## Cocoon Holdings Limited 中國天弓控股有限公司

(formerly known as Huge China Holdings Limited) (前稱為匯嘉中國控股有限公司) (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) (Stock Code 股份代號: 428)

1,175

745

170



123113

1.290

570

160

1,680

70

This annual report, in both English and Chinese versions, is available on the Company's website at www.cocoon.holdings (the "Company Website").

Shareholders who have chosen or have been deemed consented to receive the corporate communications of the Company (the "Corporate Communications") via the Company Website and who for any reason have difficulty in receiving or gaining access to the annual report posted on the Company Website will promptly upon request be sent the annual report in printed form free of charge.

Shareholders may at any time change their choice of the means of receipt (either in printed form or via the Company Website) and/or language(s) (either English only or Chinese only or both languages) of Corporate Communications.

Shareholders may send their request to receive the annual report in printed form, and/or to change their choice of the means of receipt and/or language(s) of Corporate Communications by notice in writing to the branch share registrar of the Company in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong or by sending an email to the branch share registrar of the Company in Hong Kong at cocoon.ecom@computershare.com.hk.

Shareholders who have chosen to receive printed copy of the Corporate Communications in either English or Chinese version will receive both English and Chinese versions of this annual report since both languages are bound together into one booklet. 本 年 報 的 中、 英 文 本 已 登 載 於 本 公 司 網 站 www.cocoon.holdings(「本公司網站」)。

已選擇或被視為同意透過本公司網站收取本公司的 公司通訊(「公司通訊」)的股東,如因任何理由在收 取或下載於本公司網站登載的年報有任何困難,只 要提出要求,均可立刻獲免費發送本年報的印刷本。

股東可隨時更改其選擇收取公司通訊的方式(即收取 公司通訊的印刷本,或透過本公司網站取得公司通 訊),及/或語言版本(即英文本或中文本或中、英 文本)。

股東可以書面通知本公司的香港股份過戶登記分處,香港中央證券登記有限公司,地址為香港灣 仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17M樓,或以電郵 致本公司的香港股份過戶登記分處(電郵地址為 cocoon.ecom@computershare.com.hk)提出收取本 年報印刷本的要求,及/或更改其選擇收取公司通 訊的方式及/或語言版本。

鑑於本年報之英文及中文版乃印列於同一冊子內,無 論股東選擇收取英文或中文版之公司通訊印刷本, 均同時收取兩種語言版本之年報。

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### **CORPORATE INFORMATION** 公司資料

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Wu Ming Gai *(Chairman)* Chan Carman Wing Yan *(Chief Executive Officer)* 

### **Non-executive Directors**

William Keith Jacobsen Chen Albert Wong Chung Yan Sammy

### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Chan Man Yi Leung Yin Ting Jiang Qian

### AUDIT COMMITTEE

Chan Man Yi *(Chairman)* Leung Yin Ting Wong Chung Yan Sammy

### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

Chan Man Yi *(Chairman)* Wong Chung Yan Sammy Jiang Qian

### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Jiang Qian *(Chairman)* Chan Man Yi Leung Yin Ting Chen Albert

### BANKERS

OCBC Wing Hang Bank Limited Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited Bank of Communications Co., Limited The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

### 董事會

**執行董事** 胡銘佳(*主席)* 陳詠欣(行政總裁)

### 非執行董事

葉偉其 陳雅博 黃中仁

### 獨立非執行董事

陳敏儀 梁燕婷 蔣謙

### 審核委員會

陳敏儀(*主席)* 梁燕婷 黃中仁

### 提名委員會

陳敏儀*(主席)* 黃中仁 蔣謙

### 薪酬委員會

蔣謙*(主席)* 陳敏儀 梁燕婷 陳雅博

### 往來銀行

華僑永亨銀行有限公司 中國銀行(香港)有限公司 交通銀行股份有限公司 香港上海匯豐銀行有限公司

### CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

### **AUDITOR**

McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants 3/F, Winbase Centre 208 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Au Yeung Ming Yin Gordon

### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Walkers Corporate (Bermuda) Limited Park Place, 55 Par-la-Ville Road Third Floor, Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

### PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 14A Fortune House 61 Connaught Road Central Central, Hong Kong

### HONG KONG BRANCH REGISTRAR

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wan Chai Hong Kong

### **STOCK CODE**

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited: 428

### 核數師

長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師 香港 皇后大道中208號 勝基中心3樓

### 公司秘書

歐陽銘賢

### 註冊辦事處

Walkers Corporate (Bermuda) Limited Park Place, 55 Par-la-Ville Road Third Floor, Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

### 香港主要營業地點

香港中環 干諾道中61號 福興大廈 14A室

#### 香港股份過戶登記分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港 灣仔 皇后大道東183號 合和中心 17樓1712至1716室

股份代號

香港聯合交易所有限公司:428

### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

The board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of Cocoon Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") takes pleasure in presenting the audited consolidated results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 ("Reporting Period").

## BUSINESS REVIEW, PROSPECTS AND FUTURE PLAN

Since early 2020, the outbreak of Coronavirus Disease 2019 (the "COVID-19") has spread throughout the world. Every countries had implemented different levels of disease prevention measures, including lockdown and quarantine policies. The COVID-19 outbreak has adversely affected business and economic activities worldwide significantly. Hang Seng Index dropped substantially from the peak of 29,174 points in January 2020 to the bottom of 21,139 points in March 2020. Nevertheless, the Hang Seng Index have dramatically ramped back up following steep declines closed at 27,231 points on the last trading day of the year 2020.

However, the external environment is of high relevance to the economy and financial market in Hong Kong. In term of the economic setback of Hong Kong and slow growth projection of China and the COVID-19 outbreak is not abated, the Group expects it is full of challenges in 2021.

The Group expected COVID-19 outbreak will continue to affect the Group's financial performance for the coming year. The Group will closely monitor the development of the COVID-19 outbreak and continue to evaluate its impact on our business, financial position and operating results.

Looking ahead to the year 2021, the Company will stay in focus to invest in trading securities, private equity funds and private enterprises with potential prospect. Our approach will keep timely and appropriate investment strategies in response to the volatile market, in order to enhance our investment portfolio and achieve net asset appreciation. The Board will pay close attention to the macro trends and keep seeking opportunities to invest in China, Hong Kong and overseas. The Company will continue to implement its risk management policy with an aim to achieve stable returns on investments for our shareholders. 中國天弓控股有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司 (統稱「本集團」)之董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)欣然 提呈本集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 (「報告期」)之經審核綜合業績。

### 業務回顧、前景及未來計劃

自二零二零年初以來,2019冠狀病毒病疫情 (「COVID-19」)已傳遍全球。各國實施不同級別的疾 病防治措施,包括封鎖和檢疫規定。COVID-19爆發 嚴重影響了全球的商業及經濟活動。恆生指數由二 零二零年一月峰值29,174點暴跌至二零二零年三月 最低21,139點。儘管如此,恆生指數於二零二零年最 後一個交易日觸底反彈,最終以27,231點收盤。

然而,外部環境與香港的經濟及金融市場息息相關。就香港經濟受挫及中國經濟預計增長緩慢以及 COVID-19爆發並無減弱而言,本集團預期二零二一 年會是充滿挑戰的一年。

本集團預計COVID-19爆發將繼續影響本集團下 一年度之財務業績。本集團將密切監察COVID-19爆 發的發展情況,並繼續評估其對我們的業務、財務狀 況及經營業績的影響。

展望二零二一年,本公司將會保持專注投資於具 潛力及前景的交易證券、私募基金及私營企業。我 們的策略為因應市場波動採取適時及恰當的投資策 略,從而提升投資組合及實現淨資產增值。董事會將 會密切注視宏觀趨勢,並繼續尋找於中國、香港及 海外投資的機會。本公司將繼續實行其風險管理政 策,著眼於為股東取得穩定投資回報。

### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

### **APPRECIATION**

Lastly, I would like to thank our dedicated employees for their invaluable contributions and enthusiasm in their work. Their zeal in discharging duties and responsibilities will ensure the success of our Group.

### 致意

最後,本人謹此感謝旗下專心致志的員工在工作 時的寶貴貢獻及熱誠。他們履行職責及責任時的熱 忱將能確保本集團的成功。

Wu Ming Gai Chairman

Hong Kong, 30 March, 2021

### *主席* 胡銘佳

香港,二零二一年三月三十日

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group recorded a revenue of HK\$8,105,000 as compared to HK\$8,988,000 in the prior year, representing a decrease of approximately 9.82%. The decrease in revenue was mainly due to decrease of interest income during the year. The Group recorded a realised gain of HK\$728,000 (2019: realised loss HK\$9,903,000) and fair value gain of HK\$12,105,000 (2019: fair value loss HK\$9,025,000) on listed securities held by the Group during the year. The Group recorded a net realised loss of approximately HK\$1,746,000 (2019: HK\$1,845,000) on unlisted convertible bonds, which included disposed an unlisted convertible bond as part of consideration to acquire a loan note, which caused the Group recorded a realised gain on disposal of approximately HK\$329,000 during the year. During the year, impairment losses of various loan notes of approximately HK\$11,931,000 (2019: HK\$2,598,000) and deposits and other receivables of approximately HK\$1,592,000 (2019: HK\$538,000) were recognised. During the year, the loss on disposal of certain loan notes was approximately HK\$3,615,000 (2019: HK\$2,064,000). With the favourable performance of certain publicly traded securities held by the Group and fair value gain of certain unlisted securities during the year, the Group recorded loss attributable to owners of the Company was approximately HK\$4,166,000 as compared to a loss of approximately HK\$35,361,000 in prior year.

As at 31 December 2020, the net assets of the Group were approximately HK\$162,750,000 (2019: HK\$165,716,000). The net assets slightly decreased 1.79% when compared to prior year. The financial assets at fair value through profit or loss increased from approximately HK\$26,806,000 as at 31 December 2019 to approximately HK\$46,944,000 as at 31 December 2020 and the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income of approximately HK\$30,600,000 (2019: HK\$29,400,000) was recognised during the year.

### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

### Liquidity, financial resources and capital structure

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had available funds of approximately HK\$7,905,000 which were mainly placed in banks as general working capital. Bank balances held by the Group were mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

The Group had shareholders' funds of approximately HK\$162,750,000 at 31 December 2020 compared to HK\$165,716,000 at 31 December 2019, representing a decrease of approximately 1.79%.

### 業務回顧

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度內, 本集團錄得收入為8,105,000港元,而去年則為約 8,988,000港元,減少約9.82%。收入減少乃主要由 於本年度之利息收入減少所致。於年內,本集團所 持有之上市證券錄得已變現收益728,000港元(二零 一九年: 變現虧損9.903.000港元)以及公允值收益 12,105,000港元(二零一九年:公允值虧損9,025,000 港元)。本集團就非上市可換股債券錄得已變現虧 損淨額約1,746,000港元(二零一九年:1,845,000港 元),其中包括於年內出售非上市可換股債券作為 收購貸款票據代價的一部分,導致本集團錄得出售 已變現收益約329.000港元。於本年度內確認多項貸 款票據的減值虧損約11.931.000港元(二零一九年: 2,598,000港元)及按金及其他應收款約1,592,000港 元(二零一九年:538,000港元)。本集團於本年度內 出售若干貸款票據虧損約3.615.000港元(二零一九 年:2.064.000港元)。本年度內,受本集團所持有的 若干公開交易證券表現良好及若干非上市證券的公允 值收益之影響,本集團錄得本公司擁有人應佔虧損為 約4,166,000港元,而於去年則為虧損約35,361,000 港元。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團的資產淨 值約為162,750,000港元(二零一九年:165,716,000 港元)。資產淨值較去年輕微下降1.79%。按公允值 於損益賬列賬的金融資產由二零一九年十二月三十一 日之約26,806,000港元上升至二零二零年十二月 三十一日之約46,944,000港元,於本年度內確認按公 允值於其他全面收益列賬之金融資產約30,600,000港 元(二零一九年:29,400,000港元)。

### 財務回顧

### 流動資金、財政資源及資本結構

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團有可供動 用資金為約7,905,000港元,主要存放於銀行作一般 營運資金。本集團持有之銀行結餘主要乃以港元定 值。

本集團於二零二零年十二月三十一日之股東資 金為約162,750,000港元,而於二零一九年十二月 三十一日為165,716,000港元,減少約1.79%。

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had borrowings of approximately HK21,845,000 (2019: HK22,268,000). The gearing ratio for the Group was 13.4% (2019: 13.4%) which represents the ratio of the Group's borrowings to the net asset value of the Group.

The Group did not have any capital expenditure commitment as at 31 December 2020.

The Company has no change in the Group's capital structure for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### **Fund raising activity**

There was no fund raising activity for the Company during the year ended 31 December 2020.

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團借款為約 21,845,000港元(二零一九年:22,268,000港元)。本 集團之槓桿比率(即本集團借款對本集團資產淨值之 比率)為13.4%(二零一九年:13.4%)。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任何 資本開支承擔。

本公司的本集團資本結構於截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度並無變動。

#### 集資活動

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司 並無集資活動。

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As at 31 December 2020, detailed breakdown and description of the utilisation of the net proceeds from the rights issue (the "Rights Issue") completed on 21 October 2019 were as follows: 於二零二零年十二月三十一日,於二零一九年十 月二十一日完成供股(「供股」)所得款項淨額用途明 細詳情及描述如下:

Date of announcement	Event	The unutilised net proceed as at 31 December 2019 截至二零一九年十二) 三十一日使用之所行	月	nded use of net proceeds	Act	ual use of proceeds
公佈日期	事項	款項淨額		<b>寻款項淨額擬定用途</b>	所徉	导款項實際用途
18 July 2019 (completed on 21 October 2019)	Rights Issue on the basis of two Rights Shares at the subscription price HK\$0.28 per Rights Shares for every one existing Share	Approximately HK\$30,000,000	(i) (ii)	Approximately HK\$24.5 million for the investment in listed securities and unlisted securities	(i)	Approximately HK\$17.6 million was used to invest in listed and unlisted securities, the balance HK\$6.9 million will be utilised as
			(11)	Approximately HK\$5.5 million for general working capital of the Group		intended within next 12 months of the date of this report
					(ii)	Approximately HK\$3.8 million was used for operating expenses, the balance HK\$1.7 million will be utilised as intended within next 12 months of the date of this report
二零一九年七月十八日(於 二零一九年十月二十一 日完成)	基準為每持有一股現有股份可 獲發兩股供股股份,認購價 為每股供股股份0.28港元的 供股	約30,000,000港元	(i)	約24.5百萬港元用於投 資上市證券及非上市證 券		約17.6百萬港元用於投 資上市證券及非上市證 券,結餘6.9百萬港元將 於本報告日期後的十二
			(ii)	約5.5百萬港元作為本集 團一般營運資金	Ē.	個月內按計劃動用
					(ii)	約3.8百萬港元用作經 營開支,結餘1.7百萬港 元將於本報告日期後的 十二個月內按計劃動用
proceeds is deterr	netable for fully utilising the nined based on the Group's b litions, and is subject to chang	est estimate of	附註		最佳	淨額的預期時間表乃基於 估計而釐定,並會視乎現 行變動。

current market conditions and future market developments.

- Note 2: The Company had resolved to change in use of the remaining net proceeds from the Rights Issue (the "Remaining Proceeds"): (a) approximately HK\$24.5 million with the intention to apply such amount towards investment in listed and unlisted securities (i) in provision of internet of things and internet services industry; (ii) high-tech industry; (iii) in life sciences industry; (iv) medical; (v) healthcare; (vi) pharmaceutical; (vii) banking and finance sector; and (viii) energy industry; and (b) approximately HK\$5.5 million for working capital of the Group. The reason for change in use of the Remaining Proceeds as the Board considered that the abovementioned industries will be benefited from the change in social behavior and the economic environment and the market price of certain listed securities in banking and finance sector and also energy sector were comparatively low due to oversold as well. The details for change in use of the Remaining Proceeds were set out in the announcements of the Company dated 18 May 2020 and 25 November 2020.
- Note 3: Details of the Rights Issue were set out in the announcements of the Company dated 18 July 2019, 30 July 2019, 2 August 2019, 13 August 2019, 13 September 2019 and 18 October 2019; the circular of the Company dated 21 August 2019; and the prospectus of the Company dated 25 September 2019.

### **INVESTMENT REVIEW**

The Company is an investment company listed on the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") under Chapter 21 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange. The principal activity of the Company is investment holding and the Group is principally engaged in investments in securities listed on recognised stock exchanges and unlisted investments with potential for earning growth and capital appreciation. It is the corporate strategy of the Group to strengthen its existing businesses and continue its focus on financing future investment opportunities domestically and internationally to achieve financial growth for the Group and to maximise the shareholders' value.

The Company held thirteen investments as of 31 December 2020, comprising eight equity securities listed in Hong Kong and United States of America (the "US"), four loan notes issued by private entities in the PRC and one item of interests in a private entity in Anguilla. Pursuant to the requirements stipulated in Rule 21.12 of the Listing Rules, the Company discloses its ten largest investments and all individual investments with value exceeding 5% of the Company's gross assets with brief description of the investee companies are provided in the notes 22 to 24 to the consolidated financial statements of this report and the section under "significant investments held and their performance" below.

- 附註2:本公司決議變更餘下供股所得款項(「餘下所得款項」)中:(a)約24.5百萬港元用途,擬將該筆款項用於投資(i)物聯網及互聯網服務行業(ii)高科技行業:(iii)生命科學:(iv)醫療:(v)健康:(vi)製藥:(vii)銀行及金融領域;以及(viii)能源行業:及(b)約5.5百萬港元用於本集團的一般營運資金。董事會認為變更餘下所得款項用途的理由是上述行業將得益於社交行為及經濟環境的變化,同時,董事會認為銀行及金融領域以及能源行業部分上市證券的市價由於超賣而相對較低。有關變更餘下所得款項用途之詳情載於本公司日期為二零二零年五月十八日及二零二零年十一月二十五日的公佈。
- 附註3:供股事項的詳情載列於本公司日期為二零一九年七 月十八日、二零一九年七月三十日、二零一九年八 月二日、二零一九年八月十三日、二零一九年九月 十三日及二零一九年十月十八日之公佈;本公司日 期為二零一九年八月二十一日之通函及本公司日期 為二零一九年九月二十五日之招股章程。

### 投資回顧

本公司為一間根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯 交所」)證券上市規則(「《上市規則》」)第二十一章於 聯交所主板上市之投資公司。本公司之主要業務為 投資控股,本集團主要從事於認可證券交易所上市 證券投資及具盈利增長與資本增值潛力之非上市投 資業務。本集團之企業策略為鞏固其現有業務,並繼 續致力為未來之國內外投資機會提供融資,實現本 集團財務增長及提升股東價值。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日,本公司持有 十三項投資,包括八項香港及美利堅合眾國(「美 國」)上市權益證券、四項由中國私營實體發行的貸 款票據及一項於安圭拉私營實體的權益。根據《上市 規則》第21.12條所訂明的規定,本公司披露其十項最 大的投資,及所有價值超過本公司總資產5%的單項 投資,並於本報告下文綜合財務報表附註22至24及 「所持重要投資及表現」一節提供被投資公司的簡要 説明。

#### Significant investments held and their performance

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group recorded revenue of approximately HK\$8,105,000 as compared to approximately HK\$8,988,000 in prior year, representing a decrease of approximately 9.82%. The decrement in revenue was due to decrease of interest income from unlisted investments during the year.

With the impact of favourable performance of certain publicly traded securities held by the Group, the Group recorded a realised gain of approximately HK\$728,000 (2019: realised loss of HK\$9,903,000) and an unrealised gain of approximately HK\$12,105,000 (2019: unrealised loss of HK\$9,025,000) on listed securities during the year. The Group recorded a net realised loss of approximately HK\$1,746,000 (2019: HK\$1,845,000) on unlisted convertible bonds, which included disposed an unlisted convertible bond as part of consideration to acquire a loan note. which caused the Group recorded a realised gain on disposal of approximately HK\$329,000 during the year. During the year, the loss on disposal of loan notes was approximately HK\$3,615,000 (2019: HK\$2,064,000) and the gain on disposal of deposits was HK\$1,378,000 (2019: Nil). Meanwhile, impairment losses of various loan notes of approximately HK\$11,931,000 and deposits and other receivable of approximately HK\$1,592,000 were recognised during the year.

As at 31 December 2020, the Group held trading securities of approximately HK\$46,944,000 (2019: HK\$7,286,000). The increase was mainly due to the purchases of certain trading securities during the year.

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's unlisted investments (comprised of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and loans and receivables) were approximately HK\$129,051,000 (2019: HK\$129,977,000). Other receivables, deposits and prepayments was HK\$633,000 (2019: HK\$20,874,000).

Pursuant to the requirements stipulated in Rule 21.12 of Listing Rules, the Company discloses its ten largest investments and all individual investments with value exceeding 5% of the Company's gross assets as at 31 December 2020 with brief description of the investee companies as follows and as disclosed in note 22 to 24 to the consolidated financial statements:

### 所持重要投資及表現

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團 錄得收入約8,105,000港元,較去年同期約8,988,000 港元減少約9.82%。收入下降乃由於於本年度內非上 市投資的利息收入減少所致。

受到本集團所持若干公開交易證券的良好表現 影響,於本年度內,本集團錄得上市證券已變現收 益約728,000港元(二零一九年:變現虧損9,903,000 港元)及未變現收益約12,105,000港元(二零一九年: 未變現虧損9,025,000港元)。本集團就非上市可換股 債券錄得已變現虧損淨額約1,746,000港元(二零一九 年:1,845,000港元),其中包括於年內出售非上市可 換股債券作為收購貸款票據代價的一部分,導致本 集團錄得出售已變現收益約329,000港元(二零一九 年:2,064,000港元),出售按金收益為1,378,000港元 (二零一九年:無)。同時,於本年度內確認多項貸 款票據的減值虧損約11,931,000港元以及按金及其他 應收款約1,592,000港元。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團持有交 易證券約46,944,000港元(二零一九年:7,286,000港 元)。有關增加乃主要由於於本年度內購買若干交易 證券所致。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團的非上市 投資(包括指定為按公允值於損益列賬的金融資產、 指定為按公允值於其他全面收益列賬的金融資產及 貸款和應收款)約為129,051,000港元(二零一九年: 129,977,000港元)。其他應收款、按金及預付款項為 633,000港元(二零一九年:20,874,000港元)。

根據《上市規則》第21.12條的規定,本公司披露 其十大投資及所有價值超過本公司於二零二零年十二 月三十一日資產總值5%的單項投資,於下文提供被 投資公司的簡要説明,並於經審核綜合財務報表附 註22至24披露:

### Loan Note Investment — Shenzhen Da Long General Packaging Machinery Company Limited\* ("Da Long")

Da Long is a private entity established in the PRC, which is principally engaged in developing and designing mechanical equipment. Da Long has been developing and producing intelligent garbage collection systems and production equipment for nearly 10 years. The Group held a loan note issued by Da Long with fixed interest at 10% per annum ("LN1") and was measured at amortised cost. The interest income recognised of the Group from the LN1 for the year ended 31 December 2020 was approximately HK\$2.4 million (2019: HK\$2.4 million). The impairment loss recognised for the year was approximately HK\$6,358,000. Based on the latest management account of Da Long, the unaudited net profit for the year ended 31 December 2020 was approximately RMB2.8 million and its net asset value as at 31 December 2020 was approximately RMB15.8 million. The Board considers the industry of intelligent garbage collection systems and production equipment have great prosperity and the financial performance of Da Long was satisfactory. The Board also expected that Da Long will keep the growth trend in future. Therefore, holding the fixed interest income from LN1 was interest of the Group to obtain stable interest income.

## 貸款票據投資 — 深圳達隆通用包裝機械有限公司(「達隆」)

達隆為一間於中國成立的私營實體,主要從事機 械設備的開發與設計。近十年來, 達隆一直致力開 發及生產智能垃圾收集系統及生產設備。本集團持 有一項達隆發行的貸款票據,按10%的固定年利率計 息(「貸款票據1」)並按攤銷成本計量。本集團於截至 二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度自貸款票據1確認 的利息收入約為2.4百萬港元(二零一九年:2.4百萬 港元)。於本年度內確認的減值虧損約為6.358.000港 元。基於達隆的最新管理賬目,截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度的未經審核淨利潤約為人民幣2.8 百萬元,且於二零二零年十二月三十一日的資產淨 值約為人民幣15.8百萬元。董事會認為,智能垃圾收 集系統及生產設備行業發展蓬勃,且達隆的財務表現 良好。董事會亦預期達隆於日後將保持增長勢頭。 因此,持有貸款票據1的固定利息收入有利於本集團 獲得穩定的利息收入。

### Loan Note Investment — Shenzhen Qianhai Earl Lan Official Business Aviation Services Limited\* ("SQEL")

The Group had subscribed a loan note issued by SQEL which was private entity established in the PRC, which was principally engaged in private flight service and management platform in China. SQEL was issued a loan note ("LN2") in November 2019 to the Company and would mature after two years from date of issue. LN2 bears fixed interest at 5% per annum and is measured at amortised cost. The interest income recognised of the Group for the year from LN2 was approximately HK\$1,655,000. The impairment loss recognised for the year was approximately HK\$2,733,000. Based on the management account of SQEL as at 31 December 2020, the unaudited net profit was approximately RMB15.3 million. As at 31 December 2020, the net asset value of SQEL was RMB53.3 million. The Board considers the industry of private flight service in China has bright future and the Board expects that SQEL will keep the growth trend in the coming future. Therefore, holding the LN2 was in the interest of the Group to obtain stable interest income.

### Loan Note Investment — Yun Kang Data Technology (Shanghai) Company Limited\* ("Yun Kang Data")

Yun Kang Data is a private entity established in the PRC, which is principally engaged in applying deep learning and artificial intelligence to analyse the big data for application and provide clinical diagnosis. Yun Kang Data issued a loan note ("LN3") in November 2020 with fixed interest at 6% per annum to the Company and would mature after three years from the date of issue. The interest income recognised of the Group from LN3 for the year ended 31 December 2020 was approximately HK\$118,000. The impairment loss of LN3 recognised for the year ended 31 December 2020 was approximately HK\$369,000. According to the unaudited financial statements as at 31 December 2020 of Yu Kang Data, the unaudited net profit for the year ended 31 December 2020 was approximately RMB257,000 and its net asset value as at 31 December 2020 was approximately RMB5.9 million. The Board considered that the life science and big data industry is a future trend of the globe and it might a gateway to get involved in this industry by holding the LN3 and to enjoy the fixed interest income as well.

### 貸款票據投資 — 深圳前海藍伯爵公務航空服務 有限公司(「前海藍伯爵」)

本集團已認購由前海藍伯爵發行的一項貸款票 據,前海藍伯爵為一間於中國成立的私營實體,主 要於中國從事私人飛行服務及管理平台。前海藍伯 爵於二零一九年十一月向本公司發行一項貸款票據伯 爵於二零一九年十一月向本公司發行一項貸款票據 (「貸款票據2」),並將於發行之日起兩年後到期。貸 款票據2按5%的固定年利率計算利息並按攤銷成本計 量。本集團於本年度內自貸款票據2確認的利息收入 約為1,655,000港元。於年度內確認的減值虧損約為 2,733,000港元。基於前海藍伯爵於二零二零年十二 月三十一日的管理賬目,未經審核凈利潤約為人民幣 15.3百萬元。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,前海藍 伯爵的資產凈值為人民幣53.3百萬元。董事會認為, 中國的私人飛行服務行業前景光明,且董事會預期 前海藍伯爵於日後將保持增長勢頭。因此,持有貸款 票據2有利於本集團獲得穩定的現金流入。

### 貸款票據投資一 雲康信息科技(上海)有限公司 (「雲康信息」)

雲康信息為一間於中國成立的私營實體,主要從 事應用深度學習和人工智能分析大數據以進行應用 並提供臨床診斷。雲康信息於二零二零年十一月向 本公司發行貸款票據(「貸款票據3」),按固定年利率 6%計算利息,並將自發行日期起三年後到期。本集 團於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度自貸款 票據3確認的利息收入約為118,000港元。於截至二零 二零年十二月三十一日止年度確認之貸款票據3之減 值虧損約為369,000港元。根據雲康信息於二零二零 年十二月三十一日的未經審核財務報表,截至二零 二零年十二月三十一日止年度的未經審核淨利潤約 為人民幣257,000元,二零二零年十二月三十一日的 資產淨值約為人民幣5.9百萬元。董事會認為,生命 科學及大數據行業乃全球未來趨勢,其可能為通過 持有貸款票據3涉足該行業並享有固定利息收入的途 徑。

### Loan Note Investment — Shenzhen Huaqin Agriculture Technology Company Limited\* ("Huaqin Agriculture")

Huaqin Agriculture is a private entity established in the PRC, which is principally engaged in technological development of agricultural and biological product, retail and wholesale of food. Huaqin Agriculture issued a loan note ("LN4") in December 2020 with fixed interest at 8.5% per annum to the Group and would mature after three years from the date of issue. The interest income recognised of the Group from LN4 for the year ended 31 December 2020 was approximately HK\$13,000. The impairment loss of LN4 recognised for the year ended 31 December 2020 was approximately HK\$220,000. According to the unaudited financial statements as at 31 December 2020 of Huagin Agriculture, the unaudited net profit for the year ended 31 December 2020 was approximately RMB2.0 million and its net asset value as at 31 December 2020 was approximately RMB2.1 million. The Board considered that 8.5% of fixed interest income by holding LN4 is in the interest of the Group to obtain stable interest income.

## Private Equity Investment — Perfect Path Limited ("Perfect Path")

Perfect Path is a private entity incorporated in Anguilla, which principally engaged in gold mining business. The Group held 20% of equity interest of Perfect Path, despite the Group held 20% of the voting power in Perfect Path, however, under contractual arrangements the Group has no significant influence over Perfect Path, another single shareholder control the composition of the board of directors and have control over Perfect Path. Perfect Path indirectly owns 45% interest in a gold mine in Thailand (the "Gold Mine"). According to Perfect Path, all relevant application documents for obtaining the Gold Mine licence and permits were submitted to the relevant local government authorities in Thailand, therefore Perfect Path still not deployed their business and no income generated during the year ended 31 December 2020. The net asset value of Perfect Path as at 31 December 2020 was approximately HK\$160.4 million. The fair value gain on Perfect Path recognised by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 was approximately HK\$1.2 million. After having taken into account all relevant factors and vigilantly verified it with Perfect Path, it is reasonably hoped that the production of the Gold Mine will be launched in or around 2023 to 2024. The Board considered that the gold price will be in the same trend with the past decade or keep in the high level, therefore, the Group expected to enjoy the appreciation of gold price or the return from the production of the Gold Mine by indirectly holding interest in the Gold Mine.

### 貸款票據投資 — 深圳華沁農業科技有限公司 (「華沁農業」)

華沁農業為一間於中國成立的私營實體,主要從 事農產品及生物產品的技術開發,食品零售及批發。 華沁農業於二零二零年十二月向本集團發行貸款票 據(「貸款票據4」),按固定年利率8.5%計算利息,並 將自發行日期起三年後到期。本集團於截至二零二零 年十二月三十一日止年度自貸款票據4確認的利息收 入約為13,000港元。於截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度確認之貸款票據4之減值虧損約為220,000 港元。根據華沁農業於二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度的未經審核淨利潤約為人民幣2.0百萬元, 二零二零年十二月三十一日的資產淨值約為人民幣 2.1百萬元。董事會認為通過持有貸款票據4的利率為 8.5%的固定利息收入符合本集團獲得穩定利息收入 的利益。

### 私募股權投資 — Perfect Path Limited (「Perfect Path」)

Perfect Path為一間於安圭拉註冊成立的私營 實體,主要從事金礦開採業務。本集團持有Perfect Path的20%股權。儘管本集團持有Perfect Path 20% 投票權,但根據合約安排本集團對Perfect Path 並無 重大影響力,由另一單一股東控制董事會構成,並 對Perfect Path擁有控制權。Perfect Path於泰國一處 金礦(「金礦」)間接擁有45%的權益。據Perfect Path 稱,獲得金礦牌照及許可證的所有相關申請文件均已 提交至泰國的相關地方政府部門,因此Perfect Path 於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度仍未部署其 業務,亦無產生任何收入。Perfect Path 於二零二零 年十二月三十一日的資產淨值約為160.4 百萬港元。 於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團 確認Perfect Path之公允值收益約為1.2 百萬港元。於 考慮所有相關因素並與Perfect Path 審慎核實後,金 礦合理有望將於二零二三年至二零二四年或左右開 始生產。董事會認為,黃金價格將保持過去十年的趨 勢或保持較高水平,因此,本集團預期通過間接持有 於金礦的權益,將可從黃金價格升值或金礦生產帶 來的回報中獲利。

## Listed Equity Investment — Tencent (Holdings) Limited ("Tencent")

Tencent is a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands (stock code: 700). Tencent is principally engaged in the provision of value-added services, financial technology and business services and online advertising services. Based on the latest published quarterly report for the nine months ended 30 September 2020 of Tencent, the net profit for the period was approximately RMB100,756 million comparing with the net profit for the same period last year was approximately RMB73,516 million. The increase of net profit of Tencent was mainly due to the increase in revenue. The net asset value of Tencent as at 30 September 2020 was approximately RMB646,497 million. Net dividend (after expenses) approximately HK\$1,600 was received from Tencent during the year ended 31 December 2020 (31 December 2019: nil). According to the quarterly report for the nine months ended 30 September 2020 of Tencent, in the face of public health, macroeconomic, and geopolitical challenges, they will seek to sharpen their focus, innovate, and collaborate with their partners in order to better serve their users, customers and the society at large. The Board believed the leading position of Tencent in the market can make them to enjoy the prosperity of internet industry, the Group would hold the investment in Tencent and closely monitor its performance and may adjust the portfolio of Tencent from time to time.

## Listed Equity Investment — Winchester Holding Limited ("Winchester")

Winchester is a company incorporated in the US (stock code: WCHS) which is listing on OTC market in the US. Winchester is an exclusive seller in Hong Kong and Macau for Fiat Professional vehicle. Based on the latest unaudited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020, the net loss was approximately US\$8.7 million. The net asset value of Winchester as at 31 December 2020 was approximately US\$2.7 million. No dividend was received from Winchester during the year ended 31 December 2020 (31 December 2019: nil). Fiat Professional is an international famous car brand and it has been awarded numerous international prizes by panels of trade journalists. The Board believed Winchester obtaining the exclusive seller right of Fiat Professional is a catalyst of Winchester. The Group would hold the investment in Winchester and closely monitor its performance and may adjust the portfolio of Winchester from time to time.

### 上市股權投資 — 騰訊控股有限公司(「騰訊」)

騰訊為一間於開曼群島註冊成立的公司(股份代 號:700)。騰訊主要從事提供增值服務、金融技術及 企業服務以及網絡廣告服務。根據騰訊最新刊發的 截至二零二零年九月三十日止九個月的季度報告, 期內淨利潤約為人民幣100,756百萬元,而去年同期 的淨利潤約為人民幣73.516百萬元, 騰訊的淨利潤 增長主要由於收益增加所致。騰訊於二零二零年九 月三十日的資產淨值約為人民幣646.497百萬元。於 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,自騰訊收 取股息淨額(扣除費用後)約1,600港元(二零一九年 十二月三十一日:無)。根據騰訊截至二零二零年九 月三十日止九個月的季度報告,面對公共衛生、宏 觀經濟及地緣政治的挑戰,彼等將聚焦核心業務, 致力創新,與合作夥伴攜手,為用戶、客戶乃至整個 社會提供更佳的服務。董事會相信,騰訊在市場上的 領導地位可令其享受互聯網行業的繁榮,本集團將 持有於騰訊的投資並密切關注騰訊的表現,並可能 不時調整騰訊投資組合。

### 上市股權投資 — Winchester Holding Limited (「Winchester」)

Winchester為一間於美國註冊成立的公司(股份 代號:WCHS),該公司於美國場外交易市場上市。 Winchester乃菲亞特商用車在香港及澳門的獨家銷售 商。根據截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的 最新未經審核財務報表,淨虧損約為8.7百萬美元。 Winchester於二零二零年十二月三十一日的資產淨值 約為2.7百萬美元。於截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度概無收取來自Winchester的任何股息(二零 一九年十二月三十一日:無)。菲亞特商用車乃國際 知名汽車品牌,並已獲行業記者小組授予眾多國際 獎項。董事會認為Winchester獲得菲亞特商用車的獨 家銷售商權有助於推動Winchester。本集團將持有於 Winchester的投資並密切關注其表現,並可能不時調 整Winchester的投資組合。

## Listed Equity Investment — Alibaba Group Holding Limited ("Baba")

Baba is a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands (stock code: 9988). Baba is principally engaged in online retail platform, cloud computing, digital media and entertainment. Based on the latest published quarterly report for the three months ended 31 December 2020 of Baba, the net income for the period was approximately RMB77,977 million comparing with the net income for the same period last year was approximately RMB50,132 million, the adjusted EBITDA was RMB68,380 million comparing with the adjusted EBITDA for the same period last year was approximately RMB55,880 million. No dividend was received from Baba during the year ended 31 December 2020 (31 December 2019: nil). According to the quarterly report for the three months ended 31 December 2020 of Baba, demand for digitalization in the restaurant and service industry remains strong after the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic in the PRC. They continued to increase penetration in less developed areas, reflecting their success in broadening product for the PRC Retail Marketplaces. The Board believed the leading position of Baba in the market can make them to enjoy the prosperity of internet industry, the Group would hold the investment in Baba and closely monitor its performance and may adjust the portfolio of Baba from time to time.

### Listed Equity Investment — Classified Group (Holdings) Limited ("Classified")

Classified is a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands (stock code: 8232). Classified is principally engaged in restaurant operations in Hong Kong. Based on the latest published annual results for the year ended 31 December 2020, the net loss for the year was approximately HK\$16.4 million comparing with the net loss for the last year was approximately HK\$17.2 million, the decrease of net loss of Classified was mainly due to the decrease in staff costs, property rentals and the increment of other income. The net asset value of Classified as at 31 December 2020 was approximately HK\$57.3 million. No dividend was received by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: Nil). Classified restaurants are a collection of casual European cafés specializing in artisan breads, cheeses and boutique wines, and are renowned for their breakfast and all-day dining menu. Offering casual seating areas in most locations, Classified encourages neighbourhood street-level interaction. Classified has over eight restaurants in Hong Kong and three franchised restaurants in Indonesia. According to the annual report of Classified, Classified currently plans to expand the take-away product line and open more new restaurants at lower costs. The Board believes the operating environment of Classified will become better, the Group would hold the investment in Classified and will closely monitor the performance of Classified.

### 上市股權投資 — 阿里巴巴集團控股有限公司 (「巴巴」)

巴巴為一間於開曼群島註冊成立的公司(股份代 號:9988)。巴巴主要從事線上零售平台、雲計算、 數字媒體及娛樂。根據巴巴最新刊發的截至二零二 零年十二月三十一日止三個月的季度報告,期內淨 利潤約為人民幣77.977百萬元,而去年同期的淨利潤 約為人民幣50.132百萬元,經調整EBITDA為人民幣 68,380百萬元,而去年同期的經調整EBITDA約為人 民幣55.880百萬元。於截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度, 並無自巴巴收取任何股息(二零一九年 十二月三十一日: 無)。根據巴巴截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止三個月的季度報告,在新冠疫情 為中國帶來影響之後,餐飲服務行業對數字化的需 求依然強勁。彼等繼續深入欠發達地區,表明不斷 擴大面向中國零售市場的產品策略持續取得成效。 董事會相信,巴巴在市場上的領導地位可令其享受 互聯網行業的繁榮,本集團將持有於巴巴的投資並 密切關注其表現,並可能不時調整巴巴投資組合。

### 上市股權投資 — Classified Group (Holdings) Limited (「Classified」)

Classified為一間於開曼群島註冊成立的公司(股 份代號:8232)。Classified主要於香港經營餐館。基 於最新發佈的截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 之年度業績,年內的虧損淨額約為16.4百萬港元,上 年的虧損淨額則約為17.2百萬港元。Classified虧損 淨額減少主要由於員工成本、物業租金減少及其他收 入增加所致。Classified於二零二零年十二月三十一 日的資產淨值約為57.3百萬港元。本集團於截至二 零二零年十二月三十一日止年度概無收取股息(二零 一九年:無)。Classified餐廳為一間歐式休閒系列咖 啡室,主營手工麵包、芝士及精品葡萄酒,並以其早 餐及全天候美食菜單著稱。Classified在大部分門店 提供休閒座位區,鼓勵鄰里街道間互動。Classified 於香港設有超過八間餐廳及於印尼設有三間特許餐 廳。根據Classified的年度報告, Classified現時計劃 擴展外賣產品線,並以更低成本開設更多新餐廳。董 事會認為,Classified的營商環境將會改善,本集團 將持有對Classified的投資,並將密切關注Classified 表現。

### Listed Equity Investment — On Real International Holdings Limited ("On Real")

On Real is a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands (stock code: 8245). On Real is a two-way radio product designer and manufacturer established in 2001. On Real derived revenue principally from designing, manufacturing and selling two-way radios and baby monitor products on original design manufacturing basis. Based on the latest published quarterly report for the nine months ended 31 December 2020 of On Real, the net loss for the nine months ended 31 December 2020 was approximately HK\$19.4 million comparing with the net loss of approximately HK\$6.4 million for the nine months ended 31 December 2019, the net loss increase primarily due to the gross profit decreased. The net asset value of On Real as at 31 December 2020 was approximately HK\$47.8 million. No dividend was received by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: Nil). According to the quarterly report of On Real for the nine months ended 31 December 2020, approximately 32.6% of the total revenue were derived from the US market. The US market of two-way radio and baby monitor were the largest market in the world and it was appropriate marketing strategy of On Real to focus on the US market. The Board appreciated the effective marketing strategy of On Real and would hold the investment in On Real to earn the capital appreciation and the Group will closely monitor the performance of On Real in the future.

### **EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES**

As at 31 December 2020, the Group employed a total of 3 fulltime employees, including the executive Directors. Employees' remuneration are fixed and determined with reference to the market remuneration.

The remuneration policy of the Company for non-executive Directors is to ensure that they are sufficiently compensated for their efforts and time dedicated to the Company and that for the employees, including the executive Directors and senior management, is to ensure that the remuneration offered is appropriate for the duties and in line with market practice. The remuneration policy is to ensure that the pay levels are competitive and effective in attracting, retaining and motivating employees. No Director, or any of his associates, or executive is involved in deciding his own remuneration.

The key components of the Company's remuneration package include basic salary plus other allowances, discretionary cash bonus and mandatory provident fund. As a long-term incentive plan and with the aim at motivating employees in the continued pursuit of the Company's goal and objectives.

