

CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Chen Chengshou (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Feng Cizhao

Mr. Pu Wei

Non-Executive Directors

Ms. Gao Qiaoqin

Mr. Chou Chiu Ho

Mr. Choi Clifford Wai Hong (appointed on 16 April 2021)

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Fong Wo, Felix

Mr. Lo Wa Kei, Roy

Mr. Gu Jiong

Mr. Chu Kin Wang Peleus (appointed on 16 April 2021)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Lo Wa Kei, Roy (Chairman)

Mr. Gu Jiong

Mr. Fong Wo, Felix

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Gu Jiong (Chairman)

Mr. Fong Wo, Felix

Mr. Lo Wa Kei, Roy

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chen Chengshou (Chairman)

Mr. Fong Wo, Felix

Mr. Gu Jiong

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Chou Chiu Ho

Mr. Kam Chun Ying Francis

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Kam Chun Ying Francis

REGISTERED OFFICE

Windward 3, Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350

Grand Cayman KY1-1108

Cayman Islands

HEADQUARTERS IN THE PRC

Block I, 5th Floor Hengli Building

No. 5 Huang Long Road, Hangzhou

Zhejiang Province, the PRC

董事

執行董事

陳承守先生(主席兼行政總裁)

豐慈招先生

浦巍先生

非執行董事

高巧琴女士

周昭何先生

蔡偉康先生(於二零二一年四月十六日獲委任)

獨立非執行董事

方和先生

盧華基先生

顧炯先生

朱健宏先生(於二零二一年四月十六日獲委任)

審核委員會

盧華基先生(主席)

顧炯先生

方和先生

薪酬委員會

顧炯先生(主席)

方和先生

盧華基先生

提名委員會

陳承守先生(主席)

方和先生

顧炯先生

授權代表

周昭何先生

甘俊英先生

公司秘書

甘俊英先生

註冊辦事處

Windward 3, Regatta Office Park

PO Box 1350

Grand Cayman KY1-1108

Cayman Islands

中國總部

中國浙江省

杭州市黃龍路5號

恒勵大廈

5樓I座



CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit B, 17/F., United Centre 95 Queensway, Admiralty Hong Kong

COMPANY'S WEBSITE ADDRESS

http://www.xinm.com.cn

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Limited Windward 3, Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China, Tengzhou Branch Agricultural Bank of China, Branch of Datong Road, Tengzhou China Construction Bank, Branch of Datong Road, Tengzhou Agricultural Bank of China, Taizhou Jiazhi Branch Taizhou Bank, Hongjia Branch

AUDITOR

Mazars CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants

LEGAL ADVISER TO THE COMPANY

Jingtian & Gongcheng LLP

LISTING INFORMATION

The Company's ordinary shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (Stock Code: 02699)

香港主要營業地點

香港 金鐘金鐘道95號統一中心 17樓B室

公司網址

http://www.xinm.com.cn

股份過戶登記總處

Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Limited Windward 3, Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

主要往來銀行

中國工商銀行滕州支行 中國農業銀行滕州市大同路支行 中國建設銀行滕州市大同路分理處 中國農業銀行台州葭芷支行 台州銀行洪家支行

核數師

中審眾環(香港)會計師事務所有限公司執業會計師

本公司法律顧問

競天公誠律師事務所

上市資料

本公司普通股於香港聯合交易所有限公司 主板上市 (股份代號:02699)

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告書

To all shareholders,

I hereby announce the annual results of Xinming China Holdings Company (the "Company" or "Xinming China"), for the year ended 31 December 2020 (the "Year under Review"), on behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Director") of the Company.

During the Year under Review, total revenue of the Company (together with its subsidiaries, the "Group") amounted to approximately RMB128.5 million, representing a decrease of approximately 21.3% from approximately RMB163.3 million for the corresponding period of last year. The loss attributable to shareholders of the Company amounted to approximately RMB1,000.8 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB883.8 million from a loss of approximately RMB117.0 million for the corresponding period of last year, due to the novel coronavirus pandemic ("COVID-19"), which led to a decrease in overall property sales, together with a loss of approximately RMB475.1 million in aggregate on the fair value of investment properties, properties under development and completed properties held for sale caused by the negative market impacts from the COVID-19 this year, interest penalty and provision for liquidated damages of approximately RMB305.0 million relating to certain defaulted borrowings pursuant to the contractual terms, as well as provision for impairment of certain trade and other receivables and provision for commercial contract compensation.

During the Year under Review, loss per share was approximately RMB0.533 (31 December 2019: loss per share amounted to approximately RMB0.062). As at 31 December 2020, the total assets of the Group amounted to approximately RMB6,422.2 million (31 December 2019: approximately RMB6,743.5 million); total liabilities were approximately RMB5,558.2 million (31 December 2019: approximately RMB4,763.5 million); total equity was approximately RMB864.1 million (31 December 2019: approximately RMB1,980.0 million); and net asset value per share was approximately RMB0.46 (31 December 2019: approximately RMB1.05).

致各位股東:

本人謹代表新明中國控股有限公司(「本公司」或「新明中國」)董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」) 欣然宣佈本公司截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度(「回顧年度」)之全年業績。

於回顧年度,每股虧損約人民幣0.533元(二零一九年十二月三十一日:每股虧損約人民幣0.062元)。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團資產總值約人民幣6,422.2百萬元(二零一九年十二月三十一日:約人民幣6,743.5百萬元);負債總值約人民幣5,558.2百萬元(二零一九年十二月三十一日:約人民幣4,763.5百萬元;權益總值約人民幣864.1百萬元(二零一九年十二月三十一日:約人民幣1,980.0百萬元);每股資產淨值約人民幣0.46元(二零一九年十二月三十一日:約人民幣1.05元)。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告書

Due to the sudden outbreak of the COVID-19 in 2020, the PRC economic growth rate slowed down. A variety of city lockdown and community lockdown measures against the COVID-19 in the year also affected the public consumption and investment willingness, which in turn influenced the sales market of commercial properties in China with a year-on-year decrease in both the Gloss Floor Area ("GFA") sold and sales thereof for the whole year. In the same year, with the successive introduction of policies on housing regulation. the bank loan policies caused certain uncertainties on loan extension and refinancing conditions during the transition period. The business deployment and de-stocking plan made by Xinming China at the beginning of the year also lagged behind due to this force majeure. Despite this, the Board actively made strategic adjustments and was determined to cope with the going concern issue with practical actions. During the year, the Board found a potential investor and made a relevant announcement. Our transactions were not completed as various objective conditions had not been met, but with the support of financial capital provided by such potential investor, we procured the first batch of presale of the residential section of Shandong Tengzhou Xingmeng International Commercial City (the "Shandong Project") by the reporting date.

受二零二零年疫情突襲,中國的經濟增速也 因此放緩,年內各種對抗疫情的封城及封區 措施也影響了民眾的消費及投資意欲,連帶 影響了中國商用房銷情,全年銷售面積及金 額均比上年下降。同年房屋調控有關的政策 陸續出台,也促使銀行貸款政策在過渡階段 施行下導致貸款延期及再融資的條件存在一 定的不確定性。新明中國年初擬定的業務部 署及去化計劃也受此不可抗力有所滯后。縱 然如此,董事會也積極調整戰略及以實際行 動解決持續經營問題的決心,本年覓得一名 潛在投資者並作出相關公告,雖然交易因各 種客觀條件仍未滿足而未完成交割,但藉著 該潛在投資者給予財務資金的支持下,促成 了山東滕州興盟國際商城(「山東項目」)住宅 部份於報告日內完成了首批預售。

During the Year under Review, the Group recorded property sales of approximately RMB69.8 million, representing a decrease of approximately 29.9% as compared to the same period of last year, which was mainly attributable to the COVID-19 this year, which led to poor property sales in general and a year-on-year decrease in average selling price of each project, as well as the fact that Hangzhou Xinming • Children's World project with a higher average selling price continued to sell the remaining inventory in the Year under Review, which led to a further decrease in its sales proportion.

於回顧年度,本集團錄得物業銷售額約人民幣69.8百萬元,較去年同期減少約29.9%,主要是本年受疫情影響導致整體物業銷售疲弱,各項目錄得的平均售價皆比上年下降,同時較高平均售價的杭州新明•兒童世界項目於回顧年度繼續出售餘下的存貨,銷售比重進一步下降所致。

During the Year under Review, the Group delivered GFA of approximately 12,426.6 sq.m., which remained flat against last year. As at 31 December 2020, the property portfolio of the Group comprised 16 property development projects in various cities in the PRC. These projects were at different stages of development, with an aggregate GFA of approximately 2,237,825 sq.m., of which, approximately 1,702,444 sq.m. of the GFA was completed, approximately 55,145 sq.m. of the GFA was under development and approximately 480,236 sq.m. of the GFA was held for future development.

於回顧年度,本集團所交付面積約12,426.6平方米,與上年持平。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團的物業組合包括位於中國不同城市的16個物業開發項目。這些項目處於不同開發階段,總建築面積約2,237,825平方米,其中約1,702,444平方米的建築面積已竣工,約55,145平方米的建築面積仍在開發中,約480,236平方米的建築面積持作未來開發。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告書

PROSPECTS AND DEVELOPMENT STRATEGIES

Looking ahead in 2021, the PRC government will gradually implement vaccination nationwide. With the effective implementation of normalized epidemic prevention and control measures, the domestic environment for promoting high-quality economic development is expected to be continuously improved. However, the State has put forward, in many occasions, that the real estate market requires a stable and healthy development by insisting on housing properties for accommodation but not for speculation, equal emphasis being placed on both property leasing and property purchase, adoption of differentiated regulatory policies for different cities and improving the policy for long-term property leasing. In the future, strict control over financial leverage under the policy on the three limits will be the guiding tune for all real estate enterprises. Moreover, with the rising financing costs of real estate enterprises and direct competition from newly-completed commercial properties in the nearby areas, the year 2021 will still be highly challenging to the Group. To this end, Xinming China will actively accelerate its destocking of completed properties while seeking various feasibility in assets revitalization, including but not limited to change of property use and sale of property in its entirety. Furthermore, the Group will negotiate with different financial institutions in respect of its outstanding borrowings, with a view to improving its liability and financial gearing conditions.

SUMMARY

Xinming China has been listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange for six years. Although we have experienced ups and downs in the industry and gone through a tough year, we still adhere to our original intention, and our employees are dedicated with a firm belief, therefore our vision to reach new heights will surely come true step by step. Moreover, we will focus on destocking and de-leveraging with all efforts, thereby creating greater value to our shareholders.

前景展望及發展策略

總結

新明中國已於聯交所主板上市六周年,經歷 過行業高低起伏,也走過了艱難的一年,但我 們依然堅守初心,各員工恪盡職守,信念堅 定,我們的願景亦必會一步一步地走得更遠。 傾力專注去存貨、降槓桿,為股東締造更大價 值。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告書

After the outbreak of COVID-19, the Group took guick response measures, including prompt establishment of a leading group to direct the prevention and control of epidemic, and active raising of disease prevention materials to ensure the effective protection of working environment of employees. We also strengthened safety training on epidemic prevention and personal protection supervision of employees, regularly disinfected, sterilised and cleaned office premises. In the future, in accordance with the unified deployment of the PRC government, the Group will actively arrange for the injection of COVID-19 vaccine for domestic employees. It is expected that in 2021, the PRC government will gradually implement free vaccination drive nationwide to ensure that the pandemic will not have large-scale import and rebound. With the effective implementation of normalized epidemic prevention and control measures, the domestic environment for promoting high-quality economic development will continue to be improved, which will help promote the stable development of the related businesses of the Company.

疫情爆發後,本集團快速作出應變措施,包括 及時成立領導小組指揮疫情防控工作,積極 籌措防疫物資,確保員工工作環境得到 等。加強防疫安全培訓和員工個人防 等,定期對辦公場所進行消毒、殺菌及清潔 等,定期對辦公場所進行消毒、殺菌及清潔 等來,按照中國政府統一部署,本集團零二年 安排為國內員工注射新冠疫苗。預期二零種 安排為國內員工注射新冠疫苗。預期二費 等。極 中國政府將逐步推行全國疫苗免彈。 對應保疫情防控措施的有效實施,國內善 常態化疫情防控措施的有效實施, 經濟高質量發展的環境將得到持續改善 將有助於促進公司相關業務回穩發展。

I would like to take this opportunity to express my heartfelt gratitude to, on behalf of the Board, extend thanks to our management and all staff members for their continuous efforts in the previous year. I would also like to thank our shareholders for their support and trust placed in us.

本人謹藉此機會,代表董事會向管理層及全 體員工在過去一年的努力不懈,以及全體股 東的支持和信賴,表示衷心和誠摯的感謝!

XINMING CHINA HOLDINGS LIMITED Chairman and Chief Executive Officer Chen Chengshou

Hangzhou, China 21 April 2021 新明中國控股有限公司 主席兼行政總裁 陳承守

中國 ● 杭州 二零二一年四月二十一日

管理層討論與分析

INDUSTRY REVIEW AND OPERATION MANAGEMENT

Looking back to the PRC real estate market in 2020, according to the data published by the National Bureau of Statistics, the GFA sold and sales of commodity properties in the PRC recorded a negative growth in the first five months as affected by the epidemic. Since the alleviation of the COVID-19 epidemic in the second half of the year, the GFA sold and sales of commodity properties for the whole year reached 1.76 billion sq.m. and RMB17.4 trillion, respectively, up by 2.6% and 8.7%, respectively, but those of commercial properties maintained a decline by over 10% for the whole year. Due to the continuously strengthened housing regulation by the Central Government, the uncertain bank loan policy resulted in loan extension and re-tightened financing channels in a state of transition.

During the year, the business environment made it more difficult for us to resolve our cash flow issues. Despite this, we were determined to improve the going concern issue of Xinming China with practical actions by exploring various methods and continuously and closely following the strategic main line of assets revitalization and liabilities reduction. As set out in the announcements of the Company dated 27 and 28 October 2020, respectively, Xinming China has obtained a loan in the sum of not more than RMB300 million from 北控城投控股集團有限公司 (BE City Investment Holding Group Limited*), part of which has been used for the construction of Shandong Project and accelerating the pre-sale of the phase 1 of Shandong Project by the reporting date. Meanwhile, the Company will actively continue to negotiate with various financial institutions to extend the repayment date or re-finance its outstanding borrowings, and will proactively seek various feasibility in assets revitalization in the future, including but not limited to change of property use and sale of property in its entirety strategy.

Meanwhile, the development concepts of industrial properties will place more weight on ecology, environmental protection, smart city, incorporating urban household, shopping gallery of fashion brands and other elements, all of which are core values of industrial properties. Xinming China will continue to develop comprehensive properties in response to the market expectation.

行業回顧及經營管理

回顧二零二零年中國房地產市場,根據國家統計局公佈資料,受疫情影響,全國商品房銷售面積及金額首五月錄得負增長。自下半年起疫情緩和,全年銷售面積及金額分別達17.6億平方米及人民幣17.4萬億元,分別增長2.6%及8.7%,但商用用房全年維持下降超過10%。中央政府繼續加強房屋調控,銀行貸款政策在過渡階段施行未確定性導致貸款延期及融資渠道再收緊。

同時,產業地產的發展理念我們將是越來越 重視生態,環保、智慧城市、融入城市家居, 及時尚品牌購物廊等元素,其均為產業地產 的核心價值。新明中國將繼續開發綜合性地 產回應市場的期許。

管理層討論與分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

During the Year under Review, the Group recorded a total revenue of approximately RMB128.5 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB34.8 million or 21.3% from approximately RMB163.3 million in 2019. The delivered sales and GFA sold were approximately RMB69.8 million and 12,426.6 sq.m., respectively, representing a decrease of approximately RMB29.8 million or approximately 29.9% from approximately RMB99.6 million and approximately 12,211.7 sq.m., respectively, in 2019. The average selling price for sales was approximately RMB5,617 per sq.m., representing a decrease of 50.0% year-on-year. Such decreases were mainly due to the weakened property sales overall as affected by the COVID-19 epidemic this year, and a further decrease in the proportion of sales from Hangzhou Project with a higher average selling price.

Loss attributable to the shareholders of the Company amounted to approximately RMB1,000.8 million, representing an increase of loss of approximately RMB883.8 million from the loss attributable to the shareholders of approximately RMB117.0 million in 2019, mainly due to COVID-19, which led to a decrease in overall property sales, together with a loss of approximately RMB475.1 million in aggregate on the fair value of investment properties, properties under development and completed properties held for sale caused by the negative market impacts from the COVID-19 this year. Furthermore, interest penalty and provision for liquidated damages of approximately RMB305.0 million relating to certain defaulted borrowings pursuant to the contractual terms, as well as provision for impairment of certain trade and other receivables and provision for commercial contract compensation. Loss per share was approximately RMB0.533 (2019: loss per share amounted to approximately RMB0.062).

During the Year under Review, the Board did not recommend payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2020.

As at 31 December 2020, total assets of the Group amounted to approximately RMB6,422.2 million (31 December 2019: approximately RMB6,743.5 million); total liabilities were approximately RMB5,558.2 million (31 December 2019: approximately RMB4,763.5 million); total equity was approximately RMB864.1 million (31 December 2019: approximately RMB1,980.0 million); and net assets per share were approximately RMB0.46 (31 December 2019: approximately RMB1.05).

業績回顧

回顧年內,本集團錄得總收入約人民幣128.5 百萬元,較二零一九年約人民幣163.3百萬元,下降約人民幣34.8百萬元或21.3%。已交付物業銷售額及建築面積分別約人民幣69.8百萬元及12,426.6平方米,較二零一九年分別約人民幣99.6百萬元及約12,211.7平方米減少約人民幣29.8百萬元或約29.9%;銷售平均告價為每平方米約人民幣5,617元,按年下降50.0%。各項指標下降主要原因是本年受疫情影響導致整體物業銷售疲弱,同時較高平均售價的杭州項目銷售比重進一步下降所致。

回顧年內董事會不建議就截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度派發末期股息。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團資產總值約人民幣6,422.2百萬元(二零一九年十二月三十一日:約人民幣6,743.5百萬元);負債總值約人民幣5,558.2百萬元(二零一九年十二月三十一日:約人民幣4,763.5百萬元;權益總值約人民幣864.1百萬元(二零一九年十二月三十一日:約人民幣1,980.0百萬元);每股淨資產約人民幣0.46元(二零一九年十二月三十一日:約人民幣1.05元)。

管理層討論與分析

PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's property portfolio consisted of 16 property development projects with an aggregate GFA of approximately 2,237,825 sq.m. under various stages of development in various cities in the PRC.

The summary of the portfolio of our property development projects as at 31 December 2020 is set out in the table below:

物業開發

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團物業組合現有16項物業開發項目,根據中國不同城市不同開發階段的總建築面積約2,237,825平方米。

下表為二零二零年十二月三十一日我們物業開發項目組合的概要:

			COMPLETED 已經竣工		UNDER DEVELOPMENT 開發中				FUTURE DEVELOPMENT 未來開發					
Project	Location	Existing use	Site area	GFA completed	Saleable GFA	Nonsaleable GFA	Saleable GFA in remaining unsold	GFA under development	Saleable GFA	Saleable GFA pre-sold	Planned GFA	Estimated date of completion	Estimated stage of completion	Equity attributable to the Group
項目	地址	目前用途	地盤面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	已 經 竣工面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	可 銷售 面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	不可銷售 面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	餘下未銷售 面積的可 銷售面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	開發中 建築面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	可銷售 建築面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	已預售 建築面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	規劃 建築面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	預計 竣工日期	預計 完工階段	本集團 所佔權益 (%) (%)
Completed 已竣工 Taizhou Xinming Peninsular 台州新明半島														
Phase 1	Xinming Peninsula, West Road, Baiyunshan, Jiaojiang District, Taizhou City	Residential, commercial												
一期	台州市椒江區白雲山西路新明半島	住宅、商用	86,667	189,387	157,005	32,382	156	_	_	-	-	-	-	100%
Phase 2 — Stage 1	Xinming Peninsula, West Road, Baiyunshan, Jiaojiang District, Taizhou City	Residential, commercial												
二期一階段	台州市椒江區白雲山西路新明半島	住宅、商用	66,600	121,498	111,723	9,775	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100%
Phase 2 — Stage 2	Xinming Peninsula, West Road, Baiyunshan, Jiaojiang District, Taizhou City	Residential, commercial												
二期二階段	台州市椒江區白雲山西路新明半島	住宅、商用	52,540	152,624	125,824	26,800	79	-	-	-	-	-	-	100%
Xinming International Household Products Mall and Exhibition Center	No. 8, North Section, Taizhou Boulevard, Jiaojiang District; No. 27 Building, No. 8, North Section, Taizhou Boulevard, Jiaojiang	Commercial												
新明國際家居生活 廣場及展示中心	District, Taizhou City 台州市椒江區台州大道北段8號、 椒江區台州大道北段8號27幢	商用	131,768	207,908	100,151	107,757	886	-	-	-	-	-	-	100%
Xinming Lijiang Garden	Xinming Lijiang Garden, No.8, North Section, Taizhou Boulevard, Jiaojiang District, Taizhou City	Residential, commercial												
新明麗江苑	台州市椒江區台州大道北段8號 新明麗江苑	住宅、商用	63,431	210,988	177,466	33,522	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	100%
Wenshang Times • Red Star Macalline Household Products Market	No. 1990, East Ring Boulevard, Jiaojiang District, Taizhou City	Commercial												
Market 温商時代 一 紅星美凱龍 家居市場	台州市椒江區東環大道1990號	商用	11,000	67,239	_	67,239	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	100%
Wenshang Times • Xinming Household Decorations and	No. 1990, East Ring Boulevard, Jiaojiang District, Taizhou City (Xinming Household Decorations	Commercial												
Fittings City 温商時代 — 新明飾品城	and Fittings City) 台州市椒江區東環大道1990號 (新明飾品城)	商用	44,871	67,251	44,415	22,836	22,734	-	-	-	-	-	-	100%
Wenshang Times •	No. 1990-1, East Ring Boulevard,	Residential												
Xinming Apartment 温商時代 — 新明公館	Jiaojiang District, Taizhou City 台州市椒江區東環大道1990-1號	住宅	10,263	39,941	35,605	4,336	1,227	-	-	-	-	-	-	100%
Shandong Xingmeng International Commercial City	Xingmeng International Commercial City, Wulitunzhuanpan, Tengzhou City, Shandong Province	Commercial												
山東興盟國際商業城	山東省滕州市五裡屯轉盤興盟國際 商城	商用	37,814	62,664	60,288	2,376	53,608	-	-	-	-	-	_	75%

管理層討論與分析

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Project	Location	Existing use	Site area	GFA completed	Saleable GFA	Nonsaleable GFA	Saleable GFA in remaining unsold 餘下未銷售	GFA under development	Saleable GFA	Saleable GFA pre-sold	Planned GFA	Estimated date of completion	Estimated stage of completion	Equity attributable to the Group
項目	地址	目前用途	地盤面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	已 經 竣工面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	可銷售 面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	不可銷售 面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	断下不朝旨 面積的可 銷售面積 (Sq.m.) (平方米)	開發中 建築面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	可銷售 建築面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	已預售 建築面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	規劃 建築面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	預計 竣工日期	預計 完工階段	本集團 所佔權益 (%) (%)
Shanghai Xinming Children's World	No. 699, Liuxiang Road, Nanxiang Town, Jiading District, Shanghai Municipality	Commercial												
上海新明兒童世界	上海市嘉定區南翔鎮瀏翔公路699號	商用	39,720	186,904	138,179	48,725	47,488	-	-	_	-	-	_	79%
Hangzhou Xinming Children's World	No. 698, Xiaohe Road, Gongshu District, Hangzhou	Commercial												
杭州新明兒童世界	杭州市拱墅區 小河路698號	商用	30,499	147,754	147,754	-	32,863	-	-	-	-	-	-	100%
Under Development 開發中														
China South-western City Phase 1	Distribution Center, China South-western City, No. 229, Five Star Avenue, Dazu District, Chongging	Commercial												
中國西南城一期	重慶大足區五星大道229號中國西南 城行銷中心	商用	175,531	248,286	170,862	77,424	14,307	25,516	-	-	-	_	100%	95%
Shandong Xingmeng International Commercial City	Xingmeng International Commercial City, Wulitunzhuanpan, Tengzhou City, Shandong Province	Commercial												
山東興盟國際商業城	山東省滕州市五裡屯轉盤興盟國際 商城	商用	23,200	-	_	_	_	29,629	26,176	10,112	-	-	100%	75%
Future Development														
未來開發 Shandong Xingmeng International Commercial City	Xingmeng International Commercial City, Wulitunzhuanpan, Tengzhou	Commercial												
山東興盟國際商業城	City, Shandong Province 山東省滕州市五裡屯轉盤與盟國際 商城	商用	78,171	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	179,080	N/A 不適用	-	75%
China South-western City Phase 2	Distribution Center, China South-western City, No. 229, Five Star Avenue, Dazu District,	Residential												
中國西南城二期	Chongqing 重慶大足區五星大道229號中國西南 城行銷中心	住宅	44,321	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	110,803	N/A 不適用	-	95%
China South-western City Phase 3	Distribution Center, China South-western City, No. 229, Five Star Avenue, Dazu District,	Residential												
中國西南城三期	Chongqing 重慶大足區五星大道229號中國西南 城行銷中心	住宅	20,569	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	51,423	N/A 不適用	-	95%
China South-western City Phase 3	Distribution Center, China South-western City, No. 229, Five Star Avenue, Dazu District,	Commercial												
中國西南城三期#	Chongqing 重慶大足區五星大道229號中國西南 城行銷中心	商用	92,620	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	138,930	N/A 不適用	-	95%
Total 總計			1,009,585	1,702,444	1,269,272	433,172	173,390	55,145	26,176	10,112	480,236			

管理層討論與分析

PROPERTY SALES

During the Year under Review, the Group recorded property sales of approximately RMB69.8 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB29.8 million or approximately 29.9% as compared to approximately RMB99.6 million in 2019. Total GFA delivered during the Year under Review was approximately 12.426.6 sq.m. as stable as that in 2019. Property sales remained the major revenue source of the Group, but declined for whole year as affected by weak investments and suspension on merchandising due to the COVID-19 epidemic, finally representing approximately 54.3% of the Group's total revenue. Property sales decreased overall during the Year under Review, mainly due to the prolonged weak investment sentiments in the commercial property market caused by the COVID-19 epidemic and continuously strengthened housing regulation by the local governments in the first half of the year, as well as the intense business competition as a result of various real estate enterprises' increased efforts on promotional price-cut exercises upon the release of the policies on the three limits. In this regard, the Group has actively made business adjustments and explored the use of each project, including but not limited to change of property use and sale of property in its entirety strategy. Such measures, however, have not yet contributed to our revenue for the Year under Review.

物業銷售

回顧年內,本集團錄得物業銷售收入約人民 幣69.8百萬元,較二零一九年約人民幣99.6百 萬元減少約人民幣29.8百萬元或約29.9%。回 顧年內交付物業銷售建築面積約12,426.6平方 米,較二零一九年相比持平。物業銷售仍為本 集團主要的收入來源但受疫情投資疲弱及招 商停頓影響,銷售金額全年下滑,佔本集團總 收入約54.3%。回顧年內,整體物業銷售減少 主要上半年受疫情影響以及各地方政府繼續 加強房屋調控,導致市場商用房投資氣氛持 續疲弱,同時三道紅線相關政策出台後加劇 了各房地產企業減價促銷的誘因,業務經營 競爭激烈。本集團已積極進行業務調整並探 索各個項目用途,包括但不限於變更房產用 途及整棟房產出售策略,但暫未能對回顧年 度收入有所貢獻。

管理層討論與分析

The following table summarizes the property projects of the Group sold during the Year under Review:

下表載列於回顧年度本集團物業銷售項目概要:

Location 位置	GFA sold 銷售建築面積 (sq.m.)	Income 收入 (RMB in million)	Average selling price 平均售價 (RMB/sq.m.)
	(半方米)	(人民幣百萬元)	(人民幣/平方米)
Taizhou			
台州	2,727.0	5.3	1,943.5
Taizhou			
	35.9	_	1,167.6
	34.4	_	1,220.0
	0.504.0	0.4.0	50444
	3,594.8	21.3	5,911.4
	_	_	_
	2 272 5	20.4	8,784.5
	3,372.3	27.0	0,704.3
	1 007 1	7.8	7,788.9
1/6/11	1,007.1	7.0	7,700.7
Chongaing			
	895.6	3.7	4,123.9
	0,010	0.7	., .20.7
Tengzhou			
滕州	759.3	2.1	2,764.0
			·
	12,426.6	69.8	5,617.0
	位置 Taizhou 台州 Taizhou 台州 Taizhou 台州 Taizhou 台州 Taizhou 台州 Changhai 上海 Hangzhou 杭州 Chongqing 重慶 Tengzhou	位置 銷售建築面積 (sq.m.) (平方米) Taizhou 台州 2,727.0 Taizhou 台州 35.9 Taizhou 台州 34.4 Taizhou 台州 3,594.8 Taizhou 台州 3,594.8 Taizhou 台州 3,372.5 Hangzhou 杭州 1,007.1 Chongqing 重慶 895.6 Tengzhou 滕州 759.3	位置

PROPERTY LEASING

The Group carries out property leasing business through leasing its commercial properties held for investment and leasing the sold commercial properties leased back from third parties by the Group. As at 31 December 2020, the actual area leased out was approximately 194,887.2 sq.m., representing approximately 77.6% of the Group's total investment properties held-for-lease and the sold commercial properties leased back from third party purchasers.

物業和賃

本集團通過出租我們持作投資的商業物業及出租本集團向第三方買家回租的已售商業物業,從事物業租賃業務。截至二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團持作出租用途的投資物業以及透過第三方買家回租已出售的商業物業的實際租賃面積約為194,887.2平方米,佔全部持作出租用途的投資物業及透過第三方買家回租的已售商業物業約77.6%。

管理層討論與分析

During the Year under Review, the rental income was approximately RMB58.8 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB4.9 million or 7.7% as compared to approximately RMB63.7 million in 2019. This was mainly due to a decrease in overall average occupancy rate resulting from the weakening business environment in each sector caused by the COVID-19 epidemic in the first half of the year. To mitigate the loss of tenants caused by the COVID-19 epidemic, the Group granted preferential policy of rent exemption period to part of the new and existing tenants during the year. Therefore, the rent income recorded a larger decrease than the average occupancy rate.

回顧年內,租金收入約人民幣58.8百萬元,較二零一九年約人民幣63.7百萬元,減少約人民幣4.9百萬元或7.7%,主要由於受上半年疫情影響,導致各行業營商還境變差引致整體平均租用率下降。為緩和疫情影響導致租客流失的情況,本集團於年內給予部分新舊租戶免租期優惠政策,因此租金收入下降幅度比平均租用率下降幅度較大。

The following table summarizes the commercial properties held by the Group for investment during the Year under Review: 下表載列於回顧年度本集團持作投資的商業 物業概要:

As at 31 December 2020 於二零二零年十二月三十一日

	л\ — -	4 — 4 I I — 71 — I	н		
	Total GFA 總建築面積 (sq.m.)	Leasable area 可租賃面積 (sq.m.)	Leased area 已租賃面積 (sq.m.)	Average occupancy rate 平均租用率 (%)	Rental income for the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度的 租金收入 RMB (million) 人民幣
	(平方米)	(平方米)	(平方米)	(%)	(百萬元)
Commercial investment properties for rental purpose 作出租用途的商業投資物業 (1) No. 1990, East Ring Boulevard, Jiaojiang District, Taizhou City					
(1) 台州市椒江區東環大道1990號 (2) No. 8, North Section, Taizhou Boulevard, Jiaojiang District, Taizhou City	67,239.46	64,450.00	56,716.00	88.0%	28.7
(2) 台州市椒江區台州大道北段8號 (3) China South-western City, No. 229, Five Star Avenue, Dazu District, Chongqing	101,163.31	62,163.36	60,920.09	98.0%	10.4
(3) 重慶大足區五星大道229號中國西南城 (4) No. 1990, East Ring Boulevard, Jiaojiang District, Taizhou City	62,281.82	43,737.35	31,053.52	71.0%	12.4
(4) 台州市椒江區東環大道1990號	44,414.71	24,536.47	18,637.73	76.0%	6.2

Note: All properties were located in the PRC, and were held under medium term lease.

附註: 所有物業均位於中國,並按中期租賃持有。

管理層討論與分析

LAND RESERVES

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's property portfolio consisted of 16 property development projects located in a number of cities throughout China. These projects were at various stages of development, with total GFA amounting to approximately 997,759 sq.m., of which approximately 462,378 sq.m. was completed, approximately 55,145 sq.m. was under development, and approximately 480,236 sq.m. was held for future development.

The following table summarizes the Group's land reserves by geographical location as at 31 December 2020:

土地儲備

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團的物業組合包括位於中國不同城市的16個物業開發項目,這些項目處於不同開發階段,總建築面積約997,759平方米,其中約462,378平方米的建築面積已竣工,約55,145平方米的建築面積正在開發中,另約480,236平方米的建築面積持作未來開發。

下表載列於二零二零年十二月三十一日本集團按地理位置劃分的土地儲備概要:

Location 地點	Saleable GFA in remaining unsold/GFA held for investment 餘下未售出的 可銷售建築 面積/持作 投資建築面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	GFA under development 開發中的 建築面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	Planned GFA for future development 未來開發的 規劃建築面積 (SQ.M.) (平方米)	Total land reserve 總土地儲備 (sq.m.) (平方米)	Proportion to the total land reserve 佔總土地 儲備的百分百 (%) (%)
Taizhou					
台州 Shanghai	193,527	_	_	193,527	19.4%
上海 Chongqing	96,214	_	_	96,214	9.6%
重慶 Tengzhou	86,167	25,516	301,156	412,839	41.4%
滕州 Hangzhou	53,608	29,629	179,080	262,317	26.3%
杭州	32,862			32,862	3.3%
Total					
總計	462,378	55,145	480,236	997,759	100.0%

管理層討論與分析

PROSPECTS

Looking ahead in 2021, the PRC government will gradually implement vaccination nationwide. With the effective implementation of normalized epidemic prevention and control measures, the domestic environment for promoting high-quality economic development is expected to be continuously improved. However, the State has put forward, in many occasions, that the real estate market requires a stable and healthy development by insisting on housing properties for accommodation but not for speculation, equal emphasis being placed on both property leasing and property purchase, adoption of differentiated regulatory policies for different cities and improving the policy for long-term property leasing. In the future, strict control over financial leverage under the policy on the three limits will be the guiding tune for all real estate enterprises. Moreover, with the rising financing costs of real estate enterprises and direct competition from newly-completed commercial properties in the nearby areas, the year 2021 will still be highly challenging to the Group. To this end, Xinming China will actively accelerate its de-stocking of completed properties while seeking various feasibility in assets revitalization, including but not limited to change of property use and sale of property in its entirety. Furthermore, the Group will negotiate with different financial institutions in respect of its outstanding borrowings, with a view to improving its liability and financial gearing conditions.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

The Group's revenue is primarily generated from property sales and property leasing services, which contributed approximately 54.3% and 45.7%, respectively, to the revenue for 2020 during the Year under Review of approximately RMB128.5 million. Property sales, the major revenue source of the Group, decreased by approximately RMB29.9 million from approximately RMB99.6 million in the same period of last year, mainly due to the prolonged weak investment sentiments in the commercial property market and suspension on merchandising caused by the COVID-19 epidemic and continuously strengthened housing regulation by the local governments in the first half of the year. Property leasing recorded a decrease of approximately RMB4.9 million as compared to approximately RMB63.7 million in the same period of last year. Property leasing decreased mainly due to a decrease in overall average occupancy rate resulting from the weakening business environment in each sector caused by the COVID-19 epidemic in the first half of the year. To mitigate the loss of tenants caused by the COVID-19 epidemic, the Group granted preferential policy of rent exemption period to part of the new and existing tenants during the year.

前景展望

財務回顧

收益

管理層討論與分析

Cost of sales

During the Year under Review, the Group's cost of sales was approximately RMB67.0 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB43.4 million or 39.3% as compared to approximately RMB110.4 million in the same period of last year. Such decrease was primarily attributable to the lower sale costs as compared with those in Hangzhou last year due to the delivered properties sales with a main focus on Taizhou housing during the Year under Review.

Gross profit

During the Year under Review, the gross profit amounted to approximately RMB61.6 million, representing an increase of approximately RMB8.6 million or approximately 16.2% as compared to approximately RMB53.0 million last year. The gross profit margin was approximately 47.9%, representing an increase of approximately 15.5% as compared to approximately 32.4% last year, mainly due to the increase in proportion of revenue from property leasing with relatively high gross profit margin as compared to last year.

Other income and gains

Other income and gains during the Year under Review amounted to approximately RMB3.4 million, increased by approximately RMB2.3 million or approximately 209% as compared to approximately RMB1.1 million in the same period of last year, mainly due to income from liquidated damages and exchange gain.

Distribution and administrative expenses

During the Year under Review, the selling and administrative expenses amounted to approximately RMB66.7 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB3.6 million or approximately 5.1% as compared to approximately RMB70.3 million in the same period of last year, mainly due to an increase by approximately RMB12.1 million in sales commission and marketing costs. Administrative expense decreased by approximately RMB15.7 million as compared to the same period of last year, mainly because the Group was implementing various measures on cost reduction and efficiency improvement and cut post reorganization of staff.

銷售成本

於回顧年內,本集團銷售成本約人民幣67.0百萬元,較去年同期約人民幣110.4百萬元減少約人民幣43.4百萬元,減幅為39.3%。該減少主要原因於回顧年內交付物業銷售主要集中於台州房屋,銷售成本相對與去年主力杭州銷售為低所致。

毛利

於回顧年內的毛利約人民幣61.6百萬元,較去年約人民幣53.0百萬元增加約人民幣8.6百萬元及約16.2%;毛利率約為47.9%,比去年約32.4%增加約15.5%,主要是較高毛利率的物業租賃收入佔比較去年增加所致。

其他收入及收益

於回顧年內的其他收入及收益約人民幣3.4百萬元,較去年同期的約人民幣1.1百萬元,增加約人民幣2.3百萬元,增幅約209%,主要是違約金收入及滙兑收益。

分銷及行政費用

於回顧年內的銷售及行政開支約人民幣66.7百萬元,較去年同期的約人民幣70.3百萬元,減少約人民幣3.6百萬元,減幅約5.1%,主要由於銷售佣金和銷售推廣費增加約人民幣12.1百萬元所致。行政費用開支較去年同期減少約人民幣15.7百萬元,主要是本集團正進行各種降本增效措施並在人員崗位重組上有所削減。

管理層討論與分析

Other expenses

Other expenses during the Year under Review were approximately RMB1,051.2 million, representing a substantial increase of approximately RMB864.4 million or approximately 4.6 times as compared to approximately RMB186.8 million in the same period of last year, mainly due to (i) properties under development and completed properties held for sale were adversely affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and domestic commercial properties market during the Year under Review, hence impairment provisions of approximately RMB452.2 million were made under the impact of the expected decrease of realizable value; (ii) an increase in liquidated damages on borrowings of approximately RMB304.5 million during the period. Details of such liquidated damages on borrowings were set out in Note 25 to the consolidated financial statements; (iii) the impairment losses on financial assets, net amounted to approximately RMB151.3 million which are mainly arisen from the impairment provisions of trade and other receivables, such increase is mainly due to the prolonged weak investment sentiments in the commercial property market in the PRC and the Group's delay in project development caused by COVID-19, which adversely affect the termination of cooperative relationship with the Group's business partners and suppliers; and (iv) the provision for commercial contract compensation of approximately RMB106.1 million during the period. Details of the provisions were set out in Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements. Breakdown of other expenses are set out below:

其他開支

於回顧年度內的其他開支約人民幣1,051.2百 萬元,較去年同期的約人民幣186.8百萬元, 大幅增加約人民幣864.4百萬元,增加約4.6 倍,主要是(i)開發中物業及持作出售的已竣工 物業市場受到回顧年度內疫情及國內商用房 市場嚴重影響,因此,在可變現值預期下降的 影響下作出減值撥備約人民幣452.2百萬元; (ii)在本期間增加借款違約金約人民幣304.5百 萬元。有關借款違約金詳情載於綜合財務報 表附註25內;(iii)金融資產之減值虧損淨額約 人民幣151.3百萬元,主要來自貿易和其他應 收款項減值撥備;相關增加乃主要由於中國 商業物業市場的長期低迷投資情緒所致且本 集團因COVID-19延遲項目開發,而這對本集 團業務夥伴及供應商的合作關係停頓造成不 利影響;及(iv)期內作出商業合約補償撥備約 人民幣106.1百萬元。有關撥備詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註7。其他開支明細載列如下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Bank charges	銀行手續費	94	107
Penalty expenses	罰款支出	16,022	27,733
Other finance costs	其他財務費用	1	_
Provision for impairment of properties	開發中物業及持作出售的已竣工		
under development and completed	物業減值撥備		
properties held for sale		452,229	9,710
Liquidated damages on borrowings	借款違約金	304,550	127,557
Loss on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損		
equipment		61	_
Impairment losses on financial assets, net	金融資產之減值虧損淨額	151,299	3,642
Provision for commercial contract	商業合同賠償撥備	,	•
compensation		106,160	16,827
Others	其他	20,822	1,247
Total	合計	1,051,238	186,823

管理層討論與分析

Change in fair value of investment properties

During the Year under Review, the loss on change in fair value of investment properties amounted to approximately RMB22.9 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB169.7 million or approximately 115.6% as compared to the gain on change in fair value of investment properties of approximately RMB146.8 million in the same period of last year. The fair value of investment properties slightly decreased as compared to that of last year as affected by COVID-19 epidemic and adverse market factors, but the Group held investment properties near to the commercial districts in tier-one and tier-two cities, whose fair value was less affected.

Finance costs

During the Year under Review, the net interest expenses amounted to approximately RMB1.0 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB1.6 million or approximately 62.5% as compared to approximately RMB2.6 million in the same period of last year, mainly due to an increase in capitalised interest.

Operating loss

During the Year under Review, the operating loss amounted to approximately RMB1,056.4 million, representing an increase of loss of approximately RMB1,009.6 million or approximately 21.6 times as compared to the operating loss of approximately RMB46.8 million in the same period of last year. The increase was mainly due to a decrease in the revenue from property sales, a loss on change in fair value of investment properties and a significant increase in other expenses.

Income tax expenses/credit

During the Year under Review, the income tax expenses amounted to approximately RMB59.5 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB6.2 million or approximately 9.4% as compared to income tax expenses of approximately RMB65.7 million in the same period of last year, mainly due to a change on deferred tax.

Loss attributable to the shareholders

During the Year under Review, the loss attributable to the shareholders amounted to approximately RMB1,000.8 million, representing a significant increase of loss of approximately RMB883.8 million as compared to the loss of approximately RMB117.0 million in the same period of last year. The basic loss per share was approximately RMB0.533 (2019: loss per share of approximately RMB0.062).

Cash flows

As at 31 December 2020, cash and bank deposits of the Group, including restricted cash, were approximately RMB7.8 million in aggregate (31 December 2019: approximately RMB185.1 million), representing a decrease of approximately RMB177.3 million or approximately 95.8%. The decrease was mainly used for daily operating expenses and repayment of bank interest.

投資物業公允價值變動

於回顧年內的投資物業公允價值變動損失約人民幣22.9百萬元,較去年同期投資物業公允價值變動收益約人民幣146.8百萬元,減少約人民幣169.7百萬元,跌幅約115.6%,受疫情及市場負面因素影響對投資物業公允價值有所下調,但本集團持有的投資物業地點較接近一二線城市商業區,相關投資物業公允價值影響較低。

融資成本

於回顧年內的淨利息開支約人民幣1.0百萬元,較去年同期的約人民幣2.6百萬元,減少約人民幣1.6百萬元,減幅約62.5%,主要是資本化利息增加所致。

營業虧損

於回顧年內的營業虧損約人民幣1,056.4百萬元,較去年同期營業虧損的約人民幣46.8百萬元,增虧約人民幣1,009.6百萬元,增幅約21.6倍。主要是物業銷售收入減少、投資物業公允價值變動虧損及其他開支大幅增加所致。

所得税支出/抵免

於回顧年內,所得稅支出約人民幣59.5百萬元,較去年同期所得稅支出約人民幣65.7百萬元,減少約人民幣6.2百萬元及約9.4%,主要是遞延稅項變動所致。

股東應佔虧損

於回顧年內股東的應佔虧損約人民幣1,000.8 百萬元,較去年同期的應佔虧損約人民幣 117.0百萬元,大幅增虧約人民幣883.8百萬元。每股基本虧損為約人民幣0.533元(二零 一九年每股虧損約人民幣0.062元)。

現金流量情況

本集團於二零二零年十二月三十一日的現金 及銀行存款(包括受限制現金)共約人民幣7.8 百萬元(二零一九年十二月三十一日:約人民 幣185.1百萬元,減少約人民幣177.3百萬元或 約95.8%,下降主要用於日常經營支出及償還 銀行利息所致。

管理層討論與分析

Pursuant to the exclusive management and operation agreement entered into between the Company's certain commercial properties with third party purchasers, the Company is required to pay certain percentages of the selling prices of the properties to the purchasers regardless whether such properties were rented out by the Company or they were generating rental income.

The Company is not obliged to pay any agreed fees for the period from 1 July 2019 to 30 June 2024 under the exclusive management and operation agreements which the Company had entered into as at 31 December 2015.

During the period from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020, the Group's maximum net cash outflow was approximately RMB0 million in 2020 (maximum net cash outflow in 2019: approximately RMB22 million). In addition, the Group did not enter into any new exclusive management and operation agreements with any purchasers during the year.

Borrowings

As at 31 December 2020, the total borrowings of the Group were approximately RMB1,873.9 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB16.4 million as compared to approximately RMB1,890.3 million as at 31 December 2019, which was basically in line with last year.

The borrowings on demand and repayable within one year of the Group were approximately RMB1,873.9 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB16.4 million as compared to approximately RMB1,890.3 million as at 31 December 2019. Borrowings repayable after one year were approximately RMB0 million, which remained flat as compared to approximately RMB0 million as at 31 December 2019.

Trade receivables, prepayments, other receivables and other assets

As at 31 December 2020, the sum of trade receivables, prepayments, other receivables and other assets of the Group was approximately RMB208.3 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB5.0 million as compared to approximately RMB213.3 million as at 31 December 2019, mainly due to movements in impairment of other receivables.

根據本公司若干商業物業與第三方買家訂立 的獨家管理及營運協議,本公司須向買家支 付物業銷售價格的若干比例,而無論有關物 業是由本公司出租或產生租金收入。

根據本公司於二零一五年十二月三十一日已 訂立的獨家管理及營運協議,本公司概無責 任就二零一九年七月一日至二零二四年六月 三十日止期間支付任何協定費用。

自二零二零年一月一日起至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止期間,本集團於二零二零年的 最高現金流出淨額約為人民幣0百萬元。(於 二零一九年的最高現金流出淨額約為人民幣 22百萬元)。另本集團於本年度並無與任何買 家簽訂任何新增的獨家管理及營運協議。

借款情況

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團的借款總額約人民幣1,873.9百萬元,較二零一九年十二月三十一日的約人民幣1,890.3百萬元,減少約人民幣16.4百萬元,基本與去年持平。

本集團即期及須於一年內償還的借款約人民幣1,873.9百萬元,較二零一九年十二月三十一日的約人民幣1,890.3百萬元,減少約人民幣16.4百萬元。須於一年後償還的借款約人民幣0百萬元,較二零一九年十二月三十一日的約人民幣0百萬元相比無變動。

貿易應收款項、預付款項及其他應收 款項及其他資產

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團的貿易應收款項、預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產合共資產總額約人民幣208.3百萬元,較二零一九年十二月三十一日的約人民幣213.3百萬元,減少約人民幣5.0百萬元,主要是其他應收款項變動減值所致。

管理層討論與分析

Trade payables, contract liabilities and other payables and accruals

As at 31 December 2020, the sum of trade payables, contract liabilities, other payables and accruals of the Group was approximately RMB1,945.1 million, representing an increase of approximately RMB790.2 million as compared to approximately RMB1,154.9 million as at 31 December 2019. The increase was mainly due to an increase in the unsettled commercial contract compensation of approximately RMB40.0 million in aggregate, an increase in trade payables of approximately RMB82.9 million in aggregate, as well as an increase in the outstanding interest and interest penalties of approximately RMB462.1 million in aggregate caused by the negative market impacts and the impacts on the Group's own operating condition from the COVID-19 epidemic.

Assets and liabilities

As at 31 December 2020, the total assets of the Group were approximately RMB6,422.2 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB321.3 million as compared to approximately RMB6,743.5 million as at 31 December 2019. The decrease was mainly due to the provision for impairment of properties under development, completed properties held for sale as well as trade and other receivables caused by the negative market impacts and the impacts on the Group's own operating condition from the COVID-19 pandemic. The total current assets were approximately RMB3,036.0 million, representing approximately 47.3% (31 December 2019: approximately 49.3%) of the total assets, with a decrease of approximately RMB285.4 million as compared to approximately RMB3,321.4 million as at 31 December 2019. The total non-current assets were approximately RMB3,386.2 million, representing approximately 52.7% (31 December 2019: approximately 50.7%) of the total assets, with a decrease of approximately RMB35.9 million as compared to approximately RMB3,422.1 million as at 31 December 2019.

As at 31 December 2020, the total liabilities of the Group were approximately RMB5,558.2 million, representing an increase of approximately RMB794.7 million as compared to approximately RMB4,763.5 million as at 31 December 2019. The increase was mainly due to the provision for expected commercial contract compensation, the increase in the outstanding interest and in interest penalty on defaulted repayment caused by the negative market impacts and the impacts on the Group's own operating condition from the COVID-19 pandemic. The total current liabilities were approximately RMB4,977.2 million, representing approximately 89.5% (31 December 2019: approximately 88.9%) of the total liabilities, with an increase of approximately RMB743.2 million as compared to approximately RMB4,234.0 million as at 31 December 2019. The total non-current liabilities were approximately RMB581.0 million, representing approximately 10.5% (31 December 2019: approximately 11.1%) of the total liabilities, with an increase of approximately RMB51.5 million as compared to approximately RMB529.5 million as at 31 December 2019.

貿易應付款項、合約負債及其他應付 賬款及應計費用

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團的貿易應付款項、合約負債、其他應付款項及應計費用合共約人民幣1,945.1百萬元,較二零一九年十二月三十一日的約人民幣1,154.9百萬元,增加約人民幣790.2百萬元。主要是疫情對市場的負面影響及本集團自身經營狀況的影響,仍未支付的商業合同賠償共增加約人民幣40.0百萬元,貿易應付款項增加共約人民幣82.9百萬元,以及未償還利息及罰息增加共約人民幣462.1百萬元。

資產與負債

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團資產 總額約人民幣6.422.2百萬元,較二零一九年 十二月三十一日的約人民幣6,743.5百萬元, 減少約人民幣321.3百萬元,主要是疫情對市 場的負面影響及本集團自身經營狀況的影響, 對開發中物業、持作出售的已竣工物業和貿 易及其他應收款減值撥備。流動資產總額約 人民幣3,036.0百萬元,較二零一九年十二月 三十一日約人民幣3,321.4百萬元,減少約人 民幣285.4百萬元,佔資產總額的約47.3%(二 零一九年十二月三十一日:約49.3%)。非流動 資產總額約人民幣3,386.2百萬元,較二零 一九年十二月三十一日的約人民幣3,422.1百 萬元,減少約人民幣35.9百萬元,佔資產總額 的約52.7%(二零一九年十二月三十一日:約 50.7%) •

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團負債 總額約人民幣5,558.2百萬元,較二零一九年 十二月三十一日的約人民幣4,763.5百萬元, 增加約人民幣794.7百萬元,主要是疫情對市 場的負面影響及本集團自身經營狀況的影響, 預計商業合同賠償作出撥備、未償還利息及 逾期還款罰息有所增加。流動負債總額約人 民幣4,977.2百萬元,較二零一九年十二月 三十一日的約人民幣4,234.0百萬元,增加約 人民幣743.2百萬元,佔負債總額的約89.5% (二零一九年十二月三十一日:約88.9%)。非 流動負債總額約人民幣581.0百萬元,較二零 一九年十二月三十一日的約人民幣529.5百萬 元,增加約人民幣51.5百萬元,佔負債總額的 約10.5%(二零一九年十二月三十一日:約 11.1%) •

管理層討論與分析

As at 31 December 2020, the net current liabilities of the Group were approximately RMB1,941.1 million, representing an increase of approximately RMB1,028.5 million as compared to the net current liabilities of approximately RMB912.6 million as at 31 December 2019. This was mainly due to the dual impacts of various asset impairment and the increase in borrowings, penalties and Interest penalties on demand and repayable within one year.

Current ratio

As at 31 December 2020, the current ratio of the Group, being the ratio of the current assets divided by the current liabilities, was 0.61:1 (31 December 2019: 0.78:1).

Gearing ratio

As at 31 December 2020, the gearing ratio of the Group was calculated based on net debt divided by the sum of total equity and net debt. The Group's net debt consists of interest-bearing bank and other borrowings and convertible bonds, less cash and cash equivalents. Total equity includes equity attributable to owners of the parent and non-controlling interests. The gearing ratio of the Group was 71.1% (31 December 2019: 50.0%).

Convertible bonds

Pursuant to the general mandate, on 1 June 2018, the Group issued convertible bonds in amount of HK\$300 million for a term of two years. The bonds bear interest at a rate of 6.5% plus 1% handling fee per annum, and the interest is payable in arrears every half year. The bonds can be converted into shares at the conversion price of HK\$1.39 per conversion share at any time prior to and after the issue date and up to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the maturity date. For details, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 15 May 2018. The conversion bonds matured on 1 June 2020.

The Company was informed that Messrs. Lai Kar Yan and Ho Kwok Leung Glen, both from Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, were appointed on 18 November 2020 by Chance Talent as joint and several receivers (the "Receivers"). Accordingly, the right of management of the director(s) of Xinxing Company Limited over the Charged Shares has been suspended and the Company will not register any transfer of the Charged Shares without prior written consent of the Receivers.

The principal amount of approximately RMB252.6 million (equivalent to HK\$300 million) and interests have not been settled as of the date of this annual report.

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團流動 負債淨值約人民幣1,941.1百萬元,較二零 一九年十二月三十一日的流動負債淨值約人 民幣912.6百萬元,增加約人民幣1,028.5百萬 元。主要是各種資產減值及即期及須於一年 內償還的借款、罰款及罰息增加。

流動比率

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團的流動比率(即流動資產除以流動負債之比率)為0.61:1(二零一九年十二月三十一日的0.78:1)。

資本負債比率

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團的資本負債比率乃按債務淨額除以權益總額加債務淨額而計算。本集團的債務淨額含有計息銀行及其他借款及可換股債券減現金及現金等價物。權益總額包括母公司擁有人應佔權益及非控股權益。本集團的資本負債比率為71.1%(二零一九年十二月三十一日:50.0%)。

可換股債券

於二零一八年六月一日,本集團根據一般授權發行金額為3億港元的可換股債券,期限為二年期。可換股債券的年利率為6.5%(另加每年1%手續費),並將每半年支付一次利息。可換股債券可在發行日期前及後的任何時間,直至到期日前一個營業日結束可換每股股份與股價1.39港元轉換為股份。有關詳情請參閱本公司日期為二零一八年五月十五日之公告。可換股債券於二零二零年六月一日到期。

本公司獲悉,德勤●關黃陳方會計師行的黎嘉 恩先生及何國樑先生(「接管人」)於二零二零 年十一月十八日獲Chance Talent委任為共同 及個別接管人。因此,Xinxing Company Limited董事管理押記股份之權利已暫停,而 本公司未經接管人書面同意前不會註冊轉讓 任何押記股份。

本金金額約人民幣252.6百萬元(相當於3億港元)及利息截至本年報日期尚未結算。

管理層討論與分析

Significant investments

During the Year under Review, the Group has no significant investment.

Material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries

During the Year under Review, the Group has no material acquisitions or disposals of any subsidiaries.

Guarantees on mortgage facilities

As at 31 December 2020, the Group provided guarantees over the mortgage loans of certain purchasers of approximately RMB16.1 million (31 December 2019: approximately RMB29.0 million).

Assets guarantees

As at 31 December 2020, the Group has pledged or restricted deposits in the bank deposits of RMB2.6 million (31 December 2019: approximately RMB2.8 million). In addition, partial other borrowings of the Group were secured by the Group's certain properties under development, completed properties held for sale, investment properties and the equity interests in certain subsidiaries of the Group, and jointly guaranteed by the Controlling Shareholder of the Group, Mr. Chen Chengshou ("Mr. Chen"), Mr. Chen's children and the non-executive Director, Ms. Gao Qiaoqin, the Group's related company, Xinming Group Limited, and other minority shareholders of certain subsidiaries of the Group free of charge.

Capital expenditure

During the Year under Review, the Group's total capital expenditure was approximately RMB0 million (31 December 2019: approximately RMB0 million).

Capital commitments

As at 31 December 2020, the capital commitments related to activities of properties under development were approximately RMB387.8 million (31 December 2019: approximately RMB274.3 million).

Exposure to exchange rate fluctuations

The Group operates mainly in Renminbi, and certain bank deposits of the Group are denominated in Hong Kong dollars. Save for disclosed above, the Group was not exposed to any material exchange rate fluctuation risk and did not enter into foreign currency hedging policies. However, the Group will monitor closely the foreign exchange risk and may, as the case may be and depending on the trend of foreign currencies, consider to apply significant foreign currency hedging policies in the future.

