

2021 INTERIM REPORT

(a joint stock limited company incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)

Stock Code: 01088



Hang Seng Corporate Sustainability Index Series Member 2020-2021



IMPORTANT NOTICE

- I. The Board, supervisory committee and directors, supervisors and senior management of the Company warrant that this interim report does not contain any misrepresentations, misleading statements or material omissions, and are jointly and severally liable for the authenticity, accuracy and completeness of the information contained in this report.
- II. This report was approved at the eighth meeting of the fifth session of the Board of the Company. Nine directors were eligible to attend the meeting and nine directors attended the meeting in person.
- III. This interim financial statements of this report is unaudited. KPMG has issued a review report on the Company's 2021 Interim Financial Statements prepared under IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting Standard.
- IV. Wang Xiangxi, Chairman of the Company, Xu Shancheng, Chief Financial Officer, and Yu Yanling, person-in-charge of the accounting department, warrant the authenticity, accuracy and completeness of the financial statements contained in this interim report.
- V. The proposal of distribution of profit or the transfer of capital reserve to equity for the reporting period considered by the board of directors : Not Applicable
- VI. Disclaimer of forward-looking statements: the forward-looking statements in this report made on the basis of subjective assumptions and judgments on future policies and economic conditions, which are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions, may differ materially from the actual outcome. Such statements do not constitute actual commitments to investors. Investors should be aware that undue reliance on or use of such information may lead to risks of investment.
- VII. Is there any situation of non-operating appropriation of funds by controlling shareholder(s) and its related parties?: No
- VIII. Is there any situation of violation of decision-making procedures for external guarantee provision?: No
- IX. Warning on Major Risks: Investors please note that the Company has disclosed risks including safety and environmental protection, international operation, etc. in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis".

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Section I Definitions

Unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms used in this report have the following meanings:

China Shenhua/the Company	China Shenhua Energy Company Limited
The Group	The Company and its subsidiaries
China Energy	China Energy Investment Corporation Limited
China Energy Group	China Energy and its subsidiaries (excluding the Group)
Shendong Coal	China Energy Shendong Coal Group Co., Ltd.
Shendong Power	Shenhua Shendong Power Co., Ltd.
Zhunge'er Energy	Shenhua Zhunge'er Energy Co., Ltd.
Shuohuang Railway	China Energy Shuohuang Railway Development Co., Ltd.
Xinshuo Railway	China Energy Xinshuo Railway Co., Ltd.
Railway Equipment	China Energy Railway Equipment Co., Ltd.
Trading Group	China Energy Trading Group Limited
Huanghua Harbour Administration	China Energy Huanghua Harbour Administration Co., Ltd.
Baoshen Railway	China Energy Baoshen Railway Group Co., Ltd.
Baotou Energy	China Energy Baotou Energy Co., Ltd.
Baotou Coal Chemical	China Energy Baotou Coal Chemical Co., Ltd.
Baorixile Energy	China Energy Baorixile Energy Co., Ltd.
Yulin Energy	China Energy Yulin Energy Co., Ltd.
Tianjin Harbour Administration	China Energy Tianjin Coal Terminal Co., Ltd.
Zhuhai Harbour Administration	China Energy Zhuhai Harbour Administration Co., Ltd.
Sichuan Energy	China Energy Sichuan Energy Co., Ltd.
Fujian Energy	Shenhua Fujian Energy Co., Ltd.
Zhunge'er Power	Power-generating division controlled and operated by Zhunge'er Energy
EMM Indonesia	PT.GH EMM INDONESIA

Section I Definitions (Continued)

Java, Indonesia	PT. Shenhua Guohua Pembangkitan Jawa Bali
Shenmu Power	CLP Guohua Shenmu Power Co., Ltd.
Taishan Power	Guangdong Guohua Yudean Taishan Power Co., Ltd.
Cangdong Power	Hebei Guohua Cangdong Power Co., Ltd.
Jinjie Energy	Shaanxi Guohua Jinjie Energy Co., Ltd.
Dingzhou Power	Hebei Guohua Dingzhou Power Generation Co., Ltd.
Mengjin Power	Shenhua Guohua Mengjin Power Generation Co., Ltd.
Jiujiang Power	Shenhua Guohua Jiujiang Power Co., Ltd.
Huizhou Thermal	Guohua Huizhou Thermal Power Branch of China Shenhua
Beijing Gas-fired Power	China Energy Guohua (Beijing) Gas-fired Power Co., Ltd.
Shouguang Power	Shenhua Guohua Shouguang Power Generation Company Limited
Liuzhou Power	Shenhua Guohua Guangtou (Liuzhou) Power Generation Co., Ltd.
Beidian Shengli	Shenhua Beidian Shengli Energy Co., Ltd.
Shenhua Lease Company	Shenhua (Tianjin) Finance Lease Co., Ltd.
JORC	Australasian Code for Reporting of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves
Beijing GD Power	Beijing GD Power Co., Ltd.
Finance Company	China Energy Finance Co., Ltd.
Capital Increase Transaction of Finance Company	The Transaction that China Energy Group subscribed additional registered capital of RMB7.5 billion in Shenhua Finance Company at a consideration of RMB13,273.716 million in cash (for details, please refer to the H Share announcement on 27 March 2020 and A Share announcement on 28 March 2020 of the Company)
Deconsolidation of Finance Company	On 1 September 2020, transaction of capital increase in Finance Company was completed and the Company decreased its shareholding in Finance Company to 40%, and Finance Company will no longer be consolidated into the consolidated financial statements of the Company
Completion of Equity Transfer of Fuping Thermal Power	The transfer of 100% equity of China Energy Shaanxi Fuping Thermal Power Co., Ltd. to China Energy Guoyuan Power Co., Ltd. by Shendong Power, a subsidiary of the Company, which was completed on 7 January 2021

Section I Definitions (Continued)

SSE	Shanghai Stock Exchange
HKEx	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
Shanghai Listing Rules	Rules Governing the Listing of Stocks on SSE
Hong Kong Listing Rules	Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the HKEx
China Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises	The latest Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises issued by the Ministry of Finance of the People's Republic of China and the related application guidance, interpretations and other related requirements
International Financial Reporting Standards	International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Committee
Articles of Association	Articles of Association of China Shenhua Energy Company Limited
EBITDA	Profit for the period + net finance cost + income tax + depreciation and amortization – share of results of associates
Gearing ratio	Total liabilities/total assets
Total debt to equity ratio	[Long-term interest bearing debt + short-term interest bearing debt (including notes payable)]/[long-term interest bearing debt + short-term interest bearing debt (including notes payable) + total shareholders' equity]
RMB	Renminbi unless otherwise specified

Section II Company Profile and Major Financial Indicators

I. INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY

Chinese Name of the Company Abbreviation of Chinese Name of the Company English Name of the Company Abbreviation of English Name of the Company Legal Representative of the Company Authorised Representatives of the Company under the Hong Kong Listing Rules 中國神華能源股份有限公司 中國神華 China Shenhua Energy Company Limited CSEC/China Shenhua Wang Xiangxi

Wang Xiangxi, Huang Qing

II. CONTACTS AND CONTACT DETAILS

	Secretary to the Board	Representative of Securities Affairs
Name	Huang Qing	Sun Xiaoling
Address	22 Andingmen Xibinhe Road,	22 Andingmen Xibinhe Road,
	Dongcheng District, Beijing (Postal	Dongcheng District, Beijing (Postal
	Code: 100011)	Code: 100011)
Tel	(8610) 5813 3399	(8610) 5813 3355
Fax	(8610) 5813 1814/1804	(8610) 5813 1814/1804
E-mail	1088@csec.com	ir@csec.com
E man	1000@0300.0011	180300.0011
	Board Office of the Company	Hong Kong Office of the Company
Address	22 Andingmen Xibinhe Road,	Room B, 60th Floor, Bank of China
	Dongcheng District, Beijing (Postal	Tower, 1 Garden Road, Central, Hong
	Code: 100011)	Kong
Tel	(8610) 5813 1088/3399/3355	(852) 2578 1635
Fax	(8610) 5813 1814/1804	(852) 2915 0638

III. PARTICULARS

Registered Address of the Company Postal Code of Registered	22 Andingmen Xibinhe Road, Dongcheng District, Beijing
Address of the Company	100011
Office Address of the Company	22 Andingmen Xibinhe Road, Dongcheng District, Beijing
Postal Code of Office	
Address of the Company	100011
Company Website	www.csec.com or www.shenhuachina.com
E-mail	ir@csec.com
Address of the Company Office Address of the Company Postal Code of Office Address of the Company Company Website	22 Andingmen Xibinhe Road, Dongcheng District, Beijing 100011 www.csec.com or www.shenhuachina.com

Section II Company Profile and Major Financial Indicators (Continued)

IV. INFORMATION DISCLOSURE AND PLACE FOR DOCUMENT INSPECTION

Designated newspaper for information disclosure	China Securities Journal, Shanghai Securities News, Securities Times and Securities Daily
Internet website for publishing interim report	www.sse.com.cn and www.hkexnews.hk
Interim report is available at	SSE, Board Office of the Company and Hong Kong Office of the Company

V. BASIC INFORMATION ON SHARES

Туре	Stock Exchange	Abbreviation	Stock Code	
A Share	SSE	China Shenhua	601088	
H Share	HKEx	China Shenhua	01088	

VI. OTHER INFORMATION

Accounting firm engaged by the Company	Name Office Address	KPMG Huazhen LLP 8th, Tower E2, Oriental Plaza, 1 East Chang An
(A Share)	Signing Auditors	Avenue, Beijing Zhang Nan, Wang Xia
Accounting firm engaged by the Company (H Share)	Name	KPMG (Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance with the Financial Reporting Council Ordinance)
(Office Address	8th Floor, Prince's Building, 10 Chater Road, Central, Hong Kong
Share Registrar and Transfer Office of the	Name	China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited Shanghai Branch
Company (A Share)	Office Address	188 Yanggao South Road, Pudong New Area, Shanghai
Share Registrar and Transfer Office of the	Name	Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited
Company (H Share)	Office Address	Rooms 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong

Section II Company Profile and Major Financial Indicators (Continued)

Major accounting data	Unit	The first half of 2021	The first half of 2020	Change %
Revenue	RMB million	143,979	105,016	37.1
Profit for the period Profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the Company	RMB million RMB million	31,767 26,500	24,784 20,370	28.2 30.1
Basic earnings per share Net cash generated from operating activities	RMB/share RMB million	1.334 40,219	1.024 53,720	30.3 (25.1)
Net cash generated from operating activities excluding the effect from	RMB million	40,219	32,175	25.0
Finance Company Return on total assets as at the end of the period	%	5.3	4.3	Increased by 1.0 percentage
Return on net assets as at the end of the period	%	7.5	5.8	point Increased by 1.7 percentage
EBITDA	RMB million	47,317	41,142	points 15.0
	Unit	As at 30 June 2021	As at 31 December 2020	Change %
Total assets Total liabilities Total equity Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company Total share capital as at the end of the period Equity attributable to equity holders per share Gearing ratio	RMB million RMB million RMB million RMB million RMB/share %	603,395 178,055 425,340 354,821 19,869 17.86 29.5	562,904 133,317 429,587 364,203 19,890 18.33 23.7	7.2 33.6 (1.0) (2.6) (0.1) (2.6) Increased by 5.8 percentage
Total debt to equity ratio	%	12.9	13.4	points Decreased by 0.5 percentage point

VII. MAJOR ACCOUNTING DATA OF THE COMPANY

Section II Company Profile and Major Financial Indicators (Continued)

VIII. DIFFERENCE IN ACCOUNTING DATA UNDER DOMESTIC AND OVERSEAS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Unit: RMB million

	Net profit attributable to equity holders of the Company		Net assets attributable to equity holders of th Company	
	The first half of 2021	The first half of 2020	As at 30 June 2021	As at 31 December 2020
Under China Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises	26,026	20,658	351,165	360,189
Adjustments for: Simple production maintenance, safety production and other	474	(288)	3,656	4,014
related expenditures Under International Financial Reporting Standards	26,500	20,370	354,821	364,203

Explanation on differences in domestic and overseas accounting standards:

Pursuant to the relevant regulations of the related government authorities in the PRC, the Group accrued provisions for simple production maintenance, safety production and other related expenditures, recognised as expenses in profit or loss and separately recorded as a specific reserve in shareholders' equity under China Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises. On utilisation of the specific reserve as fixed assets within the stipulated scope, the full amount of accumulated depreciation is recognised at the same time when the cost of the relevant assets is recorded. Under International Financial Reporting Standards, these expenses are recognised in profit or loss as and when incurred. Relevant capital expenditure is recognised as property, plant and equipment and depreciated according to the relevant depreciation method. The effect on deferred tax arising from such difference is also reflected.

Section III Chairman's Statement

DEAR SHAREHOLDERS,

On behalf of the Board, I am delighted to present you with the 2021 interim report and the results during the period of China Shenhua, and express sincere gratitude to all of you for your support!

Since this year, we have committed to the spirit of the important instructions made by General Secretary Xi Jinping and the decision-making deployment of the Party Central Committee, deeply implemented "One Target, Three Models and Five Strategies, and Seven First-classes" development strategy, actively undertook the responsibilities and missions as a state-owned listed company, ensured energy supply as well as stability of price and market, performed steadily in overall in safety and environmental protection, consolidated and strengthened integrated operations, accelerated the promotion of carbon peak emissions and carbon neutrality, made more efforts in project construction, and continuously strengthened the drive for innovation, made good progress in digital transformation, achieved remarkable results in various tasks, obtained better key production and operation indicators than the same period of the previous year and this year's expectations, and made steady and positive progress, laying a solid foundation for achieving a good start in the "14th Five-Year Plan" throughout the year.

We have provided comprehensive services to build a new development pattern, achieved 152.4 million tons of coal production, 77.04 billion kilowatt-hours of power generation, 150.0 billion tons kilometers of transportation turnover of self-owned railways, and 371,100 tons of chemical products production, and achieved a revenue of RMB143.979 billion, a profit before tax of RMB38.114 billion, a profit of RMB31.767 billion in the current period, a basic earnings per share of RMB1.334, a gearing ratio of 29.5% at the end of the period, and an aggregate market value of USD51.8 billion. The key production and operation indicators have been greatly improved and continued to improve, making positive contributions to the accelerated recovery and stable growth of the national economy.

We have led production and operations with high goals, and insisted on steady progress to ensure growth, strengthened coordinated dispatching, ensured supply and price stability, demonstrated responsibility, effectively guaranteed energy supply in important periods such as the cold wave at the beginning of the year, the Spring Festival and "July 1". Coal enterprises such as Shendong Coal and Zhunge'er Energy continuously produced safe, stable and high yields, giving full play to the role of the main force and ballast stone. We have adhered to corporate credit and increased the fulfillment of internal and external long-term contracts, maintained the long-term coal agreed pricing mechanism, resolutely ensured the safety of the energy supply chain and the stability of the production, transportation and marketing supply chain, effectively stabilized the market, reached a new level in integrated operation, deeply tapped the potential of Baoshen Railway and Shuohuang Railway, realized long-term full-scale operation in transportation channels in the core area, focused on synergy to create benefits, built a new coal-electricity relationship of "risk sharing, benefit sharing, and performance cocreation", accurately implemented the distribution system based on marginal benefits, and strengthened inventory management throughout the entire cycle and process.

Section III Chairman's Statement (Continued)

We made every effort to promote innovation-driven development and green transformation to achieve higher quality development, focused on the goal of realizing carbon peak and carbon neutrality, carefully planned the development blueprint of the "14th Five-Year Plan", focused on the research on low-carbon transformation of coal, electricity, chemical and transportation integration, gave play to the regional advantages of capital and assets, and explored diversified investment modes to promote the development of new energy industry, strengthened the guidance of scientific and technological innovation and initiated the application of mobile block technology for heavy-haul railways in Shuohuang Railway; promoted the application of zero and negative carbon technology, and built Jinjie Power into the largest 150,000 tons/year carbon capture demonstration project in China; built state-level intelligent coal mines and power stations, and built intelligent transportation technologies, standards and data systems. In the first half of 2021, the Company was granted a total of 269 patents, including 110 invention patents.

We implemented the Securities Law, protected the interests of minority investors, fulfilled promise, continued to distribute a large proportion of cash dividends to return to investors, comprehensively strengthened ESG governance and promoted the standardisation of ESG management system construction. We studied and implemented the new Work Safety Law, strictly focused on safety production, and continued to promote the Three-year Action for Special Improvement to effectively contain various accidents. We strictly implemented environmental protection and emission reduction, continued to consolidate the achievements of pollution prevention and control, and jointly safeguarded the ecological security of key regions such as the Yangtze River and the Yellow River. In the first half of the year, the Company won the "Tianma Award of Mainboard-listed Companies with the Investor Relationship in China" and "Sustainable Development Inclusion Award". The effectiveness of corporate social responsibility and the high-quality interaction with minority investors have received positive publicity from regulatory agencies many times.

We adhered to the "two consistent principles", gave full play to the leading role of Party building, established a long-term mechanism to implement the important instructions of General Secretary Xi Jinping, implemented the "First Issue" system, and continuously improved political judgment, political understanding, and political execution. We firmly promoted the study and education of the Party's history, celebrated the centenary of the founding of the Party. We incorporated the Party's leadership into corporate governance, implemented the core concept of corporate culture, effectively connected the poverty alleviation and rural revitalization, comprehensively strengthened Party discipline, and effectively transformed the political and organizational advantages of the Party into the development advantages of enterprises.

Section III Chairman's Statement (Continued)

In the second half of the year, we will earnestly study and carried through General Secretary Xi Jinping's significant speech on "July 1st", aim at the goal and tasks of the year without wavering, give play to the industry leadership, stabilize production, supply, prices and market, adhere to corporate credit, expand market share, and establish the "leader of the chain" in the modern industrial chain, so as to promote the healthy development of the industry. We will aim at the goal of realizing the carbon peak and carbon neutrality, focus on the primary duty and core business, deepen the supply-side structural reform, improve the quality and efficiency of the development of coal, electricity, chemical and transportation industries, and accelerate the development of the new energy industry, to further expand the core competitive advantages of integrated operations under the new situation. We will strengthen the comprehensive risk prevention and control system and capacity building, effectively respond to major challenges, and resist major risks to effectively ensure the healthy and sustainable development of the Company.

China Shenhua will uphold the Company's core values of "green development and pursuit of excellence". With the joint efforts of the Board of directors, management and all employees, and with the strong support of shareholders and all sectors of society, we will work hard to make dedications, innovate and strive to be the first, make greater contributions to economic and social development in China, and create greater value for investors, customers and the society.



