



# SILVER GRANT INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS GROUP LIMITED

銀建國際控股集團有限公司

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

(於香港註冊成立之有限公司)

股份代號 Stock code: 171



年報 Annual Report

# 2020

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## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS 財務摘要

|  |                   | 2020<br>HK\$'m<br>百萬港元 | (Restated)<br>(經重列)<br>2019<br>HK\$'m<br>百萬港元 | Changes<br>變動<br>%<br>百分比 |
|--|-------------------|------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| (Loss)/Profit for the year Attributable to Owners of the Company | 本公司擁有人應佔年內(虧損)/溢利 | <b>(317.6)</b>         | 2.5   | (12,804.0%)               |
| Net Assets   | 淨資產               | <b>7,384.0</b>         | 7,524.3                                       | (1.9%)                    |
| Total Assets   | 資產總值              | <b>11,238.9</b>        | 10,273.3                                      | 9.4%                      |
| Equity Attributable to Owners of the Company                     | 本公司擁有人應佔股本        | <b>6,559.8</b>         | 6,622.2                                       | (0.9%)                    |
| Pledged Bank Deposits, Cash and Bank Balances                    | 已抵押銀行存款、銀行結餘及現金   | <b>793.5</b>           | 212.6   | 273.2%                    |

| Key Performance and<br>Liquidity Indicators | 主要營運表現及<br>財務狀況指標 | HK\$<br>港元      | (Restated)<br>(經重列)<br>HK\$<br>港元 | Changes<br>變動<br>%<br>百分比 |
|---|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Basic (Loss)/Earnings Per Share (Note 1)    | 每股基本(虧損)/盈利(附註1)  | <b>(0.1378)</b> | 0.0011                            | (12,627.3%)               |
| Net Assets Per Share (Note 1)               | 每股資產淨值(附註1)       | <b>2.85</b>     | 2.87                              | (0.7%)                    |
| P/E Ratio (Note 1)                          | 市盈率(附註1)          | <b>(6.60x)</b>  | 1,145.5x                          | (100.6%)                  |
| Return on Capital Employed (Note 2)         | 股本回報率(附註2)        | <b>(4.84%)</b>  | 0.04%                             | (12,200.0%)               |
| Return on Total Assets (Note 3)             | 總資產回報率(附註3)       | <b>(2.83%)</b>  | 0.02%                             | (14,250.0%)               |
| Gearing Ratio (Note 4)                      | 借貸比率(附註4)         | <b>48.37%</b>   | 31.79%                            | 52.2%                     |
| Adjusted Gearing Ratio (Note 5)             | 經調整借貸比率(附註5)      | <b>36.27%</b>   | 28.58%                            | 26.9%                     |
| Current Ratio (Note 6)                      | 流動比率(附註6)         | <b>5.21x</b>    | 4.50x                             | 15.8%                     |
| Interest Coverage (Note 7)                  | 利息償付比率(附註7)       | <b>(0.48x)</b>  | 1.10x                             | (143.6%)                  |

### Notes:

- Based on 2,304,849,611 shares issued and fully paid as at 31 December 2020 (2019: 2,304,849,611 shares) and the market closing price as at 31 December 2020 of HK\$0.91 (2019: HK\$1.26) per share. Net assets per share is calculated as net assets attributable to owners of the Company over number of shares issued and fully paid.
- Calculated as (loss)/profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company over equity attributable to owners of the Company.
- Calculated as (loss)/profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company over total assets.
- Calculated as borrowings, senior note and convertible bonds issued by the Company over equity attributable to owners of the Company.
- Calculated as net borrowings (borrowings, senior note and convertible bonds issued by the Company net of pledged bank deposits and cash and bank balances) over equity attributable to owners of the Company.
- Calculated as current assets over current liabilities.
- Calculated as (loss)/profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company before finance costs and taxation over finance costs.

### 附註:

- 基於2020年12月31日已發行及已繳足股份2,304,849,611股(2019年: 2,304,849,611股)及2020年12月31日收市價每股0.91港元(2019年: 1.26港元)。每股資產淨值以本公司擁有人應佔淨資產除以已發行及已繳足股份數目計算所得。
- 以本公司擁有人應佔年內(虧損)/溢利除以本公司擁有人應佔股本計算所得。
- 以本公司擁有人應佔年內(虧損)/溢利除以資產總值計算所得。
- 以借貸額、優先票據及本公司發行之可換股債券除以本公司擁有人應佔股本計算所得。
- 以借貸淨額(借貸額、優先票據及本公司發行之可換股債券扣除抵押銀行存款及現金及銀行結餘)除以本公司擁有人應佔股本計算所得。
- 以流動資產除以流動負債計算所得。
- 以扣除財務費用及稅項前之本公司擁有人應佔年內(虧損)/溢利除以財務費用計算所得。

## CORPORATE INFORMATION 企業資料

### Board of Directors

The composition of the board (“Board”) of directors (“Directors”) of Silver Grant International Holdings Group Limited (“Company”) during the year ended 31 December 2020 (“Year 2020”) and as at the date of this report is set out below:

#### Executive Directors

Huang Jiajue (*Chief Executive Officer*)  
Luo Zhihai  
Ma Yilin (resigned with effect from 11 January 2021)  
Tang Lunfei (appointed with effect from 11 January 2021)

#### Non-executive Directors

Chu Hing Tsung (*Chairman*)  
Chen Zhiwei  
Gao Jian Min (resigned with effect from 1 January 2020)

#### Independent non-executive Directors

Liang Qing  
Zhang Lu  
Hung Muk Ming

### Audit Committee

Hung Muk Ming (*Committee Chairman*)  
Liang Qing  
Zhang Lu

### Remuneration Committee

Zhang Lu (*Committee Chairman*)  
Liang Qing  
Huang Jiajue

### Nomination Committee

Chu Hing Tsung (*Committee Chairman*)  
Zhang Lu  
Hung Muk Ming

### 董事會

截至2020年12月31日止年度（「2020年度」）及於本年報日期，銀建國際控股集團有限公司（「本公司」）董事（「董事」）會（「董事會」）之組成呈列如下：

#### 執行董事

黃佳爵 (*首席執行官*)  
羅智海  
馬懌林 (於2021年1月11日辭任)  
唐倫飛 (於2021年1月11日獲委任)

#### 非執行董事

朱慶淞 (*主席*)  
陳志偉  
高建民 (於2020年1月1日辭任)

#### 獨立非執行董事

梁青  
張璐  
洪木明

### 審核委員會

洪木明 (*委員會主席*)  
梁青  
張璐

### 薪酬委員會

張璐 (*委員會主席*)  
梁青  
黃佳爵

### 提名委員會

朱慶淞 (*委員會主席*)  
張璐  
洪木明

## CORPORATE INFORMATION 企業資料

### Company Secretary

Ng Hoi Leung, Leo

### Company Lawyers

Tung & Co. Solicitors  
LCH Lawyers LLP

### Legal Counselor

Tung Tat Chiu, Michael

### Auditor

Ernst & Young  
*Certified Public Accountants*  
*Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor*

### Principal Bankers

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited  
China Citic Bank International Limited  
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited

### Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Tricor Secretaries Limited  
Level 54, Hopewell Centre,  
183 Queen's Road East,  
Hong Kong  
(Tel: 29801888 Fax: 28610285)

### Registered Office

Suite 4901, 49th Floor,  
Office Tower, Convention Plaza,  
1 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong  
(Tel: 28770030 Fax: 28029506)

### Company Website

<http://www.silvergrant.com.hk>

### Stock Code

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### 公司秘書

吳海良

### 公司律師

佟達釗律師行  
呂鄭洪律師行有限法律責任合夥

### 法律顧問

佟達釗

### 核數師

安永會計師事務所  
執業會計師  
註冊公眾利益實體核數師

### 主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司  
中信銀行(國際)有限公司  
中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司

### 股份登記及過戶處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司  
香港  
皇后大道東183號  
合和中心54樓  
(電話: 29801888 傳真: 28610285)

### 註冊辦事處

香港灣仔港灣道1號  
會展廣場辦公大樓  
49樓4901室  
(電話: 28770030 傳真: 28029506)

### 公司網址

<http://www.silvergrant.com.hk>

### 股份代號

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# CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

## BUSINESS REVIEW

At the start of 2020, there was an outbreak of the Coronavirus Disease-2019 (“COVID-19”) epidemic in Wuhan, Hubei Province, the People’s Republic of China (“PRC”). Due to the increase in the mobility of population before the 2020 Lunar New Year, the epidemic quickly spread around the world and to overseas regions, hitting the society and economy in China hard with challenges. The Group has been positively responding to the prevention and control measures implemented by the Chinese government, by formulating new prevention and control guidelines for its employees in a timely manner, regularly checking its employees’ health and travel history and preventing cross-infection among employees from happening in the workplace. Given that the Group’s principal business activities spread across China, large-scale production cessation and delayed work resumption as a result of the prevention and control measures to combat the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic have already made a significant adverse impact on the daily operations of the Group, resulting in various businesses failed to be carried out as originally planned.

The Group has recorded a loss attributable to owners of the Company for Year 2020 of approximately HK\$317,641,000 as compared to a profit attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2019 (“Year 2019”) of approximately HK\$2,476,000 (restated). Basic loss per share was 13.78 HK cents for Year 2020 (Year 2019: basic earnings per share of 0.11 HK cents (restated)).

In 2020, affected by the global COVID-19 pandemic, the global economy came to a standstill. In the PRC, because of the proactive preventive and controlling measures taken by the government against the pandemic, the national economy has shown a stable recovery, with its annual GDP in 2020 increased by 2.3% year-on-year, making the PRC the only major economy around the globe that realised positive economic growth in 2020. Since the beginning of 2020, the international crude oil price has been fluctuating at a low level. It was not until December 2020 that oil price regained upward momentum as different countries in the world started to make considerable progress in vaccinations against COVID-19 which indirectly led to the rise in demand for crude oil. Nevertheless, the crude oil price at the end of 2020 was still 20% lower than its price at the beginning of 2020.

## 業務回顧

於2020年年初，中華人民共和國(「中國」)湖北省武漢市爆發2019新型冠狀病毒肺炎(「新冠肺炎」)疫情。由於2020年農曆新年前夕大規模人口流動，疫情很快蔓延至全球各地及海外地區，為中國整體社會及經濟運作帶來十分嚴峻的考驗。本集團積極響應中國政府疫情防控部署，及時制定各項疫情防控措施及員工防控指引，定期採集員工健康及出行信息並根據該等信息做區別安排，避免員工在工作場所發生交叉感染。由於本集團的主要業務分佈於中國境內，新冠肺炎疫情防控部署下大範圍的停工停產及延遲復工等安排已對本集團的日常經營帶來嚴重影響，導致各項業務無法按原定計劃開展。

本集團錄得2020年度本公司擁有人應佔虧損約317,641,000港元，而截至2019年12月31日止年度(「2019年度」)則錄得本公司擁有人應佔溢利2,476,000港元(經重列)。2020年度每股基本虧損為13.78港仙(2019年度：每股基本盈利0.11港仙(經重列))。

於2020年，受到全球爆發新冠肺炎疫情的影響，全球經濟陷入停擺。在中國，由於政府積極應對疫情防控，國內經濟呈現穩定復甦態勢，2020年全年GDP同比增長2.3%，成為2020年全球唯一實現經濟正增長的主要經濟體。自2020年初以來，國際原油價格一直在低位波動。直至2020年12月，由於世界各國在新冠肺炎疫苗接種方面取得了相當大的進展，間接導致對原油的需求有所上升，油價才重拾升勢。然而，2020年底的原油價格仍比2020年初的價格低20%。

## CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

### BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

During 2020, impacted by the pandemic and the downturn of the global economy, the Group made timely adjustment on its operating goals and plans, trying its best in reducing the effect of external unfavorable factors on its operations. 中海油氣(泰州)石化有限公司 (Zhong Hai You Qi (Tai Zhou) Petrochemical Company Limited\*) (“Zhong Hai You Qi”), a former 33% associate of the Company with approximately 22.46% of its equity interest being effectively held by the Company, became a joint venture (“ZHYQ JV”) of the Company following the completion (“Completion”) of a merger (“Merger”) on 15 July 2019, pursuant to which Zhong Hai You Qi absorbed and merged with 泰州東聯化工有限公司 (Tai Zhou United East Petrochemical Company Limited\*) (“TZ United East”) and 中海瀝青(泰州)有限責任公司 (China Offshore Bitumen (Taizhou) Co., Ltd.\*) (“COBT”). Due to low international crude oil prices, as well as decreased domestic demand for refined oil and aromatic hydrocarbon oil, ZHYQ JV failed to achieve profitability during Year 2020 but it has managed to lower costs and improve efficiency through a series of measures, such as consuming relatively expensive crude oil inventory in advance, and raising the utilisation rate resources. To pursue its development strategy for high-end lubricating oil in a steady manner, ZHYQ JV established a subsidiary that is engaged in the research and development, production and sales of lubricating oil products, enabling a growth of over five times in terms of annual lubricating oil sales in Year 2020 as compared to those in Year 2019.

### 業務回顧(續)

於2020年，受疫情及全球經濟下滑的影響，本集團及時調整其經營目標及計劃，盡其所能降低外部不利因素對其營運的影響。中海油氣(泰州)石化有限公司(「中海油泰州石化」)原為本公司擁有33%股權的聯營公司，其約22.46%股權由本公司實際持有，於2019年7月15日合併(「合併」)完成(「完成」)後，成為本公司的合營企業(「該合營企業」)，據此，中海油泰州石化吸收合併泰州東聯化工有限公司(「泰州東聯」)及中海瀝青(泰州)有限責任公司(「中海瀝青」)。由於國際原油價格低迷，以及國內對成品油及芳香烴油的需求減少，該合營企業於2020年度內未能實現盈利，惟透過提前消耗相對昂貴的原油庫存以及提高資源利用率等一系列措施降本增效。為穩步推進其高端潤滑油的發展戰略，該合營企業成立一間附屬公司，從事潤滑油產品的研發、生產及銷售，使2020年度的潤滑油銷售額較2019年度增長逾5倍。

\* English name is translated for identification purpose only

\* 英文名稱僅供識別

# CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

## BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

### Investments

During 2020, the Group continued to develop its various investment operations. In relation to investments in non-performing assets, following the prudence principle, the Group has acquired a non-performing loans portfolio with total principal and interest accrued thereon amounting to approximately RMB300 million. The market enthusiasm towards disposal of non-performing assets has declined since investors in general adopted a wait-and-see attitude under the influence of the pandemic. Through increased effort in judicial disposal and assets promotion, the Group recovered part of the non-performing assets during Year 2020, and will dispose of the remaining non-performing assets in the coming one to two years. The Group proactively explored various types of non-performing assets investment projects, including individual debt restructuring projects, bankruptcy reorganisation projects, etc.. In terms of equity investment projects, the Group divested two existing projects and formulated a divestment proposal for one existing project. The Group has been identifying new investment projects of considerable scale but the Group has not made any new equity investment yet.

The Group also actively made plans for its asset management and financial services business and intended to launch an asset management fund but the launch of such fund is subject to the economic environment and the development of COVID-19.

The Group has invested in certain PRC enterprises which are classified by the Group as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. The Board considers that financial asset investments with a carrying amount that accounts for approximately 5% or more of the Group's total assets as at 31 December 2020 as significant financial asset investments of the Group. As at 31 December 2020, NT Trust Scheme (as defined below) was the only financial asset investment the carrying value of which amounted to approximately 5% of the Group's total assets. Further details of the NT Trust Scheme are set out below:

## 業務回顧(續)

### 投資

於2020年，本集團持續推進旗下各項投資業務。其中不良資產投資方面，出於審慎原則，本集團收購不良貸款投資組合，其本金總額及應計利息約為人民幣3億元。市場對處置不良資產的熱度有所下降，此乃由於受疫情影響，投資者普遍持觀望態度。本集團通過加大司法處置的力度，同時兼顧資產營銷，於2020年度內實現了部分不良資產的回收，剩餘不良資產將於未來一至兩年內處置完畢。本集團積極拓展不同類型的不良資產投資項目，包括單項債務重組項目、破產重整項目等。在股權投資項目方面，本集團實現了兩個存量項目的退出，並對一個存量項目制定了退出方案。本集團已開始物色具有相當規模的新投資項目，但本集團尚未進行任何新的股權投資。

本集團亦積極規劃資產管理及金融服務業務，擬推出一個資產管理基金，惟該基金的推出視乎經濟環境及新冠肺炎疫情的發展而定。

本集團投資若干中國企業，並由本集團歸類為以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產。董事會認為，於2020年12月31日，賬面值佔本集團總資產約5%或以上的金融資產投資為本集團的重大金融資產投資。於2020年12月31日，NT Trust Scheme (定義如下)為賬面值佔本集團總資產約5%之唯一金融資產投資。有關NT Trust Scheme之進一步詳情載列如下：



# CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

## BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

### Investments (Continued)

The Group has invested RMB505,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$606,202,000) in aggregate into a trust ("NT Trust Scheme") managed by 國民信託有限公司 (National Trust Co., Ltd.\*), which holds a portfolio of limited liability partnerships investing in property development investments in Zhuozhou and Shenyang in the PRC. As at 31 December 2020, the value of the NT Trust Scheme accounted for approximately 4.95% of the total assets of the Group. The carrying value of the NT Trust Scheme as at 31 December 2020 was approximately HK\$556,027,000 (2019: HK\$541,110,000), which was measured at fair value through profit or loss. Out of the loss of approximately HK\$667,000 (2019: HK\$201,650,000) recorded in the change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss for Year 2020, loss of approximately HK\$19,146,000 (2019: loss of HK\$19,832,000) was attributable to the fair value change of the NT Trust Scheme as at 31 December 2020. The Group did not receive any distribution from the NT Trust Scheme during Year 2020 (2019: Nil). Based on the current investment strategy of the Group, its interest in the NT Trust Scheme is held for trading purpose and classified as a current asset in its consolidated statement of financial position.

## 業務回顧(續)

### 投資(續)

本集團已向一項信託(「NT Trust Scheme」)合共投資人民幣505,000,000元(相當於約606,202,000港元)，該信託由國民信託有限公司管理，並持有投資於中國涿州及瀋陽物業發展投資之有限責任合夥組合。於2020年12月31日，NT Trust Scheme的價值佔本集團總資產約4.95%。NT Trust Scheme於2020年12月31日的賬面值約為556,027,000港元(2019年：541,110,000港元)，此乃按公允值計量且其變動計入損益。2020年度以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產之公允值變動所錄得之約667,000港元(2019年：201,650,000港元)虧損中，約19,146,000港元(2019年：虧損19,832,000港元)虧損乃歸因於NT Trust Scheme於2020年12月31日之公允值變動。於2020年度，本集團並無收到NT Trust Scheme之任何分派(2019年：無)。根據本集團目前的投資策略，於NT Trust Scheme之權益乃持有待售，並於綜合財務狀況表內列為流動資產。

\* English name is translated for identification purpose only

\* 英文名稱僅供識別

# CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

## BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

### Investments (Continued)

The objective of the Group in relation to its investments in financial assets is to capture returns from the appreciation in the values of its investments and to receive income therefrom. The Board believes that the performance of the financial asset investments of the Group is dependent on the financial and operating performance of the investee companies and market sentiment, which are affected by factors such as interest rate movements, national policies and performance of the global and national economies. Among its previously invested projects, the Group is currently seeking exit opportunities after assessing the financial and operational performance of these investments against the Group's expectation, which will allow the Group to recover its capital and invest in projects with higher returns in the next few years. The Group will continue to adopt a prudent investment approach and closely monitor the performance of the investments in its portfolio.

### Property Leasing

The rental income from the Group's property leasing business decreased from approximately HK\$107,568,000 in Year 2019 to approximately HK\$89,128,000 in Year 2020. Revenue from the Group's property leasing business segment was mainly derived from East Gate Plaza, an investment property of the Group in Beijing, China, which is comprised of a residential section and a commercial section. Affected by the COVID-19 pandemic, the occupancy rate of East Gate Plaza declined to approximately 80% in Year 2020 (Year 2019: 90%), resulting in a decrease in revenue from this segment. The Group has made timely adjustment of its property leasing business strategy by actively recruiting new tenants for vacant areas and retaining its existing tenants, in order to boost the occupancy rate of the property.

## 業務回顧(續)

### 投資(續)

本集團投資於金融資產旨在從其投資升值賺取回報並從中取得收入。董事會認為，本集團金融資產投資之表現取決於投資公司之財務及經營表現以及市場氣氛，而該等因素受利率變動、國家政策以及全球及國家經濟體之表現等影響。本集團按其預期評估其以往投資的項目的財政及運營表現後，現正物色撤出該等投資的機會，以使本集團將資金回籠，在未來幾年投資其他回報較高的項目。本集團將繼續採取審慎投資方法，並會密切監察其投資組合之表現。

### 物業租賃

本集團物業租賃業務的租金收入由2019年度約107,568,000港元減少至2020年度約89,128,000港元。本集團之物業租賃業務分部收入主要來自本集團在中國北京之投資物業東環廣場(包括住宅部分及商業部分)，受新冠肺炎疫情影響，東環廣場於2020年度的出租率下滑至約80%(2019年度：90%)，導致該分部收入錄得下降。本集團及時調整物業租賃經營策略，積極開展空置區域的新一輪招商工作和現有租戶的維穩工作，以期提升該物業出租率。

## CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

### PROSPECTS AND OUTLOOK

At the end of 2020, the launch of COVID-19 vaccines provided a stimulus to the recovery of the global economy, but the emergence of mutated strains of COVID-19 has sent the global economic outlook back to uncertainty. Economic downturn expedited the growth of non-performing assets. As of the end of 2020, the balance of non-performing loans carried by commercial banks in the PRC reached approximately RMB3.5 trillion, representing an increase of approximately RMB281.6 billion when compared to that of the beginning of 2020, with a non-performing loan ratio of 1.92%. Due to the national supportive policies, it is expected that the explosive growth of non-performing assets in the PRC will be delayed, and the next one to three years will be a better time for investment. The Group will hasten the disposal of its non-performing assets at hand, while grasping the opportunities for individual debt restructuring projects provided by the current market environment, so as to explore diversified non-performing assets investment.

ZHYQ JV, a joint venture of the Company, will proactively formulate further development plans, make filing to the government after preparing the relevant feasibility report and seek shareholders' approval in order to facilitate the speedy implementation of its development plans, including the construction of production equipment for improving and expanding the capacity of high-end lubricating oil products, as well as production equipment for high-performance polyolefin products, for carrying out transformation and upgrade.

### 前景及展望

2020年末，新冠肺炎疫苗的上市給全球經濟復甦注入了「強心劑」，但新冠肺炎出現變異毒株，讓全球經濟前景再次陷入不明朗局面。經濟下行加速了不良資產的增長。截至2020年末，中國商業銀行不良貸款餘額約人民幣3.5萬億元，較2020年初增加約人民幣2,816億元，不良貸款率達1.92%。受國家政策扶持的影響，預期中國不良資產爆發時點延後，未來一至三年將會是更好的投資時點。本集團將加快處置在手的不良資產，並抓住當前市場環境提供的單項債權重組項目機會，拓展多元化的不良資產投資。

該合營企業(本公司之合營企業)積極制訂進一步發展計劃，在相關可行性研究報告編製完成後將向政府備案，並尋求股東批准以促成該等發展計劃盡快實施，包括建設旨在改良及擴充高端潤滑油產能的生產裝置以及高性能聚烯烴產品的生產裝置，以進行轉型升級。

# CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

## PROSPECTS AND OUTLOOK *(Continued)*

With the spread of COVID-19 under control in China, the Group will adjust its various business development strategies based on the latest economic situation, actively deploy investment in high-quality assets and participate in the development of growth industries in order to bring long-term returns to the shareholders of the Company.

## MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

The Group did not have any material acquisition or disposal during Year 2020.

## FINANCIAL REVIEW

The profit attributable to the owners of the Company of approximately HK\$2,476,000 (restated) for Year 2019 turned to a loss attributable to the owners of the Company of approximately HK\$317,641,000 for Year 2020, mainly due to the combined effect of the following:

- (i) the decrease in the rental income earned by the Group during Year 2020 from that of approximately HK\$107,568,000 recorded for Year 2019, due to the decline in the occupancy rate of the rental properties of the Group as a result of the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic at the beginning of 2020;
- (ii) the increase in the direct operating expenses incurred by the Group for Year 2020 from approximately HK\$6,419,000 for Year 2019, mainly attributable to the increase in the promotion expenses incurred by the Group to retain its tenants during Year 2020;

## 前景及展望(續)

隨著中國新冠肺炎的傳播受控，本集團將根據最新經濟形勢，調整各項業務發展策略，積極布局優質資產的投資、參與到增長型行業的發展當中，以期為本公司股東帶來長期回報。

## 重大收購及出售事項

於2020年度內，本集團並無任何重大收購及出售事項。

## 財務回顧

本公司擁有人應佔溢利由2019年度約2,476,000港元(經重列)轉為2020年度本公司擁有人應佔虧損約317,641,000港元。主要受到下列各項之共同影響：

- (i) 於2020年度本集團賺取的租金收入較2019年度所錄得約107,568,000港元有所減少，乃由於2020年初爆發新冠肺炎疫情，導致本集團出租物業的租用率下跌；
- (ii) 於2020年度本集團產生的直接經營開支較2019年度的約6,419,000港元有所增加，主要由於本集團為挽留現有租戶而產生的推廣開支於2020年度增加所致；

## CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

### FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

- (iii) the increase in other income, gains and losses for Year 2020, as compared with that of approximately HK\$181,733,000 for Year 2019, mainly due to the increase in the interest income generated through advances provided by the Group during Year 2020;
- (iv) the turn from a fair value gain on investment properties of approximately HK\$18,103,000 recorded by the Group for Year 2019 to a fair value loss on investment properties for Year 2020, as a result of the decline in the fair value of the investment properties held by the Group as at 31 December 2020;
- (v) the decrease in the loss in the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss for Year 2020 from approximately HK\$201,650,000 for Year 2019, mainly attributable to (1) the amount of fair value loss made by the Group on its financial assets as at 31 December 2020 being substantially less than that made on its financial assets as at 31 December 2019; and (2) the increase in the fair value of certain non-performing assets held by the Group as at 31 December 2020, as compared with their fair value as at 31 December 2019;
- (vi) the increase in the finance costs incurred by the Group for Year 2020 from those of approximately HK\$133,746,000 for Year 2019, as a result of (1) the issuance by the Company of (a) the 7% senior unsecured and guaranteed convertible bonds in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$1,150,000,000 in July 2019; and (b) the 7.5% senior secured guaranteed note in the aggregate principal amount of US\$19,800,000 in December 2020; and (2) additional other loans raised by the Group in the second half of 2020 at rates ranging from 9% per annum to 12% per annum;

### 財務回顧(續)

- (iii) 於2020年度的其他收入、收益及虧損較2019年度約181,733,000港元有所增加，主要由於本集團提供墊支所產生的利息收入於2020年度增加所致；
- (iv) 本集團於2019年度錄得的投資物業公允值收益約18,103,000港元轉為2020年度的投資物業公允值虧損，乃由於本集團持有的投資物業於2020年12月31日的公允值下跌所致；
- (v) 於2020年度的以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產的公允值虧損較2019年度約201,650,000港元有所減少，乃主要由於(1)本集團於2020年12月31日對其金融資產作出的公允值虧損金額遠低於2019年12月31日對其金融資產作出的公允值虧損金額；及(2)本集團於2020年12月31日持有的若干不良資產的公允值較2019年12月31日的公允值有所增加；
- (vi) 本集團於2020年度所產生的融資成本較2019年度約133,746,000港元有所增加，乃由於(1)本公司(a)於2019年7月發行7%優先無抵押有擔保可換股債券(本金總額為1,150,000,000港元)；及(b)於2020年12月發行7.5%優先有抵押有擔保票據(本金總額為19,800,000美元)；及(2)本集團於2020年下半年按年利率9%至12%增發的其他貸款；

## CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

### FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

- (vii) the profit from discontinued operation of approximately HK\$251,996,000 (restated) recorded by the Group in Year 2019 (which was absent in Year 2020), in relation to the disposal of the Group's trading of petrochemical products and provision of subcontracting service business segment following the Completion of the Merger on 15 July 2019, pursuant to which Zhong Hai You Qi, a former 33% associate of the Company with approximately 22.46% of its equity interest being effectively held by the Company, absorbed and merged with TZ United East and COBT. Upon Completion, TZ United East and COBT were dissolved and deregistered, and Zhong Hai You Qi became the surviving entity and a joint venture (i.e. ZHYQ JV) of the Company, in which the Company owned approximately 51% of its equity interest through one of its indirect non-wholly owned subsidiaries (i.e. the Company effectively held approximately 34.72% of the equity interest of ZHYQ JV upon Completion); and
- (viii) the decline in the performance of Zhong Hai You Qi from a profit in Year 2019 (during which it was accounted for by the Group as an associate of the Company), to a loss in Year 2020 (during which ZHYQ JV, the surviving entity resulted from the Merger, was accounted for by the Group as a joint venture of the Company), mainly attributable to (1) the overhaul and upgrade carried out at the factory of ZHYQ JV in March 2020, which resulted in the suspension of the operation of ZHYQ JV for the entire month of March in 2020; (2) the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic which led to a slowdown in the economy and thus, a reduction in the demand for ZHYQ JV's petrochemical products; and (3) the provision for impairment loss on inventory made by ZHYQ JV due to the decline in the prices of crude oil in Year 2020.

The basic loss per share attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company was 13.78 HK cents for Year 2020 (Year 2019: basic earnings per share of 0.11 HK cents (restated)).

### 財務回顧(續)

- (vii) 本集團於2019年度錄得來自已終止經營業務溢利約251,996,000港元(經重列)(2020年度:無),乃與本集團於2019年7月15日合併完成後出售其石油化工產品銷售及提供加工服務業務分部相關,據此,中海油泰州石化(原為本公司擁有33%股權的聯營公司,其約22.46%股權由本公司實際持有)與泰州東聯及中海瀝青吸收合併。完成後,泰州東聯及中海瀝青泰州已予解散及註銷,而中海油泰州石化則成為存續公司及本公司的合營企業(即該合營企業),本公司透過其中一家間接非全資擁有附屬公司擁有該合營企業約51%權益,即本公司於完成後實際持有該合營企業約34.72%股權;及
- (viii) 中海油泰州石化的業績由2019年度的溢利(在此期間,其由本集團以本公司的聯營公司入賬)下降至2020年度的虧損(在此期間,該合營企業(合併後的存續公司)由本集團以本公司的合營企業入賬),主要是由於(1)該合營企業的工廠於2020年3月進行大修及升級,導致該合營企業於2020年3月全月暫停營運;(2)爆發新冠肺炎疫情,導致經濟放緩,故對該合營企業石化產品的需求有所下降;及(3)由於2020年度原油價格下跌,該合營企業作出存貨減值虧損撥備。

於2020年度,本公司普通股權益持有人應佔每股基本虧損為13.78港仙(2019年度:每股基本盈利0.11港仙(經重列))。

## CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

### FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

#### a. Rental income

Rental income for Year 2020 amounted to approximately HK\$89,128,000 (Year 2019: HK\$107,568,000), representing a decrease of approximately 17.14%, which was mainly attributable to the decrease in the average occupancy rate of the rental properties of the Group from approximately 90% to approximately 80% in Year 2020.

#### b. Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The decrease in the loss in the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss from approximately HK\$201,650,000 for Year 2019 to approximately HK\$667,000 for Year 2020 was mainly attributable to (1) the amount of fair value loss made by the Group on its financial assets as at 31 December 2020 being substantially less than that made on its financial assets as at 31 December 2019; and (2) the increase in the fair value of certain non-performing assets held by the Group as at 31 December 2020, as compared with their fair value as at 31 December 2019.

### 財務回顧(續)

#### a. 租金收入

2020年度之租金收入約為89,128,000港元(2019年度: 107,568,000港元), 減少約17.14%, 主要是由於本集團出租物業的出租率於2020年度由平均約90%下降至約80%。

#### b. 以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產之公允值變動

按公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產的公允值虧損由2019年度的約201,650,000港元減少至2020年度的約667,000港元, 主要由於(1)本集團於2020年12月31日就其金融資產作出的公允值虧損金額遠低於其於2019年12月31日就其金融資產作出的公允值虧損金額; 及(2)本集團於2020年12月31日持有的若干不良資產的公允值較2019年12月31日的公允值有所增加。

# CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

## FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

### c. Other income, gains and losses

The increase in other income, gains and losses from approximately HK\$181,733,000 for Year 2019 to approximately HK\$285,084,000 for Year 2020 was mainly due to the increase in interest income generated through advances by the Group during Year 2020.

### d. Share of profit or loss of an associate

The share of loss of an associate for Year 2019 in the amount of approximately HK\$7,091,000 comprised of the Company's share of loss of Cinda Jianrun Property Company Limited ("Cinda Jianrun") in the amount of approximately HK\$9,261,000 and the Company's share of profit of Zhong Hai You Qi of approximately HK\$2,170,000 (for the period from 1 January 2019 up to the completion of the Merger). For Year 2020, the share of profit of an associate was only contributed by the Company's share of profit of Cinda Jianrun and the turnaround from a loss of approximately HK\$7,091,000 for Year 2019 to a profit of approximately HK\$3,325,000 for Year 2020 was mainly due to the increase in the fair value gain of Cinda Jianrun's investments.

### e. Share of profit or loss of a joint venture

The share of result of a joint venture recorded a turnaround from a profit of approximately HK\$108,822,000 for Year 2019 to a loss of approximately HK\$404,061,000 for Year 2020, mainly attributable to (1) the overhaul and upgrade carried out at the factory of ZHYQ JV in March 2020, which resulted in the suspension of the operation of ZHYQ JV for the entire March 2020; (2) the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic which led to a slowdown in the economy and thus a reduction in the demand for ZHYQ JV's petrochemical products; and (3) the provision for impairment loss on inventory made by ZHYQ JV due to the decline in the prices of crude oil in Year 2020.

## 財務回顧(續)

### c. 其他收入、收益及虧損

其他收入、收益及虧損由2019年度約181,733,000港元增加至2020年度約285,084,000港元，主要由於本集團於2020年度透過墊款產生的利息收入增加。

### d. 攤佔一家聯營公司損益

2019年度攤佔一家聯營公司虧損約7,091,000港元包括本公司攤佔信達建潤地產有限公司(「信達建潤」)虧損約9,261,000港元及本公司攤佔中海油泰州石化溢利約2,170,000港元(由2019年1月1日至合併完成期間)。於2020年度，攤佔一家聯營公司溢利僅由本公司攤佔信達建潤溢利貢獻，並由2019年度虧損約7,091,000港元轉為2020年度溢利約3,325,000港元，主要由於信達建潤投資的公允值收益增加所致。

### e. 攤佔一家合營企業損益

攤佔一家合營企業業績由2019年度的溢利約108,822,000港元轉為2020年度的虧損約404,061,000港元，主要由於(1)該合營企業的工廠於2020年3月進行大修及升級，導致該合營企業於2020年3月全月暫停營運；(2)新冠肺炎疫情爆發，導致經濟放緩，故對該合營企業石化產品的需求有所下降；及(3)由於2020年度原油價格下跌，該合營企業作出存貨減值虧損撥備。



# CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

## FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

## 財務回顧(續)

### f. Loan receivables

### f. 應收貸款

|   |            | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Carrying amounts under non-current assets | 非流動資產項下賬面值 | 231,932                 | 160,896                 |
| Carrying amounts under current assets     | 流動資產項下賬面值  | 1,207,369               | 1,198,099               |
| Total                                     | 總額         | 1,439,301               | 1,358,995               |

The increase in total loan receivables as at 31 December 2020 was mainly attributable to the advance of short term loans to business partners and certain third parties for better returns during Year 2020.

於2020年12月31日的應收貸款總額增加，主要是於2020年度墊付短期貸款予業務伙伴以及若干第三方以賺取較高回報。

### g. Deposits, prepayments and other receivables

### g. 按金、預付款及其他應收款

The increase in deposits, prepayments and other receivables from approximately HK\$192,987,000 as at 31 December 2019 to approximately HK\$420,467,000 as at 31 December 2020 was mainly attributable to (1) a deposit of approximately HK\$107,273,000 paid by the Group during Year 2020 to acquire non-performing assets; (2) a deposit of approximately HK\$95,000,000 paid by the Group during Year 2020 to acquire an investment; and (3) a deposit of approximately HK\$2,400,000 paid by the Group during Year 2020 to acquire an asset management company in Hong Kong.

按金、預付款及其他應收款由2019年12月31日的約192,987,000港元增加至2020年12月31日的約420,467,000港元，主要是由於(1)本集團於2020年度支付按金約107,273,000港元以收購不良資產；(2)本集團於2020年度支付按金約95,000,000港元以收購一項投資；及(3)本集團於2020年度支付按金約2,400,000港元以收購一間香港資產管理公司。

# CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

## FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

### h. Cash and bank balances

|                        |         | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|------------------------|---------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Pledged bank deposits  | 抵押銀行存款  | 23,753                  | 22,321                  |
| Cash and bank balances | 現金及銀行結餘 | 769,767                 | 190,247                 |
| Total                  | 總額      | 793,520                 | 212,568                 |

The increase in total cash and bank balances as at 31 December 2020 was mainly due to additional loans drawn down and the issue of senior note by the Company during Year 2020. The cash and bank balances (including pledged bank deposits) of the Group as at 31 December 2020 were mainly denominated in HK\$, RMB and United States dollars ("US\$").

The Group conducted its business almost exclusively in RMB except that certain transactions were conducted in HK\$ and US\$. The conversion of RMB into HK\$, US\$ or other foreign currencies has been based on the rates set by the People's Bank of China. The value of RMB against HK\$, US\$ and other foreign currencies may fluctuate and is affected by factors, such as changes in the PRC's political and economic conditions. The Group has not adopted any financial instruments for hedging purposes. However, the Group will constantly assess the foreign exchange risk it encounters so as to decide on the hedging policy required against the possible foreign exchange risk that may arise.

## 財務回顧(續)

### h. 現金及銀行結餘

於2020年12月31日，現金及銀行結餘總額增加，主要由於2020年度本公司提取額外貸款及發行優先票據。於2020年12月31日，本集團之現金及銀行結餘(包括抵押銀行存款)主要以港元、人民幣及美元(「美元」)計值。

除若干交易以港元及美元進行外，本集團絕大部分業務均以人民幣進行。人民幣兌港元、美元或其他外幣乃按照中國人民銀行設定的匯率兌換。人民幣兌港元、美元及其他外幣的價值或會波動，並受中國政治及經濟狀況變化等因素的影響。本集團並無採用任何金融工具作對沖用途。然而，本集團將持續評估所面臨的外匯風險，以針對可能出現的外匯風險釐定所需的對沖政策。

## CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

### FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

#### ADJUSTMENTS ARISING FROM PRIOR YEAR PROVISIONAL ACCOUNTING

As stated in the Company's annual report for Year 2019 ("2019 Annual Report"), (i) the management of the Company has engaged an external valuer to perform the valuations of the enterprise value of TZ United East and the fair value of the net identifiable assets and liabilities of ZHYQ JV as at the date of completion of the Merger (i.e. 15 July 2019) to determine the gain on disposal of a subsidiary and the gain on bargain purchase from the Merger, respectively; (ii) the gain on bargain purchase from the Merger disclosed in the 2019 Annual Report was determined on a provisional basis as at 31 December 2019 as the Group was in the process of completing valuation to assess the fair value of the net identifiable assets and liabilities of ZHYQ JV; and (iii) the provisional gain on bargain purchase may be adjusted retrospectively upon the completion of the initial accounting for the acquisition for the additional interest in ZHYQ JV during the measurement period, which shall not exceed one year from the acquisition date.

Due to the then travel and other restrictions (including the 14-day quarantine policy implemented by the local government of Taizhou) in force in parts of China to combat the outbreak of the COVID-19, the Company's independent valuer and auditor were unable to enter into the premises of ZHYQ JV located in Taizhou, the PRC, to conduct fieldwork, which is required for them to complete their fair value assessment of the net identifiable assets and liabilities of ZHYQ JV. As the Group was in the process of completing valuation to assess the fair value of the net identifiable assets and liabilities of ZHYQ JV during Year 2019 for the reasons mentioned above, only a provisional calculation ("Provisional Calculation") of the net identifiable assets and liabilities of ZHYQ JV has been made as of 15 July 2019, being the completion date of the Merger. The Group completed the fair value assessment of the net identifiable assets and liabilities of ZHYQ JV in mid-July 2020 and the Company's auditor has finished their audit on 29 March 2021. On completion of the fair value assessments, retrospective adjustments ("Prior Year Adjustments") were made to the Provisional Calculation. Details of the Prior Year Adjustments are set out in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

### 財務回顧(續)

#### 自過往年度暫定會計產生的調整

誠如本公司截至2019年度的報告(「2019年報」)所載，(i)本公司管理層已委聘外部估值師對泰州東聯的企業價值及該合營企業的可辨認資產及負債淨額於合併完成日期(即2019年7月15日)的公允值，以分別釐定出售一家附屬公司之收益及來自合併之議價購買收益；(ii)由於本集團當時正在完成估值，以評估該合營企業的可辨認資產及負債淨額的公允值，2019年度報告所披露的來自合併之議價購買收益乃於2019年12月31日按暫定基準釐定；及(iii)議價購買之暫定收益可於就收購該合營企業額外權益完成初始會計處理後，在計量期間(不得超過收購日期起計一年)作追溯調整。

由於當時在中國部分地區為對抗新冠肺炎爆發而實施的出行及其他限制(包括泰州當地政府實施的14天隔離政策)，本公司的獨立估值師及核數師無法進入該合營企業位於中國泰州的處所，以進行完成該合營企業的可辨認資產及負債淨額的公允值評估所需的現場工作。由於本集團基於上述原因於2019年內正在完成估值，以評估該合營企業的可辨認資產及負債淨額的公允值，故截至2019年7月15日(即合併完成日期)，僅對該合營企業的可辨認資產及負債淨額作出的臨時計算(「臨時計算」)。本集團已於2020年7月中完成評估該合營企業的可辨認資產及負債淨額的公允值，而本公司的核數師已於2021年3月29日完成其審核工作。於公允值評估工作完成時，對臨時計算作出追溯調整(「過往年度調整」)。過往年度調整詳情載於綜合財務報表附註4。

## CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

### ADJUSTMENTS ARISING FROM PRIOR YEAR PROVISIONAL ACCOUNTING (Continued)

The material difference between the Provisional Calculation and the finalised amount of the net identifiable assets and liabilities of ZHYQ JV was attributable to the delay in the process of inventory and fixed asset reconciliation conducted at ZHYQ JV as a result of the suspension of business travel by the Company's valuer and auditor to Taizhou.

The Prior Year Adjustments are made in accordance with paragraph 45 of HKFRS 3 (revised) Business Combinations. The gain on bargain purchase from the Merger was determined on a provisional basis as at 31 December 2019. The Group has finalised the fair value assessment of the net identifiable assets and liabilities of ZHYQ JV during Year 2020 and as a result, the gain on bargain purchase from the Merger was restated from HK\$242.7 million to HK\$177.4 million in the profit or loss for the comparative period during Year 2020 and the Prior Year Adjustments are made. The Board is of the view that the accounting for the Merger are made in accordance with the relevant HKFRSs and is not aware of any non-compliance with the relevant accounting standard. The Board and the Audit Committee are of the view that the Prior Year Adjustments are appropriate and have been properly made because they are made in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The audit procedures performed by the Company's auditor in relation to the Prior Year Adjustments are as follows:

- (i) obtained and reviewed the agreements in connection with the Merger and the signed valuation reports prepared by the external valuer engaged by the Company for the valuation of the enterprise value of TZ United East and the purchase price allocation of ZHYQ JV;
- (ii) assessed the external valuer's qualification, experience and expertise and considered its objectivity and independence;

### 自過往年度暫定會計產生的調整(續)

該合營企業的可辨認資產及負債淨額的臨時計算與最終金額的重大差異乃由於本公司的估值師與核數師暫緩至泰州的差旅，導致於該合營企業進行的存貨及固定資產對賬程序出現延誤所致。

過往年度調整乃根據香港財務報告準則第3號(經修訂)業務合併第45段作出。合併的議價購買收益於2019年12月31日按臨時基準釐定。本集團已於2020年度落實該合營企業的可辨認資產及負債淨額的公允值評估，因此於2020年度對比較期間的損益內的合併的議價購買收益由242.7百萬港元重列為177.4百萬港元，並作出過往年度調整。董事會認為，合併的會計處理乃根據有關香港財務報告準則進行，並不存在任何不符合有關會計準則的情況。董事會及審核委員會認為，過往年度調整屬適當並以妥為作出，因為調整乃根據適用會計準則作出。

本公司核數師就過往年度調整作出的審核程序如下：

- (i) 取得及審閱與合併有關的協議及本公司委聘外部估值師就泰州東聯化工的企業價值估值與該合營企業的購買價分配編製的經簽署估值報告；
- (ii) 評估外部估值師的資格、經驗及專業知識，並考慮其客觀性與獨立性；

## CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

### ADJUSTMENTS ARISING FROM PRIOR YEAR PROVISIONAL ACCOUNTING (Continued)

- (iii) engaged internal valuation specialists to assist in the assessment of the methodologies applied and the key assumptions and estimates adopted in the valuation of TZ United East and the identifiable assets and liabilities of ZHYQ JV;
- (iv) checked the arithmetical accuracy of the amount of gain on disposal of a subsidiary and gain on bargain purchase from the Merger; and
- (v) assessed the adequacy of the disclosures of the Merger in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements and the finalised calculation of the net identifiable assets and liabilities of ZHYQ JV during Year 2020. The Company has engaged an external valuer, Jones Lang LaSalle Corporate Appraisal and Advisory Limited, to perform the provisional and finalised valuations of the fair value of net identifiable assets and liabilities of ZHYQ JV for Year 2019 and Year 2020 respectively. As set out on page 95 of this report, the Company's auditor, Ernst & Young, has issued an opinion that the Group's consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. The Board and the Company's auditor do not consider the Prior Year Adjustments are made due to correction of material errors but for the reasons mentioned above.

### 自過往年度暫定會計產生的調整(續)

- (iii) 委託內部估值專家協助評估泰州東聯化工及該合營企業的可辨認資產及負債淨額的估值所用方法及所採納的關鍵假設與估計；
- (iv) 檢查出售一間附屬公司的收益及合併的議價購買收益的金額的算術準確性；及
- (v) 評估本集團綜合財務報表內有關合併的披露是否足夠。

本公司董事負責編製綜合財務報表及於2020年度落實該合營企業的可辨認資產及負債淨額的計算。本公司已委聘外部估值師仲量聯行企業評估及諮詢有限公司，對該合營企業分別於2019年度及2020年度的可辨認資產及負債淨額的公允值進行臨時及最終估值。載於本年報第95頁，本公司核數師安永會計師事務所已發出意見，指本集團的綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則真實公平地反映本集團於2020年12月31日的綜合財務狀況、其截至該年度止的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量，並已遵守香港公司條例妥為編製。因此，董事會及本公司的核數師認為過往年度調整並非為修正重大錯誤而作出，而是由於上述原因所致。

## CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

### TREASURY POLICY

The Group adopts a conservative treasury policy under which the Group keeps its investment costs under control and manages the returns of its investments efficiently. The Group has guidelines in place to monitor and control its investment risk exposure and to manage its capital. The Group also strives to reduce its exposure to credit risk by performing ongoing credit assessments and evaluations of the financial status of its customers. The Board closely reviews the Group's liquidity position to ensure the Group has adequate liquidity to meet its funding requirements at all times.

### 庫務政策

本集團採取保守之庫務政策，據此，本集團一直掌控其投資成本，並有效管理其投資回報。本集團已訂定指引，監督及監控其所面臨之投資風險及管理其資本。本集團亦藉著進行持續信貸評估及評價其客戶之財務狀況，致力減少所面臨之信貸風險。董事會密切審視本集團之流動資金狀況，確保本集團在任何時候均有足夠流動資金應付其資金需求。

## CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

### WORKING CAPITAL AND BORROWINGS

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's total borrowings amounted to approximately HK\$3,172,884,000 in aggregate. The composition of these borrowings is summarised below:

|  |                    | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Short term borrowings                                    | 短期借貸               | 217,848                 | 261,941                 |
| Long term borrowings                                     | 長期借貸               | 1,571,112               | 672,991                 |
| Senior note  | 優先票據               | 151,461                 | —                       |
| Convertible bonds  | 可換股債券              | 1,232,463               | 1,170,351               |
| Total borrowings   | 借貸總額               | 3,172,884               | 2,105,283               |
| Cash and bank balances (including pledged bank deposits) | 現金及銀行結餘(包括已抵押銀行存款) | 793,520                 | 212,568                 |
| Net borrowings   | 借貸淨額               | 2,379,364               | 1,892,715               |

Interests for all borrowings of the Group for Year 2020 were charged at fixed and floating rates ranging from 5.35% per annum to 12% per annum (Year 2019: 3% to 12%).

Out of the long term and short term borrowings of the Group which remained outstanding as at 31 December 2020, nil (31 December 2019: HK\$130,000,000), approximately HK\$1,691,363,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$804,932,000) and approximately HK\$97,597,000 (31 December 2019: nil) were denominated in HK\$, RMB and US\$ respectively, and approximately HK\$587,886,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$715,938,000) carried floating interest rates and approximately HK\$1,201,074,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$218,994,000) carried fixed interest rates. As at 31 December 2020, the Company also had outstanding senior note and convertible bonds due in December 2021 and July 2022 respectively, which were of the aggregate principal amount of US\$19,800,000 and HK\$1,150,000,000 with interest payable at 7.5% and 7% per annum respectively.

### 營運資金及借貸

於2020年12月31日，本集團之借貸總額約為3,172,884,000港元。該等借貸的組成概述如下：

於2020年度，本集團所有借貸之利息均是以固定及浮動利率計算，年利率介乎5.35%至12%（2019年度：3%至12%）。

本集團於2020年12月31日尚未償還之長期及短借貸中，零（2019年12月31日：130,000,000港元），約1,691,363,000港元（2019年12月31日：804,932,000港元）及約97,597,000港元（2019年12月31日：零）分別以港元、人民幣及美元計值，且約587,886,000港元（2019年12月31日：715,938,000港元）按浮動利率計息，而約1,201,074,000港元（2019年12月31日：218,994,000港元）則按固定利率計息。於2020年12月31日，本公司亦有分別於2021年12月及2022年7月到期的尚未償付優先票據及可換股債券，本金總額分別為19,800,000美元及1,150,000,000港元，並分別按年利率7.5%及7%支付利息。

## CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

### WORKING CAPITAL AND BORROWINGS (Continued)

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's cash and bank balances (including pledged bank deposits) were approximately HK\$793,520,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$212,568,000) in aggregate, out of which approximately 5.6%, approximately 92.5% and approximately 1.9% were denominated in HK\$, RMB and US\$ respectively. As at 31 December 2020, the Group's net borrowings (interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, senior note and convertible bonds net of pledged bank deposits and cash and bank balances) were approximately HK\$2,379,364,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$1,892,715,000), which comprised (1) a bank borrowing in the principal amount of approximately RMB495,000,000 (31 December 2019: RMB525,000,000) repayable by instalments with the last instalment due in 2026; (2) a loan in the principal amount of approximately RMB670,000,000 (31 December 2019: nil) due in December 2023; (3) a loan in the principal amount of approximately RMB120,000,000 (31 December 2019: RMB120,000,000) due in December 2021; (4) a loan in the principal amount of approximately RMB123,000,000 (31 December 2019: Nil) due in May 2022; (5) loans in the aggregate principal amount of approximately RMB28,128,000 (31 December 2019: RMB76,219,000) repayable on demand; (6) loans in the aggregate principal amount of approximately US\$12,512,000 (31 December 2019: nil) due in June 2022; (7) convertible bonds in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$1,150,000,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$1,150,000,000) due in July 2022; and (8) senior note in the aggregate principal amount of US\$19,800,000 (31 December 2019: nil) due in December 2021, and the Group's net current assets were approximately HK\$3,221,138,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$2,284,982,000 (restated)). In addition, the Group had fully utilised its banking facilities as at 31 December 2020 (31 December 2019: unutilised banking facilities of approximately HK\$80,000,000). There is generally no material seasonality of the borrowing requirements of the Group. Based on the foregoing information, the Board is confident that the Group has adequate working capital to meet its daily operations and to finance its future expansion. Notwithstanding this, the Board will seek to dispose of the Group's short and medium term investments to replenish the Group's funds in order to further enhance the Group's working capital to a stronger level.

### 營運資金及借貸(續)

於2020年12月31日，本集團之現金及銀行結餘(包括已抵押銀行存款)總額約為793,520,000港元(2019年12月31日：212,568,000港元)，其中約5.6%、約92.5%及約1.9%分別以港元、人民幣及美元計值。於2020年12月31日，本集團之借貸淨額(計息銀行及其他貸款、優先票據及可換股債券扣除已抵押銀行存款及現金及銀行結餘)約2,379,364,000港元(2019年12月31日：1,892,715,000港元)包括(1)最後一期於2026年到期並分期償還本金額約人民幣495,000,000元(2019年12月31日：人民幣525,000,000元)之銀行借貸；(2)於2023年12月到期之本金金額約為人民幣670,000,000元(2019年12月31日：無)的貸款；(3)於2021年12月到期本金額約人民幣120,000,000元(2019年12月31日：人民幣120,000,000元)之貸款；(4)於2022年5月到期本金額約人民幣123,000,000元(2019年12月31日：無)之貸款；(5)按要求償還之本金額合共約人民幣28,128,000元(2019年12月31日：人民幣76,219,000元)之貸款；(6)於2022年6月到期本金總額約12,512,000美元(2019年12月31日：無)的貸款；及(7)於2022年7月到期本金額合共約1,150,000,000港元(2019年12月31日：1,150,000,000港元)之可換股債券；及(8)於2021年12月到期本金總額為19,800,000美元(2019年12月31日：無)的優先票據，以及本集團的淨流動資產約3,221,138,000港元(2019年12月31日：2,284,982,000港元(經重列))。另外，本集團於2020年12月31日已悉數動用其銀行融資額度(2019年12月31日：未動用銀行融資額度約為80,000,000港元)。本集團借貸要求大致上並無重大季節性。基於以上資料，董事會有信心本集團擁有足夠的營運資金應付日常營運所需以及支持未來擴展。縱然如此，董事會將積極出售本集團之短期及中期投資使本集團回籠資金，以進一步提高本集團的營運資金至更強水平。



## CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

### WORKING CAPITAL AND BORROWINGS (Continued)

As at 31 December 2020, the gearing ratio (calculated as interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, senior note and convertible bonds issued by the Company over equity attributable to owners of the Company) and the current ratio (calculated as current assets over current liabilities) of the Group were 48% (31 December 2019: 32%) and 5.2x (31 December 2019: 4.5x (restated)) respectively. These ratios are key performance indicators used by the management of the Group to measure the Group's level of leverage to ensure the Group has the liquidity to meet its financial obligations at all times. Both ratios have been maintained at good levels.

### PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 31 December 2020, the Group pledged certain investment properties and leasehold land and buildings with aggregate carrying values of approximately HK\$2,542,850,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$2,408,486,000) and HK\$198,800,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$241,800,000) respectively to secure general banking facilities and other payable granted to an independent third party.

At 31 December 2020, bank deposits of approximately HK\$23,753,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$22,321,000) were pledged to banks to secure banking facilities granted to a joint venture of the Group.

### 營運資金及借貸(續)

於2020年12月31日，本集團之借貸比率(即計息銀行及其他貸款、優先票據及本公司發行之可換股債券除以本公司擁有人應佔股本計算所得)及流動比率(即流動資產除以流動負債計算所得)分別為48% (2019年12月31日：32%) 及5.2x (2019年12月31日：4.5x (經重列))。該等比率為本集團管理層用以計量本集團槓桿水平之主要表現指標，以確保本集團於任何時候有可應付其財務責任之流動資金。兩個比率均維持在良好的水平。

### 資產抵押

於2020年12月31日，本集團已將其累計賬面總額分別約為2,542,850,000港元(2019年12月31日：2,408,486,000港元)及198,800,000港元(2019年12月31日：241,800,000港元)之若干投資物業與租賃土地及樓宇作抵押為一般性銀行融資及一名獨立第三方獲授予其他應付款之條件。

於2020年12月31日，本集團將其銀行存款約23,753,000港元(2019年12月31日：22,321,000港元)抵押予銀行以為本集團一家合營企業獲得銀行信貸。

## CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

### CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The Group's capital expenditures in 2021 are expected to be settled by cash through internal resources of the Group. Details of the capital commitments of the Group as at 31 December 2020 are set out in Note 38 to the consolidated financial statements. Other than those as disclosed, the management of the Group does not expect there to be any plans for material investments or capital assets in 2021 with reference to the current situation as at the date of this annual report.

### CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2020 and 2019, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities.

### CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at 31 December 2020, the shareholders' funds of the Group decreased by approximately HK\$62,450,000 to approximately HK\$6,559,754,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$6,622,204,000 (restated)), representing a decline of approximately 0.9%. The decrease was mainly due to (1) the increase in revaluation loss of leasehold properties in Year 2020; and (2) the loss attributable to the owners of the Company in Year 2020, which were partially offset by the increase in foreign exchange translation.

### 資本承擔

預期本集團2021年之資本承擔將以本集團之內部資源結付。本集團於2020年12月31日之資本承擔詳情載於綜合財務報表附註38。除該處所披露者外，本集團管理層預期，按照本年報日期之現時狀況，於2021年概無有關重大投資或資本資產之任何計劃。

### 或然負債

於2020年及2019年12月31日，本集團並無任何重大或然負債。

### 股本結構

於2020年12月31日，本集團之股東資金減少約62,450,000港元至約6,559,754,000港元(2019年12月31日：6,622,204,000港元(經重列))，減幅約0.9%。減少主要是由於(1) 2020年度租賃物業重估虧損增加；及(2) 2020年度本公司擁有人應佔虧損，部分被匯兌換算增加所抵銷。

## CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

### ISSUE OF SENIOR NOTE

On 8 December 2020, the Company as the issuer, Mr. Chu Hing Tsung ("Mr. Chu"), a non-executive Director and the chairman of the Board ("Chairman"), as the guarantor, CNCB (Hong Kong) Investment Limited ("Investor") as the investor and CNCB (Hong Kong) Capital Limited as the arranger, entered into a subscription agreement ("Subscription Agreement"), pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to issue to the Investor, and the Investor has conditionally agreed to subscribe for, a senior secured guaranteed note ("Senior Note") in the aggregate principal amount of US\$19,800,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$154,440,000) maturing on the date falling one year from the issue date of the Senior Note ("Issue Date"). The consummation of the issue and subscription of the Senior Note is subject to the fulfilment or waiver of all the conditions precedent set out in the Subscription Agreement and will take place within three business days after all such conditions precedent have been fulfilled or waived. Interest shall accrue on the Senior Note from (and including) the Issue Date until (and including) the date on which the Senior Note is redeemed in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Senior Note at the rate of 7.5% per annum on the outstanding principal amount of the Senior Note, payable quarterly in arrears. If an event of default occurs and is continuing, the interest rate for the period from (and including) the date of occurrence of such event of default until (and including) the date on which such event of default ceases to continue, shall be adjusted to a rate of 15% per annum. Pursuant to the Subscription Agreement, the Senior Note is required to be secured by a personal guarantee to be executed by Mr. Chu in favour of the Investor and mortgages to be executed by the Group over certain properties owned by the Group in favour of the Investor. The Senior Note will constitute direct, unconditional, secured, guaranteed, unsubordinated and general obligations of the Company and will rank at least pari passu with all other present and future direct, unconditional, unsecured, unsubordinated and general obligations of the Company.

### 發行優先票據

於2020年12月8日，本公司(作為發行人)、朱慶淞先生(「朱先生」，為非執行董事及董事會主席(「主席」))(作為擔保人)、信銀(香港)投資有限公司(「投資者」)(作為投資者)及信銀(香港)資本有限公司(作為經辦人)訂立認購協議(「認購協議」)，據此，本公司有條件同意向投資者發行，而投資者有條件同意認購本金總額為19,800,000美元(相當於約154,440,000港元)之優先有抵押擔保票據(「優先票據」)，於優先票據發行日(「發行日」)起計一年當日到期。發行及認購優先票據須待認購協議所載之所有先決條件達成或獲豁免後，方可作實，並將於所有該等先決條件達成或獲豁免後三個營業日內落實。優先票據須自發行日(包括該日)起至根據優先票據之條款及條件贖回優先票據當日(包括該日)對優先票據之未償還本金按年利率7.5%計息，利息每季支付。倘違約事件發生並一直持續，則自發生該違約事件當日(包括該日)起至該違約事件不再持續當日(包括該日)期間之利率將調整為每年15%。根據認購協議，優先票據須以朱先生以投資者為受益人所簽立之個人擔保及本集團就本集團所擁有之若干物業以投資者為受益人簽立之按揭作抵押。優先票據將構成本公司之直接、無條件、有抵押、有擔保、非後償及一般責任，並將至少與本公司所有其他現時及將來之直接、無條件、無抵押、非後償及一般責任具有同等地位。

## CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

### ISSUE OF SENIOR NOTE *(Continued)*

On 18 December 2020, the Company issued the Senior Note in the aggregate principal amount of US\$19,800,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$154,440,000) to the Investor. The Board considered that the issue of the Senior Note represented an opportunity to obtain funding for the Group. The net proceeds, after deducting issuance costs, received by the Company from the issue of the Senior Note amounting to approximately US\$19,300,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$150,540,000), would be used by the Group as its general working capital. As at the date of this report, the net proceeds from the issue of the Senior Note have been fully utilised by the Group as intended.

Further details of the Senior Note are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 8 December 2020.

### 發行優先票據(續)

於2020年12月18日，本公司向投資者發行本金總額為19,800,000美元(相當於約154,440,000港元)之優先票據。董事會認為，發行優先票據為本集團獲取資金之機會。本公司發行優先票據之所得款項淨額(經扣除發行成本)約為19,300,000美元(相當於約150,540,000港元)將用作本集團之一般營運資金。於本報告日期，本集團已按原定計劃悉數動用發行優先票據的所得款項淨額。

優先票據的進一步詳情載於本公司日期為2020年12月8日之公告。

# CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

## HUMAN RESOURCES

### Employee and remuneration policies

The Group had in aggregate 104 employees in Hong Kong and the PRC as at 31 December 2020 (31 December 2019: 96). The Group's overall staff costs amounted to approximately HK\$66,788,000 for Year 2020 (Year 2019: HK\$60,992,000). The employees of the Group are remunerated according to their respective job nature, market conditions, individual performance and qualifications. Other staff benefits include annual bonus and retirement benefits. The Directors' remuneration is determined based on their qualifications, experience, duties and responsibilities, the Company's remuneration policy and the prevailing market conditions.