### 上市股權投資 — 安悅國際控股有限公司(「安 悅」)

安悅為一間於開曼群島註冊成立的公司(股份代 號:8245)。安悅於二零零一年成立,為雙向無線對 講機產品設計及製造商。安悅的收益主要來自按原 設計製造基準設計、製造及銷售雙向無線對講機及 嬰兒監視器產品。基於安悅最新發佈的截至二零二 零年十二月三十一日止九個月的季度報告,截至二 零二零年十二月三十一日止九個月的虧損淨額約為 19.4百萬港元,截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止 六個月的淨虧損則約為6.4百萬港元,虧損淨額增加 主要由於毛利減少所致。安悅於二零二零年十二月 三十一日的資產淨值約為47.8百萬港元。本集團於截 至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度內概無收取股 息(二零一九年:無)。根據安悅截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止九個月的季度報告,其收益總額的約 32.6%來自美國市場。美國雙向無線對講機及嬰兒監 視器產品市場乃全球最大的市場,對於安悅而言, 專注於美國市場乃適當的營銷策略。董事會認同安 悅的有效營銷策略,並將持有於安悅的投資,從而使 資本升值。本集團將密切關注安悅日後的表現。

### 僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團共有3名 全職職員,包括本公司執行董事。僱員酬金為固定金 額,乃參照市場標準釐定。

本公司非執行董事之酬金政策為,確保彼等之努 力及對本公司投入的時間會得到足夠補償,而僱員 (包括執行董事及高級管理層)之薪酬政策則為,確 保所提供之酬金與有關職務匹配,並與市場慣例一 致。薪酬政策確保有關薪金水平具競爭力,能有效吸 引、留住及推動僱員。董事或其任何聯繫人士或行政 人員,均不得參與訂定其本身的酬金。

本公司薪酬組合之主要組成部分包括底薪加其他 津貼、酌情現金花紅及強制性公積金。作為長期激勵 計劃,為推動僱員不斷追求本公司的目標及目的。

### EXPOSURES TO FLUCTUATIONS IN EXCHANGE RATES AND RELATED HEDGES

The Group has no significant exposures to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and, therefore, did not employ any financial instruments to hedge such exposures.

### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had no significant contingent liabilities.

### **PLEDGE OF ASSETS**

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's trading securities of carrying amount of approximately HK\$2,969,000 (2019: HK\$1,715,000) were pledged to a securities broker to secure margin loan borrowed by the Group.

### **MAJOR ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS**

The Group did not have any major acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures during the year ended 31 December 2020.

## FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

Save as disclosed in in this report, the Group did not have other plan for material investments or acquisition of material capital assets as at 31 December 2020.

### **CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

The Company have no capital commitments as at 31 December 2020 (31 December 2019: nil).

### 匯率波動風險及相關對沖措施

本集團無重大外幣匯率波動風險,因此並無採用 任何金融工具對沖該等風險。

### 或然負債

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任何 重大或然負債。

### 資產抵押

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團賬面值約 2,969,000港元(二零一九年:1,715,000港元)的交易 證券質押予證券經紀,以取得本集團借入的保證金 貸款。

#### 主要收購事項及出售事項

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團 並無任何重大收購及出售附屬公司、聯營公司及合 營企業。

### 重大投資或資本資產未來計劃

除本報告所披露者外,本集團於二零二零年十二 月三十一日無其他重大投資或資本資產收購計劃。

### 資本承擔

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任 何重大資本承擔(二零一九年十二月三十一日:無)。

### **1 BACKGROUND**

This Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") report (the "ESG Report") has been prepared under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). It sets out the Group's actions and performance on sustainability issues in a transparent and open manner with the intention of increasing stakeholders' confidence in and understanding of the Group.

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability and continued in Bermuda with limited liability. Its shares are listed on the Stock Exchange.

The principal activities of the Group are investments in securities listed on recognised stock exchanges and unlisted investments with potential for earning growth and capital appreciation. The Group mainly invests Hong Kong and the US listed companies and unlisted companies including but not limited to internet of things and internet services industry; high-tech industry; life sciences industry; medical; healthcare; pharmaceutical; banking and finance sector; and energy industry. This ESG Report covers the Group's overall performance in two subject areas, namely, Environmental and Social of the business operations in Hong Kong from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020 (the "year" or "2020"), unless otherwise stated.

### **2 STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT**

To identify the most significant aspects for the Group to report on this ESG report, key stakeholders including investors, shareholders and employees have been involved in regular engagement sessions. For instance, investors could voice out their concern and view on the Group's policies, annual reports, financial statements, circulars, announcements and notices via email address provided on the Company's website, or through annual general meeting. In addition, the Company also set up a whistleblowing hotline to enable the stakeholders to discuss and review areas of attention which could help the business of the Group to meet its potential growth and be prepared for future challenges.

### 1 背景資料

本環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及管治」)報告 (「環境、社會及管治報告」)乃根據香港聯合交易所 有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「《上市規則》」) 編製。其以透明及公開的方式載列本集團在可持續 發展議題上的行動和表現,旨在加強權益人對本集 團的信心和瞭解。

本公司為一家在開曼群島註冊成立並於百慕達存 續之獲豁免有限公司。其股份在聯交所上市。

本集團之主要業務為投資在認可證券交易所上市 之證券及具盈利增長與資本增值潛力之非上市投資 項目。本集團主要投資於香港及美國上市公司及非 上市公司,包括(但不限於)物聯網及互聯網服務行 業;高科技行業;生命科學行業;醫療;健康;製 藥;銀行及金融產業,以及能源行業。除另有説明 者外,本環境、社會及管治報告涵蓋本集團香港業 務營運自二零二零年一月一日至二零二零年十二月 三十一日(「本年度」或「二零二零年」)在兩大類主要 範疇的整體表現,即環境與社會。

### 2 權益人參與

為識別本集團在本環境、社會及管治報告內報告 的最重大方面,主要權益人(包括投資者、股東及僱 員)已定期參與會議。例如,投資者可以通過本公司 網站上提供的電郵地址或在股東週年大會上表達彼 等對本集團政策、年報、財務報表、通函、公佈及通 告的關注及看法。此外,本公司亦設立了舉報熱線, 讓權益人可討論及檢討關注事宜,有助本集團業務 滿足其潛在增長的需要以及為未來的挑戰做好準備。

### **3 STAKEHOLDERS' FEEDBACK**

The Group welcomes stakeholders' feedback on the approach and performance of ESG via the email address of cs@cocoon.holdings.

### 4 ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES

The Board is responsible for and delegating the Group's management to timely discuss environmental, social and governance issues and review the governance codes to enable the Group to keep abreast of and comply with the latest regulatory requirements in prior to the approval of this report. This system monitors the management to design, implement and continuously monitor risk management and internal control systems and to assure the suitability and effectiveness of the relevant systems and to assure timely implementation of the Group's sustainable development measures, the accuracy and reliability of the data presented.

### 5 THE GROUP'S SUSTAINABILITY MISSION AND VISION

#### **Mission**

The Group is focusing to unlock the value of emerging companies in China, Hong Kong and overseas by directly invest in emerging private and listed companies in China, Hong Kong and overseas, with the emphasis on those focusing on high growth from the domestic market.

### **Vision on ESG**

Sound corporate governance attracts investment, protects rights of shareholders and stakeholders and enhances shareholder's value. The Group is committed to accounting for its shareholders with a highly transparent and open attitude. The Group also holds a high standard in business ethics and invests in sustainable businesses. The Group is committed to improve quality of the communities and the environment, whilst providing long-term returns to its stakeholders.

### 3 權益人意見

本集團歡迎權益人就其環境、社會及管治 方針及表現提出意見,其可以發送至電郵地址 cs@cocoon.holdings。

### 4 環境、社會及管治的管理戰略

董事會負責並委派本集團管理層及時討論環境、 社會及管治議題,檢討管治守則,確保本集團與時 並進,符合本報告獲批准前的最新監管規定。此體 系有助監督管理層設計、實施及持續監察風險管理 及內部監控系統,並確保相關制度的合適性和有效 性及確保本集團的可持續發展措施得以適時落實, 以及呈現的資料準確可靠。

### 5 本集團的可持續發展使命與願景

### 使命

本集團致力於通過直接投資中國、香港及海外的 新興私人和上市公司來釋放中國、香港及海外的新 興公司的價值,重點是那些專注於國內市場的高增 長的公司。

#### 有關環境、社會及管治的願景

良好的公司管治吸引投資、保障股東及權益人的 權利,並提高股東價值。本集團致力以高度透明及開 放的態度向股東負責。本集團在商業道德上亦秉持高 標準,並投資於可持續發展的業務。本集團致力於改 善社區及環境質素,同時為其權益人提供長期回報。

### **6 MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT**

The table underneath showed aspects on the ESG Reporting Guide ("ESG Guide") of the Stock Exchange to be assessed and those ESG issues were determined to be material to the Group.

### 6 重要性評估

下表列示聯交所《環境、社會及管治報告指引》 (「環境、社會及管治指引」)內需要評估的層面以及 確定為對本集團而言屬於重大的環境、社會及管治 議題。

ESG As ESG G	spects as set forth in uide	所載的	社會及管治指引內 環境、 管治層面	Material ESG issues for the Group	對本集團而言屬於重大的 環境 <sup>、</sup> 社會及管治議題
(A) En	vironmental	<b>(A)</b> 環想	意		
A1	Emissions	A1	排放物	Emission from town gas or Vehicle	煤氣或汽車尾氣排放
A2	Use of Resources	A2	資源使用	Use of energy and paper	使用能源及紙張
A3	Environment and Natural Resources	A3	環境及天然資源	Air pollution	大氣污染
(B) So	cial	<i>(B)</i> 社會			
B1	Employment	B1	僱傭	Labour practices	勞資作業方式
B2	Health and Safety	B2	健康與安全	Workplace health and safety	工作地點健康與安全
B3	Development and Training	В3	發展及培訓	Employee development and training	僱員發展及培訓
B4	Labour Standards	B4	勞工準則	Anti-child and forced labour	反童工及強制勞工
B5	Supply Chain Management	B5	供應鏈管理	Supply chain management	供應鏈管理
B6	Product Responsibility	B6	產品責任	Product responsibility	產品責任
B7	Anti-corruption	B7	反貪污	Anti-corruption, fraud prevention and anti-money laundering	反貪污、防止欺詐及反洗 黑錢
B8	Community Investment	B8	社區投資	Community programs, employee volunteering and donation	社區活動、僱員義工服務 及捐款

### A. ENVIRONMENTAL

The Group considers environmental protection an essential component of sustainable and responsible business. The Group strives to reduce negative impacts on the environment and to seek environmental-friendly methods of operation in daily activities and by holistic management approaches, substantial resources invested in emissions control, responsible use of energy and waste management, and supporting consumers' efforts to mitigate the environmental burden. Type of emission sources that the Group involved during the year was mainly electricity and paper. The Group's business did not involve in production-related air, water, and land pollutions which are regulated under national laws and regulations. There were no water consumption and packaging materials involved in the Group's business operation. During the year, the total floor area coverage of the Group was around 50 m<sup>2</sup> (2019: 50 m<sup>2</sup>).

### A. 環境

本集團視環境保護為可持續及負責任的企業的必 要組成部分。本集團致力於減少對環境造成負面影 響,並尋求環保的日常活動經營方式及通過實施整 體管理方法、在排放控制方面投入大量資源、負責 任地使用能源和廢物管理,並支持消費者減輕環境 負擔,致力減少對環境的影響。於本年度內,本集團 所涉及的排放來源類別主要為電及紙張。本集團業 務並不涉及受國家法律及法規所規管之生產相關空 氣、水質及土地污染。本集團的業務經營中沒有涉及 耗水及包裝材料。於本年度內,本集團使用總面積約 為50平方米(二零一九年:50平方米)。

### A1.1. Emissions Data from Gaseous Fuel Consumption

Since the Company did not have neither town fuel and town gas consumption nor motor vehicle during the year, therefore no emissions data applied.

### A1.2. Greenhouse Gas Emission

A1.1. 氣態燃料消耗量排放數據

由於本公司於本年度內並無民用燃料或煤氣消 耗,亦無車輛,故並無適用的排放數據。

A1.2.溫室氣體排放

			KPI					
歸 沒 沒 指 標 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
		2020 二零二零年	<b>2019</b> 二零一九年	Unit 單位	% increase/ (decrease) 增加/(減少)%			
Scope 1	範 圍1							
Direct Emission	直接排放	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	Tonnes 噸	_			
Scope 2	範 圍2							
Indirect								
Emission	間接排放	3.44	3.53	Tonnes 噸	(2.5%)			
Scope 3	範 圍 3							
Other indirect								
Emission	其他間接排放	8.62	5.16	Tonnes 噸	67%			
Total	合計	12.06	8.69	Tonnes 噸	39%			

During the year, there was 12.06 tonnes (2019: 8.69 tonnes) of carbon dioxide equivalent greenhouse gases (mainly carbon dioxide, methane and nitrous oxide) emitted from the Group's operation. The annual emission intensity of the Group during the year was  $0.24 \text{ tCO}_{,e}/\text{m}^2$  (2019:  $0.17 \text{ tCO}_{,e}/\text{m}^2$ ).

於本年度內,本集團之經營活動排放了12.06噸 (二零一九年:8.69噸)的二氧化碳當量溫室氣體(主 要為二氧化碳、甲烷和氧化亞氮)。本集團於本年度 內的年度排放密度為每平方米0.24噸二氧化碳當量 (二零一九年:每平方米0.17噸二氧化碳當量)。

### A1.3 Non-hazardous Waste

The Group generated no hazardous waste in its operation. Non-hazardous waste from the Group's operation was mainly office paper but the management of the Group believed that the impact of non-hazardous waste arose from the waste paper is insignificant.

#### **Office** Paper

The Group practices paper saving initiatives, such as encouraging employees to use duplex printing for internal documents and adopt environmental-friendly photocopier. The Group strives to tackle the paper wastage problems in offices by establishing a paperless office. Hence, the Group advocates electronic storage and communication, such as receiving fax by email instead of printing, and delivering reports to shareholders in electronic copies.

Apart from reducing paper waste at source, paper recycling also contributes to conserving resources such as forests, energy and water. To efficiently recycle used paper, waste segregation and collection are particularly important. The Group provides ample facilities and procedures for paper waste collection so as to enhance recycling efficiency.

### A2.1 Use of resource — Electricity

The Group is committed to pursuing green office practices through energy saving measures and manages the use of resources to ensure they are resource-efficient in a sustainable manner.

Due to the nature of office's operations and business, the major resource consumed by the Group is electricity and there is no packaging materials used. During the year, the electricity consumption of the Group was 4,300 kWh (2019: 6,083 kWh). To prevent the excessive consumption of electricity, the companies regulate air conditioners to maintain optimal temperature and conduct regular inspection to turn off unused electrical appliances to lower energy consumption. The decrease of electricity consumption was mainly the result of the Group encouraged its staff to adopt energy saving measures through reminders and emails.

### A1.3 無害廢棄物

本集團在經營中不產生有害廢棄物。本集團經營 業務產生的無害廢棄物主要為辦公室用紙,然而, 本集團管理層相信,源自廢紙的無害廢棄物影響並 不重大。

### 辦公室用紙

本集團採取節省用紙措施,例如鼓勵僱員列印內 部文件時採用雙面列印,並採用環保複印機。本集團 致力於通過建立無紙化辦公室來應對辦公室的紙張 浪費問題。因此,本集團提倡電子存儲及通訊,例如 透過電郵而非印刷接收傳真,以及以電子副本向股 東送遞報告。

除了從源頭減少紙張浪費,紙張回收亦有助於保 護樹林、能源及水等資源。為了有效地回收廢紙,廢 物分類及收集尤其重要。本集團提供充足的廢紙收 集設施及程序,以提高回收效率。

### A2.1 資源使用一電力

本集團致力於通過節能措施追求綠色辦公實踐, 並管理資源使用,以確保其以可持續的方式提高資 源效率。

由於本集團於辦公室營運及開展業務,本集團主要使用電力資源,並無使用包裝材料。於本年度內, 本集團的用電量為4,300千瓦時(二零一九年:6,083 千瓦時)。為避免過度用電,公司們對空調進行調節 以保持最佳溫度,並進行定期檢查以關閉非使用中 的電器設備,以降低電力消耗。用電量減少主要是由 於本集團透過提醒及電郵鼓勵其員工採取節能措施。

### A3. Environmental and Natural Resources

The air pollution is mainly produced by photocopiers, stale air drawn in from outside through poorly located fresh air inlets and bacteria that enter the office. In order to improve the indoor air quality, a range of air pollution emission measures have been implemented by the Group and they were:

- Ensure air inlets are away from any source of pollutants and sufficient ventilation systems;
- Clean all air units regularly (e.g. air inlets, air outlets and filters); and
- Perform regular maintenance on carpet and furniture upholstery.

There was no non-compliance case noted in relation to environmental laws and regulations for the year.

### **B. SOCIAL**

### **B1. Employment and Labour Practices**

The Group offers competitive remuneration, promotional opportunity, compensation and benefit packages to attract and retain talents. The Group possesses a Remuneration Committee, which regularly reviews its remuneration policy. The Remuneration Committee ensures packages offered by the Group are appealing to employees and in line with the market trend. The Group had a total number of 3 (2019: 3) employees as of 31 December 2020, in which 100% was full time staff in Hong Kong.

### A3. 環境及天然資源

空氣污染主要由複印機、從外面通過位置欠佳的 新鮮空氣入口抽進來的污濁空氣以及進入辦公室的 細菌產生。為改善室內空氣質素,本集團已經實行多 項空氣污染排放措施,分別為:

- 確保進氣口遠離任何污染物來源及設有足夠 的通風系統;
- 定期清潔所有空調機(例如進氣口、出氣口 及過濾器);及
- 定期進行地毯及傢俱裝飾保養。

於本年度內,並無有關環境法律及規例的不合規 個案。

### B. 社會

### B1. 僱傭及勞工常規

本集團提供有競爭力的薪酬、晉升機會、補償及 福利待遇,以吸引及挽留人才。本集團設有薪酬委員 會,定期檢討其薪酬政策。薪酬委員會確保本集團所 提供的薪酬待遇對僱員具有吸引力,並符合市場趨 勢。截至二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團共有3 名(二零一九年:3名)職員,全部為在香港上班的全 職員工。

### a) Employee's Age and Gender Distribution

### a) 僱員年齡及性別分佈

		<b>2020</b> 二零二零年		<b>2019</b> 二零一九年	
Age Group	年齡組別	— ॡ — ॡ + Male	Female	— ҿ     лг+ Male	Female
0		男	女	男	女
0 - 15	0至15歲	0%	0%	0%	0%
16 - 18	16至18歲	0%	0%	0%	0%
19 - 30	19至30歲	0%	0%	0%	0%
31 - 45	31至45歲	33%	67%	33%	67%
46 - 60	46至60歲	0%	0%	0%	0%
=61 / > 61	61歲或以上	0%	0%	0%	0%
		2020		2019	
		二零二零年		二零一九年	
By Gender	按性別	Male	Female	Male	Female
		男	女	男	女
Under employment	受僱	33%	67%	33%	67%

Employees are entitled to discretionary cash bonus and mandatory provident fund. Additional fringe benefits include office insurance, employee compensation insurance, directors' and officers' liability insurance. Various types of paid leave are also offered on top of statutory requirement including annual leave, sick leave, maternity leave, paternity leave, compensation leave, compassionate leave and wedding leave. Employees working overtime are entitled to overtime allowance and compensation by time off. The Group may also at its sole discretion, to grant share options to employees as a longterm incentive aiming to motivate employees pursuing Group's goal and objectives. Employees including Directors can subscribe shares of the Company based on their performance and contribution to the Group.

The Group committed to ensure safe and healthy working environment for its employees and to inspire and strengthens workforce regardless of their age, gender and ethnical backgrounds. 僱員可享有酌情現金花紅及強制性公積 金。其他附帶福利包括辦公室保險,員工補 償保險,董事和高級職員責任保險。除了法 定要求外,亦提供各種類型的有薪假期(包 括年假、病假、產假、侍產假、補假、恩恤 假及婚假)。加班僱員有權獲得加班津貼及 補假補償。本集團亦可按其全權酌情決定向 僱員授予購股權作為長期激勵,旨在鼓勵僱 員追求本集團的宗旨及目標。僱員(包括董 事)可根據其表現及對本集團的貢獻認購本 公司股份。

本集團致力為其僱員確保安全及健康的 工作環境,並且激發及強化員工隊伍,不論 其年齡、性別及種族背景如何。

### b) Turnover Rate by Age Group and Gender

### b) 按年齡組別及性別劃分流失率

		2020		2019	
		二零二零年	二零二零年		
Age Group	年齡組別	Male	Female	Male	Female
		男	女	男	女
0 - 15	0至15歲	0%	0%	0%	0%
16 - 18	16至18歲	0%	0%	0%	0%
19 - 30	19至30歲	0%	0%	0%	0%
31 - 45	31至45歲	0%	33%	17%	17%
46 - 60	46至60歲	0%	0%	17%	0%
=61 / > 61	61歲或以上	0%	0%	0%	0%
		2020		2010	
				2019 一 雨 中 左	
D. O. Ju	ho he Di	二零二零年	<b>F</b>	二零一九年	<b>F</b> 1
By Gender	按性別	Male	Female	Male	Female
		男子的	女	男	女
Resigned staff	辭職員工	0%	33%	34%	17%

The Group will continue to provide a well-structured and caring environment to its employees to raise their sense of belonging and work efficiency at the Group.

### **B2. Employee Health and Safety**

Employee safety and health is always the Group's highest priority. With this in mind, the Group strives to ensure a safe working environment to minimise workplace accidents. Even though the Group, as an investment holding company, is tied with lower safety risk in daily operations, the Group regularly provides notices to remind employees on health and safety measures at work, such be guidelines on using electronic appliances. The Group is committed to providing a safe working environment by implementing the following key measures:

- Providing and maintaining in all workplaces under the Group's control a working environment which is safe and poses no threat to health
- Carrying out inspection for any unsafe condition and fix it immediately
- Smoking is prohibited in all enclosed areas within the offices, without exception

本集團將繼續為其僱員提供架構良好及 互相關懷的環境,以提高其在本集團的歸屬 感及工作效率。

### B2. 僱員健康與安全

本集團始終最重視員工安全與健康。本集團致力 確保安全的工作環境,盡量減少工作場所事故。儘管 本集團作為投資控股公司,日常運營的安全風險相 對較低,本集團定期發出通知,提醒僱員有關工作健 康與安全的措施,例如有關使用電子設備的指引。 本集團矢志於提供安全的工作環境,實施下列主要 措施:

- 提供及維持本集團控制之所有工作場地之安 全工作環境及對健康不構成威脅
- 對任何不安全狀況進行檢查並立即予以修正
- 在辦公室內所有密閉空間禁止吸煙,無一例
   外

The COVID-19 pandemic crisis has been putting pressure on the Group and its employees during the year. As part of the COVID-19 countermeasures and to prevent the spread of the virus, the Group has implemented stringent infection preventive measures to protect its employees. The Group's closely monitored the health of its employees every day by checking their body temperature, providing sufficient surgical masks and alcohol-based hand rub in the office. The Group also required its employees to consider using other methods such as online video meeting software for interviews or meetings. Employees are advised to wear masks and avoid physical contact (such as shaking hands, hugging) and crowded places when they are required to meet people or work outside in their local community.

During the year, the Group had no non-compliance case regarding violation of relevant laws and regulations on occupational health and safety. 於本年度,COVID-19疫情危機對本集團及其僱 員形成壓力。作為COVID-19對抗措施的一環,為防 止病毒傳播,本集團已執行嚴格的防疫措施以保護 僱員。通過在辦公室核查體溫、提供充足的外科口罩 及酒精擦手液,本集團每日密切監察僱員的身體健 康。本集團亦要求其僱員考慮採用網上視頻會議軟 件等其他方式進行訪談或會議。建議僱員在須於其 本地社區與他人會晤或進行室外工作時佩戴口罩, 並避免物理接觸(例如握手、擁抱)與擁擠場所。

於本年度內,本集團並無有關違反有關職業健康 與安全的相關法律及規例的不合規個案。

#### a) Occupational Health and Safety Data

#### a) 職業健康與安全數據

		202 二零二		201 二零一	-
Health and Safety	健康與安全	Male	Female	Male	Female
		男	女	男	女
Number of work- related fatalities	因工作關係死亡數字	0%	0%	0%	0%
Lost days due to work injury	因工傷而損失的工作 日數	0%	0%	0%	0%

#### **B3. Development and Training**

The package offered by the Group in relation to development and training includes training covering topics of business operations, policy and procedures of the Group, statutory and regulatory obligations of being a director. Ongoing trainings, briefings and seminars would also be provided to staff after the induction to refresh their professional knowledge and skills.

In addition to above, the Group also encourages and supports employees' personal development through attending external trainings and special early leave would be granted for training purpose. Thus, various types of suitable seminars or training courses will be recommended to employees via email and they can choose either registered personally or through the Company.

#### B3. 發展及培訓

本集團就發展及培訓給予的就任須知培訓涵蓋本 集團業務運作、政策及程序以及擔任董事的法定及 規管義務等課題。在就任後亦會提供持續培訓、簡報 及研討會,以重溫其專業知識及技能。

除上文所述者外,本集團亦通過出席外部培訓鼓勵及支持僱員的個人發展,並允許因培訓特別提前 下班。因此,本集團將通過電郵向僱員推薦各種類型 的合適研討會或培訓課程,其可以選擇自行或通過 本公司登記。

The Group also provides communication channel to its employees. Notices, emails, team briefings serve as the major channels of communication among the management and frontline staff. Performance appraisals and annual surveys also provided platforms for the management and frontline staff to evaluate their performances and voice out their expectations to the Group's future development. 本集團亦為其僱員提供溝通渠道。通告、電郵及 小組簡報為管理層與前線員工之間的主要溝通渠道。 表現評估及年度回顧亦為管理層及前線員工提供平 台,以評估其表現,並表達其對本集團未來發展的期 望。

### a) Staff Training Data by Grade

### a) 按等級組別員工培訓數據

			No. of staff 員工人數		aining hours /ed 小時總數
		2020 二零二零年	<b>2019</b> 二零一九年	<b>2019</b> 2020	
Senior Middle level Others	高級 中級 其他	2 0 0	2 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0

### b) Staff Training Data by Gender

### b) 按性別組別的員工培訓數據

				Total no. of training hours received 接受培訓的小時總數		
		2020	2019	2020	2019	
		二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年	
Male	男	1	1	2	2	
Female	女	1	1	2	2	

### **B4. Labour Standard**

No child or forced labour were employed in the Group's operations during the year which was in compliance with the Employment Ordinance, Chapter 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong in terms of employment management.

The Group lists specific requirements on advertisement to hire the most suitable candidate. All resume, original identification card, original certificate should be first checked by the interviewer during interview. The Group may contact candidate's preceded employer for reference.

#### B4.勞工準則

於本年度內,本集團的經營業務並無僱用童工或 強制勞工。本集團的僱傭管理符合香港法例第57章 《僱傭條例》。

本集團列出了廣告的具體要求,以僱用最合適的 候選人。所有履歷表、身份證正本及證書正本應首先 在面試時由面試官檢查。本集團或會聯絡應徵者的 前僱主以作參考。

Equal opportunities are given to employees in respect of recruitment, training and development, job advancement, and compensation and benefits. The employees are not discriminated against or deprived of such opportunities on the basis of gender, ethnic background, religion, race, sexual orientation, age, marital status, family status, retirement, disability, pregnancy or any other discrimination prohibited by applicable law. The Group also appreciates the importance of cultural diversity in the development of the Group, and employs employees in a wide range of ages, genders, and ethnicities.

In particular, the Group adopted a Board Diversity function under which the Board composition includes members from with different skills, industry knowledge and experience, education, background and other qualities without discrimination.

The Group has no tolerance for the use of forced labour or child labour in its business operations. The Group enters into employment contract with each of its employees in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations. If the use of forced labour or child labour is discovered, the Group will terminate the employment contract and investigate if further action is needed.

During the year, the Group had no non-compliance case regarding violation of relevant child labour and forced labour laws.

### **B5. Supply Chain Management**

The Group has been closely working with our suppliers to strengthen our sustainability portfolio and minimise risks throughout the supply chain and is committed to promoting sustainable and responsible operational standards. In this regard, the Group formulated a series of sustainable procurement policies and polices on obtaining quotations from more than one supplier for procurement of all equipment and products. 僱員在招聘、培訓及發展、晉升、報酬及福利方 面享有平等機會。僱員並不會基於性別、種族背景、 宗教、虜色、性傾向、年齡、婚姻狀況、家庭狀況、 退休、殘障、懷孕或適用法律所禁止之任何其他歧視 因素,而遭受歧視或被剝奪平等機會。本集團亦明白 文化多元化在本集團發展中的重要性,並僱用不同 年齡、性別及種族的僱員。

尤其是,本集團已設立了董事會多元化職能。董 事會成員擁有不同的技能、行業知識及經驗、教育、 背景及其他特質,沒有歧視。

本集團絕不允許在旗下業務營運中使用強迫勞工 或童工。本集團根據相關法律及法規與各僱員訂立 僱傭合約。倘發現使用任何強迫勞工或童工,本集團 即刻終止僱傭合約並調查是否需採取進一步行動。

於本年度內,本集團並無有關違反有關童工及強 制勞工法律的不合規個案。

### B5. 供應鏈管理

本集團一直與供應商緊密合作,以加強我們的可 持續性產品組合,並在整個供應鏈中將風險降至最 低,並致力於促進可持續和負責任的運營標準。在這 方面,本集團訂有一系列可持續採購政策及在採購 各項設備及產品時須從多於一個供應商取得報價之 政策。

The Group's suppliers mainly comprise of those providing general office supplies, such as water, paper and stationery and are all located in Hong Kong. The Group has set out a standardised supplier selection approach that generally selects suppliers based on their scale of business and reputation. Its suppliers should comply with all relevant local and national laws and regulations in relation to unethical behaviour, bribery, corruption and other prohibited business practices. The Group expects the suppliers to implement good employment measures by dealing with their employees fairly and reasonably, respecting employees' rights and providing employees with an environment free of discrimination, child labour and forced labour. The suppliers also need to adhere to transparent business processes and high standards of conduct which they have to avoid conflicts of interest and prohibit corruption and bribery. Prior to making any procurement decisions, the Group will conduct due diligence and assessments on suppliers to avoid environmental and social risks.

During the year, the Group did not aware that any key suppliers had any significant actual and potential negative impact on business ethics, environmental protection, human rights and labour practices, nor any of them had any non-compliance incident in respect of human rights issues.

### **B6. Product Responsibility**

As stated in the Group's Employee Manual, insider information is prohibited to disclose to third party, and so consumer data and privacy matters relating to services are protected. Employees are required to read the Employee Manual and follow strictly. The Group's operation did not involve in any product or service-related complaints.

The Group protects its intellectual property rights by registration of domain names in Hong Kong. Such domain name is renewed upon its expiration. The Group understands and complies with the intellectual property ("IP") rights regulations. During the year, there was no material infringement of the IP rights and the Group is confident that all reasonable measures have been taken to prevent any infringement of its own IP rights and the IP rights of third parties.

During the year, the Group had no non-compliance case regarding violations of relevant laws and regulations on product responsibility and data privacy. 本集團供應商主要由一般辦公室用品供應商組 成,如水、紙張及文具供應商等,且位於香港本地。 本集團訂明標準化的供應商篩選方式一般乃按供應 商之業務規模及聲譽揀選供應商。本集團的供應商 須遵守一切與不道德行為、賄賂、貪污及其他被禁 止商業實務有關的當地及國家法律和法規。本集團 期望供應商實施良好的僱傭措施,公平合理地對待 其僱員,尊重僱員權利並為僱員提供一個不存在歧 視、童工及強迫勞工的環境。供應商亦需要堅持依循 透明的業務流程及高規格的操守以避免利益衝突、 禁止貪污及賄賂。在作出採購決定前,本集團會對供 應商進行盡職調查及評估,以規避環境及社會風險。

年內,本集團概不知悉任何主要供應商對商業道 德、環保、人權及勞工實務造成任何重大實際及潛在 不利影響,亦不知悉任何彼等有任何有關人權事宜 的不合規事件。

#### B6.產品責任

誠如本集團的僱員手冊內所述,禁止向第三方披 露內幕消息,因此,與服務相關的消費者數據及私隱 事宜受到保護。僱員須閱讀僱員手冊並嚴格執行。 本集團的業務經營不涉及任何產品或服務相關投訴。

本集團於香港註冊域名以保護其知識產權。該域 名於屆滿後重續。本集團了解並遵守知識產權(「知 識產權」)規例。於本年度,本集團並無發生任何重 大知識產權侵權行為,本集團認為已採取一切合理 措施防止其本身的知識產權及第三方的知識產權遭 到任何侵犯。

於本年度內,本集團並無有關違反有關產品責任 及資料私隱的法律及規例的不合規個案。

#### **B7. Anti-corruption**

The Group commits to managing all business without undue influence and has regarded honesty, integrity, and fairness as its core values. All Directors and employees are required to strictly follow the Group's policy to prevent potential bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. Employees are regularly reminded about anti-corruption policies through memos. Whistle-blowing procedures on misconduct and malpractice (including corruption) are also established in the Group's policy. When suspicious case is received, the Group would undergo investigation procedures with secured protection on complainant's confidentially.

During the Year, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with the laws and regulations related to anticorruption.

### **B8. Community Investment**

To maintain a high standard of corporate governance, the Group acknowledged the importance of enhancing its transparency to the community. The community is regularly informed of updated news and directions of the Group through circulars, announcements and annual reports posted on the Company's website. The Group will consider its direction on focus area of community engagement and types of resources to be contributed.

### CONCLUSION

The Group has conducted the ESG Report in accordance with the Environmental, Social, Governmental Reporting Guide (Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules), all the information available for the reporting period are included in this report. The Group is committed to continue the ESG reporting on a regular basis and to improve on policies and procedures to the management, measurement and monitoring system of the ESG related strategies that will facilitate a more sustainable business growth.

### **B7.**反貪污

本集團致力於管理各項業務而不受不當影響,並 視誠實、誠信及公平為其核心價值。所有董事及僱員 均須嚴格遵守本集團的政策,以防止潛在的賄賂、 勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢活動。本集團通過備忘錄定期 提醒僱員注意遵守反貪污政策。本集團政策亦訂有 關於失當行為及不當手法(包括貪污)的舉報程序。 當收到可疑個案時,本集團會進行調查程序,對舉報 人身份嚴格保密。

於本年度,本集團並不知悉與反貪污有關的法律 法規的任何重大違約情況。

### B8.社區投資

為了保持高標準的企業管治,本集團承認增加其 透明度對社區的重要性。本集團通過在本公司網站 上發佈的通函、公佈及年報,定期告知社區本集團的 最新消息及方向。本集團將考慮其有關社區參與焦 點領域的方向以及將要貢獻的資源類型。

### 總結

本集團已經根據《上市規則》附錄二十七《環境、 社會及管治報告指引》進行環境、社會及管治報告, 所有於報告期內可得資料均載於本報告內。本集團致 力於定期繼續進行環境、社會及管治報告,並改進與 環境、社會及管治相關策略的管理、計量及監察系統 的政策及程序,這將可促進更可持續的業務增長。 The Directors submit their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020.

### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries during the year are investments in securities listed on recognised stock exchanges and unlisted investments with a potential for earnings growth and capital appreciation. The activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group's revenue for the year comprised interest earned from bank deposits, loans and receivables and convertible bonds.

### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

A fair review of the business of the Company and a discussion and analysis of the Group's performance during the year and the material factors underlying its results and financial position are provided in the "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion & Analysis" from pages 4 to 5 and pages 6 to 17 of this annual report respectively. The outlook of the Company's business is discussed in the "Chairman Statement" from pages 4 to 5 of this annual report. Description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Company can be found throughout this annual report particularly in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements. Particulars of important events affecting the Company that have occurred since the end of the financial year 2020, can be found in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements. Environmental policies and performance are discussed in the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" from pages 18 to 30 of this annual report.

董事謹此提呈董事會報告,連同本集團截至二零 二零年十二月三十一日止年度之經審核綜合財務報 表。

### 主要業務

本公司及其附屬公司於年內之主要業務為投資於 在認可證券交易所上市之證券及具盈利增長與資本 增值潛力之非上市投資項目。附屬公司之業務載於 綜合財務報表附註37。

本集團於年內之收入包括銀行存款、貸款和應收 款項及可轉換債券所獲得之利息。

#### 業務審視

對本公司業務的中肯審視以及本集團於本年度內 之表現以及其業績及財務狀況之相關重大因素的討 論及分析,分別在本年報第4至5頁「主席報告」及第6 至17頁「管理層討論及分析」提供。本公司業務前景 在本年報第4至5頁「主席報告」討論。對本公司面對 的主要風險及不明朗因素的描述載於本年報多處, 尤其是綜合財務報表附註6。在二零二零財政年度終 結後發生的、對本公司有影響的重大事件的詳情, 載於綜合財務報表附註38。環境政策及表現在本年 報第18至30頁之「環境、社會及管治報告」內討論。

### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

## COMPLIANCE WITH RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group's investments are partially carried out by the Company's subsidiaries established in the British Virgin Islands while the Company itself was incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability and continued in Bermuda with limited liability with its shares listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange. Our establishment and operations accordingly shall comply with relevant laws and regulations in the Bermuda, the British Virgin Islands and Hong Kong.

During the year ended 31 December 2020 and up to the date of this annual report, we have complied in material respects with the relevant rules, laws and regulations in the Cayman Islands, where applicable, and Bermuda, the British Virgin Islands and Hong Kong that have a significant impact on the Group.

### KEY RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

As the Group principally engages in investments in listed and unlisted securities, no specific customers or suppliers will be involved in the operation of business. The investee companies and the investment manager are good working partners creating value for the Group. The Group also values the knowledge and skills of its employees, and continues to provide favourable career development opportunities for its employees.

### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 74.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### RESERVES

Movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 76 and note 33 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

### **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group and the Company are set out in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

### 遵守有關法律及規例

本集團之投資部分由本公司於英屬處女群島成立 之附屬公司進行,而本公司本身則為於開曼群島注 冊成立並於百慕達存續之有限公司,其股份在聯交 所主板上市。因此,本集團之成立及經營業務須遵守 百慕達、英屬處女群島及香港的有關法律及規例。

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度內及截 至本年報日期為止,本集團已於重大方面遵守開曼 群島(如適用)及百慕達、英屬處女群島及香港對本 集團有重大影響的有關規則、法律及規例。

### 與僱員、客戶及供應商的重要關係

由於本集團之主要業務為投資於上市及非上市證 券,因此概無在業務營運中牽涉特定客戶或供應商。 被投資公司及投資管理人為良好工作夥伴,為本集 團創造價值。本集團亦重視僱員的知識及技能並繼 續為僱員提供有利的事業發展機會。

### 業績及分配

本集團於本年度之業績載於第74頁之綜合損益及 其他全面收益表。

董事不建議就截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止 年度派付任何股息。

#### 儲備

有關本集團及本公司之儲備於本年度之變動情況 分別載於第76頁之綜合權益變動表及綜合財務報表 附註33。

### 物業、廠房及設備

有關本集團及本公司物業、廠房及設備之變動詳 情載於綜合財務報表附註18。

### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of the movements in share capital of the Company are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

No distributable reserve of the Company at 31 December 2020, according to the Companies Act of Bermuda.

### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws or applicable laws of Bermuda.

### **FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 156.

## PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SHARES

The Company did not redeem any of its listed shares during the year. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased or sold any of the Company's listed shares during the year.

### **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

The Company does not have share option scheme.

### **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

No equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issues shares were entered into during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

### 股本

有關本公司股本之變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附 註31。

### 可供分派儲備

根據百慕達《公司法》,本公司於二零二零年十二 月三十一日沒有可供分派儲備。

### 優先購買權

本公司之細則或百慕達適用法例均無載列有關優 先購買權之規定。

### 五年財務概要

本集團最近五個財政年度之業績及資產負債概要 載於第156頁。

### 購買、出售或贖回上市股份

本公司概無於年內贖回其任何上市股份。本公司 或其任何附屬公司概無於年內購買或出售任何本公 司上市股份。

### 購股權計劃

本公司並無任何購股權計劃。

### 股票掛鈎協議

本公司在本年度中並無訂立,於年末亦不存在將 或可能導致本公司發行股份或要求本公司訂立任何 將或可能導致本公司發行股份之協議的股票掛鈎協 議。

### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

### DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Wu Ming Gai Chan Carman Wing Yan Wong Chung Yan Sammy William Keith Jacobsen Chen Albert Chan Man Yi Leung Yin Ting Jiang Qian

Pursuant to the bye-laws of the Company (the "Bye-Laws") and with the recommendation of the nomination committee of the Company, Mr. Wu Ming Gai, Mr. Wong Chung Yan Sammy, Ms. Chan Man Yi and Ms. Chan Carman Wing Yan, being the longest in office and determined by lot, shall retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

Mr. William Keith Jacobsen, Mr. Chen Albert and Mr. Wong Chung Yan Sammy are non-executive Directors.

Ms. Chan Man Yi, Ms. Leung Yin Ting and Mr. Jiang Qian are independent non-executive Directors.

The Company has received annual confirmation from each of the independent non-executive Directors as regards their independence of the Company and considers that each of the independent non-executive Directors is independent of the Company.

### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with any member of the Company which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

#### 董事

年內及截至本報告刊發日期在任之董事如下:

胡陳黃葉陳陳梁蔣銘詠中偉雅敏燕住旅仁其博儀婷

根據本公司細則(「細則」)及本公司提名委員會推 薦,胡銘佳先生、黃中仁先生、陳敏儀女士及陳詠欣 女士(自最近一次當選後任職最長並以抽籤方式決定 的董事)須於本公司來屆股東週年大會上輪值退任。

葉偉其先生、陳雅博先生及黃中仁先生為非執行 董事。

陳敏儀女士、梁燕婷女士及蔣謙先生均為獨立非 執行董事。

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事就彼等對本公司 之獨立性而作出之年度確認,而本公司亦認為各獨 立非執行董事對本公司均為獨立。

#### 董事之服務合約

有意在即將舉行之股東週年大會上膺選連任之董 事概無與本公司任何成員公司訂立任何該等公司不 作補償(法定賠償除外)則不可於一年內終止之服務 合約。

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Mr. Wu Ming Gai's interest in contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business are set out in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

Save as disclosed above, no transactions, arrangements or other contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, or its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company or his connected entities had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

# **PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION**

The Bye-Laws provides that every Director shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all liability incurred by him as such director in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour, or in which he is acquitted.

