後之已收所得款項確認。

#### 財務負債

所有財務負債其後均採用實際 利率法以攤餘成本計量。

#### 按攤銷成本計量之財務負債

財務負債(包括應付賬款、其他 應付款項及應計費用、租賃負 債及應付非控股權益/一名股 東款項)其後利用實際利率法按 攤銷成本計量。

#### 財務負債取消確認

本集團於及僅於本集團的責任 獲解除、取消或屆滿時取消確 認財務負債。被取消確認財務 負債賬面值與已付及應付代價 間的差額於損益內確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

# Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and contract costs

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and contract costs to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any.

The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and contract costs are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, corporate assets are allocated to the relevant cash-generating unit when a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be established, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be established. The recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units to which the corporate asset belongs, and is compared with the carrying amount of the relevant cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

# 物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產及合約成本之減值虧損

本集團於報告期末審閱其物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產及合約成本的賬面值,衡量是否有跡象顯示該等資產已現域值虧損。倘出現任何該可以會估計相關資產的可收回金額,以釐定減值虧損(如有)之程度。

物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產及合約成本之可收回金額個別進行估算,倘不能估計個別可收回金額時,本集團則估計該資產所屬之現金產生單位之可收回金額。

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and contract costs (Continued)

Before the Group recognises an impairment loss for assets capitalised as contract costs under HKFRS 15, the Group assesses and recognises any impairment loss on other assets related to the relevant contracts in accordance with applicable standards. Then, impairment loss, if any, for assets capitalised as contract costs is recognised to the extent the carrying amounts exceeds the remaining amount of consideration that the Group expects to receive in exchange for related goods or services less the costs which relate directly to providing those goods or services that have not been recognised as expenses. The assets capitalised as contract costs are then included in the carrying amount of the cash-generating unit to which they belong for the purpose of evaluating impairment of that cash-generating unit.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or a cash-generating unit) for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備、使用權資 產及合約成本之減值虧損(續)

可收回金額為公允價值減銷售成本及使用價值之較高者。於評估使用價值時,估計日後現金流量乃採用稅前貼現率貼現至其現值,以反映貨幣時間間之現行市場評估及尚未就會值之現行市場評估及尚未就產之估計作出調整之價產(或現金產生單位)之特有風險。

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- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)
  - **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and contract costs (Continued)

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For corporate assets or portion of corporate assets which cannot be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to a cash-generating unit, the Group compares the carrying amount of a group of cash-generating units, including the carrying amounts of the corporate assets or portion of corporate assets allocated to that group of cash-generating units, with the recoverable amount of the group of cashgenerating units. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit or the group of cash-generating units. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit or the group of cash-generating units. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備、使用權資 產及合約成本之減值虧損(續)

倘資產(或現金產生單位)之可 收回金額估計低於其賬面值, 則該資產(或現金產生單位)之 賬面值應扣減至其可收回金 額。對於不能按合理一致基準 分配至現金產生單位的公司資 產或部分公司資產,本集團比 較現金產生單位的組別之賬面 值,包括分配到該現金產生單 位的組別之公司資產或部分公 司資產的賬面值, 連同現金產 生單位的組別之可收回金額。 於分配減值虧損時,首先分配 減值虧損以減少仟何商譽的賬 面值(如適用),然後按比例根 據該單位(或現金產生單位的組 別)各資產的賬面值分配至其他 資產。資產賬面值不得減少至 低於其公允價值減出售成本(如 可計量)、其使用價值(如可計 量)及零之中的最高值。已另行 分配至資產之減值虧損數額按 比例分配至該單位(或現金產生 單位的組別)其他資產。減值虧 損隨即於損益確認。

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **3.2** Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and contract costs (Continued)

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating units or a group of cash-generating units) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash generating units or a group of cash-generating units) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal and constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及主要會計 政策(續)

#### 3.2 主要會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備、使用權資 產及合約成本之減值虧損(續)

倘減值虧損其後撥回,該項資產(或現金產生單位或現金產生單位或現金產生單位的組別)之賬面值將增加至其經修訂之估計可收回金額,惟增加後之賬面值不得超過現若該資產(或現金產生單位的組別)於過往年度並無確認減值虧損所釐定之賬面值。減值虧損之撥回隨即於損益確認。

#### 撥備

倘本集團現時須就過往事件承 擔責任(法定及推定),而本集 團很可能將須清償該責任,且 責任金額可被可靠估計,則會 確認撥備。

已確認撥備之金額乃為經考慮責任所附帶的風險及不確定該當素後,於報告期末為抵償該當前責任而須承擔代價的最佳估計。倘撥備乃使用抵償該當計。倘撥備乃使用抵償該量,則其賬面值為該等現金流量的則現值(倘資金時間價值的影響重大)。

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# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 3, the Directors are required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The Directors have not come across any significant areas where critical judgement are involved in applying the Group's accounting policies.

#### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The followings are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

# 4. 重大會計判斷及估計不確定性的主要來源

於應用本集團之會計政策(如附註3所 述)時,董事須就未於其他來源明確顯 示之資產及負債賬面值作出判斷、估 計及假設。有關估計及相關假設乃根 據過往經驗及其他視為相關之因素作 出。實際情況可能有別於該等估計。

有關估計及相關假設將按持續基準審 閱。倘就會計估計作出修訂僅影響修 訂估計期間,則會計估計修訂於該期 間確認,或倘有關修訂將影響即期及 未來期間,則於修訂期間及未來期間 確認。董事在應用本集團會計政策時 未遇到涉及重大判斷的任何重大領域。

#### 估計不確定性的主要來源

以下為就日後作出之主要假設以及於報告期末估計不確定性的其他主要來源,有關假設及估計不確定性或構成下一財政年度資產及負債賬面值須作出重大調整之主要風險。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

# Estimated impairment loss of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

Property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are stated at costs less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. In determining whether an asset is impaired, the Group has to exercise judgement and make estimation, particularly in assessing: (1) whether an event has occurred or any indicators that may affect the asset value; (2) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, in the case of value in use, the net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset; and (3) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in estimating the recoverable amounts including cash flow projections and an appropriate discount rate. Changes the assumptions and estimates, including discount rate could materially affect the recoverable amounts.

As at 31 December 2020, the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets subject to impairment assessment were approximately RMB12,201,000 and RMB14,631,000 respectively, after taking into account the impairment losses of approximately RMB36,380,000 and nil in respect of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets that have been recognised respectively. Details of the impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are disclosed in Notes 18 and 19 respectively.

# Estimated impairment loss on deposit paid for acquisition of the Properties I

The impairment loss on deposit paid for acquisition of the Properties I was based on the assessment of the recoverable amount of such deposit, which requires an estimation of the fair value of the Properties I at the date of the acquisition. The assumptions include management's estimation on the market unit rate. Changes to the assumptions would result in changes in the fair values of the Properties I. Details of the impairment of the deposit paid for acquisition of the Properties I are disclosed in Note 24(a).

# 4. 重大會計判斷及估計不確定性的主要來源(續)

#### 物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產減值 虧損估計

物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產乃按 成本減累計折舊及減值(如有)列集集 預行使判斷及作出估計,尤其領 行使判斷及作出估計,尤其何 估:(1)是否發生事件或出現任何 可能影響資產價值:(2)可收回金資 (如為使用價值,則為按持續使用 (如為使用價值,則為按持續使用 (如為使用價值,則為按持續使用 (如為產賬面值;及(3)用於估計現 查額的適當關鍵假設,包括現金 持資產賬面值 發動,會對可回收金額產生 重大影響。

於2020年12月31日,進行減值估計的物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產的賬面金額分別為約人民幣12,201,000元及人民幣14,631,000元,其中計及已分別確認的物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產減值虧損為約人民幣36,380,000元及人民幣零元。使用物業、廠房及設備及權資產減值評估的詳情分別於附註18及19中披露。

#### 就收購物業I所支付訂金的估計減值虧 捐

就收購物業I所支付訂金的估計減值 虧損乃根據該訂金可收回金額進行評估,需要對於收購日期的物業I公允價 值作出估計。假設包括管理層對市場 單價作出估計。該等假設的變動將導 致物業I的公允價值變動。收購物業I所 支付訂金之減值的詳情於附註24(a)中 披露。

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## 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

#### **Key sources of estimation uncertainty** (Continued)

#### Fair value measurement of financial instruments

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's unlisted equity instruments, amounting to RMB34,883,000 (2019: RMB52,743,000) are measured at fair value with fair value being determined based on significant unobserved inputs using valuation techniques. Judgement and estimation are required in establishing the relevant valuation techniques and the relevant inputs thereof. Changes in assumptions relating to these factors could result in material adjustments to fair value of these instruments. See Note 6(c) for further disclosures.

#### Fair value of investment properties

Investment properties are stated at fair value based on the valuation performed by independent professional valuers. The determination of the fair value involves certain assumptions of market conditions which are set out in Note 20.

In relying on the valuation report, the Directors have exercised their judgement and are satisfied that the method of valuation is reflective of the current market conditions. In light of the negative impact of the Covid-19 pandemic, the independent valuers included uncertainty clauses in the valuation reports in respect of investment properties located in PRC amounted to RMB157,300,000 as at 31 December 2020. Whilst the Group considers valuations of the Group's investment properties are the best estimates, the ongoing Covid–19 pandemic has resulted in greater market volatility depending on how the Covid-19 pandemic may progress and evolve, which have led to higher degree of uncertainties in respect of the valuations in the current year. Changes to these assumptions, including the potential risk of any market violation, policy, geopolitical and social changes or other unexpected incidents as a result of change in macroeconomic environment, travel restrictions implemented by many countries, increased complexity in international trade tensions geopolitics, changes in policy direction and/or mortgage requirements, or other unexpected incidents would result in changes in the fair values of the Group's investment properties and the corresponding adjustments to the amount of gain or loss reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

## 4. 重大會計判斷及估計不確定性的主要來源(續)

#### 估計不確定性的主要來源(續)

#### 金融工具的公允價值計量

於2020年12月31日,本集團非上市股本工具人民幣34,883,000元(2019年:人民幣52,743,000元)按公允價值計量。公允價值乃使用估值技術根據重大不可觀察輸入數據釐定。於確定相關估值技術及其相關輸入數據時需要作出判斷及估計。與該等因素有關的假設變化可導致對該等工具的公允價值作出重大調整。更多披露詳情,請參閱附註6(c)。

#### 投資物業的公允價值

投資物業乃根據獨立專業估值師進行 的估值按公允價值列賬。公允價值之 釐定涉及載於附註20的若干市況假設。

於依賴估值報告時,董事已行使其判 斷並且信納估值方法已反映現時市 况。鑑於2019冠狀病毒病疫情的負面 影響,獨立估值師在估值報告中就位 於中國且於2020年12月31日價值為人 民幣157,300,000元的投資物業加入 不確定條款。儘管本集團認為本集團 投資物業的估值為最佳估計,但由於 2019冠狀病毒病疫情持續,導致市場 波動性較大,本年度估值存在較高的 不確定性,具體取決於2019冠狀病毒 病疫情如何發展及演變。該等假設的 變動,包括宏觀經濟環境的變化、多 國實施的出行限制、國際貿易地緣政 治緊張局勢的複雜性增加、政策方向 及/或抵押要求的變化或其他突發事 件導致的任何市場違規、政策、地緣 政治和社會變化或其他突發事件的潛 在風險,都將導致本集團投資物業的 公允價值發生變動,並對綜合損益表 和其他全面收益表中報告的損益金額 進行相應調整。

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## 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

#### **Key sources of estimation uncertainty** (Continued)

#### **Fair value of investment properties** (Continued)

The Directors have performed internal assessment on the risks of change in macroeconomic environment through performing sensitivity analysis in relation to the Group's investment properties.

As at 31 December 2020, the carrying amount of the Group's investment properties is RMB157,300,000 (2019: RMB19,400,000).

#### Provision of ECL for other receivables

Other receivables with significant balances are assessed for ECL individually. The provision rate are based on internal credit ratings and taking into consideration forward-looking information that is reasonable and supportable available without undue costs or effort. At every reporting date, changes in the forward-looking information are considered.

## 4. 重大會計判斷及估計不確定性的主要來源(續)

#### 估計不確定性的主要來源(續)

#### 投資物業的公允價值(續)

董事已透過對本集團投資物業進行敏 感度分析,對宏觀經濟環境變化的風 險進行內部評估。

於2020年12月31日,本集團投資物業的賬面值為人民幣157,300,000元 (2019年:人民幣19,400,000元)。

#### 其他應收款項的預期信貸虧損撥備

有重大結餘的其他應收款項單獨評估 預期信貸虧損。撥備率乃根據本集團 的內部信貸評級,並計及有理據且無 需付出不必要的費用或努力而可得的 前瞻性資料釐定。於每個報告日期, 考慮前瞻性資料的變更。

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## 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

#### **Provision of ECL for other receivables** (Continued)

The provision of ECL is sensitive to changes in estimates. Due to greater financial uncertainty triggered by the Covid-19 pandemic, the Group has increased the expected loss rates in the current year as there is higher risk that a prolonged pandemic could led to increased credit default rates. The information about the ECL and the Group's other receivables are disclosed in Notes 6(b) and 27.

#### Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in the PRC and Hong Kong. However, the implementation of the tax various amongst different tax jurisdictions in various cities of the PRC. There are many transactions and calculation for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the year in which such determination is made.

No deferred tax asset has been recognised on the tax losses of approximately RMB43.321.000 (2019: RMB19.621.000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The realisability of the deferred tax asset mainly depends on whether sufficient future profits or taxable temporary differences will be available in the future, which is a key source of estimation uncertainty especially in the current year given the significant uncertainty on the potential disruption of Group's property investment operation due to the Covid-19 pandemic. In cases where the actual future taxable profits generated are less or more than expected, or change in facts and circumstances which result in revision of future taxable profits estimation, a material reversal or further recognition of deferred tax assets may arise, which would be recognised in profit or loss for the period in which such a reversal or further recognition takes place.

# 4. 重大會計判斷及估計不確定性的主要來源(續)

#### 就收購物業所支付訂金的估計減值 虧損(續)

#### 其他應收款的預期信貸虧損撥備(續)

預期信貸虧損撥備對估計變動尤為敏感。由於2019冠狀病毒病疫情引發的財務不確定性較大,長期疫情可能導致信貸違約率上升的風險較高,本集團調高了本年度的預期虧損率。有關預期信貸虧損及本集團其他應收款的資料於附註6(b)及27中披露。

#### 所得稅

本集團在中國及香港須繳付所得稅。 然而,有關稅項的執行於中國不同稅 市的不同稅務司法權區各不相同。日 常業務過程中有多項交易和計算未能 確定最終稅項。倘該等事宜之最終稅 務結果與起初入賬的金額不同,有關 差額將會影響釐定年內的所得稅及遞 延稅項撥備。

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#### 5. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt, which includes lease liabilities, amount due to a non-controlling interest/a shareholder, net of cash and bank balances and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, reserves and accumulated losses.

The Directors review the capital structure on a regular basis. As part of this review, the Directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on the recommendations of the Directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

#### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### a. Categories of financial instruments

#### 2020 2019 **RMB'000** RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 **Financial assets** 財務資產 Equity instruments at FVTOCI 按公允價值計入其他全面 收入的股本工具 34,883 52,743 按攤銷成本計量的財務 Financial assets at amortised cost 資產 242,338 177,506 **Financial liabilities** 財務負債 Amortised cost 攤銷成本 154,965 99,019

#### 5 資本風險管理

本集團管理旗下資本以確保本集團之 實體能夠持續經營,並透過優化債務 及權益結餘為股東帶來最大回報。本 集團整體策略與去年相同。

本集團之資本結構包括淨債項,包括 租賃負債、應付非控股權益/一名股 東款項,扣除現金及銀行結餘及本公 司擁有人應佔權益的淨額,當中包括 已發行股本、儲備及累計虧損。

董事定期審閱資本結構。作為審閱的一部分,董事考慮資本成本及與各類資本相關的風險。根據董事之建議,本集團將透過派付股息、新股發行及發行新債或贖回現有債項來平衡其整體資本結構。

#### 6. 金融工具

#### a. 金融工具的類別

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#### **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

## Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include equity instruments at FVTOCI, loan and interest receivables, deposits and other receivables, amount due to a non-controlling interest/a shareholder, bank balances and cash, restricted bank balances, trade payables, other payables and accruals and lease liabilities. Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management of the Group manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### Market risk

#### (i) Currency risk

The Company and its subsidiaries have intragroup balances with other group entities denominated in foreign currency which also expose the Group to foreign currency risk.

The carrying amount of the intra-group balances that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

#### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括按 公允價值計入其他全面收入的 股本工具、應收貸款及利息、 訂金及其他應收款、應付非控 股權益/一名股東款項、銀 行結餘及現金、受限制銀行結 餘、應付賬款、其他應付款項 及應計費用及租賃負債。金融 工具詳情於各附註披露。與該 等金融工具有關的風險包括市 場風險(貨幣風險、利率風險及 其他價格風險)、信貸風險及流 動資金風險。下文載列如何降 低該等風險的政策。本集團管 理層管理及監控該等風險,以 確保及時和有效地採取適當的 措施。

#### 市場風險

#### (i) 貨幣風險

本公司及其附屬公司有 與其他集團實體以外匯 計值的集團內公司間結 餘,亦令本集團承受外 匯風險。

於報告期末以相關集團 實體功能貨幣以外貨幣 計值的集團內公司間結 餘的賬面值如下:

			Liabilities 負債		
		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元		
Intra-group balances HK\$ RMB	集團內公司間結餘 港元 人民幣	331,453 335,127	308,932 353,520		

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#### **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

## b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Market risk (Continued)

#### (i) Currency risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The Company is mainly exposed to the currency of HK\$.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% (2019: 5%) increase and decrease in RMB against 5% (2019: 5%) is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes intra-group balances where the denomination of the intra-group balance is in a currency other than the functional currency of the lender or the borrower. A positive number below indicates a decrease in post-tax loss for the year and a negative number indicates an increase in post-tax loss the year if RMB appreciate 5% against the foreign currency. There would be an equal and opposite impact on post-tax loss for the year if RMB depreciates 5% against HK\$.

#### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 市場風險(續)

#### (i) 貨幣風險(續)

敏感度分析

本公司主要面臨港元貨 幣風險。

下表詳列本集團就人民 幣兑港元可能升值及貶 值5%(2019年:5%) 之敏感度分析。所用敏 感度比率5%(2019年: 5%) 為向主要管理人 員內部匯報外匯風險之 比率, 並代表管理層對 匯率合理可能變動之評 估。敏感度分析包括集 團內公司間結餘(該集 團內公司間結餘以貸款 人或借款人功能貨幣以 外貨幣計值)。倘人民 幣兑外幣升值5%,以 下正數顯示年內除稅後 虧損減少,而負數顯示 年內除稅後虧損增加。 倘人民幣兑港元貶值 5%,則對年內除稅後 虧損有相同及相反之影 響。

		2020 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
HK\$	港元	16,573	15,447
RMB	人民幣	(16,756)	(17,676)

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#### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

## b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Market risk (Continued)

#### (ii) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to lease liabilities and fixed-rate loan and interest receivables and fixed-rate other receivables

The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate bank balances as detailed in Note 29 respectively.

The Group currently does not have any interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors interest exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

The Group's exposures to interest rates risk on financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note.

Bank balances are excluded from sensitive analysis as the Directors consider that the exposure of cash flow interest rate risk arising from them is insignificant.

#### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 市場風險(續)

#### (ii) 利率風險

本集團承擔與租賃負債 及應收定息貸款及利息 以及其他定息應收款項 有關的公允價值利率風 險。

本集團承擔之現金流量 利率風險與附註29詳述 的浮動利率銀行結餘有 關。

本集團目前並無任何利 率對沖政策。然而,管 理層監察利息風險並將 於有需要時考慮對沖重 大利率風險。

本集團對財務負債的利 率風險詳載於本附註流 動資金風險管理內。

由於董事認為因銀行結 餘產生的現金流量利率 風險不大,故沒有包括 銀行結餘及受限制銀行 結餘於敏感度分析中。

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#### **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

## b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Market risk (Continued)

#### (iii) Other price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk through its investments in equity securities measured at FVTOCI. The Group invested in unquoted equity securities for investees operating in bank industry sector for long term strategic purposes which had been designated as FVTOCI. Price risk was monitored by the management of the Group and will consider hedging the risk exposure should the need arise.

#### Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analyses for unquoted equity securities with fair value measurement categorised within Level 3 were disclosed in Note 6(c).

#### Credit risk and impairment assessment

Credit risk refers to the risk that the Group's counterparties default on their contractual obligations resulting in financial losses to the Group. The Group's credit risk exposure are primarily attributable to deposits and other receivables, loan and interest receivables, bank balances and restricted bank balances. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements to cover its credit risk associated with its financial assets.

#### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 市場風險(續)

#### (iii) 其他價格風險

#### 敏感度分析

有關公允價值計量分類為第三級的未上市股本證券的敏感度分析於附註6(c)披露。

#### 信貸風險及減值評估

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#### **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

## b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### **Credit risk and impairment assessment** (Continued)

The Group performed impairment assessment for financial assets under ECL model. The Group considers whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk of financial assets on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period by comparing the risk of a default occurring as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information. Especially the following information is used:

- internal credit rating;
- external credit rating;
- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the borrower's ability to meet its obligations;
- actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the borrower;
- significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same borrower; and
- significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of the borrower, including changes in the payment status of borrowers.

#### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

- 內部信貸評級;
- 外部信貸評級;
- 預期將導致借款人履行 其責任的能力有重大變動的業務、財務或經濟 狀況的實際或預期重大 不利變動;
- 借款人經營業績之實際 或預期重大變動;
- 同一債務人發行的其他 金融工具的信貸風險是 否顯著增加;及
- 借款人預期表現及行為 的重大變動,包括借款 人之付款狀況變動。

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#### **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

## b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### **Credit risk and impairment assessment** (Continued)

Information about the Group's credit risk management, maximum credit risk exposures and the related impairment assessment, if applicable, are summarised as below:

#### Loan and interest receivables

The Group's management manages and analyses the credit risk for each of their new and existing customers before standard payment terms and conditions are offered. The management assesses the credit quality of each customer based on customer's background information, financial position, past experience and relevant factors. The Group also reviews from time to time the financial position of the customers.

As at 31 December 2020, the probability of default applied 100% (2019: 17.57%) and the loss given default was estimated 78% (2019: 61.65%).

Reversal of impairment loss of approximately RMB Nil and impairment loss of approximately RMB10,159,000 (2019: reversal of impairment loss of approximately RMB6,972,000 and impairment loss of approximately RMB13,095,000) were recognised during the year. Details of the quantitative disclosures are set out below in this note.

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's has concentration of credit risk of 50.3% and 49.7% of loan and interest receivables were due from two debtors respectively in the credit business (2019: 50.3% and 49.7%).

#### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

有關本集團信貸風險管理、最高信貸風險敞口及相關減值評估(如適用)資料概述如下:

#### 應收貸款及利息

本集團管理層管理及分析於提 出標準付款條款及條件之前 新客戶及現有客戶的信貸 險。管理層根據客戶的背景資 料、財務狀況、過往經驗及相 關因素評估每名客戶的信貸 素。本集團亦不時審閱客戶的 財務狀況。

於2020年12月31日,應用的 違約概率為100%(2019年: 17.57%),而違約損失率估計 為78%(2019年:61.65%)。

年內確認減值虧損撥回約人民幣零元及減值虧損約人民幣10,159,000元(2019年:減值虧損撥回約人民幣6,972,000元及減值虧損粉回約人民幣6,972,000元及減值虧損約人民幣13,095,000元)。有關量化披露的詳情載於本附註下文。

於2020年12月31日,本集團應收貸款及利息的信貸集中風險為的50.3%及49.7%(2019年:50.3%及49.7%)來自信貸業務的兩名債務人。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

## b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### **Credit risk and impairment assessment** (Continued)

#### Restricted bank balances and bank balances

Credit risk on restricted bank balances and bank balances are limited because the counterparties are reputable banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies. The Group assessed 12m ECL for restricted bank balances and bank balances by reference to information relating to probability of default and loss given default of the respective credit rating grades published by external credit rating agencies. Based on the average loss rates, the 12m ECL on restricted bank balances and bank balances is considered to be insignificant and therefore no loss allowance was recognised.

#### Other receivables

The Directors make periodic individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivable based on historical settlement records, past experience, and also quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportive forward-looking information. For those other receivables that the Directors believe that there is no significant increase in credit risk of these amounts since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12m ECL. For those other receivables that are past due or there is significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Directors provide impairment based on lifetime ECL.

As at 31 December 2020, the probability of default applied ranging from 1.96% to 100% (2019: 1.87% to 100%) and the loss given default was estimated ranging from 62.08% to 100% (2019: 61.64% to 61.87%).

Reversal of impairment loss of approximately RMB469,000 and impairment loss of approximately RMB10,989,000 (2019: reversal of impairment loss of approximately RMB Nil and impairment loss of approximately RMB71,491,000) were recognised during the year. Details of the quantitative disclosures are set out below in this note.

#### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

#### 受限制銀行結餘及銀行結餘

#### 其他應收款項

於2020年12月31日,應用的違約概率介於1.96%至100%(2019年:1.87%至100%),而違約損失率估計為62.08%至100%(2019年:61.64%至61.87%)。

年內確認撥回減值虧損約人民幣469,000元及減值虧損約人民幣469,000元及減值虧損約人民幣10,989,000元(2019年:撥回減值虧損約人民幣零元及減值虧損約人民幣71,491,000元)。有關量化披露的詳情載於本下文附註。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

# b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

**Credit risk and impairment assessment** (Continued)

The Group's internal credit risk grading assessment comprises the follow categories:

### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

本集團的內部信貸風險級別評 估包括以下類別:

Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級	Description 描述	Trade receivables 應收賬款	Other financial assets 其他財務資產
Low risk	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired	12m ECL
低風險	交易方的違約風險低且並無任何逾期款項	全期預期信貸虧損-無 信貸減值	12個月預期信貸虧損
Watch list	Debtor frequently repays after due dates but usually settle in full	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired	12m ECL
觀察名單	債務人經常於到期日後還款但通常 悉數償付	全期預期信貸虧損-無 信貸減值	12個月預期信貸虧損
Doubtful	There have been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition through information developed internally or external resources	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired
可疑	信貸風險自初步確認以來顯著增加 (透過內部或外部資源獲得的資料)	全期預期信貸虧損-無 信貸減值	全期預期信貸虧損-無 信貸減值
Loss	There is evidence indicating the asset is credit impaired	Lifetime ECL – credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL – credit-impaired
虧損	有證據顯示資產出現信貸減值	全期預期信貸虧損-出現 信貸減值	全期預期信貸虧損-出現 信貸減值
Write-off	There is evidence that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is written off	Amount is written off
撇銷	有證據顯示債務人陷入嚴重財困且本集團不認為日後 可收回有關款項	撇銷有關金額	撇銷有關金額

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#### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

## b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

**Credit risk and impairment assessment** (Continued)

The table below details the credit risk exposures of the Group's financial assets, which are subject to ECL assessment:

### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

下表詳述本集團財務資產須進 行預期信貸虧損評估的信貸風 險敞口:

		External credit rating	Internal credit rating	12-month or lifetime ECL		20 ing amount	20 Gross carry	19 ing amount
	Note 附註	外部信貸 評級	內部信貸 評級	12個月或全期 預期信貸虧損				9年 總值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financial assets at amortised costs 按攤銷成本計量的財務資產								
Bank balances 銀行結餘	29	Baa2-A1	N/A 不適用	12m ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損		2,182		7,477
Restricted bank balances 受限制銀行結餘	28	A1	N/A 不適用	12m ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損		75,826		80,542
Deposits and other receivables 存款及其他應收款項	27	N/A 不適用	(Note a) (附註a)	12m ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	14,278		22,663	
				Lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired) 全期預期信貸虧損 (無信貸減值)	160,950		10,950	
				Credit impaired 出現信貸減值	70,160	245,388	113,000	146,613
Loan and interest receivables	26	N/A	Doubtful	Lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired)	-		16,080	
應收貸款及利息		不適用	可疑	全期預期信貸虧損 (無信貸虧損)				
			Loss 虧損	Credit-impaired 出現信貸減值	-	-	15,732	31,812

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

## b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

#### Note:

(a) For the purpose of internal credit risk management, the Group uses past due information to assess whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition.