Chairman 27 August 2021

Overview of China Shenhua's Operating Results for the First Half of 2021

Table 1 Status of Completion of Operation Target					
		Target for 2021	Completed in the first half of 2021	Percentage Of completion %	
Commercial coal production Coal sales Power generation Revenue Cost of sales Selling, general and administrative expenses, R&D costs and net finance costs	100 million tonnes 100 million tonnes 100 million kWh RMB100 million RMB100 million RMB100 million		1.524 2.408 770.4 1,439.79 1,027.77 43.49	53.7 50.6 57.1 59.3 60.3 34.8	
Change in unit production cost of self-produced coal		Increased by approximately 5% year-on- year	Increased by 4.3% year- on-year		

Table 4 Operation Data

		The first half of 2021	The first half of 2020	Change %
Commercial coal production	million tonnes	152.4	145.6	4.7
Coal sales	million tonnes	240.8	205.3	17.3
Transportation turnover of self- owned railway	billion tonne km	150.0	133.3	12.5
Loading volume at Huanghua Port	million tonnes	109.4	93.7	16.8
Loading volume at Tianjin Coal Dock	million tonnes	22.8	21.5	6.0
Shipping volume	million tonnes	59.3	51.3	15.6
Shipping turnover	billion tonne nautical miles	53.0	42.9	23.5
Gross power generation	billion kwh	77.04	62.82	22.6
Total power output dispatch	billion kwh	72.04	58.76	22.6
Sales of polyethylene	thousand tonnes	190.2	182.0	4.5
Sales of polypropylene	thousand tonnes	180.9	164.2	10.2

Table	9 Dom	nestic (Coal Sal	es Volu	me	Table 10 Status of
		The first half of 2021 million tonnes	of domestic sales	The first half of 2020 million tonnes	Change %	
Domestic sale	s	238.0	100.0	204.0	16.7	
By regions	Northern China Eastern China Central China and Southern China Northeast China Others	75.9 93.7 39.2 19.5 9.7	39.3 16.5	61.3 81.9 35.3 18.6 6.9	23.8 14.4 11.0 4.8 40.6	Coal segment Power segment Transportation segment Including: Railway Port
By usage	Thermal coal Metallurgy Chemical (including coal slurry)	189.9 10.8 34.9	4.5	162.2 12.5 26.2	17.1 (13.6) 33.2	Shipping Coal chemical segment Others
	Others	2.4	1.0	3.1	(22.6)	Total

Table 12Coal Sales Price

		The first half of 202	1		The first half of 2020		Char	ige
	Sales volume	Percentage to total sales volume	Average price (excluding tax)	Sales volume	Percentage to total sales volume	Average price (excluding tax)	Sales volume	Average price (excluding tax)
	million tonnes	%	RMB/tonne	million tonnes	%	RMB/tonne	%	%
Total sales volume/average price /excluding tax)	240.8	100.0	499	205.3	100.0	398	17.3	25.4
I. Classify by contract pricing mechanisi	n							
(I) Sales through Trading Group	229.6	95.3	512	197.7	96.3	407	16.1	25.8
1. Annual long-term agreement	99.2	41.2	412	88.3	43.0	382	12.3	7.9
2. Monthly long-term agreement	103.1	42.8	614	73.7	35.9	441	39.9	39.2
3. Spot commodity	27.3	11.3	489	35.7	17.4	397	(23.5)	23.2
(II) Direct sales at the coal mine pit	11.2	4.7	231	7.6	3.7	179	47.4	29.1
II. Classify by internal and external customers								
(I) Sales to external customers	212.1	88.0	506	181.9	88.6	403	16.6	25.6
(II) Sales to internal power segment	26.4	11.0	458	21.1	10.3	364	25.1	25.8
(III) Sales to internal coal chemical segment	2.3	1.0	322	2.3	1.1	354	-	(9.0

		The first half of 2021	The first half of 2020	Change %
Revenue	RMB million	143,979	105,016	37.1
Profit for the period	RMB million	31,767	24,784	28.2
EBITDA	RMB million	47,317	41,142	15.0
Profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the Company	RMB million	26,500	20,370	30.1
Basic earnings per share	RMB/share	1.334	1.024	30.3
Net cash generated from operating activities	RMB million	40,219	53,720	(25.1
Net cash generated from operating activities excluding Finance Company	RMB million	40,219	32,175	25.0

Table 5 Commercial Coal Production Volume

	The first half of 2021 million tonnes	The first half of 2020 million tonnes	Change %
Total production	152.4	145.6	4.7
By mines			
Shendong Mines	94.5	93.2	1.4
Zhunge'er Mines	33.0	31.0	6.5
Shengli Mines	12.7	9.4	35.1
Baorixile Mines	11.5	11.2	2.7
Baotou Mines	0.7	0.8	(12.5)
By regions			
Inner Mongolia	103.2	97.3	6.1
Shaanxi	47.4	46.7	1.5
Shanxi	1.8	1.6	12.5

Table 10 Status of C	Completion of Ca	pital Expenditure
	Plan for 2021 RMB100 million	Completion in the first half of 2021 RMB100 million
Coal segment	74.48	66.73
Power segment	147.99	45.35
Transportation segment	92.06	12.48
Including: Railway	79.29	9.33
Port	12.45	3.15
Shipping	0.32	0.00
Coal chemical segment	30.81	2.58
Others	10.48	0.01
Total	355.82	127.15

Table 3 Segment Results

	C	al	Por	wer	Rail	way	Р	ort	Ship	ping	Coal cher	nical	Unallocate	d items	Eliminat	tions	Tot	tal
	The first half of 2021 RMB million	The first half of 2020 RMB million	The first half of 2021 RMB million	The first half of 2020 RMB million	The first half of 2021 RMB million	The first half of 2020 RMB million	The first half of 2021 RMB million	The first half of 2020 RMB million	The first half of 2021 RMB million	The first half of 2020 RMB million		e first half of 2020 RMB million	The first half of 2021 ⊺ RMB million	he first half of 2020 Th RMB million	e first half of 2021 ⊺ RMB million	he first half of 2020 TI RMB million	he first half of 2021 RMB million	The first half of 2 RMB mil
Revenue from external customers	109,882	75,288	27,148	22,568	2,649	2,736	399	468	617	783	3,260	2,409	24	764	-	-	143,979	105,
Inter-segment revenue	13,514	8,913	32	36	17,335	15,452	2,898	2,466	2,170	523	-	-	108	530	(36,057)	(27,920)	-	
Sub-total of segment revenue Segment cost of sales Segment profit/(loss) from	e 123,396 (99,187) 21.506	84,201 (66,104) 15,569	27,180 (23,377) 3,421	22,604 (16,970) 4,831	19,984 (9,866) 9,399	18,188 (8,843) 8,857		2,934 (1,512) 1,293	2,787 (2,132)	1,306 (1,201)	3,260 (2,423)	2,409 (2,407)	132 (8)	1,294 (17)	(36,057) 35,909	(27,920) 27,097	143,979 (102,777)	105, (69,
operations	£1,000	10,000	0,121	7,001	0,000	0,007	ושדקו	1,200	570	28	741	(75)	(107)	1,014	(148)	(823)	36,833	30
	As at 30 June 2021 RMB million	As at 31 December 2020 RMB million	As at 30 June 2021 RMB million	As at 31 December 2020 RMB million	As at 30 June 2021 RMB million	As at 31 December 2020 RMB million	June 2021	As at 31 December 2020 RMB million	As at 30 June 2021 RMB million	As at 31 December 2020 RMB million	As at 30 June 2021 RMB million	As at 31 December 2020 RMB million	As at 30 June 2021 RMB million	As at 31 December 2020 RMB million	As at 30 June 2021 RMB million	As at 31 December 2020 RMB million	As at 30 June 2021 RMB million	A: 31 December 20 RMB mill
Segment total assets	251,435	222.984	159.746	150,299	133,607	124,113		21,619	7,182	6,410		8,938	453,800	424,257	(432,339)	(395,716)	603,395	562
Segment total liabilities	(116,763)	(106,897)	(116,014)	(110,040)	(52,585)	(50,470)	(6,524)	(6,629)	(543)	(257)		(2,950)	(214,029)	(154,901)	330,959	298,827	(178,055)	(133

Table 6 Power Business

Power plants	Power grid	Location	Gross power generation 100 million kWh	Total power output dispatch 100 million kWh	Average utilization hours hours	Standard coal consumption for power outpour dispatch g/kWh	Power tariff RMB/mWh	Total installed capacity as at 31 December 2020 MW	Increase/ (decrease) in installed capacity for the first half of 2021 MW	Total installed capacity as at 30 June 2021 MW	Equit Installer capacity as a 30 Jun 202 MV
Zhunge'er Power	North China Power Grid	Inner Mongolia	17.4	16.0	2,642	346	247	660	-	660	38
Shendong Power	Northwest/North China/ Shaanxi Provincial Local Power Grid	Inner Mongolia	126.6	117.3	2,523	319	301	5,714	(700)	5,014	4,52
Cangdong Power	North China Power Grid	Hebei	55.7	53.1	2,211	298	312	2,520	-	2,520	1,28
Dingzhou Power	North China Power Grid	Hebei	56.0	51.8	2,223	307	311	2,520	-	2,520	1,02
Taishan Power	South China Power Grid	Guangdong	111.9	105.5	2,185	308	388	5,120	-	5,120	4,0
Huizhou Thermal	South China Power Grid	Guangdong	21.3	19.2	3,221	306	372	660	-	660	66
Fujian Energy	East China Power Grid	Fujian	81.5	76.1	2,901	238	351	2,810	-	2,810	1,40
Jinjie Energy	North China Power Grid	Shaanxi	96.4	89.0	2,592	313	263	3,720	-	3,720	2,60
Shouguang Power	North China Power Grid	Shandong	44.5	42.5	2,205	277	341	2,020	-	2,020	1,2
Jiujiang Power	Central China Power Grid	Jiangxi	62.8	60.0	3,139	277	350	2,000	-	2,000	2,00
Sichuan Energy (coal-fired power)	Sichuan Power Grid	Sichuan	27.5	25.0	2,181	338	378	1,260	-	1,260	60
Mengjin Power	Central China Power Grid	Henan	22.5	21.0	1,876	301	279	1,200	-	1,200	61
Liuzhou Power	Guangxi Power Grid	Guangxi	19.2	18.2	2,740	314	344	700	-	700	49
EMM Indonesia	PLN	Indonesia	8.5	7.5	2,827	365	453	300	-	300	21
Total of coal-fired power pl	ants/weighted average		751.8	702.2	2,464	300	328	31,204	(700)	30,504	21,10
Other power plants											
Beijing Gas-fired Power	North China Power Grid	Beijing	15.5	15.2	1,632	184	570	950	-	950	95
Sichuan Energy (hydropower)	Sichuan Provincial Local Power Grid	Sichuan	3.1	3.0	2,502	-	250	125	-	125	4

Table 13 Coal Resources Reserves

	Coal res	ources (under PRC sta	indard)	Recoverabl	e reserve (under PRC	standard)	Marketable	reserve (under JORC	standard)
	As at 30	As at 31		As at 30	As at 31		As at 30	As at 31	
Mines	June 2021	December 2020	Change	June 2021	December 2020	Change	June 2021	December 2020	Change
	100 million	100 million		100 million	100 million		100 million	100 million	
	tonnes	tonnes	%	tonnes	tonnes	%	tonnes	tonnes	%
Shendong Mines	154.9	156.0	(0.7)	87.8	88.9	(1.2)	43.5	44.4	(2.0
Zhunge'er Mines	37.5	37.9	(1.1)	29.9	30.2	(1.0)	19.2	19.5	(1.5
Shengli Mines	19.7	19.9	(1.0)	13.4	13.5	(0.7)	1.6	1.8	(11.1
Baorixile Mines	13.4	13.5	(0.7)	11.2	11.3	(0.9)	11.4	11.6	(1.8
Baotou Mines	0.5	0.5	-	0.3	0.3	-	-	-	1
Xinjie Mines	107.6	64.2	67.6	1	1	1	1	1	1
Others	1	4.8	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Total of China Shenhua	333.6	296.8	12.4	142.6	144.2	(1.1)	75.7	77.3	(2.1

Table 7 Cost of Sales	of C	oal Segr	nent	Table 8 Cos	st of Sa	ales d	of Pov	ver S	egm	ent	
Th half of RMB m		The first half of 2020 RMB million	Change %		Th	e first half of a Power output dispatch	2021 Unit cost	Th Cost	e first half of 2 Power output dispatch	020 Unit cost	Change in unit cost
	41,522 3,894	19,111 3.743	117.3 4.0		RMB million	100 million kWh	RMB/mWh	RMB million	100	RMB/mWh	%
the second se	3,968 1,604	3,346 1.359	18.6 18.0	Cost of power output dispatch Materials, fuel and power	21,882 16,382	720.4 720.4	303.8 227.4	15,815 11,186	587.6 587.6	269.1 190.4	12.9 19.4
Depreciation and amortization	2,863	2,642	8.4	Personnel expenses Repairs and Maintenance Depreciation and amortization	1,355 734 2.501	720.4 720.4 720.4	18.8 10.2 34.7	820 789 2.477	587.6 587.6 587.6	14.0 13.4 42.2	34.3 (23.9) (17.8)
Other costs 1	28,699 10,634 6,003	23,587 7,864 4,452	21.7 35.2 34.8	Others Other operating costs Taxes and surcharges	2,501 910 1,100 395	720.4	34.7 12.7	2,477 543 857 298	587.6	9.1	39.6
	99,187	66,104	50.0	Total cost of sales	23,377			16,970			

Table 11 Cost of Sales of Transportation and Coal		Dailuusu			Deut			Chinaina				-
Chemical Segments		Railway			Port			Shipping		(Coal Chemica	al
	The first half of 2021 RMB	The first half of 2020 RMB	Change	The first half of 2021 RMB	The first half of 2020 RMB	Change	The first half of 2021 RMB	The first half of 2020 RMB	Change	The first half of 2021 RMB	The first half of 2020 RMB	Change
	million	million	%									
Cost of internal transportation business	7,776	6,814	14.1	1,353	1,128	19.9	1,638	458	257.6	1		/
Materials, fuel and power	1,249	1,016	22.9	187	140	33.6	209	124	68.5	1,246	1,304	(4.4)
Personnel expenses	2,243	1,787	25.5	178	134	32.8	7	1	600.0	160	152	5.3
Repairs and Maintenance	1,912	1,651	15.8	217	162	34.0	19	7	171.4	215	140	53.6
Depreciation and amortization	2,047	1,915	6.9	343	365	(6.0)	92	54	70.4	352	406	(13.3)
External transportation charges	274	264	3.8	1	1	1	1,185	212	459.0	1	/	1
Others	51	181	(71.8)	428	327	30.9	126	60	110.0	101	64	57.8
Cost of external transportation business	1,364	1,346	1.3	159	140	13.6	491	742	(33.8)	1	1	1
Cost of prime business	9,140	8,160	12.0	1,512	1,268	19.2	2,129	1,200	77.4	2,074	2,066	0.4
Other operating costs	499	490	1.8	106	173	(38.7)	. 1	1	1	278	285	(2.5)
Taxes and surcharges	227	193	17.6	75	71	5.6	3	1	200.0	71	56	26.8
Total cost of sales	9,866	8,843	11.6	1,693	1,512	12.0	2,132	1,201	77.5	2,423	2,407	0.7

Table 14Sales of Seaborne Coal	
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	The first half of 2021 million tonnes	The first half of 2020 million tonnes	Change %	
Through self-owned ports	121.0	106.4	13.7	
Huanghua Port	99.3	85.4	16.3	
Tianjin Coal Dock	21.6	21.0	2.9	
Zhuhai Coal Dock	0.1	-		
Through third-party ports	13.8	13.5	2.	
Total seaborne coal sales	134.8	119.9	12.	
Table 16 Shij	oping Volu	me		
	The first half of 2021	The first half of 2020	Change	
	million tonnes	million tonnes	9	
The Group's internal customers	42.2	18.4	129.	

59.3

Total of shipping volume

51.3

15.6

Table15 Railway Transportation Turnover

· · · · · ·			
	The first half of 2021 billion tonne km	The first half of 2020 billion tonne km	Change %
Self-owned railways	150.0	133.3	12.5
Baoshen Railway	4.4	4.2	4.8
Shenshuo Railway	27.1	25.7	5.4
Ganquan Railway	0.3	0.4	(25.0)
Tahan Railway	0.1	-	/
Dazhun Railway	14.8	12.8	15.6
Bazhun Railway	1.3	0.5	160.0
Zhunchi Railway	5.9	4.6	28.3
Shuohuang-Huangwan Railway	95.4	85.1	12.1
Huangda Railway	0.7	-	/
State-owned railways	23.9	21.3	12.2
Total railway turnover	173.9	154.6	12.5





Section IV Management Discussion and Analysis

I. INDUSTRY AND PRINCIPAL BUSINESSES CONDITIONS OF THE COMPANY IN THE FIRST HALF OF THE YEAR

(I) Competition and Development Trend in the Industry¹

1. Macroeconomic Environment

In the first half of 2021, facing the complicated and versatile environment domestically and abroad and under the strong leadership of the CPC Central Committee with comrade Xi Jinping as the core, the Chinese government continued to consolidate and expand epidemic prevention and control and economic and social development achievements, and accurately implement macro policy, as a result, the economy continued to recover steadily, production demand continued to rebound, prices and employment remained generally stable, new momentum rapidly grew, quality and efficiency improved steadily. The expectations of market entities improved, major macro indicators were within an appropriate range, and economic development was stable and improving. China's Gross Domestic Product (GDP) grew 12.7% year-onyear in the first half of this year, with a two-year average growth of 5.3%.

The current international situation is still complex and severe, the global epidemic prevention and control is still under great pressure, and the foundation of China's economic recovery is yet to be solid. In the second half of this year, the Chinese government will always adhere to the general tone of seeking improvement in stability, better coordinate the epidemic prevention and control with economic and social development, continue to deepen the supply-side structural reform so as to release the potential in domestic demand, vigorously help enterprises for development, accelerate the reform and opening up, make overall adjustment and keep the economy running within a reasonable range, take solid steps to promote high-quality development, and strive to meet the targets and tasks for economic and social development for the year.

2. Coal Market Environment

(1) China's Thermal Coal Market

Review of the first half of 2021

In the first half of this year, China's national economy continued to stabilize to promote coal consumption demand, regional coal supply structure was relatively tight, and coal price hovered at a high level. As of 30 June, the price index of Bohai Bay thermal coal (5,500 kcal) was RMB644/tonne, increasing by RMB51/tonne compared with the beginning of the year (RMB593/tonne). In the first half of 2021, the average value of Bohai Bay thermal coal (5,500 kcal) price index was RMB606/tonne, representing a year-on-year increase of RMB63/tonne (the first half of 2020: RMB543/tonne).

¹ This section is for reference only and does not constitute any investment advice. The Company has used its best endeavors to ensure the accuracy and reliability of information in this section, but does not assume any liability or provide any form of guarantee for the accuracy, completeness or validity of all or part of its content. If there is any error or omission, the Company does not assume any liability. The content in this section may contain certain forward-looking statements based on subjective assumptions and judgments of future political and economic developments; therefore, there may exist uncertainties in these statements. The Company does not undertake any responsibility for updating the information or correcting any subsequent error that may appear. The opinions, estimates and other data set out herein can be amended or withdrawn without further notice. The data contained in this section are mainly derived from sources such as the National Bureau of Statistics, National Energy Administration, China Coal Market Network, China Coal Resources Network, China Electricity Council, and China Coal Transportation & Sales Society etc.

	January to June 2021	Change %
Raw coal output (million tonnes)	1,949	6.4
Coal import (million tonnes)	140	(19.7)
Coal transportation by railways (million tonnes)	1,280	13.8

In the first half of this year, China's total coal consumption was approximately 2,130 million tonnes, representing a year-on-year increase of 10.6%. Based on the same period in 2019, the two-year average growth rate was 3.4%. The consumption growth was mainly driven by the power industry. In the first half of 2021, the coal consumption of the power industry accounted for approximately 58%, and the consumption of thermal coal increased by 14.5% year on year, with a two-year average growth rate of approximately 7.7%.

On the supply side, coal production remained stable on the whole. Main origins of coal have further strengthened the comprehensive investigation of potential safety risks, standardized production capacity management, and continued to optimize coal production capacity. In the first half of this year, coal enterprises above scale produced 1,950 million tonnes of raw coal, representing a year-on-year increase of 6.4% and a two-year average growth of 3.5%. In the first half of this year, the output of three provinces including Shanxi, Shaanxi and Inner Mongolia accounted for 75.5% of the total national output.

In the first half of this year, China imported 140 million tonnes of coal, representing a year-on-year decrease of 19.7%. Indonesia, Russia and Mongolia became the top three source countries of China's coal imports.

Outlook for the second half of the year

In the second half of the year, China's economy will recover steadily, energy consumption will keep growing, and the growth rate will gradually return to be moderate. Factors such as the evolution of the global epidemic, peak of energy consumption in summer, off-peak production in energy-intensive industries, and weather changes will lead to periodic fluctuations in coal demand in the second half of the year. From the supply side, coal supply will increase slightly compared with the first half of the year as the effect of multi-link supply guarantee measures appears and new coal mine capacity is gradually released. It is expected that in the second half of the year, the tight balance between coal supply and demand will be to some extent relieved, but the tight supply in structure, time period and region will still exist, and coal price hub will to some extent fall.

(2) Thermal Coal Market in Asia Pacific Region

Review of the first half of 2021

In the first half of the year due to the extreme weather in major coal consumption markets and the accelerated pace of economic recovery has rapidly released coal demand, the rapid recovery of the global economy has led to a rapid rise in energy consumption. Coal production in most major coal producing countries has gradually recovered, and the output showed a trend of rebounding or narrowing of decrease. India produced 415 million tonnes of coal in the first half, representing a year-on-year increase of 1.7%. Indonesia produced 293 million tonnes of coal, representing a year-on-year increase of 7.7%; The United States produced 293 million tonnes of coal, representing a year-on-year increase of a year-on-year increase of 10.7%; Russia produced 212 million tonnes of coal, representing a year-on-year increase of 2.3%.

Coal trade recovered moderately in the first half of the year. Due to climate factors and transport disruptions, Indonesia exported 213 million tonnes of coal in the first half of this year, representing a year-on-year increase of 2.5%. Australia exported 87.29 million tonnes of coal in the first quarter, representing a year-on-year decrease of 6.0%. Coal exports from Russia, the United States and Mongolia soared. In terms of imports, excluding China, among the major coal importing countries, India imported 92.05 million tonnes of coal from January to May, representing a year-on-year decrease of 1.2%. Japan imported 86.28 million tonnes, representing a year-on-year decrease of 2.4%; Republic of Korea imported 57.14 million tonnes, representing a year-on-year decrease of 3.6%; Chinese Taiwan imported 32.44 million tonnes, representing a year-on-year increase of 3.3%. Imports of Germany, Turkey and Ukraine showed the increasing trend.

In the first half of the year, the overall supply of coal in the international market was tight, driving the market price of coal to continue to rise rapidly. As of 30 June, the spot price of Newcastle NEWC thermal coal amounted to USD136.96 per tonne, representing an increase of USD53.24 per tonne, or 63.6% as compared to the start of the year (USD83.72 per tonne), and an increase of USD86.77 per tonne as compared to the end of June 2020 (USD50.19 per tonne).

Outlook for the second half of the year

As the global economy continues to recover in the second half of the year, there is still room for coal demand to be released. With the ease of pandemic outbreak and the resumption of production, the tight supply and demand of coal in the world may ease to some extent in the second half of the year. However, with great instability and uncertainty arising from the epidemic and the international political and economic environment, extreme weather and transportation capacity may still bring some constraints on the export supply capacity, and there is still a risk of periodic imbalance in the supply and demand of coal market in the second half of the year.

3. Power Market Environment

Review of the first half of 2021

In the first half of this year, China's economy continued to recover steadily, and economic development showed a steady strengthening and positive trend. China's national power consumption reached 3,930 billion kWh, representing a year-on-year increase of 16.2 and a two-year average growth of 7.6%. In terms of industries, China has further advanced the rural revitalization strategy. In the first half of this year, the power consumption potential of primary industry has been continuously released, representing a year-on-year increase of 20.6% and a two-year average growth of 14.3%. There was a clear trend of upgrading in the manufacturing sector, and new drivers of growth were growing. The power consumption in the secondary industry increased by 16.6% year on year, with a two-year average growth of 7.3%. The tertiary industry recovered rapidly, with an increase of power consumption by 25.8% year-on-year in the first half of the year and a two-year average growth of 9.9%. The domestic power consumption of urban and rural residents increased by 4.5% year on year, with a two-year average growth of 5.6%.