The Group encourages sustainable training of its employees through coaching and further studies. In-house training was provided to eligible employees during Year 2020, including training on updates of accounting standards and market updates.

The Group has not experienced any significant problem with its employees or disruption to its operations due to labour discipline nor has it experienced any difficulty in the recruitment and retention of experienced staff. The Group has maintained a good relationship with its employees. Certain senior management and staff have been working for the Group for many years.

## 人力資源

### 僱員及薪酬政策

於2020年12月31日，本集團於香港及中國共聘用104名員工(2019年12月31日：96名員工)。於2020年度，本集團之員工成本總額約為66,788,000港元(2019年度：60,992,000港元)。本集團根據僱員各自的工作性質、市場情況、個人表現及資歷向僱員提供薪酬。其他員工福利包括年度花紅及退休福利。董事薪酬乃根據其資歷、經驗、職責、本公司的薪酬政策以及當前的市場情況釐定。

本集團鼓勵僱員通過輔導及進修持續參加培訓。於2020年度，已為合資格僱員提供最新會計準則及市場最新資訊培訓等內部培訓。

本集團並無因違反勞工紀律而遇到任何有關僱員的重大問題或營運中斷，亦無在招聘及挽留經驗豐富的員工方面遇到任何困難。本集團一直與僱員保持良好關係。若干高級管理人員及若干已在本集團工作多年。

## CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

### FINAL DIVIDEND

The Company aims to maximise the interests of its shareholders and at the same time maintaining a strong and healthy financial position, so as to prepare the Group for investment opportunities that may arise from time to time and its sustainable development in the future. In deciding whether to propose a dividend and in determining the dividend amount, the Board will take into account the Group's earnings performance, financial position, investment requirements and future prospects. In addition, the Board will also take into account any restrictive covenants imposed by banks and other funding facilities granted to the Group from time to time and any other factors the Board may deem appropriate and/or relevant.

The Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of a final dividend for Year 2020 (Year 2019: Nil).

### COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Rules ("Listing Rules") Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. All Directors have confirmed that, following specific enquiry by the Company, they complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code throughout Year 2020.

### 末期股息

本公司以股東利益最大化並且同時維持強大且良好的財務狀況以供本集團預備抓住未來或會不時出現的投資機會及維持可持續發展作為目標。在決定是否建議派發股息及釐定股息金額時，董事會將考慮本集團之盈利表現、財務狀況、投資需求及未來前景。此外，董事會還需考慮本集團不時取得的銀行及其他融資額度項下設定的限制性條款以及董事會認為合適及／或相關的其他因素。

董事會已通過決議，不建議派付截至2020年度的末期股息(2019年度：無)。

### 遵守標準守則

本公司已採納香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十所載之《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》(「標準守則」)，作為本公司關於董事證券交易操守之守則。經本公司具體查詢後，所有董事已確認於2020年度內已遵守標準守則之規定標準。

## CEO'S STATEMENTS 首席執行官報告

### PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During Year 2020, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

### APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my appreciation and gratitude to those resigned directors for their contribution and service to the Group during their tenure and give my warmest welcome to those newly appointed directors for joining the Group. Moreover, I would like to express my appreciation and gratitude to our shareholders for their support and all the Group's employees for their hard work and dedication in carrying out their duties and in achieving the Group's business goal.

By order of the Board of

**Silver Grant International Holdings Group Limited**

**Huang Jiajue**

*Executive Director & Chief Executive Officer*

Hong Kong, 29 March 2021

### 購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券

於2020年度，本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

### 致謝

本人謹代表董事會，向各位辭任的董事過往對本集團作出之貢獻及服務致以衷心謝意，並熱烈歡迎新委任的各位董事加盟本集團。此外，本集團有賴各位股東的鼎力支持和全體員工努力不懈的竭誠服務以達致本集團的目標，本人謹代表董事會向彼等致以深切謝意。

承董事會命

**銀建國際控股集團有限公司**

*執行董事兼行政總裁*

**黃佳爵**

香港，2021年3月29日

## PROFILE OF DIRECTORS 董事簡介

### Executive Directors

#### Huang Jiajue (CEO)

Mr. Huang, aged 50, was appointed as an executive Director on 29 January 2019 and as the chief executive officer of the Company (“CEO”) on 2 September 2019. Mr. Huang is also a member of the remuneration committee of the Company and is one of the authorised representatives of the Company. Mr. Huang is a deputy chairman and an executive director of Zhuguang Holdings Group Company Limited (“Zhuguang Holdings”), a company the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock code: 1176), which is a substantial Shareholder (within the meaning of the Listing Rules) whose interest in the ordinary shares of the Company (“Shares”) falls to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (“SFO”). Mr. Huang obtained a Master’s Degree in Business Administration from the Sun Yat-Sen University in the PRC. He has over 20 years of financial management experience in the property development industry in the PRC.

### 執行董事

#### 黃佳爵(行政總裁)

黃先生，50歲，於2019年1月29日獲委任為執行董事及於2019年9月2日進一步獲委任為本公司之行政總裁(「行政總裁」)。黃先生同時亦為本公司薪酬委員會成員及其中一名授權代表。黃先生為本公司主要股東(定義見上市規則)珠光控股集團有限公司(「珠光控股」)(一間股份於聯交所主板上市之公司(股份代號：1176)副主席及執行董事，其於本公司普通股(「股份」)之權益須根據證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部第2及3分部規定向本公司披露。黃先生持有中國中山大學工商管理碩士學位。彼於中國物業發展行業擁有逾20年之財務管理經驗。



## PROFILE OF DIRECTORS 董事簡介

### Executive Directors (Continued)

#### Luo Zhihai

Mr. Luo, aged 58, was appointed as an executive Director on 29 January 2019. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Luo worked in China Construction Bank, Huajian International (Macau) Co., Ltd., China Cinda and Guangdong Yuecai Asset Management Co., Ltd.. He has served successively as the head of Xiaohuayuan Office of Meixian Sub-branch of China Construction Bank, deputy general manager of the international business department of Meizhou Branch of China Construction Bank, general manager of the international business department of Zhuhai Branch of China Construction Bank, managing director of Huajian International (Macau) Co., Ltd., the head of the entity department, the investment banking department, the marketing department and the business department of China Cinda Guangzhou Office and deputy managing director of Guangdong Yuecai Asset Management Co., Ltd.. Mr. Luo received his Bachelor's Degree in engineering from South China University of Technology in 1983. He has accumulated more than 30 years of experiences in banking, investment banking, real estate investment and non-performing financial assets, especially with extensive practical experiences in the assets management industry. Meanwhile, Mr. Luo has a high reputation in the PRC's local assets management industry.

### 執行董事(續)

#### 羅智海

羅先生，58歲，於2019年1月29日獲委任為本公司之執行董事。在加盟本公司之前，羅先生曾在中國建設銀行、華建國際(澳門)有限公司、中國信達及廣東粵財資產管理有限公司工作；歷任中國建設銀行梅縣支行小花園辦事處負責人、中國建設銀行梅州市分行國際業務部副總經理、中國建設銀行珠海市分行國際業務部總經理、華建國際(澳門)有限公司董事總經理、中國信達廣州辦事處實體部、投行部、市場部、業務部等部門處長、廣東粵財資產管理有限公司董事副總經理等職務。羅先生於1983年取得華南理工大學工學學士學位。彼在銀行、投行、房地產投資及不良金融資產等方面積累逾30年之經驗，尤其在資產管理行業具有豐富的實戰經驗。同時，羅先生在全中國的資產管理行業中享有較高的知名度。

## PROFILE OF DIRECTORS 董事簡介

### Executive Directors (Continued)

#### Tang Lunfei

Mr. Tang, aged 42, was appointed as an executive Director on 11 January 2021. He obtained his Bachelor of Economics from the Chongqing Institute of Technology of the PRC in June 2000 and his Master of National Economics from the Sichuan University of the PRC in June 2003. Mr. Tang has over 16 years of experience in the financial industry. He joined China Cinda Asset Management Corporation (currently known as China Cinda Asset Management Co., Ltd. ("China Cinda"), a company the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange) (Stock codes: 01359 and 04607 (Preference Shares)), as the business manager of its Chengdu office from July 2003 to April 2005. Subsequently, he worked at the Financial Stability Bureau of The People's Bank of China from May 2005 to June 2006, where he was responsible for resolving the risks associated with securities companies. Mr. Tang then joined Cinda Securities Company Limited from June 2006 to June 2012 with his last position as the business director. From June 2012 to July 2019, he worked at China Cinda with his last position as the chief and specialised approver of various departments of the company. Since July 2019, Mr. Tang has been serving as the chief risk and compliance officer of China Cinda (HK) Holdings Company Limited ("Cinda HK"), which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of China Cinda. Both China Cinda and Cinda HK are substantial Shareholders (within the meaning of the Listing Rules) whose interests in the Shares fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO. With effect from 13 May 2020, Mr. Tang has been appointed as an executive director of Zhongchang International Holdings Group Limited ("Zhongchang"), a company the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock code: 859).

### 執行董事(續)

#### 唐倫飛

唐先生，42歲，於2021年1月11日獲委任為執行董事。彼於2000年6月獲得中國重慶工學院經濟學學士學位，並於2003年6月獲得中國四川大學國家經濟學碩士學位。唐先生於金融行業擁有逾16年的經驗。自2003年7月至2005年4月，唐先生加入中國信達資產管理公司(現為中國信達資產管理股份有限公司(「中國信達」)擔任成都分行的業務經理，該公司股份於聯交所上市(股份代號：01359及04607(優先股))。隨後，自2005年5月至2006年6月，其就職於中國人民銀行金融穩定局，負責解決與證券公司有關的風險。其後自2006年6月至2012年6月，唐先生加入信達證券股份有限公司，其離職前最後職位為業務總監。自2012年6月至2019年7月，其就職於中國信達，其離職前最後職位為該公司多個部門的主管及專業審批人。自2019年7月以來，唐先生一直擔任中國信達(香港)控股有限公司(「信達香港」，中國信達的全資附屬公司)的首席風險兼合規總監。中國信達及信達香港均為主要股東(定義見上市規則)，其於股份中的權益須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部的條文向本公司披露。自2020年5月13日起，唐先生獲委任為中昌國際控股集團有限公司(「中昌」)執行董事，該公司股份於聯交所主板上市(股份代號：859)。

## PROFILE OF DIRECTORS 董事簡介

### Non-executive Directors

#### **Chu Hing Tsung (alias Zhu Qing Yi) (Chairman)**

Mr. Chu, aged 51, was appointed as a non-executive Director and the chairman of the Board on 29 January 2019. Mr. Chu is also a member and the committee chairman of the nomination committee of the Company. Mr. Chu is the chairman and an executive director of Zhuguang Holdings, a company the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock code: 1176), which is a substantial Shareholder (within the meaning of the Listing Rules) whose interest in the Shares falls to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO. Mr. Chu has over 20 years of extensive experience in corporate management and property development in the PRC.

#### **Chen Zhiwei**

Mr. Chen, aged 36, was appointed as a non-executive Director on 29 January 2019. Mr. Chen is the chairman and an executive director of Zhongchang, a company the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock code: 859). Mr. Chen is the assistant general manager and managing director of the investment department of Cinda HK, responsible for managing Cinda HK's investment and financing businesses. Cinda HK is a substantial Shareholder (within the meaning of the Listing Rules), whose interest in the Shares falls to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO. Mr. Chen graduated from Tsinghua University with a bachelor's degree in Economics in 2004. He then graduated from the National University of Singapore with a master's degree in Science (Estate Management) in 2009. Mr. Chen was the executive assistant to the chairman of TIG Group in Singapore between 2007 and 2010, responsible for TIG Group's private equity investment business in the Greater China region. Between 2005 and 2007, Mr. Chen was a research scholar at the National University of Singapore. Mr. Chen has over 10 years of investment and research experience in finance industry. Mr. Chen is also a non-executive director of the following companies, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange: (i) China Fortune Financial Group Limited (Stock code: 290); (ii) Modern Land (China) Co., Limited (Stock code: 1107); and (iii) South Gobi Resources Limited (Stock code: 1878).

### 非執行董事

#### **朱慶崧(又名朱慶伊)(主席)**

朱先生，51歲，於2019年1月29日獲委任為非執行董事及董事會主席；朱先生同時亦為本公司提名委員會成員及委員會主席。朱先生現為本公司主要股東(定義見上市規則)珠光控股(一間股份於聯交所主板上市之公司(股份代號：1176)主席及執行董事，其股份權益須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部規定向本公司披露。朱先生於企業管理及於中國的物業發展行業擁有逾20年之豐富經驗。

#### **陳志偉**

陳先生，36歲，於2019年1月29日獲委任為非執行董事。陳先生為中昌的主席及執行董事，該公司股份於聯交所主板上市(股份代號：859)。陳先生現為信達香港總經理助理及投資業務部董事總經理，負責信達香港的投資及融資業務。信達香港現為本公司主要股東(定義見上市規則)，其股份權益須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部規定向本公司披露。陳先生於2004年畢業於清華大學，獲經濟學學士學位。其後，於2009年畢業於新加坡國立大學，獲得理學(房地產管理)碩士學位。陳先生於2007年至2010年期間曾擔任新加坡TIG集團董事長的行政助理，負責協調TIG集團在大中華區的私募股權投資業務。於2005年至2007年期間，陳先生曾為新加坡國立大學的研究學者。陳先生擁有逾10年金融領域投資及研究經驗。陳先生亦為下列股份於聯交所主板上市之公司之非執行董事：(i)中國富強金融集團有限公司(股份代號：290)；(ii)當代置業(中國)有限公司(股份代號：1107)；及(iii)南戈壁資源有限公司(股份代號：1878)。

## PROFILE OF DIRECTORS 董事簡介

### Independent Non-executive Directors

#### Zhang Lu

Mr. Zhang, aged 68, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 4 May 2000. He is also the chairman of the remuneration committee of the Company and a member of the audit committee and the nomination committee of the Company. Mr. Zhang graduated from the Sichuan International Studies University in 1979. He was the General Manager of CITIC Central Tanshi Money Brokering Company Limited, which is a joint venture of CITIC Trust Co., Ltd. engaged in the money brokering business for financial institutions. From 1987 to 2000, Mr. Zhang was the executive vice president and treasurer of CITIC Ka Wah Bank Limited, responsible for both the Treasury and International Business. From 1974 to 1987, he worked for Bank of China and CITIC Industrial Bank. Mr. Zhang has engaged in the banking sector for over 35 years.

#### Liang Qing

Mr. Liang, aged 67, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 28 February 2014. He is also a member of the audit committee and the remuneration committee of the Company. Mr. Liang is also currently an executive director and an independent non-executive director of Jiangxi Copper Company Limited (“Jiangxi Copper”) (Stock code: 358) and Sinotruk (Hong Kong) Limited (“Sinotruk”) (Stock code: 3808) respectively. The H shares of Jiangxi Copper and Sinotruk are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Liang graduated from the Beijing Open University (formerly known as Beijing Radio and Television University) in 1985, where he studied Chinese language and literature. Mr. Liang was a director and the general manager of China Minmetal H.K. (Holdings) Limited and has now retired. Mr. Liang has abundant experience in international trading and investment.

### 獨立非執行董事

#### 張璐

張先生現年68歲，自2000年5月4日起出任獨立非執行董事職務。彼亦為本公司薪酬委員會主席及審核委員會及提名委員會成員。張先生於1979年畢業於四川外語學院。張先生曾出任天津信唐貨幣經紀有限責任公司(中信信託為主的中外合資公司)總經理職務，該公司從事國內外金融機構間的資金融通及貨幣交易等仲介服務。1987年至2000年間，張先生任職中信嘉華銀行執行副總裁兼司庫，主管總行資金及國際業務。彼於1974年至1987年間先後於中國銀行及中信實業銀行任職。張先生於銀行業擁有逾35年經驗。

#### 梁青

梁先生現年67歲，於2014年2月28日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼亦為本公司審核委員會及薪酬委員會成員。梁先生現時亦分別為江西銅業股份有限公司(「江西銅業」)(股份代號：358)和中國重汽(香港)有限公司(「中國重汽」)(股份代號：3808)之執行董事及獨立非執行董事；江西銅業和中國重汽兩家公司之H股均於聯交所主板上市。梁先生於1985年畢業於北京開放大學(前稱北京廣播電視大學)，學習漢語言文學專業。梁先生曾經擔任中國五礦集團香港控股有限公司董事及總經理，現已退休。梁先生具有豐富的國際貿易及投資經驗。

## PROFILE OF DIRECTORS 董事簡介

### Independent Non-executive Directors (Continued)

#### Hung Muk Ming

Mr. Hung, aged 56, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 23 December 2004. He is also the chairman of the audit committee of the Company and a member of the nomination committee of the Company. Mr. Hung is a Certified Public Accountant (Practicing) and is a Fellow CPA of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He is also a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors and an associate of the Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators. Mr. Hung received his bachelor degree in social sciences from the University of Hong Kong in 1990, and a master degree in corporate governance from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 2008. Mr. Hung has over 25 years of experience in the accounting and audit sector. Mr. Hung is also an independent non-executive director of the following companies, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange: (i) Cinda International Holdings Limited (Stock code: 111); (ii) Century Sage Scientific Holdings Limited (Stock code: 1450); (iii) CA Cultural Technology Group Limited (formerly known as China Animation Characters Company Limited) (Stock code: 1566); and (iv) IBO Technology Company Limited (Stock code: 2708).

### 獨立非執行董事(續)

#### 洪木明

洪先生現年56歲，於2004年12月23日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼亦為本公司審核委員會主席及提名委員會成員。洪先生現為執業會計師並且為香港會計師公會資深會計師。洪先生同時亦為英國特許公認會計師公會之資深會員、香港董事學會資深會員、香港特許秘書公會及英國特許秘書及行政人員公會會士。洪先生於1990年取得由香港大學頒授的社會科學學士學位，並於2008年取得香港理工大學頒授的公司管治碩士學位。洪先生於會計及審計領域擁有逾25年經驗。洪先生亦為下列股份於聯交所主板上市之公司之獨立非執行董事：(i)信達國際控股有限公司(股份代號：111)；(ii)世紀睿科控股有限公司(股份代號：1450)；(iii)華夏文化科技集團有限公司(前稱華夏動漫形象有限公司)(股份代號：1566)；及(iv)艾伯科技股份有限公司(股份代號：2708)。

## PROFILE OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT 高級管理人員簡介

### Wang Ping

Mr. Wang, aged 64, has been appointed as the executive president of the Company since 2019 and is responsible for the management of various departments of the Group, including the administrative department, the human resources department, the risk management department and the legal department. Mr. Wang previously worked in 江西財經大學 (Jiangxi Financial University\*) as a deputy professor, a mentor of research students in master degree, a deputy officer of the finance faculty, and an officer in the research students faculty, etc. Since mid-1990, Mr. Wang had held various positions, such as department head, general manager and second tier branch manager in various departments, including the finance department and the audit department in the Guangdong Province Branch of China Construction Bank. Mr. Wang has edited more than 10 professional academic books and has published over 20 professional papers. He hosted and participated in the projects supported by the National Social Science Fund of China. He had solid experience in finance, accounting, economic theory, commercial bank operations and risk management. Mr. Wang is now the executive vice-chairman of the Guangdong Venture Capital and Private Equity Association, the vice-chairman of the Guangdong Association of Management Accountants and the external tutor of various renowned academic institutions, including the Sun Yat-sen University, the Jinan University and the Guangdong University of Finance and Economics.

### Chen Yongcun

Mr. Chen, aged 56, re-joined the Company on 1 May 2016. Mr. Chen is one of the deputy general managers of the Company. He is currently the legal representative and the managing director of East Gate (Beijing) Property Management Co., Ltd (formerly known as Beijing East Gate Development Co., Ltd.), which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Mr. Chen is responsible for the Group's property development and investments in the mainland China. Mr. Chen previously worked at China Construction Bank and China Cinda. During the period from 25 October 2000 to 27 February 2008, Mr. Chen was an executive Director. Mr. Chen graduated from the Qing Hua University with a bachelor degree in engineering and a master degree in business management. He has over 20 years of experience in finance and investment.

\* English name is translated for identification purpose only

### 王平

王先生現年64歲，自2019年獲委任為本公司執行總裁，負責管理本集團多個部門，包括行政部、人力資源部、風險管理部及法務部。王先生曾任江西財經大學副教授、碩士研究生導師、財會系副主任、研究生部主任等職務；九十年代中期起，王先生曾於中國建設銀行廣東省分行不同部門包括財務部及審計部擔任多個職位如部門處長、總經理及二級分支行行長。王先生曾編輯專業書籍十餘部、發表專業論文二十餘篇。彼主持及參與若干國家社科基金項目。彼具備金融、會計、經濟學理論、商業銀行營運與風險管理實戰經驗。王先生現任廣東省創業投資協會常務副會長、廣東省管理會計師協會副會長，以及中山大學、暨南大學、廣東財經大學等知名高校之校外導師。

### 陳永存

陳先生現年56歲，於2016年5月1日重新加盟本公司。陳先生現為本公司的其中一名副總經理。彼現為本公司全資擁有附屬公司東環(北京)物業管理有限公司(前稱北京東環置業有限公司)之董事總經理及法人代表。陳先生負責本集團於中國內地的房地產發展及投資業務。陳先生曾於中國建設銀行及中國信達工作。從2000年10月25日至2008年2月27日期間，陳先生曾出任本公司執行董事。陳先生於清華大學畢業，取得工程學學士及工商管理碩士學位。彼於財務及投資方面擁有逾20年經驗。

\* 英文名稱僅供識別

## PROFILE OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT 高級管理人員簡介

### Tang Junhong

Mr. Tang, aged 66, joined the Group in 2005 and has been appointed as the executive president of the Company since 2019 and is responsible for the Group's petrochemical investment and related work. Mr. Tang is also the chairman of the board of directors of both 泰州東泰石化有限公司 (Tai Zhou Dong Thai Petrochemical Company Limited\*) ("TZ Dong Thai"), an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, and 中海油氣(泰州)石化有限公司 (Zhong Hai You Qi (Tai Zhou) Petrochemical Company Limited\*), a company in which the Company holds 51% of its equity interest through TZ Dong Thai. Mr. Tang graduated from the Tianjin Industrial Institute with a major in petrochemical industries and obtained a Master Degree from 湖北交通科技大學 (Hubei Jiatong Technology University\*). Mr. Tang also worked as senior management in China Petroleum & Chemical Corporation, a company the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock code: 0386), Jiejiang Zhong Fu Petrochemical, Shanghai Zhong Ming Petrochemical, etc. Mr. Tang has over 40 years of experience in management and petrochemical industries.

### Qiu Zheng

Mr. Qiu Zheng, aged 53, has been appointed as the executive president of the Company since 2020 and is responsible for the fund business segment. He is an EMBA graduate from Peking University Guanghua School of Management and a financial economist with 28 years of practical experience in the financial industry. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Qiu served as vice president of 浙江天堂硅谷創業投資集團公司 (Zhejiang Paradise Silicon Valley Venture Capital Group Company\*), deputy director of the merger and acquisition centre of 矽谷天堂資產管理集團股份有限公司 (Silicon Valley Paradise Asset Management Group Company Limited\*), president of BOCGI Zheshang Investment Fund Management (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd and assistant general manager of Huarong Tianze Investment Co., Ltd. He also worked as the vice chairman of the Investment Committee of China Equity Investment Association, the vice chairman of Zhejiang Equity Investment Association and the vice president of Zhejiang Risk Investment Association. He has led the establishment and management of more than 50 funds with a total scale of over \$15 billion.

\* English name is translated for identification purpose only

### 湯俊宏

湯先生現年66歲，於2015年加入本集團及自2019年獲委任為本公司執行總裁，分管石油化工投資及相關工作。湯先生亦為泰州東泰石化有限公司(「泰州東泰」)(本公司之間接非全資擁有附屬公司)及中海油氣(泰州)石化有限公司(本公司通過泰州東泰持有51%股權之公司)之董事會主席。湯先生畢業於天津工學院石化工業專業，並取得湖北交通科技大學工學碩士學位。湯先生亦曾在中國石油化工股份有限公司(一間股份於聯交所主板上市之公司(股份代號：0386)、浙江中孚石化、上海中銘石化等集團公司擔任管理崗位工作。湯先生在管理及石化工業行業有逾40年的經驗。

### 裘政

裘政先生現年53歲，自2020年獲委任為本公司執行總裁，分管基金業務分部。北京大學光華管理學院碩士研究生(EMBA)，金融經濟師，具有28年金融行業從業經歷。於加入本公司前，裘先生曾先後出任浙江天堂硅谷創業投資集團公司副總裁，矽谷天堂資產管理集團股份有限公司併購中心副主任，中銀投資浙商產業基金管理有限公司總裁，華融天澤投資有限公司總經理助理等職務，亦曾擔任中國股權投資協會投資專業委員會副會長；浙江省股權投資協會副會長；浙江風險投資協會副會長。主導設立和管理過50多支各類基金，總規模超過150億。

\* 英文名稱僅供識別

## PROFILE OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT 高級管理人員簡介

### Ng Hoi Leung, Leo

Mr. Ng, aged 47, has been appointed as the chief financial officer, the company secretary and an authorised representative of the Company with effect from 17 July 2019. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Ng was the financial controller of Ping An Securities Group (Holdings) Limited (Stock code: 0231), and the financial controller and the company secretary of Zhuguang Holdings (Stock code: 1176), which is a substantial Shareholder (within the meaning of the Listing Rules) and whose interest in the Shares falls to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, both being companies the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. He was also the chief financial officer of a real estate company and a company whose subsidiary was engaged in the media business in the PRC. Mr. Ng has over 15 years of accounting and audit experience. He had worked in PricewaterhouseCoopers, an accounting firm from February 1997 to April 2010. Mr. Ng holds a Master of Commerce from the Macquarie University in Australia and is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of the Certified Practising Accountants of Australia.

### Weng Jian

Mr. Weng, aged 38, has been appointed as the executive assistant of the Company since June 2020 and is responsible for human resources and administrative management of the Group. He graduated from Sun Yat-sen University with a bachelor degree in Law and a master degree in Law. He previously worked in the Guangdong Provincial Supervisory Commission and the Office of the Guangdong Provincial Government, where he was engaged in the management of anti-corruption, legal policy and comprehensive administration. After resigning from public office, he joined Zhuguang Holdings, a company the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock code: 1176), which is a substantial Shareholder (within the meaning of the Listing Rules) whose interest in the Shares falls to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, and successively served as its general manager of the Group President Office (Human Resources Center), general manager of the Legal Affairs Center, member of the Investment Decision Committee, general manager of the Investment Center and chairman of the industrial real estate sector. He is also a member of the Guangdong Youth Federation, a member of the Guangdong Law Society, a deputy director of the Legal Committee of Guangdong Three Olds Reform Association and a practical instructor for postgraduates of the Jinan University.

### 吳海良

吳先生，47歲，獲委任為本公司財務總監、公司秘書及授權代表，自2019年7月17日起生效。於加入本公司前，吳先生為平安證券集團(控股)有限公司(股份代號：0231)之財務總監，及珠光控股(股份代號：1176)(其為主要股東(定義見上市規則)，於股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部須向本公司披露之權益)之財務總監及公司秘書，上述兩間公司均為股份於聯交所主板上市之公司。彼亦曾任一間房地產公司及一間其附屬公司於中國從事媒體業務之公司之首席財務官。吳先生擁有逾15年會計及審計經驗。彼曾於1997年2月至2010年4月於羅兵咸永道會計師事務所任職。吳先生持有澳洲麥格理大學商業學碩士，並為香港會計師公會資深會員及澳洲執業會計師公會會員。

### 翁鍵

翁先生，38歲，自2020年6月獲委任為本公司總裁助理，分管集團人力資源和行政管理的工作。畢業於中山大學，取得法學學士和法學碩士學位。曾先後任職於廣東省監察委員會、廣東省政府辦公廳，從事反腐敗、法律政策與行政綜合管理等工作。辭去公職後加入珠光控股(為一間股份於聯交所主板上市的公司(股份代號：1176))現為主要股東(定義見上市規則)，且其於股份中的權益須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部的條文向本公司披露，先後擔任該集團總裁辦(人力資源中心)總經理、法務中心總經理、投資決策委員會委員兼投資中心總經理、產業地產板塊董事長。現兼任廣東省青聯委員、廣東省法學會理事、廣東省三舊改造協會法律委員會副主任、暨南大學碩士研究生實踐導師等。



## ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE 環境、社會及管治

The Group is committed to the long-term sustainability of its businesses and the communities with which it engages. The Group pursues this business approach by managing its business prudently and executing management decisions with due care and attention.

### Stakeholder Engagement

The Group has maintained a continuous dialogue with its stakeholders that include its customers, employees, regulators and the public. The Group seeks to balance the views and interests of these various stakeholders through constructive conversations with a view to charting a course for the long-term prosperity of the Group and the communities.

### Customers

Customer feedback plays an important role in the operation of the Group. Various channels, such as telephone hotlines and customer service front desks, have been established to maintain interactive communications between the Group and its customers.

### Employees

Hard-working and dedicated employees are the backbone of a company. The Group treasures its loyal and industrious staff members. In addition, it has adopted non-discriminatory hiring and employment practices and it strives to provide a safe and healthy workplace for its employees.

### Government & Public

Tough efforts have been exerted to ensure compliance with the laws and regulations of the jurisdictions in which the Group operates. The public at large is also an important stakeholder of the Group. A stable and prosperous community is important to the steady growth and long-term future prospects of the Group.

本集團致力維持業務及所在社區的長遠可持續發展。本集團努力不懈審慎管理業務，並謹慎專注執行管理層的決策，以推動此業務模式。

### 持份者溝通

本集團與各持份者，包括其客戶、僱員、監管機構及公眾人士保持持續緊密聯繫。本集團透過具建設性的溝通，努力平衡各持份者的意見及利益，從而為本集團與所在社區釐定長遠的發展方向。

### 客戶

本集團重視客戶對業務營運的意見。本集團已建立不同渠道(如電話熱線及客戶服務前台)維持租客與本集團之間的互動溝通。

### 僱員

勤奮而專注的僱員是公司的骨幹。本集團重視忠誠勤奮的員工。此外，本集團已採納非歧視性的招聘與僱用守則，並致力為僱員提供安全及健康的工作環境。

### 政府與公眾人士

本集團一向竭力遵守業務所在管轄區域的法律與規例。普羅大眾亦為本公司的重要持份者，而穩定繁榮的社區對本集團的穩定增長及未來長遠發展十分重要。

## ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE 環境、社會及管治

### Workplace Quality

As at 31 December 2020, the Group employed 104 staff members (31 December 2019: 96). Total employee costs for Year 2020, including Directors' emoluments, amounted to approximately HK\$66,788,000 (Year 2019: HK\$60,992,000).

The quality of its employees is crucial for the Group to maintain a competitive position in the market. With this in mind, the Group seeks to attract and retain talented individuals who are committed to achieving goals and objectives of the Group and provides a work environment that nurtures values such as fair play, respect and integrity. The Group values career development of its staff and provides ongoing training to them according to the needs of the Group. The Group offers competitive compensation packages to its employees, who are rewarded according to their performance. The Group reviews its salary structure, working conditions, bonuses and incentive systems annually. The Group's employees are entitled to benefits such as medical cover, provident funds and share options scheme.

The Group is committed to providing a healthy and safe workplace for all its employees and complying with all applicable health and safety laws and regulations. Health and safety considerations are incorporated into the design, operations and maintenance of the premises of the Group. Employees are provided with appropriate job skills and safety training and are educated with regard to their responsibilities for achieving the health and safety objectives of the Group. The Group also communicates with its employees on occupational health and safety issues.

### 工作環境質素

於2020年12月31日，本集團僱用104名員工（2019年12月31日：96名）。截至2020年12月31日止年度，僱員薪酬成本總額（包括董事酬金）合共約66,788,000港元（2019年度：60,992,000港元）。

僱員質素對本集團維持市場競爭性極為重要。因此，本公司致力吸納及挽留人才，讓他們於本集團著重公平、互相尊重及誠信等信念的工作環境中致力達致目標。本集團非常重視僱員的事業發展，並按本集團的需要提供持續培訓。本集團為僱員提供具競爭力的薪酬待遇，而回報與員工表現掛鉤，並每年檢討其薪酬架構、工作情況、花紅及獎勵制度。本集團僱員可享的福利包括醫療保障、強積金及認股權計劃。

本集團致力為其所有員工提供一個健康及安全的工作環境，並遵守一切適用的健康及安全法例及規例。健康及安全考慮已納入本集團辦公場所之設計、營運及維修內。僱員獲給予適當的工作技能及安全培訓，並獲灌輸有關達致本集團健康及安全目標的責任。本集團亦就職業健康及安全事宜與僱員溝通。

# ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE 環境、社會及管治

## Environmental Protection

The Group recognises the importance of maintaining environmental sustainability in its daily operations and acts in all material respects in compliance with the laws and regulations relating to environmental protection and pollution control. Energy saving measures are enforced in the Group's offices and commercial premises for the purpose of reducing electricity consumption and greenhouse gas emissions.

The Group has also adopted policies to promote recycling and use of eco-friendly stationery, plus a series of measures to save paper and energy, including the use of double-sided printing and energy-efficient office equipment and appliances, resulting in more efficient use of resources, as well as reduction of waste.

## Operating Practices

The Group is committed to adhering to the highest ethical standards. All employees are given a code of conduct ("Code") to which they are required to adhere. The Code explicitly prohibits employees from soliciting, accepting or offering bribes or any form of advantage. The Code also outlines the Group's expectations on its staff with regard to conflicts of interest. All managers are expected to communicate and instill a culture of good corporate governance to their staff.

## ESG Report

The Company engaged external professionals to review the environmental, social and governance ("ESG") policies of the Group for Year 2020 and issue an ESG report for Year 2020 ("2020 ESG Report") for the Board's consideration. The Company will publish the 2020 ESG Report on the "ESG Reports" section of the website of the Company at [www.silvergrant.com.hk](http://www.silvergrant.com.hk) and the website of the Stock Exchange at [www.hkexnews.hk](http://www.hkexnews.hk) on or before 31 May 2021. No hardcopy of the 2020 ESG Report will be mailed to the Shareholders.

## 環境保護

本集團認同環境可持續性對其日常營運之重要性，並在各重大方面均已遵守有關環保及管控污染之法例及法規。本集團於其辦公室及商業物業實施節能措施，以減少電力消耗及溫室氣體排放。

本集團亦採納政策鼓勵循環再用及使用環保文具，加上一系列節約用紙及能源的措施(包括使用雙面打印及具能源效益之辦公室設備及電器)達至更有效地使用資源及減少廢物。

## 營運守則

本集團一直堅持最高的道德標準。所有僱員獲發其必須遵守的員工守則(「守則」)。守則明確禁止僱員索取、接受或提供賄賂或任何其他形式的利益。守則亦列明本集團員工應如何處理利益衝突。所有管理人員亦須與員工溝通並竭力傳達良好的企業管治文化。

## ESG報告

本公司聘請外部專業機構審視本集團2020年度之環境、社會及管治(「ESG」)政策並發佈2020年度之ESG報告(「2020 ESG報告」)予董事會審閱。本公司將於2021年5月31日或以前上載2020 ESG報告於本公司網站 [www.silvergrant.com.hk](http://www.silvergrant.com.hk)「環境、社會及管治報告」部分及聯交所網站 [www.hkexnews.hk](http://www.hkexnews.hk)。2020 ESG報告將不會備有印刷版及不會郵寄予股東。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

## Corporate Governance Practices

The Company is committed to establishing and maintaining a standard of corporate governance that is consistent with market practices. The Company complied with all mandatory provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (“CG Code”) contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules throughout Year 2020, except for code provision E.1.2 of the CG Code.

Code provision E.1.2 of the CG Code stipulates that the Chairman should attend the annual general meeting of the Company. Mr. Chu Hing Tsung, the Chairman, did not attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 12 June 2020 due to his prior engagement. The Chairman will endeavor to attend all future annual general meetings of the Company unless unexpected or special circumstances preventing him from doing so.

The Board will continue to monitor and review the Group’s corporate governance practices to ensure compliance.

The following summarises the Company’s key corporate governance practices.

## 企業管治常規

本公司致力設立及維持一套符合市場慣例的企業管治標準。除守則條文第E.1.2條外，本公司於2020年度已遵守上市規則附錄14所載之《企業管治守則》（「企業管治守則」）之所有強制守則條文。

守則條文第E.1.2條要求主席應出席本公司之股東週年大會。主席朱慶淞先生因早已安排其他事務，故未能出席本公司於2020年6月12日舉行的股東週年大會。主席將竭力出席本公司於未來召開的所有股東週年大會，除非出現不可預見或特殊的情況導致其未能出席。

董事會將持續監察和審視本集團企業管治實踐以確保符合規定。

下文概括說明本公司的重要企業管治措施。

## Board of Directors

### Board Composition

The Board is responsible for formulating the Group's long-term strategies, setting business development goals, assessing the results of management policies, monitoring management's performance and ensuring the existence of an effective internal control system. The Board is led by Mr. Chu Hing Tsung, who is the Chairman. The Chairman, with the support of the company secretary ("Company Secretary") of the Company, is responsible for ensuring that the Directors receive adequate and complete information in a timely manner and appropriate briefing on issues arising at the Board meetings and that all key and appropriate issues are discussed by the Board in a timely manner.

The management, led by Mr. Huang Jiajue who is the CEO, focuses on implementing objectives, policies and strategies approved and delegated by the Board. He is in charge of the Group's day-to-day management and operations. The CEO is also responsible for developing strategic plans and formulating the organisational structure, control systems, internal procedures and processes for the Board's approval.

The independent non-executive Directors serve the important function of ensuring and monitoring the basis of an effective corporate governance framework of the Group.

The division of responsibilities between the Chairman and the CEO is clearly established and set out in writing. The roles of the Chairman and the CEO are separated and are performed by different persons to avoid concentrations of authorities to one single person.

## 董事會

### 董事會組成

董事會負責制定本集團的長期策略、訂立業務發展目標、評估管理措施之成效、監察管理層之表現及確保存在有效的內部監控系統。董事會由主席朱慶淞先生領導。在本公司之公司秘書(「公司秘書」)協助下，主席負責確保董事適時接收足夠及完整的資訊、於董事會議提出的事宜獲得適當的簡報以及董事會適時討論所有主要及適當的事宜。

管理層由本集團的行政總裁黃佳爵先生領導，專注於執行經董事會批准及下達的目標、政策及策略，並負責本集團之日常管理及營運。行政總裁亦負責拓展策略計劃及籌劃組織架構、監控機制及內部程序及過程以供董事會批准。

獨立非執行董事則對確保及監察本集團之企業管治架構是否行之有效起著重要作用。

主席和行政總裁有明確的分工，並已作出明文規定；此外，董事會主席及行政總裁兩項職能，已予以分離，並分別由兩名人士擔任，以避免權力集中於單一人士。

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

### Board of Directors (Continued)

#### Board Composition (Continued)

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises three executive Directors, namely, Mr. Huang Jiajue, Mr. Luo Zhihai and Mr. Tang Lunfei (who has been appointed with effect from 11 January 2021), two non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Chu Hing Tsung and Mr. Chen Zhiwei, and three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Liang Qing, Mr. Zhang Lu and Mr. Hung Muk Ming. Mr. Gao Jian Min has resigned as a non-executive Director with effect from 1 January 2020 and Mr. Ma Yilin has resigned as an executive Director with effect from 11 January 2021.

The biographies of the Directors are set out on pages 31 to 36 of this annual report. The number of the independent non-executive Directors represents no less than one-third of the Board members.

Members of the Board possess the appropriate expertise and skills to discharge their duties.

### 董事會(續)

#### 董事會組成(續)

於本報告日期，董事會由三名執行董事黃佳爵先生、羅智海先生及唐倫飛先生(於2021年1月11日獲委任)、兩名非執行董事朱慶淞先生及陳志偉先生及三名獨立非執行董事梁青先生、張璐先生及洪木明先生組成。高建民先生已於2020年1月1日辭任非執行董事及馬懌林先生於2021年1月11日辭任執行董事。

各董事之履歷詳情載列於本年報第31頁至36頁。獨立非執行董事數目佔董事會成員數目不少於三分之一。

董事會各成員均具備適當的專業知識及技能以履行其職責。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

## Board of Directors (Continued)

### Board Composition (Continued)

The Company's Directors, Mr. Tang Lunfei and Mr. Chen Zhiwei are also directors and/or senior officers of Cinda HK. Mr. Chu Hing Tsung, the Chairman, and Mr. Huang Jiajue, the CEO, are also directors and shareholders of Zhuguang Holdings. Cinda HK and Zhuguang Holdings are substantial Shareholders (within the meaning of the Listing Rules). Save for the aforesaid, there is no relationship between the members of the Board, in terms of financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship.

To assist the Board in discharging its duties and to fulfil the requirements of the CG Code, three standing Board committees were set up under the Board: the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee. The Board will set up an ad hoc Board committee as and when necessary to handle specific issues and report back to the Board.

The Board considers that each independent non-executive Director is independent in character and judgment and meets the specific independence criteria as required by the Listing Rules. The Company has received from each independent non-executive Director an annual confirmation confirming his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

All Directors are regularly updated on governance and regulatory matters. There are established procedures for Directors to obtain independent professional advice, at the expense of the Company, in the furtherance of their duties.

Should a potential conflict of interest involving a substantial Shareholder (within the meaning of the Listing Rules) or a Director arise, the matter will be discussed in a physical Board meeting, as opposed to being dealt with by a written resolution. Independent non-executive Directors with no conflict of interest will be present at Board meetings dealing with such conflict issues.

## 董事會(續)

### 董事會組成(續)

本公司董事唐倫飛先生及陳志偉先生同時亦是信達香港的董事及／或高級職員，主席朱慶崧先生及行政總裁黃佳爵先生同時亦是珠光控股之董事及股東。信達香港及珠光控股均為主要股東(定義見上市規則)。除前文所述者外，董事會成員之間，並不存在任何關係，包括財務、業務、家屬或其他重大／相關的關係。

為協助董事會履行其職責，以及為符合企業管治守則的規定，董事會下設三個常設附屬委員會：審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會。董事會還會設立臨時附屬委員會，處理專項工作，並向董事會負責。

董事會認為，每位獨立非執行董事均具有獨立的個性及判斷能力，並且他們都符合上市規則所定明，有關獨立性的特定標準。本公司已接獲每名獨立非執行董事，根據上市規則第3.13條有關其獨立身分的年度確認函。

全體董事均定期獲得有關管治及監管等事宜的更新資訊。董事可按照既定程序，尋求獨立專業意見，以協助履行其職責；相關費用由本公司承擔。

倘若本公司主要股東(定義見上市規則)或董事出現潛在利益衝突，有關事宜將於董事會實際會議上討論，而不會透過提呈書面決議案方式處理。並無涉及利益衝突的獨立非執行董事將會出席會議，處理有關衝突事宜。

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

### Board of Directors (Continued)

#### Board Composition (Continued)

Independent non-executive Directors are explicitly identified in all corporate communications containing the names of the Directors. An updated list of Directors identifying the independent non-executive Directors and the role and the functions of the Directors is maintained on the website of the Company at [www.silvergrant.com.hk](http://www.silvergrant.com.hk) and the website of the Stock Exchange.

Each of the Directors has been appointed for a specific term of service no longer than three years. Each of the non-executive Directors has been appointed for a specific term of service from 29 January 2019 to 28 January 2022. They are also subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with article 102 of the Company's articles of association ("Articles of Association").

The full Board will meet regularly and at least four times throughout a year to review the overall strategy of the Group and to monitor the operations as well as the financial performance of the Group. Notice of at least 14 days will be given to all Directors in respect of full Board meetings and the Directors can include matters for discussion in the agenda if necessary. Agenda and the accompanying Board papers in respect of a full Board meeting are sent out in full to all Directors no less than three days before the meeting. Minutes of full Board meetings and meetings of board committees are properly kept. All Directors have access to relevant and timely information. They also have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary, who is responsible for providing the Directors with Board papers and related materials. Where queries are raised by the Directors, prompt and full responses will be given if possible.

### 董事會(續)

#### 董事會組成(續)

所有載有董事姓名的公司通信均明確列示獨立非執行董事身份。列示獨立非執行董事的身份及董事角色及職能的最新董事名單留存於本公司網站[www.silvergrant.com.hk](http://www.silvergrant.com.hk)及聯交所網站。

各名董事之委任均設有最長不超過三年的固定任期。各名非執行董事均按指定服務任期(由2019年1月29日至2022年1月28日)獲委任。他們亦須根據本公司的組織章程細則(「組織章程細則」)第102條規定，於本公司股東週年大會上輪值告退並重選連任。

全體董事將定期，並最少每年召開四次全體董事會議，檢討本集團整體策略與監察本集團的經營與財務表現。就召開全體董事會議而言，所有董事均獲發最少14天的會議通知，如有需要，董事可加入討論事項於有關議程。全體董事會議的議程及附連之會議文件，將在會議前的最少三天，送達所有董事。全體董事會議及董事會委員會會議之會議記錄均適當保存。所有董事均可獲得相關及適時的資料。彼等亦可獲得公司秘書提供的意見及服務，公司秘書負責向董事提供董事會文件及有關材料。倘若董事提出問題，本公司會盡快作出詳盡回應(如可以)。



## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

### Board of Directors (Continued)

### 董事會(續)

#### Board Composition (Continued)

#### 董事會組成(續)

During Year 2020, 5 Board meetings were held and the attendance of each Director is set out below:

於2020年度，共召開5次全體董事會議，每位董事的出席率載列如下：

| Name of Directors<br>董事姓名   | Number of meeting attended/held<br>出席會議次數／全部會議次數 | Attendance rate<br>出席率 |
|---|--|------------------------|
| <b>Executive Directors</b><br><b>執行董事</b>   |  |                        |
| Huang Jiajue<br>黃佳爵   | 5/5  | 100%                   |
| Luo Zhihai<br>羅智海   | 5/5  | 100%                   |
| Ma Yilin<br>(Resigned with effect from 11 January 2021)<br>馬懌林<br>(於2021年1月11日辭任) | 0/5  | 0%                     |
| <b>Non-executive Directors</b><br><b>非執行董事</b>                                    |  |                        |
| Chu Hing Tsung<br>朱慶崧   | 1/5  | 20%                    |
| Chen Zhiwei<br>陳志偉  | 4/5  | 80%                    |
| <b>Independent non-executive Directors</b><br><b>獨立非執行董事</b>                      |  |                        |
| Liang Qing<br>梁青  | 4/5  | 80%                    |
| Zhang Lu<br>張璐  | 4/5  | 80%                    |
| Hung Muk Ming<br>洪木明  | 4/5  | 80%                    |

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

### Board of Directors (Continued)

#### Board Composition (Continued)

According to the Articles of Association, the Board has the power to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board. The Director so appointed shall hold office until the next general meeting (in the case of filling a casual vacancy) or until the next annual general meeting (in the case of new addition to the Board) following his appointment and shall then be eligible for re-election. In other cases, all Directors, including the Chairman and the CEO, shall retire by rotation at least once every three years at annual general meetings and be eligible for re-election.

#### Change in Board Members

After the end of the reporting period, Mr. Ma Yilin has resigned as, and Mr. Tang Lunfei has been appointed as, an executive Director with effect from 11 January 2021.

#### Board Diversity Policy

The Board adopted the Board diversity policy in August 2013. The policy sets out the approach to achieve and maintain diversity on the Board in order to enhance the effectiveness of the Board.

The Company considered that diversity of Board members can be achieved through consideration of a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard to the benefits of diversity on the Board.

The Board has developed measurable objectives to implement the Board diversity policy whereby selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives as set out above, and the ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidate will bring to the Board.

### 董事會(續)

#### 董事會組成(續)

根據組織章程細則，董事會有權委任任何人士擔任董事職務以填補空缺或增加董事會席位。據此而獲委任的董事只可任職至下一次股東大會(如屬填補臨時空缺)或直至下屆股東週年大會(如屬增加現有董事會的名額)，並於其時有資格重選連任。在其他情況，所有董事(包括主席及行政總裁)須至少每三年一次輪流於股東週年大會告退，但可膺選連任。

#### 董事會成員變動

於本報告期末後，馬懌林先生辭任本公司執行董事，而唐倫飛先生獲委任為執行董事，自2021年1月11日起生效。

#### 董事會多元化政策

董事會於2013年8月採納董事會成員多元化政策。該政策載列達到及維持董事會成員多元化之方法，以提高董事會之有效性。

本公司認為透過從多個方面進行考慮(包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務任期)，即可達到董事會成員多元化。董事會所有委任將以用人唯才為原則，並在考慮人選時以客觀條件充分顧及董事會成員多元化之裨益。

董事會制訂了可計量目標，以實行董事會成員多元化政策，甄選人選將按上文所載之一系列多元化範疇為基準，最終將按人選之長處及可為董事會提供之貢獻而作決定。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

## Board of Directors (Continued)

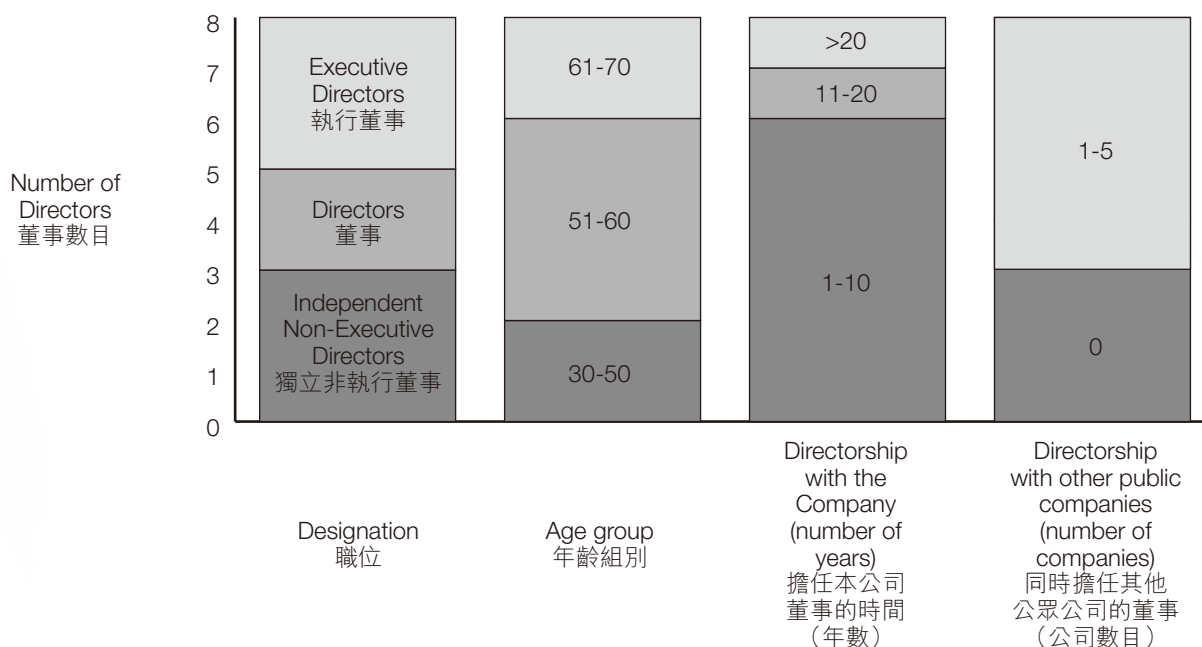
### Board Diversity Policy (Continued)

An analysis of the Board diversity of the Company as at 31 December 2020 based on a range of diversity perspectives is set out below:

## 董事會 (續)

### 董事會多元化政策 (續)

於2020年12月31日按一系列多元化範疇為基準作出之本公司董事會成員多元化分析載列如下:



# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

## Board of Directors (Continued)

### Nomination Policy

The nomination policy was approved and adopted by a resolution of the Board passed on 28 December 2018. It sets out the criteria and procedures to be adopted when considering candidates to be appointed or re-appointed as Directors.

Recruitment for the Board is the key role of the nomination committee of the Company. Nevertheless, the ultimate responsibilities for the selection and appointment of Directors rest with the entire Board.

The nomination committee of the Company will select from a broad range of candidates and as far as feasible consider those who are outside the Board's circle of contacts in accordance with the Company's Board diversity policy. The nomination committee of the Company will consider the potential contribution a candidate can bring to the Board in terms of qualifications, skills, experience, independence and gender diversity. It will also consider succession planning for Directors to ensure the long term success of the Company.

### Corporate Governance Committee

The CG Code recommends listed companies to set up a corporate governance committee to look after issues relating to corporate governance. However, the Directors consider that it is more appropriate and efficient for the Company to retain in the Board the function of overseeing corporate governance issues. The Directors will continuously review and improve the Company's and the Group's corporate governance practices to ensure that business activities and decision-making processes of the Group are regulated in a proper and prudent manner.

## 董事會(續)

### 提名政策

提名政策已於2018年12月28日獲董事會透過決議案批准及採納。提名政策載列準則及程序，供考慮委任或重選本公司董事的候選人時採用。

為董事會招攬成員是本公司提名委員會的主要職責。儘管如此，甄選並委任董事的最終責任由董事會整體承擔。

本公司提名委員會將會從廣闊的範圍及在可行的情況下從董事會圈子以外的人選中，按董事會成員多元化政策物色合適人選。本公司提名委員會將會考慮個別人選可為董事會的資歷、技巧、經驗、獨立性及性別多元化等方面帶來的貢獻，亦會考慮董事的繼任承存計劃，以確保本公司的長遠成功。

### 企業管治委員會

企業管治守則建議上市公司應設立企業管治委員會負責處理與企業管治相關之事宜。然而，董事會認為把處理企業管治相關事宜的職能保留在董事會將為更有效率及更適合本公司。董事會將會持續檢討及改善本公司及本集團的企業管治措施，以確保本集團之業務活動及決策過程，受到合適及審慎之規管。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

## Board of Directors (Continued)

### Corporate Governance Committee (Continued)

During Year 2020 and up to the date of this report, the corporate governance duties performed by the Board were mainly set out below:

- developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and making recommendations;
- reviewing and monitoring the continuous professional development and training of the Directors and senior management;
- reviewing the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report;
- reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; and
- developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors.

### Securities Dealing by Directors

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. All Directors have confirmed that, following specific enquiry by the Company, they complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code throughout Year 2020.

The Company has also adopted codes of conduct regarding securities transactions by relevant employees (as defined in the CG Code) on terms no less exacting than the required standards set out in the Model Code.

## 董事會 (續)

### 企業管治委員會 (續)

於2020年度及截至本報告日期，由董事會執行的主要管治職能載列如下：

- 發展及檢討本公司企業管治政策及措施及提供建議；
- 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員的持續專業發展及培訓事宜；
- 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則的情況及《企業管治報告》所載的披露；
- 檢討及監察本公司遵守法律及監管要求的政策及措施；及
- 發展、檢討及監察員工及董事的「行為守則及全規守則」(如有)。

### 董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)，作為本公司規管董事證券交易操守之守則。經本公司具體查詢後，所有董事已確認彼等在整個2020年度已遵守標準守則所訂之規定。

本公司已採納不遜於標準守則所訂的標準作為本公司規管有關僱員(定義見企業管治守則)進行的證券交易的守則。

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

### Board of Directors (Continued)

#### Audit Committee

The Company established an audit committee (“Audit Committee”) in 1999. The composition and professional qualifications of the members of the Audit Committee comply with the requirements under Rules 3.21 of the Listing Rules. The Audit Committee has written terms of reference that conform to the provisions of the CG Code. The written terms of reference are set out in detail on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

During Year 2020 and as at the date of this report, the Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Hung Muk Ming (committee chairman), Mr. Liang Qing and Mr. Zhang Lu.

The Audit Committee meets at least two times each year to review the reporting of financial and other information to the Shareholders, the systems of internal controls and risk management and the effectiveness and objectivity of the audit process. The Audit Committee also provides an important link between the Board and the Company’s external auditor in matters coming within the scope of its terms of reference and keeps under review the independence and objectivity of the external auditor.

During Year 2020, the work performed by the Audit Committee includes the review of the annual results for Year 2019, the risk management and internal control systems of the Group for Year 2019 and the interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2020 of the Group. On 29 March 2021, the Group’s audited consolidated annual results for Year 2020 have also been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee together with the Board have reviewed the effectiveness of the Group’s internal control system, risk management system and internal audit function and considered that they are effective and adequate for the time being.

### 董事會(續)

#### 審核委員會

本公司已於1999年成立審核委員會(「審核委員會」)。審核委員會之組成及各成員的專業資格均符合上市規則第3.21條之要求。審核委員會的書面職權範圍書符合企業管治守則之守則條文。書面職權範圍書之詳情已登載於本公司及聯交所網站。

於2020年度及截至本報告日期，審核委員會由三位獨立非執行董事洪木明先生(委員會主席)、梁青先生及張璐先生組成。

審核委員會每年最少召開兩次會議，檢討向股東匯報的財務及其他資料、內部監控及風險管理系統以及核數程序的效力及客觀性。審核委員會亦會在其職權範圍內所涉及的事宜上擔當董事會與本公司外部核數師之間的重要聯繫，並對外部核數師的獨立性及客觀性做出檢討。

在2020年度，審核委員會所做的工作包括審閱2019年度之業績、2019年度本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統及本集團截至2020年6月30日止期間之中期業績。於2021年3月29日，本集團2020年度之經審核綜合年度業績，亦經已由審核委員會審閱。

審核委員會聯同董事會已審閱本集團內部監控系統、風險管理系統及內部審核功能的成效，並且認為就目前而言屬有效及足夠。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

## Board of Directors (Continued)

### Audit Committee (Continued)

During Year 2020, four Audit Committee meetings were held and the attendance of each member is set out below:

| Name of Directors<br>董事姓名 | Number of meetings attended/held<br>出席會議次數／全部會議次數 | Attendance rate<br>出席率 |
|---------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Hung Muk Ming<br>洪木明      | 4/4   | 100%                   |
| Liang Qing<br>梁青          | 4/4   | 100%                   |
| Zhang Lu<br>張璐            | 4/4   | 100%                   |

### Remuneration Committee

The Company established a remuneration committee ("Remuneration Committee") in 2005 and adopted written terms of reference which conform to the provisions of the CG Code. The terms of reference were revised on 15 February 2012. The written terms of reference are set out in detail on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. During Year 2020 and as at the date of this report, the Remuneration Committee comprises one executive Director namely, Mr. Huang Jiajue and two independent non-executive Directors namely, Mr. Zhang Lu (committee chairman) and Mr. Liang Qing.

The principal duties of the Remuneration Committee are to ensure that no Director or any of his associates (within the meaning of the Listing Rules) is involved in deciding his own remuneration and that the Company has an equitable and competitive remuneration policy to attract and retain talented persons to serve the Company. The Board has adopted the model where the Remuneration Committee performs an advisory role to the Board (i.e. making recommendations to the Board on the remunerations packages of individual Directors and senior management). The Remuneration Committee is also responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management's remuneration and making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of the non-executive Directors.

## 董事會 (續)

### 審核委員會 (續)

於2020年度，審核委員會共召開四次會議，各成員之出席率載列如下：

### 薪酬委員會

本公司已於2005年成立薪酬委員會（「薪酬委員會」）並採納符合企業管治常規守則的書面職權範圍書。職權範圍書於2012年2月15日作出修訂。書面職權範圍書之詳情已登載於本公司及聯交所網站。於2020年度及於本報告日期，薪酬委員會由一名執行董事黃佳爵先生及兩名獨立非執行董事張璐先生（委員會主席）及梁青先生組成。

薪酬委員會的主要職責為確保沒有董事或其聯繫人（定義見上市規則）參與制定該董事自己的酬金以及確保本公司存在一套公平且具競爭性的薪酬政策以便吸引及挽留卓越的人才為本公司服務。董事會已採納薪酬委員會作為董事會顧問的方式（即就個別董事及高級管理人員的薪酬組合向董事會提出建議）。薪酬委員會亦負責就董事及高級管理人員的全體薪酬政策及架構向董事會提出建議，亦就非執行董事的薪酬向董事會提出建議。

## Board of Directors (Continued)

### Remuneration Committee (Continued)

The remuneration package for each employee is structured according to his quality and qualification. The remuneration package will contain a combination or modification of some or all of the following four main components:

#### 1. Basic salary

The basic salary ranges for each position are established with reference to the responsibilities and the duties attached to the position. The actual salary for the person filling the position is determined based on the experience and ability of the individual selected for the position.

The basic salary ranges are reviewed periodically by reference to the general market and by comparison to comparable positions at competitors of the Company in the relevant industry. The actual salaries of employees are reviewed annually and may be adjusted from time to time based on the cost of living and the financial performance of the Company.

Salaries are basic remuneration and are not intended to reward performance, either individually or corporately. Performance is rewarded through the other components of the remuneration package.

#### 2. Incentive bonus

Incentive bonus is linked to individual and corporate performance. The incentive bonus for each employee is determined with reference to his position and performance during the year.

## 董事會(續)

### 薪酬委員會(續)

每位員工的薪酬待遇按個別人士的質素與專業資格釐定。薪酬待遇由以下四大項目中其中一部分或全部組成，亦可能有所修改：

#### 1. 基本薪金

基本薪金是按個別職位及責任而釐定。而擔任該職務的人士實際可取得的基本薪金，則按個別受聘人士的經驗及能力而定。

基本薪金會定期參考一般市場及本公司於有關行業的競爭機構中同類職位的薪酬後作出檢討。僱員的實際基本薪金則每年進行檢討，並可按生活指數及本公司的財務表現不時作出調整。

薪金屬基本薪酬，並非按個別僱員或公司表現而作出的獎賞。薪酬政策中另有其他獎勵性質的項目。

#### 2. 獎勵性花紅

獎勵性花紅與個別僱員及公司表現掛鈎。每名僱員所得的獎勵性花紅會按其職位及年內的表現而訂定。



# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

## Board of Directors (Continued)

### Remuneration Committee (Continued)

#### 3. Share option

Share options to subscribe for Shares are granted to employees from time to time at the discretion of the Board in order to retain valuable employees and to motivate future performance of the employees.

Share options granted to individual employee are determined with reference to his position, performance and ability to contribute to the overall success of the Group.

However, the Group does not have any share option scheme in force for the time being.

#### 4. Other benefits

The Group offers other customary and/or mandatory benefits to employees, such as statutory retirement scheme, employee compensation, medical insurance, paid annual leaves and child education allowance, with reference to the prevailing practices in relevant jurisdictions.

The Remuneration Committee meets regularly to review the Company's human resources matters and remuneration policies. During Year 2020, no Remuneration Committee meetings was held.