### 6. 金融工具(續)

### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

#### 附註:

(a) 就內部信貸風險管理而言, 本集團利用逾期資料來評估 信貸風險自初步確認以來是 否顯著增加。

		Past due <b>逾期</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	Not past due/no fixed repayment terms 並無逾期/ 無固定還款期 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>Total</b> <b>總計</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元
2020	2020年			
Other receivables	其他應收款項	231,110	14,083	245,193
2019	2019年			
Other receivables	其他應收款項	113,000	33,480	146,480

The following tables show reconciliation of loss allowances that has been recognised for other receivables:

下表載列已就其他應收款項確認的虧 損撥備對賬:

		12m ECL 12個月 預期信貸 虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Lifetime ECL (not credit impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損 (無信貸減值) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Lifetime ECL (credit impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損 (出現信貸減值) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2019 Change due to financial instruments recognised as at 1 January 2019:	於2019年1月1日 因於2019年1月1日 確認金融工具的變動:	124	-	-	124
Impairment losses recognised     New financial asset originated	一已確認減值虧損 所發起的新財務資產	49 845	- 684	- 69,913	49 71,442
At 31 December 2019 Change due to financial instruments recognised as at 1 January 2020:	於2019年12月31日 因於2020年1月1日 確認金融工具的變動:	1,018	684	69,913	71,615
<ul> <li>Transfer to lifetime ECL (not credit impaired)</li> <li>Reclassified as assets classified</li> </ul>	- 撥至全期預期信貸虧損 (無信貸減值) - 重新分類為持作銷售	(356)	356	-	-
as held for sale  – Impairment losses recognised  – Impairment losses reversed  New financial asset originated	資產 一已確認減值虧損 一已撥回減值虧損 所發起的新財務資產	520 (469)	(372) 234 – 9.988	247 - -	(372) 1,001 (469) 9,988
Disposal of a subsidiary Exchange adjustments	出售一間附屬公司 匯兑調整	(520) (24)	9,966 - -	- -	(520) (24)
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	169	10,890	70,160	81,219

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

## b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

**Credit risk and impairment assessment** (Continued)

Note: (Continued)

Changes in the loss allowances for other receivables are mainly due to:

### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

附註:(續)

其他應收款項虧損撥備的變動主要由 於以下各項所致:

			2020	
			Increase (d Lifetin 全期預期信貸幅	ne ECL
		(Decrease) increase in 12m ECL 12個月預期 信貸虧損	Not credit- impaired	Credit- impaired
		(減少)增加 RMB'000 人民幣千元	無信貸減值 RMB′000 人民幣千元	出現信貸減值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financial assets originated Further impairment made for debtor in	所發起的財務資產 就面臨財困的債務人所做的	-	9,988	-
financial difficulty Disposal of a subsidiary	進一步攤備出售一間附屬公司	520 (520)	234 –	247 

			2019		
			Increase in Lifetime ECL 全期預期信貸虧損增加		
		Increase	Not credit-	Credit-	
		in 12m ECL	impaired	impaired	
		12個月預期			
		信貸虧損增加	無信貸減值	出現信貸減值	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Financial assets originated	所發起的財務資產	845	684	69,913	

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

## 6. 金融工具(續)

## b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### **Credit risk and impairment assessment** (Continued)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

Note: (Continued)

附註:(續)

(b) The following tables show reconciliation of loss allowances that has been recognised for loan and interest receivables:

(b) 下表載列已就應收貸款及利息確認的虧損撥備對賬:

		12m ECL 12個月	Lifetime ECL (not credit impaired) 全期預期	Lifetime ECL (credit impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損	Total
		預期信貸	信貸虧損	(出現	
		虧損 RMB'000	(無信貸減值) RMB'000	信貸減值) RMB'000	總計 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2019 Change due to financial instruments recognised as at 1 January 2019:  – Transfer to lifetime ECL	於2019年1月1日 因於2019年1月1日 確認金融工具 的變動: -轉撥至全期預期信貸	11,464	-	-	11,464
(not credit impaired)  – Transfer to lifetime ECL	虧損(無信貸減值) -轉撥至全期預期信貸	(2,080)	2,080	-	_
(credit impaired)	虧損(出現信貸減值)	(2,724)	_	2,724	_
<ul> <li>Impairment losses recognised</li> </ul>	一已確認減值虧損	-	128	12,967	13,095
– Impairment losses reversed	-已撥回減值虧損	(6,472)	(500)	_	(6,972)
– Written off	一撇銷	(209) 21	- 33	- 41	(209)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整 -	21	33	41	95
At 31 December 2019 Change due to financial instruments recognised as at 1 January 2020:	於2019年12月31日 因於2020年1月1日 確認金融工具的 變動:	-	1,741	15,732	17,473
– Transfer to lifetime ECL	- 轉撥至全期預期信貸				
(credit impaired)	虧損(出現信貸減值)	_	(1,741)	1,741	_
<ul> <li>Impairment losses recognised</li> <li>Reclassified as assets classified as</li> </ul>	一已確認減值虧損 一重新分類為持作銷售	-	-	10,159	10,159
held for sale	資產	_	_	(26,769)	(26,769)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	_	-	(863)	(863)
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	-	_	_	
	-				

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

**Credit risk and impairment assessment** (Continued)

Changes in the loss allowances for loan and interest receivables are mainly due to:

### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

應收貸款及利息虧損撥備的變動主要由於以下各項所致:

			2020	
		Decrease in 12m ECL 12個月預期 信貸虧損減少 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Increase in L 全期預期信	
		in 12m ECL	Not credit- impaired	Credit- impaired
		信貸虧損減少 RMB'000	無信貸減值 RMB′000 人民幣千元	出現信貸減值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Debtors in financial difficulty and transferred to credit-impaired	面臨財困的債務人並轉撥至 出現信貸減值 重新分類為持作銷售資產	_	(1,741)	1,741
held for sale	里利刀 炽 荷 行 F 朝 石 貝 庄	_	_	(26,769)
Further impairment made for debtor in financial difficulty	就面臨財困的債務人作出 進一步減值	_	_	10,159

			2019	
			Increase in L 全期預期信	
		Decrease in 12m ECL 12個月預期	Not credit- impaired	Credit- impaired
		信貸虧損減少 RMB'000 人民幣千元	無信貸減值 RMB'000 人民幣千元	出現信貸減值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Debtors in financial difficulty and	面臨財困的債務人並轉撥至			
transferred to credit-impaired	出現信貸減值	(2,724)	_	2,724
Past due and transferred to lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired)	已逾期並轉撥至全期預期 信貸虧損(無信貸減值)	(2,080)	2,080	_
Settlement received from debtors	從債務人獲得結算	(6,472)	(500)	_
Further impairment made for not credit- impaired receivables	就無信貸減值應收款項作出 進一步減值	-	128	-
Further impairment made for debtor in financial difficulty	就面臨財困的債務人作出 進一步減值		_	12,967

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

# b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

**Credit risk and impairment assessment** (Continued)

The following tables show reconciliation of loss allowances that has been recognised for amount due from an associate:

#### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

下表載列已就應收一間聯營公司款項確認的虧損撥備對賬:

Lifetime ECL (credit-impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損 (出現信貸減值) RMB'000 人民幣千元

At 1 January 2019
Changes due to financial instruments
recognised as at 1 January 2019:

– Disposal through disposal of a subsidiary

於2019年1月1日 因於2019年1月1日確認金融工具的 變動: -透過出售一間附屬公司出售

(5,679)

5,679

At 31 December 2019

於2019年12月31日

\_

Changes in the loss allowances for amount due from an associate are mainly due to:

應收一間聯營公司款項虧損撥 備的變動主要由於以下各項所 致:

> 2019 Decrease in Lifetime ECL (credit-impaired) 2019年 全期預期 信貸虧損減少 (出現信貸減值) RMB'000 人民幣千元

Disposal of a subsidiary

出售一間附屬公司

(5,679)

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 6. **FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

#### b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### **Credit risk and impairment assessment** (Continued)

The following tables show reconciliation of loss allowances that has been recognised for the financial guarantee contract:

#### 金融工具(續) 6.

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

下表載列已就財務擔保合約確 認的虧損撥備的對賬:

> Lifetime ECL (credit-impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損 (出現信貸減值) RMB'000 人民幣千元

At 1 January 2019 Changes due to financial instruments recognised as at 1 January 2019: Disposals through disposal of a subsidiary

(Note 36(b))

於2019年1月1日

因於2019年1月1日確認金融工具的

變動:

透過出售一間附屬公司出售 (附註36(b))

(49,787)

2019

49,787

At 31 December 2019

於2019年12月31日

財務擔保合約虧損撥備的變動 主要由於以下各項所致:

Changes in the loss allowances for financial guarantee contract are mainly due to:

> Decrease in Lifetime ECL (credit-impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損減少 (出現信貸減值) RMB'000 人民幣千元

Disposal of a subsidiary

出售一間附屬公司

(49,787)

#### Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of bank balance and cash deemed adequate by the Directors to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

#### 流動資金風險

在管理流動資金風險方面,本 集團監察並維持銀行結餘及現 金於一個水平,該水平被董事 視為足夠應付本集團之運作, 並減輕現金流量波動所帶來的 影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

## b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### **Liquidity risk** (Continued)

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

### Liquidity tables

#### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 流動資金風險(續)

下表詳列本集團財務負債餘下 合約年期。該表乃按本集團可 被要求償還財務負債的最早日 期的財務負債的未貼現現金流 量編製。下表已包括現金流量 利息及本金。

### 流動資金表

		Weighted average interest rate 加權 平均利率	On demand or less than 1 year 按要求償還 或少於1年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>2-5 years 2至5年</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	Over 5 years 超過5年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現 現金流量總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Carrying amounts <b>賬面值</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元
			7.00-170	7,7,4,1,75	7 7 7 7 7 7 7	7,000	7 7 7 1 7 2
2020 Trade payables Other payables and accruals Amount due to a shareholder Lease liabilities	2020年 應付賬款 其他應付款項及應計費用 應付一名股東款項 租賃負債	N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用 2.7%-5.5%	65,797 86,339 2,153 691	-	-	65,797 86,339 2,153 691	65,797 86,339 2,153 676
rease liabilities	但具具俱	2.1 %-3.3 %	091			031	0/0
			154,980	-	-	154,980	154,965
2019	2019年						
Trade payables	應付賬款	N/A 不適用	67,231	_	_	67,231	67,231
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	N/A 不適用	22,926	_	_	22,926	22,926
Amount due to a non-controlling interest	應付非控股權益款項	N/A 不適用	2,625	-	_	2,625	2,625
Amount due to a shareholder	應付一名股東款項	N/A 不適用	5,219	-	-	5,219	5,219
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	2.7%-4.75%	775	289	-	1,064	1,018
			98,776	289	_	99,065	99,019

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#### **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

#### c. Fair value measurements of financial instruments

Some of the Group's financial instruments are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes. The Board is responsible for determining fair value and the process of determining fair value.

In estimating the fair value, the Group uses marketobservable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Group engages third party qualified valuers to perform the valuation. The Board works closely with the qualified external valuers to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model.

### (i) Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

Some of the Group's financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined (in particular, the valuation technique(s) and inputs used).

#### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### c. 金融工具之公允價值計量

本集團部分金融工具就財務申報目的按公允價值計量。董事會對釐定公允價值及釐定公允價值及釐定公允價值的過程負責。

於估計公允價值時,本集團利用可得的市場可觀察數據。若沒有第一級輸入值,本集團都沒有第一級輸入值,本集團會委聘第三方合資格估值師來聽行估值。董事會與合資格外聘估值師緊密合作以建立合適的估值技術及模型輸入數據。

### (i) 本集團財務資產之公允 價值乃按經常基準以公 允價值計量

於各報告期末,本集團 部分財務資產乃按公允 價值計量。下表説明如 何釐定該等財務資產 之公允價值(尤其是所 用之估值技術及輸入數 據)。

		Level 3		
		第三	三級	
		2020	2019	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Equity instruments at FVTOCI	按公允價值計入 其他全面收入的			
	股本工具	34,883	52,743	

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#### **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

- c. Fair value measurements of financial instruments (Continued)
  - (i) Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (Continued)

#### 6. 金融工具(續)

- c. 金融工具之公允價值計量(續)
  - (i) 本集團財務資產之公允 價值乃按經常基準以公 允價值計量(續)

		ue as at 價值			
Financial assets 材務資產	31 December 2020 於2020年 12月31日	31 December 2019 於2019年 12月31日	Fair value hierarchy 公允價值等級	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值技術及 主要輸入數據	Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察 輸入數據
Private equity investments at FVTOCI ( <i>Note</i> ) 安公允價值計入其他全面收入的 非上市股本工具 <i>(附註)</i>	0.9% equity investment in Chaozhou Rural Commercial Bank Co., Ltd., which is engaged in banking activities in PRC 於中國從事銀行業務的潮州農村商業銀行 股份有限公司的 0.9%股本投資	1.38% equity investment in Chaozhou Rural Commercial Bank Co., Ltd., which is engaged in banking activities in PRC 於中國從事銀行業務的潮州農村商業銀行股份有限公司的1.38%股本投資		Market approach 市場法	Discount of lack of marketability, determined by reference to the share price of listed entities in similar industries of 4.3% (2019: 4.9%) 缺乏市場流通性折價,經參考類似行業上市實體的股價釐定,為4.3% (2019年: 4.9%)

Note: An increase in discount for lack of marketability used in isolation would result in a decrease in fair value measurement of the private equity investments, and vice versa. For the year ended 31 December 2020, a 1% increase/decrease in discount for lack of marketability and holding all other variables constant would decrease/increase the carrying amount of the private equity investments by approximately RMB365,000 (2019: RMB555,000).

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 in current and prior year.

附註: 所使用缺乏市場流 **通性折價單獨上升** 將導致非上市股本 投資的公允價值計 量減少,反之亦 然。截至2020年12 月31日止年度,缺 乏市場流通性折價 上升/下降1%, 而所有其他變數維 持不變,非上市股 本投資的賬面值將 下降/上升約人民 幣365,000元(2019 年:人民幣555,000 元)。

於本年度及上年度,第 一、二及三級之間並無 轉撥。

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#### **6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

# c. Fair value measurements of financial instruments (Continued)

## (ii) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements

#### 6. 金融工具(續)

#### c. 金融工具之公允價值計量(續)

### (ii) 第三級公允價值計量的 對賬

Assets – Private

		equity securities at FVTOCI 資產一按公允價 值計入其他全面 收入的非上市 股本證券 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2019	於2019年1月1日	49,000
Purchase	購買	63,931
Total loss in other comprehensive income	其他全面收益虧損總額	(60,188)
At 31 December 2019	於2019年12月31日	52,743
Disposal	出售	(17,912)
Total gain in other comprehensive income	其他全面收益總額	52
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	34,883

Included in other comprehensive income is an amount of approximately RMB52,000 fair value gain (fair value loss of 2019: RMB60,188,000) relating to the unlisted equity securities classified as equity instruments at FVTOCI held at the end of the current reporting period and is reported as changes of "FVTOCI reserve".

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of other financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

其他全面收入包括與於本報告期末分類為接知人的股本工具的非上角的股本工具的非上允例在收益約人民幣52,000元(2019年公允價值虧,188,000元),並匯報為「按公允價值計入其他全面收入的儲備」的變動。

董事認為,於綜合財務 報表按攤銷成本錄得之 其他財務資產及財務負 債之賬面值與其公允價 值相若。

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#### 7. **REVENUE**

An analysis of the Group's revenue from continuing operations for the years is as follows:

#### 7. 收益

年內本集團來自持續經營業務之收益 分析如下:

		Notes 附註	2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (經重列)
Continuing operations	持續經營業務			
Revenue from contracts with customer	客戶合約收益服務類型	(a)		
Type of services Construction of infrastructure and development of properties: Slope stabilisation works Construction of land	服務類別 基礎設施建設及 物業發展 斜坡鞏固工程 在建工程		- 6,624	21,893 _
			6,624	21,893
Leases	租賃	(b)	384	130
Total revenue	總收益		7,008	22,023

#### Notes:

(a) All the revenue from construction of infrastructure and development of properties was recognised at a point in time based on the contracts entered into with a stated-owned enterprise located in the PRC (the "**Sole Customer**").

> The relevant infrastructure and properties specified in the contracts are based on the Sole Customer's specifications with no alternative use. Taking into consideration of the relevant contract terms, the legal environment and relevant legal precedent, the Directors concluded that the Group does not have an enforceable right to payment prior to the completion of the acceptance and transfer procedure. Revenue from construction of infrastructure and development of properties is therefore recognised at a point in time when the completed infrastructure and property is transferred to the Sole Customer, being at the point that the acceptance and transfer procedure completed and the Group has present right of payment and collection of the consideration is probable.

> The Sole Customer made advance payments to the Group while the acceptance and transfer procedure is still ongoing. The advance payments result in contract liabilities being recognised throughout the construction and development period until the completion of acceptance and transfer procedure and the Sole Customer obtains control of the completed infrastructure and property.

> The Group considers the advance payments contain significant financing component and applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the transaction price for any significant financing component as the period between payments and transfer of the associated infrastructure and property is less than one year.

> The Group also applies the practical expedient of not disclosing about the transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations for contracts with customers as all revenue contracts are for period of one year or less.

#### 附註:

來自基礎設施建設及物業發展的所有 收益乃根據與位於中國的一家國有企業(「**唯一客戶**」)訂立的合約於某一時 (a) 點確認。

> 於合約中訂明的相關基礎設施及物業 其他用線上 一客戶的規格作出,不不法 時間, 一個開送。經考慮相關合約條款,董 定,相關法律先決條件程序完成 定,無數於驗收交付程序完成此於 定,無數的設設物業發展的。 或工基礎設施及物業轉移予唯一時點 的時點(即驗收交付程序完成的時點) 的時點(即縣收交付程序完成的時點) 在可能的回任價。 有可能收回代價。

唯一客戶在驗收交付程序仍在進行時 向本集團作出預付款項。預付款項導 致合約負債於整個建設及發展期間內確認,直至驗收交付程序完成及唯一 客戶獲得已竣工基礎設施及物業的控 制權為止。

本集團認為預付款項包含重大融資成分,故應用實際權宜方法,不調整任何重大融資成分的交易價格,原因為 付款與轉移相關基礎設施及物業的期 間不足一年。

本集團亦應用實際權宜方法,不披露 分配至與客戶訂立合約的餘下履約責 任的交易價格,原因為所有收益合約 的期間均為一年或以下。

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#### **7. REVENUE** (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(b) Leases

#### 7. 收益(續)

附註:(續)

(b) 租賃

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
For operating leases: Lease payments that are fixed	就經營租賃而言: 固定租賃付款	384	130

#### 8. OPERATING SEGMENTS

Information reported to the board of directors of the Company (the "Board"), being the chief operating decision maker (the "CODM"), for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focus on types of goods or services delivered or provided. No operating segments identified by the CODM have been aggregated in arriving at the reportable segments of the Group.

Specifically, the Group's reporting segments under HKFRS 8 are as follows:

- Construction of infrastructure and development of properties
- Property investment

Operating segments regarding credit business and securities investment were discontinued in the current year. The segment information reported on the next pages does not include any amounts for these operations, which are described in more details in Note 13

#### 8. 經營分部

就資源分配及分部表現評估而言,向本公司董事會(「董事會」)(即主要經營決策者(「主要經營決策者」)匯報之資料專注於所交付或提供之商品或服務類別。於達致本集團可報告分部時,並無併入獲主要經營決策者所識別的經營分部。

具體而言,本集團根據香港財務報告 準則第8號的可報告分部如下:

-基礎設施建設及物業發展

#### 一物業投資

有關信貸業務及證券投資的經營分部 已於本年度終止。下頁報告的分部資 料不計入該等業務的任何金額(詳見附 註13)。

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#### **8. OPERATING SEGMENTS** (Continued)

#### Segment revenues and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results from continuing operations by reportable segments:

### For the year ended 31 December

### 8. 經營分部(續)

### 分部收益及業績

以下為本集團按可報告分部劃分的來 自持續經營業務之收益及業績分析:

### 截至12月31日止年度

			Segment revenue 分部收益		t results 業績
		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (經重列)	2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (經重列)
Continuing operations	持續經營業務				
Construction of infrastructure and	基礎設施建設及				
development of properties	物業發展	6,624	21,893	(42)	766
Property investment	物業投資	384	130	(44)	(600)
Total	總計	7,008	22,023	(86)	166
Share of loss of associates	分佔聯營公司虧損			-	(8,548)
Impairment losses under expected credit loss model, net of reversal	預期信貸虧損模型下的 減值虧損,扣除撥回			(10,504)	(71,111)
Other income	其他收入			3,006	1,316
Exchange gain, net	<b>進見</b> 收益淨額			1,993	90
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries, net	出售附屬公司收益淨額			15,554	1,072
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊			13,337	1,072
plant and equipment	ISSIC ISSICS ISSICS IN THE			(196)	(259)
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊			(1,433)	(1,520)
Impairment loss recognised in respect of	物業、廠房及設備之			, , ,	, ,
property, plant and equipment	已確認減值虧損			(36,380)	_
Staff costs	員工成本			(4,486)	(4,497)
Other operating expenses	其他經營開支			(5,319)	(7,277)
Finance cost	融資成本			(31)	(53)
Loss before tax from continuing	持續經營業務之除稅前虧損				
operations	可視紅呂木伽人你仍別間很			(37,882)	(90,621)

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#### **8. OPERATING SEGMENTS** (Continued)

#### Segment revenues and results (Continued)

Segment revenue reported above represents revenue generated from external customers. There were no inter-segment sales in the current year (2019: Nil).

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in Note 3. Segment results represents the (loss from) profit earned by each segment without allocation of share of loss of associates, impairment losses under expected credit loss model, net of reversal, impairment loss recognised in respect of property, plant and equipment, other income, gain on disposal of subsidiaries, net, depreciation, exchange gain, net, finance cost and central administration costs including directors' emoluments and staff costs. This is the measure reported to the CODM for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

#### Segment assets and liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable and operating segment:

### 8. 分部(續)

#### 分部收益及業績(續)

以上報告的分部收益指來自外部客 戶的收益。本年度並無分部間銷售 (2019年:無)。

經營分部的會計政策與本集團的會計 政策相同(詳見附註3)。分部業績指各 分部賺取的(虧損)溢利,並無計及分 配分佔聯營公司虧損、預期信貸回 模式下的若干減值虧損(扣除撥回) 模式下的若干減值虧損(扣除撥回) 有之已確認減值 損、其他收入、出售附屬公司收益 類、折舊、匯兑收益淨額、融資 及中央行政成本(包括董事酬金及員工 成本)。此乃就資源分配及表現評估而 向主要經營決策者匯報的方法。

#### 分部資產及負債

以下為本集團按可報告及經營分部劃 分的資產及負債分析:

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Segment assets Continuing operations Construction of infrastructure and	<b>分部資產</b> 持續經營業務 基礎設施建設及		
development of properties  Credit business	物業發展 信貸業務	207,522	208,601 14,339
Property investment	物業投資	416,400	166,500
Total reportable segment assets	可報告分部資產總額	623,922	389,440
Asset classified as held for sale Unallocated corporate assets	分類為持作銷售的資產 未分配公司資產	10,307 263,901	239,454 367,517
Consolidated assets	綜合資產	898,130	996,411

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#### **8. OPERATING SEGMENTS** (Continued)

#### 8. 經營分部(續)

#### **Segment assets and liabilities** (Continued)

#### 分部資產及負債(續)

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Segment liabilities Continuing operations Construction of infrastructure and development of properties	<b>分部負債</b> 持續經營業務 基礎設施建設及 物業發展	120,723	128,980
Property investment	物業投資	54,489	253
Total reportable segment liabilities Liabilities associated with assets classified as	可報告分部負債總額 與分類為持作銷售之	175,212	129,233
held for sale	資產相關的負債	1,978	6,525
Unallocated corporate liabilities	未分配公司負債	36,211	53,140
Consolidated liabilities	綜合負債	213,401	188,898

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to operating segments other than property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, equity instruments at FVTOCI, certain deposits paid, deferred tax asset, deposits and other receivables, certain restricted bank balances, bank balances and cash and assets classified as held for sale.
- all liabilities are allocated to operating segments other than certain other payables and accruals, lease liabilities, tax liabilities, amount due to a non-controlling interest/a shareholder, deposit received and liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale.

就分部間監察分部表現及分配資源而 言:

- 除物業、廠房及設備、使用權 資產、按公允價值計入其他全 面收入的股本工具、所支付的 若干訂金、遞延税項資產、訂 金及其他應收款項、若干受限 制銀行結餘、銀行結餘及現金 及分類為持作銷售的資產以 外,分配予經營分部的所有資 產。
- 除若干其他應付款項及應計費用、租賃負債、税項負債、 應付非控股權益/一名股東款項、已收訂金以及與分類為持作銷售的資產相關的負債以外,分配予經營分部的所有負債。

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#### **8. OPERATING SEGMENTS** (Continued)

#### Other segment information

#### Continuing operations

Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets:

### 8. 經營分部(續)

#### 其他分部資料

#### 持續經營業務

計入分部損益或分部資產計量的金額:

		Construction of infrastructure and development of properties 基礎設施建設及物業發展		Property investment 物業投資		Unallocated 未分配		Total 總計	
		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loss from changes in fair value of investment properties Additions to non-current assets (Note)	投資物業公允價值變動的 虧損 非流動資產添置 <i>(附註)</i>	-	-	428	730	-	-	428	730
<ul><li>investment properties</li><li>deposit paid</li></ul>	一投資物業 一已付訂金	-	-	138,328 2,000	20,130 7,100	- 35,000	- 56,000	138,328 37,000	20,130 63,100

Amounts regularly provided to the CODM but not included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets:

定期提供予主要經營決策者但並無包括在分部損益或分部資產計量的金額:

		Constru infrastruc development	cture and	Property i	附註: nvestment	非流動資 Unallo		與已終止結 To	
		基礎設施建設	设入物業發展	物業	投資	未经	<b>記</b>	總計	
		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (經重列)	2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (經重列)	2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (經重列)	2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (經重列)
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊								
equipment		2	2	-	-	194	257	196	259
	使用權資產折舊	-	-	-	-	1,433	1,520	1,433	1,520
Additions to non-current assets (Note)	非流動資產添置(附註)								
<ul> <li>property, plant and equipment</li> </ul>	一物業、廠房及設備	-	-	-	-	-	147	-	147
<ul><li>right-of-use assets</li></ul>	- 使用權資產	-	_	-	-	571	6,493	571	6,493
	其他收入	(1,939)	(95)	-	-	(1,067)	(1,221)	(3,006)	(1,316)
	分佔聯營公司虧損	-	-	-	-	-	8,548	-	8,548
	出售附屬公司收益淨額	-	-	-	-	(15,554)	(1,072)	(15,554)	(1,072)
	其他應收款項的減值虧損淨額					40 504	71 111	40 504	71 111
receivables, net	品次代★	-	-	-	-	10,504	71,111	10,504	71,111
	融資成本	-	-	-	-	(4.002)	53	(1.002)	53
	匯兑收益淨額 計無業,蘇長及訊供韓國之	_	-	_	-	(1,993)	(90)	(1,993)	(90)
Impairment loss recognised in respect of property, plant and equipment	就物業、廠房及設備確認之 減值虧損	_	-	_	-	36,380	-	36,380	_

Note:

Non-current assets excluded those relating to discontinued operations and excluded financial instruments and deferred tax assets.

相關的資產,亦不包括金融工具及遞 延稅項資產。

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#### **8. OPERATING SEGMENTS** (Continued)

#### **Geographical information**

For the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, the Group operated in two principal geographical areas – the PRC (excluding Hong Kong) and Hong Kong.

Information about the Group's revenue from continuing operations from external customers is presented based on the location of operations. Information about the Group's non-current assets is presented based on the geographical location of the assets.

#### 8. 經營分部(續)

#### 地區資料

截至2020年及2019年12月31日止年度,本集團在兩個主要地區經營業務-中國(不包括香港)及香港。

本集團來自外部客戶的持續經營業務 收益的資料按業務所在地區呈列。本 集團非流動資產的資料按資產所在地 區呈列。

		custo	Revenue from external customers 來自外部客戶收益		nt assets* 資產*
		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
PRC Hong Kong	中國香港	7,008	22,023 –	478,449 361	396,805 940
		7,008	22,023	478,810	397,745

<sup>\*</sup> Non-current assets exclude those relating to discontinued operations, financial instruments and deferred tax assets.

#### Information about major customers

Revenue from customer of the corresponding years contributing over 10% of the total revenue of the Group is as follows:

#### 主要客戶資料

相應年度來自客戶的收益佔本集團總收益超過10%如下:

		2020	2019
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Customer A – Construction of infrastructure and development of	客戶A一基礎設施建設及 物業發展		
properties		6,624	21,893

<sup>\*</sup> 非流動資產不包括與已終止經營業務 相關的資產、金融工具及遞延税項資 產。

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#### 9. OTHER INCOME

### 9. 其他收入

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (經重列)
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	10	101
Loan interest income (Note 27(b))  Dividends from equity instruments at  FVTOCI relating to investments held  at the end of the reporting period	貸款利息收入( <i>附註27(b)</i> ) 與報告期末所持投資相關 並按公允價值計入其他 全面收入的股本工具的	819	1,053
Covid-19 – related rent concessions	股息 2019冠狀病毒病相關租金	1,934	_
(Note 19)	寬減 <i>(附註19)</i>	145	_
Government grants (Note)	政府補助金(附註)	91	_
Sundry income	雜項收入	7	162
		3,006	1,316

Note:

During the current year, the Group recognised government grants of approximately RMB91,000 in respect of Covid-19-related subsidies, which relates to Employment Support Scheme provided by the Hong Kong government.