The Company has taken out insurance against the liabilities and costs associated with defending any proceedings which may be brought against the Directors and officers of the Company and its subsidiaries. Such insurance was in force during the year ended 31 December 2020 and remained in force as of the date of this annual report.

### 董事在交易、安排或合約中的權益

胡銘佳先生於就本集團的業務而言屬重大的合約 中具有的權益的詳情,載於綜合財務報表附註**36**。

除上文所披露者外,於本年度終結或於本年度的 任何時間概無就本集團的業務而言屬重大:由本公 司或其附屬公司訂立:及本公司董事或其有關連實 體在其中有直接或間接的擁有重大權益的交易、安 排或其他合約。

#### 獲准許的彌償條文

細則規定,每名董事(作為董事)在獲判勝訴或獲 判無罪的民事或刑事法律程序中進行辯護所招致的 任何法律責任,均須從本公司的資產中撥付彌償。

本公司已經就在可能針對本公司及其附屬公司的 董事及高級人員提起的任何法律程序中進行辯護有 關的法律責任及費用購買保險。該等保險於截至二 零二零年十二月三十一日止年度生效,並於截至本 年報日期止期間持續有效。

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

#### **BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS**

Brief biographical details of Directors are set out below:

#### **Executive Directors:**

Mr. Wu Ming Gai, aged 45, joined the Company in July 2015. He was re-designated from a non-executive director to an executive director of the Company effective from 1 March 2016 and appointed as the chairman of the board of directors of the Company in February 2019. He is also a director of each subsidiary of our Company. Mr. Wu is one of the directors and responsible officers of Tiger Securities Asset Management Company Limited ("Tiger Securities") (as the investment manager of the Company since 1 March 2016). Mr. Wu is currently licensed under the Securities and Futures Commission ("SFC") to carry out Type 1 (dealing in securities), Type 4 (advising on securities) and Type 9 (assets management) regulated activities accredited to Tiger Securities. He has obtained the Honor Diploma of Accounting from the Hong Kong Shue Yan University in July 1999. He has over 12 years of management experience in fund accounting and asset management. He was the chief operating officer of Tiger Securities from 2007 to 2012 responsible for the overall operation of fund management. Since 2013, he has been the director of the same company responsible for the general management of regulated activities.

Ms. Chan Carman Wing Yan, aged 41, was appointed as an executive director of the Company, and the chairman and a member of investment committee of the Company on 25 February 2019. She was appointed as chief executive officer of the Company on 3 June 2019. She is one of the responsible officers of Bradbury Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited ("BAM"). Ms. Chan is currently a licensed person to carry out type 9 (asset management) regulated activities under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO"). Ms. Chan holds a Master of Business Administration Degree from the University of Wales, Newport, United Kingdom. She has previous work experiences in Hong Kong, Canada and Europe. She is experienced in dealing in securities, fund management, corporate management, corporate finance and managing investment companies listed under Chapter 21 of the Listing Rules on the Stock Exchange. Before joining BAM as a responsible officer in 2016, Ms. Chan acted as a type 4 (Advising on Securities) and type 9 (asset Management) responsible officer, executive director and chief operating officer of Iridium Capital Limited, a SFC licensed corporation since 2015. From 2011 to 2015, Ms. Chan worked for CU Investment Management Limited, which was the investment manager of National Investments Fund Limited (stock code: 1227), a company listed on the Stock Exchange. Ms. Chan was an independent non-executive director of Dadi International Group Limited (formerly known as Zhi Cheng Holdings Limited) (stock code: 8130), a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange, during the period from July 2015 to November 2017.

### 董事履歷

各董事之履歷載列如下:

#### 執行董事:

胡銘佳先生,現年45歲,於二零一五年七月加入 本公司。由二零一六年三月一日起,胡先生由本公 司非執行董事調任為執行董事,並於二零一九年二 月獲委任為本公司董事會主席。彼亦為本公司各附 屬公司的董事。胡先生為泰嘉證券資產管理有限公 司(「泰嘉證券」)(由二零一六年三月一日起擔任本公 司投資管理人)其中一名董事及負責人員。胡先生目 前於證券及期貨事務監察委員會(「證監會」)持牌可 以隸屬泰嘉證券的身份進行第1類(證券交易)、第4 類(就證券提供意見)及第9類(提供資產管理)受規管 活動。胡先生於一九九九年七月取得香港樹仁大學 之會計學榮譽文憑。其在基金會計及資產管理方面 擁有超過12年管理經驗。由二零零七年至二零一二 年,胡先生為泰嘉證券營運總監,負責基金管理之整 體營運。由二零一三年起,胡先生為該公司董事,負 責受規管活動之一般管理。

陳詠欣女士,41歲,於二零一九年二月二十五日 獲委任為本公司執行董事,兼本公司投資委員會主席 及成員。彼於二零一九年六月三日獲委任為本公司 行政總裁。彼為源盛資產管理(香港)有限公司(「源 盛資產管理」)的負責人員之一。陳女士現為可從事 香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例(「《證券及期貨條 例》」)下第9類(提供資產管理)受規管活動的持牌人 士。陳女士持有英國威爾士新港大學工商管理碩士 學位。彼曾在香港、加拿大及歐洲工作。彼於證券交 易、基金管理、企業管理、企業融資及根據聯交所上 市規則第二十一章上市的投資公司管理方面擁有豐 富經驗。陳女士在二零一六年加入源盛資產管理擔 任負責人員前,曾擔任泓達資產管理有限公司(自二 零一五年起持證監會牌照之公司)之第4類(就證券提 供意見)及第9類(提供資產管理)負責人員、執行董 事兼營運總監。陳女士於二零一一年至二零一五年 曾任職富聯投資管理有限公司,該公司曾為國盛投 資基金有限公司(於聯交所上市之公司,股份代號: 1227)的投資經理。於二零一五年七月至二零一七年 十一月期間,陳女士曾為大地國際集團有限公司(前 稱智城控股有限公司)(於聯交所GEM上市之公司, 股份代號:8130)之獨立非執行董事。

#### **Non-executive Directors:**

Mr. William Keith Jacobsen, aged 54, is a non-executive Director and member of investment committee of the Company since 17 November 2014. Mr. Jacobsen is the chief executive officer of a licensed corporation to advise on corporate finance matters. He obtained a Bachelor of Laws degree from the University of Hong Kong and a Master of Business Administration from the University of British Columbia. Mr. Jacobsen has more than 25 years of experience in corporate finance and business development. He was an executive director of Auto Italia Holdings Limited (stock code: 720) for the period from 1 January 2012 to 17 October 2015. He was a non-executive director of Ping An Securities Group (Holdings) Limited (stock code: 231) for the period from 12 August 2015 to 30 September 2016. He was also an independent non-executive director of King Stone Energy Group Limited (stock code: 663), Qingdao Holdings International Limited (stock code: 499). Hongda Financial Holding Limited (stock code: 1822), China Financial Leasing Group Limited (stock code: 2312), Sustainable Forest Holdings Limited (stock code: 723) and Solis Holdings Limited (stock code: 2227) for the period from 26 September 2008 to 30th September 2011, from 20 June 2008 to 27 September 2014, from 7 January 2013 to 29 August 2014, from 1 February 2013 to 30 April 2015, from 4 January 2013 to 29 December 2017 and 25 September 2019 to 30 September 2020 respectively. Mr. Jacobsen is currently an independent nonexecutive director of abc Multiactive Limited (stock code: 8131) and an independent non-executive director of KK Culture Holdings Limited (stock code: 550).

**Mr. Chen Albert**, aged 33, was appointed as a non-executive director of the Company on 1 August 2018. He is currently a member of remuneration committee of the Company. He holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics and Computer Science of University of Michigan in the United States of America. Mr. Chen is currently the head of blockchain department of a technology company in crypto-currency industry. He is also founder and chief consultant of a consultancy company, which provides advisory services on start-ups on physical product design, engineering and production. Mr. Chen has over 7 years' experience in his entrepreneurship. Mr. Chen is a son of Mr. Chen Chien Yeh, a substantial shareholder of the Company.

#### 非執行董事:

葉偉其先生,現年54歲,自二零一四年十一月 十七日起擔任本公司非執行董事及投資委員會成員。 葉先生為一家就機構融資事宜提供意見之持牌法團 的行政總裁。他取得香港大學法律學士學位及加拿 大英屬哥倫比亞大學工商管理碩士學位。葉先生在 企業融資及業務發展方面擁有逾25年經驗。於二零 一二年一月一日至二零一五年十月十七日期間,葉先 生擔任意達利控股有限公司(股份代號:720)執行董 事。於二零一五年八月十二日至二零一六年九月三十 日期間,其為平安證券集團(控股)有限公司(股份代 號:231)非執行董事。他亦分別於二零零八年九月 二十六日至二零一一年九月三十日期間、二零零八年 六月二十日至二零一四年九月二十七日期間、二零 -三年一月七日至二零一四年八月二十九日期間、二 零一三年二月一日至二零一五年四月三十日期間、二 零一三年一月四日至二零一十年十二月二十九日及 二零一九年九月二十五日至二零二零年九月三十日 期間擔任金山能源集團有限公司(股份代號:663)、 青島控股國際有限公司(股份代號:499)、弘達金融 控股有限公司(股份代號:1822)、中國金融租賃集 團有限公司(股份代號:2312)、永保林業控股有限 公司(股份代號:723)及守益控股有限公司(股份代 號:2227)之獨立非執行董事。葉先生目前為辰罡科 技有限公司(股份代號:8131)之獨立非執行董事及 KK文化控股有限公司(股份代號:550)之獨立非執行 董事。

陳雅博先生,33歲,於二零一八年八月一日獲委 任為本公司非執行董事。彼目前為本公司薪酬委員 會成員。彼持有美利堅合眾國密歇根大學頒發的經 濟學及電腦科學文學士學位。陳先生目前為加密貨 幣行業一家科技公司的區塊鏈部門主管。陳先生亦 為一家顧問公司的創辦人及首席顧問,該公司就實 體產品的設計、工程技術及生產為初創企業提供諮 詢服務。陳先生有超過七年之創業經驗。陳先生為本 公司主要股東陳建業先生的兒子。

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

**Mr. Wong Chung Yan Sammy**, aged 56, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 23 March 2018, and re-designated as a non-executive director on 14 December 2018. He is currently a member of each of the audit committee and nomination committee of the Company. Mr. Wong holds a Bachelor's degree in Social Science from the Chinese University of Hong Kong. He has over 28 years of financial planning & modeling, investment analysis & execution and project & liquidity management experience in banking and commercial industry. Mr. Wong had held senior management positions in various subsidiaries of certain companies listed in Hong Kong. He is now also a director of a private securities company in Hong Kong. Mr. Wong is currently a director of a subsidiary of the Company namely Studio V Limited.

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors:**

**Ms. Chan Man Yi**, aged 56, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 21 August 2018. She is currently the chairman and a member of each of the audit committee and the nomination committee of the Company and a member of the remuneration committee of the Company. Ms. Chan was graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University with a Master's degree in professional accounting and has over 25 years of experience in pension and provident fund industry. Ms. Chan is a member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Ms. Chan was the company secretary of Glory Mark Hi-Tech (Holdings) Limited (stock code: 8159) from 4 December 2012 to 10 January 2019 and she is currently an independent non-executive director of Orient Securities International Holdings Limited (stock code: 8001), both companies are listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange.

**Ms. Leung Yin Ting**, aged 39, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 14 December 2018. She is currently a member of each of the audit committee and remuneration committee of the Company. Ms. Leung is a barrister in Hong Kong and was called to the Bar of Hong Kong in 2013. She is currently a member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and has achieved the specialist qualification in insolvency of HKICPA in 2016. Ms. Leung obtained a Bachelor degree of Laws from University of Warwick, the United Kingdom in 2004, and Postgraduate Certificate in Laws from the University of Hong Kong in 2006. Before pursuing her career in Law, she has more than four years' audit experience in the Big Four accounting firms in Hong Kong.

黃中仁先生,56歲,於二零一八年三月二十三日 獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事,並於二零一八年 十二月十四日獲調任為非執行董事。彼現為本公司 審核委員會及提名委員會成員。黃先生持有香港中 文大學社會科學學士學位。彼於財務策劃及模型、 投資分析及執行,以及銀行及商業領域的項目及流 動資金管理方面,累積超過28年經驗。黃先生曾於 若干香港上市公司的多家附屬公司擔任高級管理職 位。彼目前亦為香港一家私人證券公司之董事。黃 先生目前為本公司一家附屬公司(Studio V Limited) 的董事。

#### 獨立非執行董事:

陳敏儀女士,56歲,於二零一八年八月二十一日 獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼現為本公司審 核委員會及提名委員會主席及成員,亦為本公司薪 酬委員會成員。陳女士畢業於香港理工大學,獲授 專業會計碩士學位,於退休金及公積金行業累積逾 25年經驗。陳女士為香港會計師公會會員。自二零 一二年十二月四日至二零一九年一月十日陳女士為 輝煌科技(控股)有限公司(股份代號:8159)之公司 秘書:彼現任東方滙財證券國際控股有限公司(股份 代號:8001)之獨立非執行董事,該兩家公司均在聯 交所GEM上市。

**梁燕婷女士**,39歲,於二零一八年十二月十四日 獲委任本公司獨立非執行董事。彼現為本公司審核 委員會及薪酬委員會成員。梁女士為香港大律師, 於二零一三年取得香港大律師資格。彼現時為香港 會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)之會員,並於二零 一六年獲得香港會計師公會的破產重整專項資格。 梁女士於二零零四年自英國華威大學獲得法學士學 位,並於二零零六年自香港大學獲得法學專業證書。 投身法律事業之前,彼於香港四大會計師事務所擁 有逾四年審計經驗。

Mr. Jiang Qian, aged 42, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 14 December 2018. He is currently the chairman and a member of remuneration committee of the Company and a member of the nomination committee of the Company. From September 2007 to November 2009, Mr. Jiang worked at an attorney at Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, where he was involved in the public offering and bond issuance. From January 2010 to November 2011, he worked as a counsel at King & Wood Law Firm (金杜律師事務所), where his practice focuses on capital market and public offerings. From January 2012 to January 2015, he served as a managing director at Bank of New York Mellon, where he was responsible for the management of its legal affairs. From February 2015 to December 2015, Mr. Jiang served as a managing director at China Commodity Merchant Trading Group Limited, a subsidiary of Elion Resources Group (億利資源集團), a company mainly engaged in ecological restoration and clean energy, where he was responsible for its investment and financing in Hong Kong. From December 2015 to June 2018, he served as co-head of the legal department at China Great Wall AMC (International) Holdings Company Limited (中國長城資產 (國際) 控股有限公司) (formerly known as Great Wall Pan Asia International Investment Company Limited (長城環亞國際投資有限公司)), a company mainly engaged in property investment and financial business, where he was responsible for the management of its legal affairs in Hong Kong. Since November 2018, he has been serving as a partner at Addleshaw Goddard (Hong Kong) LLP, where his practice focuses on debt capital markets and special situation transactions such as restructuring. Mr. Jiang obtained his bachelor's degree in economic law from East China University of Political Science and Law (華東政法大學) in the PRC in July 1999, and his master of laws degree from Northwestern University in the United States in June 2007. Mr. Jiang obtained the legal professional qualification certificate in the PRC in February 2000 and was admitted and licensed to practise as an attorney and counselor in the state of New York of the United States in July 2008. Mr. Jiang is currently an independent non-executive director of China Gingko Education Group Company Limited (stock code: 1851).

**蔣謙先生**,42歲,於二零一八年十二月十四日獲 委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼現為本公司薪酬 委員會主席及成員,亦為本公司提名委員會成員。 自二零零七年九月至二零零九年十一月,蔣先生於 達維律師事務所擔任律師,參與公開發售及債券發 行。自二零一零年一月至二零一一年十一月,彼於 金杜律師事務所擔任法律顧問,專注於資本市場及 公開發售事務。自二零一二年一月至二零一五年一 月,彼於紐約梅隆銀行擔任董事總經理,負責管理法 律事務。自二零一五年二月至二零一五年十二月, 蔣先生於China Commodity Merchant Trading Group Limited(為億利資源集團的附屬公司,主要從事生態 修復及清潔能源業務)擔任董事總經理,負責該公司 於香港的投資及融資。自二零一五年十二月至二零 一八年六月,彼於中國長城資產(國際)控股有限公 司(前稱長城環亞國際投資有限公司,主要從事物業 投資及金融業務)擔任法務部聯席主管,負責管理其 香港法律事務。自二零一八年十一月起,彼為安勝恪 道(香港)有限法律責任合夥律師行之合夥人,主要 負責債務資本市場及重組等特殊情況交易。蔣先生 於一九九九年七月從中國華東政法大學獲得經濟法 學士學位,並於二零零七年六月從美國西北大學獲 得法律碩士學位。蔣先生於二零零零年二月於中國 取得法律專業資格證書,並於二零零八年七月獲美 國紐約州接納並頒授律師及法律顧問執業資格。蔣 先生目前為中國銀杏教育集團有限公司(股份代號: 1851)的獨立非執行董事。

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

# DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at 31 December 2020, none of the Directors or the chief executive (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company had, nor were they taken to or deemed to have under Part XV of the SFO, any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) or any interests which are required to be entered into the register kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of the Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") to the Listing Rules.

At no time during the year ended 31 December 2020 was the Company or any of its subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors or chief executives (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company (including their spouse and children under 18 years of age) to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporates.

# 董事及最高行政人員於本公司或任何相聯 法團之股份、相關股份及債權證之權益及 淡倉

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,概無本公司董事 或最高行政人員(定義見《上市規則》)於本公司或任 何相聯法團(具《證券及期貨條例》第XV部之涵義)之 股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有或根據《證券及期貨 條例》第XV部被當作或視為擁有,或本公司根據《證 券及期貨條例》第352條置存之股東名冊所記錄,或 根據《上市規則》之上市發行人董事進行證券交易之 標準守則(「標準守則」)而須另行知會本公司及聯交 所之任何權益或淡倉。

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本公 司或其任何附屬公司概無參與任何安排,致使本公 司董事或最高行政人員(定義見《上市規則》)(包括其 配偶及未滿18歲之子女)可透過收購本公司或任何其 他法團的股份或債權證而獲益。

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2020, the Company had been notified of the following substantial shareholders' interests and short position, being 5% or more of the Company's shares and underlying shares which are required to be recorded in the register of interests in shares and short positions maintained under Section 336 of the SFO:

# 主要股東於本公司之股份及相關股份之權 益及淡倉

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,按《證券及期 貨條例》第336條須置存之股份權益及淡倉登記冊顯 示,本公司獲知會以下主要股東擁有本公司股份及 相關股份佔5%或以上之權益及淡倉:

Deveenters of

			Percentage of total issued shares of the Company as at 31 December 2020
Name of shareholders 股東姓名/名稱	Capacity/Nature of Interests 身份/權益性質	Number of ordinary shares held 所持有普通股數目	佔本公司於二零二零年 十二月三十一日之 已發行股份總數百分比
	_ ろ W / 惟皿 E 良	川时旧但应及数百	
Chen Chien Yeh 陳建業	Beneficial owner/ Beneficial interest 實益擁有人/實益權益	97,830,790 (L)	27.20%
Solution Smart Holdings Limited	Beneficial owner/ Beneficial interest	5,174,000 (L) (Notes 1 & 2)	1.44%
	實益擁有人/實益權益	(附註1和2)	
SW Venture Asia Limited	Interest in a controlled corporation/ Corporate interest	5,174,000 (L) (Notes 1 & 2)	1.44%
	受控制法團權益/法團權益	(附註1和2)	
Yeung Shing Wai	Interest in a controlled corporation/ Corporate interest	5,174,000 (L) (Notes 1 & 2)	1.44%
楊成偉	受控制法團權益/法團權益	(附註1和2)	
(L) — Long Position (S) — Short Position		(L) 一好倉 (S) 一淡倉	
Notes:		附註:	
	ed, a company incorporated in the nited liability, is wholly owned by Venture Asia Limited, a company	島註冊成立之有限公司	gs Limited乃一家於英屬處女群 ,由SW Venture Asia Limited全 Asia Limited乃一家於英屬處女

- British Virgin Islands with limited liability, is wholly owned by SW Venture Asia Limited. SW Venture Asia Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability, is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Yeung Shing Wai. Accordingly, Mr. Yeung Shing Wai and SW Venture Asia Limited are deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Solution Smart Holdings Limited under the SFO.
- 2. Following the completion of the Rights Issue in October 2019, the Company had not received any notifications of disclosure of interests from those shareholders reporting the change in percentage of shares. Based on the issued shares as at 31 December 2020, the percentage level of those shareholders had been reduced to below 5%.
- Boultion Smart Holdings Limited.) 一家於央屬處女群島註冊成立之有限公司,由SW Venture Asia Limited全資擁有。SW Venture Asia Limited乃一家於英屬處女群島註冊成立之有限公司,由楊成偉先生全資實益擁有。因此,根據《證券及期貨條例》,楊成偉先生及SW Venture Asia Limited被視為於Solution Smart Holdings Limited所持有之股份中擁有權益。
- 於二零一九年十月完成供股後,本公司尚未自該等股 東就匯報股份百分比變動收到任何有關利益披露的通 知。根據於二零二零年十二月三十一日的已發行股份, 該等股東的百分比水平已降至5%以下。

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2020, the Company has not been notified of any other interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which had been recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO.

## **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

Details of significant management contracts in relation to the Company's business are set out in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

Save as disclosed above, no other contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

The Group is an investment holding company. In the opinion of the Directors, it is therefore of no value to disclose details of the Group's customers and suppliers.

# CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS AND CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Significant related party transactions entered by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2020 which also constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules, are disclosed in note 36(a) to the consolidated financial statements.

During the year, the above-mentioned connected transactions or continuing connected transactions are constituted exempted transactions under chapter 14A of the Listing Rules which were carried out and disclosed in compliance with the relevant requirement under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

## **CHANGES IN DIRECTORS' INFORMATION**

Changes in directors' information in respect of the period between the publication date of the 2020 interim report of the Company and this report, which are required to be disclosed pursuant to the requirement of Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules are set out in the section of "Biographical Details Of Directors" of this annual report.

除上文所披露者外,於二零二零年十二月三十一 日,本公司概無接獲任何通知指有任何其他人士擁 有須記錄於根據《證券及期貨條例》第336條所存置登 記冊的本公司股份及相關股份的任何其他權益或淡 倉。

### 管理合約

與本公司業務有關之重大管理合約之詳情載於綜 合財務報表附註36。

除上文所披露者外,於年內並無訂立或存在任何 其他有關本公司業務之整體或任何重要部分之管理 及行政工作之合約。

#### 主要客戶及供應商

本集團為一間投資控股公司,故此,董事認為毋 須披露本集團客戶及供應商之詳情。

## 關連交易及持續關連交易

本集團於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 所訂立而構成《上市規則》下之關連交易或持續關連 交易之重大關聯方交易在綜合財務報表附註36(a)中 披露。

於本年度內,上述關連交易或持續關連交易構成 《上市規則》第十四A章所指之獲豁免交易,其已遵從 《上市規則》第十四A章之有關規定進行及披露。

### 董事資料之變更

自二零二零年本公司中期報告刊發日期至本報 告刊發日期期間須根據《上市規則》第13.51B(1)條規 定予以披露之董事資料變更載於本年度報告「董事履 歷」一節。

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

As at the date of this report, the Company's Audit Committee is composed of one non-executive Director, namely Mr. Wong Chung Yan Sammy, two independent non-executive Directors, namely, Ms. Chan Man Yi (Chairman) and Ms. Leung Yin Ting. It reports directly to the Board and reviews matters within the scope of audit, such as financial statements and internal controls, to protect the interests of the Company's shareholders.

The Audit Committee meets regularly with the Company's external auditor, to discuss audit process and accounting issues, and reviews effectiveness of internal controls and risk evaluation. Written terms of reference, which describes the authority and duties of the Audit Committee are regularly reviewed and updated by the Board. The terms of reference is available on the Company's website and the website of the Stock Exchange.

The Audit Committee has reviewed with management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed internal controls and financial reporting matters including review and approval of the annual results for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### **PUBLIC FLOAT**

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the date of this report, there is sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules.

# 審核委員會

於本報告日期,本公司審核委員會成員包括一名 非執行董事黃中仁先生以及兩名獨立非執行董事陳 敏儀女士(主席)及梁燕婷女士。其直接向董事會匯 報,並檢討審核範圍以內的事宜,例如財務報表及內 部監控,以保障本公司股東的權益。

審核委員會與本公司外聘核數師定期舉行會議, 以討論審核程序及會計事宜,並檢討內部監控及風 險評估是否有效。其成文權責範圍描述審核委員會 的權限及職責,並由董事會定期檢討及更新。權責範 圍載於本公司網站及聯交所網站。

審核委員會已與管理層一同審閲本集團採用之 會計原則及慣例,並曾就內部監控及財務匯報等事 宜進行討論,當中包括審閱及批准截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度之全年業績。

## 公眾持股量

根據本公司可供公開且董事亦知悉之資料計算, 於本報告刊發日期,本公司均維持《上市規則》所規 定不少於本公司已發行股份25%之足夠公眾持股量。

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

### **AUDITOR**

World Link CPA Limited, who acted as auditor of the Company for the financial years of 2016, 2017 and 2018, resigned on 23 December 2019 and McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited ("McMillan Woods") was appointed as auditor of the Company on 23 December 2019.

The financial statements of the Group for the years ended 31 December 2019 and 2020 have been audited by McMillan Woods. A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint McMillan Woods as the auditor of the Company.

## **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE**

Details of significant events occurring after the reporting date are set out in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements.

By order of the Board Cocoon Holdings Limited Wu Ming Gai Chairman

Hong Kong, 30 March 2021

### 核數師

在二零一六、二零一七及二零一八財政年度擔任 本公司核數師之華普天健會計師事務所有限公司於 二零一九年十二月二十三日辭任,而長青(香港)會 計師事務所有限公司(「長青」)於二零一九年十二月 二十三日獲委任為本公司核數師。

本集團截至二零一九年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度之財務報表由長青審核。在本公司 應屆股東週年大會上將會提呈決議案,以續聘長青 為本公司核數師。

# 報告日期後事項

報告日期後發生的重大事項的詳情載於綜合財務 報表附註38內。

承董事會命 中國天弓控股有限公司 *主席* 胡銘佳

香港,二零二一年三月三十日

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

Maintaining high standards of corporate governance in everything we do.

Sound corporate governance practices are crucial to the smooth, effective and transparent operation of a company and its ability to attract investment, protect rights of shareholders and stakeholders, and enhance shareholder value. The Company is committed to high standards of corporate governance with a view to being transparent, open and accountable to our shareholders.

The Company adopted all the code provisions in the Corporate Governance Code (the "Code") contained in appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited as its own code on corporate governance practices.

The Company had met the relevant code provisions set out in the Code during the year. The Board will continue to monitor and review the Company's corporate governance practices to ensure compliance with the Code.

# 企業管治

在本集團進行一切活動時均維持高水平的企業管 治。

穩健的企業管治常規對公司的順暢、有效及具透 明度的運作,以及其吸引投資、保障股東及持份者權 利及提升股東價值的能力十分關鍵。本公司致力維持 高水平的企業管治,以對其股東透明、公開及問責。

本公司已採納香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市 規則附錄十四所載的《企業管治守則》(「該守則」)內 所有守則條文,作為其本身的企業管治常規守則。

於本年度內,本公司已遵守該守則所載的有關守 則條文。董事會將繼續監察並檢視本公司的企業管 治常規,以確保遵守準該守則。

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### Composition

The Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") currently comprises two executive Directors. Mr. Wu Ming Gai acts as Chairman of the Board and Ms. Chan Carman Wing Yan is the chief executive officer of the Company ("CEO"). The Company has three non-executive Directors, Mr. Chen Albert, Mr. William Keith Jacobsen and Mr. Wong Chung Yan Sammy. The Company has three independent non-executive Directors, Ms. Chan Man Yi, Ms. Leung Yin Ting and Mr. Jiang Qian, representing more than one-third of the Board. Ms. Chan Man Yi and Ms. Leung Yin Ting both have appropriate professional accounting experience and expertise.

All Directors have distinguished themselves in their field of expertise, and have exhibited high standards of personal and professional ethics and integrity. The biographical details of each Director are disclosed on pages 36 to 39 of this annual report.

Each independent non-executive Director has pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, confirmed that he/she is independent of the Company and the Company also considers that they are independent.

There is no relationship (including financial, business, family or other material relationship) between members of the Board.

Pursuant to the Bye-Laws, the Directors shall hold office subject to retirement by rotation at the annual general meeting of the Company at least once every three years and eligible for reelection.

The term of office of each of non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) is for a period of three years, subject to retirement by rotation.

#### 董事會

#### 組成

本公司董事會(「董事會」)目前包括兩名執行董 事:胡銘佳先生(擔任董事會主席)及陳詠欣女士(為 本公司行政總裁(「行政總裁」))。本公司共有三名非 執行董事:陳雅博先生、葉偉其先生及黃中仁先生。 本公司共有三名獨立非執行董事:陳敏儀女士、梁 燕婷女士及蔣謙先生,佔董事會成員人數超過三分 之一。陳敏儀女士及梁燕婷女士均具有適當專業會 計經驗及專業知識。

全體董事在本身的專業範圍均為傑出人士,展現 出高水準的個人及專業道德及品格。各董事的履歷 在本年度報告第36至39頁披露。

每名獨立非執行董事,均已根據《上市規則》第 3.13條確認其獨立於本公司,而本公司亦認為彼等確 屬獨立人士。

董事會成員之間並不存有任何關係(包括財務、 業務、家屬或其他重大的關係)。

根據細則,董事須在本公司股東週年大會上輪值 退任,至少每三年一次,屆時將符合資格膺選連任。

各非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)的委任為期 三年,並須受輪值退任所規限。

#### **Responsibilities of the Board and Management**

The Board, headed by the Chairman, is responsible for providing high-level guidance and effective oversight of the management of the Company, formulation and approval of the Group's development and business strategies and policies, approval of annual budgets, financial results and business plans, recommendation of dividend, and supervision of management in accordance with the provisions set out in the Bye-Laws.

The CEO is responsible for day-to-day management of the Company's operations. She conducts regular meetings with the management of the subsidiaries of the Company, at which operational issues and financial performance are evaluated.

The Company views well-developed and timely reporting systems and internal controls are essential, and the Board plays a key role in the implementation and monitoring of internal controls and risk management.

The Board has established procedure to enable Directors, upon reasonable request, to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses.

Matters specifically decided by the Board and those reserved for the management, such as daily management, administration and operation of the Company, etc. with respective level of authorities with regard to key corporate strategy, policy and contractual commitments, are reviewed by the Board. The management shall report back to the Board.

The Bye-Laws contain description of responsibilities and operation procedures of the Board. The Board holds regular meeting and listens to the operating reports of the Company and makes policies. Significant operating policies of the Company have to be discussed and passed by the Board. Board meetings include regular meetings as defined in the Code and other meetings when necessary. The Board of Directors meets formally at least four times a year.

Besides regular and other meetings, the Board obtains adequate information through working meetings, presided by the Chairman in a timely manner, to monitor objectives and strategies of the management, financial conditions and operating results of the Company and provisions of significant agreements.

#### 董事會與管理層的責任

董事會由主席帶領,負責根據細則內所載規定對 本公司管理層提供高層次指導及有效監督,訂定及 批准本集團的發展及業務策略及政策,批准週年預 算、財務業績及業務計劃,建議股息,以及監督管理 層。

行政總裁負責本公司運營的日常管理。彼與本公 司的附屬公司管理層定期舉行會議,於會議上評估 運營事宜及財務表現。

本公司視發展成熟及適時的報告制度及內部監控 為必要,而董事會在實行及監察內部監控及風險管 理方面扮演重要角色。

董事會已訂有程序,讓董事按合理要求,可在適 當的情況下尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本公司支付。

董事會檢討特別保留予董事會決定的事項,例如 本公司之日常管理、行政及運作等,以及授予管理 層的職能之有關授權水平,當中考慮到主要企業策 略、政策以及合約承諾。管理層須向董事會匯報。

細則載有董事會責任及運作程序的描述。董事會 定期舉行會議,聽取本公司的營運報告,並制定政 策。本公司的重大經營政策須經董事會討論及通過。 董事會會議包括定期會議(定義見該守則)及其他會 議(如需要)。董事會每年正式召開至少四次會議。

除定期及其他會議外,董事會亦透過由主席適時 主持的工作會議取得足夠資料,以監察管理層目標 及策略、本公司財務狀況及經營業績,以及重大協議 的條文。

During year 2020, the Board held four regular Board meetings at approximately quarterly interval and other Board meetings which were convened when deemed necessary. Due notice and Board papers of regular Board meetings were given to all Directors prior to the meeting in accordance with the Bye-Laws and the Code. Details of individual attendance of Directors at regular Board meetings in 2020 are set out below: 於二零二零年,董事會曾舉行四次定期董事會會 議,大約每季一次,以及於認為有需要時召開了其他 董事會會議。定期董事會會議之適當通知及董事會 文件已根據細則及該守則在會議前送交全體董事。 二零二零年之定期董事會會議的董事個別的出席詳 情列載如下:

#### The attendance of the regular Board meetings in 2020:

於二零二零年出席定期董事會會議的詳情:

No. of regular Board Meeting attended/ No. of regular Board Meeting held 出席定期董事會會議次數/ 舉行定期董事會會議次數

4/4

4/4

1/4

4/4

1/4

Executive Directors
執行董事
Mr. Wu Ming Gai
胡銘佳先生
Ms. Chan Carman Wing Yan
陳詠欣女士

#### **Non-executive Directors**

**非執行董事** Mr. William Keith Jacobsen 葉偉其先生 Mr. Wong Chung Yan Sammy 黃中仁先生 Mr. Chen Albert 陳雅博先生

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Ms. Chan Man Yi	4/4
陳敏儀女士	
Ms. Leung Yin Ting	4/4
梁燕婷女士	
Mr. Jiang Qian	3/4
蔣謙先生	

There was no change to the composition of the Board and all Board committees during the year and up to the date of this report. 年內及截至本報告日期,董事會及所有董事會委 員會之組成概無變動。

#### **Chairman and Chief Executive Officer**

The role of the Chairman (assumed by an executive Director, Mr. Wu Ming Gai) is separated from that of the CEO (assumed by an executive director, Ms. Chan Carman Wing Yan). Such division of responsibilities allows a balance of power between the Board and the management of the Group, and ensures their independence and accountability.

Since 3 June 2019, the CEO is responsible for the day-to-day management of the business of the Group, attends to formulation and successful implementation of policies, and assumes full accountability to the Board for all operations of the Group. The CEO keeps working with the management team of subsidiaries of the Company, she ensures smooth operations and development of the Group. She maintains continuing dialogue with the Chairman and all Directors to keep them fully informed of all major business developments and issues. She is also responsible for building and maintaining an effective management team to support her. Prior to 3 June 2019, the role of CEO was performed by the executive Directors of the Company.

The Chairman is the leader of the Board and he oversees the Board so that it acts in the best interests of the Group. The Chairman is responsible for deciding the agenda of each Board meeting, taking into account, where appropriate, matters proposed by other Directors for inclusion in the agenda. The Chairman has overall responsibility for providing leadership, vision and direction in the development of the business of the Company. During the year, the Chairman had held a meeting with the independent non-executive Directors of the Company without the presence of the other executive Directors and non-executive Directors of the Company.

The Board considers that there are adequate balance of power and safeguards in place and will review and monitor this situation periodically and will ensure that present structure would not impair the balance of power of the Company.

#### 主席及行政總裁

主席(由執行董事胡銘佳先生擔任)與行政總裁 (由執行董事陳詠欣女士擔任)的角色互有區分。有 關職責分工使董事會與本集團管理層權力平衡,並 確保彼等的獨立性及問責。

自二零一九年六月三日起,行政總裁負責本集團 業務的日常管理,處理政策的訂定及成功實行,並就 本集團一切營運對董事會承擔全部問責責任。行政 總裁一直與本公司附屬公司的管理團隊一起工作, 確保本集團暢順的運作及發展。彼維持與主席及全 體董事持續對話,讓彼等清楚知道所有主要業務發 展及事宜。彼亦負責建立及維繫有效的管理團隊, 以為其提供支持。於二零一九年六月三日之前,行政 總裁的職責由本公司執行董事履行。

主席為董事會領導人,其監督董事會,使其以本 集團最佳利益行事。主席負責在考慮到(如適用)其 他董事提出以包括在議程的事宜後,決定每次董事 會會議議程。主席在提供領導、遠景及本公司業務發 展方向各方面肩負整體責任。於本年度內,主席曾與 本公司獨立非執行董事舉行沒有本公司其他執行董 事及非執行董事出席的會議。

董事會認為已具備足夠的權力平衡及保障措施, 董事會將會定期檢視及監察有關情況,並將會確保 目前的結構不會損害本公司的權力平衡。

#### **Responsibilities of Directors**

In the course of discharging their duties, the Directors act in good faith, with due diligence and care, and in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders of the Company. Their responsibilities include:

- Attending regular board meetings focusing on business strategy, operational issues and financial performance.
- Active participation on the boards of subsidiaries of the Company.
- Approval of annual budgets for each operating company covering strategy, financial and business performance, key risks and opportunities.
- Monitoring the quality, timeliness, relevance and reliability of internal and external reporting.
- Monitoring and managing potential conflicts of interest of management, Board members and shareholders, including misuse of corporate assets and abuse in related party transaction.
- Ensuring processes are in place to maintain the overall integrity of the Company, including financial statements, relationships with other stakeholders, and compliance with all laws and ethics.

To enable the Company's Directors to meet their obligations, an appropriate organisational structure is in place with clearly defined responsibilities and limits of authority.

## **Board Committees**

A number of board committees of the Company, including audit committee of the Board ("Audit Committee"), investment committee of the Board ("Investment Committee"), nomination committee of the Board ("Nomination Committee") and remuneration committee of the Board ("Remuneration Committee"), have been established by the Board of Directors to strengthen its functions and to enhance its expertise. These committees have been formed with specific written terms of reference which deal clearly with the committees' authority and duties.

#### 董事責任

在履行職責的過程中,本公司董事真誠地、盡了 應盡的努力及謹慎,及以本公司及其股東的最佳利 益行事。其責任包括:

- 一 出席定期董事會會議,專注於業務策略、營 運事宜及財務表現。
- 一 積極參與本公司附屬公司的董事會。
- 為每家經營公司審批週年預算,涵蓋策略、
   財務及業務表現,主要風險及機會。
- 一 監察內部及外部報告的素質、適時性、相關
   性及可靠性。
- 一 監察及管理管理層、董事會成員與股東之間
   可能出現的利益衝突,包括誤用企業資產及
   濫用關聯方交易。
- 一確保訂有程序維持本公司的整體行事持正,
   包括財務報表,與其他持份者關係,以及遵
   守所有法律及操守規定。

為讓本公司董事可履行其義務,現已有合適的組 織架構,清楚界定責任及權限。

#### 董事會委員會

董事會已設立多個本公司董事會委員會,包括董 事會審核委員會(「審核委員會」)、董事會投資委員 會(「投資委員會」)、董事會提名委員會(「提名委員 會」)及董事會薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」),以加強 其職能及提升其專業能力。設立該等委員會,其特定 成文權責範圍清楚説明委員會的權限及職責。

#### **Investment Committee**

The Board has established an Investment Committee, as at the date of this report, the Investment Committee comprising one executive Director, namely Ms. Chan Carman Wing Yan (Chairman) and one non-executive Director, namely Mr. William Keith Jacobsen.

The terms of reference of the Investment Committee have been approved and adopted by the Board.

The Investment Committee considers, evaluates, reviews and recommends to the Board the proposed major investments, acquisitions and disposals, conducts post-investment evaluation with investment manager of the investment projects, reviews and considers the overall strategic direction and business developments of the Company.

#### **Remuneration Committee**

The Board has established a Remuneration Committee, as at the date of this report, the Remuneration Committee comprising, one non-executive Director, namely Mr. Chen Albert and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Jiang Qian (Chairman), Ms. Chan Man Yi and Ms. Leung Yin Ting.

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee have been reviewed with reference to the Code which is available on the Company's website and the website of the Stock Exchange.

The Remuneration Committee's responsibilities are to review and consider Company's policy for remuneration of Directors and senior management, to determine remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management (under code provision B.1.2(c)(i) was adopted) including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, and to recommend to the Board of Directors on remuneration of independent nonexecutive Directors.

Set out below is the summary of work of the Remuneration Committee done in 2020:

- reviewed the remuneration policy for 2020/2021;
- determined the remuneration of executive Directors and senior management; and
- reviewed and made recommendation of the fee of the non-executive Directors (including independent nonexecutive Directors).

## 投資委員會

董事會已成立投資委員會,於本報告日期,投資 委員會由一名執行董事陳詠欣女士(主席)以及一名 非執行董事葉偉其先生組成。

投資委員會的權責範圍已獲得董事會批准及採 納。

投資委員會考慮、評估、檢討及向董事會推薦建 議主要投資、收購及出售事項,與投資經理對投資項 目進行投資後評估,並檢討及考慮本公司的整體策 略方向及業務發展。

### 薪酬委員會

董事會已成立薪酬委員會,於本報告日期,薪酬 委員會由一名非執行董事陳雅博先生以及三名獨立 非執行董事蔣謙先生(主席)、陳敏儀女士及梁燕婷 女士組成。

薪酬委員會的權責範圍已參考該守則進行檢討, 其載於本公司網站及聯交所網站。

薪酬委員會的責任為檢討及考慮本公司有關董事 及高級管理層薪酬的政策,決定個別執行董事及高 級管理層的薪酬組合(採納守則條文B.1.2(c)(i))(包括 實物利益、退休金權利及補償付款),以及向董事會 建議獨立非執行董事的薪酬。

以下列載薪酬委員會於二零二零年已完成工作的 概要:

- 一 檢討二零二零/二零二一年度的薪酬政策;
- 一 釐定執行董事及高級管理層的薪酬;及
- 一檢討非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)的袍
   金及提出建議。

The remuneration of the members of the senior management (including all executive Directors) by band for the year ended 31 December 2020 is set out below:

Remuneration bands (HK\$) 薪酬等級(港元)

0 to 1,000,000 0至1,000,000

Further particulars regarding all Directors' remuneration and the five highest paid employees as required to be disclosed pursuant to Appendix 16 to the Listing Rules are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 123 to 126.