## 董事會(續)

### 薪酬委員會(續)

#### 3. 購股權

董事會可不時酌情向僱員授出購股權，以挽留有貢獻的員工並激勵員工繼續努力工作。

個別員工獲授的購股權數目會按其職位、表現及對公司整體成就所作的貢獻而釐定。

然而，本集團目前並無實施任何購股權計劃。

#### 4. 其他福利

本集團亦會參考有關司法管轄權區當前的慣例向僱員提供慣常的及／或強制性的福利，如法定退休金計畫、僱員賠償、勞工及醫療保險、有薪年假及子女教育津貼。

薪酬委員會定期召開會議審閱本公司的人力資源事宜及薪酬政策。於2020年度，薪酬委員會未召開會議。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

## Board of Directors (Continued)

### Remuneration Committee (Continued)

The Remuneration Committee has reviewed and made recommendation to the Board on the approval of the payment of the Director's fees to the executive and non-executive Directors for Year 2020 after taking into consideration the results of the Group, the performance of the Directors, the senior management and the employees and the prevailing market practices.

Details of the Directors' emoluments and the five highest paid employees as required to be disclosed pursuant to Appendix 16 to the Listing Rules are set out in Notes 9 and 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

### Nomination Committee

The Company established a nomination committee ("Nomination Committee") on 15 February 2012 and adopted written terms of reference for the Nomination Committee. The written terms of reference are set out in detail on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. During Year 2020 and as at the date of this report, the Nomination Committee comprises the Chairman, Mr. Chu Hing Tsung (committee chairman), who is a non-executive Director, and two independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Zhang Lu and Mr. Hung Muk Ming.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for all matters relating to the appointment of Directors either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing Board. Pursuant to the Articles of Association, any Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office only until the next general meeting of the Company or as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at such meeting. Every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and shall be eligible for re-election in accordance with the Articles of Association.

## 董事會(續)

### 薪酬委員會(續)

薪酬委員會已審閱並在經考慮本集團的業績、董事、高級管理層及僱員的表現以及當前的市場狀況後，就批准2020年度執行董事及非執行董事之袍金向董事會作出建議。

根據上市規則附錄16條須予披露的董事酬金及五名最高薪酬僱員之詳情載列於綜合財務報表附註9及10。

### 提名委員會

本公司已於2012年2月15日成立提名委員會(「提名委員會」)，並就提名委員會採納書面職權範圍書。書面職權範圍書之詳情已登載於本公司及聯交所網站。於2020年度及於本報告日期，提名委員會由主席兼非執行董事朱慶崧先生(同時擔任委員會主席)以及兩名獨立非執行董事張璐先生及洪木明先生組成。

提名委員會須負責有關填補空缺或增加現有董事會席位而委任董事之所有事項。根據組織章程細則，任何董事獲委任以填補空缺只可任職至下一次股東大會或如屬增加增加現有董事會席位只可任職直至下屆股東周年大會並於其時有資格重選連任。各董事須最少每三年輪值告退，並可根據組織章程細則有資格重選連任。

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

### Board of Directors (Continued)

#### Nomination Committee (Continued)

The Nomination Committee is responsible for identifying suitably qualified candidates for appointment to the Board and making recommendations to the Board for its consideration. The process for selecting and recommending candidates for directorship includes the consideration of referrals and the engagement of external recruitment professionals. The selection criteria are based mainly on the assessment of the candidates' characters, professional qualifications and experience relevant to the Company's business.

The Nomination Committee is also responsible for reviewing the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board periodically, assessing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors and making recommendation to the Board on the appointment and re-appointment of the Directors and succession planning for the Directors.

During Year 2020, no Nomination Committee meeting was held to review the Board structure and the diversity of Board members.

### 董事會(續)

#### 提名委員會(續)

提名委員會須負責物色合適之合資格董事會委任人選及向董事會作出推薦意見以供考慮。甄選及推薦董事人選之程序包括考慮獲引薦人士及委任專業人事顧問進行招聘。甄選條件主要是考慮有關人選的品格、專業資格及經驗是否適用於本集團業務。

提名委員會同時亦負責定期檢討董事會的架構、規模及組合(包括技能、知識及經驗)，評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性以及向董事會就委聘及重聘董事及董事的繼任計劃作出建議。

於2020年度，提名委員會未就董事會架構及董事會成員多元化進行了檢討召開會議。

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

### Board of Directors (Continued)

#### Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance and Indemnity

The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance to indemnify its Directors and officers in respect of legal actions against them.

#### Induction and Training

Each newly appointed Director, executive or non-executive, is provided with a Director's induction package to ensure that he has a proper understanding of his duties and responsibilities. The Director's induction package includes an overview of the Group's business operation and governance policies, the Director's responsibilities and duties, relevant regulatory requirements and briefing with the senior management of the Group.

Pursuant to the CG Code, all Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. During Year 2020, all Directors participated in appropriate continuous professional development activities by way of attending training and/or reading materials relevant to the Company's business or to the Directors' duties and responsibilities. All Directors have confirmed that, following specific enquiry by the Company, they complied with the continuous professional development requirement of the CG Code for Year 2020.

### 董事會(續)

#### 董事及管理人員的責任保險及彌償保證

本公司已安排適當責任保險以就針對董事的法律訴訟向董事及管理人員作出彌償保證。

#### 就職及培訓

每一位新委任之董事，不論是執行或非執行，均獲發一套董事就職簡介以確保其已恰當地知悉其職責及責任。該份董事就職簡介包括本集團的經營業務及企業管治措施的概覽、董事責任及職責、有關的監管規定以及與本集團高級管理層的簡報。

根據企業管治守則的規定，所有的董事均需要參與持續專業發展，發展並更新其知識及技能，以確保其繼續在具備全面資訊及切合所需的情況下對董事會作出貢獻。於2020年度，所有董事均已透過出席培訓及／或閱讀與本公司業務或與董事職責及責任相關的材料參與適當的持續專業發展活動。經本公司具體查詢後，所有董事均已確認彼等於2020年度已遵守企業管治守則規定的持續專業發展要求。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

## Board of Directors (Continued)

## 董事會(續)

### Induction and Training (Continued)

### 就職及培訓(續)

The training attended by the Directors during Year 2020 is summarised below.

董事於2020年度進行的培訓概述如下。

| Name of Directors                                    | 董事姓名               | Type of training (Note 1)<br>培訓方式(附註1) | Training matters (Note 2)<br>培訓事項(附註2) |
|--|--------------------|--|--|
| <b>Executive Directors</b>                           | <b>執行董事</b>        |  |  |
| Huang Jiajue   | 黃佳爵                | a, b                                   | i, ii, iii, iv                         |
| Luo Zhihai   | 羅智海                | a, b                                   | i, ii, iii, iv                         |
| Ma Yilin (Resigned with effect from 11 January 2021) | 馬懌林(於2021年1月11日辭任) | a, b                                   | i, ii, iv                              |
| <b>Non-executive Directors</b>                       | <b>非執行董事</b>       |  |  |
| Chu Hing Tsung                                       | 朱慶崧                | a, b                                   | i, ii, iv                              |
| Chen Zhiwei  | 陳志偉                | a, b                                   | i, ii, iii, iv                         |
| <b>Independent non-executive Directors</b>           | <b>獨立非執行董事</b>     |  |  |
| Liang Qing   | 梁青                 | a, b                                   | i, ii, iii, iv                         |
| Zhang Lu   | 張璐                 | a, b                                   | i, ii, iv                              |
| Hung Muk Ming  | 洪木明                | a, b                                   | i, ii, iii                             |

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

## Board of Directors (Continued)

### Induction and Training (Continued)

*Note 1:*

- a: attending seminar or training session
- b: reading newspapers, journals and updates relating to the economy, general business or Directors' duties and responsibilities, etc.

*Note 2:*

- i: corporate governance
- ii: regulatory
- iii: finance and accounting
- iv: managerial

The Company also received confirmation from the Company Secretary that he took no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during Year 2020.

## 董事會(續)

### 就職及培訓(續)

*附註1:*

- a: 出席研討會及培訓課程
- b: 閱讀與經濟、一般業務或董事職責及責任等相關的報紙、雜誌及最新資料等

*附註2:*

- i: 企業管治
- ii: 監管
- iii: 財務及會計
- iv: 管理

本公司同時已取得公司秘書確認其於2020年度內已進行不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

## Risk Management and Internal Control

The Board is responsible for ensuring that the Company has effective risk management and control systems. The Board evaluates the effectiveness of the systems at least annually. A review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group for Year 2020 was conducted.

### Risk Management and Internal Control System

The Company's risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage and mitigate risks, rather than eliminate risks, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Company has employed a bottom-up approach for the identification, assessment and mitigation of risks at business unit level and across functional areas.

### Main Features of Risk Management and Internal Control Systems

The key elements of the Company's risk management and internal control systems include the establishment of a risk register to track and document identified risks, the assessment and evaluation of risks, the development and continuous updating of responsive procedures, and the ongoing testing of internal control procedures to ensure their effectiveness.

An ongoing risk assessment approach is adopted by the Company for identifying and assessing new risks. The identified risks will be recorded in the risk register which will be reviewed regularly. After considering the control measures against the risks identified, a risk matrix is adopted to determine the risk rating (L=low risk, M=medium risk, H=high risk) after evaluation of each risk identified by the likelihood and the impact of the risk event.

## 風險管理及內部監控

董事會在確保本公司推行有效的風險管理制度及內部監控制度方面肩負責任。董事會每年最少一次檢討該等系統的有效性。於2020年度，已就本集團風險管理及內部監控系統的成效作出檢討。

### 風險管理及內部監控系統

本公司的風險管理及內部監控系統並非著眼於消除風險，而是要管理及緩解風險，並且只能就不會有重大的失實陳述或損失作出合理而非絕對的保證。本公司採用了一個由上而下的分析方法去識別、評估及減低風險。

### 風險管理及內部監控系統的主要功能

本公司的風險管理及內部監控制度主要元素包括設立風險登記冊以追蹤及記錄所識別的風險、評估及評測風險、發展及繼續更新對應程序，以及持續測試內部控制系統以確保行之有效程度。

本公司採用了一個持續性的風險評估方法以不斷識別新的風險。已辨識的風險會被記錄在定期檢討的風險登記冊中，在考慮已制定的風險控制措施後，本公司按已辨識的風險發生的可能性及其後果，根據風險矩陣釐定風險評級（低風險為「L」，中風險為「M」，高風險為「H」）對每項已辨識風險進行評估。

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

### Risk Management and Internal Control (Continued)

#### Process Used to Identify, Evaluate and Manage Significant Risks

During the process of risk assessment, the risk owner of each of the departments of the Group and major subsidiaries of the Company is required to capture and identify the key inherent risks that affect the achievement of its objectives. Each inherent risk is evaluated according to the risk matrix. After taking into consideration the risk response, such as control measures in place to mitigate the risk, the residual risk of each inherent risk is evaluated again and categorised according to its risk level. The risk register with the risk responses and residual risks is reported to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee, acting on behalf of the Board, evaluates the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group. The residual risks in the highest category will be subject to the Board's oversight.

#### Process Used to Review the Effectiveness of the Risk Management & Internal Control Systems and to Resolve Material Internal Control Defects

In view of the Company's business and scale of operations, and in order to adopt the most cost-effective method of conducting periodic reviews of the Company's internal controls, the Board has outsourced the internal audit function to an independent consulting firm ("Consulting Firm"). The Consulting Firm has conducted a review of the Company's risk management and internal control systems for Year 2020 according to the scope of review agreed and approved by the Audit Committee.

### 風險管理及內部監控(續)

#### 用以辨認、評估及管理大重大風險的程序

於風險評估的程序中，本集團各部門及本公司主要附屬公司的風險負責人須及時捕捉及辨識影響其達到目標的主要固有風險。各固有風險乃根據風險模型進行評估。經考慮風險的應對方法後(如採取監控措施以減低風險)將再次評估各固有風險的剩餘風險，並按風險水平分級。風險記錄冊連同風險應對方法及剩餘風險將會向審計委員會予以匯報。審計委員會(代表董事會)評估本公司風險管理及內部監控系統的有效程度。最高級別的剩餘風險須受董事會監管。

#### 用以檢討風險管理及內部監控系統有效性及解決重大的內部監控缺失的程序

就本公司的業務及經營規模而言，及為就本公司內部監控進行定期檢討而採用最具成本效益的方法，董事會已將內部審核職能外判予一間獨立顧問公司(「顧問公司」)。顧問公司在2020年度已根據審核委員會同意及批准的檢討範圍對本公司風險管理及內部監控系統進行檢討。



## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

### Risk Management and Internal Control (Continued)

#### Inside Information

The Board is responsible for the handling and dissemination of inside information. In order to ensure that the market and Shareholders are fully and promptly informed about the material developments in the Group's business, the Board has adopted an inside information disclosure policy regarding the procedures of proper information disclosure. Release of inside information is subject to the approval of the Board. Unless duly authorised, all staff members of the Group shall not communicate inside information to any external parties and shall not respond to market speculation and rumours. In addition, all external presentation materials or publications must be pre-vetted before release.

#### Report to Audit Committee

The Consulting Firm reports directly to the Audit Committee and the Audit Committee is satisfied that there has been no major deficiency noted in the areas of the Company's risk management and internal control systems being reviewed after implementation of the measures recommended by the Consulting Firm to rectify the internal control defects reported by it. Accordingly, the Audit Committee and the Board considered the risk management and internal control systems of the Group to be effective and adequate.

### 風險管理及內部監控(續)

#### 內幕消息

董事會負責處理及發佈內幕消息。為確保市場及股東全面且從速獲知本集團業務的重大發展，董事會已採納有關進行適當的信息披露程序的內幕消息披露政策。刊發內幕消息須待董事會批准後，方可作實。除非得到正式授權，本集團所有員工不得向任何外部人士傳達內幕消息及不會回應市場忖測和傳言。此外，所有向外部提呈的材料或刊物須於刊發前預先審閱。

#### 向審核委員會彙報

顧問公司直接向審核委員會匯報，而審核委員會滿意在實施顧問公司匯報的內部監控缺失建議後，本公司經檢討的風險管理及內部監控系統範圍並無出現重大缺失。因此，審核委員會及董事會認為風險管理制度及內部監控系統完善有效。

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

### General Meetings

During Year 2020, the Company convened one general meeting which was the annual general meeting held on 12 June 2020. The attendance of each Director is set out below.

### 股東大會

於2020年度內，本公司召開一次股東大會，即於2020年6月12日舉行之股東週年大會。各董事出席情況載列如下。

| Name of Directors<br>董事姓名   | General meeting attended/held<br>出席大會次數／全部大會次數 | Attendance rate<br>出席率 |
|---|--|------------------------|
| <b>Executive Directors</b><br><b>執行董事</b>                                     |  |                        |
| Huang Jiajue<br>黃佳爵   | 1/1  | 100%                   |
| Luo Zhihai<br>羅智海   | 1/1  | 100%                   |
| Ma Yilin (Resigned with effect from<br>11 January 2021)<br>馬懌林(於2021年1月11日辭任) | 0/1  | 0%                     |
| <b>Non-executive Directors</b><br><b>非執行董事</b>                                |  |                        |
| Chu Hing Tsung<br>朱慶崧   | 0/1  | 0%                     |
| Chen Zhiwei<br>陳志偉  | 1/1  | 100%                   |
| <b>Independent non-executive Directors</b><br><b>獨立非執行董事</b>                  |  |                        |
| Liang Qing<br>梁青  | 1/1  | 100%                   |
| Zhang Lu<br>張璐  | 1/1  | 100%                   |
| Hung Muk Ming<br>洪木明  | 1/1  | 100%                   |

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

### Auditor's Remuneration

The Group's consolidated financial statements for the Year 2020 were audited by Ernst & Young at a total fee of HK\$5,350,000. The said audit fee was approved by the Audit Committee and endorsed by the Board.

### Remuneration of Senior Management

The emoluments paid to senior management were amongst the emoluments paid to the five highest paid individuals of the Group and are set out in Note 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

### 核數師酬金

本集團2020年度的綜合財務報表由安永會計師事務所審核，核數費用總額為5,350,000港元。該項核數費用已獲得審核委員會批准並得到董事會背書認可。

### 高級管理人員薪酬

支付予高級管理人員之酬金包括在本集團5名最高薪人士之內並且已載列於綜合財務報表附註10。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

## Directors' Responsibility Statement

The Board acknowledges its responsibilities for the preparation of the financial statements of the Company for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs, results and cash flow of the Group for that year in compliance with the relevant laws and disclosure requirements in the Listing Rules.

In preparing the financial statements for Year 2020, the Directors have (i) selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently; (ii) adopted appropriate Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and Hong Kong Accounting Standards; (iii) made adjustments and estimates that are prudent and reasonable; and (iv) prepared the consolidated financial statements on the going concern basis. Up to the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties that will seriously affect the going concern basis of the Group.

The Directors are also responsible for keeping proper accounting records, which reflect the financial position of the Group accurately at all times. The Directors also have general responsibilities for setting up an appropriate internal control system, which is mainly to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities. The Directors have reviewed the internal control system of the Group and are satisfied that the internal control system of the Group is functioning properly.

## Shareholders' Rights

Set out below is a summary of certain rights of the Shareholders as required to be disclosed pursuant to the mandatory disclosure requirements under the CG Code.

### Convening General Meeting on Request

Shareholder(s) may request the Directors to convene an extraordinary general meeting pursuant to Sections 566 to 568 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("Companies Ordinance").

## 董事的責任聲明

董事會確認其對各財政年度所編製的本公司財務報表的責任，該等財務報表應遵從有關法律及上市規則的披露規定，真確地反映本集團於該年度的業務狀況、業績及現金流。

在編製2020年度之綜合財務報表時，董事(i)已選取合適的會計政策，並貫徹應用；(ii)採用適當的香港財務報告準則及香港會計準則；(iii)作出審慎及合理的調整及估計；及(iv)按持續經營基準編製財務報表。截至本報告日止，董事並不獲悉任何將會嚴重地影響本集團持續經營基準的重大不確定因素。

董事亦負責保存適當的會計紀錄，使於任何時間準確反映本集團的財務狀況。董事亦有一般責任設立適當的內部監控系統，其主要目的為保障本集團資產與防止及揭發舞弊以及其他不當的行為。董事已檢討過本集團的內部監控系統並認為本集團的內部監控系統行之有效。

## 股東權利

根據企業管治守則的強制性披露規定須予披露的本公司股東的若干權利摘要如下。

### 應請求召開股東大會

股東可根據香港法例第622章公司條例(「公司條例」)第566至568條要求董事召開股東特別大會。

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

### Shareholders' Rights (Continued)

#### Convening General Meeting on Request (Continued)

In accordance with Section 566 of the Companies Ordinance, the Directors are required to call a general meeting if the Company has received requests to do so from members of the Company representing at least 5% of the total voting rights of all the members of the Company having a right to vote at general meeting. Such requests must state the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the meeting, and may include the text of a resolution that may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at the meeting. Such requests may be sent to the Company in hard copy form (by depositing at the registered office of the Company at Suite 4901, 49th Floor, Office Tower, Convention Plaza, 1 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong for the attention of the Board) or in electronic form (by email: [info@silvergrant.com.hk](mailto:info@silvergrant.com.hk)); and must be authenticated by the person or persons making it. In accordance with Section 567 of the Companies Ordinance, the Directors must call a meeting within 21 days after the date on which they become subject to the requirement under Section 566 of the Companies Ordinance and such meeting must be held on a date not more than 28 days after the date of the notice convening the meeting.

If the Directors do not, within 21 days from the date of the deposit of the requisition, proceed duly to convene an extraordinary general meeting on a day not more than 28 days after the date on which the notice convening the extraordinary general meeting is given, the Shareholder(s) concerned, or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene an extraordinary general meeting, provided that the extraordinary general meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of 3 months from the said date.

The extraordinary general meeting convened by Shareholders shall be convened in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which general meetings are to be convened by the Directors.

### 股東權利(續)

#### 應請求召開股東大會(續)

根據公司條例第566條，如本公司收到佔全體有權在股東大會上投票之股東之總投票權最少5%之本公司股東之要求，要求召開股東大會，則董事須召開股東大會。有關要求須述明有待在大會上處理之事務之一般性質，及可包含可在該大會上恰當地動議並擬在該大會上動議之決議案之文本。有關要求可採用印本形式(透過送達本公司之註冊辦事處，地址為香港灣仔港灣道1號會展廣場辦公大樓49樓4901室，註明董事會為收件人)或電子形式(透過電郵至 [info@silvergrant.com.hk](mailto:info@silvergrant.com.hk))送交本公司，及須經提出該要求之人士認證。根據公司條例第567條，董事須於彼等受到新公司條例第566條規定所規限之日期後之21日內召開大會，而該大會須在召開大會通知日期後之28日內舉行。

倘董事在該份請求書存放日期起計21天內，未有在召開股東特別大會通告發出日期後28天內妥為安排召開股東特別大會，則該等股東或佔該等全體股東總表決權一半以上的任何股東，可自行召開股東特別大會，但如此召開的股東特別大會不得在上述日期起計3個月屆滿後舉行。

由股東召開的股東特別大會，須盡可能以接近董事召開股東大會的相同方式召開。

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

### Shareholders' Rights (Continued)

#### Procedures for Directing Shareholders' Enquires to the Board

Shareholders can raise enquiries to the Board. All enquiries shall be in writing and sent by post to the registered office of the Company at Suite 4901, 49/F, Office Tower, Convention Plaza, 1 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong for the attention of the Company Secretary.

#### Putting Forward Proposals at Annual General Meetings

To put forward a resolution at an annual general meeting, Shareholders are requested to follow the requirements and procedures set out in Sections 615 and 616 of the Companies Ordinance.

Section 615 of the Companies Ordinance provides that the Company must give notice of a resolution if it has received requests that it do so from (a) the members of the Company representing at least 2.5% of the total voting rights of all the members of the Company who have a right to vote on the resolution at the annual general meeting to which the requests relate; or (b) at least 50 members of the Company who have a right to vote on the resolution at the annual general meeting to which the requests relate. Such requests (a) may be sent to the Company in hard copy form (by depositing at the registered office of the Company at Suite 4901, 49th Floor, Office Tower, Convention Plaza, 1 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong for the attention of the Board) or in electronic form (by email: info@silvergrant.com.hk); (b) must identify the resolution of which notice is to be given; (c) must be authenticated by the person or persons making it; and (d) must be received by the Company not later than (i) 6 weeks before the annual general meeting to which the requests relate; or (ii) if later, the time at which notice is given of that meeting. Section 616 of the Companies Ordinance provides that the Company which is required under Section 615 of the Companies Ordinance to give notice of a resolution must send a copy of it at the Company's own expense to each member of the Company entitled to receive notice of the annual general meeting (a) in the same manner as the notice of the meeting; and (b) at the same time as, or as soon as reasonably practicable after, it gives notice of the meeting.

### 股東權利(續)

#### 向董事會傳達股東查詢的程序

股東可向董事會作出查詢。所有查詢均須為書面形式，並以郵遞方式送達本公司註冊辦事處(地址為香港灣仔港灣道1號會展廣場辦公大樓49樓4901室)，由公司秘書收啟。

#### 於股東週年大會上提出議案

倘擬於股東週年大會上提呈一項決議案，股東須依照公司條例第615條及616條進行。

公司條例第615條訂明，本公司如收到以下股東之要求，要求發出某決議案之通知，則須發出該通知(a)佔全體有權在該要求所關乎之股東週年大會上，就該決議案投票之股東之總投票權最少2.5%之本公司股東；或(b)最少50名有權在該要求所關乎之股東週年大會上就該決議案投票之股東。有關要求(a)可採用印本形式(透過送達本公司之註冊辦事處，地址為香港灣仔港灣道1號會展廣場辦公大樓49樓4901室，註明董事會為收件人)或電子形式(透過電郵至 info@silvergrant.com.hk)送交本公司；(b)須指出有待發出通知所關乎之決議案；(c)須經提出該要求之人士認證；及(d)須於不遲過以下時間送抵本公司：(i)該要求所關乎之股東週年大會舉行前之6個星期之前；或(ii)該大會通知發出之時。公司條例第616條訂明，根據公司條例第615條須就某決議案發出通知之本公司須(a)按發出大會通知之同樣方式；及(b)在發出該大會通知之同時，或在發出該大會通知後，在合理切實可行之範圍內盡快，自費將該決議案之通知之文本，送交每名有權收到股東週年大會通知之本公司股東。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

## Shareholders' Rights (Continued)

### Proposing Director for Election at General Meetings

In respect of proposing a person for election as a Director at general meetings, please refer to the procedures available on the website of the Company at <http://www.silvergrant.com.hk>.

### Constitutional Documents

During Year 2020, there was no change in the Company's constitutional documents.

## Communication with Shareholders

The Company endeavours to maintain a high level of transparency in communicating with Shareholders and investors at large. In order to enhance the transparency of Shareholders' voting in a general meeting, separate resolutions are proposed at a general meeting on each substantially separate issue, including the election of individual Directors and all resolutions are voted on by poll. The Company will engage an external scrutineer to count the votes. The poll voting results will be published on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange at a later time on the same business day. In addition, the requirement for resolutions to be voted by poll is stated in the circular or the annual report to be despatched to Shareholders. Moreover, the chairman of the meeting will explain to Shareholders the described procedures for conducting a poll before voting at each general meeting.

The Company has maintained a website at <http://www.silvergrant.com.hk> which enables Shareholders, investors and the general public to have open access to the information of the Company. Financial information and all corporate communications of the Company are made available on the Company's website and are updated regularly.

Shareholders who wish to raise any queries with the Board may write to the Company Secretary at Suite 4901, 49/F, Office Tower, Convention Plaza, 1 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

## 股東權利(續)

### 在股東大會上建議候選董事

就擬在股東大會上建議候選本公司董事的人士而言，請參閱本公司網站 <http://www.silvergrant.com.hk> 所載之程序。

### 憲章文件

於2020年度內，本公司的組織章程文件並無變動。

## 與股東的溝通

本公司在與股東及大眾投資者溝通時，一直盡量保持透明度。此外，為了加強股東大會上股東投票的透明度，本公司於股東大會上對所有涉及具體事項的決議案包括選舉個別董事等均分開進行議案表決，而所有議案均採取按點票進行表決。為此，本公司會委任外部監票員進行點票工作，點票方式的投票結果亦會於有關大會結束後的同一個工作日上稍後時間上載及刊登於本公司及聯交所網站。此外，有關議案採取按點票方式進行表決的規定也會列於寄給股東的通函或年報內。同時於股東大會舉行但投票進行之前，會議主席會首先向股東解釋以按點票方式進行表決的詳細程序。

本公司常設一個網站於 <http://www.silvergrant.com.hk>，以為股東、投資者及公眾人士提供一個公開渠道取得本公司之資料。本公司財務資料及所有與股東之間的公司通訊均已上載於本公司網站，並且會定期作出更新。

倘若股東需要向董事會提出查詢，可隨時致函本公司公司秘書，地址為：香港灣仔港灣道1號會展廣場辦公大樓49樓4901室。

## DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

The Board presents the annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for Year 2020.

### Principal Activities

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in property leasing and investments. Details of the principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries and the Group's associates are set out in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements.

### Results and Appropriations

The results of the Group and appropriations of the Company for Year 2020 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on pages 106 to 107.

The Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of a final dividend for Year 2020.

董事會謹提呈2020年度之年報及經審核綜合財務報表。

### 主要業務

本公司為一家投資控股公司。本公司及其附屬公司的主要業務為從物業租賃及投資。本公司各附屬公司及本集團各聯營公司的主要業務詳情載列於綜合財務報表附註1。

### 業績及分配

2020年度，本集團的業績及本公司的分配載於第106頁至107頁之綜合損益表。

董事會已通過決議，不建議派付2020年度末期股息。



# DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

## Business Review

## 業務審視

The business review of the Group for Year 2020 is set out below:

本集團2020年度的業務審視載列如下：

|   | <b>Section in the Annual Report<br/>載列於年報之部份</b> | <b>Page No. of the Annual Report<br/>年報之頁數</b> |
|---|--|--|
| a. Fair view of the Company's business<br>對本公司業務的中肯審視   | CEO's Statements<br>行政總裁報告                       | 5-30   |
| b. Description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Company<br>對本公司面對的主要風險及不明朗因素的描述  | Directors' Report<br>董事會報告                       | 82-83  |
| c. Indication of likely future development in the Company's business<br>本公司業務相當可能有的未來發展的揭示  | CEO's Statements<br>行政總裁報告                       | 10-11  |
| d. Analysis using financial key performance indicators<br>運用財務關鍵表現指標進行的分析   | Financial Highlights<br>財務摘要                     | 2  |
| e. Discussion on the Company's environmental policies and performance<br>對本公司的環境政策及表現的探討  | Environmental, Social and Governance<br>環境、社會及管治 | 40-42  |
| f. An account of the Company's key relationships with its employees, customers and suppliers and others that have a significant impact on the Company and on which the Company's success depends<br>本公司與其僱員、顧客及供應商的重要關係的說明以及本公司與符合以下說明的其他人士的重要關係的說明：該人士對本公司有重大影響，而該公司的興盛繫於該人士 | Directors' Report<br>董事會報告                       | 93   |
| g. Discussion on the Company's compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Company<br>對本公司遵守對本公司有重大影響的有關法律及規例的情況的探討   | Directors' Report<br>董事會報告                       | 81   |

# DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

## Business Review (Continued)

### Issue of Senior Note

On 8 December 2020, the Company as the issuer, Mr. Chu Hing Tsung (“Mr. Chu”), a non-executive Director and the chairman of the Board, as the guarantor, CNCB (Hong Kong) Investment Limited (“Investor”) as the investor and CNCB (Hong Kong) Capital Limited as the arranger, entered into a subscription agreement (“Subscription Agreement”), pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to issue to the Investor, and the Investor has conditionally agreed to subscribe for, a senior secured guaranteed note (“Senior Note”) in the aggregate principal amount of US\$19,800,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$154,440,000) maturing on the date falling one year from the issue date of the Senior Note (“Issue Date”). The consummation of the issue and subscription of the Senior Note is subject to the fulfilment or waiver of all the conditions precedent set out in the Subscription Agreement and will take place within three business days after all such conditions precedent have been fulfilled or waived. Interest shall accrue on the Senior Note from (and including) the Issue Date until (and including) the date on which the Senior Note is redeemed in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Senior Note at the rate of 7.5% per annum on the outstanding principal amount of the Senior Note, payable quarterly in arrears. If an event of default occurs and is continuing, the interest rate for the period from (and including) the date of occurrence of such event of default until (and including) the date on which such event of default ceases to continue, shall be adjusted to a rate of 15% per annum. Pursuant to the Subscription Agreement, the Senior Note is required to be secured by a personal guarantee to be executed by Mr. Chu in favour of the Investor and mortgages to be executed by the Group over certain properties owned by the Group in favour of the Investor. The Senior Note will constitute direct, unconditional, secured, guaranteed, unsubordinated and general obligations of the Company and will rank at least pari passu with all other present and future direct, unconditional, unsecured, unsubordinated and general obligations of the Company.

## 業務審視(續)

### 發行優先票據

於2020年12月8日，本公司(作為發行人)、朱慶淞先生(「朱先生」，為非執行董事及董事會主席)(作為擔保人)、信銀(香港)投資有限公司(「投資者」)(作為投資者)及信銀(香港)資本有限公司(作為經辦人)訂立認購協議(「認購協議」)，據此，本公司有條件同意向投資者發行，而投資者有條件同意認購本金總額為19,800,000美元(相當於約154,440,000港元)之優先有抵押有擔保票據(「優先票據」)，於優先票據發行日(「發行日」)起計一年當日到期。發行及認購優先票據須待認購協議所載之所有先決條件達成或獲豁免後，方可作實，並將於所有該等先決條件達成或獲豁免後三個營業日內落實。優先票據須自發行日(包括該日)起至根據優先票據之條款及條件贖回優先票據當日(包括該日)對優先票據之未償還本金按年利率7.5%計息，利息每季支付。倘違約事件發生並一直持續，則自發生該違約事件當日(包括該日)起至該違約事件不再持續當日(包括該日)期間之利率將調整為每年15%。根據認購協議，優先票據須以朱先生以投資者為受益人所簽立之個人擔保及本集團就本集團所擁有之若干物業以投資者為受益人簽立之按揭作抵押。優先票據將構成本公司之直接、無條件、有抵押、有擔保、非後償及一般責任，並將至少與本公司所有其他現時及將來之直接、無條件、無抵押、非後償及一般責任具有同等地位。

# DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

## Business Review (Continued)

### Issue of Senior Note (Continued)

On 18 December 2020, the Company issued the Senior Note in the aggregate principal amount of US\$19,800,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$154,440,000) to the Investor. The Board considered that the issue of the Senior Note represented an opportunity to obtain funding for the Group. The net proceeds, after deducting issuance costs, received by the Company from the issue of the Senior Note amounting to approximately US\$19,300,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$150,540,000), would be used by the Group as its general working capital. As at the date of this report, the net proceeds from the issue of the Senior Note have been fully utilised by the Group as intended.

Further details of the Senior Note are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 8 December 2020.

### Issue of Convertible Bonds

On 20 May 2019, the Company entered into a placing agreement ("Placing Agreement") with CMB International Capital Limited ("Placing Agent"), pursuant to which the Company conditionally agreed to place through the Placing Agent, on a best effort basis, 7% senior unsecured and guaranteed convertible bonds ("Convertible Bonds") of the Company due 2022 of an aggregate principal amount of up to HK\$200,000,000, to placees who and whose subsidiaries or associates are independent third parties (within the meaning of the Listing Rules) of the Company, at the conversion price ("Conversion Price") of HK\$2.33 per ordinary share with no par value ("Conversion Share") of the Company ("Placing").

On 22 May 2019, the Company entered into a subscription agreement ("JIC Subscription Agreement") with JIC (Hong Kong) Holding Limited ("JIC") (a placee procured by the Placing Agent, who and whose ultimate beneficial owner(s) are independent third parties (within the meaning of the Listing Rules)), in relation to JIC's subscription for the Convertible Bonds with a principal amount of up to HK\$200,000,000 ("JIC Subscription").

## 業務審視(續)

### 發行優先票據(續)

於2020年12月18日，本公司向投資者發行本金總額為19,800,000美元(相當於約154,440,000港元)之優先票據。董事會認為，發行優先票據為本集團獲取資金之機會。本公司發行優先票據之所得款項淨額(經扣除發行成本)約為19,300,000美元(相當於約150,540,000港元)將用作本集團之一般營運資金。於本報告日期，本集團已按原定計劃悉數動用發行優先票據之所得款項淨額。

優先票據的進一步詳情載於本公司日期為2020年12月8日之公告。

### 發行可換股債券

於2019年5月20日，本公司與招銀國際融資有限公司(「配售代理」)訂立配售協議(「配售協議」)，據此，本公司已有條件同意透過配售代理盡力配售本公司合共本金額最多200,000,000港元而於2022年到期之7%優先無抵押而具擔保可換股債券(「可換股債券」)予承配人(其及其附屬公司或聯營公司為本公司的獨立第三方(定義見上市規則))，兌換價(「兌換價」)為本公司每股無面值普通股(「兌換股份」)2.33港元(「配售事項」)。

於2019年5月22日，本公司與中國建投(香港)有限公司(「中國建投」)(配售代理確保之承配人，而其及其最終受益擁有人為獨立第三方(定義見上市規則))訂立認購協議(「中國建投認購協議」)，內容有關中國建投認購本金額為最多200,000,000港元的可換股債券(「中國建投認購事項」)。

# DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

## Business Review (Continued)

### Issue of Convertible Bonds (Continued)

Save for (a) the date of the agreement; (b) the identity of the subscriber; (c) the principal amount of the Convertible Bonds to be subscribed; and (d) the inclusion of two additional conditions precedent to the completion of the JIC Subscription Agreement (namely, (i) Mr. Chu Hing Tsung (“Mr. Chu”), the Chairman, a non-executive Director and a substantial Shareholder (within the meaning of the Listing Rules), having executed and delivered to JIC the Guarantees (as defined below); and (ii) the Company shall have completed all of the obligations under the JIC Subscription Agreement required on or before the completion date); the principal terms of the JIC Subscription Agreement are substantially the same as to those of the Connected Subscription Agreements (as defined below).

On 20 May 2019, the Company also entered into a subscription agreement (“Connected Subscription Agreement”, collectively the “Connected Subscription Agreements”) with each of Regent Star International Limited (“Regent Star”), Mr. Gao Jian Min (“Mr. Gao”), Wonderful Sky Financial Group Holdings Limited (“Wonderfulsky”), Ms. Luk Ching Sanna (“Ms. Luk”) and Excel Bright Capital Limited (“Excel Bright”) (collectively the “Connected Subscribers”, and each a “Connected Subscriber”), who were all connected persons (within the meaning of the Listing Rules) of the Company as at the date of the Connected Subscription Agreements, pursuant to which the Company conditionally agreed to issue, and each of the relevant Connected Subscribers conditionally agreed to subscribe for, the Convertible Bonds in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$950,000,000, at the Conversion Price (“Connected Subscriptions”). Mr. Chu has provided personal guarantees (“Guarantees”) in favour of the relevant subscriber pursuant to the JIC Subscription Agreement and the Connected Subscription Agreements.

## 業務審視 (續)

### 發行可換股債券 (續)

除 (a) 協議日期；(b) 認購人身份；(c) 將予認購可換股債券之本金額；及 (d) 新增兩項完成中國建投認購協議之先決條件 (即 (i) 主席、非執行董事及主要股東 (定義見上市規則) 朱慶淞先生 (「朱先生」) 簽立及向中國建投發出擔保 (定義見下文)；及 (ii) 本公司須於完成日期或之前完成中國建投認購協議項下全部所需責任) 外，中國建投認購協議之主要條款在所有重大方面，均與關連認購協議 (定義見下文) 之主要條款相同。

於2019年5月20日，本公司亦與星耀國際有限公司 (「星耀」)、高建民先生 (「高先生」)、皓天財經集團控股有限公司 (「皓天」)、陸晴女士 (「陸女士」) 及 Excel Bright Capital Limited (「Excel Bright」) 各自 (統稱為「關連認購人」) 及各自稱為「關連認購人」(彼等於關連認購協議日期全為本公司關連人士 (定義見上市規則)) 訂立認購協議 (「關連認購協議」，統稱為「關連認購協議」)，據此，本公司有條件同意發行，且相關關連認購人有條件同意以兌換價認購本金總額為950,000,000 港元的可換股債券 (「關連認購事項」)。朱先生已根據中國建投認購協議及關連認購協議以相關認購人為受益人提供個人擔保 (「擔保」)。

# DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

## Business Review (Continued)

### Issue of Convertible Bonds (Continued)

Completion of the JIC Subscription and the Connected Subscriptions took place on 3 July 2019. The gross proceeds from the issue of the Convertible Bonds were in the amount of HK\$1,150,000,000. The net proceeds from the issue of the Convertible Bonds, after deduction of all relevant costs and expenses, amounted to approximately HK\$1,147,000,000, among which (i) approximately HK\$500,000,000 would be used for repaying the Company's short-term debts; (ii) approximately HK\$400,000,000 would be used for expanding the Company's business to the financial investment and service industry, such as acquisition of and investment in distressed debts in the PRC; and (iii) approximately HK\$247,000,000 would be used as general working capital of the Company. As at the date of this annual report, the net proceeds have been fully utilised as intended.

### Principal terms of the Convertible Bonds

The issue price of the Convertible Bonds is 100% of the principal amount of the Convertible Bonds, which is HK\$1,150,000,000 in aggregate (among which a principal amount of HK\$200,000,000 was placed to JIC through the Placing; and the principal amount of HK\$450,000,000, HK\$200,000,000, HK\$100,000,000, HK\$100,000,000 and HK\$100,000,000 were subscribed for by Regent Star, Mr. Gao, Wonderfolsky, Ms. Luk and Excel Bright, respectively). The maturity date of the Convertible Bonds ("Maturity Date") was the date falling on the 36th month from the issue date of the Convertible Bonds. The Convertible Bonds bear interest at the rate of 7% per annum payable semi-annually from the issue date of the Convertible Bonds. Assuming there is no early redemption of the Convertible Bonds and all of the Convertible Bonds are redeemed only on the Maturity Date, the effective interest rate of the Convertible Bonds is approximately 12.0% per annum. The conversion period of the Convertible Bonds is from the issue date of the Convertible Bonds up to the close of business on a date which is five (5) trading days prior to the Maturity Date.

## 業務審視(續)

### 發行可換股債券(續)

中國建投認購事項及關連認購事項於2019年7月3日完成。來自發行可換股債券的所得款項總額為1,150,000,000 港元。來自發行可換股債券的所得款項淨額經扣除所有相關成本及開支後約為1,147,000,000 港元，其中(i)約500,000,000 港元將用作償還本公司短期債務；(ii)約400,000,000 港元將用作擴展本公司業務至金融投資及股務行業，如收購及投資於中國的不良債務；及(iii)約247,000,000港元將用作本公司一般營運資金。於本年報日期，所得款項淨額已按擬定用途悉數運用。

### 可換股債券之主要條款

可換股債券之發行價為可換股債券本金總額之100%，合共1,150,000,000港元(其中本金額200,000,000港元透過配售事項配售予中國建投；而本金額450,000,000港元、200,000,000港元、100,000,000港元、100,000,000港元及100,000,000港元則分別獲星耀、高先生、皓天、陸女士及Excel Bright認購)。可換股債券之到期日(「到期日」)為可換股債券發行日期起計第36個月當日。可換股債券按年利率7釐計息，自可換股債券發行日起每半年支付一次。可換股債券自可換股債券發行日期起按年利率7%計息，且每半年付息。假設並無提早贖回可換股債券，且所有可換股債券僅於到期日贖回，則可換股債券之實際年利率約為12.0%。可換股債券之兌換期自可換股債券發行日期起至到期日前五(5)個交易日收市為止。

# DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

## Business Review (Continued)

### Issue of Convertible Bonds (Continued)

#### Principal terms of the Convertible Bonds (Continued)

The Conversion Price of HK\$2.33 per Conversion Share represents (i) a premium of approximately 39% to the closing price of HK\$1.68 per Share as quoted on the Stock Exchange on 20 May 2019, being the date of the Placing Agreement and the Connected Subscription Agreements; and (ii) a premium of approximately 40% to the average closing price of HK\$1.66 per Share as quoted on the Stock Exchange for the last five consecutive trading days prior to the date of the Placing Agreement and the Connected Subscription Agreements.

A bondholder of the Convertible bonds can only exercise his/her/its conversion rights on the conditions that (i) no obligation will arise on the bondholder to make a general offer to the Shareholders for all securities of the Company under Rule 26 of the Takeovers Code upon exercising of the conversion rights; and (ii) no Listing Rules, including the minimum public float requirements of the Company under Listing Rules, will be breached as a result of an exercise of the conversion rights.

Unless previously redeemed, converted, purchased or cancelled, the Company will redeem all of the Convertible Bonds on the Maturity Date at such amount equivalent to 116.5% of the principal amount of the outstanding Convertible Bonds (inclusive of interests received up to the Maturity Date).

The Convertible Bonds constitute direct, unsubordinated, unconditional and unsecured obligations of the Company and shall at all times rank pari passu and without any preference or priority among themselves and pari passu with all other present and future direct, unsubordinated, unconditional and unsecured obligations of the Company.

## 業務審視 (續)

### 發行可換股債券 (續)

#### 可換股債券之主要條款 (續)

每股兌換股份2.33港元之兌換價較(i)於2019年5月20日(即配售協議及關連認購協議日期)聯交所所報收市價每股股份1.68港元溢價約39%；及(ii)於配售協議及關連認購協議日期前最後五個連續交易日聯交所所報平均收市價每股股份1.66港元溢價約40%。

可換股債券持有人僅能於以下條件下行使其兌換權：(i)債券持有人在行使兌換權後將不會引起收購守則規則26項下就本公司之所有證券向股東提出全面要約之責任；及(ii)行使兌換權將不會違反任何上市規則，包括上市規則項下本公司之最低公眾持股量之規定。

除非已於先前贖回、轉換、購買或註銷，本公司將於到期日按相當於尚未償付可換股債券本金額之116.5%之金額贖回所有可換股債券，包括截至到期日所收取之利息。

可換股債券構成本公司直接、非後償、無條件及無抵押之責任，且彼此之間於任何時間應一直享有同等地位，並無任何優先次序或優惠，及與本公司所有其他現有及未來直接、非後償、無條件及無抵押之責任享有同等地位。

# DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

## Business Review (Continued)

### Issue of Convertible Bonds (Continued)

#### ***Dilutive impact of the conversion of the Convertible Bonds***

As at the date of this report, none of the Convertible Bonds has been converted.

Assuming there is full conversion of the Convertible Bonds at the Conversion Price of HK\$2.33 per Share, the net subscription price for each Conversion Share is approximately HK\$2.32 per Share and an aggregate of 493,562,227 Shares shall be allotted and issued (among which 85,836,909 Shares will be issued under the Placing and 407,725,318 Shares will be issued under the Connected Subscriptions), representing approximately 21.4% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of this report and approximately 17.6% of the total number of Shares in issue as enlarged by the allotment and issue of the Conversion Shares (assuming no other change in the issued share capital of the Company). Such allotment and issue of the Conversion Shares will result in the respective shareholdings of the Shareholders being diluted by approximately 17.6%.

## 業務審視 (續)

### 發行可換股債券 (續)

#### **轉換可換股債券的攤薄影響**

於本報告日期，概無可換股債券獲兌換。

假設可換股債券按兌換價每股股份2.33港元悉數轉換，每股兌換股份的淨認購價約為每股股份2.32港元，及合共493,562,227股股份將予配發及發行(其中85,836,909股股份將根據配售事項發行，而407,725,318股股份將根據關連認購事項發行)，佔於本報告日期已發行股份總數約21.4%，及經配發及發行兌換股份擴大後已發行股份總數約17.6%(假設本公司已發行股本並無其他變動)。該兌換股份之配發及發行將導致股東各自的股權被攤薄約17.6%。

# DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

## Business Review (Continued)

### Issue of Convertible Bonds (Continued)

#### **Dilutive impact of the conversion of the Convertible Bonds (Continued)**

Set out below is the dilution effect on the equity interest of the substantial Shareholders (within the meaning of the Listing Rules) if there had been full conversion of the outstanding Convertible Bonds as at 31 December 2020:

| Name of Shareholders<br>股東名稱 | As at 31 December 2020<br>於2020年12月31日            |  | Upon full conversion of the<br>Convertible Bonds under the<br>Placing<br>根據配售事項<br>全面兌換可換股債券後 |  | Upon full conversion of the<br>Convertible Bonds under the<br>Connected Subscriptions<br>根據關連認購事項<br>全面兌換可換股債券後 |  | Upon full conversion of the<br>Convertible Bonds under the<br>Placing and the Connected<br>Subscriptions<br>根據配售事項及關連認購事項<br>全面兌換可換股債券後 |  |
|------------------------------|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|
|                              | Approximate<br>Number of<br>Shares held<br>所持股份數目 | percentage of<br>shareholding<br>概約持股<br>百分比 | Approximate<br>Number of<br>Shares held<br>所持股份數目   | percentage of<br>shareholding<br>概約持股<br>百分比 | Approximate<br>Number of<br>Shares held<br>所持股份數目   | percentage of<br>shareholding<br>概約持股<br>百分比 | Approximate<br>Number of<br>Shares held<br>所持股份數目   | percentage of<br>shareholding<br>概約持股<br>百分比 |
| Zhuguang Holdings<br>珠光控股    | 681,240,022                                       | 29.56%                                       | 681,240,022   | 28.5%  | 681,240,022   | 25.1%  | 681,240,022   | 24.3%  |
| Regent Star<br>星耀            | 438,056,000                                       | 19.01%                                       | 438,056,000   | 18.3%  | 631,189,047   | 23.3%  | 631,189,047   | 22.6%  |

*Note:* Zhuguang Holdings owns 681,240,022 Shares through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Splendid Reach Limited. Zhuguang Holdings is owned as to 67.08% by Rong De Investments Limited, and Mr. Chu, the Chairman and a non-executive Director, holds 34.06% equity interest in Rong De Investments Limited.

## 業務審視(續)

### 發行可換股債券(續)

#### 轉換可換股債券的攤薄影響(續)

以下載列倘於2020年12月31日已全數轉換未償付可換股債券，對主要股東(定義見上市規則)權益產生的攤薄影響：

*附註：* 珠光控股通過其全資擁有附屬公司 Splendid Reach Limited 擁有681,240,022 股股份。珠光控股由融德投資有限公司擁有67.08% 股權，而主席兼非執行董事朱先生於融德投資有限公司中持有34.06% 的股本權益。



# DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

## Business Review (Continued)

### Issue of Convertible Bonds (Continued)

#### **Dilutive impact of the conversion of the Convertible Bonds (Continued)**

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had total net assets of approximately HK\$7,383,993,000 and total net current assets of approximately HK\$3,221,138,000. Based on the financial and liquidity positions of the Group and to the best knowledge and belief of the Company, the Company expects that it will be able to meet its redemption obligations under the Convertible Bonds.

An analysis of the Company's share price at which it would be equally financially advantageous for the holders of the Convertible Bonds to convert or redeem the Convertible Bonds based on their implied internal rate of return at a range of dates in the future is set out below:

## 業務審視(續)

### 發行可換股債券(續)

#### 轉換可換股債券的攤薄影響(續)

於2020年12月31日，本集團淨資產總額約7,383,993,000港元，淨流動資產總額約3,221,138,000港元。按本集團之財務及流動資金狀況，以及就本公司所知及確信，本公司預期將有能力應付可換股債券項下之贖回責任。

根據日後若干日期之可換股債券的隱含內部回報率，可換股債券之持有人轉換及贖回可換股債券將具有同等財務優勢之情況之本公司股價分析載列如下：

#### Share price 股價 (HK\$) (港元)

|  |   |                    |
|--|---|--------------------|
| 30 June 2021   | 2021年6月30日  | 每股2.9591 per Share |
| 31 December 2021   | 2021年12月31日   | 每股2.8775 per Share |
| 3 July 2022 (i.e. the Maturity Date, on which the Company will redeem all of the Convertible Bonds at such amount equivalent to 116.5% of the principal amount of the outstanding Convertible Bonds, inclusive of interests received up to the Maturity Date, unless any of such Convertible Bonds have already been previously redeemed, converted, purchased or cancelled) | 2022年7月3日(即到期日，除非已於先前贖回、轉換、購買或註銷，本公司將於當日按相當於尚未行使可換股債券本金額(包括截至到期日止收取之利息)之116.5%之金額贖回全部可換股債券) | 每股2.7960 per Share |

Details of the Placing, the JIC Subscription and the Connected Subscriptions are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 20 May 2019, 22 May 2019 and 27 June 2019, and the circular of the Company dated 10 June 2019.

有關配售事項、中國建投認購事項及關連認購事項的詳情載於本公司日期為2019年5月20日、2019年5月22日及2019年6月27日的公告及本公司日期為2019年6月10日的通函。

# DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

## Business Review (Continued)

### Compliance with laws and regulations

The Company was incorporated in Hong Kong with its shares listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. The Company's subsidiaries were incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, Hong Kong and the PRC. The Group's operations are mainly carried out by the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC and through certain property investments in Hong Kong.

The Group's principal business activities are property leasing and investments in the PRC and Hong Kong which are highly regulated businesses. To engage in investments (both in the PRC and Hong Kong) and financial services, the Group must obtain relevant permits from government authorities before the commencement of the business. Set out below is a summary of certain aspects of the PRC and Hong Kong legal and regulatory provisions relating to the Group's operations and business:

- Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong);
- 私募投資基金監督管理暫行辦法(Interim Measures for the Supervision and Administration of Privately Offered Investment Funds\*); and
- 私募投資基金募集行為管理辦法(Measures for the Administration of the Fundraising of Privately Offered Investment Funds\*);

If there is any non-compliance with the above rules and regulations, it will affect the Group's operations, development and financial performance. During Year 2020, the Group complied with all the relevant laws and regulations in Hong Kong, the British Virgin Islands and the PRC that have a significant impact on the Group.

\* English name is translated for identification purpose only

## 業務審視(續)

### 法律與規例的遵守

本公司於香港註冊成立，其股份於聯交所主板上市。本公司之附屬公司於英屬處女群島、香港及中國註冊成立。本集團之營運主要由本公司之中國附屬公司及香港若干物業投資公司從事。

本集團的主要業務為從事於香港及中國之物業租賃及投資，業務受高度監管。為從事中國及香港的投資及金融服務，本集團須於開展業務前向政府機關取得相關許可證。有關本集團營運及業務的若干中國及香港法律及監管規定的概要載列如下：

- 香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例；
- 私募投資基金監督管理暫行辦法；及
- 私募投資基金募集行為管理辦法；

不遵守任何以上的規則及規例將影響本集團之經營、發展及財務表現。於2020年度，本集團遵守香港、英屬處女群島及中國對本集團有重大影響的所有相關法律及規例。

\* 英文名稱僅供識別

## DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

### Key Risk Factors

The following paragraphs list out the key risks and uncertainties facing the Group. It is a non-exhaustive list and there may be other risks and uncertainties in addition to the key risk areas outlined below. Besides, this annual report does not constitute a recommendation or an advice for anyone to invest in the securities of the Company and investors are advised to make their own judgment or consult their own investment advisors before making any investment in the securities of the Company.

#### **Operational Risks**

The Group's operation is subject to a number of risk factors distinctive to direct investment, property investment and property related businesses. Default on the part of the Group's buyers, tenants and strategic business partners, and inadequacies or failures of internal processes, people and systems or other external factors may have various levels of negative impact on the Group's results of operations. Additionally, accidents may happen despite systems and policies set up for their prevention, which may lead to financial loss, litigation or damage in reputation.

#### **Policy Risks**

The Group's principal operating activities are in the mainland China. The mainland market operates a system of planned economy. New laws and regulations are launched from time to time to regulate and/or promote economic activities. The enactment of any new regulatory policies may have various levels of negative impact on the Group's results of operations.

### 主要風險因素

以下列出本集團面對的主要風險及不明朗因素。此處未能詳錄所有因素；除下列主要範疇外，亦可能存在其他風險及不明朗因素。此外，本年報不對任何人就投資本公司證券作出任何建議或意見。投資者在投資本公司證券之前，應自行判斷或徵詢其投資顧問的意見。

#### **營運風險**

本集團的營運受到直接投資、地產投資及地產相關業務多種特有的風險因素所影響。來自本集團的買家、租戶及策略性業務夥伴的失責行為、內部流程、人為及系統性不足或失誤，或其他外圍因素對本集團的營運可能構成不同程度的負面影響。另外，即使本集團已制定了防範意外的系統和政策，意外仍然可能發生，因而引致財政損失、訴訟或聲譽受損。

#### **政策風險**

本集團主要於中國內地從事經營活動。內地市場採用計劃經濟系統。新的法律及規則將不時推出作為調節及／或鼓勵經濟活動。新出台任何新的規劃政策將可能會對本集團的營運業績帶來不同程度負面影響。

# DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

## Key Risk Factors (Continued)

### Past Performance and Forward Looking Statements

The performance and the results of operation of the Group as set out in this annual report are historical in nature and past performance is not a guarantee of future performance. This annual report may contain forward-looking statements and opinions that involve risks and uncertainties. Actual results may also differ materially from expectations discussed in such forward-looking statements and opinions. Neither the Group nor the Directors, employees or agents of the Group assume any obligations or liabilities in the event that any of the forward-looking statements or opinions does not materialise or turns out to be incorrect.

### Fixed Assets

The Group's leasehold land and buildings were revalued at 31 December 2020. The deficit on revaluation of the leasehold land and buildings of approximately HK\$35,779,000 has been debited to the asset revaluation reserve.

The Group revalued all of its investment properties at 31 December 2020. The net decrease in fair value of investment properties, which has been debited directly to the consolidated statement of profit or loss, amounted to approximately HK\$13,555,000.

Details of the valuation and movements of the investment properties and property, plant and equipment of the Group during Year 2020 are set out in Notes 15 and 16 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

Details of the major investment properties of the Group at 31 December 2020 are set out in the section under "Summary of Investment Properties" of this annual report.

## 主要風險因素(續)

### 過往表現及前瞻性陳述

本集團在本年報所載的業務表現及營運業績僅屬歷史數據，過往表現並不保證日後表現。本年報或載有前瞻性陳述及意見而當中涉及風險及不明朗因素。實際業務表現可能與前瞻性陳述及意見中論及的預期表現有重大差異。本集團、其董事、僱員或代理均不承擔倘因任何前瞻性陳述或意見不能實現或變得不正確而引致的任何責任。

### 固定資產

本集團的租賃土地及樓宇於2020年12月31日之價值經已作出重估。租賃土地及樓宇重估虧損金額約35,779,000港元已於資產重估儲備扣除。

本集團經已重估其所有投資物業於2020年12月31日之價值。投資物業公允值減少之淨額約為13,555,000元，並經已直接於綜合損益表中計入。

有關本集團的投資物業及物業、廠房及設備於2020年度之估值詳情及變動，經已分別載於綜合財務報表附註15及16。

有關本集團主要投資物業於2020年12月31日之詳情，已載於本年報之「投資物業概要」部分。

## DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

### Charitable Donations

No material donation was made to charitable organisations by the Group during Year 2020.

### Share Capital

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during Year 2020 are set out in Note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

### Distributable Reserves of the Company

The Company's reserves available for distribution to Shareholders as at 31 December 2020 comprised the retained profits of approximately HK\$319,000,000.

### Equity Linked Agreements

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Issue of Convertible Bonds" above, no equity linked agreements were entered into by the Group during Year 2020 or subsisted at the end of Year 2020.

### Directors

The Directors during Year 2020 and up to the date of this report are:

#### Executive Directors

Huang Jiajue (*Chief Executive Officer*)

Luo Zhihai

Ma Yilin (resigned with effect from 11 January 2021)

Tang Lunfei (appointed with effect from 11 January 2021)

### 慈善捐款

本集團於2020年度期間對慈善機構沒有作出重大之捐款。

### 股本

本公司股本於2020年度內之變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註32。

### 本公司的可供分派儲備

本公司於2020年12月31日的可供分派予股東之儲備包括保留溢利約319,000,000港元。

### 股票掛鈎協議

除上文「發行可換股債券」一節中所披露者外，本集團於2020年度終結日或2020年度內任何時間概無訂立任何股票掛鈎協議。

### 董事

2020年度內及截至本報告刊發日期當日之董事如下：

#### 執行董事

黃佳爵 (*行政總裁*)

羅智海

馬懌林 (於2021年1月11日辭任)

唐倫飛 (於2021年1月11日獲委任)

## DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

### Directors (Continued)

#### Non-executive Directors

Chu Hing Tsung (*Chairman*)  
Chen Zhiwei  
Gao Jian Min (resigned with effect from 1 January 2020)

#### Independent non-executive Directors

Liang Qing  
Zhang Lu  
Hung Muk Ming

Each Director has been appointed for a specific term, and is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the Articles of Association.

In accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association, Mr. Huang Jiajue, Mr. Tang Lunfei, Mr. Chen Zhiwei and Mr. Hung Muk Ming shall retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting, and they, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election. The remaining Directors shall remain in office.

### 董事(續)

#### 非執行董事

朱慶淞(主席)  
陳志偉  
高建民(於2020年1月1日辭任)

#### 獨立非執行董事

梁青  
張璐  
洪木明

每位董事均有指定任期，並按照組織章程細則輪值告退及重選。

按照本公司組織章程細則之條文，黃佳爵先生、唐倫飛先生、陳志偉先生及洪木明先生均須於應屆股東週年大會上輪值告退，而彼等均符合資格並將尋求膺選連任。其餘董事將會繼續留任。

## DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

### Directors of Subsidiaries

Other than the Directors named in the section headed "Directors", the persons who have served on the respective boards of directors of the subsidiaries of the Company during Year 2020 and up to the date of this report included Mr. Huang Jiajue, Mr. Luo Zhihai, Mr. Wang Ping, Mr. Tang Junhong, Mr. Chen Yongcun and Mr. Ng Hoi Leung Leo.

### Directors' Service Contracts

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

### Changes in Information of Directors

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, there were changes in the information required to be disclosed in accordance with paragraphs (a) to (e) and (g) of Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules in the course of the Directors' term of office.

With effect from 15 January 2021, Mr. Chen Zhiwei, a non-executive Director, resigned as the chief executive officer of Zhongchang while he would remain as an executive director of Zhongchang. He has been appointed as the chairman of the board of directors of Zhongchang with effect from 15 January 2021.

Save as the aforesaid, the Company has not been advised by the Directors of any change in the information required to be disclosed pursuant to paragraphs (a) to (e) and (g) of Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules since its last update to the Shareholders.

### 附屬公司之董事

除於「董事」一節所提及的董事姓名外，2020年度內及截至本報告刊發日期當日擔任本公司相應附屬公司董事會的人士包括黃佳爵先生、羅智海先生、王平先生、湯俊宏先生、陳永存先生及吳海良先生。

### 董事之服務合約

於即將舉行之股東週年大會膺選連任之董事概無與本集團訂立於一年之內不作出賠償(法定賠償除外)則不可終止之服務合約。

### 董事資料之變動

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條，董事在任期間資料有變，須根據上市規則第13.51(2)條(a)至(e)及(g)段予以披露。

非執行董事陳志偉先生辭任中昌行政總裁，自2021年1月15日生效，彼仍會留任中昌執行董事一職。彼於2021年1月15日獲委任為中昌董事會主席。

除上述者外，本公司未獲董事告知自其上一次向股東發佈最新消息後有任何資料變動須根據上市規則第13.51(2)條(a)至(e)及(g)段予以披露。

## DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

### Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and Short Positions in the Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures of the Company

As at 31 December 2020, save as disclosed below, no other Directors or the chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in any Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code:

#### Long position in the Shares

| Name of Directors                                 | Capacity   | Number of Shares interested<br>所擁有權益之<br>股份數目 | Approximate percentage of issued Shares (Note 1)<br>約佔已發行<br>股份百分比(附註1) |
|---|--|---|---|
| 董事名稱  | 身份   |   |   |
| Mr. Chu Hing Tsung<br>("Mr. Chu")<br>朱慶淞先生(「朱先生」) | Interest of controlled corporations (Note 2)<br>受控制法團權益(附註2) | 681,240,022                                   | 29.56%  |
| Mr. Huang Jiajue<br>黃佳爵先生                         | Beneficial owner<br>實益擁有人                                    | 5,690,000                                     | 0.25%   |

#### Notes:

- The total number of issued Shares as at 31 December 2020 (i.e. 2,304,849,611 Shares) has been used for the calculation of the approximate percentage of shareholdings in the Company.
- Mr. Chu directly holds 34.06% of the issued shares of Rong De Investments Limited ("Rong De"), which in turn holds 67.08% of the issued shares of Zhuguang Holdings, which in turn holds 100% of the issued shares of Splendid Reach Limited ("Splendid Reach"), the beneficial owner of such 681,240,022 Shares. Accordingly, Mr. Chu, Rong De and Zhuguang Holdings are deemed to be interested in such 681,240,022 Shares pursuant to Part XV of the SFO.