附註:

於本年度,本集團就2019冠狀病毒病相關租金寬減確認政府補助金約人民幣91,000元, 其與香港政府提供的「保就業」計劃有關。

#### 10. FINANCE COST

### 10. 融資成本

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	31	53

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## 11. IMPAIRMENT LOSSES UNDER EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS MODEL, NET OF REVERSAL

### 11. 預期信貸虧損模式下的減值虧損, 扣除撥回

2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元 2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (經重列)

**Continuing operations** 

持續經營業務

Impairment losses recognised on:
– other receivables

於以下項目確認減值虧損: 一其他應收款項

10,504

71,111

Details of impairment assessment are set out in Note 6(b).

有關減值評估的詳情載於附註6(b)。

#### 12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

### 12. 所得稅開支

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (經重列)
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Current tax:  – PRC Enterprise Income Tax	即期税項: 一中國企業所得税	96	90

On 21 March 2018, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed The Inland Revenue (Amendment) (No. 7) Bill 2017 (the "Bill") which introduces the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The Bill was signed into law on 28 March 2018 and was gazetted on the following day. Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2 million of profits of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%.

於2018年3月21日,香港立法會通過2017年稅務(修訂)(第7號)條例草案(「該草案」),引入兩級制利得稅率制度。該草案於2018年3月28日簽署成為法律,並於翌日刊登憲報。根據兩級制利得稅率制度,合資格集團實體的首2,000,000港元的溢利將按8.25%的稅率徵稅,而超過2,000,000港元的溢利將按16.5%的稅率徵稅。不符合兩級制利得稅率制度的集團實體溢利將繼續按16.5%的統一稅率徵稅。

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#### **12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE** (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019, the Directors considered the amount involved upon implementation of the two-tiered profits tax rates regime is insignificant to the consolidated financial statements. Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for the year ended 31 December 2020. No provision for taxation in Hong Kong has been made as the Group did not generated any assessable profits arising in Hong Kong.

Under the Law of PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the Company and the PRC subsidiaries is 25% for both years.

Taxation arising in other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions.

The tax charges for the years can be reconciled to the loss before tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss as follows:

#### 12. 所得稅開支(續)

截至2020年12月31日及2019年12月31日止年度,董事認為,於實施利得稅兩級制後涉及的金額就綜合財務報表而言微不足道。香港利得稅按截至2020年12月31日止年度估計應課稅溢利16.5%計稅。由於本集團並無於香港產生任何應課稅溢利,並無對香港稅項作出撥備。

根據中國企業所得稅法(「**企業所得稅** 法」)及企業所得稅法實施條例,本公司及中國附屬公司於該兩個年度之稅 率為25%。

其他司法權區產生的稅項按相關司法權區現行的稅率計算。

於綜合損益表中,年內稅項開支與除 稅前虧損之對賬如下:

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (經重列)
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	(37,882)	(90,621)
Income tax at applicable tax rates	按照適用税率計算的所得税	(7,564)	(20,630)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible	計税時不可抵扣的開支		
for tax purpose	税務影響	12,356	17,449
Tax effect of income not taxable	毋須課税收入的		
for tax purpose	税務影響	(6,510)	(1,419)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認税務虧損的税務影響	1,814	4,690
Income tax expense	所得稅開支	96	90

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## 13. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS/DISPOSAL GROUP HELD FOR SALE

The loss for the year from discontinued operations is set out below:

# 13. 已終止經營業務/持作銷售的出售 組別

來自已終止經營業務之年內虧損載列 如下:

		Notes 附註	2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loss for the year from: Credit business Securities investment	年內虧損來自: 信貸業務 證券投資	(a) (b)	(10,300) –	(3,729)
			(10,300)	(3,729)

Assets classified as held for sale is set out below:

分類為持作銷售的資產載列如下:

		Notes 附註	2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Assets classified as held for sale related to:  Disposal of Shenzhen Shen Wu Investment & Development Company Limited ("Shenzhen Shen Wu") Disposal of Shenzhen He Hui Huang Development Company Limited	分類為持作銷售的資產 與下列各項相關: 出售深圳市沈物投資 發展有限公司 (「 <b>深圳沈物</b> 」) 出售深圳市 合輝煌發展有限公司	(a)	10,307	-
("SHHH Development")	(「深圳合輝煌發展」)	(c)	_	239,454
		/	10,307	239,454

Liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale is set out below:

分類為持作銷售與資產相關的負債載 列如下:

		Notes 附註	2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale related to:	分類為持作銷售與資產 相關的負債與下列 各項相關:			
Disposal of Shenzhen Shen Wu	出售深圳沈物	(a)	1,978	_
Disposal of SHHH Development	出售深圳合輝煌發展	(c)	-	6,525
			1,978	6,525

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# 13. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS/DISPOSAL GROUP HELD FOR SALE (Continued)

Notes:

(a) Disposal of Shenzhen Shen Wu

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Directors resolved to cease all the Group's credit business. On 31 December 2020, the Company entered into a disposal agreement with an independent third party (the "Purchaser I"), pursuant to which the Company sell the entire equity interest of Shenzhen Shen Wu and its subsidiaries, which include Chung Hwa Finance Limited ("Chung **Hwa Finance**"), at a consideration of approximately RMB5,000,000. Chung Hwa Finance carried out all of the Group's credit business. The assets and liabilities attributable to the credit business, which are expected to be sold within twelve months, have been classified as a disposal group held for sale and are presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position (see below). The net carrying amount of the relevant assets and liabilities are not expected to exceed the net proceeds of disposal and accordingly, no impairment loss has been recognised.

The loss for the year from the discontinued credit business is set out below. The comparative figures in the consolidated statement of profit or loss have been restated to represent the credit business as a discontinued operation.

### 13. 已終止經營業務/持作銷售的出售 組別(續)

附註:

(a) 出售深圳沈物

來自已終止信貸業務之年內虧損載列 如下。綜合損益表內的比較數字已重 列,以將信貸業務重新呈列為已終止 經營業務。

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue			
Interest under effective interest method	實際利率法下的利息	_	4,537
Cost of sales	銷售成本	_	(203)
Impairment losses under expected credit	預期信貸虧損模型下的減值虧損,		
loss model, net of reversal	扣除撥回	(10,175)	(6,503)
Depreciation	折舊	_	(11)
Staff costs	員工成本	_	(219)
Other operating expenses	其他經營開支	(35)	(264)
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	(10,210)	(2,663)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	(90)	(1,066)
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(10,300)	(3,729)

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## 13. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS/DISPOSAL GROUP HELD FOR SALE (Continued)

附註:(續)

13.

Note: (Continued)

(a) Disposal of Shenzhen Shen Wu (Continued)

Loss for the year from discontinued operation includes the following:

(a) 出售深圳沈物(續)

組別(續)

來自已終止經營業務之年內虧損包括 下列各項:

已終止經營業務/持作銷售的出售

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Director's remuneration	董事酬金	_	_
Other staff cost (excluding directors' emoluments)  – Salaries, wages and other benefits  – Contributions to retirement benefits schemes	其他員工成本(不包括董事酬金) 一薪金、工資和其他福利 一退休福利計劃供款	-	211 8
Total staff costs	員工成本總額	_	219
Auditor remuneration	核數師薪酬	17	15

During the year, the credit business contributed net cash inflow of approximately RMB39,000 (2019: outflow of approximately RMB678,000) to the Group's net operating cash flows, no net cash flow (2019: RMB Nil) in respect of investing activities and net cash outflow of approximately RMB27,000 (2019: net cash inflow of approximately RMB345,000) in respect of financing activities.

年內,信貸業務對本集團的經營現金流量淨額貢獻現金流入淨額約人民幣39,000元(2019年:流出額約人民幣678,000元),未就投資活動產生現金流動淨額(2019年:人民幣零元),就融資活動產生現金流出淨額約人民幣27,000元(2019年:現金流入淨額約人民幣345,000元)。

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# 13. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS/DISPOSAL GROUP HELD FOR SALE (Continued)

#### Note: (Continued)

(a) Disposal of Shenzhen Shen Wu (Continued)

The major classes of assets and liabilities of Shenzhen Shen Wu and its subsidiaries as at 31 December 2020, which have been presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position, are as follows:

# 13. 已終止經營業務/持作銷售的出售 組別(續)

# 附註:(續)

(a) 出售深圳沈物(續)

於2020年12月31日,深圳沈物及其 附屬公司的主要資產及負債類別如 下,已在綜合財務狀況表中單獨列 示:

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Property, plant and equipment (Note 18) Deferred tax assets (Note 38) Loan and interest receivables Bank balances and cash Other receivables Tax recoverable	物業、廠房及設備(附註18) 遞延税項資產(附註38) 應收貸款及利息 銀行結餘及現金 其他應收款 可收回税項	512 766 3,317 154 5,329 229
Total assets classified as held for sale	分類為持作銷售資產總額	10,307
Other payable Amount due to a shareholder	其他應付款 應付一名股東款項	230 1,748
Total liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale	與分類為持作銷售資產有關的負債總額	1,978

Cumulative amount of approximately RMB546,000 relating to the disposal group classified as held for sale has been recognised in other comprehensive income and included in equity.

與分類為持作銷售之出售組別相關的 累計金額約人民幣546,000元已於其 他全面收入確認並包含於股權內。

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# 13. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS/DISPOSAL GROUP HELD FOR SALE (Continued)

Note: (Continued)

#### (b) Securities investments business

On 24 June 2019, the Company entered into a disposal agreement with an independent third party (the "Purchaser II"), pursuant to which the Company sell the entire equity interests of Shenzhen Shen He Chuang Jian Investment Development Company Limited ("Shenzhen Shen He") and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Shenzhen Shen Shang Chuang Jian Investment Development Company Limited, Sichuang Overseas Investment Development Corporation Limited ("Sichuang Overseas") and Sichuang International Ltd (collectively known as the "Disposal Group") to the Purchase II at a consideration of RMB13,950,000. Sichuang Overseas carried out all of the Group's securities investments. The disposal was completed on 28 June 2019. Details of the disposal are disclosed in Note 36(b). During the year ended 31 December 2020, the management of the Group decided to cease the business of securities investments.

The loss for the year from the discontinued securities investments business is set out below. The comparative figures in the consolidated statement of profit or loss have been restated to represent the securities investments as a discontinued operation.

# 13. 已終止經營業務/持作銷售的出售 組別(續)

附註:(續)

#### (b) 證券投資業務

於2019年6月24日,本公司與獨立第三方(「賈方II」)訂立出售協議,據三方(「賈方II」)訂立出售協議,據與此,本公司出售深圳市沈和創建投權發展有限公司(「深圳沈和」)全部股資發展有限公司、思創海外投資發展有限公司(「思創海外」)及思創國際有限公司(統稱「出售組合」)予買方II,代價為人民幣13,950,000元。思詢該出售事項已於2019年6月28日完成。每時,於附註36(b)中披露。截至2020年12月31日止年度,本集團的所有證券投資業務。

來自已終止證券投資業務之年內虧損 載列如下。綜合損益表內的比較數字 已重列,以將證券投資重新呈列為已 終止經營業務。

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Other operating expenses	其他經營開支	-	_
Loss before tax and loss for the year	除税前虧損及年內虧損	_	_

There was no cash flows, no assets and liabilities attributable to the securities investments as at 31 December 2020 and

於2020年及2019年12月31日,並無現金流量、資產及負債可歸屬於證券投資。

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# 13. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS/DISPOSAL GROUP HELD FOR SALE (Continued)

Note: (Continued)

#### (c) Disposal of SHHH Development

On 4 July 2019, Shenzhen Shenxi Investment & Development Company Limited ("Shenzhen Shenxi"), an indirect whollyowned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a disposal agreement with an independent third party (the "Purchaser III"), whereby the Purchaser III has conditionally agreed to purchase and Shenzhen Shenxi has conditionally agreed to sell 66.67% equity interests and the shareholder's loan of SHHH Development (the "Shareholder's Loan") at the consideration of RMB173,000,000, in which RMB165,000,000 and RMB8,000,000 are for disposal of 66.67% equity interest of SHHH Development and Shareholder's Loan respectively. SHHH Development mainly held 30% equity interest in Shenzhen Zhong De Logistics Company Limited ("Zhong De Logistics") which engages in domestic logistics, freight forwarding, warehousing and distribution services. The assets and liabilities attributable to SHHH Development, which is expected to be sold within twelve months, have been classified as a disposal group held for sale and are presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position (see below). The net proceeds of disposal are expected to exceed the net carrying amount of the relevant assets and liabilities and accordingly, no impairment loss has been recognised.

Deposit of RMB20,000,000 has been received from the Purchaser III and was recognised as deposit received as at 31 December 2019.

The major classes of assets and liabilities of SHHH Development classified as held for sale are as follows:

# 13. 已終止經營業務/持作銷售的出售 組別(續)

附註:(續)

#### (c) 出售深圳合輝煌發展

於2019年7月4日,深圳市沈璽投資 發展有限公司(「深圳沈璽」,本公司 之間接全資附屬公司)與獨立第三方 (「**買方Ⅲ**」)訂立出售協議,據此,買 方Ⅲ有條件同意購買而深圳沈璽有條 件同意出售深圳合輝煌發展66.67% 股權及股東貸款(「股東貸款」),代價 為人民幣173,000,000元,其中人民 幣165,000,000元及人民幣8,000,000 元分別乃出售深圳合輝煌發展的 66.67%股權及股東貸款所得。深圳 合輝煌發展主要持有深圳市眾德物流 有限公司(「眾德物流」)30%股權, 該公司從事國內物流、貨運、倉儲及 配送服務。預計深圳合輝煌發展應佔 的資產及負債將於十二個月內出售, 分類為持作銷售的出售組別, 並於綜 合財務狀況表單獨呈列(見下文)。預 計出售所得款項淨額超出相關資產及 負債的賬面淨值,故並無確認減值虧 指。

於2019年12月31日·已從買方III收取 訂金人民幣20,000,000元並已確認為 已收訂金。

分類為持作銷售的深圳合輝煌發展的 主要資產及負債類別如下:

		2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Property, plant and equipment (Note 18) Right-of-use assets (Note 19) Interest in associates (Note 22) Bank balances and cash Amount due from an associate Other receivables	物業、廠房及設備(附註18) 使用權資產(附註19) 於聯營公司的權益(附註22) 銀行結餘及現金 應收一間聯營公司款項 其他應收款項	81 43 231,183 17 8,000 130
Total assets classified as held for sale	分類為持作銷售資產總額	239,454
Trade payable Other payable Lease liabilities	應付賬款 其他應付款項 租賃負債	38 6,443 44
Total liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale (Note)	與分類為持作銷售資產相關的 負債總額 <i>(附註)</i>	6,525

The dispose was completed on 15 November 2020. The carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities of SHHH Development at the date of disposal are disclosed in Note 36(a).

Note: Liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale directly associated with disposal group held for sale above are presented after elimination of intragroup balance of RMB8,000,000.

該出售事項已於2020年11月15日完成。深圳合輝煌發展於出售日期的資產及負債賬面值於附註36(a)披露。

附註: 與上述持作銷售的出售組別 直接關聯的持作銷售資產相 關的負債於撇除集團間結餘 人民幣 8,000,000元後呈列。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 14. LOSS FOR THE YEAR

# 14. 年內虧損

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) 經重列
Loss for the year from continuing operations has been arrived at after charging:	來自持續經營業務之年內 虧損已扣除(計入):		
Directors', supervisors' and chief executives' remuneration (Note 15)	董事、監事及主要行政人員 的酬金(附註15)	1,669	1,665
Other staff cost (excluding directors' emoluments)  – Salaries, wages and other benefits	其他員工成本 (不包括董事酬金) 一薪金、工資和其他福利	2,538	2,446
<ul> <li>Contributions to retirement benefits schemes</li> </ul>	一退休福利計劃供款	279	386
		2,817	2,832
Total staff costs	員工成本總額	4,486	4,497
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	196	259
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Loss on written-off of property,	使用權資產折舊 撇銷物業、廠房及	1,433	1,520
plant and equipment Auditor's remuneration (including the fee for PRC subsidiaries)	設備的虧損 核數師酬金(包括中國 附屬公司的費用)	_	5
– Audit service	一核數服務	980	1,645
<ul> <li>Non-audit service</li> </ul>	一非核數服務	175	169
Donation Contract cost recognised as an	捐款 確認為開支的	-	1,000
expense	合約成本	5,937	20,853

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# 15. DIRECTORS', SUPERVISORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

# (a) Directors', supervisors' and chief executive's emoluments

Directors', supervisors' and chief executive's remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the applicable Listing Rules and Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, is as follows:

# 15. 董事、監事、主要行政人員及五名 最高薪僱員

# (a) 董事、監事及主要行政人員的 酬金

年內根據適用上市規則及香港 公司條例披露的董事、監事及 主要行政人員的薪酬如下:

		Fees 複金 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Salaries and allowances 薪金及津貼 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Contributions to retirement benefits schemes 退休福利計劃供款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
For the year ended 31 December 2020	截至2020年12月31日 止年度				
Executive directors	執行董事				
Zhang Jing Ming (Chairman)	張敬明 <i>(主席)</i>	100	276	15	391
Chau Ting Yan	周霆欣	120	-	-	120
Leng Xiao Rong	冷小榮	100	191	13	304
Sub-total	/ \\	320	467	28	815

The executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group. 上文所示執行董事酬金用作支付彼等就本公司及本集團的事務管理所提供的服務。

Non-executive directors	非執行董事				
Yin Zong Chen	尹宗臣	30	-	-	30
Ye Zhi E	葉智鍔	30	-	-	30
Sub-total	小青十	60	-	-	60

The non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company. 上文所示非執行董事酬金用作支付彼等擔任本公司董事所提供的服務。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

(a)

15. DIRECTORS', SUPERVISORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (Continued)

emoluments (Continued)

Directors', supervisors' and chief executive's (a) 董事、監事及主要行政人員的

**15**.

董事、監事、主要行政人員及五名

最高薪僱員(續)

酬金(續)

Contributions Salaries and to retirement Fees allowances benefits schemes Total 退休福利 袍金 薪金及津貼 計劃供款 總計 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Independent non-executive directors 獨立非執行董事 Chan Ming Sun Jonathan (Note iii) 陳銘燊(*附註iii*) 104 104 Guo Lu Jin 郭魯晉 120 120 Gao Hong Hong 高紅紅 60 60 Luo Zhuo Qiang (Note iv) 羅卓強(附許iv) 16 16 300 300 Sub-total 小計 680 467 28 1,175

The independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company. 上文所示獨立非執行董事酬金用作支付彼等擔任本公司董事所提供的服務。

Chief executive officer	行政總裁				
Huang Chunfeng	黃春鋒	-	306	25	331
Supervisors	監事				
Fang Wei Ran	方偉然	10	102	6	118
Huang Yong Jing	黃永菁	10	-	-	10
Wang Xing Ye	王興業	15	-	-	15
Zhang Yun Feng	張運峰	10	-	-	10
Chen Jun Feng	陳俊峰	10	-	-	10
Sub-total	小計	55	102	6	163
Total	總計	735	875	59	1,669

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- 15. DIRECTORS', SUPERVISORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (Continued)
- 15. 董事、監事、主要行政人員及五名 最高薪僱員(續)
- (a) Directors', supervisors' and chief executive's emoluments (Continued)
- (a) 董事、監事及主要行政人員的 酬金(續)

		Contributions	
	Salaries and	to retirement	
Fees	allowances	benefits schemes	Total
袍金	薪金及津貼	退休福利計劃供款	總計
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元

For the year ended 31 December 2019	截至2019年12月31日 止年度				
Executive directors	執行董事				
Zhang Jing Ming (Chairman)	張敬明 <i>(主席)</i>	100	260	15	375
Deng Xiao Gang (Note i)	鄧曉綱 <i>(附註i)</i>	14	-	4	18
Chau Ting Yan (Note ii)	周霆欣 <i>(附註ii)</i>	99	-	-	99
Leng Xiao Rong	冷小榮	100	191	18	309
Sub-total	小計	313	451	37	801

The executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group. 上文所示執行董事酬金用作支付彼等就本公司及本集團的事務管理所提供的服務。

Non-executive directors	非執行董事				
Yin Zong Chen	尹宗臣	30	-	-	30
Ye Zhi E	葉智鍔	30	-	-	30
Sub-total	小	60	-	-	60

The non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company.

上文所示非執行董事酬金用作支付彼等擔任本公司董事所提供的服務。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 15. DIRECTORS', SUPERVISORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (Continued)

- 15. 董事、監事、主要行政人員及五名 最高薪僱員(續)
- (a) Directors', supervisors' and chief executive' s emoluments (Continued)
- (a) 董事、監事及主要行政人員的 酬金 $( ilde{\pi})$

		Fees 袍金 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Salaries and allowances 薪金及津貼 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Contributions to retirement benefits schemes 退休福利 計劃供款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Independent non-executive directors Chan Ming Sun Jonathan Guo Lu Jin Gao Hong Hong	<b>獨立非執行董事</b> 陳銘燊 郭魯晉 高紅紅	120 120 60		- - -	120 120 60
		300	_	_	300
Sub-total	小計	673	451	37	1,161

The independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company. 上文所示獨立非執行董事酬金用作支付彼等擔任本公司董事所提供的服務。

Chief executive officer Huang Chunfeng (Note ii)	<b>行政總裁</b> 黃春鋒 <i>(附註ii)</i>		260	13	273
Supervisors	監事				
Fang Wei Ran	方偉然	10	99	10	119
Huang Yong Jing	黃永菁	10	59	8	77
Wang Xing Ye	王興業	15	_	_	15
Zhang Yun Feng	張運峰	10	_	-	10
Chen Jun Feng	陳俊峰	10	_	-	10
Sub-total	小計	55	158	18	231
Total	總計	728	869	68	1,665

There was no arrangement under which a director or the chief executives waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019. No emoluments have been paid to the directors or chief executives as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

Notes:

i Resigned on 4 March 2019 ii Appointed on 4 March 2019 iii Resigned on 12 November 2020 iv Appointed on 12 November 2020 截至2020年及2019年12月31日止年度,並無董事或主要行政人員放棄或同意放棄任何酬金的安排。截至2020年及2019年12月31日止年度,概無向董事或主要行政人員支付任何酬金,作為加入本集團或加入本集團後的獎勵或作為離職補償。

# 附註:

i 於2019年3月4日辭任 ii 於2019年3月4日獲委任 iii 於2020年11月12日辭任 iv 於2020年11月12日獲委任

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# 15. DIRECTORS', SUPERVISORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (Continued)

# (b) Five highest paid employees

The five highest paid employees of the Group during the year include two directors and one chief executive officer (2019: two directors and one chief executive officer), details of whose emoluments are set out in Note 15(a) above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining two (2019: two) highest paid employee who are neither a director, supervisors nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

# 15. 董事、監事、主要行政人員及五名 最高薪僱員(續)

# (b) 五名最高薪僱員

年內本集團五名最高薪僱員包括兩名董事及一名行政總裁(2019年:兩名董事及一名行政總裁),有關彼等酬金詳情載於上文附註15(a)。年內,餘下兩名(2019年:兩名)非本公司董事、監事或主要行政人員的最高薪僱員的薪酬詳情如下:

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries and allowances Contributions to retirement benefits	薪金及津貼 退休福利	707	688
schemes	計劃供款	31	31
		738	719

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

彼等之酬金乃介乎下列範圍:

		Number of 僱員	 ees .
		2020	2019
Nil to RMB1,000,000	零至人民幣100,000元	2	2

During the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the Directors, supervisors, chief executive officer or any of the two highest paid employees as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office. None of the Directors, supervisors, chief executive officer and the two highest paid employees has waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during each of the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019. Apart from the Directors, chief executive officer and supervisors, the Group has not classified any other person as chief executives during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

截至2020年及2019年12月31日止年度,本集團概無兩角董事、告事、行政總裁或兩兩名金剛代之或付酬之或加入本集團後之019年12月31日止年度,大監事、行政總裁高之019年12月31日止年度,大政總裁是至020年及2019年12月31日止年度,体集三行政總裁及監事外,本集三等行政總裁及監事外,本集三等行政人員。

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## 16. LOSS PER SHARE

# For continuing operations

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

Loss figures are calculated as follows:

## 16. 每股虧損

# 來自持續經營業務

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄虧 損乃按以下數據計算:

虧損數字計算如下:

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) 經重列
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company Less: Loss for the year from discontinued operations	本公司擁有人應佔 年內虧損 減:來自已終止經營業務之 年內虧損	(39,681)	(89,049)
Loss for the purpose of basic and diluted	就每股基本及攤薄虧損而言	(5,665)	(3,449)
loss per share from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務之虧損	(34,016)	(85,600)
		2020 ′000 千股	2019 ′000 千股
Number of shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share	<b>股份數目</b> 就每股基本及攤薄虧損 而言的普通股 加權平均數	1,469,376	1,469,376

# From continuing and discontinued operations

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share from continuing and discontinued operations attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

### 來自持續經營及已終止經營業務

本公司擁有人應佔持續經營及已終止 經營業務的每股基本及攤薄虧損乃按 以下數據計算:

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share	就每股基本及攤薄虧損 而言本公司擁有人 應佔年內虧損	(39,681)	(89,049)

The denominators used are the same as those detailed above for basic and diluted loss per share.

所用分母與上文每股基本及攤薄虧損 所詳列之分母相同

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# **16.** LOSS PER SHARE (Continued)

#### From discontinued operations

Basic and diluted loss per share for the discontinued operations is RMB0.39 cents per share (2019: RMB0.23 cents per share), based on the loss for the year from the discontinued operations of approximately RMB5,665,000 (2019: RMB3,449,000) and the denominators detailed above for both basic and diluted loss per share.

No diluted loss per share for both 2020 and 2019 were presented as there were no potential ordinary shares in issue for both 2020 and 2019.

# 17. DIVIDENDS

No dividend was paid or proposed for ordinary shareholders of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2020, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period (2019: Nil).

# 16. 每股虧損(續)

# 來自已終止經營業務

已終止經營業務的每股基本及攤薄虧 損為每股人民幣0.39分(2019年:每股 人民幣0.23分),按已終止經營業務之 年內虧損約人民幣5,665,000元(2019 年:人民幣3,449,000元)及上文每股 基本及攤薄虧損所詳列之分母計算。

由於 2020 年及2019 年均無潛在已發 行普通股,故並無呈列該兩個年度之 每股攤薄虧損。

# 17. 股息

截至2020年12月31日止年度,不派發或不建議派發任何股息予本公司普通股股東,而自報告期末以來亦無建議派發任何股息(2019年:無)。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

#### 物業、廠房及設備 18.

		Leasehold improvement 租賃裝修	Furniture, fixtures and office equipment 傢俬、装置及 辦公室設備	Motor vehicles 汽車	Construction in progress 在建工程	Total 總計
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
COST	成本					
At 1 January 2019 Acquired on acquisition of	於2019年1月1日 收購一間附屬公司時	158	296	1,459	48,581	50,494
a subsidiary (Note 35(b)(i)) Reclassified as held for sale	獲得(附註35(b)(i)) 重新分類為持作銷售	20	127	-	-	147
(Note 13(c)) Exchange adjustments	( <i>附註13(c)</i> ) 匯兑調整	(20)	(127) 2		-	(147) 5
Written-off	撇銷		(105)	-	_	(105)
At 31 December 2019 Written-off on deregistration of a	於2019年12月31日 於註銷後撇銷一間	161	193	1,459	48,581	50,394
subsidiary Reclassified as held for sale	附屬公司 重新分類為持作銷售	-	(5)	_	_	(5)
(Note 13(a)) Exchange adjustments	(附註13(a))	(10)	_ (7)	(1,309)	-	(1,309) (17)
exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(10)	(1)			(17)
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	151	181	150	48,581	49,063
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND ACCUMULATED IMPAIRMENT	累計折舊及 累計減值					
At 1 January 2019	於2019年1月1日	25	167	685	4 -	877
Provided for the year Reclassified as held	年內撥備 重新分類為持作銷售	95	46	131	_	272
for sale (Note 13(c)) Written-off	<i>(附註13(c))</i> 撇銷	(56)	(10) (100)	_		(66) (100)
At 31 December 2019	於2019年12月31日	64	103	816	_	983
Provided for the year Impairment loss recognised	年內撥備 於損益內確認的減值	32	33	131	_	196
in profit or loss Written-off on deregistration of a	虧損 於註銷後撇銷一間	-	-	_	36,380	36,380
subsidiary Reclassified as held	附屬公司 重新分類為持作銷售	-	(1)	-	-	(1)
for sale (Note 13(a))	(附註13(a))	-	-	(797)	-	(797)
Exchange adjustment	匯兑調整	(2)	(3)	-	_	(5)
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	94	132	150	36,380	36,756
CARRYING VALUES At 31 December 2020	賬面值 於2020年12月31日	57	49	_	12,201	12,307
At 31 December 2019	於2019年12月31日	97	90	643	48,581	49,411

During the year ended 31 December 2019, approximately RMB2,000 has been capitalised in contract costs in the consolidated statement of financial position, as these furniture, fixtures and office equipment and motor vehicles are used at the construction site.