The Remuneration Committee held one meeting during 2020. Details of individual attendance of its members are set out in the table below:

The attendance of the Remuneration Committee meeting in 2020:

# 於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度內,高 級管理層成員(包括全體執行董事)之薪酬等級載列 如下:

## Number of person(s) 人數

2

此外,有關各董事之薪酬及五名最高薪人士之詳 情(根據《上市規則》附錄十六須予披露者),載於第 123至126頁之綜合財務報表附註15內。

於二零二零年,薪酬委員會曾舉行一次會議。其 成員的個別出席詳情載於下表:

於二零二零年出席薪酬委員會會議的詳情:

Names 姓名	No. of meeting attended/ No. of meeting held 出席會議次數/ 舉行會議次數
Mr. Jiang Qian <i>(Chairman)</i>	1/1
蔣謙先生 <i>(主席)</i> Ms. Chan Man Yi	1/1
陳敏儀女士	
Ms. Leung Yin Ting	1/1
梁燕婷女士 Mr. Chen Albert	0/1
陳雅博先生	

#### **Audit Committee**

As at the date of this report, the Company's Audit Committee is composed of one non-executive Director, namely Mr. Wong Chung Yan Sammy, two independent non-executive Directors, namely, Ms. Chan Man Yi (Chairman) and Ms. Leung Yin Ting. It reports directly to the Board of Directors and reviews matters within the scope of audit, such as financial statements and internal controls, to protect the interests of the Company's shareholders.

The Audit Committee meets regularly with the Company's external auditor to discuss audit process and accounting issues, and reviews effectiveness of internal controls and risk evaluation. Written terms of reference, which describes the authority and duties of the Audit Committee are regularly reviewed and updated by the Board. The terms of reference is available on the Company's website and the website of the Stock Exchange.

Set out below is the summary of work done in 2020:

- review of the consolidated and condensed financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 and for the six months ended 30 June 2020 respectively;
- review of effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems;
- review of internal audit function;
- review of continuing connected transactions and annual caps;
- review of implementation of policy for employees of the Company to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters;
- review of independent auditor's report and management letter; and
- consideration and approval of 2020 audit fees and audit work, review of engagement letter and make recommendation to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and resignation of auditor.

As at 31 December 2020, the arrangement for employees of the Company to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters was in place. No reporting has been received by Audit Committee during the year.

## 審核委員會

於本報告日期,本公司審核委員會成員包括一名 非執行董事黃中仁先生以及兩名獨立非執行董事陳 敏儀女士(主席)及梁燕婷女士。其直接向董事會匯 報,並檢討審核範圍以內的事宜,例如財務報表及內 部監控,以保障本公司股東的權益。

審核委員會與本公司外聘核數師定期舉行會議, 以討論審核程序及會計事宜,並檢討內部監控及風 險評估是否有效。其成文權責範圍描述審核委員會 的權限及職責,並由董事會定期檢討及更新。權責範 圍載於本公司網站及聯交所網站。

以下列載於二零二零年已完成工作的概要:

- 一 分別審閲截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止
   年度以及截至二零二零年六月三十日止六個
   月的綜合及簡明財務報表;
- 一 檢討風險管理及內部監控系統是否有效;
- 一 檢討內部審核功能;
- 一 覆核持續關連交易及年度上限;
- 一檢討本公司僱員可就財務匯報、內部監控或 其他方面可能發生的不正當行為提出關注的 政策的實行情況;
- 一審閱獨立核數師報告及管理建議書;及
- 一考慮及批准二零二零年核數費用及審核工作、審閱委聘函,以及就核數師的委任、重新委任及辭任向董事會提供建議。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日已訂有關於本公司 僱員可就財務匯報、內部監控或其他方面可能發生 的不正當行為提出關注的安排。於本年度內,審核委 員會並無收到任何有關舉報。

The Audit Committee held three meetings during the year. Details of individual attendance of its members are set out in the table below:

Details of the attendance of Audit Committee meetings in 2020:

年內,審核委員會曾舉行三次會議。其成員的個 別出席詳情載於下表:

#### 於二零二零年出席審核委員會會議的詳情:

Names 姓名	No. of meeting attended/ No. of meeting held 出席會議次數/ 舉行會議次數
Ms. Chan Man Yi <i>(Chairman)</i>	3/3
陳敏儀女士 <i>(主席)</i> Mr. Wong Chung Yan Sammy	3/3
黄中仁先生	
Ms. Leung Yin Ting 梁燕婷女士	3/3

#### **Nomination Committee**

The Board has established a nomination committee on 1 April 2012 which currently comprises one non-executive Director, Mr. Wong Chung Yan Sammy, two independent non-executive Directors, Ms. Chan Man Yi (Chairman) and Mr. Jiang Qian.

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee have been reviewed with reference to the Code which is available on the Company's website and website of the Stock Exchange.

The Nomination Committee's responsibilities are to review and consider the structure, size and composition of the Board regularly and make recommendation on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy. Its duties include making recommendation to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships, the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors and assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors. The Nomination Committee is provided with sufficient resources to perform its duties.

#### 提名委員會

董事會已於二零一二年四月一日成立提名委員 會,目前由一名非執行董事黃中仁先生以及兩名獨 立非執行董事陳敏儀女士(主席)及蔣謙先生組成。

提名委員會的權責範圍已參考該守則進行檢討, 其載於本公司網站及聯交所網站。

提名委員會的責任為定期檢討及考慮董事會的架 構、人數及組成,並就任何為配合本公司的公司策 略而擬對董事會作出的變動提出建議。其職責包括 挑選提名有關人士出任董事而就此向董事會提供意 見:就董事委任或重新委任以及董事繼任計劃向董 事會提出建議:及評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性。 本公司向提名委員會提供充足資源以履行其職責。

Set out below is the summary of work of the Nomination Committee done in 2020:

- made recommendation to the Board on matters relating to, inter alia, nomination of candidates to the Board and re-election of retiring Directors;
- reviewed the board diversity policy and nomination policy;
- reviewed the terms of reference of the Nomination Committee;
- conducted an annual review of the independence of the independent non-executive Directors; and
- reviewed the Board composition and structure.

According to the Bye-Laws, the Board has the power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board.

The Nomination Committee also nominated and the Board recommended Mr. Wu Ming Gai, Ms. Chan Carman Wing Yan, Mr. Wong Chung Yan Sammy and Ms. Chan Man Yi to retire by rotation and, being eligible, to offer themselves for re-election by shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming 2021 annual general meeting.

In considering the nomination of appointment and/or re-appointment of Directors, the Nomination Committee assessed the relevant candidates on criteria such as integrity, experience, skill, professional qualifications, independent mind and ability to commit time etc, and made recommendation to the Board for approval.

#### **NOMINATION POLICY**

The secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") shall call a meeting of the Nomination Committee, and invite nominations of candidates from the Director(s) for consideration by the Nomination Committee. The Nomination Committee may also put forward candidates who are not nominated by the Director(s). The factors which would be used as reference by the Nomination Committee in assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate for Director include, inter alia, reputation for integrity, professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience that are relevant to the Company's business and corporate strategy, willingness to devote adequate time to discharge duties as the Director, diversity of the Board, and such other perspectives appropriate to the Company's business. The Nomination Committee shall make recommendations for the Board's consideration and approval.

以下列載提名委員會於二零二零年已完成工作的 概要:

- 一 就(其中包括)董事會人選提名及退任董事重
   選向董事會提出建議;
- 一 檢討董事會多元化政策及提名政策;
- 一 審閱提名委員會的權責範圍;
- 一 就獨立非執行董事的獨立性進行週年覆核:
   及
- 一 檢討董事會的組成及架構。

根據細則,董事會有權在任何時間並不時委任任 何人出任董事,以填補某臨時空缺或增加現有董事 的名額。

提名委員會亦提名(而董事會已推薦)胡銘佳先 生、陳詠欣女士、黃中仁先生及陳敏儀女士於來屆二 零二一年股東週年大會上輪值告退。所有上述董事 均符合資格,並願意在來屆二零二一年股東週年大 會上由本公司股東重選。

考慮提名委任及/或重新委任董事時,提名委員 會已對相關候選人進行評估,以其誠信、經驗、技 能、專業資格、獨立思想及所能付出的時間等作為標 準,並向董事會提出建議以獲批准。

#### 提名政策

本公司秘書(「公司秘書」)須召開提名委員會會 議,並邀請董事提名人選,以供提名委員會考慮。提 名委員會亦可提名並非由董事提名的人選。提名委 員會於評估建議董事人選的適合性時,用作參考的 因素包括(除其他因素外)誠信聲譽、專業資格、技 能、與本公司業務及公司策略相關的知識及經驗、 願意投入充足時間履行董事的職責、董事會成員多 元化以及對本公司業務而言屬適當的其他因素。提 名委員會須作出建議供董事會考慮及批准。

The Nomination Committee held one meeting during the year. Details of individual attendance of its members are set out in the table below:

# Details of the attendance of Nomination Committee meeting in 2020:

年內,提名委員會曾舉行一次會議。其成員的個 別出席詳情載於下表:

#### 於二零二零年出席提名委員會會議的詳情:

Names 姓名	No. of meeting attended/ No. of meeting held 出席會議次數/ 舉行會議次數
Ms. Chan Man Yi <i>(Chairman)</i>	1/1
陳敏儀女士(主席)	
Mr. Wong Chung Yan Sammy	1/1
黄中仁先生	
Mr. Jiang Qian	1/1
蔣謙先生	

#### **Board Diversity Policy**

The Company has formulated the board diversity policy in August 2013 aiming at setting out the approach on diversity of the Board of the Company.

The Board recognises the importance of having a diverse Board in enhancing the board effectiveness and corporate governance. A diverse Board will include and make good use of differences in the skills, industry knowledge and experience, education, background and other qualities, etc. of Directors and does not discriminate on the ground of race, age, gender or religious belief. These differences will be taken into account in determining the optimum composition of the Board and when possible should be balanced appropriately.

The Nomination Committee has responsibility for identifying and nominating for approval by the Board, candidates for appointment to the Board. It takes responsibility in assessing the appropriate mix of experience, expertise, skills and diversity required on the Board and assessing the extent to which the required skills are represented on the Board and reviewing effectiveness of the Board.

The Nomination Committee is also responsible for reviewing and reporting to the Board in relation to Board diversity.

Board appointments will be based on merit and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

#### 董事會成員多元化政策

本公司已經於二零一三年八月制訂董事會成員多元化政策,以載列本公司董事會成員多元化之取向。

董事會理解到董事會成員多元化對提升董事會效 能及企業管治的重要性。董事會成員多元化包括董 事有不同的技能、行業知識及經驗、教育、背景及其 他特質等,並加以運用,而不會基於種族、年齡、性 別或宗教信仰作出歧視。在決定董事會的最佳組成 時會考慮這些差異,如果可能,亦會在這些差異之間 作出適當平衡。

提名委員會負責物色可委任加入董事會的人士, 並提名有關人士供董事會批准。其負責評估董事會 所需經驗、專長、技能及多元化方面合適的組合,評 估董事會具備所需技能的情況,以及檢討董事會的 效能。

提名委員會亦負責就董事會成員多元化進行檢討 及向董事會匯報。

在妥為考慮到董事會成員多元化的好處後,董事 會委任乃用人唯才,有關人選會根據客觀準則考慮。

Selection of candidates to join the Board will be, in part, dependent on the pool of candidates with the necessary knowledge, experience, skills, educational background and other qualities. The final decision will be based on merit and contribution the chosen candidate will bring to the Board.

The Board considers that Board diversity, including gender diversity, is a vital asset to the business.

At present, the Nomination Committee has not set any measurable objectives to implement the board diversity policy. However, it will consider and review the board diversity policy and setting of any measurable objectives from time to time.

#### **Directors' Induction and Training**

On appointment to the Board, each newly appointed Director receives a comprehensive induction package covering business operations, policy and procedures of the Company as well as the general, statutory and regulatory obligations of being a Director to ensure that he/she is sufficiently aware of his/her responsibilities under the Listing Rules and other relevant regulatory requirements.

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Company has adopted dividend policy, the dividend policy does not have any pre-determined dividend payout ratio. In considering any dividend, the Board shall consider the actual and expected financial performance of the Group, retained earnings and distributable reserves of the Company and each of the members of the Group, the level of the Group's debts to equity ratio, return on equity and the relevant financial covenants, any restrictions on payment of dividends that may be imposed by the Group's lenders or other contractual restrictions, the Group's expected working capital requirements and future expansion plans, general economic conditions, business cycle of the Group's business and other internal or external factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance and position of the Group, and any other factors that the Board deems appropriate. The Board has the absolute discretion to recommend any dividends.

挑選人選加入董事會部分須視乎是否有具備所 需知識、經驗、技能、教育背景及其他特質的人選而 定。最終決定會以各人選的可取之處以及所選人選 將為董事會帶來之貢獻為基礎。

董事會認為,董事會成員多元化(包括性別多元 化)是本業務的重要資產。

目前,提名委員會尚未為董事會成員多元化政策 而訂立任何可計量目標。然而,其將不時考慮及檢討 董事會成員多元化政策及任何可計量目標之訂立。

#### 董事就任須知及培訓

在受委任加入董事會時,每名新委任的董事均獲 得全面的就任須知套裝,涵蓋本公司之業務運作、政 策及程序,以及作為董事之一般、法定及監管責任, 以確保董事充分知悉本身在《上市規則》及其他有關 監管規定下的職責。

## 股息政策

本公司已採納股息政策,而該股息政策並無任何 預先釐定的股息派付率。考慮派付任何股息時,董事 會將考慮本集團的實際及預期財務表現、本公司及 本集團各成員公司的保留盈利和可分派儲備、本集 團的債務股權比率水平、股本回報率及相關財務契 約、本集團債務人可能施加的股息支付的任何限制 或其他合約限制、本集團的預期營運資金需求及未 來擴張計劃、整體經濟狀況、本集團業務的業務週期 及可能對本集團業務或財務表現及狀況產生影響的 其他內外因素,以及董事會認為合適的任何其他因 素。董事會對建議任何股息具有絕對酌情權。

Director's training is an ongoing process. During the year, Directors received from the Company updates on changes and development to the legislative and regulatory environments in which the Company operates. Directors participated in continuous professional development such as attending seminars to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. The Company had received record of the trainings from each Director relating to development and refreshment of their knowledge and skills. 董事培訓乃持續過程。於本年度內,董事獲本 公司提供有關本公司經營業務所在之立法及監管 環境的變動及發展的更新資料。董事參與持續專 業發展,如參加研討會以發展並提升其知識與技 能,確保其具備充分知識以對董事會作出恰當的 貢獻。本公司已經收到各董事有關發展及更新其 知識及技能之培訓記錄。

		Attending expert briefings/ seminars/conferences relevant to the business or
Directors	Reading regulatory updates	Directors' duties 出席有關業務或 董事職責之 專家簡介會/
董事	閲讀監管更新資料	專家商∬買/ 研討會/會議
Executive Directors 執行董事		
執1J 里爭 Ms. Chan Carman Wing Yan 陳詠欣女士	1	1
Mr. Wu Ming Gai 胡銘佳先生	1	✓
Non-executive Directors		
<b>非執行董事</b> Mr. Wong Chung Yan Sammy 黃中仁先生	/	/
Mr. William Keith Jacobsen 葉偉其先生	1	1
案译兵先生 Mr. Chen Albert 陳雅博先生	1	~
Independent Non-Executive Directors 獨立非執行董事		
Ms. Chan Man Yi	1	✓
陳敏儀女士 Ms. Leung Yin Ting 梁燕婷女士	1	1
来派ゲダエ Mr. Jiang Qian 蔣謙先生	1	1

#### **Corporate Governance Functions**

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties as required under the Code. The major roles and functions of the Board in respect of the corporate governance are:

- to develop and review the Company's policy and practices on corporate governance; and
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and Directors and the Company's compliance with the Code.

The Board had considered the following corporate governance matters for 2020:

- review of the policy and practices adopted by the Company and training for Directors, etc.
- review of usage of annual caps on the continuing connected transactions of the Group
- review of compliance with the Code and disclosure of Corporate Governance Report
- review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Company

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The Company Secretary is appointed a representative from an external secretarial services provider as the company secretary of the Company. The primary contact person of the Company with the Company Secretary is Mr. Wu Ming Gai, the executive Director. The role of the Company Secretary is to ensure effective information flows and communication among Directors, as well as between shareholders and management of the Company. The Company Secretary is also responsible for advising the Board on governance matters. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary. During the year, the Company Secretary has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional trainings to update his skills and knowledge.

### 企業管治職能

董事會負責履行該守則所規定之企業管治職責。 董事會有關企業管治之主要角色及職能如下:

- 制定及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常規;
   及
- 一檢討及監察董事的培訓及持續專業發展;本 公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面的政策及常 規;僱員及董事適用的操守準則及合規手 冊;及本公司遵守該守則的情況。

於二零二零年,董事會已考慮以下企業管治事 宜:

- 一檢討本公司所採納之政策及常規以及董事培 訓等
- 一檢討本集團持續關連交易運用年度上限之情況
- 一檢討遵守該守則的情況及在《企業管治報告》
   內的披露
- 一 檢討本公司風險管理及內部監控制度的效能

### 公司秘書

公司秘書由自外部秘書服務供應商委聘的代表出 任本公司的公司秘書。本公司與公司秘書的主要聯 絡人為執行董事胡銘佳先生。公司秘書的職責為確 保董事間以及股東與本公司管理層之間有效的信息 傳遞及溝通。公司秘書亦負責就管治事項向董事會 提出建議。全體董事均可獲得公司秘書的建議及服 務。於年內,公司秘書已接受不少於15個小時的相 關專業培訓,提升其技術及知識。

# MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors for the Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Company confirmed that in respect of the year ended 31 December 2020, all Directors have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code.

The Company has also established written guidelines regarding securities transactions on no less exacting terms of the Model Code for specific individual who may have access to inside information in relation to the securities of the Company.

### **EXTERNAL AUDITOR**

The Audit Committee reviewed engagement letter and report from the external auditor of the Company, McMillan Woods, confirmed its independence. The Audit Committee also approves their appointment, discusses the scope of their audit, approved the audit fees, and the scope and appropriate fees for any nonaudit services requested to be provided by external auditors.

McMillan Woods provided annual audit services in respect of the Company's consolidated financial statements prepared under International Financial Reporting Standards for the year ended 31 December 2020. The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and the Listing Rules.

During the year, remuneration paid/payable to the Company's auditors, McMillan Woods and other McMillan Woods network firms, is as follows:

Services rendered:	HK\$
Audit services	340,000
Non-audit services	
<ul> <li>Review of interim financial information</li> </ul>	60,000
— Taxation services	5,000

## 董事進行證券交易之標準守則

本公司已採納《上市規則》附錄十所載之《上市發 行人董事進行證券交易之標準守則》(「標準守則」), 作為董事進行證券交易之操守指引。經向所有董事 作出特定查詢後,本公司確認,於截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度內,所有董事均已經符合標 準守則所載的規定標準。

本公司亦已就可能接觸到有關本公司證券的內幕 消息的特定個人訂立有關證券交易的書面指引,其 條款不比標準守則所訂標準為低。

#### 外聘核數師

審核委員會審閲委任函及由本公司的外聘核數師 長青所發出的報告,確定其獨立性。審核委員會亦批 准其委任,討論其審核範圍,批准其審核費用,以及 要求外聘核數師提供的任何非核數服務的範圍及合 適費用。

長青就本公司根據國際財務報告準則編製的截至 二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度綜合財務報表提 供週年審核服務。綜合財務報表亦根據香港《公司條 例》及《上市規則》的披露規定而編製。

於本年度內,支付/應付予本公司核數師長青及 其他長青網絡內的事務所之酬金如下:

港元
340,000
60,000
5,000

# RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS

The Board recognises its responsibility to ensure the Company maintains a sound and effective risk management and internal control systems. The Group's risk management and internal control systems are designed and established to ensure that assets are safeguarded against improper use or disposal, relevant rules and regulations are adhered to and complied with, reliable financial and accounting records are maintained in accordance with relevant accounting standards and regulatory reporting requirements, and key risks that may impact on the Group's performance are appropriately identified and managed. Review of the Group's risk management and internal controls covering major financial, operational and compliance controls, as well as risk management functions. The risk management and internal control systems can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss, as they are designed to manage, rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives.

The Group has not established an internal audit, but has engaged an external professional consultant to perform the work of internal audit function and during the year, the external professional consultant had reviewed and assessed the Group's risk management and internal control systems and reported to the audit committee of the Board (the "Audit Committee"). The review would identify the risks associated with the business of the Group by considering both internal and external factors and events which include politics, economy, technology, environmental, social and staff. Each of risks has been assessed and prioritised based on their relevant impact and occurrence opportunity. The relevant risk management strategy would be applied to each type of risks according to the assessment results.

The external consultant, has conducted a review of the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems for the year ended 31 December 2020 and is not aware of any significant internal control and risk management weaknesses nor significant breach of limits or risk management policies, and considers that the current internal control systems of the Company are effective and adequate and that the qualifications and experience of the staff, performing accounting and financial reporting functions and the training programmes of the Company as well as the experiences and resources for setting the budget of the Company are adequate. The Company has complied with the requirements under C.2.1 to C.2.5 and C.3.3 of the Code relating to risk management and internal control.

## 風險管理及內部監控系統

董事會承認其有責任確保本公司維持健全及有效 的風險管理及內部監控系統。本集團風險管理及內 部監控系統的設計及建立旨在確保資產免被不當使 用或處置、依循及遵從有關規則及規例、根據相關 會計準則及規管報告要求維持可靠的財務及會計記 錄,以及適當辨認及管理可能會影響到本集團表現 的關鍵風險。對本集團風險管理及內部監控的檢討 涵蓋主要財務監控、運作監控及合規監控以及風險 管理職能。風險管理及內部監控系統旨在管理而非 消除未能達成業務目標的風險,而且只能就不會有 重大的失實陳述或損失作出合理而非絕對的保證。

本集團並未成立內部審核,但委聘外部專業顧問 履行內部審核功能的工作,在本年度內,外部專業 顧問已檢討及評估本集團的風險管理及內部監控系 統,並向董事會審核委員會(「審核委員會」)報告。 檢討涵蓋系統的幾個部分,包括風險管理以及運作 監控、財務監控及合規監控。該檢討將透過考慮內部 及外部因素及事宜識別與本集團業務有關的風險, 包括政治、經濟、技術、環境、社會及員工。各風險 已根據其相關影響及發生的可能性進行評估並確定 優先次序。相關風險管理策略將根據評估結果應用 於各類風險。

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度內,外 部顧問已檢討本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統是 否有效,董事會並不知悉任何重大內部控制及風險 管理的不足之處,亦不知悉遭重大違反限制或風險 管理政策的情況,並認為本公司目前的控制制度行 之有效,而本公司員工的資格及經驗、會計及財務 匯報職能的履行,以及本公司的培訓課程及本公司 有關預算方面的經驗及資源亦屬足夠。本公司已遵 守有關風險管理及內部控制的該守則第C.2.1條至第 C.2.5條以及第C.3.3條項下的規定。

In addition to the review of risk management and internal controls undertaken by the external professional consultants, the external auditor also assessed the adequacy and effectiveness of certain key risk management and internal controls as part of their statutory audits. Where appropriate, the external auditor's recommendations are adopted and enhancements to the risk management and internal controls will be made.

The Board has received a confirmation from the management of the Company on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control system.

## **DISSEMINATION OF INSIDE INFORMATION**

The Company is committed to a consistent practice of timely, accurate and sufficiently detailed disclosure of material information about the Group. The Company has adopted a Policy on Disclosure of Inside Information which sets out the obligations, guidelines and procedures for handling and dissemination of inside information. With these guidelines and procedures, the Group has management controls in place to ensure that potential inside information can be promptly identified, assessed and escalated for the attention of the Board to decide about the need for disclosure.

#### **GOING CONCERN**

The Directors, having made appropriate enquiries, consider that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and that, for this reason, it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

#### SHAREHOLDER COMMUNICATION

The objective of shareholder communication is to provide our shareholders with detailed information about the Company so that they can exercise their rights as shareholders in an informed manner. The Company has adopted a shareholders' communication policy.

The Company uses a range of communication tools to ensure its shareholders are kept well informed of key business imperatives. These include annual general meeting, annual report, interim report, various notices, announcements and circulars.

At the annual general meeting held on 22 June 2020 ("2020 AGM"), a separate resolution was proposed by the chairman of the 2020 AGM in respect of each separate issue, including reelection of retiring Directors. The Chairman of the Board and the Chairman and members of Audit Committee, Nomination Committee, and Remuneration Committee and representatives of McMillan Woods attended the 2020 AGM to answer questions of shareholders. Procedure for conducting a poll were explained by the chairman of the 2020 AGM at the 2020 AGM.

董事會已收到本公司管理層確認書,確認風險管 理及內部監控系統之有效性。

#### 發佈內幕消息

本公司致力貫徹及時、準確及充足地詳細披露本 集團之重大消息。本公司已採納內幕消息披露政策, 當中載有處理及發佈內幕消息之責任、指引及程序。 在該等指引及程序之基礎下,本集團已設有管理監 控,確保可即時識別、評估及上報潛在內幕消息以供 董事會決定是否需要作出披露。

#### 持續經營

董事經作出適當查詢後認為,本公司擁有足夠資 源在可見將來繼續經營,因此,在編製綜合財務報表 時採納持續經營基準實屬合適。

#### 與股東的溝通

與股東的溝通旨在向本公司股東提供有關本公司 的詳細資料,使彼等能在知情情況下行使彼等身為 股東的權利。本公司已經採納了股東通訊政策。

本公司使用多種溝通工具,以確保其股東得悉主 要的業務需要。其包括股東週年大會、年度報告、中 期報告、各項通告、公佈及通函。

在二零二零年六月二十二日舉行之股東週年大 會(「二零二零年股東週年大會」)上,二零二零年股 東週年大會主席就每項獨立的事宜(包括重選退任董 事)個別提出決議案。董事會主席以及審核委員會、 提名委員會及薪酬委員會主席及成員及長青之代表 出席了二零二零年股東週年大會,回答股東提問。 於二零二零年股東週年大會上,二零二零年股東週 年大會主席已解釋以投票方式進行表決的程序。

# Attendance of individual Directors at general meeting(s) in 2020:

# 個別董事於二零二零年股東大會的出席情況:

	<b>2020 AGM</b> 二零二零年 股東週年大會
Executive Directors	
執行董事	
Mr. Wu Ming Gai <i>(Chairman)</i>	✓
胡銘佳先生(主席)	
Ms. Chan Carman Wing Yan <i>(CEO)</i>	✓
陳詠欣女士(行政總裁)	
Non-Executive Directors	
非執行董事	
Mr. Wong Chung Yan Sammy	✓
黄中仁先生	
Mr. William Keith Jacobsen	×
葉偉其先生	
Mr. Chen Albert	×
陳雅博先生	
Independent Non-executive Directors	
獨立非執行董事	
Ms. Chan Man Yi	1
陳敏儀女士	
Ms. Leung Yin Ting	1
梁燕婷女士	
Mr. Jiang Qian	$\checkmark$
蔣謙先生	
The forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company will	木公司的巫屈股直调在大金奖於二零二一年六日

The forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company will be held on 17 June 2021 which will be conducted by way of poll.

本公司的來屆股東週年大會將於二零二一年六月 十七日舉行,並將以投票表決方式進行。

# SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the shareholders and the Board. An annual general meeting of the Company shall be held in each year as may be determined by the Board. Each general meeting, other than an annual general meeting, shall be called a special general meeting ("SGM"). Set out below are procedures by which shareholders may (a) convene a SGM; (b) put forward enquires to the Board; and (c) put forward proposals at general meetings. The procedures are subject to the Bye-Laws and applicable legislation and regulation.

# (a) Procedures for requisitioning a special general meeting

Shareholder(s) of the Company ("Shareholder(s)") holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than onetenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right to vote at general meetings of the Company may, by written requisition to the Board or the company secretary of the Company signed and deposited in accordance with the bye-laws of the Company and Bermuda Companies Act 1981, require the Directors to call a special general meeting for the transaction of business specified in the requisition.

#### (b) Procedures for putting enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may, at any time, direct enquiries to the Board. All enquiries shall be in writing and sent by post to the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong or by email to cs@cocoon.holdings for the attention of the Board.

### 股東權利及投資者關係

本公司股東大會為股東與董事會提供溝通機會。 本公司每年均在董事會可能決定下舉行股東週年大 會。股東週年大會以外的所有其他大會,均稱為股 東特別大會(「股東特別大會」)。以下載列股東可(a) 召開股東特別大會:(b)向董事會提出查詢;及(c)在 股東大會提出建議的程序。程序受細則以及適用法 律及法規所規限。

#### (a) 要求召開股東特別大會的程序

本公司的股東(「股東」)倘在提交要求當日持 有附帶權利在本公司股東大會上投票之本公 司繳足股本不少於十分之一,則可根據本公 司之細則及百慕達一九八一年公司法向董事 會或本公司之公司秘書提交已簽署之書面要 求,促請董事就處理有關要求所指明之事務 而召開股東特別大會。

#### (b) 向董事會提出查詢的程序

股東可隨時向董事會提出直接查詢。 所有查詢須以書面作出,並郵寄往本公 司之香港主要營業地點或以電郵發送至 cs@cocoon.holdings,註明董事會收。

# (c) Procedures for putting forward proposals at general meetings

Shareholder(s) holding not less than one-twentieth of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right to vote at general meetings of the Company or not less than 100 shareholders may, at their expense, provide a written request to the attention of the company secretary of the Company signed and deposited in accordance with the Bermuda Companies Act 1981.

The procedures for shareholders of the Company to propose a person for election as Director is available on the Company's website.

## **Constitutional documents**

During the year ended 31 December 2020, there were no changes in any of the Company's constitutional documents.

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN PREPARING THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The Directors acknowledge that it is their responsibilities in preparing the consolidated financial statements. The statement of the Independent Auditor about their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on page 66 to 73.

#### (c) 在股東大會提出建議的程序

持有附帶權利在本公司股東大會上投票之本 公司繳足股本不少於二十分之一的股東或不 少於100名股東,可根據百慕達一九八一年 公司法向本公司之公司秘書提交已簽署之書 面要求,惟費用由彼等自行承擔。

本公司股東提名他人參選董事的程序載於本公司網站。

#### 憲章文件

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司 的憲章文件並無任何變動。

# 董事編製綜合財務報表的責任及獨立核數 師的責任

董事承認他們有編製綜合財務報表的責任。獨立 核數師就他們有關綜合財務報表申報責任作出的聲 明,載於第66至73頁的獨立核數師報告內。

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT** 獨立核數師報告



#### TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF COCOON HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability and continued in Bermuda with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Cocoon Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 74 to 155, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



致中國天弓控股有限公司

(於開曼群島註冊成立並於百慕達存續之有限公司) **全體股東** 

#### 意見

我們已審核列載於第74至155頁中國天弓控股 有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集 團」)的綜合財務報表,此財務報表包括於二零二零 年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表,截至該日止 年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動 表和綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括 主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據國際會計 準則委員會(「國際會計準則委員會」)頒佈的《國際財 務報告準則》(「國際財務報告準則」)真實而公平地反 映 貴集團於二零二零年十二月三十一日的綜合財務 狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金 流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為編 製。

# 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準 則》(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下 承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報 表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計 師公會頒佈的「專業會計師道德守則」(以下簡稱「守 則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他 專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能 充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. The key audit matters we identified are:

- (i) Valuation of unlisted financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"); and
- (ii) Allowance of the Group's loan notes under expected credit loss ("ECL") model.

#### Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

# Valuation of unlisted financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI")

Refer to significant accounting policies in note 4, critical judgement and estimates in note 5, relevant disclosures in notes 7 and 24 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group had unlisted financial asset at FVTOCI of approximately HK\$30,600,000 measured at fair value as at 31 December 2020. The fair value of this financial asset was assessed by the management based on valuations performed by an independent company of professional valuer ("Valuer") engaged by the Group.

於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 貴集團按公允值於其他全面收 益列賬的非上市金融資產按公允值計量約為30,600,000港元。該 金融資產的公允值乃由管理層基於 貴集團委聘的一間獨立專業 估值師(「估值師」)公司所作估值進行評估。

The valuation of the unlisted financial asset at FVTOCI involved significant judgement and estimates, including the determination of valuation methodology and the selection of different inputs to the valuation model.

按公允值於其他全面收益列賬的非上市金融資產的估值涉及重大 判斷及估計,包括確定估值方法及選擇估值模型的不同輸入值。

# 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本 期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項 是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行 處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。我們 識別到的關鍵審計事項為:

- (i) 按公允值於其他全面收益列賬(「按公允值於 其他全面收益列賬」)之非上市金融資產的估 值;及
- (ii) 貴集團於預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)模 式項下貸款票據的撥備。

### How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

#### 按公允值於其他全面收益列賬(「按公允值於其他全面收益 列賬」)之非上市金融資產的估值

敬請參閱附註4內的主要會計政策,附註5內的關鍵判斷和 估計以及其在綜合財務報表附註7及24內的相關披露。

Our procedures in relation to this matter included: 我們有關此事項的程序包括:

- Evaluating the expertise and independence of the Valuer;
- 評估估值師的專長及獨立性;
- Checking the accuracy of the historical data used in the valuation model;
- 檢查估值模型中使用的歷史數據的準確性;
- Challenging the appropriateness of the key assumptions applied in the valuation model, with reference to historical performance of each investee and our understanding of their respective businesses and industries;
- 挑戰估值模型中所應用關鍵假設的適當性,當中參考 各名被投資方的歷史表現以及我們對其各自業務及行 業的理解;

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#### Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

We identified the valuation of unlisted financial asset at FVTOCI as a key audit matter as it accounted for approximately 16% of total Group's assets (by value) as at 31 December 2020 and was significant to the Group's capital and financial performance due to a higher degree of complexity, and the significance of management's judgements and unobservable inputs involves in the valuations. The valuation of these unlisted financial instrument involve the application of unobservable inputs such as discount rates, discount of lack of marketability, discount of lack of control, estimated production volume, commodity price index and etc. With different valuation techniques, inputs and assumptions applied, the valuation results can vary significantly. 我們將按公允值於全面其他收益列賬的非上市金融資產的估值 識別為關鍵審計事項,原因為其於二零二零年十二月三十一日 約佔 貴集團總資產的16%(按價值計),並因其較高的複雜性而 對 貴集團的資本及財務表現較為重要,以及估值涉及管理層的 重大判斷及不可觀察輸入值。該非上市金融工具的估值涉及應用 不可觀察輸入值,如貼現率、缺乏市場流通性之折讓、缺乏控制 權之折讓、估計產量、商品價格指數等。採用不同的估值技巧、 輸入值及假設可導致估值結果產生顯著差異。

# How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

- engaging a valuation specialist to assist us to review the appropriateness of the valuation approach and methodology, the accuracy of the calculations in the valuation model and the market data used on a sample basis, and the reasonableness of the components comprising the discount rate; and
- 委聘估值專家協助我們審視估值法及方法的合適性, 估值模型中的計算及所用市場數據(以抽樣方式)的準 確性,以及折現率組成部分的合理性;及
- Reviewing the appropriateness of the disclosure in the consolidated financial statements.
- 審視綜合財務報表內披露的合適性。

#### Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

Allowance of the Group's loan notes under the expected credit loss ("ECL") model

Refer to significant accounting policies in note 4, critical judgement and estimates in note 5 and its relevant disclosures in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

We identified the allowance of loan notes as a key audit matter due to the significant degree of management's judgement in assessing their expected credit losses ("ECL").

我們將貸款票據的撥備識別為關鍵審計事項,乃由於管理層於評 估其預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)時涉及重大判斷。

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had four trenches of loan notes designated at amortised costs with gross carrying value of approximately HK\$111,152,000 ("Loan Notes") and allowance of HK\$12,701,000 was made under lifetime ECL model.

於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 貴集團有四項指定為按攤銷成本 計量的貸款票據,總賬面值約為111,152,000港元(「貸款票據」), 及於全期預期信貸虧損模式下做出的撥備12,701,000港元。

In assessing the allowance of ECL of the Loan Notes, management applied judgement in assessing each issuer of Loan Notes individually based on respective credit risk characteristics and the likelihood of recovery, taking into account the nature of these issuers, their geographical locations and industries, and applying ECL rates to respective gross carrying amounts of Loan Notes. The ECL rates are determined based on historical credit losses experienced and were adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information such as macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of Loan Notes' issuers to redeem their Loan Notes upon maturity.

於評估貸款票據的預期信貸虧損撥備時,管理層運用判斷,基於 貸款票據各發行人各自的信貸風險特徵及收回款項的可能性,並 考慮該等發行人的性質、地理位置及所處行業個別評估貸款票據 各發行人,並對貸款票據各自的總賬面值應用預期信貸虧損率。 預期信貸虧損率乃基於過往信貸虧損釐定,並經調整反映當前及 前瞻性資料,如影響貸款票據發行人於到期時贖回其貸款票據之 能力的宏觀經濟因素。

We have identified the allowance of the Loan Notes under the ECL model as a key audit matter due to considerable amount of judgment and estimation being required in conducting recoverability and ECL assessment as mentioned in the foregoing paragraph.