重大投資

回顧年內,本集團並無任何重大投資。

有關附屬公司的重大收購及出售

回顧年內,本集團並無任何附屬公司的重大 收購及出售。

按揭融資的擔保

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團就若 干買家的按揭貸款提供擔保約人民幣16.1百萬 元(二零一九年十二月三十一日:約人民幣 29.0百萬元)。

資產擔保

資本開支

於回顧年內,本集團資本開支總額約人民幣0百萬元(二零一九年十二月三十一日:約人民幣0百萬元)。

資本承擔

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,有關開發中物業活動的資本承擔約為人民幣387.8百萬元 (二零一九年十二月三十一日:約人民幣274.3 百萬元)。

匯率波動風險

本集團主要以人民幣經營業務。本集團若干銀行存款以港元計值。除上述披露者外,本集團並無承受任何重大外匯匯率波動風險。本集團並無訂立外匯對沖政策。然而,本集團會緊密監察外匯風險及日後可能(視情況及外幣走勢而定)考慮採用重大外幣對沖政策。

管理層討論與分析

Employees and remuneration policy

As at 31 December 2020, the Group has a total of 70 employees (31 December 2019: a total of 146 employees). Total staff costs, including Directors' emoluments, of the Group were approximately RMB21.6 million (2019: RMB28.2 million). The decrease was mainly due to the Group's cutting post establishment of staff. The Group continuously promoted the upgrading of talents, cultivated and recruited excellent talents with sales and management experience, improved the allocation system of remuneration linked to performance and maintained harmonious labor relations. The remuneration of employees of the Group will be based on their performance, experience and the prevailing market remuneration. Moreover, the Group has also adopted a share option scheme and a share award scheme.

For details of the share option scheme and the share award scheme, please refer to the sections headed "Share Option Scheme" and "Share Award Scheme" in this report.

Contingent liabilities

As at 31 December 2020, the Company had guarantees in respect of mortgage facilities granted to purchasers of the Group's properties of approximately RMB16.1 million (31 December 2019: approximately RMB28.9 million). Particulars of contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2020 are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

AUDITOR'S MODIFIED OPINION

The Auditor does not express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Because of the potential interaction of the multiple uncertainties and their possible cumulative effect on the consolidated financial statements as described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section of their report, it is not possible for them to form an opinion on these consolidated financial statements. In all other respects, in their opinion the consolidated financial statements have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

員工及薪酬政策

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團共有僱員70人(於二零一九年十二月三十一日:共146人),本集團員工成本總額(包括董事酬金)約為人民幣21.6百萬元(二零一九年:人民幣28.2百萬元)。減少原因主要是本集團在人員崗位編製上有所削減。本集團繼續推動大力升級,培育招聘優秀銷售及管理經驗人力,和完善薪酬表現掛鈎的分配體系和保持良好經濟,和號勞資關係。本集團根據僱員表現、工作經驗及現行市場工資水準給予僱員薪酬。此外,本集團亦採納購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃。

有關購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃詳情,請參 閱本報告「購股權計劃」及「股份獎勵計劃」章 節。

或然負債

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本公司就本集團物業買家獲授的按揭融資提供擔保約人民幣16.1百萬元(於二零一九年十二月三十一日:約人民幣28.9百萬元)。有關於二零二零年十二月三十一日或然負債詳情載於綜合財務報表附許32。

核數師修改意見

核數師沒有就本集團的綜合財務報表發表意見,基於在本報告中無法表示意見的基礎一節所述,由於多個不確定事項之間可能相互影響及對綜合財務報表產生累計影響,彼等無法就該等綜合財務報表形成意見。在所有其他方面,彼等認為該等綜合財務報表已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

管理層討論與分析

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion

Multiple material uncertainties relating to going concern

As set out in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group incurred a net loss of approximately RMB1,115,904,000 for the year ended 31 December 2020. At 31 December 2020, the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by approximately RMB1,941,145,000. In addition, at 31 December 2020, interest payments of approximately RMB242,977,000 relating to interest-bearing borrowings of the Group of aggregate principal amount of approximately RMB1,873,909,000 and the convertible bonds issued by the Group amounting to approximately RMB252,604,000 ("In Default Borrowings") were not paid in accordance with the repayment schedules pursuant to the borrowing agreements which constituted events of defaults. These conditions, together with other matters disclosed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, indicate the existence of material uncertainties which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Directors of the Company have been undertaking measures to improve the Group's liquidity and financial position, which are set out in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements. The validity of the going concern assumption on which the consolidated financial statements have been prepared depends on the outcome of these measures, which are subject to multiple material uncertainties, including (i) successfully negotiating with the Group's existing lenders such that no action will be taken by the relevant lenders to demand immediate repayment of the borrowings with interest payments in default, including those with cross-default terms (if applicable); (ii) successfully negotiating with various financial institutions on the renewal of or extension for repayment of outstanding borrowings, including those with overdue principals and interests; (iii) successfully negotiating with various financial institutions and potential lenders/investors and identifying various options to commit additional capital for the Group's working capital in the foreseeable future; (iv) successfully accelerating the pre-sale and sale of properties under development and completed properties and speeding up the collection of outstanding sales proceeds, and controlling costs and capital expenditure so as to generate adequate net cash inflows; (v) successfully looking for large property development enterprises and cooperating with investors to develop properties under development of the Group through joint efforts; and (vi) successfully procuring and negotiating the preliminary terms with large property development enterprises for the sale of individual property development project at a price deemed appropriate.

無法表示意見的基礎

與持續經營相關的多個不確定事項

誠如綜合財務報表附註2所載,本集團於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度產生虧損淨額約人民幣1,115,904,000元。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團的流動負債超外,於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團發行金額約人民幣1,873,909,000元之計息借款及集團發行金額約人民幣252,604,000元的民幣是42,977,000元未根據借款協議之償還時高財務報表附註2所述其他事宜,表明存在的能對本集團持續經營業務的能力帶來重大疑問。

本公司董事已採取多項措施,以改善本集團 的流動性及財務狀況,有關資料載於綜合財 務報表附註2。綜合財務報表是依據持續經營 的假設上編製,其有效性取決於該等措施實 施之結果,並受限於多個不明朗因素,包括(1) 成功與本集團現有貸款人磋商,確保相關貸 款人不會採取行動以要求即時償還拖欠的借 款及利息(包括交叉違約條款所涵蓋的借款及 利息)(倘適用);(ii)成功與各家金融機構就尚 欠借款(包括已逾期本金及利息)磋商達成重 續或延展還款安排;(iii)成功與各家金融機構 及潛在貸款人/投資者磋商及物色多種選擇 為本集團可見將來的營運資金以承擔額外撥 資;(iv)成功加速開發中物業及已竣工物業之 預售和銷售,加速收回尚未支付的銷售所得 款項,以及控制成本和資本開支,從而產生充 足現金流入淨額;(V)成功物色大型物業開發 企業,並與投資者合作共同開發本集團開發 中物業及(vi)成功促使及與大型物業開發企業 磋商有關出售個別物業開發項目的初步條款 (倘認為價格合適)。

管理層討論與分析

Should the Group be unable to operate as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to write down the carrying values of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise, and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities, respectively. The effects of these adjustments have not been reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

THE MANAGEMENT'S POSITION, VIEW AND ASSESSMENT ON THE DISCLAIMER OF OPINION

During the course of audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020, the Auditor had raised concern on the Group's ability to operate as a going concern. In order to address this concern, the Company has, among other things, taken the following steps: (i) continuously negotiating with the Group's existing lenders such that no action will be taken by the relevant lenders to demand immediate repayment of the borrowings with interest payments in default, including those with cross-default terms; (ii) continuously negotiating with various financial institutions on the renewal of or extension for repayment of outstanding borrowings, including those with overdue principals and interests: (iii) continuously negotiating with various financial institutions and potential lenders/investors to identify various options for additionally financing the Group's working capital and commitments in the foreseeable future; (iv) accelerating the pre-sale and sale of properties under development and completed properties, such as Shandong Project and Chongqing Project and controlling costs and controlling capital expenditure so as to generate adequate net cash inflows; (v) actively looking for large property development enterprises and cooperating with investors to develop properties under development of the Group through joint efforts; and (vi) actively procuring and negotiating the preliminary terms with large property development enterprises for the sale of individual property development project or whole commercial property at a price deemed appropriate. Accordingly, the Directors are of the opinion that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 on a going concern basis.

倘本集團未能按持續經營基準經營,而可能 須作出有關調整以撇減本集團資產的賬面值 至其可回收金額,並就可能產生進一步負債 計提撥備並將非流動資產及非流動負債重新 分類為流動資產及流動負債。該等調整的影 響尚未於該等綜合財務報表中反映。

管理層有關無法表示意見的立場、 意見及評估

於審核本集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度之綜合財務報表過程中,核數師已 就本集團持續經營業務的能力提出關注。為 解決此問題,本公司已採取以下措施(其中包 括):(i)繼續與本集團現有貸款人磋商,確保 相關貸款人不會採取行動以要求即時償還拖 欠的借款及利息(包括違約條款所涵蓋的借款 及利息);(ii)就尚欠借款(包括已逾期本金及 利息)正與各家金融機構繼續磋商達成重續或 延展還款安排;(iii)與各家金融機構以及潛在 貸款人/投資者繼續磋商及物色多種選擇為 本集團可見將來的營運資金及承擔額外撥資; (iv)加速開發中物業及已竣工物業之預售和銷 售諸如山東項目和重慶項目,以及控制成本 和控制資本開支,從而產生充足現金流入淨 額;(v)積極物色大型物業開發企業並與投資 者共同合作開發本集團開發中物業;及(vi)積 極促使及與大型物業開發企業磋商有關出售 個別物業開發項目或整楝商用房的初步條款 (倘認為價格合適)。因此,董事認為按持續基 準編製本集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度的綜合財務報表屬恰當。

管理層討論與分析

Notwithstanding the above, material uncertainties exist as to whether the Group is able to obtain the necessary funding and achieve the plans and measures above. The Group's ability to continue as a going concern would depend upon whether the Group is able to obtain financing when required, the attainability depends on the performance of the Group and whether the Group is able to generate sufficient cash flow from operations and plans to control costs, and the attainability depends on the market performance. Despite the efforts made by the Company to address the concern, the Auditor proposed the disclaimer of opinion. The management of the Company has considered the Auditor's rationale and understood their consideration in arriving the disclaimer of opinion.

儘管上文所述,但本集團能否獲得必要資金 及實現上述計劃及措施仍存在重大不確定因 素。本集團持續經營的能力將取決於本集團 能否取得所需融資,而可獲得性將取決於 集團的表現及本集團能否產生充足的經 金流量及控制成本的計劃,可獲得性取 決於 市場表現。儘管本公司努力解決此問題,而 數師已發表無法表示意見。本公司管理 考慮核數師的基本原理,並理解彼等作出無 法表示意見的考慮。

AUDIT COMMITTEE'S VIEW ON THE DISCLAIMER OF OPINION

The members of the Audit Committee had critically reviewed the basis for disclaimer of opinion, the management's position concerning the basis for disclaimer of opinion and the measures taken by the Company for addressing the basis for disclaimer of opinion. The Audit Committee agreed with the management's position based on the reasons above. Moreover, the Audit Committee requested the management to take all necessary actions to address the effect on the basis for disclaimer of opinion to procure no such disclaimer of opinion to be made in the next financial year. The Audit Committee had also discussed with the Auditor regarding the financial position of the Group, the measures taken and to be taken by the Company, and considered the Auditor's rationale and understood their consideration in arriving the disclaimer of opinion.

審核委員會有關無法表示意見的意 見

董事及高級管理層簡介

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chen Chengshou, aged 55, was appointed as an executive Director, the chairman, chief executive officer, chairman of nomination committee and an authorized representative of the Company on 16 January 2014. Mr. Chen ceased to be an authorized representative of the Company as a result of his intention to concentrate on his other role on the Board of Directors on 5 February 2020. He is the founder of the Group and primarily responsible for corporate strategic planning and overall business development of the Group. Mr. Chen had over 30 years of experience in the real estate industry. He has been the chairman of the board of Taizhou City Xinming Real Estate Development Company Limited* (台州市新明房地產開發有限公司) since February 2007 and a director of certain subsidiaries of the Group. Mr. Chen has been first participated in the management of the property development business in the PRC since June 2001 when he was appointed as the chairman of Hangzhou Taoyuan Shanzhuang Property Development Limited* (杭州桃源山莊房地產開發有限公司) ("Taoyuan Property").

Mr. Chen is the chairman of Hangzhou City Chamber of Commerce for Enterprises Invested in Hangzhou* (杭州市來杭投資企業 (商會) 聯合會), a member of the standing committee of Federation of Industry & Commerce of Zhejiang Province* (浙江省工商聯), the vice-chairman of Hangzhou Public Diplomacy Association*(杭州公共 外交協會), a member of the Eleventh Hangzhou City Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference* (中國人民政 治協商會議第十一屆杭州市委員會), the honorary chairman of the Hangzhou City Wenzhou Chamber of Commerce* (杭州市溫州商會), the chairman of the Nationwide Taishun Entrepreneurs Fellowship Association* (全國泰順企業家聯誼會) and the vice chairman of Hangzhou City Chamber of Commerce* (杭州市總商會). He was appointed as the deputy director of the market committee of Chinese General Chamber of Commerce* (中國商業聯合會) in March 2013. He has also been a director of Wenzhou Bank since November 2012 and a part-time tutor of master degree in international business of Zhejiang University (浙江大學) since February 2014.

執行董事

陳先生為杭州市來杭投資企業(商會)聯合會會長、浙江省工商聯常務委員會委員、杭州会共外交協會副會長、中國人民政治協會開始,一屆杭州市委員會委員、杭州市國州市委員會委員、杭州市總商會長、全國泰順企業家聯誼會會長、全國泰順企業家聯誼會會長。彼於二零一三年任為中國商業聯合會市場委員會副主任的被亦自二零一二年十一月起擔任溫州銀學國際商務碩士學位的兼職導師。

董事及高級管理層簡介

Mr. Chen was awarded "Excellent Entrepreneur of Hangzhou* (傑出 杭商)" in October 2016, "Outstanding Contribution of Entrepreneurs of Wenzhou for years 2013 to 2015* (2013-2015 年度溫商回歸突出 貢獻人物)" in September 2016, "Top ten in Zhejiang Real Estate Industry in the "12th Five-Year Plan"* ('十二五'浙江房地產十大風雲 人物)" in June 2016, "2016 Worldwide Outstanding 30 people of Entrepreneur of Wenzhou (External)* (二零一六年世界溫商百名風雲 人物一在外傑出溫商三十人)" in February 2016; "Wenzhou People of the Year* (世界溫州人年度人物)" and "One Hundred Excellent Entrepreneur of Wenzhou* (世界溫商百名風雲人物)" in December 2014; "Entrepreneur with Good Character of Hangzhou*(品質杭商)" jointly by Hangzhou Municipal Committee of the Communist Party of China*(中共杭州市委) and The People's Government of Hangzhou*(杭州市人民政府) in October 2013, "Outstanding Representative of Credible Entrepreneurs of Wenzhou*(誠信溫商傑出 代表)" jointly by Promotion Department of Wenzhou Municipal Committee of the Communist Party of China*(溫州市委宣傳部) and Wenzhou Credibility Office*(溫州市信用辦公室) in August 2011, "Outstanding Builder of Socialist Undertaking*(優秀社會主義事業建設 者)" jointly by Hangzhou Municipal Committee of the Communist Party of China*(中共杭州市委) and The People's Government of Hangzhou*(杭州市人民政府) in September 2010 and "Staff Caring Excellent Entrepreneur*(關愛員工優秀企業家)" jointly by Federation of Trade Union of Hangzhou*(杭州市總工會) and Hangzhou Federation of Industry and Commerce (杭州市工商聯合會) in December 2009.

陳先生於二零一六年十月獲得「傑出杭商」榮 譽稱號,於二零一六年九月獲得[2013-2015] 年度溫商回歸突出貢獻人物」榮譽稱號,於二 零一六年六月獲選為["十二五"浙江房地產十 大風雲人物」,於二零一六年二月獲得「二零 一六年世界溫商百名風雲人物 — 在外傑出溫 商三十人」榮譽稱號;於二零一四年十二月獲 得「世界溫州人年度人物」和「世界溫商百名風 雲人物」榮譽稱號;於二零一三年十月獲中共 杭州市委及杭州市人民政府共同授予[品質杭 商」稱號、於二零一一年八月獲溫州市委宣傳 部及溫州市信用辦公室共同授予「誠信溫商」 傑出代表稱號、於二零一零年九月獲中共杭 州市委及杭州市人民政府共同授予「優秀社會 主義事業建設者」稱號及於二零零九年十二月 獲杭州市總工會及杭州市工商聯合會共同授 予 [關愛員工優秀企業家] 稱號。

Mr. Chen obtained a graduation certificate in administrative management (through online courses) from Huazhong University of Science and Technology (華中科技大學) in the PRC in July 2013. Mr. Chen obtained an executive master's degree in business administration from CheungKong Graduate School of Business (長江商學院) in the PRC in September 2015. Mr. Chen obtained a master's degree in business administration from Tsinghua University in April 2018.

陳先生於二零一三年七月在中國(透過網絡課程)取得華中科技大學的行政管理畢業證書。 陳先生於二零一五年九月取得中國修讀長江 商學院的行政人員工商管理碩士學位。陳先 生於二零一八年四月取得清華大學工商管理 碩士專業學位。

Mr. Chen is the spouse of Ms. Gao, who is a non-executive Director.

陳先生為非執行董事高女士的配偶。

Mr. Chen was deemed to be interested in 776,467,800 shares of the Company (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO") (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong)), representing 41.33% of the issued share capital of the Company. Such interests are held by Xinxing Company Limited (a company controlled by Mr. Chen) ("Xinxing"). 752,137,800 shares out of 776,467,800 shares held by Xinxing have been charged to Chance Talent Management Limited, representing approximately 40.04% of the total issued share capital of the Company. Save as disclosed, Mr. Chen does not have any interests or short positions in the shares of the Company or its associated corporations within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.

陳先生被視為擁有776,467,800股本公司股份之權益(定義見香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部),相當於本公司已發行股本41.33%。有關權益乃透過Xinxing Company Limited(受陳先生控制之公司)(「Xinxing」)持有。Xinxing持有的776,467,800股股份中有752,137,800股已押記予以Chance Talent Management Limited,該等股份佔本公司已發行股本總額約40.04%。除已披露者外,陳先生並無於本公司或其相聯公司之股份中擁有任何其他權益或淡倉(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)。

董事及高級管理層簡介

Mr. Feng Cizhao, aged 46, was appointed as an executive Director with effect from 31 October 2015.

Mr. Feng graduated from Zhejiang University of Finance & Economics (浙江財經學院) and obtained his college degree in accounting in 2005, and then obtained an MBA degree from Zhejiang Gongshang University (浙江工商大學) in 2013.

Mr. Feng has extensive experiences in financing and management. He served as a deputy chief financial officer of Taidi Holdings Group Co. Ltd.* (泰地控股集團有限公司) from August 2011 to September 2015. He worked with the finance department of Shaoxing Wantong Real Estate* (紹興萬通房產) and Margaret Business Management Company* (瑪格麗特商業管理公司) (both subsidiaries of Taidi Group (泰地集團)) as the chief financial officer from September 2006 to July 2011. Mr. Feng acted as the head of office for Hangzhou Qingcheng Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.* (杭州青城房地產開發有限公司) from October 2002 to September 2006. He held several positions in Zheiiang Quzhou Transportation Group Co., Ltd.* (浙江衢州汽車運輸 集團有限公司) from July 1996 to September 2002, including accountant with the planning and finance department of Zheijang Quzhou Transportation Group Co., Ltd.* (浙江衢州汽車運輸集團有限 公司), finance manager with the cargo container company and the automobile repair company under Zheijang Quzhou Transportation Group Co., Ltd.* (浙江衢州汽車運輸集團有限公司).

Mr. Pu Wei, aged 47, was appointed as an executive Director on 5 February 2020.

Mr. Pu graduated from Jilin University in the PRC majoring in administrative management. Mr. Pu is currently a member of the Standing Committee of the Wuxi Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, a director of the China Social Assistance Foundation, a standing director of the Federation of HK Jiangsu Community Organisations (香港江蘇社團總會) and a director of the Association of Overseas Affairs of Jiangsu Province (江蘇省海外聯誼會).

Mr. Pu has extensive experience in the management of real estate and energy related companies in the PRC. He was an executive director and the chief operating officer and co-chief executive officer of Enviro Energy International Holdings Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 1102) (formerly known as SYS Solutions Holdings Limited) from January 2017 to November 2017. He has been a supervisor of Wuxi Everbright Energy Technology Development Co., Ltd.* (無錫市光大能源科技發展有限公司) since July 2003.

豐慈招先生,46歲,於二零一五年十月三十一 日獲任為執行董事。

豐先生於二零零五年畢業於浙江財經學院並 持有會計專科學位及於二零一三年獲得浙江 工商大學企業管理碩士學位。

浦巍先生,47歲,於二零二零年二月五日獲 任為執行董事。

浦先生畢業於中國吉林大學,主修行政管理。 浦先生現為中國人民政治協商會議無錫市委 員會常務委員、中華社會救助基金會理事、香 港江蘇社團總會常務理事及江蘇省海外聯誼 會理事。

浦先生於中國房地產及能源相關公司管理方面擁有豐富經驗。自二零一七年一月至二零一七年十一月,彼為聯交所主板上市公司環能國際控股有限公司(股份代號:1102)(前稱為軟迅科技控股有限公司)的執行董事兼首席運營官兼聯席行政總裁。自二零零三年七月起,彼擔任無錫市光大能源科技發展有限公司監事。

董事及高級管理層簡介

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Gao Qiaoqin, aged 52, was appointed as our non-executive Director on 10 June 2014. She is responsible for advising on overall strategic planning of our Group, but she doesn't participate in the day-to-day management of our Group's business operation. She has over 10 years of experience in the real estate industry.

Ms. Gao obtained a graduation certificate in computer information management (through online courses) from Huazhong University of Science and Technology (華中科技大學) in the PRC in June 2005.

Ms. Gao is the spouse of Mr. Chen, who is the chairman, executive Director and chief executive officer of the Company.

Ms. Gao was deemed to have interests in the 776,467,800 shares of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO, representing 41.33% of the issued share capital of the Company. Such interests are held by Xinxing (a company controlled by Mr. Chen). 752,137,800 shares out of 776,467,800 shares held by Xinxing have been charged to Chance Talent Management Limited, representing approximately 40.04% of the total issued share capital of the Company. Save as disclosed, Ms. Gao does not have any interests or short positions in the shares of the Company or its associated corporations within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.

Mr. Chou Chiu Ho, aged 39, was appointed as an executive Director and the authorized representative of the Company on 5 February 2020 and was subsequently re-designated from an executive Director of the Company to a non-executive Director and authorized representative of the Company on 1 May 2020.

Mr. Chou obtained a bachelor's degree of arts in accountancy from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in November 2003. Mr. Chou was admitted as a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountant in November 2011. He was also admitted as a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in November 2010 and subsequently a fellow member in November 2015.

非執行董事

高巧琴女士,52歲,於二零一四年六月十日 獲任為本公司之非執行董事。彼負責就本集 團的整體策略規劃提供意見,但不參與本集 團業務運營的日常管理。彼於房地產行業擁 有逾10年經驗。

高女士於二零零五年六月在中國(透過網絡課程)取得華中科技大學的計算機信息管理畢業 證書。

高女士為本公司之主席、執行董事兼行政總 裁陳先生之配偶。

高女士被視為擁有776,467,800股本公司股份之權益(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部),相當於本公司已發行股本41.33%。有關權益乃透過Xinxing(受陳先生控制之公司)持有。Xinxing持有的776,467,800股股份中有752,137,800股已押記予以Chance Talent Management Limited,該等股份佔本公司已發行股本總額約40.04%。除已披露者外,高女士並無於本公司或其相聯公司之股份中擁有任何其他權益或淡倉(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)。

周昭何先生,39歲,於二零二零年二月五日 獲任為本公司之執行董事及授權代表及後於 二零二零年五月一日由本公司執行董事調職 為本公司非執行董事仍兼任授權代表。

周先生於二零零三年十一月在香港理工大學取得會計學文學士學位。周先生於二零一一年十一月獲承認為香港會計師公會會員。彼亦於二零一零年十一月獲承認為特許公認會計師公會會員,其後於二零一五年十一月獲承認為資深會員。

董事及高級管理層簡介

Mr. Chou has over 10 years of experience in accounting and auditing. Prior to joining the Group, he worked in H.C. Watt & Company Limited from September 2003 to January 2006, and served as an intermediate auditor before he left the company. He then joined PricewaterhouseCoopers from January 2006 to December 2010. From January 2011 to March 2012, Mr. Chou worked as the head of corporate services of Beijing Sports and Entertainment Industry Group Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 1803) (formerly known as ASR Logistics Holdings Limited). Since April 2013, Mr. Chou has been working as the chief financial officer of Millennium Pacific Group Holdings Limited (a company listed on GEM, stock code: 8147) ("MP Group"), and he has also been working as the company secretary since March 2017. Mr. Chou also served as the chief financial officer of HF Financial Group Limited (currently known as HF Finance Group (China) Limited) (and subsequently transferred to HF Management (China) Limited) from January 2015 to July 2016. He has been the company secretary and chief financial officer of Prime Intelligence Solutions Group Limited (a company listed on GEM, stock code: 8379) since September 2015 and November 2016, respectively. Since September 2017, Mr. Chou has been a director of Archon Prime Strategic Investment (Group) Limited.

Mr. Choi Clifford Wai Hong, aged 63, was appointed as our non-executive Director on 16 April 2021. Mr. Choi obtained a bachelor's degree in Economic and Social Studies from The Victoria University of Manchester, United Kingdom, in July 1982. Mr. Choi is a member of (i) the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants; (ii) the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales; (iii) the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants; and (iv) the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong. Mr. Choi currently holds the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants Practising Certificate.

Mr. Choi worked at NHK Distribution Company Limited from July 1999 to December 2003. He was the general manager of Porsche Centre Hangzhou in 2012. He acted as a director in the Yacht Services division of NHK Distribution Company Limited from December 2012 to August 2017 and re-joined NHK Distribution Company Limited since February 2018, and currently serves as its director.

Mr. Choi is also an independent non-executive director of Samson Paper Holdings Limited (with provisional liquidators appointed) (stock code: 731), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, since 16 July 2020. He has been appointed as an executive director and an authorized representative of Freeman Fintech Corporation Limited (stock code: 279) with effect from 19 November 2020.

周先生在會計及審核方面擁有逾10年經驗。 在加入本集團之前,彼於二零零三年九月至 二零零六年一月在屈洪疇會計師事務所有限 公司工作,離職時為中級核數師。彼其後於二 零零六年一月至二零一零年十二月加入羅兵 咸永道會計師事務所。由二零一一年一月至 二零一二年三月, 周先生擔任聯交所主板上 市公司北京體育文化產業集團有限公司(股份 代號:1803,前稱瀚洋物流控股有限公司)的 企業服務主管。自二零一三年四月起,周先生 一直擔任GEM上市公司匯思太平洋集團控股 有限公司(股份代號:8147)(「匯思太平洋集 團」)的財務總監,並於二零一七年三月起兼 任公司秘書。周先生亦於二零一五年一月至 二零一六年七月擔任匯福金融集團有限公司 (現稱匯富金融集團(中國)有限公司)(其後轉 至匯福管理(中國)有限公司)的財務總監。彼 自二零一五年九月及二零一六年十一月起分 別擔任GEM上市公司匯安智能科技集團有限 公司(股份代號:8379)的公司秘書及財務總 監。自二零一七年九月起,周先生一直為職人 策略投資(集團)有限公司的董事。

察偉康先生,63歲,於二零二一年四月十六日獲委任為本公司非執行董事。蔡先生於一九八二年七月在英國曼徹斯特維多利亞大學取得經濟與社會研究的學士學位。蔡先生為(i)香港會計師公會:(ii)英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師公會:(iii)特許公認會計師公會:及(iv)香港稅務學會之會員。蔡先生目前持有香港會計師公會執業證書。

蔡先生自一九九九年七月至二零零三年十二月於NHK Distribution Company Limited工作。彼於二零一二年擔任Porsche Centre Hangzhou之總經理。彼自二零一二年十二月至二零一七年八月曾擔任NHK Distribution Company Limited之Yacht Services分部總監,並自二零一八年二月起重新加入 NHK Distribution Company Limited,目前擔任其董事。

察先生亦於二零二零年七月十六日起擔任森信紙業集團有限公司*(Samson Paper Holdings Limited)(已委任臨時清盤人)(於聯交所主板上市之公司,股份代號:731)之獨立非執行董事。彼已獲委任為民眾金融科技控股有限公司(股份代號:279)之執行董事及授權代表,自二零二零年十一月十九日起生效。

董事及高級管理層簡介

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Fong Wo, Felix, BBS, JP, aged 70, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director, a member of audit committee, nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Company on 8 June 2015. He is a consultant of King & Wood Mallesons, a global law firm headquartered in Asia. Mr. Fong has practiced law for over 30 years and is a member of the Law Societies of Hong Kong, Canada and England.

Mr. Fong has been serving as an independent non-executive director of a number of companies listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, including Greenland Hong Kong Holdings Limited (formerly known as SPG Land (Holdings) Limited) (stock code: 337), Guangdong Land Holdings Limited (formerly known as Kingway Brewery Holdings Limited) (stock code: 124), Television Broadcasts Limited (stock code: 511) and Vesync Co., Ltd (stock code: 2148). Mr. Fong is also an independent non-executive director of Bank of Shanghai (Hong Kong) Limited. Mr. Fong is the immediate past Chairman of the Hong Kong Advisory Council on Food and Environmental Hygiene and a member of the Hong Kong Communication Authority. From May 2010 to the end of May 2016, he also served as an independent non-executive director of China Oilfield Services Limited (stock code: 2883: HK; 601808: SHA), whose shares are listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the Shanghai Stock Exchange. Mr. Fong was an independent non-executive director of China Investment Development Limited (formerly known as Temujin International Investments Limited) (stock code: 204) from April 2011 to July 2018. Mr. Fong was an independent non-executive director of Evergreen International Holdings Limited (stock code: 238) from November 2012 to March 2020. Mr. Fong was an independent non-executive director of Sheen Tai Holdings Group Company Limited (stock code: 1335) from July 2012 to May 2020. Mr. Fong was also an independent non-executive director of Wuxi Biologics (Cayman) Inc. (stock code: 2269) from June 2017 to June 2020.

Mr. Fong received his engineering degree from McMaster University in Canada in June 1974 and his Juris Doctor degree from Osgoode Hall Law School in Toronto in June 1978. Mr. Fong was admitted as a barrister in Ontario, Canada in 1980, a solicitor in England and Wales in 1986 and in Hong Kong in 1987. Mr. Fong is appointed by the Ministry of Justice of China as one of the China-appointed Attesting Officers in Hong Kong.

獨立非執行董事

方和先生,穫頻銅紫荊星章,太平紳士,70歲,於二零一五年六月八日獲任為本公司之獨立非執行董事、審核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會成員。彼為King & Wood Mallesons(為總部位於亞洲的全球律師事務所)的顧問。方先生在法律行業執業逾30年,並為香港、加拿大及英格蘭律師會會員。

方先生現擔任多家香港聯交所上市公司的獨 立非執行董事,包括綠地香港控股有限公司 (前稱盛高置地(控股)有限公司)(股份代號: 337);粤海置地控股有限公司(前稱金威啤酒 集團有限公司)(股份代號:124);電視廣播有 限公司(股份代號:511)及Vesync Co., Ltd(股 份代號:2148)。方先生現亦為上海銀行(香 港)有限公司的獨立非執行董事。方先生曾為 香港食物及環境衛生諮詢委員會的主席及香 港通訊事務管理局成員。方先生自二零一零 年五月起至二零一六年五月底擔任中海油田 服務股份有限公司(股份代號:2883(香港); 601808(上海),其股份於香港聯交所及上海 證券交易所上市)的獨立非執行董事。方先生 自二零一一年四月起至二零一八年七月為止 擔任中國投資開發有限公司(前稱泰潤國際投 資有限公司)(股份代號:204)的獨立非執行 董事。方先生自二零一二年十一月起至二零 二零年三月為止擔任長興國際(集團)控股有 限公司(股份代號:238)的獨立非執行董事。 方先生自二零一二年七月起至二零二零年五 月期間擔任順泰控股集團有限公司(股份代 號:1335)的獨立非執行董事。方先生自二零 一七年六月起至二零二零年六月期間擔任藥 明生物技術有限公司(股份代號:2269)的獨 立非執行董事。

方先生於一九七四年六月在加拿大獲得麥克 馬斯特大學的工程學位,並於一九七八年六 月在多倫多獲得Osgoode Hall Law School的 法學博士學位。方先生於一九八零年在加拿 大安大略省獲認可為大律師,分別於一九八六 年及一九八七年在英格蘭和威爾士及香港獲 認可為律師。方先生獲中國司法部委任為香 港其中一名中國委託公證人。

董事及高級管理層簡介

Mr. Gu liong, aged 48, was appointed as an independent nonexecutive Director, the chairman of remuneration committee, a member of audit committee and nomination committee of the Company on 8 June 2015. He is an independent non-executive director of Chen Xing Development Holdings Limited (stock code: 2286), an independent non-executive director of Ascletis Pharma Inc. (stock code: 1672), an independent non-executive director of DaFa Properties Group Limited (stock code: 6111), an independent director of Amlogic (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (stock code: 688099: SHA) and an independent non-executive director of Mulsanne Group Holding Limited (stock code: 1817), an independent non-executive director of Tu Yi Holding Company Limited (stock code: 1701) and an independent non-executive director of Vesync Co., Ltd (stock code: 2148). Mr. Gu has been the chief financial officer of China Media Capital, an investment fund specialized in media and entertainment investments in China and globally, and Huaren Wenhua Limited Liability Company* (華人文化有限責任公司), an investment platform specialized for media and entertaining investment, since September 2013 and October 2015, respectively. He served as the chief financial officer in BesTV New Media Co., Ltd (stock code: 600637), whose shares are listed on Shanghai Stock Exchange, from January 2010 to August 2013. He worked in UT Starcom Inc. (stock code: UTSI), whose shares are listed on NASDAQ, from April 2004 to December 2009; he served as the chief financial officer before he left the firm. Mr. Gu worked in Ernst & Young's Shanghai office from July 1995 to April 2004; he was the senior manager of the audit department when he left the firm.

Mr. Gu has been a non-practising member of the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants since April 2004. Mr. Gu obtained a bachelor's degree in finance management from Fudan University in the PRC in July 1995.

顧炯先生,48歲,於二零一五年六月八日獲 任為本公司之獨立非執行董事、薪酬委員會 主席、審核委員會及提名委員會成員。彼現為 辰興發展控股有限公司(股份代號:2286)之 獨立非執行董事、歌禮製藥有限公司(股份代 號:1672)之獨立非執行董事、大發地產集團 有限公司(股份代號:6111)之獨立非執行董 事、晶晨半導體(上海)股份有限公司(股份代 號:688099)之獨立董事、慕尚集團控股有限 公司(股份代號:1817)之獨立非執行董事; 途屹控股有限公司(股份代號:1701)之獨立 非執行董事及Vesync Co., Ltd(股份代號: 2148)之獨立非執行董事。顧先生自二零一三 年九月及二零一五年十月起,分別擔任華人 文化產業投資基金(為一家專門在中國及全球 從事媒體及娛樂投資的投資基金)及華人文化 有限責任公司(集中於媒體及娛樂投資的投資 平台)之首席財務官。彼曾於二零一零年一月 至二零一三年八月擔任百視通新媒體股份有 限公司(股份代號:600637)之首席財務官, 該公司股份於上海證券交易所上市。於二零 零四年四月至二零零九年十二月在UT Starcom Inc.(股份代號:UTSI)工作,該公司股份於納 斯達克上市,離職前其職位為財務總監。於 一九九五年七月至二零零四年四月,顧先生 為安永會計師事務所上海辦事處工作,離開 該事務所時為審計部高級經理。

顧先生自二零零四年四月起一直為中國註冊 會計師協會非執業會員。顧先生於一九九五 年七月在中國取得復旦大學的金融管理學學 士學位。

董事及高級管理層簡介

Mr. Lo Wa Kei, Roy, aged 49, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director, a member of the remuneration committee, and the chairman of audit committee of the Company on 8 June 2015. Mr. Lo has extensive experience in auditing, accounting and finance. Mr. Lo is a managing partner of SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited, which is a full service accounting and consulting firm engaged in the provision of, among others, audit and business advisory services.

Mr. Lo has been serving as an independent non-executive director of a number of companies listed on the Stock Exchange, including Sun Hing Vision Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 125), China Zhongwang Holdings Limited (stock code: 1333), Sheen Tai Holdings Group Company Limited (stock code: 1335), China Oceanwide Holdings Limited (previously known as "Hutchison Harbour Ring Limited") (stock code: 715), China Tonghai International Financial Limited (previously known as Wah Fu International Holdings Limited) (stock code: 952), Wan Kei Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 1718) and G-Resources Group Limited (stock code: 1051). He also served as an independent non-executive director of North Mining Shares Company Limited (previously known as "Sun Man Tai Holdings Company Limited") (stock code: 433), a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, from September 2004 to November 2015.

Mr. Lo received a bachelor's degree in business administration from the University of Hong Kong in November 1993 and a master's degree in professional accounting from Hong Kong Polytechnic University in November 2000. He is a certified public accountant, a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a fellow member of CPA Australia and an associate of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. Mr. Lo was a member of the Shanghai Pudong New Area Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference and also the founding executive vice president and council member of the Hong Kong Independent Non-Executive Director Association, the president of CPA Australia (Greater China Division) 2019.

盧華基先生,49歲,於二零一五年六月八日 獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事、薪酬委 員會成員及審核委員會主席。盧先生在審計、 會計及財務方面擁有豐富經驗。盧先生為信 永中和(香港)會計師事務所有限公司的管理 合夥人,該公司為從事提供(其中包括)審計 及商業諮詢服務的全面服務會計及諮詢事務 所。

盧先生現擔任多家聯交所上市公司的獨立非執行董事,包括新興光學集團控股有限公司(股份代號:125);中國忠旺控股有限公司(股份代號:1333);順泰控股集團有限公司(股份代號:1335);中泛控股有限公司(前稱「和國際金融有限公司」)(股份代號:715);中國際金融有限公司(股份代號:952);宏基集團控股限公司(股份代號:1718)及國際資源集團控股公司(股份代號:1051)。彼曾於二零實股公司(股份代號:1051)。彼曾於二零實股份有限公司(前稱「新萬泰控股有限公司」)(股份代號:433)的獨立非執行董事,該公司股份代號:433)的獨立非執行董事,該公司股份於香港聯交所上市。

盧先生於一九九三年十一月獲得香港大學的 正商管理學士學位及於二零零零年十一月獲得香港 得香港理工大學的專業會計碩士學位。 內業會計師、香港會計師公會資深會員、澳洲 會計師協會資深會員及英格蘭及威爾國國 會計師協會資深會員。盧先生亦為中國國 政治協商會議上海前事協會創會常務副 香港獨立非執行董事協會創會常務區 理事,以及澳洲會計師公會大中華區分會 長2019。

PROFILES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

董事及高級管理層簡介

Mr. Chu Kin Wang Peleus, aged 56, was appointed as our independent non-executive Director on 16 April 2021. Mr. Chu holds an MBA degree from The University of Hong Kong. Mr. Chu is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and is also an associate of both the Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators) and the Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries. He has extensive experience in corporate finance, audit, accounting and taxation.

Mr. Chu is an independent non-executive director of China First Capital Group Limited (stock code: 1269), Huayu Expressway Group Limited (stock code: 1823), Tianli Holdings Group Limited (stock code: 117) and Mingfa Group (International) Company Limited (stock code: 846). All of the above companies are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Chu is also an independent non-executive director of Madison Holdings Group Limited (stock code: 8057) and SuperRobotics Holdings Limited (stock code: 8176). All of the above companies are listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Chu was also an independent non-executive director of Telecom Service One Holdings Limited (stock code: 3997) until 27 December 2017 and a non-executive director of Perfect Group International Holdings Limited (stock code: 3326) until 1 March 2017. He was also an independent non-executive director of China Huishan Dairy Holdings Company Limited (stock code: 6863) from 22 June 2017 to 15 December 2017, PT International Development Corporation Limited (stock code: 372) from 8 March 2017 to 27 September 2017, Flyke International Holdings Ltd. (stock code: 1998) from February 2010 to December 2020 and a deputy chairman and executive director of Chinese People Holdings Company Limited (stock code: 681) until 30 September 2020. All of the companies are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

朱健宏先生,56歲,於二零二一年四月十六 日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。朱先生 持有香港大學工商管理碩士學位。朱先生為 香港會計師公會資深會員,亦為特許公司治 理公會(前稱特許秘書及行政人員公會)及香 港特許秘書公會會員。彼於企業財務、審核、 會計及稅務方面具備豐富經驗。

朱先生為中國首控集團有限公司(股份代號: 1269)、華昱高速集團有限公司(股份代號: 1823)、天利控股集團有限公司(股份代號: 117)以及明發集團(國際)有限公司(股份代號: 846)之獨立非執行董事。上述所有公司均於聯交所主板上市。朱先生亦為麥迪森控股集團有限公司(股份代號: 8057)及超人智能控股有限公司(股份代號: 8176)之獨立非執行董事。上述所有公司均於聯交所GEM上市。

朱先生亦曾任電訊首科控股有限公司(股份代號:3997)之獨立非執行董事直至二零一七年十二月二十七日為止,另亦曾任保發集執院控股有限公司(股份代號:3326)之非執行董事直至二零一七年三月一日為止。彼十二日至二零一七年六月二十二日至二零一七年十五日在中國輝山乳業控股有限公司(股份代號:6863),於二零一七年三月八日至二十七日在保德國際發展有限公司(股份代號:372)、於二零年十二月在飛克國際控股有限公司(股份代號:372)、於二零年二月公,以及中民控股有限公司(股份代號:681)之日之席兼執行董事直至二零年九月三十日為止。所有該等公司均於聯交所主板上市。

董事會報告書

The Directors present to the shareholders the Directors' report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year.

董事謹向股東提呈董事會報告書連同本集團 於本年度之經審核綜合財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company and the current and continuing principal activities of the Group are property development, property investment and property leasing during the Year under Review. The principal activities and other particulars of its subsidiaries as at 31 December 2020 are set out in Note 38 to the consolidated financial statements.

As required by the Schedule 5 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, business review regarding business of the Group can be found in the Chairman's Statement and Management Discussion and Analysis set out on pages 4 to 7 and pages 8 to 27. An indication of possible future development in the Group's business can be found in the Management Discussion and Analysis set out on page 16 of this annual report. This discussion forms part of this Directors' report.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Compliance with Laws and Regulations

To the best of the knowledge of the Board and the management, the Group complied with the relevant laws and regulations which constitutes material impact on the business and operation of the Company and its subsidiaries in all material respects during the year ended 31 December 2020.

Due to the nature of the business of the Group, the Directors are of the opinion that there are no specific laws and regulations related to environmental protection which have a significant impact on the operations of the Group. Environmental protection policies and performance regarding the Group are set out in "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" on pages 85 to 117.

主要業務

本公司為投資控股公司,本集團於回顧年度 之目前及持續主要活動為物業開發、物業投 資以及物業租賃。其附屬公司於二零二零年 十二月三十一日之主要業務及其他資料載於 綜合財務報表附註38。

根據香港公司條例附表5所規定,有關該等業務之回顧審視本集團業務載於第4頁至第7頁主席報告及第8至第27頁管理層討論與分析。有關本集團業務未來可能發展之指引載於本年報第16頁管理層討論與分析。該討論構成本董事會報告之一部份。

業務審視

遵守法規

據董事會及管理層所深知,於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團於各重大方面遵守對本公司及其附屬公司業務及運營產生重大影響的相關法律及法規。

基於本集團業務之性質,董事認為並無有關環境保護的任何特定法律或法規會對本集團之營運造成重大影響。有關本集團環保政策及表現載於第85頁至第117頁環境、社會及管治報告書。

董事會報告書

Relationship with Employees, Customers and Suppliers

Remuneration packages are for employees generally structured with reference to prevailing market terms and individual qualifications. Salaries and wages are normally reviewed on an annual basis based on performance appraisals and other relevant factors. Apart from salary payments, there are other staff benefits including pension and performance related bonus.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

Relationship with customers is the fundamental of business. The Group fully understands this principle and thus maintains close relationship with customers to fulfill their immediate and long-term need. Given the nature of its business, the Group has no major suppliers which have a material impact on its operations, but the Group is striving to maintain fair and cooperative relationship with suppliers. Details are set out in "Environmental, Social and Governance Report".

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

(1) Intensified competition may materially and adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition

Competition within the PRC real estate industry is intense. Both domestic and overseas property developers have entered the property development markets in cities where we have operations. Some of them may have more financial, marketing, technical or other resources than us. Competition among property developers may cause an increase in land premium and raw material costs, shortages in quality construction contractors, surplus in property supply leading to decreasing property prices, further delays in issuance of governmental approvals, and higher costs to attract or retain skilled employees. If we fail to compete effectively, our business, results of operations and financial condition may be materially and adversely affected.

與僱員、客戶及供應商之關係

僱員薪酬待遇一般參考現行市場條款及個人 資歷制定。薪金及工資一般會每年根據績考 表現評估及其他相關因素檢討。除工資外,本 集團另有其他員工福利,包括養老金及個人 表現掛鈎花紅。

於中國內地營運的本集團附屬公司的僱員須 參與地方市政府管理的中央退休金計劃。該 等附屬公司須按其工資成本的若干比例向中 央退休金計劃供款。供款於按照中央退休金 計劃的規定應付時自損益扣除。

客戶關係乃生意之根本,本集團深悉此原則,故會與客戶保持密切關係以滿足其當下及長期之需要。基於業務之性質,本集團並無任何對其營運有重大影響之主要供應商,惟本集團致力與供應商維持公平及合作之關係。有關詳細內容載於環境、社會及管治報告書內。

主要風險及不明朗因素

(1) 競爭加劇或會對本集團的業務、 經營業績及財務狀況造成重大不 利影響

DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告書

(2) PRC economic, political and social conditions as well as government policies could adversely affect our business and prospects

All of our revenue during the Year under Review was derived from our operations in the PRC. We anticipate that China will remain our primary market in the foreseeable future. Accordingly, our business, prospects, results of operation and financial position are, to a significant extent, subject to the economic, political and legal developments of the PRC.

The PRC economy differs from the economies of most of the developed countries in many aspects, including political structure, government involvement and control of housing policies.

The PRC economy has been transitioning from a centrally planned economy to a more market-oriented economy. For nearly three decades, the PRC government has implemented economic reform measures to utilize market forces in the development of the PRC economy. However, the PRC government continues to exercise significant control over the PRC economy through allocating resources, restricting capital flow and foreign exchange, setting monetary and fiscal policies, imposing industrial policies and various directives, providing government grants and other preferential treatment to particular industries and companies. We cannot predict whether changes in the PRC's economic, political and social conditions and in its laws, regulations and policies will have any adverse effect on our current or future business, results of operations and financial position. Moreover, even if new policies may benefit or damage the real estate developers in the long term, we cannot assure you the accuracy of the forecasts on the business and financial condition.

Interest rate risk may aggravate the debt costs of the Group

The main source of loan of the Group is derived from bank loans. Therefore, the benchmark interest rate announced by the People's Bank of China will directly affect the Group's debt costs. Changes in future interest rates will have a certain impact on the Group's debt costs.

中國的經濟、政治及社會狀況以 **(2)** 及政府政策可能對本集團的業務 及前景產生不利影響

本集團於回顧年度的所有收益均來自在 中國的業務。本集團預計,在可預見的 未來,中國將仍然為本集團的主要市 場。因此,本集團的業務、前景、經營 業績及財務狀況在很大程度上受中國的 經濟、政治及法律發展影響。

中國經濟與大多數發達國家的經濟在許 多方面都有不同,包括政治架構、中國 政府對房產政策干預及管制的範疇。

中國經濟一百由中央計劃經濟過渡至日 漸以市場為導向的經濟。近三十多年 來,中國政府實施經濟改革措施,利用 市場力量推動中國經濟發展。然而,中 國政府仍繼續通過資源分配、資本流量 及外匯限制、制定貨幣及財政政策、實 施行業政策及各項指令、向特定行業及 公司提供政府補助及其他優惠待遇大力 控制中國經濟。本集團無法預測中國經 濟、政治和社會狀況以及其法律、法規 及政策變化是否會對本集團當前或未來 的業務、經營業績及財務狀況產生任何 不利影響。此外,即使新政策對房地產 開發商長遠可能有利或有弊,本集團仍 無法對業務及財務狀況有準確性預測保 證。

利率風險可能對本集團的債務成 本加重影響

本集團主要貸款來源於銀行貸款,因此 中國人民銀行公佈的貸款基準利率將直 接影響本集團的債務成本,未來利率的 變化情況將對本集團債務成本產生一定 的影響。

董事會報告書

(4) Uncertainties from the environmental policies

As the Group is subject to the intensive monitoring and control from the PRC and its environmental policies related to production and operation, we shall comply with a number of environmental protection laws and regulations concerning air, water quality, waste disposal, energy consumption, public health and safety, and receive inspections from the relevant national environmental protection departments. Currently, the Group has met the national environmental protection standards. However, if the national environmental policies are adjusted with higher environmental protection standards, our investment in environmental protection will increase and that may adversely affect our results of operations. We will spare no effort in minimizing the potential adverse effects on our environmental performance despite the uncertainties from the policies and environments that are impossible to predict and our inexperience of risk management in environmental protection. The Company's current directions, measures and analyses regarding environmental policies are set out in the ESG report.

(5) Uncertainties from COVID-19

At the date of this report, the outbreak of COVID-19 has impacted on the Group's business to some extent. During the Year under Review, the Group record a loss mainly attributable to, among other things, the loss arising from changes in fair value of investment properties, properties under development and completed properties held for sale of not more than approximately RMB354.6 million due to the negative market impact caused by COVID-19 during the period and properties sales weakened due to the outbreak of COVID-19 in the first quarter of 2020. Due to the uncertainties of the epidemic, it is difficult to estimate the extent of the influence of COVID-19 in the future. The Group will continue to monitor the development of the pandemic, evaluate its impact, respond in an active manner and make timely disclosures.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the Year are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 121.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board did not propose to declare a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2020.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members will be closed from 21 June 2021 (Monday) to 24 June 2021 (Thursday), both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to attend and vote at the annual general meeting ("AGM"), all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged for registration with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on 18 June 2021 (Friday).

(4) 環保政策不確定性風險因素

本集團的生產經營是國家環保政策重點 監控的行業之一,須遵守多項有關空 氣、水質、廢料處理、能源耗用、公眾 健康安全的環境法律和法規,並接受國 家有關環保部門的檢查。本公司目前環 保指標均達到國家標準。但是,如果國 家的環保政策作出調整,環保標準進一 步提高, 對公司提出更高的環保要求, 這將增加本公司的環保投入,從而可能 對公司的經營業績造成不利影響。本集 團的整體環保風險管理在初步學習階 段,對政策和環境轉變的不確定性因素 難以預測,尋求儘量減低對本集團環保 表現的潛在不利影響。有關本公司對環 境政策目前實施的方針、措施和指標分 析載於環境社會及管治報告內。

(5) 疫情的不確定因素

業績及分配

本集團於本年度之業績載於第121頁之綜合損益及其他全面收益報表。

末期股息

本年度董事會不建議宣派截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度之末期股息。

暫停辦理股份登記

本公司將於二零二一年六月二十一日(星期一)至二零二一年六月二十四日(星期四)(包括首尾兩天)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續,期間看 不會登記任何股份轉讓。為出席股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)並於會上投票,所須有股份過戶文件連同有關股票及過戶表格明之十十八日(星期五)下午四分前交回本公司的香港股份過戶登記分大連 東183號合和中心54樓。

DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告書

SEGMENT INFORMATION

An analysis of the Group's revenue and profit or loss for the Year contributed by its principal activities is set out in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements. Details of the segment information can be found in the Management Discussion and Analysis set out on pages 10 to 14 of this annual report.

FIVE YEARS' FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on pages 219 and 220, which does not constitute part of the consolidated financial statements.

ISSUED CAPITAL

Details of the issued capital of the Company during the Year under Review are set out in Note 28 to the consolidated financial statements.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the listed securities of the Company during the Year.

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the details of change of the Company and the Group's investment properties were set out in Note 14 to the consolidated financial statement.

RESERVES

Movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the Year are set out on page 124 and Note 39(a) to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

As at 31 December 2020, the Company's reserves available for distribution amounted to approximately RMB502,211,000 (2019: RMB481.862.000).

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

No charitable donations were made by the Group during the Year (2019: Nil).

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association of the Company or the laws of Cayman Islands where the Company is incorporated.

TAX RELIEF

The Company is not aware of any relief from taxation available to shareholders by reason of their holdings in the shares of the Company.

分類資料

本集團按主要業務劃分之本年度收入及損益 貢獻分析載於綜合財務報表附註4。分類資料 詳情載於本年報第10頁至第14頁之管理層討 論及分析。

五年財務概要

本集團過往五個財政年度之業績、資產與負債概要載於第219至220頁內。該概要不構成綜合財務報表的一部份。

已發行股本

本公司已發行股本於回顧年內之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註28。

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

於本年度內,本公司及其各附屬公司並無購買、售賣或贖回本公司之任何上市證券。

投資物業

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度內, 本公司及本集團的投資物業變動詳情載於綜 合財務報表附註14。

儲備

本集團及本公司之儲備於本年度內之變動情況分別載於第124頁及綜合財務報表附註39(a)。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本公司的可分派儲備約為人民幣502,211,000元(二零一九年:人民幣481,862,000元)。

慈善捐款

本集團於本年度並無作出慈善捐款(二零一九年:零)。

優先購買權

本公司組織章程細則或本公司註冊成立地點開曼群島之法律均無有關優先購買權的規定。

税項減免

本公司並不知悉有任何因股東持有本公司股份而使其獲得之稅項減免。

董事會報告書

MAJOR SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The Group's top five customers accounted for 12% (2019: 21%) of the Group's total revenue and the top five suppliers accounted for 76% (2019: 72%) of the Group's total purchases for the Year under Review. In addition, the Group's largest supplier accounted for 37% (2019: 51%) of the total purchases for the Year under Review. All transactions between the Group and relevant suppliers and customers were carried out on normal commercial terms.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors, their close associates or any shareholders (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the number of issued shares of the Company) had any interest in the major customers and suppliers noted above.

SIGNIFICANT LITIGATION

During the Year under review, the Group was involved in a material litigation for the outstanding entrusted management service, employee salary and benefit and penalty in the sum of approximately RMB68,652,000 claimed by a service provider. For details, please see the voluntary announcement dated 1 December 2020 published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company, as well as the Note 7(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS

The Group has no significant events during the Year under review.

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company in the year and up to the date of this directors' Report are:

Executive Directors

Mr. Chen Chengshou *(Chairman and CEO)* (appointed on 16 January 2014)

Mr. Feng Cizhao

(appointed on 31 October 2015)

Mr. Chou Chiu Ho

(appointed on 5 February 2020 and re-designated as a non-executive Director on 1 May 2020)

Mr. Pu Wei (appointed on 5 February 2020)

Non-executive Directors

Ms. Gao Qiaoqin (appointed on 10 June 2014)

Mr. Chou Chiu Ho (re-designated on 1 May 2020)

Mr. Choi Clifford Wai Hong (appointed on 16 April 2021)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Fong Wo, Felix (appointed on 8 June 2015)

Mr. Gu Jiong (appointed on 8 June 2015)

Mr. Lo Wa Kei, Roy (appointed on 8 June 2015)

Mr. Chu Kin Wang Peleus (appointed on 16 April 2021)

主要供應商及客戶

本集團前五名客戶佔本集團總收入的12%(二零一九年:21%),前五名供應商佔本集團回顧年度內採購總額的76%(二零一九年:72%)。另外,回顧年度內本集團最大供應商佔全年採購總額的37%(二零一九年:51%)。本集團與相關供應商及客戶進行之交易均按一般商業條款訂立。

除上文所披露者外,概無董事及其緊密聯繫 人士或任何股東(根據董事所知擁有本公司5% 以上已發行股份數目之股東)持有上述主要供 應商之任何權益。

重大訴訟

於回顧年內,本集團概有涉及重大訴訟被一個服務提供商追索要尚未支付的信託管理服務費、僱員薪酬及福利以及罰款,總額約為人民幣68,652,000元。詳情見於二零二零年十二月一日載於聯交所及本公司網站的公司自願性公告及載於綜合財務報表附註7(b)內。

重大事項

於回顧年內,本集團沒有重大事項。

董事

於本年度內及直至本董事會報告書日期止, 本公司的董事為:

執行董事

陳承守先生(主席及行政總裁)

(於二零一四年一月十六日獲委任)

豐慈招先生

(於二零一五年十月三十一日獲委任)

周昭何先生(於二零二零年二月五日獲委任

及於二零二零年五月一日

調職為非執行董事)

浦巍先生(於二零二零年二月五日獲委任)

非執行董事

高巧琴女士(於二零一四年六月十日獲委任) 周昭何先生(於二零二零年五月一日調職) 蔡偉康先生(於二零二一年四月十六日獲委任)

獨立非執行董事

方和先生(於二零一五年六月八日獲委任) 顧炯先生(於二零一五年六月八日獲委任) 盧華基先生(於二零一五年六月八日獲委任) 朱健宏先生(於二零二一年四月十六日獲委任)

DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告書

According to Article 108 (a) of the Articles of Association of the Company: "Notwithstanding any other provisions in these articles, at each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third, shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. A retiring Director shall be eligible for reelection. The Company at the general meeting at which a Director retires may fill the vacated office."