附註: 截至2019年12月31日止年度,折舊 撥備中約人民幣2,000元於綜合財務 狀況表中合約成本項下資本化,原因 是該等傢俬、裝置及辦公室設備以及 汽車乃於施工現場使用。

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# **18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT** (Continued)

The above item of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold improvement
Over the shorter of the lease term or 25%
Furniture, fixtures and
8–20%

office equipment

Motor vehicles 8–20%

## Impairment assessment

As at 31 December 2020, as a way to reallocate resources to develop the project invested by Shennongjia Da Jiu Hu Hotel Company Limited\* ("Shennongjia"), the Group decided not to make further investment into Guangdong Xinmao Biotechnology Company Limited ("Guangdong Xinmao") and Chaozhou Jiafu Packaging Materials Company Limited ("Chaozhou Jiafu"), being non-wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company and is exploring ways to realise their investments in Guangdong Xinmao and Chaozhou Jiafu.

Guangdong Xinmao and Chaozhou Jiafu held a construction site located in Chaozhou. As at 31 December 2020, Guangdong Xinmao and Chaozhou Jiafu have not commenced its business or operation and are still in progress of construction of plants.

The management of the Group concluded that there was indication of impairment and conducted impairment assessment on construction in progress (the "CIP") and right-of-use assets, the leasehold land where the CIP located, with carrying amounts of approximately RMB48,581,000 and RMB14,631,000 respectively. The recoverable amount of the CIP and right-of-use assets are estimated individually.

The recoverable amount of the CIP was determined based on fair value less cost of disposal. The fair value of the CIP, was determined by reference to valuation carried out by Graval Consulting Limited, an independent qualified professional valuer, based on level 2 hierarchy, a discount of 75% is used based on the consideration of the period of abandon of the CIP.

The recoverable amount of CIP is approximately RMB12,201,000 at 31 December 2020.

Based on the result of the assessment, management of the Group determined that the recoverable amount of the CIP is lower than the carrying amount. An impairment loss with approximately RMB36,380,000 was recognised for the year ended 31 December 2020.

\* For identification purpose only

# 18. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

以上物業、廠房及設備項目乃以直線 法按下列年利率計提折舊:

租賃裝修 按租期或25% (以較短者為準) 傢俬、裝置及 8-20% 辦公室設備 汽車 8-20%

# 減值評估

於2020年12月31日,為重新分配資源以發展神農架大九湖賓館有限公司(「神農架」)所投資的項目,本集團決定不再進一步投資廣東鑫茂」)和潮州佳富包裝材料有限公司(「潮州佳富」)(即本公司的一間非全資附屬公司),並正在探索如何對其於廣東鑫茂及潮州佳富的投資予以變現。

廣東鑫茂及潮州佳富持有一個位於潮州的建築地盤。於2020年12月31日, 廣東鑫茂及潮州佳富尚未展開其業務 或營運,並仍在建造廠房中。

本集團管理層認為存在減值跡象,並對賬面金額分別約為人民幣48,581,000元和人民幣14,631,000元的在建工程(「**在建工程**」)及使用權資產,即在建工程所在的租賃土地進行了減值評估。對在建工程及使用權資產的可回收金額分開進行了個別評估。

在建工程的可回收金額乃按公允價值 減出售費用釐定。在建工程的公允價 值乃參考獨立合資格專業估價師博浩 企業顧問有限公司所做估值,基於第 二層級計量,並基於在建工程放棄期 採用貼現率75%,予以釐定。

於2020年12月31日,在建工程的可回收金額約為人民幣12,201,000元。

根據評估結果,本集團管理層釐定在建工程的可收回金額低於賬面價值。已就截至2020年12月31日止年度確認減值虧損約人民幣36,380,000元。

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## 19. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

## 19. 使用權資產

		Leasehold lands 租賃土地 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Leased properties 租賃物業 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
As at 31 December 2020 Carrying amount	<b>於2020年12月31日</b> 賬面值	14,631	472	15,103
As at 31 December 2019 Carrying amount	於2019年12月31日 賬面值	14,959	875	15,834
For the year ended 31 December 2020 Depreciation charge Exchange difference	<b>截至2020年12月31日</b> <b>止年度</b> 折舊開支 匯兑差額	328 -	1,105 (131)	1,433 (131)
For the year ended 31 December 2019 Depreciation charge	截至2019年12月31日 止年度 折舊開支	491	1,029	1,520
		,	2020 RMB'000 民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Expense relating to short-term leases	與短期租賃相關的開豆	ξ	158	184
Total cash outflow for leases	租賃之現金流出總額		957	7,573
Additions to right-of-use assets	使用權資產添置		571	6,493
Reclassified as held for sale (Note 13(c))	重新分類為 持作銷售 <i>(附註13(c</i>	·))	_	(43)

For both years, the Group leases various offices for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed term of 1 year and 3 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancelled period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

The leasehold lands with carrying amount of approximately RMB14,631,000 (2019: RMB14,959,000) in which the Group is in the process of obtaining the land use right certificates.

就該兩個年度,本集團租賃多個辦公室用於營運。租賃合約以固定租期1年及3年訂立。租賃條款乃按個別基準磋商,包含各種不同條款及條件。於釐定租期及評估不可撤銷期間的長度時,本集團應用合約的定義並釐定合約可強制執行的期間。

本集團正在取得土地使用權證的租賃 土地賬面值為約人民幣14,631,000元 (2019年:人民幣14,959,000元)。

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# **19. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS** (Continued)

The Group regularly entered into short-term leases for offices. As at 31 December 2020 and 2019, the portfolio of short-term leases is similar to the portfolio of short-term leases to which the short-term lease expense disclosed above.

As detailed in Note 18, the management of the Group conducted impairment assessment on the CIP and right-of-use assets, the leasehold land where the CIP located, held by Guangdong Xinmao and Chaozhou Jiafu.

The recoverable amount of right-of-use assets was determined based on fair value less cost of sell. The right-of-use assets were measured at fair value based on Level 2 hierarchy using direct comparison method. Discount rate of 1.51% and 1.31% are adopted to the land use rights held by Guangdong Xinmao and Chaozhou Jiafu respectively.

The recoverable amount of the right-of-use assets is approximately RMB15,400,000 at 31 December 2020.

The carrying amount of the right-of-use assets has not been reduced since the amount of fair value less cost of disposal of the right-of-use assets is higher than the carrying amount i.e. approximately RMB14,631,000.

#### Rent concessions

During the year ended 31 December 2020, lessors of offices provided rent concessions to the Group through rent reductions ranging from 17% to 18% over 7 to 9 months.

These rent concessions occurred as a direct consequence of Covid-19 pandemic and met of all of the conditions in HKFRS 16.46B, and the Group applied the practical expedient not to assess whether the changes constitute lease modifications. The effects on changes in lease payments due to forgiveness or waiver by the lessors for the relevant leases of approximately RMB145,000 were recognised as negative variable lease payments.

# 19. 使用權資產(續)

本集團定期就辦公室訂立短期租約。 於2020年及2019年12月31日,短期租 賃組合與上文披露短期租賃開支的短 期租賃組合相似。

如附註18所詳述,本集團管理層對廣 東鑫茂和潮州佳富持有的在建工程及 使用權資產(即在建工程所在的租賃土 地)進行了減值評估。

使用權資產的可收回金額基於公允價值減出售成本釐定。使用權資產採用直接比較法基於第二層級按公允價值計量。分別為廣東鑫茂及潮州佳富所持土地使用權採用貼現率1.51%及1.31%。

於2020年12月31日,使用權資產的可回收金額約為人民幣15,400,000元。

由於使用權資產的公允價值減去出售 費用後的金額高於其賬面價值,因 此未減少其賬面價值,即約人民幣 14,631,000元。

#### 租金寬減

截至2020年12月31日止年度,辦公室 出租人在7至9個月內減少17%至18% 的租金,向本集團提供租金寬減。

該等租金寬減為2019冠狀病毒病疫情直接所致,並符合香港財務報告準則第16號第46B段所列之所有條件,本集團已應用可行權宜方法,不評估該變動是否屬租賃修改。由於出租人就相關租賃作出寬免或豁免而導致的租賃付款變動影響約為人民幣145,000元,已確認為負可變租賃付款。

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## 20. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The Group leases out retail store under operating lease with rental payable monthly. The lease typically run for an initial period of 3 years (2019: 3 years). The lease contains a minimum annual lease payment that are fixed and increased by 5% annually.

The Group is not exposed to foreign currency risk as a result of the lease arrangements, as all leases are denominated in the respective functional currencies of group entities. The lease contracts do not contain residual value guarantee and/or lessee's option to purchase the property at the end of lease term.

## 20. 投資物業

本集團根據經營租賃出租零售商店,租金須每月支付。租賃一般初始為期3年(2019年:3年)。租賃包含固定的最低年度租賃付款,並每年增加5%。

由於所有租賃均按集團實體各自的功能貨幣計值,故本集團不會因租賃安排而承受外幣風險。租賃合約於租期結束時不包含餘值擔保及/或承租人購買物業的選擇權。

		RMB'000 人民幣千元
Fair value	公允價值	
At 1 January 2019	於2019年1月1日	_
Acquired on an acquisition of a subsidiary	收購一間附屬公司時獲得	
(Note 35(b)(ii))	(附註35(b)(ii))	20,130
Net decrease in fair value recognised	於損益內確認的公允價值	
in profit or loss	減少淨額	(730)
At 31 December 2019	於2019年12月31日	19,400
Acquired on an acquisition of	收購附屬公司時獲得	
subsidiaries (Note 35(a))	(附註35(a))	138,328
Net decrease in fair value recognised	於損益內確認的公允價值	
in profit or loss	減少淨額	(428)
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	157,300
Unrealised loss on property revaluation	計入投資物業公平值變動虧損的物業重估	
included in loss from changes in	未變現虧損	
fair value of investment properties		(428)

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# **20. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES** (Continued)

As at 31 December 2020, the Real Estate Ownership Certificates of Properties III (as defined and detailed in Notes 24(c) and 35(a)) with carry amount of approximately RMB138,800,000 has not been obtained as the outstanding considerations of approximately RMB54,465,000 have not yet been settled (Note 33(b)).

The Group engaged an independent PRC lawyer to assess the ownership of Properties III. In considering that the Group has the right to use, lease and transfer the Properties III, the Group is the beneficial owner of Properties III.

The fair value of the Group's investment properties as at 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019 has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out on the respective date by Graval Consulting Limited (2019: Grant Sherman Appraisal Limited), an independent qualified professional valuer not connected to the Group.

In determining the fair value of the relevant properties, the Directors determine the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for fair value measurements. The Directors work closely with the qualified external valuer to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model.

# 20. 投資物業(續)

於2020年12月31日,鑑於尚有代價約人民幣54,465,000元尚未償清(附註33(b)),故尚未取得物業III之不動產產權證(定義及詳情見附註24(c)及附註35(a)),賬面值約為人民幣138,800,000元。

本集團委聘一家獨立中國律師評估物 業III的所有權。計及本集團有權使用、 租賃和轉讓物業III,因此本集團為物業 IIII的實益擁有人。

本集團投資物業於2020年12月31日及2019年12月31日的公允價值乃按與本集團並無關連的獨立合資格專業估值師博浩企業顧問有限公司(2019年:中證評估有限公司)於各自日期進行的估值釐定。

於釐定相關物業的公允價值時,董事確定適合公允價值計量的估值技術及輸入數據。董事與合資格外聘估值師緊密合作,以建立合適的估值技術及模型輸入數據。

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# **20. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES** (Continued)

In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.

# 20. 投資物業(續)

於估計該等物業的公允價值時,物業之最高及最佳用途為其目前用途。

	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據與公允價值的	
	估值技術	重大不可觀察輸入數據	不可觀察	
Commercial property units located in Guangzhou 2020: RMB18,500,000 (2019: RMB19,400,000) 位於廣州的商業物業單位 2020年: 人民幣18,500,000元 (2019年: 人民幣19,400,000元)	Investment approach 投資法	Term yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the conditions of the building of 3.3% (2019: 3.3%) 年期收益率為3.3% (2019年: 3.3%),經考慮可資比較物業的市場平均售價及市場平均租金產生的收益率並作出調	The higher the term yield, the lower the fair value. 年期收益率越高,公允價值則起 低。	
		整以反映樓宇狀況 Reversionary yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price an the market average rental	The higher the reversionary yield the lower the fair value. 復歸收益率越高,公允價值越低。	
		from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the risk associated with the future rental of 3.8% (2019: 3.8%)		
		復歸收益率為3.8%(2019年: 3.8%),經考慮可資比較物業之市場平均售價及市場平均租金產生之收益率並作出調整以反映未來租金之相關風險		
Office unit located in Beijing 2020: RMB138,800,000 (2019: Nil) 位於北京的寫字樓單位 2020年:	Direct comparison 直接比較法	Market unit rate, taking into account the recent transaction prices for similar properties adjusted for nature, location and	A significant increase in the market unit rate used would result in a significant increase in fair value, and vice versa.  所採用的市場單價大幅上升將導	
人民幣138,800,000元 (2019年:無)		conditions of the properties, which ranged from RMB24,420 to RMB27,030 per sq.m. 經計及同類物業近期交易價格 (已就物業性質、地段及狀況 作出調整)的市場單價介於每 平方米人民幣24,420元至人	致公允價值顯著增加,反之成 然。	

There were no transfers into or out of Level 3 during the year.

於年內,並無轉入或轉出第三級。

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## 21. GOODWILL

# 21. 商譽

		Acquisition of Zhongfong Chaozhou 收購中房潮州 RMB'000 人民幣千元 Note (a)) (附註(a))	Acquisition of Chung Hwa Finance 收購中華信貸 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note (b)) (附註(b))	<b>Total</b> <b>總計</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元
COST	成本			
At 1 January 2019 and	於2019年1月1日及			
31 December 2019	2019年12月31日	44,459	1,320	45,779
Reclassified as held for sale	重新分類為持作銷售		(1,320)	(1,320)
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	44,459	_	44,459
ACCUMULATED IMPAIRMENT	累計減值			
At 1 January 2019 and	於2019年1月1日及			
31 December 2019	2019年12月31日	44,459	1,320	45,779
Reclassified as held for sale	重新分類為持作銷售	<u> </u>	(1,320)	(1,320)
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	44,459	_	44,459
CARRYING VALUES	賬面值			
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日		_	_
At 31 December 2019	於2019年12月31日		_	_

# Impairment test on goodwill

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill with indefinite useful lives set out above have been allocated to two cash-generating units ("CGU"), comprising one subsidiary engaged in the construction of infrastructure and development properties segment and one subsidiary engaged in the credit business segment.

# 商譽減值測試

就減值測試而言,如上文所述具有無限可使用年期的商譽已分配至兩個現金產生單位(「**現金產生單位**」),包括一間從事基礎設施建設及物業發展分部的附屬公司以及一間從事信貸業務的附屬公司。

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### **21. GOODWILL** (Continued)

Notes:

(a) Construction of infrastructure and development of properties – Zhongfong Chaozhou Investment Development Company Limited\* ("Zhongfong Chaozhou") ("Unit A")

The principal activity of the Unit A is the land development project in Chaozhou (the "Project"). The Project cover three construction phases (i.e. phase I, phase II and phase III).

During the year ended 31 December 2017, the profitability of Unit A was adversely affected due to the following factors: (1) there are no acceptance of completion of the constructed land during the year; (2) the trade receivables are long outstanding and the settlement is slow; and (3) country government has yet to be entered the procedures of bidding of phase II and phase III of the Project, the timetable for construction of phase II and phase III of the Project cannot be determined and the Group was uncertain on the timing of acceptance schedule of the remaining land area of 624 acres of the Project which is far beyond the original timeframe.

Under these circumstances, the Directors decided to fully impair the goodwill arose from the acquisition of Unit A during the year ended 31 December 2017.

#### (b) Credit business – Chung Hwa Finance ("Unit B")

The principal activity of the Unit B is provision of credit business with the money lender license in Hong Kong.

During the year ended 31 December 2018, the Company had determined not to renew the money lender license in Hong Kong and scale down the credit business upon the expiration of the money lender license on 12 September 2018. Under this circumstance, the Directors decided to fully impair the goodwill arose from the acquisition of Unit B during the year ended 31 December 2018.

As disclosed in Note 13(a), as at 31 December 2020, Chung Hwa Finance is expected to be sold within twelve months, goodwill with carrying amount of RMB Nil attributable to Chung Hwa Finance is reclassified as assets classified as held for sale.

\* For identification purpose only.

# 21. 商譽(續)

附註:

(a) 基礎設施建設及物業發展一中房 潮州投資開發有限公司(「中房潮州」) (「A單位」)

> A單位之主要業務為於潮州進行土地 開發項目(「項目」)。項目分三期建設 (即一期、二期及三期)。

> 截至2017年12月31日止年度,由於:(1)於年內並無接獲已建設土地完成;(2)應收賬款長期尚未償還及結算進度緩慢;及(3)國家政府尚未進入項目二期及三期的招標程序,故無法釐定建築項目二期及三期的時間表且本集團不確定項目餘下土地面積624畝之驗收時間表之時間(其遠超原定時間表),A單位的盈利能力受到不利影響。

在此等情況下,董事決定就收購A單位產生之商譽於截至2017年12月31日止年度作出悉數減值。

## (b) 信貸業務-中華信貸(「B單位」)

B單位之主要業務為於香港提供信貸 業務,並持有放債人牌照。

截至2018年12月31日止年度,本公司決定不重續香港的放債人牌照,並於2018年9月12日放債人牌照屆滿後縮減信貸業務。在此情況下,董事決定就收購B單位產生的商譽於截至2018年12月31日止年度作出悉數減值。

如附註13(a)所披露,中華信貸預期將於十二個月內出售,中華信貸應佔賬面值人民幣零元之商譽重新分類為於截至2020年12月31日止年度之持作銷售資產。

\* 僅供識別。

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# 22. INTEREST IN ASSOCIATES

# 22. 於聯營公司的權益

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost of investment Share of post-acquisition loss and	投資成本 分佔收購後虧損及	-	238,549
other comprehensive expenses	其他全面開支		(7,366)
		-	231,183
Reclassification as assets classified as held for sale (Note 13(c))	重新分類為持作銷售之 資產(附註13(c))		(231,183)
		_	_

Details of the Group's associates at the end of the reporting period are as follow:

本集團於報告期末的聯營公司的詳情 如下:

Name of entity 實體名稱	Country of registration 登記國家	Principal place of business 主要營業地點	Propor ownershi held by t 本集團 擁有權格	p interest he Group 国持有	Proport voting rig by the 本集團 投票權	hts held Group ]持有	Principal activities 主要業務
			2020	2019	2020	2019	
Shishi Shen Guo Tou Commercial Property Company Limited	PRC	PRC	-	-	-	-	Operation of commercial complex
("Shishi Shen Guo Tou") (Note a) 石獅深國投商用置業有限公司 (「 <b>石獅深國投</b> 」 <i>(附註a)</i>	中國	中國					營運商業綜合大廈
Zhong De Logistics (Note b)	PRC	PRC	-	30%	-	30%	Domestic logistics, freight forwarding, warehousing and distribution services
眾德物流 <i>(附註b)</i>	中國	中國					國內物流、貨運代理、 倉儲及分銷服務

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# 22. INTEREST IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

#### Notes:

- (a) On 1 April 2019, Shenzhen Shen He, an indirect whollyowned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a disposal
  agreement with an independent third party (the "Purchaser
  IV"), whereby Purchaser IV has conditionally agreed to
  purchase and Shenzhen Shen He has conditionally agreed
  to sell the entire equity interests of Shenzhen Zhonghe
  Chuangjian Investment Development Company Limited
  ("Shenzhen Zhonghe") which holds 30% equity interests
  in Shishi Shen Guo Tou to Purchase IV at a consideration of
  RMB13,200,000. The disposal has been completed on 30
  April 2019. Details of the disposal are disclosed in Note 36(b).
- (b) On 22 January 2019, Shenzhen Shenxi completed the acquisition of 66.67% equity interest in SHHH Development. SHHH Development held 30% equity interest in Zhong De Logistic, which was classified as interest in an associate. Details of the acquisition are disclosed in Note 35(b)(i).

At disclosed in Note 13(c), as at 31 December 2019, SHHH Development was expected to be sold within twelve months, therefore, assets and liabilities including the interest in Zhong De Logistic was reclassified as held for sales. The disposal has been completed on 15 November 2020. Details of the disposal are disclosed in Note 36(a).

#### Summarised financial information of associates

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associates is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in the associates' financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs.

The associates are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

# 22. 於聯營公司的權益(續)

#### 附註:

- (a) 於2019年4月1日,本公司間接全資附屬公司深圳沈和與獨立第三方(「買方IV」)訂立出售協議,據此,買方IV有條件同意購買,而深圳沈和有條件同意出售於石獅深國投持有30%股權的深圳市眾合創建投資發展有限公司(「深圳眾合」的全部股權予買方IV,代價為人民幣13,200,000元。出售事項已於2019年4月30日完成。出售事項的詳情於附註36(b)披露。
- (b) 2019年1月22日,深圳沈璽完成收購深圳合輝煌發展66.67%股權。深圳合輝煌發展持有眾德物流30%股權,其被分類為於一間聯營公司之權益。 收購事項的詳情於附註35(b) (i)中披露。

如附註13(c)所披露,於2019年12月 31日,由於預期深圳合輝煌發展將 在十二個月內出售,因此資產及負債 (包括於眾德物流中的權益)重新分類 為持作銷售。該出售事項已於2020年 11月15日完成。出售事項的詳情於附 註36(a)披露。

#### 聯營公司的財務資料概要

本集團聯營公司的財務資料概要載列 如下。以下財務資料概要指聯營公司 根據香港財務報告準則編製的財務報 表所示的金額。

聯營公司以權益法於該等綜合財務報 表入賬。

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# 22. INTEREST IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

# 22. 於聯營公司的權益(續)

# **Summarised financial information of associates** *(Continued)*

聯營公司的財務資料概要(續)

Shishi Shen Guo Tou

石獅深國投

		2019* RMB′000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收益	3,044
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(3,943)
Other comprehensive income for the year	年內其他全面收入	
Total comprehensive expense for the year	年內全面開支總額	(3,943)
Dividends received from the associate during the year	年內自聯營公司收取的 股息	

<sup>\*</sup> From 1 January 2019 to 30 April 2019 (date of disposal)

附註: 自2019年1月1日起至2019年4月30日

(出售日期)止

# Zhong De Logistics

# 眾德物流

		2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current assets	流動資產	5,319
Non-current assets	非流動資產	1,645,223
Current liabilities	流動負債	(879,933)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	

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# 22. INTEREST IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

# 22. 於聯營公司的權益(續)

# **Summarised financial information of associates** (Continued)

聯營公司的財務資料概要(續)

**Zhong De Logistics** (Continued)

眾德物流(續)

		2019* RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收益	
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(24,553)
Other comprehensive income for the year	年內其他全面收入	-
Total comprehensive expense for the year	年內全面開支總額	(24,553)
Dividends received from the associate during the year	年內自聯營公司收取的 股息	

From 22 January 2019 (date of acquisition) to 31 December 2019 (date of reclassified as assets classified as held for sale). \* 自2019年1月22日(收購日期)起至 2019年12月31日(重新分類為持作銷 售資產之日期)止。

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in associates recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

上述財務資料概要與於綜合財務報表 確認於一間聯營公司權益的賬面值對 賬:

		2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Net assets of Zhong De Logistics Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in Zhong De Logistics	眾德物流資產淨值 本集團於眾德物流的擁有權 權益比例	770,609
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in Zhong De Logistics	本集團於眾德物流之權益的 賬面值	231,183

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# 23. EQUITY INSTRUMENT AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH 23. 按公允價值計入其他全面收入的股 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 本工具

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Unlisted investments:  – equity securities (Note)	非上市投資: -股本證券( <i>附註)</i>	34,883	52,743

#### Note:

As at 31 December 2020, the unlisted equity investment represents 0.9% (2019: 1.38%) equity interest in a PRC private limited company which is principally engaged in banking business in the PRC. The Directors have elected to designate this investment at FVTOCI as it is the Group's strategy to hold these investments for long-term purposes.

As at 31 December 2019, an aggregate of 21,310,344 shares, which represented approximately 0.81% equity interest in that PRC private limited company, has not been registered under the name of the Group by the relevant banking company due to the restriction on restructuring. The Directors are of the opinion that the Group has acquired the beneficial interest of the equity interest at the end of the reporting period, and the registration can be performed upon the relevant restriction released.

In the current year, the Group disposed of certain investments of approximately RMB17,912,000 and the related dividend receivable of approximately RMB564,000 at a consideration of approximately RMB18,476,000. As the COVID-19 pandemic continues to impact the global economy and financial markets, the Directors considered that the disposal allow the Group to strengthen its cash flow position. A cumulative loss on fair value change of approximately RMB18,984,000 has been transferred to accumulated losses upon disposal.

#### 附註:

於2020年12月31日,非上市股本投資指一間主要於中國從事銀行業務的中國私人有限公司0.9%(2019年1.38%)的股權。董事選擇將此投資指定為按公允價值計入其他全面收入計量,原因是本集團的策略是將該等投資持作長期投資。

於2019年12月31日,由於重組限制,相關銀行公司尚未以本集團名義登記合共21,310,344股股份,相當於該中國私人有限公司約0.81%股權。董事認為本集團於報告期末已收購股權的實益權益,而有關登記可於相關限制獲解除後進行。

本年度,本集團以約人民幣18,476,000元的代價出售若干投資約人民幣17,912,000元 及相關應收股息約人民幣564,000元。由於2019冠狀病毒病疫情持續影響全球經濟和金融市場,董事認為該出售可以強化本集團的現金流狀況。公允價值變動累計虧損約人民幣18,984,000元已轉撥至出售累計虧損。

#### 24. DEPOSITS PAID

### 24. 支付的訂金

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Deposit paid for acquisition of: Properties I (defined in Note (a)) Properties II (defined in Note (b)) San He Jing Jiao (defined in Note (b)) Target companies (defined in Note (c)) Shennongjia (defined in Note (d))	為收購以下項目支付的訂金:物業/(定義見附註(a))物業//(定義見附註(b))三河京郊(定義見附註(b))目標公司(定義見附註(c))神農架(定義見附註(d))	149,100 110,000 - - 35,000	147,100 - 110,000 56,000
		294,100	313,100

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# **24. DEPOSITS PAID** (Continued)

#### Notes:

(a) On 15 November 2016, Beijing Shen Shang Investment & Consulting Company Limited\* ("Beijing Shen Shang"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an acquisition agreement (the "Properties Acquisition Agreement I") with a vendor (the "Vendor I"), pursuant to which Vendor I agreed to sell, and Beijing Shen Shang agreed to acquire a commercial premise with the construction area of 2,800 square meters (with the right to use 5,000 square meters of car parks at the basement level two, being part of Phase 3 of the ancillary facility project of Beijing International Zone Convention Center\* to be constructed in Beijing Shunyi District Tianzhu Airport Commercial Zone\* (the "Properties I") at the cash consideration of RMB152,800,000. Details of the acquisition of the Properties I has been disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 15 November 2016.

At 31 December 2020, the balance of RMB149,100,000 (2019: RMB147,100,000) represented a refundable deposit paid for the acquisition. The acquisition is expected to be completed on 30 June 2021.

Due to the pandemic of COVID-19 and lockdown during the year ended 31 December 2020, the Directors believed that there will be further delay in the completion of the construction of the Properties I and expect the acquisition will be completed on or before 30 June 2022. Therefore, the Directors concluded that there was indication of impairment and conducted impairment assessment on the deposit paid for acquisition of the Properties I.

The recoverable amount of the deposit paid for acquisition of the Properties I has been determined based on fair value less cost of disposal of the Properties I.

The fair value of the Properties I was determined, by reference to the valuation carried out by Graval Consulting Limited, an independent qualified professional valuer, based on Level 2 hierarchy using market comparable approach that reflect market unit rate, taking into account the recent transaction prices for similar properties adjusted for nature location and conditions of the Properties I. One of the key observable inputs used in valuing the Properties I was the adjusted price per square metre, which is RMB54,500 sq.m. A slight increase in the adjusted price per square metre used would result in a significant increase in the fair value of the Properties I, and vice versa.

The carrying amount of the deposit paid for the acquisition of the Properties has not been reduced since the fair value less cost of disposal of the Properties I, i.e. RMB154,369,000, is higher than the carrying amount.

The Directors believe that any reasonably possible change in any of the unobservable inputs would not cause the carrying amount to exceed the recoverable amount of the deposit paid for acquisition of the Properties I.