我們將預期信貸虧損模式項下貸款票據的撥備識別為關鍵審計事項,原因為誠如上一段內所述,進行可收回性及預期信貸虧損評 估需要大量判斷及估計。 How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

### 貴集團貸款票據於預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)模式下 的撥備

敬請參閱附註4內的主要會計政策,附註5內的關鍵判斷和 估計以及其在綜合財務報表附註22內的相關披露。

Our procedures in relation to this matter included: 我們有關此事項的程序包括:

- evaluating the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal controls over credit control, debt collection and estimate of ECL;
- 評估對信貸控制、收取債務及估計預期信貸虧損的關 鍵內部控制設計、實施及運作有效性;
- assessing the reasonableness of the Group's ECL models by examining the model inputs used by management to form such judgements, including testing the accuracy of the historical default data, evaluating whether the historical loss rates are appropriately adjusted based on current economic conditions and forward-looking information including the economic variables and assumptions used in each of the economic scenarios and their probability weightings and assessing whether there was an indication of management bias when recognising loss allowances; and
- 透過檢討管理層形成有關判斷所用的模型輸入數據評估 貴集團預期信貸虧損模型的合理性,包括測試過 往違約數據的準確度、評估過往虧損率有否就目前的 經濟狀況及前瞻性資料(包括經濟可變因素以及各經 濟情況下所用假設及其機率比重)適當地作出調整及 評估是否有跡象顯示管理層確認虧損撥備的偏見;及
- inspecting settlements after the financial year end relating to the Loan Notes as at 31 December 2020.
- 一於財政年度結束後檢查有關二零二零年十二月三十一
   日的貸款票據償還情況。

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information in the Company's annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# **RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs issued by IASB and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

### 其他資料

董事需對其他資料承擔責任。其他資料包括貴公 司年報內的所有資料,但不包括綜合財務報表及我 們就此發出的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息, 我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是 閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否與綜 合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所瞭解的情況存在 重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於 我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信息存在重 大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。在這方面,我們 沒有任何報告。

### 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據國際會計準則委員會頒佈的國際 財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》的披露規定擬備真 實而意見公允的綜合財務報表,並負責董事認為就 編製綜合財務報表而言屬必要的有關內部監控,致 使綜合財務報表不存在欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯 誤陳述。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團 持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營 有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董 事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際 的替代方案。

審核委員會協助董事履行監督貴集團財務報告流 程的職責。

### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存 在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理 保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。我們僅 向 閣下(作為整體)報告我們的意見,除此之外本報 告別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何 其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。合理保證是高水平 的保證,但不能保證按香港審計準則進行的審計在 某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以 由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或匯總 起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報 表所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作 重大。

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中,我們運 用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 一 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務 報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行 審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取充足和 適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。由 於欺詐可能涉及串謀、僞造、蓄意遺漏、虛 假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上,因此未能 發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高 於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的 風險。
- 一瞭解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當的 審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控制 的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出會 計估計和相關披露的合理性。

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- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出 結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是否存 在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而 可能導致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重 大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確定性, 則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意 綜合財務報表中的相關披露。假若有關的披 露不足,則修訂我們的意見。我們的結論是 基於核數師報告日止所取得的審計憑證。然 而,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團不具 持續經營的能力。
  - 評估綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、架構和
     內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否公
     平地列報相關交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息獲 取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對綜合財務 報表發表意見。我們負責指導、監督和執行 集團審計。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

我們與審核委員會溝通了(其中包括)計劃的審計 範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等事項,包括我們在 審計期間識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們已符合 有關獨立性的相關職業道德要求,並與他們溝通所 有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的關係和其 他事項,以及在適用的情況下,消除威脅採取的行動 或採用的防範措施。

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT** 獨立核數師報告

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication. 從與主管人士溝通的事項中,我們決定哪些事項 對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關 鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項, 除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端 罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某 事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決 定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

#### McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants Lo Ka Ki Practising Certificate Number P06633 3/F, Winbase Centre, 208 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong

Hong Kong, 30 March 2021

**長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司** *執業會計師* **盧家麒** 執*業證書編號P06633* 香港皇后大道208號 勝基中心**3**字樓

香港,二零二一年三月三十日

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

		Note 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Gross proceeds from disposals of trading securities	出售交易證券的所得款項總額		5,096	53,057
<b>Revenue</b> Other revenue Other gains and (losses)	<b>收入</b> 其他收入 其他收益及(虧損)	9 10 11	8,105 175 (4,673)	8,988 — (34,337)
			3,607	(25,349)
Other operating expenses Finance costs	其他經營開支 財務成本	12	(6,202) (1,571)	(6,283) (3,729)
Loss before tax Income tax	<b>除税前虧損</b> 所得税	13 14	(4,166)	(35,361)
Loss for the year	年度虧損		(4,166)	(35,361)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:	其他全面收益(扣除税款):			
Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: — Fair value gain on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	<i>其後將不會重新分類至損益的 項目:</i> 一按公允值於其他全面收益 列賬(「按公允值於其他 全面收益列賬」)之金融			
("FVTOCI")	主		1,200	400
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔年內虧損及 全面收益總額		(2,966)	(34,961)
Loss per share	每股虧損			
Basic	<b>与</b> 成	16	(HK\$0.01港元)	<b>(HK\$0.20</b> 港元 <b>)</b>
Diluted	攤薄		(HK\$0.01港元)	(HK\$0.20港元)

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

## 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2020 於二零二零年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	As at 31 December 2020 於二零二零年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	As at 31 December 2019 於二零一九年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Non-current assets</b> Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Other receivables, deposits and	<b>非流動資產</b> 物業、廠房及設備 使用權資產 其他應收款、按金及	18 19(a)	4 197	10 475
prepayments Loan notes	通付款項 貸款票據	21 22	 46,413	3,000 75,913
			46,614	79,398
<b>Current assets</b> Other receivables, deposits and prepayments Loan notes	<b>流動資產</b> 其他應收款、按金及預付款項 貸款票據	21 22	633 52,038	20,874 5,144
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") Financial assets at FVTOCI	按公允值於損益賬列賬(「按公允 值於損益賬列賬」)之金融資產 按公允值於其他全面收益列賬之	23	46,944	26,806
Due from securities brokers Bank balance	金融資產 應收證券經紀款項 銀行結餘	24 25	30,600 801 7,905	29,400 12 28,187
			138,921	110,423
<b>Current liabilities</b> Due to securities brokers Other payables and accruals Lease liabilities Promissory notes	<b>流動負債</b> 應付證券經紀款項 其他應付款及應計費用 租賃負債 承付票	26 27 19(b) 29	1,701 732 208 224	2,011 1,347 282 337
			2,865	3,977
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		136,056	106,446
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		182,670	185,844
<b>Non-current liabilities</b> Lease liabilities Promissory notes	<b>非流動負債</b> 租賃負債 承付票	19(b) 29	19,920	208 19,920
			19,920	20,128
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		162,750	165,716
<b>Capital and reserves</b> Share capital Reserves	<b>資本及儲備</b> 股本 儲備	31 33	35,973 126,777	35,973 129,743
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益		162,750	165,716
Net asset value per share	每股資產淨值	34	HK\$0.45港元	HK\$0.46港元

The consolidated financial statements on pages 74 to 155 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 30 March 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

第74至155頁的綜合財務報表由董事會於二零二一年 三月三十日批准及授權刊發及由下列人士代為簽署:

Wu Ming Gai 胡銘佳 Director 董事 Chan Carman Wing Yan 陳詠欣 Director 董事

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

## 綜合權益變動表

				Attributab	le to owners of the 本公司擁有人應佔	Company		
					Financial			
		Ohana	Ohana	O a m tariha ata at	assets at	A	Tatal	
		Share	Share	Contributed	FVTOCI	Accumulated loss	Total	Total
		capital	premium	surplus	reserve 按公允值於其他	1055	reserve	TULAT
					全面收益列賬之			
		股本	股份溢價	實繳盈餘	金融資產的儲備	累計虧損	總儲備	總計
			33(b)(i)	33(b)(iii)	33(b)(ii)			
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	119,909	200,377	-	8,676	(193,580)	15,473	135,382
Loss and total comprehensive	年內虧損及全面收入/							
income/(expenses) for the year	(開支)總額	-	-	-	400	(35,361)	(34,961)	(34,961)
Capital reorganisation (note 31)	股本重組 <i>(附註<b>31</b>)</i>	(107,918)	(200,377)	107,918	-	200,377	107,918	-
Rights Issue (note 31)	供股 <i>(附註<b>31</b>)</i>	23,982	41,313	_	_	-	41,313	65,295
Transfer of reserve	轉移儲備	_	_	_	1,824	(1,824)	_	_
Changes in equity for the year	本年度權益變動	(83,936)	(159,064)	107,918	2,224	163,192	114,270	30,334
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月三十一日	35,973	41,313	107,918	10,900	(30,388)	129,743	165,716
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	35,973	41,313	107,918	10,900	(30,388)	129,743	165,716
Loss and total comprehensive income/(expenses) for the year	年內虧損及全面收入/(開支) 總額	_	_	_	1,200	(4,166)	(2,966)	(2,966)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	35,973	41,313	107,918	12,100	(34,554)	126,777	162,750

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

## 綜合現金流量表

		Note 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
	<b>經營活動產生的現金流量</b> 除税前虧損		(4,166)	(35,361)
Adjustments for:	調整:			
Interest income	利息收入		(8,105)	(8,988)
Finance costs	財務成本		1,571	3,729
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊			<u>_</u>
equipment	<b>佐田</b> 博次文七群		6	9
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Fair value losses on trading securities	使用權資產折舊 交易證券之公允值虧損		278	347
Fair value losses on convertible	2 须超分之五九值虧損 指定為按公允值於損益賬列賬		(12,105)	9,025
bonds designated at financial	之金融資產的可轉換債券的			
assets at FVTPL	公允值虧損		2,075	2,146
Gains (losses) on deemed disposals of			_,	_,
unlisted convertible bonds	益賬列賬之金融資產的非上			
designated at financial assets	市可轉換債券的收益(虧損)			
at FVTPL				
<ul> <li>— unlisted convertible bonds</li> </ul>	— 指定為按公允值於損益			
designated at financial assets	賬列賬之金融資產的非			
at FVTPL and consideration	上市可轉換債券以及可			
receivable to exchange for a loan	用於交換貸款票據2(定			
note of LN2 (as defined below)	義見下文)的貸款票據的 應收() @	25(-)(i)	(200)	
— Deposit on top of cash	應收代價 — 用於交換貸款票據 <b>4</b> (定	35(a)(i)	(329)	—
consideration amounting	新水文探貨秋宗城4(定 義見下文)的貸款票據的			
HK\$10,000,000 to exchange for	現金代價10,000,000港			
a loan note of LN4 (as defined	元的按金			
below)		35(a)(ii)	(1,378)	_
<ul> <li>Deposit and a loan note of LN1</li> </ul>	一 用於交換海外上市證券			
(as defined below) to exchange	投資的按金和貸款			
for securities investment listed	票據1(定義見下文)的貸			
in overseas	款票據	35(a)(iii)	3,615	—
Loss on disposals of loan notes	出售貸款票據虧損		-	2,064
Loss on disposal of unlisted equity	出售指定為按公允值於其他全			
investments designated at financial assets at FVTOCI	面收益列賬之金融資產的非 L 主 即 塘 切 资 虧 揭			1 676
Allowance for ECL of loan notes	上市股權投資虧損 貸款票據預期信貸虧損撥備		 11,931	1,676 2,598
Allowance for ECL of deposits	按金及其他應收款預期信貸虧		11,551	2,000
and other receivables	損撥備		1,592	538
Operating loss before working	未計營運資金變動前之經營虧損			
capital changes			(5,015)	(22,217)
(Increase)/decrease in trading	交易證券(增加)/減少			
securities			(2,219)	21,887
Decrease in other receivables,	其他應收款、按金及預付款項			
deposits and prepayments	減少		630	352
(Increase)/decrease in amounts due	應收證券經紀款項(增加)/			
from securities brokers	減少		(789)	_
(Decrease)/increase in amounts due to securities brokers	應付證券經紀款項 (減少)/增加		(240)	(2 170)
(Decrease)/increase in other payables	[ 减少] / 增加 其他應付款及應計費用		(310)	(3,179)
and accruals	(減少)/增加		(615)	(2,454)
			(010)	(=, :• -)

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

## 綜合現金流量表

		Note 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash used in operations Interest paid Income tax paid	經營所用之現金 已付利息 已付所得税		(8,318) (16) —	(5,611) (14) —
Net cash used in operating activities	經營活動所用淨現金		(8,334)	(5,625)
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b> Subscription of a loan note of LN4 (as defined below)	<b>投資活動之現金流量</b> 認購貸款票據4(定義見下文)的 貸款票據		(10,000)	
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用淨現金		(10,000)	_
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from issue of shares under rights issue, net of expenses Principal portion of lease payments Repayment of shareholder's loan Redemption of promissory notes Interest paid	<b>融資活動之現金流量</b> 根據供股發行股份所得款, 扣除有關費用後 租賃付款的本金部分 償還股東貸款 贖回承付票 已付利息			65,295 (341) (31,710) (300) (3,911)
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	融資活動(所用)/所得之現金 淨額		(1,948)	(29,033)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	<b>現金及現金等額之(減少)/ 增加淨額</b> 年初現金及現金等額		(20,282) 28,187	23,408 4,779
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	年末現金及現金等額		7,905	28,187
Analysis of cash and cash equivalents Bank balances	<b>s 現金及現金等額分析</b> 銀行結餘		7,905	28,187

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### **1. GENERAL INFORMATION**

Cocoon Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company and continued in Bermuda with limited liability and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The address of its registered office is Walkers Corporate (Bermuda) Limited, Park Place, 55 Par-la-Ville Road, Third Floor, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. The principal place of business of the Company is Room 14A, Fortune House, 61 Connaught Road Central, Central, Hong Kong. The principal activities of the Company are investments insecurities listed on recognised stock exchanges and unlisted investments with a potential for earnings growth and capital appreciation.

The investment objective of the Company is to achieve an enhanced earnings stream and capital appreciation from its investments.

The Company has adopted the following investment policies:

- (i) the Company may, at its sole discretion, invest in any securities, listed or unlisted, including warrants, money market instruments, bank deposits, currency investments, commodities, options, convertible securities, futures contracts and precious metals or any other forms of investments in securities which would enable the Company to achieve good income or capital appreciation.
- (ii) the Company may, for hedging purposes only, buy, write or sell warrants, covered warrants, options or traded options on its underlying investments. The Company may also buy or sell futures contracts on stock indices or shares (if any) as a means to hedge against adverse price movements of its investments.
- (iii) in order to hedge against interest rate risks, the Company may enter into forward interest rate agreements, interest rates and US treasury bond futures contracts and interest rate swaps. The Company may also, for hedging purpose only, purchase and write (sell) put or call options or options on futures on interest rates. The Company will only engage in transactions in options and futures which are traded on a recognized securities or futures exchange.

### 1. 一般資料

中國天弓控股有限公司(「本公司」)於開曼群島 註冊成立為獲豁免公司並於百慕達存續之有限 公司,其股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯 交所」)上市。其註冊辦事處之地址為Walkers Corporate (Bermuda) Limited, Park Place, 55 Par-la-Ville Road, Third Floor, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda。本公司之主要營業地點為香港中環干 諾道中61號福興大廈14A室。本公司的主要業務 活動為投資於在認可證券交易所上市之證券及具 有盈利增長及資本增值潛力的非上市投資。

本公司投資目標為增加盈利流及其投資的資本增 值。

本公司已採納以下投資政策:

- (i) 本公司可全權酌情投資於任何上市或非上 市證券,包括認股權證、貨幣市場工具、銀 行存款、貨幣投資、商品、期權、可轉換證 券、期貨合約及貴金屬或任何其他形式之證 券投資,使本公司能賺取理想收入或實現資 本增值。
- (ii) 僅就對沖目的而言,本公司可購買、出售或 沽售認股權證、備兑認股權證、期權或其相 關投資之交易期權。本公司亦可買賣股票指 數之期貨合約或股份(如有),作為其投資價 格不利變動之對沖工具。
- (iii) 為對沖利率風險,本公司可訂立遠期利率協 議、利率及美國國庫債券期貨合約及利率掉 期合約。僅就對沖目的而言,本公司亦可購 買及出售(沽售)認沽或認購期權或利率期貨 期權。本公司僅會進行於認可證券或期貨交 易所買賣之期權及期貨交易。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 1. **GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)**

(iv) cash pending investment, reinvestment or distribution will be placed in bank deposits in any currency, obligations of the United States or Hong Kong governments, their respective agencies or instrumentalities, or securities and other instruments denominated in any currency issued by various governments or international development agencies.

The Company may not:

- (i) either on its own or in conjunction with any connected person, take legal, or effective, management control of any company or other entity in which it invests or controls more than 30% (or such other percentage as may from time to time be specified in the Takeovers Code as being the level for triggering a mandatory general offer) of the voting rights in such company or other entity; and
- (ii) invest in any company or other entity if as a result, more than 20% of the Company's net asset value as at the date of such investment would be invested in any one such company or other entity.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), which in collective term includes all applicable International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards ("IASs") and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB") and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") and with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622). Significant accounting policies adopted by the Group are discussed below.

The IASB has issued certain new and revised IFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 3 provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for current and prior accounting periods reflected in these consolidated financial statements. 1. 一般資料(續)

(iv)有待投資、再投資或分派之現金將存放於任何貨幣之銀行存款、美國或香港政府、其各自部門或機關之責任,或由多個政府或國際發展部門所發行以任何貨幣為單位之證券及其他工具。

#### 本公司不得:

- (i) 單獨或聯同任何關連人士取得其投資或控制 投票權30%(或收購守則可能不時訂定為觸 發強制性全面要約之水平之其他百分比)以 上之任何公司或其他實體之法定或有效的管 理控制權;及
- (ii) 投資任何公司或其他實體,以致本公司於作 出該項投資日期之資產淨值超過20%為投資 於任何一間有關公司或其他實體。

#### 2. 編製基準

綜合財務報表是按照國際財務報告準則(「國際財 務報告準則」)(此乃國際會計準則理事會(「國際 會計準則理事會」)發出的所有適用的個別國際財 務報告準則、國際會計準則(「國際會計準則」) 和詮釋的統稱)及香港公認會計原則編製。綜合 財務報表亦符合聯交所證券上市規則(「《上市規 則》」)適用披露條文的規定及香港《公司條例》(第 622章)的披露規定。本集團所採用的主要會計政 策在下文討論。

國際會計準則理事會已經頒佈若干新制訂和經修 訂的國際財務報告準則,並於本集團的本會計期 間首次生效或可供提前採用。附註3提供首次應 用該等發展所導致的任何會計政策變動的資料, 該等變動為於本會計期間及過往會計期間與本集 團有關而已在綜合財務報表內反映。

## 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

## 3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The IASB has issued certain new and revised IFRSs and amendments that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Below provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for current and prior accounting periods reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

#### (a) Application of new and revised IFRSs

The Group has applied the Amendments to Reference to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards and the following amendments to IFRSs issued by the IASB for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2020 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8	Definition of Material
Amendments to IFRS 3	Definition of a Business
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform

In addition, the Group has early applied the Amendments to IFRS 16, COVID-19 Related Rent Concessions.

The application of the Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards and the amendments to IFRSs in the current year has had no material effect on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior periods and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

# (b) New and revised IFRSs in issue but not yet effective

Other than the amendments to IFRS 16, COVID-19 Related Rent Concessions, the Group has not applied any new and revised IFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2020. These new and revised IFRSs include the following which may be relevant to the Group. 採用新制訂和經修訂的香港財務報告準則

國際會計準則理事會已經頒佈若干新制訂和經修 訂的國際財務報告準則及修訂本,並於本集團的 本會計期間首次生效或可供提前採用。以下提供 首次應用該等發展所導致的任何會計政策變動的 資料,該等變動為於本會計期間及過往會計期間 與本集團有關而已在綜合財務報表內反映。

#### (a)應用新制訂和經修訂的國際財務報告準 則

本集團首次應用「提述國際財務報告準則概 念框架的修訂」及下列由國際會計準則委員 會頒佈且於二零二零年一月一日或之後開始 的年度期間強制生效之經修訂國際財務報告 準則,以編製綜合財務報表:

國際會計準則第1號及國際 重大的定義 會計準則第8號 (修訂本) 國際財務報告準則第3號 業務的定義 (修訂本) 國際財務報告準則第9號、 利率基準改革

國際前初報日午內第3號 初平至年以早 國際會計準則第39號及 國際財務報告準則第7號 (修訂本)

此外,本集團已提前應用國際財務報告準則 第16號的修訂COVID-19相關租金優惠。

於本年度應用提述國際財務報告準則概念框 架之修訂及國際財務報告準則之修訂對本集 團於當前及過往期間之財務表現及狀況及/ 或對該等綜合財務報表所載之披露資料並無 造成重大影響。

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新制訂和經修訂的 國際財務報告準則

除國際財務報告準則第16號之修訂 COVID-19相關租金優惠外,本集團並未應 用任何已頒佈但於二零二零年一月一日開始 的財年尚未生效的新制訂及經修訂的國際財 務報告準則。該等新制訂及經修訂國際財務 報告準則包括以下可能與本集團相關的準 則。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

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## 3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

# (b) New and revised IFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

	~~/
IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts and related Amendments <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts <sup>1,5</sup>
Amendments to IFRS 3	Reference to Conceptual Framework <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2 <sup>4</sup>
Amendments to IFRS 10	Sale or Contribution of Assets between

and IAS 28	an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture <sup>3</sup>
	venture
Amendments to IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current
	or Non-current and the related
	amendments to International
	Interpretation 5 (2020) <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to IAS 16	Property, plant and Equipment: Proceeds
	before Intended Use <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to IAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a
	Contract <sup>2</sup>
Amendment to IFRSs	Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2018-2020
	cycle <sup>2</sup>
	,

- <sup>1.</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.
- <sup>2.</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022.
- <sup>3.</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.
- <sup>4.</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021.
- As a consequence of the amendments to IFRS 17 issued in October 2020, IFRS 4 was amended to extend the temporary exemption that permits insurers to apply IAS 39 rather than IFRS 9 for annual periods beginning before 1 January 2023.

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments and new standards is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements. 採用新制訂和經修訂的香港財務報告準則(續)

(b)	已分	頁佈但	目尚未	ミ生き	<u></u> 汝 的	新制	訂和	經修	訂的	J
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	國際	財務報	告準則	J		對概	[念框架	的提述	<u>朮</u> 2	
	國際區	\$3號(個 財務報當 國際 動務會 動務 國際 大國國	告準則 †準則第 条報告 系財務報	第9號 第39號 準則第 報告準	號、 第 <b>7</b> ■則第	-	基準改 — 第2附			
	穿 國際	第 <b>16</b> 號( 財務報	修訂本 告準則	。)  第 <b>10</b>	號		者與其			
		を國際會 修訂本		則第2	8號		合營公 出售或:		之資產	Ē
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	國際	修訂本 會計準 修訂本	則第37	7號		虧損	定用途) [性合約 的成本 <sup>2</sup>	)— 履		9
	國際	◎□本 財務報 修訂本	告準則	J		國際	5000年 5月70日 1000年 5月10日 5月10 5月10 5月10 5月10 5月10 5月10 5月10 5月10	は 告 準 月 一 二 零	零二零	
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	2.	於二零 間生效		年一	月一	日或	之後開	始 的 :	年度期	IJ
	3.	於待知	目的目	期或	之後	開始的	的年度	期間的	主效。	
	4.	於二零 間生效		年一	月一	日或。	之後開	始 的 :	年度期	Ð
	5.	則第1 經修言 第39號	7號(修 丁為將 虎,而	<ul><li>参訂本</li><li>允許</li><li>非國[</li></ul>	x),  保險 際財が	國際則 公司 務報告	的國際 材務報 應用國 告準則第	告準貝  際會 第 <b>9</b> 號	第4號 計準則 的臨時	ŧ ا

本集團正在評估該等修訂本及新準則預期將 於初步應用期間產生的影響。其目前認為採 納該等修訂本及新準則不可能對綜合財務報 表有重大影響。

豁免延長至二零二三年一月一日之前開始的

年度期間。

## 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, unless mentioned otherwise in the accounting policies below (e.g. goodwill and share-based payments that are measured at fair value).

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 5.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below:

### (a) Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 December. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group has power over an entity when the Group has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. activities that significantly affect the entity's returns.

When assessing control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties, to determine whether it has control. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date the control ceases.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary that results in a loss of control represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that subsidiary and (ii) the Company's share of the net assets of that subsidiary plus any remaining goodwill relating to that subsidiary and any related accumulated foreign currency translation reserve relating to that subsidiary.

## 4. 主要會計政策

除非下文會計政策中另有提及(如以公允值計量 的商譽及基於股份的付款),否則該等綜合財務 報表以原值成本法編製。

編製符合國際財務報告準則的財務報表需要使用 若干關鍵會計估計。這亦需要管理層在應用本集 團的會計政策過程中行使其判斷。涉及較高的判 斷力或複雜性的範疇,或涉及對綜合財務報表作 出重大假設和估計的範疇,在附註5中披露。

編製本綜合財務報表採用的主要會計政策載於下 文:

#### (a) 綜合賬目

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司截至 十二月三十一日止的財務報表。附屬公司指 本集團對其擁有控制權的實體。當本集團通 過參與某實體而承擔可變回報的風險或享有 可變回報,並且有能力運用對該實體的權力 影響該等回報,本集團即控制該實體。當本 集團擁有現有權利,使本集團目前有能力主 導相關活動(即對實體的回報產生重大影響 的活動),本集團對該實體擁有權力。

在評估控制權時,本集團會考慮其潛在投票 權以及其他人士持有的潛在投票權,以釐定 其是否擁有控制權。只有在持有人有實際能 力行使有關權利時,方考慮潛在投票權。

附屬公司在控制權轉移至本集團之日綜合入 賬。附屬公司在控制權終止之日起停止綜合 入賬。

導致失去控制權之出售附屬公司之損益代表 (i)銷售代價之公允值加在該附屬公司保留之 任何投資之公允值:與(ii)本公司應佔該附屬 公司之資產淨值加與該附屬公司有關之任何 保留商譽和任何涉及該附屬公司的相關累計 外幣換算儲備之間之差額。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (a) Consolidation (Continued)

Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Company. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of changes in equity within equity. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between the non-controlling interests and owners of the Company.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions (i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners). The carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment loss, unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale).

## 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (a) 綜合賬目(續)

集團內公司之間的交易、結餘及未變現溢利 予以對銷。未變現虧損亦予以抵銷,除非交 易提供證據顯示所轉移資產出現減值,則作 別論。附屬公司的會計政策已按需要作出改 變,以確保與本集團採用的政策符合一致。

非控制性權益指附屬公司不直接或間接歸屬 於本公司的權益。非控制性權益在權益內在 綜合財務狀況表及綜合權益變動表內列報。 非控制性權益,在綜合損益及其他全面收益 表內按年度損益及全面收益總額分配予非控 制性權益與本公司擁有人的形式列報。

損益及其他全面收益的各組成部分會歸屬於 本公司擁有人及非控制性權益,即使此舉引 致非控制性權益結餘為負數。

本公司將附屬公司中不導致喪失控制權的擁 有權權益變動作為權益交易(即與擁有人以 擁有人身份進行交易)核算。控制性權益和 非控制性權益的賬面金額應予調整以反映附 屬公司中相關權益的變動。調整的非控制性 權益的金額與支付或收取的對價的公允值之 間任何差額直接於權益確認並歸屬於本公司 的擁有人。

在本公司的財務狀況表內,除非於附屬公司 的投資分類為持有待售(或包括在分類為持 有待售的處置組),否則以成本減去減值虧 損列值。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Foreign currency translation

#### (a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

# (b) Transactions and balances in each entity's financial statements

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair values in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the dates when the fair values are determined.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (b) 外幣折算

(a) 功能和列報貨幣

本集團每個主體的財務報表所列項目均 以該主體經營所在的主要經濟環境的貨 幣計量(「功能貨幣」)。綜合財務報表以 港元(「港元」)列報,港元為本公司的功 能貨幣及列報貨幣。

### (b) 各實體財務報表內的交易及結餘

外幣交易在初始確認時採用交易日期的 現行匯率換算為功能貨幣。外幣計值的 貨幣資產和負債以各報告期末的匯率折 算。因此項折算政策而產生的收益和虧 損在損益中確認。

以公允值計量的以外幣計價的非貨幣性 項目應按公允值確定日的匯率折算。

當非貨幣性項目的收益或虧損在其他全 面收益中確認,該收益或虧損的任何匯 兑組成部分在其他全面收益中確認。當 非貨幣性項目的收益或虧損在損益中確 認,該收益或虧損的任何匯兑組成部分 在損益中確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (b) Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(c) Translation on consolidation

The results and financial position of all the Group entities that have a functional currency different from the Company's presentation currency are translated into the Company's presentation currency as follows:

- (i) Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- (ii) Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates on the transaction dates); and
- (iii) All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of monetary items that form part of the net investment in foreign entities are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are reclassified to consolidated profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

#### (c) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (b) 外幣折算(續)

(c) 綜合賬目折算

其功能貨幣與本公司的列報貨幣不同的 所有本集團內的主體的業績和財務狀況 按如下方法換算為本公司的列報貨幣:

- (i)每份列報的財務狀況表內的資產和 負債按該財務狀況表日期的收市匯 率換算;
- (ii) 收益和費用按該期間平均匯率換算 (除非此平均匯率並不代表交易日期 現行匯率的累計影響的合理約數; 在此情況下,收支項目按交易日期 的匯率換算);及
- (iii) 所有由此產生的匯兑差額在其他全 面收益中確認,並在外幣折算儲備 中累積。

於綜合賬目時,因換算構成海外實體投 資淨額一部分的貨幣項目而產生的匯 兑差額,均於其他全面收益中確認並於 外幣換算儲備內累計。當出售境外業務 時,有關匯兑差額會作為處置收益或虧 損的一部分於綜合損益中重新分類。

購買境外主體產生的商譽及公允值調整 視為該境外主體的資產和負債,並按收 市匯率換算。

#### (c) 物業、廠房及設備

在綜合財務狀況表內,物業、廠房及設備以 成本減去後續累計折舊及後續累計減值虧損 (如有)計量。

## 综合財務報表附註

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (c) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their cost less their residual values over the estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rates are as follows:

Leasehold improvements	Over the term of the lease
	but not exceeding 5 years
Office equipment	20%
Furniture and fixtures	20%

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (d) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (c) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

後續成本只有在很可能為本集團帶來與該項 目有關的未來經濟利益,而該項目的成本能 可靠計量時,才包括在資產的賬面值或確認 為一項單獨資產(如適用)。所有其他維修費 用在產生的期間內於損益內確認。

物業、廠房及設備的折舊採用直綫法在估計 使用壽命內按足夠撇銷其成本的年率減其剩 餘價值計算。主要年率如下:

租賃物業裝修	租期,但不超過5年
辦公室設備	20%
傢俬及裝置	20%

資產的剩餘價值、使用壽命及折舊法在每個 報告期末進行檢討,及在適當時調整,任何 估計變動的影響按前瞻性基準入賬。

出售物業、廠房及設備的收益或虧損乃銷售 所得款項淨額及有關資產的賬面值之間的差 額,並於損益內確認。

#### (d) 租賃

本集團於合約開始時評估合約是否為或包含 租賃。倘合約為換取代價而給予在一段時間 內控制可識別資產使用的權利,則該合約屬 於或包含租賃。在客戶既有權指示使用已識 別資產,亦有權從該用途獲得幾乎所有經濟 利益的情況下,則擁有控制權。

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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (d) Leases (Continued)
  - (i) The Group as a lessee

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets which, for the Group are primarily laptops and office furniture. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, except for the right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment property are carried at fair value.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (d) 租賃(續)

(i) 本集團作為承租人

於租賃開始日期,本集團確認使用權資產及租賃負債,惟租期為12個月或以下的短期租賃及就本集團而言主要為筆記 本電腦及辦公室傢俬的低價值資產租賃 除外。當本集團就低價值資產訂立租賃 時,本集團以每項租賃為基準決定是否 將租賃資本化。與該等不作資本化租賃 相關的租賃付款於租賃期內按系統化基 準確認為開支。

當租賃資本化時,租賃負債按租賃期內 應付租賃付款的現值初始確認,並使用 租賃所隱含利率或(倘該利率不可直接釐 定)使用相關之遞增借款利率貼現。於初 始確認後,租賃負債按攤銷成本計量, 而利息開支則採用實際利率法計算。不 取決於某一指數或比率之可變租賃付款 並未包括於租賃負債之計量,因此於其 產生之會計期間於損益中支銷。

## 綜合財務報表附註

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Leases (Continued)

#### (i) The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under IFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The lease liability is also remeasured when there is a change in the scope of a lease or the consideration for a lease that is not originally provided for in the lease contract ("lease modification") that is not accounted for as a separate lease. In this case the lease liability is remeasured based on the revised lease payments and lease term using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification. The only exceptions are any rent concessions which arose as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and which satisfied the conditions set out in paragraph 46B of IFRS 16. In such cases, the group took advantage of the practical expedient set out in paragraph 46A of IFRS 16 and recognised the change in consideration as if it were not a lease modification.

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (d) 租賃(續)

#### (i) 本集團作為承租人(續)

本集團已合理地確定可於租期結束時取 得相關租賃資產所有權的使用權資產由 開始日期起至可使用年期結束止計提折 舊。在其他情況下,使用權資產按直線 法於其估計可使用年期及租期(以較短者 為準)內計提折舊。

已付可退回租賃按金根據國際財務報告 準則第9號入賬,初步按公允值計量。於 初始確認時對公允值的調整被視為額外 租賃付款並計入使用權資產成本。

倘指數或利率變動引致未來租賃付款 變動,或本集團根據剩餘價值擔保預期 應付款項之估計有變,或當重新評估本 集團是否將合理確定行使購買、延期或 終止選擇權而產生變動,則會重新計量 租賃負債。當租賃負債以此方式重新計 量,則就使用權資產之賬面值作出相 應調整,或倘使用權資產之賬面值減至 零,則於損益入賬。

當租賃範圍發生變化或租賃合約原先並 無規定的租賃代價發生變化(「租賃修 訂」),且未作為單獨的租賃入賬時,則 亦對租賃負債進行重新計量。在此情況 下,租賃負債根據經修訂租賃付款和租 賃期限,使用經修訂貼現率在修訂生效 日重新計量。唯一的例外是因COVID-19 疫情而直接產生的任何租金優惠,且符 合國際財務報告準則第16號第46B段所 載的條件。在此情況下,本集團利用國 際財務報告準則第16號第46A段所載的 實際權宜方法,確認代價變動,猶如其 並非租賃修訂。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (d) Leases (Continued)
  - (ii) The Group as a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an underlying assets to the lessee. If this is not the case, the lease is classified as an operating lease.

# (e) Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (d) 租賃(續)

(ii) 本集團作為出租人

倘本集團作為出租人,則於租賃形成時,將其釐定為融資租賃或經營租賃。 一項租賃如果將相關資產擁有權所附帶的大部分風險及回報轉移至承租人,則該租賃分類為融資租賃。否則租賃分類為經營租賃。

#### (e) 確認及終止確認金融工具

當本集團實體成為契約的合約條文訂約方 時,於綜合財務狀況表確認金融資產及金融 負債。

金融資產及金融負債初始按公允值計量。收 購或發行金融資產及金融負債(按公允值於 損益賬列賬(「按公允值於損益賬列賬」)的金 融資產及金融負債除外)直接應佔的交易成 本於初始確認時計入或自金融資產或金融負 債(倘適用)的公允值扣減。收購按公允值於 損益賬列賬的金融資產或金融負債直接應佔 的交易成本即時於損益確認。

本集團僅於資產現金流量的合約權利屆滿 時,或金融資產及該資產所有權的絕大部分 風險與回報轉移至另一實體後終止確認金融 資產。倘本集團並無轉移亦無保留所有權的 絕大部分風險與回報,並繼續控制已轉移資 產,則本集團確認其於該資產的保留權益, 並就其可能須支付的款項確認相關負債。 倘本集團保留已轉移金融資產所有權的絕 大部分風險與回報,則本集團繼續確認金融 資產,亦就已收取之所得款項確認有抵押借 貸。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# (e) Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments (Continued)

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or the counterparty.

#### (f) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. All recognised financial assets are measured subsequently in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (e) 確認及終止確認金融工具(續)

當且僅當本集團之義務已予解除、取消或已 終止後,本集團方會撇除金融負債。終止確 認之金融負債賬面值與已付及應付代價之間 的差額(包括任何轉讓的非現金資產或承擔 的非現金負債)於損益確認。

倘有法定可強制執行權利抵銷已確認金額, 且擬按淨額基準結算或擬同時變現資產並結 算負債,則金融資產與金融負債互相抵銷, 淨額於資產負債表呈報。法定可強制執行權 利必須不得依賴未來事件而定,而在一般業 務過程中以及倘公司或對手方一旦出現違 約、無償債能力或破產時,亦必須可強制執 行。

#### (f) 金融資產

所有以常規方式購買或出售的金融資產按交 易日基準確認及終止確認。常規方式購買或 出售指要求在市場規則或慣例規定的時間內 交付資產的金融資產買賣。所有已確認金融 資產其後悉數按攤餘成本或公允值計量,取 決於金融資產的分類。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Financial assets (Continued)

#### Debt investments

Debt investments held by the Group are classified into one of the following measurement categories:

- (i) amortised cost, if the investment is held for the collection of contractual cash flows which represent solely payments of principal and interest. Interest income from the investment is calculated using the effective interest method.
- (ii) Fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") — recycling, if the contractual cash flows of the investment comprise solely payments of principal and interest and the investment is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both the collection of contractual cash flows and sale. Changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income, except for the recognition in profit or loss of expected credit losses, interest income (calculated using the effective interest method) and foreign exchange gains and losses. When the investment is derecognised, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income is recycled from equity to profit or loss.
- (iii) FVTPL, if the investment does not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI (recycling). Changes in the fair value of the investment (including interest) are recognised in profit or loss.

#### Equity investments

An investment in equity securities is classified as FVTPL unless the equity investment is not held for trading purposes and on initial recognition of the investment the Group makes an election to designate the investment at FVTOCI (non-recycling) such that subsequent changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income. Such elections are made on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but may only be made if the investment meets the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective. Where such an election is made, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income remains in the fair value reserve (nonrecycling) until the investment is disposed of. At the time of disposal, the amount accumulated in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) is transferred to retained earnings. It is not recycled through profit or loss. Dividends from an investment in equity securities, irrespective of whether classified as at FVTPL or FVTOCI, are recognised in profit or loss as other income.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

## (f) 金融資產(續) *債務工具*

本集團持有的債務工具分為以下其中一個計 量類別:

- (i) 攤餘成本。倘投資持作收取合約現金流量,且其僅為支付本金及利息。投資利息收入使用實際利率法計算。
- (ii) 按公允值於其他全面收益列賬(「按公允 值於其他全面收益列賬」) — 可撥回。 倘投資的合約現金流量其中包括僅為支 付本金及利息的部分,且持有投資的業 務模式旨在同時實現收取合約現金流量 與出售。公允值變動於其他全面收益確 認,惟預期信貸虧損、利息收入(使用實 際利率法計算)及匯兑收益及虧損於損益 確認。終止確認投資後,其他全面收益 累計的金額由權益撥回至損益。
- (iii) 按公允值於損益賬列賬。倘投資不符合 按攤餘成本或按公允值於其他全面收益 列賬(可撥回)的計量標準。投資(包括 利息)公允值變動於損益確認。

#### 股權投資

股權證券投資分類為按公允值於損益賬列 賬,除非該股權投資並非持作買賣,且於初 步確認投資時本集團選擇將該投資指定為按 公允值於其他全面收益列賬(不可撥回), 則公允值的其後變動於其他全面收益確認。 有關選擇乃按各項工具基準作出,僅於投資 符合發行人對股權的定義時作出。倘作出有 關選擇,於其他全面收益累計的金額保留於 公允值儲備(不可撥回),直至該投資出售為 止。於出售時,公允值儲備(不可撥回)累計 的金額轉撥至保留盈利,它不能通過損益回 收。股權證券投資的股息(不論分為按公允 值於損益賬列賬或按公允值於其他全面收益 列賬)於損益確認為其他收益。

## 综合財務報表附註

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (g) Other receivables

A receivables is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognised before the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset.

Other receivables are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowance for credit losses.

#### (h) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents represent cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for ECL.

#### (i) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under IFRSs. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

#### (j) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (g) 其他應收款

當本集團有無條件權利收取代價時確認應 收款項。倘於代價支付到期前僅須待時間過 去,則收取代價的權利為無條件。倘於本集 團有無條件權利收取代價前確認收入,則該 金額呈列為合約資產。

其他應收款按攤餘成本以實際利率法扣除信 貸虧損撥備後列賬。

#### (h) 現金及現金等額

就現金流量表而言,現金及現金等額為銀行 及手頭現金、存放在銀行及其他財務機構的 活期存款,及期限短、流動性強、易於轉換 為已知金額現金、價值變動風險很小的投 資,於收購時尚餘三個月期限。作為本集團 現金管理一項組成部分的按要求隨時付還 的銀行透支,亦為現金及現金等額的組成部 分。現金及現金等額須進行預期信貸虧損評 估。

#### (i) 金融負債及權益工具

由集團實體發行的金融負債及權益工具根據 合約安排實質及金融負債與權益工具在國際 財務報告準則中的定義分類為金融負債或權 益。具體金融負債及權益工具所採納的會計 政策載列如下。

#### (j) 借款

借款初始按公允值並扣除產生的交易費用確 認。借款其後利用實際利率法按攤餘成本計 量。

除非本集團可無條件將負債的結算遞延至報 告期後最少12個月,否則借款分類為流動負 債。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (k) Other payables

Other payables are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

#### (I) Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidence a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### (m) Revenue recognition

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment are established.

#### (n) Employee benefits

#### (a) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

### (b) Pension obligations

The Group contributes to defined contribution retirement schemes which are available to all employees. Contributions to the schemes by the Group and employees are calculated as a percentage of employees' basic salaries. The retirement benefit scheme cost charged to profit or loss represents contributions payable by the Group to the funds.

#### (c) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of the dates when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits, and when the Group recognises restructuring costs and involves the payment of termination benefits.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

### (k) 其他應付款

其他應付款初始按公允值確認,其後利用實 際利率法按攤餘成本計量,除非折現的影響 不大,在該情況下,其按成本列值。

### (I) 權益工具

權益工具指能證明於實體減除其所有負債後 的資產中擁有剩餘權益的任何合約。本公司 發行之權益工具按已收所得款項扣除直接發 行成本列賬。

#### (m)收入確認

利息收入按時間比例以實際利息法確認。

股息收入於股東收取付款的權利確立時確認。

#### (n) 僱員福利

(a) 僱員假期權益

僱員所享有的年假及長期服務假期權益 在僱員產生假期時確認。因僱員提供服 務而產生的年假及長期服務假期估計負 債,就截至報告期末止作出準備。

僱員的病假和產假權益在休假前不作確 認。

### (b) 退休金義務

本集團就所有僱員向界定供款退休計劃 供款。本集團及僱員對計劃的供款按僱 員基本薪金的某一百分比計算。扣自損 益的退休福利計劃成本為本集團應付基 金的供款。

#### (c) 辭退福利

辭退福利在下列兩者孰早日確認:本集 團不能撤回提供此等福利時;及本集團 確認涉及支付辭退福利的重組成本時。

## 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (o) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

To the extent that funds are borrowed generally and used for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is determined by applying a capitalisation rate to the expenditures on that asset. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the borrowing costs applicable to the borrowings of the Group that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset.

Any specific borrowing that remain outstanding after the related asset is ready for its intended use or sale is included in the general borrowing pool for calculation of capitalisation rate on general borrowings.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### (p) Government grants

A government grant is recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to it and that the grant will be received.

Government grants that become receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable. Such grants are presented under "other income".

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (o) 借款成本

可直接歸屬於符合條件的資產(指需要經過 相當長時間才能達到可使用或可銷售狀態的 資產)的購置、建造或生產的借款成本,直 至該資產實質上已達到可使用或可銷售狀態 之前均計入該資產的成本一部份。專門借款 在發生符合條件的資產的支出之前用作暫時 性投資而取得的投資收益,應從符合資本化 條件的借款成本中扣除。

就於一般情況及用作取得符合條件的資產借 入的資金而言,合資格資本化的借款成本金 額乃按用於該資產的支出資本化率計算。資 本化率乃為取得符合條件的資產的專門借款 以外於期間內尚未償還的本集團借款適用的 加權平均借款成本。

於相關資產可作擬定用途或出售後,任何仍 未償還的特定借款均計入一般性借貸組合, 以計算一般借貸的資本化率。

所有其他借貸成本均於其產生期間在損益確 認。

#### (p) 政府補貼

政府補貼僅會於出現本集團遵守政府補貼所 附帶的條件及將收取政府補貼的合理保證的 情況下方會確認。

政府補貼乃作為已產生開支或虧損的應收補 償或為向本集團提供即時財務支援而並無末 來相關成本,於其成為應收款項時在損益中 確認。該等補貼呈列為「其他收入」。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (q) Taxation

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit recognised in profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (q) 税項

所得税指當期税項和遞延税項的總和。

現時應付税項按年內應課税溢利計算。應納 税所得額與在損益內確認的利潤不同,因為 應納税所得額不包括計入在其他年度內的應 課税收益或可抵税支出等項目,也不包括不 應課税或不可抵扣的項目。本集團的當期税 項負債按截至報告期末止已執行或實質上已 執行的税率計算。

遞延税項基於綜合財務報表中資產和負債的 賬面金額與用於計算應納税所得額時相應計 税基礎之間的差異進行確認。一般情況下, 所有應納税暫時性差額產生的遞延税項負債 均予確認。遞延税項資產只在很可能取得債 均不確認。透延税項資產只在很可能取得能 利用就有工業。 本利用税務抵減來抵扣的應納税所得額的 限度內予以確認。如果暫時性差額是由商譽 或在某一既不影響應納税所得額也不影響會 計利潤的非企業合併交易中的其他資產和負 債的初始確認下產生的,則不確認該等資產 和負債。

附屬公司的投資產生的應納税暫時性差額應 確認遞延税項負債,除非本集團能夠控制暫 時性差額的轉回,且該暫時性差額在可預見 的未來很可能不會轉回。

遞延税項資產的賬面金額會在每一報告期末 進行複核,並於不再可能獲得足夠的應納税 所得額來抵扣收回的所有或部分資產時調 減。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (q) Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. Temporary differences relating to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised at initial recognition and over the lease terms due to application of the initial recognition exemption.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (q) 税項(續)

遞延税項,以報告期末已執行或實質上已執 行的税率為基礎,按預期清償該負債或變現 該資產當期的税率計算。遞延税項應在損益 中確認,除非其與計入其他全面收益或直接 計入權益的項目相關(在這種情況下遞延税 項也同樣於其他全面收益確認或直接於權益 確認)。

遞延税項資產及負債的計量反映按照本集團 預期於報告期末可收回或結算其資產及負債 的賬面值方式計算而得出的税務結果。

為計量本集團確認使用權資產及相關租賃負 債的租賃交易的遞延税項,本集團首先釐定 税項扣減是否歸屬於使用權資產或租賃負 債。

就税項扣減歸屬於租賃負債租賃交易而言, 本集團就使用權資產及租賃負債獨立應用香 港會計準則第12號的規定。由於應用初步確 認豁免,有關使用權資產及租賃負債的暫時 性差額並未於初步確認時及於租期內確認。

當存在以當期税項資產抵銷當期税項負債的 法定可強制執行權利、而遞延税項資產和負 債與由同一税務機關徵收的所得税相關、並 且本集團打算以淨額為基礎結算當期税項資 產和負債時,遞延税項資產和遞延税項負債 才能相互抵銷。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (r) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date for indications of impairment and where an asset is impaired, it is written down as an expense through the consolidated statement of profit or loss to its estimated recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. If this is the case, recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Recoverable amount is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal of the individual asset or the cash-generating unit.

Value in use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows of the asset/cash-generating unit. Present values are computed using pre-tax discount rates that reflect the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset/cash-generating unit whose impairment is being measured.

Impairment losses for cash-generating units are allocated first against the goodwill of the unit and then pro rata amongst the other assets of the cash-generating unit. Subsequent increases in the recoverable amount caused by changes in estimates are credited to profit or loss to the extent that they reverse the impairment.