Mr. Feng Cizhao, an executive Director of the Company, Ms. Gao Qiaoqin, a non-executive Director of the Company, Mr. Gu Jiong, an independent non-executive Director of the Company, will retire from office as the Directors at the AGM and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Pursuant to Article 112 of the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Choi Clifford Wai Hong, who is a non-executive Director, and Mr. Chu Kin Wang Peleus, who is an independent non-executive Director, will retire by rotation at the AGM and, being eligible, offered themselves for re-election at the AGM.

SERVICE CONTRACTS OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Chen Chengshou, an executive Director, entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of three years from 6 July 2015 ("Listing Date"), which will renew and prolong for one year automatically after the expiry of the appointment, during which such service agreements can be terminated by not less than three months prior written notice to the other party and subject to the early termination provisions contained therein.

Mr. Feng Cizhao, an executive Director, entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of three years from 31 October 2015, which will renew and prolong for one year automatically after the expiry of the appointment, during which such service agreements can be terminated by not less than three months prior written notice to the other party and subject to the early termination provisions contained therein.

Mr. Pu Wei, an executive Director, entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of three years from 5 February 2020, which will renew and prolong for one year automatically after the expiry of the appointment, during which such service agreements can be terminated by not less than three months prior written notice to the other party and subject to the early termination provisions contained therein.

根據本公司的組織章程細則第108(a)條:「儘管受本細則任何其他條文所規限,在每屆股東週年大會上,當時的三分之一董事或如其人數並非三或三的倍數,則最接近但不少於三分之一的董事人數的董事應輪值退任,但每名董事(包括以指定任期獲委任的董事)須至少每三年輪值退任一次。退任董事有資格重選連任。本公司可在股東大會上就任何董事的退任填補該等職位的空缺。」

本公司的執行董事豐慈招先生、非執行董事 高巧琴女士及獨立非執行董事顧炯先生將在 股東週年大會上卸任,並合資格重選連任。

根據本公司之組織章程細則第112條,非執行董事蔡偉康先生及獨立非執行董事朱健宏先生將於股東週年大會輪席退任並符合資格在股東週年大會上提名連任。

董事之服務合約

執行董事陳承守先生與本公司訂立服務合同, 任期自二零一五年七月六日(「上市日期」) 起 為期三年,並於當時委任期滿後自動續期及 延長一年,有關服務合同可由一方於任期內 向另一方發出不少於三個月的書面通知而予 以終止,惟須符合當中所載的提前終止條文。

執行董事豐慈招先生已與本公司訂立服務合同,豐先生任期自二零一五年十月三十一日 起為期三年,並於當委任期滿後均自動續期 及延長一年,有關服務合同可由一方於任期 內向另一方發出不少於三個月的書面通知而 予以終止,惟須符合當中所載的提前終止條 文。

執行董事浦巍先生與本公司訂立服務合同, 任期自二零二零年二月五日起為期三年,並 於當時委任期滿後自動續期及延長一年,有 關服務合同可由一方於任期內向另一方發出 不少於三個月的事先書面通知而予以終止, 惟須符合當中所載的提前終止條文。

董事會報告書

Ms. Gao Qiaogin, a non-executive Director; Mr. Gu Jiong, Mr. Lo Wa Kei, Roy and Mr. Fong Wo, Felix, the independent non-executive Directors, each entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years from the Listing Date.

Mr. Chou Chiu Ho, a non-executive Director, entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years from 1 May 2020, which can be terminated by not less than three months written notice to the other party and subject to the early termination provisions contained therein.

Mr. Choi Clifford Wai Hong and Mr. Chu Kin Wang Peleus have entered into letters of appointment with the Company as a non-executive Director and an independent non-executive Director, respectively, for a term of one year commencing from 16 April 2021 which may be terminated by either the Company, Mr. Choi or Mr. Chu by giving at least three months written notice or otherwise in accordance with the terms of the letters of appointment. Mr. Choi and Mr. Chu are subject to retirement and re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company after their appointment and also be subject to the retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company.

In accordance with the Articles of Association and Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules, not less than one-third of the Directors shall retire from office by rotation annually. No Directors being proposed for reelection at the AGM has any service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The Directors' fees are determined by the Remuneration Committee with reference to Directors' duties, responsibilities and operating results of the Company, which are subject to the review of the Board and shareholders' approval at annual general meetings. Please refer to Note 8 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 168 to 169 of this annual report.

非執行董事高巧琴女士,獨立非執行董事顧 炯先生、盧華基先生及方和先生各自與本公 司訂立委聘函,任期均自上市日期起為期三

非執行董事周昭何先生與本公司訂立委聘函、 任期由二零二零五月一日起計為期三年。有 關委聘 函 可由 一 方 於 仟 期 內 向 另 一 方 發 出 不 少於三個月的書面通知而予以終止,惟須符 合當中所載的提前終止條文。

蔡偉康先生及朱健宏先生已就擔任非執行董 事及獨立非執行董事分別與本公司訂立委聘 函,自二零二一年四月十六日起計為期一年; 可由本公司、蔡先生或朱先生透過發出不少 於三個月之書面通知或根據委聘函之條款予 以終止。蔡先生及朱先生須於彼等獲委任後 在本公司應屆股東週年大會上退任及膺選連 任,亦須根據本公司之組織章程細則輪席退 任及膺選連任。

根據組織章程細則及上市規則附錄14,每年 至少三分之一的董事須輪值退任。提名於股 東週年大會上膺選連任的董事概無與本公司 或其任何附屬公司訂立不可由本集團於一年 內終止而毋須支付賠償(法定賠償外)的服務

金幅電量

董事袍金由薪酬委員會根據董事職務,責任 及本公司經營業績擬訂,經董事會審議,由股 東週年大會批准。請參閱本年報第168至169 頁之綜合財務報表附註8。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS IN THE SECURITIES

The shares of the Company were listed on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. As at the date of this annual report, the interests or short positions of the Directors and chief executives in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations, within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO"), which (a) were required to be notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) were required to be recorded in the register referred to therein pursuant to section 352 of the SFO; or (c) were required to be notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules were as follows:

董事及主要行政人員於證券之權益

本公司股份於香港聯交所主板上市。於本年 報日期,董事及主要行政人員於本公司及其 相聯法團(按證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條 例」)第XV部之涵義)之股份、相關股份及債券 中擁有(a)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第 8分部須知會本公司及香港聯交所之權益或淡 倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例有關條文彼等被 視為或當作擁有之權益及淡倉);或(b)根據證 券及期貨條例第352條規定須列入該條例所指 之登記冊內之權益或淡倉;或(c)根據載於上 市規則附錄10之上市公司董事進行證券交易 之標準守則須通知本公司及香港聯交所之權 益或淡倉如下:

Long positions in the shares and underlying shares:

The Company

於股份及相關股份之好倉:

本公司

Name of Directors	Capacity/Nature of interest		Number of shares/ underlying shares	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital of the Company (%)
			股份/相關	佔本公司 已發行股本概
董事姓名	身份/權益性質		股份數目	約百分比(%)
Mr. Chen Chengshou	Interest of controlled corporatio (Note 1)	n		
陳承守先生	受控制法團之權益(附註1)	7	76,467,800 (L)	41.33%
Ms. Gao Qiaoqin	Interest of spouse (Note 2)			
高巧琴女士	配偶權益(附註2)	7	76,467,800 (L)	41.33%
Mr. Feng Cizhao	Beneficial owner (Note 3)			
豐慈招先生	實益擁有人(附註3)		129,000 (L)	0.007%
(L): represents long positions		(L):指好倉		

(L): represents long positions

附註:

Notes:

- 776,467,800 shares are registered in the name of Xinxing Company 1 Limited which is wholly-owned by Mr. Chen.
- Ms. Gao is the spouse of Mr. Chen. Under the SFO. Ms. Gao is deemed to be interested in the same number of shares in which Mr. Chen is interested in.
- 3. Those shares are award shares granted by the Board on 7 April 2016 pursuant to the Share Award Scheme and have been fully vested.
- 776,467,800股股份乃以Xinxing Company Limited之名義登記,該公司由陳先生全資擁
- 高女士為陳先生的配偶。根據證券及期貨條 例,高女士被視為於陳先生所擁有權益的相 同數目股份中擁有權益。
- 該等股份為董事會於二零一六年四月七日根 據股份獎勵計劃已授出並完全歸屬的獎勵股 份。

董事會報告書

Associated corporation —Xinxing Company Limited

相聯法團 — Xinxing Company Limited

Name of Directors	Nature of interest	Number and class of securities in the associated corporation 於相聯法團的	Approximate percentage of interest in the associated corporation 於相聯法團的
董事姓名	權益性質	證券數目及類別	權益概約百分比
Mr. Chen Chengshou 陳承守先生 Ms. Gao Qiaoqin 高巧琴女士	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 Interest of spouse 配偶權益	1 share ⁽¹⁾ 一股股份 ⁽¹⁾ 1 share ⁽²⁾ 一股股份 ⁽²⁾	100%

Notes:

- The disclosed interest represents the interests in the associated corporation, Xinxing Company Limited, which is held as to 100% by Mr. Chen as at the date of this annual report.
- Ms. Gao is the spouse of Mr. Chen. By virtue of the SFO, Ms. Gao is deemed to be interested in the 1 share of Xinxing Company Limited held by Mr. Chen.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2020, none of the Directors or chief executives of the Company had or was deemed to have any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

附註:

- 所披露權益指於相聯法團Xinxing Company Limited的權益,而於本年報日期, Xinxing Company Limited由陳先生持有100%權益。
- 高女士為陳先生的配偶。根據證券及期貨條 (2)例,高女士被視為於陳先生持有的Xinxing Company Limited一股股份中擁有權益。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二零年十二月 三十一日, 概無本公司董事或主要行政人員 於本公司或其相關法團(定義見證券與期貨條 例第XV部)之股份、相關股份或債券中擁有或 被視為擁有須記入根據證券及期貨條例第352 條存置之登記冊或須根據標準守則知會本公 司及香港聯交所之權益或淡倉。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN THE SECURITIES

The register of substantial shareholders maintained by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO shows that, as at the date of this annual report, the following shareholders, other than those disclosed in the section headed "Directors' and Chief Executives' Interest in the Securities", had notified the Company of their interests and/or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO.

Interest in the Company

主要股東於證券之權益

本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定而置存之主要股東登記冊表明,於本年報日期,下列股東(於「董事及主要行政人員於證券之權益」一節披露之股東除外)已知會本公司其於本公司股份及相關股份擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部之條文須予以披露之權益及/或淡倉。

於本公司的權益

Name of substantial shareholders 主要股東姓名	Capacity/nature of interest 身份/權益性質	Number of shares/ underlying shares 股份/相關 股份數目	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行 股本概約百分比
Xinxing Company Limited	Beneficial owner	776,467,800	
(Notes 1 and 2)		(long position)	
Xinxing Company Limited (附註1及2)	實益擁有人	776,467,800(好倉)	41.33%
Ho Kwok Leung Glen and Lai Kar Yan (Note 2)	In the capacity as Receivers	187,862,200 (long position)	
何國樑及黎嘉恩(附註2)	接管人身份	187,862,200(好倉)	10.00%

Notes:

- 1. Xinxing is held as to 100% by Mr. Chen Chengshou. 752,137,800 shares out of 776,467,800 shares held by Xinxing have been charged to Chance Talent Management Limited ("Chance Talent"). Receivers were appointed on 18 November 2020 over 940,000,000 ordinary shares, representing approximately 50.04% of the total issued share capital of the Company, held by Xinxing in favour of Chance Talent.
- On 11 February 2021, the Receivers, namely, Messrs. Lai Kar Yan and Ho Kwok Leung Glen, withdrew 187,862,200 shares that have been charged to Chance Talent from CCASS and registered such 187,862,200 shares in their name. As such, the shares held by Xinxing that have been charged to Chance Talent decreased from 940,000,000 shares to 752,137,800 shares, representing approximately 40.04% of the total issued share capital of the Company.

附註:

- Xinxing由陳承守先生持有100%的股權。 Xinxing持有的776,467,800股股份中有 752,137,800股已押記予Chance Talent Management Limited(「Chance Talent」)。於 二零二零年十一月十八日,已委任接管人以 接管Xinxing以Chance Talent為受益人持有 的940,000,000股普通股,該等股份佔本公司 已發行股本總額約50.04%。
- 2. 於二零二一年二月十一日,接管人(即黎嘉思先生及何國樑先生)已從中央結算系統撤回已押記予Chance Talent的187,862,200股股份,並且以彼等的名義註冊該等187,862,200股股份。因此,由Xinxing持有並且已押記予Chance Talent的股份從940,000,000股減少至752,137,800股,相當於本公司已發行股本總額的約40.04%。

董事會報告書

Save as disclosed above, as at the date of this annual report, the Company had not been notified by any persons, other than Directors and chief executives of the Company, who had interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

除上文所披露者外,於本年報日期,本公司並 未獲任何人士(本公司董事及主要行政人員除 外)知會其於本公司股份、相關股份及債券中 擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分 部之條文須向本公司披露或須記入根據證券 及期貨條例第336條本公司須存置之登記冊之 權益或淡倉。

DEED OF NON-COMPETITION BY CONTROLLING **SHAREHOLDERS**

Each of the controlling shareholders has made an annual declaration with regard to their compliance with the terms of the deed of noncompetition. The details of the deed of non-competition are set out in the section headed "Relationship with Controlling Shareholders" of the Prospectus. The deed of non-competition by controlling shareholders has taken effect from the Listing Date.

DEED OF NON-COMPETITION BY EXECUTIVE **DIRECTORS**

Each of the executive Directors has made an annual declaration with regarding to their compliance with the terms of the deed of noncompetition. The deed of non-competition by executive Directors has taken effect from the Listing Date. The INEDs had reviewed and confirmed that the executive Directors of the Company have complied with the deed of non-competition and the deed of noncompetition has been enforced by the Company in accordance with its terms.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company has adopted the share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") on 8 June 2015, which will be in force for a period of 10 years. Under the Share Option Scheme, the eligible participants of the scheme, including Directors, full-time employees, advisers, suppliers and customers to our Company or our subsidiaries, (the "Eligible Participants") may be granted options which entitle them to subscribe for shares, provided that the number of shares to be subscribed under such option together with the options granted under any other schemes initially shall not more than 10% of the shares in issue on the Listing Date.

The Share Option Scheme is a share incentive scheme and is established to recognize and acknowledge the contributions the Eligible Participants have made or may make to the Group. The Share Option Scheme will provide the Eligible Participants an opportunity to have a personal stake in the Company with the view to achieving the following objectives: (i) motivating the Eligible Participants to improve their performance efficiency for the benefit of the Group; and (ii) attracting and retaining or otherwise maintaining on-going business relationships with the Eligible Participants whose contributions are or will be beneficial to the longterm growth of the Group.

控股股東之不競爭契據

各控股股東已就其遵守不競爭契據條款作出 年度聲明。不競爭契據詳情載於招股章程 [與 控股股東的關係 | 一節。有關控股股東之不競 爭契據已於 上市日期起生效。

執行董事之不競爭契據

本公司各執行董事已就其遵守不競爭契據條 款作出年度聲明。有關執行董事之不競爭契 據已於上市日期起生效。獨立非執行董事已 審閱及確認本公司執行董事已遵守不競爭契 據及本公司已根據其條款執行不競爭契據。

購股權計劃

本公司已於二零一五年六月八日採納購股權 計劃(「購股權計劃」),有效期為十年。根據 購股權計劃,計劃的合資格參與者(包括本公 司或我們附屬公司的董事、全職僱員、顧問、 供應商以及客戶等)(「合資格參與者」)可能獲 授予賦予彼等權利認購股份的購股權(與根據 任何其他計劃授予的購股權合併計算),可認 購的股份數目初步不得超過上市日期已發行 股份的10%。

購股權計劃為一項股份獎勵計劃,乃為嘉許 及肯定合資格參與者對本集團所作出或可能 作出的貢獻而設立。購股權計劃將為合資格 參與者提供於本公司持有個人權益的機會, 旨在達到下列目的:(i)激勵合資格參與者為本 集團的利益盡量提高工作效率;及(ii)吸引及 挽留其貢獻目前或將來對本集團長期發展有 利的合資格參與者,或以其他方式維持與該 等合資格參與者的持續業務關係。

DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告書

The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted (including shares in respect of which options, whether exercised or still outstanding, have already been granted) under the Share Option Scheme and under any other share option schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the total number of shares in issue on the Listing Date, excluding for this purpose shares which would have been issuable pursuant to options which have lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme (or any other share option schemes of the Company).

根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃可能授出的購股權所涉及的股份數目上限(包括已授出的已行使或尚未行使購股權所涉及的股份),合共不得超過於上市日期已發行股份總數的10%,就此而言,不包括根據購股權計劃(或本公司任何其他購股權計劃)的條款已失效的購股權原應可予發行的股份。

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company at any time shall not exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time (the "Maximum Limit"). No options shall be granted under any schemes of the Company, including the Share Option Scheme, if that will result in the Maximum Limit being exceeded.

儘管有上述規定,根據購股權計劃及本公司 任何其他購股權計劃授出但有待行使的所有 未行使購股權獲行使而可能於任何時間發行 的股份,不得超過不時已發行股份的30%(「最 高限額」)。倘根據本公司任何計劃(包括購股 權計劃)授出購股權將導致超出最高限額,則 不得授出該等購股權。

The Board may, at its discretion, offer to grant an option to the Eligible Participants. An option shall be deemed to have been granted and accepted by the grantee and to have taken effect when the duplicate offer document constituting acceptance of the options duly signed by the grantee, together with a remittance in favor of the Company of HK\$1.00 by way of consideration for the grant thereof, is received by the Company on or before the relevant acceptance date.

董事會可酌情向合資格參與者提呈授出購股權。本公司於有關接納日期或之前收到承授人妥為簽署構成接納購股權的一式兩份要約文件連同向本公司支付作為授出購股權的代價的1.00港元的款項後,購股權即被視為已授出及已獲承授人接納並生效。

After receipt of the notice and the remittance and, where appropriate, receipt of the certificate by the auditor or the approved independent financial adviser (as the case may be) to the Company, the Company shall allot and issue the relevant number of shares to the grantee credited as fully paid and issue to the grantee certificates in respect of the shares so allotted.

於收到通知及股款以及(如適用)本公司核數師或獲認可獨立財務顧問(視情況而定)發出的證書後內,本公司須向承授人配發及發行入賬列為繳足的有關數目股份,並就已配發的股份向承授人發出股票。

The total number of shares issued and which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company (including both exercised, outstanding options and shares which were the subject of options which have been granted and accepted under the Share Option Scheme or any other scheme of the Company but subsequently cancelled) to each Eligible Participant in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the shares in issue as at the date of grant.

於任何12個月期間直至授出日期,因根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃授出的購股權(包括已行使、尚未行使的購股權計劃或本公司任何其他計劃已授出並獲接納但於其後註銷的購股權所涉及股份獲行使而已經及可能向各合資格參與者發行的股份總數不得超過於授出日期已發行股份的1%。

董事會報告書

The subscription price of a share in respect of any particular option granted under the Share Option Scheme shall be such price as the Board in its absolute discretion shall determine, save that such price will not be less than the highest of: (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the date of grant, which must be a day on which the Hong Kong Stock Exchange is open for the business of dealing in securities; (ii) the average of the closing prices of the shares as stated in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a Share.

根據購股權計劃授出的任何特定購股權所涉股份的認購價,須為董事會全權酌情釐定的價格,惟此價格將不得低於以下最高者:(i)股份於授出日期(須為香港聯交所公開辦理證券交易業務的日子)在香港聯交所每日報價表所報的收市價:(ii)股份於緊接授出日期前五個營業日在香港聯交所每日報價表所報的平均收市價;及(iii)股份面值。

As at the date of this annual report, the total number of shares to be issued under the Share Option Scheme is 188,000,000 shares, representing 10% of the issued shares at Listing Date. No share option was granted, exercised or cancelled by the Company since the adoption of the Share Option Scheme.

於本年報日期,根據購股權計劃可發行股份 總數為188,000,000股,佔上市日期已發行股份的10%。自採納購股權計劃之日起,本公司 概無授出、行使或註銷購股權。

SHARE AWARD SCHEME

On 26 January 2016, the Company adopted the share award scheme (the "Scheme"), pursuant to which Bank of Communications Trustee Limited as trustee (the "Trustee"). The Company adopted the Scheme to recognize the contribution by certain eligible participants and to attract suitable personnel for further development of the Group. Each of the Company and Mr. Chen, an executive Director and controlling shareholder of the Company, may make contribution to the trust for the purpose of vesting awarded shares to the selected participants. Pursuant to the Scheme, the Company may from time to time at its sole discretion subject to requirements under this Scheme, cause to be paid any sums of money to the Trustee and instruct the Trustee to purchase shares in the market at prevailing market price. Mr. Chen may from time to time transfer shares to the Trustee, for the purpose of vesting awarded shares to the selected participants, subject to the compliance with the requirements of the Listing Rules, all applicable laws from time to time. The Trustee will hold the awarded shares on trust for all or one or more of the selected participants until such awarded shares are vested with the relevant selected participants in accordance with the rules of the Scheme.

股份獎勵計劃

本公司於二零一六年一月二十六日採納股份 獎勵計劃(「本計劃」),並由交通銀行信託有 限公司作為受託人(「受託人」),以嘉許若干 合資格參與者所作出之貢獻,及吸引合適人 才推動本集團之未來發展。為將獎勵股份歸 屬獲選參與者,本公司及本公司執行董事兼 控股股東陳先生均可向信託作出供款。根據 本計劃,本公司可不時全權酌情根據本計劃 之規定向受託人支付任何金額,並指示受託 人按現時市價於市場上購買股份。為將獎勵 股份歸屬獲選參與者,陳先生可不時向受託 人轉讓股份,惟須遵守上市規則及所有適用 法例不時之規定並受限制期間規限。受託人 將以信託形式為全部或一名或多名合資格參 與者持有獎勵股份,直至該等獎勵股份根據 本計劃規則歸屬相關獲選參與者為止。

The Scheme is a discretionary scheme of the Company and shall be subject to the administration of the Board and the Trustee in accordance with the rules of the Scheme and the trust deed. The Board shall not make any further award of awarded shares which will result in the nominal value of the shares awarded by the Board under the Scheme exceeding ten per cent (10%) of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. The maximum number of shares which may be awarded to a selected participant under the Scheme shall not exceed one per cent (1%) of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. The Scheme does not constitute a share option scheme within the meaning of Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

本計劃為本公司一項酌情制訂之計劃。根據本計劃及信託契據之規則,本計劃須受董事會及受託人管理。倘董事會授出獎勵股份後會導致根據本計劃已授出之股份面值超過本公司不時已發行股本之百分之十(10%),則不應再進一步授出獎勵股份。獲選參與者根據本計劃可獲授之最高股份數目不可超過本公司不時已發行股本之百分之一(1%)。本計劃可不構成上市規則第17章所界定之購股權計劃。

DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告書

The Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years since the date of adoption of the Scheme. Early termination should be done by the Board. On 7 April 2016, the Board resolved to award 13,716,666 awarded shares ("Awarded Shares") to 150 selected participants through the deployment of the shares of the Company. All Awarded Shares have been vested to the eligible participants. For details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 18 February 2016 and 7 April 2016. Apart from that, the Company has not granted, exercised or cancelled any Awarded Shares.

During the Year under Review, (i) no share options were granted, exercised or cancelled by the Company and (ii) the Board of the Company has neither paid any funding to the trustee of the Scheme nor allowed the trustee to purchase the shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange. During the Year under Review, the trustee of the Scheme also did not purchase any shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange.

DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company, nor any of its holding companies, its subsidiaries or its fellow subsidiaries was a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors and chief executives of the Company, including their spouses and children under 18 years of age, to hold any interest or short positions in the shares, or underlying shares, or debentures, of the Company or its associated corporations, within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.

DIRECTORS' AND CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

There were no transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Company's business, to which the Company or any of the Company's subsidiaries was a party, subsisting at the end of the Year under Review or at any time during the Year under Review, and in which a Director or an entity connected with the Director have or had, whether directly or indirectly, a material interest, nor were there any other transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Company's business between the Company or any of the Company's Subsidiaries and a controlling Shareholder or any of its subsidiaries.

股份獎勵計劃自採納日期起計10年之期限內有效,惟可由董事會根據計劃規則決定提早終止。於二零一六年四月七日,董事會議決向150位獲選參與者透過調配本公司股份的形式授予13,716,6666股獎勵股份(「獎勵股份」)。所有獎勵股份已歸屬予合資格獲選參與者。詳情請參閱本公司日期為二零一六年二月十八日及二零一六年四月七日的公告。除此之外,本公司概無授出、行使或註銷任何獎勵股份。

於回顧年度內,(i)本公司概無授出及(ii)行使或 註銷購股權,本公司董事會既沒有向計劃之 受託人支付任何資金,讓受託人可於聯交所 購買本公司之股份。於回顧年度內,計劃之受 託人也沒有於聯交所購買本公司之任何股份。

董事購買股份的權利

除上文所披露者外,本公司、其任何控股公司、其附屬公司或其同系附屬公司從未訂立任何安排,使本公司董事及主要行政人員(包括彼等的配偶及未滿18歲子女)於本公司或其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份或相關股份或債券中持有任何權益或淡倉。

董事及控權股東於交易、安排或合 約之權益

本公司或本公司任何附屬公司概無於回顧年度年結時或回顧年度的任何時間與本公司業務有關而董事或與董事相關聯的實體於其中有重大權益(無論直接或間接)之交易、安排或合約,本公司或本公司任何附屬公司及控股股東或其任何附屬公司亦無訂立與本集團業務有關之其他重大交易、安排或合約。

董事會報告書

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

In accordance with the disclosure requirements of the continuing connected transactions in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules of the Hong Kong, during the Year under Review, the Company has not conducted any continuing connected transactions with connected persons that are not exempted from annual reporting requirement under the Listing Rules.

The related party transactions set out in Note 34 to the consolidated financial statements are not required to be disclosed pursuant to Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The Company confirms that it has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed for the year ended 31 December 2020.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

In accordance with the provisions of Section 470 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of laws of Hong Kong), a permitted indemnity provision for the benefit of the Directors was effective during the financial year ended 31 December 2020 and at the time when this Directors' report prepared by the Directors was adopted in accordance with Section 391(1) (a) of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the laws of Hong Kong). The Company has taken out and maintained appropriate insurance cover in respect of potential legal actions against its Directors and officers.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESSES

For the year ended 31 December 2020, none of the Directors was interested in any business, which competed or was likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the Group's businesses.

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained the prescribed amount of public float during the Year as required under the Listing Rules.

持續關連交易

按照香港上市規則第14A章有關持續關連交易的披露規定,於回顧年度內,本公司概無與關連人士進行任何未獲豁免遵守上市規則年度報告規定的持續關連交易。

載於綜合財務報表附註34所列的關連方交易並非根據上市規則第14A章須予披露的關聯交易。本公司確認已符合上市規則第14A章的披露規定。

管理合約

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度, 概無訂立或存在任何與本公司全部或任何重 大業務部分相關的管理及行政合約。

獲准許彌償條文

根據香港法例第622章公司條例第470條,董事之獲准許的彌償條文於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止財政年度及由董事所編製的本董事會報告根據香港法例第622章公司條例第391(1)(a)條獲採納時生效。本公司已就其董事及要員可能會面對的法律行動辦理及投購適當的保險。

董事於競爭性業務之權益

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,概 無董事於與本集團業務直接或間接構成競爭 或可能構成競爭之任何業務中擁有權益。

公眾持股量

根據本公司所得悉的公開資料及董事所知悉, 本公司於本年度內已按上市規則規定維持指 定數額的公眾持股量。

DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告書

AUDITOR

On 29 December 2020, Ernst & Young has resigned as the independent auditor of the Company (the "Independent Auditor") and Mazars CPA Limited has been appointed as a new Independent Auditor upon approval of the Board of the Company on 29 December 2020, to hold office until the conclusion of the forthcoming annual general meeting. Mazars CPA Limited has audited the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards.

By order of the Board

XINMING CHINA HOLDINGS LIMITED Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Chen Chengshou

Hangzhou, PRC 21 April 2021

核數師

於二零二零年十二月二十九日,安永會計師事務所已辭任本公司獨立核數師(「獨立核數師」),而中審眾環(香港)會計師事務所有限公司於二零二零年十二月二十九日經本公司於二零二零年十二月二十九日獲委任為新獨立核數師,任期直至應屆股東週年大會結束為止。中審眾環(香港)會計師事務所已審核根據國際財務報告準則編製的本集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表。

承董事會命

新明中國控股有限公司 主席兼行政總裁 陳承守

中國 ● 杭州 二零二一年四月二十一日

企業管治報告書

MISSION

The Board is committed to maintaining a high level of corporate governance and ensuring transparency in business operations, so as to enhance the operation efficiency of the Company and protect the interests of the Company and the shareholders in all respects. The Board seeks to perform strict integrity and ethics in all aspects of our business, to maintain sound risk management and internal control system and attract high caliber members to the Board.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Board had adopted, applied and complied with the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules, except the disclosure in "Chairman and Chief Executive Officer" below.

To the Directors' knowledge, there is no information reasonably indicates that the Company has not complied with the code provisions of the CG Code set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules at any time for the year ended 31 December 2020.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct of dealings in securities of the Company by the Directors. Upon specific enquiries made to the Directors, all of them confirmed that they had complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code during the Year under Review.

As required by the Company, relevant officers and employees of the Company are also bound by the Model Code, which prohibits them to deal in securities of the Company at any time when they possess inside information in relation to those securities. The Company is not aware of any non-compliance with the Model Code by the relevant officers and employees.

理念

董事會致力維持高水平的企業管治,確保本公司運作具透明度,以此促進本公司運作效率及全面保障本公司及股東的利益。董事會力求於業務的各方面均貫徹嚴謹的誠信及道德操守,以維持良好之風險管理及內部監控制度及吸納卓越之成員加入董事會。

企業管治守則

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,除於下述所披露之「主席兼行政總裁」外,董事會已採納、應用及遵守上市規則附錄14的企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)所載之守則條文。

就董事所知,並無任何數據合理顯示本公司 現時或曾經於截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度任何時間不遵守上市規則附錄14所 載的《企業管治守則》之守則條文。

證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」),作為董事買賣本公司證券的操守準則。經向全體董事作出特定查詢後,全體董事確認彼等於回顧年內已遵守標準守則所載的規定標準。

根據本公司要求,本公司有關高級職員及僱員亦須受標準守則約束,當其獲得有關證券內幕消息時,禁止於任何時候買賣本公司證券。本公司並無察覺有相關高級職員及僱員違反標準守則。

企業管治報告書

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Structure

As at the date of this annual report, the Board comprised three executive Directors, three non-executive Directors and four independent non-executive Directors. The composition of the Board is as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Chen Chengshou (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Feng Cizhao Mr. Pu Wei

Non-executive Directors

Ms. Gao Qiaoqin

Mr. Chou Chiu Ho

Mr. Choi Clifford Wai Hong (appointed on 16 April 2021)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Fong Wo, Felix

Mr. Gu Jiong

Mr. Lo Wa Kei, Rov

Mr. Chu Kin Wang Peleus (appointed on 16 April 2021)

The independent non-executive Directors (the "INEDs") represent over one-third members of the Board. The profiles of all Directors are set out on pages 28 to 36 of this annual report. Save as disclosed in this annual report, there is no other relationship among members of the Board, including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship. The INEDs are highly experienced professionals and businessmen with a broad range of expertise and experience in accounting, finance, legal and business management and one of them has appropriate professional accounting qualification as required by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

The Board is responsible for directing and supervising affairs of the Company. Each Director acts in good faith for the best interest of the Company. The Directors are collectively and individually responsible to the Company for the manner in which the affairs of the Company are managed, controlled and operated. They had devoted sufficient time and attention to affairs of the Company during the Year under Review.

At each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third, shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election. The Company may fill the vacancy at the general meeting when a Director retires. As such, the term of office of each Director has been governed by the Articles of Association of the Company.

The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance to indemnify the Directors of the Group for their liabilities arising from the corporate activities. The insurance coverage will be reviewed on an annual basis.

董事會

架構

於本年報日期,董事會由三名執行董事、三名 非執行董事及四名獨立非執行董事組成。董 事會之組成如下:

執行董事

陳承守先生(主席及行政總裁)

豐慈招先生

浦巍先生

非執行董事

高巧琴女士

周昭何先生

蔡偉康先生(於二零二一年四月十六日獲委任)

獨立非執行董事

方和先生

顧炯先生

盧華基先生

朱健宏先生(於二零二一年四月十六日獲委任)

獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」)之人數超過董事會成員總數之三分之一。全體革之履歷載於本年報第28頁至第36頁。除本報所披露者外,董事會成員之間並無其他個係,包括金融、商業、家庭或其他重要/相關係。獨立非執行董事為極富經驗之專專業日及商界人士,在會計、金融、法律及商界人士,在會計、金融、法律及商界人士,在會計、金融、其中一人人。理具備豐富專業知識及經驗,其中一人。

董事會負責領導及監督本公司事務。各董事均以本公司之最佳利益為前提,以誠信態度履行職責。董事知悉彼等在管理、控制及經營本公司事務上,共同及個別向本公司負責。於回顧年內,彼等已付出足夠時間及專注力以處理本公司事務。

在每次之股東週年大會上,當時三分之一之董事(或倘董事人數並非三或三之倍數,則以最接近但不少於三分之一人數為準)須輪值退任,惟每名董事(包括獲委任特定年期者)均須最少每三年輪席退任一次。退任董事可膺選連任。本公司可於董事退任之股東大會上填補空缺。因此,各董事之任期按本公司組織章程細則而特定。

本公司已為本集團董事安排適當的責任保險, 以彌償彼等因企業活動所引致的責任。保險 範圍將每年進行審查。

企業管治報告書

Assistance to Directors in Decision Making

During their term of office, the Directors have been informed of the business of the Group, the competitive and regulatory environments in which it operates and other changes affecting the Group and the industry where it operates in as a whole. They have also been advised on appointment of their legal and other duties and obligations as directors of a company and updated on changes to the legal and governance requirements of the Group and upon themselves as the Directors.

Conduct of Meetings

The Directors are consulted and properly briefed for matters to be included in the meeting agenda, and are supplied with relevant information as well as reports relating to operational and financial performance of the Group before each regular Board meeting. At least 14 days' notice of a regular Board meeting is given to all Directors providing them with the opportunity to attend the meeting. For regular Board meetings, and so far as practicable for all other meetings, an agenda and accompanying board papers are dispatched to all Directors at least 3 days before the meeting to ensure that they have sufficient time to review the papers and prepare adequately for the meeting. Senior management members are invited to attend the meeting to address to the Board members' queries. This enables the Board to have pertinent data and insight for a comprehensive and informed assessment, which helps the Board to make decision.

The Chairman has delegated the responsibility to the company secretary (the "Company Secretary") of the Company for drawing up and approving the agenda of the meeting for each Board meeting, taking into account of any matter proposed by each Director for inclusion in the agenda. The proceedings of the Board at its meetings are generally monitored by the Chairman who would ensure that sufficient time is allocated for discussion and consideration of each item on the agenda. Equal opportunities are given to each Director to express his/her views and concerns.

All Directors have full access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary to ensure the procedures, rules and regulations of the Board are followed. Draft and final versions of minutes of each Board meeting in sufficient details are sent to the Directors for comments and records within a reasonable time after the meeting. The minutes of the Board and the Board committees' meetings are kept by the Company, which are available for inspection by the Directors upon reasonable notice.

給予董事決策之協助

本公司於董事在任期間,向彼等匯報有關本集團業務、經營所在地之競爭及規管環境,以及整體上影響本集團及其經營行業之其他變動的資料。彼等亦就委任為公司董事之法定及其他職能以及職責獲提供意見,並於彼等成為董事後更新有關本集團之法定及監管規定之變動。

會議之舉行

主席已委派公司秘書(「公司秘書」)負責在考慮各董事建議之議程後,編撰及批核每次董事會會議之議程。董事會之議事程序一般由主席監察,以確保分配充裕時間作出討論及考慮議程內之各個項目。每位董事均獲平等機會表達意見及其關注事宜。

全體董事均有權全面尋求公司秘書之意見及 服務,以確保遵守董事會程序、規則及規例。 各董事會會議之詳盡記錄草稿及定稿將於舉 行會議後的合理時間內,送交董事提供意見 及記錄。董事會會議及董事會轄下委員會會 議之記錄由本公司存置,並可由董事發出合 理通知下供其查閱。

企業管治報告書

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Board held 14 meetings in total and the board of shareholders held one AGM. Individual attendance of each Director and committee member at the meeting held in detail is as follows:

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度內, 董事會共舉行十四次董事會會議,股東會舉 行過一次股東週年大會。各董事及委員會的 成員及其出席會議的出席率詳情如下:

		The Board 董事會	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會	AGM 股東週年大會
Number of Meetings held	會議次數	14	5	2	2	1
Executive Directors Mr. Chen Chengshou (Chairman and Chief	執行董事 陳承守先生 <i>(主席及行政總裁)</i>					
Executive Officer) Mr. Feng Cizhao Mr. Chou Chiu Ho (appointed on 5 February 2020 and re-designated as a	豐慈招先生 周昭何先生(於二零二零年二月五日聘任並於 二零二零年五月一日調職為非執行董事)	14/14 11/14	N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用	2/2 N/A 不適用	1/1 1/1
non-executive Director on 1 May 2020) Mr. Pu Wei (appointed on 5 February 2020)	浦巍先生(於二零二零年二月五日聘任)	4/4 10/14	N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用	1/1 1/1
Non-executive Directors Ms. Gao Qiaoqin Mr. Chou Chiu Ho (re-designated on	非執行董事 高巧琴女士 周昭何先生(於二零二零年五月一日調任)	9/14	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1
1 May 2020) Mr. Choi Clifford Wai Hong (appointed on	蔡偉康先生(於二零二一年四月十六日獲委任)	10/10	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1
16 April 2021) Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Mr. Fong Wo, Felix Mr. Gu Jiong Mr. Lo Wa Kei, Roy Mr. Chu Kin Wang Peleus (appointed on	方和先生 顧炯先生 盧華基先生 朱健宏先生(於二零二一年四月十六日獲委任)	14/14 13/14 14/14	5/5 5/5 5/5	2/2 2/2 2/2	2/2 2/2 N/A 不適用	1/1 1/1 1/1
16 April 2021)		N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用

Works Performed

During the Year under Review, besides attending the Board meetings to consider and make decision on corporate governance, risk management, statutory compliance, accounting, finance and business matters, the Directors had brought independent opinion and judgment on the strategy, performance and standards of conduct of the Company; had taken a leading role where potential conflict of interest arose; had served on Board committees; had approved various corporate governance related matters and policies: had ensured that the Board maintained high standards of financial and other mandatory reporting; carried out reviews on matters reported by the Board committees, and had provided adequate checks and balance to safeguard the interests of shareholders and the Company as a whole. In addition, the Board delegates to the management of the Company certain functions, including the implementation of general daily operation, strategies approved by the Board, the implementation of internal control procedures and ensuring compliance with relevant requirements and other rules and regulations.

Each of the non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company with a term of three years except Mr. Chu Kin Wang Peleus and Mr. Choi Clifford Wai Hong who have a term of one year.

履行之工作

除朱健宏先生和蔡偉康先生為期一年外,每 一位非執行董事和獨立非執行董事均已與本 公司訂立為期三年的委聘函。

企業管治報告書

During the Year under Review, the non-executive Directors and INEDs had actively participated in the Board meetings, made independent judgments on matter of meeting and expressed their opinions on the information or reports proposed at the meetings.

Besides attending the meetings of the Board or the committees, in order to make timely decision and effectively implement the policies and practice of the Company, the Board had also adopted written resolutions signed by all Directors to make decision on corporate affairs from time to time.

As part of the continuing process on supervising the business of the Company, the Directors, acted by the audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee"), had reviewed the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of the accounting staff of the Company and financial reporting functions.

Independent Non-executive Directors' Confirmation

The Company has received, from each INED, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considered that all the INEDs are independent. The Company is in compliance with Rule 3.10 and Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules relating to the INEDs.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Under code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive officer shall be separate and shall not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Chen is the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company ("CEO"). The Group therefore does not separate the roles of the chairman and the CEO. The Board considered that Mr. Chen had in-depth knowledge and experience in the property investment and development industry and was the most appropriate person to manage the Group. Vesting the roles of both chairman and CEO in Mr. Chen has the benefit of ensuring consistent leadership within the Group and enables more effective and efficient overall strategic planning for the Group. The Board considers that the balance of power and authority for the present arrangement will not be impaired and this structure will enable the Company to make and implement decisions promptly and effectively. Besides, three independent non-executive Directors of the Board had actively participated in the Board meetings, made independent judgments on matter of meeting and expressed their opinions on the information or reports proposed at the meetings. Although Mr. Chen is the chairman and chief executive officer, the Company believes the Board will not make any biased decisions under Mr. Chen's influence. The Board will continue to review and consider splitting the roles of chairman and CEO of the Company at a time when it is appropriate and suitable by taking into account the circumstances of the Group as a whole.

於回顧年內,非執行董事及獨立非執行董事 積極參與董事會會議,就會議事項作出獨立 判斷及在提呈於會議上之資料或報告發表意 見。

除了出席董事會或委員會會議,為了能及時 作出決定及有效實施本公司之政策及實務, 董事會亦不時採納經全體董事簽署之書面決 議書為公司事務作出決定。

作為持續監督本公司業務之程序,董事已由 審核委員會(「審核委員會」)代行審閱本公司 會計員工的資源、資歷及經驗以及財務匯報 職能是否足夠。

獨立非執行董事之確認

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事之年度確認書,確認彼等符合上市規則第3.13條所載有關獨立性之規定。本公司認為全體獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。本公司並符合上市規則第3.10及3.10A條關於獨立非執行董事之規定。

主席兼行政總裁

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第A.2.1條,主 席與行政總裁之職位應有所區分,且不應由 同一人士兼任。陳先生為本公司主席兼行政 總裁(「行政總裁」)。故此本集團並無區分主 席及行政總裁之職位。董事會相信陳先生於 物業投資及發展行業具備淵博的學識及豐富 的經驗,為最適合管理本集團之人士,由陳先 生兼任主席及行政總裁的角色,可確保本集 團內之貫徹領導及可令本集團之整體策略規 劃更有效及具效率。董事會認為,目前的安排 將不會削弱權力制衡,而這個架構將有助本 公司迅速及有效地作出及實行決策。再者,本 公司董事會的三位獨立非執行董事均積極參 與董事會會議,就會議事項作出獨立判斷及 在提呈於會議上之資料或報告發表意見,雖 陳先生為本公司主席兼行政總裁,本公司認 為並不會影響董事會作出任何有偏頗之嫌的 決定。董事會將持續檢討,屆時顧慮到本集團 的整體情況,考慮將本公司的主席與行政總 裁的職能分開是否適當及適合。

企業管治報告書

Board Committees

The Board has established the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee (the "Remuneration Committee") and Nomination Committee (the "Nomination Committee") with defined roles and terms of reference.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Structure

The Company established the Audit Committee on 8 June 2015 with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and code provision C.3.4 of the CG Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules. The updated terms of reference of the Audit Committee are adopted on 29 December 2015, and are available on the websites of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the Company. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to provide the Board with an independent review of the effectiveness of the financial reporting process, internal control and risk management system of the Group, to oversee the audit process and to perform other duties and responsibilities as assigned by the Board.

All members under the Audit Committee possess diversified business experience. The chairman of the Audit Committee has appropriate professional qualification, accounting or related financial management expertise as required by the Listing Rules.

As at the date of this annual report, the Audit Committee is made up of three INEDs, namely:

Mr. Lo Wa Kei, Roy (Chairman)

Mr. Gu Jiong

Mr. Fong Wo, Felix

Functions

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee can be found on the websites of the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. The major duties of the Audit Committee are summarized as below:

- to be primarily responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor, to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and to deal with any issues relating to the resignation or dismissal of such auditor;
- to monitor the integrity of the Company's financial statements and annual reports and accounts, half year reports and, if prepared for publication, quarterly reports, and to review material comments on financial reporting contained in the statements and reports;
- to review the financial controls, risk management and internal iii) control systems of the Company, unless the risk committee otherwise under the Board or the Board itself has expressly stated that they will deal with it;
- to develop and review the policies and practices of the Group iv) on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board; and

董事會轄下委員會

董事會已成立審核委員會、薪酬委員會(「薪 酬委員會」)及提名委員會(「提名委員會」), 並界定其角色及職權範圍。

審核委員會 架構

本公司於二零一五年六月八日成立審核委員 會,並遵照上市規則第3.21條及上市規則附錄 14列載之企業管治守則第C.3.4段制訂其書面 職權範圍。審核委員會之最新職權範圍已於 二零一五年十二月二十九日獲採納,並可於 香港聯交所及本公司網站查閱。審核委員會 的主要職責為就本集團財務申報程序、內部 控制及風險管理制度的有效性向董事會提供 獨立審查、監察審核程序及行使由董事會分 配之其他職責。

審核委員會全體成員具備多元化的業務經驗。 審核委員會主席具備了上市規則規定之適當 專業資格、會計或相關財務管理專業知識。

於本年報日期,審核委員會由三位獨立非執 行董事組成,彼等為:

盧華基先生(*主席*) 顧炯先生 方和先生

職能

有關審核委員會之職權範圍,可瀏覽本公司 及香港聯交所網頁。審核委員會之主要職責 概述如下:

- 主要負責就外聘核數師的委任、重新委 i) 任及罷免向董事會提供建議,批准外聘 核數師的薪酬及聘用條款、及處理任何 有關該核數師辭職或辭退該核數師的問
- 監察本公司的財務報表以及年度報告及 賬目、半年度報告及(若擬刊發)季度報 告的完整性, 並審閱報表及報告所載有 關財務申報的重大意見;
- 檢討本公司的財務監控,以及(除非有 iii) 另設的董事會轄下風險委員會及或董事 會本身會明確處理)檢討本公司的風險 管理及內部監控系統;
- 制定及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常 iv) 規,並向董事會提出建議;及

企業管治報告書

v) to consider and identify risks of the Group and review the effectiveness of the decision-making processes of the Group in crisis and emergency situations and approve the major decisions affecting the risk profile or exposure of the Group.

Conduct of Meetings

The Audit Committee shall meet at least twice each year. The Company prepares and dispatches an information memorandum that includes all relevant information about the meetings to the Audit Committee members at least 3 days prior to such meetings. During the Year under Review, the Audit Committee members reviewed the information memorandum with due care and discussed with the senior management of the Company during the meetings. Minutes drafted by the Company Secretary were circulated to the Audit Committee members for comments within a reasonable time after each meeting. Executed minutes were kept by the Company and copies of the minutes were delivered to the Audit Committee members for records.

Works Performed

The works performed by the members of Audit Committee during the Year under Review are summarized as below:

- i) reviewed the annual accounts and consolidated financial statements and interim accounts of the Group;
- reviewed, discussed and agreed with the Independent Auditor in respect of the audit fee for the Year under Review; the nature, scope of audit and reporting obligations for the Year under Review;
- iii) reviewed and assessed the adequacy and effectiveness of the financial reporting and controls, internal control procedures and risk management system of the Group;
- reviewed the corporate governance practices and monitored the progress of compliance of the CG Code and its disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report;
- v) reviewed the performance of the properties of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020;
- vi) reviewed the continuing connected transactions to ensure that they are entered into on normal commercial terms, are fair and reasonable, and are carried out pursuant to the terms of such agreements in respect of these continuing connected transactions;
- vii) reviewed the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of the staff in accounting and financial reporting function, and the training programmers and budget; and

v) 審議及識別本集團的風險,並審議危機及緊急情況發生時本集團的決策程序的成效,以及批准影響本集團風險概況或風險的重要決策。

會議之舉行

履行之工作

- i) 審閱本集團年度之賬目及綜合財務報表,以及中期賬目;
- ii) 與獨立核數師審閱、討論及同意回顧年 內之核數費用;核數之性質、範圍及申 報責任;
- iii) 審閱及評估本集團之財務匯報及監控、 內部監控程序及風險管理系統是否足夠 及有效:
- iv) 檢討企業管治常規及監控遵守企業管治 守則之進度及其於企業管治報告中的披露情況:
- v) 審閱本集團截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度之物業表現;
- vi) 審閱持續關連交易,以確保其乃按正常 商業條款訂立,為公平合理並根據該等 持續關連交易相關協議的條款進行;
- vii) 審閱會計及財務匯報職能方面的資源、 員工資歷及經驗與員工所接受的培訓課 程及有關預算是否足夠;及

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viii) discussed with the Independent Auditor with respect to the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group, compliance with the Listing Rules and other financing reporting requirements.

viii) 就有關本集團所採納的會計原則及慣例、上市規則的合規情況及其他財務匯報規定與獨立核數師討論。

Overall, the Audit Committee is satisfied with the condition of the Company, including the corporate governance practices, internal control system, qualifications and experience of the staff in accounting and financial reporting function, and the training programmers.

整體而言,審核委員會滿意本公司之狀況,包括企業管治實務、內部監控制度以及會計及財務匯報職能方面的員工之資歷及經驗與員工所接受的培訓課程是足夠的。

One of the specific works vested upon the Audit Committee is to develop and review the corporate governance policies and practices of the Company. Upon reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board, the main policies for the corporate governance of the Company are to develop the Company itself as a sustainable and competitive company in the business sector in the interests of the Company and the shareholders as a whole, with an aim for a prudent and profitable development and long term achievement of growth through the well-established corporate governance principles, risk monitoring management and practices. As a listed company in Hong Kong, the Company is obliged to follow the principles, code provisions and recommended best practices (if applicable) set forth in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules as the substantial requirement on achieving high standards of corporate governance as well as a cornerstone of the corporate governance policy of the Company.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Structure

The Remuneration Committee has been established on 8 June 2015 with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.26 of the Listing Rules and code provision B.1.3 of the CG Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules with the roles to assist the Board in reviewing and determining the framework or specific policy for remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management, overseeing any major changes in employee benefit structures and considering other matters as defined by the Board.

As at the date of this annual report, the Remuneration Committee is made up of three INEDs, namely:

Mr. Gu Jiong *(Chairman)* Mr. Lo Wa Kei, Roy Mr. Fong Wo, Felix

薪酬委員會 架構

薪酬委員會於二零一五年六月八日成立,並 遵照上市規則第3.26條及上市規則附錄14列載 之企業管治守則第B.1.3條制訂及公開其書面 職權範圍。其角色為協助董事會檢討及釐定 董事及高級管理層之薪酬架構或具體政策, 監督僱員福利架構之任何重大變動,以及考 慮董事會釐定之其他事項。

於本年報日期,薪酬委員會由三位獨立非執 行董事組成,彼等為:

顧炯先生(主席) 盧華基先生 方和先生

企業管治報告書

Functions

The principal responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee are as follows:

- to make recommendations to the Board on the policy and structure of the Company for all Directors' and senior management's remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- ii) to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management including benefits in kind, pension rights, compensation payments (including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment);
- iii) to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of executive and non-executive Directors; and
- iv) to review and approve compensation payable to executive Directors and senior management for any loss or termination of office or appointment to ensure that it is consistent with contractual terms and is otherwise fair and not excessive for the Company.

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee can be found on the websites of the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

The Remuneration Committee shall consult the Chairman and/or Chief Executive Officer about their recommendations relating to the remuneration of other executive Directors and may also obtain independent professional advice.

Works Performed

The works performed by the members of the Remuneration Committee during the Year under Review are summarized as below:

- considered and made recommendations to the Board for endorsement of the remuneration policy of the Company and letters of appointment of the Directors and senior management with major terms and conditions, to comply with the CG Code; and
- assessed performance of executive Directors and considered and made recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of the Directors and senior management during the Year under Review.

職能

薪酬委員會之主要職責如下:

- i) 就本公司董事及高級管理人員的全體薪 酬政策及架構,及就設立正規而具透明 度的程序制訂薪酬政策,向董事會提出 建議;
- ii) 向董事會建議個別執行董事及高級管理 人員的薪酬待遇。此應包括非金錢利 益、退休金權利及賠償金額(包括喪失 或終止職務或委任的賠償);
- iii) 就執行及非執行董事的薪酬向董事會提 出建議;及
- iv) 檢討及批准向執行董事及高級管理人員 就其喪失或終止職務或委任而須支付的 賠償,以確保該等賠償與合約條款一 致;若未能與合約條款一致,賠償亦須 公平合理,不致過多。

有關薪酬委員會之職權範圍,可瀏覽本公司及香港聯交所網頁。

薪酬委員會應就其他執行董事之薪酬建議諮詢主席及/或行政總裁,亦可索取獨立的專業 章見。

履行之工作

薪酬委員會成員於回顧年內所履行之工作概 述如下:

- i) 就本公司薪酬政策及本公司董事及高級 管理層委聘函的主要條款及條件作出考 慮並提出建議予董事會作批註,以符合 企業管治守則;及
- 評核執行董事的表現及考慮董事及高級 管理層於回顧年內的薪酬並向董事會提 出建議。

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Pursuant to code provision B.1.5 of the CG Code, the five highest paid employees during the year included one Director (2019: Nil), Details of whose remuneration are set out in Note 8 to the financial statements. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining three (2019: four) highest paid employees who are neither a Director nor chief executive of the Company are set out in Note 8 to the financial statements. During the Year under Review, the remuneration paid to the senior management fell within the following band:

根據企業管治守則的守則條文第B.1.5條,本年度五名最高薪酬僱員包括一名董事(二零一九年:無),彼等之薪酬詳情載列於財務報表附註8。本年度餘下三名(二零一九年:四名)既非本公司董事亦非主要行政人員之最高薪酬僱員之薪酬詳情載列於財務報表附註8。於回顧年度,向高級管理層成員支付之薪酬範圍如下:

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Equity-settled share award expense Pension scheme contributions 就企、津貼及實物利益 以股權結算股份獎勵開 退休金計劃供款		3,676 — 334	5,149 — 332
		4,010	5,481

The number of the highest paid employees who were not Directors and whose remuneration fell within the following band is as follows:

並非董事且薪酬介乎以下範圍之最高薪酬僱 員之人數如下:

		2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	1	0
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	3	4
		4	4

企業管治報告書

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Structure

The Nomination Committee was established on 8 June 2015 with written terms of reference in compliance with code provisions A.5.2 and A.5.3 of the CG Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules with the role to lead the process and to make recommendations for appointments to the Board, whether as additional appointment or to fill up the casual vacancy of directorship as and when they arise, in the light of challenges and opportunities facing the Company, as well as business development and requirements of the Company.

As at the date of this annual report, the Nomination Committee is made up of one executive Director and two INEDs, namely:

Mr. Chen Chengshou (Chairman)

Mr. Gu Jiong

Mr. Fong Wo, Felix

Functions

The principal responsibilities of the Nomination Committee are as follows:

- j) to review the structure, size, composition and diversity (including but not limited to gender, age, culture and education background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and service term, etc.) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the strategy of the Company;
- to assess the independence of the independent non-executive ii) Directors; and
- to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or iii) re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the chairman and the chief executive officer, taking into account the corporate strategy of the Company and the mix of skills, knowledge, experience and diversity needed in the future.