### 董事及最高行政人員於本公司股份、相關股份及債權證之權益及淡倉

除下文所披露者外，於2020年12月31日，概無其他董事或本公司最高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份或債權證中，擁有根據證券及期貨條例第352條須存置於本公司的登記冊或根據標準守則須以其他方式知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉：

#### 本公司股份之好倉

#### 附註：

- 於2020年12月31日，已發行股份總數(即2,304,849,611股)已被用於計算本公司的概約持股百分比。
- 朱先生直接持有融德投資有限公司(「融德」)34.06%的已發行股份，而融德則持有珠光控股67.08%的已發行股份，而珠光控股則持有Splendid Reach Limited(「Splendid Reach」)全部已發行股份，為該681,240,022股股份之實益擁有人。因此，根據證券及期貨條例第XV部，朱先生、融德及珠光控股於該681,240,022股份中擁有權益。



## DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

### Arrangements to Purchase Shares or Debentures

At no time during Year 2020 or at the end of Year 2020 was the Company, its parent company or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, and neither the Directors nor the chief executive of the Company nor any of their spouse or children under the age of 18, had any right to subscribe for the securities of the Company, or had exercised any such right.

### Directors' Interests in Transactions, Arrangements or Contracts of Significance

Other than as disclosed in the sections headed "Issue of Senior Note" and "Issue of Convertible Bonds" above, no transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to which the Company, its parent company or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or his connected entities had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of Year 2020 or at any time during Year 2020.

### Management Contracts

No contracts, other than employment contracts, concerning the management and administration of the whole or any part of the Company's business were entered into during Year 2020 or subsisted at the end of Year 2020.

### Permitted Indemnity Provision

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, subject to the statutes, every Director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereon. The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance to indemnify its Directors and officers in respect of legal actions against them during Year 2020 and such permitted indemnity provision is still in force as at the date of this report.

### 購買股份或債權證的安排

除於上文「發行可換股債券」一節所披露者外，本公司、其母公司或其任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司概無於2020年度內的任何時間或於2020年度末以訂約一方身分訂立任何安排以促使董事可藉購入本公司或任何其他法人實體的股份或債權證以得益，及亦無董事或本公司行政總裁或任何彼等配偶或十八歲以下子女，擁有任何權利可認購本公司證券或曾行使任何該等權利。

### 董事於重大交易、安排或合約的利益

除於上文「發行優先票據」及「發行可換股債券」兩節所披露者外，本公司、其母公司或其任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司於2020年度末或於2020年度內任何時間，概無以訂約一方身分訂立任何董事或其關連實體於其中擁有(不論是直接或間接的)重大利益的重大交易、安排或合約。

### 管理合約

在2020年度內或於2020年度末，除僱員聘任合約外，本公司並無就全盤業務或其中任何重要部份簽訂或存有管理及行政合約。

### 獲准許之彌償條文

根據組織章程細則，每名董事均有權就所有在執行其職位或與此有關之職責時蒙受或招致或與之有關之損失或法律責任，獲得本公司從其資產中賠償。在2020年度內，本公司已安排適當責任保險以就針對董事及管理人員的法律訴訟向彼等作出彌償保證，而該獲准許之彌償條文於本報告日期仍然生效。

## DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

### Substantial Shareholders' Interests and Short Positions in the Shares and Underlying Shares of the Company

As at 31 December 2020, save as disclosed below, so far as it is known to the Directors or the chief executive of the Company, no other persons, other than a Director or the chief executive of the Company, had any interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company or the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Part XV of the SFO and were recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO:

#### Long position in the Shares:

### 主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉

於2020年12月31日，除下文披露者外，就本公司董事或最高行政人員所知，概無其他人士（不包括本公司董事或最高行政人員）擁有股份及相關股份之任何權益或淡倉而根據證券及期貨條例第XV部規定須向本公司或聯交所披露及須載錄於根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定備存的登記冊中：

#### 股份之好倉：

| Name of substantial Shareholders<br>主要股東名稱  | Capacity<br>身份   | Number of Shares interested<br>擁有權益之股份數目 | Approximate percentage of issued Shares<br>(Note 1)<br>約佔已發行股份之百分比<br>(附註1) |
|---|--|--|---|
| China Cinda Asset Management Co., Ltd.<br>("China Cinda")<br>中國信達資產管理股份有限公司(「中國信達」) | Interest of controlled corporations<br>(Note 2)<br>受控制法團權益(附註2)  | 438,056,000                              | 19.01%  |
| China Cinda (HK) Holdings Company Limited<br>("Cinda HK")<br>中國信達(香港)控股有限公司(「信達香港」) | Interest of a controlled corporation<br>(Note 2)<br>受控制法團權益(附註2) | 438,056,000                              | 19.01%  |
| Regent Star International Limited<br>("Regent Star")<br>星耀國際有限公司(「星耀」)              | Beneficial Owner (Note 2)<br>實益擁有人(附註2)                          | 438,056,000                              | 19.01%  |
| Liao Tengjia<br>廖騰佳   | Interest of controlled corporations<br>(Note 3)<br>受控制法團權益(附註3)  | 681,240,022                              | 29.56%  |
| Rong De<br>融德   | Interest of controlled corporations<br>(Note 3)<br>受控制法團權益(附註3)  | 681,240,022                              | 29.56%  |
| Zhuguang Holdings<br>珠光控股   | Interest of a controlled corporation<br>(Note 3)<br>受控制法團權益(附註3) | 681,240,022                              | 29.56%  |
| Splendid Reach  | Beneficial Owner (Note 3)<br>實益擁有人(附註3)                          | 681,240,022                              | 29.56%  |

## DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

### Substantial Shareholders' Interests and Short Positions in the Shares and Underlying Shares of the Company (Continued)

Notes:

1. The total number of issued Shares as at 31 December 2020 (i.e. 2,304,849,611 Shares) has been used for the calculation of the approximate percentage of shareholdings in the Company.
2. China Cinda directly holds 100% of the issued shares of Cinda HK, which in turn holds 100% of the issued shares of Regent Star. Therefore, China Cinda and Cinda HK are taken to be interested in the number of Shares held by Regent Star pursuant to Part XV of the SFO.
3. Mr. Liao Tengjia directly holds 36% of the issued shares of Rong De, which in turn holds 67.08% of the issued shares of Zhuguang Holdings, which in turn holds 100% issued shares of Splendid Reach. Therefore, Mr. Liao Tengjia, Rong De and Zhuguang Holdings are taken to be interested in the number of Shares held by Splendid Reach pursuant to Part XV of the SFO.

#### Long position in the underlying Shares

### 主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉(續)

附註：

1. 於2020年12月31日之已發行股份總數(即2,304,849,611股)已用作計算本公司之持股概約百分比。
2. 中國信達直接持有信達香港100%已發行股份，而信達香港持有星耀100%已發行股份。因此，中國信達及信達香港根據證券及期貨條例第XV部被視為擁有星耀所持有的股份數目。
3. 廖騰佳先生直接持有融德36%之已發行股份，而融德持有珠光控股67.08%已發行股份，而珠光控股持有Splendid Reach 100%已發行股份。因此，廖騰佳先生、融德及珠光控股根據證券及期貨條例第XV部被視為擁有Splendid Reach所持有的股份數目。

#### 相關股份之好倉

| Name of substantial Shareholders<br>主要股東名稱 | Capacity<br>角色   | Number of underlying Shares interested<br>擁有權益之相關股份數目 | Approximate percentage of issued Shares<br>(Note 1)<br>約佔已發行股份之百分比<br>(附註1) |
|--|--|---|---|
| China Cinda<br>中國信達                        | Interest of controlled corporations<br>(Note 2)<br>受控制法團權益(附註2)  | 193,133,047 (Note 3)<br>(附註3)                         | 8.38%   |
| Cinda HK<br>信達香港                           | Interest of a controlled corporation<br>(Note 2)<br>受控制法團權益(附註2) | 193,133,047 (Note 3)<br>(附註3)                         | 8.38%   |
| Regent Star<br>星耀                          | Beneficial owner (Note 2)<br>實益擁有人(附註2)                          | 193,133,047 (Note 3)<br>(附註3)                         | 8.38%   |

## DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

### Substantial Shareholders' Interests and Short Positions in the Shares and Underlying Shares of the Company (Continued)

#### Notes:

1. The total number of the issued Shares as at 31 December 2020 (i.e. 2,304,849,611 Shares) has been used for the calculation of the approximate percentage of shareholdings in the Company.
2. China Cinda directly holds 100% of the issued shares of Cinda HK, which in turn holds 100% of the issued shares of Regent Star, the beneficial owner of such 193,133,047 underlying Shares. Therefore, China Cinda and Cinda HK are deemed to be interested in the underlying Shares held by Regent Star pursuant to Part XV of the SFO.
3. These represent unlisted physically settled derivatives of the Company.

### Annual Confirmation of Independence

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

### Connected Transaction

There were no connected transactions or continuing connected transactions of the Company that were not exempt from the annual reporting requirement in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules during Year 2020 and the related party transactions as set out in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements did not constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The Directors confirm that the Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

### Buy-Back, Sales or Redemption of Listed Securities

During Year 2020, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries bought back, sold or redeemed any of its listed securities.

### 主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉(續)

#### 附註：

1. 於2020年12月31日之已發行股份總數(即2,304,849,611股)已用作計算本公司之持股概約百分比。
2. 中國信達直接持有信達香港100%已發行股份，而後者則持有該193,133,047股相關股份之實益擁有人星耀100%已發行股份。因此，根據證券及期貨條例第XV部，中國信達及信達香港視作於星耀所持相關股份中擁有權益。
3. 其指本公司非上市實物交收衍生工具。

### 獨立性的年度確認

本公司已取得各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條項下就其獨立性所作出的年度確認函。本公司認為所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立的。

### 關連交易

除上文「發行可換股債券」一節所披露者外，本公司於2020年度內並無其他關連交易或持續關連交易，毋須豁免遵守上市規則第14A章的年度申報規定以及綜合財務報表附註39所載列的關聯方交易不構成上市規則第14A章項下的關聯交易或持續關連交易。董事確認，本公司已根據上市規則第14A章遵守披露規定。

### 回購、出售或贖回上市證券

2020年度內，本公司或其任何附屬公司概無回購、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

## DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

### Emolument Policy

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is set up by the Remuneration Committee and is based on their merit, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments of the Directors are decided by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market practices.

### Sufficiency of Public Float

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of its directors, during Year 2020 and up to the date of this report, the Company has maintained sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules.

### Major Customers and Suppliers

The Group's revenue for Year 2020 comprised rental income from the leasing of properties and dividend income from listed and unlisted securities.

The accumulated amount of revenue attributable to the Group's five largest customers during Year 2020 was less than 30% of the Group's total revenue for Year 2020.

The Group had no supplier during Year 2020 due to the nature of its principal business activities.

During Year 2020, none of the Directors or any of their close associates (within the meaning of the Listing Rules) or any of the Shareholders who, to the knowledge of the Board, owned more than 5% of the Shares had interest in any of the Group's five largest customers and suppliers.

### 酬金政策

本集團僱員的酬金政策乃由薪酬委員會按僱員的功績、資歷及能力制定。

董事的酬金乃由薪酬委員會經考慮本公司的經營業績、個人表現及可供比較的市場慣例後釐定。

### 公眾持股量的充足性

根據本公司取得的公開資料及就董事所知悉，於2020年度及截至本報告日期，本公司維持足夠的公眾持股量，根據上市規則規定不少於本公司的已發行股份之25%。

### 主要客戶及供應商

本集團於2020年度的收入包含出租物業之租金收入及上市及非上市證券之股息收入。

2020年度內，本集團於五大客戶和最大客戶的累積收入佔本集團於2020年度之收入總額不足30%。

由於本集團的主要業務性質使然，其於2020年度內並無供應商。

2020年度內，本公司之董事、其緊密聯繫人(定義見上市規則)或任何股東(據董事會所知擁有5%以上股份者)，並沒有擁有本集團任何五大客戶或供應商的權益。

## DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

### Key Relationships with Employees, Customers and Suppliers

The Group recognises its employees as one of the significant assets of the Group. The Group aims to continue establishing a caring environment for its employees which emphasises the personal development of its employees. The Group organises various social and recreational activities, including annual dinner and birthday parties, to strengthen the bonding among its employees and promote their sense of belonging. During Year 2020, there was no material non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations that had a significant impact on the Group relating to the compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare with respect to its employees.

The Group understands that it is important to maintain good relationships with its tenants in relation to its property leasing business by continuous interaction with them and being responsive to their demands. The Group has also established procedures for handling the complaints from its tenants to ensure the complaints are dealt with in a prompt and timely manner. Because of its business nature, the Group does not rely on any major tenants and no credit terms are granted to them.

The Group is also dedicated to developing good relationships with its suppliers and business partners to ensure the stability of its business. The Group reinforces the business relationships with its suppliers and business partners by ongoing communication with them in a proactive and effective manner so as to ensure the timely delivery of services to the Group and a wide range of potential investments will be available to the Group at all times.

### Annual General Meeting

The annual general meeting of the Company ("Annual General Meeting") will be held at Meeting Room No. 2, 13/F., Zhuguang Xincheng International Centre, Block B, No. 3 Qingyi Street, Race Course Road, Tianhe District, Guangzhou, The People's Republic of China on Thursday, 10 June 2021 at 2:30 p.m.

### 與僱員、客戶及供應商之間的重要關係

本集團確認其僱員為本集團重要資產之一。本集團以持續為僱員建立一個關愛環境為目標，着重僱員的個人發展。本集團舉辦各類社交及康樂活動，包括年度晚宴及生日會，以加強僱員之間的聯誼及僱員的增加歸屬感。於2020年度，本集團並無嚴重違反有關僱員薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利等對本集團有重大影響的相關法律及規例。

就物業租賃業務而言，本集團明白透過持續與租戶互動及回應需求與租戶保持良好關係的重要性。本集團亦制定處理租戶投訴的程序以確保投訴得以及時處理。因本集團業務性質，本集團並無依賴任何主要租戶，亦無授予彼等信用期。

本集團亦致力與其供應商及商業夥伴培養良好關係以確保其業務之穩定性。本集團透過積極及有效的持續溝通加強與其供應商及商業夥伴的商業關係，以確保及時向本集團提供服務及使本集團可在任何時候得到各式各樣之潛在投資來源。

### 股東週年大會

本公司將於2021年6月10日(星期四)下午二時三十分時假座廣州市天河區馬場路慶億街3號珠光新城國際中心B座13樓2號會議室舉行股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)。

## DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

### Closure of Register of Members

To ascertain the Shareholders' entitlement to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 7 June 2021 to Thursday, 10 June 2021, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of Shares will be effected. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting, all duly completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the share registrar of the Company, Tricor Secretaries Limited, at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 4 June 2021.

### Auditor

Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu has resigned as an auditor of the Company with effect from 6 February 2020. Messrs. Ernst & Young has been appointed as the new auditor of the Company by the Board with effect from 6 February 2020 to fill the casual vacancy following the resignation of Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu.

A resolution will be submitted to the Annual General Meeting to re-appoint Messrs. Ernst & Young as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

**Chu Hing Tsung**

*Chairman*

Hong Kong, 29 March 2021

### 暫停辦理股份過戶登記

為確定有權出席股東週年大會及投票之股東，本公司將於2021年6月7日(星期一)起至2021年6月10日(星期四)止期間(首尾兩天包括在內)暫停辦理本公司股份過戶登記手續，期間不會登記任何股份轉讓。為確保符合資格出席股東週年大會及投票之股東，所有填妥之股份過戶文件連同有關股票，最遲須於2021年6月4日(星期五)下午四時三十分前送達本公司股份過戶登記處，卓佳秘書商務有限公司，地址為香港皇后大道東183號合和中心54樓。

### 核數師

德勤•關黃陳方會計師事務所已辭任本公司核數師，自2020年2月6日起生效。安永會計師事務所已獲董事會委任為本公司新任核數師，以填補德勤•關黃陳方會計師行辭任後之臨時空缺，自2020年2月6日起生效。

有關續聘安永會計師事務所為本公司核數師之決議案將於股東週年大會提呈。

代表董事會

主席

朱慶崧

香港，2021年3月29日



**To the members of  
Silver Grant International Holdings Group Limited**  
*(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)*

## Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Silver Grant International Holdings Group Limited (the “Company”) and its subsidiaries (the “Group”) set out on pages 106 to 273, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (“HKICPA”) and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

**致**  
**銀建國際控股集團有限公司列位股東**  
*(於香港註冊成立的有限公司)*

## 意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審核列載於第106頁至第273頁的銀建國際控股集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表，此綜合財務報表包括於2020年12月31日的綜合財務狀況表及於截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表，以及綜合財務報表附註，包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為，該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而中肯地反映 貴集團於2020年12月31日之綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度 貴集團之綜合財務表現及其綜合現金流量，並已遵照香港公司條例妥為擬備。



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

## Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing (“HKSAAs”) issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor’s responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA’s *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the “Code”), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor’s responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

## 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」)，我們獨立於貴集團，並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信，我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

## 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷，認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。我們對下述每一事項在審計中是如何應對的描述也以此為背景。

我們已履行本報告《核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任》部分闡述的責任，包括與這些關鍵審計事項相關的責任。相應地，我們的審計工作包括執行為應對評估的綜合財務報表重大錯誤陳述風險而設計的審計程序。我們執行審計程序的結果，包括應對下述關鍵審計事項所執行的程序，是我們就隨附的綜合財務報表發表審計意見的基礎。

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

## Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

## How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們之審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

### **Valuation of investment properties and leasehold land and buildings under property, plant and equipment**

#### 投資物業及物業、廠房及設備下租賃土地及樓宇之估值

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had investment properties and leasehold land and buildings under property, plant and equipment, which were stated at fair value, with an aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$2,860 million. The carrying amount of the investment properties and leasehold land and buildings under property, plant and equipment represented approximately 25% of the total assets of the Group as at 31 December 2020.

於2020年12月31日，貴集團擁有物業、廠房及設備項下的投資物業以及租賃土地及樓宇的賬面值總額按公允值約2,860,000,000港元列賬。於2020年12月31日，物業、廠房及設備項下的投資物業以及租賃土地及樓宇的賬面值佔貴集團總資產約25%。

The Group engaged external valuers to determine the fair value of the investment properties and leasehold land and buildings at the end of the reporting period. 貴集團於報告期末委聘外部估值師釐定投資物業以及租賃土地及樓宇的公允值。

We identified this as a key audit matter because the carrying amount of the investment properties and leasehold land and buildings was significant to the Group and subjective judgements were made by the management in determining the assumptions and inputs of the valuation.

由於投資物業以及租賃土地及樓宇的賬面值對貴集團而言屬重大，且管理層於釐定估值之假設及輸入數據時作出主觀判斷。

Related disclosures are included in notes 2.4, 3, 15 and 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

相關披露載於綜合財務報表附註2.4、3、15及16。

The following procedures were performed to address the identified key audit matter:

我們處理已識別關鍵審計事項之程序如下：

- We obtained and reviewed the valuation reports prepared by the external valuers engaged by the Company.  
我們取得並審閱貴公司聘請之外部估值師所編製之估值報告。
- We assessed the external valuers' qualification, experience and expertise and considered their objectivity and independence.  
我們評估外部估值師之資歷、經驗及專業知識，並考慮其客觀性及獨立性。
- We involved our internal valuation specialists to assist us in the assessment of the valuation methodologies applied and the key assumptions and estimates adopted in the valuation, and performed benchmarking on the value of the properties to the transaction prices of other comparable properties on a sampling basis.  
我們邀請內部估值專家協助我們以抽樣方式評估估值所用之估值方法以及所採納之主要假設及估計，並以其他可資比較物業之交易價為基準，估算該等物業之價值。
- We also assessed the adequacy of the disclosures of the valuation of the investment properties and leasehold land and buildings under property, plant and equipment in the consolidated financial statements.  
我們亦評估綜合財務報表內投資物業及物業、廠房及設備下租賃土地及樓宇估值披露的充足性。

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

## Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

## How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們之審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

### **Recoverability assessment of amounts due from an associate and a joint venture and loan receivables**

評估應收一家聯營公司及一家合營企業款以及應收貸款之可收回性

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had amounts due from an associate and a joint venture and loan receivables with an aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$3,054 million, representing 27% of the total assets of the Group. The reversal of expected credit losses recognised as at 31 December 2020 were approximately HK\$6.4 million.

於2020年12月31日，貴集團應收一家聯營公司及一家合營企業款以及應收貸款的賬面值總值約為3,054,000,000港元，佔貴集團總資產的27%。於2020年12月31日，確認預期信貸虧損撥回約為6,400,000港元。

Management applied the general approach in assessing the associated credit risks and exposures and engaged an external valuer in determining the allowance for expected credit losses.

管理層應用一般方法評估相關信貸風險及風險敞口，並委聘外部估值師釐定預期信貸虧損撥備。

We identified this as a key audit matter because the aggregate carrying amount of the amounts due from an associate and a joint venture and loan receivables was significant to the Group and subjective judgements were made by management and external valuer.

由於應收一家聯營公司及一家合營企業款以及應收貸款的賬面值總額對貴集團而言屬重大，且管理層及外部估值師作出主觀判斷。

Related disclosures are included in notes 2.4, 3, 20, 21 and 23 to the consolidated financial statements.

相關披露載於綜合財務報表附註2.4、3、20、21及23。

The following procedures were performed to address the identified key audit matter:

我們處理已識別關鍵審計事項之程序如下：

- We obtained and reviewed the expected credit loss calculations prepared by the external valuer engaged by the Group.  
我們取得並審閱貴集團聘請之外部估值師所編製之預期信貸虧損計算法。
- We assessed the external valuer qualification, experience and expertise and considered its objectivity and independence.  
我們評估外部估值師之資歷、經驗及專業知識，並考慮其客觀性及獨立性。
- We involved our internal valuation specialists to assist us in the assessment of the methodologies applied and the key assumptions and estimates adopted in the expected credit loss calculations.  
我們邀請內部估值專家協助我們評估計算預期信貸虧損所用之方法及所採納之主要假設及估算。
- We also assessed the adequacy of the disclosures of the recoverability assessment of amounts due from an associate and a joint venture and loan receivables in the consolidated financial statements.  
我們亦評估於綜合財務報表內披露應收一家聯營公司及一家合營企業款以及應收貸款可收回評估之充足性。

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

### Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

#### **Accounting for the Merger** 合併之會計處理

On 15 July 2019, Zhong Hai You Qi (Taizhou) Petrochemical Company Limited (“ZHYQ”), a 33%-owned associate of the Group, absorbed and merged with Taizhou United East Petrochemical Company Limited (“TZ United East”), a 68.07%-owned subsidiary of the Group, and China Offshore Bitumen (Taizhou) Company Limited (“COBT”), an independent third party of the Group (the “Merger”).

於2019年7月15日，貴集團擁有33%的一家聯營公司中海油氣(泰州)石化有限公司(「中海油泰州石化」)吸收合併 貴集團間接擁有68.07%的一家附屬公司泰州東聯化工有限公司(「泰州東聯」)及獨立第三方中海瀝青(泰州)有限責任公司(「中海瀝青」)(「合併」)。

Following the completion of the Merger, TZ United East and COBT were dissolved and deregistered. The Group's interest in ZHYQ, being the surviving entity (the “Merged Enterprise”), through a 68.07% non-wholly-owned subsidiary, has been increased from 33% to 51% (Group's effective interest increased from 22.46% to 34.72% after Merger) and the Merged Enterprise is accounted for as investment in a joint venture by the Group using the equity method.

合併完成後，泰州東聯及中海瀝青已予解散及註銷。貴集團通過非全資擁有附屬公司持有68.07%的股權，於存續公司中海油泰州石化(「經合併企業」)之權益由33%增至51%(合併後，貴集團的實際權益由22.46%增加至34.72%)，且經合併企業獲 貴集團以於一家合營企業之投資使用權益法入賬。

Management of the Company has engaged an external valuer to perform the valuations of the enterprise value of TZ United East and the fair value of the net identifiable assets and liabilities of the Merged Enterprise as at the date of completion of the Merger to determine the gain on disposal of a subsidiary and the gain on bargain purchase from the Merger, respectively.

貴公司管理層已委聘外部估值師，就泰州東聯之企業價值及經合併企業之已識別資產及負債淨額於合併完成當日之公允值，以分別釐定出售一家附屬公司之收益及由合併之議價購買收益。

### How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們之審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

The following procedures were performed to address the identified key audit matter:

我們處理已識別關鍵審計事項之程序如下：

- We obtained and reviewed the agreements in connection with the Merger and the signed valuation reports prepared by the external valuer engaged by the Company for the valuation of the enterprise value of TZ United East and the purchase price allocation of the Merged Enterprise.

我們取得並審閱與合併有關之協議以及 貴公司所委聘外部估值師之經簽署估值報告，內容有關泰州東聯企業價值之評估，以及經合併企業之購買價格分配。

- We assessed the external valuer's qualification, experience and expertise and considered its objectivity and independence.

我們評估外部估值師之資歷、經驗及專業知識，並考慮其客觀性及獨立性。

- We involved our internal valuation specialists to assist us in the assessment of the methodologies applied and the key assumptions and estimates adopted in the valuation of TZ United East and the identifiable assets and liabilities of the Merged Enterprise.

我們亦邀請內部估值專家協助我們評估將泰州東聯及經合併企業之可識別資產及負債之估值所用之方法及所採納之主要假設及估算。

- We checked the arithmetical accuracy of the amount of the gain on disposal of a subsidiary and that of the gain on bargain purchase from the Merger.

我們已查核出售一家附屬公司之收益及由合併之議價購買收益是否計算正確。

- We also assessed the adequacy of the disclosures of the Merger in the consolidated financial statements.

我們亦評估綜合財務報表內披露合併之充足性。

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

### Key audit matter

#### 關鍵審計事項

#### *Accounting for the Merger (Continued)*

#### 合併之會計處理(續)

The gain on bargain purchase from the Merger was determined on a provisional basis as at 31 December 2019. The Group has finalised the fair value assessment of the net identifiable assets and liabilities of the Merged Enterprise during the year ended 31 December 2020 and as a result, the gain on bargain purchase from the Merger was restated from HK\$242.7 million to HK\$177.4 million in the profit or loss during the year ended 31 December 2019. Retrospective adjustments were made and the financial effect of adjustments are detailed in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

合併的議價購買收益於2019年12月31日按臨時基準釐定。貴集團已於截至2020年12月31日止年度完成經合併企業之可識別資產及負債淨額的公允值評估，因此，於截至2019年12月31日止年度的損益中，合併的議價購買收益由242,700,000港元重列為177,400,000港元。已作出追溯調整，而調整之財務影響於綜合財務報表附註4詳述。

The accounting for the Merger is identified as a key audit matter given the fair value assessment of the net identifiable assets and liabilities of the Merged Enterprise was finalised in the year ended 31 December 2020, the magnitude of the amount and significant management judgement being required to determine the enterprise value of TZ United East and purchase price allocation of the Merged Enterprise.

鑒於經合併企業之可識別資產及負債淨額之公允值評估將於截至2020年12月31日止年度內完成，泰州東聯之企業價值及經合併企業之購買價格分配金額龐大及在釐定時須作大量管理層判斷，故合併之會計處理已被定為關鍵審計事項。

The nature and financial effect of the Merger are disclosed in notes 1, 2.4, 3, 4, 12 and 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

合併之性質及財務影響於綜合財務報表附註1、2.4、3、4、12及35披露。

### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

#### 我們之審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

### Other information included in the Annual Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of the directors for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### 載入本年報的其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括本年報所載的資料，但不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料，我們亦不對該等其他資料發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計，我們的責任是閱讀其他資料，並在此過程中，考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所瞭解的情況有重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於我們已執行的工作，如果我們認為其他資料有重大錯誤陳述，我們需要報告該事實。在這方面，我們沒有任何報告。

### 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》及香港公司條例擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表，並對董事認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

### Responsibilities of the directors for the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSA's will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

### 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任(續)

在擬備綜合財務報表時，貴公司董事負責評估貴集團持續經營的能力，並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項，以及使用持續經營為會計基礎，除非貴公司董事有意將貴集團清盤或停止經營，或別無其他實際的替代方案。

貴公司董事由審核委員會協助，負責監督貴集團的財務報告過程。

### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任

我們的目標，是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證，並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。根據香港公司條例第405條，我們僅向閣下(作為整體)報告，除此之外別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證，但不能保證按照《香港審計準則》進行的審計，在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起，倘個別或整體於合理預期情況下可影響使用者根據綜合財務報表作出之經濟決定時，則被視為重大錯誤陳述。

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任 (續)

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中，我們運用了專業判斷，保持了專業懷疑態度。我們亦：

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險，設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險，以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證，作為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述，或凌駕於內部控制之上，因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 瞭解與審計相關的內部控制，以設計適當的審計程序，但目的並非對貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證，確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性，從而可能導致對貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確定性，則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中的相關披露。假若有關的披露不足，則我們應當發表非無保留意見。我們的結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審計憑證。然而，未來事項或情況可能導致貴集團不能持續經營。



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任 (續)

- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容，包括披露，以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內各實體或業務活動的財務信息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證，以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們須負責指導、監督及執行集團的審核工作。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外，我們與審核委員會溝通了審計的計劃審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等，包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明，說明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求，並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項，以及在適用的情況下，採取為消除威脅的行動或防範措施。

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements *(Continued)*

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Lok Man Ho.

#### **Ernst & Young**

*Certified Public Accountants*

22/F, CITIC Tower

1 Tim Mei Avenue

Central, Hong Kong

29 March 2021

### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任 (續)

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中，我們確定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要，因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項，除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項，或在極端罕見的情況下，如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益，我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人為樂文豪。

#### **安永會計師事務所**

執業會計師

香港中環

添美道1號

中信大廈22樓

2021年3月29日

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS 綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

|   |                           | Note<br>附註 | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | (Restated)<br>(經重列)<br>2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|---------------------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| <b>Continuing operations</b>  | <b>持續經營業務</b>             |            |                         |  |
| Rental income   | 租金收入                      | 6          | 89,128                  | 107,568  |
| Direct operating expenses   | 直接經營開支                    |            | (9,016)                 | (6,419)  |
|   |                           |            | <b>80,112</b>           | 101,149  |
| Dividend income from listed and unlisted securities                           | 上市及非上市證券股息收入              | 6          | 116                     | 85   |
| Other income, gains and losses  | 其他收入、收益及虧損                | 6          | 285,084                 | 181,733  |
| Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產之公允值變動 |            | (667)                   | (201,650)                                      |
| Change in fair value of derivative financial instruments                      | 衍生金融工具之公允值變動              |            | 39,630                  | 4,562  |
| Reversal of impairment/(impairment) of financial assets, net                  | 金融資產減值撥回/(減值)淨額           |            | 6,352                   | (20,984)                                       |
| Administrative expenses   | 行政費用                      |            | (224,170)               | (219,664)                                      |
| Change in fair value of investment properties                                 | 投資物業之公允值變動                |            | (13,555)                | 18,103   |
| Finance costs   | 財務費用                      | 8          | (216,675)               | (133,746)                                      |
| Share of profit/(loss) of:  | 攤佔下列之溢利/(虧損):             |            |                         |  |
| – an associate  | – 一家聯營公司                  |            | 3,325                   | (7,091)  |
| – a joint venture   | – 一家合營企業                  |            | (404,061)               | 108,822  |
| Loss before taxation from continuing operations                               | 來自持續經營業務之除稅前虧損            | 7          | (444,509)               | (168,681)                                      |
| Taxation  | 稅項                        | 11         | 3,401                   | (10,570)                                       |
| Loss for the year from continuing operations                                  | 年內來自持續經營業務之虧損             |            | <b>(441,108)</b>        | (179,251)                                      |
| <b>Discontinued operation</b>   | <b>已終止經營業務</b>            |            |                         |  |
| Profit for the year from a discontinued operation                             | 年內來自已終止經營業務之溢利            | 12         | –                       | 251,996  |
| (Loss)/profit for the year  | 年內(虧損)/溢利                 |            | <b>(441,108)</b>        | 72,745   |

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS 綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

|   |                              | Note<br>附註 | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | (Restated)<br>(經重列)<br>2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| (Loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company:  | 本公司擁有人應佔(虧損)/溢利:             |            |                         |  |
| – from continuing operations  | – 來自持續經營業務                   |            | <b>(317,641)</b>        | (169,601)                                      |
| – from a discontinued operation   | – 來自已終止經營業務                  |            | –                       | 172,077  |
|   |                              |            | <b>(317,641)</b>        | 2,476  |
| (Loss)/profit attributable to non-controlling interests:  | 非控股權益應佔(虧損)/溢利:              |            |                         |  |
| – from continuing operations  | – 來自持續經營業務                   |            | <b>(123,467)</b>        | (9,650)  |
| – from a discontinued operation   | – 來自已終止經營業務                  |            | –                       | 79,919   |
|   |                              |            | <b>(123,467)</b>        | 70,269   |
|   |                              |            | <b>(441,108)</b>        | 72,745   |
| <b>(LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY (in HK cents)</b> | 本公司普通權益持有人應佔每股(虧損)/盈利(以港仙列示) | 14         |                         |  |
| For (loss)/profit for the year  | 年內(虧損)/溢利                    |            |                         |  |
| – Basic   | – 基本                         |            | <b>(13.78)</b>          | 0.11   |
| – Diluted   | – 攤薄                         |            | <b>(13.78)</b>          | 0.11   |
| For loss from continuing operations   | 來自持續經營業務之虧損                  |            |                         |  |
| – Basic   | – 基本                         |            | <b>(13.78)</b>          | (7.36)   |
| – Diluted   | – 攤薄                         |            | <b>(13.78)</b>          | (7.36)   |

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

|  |                          | Note<br>附註 | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | (Restated)<br>(經重列)<br>2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--|--------------------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| (Loss)/profit for the year   | 年內(虧損)/溢利                |            | <b>(441,108)</b>        | 72,745   |
| <b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/<br/>(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR</b>   | 年內其他全面收益/<br>(虧損)        |            |                         |  |
| Other comprehensive income/(loss) that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:      | 後期可重新分類至損益之其他全面收益/(虧損):  |            |                         |  |
| Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations  | 換算海外業務產生之匯兌差額            |            | <b>326,891</b>          | (143,005)                                      |
| Reclassification adjustments for a foreign operation disposed of during the year                         | 年內出售海外業務相關之重新分類調整        | 35         | —                       | (1,910)  |
| Total other comprehensive income/(loss) that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods | 後期可重新分類至損益之其他全面收益/(虧損)總額 |            | <b>326,891</b>          | (144,915)                                      |
| Other comprehensive income/(loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods: | 後期不可重新分類至損益之其他全面收益/(虧損): |            |                         |  |
| Loss arising on property revaluation   | 重估物業之虧損                  |            | <b>(35,779)</b>         | (9,433)  |
| Income tax effect  | 所得稅影響                    |            | <b>9,644</b>            | 2,742  |
| Net other comprehensive loss that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods       | 後期不可重新分類至損益之其他全面虧損淨額     |            | <b>(26,135)</b>         | (6,691)  |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/<br>(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR, NET OF TAX   | 年內其他全面收益/(虧損)<br>(除稅後)   |            | <b>300,756</b>          | (151,606)                                      |
| <b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR</b>   | 年內全面虧損總額                 |            | <b>(140,352)</b>        | (78,861)                                       |
| Total comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to:   | 全面(虧損)/收益總額應佔:           |            |                         |  |
| — Owners of the Company  | — 本公司擁有人                 |            | <b>(62,450)</b>         | (126,555)                                      |
| — Non-controlling interests  | — 非控股權益                  |            | <b>(77,902)</b>         | 47,694   |
|  |                          |            | <b>(140,352)</b>        | (78,861)                                       |

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2020

於2020年12月31日

|   |                     |       | (Restated)       |           |
|---|---------------------|-------|------------------|-----------|
|   |                     |       | (經重列)            |           |
|   |                     |       | 2020             | 2019      |
|   |                     | Notes | HK\$'000         | HK\$'000  |
|   |                     | 附註    | 千港元              | 千港元       |
| <b>NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>                             | <b>非流動資產</b>        |       |                  |           |
| Investment properties                                 | 投資物業                | 15    | 2,624,229        | 2,486,340 |
| Property, plant and equipment                         | 物業、廠房及設備            | 16    | 250,921          | 313,832   |
| Right-of-use assets                                   | 使用權資產               | 17    | 54,216           | —         |
| Interests in an associate                             | 一家聯營公司權益            | 20    | 85,569           | 77,050    |
| Interests in a joint venture                          | 一家合營企業權益            | 21    | 3,033,385        | 3,128,851 |
| Amount due from a joint venture                       | 應收一家合營企業款           | 21    | 969,951          | 1,164,952 |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產 | 22    | 2,780            | 2,780     |
| Loan receivables                                      | 應收貸款                | 23    | 231,932          | 160,896   |
| Total non-current assets                              | 非流動資產總值             |       | <b>7,252,983</b> | 7,334,701 |
| <b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>                                 | <b>流動資產</b>         |       |                  |           |
| Trade receivables                                     | 應收賬款                | 24    | 7,317            | 8,735     |
| Deposits, prepayments and other receivables           | 按金、預付款及其他應收款        | 25    | 420,467          | 192,987   |
| Amount due from a joint venture                       | 應收一家合營企業款           | 21    | 59,528           | 30,134    |
| Amount due from an associate                          | 應收一家聯營公司款           | 20    | 584,989          | 488,563   |
| Loan receivables                                      | 應收貸款                | 23    | 1,207,369        | 1,198,099 |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產 | 22    | 875,206          | 807,507   |
| Derivative financial instruments                      | 衍生金融工具              | 30    | 37,483           | —         |
| Pledged bank deposits                                 | 已抵押銀行存款             | 26    | 23,753           | 22,321    |
| Cash and bank balances                                | 現金及銀行結餘             | 26    | 769,767          | 190,247   |
| Total current assets                                  | 流動資產總值              |       | <b>3,985,879</b> | 2,938,593 |
| <b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>                            | <b>流動負債</b>         |       |                  |           |
| Accrued charges, rental deposits and other payables   | 應計費用、租務按金及其他應付款     | 27    | 287,160          | 282,820   |
| Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings            | 計息銀行及其他貸款           | 28    | 369,309          | 261,941   |
| Taxation payable                                      | 應付稅項                |       | 108,272          | 106,703   |
| Derivative financial instruments                      | 衍生金融工具              | 30    | —                | 2,147     |
| Total current liabilities                             | 流動負債總額              |       | <b>764,741</b>   | 653,611   |

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2020

於2020年12月31日

|   |            | Notes<br>附註 | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | (Restated)<br>(經重列)<br>2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|------------|-------------|-------------------------|--|
| <b>NET CURRENT ASSETS</b>                           | 淨流動資產      |             | <b>3,221,138</b>        | 2,284,982                                      |
| <b>TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>        | 資產總值減流動負債  |             | <b>10,474,121</b>       | 9,619,683                                      |
| <b>NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>                      | 非流動負債      |             |                         |  |
| Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings          | 計息銀行及其他貸款  | 28          | <b>1,571,112</b>        | 672,991  |
| Lease liabilities                                   | 租賃負債       | 17          | <b>48,532</b>           | —  |
| Deferred tax liabilities                            | 遞延稅項負債     | 31          | <b>238,021</b>          | 251,996  |
| Convertible bonds                                   | 可換股債券      | 29          | <b>1,232,463</b>        | 1,170,351                                      |
| Total non-current liabilities                       | 非流動負債總值    |             | <b>3,090,128</b>        | 2,095,338                                      |
| Net assets  | 淨資產        |             | <b>7,383,993</b>        | 7,524,345                                      |
| <b>EQUITY</b>                                       | 股權         |             |                         |  |
| <b>Equity attributable to owners of the Company</b> | 本公司擁有人應佔股權 |             |                         |  |
| Share capital                                       | 股本         | 32          | <b>3,626,781</b>        | 3,626,781                                      |
| Reserves  | 儲備         | 33          | <b>2,932,973</b>        | 2,995,423                                      |
|   |            |             | <b>6,559,754</b>        | 6,622,204                                      |
| Non-controlling interests                           | 非控股權益      |             | <b>824,239</b>          | 902,141  |
| Total equity  | 股權總值       |             | <b>7,383,993</b>        | 7,524,345                                      |

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 29 March 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

經由董事會於2021年3月29日認可及授權發行並經下列授權代表簽署確認：

**Huang Jiajue**  
黃佳爵  
Director 董事

**Luo Zhihai**  
羅智海  
Director 董事

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

|  |                       | Attributable to owners of the Company<br>本公司擁有人應佔 |                                     |                             |                          |                  | Non-controlling interests<br>非控股權益 | Total equity<br>股權總值 |
|--|-----------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|
|  |                       | Share capital<br>股本                               | Asset revaluation reserve<br>資產重估儲備 | Translation reserve<br>匯兌儲備 | Retained profits<br>保留盈利 | Sub-total<br>小計  |                                    |                      |
|  |                       | HK\$'000<br>千港元<br>(note 32)<br>(附註32)            | HK\$'000<br>千港元                     | HK\$'000<br>千港元             | HK\$'000<br>千港元          | HK\$'000<br>千港元  | HK\$'000<br>千港元                    |                      |
| At 1 January 2019  | 2019年1月1日             | 3,626,781   | 288,940                             | 178,897                     | 2,654,141                | 6,748,759        | 854,447                            | 7,603,206            |
| Profit for the year (restated)   | 年內溢利(經重列)             | —   | —                                   | —                           | 2,476                    | 2,476            | 70,269                             | 72,745               |
| Other comprehensive loss for the year:   | 年內其他全面收益虧損:           |   |                                     |                             |                          |                  |                                    |                      |
| Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations                        | 換算海外業務產生之匯兌差額         | —   | —                                   | (121,040)                   | —                        | (121,040)        | (21,965)                           | (143,005)            |
| Reclassification adjustments for a foreign operation disposed of during the year | 年內出售海外業務相關之重新分類調整     | —   | —                                   | (1,300)                     | —                        | (1,300)          | (610)                              | (1,910)              |
| Loss arising on property revaluation, net of tax                                 | 重估物業產生之虧損(除稅後)        | —   | (6,691)                             | —                           | —                        | (6,691)          | —                                  | (6,691)              |
| Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year (restated)                        | 年內全面收益/(虧損)總額(經重列)    | —   | (6,691)                             | (122,340)                   | 2,476                    | (126,555)        | 47,694                             | (78,861)             |
| At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020   | 2019年12月31日及2020年1月1日 | <b>3,626,781</b>                                  | <b>282,249*</b>                     | <b>56,557*</b>              | <b>2,656,617*</b>        | <b>6,622,204</b> | <b>902,141</b>                     | <b>7,524,345</b>     |
| Loss for the year  | 年內虧損                  | —   | —                                   | —                           | (317,641)                | (317,641)        | (123,467)                          | (441,108)            |
| Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year:                                  | 年內其他全面收益/(虧損):        |   |                                     |                             |                          |                  |                                    |                      |
| Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations                        | 換算海外業務產生之匯兌差額         | —   | —                                   | 281,326                     | —                        | 281,326          | 45,565                             | 326,891              |
| Loss arising on property revaluation, net of tax                                 | 重估物業產生之虧損(除稅後)        | —   | (26,135)                            | —                           | —                        | (26,135)         | —                                  | (26,135)             |
| Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year                                   | 年內全面收益/(虧損)總額         | —   | (26,135)                            | 281,326                     | (317,641)                | (62,450)         | (77,902)                           | (140,352)            |
| Disposal of leasehold properties under revaluation model                         | 出售重估模式下的租賃物業          | —   | (16,166)                            | —                           | 16,166                   | —                | —                                  | —                    |
| At 31 December 2020  | 於2020年12月31日          | <b>3,626,781</b>                                  | <b>239,948*</b>                     | <b>337,883*</b>             | <b>2,355,142*</b>        | <b>6,559,754</b> | <b>824,239</b>                     | <b>7,383,993</b>     |

\* These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$2,932,973,000 (2019: HK\$2,995,423,000 (restated)) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

\* 該等儲備賬目包括綜合財務狀況表中的綜合儲備2,932,973,000港元(2019年: 2,995,423,000港元(經重列))。



# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

|   |                          | Note<br>附註 | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | (Restated)<br>(經重列)<br>2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|--------------------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>                                   | <b>經營業務產生之現金流量</b>       |            |                         |  |
| Loss before tax from continuing operations                                    | 來自持續經營業務之除稅前虧損           |            | <b>(444,509)</b>        | (168,681)                                      |
| Profit before tax from a discontinued operation                               | 來自已終止經營業務除稅前溢利           | 12         | —                       | 357,986  |
| Adjustments for:  | 調整：                      |            |                         |  |
| Share of results of an associate  | 攤佔一家聯營公司業績               | 5          | <b>(3,325)</b>          | 7,091  |
| Share of results of a joint venture   | 攤佔一家合營企業業績               | 5          | <b>404,061</b>          | (108,822)                                      |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment                                 | 物業、廠房及設備折舊               | 16         | <b>11,376</b>           | 122,260  |
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets   | 使用權資產折舊                  | 17         | <b>2,784</b>            | —  |
| Amortisation of land use rights   | 土地使用權攤銷                  | 18         | —                       | 2,077  |
| Finance costs   | 財務費用                     |            | <b>216,675</b>          | 173,837  |
| Dividend income from listed and unlisted securities                           | 上市及非上市證券股息收入             | 6          | <b>(116)</b>            | (85)   |
| Interest income   | 利息收入                     |            | <b>(280,466)</b>        | (181,023)                                      |
| Gain on disposal of a subsidiary from the Merger                              | 由合併而出售一間附屬公司的收益          | 35         | —                       | (248,431)                                      |
| Gain on bargain purchase from the Merger                                      | 合併之議價購買收益                | 35         | —                       | (177,436)                                      |
| Net loss on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment                | 出售物業、廠房及設備項目之虧損淨額        | 6          | <b>24</b>               | 3  |
| Change in fair value of investment properties                                 | 投資物業之公允值變動               | 7, 15      | <b>13,555</b>           | (18,103)                                       |
| Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產公允值變動 | 7          | <b>667</b>              | 201,561  |
| Change in fair value of derivative financial instruments                      | 衍生金融工具之公允值變動             | 7          | <b>(39,630)</b>         | (4,562)  |
| (Reversal of impairment)/impairment of financial assets, net                  | 金融資產(減值撥回)/減值淨額          | 7          | <b>(6,352)</b>          | 20,984   |
| Write-off of loan and other receivables                                       | 貸款及其他收款撇銷                |            | <b>62,510</b>           | 54,107   |
|   |                          |            | <b>(62,746)</b>         | 32,763   |
| Decrease in inventories   | 存貨減少                     |            | —                       | 39,823   |
| Increase in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss             | 增加以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產    |            | <b>(16,797)</b>         | (239,172)                                      |
| Decrease in trade receivables   | 應收賬款減少                   |            | <b>1,418</b>            | 48,137   |
| Decrease in deposits, prepayments and other receivables                       | 按金、預付款及其他應收款減少           |            | <b>71,576</b>           | 44,613   |
| Decrease in trade and bills payables  | 應付賬款及票據減少                |            | —                       | (3,946)  |
| (Decrease)/increase in accrued charges, rental deposits and other payables    | 應計費用、租務按金及其他應付款(減少)/增加   |            | <b>(5,009)</b>          | 31,439   |

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

|  |  | Note<br>附註 | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | (Restated)<br>(經重列)<br>2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--|--|------------|-------------------------|--|
| Cash used in operations  | 經營業務所用之現金                              |            | (11,558)                | (46,343)                                       |
| Dividend received  | 已收股息                                   |            | 116                     | 85   |
| Interest paid  | 已付利息                                   |            | (157,221)               | (106,527)                                      |
| Tax refund/(paid)  | 已退回/(已付)稅款                             |            | 640                     | (38,381)                                       |
| Net cash flows used in operating activities                                  | 經營業務所用之淨現金流量                           |            | (168,023)               | (191,166)                                      |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>                                  | <b>投資業務所得現金流量</b>                      |            |                         |  |
| Settlement of construction costs payable                                     | 支付應付建造成本                               |            | —                       | (195,799)                                      |
| Purchase of items of property, plant and equipment                           | 購入物業、廠房及設備項目                           |            | (3,252)                 | (5,874)  |
| Interest received  | 已收利息                                   |            | 276,604                 | 129,905  |
| Disposal of subsidiaries   | 出售附屬公司                                 | 35         | —                       | (12,129)                                       |
| Advance to an associate (Advance to)/repayment from a joint venture          | 墊支一家聯營公司<br>(向一家合營企業墊款)/<br>來自一家合營企業還款 |            | (64,178)                | (105,167)                                      |
| Advance of loan receivables  | 墊支應收貸款                                 |            | (198,872)               | (1,110,330)                                    |
| Receipt of loan receivables  | 收取應收貸款                                 |            | 123,752                 | 593,214  |
| Deposit paid for acquisition of an equity investment                         | 收購股權投資之已付按金                            |            | (249,695)               | (66,745)                                       |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment                      | 出售物業、廠房及設備所得款項                         |            | 19,798                  | —  |
| Decrease in restricted bank balances (Increase)/decrease in pledged deposits | 監管戶口結餘減少<br>抵押存款(增加)/減少                |            | —                       | 40,056   |
|  |  |            | (1,432)                 | 300,111  |
| Net cash flows used in investing activities                                  | 投資業務所用淨現金流量                            |            | (189,975)               | (236,173)                                      |

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

|  |                         | Note<br>附註 | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | (Restated)<br>(經重列)<br>2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--|-------------------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>                  | <b>融資業務所得現金流量</b>       |            |                         |  |
| Proceeds from the issue of Convertible Bonds                 | 發行可換股債券所得款項             |            | —                       | 1,150,000                                      |
| Other loans raised   | 其他貸款融資                  |            | 1,056,271               | 468,750  |
| Senior note raised   | 優先票據融資                  |            | 151,461                 | —  |
| Repayment of other loans                                     | 償還其他貸款                  |            | (121,382)               | (296,336)                                      |
| New bank loans   | 新銀行貸款                   |            | 50,000                  | 688,036  |
| Repayment of bank loans                                      | 償還銀行貸款                  |            | (180,000)               | (1,856,620)                                    |
| Principal portion of lease payments                          | 租賃付款之本金部分               |            | (11,685)                | —  |
| Net cash flows from financing activities                     | 融資業務所得淨現金流量             |            | 944,665                 | 153,830  |
| <b>NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>  | <b>現金及現金等值增加／(減少)淨額</b> |            | <b>586,667</b>          | <b>(273,509)</b>                               |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year               | 現金及現金等值年初數額             |            | 190,247                 | 497,244  |
| Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net                 | 外幣匯率變動之影響，淨值            |            | (7,147)                 | (33,488)                                       |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR                     | 現金及現金等值年末數額             |            | 769,767                 | 190,247  |
| <b>ANALYSIS OF THE BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b> | <b>現金及現金等值結餘分析</b>      |            |                         |  |
| Cash and bank balances                                       | 現金及銀行結餘                 | 26         | 769,767                 | 190,247  |

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 1. Corporate And Group Information

Silver Grant International Holdings Group Limited (the “Company”) is a public limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”). The registered office and principal place of business of the Company are located at Suite 4901, 49th Floor, Office Tower, Convention Plaza, 1 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

The Company is an investment holding company and is engaged in property investment and securities trading. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred as the “Group”) are principally engaged in property leasing and investments. The trading of petrochemical products and the provision of sub-contracting service in the mainland (the “Mainland China”) of the People’s Republic of China (the “PRC”) carried out by a subsidiary of the Group in the prior years were discontinued during the year ended 31 December 2019 (note 12).

## 1. 公司及集團資料

銀建國際控股集團有限公司(「本公司」)為一家於香港註冊成立的公眾有限公司，其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。本公司註冊辦事處及主要營業地點的地址為香港灣仔港灣道1號會展廣場辦公大樓49樓4901室。

本公司為一家投資控股公司，從事物業投資及證券買賣。本公司及其附屬公司(統稱為「本集團」)主要從事物業租賃及投資業務。本集團一家附屬公司於過往數年在中華人民共和國(「中國」)內地(「中國內地」)從事的石油化工產品銷售及加工服務已於截至2019年12月31日止年度終止(附註12)。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 1. Corporate And Group Information (Continued)

## 1. 公司及集團資料(續)

### Information about subsidiaries

### 附屬公司資料

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows:

本公司的主要附屬公司詳情如下：

| Company name<br>公司名稱   | Place of incorporation/<br>registration and operations<br>註冊/登記及經營所在地 | Nominal value of issued and<br>paid-up/ registered capital<br>已發行及繳足/註冊股本面值 | Equity interest attributable<br>to the Company<br>本公司應佔股本權益 |                | Principal activities<br>主要業務                |
|--|---|---|---|----------------|---|
|  |   |   | Direct<br>直接  | Indirect<br>間接 |   |
| Twin Sparkle Limited   | Hong Kong   | HK\$2   | 100%  | —              | Property holding and investment             |
| 康而富有限公司  | 香港  | 2港元   |   |                | 持有物業及投資                                     |
| Real China Development Limited   | Hong Kong   | HK\$2   | 100%  | —              | Property holding and investment             |
| 泰景發展有限公司   | 香港  | 2港元   |   |                | 持有物業及投資                                     |
| Likesway Limited   | Hong Kong   | HK\$2   | 100%  | —              | Investment holding                          |
| 利時威有限公司  | 香港  | 2港元   |   |                | 投資控股  |
| Noda International Investment (Guangzhou) Co., Limited <sup>#*</sup>         | PRC/Mainland China  | RMB400,000,000  | —   | 100%           | Investment                                  |
| 諾達國際投資(廣州)有限公司 <sup>#*</sup>   | 中國/中國內地   | 人民幣400,000,000元   |   |                | 投資  |
| Silver Grant International Assets Investment Limited                         | Hong Kong   | HK\$100   | 100%  | —              | Investment holding                          |
| 銀威國際資產投資有限公司   | 香港  | 100港元   |   |                | 投資控股  |
| Hongda International Investment (Guangzhou) Co., Limited <sup>#*</sup>       | PRC/Mainland China  | RMB500,000,000  | —   | 100%           | Investment                                  |
| 弘達國際投資(廣州)有限公司 <sup>#*</sup>   | 中國/中國內地   | 人民幣500,000,000元   |   |                | 投資  |
| Silver Grant International Investment Management Limited                     | Hong Kong   | HK\$1,000   | 100%  | —              | Investment holding                          |
| 銀威國際資產管理有限公司   | 香港  | 1,000港元   |   |                | 投資控股  |
| Beijing Longda Tianhong Technology Co., Limited <sup>#*</sup>                | PRC/Mainland China  | RMB10,000,000   | —   | 100%           | Technology development, consulting services |
| 北京隆達天弘科技有限公司 <sup>#*</sup>   | 中國/中國內地   | 人民幣10,000,000元  |   |                | 技術開發、諮詢服務                                   |
| Beijing Runda International Investment Management Co., Limited <sup>#*</sup> | PRC/Mainland China  | RMB500,000,000  | —   | 100%           | Investment                                  |
| 北京潤達國際投資管理有限公司 <sup>#*</sup>   | 中國/中國內地   | 人民幣500,000,000元   |   |                | 投資  |

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 1. Corporate and Group Information (Continued)

## 1. 公司及集團資料(續)

### Information about subsidiaries (Continued)

### 附屬公司資料(續)

| Company name<br>公司名稱  | Place of incorporation/<br>registration and operations<br>註冊/登記及經營所在地 | Nominal value of issued and<br>paid-up/ registered capital<br>已發行及繳足/註冊股本面值 | Equity interest attributable<br>to the Company<br>本公司應佔股本權益 |                | Principal activities<br>主要業務                              |
|---|---|---|---|----------------|---|
|   |   |   | Direct<br>直接  | Indirect<br>間接 |   |
| Silver Grant International Securities Investment Limited<br>銀威國際證券投資有限公司  | Hong Kong<br>香港   | HK\$2<br>2港元  | —   | 100%           | Investment holding<br>投資控股                                |
| Singda Investment Limited<br>晟達投資有限公司   | Hong Kong<br>香港   | HK\$2<br>2港元  | —   | 100%           | Investment holding<br>投資控股                                |
| Silver Grant International Investment (Guangzhou) Co., Limited <sup>#@</sup><br>銀建國際投資(廣州)有限公司 <sup>#@</sup>              | PRC/Mainland China<br>中國/中國內地   | RMB200,000,000<br>人民幣200,000,000元   | —   | 100%           | Investment holding<br>投資控股                                |
| Guangzhou Shengyuan Investment Co., Limited <sup>#^</sup><br>廣州晟元投資有限公司 <sup>#</sup>                                      | PRC/Mainland China<br>中國/中國內地   | RMB20,000,000<br>人民幣20,000,000元   | —   | 100%           | Investment holding<br>投資控股                                |
| Guangzhou Runsui No. 2 Partnership (Limited Partnership) <sup>#^</sup><br>廣州潤穗二號合夥企業(有限合夥) <sup>*</sup>                   | PRC/Mainland China<br>中國/中國內地   | N/A<br>不適用  | —   | 87.25%         | Corporate Management Service<br>企業管理服務                    |
| Silver Grant International Holding (Guangzhou) Co., Limited <sup>#^</sup><br>銀建國際控股(廣州)有限公司 <sup>#</sup>                  | PRC/Mainland China<br>中國/中國內地   | RMB500,000,000<br>人民幣500,000,000元   | —   | 100%           | Investment<br>投資  |
| Silver Grant International Information Technology (Guangzhou) Co., Limited <sup>#^</sup><br>銀建國際信息科技(廣州)有限公司 <sup>#</sup> | PRC/Mainland China<br>中國/中國內地   | RMB50,000,000<br>人民幣50,000,000元   | —   | 100%           | Software and information technology services<br>軟件及信息技術服務 |
| Guangzhou Runfu No.9 Investment Partnership (Limited Partnership) <sup>#^</sup><br>廣州潤富九號投資合夥企業(有限合夥) <sup>*</sup>        | PRC/Mainland China<br>中國/中國內地   | N/A<br>不適用  | —   | 100%           | Non-performing assets investment<br>不良資產投資                |
| Qida International Investment (Guangzhou) Co., Limited <sup>#@</sup><br>祺達國際投資(廣州)有限公司 <sup>#@</sup>                      | PRC/Mainland China<br>中國/中國內地   | RMB10,000,000<br>人民幣10,000,000元   | —   | 100%           | Investment<br>投資  |

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 1. Corporate and Group Information (Continued)

## 1. 公司及集團資料(續)

### Information about subsidiaries (Continued)

### 附屬公司資料(續)

| Company name<br>公司名稱  | Place of incorporation/<br>registration and operations<br>註冊/登記及經營所在地 | Nominal value of issued and<br>paid-up/ registered capital<br>已發行及繳足/註冊股本面值 | Equity interest attributable<br>to the Company<br>本公司應佔股本權益 |                | Principal activities<br>主要業務   |
|---|---|---|---|----------------|--|
|   |   |   | Direct<br>直接  | Indirect<br>間接 |  |
| Ju Fu San Yan Jing Investment Company<br>Limited<br>巨福三眼井投資有限公司   | Hong Kong<br>香港   | HK\$2<br>2港元  | —   | 100%           | Investment holding<br>投資控股   |
| Beijing Tongda Jufu Technology Co.,<br>Limited <sup>#@</sup><br>北京通達巨福科技有限公司 <sup>#@</sup>                            | PRC/Mainland China<br>中國/中國內地   | RMB10,000,000<br>人民幣10,000,000元   | —   | 100%           | Technology development,<br>consulting services<br>技術開發、諮詢服務                        |
| Jing Yin International Investment Consulting<br>Co. Limited <sup>#^</sup><br>京銀國際投資諮詢(北京)有限公司 <sup>#</sup>            | PRC/Mainland China<br>中國/中國內地   | RMB100,000,000<br>人民幣100,000,000元   | —   | 100%           | Investment<br>投資   |
| Beihai Mao Yuan Investment Co. Limited <sup>#^</sup><br>北海茂元投資有限公司 <sup>#</sup>                                       | PRC/Mainland China<br>中國/中國內地   | RMB50,000,000<br>人民幣50,000,000元   | —   | 100%           | Investment<br>投資   |
| Silver Grant International Petrochemical<br>Limited<br>銀建國際石化有限公司   | Hong Kong<br>香港   | HK\$100<br>100港元  | —   | 100%           | Investment holding<br>投資控股   |
| Beijing Yuan Da Tian Hua Technology Co.<br>Limited <sup>#@</sup><br>北京遠達天化科技有限公司 <sup>#@</sup>                        | PRC/Mainland China<br>中國/中國內地   | RMB10,000,000<br>人民幣10,000,000元   | —   | 100%           | Technology development,<br>consulting services<br>技術開發、諮詢服務                        |
| Yinjian Energy Trading (Guangzhou) Co.<br>Limited <sup>#^</sup><br>銀建能源貿易(廣州)有限公司 <sup>#</sup>                        | PRC/Mainland China<br>中國/中國內地   | RMB500,000,000<br>人民幣500,000,000元   | —   | 100%           | Trading<br>貿易  |
| Taizhou Yinjian Energy Investment Co.<br>Limited <sup>#^</sup><br>泰州銀建能源投資有限公司 <sup>#</sup>                           | PRC/Mainland China<br>中國/中國內地   | RMB100,000,000<br>人民幣100,000,000元   | —   | 100%           | Environmental<br>conservation and<br>renewable energy<br>investment<br>環境保育及再生能源投資 |
| Tai Zhou Dong Thai Petrochemical Company<br>Limited ("TZ Dong Thai") <sup>#^</sup><br>泰州東泰石化有限公司(「泰州東泰」) <sup>#</sup> | PRC/Mainland China<br>中國/中國內地   | RMB1,664,089,268<br>人民幣1,664,089,268元                                       | —   | 68.07%         | Investment holding and<br>investment<br>投資控股及投資                                    |

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 1. Corporate and Group Information (Continued)

## 1. 公司及集團資料(續)

### Information about subsidiaries (Continued)

### 附屬公司資料(續)

| Company name<br>公司名稱   | Place of incorporation/<br>registration and operations<br>註冊/登記及經營所在地 | Nominal value of issued and<br>paid-up/ registered capital<br>已發行及繳足/註冊股本面值 | Equity interest attributable<br>to the Company<br>本公司應佔股本權益 |                | Principal activities<br>主要業務           |
|--|---|---|---|----------------|--|
|  |   |   | Direct<br>直接  | Indirect<br>間接 |  |
| Konson Investment Limited<br>港豐投資有限公司  | Hong Kong<br>香港   | HK\$100<br>100港元  | —   | 70%            | Investment holding<br>投資控股             |
| East Gate (Beijing) Property Management<br>Co., Ltd (formerly known as Beijing East<br>Gate Development Co., Ltd. ("Beijing East<br>Gate")) <sup>#@^</sup> | PRC/Mainland China  | US\$100,413,500   | —   | 100%           | Property development<br>and investment |
| 東環(北京)物業管理有限公司(前稱北京東環<br>置業有限公司)(「北京東環」) <sup>#@</sup>   | 中國/中國內地   | 100,413,500 美元  |   |                | 物業發展及投資                                |
| Beijing Ju Fu Real Estate Development<br>Company Limited ("Beijing Ju Fu") <sup>#^</sup>   | PRC/Mainland China  | RMB105,000,000  | —   | 99.05%         | Property development<br>and investment |
| 北京巨福房地產開發有限公司(「北京巨福」) <sup>#</sup>   | 中國/中國內地   | 人民幣105,000,000 元  |   |                | 物業發展及投資                                |
| Xin Jiang Zhong Qing Luan Chuang<br>Technology Company Limited <sup>#^</sup>   | PRC/Mainland China  | RMB5,000,000  | —   | 60%            | Investment holding                     |
| 新疆中青聯創科技有限公司 <sup>#</sup>  | 中國/中國內地   | 人民幣5,000,000 元  |   |                | 投資控股                                   |

<sup>#</sup> Registered as domestic limited liability companies under the PRC law

<sup>#</sup> 根據中國法律註冊為內資有限公司。

<sup>@</sup> Registered as wholly-foreign-owned enterprises under the PRC law

<sup>@</sup> 根據中國法律註冊為外資全資擁有公司。

<sup>^</sup> The English names of these companies represent the best effort made by management of the Company to directly translate their Chinese names as they did not register any official English names.