# 24. 所支付的訂金(續)

#### 附註:

(a) 於2016年11月15日,北京瀋商投資 諮詢有限公司(「北京瀋商」,本公司 全資附屬公司)與賣方(「賣方」)訂 立收購協議(「物業收購協議」」),據 此,賣方I同意出售及北京瀋商同商 收購一項商用物業。物業為建築面商同積 2,800平方米並有權使用地下負二層 5,000平方米停車場之商用物業,即 位於北京市順義區天竺空港商務區 興建的北京會展國際港展館配套設施 項目3期的一部分(「物業」」),現金代 價為人民幣152,800,000元。有關收 購物業」的詳情於本公司日期為2016 年11月15日的公告中披露。

於2020年12月31日,結餘人民幣149,100,000元(2019年:人民幣147,100,000元)指就收購事項已付可退回訂金。預期收購事項於2021年6月30日完成。

鑒於截至2020年12月31日止年度期間的COVID-19疫情及封城措施,董事認為物業I竣工會進一步延遲,並預期收購將於2022年6月30日或之前完成。因此,董事認為存在減值跡象,並對收購物業I已付訂金進行減值評估。

收購物業I的已付訂金的可收回金額已 基於物業I的公允價值減去出售成本釐 定。

物業I的公允價值乃參考獨立合資格專業估價師博浩企業顧問有限公司所做估值,基於第二層級,採用反映市場單價的市場比較法釐定,經計及同類物業近期交易價格(已就物業性質、地段及狀況作出調整)。評估物業I所用的主要可觀察輸入數據之一乃每平方米經調整價格,即每平方米人民幣54,500元。經調整每平方米價格的輕微增加將導致物業I的公允價值計量的大幅增加,反之亦然。

由於物業I的公允價值減去出售成本後的金額(即人民幣154,369,000元)高於賬面金額,因此收購物業所支付的訂金的賬面金額沒有減少。

董事相信,不可觀察輸入數據可能發生之任何合理變化,均不會導致賬面 金額超過為收購物業 | 所支付訂金之可回收金額。

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### **24. DEPOSITS PAID** (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(b) On 9 February 2018 and 17 August 2018, Beijing Shen Shang and San He Jing Jiao Property Development Company Limited\* (the "Vendor II" or "San He Jing Jiao") entered into a property acquisition agreement and a supplemental agreement (collectively referred to as the "Properties Acquisition Agreements II") pursuant to which Vendor II has conditionally agreed to sell, and Beijing Shen Shang has conditionally agreed to acquire, the properties (the "Properties II") at the cash consideration of RMB110.000.000.

The Properties II, comprises 11 shop units with a total gross floor area of approximately 3,168 sq.m. together with 60 car parking spaces on basement level of Phase 5 of Tian Zi Zhuang Yuan\*, located at Yanjiao National High-Tech Industrial Development Area, Sanhe City, Hebei Province.

On 18 March 2019, Vendor II and Beijing Shen Shang entered into a compensation agreement (the "Compensation Agreement") pursuant to which both parties agreed that the Vendor II shall additionally deliver the rights to use one car parking space to Beijing Shen Shang as compensation for delay in processing the property ownership certificate of Properties II.

Subsequently, the Board has changed the acquisition plan. On 5 August 2019, Vendor II and Beijing Shen Shang entered into a termination agreement (the "**Termination Agreement I**") pursuant to which both parties mutually agreed to terminate the Properties Acquisition Agreements II and the Compensation Agreement with immediate effect and the transactions contemplated thereunder will not proceed. At as the date of signing the Termination Agreement I, Beijing Shen Shang had paid consideration of RMB110,000,000 to the Vendor II.

# 24. 所支付的訂金(續)

附註: (續)

(b) 於2018年2月9日及2018年8月17日, 北京瀋商與三河京郊房地產開發有限 公司(「**賣方II**]或[**三河京郊**])訂立物 業收購協議及補充協議(合稱「**物業收** 購協議II]),據此,賣方II有條件同 意出售而北京瀋商有條件同意收購 物業(「**物業II**]),現金代價為人民幣 110,000,000元。

物業II包括位於河北省三河市燕郊國家高新技術產業開發區天子莊園五期的11個商舖單位,總建築面積約為3,168平方米,連同60個地庫停車位。

於2019年3月18日,賣方II與北京瀋商訂立補償協議(「補償協議」),據此,雙方約定賣方II有條件地同意額外交付一個停車位使用權予北京瀋商作為延期辦理物業II的物業不動產權證書的補償。

其後,董事會變更收購計劃。於2019 年8月5日,賣方II與北京瀋商訂立終 止協議(「終止協議I」),據此,訂約 雙方互相協定即時終止物業收購協議 II及補償協議,及其項下擬進行的交 易將不會進行。於簽訂終止協議日 期,北京瀋商已向賣方II支付代價人 民幣110,000,000元。

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### **24. DEPOSITS PAID** (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(b) (continued)

On 28 October 2019, Shenzhen Shenhe Chuangli Investment and Development Company Limited\* ("Shenhe Chuangli"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Beijing Shen Shang, San He Jing Jiao and vendor A, vendor B and vendor C, (collectively referred to as "Vendors III") entered into a sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which Shenhe Chuangli has conditionally agreed to purchase and the Vendors III have conditionally agreed to sell 78% equity interest of San He Jing Jiao At the consideration of RMB321,000,000 (the "San He Jing Jiao Acquisition Agreement").

Pursuant to the San He Jing Jiao Acquisition Agreement, Beijing Shen Shang and San He Jing Jiao mutually agreed to transfer the deposit received from Beijing Shen Shang at the amount of RMB110,000,000 in relation to the Properties Acquisition Agreements II to the vendor A. As at 31 December 2019, RMB110,000,000 represented the deposit paid for the acquisition of 78% equity interest of San He Jing Jiao.

On 24 August 2020, Vendor III, Shenhe Chuangli, San He Jing Jiao and Beijing Shen Shang entered into the termination agreement (the "**Termination Agreement II**"), pursuant to which i) each of the parties of the San He Jing Jiao Acquisition Agreement agreed to terminate the San He Jing Jiao Acquisition Agreement; ii) vendor A shall refund the deposit paid of RMB110,000,000 to Shenhe Chuangli; and iii) Beijing Shen Shang and San He Jing Jiao shall resume the sale and purchase of the Properties II by entering into another supplemental agreement.

On 24 August 2020, Beijing Shen Shang and San He Jing Jiao entered into another agreement (the "Second Supplemental Agreement"). Pursuant to the Second Supplemental Agreement, San He Jing Jiao has conditionally agreed to sell, and Beijing Shen Shang has conditionally agreed to acquire and resume the original sale and purchase of the Properties II at the consideration of RMB110,000,000.

The consideration of RMB110,000,000 shall be payable by Beijing Shen Shang to San He Jing Jiao. Shenhe Chuangli, agreed to pay the consideration on behalf of Beijing Shen Shang and RMB110,000,000 shall be payable by vendor A to San He Jing Jiao within 3 days from the date of the Second Supplemental Agreement. The liabilities between Shenhe Chuangli and Beijing Shen Shang shall be set-off accordingly.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, deposit paid of RMB110,000,000 was therefore reclassified from deposit paid for acquisition of San He Jing Jiao to deposit paid for acquisition of the Properties II.

# 24. 所支付的訂金(續)

附註: (續)

(b) *(續)* 

於2019年10月28日,深圳深合創立 投資發展有限公司(「**深合創立**」)、本 公司全資附屬公司)、北京瀋商、三 河京郊與賣方A、賣方B及賣方C(統 稱「**賣方III**」)訂立買賣協議,據此, 深合創立有條件同意購買而賣方III有 條件同意出售三河京郊78%股權,代 價為人民幣321,000,000元(「三河京 郊收購協議」)。

根據三河京郊收購協議,北京瀋商及三河京郊互相同意轉撥已自北京瀋商 收取有關物業收購協議II的訂金人民幣110,000,000元予賣方A。於2019年12月31日,人民幣110,000,000元指為收購三河京郊78%股權而支付的訂金。

於2020年8月24日,賣方III、深合創立、三河京郊及北京瀋商訂立終止協議(「終止協議II」),據此,i)三河京郊收購協議各訂約方同意終止三河京郊收購協議:ii)賣方A須向深合創立退還已付訂金人民幣110,000,000元:iii)北京瀋商與三河京郊須透過訂立第二份補充協議恢復買賣物業II。

於2020年8月24日,北京瀋商與三河京郊訂立另一份協議(「第二份補充協議」)。根據第二份補充協議,三河京郊已有條件同意出售,而北京瀋商已有條件同意收購及恢復原來該物業II 之買賣,代價為人民幣110,000,000元。

北京瀋商須向三河京郊支付代價人民幣110,000,000元。深合創立同意代表北京瀋商支付代價,而賣方A須於第二份補充協議日期起計3日內向三河京郊支付人民幣110,000,000元。深合創立與北京瀋商之間的負債須相應抵銷。

於截至2020年12月31日止年度,已付訂金人民幣110,000,000元因而從為收購三河京郊支付的訂金重新分類成為收購物業II支付的訂金。

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### **24. DEPOSITS PAID** (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(b) (continued)

Details of the above-mentioned acquisitions have been disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 11 February 2018, 5 August 2019, 28 October 2019, 18 November 2019, 20 December 2019, 31 December 2019, 6 February 2020, 11 March 2020, 15 April 2020, 15 May 2020, 15 June 2020, 15 July 2020, 14 August 2020, 24 August 2020, 14 September 2020, 9 October 2020, 23 October 2020, 30 November 2020, 30 December 2020, 25 January 2021, 25 February 2021 and 1 March 2021, respectively.

As at 31 December 2020, the balance of RMB110,000,000 (2019: Nil) represented the deposit paid for acquisition of the Properties II. The acquisition has been completed on 16 March 2021.

- For identification purpose only
- On 30 December 2019, Shenhe Chuangli, and a vendor ("Vendor IV") entered into a sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which Shenhe Chuangli has conditionally agree to purchase and the Vendor IV has conditionally agreed to sell 95% equity interest of eight companies, collectively (1) Beijing Herun Wanwu Technology Co., Ltd.\*, (2) Beijing Wanxiang Shengrun Technology Co., Ltd.\*, (3) Ningyun Runyu Technology (Beijing) Co., Ltd.\*, (4) Yueyu Wanrun (Beijing) Culture Communication Co., Ltd.\*, (5) Jiao Yanpengda Technology (Beijing) Co., Ltd.\*, (6) Beijing Shuying Wanyu Culture Communication Co., Ltd.\*, (7) Miao Ruo Yue Xiu (Beijing) Cultural Communication Co., Ltd.\*, and (8) Beijing Ronghui Guangyi Technology Co., Ltd.\* (collectively the "Target Companies") at the consideration of RMB71,000,000, of which RMB47,000,000 and RMB24,000,000 are for the acquisition of 95% equity interest of the Target Companies and amount due to a creditor (the "Creditor") of the Target Companies of approximately RMB24,000,000 respectively.

Target Companies comprises of companies established under the laws of the PRC with limited liability, which are principally engaged in the investment holding. Target Companies hold a total of 125 wholly-owned subsidiaries, each of which owns a property, involving acquisitions of total 125 properties (the "Properties III"). The Properties III are located in the Zhiying Commercial Center in Liangxiang Higher Education Park, Fangshan, Beijing, adjacent to Liangxiang University City North Station. Details of the acquisition has been disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 30 December 2019.

As at 31 December 2019, RMB56,000,000 represented deposits paid for the acquisition of the Target Companies. The acquisition has been completed on 7 April 2020 and details are disclosed in Note 35(a).

# 24. 所支付的訂金(續)

附註: (續)

(b) (*續*)

上述收購事項的詳情已於本公司日期為2018年2月11日、2019年8月5日、2019年10月28日、2019年11月18日、2019年12月20日、2019年12月31日、2020年4月15日、2020年4月15日、2020年6月15日、2020年6月15日、2020年8月4日、2020年8月4日、2020年10月9日、2020年10月23日、2020年11月30日、2020年11月30日、2020年11月30日、2020年12月25日、2021年1月25日、2021年2月26日及2021年3月1日的公告中分別披露。

於2020年12月31日,結餘人民幣 110,000,000元(2019年:無)指就收 購物业II所支付的訂金。該收購事項 已於2021年3月16日完成。

#### \* 僅供識別

於 2019 年 12 月 30 日 , 深 合 創 立 (c) 與一名賣方(「賣方Ⅳ」)訂立買 賣協議,據此,深合創立有條 件同意購買而賣方Ⅳ有條件同意 出售八間公司95%股權,即(1) 北京和潤萬物科技有限公司\*、 (2)北京萬祥盛潤科技有限公司\*、 (3)凝雲潤宇科技(北京)有限公司\*、 (4)月鈺萬潤(北京)文化傳播有限公 司\*、(5)郊燕鵬達科技(北京)有限公 司\*、(6)北京疏影婉玉文化傳播有限 公司\*、(7)緲若粤秀(北京)文化傳播 有限公司\*及(8)北京融匯廣益科技有 限公司\*(統稱「**目標公司**」),代價為 人民幣71,000,000元,其中人民幣 47,000,000元和人民幣24,000,000元 分別用於收購目標公司的95%股權以 及償還目標公司的一位債權人(「債權 **人**」)約人民幣24,000,000元。

目標公司包括根據中國法例成立的多間有限公司,主要從事投資控股業務。目標公司持有合共125間全資附屬公司,其各自擁有一間物業,涉及收購合共125項物業(「物業III」)。物業III位於北京房山良鄉高教園內的智盈商業中心,毗鄰良鄉大學城北站。有關收購事項的詳情於本公司日期為2019年12月30日的公告中披露。

於2019年12月31日,人民幣56,000,000 元指就收購目標公司所支付的訂金。 該收購事項已於2020年4月7日完成 並於附註35(a)中披露。

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## **24. DEPOSITS PAID** (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(d) On 16 October 2020, Shenzhen Ju Sheng Chuang Jian Investment and Development Limited\* ("Shenzhen Ju Sheng"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and Shenzhen Apple Culture Media Company Limited\* ("Vendor V") entered into a sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which Shenzhen Ju Sheng has conditionally agreed to purchase and the Vendor V has conditionally agreed to sell 60% equity interest of Shennongjia at the consideration of RMB35,000,000, of which approximately RMB1,446,000 and RMB33,554,000 are for the acquisition of 60% equity interest of Shennonglia ("Sale Shares") and shareholder's loan (the "Sale Loan") respectively. Details of the acquisition of Shennongjia has been disclosed in the Company's announcements dated 16 October 2020.

As at 31 December 2020, the acquisition has not yet been completed, RMB35,000,000 represented deposits paid for the acquisition of Shennongjia. The acquisition has been completed on 15 March 2021.

# 24. 所支付的訂金(續)

附註:(續)

(d) 於2020年10月16日,本公司全資附屬公司深圳市聚晟創建投資發展有限公司(「**潭坊V**」)訂立買賣協議,據此,深圳聚晟有條件同意收購且賣方V有條件同意出售神農架60%股權,代價為人民幣35,000,000元,其中約人民幣1,446,000元及約人民幣33,554,000元分別用於收購神農架的60%股權(「銷售股份」)及股東貸款(「銷售贷款」)。有關收購神農架的首情於本公司日期為2020年10月16日的公告中披露。

於2020年12月31日,收購尚未完成,人民幣35,000,000元指就收購神農架所支付的訂金。該收購事項已於2021年3月15日完成。

#### 25. CONTRACT COSTS

# 2020 2019 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Construction costs and expenditure capitalised 資本化開支 131,761 128,124

25.

合約成本

Contract costs capitalised as at 31 December 2020 and 2019 are mainly related to land leveling cost, road facilities and electricity supply, rainwater and wastewater facilities and land requisition cost.

Contract costs are recognised as part of the cost of sales in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which revenue from the related project is recognised. The amount of capitalised costs recognised in profit or loss during the year was approximately RMB5,937,000 (2019: RMB20,853,000). There was no impairment in relation to the opening balance of capitalised costs or the costs capitalised during the year.

於2020年及2019年12月31日撥充資本的合約成本主要與土地平整費、道路設施及供電、雨水污水設施和土地徵用費有關。

合約成本於確認相關項目收益期間於綜合損益表中確認為部分銷售成本。年內於損益中確認的資本化成本金額約為人民幣約5,937,000元(2019年:人民幣20,853,000元)。年內並無有關資本化成本期初結餘或資本化成本的減值。

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#### 26. LOAN AND INTEREST RECEIVABLES

## 26. 應收貸款及利息

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Fixed-rate loan and interest receivables Less: Allowance for credit losses	定息應收貸款及利息 減:信貸虧損撥備	-	31,812 (17,473)
		_	14,339

As at 31 December 2019, included in the Group's loan and interest receivables balance are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of RMB14,339,000 which are past due more than 90 days as at the reporting date. The Directors are in the view that there been no significant increase in credit risk nor default of the remaining RMB14,339,000 based on the repayment history and creditworthiness of the debtors.

At 31 December 2019, the loan receivables arising from credit business are unsecured, bear fixed interest at 6% per annum.

The contractual maturity dates of the Group's fixed-rate loan receivables are as follows:

於2019年12月31日,計入本集團的應收貸款及利息結餘為於報告日期已逾期90日或以上賬面總值為人民幣14,339,000元的應收賬款。董事認為,根據還款記錄及債務人的信譽,信貸風險並無顯著上升,亦無拖欠餘下人民幣14,339,000元。

於2019年12月31日,信貸業務產生的 應收貸款為無抵押、按固定年利率6% 計息。

本集團定息貸款應收款項合約到期日 如下:

	2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Fixed-rate loan and interest receivables: 定息應收貸款及利息: 按要求	_	14,339

The loan and interest receivables outstanding as at 31 December 2020 and 2019 are denominated in HK\$.

As disclosed in Note 13(a), as at 31 December 2020, the disposal of Chung Hwa Finance is expected to be completed within twelve months after the reporting date, all the loan and interest receivables, which are attributable to Chung Hwa Finance, are reclassified as assets classified as held-for-sale.

Details of impairment assessment of loan and interest receivables are set out in Note 6(b).

於2020年及2019年12月31日,尚未償還的應收貸款及利息以港元計值。

如附註13(a)所披露,於2020年12月31日,中華信貸出售事項預期在報告日期後十二個月內完成,中華信貸所有應佔之應收貸款及其他利息均重新分類為持作銷售的資產。

有關應收貸款及利息之減值評估的詳 情載於附註6(b)。

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### 27. DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

# 27. 訂金及其他應收款項

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Other receivables (Notes) Deposits	其他應收款項 <i>(附註)</i> 訂金	245,193 195	146,480 133
Less: Allowance for credit losses	減:信貸虧損撥備	245,388 (81,219)	146,613 (71,615)
		164,169	74,998

#### Notes:

At 31 December 2020, other receivables mainly include:

- (a) approximately RMB143,012,000, net of accumulated impairment loss of RMB9,988,000 (2019: Nil) represented the consideration receivable from Purchaser III, in relation to the disposal of the entire equity interest of SHHH Development which was completed on 15 November 2020. Details of the disposal are disclosed in Note 13(c) and 36(a).
- (b) approximately RMB13,256,000, net of accumulated impairment loss of RMB163,000 (2019: approximately RMB14,827,000, net of accumulated impairment loss of RMB173,000) represented a loan to Guangzhou Leyou Internet Technology Co. Ltd\* ( " Guangzhou Leyou "), an independent third party. On 20 May 2020, the Company and Guangzhou Leyou entered into a supplementary agreement, pursuant to which the Company and Guangzhou Leyou agreed to extend the loan period for twelve months to 6 March 2021.

The unsecured loan bear interest rate at 6% (2019: 6%) per annum with a term of twelve months (2019: seven months).

- (c) approximately RMB7,048,000, net of accumulated impairment loss of RMB902,000 (2019: approximately RMB10,266,000, net of accumulated impairment loss of RMB684,000) represented the consideration receivable from Purchaser II, in relation to the disposal of the entire equity interest of Shenzhen Shen He which was completed on 28 June 2019. Details of the disposal are disclosed in Note 36(b).
- (d) approximately RMB Nil, net of accumulated impairment of RMB70,160,000 (31 December 2019: approximately RMB43,087,000, net of accumulated impairment of RMB69,913,000) represented the consideration receivable in relation to the disposal of 20% equity interests of Guangzhou Hai Yue Real Estate Development Company Limited\* at a consideration of RMB133,000,000, which was completed on 4 March 2019

Details of impairment assessment of deposits and other receivables are set out in Note 6(b).

\* For identification purpose only

附註:

於2020年12月31日,其他應收款項主要包括:

- (a) 約人民幣143,012,000元(扣除累計 減值虧損人民幣9,988,000元)(2019 年:零)指應收買方III代價,內容有關 於2020年11月15日完成的出售深圳 合輝煌發展全部股權。出售事項的詳 情於附註13(c)和36(a)披露。
- (b) 約人民幣13,256,000元(扣除累計減值虧損人民幣163,000元)(2019年:約人民幣14,827,000元:扣除累計減值虧損人民幣173,000元)指授予獨立第三方廣州樂遊互聯網科技有限公司(「廣州樂游」)的貸款。於2020年5月20日·本公司與廣州樂游訂立補充協議,據此,本公司與廣州樂游同意延長貸款期間至2021年3月6日·為期十二個月。

該筆無抵押貸款按年利率6%(2019年:6%)計息,為期十二個月(2019年:七個月)。

- (c) 約人民幣7,048,000元(扣除累計減值 虧損人民幣902,000元)(2019年:約 人民幣10,266,000元,扣除累計減值 虧損人民幣684,000元)指應收買方II 代價,內容有關於2019年6月28日完 成的出售深圳沈和全部股權。出售事 項的詳情於附註36(b)披露。
- (d) 約人民幣零元(扣除累計減值人民幣70,160,000元)(2019年12月31日:約人民幣43,087,000元,扣除累計減值人民幣69,913,000元)指應收代價,內容有關以人民幣133,000,000元之代價出售廣州海粵房地產發展有限公司20%股權,該收購已於2019年3月4日完成。

有關訂金及其他應收款項之減值評估 的詳情載於附註6(b)。

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## 28. RESTRICTED BANK BALANCES

Restricted bank balance mainly represents advanced payments received from the Sole Customer in respect of Project and restricted for settlement of various costs upon approval by the Sole Customer with approximately RMB75,761,000.

Details of impairment assessment of restricted bank balances are set out in Note 6(b).

#### 29. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

The bank balances are mainly denominated in RMB and deposited with banks in the PRC. The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Bank balances carry interest at market rates ranged from the 0.01% to 1.95% (2019: 0.01% to 0.35%) per annum. The bank balances are deposited in creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

Details of impairment assessment of bank balances are set out in Note 6(b).

#### 30. TRADE PAYABLES

Trade payables represented construction payables in relation to construction costs and other project-related expenses which are payable based on project progress measured by the Group. The suppliers have not specified the credit period granted to the Group.

The following is an aged analysis of trade payables at the end of the reporting period:

# 28. 受限制銀行結餘

受限制銀行結餘約人民幣75,761,000元,主要乃就項目預收唯一客戶的款項,並須取得唯一客戶批准方可償付各項費用。

有關受限制銀行結餘的減值評估詳情載於附許6(b)。

## 29. 銀行結餘及現金

銀行結餘主要以人民幣計值,並存放 在位於中國的銀行。人民幣不能自由 兑換成其他貨幣。然而,根據中國內 地《外匯管理條例》及《結匯、售匯及付 匯管理規定》,本集團可透過獲授權經 營外匯業務的銀行將人民幣兑換成其 他貨幣。

銀行結餘按年市場利率介乎0.01%至 1.95%(2019年:0.01%至0.35%)計 算利息。銀行結餘存於近期無違約紀 錄且信譽良好的銀行。

有關銀行結餘的減值評估的詳情載於 附註6(b)。

#### 30. 應付賬款

應付賬款為與建築費用及其他項目相關開支相關的應計建築開支,乃根據本集團計量的項目進度支付。供應商並無授予本集團指定信貸期。

以下為於報告期末的應付賬款的賬齡 分析:

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 90 days Over 90 days	90日內 90日以上	6,866 58,931	9,907 57,324
		65,797	67,231

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### 31. FINANCIAL GUARANTEE CONTRACTS

On 27 August 2018, Putian Licheng Branch of Industrial and Commercial Bank of China ("ICBC") submitted an arbitration (the "Arbitration") to the Xiamen Arbitration Commission, against Shishi Shen Guo Tou to recover a bank loan with an outstanding principal and the financing interest amounting to RMB141,569,000 and RMB720,000, respectively, as well as the expenses incurred for realising creditor's right (collectively, the "Legal Proceeding"). Details of the Arbitration were disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 11 September 2018.

Shenzhen Zhonghe Chuangjian Investment Development Company Limited ("Shenzhen Zhonghe"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, being the guarantor to the loan, was named as defendant in the Arbitration. The maximum amount guaranteed by Shenzhen Zhonghe under the financial guarantee contract was RMB49,787,000.

The Directors have performed impairment assessment and concluded that there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition of the financial guarantee contract. Accordingly, a loss allowance of RMB49,787,000 has been recognised for financial guarantee contract during the year ended 31 December 2018.

During the year ended 31 December 2019, Shenzhen Zhonghe has been disposed of and the financial guarantee contract has been disposed accordingly. Details of the disposal are disclosed in Note 36(b).

# 31. 財務擔保合約

於2018年8月27日,中國工商銀行股份有限公司莆田荔城支行(「工商銀行」)向廈門仲裁委員會提出仲裁(「仲裁」),要求石獅深國投償還尚未償還一筆銀行貸款的本金及融資利息分別人民幣141,569,000元及人民幣720,000元,以及就變現債權人權利產生的開支(統稱「法律訴訟」)。有關仲裁的詳情於本公司日期為2018年9月11日的公告中披露。

深圳市眾合創建投資發展有限公司(「深圳眾合」,本公司間接全資附屬公司),即該筆貸款的擔保人,為仲裁的答辯人。深圳眾合根據財務擔保合約所擔保的最高金額為人民幣49,787,000元。

董事已進行減值評估,並確定信貸風險自財務擔保合約初步確認以來顯著增加。因此,截至2018年12月31日止年度,已就財務擔保合約確認虧損撥備人民幣49,787,000元。

截至2019年12月31日止年度,深圳 眾合已被出售,而財務擔保合約已出 售。出售事項的詳情於附註36(b)披 露。

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#### 32. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

# 32. 合約負債

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Construction of infrastructure and development of properties	基礎設施建設及物業發展	54,926	61,749

As at 1 January 2019, contract liabilities amounted to approximately RMB84,299,000. As at 31 December 2020, approximately RMB54,926,000 (2019: RMB61,749,000) represents the advance payments made by the Sole Customer.

The Sole Customer made advance payments to the Group while the acceptance and transfer procedure is still ongoing. The advance payments result in contract liabilities being recognised throughout the construction and development period until the completion of the acceptance and transfer procedure and the Sole Customer obtains control of the completed infrastructure and property.

The following table shows how much of the revenue recognised relates to carried-forward contract liabilities and how much relates to performance obligations that were satisfied in prior periods.

於2019年1月1日,合約負債為約人 民幣84,299,000元。於2020年12月 31日,約人民幣54,926,000元(2019 年:人民幣61,749,000元)指唯一客戶 作出的預付款項。

唯一客戶在驗收交付程序仍在進行時 向本集團作出預付款項。預付款項導 致合約負債於整個建設及發展期間內 確認,直至驗收交付程序完成及唯一 客戶獲得已竣工基礎設施及物業的控 制權為止。

下表載列於已確認收益與結轉合約負 債相關的程度及與於過往期間已履行 的履約責任相關的程度。

	2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue recognised that was included in 於年初計入合約負債結 the contract liabilities balance at the beginning of the year	<b>6,624</b>	21,893

Since the Sole Customer has delayed the completion of the acceptance and transfer procedure on its sole discretion, which the Group does not have any control on such procedure, the contract liability related to the unsatisfied performance obligation, which was expected to be satisfied within one year in prior year, has not yet fully recognised as revenue during the year ended 31 December 2020.