### (s) Impairment of financial assets

#### Impairment under ECL model

The Group recognises a loss allowance for ECL on financial assets which are subject to impairment under IFRS 9 (including other receivables, loan notes, due from securities brokers and bank balances). The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

## 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (r) 非金融資產減值

非金融資產的賬面金額在每個報告日進行檢 討,以檢視是否有跡象發生減值,如果資產 發生減值,則通過綜合損益表將其減記至其 估計可收回金額,減記金額確認為費用。可 收回金額就個別資產釐定,除非該資產不能 產出基本上獨立於其他資產或資產組的現金 流入,這種情況下,可確定該資產所屬的現 金產出單元的可收回金額。可收回金額為使 用價值及公允值減個別資產或現金產出單元 的處置成本兩者中較高者。

使用價值是資產/現金產出單元的估計未來 現金流量的現值。現值使用反映貨幣時間價 值和資產/現金產出單元(已計量減值)特定 風險的税前折現率計算。

現金產出單元的減值虧損應當先分攤至單元 中的商譽,再按比例分攤至現金產出單元的 其他資產。其後,由於估計變動而導致的可 收回金額增加計入損益,除非其轉回減值。

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本集團就根據國際財務報告準則第9號減值 的金融資產(包括其他應收款、貸款票據、 應收證券經紀款項及銀行結餘)預期信貸虧 損確認虧損撥備。預期信貸虧損金額於各報 告日期更新,以反映各項金融工具自初始確 認以來的信貸風險變動。

全期預期信貸虧損指金融工具預期使用年期 內所有可能違約事件所導致的預期信貸虧 損。反之,十二個月預期信貸虧損(「十二個 月預期信貸虧損」)指預期於報告日期後十二 個月內可能發生的金融工具違約事件導致的 部分全期預期信貸虧損。

## 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# (s) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

## Impairment under ECL model (Continued)

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for other receivables, loan notes and due from securities brokers, and measures the lifetime ECL for portfolios of other receivables, loan notes and due from securities brokers that share similar economic risk characteristics. The ECL on these assets are estimated using an analysis of assets by risk level of customers and apply a probabilityweighted estimate of the credit losses within the relevant risk type. The probability-weighted estimates of the credit losses is determined based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. However, if the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12m ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (s) 金融資產的減值(續)

#### 預期信貸虧損模式項下的減值(續)

本集團始終為其他應收款、貸款票據及應收 證券經紀款項確認全期預期信貸虧損,且計 量具有相似經濟風險特徵的其他應收款、貸 款票據及應收證券經紀款項組合的全期預期 信貸虧損。該等資產的預期信貸虧損採用按 客戶風險水平並於相關風險類型應用信貸虧 損的概率加權估計所作的資產分析予以估 計。信貸虧損約概率加權估計乃基於本集團 過往信貸虧損經驗釐定,並就債務人特定因 素、整體經濟狀況以及對目前及對於報告日 期的狀況預測方向(如適用,包括金錢時間 價值)的評估作出調整。

就所有其他金融工具而言,本集團於信貸風 險自初始確認以來顯著增加時,確認全期預 期信貸虧損。然而,倘金融工具的信貸風險 自初始確認以來並無顯著增加,則本集團按 等同12個月預期信貸虧損的金額計量該金融 工具的虧損撥備。

全期預期信貸虧損指金融工具預期使用年期 內所有可能違約事件所導致的預期信貸虧 損。反之,十二個月預期信貸虧損指預期於 報告日期後十二個月內可能發生的金融工具 違約事件導致的部分全期預期信貸虧損。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (s) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

#### Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forwardlooking information that is available without undue cost or effort. Forward-looking information considered includes the future prospects of the industries in which the Group's debtors operate, obtained from financial analysts and governmental bodies, as well as consideration of various external sources of actual and forecast economic information that relate to the Group's core operations.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk for a particular financial instrument;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (s) 金融資產的減值(續)

#### 信貸風險大幅增加

於評估金融工具的信貸風險自初始確認以來 是否大幅增加時,本集團將金融工具於報告 日期發生違約的風險與金融工具於初始確認 日期發生違約的風險進行比較。進行此評估 時,本集團會考慮合理且有理據的定量及定 性資料,包括過往經驗及無需付出不必要的 成本或努力而可獲得的前瞻性資料。所考慮 前瞻性資料包括自金融分析師及政府機構獲 取的本集團債務人所營運行業的未來前景, 以及考慮與本集團核心業務相關的實際及預 測經濟資料的各種外部資源。

於評估信貸風險自初始確認以來是否大幅增 加時特別須考慮下列資料:

- 一 金融工具的外部(如有)或內部信貸評級
   的實際或預期顯著惡化;
- 特定金融工具信貸風險的外部市場指標 嚴重惡化;
- 預計將導致債務人履行其債務責任的能
   力大幅下降的業務、財務或經濟狀況的
   現有或預測的不利變化;
- 債務人經營業績的實際或預期顯著惡
   化;
- 一 同一債務人其他金融工具的信貸風險大 幅增長;及

## 综合財務報表附註

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (s) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

### Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrate otherwise.

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date.

A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if (i) the financial instrument has a low risk of default (i.e. no default history); (ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term; and (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations. The Group considers a financial asset to have low credit risk when the asset has external credit rating of "investment grade" in accordance with the globally understood definition or if an external rating is not available, the asset has an internal rating of "performing". Performing means that the counterparty has a strong financial position and there is no past due amounts.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

## (s) 金融資產的減值(續) 信貸風險大幅增加(續)

不論上述評估結果如何,倘合約付款逾期超 過30日,則本集團假設一項金融資產的信貸 風險自初始確認以來已大幅增加,除非本集 團有理由及可支持資料證明並非如此。

儘管如上所述,倘金融工具於報告日期釐定 為信貸風險較低,則本集團假設該金融工具 的信貸風險自初始確認以來並無大幅增加。

倘符合以下條件,則金融工具可釐定為信貸 風險較低:(i)金融工具的違約風險較低(例 如無違約歷史):(ii)借款人有很強的能力於 近期履行其合約現金流量責任;及(iii)經濟及 商業條件的長期不利變動可能但未必削弱借 款人履行其合約現金流量責任的能力。當金 融資產根據全球公認定義擁有外部信貸評級 「投資級別」或如並無外部評級,有關資產內 部評級為「良好」,則本集團認為有關資產為 低信貸風險。良好指對手方財務狀況良好且 概無逾期款項。

本集團定期監察用以確定信貸風險曾否顯著 增加所用的標準的成效,並於適當時候作出 修訂,從而確保有關標準能夠於款項逾期前 確定信貸風險顯著增加。

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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (s) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

#### Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that receivables that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable:

- when there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty; or
- information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group also considers that default has occurred when the instrument is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

#### Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the counterparty;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- the lender(s) of the counterparty, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the counterparty's financial difficulty, having granted to the counterparty a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- it is becoming probable that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (s) 金融資產的減值(續)

#### 違約的定義

本集團認為,由於過往經驗表明符合以下標 準的應收款項一般無法收回,故以下情況就 內部信貸風險管理而言構成違約事件:

- 一 倘對方違反財務契諾;或
- 內部形成或自外部來源獲得的資料表明 債務人不大可能向其債權人(包括本集 團)悉數清償債務(不計及本集團所持有 的任何抵押品)。

不論上述分析如何,倘工具逾期超過90日, 本集團亦認為已發生違約事件,除非本集團 有合理可支持資料表明較寬鬆的違約標準更 為適宜。

#### 信貸減值的金融資產

金融資產在一項或以上事件(對該金融資產 估計未來現金流量構成不利影響)發生時維 持信用減值。金融資產出現信貸減值的證據 包括有關以下事件的可觀察數據:

- 一 發行人或交易對手存在重大財務困難;
- 一 違反合約,如拖欠或逾期事件;
- 基於與交易對手財務困難相關的經濟或
   合約理由,交易對手的放款人向交易對
   手授出放款人於其他情況下不會考慮的
   優惠條件;
- 一交易對手可能經歷破產或其他財務重 組;或
- 由於財務困難導致該金融資產的活躍市場不再存在。

## 綜合財務報表附註

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (s) Impairment of financial assets (Continued) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade and loan receivables, when the amounts are past due over one year, whichever is earlier. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised directly in profit or loss.

#### Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of expected credit losses is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information as described above. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date; for financial guarantee contracts, the exposure includes the amount drawn down as at the reporting date, together with any additional amounts expected to be drawn down in the future by default date determined based on historical trend, the Group's understanding of the specific future financing needs of the debtors, and other relevant forward-looking information.

For financial assets, the expected credit loss is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate. For a lease receivable, the cash flows used for determining the expected credit losses is consistent with the cash flows used in measuring the lease receivable in accordance with IFRS 16.

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

### (s) 金融資產的減值(續) *撤銷政策*

本集團於有資料表明交易對手處於嚴重財務 困難且無實際恢復可能(即交易對手已進行 清算或進入破產程序),或貿易及貸款應收 款項逾期超過一年時(以較早者為準)撇銷金 融資產。撇銷之金融資產仍可根據本集團收 回程序經考慮適用法律意見後強制執行。任 何收回款項直接於損益確認。

#### 預期信貸虧損的計量與確認

預期信貸虧損計量乃違約概率、違約損失率 程度(即倘違約損失的程度)及違約風險的 函數。違約概率及違約損失率之評估乃基於 經上述前瞻性資料調整之歷史數據作出。就 違約風險而言,以金融資產於報告日期賬面 總值呈列;就財務擔保合約而言,風險包括 於報告日期提取的金額連同任何基於歷史趨 勢、本集團對債務人特定未來融資需求的理 解以及其他相關前瞻性資料釐定的預計將於 未來違約日期前提取的額外金額。

金融資產的預期信貸虧損估計為本集團根據 合約應收的所有合約現金流量與本集團預期 收取的所有現金流量之間的差額,並按原有 實際利率折現。就租賃應收款項而言,釐定 預期信用損失所用的現金流與根據國際財務 報告準則第16號計量租賃應收款項所用的現 金流一致。

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## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (s) Impairment of financial assets (Continued) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

For a financial guarantee contract, as the Group is required to make payments only in the event of a default by the debtor in accordance with the terms of the instrument that is guaranteed, the expected loss allowance is the expected payments to reimburse the holder for a credit loss that it incurs less any amounts that the Group expects to receive from the holder, the debtor or any other party.

If the Group has measured the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to lifetime ECL in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the conditions for lifetime ECL are no longer met, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL at the current reporting date, except for assets for which simplified approach was used.

Where lifetime ECL is measured to cater for cases where evidence of significant increase in credit risk at the individual instrument level may not yet be available. The financial instruments are The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, for which the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve, and does not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the statement of financial position.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

### (s) 金融資產的減值(續) *預期信貸虧損的計量與確認(續)*

就財務擔保合約而言,由於本集團僅須在債務人違約的情況下,根據該工具擔保之條款 作出付款,故預期信貸虧損為預期就所產生 的信貸虧損償還持有人的款項,減去本集團 預期從擔保持有人、特定債務人或任何其他 人士收取的任何金額。

倘本集團於前一報告期間按等同於全期預期 信貸虧損的金額計量金融工具的虧損撥備, 但於本報告日期釐定其不再滿足全期預期信 貸虧損的條件,則本集團將於本報告日期按 等同於十二個月預期信貸虧損的金額計量虧 損撥備,惟採用簡化方法的資產除外。

倘無法獲得證據表明個別工具的信貸風險大 幅增長,則計量全期預期信貸虧損。本集團 通過損益就所有金融工具確認減值收益或 虧損,並通過虧損撥備賬對彼等之賬面值作 出相應調整,惟按公允值於其他全面收益列 賬計量的債務工具投資(其虧損撥備確認為 其他全面收益並累計計入投資重估儲備)除 外,且不減少金融資產於財務狀況表中的賬 面值。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (t) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

#### (u) Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group.

- (A) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Company or of a parent of the Company.

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (t) 撥備及或然負債

倘若本集團因過去事項而承擔了現有法定 義務或推定義務,履行該義務很可能要求經 濟利益流出,而該義務的金額可以可靠地估 計,便會就該不確定的時間或金額計提撥備 並確認負債。如果貨幣時間價值重大,則按 預計履行義務所需支出的現值計提撥備。

倘若履行義務不太可能要求經濟利益流出, 或是該義務的金額不能可靠地估計,則會將 該義務披露為或然負債,除非流出的可能性 極小,則作別論。可能承擔的責任的存在僅 能通過一個或數個未來事項的發生或不發生 予以證實,亦會披露為或然負債,除非流出 的可能性極小,則作別論。

(u) 關聯方 關聯方是指與本集團相關的個人或實體。

- (A) 如果適用以下任何情形,則個人或與該 個人關係密切的家庭成員與本集團相關 聯:
  - (i) 對本集團實施控制或共同控制;
  - (ii) 對本集團實施重大影響;或
  - (iii) 是本公司或本公司母公司的關鍵管 理人員的成員。

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (u) Related parties (Continued)

- (B) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) The entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (A).
  - (vii) A person identified in (A)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
  - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Company or to a parent of the Company.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (u) 關聯方(續)

- (B) 如果適用以下任何情形,則某實體與本 集團相關聯:
  - (i) 該實體和本公司是同一集團的成員(這意味著各母公司、附屬公司和同系附屬公司均相互關聯)。
  - (ii) 某一實體是另一實體的聯營企業或 合營企業(或是另一實體所屬集團的 一個成員的聯營企業或合營企業)。
  - (iii) 兩家實體都是相同第三方的合營企業。
  - (iv) 某一實體是第三方的合營企業並且 另一實體是該第三方的聯營企業。
  - (v)該實體是為本集團或與本集團關聯 的實體的僱員福利而設的離職後福 利計劃。如果本集團本身就是此類 計劃,營辦僱主也與本集團關聯。
  - (vi) 該實體受(A)項所述個人的控制或共 同控制。
  - (vii) (A)(i)項所述的個人對該實體實施重 大影響或是該實體(或其母公司)的 關鍵管理人員的成員。
  - (viii)向本公司或本公司的母公司提供關 鍵管理人員服務的實體或其所屬集 團的任何成員公司。

# 综合財務報表附註

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# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (v) Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of the reporting period or those that indicate the going concern assumption is not appropriate are adjusting events and are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when material.

# 5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the accounting policies, the directors have made the following judgements that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements (apart from those involving estimations, which are dealt with below).

# (a) Equity investment in private entity designated at financial assets at FVTOCI

As mentioned in note 24 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group had subscribed 20% equity interest of an Anguilla incorporated private entity, Perfect Path Limited (the "Perfect Path"). Despite the Group holds 20% of the voting power in Perfect Path, the unlisted equity investment is designated at financial assets at FVTOCI but not an associate under IAS 28 "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures". The management is of the opinion that the Group does not have significant influence over Perfect Path as (i) the Group has no right to be represented in the board of directors of Perfect Path; and (ii) the remaining equity interest, being 80% equity interest of Perfect Path is owned by another single shareholder other than the Group.

### (b) Significant increase in credit risk

ECL are measured as an allowance equal to 12-month ECL for stage 1 assets, or lifetime ECL for stage 2 or stage 3 assets. An asset moves to stage 2 when its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. IFRS 9 does not define what constitutes a significant increase in credit risk. In assessing whether the credit risk of an asset has significantly increased, the Group takes into account qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward looking information.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (v) 報告期後事項

對報告期末本集團的情況提供了進一步資料 或顯示持續經營假設不適用的報告期後事項 為調整事項,其反映在綜合財務報表內。並 非調整事項的報告期後事項在重要時在綜合 財務報表附註中披露。

#### 5. 關鍵判斷和關鍵估計

#### 應用會計政策時的關鍵判斷

董事在應用會計政策之過程中已作出以下對綜合 財務報表內確認之金額有最重大影響之判斷(涉 及估計(於下文討論)之判斷除外)。

### (a) 於私人實體的股權投資指定為按公允值 於其他全面收益列賬之金融資產

誠如綜合財務報表附註24所述,本集團認購 於安圭拉註冊成立之私人實體Perfect Path Limited(「Perfect Path」)的20%股權。雖然 本集團持有Perfect Path的20%表決權,但非 上市股權投資指定為按公允值於其他全面收 益列賬之金融資產,而非國際會計準則第28 號「聯營公司及合營企業之投資」所載之聯營 公司。管理層認為本集團對Perfect Path並 無重大影響力,因為(i)本集團無權委派代表 出任Perfect Path的董事會;及(ii)餘下股權 (Perfect Path的80%股權)由本集團以外的另 一單一股東擁有。

#### (b) 信貸風險大幅增長

預期信貸虧損就第1階段資產按等於十二個 月預期信貸虧損的撥備計量,就第2階段或 第3階段資產按全期預期信貸虧損的撥備計 量。資產在其信貸風險自初步確認後顯著增 加時轉入第2階段。國際財務報告準則第9號 並無界定構成信貸風險顯著增加的因素。於 評估資產的信貸風險是否顯著上升時,本集 團會考慮合理且具支持的定量及定性前瞻性 資料。

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# 5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (Continued)

#### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

#### (a) Fair value of unlisted investments

The unlisted investments of the Group designated at financial assets at FVTPL or financial assets at FVTOCI have been valued using the market observable data of comparable listed companies adjusted for lack of marketability discount or based on the expected future cash flows discounted at current rates applicable for items with similar terms and risk characteristics. These valuations require the management to make estimates about expected future cash flows, credit risk, volatility and discount rates, and hence they are subject to uncertainty. The aggregated fair value of the unlisted investments at 31 December 2020 was approximately HK\$30,600,000 (2019: HK\$48,920,000). Further details are set out in note 24 to the consolidated financial statements.

# (b) Allowance for ECLs of loan notes, deposits and other receivables

The Group makes provision for impairment of loan notes, deposits and other receivables based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward-looking estimates at the end of reporting period. The amount of the impairment loss based on ECL model is measured at the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition. Where the future cash flows are less than expected, or being revised downward due to changes in facts and circumstances, a material impairment loss may arise.

During the year, impairment losses of approximately HK\$11,931,000 (2019: HK\$2,598,000) and HK\$1,592,000 (2019: HK\$538,000) had been recognised on loan notes and deposits and other receivables respectively.

### 5. 關鍵判斷和關鍵估計(續)

#### 估計不確定性的關鍵來源

以下討論於報告期末有關未來的關鍵假設以及估 計不確定性的其他關鍵來源,並且具有對下一財 政年度資產和負債賬面金額造成重大調整的重大 風險。

### (a) 非上市投資的公允值

指定為按公允值於損益賬列賬之金融資產或 按公允值於其他全面收益列賬之金融資產的 本集團非上市投資乃使用可比較上市公司的 市場可觀察數據估值並就欠缺市場流通性 的折現,或根據預期未來現金流量以類似條 款和風險特徵的項目適用的當前利率折現進 行調整。估值要求管理層估計預期未來現金 流量、信貸風險、波動率及折現率,因此, 其受到不確定性的影響。於二零二零年十二 月三十一日,非上市投資的公允值總值約為 30,600,000港元(二零一九年:48,920,000港 元)。有關進一步詳情,載於綜合財務報表 附註24內。

### (b) 貸款票據、按金及其他應收款的預期信 貸虧損撥備

本集團根據違約風險及預期虧損率的假設 就貸款票據、按金及其他應收款計提減值撥 備。本集團於作出該等假設時運用了判斷並 於報告期末根據本集團過往歷史、現時市場 狀況以及前瞻性估計選擇減值計算的輸入數 據。基於預期信貸虧損模式的減值虧損金額 計量為本集團預期收取的所有弓約現金 流量與本集團預期收取的所有現金流量之間 的差額,並按初始確認時釐定的實際利率折 現。倘未來現金流量少於預期,或由於事實 及情況變動而向下調整,則可能產生重大減 值虧損。

於年內已分別就貸款票據及按金以及其他 應收款確認減值虧損約11,931,000港元(二 零一九年:2,598,000港元)及1,592,000港元 (二零一九年:538,000港元)。

# 综合財務報表附註

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### 6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign exchange risk, price risk, credit risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The board of directors review and agree policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

#### (a) Foreign currency risk

The Group has certain exposure to foreign currency risk as certain of the Group's bank balances are denominated in United State dollar ("US\$").

The Group considers the risk exposure to foreign currency fluctuation is limited as long as the HK\$ remains pegged to the US\$. This analysis is performed on the same basis for the prior year.

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The Group will monitor its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

### (b) Price risk

As set out in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group's listed investments were designated at financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Therefore, the Group's investments in listed equity securities are exposed to equity price risk. The management manages this exposure by monitoring the change of market prices of the equity from time to time, and by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk profiles.

The sensitivity analysis has been determined based on the exposure to equity price risk. As at 31 December 2020, if the fair value of the Group's listed investments designated at financial assets at FVTPL had been 5% higher/lower while all other variables were held constant, the Group's loss before tax would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$2,347,000 (2019: HK\$364,000).

#### 6. 財務風險管理

本集團之活動使其須面對多種財務風險:外匯風 險、價格風險、信貸風險、利率風險及流動性風 險。本集團整體風險管理計劃專注於財務市場的 難預測性,並尋求盡量降低對本集團財務表現的 潛在不利影響。董事會檢討及議定管理上述各項 風險的政策,其概述如下。

#### (a) 外幣風險

由於本集團的部分銀行結餘以美元(「美元」) 計值,因此,本集團面臨一定的外幣風險敞 口。

本集團認為,只要港元與美元依然掛鈎,外 匯波動面臨的風險有限。去年,該分析以相 同基礎進行。

本集團目前在外幣交易、資產及負債方面沒 有外幣對沖政策。本集團將會密切監察其外 幣風險,並會在有需要時考慮對沖重大外幣 風險。

### (b) 價格風險

如綜合財務報表附註23內所述,本集團指定 為按公允值於損益賬列賬之金融資產的上市 投資在每個報告期末按公允值計量。因此, 本集團的上市權益證券投資面臨權益價格風 險。管理層通過不時監察股票市場價格的變 化以及通過維持一籃子風險狀況不同的投資 來管理這種風險。

敏感性分析乃根據權益價格面臨的風險而確 定。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,倘若本 集團指定為按公允值於損益賬列賬之金融資 產的上市投資的公允值上升/下降5%,而 所有其他變量維持不變,本集團的除税前虧 損會減少/增加約2,347,000港元(二零一九 年:364,000港元)。

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#### 6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (c) Credit risk

The carrying amount of other receivables, deposits, loan notes, due from securities brokers and bank balances included in the statement of financial position represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to the Group's financial assets.

The Group has certain exposure to concentrations of credit risk. As at 31 December 2020, the Group has significant concentrations of credit risk as the Group's 100% (2019: 100%) of the carrying amount of loan notes were subscribed from four issuers (2019: three issuers).

In order to minimise credit risk, the Group has delegated its finance team to develop and maintain the Group's credit risk grading to categories exposures according to their degree of risk of default. The finance team uses publicly available financial information and the Group's own historical repayment records to rate its major debtors. The Group's exposure and the credit rating of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties.

#### 6. 財務風險管理(續)

### (c) 信貸風險

其他應收款、按金、貸款票據、應收證券經 紀款項及銀行結餘在財務狀況表內所載的賬 面金額為本集團有關金融資產的最大信貸風 險。

本集團面臨若干信貸風險集中的風險。於二 零二零年十二月三十一日,由於本集團貸款 票據賬面值的100%(二零一九年:100%)從 四名發行人(二零一九年:三名發行人)認 購,本集團信貸風險高度集中。

為減少信貸風險,本集團已委派其財務團隊 根據違約風險程度制定並將本集團信貸風險 評級維持於各風險類別。財務團隊利用公開 可得的金融資料及本集團的過往還款記錄對 其主要債務人進行評級。本集團的風險及其 交易對手的信用評級受到持續監控,所涉交 易的總值於獲批准交易對手中分攤。

# 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The Group's current credit risk grading framework

### (c) Credit risk (Continued)

comprises the following categories:

6. 財務風險管理(續)

(c) 信貸風險(續)

本集團現有信貸風險評級框架包括以下類 別:

Category 類 別	Definition 釋義	Basis of recognising ECL 預期信貸虧損的確認基準
Performing	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts	12m ECL
良好	交易對手違約風險低,且並無任何逾期款項	十二個月預期信貸虧損
Doubtful	There has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition	Lifetime ECL not credit impaired
存疑	信貸風險自初始確認以來大幅增加	全期預期信貸虧損,無信貸減值
In default 違約	There is evidence indicating the asset is credit impaired 有證據表明資產信貸減值	Lifetime ECL credit impaired 全期預期信貸虧損,信貸減值
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is written off
撇 銷	有證據表明債務人有嚴重財務困難,本集團日後實際上無法 收回款項	撇銷款項

For other receivables and deposits, the directors of the Company make periodic collective assessments as well as individual assessments on the recoverability of other receivables and deposits. The Group has assessed that the ECL of other receivables and deposits was approximately HK\$1,592,000 (2019: HK\$538,000) as at 31 December 2020 under 12m ECL model.

The Group measures loss allowances for loan notes at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different debtors, the loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different debtors. 就其他應收款及按金而言,本公司董事定期 對其他應收款及按金的可收回程度進行整體 及個別評估。本集團評定,其他應收款及按 金於二零二零年十二月三十一日於十二個月 預期信貸虧損模式項下的預期信貸虧損約為 1,592,000港元(二零一九年:538,000港元)。

本集團按等同於全期預期信貸虧損的金額計 量貸款票據虧損撥備。由於本集團的過往信 貸虧損經驗表明不同債務人之間並無顯著不 同的虧損模式,故基於逾期情況的虧損撥備 並無於本集團各債務人之間作進一步區分。

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### 6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### (c) Credit risk (Continued)

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for loan notes as at 31 December 2020:

### 6. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (c) 信貸風險(續)

下表提供有關本集團於二零二零年十二月 三十一日之貸款票據信貸風險及預期信貸虧 損的資料:

		Expected loss rate 預期虧損率	Gross carrying amount 總賬面值 HK\$'000	Loss allowance 損失撥備 HK\$'000
		%	千港元	千港元
Current (not past due)	即期(未逾期)	11.43%	111,152	(12,701)

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past three years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the loan notes.

The credit risk on amounts due from securities brokers is limited because the counterparties are well-established securities broker firms in Hong Kong which are subject to compliance requirement under Securities and Futures (Client Money) Rules.

The credit risk on bank balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

#### (d) Interest rate risk

The Group's loan notes, amounts due from/to securities brokers, convertible bonds and promissory notes bear interests at fixed interest rates and therefore are subject to fair value interest rate risks.

The Group's cash flow exposure to interest-rate risk arises from its bank deposits. These bank deposits bear interests at floating rates varied with the then prevailing market condition. 預期虧損率乃基於過往三年的實際虧損經驗 得出。該等比率經調整以反映收集過往數據 之期間的經濟狀況、現時狀況以及本集團對 貸款票據預期年期內經濟狀況之看法的不 同。

應收證券經紀款項的信貸風險是有限的,因 為對方是香港著名的證券經紀行,其須符合 《證券及期貨(客戶款項)規則》的合規規定。

銀行結餘的信貸風險是有限的,因為對方是 由國際信用評級機構給予較高信貸評級的銀 行。

#### (d) 利率風險

本集團的貸款票據、應收/應付證券經紀款 項、可轉換債券及承付票按固定利率計算利 息,因此面臨公允值利率風險。

本集團現金流量面臨的利率風險源自銀行存 款。該等銀行存款按照根據當前市場狀況改 變的浮動利率計算利息。

# 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (d) Interest rate risk (Continued)

Except as stated above, the Group does not have other significant interest-bearing assets and liabilities at the end of reporting period, its income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. Sensitivity analysis on cash flow interest rate risk has not been presented as the reasonably possible changes in market interest rate will not have significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

#### (e) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The maturity analysis based on contractual undiscounted cash flows of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities is as follows:

### 6. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (d) 利率風險(續)

除上文所述者外,於報告期末,本集團並無 任何其他重大計息資產及負債,其收益及經 營現金流量大致上獨立於市場利率變動。由 於市場利率的合理可能變動將不會對本集團 的財務報表構成重大影響,因此,並無就現 金流量利率風險列報敏感性分析。

#### (e) 流動性風險

本集團的政策為定期監察即期及預期流動資 金需求,以確保其維持足夠現金儲備,以滿 足其短期及長期流動資金需要。

本集團的非衍生金融負債根據合約未折現現 金流量所作的到期分析如下:

		On demand and less than 1 year 按要求及 一年以內 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 and 2 years 一年至兩年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 2 and 5 years 兩年至五年 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Over 5 years</b> 五年以上 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年				
Due to securities brokers	<b>十二月三十一日</b> 應付證券經紀款項	1,701	-	_	-
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款及應計費用	732	_	—	-
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	213	_	—	-
Promissory notes	承付票	1,491	7,911	15,441	_
		4,137	7,911	15,441	-
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年				
	十二月三十一日				
Due to securities brokers	應付證券經紀款項	2,011	<u> </u>		—
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款及應計費用	1,347	<u> </u>	—	
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	300	213	_	—
Promissory notes	承付票	1,491	1,491	12,899	10,200
		5,149	1,704	12,899	10,200

## 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(f) Categories of financial instruments at 31 December

## (f) 於十二月三十一日的金融工具類別

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets:	金融資產		
Financial assets at amortised cost	以攤餘成本計量的金融資產	107,211	132,920
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公允值於損益賬列賬的金融資		
	產	46,944	26,806
Financial assets at FVTOCI	按公允值於其他全面收益列賬之		
	金融資產	30,600	29,400
Financial liabilities:	金融負債:		
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	以攤餘成本計量的金融負債	22,577	23,615

### (g) Fair values

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their respective fair values.

## 7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The following disclosures of fair value measurements use a fair value hierarchy that categorises into three levels the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value:

Level 1 inputs: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 inputs: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

### (g) 公允值

綜合財務狀況表內所反映本集團金融資產及 金融負債的賬面金額接近其各自的公允值。

# 7. 公允值計量

公允值是指市場參與者在計量日發生的有序交易 中,出售一項資產所能收到或者轉移一項負債所 需支付的價格。以下公允值計量披露使用公允值 層次,將公允值計量所使用的估值技術輸入值劃 分為三個層次:

第一層次輸入值:是本集團在計量日能夠取得的 相同資產或負債在活躍市場上未經調整的報價。

第二層次輸入值:是除第一層次所含報價外相關 資產或負債直接或間接可觀察的輸入值。

第三層次輸入值:是相關資產或負債的不可觀察 輸入值。

<sup>6.</sup> 財務風險管理(續)

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of any of the three levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

# (a) Disclosures of level fair value hierarchy at 31 December

7. 公允值計量(續)

本集團的政策為在事件發生當天或導致轉移的情況發生變化的日期確認轉入及轉出三個層次中的 任何一個。

(a) 於十二月三十一日的公允值層次披露

		<b>2020</b> 二零二零年			
		Level 1 第一層次 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 第二層次 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 3 第三層次 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Recurring fair value measurements:	持續的公允值計量:				
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值於損益賬列賬 的金融資產				
Equity securities held for trading at market value listed in Hong Kong and the United	為交易而持有的權益證 券,按市場價值,香 港及美國上市				
States Convertible bonds designated at financial assets at FVTPL	指定為按公允值於損益 賬列賬之金融資產的	46,944	_	_	46,944
Financial assets at FVTOCI	可轉換債券 按公允值於其他全面收 益列賬之金融資產	_	_	_	-
Equity investments designated at financial assets at FVTOCI	指定為按公允值於其他全 面收益列賬之金融資產 的股權投資	_	_	30,600	30,600
Total recurring fair value	持續的公允值計量				
measurements	合計	46,944	_	30,600	77,544

			<b>201</b> 9 二零一力		
		Level 1 第一層次 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 第二層次 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 3 第三層次 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Recurring fair value measurements:	持續的公允值計量:				
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值於損益賬列賬的 金融資產				
Equity securities held for trading at market value listed	為交易而持有的權益證 券,按市場價值,香港				
in Hong Kong Convertible bonds designated	上市 指定為按公允值於損益賬	7,286	-	-	7,286
at financial assets at FVTPL	列賬之金融資產的可轉 換債券			19,520	19,520
Financial assets at FVTOCI	按公允值於其他全面收 益列賬之金融資產			10,020	10,020
Equity investments designated at financial assets at FVTOCI	指定為按公允值於其他全 面收益列賬之金融資產				
	的股權投資	in max	_	29,400	29,400
Total recurring fair value	持續的公允值計量				
measurements	合計	7,286	-	48,920	56,206

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

# (b) Reconciliation of assets measured at fair value based on Level 3

During the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, there were no transfer of financial assets from Level 3 to other levels of hierarchy.

The following table presents the movements in Level 3 instruments of the Group during the year.

- 7. 公允值計量(續)
  - (b) 按第三層次公允值計量的資產的對賬

於截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度,並無第三層次的金融資產 轉換至其他層次。

下表列報於本年度內,本集團第三層次工具 的變動。

2010

				<b>)20</b> 二零年	
		Convertible bonds designated at financial assets at	Private equity fund designated at financial assets at	Equity investments designated at financial assets at	
		FVTPL 指定為 按公允值 於損益賬列賬 之金融資產	FVTPL 指定為 按公允值 於損益賬列賬 之金融資產	FVTOCI 指定法人们 行定为在的 后面的 后面的 后面的 后面的 后面的 后面的 后面的 后面的 后面的 后面	Total
		之金融資產 的可轉換債券 HK\$'000 千港元	之金融資產 的私募基金 HK\$'000 千港元	的股權投資 HK\$'000 千港元	合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January Total gains or losses recognised	於一月一日 已確認總收益或虧損	19,520	-	29,400	48,920
— in profit or loss (included in revenue and other gains and losses)	<ul> <li>一於損益(包括於 收入及其他收益 及虧損)</li> </ul>	(504)	_	_	(504)
— in other comprehensive income Disposals	— 於其他全面收益 出售	(19,016)	Ξ	1,200 —	1,200 (19,016)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	_	_	30,600	30,600

				19 −九年	
		Convertible bonds designated at financial assets at	Private equity fund designated at financial assets at	Equity investments designated at financial assets at	
		FVTPL 指定定 按公规列 振之金融 的可轉換債券	FVTPL 指定允定 指公允服列 指益 服 資 金 職 基 金	FVTOCI 指定為按 公面收益列賬 之金融權投資 的股權投資	Total
		的可轉換債券 HK\$'000 千港元	的私募基金 HK\$'000 千港元	的股權投資 HK\$'000 千港元	合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January Total gains or losses recognised	於一月一日 已確認總收益或虧損	39,715	13,542	35,176	88,433
<ul> <li>in profit or loss (included in revenue and other gains and losses)</li> <li>in other comprehensive</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>一於損益(包括於 收入及其他收益 及虧損)</li> <li>一於其他全面收益</li> </ul>	(881)	(4,542)	(1,676)	(7,099)
income Disposals	出售	(19,314)	(9,000)	400 (4,500)	400 (32,814)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	19,520		29,400	48,920

# 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

 (c) Disclosure of valuation process used by the Group and valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurements at 31 December:

The Group's directors are responsible for the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities required for financial reporting purposes, including Level 3 fair value measurements.

For Level 3 fair value measurements, the Group engaged independent valuation experts with recognised professional qualifications and recent experience to perform the valuations.

The valuation techniques used and the key inputs to the Level 3 fair value measurements are set out below:

Des	cri	otio	on
200		puis	

Equity investments designated at financial assets at FVTOCI Valuation technique Income Approach — Discount cash flow method

The information about the significant unobservable inputs used in Level 3 fair value measurement is set out below.

7. 公允值計量(續)

(c)有關於十二月三十一日,本集團所採用 的估值過程以及公允值計量中所採用的 估值技術及輸入值的披露:

本集團的董事負責財務報告所需的資產和負債公允值計量,包括第三層次公允值計量。

有關第三層次公允值計量,本集團已聘用具 有認可專業資格及最近經驗的獨立估值專家 進行估值。

所使用的估值技術以及第三層次公允值計量 的關鍵輸入值載列如下:

 描述
 估值技術

 指定為按公允值於其他
 收益法 — 現金流

 全面收益列賬之金融
 量折現法

 資產的股權投資

有關第三層次公允值計量中使用的重要的不 可觀察輸入值的信息載列如下。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

 (c) Disclosure of valuation process used by the Group and valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurements at 31 December: (Continued)

# Equity investments designated at financial assets at FVTOCI

The fair value of the equity investments designated at financial assets at FVTOCI is estimated using income approach. The inputs into the valuation model as at 31 December 2020 were set out in note 24 to the consolidated financial statements.

The higher of the price per share and lower of the discount rate would increase the fair value of the equity investments designated at FVTOCI. The lower of the price per share and higher of the discount rate would decrease the fair value of the equity investments designated at FVTOCI.

### 8. SEGMENT INFORMATION

### (a) Operating segment information

For management purposes, the Group's business activity is organised into a single operating segment, being investments in securities listed on recognised stock exchanges and unlisted investments with a potential for earnings growth and capital appreciation. Accordingly, no operating segment information to be presented.

### (b) Geographical information

The Company's revenue is solely generated from, and non-current assets are located in, Hong Kong, based on the location of the relevant Group entities' operations.

During the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, there were no dividend income from the Group's unlisted investments.