In the first half of this year, power generation by national and international power plants in China totalled 3,870 billion kWh, representing a year-on-year increase of 13.7%. Among them, due to the rapid growth of power consumption and the slow growth of hydropower generation, the coal-fired power totaled 2,830 billion kWh, representing a year-on-year increase of 15.0%, accounting for 73.0% of the total power generation; Hydropower generation increased by 1.4%; nuclear power generation increased by 13.7% year-on-year, the full-calibre on-grid wind power and on-grid solar power generation increased by 44.6% and 24.0% year-on-year, respectively. In the first half of 2021, average utilization hours of national power generation equipment reached 1,853 hours, representing a year-on-year increase of 119 hours. Among them, the utilization hours of coal-fired power generation equipment reached 2,186 hours, representing a year-on-year increase of 231 hours (the utilization hours of coal power reached 2,257 hours, representing a year-on-year increase of 254 hours).

In the first half of this year, the national new power generation installed capacity reached 51.78 million kilowatts. As of the end of June 2021, the national power generation installed capacity reached 2.26 billion kilowatts, of which non-fossil energy power generation installed capacity accounted for 45.4%, representing a year-on-year increase of 3.2 percentage points; coal power installed capacity accounted for 48.2% of total installed capacity, representing a year-on-year decrease of 3.3 percentage points.

The power system reforms continued to be pushed deeper, the pilot scope of power spot commodity extended and new energy participated in market trading of power in an orderly manner. In the first half of the year, the national inter-regional power transmission amounted to 295.6 billion kWh, representing a year-on-year increase of 13.0%, whilst the national inter-provincial power transmission was 721.8 billion kWh, representing a year-on-year increase of 13.7%. Power trading centers across China organized and completed a total of 1,702.3 billion kWh of market transactions, representing a year-on-year increase of 41.6%, of which the total medium and long-term direct transaction volume of power was 1,377.3 billion kWh, representing a year-on-year increase of 43.4%, constituting 35% of total power consumption in the whole society, with an increase of 6.4 percentage points year on year.

Outlook for the second half of the year

Power consumption demand is expected to maintain rapid growth in the second half of the year, and the overall balance of power supply and demand in the country will be balanced. During summer consumption peak, power load will be increased for high temperature weather, and power supply in some areas will be tight during peak hours. Taking into account the domestic and foreign economic situation in the second half of the year and the base of last year, it is expected that in the second half of 2021, the national power consumption will grow by approximately 6% year on year, reaching approximately 10–11% jump for the entire year.

(II) Principal Businesses and Operation Model of the Company During the Reporting Period

China Shenhua Energy Company Limited was established in Beijing in November 2004 and was listed on HKEx and SSE in June 2005 and October 2007, respectively. The Group is principally engaged in the production and sale of coal and electricity, railway, port and shipping transportation, and coal-to-olefins businesses. The integration of coal, power, railway, port, shipping and coal chemical into one unified operation chain is the Group's unique operation and profitability model.

The Group owns high-quality coal resources in Shendong Mines, Zhunge'er Mines, Shengli Mines and Baorixile Mines, etc. As at 30 June 2021, the Company had coal reserves of 33.36 billion tonnes and recoverable coal reserves of 14.26 billion tonnes under the PRC Standard; In the first half of 2021, the Group realized commercial coal production volume of 152.4 million tonnes and the sales volume of coal of 240.8 million tonnes. The Group controls and operates high capacity clean coal-fired power generators with great parameters, the Group controls and operates power generators with an installed capacity of 31,579 MW by the end of June 2021, with a total power output dispatch of 72.04 billion kWh in the first half of 2021. The Group controls and operates completion of a network of concentric transportation railways around the major coal production bases in western Shanxi, northern Shaanxi and southern Inner Mongolia as well as "Shenshuo - Shuohuang Line", a major channel for coal transportation from western to eastern China, and Huanghua-Dajiawa Railway, a new energy channel in Bohai Sea, with a total length of railways of 2,408 km. The transportation turnover of the self-owned railway reached 150.0 billion tonnes km in the first half of 2021. The Group also controls and operates a number of ports and docks (approximately 270 million tonnes/year vessel loading capability in aggregate), such as Huanghua Port, possesses the shipping transportation team comprising its own vessels with approximately 2.18 million tonnes of loading capacity and conducts coal-to-olefins businesses with approximately 0.6 million tonnes/year of operation and production capacity. The Group's technology in coal exploitation and production safety has secured a leading position in the global market, and that of clean coal-fired power generation and heavy-loaded railway transportation has secured a leading position in the domestic market.

During the reporting period, the Group made no significant change in the scope of its principal businesses, operation model and key drivers to performance.

II. ANALYSIS ON CORE COMPETITIVENESS DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD

There were no substantial changes in the core competitiveness of the Group during the reporting period.

The core competitiveness of the Group mainly includes: (1) the chained integration operation model of coal, power, railway, port and shipping operations; (2) premium and abundant coal resources; (3) a management team with the dedication to the principal business of the Company and an advanced operation philosophy; (4) leading industrial technologies and technological innovation capabilities in China and overseas in areas including coal mining, production safety, clean coal-fired power generation, heavy-loaded railway transportation and coal-to-olefins;

III. DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS ON OPERATION RESULTS

In the first half of the year, with the continuously steady recovery of economy in China, the Group achieved stable growth during the production and operation courses, consolidated and strengthened the integration operation model, promoted in-depth innovation-driven development and green transformation.

The Group recorded a revenue of RMB143,979 million in the first half of 2021 (the first half of 2020: RMB105,016 million), achieving 59.3% of the business target for 2021, representing a year-on-year increase of 37.1%; a profit before tax of RMB38,114 million (the first half of 2020: RMB31,291 million), representing a year-on-year increase of 21.8%; the profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the Company of RMB26,500 million (the first half of 2020: RMB20,370 million); and basic earnings per share of RMB1.334/share (the first half of 2020: RMB1.024/share), representing a year-on-year increase of 30.3%.

ltem	Unit	Targets of 2021	Completion in the first half of 2021	Percentage of completion %
Commercial coal production Coal sales Power generation Revenue Cost of sales Selling, general and administrative expenses, R&D costs and	100 million tonnes 100 million tonnes 100 million kWh RMB100 million RMB100 million RMB100 million	2.84 4.76 1,350 2,426 1,704 125	1.524 2.408 770.4 1,439.79 1,027.77 43.49	53.7 50.6 57.1 59.3 60.3 34.8
net financial costs Change in unit production cost of self-produced coal	/	Year-on-year increase of approximately 5%	Year-on-year increase of 4.3%	/

The status of completion of 2021 business targets of the Group is as follows:

Note: The above business targets are subject to the progress of procedures for the use of coal mine lands, risks, uncertainties and assumptions. The actual outcome may differ materially from these statements. Such statements do not constitute substantial commitments to investors. Investors should be aware that undue reliance on or use of such information may lead to investment risks.

IV. MAJOR OPERATION RESULTS DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD

(I) Analysis on principal business

1. Analysis on Changes in the Major Items in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income and Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Unit: RMB million

ltem	The first half of 2021	The first half of 2020	Change %
Perenue	142.070	105.010	37.1
Revenue Cost of sales	143,979 (102,777)	105,016 (69,957)	46.9
Research and development costs	(102,777)	(09,957) (245)	92.2
Other gains and losses	458	236	94.1
Loss allowances, net of reversal	438	(273)	(106.2)
Other expenses	(231)	(88)	162.5
Interest income	1,133	665	70.4
Share of results of associates	708	484	46.3
Income tax expense	(6,347)	(6,507)	(2.5)
Net cash generated from operating activities	40,219	53,720	(25.1)
Of which: Net cash generated from operating activities of Finance Company Note	0	21,545	(100.0)
Net cash generated from operating activities excluding the effect of Finance Company	40,219	32,175	25.0
Net cash generated from investing activities	5,489	41,940	(86.9)
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,396)	(29,489)	(95.3)

Note: The item represents the cash flows of deposits and loans and interest, fees and commission generated from financial services including deposits and loans for entities other than the Group to which the Finance Company provided in the first half of 2020 before the completion of capital increase transaction of the Finance Company.

(1) Explanations on the reasons for the changes in revenue

The revenue of the Group in the first half of 2021 recorded a year-on-year increase. The main reasons for such change are:

① Sales volume of coal and the average coal sales price of the Group recorded a year-on-year increase of 17.3% and 25.4%, respectively, due to strong coal demand in the coal market and rise in coal price with the steady recovery of China's economy;

- ② Driven by the increase of sales volume of coal and other factors, the Group experienced year-on-year growth in major operating indicators, such as transportation turnover of self-owned railway, loading volume of vessels at the ports, and shipping turnover;
- ③ The power demand in China increased rapidly, and the Group proactively took advantage of integrated operation to ensure the coal supply of power plants, resulting in a year-on-year increase in power generation;
- ④ Subject to international oil price and other factors, domestic polyolefin products were in short-term shortage of supplies with rising price, resulting in year-on-year increase in sales volume of polyolefin products and average polyolefin sales price of the Group.

Major operating indicator			Unit	The first half of 2021	The first half of 2020	Change %
()	Соа	I				
(.,	1.	Commercial coal production	Million tonnes	152.4	145.6	4.7
	2.	Coal sales	Million tonnes	240.8	205.3	17.3
		Of which: Self-produced coal	Million tonnes	152.2	141.9	7.3
		Purchased Coal	Million tonnes	88.6	63.4	39.7
()	Trar	nsportation				
	1.	Turnover of self-owned railways	Billion tonne kilometres	150.0	133.3	12.5
	2.	Loading volume at Huanghua Port	Million tonnes	109.4	93.7	16.8
	3.	Loading volume at Tianjin Coal Dock	Million tonnes	22.8	21.5	6.0
	4.	Shipping volume	Million tonnes	59.3	51.3	15.6
	5.	Shipment turnover	Billion tonne nautical miles	53.0	42.9	23.5
()	Pov	ver generation				
	1.	Gross power generation	Billion kWh	77.04	62.82	22.6
	2.	Total power output dispatch	Billion kWh	72.04	58.76	22.6
(IV)	Соа	l chemicals				
	1.	Sales of polyethylene	Thousand tonnes	190.2	182.0	4.5
	2.	Sales of polypropylene	Thousand tonnes	180.9	164.2	10.2

	The first h	alf of 2021	The first ha			
Breakdown of cost of sales	Amount RMB million	Percentage %	Amount <i>RMB million</i>	Percentage %	Change of the amount %	
Cost of coal purchased	41,522	40.4	19,111	27.3	117.3	
Raw materials, fuel and power	10,996	10.7	9,440	13.5	16.5	
Personnel expenses	8,260	8.0	6,608	9.4	25.0	
Repairs and maintenance	5,170	5.0	4,328	6.2	19.5	
Depreciation and amortization Transportation	8,489	8.3	8,350	11.9	1.7	
expenses	8,391	8.2	6,753	9.7	24.3	
Tax and surcharge	6,782	6.6	5,088	7.3	33.3	
Other	13,167	12.8	10,279	14.7	28.1	
Total cost of sales	102,777	100.0	69,957	100.0	46.9	

(2) Explanations on the reasons for the changes in cost of sales

The cost of sales of the Group in the first half of 2021 represented a year-onyear increase, of which:

- ① The year-on-year increase in cost of coal purchased was mainly driven by the strong demand in the coal market and rise in coal price, the Group's sales volume and unit procurement cost of purchased increased by 39.7% and 55.5% year on year, respectively.
- ② The year-over-year increase in the cost of raw materials, fuel and power was mainly due to the increase in power generation volume and the increase in price of coal purchased.
- ③ The year-on-year increase in personnel expenses was mainly due to the impact of the adjustment of the employee performance salary accrual cycle, which resulted in higher employee salary accrual in this reporting period as compared with the same period of the previous year, as well as the increase in social security contributions due to the increase in employee salary.
- ④ The year-on-year increase in repairs and maintenance costs was mainly due to the postponement of certain maintenance works of the Group's railway and coal segments due to the pandemic in the same period of the previous year, resulting in less repairs and maintenance costs incurred.
- (5) The year-on-year increase in transportation expenses was mainly due to the increase in ship chartering fees in the shipping business.

6 The year-on-year increase in tax and surcharge was mainly attributable to the rise in revenue and the increase in resources tax rates in Shaanxi Province.

(3) Other items of profit and loss statement

- ① The year-on-year increase in research and development costs was mainly attributable to the year-on-year increase in research and development costs of the Group in smart mines.
- ⁽²⁾ The year-on-year increase in other gains and losses was mainly attributable to the Group's withdrawal from the Watermark project development rights and then obtaining consideration from the State Government of New South Wales, Australia.
- ③ The year-on-year change in loss allowances was mainly attributable to loss allowance in provision for coal sales receivables in the same period of last year. No significant loss allowances occurred in this reporting period.
- ④ The year-on-year increase in other expenses was mainly attributable to the Group's provision of estimated losses due to the withdrawal from the development rights of the Australian Watermark project.
- (5) The year-on-year increase in interest income was mainly attributable to the deconsolidation of the Finance Company, ceasing to consolidate the interest income from the deposit of the Group in Finance Company to offset, and growth in average deposit balances deposited in financial institutions other than the Finance Company.
- (6) The year-on-year increase in share of results of associates was mainly attributable to the recognition of profit attributable to Financial Company due to the deconsolidation of the Finance Company.
- The year-on-year decrease in income tax was mainly attributable to the overpayment of the final settlement of income tax of the previous year by certain coal subsidiaries of the Group in the first half of the year offsetting the income tax for the current period.

(4) Items of cash flow statement

The Group formulated capital management policies that aimed to achieve maximized interests for the shareholders and maintained a sound capital structure as well as reduced the costs of capital under the premise of safeguarding the operation on an on-going basis. In accordance with the policy of the Company, the capital was invested in infrastructure, mergers and acquisitions and other projects.

- ① Net cash generated from operating activities decreased by 25.1% on a year-on-year basis, which was mainly due to reduction of net cash flow arising from the deconsolidation of the Finance Company. Excluding the effect of Finance Company, net cash generated from operating activities of the Group represented a year on-year increase of 25.0%, which was mainly attributable to the increase in cash flows due to increased income during the reporting period.
- ② Net cash generated from investing activities decreased by 86.9% on a year-on-year basis, which was mainly due to the maturity and recovery of bank wealth management products held by the Company during the same period of the previous year, and no similar business occurred in this reporting period.
- ③ Net cash used in financing activities decreased by 95.3% on a year-onyear basis, which was mainly due to 2019 final dividend payments and bond payable repayments in the same period last year. As of the end of the reporting period, the 2020 final dividend has not been paid.

(5) Research and development expenses

Expensed research and development expenditure in the period (<i>RMB million</i>)	471
Capitalized research and development expenditure in the period (<i>RMB million</i>)	302
Total research and development expenditure (RMB million)	773
Ratio of capitalized research and development expenditure (%)	39.1
Percentage of total research and development expenditure to revenue (%)	0.5
Number of research and development personnel in the Company <i>(number of person)</i>	2,328
Ratio of research and development personnel to the total number of persons in the Company (%)	3.1

In the first half of 2021, the investment in research and development of the Group represented a year-on-year increase of 152.6% (the first half of 2020: RMB306 million), which was mainly used for the smart mine project of Shendong mining area, research and application project of key technology of unmanned transportation operation system in Zhunge'er Mines open pit mine, research and application project of intelligent operation and maintenance technology of Shuohuang heavy-haul railway infrastructure, expanding test and engineering application research project of mobile blocking of Shuohuang heavy-haul railway, etc.

2. Explanation on material changes in the business model, composition of profit or source of profit of the Company

The main operation mode of the Group is the integrated industrial chain of coal production, coal transportation (railway, port, shipping), coal conversion (power generation and coal chemical), and there are business contacts among the segments. In the first half of 2021, the Group's coal, power generation, transportation and coal chemical segments accounted for 58%, 9%, 31% and 2% of operating profits (before elimination). Affected by the increase in coal prices and other factors, the proportion of operating profits in the coal segment increased, while the proportion of operating profits in the power generation segment decreased.

During the reporting period, the Company made no significant change in the business model, composition of profit or source of profit.

(II) Explanation on the material changes in profit incurred from non-principal business

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

(III) Analysis on Assets and Liabilities

	As at 30	June 2021	As at 31 De	ecember 2020		
ltem	Amount <i>RMB million</i>	Percentage of total assets %	Amount <i>RMB million</i>	Percentage of total assets %	Change of the amount %	Main reasons for changes
Intangible assets	4,378	0.7	3,888	0.7	12.6	Increase in Baorixile, Xinjie mining rights
Inventories Accounts and bills receivables	14,975 12,624	2.5 2.1	12,750 11,759	2.3 2.1	17.5 7.4	Increase in coal inventory Relatively low base of account receivables at the end of the previous year as a result of the intensified efforts of the Group on collection of accounts receivables, and the increase in receivables for coal sales and receivables fo electricity sales during
Restricted bank deposits	2,820	0.5	3,391	0.6	(16.8)	the reporting period Usage of the mine environment treatment and restoration
Time deposits with original maturity over three months	1,357	0.2	11,186	2.0	(87.9)	funds under regulation: Maturity of time deposits with original maturity over three months in the end of last year
Cash and cash equivalents	157,082	26.0	112,880	20.1	39.2	Increase of net cash generated from operating activities

1. Analysis on Changes in the Major Items in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

	As at 30	June 2021	As at 31 De	ecember 2020			
ltem	Amount <i>RMB million</i>	Percentage of total assets %	Amount <i>RMB million</i>	Percentage of total assets %	Change of the amount %	Main reasons for changes	
Assets classified as held for sale	0	0.0	2,783	0.5	(100.0)	The completion of equity delivery of Fuping	
Short-term borrowings	6,719	1.1	8,847	1.6	(24.1)	Thermal Power Repayments of certain short-term borrowings upon maturity	
Accrued expenses and other payables	62,094	10.3	18,949	3.4	227.7	Unpaid final dividend of 2020 as of the end of the reporting period	
Current portion of long- term liabilities	379	0.1	689	0.1	(45.0)	Repayments of certain long-term liabilities during the reporting period	
Income tax payable	3,118	0.5	6,313	1.1	(50.6)	Final settlement of corporate income tax of the previous year during the reporting period	
Contract liabilities	6,928	1.1	5,256	0.9	31.8	Increase in advance coal payments due to the increase in coal sales	
Liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale	0	0.0	217	0.0	(100.0)	and average sale price The completion of equity transfer of Fuping Thermal Power	
Long-term liabilities	6,244	1.0	2,661	0.5	134.6	The recognition of long- term payables for mining rights after reassessment of the	

mining rights of certain

mines

2. Explanation on offshore assets

As of 30 June 2021, the total offshore assets of the Group (including Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan, China) amounted to RMB26,670 million, representing 4.4% to total assets, which are mainly composed of the power generation assets in Indonesia and the assets from U.S. dollar-denominated bonds issued in Hong Kong, the PRC.

3. Restrictions on main assets as of the end of the reporting period

No main assets of the Group have been seized or mortgaged.

As of 30 June 2021, the balance of the restricted assets of the Group was RMB3,669 million, which mainly consisted of fixed assets and various deposits secured and guaranteed for acquiring bank borrowings.

(IV) Operation results by business segment

1. Coal segment

(1) Production and operations

In the first half of 2021, faced with the strong coal market demand, the Group overcame adverse effects of complex geological structure of working surface, methodically organized coal production, intensified efforts in resources acquisition and development, adjusts coal product structure on a timely basis, and realized stable and high coal production. As a result, the commercial coal output achieved 152.4 million tonnes (the first half of 2020: 145.6 million tonnes), representing a year-on-year increase of 4.7%. The total footage of advancing tunnels at underground mines was 230 thousand meters (the first half of 2020: 202 thousand meters), representing a year-on-year increase of 13.9%, among which Shendong Mines recorded footage of advancing tunnels of 223 thousand meters.

In the first half of 2021, the Group's coal exploration expenses (which were incurred before the conclusion of feasibility study and represented the expenses related to exploration and evaluation of coal resources) amounted to approximately RMB4,000 million (the first half of 2020: RMB14 million), mainly because Xinjie Taigemiao South area obtained coal resources detailed investigation and exploration rights. The Company's relevant capital expenditure of mining development and exploration amounted to approximately RMB5,440 million (the first half of 2020: RMB741 million), which was mainly attributable to the reassessment of mining right for Baorixile Mines, and the engineering construction expenditure of the second panel project in Guojiawan coal mine.

The construction of smart mines continued to advance. The smart project construction of Daliuta Mine and Heidaigou Mine, as the national smart demonstration coal mine, has been carried out on schedule. Baorixile Energy's five 220-tonne trucks realized operation in unpiloted groups. As of the end of this reporting period, the Group has built 25 smart coal mining working surfaces, 4 smart tunneling working surfaces and 6 smart coal collection plants.

The approval of land acquisition for coal mining advanced in an orderly manner. The 667 hectares of continuous production land of Beidian Shengli No. 1 open-pit mine and 611 hectares of land of Heidaigou and Ha'erwusu openpit mines have been partially approved and other approval procedure is under progress. The approval procedure for Baorixile open-pit mine's 600 hectares of continuation land for excavation site is under progress.