由於唯一客戶自行決定延遲完成驗收 及移交程序,而本集團對該程序沒有 任何控制權,因此,與未履行的履約 義務有關的合約責任(本預期於上一年 度一年內履行)尚未完全確認為截至 2020年12月31日止年度的收入。

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# 33. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

## 33. 其他應付款項及應計費用

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Other payables and accruals (Notes)	其他應付款項及應計費用 <i>(附註)</i>	82,130	18,717
Payable for construction cost of office	就辦公室建築成本的 應付款項	4,209	4,209
		86,339	22,926

Notes:

At 31 December 2020, other payables mainly include:

- 於2020年12月31日,其他應付款項主要包括:
- (a) approximately RMB10,962,000 (2019: RMB10,962,000) represented a government grant with unfulfilled condition at the reporting date.
- (b) approximately RMB54,465,000 (2019: Nil), which was assumed through the acquisition of Target Companies, represented the outstanding consideration of acquisition of Properties III by the Target Companies (Notes 24(c) and 35(a)).
- (a) 約人民幣10,962,000元(2019年:人 民幣10,962,000元)乃於報告日期, 未達成條件的政府補助金。
- (b) 約人民幣54,465,000元(2019年: 零)・因收購目標公司而承擔・乃目標公司收購物業Ⅲ之未償代價(附註24(c)及35(a))。

# 34. LEASE LIABILITIES

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# 34. 租賃負債

附註:

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Lease liabilities payable:	須於以下期間支付的 租賃負債:		
Within one year	一年內	676	754
Within a period of more than one year but not more than two year	超過一年但 不超過兩年	_	264
Less: Amount due for settlement	減:12個月內到期償付的	676	1,018
within 12 months shown under	款項(列為流動負債)		
current liabilities	MY X (7 ) MI MU SI X (X)	(676)	(754)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months shown under	12個月後到期償付的款項 (列為非流動負債)		
non-current liabilities		_	264

The weighted average incremental borrowing rates applied to lease liabilities ranged from 2.7% to 5.5% (2019: 2.7% to 4.75%).

應用於租賃負債的加權平均增量借款 利率為2.7%至5.5%(2019年: 2.7% 至4.75%)

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#### **34. LEASE LIABILITIES** (Continued)

Lease obligation that is denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below:

### 34. 租賃負債(續)

非以相關集團實體本位幣核算的租賃 義務載列如下:

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
HK\$	港元	268	682

# 35. ACQUISITION OF ASSETS THROUGH ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES

#### (a) During the year ended 31 December 2020

As details in Note 24(c), on 7 April 2020, Shen Chuangli completed the acquisition of 95% interest in Target Companies at the consideration of RMB71,000,000, in which RMB47,000,000 was payable to Vendor IV as the purchase consideration and the remaining RMB24,000,000 was paid on behalf of the Target Companies to the Creditor. Target Companies holds a portfolio of 125 properties which are all located in PRC.

The Group elected to apply the optional concentration test in accordance with HKFRS 3 "Business Combinations" and concluded that:

- (a) The land and building components of each property, together with the in-place leases, are considered a single identifiable asset; and
- (b) The group of 125 properties is a group of similar identifiable assets because the assets are similar in nature and risks associated with managing and creating outputs are not significantly different.

Consequently, the Group determined that substantially all of the fair value of the gross assets (excluding cash and cash equivalents) acquired is concentrated in a group of similar identifiable assets and concluded that the acquired set of activities and assets is not a business.

## 35. 透過收購附屬公司收購資產

#### (a) 截至2020年12月31日止年度

誠如附註24(c)所詳述,於2020年4月7日,深合創立完成收購目標公司之95%股權,代價為人民幣71,000,000元,其中內民幣47,000,000元應付予賣方IV(作為購買代價)及餘下人民幣24,000,000元乃代表目標公司支付予其債權人。目標公司持有125項物業組合,全部位於中國。

本集團根據香港財務報告準則 第3號「**業務合併**]選擇應用選 擇性集中測試,並得出以下結 論:

- (a) 每項物業之土地及樓宇 組成部分,連同現地租 約,均被視為單一可識 別資產;及
- (b) 由於該組125項物業的性質相似,且與管理及創造產出相關的風險並無重大差異,故該組物業為一組相似的可識別資產。

因此,本集團確定,所收購總 資產(不包括現金現金及現金等 值項目)之公允價值基本上都 集中於一組相似的可識別資產 中,並得出結論,認為所收購 的一組活動及資產不構成業務。

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# 35. ACQUISITION OF ASSETS THROUGH ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

35. 透過收購附屬公司收購資產(續)

- (a) During the year ended 31 December 2020 (Continued)
- (a) 截至2020年12月31日止年度 (續)

Consideration transferred:

所轉讓代價

			Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash Deposit paid	現 <u>金</u> 已 5	<b>全</b> 支付訂金	15,000 56,000
			71,000

Assets acquired and liabilities recognised at the date of acquired:

於收購日期確認的已收購資產 及負債如下:

		Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Investment properties (Note 20) Bank balances and cash Amount due to Vendor IV Amount due to the Creditor Other payables	投資物業(附註20) 銀行結餘及現金 應付賣方IV款項 應付債權人款項 其他應付款項	138,328 69 (2,745) (24,000) (62,178)
Net assets acquired of Settlement of amount due to the Creditor	所收購資產淨值 代表目標公司應付債權人	49,474
on behalf of the Target Companies Less: Non-controlling interest in SHHH	に表す様と可感的負権人 結算款項 減:於深圳合輝煌發展的非控股權	24,000
Development Development	M・M/Mが日降度な成的が1200性 益	(2,474)
Total consideration	總代價	71,000

Net cash outflow on acquisition of assets through acquisition of Target Companies:

透過收購目標公司收購資產的 現金流出淨額:

		RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash paid Less: Bank balances and cash acquired	已付現金 減:所收購銀行結餘及現金	(15,000) 69
		(14,931)

The non-controlling interests in Target Companies recognised at the acquisition date was measured by reference to the proportionate share of recognised amounts of net assets of Target Companies and amount to approximately RMB2,474,000.

於收購日期確認之於目標公司的非控股權益乃參考所確認目標公司資產淨值的按比例份額,約人民幣2,474,000元計量。

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# 35. ACQUISITION OF ASSETS THROUGH ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

### (b) During the year ended 31 December 2019

(i) On 11 May 2017, Shenzhen Shenxi, entered into a capital contribution agreement with SHHH Development and Shenzhen Newpont Investment Group Limited ("SNP Investment"), pursuant to which Shenzhen Shenxi, being the new investor, agreed to make capital contribution in the total sum of RMB155,000,000 to Zhong De Logistics. Upon completion of capital contribution, Shenzhen Shenxi will hold 20% equity interest in Zhong De Logistics.

RMB150,000,000 has been paid to Zhong De Logistics during the year ended 31 December 2017. As at 31 December 2018, the acquisition has not been completed and RMB150,000,000 was recognised as deposit paid.

During the year ended 31 December 2019. Shenzhen Shenxi, SNP Investment, SHHH Development, Zhong De Logistics, Lu Hancai and Ma Xinan (both being independent third parties) entered into a supplemental agreement, pursuant to which, the capital contribution in Zhong De Logistics through capital injection by Shenzhen Shenxi was changed to acquisition of 66.67% equity interest in SHHH Development by Shenzhen Shenxi from Lu Hancai and Ma Xinan. The acquisition was completed on 22 January 2019. After the completion of the acquisition, the Group has held 66.67% equity interest in SHHH Development and indirectly owned 30% equity interest in Zhong De Logistics.

SHHH Development engages in domestic logistics, freight forwarding, warehousing and distribution services in the PRC.

The above acquisition has been accounted for acquisition of assets.

## 35. 透過收購附屬公司收購資產(續)

#### (b) 截至2019年12月31日止年度

> 截至2017年12月31日 止年度,已向眾德物流 支付人民幣150,000,000 元。於2018年12月31 日,收購事項尚未完 成,並已確認人民幣 150,000,000元作為已付 訂金。

> 截至2019年12月31日 止年度期間,深圳沈 璽、深圳新邦投資、深 圳合輝煌發展、眾德物 流、獨立第三方盧漢才 及馬喜南訂立補充協 議,據此,將深圳沈璽 向眾德物流注資更改為 深圳沈璽向盧漢才及馬 喜南收購深圳合輝煌 發展 66.67% 股權。該 收購事項已於2019年 1月22日完成。於收購 事項完成後,本集團於 深圳合輝煌發展持有 66.67%股權,並間接 擁有眾德物流的30%股 權。

> 深圳合輝煌發展主要於 中國從事國內物流、貨 運代理、倉儲及分銷服 務業務。

> 上述收購事項已以資產收購入賬。

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# 35. ACQUISITION OF ASSETS THROUGH ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

- 35. 透過收購附屬公司收購資產(續)
- (b) During the year ended 31 December 2019 (Continued)
- (b) 截至2019年12月31日止年度 (續)

(i) (Continued)

(i) *(續)* 

#### Consideration transferred:

## 所轉讓代價:

		RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash Deposit paid	現金 已付訂金	5,000 150,000
Total	總計	155,000

# Assets acquired and liabilities recognised at the date of acquisition:

於收購日期確認的所收 購資產及所確認負債:

		Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Property, plant and equipment (Note 18) Interest in an associate Bank balances and cash Other receivables Other payables	物業、廠房及設備(附註18) 於一間聯營公司的權益 銀行結餘及現金 其他應收款項 其他應付款項	147 238,549 93 10,092 (16,393)
Net assets acquired of Non-controlling interest in SHHH Development	所收購資產淨值 於深圳合輝煌發展的非控股權益 —	232,488 (77,488)
Total consideration	總代價	155,000

Net cash outflow on acquisition of assets through acquisition of SHHH Development:

透過收購深圳合輝煌發 展收購資產的現金流出 淨額:

		RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash paid Less: Bank balances and cash acquired	已付現金 減:所收購銀行結餘及現金	(5,000)
		(4,907)

The non-controlling interests in SHHH Development recognised at the acquisition date was measured by reference to the proportionate share of recognised amounts of net assets of SHHH Development and amount to approximately RMB77,488,000.

於收購日期確認之於深 圳合輝煌發展的非控股 權益乃參考所確認深圳 合輝煌發展資產淨值的 按比例份額,約人民幣 77,488,000元計量。

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# 35. ACQUISITION OF ASSETS THROUGH ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

# (b) During the year ended 31 December 2019 (Continued)

(ii) On 24 June 2019, Shenhe Chuangli acquired 100% equity interest of Beijing Yufeng You Cheng Technology Company Limited ("Beijing Yufeng") at the consideration of RMB10,660,000 in cash. Beijing Yufeng is mainly holding an investment property in the PRC. The acquisition has been accounted for an acquisition of assets.

# Assets acquired and liabilities recognised at the date of acquisition:

## 35. 透過收購附屬公司收購資產(續)

## (b) 截至2019年12月31日止年度 (續)

(ii) 於2019年6月24日, 深合創立收購北京御 風程游科技有限公司 (「北京御風」)100%股權,現金代價為人民幣 10,660,000元。北京御 風主要於中國持有投資 物業。收購事項已以資 產收購入賬。

## 於收購日期確認的所收 購資產及負債:

		RMB'000 人民幣千元
Investment property (Note 20)	投資物業(附註20)	20,130
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	154
Other payables	其他應付款項	(284)
Amount due to Shenhe Chuangli	應付深合創立款項	(9,340)
Net assets acquired of	所收購資產淨值	10,660

Net cash outflow on acquisition of assets through acquisition of Beijing Yufeng:

透過收購北京御風收購 資產的現金流出淨額:

		RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash consideration paid Less: Bank balance and cash acquired	已付現金代價 減:所收購銀行結餘及現金	(10,660) 
		(10,506)

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#### 36. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

### (a) During the year ended 31 December 2020

As disclosed to in Note 13(c), on 15 November 2020, Shenzhen Shenxi disposed of its entire 66.67% equity interest of SHHH Development and the Shareholder's Loan at a consideration of RMB173,000,000. The net assets of SHHH Development as at the date of disposal was as follows:

#### 36. 出售附屬公司

## (a) 截至2020年12月31日止年度

如附註13(c)所披露,於2020年 11月15日,深圳沈璽以人民幣 173,000,000元的代價出售其 於附屬公司深圳合輝煌發展的 全部66.67%股權及股東貸款。 於出售日期,深圳合輝煌發展 的資產淨值如下:

#### Consideration received:

### 已收代價:

		RMB'000 人民幣千元
Deposit received Other receivables	已收訂金 其他應收款項	20,000 153,000
		173,000

# Analysis of assets and liabilities over which control was lost:

## 已失去控制權的資產及負債分 析:

		RMB'000 人民幣千元
Property, plant and equipment Interest in an associate	物業、廠房及設備 於一間聯營公司的權益	85 231,183
Bank balance and cash	銀行結餘及現金	13
Other receivables	其他應收款項	145
Amount due from an associate Trade payable	應收一間聯營公司款項 應付賬款	7,480 (38)
Amount due to the Company	應付本公司金額	(8,000)
Other payables	其他應付款項	(6,711)
Net assets disposed of	所出售資產淨值	224,157

## Gain on disposal of a subsidiary:

#### 出售附屬公司收益:

		RMB'000 人民幣千元
Consideration received and receivable Assignment of Shareholder's Loan Net assets disposed of Non-controlling interests	已收及應收代價: 股東貸款轉讓 所出售資產淨值 非控股權益	173,000 (8,000) (224,157) 74,711
Gain on disposal	出售收益	15,554

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#### **36. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES** (Continued)

# (a) During the year ended 31 December 2020 (Continued)

#### Net cash outflow arising on disposal:

### 36. 出售附屬公司(續)

### (a) 截至2020年12月31日止年度 (續)

### 出售產生的現金流出淨額:

		RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash consideration Less: bank balances and cash disposed of	現金代價 減:所出售銀行結餘及現金	(13)
		(13)

#### (b) During the year ended 31 December 2019

As disclosed in Note 22(a), on 1 April 2019, Shenzhen Shen He entered into a disposal agreement with the Purchaser IV, pursuant to which Shenzhen Shen He sell the entire equity interests of Shenzhen Zhonghe and its 30% equity interests in Shishi Shen Guo Tou to the Purchaser IV at a consideration of RMB13,200,000. The disposal was completed on 30 April 2019.

As disclosed in Note 13(b), on 24 June 2019, the Company entered into a disposal agreement with the Purchaser II, pursuant to which the Company sell the entire equity interests of the Disposal Group to the Purchase II at a consideration of RMB13,950,000. The disposal was completed on 28 June 2019.

#### Consideration received:

### (b) 截至2019年12月31日止年度

如附註22(a)所披露,於2019年4月1日,深圳沈和與買方IV訂立出售協議,據此,深圳沈和向買方IV出售深圳眾合全部股權及其於石獅深國投30%股權,代價為人民幣13,200,000元。該出售事項已於2019年4月30日完成。

如附註13(b)所披露,於2019年6月24日,本公司與買方II訂立出售協議,據此,本公司將出售組合的全部股權出售予買方II,代價為人民幣13,950,000元。該出售事項已於2019年6月28日完成。

#### 已收代價:

		Shenzhen Zhonghe 深圳眾合 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Disposal Group I 出售組別I RMB'000 人民幣千元
Other receivables	其他應收款項	13,200	13,950

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### **36. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES** (Continued)

# (b) During the year ended 31 December 2019 (Continued)

# Analysis of assets and liabilities over which control was lost:

## 36. 出售附屬公司(續)

## (b) 截至2019年12月31日止年度 (續)

## 已失去控制權的資產及負債分 析:

		Shenzhen Zhonghe 深圳眾合 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Disposal Group 出售組別 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest in an associate Bank balance and cash Other receivables Other payables Financial guarantee (Note 31)	於一間聯營公司的權益 銀行結餘及現金 其他應收款項 其他應付款項 財務擔保( <i>附註31)</i>	60,096 17 1,676 – (49,787)	465 13,646* (35)
Net assets disposed of	所出售資產淨值	12,002	14,076

<sup>\*</sup> This consideration has been included in other receivable in Disposal Group and was disposed of during the year ended 31 December 2019.

### Gain (loss) on disposal of subsidiaries:

## 出售附屬公司收益(虧損):

		Shenzhen Zhonghe 深圳眾合 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Disposal Group 出售組別 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Consideration receivable Net assets disposed of	應收代價 所出售資產淨值	13,200 (12,002)	13,950 (14,076)	27,150 (26,078)
Gain (loss) on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司收益 (虧損)	1,198	(126)	1,072

此代價已計入出售組別的其 他應收款項並已於截至2019 年12月31日止年度出售。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### **36. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES** (Continued)

# 36. 出售附屬公司(續)

# (b) During the year ended 31 December 2019 (Continued)

## (b) 截至2019年12月31日止年度 (續)

Net cash outflow arising on disposal:

### 出售產生的現金流出淨額:

		Shenzhen Zhonghe 深圳眾合 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Disposal Group 出售組別 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash received Less: bank balances and cash	已收現金 減:所出售銀行結餘及	-	_	-
disposed of	現金	(17)	(465)	(482)
		(17)	(465)	(482)

### 37. SHARE CAPITAL

### 37. 股本

		2020		2019		
			Amount 金額		Amount 金額	
		Number of shares 股份數目	RMB'000 人民幣千元	Number of shares 股份數目	RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Authorised, issued and fully paid:	法定、已發行及 已繳足:					
– Domestic shares of RMB1 each	一每股面值人民幣1元 的內資股					
At 1 January and	於1月1日及					
31 December	12月31日	864,000,000	864,000	864,000,000	864,000	
– H-shares of RMB1 each	-每股面值人民幣1元 的H股					
At 1 January and	於1月1日及					
31 December	12月31日	605,376,000	605,376	605,376,000	605,376	
Total	總計	1,469,376,000	1,469,376	1,469,376,000	1,469,376	

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#### 38. DEFERRED TAX

The following is the deferred tax asset recognised and the movements thereon during the current and prior years:

#### 38. 遞延稅項

以下為已確認的遞延税項資產及其於 本年度及過往年度的變動情況:

		ECL provision 預期信貸 虧損撥備 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2019 Charge to profit or loss	於2019年1月1日 自損益扣除	1,888
Exchange adjustments	百須益扣 <b>産</b>	(1,066)
At 31 December 2019 Reclassification of assets classified as	於2019年12月31日 分類為持作銷售之資產的	839
held-for-sale (Note 13(a))	重新分類 <i>(附註13(a))</i>	(766)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(42)
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	31

In accordance with the PRC laws and regulations, tax losses could be carried forward for five years to offset against its future taxable profits. Deferred tax assets relating to unutilised tax losses are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow such deferred tax assets to be utilised.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had estimated unused tax losses of approximately RMB43,321,000 (2019: RMB19,621,000) and approximately of HK\$Nil (2019: HK\$10,492,000) available for offset against future profits in the PRC and Hong Kong respectively. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the unused tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profits stream.

根據中國法律及法規,稅項虧損可結 轉五年以抵銷其日後的應課稅溢利。 有關尚未動用稅項虧損的遞延稅項資 產,只會在很可能將有足夠應課稅溢 利以使該等遞延稅項資產獲得動用時 方會確認。

於報告期末,本集團可供抵銷位於中國及香港的未來溢利的估計未動用税項虧損分別約為人民幣43,321,000元(2019年:人民幣19,621,000元)及約零港元(2019年:10,492,000港元)。由於難以預測未來溢利流,故未就未動用稅務虧損確認遞延稅項資產。

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#### **38. DEFERRED TAX** (Continued)

Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of approximately RMB43,321,000 (2019: RMB19,621,000) with expiry dates as disclosed in the following table. Other losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

#### 38. 遞延稅項(續)

未確認税項虧損包括約人民幣43,321,000元的虧損(2019年:人民幣19,621,000元),到期日見下表。其他虧損可無限期結轉。

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
2020	2020年	_	2,386
2021	2021年	52	459
2022	2022年	3,448	4,106
2023	2023年	6,307	6,676
2024	2024年	5,658	5,994
2025	2025年	27,856	
		43,321	19,621

#### 39. RETIREMENT BENEFITS PLANS

The Group maintains various retirement schemes for its employees. The retirement scheme for employees of the Company and its PRC subsidiaries is a mandatory central pension scheme organised by the PRC government, the assets of which are held separately from those of the Group. Contributions made are based on a percentage of the eligible employees' salaries and charged as expenses when the employees have rendered services entitling them to the contribution. The employer contributions vest fully once they are made. The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group, in fund under the control of trustees. The Company contributes 5% (2019: 5%) of relevant payroll costs, capped at HK\$1,500 (2019: HK\$1,500) per month, to the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme, in which contribution is matched by employees.

The total expense recognised in profit or loss of approximately RMB338,000 (2019: RMB454,000) represents contributions payable to these plans by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the plans. As at 31 December 2020, contributions of approximately RMB3,000 (2019: RMB3,000) due in respect of the year ended 31 December 2020 had not been paid over to the plans. The amounts were paid subsequent to the end of the reporting period.

#### 39. 退休福利計劃

於損益內確認之開支總額約人民幣338,000元(2019年:人民幣454,000元)乃本集團須根據計劃法規所定比率向此等計劃作出之供款。於2020年12月31日,於截至2020年12月31日止年度到期供款為約人民幣3,000元(2019年:人民幣3,000元)尚未繳入計劃中。該等款項於報告期間結束後已經支付。

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## 40. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

### 40. 資本承擔

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following capital commitments:

於報告期末,本集團有以下資本承擔:

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in the consolidated financial statements in respect of:	有關下列事項的已訂約但尚未於綜合財務報表內撥備的資本開支:		
<ul><li>(i) Capital contribution to Shenhe Chuangli (Note 42)</li><li>(ii) Capital contribution to</li></ul>	<ul><li>(i) 向深合創立注資 (附註42)</li><li>(ii) 向潮州佳富注資</li></ul>	5,000	5,000
Chaozhou Jiafu (Note 42)  (iii) Capital contribution to Shenzhen Shenhe Xingchuang Investment	(附註42) (iii) 向深圳深合星創 投資發展有限公司	5,938	5,938
Development Company Limited (Note 42)	注資(附註42)	1,000	1,000
(iv) Capital contribution to Target Companies (Note 42)	(iv) 向目標公司注資 (附註42)	12,635	-
<ul><li>(v) Acquisition of Properties I (Note 24(a))</li><li>(vi) Acquisition of San He Jing Jiao</li></ul>	(v) 收購物業I <i>(附註24(a))</i> (vi) 收購三河京郊	3,700	5,700
(Note 24(b))  (vii) Acquisition of Target Companies	(附註24(b)) (vii) 收購目標公司	-	211,000
(Note 24(c))	(附註24(c))	_	15,000
		28,273	243,638

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#### 41. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Save as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following significant transactions and balances with related parties during the years as follows:

(a) During the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, the identified related parties which have transaction with the Group were as follows:

#### 41. 關連方交易

除已在綜合財務報表別處披露者外, 本集團於年內與關連方的重大交易及 結餘如下:

(a) 截至2020年及2019年12月31 日止年度,與本集團進行交易 的已識別關連方如下:

### Name of the Company 企業名稱

Chung Hwa Finance Holdings Limited 中華信貸集團有限公司

Beijing Luchuang Future
Technology Company Limited
北京力創未來科技有限公司

### Relationships with the Company 與本公司的聯繫

A non-controlling interest of the Group 本集團非控股權益

A shareholder of the Group

本集團股東

During the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, the Group entered into the following transaction with related party:

截至2020年及2019年12月31 日止年度,本集團與關連方進 行以下交易:

Name of related party 關聯方名稱	Nature 性質	202 RMB'00 人民幣千:	00	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Chung Hwa Finance Holdings Limited 中華信貸集團有限公司	Management fee 管理費		-	203

The Directors are of the opinion that the above transactions were negotiated on a normal commercial terms and conditions that would be available to third party.

董事認為,上述交易乃按第三 方將獲得的正常商業條款及條 件磋商。

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### **41. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS** (Continued)

# 41. 關連方交易(續)

#### (a) (Continued)

(a) *(續)* 

At the end of the reporting period, the balances of related parties are as follows:

於報告期末,關連方的結餘如下:

Name of related party	關聯方名稱	2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Amount due to a non-controlling interest  – Chung Hwa Finance Holdings Limited (Note a)	應付非控股 權益款項 一中華信貸集團 有限公司(附註a)	_	(2,625)
Amount due to a shareholder  – Beijing Lichuang Future Technology  Company Limited (Note b)	應付一名股東款項 一北京力創未來科技 有限公司( <i>附註b</i> )	(2,153)	(5,219)

#### Notes:

## 附註:

- a. The above balance is trade in nature, unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.
- a. 以上結餘屬貿易性質、無抵押、免息及須按要求償還。
- b. The above balance is non-trade in nature, unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.
- b. 以上結餘屬非貿易性質、無 抵押、免息及須按要求償 還。

#### (b) Compensation of key management personnel

### (b) 主要管理人員的薪酬

The key management comprises all the Directors, chief executive officer and supervisors, details of their remuneration are disclosed in Note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

主要管理人員包括全體董事、行政總 裁及監事,彼等之薪酬詳情於綜合財 務報表附註15披露。

The remuneration of Directors and key executives are determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

董事及主要行政人員的薪酬乃經考慮個人表現及市況後由薪酬委員會釐定。

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#### 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

# 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情

#### 42.1 General information of subsidiaries

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below:

### 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration/ operation 註冊成立/登記/ 營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本	Proportion ownership interest held by the Company 本公司持有 擁有權權益比例 Directly Indirectly 直接 間接		tly	Proportion of voting power held by the Company 本公司持有 投票權比例		Principal activities 主要業務	
				2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Zhongfang Chaozhou' <sup>‡</sup> 中房潮州 <sup>‡</sup>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB200,000,000 人民幣200,000,000元	100%	100%	-	-	100%	100%	Property development 物業發展
Chaozhou Construction and Development Company Limited' <sup>#</sup> (Note vii) 潮州市中創建設開發有限公司' <sup>#</sup> (附註vii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	-	-	100%	-	100%	Not commence business 暫無營業
Beijing Shen Shang <sup>*‡</sup> 北京瀋商 <sup>‡</sup>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100%	100%	-	-	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Shenzhen Shen Wu <sup>*#</sup> (Note v) 深圳沈物 <sup>*#</sup> ( <i>附註v</i> )	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100%	100%	-	-	100%	100%	Inactive 暫無業務
Shenzhen Juxi Investment and Development Company Limited <sup>*#</sup> 深圳市聚璽投資發展有限公司 <sup>*#</sup>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	-	100%	100%	100%	100%	Inactive 暫無業務
Shenzhen Shenxi Chuangjian Investment and Development Company Limited'* (Note viii) 深圳市沈璽投資發展有限公司'* (附註viii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100%		-	100%	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Shenhe Chuangli <sup>*#</sup> (Note ii) 深合創立 <sup>*#</sup> ( <i>附註ii</i> )	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元	100%	100%	-	-	100%	100%	Inactive 暫無業務
Shenzhen Tong He Chuangjian Investment Development Company Limited**(Note viii) 深圳市同合創建投資發展 有限責任公司**(附註viii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元	100%	-	-	100%	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

### **42.1** General information of subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below: (Continued)

## 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

本公司於報告期末直接及間接 持有的附屬公司的詳情載列如 下:(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration/ operation 註冊成立/登記/ 營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本	held by the Company 本公司持有				Proport voting po by the C 本公司 投票權	wer held ompany l持有	Principal activities 主要業務
				2020	<b>後</b> 2019	<b>间</b> 2020	<b>₹</b> 2019	2020	2019	
Shenzhen Tai He Chuang Jian Investment Development Company Limited' <sup>‡</sup> 深圳市泰合創建投資發展 有限責任公司 <sup>*</sup>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100%	100%	-	-	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Shenzhen Ju Sheng <sup>*#</sup> (Note viii) 深圳聚晟 <i>(附註viii)</i> **	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100%	-	-	100%	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Guangdong Xinmao** 廣東鑫茂**	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元	-	-	90%	90%	90%	90%	Not commence business 暫無營業
Chaozhou Jiafu (Note ii) 潮州佳富( <i>附註ii</i> )	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元	-	-	90%	90%	90%	90%	Not commence business 暫無營業
Kingma Overseas Investment Development Corporate Limited (Note v) 金馬海外投資發展有限公司 (附註v)	HK 香港	Ordinary 普通股	US\$20,000 20,000美元	-		100%	100%	100%	100%	Securities investment 證券投資
Chung Hwa Finance (Note v) 中華信貸( <i>附註v</i> )	HK 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$50,000,000 50,000,000港元	-	-	55%	55%	55%	55%	Credit business 信貸業務
Kingma International Ltd. (Note v) 金馬國際有限公司 <i>(附註v)</i>	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US <b>\$1</b> 1美元	-	-	100%	100%	100%	100%	Not commence business 暫無營業
World Ease Investment Limited 滙怡投資有限公司	HK 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK <b>\$</b> 1,000 1,000港元	-	-	100%	100%	100%	100%	Not commence business 暫無營業

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

### **42.1** General information of subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below: (Continued)

## 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration/ operation 註冊成立/登記/ 營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本	Dire 直	接	· Company ]持有 益比例 Indir	ectly 接	voting p by the ( 本公 投票	<b>崖比例</b>	Principal activities 主要業務
				2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Beijing Yufeng' <sup>‡</sup> (Note iv) 北京御風' <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註iv)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB100,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	-	100%	100%	100%	100%	Property investment 物業投資
SHHH Development <sup>*‡</sup> (Note iv and vi) 深圳合輝煌發展 <sup>*‡</sup> (附註iv及vi)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB12,000,000 人民幣12,000,000元	-	_	-	66.67%	-	66.67%	Domestic logistics, freight forwarding, warehousing and distribution services 國內物流、貨運 代理、倉儲及 分銷服務
Modern Key International Limited 現基國際有限公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1,000 1,000美元	-	-	100%	100%	100%	100%	Not commence business 暫無營業
Shenzhen Shenhe Xingchuang Investment Development Company Limited <sup>*‡</sup> ( <i>Note i and ii</i> ) 深圳市深合星創投資發展 有限公司 <sup>**</sup> ( <i>附註汉ii</i> )	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-		100%	100%	100%	100%	Not commence business 暫無營業
Beijing Herun Wanwu Technology Co., Ltd. <sup>†‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京和潤萬物科技有限公司 <sup>†‡</sup> ( <i>附註i及iii</i> )	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Beijing Wanxiang Shengrun Technology Co., Ltd.** (Note ii and iii) 北京萬祥盛潤科技有限公司** (附註ii及iii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Investment holding 投資控股