- 7. 公允值計量(續)
  - (c)有關於十二月三十一日,本集團所採用 的估值過程以及公允值計量中所採用的 估值技術及輸入值的披露:(續)

### 指定為按公允值於其他全面收益列賬之 金融資產的股權投資

指定為按公允值於其他全面收益列賬之金融 資產的股權投資的公允值採用收入法估計。 於二零二零年十二月三十一日,估值模型的 輸入值載於綜合財務報表附註24。

每股價格越高,將增加指定為按公允值於其 他全面收益列賬之股權投資的公允值。每股 價格越低,將減少指定為按公允值於其他全 面收益列賬之股權投資的公允值。

### 8. 分部資料

- (a) 經營分部資料
  - 出於管理目的,本集團的業務活動組織成單 一經營分部,即投資於在認可證券交易所上 市之證券及具有盈利增長及資本增值潛力 的非上市投資。因此,並無列報經營分部資 料。

### (b) 地區資料

根據本集團相關實體的經營所在地,本公司 收益全部來自香港,且非流動資產均位於香 港。

於截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度內,本集團的非上市投資並 無產生股息收益。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 9. 收入 9. REVENUE 2020 2019 二零二零年 二零一九年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 利息收入: Interest income from: - bank deposits 一銀行存款 1 1 — loan notes 一貸款票據 6,533 5,877 - convertible bonds designated at 一 指定為按公允值於損益賬列賬之 financial assets at FVTPL 金融資產的可轉換債券 1,571 3,110 8,105 8,988

### **10. OTHER REVENUE**

## 10.其他收入

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Government grants (Note)	政府補貼(附註)	144	_
Dividend income from the Group's listed investments	本集團之上市投資的股息收入	30	_
Sundry income	雜項收益	1	—
		175	

#### Note:

### 附註:

Government grants in respect of the wage subsidy which was granted under The Government of Employment Support Scheme Allowance in Hong Kong were recognized at the time the Group fulfilled the relevant granting criteria. 與香港政府保就業支持計劃項下工資補貼相關的政府 補貼於本集團達到相關補貼條件時予以確認。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

## **11. OTHER GAINS AND (LOSSES)**

## 11.其他收益及(虧損)

2020 二零一等年 HK\$*000 F規元     二零一 HK\$*000 F規元       Unrealised fair value (losses)/gains on financial assets at FVTPL: - listed securities - unlisted convertible bonds designated at financial assets at FVTPL: - listed securities - unlisted convertible bonds designated at financial assets at FVTPL: - listed securities - unlisted convertible bonds designated at financial assets at FVTPL: - unlisted convertible bonds designated at financial assets at FVTPL: - unlisted convertible bonds designated at financial assets at FVTPL - unlisted convertible bonds designated - H定為按公允值於指益賬列賬 2 全融資產的非上市可構築 (高艇 \( - HE定為按公允值於指益賬列賬 2 全融資產的非上市可構築 (高艇 \( - HE定為按公允值於指益賬列賬 2 全融資產的影之位質10,000,000 HK\$10,000,000 to exchange for a consideration amouting - 用於交換資款 - 用於交換資款 - 和使交換資款 - 和於交換資款 - 和於交換資款 - Adeposit and a loan note to - 用於交換資款 - # adeposit and alsest at FVTPL - wz (新訂: # MEZ21(b)) loas on disposals of funancial assets at FVTPL - wz (新]: - (4 Net gain (loss) on financial assets at FVTPL - wz (新]: (4 Net realised loss on disposals of funancial assets at FVTPCI - Net realised loss on disposals of funancial assets at FVTPCI - Net realised loss on disposals of funancial assets at FVTPCI - mpairment losses on loan notes, net ' [2] 款票據, all 面對: # # mile (11,331)     - (1 11,331)			Year ended 31 截至十二月三十	
HKS*000 千港元     HKS*000 千港元       Unrealised fair value (losses)/gains on financial assets at FVTPL:     按公允值飲損益嗎列馬之金融資產之 未愛現公允值(虧損)/收益:     12,105       - listed securities     - 上市證券     12,105       - unlisted convertible bonds designated at financial assets at FVTPL     一指定為皮公允值於損益原列販之金融資 (債券)     2<       - listed securities     - 上市證券     2       - unlisted convertible bonds designated at financial assets at FVTPL     ごを的已受現收益(氦損)淨強:     728       - unlisted convertible bonds designated at financial assets at FVTPL     一指定為投公允值於損益原列販 之金酸資產的非上市可轉換 (債券)     728       Gain (loss) on disposals of certain at financial assets at FVTPL     一指定為投公允值於損益原列販力 公配資產金」     728       Gain (loss) on disposals of certain at financial assets at FVTPL     一指定為投公允值於損益原列販力 公配資產金」     728       - unlisted convertible bonds designated at financial assets at FVTPL     一指定為投公允值於損益原列販力 公配資產金」     728       - a deposit on top of cash exchange for a loan note (note 21(a))     - 用於交換資款     329       - a deposit on a on note to exchange for a countotes investment listed in overseas (note 21(b))     - 用於交換資款( <i>Mit21(b)</i> )     1,378       - a deposit on financial assets at FVTPL     公配資產產的影選     -       - a deposit on a note to exchange for securities investment listed in overseas (note 21(b)     -     -       - a deposit on disposals of unlisted equity investments designated at financial assets at FVTPL         - Citz at at at fi			2020	201
financial assets at FVTPL: - Isited securities - Unlisted convertible bonds designated at financial assets at FVTPL - 生市選券 - 生市 - 生市選券 - 生市 -			HK\$'000	二令 パゴ HK\$'00 千港テ
債券     -     (2       Net realised gain (loss) on disposals of financial assets at FVTPL:     出售按公允值於損益賬列賬之金融資 產的已愛現收益(虧損)淨額:     -       - Unisted securities     -     上市證券     728       - unlisted convertible bonds designated at financial assets at FVTPL     -     上市證券     728       Gain (loss) on disposals of certain financial assets of:     -     出售以下冬項若千金融資產之收益 (虧損):     (2,075)     (1       - unlisted convertible bonds designated at financial assets at FVTPL and consideration receivable to consideration receivable to consideration amounting consideration amounting HK\$10,000,000 to exchange for a consideration amounting HK\$10,000,000 to exchange for a consideration amounting fisted in overseas ( <i>note 21(a</i> )     -     指於交換資款票 exchange for securities investment tb金和貸款票據( <i>附起21(b</i> ))     329       - a deposit and a loan note to exchange for paceurities investment tbang for securities investment tbang for securities investment tbang for securities investment tbang 產 m 基定為按公允值於損益賬列賬力 coss on disposals of private equity fund designated at financial assets at FVTPL     出售指定為按公允值於損益賬列賬力 金融資產的私募基金的虧損     -     (4       Net realised loss on disposals of unlisted financial assets at FVTOCI     出售指定為按公允值於其能受面對上市 同權投資 multiprivestment designated at financial assets at FVTOCI     出售指定為按公允值於其他全面收益 gaing淨預     -     (1       Net realised loss on disposals of loan notes     出售指定為按公允值於其他全面對資 maging for secon page for a balf 運行     -     (2       Impairment losses on loan notes, net impairment losses on loan notes, net impairment losses on deposits and other     ご <td><ul> <li>— listed securities</li> <li>— unlisted convertible bonds designated</li> </ul></td> <td><ul> <li>一上市證券</li> <li>一指定為按公允值於損益賬列賬</li> </ul></td> <td>12,105</td> <td>(9,02</td>	<ul> <li>— listed securities</li> <li>— unlisted convertible bonds designated</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>一上市證券</li> <li>一指定為按公允值於損益賬列賬</li> </ul>	12,105	(9,02
financial assets at FVTPL: — listed securities — unlisted convertible bonds designated at financial assets at FVTPL — unlisted convertible bonds designated at financial assets at FVTPL — unlisted convertible bonds designated at financial assets of: — unlisted convertible bonds designated at financial assets of: — unlisted convertible bonds designated at financial assets at FVTPL — adeposit on top of cash — n Acos hange for a loan note ( <i>note 21(a</i> ) — a deposit and a loan note to exchange for securities investment listed in overseas ( <i>note 21(b</i> ) — a deposit and a loan note to — adeposit and a loan note to — adeposit and a loan note to — trais # box figh # me designated at financial assets at FVTPL Net realised loss on disposals of unlisted financial assets at FVTPL Net realised loss on disposals of unlisted util figh # me notes notes Inpairment losses on loan notes, net [mpairment losses on deposits and other ] financial assets at fvTOCI Impairment losses on deposits and other financial assets at fvTOCI Impairment losses on loan notes, net [financial assets at fvTOCI] Impairment losses on loan notes Impairment losses on loan notes Impairment losses on loan notes Impairment losses on loan notes Impairment losses on loa		債券	-	(2,14
<ul> <li>unlisted convertible bonds designated at financial assets at FVTPL</li> <li>金融資産的非上市可轉換 (債券</li> <li>(2,075)</li> <li>(1</li> <li>Gain (loss) on disposals of certain financial assets of:</li> <li>unlisted convertible bonds designated at financial assets of:</li> <li>unlisted convertible bonds designated at financial assets at FVTPL</li> <li>and consideration receivable to exchange for a loan note (note 21(a)</li> <li>a deposit on top of cash consideration amounting HK\$10,000,000 to exchange for a loan note (note 21(b)</li> <li>a deposit and a loan note to exchange for securities investment listed in overseas (note 21(b)</li> <li>Loss on disposals of private equity fund designated at financial assets at FVTPL</li> <li>金融資産的私募基金的虧損</li> <li>(3,615)</li> <li>Ute faiz 為按公允值於損益賬列賬2</li> <li>(3,615)</li> <li>(3,615)</li> <li>(2,775)</li> <li>(1</li> <li>(3,615)</li> <li>(3,615)</li> <li>(3,615)</li> <li>(3,615)</li> <li>(3,615)</li> <li>(1,378)</li> <li>(2,775)</li> <li>(2,775)</li> <li>(1,378)</li> <li>(1,378)</li> <li>(2,775)</li> <li>(3,615)</li> <li>(3,615)</li> <li>(3,615)</li> <li>(3,615)</li> <li>(3,615)</li> <li>(3,615)</li> <li>(3,615)</li> <li>(1,378)</li> <li>(2,775)</li> <li>(3,615)</li> <li>(4,77)</li> <li>(4)</li> <li>(5)</li> <li>(5)</li> <li>(6)</li> <li>(7)</li> <li>(7)</li> <li>(7)</li> <li>(8)</li> <li>(7)</li> <li>(8)</li> <li>(7)</li> <li>(8)</li> <li>(8)</li> <li>(7)</li> <li>(7)</li> <li>(8)</li> <li>(1,931)</li> <li>(2)</li> <li>(1,931)</li> <li>(2)</li> </ul>	financial assets at FVTPL:	產的已變現收益(虧損)淨額:	700	(9,90
債券 (2,075)(1Gain (loss) on disposals of certain financial assets of: — unlisted convertible bonds designated at financial assets at FVTPL and consideration receivable to exchange for a loan note (note 21(a) — a deposit on top of cash consideration amounting HK\$10,000,000 to exchange for a loan note (note 21(b)— 相定為按公允值於損益賬列賬 之金融資產的非上市可轉換 者元的按金( <i>附註21(a</i> ))329— a deposit on top of cash consideration amounting HK\$10,000,000 to exchange for a loan note (note 21(b)— 用於交換資款 不用於交換海外上市證券投資的 a deposit and a loan note to exchange for securities investment listed in overseas (note 21(b)1,378— a deposit on top of cash consideration amounting HK\$10,000,000 to exchange for a loan note (note 21(b)— 用於交換海外上市證券投資的 a deposit and a loan note to wac( <i>附註21(b</i> ))1,378— a deposit and a loan note to exchange for securities investment listed in overseas (note 21(b)— 用於交換海外上市證券投資的 a mag資產的私募基金的虧損_(4Net gain (loss) on financial assets at FVTPL按公允值於損益賬列賬的金融資產的 收益(虧損)淨額(2Net realised loss on disposals of unlisted equity investments designated at financial assets at FVTOCI Not realised loss on disposals of loan notes出售指定為按公允值於其他全面收益 列賬之金融資產的非上市股權投資 的已變現虧損淨額 Loss on disposals of loan Less on disposals of loan notes(1Net realised loss on disposals of loan notes出售資款票據的已變現虧損淨額 (11,931)(1[1](2(1](1](1] <td< td=""><td>- unlisted convertible bonds designated</td><td>一指定為按公允值於損益賬列賬</td><td>720</td><td>(3,30</td></td<>	- unlisted convertible bonds designated	一指定為按公允值於損益賬列賬	720	(3,30
financial assets of: - unlisted convertible bonds designated at financial assets at FVTPL and consideration receivable to exchange for a loan note ( <i>note 21(a</i> ) - a deposit on top of cash consideration amounting HK\$10,000,000 to exchange for a iconsideration amounting HK\$10,000,000 to exchange for a deposit and a loan note to exchange for securities investment listed in overseas ( <i>note 21(b</i> ) Loss on disposals of private equity fund designated at financial assets at FVTPL Net realised loss on disposals of unlisted equity investments designated at financial assets at FVTOCI Net realised loss on disposals of loan notes Impairment losses on loan notes, net mpairment losses on deposits and other financial assets at deposits and other financial assets at deposit financial assets at deposit and aloan note ( <i>note 21(b</i> ) Loss on disposals of unlisted equity investments designated at financial assets at FVTOCI Net realised loss on disposals of loan notes financial assets at FVTOCI Net realised loss on disposals of loan notes magainent losses on loan notes, net financial assets at deposits and other financial assets at FVTOCI financial assets at FVTOCI	Gain (loss) on disposals of certain	債券	(2,075)	(1,84
at financial assets at FVTPL 之金融資產的非上市可轉換 and consideration receivable to 債券以及可用於交換貸款票 exchange for a loan note (note 21(a) 據的應收代價( <i>附註21(a</i> )) 329 — a deposit on top of cash — 用於交換貸款 consideration amounting 票據的現金代價10,000,000 HK\$10,000,000 to exchange for a 法元的按金( <i>附註21(b</i> )) loan note (note 21(b) 1,378 — a deposit and a loan note to — 用於交換海外上市證券投資的 exchange for securities investment listed in overseas (note 21(b) (3,615) Loss on disposals of private equity fund designated at financial assets at FVTPL 金融資產的私募基金的虧損 — (4 Net gain (loss) on financial assets at FVTPL 收益(虧損)淨額 8,850 (27 Net realised loss on disposals of unlisted equity investments designated at financial assets at FVTOCI 的已變現虧損淨額 — (1 Net realised loss on disposals of loan 出售貨款票據的已變現虧損淨額 notes — (2 Impairment losses on loan notes, net 貸款票據減值虧損,淨額 (11,931) (2	financial assets of:	(虧損):		
exchange for a loan note (note 21(a) 據的應收代價(附註21(a)) 329 - a deposit on top of cash - 用於交換貸款 consideration amounting 票據的現金代價10,000,000 HK\$10,000,000 to exchange for a 港元的按金(附註21(b)) loan note (note 21(b) 1,378 - a deposit and a loan note to - 用於交換海外上市證券投資的 exchange for securities investment listed in overseas (note 21(b) (3,615) coss on disposals of private equity fund designated at financial assets at FVTPL 金融資產的私募基金的虧損 - (4 Net gain (loss) on financial assets at FVTPL 收益(虧損)淨額 8,850 (27 Net realised loss on disposals of unlisted equity investments designated at financial assets at FVTCI 的已變現虧損淨額 - (1 Net realised loss on disposals of loan 出售貸款票據的已變現虧損淨額 notes - (2 mpairment losses on loan notes, net mpairment losses on deposits and other 按金及其他應收款減值虧損,淨額	at financial assets at FVTPL	之金融資產的非上市可轉換		
consideration amounting票據的現金代價10,000,000HK\$10,000,000 to exchange for a loan note (note 21(b)港元的按金(附註21(b))- a deposit and a loan note to exchange for securities investment listed in overseas (note 21(b)- 用於交換海外上市證券投資的 (3,615)- a deposit and a loan note to exchange for securities investment listed in overseas (note 21(b)- 用於交換海外上市證券投資的 (3,615)- oss on disposals of private equity fund designated at financial assets at FVTPL出售指定為按公允值於損益賬列賬之 金融資產的私募基金的虧損- (4Net gain (loss) on financial assets at FVTPL按公允值於損益賬列賬的金融資產的 收益(虧損)淨額8,850(27Net realised loss on disposals of unlisted financial assets at FVTOCI notes出售指定為按公允值於其他全面收益 內賬之金融資產的非上市股權投資 的已變現虧損淨額- (1Net realised loss on disposals of loan notes出售貸款票據納已變現虧損淨額 行- (2Main the set of the set	exchange for a loan note (note 21(a)	據的應收代價( <i>附註21(a))</i>	329	-
Ioan note (note 21(b)1,378				
exchange for securities investment listed in overseas ( <i>note 21(b</i> ) loss on disposals of private equity fund designated at financial assets at FVTPL 金融資產的私募基金的虧損 — (4 Net gain (loss) on financial assets at FVTPL 按公允值於損益賬列賬的金融資產的 收益(虧損)淨額 8,850 (27 Net realised loss on disposals of unlisted equity investments designated at financial assets at FVTOCI Net realised loss on disposals of loan notes mpairment losses on loan notes, net mpairment losses on deposits and other		港元的按金( <i>附註<b>21(b)</b>)</i>	1,378	-
listed in overseas (note 21(b)(3,615).oss on disposals of private equity fund designated at financial assets at FVTPL出售指定為按公允值於損益賬列賬之 金融資產的私募基金的虧損(4Net gain (loss) on financial assets at FVTPL按公允值於損益賬列賬的金融資產的 收益(虧損)淨額(4Net realised loss on disposals of unlisted equity investments designated at financial assets at FVTOCI出售指定為按公允值於其他全面收益 列賬之金融資產的非上市股權投資 的已變現虧損淨額(1Net realised loss on disposals of loan notes出售貸款票據的已變現虧損淨額 貸款票據減值虧損,淨額-(1Wet realised loss on disposals of loan notes(11,931) (2				
designated at financial assets at FVTPL 金融資產的私募基金的虧損 — (4 Net gain (loss) on financial assets at 按公允值於損益賬列賬的金融資產的 FVTPL 按益(虧損)淨額 8,850 (27 Net realised loss on disposals of unlisted equity investments designated at financial assets at FVTOCI 的已變現虧損淨額 — (1 Net realised loss on disposals of loan notes 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0	listed in overseas (note 21(b)		(3,615)	-
FVTPL收益(虧損)淨額8,850(27Net realised loss on disposals of unlisted equity investments designated at financial assets at FVTOCI notes出售指定為按公允值於其他全面收益 列賬之金融資產的非上市股權投資 的已變現虧損淨額—(1Net realised loss on disposals of loan notes出售貸款票據的已變現虧損淨額 貸款票據減值虧損,淨額—(1解airment losses on loan notes, net mpairment losses on deposits and other貸款票據減值虧損,淨額(11,931)(2			_	(4,54
Net realised loss on disposals of unlisted equity investments designated at financial assets at FVTOCI Net realised loss on disposals of loan notes mpairment losses on deposits and other bo已變現虧損淨額 notes mpairment losses on deposits and other boll 要現虧損淨額 mpairment losses on deposits and other boll 要現虧損,淨額 mpairment losses on deposits and other boll 要現虧損,淨額 mpairment losses on deposits and other			8,850	(27,46
equity investments designated at 列賬之金融資產的非上市股權投資 financial assets at FVTOCI 的已變現虧損淨額 — (1 Net realised loss on disposals of loan 出售貸款票據的已變現虧損淨額 notes — — (2 mpairment losses on loan notes, net 貸款票據減值虧損,淨額 (11,931) (2				
Net realised loss on disposals of loan 出售貸款票據的已變現虧損淨額 notes — (2 mpairment losses on loan notes, net 貸款票據減值虧損,淨額 (11,931) (2 mpairment losses on deposits and other 按金及其他應收款減值虧損,淨額	equity investments designated at	列賬之金融資產的非上市股權投資		(4.07
mpairment losses on loan notes, net 貸款票據減值虧損,淨額 (11,931) (2 mpairment losses on deposits and other 按金及其他應收款減值虧損,淨額	let realised loss on disposals of loan		-	(1,67
		貸款票據減值虧損,淨額	 (11,931)	(2,06 (2,59
		按金及其他應收款減值虧損,淨額	(1,592)	(53
<b>(4,673)</b> (34				(34,33

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### **12. FINANCE COSTS**

### 12. 財務成本

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Imputed interest on shareholder's loan	股東貸款估算利息	-	2,193
Imputed interest on promissory notes	承付票估算利息	1,379	1,317
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	18	14
Interest on other borrowings	其他借款利息	174	205
		1,571	3,729

### **13. LOSS BEFORE TAX**

## 13.除税前虧損

Loss before tax has been arrived at after charging the following:

### 除税前虧損已扣除下列各項:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	340	320
Management fees	管理費	1,299	1,277
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
equipment		6	9
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	278	347
Employee benefits expenses:	僱員福利開支:		
<ul> <li>— Salaries, allowance and benefits</li> </ul>	一薪資、津貼及實物福利		
in kind		1,505	1,591
<ul> <li>Contributions to defined contribution</li> </ul>	n 一界定供款計劃供款*		
plan*		31	34
Total employee benefits expenses	僱員福利開支總額	1,536	1,625

\* There was no forfeited contribution in respect of the defined contribution plan available at 31 December 2020 and 2019 to reduce future contributions. There was no outstanding contribution to the plan at 31 December 2020 and 2019. \* 於二零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一日並無界 定供款計劃之已沒收供款可用作抵銷未來供款。 於二零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一日亦無 尚未繳付該計劃之供款。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### **14. INCOME TAX**

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in the consolidated financial statements since the Group has no estimated assessable profit for both years.

Reconciliation between income tax and the product of the Group's loss before tax at applicable tax rate is set out below:

### 14. 所得税

於兩個年度內,由於本集團並無估計應評税利 潤,因此並無在綜合財務報表內計提香港利得税 撥備。

所得税與本集團按適用税率計算之除税前虧損之 對賬表如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	(4,166)	(35,361)
Notional tax on loss before tax, calculated at Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 16.5% (2019: 16.5%) Tax effect of expenses not deductible	除税前虧損之名義税項按 香港利得税税率16.5% (二零一九年:16.5%)計算 就税務而言不可抵扣開支之	(687)	(5,835)
for tax purpose	税務影響	576	2,361
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認税務虧損的税務影響	111	3,474
Income tax	所得税	_	

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

## 15. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS

## 15. 董事及高級管理人員之薪酬

(a) Details of directors' emoluments are as follows:

(a) 董事薪酬詳情如下:

		<b>2020</b> 二零二零年			
				Contributions	
			Salaries,	to defined	
			allowances and	contribution	
		Fees	benefits in kind	plan	Total
			薪金、津貼	界定供款	
		袍金	及實物利益	計劃供款	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive Directors	執行董事				
Wu Ming Gai	胡銘佳	-	151	8	159
Chan Carman Wing Yan	陳詠欣	-	252	13	265
Non-executive directors	非執行董事				
William Keith Jacobsen	葉偉其	151	_	_	151
Chen Albert	陳雅博	189	_	_	189
Wong Chung Yan Sammy	黃中仁	176	-	-	176
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事				
Chan Man Yi	陳敏儀	126	_	_	126
Leung Yin Ting	梁燕婷	126	_	_	126
Jiang Qian	蔣謙	126	_	_	126
		894	403	21	1 240
		894	403	21	1,318

**For the year ended 31 December 2020** 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 15. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

### 15.董事及高級管理人員之薪酬(續)

- (a) Details of directors' emoluments are as follows: (Continued)
- (a) 董事薪酬詳情如下: (續)

		<b>2019</b> 二零一九年			
			Salaries,	Contributions	
			allowances and	to defined	
		Fees	benefits in kind	contribution plan	Tota
			薪金、津貼	界定供款	
		袍金	及實物利益	計劃供款	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive Directors:	執行董事				
Chau Wai Hing <sup>(i)</sup>	周偉興(1)	_	69	3	72
Wu Ming Gai	胡銘佳	_	144	7	151
Chan Carman Wing Yan	陳詠欣	-	204	11	215
Non-executive directors	非執行董事				
William Keith Jacobsen	葉偉其	144	_	—	144
Chen Albert	陳雅博	180	_	_	180
Wong Chung Yan Sammy	黃中仁	168	-	—	168
Independent non-executive	獨立非執行董事				
directors					
Chan Man Yi	陳敏儀	120	—	—	120
Leung Yin Ting	梁燕婷	120	_	_	120
Jiang Qian	蔣謙	120	_		120
		852	417	21	1,290

(i) Chau Wai Hing resigned as a executive Director on 18 February 2019.

() 周偉興於二零一九年二月十八日辭任執行董事。

*Note:* There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

*附註:* 年內並無有關董事豁免或同意豁免任何 酬金的安排。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 15. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

### (b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include 4 (2019: four) Directors whose emoluments were disclosed above. The emoluments of the remaining one (2019: one) individual(s) and four Directors above-mentioned during the year are as follows:

### 15. 董事及高級管理人員之薪酬(續)

#### (b) 五位最高薪人士

年內本集團五名最高薪人士包括四名(二 零一九年:四名)董事,其酬金已在上文披 露。年內其餘一名(二零一九年:一名)人士 及上述四名董事的酬金如下:

	2020	2019
	二零二零年	二零一九年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
Salaries, allowances and 薪金	·津貼及實物利益	
benefits in kind	937	867
Contributions to defined 界定	供款計劃供款	
contribution plan	29	27
Discretionary bonus 酌情:	花紅 13	13
	979	907

During the year, there was no discretionary cash bonus paid or payables to the Directors and approximately HK\$13,000 paid to one of the five highest paid individuals (2019: HK\$13,000).

The emoluments of the one (2019: one) individual with highest emoluments is within the following band:

於年內,並無已付或應付予董事的酌情現金 花紅,而已付一位五名最高薪人士的酌情現 金花紅約為13,000港元(二零一九年:13,000 港元)。

一名(二零一九年:一名)最高薪人士的薪酬 屬於以下範圍:

		2020 二零二零年	<b>2019</b> 二零一九年
		Number of	Number of
		individual	individual
		人數	人數
Nil–HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	1	1

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 15. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

### (c) Senior management's emoluments

### 15. 董事及高級管理人員之薪酬(續)

#### (c) 高級管理層薪酬

Senior management represents the executive Directors. The emoluments paid or payable to senior management during the year are as follows: 高級管理層指執行董事。於本年度內已付或 應付高級管理層的薪酬如下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Directors' fees	董事袍金		
Salaries, allowances and	薪資、津貼及實物福利		
benefits in kind		403	417
Contributions to defined	界定供款計劃供款		
contribution plan		21	21
		424	438

The emoluments paid or payable to the two (2019: three) members of senior management were within the band from nil to HK\$1,000,000.

# (d) Directors' material interests in transaction, arrangement or contract

Save as disclosed in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements, no significant transaction, arrangement and contract in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company and the director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

已付或應付兩名(二零一九年:三名)高級管 理層成員的薪酬均介乎零至1,000,000港元之 範圍。

#### (d) 董事在交易、安排或合約中的重大權益

除綜合財務報表附註36所披露者外,於年末 或年內任何時間,概無有關本公司為業務的 其中一方,且本公司董事及董事的關聯方於 業務中具有直接或間接的重大權益之本集團 業務之重大交易、安排及合約。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

LOSS PER SHARE		16. 每股席	鬍損	
The calculation of the basic loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:		本公司擁有人應佔每股基本虧損按以下數 算:		
Loss		虧損		
			2020	2019
			二零二零年	二零一九年
			HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
			十座九	
Loss for the purposes of basic	每股基本虧損計算中			
loss per share	所用的虧損		(4,166)	(35,361)
Number of shares		股份婁	女 目 しんしょう しょうしょう	
			2020	2019
			二零二零年 2000	二零一九年 2000
			千股	
Issued ordinary shares at	於年初已發行的普通股			
the beginning of year			359,727	119,909
Effect of rights issue (note 31(2))	供股的影響( <i>附註31(2)</i> )		_	59,633
Weighted eveness number of andia	后则甘木虎侣斗谷中代田本	4		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating	每股基本虧損計算中所用的 普通股的加權平均數	Ŋ		
shares for the purpose of calculating				

For the calculation of diluted loss per share, no adjustment has been made to the basic loss per share amount presented for the years ended 31 December 2020 as there were no potential dilutive ordinary shares outstanding during the years ended 31 December 2020.

For the year ended 31 December 2019, the weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basis loss per share has been adjusted to take into effect of the rights issue as set out in note 31(2) to the consolidated financial statements as if it had been effective on 1 January 2019.

### **17. DIVIDENDS**

The Board does not recommend the payment of any dividend for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,就計算 每股攤薄虧損而言,由於並無尚未發行的潛在 攤薄普通股存在,所以截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度並無對列報的每股基本虧損金額 作出調整。

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度,每股基本虧損計算中所用的普通股的加權平均數已作出 調整,以考慮到綜合財務報表附註31(2)所載的供 股的影響,猶如其已自二零一九年一月一日起開 始生效。

#### 17.股息

董事會不建議就截至二零二零年及二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度派付任何股息。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### **18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

## 18.物業、廠房及設備

		Office equipment 辦公室設備 HK\$'000	Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及裝置 HK\$'000	<b>Total</b> 合計 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Cost	成本			
At 1 January 2019, 31 December 2019, 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020	於二零一九年一月一日、 二零一九年十二月三十一日、 二零二零年一月一日及			
	二零二零年十二月三十一日	537	572	1,109
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊			
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	518	572	1,090
Provided for the year	年內撥備	9	_	9
At 31 December 2019 and	於二零一九年十二月三十一日及			
1 January 2020	二零二零年一月一日	527	572	1,099
Provided for the year	年內撥備	6	_	6
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	533	572	1,105
Carrying amount	賬面值			
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	4	_	4
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月三十一日	10	_	10

综合財務報表附註

Leased properties 租賃物業 HK\$'000 千港元

266

556

(347)

197

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

# **19. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS** 19. 使用權資產 (a) Right-of-use assets (a) 使用權資產 At 1 January 2019 於二零一九年一月一日 Additions 添置 折舊 Depreciation

At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	於二零一九年十二月三十一日及	
	二零二零年一月一日	475
Depreciation	折舊	(278)

At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日

Lease liabilities of approximately HK\$208,000 (2019: HK\$490,000) are recognised with related right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$197,000 as at 31 December 2020. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,已確認租賃 負債約208,000港元(二零一九年:490,000港 元)及相關的使用權資產約197,000港元。除 出租人持有的租賃資產中的擔保權益外,租 賃協議不施加任何其他契據。租賃資產不得 用於借款擔保。

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
eciation expenses on	使用權資產的折舊費用		
nt-of-use assets		278	347
est expense on lease liabilities	租賃負債的利息支出		
cluded in finance cost)	(已計入融資成本)	18	14

Details of total cash outflow for leases is set out in note 35(c).

Depre

righ Interes

(incl

For both years, the Group leases an office for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed term of 2 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

租賃現金流出總額的詳細信息載於附註 35(c) °

於兩年中,本集團租賃一間辦公室用於運 營。租賃合同以租期兩年訂立。租期按個別 基準磋商,且包含各種不同條款及條件。本 集團釐定租賃期限及評估不可撤銷的期限長 度時,採用合約定義並釐定合約可強制執行 期限。

# 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

(b) Lease liabilities

### **19. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Continued)**

### 19. 使用權資產(續)

(b) 租賃負債

				Present	value of
		Minimu	m lease	minii	mum
		<b>payn</b> 最低租	nents 賃款項	lease payments 最低租賃款項現值	
		2020 二零二零年	<b>2019</b> 二零一九年	2020 二零二零年	<b>2019</b> 二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Within one year In the second to fifth years,	一年內 第二至第五年	213	300	208	282
inclusive	(首尾兩年包括在內)	—	213	—	208
		213	513	208	490
Less: Future finance charges	減:未來財務費用	(5)	(23)	N/A	N/A
Present value of lease obligations	租賃責任現值	208	490	208	490
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (shown under current liabilities)				(208)	(282)
				(200)	(202)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months	12個月後到期的應付款項			_	208

All finance lease payables are denominated in HK\$.

#### 20. GOODWILL

During the year ended 31 December 2016, Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated, at acquisition, to the cash generating unit ("CGU") that is expected to benefit from that business combination. Before recognition of impairment losses, the carrying amount of goodwill amounting to HK\$38,000 had been allocated to Studio V Limited ("Studio V"), a subsidiary of the Company, which is considered to be a single CGU.

During the year ended 31 December 2017, the goodwill attributable to Studio V was fully impaired.

所有融資租賃應付款項均以港元計值。

#### 20. 商譽

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度內, 在企業合併中收購的商譽在收購時分配予預期 受益於該企業合併的現金產出單元(「現金產出 單元」)。在確認減值虧損前,商譽的賬面金額 38,000港元已經分配予本公司附屬公司Studio V Limited(「Studio V」),其被視為單一現金產出單 元。

於截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度, Studio V應佔商譽已全額減值。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 21. OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

### 21. 其他應收款、按金及預付款項

	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Consideration receivables (note a)應收代價(附註a)Deposits paid for investments (note b)就投資所支付的按金(附註b)Other deposits其他按金Prepayments預付款項		8,980 14,631 53 210
Less: non-current portion of consideration 減:應收代價非即期部分 receivables	633	23,874 (3,000)
Current portion	633	20,874

#### Notes:

- (a) During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company disposed the consideration receivables and the unlisted convertible bonds CB2 as defined in note 23(b) in exchange for LN2 as defined in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements, resulting in a gain on deemed disposal of such arrangement by approximately HK\$329,000 recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2020. Further detail is set out in note 35(a)(i) to the consolidated financial statements.
- (b) During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company disposed the deposit paid for investment as earnest money amounted to HK\$10,000,000 paid by the Group for the proposed investments of HK\$10,000,000 in exchange for the LN4 as defined in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements, resulting a gain on deemed disposal of such arrangement by HK\$1,378,000 recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2020. Further detail is set out in note 35(a)(ii) to the consolidated financial statements.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company disposed the deposit paid for investment as earnest money amounted to HK\$5,500,000 paid by the Group for the proposed investments and LN1 as defined in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements in exchange for 1,120,000 shares of Winchester Holding Group, a company listed in the United States as detailed in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements, resulting in a loss on deemed disposal of such arrangement by approximately HK\$3,615,000 recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2020.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, additional provision for impairment of approximately HK\$1,267,000 (2019: HK\$518,000) and HK\$325,000 (2019: HK\$20,000) were made for 12m ECL on the balances of deposits and other receivables, respectively.

#### 附註:

- (a) 於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司出售了應收代價和附註23(b)所定義的非上市可轉換債券可轉換債券2,以交換綜合財務報表附註 22中所定義的貸款票據2,導致於截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度於損益中確認視作出售該 安排而產生的收益約329,000港元。進一步詳情載 於綜合財務報表附註35(a)(i)。
- (b) 於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司出售了為投資支付的按金(作為本集團為建議投資而支付的誠意金10,000,000港元加上現金10,000,000港元),以換取綜合財務報表附註22中定義的貸款票據4,導致於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度於損益中確認視作出售該安排而產生的收益1,378,000港元。進一步詳情載列於綜合財務報表附註35(a)(ii)。

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本公 司出售了綜合財務報表附註22中定義的為投資支 付的按金(作為本集團為建議投資而支付的誠意金 5,500,000港元)和貸款票據1,以換取1,120,000股 Winchester Holding Group股份(該公司於美國上 市(詳見綜合財務報表附註23)),導致於截至二零 二零年十二月三十一日止年度於損益中確認視作 出售該安排之虧損約3,615,000港元。

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,已分別 就按金及其他應收款項結餘的12個月預期信貸虧損 追加計提約1,267,000港元(二零一九年:518,000 港元)及325,000港元(二零一九年:20,000港元) 減值撥備。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

## **22. LOAN NOTES**

## 22. 貸款票據

lssuer	Date	Subscription amount	Interest receivables	Impairment loss recognised during the year 於本年度內	Carrying amount	Interest income recognised during the year
發行人	日期	<b>認購金額</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>應收利息</b> HK\$'000 千港元	確認的 減值虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>賬面值</b> HK\$'000 千港元	於本年度內確認 的利息收入 HK\$'000 千港元
Shenzhen Dalong Packaging Machinery Equipment Company Limited* ("LN1") (2019: defined as "LN4") 深圳達隆包裝機械設備有限 公司(「貸款票據1」) (二零一九年:定義為 「貸款票據4」)	二零二零年十二月三十一日	24,000	2,716	2,251 1,181	 24,118	2,341 2,400
Shenzhen Huaqin Agricultur Technology Company Limited* ("LN2") 深圳華沁農業科技有限公司 (「貸款票據2」)	e 31 December 2020 二零二零年十二月三十一日 31 December 2019 二零一九年十二月三十一日	27,000 —	13 —	220	26,793 —	13 —
Services Limited* ("LN3")	二零二零年十二月三十一日 31 December 2019 二零一九年十二月三十一日	33,000 33,000	1,899 244	2,733 423	31,743 32,821	1,655 244
Yun Kang Data Technology (Shanghai) Company Limited* ("LN4") 雲康資訊科技(上海)有限 公司(「貸款票據4」)	31 December 2020 二零二零年十二月三十一日 31 December 2019 二零一九年十二月三十一日	20,000 —	118 —	369 —	19,749 —	118 —
Shenzhen Da Long General Packaging Machinery Company Limited* ("LN5") (2019: defined as "LN5") 深圳達隆通用包裝機械 有限公司(「貸款票據5」) (二零一九年:定義為 「貸款票據5」)	二零二零年十二月三十一日	24,000 24,000	5,122 2,716	6,358 994	20,166 24,118	2,406 2,400
Zhongda International Holdings Limited (2019: defined as "LN1", "LN2", and "LN3") 中大國際控股有限公司 (二零一九年:定義為 [貸款票據1]、[貸款 票據2]及[貸款票據3])	<b>31 December 2020</b> ニ零ニ零年十二月三十一日 <b>31 December 2019</b> ニ零一九年十二月三十一日	_	-	-	_	- 833
Total 總額	31 December 2020 二零二零年十二月三十一日 31 December 2019 二零一九年十二月三十一日	104,000 81,000	7,152 5,676	11,931 2,598	98,451 81,057	6,533 5,877

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 22. LOAN NOTES (Continued)

- (i) On 14 November 2018, the Group had subscribed HK\$ denominated loan note (the "LN1") of principal value of HK\$24,000,000 issued by an independent third party which is private entity established in the PRC, Shenzhen Dalong Packaging Machinery Equipment Company Limited\*, which is principally engaged in providing integrated R&D, design, sales and after-sales service in packaging equipment, maturity of three years from dates of issue. LN1 bears fixed interest at 10% per annum and is measured at amortised cost.
- (ii) On 30 December 2020, the Group had subscribed HK\$ denominated loan note (the "LN2") of principal value of HK\$27,000,000 issued by an independent third party which is private entity established in the PRC, Shenzhen Huaqin Agriculture Technology Company Limited\*, which is principally engaged in technological development of agricultural products and biological products, with maturity of three years from dates of issue. LN2 bears fixed interest at 8.5% per annul and is measured at amortised cost.
- (iii) On 8 November 2019, the Group had subscribed HK\$ denominated loan note (the "LN3") of principal value of HK\$33,000,000 issued by an independent third party which is private entity established in the PRC, Shenzhen Qianhai Earl Lan Official Business Aviation Services Limited\*, which is principally engaged in aircraft leasing, with maturity of two years from dates of issue. LN3 bears fixed interest at 5% per annul and is measured at amortised cost.
- (iv) On 16 November 2020, the Group had subscribed HK\$ denominated loan note (the "LN4") of principal value of HK\$20,000,000 issued by an independent third party which is private entity established in the PRC, Yun Kang Data Technology (Shanghai) Company Limited\*, which is principally engaged in applying deep learning and artificial intelligence to analyse the big data for application and provide clinical diagnosis, with maturity of three years from dates of issue. LN4 bears fixed interest at 6% per annul and is measured at amortised cost.
- (v) On 14 November 2018, the Group had subscribed HK\$ denominated loan note (the "LN5") of principal value of HK\$24,000,000 issued by an independent third party which is private entity established in the PRC, Shenzhen Da Long General Packaging Machinery Company Limited\*, which is principally engaged in developing and designing mechanical equipment, maturity of three years from date of issue. LN5 bears fixed interest at 10% per annum and is measured at amortised cost.

### 22.貸款票據(續)

- (i) 於二零一八年十一月十四日,本集團已認購 港元貸款票據(「貸款票據1」),本金價值為 24,000,000港元,由一間為於中國成立的私 人實體的獨立第三方(深圳達隆包裝機械設 備有限公司,主要從事提供包裝設備的綜合 研發、設計、銷售及售後服務)發行,於發 行日期起計3年到期。貸款票據1按固定年利 率10%計算利息及按攤銷成本計量。
- (ii) 於二零二零年十二月三十日,本集團已認購 港元貸款票據(「貸款票據2」),本金價值為 27,000,000港元,由一間為於中國成立的私 人實體的獨立第三方(深圳華沁農業科技有 限公司,主要從事農產品和生物製品的技術 開發)發行,於發行日期起計3年到期。貸款 票據2按固定年利率8.5%計算利息及按攤銷 成本計量。
- (iii) 於二零一九年十一月八日,本集團已認購 港元貸款票據(「貸款票據3」),本金價值為 33,000,000港元,由一間為於中國成立的私 營實體的獨立第三方(深圳前海藍伯爵公務 航空服務有限公司,主要從事飛機租賃)發 行,於發行日期起2年到期。貸款票據3按固 定年利率5%計算利息及按攤銷成本計量。
- (iv) 於二零二零年十一月十六日,本集團已認購 港元貸款票據(「貸款票據4」),本金價值為 20,000,000港元,由一間為於中國成立的私 人實體的獨立第三方(雲康信息科技(上海) 有限公司,主要從事將深度學習及人工智能 用於分析大數據以加以應用並提供臨床診 斷)發行,於發行日期起計3年到期。貸款票 據4按固定年利率6%計算利息及按攤銷成本 計量。
- (v) 於二零一八年十一月十四日,本集團已認購 港元貸款票據(「貸款票據5」),本金價值為 24,000,000港元,由一間為於中國成立的私 人實體的獨立第三方(深圳達隆通用包裝機 械有限公司,主要從事機電設備開發及設 計)發行,於發行日期起計3年到期。貸款票 據5按固定年利率10%計算利息及按攤銷成 本計量。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

# 22. LOAN NOTES (Continued)

## 22. 貸款票據(續)

		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
	~ + = L	101.000	04,000
Loan notes	貸款票據	104,000	81,000
Interest receivables	應收利息	7,152	5,676
Impairment losses	減值虧損	(12,701)	(5,619)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	98,451	81,057
Less: current portion	減:即期部分	(52,038)	(5,144)
Non-current portion	非即期部分	46,413	75,913

### **Movement for impairment losses**

### 減值虧損之變動

			0040
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	5,619	4,992
Release upon disposals	出售回撥	(4,849)	(1,971)
Provision made for the year	年內撥備	11,931	2,598
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	12,701	5,619

The carrying amount of the loan notes approximates to its fair value.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of the loan notes.

貸款票據的賬面金額接近其公允值。

於報告日,最大信貸風險敞口為貸款票據的賬面 金額。

# 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

# 23. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS ("FVTPL")

## 23. 按公允值於損益賬列賬(「按公允值於損 益賬列賬」)的金融資產

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trading securities <i>(note a)</i> Convertible bonds designated at financial		46,944	7,286
assets at FVTPL (note b)	資產的可轉換債券(附註b)	46,944	19,520 26,806

Notes:

附註:

(a	) Trac	ling sec	urities
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(a) 交易證券

	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets: 流動資產:		
Equity securities held for trading at market         為交易而持有的權益證券,按市場價值,           value — Listed in the United States         美國上市	41,059	_
Equity securities held for trading at market 為交易而持有的權益證券,按市場價值,		
value — Listed in Hong Kong 香港上市	5,885	7,286
	46,944	7,286

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 23. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS ("FVTPL") (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

#### (a) Trading securities (Continued)

At the end of reporting period, details of the Group's major listed equity securities are as follows:

## **23.**按公允值於損益賬列賬(「按公允值於損 益賬列賬」)的金融資產(續)

附註:(續)

# (a) 交易證券(續) 於報告期末,本集團主要上市權益證券的詳情如下:

Accumulated

Stock name	As at 31 December	Proportion of investee's capital owned	Cost	Market value	Net assets attributable to the investment	fair value gains/ (losses) on investment recognised in the consolidated financial statement during the year 於本年度內於 綜合財務報表
股票名稱	於十二月 三十一日	擁有被投資 公司資本比例	<b>成本</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>市值</b> HK\$'000 千港元	投資應佔 資產淨值 HK\$'000 千港元	內確認之投資 累計公允值 收益/(虧損) HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong						
香港 On Real International Holdings Limited	2020	4.53%	11,100	2,223	2,165	(8,878)
安悅國際控股有限公司	二零二零年 2019 二零一九年	6.79%	11,100	5,421	4,075	(5,679)
Classified Group (Holdings) Limited	2020	3.89%	3,679	746	2,230	(2,932)
Classified Group (Holdings) Limited	二零二零年 2019 二零一九年	4.59%	4,738	1,556	3,672	(3,182)
Prime Intelligence Solutions Group Limited	2020	_	-	-	-	_
匯安智能科技集團有限公司	二零二零年 2019 二零一九年	0.31%	228	147	276	(81)
China Creative Digital Entertainment Limited	<b>2020</b> 二零二零年	0.49%	178	72	(3,021)	(106)
中國創意數碼娛樂有限公司	—令—令牛 2019 二零一九年	0.49%	178	110	119	(68)
Evershine Group Holdings Limited	<b>2020</b> 二零二零年	0.08%	66	21	6	(45)
永耀集團控股有限公司	参参平 2019 二零一九年	0.10%	66	52	113	(14)
Tencent Holdings Limited	<b>2020</b> 二零二零年	0.00%*	1,012	1,354	161	342
腾訊控股有限公司	二零二零年 <b>2019</b> 二零一九年	-	-	_	-	-
Alibaba Group Holding Limited	<b>2020</b> 二零二零年	0.00%*	1,040	1,047	235	6
阿里巴巴集團控股有限公司	二 <del>零二零十</del> <b>2019</b> 二零一九年	_	-	_	-	-
The People's Insurance Company (Group) of China Limited	<b>2020</b> 二零二零年	0.00%*	550	423	663	(127)
中國人民保險集團股份有限公司	二专二专十 2019 二零一九年	-	-	-	-	_
<b>United States</b> 美國 Winchester Holding Group	2020	1.15%	25,334	41,059	244	20.093
• ·	二零二零年 2019	1.1070	20,004	41,009	244	20,055
Winchester Holding Group	二零一九年			_		_
* less then 0.040/				1-11		

\* less than 0.01%

低於0.01%

\*

# 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 23. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS ("FVTPL") (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

#### (a) Trading securities (Continued)

Dividends of approximately HK\$30,000 was recognised in consolidated profit or loss during the year while no dividend income received during the year ended 31 December 2019.

Unless otherwise specified, all of the above investments are directly held by the Company.

- (i) On Real International Holdings Limited, incorporated in Cayman Islands, is principally engaged in the designing, manufacturing and selling of two-way radio and baby monitors on original design manufacturing basis.
- (ii) Classified Group (Holdings) Limited, incorporated in Cayman Islands, is principally engaged in restaurant operations in Hong Kong.
- (iii) Prime Intelligence Solutions Group Limited, incorporated in Cayman Islands, is principally engaged in sales of biometrics identification devices and other devices and accessories and provision of auxiliary and other services.
- (iv) China Creative Digital Entertainment Limited, incorporated in Bermuda, is principally engaged in cultural and entertainment business in China.
- (v) Evershine Group Holdings Limited, incorporated in Hong Kong, is principally engaged in the construction, contracting works, construction materials trade, property leasing, furniture business, cemetery business, money lending business and mobile application business.
- (vi) Tencent Holdings Limited, incorporated in Cayman Islands, is principally engaged in the provision of Value-added Service ("VAS"), FinTech and Business Services and Online Advertising services. Net dividend (after expenses) approximately HK\$1,600 was received for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: Nil).
- (vii) Alibaba Group Holding Limited, incorporated in Cayman Islands, provides the technology infrastructure and marketing reach to help merchants, brands and other businesses to leverage the power of new technology to engage with their users and customers and operate in a more efficient way.
- (viii) The People's Insurance Company (Group) of China Limited, incorporated in China, mainly provide integrated financial products and services and is engaged in property and casualty insurance, life and health insurance, asset management and other businesses.