提名委員會

架構

提名委員會於二零一五年六月八日成立,並 遵照上市規則附錄14列載之企業管治守則之 守則條文第A.5.2條及A.5.3條制訂及公開其書 面職權範圍。其角色為就委任程序作出領導 及向董事會提出建議,(當不論作為新增委任 或填補董事空缺發生時),以應付本公司所面 對的挑戰及機遇,以及本公司業務開發及要 求。

於本年報日期,提名委員會由一位執行董事 及二位獨立非執行董事組成,彼等為:

陳承守先生(主席) 顧炯先生 方和先生

職能

提名委員會之主要職責如下:

- 至少每年檢討董事會的架構、人數、組 成及成員多元化(包括但不限於性別、 年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業經 驗、技能、知識及服務任期方面),並就 任何為配合本公司的公司策略而擬對董 事會作出的變動提出建議;
- 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性; 及 ii)
- 因應本公司的企業策略及日後需要的技 iii) 能、知識、經驗及多元化組合,就董事 委任或重新委任以及董事(尤其是主席 及行政總裁)繼任計劃向董事會提出建 議。

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Board Diversity Policy

The Nomination Committee has adopted a "Board Diversity Policy" for the nominations of Directors to achieve diversity on the Board. The Board deeply believes that the diversity will benefit a lot to the Company in terms of enhancing the quality of its performance. To achieve the goal of sustainable and balanced development, the Company regards the increasing diversity to the strategic goals as the key element to maintain sustainable development. The Board adheres to the principle that "talent is priority", and appoints the Directors who can contribute to the diversity of the Board. The Company devotes to find the most suitable people as the member of committee. The Company will base on the scope of diversity, not only including the education background, experience, skills, knowledge and term of appointment but also including but not limited to gender, age, culture background and race, with reference to business model and specific needs of the Company. The final determination is based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board. "Board Diversity Policy" is publicly available on the website of the Company. As at the date of this annual report, the information (including gender, age and term of appointment) of the members of Board is as follows:

董事會成員多元化政策

提名委員會已就董事之提名採納《董事會成員 多元化政策》以達致董事會成員多元化。董事 會深信董事會成員多元化對提升公司的表現 素質裨益良多。為達致可持續及均衡的發展, 本公司視董事會層面日益多元化為支持其達 到戰略目標及維持可持續發展的關鍵元素。 董事會所有委任均以用人唯才為原則,並在 考慮人選時以適當的條件充分顧及董事會成 員多元化的裨益。公司致力於選擇最佳人選 作為董事會成員。甄選人選將按一系列多元 化範疇為基準,除教育背景、專業經驗、技 能、知識及服務任期外,亦包括但不限於性 別、年齡、文化背景及種族,並同時考慮本公 司之業務模式及具體需要。最終將按人選的 長處及可為董事會提供的貢獻而作決定。《董 事會成員多元化政策》已載於本公司網站供公 眾瀏覽。於本年報日期,董事會資料(包括性 別、年齡、服務任期)如下:

Member 董事會成員	Gender 性別	Age 年齡	Term (Note) 服務任期(附註)
	'		
Mr. Chen Chengshou	Male	55	7 years and 2 months
陳承守先生	男	55歲	7年零2個月
Mr. Feng Cizhao	Male	46	5 years and 5 months
豐慈招先生	男	46歲	5年零5個月
Mr. Pu Wei	Male	47	1 year and 1 month
浦巍先生	男	47歲	1年零1個月
Ms. Gao Qiaoqin	Female	52	6 years and 9 months
高巧琴女士	女	52歲	6年零9個月
Mr. Chou Chiu Ho	Male	39	1 year and 1 month
周昭何先生	男	39歲	1年零1個月
Mr. Fong Wo, Felix	Male	70	5 years and 9 months
方和先生	男	70歲	5年零9個月
Mr. Gu Jiong	Male	48	5 years and 9 months
顧炯先生	男	48歲	5年零9個月
Mr. Lo Wa Kei, Roy	Male	49	5 years and 9 months
盧華基先生	男	49歲	5年零9個月
Mr. Choi Clifford Wai Hong	Male	63	N/A (appointed on
			16 April 2021)
蔡偉康先生	男	63歲	不適用(於二零二一年
			四月十六日獲委任)
Mr. Chu Kin Wang Peleus	Male	56	N/A (appointed on
			16 April 2021)
朱健宏先生	男	56歲	不適用(於二零二一年
			四月十六日獲委任)

Note: as of 21 April 2021 附註: 直至二零二一年四月二十一日

企業管治報告書

For the purpose of implementation of the Board Diversity Policy, the following measurable objectives were adopted:

- at least one-third of the members of the Board shall be (A)independent non-executive Directors;
- (B) at least one of the members of the Board shall have obtained accounting or other professional qualifications; and
- members of the Board shall consist of professional talents both from PRC and Hong Kong.

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Board has achieved the measurable objectives in the board diversity policy.

The Nomination Committee will monitor the implementation of this policy and review this policy, as appropriate, to ensure the effectiveness of this policy. The Nomination Committee will discuss any revisions that may be required, and recommend any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval.

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee can be found on the websites of the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

Works Performed

The works performed by the members of Nomination Committee during the Year under Review are summarized as below:

- formulated, considered and reviewed the policy, procedures and i) process and criteria for the nomination of the Directors and made recommendations to the Board for its endorsement; and
- ii) reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board and assessed on the independence of the independent nonexecutive Directors.

Director Nomination Policy

The director nomination policy formulated by the Nomination Committee is as follows:

This policy sets out the key selection criteria and principles of the Nomination Committee in making any such recommendations.

就實施董事會成員多元化政策而言,乃採納 以下可計量目標:

- 至少三分之一董事會成員須為獨立非執 (A)行董事;
- (B) 至少一名董事會成員須獲得會計或其他 專業資格;及
- 董事會成員組成包括中港兩地專業人才。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,董 事會已實現董事會成員多元化政策中的可計 量目標。

提名委員會監察本政策的執行, 並在適當時 候檢討本政策,以確保本政策行之有效。提名 委員會將會討論任何或需作出的修訂,再向 董事會提出修訂建議,由董事會審批。

有關提名委員會之職權範圍,可瀏覽本公司 及香港聯交所網頁。

履行之工作

提名委員會成員於回顧年內所履行之工作概 述如下:

- i) 訂定、考慮及審閱提名董事的政策、程 序及過程及準則,並向董事提出建議, 以供其批註;及
- ii) 檢討董事會的架構、規模及組成以及評 估獨立非執行董事的獨立性。

董事提名政策

提名委員會訂定的《董事提名政策》如下:

此政策旨在列明提名委員會於作出任何有關 建議時所採用的主要甄選標準及原則。

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Selection Criteria

The Nomination Committee shall consider the following factors, which are not exhaustive and shall be used by the Board at its discretion, in assessing the suitability of the proposed candidate regarding the appointment of directors or re-appointment of any existing Board member(s):

- (a) reputation for integrity;
- (b) accomplishment, experience and reputation in the business and industry;
- (c) commitment in respect of time availability, interest and attention to the businesses of the Company and its subsidiaries;
- (d) the diversity of the candidates in all aspects with reference to the Board Diversity Policy of the Company (as adopted and amended by the Board from time to time), including but not limited to gender, age, cultural/educational and professional background, ethnicity, professional experience, independence, skills, knowledge and length of service;
- (e) in case of a candidate for an independent non-executive director of the Company, to assess: (i) the independence of such candidate with reference to, among other things, the independence criteria as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules; and (ii) the guidance and requirements in relation to independent non-executive directors as set out in Code Provision A.5.5 of Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules and in the "Guidance for Boards and Directors" published by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange; and
- (f) any other relevant factors that may be considered by the Nomination Committee or the Board from time to time at their discretion.

甄選標準

提名委員會在評估候選人是否適合任命董事 或重新任命董事時,應考慮下列因素,這些因 素並非詳盡無遺,董事會認為適當時候可酌 情決定:

- (a) 誠信的聲譽;
- (b) 在商業和行業中的成就、經驗和聲譽;
- (c) 對本公司及其子公司的業務給予足夠的時間、興趣和關注的承諾;
- (d) 參考本公司的董事會成員多元化政策 (經董事會採納並不時修訂),考慮其所 有方面的多樣性,包括但不限於性別、 年齡、文化/教育和專業背景、種族、 專業經驗、獨立性、技能、知識及服務 期長短;
- (e) 就本公司獨立非執行董事候選人而言, 將予評估:(i)有關候選人的獨立性(參考 (其中包括)上市規則第3.13條所載的獨 立性標準);及(ii)上市規則附錄十四守 則條文第A.5.5條及香港聯交所公佈的 「董事會及董事指引」所載的有關獨立非 執行董事之指引及規定;及
- (f) 提名委員會或董事會不時酌情決定的任何其他相關因素。

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Nomination Procedures

The nomination procedures to select and recommend candidates for the directorship of the Company can be summarised as follows:

- (a) The chairman of the Nomination Committee will, upon his/her own motion or receipt of a nomination from a Board member (as the case may be), convene a meeting of the Nomination Committee or circulate a resolution in writing to the members of the Nomination Committee to consider the same in accordance with the terms of reference.
- (b) For filling a casual vacancy to the Board or as an addition to the Board, the Nomination Committee will conduct the relevant selection process (coupled with the relevant selection criteria) to the nominated candidate and make recommendations to the Board for consideration, and the Board will then decide as to whether the nominated candidate shall be eligible to be appointed as a Director of the Company.
- (c) For the re-election of Directors of the Company:

the Nomination Committee will conduct the relevant selection process and selection criteria to the director proposed to be re-appointed and make recommendations to the Board for consideration, and the Board will then decide as to whether the director shall be eligible to be re-appointed as a Director of the Company; and

if the director proposed to be re-appointed or re-elected due to retirement by rotation under the Articles of Association of the Company is an independent non-executive Director who has served the Board for more than 9 years, the Nomination Committee shall also assess whether the director has remained independent in the context of the Listing Rules, as amended from time to time (the "Listing Rules") and shall be re-elected at the next general meeting of the Company and make recommendations to the Board for consideration. The Board will then decide as to whether the director has remained independent in the context of the Listing Rules, and if so, recommend the proposed re-appointment/re-election of the director to the shareholders of the Company for consideration at the next general meeting of the Company. According to the Code Provision A.4.3 of the Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules, the circular of the Company relating to the proposed reappointment of such director shall include the reasons why the Board believes that the director is still independent and shall be re-elected.

提名程序

甄選及推薦本公司董事候選人的提名程序可 概述如下:

- (a) 提名委員會主席將出於自願或於獲得董 事會成員提名(視情況而定)時,召開提 名委員會會議或向提名委員會成員傳閱 書面決議案,以根據職權範圍考慮有關 事項。
- (b) 填補董事會的臨時空缺或為董事會增補 董事時,提名委員會將對獲提名的候選 人執行相關甄選程序(連同相關甄選標 準),並向董事會提出推薦意見以供考 慮,而董事會屆時將決定獲提名候選人 是否有資格獲委任為本公司董事。
- (c) 於重選本公司董事時:

提名委員會將對擬獲重選董事執行相關 甄選程序及甄選標準,並向董事會提出 推薦意見以供考慮,而董事會屆時將決 定董事是否有資格獲重新委任為本公司 董事;及

企業管治報告書

Information of the Candidates

The proposed candidates will be required to submit the necessary personal information in a prescribed form by the Nomination Committee. Candidates may be required to provide additional information and documents, if deemed necessary by the Nomination Committee.

For the year ended 31 December 2020, Mr. Pu Wei and Mr. Chou Chiu Ho were nominated by the Company for directorship.

Management Functions

Basically, the Board and its committees were responsible for the following matters during the year:

- (i) oversee the general operations of the Company;
- (ii) ensure effective implementation of the Board decisions and corporate governance, with the assistance of the Company Secretary;
- (iii) ensure the short-term and long-term sustainability of the business;
- (iv) lead the performance of the management of the Company in meeting agreed goals and objectives and monitor the reporting of performance;
- (v) provide consistent leadership to the Company;
- (vi) satisfy itself on the integrity of financial information and on robustness and defensibility of the financial controls and systems of risk management and carry out review thereon;
- (vii) crutinize the performance of the management of the Company in meeting agreed goals and objectives and monitor the reporting of performance;
- (viii) provide constructive proposals and help on developing business strategic plan;
- (ix) uphold high standards of corporate governance and compliance; and
- (x) participate in the process of dealing with any conflict of interest between the Company and the Directors, his/her associates or substantial shareholders who have material interests in the transaction with the Company.

候選人資料

提名委員會將要求推薦的候選人按指定的形式提交必要的個人資料,候選人或需提供額外資料及文件(倘提名委員會認為必要)。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,浦 巍先生及周昭何先生被提名擔任董事職務。

管理層職能

基本上,董事會及其委員會於本年度內負責以下事項:

- (i) 監察本公司的一般營運;
- (ii) 於公司秘書的協助下,確保董事會的決 定及企業管治能有效實施;
- (iii) 確保業務具有短期及長期的持續性;
- (iv) 領導本公司管理層於達致協定方針及目標的表現以及監察表現的申報工作;
- (v) 為本公司提供一致的領導;
- (vi) 信納財務資料的真確性、財務監控及風險管理系統的可信性及可辯解性,並就此進行有關檢討;
- (vii) 詳細檢討本公司管理層於達致協定方針 及目標的表現,並監管表現的申報;
- (viii) 就發展業務策略計劃書提供具建設性的 建議及協助;
- (ix) 保持高水平的企業管治及合規工作;及
- (X) 參與處理就本公司與董事、彼等聯繫人或於本公司交易中擁有重大權益的主要 股東之間的任何利益衝突的過程。

企業管治報告書

During the Year under Review, the management was mainly responsible for the following matters:

- 於回顧年內,管理層主要負責:
- 1. daily investment, management, operation and administration of the Company;
- 2. comply with the rules and regulations, including the Listing Rules, and implement corporate governance policy determined by the Board;
- 3. draw the Directors' attention on the new corporate governance requirements:
- 4. organize the Board and various meetings for the Directors' discussion;
- 5. prepare various reports to the Board for review and decision making; and
- 6. organize training for the Directors.

During the Year under Review, the management provided all members of the Board updates every half year in accordance with the code provision C.1.2 of the CG Code.

MULTIPLE MATERIAL UNCERTAINTIES RELATING TO GOING CONCERN

As set out in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group incurred a net loss of approximately RMB1,115,904,000 for the year ended 31 December 2020. At 31 December 2020, the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by approximately RMB1,941,145,000. In addition, at 31 December 2020, interest payments of approximately RMB242,977,000 relating to interest-bearing borrowings of the Group of aggregate principal amount of approximately RMB1,873,909,000 and the convertible bonds issued by the Group amounting approximately RMB252,604,000 ("In Default Borrowings") were not paid in accordance with the repayment schedules pursuant to the borrowing agreements which constituted events of defaults. These conditions, together with other matters disclosed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, indicate the existence of material uncertainties which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

- 1. 本公司的日常投資、管理、營運及行政;
- 2. 遵守規例及法規(包括上市規則)以及推 行董事會所釐定的企業管治政策;
- 3. 提請董事關注有關企業管治的新規定;
- 4. 組織董事會會議及各種會議供董事討論;
- 5. 編製各種報告供董事會審閱及決策;及
- 6. 為董事安排培訓。

回顧年內,管理層已根據企業管治守則之守 則條文第C.1.2條向全體董事會成員提供每半 年更新資料。

與持續經營相關的多個不確定事項

企業管治報告書

The directors of the Company have been undertaking measures to improve the Group's liquidity and financial position, which are set out in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements. The validity of the going concern assumption on which the consolidated financial statements have been prepared depends on the outcome of these measures, which are subject to multiple material uncertainties, including (i) successfully negotiating with the Group's existing lenders such that no action will be taken by the relevant lenders to demand immediate repayment of the borrowings with interest payments in default, including those with cross-default terms (if applicable); (ii) successfully negotiating with various financial institutions on the renewal of or extension for repayment of outstanding borrowings, including those with overdue principals and interests; (iii) successfully negotiating with various financial institutions and potential lenders/investors to identify various options for additionally financing the Group's working capital and commitments in the foreseeable future; (iv) successfully accelerating the pre-sale and sale of properties under development and completed properties and speeding up the collection of outstanding sales proceeds, and controlling costs and capital expenditure so as to generate adequate net cash inflows; (v) successfully looking for large property development enterprises and cooperating with investors to develop properties under development of the Group through joint efforts; and (vi) successfully procuring and negotiating the preliminary terms with large property development enterprises for the sale of individual property development project at a price deemed appropriate.

Should the Group be unable to operate as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to write down the carrying values of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise, and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities, respectively. The effects of these adjustments have not been reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

本公司董事已採取多項措施,以改善本集團 的流動性及財務狀況,有關資料載於綜合財 務報表附註2。綜合財務報表是依據持續經營 的假設上編製,其有效性取決於該等措施實 施之結果,並受限於多個不明朗因素,包括(i) 成功與本集團現有貸款人磋商,確保相關貸 款人不會採取行動以要求即時償還拖欠的借 款及利息(包括交叉違約條款所涵蓋的借款及 利息)(倘適用);(ii)成功與各家金融機構就尚 欠借款(包括已逾期本金及利息)磋商達成重 續或延展還款安排;(iii)成功與各家金融機構 及潛在貸款人/投資者磋商以物色多種選擇 為本集團可見將來的營運資金及承擔額外撥 資;(iv)成功加速開發中物業及已竣工物業之 預售和銷售,加速收回尚未支付的銷售所得 款項,以及控制成本和資本開支,從而產生充 足現金流入淨額;(V)成功物色大型物業開發 企業,並與投資者合作共同開發本集團開發 中物業及(vi)成功促使及與大型物業開發企業 磋商有關出售個別物業開發項目的初步條款 (倘認為價格合適)。

倘本集團未能按持續經營基準經營,而可能 須作出有關調整以撇減本集團資產的賬面值 至其可回收金額,並就可能產生進一步負債 計提撥備並將非流動資產及非流動負債重新 分類為流動資產及流動負債。該等調整的影 響尚未於該等綜合財務報表中反映。

企業管治報告書

THE MANAGEMENT'S POSITION, VIEW AND ASSESSMENT ON THE DISCLAIMER OF OPINION

During the course of audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020, the Auditor had raised concern on the Group's ability to operate as a going concern. In order to address this concern, the Company has, among other things, taken the following steps: (i) continuously negotiating with the Group's existing lenders such that no action will be taken by the relevant lenders to demand immediate repayment of the borrowings with interest payments in default, including those with cross-default terms; (ii) continuously negotiating with various financial institutions on the renewal of or extension for repayment of outstanding borrowings, including those with overdue principals and interests; (iii) continuously negotiating with various financial institutions and potential lenders/investors to identify various options for additionally financing the Group's working capital and commitments in the foreseeable future: (iv) accelerating the pre-sale and sale of properties under development and completed properties, such as Shandong Project and Chongqing Project and controlling costs and controlling capital expenditure so as to generate adequate net cash inflows; (v) actively looking for large property development enterprises and cooperating with investors to develop properties under development of the Group through joint efforts; and (vi) actively procuring and negotiating the preliminary terms with large property development enterprises for the sale of individual property development project or whole commercial property at a price deemed appropriate. Accordingly, the Directors are of the opinion that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 on a going concern basis.

Notwithstanding the above, material uncertainties exist as to whether the Group is able to obtain the necessary funding and achieve the plans and measures above. The Group's ability to continue as a going concern would depend upon whether the Group is able to obtain financing when required, the attainability depends on the performance of the Group and whether the Group is able to generate sufficient cash flow from operations and plans to control costs, and the attainability depends on the market performance. Despite the efforts made by the Company to address the concern, the Auditor proposed the disclaimer of opinion. The management of the Company has considered the Auditor's rationale and understood their consideration in arriving the disclaimer of opinion.

管理層有關無法表示意見的立場、 意見及評估

於審核本集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度之綜合財務報表過程中,核數師已 就本集團持續經營業務的能力提出關注。為 解決此問題,本公司已採取以下措施(其中包 括):(i)繼續與本集團現有貸款人磋商,確保 相關貸款人不會採取行動以要求即時償還拖 欠的借款及利息(包括違約條款所涵蓋的借款 及利息);(ii)就尚欠借款(包括已逾期本金及 利息)正與各家金融機構繼續磋商達成重續或 延展還款安排;(iii)與各家金融機構以及潛在 貸款人/投資者繼續磋商及物色多種選擇為 本集團可見將來的營運資金及承擔額外撥資; (iv)加速開發中物業及已竣工物業之預售和銷 售諸如山東項目和重慶項目,以及控制成本 和控制資本開支,從而產生充足現金流入淨 額;(V)積極物色大型物業開發企業並與投資 者共同合作開發本集團開發中物業;及(vi)積 極促使及與大型物業開發企業磋商有關出售 個別物業開發項目或整楝商用房的初步條款 (倘認為價格合嫡)。因此,董事認為按持續基 準編製本集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度的綜合財務報表屬恰當。

儘管上文所述,但本集團能否獲得實現上述 有關計劃及措施的必要資金仍存在重大大於 定因素。本集團持續經營的能力將取決於 集團能否取得所需融資,而可獲得性將取 於本集團的表現及本集團能否產生充 營現金流量及控制成本的計劃,可獲得性 決於市場表現。儘管本公司努力解決此司管 一核數師已發表無法表示意見。本理解彼等作 出無法表示意見的考慮。

企業管治報告書

DIRECTORS' CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

All Directors had participated in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills through suitable training. These training included but not limited to general disclosure duty related to Directors, guide on inside information disclosure, market misconduct framework, case analysis and other compliance trainings. The participation in such trainings is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and appropriate.

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Directors also participated in the following training:

董事之持續專業發展

全體董事已參與持續專業發展,透過合適培 訓發展及更新彼等之知識及技能。該等培訓 包括但不限於有關董事一般性披露責任、內 幕消息披露指引及市場失當行為的框架及案 例分析等合規培訓。該等培訓之參與乃確保 彼等向董事會作出知情及恰當之貢獻。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,董 事亦有參與以下培訓:

Directors	董事	Types of training 培訓類型
Executive Directors	執行董事	_
Mr. Chen Chengshou	陳承守先生	В
Mr. Feng Cizhao Mr. Chou Chiu Ho (appointed on 5 February 2020 and re-designated as a	豐慈招先生 周昭何先生(於二零二零年二月五日獲委任 及於二零二零年五月一日調職為非執行董事)	В
non-executive director on 1 May 2020) Mr. Pu Wei (appointed on	浦巍先生(於二零二零年二月五日獲委任)	A, B
5 February 2020)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	В
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事	
Ms. Gao Qiaoqin Mr. Chou Chiu Ho (re-designated on	高巧琴女士 周昭何先生(於二零二零年五月一日調職)	В
1 May 2020)		A, B
Mr. Choi Clifford Wai Hong (appointed on 16 April 2021)	蔡偉康先生(於二零二一年四月十六日獲委任)	N/A 不適用
Independent Non-executive Directors Mr. Fong Wo, Felix Mr. Gu Jiong Mr. Lo Wa Kei, Roy Mr. Chu Kin Wang Peleus (appointed on 16 April 2021)	獨立非執行董事 方和先生 顧炯先生 盧華基先生 朱健宏先生(於二零二一年四月十六日獲委任)	A, B A, B A, B N/A 不適用

A: attending seminars and/or conferences and/or forums A: 出席研討會及/或會議及/或論壇

B: reading newspapers, journals and updates relating to the latest changes and development of the economy, relevant industries, the Listing Rules, corporate governance practices, and etc.

B: 閱讀有關經濟、相關行業、上市規則、 企業管治常規之最新變動及發展等之報 章、刊物及更新資料

企業管治報告書

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Board of the Company has approved and adopted a dividend policy (the "Dividend Policy") on 26 February 2019. The Company considers stable and sustainable returns to the shareholders of the Company as its goal. Pursuant to the Dividend Policy, in deciding whether to propose a dividend and in determining the dividend amount, the Board shall take into account, inter alia:

- (a) financial performance, cash flow position, business condition and strategic position of the Group
- (b) actual and future demand for working capital and liquidity of the Group
- (c) expected future expansion plans of the Group
- (d) debt to equity ratios and the debt level of the Group
- (e) retained earnings and distributable reserves of the Group
- (f) the expectation of the shareholders and investors and the norm of the industry
- (g) the general market conditions
- (h) any restrictions on payment of dividends
- (i) any other relevant factors that the Board deems appropriate

In recommending or declaring dividends, the Company shall maintain adequate cash reserves for meeting its working capital requirements and future growth as well as its shareholder value. Pursuant to the Memorandum and Articles of the Association of the Company and all applicable laws and regulations and the factors set out below, the Board may from time to time declare payment of interim dividends or special dividends to the shareholders as appear to the Board to be justified by the financial conditions and profit of the Company. The Company in general meeting may declare final dividends in any currency but no dividends shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.

The Board of the Company will review the Dividend Policy as appropriate from time to time.

REVIEW OF ANNUAL RESULTS

The audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Lo Wa Kei, Roy (being the chairman of the Audit Committee), Mr. Gu Jiong and Mr. Fong Wo, Felix. The consolidated interim and annual results and financial reports for the Year under Review of the Company have been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

股息政策

本公司董事會已於二零一九年二月二十六日 批准及採納股息政策(「股息政策」)。本公司 以提供穩定及可持續回報予本公司股東作為 目標。根據股息政策,在決定是否建議派發股 息及釐定股息金額時,董事會將考慮(其中包 括):

- (a) 本集團的財務業績、現金流狀況、業務 狀況及策略狀況
- (b) 本集團的實際和未來營運及流動資金需 求狀況
- (c) 本集團預期未來擴展計劃
- (d) 本集團的負債對權益比率及債務水準
- (e) 本集團的保留盈餘和可供分派儲備
- (f) 股東及投資者的期望及行業的常規
- (g) 一般市場情況
- (h) 任何派付股息的限制
- (i) 董事會認為適當的任何其他相關因素

在建議或宣派股息時,本公司應維持足夠現金儲備,以應付其資金需求、未來增長以及其股權價值。根據本公司組織章程大綱及細則、所有適用法規及下列因素,董事會可不時向股東支付其鑑於本公司的財務狀況及溢利而認為合理的中期股息或特別股息,而本公司亦可在股東大會中宣佈任何貨幣之末期股息,但任何股息均不得多於董事會所建議的款額。

本公司董事會將在有需要時檢討股息政策。

審閲年度業績

本公司審核委員會(「審核委員會」)成員包括 三名獨立非執行董事,即盧華基先生(即審核 委員會主席)、顧炯先生及方和先生。審核委 員會已審閱本公司回顧年內的綜合中期及年 度業績及財務報告。

企業管治報告書

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the remuneration paid or payable to the Independent Auditor of the Company, MAZARS CPA Limited ("MAZARS"), was approximately RMB1.5 million (equivalent to HKD1.8 million) for audit services (Ernst & Young: approximately RMB2.7 million in 2019).

For the year ended 31 December 2020, MAZARS, the Independent Auditor, did not provide the Group with any non-auditing services.

SCOPE OF WORK OF MAZARS CPA LIMITED

The figures in respect of the consolidated statement of financial position, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and the related notes thereto of the Group for the Year under Review as set out in this annual report have been agreed by the auditor of the Group, MAZARS, to the amounts set out in the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group during the Year under Review.

FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Company aims to present a clear, balanced and understandable assessment of its financial position and prospects. Financial results are announced as early as possible, with interim report and annual report as well as other price-sensitive announcements and financial disclosures published as required under the Listing Rules.

The management provides explanation, information and progress update to the Board for it to make an informed assessment of the financial and other issues put before the Board for approval and consideration.

Throughout the Year under Review, the Directors had selected appropriate accounting policies and applied them consistently. The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the financial accounts of the Group which give a true and fair view and are in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. A statement made by the Independent Auditor on their reporting responsibilities for the Year under Review is set out in this annual report.

The Group's auditor has issued a disclaimer of opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 with the basis of multiple material uncertainties relating to going concern. For details, please refer to "Management Discussion and Analysis" and Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 127 to 129.

獨立核數師酬金

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,就核數服務已付或應付予本公司的獨立核數師中審眾環(香港)會計師事務所有限公司(「中審眾環」)的酬金總額為約為人民幣150萬元(相當於港幣180萬元)(安永會計師事務所:二零一九年約為人民幣270萬元)。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,獨 立核數師中審眾環並無為本集團提供任何非 審核服務。

中審眾環(香港)會計師事務所有限公司之工作範圍

本集團核數師中審眾環同意本年報所載本集 團於回顧年內的綜合財務狀況表及綜合損益 及其他全面收益表及其相關附註中之數據, 與本集團回顧年內之經審核綜合財務報表所 載數額一致。

財務報告

本公司旨在對其財務狀況及前景作出清晰、 平衡及可理解評估之呈報。財務業績以儘早 發佈為基礎,而中期報告及年報,連同其他股 價敏感資料公佈及財務披露則根據上市規則 之規定而公佈。

管理層向董事會提供解釋、資料及最新進度, 讓董事會就財務及其他事項於提交董事會審 批及考慮前,可作出知情評估。

於回顧年內,董事已選取合適之會計政策並 貫徹應用。董事確認彼等之責任為編製本集 團之財務賬目,賬目須真實而公平,並根據國 際會計準則理事會頒佈之國際財務報告準則 而編製。獨立核數師就彼等於回顧年內之報 告責任所發出之聲明已載於本年報內。

基於與持續經營相關的多個不確定事項,本 集團核數師對本集團截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度綜合財務報表無法表示意見。 詳情請參閱「管理層討論及分析」及第127至 129頁綜合財務報表附註2。

企業管治報告書

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL Goals and objectives

The Board acknowledges that it is the responsibility of the Board to maintain adequate risk management and internal control systems and to review the effectiveness of such systems on an ongoing basis. Such risk management and internal control systems are designed for managing risks rather than eliminating the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

Risk management policy has been established to formalize the risk management of the Group, build up a standard and effective risk management system and improve the ability of risk prevention, so as to ensure that the Group could operate in a safety and steady environment, the operation management level could be increased and the Group's operational strategy and target could be achieved. The current practices will be reviewed and updated regularly to follow the latest practices in corporate governance.

The Board has delegated the work (with relevant authorities) of risk management and internal controls to the Audit Committee. For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Audit Committee, on behalf of the Board, oversees the management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems.

Main features of the risk management and internal control systems

The risk governance structure and the main responsibilities of each level of the structure of the Group are summarised as below:

Board

- Determines the business strategies and objectives of the Group, and evaluates and determines the nature and extent of risks it is willing to take in achieving the strategic objectives of the Group;
- Ensures that the Group establishes and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems; and
- Oversees the management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems.

風險管理及內部監控 方針及目標

董事會確認對風險管理及內部監控系統充分 性負責,並有責任持續檢討其有效性。該風險 管理及內部監控系統旨在管理而非消除未能 達成業務目標的風險,而且就避免重大的失 實陳述或損失而言,僅能作出合理而非絕對 的保證。

已制定風險管理政策落實本集團的風險管理,建立標準及有效風險管理系統,提升防範風險能力,從而確保本集團於安全穩定的環境中經營業務,經營管理水平可獲提升,且可達成本集團的經營策略及目標。現有慣例將被定期審閱及更新,以遵循企業管治中的最新慣例。

董事會已將其風險管理及內部監控的職責(與相關權力)轉授予審核委員會。截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,審核委員會(代表董事會)監督管理層對風險管理及內部監控系統的設計、實施及監察。

風險管理及內部監控系統的主要特點

本集團之風險管治架構以及架構內各階層的 主要職責簡介如下:

董事會

- 釐定本集團之業務策略與目標,及評估並釐定本集團達成策略目標時所願意接納的風險性質及程度;
- 確保本集團建立及維持合適及有效的風險管理及內部監控系統;及
- 監督管理層對風險管理及內部監控系統的設計、實施及監察。

企業管治報告書

Audit Committee

- Assists the Board to perform its responsibilities of risk management and internal control;
- Oversees the risk management and internal control systems of the Group on an ongoing basis;
- Reviews the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group at least once annually, which includes the reliability of financial reporting, operational effectiveness and efficiency, compliance with applicable laws and regulations, staff qualifications and experience, and adequacy of relevant budget, and such review shall cover all material controls including financial, operational and compliance control:
- Ensures the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and relevant budget of the accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions of the Group; and
- Considers major findings on risk management and internal control matters, and reports and makes recommendations to the Board.

Management

- Designs, implements and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems;
- Identifies, evaluates and manages the risks that may potentially impact the major processes of the operations;
- Monitors risks and takes measures to mitigate risks in day-today operations;
- Gives prompt responses to, and follows up the findings on risk management and internal control matters raised by the internal audit team or the external risk management and internal control review adviser; and
- Provides confirmation to the Board and Audit Committee (there is no risk management committee) on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems.

審核委員會

- 協助董事會執行其風險管理及內部監控 的職責;
- 持續監督本集團的風險管理及內部監控 系統;
- 最少每年檢討一次本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統是否有效。當中包括財務 匯報的可靠性,營運效益及效率,適用 法令及法規的遵從,員工資格與經驗, 以及有關預算是否足夠,有關檢討應涵 蓋所有重要的監控方面,包括財務監 控、運作監控及合規監控;
- 確保本集團在會計、內部審核及財務匯報職能方面有足夠的資源、員工資歷與經驗、員工培訓課程,以及有關預算;
- 考慮有關風險管理及內部監控事宜的重要調查結果,並向董事會匯報及作出建議。

管理層

- 設計、實施及維持合適及有效的風險管理及內部監控系統;
- 識別、評估及管理可能對運作之主要程序構成潛在影響之風險;
- 監察風險並採取措施降低日常營運風險;
- 對內部審計團隊或外部風險管理及內部 監控審閱顧問提出之有關風險管理及內 部監控事宜之調查結果,作出及時的回 應及跟進;及
- 向董事會及審核委員會(並無風險管理 委員會)提供有關風險管理及內部監控 系統是否有效的確認。

企業管治報告書

Internal Control Management Team

- Reviews the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group;
- Reports to the Audit Committee the findings of the review and makes recommendations to the Board and management to improve the material systems deficiencies or control weaknesses identified;
- Reviews the risks of major investment development projects, and continuously improves the policies and standards for environmental control in accordance with the COSO internal control framework and the comprehensive risk management framework to ensure effective risk prevention and control; and
- Based on five elements, namely environment control, risk assessment, activities control, information and communication, monitoring to assess the internal control system of the Group. The methods, findings and results of the annual review have been reported to the Audit Committee and the Board.

Process Used to Identify, Evaluate and Manage Significant Risks

As a routine procedure and part of the risk management and internal control systems, executive Directors and the senior management would meet at least once every three months to review the financial and operating performance of each department. The senior management of the key operating subsidiaries is also required to keep executive Directors informed of material developments of the business of the department and implementation of the strategies and policies set by the Board on a regular basis.

The processes for identifying, evaluating and managing significant risks by the Group are summarised as follows:

Risk Identification

 Identifies risks that may potentially affect the business and operations of the Group.

Risk Assessment

- Assesses the risks identified by using the assessment criteria developed by the management; and
- Considers the impact of risk on the business and the likelihood of their occurrence.

Risk Response

- Prioritises the risks by comparing the results of the risk assessment; and
- Determines the risk management strategies and internal control procedures to prevent, avoid or mitigate the risks.

內控管理團隊

- 審閱本集團風險管理及內部監控系統是 否足夠及有效;
- 向審核委員會匯報審閱結果並向董事會及管理層作出建議,以改善制度之重大不足之處或所發現之監控缺失;
- 審查重大投資開發項目的風險,按照 COSO內部控制框架和全面風險管理框架,持續改善控制環境的政策及標準, 確保風險的有效防控;及
- 根據控制環境、風險評估、控制活動、 信息和溝通及監督五大範疇,評估本集 團之內部監控系統。年度檢討之方法、 發現及結果經已向審核委員會及董事會 彙報。

用於識別、評估及管理重大風險的 程序

作為常規程序及部分風險管理及內部監控系統的一部分,執行董事及高級管理層將至少每三個月會見一次,以檢討各部門的財務及營運業績。主要經營附屬公司的高級管理層亦須告知執行董事部門業務的重大發展以及實施董事會定期制定的策略及政策。

本集團用於識別、評估及管理重大風險的程 序簡介如下:

風險識別

識別可能對本集團業務及營運構成潛在 影響之風險。

風險評估

- 使用管理層建立之評估標準,評估已識別之風險;及
- 考慮風險對業務之影響及出現之可能性。

風險應對

- 透過比較風險評估之結果,排列風險優 先次序;及
- 釐定風險管理策略及內部監控程序,以 防止、避免或降低風險。

企業管治報告書

Risk Monitoring and Reporting

- Performs ongoing and periodic monitoring of the risk and ensures that appropriate internal control procedures are in place;
- Revises the risk management strategies and internal control procedures in case of any significant changes; and
- Reports the results of risk monitoring to the management and the Board regularly.

The Board has in place an internal audit function as required under code provision C.2.5 of the CG Code. To strengthen the risk management and internal control of the Group, the Company has engaged an independent professional adviser ("Internal Control Adviser") to perform an independent appraisal of certain subsidiary's risk management and internal control system for the year ended 31 December 2020. The scope of review for the Year included revenue process, project management, expense process, human resources management process, financial report and disclosure process, as well as information system management (general control) process of a principal operating subsidiary. The Internal Control Adviser has reported the results of internal control review and recommendations for improvement to the Audit Committee. The Group will closely follow up on each recommendation for improvement to ensure that it is implemented within a reasonable period of time. The Board, therefore, considers that the risk management and internal control procedures of the Group are adequate to meet the needs of the Company in its current business environment and that nothing has come to its attention to cause the Board to believe the risk management and internal control systems of the Group are inadequate.

風險監察及匯報

- 持續並定期監察有關風險,以及確保設 有適當的內部監控程序;
- 於出現任何重大變動時,修訂風險管理 策略及內部監控程序;及
- 向管理層及董事會定期匯報風險監察的 結果。

董事會已根據企業管治守則的守則條文第 C.2.5條設立內部審核職能。為加強本集團的 風險管理及內部監控,本公司已委聘獨立專 業顧問(「內部監控顧問」)對若干附屬公司於二 零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的風險管理 及內部監控系統展開獨立評估。本年度檢討 的範圍包括一間主要營運附屬公司的收益流 程、項目管理、費用支出流程、人力資源管理 流程、財務彙報及披露流程及信息系統管理 (一般控制)流程。內部監控顧問已向審核委 員會報告內控審閱結果及改善建議。本集團 會密切跟進各改善建議,確保於合理的時間 範圍內實施。董事會認為本集團的風險管理 及內部監控程序有效,足以應付本公司當前 業務環境的需求,且未有發現任何導致董事 會相信本集團風險管理及內部監控體系並不 充分之事宜。

企業管治報告書

Information Disclosure Policy

An information disclosure policy is in place to ensure potential inside information being captured and confidentiality of such information being maintained until consistent and timely disclosures are made in accordance with the Listing Rules. The policy regulates the handling and dissemination of inside information, which includes:

- Designated reporting channels from different operations informing any potential inside information to designated departments;
- Designated persons and departments to determine further escalation and disclosure as required; and
- Designated persons authorised to act as spokespersons and respond to external enquiries.

REVIEW OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE AND THE BOARD

The Audit Committee and the Board had reviewed the risk management and internal control of the Group for the Year under Review. They considered the risk management and internal control system were effective and adequate as they allowed the Board to monitor the overall financial position of the Group and to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against unauthorised use or material financial misstatement; transactions were executed with authorization of the management; and the accounting records were reliable for preparing financial information used within the business or for publication and reflecting accountability for assets and liabilities.

The Audit Committee has reviewed the impact over the Group against COVID-19 epidemic. The Group has been back to normal operation in the second half of 2020, which does not have material impact on operation.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The company secretary of the Company, Mr. Kam Chun Ying Francis ("Mr. Kam"), directly reports to the chief executive officer and is responsible to the Board for ensuring that the Board procedures, applicable laws, rules and regulations are followed and the Board activities are efficiently and effectively conducted. He is also responsible for ensuring that the Board is fully appraised of the relevant corporate governance developments relating to the Group and arranging the induction training and professional development for the Directors

According to Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, Mr. Kam has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training for the year ended 31 December 2020.

信息披露政策

本集團訂有信息披露政策,確保能掌握潛在 內幕消息並加以保密,直至按上市規則作出 一致且適時的披露為止。該政策規管處理及 發放內幕消息的方式,其中包括以下各項:

- 特設匯報渠道,讓不同營運單位向指定 部門匯報潛在內幕消息的信息;
- 指定人士及部門按需要決定進一步行動 及披露方式;及
- 指定人士為發言人,回應外界查詢。

審核委員會及董事會之審閱

審核委員會及董事會已審閱本集團回顧年內 之風險管理及內部監控。審核委員會認為風 險管理及內部監控系統屬有效及足以讓董事 會監察本集團之整體財務狀況及可合理確定 資產不會被未授權使用或虛報重大財務資料; 交易乃根據管理層之授權簽立;及會計記錄 能可靠地編製供業務內使用或作刊發之財務 資料,並反映資產及負債之可表述性。

審核委員會已審核新冠病毒疫情對本集團的 影響。本集團已於2020年下半年回復正常運 作,未有對營運造成重大影響。

公司秘書

本公司公司秘書甘俊英先生(「甘先生」)直接 向行政總裁匯報,並向董事會負責,以確保遵 從董事會程序、適用法律、規定及法規,且董 事會活動有效率並有效地進行。彼亦負責確 保董事會全面評估與本集團有關的相關企業 管治發展及安排董事的入職培訓及專業發展。

根據上市規則第3.29條,甘先生已於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度參與不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。

企業管治報告書

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

The Company adopted an amended and restated memorandum and articles of association on 8 June 2015, which became effective on the Listing Date. Save as disclosed above, there had been no significant changes in the constitutional documents of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2020.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The Company treats all shareholders equally with a view to ensuring that their rights can be fully exercised and their legitimate interests can be safeguarded and that the shareholders' general meetings can be convened and held in strict compliance with the relevant laws and regulations. The governing structures of the Company ensure equality among all shareholders, especially the minority shareholders and that they will undertake their obligations accordingly.

Procedures for convening general meetings by shareholders

Pursuant to Article 64 of the Articles of Association, the Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting. Extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on the requisition of one or more shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the Company Secretary for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Procedures for putting forward proposals at Shareholders' meeting

Shareholders are requested to follow Article 64 of the Articles of Association for proposing a resolution at an extraordinary general meeting. The requirements and procedures are set out in the paragraph headed the "Procedures for convening general meetings by shareholders" above.

章程文件的重大變更

本公司已於二零一五年六月八日採納經修訂 及經重列之備忘錄及組織章程細則並於上市 日期生效。除上文所披露外,本公司截至二零 二零年十二月三十一日止年度之章程文件並 無重大變更。

股東權利

本公司平等對待所有股東,確保股東能充分 行使權利。保護其合法權益:能夠嚴格按照相 關法律法規的要求召集、召開股東大會、本公 司的管治結構確保所有股東,特別是中小股 東享有平等的權利,並承擔相應的義務。

股東召開股東大會之程序

股東於股東大會上提呈建議之程序

在股東特別大會上提呈決議案的股東應遵循 組織章程細則第64條的規定。有關規定及程 序載於上文「股東召開股東大會之程序」一段。

企業管治報告書

Procedures for nominating a candidate for election as a Director by shareholders of the Company

Pursuant to Article 113 of the Articles of Association, no person, other than a retiring Director, shall, unless recommended by the Board for election, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting, unless notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director and notice in writing by that person of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the Head Office or at the Registration Office of the Company. The period for lodgment of the notices required under this Article will commence no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven days prior to the date of such general meeting and the minimum length of the period during which such notices to the Company may be given will be at least seven days.

For details of the procedures for nominating a candidate for election as a Director by shareholders, please visit the website of the Company.

SHAREHOLDERS COMMUNICATION POLICY

1. PURPOSE

1.1 This policy aims to set out the objective of providing shareholders with information about the Company, so that they can engage actively with the Company and exercise their rights as shareholders in an informed manner.

2. GENERAL POLICY

- Information shall be circulated to shareholders through the financial reports of the Company (interim and annual reports), annual general meetings and other general meetings that may be convened, as well as by making available all the (i) corporate communication documents including, but not limited to, copy of annual reports, interim reports, notices of meetings, circulars, proxy forms ("Corporate Communication"); (ii) other documents issued by the Company which are published on the website of the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange for the information or action of holders of any of its securities, including announcements, monthly returns on movements in the securities of the Company for each month and next day disclosure returns; (iii) constitutional documents of the Company and Board committees: (iv) corporate information including a list of directors ("Directors") of the Company; and (v) other corporate publications including the procedures for nominating a candidate for election as a Director by shareholders on the website of the Company.
- 2.2 Effectively and timely dissemination of information to shareholders shall be ensured at all times. Any question regarding this policy shall be directed to the Company Secretary or the Board of Directors of the Company.

本公司股東提名人選參選董事之程序

根據公司章程第113條,除非一項有意提名選名選的人士為董事的書面通知以及一項有意提該位人士為董事的書面通知以及書項通知以及書願意選舉之書廳或註冊辦事處或註冊辦事處或註冊辦事處或註冊辦事處域人士(退任董事除外)有權在任董事職何(除非由董於指數)。提交該等通知之期間須由不早於指別不遲於該股東大會舉行日期前七日結為為最知之最短期間須為最知之司發出該等通知之最短期間須為最少七日。

有關「本公司股東提名人選參選董事之程序」 的詳情,請瀏覽本公司網站。

股東傳訊政策

1. 目的

1.1 本政策旨在載列向本公司股東提供有關本公司的資料之目標,讓 其可積極與本公司交流及以有根據的方式行使其作為股東之權利。

2. 整體政策

- 本公司須通過本公司之財務報告 (中期報告及年度報告)、股東週 年大會及可能召開之其他股東大 會向股東提供資料,並須在本公 司網站內提供所有(i)公司通訊文件 (包括(但不限於)年報、中期報 告、大會通告、通函、代表委任 表格)(「公司通訊」);(ii)本公司所 發出而在香港聯交所主板之網站 刊登以供其任何證券持有人參考 或行動的其他文件,包括公佈、 每個月本公司的證券變動月報表 及翌日披露報表;(iii)本公司及董 事會委員會之憲章文件; (iv)公司 資料,包括本公司董事(「董事」) 名單;及(v)其他公司刊物,包括股 東可提名某人競選董事的程序。
- 2.2 須時刻確保有效及適時向股東分發資料。有關本政策之任何疑問可向本公司之公司秘書或本公司董事會提出。

企業管治報告書

3. COMMUNICATION STRATEGIES

Shareholders' Enquiries

- Shareholders may send their enquiries and concerns to the Board by addressing them to the Company Secretary by mail at Unit B, 17/F., United Centre, 95 Queensway, Admiralty, Hong Kong. The Company Secretary is responsible for forwarding communications relating to matters within the direct responsibilities of the Board to it and communications relating to ordinary business matters, such as suggestions and inquiries, to the CEO of the Company.
- 3.2 Shareholders will be provided with the information of designated contact person, e-mail address and hotlines to enable them to raise any questions regarding the Company.

Corporate Communication

3.3 Corporate Communication will be provided to shareholders in plain language and in both English and Chinese versions to facilitate their understanding.

Corporate Website

- 3.4 A dedicated "Investor Relations" section is available on the website of the Company (http://www.xinm.com.cn). Information on the website of the Company will be updated on a regular basis.
- 3.5 Information released by the Company to the Hong Kong Stock Exchange is also uploaded on the website of the Company immediately thereafter. Such information includes financial statements, results announcements, circulars and notices of general meetings and associated explanatory documents.

Shareholders' Meetings

- 3.6 Shareholders are encouraged to attend general meetings or if they fail to do so, to appoint proxies to attend and vote at such meetings on their behalf.
- 3.7 Appropriate arrangements for annual general meetings shall be in place to encourage shareholders' participation.
- 3.8 The process of a general meeting of the Company will be monitored and reviewed on a regular basis, and changes will be made if necessary to ensure compliance with shareholders' needs.
- 3.9 The members of the Boards (especially the Chairman or the representative of the Board committee), appropriate management executives and external auditors will attend annual general meetings and answer shareholders' questions.

3. 溝通策略

股東查詢

- 3.1 股東可將其查詢及關注事項以寄 往至香港金鐘金鐘道95號統一中 心17樓B室,註明公司秘書收,以 便送交董事會。公司秘書會將有 關董事會直接負責事宜的通訊轉 交董事會及將有關建議及查詢等 日常業務事宜的通訊轉交本公司 行政總裁。
- 3.2 股東將獲提供本公司之指定聯絡 人、電郵地址及查詢熱線,讓其 可就本公司提出任何疑問。

公司通訊

3.3 公司通訊將會以中、英文以淺白 語言提供予股東,以便股東理解。

公司網站

- 3.4 本公司網站(http://www.xinm. com.cn)設有「投資者關係」一欄。 本公司網站的資料會定期更新。
- 3.5 本公司向香港聯交所發放的資料 亦於其後隨即上載本公司網站。 有關資料包括財務報表、業績公 佈、通函及股東大會通告及相關 説明文件等。

股東大會

- 3.6 鼓勵股東參與股東大會,或如其 無法出席股東大會,則委任代表 代其出席股東大會及於會上表決。
- 3.7 股東週年大會將訂有適當安排以 鼓勵股東參與。
- 3.8 本公司股東大會之過程將獲得監察及定期檢討,如有需要,會作 出更改,以確保能配合股東需要。
- 3.9 董事會成員(特別是董事會委員會 主席或其代表)、適當的管理行政 人員及外聘核數師,將出席股東 週年大會,回答股東提問。

企業管治報告書

SHAREHOLDER PRIVACY 4.

4.1 The Company recognises the importance of shareholders' privacy and will not disclose shareholders' information without their consent, unless required by law.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

Accountability and transparency are indispensable for ensuring good corporate governance and, in this regard, timely communication with the shareholders, including institutional investors, is crucial. The Company considers good investor relations as a key part of its operations and continues to promote investor relations and enhances communications with the investors.

The Company maintains a website (http://www.xinm.com.cn) to make the corporate information available on the internet to facilitate its communication with shareholders and to provide the public investors with important information, including corporate governance structure and terms of reference of Board committees.

The Company welcomes comments from investors and shareholders, and invites them to share their views and suggestions at:

investorcontact@yahoo.com

股東私隱 4.

4.1 本公司肯定股東私隱的重要性, 除非法律要求,否則在未得其同 意的情况下,不會披露股東資料。

投資者關係

問責制及誘明度乃確保良好企業管治之不二 法門。就此,與股東(包括機構投資者)定時 溝通更屬不可或缺之部份。本公司認為良好 投資者關係乃其運作之主要部份,並持續推 廣投資者關係及加強與投資者之溝通。

本公司設有公司網頁(http://www.xinm.com.cn), 使股東可透過互聯網取得公司資料,加強與 股東之溝通,並提供重要資料予公眾投資,包 括企業管治架構以及董事會轄下委員會之職 權範圍。

本公司歡迎投資者及股東提出意見,並誠邀 彼等分享意見及建議,電郵地址為:

investorcontact@yahoo.com

環境、社會及管治報告書

ABOUT THE REPORT

Purpose of the report

The Group is pleased to present its Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Report (the "Report"). The Report details the ESG policies, measures and performance of Xinming China Holdings Company and its subsidiaries (collectively as the "Group" or "we") during the Year, so as to help stakeholders better understand the Group's progress and development direction on sustainable development issues. The Report shall be published both in Chinese and English on the website of the Stock Exchange. Should there be any discrepancy between the Chinese and the English versions, the Chinese version shall prevail.

Scope and duration of the report

The year under review for the Report is the period from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020 (the "Year"). The scope of the Report during the Year is the same as last year, including:

• The Group's head office in Hangzhou;

Project

- Shandong Xingmeng Property Limited ("Shandong Xingmeng")
 Office;
- Shandong Xingmeng Project Company and its property development projects, including:

關於本報告 報告目的

本集團欣然提呈其環境、社會及管治(「ESG」)報告(「本報告」)。本報告詳述新明中國控股有限公司連同其附屬公司(統稱(「本集團」或「我們」)於本年度在環境、社會及管治方面的政策、措施和績效,讓各持份者更了解本集團於可持續發展議題的進程和發展方向。本報告以中文及英文刊發於聯交所網站。倘中英版本間出現不符,概以中文版為準。

報告範圍及期間

本報告的回顧年度為2020年1月1日至2020年12月31日止期間(「本年度」)。本年度的報告範圍與去年度相同,包括:

- 本集團位於杭州的總辦公室;
- 山東興盟置業投資有限公司(「山東興盟」)辦公室;
- 山東興盟項目公司及其物業開發項目, 包括:

項目	用蒁
Shandong Baidimao Mall (formerly known as Xingmeng International Mall) — Commercial 山東百地茂商城(原稱「興盟國際商城」) — 商業	A one-stop life procurement center integrating professional market, residence, office, and leisure shopping 集專業市場、居住、辦公、休閒購物為一體的一站式生活採購中心
Shandong Baidimao Mall — Residential 山東百地茂商城 — 住宅	Residential property 住宅

Use

環境、社會及管治報告書

Reporting standards

The Report is prepared in accordance with the applicable disclosure requirements set out in the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide in Appendix 27 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Details of corporate governance are set out in the section headed "Corporate Governance Report".

報告準則

本報告內容乃遵照《香港聯合交易所有限公司 證券上市規則》附錄二十七中「環境、社會及 管治報告指引」所載適用披露規定而編製。有 關企業管治的詳情個別載於「企業管治報告書」 一節。

Reporting principles

In the course of preparation of the Report, the Group adhered to the following reporting principles: materiality, quantitative, balance and consistency.

報告原則

在編製過程中,本集團秉持以下報告原則:重要性、量化、平衡及一致性。

Principle 原則	Definition 定義	Responses from the Group 本集團的回應
Materiality	prominent impact on the economy, environment and society, or such scopes that substantively influence stakeholder	9
重要性	assessment and decisions. 報告應涵蓋反映機構對經濟、環境及社會 的顯著影響,或實質上影響持份者評估及 決定的範疇。	透過持份者參與來識別重大可持續發展議題 並披露相關資料。
Quantitative	·	We disclosed key performance indicators in the Report with quantitative measures whenever feasible.
量化	報告應以可以計量的方式披露關鍵績效指 標。	我們在可行情況下,以量化方式披露關鍵績 效指標於本報告內。
Balance	·	
平衡	報告應以客觀態度持平地描述每項議題, 無論屬於正面或負面,以確保合理地反映 機構的整體績效。	本報告識別並闡述本集團的成就及所面對的 挑戰。
Consistency	The Report should disclose information in a consistent manner so that stakeholders can analyse and assess the institution's performance in different periods of time. The institution should explain the change(s) to any of its methods.	compare the key performance indicators of different areas for the Year and last year,
一致性	報告應使用一致方式披露資訊,以便持份 者分析及評估機構於不同時間的表現。機 構應就任何方法的變化作出解釋。	除特別指明外,本報告採用一致的方法比較

環境、社會及管治報告書

Feedback on the report

We have always believed that the valuable opinions of our stakeholders are the basis for our continuous improvement. If you have any comments or suggestions on the Report and our sustainable development, please write to us at Unit B, 17/F., United Centre, 95 Queensway, Admiralty, Hong Kong.

BUILDING A SUSTAINABLE FUTURE

Sustainability governance structure supervised by the Board

The Board is responsible for identifying and evaluating the Group's ESG-related potential risks, so as to ensure that appropriate and effective ESG risk management and internal control systems are implemented. In addition, the Board is responsible for supervising and supporting the sustainable development measures of all functional departments of the Group. The Group has established an independent ESG group since 2018 who reports to the Board on the progress of ESG work on a regular basis. Our ESG group consists of the following positions:

報告回應

我們一貫認為,持份者的寶貴意見,是我們賴以持續改進的基礎。 閣下對本報告以及我們的可持續發展工作,如有任何意見或建議,歡迎致函至香港金鐘金鐘道95號統一中心17樓B室。

建立可持續發展未來 由董事會監督的可持續發展管治架構

董事會負責識別及評估本集團ESG相關的潛在風險,以確保適當且有效的ESG風險管理和內部監控系統落實執行。同時,董事會負責監督及支持本集團所有職能部門的可持續發展措施。自2018年,本集團開始已經擁有獨立的ESG小組,其ESG小組會定時向董事會匯報環境社會及管治工作的進度。而我們的ESG小組由以下職位組成:

Supervisors and members of project company

項目公司主管及成員

Responsible for collecting the ESG data of the project, managing and ensuring compliance with the laws and regulations in implementing the project, which includes: 負責收集項目ESG數據,管理並確保項目實施時遵守各法規,當中包括:

the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China

《中華人民共和國環境保護法》

the Energy Conservation Law of the People's Republic of China 《中華人民共和國節約能源法》

the Law of the People's Republic of China on Environmental Impact Assessment 《中華人民共和國環境影響評價法》

the Regulations on the Administration of Construction Project Environmental Protection and other regulations 《建設項目環境保護管理條例》 等決規

Members of the comprehensive management department of the Group and the project department 集團及項目部綜管部成員

Responsible for collecting the ESG data of the Group and the project company's office 負責收集集團及項目辦公室的 ESG數據

Members of the risk control department 風控部成員

Responsible for following up the ESG data, and promptly provide feed back about the ESG indicators to the risk control director through collating, summarizing and analyzing the data 負責跟進ESG數據、通過整理、匯總及分析數據、及時向風控總監提供有關ESG指標的反饋

Risk control director 風控總監

Responsible for coordinating overall ESG risk control and maintaining communication with the Board to integrate ESG with the Company's overall goals, so that the Board members can understand new opportunities and allocate resources reasonably 負責統籌整體ESG風險把控,與董事會保持溝通,把ESG與公司整體目標相結合,使董事會成員了解新的機遇,合理分配資源

環境、社會及管治報告書

ESG risk management

The Board confirmed that it is responsible for the adequacy of the risk management system. The directors identified significant risks that may potentially affect the business and operations of the Group through regular review of the financial and operating performance of each department. Subsequently, we determined the risk management strategies and internal control procedures to prevent, avoid or mitigate the risks. For details of risk management and internal control, please refer to the section headed "Corporate Governance Report", and for details of the principal risks and uncertainties we have identified, please refer to the section headed "Directors' Report".

Stakeholder engagement

The Group realizes that having an understanding of our stakeholders is critical to the successful integration of sustainability into our business and operations. We engage stakeholders through the following multiple communication channels, so as to effectively integrate their concerns into our decision-making process.