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

### **42.1** General information of subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below: (Continued)

## 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

本公司於報告期末直接及間接 持有的附屬公司的詳情載列如 下:(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration/ operation 註冊成立/登記/ 營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本	Dire 直	held by the 本公司 擁有權机 ctly		ectly 接	本公司 投票権	ower held company 可持有 建比例	Principal activities 主要業務
				2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Beijing Senyu Haixiao Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京森宇海瀟科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註ii及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	_	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Jingcheng Nuoyun Technology (Beijing) Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 精誠諾昀科技(北京)有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註ii及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%		Property Investment 物業投資
Chenlu Yingban (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 晨露影件(北京)科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註ii及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Jiangfeng Yucheng Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京江風鈺成科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註i及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Xianyun Qingyan Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京閒雲清煙科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註证及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Yushu Yanxin (Beijing) Cultural Communication Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 魚書雁信(北京)文化傳播有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註II及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%		Property Investment 物業投資

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

### **42.1** General information of subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below: (Continued)

## 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration/ operation 註冊成立/登記/ 營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本		held by the 本公司 擁有權權 ly	益比例 Indired 間接	:tly	Proport voting po by the Co 本公司 投票權	wer held ompany 持有	Principal activities 主要業務
				2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Xinyu Xiangzhong Technology (Beijing) Co., Ltd.** (Note ii and iii) 新宇向眾科技(北京)有限公司* <i>(附註]及前)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Tianlang Yunqing (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 天朗雲清(北京)科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註II及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Jinfeng Yishuang Technology Co., Ltd.** (Note ii and iii) 北京金風億爽科技有限公司* (附註证及iii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	·	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Moyu Chenxi Technology Co., Ltd.** (Note ii and iii) 北京墨羽塵曦科技有限公司* (附註ii及iii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	/-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Yubo Yunxiao (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 雨博韵蕭(北京)科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> ( <i>附註ii及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Yunxin Xinyi Business Consulting Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京蘊馨欣怡企業諮詢有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註ii及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

### **42.1** General information of subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below: (Continued)

## 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

本公司於報告期末直接及間接 持有的附屬公司的詳情載列如 下:(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration/ operation 註冊成立/登記/ 營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本	Dire 直	held by the 本公司 擁有權權 ctly	持有	ectly 接	Proport voting po by the C 本公司 投票權	wer held ompany ]持有	Principal activities 主要業務
				2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Beijing Xiangche Yunxiao Information Consulting Co., Ltd.** (Note ii and iii) 北京響徹雲霄信息諮詢有限公司* <i>(附註II及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	_	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Chuyisitu (Beijing) Cultural Communication Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 楚怡斯圖(北京)文化傳播有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> ( <i>附註i及ii</i> )	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-		95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Jiaoyan Ningyu (Beijing) Cultural Communication Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 嬌顏寧宇(北京)文化傳播有限任公司 <sup>‡</sup> ( <i>附註ii及iii</i> )	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%		Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Mifu Huyue Software Technology Co., Ltd.** (Note ii and iii) 北京彌孚滬頃軟件科技有限公司* <i>(附註ii及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Shengmeng (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd. * <sup>#</sup> (Note ii and iii) 聖萌(北京)科技有限公司 <sup>#</sup> <i>(附註证及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%		Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Zise Meigui Culture Co., Ltd.* <sup>#</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京紫色玫瑰文化有限公司 <sup>#</sup> <i>(附註证及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

### **42.1** General information of subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below: (Continued)

## 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration/ operation 註冊成立/登記/ 營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本		held by the 本公司 擁有權權 tly	持有	ectly	Proport voting po by the C 本公司 投票權	wer held ompany l持有	Principal activities 主要業務
				2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Beijing Huanantian Information Consulting Co., Ltd. ** (Note ii and iii) 北京華南天信息諮詢有限公司* (附註i及ii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Shitong Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京師通科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註证及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Youlin Miaoying Cultural Communication (Beijing) Co., Ltd. ** (Note ii and iii) 幽林妙影文化傳播(北京)有限公司 <sup>#</sup> (附註i汉ii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-		95%	_	95%		Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Huguang Shangmei Information Consulting Co., Ltd. * <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京湖光尚美信息諮詢有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註i及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Luoji Suotu Business Management Consulting Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京絡基索圖企業管理諮詢有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> (附註I及II)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Caibai (Beijing) Information Consulting Co., Ltd. ** (Note ii and iii) 彩柏(北京)信息諮詢有限公司* (附註ii及iii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

### **42.1** General information of subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below: (Continued)

## 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

本公司於報告期末直接及間接 持有的附屬公司的詳情載列如 下:(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/registration/operation 註冊成立/登記/營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本	Direc 直	held by the 本公司 擁有權權 ttly	司持有 ii益比例 Indire 間打	ectly 姜	Proport voting po by the Co 本公司 投票權	wer held ompany 持有 比例	Principal activities 主要業務
				2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Helv (Beijing) Technology Development Co., Ltd.** (Note ii and iii) 禾綠(北京)科技發展有限公司* <i>(附註ii及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	_	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Zhengmei Kexin Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>#</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京正梅可馨科技有限公司 <sup>#</sup> <i>(附註证及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Yiyue Yunwei (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 恰悦雲薇(北京)科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註i及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	4	Property Investment 物業投資
Qiuyue Xiuzhu (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 秋月秀竹(北京)科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註i及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Yifangya Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>#</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京一方亞科技有限公司 <sup>#</sup> <i>(附註ii及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Haitian Rongyu (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.** (Note ii and iii) 海天榮于(北京)科技有限公司* <i>(附註ii及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

### **42.1** General information of subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below: (Continued)

## 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration/ operation 註冊成立/登記/ 營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本	-	ield by the 本公司 擁有權權		ectly	Proport voting po by the C 本公司 投票相	wer held ompany 引持有	Principal activities 主要業務
Beijing Xinnuan Angyi Technology Development Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京欣暖昂益科技發展有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註证及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Shutong Shucai Technology Development Co., Ltd.** (Note ii and iii) 北京疏通戌財科技發展有限公司* ( <i>附註ii及iii</i> )	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Jiaxin Moran (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.** (Note ii and iii) 佳心墨然(北京)科技有限公司* <i>(附註ii及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Yingying Binglv (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 鶯鶯冰綠(北京)科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註i及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Zhiling Aotian (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 芷凌傲天(北京)科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註ii及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Haimeng Zeyou Software Development Co., Ltd.* <sup>#</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京海夢澤友軟件開發有限公司 <sup>#</sup> ( <i>附註i及iii</i> )	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-		95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

### **42.1** General information of subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below: (Continued)

## 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

本公司於報告期末直接及間接 持有的附屬公司的詳情載列如 下:(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration/ operation 註冊成立/登記/ 營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本		pportion owr held by the 本公司 擁有權權 ectly	e Company 引持有	ectly	Propor voting po by the C 本公司 投票机	ower held ompany 引持有	Principal activities 主要業務
				2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Beijing Fengyu Ruofei Technology Co., Ltd.** (Note ii and iii) 北京鳳玉若飛科技有限公司* <i>(附註ī及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Zhongduo Feiyi Technology Co., Ltd. * <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京眾多非一科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註ii及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%		Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Qichi Ranxu Technology Development Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京柒馳然圩科技發展有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> (附註i及ii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%		Property Investment 物業投資
Shengsu Yinghuai (Beijing) Cultural Communication Co., Ltd.* <sup>#</sup> (Note ii and iii) 笙愫縈懷(北京)文化傳播有限任公司 <sup>#</sup> (附註i及ii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-		95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Xunliu Qianying (Beijing) Technology Development Co., Ltd.* <sup>#</sup> (Note ii and iii) 循硫淺盈(比京)科技發展有限公司 <sup>#</sup> (附註ii及iii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-		95%		95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Yiju Wanli Technology Co., Ltd.** (Note ii and iii) 北京宜居萬里科技有限公司* <i>(附註证及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

### **42.1** General information of subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below: (Continued)

## 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration/ operation 註冊成立/登記/ 營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本		held by the 本公司 擁有權權 tly	持有	ectly	Proport voting po by the Co 本公司 投票權	wer held ompany 持有	Principal activities 主要業務
				2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Haoyong Kuyi (Beijing) Information Consulting Co., Ltd. ** (Note ii and iii) 顕永酷億(北京)信息諮詢有限公司* (附註i及ii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Miduo (Beijing) Advertisement Design Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 米朵(北京)廣告設計有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註I及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Shende Culture Media Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京審德文化傳媒有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註II及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-		95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Wanwei Tongyuan Technology Development Co., Ltd.* <sup>#</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京萬維通元科技發展有限公司 <sup>#</sup> ( <i>附註i及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Mingxiangyuan Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京明祥園科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註ii及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Siyuan Information Consulting Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京思園信息諮詢有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> (附註II及III)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

### **42.1** General information of subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below: (Continued)

## 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

本公司於報告期末直接及間接 持有的附屬公司的詳情載列如 下:(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration/ operation 註冊成立/登記/ 營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本	Direc 直	held by the 本公司 擁有權權 tly	l持有 益比例 Indire 間接	ctly	Proport voting po by the C 本公司 投票權	wer held ompany l持有 比例	Principal activities 主要業務
				2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Beijing Danding Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京淡定科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註ii及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Dezhi Yunsheng Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>#</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京德智雲生科技有限公司 <sup>#</sup> <i>(附注证及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%		Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Anran Ruoyu Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>#</sup> ( <i>Note ii and iii</i> ) 北京安然若于科技有限公司 <sup>#</sup> <i>(附註ii及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Liuru Weiyang (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd. * <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 流如未央(北京)科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註证及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	/- /	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Anrong Shuchang (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.**(Note ii and iii) 安容舒暢(北京)科技有限公司* <i>(附注证及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Weiya Qiaomeng (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.* (Note ii and iii) 微雅巧萌(北京)科技有限公司* <i>(附註ii及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%		95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

### **42.1** General information of subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below: (Continued)

## 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration/ operation 註冊成立/登記/ 營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本		held by the 本公司 擁有權權 ily	持有	ectly	Proport voting po by the Co 本公司 投票權	wer held ompany 持有	Principal activities 主要業務
				2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Jieyu Sisi (Beijing) Cultural Communication Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 潔雨思思(北京)文化傳播有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> (附註i及ii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Bing Ruo Hanfeng (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.** (Note ii and iii) 冰若寒風(北京)科技有限公司# <i>(附註证及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Mulu Shuheng Culture Communication Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京沐露舒恒文化傳播有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註证及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元			95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Yingmei Qingmei (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.*# (Note ii and iii) 迎梅青玫(北京)科技有限公司* ( <i>附註证及iii</i> )	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Meiya Miaoyi Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>#</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京玫雅妙意科技有限公司 <sup>#</sup> <i>(附註证及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Yibai Jingchen (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>#</sup> (Note ii and iii) 依白靜晨(北京)科技有限公司 <sup>#</sup> <i>(附註II及IIi)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

### **42.1** General information of subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below: (Continued)

## 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

本公司於報告期末直接及間接 持有的附屬公司的詳情載列如 下:(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附属公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ Class of registration/ shares operation held 註冊成立/登記/ 管業地點 所持股份類別		Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本	Proportion ownership interest held by the Company 本公司持有 擁有權權益比例 Directly Indirectly 直接 間接				Proport voting po by the C 本公司 投票權	Principal activities 主要業務	
				2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Bihai Qingkong (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>#</sup> (Note ii and iii) 碧海晴空(北京)科技有限公司 <sup>#</sup> ( <i>附註ī及iii</i> )	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investmen 物業投資
Beijing Yueye Qingkehui Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 比京月葉清科輝科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註iI及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%		Property Investmen 物業投資
Beijing Yuan Zhi Ai Culture Communication Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 比京緣之愛戀文化傳播有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> ( <i>附註ii及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%		Property Investmen 物業投資
(ueyu Xiongfeng (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd. * <sup>#</sup> (Note ii and iii) 雪域雄豐(北京)科技有限公司 <sup>#</sup> ( <i>附註ii及iii</i> )	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investmer 物業投資
iancheng Yongge (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>#</sup> Note ii and iii) 天曆咏歌(北京)科技有限公司 <sup>#</sup> <i>(附註ii及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%		Property Investmer 物業投資
runren Jimu (Beijing) Information Consulting Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 的仁濟沐(北京)信息諮詢有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> ( <i>附註i及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investmer 物業投資

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

### **42.1** General information of subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below: (Continued)

## 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration/ operation 註冊成立/登記/ 營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本		held by the 本公司 擁有權權 ily	持有	ctly	Proport voting po by the Co 本公司 投票權	wer held ompany 持有	Principal activities 主要業務
				2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Beijing Baili Tianyi Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京佰利添翼科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註ii及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Shuyi Anyun Culture Communication Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京舒意安鹃文化傳播有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> ( <i>附註II及IIi</i> )	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Yongsheng Junpeng Technology Co., Ltd.** (Note ii and iii) 北京永升鈞鵬科技有限公司* <i>(附註证及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-		95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Jingmo Ruchu Technology Development Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京靜墨如初科技發展有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> ( <i>附註证及iii</i> )	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Aiwu Ruohui Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京艾吾若輝科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註证及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Jinke Xiaoheng Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京金科曉恒科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> (附註证及ii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	_	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

### **42.1** General information of subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below: (Continued)

## 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

本公司於報告期末直接及間接 持有的附屬公司的詳情載列如 下:(續)

lame of subsidiaries 財屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/registration/operation 註冊成立/登記/營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本		本公司 擁有權相 ectly	e Company 同持有	ectly 接		ower held ompany 引持有	Principal activities 主要業務
				2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
teijing Xiaoruo Wuchen Technology Co., Ltd.** (Note ii and iii) 比京曉若無塵科技有限公司* (附註前及前)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Veiai Jinqiu (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.*† (Note ii and iii) 生愛今秋(北京)科技有限公司 <sup>†</sup> <i>(附註ii及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%		Property Investment 物業投資
leijing Mochun Shijing Culture Communication Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 比京墨淳詩鏡文化傳播有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註ii及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%		Property Investment 物業投資
leijing Jin Rui Thai Information Consulting Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 比京金瑞泰信息諮詢有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註ii及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
teijing Xing Power Information Consulting Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 比京興動力信息諮詢有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註ii及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-		95%	-	95%		Property Investment 物業投資
taishifei (Beijing) Software Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 5世菲(北京)軟件有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註ī及证)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

### **42.1** General information of subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below: (Continued)

## 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附属公司名籍	Place of incorporation/ registration/ operation 註冊成立/登記/ 營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本	Direct 直接	held by the 本公司 擁有權机 ly	益比例 Indire 間接	ctly ŧ	Proport voting po by the Co 本公司 投票權	wer held ompany l持有 比例	Principal activities 主要業務
				2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Beijing Suan Ning Meng technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京酸檸檬科技有限公司*( <i>附註ii及iii</i> )	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Tengao (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 騰傲(北京)科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> ( <i>附註ii及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Lianbo Sixin Technology Development Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
北京聯播思信科技發展有限公司 <sup>1</sup> (附註II及III)										
Zeo (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 杰歐 (北京) 科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註II及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-		95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Hongyu Tianxia Information Consulting Co., Ltd.* <sup>#</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京鴻宇天下信息諮詢有限公司 <sup>#</sup> (附註ii及iii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Fengxiao Xuanang Technology Development (Beijing) Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 風蕭軒昂科技發展(北京)有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> (附註ii及ii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

### **42.1** General information of subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below: (Continued)

## 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

本公司於報告期末直接及間接 持有的附屬公司的詳情載列如 下:(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration/ operation 註冊成立/登記/ 營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本	Prop Direc 直	held by the 本公司 擁有權格 ttly	持有	ectly	Proport voting po by the C 本公司 投票權	wer held ompany l持有	Principal activities 主要業務
				2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Tengqi Ruyue (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.** (Note ii and iii) 滕琦如月(北京)科技有限公司* <i>(附註ī及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Haoran Chujie Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> ( <i>Note ii and iii</i> ) 北京浩然楚潔科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註ii及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%		Property Investment 物業投資
Nuoxiang Anya (Beijing) Business Management Consulting Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 諾翔安雅(北京)企業管理諮詢 有限公司( <i>附註i及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%		Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Fengxing Yusi Culture Media Co., Ltd.** (Note ii and iii) 北京風行于斯文化傳媒有限公司* <i>(附註II及III)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-		95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Xian Ming Da Information Consulting Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京先明達信息諮詢有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> (附註ii及ii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Heng Gao Hui (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 恒高輝(北京)科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註ii及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	_	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

### **42.1** General information of subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below: (Continued)

## 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/registration/operation 註冊成立/登記/營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本	Prop Direc 直接	held by the 本公司 擁有權權 tly	持有	ectly		ower held company 引持有	Principal activities 主要業務
				2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Beijing Jinxi Zhixin Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>#</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京瑾汐之心科技有限公司 <sup>#</sup> <i>(附註ii及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Jinmu Qingteng (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.**(Note ii and iii) 錦沐青藤(北京)科技有限公司* <i>(附註ii及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Chengjia Zhizhen Culture Communication Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京誠家至珍文化傳播有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> (附註i及ii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%		95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Baixue Chenyang Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>#</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京柏雪辰陽科技有限公司 <sup>#</sup> <i>(附註ii及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beian Chuqing (Beijing) Cultural Communication Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北岸初晴(北京)文化傳播有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> ( <i>附註i及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Jinse Jiangyan Culture Co., Ltd.* <sup>#</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京錦瑟江岩文化有限公司 <sup>#</sup> <i>(附註iī及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

### **42.1** General information of subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below: (Continued)

## 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

本公司於報告期末直接及間接 持有的附屬公司的詳情載列如 下:(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration/ operation 註冊成立/登記/ 營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本	Prop Direc 直	held by the 本公司 擁有權格 :tly	持有	ctly	Propor voting po by the C 本公司 投票机	ower held ompany 引持有	Principal activities 主要業務
				2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Beijing Xiayou Muchun Culture Communication Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京夏游牧春文化傳播有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註ī及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Gubei Qingge (Beijing) Cultural Communication Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 顧北清歌(北京)文化傳播有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> (附註i及ii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	_	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Weifeng Chayun Technology Co., Ltd. ** (Note ii and iii) 北京維峰插雲科技有限公司* <i>(附註ii及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%		Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Bomu Mianyan Culture Communication Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京薄暮綠延文化傳播有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> (附註i及ii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-		95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Jingtian Xianheng (Beijing) Technology Development Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 旌添弦恒(北京)科技發展有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註ii及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

### **42.1** General information of subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below: (Continued)

## 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration/ operation 註冊成立/登記/ 營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本		held by the 本公司 擁有權權 tly	持有	ectly	Proport voting po by the Co 本公司 投票權	wer held ompany 持有	Principal activities 主要業務
				2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Zhenlian Sheshe (Beijing) Cultural Communication Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 臻聯袂奢(北京)文化傳播有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> (附註证及iii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Bowen Zichen (Beijing) Software Co., Ltd.** (Note ii and iii) 博文梓晨(北京)軟件有限公司* <i>(附註证及iii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Wannian Changcun Technology Co., Ltd.** (Note ii and iii) 北京萬年長存科技有限公司* (附註ii及iii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-		95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Yong Xiu Yuan Technology Development Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京永續源科技發展有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> ( <i>附註证及iii</i> )	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Tong Tai Hui (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd.** (Note ii and iii) 通泰羅(北京)科技有限公司* <i>(附註证及证)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Taifu Information Consulting Co., Ltd.** (Note ii and iii) 北京太福信息諮詢有限公司* <i>(附註II及IIi)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%		95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

### **42.1** General information of subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below: (Continued)

## 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

本公司於報告期末直接及間接 持有的附屬公司的詳情載列如 下:(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration/ operation 註冊成立/登記/ 營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本		held by the 本公司 擁有權利 ectly		Proportion of voting power held by the Company 本公司持有 投票權比例		Principal activities 主要業務	
				2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Beijing Jienuo Jingran Technology Co., Ltd.** (Note ii and iii) 北京潔諾景然科技有限公司* <i>(附註ī及īi)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Fanke Nimei Culture Communication Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京凡柯霓美文化傳播有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註i汉ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Anlong Qianyu Technology (Beijing) Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 安曨千語科技(北京)有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註讥及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%		Property Investmen 物業投資
Beijing Changwen Zhanran Technology Co., Ltd.**( <i>Note ii and iii</i> ) 北京唱溫嶄然科技有限公司* <i>(附註讥及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investmen 物業投資
Beijing Jingxiu Guanqiang Technology Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京競秀貫強科技有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> ( <i>附註讥及ii</i> )	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investmer 物業投資
Beijing Jinghua Fumeng Technology Co., Ltd.**(Note ii and iii) 北京菁華浮夢科技有限公司* (附註ii及ii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investmen 物業投資

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

#### **42.1** General information of subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below: (Continued)

#### 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

本公司於報告期末直接及間接 持有的附屬公司的詳情載列如 下:(續)

	Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration/ operation 註冊成立/登記/ 替業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本	h Directly 直接	eld by the 本公司 擁有權權 /	益比例 Indirec 間接	tly	Proporti voting pov by the Co 本公司 投票權	ver held mpany 持有 比例	Principal activities 主要業務
ı					2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
	Beijing Chunjuan Runci Technology Development Co., Ltd.* <sup>#</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京淳卷潤辭科扶發展有限公司 <sup>#</sup> (附註ī及ii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
	Yuyi Fengshuo (Beijing) Cultural Communication Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 語翼豐碩(北京)文化傳播有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> ( <i>附註i及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
	Shengyi Lanxin Cultural Communication (Beijing) Co., Ltd.**(Note ii and iii) 聲逸藍信文化傳播(北京)有限公司* <i>(附註i及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-		95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
	Yaoyao Runshu (Beijing) Cultural Communication Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 搖曳潤舒(北京)文化傳播有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> (附註i及ii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
	Beijing Shenwaifan Culture Communication Co., Ltd.* <sup>#</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京神竟然文化傳播有限公司 <sup>#</sup> (附註证及ii)	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
	Beijing Mingzhe Zifeng Software Technology Co., Ltd. ** (Note ii and iii) 北京銘哲梓楓軟件技術有限公司* <i>(附註ī及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

#### **42.1** General information of subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries directly and indirectly held by the Company at the end of the reporting period are set out below: (Continued)

#### 42.1 有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

本公司於報告期末直接及間接 持有的附屬公司的詳情載列如 下:(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration/ operation 註冊成立/登記/ 營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Paid-up/issued registered capital 已撤足/發行的 註冊資本	Pro Dire 直	held by the 本公司 擁有權利 ctly		ctly	Proport voting po by the C 本公司 投票權	wer held ompany ]持有	Principal activities 主要業務
				2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Beijing Yuanyi Moju Information Consulting Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京源恰膜聚信息諮詢有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註ī及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investment 物業投資
Beijing Weijian Yechu Technology Development Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 北京威健葉楚科技發展有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註ii及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%		Property Investment 物業投資
Shaoqi Lingyu (Beijing) Information Consulting Co., Ltd. * <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 韶麒零域(北京)信息諮詢有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> <i>(附註i及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	Š	Property Investmen 物業投資
Huizhi Lanxin (Beijing) Business Management Consulting Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 蔥質蘭心(北京)企業管理諮詢 有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> ( <i>附註i及ii</i> )	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investmen 物業投資
Beijing Jidu Information Consulting Co., Ltd.* <sup>‡</sup> (Note ii and iii) 比京及度信息諮詢有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> ( <i>附註ii及ii)</i>	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%		Property Investmer 物業投資
Beijing Baida Software Co., Ltd.* <sup>#</sup> (Note ii and iii) 比京百答軟件有限公司 <sup>‡</sup> ( <i>附註ii及iii</i> )	PRC 中國	N/A 不適用	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	-	-	95%	-	95%	-	Property Investmer 物業投資
* For identific	cation purpose	only				*	僅供	識別		
# Wholly dor	nestic owned er	nterprise				#	境內	全資企業		

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## 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

#### **42.1 General information of subsidiaries** (Continued)

All of the above subsidiaries are limited company which the places of operations are the same as their places of incorporation.

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities outstanding at the end of the reporting period or at any time during the year.

#### Notes:

- (i) It was newly incorporated during the year ended 31 December 2019.
- (ii) The registered capital has not been paid up at 31 December 2020.
- (iii) It was acquired of during the year ended 31 December 2020. Details are disclosed in Notes 35(a).
- (iv) It was acquired of during the year ended 31 December 2019. Details are disclosed in Note 35(b).
- (v) These subsidiaries are expected to be sold within twelve months after the year ended December 2020 (Note 13).
- (vi) It was disposed of during the year ended 31 December 2020. Details are disclosed in Note 36(a).
- (vii) It was deregistered during the year ended 31 December 2020.
- (viii) It became the direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company due to the group restructuring during the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### 42.1有關附屬公司的一般資料(續)

所有上述附屬公司均為有限公司,其 營業地點與註冊成立地點相同。

概無附屬公司發行任何於報告期末或 於年內任何時間未償還的債務證券。

#### 附註:

- (i) 其於截至2019年12月31日止年度新 計冊成立。
- (ii) 於2020年12月31日,註冊資本尚未 繳足。
- (iii) 其已於截至2020年12月31日止年度 收購。詳情載於附註35(a)。
- (iv) 其已於截至2019年12月31日止年度 收購。詳情載於附註35(b)。
- (v) 該等附屬公司預期將於截至2020年 12月止年度後十二個月內售出(附註 13)。
- (vi) 其於截至2020年12月31日止年度被 出售。詳情載於附註36(b)。
- (vii) 其於2020年12月31日註銷。
- (viii) 該公司因集團重組而於截至2020年 12月31日止年度成為本公司的直接擁 全資附屬公司。

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# **42.** PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

# 42.2 Details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests

The table below shows details of non-whollyowned subsidiary of the Group that have material non-controlling interests:

#### 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續)

#### 42.2 擁有重大非控股權益的非全資 附屬公司的詳情

下表載列本集團擁有重大非控股權益的非全資附屬公司的詳情:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation and principal place of business 註冊成立地點及主要營業地點	ownership voting rigl non-controll 非控股權益持	Proportion of ownership interest and voting rights held by non-controlling interests 非控股權益持有擁有權權益及 投票權比例		allocated to ing interests e股權益的 )溢利	Accum non-controlli 累計非技	ng interests
		2020	2019	2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Chung Hwa Finance (Note i) 中華信貸( <i>附註i</i> )	HK 香港	45%	45%	(4,635)	(2,823)	6,535	12,231
SHHH Development (Note ii) 深圳合輝煌發展(附註ii)	PRC 中國	-	33.33%	(258)	(2,519)	-	74,969
Individually immaterial subsidiaries with non-controlling interest 擁有非控股權的個別 不重要附屬公司				(3,704)	(49)	158	1,388
				(8,597)	(5,391)	6,693	88,588

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## 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

# 42.2 Details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests (Continued)

#### Notes:

- (i) On 31 December 2020, the Company entered into the disposal agreement with the Purchaser I, whereby the Purchaser I has conditionally agreed to purchase and the Company has conditionally agreed to sell the entire equity interest of Shenzhen Shen Wu and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, which include Chung Hwa Finance. Details of the assets and liabilities attributable to Chung Hwa Finance are disclosed on Note 13(a).
- (ii) On 4 July 2019, Shenzhen Shenxi entered into the disposal agreement with the Purchaser III, whereby the Purchaser III has conditionally agreed to purchase and Shenzhen Shenxi has conditionally agreed to sell 66.67% equity interests and the shareholder's loan of SHHH Development at the consideration of RMB173,000,000. The disposal was completed on 15 November 2020. Details of the assets and liabilities attributable to SHHH Development are disclosed on Note 36(a).

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intra-group eliminations.

