

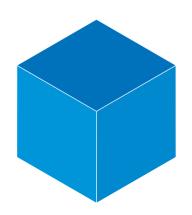
# IN CONSTRUCTION HOLDINGS LIMITED

現恒建築控股有限公司 (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

(Stock code 股份代號: 1500)

# 2021

Annual Report 年報



# 1

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### **Corporate Information**

#### 公司資料

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS Executive Directors

Lau Pak Man Cheng Wing Cheong Kwan Kit Sum Kit

#### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Leung Chi Kin Lam Chi Hung Louis Yau Chi Man Norman (also known as Iao Chi Meng)

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Leung Chi Kin Lam Chi Hung Louis Yau Chi Man Norman (also known as Iao Chi Meng)

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Yau Chi Man Norman (also known as Iao Chi Meng) Kwan Kit Sum Kit Leung Chi Kin

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Lam Chi Hung Louis Cheng Wing Cheong Yau Chi Man Norman (also known as Iao Chi Meng)

#### **AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES**

Kwan Kit Sum Kit Wong Sin Yi Reginia

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Wong Sin Yi Reginia

#### **AUDITOR**

KPMG

Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance with the Financial Reporting Council Ordinance

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited Wing Lung Bank Limited The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

#### 董事會

#### 執行董事

劉伯文 鄭榮昌 關潔心

#### 獨立非執行董事

梁梓堅 林志雄 丘子敏

#### 審核委員會

梁梓堅 林志雄 丘子敏

#### 薪酬委員會

丘子敏 關潔心 梁梓堅

#### 提名委員會

林志雄 鄭榮昌 丘子敏

#### 授權代表

關潔心 王倩儀

#### 公司秘書

王倩儀

#### 核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所 於《財務滙報局條例》下的註冊公眾利益實 體核數師

#### 主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司 永隆銀行有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

## Corporate Information (continued) 公司資料(續)

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Windward 3 Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

# HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

26/F, Park Avenue Tower 5 Moreton Terrace Causeway Bay Hong Kong

# HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

# CAYMAN ISLANDS PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Ltd. Windward 3 Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

#### **WEBSITE**

www.inconstruction.hk

#### STOCK CODE

Hong Kong Stock Exchange 1500

#### 註冊辦事處

Windward 3 Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

#### 總部及香港主要營業地點

香港銅鑼灣 摩頓臺5號 百富中心26樓

#### 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

#### 開曼群島股份過戶登記總處

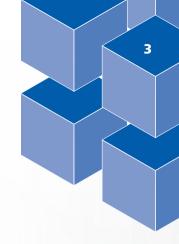
Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Ltd. Windward 3 Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

#### 網站

www.inconstruction.hk

#### 股份代號

香港聯交所1500



#### Annual Report 2021

#### Chairman's Statement 主席報告

To Our Shareholders.

On behalf of the Board of Directors of In Construction Holdings Limited (the "Company"), I am pleased to present you with the annual report for the year ended 31 March 2021 (the "Financial Year 2020/21").

Founded in 1996, our Company is an experienced general and foundation contractor serving the Hong Kong building and construction industries by offering quality and flexible solutions to our customers. Using our ability to solve different and complex issues on construction projects, we continue to build trust and credibility with our existing and new customers. We could not have done it without the support of our business partners who have been working with us over the years. The implementation of our self-developed, successful formula in project management, together with our strong bond with our customers and partners, has enabled us to withstand the up and down in market conditions that we experienced since the beginning.

Though we are faced with ever increasing competition among contractors in tendering for new projects, we are mindful to maintain our profit margin to safeguard our shareholders' interests. Nevertheless, we remain confident and are well-positioned in the market as our operation model of subcontracting works allows us flexibility to remain resilient to adverse impact. In this financial year, facing strong competitions, we are still able to be awarded 4 new contracts with an aggregate contract sum of HK\$468.2 million, as compared to 5 new contracts with an aggregate contract sum of HK\$392.2 million in last financial year.

Looking ahead, it is expected that 2021 will be filled with more uncertainties as a result of the continuing pandemic. The recovery of the Hong Kong's economy depends not only on the success of vaccines, but also the co-operation of the general public to minimise the effect of pandemic in our workplaces as well as in our daily social life.

We have followed the Site Hygiene Plan as advised by the Department of Health to minimise the risk of contracting and spreading infections disease cases in workplaces. Due to the effective mitigation efforts of the Site Hygiene Plan, the pandemic has limited impact on our financial results.

致我們的股東:

本人代表現恆建築控股有限公司(「本公司」)董事會,欣然向 閣下呈列截至二零 二一年三月三十一日止年度(「二零二零/ 二一財政年度」)的年報。

本公司於一九九六年創立,作為經驗豐富 的總承建商及地基承建商為香港建築及建 造業服務,為客戶提供優質及靈活的解決 方案。憑藉我們解決各類項目不同複雜問 題的能力,我們繼續贏得現有及新客戶信 賴。若無多年來與我們合作的業務夥伴支 持,我們難以取得上述成果。履行我們於 項目管理中自行開發的成功方式,連同我 們與客戶及夥伴的穩固關係,令我們於自 最初經歷的波動市況中屹立不倒。

雖然在新項目投標中面對承建商之間不斷增加的競爭,我們時刻緊記維持我們利潤率以保障我們股東權益。然而,由於我們分包工程的營運模式給予我們靈活性以對不利影響仍然俱備較多的適應能力,我們仍然確信及於市場上處於有利地位。於本財政年度,在面臨激烈的競爭下,我們仍然能夠獲授4項新項目,合約總額為468.2百萬港元,而上一個財政年度則獲授5項新項目,合約總額為392.2百萬港元。

展望未來,因應大流行病毒持續,預期 2021年將充滿著更多不確定因素。香港經 濟復蘇除依靠疫苗的成效外,還有賴普羅 大眾於工作及日常社交生活中合作,以減 低大流行病毒之影響。

本公司遵從衞生署建議的地盤衞生計劃, 以盡量減低於工作地點感染及散播傳染 病。因應有效地實施地盤衞生計劃,大流 行病毒對本公司的財務表現沒有重大影 響。

#### 現恆建築控股有限公司 2021年報

#### Chairman's Statement (continued) 主席報告(續)

In facing the above, nevertheless we will continue to adhere to our strategy of focusing on 'design and build' projects. With our long established standing in the construction industry, our experienced management team, the listing platform and healthy financial position, our management team will use their best endeavor to build value over the medium to long term for our shareholders.

On the behalf of our board, I would like to express our sincere gratitude to our management team and all our staff for their hard work and dedication, as well as our shareholders, business associates and other professional parties for their support at this uncertain time.

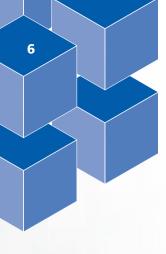
雖然面對以上問題,我們將繼續堅持專注於「設計及建築」項目的策略。憑藉本集團於建築行業的悠久聲譽、具有豐富經驗的管理團隊、上市平台及穩健財務狀況,管理團隊將竭力繼續為股東創造中長遠價值。

本人代表董事會謹此衷心感謝管理團隊及 全體員工的辛勤工作與奉獻,以及感謝股 東、業務夥伴及其他專業人士於此不穩定 時間的鼎力支持。

**Lau Pak Man** *Chairman*Hong Kong, 25 June 2021

劉伯文

*主席* 香港,二零二一年六月二十五日



#### Highlights 摘要

HK\$'m378.8 百萬港元

Down HK\$15.1m from FY19/20

較二零一九/二零財政年度減少15.1百萬港元

REVENUE 收益

HK\$'m56.6 百萬港元

**Up HK\$30.4m from FY19/20** 

較二零一九/二零財政年度增加30.4百萬港元

GROSS PROFIT 毛利

HKcents 3.5 港仙

HK0.5 cents in FY19/20

二零一九/二零財政年度為0.5港仙

EARNINGS PER SHARE 每股盈利

HK\$'m28.7 百萬港元

**Up HK\$24.9m from FY19/20** 

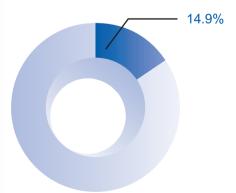
較二零一九/二零財政年度增加24.9百萬港元

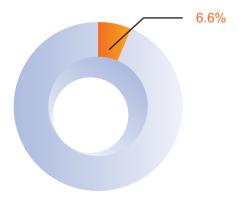
NET PROFIT 純利

GROSS PROFIT MARGIN FY 2020/2021

二零二零/二一財政年度毛利率

GROSS PROFIT MARGIN FY 2019/2020 二零一九/二零財政年度毛利率





## **Management Discussion and Analysis**

管理層討論及分析

#### BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Group is principally engaged as a contractor in the foundation industry in Hong Kong, undertaking foundation works as well as associated works including demolition works, site formation works, ground investigation field works and general building works for local customers.

#### **Business Review**

The Group has been engaged to undertake foundation and associated works in the private sector construction projects in Hong Kong, with an emphasis on design and build projects and undertaking the role as a main contractor.

The Group places emphasis on design and build projects because of the flexibility and capability in coming up with foundation design plan that suits its customers' requirements and the site conditions. During the Financial Year 2020/21, the Group has successfully carried out construction works with alternative design which not only complies with the technical requirements but also be more cost efficient for "design and build" contracts. The cost efficient proposals allow the Group to offer its customers a more competitive pricing and at the same time secure its profit margin for the year.

During the Financial Year 2020/21, four new projects with an aggregate contract value of HK\$468.2 million were awarded to the Group. Seven existing projects were completed during the year. As at 31 March 2021, three projects with the outstanding contract sum of HK\$260.7 million were all in progress.

#### 業務及財務回顧

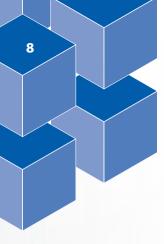
本集團主要作為承建商於香港從事地基業,負責本地客戶的地基工程以及相關工程,包括拆卸工程、地盤平整工程、現場土地勘測工程及一般建築工程。

#### 業務回顧

本集團獲邀承接香港私營建築項目的地 基工程及相關工程,專注於設計及建造項目,並擔任總承建商。

本集團專注於設計及建造項目,乃因其靈活地且有能力製作迎合客戶要求及符合地盤狀況的地基設計計劃。於二零二零/二一財政年度,就「設計及建造」合約而言,本集團已成功以替代設計進行建築工程,不僅符合技術要求,且更具成本效益。具成本效益的方案允許本集團向其客戶提供更具競爭力的價格,並同時於本年度獲得利潤。

於二零二零/二一財政年度,本集團獲授合約總值為468.2百萬港元的四個新項目。七個現有項目已於年內完成。於二零二一年三月三十一日,未完工合約金額260.7百萬港元的三個項目全部仍為在建



**BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW** 

業務及財務回顧(續)

(continued)

**Business Review (continued)** 

業務回顧(續)

Status as at 31 March 2021

Year of award/project 獲授年度/項目

Type of contract

於二零二一年

合約類型

三月三十一日的狀況

Year 2018-2019

二零一八至二零一九年度

Kok Cheung Street, Tai Kok Tsui 大角咀角祥街 Tai Po Kau 大埔滘

Caine Road 堅道

Design and build Completed 設計及建造 已完工 Design and build Completed

設計及建造 已完工 Design and build Completed 設計及建造 已完工

Year 2019-2020

二零一九至二零二零年度

Hok Yuen Street 鶴園街 Tung Street 東街 Kwun Chui Road

管翠路 Liberty Avenue 自由道

Hang On Street 恒安街

Year 2020-2021

二零二零至二零二一年度 Wo Shang Wai

和牛圍 Des Voeux Road Central

德輔道中 Wellington Road Street

威靈頓街 Fuk Wang Street

福宏街

Design and build Work in progress 在建

設計及建造 Design and build 設計及建造 **Build only** 僅建造

Design and build 設計及建造 Design and build 設計及建造

Monitoring and

maintenance

設計及建造

設計及建造

Design and build

**Build only** 

僅建造

已完工 Completed

Completed

已完工 Completed 已完工 Completed 已完工

Work in progress

在建

監測及保養 Design and build Not yet commenced

尚未開始

Work in progress

在建

Not yet commenced

尚未開始

# BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued) Financial Review

During the Financial Year 2020/21, there were 19 projects contributing revenue and gross profit of approximately HK\$378.8 million and HK\$56.6 million, respectively, whereas revenue and gross profit for the Financial Year 2019/20 of HK\$393.9 million and HK\$26.2 million, respectively were contributed by 18 projects. Top five projects contributed revenue amounted to HK\$273.2 million (2020: HK\$341.3 million), in which the top project contributed 32.2% of the total revenue.

The Group recorded a decrease in contract revenue for the year ended 31 March 2021 by approximately HK\$15.1 million as compared with that of the corresponding year in 2020. Gross profit increased by approximately HK\$30.4 million, to approximately HK\$56.6 million for the current year from approximately HK\$26.2 million for the corresponding year in 2020. Gross profit margin increased to 14.9% for the current year from 6.6% for the corresponding year in 2020. Such increase was primarily attributable to recovery of extension of time and the amount of certified variation orders for completed projects.

Administrative and other operating expenses increased by approximately HK\$5.1 million to approximately HK\$27.7 million, compared with approximately HK\$22.6 million of the Financial Year 2019/20, which was mainly due to increase of write-off of trade and other receivables by HK\$5.9 million.

As a result, profit before taxation for the Financial Year 2020/21 increased by HK\$29.4 million or 683.7% to HK\$33.7 million, from the last financial year of HK\$4.3 million.

#### 業務及財務回顧(續)

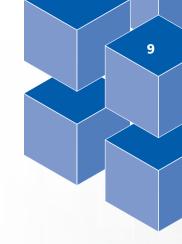
#### 財務回顧

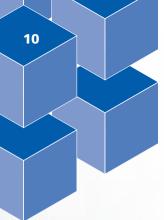
於二零二零/二一財政年度,19個項目分別貢獻收益及毛利約378.8百萬港元及56.6百萬港元,而於二零一九/二零財政年度的收益及毛利393.9百萬港元及26.2百萬港元由18個項目貢獻。五大項目貢獻的收益為273.2百萬港元(二零二零年:341.3百萬港元),其中最大項目貢獻總收益之32.2%。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止,本集團所錄得之合約收益較二零二零年同年減少約15.1百萬港元。毛利由二零二零年同年約26.2百萬港元增加約30.4百萬港元至本年度約56.6百萬港元。毛利率亦由二零二零年同年的6.6%增加至本年度的14.9%,主要由於收回若干已完成項目的延期時限及已認證的變更項目款項。

行政及其他經營開支增加約5.1百萬港元至約27.7百萬港元,而二零一九/二零財政年度為約22.6百萬港元,主要由於貿易及其他應收款項撇賬增加5.9百萬元。

因此,二零二零/二一財政年度除税前溢利增加29.4百萬港元或683.7%至33.7百萬港元,而上一個財政年度則為4.3百萬港元。





# BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

#### **Principal Risks and Uncertainties**

#### Highly regulated industry

The foundation industry is a highly regulated industry and the Group is required to maintain certain registrations under the laws of Hong Kong. In order to renew and maintain these registrations, the Group is required to comply with certain criteria set by the relevant governmental departments and authorities such as the Buildings Department and the Development Bureau. These include the maintenance of certain financial criteria such as working capital level, the adequacy of our management structure and the appropriate experience and qualification of our personnel.

Any suspension of or a failure to maintain or renew the Group's registrations could materially and adversely affect the Group's business.

#### Uncertainty in construction progress

Due to the nature of foundation works, the foundation and structure of any buildings adjacent to the Group's construction sites may be affected or damaged during the construction process.

The Group may incur additional cost and time in carrying out remedial works and this may cause material delay in completing a project. The Group may face claims from customers for losses and for liquidated and ascertained damages due to delay. Further, the Group may also be exposed to claims and disputes from third parties arising from damage caused to the adjacent buildings. Such claims, legal and other proceedings may affect the Group's reputation and also increase the costs of the projects undertaken by the Group, resulting in adverse impact on the financial performance of the Group.

#### 業務及財務回顧(續)

#### 主要風險及不確定因素

#### 高度規管行業

地基行業乃受高度規管的行業,而本集團 須根據香港法例保持若干註冊。為重續及 保持該等註冊,本集團須遵守相關政府部 門及機構,例如屋宇署及發展局,所設定 的若干標準。該等標準包括達到若干財務 標準,如營運資金水準、管理架構是否充 足及員工的經驗及資歷是否合適。

任何本集團的註冊被暫時吊銷或未能保持 或重續該等註冊,均可能對本集團業務產 生重大不利影響。

#### 建築過程的不確定因素

基於地基工程的性質,鄰近本集團的建築 地盤的任何樓宇的地基及結構可能於建造 過程受影響或損毀。

本集團可能就進行補救工作產生額外成本及時間,此可能導致項目完工出現重大延誤。本集團可能就因延誤造成的損失及協定及確定損害賠償遭到客戶索償。此外,本集團亦可能因鄰近樓宇受損遭受第三方索償及所引起的紛爭。該等索償、法律及其他訴訟程式可能影響本集團信譽,亦增加本集團承接項目的成本,引致對本集團財務表現產生不利影響。

# BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

#### **Principal Risks and Uncertainties (continued)**

#### Failure to bid new contract

The Group's business relies on successful tenders that determine the award of contracts for foundation works and/ or associated works. Given the non-recurring nature of these contract awards and the fact that the Group does not have long-term commitment with its customers, the number of contracts awarded to the Group may vary from year to year.

Upon the completion of its contracts on hand, the Group's financial performance may be adversely affected if the Group is unable to secure new tenders or obtain new contract awards with comparable contract sums or at all.

#### Uncertain external factors

Despite the fact that the construction industry is one of the traditional core industries in Hong Kong and it is currently benefitting from strong housing needs and large government infrastructure projects, the construction industry may suffer adverse impact in the event of any change in government policies, sudden economic setback, social unrest and unanticipated natural disasters and outbreak of serious disease. Since our customers are mostly private sector property developers, the future growth and profitability of the foundation industry largely depend on the continued prosperity of the property market and the construction industry in Hong Kong.

Although the Group has a number of contracts on hand, these external factors may affect the number of new construction projects available in the private sector in medium to long term.

#### 業務及財務回顧(續)

#### 主要風險及不確定因素(續)

#### 未能中標新合約

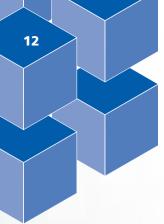
本集團的業務取決於成功中標,以決定是 否取得地基工程及/或相關工程合約。鑒 於該等獲授合約的非經常性質及事實是本 集團對客戶並無長期承諾,本集團獲授的 合約數量或會按年轉變。

完成手上的合約後,倘本集團未能取得新的投標或合約總額相約的新合約,或兩者均未能取得,本集團財務表現或會受到不利影響。

#### 不確定外部因素

儘管事實為建造業乃香港傳統核心產業之一,且其現時受惠於強勁的住房需求及政府大型基建項目,倘政府政策變動、經濟突然倒退、社會動蕩及發生無法預料的自然災害及嚴重疾病爆發,建造業可能受到不利影響。由於我們的客戶大部分為私營物業發展商,地基業日後的增長及盈利能力很大程度上取決於香港物業市場及建造業是否持續興旺。

雖然本集團有若干份手頭合約,該等外部 因素可能在中長期影響於私營市場可獲得 的新建築項目數量。



# BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued) Relationships with Customers, Working Partners and Employees

The Group maintains long-term relationships with its customers and working partners (including sub-contractors, suppliers and consultants), some of which have established more than 10 years of working relationship with the Group. The close working relationship can also be demonstrated by the increasing number of customer portfolios and continuous cooperation with working partners which may be engaged by the Group in one or more of its projects at the same time. Building successful long-term relationships with them is a key element of the Group's business model, which is closely interlinked with all the other elements of its model. Successful long-term relationships are built on trust – a trust that the Group is able to provide quality service and excellent customer experience. To achieve this, the Group needs experienced people with the right skills and capabilities as well as continuous supports from its working partners.

The Group also maintains a very stable and experienced management team and an amicable long-term relationship with its employees. The Group has a low staff turnover rate of 9% in the project management team in 2021 (2020: 4%) and many of the Group's skilled employees have worked with the Group for a number of years. The Group's key management team comprises three executive Directors and the Chief Financial Officer, the biography of each is set out under the section headed "Biographies of Directors and Senior Management" in this report. The Group's experienced management team, coupled with a stable pool of skilled labour, is one of its key drives in delivering high quality work to customers in order to attain high customers' satisfaction.

#### 業務及財務回顧(續)

#### 與客戶、工作夥伴及僱員的關係

本集團亦維持非常穩定及經驗豐富的管理團隊,並與其員工保持長期友好關係。本集團於二零二一年項目管理團隊的員工流失率較低,為9%(二零二零年:4%),且本集團很多熟練員工已為本集團工作若干年。本集團的重要管理團隊包括三名執行董事及首席財務總裁,各履歷載於本報告「董事及高級管理人員履歷」一節。本集團經驗豐富的管理團隊連同一批穩定的方戶提供優質工程以令客戶高度滿意的主要推動力之一。

# BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued) Environmental Policies

The Group emphasises on environmental protection when undertaking its projects. The Group was awarded the ISO 14001:2015 (environment management system accreditation). The current ISO 14001:2015 certificate is valid from 8 August 2020 to 3 September 2023. When preparing the tender documents, the Group will take into consideration the environmental protection requirements of potential customers as well as the relevant laws and regulations in relation to environmental protection. The Group's safety and environmental officers are responsible for ensuring that the Group satisfies the applicable laws and regulations requirements and identifying and reporting on environmental issues to our project management team.

#### **Compliance with Relevant Laws and Regulation**

The Group mainly undertakes foundation works and associated works for construction projects in the private sector in Hong Kong and is thus subject to the rules and regulations implemented by the Buildings Department which regulates contractors in the private sector. The Directors confirmed that during the Financial Year 2020/2021 and up to the date of this report, the Group had obtained all the registrations and certifications required for its business and operations in Hong Kong, and had complied with the applicable laws and regulations in Hong Kong in all material respects.

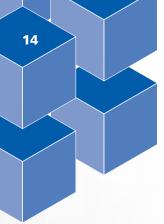
#### 業務及財務回顧(續)

#### 環保政策

本集團在進行項目時注重環保。本集團獲授ISO 14001:2015(環保管理系統認證)。現時ISO 14001:2015證書的有效期由二零二零年八月八日至二零二三年九月三日。於準備投標文件時,本集團會考慮潛在客戶的環保要求以及與環保有關的相關法律及法規。本集團符合適用法律及法規的規定,並找出環保方面的問題,向項目管理團隊匯報。

#### 遵守相關法律及法規

本集團主要於香港私營市場承接建築項目 地基工程及相關工程,因此須遵守屋宇署 規管私營承建商所頒佈的規則及規例。董 事確認,於二零二零/二零二一財政年度 及直至本報告日期,本集團已取得香港業 務及經營所需的所有註冊及證書,並於所 有重大方面遵守香港適用法律及法規。



# LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

#### 流動資金、財務資源及資本架構

As at 31 March 於三月三十一日 2021 2020 二零二一年 二零二零年

Current ratio Gearing ratio<sup>1</sup> 流動比率 資產負債比率<sup>1</sup> 4.7 10.1% 3.0 17.2%

Note:

 Gearing ratio is calculated based on debts including lease liabilities, bank loan and shareholder's loan divided by the total equity as at the reporting dates. 附註:

資產負債比率按債項(包括租賃負債、銀行貸款及股東貸款)除以報告日期的權益總額計算。

Gearing ratio decreased by 7.1% as at 31 March 2021 as compared to that as at 31 March 2020 was mainly due to repayment of HK\$10 million bank loan during the year ended 31 March 2021.

As at 31 March 2021, the Group had cash and bank balances of HK\$56.0 million (2020: HK\$46.1 million), of which HK\$41.8 million (2020: HK\$35.6 million) were restricted bank balances. Such restricted bank balances were held for the purpose of the issuance of surety bonds for our projects and requirement of our general banking facilities. As at 31 March 2021, the Group had no bank overdrafts (2020: Nil).

The capital structure of the Group consisted of equity of HK\$277.4 million, with HK\$28.1 million debts as at 31 March 2021.