Steady progress has been made in the acquisition of mining rights. Shenhua Xinjie Energy Co., Ltd, the holding subsidiary of the Company, has obtained the detailed exploration license of coal resources in Taigemiao south area of Dongsheng Coal Field in Inner Mongolia issued by the Ministry of Natural Resources. The acquisition of the surrounding resource certificates of Shangwan, Bulianta Mine and Wanli No. 1 Mine of Shendong Mines is proceeding in an orderly manner.

(2) Sales of coal

The coal sold by the Group is mainly produced in its self-owned mines. In order to fulfill the needs of customers and adequately make use of railways transportation, the Group also purchased the coal from third parties in the surrounding areas of the self-owned mines and railways and produced different kinds and levels of coal products and sold them to external customers. The Group implemented specialized division management. Production enterprises are responsible for production of coal, railway companies of the Company are mainly responsible for coal transportation and Trading Group of the Company is mainly responsible for sales of coal. Customers are involved in different industries, such as power, metallurgy, chemical and construction materials.

In the first half of 2021, the Group further optimized the coal marketing layout, utilized the sales network along the sea, river and railways to expand the market, improved the coal supplier management and pricing mechanism, and stabilized the source of coal purchased. Thus, the sales volume of coal of the Group amounted to 240.8 million tonnes (the first half of 2020: 205.3 million tonnes), representing a year-on-year increase of 17.3%, among which the domestic sales volume of three-year long-term contracts with external customers amounted to 84.2 million tonnes, accounting for 35.0% of the total sales volume of coal. The Group adopted unified pricing policies in the sales volume of coal under the annual long-term contracts, which led to an average sales price of coal amounting to RMB499 per tonne (exclusive of tax, same below) (the first half of 2020: RMB398 per tonne), representing a year-on-year increase of 25.4%.

In the first half of 2021, the sales volume of the Group to the top five domestic customers of coal was 90.5 million tonnes, which accounted for 38.0% of the domestic sales volume. In particular, the sales volume to China Energy Group, the largest customer, was 78.5 million tonnes, which accounted for 33.0% of the domestic sales volume. The top five domestic customers of coal were primarily power, coal chemical and coal trading companies.

		Th	e first half of	2021	The first half of 2020		.020	Changes		
	-	Sales volume Million tones	Proportion of total sales %	Price (exclusive of tax) <i>RMB/tonne</i>	Sales volume <i>Million tones</i>	Proportion of total sales %	Price (exclusive of tax) <i>RMB/tonne</i>	Sales volume %	Price (exclusive of tax) %	
I.	Sales by Trading Group 1. Annual long-term contracts	229.6 99.2	95.3 41.2	512 412	197.7 88.3	96.3 43.0	407 382	16.1 12.3	25.8 7.9	
	2. Monthly long-term contracts	103.1	42.8	614	73.7	35.9	441	39.9	39.2	
	3. Spot commodity	27.3	11.3	489	35.7	17.4	397	(23.5)	23.2	
.	Direct sales by mine pits	11.2	4.7	231	7.6	3.7	179	47.4	29.1	
	tal sales volume/average price (exclusive of tax)	240.8	100.0	499	205.3	100.0	398	17.3	25.4	

① By contract pricing mechanisms

② By internal and external customers

		Th	The first half of 2021			The first half of 2020			Changes	
		Sales volume Million tones	Proportion of total sales %	Price (exclusive of tax) <i>RMB/tonne</i>	Sales volume <i>Million tones</i>	Proportion of total sales %	Price (exclusive of tax) <i>RMB/tonne</i>	Sales volume %	Price (exclusive of tax) %	
1.	Sales to external customers	212.1	88.0	506	181.9	88.6	403	16.6	25.6	
2.	Sales to internal power segment	26.4	11.0	458	21.1	10.3	364	25.1	25.8	
3.	Sales to internal coal chemical segment	2.3	1.0	322	2.3	1.1	354	0.0	(9.0)	
	tal sales volume/averag price (exclusive of tax)	e 240.8	100.0	499	205.3	100.0	398	17.3	25.4	

			Th	e first half of a	2021	Th	The first half of 2020			Changes	
			Sales volume Million tones	Proportion of total sales %	Price (exclusive of tax) <i>RMB/tonne</i>	Sales volume <i>Million tones</i>	Proportion of total sales %	Price (exclusive of tax) <i>RMB/tonne</i>	Sales volume <i>%</i>	Price (exclusive of tax) %	
Ι.	Domestic (I) Se	c sales elf-produced coal and	238.0 228.1	98.9 94.8	500 500	204.0 195.6	99.4 95.3	397 399	16.7 16.6	25.9 25.3	
	1.	purchased coal Direct	93.3	38.8	376	76.1	37.1	317	22.6	18.6	
	2. (II) Sa	arrival Seaborne ales of	134.8 4.9	56.0 2.0	586 568	119.5 4.9	58.2 2.4	451 314	12.8 0.0	29.9 80.9	
	(III) Sa	domestic trading coal ales of imported	d 5.0	2.1	401	3.5	1.7	441	42.9	(9.1)	
. .	Export sa Overseas	coal ales s coal sales	0.3 2.5	0.1 1.0	668 429	0.4 0.9	0.2 0.4	577 493	(25.0) 177.8	15.8 (13.0	
		olume/average usive of tax)	e 240.8	100.0	499	205.3	100.0	398	17.3	25.4	

③ By sales regions

(3) Coal resources

As at 30 June 2021, under the PRC Standard, the Group had coal resources amounting to 33.36 billion tonnes, representing an increase of 3.68 billion tonnes as compared with that of the end of 2020, mainly because Xinjie Taigemiao South area obtained detailed investigation exploration rights; and recoverable coal reserve amounting to 14.26 billion tonnes, representing a decrease of 160 million tonnes as compared with that of the end of 2020. The Group's marketable coal reserve amounted to 7.57 billion tonnes under the JORC Standard, representing a decrease of 160 million tonnes as compared with that of the end of 2020.

Unit: 100 million tonnes

Mines	Coal resources (under the PRC Standard)	Recoverable coal reserve (under the PRC Standard)	Marketable coal reserve (under the JORC Standard)
Chandana Minaa	154.0	07.0	40 E
Shendong Mines Zhunge'er Mines	154.9 37.5	87.8 29.9	43.5 19.2
Shengli Mines	19.7	13.4	1.6
Baorixile Mines	13.4	11.2	11.4
Baotou Mines	0.5	0.3	0.0
Xinjie Mines	107.6	/	/
Total	333.6	142.6	75.7

Characteristics of the commercial coal produced in the Company's major mines are as follows:

Mines	Major types of coal	Calorific value of major commercial coal products kcal/kg	Sulphur content average, %	Ash content average, %
Shendong Mines	Long flame coal/ noncaking coal	4,500–6,100	0.3–0.8	5–48
Zhunge'er Mines	Long flame coal	4,000-5,300	0.4-0.5	32–18
Shengli Mines	Lognite	2,500-3,200	0.7–1.6	17–36
Baorixile Mines	Lognite	3,500–3,600	0.2-0.3	14–17
Baotou Mines	Long flame coal/ noncaking coal	3,800–4,900	0.3–1.0	8–25

Note: The above calorific value, sulphur content and ash content of major commercial coal products produced by each mine may be inconsistent with the characteristics of the commercial coal products produced by individual mine and those of the commercial coal products sold by the Company due to geological conditions and production process.

(4) Operation results

① The operation results of the coal segment of the Group before elimination on consolidation

		The first half of 2021	The first half of 2020	Change %	Main reasons for changes
Revenue	RMB million	123,396	84,201	46.5	Increase in sales volume and average price of coal
Cost of operations	RMB million	(99,187)	(66,104)	50.0	Increase in the sales volume of self-produced coal; Increase in the sales volume of purchased coal and unit purchase cost
Gross profit margin	%	19.6	21.5	Decreased by 1.9 percentage points	The proportion of purchased coal sales with relatively low gross profit margins in total coal sales increased from 30.9% in the first half of 2020 to 36.8%. Affected by this, the coal segment's gross profit margin decreased year on year
Profit from operations	RMB million	21,506	15,569	38.1	decreased year on year
Profit margin from operations	%	17.4	18.5	Decreased by 1.1 percentage points	

② The gross profit of the coal of the Group before elimination on consolidation

		The first half of 2020						
	Revenue RMB million	Costs RMB million	profit	Gross profit margin %	Revenue <i>RMB million</i>	Costs <i>RMB million</i>	Gross profit <i>RMB million</i>	Gross profit margin %
Domestic	118,909	(90,697)	28,212	23.7	81,064	(59,977)	21,087	26.0
Export and overseas	1,263	(1,152)	111	8.8	686	(570)	116	16.9
Total	120,172	(91,849)	28,323	23.6	81,750	(60,547)	21,203	25.9

③ Unit production cost of self-produced coal

Unit: RMB/tonne

	The first half of 2021	The first half of 2020	Change %	Main reasons for changes
Unit production cost of self- produced coal	132.4	126.9	4.3	
Raw materials, fuel and	25.5	25.7	(0.8)	
Personnel expenses	26.0	23.0	13.0	Provision of employee salary; increase in social security contributions
Repairs and maintenance	10.0	9.1	9.9	The postpone of certain maintenance projects in the same period last year
Depreciation and amortization	19.2	18.2	5.5	
Other costs	51.7	50.9	1.6	

Other costs consist of the following three components: (1) expenses directly related to production, including expenses for coal washing, selecting and processing expenses, and mining engineering expenses, etc., accounting for 60%; (2) auxiliary production expenses, accounting for 23%; (3) land requisition and surface subsidence compensation, environmental protection expenses, tax, etc., accounting for 17%.

④ Cost of coal purchased from third parties

The coal purchased from third parties by the Company includes coal purchased from the surrounding areas of the self-owned mines and railways, domestic trading coal, imported and re-exported coal. In the first half of the year, cost of coal purchased from third parties was RMB41,522 million (the first half of 2020: RMB19,111 million), representing a year-on-year increase of 117.3%, of which the sales volume of coal purchased from third parties was 88.6 million tonnes (the first half of 2020: 63.4 million tonnes), representing a year-on-year increase of 39.7%; the unit purchase cost was RMB468.6 per tonne (the first half of 2020: RMB301.4 per tonne), with a year-on-year increase of 55.5%.

2. Power segment

(1) Production and operations

In the first half of 2021, China has achieved continuous expansion and consolidation in the overall planning of epidemic prevention and control and economic and social development, economic operations have recovered steadily, and the volume of power use in the whole society has grown rapidly. The Group seized the opportunity, strengthened the operation management of units, and spared no effort to grab power generation. Power generation in the first half of this year amounted to 77.04 billion kWh (the first half of 2020: 62.82 billion kWh), representing a year-on-year increase of 22.6%; and total power output dispatch of 72.04 billion kWh (the first half of 2020: 58.76 billion kWh), representing a year-on-year increase of 22.6%.

(2) Power output dispatch and power tariffs

		Gross power generation billion kWh			Total power output dispatch billion kWh			Power tariff RMB/MWh		
Pow	ver type/ Location	The first half of 2021	The first half of 2020	Change %	The first half of 2021	The first half of 2020	Change %	The first half of 2021	The first half of 2020	Change %
(I)	Coal-fired power	75.18	60.63	24.0	70.21	56.62	24.0	328	330	(0.6)
.,	Shaanxi	15.35	13.31	15.3	14.08	12.18	15.6	268	273	(1.8)
	Hebei	11.18	10.33	8.2	10.49	9.71	8.0	311	320	(2.8)
	Guangdong	13.31	9.19	44.8	12.47	8.55	45.8	385	377	2.1
	Fujian	8.15	6.21	31.2	7.61	5.95	27.9	351	350	0.3
	Jiangxi	6.28	4.29	46.4	6.00	4.10	46.3	350	364	(3.8)
	Shandong	4.45	4.02	10.7	4.25	3.82	11.3	341	349	(2.3)
	Inner Mongolia	3.91	3.78	3.4	3.57	3.45	3.5	243	232	4.7
	Chongqing	4.78	2.77	72.6	4.57	2.64	73.1	357	369	(3.3)
	Sichuan	2.75	2.57	7.0	2.50	2.37	5.5	378	379	(0.3)
	Henan	2.25	1.92	17.2	2.10	1.79	17.3	279	323	(13.6)
	Guangxi	1.92	1.49	28.9	1.82	1.41	29.1	344	344	0.0
	Indonesia (overseas)	0.85	0.75	13.3	0.75	0.65	15.4	453	551	(17.8)
(II)	Gas-fired power	1.55	1.93	(19.7)	1.52	1.88	(19.1)	570	561	1.6
	Beijing	1.55	1.93	(19.7)	1.52	1.88	(19.1)	570	561	1.6
(III)	Hydropower	0.31	0.26	19.2	0.31	0.26	19.2	250	254	(1.6)
	Sichuan	0.31	0.26	19.2	0.31	0.26	19.2	250	254	(1.6)
Tota	al	77.04	62.82	22.6	72.04	58.76	22.6	333	337	(1.2)

Note: Year-on-year increase in the power output dispatch and the proportion of clean heating with lower power tariffs in Henan Mengjin Electricity led to the year-on-year decrease in average power tariff.

(3) Installed capacity

At the end of the reporting period, the total installed capacity of power generating units of the Group reached 31,579 MW, among which, the total installed capacity of the coal-fired power generators is 30,504 MW, which is 96.6% of the total installed capacity of the Group.

Unit: MW

Power type	Gross installed capacity as at 31 December 2020	Installed capacity increased/ (decreased) during the reporting period	Gross installed capacity as at 30 June 2021
Coal-fired power Gas-fired power Hydropower	31,204 950 125	(700) 0 0	30,504 950 125
Total	32,279	(700)	31,579

During the reporting period, the equity delivery of Fuping Thermal Power was completed and the installed capacity of coal-fired power generators was reduced by 700 MW.

(4) Utilisation rate of power generation equipment

In the first half of 2021, average utilisation hours of coal-fired generators of the Group reached 2,464 hours, representing an increase of 433 hours as compared to 2,031 hours of the same period of last year, which was 207 hours higher than the national average utilisation hours of 2,257 hours¹ for coal-fired generating equipment.

	Aver	age utilisation he <i>Hour</i>	ours	Power consumption ratio of power plant $\%$				
Power type	The first half Of 2021	The first half Of 2020	Change %	The first half Of 2021	The first half Of 2020	Change		
Coal-fired power	2,464	2,031	21.3	5.47	5.85	Decreased by 0.38 percentage point		
Gas-fired power	1,632	2,028	(19.5)	1.26	1.61	Decreased by 0.35 percentage point		
Hydropower	2,502	2,095	19.4	0.32	0.35	Decreased by 0.03 percentage point		
Weighted average	2,440	2,031	20.1	5.63	5.70	Decreased by 0.07 percentage point		

1

(5) Market Transaction of Power

In the first half of 2021, the volume of power in market-based transactions of the Group was 44.83 billion kWh, representing 62.2% of the total power output dispatch.

(6) Operation results of the power sales business

During the reporting period, the Group owned three companies offering power sales business, which are located in Shandong, Jiangsu and Guangdong, respectively, which are principally engaged in procurement and sales of power, incremental distribution grid business, distributed energy, power equipment management and comprehensive energy utilisation and other value-added services. In the first half of 2021, the agent power output dispatch from non-self-owned power plants of the Group was approximately 12.06 billion kWh.

(7) Capital Expenditure

In the first half of 2021, the total capital expenditure of the power generation segment was RMB4,535 million, mainly for the following items:

No.	Name of Project	The contribution amount for the reporting period <i>RMB million</i>	Percentage of accumulated investment in project to the total budget as of the end of the reporting period %
1	Phase I of Hunan Yongzhou Project	1,442	54
2	(2 × 1,000MW) Sichuan Jiangyou Coal Reserves Power Generation Integration Project (2 × 1,000MW)	923	81
3	Fujian Luoyuan Bay Port Reserves Power Generation Integration Project Power Plant Construction (2 × 1,000MW)	471	43
4	Guangxi Beihai Power Plant Project (2 × 1,000MW)	414	20
5	Phase I of Inner Mongolia Shengli Power Plant Construction (2 × 660MW)	227	35

(8) Operation results

The operation results of the power segment of the Group before elimination on consolidation

		The first half of 2021	The first half of 2020	Change %	Main reasons for changes
Revenue	RMB million	27,180	22,604	20.2	Increase in the power output dispatch
Cost of operations	RMB million	(23,377)	(16,970)	37.8	Increase in the power output dispatch; increase in purchase price of fire coal
Gross profit margin	%	14.0	24.9	Decreased by 10.9 percentage points	
Profit from operations	RMB million	3,421	4,831	(29.2)	
Profit margin from operations	%	12.6	21.4	Decreased by 8.8 percentage points	

Q Revenue and cost from the power output dispatch of the Group before elimination on consolidation

Unit: RMB million

	Revenue from power output dispatch			Cost of power output dispatch				
					Percentage to total costs of power output		Percentage to total costs of power output	Change in the first half of
Power type	The first half of 2021	The first half of 2020	Change %	The first half of 2021	dispatch of the first half of 2021 %	The first half of 2020	dispatch of the first half of 2020 %	2021 over the first half of 2020 %
Coal-fired power Gas-fired power Hydropower	24,132 865 76	19,596 1,055 65	23.1 (18.0) 16.9	20,933 899 50	95.7 4.1 0.2	14,776 1,006 33	93.4 6.4 0.2	41.7 (10.6) 51.5
Total	25,073	20,716	21.0	21,882	100.0	15,815	100.0	38.4

The Group's cost of power output dispatch mainly comprised such costs as raw materials, fuel and power, personnel expenses, repairing and maintenance, depreciation and amortisation and other costs. The unit cost of power output dispatch of the Group in the first half of 2021 was RMB303.8/MWh (the first half of 2020: RMB269.1/MWh), representing a year-on-year increase of 12.9%.

③ Cost of sale of power of coal-fired power plant of the Group before elimination on consolidation

	The first half of 2021		The first half of 2020		Change in costs
	Costs RMB million	Percentage %	Costs <i>RMB million</i>	Percentage %	%
Raw material, fuel and power Personnel expenses Repairs and maintenance Depreciation and amortisation Others	15,636 1,317 700 2,414 866	74.7 6.3 3.3 11.5 4.2	10,324 803 760 2,393 496	69.9 5.4 5.1 16.2 3.4	51.5 64.0 (7.9) 0.9 74.6
Total cost of power output dispatch of coal-fired power plant	20,933	100.0	14,776	100.0	41.7

The power segment consumed a total of 27.6 million tonnes of coal from internal sales of the Group (including China Shenhua's self-produced coal and coal purchased), accounting for 84.1% of the 32.8 million tonnes of the thermal coal consumption of the power segment of the Group in the first half of 2021.

3. Railway segment

(1) Production and operations

In the first half of 2021, the railway segment of the Group made full use of the coordinated production and operations scheduling system, optimized the "skylight" arrangement, adjusted the freight rate mechanism, and significantly improved operational efficiency and benefits. It continued to promote the development of large-scale logistics business, actively developed the non-coal transportation business in Shandong area along the Huangda Railway, and build 5 non-coal loading and unloading sites such as Yanjiata along the Shenshuo Railway, and achieved the transportation volume of non-coal commodities of 9.8 million tonnes and reverse transportation of 6.4 million tonnes by railway segment in the first half of the year. It continued to promote the development of railway transportation technology and intelligence, and the Group's first heavy-haul railway mobile blocking technology was applied to the Shuohuang Railway, and intelligent improvement projects such as intelligent driving technology for freight locomotives steadily advanced.

In the first half of the year, transportation turnover of self-owned railways reached 150.0 billion tonne km (the first half of 2020: 133.3 billion tonne km), representing a year-on-year increase of 12.5%. Among them, the turnover of providing railway transportation services to external customers amounted to 13.4 billion tonne km (the first half of 2020: 12.1 billion tonne km), representing a year-on-year increase of 10.7%. The Huangda Railway officially opened a direct railway channel to Longkou Port in Yantai, realizing the transportation pattern of "one railway to three ports". Coal from Shaanxi and Inner Mongolia can directly reach the coastal areas of Shandong Province, with a transportation volume of of coal 4.1 million tonnes in the first half of the year.

(2) Operation results

The operation results of the railway segment of the Group before elimination on consolidation are as follows:

		The first half of 2021	The first half of 2020	Change %	Main reasons for changes
Revenue	RMB million	19,984	18,188	9.9	Increase in transportation turnover of railways
Cost of sales	RMB million	(9,866)	(8,843)	11.6	Increase in transportation turnover of railways; a year- on-year increase in repair costs during the reporting period due to the postpone of certain maintenance projects in the same period last year
Gross profit margin	%	50.6	51.4	Decreased by 0.8 percentage point	
Profit from operations Profit margin from operations	RMB million %	9,399 47.0	8,857 48.7	6.1 Decreased by 1.7 percentage point	

In the first half of 2021, the unit transportation cost in the railway segment was RMB0.061/tonne km (the first half of 2020: RMB0.061/tonne km), which was the same as the previous year.

4. Port segment

(1) Production and operations

In the first half of 2021, the port segment of the Group strengthened its operation organization, and the cargo-handling efficiency of the port continued to improve. Huanghua Port achieved 109.4 million tonnes of coal shipments (the first half of 2020: 93.7 million tonnes), representing a year-on-year increase of 16.8%; Tianjin Coal Dock achieved 22.8 million tons of coal shipments (the first half of 2020: 21.5 million tonnes), representing a year-on-year increase of 6.0%.