<sup>^</sup> 由於並未註冊任何官方英文名稱，該等公司的英文名稱乃本公司管理層盡最大努力由其中文名稱直譯所得。

<sup>\*</sup> Registered as limited partnership companies under the PRC law.

<sup>\*</sup> 根據中國法律註冊為有限合夥企業。



# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 1. Corporate and Group Information (Continued)

### Information about subsidiaries (Continued)

- (i) On 15 July 2019, Zhong Hai You Qi (Tai Zhou) Petrochemical Company Limited (“ZHYQ”), an associate of the Company, absorbed and merged with TZ United East, an indirect non-wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and China Offshore Bitumen (Taizhou) Co., Ltd. (“COBT”), an independent third party (the “Merger”). Upon completion of the Merger, ZHYQ became the surviving entity (the “Merged Enterprise”), TZ United East and COBT were dissolved and deregistered, and the Company owned 51% of the equity interest in the Merged Enterprise through its indirect non-wholly-owned subsidiary, TZ Dong Thai, and the Merged Enterprise is accounted for as a joint venture of the Company using equity method.

Following the completion of the Merger, the Group discontinued the operation in its trading of petrochemical products and provision of sub-contracting service. Further details are included in note 12 to the financial statements.

- (ii) The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the reporting year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

## 1. 公司及集團資料(續)

### 附屬公司資料(續)

- (i) 於2019年7月15日，本公司的聯營公司中海油氣(泰州)石化有限公司(「中海油泰州石化」)吸收合併本公司的間接非全資擁有附屬公司泰州東聯及獨立第三方中海瀝青(泰州)有限責任公司(「中海瀝青」)(「合併」)。合併完成後，中海油泰州石化為存續公司(「經合併企業」)，泰州東聯及中海瀝青則已解散及註銷，而本公司透過其間接非全資擁有附屬公司泰州東泰擁有經合併企業之51%權益，因而經合併企業以權益法計為本公司的合營企業。

合併完成後，本集團已終止經營其石油化工產品銷售及提供加工服務。詳情載於綜合財務報表附註12。

- (ii) 上表載列董事認為主要影響本集團本報告年度業績或構成本集團淨資產重大部分的本公司附屬公司。董事認為，提供其他附屬公司的詳情會導致資料過於冗長。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 2.1 Basis of Preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards (“HKASs”) and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (“HKICPA”), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment properties, leasehold land and buildings under property, plant and equipment, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and derivative financial instruments, which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (HK\$’000) except when otherwise indicated.

### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2020. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

## 2.1 編製基準

本財務報表已根據香港會計師公會（「香港會計師公會」）頒佈的香港財務報告準則（「香港財務報告準則」）（包括所有香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則（「香港會計準則」）及詮釋）、香港公認會計原則及香港公司條例編製。除投資物業、物業、廠房及設備項下之租賃土地及樓宇以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產及衍生金融工具是按公允值計量外，本綜合財務報表是按歷史成本慣例編製。除另有指明外，本財務報表以港元呈列，且所有金額均湊整至最接近千位數（千港元）。

### 綜合入賬基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司截至2020年12月31日止年度的財務報表。附屬公司為本公司直接或間接控制的實體（包括結構性實體）。當本集團能透過參與承擔或享有投資對象業務的可變回報的風險或權利，以及能向投資對象使用權力（即本集團獲賦予現有主導投資對象相關活動的能力的現有權利）影響該等回報時，即取得控制權。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 2.1 Basis of Preparation (Continued)

#### Basis of consolidation (Continued)

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

### 2.1 編製基準(續)

#### 綜合入賬基準(續)

倘本公司於投資對象直接或間接擁有的投票權或類似權利不足大多數，則本集團於評估其是否擁有對投資對象的權力時會考慮一切相關事實及情況，包括：

- (a) 與投資對象的其他投票權持有人的合約安排；
- (b) 其他合約安排所產生的權利；及
- (c) 本集團的投票權及潛在投票權。

附屬公司與本公司的財務報表的報告期相同，並採用一致的會計政策編製。附屬公司的業績由本集團獲得控制權當日起綜合入賬，直至有關控制權終止當日止。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 2.1 Basis of Preparation (Continued)

#### Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

### 2.1 編製基準(續)

#### 綜合入賬基準(續)

損益及其他全面收益的各個組成部分歸屬於本集團母公司擁有人及非控股股權權益，即使此舉會導致非控股股權權益出現虧絀結餘。所有有關本集團各成員公司間的交易之集團內公司間資產及負債、權益、收入、開支及現金流量於綜合入賬時悉數抵銷。

倘事實及情況顯示上述三項控制因素之一項或多項出現變化，本集團會重新評估其是否控制投資對象。並無失去控制權的附屬公司的擁有權權益變動以股本交易入賬。

倘本集團失去對附屬公司的控制權，則終止確認(i)該附屬公司的資產(包括商譽)及負債；(ii)任何非控股權益的賬面值；及(iii)於權益內入賬的累計匯兌差額，以及確認(i)已收代價的公允值；(ii)所保留任何投資的公允值；及(iii)損益中任何因此產生的盈餘或虧絀。先前已於其他全面收益內確認的本集團分佔部分重新分類至損益或保留溢利(如適當)，基準與本集團直接出售相關資產或負債所使用者相同。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 2.2 Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

The Group has adopted the *Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018* and the following revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements:

Amendments to HKFRS 3 *Definition of a Business*

Amendments to HKFRS 9, *Interest Rate Benchmark*  
HKAS 39, and HKFRS 7 *Reform*

Amendment to HKFRS 16 *COVID-19-Related Rent*  
*Concessions* (early  
adopted)

Amendments to HKAS 1 *Definition of Material*  
and HKAS 8

The nature and the impact of the *Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018* and the revised HKFRSs are described below:

### 2.2 會計政策及披露之變動

本集團已於本年度財務報表首次採納  
2018年財務報告概念框架以及下列  
經修訂香港財務報告準則：

香港財務報告準則第3號 *業務的定義*  
(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則 *利率基準改革*  
第9號、香港會計準  
則第39號及香港財務  
報告準則第7號  
(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則 *與2019新型冠狀病毒有關*  
第16號(修訂本) *的租金優惠(提早採納)*

香港會計準則第1號及 *重大的定義*  
香港會計準則第8號  
(修訂本)

2018年財務報告概念框架以及經修  
訂香港財務報告準則的性質及影響  
載述如下：

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 2.2 Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures (Continued)

- (a) *Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018* (the “Conceptual Framework”) sets out a comprehensive set of concepts for financial reporting and standard setting, and provides guidance for preparers of financial statements in developing consistent accounting policies and assistance to all parties to understand and interpret the standards. The Conceptual Framework includes new chapters on measurement and reporting financial performance, new guidance on the derecognition of assets and liabilities, and updated definitions and recognition criteria for assets and liabilities. It also clarifies the roles of stewardship, prudence and measurement uncertainty in financial reporting. The Conceptual Framework is not a standard, and none of the concepts contained therein override the concepts or requirements in any standard. The Conceptual Framework did not have any significant impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

### 2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

- (a) 2018年財務報告概念框架(「概念框架」)載列一套全面的財務報告概念及準則制定，並為財務報表編製者制定一致的會計政策提供指引，協助各方了解及詮釋標準。該概念框架包括有關計量及報告財務表現的新章節、有關終止確認資產及負債的新指引，以及資產及負債的更新定義及確認標準。其亦釐清財務報告中管理、審慎及計量不確定因素的角色。該概念框架並非標準，其中所載概念概無凌駕於任何標準的概念或規定之上。概念框架並無對本集團的財務狀況或表現產生任何重大影響。

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### 2.2 Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures (Continued)

(b) Amendments to HKFRS 3 clarify and provide additional guidance on the definition of a business. The amendments clarify that for an integrated set of activities and assets to be considered a business, it must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create output. A business can exist without including all of the inputs and processes needed to create outputs. The amendments remove the assessment of whether market participants are capable of acquiring the business and continue to produce outputs. Instead, the focus is on whether acquired inputs and acquired substantive processes together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs. The amendments have also narrowed the definition of outputs to focus on goods or services provided to customers, investment income or other income from ordinary activities. Furthermore, the amendments provide guidance to assess whether an acquired process is substantive and introduce an optional fair value concentration test to permit a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business. The Group has applied the amendments prospectively to transactions or other events that occurred on or after 1 January 2020. The amendments did not have any impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

### 2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

(b) 香港財務報告準則第3號(修訂本)對業務的定義進行了澄清並提供額外指引。該等修訂明確澄清，倘若構成一項業務，一組不可分割的活動及資產必須至少包括一項投入及一項實質性過程，能共同顯著促進創造產出的能力。一項業務可以不具備所有創造產出所需的投入和過程。該等修訂刪除了對市場參與者是否有能力購買業務並能持續產生產出的評估，轉而重點關注所取得的投入和所取得的實質性過程是否共同顯著促進創造產出的能力。該等修訂亦縮小了產出的定義範圍，重點關注於向客戶提供的貨品或服務、投資收益或其他日常活動收入。此外，該等修訂為評估所取得的過程是否為實質性過程提供了指引，並引入了可選的公允值集中度測試，允許對所取得的一組活動和資產是否不構成業務進行簡化評估。本集團已就於2020年1月1日或之後發生的交易或其他事件應用該等修訂。該等修訂並無對本集團的財務狀況及表現產生任何重大影響。

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### 2.2 Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures (Continued)

- (c) Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7 address issues affecting financial reporting in the period before the replacement of an existing interest rate benchmark with an alternative risk-free rate (“RFR”). The amendments provide temporary reliefs which enable hedge accounting to continue during the period of uncertainty before the introduction of the alternative RFR. In addition, the amendments require companies to provide additional information to investors about their hedging relationships which are directly affected by these uncertainties. The amendments did not have any impact on the financial position and performance of the Group as the Group does not have any interest rate hedging relationships.
- (d) Amendment to HKFRS 16 provides a practical expedient for lessees to elect not to apply lease modification accounting for rent concessions arising as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic. The practical expedient applies only to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the pandemic and only if (i) the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change; (ii) any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021; and (iii) there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020 with earlier application permitted and shall be applied retrospectively. The amendment did not have any significant impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

### 2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

- (c) 香港財務報告準則第9號、香港會計準則第39號及香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂本)處理對另類資本充足率(「資本充足率」)取代現有利率基準前一段期間的財務報告造成影響的事宜。該等修訂提供可在引入另類資本充足率前於不確定期限內繼續進行對沖會計處理的暫時性補救措施。此外，該等修訂要求公司須向投資者提供與直接受該等不確定因素影響的對沖關係有關的額外資料。由於本集團並無任何利率對沖關係，故該等修訂並無對本集團的財務狀況及表現產生任何重大影響。
- (d) 香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本)為承租人提供可行權宜方法，讓承租人選擇不就因新冠肺炎疫情直接導致的租金寬減應用租賃修訂會計法。可行權宜方法僅適用於因疫情而直接導致的租金寬減，且僅當(i)租賃款項變動導致租賃的經修訂代價與緊接變動前的租賃代價大致相同或低於該代價；(ii)租賃款項的任何減少僅影響原於2021年6月30日或之前到期的付款；及(iii)租賃的其他條款及條件並無重大變動。該修訂於二零二零年六月一日或之後開始的年度期間生效，並允許提早應用，且將追溯應用。該等修訂並無對本集團的財務狀況及表現產生任何重大影響。



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### 2.2 Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures (Continued)

- (e) Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8 provide a new definition of material. The new definition states that information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. The amendments clarify that materiality will depend on the nature or magnitude of information, or both. The amendments did not have any significant impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

### 2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

- (e) 香港會計準則第1號及香港會計準則第8號的修訂提供了對重大的全新定義。新定義指出，如果遺漏、錯誤陳述或掩蓋有關資料能被合理預期會影響一般目的財務報表的主要用戶基於該等財務報表所作出的決定，則有關資料即屬重大。該等修訂澄清，重要性將取決於資料的性質或程度，或兩者兼備。該等修訂並無對本集團的財務狀況及表現產生任何重大影響。

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### 2.3 Issued But Not Yet Effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 3 *Reference to the Conceptual Framework*<sup>2</sup>

Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 *Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 2*<sup>1</sup>

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011) *Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture*<sup>4</sup>

HKFRS 17 *Insurance Contracts*<sup>3</sup>

Amendments to HKFRS 17 *Insurance Contracts*<sup>3, 6</sup>

Amendments to HKAS 1 *Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current*<sup>3, 5</sup>

Amendments to HKAS 16 *Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use*<sup>2</sup>

Amendments to HKAS 37 *Onerous Contracts — Cost of Fulfilling a Contract*<sup>2</sup>

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018–2020 Amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 9, Illustrative Examples accompanying HKFRS 16, and HKAS 41<sup>2</sup>

### 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告

本集團並無於本財務報表應用下列已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則：

香港財務報告準則第3號 *概念框架之提述*<sup>2</sup> (修訂本)

香港財務報告準則第9號、香港會計準則第39號、香港財務報告準則第7號、香港財務報告準則第4號及香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號(2011年) (修訂本) *投資者與其聯營公司或營公司間資產出售或注資*<sup>4</sup>

香港財務報告準則第17號 *保險合約*<sup>3</sup>

香港財務報告準則第17號 (修訂本) *保險合約*<sup>3, 6</sup>

香港會計準則第1號 (修訂本) *負債分類為即期或非即期*<sup>3, 5</sup>

香港會計準則第16號 (修訂本) *物業、機器及設備：未作擬定用途前之所得款項*<sup>2</sup>

香港會計準則第37號 (修訂本) *虧損合約 — 達成合約之成本*<sup>2</sup>

香港財務報告準則2018年至2020年年度改進 香港財務報告準則第1號、香港財務報告準則第9號、香港財務報告準則第16號相應闡釋範例及香港會計準則第41號(修訂本)<sup>2</sup>

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### 2.3 Issued But Not Yet Effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

- 1 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021
- 2 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022
- 3 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023
- 4 No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption
- 5 As a consequence of the amendments to HKAS 1, Hong Kong Interpretation 5 *Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause* was revised in October 2020 to align the corresponding wording with no change in conclusion
- 6 As a consequence of the amendments to HKFRS 17 issued in October 2020, HKFRS 4 was amended to extend the temporary exemption that permits insurers to apply HKAS 39 rather than HKFRS 9 for annual periods beginning before 1 January 2023

### 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告(續)

- 1 於2021年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間生效
- 2 於2022年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間生效
- 3 於2023年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間生效
- 4 尚未釐定強制生效日期，惟可供採納
- 5 作為香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)的結果，香港詮釋第5號財務報表的呈報 – 借款人對載有按要求償還條款的定期貸款的分類已於2020年10月進行修訂，以使相應措詞保持一致而結論保持不變
- 6 作為於2020年10月頒佈的香港財務報告準則第17號(修訂本)的結果，於2023年1月1日之前開始的年度期間，香港財務報告準則第4號已作出修訂，以延長允許保險人應用香港會計準則第39號而非香港財務報告準則第9號的暫時豁免

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### 2.3 Issued But Not Yet Effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is described below:

Amendments to HKFRS 3 are intended to replace a reference to the previous *Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements* with a reference to the *Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting* issued in June 2018 without significantly changing its requirements. The amendments also add to HKFRS 3 an exception to its recognition principle for an entity to refer to the Conceptual Framework to determine what constitutes an asset or a liability. The exception specifies that, for liabilities and contingent liabilities that would be within the scope of HKAS 37 or HK (IFRIC)-Int 21 if they were incurred separately rather than assumed in a business combination, an entity applying HKFRS 3 should refer to HKAS 37 or HK (IFRIC)-Int 21 respectively instead of the Conceptual Framework. Furthermore, the amendments clarify that contingent assets do not qualify for recognition at the acquisition date. The Group expects to adopt the amendments prospectively from 1 January 2022. Since the amendments apply prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the date of first application, the Group will not be affected by these amendments on the date of transition.

### 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告(續)

預期將適用於本集團之該等香港財務報告準則的進一步資料於下文載述：

香港財務報告準則第3號(修訂本)旨在以2018年6月頒佈的引用財務報告概念框架取代引用先前財務報表編製及呈列框架，而毋須大幅度改變其規定。該等修訂亦就香港財務報告準則第3號就實體引用概念框架以釐定構成資產或負債之內容之確認原則增設一項例外情況。該例外情況規定，對於可能屬於香港會計準則第37號或香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會) — 詮釋第21號範圍內的負債及或然負債而言，倘該等負債屬單獨產生而非於企業合併中產生，則應用香港財務報告準則第3號的實體應分別參考香港會計準則第37號或香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會) — 詮釋第21號，而非概念框架。此外，該等修訂澄清或然資產於收購日期不符合確認條件。本集團預計自2022年1月1日起提前採納該等修訂。由於該等修訂提前適用於收購日期為首次應用日期或之後的業務合併，因此本集團於過渡日期將不會受該等修訂的影響。

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### 2.3 Issued But Not Yet Effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 address issues not dealt with in the previous amendments which affect financial reporting when an existing interest rate benchmark is replaced with an alternative RFR. The Phase 2 amendments provide a practical expedient to allow the effective interest rate to be updated without adjusting the carrying amount when accounting for changes in the basis for determining the contractual cash flows of financial assets and liabilities, if the change is a direct consequence of the interest rate benchmark reform and the new basis for determining the contractual cash flows is economically equivalent to the previous basis immediately preceding the change. In addition, the amendments permit changes required by the interest rate benchmark reform to be made to hedge designations and hedge documentation without the hedging relationship being discontinued. Any gains or losses that could arise on transition are dealt with through the normal requirements of HKFRS 9 to measure and recognise hedge ineffectiveness. The amendments also provide a temporary relief to entities from having to meet the separately identifiable requirement when an RFR is designated as a risk component. The relief allows an entity, upon designation of the hedge, to assume that the separately identifiable requirement is met, provided the entity reasonably expects the RFR risk component to become separately identifiable within the next 24 months. Furthermore, the amendments require an entity to disclose additional information to enable users of financial statements to understand the effect of interest rate benchmark reform on an entity's financial instruments and risk management strategy. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021 and shall be applied retrospectively, but entities are not required to restate the comparative information. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

### 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告(續)

當現有利率基準被可替代無風險利率替代方案替代時，香港財務報告準則第9號、香港會計準則第39號、香港財務報告準則第7號、香港財務報告準則第4號及香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本)解決先前影響財務報告之修訂未處理的問題。第二階段之修訂提供對於釐定金融資產及負債之合約現金流量之基準之變動進行會計處理時無需調整賬面值而更新實際利率的可行權宜方法，前提為該變動為利率基準改革之直接後果且釐定合約現金流量的新基準於經濟上等同於緊接變動前的先前基準。此外，該等修訂允許利率基準改革所規定對沖指定及對沖文件進行更改，而不會中斷對沖關係。過渡期間可能產生的任何損益均通過香港財務報告準則第9號的正常規定進行處理，以衡量及確認對沖無效性。倘無風險利率被指定為風險組成部分時，該等修訂亦暫時減輕了實體必須滿足可單獨識別的要求的風險。倘實體合理地預期無風險利率風險組成部分於未來24個月內將變得可單獨識別，則該減免允許實體於指定對沖後假定已滿足可單獨識別之規定。此外，該等修訂亦規定實體須披露額外資料，以使財務報表的使用者能夠了解利率基準改革對實體的金融工具及風險管理策略的影響。該等修訂於2021年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間生效，並應追溯應用，但實體毋須重述比較資料。預期該等修訂不會對本集團的財務報表產生任何重大影響。

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### 2.3 Issued But Not Yet Effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011) address an inconsistency between the requirements in HKFRS 10 and in HKAS 28 (2011) in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require a full recognition of a gain or loss when the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture constitutes a business. For a transaction involving assets that do not constitute a business, a gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognised in the investor's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in that associate or joint venture. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The previous mandatory effective date of the amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011) was removed by the HKICPA in January 2016 and a new mandatory effective date will be determined after the completion of a broader review of accounting for associates and joint ventures. However, the amendments are available for adoption now.

Amendments to HKAS 1 clarify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current. The amendments specify that if an entity's right to defer settlement of a liability is subject to the entity complying with specified conditions, the entity has a right to defer settlement of the liability at the end of the reporting period if it complies with those conditions at that date. Classification of a liability is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of the liability. The amendments also clarify the situations that are considered a settlement of a liability. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and shall be applied retrospectively. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

### 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告 (續)

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號(2011年)(修訂本)針對香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號(2011年)之間有關投資者與其聯營公司或合營公司之間資產出售或注資兩者規定之不一致情況。該等修訂規定，當投資者與其聯營公司或合營公司之間的資產出售或注資構成一項業務時，須確認全數收益或虧損。當交易涉及不構成一項業務之資產時，由該交易產生之收益或虧損於該投資者之損益內確認，惟僅以不相關投資者於該聯營公司或合營公司之權益為限。該等修訂已前瞻應用。香港會計師公會已於2016年1月剔除香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號(2011年)之修訂的以往強制生效日期，而新的強制生效日期將於對聯營公司及合營公司的會計處理完成更廣泛的檢討後釐定。然而，該等修訂現時可供採納。

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)澄清將負債分類為流動或非流動的規定。該等修訂指明，倘實體延遲償還負債的權利受限於實體符合特定條件，則倘該實體符合當日之條件，其有權於報告期末延遲償還負債。負債的分類不受該實體行使其延遲償還負債權利的可能性的影響。該等修訂亦澄清被視為償還負債的情況。該等修訂於2023年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間生效，並應追溯應用。允許提早應用。該等修訂預期不會對本集團的財務報表產生任何重大影響。

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### 2.3 Issued But Not Yet Effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 16 prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognises the proceeds from selling any such items, and the cost of those items, in profit or loss. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 and shall be applied retrospectively only to items of property, plant and equipment made available for use on or after the beginning of the earliest period presented in the financial statements in which the entity first applies the amendments. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

### 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告(續)

香港會計準則第16號(修訂本)禁止實體從物業、廠房及設備項目的成本中扣除資產達到管理層預定的可使用狀態(包括位置與條件)過程中產生的全部出售所得款項。實體必須將該等資產的出售所得款項計入當期損益。該等修訂於2022年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間生效，並僅追溯應用實體於首次採用該等修訂的財務報表所呈列的最早期間的期初或之後可供使用的物業、機器及設備項目。允許提前批准。該等修訂預期不會對本集團的財務報表產生任何重大影響。

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### 2.3 Issued But Not Yet Effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 37 clarify that for the purpose of assessing whether a contract is onerous under HKAS 37, the cost of fulfilling the contract comprises the costs that relate directly to the contract. Costs that relate directly to a contract include both the incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (e.g. direct labour and materials) and an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling that contract (e.g. an allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract as well as contract management and supervision costs). General and administrative costs do not relate directly to a contract and are excluded unless they are explicitly chargeable to the counterparty under the contract. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 and shall be applied to contracts for which an entity has not yet fulfilled all its obligations at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which it first applies the amendments. Earlier application is permitted. Any cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments shall be recognised as an adjustment to the opening equity at the date of initial application without restating the comparative information. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

### 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告(續)

香港會計準則第37號(修訂本)澄清，就根據香港會計準則第37號評估合約是否屬虧損性而言，履行合約的成本包括與合約直接相關的成本。與合約直接相關的成本包括履行該合約的增量成本(例如直接勞工及材料)及與履行合約直接相關的其他成本分配(例如分配履行合約所用物業、機器及設備項目的折舊開支以及合約管理及監管成本)。一般及行政成本與合約並無直接關連，除非根據合約明確向對手方收取費用，否則不包括在內。該等修訂於2022年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間生效，並適用於實體於其首次應用修訂的年度報告期初尚未履行其所有責任的合約。允許提早應用。初步應用該等修訂的任何累積影響將確認為首次應用日期的期初權益的調整，而毋須重列比較資料。該等修訂預期不會對本集團的財務報表產生任何重大影響。



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### 2.3 Issued But Not Yet Effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

*Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018–2020* sets out amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 9, Illustrative Examples accompanying HKFRS 16, and HKAS 41. Details of the amendments that are expected to be applicable to the Group are as follows:

- HKFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*: clarifies the fees that an entity includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf. An entity applies the amendment to financial liabilities that are modified or exchanged on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the amendment. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Earlier application is permitted. The amendment is not expected to have a significant impact on the Group's financial statements.
- HKFRS 16 *Leases*: removes the illustration of payments from the lessor relating to leasehold improvements in Illustrative Example 13 accompanying HKFRS 16. This removes potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives when applying HKFRS 16.

### 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告(續)

香港財務報告準則2018年至2020年年度改進載列香港財務報告準則第1號、香港財務報告準則第9號、香港財務報告準則第16號相應闡釋範例及香港會計準則第41號(修訂本)。預期適用於本公司的該等修訂詳情如下：

- 香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具：澄清於實體評估是否新訂或經修改金融負債的條款與原金融負債的條款存在實質差異時所包含的費用。該等費用僅包括借款人與貸款人之間已支付或收取的費用，包括借款人或貸款人代表其他方支付或收取的費用。實體將有關修訂應用於實體首次應用有關修訂的年度報告期開始或之後修改或交換的金融負債。該等修訂自2022年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間生效。允許提早採納。預期該等修訂不會對本集團的財務報表產生任何重大影響。
- 香港財務報告準則第16號租賃：刪除香港財務報告準則第16號相應闡釋範例13中有關租賃物業裝修的出租人付款說明。此舉消除於採用香港財務報告準則第16號有關租賃激勵措施處理方面的潛在困惑。

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## 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### Investments in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of a joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The Group's investments in associates and joint ventures are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist.

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要

### 於聯營公司及合營企業之投資

聯營公司為本集團於其一般不少於20%股本投票權中擁有長期權益之實體，且可對其發揮重大影響力。重大影響力指參與投資對象之財務及經營決策之權力，但並非控股或共同控制該等決策之權力。

合營企業為一種合營安排，據此，擁有安排共同控制權之人士有權享有合營企業之淨資產。共同控制權乃以合約協定分佔一項安排之控制權，其僅在相關活動決策必須獲分佔控制權之人士一致同意時方存在。

本集團於聯營公司及合營企業的投資乃按權益會計法，在本集團的綜合財務狀況表內，按本集團應佔的淨資產扣除減值虧損呈列。倘會計政策存在任何不一致，則會作出相應調整。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Investments in associates and joint ventures (Continued)

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated other comprehensive income, respectively. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associates or joint venture, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates or joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the associates and joint ventures, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of associates or joint ventures is included as part of the Group's investments in associates or joint ventures.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, the retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method. In all other cases, upon loss of significant influence over the associate or joint control over the joint venture, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture upon loss of significant influence or joint control and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 於聯營公司及合營企業之投資(續)

本集團應佔聯營公司及合營企業收購後業績及其他全面收入分別計入綜合損益表及綜合其他全面收入。此外，倘於聯營公司或合營企業權益內直接確認一項變動，則本集團會於綜合權益變動表內確認其應佔之任何有關變動(倘適用)。本集團與聯營公司或合營企業交易所產生的未變現盈虧，均按本集團於聯營公司及合營企業的投資為限進行抵銷，除非未變現虧損顯示已轉讓資產出現減值則除外。收購聯營公司或合營企業所產生的商譽計入本集團於聯營公司或合營企業之投資項下。

倘於聯營公司的投資變成於合營企業的投資(或相反情況)，則不會重新計量保留權益。取而代之，該投資繼續按權益法入賬。在所有其他情況下，於失去對聯營公司的重大影響力或合營企業之共同控制權後，本集團按其公允值計量及確認任何保留投資。於失去重大影響力或共同控制權時聯營公司或合營企業的賬面金額與保留投資的公允值及出售所得款項之間的任何差額於損益內確認。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Investments in associates and joint ventures (Continued)

When an investment in an associate or a joint venture is classified as held for sale, it is accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 5 *Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations*.

#### Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of net assets in the event of liquidation either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 於聯營公司及合營企業之投資(續)

倘於聯營公司或合營企業之投資分類為持作出售，則根據香港財務報告準則第5號持作出售非流動資產及已終止經營業務入賬。

#### 業務合併及商譽

業務合併乃以收購法入賬。轉讓代價乃以收購日期的公允值計算，該公允值為本集團所轉讓資產於收購日期之公允值、本集團自收購對象之前擁有人承擔的負債、本集團向收購對象之前擁有人所轉讓的股權及所承擔的負債以及本集團發行以換取收購對象控制權之股本權益之總和。於各業務合併中，本集團選擇是否以公允值或收購對象可識別淨資產的應佔比例，計算於收購對象中屬現時擁有人權益的非控股權益，並賦予擁有人權利，於清盤時按比例分佔淨資產。非控股權益之一切其他成分乃按公允值計量。收購相關成本於產生時列為開支。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Business combinations and goodwill (Continued)

The Group determines that it has acquired a business when the acquired set of activities and assets includes an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts of the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 業務合併及商譽(續)

當被收購的一系列活動及資產包括一項投入及一項實質性程序，而該等投入及程序共同為創造產出的能力作出重大貢獻時，本集團確定其已收購一項業務。

倘本集團收購一項業務，則會根據合約條款、於收購日期的經濟環境及相關條件評估所承接的金融資產及負債，以作出適當分類及標示，其中包括分開收購對象主合約中的嵌入式衍生工具。

倘業務合併分階段進行，先前持有的股權按收購日期的公允值重新計量，而由此產生的任何收益或虧損於損益內確認。

由收購方將予轉讓的任何或然代價將於收購日期按公允值確認。分類為資產或負債的或然代價按公允值計量，而公允值變動會於損益確認。分類為權益的或然代價並無重新計量，而其後結算於權益內入賬。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Business combinations and goodwill (Continued)

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable net assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 December. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 業務合併及商譽(續)

商譽初步按成本計量，即已轉讓總代價、就非控股權益確認的金額及本集團先前持有之收購對象股權之任何公允值總額，超逾所收購可識別淨資產及所承擔負債的差額。如總代價及其他項目低於所收購淨資產之公允值，於再評估後其差額將於損益內確認為議價收購收益。

於初始確認後，商譽按成本減任何累計減值虧損計量。商譽須每年作減值測試，若有事件發生或情況改變顯示賬面值有可能減值，則會更頻密地進行測試。本集團於12月31日進行商譽之年度減值測試。為進行減值測試，因業務合併而收購的商譽，自收購之日被分配至預期可從合併產生的協同效益中獲益的本集團各個現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別，而無論本集團其他資產或負債是否已分配予該等單位或單位組別。

減值乃通過評估與商譽有關的現金產生單位(或現金產生單位組別)的可收回金額釐定。當現金產生單位(或現金產生單位組別)的可收回金額低於賬面值時，減值虧損便予以確認。已就商譽確認的減值虧損不得於其後期間回撥。

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## 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### Business combinations and goodwill (Continued)

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

### Fair value measurement

The Group measures its investment properties, leasehold land and buildings under property, plant and equipment, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and derivative financial instruments at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 業務合併及商譽(續)

倘商譽被分配至某個現金產生單位(或現金產生單位組別)並且是被出售之現金產生單位內之業務組成部分,則在釐定出售該業務之收益或虧損時,與所出售業務相關之商譽將包括於該業務之賬面值內。於此情況下出售之商譽根據所出售業務之相關價值與現金產生單位之保留部分計量。

### 公允值計量

於各報告期末,本集團按公允值計量其物業、廠房及設備項下的投資物業以及租賃土地及樓宇以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產及衍生金融工具。公允值為市場參與者於計量日期在有序交易中出售資產所收取或轉讓負債所支付的價格。公允值計量乃假設出售資產或轉讓負債的交易於資產或負債主要市場或(在無主要市場情況下)最具優勢市場進行。主要或最具優勢市場須為本集團可進入的市場。資產或負債的公允值乃基於市場參與者為資產或負債定價時所用的假設計量(假設市場參與者依照彼等的最佳經濟利益行事)。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Fair value measurement (Continued)

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 — based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 — based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly

Level 3 — based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 公允值計量(續)

非金融資產的公允值計量須計及市場參與者通過使用該資產之最高及最佳用途或將該資產出售予將使用其最高及最佳用途的另一市場參與者而產生經濟效益的能力。

本集團採納適用於不同情況且具備充分數據以供計量公允值的估值方法，以盡量使用相關可觀察輸入數據及盡量減少使用不可觀察輸入數據。

所有公允值於財務報表計量或披露的資產及負債乃基於對公允值計量整體而言屬重大的最低層輸入數據按以下公允值等級分類：

第1級 — 基於相同資產或負債在活躍市場中的報價(未經調整)

第2級 — 基於對公允值計量而言屬重大的可觀察(直接或間接)最低層輸入數據的估值方法

第3級 — 基於對公允值計量而言屬重大的不可觀察最低層輸入數據的估值方法

就按經常性基準於財務報表確認的資產及負債而言，本集團透過於各報告期末重新評估分類(基於對公允值計量整體而言屬重大的最低層輸入數據)釐定是否發生不同層級轉移。



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## 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, investment properties, deferred tax assets and financial assets), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An impairment loss is charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 非金融資產減值

倘有跡象顯示出現減值，或須就資產（存貨、投資物業、遞延稅項資產及金融資產除外）進行年度減值測試時，則評估資產之可收回款項。資產的可收回金額乃資產或現金產生單位的使用價值，以及其公允值減出售成本兩者的較高者，並就個別資產釐定，除非資產並不產生很大程度上獨立於其他資產或資產組別的現金流入，在此情況下，可收回金額則按資產所屬的現金產生單位予以釐定。

減值虧損僅於資產的賬面值超過其可收回金額時確認。在評估使用價值時，估計日後現金流量按能反映當時市場對貨幣時間價值及該項資產特定風險之評估的除稅前貼現率貼現至現值。減值虧損於其產生期間自損益表扣除，並列於減值資產項下之開支類別。

減值虧損於其產生期間自損益表扣除，除非該資產以重估值列賬，在此情況下，減值虧損根據該重估資產之相關會計政策入賬。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Impairment of non-financial assets (Continued)

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

#### Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 非金融資產減值(續)

於每個報告期末評估有否跡象顯示以往確認之減值虧損可能不再存在或已減少。倘該等跡象存在，則評估可收回款項。以往就商譽以外之資產所確認之減值虧損僅於用作釐定該資產可收回款項之估計有變時撥回，然而該數額不得超過假設過往年度並無確認資產減值虧損之情況下釐定之賬面值(已扣除任何折舊／攤銷)。該等減值虧損之撥回將於其產生期間計入損益表，除非該資產以重估值列賬，在此情況下，減值虧損之撥回根據該重估資產之相關會計政策入賬。

#### 關連人士

於下列情況下，有關人士將被視為本集團之關連人士：

- (a) 該方為一名人士或該名人士家族的直系親屬，而該名人士：
  - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團；
  - (ii) 對本集團施加重大影響；或
  - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司主要管理人員的成員；

或

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Related parties (Continued)

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
- (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
  - (ii) one entity is an associate or a joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
  - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
  - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
  - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
  - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
  - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
  - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 關連人士(續)

- (b) 該方為符合下列任何條件之實體：
- (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團的成員公司；
  - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體(或另一實體的母公司、附屬公司或同系附屬公司)的聯營公司或合營企業；
  - (iii) 該實體及本集團均為同一第三方的合營企業；
  - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體的合營企業，而另一實體為該第三方實體的聯營公司；
  - (v) 該實體為離職後福利計劃，該計劃的受益人為本集團或與本集團有關的實體僱員；
  - (vi) 該實體由(a)項所述人士控制或共同控制；
  - (vii) 於(a)(i)項所述人士對該實體有重大影響或屬該實體(或該實體的母公司)主要管理人員的成員；及
  - (viii) 該實體或屬該實體其中一部分的集團旗下任何成員公司為向本集團或本集團母公司提供主要管理人員服務。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost or valuation less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Valuations are performed frequently enough to ensure that the fair value of a revalued asset does not differ materially from its carrying amount. Changes in the values of property, plant and equipment are dealt with as movements in the asset revaluation reserve. If the total of this reserve is insufficient to cover a deficit, on an individual asset basis, the excess of the deficit is charged to the statement of profit or loss. Any subsequent revaluation surplus is credited to the statement of profit or loss to the extent of the deficit previously charged. An annual transfer from the asset revaluation reserve to retained profits is made for the difference between the depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of an asset and the depreciation based on the asset's original cost. On disposal of a revalued asset, the relevant portion of the asset revaluation reserve realised in respect of previous valuations is transferred to retained profits as a movement in reserves.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 物業、廠房及設備以及折舊

物業、廠房及設備(除在建工程外)按成本或估值減累計折舊及任何減值虧損列賬。物業、廠房及設備項目之成本包括其購買價及將該項資產達至其運作狀態及地點以供其擬定用途的任何直接應計成本。於物業、廠房及設備項目投產後產生的開支(例如維修及保養)，一般於產生的期間自損益中扣除。倘符合確認標準，則主要檢查的開支作為重置於資產賬面值中資本化。倘須定期替換物業、廠房及設備的重要部分，本集團將該等部分確認為有特定可使用年期的個別資產，並相應計提折舊。

進行估值之頻密程度足以確保重估資產之公允值不會與其賬面值有重大差異。物業、廠房及設備價值之變動列作資產重估儲備變動處理。倘該儲備總額不足以補足個別資產之虧絀，多出之虧絀則自損益表扣除。日後任何重估盈餘按以往扣除之虧絀數額計入損益表。對於按資產重估賬面值計算得出之折舊與按資產原來成本計算得出之折舊間的差額，會每年從資產重估儲備轉撥至保留溢利。於出售重估資產時，按以往估值變現之資產重估儲備有關部分撥入保留溢利作儲備變動。

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## 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (Continued)

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

|                              |   |
|------------------------------|---|
| Leasehold land and buildings | 50 years or over the lease term, whichever is shorter |
| Leasehold improvements       | 3 years   |
| Furniture and fixtures       | 10 years  |
| Office equipment             | 5 years   |
| Motor vehicles               | 6 to 10 years   |
| Factory, plant and machinery | 10 to 20 years  |

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately.

Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 物業、廠房及設備以及折舊(續)

折舊按下列各物業、廠房及設備項目的估計可使用年期以直線法計算，並撇銷其成本至其剩餘價值。就此使用的主要年率如下：

|          |                       |
|----------|-----------------------|
| 租賃土地及樓宇  | 租賃土地及樓宇50年或按租期，以較短者為準 |
| 租賃裝修     | 3年                    |
| 傢俬及裝置    | 10年                   |
| 辦公室設備    | 5年                    |
| 汽車       | 6至10年                 |
| 工廠、廠房及機器 | 10至20年                |

倘物業、廠房及設備項目其中部分的可使用年期不同，該項目之成本會按合理基準分配至有關部分，而各部分均分開計提折舊。

剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊方法將至少於各財政年度末檢討及按需要作出調整。

物業、廠房及設備項目(包括任何初次確認的重大部分)於出售或預期使用或出售有關項目不會產生未來經濟利益時終止確認。於終止確認資產年度在損益確認的出售或報廢資產之收益或虧損，為出售有關資產所得款項淨額與其賬面值兩者間的差額。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (Continued)

Construction in progress represents a building under construction, which is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction and capitalised borrowing costs on related borrowed funds during the period of construction. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

#### Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings (including the leasehold property held as a right-of-use asset which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in profit or loss in the period of the retirement or disposal.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 物業、廠房及設備以及折舊(續)

在建工程乃指興建中之樓宇，乃按成本減任何減值虧損列賬，且不予折舊。成本包括建築期間的直接建築成本及相關借貸的資本化借貸成本。在建工程將於落成並可供使用後重新歸入適當之物業、廠房及設備類別。

#### 投資物業

投資物業指以獲得租金收入及／或達致資本增值為目的而持有之土地及樓宇權益，包括符合投資物業定義之持作使用權資產之租賃物業，該等物業並非用作生產或提供貨品或服務，或用作行政用途，或用作在日常業務中出售之用途。該等物業初步按成本(包括交易成本)計量。於初始確認後，投資物業按公允值列賬，以反映於報告期末之市場狀況。

投資物業公允值變動所產生之盈虧計入產生期間之損益。

報廢或出售投資物業之任何盈虧在報廢或出售期間之損益中確認。

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## 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

### Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

#### (a) Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

|                 |                     |
|-----------------|---------------------|
| Buildings       | Over the lease term |
| Land use rights | 50 years            |

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 租賃

本集團於合約開始時評估合約是否為或包含租賃。倘合約為換取代價而給予在一段時間內控制使用已識別資產之權利，則該合約為或包含租賃。

### 本集團作為承租人

本集團對所有租賃(惟短期租賃及低價值資產租賃除外)採取單一確認及計量方法。本集團確認租賃負債以作出租賃款項，而使用權資產指使用相關資產之權利。

#### (a) 使用權資產

使用權資產於租賃開始日期(即相關資產可供使用當日)確認。使用權資產按成本減任何累計折舊及任何減值虧損計量，並就租賃負債的任何重新計量作出調整。使用權資產的成本包括已確認租賃負債金額、已發生初始直接成本及於開始日期或之前支付的租賃付款減已收取的任何租賃優惠。使用權資產於資產之租期及估計可使用年期(以較短者為準)內以直線法折舊，詳情如下：

|       |       |
|-------|-------|
| 樓宇    | 於租賃期內 |
| 土地使用權 | 50年   |

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Leases (Continued)

##### Group as a lessee (Continued)

###### (a) Right-of-use assets (Continued)

Except for the leasehold land included in investment properties and property, plant and equipment measured at fair value and revalued amount, respectively, the Group's land use rights are separately disclosed in the statement of financial position.

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

When a right-of-use asset meets the definition of investment property, it is included in investment properties. The corresponding right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, and subsequently measured at fair value, in accordance with the Group's policy for "investment properties".

When the right-of-use assets are related to property, plant and equipment measured at revalued amount, the right-of-use assets are included in property, plant and equipment and measured at revalued amount in accordance with the Group's policy for "property, plant and equipment".

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 租賃(續)

##### 本集團作為承租人(續)

###### (a) 使用權資產(續)

除分別以公允值及重估價值計量的投資物業及物業、廠房及設備中包含的租賃土地外，本集團的土地使用權於財務狀況表中單獨披露。

倘租賃資產之所有權在租期結束前轉移至本集團或成本反映購買選擇權之行使，則使用該資產之估計可使用年期計算折舊。

當使用權資產符合投資物業之定義時，該資產計入投資物業。相應使用權資產初始按成本計量，其後根據本集團對「投資物業」之政策按公允值計量。

倘使用權資產與以重估價值計量的物業、廠房及設備有關，則使用權資產計入物業、廠房及設備，並根據本集團有關「物業、廠房及設備」之政策按重估價值計量。



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Leases (Continued)

#### Group as a lessee (Continued)

##### (b) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate the lease. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 租賃(續)

#### 本集團作為承租人(續)

##### (b) 租賃負債

租賃負債於租賃開始日期按於租期內作出的租賃付款現值確認。租賃付款包括固定付款(包括實質固定付款)減任何應收租賃優惠、取決於某一指數或比率的可變租賃款項及剩餘價值擔保下預期應付之金額。租賃付款亦包括本集團合理確定行使購買選擇權的行使價，及倘在租期內反映本集團行使終止選擇權時，則須就終止租賃支付的罰款。並非取決於某一指數或比率的可變租賃款項於觸發付款的事件或狀況發生期間內確認為開支。

於計算租賃付款之現值時，倘租賃中所隱含的利率不易釐定，本集團則於租賃開始日期使用增量借貸利率計算。於開始日期後，租賃負債金額增加反映利息增加，而減少則為租賃付款所致。此外，倘出現修改、租期變動、租賃付款變動(如因指數或比率變動而產生的未來租賃付款變動)或購買相關資產的選擇權評估更改，則租賃負債的賬面值將重新計量。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Leases (Continued)

##### Group as a lessee (Continued)

##### (b) Lease liabilities (Continued)

The Group had no lease liabilities as at 1 January 2019 and 31 December 2019.

##### (c) Short-term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of office premises (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

##### Group as a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it classifies at lease inception (or when there is a lease modification) each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 租賃(續)

##### 本集團作為承租人(續)

##### (b) 租賃負債(續)

於2019年1月1日及2019年12月31日，本集團並無租賃負債。

##### (c) 短期租賃

本集團將短期租賃確認豁免應用於辦公物業的短期租賃(即自租賃開始日期起計租期為十二個月或以下，並且不包含購買選擇權的租賃)。短期租賃的租賃付款於租賃期內以直線法確認為開支。

##### 本集團作為出租人

當本集團作為出租人時，在租賃開始時(或發生租賃變更時)將其所有租賃分類為經營租賃或融資租賃。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Leases (Continued)

##### Group as a lessor (Continued)

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in the statement of profit or loss due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Leases that transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee, are accounted for as finance leases.

#### Investments and other financial assets

##### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost and fair value through profit or loss.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 租賃(續)

##### 本集團作為出租人(續)

所有本集團並未轉讓資產所有權所附帶之絕大部分風險及回報的租賃歸類為經營租賃。倘合約包含租賃及非租賃部分，本集團根據相關獨立售價將合約代價分配至各個部分。租金收入於租期內按直線法列賬，而由於其營運性質，計入損益表之收益。於磋商及安排經營租賃時產生的初始直接成本乃計入租賃資產的賬面值，並於租期內按相同方法確認為租金收入。或然租金乃於所賺取的期間內確認為收益。

將相關資產所有權所附帶之絕大部分風險及回報轉移至承租人的租賃，以融資租賃入賬。

#### 投資及其他金融資產

##### 初始確認及計量

金融資產於初始確認時分類為其後按攤銷成本及以公允值計量且其變動計入損益計量。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

##### Initial recognition and measurement (Continued)

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial assets at its fair value, plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under HKFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 投資及其他金融資產(續)

##### 初始確認及計量(續)

金融資產於初始確認時之分類，取決於其合約現金流量特點以及本集團管理該等現金流量之業務模式。除不包含重大融資成分之應收賬款或本集團就此運用可行權宜方法不對重大融資成分之影響作出調整之應收賬款外，本集團初步以公允值計量金融資產，加上交易成本(金融資產並非以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之情況下)。不包含重大融資成分或本集團就此運用可行權宜方法之應收賬款，根據下文「收益確認」所載政策按根據香港財務報告準則第15號所釐定之交易價格計量。

倘金融資產須按攤銷成本或按公允值計入其他全面收益分類及計量，該金融資產需要產生純粹為支付本金及未償還本金的利息(「純粹為支付本金及利息」)之現金流量。不論業務模式如何，現金流量並非純粹為支付本金及利息的金融資產以公允值計量且其變動計入損益分類及計量。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

##### Initial recognition and measurement (Continued)

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling. Financial assets which are not held within the aforementioned business models are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchase or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 投資及其他金融資產(續)

##### 初始確認及計量(續)

本集團管理金融資產之業務模式指其如何管理金融資產以產生現金流量之方式。業務模式釐定現金流量是否源自收取合約現金流量、出售金融資產或同時因兩者而產生。於旨在持有金融資產以收取合約現金流量的業務模式中持有之金融資產，按攤銷成本分類及計量；於旨在持有以收取合約現金流量及出售金融資產之業務模式中持有之金融資產，按公允值計入其他全面收益分類及計量。並非於上述業務模式中持有之金融資產，乃以公允值計量且其變動計入損益分類及計量。

正常情況下買賣金融資產一概於交易日確認，即本集團承諾購入或出售該資產之日期。正常情況下買入或出售乃須於規例或市場慣例一般設定之期間內交付資產之金融資產買賣。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

##### Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

##### Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

##### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

This category includes derivative instruments and equity investments which the Group had not irrevocably elected to classify at fair value through other comprehensive income. Dividends on equity investments classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are also recognised in profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 投資及其他金融資產(續)

##### 其後計量

金融資產其後視乎以下分類作出計量：

##### 按攤銷成本計量的金融資產(債務工具)

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產其後使用實際利率法計量，並計量減值。當資產終止確認、修訂或減值時，收益及虧損於損益確認。

##### 以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產

以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產於財務狀況表按公允值列賬，而公允值變動淨額則於損益確認。

該類別包括本集團並無不可撤回地選擇按公允值計入其他全面收入進行分類的衍生工具及股權投資。在支付權確立、與股息相關的經濟利益很可能流入本集團，且股息金額能夠可靠計量時，分類為以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產之股權投資的股息亦於損益確認。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

##### Subsequent measurement (Continued)

##### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

A derivative embedded in a hybrid contract, with a financial liability or non-financial host, is separated from the host and accounted for as a separate derivative if the economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to the host; a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative; and the hybrid contract is not measured at fair value through profit or loss. Embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Reassessment only occurs if there is either a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required or a reclassification of a financial asset out of the fair value through profit or loss category.

A derivative embedded within a hybrid contract containing a financial asset host is not accounted for separately. The financial asset host together with the embedded derivative is required to be classified in its entirety as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 投資及其他金融資產(續)

##### 其後計量(續)

##### 以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產(續)

當嵌入於混合合約(包含金融負債或非金融主合約)的衍生工具具備與主合約不緊密相關的經濟特徵及風險；擁有與嵌入式衍生工具相同條款的單獨工具符合衍生工具的定義；且混合合約並非以公允值計量且其變動計入損益計量，則該衍生工具與主合約分開並作為單獨衍生工具列賬。嵌入式衍生工具按公允值計量，公允值的變動於損益表內確認。僅在合約條款變動大幅改變其他情況下所需現金流量或金融資產從以公允值計量且其變動計入損益類別重新分類時方會進行重新評估。

嵌入於混合合約(包含金融資產主合約)的衍生工具並非單獨入賬。金融資產主合約連同嵌入式衍生工具須全部分類為以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

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## 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset, or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of the consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 終止確認金融資產

在下列情況下會終止確認(即自本集團的綜合財務狀況表移除)金融資產(或(倘適用)部分金融資產或一組類似金融資產的一部分)：

- 收取資產現金流量的權利已屆滿；或
- 本集團已轉讓收取資產現金流量的權利或有責任根據「轉手」安排在無重大延誤的情況下將已收取的現金流量全部支付予第三方；及(a)本集團已轉讓該資產的絕大部分風險及回報，或(b)本集團既無轉讓亦無保留該資產的絕大部分風險及回報，但已轉讓資產的控制權。

倘本集團已轉讓其收取資產現金流量的權利或已訂立轉手安排，本集團評估其是否保留該資產擁有權的風險及回報以及相關程度。倘本集團既無轉讓亦無保留該資產絕大部分風險及回報，亦無轉讓該資產的控制權，本集團繼續按本集團之持續參與確認所轉讓資產。在此情況下，本集團亦會確認相關負債。已轉讓資產及相關負債以本集團保留之相關權利及義務為基準計量。

以轉讓資產作擔保方式持續參與業務，乃按資產之原有賬面值及本集團可能被要求償付之最高代價金額兩者中較低者計量。



# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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## 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (“ECLs”) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

### General approach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information.

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 金融資產減值

本集團對並非以公允值計量且其變動計入損益而持有的所有債務工具確認預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)撥備。預期信貸虧損乃基於根據合約應付的合約現金流量與本集團預期收取的所有現金流量之間的差額，按原有實際利率相近值貼現。預期現金流量將包括同為合約條款組成部分的自銷售所持有抵押品所得的現金流量或其他信貸提升物品。

### 一般方法

預期信貸虧損於兩個階段獲確認。就自初始確認起信貸風險並無顯著增加的信貸風險而言，對因未來十二個月內可能發生的違約事件而導致的信貸虧損計提預期信貸虧損(十二個月預期信貸虧損)。就自初始確認起經已顯著增加的信貸風險而言，不論何時發生違約事件，均須在風險餘下年期內就預期虧損計提虧損撥備(全期預期信貸虧損)。

於各報告日期，本集團評估自初始確認後金融工具的信貸風險是否顯著增加。當作出評估時，本集團比較於報告日期發生在金融工具上的違約風險與於初始確認日期發生在金融工具上的違約風險，並於沒有過度成本或努力的情況下考慮可得的合理及可支持資料，包括過往及前瞻性資料。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

##### General approach (Continued)

The Group considers a financial asset in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for trade receivables and contract assets which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

Stage 1 – Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs

Stage 2 – Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

Stage 3 – Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 金融資產減值(續)

##### 一般方法(續)

倘內部或外部資料表明，在沒有計及本集團持有的任何信貸提升措施前，本集團不大可能悉數收到未結之合約款項，則本集團認為金融資產違約。金融資產於無合理預期可收回合約現金流量時撇銷。

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產按一般方法計量減值，且除應用簡化方法的應收賬款及合約資產外，彼等在以下階段分類用於計量預期信貸虧損，詳情如下。

第一階段 — 自初始確認以來信貸風險未顯著增加的金融工具，其虧損撥備按等於十二個月預期信貸虧損的金額計量

第二階段 — 自初始確認以來信貸風險顯著增加但並非信貸減值金融資產的金融工具，其虧損撥備按等於全期預期信貸虧損的金額計量

第三階段 — 於報告日期信貸減值的金融資產(但並非購買或原始信貸減值)，其虧損撥備按等於全期預期信貸虧損的金額計量

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## 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

#### Simplified approach

For trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

### Financial liabilities

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, borrowings, convertible bonds, senior note and derivative financial instruments.

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 金融資產減值(續)

#### 簡化方法

就不包含重大融資成分的應收賬款而言，或當本集團採用可行權宜方法不予調整重大融資成分的影響時，本集團採納簡化方法計算預期信貸虧損。根據簡化方法，本集團不會追蹤信貸風險之變動，而是根據每個報告日的全期預期信貸虧損確認虧損撥備。本集團已根據其過往信貸虧損經驗建立撥備矩陣，並根據債務人及經濟環境的前瞻性因素作出調整。

### 金融負債

#### 首次確認及計量

於初始確認時，金融負債分類為以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融負債、貸款及借貸、應付款或指定為有效對沖中的對沖工具之衍生工具(如適用)。

所有金融負債初步按公允值確認，倘為貸款及借貸以及應付款，則扣除直接應佔交易成本。

本集團的金融負債包括應付賬款及其他應付款、借貸、可換股債券、優先票據及衍生金融工具。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Financial liabilities (Continued)

##### Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

##### *Financial liabilities at amortised cost (loans and borrowings)*

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans, borrowings and senior note are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 金融負債(續)

##### 其後計量

金融負債其後視乎以下分類作出計量：

##### *按攤銷成本計量的金融負債(貸款及借貸)*

在初始確認後，計息貸款、借貸及優先票據其後使用實際利率法按攤銷成本進行其後計量，但若貼現的影響不重大，在此情況下，則以成本列賬。當負債終止確認後，在損益中確認收益及虧損，或使用實際利率法在攤銷過程中確認收益及虧損。

攤銷成本的計算需要考慮收購中所產生的折讓或溢價，以及確定構成實際利率其中部分的費用或成本。對實際利率的攤銷於損益中列為財務成本。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Financial liabilities (Continued)

#### Subsequent measurement (Continued)

##### Convertible bonds

The component of convertible bonds that exhibits characteristics of a liability is recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position, net of transaction costs. If the conversion option of convertible bonds exhibits characteristics of an embedded derivative, it is separated from its liability component. On initial recognition, the derivative component of the convertible bonds is measured at fair value and presented as part of derivative financial instruments. Any excess of proceeds over the amount initially recognised as the derivative component is recognised as the liability component. Transaction costs are apportioned between the liability and derivative components of the convertible bonds based on the allocation of proceeds to the liability and derivative components when the instruments are initially recognised. The portion of the transaction costs relating to the liability component is recognised initially as part of the liability. The portion relating to the derivative component is recognised immediately in the statement of profit or loss.

In subsequent periods, the liability component of convertible bonds is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 金融負債(續)

#### 其後計量(續)

##### 可換股債券

展示負債特性之可換股債券部分會於財務狀況表內確認為負債(扣除交易成本)。倘可換股債券的換股權顯示出嵌入式衍生工具的特性，其會從負債部份中分開。於首次確認時，可換股債券衍生工具部份按公允值計量，並作為衍生金融工具的一部份呈列。所得款項超出首次確認為衍生工具部份金額的部份，會被確認為負債部份。交易成本根據工具首次確認時分配至負債及衍生工具部份的所得款項，於可換股債券的負債及衍生工具部份之間劃撥。與負債部份相關的交易成本部份初步確認為負債的一部份。與衍生工具部份相關的部份即時於損益表中確認。

於往後期間，可換股債券之負債部分乃採用實際利率法按攤銷成本入賬。衍生金融工具按公允值計量，而公允值變動則於損益確認。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### Derivative financial instruments

##### *Initial recognition and subsequent measurement*

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive, and as liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of derivatives are taken directly to profit or loss.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 終止確認金融負債

當負債項下的責任已解除、取消或屆滿，即會終止確認金融負債。

倘一項現有金融負債被來自同一貸方且大部分條款不同之另一項金融負債所取代，或現有負債之條款被大幅修改，則該項置換或修改視作終止確認原有負債及確認新增負債處理，而兩者之賬面值差額於損益中確認。

#### 金融工具之抵銷

倘目前擁有可合法執行權利以抵銷已確認的款項，且有意按淨額基準清償該款項，或變現該等資產及同時清償該等負債，則可抵銷金融資產及金融負債，並於財務狀況表內呈列淨額。

#### 衍生金融工具

##### *初始確認及其後計量*

衍生金融工具初步以訂立衍生工具合約當日的公允值確認，並隨後以公允值再計量。倘公允值為正數，衍生工具以資產入賬，而倘公允值為負數，則以負債入賬。

衍生工具之公允值變動所產生之任何收益或虧損乃直接計入損益中。

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## 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

### Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 現金及現金等值

就綜合現金流量表而言，現金及現金等值包括手頭現金及活期存款、可隨時轉換為已知數額現金、價值變動風險極微及一般自購入後三個月內到期之短期高流動性投資，扣除須按要求即時償還及構成本集團現金管理不可分割部分之銀行透支。

就綜合財務狀況表而言，現金及現金等值包括手頭現金與存放於銀行之現金，包括用途不受限制的定期存款及性質與現金相近之資產。

### 撥備

倘因過往事件導致現有債務(法定或推定)及日後可能需要有資源流出以償還債務，則確認撥備，惟須能可靠估計有關債務金額。

倘貼現影響屬重大，則確認的撥備金額為預期需用作償還債務的未來支出於報告期末之現值。因時間推移而產生的貼現現值增額於損益表內列為財務成本。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from goodwill or the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with interests in subsidiaries and joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 所得稅

所得稅包括即期及遞延稅項。有關損益外確認項目之所得稅於損益外確認，不論是否於其他全面收入或直接於權益內確認。

即期稅項資產及負債，乃根據於報告期末已頒佈或實際上已頒佈的稅率(及稅法)，並考慮本集團業務所在國家現行詮釋及慣例，按預期自稅務當局退回或付予稅務當局的金額計算。

遞延稅項採用負債法就於報告期末資產及負債的稅基與兩者用作財務報告的賬面值之間的所有暫時差額計提撥備。

遞延稅項負債乃就所有應課稅暫時差額而確認，惟下列情況除外：

- 遞延稅項負債乃因商譽或在一項並非業務合併的交易中初始確認資產或負債而產生，並於交易時並不影響會計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧損；及
- 就與於附屬公司及聯營公司之權益有關的應課稅暫時差額而言，暫時差額的撥回時間為可控制，而該等暫時差額於可預見將來可能不會撥回。



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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with interests in subsidiaries and joint ventures, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 所得稅(續)

遞延稅項資產乃就所有可扣稅暫時差額、未動用稅項抵免及任何未動用稅項虧損的結轉而確認。遞延稅項資產以有應課稅溢利以動用可扣稅暫時差額、未動用稅項抵免及未動用稅項虧損的結轉以作對銷為限確認，惟下列情況除外：

- 與可扣稅暫時差額有關的遞延稅項資產乃因在一項並非業務合併的交易中初始確認資產或負債而產生，且於交易時並不影響會計溢利及應課稅溢利或虧損；及
- 就與於附屬公司及聯營公司之權益有關的可扣稅暫時差額而言，遞延稅項資產僅於暫時差額於可見將來有可能撥回以及有應課稅溢利以動用暫時差額以作對銷的情況下，方予確認。

遞延稅項資產的賬面值於各報告期末審閱，並沖減至不可能再有足夠應課稅溢利以致可動用全部或部分遞延稅項資產的水平。並未確認的遞延稅項資產將於各報告期末重新評估，並於可能將有足夠的應課稅溢利以致可收回全部或部分遞延稅項資產時予以確認。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

#### Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 所得稅(續)

遞延稅項資產及負債乃按預期資產變現或負債清償的期間所適用的稅率及以報告期末已頒佈或實質已頒佈的稅率(及稅法)為基準計算。

僅當本集團有可合法執行權利可將即期稅項資產與即期稅項負債抵銷，且遞延稅項資產與遞延稅項負債與同一稅務機關對同一應稅實體或於各未來期間預期有大額遞延稅項負債或資產需要結算或清償時，擬按淨額基準結算即期稅項負債及資產或同時變現資產及結算負債之不同稅務實體徵收之所得稅相關，則遞延稅項資產與遞延稅項負債可予抵銷。

#### 政府補貼

當能合理確定本集團將收到補貼並符合補助之所有附帶條件時，則政府補貼按其公允值確認。當補貼與開支項目相關時，則於擬用作補償之成本開支之期間按系統化基準確認為收入。

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## 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### Revenue recognition

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when or as control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

When the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the amount of consideration is estimated to which the Group will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

When the contract contains a financing component which provides the customer with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer for more than one year, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. When the contract contains a financing component which provides the Group with a significant financial benefit for more than one year, revenue recognised under the contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised goods or services is one year or less, the transaction price is not adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component, using the practical expedient in HKFRS 15.