The Group adopts a prudent approach in cash management. Apart from certain debts including lease liabilities and shareholder's loan, the Group did not have any material outstanding debts as at 31 March 2021. Payment to settle trade payable represented the significant part of the cash outflow of the Group. Taking into account the light debt leverage, the Group is able to generate cash and meet upcoming cash requirements. In any case, the Group may utilise its banking facilities of HK\$170.0 million, of which the unutilised and unrestricted banking facilities amounted to approximately HK\$129.4 million.

於二零二一年三月三十一日,資產負債比率較二零二零年三月三十一日減少7.1%,主要由於二零二一年三月三十一日年內償還銀行貸款10百萬港元。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團擁有56.0百萬港元(二零二零年:46.1百萬港元)的現金及銀行結餘,當中41.8百萬港元)的現金及銀行結餘,當中41.8百萬港元(二零二零年:35.6百萬港元)為受限制銀行結餘。該等受限制銀行結餘乃持作為項目發行擔保債券及用作我們的一般銀行融資需要。於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團並無銀行透支(二零二零年:無)。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團的資本架構包括277.4百萬港元之權益及28.1 百萬港元之債項。

本集團採用審慎方法進行現金管理。除某些債項包括租賃負債及股東貸款外,於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團並無任何重大未償還債項。結算應付貿易賬款的付款佔大部分本集團現金流出。考慮到負債比率較低,本集團能夠產生現金及滿足現時現金需要。本集團在任何情況下均可動用其170.0百萬港元之銀行融資,其中約129.4百萬港元為尚未動用及無限制的銀行融資。

#### **EMPLOYEES**

The Group had 41 full-time employees as at 31 March 2021 (2020: 50). The Group offers a competitive remuneration package that is based on the overall market rates and employee performance, as well as the performance of the Group. The remuneration package comprised of salary, a performance-based bonus, and other benefits including training and mandatory provident funds.

#### **CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

The Group had no capital commitments as at 31 March 2021 (2020: Nil).

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

Save as disclosed in note 22 to the financial statements, the Group had no other contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2021.

#### **CHARGE OVER ASSETS**

Save as disclosed in notes 13, 14 and 17(b) to the financial statements, as at 31 March 2021, the Group had no other significant assets under pledge (2020: Nil).

#### SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS OR DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND AFFILIATED COMPANIES, AND PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

There were no significant investments held, material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries and affiliated companies during the Financial Year 2020/21. There is no other plan for material investments or capital assets as at 31 March 2021.

#### 僱員

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團有41 名全職僱員(二零二零年:50名)。本集團 根據整體市場水準及個別僱員之表現,以 及本集團之業務表現,提供具競爭力之薪 酬待遇。薪酬待遇包括薪金及績效花紅, 以及包括培訓及强積金在內之其他福利。

#### 資本承擔

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團並無 資本承擔(二零二零年:無)。

#### 或然負債

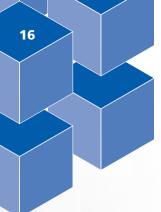
除於財務報表附註22所披露者外,於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團並無其他或 然負債。

#### 資產抵押

除財務報表附註13,14及17(b)所披露者外,於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團並無其他重大資產抵押(二零二零年:無)。

持有重大投資、重大收購或出售 附屬公司及聯屬公司,以及重大 投資或資本資產的計劃

於二零二零/二一財政年度內,本集團概 無持有重大投資、重大收購或出售附屬公司及聯屬公司。於二零二一年三月三十一 日,概無重大投資或資本資產的其他計 劃。



#### USE OF NET PROCEEDS FROM LISTING

The net proceeds ("Net Proceeds") from the listing of the shares of the Company (the "Listing") will be utilised subsequent to the Listing in accordance with the proposed applications set out in the section headed "Future Plans and Use of Proceeds" of the prospectus of the Company dated 31 March 2015, the announcements of the Company dated 7 August 2015, 28 March 2018 and the supplemental announcement dated 21 August 2020. The below table sets out the proposed applications of the Net Proceeds and actual usage up to 31 March 2021 and the expected timeline of application of utilised Net Proceeds:

#### 上市所得款項淨額用途

本公司股份上市(「上市」)所得款項淨額(「所得淨額」)將於上市後根據本公司日期為二零一五年三月三十一日之招股章程「未來計劃及所得款項用途」一節及本公司日期為二零一五年八月七日、二零一八年三月二十八日之公佈及日期為二零二零年八月二十一日之補充公告所載之疑定用途使用。下表載列截至二零二一年三月三十一日止的所得款項淨額擬定用途、際使用及未動用所得淨額預計使用時間:

		Proposed application	Actual usage up to 31 March 2021 截至 二零二一年 三月三十一日	
		<b>擬定用途</b> HK\$′ million 百萬港元	上的實際用途 HK\$' million 百萬港元	
Hiring of additional staff Acquisition of additional machinery	招聘額外員工 收購額外機器和設備	2.9	2.9	
and equipment		29.9	29.9	
Financing for the issue of	就未來項目發行擔保			
surety bonds for future projects	債券融資	56.7	51.7	
General working capital	一般營運資金	10.0	10.0	
		99.5	94.5	
	•			

Expected timeline of application of unutilised Net Proceeds

未動用所得淨額預計 使用時間

By 31 March 2022 二零二二年三月三十一日前

# REASONS FOR DELAY IN THE USE OF NET PROCEEDS

The original expected timeline of unutilised Net Proceeds in respect of the financing for the issue of surety bonds for future projects was 31 March 2020. The delay in the use of Net Proceeds arose mainly:

- (i) Some projects do not require the issue of surety bonds;
- (ii) Projects tendered with a relatively low contract sum require surety bonds with smaller amount.

#### 延遲使用所得淨額之原因

未動用所得淨額中用作發行未來項目的 屨約保證的融資原預計使用時間為二零 二零年三月三十一日。延遲使用所得淨 額主要由於:

- (i) 有些工程是不需要出具屨約保證;
- (ii) 承包的工程款項金額較少,故出具 屨約保證金額也相對較少。

#### **FUTURE PROSPECTS**

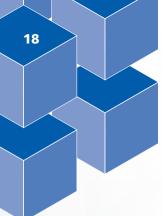
Taking into account the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region's policy in increasing land supply and commitment to infrastructure investments, the Group expects a rebound in the foundation industry in the long run. Despite the vigorous competition in the Hong Kong construction industry, the Board is confident with the Group's future development in its net profit and scale of operations due to its long established reputation, the listing platform and healthy financial position. To maintain its competitive edge, the Group continues to adhere to its business strategy, by expanding our capacity to capture more business opportunities, reinforcing its capability in foundation design and project management skills, and offering qualitative and flexible solution to its customers.

The outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic affect the whole world and all business sectors. Fortunately, the impact on the foundation industry in Hong Kong is relatively low. However, the Group will continue to assess the development of the COVID-19 pandemic and its impact on both the operational and financial aspects. The Group will take every precautionary measures to minimise the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic to the Group.

#### 未來前景

考慮到香港特別行政區政府增加土地供應的政策以及對基建投資的承諾,本集團預計從長遠來看建築業將會復甦。儘管香港建築業競爭激烈,董事會仍對本集團憑為人聲譽、上市平臺及穩健財務狀況令未來淨利潤及營運規模取得發展充滿信心。為保持競爭力,本集團繼續堅持其業務略,擴大產能以捕捉更多商機,增強地優質靈活的解決方案。

2019冠狀病毒病(COVID-19)的爆發影響全球及各行各業。幸好對香港地基業影響較低。但本集團仍將繼績評估COVID-19疫情的發展及對本集團營運及財務方面的影響。本集團將採取各項預防措施以減低COVID-19疫情對集團的影響。



# Biographies of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理人員履歷

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. Lau Pak Man (劉伯文), aged 66, is our Chairman, Chief Executive Officer, executive Director and General Manager of the Group. Mr. Lau, together with Mr. Cheng Wing Cheong, are the founders of the Group. Mr. Lau is responsible for overall strategic development, project management and client management of the Group. Mr. Lau has also been a director of In Construction Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, since 20 December 1996. Mr. Lau obtained a Bachelor of Science degree in Civil Engineering from the University of Leeds in July 1979. Mr. Lau has nearly 30 years of extensive experience in the construction industry in Hong Kong since 1991. Prior to founding In Construction Limited in December 1996, Mr. Lau was the project manager and contract manager of Fong On Construction & Engineering Co Ltd. between January 1991 till December 1994 and January 1995 till December 1996, respectively. who was mainly responsible for H-piling foundations, supply and installations projects as well as a construction and redevelopment project. Mr. Lau has been a member of the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers since July 1992, a chartered engineer of the Institution of Civil Engineers, London, England since November 1984, a member of the Institution of Civil Engineers since December 1983, a member of the Institute of Highways and Transportation, London, England since March 1983 and is a registered professional engineer (civil) of Engineers Registration Board. Mr. Lau is the spouse of Ms. Kwan Kit Sum Kit.

Mr. Cheng Wing Cheong (鄭榮昌), aged 66, is our executive Director and the Director — Construction of the Group. Mr. Cheng, together with Mr. Lau Pak Man, are the founders of the Group and is responsible for overseeing the tender process including foundation design and project budget, as well as quality control of our projects. Mr. Cheng has been a director of In Construction Limited since 20 December 1996. Mr. Cheng obtained a Bachelor of Science degree in Engineering from the University of Hong Kong in October 1977. In the course of his career, Mr. Cheng has accumulated more than 20 years of comprehensive experience in the construction industry. Between May 1989 and August 1992, Mr. Cheng worked in China Overseas Foundation Engineering Limited as a director and deputy general manager.

#### 執行董事

劉伯文先生,66歲,為本集團的主席、行 政總裁、執行董事及總經理。劉先生(連 同鄭榮昌先生)為本集團的創辦人。劉先 生負責本集團的整體策略發展、項目管理 及客戶管理。劉先生自一九九六年十二 月二十日起亦為現恆建築有限公司(本集 團間接全資附屬公司)的董事。劉先生於 一九七九年七月獲利茲大學頒授土木工 程理學士學位。劉先生自一九九一年起於 香港建造業擁有將近30年的豐富經驗。於 一九九六年十二月成立現恆建築有限公 司之前,自一九九一年一月至一九九四年 十二月及自一九九五年一月至一九九六 年十二月,劉先生分別為晃安建築工程有 限公司的項目經理及合同經理,主要負 責工字樁地基、供應及安裝項目以及建 築及再開發項目。自一九九二年七月起, 劉先生一直為香港工程師協會的會員; 自一九八四年十一月起,為英國倫敦土木 工程師協會特許工程師; 自一九八三年 十二月起,為土木工程師協會的會員;自 一九八三年三月起為英國倫敦高速公路及 運輸協會會員及工程師註冊管理局的註冊 專業工程師(土木)。劉先生為關潔心女士 的配偶。

鄭榮昌先生,66歲,為本集團的執行董事及建築總監。鄭先生連同劉伯文先生為本集團的創辦人並負責監督投標程序,包括地基設計及項目預算,以及項目行生制。鄭先生自一九九六年十二月二十生 起擔任現恆建築有限公司的董事。授工生於一九七七年十月獲香港大學頒先工程學理學士學位。於其職業生涯中,鄭先生已於建造業累積逾20年的豐富經驗。於一九八九年五月至一九九二年八月,至於中國海外基礎工程有限公司擔任董事及副總經理。

# Biographies of Directors and Senior Management (continued) 董事及高級管理人員履歷(續)

Ms. Kwan Kit Sum Kit (關潔心), aged 49, is our executive Director and the Director – Operations of the Group. Ms. Kwan is responsible for project management and coordination, as well as daily operations of the Group. Ms. Kwan has been a director of In Construction Limited since 1 December 2014. Ms. Kwan obtained a Bachelor of Business Administration degree in Management from the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology in November 1994. Ms. Kwan has accumulated over 20 years of experience in the construction industry. She joined In Construction Limited as an assistant manager in April 1997. Prior to joining our Group, Ms. Kwan worked in Sam Woo Engineering Equipment Limited from February 1995 to April 1997, as an assistant manager. Ms. Kwan is the spouse of Mr. Lau Pak Man.

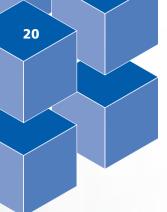
關潔心女士,49歲,為本集團的執行董事及營運總監。關女士負責項目管理及協調以及本集團的日常營運。關女士自由限立司的董事。關女士於一九九四年十一月一日起為現恆建築有限公司的董事。關女士於一九九四年十一月學位。關女士已於建造業累積超過20年的經驗。彼於一九九七年四月加入現恆建集團之前,自一九九五年二月至一九九七年四月,關女士於三和機械有限公司工作,擔任助理經理。關女士為劉伯文先生的配便。

# INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Leung Chi Kin(梁梓堅), aged 67, is an independent non-executive Director appointed by the Company on 26 March 2015. Mr. Leung obtained a high diploma in accountancy from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University (formerly known as the Hong Kong Polytechnic) in November 1976. In the course of his career, Mr. Leung has accumulated over 40 years of working experience in auditing, accounting, taxation and financial management. Mr. Leung is currently a practicing Certified Public Accountant and managing director of Chang Leung Hui & Li C.P.A. Limited. He is also a Certified Tax Adviser of the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong. Mr. Leung is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries. Between June 1976 and November 1980, Mr. Leung worked in Lowe Bingham & Matthews Price Waterhouse & Co., and then started his own accounting practice in January 1981 and has been in public practice up to now.

#### 獨立非執行董事

梁梓堅先生,67歲,由本公司於二零一五 年三月二十六日委任為獨立非執行董事。 梁先生於一九七六年十一月獲頒授香港理 工大學(前稱香港理工學院)會計學高級 文憑。於其職業生涯中,梁先生於審計、 會計、稅務及財務管理方面累積逾40年 的工作經驗。梁先生現時為張梁許李會計 師事務所有限公司的執業會計師及董事 總經理。彼亦為香港稅務學會的執業稅務 顧問。梁先生為特許會計師協會及英格蘭 及威爾士特許會計師協會的資深會員以 及香港特許秘書公會的會員。於一九七六 年六月至一九八零年十一月,梁先生 任職於Lowe Bingham & Matthews Price Waterhouse & Co.,及隨後於一九八一年 一月開設其自己的會計師事務所及直至現 在一直公開執業。



## Biographies of Directors and Senior Management (continued) 董事及高級管理人員履歷(續)

Mr. Lam Chi Hung Louis (林志雄), aged 73, is an independent non-executive Director appointed by the Company on 26 March 2015. Mr. Lam obtained a Bachelor of Science degree in November 1969, and after that he obtained a degree of Doctor of Philosophy from the University of Hong Kong in November 1972. Mr. Lam has over 45 years of experience in engineering. Mr. Lam has been the managing director and founder of LR Construction Technologies Limited since August 2012, the managing director and co-founder of LR Construction and Consultancy Limited since April 2012, the managing director and co-founder of LR IoT Limited since June 2009. From November 1996 to August 2004, Mr. Lam was a principal lecturer of the Vocational Training Council. From 1976 to 1987, Mr. Lam was an appointed lecturer in the Department of Civil and Structural Engineering of the University of Hong Kong. Mr. Lam has been a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Engineers since November 1975 and is also a registered professional engineer of Engineers Registration Board. Mr. Lam is also currently an independent non-executive director of Magnus Concordia Group Limited (Stock Exchange stock code: 1172).

Mr. Lam has also been appointed Head of Department of Civil Engineering of Chu Hai College of Higher Education since March 2020.

Mr. Yau Chi Man Norman (also known as Iao Chi Meng) (丘子敏), aged 58, is an independent non-executive Director appointed by the Company on 26 March 2015. Mr. Yau is qualified as a Barrister-at-law in Hong Kong in March 2011. Mr. Yau obtained a Bachelor of Science degree in Electronic and Electrical Engineering from Loughborough University of Technology, England in July 1987. He subsequently obtained a Juris Doctor in Laws and Postgraduate Certificate in Laws from City University of Hong Kong in November 2008 and July 2010, respectively. Mr. Yau has over 20 years of experience in electric power engineering. Mr. Yau worked in CLP Power Hong Kong Limited between January 1991 and April 2010, during which Mr. Yau undertook various positions, with his last position being a senior project engineer at CLP Engineering Limited, a subsidiary of CLP Power Hong Kong Limited.

Mr. Yau has been a member of the Institution of Engineering and Technology, England (formerly known as the Institution of Electrical Engineers, England) and a chartered electrical engineer of the Engineering Council, England since 2000. He has been a member of the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers since 2001 and a member of the Chartered Institution of Building Services Engineers, England since 2004. Mr. Yau has also been a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Arbitrators since 2011.

林志雄先生,73歲,由本公司於二零 - 五年三月二十六日委任為獨立非執行 董事。林先生於一九六九年十一月獲得 理學學士,其後彼於一九七二年十一月 獲得香港大學哲學博士學位。林先生於 工程業擁有逾45年的經驗。自二零一二 年八月起至今,林先生為LR Construction Technologies Limited的董事總經理及 創辦人;自二零一二年四月起為LR Construction and Consultancy Limited的董 事總經理及聯合創辦人; 自二零零九年六 月起,為LR IoT Limited的董事總經理及聯 合創辦人。從一九九六年十一月至二零零 四年八月,林先生為職業訓練局的首席講 師。從一九七六年至一九八七年,林先生 獲委任為香港大學土木工及結構工程系的 講師。自一九七五年十一月起,林先生為 香港工程師學會會員及亦為工程師註冊 管理局的註冊專業工程師。林先生目前亦 為融太集團股份有限公司(聯交所股份代 號:1172)的獨立非執行董事。

從二零二零年三月起林先生被任命為香港 珠海學院土木工程系系主任。

丘子敏先生,58歲,由本公司於二零一五年三月二十六日委任為獨立非執行董事、丘先生於二零一一年三月為香港合資務格執業大律師。丘先生於一九八七年七月獲英國Loughborough University of Technology頒授電子及電機工程學理學學士學位。彼隨後於二零零八年十一月及二零中學位。彼隨後於二零零八年十一月及二零年四月及二零年四月服務於中華電力工程方面,與間曾出任不同職位,彼最後職位為在中華電力有限公司之附屬公司中電工程有限公司任職高級項目工程師。

丘先生自二零零零年起為英國工程及技術學會(前稱英國電機工程師學會)的會員及英國工程師學會的特許電力工程師。彼自二零零一年起為香港工程師學會的會員及自二零零四年起為英國特許屋宇設備工程師學會的會員。丘先生亦自二零一一年起為香港仲裁師學會的資深會員。

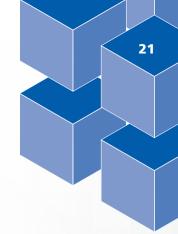
# Biographies of Directors and Senior Management (continued) 董事及高級管理人員履歷(續)

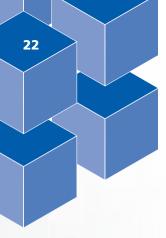
# SENIOR MANAGEMENT CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER AND COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Wong Sin Yi Reginia (王倩儀), aged 55, has joined us as the Chief Financial Officer of the Group since 1 March 2019, and was appointed as our company secretary on 8 March 2019. Ms. Wong is responsible for the accounting and financial functions, internal control as well as the company secretary affairs of the Group. Ms. Wong is an associate of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and an associate of the Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators. She holds a master degree in Business Administration from the University of South Australia. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Wong has over 20 years of experience as the finance manager of several listed companies in Hong Kong and has extensive experience in auditing, accounting and financial management.

#### 高級管理層 首席財務總裁及公司秘書

王倩儀女士,55歲,自二零一九年三月一日起加入本集團出任首席財務總裁,立之本集團出任首席財務總裁司於二零一九年三月八日獲委任為本公司秘書。王女士負責本集團的會計及對於公公會員及香港特許公會會員及香港特許公會與及特許秘書及行政人員公學在書公會以及特許秘書及行政人員公學位。被持有南澳大學工方管理領土學位。港上書公司之財務經理,積逾20年經驗,經經驗。會計及財務管理方面擁有豐富經驗。





#### Directors' Report 董事會報告

The Board presents this annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the financial year ended 31 March 2021.

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company is an investment holding company, and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in foundation works as well as associated works including demolition works, site formation works, ground investigation field works and general building works. The activities and particulars of the Company's subsidiaries are shown under note 12 to the financial statements.

#### **RESULTS**

The results of the Group for the financial year ended 31 March 2021 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 57 of this report.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

The Board has resolved not to declare a final dividend for the Financial Year 2020/21.

#### **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

In order to establish entitlements to attend and vote at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Friday, 3 September 2021, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 31 August 2021 to Friday, 3 September 2021, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be registered. Shareholders of the Company are reminded to ensure that all completed share transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Branch Share Registrar (Branch Share Registrar) in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 30 August 2021.

董事會謹此提呈本集團截至二零二一年三 月三十一日止財政年度之年報及經審核綜 合財務報表。

#### 主要業務

本公司為投資控股公司,其附屬公司主要從事地基工程以及相關工程,包括拆卸工程、地盤平整工程、現場土地勘測工程及一般建築工程。本公司附屬公司的活動及詳情載於財務報表附註12。

#### 業績

本集團截至二零二一年三月三十一日止財政年度之業績載於本報告第57頁之綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

#### 股息

董事會議決不宣派二零二零/二一財政年 度之末期股息。

#### 暫停辦理股東名冊登記

為確保享有出席本公司將於二零二一年九月三日(星期五)行之應屆股東週年大會並於會上投票的權利,本公司至二零一年八月三日(星期五)包括首尾兩日暫停辦股東名冊登記,期間將不會登記本項妥分別與所入。本公司股東務請確保所有填延分別與戶表格連同有關股票,最遲少所以與戶表格連同有關股票,最遲少不知過戶表格連同有關股票,最遲少不知過戶表格連同有關股票,最遲必不可之對,也以為於四零二十分前送達本公司之香港股份過戶表替更183號合和中心54樓。

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#### Directors' Report (continued) 董事會報告(續)

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

#### **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

The Board is not aware of any significant event requiring disclosure that has taken place subsequent to 31 March 2021 and up to the date of this report.

#### FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, is set out on page 128. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements in this report.

#### SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the Financial Year 2020/21 in the share capital are set out in note 20(c) to the financial statements.

#### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the Financial Year 2020/21.

#### **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

As at 31 March 2021, the Company's reserves available for distribution to equity shareholders of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$127,965,000.

#### PLANT AND EOUIPMENT

Details of the movements in plant and equipment of the Group during the year ended 31 March 2021 are set out in note 11 to the financial statements.

#### 購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證 券

年內,本公司或其附屬公司概無購買、出 售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

#### 報告期後事項

董事會並不知悉於二零二一年三月三十一 日後直至本報告日期所發生任何重大事項 須予以披露。

#### 財務資料概要

本集團於過往五個財政年度的業績及資產 及負債概要載於第128頁。該概要並不構 成本報告經審核綜合財務報表的一部分。

#### 股本

於二零二零/二一財政年度股本變動詳情 載於財務報表附註20(c)。

#### 管理層合約

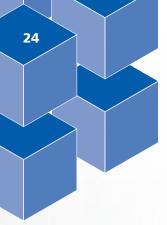
於二零二零/二一零財政年度,並無訂立 或存續涉及管理及執行本公司業務之全部 或任何主要部分之合約。

#### 可供分派儲備

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本公司可供 分派予本公司權益股東的儲備總額約為 127,965,000港元。

#### 廠房及設備

本集團於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度的廠房及設備變動詳情載於財務報表附註11。



#### PRF-FMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles"), or the law of Cayman Islands being the jurisdiction in which the Company is incorporated.

#### **DIRECTORS**

#### (a) Directors of the Company

The Directors during the year ended 31 March 2021 and up to the date of this report, are:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Lau Pak Man (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Cheng Wing Cheong Ms. Kwan Kit Sum Kit

#### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Mr. Leung Chi Kin Mr. Lam Chi Hung Louis

Mr. Yau Chi Man Norman (also known as Iao Chi Meng)

Pursuant to Article 108(a) of the Articles, one-third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not 3 or a multiple of 3, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third, shall retire from office by rotation at every annual general meeting of the Company. A retiring Director shall be eligible for reelection. Mr. Lau Pak Man and Mr. Leung Chi Kin retire from office by rotation at the 2021 AGM and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the said meeting.