The port large-scale logistics business developed steadily. In the first half of the year, the port segment completed 4.8 million tonnes of non-coal cargo such as oil products and general cargo. The construction of large-scale logistics supporting projects accelerated, the construction of Huanghua Port 3# and 4# general bulk cargo terminal project fully started, and the handling capacity of ore, oil and bulk cargo in Huanghua Port will further improve upon completion.

The enhancement project of port operation capacity progressed as scheduled. The dredging project of the 70 thousand-tonne round-way channel construction of Huanghua Port is expected to be completed by the end of the year.

The construction of intelligent ports was advanced continuously. Huanghua Port realized the intelligent management and control of the whole process equipment of the coal port, and the intelligent management and control system for the production of Tianjin Harbour Administration was put into operation.

(2) Operation results

The operation results of the port segment of the Group before elimination on consolidation are as follows:

		The first half of 2021	The first half of 2020	Change %	Main reasons for changes
Revenue	RMB million	3,297	2,934	12.4	Year-on-year increase in port
Cost of sales	RMB million	(1,693)	(1,512)	12.0	shipments Year-on-year increase in port shipments
Gross profit margin	%	48.7	48.5	Increased by 0.2 percentage point	en priorite
Profit from operations Profit margin from operations	8 RMB million %	1,451 44.0	1,293 44.1	12.2 Decreased by 0.1 percentage point	

5. Shipping segment

(1) Production and operations

In the first half of 2021, the Group focused on integrated operations, flexibly adjusted its capacity plan, expanded its chartered capacity, so as to fully guarantee the coal transportation demand of internal power plants. In the first half of 2021, shipping volume amounted to 59.3 million tonnes (the first half of 2020: 51.3 million tonnes), representing a year-on-year increase of 15.6%; shipment turnover amounted to 53.0 billion tonne nautical miles (the first half of 2020: 42.9 billion tonne nautical miles), representing a year-on-year increase of 23.5%.

The Group further strengthened the prevention and control of air pollutants from ships, and used high-voltage shore power and other technologies to promote energy conservation and emission reduction of ships.

(2) Operation results

The operation results of the shipping segment of the Group before elimination on consolidation are as follows:

		The first half of 2021	The first half of 2020	Change %	Main reasons for changes
Revenue	RMB million	2,787	1,306	113.4	Increase in shipping turnover and average shipping price
Cost of sales	RMB million	(2,132)	(1,201)	77.5	Increase in shipping turnover; increase in ship charter fees
Gross profit margin	%	23.5	8.0	Increased by 15.5 percentage points	·
Profit from operations Profit margin from operations	RMB million %	570 20.5	28 2.1	1,935.7 Increased by 18.4 percentage points	

In the first half of 2021, the unit transportation cost of the shipping segment was RMB0.040/tonne nautical mile (the first half of 2020: RMB0.028/tonne nautical mile), representing a year-on-year increase of 42.9%, which was mainly due to the increase in ship charter fees.

6. Coal chemical segment

(1) Production and operations

The coal chemical segment of the Group comprises the coal-to-olefins project (Phase I) of Baotou Coal Chemical. Its main products consist of polyethylene (with production capacity of approximately 300,000 tonnes/year) and polypropylene (with production capacity of approximately 300,000 tonnes/year) and minor by-products including industrial sulfur, mixed C5, industrial propane, mixed C4, industrial methanol, etc.

In the first half of this year, the production equipment of Baotou Coal Chemical maintained stable and high-load operation with the utilization rate of 100%. The output of olefins and methanol reached the highest value in the same period since commercial operation. According to market changes, the product structure and brand were adjusted in a timely manner, the sales volume of high value-added products was increased, and the operating efficiency increased significantly.

The approval procedure of the Baotou coal-to-olefin upgrade demonstration project has progressed in an orderly manner.

The sales of polyethylene and polypropylene products of the Group in the first half of 2021 is as follows:

	The first half of 2021		The first hal	f of 2020	Change	
	Sales volume thousand tonnes	Price <i>RMB/tonne</i>	Sales volume thousand tonnes	Price <i>RMB/tonne</i>	Sales volume %	Price %
Polyethylene	190.2	6,522	182.0	5.100	4.5	27.9
Polypropylene	180.9	6,905	164.2	5,662	10.2	22.0

In the first half of the year, Baotou Coal Chemical adhered to clean development to ensure the stable operation of environmental protection facilities and standard pollutant discharge.

(2) Operation results

The operation results of the coal chemical segment of the Group before elimination on consolidation are as follows:

		The first half of 2021	The first half of 2020	Change %	Main reasons for changes
Revenue	RMB million	3,260	2,409	35.3	Year-on-year increases in sales volume and average sales price of polyolefin products of the Group due to the short-term situation of shortage in supply and rising price of polyolefin products in China under the impact of factors such as international oil
Cost of sales Gross profit margin	RMB million %	(2,423) 25.7	(2,407) 0.1	0.7 Increased by 25.6 percentage points	prices
Profit from operations Profit margin from operations	RMB million %	741 22.7	(75) (3.1)	(1,088.0) Increased by 25.8 percentage points	

	In the first half of 2021		In the first half of 2020		Change	
	Unit production		Unit production		Unit production	
	Output	cost	Output	cost	Output	cost
	Thousand tonnes	RMB/tonne	<i>Thousand tonnes</i>	<i>RMB/tonne</i>	%	%
Polyethylene	187.1	5,141	179.0	5,352	4.5	(3.9)
Polypropylene	176.0	5,058	168.0	5,265	4.8	(3.9)

(3) Unit production cost of main products

The coal consumed by the coal chemical segment was all from the coal from the internal sales of the Group. In the first half of 2021, a total of 2.3 million tonnes was consumed, which was the same as that in the same period of the previous year.

(V) Regional operation analysis

Unit: RMB million

	The first half of 2021	The first half of 2020	Change %
Revenue from external transactions in domestic markets Revenue from external transactions in overseas markets	141,747 2,232	102,612 2,404	38.1 (7.2)
Total	143,979	105,016	37.1

Note: Revenue from external transactions was classified based on the location of the customers receiving the services or purchasing the products.

The Group is mainly engaged in the production and sales of coal and power, railway, port and shipping transportation as well as coal-to-olefins businesses in the PRC. In the first half of 2021, the revenue from external transactions in domestic markets was RMB141,747 million, accounting for 98.4% of the Group's revenue. Revenue from external transactions in overseas markets was RMB2,232 million, representing a year-on-year decrease of 7.2%, which was mainly due to the decrease of coal exports of the Group.

In the first half of 2021, the Group steadily implemented international operations. Java in Indonesia resolved various difficulties and scientifically prevented epidemic to ensure the stable operation of the power plant; EMM Indonesia properly handled the impact of the epidemic, actively organized emergency drills and coordinated the entry of materials into plant to achieve the safe and stable operation of the power plant; the preliminary design file of Russia Zashulanskoye open-pit coal mine project has been submitted to the Russian Central Mining Commission for approval; the shale gas project in Pennsylvania, U.S. overcame the impact of the epidemic and maintained normal production, producing 190 million cubic meters of gas in the first half of the year, with sales revenue of USD7.51 million.

Unit[.] RMR100 million

Section IV Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

(VI) Analysis on investments

1. Overall analysis of external equity investments

The equity investments of the Company in the first half of 2021 amounted to RMB5,890 million (the first half of 2020: RMB1,875 million). The significant yearon-year increase is mainly due to the capital increase in part of the coal, power generation and transportation subsidiaries and the new long-term investment in the Guoneng New Energy Industrial Investment Fund ("**Guoneng Fund**") by the Company.

2. Material investment in equity interest

Applicable 🗸 N/A

3. Material investment in non-equity interest

Applicable 🗸 N/A

4. Completion of Capital Expenditures Plans for 2021

	0	
	Plan for 2021	Completion in the first half of 2021
		01 202 1
Coal segment	74.48	66.73
Power generation segment	147.99	45.35
Transportation segments	92.06	12.48
Including: railways	79.29	9.33
ports	12.45	3.15
shipping	0.32	0.00
Coal chemical segment	30.81	2.58
Others	10.48	0.01
Total	355.82	127.15

In the first half of 2021, total amount of capital expenditure of the Group was RMB12.715 billion, primarily used for the expenses in the prepayment of the mining rights costs, the purchase for the exploitation equipment for coal mines and the construction of the coal distribution system; the power generation projects under construction, as well as Phase I of Hunan Yongzhou Project, Sichuan Jiangyou Coal Reserves Power Integration Project.

The capital expenditure plans of the Group in 2021 are subject to the development of business plans (including potential acquisitions), progress of capital projects, market conditions, outlook for future operation environment and the obtaining of the requisite permissions and approval documents. Unless required by laws, the Company shall not assume any responsibilities for updating the data of its capital expenditure plans. The Company intends to finance its capital expenditures by cash generated from operating activities, short-term and long-term borrowings, and other debt and equity financing.

5. Financial assets at fair value

As at the end of the reporting period, the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue of the Group were the non-tradable equity investments amounting to RMB1,915 million held by the Group that have no significant impact on the investee.

Unit: RMB million

Name of items	Opening balance at the beginning of the period	Closing balance at the end of the period	Change for the current period	Change of profit for the current period
Other investments in equity instruments	1,845	1,915	70	0
Total	1,845	1,915	70	0

6. Derivatives investment

Applicable 🖌 N/A

(VII) Disposal of material assets and equity interest

The Group had no material acquisition or disposal in relation to subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures during the reporting period.

(VIII) Analysis on major holding and associated companies

1. Major subsidiaries

Unit: RMB million

		Registered capital	Total assets	Net assets	Net profit attributable to the equity holders of the parent company			
No.	Company	As a	nt 30 June 20	21	The first half of 2021	The first half of 2020	Change %	Reasons for changes
1	Shendong Coal	4,989	34,009	31,112	8,085	5,613	44.0	Increase in coal sales and average sales price
2	Shuohuang Railway	15,231	47,889	38,812	4,233	3,984	6.3	Suics price
3	Trading Group	1,889	30,780	9,137	1,213	976	24.3	Increase in coal sales
4	Jinjie Energy	2,278	12,943	11,138	1,978	1,422	39.1	Increase in coal sales and average sales price; Increase in power output dispatch
5	Zhunge'er Energy	7,102	43,740	35,561	956	960	(0.4)	
6	Huanghua Harbour Administration	6,790	14,703	11,956	847	704	20.3	Increase in port shipments
7	Beidian Shengli	2,858	7,510	5,405	645	422	52.8	Increase in coal sales and average sales price
8	Baorixile Energy	1,169	10,922	5,315	651	498	30.7	Increase in coal sales and average sales price
9	Baotou Energy	2,633	7,893	6,496	527	403	30.8	Increase in coal sales and average sales price
10	Yulin Energy	2,420	6,086	4,476	459	257	78.6	Increase in coal sales and average sales price

Notes: 1. The financial information of the major subsidiaries disclosed in the above table (unassessed and unadjusted before consolidation) was prepared in accordance with the China Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises. The data has not been audited or reviewed.

2. Shendong Coal recorded a revenue of RMB31,539 million and a profit from operations of RMB9,893 million in the first half of 2021.

 Shuohuang Railway recorded a revenue of RMB10,720 million and a profit from operations of RMB5,592 million in the first half of 2021.

2. Finance Company

As of the end of the reporting period, the Company directly and indirectly held 40% equity interest in Finance Company. The China Energy, the controlling shareholder of the Company, held 60% equity interest in Finance Company, and the financial services provided by Finance Company to the Group constituted a related/connected transaction of the Company.

(1) Major Financial Indicators of Finance Company

	Unit	The first half of 2021 <i>(unaudited)</i>	The first half of 2020 <i>(unaudited)</i>	Change %
Revenue	RMB million	1,703	1,761	(3.3)
Total profit	RMB million	1,656	913	81.5
Net profit	RMB million	1,260	678	85.9
	Unit	As at 30 June 2021 <i>(unaudited)</i>	As at 31 December 2020 <i>(audited)</i>	Change %
Total assets	RMB million	124,863	105,607	18.2
Total liabilities	RMB million	102,546	83,136	23.3
Owner's equity	RMB million	22,317	22,471	(0.7)

Note: The financial data in the above table is prepared in accordance with the PRC Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises.

(2) Major Risk Indicators of Finance Company

No.	Control indicators	As at 30 June 2021	Compliant with regulatory requirements or not
1	Capital adequacy rate not lower than 10%	21.76%	Yes
2	Non-performing asset rate not higher than 4%	0.00%	Yes
3	Non-performing loan rate not higher than 5%	0.00%	Yes
4	Capital loss coverage ratio not lower than 100%	2,500.11%	Yes
5	Loan loss coverage ratio not lower than 100%	2,495.84%	Yes
6	Liquidity ratio not lower than 25%	54.64%	Yes
7	Ratio of self-owned fixed assets not higher than 20%	0.07%	Yes
8	Ratio of investment (against total capital) not higher than 70%	46.60%	Yes
9	Inter-bank borrowing ratio not higher than 100%	0.00%	Yes
10	Guarantee ratio not higher than 100%	1.73%	Yes

(IX) Structured Entities Controlled by the Company

🗌 Applicable 🖌 N/A

V. POTENTIAL RISKS

The Company has established a closed-loop risk management system: it will perform risk identification and determine the major risks upon assessment at the beginning of each year, then monitor such risks on a daily basis by way of monitoring of major risks on a quarterly basis, specialised inspection, internal audit and other methods, and assess its major risk management at the end of the year. This facilitates and improves the decision-making process, refines the internal control system, and continues to enhance the risk management standard. The Board and the Audit Committee of the Company is of the view that such mechanism is able to assess the effectiveness of the operation of the risk management of the Company.

Investors should be aware that although the Company has assessed the major risks, and adopted relevant countermeasures, there is no absolute guarantee that all adverse impact could be eliminated due to the limitation of various factors.

The Company encountered major risks, primarily including: risk of safety production and environmental protection, risk of market competition, risk of international business, legal risk, risk of engineering project management, policy risk, risk of integrated operation and risk of macroeconomic fluctuation.

The Company will further strengthen the research on the development trend of relevant industries, and enhance the development quality constantly by optimising the industrial structure, implementing the clean energy strategy and accelerating the development of new energy industry.

- 1. In safe production and environmental protection, the Company will further improve the production safety management and control system, strengthen the works of safety training, hidden danger detection and control and emergency management, give full play to the advantages of informatisation, and effectively improve the level of safety management and control. The Company will focus on the development direction of clean energy, constantly build the brand of "ultra-low emission" of coal power and comprehensively promote ecological progress, with a core of the efficient development, utilisation and conversion of clean coal. The Company will be in compliance with laws and regulations and prioritise the protection, strictly defend the ecological red line, vigorously promote green mine construction, accelerate environmental governance in water, gas, noise and slag, and continue to strengthen environmental monitoring. The Company will carry out special rectification actions to strengthen safety production and the investigation and management of hidden environmental danger.
- 2. In marketing and sales, the Company will fully and accurately grasp market conditions and formulate the reasonable marketing policies; the Company will also optimise the structure of coal products for further enhancing the brand advantages, increasing the development of new market and the maintenance of old market as well as balancing arrangements for transportation and sales, further improve the quality and efficiency of power business development, and participate in power market transactions in accordance with laws and regulation. We will improve the collection, distribution and transportation networks, promote the construction of special lines in coal core areas, accelerate the expansion and upgrading of railway lines, and improve the transportation capacity of trunk railway lines.
- 3. In international operation, the Company will further strengthen the collection, analysis and research of information before the decision-making of investment in overseas projects to ensure the economic and technical feasibility of projects. Actively responding to the impact of COVID-19 on overseas business, the Company will strengthen overseas risk screening and take multiple measures to prevent and defuse risks, and strengthen the competence of internationalization to provide a strong guarantee for "going out".
- 4. In terms of legal risk, the Company will optimize the legal risk prevention system on a continuous basis, and use information technology to realize the informatization of case management and in-depth integration of compliance management and business. The Company will proceed the "layered listing supervision" mechanism for major cases, and improve the prevention and response capabilities for major legal cases. The Company will strengthen the compliance management of coal-fired power projects, such as project approval and licensing, and standardize the construction and operation of projects.
- 5. In project management, the Company will strengthen the awareness of project risk management, strengthen standardised site construction, strengthen project construction organisation and site management, and ensure the progress of the project.
- 6. In policy risk, the Company will comprehensively track policy trends for accelerating the policy changes and solving the problems left over from history. The Company will focus on organising breakthroughs in related problems affecting production and operation. The Company will enhance policy coordination, actively promote industrial upgrading and green transformation, and actively implement the "carbon peak and carbon neutrality" goals.

Section V Company Governance and Corporate Governance

I. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Board is responsible for implementing good corporate governance of the Company. The Company has been in compliance with the requirements of corporate governance policies as set out in Appendix 14 of the Hong Kong Listing Rules to establish its own system of corporate governance.

The convening, voting and disclosure procedures of board meetings of the Company, rules of procedures of the Board and procedures for nomination and appointment of Directors are in compliance with relevant requirements. Being a standing decision-making body of the Company, the Board is accountable to the shareholders' general meeting, and exercises function and power in accordance with the requirements of article 136 of the Articles of Association and relevant applicable regulatory requirements. Being a standing executive body of the Company, operating management comprising senior management including the Chief Executive Officer, is accountable to the Board and exercises function and power in accordance with the requirements of article 156 of the Articles of Association and relevant applicable regulatory requirements. The Articles of Association set out the respective duties of the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer are held by different personnel.

During the six months ended 30 June 2021, the Company has been in full compliance with the provisions of principle and codes set out in Corporate Governance Code and most of the recommended best practices as specified therein. For the terms of functions and powers of the Board and the Board Committees under the Corporate Governance Code, please refer to the Articles of Association, Rules of Procedures of the Board and the Board Committees, which have been published on the websites of the stock exchanges where the Company is listed and on the Company's website. During the reporting period, the Company has made one amendment to the Articles of Association. For details, please refer to the H Share Announcements of the Company dated 26 June 2021.

The Board of the Company has set out the board diversity policy for members of the Board, which was set out in the terms of reference of the nomination committee of the Board of the Company and has been disclosed. When selecting the candidates in accordance with the board diversity policy of the Company, the Board will use a series of diversified terms, including but not limited to gender, age, culture and educational background, race, skills, knowledge and professional experience as standard, and will determine in conjunction with the characteristics and role of the personnel. As at the end of the reporting period, the Board of the Company consisted of 9 Directors, including 3 Executive Directors, 2 Non-executive Director and 3 Independent Non-Executive Directors and 1 Employee Director. Directors are from various domestic and overseas industries, and the composition of the members features diversity. Each Director's knowledge base and field of expertise are professional and complementary in the overall board structure, which guarantees the scientific decision-making of the Board.

The Company has appointed independent non-executive directors and established an Audit Committee in accordance with the Hong Kong Listing Rules. As at the end of the reporting period, the Audit Committee comprised Dr. Chen Hanwen (chairman of the Audit Committee, with professional qualifications and experience in finance-related fields such as accounting), Dr. Yuen Kwok Keung and Dr. Bai Chong-En. The principal duties of the Audit Committee include: supervising and evaluating the work of external auditing firm and proposing engagement or replacement of the external audit institutions; supervising and evaluating the internal audit work and taking charge of coordination of the internal and external audits; reviewing the financial information of the Company and its disclosure; supervising and evaluating the internal control of the Company; and other duties under laws, regulations, the Articles of Association and the authorisation of the Board.

Section V Company Governance and Corporate Governance (Continued)

During the reporting period, the Audit Committee performed its duties in strict compliance with the Rules of Procedures of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors and the Work Procedures of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of China Shenhua. On 24 August 2021, the Audit Committee reviewed the Group's interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2021 and approved the submission of the same to the Board of Directors for consideration and approval.

The securities transactions of the directors of the Company have been carried out in accordance with the "Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers" (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 of the Hong Kong Listing Rules. The Model Code is also applicable to the supervisors and senior management of the Company. The directors, supervisors or senior management have confirmed that they have fully complied with the Model Code in the first half of 2021 or during their respective terms of office.

Meetings	Date	Inquiry index on the designated website for publishing the voting results	Date of disclosure of the voting results	Resolutions of the meeting
2020 Annual General Meeting	25 June 2021	The website of the SSE The website of the HKE	26 June 2021 25 June 2021	The 2020 Annual General Meeting considered and approved all 10 resolutions by means of open ballot at the on-site combined with
2021 First A Shareholders Class Meeting	25 June 2021			online voting The 2021 First A Shareholders Class Meeting considered and approved the Resolution on the General Mandate for the Board to Repurchase H Shares by voting
2021 First H Shareholders Class Meeting	25 June 2021			The 2021 First H Shareholders Class Meeting considered and approved the Resolution on the General Mandate for the Board to Repurchase H Shares by voting

II. GENERAL MEETINGS

1. Request for convening of extraordinary general meeting by preference shareholders with recovered voting rights

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

Section V Company Governance and Corporate Governance (Continued)

2. Particulars of general meetings

The Company convened the 2020 Annual General Meeting, the 2021 First A Shareholders Class Meeting and the 2021 First H Shareholders Class Meeting on 25 June 2021, and all the resolutions reviewed at the meeting were passed. The resolutions of the meetings were disclosed on the website of the HKEx on 25 June 2021, and on the website of the SSE on 26 June 2021.