## 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 收益確認

#### 客戶合約收益

客戶合約收益於貨品或服務的控制權轉移予客戶時予以確認，而該金額反映本集團預期就提供該等貨品或服務有權獲得的代價。

當合約中的代價包括可變金額時，估計代價為本集團將貨品或服務轉移予客戶而有權獲得的金額。可變代價在合約開始時作出估計並受其約束，直至與可變代價相關的不確定性消除，而累計已確認收益金額極有可能不會發生重大收益轉回時。

倘合約中包含為客戶提供超過一年的重大融資利益(撥付轉讓貨品或服務至客戶)的融資部分，則收益按應收金額的現值計量，並使用本集團與客戶之間於合約開始時的單獨融資交易中反映的貼現率貼現。倘合約中包含為本集團提供超過一年的重大融資利益的融資部分，則根據該合約確認的收益包括按實際利率法計算的合約負債所產生的利息開支。就客戶付款與轉讓承諾貨品或服務之期間為一年或以下的合約，交易價格不會就重大融資部分的影響使用香港財務報告準則第15號的可行權宜方法進行調整。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Revenue recognition (Continued)

#### Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

##### (a) Sale of petrochemical products

Revenue from the sale of petrochemical products is recognised when the respective petrochemical products have been delivered to the customers which is a point in time when customers have the ability to direct the use of the petrochemical products and obtain substantially all of the benefits of the petrochemical products. The normal credit term is 30 to 60 days upon delivery.

##### (b) Sub-contracting income related to production of petrochemical products

The subcontracting service provided by the Group is to convert those raw materials provided by ZHYQ by using its own production plant into those finished goods belonged to ZHYQ. The Group has not taken the title of those raw materials and only provides the processing service. Revenue from the provision of subcontracting service is recognised over time as the customers simultaneously receive and consume the benefits provided by the Group when the Group renders the service. Output method is adopted in the measurement of revenue by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation. The normal credit term is 30 to 60 days upon service provided.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 收益確認(續)

#### 客戶合約收益(續)

##### (a) 銷售石油化工產品

由銷售石油化工產品確認之收入於石油化工產品已付運予客戶時的特定時間確認，即當客戶有能力直接使用石油化工產品及基本上已取得石油化工產品所有的利益。一般信用期為運送後30至60天。

##### (b) 與生產石油化工產品相關的加工費收入

本集團提供加工服務是利用本身的生產線將中海油泰州石化提供之原材料轉換至中海油泰州石化之製成品。本集團並無佔有該等原材料之擁有權，而是僅提供加工服務。在本集團提供加工服務時，當客戶同時收取及消耗本集團提供的利益，提供加工服務的收入會按照完全達成相關履約責任的進度並按時間基準進行確認。一般信用期為提供服務後30至60天。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Revenue recognition (Continued)

##### Revenue from other sources

Rental income is recognised on a time proportion basis over the lease terms. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

##### Other income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 收益確認(續)

##### 其他來源之收益

租金收入於租期內按時間比例基準確認。不依賴指數或比率的可變租賃付款在其產生的會計期間內確認為收入。

##### 其他收入

利息收入按應計基準以實際利率法，透過採用將金融工具於預期年期的估計未來現金收入準確貼現至金融資產的賬面淨值之比率予以確認。

股息收入於收取付款的股東權利確立、與股息相關的經濟利益很可能流入本集團且股息金額能可靠地計量時確認。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Other employee benefits

##### *Pension scheme*

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the “MPF Scheme”) under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees’ basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group’s employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme. Where employees leave the scheme prior to the full vesting of the employer’s contributions, the amount of forfeited contributions cannot be used to reduce the contributions payable by the Group.

The employees of the Group’s subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme (the “Pension Scheme”) operated by the local municipal government. The subsidiaries are required to contribute certain percentages of their payroll costs to the Pension Scheme. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the Pension Scheme is to pay the ongoing contributions under the Pension Scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the Pension Scheme.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 其他僱員福利

##### *退休金計劃*

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例為符合資格參與強制性公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)之僱員推行定額供款強積金計劃。供款乃根據僱員基本薪金之指定百分比計算，並於根據強積金計劃規則應付時自損益扣除。強積金計劃之資產與本集團之資產分開持有，並由獨立管理之基金管理。本集團之僱主供款將於向強積金計劃作出時全數撥歸僱員所有。倘僱員在僱員供款全額歸屬之前退出該計劃，則沒收的供款額不可用於扣減本集團應支付的供款。

本集團於中國內地營運的附屬公司的僱員均須參與由當地市政府設立的統一退休金計劃(「退休金計劃」)。該等附屬公司須向退休金計劃作出佔其薪金成本若干比例的供款。本集團就退休金計劃的唯一責任乃根據退休金計劃持續支付供款。供款於根據退休金計劃規則應付時自損益扣除。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

#### Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 借貸成本

因收購、建設或生產合資格資產(需要一段長時間方能達至其擬定用途或出售者)而直接產生之借貸成本乃資本化為該等資產之成本一部分。該等借貸成本之資本化於該等資產大致上可準備用作擬定用途或出售時為止。所有其他借貸成本於其產生期間內支銷。借貸成本包括利息及某實體就資金借貸產生的其他成本。

#### 外幣

本財務報表以港元呈列，此乃本公司之功能貨幣。本集團各實體自行釐定其功能貨幣，各實體的財務報表所載項目以其功能貨幣計值。本集團各實體錄得之外幣交易初步按交易日彼等各自之功能貨幣匯率換算入賬。以外幣計值之貨幣資產及負債按功能貨幣於報告期末適用之匯率換算。因結算或換算貨幣項目而產生之所有差額均於損益表確認。

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Foreign currencies (Continued)

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

In determining the exchange rate on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to an advance consideration, the date of initial transaction is the date on which the Group initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Group determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of the advance consideration.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 外幣(續)

按歷史成本以外幣計量之非貨幣項目，採用初步交易日的匯率換算。按公允值以外幣計量的非貨幣項目，採用計量公允值當日之匯率換算。因重新換算非貨幣項目而產生的損益與該項目公允值變動損益的確認處理方法一致（即於其他全面收入或損益中確認之公允值損益的項目換算差額，亦分別在其他全面收入或損益中確認）。

於終止確認與預付代價相關的非貨幣性資產或非貨幣性負債時，為釐定初始確認相關資產、開支或收入採用的匯率，初步交易日期為本集團初始確認預付代價產生的非貨幣性資產或非貨幣性負債當日。倘存在多筆預先付款或收款，本集團就每筆預付代價的付款或收款釐定交易日期。



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 2.4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Foreign currencies (Continued)

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries, an associate and a joint venture are currencies other than Hong Kong dollars. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their statements of profit or loss are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the translation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in profit or loss.

Any goodwill arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on acquisition are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

### 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 外幣(續)

若干海外附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業之功能貨幣均為港元以外之貨幣。於報告期末，該等實體之資產與負債按報告期末之匯率換算為港元，其損益表則按年內平均加權匯率換算為港元。所產生的匯兌差額於其他全面收入確認，並累計入匯兌儲備。出售海外業務時，有關該項海外業務的其他全面收入部分於損益表中確認。

收購海外業務產生的任何商譽及收購所導致資產及負債賬面值的任何公允值調整被當作海外業務的資產及負債，並按收市匯率換算。

就綜合現金流量表而言，海外附屬公司之現金流量按現金流量日期的適用匯率換算為港元。海外附屬公司於整個年度產生之經常性現金流量，則按年內的加權平均匯率換算為港元。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 3. Significant Accounting Judgements and Estimates

#### Foreign currencies (Continued)

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

#### Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

#### Property lease classification – Group as lessor

The Group has entered into commercial property leases on its investment property portfolio. The Group has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, such as the lease term not constituting a major part of the economic life of the commercial property and the present value of the minimum lease payments not amounting to substantially all the fair value of the commercial property, that it retains substantially all the significant risks and rewards incidental to ownership of these properties which are leased out and accounts for the contracts as operating leases.

### 3. 重大會計判斷及估計

#### 外幣(續)

於編製本集團財務報表時，管理層須作出判斷、估計及假設，而有關判斷、估計及假設會對收入、開支、資產及負債之申報金額及其隨附披露，以及或然負債之披露造成影響。該等假設及估計之不確定性可能引致須對在未來遭受影響之資產或負債之賬面值進行重大調整。

#### 判斷

於應用本集團會計政策之過程中，除該等涉及估計者外，管理層已作出以下對財務報表所確認的金額有最重大影響之判斷：

#### 物業租賃分類 – 本集團為出租人

本集團已就其投資物業組合訂立商業物業租賃。根據對有關安排條款及條件之評估，如租期不構成商用物業之經濟壽命的主要部分且最低租賃款項現值不等於商用物業之絕大部分公允值，本集團已釐定其保留該等租賃物業所有權附帶的絕大部分主要風險及回報，並將有關合約以經營租賃入賬。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 3. Significant Accounting Judgements and Estimates (Continued)

#### Judgements (Continued)

#### **Classification between investment properties and owner-occupied properties**

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as an investment property, and has developed criteria in making that judgement. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Therefore, the Group considers whether a property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets held by the Group. Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions could be sold separately or leased out separately under a finance lease, the Group accounts for these portions separately. If the portions could not be sold separately, the property is an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgement is made on an individual property basis to determine whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as an investment property.

### 3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

#### 判斷(續)

#### 投資物業及自置物業兩者間之分類

本集團決定其物業是否屬投資物業，並制定了有關判斷基準。投資物業為持作賺取租金收入或資本增值(或上述兩者)之物業。因此，本集團對物業可否產生現金流量之評估，大致獨立於本集團持有之其他資產。若干物業包含部分持作賺取租金收入或資本增值及部分持作生產，或提供貨物或服務，或作行政用途。如該等部分可獨立出售或獨立以融資租賃形式出租，本集團會將該等部分分別入賬。倘該等部分不可獨立出售，該物業(僅在物業的極少部分持作生產，或提供貨物或服務，或作行政用途的情況下)則列作投資物業。輔助服務是否因重要而使物業不被列為投資物業乃按個別物業作出判斷。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 3. Significant Accounting Judgements and Estimates (Continued)

#### Judgements (Continued)

##### **Deferred taxation on investment properties**

For the purpose of measuring deferred taxation arising from investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the directors of the Company have reviewed the Group's investment property portfolios and concluded that the Group's investment properties of HK\$2,624,229,000 (2019: HK\$2,486,340,000), representing properties for residential or commercial use, are held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time, rather than through sale. Therefore, in measuring the Group's deferred taxation on investment properties, the directors of the Company have determined that the presumption that the carrying amounts of these investment properties measured using the fair value model are recovered entirely through sale is rebutted. Accordingly, deferred taxation in relation to these investment properties has been measured based on the tax consequences of recovering the carrying amounts entirely through use.

##### **Estimation uncertainty**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

### 3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

#### 判斷(續)

##### **投資物業的遞延稅項**

就計量投資物業產生的遞延稅項(採用公允值模式計量者)而言,本公司董事已審閱本集團的投資物業組合,並認為本集團的投資物業為2,624,229,000港元(2019年:2,486,340,000港元)作商業用途的物業乃按隨時間而銷售消耗投資物業內含的絕大部分經濟利益為目的商業模式持有。因此,計量本集團投資物業的遞延稅項時,本公司董事已釐定採用公允值模式計量的該等投資物業的賬面值全部透過銷售收回的假設已被駁回。因此,有關此等投資物業的遞延稅項已根據全部透過使用收回賬面值的稅務結果計量。

##### **估計不確定性**

以下是於本報告期末關於對未來的重要假設及其他估計不確定的主要來源,該等假設及估計存在可能導致下一個財政年度的資產及負債之賬面值有重大調整風險。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 3. Significant Accounting Judgements and Estimates (Continued)

#### Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

#### **Provision for ECL for amounts due from an associate and a joint venture and loan receivables**

The Group individually calculates ECLs for its amounts due from an associate and a joint venture and loan receivables. The measurement of ECL under HKFRS 9 for the Group's amounts due from an associate and a joint venture and loan receivables requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows when determining impairment losses and the assessment of any significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, where the change of the factors which result in different levels of allowances, a lower/higher impairment loss may arise. The Group uses its credit loss experience, repayment history and financial position of the Group's associate and joint venture, debtors and their guarantors (if any) and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions to estimate the probability of default, the loss given default and the impact on the forward-looking information. At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk for exposures since initial recognition by comparing the risk of default occurring over the expected life between the reporting date and the date of initial recognition. The Group considers reasonable, supportable and available information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort for this purpose. This includes quantitative and qualitative information and also forward-looking analysis.

### 3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

#### 估計不確定性(續)

#### **應收一家聯營公司及一家合營企業款以及應收貸款之預期信貸虧損撥備**

本集團個別計算應收一家聯營公司及一家合營企業款以及應收貸款之預期信貸虧損。本集團的應收一家聯營公司及一家合營企業款以及應收貸款根據香港財務報告準則第9號計量預期信貸虧損需要專業判斷，特別是，當決定減值損失及評估任何大幅增加的信貸風險的預期未來現金流量的時間及金額。其評估由若干因素推動，因素變動使其出現不同組別的津貼，導致較低／較高的減值虧損。本集團使用其聯營公司及合營企業、債務人及其保證人(如有)的信貸虧損經驗、還款歷史及財務狀況加上現時及預計的一般經濟情況以評估違約概率、違約損失率及對前瞻性資料的影響。於每個報告期，本集團透過比較報告期與初始確認日期的整個預期時段發生的違約風險，評估信貸風險自初始確認以來是否大幅增加。就此而言，本集團會參考無需付出過多成本及努力即可獲取的合理相關證明資料，包括量化及優化資料及前瞻性分析。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

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### 3. Significant Accounting Judgements and Estimates (Continued)

#### Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

#### Provision for ECL for amounts due from an associate and a joint venture and loan receivables (Continued)

In relation to the valuation of amounts due from an associate and a joint venture, in addition to the above, the management has exercised judgement in estimating the timing and future cash flow to be recovered with reference to the timing of the collection of receivable from the associate and joint venture, in order to determine the recoverability of the amounts due from the associate and joint venture.

The carrying amounts and the accumulated ECLs of amounts due from an associate and a joint venture and loan receivables are as follows:

|                                 |                 | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| <b>Carrying amounts</b>         | <b>賬面值</b>      |                         |                         |
| Amount due from an associate    | 應收一家聯營公司款       | <b>584,989</b>          | 488,563                 |
| Amount due from a joint venture | 應收一家合營企業款       | <b>1,029,479</b>        | 1,195,086               |
| Loan receivables                | 應收貸款            | <b>1,439,301</b>        | 1,358,995               |
|                                 |                 | <b>3,053,769</b>        | 3,042,644               |
| <b>Accumulated ECLs</b>         | <b>累計預期信貸虧損</b> |                         |                         |
| Amount due from an associate    | 應收一家聯營公司款       | <b>4,794</b>            | 5,993                   |
| Amount due from a joint venture | 應收一家合營企業款       | <b>4,354</b>            | 2,543                   |
| Loan receivables                | 應收貸款            | <b>15,004</b>           | 23,172                  |
|                                 |                 | <b>24,152</b>           | 31,708                  |

### 3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

#### 估計不確定性(續)

#### 應收一家聯營公司及一家合營企業款以及應收貸款之預期信貸虧損撥備(續)

有關應收一家聯營公司及一家合營企業款的估值，除上述外，管理層參照應收聯營公司及合營企業收回款的時間，行使專業判斷評估現金流可收回的時間及金額，從而決定應收聯營公司及合營企業款的可收回性。

應收一家聯營公司及一家合營企業款以及應收貸款的賬面值及累計預期信貸虧損如下：

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 3. Significant Accounting Judgements and Estimates (Continued)

#### Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

#### **Estimation of fair value of investment properties and leasehold land and buildings**

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's investment properties and leasehold land and buildings under property, plant and equipment are stated at fair value of HK\$2,624,229,000 (2019: HK\$2,486,340,000) and HK\$235,663,000 (2019: HK\$299,240,000), respectively, based on the valuation performed by independent qualified professional valuers. In determining the fair value, the valuers have based on investment approach and market value basis, which involves, inter-alia, certain estimates, including capitalisation rate, market rent, term yields, reversion yields and comparable market transactions. In relying on the valuation, management has exercised their judgement and is satisfied that the method of valuation is reflective of the current market conditions.

Further details, including the key assumptions used for fair value measurement and a sensitivity analysis, for investment properties and leasehold land and buildings, are disclosed in notes 15 and 16 to the financial statements, respectively.

### 3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

#### 估計不確定性(續)

#### **投資物業以及租賃土地及樓宇的公允值估計**

於本報告期末，基於獨立合資格專業估值師的評估，本集團物業、廠房及設備項下的投資物業以及租賃土地及樓宇分別按公允值2,624,229,000港元(2019年：2,486,340,000港元)及235,663,000港元(2019年：299,240,000港元)列賬。在釐定公允值時，估值師以投資法及市值為基準，當中涉及若干估計，包括資本化率、市場租金、年期收益率、復歸收益率及可比較的市場交易。於信賴有關評估時，管理層亦運用其判斷，並信納有關估值方法可反映現時的市場狀況。

更多詳情，包括用於投資物業以及租賃土地及樓宇的公允值計量及敏感性分析的關鍵假設，分別於財務報表附註15及16中披露。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 3. Significant Accounting Judgements and Estimates (Continued)

#### Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

#### Valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

When the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position cannot be derived from active markets, the fair value is determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of mathematical models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. The estimates include considerations of certain unobservable inputs as detailed in note 41 to the financial statements. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss in the consolidated statement of financial position and the level where the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are disclosed in the fair value hierarchy. Significant management judgements and estimates are required in determining the valuation of financial instruments which are categorised as level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. As at 31 December 2020, the amount of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss was HK\$877,986,000 (2019: HK\$810,287,000). Further details are disclosed in note 22 to the financial statements.

### 3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

#### 估計不確定性(續)

#### 以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產之估值

當在財務狀況表列賬的以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產的公允值不能由交投活躍市場取得時，則使用多種估值技術(包括使用數學模式)釐定其公允值。該等模式的輸入參數在可能情況下從可觀察市場取得，惟在不可行情況下，則須作出估計以釐定公允值。有關估計包括考慮財務報表附註41所詳述的若干不可觀察輸入參數。有關該等因素假設的變動可能對綜合財務報表中以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產的已呈報公允值及該等以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產在公允值等級中披露的等級造成影響。在釐定歸入第三級公允值等級的金融工具的估值時需要管理層作出重大判斷及估計。於2020年12月31日，以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產金額為877,986,000港元(2019年：810,287,000港元)。進一步詳情於財務報表附註22內披露。



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 3. Significant Accounting Judgements and Estimates (Continued)

#### Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

#### Purchase price allocation of the Merger

Upon completion of the Merger on 15 July 2019, TZ United East and COBT were dissolved and deregistered. The Group's interest in ZHYQ, being the surviving entity (the "Merged Enterprise"), through a 68.07% non-wholly-owned subsidiary, has been increased from 33% to 51% (Group's effective interest increased from 22.46% to 34.72% after Merger) and the Merged Enterprise is accounted for as investment in a joint venture by the Group using the equity method.

Management of the Company has engaged an external valuer to perform the valuations of the enterprise value of TZ United East and the fair value of the net identifiable assets and liabilities of the Merged Enterprise as at the date of completion of the Merger to determine the gain on disposal of a subsidiary and the gain on the bargain purchase from the Merger, respectively.

The assessment of the fair value of the enterprise value of TZ United East and the net identifiable assets and liabilities of the Merged Enterprise and allocation of the purchase price required significant management judgement and estimation.

The Group recognised a gain on disposal of a subsidiary and a gain on bargain purchase from the Merger of approximately HK\$248,431,000 and HK\$177,436,000 (restated), respectively, for the year ended 31 December 2019. The gain on bargain purchase from the Merger was determined on a provisional basis as at 31 December 2019 and the Group has finalised the fair value assessment of the net identifiable assets and liabilities of the Merged Enterprise during the year ended 31 December 2020, details of which are set out in notes 4 and 35 to the financial statements.

### 3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

#### 估計不確定性(續)

#### 有關合併之購買價格分配

2019年7月15日合併完成後，泰州東聯及中海瀝青已予解散及註銷。本集團通過非全資擁有附屬公司持有68.07%的股權，於存續公司中海油泰州石化(「經合併企業」)之權益由33%增至51%(合併後，本集團的實際權益由22.46%增加至34.72%)，且經合併企業獲本集團以於一家合營企業之投資使用權益法入賬。

本公司管理層已委聘外部估值師，就泰州東聯之企業價值及經合併企業之已識別資產及負債淨額於合併完成當日之公允值，以分別釐定出售一家附屬公司之收益及合併之議價購買收益。

本公司管理層已委聘外部估值師，就泰州東聯之企業價值及經合併企業之已識別資產及負債淨額於合併完成當日之公允值，以分別釐定出售一家附屬公司之收益及合併之議價購買收益。

截至2019年12月31日止年度，本集團確認出售一間附屬公司之收益及合併之議價購買收益分別約248,431,000港元及177,436,000港元(經重列)。合併之議價購買收益乃於2019年12月31日按暫定基準釐定，而本集團已於截至2020年12月31日止年度完成對合併企業之可識別資產及負債淨額的公允值評估，詳情載於財務報表附註4及35。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

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### 4. Adjustments Arising From Prior Year Provisional Accounting

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group has finalised the fair value assessment of the net identifiable assets and liabilities of the Merged Enterprise. On completion of the fair value assessments, retrospective adjustments were made to the provisional calculation of the net identifiable assets and liabilities as of 15 July 2019, being the completion date of the Merger. Consequently, the Group's consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2019, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2019, and certain explanatory notes have been restated to reflect these restatements.

The effects of the adjustments arising from completion of the Merger described above on the profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2019 by line items presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss were as follows:

#### Impact on profit for the prior year:

|   |               | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|---------------|-------------------------|
| Adjustment arising from completion of the Merger:           | 合併完成後產生的調整：   |                         |
| Decrease in profit for the year from discontinued operation | 已終止經營業務年內溢利減少 | 94,670                  |
| Net decrease in profit attributable to:                     | 應佔溢利減少淨額：     |                         |
| Owners of the Company                                       | 本公司擁有人        | 53,337                  |
| Non-controlling interests                                   | 非控股權益         | 25,019                  |
|   |               | 78,356                  |

### 4. 上一年度暫時賬目所產生的調整

截至2020年12月31日止年度，本集團已完成對經合併企業可辨認資產及負債淨值的公允值評估。於完成公允值評估後，已對2019年7月15日（即合併完成日期）的可辨認資產及負債淨額的臨時計算作出追溯調整。因此，本集團於2019年12月31日的綜合財務狀況表、截至2019年12月31日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表以及若干解釋性說明已予重列以反映該等重新報告。

上述合併完成產生的調整對截至2019年12月31日止年度的損益的影響按綜合損益表中呈列的項目載列如下：

#### 對過往年度溢利的影響：

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 4. Adjustments Arising From Prior Year Provisional Accounting (Continued)

The effects of the adjustments arising from completion of the Merger described above on the financial position as at 31 December 2019 by line items presented in the consolidated statement of financial position were as follows:

### 4. 上一年度暫時賬目所產生的調整(續)

上述合併完成所產生的調整對綜合財務狀況表中呈列的各項目於2019年12月31日的財務狀況的影響如下：

|                                      |                        | (Originally<br>stated)<br>(未經重列)                          | Adjustment<br>arising from<br>completion of<br>the Merger<br>合併完成<br>產生的調整 | (Restated)<br>(經重列)                                       |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|---|--|---|
|                                      |                        | 31 December<br>2019<br>2019年<br>12月31日<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 31 December<br>2019<br>2019年<br>12月31日<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元                  | 31 December<br>2019<br>2019年<br>12月31日<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
| <b>Non-current assets</b>            | <b>非流動資產</b>           |   |  |   |
| Interests in a joint venture         | 一家合營企業權益               | 3,223,521   | (94,670)   | 3,128,851   |
| <b>Current liabilities</b>           | <b>流動負債</b>            |   |  |   |
| Tax payable                          | 應付稅項                   | (123,017)   | 16,314   | (106,703)   |
| <b>Total effects on net assets</b>   | <b>對淨資產的影響總額</b>       | <b>7,602,701</b>  | <b>(78,356)</b>  | <b>7,524,345</b>  |
| <b>Equity</b>                        | <b>股權</b>              |   |  |   |
| Retained profits                     | 保留溢利                   | 2,709,954   | (53,337)   | 2,656,617   |
| Non-controlling interests            | 非控股權益                  | 927,160   | (25,019)   | 902,141   |
| <b>Total effects on total equity</b> | <b>對股權總值的<br/>影響總額</b> | <b>7,602,701</b>  | <b>(78,356)</b>  | <b>7,524,345</b>  |

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 4. Adjustments Arising From Prior Year Provisional Accounting (Continued)

### 4. 上一年度暫時賬目所產生的調整(續)

#### Impact on basic earnings per share:

#### 對每股基本盈利的影響：

|  |             | 2019<br>HK cents<br>港仙 |
|--|-------------|------------------------|
| Basic earnings per share before adjustments      | 於調整前的每股基本盈利 | 2.42                   |
| Adjustment arising from completion of the Merger | 合併完成產生的調整   | (2.31)                 |
| Restated basic earnings per share                | 經重列每股基本盈利   | 0.11                   |

#### Impact on diluted earnings per share:

#### 對每股攤薄盈利的影響：

|  |             |        |
|--|-------------|--------|
| Diluted earnings per share before adjustments    | 於調整前的每股攤薄盈利 | 2.42   |
| Adjustment arising from completion of the Merger | 合併完成產生的調整   | (2.31) |
| Restated diluted earnings per share              | 經重列每股攤薄盈利   | 0.11   |

### 5. Operating Segment Information

### 5. 經營分部資料

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and has the following reporting segments:

就管理而言，本集團按產品劃分業務單位，並設有以下可呈報分部：

- (a) the investments segment representing the investments in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and loan receivables;
- (b) the property leasing segment representing holding of properties for rental income potential and/or for capital appreciation; and

- (a) 投資分部指以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產及應收貸款的投資；
- (b) 物業租賃分部指為獲取租金收入及／或資本增值目的持有物業；及

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 5. Operating Segment Information (Continued)

- (c) the petrochemical segment representing the trading of petrochemical products and provision of sub-contracting service related to the production of petrochemical products (discontinued during the year ended 31 December 2019) (note 12).

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit/loss, which is a measure of adjusted profit/loss before tax. The adjusted profit/loss before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit/loss before tax except that non-lease-related finance costs, share of results of an associate and a joint venture and corporate expenses are excluded from such measurement.

No segment assets or liabilities is presented as the chief operating decision maker does not regularly review segment assets and liabilities.

### 5. 經營分部資料(續)

- (c) 石油化工分部指石油化工產品貿易及提供與生產石油化工產品相關的分包服務(於截至2019年12月31日止年度已終止)(附註12)。

管理層個別監察本集團經營分部業績，以便作出資源分配決策及評估表現。分部表現按可呈報分部溢利／虧損評估，即計量經調整除稅前溢利／虧損。經調整除稅前溢利／虧損之計量與本集團除稅前溢利／虧損貫徹一致，惟有關計量不包括非租賃相關的財務費用、應佔聯營公司及一家合營企業業績以及企業開支。

由於主要營運決策者並未定期審閱分部資產及負債，故並無呈列分部資產或負債。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 5. Operating Segment Information (Continued)

### 5. 經營分部資料(續)

Year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

|   |                     | Investments    | Property<br>leasing | Total            |
|---|---------------------|----------------|---------------------|------------------|
|   |                     | 投資             | 物業租賃                | 總計               |
|   |                     | HK\$'000       | HK\$'000            | HK\$'000         |
|   |                     | 千港元            | 千港元                 | 千港元              |
| Revenue from continuing operations                          | 來自持續經營業務的收益         |                |                     |                  |
| – Rental income   | – 租金收入              | –              | 89,128              | 89,128           |
| – Dividend income from listed and<br>unlisted securities    | – 上市及非上市證券股息<br>收入  | 116            | –                   | 116              |
|   |                     | 116            | 89,128              | 89,244           |
| <b>Segment profit</b>                                       | <b>分部溢利</b>         | <b>211,513</b> | <b>32,603</b>       | <b>244,116</b>   |
| Other unallocated income, gains and<br>losses               | 其他未分配收入、收益及<br>虧損   |                |                     | 45,357           |
| Corporate expenses  | 企業開支                |                |                     | (119,470)        |
| Finance costs (other than interest on<br>lease liabilities) | 財務費用(租賃負債之<br>利息除外) |                |                     | (213,776)        |
| Share of profit or loss of:                                 | 應佔下列之溢利或虧損：         |                |                     |                  |
| – an associate  | – 一家聯營公司            |                |                     | 3,325            |
| – a joint venture   | – 一家合營企業            |                |                     | (404,061)        |
| Loss before taxation  | 除稅前虧損               |                |                     | (444,509)        |
| Taxation  | 稅項                  |                |                     | 3,401            |
| <b>Loss for the year</b>                                    | <b>年內虧損</b>         |                |                     | <b>(441,108)</b> |

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 5. Operating Segment Information (Continued)

### 5. 經營分部資料(續)

Year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

|   |                           | Investments | Property leasing | Unallocated | Total     |
|---|---------------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|-----------|
|   |                           | 投資          | 物業租賃             | 未分配         | 總計        |
|   |                           | HK\$'000    | HK\$'000         | HK\$'000    | HK\$'000  |
|   |                           | 千港元         | 千港元              | 千港元         | 千港元       |
| <i>Other segment information:</i>   | <i>其他分部資料:</i>            |             |                  |             |           |
| Depreciation  | 折舊                        | —           | 870              | 13,290      | 14,160    |
| Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產之公允值變動 | (667)       | —                | —           | (667)     |
| Interest income from an associate   | 來自一家聯營公司的利息收入             | 22,497      | —                | —           | 22,497    |
| Interest income from a joint venture  | 來自一家合營企業的利息收入             | 76,371      | —                | —           | 76,371    |
| Interest income from loan receivables   | 應收貸款的利息收入                 | 181,053     | —                | —           | 181,053   |
| Write-off of loan and other receivables                                       | 貸款及其他應收款撇銷                | —           | —                | (62,510)    | (62,510)  |
| Reversal of impairment loss on financial assets, net                          | 金融資產減值虧損撥回淨額              | 6,352       | —                | —           | 6,352     |
| Change in fair value of investment properties                                 | 投資物業之公允值變動                | —           | (13,555)         | —           | (13,555)  |
| Change in fair value of a derivative financial instrument                     | 衍生金融工具之公允值變動              | —           | —                | 39,630      | 39,630    |
| Net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment                         | 出售物業、廠房及設備的虧損淨額           | —           | (24)             | —           | (24)      |
| Capital expenditures  | 資本開支                      | —           | 1,936            | 1,316       | 3,252     |
| Interest in an associate  | 一家聯營公司的權益                 | —           | —                | 85,569      | 85,569    |
| Interest in a joint venture   | 一家合營企業的權益                 | —           | —                | 3,033,385   | 3,033,385 |
| Share of profit of an associate   | 應佔一家聯營公司的溢利               | —           | —                | 3,325       | 3,325     |
| Share of loss of a joint venture  | 應佔一家合營企業的虧損               | —           | —                | (404,061)   | (404,061) |

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 5. Operating Segment Information (Continued)

## 5. 經營分部資料(續)

Year ended 31 December 2019 (Restated)

截至2019年12月31日止年度(經重列)

|   |                 | Continuing operations |                  | Discontinued operation | Total     |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------------|-----------|
|   |                 | Property              | Total            | operation              |           |
|   |                 | Investments           | Property leasing | Petrochemical          | Total     |
|   |                 | 投資                    | 物業租賃             | 石油化工                   | 總計        |
|   |                 | HK\$'000              | HK\$'000         | HK\$'000               | HK\$'000  |
|   |                 | 千港元                   | 千港元              | 千港元                    | 千港元       |
| Revenue from continuing operations                    | 來自持續經營業務的收益     |                       |                  |                        |           |
| – Rental income                                       | – 租金收入          | –                     | 107,568          | –                      | 107,568   |
| – Dividend income from listed and unlisted securities | – 上市及非上市證券股息收入  | 85                    | –                | –                      | 85        |
|   |                 | 85                    | 107,568          | –                      | 107,653   |
| Revenue from a discontinued operation                 | 來自已終止經營業務的收益    | –                     | –                | 288,381                | 288,381   |
|   |                 | 85                    | 107,568          | 288,381                | 396,034   |
| Segment (loss)/profit                                 | 分部(虧損)/溢利       | (54,232)              | 62,626           | 8,394                  | (20,305)  |
| Other unallocated income, gains and losses            | 其他未分配收入、收益及虧損   |                       |                  | 3,470                  | 4,379     |
| Gain on disposal of a subsidiary from the Merger      | 由合併而出售一間附屬公司的收益 |                       |                  | –                      | 248,431   |
| Gain on bargain purchase from the Merger              | 合併之議價購買收益       |                       |                  | –                      | 177,436   |
| Corporate expenses                                    | 企業開支            |                       |                  | (148,530)              | (148,530) |
| Finance costs   | 財務費用            |                       |                  | (133,746)              | (173,837) |
| Share of profit or loss of:                           | 應佔下列之溢利或虧損:     |                       |                  |                        |           |
| – an associate  | – 一家聯營公司        |                       |                  | (7,091)                | (7,091)   |
| – a joint venture                                     | – 一家合營企業        |                       |                  | 108,822                | 108,822   |
| (Loss)/profit before taxation                         | 除稅前(虧損)/溢利      |                       |                  | (168,681)              | 189,305   |
| Taxation  | 稅項              |                       |                  | (10,570)               | (116,560) |
| (Loss)/profit for the year                            | 年內(虧損)/溢利       |                       |                  | (179,251)              | 72,745    |



# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 5. Operating Segment Information (Continued)

## 5. 經營分部資料(續)

Year ended 31 December 2019 (Restated)

截至2019年12月31日止年度(經重列)

|   | Continuing operations |                  |             | Discontinued operation |               | Total     |
|---|-----------------------|------------------|-------------|------------------------|---------------|-----------|
|   | Investments           | Property leasing | Unallocated | operations             | Petrochemical |           |
|   | 投資                    | 物業租賃             | 未分配         | 業務總額                   | 石油化工          | 總計        |
|   | HK\$'000              | HK\$'000         | HK\$'000    | HK\$'000               | HK\$'000      | HK\$'000  |
|   | 千港元                   | 千港元              | 千港元         | 千港元                    | 千港元           | 千港元       |
| <i>Other segment information:</i>   | <i>其他分部資料:</i>        |                  |             |                        |               |           |
| Depreciation  | —                     | 1,053            | 11,422      | 12,475                 | 109,785       | 122,260   |
| Amortisation of land use rights   | —                     | —                | —           | —                      | 2,077         | 2,077     |
| Other expenses  | —                     | —                | —           | —                      | 30,645        | 30,645    |
| Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | (201,650)             | —                | —           | (201,650)              | 89            | (201,561) |
| Interest income from an associate   | 22,727                | —                | —           | 22,727                 | —             | 22,727    |
| Interest income from a joint venture  | 19,943                | —                | —           | 19,943                 | —             | 19,943    |
| Interest income from loan receivables   | 134,717               | —                | —           | 134,717                | —             | 134,717   |
| Write-off of other receivables  | —                     | —                | (54,107)    | (54,107)               | —             | (54,107)  |
| Impairment loss on financial assets, net                                      | (20,984)              | —                | —           | (20,984)               | —             | (20,984)  |
| Change in fair value of investment properties                                 | —                     | 18,103           | —           | 18,103                 | —             | 18,103    |
| Change in fair value of a derivative financial instrument                     | —                     | —                | 4,562       | 4,562                  | —             | 4,562     |
| Net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment                         | —                     | (3)              | —           | (3)                    | —             | (3)       |
| Capital expenditures  | —                     | 85               | 5,330       | 5,415                  | 196,258       | 201,673   |
| Interest in an associate  | —                     | —                | 77,050      | 77,050                 | —             | 77,050    |
| Interest in a joint venture   | —                     | —                | 3,128,851   | 3,128,851              | —             | 3,128,851 |
| Share of loss of an associate   | —                     | —                | (7,091)     | (7,091)                | —             | (7,091)   |
| Share of profit of a joint venture  | —                     | —                | 108,822     | 108,822                | —             | 108,822   |

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 5. Operating Segment Information (Continued)

#### Geographical information

#### Revenue from external customers

|           |    | 2020                  |                        | 2019                  |                        |
|-----------|----|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
|           |    | Continuing operations | Discontinued operation | Continuing operations | Discontinued operation |
|           |    | 持續經營業務                | 已終止經營業務                | 持續經營業務                | 已終止經營業務                |
|           |    | HK\$'000              | HK\$'000               | HK\$'000              | HK\$'000               |
|           |    | 千港元                   | 千港元                    | 千港元                   | 千港元                    |
| Hong Kong | 香港 | 116                   | —                      | 620                   | —                      |
| PRC       | 中國 | 89,128                | —                      | 107,033               | 288,381                |
|           |    | <b>89,244</b>         | <b>—</b>               | <b>107,653</b>        | <b>288,381</b>         |

The revenue information above is based on the locations of the customers.

#### Non-current assets

|           |    | 2020             | (Restated)<br>(經重列) |
|-----------|----|------------------|---------------------|
|           |    | 2020             | 2019                |
|           |    | HK\$'000         | HK\$'000            |
|           |    | 千港元              | 千港元                 |
| Hong Kong | 香港 | 290,687          | 351,721             |
| PRC       | 中國 | 5,757,633        | 5,654,352           |
|           |    | <b>6,048,320</b> | <b>6,006,073</b>    |

The non-current asset information of continuing operations above is based on the locations of the assets and excludes financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loan receivables and an amount due from a joint venture.

### 5. 經營分部資料(續)

#### 地域資料

#### 來自外部客戶的收益

以上收益資料乃基於客戶所在的地點。

#### 非流動資產

以上持續經營業務的非流動資產資料乃基於資產所在的地點，不包括以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產、應收貸款及應收一家合營企業款。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 5. Operating Segment Information (Continued)

#### Information about major customers

During the current and prior years, no revenue from a single external customer amounted to 10% or more of the Group's total revenue from continuing operations.

### 6. Revenue, Other Income, Gains and Losses

An analysis of revenue from continuing operations is as follows:

### 5. 經營分部資料(續)

#### 主要客戶的資料

於本年度及過往年度，來自單個外部客戶的收入概不超過本集團持續經營業務總收入的10%或以上。

### 6. 收益、其他收入、收益及虧損

持續經營業務之收益分析如下：

|   |               | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|---------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| <i>Revenue from other sources</i>                   | <i>其他來源收益</i> |                         |                         |
| Gross rental income                                 | 總租金收入         | 89,128                  | 107,568                 |
| Dividend income from listed and unlisted securities | 上市及非上市證券股息收入  | 116                     | 85                      |
|   |               | <b>89,244</b>           | 107,653                 |

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 6. Revenue, Other Income, Gains and Losses (Continued)

An analysis of other income, gains and losses from continuing operations is as follows:

### 6. 收益、其他收入、收益及虧損(續)

持續經營業務之其他收入、收益及虧損分析如下：

|   |                 | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Interest income                                       | 利息收入            |                         |                         |
| — amount due from an associate                        | — 應收一家聯營公司款     | <b>22,497</b>           | 22,727                  |
| — amount due from a joint venture                     | — 應收一家合營企業款     | <b>76,371</b>           | 19,943                  |
| — bank deposits                                       | — 銀行存款          | <b>545</b>              | 2,750                   |
| — loan receivables                                    | — 應收貸款          | <b>181,053</b>          | 134,717                 |
| Net foreign exchange loss                             | 匯兌虧損淨額          | <b>(810)</b>            | (162)                   |
| Net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment | 出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損淨額 | <b>(24)</b>             | (3)                     |
| Government grants*                                    | 政府補貼*           | <b>631</b>              | 875                     |
| Others  | 其他              | <b>4,821</b>            | 886                     |
|   |                 | <b>285,084</b>          | 181,733                 |

\* The amount represented grants received from relevant government authorities in Mainland China for the Group's operation of property leasing business. There is no unfulfilled condition or contingency relating to these grants.

\* 該金額指就本集團經營物業租賃業務自中國內地相關政府機關獲得之補貼。概無有關該等補貼之未達成條件或或然事項。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 7. Loss Before Taxation From Continuing Operations

The Group's loss before taxation from continuing operations is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

### 7. 持續經營業務之除稅前虧損

本集團持續經營業務之除稅前虧損乃經扣除／(計入)下列各項：

|  |   | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Auditor's remuneration   | 核數師酬金   | <b>5,350</b>            | 4,500                   |
| Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss  | 以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產之公允值變動                       | <b>667</b>              | 201,650                 |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment  | 物業、廠房及設備折舊                                      | <b>11,376</b>           | 12,475                  |
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets  | 使用權資產折舊   | <b>2,784</b>            | —                       |
| Employee benefit expense including directors' and chief executive officer's remuneration:                            | 僱員福利開支(包括董事及行政總裁酬金)：                            |                         |                         |
| Wages and salaries*  | 工資及薪金*  | <b>64,206</b>           | 59,466                  |
| Pension scheme contributions (defined contribution scheme)   | 退休金計劃供款 (定額供款計劃)                                | <b>2,582</b>            | 1,526                   |
|  |   | <b>66,788</b>           | 60,992                  |
| Rental income under operating leases for investment properties, less outgoing of HK\$9,016,000 (2019: HK\$6,419,000) | 投資物業經營租約之租金收入，減支銷9,016,000港元(2019年：6,419,000港元) | <b>(80,112)</b>         | (101,149)               |
| Write-off of loan and other receivables (Reversal of impairment)/impairment of financial assets, net                 | 貸款及其他應收款撇銷 金融資產(減值撥回)/減值淨額                      | <b>62,510</b>           | 54,107                  |
| Change in fair value of investment properties  | 投資物業公允值變動                                       | <b>(6,352)</b>          | 20,984                  |
| Change in fair value of a derivative financial instrument  | 衍生金融工具之公允值變動                                    | <b>13,555</b>           | (18,103)                |
|  |   | <b>(39,630)</b>         | (4,562)                 |

\* Wage subsidy of HK\$580,000 was granted from the Employment Support Scheme under Anti-Epidemic Fund in Hong Kong during the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: Nil). The amount was recognised in the administrative expenses and had been set-off against the amount of wages and salaries. There is no unfulfilled condition or contingency relating to this grant.

\* 截至2020年12月31日止年度，香港防疫抗疫基金下的保就業計劃發放工資補貼580,000港元(2019年：無)。該款項已在行政開支中確認，並已與工資及薪金金額相抵。此項補助金並無未達成的條件或或然事項。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 8. Finance Costs

An analysis of finance costs from continuing operations is as follows:

|                               |         | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|-------------------------------|---------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Interest on bank loans        | 銀行貸款利息  | 35,216                  | 63,689                  |
| Interest on other loans       | 其他貸款利息  | 36,077                  | 2,747                   |
| Interest on convertible bonds | 可換股債券利息 | 141,955                 | 67,310                  |
| Interest on senior note       | 優先票據利息  | 528                     | —                       |
| Interest on lease liabilities | 租賃負債利息  | 2,899                   | —                       |
|                               |         | <b>216,675</b>          | 133,746                 |

### 8. 財務費用

來自持續經營業務之財務費用的分析如下：

### 9. Directors' and Chief Executive Officer's Remuneration

The remuneration paid to the Company's directors and the chief executive officer for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows.

### 9. 董事及行政總裁酬金

本年度，根據上市規則、香港公司條例第383(1)(a)、(b)、(c)及(f)條以及公司(披露董事利益資料)規例第2部披露，支付予本公司董事及行政總裁的薪酬如下：

|   |            | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Fees                                      | 袍金         | 3,600                   | 3,941                   |
| Other emoluments:                         | 其他酬金：      |                         |                         |
| Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind | 薪金、津貼及實物福利 | 9,425                   | 6,374                   |
| Discretionary bonuses                     | 酌情花紅       | 952                     | —                       |
| Pension scheme contributions              | 退休金計劃供款    | 132                     | 82                      |
|   |            | <b>10,509</b>           | 6,456                   |
|   |            | <b>14,109</b>           | 10,397                  |

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 9. Directors' and Chief Executive Officer's Remuneration (Continued)

#### (a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to the Company's independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

|               |     | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---------------|-----|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Liang Qing    | 梁青  | 400                     | 400                     |
| Zhang Lu      | 張璐  | 400                     | 400                     |
| Hung Muk Ming | 洪木明 | 300                     | 300                     |
|               |     | <b>1,100</b>            | 1,100                   |

There were no other emoluments payable to the Company's independent non-executive directors during the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: Nil).

### 9. 董事及行政總裁酬金(續)

#### (a) 獨立非執行董事

年內支付予本公司獨立非執行董事之袍金如下：

|               | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Liang Qing    | 400                     | 400                     |
| Zhang Lu      | 400                     | 400                     |
| Hung Muk Ming | 300                     | 300                     |
|               | <b>1,100</b>            | 1,100                   |

於截至2020年12月31日止年度，並無其他應付獨立非執行董事之酬金(2019年：無)。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 9. Directors' and Chief Executive Officer's Remuneration (Continued)

### 9. 董事及行政總裁酬金(續)

#### (b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive officer

#### (b) 執行董事、非執行董事及行政總裁

|                          |              | Salaries,<br>allowances<br>and benefits<br>in kind | Discretionary<br>bonuses | Pension<br>scheme<br>contributions | Total<br>remuneration |
|--------------------------|--------------|--|--------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|
|                          |              | Fees   |                          |                                    |                       |
|                          |              | 袍金   | 酌情花紅                     | 退休金<br>計劃供款                        | 薪酬總額                  |
|                          |              | HK\$'000   | HK\$'000                 | HK\$'000                           | HK\$'000              |
|                          |              | 千港元  | 千港元                      | 千港元                                | 千港元                   |
| <b>2020</b>              | <b>2020年</b> |  |                          |                                    |                       |
| Executive directors:     | 執行董事:        |  |                          |                                    |                       |
| Ma Yilin (note a)        | 馬澤林(附註a)     | 400  | —                        | —                                  | 400                   |
| Huang Jiajue (note c)    | 黃佳爵(附註c)     | 600  | 6,573                    | 66                                 | 7,815                 |
| Luo Zhihai (note d)      | 羅智海(附註d)     | 600  | 2,852                    | 66                                 | 3,894                 |
|                          |              | 1,600  | 9,425                    | 132                                | 12,109                |
| Non-executive directors: | 非執行董事:       |  |                          |                                    |                       |
| Chu Hing Tsung (note f)  | 朱慶崧(附註f)     | 500  | —                        | —                                  | 500                   |
| Chen Zhiwei (note f)     | 陳志偉(附註f)     | 400  | —                        | —                                  | 400                   |
|                          |              | 900  | —                        | —                                  | 900                   |
|                          |              | 2,500  | 9,425                    | 132                                | 13,009                |



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 9. Directors' and Chief Executive Officer's Remuneration (Continued)

### 9. 董事及行政總裁酬金(續)

#### (b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive officer (Continued)

#### (b) 執行董事、非執行董事及行政總裁(續)

|                          |          | Fees     | Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind | Discretionary bonuses | Pension scheme contributions | Total remuneration |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|---|-----------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|
|                          |          | 袍金       | 薪金、津貼及實物福利                                | 酌情花紅                  | 退休金計劃供款                      | 薪酬總額               |
|                          |          | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000                                  | HK\$'000              | HK\$'000                     | HK\$'000           |
|                          |          | 千港元      | 千港元                                       | 千港元                   | 千港元                          | 千港元                |
| 2019                     | 2019年    |          |   |                       |                              |                    |
| Executive directors:     | 執行董事：    |          |   |                       |                              |                    |
| Ma Yilin (note a)        | 馬輝林(附註a) | 400      | —   | —                     | —                            | 400                |
| Gao Jian Min (note b)    | 高建民(附註b) | 500      | 3,200                                     | —                     | 12                           | 3,712              |
| Huang Jiajue (note c)    | 黃佳爵(附註c) | 555      | 2,085                                     | —                     | 31                           | 2,671              |
| Luo Zhihai (note d)      | 羅智海(附註d) | 555      | 1,089                                     | —                     | 39                           | 1,683              |
| Liu Tianni (note e)      | 劉天倪(附註e) | —        | —   | —                     | —                            | —                  |
|                          |          | 2,010    | 6,374                                     | —                     | 82                           | 8,466              |
| Non-executive directors: | 非執行董事：   |          |   |                       |                              |                    |
| Gao Jian Min (note b)    | 高建民(附註b) | —        | —   | —                     | —                            | —                  |
| Chu Hing Tsung (note f)  | 朱慶松(附註f) | 462      | —   | —                     | —                            | 462                |
| Chen Zhiwei (note f)     | 陳志偉(附註f) | 369      | —   | —                     | —                            | 369                |
| Luo Zhenhong (note g)    | 羅振宏(附註g) | —        | —   | —                     | —                            | —                  |
| Hui Xiao Bing (note g)   | 惠小兵(附註g) | —        | —   | —                     | —                            | —                  |
| Chen Qiming (note g)     | 陳啓明(附註g) | —        | —   | —                     | —                            | —                  |
|                          |          | 831      | —   | —                     | —                            | 831                |
|                          |          | 2,841    | 6,374                                     | —                     | 82                           | 9,297              |

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 9. Directors' and Chief Executive Officer's Remuneration (Continued)

#### (b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive officer (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) Mr. Ma Yilin resigned as an executive director of the Company on 11 January 2021.
- (b) Mr. Gao Jian Min has been re-designated from an executive director of the Company to a non-executive director of the Company and has resigned as the managing director and the chief executive officer of the Company on 2 September 2019. He resigned as a non-executive director of the Company on 1 January 2020.
- (c) Mr. Huang Jiajue has been appointed as an executive director of the Company on 29 January 2019. He has been appointed as the chief executive officer of the Company on 2 September 2019.
- (d) Mr. Luo Zhihai has been appointed as an executive director of the Company on 29 January 2019.
- (e) Mr. Liu Tianni resigned as an executive director of the Company on 29 January 2019.
- (f) Mr. Chu Hing Tsung and Mr. Chen Zhiwei have been appointed as non-executive directors of the Company on 29 January 2019.
- (g) Mr. Luo Zhenhong, Mr. Hui Xiao Bing and Mr. Chen Qiming resigned as non-executive directors of the Company on 29 January 2019.

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year ended 31 December 2020.

### 9. 董事及行政總裁酬金(續)

#### (b) 執行董事、非執行董事及行政總裁(續)

附註：

- (a) 馬懌林先生於2021年1月11日辭任本公司執行董事。
- (b) 高建民先生已由本公司執行董事調任為本公司非執行董事，並於2019年9月2日辭任本公司董事總經理及行政總裁職務。彼亦於2020年1月1日辭任本公司非執行董事。
- (c) 黃佳爵先生於2019年1月29日獲委任為本公司執行董事及於2019年9月2日獲委任為本公司行政總裁。
- (d) 羅智海先生於2019年1月29日獲委任為本公司執行董事。
- (e) 劉天倪先生於2019年1月29日辭任本公司執行董事。
- (f) 朱慶崧先生及陳志偉先生於2019年1月29日獲委任為本公司非執行董事。
- (g) 羅振宏先生、惠小兵先生及陳啓明先生於2019年1月29日辭任本公司非執行董事。

於截至2020年12月31日止年度，概無本公司有關董事放棄或同意放棄任何薪酬之安排。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 10. Five Highest Paid Employees

The five highest paid employees during the year ended 31 December 2020 included two (2019: three) directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements. Details of the remuneration of the remaining three (2019: two) highest paid non-director employees for the year are as follows:

|   |            | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind | 薪金、津貼及實物福利 | 6,698                   | 3,742                   |
| Discretionary bonuses                     | 酌情花紅       | 770                     | —                       |
| Pension scheme contributions              | 退休金計劃供款    | 95                      | 29                      |
|   |            | <b>7,563</b>            | <b>3,771</b>            |

The number of non-director highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

|                                |                         | 2020     | 2019     |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|----------|----------|
| HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000 | 1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元 | —        | 1        |
| HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000 | 1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元 | 1        | —        |
| HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000 | 2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元 | —        | 1        |
| HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000 | 2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元 | 2        | —        |
|                                |                         | <b>3</b> | <b>2</b> |

### 10. 五名最高薪僱員

於截至2020年12月31日止年度，五名最高薪僱員包括兩名(2019年：三名)董事，彼等之薪酬詳情載於綜合財務報表附註9。於截至該年度，其餘三名(2019年：兩名)最高薪非董事僱員之薪酬詳情如下：

薪酬介乎下列範圍之非董事最高薪僱員數目如下：

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 11. Taxation

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Company and its subsidiaries in Hong Kong incurred tax losses during the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: Nil).

The taxation charge of the PRC Corporate Income Tax ("CIT") for the year has been made based on the Group's estimated assessable profits calculated in accordance with the relevant income tax laws applicable to the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC. Under the Law of the PRC on Corporate Income Tax ("CIT Law") and the Implementation Regulation of the CIT Law, the tax rate of the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC was 25% for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: 25%).

The withholding tax arising from dividend income received from the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC is calculated at 5%.

### 11. 稅項

截至2020年12月31日止年度，由於本公司及其於香港之附屬公司錄得稅務虧損，故並沒有提撥香港利得稅(2019年：無)。

年內，中國企業所得稅(「企業所得稅」)乃本公司於中國之附屬公司以估計應課稅溢利根據適用的相關所得稅法例計算所得之稅項支出。根據中國企業所得稅法(「企業所得稅法」)及企業所得稅法實施細則，截至2020年12月31日止年度，本公司於中國之附屬公司之稅率為25%(2019年：25%)。

自本公司於中國之附屬公司收取股息收入之預扣稅按5%稅率計算。

|   |                          | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | (Restated)<br>(經重列)<br>2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Current:  | 即期：                      |                         |  |
| PRC CIT — charge for the year                                       | 中國企業所得稅<br>— 年內支出        | 930                     | 7,036  |
| Deferred (Note 31)  | 遞延 (附註31)                | (4,331)                 | 3,534  |
| Total tax (credit)/charge for the year<br>for continuing operations | 年內持續經營業務之稅項<br>(抵免)／支出總額 | (3,401)                 | 10,570   |
| Total tax charge for the year for<br>a discontinued operation       | 年內已終止經營業務之<br>稅項支出總額     | —                       | 105,990  |

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 11. Taxation (Continued)

A reconciliation of income tax expense/(credit) applicable to profit/(loss) before tax at the statutory rate for the jurisdictions in which the Company and most of its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax expense/(credit) at the effective tax rate for the year are as follows:

## 11. 稅項(續)

按本公司及其大部分附屬公司註冊所在司法權區之法定稅率計算之除稅前溢利/(虧損)適用所得稅開支/(抵免)與按實際稅率計算之本年度稅項開支/(抵免)調整如下:

|  |                         | 2020      |        | (Restated)<br>(經重列) |        |
|--|-------------------------|-----------|--------|---------------------|--------|
|  |                         | HK\$'000  | %      | HK\$'000            | %      |
|  |                         | 千港元       |        | 千港元                 |        |
| Loss before tax from continuing operations                           | 來自持續經營業務之除稅前虧損          | (444,509) |        | (168,681)           |        |
| Profit before tax from a discontinued operation                      | 來自已終止經營業務之除稅前溢利         | —         |        | 357,986             |        |
|  |                         | (444,509) |        | 189,305             |        |
| Tax (credit)/charge at the PRC statutory income tax rate             | 按中國法定所得稅率計算之稅項(抵免)/支出   | (111,127) | 25.0   | 47,326              | 25.0   |
| Share of results of a joint venture                                  | 應佔一家合營企業之業績             | 101,015   | (22.7) | (27,206)            | (14.4) |
| Share of results of an associate                                     | 應佔一家聯營公司業績              | (831)     | 0.2    | 1,773               | 0.9    |
| Income not subject to tax  | 毋須課稅收入                  | (20,813)  | 4.7    | (2,132)             | (1.1)  |
| Expenses not deductible for tax                                      | 不可扣稅開支                  | 14,121    | (3.2)  | 55,183              | 29.2   |
| Tax losses not recognised  | 未確認稅項虧損                 | 14,234    | (3.2)  | 41,616              | 22.0   |
| Tax (credit)/charge at the Group's effective tax rate                | 按本集團實際稅率計算之稅項(抵免)/支出    | (3,401)   | 0.8    | 116,560             | 61.6   |
| Tax (credit)/charge from continuing operations at effective tax rate | 按實際稅率計算之持續經營業務稅項(抵免)/支出 | (3,401)   | 0.8    | 10,570              | (6.3)  |
| Tax charge from a discontinued operation at effective tax rate       | 按實際稅率計算之已終止經營業務稅項支出     | —         | —      | 105,990             | 29.6   |

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 11. Taxation (Continued)

The share of tax attributable to an associate and a joint venture amounting to nil (2019: HK\$16,795,000) and tax credit of HK\$70,590,000 (2019: HK\$33,718,000), respectively, are included in “Share of profit or losses of an associate and a joint venture” in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

### 12. Discontinued Operation

On 28 November 2018, TZ United East, an indirect non-wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, ZHYQ, an associate of the Company, and COBT, entered into the Merger Agreement, pursuant to which ZHYQ absorbed and merged with TZ United East and COBT. Upon completion of the Merger which took place on 15 July 2019, ZHYQ became the Merged Enterprise, TZ United East and COBT were dissolved and deregistered, and the Company owned 51% of the equity interest in the Merged Enterprise through its indirect non-wholly-owned subsidiary, TZ Dong Thai, and the Merged Enterprise is accounted for as a joint venture of the Company using equity method.

Following the completion of the Merger, the Group discontinued the operation in its trading of petrochemical products and provision of sub-contracting service.

### 11. 稅項(續)

應佔一家聯營公司及一家合營企業稅項分別為零(2019年: 16,795,000港元)及稅項抵免70,590,000港元(2019年: 33,718,000港元), 已計入綜合損益表內的「應佔一家聯營公司及一家合營企業損益」。

### 12. 已終止經營業務

於2018年11月28日, 本公司的間接非全資擁有附屬公司泰州東聯、本公司的聯營公司中海油泰州石化及中海瀝青訂立合併協議, 據此, 中海油泰州石化吸收合併泰州東聯及中海瀝青。於2019年7月15日合併完成後, 中海油泰州石化成為經合併企業, 而泰州東聯及中海瀝青已予解散及註銷。本公司透過其間接非全資擁有附屬公司泰州東泰擁有經合併企業之51%權益, 經合併企業以權益法入賬列為本公司之合營企業。

於合併完成後, 本集團已終止經營石油化工產品銷售及提供加工服務。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 12. Discontinued Operation (Continued)

The results of the discontinued operation in the trading of petrochemical products and provision of sub-contracting service of the Group, which have been included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss up to the date on which the Group lost control over TZ United East, are as follows:

### 12. 已終止經營業務(續)

截至本集團失去泰州東聯控制權當日止包括在綜合損益表內之本集團已終止經營石油化工產品及提供加工服務之業績載列如下：

|   |                           | (Restated)<br>(經重列)  |
|---|---------------------------|--|
|   |                           | From<br>1 January<br>2019 up<br>to the date<br>of disposal<br>自2019年<br>1月1日起至<br>出售之日止<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
| Revenue   | 收入                        | 288,381  |
| Cost of sales and services  | 銷售及服務成本                   | (236,505)  |
| Other income, gains and losses  | 其他收入、收益及虧損                | 909  |
| Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產之公允值變動 | 89   |
| Administrative and other expenses   | 行政及其他費用                   | (71,209)   |
| Finance costs   | 財務費用                      | (40,091)   |
| Legal and professional fee incurred for the Merger                            | 合併所產生的法律及專業費用             | (9,455)  |
| Gain on disposal of a subsidiary from the Merger                              | 由合併而出售一間附屬公司的收益           | 248,431  |
| Gain on bargain purchase from the Merger                                      | 合併之議價購買收益                 | 177,436  |
| Profit before tax from the discontinued operation                             | 已終止經營業務之除稅前溢利             | 357,986  |
| Taxation from the discontinued operation                                      | 已終止經營業務之稅項                | (105,990)  |
| Profit for the year from the discontinued operation                           | 來自已終止經營業務之年內溢利            | 251,996  |
| Profit attributable to:   | 應佔溢利：                     |  |
| Owners of the Company   | 本公司擁有人                    | 172,077  |
| Non-controlling interests   | 非控股權益                     | 79,919   |
|   |                           | 251,996  |

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 12. Discontinued Operation (Continued)

The gain on bargain purchase from the Merger was determined on a provisional basis as at 31 December 2019. The Group has finalised the fair value assessment of the net identifiable assets and liabilities of the Merged Enterprise during the year ended 31 December 2020 and retrospective adjustments were made to the provisional calculation regarding the acquisition of the additional interest in the Merged Enterprise.

The net cash flows incurred by the trading of petrochemical products and provision of sub-contracting service are as follows:

### 12. 已終止經營業務(續)

合併之議價購買收益乃於2019年12月31日按暫定基準釐定。本集團已於截至2020年12月31日止年度完成對合併企業之可識別資產及負債淨額的公允值評估，並對收購合併企業額外權益之暫定金額作出追溯調整。

石油化工產品銷售及提供加工服務所產生的現金流淨額如下：

|   |                     | From<br>1 January<br>2019 up<br>to the date<br>of disposal<br>自2019年<br>1月1日起至<br>出售之日止<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|---------------------|--|
| Operating activities                                | 經營業務                | 121,633  |
| Investing activities                                | 投資業務                | (104,721)  |
| Financing activities                                | 融資業務                | (66,389)   |
| Net cash outflow                                    | 淨現金流出               | (49,477)   |
| Earnings per share from the discontinued operation: | 來自已終止經營業務之<br>每股盈利： |  |
| Basic and diluted (Restated)                        | 基本及攤薄(經重列)          | HK7.47 cents<br>7.47港仙   |



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

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### 12. Discontinued Operation (Continued)

The calculation of the basic earnings per share from the discontinued operation is based on:

|  |  | (Restated)<br>(經重列)<br>2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元           |
|--|--|--|
| Profit attributable to owners of the Company from the discontinued operation, used in the basic earnings per share calculation | 用以計算每股基本盈利之已終<br>止經營業務之本公司<br>擁有人應佔溢利  | 172,077  |
|  |  | Number<br>of shares<br>股份數目<br>2019<br>in thousand<br>千股 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year used in the basic earnings per share calculation (note 14) | 用以計算每股基本盈利之年內<br>已發行普通股加權平均數<br>(附註14) | 2,304,850  |

No adjustment for dilution has been made to the basic earnings per share presented for the year ended 31 December 2019 as the Company's convertible bonds outstanding had an anti-dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share presented.