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive Directors, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"). The Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

#### (b) Directors of the Company's subsidiaries

During the year and up to the date of this report, Mr. Lau Pak Man, Mr. Cheng Wing Cheong and Ms. Kwan Kit Sum Kit are also directors in certain subsidiaries of the Company.

#### 優先購買權

本公司組織章程細則(「章程細則」)或開曼群島(即本公司註冊成立所在司法權區)法律並無有關優先購買權的任何規定。

#### 董事

#### (a) 本公司董事

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年 度及直至本報告日期之董事如下:

#### 執行董事

劉伯文先生(主席兼行政總裁) 鄭榮昌先生 關潔心女士

#### 獨立非執行董事

梁梓堅先生 林志雄先生 丘子敏先生

根據章程細則第108(a)條,於本公司每屆股東週年大會上,佔當時三事人數三分之一(或當人數非三或於的倍數時,則為接近,但不少於是分之一的人數)之董事須輪席告退。 退任董事合資格膺選連任。劉伯文先生及梁梓堅先生將於二零二一年股東週年大會上輪席退任,並合資格及將於該大會上膺選連任。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第3.13條就其獨立性發出的年度確認。本公司認為全體獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

#### (b) 本公司附屬公司董事

於本年度直至本報告日期,劉伯文 先生、鄭榮昌先生及關潔心女士亦 為本公司若干附屬公司董事。

#### DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company and each of the independent non-executive Directors has signed an appointment letter with the Company. The appointment of each of the Directors is for a period of three years and shall continue thereafter until being terminated by either party giving not less than three months' written notice.

None of the Directors who are proposed for election or reelection at the forthcoming AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

#### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Articles provide that every Director shall be indemnified out of the assets and profits of the Company against liabilities (to the extent permitted by the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong)) incurred by him as such Director in the execution of his duties or otherwise in relation thereto, provided that such indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of any fraud or dishonesty which may attach to any such director. The Company has taken out insurance against the liabilities and costs associated with defending any proceedings which may be brought against the Directors of the Company.

#### DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS THAT ARE SIGNIFICANT IN RELATION TO THE GROUP'S BUSINESS

No transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, any of its subsidiaries or its parent company was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or during the financial year ended 31 March 2021.

#### 董事服務合約

每名執行董事已與本公司訂立服務協議, 而每名獨立非執行董事與本公司已簽訂委 任函。各董事的任期為期三年,其後可繼 續留任,直至其中一方給予不少於三個月 事先書面通知終止為止。

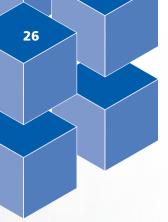
擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任之董事 概無與本公司訂立不可由本公司於一年內 終止而毋須賠償(法定賠償除外)之服務合 約。

#### 獲准許的彌償保證條文

章程細則規定,每位董事有權就因執行其董事職務或相關的其他事宜而可能發生與此相關之債務(按公司條例(香港法例第622章)容許的最大程度),將獲本公司從其資產及溢利中賠償,惟本彌償保證不延伸至任何與該董事欺詐或不忠誠有關之事宜。本公司就可能對本公司董事提起的任何法律訴訟相關的負債及成本投保。

# 董事於涉及本集團業務之重要交易、安排及合約中之重大權益

本公司或其任何附屬公司或其母公司概無 訂立任何涉及本集團業務而董事於其中直 接或間接擁有重大權益之於截至二零二一 年三月三十一日止財政年度結束或年內任 何時間續存的重要交易、安排及合約。



# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

Save for Mr. Cheng Wing Cheong's interest in Longo Piling Company, details of which were set out in the section headed "Relationships with Controlling Shareholders" of the Prospectus, none of the Directors nor the controlling shareholders of the Company nor their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) had any interest in a business that competed or might compete with the business of the Group in the Financial Year 2020/21.

Mr. Lau Pak Man, Ms. Kwan Kit Sum Kit, In Play Limited and Kinetic Kingdom Limited, being the controlling shareholders of the Company declared that they have complied with the undertakings given under the Deed of Non-competition as disclosed in the Prospectus. Mr. Cheng Wing Cheong, Longo Piling Company and Wealth Celebration Limited declared that they have complied with the undertakings given under the Longo Deed of Non-competition as disclosed in the Prospectus.

The independent non-executive Directors were delegated with the authority to review, on an annual basis, the compliance with the Deed of Non-competition and the Longo Deed of Non-competition. The independent non-executive Directors were not aware of any non-compliance of both Deeds of Non-competition since the respective dates of the deeds and up to the date of this report.

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Brief biographical details of Directors and senior management are set out in the section headed "Biographies of Directors and Senior Management" of this report.

#### **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

Details of the Directors' remuneration are set out in note 8 to the financial statements.

#### 董事於競爭業務之權益

除鄭榮昌先生於Longo Piling Company擁有權益(詳情載於招股章程「與控股股東的關係」一節)外,於二零二零/二一財政年度,本公司董事或控股股東或彼等各自之聯繫人(定義見上市規則)概無擁有與本集團業務構成或可能構成競爭之業務的任何權益。

本公司控股股東劉伯文先生、關潔心女士、In Play Limited及Kinetic Kingdom Limited表明彼等已遵守招股章程所披露不競爭契約項下作出的承諾。鄭榮昌先生、Longo Piling Company及Wealth Celebration Limited已表明彼等已遵守招股章程所披露Longo不競爭契約項下作出的承諾。

獨立非執行董事獲授權每年審閱不競爭契約及Longo不競爭契約的遵守情況。獨立非執行董事概無知悉自各契約日期以來及直至本報告日期有任何違反兩份不競爭契約的行為。

#### 董事及高級管理人員履歷

董事及高級管理人員履歷詳情載於本報告 「董事及高級管理人員履歷」一節內。

#### 董事薪酬

董事薪酬詳情載於財務報表附註8。

# DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

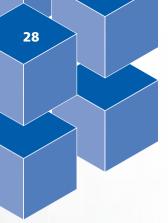
As at 31 March 2021, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations, within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO"), which (a) were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Division 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be recorded in the register referred to therein; or (c) were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules, were as follows:

#### 董事及主要行政人員的證券權益

#### Long positions in the shares:

#### 股份的好倉:

				Approximate percentage of the issued share capital of
Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacity/ Nature of Interest 身份/權益性質		Number of shares 股份數目	the Company 佔本公司 已發行股本的 概約百分比
Mr. Lau Pak Man	Beneficial owner 東兴梅夫」		7,520,000	0.91%
劉伯文先生	實益擁有人 Interest in a controlled corpo 於受控制公司的權益(附註1)	ration (Note 1)	270,000,000	32.53%
	Interest of spouse (Note 2) 配偶權益 (附註2)	_	60,000,000	7.23%
		Total 合計	337,520,000	40.67%
Mr. Cheng Wing Cheong 鄭榮昌先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 Interest in a controlled corpor 於受控制公司的權益 <sup>(附註3)</sup>		5,900,000	0.71%
		ration (Note 3)	270,000,000	32.53%
		Total 合計	275,900,000	33.24%
Ms. Kwan Kit Sum Kit		60,000,000	7.23%	
關潔心女士	於受控制公司的權益 <sup>(Mth 1)</sup> Interest of spouse <sup>(Note 5)</sup> 配偶權益 <sup>(Mth 5)</sup>	_	277,520,000	33.44%
		Total 合計	337,520,000	40.67%
Mr. Yau Chi Man Norman (also known as lao Chi Meng) 丘子敏先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	_	2,970,000	0.36%
		Total 合計	2,970,000	0.36%



# DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES (continued)

Notes:

- In Play Limited is 100.0% owned by Mr. Lau Pak Man. Mr. Lau Pak Man is therefore deemed to be interested in the shares held by In Play Limited under the SFO.
- Mr. Lau Pak Man is the spouse of Ms. Kwan Kit Sum Kit. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Lau Pak Man is deemed to be interested in the same number of shares in which Ms. Kwan Kit Sum Kit is deemed to be interested.
- Wealth Celebration Limited is 100.0% owned by Mr. Cheng Wing Cheong. Mr. Cheng Wing Cheong is therefore deemed to be interested in the shares held by Wealth Celebration Limited under the SFO.
- Kinetic Kingdom Limited is 100.0% owned by Ms. Kwan Kit Sum Kit.
   Ms. Kwan Kit Sum Kit is therefore deemed to be interested in the shares held by Kinetic Kingdom Limited under the SFO.
- Ms. Kwan Kit Sum Kit is the spouse of Mr. Lau Pak Man. By virtue of the SFO, Ms. Kwan Kit Sum Kit is deemed to be interested in the same number of shares in which Mr. Lau Pak Man is deemed to be interested.

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

The shares of the Company were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on 16 April 2015. The register of substantial shareholders maintained by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO shows that, as at 31 March 2021, the following shareholders, other than those disclosed in the section headed "Directors' and Chief Executive's Interest in Securities", had notified the Company of its interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO:

#### 董事及主要行政人員的證券權益 (續)

附註:

- In Play Limited由劉伯文先生全資擁有。根據 證券及期貨條例,劉伯文先生因此被視為於In Play Limited所持有股份中擁有權益。
- 劉伯文先生為關潔心女士之配偶。根據證券及 期貨條例,劉伯文先生被視為於關潔心女士被 視為擁有權益的相同數目股份中擁有權益。
- Wealth Celebration Limited由鄭榮昌先生全資 擁有。根據證券及期貨條例·鄭榮昌先生因此 被視為於Wealth Celebration Limited所持有股 份中擁有權益。
- Kinetic Kingdom Limited由關潔心女士全資擁有。根據證券及期貨條例,關潔心女士因此被視為於Kinetic Kingdom Limited所持有之股份中擁有權益。
- 關潔心女士為劉伯文先生之配偶。根據證券及 期貨條例,關潔心女士被視為於劉伯文先生被 視為擁有權益的相同數目股份中擁有權益。

#### 主要股東的證券權益

本公司股份於二零一五年四月十六日在聯交所主板上市。本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置的主要股東名冊顯示,於二零二一年三月三十一日,除「董事及主要行政人員的證券權益」一節所披露者外,下列股東已知會本公司其於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部的條文須向本公司披露的權益或淡倉:

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' **INTERESTS IN SECURITIES (continued)**

Long positions in the shares:

#### 主要股東的證券權益(續)

**Approximate** percentage of the issued

股份的好倉:

Name of substantial shareholder 主要股東名稱	Capacity 身份	Number of shares 股份數目	share capital of the Company 佔本公司已 發行股本的 概約百分比
In Play Limited	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	270,000,000	32.53%
Wealth Celebration Limited	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	270,000,000	32.53%
Kinetic Kingdom Limited	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	60,000,000	7.23%

#### MAJOR SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The percentage of purchases and sales for the financial year ended 31 March 2021 attributable to the Group's major suppliers and customers are as follows:

14.5%	一最大供應商	14.5%
55.5%	一五大供應商合計	55.5%
	銷售	
32.2%	一最大客戶	32.2%
76.2%	- 五大客戶合計	76.2%
	55.5%	55.5% - 五大供應商合計 銷售 32.2% - 最大客戶

None of the Directors, their associates or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the number of issued shares of the Company) had an interest in the major suppliers or customers noted above.

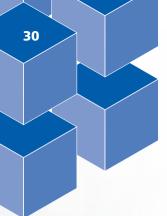
#### 主要供應商及客戶

於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止財政年 度,本集團主要供應商及客戶應佔採購及 銷售百分比如下:

#### 採購

- 五大供應商合計	55.5%
銷售	
一最大客戶	32.2%

董事、彼等之聯繫人或任何股東(據董事 所深知,持有本公司已發行股份數目5% 以上) 概無於上文所述主要供應商或客戶 中擁有權益。



# DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Apart from as disclosed under the paragraph headed "Directors' and chief executives' interests in securities" above, at no time during the year was the Company, its holding company, subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors or the chief executive of the Company or their associates to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

#### **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

During the year ended 31 March 2021, there were no connected transactions or continuing connected transactions of the Company which require compliance with any of the reporting, announcement or independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Details of material related party transactions undertaken in the usual course of business of the Group are set out in note 23 to the financial statements. However, these transactions were either exempt from reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, or did not fall under the definition of connected transactions or continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that was publicly available and to the best belief and knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained the public float as required by the Listing Rules throughout the year ended 31 March 2021 and up to the date of this report.

#### 董事認購股份或債券之權利

除上文「董事及主要行政人員的證券權益」 一段所披露者外,本公司、其控股公司、 附屬公司或同系附屬公司於本年度任何時 間概無作為任何安排之參與方,致使本公 司董事或主要行政人員或其聯繫人士藉購 入本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債 券而獲益。

#### 關連交易

於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本公司並無關連交易或持續關連交易須遵守上市規則第14A章項下的申報、公佈或獨立股東批准的規定。於本集團日常業務過程中進行的重大關聯方交易詳情載於財務報表附註23。然而,該等交易或獲豁免遵守上市規則第14A章項下的申報、公佈及獨立股東批准規定,或不屬上市規則第14A章所界定的關連交易或持續關連交易。

#### 充足公眾持股量

根據公開可得資料及就董事所確信及深知,於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止整個年度及直至本報告日期止,本公司已維持上市規則規定之公眾持股量。

# 31

#### Directors' Report (continued) 董事會報告(續)

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The business review of the Group for the Financial Year 2020/2021 is included in the Management Discussion and Analysis in this report on pages 7 to 17 and forms part of this Directors' Report.

#### **RETIREMENT SCHEMES**

The Group participates in the mandatory provident fund prescribed by the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong). Save as the aforesaid, the Group did not participate in any other pension schemes during the Financial Year 2020/21.

#### SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE OF CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS UNDER RULE 13.18 OF THE LISTING RULES

As at 31 March 2021, the Company as guarantor, and In Construction Limited (an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) as borrower, entered into facility agreements relating to a HK\$80 million general banking and term loan facilities ("Facility 1") and a HK\$25 million hire purchase loan ("Facility 2") with licensed banks in Hong Kong as lenders. The maturity date of the facilities is three years and five years respectively from the date of drawdown.

According to the Facility 1 and Facility 2, the Company, as guarantor, has undertaken to the lenders that Mr. Lau Pak Man, Mr. Cheng Wing Cheong and Ms. Kwan Kit Sum Kit will maintain an aggregate beneficial shareholding of not less than 50% of the entire issued share capital of the Company; Facility 1 also requires any of Mr. Lau Pak Man, Mr. Cheng Wing Cheong and Ms. Kwan Kit Sum Kit will remain as the chairman of the Company.

A breach of the above undertakings will constitute an event of default, and the lenders may cancel or suspend the facilities and demand repayment of any outstanding amounts under the facility agreements together with interest accrued thereon.

The above undertakings contain covenants relating to specific performance of the controlling shareholders of the Company which are subject to disclosure under Rule 13.21 of the Listing Rules.

#### 業務回顧

本集團二零二零/二零二一財政年度的業務回顧載於本報告第7至17頁的管理層討論及分析,並構成董事會報告一部分。

#### 退休計劃

本集團參加由香港法例第485章強制性公積金計劃條例所規定的強制性公積金。除上文所述外,本集團於二零二零/二一財政年度並無參與任何其他退休金計劃。

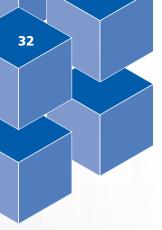
#### 控股股東根據上市規則第13.18 條須履行的特定責任

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本公司(作為擔保人)及現恆建築有限公司(本公司間接全資附屬公司),作為借款人與香港持牌銀行作為貸款人就為數80百萬港元的一般銀行及定期貸款融資(「融資一」)及為數25百萬港元的分期付款貸款(「融資二」而訂立融資協議。有關融資的到期日分別為自提取日期起計三年及五年。

根據融資一及融資二,本公司(作為擔保人)已向貸款人承諾,劉伯文先生、鄭榮昌先生及關潔心女士將維持實益股權總額不少於本公司全部已發行股本之50%;融資一還要求劉伯文先生、鄭榮昌先生及關潔心女士中任何一位仍將為本公司主席。

違反上述承諾將構成違約事件,貸款人可 取消或暫停融資及要求償還融資協議項下 任何尚未償還的款項連同應計利息。

上述承諾載有有關本公司控股股東根據上市規則第13.21條須披露的特定責任的契諾。



#### **AUDITOR**

A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM to reappoint KPMG as the auditor of the Company.

By order of the Board

Lau Pak Man

Chairman

Hong Kong, 25 June 2021

#### 核數師

應屆股東週年大會上將提呈一項決議案以續聘畢馬威會計師事務所為本公司核數師。

承董事會命

*主席* 劉伯文

香港,二零二一年六月二十五日

# Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company recognises the importance of corporate transparency and accountability. The Company is committed in achieving a high standard of corporate governance and leading the Group to attain better results and improve its corporate image with effective corporate governance procedures.

Since Listing, the Board is of the opinion that the Company had adopted, applied and complied with the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules except for the deviation from provision A.2.1 of the Code.

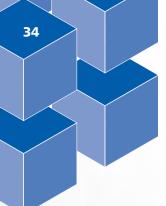
According to provision A.2.1 of the Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Lau Pak Man is the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, responsible for overall strategic development, project management and client management of the Group. The Board believes that vesting the roles of both Chairman and Chief Executive Officer in Mr. Lau Pak Man has the benefit of ensuring consistent and continuous planning and execution of the Company's strategies. The Board considers that the balance of power and authority, accountability and independent decision-making under the present arrangement will not be impaired in light of the diverse background and experience of the independent non-executive Directors, and the composition of the Board which comprises equal number of independent non-executive Directors and executive Directors also provides added independence to the Board. Further, the Audit Committee composed exclusively of independent non-executive Directors has free and direct access to the Company's external auditors and independent professional advisers when it considers necessary.

#### 企業管治常規

本公司知悉公司透明度及問責十分重要。 本公司致力於達致高水準的企業管治及通 過更有效的企業管治程序帶領本集團取得 更好業績及提升公司形象。

董事會認為,本公司上市後一直應用及 遵守上市規則附錄十四的企業管治守則 (「守則」)所載守則規定,惟偏離守則條文 A.2.1條者除外。

根據守則條文A.2.1條,主席與行政總裁的角色應分開並不應由同一人士擔任。 一人士擔任。 是有一位。 一人士擔任。 是有一位。 是一位。 是一位。



#### Corporate Governance Report (continued) 企業管治報告(續)

# (A) THE BOARD Board Composition

The Board consists of six Directors including Mr. Lau Pak Man (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer), Mr. Cheng Wing Cheong and Ms. Kwan Kit Sum Kit as the executive Directors and Mr. Leung Chi Kin, Mr. Lam Chi Hung Louis and Mr. Yau Chi Man Norman (also known as lao Chi Meng) as the independent non-executive Directors. Their names and biographical details are set in the section headed "Biographies of Directors and Senior Management" in this report. The overall management of the Company's operation was vested in the Board.

Save that Mr. Lau Pak Man and Ms. Kwan Kit Sum Kit are spouses, there are no financial, business, family or other material relationships among members of the Board.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Board has at all times met the requirements of Rules 3.10(1) and (2) of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors with at least one independent non-executive Director possessing appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The three independent non-executive Directors represent half of the Board, the proportion of which is higher than what is required by Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules whereby independent non-executive directors of a listed issuer must represent at least one-third of the board. The Board believes there is sufficient independence element in the Board to safeguard the interest of shareholders of the Company.

#### **Directors' Responsibilities**

The Board takes the responsibility to oversee all major matters of the Company, including the formulation and approval of all policy matters, overall strategies, internal control and risk management systems, and monitor the performance of the senior executives. The Directors have to make decisions objectively in the interests of the Company.

Liability insurance for the Directors and senior management officers of the Company was maintained by the Company with coverage for any legal liabilities which may arise in the course of performing their duties.

#### (A) 董事會

#### 董事會組成

董事會由六名董事組成,包括執行董事劉伯文先生(主席兼行政總裁)、鄭榮昌先生及關潔心女士以及獨立非執行董事梁梓堅先生、林志雄先生及丘子敏先生。彼等的姓名及履歷詳情載於本報告「董事及高級管理人員履歷」一節。董事會負責本公司的整體營運管理。

除劉伯文先生及關潔心女士為夫妻 外,董事會成員概無財務、業務、 家族或其他重大關係。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,董事會一直遵守上市規則第3.10(1)及(2)條所載有關最少委任三名獨立非執行董事及最少其中一名獨立非執行董事須具備適當之專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專長之規定。

三名獨立非執行董事相當於董事會一半成員人數,比例高於上市規則第3.10A所規定。據規定,上市發行人之獨立非執行董事須佔董事會至少三分之一成員人數。董事會相信,董事會成員的組成有足夠之獨立性以保障本公司股東利益。

#### 董事責任

董事會的職責為監督本公司所有主要事務,包括制定及批准所有政策事務、整體策略、內部監控及風險管理系統,以及監察高級行政人員的表現。董事須以本公司之利益作出客觀的決定。

本公司已為董事及高級管理人員購 買責任保險,就彼等履行職責時引 起的任何法律責任提供保障。

#### Corporate Governance Report (continued) 企業管治報告(續)

# (A) THE BOARD (continued) Delegation by the Board

The management, consisting of executive Directors along with other senior executives, is delegated with responsibilities for implementing the strategy and direction as adopted by the Board from time to time, and conducting the day-to-day operations of the Group. Executive Directors and senior executives meet regularly to review the performance of the businesses of the Group as a whole, co-ordinate overall resources and make financial and operational decisions. The Board also gives clear directions as to their powers of management including circumstances where the management should report back, and will review the delegation arrangements on a periodic basis to ensure that they remain appropriate to the needs of the Group.

#### Compliance with the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors

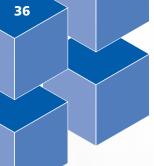
The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers contained in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct of dealings in securities of the Company by Directors (the "Model Code"). Upon specific enquiries of all the Directors, each of them confirmed that he/she has complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code during the Financial Year 2020/21.

#### (A) 董事會(續)

#### 董事會轉授權力

#### 遵守董事進行證券交易之標準守 則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載 上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標 準守則作為董事買賣本公司證券的 操守準則(「標準守則」)。經向全體 董事作出特定查詢後,各董事均確 認彼於二零二零/二一財政年度已 遵守標準守則所載的規定標準。 Annual Report 2021



#### **Corporate Governance Report (continued)** 企業管治報告(續)

#### (A) THE BOARD (continued) **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

The independent non-executive Directors play a significant role in the Board by virtue of their independent judgement and their views carry significant weight in the Board's decision. They bring an impartial view on issues of the Company's strategies, performance and control.

All independent non-executive Directors possess extensive academic, professional and industry expertise and management experience and have provided their professional advice to the Board.

The Board also considers that the independent nonexecutive Directors can provide independent advice on the Company's business strategies, results and management so as to safeguard the interests of the Company and its shareholders.

All independent non-executive Directors are appointed for a term of three years commencing from 26 March 2015. All of their appointments are renewable for a period of three years and the latest appointments commenced from 16 April 2021. None of the independent non-executive Directors held any other offices in the Company or any of its subsidiaries. All independent non-executive Directors have confirmed their independence to the Company in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all independent non-executive Directors are independent.

#### (A) 董事會(續)

#### 獨立非執行董事

獨立非執行董事憑藉獨立判斷於董 事會擔任重要角色,其意見對於董 事會的決策舉足輕重,並就本公司 的策略、績效及監控提供不偏不倚 的意見。

全體獨立非執行董事擁有廣泛的 學術、專業及行業專長以及管理經 驗,向董事會提供專業意見。

董事會亦認為獨立非執行董事能就 本公司業務策略、業績及管理方面 提供獨立意見,以保障本公司及其 股東之利益。

所有獨立非執行董事獲委任,任期 自二零一五年三月二十六日起計 為三年。彼等之任期均以三年期延 續,及最近之任期由二零二一年四 月十六日開始。概無任何獨立非執 行董事於本公司或其任何附屬公司 擔任任何其他職位。全體獨立非執 行董事已按照上市規則第3.13條向 本公司確認彼等之獨立性。本公司 認為全體獨立非執行董事均為獨立 人士。

# (A) THE BOARD (continued) Appointment, Re-election and Removal of Directors

Each of the executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors has entered into a service contract or a letter of appointment with the Company for a specific term. Such term is subject to his/her reelection by the Company at an annual general meeting ("AGM") upon retirement. Article 112 of the Articles provides that any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy in the Board shall hold office only until the first general meeting of the members of Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at such meeting.