環境、社會及管制風險管理

董事會確認對風險管理系統充分性負責。董 事透過定期檢討各部門的財務及營運業績, 以識別可能對本集團業務及營運構成潛在影 響之重大風險。及後,透過釐定風險管理策略 及內部監控程序以防止、避免或降低風險。有 關風險管理及內部監控詳情請參閱「企業管治 報告書」一節,而我們已識別的主要風險及不 明朗因素詳情請參閱「董事會報告書」一節。

持份者參與

本集團意識到了解我們的持份者,對於將可 持續發展成功融入我們的業務及營運而言極 為重要。我們透過以下多種溝通渠道,讓持份 者參與其中,從而有效地將其關注重點融入 我們的決策過程。

Stakeholders Communication channels 持份者 溝通渠道		Concerns 關注重點		
Employees 員工	 Internal communication 內部通訊 Employee activity 員工活動 Training 培訓 Performance assessment 績效考核 	 Employment rights and interests 僱傭權益 Benefits and Welfare 待遇及福利 Training and career development 培訓及事業發展 Occupational safety and health 職業安全及健康 		
Investors and shareholders 投資者及股東	 General meetings 股東大會 Annual reports, announcements and circulars 年報、公告及通函 Company's website 公司網站 	 Return on investment 投資回報 Corporate governance 公司管治 Risk control 風險控制 Information transparency 資訊透明度 		

環境、社會及管治報告書

Stakeholders 持份者	Communication channels 溝通渠道	Concerns 關注重點
Customers 客戶	 Direct communication 直接溝通 E-mail and telephone 電郵及電話 	 Housing quality 房產質量 Customer service 客戶服務
Suppliers/construction contractors 供應商/建築承包商	 Direct communication 直接溝通 E-mail and telephone 電郵及電話 On-site inspection 實地考察 Meeting 會議 	 Supplier management 供應商管理 Honesty and integrity 誠信廉潔
Government 政府	 Submission of information as required 按規定提交資料 E-mail and telephone 電郵及電話 	 Compliance with laws and regulations 遵守法律法規 Tax payment in accordance with laws 依法納税 Promote regional economic development and employment 推動區域經濟發展及就業
Communities 社區	 Company's website 公司網站 Mass media 大眾傳媒 	 Community engagement 社區參與 Care for the environment 愛護環境 Job opportunities 工作機會

環境、社會及管治報告書

Materiality assessment

Materiality assessment facilitates us to identify and give priority to issues that are important to our stakeholders, thereby gradually building their trust in us. In preparing the Report, we collected the scores of various ESG issues from stakeholders through online questionnaire surveys. The specific process for materiality assessment is as follows:

重要性評估

重要性評估有助我們識別和優先處理持份者 重視的事項,從而逐漸建立持份者對我們的 信任。我們在準備本報告時通過網上問卷形 式以收集持份者對各項ESG議題的評分,具體 重要性評估過程如下:

Identify 識別

Through review on media analysis, peer benchmarking analysis and the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide of the Stock Exchange, we identified 22 potential important issues that reflect the impacts of the Group's business on the economy, environment and society or affect stakeholders' assessment and decision about the Group 透過檢閱媒體分析、同行對標分析及聯交所《環境、社會及管治報告指引》後,識別能夠反映本集團業 務對經濟、環境和社會的影響,或 影響持份者對本集團評估和決策的 潛在重要的22個ESG議題

Collect stakeholders' feedback 收集持份者回饋

We collected the scores of various ESG issues from stakeholders through online questionnaire survevs 以網上問卷形式收集持份者對各項 ESG議題的評分

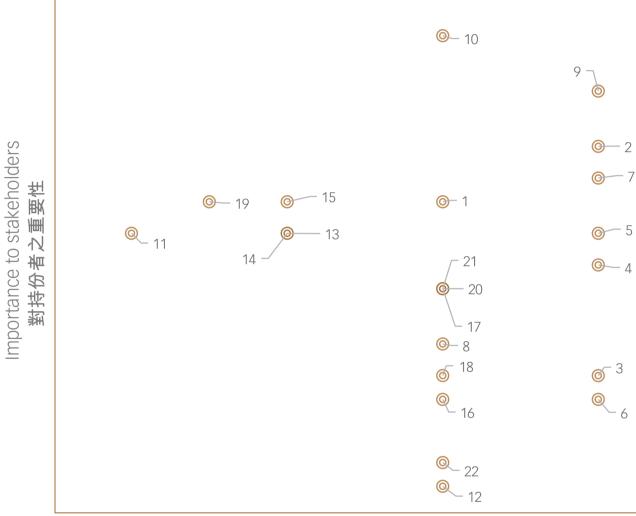
Prioritize 決定優先次序

We reviewed the priority of sustainability issues based on stakeholders' feedback and discussions results of management 根據持份者反饋及管理層的討論結 果,審閱可持續發展議題的優先次

驗證

We confirmed the materiality matrix and disclosed the information in the Report 確認重要性分析圖矩陣,並於本 報告中披露資料

Materiality analysis on each issue 各個議題之重要性分析



Importance to the Group 對本集團之重要性

環境、社會及管治報告書

Environment 環境		Social 社會			
		Emp 僱僱	ployment	Opei 營運	ration
1.	Exhaust emission 廢氣排放	7.	Employee benefits 僱員福利	12.	Environmental risks in the supply chain
2.	Waste 廢棄物	8.	Equal opportunity, diversity and anti-discrimination	13.	供應鏈中的環境風險 Social risks in the supply chain
3.	Carbon emissions and energy 碳排放及能源	9.	平等機會、多元化、反歧視 Occupational health and safety	14.	供應鏈中的社會風險 Product certification and quality
4.	Water resources 水資源	10.	職業健康及安全 Staff development and training	15.	產品鑑證及質量 Customer service
5.	Risks of climate change 氣候變化的風險	11.	員工發展及培訓 Employment compliance 僱傭合規性	16.	顧客服務 Intellectual property management 知識產權管理
6.	Green procurement 綠色採購		准伸口及住	17.	Marketing and advertising 市場推廣及廣告
				18.	Anti-corruption 反貪污
				19.	Data protection and network security 數據保護與網絡安全
				20.	Economic performance 經濟表現
				21.	Business expansion 業務擴展
				Com 社區	munity
				22.	Community investment 社區投資

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告書

We have developed the above materiality matrix based on the survey results to determine the priority of sustainable development issues. The upper right corner of the materiality matrix is the issue of greatest concern to stakeholders. In particular, the following 5 issues are identified as more important ESG issues, which will be the key disclosures in the Report:

我們根據調查結果繪製了以上重要性矩陣, 以確定可持續發展議題的優先順序。重要性 矩陣的右上角部份為持份者最為關注的課題。 當中,以下5個被識別為較為重要的環境、社 會及管治議題,將於本報告中進行重點披露:

No. 編號	Key disclosure issue 重點披露議題	Disclosure section 披露章節
9	Occupational health and safety 職業健康與安全	Occupational health and safety 職業健康與安全
2	Waste 廢棄物	Creating values for the environment 為環境創造價值
7	Employee benefits 僱員福利	Creating values for our employees 為員工創造價值
10	Staff development and training 員工發展及培訓	Creating values for our employees 為員工創造價值
5	Risks of climate change 氣候變化的風險	Sustainability governance structure supervised by the Board 由董事會監督的可持續發展管治架構

環境、社會及管治報告書

CREATING VALUES FOR THE ENVIRONMENT

The Group has always attached great importance to environmental protection and is committed to contributing to environmental protection, so as to minimize the impact of its daily operations on the environment. We strictly abide by the PRC laws and regulations on exhaust emissions, greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, as well as waste discharge. For the properties and development projects, the Group will engage third-party environmental consultants to carry out environmental impact assessment on the exhaust, sewage, solid waste, environmental risk, sound control and impact on the ecological environment caused during the construction process and after the completion of the construction project prior to the commencement of construction, and submit the environmental impact assessment report to relevant government authority for approval. We are required to submit a new environmental impact assessment report for approval before proceeding with the project if there is any material change to the size or nature of construction site of the relevant projects.

We require our contractors to comply with the laws and regulations related to environmental protection and safety in the PRC, and make every effort to prevent or reduce the air pollution, noise pollution. discharge of waste water and waste. We make regular visits to the construction site to verify whether the performance of the contractor meets the requirements under the contract, so as to ensure that any problems that arise are immediately taken seriously and rectified. Upon completion of the project, the Group will apply to relevant government authority for the acceptance related to the environmental inspection to ensure that all requirements are met prior to delivery to customers.

The Group is aware of the inevitable generation of exhaust and noise during the construction process, so we are committed to requiring the contractor to be responsible for the development project and take the following effective measures to reduce the impact on the environment.

為環境創造價值

本集團一直以來高度重視環境保護,致力為 環境保護出一份力,把日常業務對環境的影 響減至最低。我們嚴格遵守中國法律及法規 有關廢氣排放、溫室氣體排放、水及土地排放 以及廢物排放等的規定。本集團的物業及開 發項目均會在施工前委託第三方環境顧問就 施工過程中及在建築項目完成後所帶來的廢 氣、污水、固體廢物、環境風險、聲音控制及 對生態環境的影響等進行環境影響評估,並 把環境影響評估報告交予相關政府機構作審 批。若發現相關項目的建築地盤在規模或性 質上會作出重大改變,我們更需要向政府機 構提交新的環境評估報告以作審批,才可以 繼續項目的發展。

我們要求合作的承包商遵守中國有關的環境 保護及跟安全有關的法律及法規,並盡力防 止或者降低空氣污染、噪音污染、廢水和廢物 排放。我們會定期前往建築地盤以檢查承包 商的表現是否合符合同要求,以確保倘若有 任何問題發生都可立刻正視並作出糾正。在 工程完成時,本集團會向相關政府部門申請 環境檢查有關的驗收,確保所有要求都合符 資格才交付客戶。

本集團明白在施工過程中無可避免會製造廢 氣及噪音,所以我們致力要求負責開發工程 的承建商並採取以下有效的措施以降低對環 境的影響。

環境、社會及管治報告書

In terms of exhaust

- In order to prevent dust pollution during the construction process, a continuous and closed fence shall be built up around the construction site during construction, and a dust-proof net shall be installed outside the construction area of the construction site:
- The roads at the construction site shall be paved or mobile sprinklers, movable fog guns, tower crane sprays and other equipment shall be in place to spray the ground to reduce dust;
- Application of airtight storage or design of fence and use of dust-proof cloth to cover building materials that are easily to generate dust;
- A car washing platform shall be provided to clean transportation vehicles in a timely manner, keep the vehicles clean, and prevent the vehicles from dusting caused by sticking mud and dust;
- Bagging measures shall be taken in transporting the waste to the ground from the upper floor of the building, and it is prohibited to throw and scatter it in the air.

In terms of noise

- Low-noise equipment shall be used as far as possible, the speed of excavators, loading and unloading vehicles to enter and leave the site shall be limited;
- Reasonable arrangement shall be made to the construction hours to avoid simultaneous and long-term operation of a large number of high-noise equipment;
- Temporary sound barriers shall be equipped around the construction site, with a view to reducing the impact of noise on the surroundings;
- We will also arrange appropriate construction hours, including avoiding operating during the lunch break, or prohibiting further construction activities after 10 p.m.

廢氣方面

- 為防止施工過程中的揚塵污染問題,在 施工建設期間工地周圍設有連續、密閉 的圍檔,對工地建築施工範圍外設置防 塵網;
- 工地內車行道路採取硬化或置移動灑水車、移動霧炮、塔吊噴淋等設備以噴灑地面從而減低揚塵情況;
- 採用密閉儲存或設計圍擋及使用防塵布 覆蓋容易產生揚塵的建築物料;
- 提供洗車平台以及時清洗運輸車輛,保持車輛清潔,防止車輛因粘帶泥塵而導致揚塵;
- 廢棄物在建築物上層運輸到地面時需要 採取袋裝化措施,並禁止凌空拋撒。

噪音方面

- 盡量採用低噪聲設備,挖掘機、裝車輛進出場地限速行駛;
- 合理安排拖工時間,避免大量的高噪聲 設備同時及長時間施工;
- 在施工現場周圍建設臨時聲障,希望可以減弱噪音對鄰近環境的影響;
- 我們亦會安排適當的施工時間,包括避免中午的休息時間作業,或在晚間十點 後禁止繼續施工。

環境、社會及管治報告書

Gas emissions

All real estate development projects of the Group are undertaken by third-party contractors. Therefore, the Group is not involved in the direct generation of air, water and construction waste pollution caused by construction projects. The gas emissions of the Group during the Year primarily come from emissions from private car and electricity consumption. The following table sets out the summary of our performance in usage of energy and gas emissions:

氣體排放

本集團所有的房地產開發工程均由第三方承 建商負責。因此,本集團沒有直接產生因建築 工程所引致的空氣、水及建築廢料污染。本年 度本集團的主要氣體排放來源為私家車排放 物及電力消耗。下表概述我們的能源使用及 氣體排放表現:

	2020¹	2019 ²	Unit 單位
Gas emissions			
氣體排放			
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)	2.84	2.64	kg
氮氧化物(NOx)			公斤
Sulphur oxides (SOx)	0.08	0.07	kg
硫氧化物(SOx)			公斤
Particular matter (PM)	0.20	0.19	kg
懸浮顆粒(PM)			公斤
Greenhouse gas emissions			
溫室氣體排放			
Total emissions (Scopes 1 and 2)	660.15	851.13	tonnes of CO ₂ equivalent
總排放量(範圍1及2)			公噸二氧化碳當量
Intensity of greenhouse gas emissions	4.75	6.12	kg CO ₂ equivalent/m ²
溫室氣體排放密度			公斤二氧化碳當量/平方米
Scope 1 (Direct emissions)	15.37	12.34	tonnes of CO ₂ equivalent
範圍1(直接排放)	(44.70	000 70	公噸二氧化碳當量
Scope 2 (Indirect emissions) 節周2(門卒批析)	644.78	838.79	tonnes of CO ₂ equivalent
範圍2(間接排放)			公噸二氧化碳當量

- The emissions of exhaust gas and greenhouse gas are disclosed based on the requirements stipulated in the "How to Prepare an ESG Report" published by the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and the GHG Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard (Revised Edition) issued by the World Resources Institute (WRI) and the World Business Council for Sustainable Development (WBCSD).
- Our data in 2019 has been recalculated with reference to the latest emission factors of electricity purchased for Mainland China supplementary to the "How to Prepare an ESG Report" published by the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.
- 有關廢氣及温室氣體排放的披露,我們乃根據香港聯合交易刊發的《如何編製環境、社會及管治報告》內訂明的要求及世界資源研究所(WRI)和世界可持續發展工商理事會(WBCSD)刊發的《温室氣體核算體系企業核算與報告標準(修訂版)》而編製。
- 我們參考了香港聯合交易所刊發的《如何準備環境、社會及管治報告》中最新所補充的中國內地外購電力排放係數,並對我們2019年度的數據作重新計算。

環境、社會及管治報告書

	2020	2019 ²	Unit 單位
Energy consumption			
能源消耗			
Total energy consumption	724,912.22	912,864.42	kWh
能源消耗總量			千瓦時
Intensity of energy consumption	5.22	6.57	kWh/m²
能源消耗密度			千瓦時/平方米
Total electricity purchased	669,561	870,629	kWh
總外購電力			千瓦時
Electricity purchased for office	326,537	401,422	kWh
辦公室外購電力			千瓦時
Electricity purchased for construction site	343,024	469,207	kWh
工地外購電力			千瓦時
Unleaded petrol	33,419.79	42,235.42	kWh
無鉛汽油			千瓦時
Diesel oil ³	16,886.10	_	kWh
柴油3			千瓦時
Liquefied petroleum gas ³	5,045.33	_	kWh
液化石油氣3			千瓦時

Note: As our real estate development projects are outsourced to the contractors, the data in relation to the construction project has not been collected and disclosed in the Report.

註: 由於我們將房地產開發工程外判予承建商, 故工程項目上的數據未能予以收集及披露於 本報告中。

Our data in 2019 has been recalculated with reference to the latest emission factors of electricity purchased for Mainland China supplementary to the "How to Prepare an ESG Report" published by the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

Due to the gradual improvement in our data collection system, the data of diesel oil and liquefied petroleum gas are available during the Year.

我們參考了香港聯合交易所刊發的《如何準備環境、社會及管治報告》中最新所補充的中國內地外購電力排放係數,並對我們2019年度的數據作重新計算。

由於數據收集系統日益完善,故於本年度內 可獲得柴油及液化石油氣的數據。

環境、社會及管治報告書

Sewage disposal

The wastewater generated during the construction of the projects mainly includes domestic wastewater and wastewater generated from construction. During the process of construction, the measures for wastewater prevention and treatment we require the contractors to take include setting up wastewater sedimentation tanks to collect all types of wastewater generated from production activities used for adding humidity to construction sites and road dust control; we also require the construction workers to collect domestic waste and construction waste, and dispose and transport such waste in a timely manner to prevent the groundwater contamination caused by rain wash. During the Year, we have no difficulty in sourcing water that is fit for purpose.

污水排放

項目施工期廢水主要為生活污水和建設施工 廢水。我們在施工期要求承建商採取的廢水 防治措施包括設置廢水沉澱池以收集各類生 產廢水作場地增濕道路抑塵使用; 及要求施 工人員要集中生活垃圾及建築垃圾,並需要 及時清運以防止因雨水淋浴而導致地下水污 染的問題。本年度,我們在求取適用水源方面 並無任何問題。

	2020	2019	Unit 單位
Total water consumption 總耗水量	13,294	11,458	m³ 立方米
Water consumption of office 辦公室耗水量	10,277	5,914	m³ 立方米
Water consumption of construction sites 工地耗水量	3,017	5,544	m³ 立方米
Water consumption intensity 耗水密度	0.10	0.082	m³/m² 立方米/平方米

Waste management

Solid wastes generated during the construction mainly include domestic waste and construction waste. During the foundation excavation work, the contractors will promptly arrange for outward transportation to ensure that the temporary stack height will not exceed 1.5 meters. Both domestic waste and construction waste will be collected and disposed by municipal environmental hygiene authority. The waste will be sealed in the process of transportation. Not only sorting out but also storage in impervious trash can is needed to prevent exposure, scattering or dripping. In particular, construction waste, broken brick and residues can be used to fill foundations, while other types of waste, such as wood, floor mortar, concrete, metal products, steel, plastic products, hardware and other materials, need to be transported to designated locations for disposal. If appropriate, the waste will be distributed to recycling stations or sold to waste collection stations for processing and recycling.

廢棄物管理

項目施工期固體廢物主要為生活垃圾和建築 垃圾,項目工地在進行基礎挖土工程時,承建 商需確保其臨時堆積高度不超過1.5米並安排 及時外運。生活垃圾和建築廢料由市政環境 衛生部每天負責收集清理。在運輸過程需要 使用密封化處理,不單止將其分類,還需要使 用不透水的垃圾桶存放以防止露出、散落或 滴漏的情況發生。特別是建築廢料,碎磚石、 殘渣可以用作填築地基用,但其他類型的材 料例如木材、落地砂漿、混凝土、金屬製品、 鋼材、塑料製品、小五金等物料,便需要送往 指定地點處理,若適用,更會把垃圾分配到回 收站或銷售廢品收購站處理達到再循環的目 的。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告書

The Group maintains its operation mainly in office. The waste generated is primarily non-hazardous waste, including waste paper generated from routine office work, food waste and general domestic waste. Our business operation does not generate major hazardous waste or packaging material. We continue to strengthen waste management, give priority to environmentally friendly products in the selection of office supplies, and strive to set up a paperless office. The paperless office mode includes the adoption of a platform system to shift the document processing and fee approval processes to online processing to reduce the use and consumption of paper in office and save forest resources.

	2020	2019	Unit 單位
Total non-hazardous waste	6.48	0.60	tonnes
無害廢棄物總量			公噸
Office paper waste	1.88	0.60	tonnes
辦公廢紙			公噸
Food waste ⁴	4.60	_	tonnes
廚餘4			公噸
Non-hazardous waste intensity	0.047	0.0043	kg/m²
無害廢棄物密度			公斤/平方米
Total hazardous waste — mercury battery⁴	0.0025	_	tonnes
有害廢棄物總量 一 含汞電池4			公噸
Hazardous waste intensity	0.00002	_	kg/m²
有害廢棄物密度			公斤/平方米

Due to the gradual improvement in our data collection system, the data of food waste and mercury battery are available during the Year.

由於數據收集系統日益完善,故於本年度內 可獲得廚餘及含汞電池的數據。

環境、社會及管治報告書

Use of resources

Since all real estate development projects of the Group are undertaken by third-party contractors and the Group maintains its operation mainly in office, our energy consumption mainly comes from electricity and use of water. We are taking active energy-saving and emission-reduction measures to make a contribution to environmental protection, including:

Reduction in use of resources

- encouraging employees to turn off electrical appliances. lights and office equipment when they are not in use, and setting the printer and monitors in the office to be automatically turned off to reduce energy consumption:
- Hangzhou office has put light emitting diode ("LED") in use to improve the performance of resource and safe electricity;
- encouraging staff to reduce business trips and making full use of online communication platforms to reduce carbon footprint;
- signs or notices stating the importance of energy conservation posted in the office area to improve the environmental protection awareness of employees;
- water-saving notices posted in the washroom and pantry to remind employees to turn off the faucets after use to avoid wasting water resources;

Reduction in generation of resources

- encouraging the use of electronic tools such as emails and information systems for internal and external communication to reduce paper consumption;
- encouraging employees to use reusable cups and tableware instead of disposable tableware;
- encouraging employees to print or photocopy on both sides of
- encouraging employees to reuse stationery, such as used envelopes and folders

資源使用

由於本集團所有的房地產開發工程均由第三 方承建商負責,本集團主要在辦公室的環境 下營運,所以我們的能源消耗主要源自電力 和用水。我們積極實施多項節能減排的措施, 為環境保護作出一番貢獻,其中包括:

減少資源使用

- 鼓勵員工關掉非使用中的電器、燈及辦 公室設備,而辦公室的打印機及有關顯 示屏幕亦已預先調節至自動關閉功能以 減少能源消耗;
- 杭州的辦公室已採用發光二極體燈 (「LED」)以提升資源效能,節約用電;
- 鼓勵職員減少差旅安排,盡可能充分利 用網上通訊平台,以減少碳足印;
- 辦公室範圍張貼了節能重要性之標誌或 告示以提高職員的環保意識;
- 洗手間及茶水間張貼了節水告示以提醒 員工於使用後關緊水龍頭,避免浪費水 資源;

減少廢物產生

- 鼓勵使用電郵、信息系統等電子工具作 對內外的溝通,以減少紙張消耗;
- 鼓勵員工使用可循環再用的杯及餐具, 代替即棄餐具;
- 鼓勵員工雙面列印或影印;
- 鼓勵員工重用文具,例如舊信封、文件 夾

環境、社會及管治報告書

Compliance with laws and regulations

The Group is committed to complying with all laws and regulations related to environmental protection, including the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China, Energy Conservation Law of the People's Republic of China, Law of the People's Republic of China on Environmental Impact Assessment and Regulations on the Administration of Construction Project Environmental Protection. During the Year, we were not aware of any environmental issues related to major breach of laws and regulations.

CREATING VALUES FOR OUR CUSTOMERS Supply chain management and quality control

Our main suppliers are construction contractors and construction material suppliers in the PRC. We outsourced all construction projects to eligible third-party construction contractors who can undertake various types of work, including foundation excavation, main structure construction, equipment installation and engineering operations. We believe that outsourcing our construction projects allows us to use the expertise of the construction contractors and minimize certain risks, such as risks from fluctuations in the cost of certain raw materials. It also allows us to focus on our main business, namely property development. We engaged contractors for construction projects through tendering procedures in accordance with the relevant Chinese laws and regulations. The tendering and bidding team of the head office's cost management department will formulate tender terms and will be responsible for evaluating and selecting contractors. In the process of selecting a construction contractor, we will conduct detailed assessment of the construction contractor and its bidding documents. Various factors including the scale and qualification of the contractor, its reputation, track record and quotations of similar projects will be considered.

守法循章

本集團一直以來竭力遵守各類環境法律及法規,包括《中華人民共和國環境保護法》、《中華人民共和國環境影響評價法》及《建設項目環境保護管理條例》等。本年度,我們並不知悉任何有關重大違反法律及法規的環保事宜。

為客戶創造價值 供應鏈管理及質量控制

我們的主要供應商為位於中國的建築承包商 及建築材料供應商。我們將全部的項目建築 工程外包予合資格第三方建築承建商。該等 建築承包商可承接各種類型的工程,包括地 基挖掘、主體結構建設、設備安裝及工程作 業。我們認為將我們的建築工程外包可使我 們利用建築承包商的專業知識及盡量降低某 些風險,如某些原材料成本波動帶來的風險, 亦可使我們專注於我們的主要業務,即物業 開發。我們根據相關中國法律及法規透過招 標程序為建築項目委聘承建商。總部成本管 理部的招標及投標團隊將制定招標條款,負 責評估及甄選承包商。在甄選建築承包商的 過程中,我們會對建築承包商及其投標文件 進行詳細評估。我們會考慮包括承包商規模 及資質、承包商聲譽、類似項目的往績及報價 等多種因素。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告書

We place emphasis on the quality and cost control of various property projects. Currently, our construction contractors are responsible for purchasing most of the construction materials for our property development projects, such as steel and cement. We generally provide the contractors with specifications about the construction work and request the contractor to purchase from a selected set of brands or manufacturers. If relevant PRC laws and regulations require the contractor to purchase certain types of construction materials through tendering, we generally require the relevant contractor to include our selected brands or manufacturers in the bidding documents. We will also monitor the tendering process to ensure that selected construction material suppliers have the qualifications acceptable to us. The Group also procures materials for development purposes on its own. The primary procurements include certain special construction materials such as doors and windows, air-conditioning systems and elevators. To ensure quality, we will conduct procurement from suppliers in the eligible supplier database. During the Year, the Group was not aware of any key suppliers causing any significant impact on business ethics, environmental protection and labor practices.

In addition, to ensure the quality, we have also engaged construction supervision companies to supervise certain aspects of our project construction in accordance with relevant laws and regulations. During the preliminary planning stage, our cost management department will establish a series of progress control indicators related to cost, quality and construction progress according to the total construction cost budget. During the construction, our chief engineer office consisting of senior and qualified engineers and construction technicians are responsible for supervising the construction quality, progress, and controlling the budget of each project. Site visits will be conducted on a monthly basis, pre-inspection of construction materials will be carried out before putting to use in the project, and the construction progress will be supervised based on previously established progress indicators. In addition, our chief engineer office will also review all projects under construction every year to ensure the costs, quality and progress of construction are satisfactory. If the performance of any external contractor is unsatisfactory, the Group reserves the right to terminate the contract and replace with other contractors through appropriate procedures to maintain good product quality.

我們重視項目的質量及成本的控制。目前,我 們的承建商為我們的物業開發項目採購絕大 部份建築材料,如鋼材及水泥。我們會向承建 商提供建築規格及指定的品牌和製造商作採 購。倘相關中國法律及法規規定承建商須透 過招標採購特定種類的建築材料,我們一般 要求有關承建商在招標文件中列入我們選定 的品牌或製造商,我們亦會監察招標過程,以 確保選定的建築材料供應商具備我們可接受 的資質。至於本集團亦有親自採購材料作發 展目的。主要採購業務包括直接購買門窗、空 調系統及電梯等若干專業建築材料。為確保 質量,我們只會從合資格供應商數據庫內的 供應商進行採購。本年度,本集團並不知悉任 何主要供應商在商業道德、環境保護及勞工 常規方面造成任何重大的影響。

環境、社會及管治報告書

Product responsibility and after-sales service

Our brand is crucial to our business operation and development. Any negative events or negative publicity involving the Group or its properties may adversely affect its reputation and business prospect. To satisfy our customers, we will provide our customers with comprehensive services according to the following stages:

產品責任及售後服務

我們的品牌對我們的業務營運及發展非常重要。任何涉及我們或我們物業的負面事件或 負面宣傳會對我們的聲譽及業務前景造成不 利影響。為使客戶滿意,我們會根據以下各階 段為我們的客戶提供全面服務:

Stage I: Project development 第一階段:項目發展 In the planning stage of a project, listen to the customers' opinions and expectations on the project design, and forward the same to the
real estate planning team to discuss with the designer, architect and contractor.
 在項目計劃階段,聽取客戶對項目設計的相關意見及期望,把意見交予地產策劃團隊,讓他們與設計師、建築師及承辦商商討。

Stage II: Inspection on building quality 第二階段: 樓宇檢質

We have a professional team responsible for regular inspections to check whether the project meets the pre-established control indicators to ensure that the organization in charge of the project meets the local requirements of construction and customer's expectations.

我們有專業團隊負責定時巡視檢查工程項目是否符合預先訂立的控制指標,確保項目機構達到當地建築要求及客戶期望。

Stage III: Delivery 第三階段: 交樓

- According to the Construction Project Quality Management Regulations, the Administration of Filings for Post-Construction Inspection
 and Acceptance of Housing Building Projects and Municipal Infrastructure Projects (厉屋建築工程和市政基礎設施工程竣工驗收備案管理辦法》) and the Interim Provisions on the Completion and Inspection and Acceptance of Housing Construction Projects and Municipal
 Infrastructure Projects (房屋建築工程和市政基礎設施工程竣工驗收暫行規定》), we, as a real estate developer, shall submit an
 application of housing inspection and filing to the competent property development authority of the local people's government of or
 above county-level where the project is located. Delivery of the property project is subject to the receipt of inspection and acceptance
 notice and the completion certificate.
 - 根據《建設工程質量管理條例》《房屋建築工程和市政基礎設施工程竣工驗收備案管理辦法》及《房屋建築工程和市政基礎設施工程竣工驗收暫行規定》,我們作為房地產開發商須向項目所在縣級或以上地方人民政府的房地產開發主管部門提交申請,用作房屋竣工驗收及備案。當收到驗收合格通知及竣工證明書後,便可以作出交付。

Stage IV: After-sales service 第四階段:售後服務 We will offer an appropriate warranty period for customers. The scope of quality warranty should include foundation work, the main structure, waterproof of flooring, toilets with waterproof requirements, anti-leakage of rooms and exterior walls, heating and cooling systems, drainage pipes, equipment installation and renovation projects, etc. The warranty period ranges from 1 to 5 years from the date of delivery.

我們會為客戶預留適當的保修期,質量保修範圍應該包括地基礎工程、主體結構工程、層面防水工程、有防水要求的衛生間、房間和外墻面的防渗漏、供熟與供冷系統、排水管道、設備安裝和裝修工程等。保修期為交付日起,為期1年至5年。

環境、社會及管治報告書

Compliant promotion

To ensure the truthfulness of property information, we will strictly comply with the Advertising Law of the People's Republic of China and the Interim Measures for the Administration of Internet Advertising of the People's Republic of China (《中華人民共和國互聯網廣告管理暫行辦法》) and other laws and regulations. Our sales brochures are subject to internal review and approval by the relevant government department before release. The Group understands that our customers need to make purchasing decisions based on correct information. Therefore, our sales department will carefully review the sales and promotion information to ensure the compliance of the same before providing the same to customers. We also have a Sales Center Management Handbook in place which requires the department staff to uphold the business ethics in making contact with customers and carry out sales promotion in a reasonably manner.

During the Year, the Group was not aware of any material violation of the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the health and safety, intellectual property, advertising, labeling and privacy of the products provided by the Group.

Privacy protection

The Group highly values the protection of customers' privacy and is committed to complying with all laws and regulations that safeguard the privacy of personal information. When entering into a sales contract with a customer, we will enter into a confidentiality agreement with the customer to ensure that the customer's privacy is protected. Also, according to the Employee Handbook, each employee is required to sign a confidentiality agreement upon joining the Company to enhance the protection of customers' privacy. During the Year, the Group was not aware of any complaints due to the leakage of customer information.

合規宣傳

為確保房源信息的真實性,我們會嚴格遵循《中華人民共和國廣告法》、《中華人民共和國廣告法》、《中華人民共和國互聯網廣告管理暫行辦法》等法律法規;所提供的售樓說明書均需要通過內部審批並獲得有關政府部門審批才可發佈。本集團理解的戶需要準確資訊以作選購決定,所以我們的宣销售部會仔細檢查銷售及推廣資料的合規性才提供予客戶。我們亦設有學時需遵守的業道德,合理地進行推銷宣傳。

本年度,本集團並不知悉有關本集團所提供 有關產品之健康及安全、知識產權、廣告、標 籤及私隱權方面而導致重大影響之有關法律 法規或發生任何重大違規情況。

保護隱私

本集團重視客戶隱私的保護並致力遵守所有保障個人資料私隱的法規,在與客戶簽訂銷售合同時,我們會與客戶簽定保密條款,以保証客戶的隱私受到保護。同時,根據《員工手冊》,每位員工在加入公司時需要簽訂保密協議,以加強保障客戶私隱。本年度,本集團並不知悉有接獲因洩露客戶資料而引致的投訴。

環境、社會及管治報告書

CREATING VALUES FOR OUR EMPLOYEES Employment

Employees are the key for the success of an enterprise's business. The Group treats attentively and cares a lot about each employee. The Group is committed to building a safe and healthy working environment on one hand, and to nurturing talents on the other, with the aim of creating a harmonious and win-win situation for both employers and employees.

為員工創造價值 僱傭

員工是推動企業業務成功的關鍵。本集團用 心看待及關顧每位員工,一方面致力建設一 個職業安全及健康的工作環境,另一方面著 重人材培育,目的是為本集團締造勞資雙贏 的和諧局面。

Employment

 Recruitment and promotion procedures for all employees of the Group are conducted in a fair and open manner; we conduct recruitment through job fairs, recruitment websites, internal promotion or recommendation. All recruitments will be decided based on the candidates' performance and skill certification. In addition, discrimination based on age, gender, physical or mental health, marital status, family status, race, skin color, nationality, religion, political faction and any other ground will be prohibited.

招聘

本集團為了保證招聘及晉升程序均以公平及公開的方式進行,我們會透過招聘會、人才招聘網站、內部晉升或員工推薦招攬人才。所有招聘標準都是按其工作表現、技能認可作決定,亦防止根據年齡、性別、身體或精神健康狀況、婚姻狀況、家庭狀況、種族、膚色、國籍、宗教、政治派別及其他因素等理由而導致有歧視的情況發生。

Remuneration

• To attract and retain experienced and high-caliber talents to manage our business, we offer fair and competitive remuneration packages for our employees in line with their experience, qualifications and responsibilities. Meanwhile, the Company conducts performance appraisals every year, and conducts review on salaries and provides year-end bonuses at our discretion based on market conditions, performance of the Company and the employees. Employees of outstanding performance will be provided with promotion opportunities.

薪酬

 為吸引及留住經驗豐富的高質素人才以管理業務,我們提供與員工經驗、資格及 職責相稱的公平及具市場競爭力的薪酬待遇。同時,我們每年都會進行表現評 核,並根據市場情況、公司及個人表現進行薪金檢討及提供酌情年終花紅,表現 優秀的更會獲得晉升機會。

環境、社會及管治報告書

Benefits

福利

- The Group cares about the benefits that our employees are entitled to, so we have a package of benefits in place, including allowances for meal, travelling, communication, festivals and holidays, etc.
- 本集團注重員工在公司所擁有的福利,所以我們設立了一系列的福利包括:工作 餐補助金、交通補貼,通訊補貼及節假日發放過節費等。
- Our employees are entitled to a reasonable working system of 5 days and an average of 40 hours of work. In addition to the statutory annual leave, we also provide sick leave, personal leave, national holiday leave, marital leave, maternity leave, funeral leave, and work-related injury leave, etc. based on employees' individual needs.
- 我們的員工均享有合理的5日工作天和平均40小時的工作時數。另外除了法定年假,我們亦會因應個人需要給予病假、事假、國家法定節日假、婚假、產假、喪假、及工傷假等多樣的假期。
- We also actively organize birthday celebrations and trips for employees in an attempt to help them maintain a balance between work and life and have a good rest, and to enhance their sense of belonging to the Group.
- 我們更積極為員工舉行生日慶祝活動及旅行,希望員工在工作跟生活上可以互相平衡,擁有適當的休息,並希望可以以此增加他們對本集團的歸屬感。

Promotion

 The Group believes that regular review and assessment of performance and development potentials shall be carried out for our employees. Any employee who has achieved outstanding performance and is eligible for promotion is given opportunities for promotion and/or remuneration adjustment on a fair competition basis.

晉升

本集團相信我們的員工都值得透過定期進行的評核檢討及評估其表現和發展潛能。若有評核結果優異及符合晉升條件的員工會在公平競爭的情況下,獲得職位晉升和調薪的機會。

Dismissal

• Employees have the right to leave the company at their own discretion. If an employee resigns for personal reasons, he/she must resign in writing 30 days in advance, and after the approval of the department head, he/she can leave only after the work has been handed over. However, if an employee is not competent for his/her position, the Group reserves the right to dismiss such employee with at least 30 days' prior written notice.

解僱

 員工均擁有自由選擇離職的權利。若是因為個人原因辭職,需要提前30天以書面 形式請辭,經部門領導批准之後,把工作交接好才可以離開。但如果員工是因為 工作崗位沒有達到標準的問題,本集團留有辭退的權利;亦會提前至少30天以書 面形式通知該員工。

環境、社會及管治報告書

As of 31 December 2020, the Group had a total of 49 (2019: 53) employees, with 1 employee working in Hong Kong and 48 employees working in Mainland China. The breakdowns of them by different categories are set out as follows:

截至2020年12月31日,本集團共有49名 (2019:53名)員工,1名任職香港,而另外48 名任職於中國內地。按不同性質劃分有關資 料如下:

	2020	2019	Unit 單位
By gender			
按性別劃分			
Male	29	21	Number of individuals
男性			人數
Female	20	32	Number of individuals
女性			人數
By contract category			
按合約類型劃分			
Full-time	49	50	Number of individuals
全職			人數
Part-time	_	3	Number of individuals 人數
兼職			人數
By employment category			
按僱傭類別劃分			
Senior management	14	12	Number of individuals
高級管理層	10	0	人數
Middle management 中級管理層	10	8	Number of individuals 人數
T	25	33	Number of individuals
一般及技術人員	20	00	人數
By age			
按年齡劃分 21-30	2	14	Number of individuals
21至30歲	2	14	人數
31–40	19	20	Number of individuals
31至40歲			人數
41–50	14	14	Number of individuals
41至50歲			人數
51–60	13	4	Number of individuals
51至60歲		_	人數
Over 61	1	1	Number of individuals
61歲以上			人數

環境、社會及管治報告書

Compliance with laws and regulations

The Group strictly abides by the Labor Law of the People's Republic of China, Labor Contract Law of the People's Republic of China, Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases, Social Insurance Law of the People's Republic of China and other employment laws and regulations. During the Year, the Group was not aware of any material violation of employment laws and regulations.

Occupational health and safety

Health and safety

As a property developer, we have limited potential liability for workers of our property development projects, as most of the responsibility lies with the construction contractors. However, the Group, as a property developer, also has the responsibility to monitor and maintain the safety of our projects. Therefore, the chief engineer office conducts monthly site visits to ensure that all necessary safety measures are implemented on the construction sites.

We strictly comply with the Production Safety Law of the People's Republic of China, Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases, the Regulation on Work-Related Injury Insurance and other applicable laws and regulations. All employees who necessarily have the access to construction sites are required to attend mandatory health and safety training, which covers the safe use of lifting equipment, appliances, high-altitude operation, safety management and site management, etc., in an effort to effectively prevent work-related injuries. Meanwhile, our Employee Handbook contains policies and procedures on work safety and occupational health to prevent and eliminate any occupational hazards and to minimize the risks they may encounter at work. During the Year, the Group was not aware of any material safety incidents or work-related death incidents.

COVID-19 pandemic

Since the outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic in early 2020, the Group has taken the potential health and safety impact on its employees as well as customers very seriously. During the outbreak, the Group has taken precautionary measures such as temperature checks before entering offices, working from home, and providing sufficient epidemic prevention supplies to employees, including masks and alcohol-based hand rubs, in addition to enhancing hygiene in its daily operations to ensure a healthy and safe working environment. The Group has developed epidemic safety guidelines for the operation of property development projects and will continue to update relevant policies to comply with government guidelines and ensure that they are communicated to general contractors.

守法循章

本集團致力遵守《中華人民共和國勞動法》、《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》、《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》、《中華人民共和國社會保險法》等僱傭相關的法律法規。本年度,本集團並不知悉任何與本集團有關及違反僱傭法律法規之任何重大違規情況。

職業健康與安全

健康與安全

我們作為物業開發商,我們對我們開發物業項目的工人承擔有限潛在責任,因為大部分責任由建築承包商承擔。但本集團作為物業開發商亦有責任監察及維護項目安全,因此,總師辦每月進行實地考察,確保工地執行所需的各項安全措施。

新型冠狀病毒大流行

自2020年初爆發新型冠狀病毒疫情以來,本 集團極其重視對其僱員以及客戶帶來的潛 健康及安全影響。在疫情爆發期間,本集團 了加強日常營運的衛生工作,確保健康和安 全的工作環境外,還採取了一些預防措施,如 在進入辦公室前進行體溫檢查、居家也括 排,以及提供足夠的防疫用品予員工,包括 單和酒精搓手液等。本集團已制定針對開 物業項目運作的防疫安全指引,還會不 新相關政策,以符合政府的指導方針,並確保 已將這些政策傳達給總承建商。

環境、社會及管治報告書

Development and training

The Group is convinced that the discovery of talents and cultivation of talent teams is essential for an enterprise's sustainable development. Apart from identifying and retaining the top talents, the Group offers employees opportunities to develop their knowledge and skills through different training courses.

人才培育

本集團堅信發掘人才及培養人才隊伍是企業 可持續發展的關鍵。除物色及挽留最優秀人 才外,本集團透過各類的培訓課程為員工提 供個人知識增長及技能發展的機會。

Induction training

 Induction training is mandatory for every new employee, which enables new employees to quickly understand their responsibilities of the positions and to acquire better knowledge about the background, work mode and corporate culture of the Group.

入職培訓

- 入職培訓是每位新加入的員工都必須參加的。這培訓能使新入職的員工更快了 解其職位的責任和熟習本集團的背景、工作模式及企業文化。
- During the probationary period of new employees, the Company will designate
 an instructor to help them quickly acquire basic knowledge of the job so that
 they can independently perform their duties. The instructor will also participate
 in general assessment of new employees and is responsible for evaluation of
 interns to be regular employees.
- 在新員工試用期,公司會指定一位輔導員幫助新員工盡快掌握崗位技能,令員工 能夠獨立工作。輔導員亦會參與新員工的日常評估及擁有轉正考評的責任。

On-the-job training

• We have been cooperating with "Xinming Business School" (新明商學院) which was established in collaboration with the Advanced Training Center of College of Economics (經濟學院高級培訓中心) of Zhejiang University and providing professional skills training for staff in various positions each year.

在職培訓

• 我們一直都有與浙江大學經濟學院高級培訓中心一起成立的「新明商學院」合作,每一年會因應各崗位人員提供專業的技能培訓。

Online training

• We founded "Xinming Enterprise Network Academy" (新明企業網絡學院), and employees from various departments can log in and study at any time with the aid of computers and mobile phones, and find corresponding or interested courses to study. Moreover, online training allows employees to study beyond the geographical limitations, making it more flexible and easier to control their time to study.

網上培訓

• 我們設立「新明企業網絡學院」,各部門員工可隨時在電腦或手機端登錄並找尋相應或有興趣的課程內容學習。加上網上課程容許員工不受地域限制去學習,令到員工更有彈性及容易控制到自己學習的時間。

External training

 We will assign our staff to participate in external training based on their relevant functions and experience needs, as well as business needs. We also provide training subsidies to encourage employees to attend self-enhancement activities and increase senses of belonging to the Group, and promote business development through joint efforts.

外部培訓

• 員工會因應相關的職能部門及經驗需要、或因業務要求而被派遣作外部培訓。我們更會為這些課程提供補貼,藉此希望鼓勵員工多多參與自我增值的活動及增加員工對本集團的歸屬感,攜手促進業務發展。

環境、社會及管治報告書

Labor standards

The Group is fully aware that child labor and forced labor violate fundamental human rights and pose a threat to sustainable social and economic development. We strictly comply with the Labor Law of the People's Republic of China, Labor Contract Law of the People's Republic of China, Provisions on Prohibition of Child Labor, as well as other laws and regulations. To avoid illegal employment of child labor, the Human Resources Department will review the effective certification of applicants' identities during the process of recruitment, to certify their personal profiles and actual age. To avoid forced labor, we will give comprehensive explanation of relevant employment terms to our employees, aiming to ensure that they fully understand the contents of the labor contracts prior to the execution of contracts, and that such labor contracts are executed on a voluntary basis.

If any case in respect of employment of child labor or forced labor in violation of regulations is found, the Company will immediately terminate the labor contract, investigate into the causes and liabilities, and impose due punishments on employees acting in violation of relevant regulations. During the Year, the Group had no case related to the employment of child labor, forced labor or illegal labor in the course of its operations.

勞工準則

本集團充分意識到童工及強制勞工違反基本 人權,亦對社會及經濟可持續發展構成威脅。 本集團嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國勞動法》 《中華人民共和國勞動法合同》和《禁止使用 工規定》等法律法規。為避免非法僱用童工 招聘過程中人力資源部會審核應聘者的實際 身份證明文件,以確認其個人資料及實際 齡。而為了避免強制勞工,我們在與員工釋 勞動合同前,有關僱傭條款會作全面解釋 確保員工在簽約之前充分了解合約的內同 確保員工是在自願的原則下簽訂勞動合同。

如我們發現違規聘用童工或強制勞工時,我們會立即終止其勞動合同,查明原因及追究責任,對違規員工作出適當處罰。本年度,本集團沒有在其營運中發現任何有關童工、強迫勞工或非法勞工的違例個案。

環境、社會及管治報告書

Anti-corruption

The Group highly values its enterprise culture of honesty and trustworthiness. We take a zero-tolerance attitude towards illegal incidents in violation of commercial ethnics, such as corruption, bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. On the basis of strict compliance with the laws and regulations related to anti-fraud and clean business establishment, including the Law against Unfair Competition of the People's Republic of China, the Criminal Law of the People's Republic of China, Interim Provisions on Banning Commercial Bribery (《關於禁止商業賄賂行為的暫行規定》), we have anti-corruption policies and guidelines to regulate professional ethics of our staff in the course of daily business and enhance their vigilance of complying with laws and disciplines. These policies are contained in our Employees Handbook in detail. Our staff may report any suspected situation, all of which will be treated with caution as confidential information and investigation will be conducted on the situation. Such illegal acts, once identified, will be reported to judicial authority in accordance with the law. Review will be conducted and rectification measures will be formulated after investigation to effectively prohibit the recurrence of relevant incidents. During the Year, the Group was not aware of any violations related to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.

Connecting with the community

As a responsible enterprise, we endeavor to establish sustainable community in the regions which our business is operated to bring benefits to the society. We take a proactive approach to seek and understand the advices and opinions from the community, so as to promote community development. Our staff are encouraged to participate in activities held in the community, and even those in their neighborhood communities on their own initiatives, thus establishing strong relations with the communities and creating more values for the communities.

防貪反腐

本集團十分重視誠實守信的企業文化,對於 任何不符合商業道德的事件如貪污、賄賂、勒 索、欺詐及洗錢等違規事件,我們都會採取零 容忍態度。在遵守反舞弊及廉潔建設相關法 律法規,如《中華人民共和國反不正當競爭 法》、《中華人民共和國刑法》及《關於禁止商 業賄賂行為的暫行規定》的基礎上,我們設有 反腐政策及指引以規範員工日常業務過程中 的職業操守及提高他們對於遵守法紀的警覺 性,該等政策仔細載於《員工手冊》。如員工發 現有任何可疑情況,他們可進行舉報,所有舉 報均作為機密資料審慎處理,並就事件進行 調查。若確認是違法行為,我們會依法把有關 人士移送司法機關處理。調查結束後,我們會 進行檢討並制定整改措施,以有效防止有關 事件再度發生。本年度,本集團並不知悉有任 何賄賂、勒索、欺詐與洗黑錢的違規行為。

聯繫社區

作為一家負責任的企業,我們努力在業務所在地區建設可持續發展社區、造福社群。我們積極了解社區的聲音和意見,務求可以協力推動社區發展。我們鼓勵員工多參加社區活動,自發性參與鄰近社區的社群活動,與社區鞏固關係,並協助社區創造更多價值。

環境、社會及管治報告書

INDEX OF THE HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE'S ESG REPORTING GUIDE

港交所ESG報告指引內容索引

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KPI B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category.	Not disclosed for FY2020	N/A			
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KPI B6.2	Number of products and service-related complaints received and how they are dealt with.	Not disclosed for FY2020	N/A	
關鍵績效指標B6.2	接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。	2020財政年度暫不 披露	不適用	
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KPI B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport).	Not disclosed for FY2020	N/A
關鍵績效指標B8.1	專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、體育)。	2020政年度暫不 披露	不適用
KPI B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area.	Not disclosed for FY2020	N/A
關鍵績效指標B8.2	在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)。	2020財政年度暫不 披露	不適用

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

獨立核數師報告

mazars

To the members of Xinming China Holdings Limited (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

DISCLAIMER OF OPINION

We were engaged to audit the consolidated financial statements of Xinming China Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 121 to 218, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We do not express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Because of the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion" section of our report, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basic for an audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements. In all other respects, in our opinion, the consolidated financial statements have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR DISCLAIMER OF OPINION Multiple material uncertainties relating to going concern

As set out in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group incurred a net loss of approximately RMB1,115,904,000 for the year ended 31 December 2020. At 31 December 2020, the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by approximately RMB1,941,145,000. In addition, at 31 December 2020, interest payments of approximately RMB242,977,000 relating to certain borrowings of the Group of a principal amount of approximately RMB1,873,909,000 and the convertible bonds issued by the Group amounting approximately RMB252,604,000 ("In Default Borrowings") were not paid in accordance with the repayment schedules pursuant to the borrowing agreements which constituted events of defaults. These conditions, together with other matters disclosed in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, indicate the existence of material uncertainties which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

MAZARS CPA LIMITED 中審眾環(香港)會計師事務所有限公司

42nd Floor, Central Plaza 18 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong 香港灣仔港灣道18號中環廣場42樓 Tel 電話: (852) 2909 5555 Fax 傳真: (852) 2810 0032 Email 電郵: Info@mazars.hk Website 網址: www.mazars.hk

致新明中國控股有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

無法表示意見

我們獲委聘審核第121頁至第218頁所載新明 中國控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司 (「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報 表包括於二零二零年十二月三十一日之綜合 財務狀況表與截至該日止年度之綜合損益及 其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現 金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括重大 會計政策概要。

我們沒有就 貴集團之綜合財務報表發表意 見,基於在本報告中「無法表示意見的基礎」 一節所述,我們未能就該等綜合財務報表審 核意見提供基準取得充分恰當之審核憑證。 在所有其他方面,我們認為,該等綜合財務報 表已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬

無法表示意見的基礎 與持續經營相關的多個不確定事項

誠如綜合財務報表附註2所載, 貴集團於截 至2020年12月31日止年度產生虧損淨額約人 民幣1,115,904,000元。於2020年12月31 日, 貴集團的流動負債超過其流動資產約人 民幣1,941,145,000元。此外,於2020年12月 31日, 貴集團本金額約人民幣1,873,909,000 元之若干借款的利息付款約人民幣 242,977,000元以及 貴集團已發行可換股債 券約人民幣252,604,000元(「違約借款」)未根 據借款協議之償還時間表償還,其構成違約 事項。該等狀況連同綜合財務報表附註2所述 其他事宜,表明存在的重大不確定性可能 對 貴集團持續經營業務的能力帶來重大疑 問。

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

獨立核數師報告

The directors of the Company have been undertaking measures to improve the Group's liquidity and financial position, which are set out in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements. The validity of the going concern assumption on which the consolidated financial statements have been prepared depends on the outcome of these measures, which are subject to multiple material uncertainties, including (i) successfully negotiating with the Group's existing lenders such that no action will be taken by the relevant lenders to demand immediate repayment of the borrowings with interest payments in default, including those with cross-default terms (if applicable); (ii) successfully negotiating with various financial institutions on the renewal of or extension for repayment of outstanding borrowings, including those with overdue principals and interests; (iii) successfully negotiating with various financial institutions and potential lenders/investors to identify various options for additionally financing the Group's working capital and commitments in the foreseeable future; (iv) successfully accelerating the pre-sale and sale of properties under development and completed properties and speeding up the collection of outstanding sales proceeds, and controlling costs and capital expenditure so as to generate adequate net cash inflows; and (v) successfully procuring and negotiating the preliminary terms with large property development enterprises for the sale of individual property development project at a price deemed appropriate.