由於本公司尚未轉換之可換股債券對所呈列每股基本盈利具有反攤薄影響，因此並無就截至2019年12月31日止年度呈列之每股基本盈利作出攤薄調整。

### 13. Dividend

No dividend was paid or proposed for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: Nil).

### 13. 股息

於截至2020年12月31日止年度內並無派付或建議派付股息(2019年：無)。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 14. (Loss)/Earnings Per Share Attributable to Ordinary Equity Holders of the Company

#### For (loss)/profit for the year

The calculation of the basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company is based on the following data:

|   |                                      | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | (Restated)<br>(經重列)<br>2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| (Loss)/profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of Company used in the basic (loss)/earnings per share calculation: | 用以計算每股基本(虧損)/盈利之本公司普通權益持有人應佔(虧損)/溢利: |                         |  |
| From continuing operations  | 來自持續經營業務                             | <b>(317,641)</b>        | (169,601)                                      |
| From discontinued operation   | 來自已終止經營業務                            | —                       | 172,077  |
| <b>Total</b>  | <b>總計</b>                            | <b>(317,641)</b>        | 2,476  |

|   |                               | 2020<br>in thousand<br>千股 | 2019<br>in thousand<br>千股 |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year used in the basic (loss)/earnings per share calculation | 用以計算每股基本(虧損)/盈利之年內已發行普通股加權平均數 | <b>2,304,850</b>          | 2,304,850                 |

No adjustment for dilution has been made to the basic (loss)/earnings per share amounts presented for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019 as the Company's convertible bonds outstanding had an anti-dilutive effect on the basic (loss)/earnings per share amounts presented.

### 14. 本公司普通權益持有人應佔每股(虧損)/盈利

#### 年內(虧損)/溢利

本公司普通權益持有人應佔的每股基本及攤薄(虧損)/盈利乃根據下列數據計算所得:

|   |                               | 2020<br>in thousand<br>千股 | 2019<br>in thousand<br>千股 |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year used in the basic (loss)/earnings per share calculation | 用以計算每股基本(虧損)/盈利之年內已發行普通股加權平均數 | <b>2,304,850</b>          | 2,304,850                 |

由於本公司尚未轉換之可換股債券對所呈列每股基本(虧損)/盈利金額具有反攤薄影響，因此並無就截至2020年及2019年12月31日止年度呈列之每股基本(虧損)/盈利金額作出攤薄調整。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

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### 14. (Loss)/Earnings Per Share Attributable to Ordinary Equity Holders of the Company (Continued)

#### From continuing operations

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss from continuing operations per share attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company is based on the following data:

|  |                           | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of Company used in the basic loss per share calculation | 用以計算每股基本虧損之本公司普通權益持有人應佔虧損 | 317,641                 | 169,601                 |

The denominators used are the same as those detailed above for both basic and diluted loss per share.

No adjustment for dilution has been made to the basic loss per share amounts for continuing operations presented for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019 as the Company's convertible bonds outstanding had an anti-dilutive effect on the basic loss per share amounts presented.

### 14. 本公司普通權益持有人應佔每股(虧損)/盈利(續)

#### 來自持續經營業務

本公司普通權益持有人應佔來自持續經營業務的每股基本及攤薄虧損乃根據下列數據計算所得：

所用分母與上述每股基本及攤薄虧損的分母相同。

由於本公司尚未轉換之可換股債券對所呈列來自持續經營業務之每股基本虧損金額具有反攤薄影響，因此並無就截至2020年及2019年12月31日止年度呈列之每股基本虧損金額作出攤薄調整。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 15. Investment Properties

### 15. 投資物業

|   |              | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| At the beginning of the year                      | 於年初          | <b>2,486,340</b>        | 2,522,430               |
| Exchange realignment                              | 匯兌調整         | <b>151,444</b>          | (54,193)                |
| Change in fair value recognised in profit or loss | 於損益表確認之公允值變動 | <b>(13,555)</b>         | 18,103                  |
| At the end of the year                            | 於年末          | <b>2,624,229</b>        | 2,486,340               |

The Group's investment properties are situated in Hong Kong and Mainland China and were revalued on 31 December 2020 based on valuations performed by Vigers Appraisal & Consulting Limited ("Vigers"), an independent professionally qualified valuer, at HK\$2,624,229,000 (2019: HK\$2,486,340,000).

The investment properties are leased to third parties under operating leases, further details of which are included in note 17 to the financial statements.

At 31 December 2020, the legal title of the Group's investment properties with a carrying value of approximately HK\$92,851,000 (2019: HK\$88,634,000) situated in the PRC has not been passed to the Group.

At 31 December 2020, certain of the Group's investment properties with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$2,542,850,000 (2019: HK\$2,408,486,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 28(a)(i)).

#### Fair value hierarchy

For the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, the fair value measurements of the Group's investment properties are using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3).

In the opinion of the directors, for all investment properties that are measured at fair value, the properties have been used in their highest and best use.

本集團的投資物業位於香港及內地，乃根據獨立專業合資格估值師威格斯資產評估顧問有限公司(「威格斯」)所作的估值於2020年12月31日重估為2,624,229,000港元(2019年：2,486,340,000港元)。

投資物業根據經營租賃出租予第三方，進一步詳情載於財務報表附註17。

於2020年12月31日，本集團位於中國的投資物業之賬面值約為92,851,000港元(2019年：88,634,000港元)的業權仍未過戶至本集團。

於2020年12月31日，本集團賬面總值為2,542,850,000港元(2019年：2,408,486,000港元)的若干投資物業已作抵押，以擔保授予本集團的一般銀行信貸(附註28(a)(i))。

#### 公允值等級

截至2020年及2019年12月31日止年度，本集團投資物業的公允值計量使用重大不可觀察輸入數據(第3級)。

董事認為，就所有以公允值計量的投資物業而言，物業之現有用途是最大及最佳用途。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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## 15. Investment Properties (Continued)

### Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2020, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 (2019: Nil).

Below is a summary of the valuation techniques and the key inputs used in the valuation of the Group's investment properties:

## 15. 投資物業(續)

### 公允值等級(續)

截至2020年12月31日止年度，第1級與第2級之間並無公允值計量轉移，亦無轉入或轉出第3級(2019年：無)。

以下為本集團之投資物業估值所用之估值技術及主要輸入數據概要：

|  | Valuation techniques<br>估值技術 | Significant unobservable inputs<br>重大不可觀察輸入數據                           | 2020            | 2019            |
|--|------------------------------|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Office<br>寫字樓  | Investment approach<br>投資法   | Capitalisation rate (%)<br>資本化率(%)                                      | 6               | 6               |
|  |                              | Market rent (RMB per square meter per month)<br>市場租金(每月每平方米人民幣元)        | 120-138         | 120-138         |
| Carpark<br>停車場   | Comparison approach<br>比較法   | Adjusted transaction price (RMB per carpark space)<br>經調整交易價格(每個車位人民幣元) | 200,000-220,000 | 200,000-250,000 |
| Commercial<br>商業   | Investment approach<br>投資法   | Capitalisation rate (%)<br>資本化率(%)                                      | 6               | 6               |
|  |                              | Market rent (RMB per square meter per month)<br>市場租金(每月每平方米人民幣元)        | 70-145          | 72-145          |
| Residential (located in Hong Kong)<br>住宅(位於香港)                 | Comparison approach<br>比較法   | Adjusted transaction price (HK\$ per square foot)<br>經調整交易價格(每平方呎港元)    | 26,073-34,532   | 25,478-54,631   |
| Residential and commercial (located in the PRC)<br>住宅及商業(位於中國) | Comparison approach<br>比較法   | Adjusted transaction price (RMB per square meter)<br>經調整交易價格(每平方米人民幣元)  | 22,930-56,616   | 38,000-62,907   |

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 15. Investment Properties (Continued)

#### Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

The fair value was determined by reference to comparable sales transactions available in the relevant market or by investment approach, where the market rentals of all lettable units of the properties are assessed and discounted at the market yield expected by investors for these types of properties. The market rentals are assessed by reference to the rentals achieved in the lettable units of the properties as well as other lettings of similar properties in the neighbourhood. The capitalisation rate adopted is made by reference to the yields derived from analysing the sales transactions of similar commercial properties and adjusted to take into account the market expectation from property investors to reflect factors specific to the Group's investment properties.

A significant increase/decrease in the market rent and adjusted transaction price in isolation would result in a significant increase/decrease in the fair value of the investment properties. A significant increase/decrease in the capitalisation rate in isolation would result in a significant decrease/increase in the fair value of the investment properties.

### 15. 投資物業(續)

#### 公允值等級(續)

公允值是參考於相關市場之可供比較的銷售交易或以投資法藉評估所有可出租物業單位之市場租金及使用投資者就此類物業所預期的市場回報率折現而釐定。市場租金評估是參考已完成出租物業單位之租金及其他鄰近之相若出租物業作出。資本化率是參考分析相若商業物業之銷售交易所得之收益率而作出，並予以調整以計及物業投資者的市場預期從而反映本集團投資物業之特別因素。

投資物業市場租金及經調整交易價格單獨大幅上升／下降將導致其公允值大幅增加／減少。資本化率單獨大幅上升／下降將導致投資物業公允值大幅減少／增加。

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## 16. Property, Plant and Equipment

## 16. 物業、廠房及設備

|   |                                | Leasehold<br>land and<br>buildings<br>租賃土地<br>及樓宇 | Leasehold<br>improvements<br>租賃物業裝修 | Furniture<br>and fixtures<br>傢俬及設備 | Office<br>equipment<br>辦公室設備 | Motor<br>vehicles<br>汽車 | Total<br>合計     |
|---|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
|   |                                | HK\$'000<br>千港元                                   | HK\$'000<br>千港元                     | HK\$'000<br>千港元                    | HK\$'000<br>千港元              | HK\$'000<br>千港元         | HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
| <b>31 December 2020</b>   | <b>2020年12月31日</b>             |   |                                     |                                    |                              |                         |                 |
| At 1 January 2020:  | 2020年1月1日:                     |   |                                     |                                    |                              |                         |                 |
| Cost  | 成本                             | –   | 17,375                              | 5,813                              | 2,394                        | 20,968                  | 46,550          |
| Revalued amount   | 重估金額                           | 299,240   | –                                   | –                                  | –                            | –                       | 299,240         |
| Accumulated depreciation and impairment                             | 累計折舊及減值                        | –   | (15,366)                            | (1,182)                            | (1,895)                      | (13,515)                | (31,958)        |
| Net carrying amount   | 賬面淨值                           | 299,240   | 2,009                               | 4,631                              | 499                          | 7,453                   | 313,832         |
| At 1 January 2020, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment   | 於2020年1月1日，<br>累計折舊及減值<br>淨額   | 299,240   | 2,009                               | 4,631                              | 499                          | 7,453                   | 313,832         |
| Exchange realignment  | 匯兌調整                           | 211   | 78                                  | 286                                | 21                           | 218                     | 814             |
| Additions   | 添置                             | –   | 172                                 | 36                                 | 107                          | 2,937                   | 3,252           |
| Disposals   | 出售                             | (19,580)  | –                                   | (163)                              | –                            | (79)                    | (19,822)        |
| Revaluation   | 重估                             | (35,779)  | –                                   | –                                  | –                            | –                       | (35,779)        |
| Depreciation provided during the year                               | 年內計提折舊撥備                       | (8,429)   | (908)                               | (16)                               | (205)                        | (1,818)                 | (11,376)        |
| At 31 December 2020, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment | 於2020年<br>12月31日，累計<br>折舊及減值淨額 | 235,663   | 1,351                               | 4,774                              | 422                          | 8,711                   | 250,921         |
| At 31 December 2020:  | 於2020年<br>12月31日:              |   |                                     |                                    |                              |                         |                 |
| Cost  | 成本                             | –   | 17,714                              | 5,848                              | 2,530                        | 23,937                  | 50,029          |
| Revalued amount   | 重估金額                           | 235,663   | –                                   | –                                  | –                            | –                       | 235,663         |
| Accumulated depreciation and impairment                             | 累計折舊及減值                        | –   | (16,363)                            | (1,074)                            | (2,108)                      | (15,226)                | (34,771)        |
| Net carrying amount   | 賬面淨值                           | 235,663   | 1,351                               | 4,774                              | 422                          | 8,711                   | 250,921         |

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## 16. Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

## 16. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

|  |                                    | Leasehold<br>land and<br>buildings<br>租賃土地<br>及樓宇 | Leasehold<br>improvements<br>租賃<br>物業裝修 | Furniture<br>and fixtures<br>傢俬及設備 | Office<br>equipment<br>辦公室設備 | Motor<br>vehicles<br>汽車 | Factory,<br>plant and<br>machinery<br>工廠、<br>廠房及機器 | Construction<br>in progress<br>在建工程 | Total<br>合計      |
|--|------------------------------------|---|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|------------------|
|  |                                    | HK\$'000<br>千港元                                   | HK\$'000<br>千港元                         | HK\$'000<br>千港元                    | HK\$'000<br>千港元              | HK\$'000<br>千港元         | HK\$'000<br>千港元                                    | HK\$'000<br>千港元                     | HK\$'000<br>千港元  |
| <b>31 December 2019</b>  | <b>2019年12月31日</b>                 |   |   |                                    |                              |                         |  |                                     |                  |
| At 1 January 2019:   | 2019年1月1日:                         |   |   |                                    |                              |                         |  |                                     |                  |
| Cost   | 成本                                 | —   | 14,841                                  | 5,918                              | 5,167                        | 30,115                  | 3,671,128  | 355,277                             | 4,082,446        |
| Revalued amount  | 重估金額                               | 330,823   | —                                       | —                                  | —                            | —                       | —  | —                                   | 330,823          |
| Accumulated depreciation<br>and impairment   | 累計折舊及減值                            | (7,642)   | (14,717)                                | (1,136)                            | (3,484)                      | (21,684)                | (580,991)  | —                                   | (629,654)        |
| <b>Net carrying amount</b>   | <b>賬面淨值</b>                        | <b>323,181</b>                                    | <b>124</b>                              | <b>4,782</b>                       | <b>1,683</b>                 | <b>8,431</b>            | <b>3,090,137</b>                                   | <b>355,277</b>                      | <b>3,783,615</b> |
| At 1 January 2019, net of<br>accumulated depreciation<br>and impairment            | 於2019年1月1日，累計<br>折舊及減值淨額           | 323,181   | 124                                     | 4,782                              | 1,683                        | 8,431                   | 3,090,137  | 355,277                             | 3,783,615        |
| Exchange realignment   | 匯兌調整                               | (84)  | (86)                                    | (105)                              | (18)                         | (89)                    | (12,077)   | (5,428)                             | (17,887)         |
| Additions  | 添置                                 | —   | 2,788                                   | —                                  | 427                          | 2,200                   | 459  | 195,799                             | 201,673          |
| Disposals  | 出售                                 | —   | —                                       | —                                  | (3)                          | —                       | —  | —                                   | (3)              |
| Revaluation  | 重估                                 | (9,433)   | —                                       | —                                  | —                            | —                       | —  | —                                   | (9,433)          |
| Depreciation provided during<br>the year   | 年內計提折舊撥備                           | (10,450)  | (817)                                   | (46)                               | (196)                        | (1,829)                 | (108,922)  | —                                   | (122,260)        |
| Disposal of a subsidiary<br>(note 35)  | 出售一間附屬公司<br>(附註35)                 | (3,974)   | —                                       | —                                  | (1,394)                      | (1,260)                 | (2,969,597)  | (545,648)                           | (3,521,873)      |
| <b>At 31 December 2019, net of<br/>accumulated depreciation<br/>and impairment</b> | <b>於2019年12月31日，<br/>累計折舊及減值淨額</b> | <b>299,240</b>                                    | <b>2,009</b>                            | <b>4,631</b>                       | <b>499</b>                   | <b>7,453</b>            | <b>—</b>   | <b>—</b>                            | <b>313,832</b>   |
| At 31 December 2019:   | 於2019年12月31日:                      |   |   |                                    |                              |                         |  |                                     |                  |
| Cost   | 成本                                 | —   | 17,375                                  | 5,813                              | 2,394                        | 20,968                  | —  | —                                   | 46,550           |
| Revalued amount  | 重估金額                               | 299,240   | —                                       | —                                  | —                            | —                       | —  | —                                   | 299,240          |
| Accumulated depreciation<br>and impairment   | 累計折舊及減值                            | —   | (15,366)                                | (1,182)                            | (1,895)                      | (13,515)                | —  | —                                   | (31,958)         |
| <b>Net carrying amount</b>   | <b>賬面淨值</b>                        | <b>299,240</b>                                    | <b>2,009</b>                            | <b>4,631</b>                       | <b>499</b>                   | <b>7,453</b>            | <b>—</b>   | <b>—</b>                            | <b>313,832</b>   |



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### 16. Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

At 31 December 2020, the legal titles of the Group's leasehold land and buildings with a carrying value of approximately HK\$33,395,000 (2019: HK\$33,017,000) situated in the PRC have not been passed to the Group.

The fair values of the Group's leasehold land and buildings at 31 December 2020 and 2019 have been arrived at on the basis of valuations carried out on the respective dates by Vigers and A-Plus Surveyors Limited who are independent professionally qualified valuers. The valuations were arrived at using direct comparison method by reference to sales evidence as available on the market, and investment approach, where the market rentals of all lettable units of the properties are assessed and discounted at the market yield expected by investors for these types of properties. The market rentals are assessed by reference to the rentals achieved in the lettable units of the properties as well as other lettings of similar properties in the neighbourhood. The capitalisation rate adopted is made by reference to the yields derived from analysing the sales transactions of similar commercial properties and adjusted to take into account the market expectation from property investors to reflect factors specific to the Group's leasehold land and buildings. The revaluation deficit on revaluation of the leasehold land and buildings amounting to approximately HK\$35,779,000 (2019: HK\$9,433,000) was debited to asset revaluation reserve.

At 31 December 2020, certain of the Group's leasehold land and buildings with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$198,800,000 (2019: HK\$241,800,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 28(a)(ii)).

### 16. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

於2020年12月31日，本集團位於中國的賬面價值約為33,395,000港元(2019年：33,017,000港元)之租賃土地及樓宇的業權並未過戶至本集團。

本集團的租賃土地及樓宇於2020年及2019年12月31日之公允值乃基於獨立專業合資格估值師威格斯及恒信測量師行有限公司就該日所作出之價值評估所得。該等估值乃使用直接比較法經參照市場可取得的銷售證據以及投資法釐定，當中所有可出租物業單位之市場租金乃按投資者就此類物業所預期的市場回報率進行評估及折現。市場租金評估是參考已完成出租物業單位之租金及其他鄰近相近之出租物業。資本化利率是參考分析於香港之相似商業物業之銷售交易及調整物業投資者對市場的期望從而反映本集團租賃土地及樓宇之特別因素。租賃土地及樓宇重估虧絀金額約為35,779,000港元(2019年：9,433,000港元)已扣除資產重估儲備。

於2020年12月31日，本集團賬面總值為198,800,000港元(2019年：241,800,000港元)的若干租賃土地及樓宇已作抵押，以擔保授予本集團的一般銀行信貸(附註28(a)(ii))。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 16. Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

#### Fair value hierarchy

For the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, the fair value measurements of the leasehold land and buildings are using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3).

In the opinion of the directors, for leasehold land and buildings that are measured at fair value, the properties have been used in their highest and best use.

During the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3.

### 16. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

#### 公允值等級

截至2020年及2019年12月31日止年度，本集團租賃土地及樓宇的公允值計量使用重大不可觀察輸入數據(第3級)。

董事認為，就以公允值計量的租賃土地及樓宇而言，物業之現有用途是最大及最佳用途。

截至2020年及2019年12月31日止年度，第1級與第2級之間並無公允值計量轉移，亦無轉入或轉出第3級。

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### 16. Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

### 16. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

#### Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

#### 公允值等級(續)

Below is a summary of the valuation techniques and the key inputs used in the valuation of the Group's leasehold land and buildings:

以下為本集團租賃土地及樓宇估值所用之估值技術及主要輸入數據概要：

|  | Valuation techniques<br>估值技術 | Significant unobservable inputs<br>重大不可觀察輸入數據                        | Weighted average<br>加權平均值 |               |
|--|------------------------------|--|---------------------------|---------------|
|  |                              |  | 2020                      | 2019          |
| Office (located in the PRC)<br>寫字樓(位於中國)   | Investment approach<br>投資法   | Term yields<br>年期收益率   | 5.5%                      | 5.5%          |
|  |                              | Reversion yields<br>復歸收益率  | 6.0%                      | 6.0%          |
|  |                              | Market rents (RMB per square meter per month)<br>市場租金(每月每平方米人民幣元)    | 78                        | 80            |
| Office (located in Hong Kong)<br>寫字樓(位於香港) | Comparison approach<br>比較法   | Adjusted transaction price (HK\$ per square foot)<br>經調整交易價格(每平方呎港元) | 46,386-47,743             | 56,455-58,003 |
| Residential<br>住宅                          | Comparison approach<br>比較法   | Adjusted transaction price (HK\$ per square foot)<br>經調整交易價格(每平方呎港元) | —                         | 14,604-15,709 |

A significant increase/decrease in the market rent and adjusted transaction price in isolation would result in a significant increase/decrease in the fair value of the leasehold land and buildings. A significant increase/decrease in the capitalisation rate in isolation would result in a significant decrease/increase in the fair value of the leasehold land and buildings.

租賃土地及樓宇的市場租金及經調整交易價格單獨大幅上升/下降將導致其公允值大幅增加/減少。租賃土地及樓宇的資本化率單獨大幅上升/下降將導致其公允值大幅減少/增加。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 16. Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

#### Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

If leasehold land and buildings had not been revalued, they would have been included at a historical cost basis at the following amounts:

### 16. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

#### 公允值等級(續)

倘未對租賃土地及樓宇進行重估，則將按歷史成本基準以下列金額入賬：

|   |                | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| At 1 January:                                   | 於1月1日：         |                         |                         |
| Cost  | 成本             | <b>148,932</b>          | 148,932                 |
| Accumulated depreciation                        | 累計折舊           | <b>(125,694)</b>        | (121,181)               |
| <b>Net carrying amount</b>                      |                | <b>23,238</b>           | 27,751                  |
| At 1 January, net of accumulated depreciation   | 於1月1日，累計折舊淨額   | <b>23,238</b>           | 27,751                  |
| Depreciation provided during the year           | 年內之折舊撥備        | <b>(4,513)</b>          | (4,513)                 |
| At 31 December, net of accumulated depreciation | 於12月31日，累計折舊淨額 | <b>18,725</b>           | 23,238                  |
| At 31 December:                                 | 於12月31日：       |                         |                         |
| Cost  | 成本             | <b>148,932</b>          | 148,932                 |
| Accumulated depreciation                        | 累計折舊           | <b>(130,207)</b>        | (125,694)               |
| <b>Net carrying amount</b>                      |                | <b>18,725</b>           | 23,238                  |

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 17. Leases

#### The Group as a lessee

The Group leased office premises in the PRC under operating lease arrangements. Leases for the property are negotiated for a term of 14 years. Generally, the Group is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets outside the Group.

#### (a) Right-of-use assets

The carrying amount of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements during the year are as follows:

|  |                                      | HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| As at 1 January 2019, 31 December 2019 and<br>1 January 2020 | 於2019年1月1日、2019年<br>12月31日及2020年1月1日 | —               |
| Additions  | 添置                                   | 57,155          |
| Depreciation charge  | 折舊費用                                 | (2,784)         |
| Exchange realignment   | 匯兌調整                                 | (155)           |
| <b>As at 31 December 2020</b>                                | <b>於2020年12月31日</b>                  | <b>54,216</b>   |

### 17. 租賃

#### 本集團作為承租人

本集團根據經營租賃安排租賃中國的辦公室物業。物業的租約經磋商後為期14年。一般而言，本集團不得將租賃資產轉讓及分租至本集團以外。

#### (a) 使用權資產

本集團使用權資產年內的賬面值及變動如下：

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 17. Leases (Continued)

#### The Group as a lessee (Continued)

#### (b) Lease liabilities

The carrying amount of lease liabilities and the movements during the year are as follows:

|   |                                  | HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| As at 1 January 2019, 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 | 於2019年1月1日、2019年12月31日及2020年1月1日 | —               |
| New leases  | 新租賃                              | 57,155          |
| Accretion of interest recognised during the year          | 年內確認的利息增加                        | 2,899           |
| Payments  | 付款                               | (11,685)        |
| Exchange realignment                                      | 匯兌調整                             | 163             |
| <b>Carrying amount at 31 December 2020</b>                | <b>於2020年12月31日的賬面值</b>          | <b>48,532</b>   |

|                     |       | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---------------------|-------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Analysed into:      | 分析為：  |                         |                         |
| Current portion     | 流動部分  | —                       | —                       |
| Non-current portion | 非流動部分 | <b>48,532</b>           | —                       |
|                     |       | <b>48,532</b>           | —                       |

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed in note 42 to the financial statements.

### 17. 租賃(續)

#### 本集團作為承租人(續)

#### (b) 租賃負債

年內租賃負債的賬面值及變動如下：

|   |                                  | HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| As at 1 January 2019, 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 | 於2019年1月1日、2019年12月31日及2020年1月1日 | —               |
| New leases  | 新租賃                              | 57,155          |
| Accretion of interest recognised during the year          | 年內確認的利息增加                        | 2,899           |
| Payments  | 付款                               | (11,685)        |
| Exchange realignment                                      | 匯兌調整                             | 163             |
| <b>Carrying amount at 31 December 2020</b>                | <b>於2020年12月31日的賬面值</b>          | <b>48,532</b>   |

|                     |       | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---------------------|-------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Analysed into:      | 分析為：  |                         |                         |
| Current portion     | 流動部分  | —                       | —                       |
| Non-current portion | 非流動部分 | <b>48,532</b>           | —                       |
|                     |       | <b>48,532</b>           | —                       |

租賃負債的到期日分析於財務報表附註42披露。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 17. Leases (Continued)

#### The Group as a lessee (Continued)

- (c) The amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to leases are as follows:

|  |                     | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Interest on lease liabilities  | 租賃負債的利息             | 2,899                   | —                       |
| Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets                                   | 使用權資產的折舊費用          | 2,784                   | —                       |
| Expenses relating to short-term leases (included in administrative expenses) | 與短期租賃有關的開支 (包括行政費用) | 2,760                   | 2,004                   |
| <b>Total amount recognised in profit or loss</b>                             | <b>於損益確認的總金額</b>    | <b>8,443</b>            | <b>2,004</b>            |

- (d) The total cash outflow for leases is disclosed in note 36(b) to the financial statements.

#### The Group as a lessor

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group leased its investment properties consisting of certain residential and commercial properties in Hong Kong and the PRC under operating lease arrangements with leases negotiated for terms ranging from 1 to 20 years (2019: 1 to 17 years). Rental income recognised by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2020 was approximately HK\$89,128,000 (2019: HK\$107,568,000), details of which are included in note 6 to the financial statements.

### 17. 租賃(續)

#### 本集團作為承租人(續)

- (c) 就租賃於損益中確認的金額如下：

|  |                     | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Interest on lease liabilities  | 租賃負債的利息             | 2,899                   | —                       |
| Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets                                   | 使用權資產的折舊費用          | 2,784                   | —                       |
| Expenses relating to short-term leases (included in administrative expenses) | 與短期租賃有關的開支 (包括行政費用) | 2,760                   | 2,004                   |
| <b>Total amount recognised in profit or loss</b>                             | <b>於損益確認的總金額</b>    | <b>8,443</b>            | <b>2,004</b>            |

- (d) 租賃的現金流出總額於財務報表附註36(b)披露。

#### 本集團作為出租人

截至2020年12月31日止年度內，本集團根據經營租約安排出租其投資物業(包括若干於香港及中國的住宅及商業物業)，租期經磋商介乎為1至20年(2019年：1至17年)。本集團於截至2020年12月31日止年度內確認的租金收入約為89,128,000港元(2019年：107,568,000港元)，詳情載於綜合財務報表附註6。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 17. Leases (Continued)

#### The Group as a lessee (Continued)

#### (d) (Continued)

#### The Group as a lessor (Continued)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group had the following undiscounted lease payments receivable in future periods under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants:

|   |        | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|--------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Within one year                         | 一年內    | 66,892                  | 84,701                  |
| After one year but within two years     | 一年後兩年內 | 39,437                  | 28,538                  |
| After two years but within three years  | 兩年後三年內 | 29,807                  | 13,963                  |
| After three years but within four years | 三年後四年內 | 14,980                  | 10,863                  |
| After four years but within five years  | 四年後五年內 | 11,750                  | 6,441                   |
| After five years                        | 五年以後   | 42,994                  | 30,035                  |
|   |        | <b>205,860</b>          | 174,541                 |

### 17. 租賃(續)

#### 本集團作為承租人(續)

#### (d) (續)

#### 本集團作為出租人(續)

於報告期末，本集團根據與其租戶之不可撤銷經營租約之未來期間應收未貼現租賃付款如下：

### 18. Land Use Rights

### 18. 土地使用權

|  |                                  | HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| At 1 January 2019  | 於2019年1月1日                       | 178,435         |
| Exchange realignment                                     | 滙兌調整                             | (774)           |
| Amortisation provided during the year                    | 年內計提攤銷                           | (2,077)         |
| Disposal of a subsidiary (note 35)                       | 出售一間附屬公司(附註35)                   | (175,584)       |
| At 31 December 2019, 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020 | 於2019年1月1日、2020年1月1日及2020年12月31日 | —               |



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 19. Goodwill

### 19. 商譽

|   |                                     | HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------|
| At 1 January 2019:  | 於2019年1月1日：                         |                 |
| Cost  | 成本                                  | 39,462          |
| Accumulated impairment                                    | 累計減值                                | —               |
| Net carrying amount                                       | 賬面淨值                                | 39,462          |
| Cost as at 1 January 2019, net of accumulated impairment  | 於2019年1月1日的成本，扣除累計減值                | 39,462          |
| Disposal of a subsidiary (note 35)                        | 出售一間附屬公司(附註35)                      | (39,462)        |
| At 31 December 2019, 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020  | 於2019年12月31日、2020年1月1日及2020年12月31日  | —               |
| At 31 December 2019, 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020: | 於2019年12月31日、2020年1月1日及2020年12月31日： |                 |
| Cost  | 成本                                  | —               |
| Accumulated impairment                                    | 累計減值                                | —               |
| Net carrying amount                                       | 賬面淨值                                | —               |

During the year ended 31 December 2019, the trading of petrochemical products and provision of sub-contracting service cash-generating unit was discontinued and the goodwill of HK\$39,462,000 was derecognised during the year ended 31 December 2019.

於截至2019年12月31日止年度，已終止經營石油化工產品的銷售及提供分包服務之現金生產單位，並於截至2019年12月31日止年度終止確認商譽39,462,000港元。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 20. Interests in an Associate

### 20. 於一家聯營公司的權益

|                              |           | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Share of net assets          | 分佔淨資產     | 85,569                  | 77,050                  |
| Amount due from an associate | 應收一家聯營公司款 | 589,783                 | 494,556                 |
| Impairment                   | 減值        | (4,794)                 | (5,993)                 |
|                              |           | 584,989                 | 488,563                 |

As at 31 December 2020 and 2019, the amounts due from an associate were unsecured, non-trade in nature, bearing interest at 4% per annum and repayable within one year.

An impairment analysis was performed at each reporting date by considering the probability of default of amount due from an associate. As at 31 December 2020, the probability of default applied was 1.1% (2019: 1.5%) and the loss given default was estimated to be 25.4% (2019: 54.7%). As at 31 December 2020 and 2019, none of the financial assets included in the above balances were overdue and all balances were categorised within stage 1 for measurement of expected credit losses.

於2020年及2019年12月31日，應收一家聯營公司款為無抵押、非交易性、以年利率4%計息及須於一年內償還。

於各報告日，經考慮應收一家聯營公司款的違約概率後進行減值分析。於2020年12月31日，所應用之違約概率為1.1% (2019年：1.5%)，估計違約損失率為25.4% (2019年：54.7%)。於2020年及2019年12月31日，上述結餘中的金融資產概無逾期，所有結餘均歸類為計量預期信貸虧損的第一階段。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 20. Interests in an Associate (Continued)

The following table shows the reconciliation of loss allowance that has been recognised for 12-month ECL for an amount due from an associate:

|   |                              | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| At the beginning of the year<br>(Reversal of impairment loss)/<br>impairment loss provided<br>during the year | 於年初<br>年內計提(減值虧損撥回)/<br>減值虧損 | 5,993                   | 5,705                   |
|   |                              | <b>(1,199)</b>          | 288                     |
| At the end of the year  | 於年末                          | <b>4,794</b>            | 5,993                   |

Particulars of the associate is as follows:

聯營公司詳情如下：

| Name   | Particulars of issued share held | Place of registration and business | Percentage of ownership interest attributable to the Group<br>本集團應佔擁有權益比例 | Principal activities<br>主要業務 |
|--|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Cinda Jianrun Property Company Limited ("Cinda Jianrun") <sup>#^</sup> | Registered capital               | PRC                                | 30%   | Investment holding           |
| 信達建潤地產有限公司(「信達建潤」) <sup>#^</sup>                                       | 註冊資本                             | 中國                                 | 30%   | 投資控股                         |

<sup>#</sup> Registered as a domestic limited liability company under the PRC law

<sup>#</sup> 根據中國法律註冊為國內有限責任公司。

<sup>^</sup> The English name of this company represents the best effort made by management of the Company to directly translate its Chinese name as it did not register any official English name.

<sup>^</sup> 由於並未註冊任何官方英文名稱，該公司的英文名稱乃本公司管理層盡最大努力由其中文名稱直譯所得。

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### 20. Interests in an Associate (Continued)

The following table illustrates the aggregate financial information of the Group's associate that is not individually material:

|   |                   | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Share of associate's profit/(loss) for the year                     | 分佔聯營公司年內溢利／(虧損)   | 3,325                   | (9,261)                 |
| Share of the associate's total comprehensive income/(loss)          | 分佔聯營公司全面收益／(虧損)總額 | 8,519                   | (10,876)                |
| Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's interests in the associate | 本集團之聯營公司權益之賬面總值   | 85,569                  | 77,050                  |

### 20. 於一家聯營公司的權益(續)

下表載列個別並不重大之本集團聯營公司之匯總財務資料：

### 21. Interests in a Joint Venture

|                                      |           | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | (Restated)<br>(經重列)<br>2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| Share of net assets                  | 分佔淨資產     | 3,033,385               | 3,128,851                                      |
| Amount due from a joint venture      | 應收一家合營企業款 | 1,033,833               | 1,197,629                                      |
| Impairment                           | 減值        | (4,354)                 | (2,543)  |
|                                      |           | 1,029,479               | 1,195,086                                      |
| Portion classified as current assets | 歸類為即期部分   | (59,528)                | (30,134)                                       |
| Non-current portion                  | 非即期部分     | 969,951                 | 1,164,952                                      |

As at 31 December 2020, except for the amount of HK\$969,951,000 (2019: HK\$1,164,952,000) which was unsecured, non-trade in nature, carrying interest at fixed rate of 4.35% (2019: 4.35%) per annum and repayable on 31 December 2022, the amounts due from a joint venture were unsecured, non-trade in nature, interest-free and repayable on demand.

於2020年12月31日，除969,951,000港元(2019年：1,164,952,000港元)的金額為無抵押、非交易性、以固定年利率4.35%(2019年：4.35%)計息及須於2022年12月31日償還外，應收一家合營企業款為無抵押、非交易性、不計息及須按要求償還。

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### 21. Interests in a Joint Venture (Continued)

An impairment analysis was performed at each reporting date by considering the probability of default of the amount due from a joint venture. As at 31 December 2020, the probability of default applied ranged from 0.2% to 1.1% (2019: 0.2% to 0.4%) and the loss given default was estimated to be 25.4% (2019: 54.7%). As at 31 December 2020 and 2019, none of the financial assets included in the above balances were overdue and all balances were categorised within stage 1 for measurement of expected credit losses.

The following table shows the reconciliation of loss allowance that has been recognised for 12-month ECL for the amount due from a joint venture:

### 21. 於一家合營企業之權益(續)

於各報告日，經考慮應收一家合營企業的違約概率後進行減值分析。於2020年12月31日，所應用之違約概率為0.2%至1.1%（2019年：0.2%至0.4%），估計違約損失率為25.4%（2019年：54.7%）。於2020年12月31日，上述結餘中的金融資產概無逾期，所有結餘均歸類為計量預期信貸虧損的第一階段。

下表列示就應收一家合營企業款12個月預期信貸虧損確認之虧損撥備之調整：

|  |          | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--|----------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| At the beginning of the year             | 於年初      | 2,543                   | —                       |
| Impairment loss provided during the year | 年內計提減值虧損 | 1,811                   | 2,543                   |
| At the end of the year                   | 於年末      | 4,354                   | 2,543                   |

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### 21. Interests in a Joint Venture (Continued)

Particulars of the joint venture is as follows:

| Name                 | Particulars of issued share held | Place of registration and business | Percentage of ownership interest attributable to the Group<br>本集團應佔<br>擁有權益比例 | Principal activities   |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|--|
| 名稱                   | 所持已發行股份資料                        | 登記及營業地點                            | 擁有權益比例  | 主要業務   |
| ZHYQ <sup>#</sup>    | Registered capital               | PRC                                | 51%<br>(note)   | Production and trading of petroleum and petrochemical products |
| 中海油泰州石化 <sup>#</sup> | 註冊資本                             | 中國                                 | 51%<br>(附註)   | 生產及銷售石油及石化產品   |

<sup>#</sup> Registered as a domestic limited liability company under the PRC law

*Note:* As detailed in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements, the percentage of interest of ZHYQ held by the Group has been increased from 33% to 51% (Group's effective interest increased from 22.46% to 34.72%) upon completion of the Merger, which took place on 15 July 2019. The carrying amount of the interest in ZHYQ was reclassified from interests in an associate to interests in a joint venture as the Merged Enterprise has been jointly managed and operated by the Group and a joint venture partner.

### 21. 於一家合營企業之權益(續)

合營企業詳情如下：

| Name                 | Particulars of issued share held | Place of registration and business | Percentage of ownership interest attributable to the Group<br>本集團應佔<br>擁有權益比例 | Principal activities   |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|--|
| 名稱                   | 所持已發行股份資料                        | 登記及營業地點                            | 擁有權益比例  | 主要業務   |
| ZHYQ <sup>#</sup>    | Registered capital               | PRC                                | 51%<br>(note)   | Production and trading of petroleum and petrochemical products |
| 中海油泰州石化 <sup>#</sup> | 註冊資本                             | 中國                                 | 51%<br>(附註)   | 生產及銷售石油及石化產品   |

<sup>#</sup> 根據中國法律註冊為國內有限責任公司。

*附註：* 如綜合財務報表附註12所述，於2019年7月15日合併完成後，本集團持有的中海油泰州石化權益百分比由33%增加至51%（合併後，集團的實際權益由22.46%增加至34.72%）。由於經合併企業由本集團及一家合營企業合作夥伴共同管理及經營，因此中海油泰州石化權益的賬面值由於一家聯營公司之權益重新分類至於一家合營企業之權益。

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### 21. Interests in a Joint Venture (Continued)

The following table illustrates the reconciliation of the summarised financial information in respect of the material joint venture reconciled to the carrying amount of the Group's interest in a joint venture in the financial statements:

### 21. 於一家合營企業之權益(續)

下表列示重大合營企業的財務資料概要與財務報表所載本集團於一間合營企業之權益的賬面值之調整：

|  |                | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | (Restated)<br>(經重列)<br>2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--|----------------|-------------------------|--|
| Current assets   | 流動資產           | <b>5,774,126</b>        | 5,526,714                                      |
| Non-current assets   | 非流動資產          | <b>10,325,632</b>       | 11,551,026                                     |
| Current liabilities  | 流動負債           | <b>(6,997,113)</b>      | (7,425,517)                                    |
| Non-current liabilities                                      | 非流動負債          | <b>(3,154,832)</b>      | (3,517,221)                                    |
| Reconciliation to the Group's interest in the joint venture: | 與本集團合營企業權益之調整： |                         |  |
| Proportion of the Group's ownership                          | 本集團之擁有權比例      | <b>51%</b>              | 51%  |
| Carrying amount of the investment                            | 投資之賬面值         | <b>3,033,385</b>        | 3,128,851                                      |
| Revenue  | 收入             | <b>15,019,940</b>       | 9,205,778                                      |
| (Loss)/profit for the year                                   | 年內(虧損)/溢利      | <b>(836,502)</b>        | 213,376  |
| Other comprehensive loss for the year                        | 年內其他全面虧損       | <b>(48,127)</b>         | (3,810)  |
| Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year               | 年內全面(虧損)/收益總額  | <b>(884,629)</b>        | 209,566  |

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### 22. Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

### 22. 以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產

|   |             | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Listed equity investment, at fair value | 上市股本投資，按公允值 | <b>4,127</b>            | 4,198                   |
| Unlisted equity securities              | 非上市股本證券     | <b>64,529</b>           | 101,182                 |
| Unlisted funds                          | 非上市基金       | <b>583,441</b>          | 541,110                 |
| Non-performing assets portfolio         | 不良資產組合      | <b>223,109</b>          | 161,017                 |
| Others                                  | 其他          | <b>2,780</b>            | 2,780                   |
|   |             | <b>877,986</b>          | 810,287                 |
| Current portion                         | 即期部分        | <b>(875,206)</b>        | (807,507)               |
| Non-current portion                     | 非即期部分       | <b>2,780</b>            | 2,780                   |

The above equity investments at 31 December 2020 and 2019 were classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as they were held for trading.

於2020年及2019年12月31日，上述股本投資分類為以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產，原因為其並非持作買賣。

The above unlisted funds and non-performing assets portfolio at 31 December 2020 and 2019 were mandatorily classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as their contractual cash flows were not solely payments of principal and interest. Details of the fair value hierarchy of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are set out in note 41 to the financial statements.

於2020年及2019年12月31日，上述非上市基金及不良資產組合被強制分類為以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產，原因為其合約現金流量並非僅為本金及利息付款。以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產之公允值等級詳情載於財務報表附註41。



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### 23. Loan Receivables

### 23. 應收貸款

|                             |          | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|-----------------------------|----------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Loan receivables, unsecured | 應收貸款，無抵押 | <b>1,454,305</b>        | 1,382,167               |
| Impairment                  | 減值       | <b>(15,004)</b>         | (23,172)                |
|                             |          | <b>1,439,301</b>        | 1,358,995               |
| Current portion             | 流動部分     | <b>(1,207,369)</b>      | (1,198,099)             |
| Non-current portion         | 非流動部分    | <b>231,932</b>          | 160,896                 |

As at 31 December 2020, loan receivables guaranteed by Taizhou Xin Bin Jiang Development Limited, a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary of the Company, of an amount of approximately HK\$163,020,000 (2019: HK\$163,020,000) was unsecured, carrying interest at fixed rate of 4.75% (2019: 4.75%) per annum and repayable in December 2021 and was categorised under Stage 1 for assessment of ECLs.

As at 31 December 2020, loan receivables outstanding from independent third parties of an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$386,401,000 (2019: HK\$1,166,134,000) were unsecured, carrying interest at fixed rates of 12% to 15% per annum (2019: fixed rates at 1% per month or 12% to 15% per annum) and have maturity period of 6 months to 2 years (2019: 1 year) and these balances were categorised under Stage 1 of the assessment of ECLs.

As at 31 December 2020, loan receivables outstanding from independent third parties of an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$904,884,000 (2019: nil) were unsecured, carrying interest at fixed rates of 15% per annum and were overdue for payment ranging from 1 month to 6 months and these balances were categorised under Stage 2 for the assessment of ECLs. The entire amount and the corresponding interests were received by the Group subsequent to the end of the reporting period.

於2020年12月31日，由本公司一間附屬公司之非控股股東泰州新濱江開發責任公司擔保之應收貸款約163,020,000港元(2019年：163,020,000港元)為無抵押，按4.75%(2019年：4.75%)固定年利率計息及須於2021年12月償還，並被歸入評估預期信貸虧損的第一階段。

於2020年12月31日，獨立第三方未償還的應收貸款總額約386,401,000港元(2019年：1,166,134,000港元)為無抵押，按年利率12%至15%的固定利率計息(2019年：按月利率1%或年利率12%至15%的固定利率計息)，到期日為6個月至2年(2019年：1年)，該等餘額被歸入評估預期信貸虧損的第一階段。

於2020年12月31日，應收獨立第三方未償還的貸款總額約904,884,000港元(2019年：零)為無抵押，按固定年利率15%計息，且付款逾期介乎1個月至6個月，該等餘額被歸入評估預期信貸虧損的第二階段。本集團已於報告期末後收到全部款項及相應利息。

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### 23. Loan Receivables (Continued)

As at 31 December 2019, loan receivables outstanding from an independent third party of an amount of approximately HK\$53,013,000 were unsecured, carrying interest at floating rate by reference to the interest rate of The People's Bank of China. The balance was written off as uncollectible during the year ended 31 December 2020.

The following table shows the reconciliation of loss allowance that has been recognised for 12-month ECL for loan receivables:

|  |                   | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| At the beginning of the year   | 於年初               | 23,172                  | 5,019                   |
| (Reversal of impairment loss)/impairment loss provided during the year | 年內計提(減值虧損撥回)/減值虧損 | (6,964)                 | 18,153                  |
| Amount written off as uncollectible                                    | 撇銷為無法收回的款項        | (1,204)                 | —                       |
| At the end of the year   | 於年末               | 15,004                  | 23,172                  |

An impairment analysis was performed at each reporting date by considering the probability of default of loan receivables. As at 31 December 2020, the probability of default applied ranged from 0.5% to 2.0% (2019: 0.3% to 4.2%) and the loss given default was estimated to be 25.4% (2019: 54.7%).

### 24. Trade Receivables

The following is an ageing analysis of trade receivables presented based on the invoice dates at the end of the reporting period, which approximated the respective revenue recognition dates:

|                |      | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|----------------|------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Within 1 month | 1個月內 | 7,317                   | 8,735                   |

### 23. 應收貸款(續)

於2019年12月31日，應收獨立第三方未償還的貸款金額約53,013,000港元為無抵押，參照中國人民銀行利率以浮動利率計息。餘額已於截至2020年12月31日止年度撇銷列作無法收回。

下表列示就應收貸款12個月預期信貸虧損確認之虧損撥備之調整：

於各報告日，經考慮應收貸款的違約概率後進行減值分析。於2020年12月31日，所應用之違約概率為0.5%至2.0% (2019年：0.3%至4.2%)，估計違約損失率為25.4% (2019年：54.7%)。

### 24. 應收賬款

下列是按發票日為基準之應收賬款與相應收入確認日期相約之應收賬款於報告期末之賬齡分析：

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### 24. Trade Receivables (Continued)

The Group's trade receivables represent receivables arising from the rental income from tenants. The credit period is generally one month to two months. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and overdue balances are reviewed regularly by management.

Since the Group's trade receivables were related to a number of diversified customers as at 31 December 2020 and 2019, there was no significant concentration of credit risk. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivable balances. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for ECL prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. Based on evaluation on ECL rate and gross carrying amount, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that the financial impact of ECL in respect of these balance is considered immaterial. As at 31 December 2020 and 2019, the loss allowance for trade receivables was assessed to be minimal.

### 25. Deposits, Prepayments and Other Receivables

### 24. 應收賬款(續)

本集團的應收賬款指來自租戶的租金收入所產生之應收款。信貸期一般為一至兩個月。本集團務求維持嚴格控制尚未償還之應收款項，而管理層會定期審閱逾期結餘。

於2020年及2019年12月31日，由於本集團的應收賬款與多名不同客戶有關，故並無重大信貸集中風險。本集團並無就其應收賬款結餘持有任何抵押品或其他信貸增強措施。應收賬款並不計息。

本集團應用香港財務報告準則第9號的精簡方法計提預期信貸虧損，該準則允許就所有應收賬款採用存續期間的預期虧損撥備。根據對預期信貸虧損率及賬面總額的評估，本公司董事認為，預期信貸虧損對該等結餘的財務影響甚微。於2020年及2019年12月31日，應收賬款的虧損撥備被評估為極低。

### 25. 按金、預付款及其他應收款

|                                |          | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--------------------------------|----------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Loan interest receivables      | 應收貸款利息   | 86,648                  | 82,786                  |
| Prepayments                    | 預付款      | 13,059                  | 1,668                   |
| Deposits and other receivables | 按金及其他應收款 | 320,760                 | 108,533                 |
|                                |          | <b>420,467</b>          | 192,987                 |

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### 25. Deposits, Prepayments and Other Receivables (Continued)

The financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default and past due amounts. The ECL is estimated by applying a loss rate approach with reference to the historical loss record of the Group. The loss rate is adjusted to reflect the current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions, as appropriate. As at 31 December 2020 and 2019, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that the loss allowance was assessed to be minimal.

### 26. Pledged Bank Deposits and Cash and Bank Balances

|                        |         |
|------------------------|---------|
| Pledged bank deposits  | 抵押銀行存款  |
| Cash and bank balances | 現金及銀行結餘 |

At the end of the reporting period, the cash and bank balances of the Group denominated in Renminbi (“RMB”) amounted to approximately HK\$733,865,000 (2019: HK\$164,333,000). The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies. However, under Mainland China’s Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

As at 31 December 2020 and 2019, pledged bank deposits represented deposits pledged to banks to secure banking facilities granted to a joint venture of the Group.

### 25. 按金、預付款及其他應收款(續)

包括於上述結餘的金融資產與近期並無拖欠記錄及逾期金額的應收款有關。預期信貸虧損乃經參考本集團之歷史虧損記錄採用虧損利率法估計。調整虧損率以反映當前狀況及未來經濟狀況的預期(如適用)。於2020年及2019年12月31日，本公司董事認為虧損撥備被評估為極低。

### 26. 抵押銀行存款現金及銀行結餘

|                        |         | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|------------------------|---------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Pledged bank deposits  | 抵押銀行存款  | 23,753                  | 22,321                  |
| Cash and bank balances | 現金及銀行結餘 | 769,767                 | 190,247                 |
|                        |         | <b>793,520</b>          | 212,568                 |

於報告期末，本集團以人民幣(「人民幣」)計值之現金及銀行結餘約為733,865,000港元(2019年：164,333,000港元)。人民幣不可自由兌換為其他貨幣。然而，根據中國內地外匯管理條例以及結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定，本集團可透過獲授權從事外匯業務之銀行將人民幣兌換為其他貨幣。

於2020年及2019年12月31日，抵押銀行存款指抵押予銀行以擔保授予本集團一間合營企業之銀行融資的存款。

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### 26. Pledged Bank Deposits and Cash and Bank Balances (Continued)

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. The bank balances and pledged deposits are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

### 27. Accrued Charges, Rental Deposits and Other Payables

### 26. 抵押銀行存款現金及銀行結餘(續)

銀行現金根據每日銀行存款利率按浮動利率賺取利息。銀行結餘及抵押存款存置於近期並無違約記錄之信譽良好銀行。

### 27. 應計費用、租務按金及其他應付款

|                             |         | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|-----------------------------|---------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Purchase of land use rights | 收購土地使用權 | 44,775                  | 42,076                  |
| Accrued charges             | 應計費用    | 111,385                 | 117,760                 |
| Rental deposits             | 租務按金    | 16,859                  | 20,548                  |
| Other payables              | 其他應付款   | 114,141                 | 102,436                 |
|                             |         | <b>287,160</b>          | 282,820                 |

The payable for the purchase of land use rights in the PRC as at 31 December 2020 and 2019 is due to an independent third party and is secured by certain of the Group's investment properties of approximately HK\$69,240,000 (2019: HK\$65,290,000). The amount bears interest at a fixed interest rate of 4.68% per annum for both years and is repayable on demand. As at 31 December 2020, the relevant interest payable included in the above was approximately HK\$46,203,000 (2019: HK\$43,419,000).

Except for the above, the accrued charges, rental deposits and other payables are unsecured, non-interest-bearing and repayable on demand.

於2020年及2019年12月31日，於中國收購土地使用權之應付款為應付予一名獨立第三方的款項，乃由金額約為69,240,000港元(2019年：65,290,000港元)之本集團若干投資物業作抵押。該款項於兩個年度按固定年利率4.68%計息及須按要求歸還。於2020年12月31日，上述包括的相關應付利息約為46,203,000港元(2019年：43,419,000港元)。

除上述者外，應計費用、租務按金及其他應付款為無抵押、免息及須按要求歸還。

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### 28. Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings

### 28. 計息銀行及其他借貸

|                         |            | 2020                       |                             |           | 2019                       |                                       |          |
|-------------------------|------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|
|                         |            | Effective<br>interest rate | Maturity                    | HK\$'000  | Effective<br>interest rate | Maturity                              | HK\$'000 |
|                         |            | 實際利率                       | 到期日                         | 千港元       | 實際利率                       | 到期日                                   | 千港元      |
| <b>Current</b>          | <b>即期</b>  |                            |                             |           |                            |                                       |          |
| Bank loans – secured    | 銀行貸款 – 有抵押 | 5.635%                     | 2021<br>2021年               | 41,568    | 3% to 5.635%<br>3%至5.635%  | 2020 or on<br>demand<br>2020年或<br>按要求 | 163,482  |
| Other loans – secured   | 其他貸款 – 有抵押 | 12%                        | 2021<br>2021年               | 142,874   | 12%                        | 2020<br>2020年                         | 13,393   |
| Other loans – unsecured | 其他貸款 – 無抵押 | 5.35%                      | 2021<br>2021年               | 33,406    | 5.35%                      | 2020<br>2020年                         | 85,066   |
| Senior note – secured   | 優先票據 – 有抵押 | 7.5%                       | 2021<br>2021年               | 151,461   |                            |                                       | –        |
|                         |            |                            |                             | 369,309   |                            |                                       | 261,941  |
| <b>Non-current</b>      | <b>非即期</b> |                            |                             |           |                            |                                       |          |
| Bank loans – secured    | 銀行貸款 – 有抵押 | 5.635%                     | 2022 to 2026<br>2022年至2026年 | 546,318   | 5.635%                     | 2021 to 2026<br>2021年至2026年           | 552,455  |
| Other loans – secured   | 其他貸款 – 有抵押 | 9% to 12%<br>9%至12%        | 2022 to 2023<br>2022年至2023年 | 1,024,794 | 12%                        | 2021<br>2021年                         | 120,536  |
|                         |            |                            |                             | 1,571,112 |                            |                                       | 672,991  |
|                         |            |                            |                             | 1,940,421 |                            |                                       | 934,932  |

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### 28. Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings (Continued)

### 28. 計息銀行及其他借貸(續)

|  |                    | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Analysed into:                         | 分析為：               |                         |                         |
| Bank loans repayable                   | 應償還銀行貸款            |                         |                         |
| Within one year or on demand           | 一年內或按要求            | <b>41,568</b>           | 163,482                 |
| In the second year                     | 第二年                | <b>47,506</b>           | 39,063                  |
| In the third to fifth years, inclusive | 第三至第五年<br>(包括首尾兩年) | <b>320,665</b>          | 145,089                 |
| Over five years                        | 五年後                | <b>178,147</b>          | 368,303                 |
|  |                    | <b>587,886</b>          | 715,937                 |
| Other loans and senior note repayable  | 應償還其他貸款及優先票據       |                         |                         |
| Within one year                        | 一年內                | <b>327,741</b>          | 98,459                  |
| In the second year                     | 第二年                | <b>229,069</b>          | 120,536                 |
| In the third to fifth years, inclusive | 第三至第五年<br>(包括首尾兩年) | <b>795,725</b>          | —                       |
|  |                    | <b>1,352,535</b>        | 218,995                 |
|  |                    | <b>1,940,421</b>        | 934,932                 |

Included in the borrowings of the Group as at 31 December 2019 were revolving loans with an aggregate principal amounting to approximately HK\$130,000,000, of which the respective loan agreements contain a repayment on-demand clause giving the bank the unconditional right to call in the loans at any time and therefore, for the purpose of the above maturity profile, the total amount is classified as “on demand”.

於2019年12月31日，本集團借貸包括本金總額約為130,000,000港元的循環貸款，其相關貸款協議載有按要​​求償還條文，賦予銀行無條件權利可隨時催繳貸款，因此，就上述到期情況而言，全數金額已分類為「按要​​求」。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 28. Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) As at 31 December 2020, certain of the Group's borrowings were secured or guaranteed by:
- (i) pledges over the Group's investment properties with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$2,542,850,000 (2019: HK\$2,408,486,000) (note 15); and
  - (ii) pledges over the Group's leasehold land and buildings with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$198,800,000 (2019: HK\$241,800,000) (note 16);
- (b) As at 31 December 2020, other than senior note and one of the other loans with aggregate carrying amounts of HK\$249,058,000 denominated in United States dollars (2019: HK\$130,000,000 denominated in HK\$), all bank and other borrowings were denominated in RMB as at the end of the reporting period.

### 28. 計息銀行及其他借貸(續)

附註：

- (a) 於2020年12月31日，本集團若干借貸乃以下列各項作抵押或擔保：
- (i) 本集團賬面總值為2,542,850,000港元(2019年：2,408,486,000港元)的投資物業之質押(附註15)；及
  - (ii) 本集團賬面總值為198,800,000港元(2019年：241,800,000港元)的租賃土地及樓宇之質押(附註16)；
- (b) 於2020年12月31日，除賬面總值為249,058,000港元以美元計值(2019年：130,000,000港元以港元計值)之優先票據及一項其他貸款外，於報告期末，所有銀行及其他借貸均以人民幣計值。



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 28. Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (c) On 8 December 2020, the Company as the issuer, Mr. Chu Hing Tsung, a non-executive director and the chairman of the board of directors of the Company, as the guarantor, CNCB (Hong Kong) Investment Limited (“Investor”) as the investor and CNCB (Hong Kong) Capital Limited as the arranger, entered into a subscription agreement, pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to issue to the Investor, and the Investor has conditionally agreed to subscribe for, a senior secured guaranteed note (“Senior Note”) in the aggregate principal amount of US\$19,800,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$154,440,000) maturing on the date falling one year from the issue date of the Senior Note (“Issue Date”). Interest shall accrue on the Senior Note from (and including) the Issue Date until (and including) the date on which the Senior Note is redeemed in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Senior Note at the rate of 7.5% per annum on the outstanding principal amount of the Senior Note, payable quarterly in arrears. If an event of default occurs and is continuing, the interest rate for the period from (and including) the date of occurrence of such event of default until (and including) the date on which such event of default ceases to continue, shall be adjusted to a rate of 15% per annum.

On 18 December 2020, the Company issued the Senior Note in the aggregate principal amount of US\$19,800,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$154,440,000) to the Investor. The net proceeds were intended to be used for the general working capital of the Group and have been fully utilised by the Group as intended as at the date of this report. The Senior Note is secured by a personal guarantee executed by Mr. Chu Hing Tsung, a non-executive director and the chairman of the board of directors of the Company, and mortgages executed by the Group over certain properties owned by the Group with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$288,800,000.

### 28. 計息銀行及其他借貸(續)

附註：(續)

- (c) 於2020年12月8日，本公司(作為發行人)、本公司非執行董事兼董事會主席朱慶崧先生(作為擔保人)、CNCB (Hong Kong) Investment Limited (「投資者」)(作為投資者)及信銀(香港)資本有限公司(作為安排人)訂立認購協議，據此，本公司已有條件同意向投資者發行，而投資者已有條件同意認購本金總額為19,800,000美元(相當於約154,440,000港元)並於優先票據發行日期(「發行日期」)起計滿一年當日到期的優先有抵押擔保票據(「優先票據」)。優先票據的利息自發行日期(包括該日)起至優先票據根據優先票據的條款及條件贖回當日(包括該日)止，就優先票據的未償還本金額按年利率7.5%計息，須於每季度末支付。倘違約事件發生並持續，自違約事件發生日期(包括該日)起至違約事件不再持續當日(包括該日)止期間的利率將調整至每年15%。

於2020年12月18日，本公司向投資者發行本金總額為19,800,000美元(相當於約154,440,000港元)的優先票據。所得款項淨額擬用於本集團的一般營運資金，截至本報告日期，本集團已按計劃悉數動用。優先票據由本公司非執行董事兼董事會主席朱慶崧先生簽立的個人擔保，以及本集團就其擁有的總賬面金額為288,800,000港元的若干物業簽立的按揭作出擔保。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 29. Convertible Bonds

On 3 July 2019 (the “CB Issue Date”), pursuant to a placing agreement and certain subscription agreements dated 20 May 2019 entered into between the placing agent and certain connected persons of the Company, respectively, the Company issued the convertible bonds with an aggregate principal amount of HK\$1,150,000,000 (the “Convertible Bonds”), among which convertible bonds with a principal amount of HK\$200,000,000 were placed to the placing agent and convertible bonds with the remaining amount of HK\$950,000,000 were subscribed by the connected persons of the Company (including Mr. Gao Jian Min, a company owned by the elder sister of Mr. Hui Xiao Bing and a company controlled by the spouse of Mr. Liu Tianni). Mr. Chu Hing Tsung, the chairman of the board of directors and a non-executive director of the Company, has provided personal guarantees in favour of the relevant subscribers.

The Convertible Bonds are unsecured and carry interest at 7% per annum on the outstanding principal amount. Interest is payable semi-annually. The maturity period of the Convertible Bonds is 36 months from the date of issue, which will fall due on 3 July 2022.

The Convertible Bonds are convertible at the option of the bondholders into ordinary shares of the Company at initial conversion price of HK\$2.33 per conversion share (subject to adjustments pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Convertible Bonds) and the bonds shall be redeemable at the option of the Company at any time from the Issue Date up to the close of business on date which is five trading days prior to the maturity date of the Convertible Bonds at an amount being the principal amount of the Convertible Bonds plus aggregate internal rate of return on the relevant amount of the Convertible Bonds at 12% per annum thereon (having included the interest paid) calculated from the CB Issue Date to (and including) the early redemption date.

### 29. 可換股債券

於2019年7月3日(「可換股債券發行日期」)，根據配售代理與本公司若干關連人士分別訂立的配售協議及日期為2019年5月20日的若干認購協議，本公司已發行本金總額為1,150,000,000港元的可換股債券(「可換股債券」)，其中本金額200,000,000港元的可換股債券已配售予配售代理，餘下950,000,000港元的可換股債券已由本公司的關連人士(包括高建民先生、一家由惠小兵先生胞姊擁有之公司及一家由劉天倪先生配偶控制之公司)認購。本公司董事會主席兼非執行董事朱慶淞先生已向相關認購人提供個人擔保。

可換股債券為無抵押，未償還本金額按年利率7%計息。利息每半年支付一次。可換股債券的到期期限為自發行日期起36個月，將於2022年7月3日到期。

可換股債券可按債券持有人之選擇按每股換股股份2.33港元之初步換股價轉換為本公司普通股(可根據可換股債券之條款及條件予以調整)，債券將於發行日期起計至可換股債券到期日五個交易日前隨時按本公司之選擇贖回，贖回金額為可換股債券之本金額加上相等於按內部收益率每年12%計算，由可換股債券發行日期至提早贖回日期(連同當日)的可換股債券相關金額(包括已支付利息)。

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### 29. Convertible Bonds (Continued)

Upon the maturity, the Company shall redeem from the bondholders all of the Convertible Bonds at an amount equivalent to 116.5% of the principal amount of the outstanding Convertible Bonds.