In accordance with Article 108 of the Articles, at each AGM of the Company, one-third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. Mr. Lau Pak Man and Mr. Leung Chi Kin shall retire from office by rotation at the next AGM and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the said meeting.

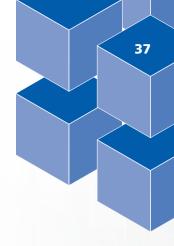
The members of the Company may, at any general meetings convened and held in accordance with the Articles, remove a Director by ordinary resolution at any time before the expiration of his/her period of office notwithstanding anything contrary in the Articles or in any agreement between the Company and such Director and may by ordinary resolution elect another person in his/her stead.

#### (A) 董事會(續) 董事之委任、重選及罷免

每名執行董事及獨立非執行董事均與本公司以指定任期訂立服務合約或簽訂委任函,並於本公司日行後股東週年大會「於東週年大會」)告退及膺選連任。章程細則第112條列明,任何由董事會委任以填補董至本等。 會臨時空缺的董事,任期僅直至本該大會上合資格膺選連任。

按照章程細則第108條,於本公司每屆股東週年大會上,佔當時董事人數三分之一之董事須輪席告退,惟 各董事(包括以指定任期委任之之 事)須最少每三年輪席告退一次,屆 時均符合資格並願意膺選連任。劉 伯文先生及梁梓堅先生將於下一屆 股東週年大會上輪席退任,並 格及將於該大會上膺選連任。

本公司股東可於按照章程細則召開 及舉行的任何股東大會上以普通決 議案隨時罷免一名任期並未屆滿的 董事,而不論章程細則或本公司與 該名董事之間訂立之任何協議有相 反規定,彼等亦可以普通決議案選 舉另一名人士代替其職位。





#### (A) THE BOARD (continued) **Board Meetings**

The Board meets regularly to discuss and formulate the overall strategy as well as the operation and financial performance of the Group. Directors may participate either in person or through electronic means of communications.

The Board had convened five regular meetings during the year. The attendance of the respective Directors to the Board meetings and the AGM are set out below:

#### (A) 董事會(續)

董事會定期會面商討及制定本集團 的整體策略以及營運及財務表現。 董事可親自出席或以電子通訊方式 參與會議。

董事會於本年度已召開五次定期會 議。各董事出席董事會會議及股東 週年大會的記錄載列如下:

> Attendance/Number of meetings held 出席次數/舉行會議次數 Regular

		Board meetings 定期董事會會議	AGM 股東週年大會
Executive Directors Mr. Lau Pak Man (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)	<b>執行董事</b> 劉伯文先生 <i>(主席及行政總裁)</i>	5/5	1/1
Mr. Cheng Wing Cheong Ms. Kwan Kit Sum Kit	(主席及行政総裁) 鄭榮昌先生 關潔心女士	5/5 5/5	1/1 1/1
Independent Non-Executive Directors Mr. Leung Chi Kin Mr. Lam Chi Hung Louis	<b>獨立非執行董事</b> 梁梓堅先生 林志雄先生	5/5 5/5	1/1 1/1
Mr. Yau Chi Man Norman (also known as lao Chi Meng)	丘子敏先生	5/5	1/1

All Directors received training in the form of seminar and provision of training materials to ensure that he/ she is fully aware of his/her duties and responsibilities as a director under applicable rules and requirements. All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills.

全體董事以研討會的形式接受培訓 並獲提供培訓材料,確保其充分理 解其於適用規則及規定下身為董事 的職責及責任。本公司鼓勵全體董 事參與持續專業發展,以發展及更 新彼等的知識及技能。

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#### Corporate Governance Report (continued) 企業管治報告(續)

# (A) THE BOARD (continued) Board Meetings (continued)

The Company Secretary updates Directors on the latest developments and changes to the Listing Rules and the applicable legal and regulatory requirements regarding subjects necessary in the discharge of their duties.

All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. Directors are continually updated on developments in the statutory and regulatory regime and the business environment to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities.

Directors are required to submit to the Company annually details of training sessions undertaken by them in each financial year for the Company to maintain a training record for its Directors. According to the training records maintained by the Company, the training received by each of the Directors during the year ended 31 March 2021 is summarised as follows:

#### (A) 董事會(續)

#### 董事會會議(續)

公司秘書就上市規則之最新發展及 變動,以及有關履行董事職責之必 須事務之適用法例及監管規定,向 董事提供最新資料。

本公司鼓勵所有董事參加持續專業發展,以發展並更新彼等之知識及技能。董事持續獲得有關法例及監管制度發展以及業務環境變動之最新資料,以便彼等履行職責。

董事須每年向本公司提供彼等於各 財政年度參與培訓環節之詳情,讓 本公司為董事存置培訓記錄。根據 本公司存置之培訓記錄,各董事於 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年 度接受之培訓概述如下:

Type of trainings

#### Name of Director 董事姓名 培訓類型 **Executive Directors** 執行董事 Mr. Lau Pak Man 劉伯文先生 A. B Mr. Cheng Wing Cheong 鄭榮昌先生 A, B Ms. Kwan Kit Sum Kit 關潔心女士 A, B **Independent Non-Executive Directors** 獨立非執行董事

Mr. Yau Chi Man Norman (also known as lao Chi Meng)

Mr. Leung Chi Kin

Mr. Lam Chi Hung Louis

B: reading newspapers, journals and updates relating to the economy, environmental protection business or director's duties and responsibilities etc.

attending seminars/conferences/workshops/forums

A: 參加研討會/會議/工作坊/論壇 B: 閱讀與經濟、環保業務或董事職責及 責任等有關的報章、期刊及最新資料

A, B

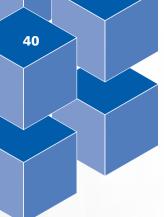
A, B

A, B

梁梓堅先生

林志雄先生

丘子敏先生



## (A) THE BOARD (continued) Corporate Governance Functions

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties including:

- (a) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance ;
- (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management:
- (c) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (d) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- (e) to review the Company's compliance with the Code.

#### **Board Committees**

The Board has established three committees and has delegated various responsibilities to the committees including the audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") and the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee"). All the Board committees perform their distinct roles in accordance with their respective terms of reference which are available to shareholders of the Company on the websites of both the Company and the Stock Exchange. The Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expense.

#### (A) 董事會(續) 企業管治職能

董事會負責履行的企業管治職務包括:

- (a) 發展及審閱本公司企業管治政 策及常規;
- (b) 審閱及監督董事及高級管理人 員的培訓及持續專業發展;
- (c) 審閱及監督本公司政策及常 規,以遵守法律及監管規定;
- (d) 發展、審閱及監督適用於僱員 及董事的操守準則及合規手冊 (如有);及
- (e) 檢討本公司有否遵守守則。

#### 董事委員會

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#### Corporate Governance Report (continued) 企業管治報告(續)

## (A) THE BOARD (continued) Audit Committee

The Company established the Audit Committee on 26 March 2015 with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and paragraph C.3 of the Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on appointments and removal of external auditors; review and to supervise the financial reporting process and the effectiveness of the Group's internal controls and risk management. The Audit Committee meets regularly with management and external auditors in reviewing the interim and annual reports of the Company before submission to the Board for approval.

The Audit Committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Leung Chi Kin (being the chairman of the Audit Committee), Mr. Lam Chi Hung Louis and Mr. Yau Chi Man Norman (also known as Iao Chi Meng). In compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules, the chairman of the Audit Committee possesses the appropriate professional and accounting qualifications.

The Audit Committee convened three meetings during the year with attendance of each member as follows:

#### (A) 董事會(續)

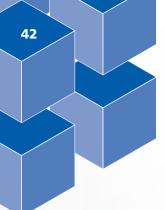
#### 審核委員會

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成,包括梁梓堅先生(審核委員會主席)、林志雄先生及丘子敏先生。 遵照上市規則第3.21條規定,審核委員會主席具備適當專業及會計資歷。

審核委員會於本年度舉行三次會議,各成員出席記錄如下:

Attendance/Number of meetings held 出席次數/舉行會議次數

Mr. Leung Chi Kin (Chairman)梁梓堅先生(主席)3/3Mr. Lam Chi Hung Louis林志雄先生3/3Mr. Yau Chi Man Norman丘子敏先生(also known as lao Chi Meng)3/3



## (A) THE BOARD (continued) Remuneration Committee

The Company established the Remuneration Committee on 26 March 2015 with written terms of reference in compliance with paragraph B.1 of the Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the overall remuneration policy and structure relating to all Directors and senior management of our Group; review performance based remuneration; and ensure none of our Directors determine their own remuneration.

The Remuneration Committee consists of 3 members, being Mr. Yau Chi Man Norman (also known as lao Chi Meng) (being the chairman of the Remuneration Committee), Ms. Kwan Kit Sum Kit and Mr. Leung Chi Kin.

The Remuneration Committee convened one meeting during the year with the attendance of each member as follows:

#### (A) 董事會(續)

#### 薪酬委員會

本公司於二零一五年三月二十六日成立薪酬委員會,並遵照上市規則附錄十四所載守則第B.1段的規定,訂立書面職權範圍。薪酬委員會的主要職責為就本集團所有董事及會理層的整體薪酬政策及架構向董事會提供建議、檢討按表現釐定的薪酬,以及確保董事並無釐定其本身的薪酬。

薪酬委員會由三名成員組成,即丘子敏先生(薪酬委員會主席)、關潔心女士及梁梓堅先生。

薪酬委員會於本年度舉行一次會議,各成員出席記錄如下:

Attendance/Number of meetings held 出席次數/舉行會議次數

Mr. Yau Chi Man Norman (also known 丘子敏先生(主席) as Iao Chi Meng) (Chairman) 1/1 Ms. Kwan Kit Sum Kit 關潔心女士 1/1 Mr. Leung Chi Kin 梁梓堅先生 1/1

## (A) THE BOARD (continued) Remuneration Committee (continued)

Pursuant to code provision B.1.5 of the Code, the annual remuneration (including bonus) of the members of the senior management of the Group by band for the year ended 31 March 2021 is set out below:

#### Remuneration Band 薪酬範圍

Up to HK\$1,000,000

1,000,000港元或以下

#### Nomination Committee

The Company established the Nomination Committee on 26 March 2015 with written terms of reference in compliance with paragraph A.5 of the Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are to make recommendations to our Board on the appointment of Directors and the management of the Board succession.

The Nomination Committee consists of 3 members, being Mr. Lam Chi Hung Louis (being the chairman of the Nomination Committee), Mr. Cheng Wing Cheong and Mr. Yau Chi Man Norman (also known as lao Chi Meng).

The Nomination Committee convened one meeting during the year with the attendance of each member as follows:

#### (A) 董事會(續)

#### 薪酬委員會(續)

根據守則之守則條文第B.1.5條,於 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團高級管理人員之年度薪 酬(包括花紅)按範圍載列如下:

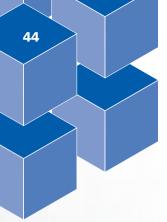
> Number of Senior Management 高級管理人員數目

#### 提名委員會

本公司於二零一五年三月二十六日 成立提名委員會,並遵照上市規則 附錄十四所載守則第A.5段的規定, 訂立書面職權範圍。提名委員會的 主要職責為就委任董事向董事會提 供建議及管理董事會的繼任事宜。

提名委員會由三名成員組成,即林 志雄先生(提名委員會主席)、鄭榮 昌先生及丘子敏先生。

提名委員會於本年度舉行一次會 議,各成員出席記錄如下:



## (A) THE BOARD (continued) Nomination Committee (continued)

#### (A) 董事會(續) 提名委員會(續)

Attendance/Number of meetings held 出席次數/舉行會議次數

Mr. Lam Chi Hung Louis (Chairman)林志雄先生(主席)1/1Mr. Cheng Wing Cheong鄭榮昌先生1/1Mr. Yau Chi Man Norman丘子敏先生1/1(also known as Iao Chi Meng)

#### **Board Diversity Policy**

The Company has adopted a board diversity policy (the "Policy") which sets out the approach to achieve and maintain diversity on the Board in order to enhance the effectiveness of the Board.

Pursuant to the Policy, the Company seeks to achieve Board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to the talent, skill, regional and industry experience, background, gender and other qualities.

The Board will consider putting in place measurable objectives to implement the Policy and review such objectives annually to ensure their appropriateness and ascertain the progress made towards achieving those objectives.

The Nomination Committee will review the Policy annually to ensure its continued effectiveness.

#### 董事會成員多元化政策

本公司已採納董事會成員多元化政 策(「該政策」),當中載列為達致及 維持董事會成員多元化以提升董事 會之有效性而採取之方針。

根據該政策,本公司擬透過考慮多項因素(包括但不限於才能、技能、 地區及行業經驗、背景、性別及其 他資歷)以達致董事會成員多元化。

董事會將考慮落實可計量目標以實施該政策,並每年檢討該等目標以 確保其合適度及確定達致該等目標 之進度。

提名委員會將每年檢討該政策,以確保其持續有效。

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#### Corporate Governance Report (continued) 企業管治報告(續)

# (B) FINANCIAL REPORTING AND INTERNAL CONTROL Financial Reporting

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2021 in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Directors also acknowledge their responsibilities to ensure that the financial statements of the Group are published in a timely manner. The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the Directors have prepared the financial statements of the Company on a going concern basis.

The reporting responsibilities of our Company's external auditors on the financial statements of the Group are set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" in this report.

#### **External Auditor's Remuneration**

For the year ended 31 March 2021, the remunerations paid or payable to KPMG in respect of its audit services and non-audit services are HK\$1,215,000 and HK\$435,000, respectively. The non-audit services represent the service fee paid to KPMG for the review of interim results of the Group for the six months ended 30 September 2020. The Audit Committee was satisfied that the non-audit services in the Financial Year 2020/21 did not affect the independence of the auditor.

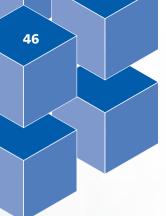
#### (B) 財務申報及內部監控

#### 財務申報

本公司外聘核數師對本集團財務報 表之申報責任載於本報告「獨立核數 師報告」。

#### 外聘核數師酬金

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本公司就畢馬威會計師事務所向本公司提供的審核服務及非審核服務已付或應付之酬金分別為1,215,000港元及435,000港元。非審核服務指畢馬威會計師事務所審関本集團截至二零二零年九月三十日止六個月的中期業績獲支付的服務費。審核委員會信納,二零二零的數師之獨立性。



# (B) FINANCIAL REPORTING AND INTERNAL CONTROL (continued) Internal Control

The Board is responsible for the internal control of the Group and for reviewing its effectiveness. Procedures have been designed for safeguarding assets against unauthorised use or disposition, the maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publications and the compliance of applicable laws, rules and regulations.

The Company does not have an internal audit function and has engaged an external consultant to conduct an assessment on the effectiveness of risk management and internal controls of the Group for the period from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020. The Board has conducted a review of the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Group and is satisfied that the Group has complied with the Code in respect of internal control from the period from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020. The internal control is reviewed and assessed on an on-going basis by the executive Directors, and will be further reviewed and assessed at least once each year by the Board.

#### **Company Secretary**

The Company has appointed Ms. Wong Sin Yi Reginia, who is an employee of the Company, as its company secretary. Ms. Wong has confirmed that for the year under review, she has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training. The biography of Ms. Wong is set out in the section headed "Biographies of Directors and Senior Management" of this report.

#### (B) 財務申報及內部監控(續)

#### 內部監控

董事會負責本集團的內部監控及檢 討其成效,並設有程序以保障資產 以防其未經授權使用或處置、確保 適當保存賬簿記錄以提供可靠的財 務資料供內部使用或發佈,並確保 遵守適用法例、規則及規例。

#### 公司秘書

本公司已委任王倩儀女士(為本公司僱員)為公司秘書。王女士已確認,於回顧年度,彼已參加不少於15個小時的相關專業培訓。王女士的履歷載於本報告「董事及高級管理人員履歷 | 一節。

# (C) COMPANY SECRETARY AND SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS Shareholders' Right

Pursuant to Article 64 of the Articles, extraordinary general meetings may be convened on the requisition of one or more shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the company secretary for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within 2 months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company. Shareholders may follow the procedures set out above to convene an extraordinary general meeting for any business specified in such written requisition.

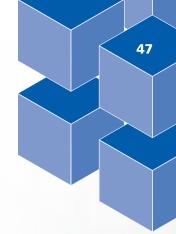
Subject to the provisions of the Articles, the Listing Rules, and the applicable laws and regulations, shareholders may propose a resolution at general meetings of the Company by following the "Procedures for Shareholders to Convene General Meetings" to convene an extraordinary general meeting and propose a resolution to be resolved at that extraordinary general meeting. Please refer to the document titled "Procedures for Shareholders to Convene General Meetings" on the Company's website for details.

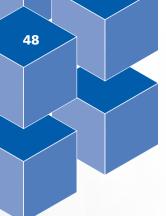
#### (C) 公司秘書及股東權利

#### 股東權利

根據章程細則第64條,股東特別大 會可由一名或多名股東要求召開, 該等股東於提出要求當日須持有本 公司實繳股本不少於十分之一並有 權在股東大會上投票。有關要求須 以書面形式向董事會或公司秘書提 出,藉以要求董事會就處理有關要 求所指明之任何事務而召開股東特 別大會。有關會議須在遞交該要求 後2個月內召開。如董事會在要求遞 交日期起計21日內未有進行安排召 開有關會議,則請求人(或多名請求 人)可用相同方式自行召開會議,且 請求人因董事會未有妥為召開會議 而招致的所有合理費用,須由本公 司補償請求人。股東可根據上述程 序召開股東特別大會以處理有關書 面要求提出的任何事務。

根據章程細則條文、上市規則及適用法例及法規,股東可遵照「股東召開股東大會之程序」於本公司股東大會上提呈決議案,以召開股東特別大會及提呈將於股東特別大會上決議的決議案。詳情請參閱本公司網站「股東召開股東大會之程序」一節的文件。





# (C) COMPANY SECRETARY AND SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (continued) Shareholders' Right (continued)

Pursuant to Article 113 of the Articles, no person other than a Director retiring at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for election as a Director at any general meeting unless notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director and notice in writing by that person of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the head office or at the registration office of the Company. The period for lodgement of the notices required will commerce no earlier than the day after the dispatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven days prior to the date of such general meeting and the minimum length of the period during which such notices to the Company may be given will be at least seven days.

Detailed procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director are available on the Company's website.

#### **Constitutional Documents**

There was no change to the Company's constitutional documents since the Listing Date. The Articles are available on the websites of both the Company and the Stock Exchange.

#### **Enquiries to the Board**

Enquiries may be put to the Board through the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at 26/F, Park Avenue Tower, 5 Moreton Terrace, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong (email: info@incon.hk).

#### (C) 公司秘書及股東權利(續)

#### 股東權利(續)

股東提名個別人士參選董事的詳細 程序於本公司網站可供查閱。

#### 章程文件

自上市日期起,本公司的章程文件 概無變動。章程細則於本公司及聯 交所網站可供查閱。

#### 向董事會作出查詢

股東可透過本公司的香港主要營業 地點向董事會作出查詢,地址為香 港銅鑼灣摩頓臺5號百富中心26樓 (電郵:info@incon.hk)。



#### Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

#### Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of In Construction Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of In Construction Holdings Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") set out on pages 57 to 127, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2021, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2021 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* ("the Code") together with any ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in the Cayman Islands, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### 致現恆建築控股有限公司全體股東的獨立 核數師報告

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

#### 意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」) 已審計列載 於第57至127頁的現恆建築控股有限公司 (以下簡稱「貴公司」) 及其附屬公司(以下 統稱「貴集團」) 的綜合財務報表,此綜合 財務報表包括於二零二一年三月三十一日 的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜 合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動 表和綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表 附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

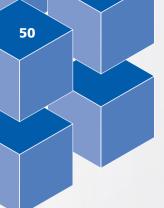
我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二一年三月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露要求妥為編製。

#### 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就綜合審計財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」)以以我們對開曼群島綜合財務報表的審計相關的道德要求,我們獨立於實集團,並已履行這些道德要求以及守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

#### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認 為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的 事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財 務報表及出具意見時進行處理。我們不會 對這些事項提供單獨的意見。



#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)**

#### **Contract accounting estimates**

Refer to accounting policies (2)(i) & (2)(p)(i) and notes 4 and 15 to the consolidated financial statements

#### The Kev Audit Matter

The Group recorded revenue from the provision of foundation construction works in Hong Kong totalling HK\$378.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2021.

Contract revenue is recognised progressively over time using output method, based on direct measurements of the value of services delivered or surveys of work performed and the estimated total revenue for the contracts entered into by the Group. Contract costs are recognised when work is performed, together with any provisions for expected contract losses. The recognition of revenue and profit relies on management's estimate of the final outcome of each contract, which involves the exercise of significant management judgement, particularly in forecasting the costs to complete a contract, in valuing contract variations, claims and liquidated and ascertained damages, in estimating the amount of expected losses and in assessing the ability of the Group to deliver services according to the agreed timetable.

We identified contract accounting estimates as a key audit matter because the estimation of the total contract revenue and total costs to complete contracts is inherently subjective and requires significant management judgement and estimation and because errors in the forecast of contract revenue and contract costs could result in a material variance in the amount of profit or loss recognised from contracts to date and, therefore, in the current year.

#### How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures to assess contract accounting estimates included the following:

- assessing the design and implementation of key internal controls over the contract revenue recognition processes;
- discussing with management the performance of all contracts in progress during the year and challenging the key estimates and assumptions adopted in the forecast of contract revenue and contract costs, including estimated costs to completion, the recognition of variation orders, the adequacy of contingency provisions and the assessment of potential liquidated and ascertained damages for contracts which were behind schedule, by obtaining and assessing information in connection the assumptions adopted, including contract agreements and sub-contracts, correspondence with customers regarding contract variations and claims and by considering historical outcomes for similar contracts:

#### 關鍵審計事項(續)

合約會計估計

請參閱會計政策(2)(i) & (2)(p)(i)及綜合財務報表附註4和15

#### 關鍵審計事項

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度, 貴集團在 香港提供基建工程錄得收益總計378.8百萬港元。

合約收益基於直接計量已交付服務或已開展工程測量的價值以及 貴集團所訂立合約的估計總收益採用產出法隨時間確認。合約成本於進行工作時連同預期合約虧損的任何撥備確認。收益及溢利的確認倚賴於管理層對各項合約的最終結果的估計,當中涉及行使重大管理層判斷,尤其是在預測完成合約的成本、評估合約變量、申索及協定及確定損害賠償、估計預期虧損金額以及評估 貴集團根據協定的時間表提供服務的能力方面。

我們將合約會計估計確定為關鍵審計事項,因為總合約收益及完成合約的總成本估計原本具有主觀性且需要重大的管理層判斷及估計及由於合約收益及合約成本預測的錯誤可能會導致迄今為止(及因此於當前年度內)透過合約確認的損益金額出現重大差異。

#### 我們的審計如何處理該事項

我們就評估合約會計估計進行的審計程序包括:

- 評估對合約收益確認流程的關鍵內部控制 的設計及實施;
- 透過獲取及評估與所採納的假設有關的資料(包括合約協議及分包合約、就合約變動及申索與客戶通信)以及透過考慮類似合約的歷史結果,與管理層討論年內所有正在進行的合約的績效並對在預測合約收益及合約成本時所採納的關鍵估計及假設提出質疑,包括估計的完成成本、合約變量的確認、應計經費的充足性及其對落後於預定計劃的潛在協定及確定損害賠償的評估;

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#### Independent Auditor's Report (continued) 獨立核數師報告(續)

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)**

The Key Audit Matter

#### How the matter was addressed in our audit

- obtaining a detailed breakdown of the total estimated costs to completion for all contracts in progress during the year and comparing, on a sample basis, actual costs incurred at the reporting date and future cost estimates with agreements, certifications or correspondence with subcontractors and suppliers and other documentation referred to by management in its assessment of the estimated costs to completion;
- challenging the assumptions and critical judgements made by management which impacted their estimations of the liquidated and ascertained damages assessments by comparing the key terms and conditions in the assessments with contract agreements with customers and by comparing the estimated contract completion time with the Group's updated progress report or correspondence from customers;
- comparing the contract revenue recognised for all contracts in progress during the year with certifications from the surveyors appointed by the customers or payment applications from the in-house surveyor;

#### 關鍵審計事項(續)

關鍵審計事項

#### 我們的審計如何處理該事項

- 取得年內所有正在進行的合約的完成估計總成本的詳盡明細,並以抽樣方式比較於報告日期產生的實際成本和估計未來費用,與分包商及供應商間的協議、認證或通訊以及管理層在評估完成估計成本時提述的其他文件;
- 通過比較與評估客戶合約協議的主要條款 及條件,並將估計的合約完成時間與 貴 集團更新的進度報告或客戶信函進行比 較,對管理層作出的假設及重大判斷提出 質疑,有關假設及重大判斷可影響對協定 及確定損害賠償的估計:
- 將就年內正在進行的所有合約確認的合約 收益與來自客戶委聘的測量師的認證或內 部測量師的付款申請進行對比:



#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)**

The Key Audit Matter

關鍵審計事項(續)

#### How the matter was addressed in our audit

- conducting site visits, on a sample basis, to observe the progress of individual contracts and discussing with site personnel the status of each project and evaluating whether the project progress was consistent with the agreed timetable and the Group's financial accounting records;
- performing a retrospective review for contracts completed during the current year by comparing the final outcome of the contracts with previous estimates made for those contracts to assess the reliability of the management's forecasting process; and
- inspecting a sample of contract agreements with customers and subcontractors to identify key terms and conditions, including contracting parties, the contract period, contract sum, the scope of work, the methodology for calculating liquidated and ascertained damages, and evaluating whether these key terms and conditions had been appropriately reflected in the total estimated revenue and costs to complete in the forecast of the outcome of the contract.