The Company accepted registration of shareholders' attendance, and arranged a special session for the shareholders' effective consideration of proposals at the meeting. Shareholders actively participated in the meeting and were entitled to exercise their various rights, such as the right to know, the right of speech, the right to question and the right to vote. Directors, supervisors and senior management of the Company attended the meeting. Arranging special Q&A session in the meeting enabled interactions between shareholders and the management.

The Company's shareholders' representative, supervisors' representative, witness lawyers and the representative of Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited acted as scrutineer at the general meeting. The PRC legal advisor of the Company issued the legal opinion.

III. CHANGES IN THE DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT MEMBERS OF THE COMPANY

Name	Position	Changes	
Yang Rongming	Non-Executive Director	Election	
Li Zhiming	Executive Vice President	Appointment	

On 25 June 2021, the 2020 Annual General Meeting of the Company elected Yang Rongming as a Non-executive Director of the fifth session of the Board of the Company with the term of office from the day of election at the general meeting to the expiry of the term of the fifth session of the Board (28 May 2023).

On 26 March 2021, the sixth meeting of the fifth session of the Board of the Company reviewed and approved the appointment of Mr. Li Zhiming as the Executive Vice President of China Shenhua Energy Company Limited. The term of office shall be three years from the date of approval by the Board, renewable upon reappointment after the term of office expires.

Section V Company Governance and Corporate Governance (Continued)

IV. THE PROPOSAL OF PROFIT DISTRIBUTION OR TRANSFER OF CAPITAL RESERVE TO SHARE CAPITAL

(I) Proposal of profit distribution and transfer of capital reserve to share capital for the interim reporting period

Whether to make profit distribution or
transfer of capital reserve to share capitalNo
transfer of capital reserve to share capitalDescription of proposal of profit distribution or
transfer of capital reserve to share capital:The
proposal of profit distribution or
transfer of capital reserve to share capital:

The Company has no plan to declare or pay interim dividends (including cash dividends).

(II) The execution of or adjustment to the profit distribution plan during the reporting period

On 25 June 2021, the 2020 Annual General Meeting of the Company approved the distribution of the 2020 final dividend of RMB1.81 per share (tax included) to all shareholders, totaling RMB35,962 million (tax included). As of the date of disclosure of the report, the above dividends have been distributed. The distribution of the 2020 final dividend meets the requirements of the Articles of Association of the Company and the resolutions of the general meeting.

V. THE SPECIFIC IMPLEMENTATION OF SHARE INCENTIVE SCHEME, EMPLOYEE STOCK OWNERSHIP PLAN OR OTHER EMPLOYEE INCENTIVE SCHEME

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

Section VI Environmental and Social Responsibilities

I. ENVIRONMENT INFORMATION

(1). Environmental protection information of the companies and their significant subsidiaries classified as the key pollutant discharge units as published by the competent environmental protection authorities

1. Information on pollutant discharge

As at 30 June 2021, 24 subsidiaries of the Group were categorized as national major pollution source under supervision (among which 22 were waste gas exhausting enterprises, 5 were wastewater discharging enterprises (among which, 2 were also waste gas exhausting enterprises, 1 was also waste gas exhausting and hazardous solid waste discharging enterprise), and 1 was hazardous solid waste discharging enterprise), and 1 was hazardous solid waste discharging enterprise), which was also waste gas exhausting, wastewater discharging enterprise)), which mainly are coal-fired power plants, coal chemical plants and coal preparation plants, etc. located in places including Inner Mongolia, Shaanxi, Hebei, Fujian and Guangdong.

The main pollutants emitted by waste gas exhausting enterprises are sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxides and soot, which are emitted to the atmosphere through the chimneys. Waste gas exhausting enterprises are mainly public thermal power plants, coal-to-chemical captive power plants, heating boilers for mines and coking plants, etc. Emission standards implemented include Emission Standards for Air Pollutants Produced by Thermal Plants (GB13223–2011), Emission Standards for Air Pollutants Produced by Boilers (GB13271–2014) and Emission Standards for Pollutants Produced by Coking Chemical Industry (GB16171–2012).

The main pollutants discharged by wastewater discharging enterprises are chemical oxygen demand (COD), which are discharged to the surface water through the sewage outfall of the enterprises. Wastewater enterprises are mainly coal mining and coal-to-chemical enterprises and wastewater treatment plants. The emission standards implemented were the Comprehensive Emission Standards for Sewage (GB8978–1996), Emission Standards for Pollutants from Coal Industry (GB20426–2006) and Emission Standards for Pollutants Produced by Municipal Sewage Treatment Plants (GB18918–2002).

In the first half of 2021, the emissions from enterprises under the State's key supervision and control of pollution sources (waste gas) under the Group are as follows:

Unit name	Major pollutant	Total Emissions tonne	Average emission concentration mg/Nm ³	Total Verified emissions tonne/year	Number of discharge ports	Distribution of discharge ports	Discharge method	Excessive emissions hour	Operation rate of pollution prevention facilities %
Derver Dient of Charleso	0	400	F1 0F	2 200	4	One discharge	Ormaniaad	1	00.0
Power Plant of Shenhua Yili Energy Co., Ltd.	SO ₂ NO _v	409 1,016	51.85 128.72	3,200 3,200	4	One discharge port per unit	Organised continuous	1 0	99.9 100
Thi Libigy CO., Liu.	Soot	47	5.98	480		port per unit	discharge	0	100
Jinjie Energy (Power	S0,	605	14.76	2,458	3	Every 2 units	Organised	0	100
Plant)	NO _v	1,134	29.28	4,422.18		share one	continuous	0	100
	A	discharge port	discharge	0	100				
Taishan Power	SO ₂	683	16.18	4,780	6	Units 1–2 share	Organised	0	100
	NO _x	1,174	28.9	9,560		one discharge	continuous	0	100
	Soot	54	1.33	1,620		port; Units 3–7 each have one discharge port	discharge	0	100
Shenhua Funeng	SO,	463	21.62	3,675	2	One discharge	Organised	0	100
Coalfired Power	NO _v	1,167	34.28	3,675		port per unit	continuous	0	99.76
Generation Co., Ltd	Soot	85	4.18	309			discharge	0	100
Baotou Coal Chemical	SO,	140	9.21	2,674	3	The flue gas of the	Organised	0	100
Coalfired Power	NO _x	311	28.15	1,337		thermoelectric		0	100
Generation Co. Ltd.	Soot	48	8.55	401		boiler system shares a	intermittent discharge	0	100
						discharge port, and a separate			
						discharge port			
						for the tail gas			
						of the sulfur			
						recovery			
						device.			
Cangdong Power	SO ₂	258	11.66	1,842.65	2	Every 2 units	Organised	0	100
	NO _x	511	22.46	2,632.36		share one	continuous	0	100
	Soot	42	1.82	292.06		discharge port	discharge	0	100
Dingzhou Power	SO ₂	233	10.66	1,826.55	2	Every 2 units	Organised	0	100
	NO _x	425	22.15	2,609.32		share one	continuous	0	100
	Soot	29	1.42	521.86		discharge port	discharge	0	100

Unit name	Major pollutant	Total Emissions tonne	Average emission concentration mg/Nm ³	Total Verified emissions tonne/year	Number of discharge ports	Distribution of discharge ports	Discharge method	Excessive emissions hour	Operation rate of pollution prevention facilities %
Sichuan Energy Jiangyou	SO,	131	40.32	2,427	1	The units share a	Organised	0	100
Power Plant	NO _x	286	88.12	1,320		discharge port.	continuous	6	99.89
	Soot	34	10.44	383			discharge	0	100
Shendong Power	SO ₂	381	20.1	1,000	2	One discharge	Organised	0	100
Chongqing Wanzhou	NOx	753	39	1,500		port per unit	continuous	4	99.9
Port Power Co., Ltd.	Soot	42	2.24	200			discharge	0	100
Huizhou Thermal	SO ₂	243	26.45	501.52	1	The units share a	Organised	0	100
	NOx	397	43.58	716.46		discharge port.		0	100
	Soot	14	1.49	71.65			discharge	0	100
Mengjin Power	SO ₂	214	23.21	1,079	2	One discharge	Organised	0	100
	NO _x	378	39.47	1,542		port per unit	continuous	0	100
	Soot	26	2.62	308			discharge	0	100
Shendong Power Dianta	SO2	74	12.4	1,031.81	1	The units share a	Organised	1	99.9
Company	NO _x	205	38.3	1,474.02		discharge port.		1	99.85
	Soot	11	2.3	294.80			discharge	0	100
Shouguang Power	SO ₂	151	11.59	1,347.50	2	One discharge	Organised	0	100
	NO _x	390	30.78	1,925		port per unit	continuous	0	100
	Soot	13	1.08	192.50			discharge	0	100
Jiujiang Power	SO ₂	247	12.73	2,805	2	One discharge	Organised	25	99.85
	NO _x	511	28.03	3,014		port per unit	continuous	45	99.24
	Soot	14	0.8	1,065			discharge	0	100
Zhunge'er Power	SO,	146	20.74	3,840	2	One discharge	Organised	0	100
	NO _x	252	38.32	3,840		port each for	continuous	0	100
	Soot	19	2.97	576		Phase I and Phase II	discharge	0	100
Fujian Jinjiang Thermal	SO ₂	35	20.75	831.77	1	The units share a	Organised	0	100
Power Co., Ltd.	NO _x	81	46.58	831.11		discharge port.		0	99.9
	Soot	4	2.75	124.77			discharge	0	100
Sichuan Bashu Jiangyou	SO ₂	48	8.66	2,400	1	The units share a	Organised	0	100
Coalfired Power	NO _x	183	32.78	1,200		discharge port.		8	99.9
Generation Co., Ltd.	Soot	25	4.52	348			discharge	0	100

Unit name	Major pollutant	Total Emissions tonne	Average emission concentration mg/Nm ³	Total Verified emissions tonne/year	Number of discharge ports	Distribution of discharge ports	Discharge method	Excessive emissions hour	Operation rate of pollution prevention facilities %
Liuzhou Power	SO,	66	12.79	3,727.20	1	The units share a	Organised	0	100
Elazitoa i ovioi	NO ₂	173	34.69	1,863.60		discharge port.	0	ů 0	100
	Soot	12	2.39	559			discharge	0	100
Shenhua Funeng (Fujian	SO,	123	20.89	2,092	1	The units share a	Organised	3	99.9
Yanshi) Power Co.,	NO _x	251	42.99	2,090		discharge port.	continuous	15	99.7
Ltd.	Soot	14	2.51	440			discharge	0	100
Daliuta Power Plant of	SO,	0.8	2.18	47.32	1	The units share a	Organised	0	100
Shendong Power	NOv	17	38.69	67.6		discharge port.	continuous	2	99.9
Company	Soot	0.1	0.3	13.52			discharge	0	100
Guojiawan Power Plant	SO,	20	2.96	420	1	The units share a	Organised	0	100
of Shendong Power	NOv	198	29.14	600		discharge port.	continuous	1	99.98
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Soot	3	0.45	120			discharge	0	100
Shenmu Power	SO,	26	6.5	634.5	1	The units share a	Organised	1	99.9
	NOx	84	22.57	675		discharge port.	continuous	1	99.4
	Soot	6	1.6	108		- 1	discharge	0	100
Shenhua Bayannaoer	SO,	9	16.25	75	1	One discharge	Organised	8	99.86
Energy Co, Ltd.	NO _x	164	289.39	750		port for the	continuous	3	99.86
	Soot	4	6.5	45		coke oven chimney	discharge	0	99.86

Section VI Environmental and Social Responsibilities (Continued)

In the first half of 2021, the emissions from enterprises under the State's key supervision and control of pollution sources (waste water) under the Group are as follows:

Unit name	Major pollutant	Total Emissions tonne	Average emission concentration mg//L	Total Verified emissions tonne/year	Number of discharge ports	Distribution of discharge ports	Discharge method	Excessive emissions hour	Operation rate of pollution prevention facilities %
Baotou Coal Chemical	COD	75.81	42.28	150	1	One external sewage outlet	Continuous discharge	0	100
Jinjie Energy (Coal Mine)	COD	46.16	4.5	-	3	Outlet of well water treatment plant for the main shaft; Zaoshaogou forced outlet; Hezegou forced outlet	Continuous or intermittent discharge	0	100
Daliuta well at Daliuta Coal Mine of Shendong Coal	COD	18.69	6.1	-	1	Outlet of well water treatment plant for the main shaft	Continuous or intermittent n discharge	0	100
Sichuan Bashu Jiangyou Coalfired Power Generation Co., Ltd.	COD	12	7.4	100mg/L	1	Fujiang	Continuous or intermittent discharge	0	100
Sichuan Energy Jiangyou Power Plant	COD	10	8.6	100mg/L	1	Fujiang	Continuous or intermittent discharge	0	100

Notes: (1) Currently local environmental protection administration does not issue discharge permit for sewage and waste water to coal enterprises and accordingly there is no approved total emission.

(2) Sichuan Energy Jiangyou Power Plant and Sichuan Bashu Jiangyou Coal-fired Power Generation Co., Ltd. adopt the emission concentration as the standard for approval as there is no approved total emission.

In the first half of 2021, the total emission of major enterprises under the state's key supervision and control of pollution sources (solid and hazardous waste) of the Group is as follows: 173.6 tonnes from Baotou Coal Chemical, all of which are disposed and transferred in compliance with the laws and regulations with no external discharge.

With regard to the provisions under the existing laws, the management of the Company believes that there is no contingent risk in relation to environmental protection that may bring material and adverse effect to the financial position and operating results of the Group. Contingent liabilities which may arise in the future cannot be accurately predicted.

Investors should be aware that the above data are from self-monitoring of the Company, which are not confirmed by the local environmental protection regulatory authorities and may be different from the final data determined by the local environmental protection regulatory authorities.

2. Construction and operation of pollution prevention and control facilities

During the reporting period, the Group was well-equipped with pollution prevention and control facilities that were under stable operation. Except for fume temperature which failed to meet the operation conditions of desulfurization facility in a short term during start-stop of coal-fired units, annual operation rate of pollution prevention and control facilities basically reached 100%. In terms of waste water prevention and control, China Shenhua built distributed underground reservoirs. Mine water was used for production, living and ecological engineering after natural purification by gangue in goaf areas. All enterprises were equipped with sewage treatment plants or facilities, in order to achieve comprehensive treatment and utilization of production and domestic sewage. In terms of waste gas prevention and control, limestone gypsum wet desulfuration was employed by coal-fired power plants and boilers; LNBs and SCR were applied for denitration; electrostatic precipitator and wet dust collectors were applied for removing soot. Hydrogen sulfide gas generated from chemicals was emitted after treatment by two-stage Claus + exhaust gas hydrogenation technology. In terms of coal dust prevention and control, coal yard was fully closed or was equipped with wind-proof and dust suppressing wall and spraying facility. Coals were solidified before shipment. In terms of solid waste, general solid wastes such as coal gangue, furnace ash and desulphurization gypsum, were utilized for power generation, brickmaking, etc. All hazardous solid wastes were stored at temporary warehouse, and were disposed of and transferred in compliance with the relevant requirements. Soundproof door, soundproof window and efficient composite sound barrier and other facilities were installed for reducing noise.

3. Environmental effect appraisal of construction project and other administrative approvals on environmental protection

In terms of construction project, the Group carried out simultaneously "three management measures, being environmental effect appraisal and energy conservation appraisal", soil conservation inspection and acceptance, as well as environmental protection inspection and acceptance. The environmental impact appraisal, as well as environmental protection inspection and acceptance construction completion, water environmental protection inspection and acceptance and other relevant tasks have been conducted, respectively, on all construction projects in accordance with the law.

4. Emergency plan for unexpected environmental incidents

During the reporting period, all subsidiaries of the Company have formulated their emergency plans for unexpected environmental incidents and conducted regular drills.

5. Environment self-monitoring plan

The Group regulated the protection monitoring system, and formulated the Administration Measures for the Online Environmental Protection Monitoring System (Trial) (《環保在線監測系統管理辦法(試行)》) in accordance with the relevant national standards and administrative regulations for online monitoring of pollution sources. All subsidiaries of the Company have completed the preparation of their self-monitoring plans. All the data in relation to wastewater and exhaust gas from automatic monitoring and entrusted monitoring were uploaded to the monitoring platform of the local environmental protection department according to the relevant requirements. During the reporting period, facilities were under normal operation.

6. Administrative penalty for environmental problems during the reporting period

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

7. Other environmental information that should be disclosed

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

(II) Environmental issues of companies other than those classified as the key pollutant discharging units

1. Administrative penalty for environmental problems

Unit Name	Date	Penalty No.	Fine Amount <i>RMB0'000</i>	Reason for Penalty	Rectification Progress
Lijiahao Coal Mine of Baotou Energy	11 January 2021	Dong Huan Ze Gai Zi [2021] No. 1	10	On 30 December 2020, the Dongsheng District Bureau of the Ordos Ecological Environment Bureau conducted on-site supervision and inspection, it was found	Rectified
				that the contract account for industrial slag was not formulated, which were not reported to the Bureau.	
Lijiahao Coal Mine of Baotou Energy	11 January 2021	Dong Huan Ze Gai Zi [2021] No. 2	10	On 30 December 2020, the Dongsheng District Bureau of the Ordos Ecological Environment Bureau conducted on-site supervision and inspection, it was found that paint buckets were stored in the temporary storage of hazardous wastes, which were not reported to the Bureau.	Rectified

2. Other environmental information

During the reporting period, the subsidiaries and branches of the Group other than the enterprises categorised as national major pollution sources under supervision implemented their environmental protection responsibilities in accordance with the unified requirements of the Company, regularly carried out special environmental monitoring and hidden danger investigation and treatment, built and operated pollution control facilities, and carried out land reclamation and vegetation restoration to minimize the impact of production on the environment.

During the reporting period, the total discharge amount of major pollutants of the Group is as follows:

	Sulfur dioxide 10 thousand 1 tonnes	Nitrogen oxides 0 thousand tonnes	Soot 10 thousand tonnes	Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Hazardous solid waste
Enterprises categorised as national major pollution sources under	0.47	1.01	0.07	162.66	173.60
supervision					
Enterprises categorised as China Shenhua major pollution sources under supervision	0.03	0.03	0.01	138.79	781.36
Other enterprises	0.15	0.89	0.02	193.83	502.22
Total	0.65	1.93	0.10	495.28	1,457.18

3. Explanation of reasons for non-disclosure of environmental information by companies other than those classified as the key pollutant discharging units

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

(III) Explanation of the follow-up progress or changes in the disclosure of environmental information during the reporting period

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

(IV) The Company's actions to protect ecology, prevent pollution and fulfill environmental responsibilities

The Group actively develops clean, safe and efficient energy, vigorously promotes pollution prevention and ecological environment treatment, implements energy conservation and discharge reduction measures, and steadily improves the level of ecological civilization construction. During the reporting period, there was no issue that resulted in significant impact on ecological environmental protection.

1. Ecological protection

The Group continues to promote comprehensive environmental treatment and ecological restoration, and has achieved remarkable results in the construction of green mines. The ecological restoration and treatment work such as reclamation of waste dump, treatment of collapsed land and soil covering and greening of waste dump in the mining area has been steadily promoted, and the reclamation rate of waste dump has reached more than 90%. In the first half of the year, the land reclamation area of open-pit mines increased by 1,377,600 square meters, the land treatment area of mine subsidence areas increased by 12,409,300 square meters.

2. Water resources protection

The Group attaches great importance on both water conservation and wastewater treatment to improve water efficiency, and implement treatment project of mine water reaching class III standard for surface water discharge to realize the resource utilization of mine water. All divisions attach importance to the whole process management of wastewater, so as to realize the comprehensive collection, treatment, recycling and discharge of wastewater. In the first half of the year, the overall utilization rate of wastewater was 70%.

3. Pollution prevention

In strict accordance with relevant national laws and regulations and local policies and regulations, the Group continuously strengthens environmental protection supervision, compacts the main responsibility of environmental protection, ensures the stable operation of environmental protection facilities such as waste water and waste gas, and strengthens the online monitoring and monitoring of pollution sources to ensure that pollutants are discharged up to standard. All conventional thermal power units of the Group have achieved ultra-low emission. During the reporting period, the emission standard upgrading transformation of coal-fired boilers or new energy substitution continued to be implemented, and the discharge rate of major pollutants reached 99.9% in the first half of the year.

(V) Measures and effects taken by the Company to reduce carbon emissions during the reporting period

The Group actively responds to the challenge of climate change and continues to take effective measures during the reporting period to promote the implementation of the Company's target of "strive to reach a peak of total carbon emission in 2025 and actively explore effective ways to achieve 'carbon neutrality' by 2060".