貴公司董事已採取多項措施,以改善 貴集團 的流動性及財務狀況,有關資料載於綜合財 務報表附註2。綜合財務報表是依據持續經營 的假設上編製,其有效性取決於該等措施實 施之結果,並受限於多個不明朗因素,包括(i) 成功與 貴集團現有貸款人磋商,確保相關貸 款人不會採取行動以要求即時償還拖欠的借 款及利息付款(包括交叉違約條款所涵蓋的借 款及利息付款)(倘適用);(ii)成功與各家金融 機構就尚欠借款(包括已逾期本金及利息)磋 商達成重續或延展還款安排;(iii)成功與各家 金融機構及潛在貸款人/投資者磋商以物色 多種選擇為 貴集團可見將來的營運資金及 承擔額外撥資;(iv)成功加速開發中物業及已 竣工物業之預售和銷售,加速收回尚未支付 的銷售所得款項,以及控制成本和資本開支, 從而產生充足現金流入淨額;及(v)成功促使 及與大型物業開發企業磋商有關出售個別物 業開發項目的初步條款(倘認為價格合滴)。

Accordingly, we were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about the appropriateness of the use of going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. Should the Group be unable to operate as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to write down the carrying values of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise, and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities, respectively. The effects of these adjustments have not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

因此,我們不能取得充足適當的審核憑證,以 使我們信納於編製綜合財務報表時採用持續 經營會計基準的適當性。倘 貴集團未能按持 續經營基準經營,而可能須作出有關調整以 撇減 貴集團資產的賬面值至其可回收金額, 並就可能產生進一步負債計提撥備並將非流 動資產及非流動負債重新分類為流動資產及 流動負債。該等調整的影響尚未於該等綜合 財務報表中反映。

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE **CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

董事及肩負管治責任者就綜合財務 報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據國際會計準則委員會 (「國際會計準則委員會」)頒佈之國際財務報 告準則(「國際財務報告準則」)及香港公司條 例披露規定編製真實而公平的綜合財務報表, 以及維持董事認為編製綜合財務報表所必需 的有關內部監控,以確保有關綜合財務報表 不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳 沭。

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

獨立核數師報告

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS**

Our responsibility is to conduct an audit of the Group's consolidated financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and to issue an auditor's report. However, because of the matters described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion" section of our report, we are not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

We report solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Mazars CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 21 April 2021

The engagement director on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is:

She Shing Pang

Practising Certificate number: P05510

在編製綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事須負責 評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並披露與持續 經營有關的事項(如適用)。除非 貴公司董事 有意將 貴集團清盤,或停止營運,或除此之 外並無其他實際可行的辦法,否則董事須採 用以持續經營為基礎的會計法。

肩負管治責任者須負責監督 貴集團之財務 報告流程。

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔

我們的責任為根據香港會計師公會(「香港會 計師公會」)頒佈的香港審計準則對 貴集團 的綜合財務報表進行審計,並發出核數師報 告。然而,由於本報告「無法表示意見的基礎」 一節所述事項,我們未能就該等綜合財務報 表審核意見提供基準取得充分恰當之審核憑 證。

我們僅向 閣下作為整體報告,除此之外,本 報告別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內 容向任何其他人士負卜或承擔任何責任。

根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德 守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集 團,並已履行該守則中的其他專業道德責任。

中審眾環(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師

香港,二零二一年四月二十一日

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目董事是:

余勝鵬

執業證書編號: P05510

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

		Note 附註	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
	- I	113 81	7(2011) 1 70	7 (2011) 1 7 1
Revenue	收益	5	128,537	163,349
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(66,977)	(110,357)
- m.	— T.I			
Gross profit	毛利	,	61,560	52,992
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益	6	3,435	1,076
Selling and distribution costs	銷售及分銷成本		(18,533)	(6,457)
Administrative expenses	行政支出		(48,134)	(63,811)
Other expenses	其他開支		(1,051,238)	(186,823)
Changes in fair value of investment properties	投資物業之公允價值變動	14	(22,000)	147 000
Changes in fair value of convertible bonds	可换吸售类之公女便值	14	(22,900)	146,823
Changes in fair value of convertible bonds	り		20,363	11,946
Finance costs	融資成本	7	(973)	(2,594)
I mance costs	版貝八个		(973)	(2,374)
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損	7	(1,056,420)	(46,848)
Income tax expenses	所得税支出	10	(59,484)	(65,670)
			(,,	
Loss for the year and total comprehensive				
loss for the year	總額		(1,115,904)	(112,518)
(Loss) Profit for the year and total comprehensive (loss) profit for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company	以下人士應佔年內(虧損) 溢利及年內全面(虧損) 溢利總額: 本公司擁有人		(1,000,756)	(116,976)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(115,148)	4,458
	2.1 Supervision Library		(112,110)	., .00
			(1,115,904)	(112,518)
Loss per share attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔每股 虧損	12	(0.533)	(0.04.2)
Basic and Diluted (RMB)	基本和攤薄(人民幣)		(0.533)	(0.062)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2020 於二零二零年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment Investment properties	物業、廠房及設備 投資物業	13 14	4,009 3,296,000	4,646 3,318,900
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	15	3,296,000	3,316,900 1,027
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	16	86,199	97,511
			3,386,208	3,422,084
Current assets	流動資產			
Properties under development	開發中物業	17	1,390,487	1,341,803
Completed properties held for sale	持作出售的已竣工物業	18	1,429,376	1,574,542
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	19	24,541	1,354
Prepayments, other receivables and	預付款項、其他應收款項		·	
other assets	及其他資產	20	183,797	211,944
Tax recoverable	可回收税項		_	6,702
Restricted deposits	受限制存款	21	2,573	2,830
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	21	5,249	182,225
			3,036,023	3,321,400
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	22	374,613	291,668
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	23	1,358,450	672,106
Contract liabilities	合約負債	24	212,072	191,139
Interest-bearing bank and other	計息銀行及其他借款			
borrowings		25	1,873,909	1,890,343
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	15	_	808
Tax payable	應付税項	26	905,520	914,984
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	27	252,604	272,967
			4,977,168	4,234,015
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨值		(1,941,145)	(912,615)
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		1,445,063	2,509,469

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2020 於二零二零年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
N	北方私名唐			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	4.5		0.40
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	15		242
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	16	581,013	529,273
			581,013	529,515
NET ASSETS	資產淨額		864,050	1,979,954
EQUITY	權益			
Issued capital	已發行股本	28	14,880	14,880
Reserves	儲備	20		1,870,329
Reserves	1年1年		869,573	1,070,329
			884,453	1,885,209
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(20,403)	94,745
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		864,050	1,979,954

The consolidated financial statements on pages 121 to 218 were 第121頁至第218頁綜合財務報表於二零二一 approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 21 April 2021 and signed on its behalf by

年四月二十一日獲董事會批准及授權刊發, 並由下列董事代表簽署:

Chen Chengshou 陳承守先生 Director 董事

Feng Cizhao 豐慈招先生 Director 董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

				Attrib	utable to own 本公司擁	ers of the Co 有人應佔	ompany					
						Reserves 儲備						
		Issued capital	Share premium	Merger reserve	Capital reserve	Share award scheme reserve	Financial assets at FVOCI reserve 按公允價值 計入其他 全面收益	Retained profits	Total reserves	- Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
		已發行 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 29) (附註29)	合併儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 29) (附註29)	資本儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 29) (附註29)	獎勵計劃的 儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	儲備之 金融資產 RMB'000	保留溢利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	儲備總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	非控股 權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	權益總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	14,880	496,155	81,491	(45,754)	4,533	(1,500)	1,452,382	1,987,307	2,002,187	90,287	2,092,474
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	年內虧損及全面虧損總額	_		_	_	_	_	(116,976)	(116,976)	(116,976)	4,458	(112,518)
Transactions with owners: Changes in ownership interests Business combination under common control	與擁有人之交易: <i>擁有權權益變動</i> 於共同控制下的業務合併	_	_	_	(2)	_	_	_	(2)	(2)	_	(2)
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月三十一日	14,880	496,155	81,491	(45,756)	4,533	(1,500)	1,335,406	1,870,329	1,885,209	94,745	1,979,954
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	14,880	496,155	81,491	(45,756)	4,533	(1,500)	1,335,406	1,870,329	1,885,209	94,745	1,979,954
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	年內虧損及全面虧損總額	_	_	_	_	_	_	(1,000,756)	(1,000,756)	(1,000,756)	(115,148)	(1,115,904)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	14,880	496,155	81,491	(45,756)	4,533	(1,500)	334,650	869,573	884,453	(20,403)	864,050

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
	/		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Loss before income tax	經營活動 除所得税前虧損	(1,056,420)	(46,848)
Adjustments for:	就下列各項作出調整:	(1,030,420)	(40,040)
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	(136)	(202)
Changes in fair value of convertible	可換股債券之公允價值變動		
bonds		(20,363)	(11,946)
Changes in fair value of investment	投資物業之公允價值變動		(4.4.(000)
properties	物業、廠房及設備折舊	22,900	(146,823)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	初未、顾厉及改佣扒酱	506	1,198
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	492	772
Finance costs	融資成本	973	2,594
Foreign exchange gain	外匯收益	_	(7)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備的		
equipment	收益	(36)	_
Impairment of completed properties held for sale	持作出售的已竣工物業減值	132,303	9,710
Impairment of properties under	開發中物業減值	132,303	7,710
development) JX // // //	319,926	_
Impairment of financial assets, net	金融資產減值淨額	151,299	3,642
Interest penalties	罰息	304,550	_
Loss on termination of lease	終止租賃虧損	56	_
Provision for litigations and claims	訴訟及申索撥備	40,000	(1.242)
Realisation of onerous operating leases	虧損經營租賃實現	_	(1,243)
Operating cash flows before changes in	營運資金變動前經營現金流量		
working capital		(103,950)	(189,153)
Changes in working conital:	營運資金變動:		
Changes in working capital: Properties under development and	開發中物業及持作出售的		
completed properties held for sale	已竣工物業	(164,380)	26,683
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	(23,511)	1,404
Prepayments, other receivables and	預付款項、其他應收款項及		
other assets	其他資產	(122,828)	5,888
Restricted deposits	受限制存款	257	(491)
Trade payables Other payables and accruals	貿易應付款項 其 此應付款項及應計 费用	82,945	56,303
Contract liabilities	其他應付款項及應計費用 合約負債	84,252 20,933	99,418 (26,623)
Sommor habilities	N X (" H	20,533	(20,023)
Cash used in operations	營運所用現金	(226,282)	(26,571)
Income tax refunded (paid)	已退回(已付)所得税	806	(5,360)
Refund of land appreciation tax	退還土地增值税	_	16,070
Net cash used in operating activities	經營活動所用現金淨額	(225,476)	(15,861)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動			
Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash	收購附屬公司,扣除收購 現金			(0.4)
acquired Bank interest income	現宝 銀行利息收入		136	(84) 202
Decrease in restricted deposits	受限制存款減少		_	535,400
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant				
and equipment	所得款項 購買物業、廠房及設備		196	16
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	期 貝 初 耒 、 敞 房 及 政 佣		(29)	(8)
Net cash from investing activities	投資活動產生的現金淨額		303	535,526
The Cash from investing activities	汉		303	333,320
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動			
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	收購非控股權益		_	(13,833)
Interest paid	已付利息		(34,778)	(119,427)
Decrease in other payables	其他應付款項減少		_	(73,823)
Increase in other receivables	其他應收款項增加		_	(91,270)
New borrowings raised	已籌集的新借款	23	100,000	_
Repayment of interest-bearing bank and	償還計息銀行及其他借款			
other borrowings			(16,434)	(81,840)
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債		(591)	(782)
Net cash from (used in) financing	融資活動所得(所用)			
activities	現金淨額		48,197	(380,975)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash	現金及現金等價物(減少) 增加淨額		(176.076)	120 / 00
equivalents	<i>垣加净</i> 银		(176,976)	138,690
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of	年初現金及現金等價物			
year			182,225	43,528
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	外匯匯率變動的影響淨值		_	7
	<i>5</i>	04	_ a	400.005
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	平木 現金及現金等價物	21	5,249	182,225

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Xinming China Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 16 January 2014 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Chapter 22 of the Cayman Islands. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the ultimate holding company is Xinxing Company Limited and the ultimate controlling shareholder is Mr. Chen Chengshou (the "Controlling Shareholder"). The shares of the Company are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The address of the Company's registered office is located at Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") are principally engaged in investment holding, properties development and properties leasing. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in Note 39 to the consolidated financial statements.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB"), which collective term includes all applicable individual IFRSs, International Accounting Standards ("IASs") and Interpretations issued by the IASB and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. The consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules").

Going concern

The Group incurred a net loss of approximately RMB1,115,904,000 for the year ended 31 December 2020. At 31 December 2020, the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by approximately RMB1,941,145,000.

At 31 December 2020, certain borrowings amounting approximately RMB910,817,000 and convertible bonds amounting approximately RMB252,604,000 were overdue and interest payments of approximately RMB242,977,000 relating to borrowings with total principal amount of approximately RMB1,873,909,000 were not paid in accordance with repayment schedules pursuant to the borrowing agreements.

1. 一般資料

新明中國控股有限公司(「本公司」)於二零一四年一月十六日在開曼群島根據開曼群島法律第22章公司法註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。本公司董事認為本公司的最終控股公司為Xinxing Company Limited及最終控股股東為陳承守先生(「控股股東」)。本公司股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。本公司的註冊辦事處位於Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, PO Box1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands。

本公司為投資控股公司。本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要從事於投資控股、物業開發及物業租賃。其附屬公司主要活動載於綜合財務報表附註39。

2. 重大會計政策 合規聲明

本綜合財務報表已根據由國際會計準則委員會(「國際會計準則委員會」)頒佈完立國際財務報告準則(「國際財務報告準則」),其為國際會計準則委員會頒佈之所有適用個別國際財務報告準則、國際會計準則(「國際會計準則」)及香港公司條例之披露規定編製。本綜合財務報表亦符合聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)之適用披露規定。

持續經營

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團產生虧損淨額約人民幣1,115,904,000元。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團流動負債超過其流動資產約人民幣1,941,145,000元。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,已拖欠若干借款約為人民幣910,817,000元及可換股債券約為人民幣252,604,000元,亦無按照借款協議之還款時間表支付與本金總額約人民幣1,873,909,000元的借款有關之利息付款約人民幣242,977,000元。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Going concern (Continued)

All of the above conditions indicate the existence of material uncertainties which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

In view of these circumstances, the directors of the Company have given careful consideration to the future liquidity and performance of the Group and its available sources of finance in assessing whether the Group will have sufficient financial resources to continue as a going concern. Certain measures have been taken to mitigate the liquidity pressure and to improve its financial position which include, but are not limited to, the following:

- the Group has been actively negotiating with a number of creditors and lenders for renewal and extension of interest-bearing borrowings and credit facilities;
- in addition, the Group is also negotiating with various financial institutions and potential lenders/investors and identifying various options for financing the Group's working capital and commitments in the foreseeable future;
- the Group has accelerated the pre-sale and sale of its properties under development and completed properties;
- the Group has implemented measures to speed up the collection of outstanding sales proceeds; and
- the Group will continue to take active measures to control administrative costs through various channels including human resources optimisation and management remuneration adjustments and reduction of capital expenditures.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

持續經營(續)

所有上述情況表示存在可能對本集團持 續經營能力產生重大懷疑的重大不確定 性。

鑒於該等情況,於評估本集團是否擁有 充足財務資源繼續持續經營時,本公司 董事充分考慮本集團未來流動資金及表 現以及其可用財務資源。本集團已採取 若干措施以緩解流動資金壓力及改善其 財務狀況,包括但不限於以下各項:

- 本集團積極與若干債權人及貸款 人協商,以重續及延期計息借款 以及信貸融資;
- 此外,本集團亦積極與若干金融 (ii) 機構及潛在貸款人/投資者協商 以物色多項於可預見未來為本集 團營運資金及承擔提供融資的選 擇;
- (iii) 本集團加快開發中物業及已竣工 物業的預售及銷售;
- 本集團已採取措施加快收取未支 (iv) 付銷售所得款項;及
- 本集團將繼續採取積極措施透過 各個渠道(包括人力資源優化及管 理層薪酬調整及減少資本開支)來 控制行政成本。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Going concern (Continued)

Notwithstanding the above, significant uncertainties exist as to whether management of the Group will be able to implement the abovementioned plans and measures. Whether the Group will be able to continue as a going concern will depend upon the Group's ability to generate adequate financial and operating cash flows through the following:

- negotiating with the Group's existing lenders such that no (i) action will be taken by the relevant lenders to demand immediate repayment of the borrowings with interest payments in default;
- negotiating with various financial institutions on the (ii) renewal of or extension for repayment of outstanding borrowings, including those with overdue principals and interests:
- (iii) negotiating with various financial institutions and potential lenders/investors to identify various options for additionally financing the Group's working capital and commitments in the foreseeable future:
- accelerating the pre-sale and sale of properties under development and completed properties and speeding up the collection of outstanding sales proceeds, and controlling costs and capital expenditure so as to generate adequate net cash inflows;
- actively looking for large property development (V) enterprises and cooperating with investors to develop properties under development of the Group through joint effort; and
- actively procuring and negotiating the preliminary terms with large property development enterprises for the sale of individual property development project or whole commercial property at a price deemed appropriate.

All amounts have been rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise indicated.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a basis consistent with the accounting policies adopted in the 2019 consolidated financial statements except for the adoption of the following new/revised IFRSs that are relevant to the Group's operation and effective from the current year.

重大會計政策(續) 2.

持續經營(續)

儘管以上所述,本集團管理層是否有能 力實施上述計劃及措施存在重大不確定 性。本集團是否能夠繼續持續經營將取 決於本集團誘過以下各項產生充足財務 及經營現金流量的能力:

- 與本集團現有貸款人協商,以使 相關貸款人將不會採取行動要求 立即償還拖欠的借款及利息付款;
- (ii) 與各家金融機構就尚欠借款(包括 已逾期本金及利息) 磋商達成重續 或延展還款安排;
- 與各家金融機構及潛在貸款人/ (iii) 投資者磋商及物色多種選擇為本 集團可見將來的營運資金及承擔 額外撥資;
- 加速開發中物業及已竣工物業之 預售和銷售,加速收回尚未支付 的銷售所得款項,以及控制成本 和資本開支,從而產生充足現金 流入淨額;
- 積極物色大型物業開發企業,並 (V) 與投資者共同發展本集團開發中 物業;及
- 積極促使及與大型物業開發企業 (vi) 磋商有關出售個別物業開發項目 的初步條款(倘認為價格合適)。

除另有註明外,所有數值均四捨五入至 最接近之千位數。

綜合財務報表乃按照與本集團於二零 一九年的綜合財務報表所採用會計政策 一致的基準編製,惟採用下列與本集團 業務有關及於本年度生效的新訂/經修 訂國際財務報告準則除外。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Adoption of new/revised IFRSs

The Group has applied, for the first time, the following new/ revised IFRSs:

Amendments to IASs 1

and 8

Amendments to IAS 39, Interest Rate Benchmark Reform

IFRSs 7 and 9

— Phase 1

Amendments to IFRS 3

Definition of a Business

Definition of Material

Amendments to IASs 1 and 8: Definition of Material

The amendments clarify the definition of material and align the definition used across IFRSs.

Amendments to IAS 39, IFRSs 7 and 9: Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 1

The amendments modify some specific hedge accounting requirements to provide relief from potential effects of the uncertainties caused by interest rate benchmark reform (the market-wide reform of an interest rate benchmark, including the replacement of an interest rate benchmark with an alternative benchmark). In addition, the amendments require companies to provide additional information to investors about their hedging relationships which are directly affected by these uncertainties.

Amendments to IFRS 3: Definition of a Business

The amendments, among others, revise the definition of a business and include new guidance to evaluate whether an acquired process is substantive.

The adoption of the above amendments does not have any significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Group is set out below.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

採用新訂/經修訂國際財務報告 準則

本集團首次應用以下新訂/經修訂國際 財務報告準則:

國際會計準則第1號及 重大之定義 第8號之修訂本

國際會計準則第39號、 利率基準改革 國際財務報告準則第 一第一階段 7號及第9號之修訂本

國際財務報告準則第3 業務之定義 號之修訂本

國際會計準則第1號及第8號之修訂本: 重大之定義

該等修訂本闡明重大之定義並符合國際 財務報告準則所用之定義。

國際會計準則第39號、國際財務報告準 則第7號及第9號之修訂本:利率基準改 革 — 第一階段

該等修訂本對若干特定對沖會計規定作 出修改,以減輕利率基準改革(利率基 準市場化改革,包括將利率基準替換為 替代基準)所帶來不確定性之潛在影 響。此外,該等修訂本規定公司向投資 者提供有關彼等直接受該等不確定性影 響之對沖關係之額外資料。

國際財務報告準則第3號之修訂本:業 務之定義

該等修訂本(其中包括)修訂業務之定 義,並包括評估所需過程是否重大之新 指引。

採用上述修訂本並無對綜合財務報表造 成重大影響。

本集團採用之重大會計政策概要如下。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of measurement

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements is historical cost except for investment properties and convertible bonds which are measured at fair value.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and all of its subsidiaries. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders (a) of the investee:
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (C) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the noncontrolling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

重大會計政策(續) 2.

計量基準

綜合財務報表乃以歷史成本為計量基準 編製,惟投資物業及可換股債券以公允 價值計量。

綜合賬目基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司 之財務報表。附屬公司指由本公司直接 或間接控制的實體(包括結構實體)。當 本集團通過參與投資對象的相關活動而 承擔可變回報的風險或有權享有可變回 報,並且有能力運用對投資對象的權力 (即賦予本集團現有能力以主導投資對 象的相關活動的既存權利)影響該等回 報時,即取得控制權。

倘本公司直接或間接擁有少於投資對象 過半數的投票或類似權利,則本集團於 評估其是否擁有對投資對象的權利時會 考慮所有相關事實及情況,包括:

- 與投資對象其他投票持有人的合 約安排;
- 其他合約安排所產生的權利;及 (b)
- 本集團的投票權及潛在投票權。 (C)

附屬公司的財務報表按與本公司相同的 報告期間編製,並採用貫徹一致的會計 政策。附屬公司業績自本集團取得控制 權之日綜合入賬並直至該控制權終止之 日為止。

損益及其他全面收益各組成部分乃歸屬 於本公司擁有人及非控股權益,即使此 舉引致非控股權益出現虧絀結餘。有關 本集團成員公司間交易之所有集團內公 司間資產及負債、權益、收入、開支及 現金流量均於綜合賬目時全數抵銷。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2. (CONTINUED)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

Business combinations and goodwill

Acquisition method of accounting for business combination not under common control

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts of the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable net assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill at 31 December each year. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

重大會計政策(續) 2.

綜合賬目基準(續)

倘有事實及情況顯示上文所述三個控制 因素中有一個或以上出現變動,則本集 團將重新評估是否仍控制投資對象。附 屬公司之擁有權權益變動(並無喪失控 制權)被視為股本交易入賬。

業務合併及商譽

非共同控制下的業務合併的收購 會計法

當本集團收購一項業務時,會根 據合約條款、於收購日期的經濟 環境及相關條件,評估將承擔的 金融資產及負債,以作出合適分 類及指定。此舉包括在所收購公 司主合約中分割出嵌入式衍生工

倘業務合併分階段進行, 先前持 有的股權以收購日期的公允價值 重新計量,而任何收益或虧損於 損益表中確認。

收購方將轉讓的任何或然代價於 收購日期按公允價值確認。分類 為資產或負債的或然代價根據公 允價值的變動以公允價值計量, 並確認為損益。分類為權益的或 然代價毋須重新計量,其後結算 於權益入賬。

商譽初始按成本計量,即已轉讓 代價、非控股權益的已確認金額 及本集團先前持有的被收購方股 權的任何公允價值總額,與所收 購可識別資產淨值及所承擔負債 之間的差額。倘該代價與其他項 目的總和低於所收購資產淨值的 公允價值,該等差額於重新評估 後,於損益表內確認為議價購買 收益。

於初始確認後, 商譽按成本減任 何累計減值虧損計量。商譽須每 年作減值測試,若有事件發生或 情況改變顯示賬面值可能減值 時,則會更頻繁地進行測試。本 集團每年於十二月三十一日就商 譽進行年度減值測試。為進行減 值測試,因業務合併而購入的商 譽自收購日期被分配至預期可從 合併產生的協同效益中獲益的本 集團各個現金產生單位或現金產 生單位組別,而無論本集團其他 資產或負債是否已分配至該等單 位或單位組別。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Business combinations and goodwill (Continued)

(i) Acquisition method of accounting for business combination not under common control (Continued)

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

(ii) Merger method of accounting for business combinations under common control

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the combining entities or businesses in which the common control combination occurs as if they had been combined from the date when the combining entities or businesses first came under the control of the controlling party.

The net assets of the combining entities or businesses are combined using the existing book values from the controlling parties' perspective. No amount is recognised in consideration for goodwill or excess of the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over cost at the time of common control combination, to the extent of the continuation of the controlling party's interest.

The consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income include the results of each of the combining entities or businesses from the earliest date presented or since the date when the combining entities or businesses first came under the common control, where there is a shorter period, regardless of the date of the common control combination.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

業務合併及商譽(續)

(i) 非共同控制下的業務合併的收購 會計法(續)

減值會通過評估與商譽有關的現金產生單位(現金產生單位組別)的可收回金額釐定。當現金產生單位(現金產生單位組別)的可收回金額低於賬面金額時,則會確認減值虧損。已就商譽確認的減值虧損不得於其後期間撥回。

倘商譽被分配至現金產生單位(或 現金產生單位組別)而該單位的部 份業務已售出,則在釐定出售 務的收益或虧損時,與售出業務 相關的商譽會計入該業務的應 值。在該等情況下售出的屬 會根據售出業務的相對價值及現 金產生單位的保留份額進行計量。

(ii) 共同控制下的業務合併的合併會 計法

綜合財務報表包含共同控制下的 合併實體或業務的財務報表,猶 如該等財務報表自合併實體或業 務首次受控制方控制當日起合併 計算。

合併實體或業務的資產淨值按控制方的現有賬面值進行合併。在 中期有賬面值進行合併。在 中期方持續擁有權益的情況 時間控制合併時並無就的可識別 價或收購方於收購方的公司 產、負債及或然負債的公司 企 之權 益 超 出成本的部分確認任何 金額。

綜合損益及其他全面收益表包括 合併實體或業務自最早呈列日期 起或自該等合併實體或業務首次 受共同控制日期起(以較短期間為 準)(不論共同控制合併日期)的業 績。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Business combinations and goodwill (Continued)

Merger method of accounting for business combinations under common control (Continued)

The comparative amounts in the consolidated financial statements are presented as if the entities or businesses had been combined at the end of the previous financial reporting period or when they first came under common control, whichever is shorter.

Transaction costs, including professional fees, registration fees, costs of furnishing information to shareholders, costs or losses incurred in combining operations of the previously separate businesses, etc., incurred in relation to the common control combination that is to be accounted for by using the merger accounting is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

Fair value measurement

The Group measures its investment properties and convertible bonds at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

重大會計政策(續) 2.

業務合併及商譽(續)

(ii) 共同控制下的業務合併的合併會 計法(續)

綜合財務報表的比較數字已按有 關實體或業務於上一個財務報告 期間或其首次受共同控制時(以較 短者為準)已合併的假設呈列。

受共同控制合併所產生而須採用 合併會計法入賬的交易成本(包括 專家服務費、註冊費、向股東提 供信息涉及的費用、將原屬獨立 的業務合併經營產生的成本或虧 損等)於產生期間確認為開支。

公允價值計量

本集團於各報告期末按公允價值計量其 投資物業及可換股債券。公允價值為市 場參與者於計量日期在有序交易中出售 資產所收取之價格或轉讓負債所支付之 價格。公允價值計量乃根據假設出售資 產或轉讓負債之交易於資產或負債主要 市場或(在無主要市場情況下)最具優勢 市場進行而作出。主要及最具優勢市場 須為本集團可進入之市場。資產或負債 公允價值乃按假設市場參與者於資產或 負債定價時會以最佳經濟利益行事計量。

非金融資產公允價值計量須計及市場參 與者能自最大限度使用該資產達致最佳 用途,或將該資產出售予將最大限度使 用該資產達致最佳用途之其他市場參與 者,所產生之經濟效益。

本集團採納適用於不同情況且具備充分 數據以供計量公允價值之估值技術,以 盡量使用相關可觀察輸入值及盡量減少 使用不可觀察輸入值。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fair value measurement (Continued)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 (highest level): quoted prices (unadjusted) in active

markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at

the measurement date;

inputs other than quoted prices Level 2:

included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability,

either directly or indirectly;

unobservable inputs for the asset or Level 3 (lowest level):

liability.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

Impairment of non-financial assets (other than goodwill)

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than properties under development, completed properties held for sale, deferred tax assets, financial assets and investment properties), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

重大會計政策(續) 2.

公允價值計量(續)

所有於綜合財務報表中計量或披露公允 價值之資產及負債,乃按對整體公允價 值計量具重大影響之最低層輸入值分類 至下述之公允價值等級:

第一級 根據實體於計量日期

(最高水平): 可獲得的相同資產或

負債於活躍市場的報 價(未經調整);

除第一級包含的報價 第二級:

外,無論是資產或負 債直接的或是間接的 可觀察輸入資料;

第三級 資產或負債的不可觀

(最低水平): 察輸入資料。

就按經常性基準於財務報告確認之資產 及負債而言,本集團诱過於各報告期末 重新評估分類(基於對公允價值計量整 體而言屬重大之最低層輸入值)確定是 否發生不同等級轉移。

非金融資產減值(商譽除外)

倘有顯示出現減值,或當需要對資產 (開發中物業、持作出售竣工物業、遞延 税項資產、財務資產及投資物業除外) 作每年減值測試,則須估計資產之可收 回價值。資產之可收回價值按資產或現 金產生單位之使用價值,以及其公允價 值減出售成本之較高者計算,並就各個 別資產而釐訂,除非資產並未能在大致 獨立於其他資產或組別資產之情況下賺 取現金流入,在此情況下,須釐訂資產 所屬的現金產生單位之可收回金額。

減值虧損只於資產之賬面值超過其可收 回數額時確認。於評估使用價值時使用 反映當時市場對貨幣時間值以及與資產 相關的特定風險的除稅前貼現率貼現出 估計未來現金流量之現值。減值虧損於 其產生之期間在損益中支銷。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment of non-financial assets (other than goodwill) (Continued)

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group.

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - has control or joint control over the Group; (i)
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of the holding company of the Group.
- An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - The entity and the Group are members of the same (j) group (which means that each holding company, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a
 - Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

非金融資產減值(商譽除外)(續)

於各報告期末,將評估是否有顯示之前 確認之減值虧損已不會出現或可能已減 少。倘出現有關顯示,則須估計可收回 之金額。之前確認之資產(商譽除外)減 值虧損只能於用以釐訂資產之可收回數 額之估計出現變動始能撥回,惟該數額 不得超過假設有關資產於過往年度並未 有確認減值虧損而予以釐訂之賬面值 (扣除任何折舊/攤銷)。該撥回之減值 虧損乃於其產生之期間計入損益,除非 該資產乃按重估值列賬,則該撥回減值 虧損乃根據該項重估資產的有關會計政 策入賬。

關聯方

關聯方乃指與本集團相關的個人或實體。

- (a) 倘屬以下人士,則該人士或該人 士的近親與本集團有關連:
 - 控制或共同控制本集團; (j)
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
 - 為本集團或本集團的公司的 (iii) 主要管理層成員。
- (b) 有關人士為實體並符合任何下列 條件:
 - 該實體與本集團為同一集團 (i) 的成員(這意味著該兩家實 體的控股公司、附屬公司和 同系附屬公司均相互關聯)。
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體的聯營 公司或合營公司(或為另一 實體所屬集團的成員公司的 聯營公司或合營公司)。
 - 兩家實體均為同一第三方的 合營公司。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Related parties (Continued)

- (Continued)
 - One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (V) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
 - The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a holding company of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the holding company of the Group.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- that person's children and spouse or domestic partner; (a)
- (b) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- dependants of that person or that person's spouse or (C) domestic partner.

重大會計政策(續) 2.

關聯方(續)

- (續) (b)
 - 一間實體為第三方實體的合 (iv) 營公司,而另一實體為該第 三方實體的聯營公司。
 - 該實體為本集團或與本集團 有關聯的實體為僱員福利而 設的離職後福利計劃。
 - (vi) 該實體被(a)項所述人士控制 或共同控制。
 - (vii) 於(a)(i)項所述人士對該實體 有重大影響力或屬該實體 (或該實體的母公司)主要管 理層。
 - (viii) 實體、或其所屬集團之任何 成員公司向本集團或本集團 之母公司提供主要管理人員 服務。

個人關係密切的家庭成員是指其在和實 體進行交易時,預期可能影響該個人或 者被該個人影響的家庭成員,包括:

- 該個人的子女及配偶或家庭伴侶;
- (b) 該個人配偶或家庭伴侶的子女;
- 該個人、該個人配偶或家庭伴侶 (C) 贍養的人。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognised such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The annual rates of depreciation used for this purpose is as follows:

Plant and machinery 19% Furniture and office equipment 19.0 to 49.4% Motor vehicles 9.9% to 32.9%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at the end of each reporting period.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the period the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

重大會計政策(續) 2.

物業、機器及設備

物業、機器及設備按成本減累計折舊及 任何減值虧損列賬。物業、機器及設備 項目之成本包括其購買價及任何使資產 **達**致其使用狀態及地點作擬定用途所直 接產生之成本。

於物業、廠房及設備項目投入運作後所 產生的支出,如維修及保養費等,通常 於該等支出產生期間計入損益。倘確認 條件達標,主要檢查費用可按撥充資本 計入作為重置的資產賬面值。倘須定期 替換大部分物業、廠房及設備,則本集 團會將該等部分確認為有特定可使用年 期的個別資產及相應地予以折舊。

折舊乃以直線法按其估計可使用年期撇 銷各項物業、廠房及設備的成本至其剩 餘價值。就此使用的估計可使用年期的 折舊年利率如下:

廠房及機器 19% 傢具及辦公設備 19.0至49.4% 9.9%至32.9%

倘物業、廠房及設備項目各部分的使用 年期不同,則該項目的成本按合理基準 分配至各部分,每部分單獨計算折舊。 剩餘價值、使用年期及折舊方法至少每 於各報告期末檢討,並於適當時調整。

初始確認的物業、廠房及設備項目(包 括任何重大部分)於出售或預期使用或 出售不會再產生未來經濟利益時終止確 認。於資產終止確認期間在損益內確認 的任何出售或報廢產生的收益或虧損, 乃有關資產出售所得款項淨額與其賬面 值的差額。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings (including the leasehold property held as a right-of-use asset which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in profit or loss in the period of the retirement or disposal.

For a transfer from properties under development and completed properties held for sale to investment properties, any difference between the fair value of the property at that date and its previous carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

Properties under development

Properties under development are intended to be held for sale after completion.

Properties under development are stated at the lower of cost comprising land costs, construction costs, borrowing costs, professional fees and other costs directly attributable to such properties incurred during the development period and net realisable value.

Properties under development are classified as current assets unless those will not be realised in the normal operating cycle. On completion, the properties are transferred to completed properties held for sale.

重大會計政策(續) 2.

投資物業

投資物業指持作賺取租金收入及/或資 本增值的土地及樓宇權益(包括符合投 資物業定義的作為使用權資產而持有的 和賃物業),但不包括用作生產或作供 應貨品或提供服務或作行政管理用途或 持作日常業務過程中出售的土地及樓宇 權益。該等物業初步按成本(包括交易 成本)計量。初始確認後,投資物業按 公允價值列賬,以反映報告期末的市況。

投資物業公允價值變動產生的收益或虧 損計入其產生期間的損益內。

報廢或出售投資物業產生的任何收益或 虧損於報廢或出售期間的損益確認。

就在建物業及持作出售之已竣工物業轉 撥至投資物業而言,物業於該日之公允 價值與先前賬面值間之差額於損益內確 認。

開發中物業

開發中物業擬持作竣工後出售。

開發中物業按成本及可變現淨值的較低 者列賬,成本包括土地成本、建築成 本、借貸成本、專業費用與於開發期內 產生與該等物業直接相關的其他成本。

除非開發中物業不會於正常營運周期內 竣工,否則其分類為流動資產。物業於 竣工時轉至持作出售的已竣工物業。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Completed properties held for sale

Completed properties held for sale are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined by an apportionment of the total costs of land and buildings attributable to the unsold properties. Net realisable value takes into account the price ultimately expected to be realised, less estimated costs to be incurred in selling the properties.

Lease

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Group as lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short- term lease and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Right of use assets

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Leasehold building or office

2 to 3 years

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

持作出售的已竣工物業

持作出售的已竣工物業乃按成本與可變 現淨值的較低者於綜合財務狀況表列 賬。成本乃按未出售物業應佔土地及樓 宇總成本的分攤比例釐定。可變現淨值 計及最終預期將變現的價格減去銷售該 物業時將產生的估計成本。

和賃

本集團於合約開始時評估合約是否為或 包含租賃。倘合約為換取代價而給予在 一段時間內控制已識別資產使用的權 利,則該合約為或包含租賃。

本集團作為承租人

本集團對所有租賃(惟短期租賃及低價 值資產租賃除外)採取單一確認及計量 方法。本集團確認租賃負債以作出租賃 款項,而使用權資產指使用相關資產的 權利。

(a) 使用權資產

使用權資產於租賃開始日期確認 (相關資產可供使用之日期)。使 用權資產按成本減任何累計折舊 及任何減值虧損計量,並就租賃 負債之任何重新計量作出調整。 使用權資產之成本包括已確認租 賃負債金額、已發生初始直接成 本及於開始日期或之前支付之租 賃付款減已收取之任何租賃優 惠。使用權資產於租賃年期及估 計可使用年期(以較短者為準)內 以直線法折舊如下所示:

租賃樓宇或辦公室 兩至三年

倘租賃資產所有權於租賃期末轉 移至本集團或成本反映購買權的 行使,折舊則根據資產的估計可 使用年期計算。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Lease (Continued)

The Group as lessee (Continued)

Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the recognition exemption for leases of low-value assets to leases of buildings or offices that are considered to be of low value.

重大會計政策(續) 2.

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

租賃負債

租賃負債於租賃開始日期按於租 賃期內作出之租賃付款現值確 認。租賃付款包括固定付款(包括 實質固定付款)減任何應收租賃優 惠、取決於某一指數或比率之可 變租賃付款及預期根據在剩餘價 值擔保中將支付之金額。租賃付 款亦包括本集團合理確定行使購 買選擇權之行使價,倘租賃期反 映了本集團行使終止選擇權,則 須就終止租賃支付罰款。並非取 決於某一指數或比率之可變租賃 付款於發生觸發付款之事件或狀 況期間確認為開支。

於計算租賃付款現值時,由於租 賃中所隱含之利率不易釐定,本 集團於租賃開始日期使用其增量 借貸利率。於開始日期後,租賃 負債金額會增加,以反映利息增 加及就所付租賃付款作出調減。 此外,倘出現修改、租賃期變 動、租賃付款變動(如指數或比率 變動所產生之未來租賃付款變動) 或購買相關資產之期權評估變 更,則租賃負債之賬面值將予重 新計量。

短期租賃及低值資產租賃

本集團對其機器及設備的短期租 賃(即該等於開始日期的租期為12 個月或以下且不包含購買權的租 賃)應用短期租賃確認豁免。其亦 對視作低值的樓宇或辦公室租賃 應用低值資產租賃確認豁免。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Lease (Continued)

The Group as lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it classifies at lease inception (or when there is a lease modification) each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease.

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Leases that transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee are accounted for as finance leases.

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"), and fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL").

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value, plus in the case of a financial asset not at FVPL, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under IFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

重大會計政策(續) 2.

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人

本集團作為承租人時,於租賃開始日期 (或發生租賃修改)將各項租賃分類為經 營租賃或融資租賃。

所有本集團並未轉讓資產所有權所隨附 的絕大部分風險及回報的租賃歸類為經 營租賃。倘當合約包含租賃及非租賃組 成部分時,則本集團按照單獨售價的相 對比例將合約中的對價分配給每個組成 部分。由於其經營性質,租金收入於租 期內按直線法列賬並根據其經營性質於 綜合損益及其他全面收益表內列為收 益。於協商及安排經營租賃時發產生的 初始直接成本乃計入租賃資產的賬面價 值, 並於租賃期內按相同方法確認為租 金收入。或然租金乃於所賺取的期間內 確認為收益。

凡將相關資產擁有權之絕大部份隨附回 報與風險轉讓予承租人之租賃列賬為經 營租賃。

投資及其他金融資產

初始確認及計量

金融資產於初始確認時分類為其後按攤 銷成本計量、按公允價值計入其他全面 收入(「按公允價值計入其他全面收入」) 及按公允價值計入損益(「按公平價值計 入損益」)的金融資產。

於初始確認時,金融資產的分類取決於 金融資產的合約現金流量特點及本集團 管理該等金融資產的業務模式。除並無 重大融資成分或本集團並未就此應用不 調整重大融資成分影響實際權宜方法的 貿易應收款項外,本集團初步按公允價 值加上(倘金融資產並非按公允價值計 入損益)交易成本計量金融資產。並無 重大融資成分或本集團已應用可行權宜 方法的貿易應收款項根據下文「收入確 認」所載的政策按國際財務報告準則第 15號釐定的交易價格計量。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments and other financial assets (Continued) Initial recognition and measurement (Continued)

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or FVOCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at FVPL, irrespective of the business model.

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at FVOCI are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling. Financial assets which are not held within the aforementioned business models are classified and measured at FVPL

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

重大會計政策(續) 2.

投資及其他金融資產(續) 初始確認及計量(續)

以攤銷成本分類及計量或按公允價值計 入其他全面收入的金融資產產生的現金 流量,應純粹為支付本金及未償還的本 金所產生的利息「(純粹支付本金及利 息)」。並非純粹支付本金及利息之現金 流量之金融資產,其以公允價值計入損 益進行分類及計量,不論其業務模式如

本集團管理金融資產的業務模式指其如 何管理其金融資產以產生現金流量。業 務模式確定現金流量是否來自收集合約 現金流量、出售金融資產,或兩者兼 有。以攤銷成本分類及計量的金融資產 於旨在持有金融資產以收取合約現金流 量的業務模式內持有,而以攤銷成本分 類及計量的按公允價值計入其他全面收 入的金融資產則於旨在收取合約現金流 量及銷售的業務模式內持有。不屬於上 述業務模式內的則為按公允價值計入損 益分類及計量的金融資產。

所有金融資產的常規買賣於交易日(即 本集團承諾購買或出售該資產之日)確 認。常規買賣指須在法規或市場慣例普 遍規定的期間交付資產的金融資產買賣。

後續計量

金融資產的後續計量取決於其以下類別:

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產(債務工具) 按攤銷成本計量的金融資產後續使用實 際利率法計量,並可能受減值影響。當 資產終止確認、變更或減值時,收益及 虧損於綜合損益及其他全面收益表中確 認。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments and other financial assets (Continued) Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates, if and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續) 金融資產終止確認

金融資產(或,如適用,一項金融資產 的一部分或一組同類金融資產的一部分) 主要在下列情況下終止確認(即從本集 團的綜合財務狀況表中剔除):

- 收取該項資產所得現金流量的權 利已經屆滿;或
- 本集團已轉讓其收取該項資產所 得現金流量的權利,或須根據一 項「轉付」安排承擔在並無重大延 誤的情況下向第三方全數支付所 得現金流量責任;及(a)本集團已 轉讓該項資產的絕大部分風險及 回報;或(b)本集團並無轉讓或保 留該項資產絕大部分風險及回 報,但已轉讓該項資產的控制權。

當本集團已轉讓其收取一項資產所得現 金流量的權利或已訂立轉付安排,其會 評估是否有保留該項資產擁有權的風險 及回報及保留程度。倘其並無轉讓或保 留該項資產的絕大部份風險及回報,亦 無轉讓該項資產的控制權,則本集團繼 續根據本集團持續參與的程度將轉讓資 產確認入賬。在該情況下,本集團亦確 認相關負債。已轉讓資產及相關負債按 可反映本集團所保留的權利及責任的基 準計量。

本集團以擔保形式持續涉及轉讓資產, 該已轉讓資產乃以該項資產之原賬面值 及本集團可能需要支付之最高代價兩者 之較低者計量。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments and other financial assets (Continued) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at FVPL. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

General approach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

At the end of each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

重大會計政策(續) 2.

投資及其他金融資產(續) 金融資產減值

本集團對並非按公允價值計入損益的所 有債務工具確認預期信貸虧損的撥備 (「預期信貸虧損」)。預期信貸虧損乃基 於根據合約應收的合約現金流量與本集 團預期收取的所有現金流量之間的差額 而釐定, 並以原實際利率的近似值貼 現。預期現金流量將包括出售所持抵押 物的現金流量或組成合約條款的其他信 貸提升措施的現金流量。

一般方式

預期信貸虧損分兩個階段確認。對於自 首次確認概無重大增加的信貸風險,預 期信貸虧損乃是為於未來12個月內可能 來自違約事件的預期信貸虧損(12個月 預期信貸虧損)而計提。對於該等自首 次確認後顯著增加的信貸風險,必須為 預期於剩餘年期產生的信貸虧損作出虧 損撥備,無須考慮違約事件發生的時間 (全期預期信貸虧損)。

於各報告日結束時,本集團評估信貸風 險自初始確認以來是否顯著上升。於評 估時,本集團會比較金融工具於報告日 期發生違約的風險與金融工具於初始確 認日期發生違約的風險。作出評估時, 本集團會考慮合理及具支持性的資料, 包括過往經驗及無須花費不必要成本或 努力獲取的前瞻性資料。

本集團認為,當合約繳款逾期超過90 天,該金融資產屬違約。然而,於若干 情況,當內部或外來資料顯示本集團不 大可能於考慮本集團所持的任何信貸提 升措施前全數收到尚未償還合約款項 時,本集團亦可能認為一項金融資產已 屬違約。當概無合理預期可回收合約現 金流量時,一項金融資產即被撇銷。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments and other financial assets (Continued) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

General approach (Continued)

Debt investments at FVOCI and financial assets at amortised cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for trade receivables which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

- Financial instruments for which credit risk has not Stage 1: increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs
- Financial instruments for which credit risk has Stage 2: increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs
- Stage 3: Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

Simplified approach

For trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forwardlooking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

重大會計政策(續) 2.

投資及其他金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

一般方式(續)

按公允價值計入其他全面收入的債務投 資及按攤銷成本計量的金融資產應以一 般方法減值及根據以下預期信貸虧損的 計量階段分類,惟貿易應收款項及合約 資產須應用以下詳述之簡化方法除外。

- 第一階段:自初始確認以來信貸風險未 有顯著上升的金融工具及該 等按相當於12個月預期信貸 虧損之金額計量虧損減值的 4 無工具
- 第二階段:自初始確認以來信貸風險顯 著上升惟不屬於未作信貸減 值的金融資產之金融工具及 該等按相等於全期預期信貸 虧損之金額計量虧損減值的 金融工具
- 第三階段:於報告日期已作信貸減值的 金融資產(惟不是已購買或 源頭信貸減值)及該等按相 等於全期預期信貸虧損之金 額計量虧損減值的金融資產

簡化方法

就並無重大融資成分或本集團應用可行 權宜方法未調整重大融資成分影響的貿 易應收款項及合約資產而言,本集團於 計算預期信貸虧損時應用簡化方法。根 據簡化方法,本集團並無追溯信貸風險 變動,而是根據各報告日期的全期預期 信貸虧損確認虧損撥備。本集團已設立 根據其過往信貸虧損經驗計算的撥備矩 陣,並按債務人特定的前瞻性因素及經 濟環境作出調整。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, or loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and. in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at FVPL

Financial liabilities at FVPL include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by IFRS 9. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The net fair value gain or loss recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income does not include any interest charged on these financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at FVPL are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in IFRS 9 are satisfied. Gains or losses on liabilities designated at FVPL are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, except for the gains or losses arising from the Group's own credit risk which are presented in other comprehensive income with no subsequent reclassification to the consolidated statement of profit or loss. The net fair value gain or loss recognised in the profit or loss does not include any interest charged on these financial liabilities.

重大會計政策(續) 2.

金融負債

初始確認及計量

金融負債於初始確認時歸類為按公允價 值計入損益的金融負債、或貸款及借 貸,或指定於有效對沖中作對沖工具的 衍生工具(倘適用)。

所有金融負債初步按公允價值確認,而 貸款及借貸以及應付款項則須扣除直接 應佔交易成本。

後續計量

金融負債的後續計量取決於其以下類別:

按公允價值計入損益的金融負債 按公允價值計入損益的金融負債包括持 作買賣的金融負債及於初步確認時指定 按公允價值於損益中列賬的金融負債。

倘金融負債乃為於短期內出售而購回, 則歸類為持有作買賣用途。此類別亦包 括本集團所訂立並未指定為對沖關係 (定義見國際財務報告準則第9號)中的 對沖工具的衍生金融工具。已分開的嵌 入式衍生工具亦分類為持作買賣用途, 惟指定為實際對沖工具者除外。持作買 賣的負債的損益於綜合損益及其他全面 收益表中確認。於綜合損益及其他全面 收益表中確認的公平淨值收益或虧損不 包括就該等金融負債收取的任何利息。

於初步確認時指定按公允價值於損益中 列賬的金融負債,僅於初步確認日期符 合國際財務報告準則第9號的要求時指 定。指定按公允價值計入損益的收益或 虧損於綜合損益表確認,惟本集團本身 信貸風險產生的於其他全面收益呈列且 其後並無重新分類至綜合損益表的收益 或虧損除外。於損益內確認的公允價值 收益或虧損淨額並不包括任何向該等金 融負債所扣除的任何利息。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2. (CONTINUED)

Financial liabilities (Continued)

Subsequent measurement (Continued)

Financial liabilities at amortised cost (loans and borrowings)

After initial recognition, interest-bearing bank and other borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract is recognised initially as a liability at its fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contracts at the higher of: (i) the ECL allowance determined in accordance with the policy as set out in "Impairment of financial assets"; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

重大會計政策(續) 2.

金融負債(續)

後續計量(續)

按攤銷成本計量的金融負債(貸款及借

於初始確認後,計息銀行及其他借款其 後以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量,倘貼 現影響不大,則按成本列賬。收益或虧 損於負債終止確認時透過實際利率攤銷 程序於損益確認。

計算攤銷成本時已計及任何收購折讓或 溢價,以及實際利率所包括的費用或成 本。實際利率攤銷則計入損益的融資成 本。

財務擔保合約

本集團作出的財務擔保合約即要求發行 人作出特定付款以償付持有人因特定債 務人未能根據債務工具的條款償還到期 款項而招致損失的合約。財務擔保合約 初步按其公允價值確認為一項負債,並 就作出該擔保直接產生的交易成本作出 調整。於初始確認後,本集團按(i)根據 金融資產減值政策所釐定的預期信貸虧 損撥備;及(ii)初始確認的金額減(如適 用)確認收入累計金額(以較高者為準) 計量財務擔保合約。

終止確認金融負債

金融負債於債務責任已解除或取消或到 期時終止確認。

當現有金融負債被同一貸款人以與原有 負債條款有重大差別的金融負債取代, 或現有負債條款經重大修訂,則上述取 代或修訂將視為終止確認原有負債並確 認新負債,而有關賬面值之間的差額於 損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in profit or loss as finance cost.

Income tax

The charge for current income tax is based on the results for the period as adjusted for items that are non-assessable or disallowed. It is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

抵銷金融工具

倘且僅倘現時有可執行的合法權利抵銷 已確認金額且有意按淨額基準結算,或 同時變現資產及結算負債,則金融資產 與金融負債予以抵銷且淨額於綜合財務 狀況表呈報。

現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金與活期存款,以及可隨時轉換成已知金額現金、價值變動風險不大且購買時一般具有不超過三個月短暫有效期的短期高流通投資,再扣除須於要求時償還且為本集團現金管理所包括的銀行透支。

就綜合財務狀況表而言,現金及現金等價物包括不限用途的手頭現金及銀行現金(包括定期存款及與現金性質相似的資產)。

撥備

撥備倘因過往事件須承擔現時責任(法定或推定),而履行該責任可能導致未來資源外流,且該責任所涉金額能夠可靠估計,則確認撥備。

倘貼現影響重大,則確認撥備的金額為 預期履行責任所需未來開支於報告期末 的現值。貼現現值隨時間過去而增加的 金額計入損益中的融資成本。

所得税

即期所得税支出乃根據本期間的業績計算,並就毋須課税或不可扣減項目作出調整。計算時所使用的税率為於報告期末已頒行或實際上已頒行的税率。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, any deferred tax arising from initial recognition of goodwill; or other asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss is not recognised.

The deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is recovered or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, tax losses and credits can be utilised.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investment in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Government Grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income to match the grant on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

When the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the amount of consideration is estimated to which the Group will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

所得税(續)

遞延税項乃就資產及負債的稅基與其於 綜合財務報表內所示的賬面值於報告期 末的所有暫時性差額,採用負債法計提 撥備。然而,初步確認商譽或一項交易 (業務合併除外)中的其他資產或負債所 產生的任何遞延税項,倘其於交易時不 影響會計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧損,則 不會確認。

遞延税項負債及資產乃根據於報告期末 已頒行或實際上已頒行的税率及税法, 按收回資產或清還負債的期間預期適用 的税率計量。

倘可能有未來應課税溢利可用作抵銷可 扣減暫時性差額、税項虧損及抵免,則 會確認遞延税項資產。

遞延税項按於附屬公司之投資所產生之 暫時差額作出撥備,惟本集團可控制暫 時差額之撥回時間,且暫時差額可能不 會於可見將來撥回則除外。

政府補助

倘能合理確定將可收到政府補助且所有 附帶條件得到遵守,則政府補助按公允 價值確認。倘補助與開支項目有關,則 會有系統地在擬用作補償的成本支銷期 間確認補助為收入以符合該補助。

收入確認

來自客戶合約的收入

來自客戶合約的收益乃於商品或服務的 控制權轉讓予客戶時確認,該金額能反 映本集團預期就交換該等商品或服務有 權獲得的代價。

當合約中的代價包含可變金額時,代價 金額於本集團向客戶轉讓商品或服務而 有權獲得交換時估計。可變代價於合約 開始時估計並受到約束,直至與可變代 價相關的不確定因素得到解決時,確認 的累積收益金額極有可能不會發生重大 收益回撥。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

When the contract contains a financing component which provides the customer with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer for more than one year, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. When the contract contains a financing component which provides the Group with a significant financial benefit for more than one vear, revenue recognised under the contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised goods or services is one year or less, the transaction price is not adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component, using the practical expedient in IFRS 15.

Sale of properties

Revenues are recognised when or as the control of the asset is transferred to the purchaser. Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws that apply to the contract, control of the asset may transfer over time or at a point in time. Control of the asset is transferred over time if the Group's performance:

- provides benefits which are received and consumed simultaneously by the purchaser; or
- creates and enhances an asset that the purchaser controls as the Group performs; or
- does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If control of the asset transfers over time, revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the purchaser obtains control of the asset.

The progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation is measured based on the Group's efforts or inputs to the satisfaction of the performance obligation that best depict the Group's performance in satisfying the performance obligation.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

收入確認(續)

來自客戶合約的收入(續)

銷售物業

收益於資產控制權轉移至買方時確認。 資產的控制權是在一段時間內或在某一 時點轉移,取決於合約條款與適用於合 約的法律規定。資產的控制權會在一段 時間內轉移,前提是本集團的履約行為:

- 提供買方同時取得及消耗的所有 利益;或
- 創造及提升買方在本集團履約時 控制的資產;或
- 並無創造對本集團有替代用途的 資產,且本集團具有就迄今為止 已完成的履約部分獲得付款的可 強制執行權利。

倘資產的控制權在一段時間內轉移,會 按在合約期間已完成該履約責任的進度 確認收益。否則,收益會於買方獲得資 產控制權的時點確認。

完全達成履約責任之進度乃根據本集團 對履行責任所作付出或投入計量,其必 須為描述本集團完成履約責任表現之最 佳指標。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

Sale of properties (Continued)

In determining the transaction price, the Group adjusts the promised amount of consideration for the effect of a financing component if it is significant.

For properties development and sales contracts for which the control of the property is transferred at a point in time. revenue is recognised when the purchaser obtains the physical possession or the legal title of the completed property and the Group has a present right to payment and the collection of the consideration is probable.

Revenue from other sources

Rental income is recognised on a time proportion basis over the lease terms.

Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised when a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

Other employee benefits

Short term employee benefits

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees.

Defined contribution plans

The obligations for contributions to defined contribution retirement scheme are recognised as expenses in profit or loss as incurred and are reduced by contributions forfeited by those employees who leave the scheme prior the contributions are vested fully in those employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund.

重大會計政策(續) 2.

收入確認(續)

來自客戶合約的收入(續)

銷售物業(續)

在釐定合約之交易價格時,倘融資成份 重大,本集團將根據合約之融資成份調 整合約之承諾代價。

就於某時點轉讓物業控制權之物業發展 及銷售合約而言,收益於買方獲得實物 所有權或竣工物業之法定所有權且本集 團已獲得現時之付款請求權並很可能收 回代價時確認。

其他來源的收入

租金收入於租期內按時間比例基準確認。

利息收入

利息收入以應計基準,採用實際利率法 按估計於金融工具的預計年期或於適當 時按更短期間內所得未來現金收入折現 至該金融資產賬面淨值的折現率計算。

合約負債

本集團轉讓相關貨物或服務之前,於已 收付款或付款到期時(以較早者為準)確 認合約負債。本集團根據合約(即將相 關貨物或服務的控制權轉讓予客戶)履 行合約時,合約負債確認為收益。

其他僱員福利

短期僱員福利

薪金、年度花紅、有薪年假以及非貨幣 福利成本乃於僱員提供相關服務年度內 計提。

界定供款計劃

界定退休供款計劃的供款責任於產生時 在損益賬中確認為開支,並扣除僱員於 未完成供款計劃而離職所發生的供款部 分。該計劃的資產與本集團的資產分開 並由獨立管理基金持有。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Other employee benefits (Continued)

Defined contribution plans (Continued)

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in the PRC are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised when, and only when, the Group demonstrably commits itself to terminate employment or to provide benefits as a result of voluntary redundancy by having a detailed formal plan which is without realistic possibility of withdrawal.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

其他僱員福利(續)

界定供款計劃(續)

本集團在中國經營的附屬公司的僱員均 須參與由地方市政府運作的中央退休金 計劃。該等附屬公司須按其員工成本的 一定百分比向中央退休金計劃供款。供 款於根據中央退休金計劃規則應付時自 收益扣除。

離職福利

本集團於明確就終止僱用作出承擔或因 在一項實際上不可能撤回的詳細正式計 劃下僱員自願離職而提供利益及僅在此 情況下,方始確認離職福利。

借貸成本

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currencies

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), which is the functional currency of the Company and the Group because the Group's principal operations are carried out in the PRC.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

The results and financial position of all the group entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency ("foreign operations") are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the end of the reporting period.
- Income and expenses for each statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rate.
- All resulting exchange differences arising from the above translation and exchange differences arising from a monetary item that forms part of the Group's net investment in a foreign operation are recognised as a separate component of equity.
- On the disposal of a foreign operation, which includes a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, a disposal involving the loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a partial disposal of an interest in a joint arrangement or an associate that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest is no longer equity-accounted for, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to the foreign operation that is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the separate component of equity is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the gain or loss on disposal is recognised.

重大會計政策(續) 2.

外幣

由於本集團的主要業務於中國進行,故 綜合財務報表以本公司及本集團的功能 貨幣人民幣(「人民幣」)列示。

外幣交易乃按交易日期的現行匯率換算 為功能貨幣。該等交易結算以及以外幣 計值的貨幣資產及負債按年末匯率換算 產生的匯兑收益及虧損,於損益確認。

其功能貨幣與呈列貨幣不同的所有集團 實體(「海外業務」)的業績及財務狀況按 以下方式換算為呈列貨幣:

- 各財務狀況表的資產及負債按報 告期末的收市匯率換算。
- 各損益及其他全面收益表的收支 按平均匯率換算。
- 上述換算產生的所有匯兑差額及 構成本集團於海外業務的投資淨 額一部分之貨幣項目產生的匯兑 差額乃確認為權益的獨立部分。
- 出售海外業務(包括出售本集團於 海外業務的全部權益、涉及失去 包含海外業務之附屬公司的控制 權的出售事項,或部分出售於合 營安排或聯營公司(包括其保留權 益不再於權益列賬的海外業務)的 權益)時,與海外業務相關而於其 他全面收益中確認並於權益中獨 立部分累計的匯兑差額累計金 額,於確認出售損益時由權益重 新分類至損益。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currencies (Continued)

- On the partial disposal of the Group's interest in a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation which does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of the cumulative amount of the exchange differences recognised in the separate component of equity is re-attributed to the non-controlling interests in that foreign operation and are not reclassified to profit or loss.
- On all other partial disposals, which includes partial disposal of associates or joint ventures that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control, the proportionate share of the cumulative amount of exchange differences recognised in the separate component of equity is reclassified to profit or loss.

Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the consolidated financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management, which is the Group's chief operating decision maker, for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

重大會計政策(續) 2.

外幣(續)

- 部分出售本集團於包含海外業務 之 附屬公司的權益,惟並無令本 集團失去對該附屬公司的控制權 時,按比例分佔於權益中獨立部 分確認的匯兑差額累計金額會重 新分類至該海外業務的非控股權 益,而不會重新分類至損益。
- 就所有其他部分出售(包括部分出 售聯營公司或合營公司而並無導 致本集團失去重大影響力或共同 控制權)而言,按比例分佔於權益 獨立部分確認的匯兑差額累計金 額乃重新分類至損益。

分部報告

綜合財務報表內所呈報之經營分部及各 分部項目之金額,乃自定期就本集團各 地理位置之資源分配及表現評估而向本 集團最高行政管理層(其為本集團之主 要營運決策者)提供之財務資料中識別 得出。

個別重大營運分部不會因財務報告而進 行聚合,惟各分部具有類似的經濟性 質,以及產品與提供的服務性質、生產 過程的性質、客戶類型或級別、分銷產 品或提供服務所用的方法及監管環境的 性質雷同的情況除外。不屬重大的個別 營運分部倘其符合絕大部分該等標準則 可能進行聚合。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Future changes in IFRSs

At the date of authorisation of the consolidated financial statements, the IASB has issued the following new/revised IFRSs that are not yet effective for the current year, which the Group has not early adopted.