#### 我們的審計如何處理該事項

- 按抽樣基準進行實地視察以觀察個別合約 的進度,並與現場人員討論各個項目的狀態及評估項目進度與協定的時間表及 集團的財務會計記錄是否一致;
- 通過將合約的最終結果與之前對該等合約 作出的估計進行對比,對本年度完成的合 約進行追溯審計,以評估管理層預測流程 的可靠性;及
- 抽樣檢查與客戶及分包商的合約協議以確 定關鍵條款及條件(包括訂約方、合約期、 合約金額、工作範圍、協定及確定損害賠 償之計算方法)並評估該等關鍵條款及條件 是否根據合約預測結果於估計收益總額及 完成成本中得到恰當的反映。

# INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### 綜合財務報表及其核數師報告以 外的資料

董事需對其他資料負責。其他資料包括刊 載於年報內的全部資料,但不包括綜合財 務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他 信息,我們亦不對該等其他資料發表任何 形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的 責任是閱讀其他資料,在此過程中,考慮 其他資料是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審 計過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者 似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。

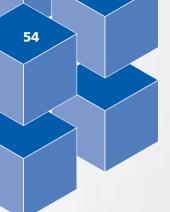
基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其 他資料存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告 該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

## 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的 《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》 的披露要求編製真實而中肯的綜合財務報 表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的編製 不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤 陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下 披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持 續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴 集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的 替代方案。

審核委員會協助董事履行監督 貴集團的財務報告過程的責任。



# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

#### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔 的責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤 陳述取得合理鍳證,並出具包括我們意見 的核數師報告。我們僅向整體股東報告。除此以外,我們的報告不可用作其他用途。我們概不就本報告的內容,對任何其他人士負責或承擔法律責任。

合理鍳證是高水平的鍳證,但不能保證按 照《香港審計準則》進行的審計,在某一重 大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可 以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們 單獨或滙總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使 用者依賴綜合財務報表所作出的經濟決 定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程 中,我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷 疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致 綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的 風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對 這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當的 審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎、 由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、 意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕於內 控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而 導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於 能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳 述的風險。
- 瞭解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計於當時情況下適當的審計程序, 但目的並非對 貴集團內部控制的 有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性 及作出會計估計和相關披露的合理 性。

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任(續)

- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的 財務資料獲取充足、適當的審計 憑證,以便對綜合財務報表發表 意見。我們負責 貴集團審計的方 向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見 承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了 計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發 現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制 的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們 已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求, 並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響 我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及 在適用的情況下,相關消除威脅的行動或 防範措施。



# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Ho Wai Ming.

# 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任(續)

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人 是何偉明。

#### KPMG

Certified Public Accountants

8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

25 June 2021

#### 畢馬威會計師事務所

執業會計師

香港中環 遮打道10號 太子大廈8樓

二零二一年六月二十五日

# Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表 For the year ended 31 March 2021截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Note 附註	_ ◆ _	
Revenue	收益	4	378,783	393,892
Direct costs	直接成本		(322,197)	(367,701)
Gross profit	毛利		56,586	26,191
Other revenue	其他收益	5	5,784	1,968
Administrative and other operating expenses	行政及其他營運開支		(27,747)	(22,586)
Profit from operations	經營溢利		34,623	5,573
Finance costs	融資成本	6(a)	(907)	(1,236)
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	6	33,716	4,337
Income tax	所得税	7(a)	(5,013)	(580)
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	年內溢利及 全面收益總額		28,703	3,757
Earnings per share (Hong Kong cents)	每股盈利(港仙)			
Basic and diluted	基本及攤薄	10	3.5	0.5

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### **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

**綜合財務狀況表** As at 31 March 2021於二零二一年三月三十一日 (Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Note 附註	ーマー + <b>\$′000</b> 千元	ーマーマー \$′000 千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	11	91	184
Lease receivables Deferred tax assets	應收租賃款項 遞延税項資產	17(a) 7(c)(ii)	10,347 266	15,159 69
			10,704	15,412
Current assets	流動資產			
Contract assets	合約資產	15(a)	180,768	189,499
Inventories	存貨	. – ( )	1,098	868
Lease receivables	應收租賃款項	17(a)	4,812	4,606
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	13	109,139	129,182
Tax recoverable  Cash and bank balances	可收回税項 現金及銀行結餘	7(c)(i) 14(a)	- -	4,187 46,125
Casil allu balik balances	况並	14(d)	55,995	40,123
			351,812	374,467
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Contract liabilities	合約負債	15(b)	1,241	4,027
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	16	55,037	94,330
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	17(b)	4,815	4,615
Tax payable	應付税項	7(c)(i)	721	93
Bank loan – secured	銀行貸款-抵押	18	-	10,000
Loan from a shareholder	股東貸款	19	13,000	13,000
			74,814	126,065
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		276,998	248,402
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		287,702	263,814

#### 現恆建築控股有限公司 2021 年報



綜合財務狀況表(續)

As at 31 March 2021於二零二一年三月三十一日 (Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

			<b>2021</b> 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Note 附註	<b>\$′000</b> 千元	\$′000 千元
Non-current liability	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	17(b)	10,330	15,145
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		277,372	248,669
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備	20		
Share capital Reserves	股本儲備	20(c)	8,300 269,072	8,300 240,369
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益		277,372	248,669

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 25 June 2021.

由董事會於二零二一年六月二十五日批准 及授權刊發。

**Cheng Wing Cheong** 劉伯文 鄭榮昌 Lau Pak Man Director 董事 Director 董事

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## **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

#### 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2021截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars) (以港元列示)

### Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company 本公司權益股東應佔

		—————————————————————————————————————				
		Share capital 股本 \$'000 千元	Share premium 股份溢價 \$'000 千元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 \$'000 千元	Retained profits 保留溢利 \$'000 千元	Total equity 總權益 \$′000 千元
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	8,300	75,453	(35,952)	197,111	244,912
Change in equity for 2020:	二零二零年權益變動:					
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	年內溢利及 全面收益總額 —	-	_	-	3,757	3,757
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日 及二零二零年四月一日	8,300	75,453	(35,952)	200,868	248,669
Change in equity for 2021:	二零二一年權益變動:					
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	年內溢利及 全面收益總額 —	-	-	-	28,703	28,703
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年 三月三十一日	8,300	75,453	(35,952)	229,571	277,372

### **Consolidated Cash Flow Statement**

**綜合現金流量表**For the year ended 31 March 2021截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars) (以港元列示)

			2021	2020
		Note	\$'000	二零二零年 \$'000
		附註	千元	千元
Operating activities	經營活動			
Cash generated from/(used in) operations Tax paid	經營所得/(所用)現金 已付税項	14(b)	21,861 (395)	(21,512) (1,127)
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	經營活動所得/(所用) 現金淨額		21,466	(22,639)
Investing activities	投資活動			
Payment for the purchase of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of property,	就購置物業、廠房及 設備付款 出售物業、廠房及		(11)	(36)
plant and equipment Interest received Capital element of lease rentals received	設備之所得款項 已收利息 已收租賃租金之		- 683	2,600 570
Interest element of lease rentals received	資本元素 已收租賃租金之		2,752	2,216
(Increase)/decrease in restricted bank	利息元素 受限制銀行存款		502	442
deposits	(増加)/減少		(6,249)	1,184
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities	投資活動(所用)/所得 現金淨額		(2,323)	6,976
Financing activities	融資活動			
Capital element of lease rentals paid Interest element of lease rentals paid Proceeds from loan from a shareholder Proceeds from bank loan Repayment of bank loan Interest paid for bank overdrafts Interest paid for bank loan	已付租賃租金之資本元素 已付租賃租金之利息元素 股東貸款之所得款項 銀行貸款之所得款項 償還銀行貸款 銀行透支之已付利息 銀行貸款之已付利息	14(c) 14(c) 14(c) 14(c) 14(c)	(4,615) (751) - (10,000) (20) (136)	(4,403) (908) 13,000 10,000 - (43) (285)
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	融資活動(所用)/所得 現金淨額	:	(15,522)	17,361
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物 增加淨額		3,621	1,698
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	年初的現金及 現金等價物		10,534	8,836
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	年末的現金及 現金等價物	14(a)	14,155	10,534

The notes on pages 62 to 127 form part of these financial statements.

第62至127頁的附註構成此等財務報表之 一部分。



#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

In Construction Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") are principally engaged as a contractor in the foundation industry in Hong Kong. The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on 29 September 2014 under the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands.

The Company's shares were listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 16 April 2015.

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"). Significant accounting policies adopted by the Group are disclosed below.

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 2(c) provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

#### 1 一般資料

現恆建築控股有限公司(「本公司」) 及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主 要作為承建商於香港從事地基業。 本公司於二零一四年九月二十九 日根據開曼群島法例第22章公司 法(1961年第3號法例,經綜合及修 訂)在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有 限公司。

本公司股份於二零一五年四月十六 日在香港聯合交易所「聯交所」上 市。

#### 2 重大會計政策

#### (a) 合規聲明

香港會計師公會已頒佈若干新 訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則,該等準則於本集團當前會 計期間首次生效或可供提早採 納。附註2(c)提供與初次應用 上述發展所引致會計政策之任 何變動有關之資料,該等發展 於本期間及以往會計期間對本 集團而言屬相關並在此等財務 報表中反映。

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

# 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (continued)

## (b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in note 3.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (b) 編製財務報表的基準

截至二零二一年三月三十一日 止年度之綜合財務報表包括本 公司及其附屬公司。

編製此等財務報表乃以歷史成 本法作為計量基準。

估計及相關假設乃按持續基準檢討。倘會計估計的修訂僅影響某一期間,其影響將於該期間內確認,或倘修訂對當前和未來期間均有影響,則在作出修訂的期間和未來期間內確認。

管理層就應用對財務報表有重 大影響的香港財務報告準則所 作的判斷,以及估計不明朗因 素的主要來源,乃於附註3中 討論。 Annual Report 2021



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

# 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (c) Changes in accounting policies

The HKICPA has issued certain amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group. None of these developments have had a material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented. The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (c) 會計政策之變動

香港會計師公會已頒佈若干新香港財務報告準則,並於本集團本會計期間首次生效。該等發展對本集團如何編製或呈列當前或過往期間的業績及財務狀況並無造成重大影響。本集團並未應用任何於本會計期間尚未生效的新訂準則或詮釋。

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

# 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (d) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset.

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 2(g)), unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale).

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (d) 附屬公司

附屬公司為本集團所控制之實體。當本集團對其參與投資於實體所面對或擁有回報變化之 建利及能夠對實體行使權力 影響回報金額時,則本集團已控制該實體。當評估本集團是 控制該實體。當評估本集團是 否有權力時,只會考慮由質性 權利。

倘本集團失去一間附屬公司 的控制權,列賬為出售其在該 附屬公司的全部權益,由此產 生的收益或虧損於損益內確 認。於失去控制權當日在前附 屬公司保留的任何權益按公平 值確認,該金額將被視為初步 確認金融資產時的公平值。

於本公司之財務狀況表中,於附屬公司之投資乃按成本扣除減值虧損列賬(見附註2(g)),除非該投資乃分類為持作出售(或計入分類為持作出售之出售組別)。



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (e) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note 2(q)).

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

- Furniture and fixtures 5 years

Leasehold improvements Shorter of lease term and 5 years

- Motor vehicles 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> years

- Plant and machinery 5 years

Office equipment5 years

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (e) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備乃按成本減累計折舊及減值虧損列賬(見附註2(q))。

報廢或出售物業、廠房及設備 所產生之損益乃以出售所得款 項淨額與項目賬面金額之間之 差額釐定,並於報廢或出售之 日在損益中確認。

物業、廠房及設備之折舊是以 直線法在以下估計可使用期限 內撇銷其成本(扣除估計剩餘 價值(如有))計算:

- 傢俬及裝置 5年

租賃物業裝修 於租賃期及5年 以較短者 為準)

- 汽車 31/₃年

- 廠房及機器 5年

- 辦公室設備 5年

倘一項物業、廠房及設備各部 分之可使用年期並不相同,則 該項目各部分之成本將按合理 基礎分配,而每部分將作個別 折舊。一項資產之可使用年期 及剩餘價值(如有)將每年進 行審閱。

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

# 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (f) Leased assets

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

#### (i) As a lessee

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets which, for the Group, are primarily office equipment. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (f) 租賃資產

訂立合約時,本集團評估合約 是否為租賃或包含租賃。如果 合約賦予在一段時間內控制取 設別資產的使用的權利以換取 代價,則合約為租賃或包含租 賃。當客戶有權指示已識別資 產的使用,且從使用中獲取幾 乎所有的經濟利益時,即表示 擁有控制權。

#### (i) 作為承租人

若租賃被資本化,則租 賃負債以租賃期內應付 租賃付款的現值進行初 始確認,並使用該項租 賃的內含利率折現;或 如果內含利率無法輕易 釐定,則使用相關的增 量借款利率。初始確認 後,租賃負債以攤銷成 本計量,且利息開支則 採用實際利率法計算。 不取決於指數或利率的 可變租賃付款並不包含 於租賃負債的計量中, 並因此於其產生的會計 期間計入損益。



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (f) Leased assets (continued)

#### (i) As a lessee (continued)

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note 2(g)).

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The lease liability is also remeasured when there is a change in the scope of a lease or the consideration for a lease that is not originally provided for in the lease contract ("lease modification") that is not accounted for as a separate lease. In this case the lease liability is remeasured based on the revised lease payments and lease term using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (f) 租賃資產(續)

#### (i) 作為承租人(續)

租賃資本化時已確認的 使用權資產按成本進行 初始計量,其中包括租 賃負債的初始金額加上 任何於開始日或之前作 出的租賃付款,以及產 生的任何初始直接費 用。在適用的情況下, 使用權資產的成本亦包 括將拆卸、搬移相關資 產或復原相關資產或資 產所在地點的費用估算 折現至其現值,減去已 收到的租賃優惠。使用 權資產隨後按成本減去 累計折舊和減值虧損列 賬(參閱附註2(g))。

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

# 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (f) Leased assets (continued)

#### (ii) As a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an underlying assets to the lessee. If this is not the case, the lease is classified as an operating lease.

When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. The rental income from operating leases is recognised in accordance with note 2(p)(ii).

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, the sub-leases are classified as a finance lease or as an operating lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease. If the head lease is a short-term lease to which the Group applies the exemption described in note 2(f)(i), then the Group classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (f) 租賃資產(續)

#### (ii) 作為出租人

倘合約包括租賃及非租賃部分,本集團根據相對獨立的售價基準將合約代價分配予各部分。經營租賃產生的租金收入根據附註2(p)(ii)確認。

倘本集團為中間出租 人,經參考總租約產生 的使用權資產,分租賃或經 預類為融資租賃或經 租賃。倘總租約為短期 租賃,本集團豁免遵明 附註2(f)(i)所載規定,則 本集團將分租分類為經 營租賃。



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

# 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (g) Credit losses and impairment of assets

#### (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") on the following items:

- financial assets measured at amortised cost (including cash and bank balances and trade and other receivables);
- contract assets as defined in HKFRS 15 (see note 2(i)); and
- lease receivables.

#### Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all expected cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

The expected cash shortfalls are discounted using the following discount rates where the effect of discounting is material:

- fixed-rate financial assets, trade and other receivables and contract assets: effective interest rate determined at initial recognition or an approximation thereof;
- variable-rate financial assets: current effective interest rate; and
- lease receivables: discount rate used in the measurement of the lease receivable.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (q) 信貸虧損及資產減值

#### (i) 來自金融工具及合約資 產的信貸虧損

本集團就以下項目的預 期信貸虧損確認虧損撥 備:

- 按攤銷成本計量 的金融資產(包括 現金及銀行結餘 以及貿易及其他 應收款項);
- 一 香港財務報告準 則第15號所界定 的合約資產(見附 註2(j));及
- 應收租賃款項。

預期信貸虧損的計量 預期信貸虧損為信貸虧損為信貸虧損的概率加權估計。 貸虧損以所有預期現值(即根據 差額的現值(即根據內 治應付予本集團的,收 完量與本集團預計的 等 額)計量。

倘貼現影響重大,則預 期現金差額將採用以下 貼現率貼現:

- 一 固定利率金融資 產、貿易及其及 應收款項以及及 約資產:於初資產 確認時釐定的實際 門利率或其近似 值:
- 一 可變利率金融資 產:當前實際利 率;及
- 應收租賃款項: 以貼現率計量應 收租賃款項。

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

# 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (continued)

# (g) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

# (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (continued)

Measurement of ECLs (continued)
The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

In measuring ECLs, the Group takes into account reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. This includes information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

ECLs are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- lifetime ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from all possible default events over the expected lives of the items to which the ECL model applies.

Loss allowances for trade receivables, retentions receivable, lease receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. ECLs on these financial assets are estimated by grouping together customers with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assessing them for the risk or probability that a credit loss will occur based on external credit ratings and the exposure of loss when the customers default.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (q) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

#### (i) 來自金融工具及合約資 產的信貸虧損(續)

預期信貸虧損的計量(續) 估計預期信貸虧損時所 考慮的最長期間為本集 團面對信貸風險的最長 合約期間。

於計量預期信貸虧損 時,本集團會考慮在毋 需付出過多成本或努力 下即可獲得的合理可靠 資料。此包括有關過往 事件、現時狀況及未來 經濟狀況預測的資料。

預期信貸虧損採用以下 之其中一項基準計量:

- 一 12個月預期信貸 虧損:指報告日 期後12個月內可 能發生的違約事 件而導致的預期 虧損:及
- 全期預期信貸虧 損:指預期信貸虧 損模式適用項目的 預計年期內所有可 能違約事件而導致 的預期虧損。



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (g) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

# (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (continued)

Measurement of ECLs (continued)
For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises a loss allowance equal to 12-month ECLs unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial instrument since initial recognition, in which case the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

#### Significant increases in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of default occurring on the financial instrument assessed at the reporting date with that assessed at the date of initial recognition. In making this reassessment, the Group considers that a default event occurs when (i) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (ii) the financial asset is 90 days past due. The Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

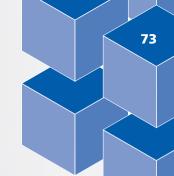
#### (g) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

#### (i) 來自金融工具及合約資 產的信貸虧損(續)

預期信貸虧損的計量(續) 就所有其他金融工具無 言,本集團確認相皆損 12個月預期信貸虧損撥備,除非金融 具信貸風險自初步確認 長大幅損撥備,在此時 大虧損撥備乃按相別 下,虧損撥備乃按相 於全期預期信貸虧損的 金額計量。

#### 信貸風險大幅上升

評估金融工具的信貸風 險自初步確認以來有否 大幅上升時,本集團會 比較於報告日期評估及 於初步確認日期評估的 金融工具發生違約的風 險。於重新評估時,本 集團認為,倘(i)於本集團 未有採取追索行動,如 變現抵押品(倘持有任 何抵押品)的情況下,借 款人全數履行其對本集 團之信貸責任的可能性 不大;或(ii)金融資產已 逾期90天,則構成違約 事件。本集團會考慮合 理可靠的定量及定性資 料,包括過往經驗及毋 需付出過多成本或努力 即可獲得的前瞻性資料。



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (continued)

## (g) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

# (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (continued)

Significant increases in credit risk (continued)

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- failure to make payments of principal or interest on their contractually due dates:
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in a financial instrument's external or internal credit rating (if available);
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- existing or forecast changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have a significant adverse effect on the debtor's ability to meet its obligation to the Group.

Depending on the nature of the financial instruments, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is performed on either an individual basis or a collective basis. When the assessment is performed on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, such as past due status and credit risk ratings.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (q) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

#### (i) 來自金融工具及合約資 產的信貸虧損(續)

信貸風險大幅上升(續)

於評估自最初的信貸風 險是否大幅上升尤其會 考慮以下資料:

- 未能按合約期支 付本金或利息;
- 一 金融工具外部或內部信貸評級的實際或預期顯著惡化(如適用):
- 一 債務人經營業績的 實際或預期顯著惡 化;及
- 科技、市場、經濟 或法律環境的目前 或預期變動對債務 人履行其對本集團 責任的能力有重大 不利影響。

視乎金融工具的性質而 定,信貸風險大幅上 的評估乃按個別基準進行。倘許 為按共同基準進行,倘 為按共同基準進行,金 融工具則按共同的信贷 風險特徵(如逾期狀況分 信貸風險評級)進行分 組。



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (g) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)
  - (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (continued)

Significant increases in credit risk (continued)

ECLs are remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instrument's credit risk since initial recognition. Any change in the ECL amount is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss. The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

Basis of calculation of interest income Interest income recognised in accordance with note 2(p)(iii) is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether a financial asset is credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

- (q) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)
  - (i) 來自金融工具及合約資 產的信貸虧損(續)

信貸風險大幅上升(續)

計算利息收入的基準 根據附註2(p)(iii)確認的 利息收入乃按金融資產的 總賬面值計算,除 該金融資產出現信貸減 值,在此情況下,利 與 入按金融資產的攤銷 成本(即總賬面值減虧損 撥備)計算。

於各報告日期,本集團 評估金融資產是否出現 信貸減值。當發生一項 或多項對金融資產預計 未來現金流量有不利影 響的事件時,金融資產 則出現信貸減值。

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (continued)

## (g) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

#### (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (continued)

Basis of calculation of interest income (continued)

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable events:

- significant financial difficulties of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor.

#### Write-off policy

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset, lease receivable or contract asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off.

Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (g) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

#### (i) 來自金融工具及合約資 產的信貸虧損(續)

計算利息收入的基準(續)

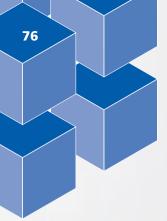
金融資產出現信貸減值 的證據包括以下可觀察 事件:

- 債務人有重大財務 困難;
- 違反合約,如拖欠 或逾期還款事項;
- 債務人可能破產或 進行其他財務重 組:或
- 科技、市場、經濟 或法律環境有重大 改變而對債務人有 不利影響。

#### 撇銷政策

倘實際上並無收回的可 能性,金融資產、應產的 種實款項或合約資產的 總賬面值會被撇銷(部 或全部)。此乃本集團或 為債務人並無資產與現 入來源可產生足夠 流量以價還將予撇 款項之一般情況。

倘過往已撇銷的資產於 其後收回,則於收回期 間於損益確認為減值撥 回。



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (g) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

- (ii) Impairment of other non-current assets
  Internal and external sources of
  information are reviewed at the end
  of each reporting period to identify
  indications that the following assets
  may be impaired or, an impairment loss
  previously recognised no longer exists or
  may have decreased:
  - property, plant and equipment; and
  - investment in subsidiaries in the Company's statement of financial position.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit).