#### 42.2 擁有重大非控股權益的非全資 附屬公司的詳情(續)

#### 附註:

- (i) 於2020年12月31日,本公司與買方I 訂立出售協議,據此,買方I有條件同 意購買而本公司有條件同意出售深圳 沈物及其全資附屬公司(包括中華信 貸)全部股權。有關中華信貸應佔資 產及負債的詳情於附註13(a)披露。
- (ii) 於2019年7月4日,深圳沈璽與買方 III訂立出售協議,據此,買方III有條 件同意購買而深圳沈璽有條件同意出 售深圳合輝煌發展66.67%股權及股 東貸款,代價為人民幣173,000,000 元。該出售事項已於2020年11月15 日完成。有關深圳合輝煌發展應佔資 產及負債的詳情於附註36(a)披露。

有關本集團擁有重大非控股權益的附屬公司的財務資料概要載述如下。以下財務資料概要指集團內公司間對銷前的金額。

#### Chung Hwa Finance

#### 中華信貸

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current assets	流動資產	340,971	375,495
Non-current assets	非流動資產	_	_
Current liabilities	流動負債	(315,248)	(337,114)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	_	_
Equity attributable to owners of the Company (Note a)	本公司擁有人應佔 權益(附註a)	19,188	26,150
Non-controlling interests of Chung Hwa Finance (Note b)	中華信貸的非控股 權益 <i>(附註b)</i>	6,535	12,231

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

# 42.2 Details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests (Continued)

#### 42.2 擁有重大非控股權益的非全資 附屬公司的詳情*(續)*

#### **Chung Hwa Finance** (Continued)

### 中華信貸(續)

附註:

#### Notes:

- (a) On 2 December 2019, Chung Hwa Finance declared a dividend with approximately RMB20,153,000 (equivalent to HK\$22,867,252) to its shareholders.
- (b) As per the capital contribution agreement, noncontrolling interest will not share the pre-acquisition reserve of approximately RMB11,198,000.
- (a) 於2019年12月2日·中華信貸向其股 東宣派股息約人民幣20,153,000元 (相當於22,867,252港元)。
- (b) 根據注資協議,非控股權益將不會分 佔收購前儲備約人民幣11,198,000 元。

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收益	_	4,537
Expenses	開支	(10,300)	(10,806)
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(10,300)	(6,269)
Loss attributable to owners of the Company Loss attributable to the non-controlling interests of Chung Hwa Finance	本公司擁有人 應佔虧損 中華信貸非控股權益 應佔虧損	(5,665) (4,635)	(3,449)
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(10,300)	(6,269)
Other comprehensive (expenses) income attributable to owners of the Company Other comprehensive (expenses) income	本公司擁有人應佔 其他全面(開支)收入 中華信貸非控股權益	(1,297)	448
attributable to the non-controlling interests of Chung Hwa Finance	應佔其他全面(開支) 收入	(1,061)	361
Other comprehensive (expenses) income for the year	年內其他(開支) 全面收入	(2,358)	809
Total comprehensive expense attributable to owners of the Company Total comprehensive expense attributable to the non-controlling interests of Chung	本公司擁有人應佔全面 開支總額 中華信貸非控股 權益應佔全面	(6,962)	(3,001)
Hwa Finance	開支總額	(5,696)	(2,459)
Total comprehensive expense for the year	年內全面開支總額	(12,658)	(5,460)

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

# 42.2 Details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests (Continued)

#### 42.2 擁有重大非控股權益的非全資 附屬公司的詳情(續)

2020

RMR'000

2019 RMR'000

**Chung Hwa Finance** (Continued)

中華信貸(續)

		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Dividend paid to non-controlling interests of Chung Hwa Finance	已付予中華信貸 非控股權益的股息	_	(9,070)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from operating activities	經營活動現金流入 (流出)淨額	39	(678)
Net cash inflow from investing activities	投資活動現金 流入淨額	_	
Net cash (outflow) inflow from financing activities	融資活動現金(流出) 流入淨額	(27)	345
Net cash inflow (outflow)	現金流入(流出)淨額	12	(333)
SHHH Development		深圳合輝煌發展	
			2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current assets	流動資產	_	8,147
Non-current assets	非流動資產	_	231,307
Current liabilities	流動負債	_	(14,525)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	_	_
Equity attributable to owners of the Company (Note a)	本公司擁有人應佔權益 (附註a)	_	149,960
Non-controlling interests of SHHH Development	深圳合輝煌發展非控股 權益	_	74,969

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# 42. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY 42. 本公司附屬公司詳情(續) (Continued)

# 42.2 Details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests (Continued)

#### 42.2 擁有重大非控股權益的非全資 附屬公司的詳情*(續)*

#### **SHHH Development** (Continued)

#### 深圳合輝煌發展(續)

			From 1 January 2020 to 30 November 2020 (date of disposal) 2020年 1月1日至 2020年 11月30日 (出售日期) RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 2019年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收益		_	_
Expenses	開支		(772)	(7,558)
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	年內虧損及	全面開支總額	(772)	(7,558)
Loss and total comprehensive expense attributable to owners of the Company Loss and total comprehensive expense attributable to the non-controlling interests of	全面開支深圳合輝煌	「人應佔虧損及 總額 『發展非控股權益 『及全面開支總額	(514)	(5,039)
SHHH Development			(258)	(2,519)
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	年內虧損及	全面開支總額	(772)	(7,558)
				2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Dividend paid to non-controllin	g interests	已付予非控股權益的服	<b></b>	
Net cash outflow from operatir	ng activities	經營活動現金流出淨客	頂	(76)
Net cash inflow from investing	activities	投資活動現金流入淨客	領	_
Net cash inflow from financing	activities	融資活動現金流入淨客	領	_
Net cash outflow		現金流出淨額		(76)

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## 43. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES 43. 本公司財務狀況及儲備表 OF THE COMPANY

		Note 附註	2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Investments in subsidiaries Deferred tax assets	<b>非流動資產</b> 於附屬公司的投資 遞延税項資產		259,698 31	248,698 31
			259,729	248,729
CURRENT ASSETS Amounts due from subsidiaries Other receivables Bank balances and cash	<b>流動資產</b> 應收附屬公司款項 其他應收款項 銀行結餘及現金		96,838 28,022 113	99,698 33,066 649
Assets classified as held for sale	分類為持作銷售的資產		124,973 1,000	133,413
			125,973	133,413
Other payables and accruals Amount due to a subsidiary Tax liabilities	流動負債 其他應付款項及 應計費用 應付一間附屬公司款項 税項負債		32,649 261,563 4,799	34,950 245,100 4,799
			299,011	284,849
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債產淨值		(173,038)	(151,436)
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		86,691	97,293
<b>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b> Share capital Reserves	<b>資本及儲備</b> 股本 儲備	(a)	1,469,376 (1,382,685)	1,469,376 (1,372,083)
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益		86,691	97,293

The Company's statement of financial position was approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 31 March 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

本公司的財務狀況表,經董事會於 2020年3月31日核准及授權發出,並 由下列董事代表簽署:

Zhang Jing Ming 張敬明

Director 董事 Leng Xiao Rong 冷小榮 Director

董事

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 43. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

43. 本公司財務狀況及儲備表(續)

Note:

附註:

(a) Reserves

(a) 儲備

		Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Statutory surplus reserve 法定盈餘 储備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2019 Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	於2019年1月1日 年內虧損及全面開支總額	320,476 –	103,215 -	(1,413,109) (382,665)	(989,418) (382,665)
At 31 December 2019 Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	於2019年12月31日 年內虧損及 全面開支總額	320,476 –	103,215 –	(1,795,774)	(1,372,083)
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	320,476	103,215	(1,806,376)	(1,382,685)

#### 44. EVENTS AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

#### (i) Completion of the acquisition of the Properties II

The acquisition of the Properties II has been completed on 16 March 2021, details of which are disclosed in Note 24 (b).

#### (ii) Completion of the acquisition of Shennongjia

The acquisition of the Shennongjia has been completed on 15 March 2021, details of which are disclosed in Note 24 (d).

#### (iii) Disposal of Guangdong Xinmao

On 15 January 2021, Shenzhen Tong He entered into a disposal agreement with an independent third party (the "Purchaser V"), pursuant to which Shenzhen Tong He agreed to sell the entire 90% equity interests of Guangdong Xinmao and shareholder loan of approximately RMB13,883,000 to the Purchaser V at a consideration of RMB9,990,000. The disposal was completed on 2 February 2021.

#### 44. 報告期後事項

#### (i) 完成物業II收購

物業II的收購已於2021年3月16日完成,詳情於附註24(b)中披露。

#### (ii) 完成神農架收購

神農架的收購已於2021年3月 15日完成,詳情於附註24(d)中 披露。

#### (iii) 出售廣東鑫茂

於2021年1月15日,深圳同和 與獨立第三方(「買方V」)訂立 出售協議,據此,深圳同和同 意向買方V出售廣東鑫茂全部 90%股權及股東貸款約人民幣 13,883,000元,代價為人民幣 9,990,000元。出售已於2021 年2月2日完成。

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## 45. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM 45. FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Groups' liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

#### 45. 因融資活動產生負債的對賬

下表載列本集團因融資活動產生負債 的變動(包括現金及非現金變動)詳 情。因融資活動產生負債為過往或日 後將於本集團綜合現金流量表分類為 融資活動所得現金流量的現金流量。

		Lease liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Amount due to a shareholder 應付一名 股東款項 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 共計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2019	於2019年1月1日	1,904	1,540	3,444
<b>Non-cash changes</b> Finance cost	<b>非現金孌動</b> 融資成本	53	_	53
<b>Changes from cash flow</b> Advance from a shareholder Repayment of leases liabilities	<b>現金流量變動</b> 預收一名股東款項 償還租賃負債	- (939)	3,679 -	3,679 (939)
At 31 December 2019	於2019年12月31日	1,018	5,219	6,237
<b>Non-cash changes</b> Finance cost	<b>非現金變動</b> 融資成本	31	_	31
Rent concession Addition of right-of-use assets	租金寬減 使用權資產添置	(145) 571	-	(145) 571
Changes from cash flow Repayment to a shareholder Repayment of leases liabilities	<b>現金流量變動</b> 償還一名股東款項 償還租賃負債	– (799)	(3,066)	(3,066) (799)
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	676	2,153	2,829

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#### 46. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

#### **During the year ended 31 December 2020**

(i) The deposit paid for acquisition of the Properties II of RMB110,000,000 have been settled by the deposit paid for the acquisition of San He Jing Jiao (Note 24(b)).

#### During the year ended 31 December 2019

- (i) Part of the consideration for acquisition of the Target Companies of RMB56,000,000 have been settled by the outstanding loan and interest receivables of RMB56,000,000.
- (ii) Part of the consideration for the acquisition of San He Jing Jiao (Note 24(b)) of RMB110,000,000 have been settled by the deposit paid for acquisition of Properties II (Note 24(b)).
- (iii) Other receivables of approximately RMB8,711,000 have been off-set by payable for construction cost of office.

#### 46. 主要非現金交易

#### 截至2020年12月31日止年度

(i) 就收購物業II所支付的訂金人民幣 110,000,000 元以就收購三河京郊(附註24(b))所支付的訂金抵銷。

#### 截至2019年12月31日止年度

- (i) 就收購目標公司的部分代價 人民幣56,000,000元以尚未 償還應收貸款及利息人民幣 56,000,000元抵銷。
- (ii) 就收購三河京郊(附註24(b))的部分代價人民幣110,000,000元以就收購物業II(附註24(b))所支付的訂金抵銷。
- (iii) 其他應收款約人民幣8,711,000 元以就辦公室建築成本的應付 款項抵銷。

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#### Financial Summary 財務摘要

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

#### 綜合損益表

Revenue   次益							
Sales taxes on turnover			RMB'000	RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated)	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Cost of sales			7,008	22,023	80,091	15,499	
Chier income			(6 666)	(21 127)	(64.066)	(2.066)	
Impairment losses under expected credit loss model, net of reversal limpairment loss recognised in respect of property, plant and equipment   Subject of interest in an associate   Finance cost   Finance cost   Subject of interest in an associate   Finance cost							
X值商損・扣除接回			3,000	1,510	237	5,015	220
Impairment loss recognised in respect of property, plant and equipment   6,36,380       Impairment losses on goodwill   Impairment losses on goodwill   Impairment losses on goodwill   Impairment losses recognised in respect of interest in an associate   Finance cost   Exchange gain (loss), net   Expect of interest in an associate   Expect of interest in a massociate   Expect of interest in an associate   Expect of interest   Expect of inter	·		(10 504)	(71 111)	(57 416)	_	_
in respect of property, plant and equipment (paginame to losses on goodwill impairment losses recognised in respect of interest in an associate Finance cost with a property of interest in an associate Finance cost with a property of interest in an associate Finance cost with a property of interest in an associate Finance cost with a property of interest in an associate Finance cost with a property of interest in an associate Finance cost with a property of interest in an associate Finance cost with a property of interest in an associate Finance cost with a property of interest in an associate Finance cost with a property of interest in an associate Finance cost of interest Fina			(10,504)	(/1,111/	(37,410)		
Paint and equipment   Impairment losses on goodwill   Impairment losses or goodwill   Impairment losses recognised in respect of interest in an associate   finance cost   Exchange gain (loss), net   E. Dyuča (虚影)   E. Byuča (æš)   E. B							
Impairment losses on goodwill   Impairment losses recognised in respect of interest in an associate   Finance cost   Risk		日7//外[五准]]只	(36 380)	_	_	_	_
Repairment losses recognised in respect of interest in an associate   Real Real Real Real Real Real Real Real		商舉之減值虧捐	(50)500)	_	(1 320)	(24 459)	(20,000)
respect of interest in an associate Finance cost Finance cost Big成本 (31) (53) (51) Exchange gain (loss), net Exhwaite gain (loss), net Giby Big	· -				(1,020)	(= :, :55)	(20/000)
Big成本 (31) (53) (51)   Exchange gain (loss), net   医児收益(無利)淨額			_	_	_	_	(3.561)
Exchange gain (loss), net Loss on disposal of convertible instruments designed in fair value of held-for-trading investments Loss from change in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from change in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from change in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from changes in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from changes in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from changes in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from changes in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from changes in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from changes in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss on disposal of substidiaries, net  Gain (loss) on disposal of substidiaries, net  (斯爾)淨寶  15,554  1,072  46  (2,003)  -  -  -  (8月)淨寶  15,554  1,072  46  (2,003)  -  -  -  (993)  Other operating expenses  Share of (loss) profit of an associate  ###################################	•		(31)	(53)	_	_	
Loss on disposal of convertible instruments designed as financial asset as fair value of the pled-for-trading investments (boss from charge in fair value of held-for-trading investments (boss from change in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from changes in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from changes in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from changes in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from changes in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from changes in fair value of investment properties shift with the pr					1,532	(9,861)	
instruments designed as financial asset as fair value through profit or loss Loss from charge in fair value of held-for-trading investments Coss from changes in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from change in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from changes in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from changes in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from changes in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from changes in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from changes in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from changes in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from change in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from change in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from change in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from change in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from change in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from change in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from change in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from change in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from change in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from change in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from change in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss ( Loss for the year from continuing operations Loss for the year from continuing operations Loss for the year from continued ope					•	, , ,	,
financial asset as fair value through profit or loss Loss from charge in fair value of held-for-trading investments	· ·						
Loss from charge in fair value of held-for-trading investments   特件買賣投資之公允價值	financial asset as fair value	可換股工具的虧損					
Loss from change in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss	through profit or loss		_	_	_	_	(1,141)
Loss from change in fair value of fixed assets through profit or loss Loss from changes in fair value of investment properties	Loss from charge in fair value of	持作買賣投資之公允價值					
Fixed assets through profit or loss   公元信値變動的虧損   日本	held-for-trading investments	變動的虧損	_	_	_	(42)	(30)
Loss from changes in fair value of investment properties	Loss from change in fair value of	計入損益的固定資產					
Marcontinuing operations   Marcontinuing operations   Loss for the year from continuing operations Loss for the year from discontinued operations Loss for the year from discontinued operations	- ·	公允價值變動的虧損	-	_	(30)	_	_
Sain (loss) on disposal of subsidiaries, net							
Subsidiaries, net   (虧損)淨額   15,554   1,072   46   (2,003)   -	· ·		(428)	(730)	-	_	-
Loss on disposal of held-for trading investments	· ·						
Investments			15,554	1,072	46	(2,003)	-
Other operating expenses       其他經營開支       (11,434)       (13,553)       (9,536)       (8,533)       (8,864)         Share of (loss) profit of an associate       應佔一間聯營公司 (虧損)溢利       —       (8,548)       (85,940)       738       41         (Loss) profit before tax Income tax expenses       除稅前(虧損)溢利       (37,882)       (90,621)       (137,282)       (27,714)       12,032         Income tax expenses       所得税開支       (96)       (90)       (1,779)       (1,877)       (5,881)         Loss for the year from continuing operations       年內虧損       (37,978)       (90,711)       (139,061)       (29,591)       6,151         Loss for the year from discontinued operations       年內虧損       (10,300)       (3,729)       —       —       —         Non-controlling interests       非控股權益       8,597       5,391       154       3,241       3,802							()
Share of (loss) profit of an associate       應佔一間聯營公司 (虧損)溢利       —       (8,548)       (85,940)       738       41         (Loss) profit before tax Income tax expenses       除稅前(虧損)溢利       (37,882)       (90,621)       (137,282)       (27,714)       12,032         Income tax expenses       所得税開支       (96)       (90)       (1,779)       (1,877)       (5,881)         Loss for the year from continuing operations from discontinued operations from discontinued operations hon-controlling interests       年內虧損       (10,300)       (3,729)       —       —       —       —         Non-controlling interests       非控股權益       8,597       5,391       154       3,241       3,802			-		- (0.505)	- (2.522)	
Loss   profit before tax   除稅前(虧損)溢利   (37,882)   (90,621)   (137,282)   (27,714)   12,032   (96)   (90)   (1,779)   (1,877)   (5,881)   (96)   (90)   (1,779)   (1,877)   (5,881)   (10,300)   (3,729)   -   -   -   Non-controlling interests   非控股權益   8,597   5,391   154   3,241   3,802   (Loss) profit attributable to   本公司擁有人應估   (37,978)   (85,940)   738   41			(11,434)	(13,553)	(9,536)	(8,533)	(8,864)
(Loss) profit before tax	Share of (loss) profit of an associate			(O F 40)	(05.040)	720	44
Company		(虧損)溢利		(8,548)	(85,940)	/38	41
Company		PA 48 AL / JE IN ) 18 41	()	(00.504)	(407.000)	(2==+1)	40.000
Loss for the year from continuing operations       來自持續經營業務之 年內虧損       (37,978)       (90,711)       (139,061)       (29,591)       6,151         Loss for the year from discontinued operations Non-controlling interests       年內虧損       (10,300)       (3,729)       -       -       -       -         Non-controlling interests       非控股權益       8,597       5,391       154       3,241       3,802    (Loss) profit attributable to							
from continuing operations       年內虧損       (37,978)       (90,711)       (139,061)       (29,591)       6,151         Loss for the year from discontinued operations Non-controlling interests       年內虧損       (10,300)       (3,729)       -	Income tax expenses	<u></u> 所侍祝開文	(96)	(90)	(1,779)	(1,8//)	(5,881)
from continuing operations       年內虧損       (37,978)       (90,711)       (139,061)       (29,591)       6,151         Loss for the year from discontinued operations Non-controlling interests       年內虧損       (10,300)       (3,729)       -							
Loss for the year 來自已終止經營業務之 from discontinued operations 年內虧損 (10,300) (3,729) Non-controlling interests 非控股權益 8,597 5,391 154 3,241 3,802 (Loss) profit attributable to 本公司擁有人應佔	-		()	(00 = 4.4)	(122.221)	(2.2. = 2.4)	
from discontinued operations 年內虧損 (10,300) (3,729)	- ·		(37,978)	(90,/11)	(139,061)	(29,591)	6,151
Non-controlling interests 非控股權益 <b>8,597</b> 5,391 154 3,241 3,802 (Loss) profit attributable to 本公司擁有人應佔	-		(40.300)	(2.720)			
(Loss) profit attributable to 本公司擁有人應佔					154	2 2 4 4	2 002
·	ivori-controlling interests	非控胶懼益	8,59/	5,391	154	3,241	3,802
·	6 \ 0 \ 0 \	1, 1 = 1 + 1 + 1					
owners of the Company (新預)溢利 (39,681) (89,049) (139,215) (32,832) 2,349	-		(20.004)	(00.040)	(420.245)	(22.022)	2.240
	owners of the Company	(虧損)溢利	(39,681)	(89,049)	(139,215)	(32,832)	2,349

#### Financial Summary 財務摘要

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

#### 綜合財務狀況表

		2020 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2018 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2017 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2016 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	513,724	451,327	557,519	617,871	516,734
Current assets Current liabilities	流動資產 流動負債	384,406 213,401	545,084 188,634	629,473 (297,059)	524,968 (116,228)	755,668 (151,734)
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	171,005	356,450	332,414	408,740	603,934
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	684,729	80,777	889,933	1,026,611	1,120,668
Non-current liability	非流動負債		264		_	_
Net assets	資產淨值	684,729	807,513	889,933	1,026,611	1,120,688
Capital and reserves: Share capital Reserves	資本及儲備: 股本 儲備	1,469,376 (791,340)	1,469,376 (750,451)	1,469,376 (604,640)	1,469,376 (468,260)	1,469,376 (433,975)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人 應佔權益	678,036	718,925	864,736	1,001,116	1,035,401
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	6,693	88,588	25,197	25,495	85,267
Total equity	總權益	684,729	807,513	889,933	1,026,611	1,120,668

#### Particulars of the Investment Property 投資物業詳情

#### PROPERTY HELD FOR INVESTMENT

#### 持作投資物業

Location 地點	Type 類別	Lease term 租期
Shop of No. 15 Guang An Road, No. 138 He Sha Road, Da Tan Sha Island, Li Wan District, Guangzhou City, Guangzhou Province, The PRC	Commercial	Medium-term lease
中國廣東省廣州市荔灣區 大坦沙島河沙路138號 廣安路15號商舖	商業	中期租約
125 office units of Yue Condo,Greenland Ark, Court No.10 Zhouxiu Street North, Fangshan District, Beijing City, The PRC	Commercial	Medium-term lease
位於中國北京市 房山區卓秀北街10號院 綠地諾亞方舟悦公館 125套寫字樓	商業	中期租約

#### Glossary 專用詞彙

In this report (other than the Financial Statements), unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions shall have the following respective meanings.

於本報告(財務報表除外),除文義另有所指,以下詞彙具有以下涵義。

"2019 Corresponding Period"

「2019年同期」

"2020 Financial Year"

「2020年財政年度」 "Articles"

「公司章程」

"Beijing Hua Xia Ding"

「北京華夏鼎」

"Beijing Lichuang Future"

「北京力創未來」

"Beijing Shen Shang"

「北京瀋商」

"Beijing Zhong Tou"

「北京中投」 "Board"

「董事會」

"Chaozhou Jiafu"

「潮州佳富」

"Chaozhou Jinshan"

「潮州金山」

"Chung Hwa Finance"

「中華信貸」

"Company"

「本公司」 "Director(s)"

「董事|

"Domestic Shares"

Domestic Shares

「內資股」

"Group"

「本集團」

"Guangdong Xinmao"

「廣東鑫茂」

"Guangzhou Leyou"

「廣州樂游」

"Hai Yue Real Estate"

「海粤房地產」

"Hong Kong"

「香港」

"Hou Feng Trading"

「厚豐貿易」

"H-Shares"

「H股」

for the year ended 31 December 2019

截至2019年12月31日止年度

for the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

The Articles of Association of the Company

本公司組織章程細則

Beijing Hua Xia Ding Technology Company Limited\*

北京華夏鼎科技有限公司

Beijing Lichuang Future Technology Company Limited\*

北京力創未來科技有限公司

Beijing Shen Shang Investment & Consulting Company Limited\*, a wholly-owned

subsidiary of the Company

北京瀋商投資諮詢有限公司,本公司之全資附屬公司 Beijing Zhong Tou Chuang Zhan Property Limited\*

北京中投創展置業有限公司

the board of Directors

董事會

Chaozhou Jiafu Packaging Materials Company Limited\*

潮州市佳富包裝材料有限公司

Chaozhou Jinshan Investment and Development Company Limited\*

潮州市金山投資開發有限公司

Chung Hwa Finance Limited (formerly known as Newpont Finance Limited), a

licensed money lender in Hong Kong under the Money Lenders Ordinance

中華信貸有限公司(前稱新邦信貸有限公司),根據《放債人條例》的香港持牌放

倩人

Shenyang Public Utility Holdings Company Limited\*

瀋陽公用發展股份有限公司 the directors of the Company

本公司董事

domestic shares with a nominal value of RMB1 each in the share capital of the

Company which are subscribed for in RMB

本公司股本中每股面值人民幣1元的內資股,以人民幣認購

the Company and its subsidiaries

本公司及其附屬公司

Guangdong Xinmao Biotechnology Company Limited\*

廣東鑫茂生物科技有限公司

Guangzhou Leyou Internet Technology Co., Ltd\*

廣州樂游互聯網科技有限公司

Guangzhou Hai Yue Real Estate Development Company Limited\*

廣州海粵房地產發展有限公司

the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China

中華人民共和國香港特別行政區

Hou Feng Trading Company Limited\*

深圳市厚豐貿易有限公司

overseas listed foreign ordinary share(s) of the Company with a nominal value of RMB1 each, all of which are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange and

subscribed for and traded in Hong Kong dollars

本公司每股面值人民幣1元之境外上市外資普通股,全部在聯交所主板上市及以

港元認購及買賣

"Independent Third Party(ies)" the independent third party(ies) who is/are, to the best of the Directors' knowledge, information and belief having made all reasonable enquiry,

independent of the Company and its connected persons (as defined under the

Listing Rules)

#### **Glossary** 專用詞彙

「獨立第三方」 於作出一切合理查詢後,就董事深知、得悉及確信,獨立於本公司及其關連人

士(定義見上市規則)的獨立第三方

"Listing Rules" the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange

[|市規則| 聯交所證券上市規則

"Model Code" Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers

「標準守則」 上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則

"PRC" the People's Republic of China

「中國」 中華人民共和國

"RMB" Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC

中國法定貨幣人民幣 [人民幣]

San He Jing Jiao Property Development Company Limited\* "San He Jing Jiao"

「三河京郊」 三河京郊房地產開發有限公司

"SFO" Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the law of Hong Kong)

「證券及期貨條例」 證券及期貨條例(香港法例571章) "Share" H-Share(s) and Domestic Share(s)

H股及內資股 「股份Ⅰ

"Shareholders" holders of the H-Shares and Domestic Shares

「股東」 H股及內資股持有人

Shennongjia Da Jiu Hu Hotel Company Limited "Shennongjia Hotel"

「神農架賓館」 神農架大九湖賓館有限公司

"Shen Wu Investment" Shenzhen Shen Wu Investment & Development Company Limited\*, a wholly-

owned subsidiary of the Company

深圳市沈物投資發展有限公司,本公司之全資附屬公司 「沈物投資」

"Shenzhen Shen He" Shenzhen Shen He Chuang Jian Investment Development Company Limited\*

深圳市沈和創建投資發展有限公司 「深圳沈和」

"Shenzhen Shenhe" Shenzhen Shenhe Chuangli Investment and Development Company Limited\*

深圳市深合創立投資發展有限公司 「深圳深合」

"Shenzhen Shenxi" Shenzhen Shenxi Investment & Development Company Limited\*, a wholly-

owned subsidiary of the Company

深圳市沈璽投資發展有限公司,本公司全資附屬公司 「深圳沈璽」

"Shenzhen Tong He" Shenzhen Tong He Chuangjian Investment Development Company Limited\*, a

wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company

「深圳同合| 深圳市同合創建投資發展有限責任公司,本公司全資附屬公司 "Shenzhen Wan Zhong Run Long" Shenzhen Wan Zhong Run Long Investment Company Limited\*

「深圳萬眾潤隆」 深圳市萬眾潤隆投資有限公司

"SHHH Development"

「深圳合輝煌發展」

Shenzhen He Hui Huang Development Company Limited\* 深圳市合輝煌發展有限公司

"Shishi Shen Guo Tou" Shishi Shen Guo Tou Commercial Property Company Limited\*, an associate of

the Company

石獅深國投商用置業有限公司,本公司之聯營公司 「石獅深國投」

"Stock Exchange" The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

「聯交所」 香港聯合交易所有限公司

Shenzhen Tai He Chuang Jian Investment Development Company Limited\*, a "Tai He Chuang Jian"

wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company

深圳市泰合創建投資發展有限責任公司,本公司之全資附屬公司 「泰合創建」

"Shenzhen Ju Sheng" Shenzhen Ju Sheng Chuangjiang Investment Development Company\*, a wholly-

> owned subsidiary of the Company 深圳市聚晟創建投資發展有限公司

"Zhongfang Chaozhou" Zhongfang Chaozhou Investment Development Company Limited\*

「中房潮州」 中房潮州投資開發有限公司

an infrastructure construction project in Jing Nan Industrial Park, in Chaozhou

"Zhongfang Chaozhou Jing Nan

Industrial Park Project"

「中房潮州徑南工業園項目 | 位於潮州徑南工業園的基礎設施建設項目 "Zhong De Logistics" Shenzhen Zhong De Logistics Company Limited\*

「眾德物流」 深圳市眾德物流有限公司

\* For identification purpose only \* 僅供識別

「深圳聚晟」

# SHENYANG PUBLIC UTILITY HOLDINGS COMPANY LIMITED

瀋陽公用發展股份有限公司