Covid-19-Related Rent Amendments to IFRS 16 Concessions^[1]

Amendments to IFRS 16 Covid-19-Related Rent

Concessions beyond 30 June

2021[3]

Amendments to IAS 39. Interest Rate Benchmark Reform IFRSs 4, 7, 9 and 16 — Phase 2^[2]

Proceeds before Intended Use^[4] Amendments to IAS 16

Amendments to IAS 37 Cost of Fulfilling a Contract[4]

Reference to the Conceptual Amendments to IFRS 3 Framework^[4]

Annual Improvements to 2018-2020 Cycle^[4]

IFRSs

Classification of Liabilities as Amendments to IAS 1 Current or Non-current^[5]

Amendments to IAS 1 Disclosures of Accounting

Policies^[5]

Amendments to IAS 8 Estimates^[5]

IFRS 17

Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28

between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture^[6]

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020

[2] Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021

[3] Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021

[4] Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023

The effective date to be determined

The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the adoption of the new/revised IFRSs in future periods will have any material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

2. 重大會計政策(續)

國際財務報告準則之未來變動

於授權綜合財務報表當日,本集團並無 提早採納國際會計準則理事會已頒佈惟 於本年度尚未生效之下列新訂/經修訂 國際財務報告準則。

國際財務報告準則第 Covid-19相關租 16號之修訂本 金寬減[1]

國際財務報告準則 於二零二一年 第16號之修訂本 六月三十日後

的Covid-19 相關租金寬減[3] 利率基準改革

一 第二階段[2]

國際會計準則第39 號、國際財務報告

準則第4號、第7 號、第9號及第16 號之修訂本

之修訂本

之修訂本

Definition of Accounting

Insurance Contracts^[5]

Sale or Contribution of Assets

國際會計準則第16 用作擬定用途前 號之修訂本 的所得款項[4] 國際會計準則第37 履行合約的成本[4] 號之修訂本 國際財務報告準則第 概念框架的引用[4] 3號之修訂本 國際財務報告準則之 二零一八年至二 年度改進 零二零年週期[4] 國際會計準則第1號 將負債分類為流 動或非流動[5]

國際會計準則第1號 會計政策之披露[5] 國際會計準則第8號 會計估計之定義[5]

之修訂本 國際財務報告準則第 保險合約[5] 17號

國際財務報告準則第 投資者與其聯營 10號及國際會計 公司或合營企 準則第28號之修 業之間的資產 訂本 出售或注資[6]

於二零二零年六月一日或之後開始的 年度期間生效

於二零二一年一月一日或之後開始的 年度期間生效

於二零二一年四月一日或之後開始的 年度期間生效

於二零二二年一月一日或之後開始的 年度期間生效

於二零二三年一月一日或之後開始的 年度期間生效

生效日期尚待釐定

本公司董事預期於未來期間應用該等新 訂/經修訂國際財務報告準則將不會對 本集團的綜合財務報表造成任何重大影

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management of the Group has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which has the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

Classification between investment properties and completed properties held for sale

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as an investment property, and has developed criteria in making that judgement. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Therefore, the Group considers whether a property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets held by the Group. Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions could be sold separately or leased out separately under a finance lease, the Group accounts for the portions separately. If the portions could not be sold separately, the property is an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgement is made on an individual property basis to determine whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as an investment property. Completed properties held for sale comprise properties that are held for sale in the ordinary course of business. Principally, these are residential properties that the Group develops and intends to sell before or on completion of construction.

Withholding tax arising from the distribution of dividends

The Group's determination, as to whether to accrue withholding taxes arising from the distributions of dividends by certain subsidiaries according to the relevant tax rules enacted in the jurisdictions, is subject to judgement on the plan of the distribution of dividends.

3. 重要會計判斷及估計

本集團的綜合財務報表編製,管理層須 作出判斷、估計及假設,而該等判斷、 估計及假設會影響所呈報的收益、開 支、資產及負債金額及其相關披露以及 或然負債的披露。該等假設及估計的不 確定性可能導致日後須大幅調整受影響 資產或負債的賬面值。

判斷

本集團管理層在應用本集團的會計政策 過程中,除作出涉及估計的判斷外,亦 作出以下對於綜合財務報表內所確認金 額有最重大影響的判斷:

投資物業及持作出售的已竣工物業之間 的分類

本集團會釐定一項物業是否合資格作為 投資物業,並已制定作出該判斷的標 準。投資物業為持作賺取租金或作資本 增值或同時作以上用途的物業。因此, 本集團會衡量物業所產生現金流量是否 基本上獨立於本集團持有的其他資產。 某些物業包括持作賺取租金或作資本增 值亦包括持作生產或提供貨品或服務或 作行政用途的另一部分。倘該等部分能 獨立出售或根據融資租賃獨立出租,則 本集團會將各部分獨立入賬。倘該等部 分不能獨立出售,則僅於持作生產或提 供貨品或服務或作行政用途的部分並不 重大時,該物業方會視為投資物業。本 集團會根據個別物業作出判斷,以釐定 配套服務是否重大以致其不合資格歸類 為投資物業。持作出售的已竣工物業包 括持作於日常業務過程中出售的物業, 主要是本集團開發並擬於竣工前或竣工 時出售的住宅物業。

分派股息產生的預扣税

本集團在釐定是否根據司法權區所頒佈 的相關稅務規則計算若干附屬公司分派 股息所產生的預扣稅時,須對分派股息 的計劃作出判斷。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial reporting period, are described below.

Provision for expected credit losses on trade receivables and financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets at amortised costs

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables and financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other financial assets at amortised costs. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various debtor segments that have similar loss patterns (i.e., by geography, product type, customer type and rating, and coverage by letters of credit and other forms of credit insurance).

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions (i.e., gross domestic product) are expected to deteriorate over the next financial reporting period which can lead to an increased number of defaults in the property development sector, the historical default rates are adjusted. At the end of each reporting period, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

The assessment of the correlation among historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of debtor's actual default in the future.

重要會計判斷及估計(續) 3.

估計的不確定因素

以下是於報告日有關未來的主要假設及 估計不明朗因素的其他主要來源,有關 假設及來源具有導致資產及負債的賬面 值於下一個財務報告期內作出大幅調整 的重大風險。

貿易應收款項及按攤銷成本計入預付款 項、其他應收款項及金融資產的金融資 產的預期信貸虧損撥備

本集團使用撥備矩陣以計算貿易應收款 項及按攤銷成本計入預付款項、其他應 收款項及其他資產的金融資產的的預期 信貸虧損。撥備率乃基於不同客戶分部 組別的欠款逾期日數而定,該等債務人 分部的虧損模式相似(即地區、產品種 類、客戶類別及評級以及信用證及其他 信貸保險形式的保障範圍)。

撥備矩陣乃初始基於本集團的過往可觀 察違約比率。本集團將按經前瞻性資料 調整的過往信貸虧損經驗調節該矩陣。 舉例說,倘下一個財務報告期的預測經 濟狀況(例如國內生產總值)預期將轉 差,可導致物業開發的違約數量增加, 過往違約比率將作出調整。於各報告期 末,本集團更新過往可觀察違約比率及 分析前瞻性估計的變動。

過往可觀察違約比率、預測經濟狀況及 預期信貸虧損之間關係的評估乃重大的 估計。預期信貸虧損金額對情況的變動 及預測經濟狀況相當敏感。本集團的過 往信貸虧損經驗及預測經濟狀況就債務 人未來實際違約而言亦未必有代表性。

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Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Provision of properties under development and completed properties held for sale

The Group's properties under development and completed properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Based on the Group's historical experience and the nature of the subject properties, the Group makes estimates of the selling prices, the costs of completion of properties under development, and the costs to be incurred in selling the properties based on prevailing market conditions.

If there is an increase in costs to completion or a decrease in net sales value, the net realisable value will decrease and this may result in a provision for properties under development and completed properties held for sale. Such a provision requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, the carrying value and provision for properties in the periods in which the estimate is changed will be adjusted accordingly.

Impairment of non-financial assets (other than goodwill)

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets at the end of each reporting period. Indefinite life intangible assets are tested for impairment annually and at other times when such an indicator exists. Other non-financial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs to sell is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

3. 重要會計判斷及估計(續)

估計的不確定因素(續)

有關開發中物業及持作出售的已竣工物 業的撥備

本集團的開發中物業及持作出售的已竣工物業按成本及可變現淨值的較低者列賬。基於本集團的過往經驗及目標物業的性質,本集團對售價、開發中物業的竣工成本及根據現行市況銷售該物業所產生的成本作出估計。

倘竣工成本增加或銷售淨值減少,則可 變現淨值將會減少,而這或會導致就開 發中物業及持作出售的已竣工物業作出 撥備。該撥備須使用判斷及估計。倘預 期不同於原先估計,則於估計發生變動 期間物業的賬面值及撥備將作相應調整。

非金融資產(商譽除外)減值

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Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Leases — Estimating the incremental borrowing rate ("IBR")

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in a lease, and therefore, it uses an IBR to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. The IBR therefore reflects what the Group "would have to pay", which requires estimation when no observable rates are available (such as for subsidiaries that do not enter into financing transactions) or when it needs to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease (for example, when leases are not in the subsidiary's functional currency). The Group estimates the IBR using observable inputs (such as market interest rates) when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates (such as the subsidiary's stand-alone credit rating).

Estimation on the fair value of investment properties

Investment properties, including completed investment properties and investment properties under construction carried at fair value, are revalued at the end of each reporting period based on the appraised market value provided by independent professional valuers. Such valuations are based on certain assumptions, which are subject to uncertainty and might materially differ from the actual results. In making the estimation, the Group considers information from current prices in an active market for similar properties and uses assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period.

The principal assumptions for the Group's estimation of the fair value include those related to current market rents for similar properties in the same location and condition, appropriate discount rates, expected future market rents and future maintenance costs.

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

重要會計判斷及估計(續) 3.

估計的不確定因素(續)

租賃 — 估算增量借款利率(「增量借款 利率 |)

本集團無法輕易釐定和賃內所隱含的利 率,因此,使用增量借款利率計量租賃 負債。增量借款利率為本集團於類似經 濟環境中為取得與使用權資產價值相近 之資產,而以類似抵押品與類似期間借 入所需資金應支付之利率。因此,增量 借款利率反映了本集團「應支付」的利 率,當無可觀察的利率時(如就並無訂 立融資交易之附屬公司而言)或當須對 利率進行調整以反映租賃之條款及條件 時(如當租賃並非以附屬公司之功能貨 幣訂立時),則須作出利率估計。當可 觀察輸入數據可用時,本集團使用可觀 察輸入數據(如市場利率)估算增量借款 利率並須作出若干實體特定的估計(如 附屬公司之獨立信貸評級)。

投資物業的公允價值估計

投資物業(包括按公允價值列賬的已竣 工投資物業及在建投資物業)均於各報 告期末基於獨立專業估值師所提供的經 評估市值進行重新估值。該估值乃基於 若干假設,其存在不確定因素並可能與 實際業績相差甚遠。在進行估計時,本 集團考慮有關類似物業於活躍市場的當 前價格的資料,並採用主要基於各報告 期末已存在市況的假設。

對本集團公允價值估計的主要假設包括 對相同地區及條件下類似物業的現時市 場租金、適當貼現率、預期未來市場租 金及未來維修成本的假設。

搋延税項資產

倘可能有應課税溢利可用以抵銷虧損, 則就所有未動用的税項虧損確認遞延税 項資產。管理層須根據未來應課稅溢利 的大致時間及數額以及未來稅務計劃策 略作出重大判斷,以釐定可確認的遞延 税項資產金額。

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SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

PRC land appreciation tax ("LAT")

The Group is subject to LAT in the PRC. The provision for LAT is based on management's best estimates according to the understanding of the requirements set forth in the relevant PRC tax laws and regulations. The actual LAT liabilities are subject to the determination by the tax authorities upon the completion of the property development projects. The Group has not finalised its LAT calculation and payments with the tax authorities for all its property development projects. The final outcome could be different from the amounts that were initially recorded, and any differences will impact on the LAT expenses and the related provision in the period in which the differences realise.

Convertible bonds

The management uses their judgements in selecting an appropriate valuation technique for financial instruments not quoted in an active market. Valuation techniques commonly used by market practitioners are applied. In determining the fair value of convertible bonds, assumptions are made based on quoted market rates adjusted for specific features of the instrument.

SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has three reportable operating segments as follows:

- the property development segment engages in the (a) development and sale of properties;
- the property leasing segment engages in leasing out (b) properties for their rental income potential and/or for capital appreciation; and
- (C) the others segment engages in investment holding.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit or loss, which is a measure of adjusted profit or loss before income tax.

重要會計判斷及估計(續) 3.

估計的不確定因素(續)

中國土地增值税(「土地增值税」)

本集團須繳納中國土地增值税。土地增 值税撥備乃基於管理層對中國相關稅務 法律及法規所載規定的理解所作最佳估 計計提。實際的土地增值稅負債須待物 業開發項目竣工後由税務機關釐定。本 集團尚未就其所有物業開發項目與稅務 機關最終確定土地增值税的計算及付 款。最終結果可能與初步入賬的金額不 同,而任何差額會影響差額變現期間的 土地增值税開支及相關撥備。

可換股債券

就於活躍市場上並無報價的金融工具而 言,在選擇適當的估值技術時,管理層 運用其判斷。市場從業者常用的估值方 法會被應用。釐定可換股債券的公平值 時所作出的假設,乃基於就該工具的具 體特點調整後的市場報價。

分部資料

就管理而言,本集團按產品及服務劃分 其業務單位,且有以下三個可呈報經營 分部:

- 從事物業開發及銷售的物業開發 (a) 分部;
- 從事出租具租金收入潛力及/或 資本增值的物業的物業租賃分部; 及
- (C) 從事投資控股的其他分部。

管理層獨立監察本集團各經營分部的業 績,以作出有關資源分配及業績評估的 決策。分部業績乃基於可呈報分部損益 (即對經調整除所得稅前損益的計量)推 行評估。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

No analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by operating segment is disclosed as it is not regularly provided to the chief operating decision-maker for review.

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

Year ended 31 December 2020

4. 分部資料(續)

由於本集團按經營分部劃分的資產及負 債的分析並無定期提交予主要營運決策 者審閱,因此並無披露該等分析。

分部間之銷售及轉讓乃按照當時市場價 格銷售予第三方之銷售價而進行交易。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

		Property development 物業開發 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Property leasing 物業租賃 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Others 其他 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Consolidated 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Segment revenue Sales to external customers (Note 5)	分部收益 銷售予外部客戶 (附註5)	69,769	58,768	_	128,537
Segment results	分部業績	(892,232)	(20,903)	(143,285)	(1,056,420)
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損				(1,056,420)
Other segment information Additions to property,	其他分部資料 添置物業、廠房及設備	20			20
plant and equipment Bank interest income Changes in fair value of	銀行利息收入 可轉股債券之公允價值	(16)	(116)	(4)	29 (136)
convertible bonds Changes in fair value of	變動 投資物業之公允價值	_	_	(20,363)	(20,363)
investment properties Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	變動 物業、廠房及設備折舊	444	22,900	60	22,900 506
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	_	197	295	492
Finance costs (excluding interest on lease liabilities)	融資成本 (租賃負債利息除外)	953	_	_	953
Loss on termination of lease, net	終止租賃虧損淨額	_	_	45	45
Impairment of completed properties held for sale Impairment of properties	持作出售的已竣工物業 減值 開發中物業減值	132,303	_	_	132,303
under development Impairment of trade	貿易應收款項減值淨額	319,926	_	_	319,926
receivables, net Impairment of financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other	計入預付款項、其他 應收款項及其他資產 的金融資產減值淨額	_	324	_	324
assets, net Provision for litigation and	訴訟及申索撥備	73,820	642	76,513	150,975
claims Loss on settlement of	結算糾紛虧損	40,000	_	_	40,000
dispute Interest penalties	罰息	66,160 227,185	28,993	48,372	66,160 304,550

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Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Year ended 31 December 2019

4. 分部資料(續)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

		Property development 物業開發 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Property leasing 物業租賃 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Others 其他 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Consolidated 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Segment revenue Sales to external customers (Note 5)	分部收益 銷售予外部客戶 (附註5)	99,638	63,711	_	163,349
Segment results	分部業績	(143,097)	161,912	(65,663)	(46,848)
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損				(46,848)
Other segment information Additions to property,	其他分部資料 添置物業、廠房及設備				
plant and equipment Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	8 (70)	(100)	(32)	8 (202)
Changes in fair value of convertible bonds Changes in fair value of	可換股債券之公允價值 變動 投資物業之公允價值	(11,946)	_	_	(11,946)
investment properties	變動	_	(146,823)	_	(146,823)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use	物業、廠房及設備折舊 使用權資產折舊	1,125	_	73	1,198
assets Finance costs (excluding	融資成本(租賃負債	_	419	353	772
interest on lease liabilities) Impairment of completed	利息除外) 持作出售的已竣工物業	2,460	75	_	2,535
properties held for sale Interest penalties (Reversal for) Provision for	減值 罰息 貿易應收款項減值淨額	9,710 91,752	 10,625	<u> </u>	9,710 127,557
impairment of trade receivables, net Impairment of financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other	(撥回)撥備 計入預付款項、其他 應收款項及其他資產 的金融資產減值淨額	(1,086)	1,646	_	560
assets, net	慰妈 数 和 佳 家 取	364	268	2,450	3,082
Realisation of onerous operating leases	虧損經營租賃實現	_	(1,243)	_	(1,243)

Geographical information

Since the Group solely operates business in the PRC and almost all of the Group's non-current assets are located in the PRC, geographical segment information in accordance with IFRS 8 Operating Segments is not presented.

Information about major customers

None of the customers individually contributed 10% or more of the Group's revenue for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

地理資料

由於本集團僅於中國經營業務,且本集 團幾乎所有非流動資產位於中國,故並 無根據國際財務報告準則第8號經營分 部呈列地理分部資料。

有關主要客戶的資料

截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度,概無客戶獨自貢獻本 集團收益10%或以上。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

5. REVENUE

5. 收益

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue from contracts with customers within IFRS 15 Sales of properties	國際財務報告準則第15號之 客戶合約的收益 物業銷售	69,769	99,638
Revenue from other sources Gross rental income from investment properties operating leases — other lease payments, including fixed	來自其他來源的收益 來自投資物業經營租賃的租 金收入總額 — 其他租賃 付款,包括定額付款	E9 749	42.711
payments		58,768	63,711
		128,537	163,349

(a) Disaggregated revenue information

In addition to the information shown in segment disclosures, the revenue from contracts with customers within IFRS 15 is disaggregated as follows:

(a) 收入分拆資料

除分部披露所顯示之資料以外, 國際財務報告準則第15號範圍內 之客戶合約的收益細分如下:

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Geographical region: — The PRC	<i>地理區域:</i> — 中國	69,769	99,638
Timing of revenue recognition: — at a point in time	<i>收入確認時間</i> — 於一個時點	69,769	99,638
Type of transaction price: — fixed price	交易價格類別: 一 固定價格	69,769	99,638

The amount of revenue recognised for the year ended 31 December 2020 that was included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the year is approximately RMB32,990,000 (2019: RMB23,135,000).

(b) Performance obligations

Information about the Group's performance obligations in respect of sales of properties is summarised below:

The performance obligation is satisfied when customers obtain the physical possession or the legal title of the completed properties and the Group has right to payment and the collection of the consideration is probable.

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度確認並計入年初合約負 債的收益金額約人民幣32,990,000 元(二零一九年:人民幣 23,135,000元)。

(b) 履約責任

有關本集團物業銷售履約責任的 資料概述如下:

履約責任於客戶取得已竣工物業 實際擁有權或合法產權,本集團 擁有付款權利且可收取代價時履 行。

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Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

6. OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

6. 其他收入及收益

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
	₩		
Other income Bank interest income	其他收入 銀行利息收入	136	202
Government grants	政府補助	445	6
Others	其他	305	123
		886	331
Gains	收益		
Gain on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及		
equipment	設備的收益	36	_
Exchange gain	匯兑收益	2,513	745
		2,549	745
		3,435	1,076

7. LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX

This is stated after charging (crediting):

7. 除所得税前虧損

經扣除(計入)下列項目後列賬:

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Finance costs	融資成本		
Interest on interest-bearing bank and	計息銀行及其他借款的利息		
other borrowings		191,438	162,908
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債的利息	20	59
Interest expense arising from revenue	來自收益合約的利息開支		
contracts		882	2,460
Total interest expense	總利息開支	192,340	165,427
Less: Interest capitalised (Note (a))	減:資本化利息(附註(a))	(191,367)	(162,908)
		973	2,519
Other finance costs	其他融資成本		
Increase in discounted amounts of	隨時間過去而產生的撥備貼		
provisions arising from the passage of	現金額增加		
time		_	75
Total finance costs	融資成本總額	973	2,594

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

7. LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX (CONTINUED) 7. 除所得税前虧損(續)

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Staff costs (excluding directors' emoluments in Note 8) Salaries, allowances and benefits-in-kind Contribution to defined contribution plans	員工成本 (附註8的董事酬金除外) 薪金、津貼及實物利益 界定供款計劃的供款	16,645 2,042	19,637 6,531
		18,687	26,168
Other items Auditor's remuneration Cost of properties sold Cost of leasing properties Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets Impairment of financial assets, net (included in "other expenses") — Impairment of trade receivables, net — Impairment of financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets, net	其他項目 核數語物業的成本 和實際 大學 大學 大學 大學 大學 大學 大學 大學 大學 大學 大學 大學 大學	1,516 53,454 13,523 506 492	2,730 76,796 33,561 1,198 772 560
	///V	151,299	3,642
Impairment of properties under development (included in other expenses) (Note 17) Impairment of completed properties held for sale (included in other expenses) (Note 18)	(計入其他開支)(附註18)	319,926 132,303	9,710
Interest penalties (included in other expenses)	罰息(計入其他開支)	304,550	127,577
Lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities Loss on settlement of dispute (included in "other expenses") (Note (c)) Provision for litigations and claims	「其他開支」)(附註(c)) 訴訟及申索撥備(計入	857 66,160	71 —
(included in "other expenses") (Note (b)) Realisation of onerous operating leases (included in "cost of sales")	「其他開支」)(附註(b)) 虧損經營租賃實現 (計入「銷售成本」)	40,000	(1,243)

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

Notes:

- (a) To the extent that the Group' funds are borrowed generally and used for the purpose of financing certain properties under development, the capitalisation rate used to determine the amounts of borrowing costs eligible for the capitalisation is 8.93% (2019: 8.56%) per annum.
- During the year ended 31 December 2020, a service provider (the "Plaintiff") of the Company's subsidiary 杭州新明置業投資有限公 司 (Hangzhou Xinming Property Investment Limited*) ("Hangzhou Xinming") initiated proceedings in the People's Court of Gongshu District, Hangzhou City, Zhejiang Province against Hangzhou Xinming to demand outstanding entrusted management service fee, employee salary and benefit and penalty in the sum of approximately RMB68,652,000, together with penalty which shall accrue up to the date of actual payment and all litigation costs relating to the case shall be borne by Hangzhou Xinming.

In September 2020, the Court handed down the first-instance judgement that, among others, Hangzhou Xinming shall pay outstanding entrusted management service, employee salary and benefit in the sum of approximately RMB24,688,000 and penalty of approximately RMB13,188,000 to the Plaintiff together with penalty calculated at 0.03% per day from 1 April 2020 to the date of repayment of amount aforementioned.

Accordingly, the Group has charged RMB40,000,000 to profit or loss in relation to the above litigation for the year ended 31 December 2020.

During the year ended 31 December 2019, the Group and 台州 新明國際家居生活廣場業主委員會 (the Owners Committee of Xinming International Household Products Mall*) (the "Owners Committee") entered into a settlement agreement for the dispute in respect of property management service for management of Xinming International Household Products Mall (the "Settlement Agreement") pursuant to which, among others, the Group agreed to compensate the loss on termination of property management contract, bear the cost of maintenance service of public facilities and bear the cost of restoration of the properties in Xinming International Household Products Mall (the "Compensation").

Pursuant to the co-operation agreement entered in 2018, Xinming Group Limited, a related company controlled by the Controlling Shareholder, Mr. Chen Chengshou, has provided guarantee to indemnify any loss incurred by the Group from management of Xinming International Household Products Mall (the "Indemnity").

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Indemnity was terminated and therefore an one-off loss on settlement of dispute amounting approximately RMB66,160,000 in respect of the Compensation was recognised in profit or loss.

The Compensation was fully settled up to January 2021.

English name is for identification purpose only.

7. 除所得税前虧損(續)

附註:

- 對於本集團一般借貸資金用作若干開 發中物業的融資,用以釐定合資格資 本化之借貸成本金額的資本化率為每 年8.93%(二零一九年:8.56%)。
- 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度,本公司之附屬公司杭州新明置業 投資有限公司(「杭州新明」)的一個服 務提供商(「原告」)向浙江省杭州市拱 墅區人民法院對杭州新明提起訴訟, 索要尚未支付的信託管理服務費、僱 員薪酬及福利以及罰款,總額約為人 民幣68,652,000元,連同自實際支付 日期起應付的罰款以及與該案件有關 的杭州新明須承擔的所有訴訟費。

於二零二零年九月,有關法院下發一 審判決書,裁定(其中包括)杭州新明 須向原告支付尚未支付的信託管理服 務費、僱員薪酬及福利,總額約為人 民幣24,688,000元,以及約人民幣 13,188,000元的罰款, 連同按每日 0.03%自二零二零年四月一日起計至上 述金額償還日期為止的罰款。

故此,於截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團已就上述訴 訟將人民幣40,000,000元計入損益。

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團與台州新明國際家居生活 廣場業主委員會(「業主委員會」)就管 理新明國際家居生活廣場提供物業管 理服務之糾紛訂立一份結算協議(「結 算協議」),據此(其中包括)本集團同 意就終止物業管理合約的損失作出賠 償,承擔公共設施維護服務費,以及 承擔新明國際家居生活廣場翻新物業 的費用(「賠償」)。

> 根據二零一八年訂立的合作協議,新 明集團有限公司(一間由控股股東陳承 守先生控制的關聯公司)已提供擔保, 彌償本集團管理新明國際家居生活廣 場所產生的任何虧損(「彌償」)。

> 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度,彌償已獲終止,因此,就賠償作 出的糾紛結算的一次性虧損達約人民 幣66,160,000元已於損益內確認。

> 直至二零二一年一月,賠償已獲悉數 結清。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **REMUNERATION**

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the following directors were as follows:

For the year ended 31 December 2020

8. 董事及主要行政人員之薪酬

已付或應付下列各董事的薪酬如下:

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

		Directors' fees 董事薪金 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Salaries, allowances and benefits- in-kind 薪金、津貼及 實物利益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Contribution to defined contribution plans 界定供款 計劃的供款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
- 4 P	4.7.节末。				
Executive directors: Mr. Chen Chengshou	執行董事 : 陳承守先生	_	983	91	1,074
Mr. Feng Cizhao	豐慈招先生	_	80	32	112
Mr. Pu Wei (Note (a))	道湖北土 浦巍先生(附註(a))		289	14	303
ivii. I d vvei (ivote (d))	/m g/k/t (rij p_(a)/		203	14	303
Non-executive directors:	非執行董事:				
Ms. Gao Qiaoqin	高巧琴女士	_	180	_	180
Mr. Chou Chiu Ho	周昭何先生(附註(b))		100		100
(Note (b))	/A) "A 1 7 1 (11) 1 (0 / /	_	578	4	582
(11010 (27)			370	•	302
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:				
Mr. Gu Jiong	顧炯先生	222	_	_	222
Mr. Lo Wa Kei, Roy	盧華基先生	222	_	_	222
Mr. Fong Wo, Felix	方和先生	222	_	_	222
		666	2,110	141	2,917

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

8. **DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (CONTINUED)**

For the year ended 31 December 2019

董事及主要行政人員之薪酬 (續)

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度

		Directors' fees 董事薪金 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Salaries, allowances and benefits- in-kind 薪金、津貼及 實物利益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Contribution to defined contribution plans 界定供款 計劃的供款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Executive directors: Mr. Chen Chengshou Mr. Feng Cizhao	執行董事 : 陳承守先生 豐慈招先生	_ _	983 80	86 32	1,069 112
Non-executive director: Ms. Gao Qiaoqin	非執行董事 : 高巧琴女士	_	180	_	180
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:				
Mr. Gu Jiong	顧炯先生	220	_	_	220
Mr. Lo Wa Kei, Roy	盧華基先生	220	_	_	220
Mr. Fong Wo, Felix	方和先生	220	_	_	220
		660	1,243	118	2,021

Notes:

- On 5 February 2020, Mr. Pu Wei was appointed as an executive (a) director of the Company.
- Mr. Chou Chiu Ho was appointed as an executive director of the (b) Company on 5 February 2020 and was re-designated to a nonexecutive director of the Company on 1 May 2020.

Mr. Chen Chengshou is the chief executive officer of the Group, and his emoluments disclosed above included those for services rendered by him as chief executive officer during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

For the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. No directors waived or agreed to waive any emoluments in respect of the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

附註:

- 於二零二零年二月五日, 浦巍先生獲 委任為本公司執行董事。
- 周昭何先生於二零二零年二月五日獲 (b) 委任為本公司執行董事並於二零二零 年五月一日重新指派為本公司非執行 董事。

陳承守先生為本集團行政總裁,而其上 述所披露的薪酬包括彼截至二零二零年 及二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度期 間擔任行政總裁所提供的服務。

截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團並無向董事支 付酬金作為吸引其加入本集團或於加入 本集團時之獎勵或離職補償。截至二零 二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一日止 年度,並無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬 金。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included two (2019: one) directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining three (2019: four) highest paid employees who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

五名最高薪酬僱員

本年度五名最高薪酬僱員包括兩名(二 零一九年:一名)董事,彼等之薪酬詳 情載列於上文附註8。本年度餘下三名 (二零一九年:四名)既非本公司董事亦 非主要行政人員之最高薪酬僱員之薪酬 詳情如下:

	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries, allowances and benefits-in-kind 薪金、津貼及實物利益 Contribution to defined contribution plans 界定供款計劃的供款	3,055 258	3,676 334
	3,313	4,010

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

酬金介乎以下範圍:

Number of individuals

人數

		2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
Nil to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	零至1,000,000港元 1,000,001港元至1,500,000	_	1
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	港元	3	3

For the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the highest paid individuals as a payment for loss of office or as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group.

For the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, no individuals waived or agreed to waive any emoluments.

截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團概無支付最高 薪人士任何酬金,作為離職之補償或作 為加入或於加入本集團時之獎勵。

截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度,概無人士放棄或同意 放棄任何酬金。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

10. INCOME TAX

10. 所得税

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current tax PRC Enterprise Income Tax Land appreciation tax ("LAT")	即期税項 中國企業所得税 土地增值税 (「土地增值税」)	4,657	3,348 (3,199)
Deferred tax (Note 16)	遞延税項(附註16)	4,657 54,827	149 65,521
Total income tax expenses for the year	年內所得税支出總額	59,484	65,670

The Group is subject to income tax on an entity based on profits arising in or derived from the tax jurisdictions in which members of the Group are domiciled and operated. Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman islands and the British Virgin Islands (the "BVI"), the Group's entities incorporated in the Cayman Islands and the BVI are not subject to any income tax.

The Group's subsidiaries incorporated in Hong Kong are not liable for income tax as they did not have any assessable income arising in Hong Kong during the year.

The Group's entities established in the PRC are subject to PRC Enterprise Income Tax at a statutory rate of 25%.

Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the tax rates prevailing in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

According to the requirements of the Provisional Regulations of the PRC on LAT effective from 1 January 1994, and the Detailed Implementation Rules on the Provisional Regulations of the PRC on LAT effective from 27 January 1995, all income from the sale or transfer of state-owned leasehold interest on land, buildings and their attached facilities in the PRC is subject to LAT at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% of the appreciation value, with an exemption provided for property sales of ordinary residential properties if their appreciation values do not exceed 20% of the sum of the total deductible items.

本集團須就實體於本集團成員公司註冊 及經營所在司法權區產生或取得的溢利 繳納所得税。根據開曼群島及英屬處女 群島(「英屬處女群島」)的規則及規例, 本集團於開曼群島及英屬處女群島註冊 成立的實體毋須繳納任何所得稅。

本集團於香港註冊成立的附屬公司毋須 缴納所得税,乃因其於年內並無在香港 產生任何應課税收入。

本集團於中國成立的實體須按法定税率 25%繳納中國企業所得稅。

其他地區之應課税溢利税項乃按本集團 經營所在司法權區當時之稅率計算。

根據於一九九四年一月一日生效的《中 華人民共和國土地增值税暫行條例》及 於一九九五年一月二十七日生效的《中 華人民共和國土地增值税暫行條例(實 施細則)》的規定,出售或轉讓中國國有 土地租賃權益、建築物及其附著物所得 全部收入均須就增值按30%至60%的累 進税率繳納土地增值税,惟倘增值並不 超過可扣税項目總和的20%,則普通住 宅物業的物業銷售可免繳土地增值税。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

10. INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

The Group has estimated and made tax provision for LAT according to the requirements set forth in the relevant PRC tax laws and regulations. The actual LAT liabilities are subject to the determination by the tax authorities upon completion of the property development projects and the tax authorities might disagree with the basis on which the provision for LAT is calculated.

Reconciliation of income tax expenses

10. 所得税(續)

本集團根據相關中國稅法及法規所載規 定估計土地增值税並就此作出税項撥 備。實際土地增值税負債於物業開發項 目竣工後由税務機關釐定,而税務機關 可能對計算土地增值稅撥備的基準提出 異議。

所得税開支之對賬

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損	(1,056,420)	(46,848)
Tax at the statutory tax rate of 25% (2019: 25%) Lower tax rate for specific entities Non-deductible expenses, net of non-taxable income Write-down of previously recognised deferred tax assets Unrecognised tax losses and temporary differences	按法定税率25%計算的税項 (二零一九年:25%) 特定實體之較低税率 不可扣税開支,扣除非應課 税收入 撇減先前確認的遞延税項 資產 未確認税項虧損及暫時差額	(264,650) 3,462 585 16,563 298,867	(11,712) 4,258 723 — 74,800
Subtotal	小計	54,827	68,069
Provision for (Reversal of) LAT LAT prepaid for the year Deferred tax effect of LAT Tax effect of prepaid LAT	土地增值税撥備(撥回) 年內預付土地增值税 土地增值税的遞延税項影響 預付土地增值税的税務影響	3,431 2,778 (858) (694)	(6,292) 3,093 1,573 (773)
Total income tax expenses for the year	年內所得税開支總額	59,484	65,670

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

11. DIVIDENDS

The directors of the Company do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

12. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic and diluted loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

11. 股息

本公司董事不建議就截至二零二零年及 二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度派付 股息。

12. 每股虧損

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄虧損 的計算乃基於下列數據:

		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loss: Loss attributable to owners of the Company, used in basic and diluted loss per share calculation	虧損: 計算每股基本及攤薄虧損所 採用之本公司擁有人應佔 虧損	(1,000,756)	(116,976)
		2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
Number of shares: Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic and dilutive loss per share	股份數目: 用以計算每股基本及攤薄虧 損之普通股加權平均數	1,878,622,000	1,878,622,000

The computation of diluted loss per share does not assume the conversion of all outstanding convertible bonds issued by the Company and the exercise of the outstanding share options since the assumed conversion would result in decrease in loss per share for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

每股攤薄虧損的計量並不假設本公司發 行的所有未兑換可換股債券均獲轉換及 尚未行使購股權獲行使,乃由於轉換將 導致截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二 月三十一日止年度的每股虧損減少。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

13. 物業、廠房及設備

		Furniture and			
		Plant and	office	Motor	
		machinery	equipment	vehicles	Total
		→ < ¬ 144 00	傢具及	\— 	/# > I
		廠房及機器	辦公室設備	汽車	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
					
Cost	成本 於二零一九年一月一日	2//2	F 407	04 540	20.707
At 1 January 2019 Additions	於 <u>一</u> 令一九十一月一日 添置	2,662	5,426	21,518	29,606
Disposals	出售		8 (18)		(18)
Dishosais	<u> </u>		(10)		(10)
A+ 24 December 2010 and	→				
At 31 December 2019 and	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日及				
1 January 2020		2.662	E 416	21,518	20 506
Additions	—◆—◆+ / / H 添置	2,662	5,416 29	21,310	29,596
Disposals	<u> </u>		(174)	(2,838)	(3,012)
	<u> </u>		(174)	(2,030)	(3,012)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年				
At 31 December 2020	ボー 令 ー 令 牛 十二月三十一日	2,662	5,271	18,680	26,613
	1 — N — I — H	2,002	3,2/1	10,000	20,013
A communicate of alconomication	累計折舊				
Accumulated depreciation At 1 January 2019	系司加 6 於二零一九年一月一日	2 520	/ FO1	17 7 1	22.754
Charge for the year	年內扣除	2,529	4,581 184	16,644 1,014	23,754 1,198
Disposals	出售	_	(2)	1,014	(2)
Dishosais	<u> </u>		(2)		(2)
A+ 21 December 2010 and	於二零一九年				
At 31 December 2019 and	於二令一九十 十二月三十一日及				
1 January 2020		2 520	4 762	17 650	24.050
Charge for the year	一令一令千 万 日 年內扣除	2,529	4,763 107	17,658 399	24,950 506
Disposals	出售		(141)	(2,711)	(2,852)
	<u> </u>		(141)	(2,711)	(2,032)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年				
At 31 December 2020		2 520	4.720	15 246	22.604
	1 — л — 1 — н	2,529	4,729	15,346	22,604
Not comming	非				
Net carrying amounts At 31 December 2020	賬面淨值 於二零二零年				
At 31 December 2020	於一等一等年 十二月三十一日	122	542	2 224	4 000
	Ι — π — Ι — μ	133	342	3,334	4,009
A+ 04 Dagger - : 0040	→				
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年	400	(50	2.0/0	4 (4)
	十二月三十一日	133	653	3,860	4,646

None of the Group's property, plant and equipment have been pledged to secure other borrowings granted to the Group at 31 December 2020 and 2019.

於二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日,本集團概無抵押物業、廠房 及設備以作為本集團獲授的其他借款之 擔保。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

14. 投資物業

At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	3,296,000
Changes in fair value	公允價值變動	(22,900)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	於二零一九年十二月三十一日及 二零二零年一月一日	3,318,900
Fair value At 1 January 2019 Transferred from completed properties held for sale Changes in fair value	公允價值 於二零一九年一月一日 自持作出售已竣工物業轉撥 公允價值變動	3,125,600 46,477 146,823
		RMB'000 人民幣千元 ————————————————————————————————————

The Group's investment properties consist of commercial properties completed in the PRC. The Group's investment properties were revalued on 31 December 2020 based on valuations performed by independent professionally qualified valuers at approximately RMB3,296,000,000 (2019: RMB3,318,900,000). For each financial reporting period, the Group's senior management decide to appoint which external valuer to be responsible for the external valuations of the Group's properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. The Group's senior management have discussions with the valuer on the valuation assumptions and valuation results twice a vear when the valuation is performed for interim and annual financial reporting.

The investment properties are leased to third parties under operating leases, further details of which are included in note 15.

At 31 December 2020, the Group's investment properties with aggregate values of approximately RMB3,296,000,000 (2019: RMB3,318,900,000) were pledged to secure interest-bearing bank and other borrowings granted to the Group (note 25).

本集團的投資物業包括於中國已竣工的 商業物業。本集團投資物業於二零二零 年十二月三十一日由獨立專業合資格估 值師重新估值,約人民幣3,296,000,000 元(二零一九年:人民幣3,318,900,000 元)。於各個財務報告期間,本集團高級 管理人員決定委任負責本集團物業外界 估值的外部估值師。挑選準則包括市場 知識、信譽、獨立性以及專業準則是否 得到秉持。於就中期及年度財務申報進 行估值時,本集團高級管理人員每年就 估值假設及估值結果與估值師討論兩次。

投資物業乃根據經營租賃出租予第三 方,其進一步詳情載於附註15。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團 已抵押價值總額約為人民幣 3,296,000,000元(二零一九年:人民幣 3,318,900,000元)的投資物業,以擔保 本集團獲授的計息銀行及其他借款(附 註25)。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED) Fair value hierarchy

The following table illustrates the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's investment properties:

14. 投資物業(續) 公允價值層級

下表闡述本集團投資物業的公允價值計 量層級:

		Level 1 第一級 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Level 2 第二級 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Level 3 第三級 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Recurring fair value measurement for commercial properties:	對商業物業進行經常性 公允價值計量:				
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	_	_	3,296,000	3,296,000
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日	_	_	3,318,900	3,318,900

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3.

於年內,公允價值計量無第一級與第二 級間的轉換,亦無第三級的轉入或轉出。

Set out below is a summary of the valuation techniques used and the key inputs to the valuation of investment properties:

以下載列投資物業估值時所使用的估值 技術及主要輸入數據的概要:

Valuation techniques 估值技術	Significant unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察輸入數據	Range (weighted average) 範圍(加權平均)	
		2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
Discounted cash flow method 現金流量貼現法	Market daily rental rate (RMB per square meter) 市場日租率(人民幣/平方米)	1.50-3.20	2.89-6.00
	Term yield (%) 年期回報率	4.75-5.50	4.50-5.50
	Reversionary yield (%) 復歸回報率	5.25-6.00	5.00–6.00

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Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED) Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

The duration of the cash flows and the specific timing of inflows and outflows are determined by events such as rent reviews, lease renewal and related reletting, redevelopment or refurbishment. The appropriate duration is driven by market behaviour that is a characteristic of the class of property. The periodic cash flow is estimated as gross income less vacancy, non-recoverable expenses, collection losses, lease incentives, maintenance costs, agent and commission costs and other operating and management expenses. The series of periodic net operating income, along with an estimate of the terminal value anticipated at the end of the projection period, is then discounted.

A significant increase (decrease) in the estimated rental value and the market rent growth rate per annum in isolation would result in a significant increase (decrease) in the fair value of the investment properties. A significant increase (decrease) in the discount rate in isolation would result in a significant decrease (increase) in the fair value of the investment properties. Generally, a change in the assumption made for the estimated rental value is accompanied by a directionally similar change in the rent growth per annum and the discount rate.

14. 投資物業(續) 公允價值層級(續)

估計租賃價值及市場租金年增長率單獨 大幅增加(減少)會導致投資物業公允價 值大幅增加(減少)。貼現率單獨大幅增 加(減少)會導致投資物業公允價值大幅 減少(增加)。一般而言,就估計租賃價 值作出的假設的變動會導致租金年增長 及貼現率出現類似方向變動。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

15. LEASES

The Group as lessee

The Group has lease contracts for various items of buildings or offices used in its operations. Leases of buildings or offices generally have lease terms between 2 and 3 years or are individually of low value. Other equipment generally has lease terms of 12 months or less and/or is individually of low value. Generally, the Group is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets outside the Group.

Right-of-use assets (a)

The carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements during the year are as follows:

15. 租賃

本集團作為承租人

本集團擁有其經營所用的各類樓宇或辦 公室的租賃合約。樓宇或辦公室租賃的 租期通常為2至3年,或個別樓宇或辦公 室租賃的價值較低。其他設備的租期通 常為12個月或以下及/或個別設備的價 值較低。一般而言,本集團不可向本集 團以外人士轉讓及轉租租賃資產。

(a) 使用權資產

本集團使用權資產之賬面值及其 於年內之變動載列如下:

		Building or offices 樓宇或辦公室 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2019 Additions Depreciation charge	於二零一九年一月一日 添置 折舊開支	1,023 776 (772)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	於二零一九年十二月三十一日及 二零二零年一月一日	1,027
Depreciation charge Termination of lease	折舊開支 終止租賃	(492) (535)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	_

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15. LEASES (CONTINUED)

The Group as lessee (Continued)

Total lease liabilities

(b) Lease liabilities

15. 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(b) 租賃負債

		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current portion 即其	f為: 明部分 D期部分	_	808 242
		_	1,050
The present value of lease liabilities a 2019 is summarised as below:	at 31 December		三十二月三十一日, 1.值概述如下:
		Lease payments 租賃付款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Present value of lease payments 租賃付款現值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Amount payable: Within one year More than one year, but not exceeding	應付款項: 一年內 一年以上但兩年以內	898	808
two years	一千以工但附千以內	266	242
		1,164	1,050

租賃負債總額

1,050

1,050

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Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

15. LEASES (CONTINUED)

The Group as lessee (Continued)

The amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to lease are as follows:

15. 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(c) 於損益中確認有關租賃的款項如 下:

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	20	59
, ,	使用權資產折舊開支		
assets Evapore relating to short term	與短期租賃及餘下租期於	492	772
Expense relating to short-term leases and other leases with remaining lease terms ended on or before 31 December (included	十二月三十一日或之前屆 滿的其他租賃有關的開支 (計入銷售成本)		
in cost of sales)		3,820	9,044
Expense relating to leases of low-value assets (included in	與低價值資產租賃有關的開支(計入行政開支)		
administrative expenses)	/A 1 10 (5 /L & 10	857	71
Loss on termination of lease	終止租賃的虧損	56	
		5,245	9,946

(d) The total cash outflow for leases (including short-term leases and leases of low-value assets) for the year ended 31 December 2020 was approximately RMB5,288,000 (2019: RMB9,956,000).

(d) 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度,租賃的現金流出總額(包 括短期租賃及低價值資產租賃)約 為人民幣5,288,000元(二零一九 年:人民幣9,956,000元)。

The Group as lessor

At the end of the reporting period, the undiscounted lease payments receivables by the Group in future periods under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants are as follows:

本集團作為出租人

於報告期末,未來期間本集團根據與其 租戶之不可撤銷經營租賃的應收未貼現 租賃款項如下:

	2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within one year — 年內 Over one year — 年以上	29,266 533	30,639 2,461
	29,799	33,100

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

16. DEFERRED TAX **Deferred tax liabilities**

16. 遞延税項 遞延税項負債

		Accelerated tax depreciation 加速 税項折舊 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Fair value adjustment of investment properties 投資物業 公允價值調整 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Capitalisted interest 資本化利息 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2019 Charge to profit or loss	於二零一九年一月一日 於損益中扣除	64,900 —	433,547 36,706	104,580 24,965	603,027 61,671
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日及				
(Credit) Charge to	二零二零年一月一日 於損益中(計入)扣除	64,900	470,253	129,545	664,698
profit or loss		_	(5,725)	47,841	42,116
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	64,900	464,528	177,386	706,814

Deferred tax assets

遞延税項資產

		Loss available for offsetting against future taxable profit 可用於抵銷 未來應課税 溢利的虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Accruals and provisions 預提及撥備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Accrued LAT 應計土地 增值稅 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2019 (Charge) Credit to profit or	於二零一九年一月一日 於損益中(扣除)計入	58,181	18,310	160,295	236,786
loss		(3,903)	1,626	(1,573)	(3,850)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日及 二零二零年一月一日	54,278	19,936	158,722	232,936
(Charge) Credit to profit or loss	於損益中(扣除)計入	(16,563)	2,994	858	(12,711)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年				
At 31 December 2020	十二月三十一日	37,715	22,930	159,580	220,225

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Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

16. DEFERRED TAX (CONTINUED)

Deferred tax assets (Continued)

The Group has tax losses arising in the PRC of approximately RMB150,860,000 (2019: RMB217,112,000) that will expire in one to five years for offsetting against future taxable profits.

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had unrecognised deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses of approximately RMB274,029,000 (2019: RMB183,628,000) available for set-off against future taxable profit.

For presentation purposes, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in the consolidated statement of financial position. The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances of the Group for financial reporting purposes:

16. 遞延税項(續) 遞延税項資產(續)

本集團於中國產生税項虧損約為人民幣 150,860,000元(二零一九年:人民幣 217,112,000元),並將於一至五年內屆 滿用於抵銷未來應課税溢利。

並無就該等虧損確認遞延税項資產,乃 因該等虧損乃由已虧損一段時間之附屬 公司所產生及認為不大可能有應課税溢 利可用於抵銷上述税項虧損。

於報告期末,本集團並未就可用於抵扣 未來應課税溢利的尚未動用税項虧損約 人民幣274,029,000元(二零一九年:人 民幣183,628,000元)確認遞延税項資產。

就呈報目的而言,若干遞延税項資產及 負債已於綜合財務狀況表中抵銷。以下 為就財務報告目的的本集團遞延稅項結 餘分析:

	2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Net deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position Net deferred tax liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position Net deferred tax liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position	86,199 (581,013)	97,511 (529,273)
position	(494,814)	(431,762)

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Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

16. DEFERRED TAX (CONTINUED)

Withholding tax on dividends

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in the PRC. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rate is 10%. The Group is therefore liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

As at 31 December 2020, no deferred tax liabilities have been recognised for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings that are subject to withholding taxes of the subsidiaries of the Group established in the PRC. In the opinion of the Company's directors, it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute earnings arising from 1 January 2008 to 31 December 2020 in the foreseeable future. The aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with the investments in these subsidiaries in the PRC for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised totalled approximately RMB267,018,000 (2019: RMB206,378,000).

16. 遞延税項(續) 股息預扣税

根據中國企業所得税法,於中國成立的 外商投資企業向外商投資者宣派的股 息,須按10%的税率徵收預扣税。該規 定自二零零八年一月一日起生效,並適 用於二零零七年十二月三十一日後的盈 利。倘中國與外商投資者所在司法權區 已簽訂税務協議,則可採用較低的預扣 税率。本集團的適用税率為10%。因 此,自二零零八年一月一日起,本集團 須就在中國成立的附屬公司所產生的盈 利而分配的股息履行徵收預扣税的義務。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,概無就 本集團於中國成立的附屬公司的未匯出 盈利(須繳納預扣税者)而應付的預扣税 確認遞延税項負債。本公司董事認為, 該等附屬公司於可預見將來不大可能分 派於二零零八年一月一日至二零二零年 十二月三十一日產生的盈利。有關投資 於該等中國的附屬公司的暫時性差額總 數(未就此確認遞延税項負債)合共約為 人民幣267,018,000元(二零一九年:人 民幣206,378,000元)。

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Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

17. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

17. 開發中物業

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At the beginning of the reporting period Additions Impairment	於報告期初 添置 減值	1,341,803 368,610 (319,926)	1,124,891 216,912 —
At the end of the reporting period	於報告期末	1,390,487	1,341,803

At 31 December 2020, certain of the Group's properties under development with an aggregate carrying amount of approximately RMB650,503,000 (2019: RMB667,097,000) have been pledged to secure interest-bearing bank and other borrowings granted to the Group (note 25).

The movements in impairment of properties under development are as follows:

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團 抵押賬面總值約為人民幣650,503,000元 (二零一九年:人民幣667,097,000元)的 若干開發中物業,以擔保本集團獲授的 計息銀行及其他借款(附註25)。

開發中物業減值變動如下:

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At the beginning of the reporting period Additions	於報告期初 添置	— 319,926	_
At the end of the reporting period	於報告期末	319,926	_

Included in the above impairment of properties under development at 31 December 2020 is a provision for the impaired properties under development of approximately RMB319,926,000 (2019: Nil) with a carrying amount before provision of approximately RMB1,710,413,000 (2019: Nil).

At the end of the reporting period, approximately RMB1,345,258,000 (2019: RMB1,341,803,000) of the properties under development is expected to be completed after more than one year.

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,計入開 發中物業之上述減值乃已減值開發中物 業 撥 備 約 人 民 幣 319.926.000 元 (二零 一九年:零),撥備前賬面值約人民幣 1,710,413,000元(二零一九年:零)。

於報告期末,約人民幣1,345,258,000元 (二零一九年:人民幣1.341.803.000元) 開發中物業預期逾一年後完成。

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18. COMPLETED PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

18. 持作出售的已竣工物業

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At the beginning of the reporting period Additions Transferred to cost of properties sold Transfer to investment properties Impairment	於報告期初 添置 轉撥至已售出物業成本 轉撥至投資物業 減值	1,574,542 40,591 (53,454) — (132,303)	1,691,874 15,651 (76,796) (46,477) (9,710)
At the end of the reporting period	於報告期末	1,429,376	1,574,542

At 31 December 2020, certain of the Group's completed properties held for sale with an aggregate carrying amount of approximately RMB982,181,000 (2019: RMB956,886,000) have been pledged to secure interest-bearing bank and other borrowings granted to the Group (note 25).

The movements in impairment of completed properties held for sale are as follows:

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團 抵押賬面總值約為人民幣982,181,000元 (二零一九年:人民幣956,886,000元)的 若干持作出售已竣工物業,以擔保本集 團獲授的計息銀行及其他借款(附註 25)。

持作出售已竣工物業之減值撥備變動如 下:

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At the beginning of the reporting period Additions Impairment loss realised to cost of	於報告期初 添置 變現為已售出物業成本的	41,547 132,303	36,436 9,710
properties sold	減值虧損	(328)	(4,599)
At the end of the reporting period	於報告期末	173,522	41,547

Included in the above impairment of completed properties held for sale at 31 December 2020 is a provision for the impaired completed properties held for sale of approximately RMB173,522,000 (2019: RMB41,547,000) with a carrying amount before provision of approximately RMB1,232,119,000 (2019: RMB899,577,000).

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,計入上 述持作出售已竣工物業之減值為已減值 持作出售已竣工物業撥備約人民幣 173,522,000元(二零一九年:人民幣 41,547,000元),撥備前賬面值約人民幣 1,232,119,000元(二零一九年:人民幣 899,577,000元)。

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19. TRADE RECEIVABLES

19. 貿易應收款項

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade receivables Less: Allowance for impairment	貿易應收款項 減:減值撥備	48,405 (23,864)	24,894 (23,540)
		24,541	1,354

Trade receivables represent rentals receivable from tenants which are normally payable on demand and sales income receivables from customers which are payable in accordance with the terms of the related sales and purchase agreements. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and has a credit control department to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by management. In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk.

Trade receivables are unsecured and non-interest-bearing. The carrying amounts of trade receivables approximate to their fair values.

An ageing analysis of the trade receivables at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

貿易應收款項指應收租戶的租金(一般 按要求支付)及應收客戶的銷售收入, 乃根據相關買賣協議的條款支付。本集 團致力保持對其未收回應收款項的嚴格 控制,並設有信貸控制部門降低信貸風 險。逾期結餘由管理層定期審核。鑒於 以上所述及本集團的貿易應收款項與眾 多多元化客戶有關,故本集團並無面臨 重大集中信貸風險。

貿易應收款項為無抵押及免息。貿易應 收款項的賬面值與其公允價值相若。

於報告期末基於發票日期的貿易應收款 項(扣除虧損撥備)賬齡分析如下:

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 1 year	一年內	24,541	1,354

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

貿易應收款項減值虧損撥備變動如下:

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At the beginning of the reporting period Decrease in allowance Increase in allowance	於報告期初 撥備減少 撥備增加	23,540 (12,805) 13,129	22,980 — 560
At the end of the reporting period	於報告期末	23,864	23,540

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19. TRADE RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e., by geographical region, product type, customer type and rating, and coverage by letters of credit or other forms of credit insurance). The calculation reflects the probabilityweighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. Generally, trade receivables are written off if past due for more than one year and are not subject to enforcement activity.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables using a provision matrix:

19. 貿易應收款項(續)

各報告日期進行的減值分析,使用撥備 矩陣以計量預期信貸虧損。撥備率乃基 於不同客戶分部組別的欠款逾期日數而 定,該等客戶分部的虧損模式相似(即 地區、產品種類、客戶類別及評級以及 信用證及其他信貸保險形式的保障範 圍)。有關計算反映概率加權產出、金錢 的時間值以及於報告日期可獲得且有關 過往事件、目前狀況及未來經濟狀況預 測的合理及支持性資料。一般而言,倘 逾期超過一年及不受強制執行活動所規 限,則貿易應收款項予以撇銷。

下列資料乃有關本集團貿易應收款項所 面臨的信貸風險(使用撥備矩陣):

	Expected credit loss rate 預期信貸	Gross carrying amount	Expected credit losses
At 31 December 2020 於二零二零年十二月三十一日	虧損率 %	賬面總值 RMB′000 人民幣千元	預期信貸虧損 RMB′000 人民幣千元
Past due			
Less than 1 month 1個月以下	32.42	36,316	11,775
1 to 3 months 1至3個月	_	_	_
3 months to 1 year 3個月至1年	_	_	_
More than 1 year 1年以上	100.00	12,089	12,089
	49.30	48,405	23,864
	Expected credit	Gross carrying	Expected credit
	loss rate 預期信貸	amount	losses
	虧損率	賬面總值	預期信貸虧損
At 31 December 2019	%	RMB'000	RMB'000
於二零一九年十二月三十一日		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Past due 逾期			
Less than 1 month 1個月以下	94.56	24,894	23,540

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20. PREPAYMENTS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND **OTHER ASSETS**

20. 預付款項、其他應收款項及其

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Prepayments Other tax recoverable Deposits and other receivables	預付款項 其他可收回税項 按金及其他應收款項	4,208 15,125 324,957	9,298 14,033 198,135
Less: Allowance for impairment	減:減值撥備	344,290 (160,493)	221,466 (9,522)
		183,797	211,944

Deposits and other receivables mainly represent deposits with suppliers. In the situation where no comparable companies with credit ratings can be identified, expected credit losses are estimated by applying a loss rate approach with reference to the historical loss record of the Group. The loss rate is adjusted to reflect the current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions, as appropriate. The average loss rate applied for where there were no comparable companies at 31 December 2020 was 50.5% (2019: 4.8%).