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (q) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

- (ii) 其他非流動資產減值 本集團於各報告期末審 閱內部及外部資料來 源,以確定以下資產是 否存在減值跡象,或先 前確認的減值虧損是否 不再存在或可能已經減 少:
  - 物業、廠房及設備;及
  - 本公司財務狀況 表內於附屬公司 投資。

倘存在任何上述跡象, 則資產的可收回金額將 予估計。

- 計算可收回金額

資產的可收回金 額為其公平值減 出售成本和使用 價值兩者之間的 較高者。在評估 使用價值時,會 按反映當時市場 對貨幣時間價值 及資產特定風險 評估的税前貼現 率,將估計未來 現金流量貼現至 其現值。倘資產 並無產生基本上 獨立於其他資產 所產生的現金流 入,則以能獨立 產生現金流入的 最小資產組別(即 現金產生單位)來 釐定可收回金額。

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (continued)

## (g) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

## (ii) Impairment of other non-current assets (continued)

Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable) or value in use (if determinable).

#### Reversals of impairment losses

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (q) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

#### (ii) 其他非流動資產減值 (續)

- 確認減值虧損

倘資產或其所屬 現金產生單位的 賬面值超過其可 收回金額時,則 於損益賬中確認 減值虧損。就現 金產生單位確認 的減值虧損會分 配,以按比例減 少單位(或該組單 位)內資產的賬 面值,惟某資產 的賬面值不會減 至低於其個別公 平值減去出售成 本(如可計量)或 使用價值(如能釐 定)。

#### - 撥回減值虧損

倘用作釐定可收 回金額的估計出 現正面的變化, 則會撥回減值虧 損。

所撥阻所強阻的減在確認的減在確認的於未時產的所損性的所損害。所損不可值虧的所損不可值虧的認力。



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (g) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

## (iii) Interim financial reporting and impairment

Under the Listing Rules, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with HKAS 34, *Interim financial reporting*, in respect of the first six months of the financial year. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year (see note 2(g)(i)).

#### (h) Inventories

Inventories are assets which are held for sale in the ordinary course of business, in the process of production for such sale or in the form of materials or supplies to be consumed in the production process or in the rendering of services.

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is calculated using the first-in, first-out method and comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (q) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

#### (iii) 中期財務報告及減值

根據上市規則,本集團 須遵照香港會計準則第 34號,中期財務報告, 就財年的前六個月編集 中期財務報告。於中期財務報告。 時中期財務報集團應用財 結束時,本集團應用財 年結束時可能應開的撥 同減值測試、確認及 回準則(見附註2(g)(i))。

#### (h) 存貨

存貨是指日常業務過程中持有 以作銷售、處在為該等銷售的 生產過程中,或在生產過程中 或提供服務耗用的材料或物料 形式持有的資產。

存貨按成本及可變現淨值的較 低者列賬。

成本乃按先進先出法計算,並 包括所有採購成本、轉化成本 及其他使存貨達至現時所在地 點及保持現有狀況所涉及之成 本。

可變現淨值為在日常業務過程 中的估計售價減去完成的估 計成本以及完成銷售的估計成 本。

在售出存貨後,該等存貨之賬 面值會於確認相關收入之期間 確認為開支。

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (h) Inventories (continued)

The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

#### (i) Contract assets and contract liabilities

A contract asset is recognised when the Group recognises revenue (see note 2(p)) before being unconditionally entitled to the consideration under the payment terms set out in the contract. Contract assets are assessed for ECLs in accordance with the policy set out in note 2(g)(i) and are reclassified to receivables when the right to the consideration has become unconditional (see note 2(j)).

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue (see note 2(p)). A contract liability would also be recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised (see note 2(j)).

For a single contract with the customer, either a net contract asset or a net contract liability is presented. For multiple contracts, contract assets and contract liabilities of unrelated contracts are not presented on a net basis.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (h) 存貨(續)

將存貨減值至可變現淨值之減 值金額和所有存貨虧損均在進 行減值或虧損的期內確認為開 支。任何存貨減值撥回金額應 在撥回發生期間沖減開支。

#### (i) 合約資產及合約負債

合約資產於在本集團有權無條件獲取合約所載付款條款下的代價前確認收益(見附註2(p))時確認。合約資產按附註2(g)(i)所載政策就預期信貸虧損而獲評估,並在代價權利成為無條件後獲重新分類至應收款項(見附註2(j))。

合約負債於客戶在本集團確認相關收益前支付代價時確認(見附註2(p))。倘本集團有無條件權利在本集團確認相關收益前收取代價,則合約負債亦會獲確認。在相關情況下,相應應收款項亦會獲確認(見附註2(j))。

就與客戶的單一合約而言,淨 合約資產或淨合約負債得以呈 列。就多份合約而言,不相關 合約的合約資產及合約負債不 按淨額基準呈列。 Annual Report 2021



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (i) Trade and other receivables

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognised before the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset (see note 2(i)).

Receivables are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowance for credit losses (see note 2(q)(i)).

#### (k) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value. Trade and other payables are subsequently stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

#### (I) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (i) 貿易及其他應收款項

應收款項於本集團具有無條件權利收取代價時確認。倘代價僅隨時間推移即會成為到期應付,則收取代價的權利為無條件。倘收益在本集團有無條件權利收取代價前已確認,則金額呈列為合約資產(見附註2(j))。

應收款項利用實際利率法按攤銷成本減信貸虧損撥備列賬 (見附註2(g)(i))。

#### (k) 貿易及其他應付款項

貿易及其他應付款項初步按公 平值確認。貿易及其他應付款 項其後按攤銷成本列賬,惟倘 貼現影響並不重大,則按成本 列賬。

#### (I) 現金及現金等價物

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (m) Employee benefits

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

#### (n) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (m) 僱員福利

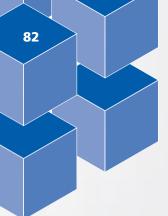
薪金、年度花紅、帶薪年假、 界定供款退休計劃供款及非金 錢福利成本於僱員提供相關服 務年度內累計。倘延遲付款或 結算並造成重大影響,則該等 金額將按現值列賬。

#### (n) 所得税

年度所得税包括即期税項以及遞延税項資產及負債的變動。即期税項以及遞延税項資產 動。即期税項以及遞延税項資確認,惟與於其他全面收益確認 或直接於權益確認的項目有關 者除外,於此情況下,有關稅 項款項分別於其他全面收益確 認或直接於權益確認。

即期税項乃本年應課税收入的預期應繳税項(按於報告期末已頒佈或實質上已頒佈的稅率計算)以及以往年度應繳稅項的任何調整。

遞延税項資產及負債分別源自可扣減及應課税暫時差額,即作財務申報之用的資產及負債賬面值與彼等税基之間的差額。遞延税項資產亦源自未動用税項虧損及未動用税項抵免。



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (n) Income tax (continued)

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities and all deferred tax assets, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (n) 所得税(續)

除若干為數不多的例外情況 外,將確認所有遞延税項負債 及所有遞延税項資產,惟限於 可能有可利用資產抵扣的未來 應課税溢利的情況。可支持確 認由可扣減暫時差額所產生遞 延税項資產的未來應課税溢利 包括因撥回現有應課税暫時差 額將產生的數額,惟該等差額 須與同一税務機關及同一應課 税實體有關, 並預期在可扣減 暫時差額預計撥回同一期間或 遞延税項資產所產生税項虧損 可向後期或向前期結轉期間內 撥回。倘應課税暫時差額與同 一税務機關及同一應課税實體 有關,並預期於可動用税項虧 損或抵免期間撥回,則釐定現 有應課税暫時差額是否足以支 持確認未動用税項虧損及抵免 產生的遞延税項資產時,亦採 納同一準則。

遞延税項資產和負債確認的項資產和負債確認的項資產和負債確認的有限例外情況包括:不得為稅轉不不影響務例。如屬資質的不不影響務所以對於不可以對於不可以對於不可以對於不可以對於不可以對於不可能發展,與對於不可能發達,與對於可在將來撥回的差異,與於可在將來撥回的差異。



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (n) Income tax (continued)

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Group or the Company has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Group or the Company intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
  - the same taxable entity; or
  - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

#### 重大會計政策(續) 2

#### (n) 所得税(續)

已確認遞延税項金額乃按資產 及負債賬面值的預期變現或 結算方式,採用於報告期末已 頒佈或實質上已頒佈的税率計 量。遞延税項資產及負債不予

遞延税項資產的賬面值會在各 報告期末予以審閱,若日後不 再可能有足夠應課税溢利用 以抵扣相關税項利益,則扣減 遞延税項資產賬面值。若日後 可能有足夠應課税溢利用以抵 扣,則撥回所扣減之數額。

即期税項結餘及遞延税項結餘 以及相關變動,乃分別呈列且 不會互相抵銷。僅於本集團或 本公司有可合法強制執行之權 利,將即期税項資產抵銷即期 税項負債,而且符合以下額外 條件時,即期及即期稅項資產 和負債才會對銷:

- 就即期税項資產及負債 而言,本集團或本公司 擬按照淨額基準結算, 或同時變現資產及清償 負債;或
- 就遞延税項資產及負債 而言,倘若這些遞延税 項資產及負債與同一個 税務當局所徵收的所得 税有關,而所得税向:
  - 同一個應課税實 體徵收;或
  - 不同的應課税實 體徵收,而預期 在未來各個期間 結算或撥回相當 數額之遞延稅項 負債或資產,則 擬按照淨額基準 變現即期税項資 產及結算即期稅 項負債,或同時 進行變現及結算。

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(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (o) Provisions and contingent liabilities

#### (i) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

#### (ii) Onerous contracts

An onerous contract exists when the Group has a contract under which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received from the contract. Provisions for onerous contracts are measured at the present value of the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the net cost of continuing with the contract.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (o) 撥備及或然負債

#### (i) 撥備及或然負債

#### (ii) 虧損合約

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (continued)

#### (p) Revenue and other income

Income is classified by the Group as revenue when it arises from the sale of goods, the provision of services or the use by others of the Group's assets under leases in the ordinary course of the Group's business.

Revenue is recognised when control over a product or service is transferred to the customer, or the lessee has the right to use the asset, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Further details of the Group's revenue and other income recognition policies are as follows:

#### (i) Construction contract revenue

A contract with a customer is classified by the Group as a construction contract when the contract relates to work on real estate assets under the control of the customer and therefore the Group's construction activities create or enhance an asset under the customer's control.

When the outcome of a construction contract can be reasonably measured, revenue from the contract is recognised progressively over time using the output method based on direct measurements of value of services delivered or surveys of work performed.

The likelihood of the Group in suffering contractual penalties for late completion are taken into account in making these estimates, such that revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (p) 收益及其他收入

當收入來自於本集團日常業務過程中銷售貨品及、提供服務或其他人士使用本集團租賃資產,則本集團將該收入歸類為收益。

收益在產品或服務控制權按本 集團預期有權獲取的承諾代價 金額(不包括代表第三方收取 的該等金額)轉讓予客戶或承 租人有權使用資產時確認。收 益不包括增值税或其他銷售 税,並經扣減任何貿易折讓。

本集團收益及其他收入確認政 策的進一步詳情如下:

#### (i) 建築合約收益

當合約與受客戶管控的房地產資產工程相關,故本集團建築活動創造或提升受客戶管控的資產時,本集團將與客戶的合約歸類為建築合約。

當建築合約的結果可合理計量時,合約收益基於直接計量已交付服務或已開展工程測量的價值採用產出法隨時間確認。

本集團因延遲完工遭受 合約罰款的可能性於作 出該等估計時獲考慮, 並僅在已確認累計收益 金額很可能不會大幅撥 回時方會確認收益。



## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (p) Revenue and other income (continued)

## (i) Construction contract revenue (continued)

When the outcome of the contract cannot be reasonably measured, revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract costs incurred that are expected to be recovered.

If at any time the costs to complete the contract are estimated to exceed the remaining amount of the consideration under the contract, then a provision is recognised in accordance with the policy set out in note 2(o)(ii).

#### (ii) Rental income from operating leases

Rental income receivable under operating leases is recognised in profit or loss in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset.

#### (iii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues under the effective interest method using the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset.

#### (iv) Government grants

Government grants are recognised in the statement of financial position initially when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as income in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses incurred.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (p) 收益及其他收入(續)

#### (i) 建築合約收益(續)

當合約的結果不能合理 計量時,僅在所產生的 合約成本預期將會收回 時方會確認收益。

倘於任何時間估計完成 合約成本超過合約代價 剩餘金額,則根據附註 2(o)(ii)所載政策確認撥 備。

#### (ii) 經營租賃之租金收入

經營租賃項下之應收租 金收入乃於租賃期涵蓋 之期間內以等額分期方 式於損益確認,惟倘有 其他基準更能代表使用 租賃資產所得利益之模 式則除外。

#### (iii) 利息收入

利息收入於產生時以實際利率法使用將金融資產之預計使用年期內之估計未來現金收入準確貼現為金融資產總賬面金額之利率確認。

#### (iv) 政府補貼



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2 (continued)

#### (q) Borrowings

Borrowings are measured initially at fair value less transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

#### (r) Related parties

- (1) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (q) 借款

借款最初是以公允值減交易成 本計算。往後,附息借款按實 際利率法以攤銷成本計算。

直接涉及收購、建造或生產資產(即須於較長時期後方能投入作擬定用途或出售者)的借款成本均會資本化作為該資產的部分成本。其他借款成本於其產生期間列作開支。

#### (r) 關聯方

- (1) 倘一名人士符合下列條 件,則該名人士或其家 庭近親成員與本集團有 關聯:
  - (i) 控制或共同控制 本集團;
  - (ii) 對本集團有重大 影響;或
  - (iii) 為本集團或本集 團母公司的主要 管理層成員。



## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (r) Related parties (continued)

- (2) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (r)(1).
  - (vii) A person identified in (r)(1)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
  - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (r) 關聯方(續)

- (2) 倘一家實體符合下列任 何條件,則該實體與本 集團有關聯:
  - (i) 該實體與本集團屬 同一集團的成員公 司(即各母公司、 附屬公司及同系附 屬公司相互關聯)。
  - (ii) 一家實體為另一 實體的聯營公司 或合營企業(或另一 可能集團旗下公司 司或合營企業)。
  - (iii) 兩家實體均為同 一第三方的合營 企業。
  - (iv) 一家實體為第三 方實體的合營企 業,而另一實體 為該第三方實體 的聯營公司。
  - (v) 實體為本集團或與 本集團有關聯的實 體就僱員福利設立 的離職福利計劃。
  - (vi) 實體受(r)(1)所述人 士控制或共同控 制。
  - (vii) (r)(1)(i)所述人士對實體有重大影響 力或屬該實體(或 該實體的母公司) 主要管理層成員。
  - (viii) 實體或實體作為 集團任何成員公 司其中一部分向 本集團或本集團 的母公司提供主 要管理人員服務。

某名人士的家庭近親成員指在 與該實體進行交易的過程中預 計會影響該名人士或受該名人 士影響的家庭成員。

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#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) 財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (s) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

#### 2 重大會計政策(續)

#### (s) 分部報告

本集團為分配資源予本集團各業務及地區及評估其表現,會定期向本集團最高級行政管理 人員提供財務資料。財務資料 與財務報表所呈報經營分部及 各分部項目的金額相同。

個別重要的經營分部不會匯總 作財務申報,除非有關分部具 有類似經濟特徵且產品及服務 性質、生產流程性質、客戶類 型或類別、分銷產品或提供服 務所採用的方法及監管環境的 性質方面相似。倘並非個別重 要的經營分部共同擁有上述 部分特徵,該等經營分部可 匯總呈報。 Annual Report 2021



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

## Critical accounting judgement in applying the Group's accounting policies

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following accounting judgement:

#### **Construction contracts**

As explained in policy note 2(p)(i), revenue from construction contracts are recognised over time. Such revenue and profit recognition on uncompleted projects are dependent on estimating the total outcome of the contract, as well as the work done to date. The Group reviews and revises the estimates of contract revenue, contract costs and variation orders, prepared for each construction contract as the contract progresses. Budgeted construction costs are prepared by management on the basis of quotations from time to time provided by the major sub-contractors. suppliers or vendors involved and the experience of management. In order to keep the budget accurate and up-to-date, management conducts periodic reviews of the budgeted construction costs by comparing the budgeted amounts to the actual costs incurred.

Significant judgement is required in estimating the contract revenue, contract costs and variation work which may have an impact on revenue and profit recognised to date. In addition, actual outcomes in terms of total revenue or costs may be higher or lower than estimated at the end of the reporting period, which would affect the revenue and profit recognised in future periods as an adjustment to the amounts recorded to date.

#### 3 會計判斷及估計

## 應用本集團之會計政策時之重大 會計判斷

於應用本集團之會計政策時,管理層已作出以下會計判斷:

#### 建築合約

估計合約收益、合約成本及更改指示需要作出重大判斷,可能影響迄今已確認收益及溢利。此外,實際產生的收益或成本總額可能高於或低於報告期末的估計,繼而將會影響就未來期間確認的收益及溢利,作為對迄今記賬金額的調整。

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

#### (a) Revenue

Revenue represents revenue from construction contracts earned during the year.

At 31 March 2021, the aggregate amount of revenue expected to be recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the future from the Group's existing construction contracts amounted to \$675,830,000 (2020: \$587,544,000), which will be recognised when the work is performed and which is expected to occur over the next 1 year to 2 years (2020: over the next 1 year to 2 years).

The Group has applied practical expedient in paragraph 121 of HKFRS 15 to exempt the disclosure of revenue expected to be recognised in the future arising from contracts with customers in existence at the reporting date with performance obligation as part of a contract that has an original expected duration of one year or less.

#### (b) Segment information

The chief operating decision-maker regards the Group's business as a single operating segment and reviews financial statements accordingly. Also, the Group only engages its business in Hong Kong. Therefore, no segment information is presented.

#### 4 收益及分部資料

#### (a) 收益

收益指於年內所賺取建築合約 收益。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團現有建築合約項下預期於未來的綜合損益及其他全面收益表確認的收益總額為675,830,000元(二零二零年:\$587,544,000元),將於進行工程後確認,預期於未來1年至2年間發生(二零二零年:於1年至2年間)。

本集團已應用香港財務報告準則第15號第121段中的實用權宜方法,豁免就於報告日期存在,而當中部分履約責任的原預期期限為一年或以下的客戶合約,披露預計於日後確認的收益。

#### (b) 分部資料

主要經營決策者視本集團的 業務為一個單一經營分部,並 據此審閱財務報表。此外,本 集團只於香港經營其業務。因 此,並無呈列分部資料。



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 4 **REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

Interest income from lease receivables

Sales of scrap materials

Government subsidies (note)

Others

#### (c) Information about major customers

Revenue from customers contributing over 10% of the total revenue of the Group is as follows:

#### 收益及分部資料(續)

#### 有關主要客戶之資料

2021

為本集團總收益帶來10%以 上貢獻的客戶收益如下:

2020

917

296

185

1,968

			:	二零二一年	二零二零年
				\$'000	\$'000
				千元	千元_
Customer A	客戶A			71,102	124,980
Customer B	客戶B		_	121,813	187,892
OTHER REVENUE		5	其他收	及益	
				2021	2020
			:	二零二一年	二零二零年
				\$'000	\$'000
				千元	千元
	AD / = 71 + 11 - 2				
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入			683	570

應收租賃款項之 利息收入

政府補貼(附註)

銷售廢料

其他

Note: During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group successfully applied for funding support from the Employment Support Scheme under the Anti-epidemic Fund set up by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (the "Government"). The purpose of the funding is to provide financial support to enterprises to retain their employees who would otherwise be made redundant. Under the terms of the grant, the Group is required not to make redundancies during the subsidy period and to spend all the funding on paying wages to the employees.

附註: 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止期間, 本集團已成功向香港特別行政區政府 (「政府」)設立的防疫抗疫基金下推出 的「保就業」計劃申請資助。補貼資金 的目的是透過向企業提供財務支援, 協助他們支付員工的薪金,以保留可 能會被遣散的僱員。根據授出條款, 本集團須於補貼期間不會裁員,並將 所有補貼資金用於支付僱員工資。

775

1,747

2,468

111

5,784

2021 年報

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) 財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 6 PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

#### 6 除税前溢利

Profit before taxation is arrived at after charging/ (crediting):

除税前溢利已扣除/(計入)以下各項:

				2021	2020
				二零二一年 <b>\$'000</b> 千元	二零二零年 \$'000 千元
(a)	Finance costs Interest on bank loan	(a)	<b>融資成本</b> 銀行貸款利息		
	(note 14(c)) Interest on lease liabilities		(附註14(c)) 租賃負債之	136	285
	(note 14(c)) Interest on bank overdrafts		利息(附註14(c)) 銀行透支利息	751 20	908 43
			=	907	1,236
(b)	Staff costs (including directors' remuneration) Contributions to defined	(b)	員工成本 (包括董事薪酬) 界定供款退休計劃供款		
	contributions to defined contribution retirement plans Salaries, wages and other benefits	=	新金、工資及	728	780
	Jaianes, wages and other benefit	,	其他福利	27,806	28,727
			=	28,534	29,507
(c)	Other items Depreciation Lease payments relating to leases	(c)	<b>其他項目</b> 折舊 低價值資產之	104	255
	of low-value assets Lease payments relating to		租賃費用 短期租約之	40	33
	short-term leases  Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss  Write-off of trade and other		租賃費用 淨滙兑(收益)/損失 貿易及其他應收款項	1,192 (1,979)	1,192 1,579
	receivables Impairment losses on trade and other receivables and contract		撇賬 貿易、其他應收款項 及合約資產之	6,115	220
	assets Auditors' remuneration		減值撥備 核數師酬金	1,150	-
	<ul><li>audit services</li><li>other services</li></ul>		- 核數服務 - 其他服務	1,215 435	1,180 420



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 7 INCOME TAX

(a) Income tax in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represents:

#### 7 所得税

(a) 綜合損益及其他全面收益表內 的所得税指:

2021	2020
二零二一年	二零二零年
\$'000	\$'000
4 元	チ 元

#### Current tax

Provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax for the year Under-provision in respect of prior years

#### 本期税項

本年度香港 利得税撥備 過往年度少提撥備

**5,210** 576

. 31

**5,210** 607

#### **Deferred tax**

Origination and reversal of temporary differences

#### 遞延税項

暫時差額的產生及撥回

(197)	(27)
5,013	580

#### Notes:

- (i) Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands ("BVI"), the Group is not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands and the BVI.
- (ii) The provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax for 2021 is calculated at 16.5% (2020: 16.5%) of the estimated assessable profits for the year, except for a subsidiary of the Group which is a qualifying corporation under the two-tiered Profits Tax rate regime.

For the subsidiary of the Group, the first \$2 million of assessable profits are taxed at 8.25% and the remaining assessable profits are taxed at 16.5%. The provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax was calculated on the same basis in 2020.

The provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax for 2021 has also taken into account a reduction of 100% of the tax payable for the year of assessment 2020-21 subject to a maximum reduction of \$10,000 granted by the Government for each business (2020: a reduction of 100% of the tax payable for the year of assessment 2019-20 subject to a maximum reduction of \$20,000).