- 1. Transformation of energy structure. During the "14th Five Year Plan" period, the Group will adopt the two-wheel driven strategy of construction, production and operation and equity investment and M&A, develop centralized and distributed operation of the base at the same time to accelerate the development of new energy industry. The Company contributed RMB4 billion with its own funds to participate in the establishment of Guoneng Fund. In the first half of the year, the fund has successively been invested in new energy projects such as wind power and photovoltaic in Shanxi, Anhui, Jiangsu and Jiangxi. Guoneng (Weifang) Energy Co., Ltd., contributed and established by the Company, completed the establishment of the 250,000 kW photovoltaic project and the design of remote team transmission project.
- 2. Innovation and application of energy conservation and emission reduction technologies. The Group strengthened energy-saving transformation of coal and electricity, promoted comprehensive energy development and utilization, and continuously improved energy-consumption index. In the first half of the year, the Group's standard coal consumption for power sales of coal power plant was 300g/ kWh (the first half of 2020: 310g/kWh), with a year-on-year decrease of 10g/kWh. The comprehensive energy consumption of polyolefin in coal chemical industry division decreased by 4.88% year on year, and the water consumption per unit product decreased by 1.1% year on year.
- 3. Innovation and application of carbon capture technology. In the first half of the year, the Whole-Flow Demonstration Project of Capture and Storage of CO2 after Combustion in the 150,000 tonnes/year Coal Power Plant of Jinjie Energy has been successfully put into operation, which provided technical support for China's coal-fired power plants to promote the realization of "near-zero emission".
- 4. Implement ecological governance and increase carbon sinks. The Group continued to carry out ecological restoration, completed the monitoring and evaluation of grass-roots enterprises in the Yellow River Basin, and actively participated in the construction of "China Energy Group Ecological Forest". In the first half of the year, the Group increased new afforestation area by 39.7184 million square meters.

II. Details of the Company's efforts to expand poverty alleviation achievements and rural revitalization

- 1. Working ideas: The Group implemented the Opinion on Achieving the Effective Connection between Consolidating and Expanding the Achievements of Poverty Alleviation and Rural Revitalization and Opinion on Comprehensively Promote Rural Revitalization and Expedite Agricultural and Rural Modernization of the CPC Central Committee and the State Council. According to the 2021 Rural Revitalization work plan of the China Energy, consolidated and expand the achievements in poverty alleviation, strictly implemented the requirements of "no responsibility, policy, assistance and supervision are lifted after the poverty is lifted", maintain the overall stability of main assistance policies, continued to deepen industrial poverty alleviation, ecological poverty alleviation, educational poverty alleviation, consumption poverty alleviation and party building poverty alleviation, consolidate and improved the "two assurances and three guarantees", implemented the assistance mechanism to prevent poverty return, and promote the comprehensive revitalization of rural industries, talents, culture, ecology and organizations in targeted areas.
- 2. Work planning: First, the Group continued to develop industries with distinctive features, assisted in the construction of characteristic planting and breeding industry, supported the local development of intensive and deep processing of agricultural products, helped develop new industries such as rural tourism, leisure agriculture and cultural experience, and enhanced the self "hematopoietic" function of poverty alleviation areas. Second, we continued to implement the work idea of "Helping with Both Aspiration and Knowledge", continued to improve the conditions for running compulsory education in poverty-stricken areas, improved the accuracy and practicability of the training of grass-roots cadres, rural revitalization leaders and professional and technical personnel, strengthened employment assistance and develop the soft power of self-development. Third, we continued to improve infrastructure. The Group consolidated and expanded the achievements of ecological restoration and protection in poverty-stricken areas, promoted the construction of drinking water projects, rural industrial roads, flood control ditches and slope protection projects, explained how to solve practical problems such as domestic garbage, wastewater treatment and heating, and improved disease prevention and treatment conditions to build beautiful and livable villages. Fourth, we continued to make full use of enterprise advantages, effectively connected our own advantages with local resource endowments, and promoted local stability and prosperity with industrial advantages, strengthened consumer assistance and helped the healthy and steady development of industries in poverty-stricken areas. The Group continued to implement party building assistance, deepened the pairing and joint construction of party branches, actively promoted the modernization of rural governance system and governance capacity, and effectively improved the organizational and combated effectiveness of village party branches.
- 3. Major work in the first half of the year: 2021 is a crucial year for consolidating and expanding the achievements of poverty alleviation and effectively linking up with rural revitalization. The Group is mainly responsible for the assistance work in 3 designated counties Mizhi County and Wubu County in Shaanxi Province, and Butuo County in Sichuan Province and 1 counterpart support county in Nyainrong County, Tibet Autonomous Region of Sichuan Province, and plans to contribute RMB123 million of assistance funds in this year. In the first half of the year, the Group formulated the annual rural revitalization work plan, completed the fund allocation of the first batch of assistance projects, continued to promote the continuation of assistance projects, completed the rotation of temporary assistance cadres in each county, and all work was carried out in an orderly manner.

Section VII Significant Events

I. PERFORMANCE OF COMMITMENTS

Commitments made by relevant parties such as de facto controller, shareholders, related parties and acquirers of the Company as well as the Company during the reporting period or subsisting to the reporting period are as follows:

Background of Type of Commitment Covenantor Commitr	Date and Duration of Commitmen	 Timely and Strict Performance of Commitment	be specified if commitment is not fulfilled in time	specified if commitment is not fulfilled in time
made in competition competition competition undertaking and a " with initial Existin public on 1 M offering integra for the Energy to com of the ' (coal e: produc utilisat and ma transport industr the bus inside the Co rights to China for the China for the contract of t	arties entered into the "Non- ition Agreement" on 24 May 2005 Supplemental Agreement to the y Non-Competition Agreement" arch 2018. As the Company is an red platform which is responsible coal business and affiliated to China China Energy has committed not bete with the Company in respect Company's principal businesses ploration, mining, processing, sales; ion and sales of comprehensive on of coal products; development nagement of coal products; railway rtation; port transportation; the y and ancillary service related to iness aforementioned) whether ir outside of the PRC, and granted npany options and preemptive to acquire and be transferred from nergy any business opportunities ets which may pose potential ition.	Yes, in progress	N/A	N/A

The Resolution on the Performance of Non-competition Undertaking was approved at the 45th meeting of the second session of the Board on 27 June 2014 and the Announcement in relation to the Performance of Non-competition Undertaking was disclosed to the public. The Company will commence the acquisition of 14 assets of legacy of Shenhua Group Corporation Limited and its subsidiaries ("Original Undertaking Assets") step by step as planned. For details, please refer to the H-shares announcement dated 27 June 2014 and the A-shares announcement of the Company dated 28 June 2014. The Company completed 3 acquisitions of 100% equity of Ningdong Power, 100% equity of Xuzhou Power and 51% equity of Zhoushan Power in 2015.

Being the parent company subsequent to the Restructuring, China Energy merged with China Guodian Group Co., Ltd. by way of merger by absorption. As approved in the 2018 first extraordinary general meeting of the Company, the Company entered into the Supplemental Agreement to the Existing Non-Competition Agreement with China Energy. It is agreed by both parties that other than the amendments in the Supplemental Agreement to the Existing Non-Competition Agreement and Agreement to the Existing Non-Competition Agreement with China Energy. It is agreed by both parties that other than the amendments in the Supplemental Agreement to the Existing Non-Competition Agreement, the clauses of the Existing Non-competition Agreement will continue to be performed.

Pursuant to the Supplemental Agreement to the Existing Non-competition Agreement, within five years after the completion of China Energy merging with China Guodian Group Co., Ltd. by way of merger by absorption, the Company will discretionally exercise the options and the preemptive rights to acquire the assets within the retained businesses, and will no longer implement the 2014 non-competition undertaking. The retained businesses refer to (1) Original Undertaking Assets (excluding the completed acquisition of three equity assets by the Company in 2015) other than the assets of conventional power generation business and (2) the unlisted businesses originally held by China Guodian Group Co., Ltd. which directly or indirectly compete with the core businesses of the Company (excluding the relevant assets that China Guodian Group Co., Ltd. undertook to inject into its subsidiary, Inner Mongolia Pingzhuang Energy Co., Ltd., in 2007). For details, please refer to the H-shares announcement of the Company dated 1 March 2018 and the A-shares announcement of the Company dated 2 March 2018.

II. MISAPPROPRIATION OF FUNDS BY ITS CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS AND OTHER RELATED PARTIES FOR NON-OPERATIONAL PURPOSE DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

III. IRREGULAR GUARANTEES

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

IV. AUDIT OF THE INTERIM REPORT

(I) Description of appointment and removal of auditors

On 25 June 2021, KPMG Huazhen LLP and KPMG were appointed as the A-shares and H-shares auditors of the Company respectively for 2021 at the Company's 2020 Annual General Meeting.

(II) Change in appointment of auditors during the audit period

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

(III) Explanation of the Company on the "non-standard audit report" issued by Auditors

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

(IV) Explanation of the Company on the "non-standard audit report" issued by the certified public accountant in respect of the financial report contained in the annual report for the previous year

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

V. CHANGES AND TREATMENT OF MATTERS INVOLVED IN NON-STANDARD AUDIT OPINIONS IN THE ANNUAL REPORT OF LAST YEAR

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

VI. INSOLVENCY OR RESTRUCTURING RELATED MATTERS

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

VII. MATERIAL LITIGATION AND ARBITRATION

As at the end of the reporting period, the Group was not involved in any material litigation or arbitration. As far as the Group was aware, the Group did not have any material litigation or claim which was pending or threatened against the Group.

As at 30 June 2021, the Group was the plaintiff, the defendant or the party of certain non-material litigations and arbitrations. The management of the Group believes that any possible legal liability which may be incurred from the aforesaid cases will not have any material impact on the financial position of the Group.

VIII. SANCTIONS AND RECTIFICATIONS IMPOSED ON THE LISTED COMPANY, DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS, SENIOR MANAGEMENT, CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS, DE FACTO CONTROLLERS AND OFFEROR

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

IX. INTEGRITY OF THE COMPANY AND ITS CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS AND DE FACTO CONTROLLERS DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD

After enquiring National Enterprise Credit Information Publicity System, during the reporting period, neither the Company nor China Energy, the controlling shareholder of the Company, was included in the list of enterprises with serious illegal and dishonest acts.

X. MATERIAL RELATED/CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

(I) Related/Connected transactions during the daily operation

Pursuant to the requirements under the Guidelines of SSE on Related Transactions of Listed Companies, the Audit Committee of the Board of the Company shall perform the duties of control and daily management of related/connected transactions of the Company. The Company has a related/connected transaction team under the direct supervision of the Chief Financial Officer, which is responsible for the management of related/connected transactions; and has established a business process, which properly delineates the responsibilities of the Company, its subsidiaries and branches in the management of related/ connected transactions. The team has also established routine examinations, reporting systems and accountability systems in the subsidiaries and branches of the Company, to ensure that related/connected transactions are to be implemented in accordance with the terms and conditions of framework agreement.

1. Annual caps for the daily related/connected transactions in 2021

On 21 June 2019, as approved at the 2018 annual general meeting, the Company and China Energy renewed the Mutual Coal Supply Agreement, Mutual Supplies and Services Agreement, and the Financial Services Agreement for 2020–2022 (the "Original Financial Services Agreement") and determined the annual caps of transactions contemplated under the daily related/connected party transactions mentioned above for each year from 2020 to 2022 on 22 March 2019. The Original Financial Services Agreement has expired on 1 September 2020 after the completion and settlement of the capital increase transaction of Finance Company by China Energy. Please refer to the 2020 annual report of the Company for the purposes of entering into major continuing related/connected transactions.

After the completion and settlement of the capital increase transaction of Finance Company, Finance Company was 60% owned by China Energy, the controlling shareholder of the Company, which is the related party (connected person) of the Company. The provision of financial services by Finance Company to the Company and its holding subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "Members of the Group") constitutes the related/connected transactions of the Company. As considered and approved at the 5th meeting of the Company's fifth session of the Board, the 2021 Financial Services Agreement entered into between the Company and Finance Company on 29 December 2020 shall come into force on 1 January 2021 and be valid until 31 December 2021. At the 2020 Annual General Meeting of the Company convened on 25 June 2021, the Company approved the Financial Services Agreement for the period from 2021 to 2023 (the "New Financial Services Agreement") entered into between the Company and Finance Company on 26 March 2021 and the determined transaction caps of relevant daily related/connected transactions for the period from 2021 to 2023, and the 2021 Financial Services Agreement entered into between the Company and Finance Company on 29 December 2020 became invalid at the same time. For details, please refer to the Company's H Share announcement on 26 March 2021 and A Share announcement on 27 March 2021.

Pursuant to the New Financial Services Agreement, Finance Company would provide comprehensive facilities and credit (without any pledge and guarantee provided by the Members of the Group) and other financial services to the Members of the Group, and the Members of the Group may place deposit in Finance Company. The pricing policy of the New Financial Services Agreement is as follows:

- (1) In terms of deposits and loans or similar services provided by Finance Company to Members of the Group, subject to compliance with the relevant rules and regulations of PBOC, China Banking and Insurance Regulatory Commission ("CBIRC") and other relevant regulatory authorities:
 - a. The interest rates for deposits placed by Members of the Group with Finance Company shall be no less than the interest rate paid by major commercial banks in the PRC for comparable deposits services provided to Members of the Group and shall be negotiated in normal commercial terms.
 - b. The interest rates for loans granted by Finance Company to Members of the Group shall be no more than the benchmark loan interest rate for the corresponding period stipulated by the PBOC and no more than the interest rate charged by major commercial banks in the PRC for comparable loans services provided to Members of the Group and shall be negotiated in normal commercial terms.
- (2) In terms of paid services provided by Finance Company to Members of the Group:
 - a. Finance Company can provide paid consultation, agency, settlement, transfer, investment, letter of credit, online banking, entrusted loan, guarantee, bill acceptance and other related services to Members of the Group.
 - b. Subject to compliance with the relevant rules and regulations of PBOC, CBIRC and other relevant regulatory authorities, the service fees charged by Finance Company for the provision of the above financial services to Members of the Group shall be no more than the service fees charged by major commercial banks in the PRC for comparable financial services provided to Members of the Group and shall be negotiated in normal commercial terms.

2. Implementation of agreements during the reporting period

The following are the annual caps for major discloseable continuing related/connected transactions during the reporting period and their implementations. The related/ connected transactions regarding the provision of products and labour services by the Group to China Energy Group amounted to a total of RMB43,002 million during the reporting period, accounting for 29.9% of the Group's revenue during the reporting period.

Name of the agreement	Provision of products and services by the Group to related/connected persons and other inflows Transaction amount during Proportion in			outflows Transaction amount during Proportion in			
	Prevailing transaction cap <i>RMB million</i>	the reporting period <i>RMB million</i>	the same type of transactions %	Prevailing transaction cap <i>RMB million</i>	the reporting period <i>RMB million</i>	the same type of transactions %	
 Mutual Coal Supply Agreement entered into between the Company and China Energy 	65,500	38,756	36.1	16,000	6,098	14.7	
 Mutual Supplies and Services Agreement entered into between the Company and China Energy 	s 13,000	4,246	/	9,000	2,641	/	
Including: (1) Products		3,692	12.9		609	1.8	
(2) Services		554	7.0		2,032	14.6	
 Continuing Connected Transactions Framework Agreement entered into between the Company and China State Railway Group Co., Ltd. 		581	0.5	19,800	4,152	4.7	

Name of Agreement	Transaction item	Prevailing Transaction cap <i>RMB million</i>	Transaction Amount during the reporting period <i>RMB million</i>
New Financial Services Agreement entered into between the Company and Finance Company	 Maximum daily balance of comprehensive facilities provided by Finance Company to the members of the Group (including loans, credits, bill acceptance and discount, guarantee, performance guarantee, overdrafts, opening letters of credit, etc., inclusive 	100,000	24,464
	 of accrued interest thereon) (2) Maximum daily deposit balance of the members of the Company in the Finance Company (inclusive of accrued interest thereon) 	27,900	27,272
	 (3) Total fee charged by the Finance Company for providing the members of the Group with financial services, including but not limited to consultancy, agency, settlement, transfer, investment, letter of credit, online banking, entrusted loan, guarantee, acceptance of bill and other services to the members of the Company 	200	31

Aforementioned continuing related/connected transactions were made within the normal business scope of the Company, and approval and disclosure procedures of independent directors and independent shareholders were performed strictly.

(II) Connected transactions in relation to acquisition of assets or acquisition or disposal of equity

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

(III) Material connected transactions regarding joint external investments

1. Events disclosed in interim announcements without subsequent development or changes during implementation

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

2. Events disclosed in interim announcements with subsequent development or changes during implementation

Overview of Event	Index
The Company contributed RMB4 billion with its own funds to jointly establish Beijing Guoneng New Energy Industrial Investment Fund (Limited Partnership) with limited partners including Guohua Energy Investment Co., Ltd. and general partners including Guohua Investment Development Asset Management (Beijing) Co., Ltd By the end of the reporting period, the Partnership Agreement of the Beijing Guoneng New Energy Industrial Investment Fund (Limited Partnership) had been signed, and the filing procedures of the Guoneng Fund had been completed in the Asset Management Association of China.	For details, please refer to the Company's A Share announcement on 30 December 2020, 23 January 2021, 10 February 2021 and 27 February 2021

3. Events not disclosed in interim announcements

Applicable 🖌 Not applicable

(IV) Debts and liabilities between related parties

Unit: RMB million

			ds provide lated parti		Funds offered by related parties to the listed company			
Related parties	Relationship		Amount incurred	Closing balance		Amount incurred	Closing balance	
China Energy	Controlling shareholders	-	-	-	874	_	874	
Finance Company	Subsidiary of the controlling shareholders	19,750	7,499	27,249	24,076	(2,956)	21,120	
Anhui Anqing Wanjiang Power Generation Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of the controlling shareholders	55	(55)	_	_	-	-	
Other related parties	Others	461	(61)	400	-	-	_	
Total		20,266	7,383	27,649	24,950	(2,956)	21,994	

related parties

Reasons for debts and liabilities between (1) Long and short-term borrowing were provided by China Energy to the Group;

- (2) The Group's deposits and loans with Finance Company;
- (3) Prior to the jointly establishment of Beijing GD by the Company with GD Power, the finance lease provided by the Company to Anhui Anging Wanjiang Power Generation Co., Ltd., its former subsidiary, through Shenhua Lease Company. As approved at the general meeting of the Company, the financial lease payment will be gradually returned in accordance with the original agreement/contract arrangement. As as the end of the reporting period, the financial lease payment has been fully completed;

(4) The funds provided to other related parties are entrusted loans.

Internal decision procedures have been performed in respect of the above transfer of related debts and liabilities in accordance with relevant regulations.

Impacts of debts and liabilities between related parties on the operating results and financial position of the Company	The above entrusted loans and borrowings are beneficial to the normal commencement of relevant project construction and production operation of the Company and have no material impact on the operating results and financial position of the Company.
related parties on the operating results	normal commencement of relevant project construction and production operation of the Company and have no material impact on the operating results and financial position of the

(V) Connected transactions with Finance Company

1. Deposit business

Unit: RMB million

Related parties	Relationship	Maximum daily deposit limit	Deposit interest rate range	Opening balance	Amount for the period	Closing balance
Finance Company	Subsidiary of controlling shareholder	27,900	0.455% -3.3%	19,726	27,272	27,249
Total	/	/	/	19,726	27,272	27,249

Note: "Amount for the period" refers to the maximum daily deposit balance (including accrued interest incurred) of the Group in Finance Company during the reporting period.

2. Loan business

Unit: RMB million

Related parties	Relationship	Maximum daily loan limit	Loan interest rate range	Opening balance	Amount for the period	Closing balance
Finance Company	Subsidiary of controlling shareholder	100,000	3.6%-4.9%	24,046	24,464	21,120
Total	/	/	/	24,046	24,464	21,120

Note: "Amount for the period" refers to the maximum daily balance (including accrued interest incurred) of loans provided by Finance Company to the Group.

3. Credit facilities or other financial business

Unit: RMB million

Related parties	Relationship	Business Type	An Quota	nount for the period
Finance Company	Subsidiary of controlling	Bill acceptance and discount	100,000	1,206
Finance Company	shareholder Subsidiary of controlling shareholder	Intermediary business	200	31

Notes: (1) refers to the daily maximum balance of RMB100,000 million of the comprehensive credit facilities (including loans, bills acceptance and discount, etc.) provided by Finance Company to the Group as approved by the general meeting of the Company.

- (2) The "amount for the period" of "bills acceptance and discount" is the daily maximum daily balance of bills acceptance and discount provided by Finance Company to the Group during the reporting period.
- (3) The "amount for the period" of "intermediary business" is the total amount of various service fees charged by Finance Company for provision of financial services to the Group.

(VI) Other major connected transactions

🗌 Applicable 🖌 Not applicable

XI. MATERIAL CONTRACTS AND THEIR PERFORMANCE

(I) Trust, contracting and leasing

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

(II) Major guarantees performed and outstanding during the reporting period

Unit: RMB million

Whathau

Guarantor	Relationship between the guarantor and the listed company	Guarantee	Amount guaranteed	Date of provisio of guarantee (execution date of agreement)	n Beginning date of guarantee	Expiry date of guarantee	Type of guarantee	Whether Performance has been completed		Amount of isguarantee overdue		Whether guarantee is for the benefit of related parties	Relationship
Baorixile Energy	Controlling subsidiary	Hulunbei'er Liangyi Railway	77.27	2008.08.30	2008.08.30	2029.08.29	Joint and several	No	No	0	No	No	N/A
	·······	Company Limited					liability						
							guarantee						
Total amount of quara	antee provided during the report	ting period (excluding guarantee	provided to its	subsidiaries)									(4.03)
*	· · ·	g period (A) (excluding guarantee											77.27
•	antee provided to its subsidiarie antee provided to its subsidiarie	s during the reporting period s at the end of the reporting peri		e provided by the	Company and its	subsidiaries to its	subsidiaries						(32.4) 3,230.05
			Aggregated a	mount of guarant	ee (including guar	antee provided to	its subsidiaries)						
Total amount of guara	antee (A+B)												3,307.32
	*	sets attributable to shareholders	of the Compa	iny under China Aci	counting								
	ness Enterprises at the end of t	1 61											0.9
•		e facto controller and their relate											0
0	1 11	o its parties with a gearing ratio i	n excess of 70	1% (D)									3,307.32
Portion of the total an	nount of guarantee in excess of												0
													3.307.32
Aggregated amount o	f the above three amounts of g												
Aggregated amount o	ential joint and several repaym	uarantee (C+D+E) ent liability for unmatured guarar	itee										See below

Guarantees provided by the Company to external parties (excluding guarantee granted to its subsidiaries)

Note: The balance of guarantee provided by the subsidiary to external parties of the total amount of guarantee at the end of the reporting period equals to the amount of external guarantee of the subsidiary multiplies by the shareholding of the Company in the subsidiary.