23. 按公允值於損益賬列賬(「按公允值於損 益賬列賬」)的金融資產(續)

附註:(續)

(a) 交易證券(續) 本年度於綜合損益中確認股息約30,000港元,而於 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度概無收到 任何股息收入。

除非另有指明,本公司直接持有上列所有投資。

- (i) 安悅國際控股有限公司,於開曼群島註冊成 立,主要從事設計、生產及 銷售原創設計生 產的對講設備和嬰兒監控器。
- (ii) Classified Group (Holdings) Limited,於開曼 群島註冊成立,主要於香港從事餐廳經營。
- (iii) 匯安智能科技集團有限公司,於開曼群島註 冊成立,主要從事銷售生物識別掃描設備及 其他設備與配件,以及提供輔助性和其他服 務。
- (iv) 中國創意數碼娛樂有限公司,於百慕達註冊 成立,主要於中國從事文化及娛樂業務。
- (v) 永耀集團控股有限公司,於香港註冊成立, 主要從事建築、建築作業、建材交易、物業租 賃、傢俬業務、公墓業務、貸款業務及移動應 用業務。
- (vi) 騰訊控股有限公司,於開曼群島註冊成立, 主要從事提供增值服務(「VAS」)、金融科技 及企業服務及線上廣告服務。收到截至二零 二零年十二月三十一日止年度之股息淨額(扣 除開支後)約1.600港元(二零一九年:無)。
- (vii) 阿里巴巴集團控股有限公司,於開曼群島註 冊成立,為商戶、品牌及其他企業提供技術 基礎設施以及營銷平台,讓其可借助新技術 的力量,與使用者和客戶互動,並以更高效 的方式運營。
- (viii)中國人民保險集團股份有限公司,於中國註 冊成立,主要提供綜合金融產品和服務,並 從事財產保險業務、人身保險業務、資產管 理以及其他業務。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 23. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS ("FVTPL") (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

#### (a) Trading securities (Continued)

(ix) Winchester Holding Group, incorporated in the United States, is organized for the purpose of property acquisitions. Initial operations have included organization and incorporation, target market identification, marketing plans, capital formation and property acquisitions and vehicle exclusive seller.

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's trading securities of carrying amount of approximately HK\$2,969,000 (2019: HK\$1,715,000) were pledged to a securities broker to secure margin loan borrowed by the Group.

#### (b) Convertible bonds designated at financial assets at FVTPL

At the end of reporting period, details of major unlisted convertible bonds designated at financial assets at FVTPL disclosed pursuant to the Chapter 21 of the Listing Rules are as follows: **23.** 按公允值於損益賬列賬(「按公允值於損 益賬列賬」)的金融資產(續)

附註:(續)

#### (a) 交易證券(續)

(ix) Winchester Holding Group於美國註冊成立, 為購置物業而組建。初期運作包括組建和註 冊成立、目標市場識別、營銷計劃、資本形成 及物業收購及汽車專賣商。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團賬面值約 2,969,000港元(二零一九年:1,715,000港元)之交 易證券已抵押予證券經紀,以取得本集團借入之 保證金貸款。

#### (b) 指定為按公允值於損益賬列賬之金融資產的可轉 換債券

於報告期末,主要的指定按公允值於損益賬列賬 之金融資產的非上市可轉換債券的詳情根據《上市 規則》第21章披露如下:

	Place of	As at		Interest income recognised during the	Accumulated fair value losses on investment recognised in the consolidated financial statements during the	
Name of investee	Incorporation	31 December	Cost	year	year 於本年度內 於綜合財務	Fair value
被投資公司名稱	註冊成立地點	於十二月 三十一日	<b>成本</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>於本年度內</b> 確認之 利息收入 HK\$ <sup>;</sup> 000 千港元	<b>報表內確認之</b> 投資累計 公允 <b>值虧損</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>公允值</b> HK\$'000 千港元
Profit Gain Finance Limited ("CB1") 盈健財務有限公司 (「可轉換債券1」)	Hong Kong 香港	2020 2019	_	 1,534	=	_
HF Financial Group (Hong Kong) Limited ("CB2")	Hong Kong	2020	-	1,571	-	_
匯福金融集團(香港)有限公司 (「可轉換債券2」)	香港	2019	19,700	1,576	(2,146)	19,520

All the above investments are directly held by the Company.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company disposed the consideration receivables as defined in note 21(a) and the unlisted convertible bonds CB2 to exchange for LN2 as defined in note 22, resulting in a gain on deemed disposal of such arrangement by approximately HK\$329,000 recognised for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### 本公司直接持有上列所有投資。

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司出售了附註21(a)所定義的應收代價和非上市可 轉換債券可轉換債券2,以交換附註22中所定義的 貸款票據2,導致於截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度確認視作出售該安排而產生的收益約 329,000港元。

# 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 24. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTOCI

### 24. 按公允值於其他全面收益列賬之金融資 產

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Unlisted equity investments designated at financial assets at FVTOCI	指定按公允值於其他全面收益 列賬之金融資產的非上市股權投資	30,600	29,400

On 7 December 2018, the Group subscribed 20% equity interest of an Anguilla incorporated private equity, Perfect Path, through its 45% owned associate, effectively owns as to 9% equity interest of a gold mining project in Thailand, at a consideration of HK\$18,500,000. As of 31 December 2020, the fair value of the equity investment was approximately HK\$30,600,000 (2019: HK\$29,400,000).

Despite the Group holds 20% of the voting power in Perfect Path, however, under contractual arrangements, the other shareholders control the composition of the board of directors and have control over Perfect Path. The directors of the Company consider that the Group does not have significant influence over Perfect Path, and it is therefore the unlisted equity investments are designated at financial assets at FVTOCI. 於二零一八年十二月七日,本集團透過其擁有 45%權益之聯營公司(實際擁有泰國金礦開採項 目9%股權)以代價18,500,000港元認購於一間於 安圭拉註冊成立的私營實體Perfect Path的20% 股權。截至二零二零年十二月三十一日,股權投 資的公允值約為30,600,000港元(二零一九年: 29,400,000港元)。

儘管本集團持有Perfect Path的20%表決權,然 而,根據合約安排,其他股東控制董事會的人員 組成,並控制Perfect Path。本公司董事認為本 集團對Perfect Path並無重大影響力,因此非上 市股權投資指定為按公允值於其他全面收益列賬 的金融資產。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 24. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTOCI (Continued)

Income approach were used for valuation of the above equity interests. Ravia Global Appraisal Advisory Limited ("Ravia") is an independent firm of professional valuer appointed by the Company to carry out the valuations of the Group's unlisted equity investments designated at financial assets at FVTOCI. The inputs into the valuation models as at 31 December 2020 were as follows:

### Perfect Path Perfect Path

## 24. 按公允值於其他全面收益列賬之金融資 產(續)

使用收入法評估上述股權。瑞豐環球評估諮詢有 限公司(「瑞豐」)為本公司委任就本集團指定為按 公允值於其他全面收益列賬之金融資產的非上市 股權投資進行估值的獨立專業估值師行。於二零 二零年十二月三十一日估值模型之輸入如下:

31 December 2020

二零二零年十二月三十一日

Subscription date	7 December 2018
認購日期	二零一八年十二月七日
Total number of shares held	200,000
所持股份總數	200,000
Subscription price	HK\$18,500,000
認購價	18,500,000港元
Proportion of investee's capital owned	20.00%
被投資公司擁有的資本比重	20.00%
Dividend income received during the year	—
本年度內已收到的股息收入	—
Net assets attributable to the investment (Note)	HK\$32,072,000
投資應佔資產淨值(附註)	32,072,000港元
Fair value gain/(loss) recognised during the year	HK\$1,200,000
本年度內確認的公允值收益/(虧損)	1,200,000港元
Expected dividend yield	-
預期股息收益率	-
Discount rate	12.00%
貼現率	12.00%
Valuation methodology	Income Model
估值方法	收入模型
Fair value performed by:	Ravia
公允值評估機構:	瑞豐

Notes: Figures were based on the management accounts as at 31 December 2020 provided by the investees.

*附註*: 數據基於被投資公司提供的二零二零年十二月 三十一日管理層賬目。

# 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### **25. DUE FROM SECURITIES BROKERS**

Amounts due from securities brokers represent deposits placed with securities brokers for the trading of listed investments which are unsecured, bearing interest at a range between 0% to 0.001% (2019: 0% to 0.001%) per annum and repayable on demand. No ageing analysis is disclosed in respect of amounts due from securities brokers. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, an ageing analysis does not give additional value in view of the Group's business nature.

#### **26. DUE TO SECURITIES BROKERS**

Amounts due to securities brokers represent credit facility provided by securities brokers, bearing interest at 10.25% (2019: 8% to 10.375%) per annum and repayable on demand. No ageing analysis is disclosed in respect of amounts due to securities brokers. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, an ageing analysis does not give additional value in view of the Group's business nature.

### **27. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS**

### 25.應收證券經紀款項

應收證券經紀款項為證券經紀為交易上市投資而 存放在證券經紀的存款,其為無抵押,按0%至 0.001%(二零一九年:0%至0.001%)的年利率計 算利息,並須按要求隨時償還。並無就應收證券 經紀款項披露賬齡分析。本公司董事認為,有鑑 於本集團的業務性質,賬齡分析並無額外價值。

### 26.應付證券經紀款項

應付證券經紀款項為證券經紀提供的信貸融資, 按10.25%(二零一九年:8%至10.375%)的年利 率計算利息,並須按要求隨時償還。並無就應付 證券經紀款項披露賬齡分析。本公司董事認為, 有鑑於本集團的業務性質,賬齡分析並無額外價 值。

### 27.其他應付款及應計費用

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款及應計費用	728	1,343
Unclaimed dividend payables	尚未領取的應付股息	4	4
		732	1,347

#### **28. SHAREHOLDER'S LOAN**

On 4 June 2018, the Group had obtained an unsecured and unguaranteed loan at the rate of 8% per annum with principal amount of HK\$30,000,000 from its substantial shareholder, namely Mr. Chen Chien Yeh (the "Shareholder's Loan"). The effective interest rate applied was 7.7% per annum and the Shareholder's Loan was mature on 6 October 2019 and settled in full in 2019.

#### 28. 股東貸款

於二零一八年六月四日,本集團已自其主要股東 陳建業先生按年利率8%獲得本金額為30,000,000 港元的無抵押且無擔保貸款(「股東貸款」)。適用 的實際年利率為7.7%,該項股東貸款於二零一九 年十月六日到期並於二零一九年悉數結清。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### **29. PROMISSORY NOTES**

As at 31 December 2020, the Company had outstanding five promissory notes to four individuals who are independent to the Group with an aggregated principal value of HK\$19,920,000. These promissory notes bear interest at rates ranging from 6.5% to 8% per annum and are due for repayments ranging from 13th months to 52th months (2019: 24th months to 64 months) at the end of reporting period.

On initial recognition, the fair value of promissory notes issued by the Company were determined based on the present value of the contractual stream of future cash flows discounted at rates ranging from 5.5% to 6.69% per annum. The discount rates are determined with reference to the yield rate with credit rating and duration similar to the promissory notes.

The details of the promissory notes for the year are set out below:

### 29.承付票

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本公司持有五張 未償還的承付票予四名獨立於本集團的個人, 有關本金總值為19,920,000港元。該等承付票按 6.5%至8%的年利率計算利息,並於報告期末起 計第13個月至第52個月(二零一九年:第24個月 至64個月)到期償還。

初始確認時,本公司所發行的承付票的公允值乃 根據合約未來現金流以5.5%至6.69%年利率折現 所得的現值確定。折現率乃參考信貸評級及年期 與承付票類似者的收益率來確定。

於年內有關承付票的詳情載列如下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	20,257	20,754
Imputed interest charged	估算收取的利息	1,379	1,317
Redemption during the year	於本年度內贖回	_	(300)
Interest paid during the year	於本年度內支付利息	(1,492)	(1,514)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	20,144	20,257
Less: Amount due within one year	減:於一年內到期的金額,分類為流	,	
classified as current liabilities	動負債	(224)	(337)
		()	
Amount due over one year classified as	公二年後到期的今朝, 今期为北京動		
•			10.000
non-current liabilities	負債	19,920	19,920

#### **30. DEFERRED TAX**

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately HK\$276,955,000 (2019: HK\$276,282,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of these tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The unrecognised tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

### 30. 遞延税項

於報告期末,本集團未動用税項虧損約 276,955,000港元(二零一九年:276,282,000港元)可供抵銷未來溢利。由於未來利潤流的不可 預測性,未就這些税務虧損確認遞延税項資產。 未確認的税務虧損可以無限期結轉。

# 綜合財務報表附註

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SHARE CAPITAL	31. 股本	Z	
		Number of shares 股份數目	<b>Amoun</b> 金都 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised:	法定:		
Ordinary share of HK\$1 each at	於二零一九年一月一日每股面值		
1 January 2019	1港元的普通股	1,000,000,000	1,000,000
Capital reorganisation (note 1)	股本重組( <i>附註1</i> )	9,000,000,000	
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each at	於二零一九年十二月三十一日、		
31 December 2019, 1 January 2020	二零二零年一月一日及		
and 31 December 2020	二零二零年十二月三十一日		
	每股面值0.1港元的普通股	10,000,000,000	1,000,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:		
Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each at	於二零一九年一月一日每股面值		
1 January 2019	1港元的普通股	119,908,950	119,90
Capital reorganisation (note 1)	股本重組 <i>(附註1)</i>	_	(107,91
Rights issue (note 2)	供股( <i>附註2</i> )	239,817,900	23,98
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each at	於二零一九年十二月三十一日、		
31 December 2019, 1 January 2020	二零二零年一月一日及		
and 31 December 2020	二零二零年十二月三十一日		
	每股面值0.1港元的普通股	359,726,850	35,973

#### Notes:

3

1 The Company has been de-registered in the Cayman Islands and duly continued in Bermuda as an exempted company under the laws of Bermuda and the change of domicile became effective on 2 April 2019 (Hong Kong time) (the "Change of Domicile"). Details of the Change of Domicile were set out in the announcements of the Company dated 23 January 2019, 25 January 2019 and 4 April 2019 and the circular of the Company dated 4 February 2019.

On 23 January 2019, the Company announced to implement the capital reorganisation after the change of domicile becoming effective as follows:

(i) Reduction of Share Premium — the entire amount standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company was reduced to nil and the credit arising from such reduction was transferred to an existing account of the Company designated as the contributed surplus account of the Company. Thereafter, the credit of the contributed surplus account of the Company was applied in full towards offsetting the entire amount of the accumulated losses of the Company as permitted under the New Bye-laws and the Companies Act.

#### 附註:

1 本公司已於開曼群島註銷,並於百慕達根據百慕 達法律作為豁免公司正式存續,該註冊地點變更 已於二零一九年四月二日(「香港時間」)生效(「註 冊地點變更」)。註冊地點變更詳情已分別載於本 公司日期為二零一九年一月二十三日、二零一九 年一月二十五日及二零一九年四月四日之公佈, 以及本公司日期為二零一九年二月四日之通函。

#### 本公司於二零一九年一月二十三日宣佈將於註冊 地點變更生效後進行如下股本重組:

(i) 削減股份溢價一本公司股份溢價賬之全部進 賬金額削減至零,並已將有關削減所產生之 進賬轉撥至指定為本公司實繳盈餘賬之本公 司現有賬戶。其後,根據新細則及公司法准 許,本公司實繳盈餘賬之進賬金額已用於悉 數對銷本公司的全部累計虧損金額。

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### **31. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)**

#### Notes:

- 1 (Continued)
  - (ii) Capital Reduction the par value of each of the issued existing shares of the Company was reduced from HK\$1.00 to HK\$0.10 per issued existing share of the Company by the cancellation of the paid up share capital of the Company to the extent of HK\$0.90 per issued existing share of the Company by way of a reduction of capital, such that the par value of the issued existing shares of the Company was reduced to HK\$0.10 each. The credit arising from the Capital Reduction was transferred to the contributed surplus account of the Company within the meaning of the Companies Act and was applied for such purposes as permitted by all applicable laws and the Memorandum of Continuance and the New Bye-laws of the Company and as the Board considers appropriate; and
  - (iii) Share sub-division immediately following the Capital Reduction, each of the authorised but unissued existing Shares with par value of HK\$1.00 each was subdivided into 10 new Shares with par value of HK\$0.10 each.

The Capital Reorganisation had become effective after 9:00 a.m. (Hong Kong time) on 18 April 2019. Details of the above are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 23 January 2019, 25 January 2019, 11 March 2019, 4 April 2019 and 23 April 2019 and the circular of the Company dated 4 February 2019.

2 The Company has completed the Rights Issue on the basis of two Rights Shares for every one Share held on the Record Date at the Subscription Price of HK\$0.28 per Rights Share to raise approximately HK\$67.15 million before expenses by issuing 239,817,900 Rights Shares to the Qualifying Shareholders.

References were made to (1) the announcements of the Company dated 18 July 2019, 30 July 2019, 2 August 2019, 13 August 2019, 12 September 2019, 13 September 2019, 18 October 2019, 18 May 2020 and 25 November 2020 respectively, (2) the circular of the Company dated 21 August 2019 (the "Circular") and the poll result announcement of the Company dated 12 September 2019 in relation to, amongst others, the Rights Issue, and (3) the prospectus of the Company dated 25 September 2019. Unless otherwise defined, capitalised terms used herein shall have the same meanings as those defined in the Circular.

### 31.股本(續)

附註:

- 1 (續)
  - (ii)股本削減一藉削減股本方式,註銷本公司實繳股本每股已發行現有股份0.90港元,已將本公司每股已發行現有股份面值由每股1.00港元削減至0.10港元,據此本公司已發行現有股份面值減至每股0.10港元。股本削減所產生之進賬已轉撥至公司法定義的本公司實繳盈餘賬,並應用於所有適用法律及存續大綱及本公司新細則允許及董事會認為適當的用途;及
  - (iii) 股份拆細 緊隨股本削減後,每股面值1.00 港元法定但未發行現有股份已拆細為10股每 股面值0.10港元的新股份。

股本重組已於二零一九年四月十八日上午九 時正(香港時間)生效。以上之詳情分別載於 本公司日期為二零一九年一月二十三日、二零 一九年一月二十五日、二零一九年三月十一 日、二零一九年四月四日及二零一九年四月 二十三日之公佈,以及本公司日期為二零一九 年二月四日之通函。

2 本公司已完成供股發行,按於記錄日期每持有一股股份獲發兩股供股股份之基準以每股供股股份認購價格0.28港元向合資格股東發行239,817,900股供股股份,以籌集約67.15百萬港元(扣除費用前)。

兹提述(1)本公司日期分別為二零一九年七月十八 日、二零一九年七月三十日、二零一九年八月二 日、二零一九年八月十三日、二零一九年九月十二 日、二零一九年九月十三日、二零一九年十月十八 日、二零二零年五月十八日及二零二零年十一月 二十五日之公佈・(2)本公司日期為二零一九年八 月二十一日之通函(「通函」),以及本公司日期為 二零一九年九月十二日有關(其中包括)供股之表 決結果之公佈,及(3)本公司日期為二零一九年九 月二十五日之招股章程。除另有規定者外,此處 所用術語與通函所界定者具有相同涵義。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **31. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)**

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maximise the return to the shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The capital structure of the Group comprises all components of shareholders' equity.

The Group reviews the capital structure frequently by considering the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. The Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debts, redemption of existing debts or selling assets to reduce debts. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

The only externally imposed capital requirement is that for the Group to maintain its listing on the Stock Exchange it has to have a public float of at least 25% of the shares. The Group receives a report from the share registrars monthly on substantial share interests showing the non-public float and it demonstrates continuing compliance with the 25% limit throughout the year. As at 31 December 2020, 72.8% (2019: 72.8%) of the shares were in public hands.

#### 31.股本(續)

本集團管理資本時的目標為通過在負債與權益間 作出最佳平衡,保障本集團能夠持續經營,並同 時謀求最大限度的股東回報。本集團的資本結構 由股東權益的所有元素組成。

本集團通過考慮資金成本及與每類資本相關的 風險,經常覆核資本結構。本集團會透過支付股 息、發行新股份及股份回購以及發行新債務、贖 回現有債務或出售資產以減低債務,來平衡其整 體資本結構。於截至二零二零年及二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度內,管理資本的目標、政 策或程序並無作出任何變動。

唯一外部強制性資本要求為,本集團如欲維持其 在聯交所上市的地位,其公眾持股量最少為股 份的25%。本集團每月收到股份過戶登記處顯示 非公眾持股量的重大股份權益的報告,其顯示全 年均持續符合25%的限額。於二零二零年十二月 三十一日,72.8%(二零一九年:72.8%)的股份 由公眾持有。

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#### **32. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY**

### 32.本公司財務狀況及儲備表

		Note 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Non-current assets</b> Property, plant and equipment Rights-of-use assets Investments in subsidiaries Other receivables, deposits and	<b>非流動資產</b> 物業、廠房及設備 使用權資產 附屬公司投資 其他應收款、按金及		4 197 27	10 475 27
prepayments Loan notes	預付款項 貸款票據		 19,413	3,000 75,913
			19,641	79,425
Current assets Other receivables, deposits and prepayments	<b>流動資產</b> 其他應收款、按金及預付款項		633	20,874
Loan notes Financial assets at FVTPL	貸款票據 按公允值於損益賬列賬的金融		52,245	5,144
Financial assets at FVTOCI	資產 按公允值於其他全面收益列賬		46,944	26,806
Due from securities brokers Amount due from a subsidiary	之金融資產 應收證券經紀款項 應收一間附屬公司款項		30,600 802 19,264	29,400 12 —
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金		7,905	28,187
			158,393	110,423
Current liabilities Due to securities brokers Other payables and accruals Lease liabilities Shareholder's loan	<b>流動負債</b> 應付證券經紀款項 其他應付款及應計費用 租賃負債 股東貸款		1,701 732 208	2,011 1,347 282
Amount due to a subsidiary Promissory notes	應付一間附屬公司款項 承付票		224	7,421 337
			2,865	11,398
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		155,528	99,025
Total assets less current liabiliti	es 總資產減流動負債		175,169	178,450
Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities Promissory notes	<b>非流動負債</b> 租賃負債 承付票		19,920	208 19,920
			19,920	20,128
Net assets	資產淨值		155,249	158,322
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	<b>資本及儲備</b> 股本 儲備	(a)	35,973 119,276	35,973 122,349
	199 HV	(*)	,	122,040

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 30 March 2021.

於二零二一年三月三十日獲董事會批准及授權刊 發。

Wu Ming Gai 胡銘佳 Director 董事

Chan Carman Wing Yan 陳詠欣 Director 董事

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 32. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY (Continued) Notes:

# 32.本公司財務狀況及儲備表(續)

#### 附註:

(a) Movements in Company's reserves

(a) 本公司儲備變動

		Share premium	Contributed surplus	Financial assets at FVTOCI reserve 按公允值 於其他全面 收益列賬之	Accumulated losses	Total
		股份溢價	實繳盈餘	金融資產儲備	累計虧損	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	200,377	-	8,676	(201,004)	8,049
Loss and total comprehensive income (expenses) for the year	年內虧損及全面收益(開支) 總額	_	-	400	(35,331)	(34,931)
Capital reorganisation	股本重組	(200,377)	107,918	-	200,377	107,918
Rights Issue	供股	41,313	-	_	-	41,313
Transfer of reserve	轉移儲備	_	_	1,824	(1,824)	_
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	於二零一九年十二月三十一日 及二零二零年一月一日	41,313	107,918	10,900	(37,782)	122,349
Loss and total comprehensive income (expenses) for the year	年內虧損及全面收益(開支) 總額	_	_	1,200	(4,273)	(3,073)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	41,313	107,918	12,100	(42,055)	119,276

### **33. RESERVES**

#### (a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and movements therein are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and consolidated statement of changes in equity.

### 33.儲備

(a) 本集團

本集團儲備的金額及其變動在綜合損益及其他全面收益表及綜合權益變動表內列報。

# 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 33. RESERVES (Continued)

#### (b) Nature and purpose of reserves

#### (i) Share premium

Share premium represents the amount by which the issue price of shares exceeds the par value of those shares and is distributable to shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as and when they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

#### (ii) Financial assets at FVTOCI reserve

Financial assets at FVTOCI reserve represents the cumulative net change in fair value of equity investments held at the end of the reporting period and recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for equity instruments in note 4(f) to the consolidated financial statements.

#### (iii) Contributed surplus

- (a) The contributed surplus of the Company arose as a result of the Capital Reorganisation that the entire amount standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company was reduced to nil and the credit arising from such reduction be transferred to an existing account of the Company designated as the contributed surplus account of the Company. Thereafter, the amount approximately HK\$200.4 million standing to the credit of the contributed surplus account of the Company was applied in full towards offsetting the entire amount of the accumulated losses of the Company; and
- (b) the par value of each of the issued shares was reduced from HK\$1.00 to HK\$0.10 per issued share by the cancellation of the paid up share capital of the Company to the extent of HK\$0.90 per issued share by way of a reduction of capital, such that the par value of the issued Shares was reduced to HK\$0.10 each. The credit arising from the Capital Reduction was transferred to the contributed surplus account of the Company within the meaning of the Companies Act and be applied for such purposes as permitted by all applicable laws and the Memorandum of Continuance and the Bye-laws of the Company and as the Board considers appropriate.

### 33.儲備(續)

- (b) 儲備之性質及目的
  - (i) 股份溢價

股份溢價指股份發行價超出該等股份之 面值之金額,並可分派予本公司股東, 但於緊隨建議分派股息日期後,本公司 須能在日常業務運作過程中償還其到期 債務。

(ii) 按公允值於其他全面收益列賬之金 融資產儲備

按公允值於其他全面收益列賬之金融資 產儲備代表根據綜合財務報表附註4(f)內 就權益工具採用的會計政策確認於報告 期末持有的股權投資的公允值累計變動 淨額。

#### (ⅲ) 實繳盈餘

- (a)本公司實繳盈餘為股本重組已完成,本公司股份溢價賬之全部進賬金額削減至零,並將有關削減所產生之進賬轉撥至指定為本公司實繳盈餘賬之本公司現有賬戶。其後,本公司實繳盈餘賬之進賬金額約200.4百萬港元用於悉數對銷本公司的全部累計虧損金額;及
- (b) 藉削減股本方式,註銷本公司繳足股本每股已發行股份0.90港元,將每股已發行股份面值由每股已發行股份加值加每股已發行股份1.00港元削減至0.10港元,據此已發行股份面值減至每股0.10港元。股本削減所產生之進賬轉撥至公司法定義的本公司實繳盈餘賬,並應用於所有適用法律及存續大綱及本公司細則允許及董事會認為適當的用途。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### **34. NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE**

The calculation of net asset value per share is based on the Group's net assets of approximately HK\$162,750,000 (2019: HK\$165,716,000) divided by the Company's ordinary shares in issue of 359,762,850 as at 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019.

#### 35. NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Major non-cash transaction

During the year ended 31 December 2020

(i) Subscription of a loan note, LN2

As disclosed in notes 21(a), 22 and 23(b) to the consolidated financial statements, the Group had subscribed LN2, a loan note with principal value of HK\$27,000,000. The subscription of loan note was satisfied by way of (i) the disposals of the consideration receivables with fair value of approximately HK\$7,655,000; and (ii) the disposal of CB2 with fair value of approximately HK\$19,016,000, respectively as at their respective dates of disposal (being the date of subscription of LN2), resulting in a gain on disposal of such arrangement by HK\$329,000 recognised in the consolidated profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2020.

(ii) Subscription of a loan note, LN4

As disclosed in notes 21(b) and 22 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group had subscribed LN4, a loan note with principal value of HK\$20,000,000. The subscription of loan note was satisfied by way of (i) the disposals of the deposit paid for investment as earnest money amounted to HK\$10,000,000 paid by the Group with fair value of approximately HK\$8,622,000 as at the date of disposal (being the date of subscription of LN4); and (ii) cash consideration of HK\$10,000,000, resulting in a gain on disposal of such arrangement by HK\$1,378,000 recognised in the consolidated profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### 34.每股資產淨值

每股資產淨值乃按照本集團之資產淨值約 162,750,000港元(二零一九年:165,716,000 港元)除以二零二零年十二月三十一日及二零 一九年十二月三十一日本公司已發行普通股 359,762,850股計算。

#### 35. 綜合現金流量表附註

- (a) 主要非現金交易
  - 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 (i) 認購貸款票據,貸款票據2
    - 誠如綜合財務報表附註21(a)、22及 23(b)所披露,本集團已認購貸款票據 2、貸款票據本金為27,000,000港元。認 購貸款票據於其各自出售日期(即認購 貸款票據2日期)透過以下方式償付:(i) 出售公允值約為7,655,000港元的應收代 價:及(ii)出售公允值約為19,016,000港 元的可轉換債券2,導致於截至二零二零 年十二月三十一日止年度於綜合損益中 確認出售該安排的收益329,000港元。

#### (ii) 認購貸款票據,貸款票據4

誠如綜合財務報表附註21(b)及22所披露,本集團已認購貸款票據4,貸款票據本金為20,000,000港元。認購貸款票據透過以下方式償付:(i)於出售日期(即認購貸款票據4日期)出售為投資支付的按金(作為本集團支付的誠意金10,000,000港元),公允值約為8,622,000港元;及(ii) 10,000,000港元現金代價,導致於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度於綜合損益中確認出售該安排的收益1,378,000港元。

**For the year ended 31 December 2020** 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 35. NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

#### (a) Major non-cash transaction (Continued)

# During the year ended 31 December 2020 (Continued)

#### (iii) Acquisition of 1,120,000 shares of Winchester

As disclosed in notes 21(b), 22 and 23 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group had acquired 1,120,000 shares of Winchester, its shares listed in the U.S., with fair value of approximately HK\$25,334,000 as at the acquisition date. The acquisition was satisfied by way of (i) the disposals of the deposit paid for investment as earnest money amounted to HK\$5,500,000 paid by the Group with fair value of approximately HK\$4,742,000; and (ii) the disposals of LN1 with fair value of approximately HK\$24,207,000, respectively as at their respective dates of disposal (being the date of acquisition of 1,120,000 shares of Winchester), resulting in a loss on disposal of such arrangement by HK\$3,615,000 recognised in the consolidated profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2020.

# During the year ended 31 December 2019 (iv) Subscription of LN3 (previously defined as LN6

in 2019's annual report)

As disclosed in notes 22, 23(b) and 24 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group had subscribed LN3 with principal value of HK\$33,000,000. The subscription of LN3 was satisfied by way of (i) the disposals of LN1, LN2, and LN3 as previously defined in 2019's annual report with fair values of approximately HK\$9,186,000 in total; (ii) the disposal of CB1 with fair value of approximately HK\$19,314,000; and (iii) disposal of the equity interest HF Finance Limited with fair value of approximately HK\$4,500,000 respectively as at their respective dates of disposal.

### (v) Disposal of private equity fund designated at FVTPL

The Group had disposed of 39.25% of a private equity fund at consideration of approximately HK\$9,000,000, which is to be settled by 18 equal instalments of HK\$500,000 each. The consideration receivable is recorded under "other receivables" at 31 December 2019.

### 35. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

(a) 主要非現金交易(續)

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 (*續*)

#### (iii) 收購1,120,000股Winchester股份

誠如綜合財務報表附註21(b)、22和23 所披露,本集團已於收購日期收購公 允值約為25,334,000港元的1,120,000 股Winchester股份,該股份於美國上 市。該收購於其各自出售日期(即收購 1,120,000 股Winchester股份的日期) 透過以下方式償付:(i)出售為投資支 付的按金(作為本集團支付的誠意金 5,500,000港元),公允值約4,742,000港 元:及(ii)出售公允值約為24,207,000港 元的貸款票據1,導致於截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度於綜合損益中確 認出售該安排的虧損3,615,000港元。

## 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 (iv)認購貸款票據3(先前於二零一九年 年報中定義為貸款票據6)

誠如綜合財務報表附註22、23(b)及24所 披露,本集團已認購貸款票據3,本金為 33,000,000港元。認購貸款票據3於其各 自出售日期透過以下方式償付:(i)出售 公允值合共約9,186,000港元的貸款票據 1、貸款票據2及貸款票據3(定義見二零 一九年年報的原先釋義):(ii)出售公允值 約19,314,000港元的可轉換債券1:及(iii) 出售公允值約為4,500,000港元的匯福財 務有限公司的股權。

### (v) 出售指定為按公允值於損益賬列賬 的私募基金

本集團以每份500,000港元之18等額分 期結算,代價約為9,000,000港元出售 39.25%的私募基金。該應收代價於二零 一九年十二月三十一日計入「其他應收款 項」。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 35. NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

# (b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table set forth below is the detail changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

#### 35. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

#### (b) 因融資活動產生的負債的對賬

下表為本集團因融資活動產生的負債變動詳 情,包括現金及非現金變動。來自融資活動 的負債指現金流量已經或未來現金流量將會 於本集團綜合現金流量表分類為來自融資活 動的現金流量的該等負債。

		1 January			Interest	31 December
		2020	Cash flows	Addition	charges	2020
		二零二零年				二零二零年十二
		一月一日	現金流量	添置	利息費用	月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	490	(300)	_	18	208
Promissory notes (Note 29)	承付票 <i>(附註<b>29</b>)</i>	20,257	(1,492)	-	1,379	20,144
		00.747	(4 700)		4 007	00.050
		20,747	(1,792)	-	1,397	20,352
		1 January			Interest	31 December
		2019	Cash flows	Addition	charges	2019
		二零一九年			Ŭ	二零一九年十二
		一月一日	現金流量	添置	利息費用	月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Shareholder's loan	股東貸款	31,710	(33,936)	_	2,226	_
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	275	(355)	556	14	490
Promissory notes (Note 29)	承付票 <i>(附註<b>29</b>)</i>	20,754	(1,814)	_	1,317	20,257
		52,739	(36,105)	556	3,557	20,747

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 35. NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

#### (c) Total cash outflow for leases

## 35. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

#### (c) 租賃現金流出總額

Amounts included in the consolidated cash flow statements for lease comprise the following:

綜合現金流量表中有關租賃的數額如下:

	2020	2019
	二零二零年	二零一九年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
Within operating cash flows     經營現金流量內	18	14
Within financing cash flows     融資現金流量內	282	341
	300	355

These amounts relate to the following:

#### 該等金額與以下各項有關:

	<b>2020</b> 二零二零年	<b>2019</b> 二零一九年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Lease rental paid	已付租金 <b>300</b>	355

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

(a) On 29 February 2016, the Company entered into an investment management agreement ("Investment Management Agreement") with Tiger Securities Asset Management Company Limited ("Tiger Securities"), pursuant to which Tiger Securities has agreed to act as the investment manager of the Company and to provide investment management services to the Company for a period of two years commencing from 1 March 2016 and expiring on 28 February 2018.

According to the Investment Management Agreement, Tiger Securities shall be entitled to a management fees of 0.5% per annum on the net asset value as per the management account of the Company of the preceding month with an annual cap of HK\$1,800,000.

On 24 November 2016, the Company entered into a supplemental investment management agreement ("Supplemental Investment Management Agreement") with Tiger Securities, pursuant to which, with effect from 1 January 2017, management fees as set out in the Investment Management Agreement shall be changed from 0.5% per annum on the net asset value as per the management account of the Company of the preceding month with an annual cap of HK\$1,800,000 to 1% per annum on the net asset value as per the management account of the preceding month with an annual cap of HK\$2,980,000. Save as above changed, all other terms and conditions set forth in the Investment Management Agreement shall remain unchanged, in full force and effect.

On 28 February 2018, the Company entered into a renewal agreement with Tiger Securities to renew the investment management services period from 28 February 2018 to 28 February 2019.

On 28 February 2019 and 28 August 2019, the Company entered into renewal agreements with Tiger Securities respectively, to renew the investment management services period from 28 February 2019 to 31 August 2019 and further extended to 29 February 2020.

#### 36. 關聯方交易

(a) 於二零一六年二月二十九日,本公司與泰嘉 證券資產管理有限公司(「泰嘉證券」)訂立 投資管理協議(「投資管理協議」),據此,泰 嘉證券已經同意擔任本公司之投資管理人以 及為本公司提供投資管理服務,由二零一六 年三月一日起為期兩年至二零一八年二月 二十八日屆滿。

根據投資管理協議,泰嘉證券可獲得本公司在對上一個月的管理賬目中的資產淨值 計算每年0.5%之管理費,有關全年上限為 1,800,000港元。

於二零一六年十一月二十四日,本公司與泰 嘉證券訂立補充投資管理協議(「補充投資 管理協議」),據此,由二零一七年一月一日 起,投資管理協議內所載之管理費將由本公 司在對上一個月的管理賬目中的資產淨值計 算每年0.5%,有關全年上限為1,800,000港 元,改為本公司在對上一個月的管理賬目中 的資產淨值計算每年1%,有關全年上限為 2,980,000港元。除上述改動外,投資管理 協議內所載之所有其他條款及條件將維持不 變,具有十足效力及作用。

於二零一八年二月二十八日,本公司與泰嘉 證券訂立重續協議,重續投資管理服務期間 由二零一八年二月二十八日至二零一九年二 月二十八日。

於二零一九年二月二十八日及二零一九年八 月二十八日,本公司分別與泰嘉證券訂立重 續協議,重續投資管理服務期間由二零一九 年二月二十八日至二零一九年八月三十一日 並進一步延期至二零二零年二月二十九日。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)**

#### (a) (Continued)

With effective from 1 September 2019, management fee to Tiger Securities shall be changed from 1% per annum on the net asset value as per the management account of the Company of the preceding month to 0.8% per annum on the net asset value as per the management account of the Company of the preceding month with unchanged annual cap at HK\$2,980,000.

On 28 February 2020 and 7 December 2020, the Company entered into renewal agreements with Tiger Securities respectively, to renew the investment management services period from 29 February 2020 to 31 August 2020 and further extended to 28 August 2021.

Mr. Wu Ming Gai, an executive director of the Company, is a director and responsible officer of Tiger Securities.

The management fees and incentive fee paid and payable to Tiger Securities are as follows:

36. 關聯方交易(續)

(a) (續)

自二零一九年九月一日起,泰嘉證券的年管 理費應由上一個月本公司管理賬目中資產 淨值的1%更改為上一個月本公司管理賬目 中資產淨值的0.8%,全年上限不變,仍為 2,980,000港元。

於二零二零年二月二十八日及二零二零年 十二月七日,本公司分別與泰嘉證券訂立重 續協議,重續投資管理服務期間由二零二零 年二月二十九日至二零二零年八月三十一日 並進一步延期至二零二一年八月二十八日。

本公司執行董事胡銘佳先生為泰嘉證券的董 事及負責人員。

已付及應付泰嘉證券的管理費及獎金如下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Tiger Securities:	泰嘉證券:		
Management fees	管理費	1,299	1,277

The above management fees paid or payable to Tiger Securities are continuing connected transactions ("CCT") as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules but regarded as de minimis transaction pursuant to Rule 14A.76(1) of the Listing Rules as the CCT had fulfill the relevant requirements.

(b) Remuneration of key management personnel of the Group representing amounts paid to the Company's executive directors is disclosed in note 15(c) to the consolidated financial statements. 上述已付或應付泰嘉證券的管理費屬《上市 規則》第十四A章所界定的持續關連交易(「持 續關連交易」),然而,根據《上市規則》第 14A.76(1)條,由於持續關連交易符合有關規 定,因此,其被視為符合最低豁免水平的交 易。

(b)本集團主要管理人員的薪酬為綜合財務報表 附註15(c)所披露向本公司執行董事支付的金 額。

## 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **37. SUBSIDIARIES**

### 37. 附屬公司

The following is a list of subsidiaries at 31 December 2020:

於二零二零年十二月三十一日之附屬公司詳情如 下:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation 註冊成立地點	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及營業地點	Particulars of issued share capital 已發行股本詳情	Interest held 所持權益
IT Star Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100
	英屬處女群島	投資控股/香港	1股面值1美元 之普通股	
Datacom Venture Limited	British Virgin Islands	Inactive in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100
	英屬處女群島	不活躍/香港	1股面值1美元 之普通股	
Studio V	Hong Kong 香港	<b>Inactive in Hong Kong</b> 不活躍/香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	100

\* Shares held directly by the Company.

\* 本公司直接持有之股份。

None of the subsidiaries issued any debt securities at the end of the reporting period.

### **38. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

#### **COVID-19 outbreak**

Since early 2020, the epidemic of Coronavirus Disease 2019 (the "COVID-19 outbreak") has spread across China and other countries and it has affected the business and economic activities of the Group as well as the Group's investees to some extent. The overall financial effect cannot be reliably estimated as of the approval date of these consolidated financial statements. The Group will closely monitor the development of the COVID-19 outbreak and continue to evaluate its impact on the business, the financial position and operating results of the Group. 於報告期末,各附屬公司並無發行任何債務證 券。

### 38.報告期後事項

#### COVID-19爆發

自 二零 二零年 初 以來,新 型 冠 狀 病 毒 疫 情 (「COVID-19爆發」)已於中國及其他國家蔓延, 並在一定程度上影響了本集團與本集團被投資公 司的業務及經濟活動。截至該等綜合財務報表的 批准日期,尚無法可靠估計整體財務影響。本集 團將密切關注COVID-19爆發的發展情況,並繼 續評估其對本集團業務、財務狀況及經營業績的 影響。

# **FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY** 五年財務概要

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
				二零一八年		二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Results:	業績:					
(Loss) profit attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔(虧損)溢					
the Company	利	(194,959)	(205,508)	(78,458)	(35,361)	(4,166)
			Year e	ended 31 Dec	ember	
				二月三十一日		
		2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
		二零一六年	二零一七年	二零一八年	二零一九年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Assets and liabilities:	資產及負債︰					
Current assets	流動資產	415,572	220,239	151,217	110,423	138,921
Total assets	資產總額	415,657	220,268	196,846	189,821	185,535
Current liabilities	流動負債	33,835	25,314	41,535	3,977	2,865
Total liabilities	負債總額	35,415	45,534	61,455	24,105	22,785
Shareholders' funds	股東資金	380,242	174,734	135,391	165,716	162,750

# Cocoon Holdings Limited 中國天弓控股有限公司