#### 附註:

- (i) 根據開曼群島及英屬處女群島 (「英屬處女群島」)的規則及規 例,本集團毋須繳納開曼群島 及英屬處女群島的任何所得税。
- (ii) 除集團的附屬公司為合資格 企業以兩級制利得税率制度 外,二零二一年香港所得税以 16.5%(二零二零年:16.5%) 按當年預算應課稅計提。

集團的附屬公司首2,000,000港 元乃按8.25%繳納税款,而餘 下之應納税利潤則按16.5%繳 納税款。計提香港利得税的準 則與二零二零年相同。

二零二一年香港利得税撥備亦已計政府就各業務於二零 二零至二零二一年課税年度 的應付税項減免100%(最多 減免10,000元)後計算(二零二 零年:於二零一九至二零二零 年課税年度的應付税項減免 100%(最多減免20,000元))。

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 7 INCOME TAX (continued)

(b) Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit before taxation at applicable tax rate:

#### 7 所得税(續)

(b) 按適用税率計算的所得税開支 與除税前會計溢利的對賬如 下:

2021	2020
二零二一年	二零二零年
\$'000	\$'000
千元	千元

Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	33,716	4,337
Notional tax on profit before taxation  Tax effect of non-deductible expenses  Tax effect of non-taxable income  Statutory tax concession  Under-provision in prior years	除税前溢利的名義税項 不可扣減開支的税務影響 不用課税收入的税務影響 法定税務優惠 過往年度少提的撥備	5,398 43 (408) (20)	550 39 - (40) 31
Actual income tax expense	實際所得税開支	5,013	580

- (c) Income tax in the consolidated statement of financial position represents:
- (c) 綜合財務狀況表中所得税指:

2021	2020
二零二一年	二零二零年
\$'000	\$'000
千元	千元

			千元	千元
(i)	Current taxation Provision for Hong Kong	<b>本期税項</b> 年內香港利得税撥備		
	Profits Tax for the year	1 1 3 4 7 2 1 3 1 3 7 5 3 3 4 1 5	5,210	576
	Provisional Profits Tax paid	已付暫繳利得税	(302)	(3,183)
			4,908	(2,607)
	Balance of Hong Kong Profits  Tax recoverable relating to	有關過往年度可收回 香港利得税結餘		
	prior years	_	(4,187)	(1,487)
		_	721	(4,094)
	Representing:	代表:		
	Tax payable	應付税項	721	93
	Tax recoverable	可收回税項		(4,187)
			721	(4.094)



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 7 INCOME TAX (continued)

- (c) Income tax in the consolidated statement of financial position represents: (continued)
  - (ii) Deferred tax assets in the consolidated statement of financial position represents:

The components of deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

#### 7 所得税(續)

- (c) 綜合財務狀況表中所得税指: (續)
  - (ii) 綜合財務狀況表內的遞 延税項資產指:

於綜合財務狀況表內確 認的遞延稅項資產組成 部分及年內變動如下:

		Depreciation in excess of related depreciation	Credit loss	
		allowances 超出相關折舊	allowance 信貸虧損之	Total
		之折舊免税額	免税額	總和
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元
Deferred tax arising from:	遞延税項的來源:			
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	42	_	42
Credited to profit or loss	計入損益賬	27	-	27
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日 及二零二零年四月一日	69	_	69
Credited to profit or loss	計入損益賬	7	190	197
5. Ca.tca to p. c 01 1000	HI \ \ 1\\\ TITT\N\		150	
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	76	190	266

- (d) There were no material unrecognised deferred tax assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2021 and 2020.
- (d) 於二零二一年及二零二零年三 月三十一日,並無重大未確認 遞延税項資產及負債。

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 8 DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration disclosed pursuant to section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation are as follows:

#### 8 董事薪酬

根據香港公司條例第383(1)條及公司(有關董事福利資料之披露)規例第2部所披露之董事薪酬如下:

Year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

				1 – /3 – 1		
			Salaries,			
			allowances		Retirement	
		Directors'	and benefits		scheme	
		fees	in kind	Bonuses	contributions	Total
			薪金、津貼及		退休計劃	
		董事袍金	實物利益	花紅	供款	總計
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元	千元
Executive directors	執行董事					
Mr. Lau Pak Man	劉伯文先生	_	1,512	26	_	1,538
Mr. Cheng Wing Cheong	鄭榮昌先生	_	1,512	26	_	1,538
Ms. Kwan Kit Sum Kit	關潔心女士	-	1,525	26	18	1,569
Independent non-executive	獨立非執行董事					
directors						
Mr. Leung Chi Kin	梁梓堅先生	150	_	_	_	150
Mr. Lam Chi Hung Louis	林志雄先生	150	_	_	_	150
Mr. Yau Chi Man Norman	丘子敏先生	.50				150
(also known as Iao Chi Meng)	II. 1 4/10 II.	150	-	-	-	150
Total	總計	450	4,549	78	18	5,095



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 8 DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

#### 8 董事薪酬(續)

Year ended 31 March 2020 截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

			₩.±- < -	- < 1 - / 1 - 1		
			Salaries,			
			allowances		Retirement	
		Directors'	and benefits		scheme	
		fees	in kind	Bonuses	contributions	Total
			薪金、津貼及		退休計劃	
		董事袍金	實物利益	花紅	供款	總計
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元	千元_
Executive directors	執行董事					
Mr. Lau Pak Man	劉伯文先生	-	1,488	180	9	1,677
Mr. Cheng Wing Cheong	鄭榮昌先生	-	1,488	180	18	1,686
Ms. Kwan Kit Sum Kit	關潔心女士	-	1,501	242	18	1,761
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Leung Chi Kin	梁梓堅先生	150	-	_	-	150
Mr. Lam Chi Hung Louis	林志雄先生	150	-	_	-	150
Mr. Yau Chi Man Norman	丘子敏先生					
(also known as Iao Chi Meng)		150		-		150
Total	總計	450	4,477	602	45	5,574

#### Notes:

- No director waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020.
- (ii) The Company did not have any share option scheme for the purchase of ordinary shares in the Company during the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020.
- 附註:
- (i) 概無董事於截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日止年度放棄或同意放棄任何薪酬。
- (ii) 於截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月 三十一日止年度,本公司並無任何購 買本公司普通股的購股權計劃。



財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 9 EMOLUMENTS OF FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

## (a) Emoluments of five highest paid individuals

The five highest paid individuals of the Group during the year include three (2020: three) directors whose emoluments are disclosed in note 8. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the remaining individuals are as follows:

## 9 五位最高薪酬人士及高級管理層之薪酬

#### (a) 五位最高薪酬人士之薪酬

於年內本集團五位最高薪酬人士包括其薪酬於附註8中披露的三名董事(二零二零年:三名)。有關其餘人士之薪酬總額如下:

2020

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元
Salaries, allowances and benefits	薪金、津貼及		
in kind	實物利益	1,548	1,475
Discretionary bonuses	酌情花紅	102	176
Retirement scheme contributions	退休計劃供款	36	36
		1,686	1,687
The emoluments of the above in within the following bands:	dividuals are	上述人士薪酬	屬下列範疇:
		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		Number of	Number of
		individuals	individuals
		人數	人數
Nil to \$1,000,000	零至1,000,000元	2	2

## Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) 財務報表附註(續) (Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 9 EMOLUMENTS OF FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### (b) Emoluments of senior management

Other than the emoluments of the directors and five highest paid individuals disclosed in notes 8 and 9(a), the emoluments of the remaining senior management fell within the following band:

## 9 五位最高薪酬人士及高級管理層之薪酬(續)

#### (b) 高級管理層的酬金

除附註8及9(a)所披露的董事及五位最高薪酬人士之酬金外,餘下高級管理層的酬金屬下列範疇:

 2021
 2020

 二零二一年
 二零二零年

 Number of individuals
 individuals

 人數
 人數

Nil to \$1,000,000

零至1,000,000元

1

#### 10 EARNINGS PER SHARE

#### (a) Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of \$28,703,000 (2020: \$3,757,000) and the weighted average of 830,000,000 shares in issue (2020: 830,000,000 shares).

#### (b) Diluted earnings per share

There were no diluted potential shares in existence during the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020.

#### 10 每股盈利

#### (a) 每股基本盈利

每股基本盈利按本公司權益股東應佔溢利28,703,000元(二零二零年:3,757,000元)及已發行股份的加權平均數830,000,000股(二零二零年:830,000,000股)計算。

#### (b) 每股攤薄盈利

於截至二零二一年及二零二零 年三月三十一日止年度,概無 潛在攤薄股份。



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 11 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 11 物業、廠房及設備

		Plant and machinery 廠房及	Leasehold improvements 租賃物業	Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及	Motor vehicles	Office equipment	Tota
		機器 \$'000	装修 \$'000	装置 \$′000	汽車 \$′000	辦公室設備 \$'000	總計 \$′000
		千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	Ŧπ
Cost:	成本:						
At 1 April 2019 Additions	於二零一九年四月一日 添置	1,062	995 -	693 -	1,288	1,946 36	5,98 <sup>2</sup>
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	1,062	995	693	1,288	1,982	6,02
At 1 April 2020 Additions	於二零二零年四月一日 添置	1,062	995	693	1,288	1,982 11	6,020
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日_	1,062	995	693	1,288	1,993	6,03
Accumulated depreciation:	累計折舊:						
At 1 April 2019 Charge for the year	於二零一九年四月一日 年內開支	1,062	924 71	656 22	1,172 78	1,767 84	5,58 25
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	1,062	995	678	1,250	1,851	5,83
At 1 April 2020 Charge for the year	於二零二零年四月一日 年內開支	1,062	995 -	678 8	1,250 38	1,851 58	5,83 10
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	1,062	995	686	1,288	1,909	5,94
Net book value:	賬面淨值:						
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	-	_	7	-	84	9
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	-	_	15	38	131	184

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(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 12 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

The following list contains the particulars of subsidiaries of the Group. The class of shares held is ordinary unless otherwise stated.

#### 12 於附屬公司之投資

下表載有本集團附屬公司之詳情。 除非另有説明,所持股份類別為普 通股。

#### Proportion of ownership interest

所有權權益比例

		_		1/1 O IE IE III 20 1/1			
Name of company	Place of incorporation and business 註冊成立及	Particulars of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及繳	Group's effective interest 本集團	Held by the Company 本公司	Held by a subsidiary	Principal activity	
公司名稱	營業地點	足股本詳情	實益權益	所持	附屬公司所持	主要業務	
In Construction (BVI) Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	1 share of US\$1 1股1美元之股份	100%	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股	
In Construction Limited	Hong Kong	14,000,000 shares (2020: 9,300,000 shares)	100%	-	100%	Construction and engineering	
現恆建築有限公司	香港	14,000,000股股份 (二零二零年: 9,300,000股股份)				建築工程	

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 13 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES 13 貿易及其他應收款項

		2021 二零二一年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Trade debtors, net of loss allowance	應收貿易賬款(扣除減值撥備		
	後淨額)	56,920	57,569
Deposits, prepayments and other	按金、預付款其他應收		
receivables (Notes (i) and (ii))	款項(附註(i)及(ii))	24,722	38,101
Retentions receivable, net of loss	應收保留金(扣除減值撥備後		
allowance (Note (iii))	淨額)(附註(iii))	27,487	33,502
Amounts due from shareholders	應收股東款項(附註(iv))		
(Note (iv))	-	10	10
		109,139	129,182

#### Notes:

- As at 31 March 2021, except for the balance of \$545,500 (2020: \$37,500) which was expected to be recovered or recognised as expense after one year, all of the remaining balances were expected to be recovered or recognised as expense within one year.
- (ii) As at 31 March 2021, deposits of \$22,411,000 (2020: \$30,312,000) were pledged to secure the issuance of performance bonds (see note 22).
- As at 31 March 2021 and 2020, all the retentions receivable were expected to be recovered within one year.
- The amounts due from shareholders at 31 March 2021 and 2020 were unsecured, interest-free and expected to be recovered within one year.

#### 附註:

- 於二零二一年三月三十一日,除 545,500元(二零二零年:37,500元)預 期於一年後收回或確認外,所有餘額 預期於一年內收回或確認為開支。
- 於二零二一年三月三十一日,22,411,000 元按金(二零二零年:30,312,000元) 已押抵來出具履約保證(見附註22)。
- 於二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一 日,所有應收保留金預期於一年內收 0
- 於二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一 日之應收股東款項為無抵押、免息及 預期於一年內償還。

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 13 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

#### (a) Ageing analysis

Included in trade and other receivables are trade debtors, based on the invoice date (net of loss allowance) with the following ageing analysis at the end of the reporting period:

#### 13 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

#### (a) 賬齡分析

貿易及其他應收款項中包括應 收貿易賬款,其於報告期末按 發票日期及扣除減值撥備的賬 齡分析如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元
Within 1 month	一個月內	34,024	12,965
Over 1 month but within 2 months	超過一個月但於兩個月內	20,689	38,288
Over 2 months but within 3 months	超過兩個月但於三個月內	_	5,076
Over 3 months	三個月以上	2,207	1,240
	_	56,920	57,569

Trade debtors are normally due within 14-30 days from the date of billing. Further details on the Group's credit policy are set out in note 21(a).

應收貿易賬款通常自開票日期 起14至30日內到期。有關本 集團信貸政策之進一步詳情載 於附註21(a)。

#### 14 CASH AND BANK BALANCES

#### (a) Cash and bank balances comprise:

#### 14 現金及銀行結餘

#### (a) 現金及銀行結餘包括:

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		\$′000	\$'000
		千元	千元
Cash at bank and in hand Deposits with banks	銀行及手頭現金銀行存款	14,155 41,840	10,534 35,591
Cash and bank balances in the consolidated statement of financial position Less: Restricted bank balances (note)	綜合財務狀況表中現金 及銀行結餘 減:受限制銀行結餘 (附註)	55,995 (41,840)	46,125 (35,591)
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated cash flow statement	綜合現金流量表中現金 及現金等價物	14,155	10,534

Note: Restricted bank balances are deposits placed in banks to secure the issuance of performance bonds (see note 22) and banking facilities.

附註: 受限制銀行結餘指存於銀行以 擔保發出履約保證(見附註22) 及銀行融資之存款。



財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 14 CASH AND BANK BALANCES 14 現金及銀行結餘(續) (continued)

(b) Reconciliation of profit before taxation to cash generated from/ (used in) operations:

(b) 除税前溢利與經營所得/ (所用)現金之對賬:

(used iii) operations.			<b>2021</b> 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Note 附註	_参+ \$′000 千元	 \$'000 千元
Operating activities	經營活動			
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利		33,716	4,337
Adjustments for:	就下列各項調整:			
Bank interest income Interest income from	銀行利息收入 應收租賃	5	(683)	(570)
lease receivables	款項之利息收入	5	(775)	(917)
Finance costs	融資成本	6(a)	907	1,236
Depreciation Write-off of trade and	折舊 貿易及其他應收款項	6(c)	104	255
other receivables Impairment losses on trade	撇賬 2 貿易及其他應收款項	6(c)	6,115	-
contract assets	撥備	6(c)	1,150	-
Changes in working capital:	營運資金變動:			
Decrease in trade	貿易及其他			
and other receivables	應收款項減少		15,616	14,492
Decrease/(increase) in	合約資產		7.044	(60.757)
contract assets (Increase)/decrease in	減少/(増加) 存貨(増加)/減少		7,911	(60,757)
inventories	付具(相加// / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /		(230)	646
(Decrease)/increase in trad	e 貿易及其他		(230)	040
and other payables	應付款項			
	(減少)/增加		(39,184)	17,977
(Decrease)/increase in	合約負債			
contract liabilities	(減少)/增加		(2,786)	1,789
Cash generated from/	經營所得/(所用)			(24.542)
(used in) operations	現金		21,861	(21,512)



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 14 CASH AND BANK BALANCES (continued)

## (c) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are liabilities for which cash flows are, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated cash flow statement as cash flows from financing activities.

#### 14 現金及銀行結餘(續)

#### (c) 融資活動所產生負債的對賬

下表詳細説明本集團來自融資活動的負債變動,包括現金及非現金變動。融資活動產生的負債為現金流量或未來現金流量所負的負債流量,並將其分類為融資活動的現金計入本集團綜合現金流量表。

		Bank loan – secured 銀行貸款 –	Loan from a shareholder	Lease liabilities	Total
		数17頁級 抵押 (Note 18) (附註18) \$'000 千元	<b>股東貸款</b> (Note 19) (附註19) \$'000 千元	<b>租賃負債</b> (Note 17(b)) (附註17(b)) \$′000 千元	<b>總計</b> \$'000 千元
At 1 April 2019			- I /L	20,671	20,671
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量變動:				
Capital element of lease rentals paid Interest element of lease rentals paid Proceeds from loan from a shareholder Proceeds from bank loan Interest paid for bank loan	支付租賃租金之本金 支付租賃租金之本息 股東貸款所得款項 銀行貸款所得款項 支付銀行貸款利息	- - - 10,000 (285)	13,000 - -	(4,403) (908) - - -	(4,403) (908) 13,000 10,000 (285)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動總額	9,715	13,000	(5,311)	17,404
Other changes:	其他變動:				
Interest expenses (note 6(a)) Lease liabilities obtained during the year	利息支出(附註6(a)) 年內獲得租賃負債	285 -	-	908 3,492	1,193 3,492
Total other changes	其他變動總額	285		4,400	4,685
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日及 二零二零年四月一日	10,000	13,000	19,760	42,760
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量變動:				
Capital element of lease rentals paid Interest element of lease rentals paid Repayment of bank loan Interest paid for bank loan	支付租賃租金之本金 支付租賃租金之利息 償還銀行貸款 支付銀行貸款利息	(10,000) (136)	- - - -	(4,615) (751) – –	(4,615) (751) (10,000) (136)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動總額	(10,136)	_	(5,366)	(15,502)
Other change: Interest expenses (note 6(a))	<b>其他變動:</b> 利息支出(附註6(a))	136	-	751	887
Total other change	其他變動總額	136		751	887
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年 三月三十一日	-	13,000	15,145	28,145

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 14 CASH AND BANK BALANCES 14 現金及銀行結餘(續) (continued)

#### (d) Total cash outflow for leases

Amounts included in the cash flow statement for leases comprise the following:

#### (d) 租賃之總現金流出

租賃於現金流量表內的款項:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元_
Within operating cash flows	於經營現金流量	1,232	1,225
Within financing cash flows	於融資現金流量	5,366	5,311
		6,598	6,536
These amounts relate to the following:		款項包括以下:	
		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元_
Lease rentals paid	已付租賃租金	6,598	6,536



#### 15 CONTRACT ASSETS AND CONTRACT 15 合約資產及合約負債 LIABILITIES

(a) Contract assets

#### (a) 合約資產

2020 2021 二零二一年 一零一零年 \$'000 \$'000 千元 千元

#### Contract assets

#### 合約資產

Arising from performance under construction contracts

屢行建築合約所產生

180,768

189,499

The Group's construction contracts normally include payment schedules which require stage payments over the construction period once milestones are reached. These payment schedules prevent the build-up of significant contract assets. The Group also typically agrees to a one year retention period for 5% to 10% of the contract value. This amount is included in contract assets until the end of the retention period as the Group's entitlement to this final payment is conditional on the Group's work satisfactorily passing inspection.

The contract assets primarily relate to the Group's rights to consideration for work completed but not yet billed at the year end date. The decrease in contract assets in 2021 was the result of the decrease in the provision of construction services at the end of the year. The contract assets are transferred to trade receivables when the rights become unconditional.

The amount of contract assets that is expected to be recovered after more than one year is \$4,855,000 (2020: \$33,865,000), all of which related to retentions.

The amount of revenue recognised during the year from performance obligations satisfied (or partially satisfied) in previous periods is \$41,309,000 (2020: \$13,051,000), mainly due to the changes in estimate of the transaction price of certain construction contracts.

本集團的建築合約通常載有付 款時間表,規定於建築期內達 成若干里程碑時分階段支付款 項。該等付款時間表防止累積 龐大合約資產。本集團通常亦 同意一年的保存期,保留金為 合約價值的5%至10%。由於 本集團享有該等最終付款的權 利須待本集團的工程令人滿意 地通過檢驗後方可作實,故此 金額計入合約資產,直至保存 期結束為止。

合約資產主要關於本集團享有 於年結日已完成但未發出賬單 工程的代價的權利。二零二零 年的合約資產減少源於截至年 結日提供的建築服務減少。合 約資產於有關權利成為無條件 時轉入應收貿易賬款。

預期於一年後收回的合約資產金 額為4,855,000元(二零二零 年:33,865,000元),全部與 保留金有關。

年內從於上一期間已達成(或 部分達成)履約責任確認的收 益金額為41,309,000元(二零 二零年:13,051,000元),主 要源自若干建築合約估計交易 價出現變動。

# 2021 年報

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)** 財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 15 CONTRACT ASSETS AND CONTRACT 15 合約資產及合約負債(續) LIABILITIES (continued)

(b) Contract liabilities

#### (b) 合約負債

2021 2020 二零二零年 二零二一年 \$'000 \$'000 千元 千元

合約負債主要與已收客戶的代

價墊款有關,有關收益乃根據

提供有關服務的進度確認。

<b>Contract liabilities</b>	合約負債

Construction contracts 建築合約

- Billings in advance of performance - 履約前付款 1,241 4,027

The contract liabilities primarily relate to the advanced consideration received from customers, for which revenue is recognised based on the progress of the provision of related services.

合約負債的變動闡述如下:

Movements in contract liabilities are explained as follows:

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元_
Balance at 1 April Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liabilities balance	<b>四月一日之結餘</b> 計入年初合約負債結餘 之已確認收益	4,027	2,238
at the beginning of the year Increase in contract liabilities as a result of billing in advance of	隨著建築項目履約前付 款而增加的合約負債	(2,786)	(75)
construction activities  Balance at 31 March	三月三十一日之結餘	1,241	1,864 4,027

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**

財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

## 16 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES 16 貿易及其他應付款項

INADE AND OTHER LATE		勿及共鸣巡门	M ~ 只
		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元_
Trade creditors	應付貿易賬款	43,870	86,039
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	11,167	8,291
		55,037	94,330
Included in trade and other pay creditors, based on invoice date, w ageing analysis at the end of the repo	rith the following	計入貿易及其他 應付貿易賬款, 發票日期之賬齡	於報告期末按
		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元 	<u> </u>
Within 1 month	一個月內	3,255	38,166
Over 1 month but within 2 months	超過一個月但於兩個月內	8,533	13,377
Over 2 months but within 3 months	超過兩個月但於三個月內	13,093	4,498
Over 3 months	三個月以上	18,989	29,998
		43,870	86,039

## 現恆建築控股有限公司 2021 年報



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 17 LEASES

#### (a) Lease receivables

At 31 March 2021 and 2020, the Group had lease receivables as follows:

#### 17 租賃

#### (a) 應收租賃款項

於二零二一年及二零二零年三 月三十一日,本集團擁有如下 應收租賃款項:

		20	21	2020		
		_零-	二一年	- 零 - - 令 -	零年	
		Present value		Present value		
		of the minimum	Total minimum	of the minimum	Total minimum	
		lease payments	lease payments	lease payments	lease payments	
		最低租賃	最低租賃	最低租賃	最低租賃	
		付款現值	付款總額	付款現值	付款總額	
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
		千元	千元	千元	千元	
Within 1 year	一年內	4,812	5,379	4,606	5,379	
After 1 year but within 2 years	一年後但兩年內	5,026	5,379	4,812	5,379	
After 2 years but within 5 years	兩年後但五年內	5,321	5,451	10,347	10,832	
		10,347	10,830	15,159	16,211	
		15,159	16,209	19,765	21,590	
Less: total unearned finance income	減:未賺取融資收入總額		(1,050)	-	(1,825)	
Present value of lease receivables	應收租賃款項之現值		15,159		19,765	



#### 17 LEASES (continued)

#### (b) Lease liabilities

At 31 March 2021 and 2020, the Group had lease liabilities as follows:

#### 17 租賃(續)

#### (b) 租賃負債

於二零二一年及二零二零年三 月三十一日,本集團擁有如下 租賃負債:

		<b>2021</b> 2020 <b>二零二一</b> 年 二零二零年			
		Present value	- '	Present value	· ₹ 1
		of the minimum	Total minimum	of the minimum	Total minimum
		lease payments	lease payments	lease payments	lease payments
		最低租賃	最低租賃	最低租賃	最低租賃
		付款現值 <b>\$′000</b>	付款總額 <b>\$</b> ′000	付款現值 \$'000	付款總額 <b>\$</b> ′000
		<b>千元</b>	<b>千元</b>	千元	千元
Within 1 year	一年內	4,815	5,366	4,615	5,366
After 1 year but within 2 years	一年後但兩年內	5,024	5,366	4,815	5,366
After 2 years but within 5 years	兩年後但五年內	5,306	5,432	10,330	10,798
		10,330	10,798	15,145	16,164
		15,145	16,164	19,760	21,530
Less: total future interest expenses	減:日後利息開支總額		(1,019)	-	(1,770)
Present value of lease liabilities	租賃負債之現值		15,145		19,760

As at 31 March 2021 and 2020, the Group had three hire purchase agreements with a bank each with terms of five years for the hire of 27 sets of machinery which were pledged as security under the agreements. In relation to these sets of machinery, the Group has entered into lease agreements with sub-contractor for the same lease period and at a monthly rental that coincide with the terms of and the amount of monthly hire rent payable under the corresponding hire purchase agreements that cover the particular machinery in the current and prior years.