存款及其他應收款項主要為供應商存 款。倘無法識別具有信貸評級的可資比 較公司,則應參考本集團的歷史虧損記 錄採用虧損率法估計預期信貸虧損。虧 損率將於適當時候作出調整以反映現時 情况及預測未來經濟情況。於二零二零 年十二月三十一日使用並無可資比較公 司的平均虧損率為50.5%(二零一九年: 4.8%) •

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21. RESTRICTED DEPOSITS/CASH AND CASH **EQUIVALENTS**

21. 受限制存款/現金及現金等 價物

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash and equivalents Cash at bank, unrestricted Cash at hand	現金及現金等價物 銀行現金,不受限制 手頭現金	4,235 1,014	181,990 235
		5,249	182,225
Denominated in RMB Denominated in HK\$ Denominated in US\$	以人民幣計值 以港元計值 以美元計值	5,206 42 1	181,430 774 21
		5,249	182,225
Restricted deposits Represented by restricted pre-sale proceeds	受限制存款 以受限制預售所得款項呈列	2,573	2,830

The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business. Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates.

In accordance with relevant documents issued by the PRC State-Owned Land and Resource Bureau, certain property development companies of the Group are required to place in designated bank accounts certain amounts of pre-sale proceeds of properties as deposits for constructions of related properties. The deposits can only be used for purchases of construction materials and the payments of construction fees of the relevant property projects when approval from the PRC State-Owned Land and Resource Bureau is obtained.

人民幣不可自由轉換為其他貨幣,然 而,根據中國外匯管理條例及結匯、售 匯及付匯管理規定,本集團獲准透過獲 授權進行外匯業務的銀行將人民幣兑換 為其他貨幣。銀行現金按基於每日銀行 存款利率的浮動利率賺取利息。

根據中國國有土地資源管理局發出的有 關文件,本集團旗下若干物業開發公司 均須將預售物業所得款項的若干金額存 放於指定銀行賬戶內作為建設有關物業 的存款。該等存款只可在獲得中國國有 土地資源管理局批准時用以購買建築材 料及支付相關物業項目的建造費用。

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22. TRADE PAYABLES

An aging analysis of the outstanding trade payables at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

22. 貿易應付款項

於報告期末基於發票日期的未償還貿易 應付款項的賬齡分析如下:

	2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Less than on year Over one year 一年內 一年以上	33,155 341,458	56,944 234,724
	374,613	291,668

The trade payables are unsecured and non-interest-bearing.

貿易應付款項為無抵押及非計息。

23. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

23. 其他應付款項及應計費用

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Other payables and accruals Interest penalties Other tax payables BE City Loan (Remarks) Deposits related to sales of properties Interest payables Deposits related to construction Advances from customers Payroll and welfare payables Rental payables Others Provision for litigations and claims (Note 7(b))	其他應付賬款及應計費用 司息 其他應付税項 北控鎖款(備註) 與實性 與有關的按金 應與有關的按金 內方 與一方 與 與 以 與 的 與 的 的 的 的 的 的 的 的 的 的 的 的 的 的	312,908 407,106 122,883 100,000 53,925 242,977 19,950 — 6,715 371 51,615 40,000	235,828 127,557 127,121 — 66,287 60,434 19,711 17,339 5,943 493 11,393
		1,358,450	672,106

Except for interest payables and interest penalties which are repayable on demand and loan from a potential investor set out below, other payables and accurals are unseured and noninterest-bearing.

除應付利息及罰息須按要求償還及載列 如下的一名潛在投資者的貸款外,其他 應付款項及應計費用為無抵押及免息。

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23. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS (CONTINUED)

Remarks:

The loan from 北控城投控股集團有限公司 (BE City Investment Holding Group Limited*) ("BE City Investment") carries interest rate of 15% per annum and is repayable after one year from date of drawdown (the "BE City Loan"). The BE City Loan is secured by charge on 75% equity interest in a subsidiary of the Company and corporate guarantee of a subsidiary of the Company.

BE City Investment is an affiliate of Beijing Enterprises City Investment Holding Group (Hong Kong) Limited (北控城投控股集團(香港)有限公司) who entered into a sales and purchase agreement with Mr. Chen Chengshou, the Controlling Shareholder for purchase of 554,193,490 shares of the Company from Mr. Chen Chengshou (the "Disposal"). The Disposal was not yet completed up to the date of this report.

Details of the Disposal and the BE City Loan were set out in the Company's announcement dated 27 October 2020.

English name is for identification purpose only.

24. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

Details of contract liabilities are as follows:

23. 其他應付款項及應計費用(續)

備註:

北控城投控股集團有限公司(「北控城投」)提 供的貸款以每年15%的利率計息,並自提取 之日起計一年後償還(「北控城投貸款」)。北 控城投貸款以於本公司一間附屬公司75%股 權的押記以及本公司一間附屬公司之公司擔 保作擔保。

北控城投為北控城投控股集團(香港)有限公 司的一間聯屬公司,而北控城投控股集團(香 港)有限公司與控股股東陳承守先生就購買陳 承守先生持有本公司554,193,490股股份訂立 一份買賣協議(「該出售事項」)。該出售事項 直至本報告日期仍未完成。

有關該出售事項及北控城投貸款的詳情載於 本公司日期為二零二零年十月二十七日之公 告。

24. 合約負債

合約負債詳情載列如下:

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Short-term advances received from customers	來自客戶的短期墊款		
Sale of properties	銷售物業	212,072	191,139

Contract liabilities represent the sales proceeds received from buyers in connection with the Group's pre-sale of properties at the end of the reporting period.

合約負債指於報告期末就本集團預售物 業自買方收取的銷售所得款項。

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25. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER **BORROWINGS**

25. 計息銀行及其他借款

		2020 二零二零年			2019 二零一九年		
		Effective interest rate 實際利率 %	Maturity 到期日	RMB'000 人民幣千 <i>元</i>		Maturity 到期日	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current Current portion of long term other borrowings, secured	即期 長期其他借款的即期 部分 — 有抵押	6.80-11.67	On demand or within one year 按要求或 一年內	1,873,90	6.80-11.67	On demand or within one year 按要求或 一年內	1,890,343
					2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	=	2019 零一九年 RMB'000 民幣千元
Analysed into: Other borrowings rep year	ayable within one	分析為 : 須於一年	內償還其他個		1,873,909		1,890,343

At 31 December 2020, certain borrowings amounting approximately RMB910,817,000 (2019: Nil) were overdue and interest payments of approximately RMB242,977,000 (2019: RMB60,434,000) relating to borrowings with total principal amount of approximately RMB1,873,909,000 (2019: RMB1,119,573,000) were not paid in accordance with the repayment schedules pursuant to the borrowing agreements which constituted events of defaults. At 31 December 2020, such defaults resulted in cross-default of certain borrowings other than those mentioned above, amounting to a principal amount of approximately RMB311,879,000 (2019: RMB770,770,000).

In connection with the default and cross-default (if applicable), the Group was subject to penalties of approximately RMB407,106,000 (2019: RMB127,557,000) which were included in other payables and accruals at 31 December 2020.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the creditors' rights of certain interest-bearing borrowings of the Group amounting approximately RMB1,117,190,000 as stipulated in the relevant loan agreement have with ultimately assigned by the relevant banks in the PRC to an asset management company in the PRC.

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,已拖欠 若干借款約為人民幣910,817,000元(二 零一九年:零),亦無按照借款協議之 還款時間表支付與本金總額約人民幣 1,873,909,000元(二零一九年:人民幣 1,119,573,000元)的借款有關之利息付 款約人民幣242,977,000元(二零一九 年:人民幣60,434,000元),其構成違約 事件。於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 該等違約導致除上文所述以外的本金金 額約人民幣311,879,000元(二零一九 年:人民幣770,770,000元)的若干借款 出現交叉違約。

本集團就違約及交叉違約(如適用)遭受 罰款約人民幣407,106,000元(二零一九 年:人民幣127,557,000元),計入於二 零二零年十二月三十一日的其他應付款 項及應計費用。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度,於相關貸款協議所規定本集團若干 計息借款約人民幣1,117,190,000元的債 權最終由中國有關銀行分配予一間中國 資產管理公司。

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25. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER **BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)**

The Group's borrowings are secured by the pledges of the following assets at 31 December 2020 and 2019 as follows:

(i) At 31 December 2020, the Group's borrowings of approximately RMB500,000,000 and RMB311,879,000 (2019: RMB500,000,000 and RMB311,879,000) were secured by the 100% (2019: 100%) equity interest in 台州 溫商時代置業有限公司 (Taizhou Wenshang Times Property Limited*) ("Wenshang Times") and 95% (2019: 95%) equity interest in 重慶新明置業股份有限公司 (Chongging Xinming Property Company Limited*) ("Chongging Xinming"), subsidiaries of the Company, respectively.

At 31 December 2020, the Group's borrowings of approximately RMB500,000,000, RMB454,892,000, RMB410,817,000 and RMB311,879,000 (2019: RMB500,000,000, RMB458,892,000, RMB419,121,000 and RMB311,879,000) were secured by investment properties of Wenshang Times, 台州新明置業投資有限公司 (Taizhou Xinming Property Investment Limited*) ("Taizhou Investment"), 上海新明環球置業有限公司 (Shanghai Xinming Global Property Limited*) ("Shanghai Xinming") and Chongging Xinming, subsidiaries of the Company. respectively, with aggregate carrying values of approximately RMB3,296,000,000 (2019: RMB3,318,900,000).

A residential land held by 山東興盟置業有限公司 (Shandong Xingmeng Property Limited) ("Shangdong Xingmeng") was pledged for the Group's borrowing of RMB500,000,000 as an additional collateral during the year ended 31 December 2020.

25. 計息銀行及其他借款(續)

於二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日,本集團的借款由下列資產的 抵押所擔保如下:

於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 本集團的借款約人民幣 500,000,000元及人民幣 311,879,000元(二零一九年:人民 幣 500,000,000 元 及 人 民 幣 311,879,000元) 分別以本公司附屬 公司台州溫商時代置業有限公司 (「溫商時代」)及重慶新明置業股 份有限公司(「重慶新明」)的100% (二零一九年:100%)股權及95% (二零一九年:95%)股權作擔保。

> 於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 本集團的借款約人民幣 500,000,000元、人民幣 454,892,000元、人民幣 410,817,000元及人民幣 311,879,000元(二零一九年:人民 幣 500,000,000元、人民幣 458,892,000元、人民幣 419,121,000元及人民幣 311.879.000元) 分別由本公司附屬 公司温商時代、台州新明置業投 資有限公司(「台州投資」)、上海 新明環球置業有限公司(「上海新 明」)及重慶新明的投資物業作擔 保; 賬面總值約人民幣 3,296,000,000元(二零一九年:人 民幣3,318,900,000元)。

> 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度,山東興盟置業有限公司 (「山東興盟」)持有的住宅用地以 本集團借款人民幣500,000,000元 作為額外抵押品。

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25. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER **BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)**

- At 31 December 2020, the Group's borrowings of approximately RMB311,879,000 (2019: RMB311,879,000) were jointly secured by completed properties held for sale of Chongging Xinming and Wenshang Times with aggregate carrying amounts of approximately RMB649,243,000 (2019: RMB655,850,000).
 - At 31 December 2020, the Group's borrowings of approximately RMB196,320,000 (2019: RMB200,453,000) were secured by completed properties held for sale of 杭州新明置業投資有限公司 (Hangzhou Xinming Property Investment Limited*) ("Hangzhou Xinming"), a subsidiary of the Company with carrying amount of approximately RMB233,000,000 (2019: RMB326,331,000).
- At 31 December 2020, the Group's borrowings of approximately RMB311,879,000 (2019: RMB311,879,000) were secured by properties under development of Chongging Xinming, a subsidiary of the Company, with aggregate carrying amount of approximately RMB650,503,000 (2019: RMB667,097,000).
- (iv) At 31 December 2020, the Group's borrowings of approximately RMB500,000,000 (2019: RMB500,000,000) were jointly guaranteed by (i) the Controlling Shareholder, Mr. Chen Chengshou, (ii) the non-executive director, Ms. Gao Qiaogin, (iii) a subsidiary of the Company and (iv) Xinming Group Limited, a related party of the Group.
 - At 31 December 2020, the Group's borrowings of approximately RMB919,016,000 (2019: RMB619,573,000) were jointly guaranteed by (i) the Controlling Shareholder, Mr. Chen Chengshou, (ii) the non-executive director, Ms. Gao Qiaogin, and (iii) a subsidiary of the Company.

25. 計息銀行及其他借款(續)

於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 本集團的借款約人民幣 311,879,000元(二零一九年:人民 幣311,879,000元)由重慶新明及 溫商時代持作出售的已竣工物業 作出共同擔保,賬面總值約人民 幣649,243,000元(二零一九年:人 民幣655,850,000元)。

> 於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 本集團的借款約人民幣 196,320,000元(二零一九年:人民 幣200.453.000元)由本公司附屬 公司杭州新明置業投資有限公司 (「杭州新明」)持作出售的已竣工 物業作擔保,賬面值約人民幣 233,000,000元(二零一九年:人民 幣326,331,000元)。

- (iii) 於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 本集團的借款約人民幣 311,879,000元(二零一九年:人民 幣311,879,000元)由本公司附屬 公司重慶新明的開發中物業作擔 保,賬面總值約人民幣 650.503.000元(二零一九年:人民 幣667,097,000元)。
- (iv) 於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 本集團的借款約人民幣 500,000,000元(二零一九年:人民 幣500,000,000元)由(i)控股股東陳 承守先生;(ii)非執行董事高巧琴 女士;(iii)本公司附屬公司及(iv)本 集團關聯方新明集團有限公司作 出共同擔保。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 本集團的借款約人民幣 919,016,000元(二零一九年:人民 幣619,573,000元)由(i)控股股東陳 承守先生;(ii)非執行董事高巧琴 女士;及(iii)本公司附屬公司作出 共同擔保。

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Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

25. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER **BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)**

(iv) (Continued)

At 31 December 2020, the Group's borrowings of RMB311,879,000 were jointly guaranteed by (i) the Controlling Shareholder, Mr. Chen Chengshou, and (ii) the non-executive director, Ms. Gao Qiaoqin, (iii) a subsidiary of the Company and (iv) Xinming Group Limited, a related party of the Group.

At 31 December 2019, the Group's other borrowings of approximately RMB311,879,000 were jointly guaranteed by (i) the Controlling Shareholder, Mr. Chen Chengshou and (ii) Xinming Group Limited, a related company of the Group.

At 31 December 2020, the Group's borrowings of approximately RMB454,893,000 (2019: RMB458,892,000) were jointly guaranteed by (i) the Controlling Shareholder, Mr. Chen Chengshou, (ii) the non-executive director, Ms. Gao Qiaoqin, (iii) Xinming Group Limited, a related party of the Group, and (iv) Miss Chen Xi and Mr. Chen Junshi, the daughter and the son of the Controlling Shareholder, Mr. Chen Chengshou and (v) a subsidiary of the Company.

25. 計息銀行及其他借款(續)

(iv) (續)

於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 本集團的借款人民幣311,879,000 元由(i)控股股東陳承守先生;(ii)非 執行董事高巧琴女士;(iii)本公司 附屬公司及(iv)本集團關聯方新明 集團有限公司作出共同擔保。

於二零一九年十二月三十一日, 本集團的其他借款約人民幣 311,879,000元由(i)控股股東陳承 守先生及(ii)本集團關聯方新明集 團有限公司作出共同擔保。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 本集團的借款約人民幣 454,893,000元(二零一九年:人民 幣458,892,000元)由(i)控股股東陳 承守先生;(ii)非執行董事高巧琴 女士;(iii)本集團關聯方新明集團 有限公司及(iv)陳希女士及陳俊士 先生(控股股東陳承守先生的女兒 及兒子);及(v)本公司附屬公司作 出共同擔保。

26. TAX PAYABLE

26. 應付税項

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Income tax LAT	所得税 土地增值税	249,897 655,623	262,792 652,192
		905,520	914,984

English name is for identification purpose only.

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Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

27. CONVERTIBLE BONDS

On 1 June 2018, the Company issued convertible bonds in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$300,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB252,604,000) (the "Convertible Bonds") at the price of 100% of their principal amount. The Convertible Bonds are redeemable at the option of the bondholders at a price of HK\$1.39 per bond on 1 June 2020. The convertible bonds bear interest at the rate of 6.5% plus 1% handling fee per annum (the "Coupon Rate") and are payable in arrears every six months.

The convertible bonds were jointly guaranteed by the Controlling Shareholder, Mr. Chen Chengshou, and the nonexecutive director, Ms. Gao Qiaoqin, pursuant to a deed of guarantee, and secured by Xinxing Company Limited by 940,000,000 shares of the Company held by Xinxing Company Limited, a company controlled by Mr. Chen Chengshou.

The Convertible Bonds were matured on 1 June 2020 and the outstanding principal amount was not yet settled up to 31 December 2020.

The Convertible Bonds were recognised as financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

27. 可換股債券

於二零一八年六月一日,本公司以可換 股債券價格的100%,發行本金總額 300,000,000港元(相當於約人民幣 252,604,000元)可換股債券(「可換股債 券」)。債券持有人可選擇於二零二零年 六月一日以每債券價格1.39港元贖回該 等債券。可換股債券按年息6.5%(另加 1%手續費)計息(「票面利率」),及每六 個月分期支付。

可換股債券由控股股東陳承守先生與非 執行董事高巧琴女士根據擔保契據共同 擔保,並由Xinxing Company Limited透 過Xinxing Company Limited(一間由陳 承守先生控制的公司)持有的 940.000.000股本公司股份作抵押。

可換股債券於二零二零年六月一日到 期,而直至二零二零年十二月三十一 日,未償還本金金額尚未結清。

可換股債券確認為金融負債, 並於初步 確認時指定為按公允價值計入損益。

		Convertible bonds 可換股債券 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	284,913
Change in fair value	公允價值變動	(11,946)
At 24 December 2040	*	272.067
At 31 December 2019 Change in fair value	於二零一九年十二月三十一日 公允價值變動	272,967 (20,363)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	252,604

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27. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (CONTINUED)

At 31 December 2020, the Group's Convertible Bonds were valued by management of the Group by using discounted cash flow method with the following key assumptions:

Discount rate

Coupon Rate

At 31 December 2019, the Group's Convertible Bonds were valued by an independent valuer by using binomial model with the following key assumptions:

Stock price of the Company	HK\$1.17
Volatility	41.10%
Risk-free interest rate	1.94%
Dividend yield	0%
Discount rate	16.28%

28. ISSUED CAPITAL

27. 可換股債券(續)

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團 的可換股債券由本集團管理層使用現金 流量貼現法按以下主要假設估值:

貼現率

票面利率

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團 的可換股債券由獨立估值師使用二項式 模型按以下主要假設估值:

本公司股價	1.17港元
波幅	41.10%
無風險利率	1.94%
股息率	0%
貼現率	16.28%

28. 已發行資本

		Number of shares 股份數目	Nominal value 面值 HK\$ 港元	Nominal value 面值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Authorised: At 31 December 2020 and 2019	法定: 於二零二零年及二零一九年 十二月三十一日	1,880,000,000	18,800,000	14,891,000
Issued and fully paid: At 31 December 2020 and 2019	已發行及繳足: 於二零二零年及二零一九年 十二月三十一日	1,878,622,000	18,786,220	14,880,000

29. RESERVES

Share premium

Share premium represents the excess of the net proceeds or consideration from issuance of the Company's shares over their par value.

Merger reserves

The merger reserve represents the aggregate amount of the paid-up capital of those companies comprising the Group prior to the incorporation of the Company and the application of merger method of accounting for business combinations under common control. Details of the movements in the merger reserve are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

Capital reserves

Capital reserve comprises the difference arising from changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries which do not result in change of control.

29. 儲備

股份溢價

股份溢價指本公司發行股份所得款項淨 額或代價超出其股份面值。

合併儲備

合併儲備指於本公司註冊成立以及應用 共同控制下的業務合併的合併會計法前 本集團旗下公司的繳足資本總額及因收 購非控股權益而產生的儲備。合併儲備 變動詳情載於綜合權益變動表。

資本儲備

資本儲備包括於附屬公司權益變動產生 之差額,並不會導致控制權變動。

綜合財務報表附註

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30. PARTLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

Details of the Group's subsidiaries that have material noncontrolling interests are set out below:

30. 擁有重大非控股權益的部分擁 有附屬公司

本集團附屬公司擁有重大非控股權益的 詳情載列如下:

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
, ,	權益所持股權		
non-controlling interests: 百分			
Shandong Xingmeng 山東興		25%	25%
Shanghai Xinming 上海新		21%	21%
Chongqing Xinming 重慶新	明 ————————————————————————————————————	5%	5%
			ı
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	11 12 pp 146 37 77 fm 3		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	非控股權益的年內		
U	〕 溢利:	(0.476)	(0.045)
Shandong Xingmeng 山東興 Shanghai Vingping		(3,476)	(2,045)
Shanghai Xinming 上海新 Chongqing Xinming 重慶新		(29,405)	7,983
Chongqing Xinming 重慶新	<u> </u>	(13,708)	(1,023)
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		—₹—₹+ RMB′000	= ₹ 70+ RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			7(2413 170
Accumulated balances of non-controlling 非控股	權益於報告日期的		
O O	推量水取百日朔的 結餘:		
Shandong Xingmeng 山東興	ינא אייי		
	盟	(2.955)	521
Shanghai Xinming 上海新		(2,955) 63,242	521 92,647

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30. PARTLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (CONTINUED)

The following tables illustrate the summarised financial information of the above subsidiaries. The amounts disclosed are before any inter-company eliminations:

30. 擁有重大非控股權益的部分擁 有附屬公司(續)

下表闡述上述附屬公司之財務信息概 要。所披露金額乃為公司間抵銷前之金 額:

2020 二零二零年		Shandong Xingmeng 山東興盟 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Shanghai Xinming 上海新明 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Chongqing Xinming 重慶新明 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue and income 收益及 Total expenses 開支網 Loss for the year and total comprehensive loss for the year	製額 損及年內全面虧損	4,902 (18,806) (13,904)	29,626 (169,650) (140,024)	17,256 (291,393) (274,137)
Current assets 流動資 Non-current assets 非流動 Current liabilities 流動負 Non-current liabilities 非流動)資產 債	764,792 17,537 (794,151)	331,728 1,084,200 (1,022,252) (92,524)	721,483 332,719 (1,220,308) (21,773)
in) operating activities 現金 Net cash flows (used in) 投資活 from investing activities 現金 Net cash flows used in 融資活	動所得(所用) 流量淨額 動(所用)所得 流量淨額 動所用現金流量	470 (24)	9,226	(506) 106
•	現金等價物增加少)淨額	446	923	(400)

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30. PARTLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (CONTINUED)

30. 擁有重大非控股權益的部分擁有附屬公司(續)

2019 二零一九年		Shandong Xingmeng 山東興盟 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Shanghai Xinming 上海新明 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Chongqing Xinming 重慶新明 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue Total expenses	收益 開支總額	6,720 (14,148)	(2,240) (46,673)	12,291 (46,517)
(Loss) Profit for the year and total comprehensive (loss) profit for the year	年內(虧損)溢利及 年內全面(虧損)溢利 總額	(9,619)	38,020	(20,463)
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	665,577 15,154 (678,680)	348,721 1,090,058 (902,948) (90,649)	821,950 316,169 (1,051,861) —
Net cash flows from operating activities Net cash flows used in	經營活動所得現金流量 淨額 投資活動所用現金流量	313	3,326	6,882
investing activities Net cash flows used in financing activities	淨額 融資活動所用現金流量 淨額	(8)	(5,260)	(6,300)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物增加 (減少)淨額	305	(1,934)	582

綜合財務報表附註

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31. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT 31. 綜合現金流量表附註 **OF CASH FLOWS**

(a) Major non-cash transactions

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group derecognised right-of-use assets by reducing lease liabilities of approximately RMB479,000 upon termination of lease.

During the year ended 31 December 2019, the Group had non-cash additions to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of RMB776,000 and RMB776,000, respectively, in respect of lease arrangements for building.

(b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

(a) 重大非現金交易

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團於終止租賃後透 過減少租賃負債約人民幣479,000 元終止確認使用權資產。

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團就樓宇租賃安排 錄得非現金添置的使用權資產及 租賃負債分別為人民幣776,000 元 及人民幣776,000元。

(b) 融資活動產生的負債變動

		Convertible bonds 可換股債券 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Interest- bearing bank and other borrowings 計息銀行及 其他借款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Included in "Other payables and accruals" 計入「其他 應付款項及 應計費用」 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	284,913	1,967,074	1,056	200,621	2,453,664
Changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動	_	(76,731)	(841)	(73,823)	(151,395)
New leases	新租賃		(/0,/31)	776	(73,023)	776
Change in fair value	公允價值變動	(11,946)	_		_	(11,946)
Interest expenses	利息開支	(11,740)	_	59	_	59
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	收購非控股權益 ————————————————————————————————————	_	_		(13,833)	(13,833)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日及 二零二零年 一月一日	272,967	1,890,343	1,050	112.065	2 277 225
Changes from financing cash	融資現金流量變動	2/2,96/	, ,	,	112,965	2,277,325
flows	40.1 和任	_	(16,434)	(591)	(12,965)	(29,990)
Termination of lease Change in fair value	終止租賃 公允價值變動	(20.2(2)	_	(479)	_	(479)
Interest expenses	公元價值變動 利息開支	(20,363)		20		(20,363) 20
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	252,604	1,873,909	_	100,000	2,226,513

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Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

32. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At the end of the reporting period, contingent liabilities not provided for in the consolidated financial statements were as follows:

32. 或然負債

於報告期末,並無於綜合財務報表計提 撥備的或然負債如下:

	2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Guarantees in respect of mortgage 就本集團物業買家獲授的 facilities granted to purchasers of the Group's properties 就本集團物業買家獲授的 按揭融資提供的擔保	16,103	28,914

The Group provided guarantees in respect of mortgage facilities granted by certain banks to the purchasers of the Group's completed properties held for sale. Pursuant to the terms of the guarantee agreements, in case of default on mortgage payments by the purchasers, the Group is responsible for repaying the outstanding mortgage loans together with any accrued interest and penalty owed by the defaulted to banks. The Group is then entitled to take over the legal titles of the related properties. The Group's guarantee period commences from the date of grant of the relevant mortgage loan and ends after the execution of individual purchaser's collateral agreement.

本集團就若干銀行向本集團持作出售已 竣工物業的買家獲授的按揭融資提供擔 保。根據擔保協議的條款,倘買家拖欠 按揭付款,本集團負責償還未償還按揭 貸款連同違約方結欠銀行的任何應計利 息及罰款。本集團則有權接管相關物業 的合法業權。本集團的擔保期自授出相 關按揭貸款當日起至執行個別買家的抵 押協議後為止。

The Group did not incur any material losses during the year in respect of the guarantees provided for mortgage facilities granted to purchasers of the Group's completed properties held for sale. The directors considered that in case of default on payments, the net realisable value of the related properties would be sufficient to repay the outstanding mortgage loans together with any accrued interest and penalty, and therefore no provision has been made in connection with the guarantees.

本集團並無於年內就本集團持作出售已 竣工物業的買家獲授的按揭融資提供擔 保而產生任何重大虧損。董事認為,倘 發生拖欠付款,相關物業的可變現淨值 將足以償還未償還按揭貸款連同任何應 計利息及罰款,故並無就有關擔保計提 仟何撥備。

33. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

33. 資本承擔

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Contracted, but not provided for properties under development	已訂約但未撥備 開發中物業	387,810	274,266

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34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS Name and relationship

34. 關聯方交易 名稱/姓名及關係

Name of related party 關聯方名稱/姓名 Relationship with the Group 與本集團的關係

Mr. Chen Chengshou 陳承守先生

Controlling Shareholder 控股股東

Ms. Gao Qiaoqin 高巧琴女士 Wife of the Controlling Shareholder 控股股東之妻子

Xinming Group Limited 新明集團有限公司

Controlled by the Controlling Shareholder 由控股股東控制

Yuanyang Holdings Group Share Limited Company

Significantly influenced by Mr. Zheng Xiangtian, brother of the Controlling Shareholder 受鄭翔天先生(控股股東的胞兄)重大影響

遠揚控股集團有限公司

Controlled by the Controlling Shareholder

Hangzhou Taoyuan Shanzhuang Property Development Limited ("Hangzhou Taoyuan") 杭州桃源山莊房地產開發有限公司(「杭州桃源」)

由控股股東控制

Qi'an Insurance Brokers Limited ("Qi'an Insurance") 祁安保險經紀有限公司(「祁安保險」)

Controlled by the Controlling Shareholder 由控股股東控制

Hangzhou Kaijie Decoration Co., Ltd.

Significantly influenced by Mr. Zheng Xiangtian, brother of the Controlling Shareholder 受鄭翔天先生(控股股東的胞兄)重大影響

Zhejiang Tianmao Landscape Engineering Co., Ltd.

Controlled by Mr. Zheng Xiangtian, brother of the Controlling Shareholder 由鄭翔天先生(控股股東的胞兄)控制

浙江天茂園林工程有限公司

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Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

In addition to the information disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties:

34. 關聯方交易(續)

除該等綜合財務報表中其他部分所披露 的資料外,本集團與關聯方有以下交易:

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Recurring transactions Purchases of properties from Hangzhou Taoyuan	<i>經常性交易</i> 購置杭州桃源的物業	_	480
Non-recurring transactions Purchases of insurance services from	<i>非經常性交易</i> 購置祁安保險的保險服務		
Qi'an Insurance		_	800

Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

本集團主要管理人員的薪酬

		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Short term employee benefits Pension scheme contributions	短期僱員福利 退休金計劃供款	2,776 141	1,903 118
Total compensation paid to key management personnel	向主要管理人員支付的薪酬 總額	2,917	2,021

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Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

period:

35. 按類別劃分的金融工具

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financial assets at amortised cost Trade receivables Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets Restricted deposits Cash and cash equivalents	按攤銷成本計量的金融資產 貿易應收款項 計入預付款項、其他應收款 項及其他資產的金融資產 受限制存款 現金及現金等價物	24,541 164,464 2,573 5,249	1,354 187,464 2,830 182,225
	70-70-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0	196,827	373,873
Financial liabilities at amortised cost Trade payables Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Lease liabilities Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	按攤銷成本計量的金融負債 貿易應付款項 計入其他應付款項及應計 費用的金融負債 租賃負債 計息銀行及其他借款	374,613 1,317,272 — 1,873,909	291,668 521,703 1,050 1,890,343
		3,565,794	2,704,764
Financial liabilities at FVPL Convertible bonds	按公允價值計入損益的金融 負債 可換股債券	252,604	272,967

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36. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial instruments, other than those with carrying amounts that reasonably approximate to fair values, are as follows:

36. 金融工具之公允價值及公允價 值層級

本集團金融工具(賬面值與公允價值合 理相若者除外)的賬面值及公允價值如 下:

		, 0	Carrying amounts 賬面值		values .價值
		2020	2019	2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Financial liabilities	金融負債				
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	252,604	272,967	252,604	272,967

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables, financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets, financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals, approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The Group's finance department headed by the finance manager is responsible for determining the policies and procedures for the fair value measurement of financial instruments. The finance manager reports directly to the chief financial officer and the audit committee. At the end of each reporting period, the finance department analyses the movements in the values of financial instruments and determines the major inputs applied in the valuation. The valuation is reviewed and approved by the chief financial officer. The valuation process and results are discussed with the audit committee twice a year for interim and annual financial reporting.

管理層已評估,現金及現金等值物、貿 易應收款項、貿易應付款項、計入預付 款項、其他應收款項及其他資產之金融 資產、計入其他應付款項及應計費用之 金融負債之公允價值與其賬面值相若, 主要由於此等工具於短期內到期。

本集團財務融資部由融資經理領導,負 責釐定金融工具公允價值計量之政策及 程序。融資經理直接向財務總監及審核 委員會報告。於各報告期末,財務融資 部分析金融工具之價值變動及釐定應用 於估值之主要輸入數據。估值交由財務 總監審核及批准。評估過程及結果每年 兩次與審計委員會討論以進行中期及年 度財務報告。

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36. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The convertible bonds were recognised as financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Fair value Hierarchy

Liabilities measured at fair value

36. 金融工具之公允價值及公允價 值層級(續)

金融資產及負債的公允價值按自願雙方 在當前交易(而非強制或清盤出售)中就 有關工具進行交易的金額入賬。以下方 法及假設用於估計公允價值:

可換股債券確認為金融負債,並於初步 確認時指定為按公允價值計入損益。

公允價值層級 按公允價值計量的負債

		Level 1 第一級 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Level 2 第二級 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Level 3 第三級 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Convertible bonds At 31 December 2020	可換股債券 於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	_	_	252,604	252,604
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日	_	272,967	_	272,967

At 31 December 2020

於二零二零年十二月三十一日

Liability	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique	Unobservable input	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據與
負債	公允價值等級	估值技術	不可觀察輸入數據	公允價值的關係
Convertible bonds	Level 3	Discounted cash flow method	Discount rate	The higher the discount rate, the lower the fair value
可換股債券	第三級	現金流量貼現法	貼現率	貼現率越高,公允 價值越低
At 31 December 2019			於二零一九年十	二月三十一日
Liability	Fair value	Valuation	Unobservable	Relationship of unobservable inputs

Liability	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique	Unobservable input	unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據與
負債	公允價值等級	估值技術	不可觀察輸入數據	公允價值的關係
Convertible bonds 可換股債券	Level 2 第二級	Binomial model 二項式模型	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用

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36. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair value Hierarchy (Continued)

Liabilities measured at fair value (Continued)

During the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 for both financial assets and financial liabilities except for convertible bonds amounting approximately RMB252,604,000 which transferred from Level 2 into Level 3 upon maturity. Accordingly, the Group assessed the fair value of the Convertible Bonds using discounted cash flow method at 31 December 2020 since the valuation using binomial model was no longer applicable to assess fair value of the Convertible Bonds upon maturity.

The details of the movements of the recurring fair value measurements categorised as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

36. 金融工具之公允價值及公允價 值層級(續)

公允價值層級(續)

按公允價值計量的負債(續)

截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度,就金融資產及金融負 債而言,公允價值計量無第一級與第二 級間的轉換,亦無第三級的轉入或轉出 (於到期後由第二級轉入第三級的可換 股債券約人民幣252.604.000元除外)。 因此,由於使用二項式模型估值於到期 後不再適用於評估可換股債券的公允價 值,故於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 本集團使用現金流量貼現法評估可換股 债券的公允價值。

經常性公允價值計量分類為公允價值等 級第三級的變動詳情如下:

		Convertible bonds 可換股債券 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2019, 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	於二零一九年一月一日、 二零一九年十二月三十一日及	
1 January 2020	二零二零年一月一日	_
Transfer into Level 3 upon maturity	於到期後轉入第三級	272,967
Change in fair value	公允價值變動	(20,363)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	252,604

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37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments mainly include cash and cash equivalents, restricted deposits, trade receivables and trade payables, which arise directly from its operations. The Group has other financial assets and liabilities such as interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, convertible bonds, deposits and other receivables, and other payables and accruals. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments either for hedging or for trading purposes. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of the risks which are summarised below:

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to its interest- bearing bank and other borrowings with a floating interest rate. The Group does not use derivative financial instruments to hedge its interest rate risk.

The Group's policy is to manage its interest cost using a mix of fixed and floating rate debts. At 31 December 2020 and 2019, approximately 100% of the Group's interest-bearing bank and other borrowings bore interest at fixed rates. The Group's exposure to interest rate risk is not significant.

Foreign currency risk

The Group's businesses are located in the PRC and all transactions are conducted in RMB. Most of the Group's assets and liabilities are denominated in RMB. The Group has not hedged its foreign exchange rate risk.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the end of the reporting period to a reasonably possible change in the Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$") exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's loss before income tax (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities).

37. 金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具主要包括直接自 其經營產生的現金及現金等價物、受限 制存款、貿易應收款項以及貿易應付款 項。本集團擁有其他金融資產及負債, 如計息銀行及其他借款、可換股債券、 按金及其他應收款項,以及其他應付款 項及應計費用。該等金融工具的主要用 途是為本集團的運營籌集資金。

因本集團金融工具產生的主要風險為利率風險、外幣風險、信貸風險及流動資金風險。本集團並無持有或發行衍生金融工具以作對沖或買賣之用。董事會檢討並同意管理各風險的政策,乃概述如下:

利率風險

本集團因以浮動利率計息的計息銀行及 其他借款有關的利率變動而面臨市場風 險。本集團並無使用衍生金融工具對沖 其利率風險。

本集團之政策為以定息及浮動利率債項 混合的方式管控利息成本。於二零二零 年及二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集 團約全部之計息銀行及其他借款按固定 利率計息。本集團所承受之利率風險並 不重大。

外幣風險

本集團於中國經營業務,所有交易均以 人民幣進行。本集團大部分資產及負債 以人民幣計值。本集團並未對沖其匯率 風險。

下表顯示在所有其他可變因素不變之情 況下,港元(「港元」)匯率之合理可能變 動於報告期末對本集團除所得稅前虧損 (由於貨幣資產及負債之公允價值變動) 之敏感度。

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37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES 37. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續) AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currency risk (Continued)

Decrease

外幣風險(續)

		(Decrease) in HK\$ rate 基準點增加 (減少) %	in loss before income tax 除所得税前虧損 減少(增加) RMB'000 人民幣千元
2020 If HK\$ weakens against RMB If HK\$ strengthens against RMB	二零二零年 倘港元兑人民幣貶值 倘港元兑人民幣升值	5 (5)	5,055 (5,055)
2019 If HK\$ weakens against RMB If HK\$ strengthens against RMB	二零一九年 倘港元兑人民幣貶值 倘港元兑人民幣升值	5 (5)	40 (40)

Credit risk

The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant. For transactions that are not denominated in the functional currency of the relevant operating unit, the Group does not offer credit terms without the specific approval of the Head of Credit Control.

Maximum exposure and year-end staging

The tables below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and period end staging classification at 31 December.

The amounts presented are gross carrying amounts for financial assets and the exposure to credit risk for the financial guarantee contracts.

信貸風險

本集團僅與獲認可且聲譽良好的第三方 進行交易。本集團的政策為所有打算以 信貸期交易的客戶均須接受信貸核實程 序。此外,本集團持續監察應收款項結 餘,故所承受壞賬的風險並不重大。對 於並非以有關營運單位功能貨幣計值的 交易,本集團在未經信貸管理部主管特 定批准的情況下不會給予信貸期。

最高風險及年末階段分類

下表顯示於十二月三十一日,基於本集 團信貸政策的信貸質素及面臨的最高風 險(主要基於過往到期資料,除非有其 他毋須花費不必要成本或精力的可用資 料)及期末階段分類。

呈列的金額為金融資產的賬面總值及金 融擔保合約面臨的信貸風險。

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37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES 37. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續) AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Credit risk (Continued)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging (Continued)

信貸風險(續) 最高風險及年末階段分類(續)

		12-month ECL 12個月		Lifetime ECL		
		預期信 貸虧損	整個	存續期間預期信		
		Stage 1 第一階段 RMB'000	Stage 2 第二階段 RMB'000	Stage 3 第三階段 RMB'000	Simplified approach 簡化方法 RMB'000	RMB′000
At 31 December 2020 於二零二零年十二月三十一日		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade receivables (Note (i)) Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets	貿易應收款項(附註 (i)) 計入預付款項、其他應收 款項及其他資產的金融 資產	_	_	_	48,405	48,405
— Normal (Note (ii))	— 正常(附註 (ii))	96,894	_	_	_	96,894
Doubtful (Note (ii)) Restricted deposits	一 存疑(附註 (ii))受限制存款	_	11,563	216,500	_	228,063
— Not yet past due	一 未逾期	2,573	_	_	_	2,573
Cash and cash equivalents — Not yet past due	現金及現金等價物 一 未逾期	5,249	_	_	_	5,249
		104 746	44.860	046 800	40.40	204.404
		104,716	11,563	216,500	48,405	381,184
		12-month ECL 12個月 預期信貸 虧損	整個	Lifetime ECL 字續期間預期信	貸虧損	
		Chago 1	Chaga 2	Chago 2	Simplified	
		Stage 1 第一階段	Stage 2 第二階段	Stage 3 第三階段	approach 簡化方法	
At 31 December 2019		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
於二零一九年十二月三十一日		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade receivables (Note (i)) Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets	貿易應收款項(附註(i)) 計入預付款項、其他應收 款項及其他資產的金融 資產	_	_	_	24,894	24,894
— Normal (Note (ii))	— 正常(附註 (ii))	196,986	_	_	_	196,986
Restricted deposits — Not yet past due	受限制存款 一 未逾期	3,453	_	_	_	3,453
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物 一 未逾期	181,602				181,602
— Not yet past due	- 木迦州	181,602				161,002
		382,041	_	_	24,894	406,935

Notes:

附註:

- For trade receivables to which the Group applies the simplified approach for impairment, information based on the provision matrix is disclosed in note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.
- 就本集團應用簡化方法作減值的貿易 應收款項而言,資料乃基於綜合財務 報表附註19所披露的撥備矩陣。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES 37. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續) AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Credit risk (Continued)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

The credit quality of the financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets is considered to be "normal" when they are not past due and there is no information indicating that the financial assets had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Otherwise, the credit quality of the financial assets is considered to be "doubtful".

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables and the financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets are disclosed in note 19 and 20 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of the financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets are as follows:

信貸風險(續)

最高風險及年末階段分類(續)

附註:(續)

倘計入預付款項、其他應收款項及其 他資產的金融資產並未逾期且概無資 料顯示該等金融資產的信貸風險自初 始確認以來顯著增加,則其信用質素 被認作「正常」。否則,該等金融資產 的信貸質素被認作「存疑」。

有關本集團因貿易應收款項以及計入預 付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產的金 融資產所產生之信貸風險之進一步定量 資料分別於綜合財務報表附註19及附註 20中披露。

計入預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資 產的金融資產減值撥備虧損變動如下:

		12-month ECL 12個月 預期信貸	Lifetir		
		虧損 Stage 1 第一階段 RMB'000 人民幣千元	整個存續期間 Stage 2 第二階段 RMB'000 人民幣千元	預期信貸虧損 Stage 3 第三階段 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年				
Increase in allowance	一月一日 撥備增加	6,440 3,082		_	6,440 3,082
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日 及二零二零年				
Increase (Decrease) in	一月一日 撥備增加(減少)	9,522	_	_	9,522
allowance, net	淨額	(8,421)	2,115	157,277	150,971
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年				
	一十二月三十一日	1,101	2,115	157,277	160,493

The significant increase in allowance for impairment for the year ended 31 December 2020 is due to the prolonged weak investment sentiments in the commercial property market in the PRC and the Group's delay in project development caused by COVID-19, which adversely affect relationship with the Group's business partner and suppliers.

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 減值撥備大幅增加主要原因為,因疫情 所致,中國商業物業市場的投資情緒持 續走低及本集團項目開發延遲,對本集 團與其業務夥伴及供應商的關係造成不 利影響。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk

The Group monitors its risk to a shortage of funds using a recurring liquidity planning tool. This tool considers the maturity of both its financial instruments and financial assets (e.g., trade receivables) and projected cash flows from operations.

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of interestbearing bank and other borrowings. Cash flows are being closely monitored on an ongoing basis.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, was as follows:

37. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險

本集團採用週期性流動資金計劃監控流 動資金短缺之風險。此工具監控其金融 工具與金融資產(如貿易應收款項)之到 期日以及來自業務現金流量之預測。

本集團的目標為透過使用計息銀行及其 他借款維持資金連續性與靈活性之間的 平衡。現金流量持續受到密切監控。

於報告期末,本集團基於合約未貼現付 款的金融負債到期情況如下:

At 31 December 2020 於二零二零年十二月三十一日		On demand 按要求 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Within 1 year 1年內 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2 to 5 years 2至5年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	5 years 5年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB′000 人民幣千元
	¢π □ de / + - τ					
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	_	374,613	_	_	374,613
Other payables and accruals Interest-bearing bank and other	其他應付款項及應計費用 計息銀行及其他借款	650,083	667,189	_	_	1,317,272
borrowings		2,027,367	_	_	_	2,027,367
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	271,548	_	_	_	271,548
		2,948,998	1,041,802	_	_	3,990,800
At 31 December 2019 於二零一九年十二月三十一日		On demand 按要求 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Within 1 year 1年內 RMB'000 人民幣千元	More than 2 to 5 years 2至5年內 RMB'000 人民幣千元	5 years 5年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	_	291,668	_	_	291,668
Trade payables Other payables and accruals	貿易應付款項 其他應付款項及應計費用	— 187,991	291,668 333,712	_ _	_ _	291,668 521,703
		— 187,991 —	,	 266	- - -	
Other payables and accruals Lease liabilities Interest-bearing bank and other	其他應付款項及應計費用	· —	333,712	 266 	_ _ _	521,703 1,164
Other payables and accruals Lease liabilities	其他應付款項及應計費用 租賃負債	187,991 — 2,036,056 286,495	333,712	 266 	_ _ _ _	521,703
Other payables and accruals Lease liabilities Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	其他應付款項及應計費用 租賃負債 計息銀行及其他借款	2,036,056	333,712	 266 	_ _ 	521,703 1,164 2,036,056

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES 37. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續) AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and a healthy capital ratio in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

The Group monitors capital using a net debt to equity ratio, which is net debt divided by total equity plus net debt. The Group's net debt consists of interest-bearing bank and other borrowings and convertible bonds, less cash and cash equivalents. Total equity includes equity attributable to owners of the parent and non-controlling interests.

At the end of the reporting period the Group's strategy was to maintain the net debt to equity ratio at a healthy capital level in order to support its businesses. The principal strategies adopted by the Group include, but are not limited to, reviewing future cash flow requirements and the ability to meet debt repayment schedules when they fall due, maintaining a reasonable level of available banking facilities and adjusting investment plans and financing plans, if necessary, to ensure that the Group has a reasonable level of capital to support its business. The net debt to equity ratios at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

資本管理

本集團資本管理的主要目標為確保其維 持良好信用評級及穩健的資本比率以支 持其業務及使股東價值最大化。

本集團管理其資本架構並根據經濟狀況 的變動對其作出調整。為維持或調整資 本架構,本集團可調整向股東派付的股 息、向股東返還資本或發行新股。截至 二零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一 日止年度, 並無對管理資本的目標、政 策或程序作出調整。

本集團採用淨債務對權益比率(債務淨 額除以權益總額加債務淨額)監控資 本。本集團的債務淨額包括計息銀行及 其他借款及可換股債券減現金及現金等 價物。權益總額包括母公司擁有人應佔 權益及非控股權益。

於報告期末,本集團的策略是維持淨資 本負債比率處於穩健資本水平以支持其 業務。本集團採納的主要策略包括但不 限於檢討未來現金流量需求及償還到期 債務的能力、維持合理水平的可用銀行 融資及在必要時調整投資計劃及融資計 劃,以確保本集團擁有合理水平的資金 支持其業務。於報告期末的資本負債比 率如下:

		2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元_
Interest-bearing bank and other	計息銀行及其他借款		
borrowings	可必数11及共旭自办	1,873,909	1,890,343
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	252,604	272,967
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	減:現金及現金等價物	(5,249)	(182,225)
Net debt	債務淨額	2,121,264	1,981,085
Total equity	權益總額	864,050	1,979,954
Total equity and net debt	權益總額及債務淨額	2,985,314	3,961,039
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率	71%	50%

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

38. SUBSIDIARIES

38. 附屬公司

Details of the subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period 於報告期末附屬公司的詳情如下: are as follows:

Name of subsidiary 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/registration and business 註冊成立/註冊及營運地點	Issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通股/ 註冊股本	re equity attributable tal to the Company / 本公司應佔 本 權益百分比		Principal activities 主要業務
			Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接	
Xinming Capital Limited	The British Virgin Islands (the "BVI")	US\$50,000	100%	-	Investment holding
Xinming Capital Limited	英屬處女群島 (「BVI」)	50,000美元	100%	_	投資控股
Xinming China Investment Limited 新明中國投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1,000,000 1,000,000港元	_ _	100% 100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Hangzhou Times Enterprise Management Consulting Limited	The PRC	RMB30,000,000	_	100%	Investment holding
杭州時刻企業管理諮詢有限公司	中國	人民幣30,000,000元	_	100%	投資控股
Xinming Group Holding Limited 新明集團控股有限公司	The PRC 中國	RMB50,000,000 人民幣50,000,000元	_ _	100% 100%	Properties development 物業開發
Taizhou City Xinming Real Estate Development Company Limited	The PRC	RMB10,000,000	_	100%	Properties development
台州市新明房地產開發有限公司	中國	人民幣10,000,000元	_	100%	物業開發
Taizhou Xinming Property Investment Limited	The PRC	RMB30,000,000	_	100%	Properties development and properties investment
台州新明置業投資有限公司	中國	人民幣30,000,000元	_	100%	物業開發及物業投資
Taizhou Wenshang Times Property Limited	The PRC	RMB50,000,000	_	100%	Properties development and properties investment
台州溫商時代置業有限公司	中國	人民幣50,000,000元	_	100%	物業開發及物業投資

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

38. SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

38. 附屬公司(續)

已發行普通股/ 註冊股本	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應佔 權益百分比		Principal activities 主要業務	
	Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接		
RMB50,000,000	_	79%	Properties development and properties investment	
人民幣50,000,000元	_	79%	物業開發及物業投資	
RMB100,000,000	_	95%	Properties development and properties investment	
人民幣100,000,000元	_	95%	物業開發及物業投資	
RMB50,000,000	_	75%	Properties development and properties management	
人民幣50,000,000元	_	75%	物業開發及物業管理	
RMB50,000,000	_	100%	Properties development and properties management	
人民幣50,000,000元	_	100%	物業開發及物業管理	
RMB100,000,000	_	100%	Industrial investment	
人民幣100,000,000元	_	100%	實業投資	
RMB100,000,000	_	100%	Industrial investment	
人民幣100,000,000元	_	100%	實業投資	
RMB5,000,000	_	79%	Investment management	
人民幣5,000,000元	_	79%	投資管理	
	RMB5,000,000	RMB5,000,000 — 人民幣5,000,000元 —	RMB5,000,000 - 79% 人民幣5,000,000元 - 79%	

^{*} English name is for identification purpose only.

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

38. SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

38. 附屬公司(續)

上表列出董事認為主要影響年度業績或 構成本集團大部分淨資產的本公司附屬 公司。董事認為,提供其他附屬公司的 詳情將導致詳情過於冗長。

39. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF 39. 本公司的財務狀況表 THE COMPANY

		Note 附註	2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (經重列)
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Investment in a subsidiary	於附屬公司的投資		_	_
Current assets	流動資產			
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項		769,694	769,480
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		1	234
			769,695	769,714
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項		_	5
Convertible bonds	可轉股債券		252,604	272,967
			252,604	272,972
Not succeed and	流動資產淨額			
Net current assets	派 期 頁 圧 净 祖		517,091	496,742
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		517,091	496,742
NET ASSETS	資產淨額		517,091	496,742
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Issued capital	已發行股本		14,880	14,880
Reserves	儲備	39(a)	502,211	481,862
TOTAL EQUITY	股權總額		517,091	496,742

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

39. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

39(a) Movement of the reserves

39. 本公司的財務狀況表(續)

39(a) 儲備變動如下:

	Sh prem 股份》 RMB′ 人民幣=	(累計虧損) 益價 保留盈利 000 RMB'000	儲備總額 RMB'000
Profit and total other 年內	图重列) 496, 溢利及其他全面收	155 (26,443)	469,712
comprehensive income for 益 the year (restated)	總額(經重列)	— 12,150	12,150
1 January 2020 (restated)	零一九年十二月 十一日及 零二零年一月一日 逐重列) 496 ,	155 (1 4,29 3)	481,862
Profit and total other 年內	溢利及其他全面 益總額	— 20,349	,
	零二零年 二月三十一日 496,	155 6,056	502,211

40. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

In addition to information disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, subsequent to 31 December 2020, the Group has the following subsequent events:

In January 2021, the commercial properties held by Shangdong Xingmeng, a 75%-owned indirect subsidiary of the Company were pledged in replace of the originally pledged residential land of Shangdong Xingmeng for the Group's borrowings of RMB500,000,000.

40. 報告期後事項

除該等綜合財務報表中其他部分所披露 的資料外,於二零二零年十二月三十一 日後,本集團有以下期後事項:

於二零二一年一月,就本集團的借款人 民幣500,000,000元,以本公司擁有75% 權益之間接附屬公司山東興盟持有的商 業物業作抵押,以取代山東興盟原抵押 住宅用地。

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

五年財務概要

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

The five-year financial summary is as follows:

五年財務概要如下:

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

				-л-1 н	止 十 反	
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
		二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年	二零一六年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
				(Restated)		(Represented)
				(經重列)		(經重新呈報)
CONTINUING OPERATIONS	持續經營業務					
REVENUE	收益	128,537	163,349	624,711	1,888,193	642,680
Cost of sales	銷售成本	(66,977)	(110,357)	(344,117)	(1,168,338)	(294,840)
Gross profit	毛利	61,560	52,992	280.654	719,855	347,840
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益	3,435	1,076	3,187	163,308	5,815
Selling and distribution costs	銷售及分銷成本	(18,533)	(6,457)	(44,023)	(172,762)	(94,250)
Administrative expenses	行政開支	(48,134)	(63,811)	(87,372)	(80,321)	(82,722)
Other expenses	其他開支	(1,051,238)	(186,823)	(45,428)	(107,364)	(28,414)
Changes in fair value of	投資物業公允價值	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	((- , ,	(- , ,	· · · · · ·
investment properties	變動	(22,900)	146,823	67,785	28,159	59,396
Changes in fair value of	可轉股債券公允價值	(22,300)	1 10,020	07,700	20,107	07,070
convertible bonds	變動	20,363	11,946	(39,897)	_	_
Finance costs	融資成本	(973)	(2,594)	(6,856)	(6,626)	(55)
- Indirect costs	™ 其 /% / T·	(373)	(2,074)	(0,000)	(0,020)	(00)
(LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE	除所得税前(虧損)/					
INCOME TAX	溢利	(1,056,420)	(46,848)	128,050	544,249	207,610
Income tax expenses	所得税開支	(59,484)	(65,670)	(106,596)	(317,441)	(179,437)
	77113 7873	(03)101)	(00/07 0/	(100/070/	(0.777	(.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR	年內自持續經營業務					
THE YEAR FROM	的(虧損)/溢利					
CONTINUING						
OPERATIONS		(1,115,904)	(112,518)	21,454	226,808	28,173
		(1)110/001/	(**=,****)			
DISCONTINUED	已終止經營業務					
OPERATION						
Profit/(loss) and total	期內自已終止經營業					
comprehensive income/	務的溢利/(虧損)					
(loss) for the period from a	及全面收益/					
discontinued operation	(虧損)總額	_	_	_	1,842	(1,153)
alosofithiada opolation	(IE) I A I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I				1,042	(1,100)
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR	年內(虧損)/溢利					
THE YEAR	,	(1,115,904)	(112,518)	21,454	228,650	27,020

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

五年財務概要

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

		For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2018 二零一八年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (經重列)	2017 二零一七年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2016 二零一六年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Represented) (經重新呈報)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)	其他全面(虧損)					
Other comprehensive income that will not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:	於後續期間將不會重 新分類至損益的 其他綜合收益:					
Equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income:	指定按公允價值計入 其他全面收益之權 益投資:					
Changes in fair value	公允價值變動	_	_	(1,245)		
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS, NET OF TAX	其他全面虧損 (扣除税項)	_		(1,245)	_	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME	全面收益(虧損)總額	(1,115,904)	(112,518)	20,209	228,650	27,020
ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the parent	以下人士應佔: 母公司擁有人					
company Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(1,000,756) (115,148)	(116,976) 4,458	41,666 (21,457)	242,278 (13,628)	10,211 16,809
- INOT CONTROLLING INTERESTS	7 F 1 工 / X / E	(113,140)	4,430	(21,407)	(10,020)	10,007
		(1,115,904)	(112,518)	20,219	228,650	27,020
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債 北海動姿多	2 206 200	2 422 004	2 227 407	2 1 / / 0 5 2	2 1/5 052
Non-current assets Current assets	非流動資產 流動資產	3,386,208 3,036,023	3,422,084 3,321,400	3,227,497 3,609,062	3,144,853 3,608,739	3,165,852 4,721,338
Current liabilities	流動負債	4,977,168	4,234,015	3,296,009	3,306,640	4,054,876
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	581,013	529,515	1,448,043	1,364,906	1,891,774
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(20,403)	94,745	90,287	113,565	180,385
Total equity	權益總額	864,050	1,979,954	2,092,507	2,082,046	1,940,540