The Convertible Bonds are split into liability and derivative financial instruments in relation to the early redemption option and the conversion option. The fair value of the derivative financial instruments was determined as of the date of issue and at 31 December 2020 and 2019 by reference to valuations performed by an independent firm of professionally qualified valuers, Asset Appraisal Limited, as further detailed in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements. The residual amount was assigned as liability component and was remeasured at amortised cost subsequent to the initial recognition.

During the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, there was no conversion of the Convertible Bonds. The Convertible Bonds with an aggregate principal amount of HK\$1,150,000,000 were outstanding as at 31 December 2020 (2019: HK\$1,150,000,000).

### 29. 可換股債券(續)

於到期時，本公司將按相當於尚未償付可換股債券本金額之116.5%之金額向債券持有人贖回所有可換股債券。

可換股債券就提前贖回選擇權及轉換選擇權分為負債及衍生金融工具部分。衍生金融工具的公允值乃參考獨立專業合資格估值師行中誠達資產評估顧問有限公司之估值於發行日期及2020年及2019年12月31日釐定，有關進一步詳情載於綜合財務報表附註30。餘下金額乃指定為負債部分，並在初始確認後以攤銷成本重新計量。

截至2020年及2019年12月31日止年度，可換股債券概無轉換。於2020年12月31日，本金總額為1,150,000,000港元的可換股債券尚未兌換(2019年：1,150,000,000港元)。

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### 29. Convertible Bonds (Continued)

The Convertible Bonds have been split into the liability component and derivative financial instruments as follows:

### 29. 可換股債券(續)

可換股債券分為負債部分及衍生金融工具如下

|   |                               | HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Liability component at 1 January 2019   | 於2019年1月1日之負債部份               | —               |
| Nominal value of convertible bonds issued during the year   | 年內已發行可換股債券之面值                 | 1,150,000       |
| Derivative financial instruments  | 衍生金融工具                        | (6,709)         |
| Liability component at the issuance date  | 於發行日期之負債部分                    | 1,143,291       |
| Interest expense  | 利息開支                          | 67,310          |
|   |                               | 1,210,601       |
| Less: Interest classified as accrued charges, rental deposits and other payables in the current liabilities | 減：於流動負債中分類為應計費用、租務按金及其他應付款之利息 | (40,250)        |
| Liability component at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020  | 於2019年12月31日及2020年1月1日之負債部分   | 1,170,351       |
| Interest expense  | 利息開支                          | 141,955         |
| Interest paid   | 已付利息                          | (40,250)        |
| Interest classified as accrued charges, rental deposits and other payables in the current liabilities       | 於流動負債中分類為應計費用、租務按金及其他應付款之利息   | (39,593)        |
| Liability component at 31 December 2020   | 於2020年12月31日之負債部份             | 1,232,463       |

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### 30. Derivative Financial Instruments

### 30. 衍生金融工具

|                                  |        | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|----------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Derivative financial instruments | 衍生金融工具 | <b>37,483</b>           | (2,147)                 |

As detailed in note 29 to the financial statements, the early redemption option and the conversion option of the Convertible Bonds are classified as derivative financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the gain on fair value change of HK\$39,630,000 (2019: HK\$4,562,000) was credited to profit or loss. As at 31 December 2020 and 2019, the fair value was determined by Asset Appraisal Limited based on the Binomial Tree Pricing Model. The key inputs into the model for the valuation are as follows:

誠如綜合財務報表附註29所述，可換股債券的提早贖回選擇權及轉換選擇權被分類為以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之衍生金融工具。於截至2020年12月31日止年度，公允值變動收益39,630,000港元(2019年：4,562,000港元)已計入損益。於2020年及2019年12月31日，公允值由中誠達資產評估顧問有限公司根據二項樹式定價法釐定。估值模型的主要輸入數據如下：

|                |       | 2020         | 2019  |
|----------------|-------|--------------|-------|
| Risk-free rate | 無風險利率 | <b>0.3%</b>  | 1.7%  |
| Dividend yield | 股息率   | <b>0%</b>    | 0%    |
| Volatility     | 波動    | <b>30.5%</b> | 42.8% |

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 31. Deferred Tax Liabilities

The movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the reporting years are as follows:

|  |                            | Accelerated tax<br>depreciation<br>加速稅項折舊<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Revaluation<br>of properties<br>物業重估<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Tax losses<br>稅項虧損<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Total<br>總額<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--|----------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| At 1 January 2019                                    | 於2019年1月1日                 | (55)   | (254,856)   | 1,808                                 | (253,103)                      |
| Charged to profit or loss during the year (note 11)  | 年內於損益扣除<br>(附註11)          | —  | (3,534)   | —                                     | (3,534)                        |
| Disposal of a subsidiary (note 35)                   | 出售一間附屬公司<br>(附註35)         | —  | 1,899   | —                                     | 1,899                          |
| Credited to other comprehensive loss for the year    | 年內計入其他全面虧損                 | —  | 2,742   | —                                     | 2,742                          |
| At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020               | 於2019年12月31日及<br>2020年1月1日 | (55)   | (253,749)   | 1,808                                 | (251,996)                      |
| Credited to profit or loss during the year (note 11) | 年內計入損益<br>(附註11)           | —  | 4,331   | —                                     | 4,331                          |
| Credited to other comprehensive loss for the year    | 年內計入其他全面虧損                 | —  | 9,644   | —                                     | 9,644                          |
| At 31 December 2020                                  | 於2020年12月31日               | (55)   | (239,774)   | 1,808                                 | (238,021)                      |

The Group had tax losses arising in Hong Kong of approximately HK\$836,749,000 as at 31 December 2020 (2019: HK\$937,255,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. The Group also had tax losses arising in Mainland China of approximately HK\$116,173,000 (2019: HK\$111,622,000) that will expire in one to five years for offsetting against future taxable profits. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

### 31. 遞延稅項負債

報告年度內遞延稅項資產及負債變動如下：

於2020年12月31日，本集團有源自香港之稅項虧損約836,749,000港元（2019年：937,255,000港元），可供無限期用作抵銷錄得虧損公司之未來應課稅溢利。本集團亦有源自中國內地之稅項虧損約116,173,000港元（2019年：111,622,000港元），將於一至五年內到期，可供用作抵銷未來應課稅溢利。尚未就該等虧損確認遞延稅項資產，原因為目前被視為不大可能有可動用稅項虧損以抵銷應課稅溢利。

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### 31. Deferred Tax Liabilities (Continued)

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rate is 5%. The Group is therefore liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

At 31 December 2020 and 2019, no deferred tax were recognised for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings that were subject to withholding taxes of the Group's subsidiaries established in Mainland China. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute such earnings in the foreseeable future. The aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries in Mainland China for which deferred tax liabilities were not recognised totalled approximately HK\$2,778,975,000 as at 31 December 2020 (2019: HK\$2,754,251,000).

### 32. Share Capital

### 31. 遞延稅項負債(續)

根據中國企業所得稅法，於中國內地成立之外國投資企業向外國投資者宣派之股息須徵收10%預扣稅。有關規定自2008年1月1日起生效，並適用於2007年12月31日之後之盈利。倘中國內地與外國投資者所屬司法權區之間有稅務條約，則適用預扣稅率可能較低。就本集團而言，適用稅率為5%。因此，本集團須就該等於中國內地成立的附屬公司就自2008年1月1日起所產生盈利分派之股息繳納預扣稅。

於2020年及2019年12月31日，概無就本集團於中國內地成立之附屬公司原應就須繳納預扣稅之未付匯盈利支付之預扣稅確認任何遞延稅項。本公司董事認為，該等附屬公司不大可能於可預見未來分派有關盈利。於2020年12月31日，與於中國內地附屬公司之投資有關之暫時差額總額(尚無就此確認任何遞延稅項負債)約為2,778,975,000港元(2019年：2,754,251,000港元)。

### 32. 股本

|  | Number<br>of shares<br>股份數目<br>'000<br>千股                          | Nominal<br>value<br>票面值<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--|--|--|
| Issued and fully paid:   |  |  |
| At 1 January 2019, 31 December 2019, 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020 | 已發行及已繳足股本：<br>於2019年1月1日、2019年<br>12月31日、2020年1月1日及<br>2020年12月31日 | 2,304,850 3,626,781                        |

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### 33. Reserves

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity of the financial statements.

### 33. 儲備

本集團於本年度及過往年度的儲備及其變動金額於財務報表之綜合權益變動表中呈列。

### 34. Partly-Owned Subsidiaries with Material Non-Controlling Interests

Details of the Group's subsidiary that have material non-controlling interests are set out below:

### 34. 存在重大非控股權益之非全資擁有附屬公司

以下載列存在重大非控股權益之本集團附屬公司之詳情：

|  |                     | 2020                    | 2019                    |
|--|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Percentage of equity interest held by non-controlling interests:         | 非控股權益持有之股權百分比：      |                         |                         |
| TZ Dong Thai   | 泰州東泰                | <b>31.93%</b>           | 31.93%                  |
|  |                     |                         | (Restated)<br>(經重列)     |
|  |                     | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
| (Loss)/profit for the year allocated to non-controlling interests:       | 年內分配至非控股權益之(虧損)/溢利： |                         |                         |
| TZ Dong Thai   | 泰州東泰                | <b>(127,209)</b>        | 112,804                 |
| Accumulated balances of non-controlling interests at the reporting date: | 於報告日期之非控股權益累計結餘：    |                         |                         |
| TZ Dong Thai   | 泰州東泰                | <b>847,553</b>          | 929,320                 |



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### 34. Partly-Owned Subsidiaries with Material Non-Controlling Interests (Continued)

The following tables illustrate the summarised financial information of the above subsidiary. The amounts disclosed are before any inter-company eliminations:

### 34. 存在重大非控股權益之非全資擁有附屬公司(續)

下表列示上述附屬公司之財務資料概要。所披露金額為公司間撇銷之前：

|  |               | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | (Restated)<br>(經重列)<br>2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| Other income and (losses)/gains                | 其他收入及(虧損)/收益  | <b>(376,525)</b>        | 377,537  |
| Total expenses                                 | 開支總額          | <b>(21,874)</b>         | (24,252)                                       |
| (Loss)/profit for the year                     | 年內(虧損)/溢利     | <b>(398,400)</b>        | 353,285  |
| Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year | 年內全面(虧損)/收入總額 | <b>(352,958)</b>        | 282,635  |
| Current assets                                 | 流動資產          | <b>757,691</b>          | 719,241  |
| Non-current assets                             | 非流動資產         | <b>2,706,835</b>        | 2,948,874                                      |
| Current liabilities                            | 流動負債          | <b>(810,118)</b>        | (757,622)                                      |
| Net cash flows used in operating activities    | 經營業務所用淨現金流量   | <b>(50,841)</b>         | (72,532)                                       |
| Net cash flows used in investing activities    | 投資業務所用淨現金流量   | <b>(27,316)</b>         | (565,454)                                      |
| Net cash flows from financing activities       | 融資業務所得淨現金流量   | <b>47,190</b>           | 662,428  |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents      | 現金及現金等值減少淨額   | <b>(30,967)</b>         | 24,442   |

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### 35. Disposal of a Subsidiary

On 28 November 2018, TZ United East, an indirect non-wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, ZHYQ, an associate of the Company, and COBT, entered into the Merger Agreement, pursuant to which ZHYQ absorbed and merged with TZ United East and COBT. Upon completion of the Merger which took place on 15 July 2019, ZHYQ became the Merged Enterprise, TZ United East and COBT were dissolved and deregistered, and the Company owned 51% of the equity interest in the Merged Enterprise through its indirect non-wholly-owned subsidiary, TZ Dong Thai, and the Merged Enterprise is accounted for as a joint venture of the Company using equity method. Further details of the Merger are included in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

Following the completion of the Merger, the Group discontinued the operation in its trading of petrochemical products and provision of sub-contracting service.

### 35. 出售一間附屬公司

於2018年11月28日，本公司的間接非全資擁有附屬公司泰州東聯、本公司的聯營公司中海油泰州石化及中海瀝青訂立合併協議，據此，中海油泰州石化吸收合併泰州東聯及中海瀝青。於2019年7月15日合併完成後，中海油泰州石化成為經合併企業，而泰州東聯及中海瀝青已予解散及註銷。本公司透過其間接非全資擁有附屬公司泰州東泰擁有經合併企業之51%權益，經合併企業以權益法入賬列為本公司之合營企業。有關合併之進一步詳情載於綜合財務報表附註12。

於合併完成後，本集團已終止經營石油化工產品銷售及提供加工服務。

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### 35. Disposal of a Subsidiary (Continued)

The net assets of TZ United East at the date of the completion of the Merger were as follows:

### 35. 出售一間附屬公司(續)

泰州東聯於合併完成日期的淨資產如下：

|   |                          | (Restated)<br>(經重列)                        |             |
|---|--------------------------|--|-------------|
|   |                          | <b>Year ended<br/>31 December<br/>2019</b> |             |
|   |                          | <b>截至2019年<br/>12月31日<br/>止年度</b>          |             |
|   |                          | Notes                                      | HK\$'000    |
|   |                          | 附註   | 千港元         |
| Net assets disposed of:   | 出售之淨資產：                  |  |             |
| Goodwill  | 商譽                       | 19   | 39,462      |
| Property, plant and equipment   | 物業、廠房及設備                 | 16   | 3,521,873   |
| Land use rights   | 土地使用權                    | 18   | 175,584     |
| Inventories   | 存貨                       |  | 82,934      |
| Trade receivables   | 應收賬款                     |  | 11,186      |
| Deposits, prepayments and other receivables                                     | 按金、預付款及其他應收款             |  | 224,208     |
| Cash and bank balances  | 現金及銀行結餘                  |  | 12,129      |
| Trade payables  | 應付賬款                     |  | (8,009)     |
| Accrued charges, rental deposits and other payables                             | 應計費用、租務按金及其他應付款          |  | (309,769)   |
| Borrowings  | 借貸                       |  | (969,671)   |
| Amounts due to shareholders   | 應付股東款項                   |  | (815,896)   |
| Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries  | 應付同系附屬公司款項               |  | (578,317)   |
| Deferred tax liabilities  | 遞延稅項負債                   | 31   | (1,899)     |
| Net assets  | 淨資產                      |  | 1,383,815   |
| Cumulative exchange differences   | 累計匯兌差異                   |  | (1,910)     |
| Gain on disposal of a subsidiary  | 出售一間附屬公司的收益              | 12   | 248,431     |
| Enterprise value of TZ United East  | 泰州東聯之企業價值                |  | 1,630,336   |
| Satisfied by additional interest in ZHYQ acquired by the Group after the Merger | 以合併後本集團所收購之中海油泰州石化額外權益支付 |  | 1,807,772   |
| Less: Enterprise value of TZ United East  | 減：泰州東聯之企業價值              |  | (1,630,336) |
| Gain on bargain purchase from the Merger  | 合併之議價購買收益                | 12   | 177,436     |

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### 35. Disposal of a Subsidiary (Continued)

An analysis of the net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of a subsidiary is as follows:

### 35. 出售一間附屬公司(續)

出售一間附屬公司所涉及現金及現金等值之流出淨額分析如下：

|   |                         | HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Cash and bank balances disposed of  | 出售之現金及銀行結餘              | 12,129          |
| Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of a subsidiary | 出售一間附屬公司所涉及現金及現金等值之流出淨額 | 12,129          |

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### 36. Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

### 36. 綜合現金流量表附註

#### (a) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

#### (a) 融資業務所產生之負債變動

|  |                            | <b>Borrowings</b> | <b>Lease liabilities</b> | <b>Convertible bonds</b> |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
|  |                            | 借貨                | 租賃負債                     | 可換股債券                    |
|  |                            | HK\$'000          | HK\$'000                 | HK\$'000                 |
|  |                            | 千港元               | 千港元                      | 千港元                      |
| At 1 January 2019  | 於2019年1月1日                 | 2,923,790         | —                        | —                        |
| Changes from financing cash flows  | 融資現金流量變動                   |                   |                          |                          |
|  |                            | (996,170)         | —                        | 1,150,000                |
| Disposal of a subsidiary (note 35)   | 出售一家附屬公司<br>(附註35)         | (969,671)         | —                        | —                        |
| Recognition of derivative financial instruments                                  | 確認衍生金融工具                   | —                 | —                        | (6,709)                  |
| Interest expense of convertible bonds  | 可換股債券之利息支出                 | —                 | —                        | 67,310                   |
| Interest payable included in accrued charges, rental deposits and other payables | 計入應計費用之應付利息租務按金及其他應付款      | —                 | —                        | (40,250)                 |
| Exchange realignment   | 匯兌較正                       | (23,017)          | —                        | —                        |
| At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020   | 於2019年12月31日及<br>2020年1月1日 | <b>934,932</b>    | <b>—</b>                 | <b>1,170,351</b>         |
| Changes from financing cash flows  | 融資現金流量變動                   |                   |                          |                          |
|  |                            | <b>956,350</b>    | <b>(11,685)</b>          | —                        |
| New lease  | 新租賃                        | —                 | <b>57,155</b>            | —                        |
| Interest expense of convertible bonds  | 可換股債券之利息支出                 | —                 | —                        | <b>141,955</b>           |
| Interest paid classified as operating cash flow                                  | 分類為經營現金流量之應付利息             | —                 | —                        | <b>(79,843)</b>          |
| Accretion of interest recognised during the year                                 | 年內確認之利息增加                  | —                 | <b>2,899</b>             | —                        |
| Exchange realignment   | 匯兌較正                       | <b>49,139</b>     | <b>163</b>               | —                        |
| At 31 December 2020  | 於2020年12月31日               | <b>1,940,421</b>  | <b>48,532</b>            | <b>1,232,463</b>         |

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### 36. Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

#### (b) Total cash outflow for leases

The total cash outflow for leases included in the statement of cash flows is as follows:

|                             |          | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|-----------------------------|----------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Within operating activities | 於經營業務中產生 | 2,760                   | 2,004                   |
| Within financing activities | 於融資活動中產生 | 11,685                  | —                       |
|                             |          | <b>14,445</b>           | 2,004                   |

#### (c) Major non-cash transaction

On 28 November 2018, TZ United East, an indirect non-wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, ZHYQ, an associate of the Company, and COBT, entered into the Merger Agreement, pursuant to which ZHYQ absorbed and merged with TZ United East and COBT. Upon completion of the Merger which took place on 15 July 2019, ZHYQ became the Merged Enterprise, TZ United East and COBT were dissolved and deregistered, and the Company owned 51% of the equity interest in the Merged Enterprise through its indirect non-wholly-owned subsidiary, TZ Dong Thai, and the Merged Enterprise is accounted for as a joint venture of the Company using equity method.

Further details of the Merger are disclosed in notes 12 and 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

### 36. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

#### (b) 租賃現金流出總額

計入現金流量表之租賃現金流出總額如下：

|                             | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Within operating activities | 2,760                   | 2,004                   |
| Within financing activities | 11,685                  | —                       |
|                             | <b>14,445</b>           | 2,004                   |

#### (c) 主要非現金交易

於2018年11月28日，為本公司的間接非全資擁有附屬公司泰州東聯、本公司的聯營公司中海油泰州石化及中海瀝青訂立合併協議，據此，中海油泰州石化吸收合併泰州東聯及中海瀝青。於2019年7月15日合併完成後，中海油泰州石化成為經合併企業，而泰州東聯及中海瀝青已予解散及註銷。本公司透過其間接非全資擁有附屬公司泰州東泰擁有經合併企業之51%權益，經合併企業以權益法入賬列為本公司之合營企業。

有關合併之進一步詳情於綜合財務報表附註12及35披露。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 37. Pledge of Assets

Details of the Group's assets pledged for the Group's borrowings are included in notes 26 and 28(a) to the financial statements.

### 38. Commitments

The Group had the following capital commitments at the end of the reporting period:

### 37. 資產抵押

就本集團借貸已抵押之資產詳情載於財務報表附註26及附註28(a)。

### 38. 承擔

本集團於報告期末有以下資本承擔：

|                                   |          | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|-----------------------------------|----------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Contracted, but not provided for: | 已落實但並未反映 |                         |                         |
| Non-performing assets             | 不良資產     | 149,644                 | —                       |
| Unlisted equity securities        | 非上市股本證券  | 178,147                 | 167,411                 |
|                                   |          | <b>327,791</b>          | 167,411                 |

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### 39. Related Party Transactions

- (a) In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year:

### 39. 關聯方交易

- (a) 除財務報表其他部分所述之交易外，本集團於年內與關聯方進行下述交易：

|  |                 | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Sub-contracting income from an associate                         | 來自一家聯營公司之加工費收入  | —                       | 282,725                 |
| Sales of petrochemical products to an associate                  | 石油化工產品銷售予一家聯營公司 | —                       | 5,656                   |
| Interest income from an associate                                | 一家聯營公司之利息收入     | 22,497                  | 22,727                  |
| Interest income from a joint venture                             | 一家合營企業之利息收入     | 76,371                  | 19,943                  |
| Interest expense to non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries | 附屬公司非控股股東之利息支出  | 1,766                   | 1,837                   |
| Interest expense to a subsidiary of a substantial shareholder    | 主要股東之附屬公司之利息支出  | —                       | 21,081                  |
| Interest expense to a substantial shareholder                    | 主要股東之利息支出       | 55,548                  | 26,339                  |
| Interest expense to a director                                   | 一名董事之利息支出       | —                       | 11,706                  |
| Rental payment to a substantial shareholder                      | 支付一名主要股東之租金     | 2,720                   | 1,480                   |

The above transactions were conducted in accordance with the terms of the underlying agreements. In the opinion of the directors, the related party transactions were conducted in the ordinary course of business.

上述交易乃根據相關協議之條款進行。董事認為，關聯方交易乃於日常業務過程中進行。



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## 39. Related Party Transactions (Continued)

### (b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

In the opinion of the directors, the directors and the chief executive officer of the Company represented the key management personnel of the Group and details of the compensation of the key management personnel are set out in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

## 39. 關聯方交易(續)

### (b) 本集團主要管理人員酬金

董事認為，本公司董事及行政總裁為本集團之主要管理人員。有關主要管理人員酬金之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註9。

## 40. Financial Instruments by Category

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

## 40. 按類別劃分之金融工具

各類金融工具於報告期末的賬面值如下：

### Financial assets

2020

### 金融資產

2020

|  |                     | Financial assets at FVTPL – held for trading<br>以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產 – 持作買賣<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Financial assets at amortised cost<br>按攤銷成本計量的金融資產<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Total<br>總計<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--|---------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|
| Amount due from a joint venture  | 應收一家合營企業款           | —   | 1,029,479   | 1,029,479                      |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss                    | 以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產 | 877,986   | —   | 877,986                        |
| Loan receivables   | 應收貸款                | —   | 1,439,301   | 1,439,301                      |
| Trade receivables  | 應收賬款                | —   | 7,317   | 7,317                          |
| Financial assets included in deposits, prepayments and other receivables | 計入按金、預付款及其他應收款之金融資產 | —   | 407,408   | 407,408                        |
| Amount due from an associate   | 應收一家聯營公司款           | —   | 584,989   | 584,989                        |
| Pledged bank deposits  | 抵押銀行存款              | —   | 23,753  | 23,753                         |
| Cash and bank balances   | 現金及銀行結餘             | —   | 769,767   | 769,767                        |
|  |                     | 877,986   | 4,262,014   | 5,140,000                      |

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### 40. Financial Instruments by Category (Continued)

### 40. 按類別劃分之金融工具(續)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

#### 金融資產(續)

| 2019   |                     | 2019   |  | Total<br>總計     |
|--|---------------------|--|--|-----------------|
|  |                     | Financial assets at FVTPL – held for trading<br>以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產 – 持作買賣 | Financial assets at amortised cost<br>按攤銷成本計量的金融資產 |                 |
|  |                     | HK\$'000<br>千港元  | HK\$'000<br>千港元                                    | HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
| Amount due from a joint venture  | 應收一家合營企業款           | —  | 1,195,086  | 1,195,086       |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss                    | 以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產 | 810,287  | —  | 810,287         |
| Loan receivables   | 應收貸款                | —  | 1,358,995  | 1,358,995       |
| Trade receivables  | 應收賬款                | —  | 8,735  | 8,735           |
| Financial assets included in deposits, prepayments and other receivables | 計入按金、預付款及其他應收款之金融資產 | —  | 191,319  | 191,319         |
| Amount due from an associate   | 應收一家聯營公司款           | —  | 488,563  | 488,563         |
| Pledged bank deposits  | 抵押銀行存款              | —  | 22,321   | 22,321          |
| Bank balances and cash   | 銀行結餘及現金             | —  | 190,247  | 190,247         |
|  |                     | 810,287  | 3,455,266  | 4,265,553       |

#### Financial liabilities

#### 金融負債

Other than the derivative financial instruments as disclosed in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements, all financial liabilities of the Group as at 31 December 2020 and 2019 were financial liabilities at amortised cost.

除綜合財務報表附註30所披露的衍生金融工具外，本集團於2020年及2019年12月31日的所有金融負債均為按攤銷成本計量的金融負債。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 41. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments reasonably approximate to fair values.

Management has assessed that the fair values of trade receivables, financial assets included in deposits, prepayments and other receivables, amounts due from a joint venture and an associate, loan receivables, pledged bank deposits, cash and bank balances, financial liabilities included in accrued charges, rental deposits and other payables and the current portion of interest-bearing bank and other borrowings approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The Group's finance department headed by the directors of the Company is responsible for determining the policies and procedures for the fair value measurement of financial instruments. The finance department reports directly to the directors and the audit committee of the Company. At each reporting date, the finance department of the Group analyses the movements in the values of financial instruments and determines the major inputs applied in the valuation. The valuation is reviewed and approved by the directors of the Company. The valuation process and results are discussed with the audit committee twice a year for interim and annual financial reporting.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instruments could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

### 41. 金融工具之公允值及公允值等級

本集團金融工具之賬面值合理地與公允值相若。

管理層已評估應收賬款、計入按金、預付款及其他應收款之金融資產、應收一家合營企業及一家聯營公司款、應收貸款、抵押銀行存款、現金及銀行結餘、計入應計費用、租務按金及其他應付款之金融負債以及計息銀行及其他貸款的即期部分之公允值與其賬面值合理相若，主要由於該等工具之到期日短。

以本公司董事為首的本集團財務部門負責釐定金融工具公允值計量之政策及程序。財務部門直接向本公司董事及審核委員會報告。於各報告日期，本集團財務部門會分析金融工具之價值變動並釐定估值所用之主要輸入數據。估值由本公司董事審核及批准。估值過程及結果由審核委員會每年討論兩次，以便呈列中期及年度財務報告。

金融資產及負債之公允值按金融工具由自願各方在現有交易中可交換之金額入賬，強制或清算銷售除外。

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### 41. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments (Continued)

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair values of loan receivables and interest-bearing bank and other borrowings have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. The fair value of the liability component of the convertible bonds is estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows using an equivalent market interest rate for a similar convertible bond with consideration of the Group's own non-performance risk. The changes in fair value as a result of the Group's own non-performance risk for borrowings as at 31 December 2020 and 2019 were assessed to be insignificant.

The fair values of the listed equity investments are based on their quoted market prices. The fair values of certain club debentures have been valued based on historical transaction price from the relevant institutions, which are classified as Level 2. The fair values of unlisted equity securities and unlisted funds are based on adjusted net assets approach by adjusting the book value of assets and liabilities of investees to their fair value, or estimated by using a discounted cash flow valuation model based on the contractual disposal price of an unlisted security.

The fair value of the non-performing asset portfolio is estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and the aggregate of the values of the underlying collateral secured to the respective outstanding receivables owned by the creditors. The Group's own non-performance risk for non-performing asset portfolio as at 31 December 2020 and 2019 was assessed to be insignificant.

### 41. 金融工具之公允值及公允值等級(續)

估計公允值時所用之方法及假設載述如下：

應收貸款及計息銀行及其他借貸的公允值乃透過使用當前可供金融工具使用之利率按類似條款、信用風險及餘下到期日，貼現預期未來現金流量而計算。考慮到本集團之不履約風險，可換股債券負債部分之公允值按類似可換股債券之同等市場利率貼現預期未來現金流量進行估計。於2020年及2019年12月31日，因本集團本身借貸之不履約風險而引致之公允值變動被評定為並不重大。

上市股本投資之公允值乃基於市場報價釐定。若干會所債券之公允值乃按相關工具過往之交易價為基準估值，故列為第2級。非上市股權證券及非上市基金之公允值乃將被投資公司之資產及負債賬面值調整至公允值，根據經調整淨資產法釐定，或根據一項非上市證券之合約出售金額使用折現現金流量模式估計。

不良資產組合之公允值乃使用具類似條款及信用風險的工具之貼現率，及就債權人所擁有之各未償還應收款作出抵押之相關抵押品之總價值貼現之預期未來現金流量進行估計。於2020年及2019年12月31日，本集團就不良資產組合承受之違約風險經評估為微不足道。

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### 41. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments (Continued)

The directors of the Company believe that the estimated fair values resulting from the valuation technique, which are recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position, and the related changes in fair values, which are recorded in profit or loss, are reasonable, and that they were the most appropriate values at the end of the reporting period.

Below is a summary of significant unobservable inputs to the valuation of unlisted equity securities, unlisted funds and non-performing asset portfolio:

### 41. 金融工具之公允值及公允值等級(續)

本公司董事認為，由估值技術所得出之估計公允值(計入綜合財務狀況表)及公允值相關變動(計入損益表)屬合理，且為報告期末最合適之估值。

以下為非上市股本證券、非上市基金及不良資產組合估值的重大不可觀察輸入數據概要：

|   | Valuation techniques<br>估值方法  | Significant unobservable inputs<br>重大不可觀察輸入數據  | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|-------------------------------|--|------|------|
| Unlisted equity securities and unlisted funds | Adjusted net asset approach   | Book value of assets and liabilities of the investees adjusted to their fair value (HK\$ million)  | 648  | 615  |
| 非上市股本證券及非上市基金                                 | 經調整的淨資產法                      | 被投資公司之資產及負債的賬面值調整至其公允值(百萬港元)   |      |      |
|   | Discounted cash flow approach | Present value of contracted disposal price of an unlisted security (HK\$ million)  | —    | 27   |
|   | 折現現金流量法                       | 一項非上市證券之合約出售金額之現值(百萬港元)  |      |      |
| Non-performing asset portfolio                | Discounted cash flow approach | Aggregate of the valuation of the individual underlying collateral secured to the respective outstanding receivables owned by the creditors (HK\$ million) | 223  | 161  |
| 不良資產組合  | 折現現金流量法                       | 對債權人所擁有的相應未償還應收款作抵押的個別相關抵押品的估值總額(百萬港元)   |      |      |

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 41. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments (Continued)

A 1% increase/decrease in the fair values of assets and liabilities of the investees would result in an increase/a decrease in the fair value of the unlisted equity securities of HK\$6,480,000 (2019: HK\$6,150,000).

A 1% increase/decrease in the collateral for the respective non-performing assets would result in an increase/a decrease in the fair value of the non-performing asset portfolio of HK\$2,230,000 (2019: HK\$1,610,000).

As at 31 December 2019, a 1% increase/decrease in the present value of contracted amount of disposal of an unlisted security would result in an increase/a decrease in the fair value of the unlisted equity securities of HK\$270,000.

### 41. 金融工具之公允值及公允值等級(續)

被投資公司的資產及負債之公允值增加／減少1%，將導致非上市股本證券的公允值增加／減少6,480,000港元(2019年：6,150,000港元)。

相關不良資產的抵押品之公允值增加／減少1%，將導致不良資產組合的公允值分別增加／減少2,230,000港元(2019年：1,610,000港元)。

於2019年12月31日，一項非上市證券之合約出售金額之現值增加／減少1%，將導致非上市股本證券的公允值增加／減少270,000港元。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 41. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments (Continued)

#### Fair value hierarchy

The following tables illustrate the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments:

### 41. 金融工具之公允值及公允值等級(續)

#### 公允值等級

下表展示本集團金融工具之公允值計量等級：

| HK\$'000   | 千港元                 | Fair value measurement using<br>使用下列各項之公允值計量                      |  |   | Total<br>總計 |
|--|---------------------|---|--|---|-------------|
|  |                     | Quoted prices in active markets<br>於活躍市場之報價<br>(Level 1)<br>(第1級) | Significant observable inputs<br>重大可觀察輸入數據<br>(Level 2)<br>(第2級) | Significant unobservable inputs<br>重大不可觀察輸入數據<br>(Level 3)<br>(第3級) |             |
| Assets measured at fair value as at 31 December 2020:<br>於2020年12月31日按公允值計量之資產：      |                     |   |  |   |             |
| Derivative financial instruments   | 衍生金融工具              | —   | —  | 37,483  | 37,483      |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss                                | 按公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產 | 4,127   | 2,780  | 871,079   | 877,986     |
|  |                     | 4,127   | 2,780  | 908,562   | 915,469     |
| Assets measured at fair value as at 31 December 2019:<br>於2019年12月31日按公允值計量之資產：      |                     |   |  |   |             |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss                                | 按公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產 | 4,198   | 2,780  | 803,309   | 810,287     |
| Liabilities measured at fair value as at 31 December 2019:<br>於2019年12月31日按公允值計量之負債： |                     |   |  |   |             |
| Derivative financial instruments   | 衍生金融工具              | —   | —  | 2,147   | 2,147       |

During the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 for both financial assets and financial liabilities.

截至2020年及2019年12月31日止年度，金融資產及金融負債概無於第1級與第2級之間轉撥任何公允值計量，亦無轉入或轉出第3級。

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### 41. Fair Value and Fair Value Hierarchy of Financial Instruments (Continued)

#### Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

The movements in fair value measurements in Level 3 during the years are as follows:

### 41. 金融工具之公允值及公允值等級(續)

#### 公允值等級(續)

年內，第3級內之公允值計量變動如下：

|  |                           | <b>Financial assets</b> | <b>Financial liabilities</b> |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|
|  |                           | 金融資產                    | 金融負債                         |
|  |                           | HK\$'000                | HK\$'000                     |
|  |                           | 千港元                     | 千港元                          |
| At 1 January 2019  | 於2019年1月1日                | 799,828                 | —                            |
| Additions of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss measured at fair value in Level 3 | 添置按第三層級公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產 | 239,172                 | —                            |
| Derivative financial instruments recognised  | 已確認衍生金融工具                 | —                       | 6,709                        |
| Total loss recognised in profit or loss  | 於損益確認之虧損總額                | (204,284)               | (4,562)                      |
| Exchange realignment   | 滙兌較正                      | (31,407)                | —                            |
| At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020   | 於2019年12月31日及2020年1月1日    | <b>803,309</b>          | <b>2,147</b>                 |
| Additions of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss measured at fair value in Level 3 | 添置按第三層級公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產 | <b>55,183</b>           | —                            |
| Disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss measured at fair value in Level 3  | 出售按第三層級公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產 | <b>(32,640)</b>         | —                            |
| Total gain/(loss) recognised in profit or loss   | 於損益確認之收益/(虧損)總額           | <b>30,919</b>           | <b>(2,147)</b>               |
| Exchange realignment   | 滙兌較正                      | <b>51,791</b>           | —                            |
| At 31 December 2020  | 於2020年12月31日              | <b>908,562</b>          | —                            |



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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### 42. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, amounts due from an associate and a joint venture, pledged bank deposits and cash and bank balances. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade receivables and other payables, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The directors of the Company review and agree policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

#### Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to risk for changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's interest-bearing bank and other borrowings set out in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements. The Group does not use derivative financial instruments to hedge interest rate risk. The Group manages its interest cost using a mix of fixed and variable rate borrowings.

At 31 December 2020, if the interest rate of borrowings had increased/decreased by 1% and all other variables held constant, the loss before taxation from continuing operations of the Group, through the impact on floating rate borrowings, would have increased/decreased by approximately HK\$5,879,000 (2019: HK\$9,349,000).

### 42. 金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括計息銀行及其他借貸、應收貸款應收聯營公司及合營企業款、抵押銀行存款及現金及銀行結餘。該等金融工具之主要用途是為本集團業務營運籌集資金。本集團有應收賬款及其他應付款等多項其他金融資產及負債，直接來自其業務營運。

本集團金融工具所產生主要風險為利率風險、外幣風險、信貸風險及流動資金風險。本公司董事審閱並同意有關管理上述各項風險之政策，並概述如下。

#### 利率風險

本集團所面對之市場利率變動風險主要與綜合財務報表附註28所載之本集團計息銀行及其他借貸有關。本集團並無使用衍生金融工具以對沖利率風險。本集團採用固定及可變利率借貸組合管理其利息成本。

於2020年12月31日，在所有其他變數保持不變的情況下，倘借貸利率上升／下降1%，則由於浮動利率借貸之影響，本集團持續經營業務之除稅前虧損將增加／減少約5,879,000港元（2019年：9,349,000港元）。

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### 42. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (Continued)

#### Foreign currency risk

The major financial assets and liabilities of the Group are denominated in the functional currency of the respective group entities. Other than a loan receivable which is denominated in United States dollars, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's exposure to foreign currency exchange risk is insignificant as the majority of the Group's transactions are denominated in the functional currency of each individual group entity.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group did not use any financial instruments for hedging purposes (2019: Nil).

#### Credit risk

The Group only trades with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis.

The credit risk of the Group's other financial assets, which comprise loans receivable, amounts due from a joint venture and an associate, pledged bank deposits and cash and bank balance, arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments.

For the Group's trade receivables, since the Group only trades with recognised and creditworthy third parties, there is no requirement for collateral. Concentration of credit risk is managed by counterparty.

### 42. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 外幣風險

本集團主要金融資產及金融負債以集團相關公司的功能貨幣計價。除以美元計值之應收貸款外，本公司董事認為本集團所面臨的外匯風險並不大，原因為本集團的大部分交易以各獨立集團公司的功能貨幣為計價單位。

截至2020年12月31日止年度內，本集團並無使用任何金融工具作對沖用途(2019年：無)。

#### 信貸風險

本集團僅與經認可及信譽良好之第三方進行交易。本集團的政策是，所有擬按信貸條款交易的客戶均須進行信貸核驗程序。此外，應收款結餘受到持續監察。

本集團其他金融資產包括應收貸款、應收一家合營企業及一家聯營公司款、抵押銀行存款以及現金及銀行結餘，其信貸風險乃因交易對手違約而產生，所承受之最高風險相當於該等金融工具的賬面值。

就本集團的應收賬款而言，由於本集團僅與經認可及信譽良好之第三方進行交易，因此毋須提供抵押品。信貸集中風險由交易對手管理。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 42. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (Continued)

#### Credit risk (Continued)

#### Maximum exposure and year-end staging

The tables below show the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and year-end staging classification as at 31 December 2020 and 2019. The amounts represented are gross carrying amounts for financial assets.

#### As at 31 December 2020

### 42. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險(續)

#### 最高風險及年結階段分析

下表顯示基於本集團信貸政策的信貸質素及最高信貸風險(主要按逾期資料得出，除非其他可得資料無需付出額外成本或努力)，以及於2020年及2019年12月31日的年結階段分類。所示金額為金融資產賬面總額。

#### 於2020年12月31日

| HK\$'000   | 千港元                     | 12-month ECLs<br>12個月預期<br>信貸虧損 |                 | Lifetime ECLs<br>全期預期信貸虧損 |                                | Total<br>總計      |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|
|  |                         | Stage 1<br>第一階段                 | Stage 2<br>第二階段 | Stage 3<br>第三階段           | Simplified<br>approach<br>簡化方法 |                  |
| Trade receivables  | 應收賬款                    | —                               | —               | —                         | 7,317                          | 7,317            |
| Loan receivables   | 應收貸款                    |                                 |                 |                           |                                |                  |
| — Normal*  | — 一般*                   | 549,421                         | —               | —                         | —                              | 549,421          |
| — Doubtful*  | — 可疑*                   | —                               | 904,884         | —                         | —                              | 904,884          |
| Financial assets included in<br>deposits, prepayments and other<br>receivables | 計入按金、預付款及其他<br>應收款之金融資產 |                                 |                 |                           |                                |                  |
| — Normal*  | — 一般*                   | 407,408                         | —               | —                         | —                              | 407,408          |
| Amount due from an associate   | 應收一家聯營公司款               |                                 |                 |                           |                                |                  |
| — Normal*  | — 一般*                   | 589,783                         | —               | —                         | —                              | 589,783          |
| Amount due from a joint venture  | 應收一家合營企業款               |                                 |                 |                           |                                |                  |
| — Normal*  | — 一般*                   | 1,033,833                       | —               | —                         | —                              | 1,033,833        |
| Pledged bank deposits  | 抵押銀行存款                  |                                 |                 |                           |                                |                  |
| — Not yet past due   | — 尚未逾期                  | 23,753                          | —               | —                         | —                              | 23,753           |
| Cash and bank balances   | 現金及銀行結餘                 |                                 |                 |                           |                                |                  |
| — Not yet past due   | — 尚未逾期                  | 769,767                         | —               | —                         | —                              | 769,767          |
|  |                         | <b>3,373,965</b>                | <b>904,884</b>  | <b>—</b>                  | <b>7,317</b>                   | <b>4,286,166</b> |

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 42. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (Continued)

#### Credit risk (Continued)

#### Maximum exposure and year-end staging (Continued)

As at 31 December 2019

### 42. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險(續)

#### 最高風險及年結階段分析(續)

於2019年12月31日

| HK\$'000   | 千港元                     | 12-month ECLs<br>12個月預期<br>信貸虧損 |                 | Lifetime ECLs<br>全期預期信貸虧損 |                                | Total<br>總計 |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
|  |                         | Stage 1<br>第一階段                 | Stage 2<br>第二階段 | Stage 3<br>第三階段           | Simplified<br>approach<br>簡化方法 |             |
| Trade receivables  | 應收賬款                    | —                               | —               | —                         | 8,735                          | 8,735       |
| Loan receivables   | 應收貸款                    |                                 |                 |                           |                                |             |
| — Normal*  | — 一般*                   | 1,382,167                       | —               | —                         | —                              | 1,382,167   |
| Financial assets included in<br>deposits, prepayments and other<br>receivables | 計入按金、預付款及其他<br>應收款之金融資產 |                                 |                 |                           |                                |             |
| — Normal*  | — 一般*                   | 191,319                         | —               | —                         | —                              | 191,319     |
| Amount due from an associate   | 應收一家聯營公司款               |                                 |                 |                           |                                |             |
| — Normal*  | — 一般*                   | 494,556                         | —               | —                         | —                              | 494,556     |
| Amount due from a joint venture  | 應收一家合營企業款               |                                 |                 |                           |                                |             |
| — Normal*  | — 一般*                   | 1,197,629                       | —               | —                         | —                              | 1,197,629   |
| Pledged bank deposits  | 抵押銀行存款                  |                                 |                 |                           |                                |             |
| — Not yet past due   | — 尚未逾期                  | 22,321                          | —               | —                         | —                              | 22,321      |
| Cash and bank balances   | 現金及銀行結餘                 |                                 |                 |                           |                                |             |
| — Not yet past due   | — 尚未逾期                  | 190,247                         | —               | —                         | —                              | 190,247     |
|  |                         | 3,478,239                       | —               | —                         | 8,735                          | 3,486,974   |

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 42. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (Continued)

### Credit risk (Continued)

#### Maximum exposure and year-end staging (Continued)

- \* The credit quality of loan receivables, financial assets included in deposits, prepayments and other receivables and amounts due from an associate and a joint venture is considered to be “normal” when they are not past due and there is no information indicating that the financial assets had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Otherwise, the credit quality of the financial assets is considered to be “doubtful”.

### Liquidity risk

The Group’s objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of borrowings. In addition, banking facilities have been put in place for contingency purposes.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group’s financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments.

As at 31 December 2020

| HK\$'000   | 千港元                 | Within                                   | In the              | In the   | Beyond              | Total     |
|--|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|---------------------|-----------|
|  |                     | one year<br>or on demand<br>於一年內或<br>按要求 | second year<br>於第二年 | third to<br>fifth years,<br>inclusive<br>於第三至第五年<br>(包括首尾兩年) | five years<br>於五年以上 |           |
| Accrued charges, rental<br>deposits and other payables | 應計費用、租務按金<br>及其他應付款 | 276,267                                  | —                   | —  | —                   | 276,267   |
| Convertible bonds                                      | 可換股債券               | 80,500                                   | 1,339,750           | —  | —                   | 1,420,250 |
| Interest-bearing bank and<br>other borrowings          | 計息銀行及其他貸款           | 518,401                                  | 391,709             | 1,251,423  | 183,194             | 2,344,727 |
| Lease liabilities                                      | 租賃負債                | —  | 5,214               | 15,956   | 49,657              | 70,827    |
|  |                     | 875,168                                  | 1,736,673           | 1,267,379  | 232,851             | 4,112,071 |

## 42. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

### 信貸風險(續)

#### 最高風險及年結階段分析(續)

- \* 就應收貸款、計入按金、預付款及其他應收款之金融資產以及應收一家聯營公司及一家合營企業款而言，倘並未逾期且無資料顯示該等金融資產之信貸風險自初始確認以來顯著提高，則其信貸質素被視為「正常」。否則，該等金融資產的信貸質素被視為「可疑」。

### 流動資金風險

本集團之目標為致力透過利用借貸，確保資金持續性與靈活性兼備。此外，已備妥銀行融通，以備不時之需。

下表概述根據合約未貼現付款本集團金融負債之到期情況。

於2020年12月31日

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 42. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (Continued)

### 42. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

As at 31 December 2019

於2019年12月31日

| HK\$'000   | 千港元                 | Within                                   | In the              | In the   | Beyond              | Total     |
|--|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|---------------------|-----------|
|  |                     | one year<br>or on demand<br>於一年內或<br>按要求 | second year<br>於第二年 | third to<br>fifth years,<br>inclusive<br>於第三至第五年<br>(包括首尾兩年) | five years<br>於五年以上 |           |
| Accrued charges, rental<br>deposits and other payables | 應計費用、租務按金<br>及其他應付款 | 267,022                                  | —                   | —  | —                   | 267,022   |
| Convertible bonds                                      | 可換股債券               | 40,250                                   | 80,500              | 1,380,000  | —                   | 1,500,750 |
| Interest-bearing bank and<br>other borrowings          | 計息銀行及其他貸款           | 265,435                                  | 176,265             | 153,265  | 389,058             | 984,023   |
|  |                     | 572,707                                  | 256,765             | 1,533,265  | 389,058             | 2,751,795 |

#### Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

#### 資本管理

本集團管理資本主要旨在確保本集團能夠持續經營並維持穩健資本比率，以支持其業務及為股東創造最大價值。

本集團管理其資本結構，並因應經濟環境之改變及相關資產之風險特徵作出調整。為維持或調整資本結構，本集團可調整向股東派付之股息、股東之資本回報或發行新股份。本集團毋須受任何外部施加之資本要求所規限。於截至2020年及2019年12月31日止年度，管理資本之目標、政策或程序概無任何變動。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 42. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (Continued)

#### Capital management (Continued)

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is total borrowings over equity attributable to owners of the Company. Total borrowings included interest-bearing bank and other borrowings and convertible bonds. The gearing ratios as at the end of the reporting periods are as follows:

|  |               | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | (Restated)<br>(經重列)<br>2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| Short term borrowings                        | 短期借貸          | 217,848                 | 261,941  |
| Long term borrowings                         | 長期借貸          | 1,571,112               | 672,991  |
| Senior note                                  | 優先票據          | 151,461                 | —  |
| Convertible bonds                            | 可換股債券         | 1,232,463               | 1,170,351                                      |
| <b>Total borrowings</b>                      | <b>借貸總額</b>   | <b>3,172,884</b>        | <b>2,105,283</b>                               |
| Equity attributable to owners of the Company | 本公司擁有人應佔權益    | 6,559,754               | 6,622,204                                      |
| <b>Gearing ratio</b>                         | <b>資產負債比率</b> | <b>48%</b>              | <b>32%</b>                                     |

### 43. Comparative Amounts

As further explained in note 4 to the financial statements, retrospective adjustment arising from prior year provisional accounting was made, and certain items and balances in prior year financial statements and explanatory notes have been restated.

### 42. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 資本管理(續)

本集團採用資產負債比率監控資本，有關比率乃以借貸總額除以本公司擁有人應佔權益得出。借貸總額包括計息銀行及其他貸款及可換股債券。於報告期間末，本集團之資產負債比率如下：

### 43. 比較金額

誠如財務報表附註4所進一步解釋，已對上一年度暫定金額作出追溯調整，而上一年度財務報表及解釋附註的若干項目及結餘已予重列。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 44. Statement of Financial Position of the Company

### 44. 本公司財務狀況表

|   |                     | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| <b>NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>                             | <b>非流動資產</b>        |                         |                         |
| Investment properties                                 | 投資物業                | <b>113,611</b>          | 109,844                 |
| Property, plant and equipment                         | 物業、廠房及設備            | <b>34,594</b>           | 34,577                  |
| Unlisted investments in subsidiaries                  | 投資於非上市附屬公司          | <b>675,433</b>          | 675,433                 |
| Amounts due from subsidiaries                         | 應收附屬公司款             | <b>3,861,001</b>        | 3,428,416               |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產 | <b>2,780</b>            | 2,780                   |
| Loan receivables                                      | 應收貸款                | —                       | 160,896                 |
| <b>Total non-current assets</b>                       | <b>非流動資產總值</b>      | <b>4,687,419</b>        | 4,411,946               |
| <b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>                                 | <b>流動資產</b>         |                         |                         |
| Deposits, prepayments and other receivables           | 按金、預付款及其他應收款        | <b>24,672</b>           | 38,916                  |
| Amounts due from subsidiaries                         | 應收附屬公司款             | <b>326,458</b>          | 523,649                 |
| Amount due from an associate                          | 應收一家聯營公司款           | <b>10,410</b>           | 10,410                  |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產 | <b>11,870</b>           | 15,975                  |
| Loan receivables                                      | 應收貸款                | <b>494,980</b>          | 378,634                 |
| Cash and bank balances                                | 現金及銀行結餘             | <b>57,583</b>           | 45,877                  |
| Derivative financial instruments                      | 衍生金融工具              | <b>37,483</b>           | —                       |
| <b>Total current assets</b>                           | <b>流動資產總值</b>       | <b>963,456</b>          | 1,013,461               |
| <b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>                            | <b>流動負債</b>         |                         |                         |
| Accrued charges, rental deposits and other payables   | 應計費用、租務按金及其他應付款     | <b>73,664</b>           | 60,241                  |
| Amounts due to subsidiaries                           | 應付附屬公司款             | <b>145,811</b>          | 49,002                  |
| Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings            | 計息銀行及其他貸款           | <b>151,461</b>          | 130,000                 |
| Derivative financial instruments                      | 衍生金融工具              | —                       | 2,147                   |
| <b>Total current liabilities</b>                      | <b>流動負債總額</b>       | <b>370,936</b>          | 241,390                 |



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 44. Statement of Financial Position of the Company (Continued)

### 44. 本公司財務狀況表(續)

|   |            | 2020<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2019<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| <b>NET CURRENT ASSETS</b>                           | 淨流動資產      | <b>592,520</b>          | 772,071                 |
| <b>TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>        | 資產總值減流動負債  | <b>5,279,939</b>        | 5,184,017               |
| <b>NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>                      | 非流動負債      |                         |                         |
| Deferred tax liabilities                            | 遞延稅項負債     | <b>8,863</b>            | 8,863                   |
| Convertible bonds                                   | 可換股債券      | <b>1,232,463</b>        | 1,170,351               |
| Total non-current liabilities                       | 非流動負債總額    | <b>1,241,326</b>        | 1,179,214               |
| Net assets  | 淨資產        | <b>4,038,613</b>        | 4,004,803               |
| <b>EQUITY</b>                                       | 股本         |                         |                         |
| <b>Equity attributable to owners of the Company</b> | 本公司擁有人應佔權益 |                         |                         |
| Share capital                                       | 股本         | <b>3,626,781</b>        | 3,626,781               |
| Reserves  | 儲備         | <b>411,832</b>          | 378,022                 |
| Total equity  | 股本總值       | <b>4,038,613</b>        | 4,004,803               |

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 29 March 2021 and are signed on its behalf.

經由董事會於2021年3月29日認可及授權發行並經下列授權代表簽署確認：

**Huang Jiajue**  
黃佳爵  
Director 董事

**Luo Zhihai**  
羅智海  
Director 董事

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

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截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 44. Statement of Financial Position of the Company (Continued)

Note:

A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

|   |                            | <b>Asset<br/>revaluation<br/>reserve</b> | <b>Retained<br/>profits</b> | <b>Total</b>   |
|---|----------------------------|--|-----------------------------|----------------|
|   |                            | 資產重估儲備                                   | 保留盈利                        | 合計             |
|   |                            | HK\$'000                                 | HK\$'000                    | HK\$'000       |
|   |                            | 千港元                                      | 千港元                         | 千港元            |
| At 1 January 2019                                 | 於2019年1月1日                 | 90,553                                   | 419,337                     | 509,890        |
| Loss for the year                                 | 年內虧損                       | —  | (132,461)                   | (132,461)      |
| Other comprehensive income<br>for the year        | 年內其他全面收入                   | 593                                      | —                           | 593            |
| Total comprehensive income/(loss)<br>for the year | 年內全面收入／(虧損)<br>總額          | 593                                      | (132,461)                   | (131,868)      |
| At 31 December 2019 and<br>1 January 2020         | 於2019年12月31日及<br>2020年1月1日 | <b>91,146</b>                            | <b>286,876</b>              | <b>378,022</b> |
| Profit for the year                               | 年內溢利                       | —  | <b>32,124</b>               | <b>32,124</b>  |
| Other comprehensive income<br>for the year        | 年內其他全面收入                   | <b>1,686</b>                             | —                           | <b>1,686</b>   |
| Total comprehensive income<br>for the year        | 年內全面收入總額                   | <b>1,686</b>                             | <b>32,124</b>               | <b>33,810</b>  |
| At 31 December 2020                               | 於2020年12月31日               | <b>92,832</b>                            | <b>319,000</b>              | <b>411,832</b> |

### 44. 本公司財務狀況表(續)

附註：

本公司儲備概述如下：

### 45. Approval of the Financial Statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors of the Company on 29 March 2021.

### 45. 批准財務報表

財務報表由本公司董事會於2021年3月29日批准及授權刊發。

# FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務概要

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

|  |                   | Year ended 31 December<br>截至12月31日止年度 |                              |   |   | 2020<br>HK\$ Million<br>百萬港元 |
|--|-------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|---|---|------------------------------|
|  |                   | 2016<br>HK\$ Million<br>百萬港元          | 2017<br>HK\$ Million<br>百萬港元 | 2018<br>(Restated)<br>(經重列)<br>HK\$ Million<br>百萬港元<br>(Note)<br>(附註) | 2019<br>(Restated)<br>(經重列)<br>HK\$ Million<br>百萬港元 |                              |
| <b>Results</b>   | <b>業績</b>         |                                       |                              |   |   |                              |
| Revenue  | 收入                | 426.8                                 | 929.2                        | 105.6   | 107.6   | <b>89.1</b>                  |
| Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to owners of the Company | 本公司擁有人應佔年內溢利/(虧損) | (35.1)                                | 260.2                        | (49.4)  | 2.5   | <b>317.6</b>                 |

|   |                     | Year ended 31 December<br>截至12月31日止年度 |                              |  |   | 2020<br>HK\$ Million<br>百萬港元 |
|---|---------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|---|------------------------------|
|   |                     | 2016<br>HK\$ Million<br>百萬港元          | 2017<br>HK\$ Million<br>百萬港元 | 2018<br>HK\$ Million<br>百萬港元<br>(Note)<br>(附註) | 2019<br>(Restated)<br>(經重列)<br>HK\$ Million<br>百萬港元 |                              |
| <b>Assets and liabilities</b>                           | <b>資產及負債</b>        |                                       |                              |  |   |                              |
| Investment properties and property, plant and equipment | 投資物業及物業、廠房及設備       | 6,100.5                               | 6,502.1                      | 6,306.0  | 2,800.2   | <b>2,875.2</b>               |
| Land use rights   | 土地使用權               | 182.5                                 | 192.0                        | 178.4  | —   | —                            |
| Goodwill  | 商譽                  | 46.5                                  | 39.5                         | 39.5   | —   | —                            |
| Structured finance securities                           | 結構性金融證券             | 6.8                                   | 7.0                          | —  | —   | —                            |
| Right-of-use assets                                     | 使用權資產               | —                                     | —                            | —  | —   | <b>54.2</b>                  |
| Interests in associates                                 | 聯營公司權益              | 865.0                                 | 1,334.6                      | 1,335.1  | 77.1  | <b>85.6</b>                  |
| Interests in a joint venture                            | 一家合營企業權益            | —                                     | —                            | —  | 3,128.9   | <b>3,033.4</b>               |
| Financial assets at fair value though profit or loss    | 以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產 |                                       |                              |  |   |                              |
| — non-current   | — 非流動               | —                                     | —                            | 228.8  | 2.8   | <b>2.8</b>                   |
| Available-for-sale investments                          | 可供出售投資              | 288.9                                 | 300.7                        | —  | —   | —                            |
| Amount due from a joint venture                         | 應收一家合營企業款           |                                       |                              |  |   |                              |
| — non-current   | — 非流動               | —                                     | —                            | —  | 1,165.0   | <b>969.9</b>                 |
| Loan receivables — non-current                          | 應收貸款 — 非流動          | —                                     | 223.0                        | 277.5  | 160.9   | <b>231.9</b>                 |
| Net current assets                                      | 淨流動資產               | 802.1                                 | 111.9                        | 691.2  | 2,285.0   | <b>3,221.1</b>               |
|   |                     | 8,292.3                               | 8,710.8                      | 9,056.5  | 9,619.9   | <b>10,474.1</b>              |
| Share capital   | 股本                  | 3,626.8                               | 3,626.8                      | 3,626.8  | 3,626.8   | <b>3,626.8</b>               |
| Reserves  | 儲備                  | 2,730.3                               | 3,476.6                      | 3,122.0  | 2,995.4   | <b>2,933.0</b>               |
| Equity attributable to owners of the Company            | 本公司擁有人應佔股本          | 6,357.1                               | 7,103.4                      | 6,748.8  | 6,622.2   | <b>6,559.8</b>               |
| Non-controlling interests                               | 非控制權益               | 233.7                                 | 385.1                        | 854.4  | 902.1   | <b>824.2</b>                 |
| Non-current liabilities                                 | 非流動負債               | 1,701.5                               | 1,222.3                      | 1,453.3  | 2,095.3   | <b>3,090.1</b>               |
|   |                     | 8,292.3                               | 8,710.8                      | 9,056.5  | 9,619.6   | <b>10,474.1</b>              |

## FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務概要

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

*Note:* In Year 2018, the Group has applied HKFRS 15, HKFRS 9 and other amendments to HKFRSs (see note 2 of the notes to the consolidated financial statements section for the summary of the corresponding financial impact). Accordingly, certain comparative information for the years ended 31 December, 2016 and 2017 may not be comparable to the years ended 31 December, 2018 and 2019 as such comparative information was prepared under HKAS 18, HKAS 11 and HKAS39. Accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 15 and HKFRS 9 are disclosed in the “Significant Accounting Judgements and Estimates” Section.

*附註：* 於2018年度，本集團應用香港財務報告準則第15號，香港財務報告準則第9號及香港財務報告準則其他修訂（見綜合財務報表附註內附註2載列對應財務影響概要）。因此，截至2016年及2017年12月31日若干比較資料可能未能與截至2018年及2019年12月31日作出比較，因之前比較資料以香港會計準則18號、香港會計準則11號及香港會計準則39號入賬。應用香港財務報告準則第15號及香港財務報告準則第9號會計政策的結果已披露於「重要會計判斷及估計」一文內。

## SUMMARY OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES 投資物業概要

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

The following is a list of the Group's investment properties at 31 December 2020:

下列為本集團於2020年12月31日的投資物業清單：

### Investment properties in the PRC

### 位於中國之投資物業

| Location<br>地點  | Lease term<br>租約期限      | Purpose<br>用途     | Gross area<br>建築面積<br>Sq. ft.<br>平方呎 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. Basement 1, Basement 2, Level 0 and Level 1 to 3 of East Gate Plaza, 19 Dongzhong Street, Dongcheng District, Beijing, The PRC<br>中國北京城區東中街19號東環廣場地庫1層、地庫2層、夾層及1層至3層   | Medium term lease<br>中期 | Commercial<br>商業  | 700,427                              |
| 2. Level 4 to 31 of South Apartment Tower (including 401, 402, 403, 405, 406, 407, 408, 501, 502, 503, 505, 506, 507, 508, 30/F and 31/F), East Gate Plaza, 39 Dongzhong Street, Dongcheng District, Beijing, The PRC<br>中國北京市東城區東中街39號東環廣場南座公寓樓第4至31層(包括401, 402, 403, 405, 406, 407, 408, 501, 502, 503, 505, 506, 507, 508, 30樓及31樓) | Long lease<br>長期        | Residential<br>住宅 | 31,171                               |
| 3. Level 4 to 31, North Apartment Tower, East Gate Plaza, 19 Dongzhong Street, Dongcheng District, Beijing, The PRC<br>中國北京市東城區東中街19號東環廣場北座公寓樓第4至31層  | Long lease<br>長期        | Residential<br>住宅 | 339,993                              |
| 4. Portion of Level 2-5, 6 and 8 of Hua Po Lou, No. 28 Dong Zhong Jie Jia, Dongcheng District, Beijing, The PRC (Note)<br>中國北京市東城區東中街甲28號華波樓第2至5、6及8層部分(附註)   | Medium term lease<br>中期 | Commercial<br>商業  | 10,540                               |

Note: The legal titles of the properties have not been passed to the Group at 31 December 2020.

附註：此等物業之產權於2020年12月31日尚未過戶予本集團。

### Investment properties in the Hong Kong

### 位於香港之投資物業

| Location<br>地點   | Lease term<br>租約期限 | Purpose<br>用途     | Gross area<br>建築面積<br>Sq. ft.<br>平方呎 |
|--|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Flat B, 9 Floor, 6A Bowen Road, Hong Kong<br>香港寶雲道6A9樓B室 | Long lease<br>長期   | Residential<br>住宅 | 3,007                                |



SILVER GRANT INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS  
GROUP LIMITED

銀建國際控股集團有限公司  
(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)  
(於香港註冊成立之有限公司)  
股份代號 Stock code: 171

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