於二零二一年及二零二零年三月三月三十一日,本集團與一間銀行有三份為期五年的開銀行有三份為期五年的器,以租用27部機器根據協議已抵押品。就該等機器而言樣相與獨立分包商訂立一樣年度期的租金協議,本年及往年度每月租金與根據特定機器之相應租購協議之條款及每月應租購協議之條款及每月的租金金額一致。

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 18 BANK LOAN – SECURED

#### 18 銀行貸款-抵押

20212020二零二一年二零二零年\$'000\$'000千元千元

Within 1 year or on demand

一年內或一經要求

10,000

At 31 March 2020, the bank loan was secured by bank deposits with aggregate value of \$13,000,000, interest bearing at 4.3% per annum and was repaid during the year ended 31 March 2021.

於二零二零年三月三十一日,銀行貸款以銀行存款合共金額13,000,000元以年利率4.3%計算並已於二零二一年三月三十一日年內償還。

#### 19 LOAN FROM A SHAREHOLDER

The loan from a shareholder is unsecured, interest-free and repayable by serving two months' notice.

#### 19 股東貸款

股東貨款是無抵押、免息及償還前 提供兩個月通知。



#### **20 CAPITAL AND RESERVES**

#### (a) Movement in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

#### 20 資本及儲備

#### (a) 權益組成部分之變動

本集團綜合權益各組成部分於 期初及期末結餘對賬載於綜合 權益變動表。本公司於年初及 年末之個人權益組成部分之詳 情載於下文:

## The Company ★△ョ

		本名	公司	
	Share capital 股本 \$'000 千元	Share premium 股份溢價 \$'000 千元	Retained profits 保留溢利 \$′000 千元	<b>Total</b> 總計 \$'000 千元
於二零一九年 四月一日之結餘	8,300	75,453	45,157	128,910
年內溢利及全面收益 總額		-	1,316	1,316
於二零二零年 三月三十一日之 結餘	8,300	75,453	46,473	130,226
於二零二零年 四月一日之結餘	8,300	75,453	46,473	130,226
年內溢利及全面收益 總額		-	6,039	6,039
於二零二一年 三月三十一日之 結餘	8,300	75,453	52,512	136,265
	四月一日之結餘  年內溢利 於二零年 三月餘 六二零年 日之 結 於二零年 日之 結 於二零年 日之 於四月 日之 於四月 日之  於四月 日之  於四月 日之  於四月 日之  於四月 日之  於四月 日之  於四月 日之  於四月 日之  於四月 日之  於四月 日之  於四月 日之  於四月 日之  於四月 日之  於四月 日之  於四月 日之  於四月 日之  於四月 日之	Capital 股本	Share capital Premium 股本 \$'000	capital 股本 繁'000 千元     premium 股份溢價 \$'000 千元     profits 保留溢利 \$'000 千元       於二零一九年 四月一日之結餘     8,300     75,453     45,157       年內溢利及全面收益 總額     -     -     1,316       於二零二零年 三月三十一日之 結餘     8,300     75,453     46,473       於二零二零年 四月一日之結餘     8,300     75,453     46,473       年內溢利及全面收益 總額     -     -     6,039       於二零二一年 三月三十一日之     -     -     6,039



#### 20 CAPITAL AND RESERVES (continued)

#### (b) Dividend

The board of directors has resolved not to declare any final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2021 (2020: Nil).

#### 20 資本及儲備(續)

#### (b) 股息

董事會決議就二零二一年三月 三十一日不宣派任何股息(二 零二零年:無)

#### (c) Share capital

#### (c) 股本

The Company 本公司

2021		2020	
二零二-	-年	_ 零 _ 零	年
No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
股份數目	金額	股份數目	金額
	\$'000		\$'000
	千元		千元

法定-每股0.01元之普通股: Authorised – ordinary shares of \$0.01 each:

於四月一日及三月三十一日 2,000,000,000 At 1 April and 31 March

**20,000** 2,000,000,000

20,000

Ordinary shares, issued 普通股,已發行及繳足: and fully paid:

At 1 April and 31 March 於四月一日及三月三十一日 **830,000,000** 

8,300

830,000,000

8,300

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

普通股持有人有權收取不時 宣派之股息,並有權在本公司 股東大會上以每股股份投一 票。所有普通股就本公司之剩 餘資產而言均享有相同地位。



## 20 CAPITAL AND RESERVES (continued) (d) Nature and purpose of reserves

#### (i) Share premium

The share premium account is governed by the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and may be applied by the Company subject to the provisions, if any, of its memorandum and articles of association in paying distributions or dividends to equity shareholders.

No distribution or dividend may be paid to the equity shareholders out of the share premium account unless immediately following the date on which the distribution or dividend is proposed to be paid, the Company will be able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

#### (ii) Capital reserve

The capital reserve was created as a result of the reorganisation to rationalise the Group structure in preparation for the listing of the Company's shares on the Stock Exchange.

#### (e) Distributability of reserves

At 31 March 2021, the aggregate amount of the Company's reserves available for distribution to equity shareholders of the Company, as calculated in accordance with the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and the Company's memorandum and articles of association, was \$127,965,000 (2020: \$121,926,000). The directors did not propose any final dividend after the end of the reporting period (2020: Nil).

#### 20 資本及儲備(續)

#### (d) 儲備的性質及目的

#### (i) 股份溢價

股份溢價賬由開曼群島公司法規管·本公司於向權益股東支付分派或股息時可根據其組織章程大綱及細則的條文(如有)動用股份溢價賬。

除非緊隨建議支付分派 或股息當日後本公司將 可支付於日常業務中到 期的債務,否則不可動 用股份溢價賬以向權益 股東支付分派或股息。

#### (ii) 資本儲備

由於重組為準備本公司 股份於聯交所上市而精 簡本集團架構,故設立 資本儲備。

#### (e) 儲備可分派程度

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本公司可供分派予本公司權 益股東的儲備總額(根據開 曼群島公司法以及本公司組 織章程大綱及細則計算)為 127,965,000元(二零二零年: 121,926,000元)。於報告期 末後,董事並無建議派付任何 末期股息(二零二零年:無)。

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 20 CAPITAL AND RESERVES (continued)

#### (f) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to fund its construction business, provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholder returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

The Government requires contractors on the list of approved contractors for public works (the "List") to maintain such minimum working capital as the Government may from time to time determine (the "Required Minimum Working Capital"). A subsidiary of the Company is subject to the Required Minimum Working Capital as the subsidiary is a contractor on the List. Except for this, neither the Company nor of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

#### 20 資本及儲備(續)

#### (f) 資本管理

本集團管理資本的主要目標是 保障本集團按持續經營基準繼 續營運的能力,以為其建築業 務融資,為股東帶來回報,同 時兼顧其他權益持有人的利 益,並維持最佳的資本架構以 減低資金成本。

本集團積極及定期檢討和管理 其資本架構,以維持較高股東 回報(有關借款金額亦可能較 高)與穩健資金狀況的優勢及 保障之間的平衡,以及根據經 濟狀況的變動對資本架構作出 調整。

政府要求名列認可公共工程承建商名冊(「名冊」)的承建商名冊(「名冊」)的承建商維持由政府不時釐定的有關人工。本公司一間附屬公司受指定最低營運資本」)。本公司一間附屬公司受指定最低營運資本的人工,原因為該附屬公司為名冊上的承建商。除此以外,本部市資本規定的規限。



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 21 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Exposure to credit, liquidity and interest rate risks arises in the normal course of the Group's business. The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

#### (a) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to bank deposits, trade receivables, retentions receivable, lease receivables and contract assets. The Group has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

Cash is deposited with financial institutions with sound credit ratings and the Group has exposure limit to any single financial institution. Given their high credit ratings, management does not expect any of these financial institutions and counterparties will fail to meet their obligations.

Trade receivables, retentions receivable, lease receivables and contract assets

In respect of trade receivables, retentions receivable, lease receivables and contract assets, individual credit evaluations are performed as part of the acceptance procedures for new construction contracts. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade receivables are due within 14-30 days from the date of billing. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

#### 21 財務風險管理及金融工具的 公平值

本集團日常業務過程中承受信貸、 流動資金及利率風險。本集團承受 該等風險及本集團用以管理該等風 險的財務風險管理政策及常規載於 下文。

#### (a) 信貸風險

本集團的信貸風險主要來自 銀行存款、應收貿易賬款、應 收保留金、應收租賃款項及合 約資產。管理層已實施信貸政 策,並持續監控該等信貸風 險。

現金存款乃存放於良好信貸評級的金融機構,而本集團亦對每一金融機構設置額度。鑒於該等金融機構擁有高信貸評級,管理層並不預期該等金融機構及對手方不能履行責任。

應收貿易賬款、應收保留金、 應收租賃款項及合約資產

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 21 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (a) Credit risk (continued)

Trade receivables, retentions receivable, lease receivables and contract assets (continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has significant concentration of credit risk in a few customers. In view of their credit standing, good payment record and long established relationships with the Group, management does not consider the Group's credit risk to be significant. At 31 March 2021, 22% (2020: 38%) and 65% (2020: 65%) of the total trade receivables, retentions receivable, lease receivables and contract assets was due from the Group's largest customer and the Group's five largest customers respectively.

As part of the Group's credit risk management, the Group applies internal credit rating for its customers. Trade receivables, retentions receivable and contract assets are grouped into three internal credit rating buckets (namely: low risk, medium risk and high risk) based on shared credit risk characteristics by references to past default experience and current past due exposure of the debtors, and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position. The following table provides information about the exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade receivables, retentions receivable and contract assets which are assessed individually as at 31 March 2021.

#### 21 財務風險管理及金融工具的 公平值(續)

#### (a) 信貸風險(續)

應收貿易賬款、應收保留金、 應收租賃款項及合約資產 (續)



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 21 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (a) Credit risk (continued)

Trade receivables, retentions receivable, lease receivables and contract assets (continued)

# 21 財務風險管理及金融工具的公平值(續)

#### (a) 信貸風險(續)

應收貿易賬款、應收保留金、 應收租賃款項及合約資產 (續)

		Average loss rate 平均損失率 %	Gross carrying amount 賬面總額 \$'000 千元	Impairment loss allowance 減值虧損撥備 \$'000 千元
Internal credit rating	內部信貸評級			
Low risk Medium risk	低風險 中風險	0.15 0.77	145,217 121,108	218 932
			266,325	1,150

The estimated loss rates are estimated based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of trade receivables, retentions receivable and contract assets and study of other corporates' default and recovery data, and are adjusted for forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. Such forward-looking information is used by management of the Group to assess the current condition and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables. The grouping is regularly reviewed by management of the Group to ensure relevant information about specific debtors is updated. Management considered that the allowance of ECLs is insignificant as at 31 March 2020.

Movements in the loss allowance account in respect of trade receivables, retentions receivable and contract assets during the year ended 31 March 2021 are as follows:

於截至二零二一年三月三十一 日止年度內,應收貿易賬款、 應收保留金及合約資產的減值 虧損撥備之變動如下:

> **\$′000** 千元

1,150

Balance as at 1 April 2019, 31 March 於二零一九年四月一日、二零二零 2020 and 1 April 2020 年三月三十一日及二零二零年四 月一日之結餘 Impairment loss recognised 已確認減值虧損



#### 21 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (b) Liquidity risk

Individual subsidiaries within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the raising of loans to cover the expected cash demands. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed funding lines from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay:

# 21 財務風險管理及金融工具的公平值(續)

#### (b) 流動資金風險

本集團旗下的各家附屬公司包,也對其自身的現金管理負責,包括籌集貸款應對預期現金需求。本集團之政策是定期監,現時及預期流動資金需要,以其遵守貸款契諾之情況來自主要金融機構的充足承上的企業。 在保維持足夠現金儲備及來自主要金融機構的充足承期及長期之流動資金需要。

下表詳述本集團金融負債於報告期末的餘下合約到期日,乃基於合約未折現現金流(包括使用合約利率計算的利息付款,倘為浮息,則基於報告期末的即期利率)及本集團可被要求償還的最早日期:

At 31 March 2021 於二零二一年三月三十一日

		Total contractual		More than	More than 2 years but
	Carrying	undiscounted	Within 1 year	1 year but less	less than
	amount	cash flow	or on demand	than 2 years	5 years
		總合約	一年內或	超過一年	兩年以上
	賬面值	未折現現金流	按要求	但少於兩年	但少於五年
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元
貿易及其他應付款項	51,787	51,787	51,787	-	_
租賃負債	15,145	16,164	5,366	5,366	5,432
股東貸款	13,000	13,000	13,000		-
	79,932	80,951	70,153	5,366	5,432
	租賃負債	貿易及其他應付款項     51,787       租賃負債     15,145       股東貸款     13,000	Carrying amount   Carrying amount   Carrying amount   Carrying amount   Cash flow	Carrying undiscounted amount cash flow eh cash flow en cash flow eh cash flow eh cash flow en cash flow e	Carrying undiscounted amount cash flow or on demand #e ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##

財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 21 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued) (b) Liquidity risk (continued)

# 21 財務風險管理及金融工具的公平值(續)

#### (b) 流動資金風險(續)

At 31 March 2020

於二零二零年三月三十一日

			A (	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
			Total			More than
			contractual		More than	2 years but
		Carrying	undiscounted	Within 1 year	1 year but less	less than
		amount	cash flow 總合約	or on demand 一年內或	than 2 years 超過一年	5 years 兩年以上
		賬面值	未折現現金流	按要求	但少於兩年	但少於五年
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元	千元
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	92,408	92,408	92,408	_	-
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	19,760	21,530	5,366	5,366	10,798
Bank loan – secured	銀行貸款-抵押	10,000	10,297	10,297	_	_
Loan from a shareholder	股東貸款	13,000	13,000	13,000		
		135,168	137,235	121,071	5,366	10,798

#### (c) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk through the impact of rate changes on interest-bearing bank borrowing and lease liabilities. The risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation in interest rates arising from the lease liabilities. The Group's interest rate profile as monitored by management is set out below.

#### (c) 利率風險

本集團就附息銀行貸款及租賃 負債的利率變動而承擔利率風 險。風險主要來自租賃負債利 率變動。集團需監控的利率範 圍呈列如下。

2020

		2021		2020	
		二零二一年		二零二零年	
		Effective		Effective	
		interest rate		interest rate	
		實際利率		實際利率	
		%	\$'000	%	\$'000
			千元		千元_
	田台自志保井				
Fixed rate borrowing: Bank loan – secured	固定息率貸款	4.20		4.20	10.000
	銀行貸款一抵押	4.30	-	4.30	10,000
Variable rate borrowing: Lease liabilities	<b>浮動息率貸款</b> 租賃負債	4,25	15,145	4.25	19,760
Lease liabilities	但具具貝	4.25	13,143	4.23	15,700
Total borrowings	總貸款		15,145		29,760
Total bollowings	総具承	=	15,145	=	29,700
Fixed rate borrowing	固定息率貸款				
as a percentage of	占總貸款比例				
, ,	111111111111111111111111111111111111111		00/		34%
total borrowings		=	0%	_	54%

## Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) 財務報表附註(續) (Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 21 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (c) Interest rate risk (continued)

#### Sensitivity analysis

At 31 March 2021, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would have decreased/increased the Group's profit after tax and retained profits by approximately \$126,000 (2020: \$165,000).

The sensitivity analysis above indicates the annualised impact on the Group's interest expense that would arise assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to floating rate instruments which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk at that date. The analysis is performed on the same basis as 2020.

#### (d) Foreign currency risk

The Group's functional currency is Hong Kong dollars. At 31 March 2021, the Group's currency risk is primarily attributable to deposits with banks of \$25,175,000 (2020: \$22,789,000) denominated in the Renminbi ("RMB"). Assuming that the RMB had strengthened/ weakened by 5% at 31 March 2021 and the changes had been applied to the Group's exposure to currency risk for those deposits at that date, with other variables held constant, the Group's profit after tax and total equity would have increased/decreased by approximately \$1,051,000 (2020: \$951,000).

The exposure to currency risk as referred to above represents management's assessment of a reasonably possible change in exchange rate over the period until next annual reporting date. The analysis is performed on the same basis as 2020.

#### (e) Fair values measurement

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and liabilities carried at amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values as at 31 March 2021 and 2020.

#### 21 財務風險管理及金融工具的 公平值(續)

#### (c) 利率風險(續)

#### 敏感性分析

於二零二一年三月三十一日,估計利率整體增加/減少100個基點,而所有其他變數維持不變,則本集團之除稅後溢利及保留溢利將減少/增加約126,000元(二零二零年:165,000元)。

上述敏感性分析顯示本集團之利息開支將會產生之年化影響,當中假設利率變動已於報告期末產生並適用於本集團於當日就浮息工具所承擔之現金流利率風險。敏感性分析按二零二零年之同等基準進行。

#### (d) 外匯風險

本集團的功能貨幣為港元。於二零二一年三月三十一日,本數的貨幣風險主要歸的貨幣風險主要歸值的大民幣(「人民幣」)列值的零年:22,789,000元(二零年:22,789,000元)。假日本數學是不變更是於該日應用於本風險之。與日數學是保持不變,則本數學是保持不變,則本額以上,與於1,051,000元(四零二零年:951,000元)。

上文所述貨幣風險指管理層所 評估直至下一個年度報告日 期間內可能出現之合理匯率變 動。此分析基準與二零二零年 相同。

#### (e) 公平值計量

於二零二一年及二零二零年三 月三十一日,本集團按賬面值 攤銷成本計值的金融資產及負 債的賬面值與彼等的公平值無 重大不同。



(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### **22 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

At 31 March 2021, the Group had contingent liabilities in respect of performance bonds to guarantee for the due and proper performance of the obligations undertaken by the Group's subsidiary for projects amounting to \$83,844,000 (2020: \$87,587,000) in its ordinary course of business. The performance bonds are expected to be released in accordance with the terms of the respective construction contracts.

# 23 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group enters into the following material related party transaction during the year:

#### 22 或然負債

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本 集團於其日常業務過程中就本集 團附屬公司履行承接項目之責任 而作出擔保的履約保證之或然負 債為83,844,000元(二零二零年: 87,587,000元)。履約保證預期將根 據各建築合約的條款解除。

#### 23 重大關聯方交易

(a) 除財務報表其他部分所披露的 交易及結餘外,本集團於本年 度訂立以下重大關聯方交易:

2021	2020
二零二一年	二零二零年
\$'000	\$'000
千元	千元

Rental expenses paid to a related company

已付予一間關聯公司之 租金開支

**1,192** 1,192

Note: The directors of the Company are of opinion that the above transaction is entered into in the normal course of business.

附註: 本公司董事認為上述交易乃於 日常業務過程中訂立。

- (b) Remuneration of key management personnel, including amounts paid to the directors as disclosed in note 8 and senior management as disclosed in note 9, is as follows:
- b) 主要管理人員的薪酬(包括 已付董事的金額)於附註8披 露,而高級管理層的薪酬則於 附註9披露如下:

		<b>2021</b> 二零二一年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	短期僱員福利 離職福利	5,677 44	6,129 74
		5,721	6,203

## Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) 財務報表附註(續) (Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

# 23 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(b) (continued)

Total remuneration is included in "staff costs" (see note 6(b)).

The related party transactions in respect of rental expenses paid to a related company and the remuneration of directors and chief executive of the Company constitute connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. However, these transactions are exempt from reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The related party transactions in respect of the remuneration of key management personnel (other than directors and chief executive) of the Company do not fall under the definition of connected transactions or continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

(c) The related party transactions in respect of the amounts due from shareholders and loan from a shareholder as set out in notes 13 and 19 respectively constitute connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. However, these transactions are exempt from reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

#### 23 重大關聯方交易(續)

(b) (續)

薪酬總額計入「員工成本」(見附註6(b))。

與已付予一間關聯公司的租金開支及本公司董事及主要行政人員薪酬有關的關聯方交易構成上市規則第14A章界定的關連交易。然而,該等交易獲豁免遵守上市規則第14A章項下申報、公告及獨立股東批准規定。

與本公司主要管理人員(董事及主要行政人員除外)薪酬有關的關聯方交易並不屬於上市規則第14A章界定的關連交易或持續關連交易。

(c) 與分別於附註13及19所載應 收股東款項及股東貸款有關 的關聯方交易構成上市規則 第14A章界定的關連交易。然 而,該等交易獲豁免遵守上市 規則第14A章項下申報、公告 及獨立股東批准規定。 Annual Report 2021

## **Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**

財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

#### 24 COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF 24 公司層面之財務狀況表 **FINANCIAL POSITION**

			<b>2021</b> 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Note 附註	_专+ <b>\$′000</b> 千元	—◆—◆午 \$′000 千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Investment in a subsidiary Amounts due from subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資 應收附屬公司款項	12	_* 135,626	_* 130,180
		-	135,626	130,180
Current assets	流動資產			
Prepayments and other receivables Cash and bank balances	預付款項及 其他應收款項 現金及銀行結餘	-	10 1,085	10 574
		-	1,095	584
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Other payables and accruals  Tax payable	其他應付款項及 應計費用 應付税項	-	455 1	445 93
		=	456	538
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	=	639	46
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		136,265	130,226
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備	20(a)		
Share capital Reserves	股本儲備	20(c)	8,300 127,965	8,300 121,926
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		136,265	130,226
* Represents \$8		*	指8元	

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

# 25 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a number of amendments and a new standard, HKFRS 17, *Insurance contracts*, which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 March 2021 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These developments include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

#### 25 於截至二零二一年三月 三十一日止年度已頒佈但尚 未生效的修訂、新訂準則及 詮釋的可能影響

直至本財務報表刊發日期,香港會計師公會已頒佈一系列及一項新準則,香港財務報告準則第17號,保險合約,於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度尚未生效且並無於此等財務報表中採納。該等發展包括如下可能與本集團相關者。

Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於以下日期或之後開始的會計期間生效

Amendment to HKFRS 16, Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions 1 Ju 香港財務報告準則第16號的修訂, 2019冠狀病毒病的相關租金優惠 二零二零年7

Amendment to HKFRS 16, Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021

香港財務報告準則第16號的修訂,二零二一年六月三十日後 的2019冠狀病毒病的相關租金優惠

Amendments to HKFRS 3, Reference to the Conceptual Framework 香港財務報告準則第3號的修訂,提述概念框架

Amendments to HKAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use

香港會計準則第16號的修訂,

物業、廠房及設備 - 擬定用途前之所得款項

Amendments to HKAS 37, *Onerous Contracts* – *Cost of Fulfilling a Contract* 香港會計準則第37號的修訂,*有償合約 – 履行一份合約之成本* 

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020 Cycle 香港財務報告準則二零一八年至二零二零年週期之年度改進

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these developments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

1 June 2020

二零二零年六月一日

1 April 2021

二零二一年四月一日

1 January 2022 二零二二年一月一日

1 January 2022

二零二二年一月一日

1 January 2022 二零二二年一月一日

1 January 2022 二零二二年一月一日

集團正在評估這些發展於初次採納 期間時的預期影響,截至現時總括 採納新發展不大可能對綜合財務報 表構成重大影響。 Annual Report 2021

## **Financial Summary**

## 財務摘要

(Expressed in Hong Kong Dollars)(以港元列示)

A summary of the results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is as follows:

本集團最近五個財政年度的業績及資產及 負債概要如下:

		Year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度				
		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
		二零一七年	二零一八年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零二一年
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元	千元
RESULTS Revenue	<b>業績</b> 收益	370,235	287,846	305,128	393,892	378,783
	y ( 1111 )					
Profit before taxation Income tax	除税前溢利 所得税	127,797 (21,100)	27,566 (4,548)	12,420 (1,851)	4,337 (580)	33,716 (5,013)
Profit and total comprehensiv	e 年內溢利及全面					
income for the year	收益總額	106,697	23,018	10,569	3,757	28,703
						:
		At 31 March 於三月三十一日				
		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
		二零一七年	二零一八年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零二一年
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元	千元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES Total assets	<b>資產及負債</b> 總資產	410,794	319,746	344,174	389,879	362,516
Total liabilities	總負債	(84,050)	(77,884)	(99,262)	(141,210)	(85,144)
Net assets	資產淨值	326,744	241,862	244,912	248,669	277,372

This report is published in both English and Chinese languages. Should there be any inconsistency between the Chinese and English versions, the English version shall prevail.

本報告以中英文兩種語言印製。在兩種文體的說明上存在歧義時,以英文為準。