As at the end of the reporting period, the total balance of the amount of guarantee provided by the Group amounted to RMB3,307.32 million, including:

(1)As at the end of the reporting period, the guarantee provided by Baorixile Energy, a subsidiary of which the Company owns 56.61% of the shares, to external parties was as follows: prior to the acquisition of Baorixile Energy by the Company in 2011 and pursuant to the Guarantee Agreement on the Syndicated Renminbi Loan for the Cooperative Railway Project Connecting Yimin and Yiershi Newly Constructed by Hulunbei'er Liangyi Railway Company Limited, in 2008, Baorixile Energy, as one of the guarantors, provided joint and several liability guarantee to Hulunbei'er Liangyi Railway Company Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Liangyi Railway Company", of which Baorixile Energy owns 14.22% of the shares) for the syndicated loans. The major liability guaranteed was the debts due to the lender with a maximum balance of RMB207.47 million from 2008 to 2027, regardless of whether the debt is due when the above period expires. The above syndicated loans will fall due by tranches between 2011 and 2026. The guarantee agreement provides that the guarantee period of the debts borne by the guarantor shall be calculated from the due date of each tranche to two years after the due date of the last tranche, i.e. 2029.

Given that Liangyi Railway Company failed to pay the loan interest on time due to its deteriorating business operation, as resolved by the shareholders' general meeting of Liangyi Railway Company, additional capital was injected into Liangyi Railway Company by its shareholders (including Baorixile Energy). Shenbao Energy has injected an accumulated amount of RMB11.82 million into Liangyi Railway Company.

As of the end of the reporting period, Baorixile Energy, in proportion to its shareholding, repaid the principal on the loans on behalf of Liangyi Railway Company Limited amounting to a total of RMB64.7 million. Baorixile Energy already made full provision for impairment on its 14.22% equity interest in Liangyi Railway Company and the repayment amount paid on its behalf. Together with other shareholders, Baorixile Energy will continue to call for improvement of business operation of Liangyi Railway Company. As at 30 June 2021, Liangyi Railway Company had a gearing ratio of 165%.

(2) As of the end of the reporting period, the amount of guarantee between subsidiaries in consolidated reports of the Company, in proportion to its shareholding, amounted to approximately RMB3,230.05 million, which was mainly due to the fact that Shenhua Hong Kong Limited, the wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, provided guarantees for the issuance of USD0.5 billion bonds by China Shenhua Overseas Capital Co., Ltd., its wholly-owned subsidiary.

(III) Other Material Contracts

1. Entrusted loans

(1) General status of entrusted loans

Unit: RMB million

Type of product	Source of fund	Amount incurred during the reporting period	Closing balance undue of the reporting period	Unrecovered amount overdue
Entrusted loans	Own fund	437.40	400	37.40

Note: Amount incurred during the reporting period refers to the daily maximum principal balance of such entrusted loans of the Group in the first half of 2021.

(2) Individual entrusted loans

Unit: RMB million

Name of borrower	Relationship between the borrower and the Group r Trustee	Trustee	Amount of entrusted loans	Initial date of loans	Expiry date of loans	Duration of loans	Source of fund	Investment of fund	Determination of compensation	Interest rate	Actual return for the reporting period	for the	Whether it has been through legal procedures
Sanxin Railway Company	Joint stock Company	Bank of Beijing	37.40	2014/02/13	2015/02/13	1 year	Own fund	Working capital	One-off payment of principal with	6%	0	0	Yes
Yili Chemical	Joint stock Company	Bank of China	400.0	2020/12/24	2023/12/24	3 years	Own fund	Replacement of Ioans	accrued interest upon expiry Interest to be paid quarterly	4.75%	9.45	0	Yes

Notes: 1. The entrusted loan provided by the Company to Inner Mongolia Sanxin Railway Co., Ltd. ("Sanxin Railway Company") was not repaid when it was due in February 2015, and both parties are under negotiation in respect of the subsequent relevant matters.

 In December 2020, Shendong Power, being the wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into entrusted loan agreements with amounts of RMB400 million with Inner Mongolia Yili Chemical Industry Co., Ltd. ("Yili Chemical").

As of 30 June 2021, the Group did not grant entrusted loans with an amount exceeding 5% of the Group's latest audited net assets attributable to equity holders of the Company to any individual party. The Company did not utilise the proceeds raised to grant entrusted loans, and there was no entrusted loan that was involved in litigations. No provision for impairment for the above entrusted loans has been made by the Group.

Under centralised capital management of the Group, the entrusted loans among the Company and its subsidiaries were used for meeting operating and development needs. Such entrusted loans have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

XII. OTHER MATERIAL MATTERS

Applicable 🗸

✓ Not applicable

I. CHANGE IN SHARE CAPITAL

(I) Change in the number of shares

1. Change in the number of shares

Unit: share

		As at 31 Decer	nber 2020	Chan	ges	As at 30 June 2021		
				Repurchase and				
		Number	Percentage %	cancellation	Sub-total %	Number	Percentage %	
Ι.	Shares with selling restrictions	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	
.	Shares without selling restrictions	19,889,620,455	100.00	-21,100,500	-21,100,500	19,868,519,955	100.00	
	1. RMB ordinary shares	16,491,037,955	82.91	0	0	16,491,037,955	83.00	
	2. Overseas listed foreign shares	3,398,582,500	17.09	-21,100,500	-21,100,500	3,377,482,000	17.00	
.	Total number of shares	19,889,620,455	100.00	-21,100,500	-21,100,500	19,868,519,955	100.00	

2. Details of changes in shares

On 8 March 2021, the Company cancelled all the H shares repurchased as of that date totaling 21,100,500 shares, accounting for 0.6209% of the total number of H shares issued by the Company on the date of general mandate approved by 2020 first extraordinary general meeting, and 0.1061% of the total number of shares of the Company. After the cancellation, the total number of shares issued by the Company has been reduced to 19,868,519,955 shares, including 16,491,037,955 A shares and 3,377,482,000 H shares. The Company has no outstanding preferred shares.

During the six months ended 30 June 2021, the Group did not purchase, sell or redeem any of the Company's securities as defined under the Hong Kong Listing Rules.

As of the disclosure date of this report, so far as the Company's Directors are aware of, the Company has satisfied minimum public float requirement under Rule 8.08 of the Hong Kong Listing Rules.

3. Impacts of changes in shares on earnings per share, net assets per share and other financial indicators from the reporting period to the disclosure date the interim report

Applicable 🖌 Not applicable

4. Other contents to be disclosed as deemed necessary by the Company or required by securities regulatory authorities

Applicable 🖌 Not applicable

(II) Changes in shares with selling restrictions

🗌 Applicable 🖌 Not applicable

II. NUMBER OF SHAREHOLDERS AND SHARES

(I) Total number of shareholders

Total number of shareholders of ordinary shares as at the end of the	192,493
reporting period (accounts)	
Including: Holders of A shares (including China Energy)	190,478
Registered holders of H shares	2,015

(II) Shareholdings of top ten shareholders and top ten holders of marketable shares (or shareholders without selling restrictions) as of the end of the reporting period

Unit: share

	Increase/ decrease during	Shareholdings of Number of shares held at the end of	hares held at Number			Shares subject to Pledge, mark or lock-up		
Name of shareholders (Full name)	the reporting period	the reporting	Percentage %	with selling restrictions	Status	Number	Nature of shareholders	
China Energy Investment Corporation Limited	0	13,812,709,196	69.52	0	Nil	N/A	State-owned corporation	
HKSCC NOMINEES LIMITED	-20,783,737	3,368,945,985	16.96	0	Unknown	N/A	Overseas corporation	
China Securities Finance Corporation Limited	-45	594,718,004	2.99	0	Nil	N/A	Others	
Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited	96,899,125	196,984,698	0.99	0	Nil	N/A	Overseas corporation	
Central Huijin Asset Management Ltd.	0	110,027,300	0.55	0	Nil	N/A	State-owned corporation	
Shanghai Pudong Development Bank Co., Ltd. – Guangfa High- end Manufacturing Stock Sponsored Securities Investment Fund	17,303,477	59,205,928	0.30	0	Nil	N/A	Others	
Industrial Bank Co., Ltd. – Xingquan New Vision Flexible Allocation Regular Open-end Hybrid Sponsored Securities Investment Fund	-10,999,924	56,636,352	0.29	0	Nil	N/A	Others	
Industrial Bank Co., Ltd. – Guangfa Xingcheng Mixed Securities Investment Funds	23,428,086	23,428,086	0.12	0	Nil	N/A	Others	
Zhuhai Ruifeng Huibang Asset Management Co., Ltd. – Ruifeng Huibang No.3 Privately Offered Fund	0	22,233,848	0.11	0	Nil	N/A	Others	
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China – Shanghai Index 50 Trading Open-end Index Securities Investment Fund	-2,553,726	21,994,022	0.11	0	Nil	N/A	Others	

Shareholdings of top ten shareholders without selling restrictions Number of shares Type and number of shares						
	without selling	Type and number	er of slidres			
Name of shareholders	restrictions	Туре	Number			
China Energy Investment Corporation Limited HKSCC NOMINEES LIMITED	13,812,709,196 3,368,945,985	RMB ordinary shares Overseas-listed	13,812,709,196 3,368,945,985			
		foreign shares				
China Securities Finance Corporation Limited	594,718,004	RMB ordinary shares	594,718,004			
Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited	196,984,698	RMB ordinary shares	196,984,698			
Central Huijin Asset Management Ltd.	110,027,300	RMB ordinary shares	110,027,300			
Shanghai Pudong Development Bank Co., Ltd. – Guangfa High-end Manufacturing Stock Sponsored Securities Investment Fund	59,205,928	RMB ordinary shares	59,205,928			
Industrial Bank Co., Ltd. – Xingquan New Vision Flexible Allocation Regular Open-end Hybrid Sponsored Securities Investment Fund	56,636,352	RMB ordinary shares	56,636,352			
Industrial Bank Co., Ltd. – Guangfa Xingcheng Mixed Securities Investment Funds	23,428,086	RMB ordinary shares	23,428,086			
Zhuhai Ruifeng Huibang Asset Management Co., Ltd. – Ruifeng Huibang No.3 Privately Offered Fund	22,233,848	RMB ordinary shares	22,233,848			
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China – Shanghai Index 50 Trading Open-end Index Securities Investment Fund	21,994,022	RMB ordinary shares	21,994,022			
Details regarding the connected relationships among the above shareholders or whether they are parties acting in concert	Clearing Company Hong Kong Exchang Industrial Bank Co., and Regularly Ope Fund and Industrial Securities Investme as disclosed above, relationships betwe restrictions and the are parties acting i	IEES LIMITED and Hon Limited are wholly-own es and Clearing Limited. Ltd. – AIFMC New Vision n Hybrid Initiating Sec Bank Co., Ltd. – Guangf ent Funds is Industrial B the Company is not awar en the top ten shareholders, n concert as defined in quisition of Listed Compar	ned subsidiaries of The trustee bank of In Flexible Allocation urities Investment a Xingcheng Mixed ank Co., Ltd Save re of any connected ders without selling and whether they in the Measures for			
Details regarding the holders of preference	N/A					

Note: H shares held by HKSCC NOMINEES LIMITED are held on behalf of a number of its clients; A shares held by Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited are held on behalf of a number of its clients.

shares with voting rights restored and the

number of shares held

Number of top ten shareholders with selling restrictions and their selling restrictions:

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

(III) Strategic investors or general legal persons becoming top ten shareholders as a result of new share placing:

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

(IV) Substantial shareholders' interests and short positions in the shares of the Company

As at 30 June 2021, persons set out in the table below had an interest and/or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which is required to be recorded in the register of equity interests and/or short positions pursuant to section 336 of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO", Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong):

No.	Name of shareholders	Capacity	H shares/ A shares	Nature of interest	Number of H shares/ A shares held	Percentage of H shares/ A shares over total issued H shares/ A shares respectively %	Percentage of total issued share capital of the Company %
1	China Energy	Beneficial owner	A shares	N/A	13,812,709,196	83.76	69.52

As at 30 June 2021, save as disclosed above, there was no other person who held interests and/or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which are required to be recorded in the register to be kept under section 336 of Part XV of the SFO, or was a substantial shareholder of the Company.

III. DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS, SENIOR MANAGEMENT AND EMPLOYEES

(I) Changes in shareholding of current directors, supervisors, and senior management and those outgoing during the reporting period

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

(II) Equity incentives granted to directors, supervisors and senior management during the reporting period

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

(III) Other explanation

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

IV. CHANGES IN CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER OR DE FACTO CONTROLLER

Applicable 🗸 Not applicable

Section IX Investor Relations

In 2021, China Shenhua thoroughly implemented the requirements of the Opinions of the State Council on Further Improving the Quality of Listed Companies (《國務院關於進一步提高上市公司質量的意見》). China Shenhua takes maintaining a good communication channel between the Board and investors, conveying the Company's value and improving the quality effect of investor communication channel as the focus of work. We closely followed the new regulatory requirements, comprehensively sorted out and regulated all aspects of investor communication, strengthened communication with investors, strengthened market value management and protected the legitimate rights and interests of shareholders.

1. CARING FOR SHAREHOLDERS AND IMPROVING SERVICE

In the first half of 2021, the Company held the 2020 annual performance briefing, performance briefing for the first quarter of 2021 and 2020 Annual General Meeting. The annual performance briefing was held with various means including videos to show the annual operating results of the Company, so as to greatly improve the effectiveness of information and fully meet the needs of key takeaways concerned about by investors and the convenience of acquiring information. In response to the proposals shareholders concerned in the general meeting, we proactively contacted the principle shareholders of the Company, sent them the relevant materials, followed up and responded to shareholders' concerns in multiple rounds, conducted one-to-one communication meetings for shareholders in need and answered the relevant questions seriously. At the general meeting, the chairman of the Company led the Company's management to conduct in-depth and meticulous exchanges with the shareholders present at the meeting, and heard the opinions and suggestions for the operation and development for the Company of shareholders, thus ensuring investors' right to know to the maximum extent.

2. COMMUNICATING WITH INTEGRITY AND CONDUCTING INVESTOR RELATION WORK PROPERLY

Following the principle of "Welcome every visitor and participate every relevant meeting" for daily investor communication, for investors who come to the Company for studying and investigation and conference calls, we find out the concerns of investors in advance and organize counterparts to participate in exchanges. We actively participate in investor communication meetings organized by capital market entities including securities companies, investment institutions, so as to understand the development trend of the capital market and respond to investors' key concerns in a timely manner. In daily investor relations management, the Company has established an investor hotline and a secretary hotline to ensure that the hotline is available during the trading day. The Company has also established an investor mailbox and a secretary mailbox to regularly check and respond to investor emails. The Company regularly answers questions from investors on the e-interactive Platform of SSE.

In the first half of 2021, China Shenhua has responded to approximately 200 questions from investors on two performance briefings, held 45 exchange meetings with investors, in which communicated with investors in a total of approximately 360 person-times, and answered more than 100 questions from investors on the e-interactive Platform of SSE.

Section IX Investor Relations (Continued)

3. STRENGTHENING MANAGEMENT AND PROTECTING RIGHTS

According to the requirements of the Securities Law of the People's Republic of China (《中華人民 共和國證券法》), we work hard to protect the rights of small and medium-sized shareholders of the Company. On the basis of maintaining a large proportion of cash dividends, considering operation condition, financial position and future development prospects of the Company, the 2020 Annual General Meeting of the Company granted the Board a general authorization to repurchase H shares again and continue to develop market value profitability to actively respond to shareholders' demands following the repurchase of H shares in 2020.

Section X Report on Review of Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Review report to the board of directors of **China Shenhua Energy Company Limited**

(Incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)

INTRODUCTION

We have reviewed the interim financial report set out on pages 89 to 129 which comprises the condensed consolidated statement of financial position of China Shenhua Energy Company Limited (the "Company") as of 30 June 2021 and the related condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity and condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the six month period then ended and explanatory notes. The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited require the preparation of an interim financial report to be in compliance with the relevant provisions thereof and International Accounting Standard 34, interim financial reporting, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. The directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the interim financial report in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34.

Our responsibility is to form a conclusion, based on our review, on the interim financial report and to report our conclusion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

SCOPE OF REVIEW

We conducted our review in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410, Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity, issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A review of the interim financial report consists of making enguiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

CONCLUSION

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the interim financial report as at 30 June 2021 is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, Interim financial reporting.

KPMG Certified Public Accountants 8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chatter Road Central, Hong Kong

27 August 2021

Condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 – unaudited (*Expressed in Renminbi ("RMB"*))

		Six months ended 30 Jun		
	Note	2021 RMB million	2020 RMB million	
Revenue				
Goods and services	4	143,979	105,016	
Cost of sales	6	(102,777)	(69,957)	
Gross profit		41,202	35,059	
Selling expenses		(329)	(279)	
General and administrative expenses		(3,586)	(3,561)	
Research and development costs		(471)	(245)	
Other gains and losses	10	458	236	
Other income	7	309	297	
Loss allowances, net of reversal	10	17	(273)	
Other expenses		(231)	(88)	
Interest income		1,133	665	
Finance costs	8	(1,096)	(1,004)	
Share of results of associates		708	484	
Profit before income tax		38,114	31,291	
Income tax expense	9	(6,347)	(6,507)	
Profit for the period	10	31,767	24,784	
Other comprehensive income for the period				
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss, net of income tax:				
Fair value changes on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income		73	26	
Share of other comprehensive income of associates		(2)	(2)	
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss, net of income tax:				
Exchange differences		12	68	
Share of other comprehensive income of associates		20	1	
Fair value changes on investments in debt instruments				
at fair value through other comprehensive income		-	(8)	
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of				
income tax		103	85	
Total comprehensive income for the period		31,870	24,869	

Condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income (Continued)

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 – unaudited *(Expressed in RMB)*

		Six months en	nded 30 June	
	Note	2021 RMB million	2020 RMB million	
Duafit for the navied attributely to				
Profit for the period attributable to:			00.070	
Equity holders of the Company		26,500	20,370	
Non-controlling interests		5,267	4,414	
		31,767	24,784	
Total comprehensive income for the period attributable to: Equity holders of the Company		26,597	20,440	
Non-controlling interests		5,273	4,429	
		31,870	24,869	
		31,870	24,869	
Earnings per share – Basic (<i>RMB</i>)	12	31,870	24,869	

The notes on pages 100 to 129 form part of this interim financial report.

Condensed consolidated statement of financial position

at 30 June 2021 – unaudited (Expressed in RMB)

		30 June 2021	31 December 2020
	Note	RMB million	RMB million
Non-current assets	10		
Property, plant and equipment	13	239,941	238,198
Construction in progress	13	40,197	39,845
Exploration and evaluation assets		4,000	-
Intangible assets		4,378	3,888
Right-of-use assets	16	18,632	18,597
Interests in associates	14	50,636	49,556
Equity instruments at fair value through other			
comprehensive income		1,915	1,845
Other non-current assets	15	32,553	35,890
Deferred tax assets		3,054	2,856
Total non-current assets		395,306	390,675
Current assets			
Inventories	17	14,975	12,750
Accounts and bills receivables	18	12,624	11,759
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	19	19,231	17,480
Restricted bank deposits		2,820	3,391
Time deposits with original maturity over three months		1,357	11,186
Cash and cash equivalents	20	157,082	112,880
Assets classified as held for sale		_	2,783
Total current assets		208,089	172,229

Condensed consolidated statement of financial position (Continued)

at 30 June 2021 – unaudited *(Expressed in RMB)*

	Note	30 June 2021 <i>RMB million</i>	31 December 2020 <i>RMB million</i>
Current liabilities			
Borrowings	21	6,719	8,847
Accounts and bills payables	22	29,784	28,980
Accrued expenses and other payables	23	62,094	18,949
Current portion of lease liabilities	20	228	242
Current portion of long-term liabilities	24	379	689
Income tax payable		3,118	6,313
Contract liabilities		6,928	5,256
Liabilities associated with assets		-,	-1
classified as held for sale			217
Total current liabilities		109,250	69,493
Net current assets		98,839	102,736
Total assets less current liabilities		494,145	493,411
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	21	51,686	50,251
Bonds	21	3,219	3,241
Long-term liabilities	24	6,244	2,661
Accrued reclamation obligations	25	6,251	6,169
Deferred tax liabilities	20	942	896
Lease liabilities		463	606
Total non-current liabilities		68,805	63,824
Net assets		425,340	429,587

Condensed consolidated statement of financial position (Continued)

at 30 June 2021 – unaudited (Expressed in RMB)

	Note	30 June 2021 <i>RMB million</i>	31 December 2020 <i>RMB million</i>
Equity Share capital Reserves	26	19,869 334,952	19,890 344,313
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests		354,821 70,519	364,203 65,384
Total equity		425,340	429,587

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of Directors on 27 August 2021.

Wang Xiangxi *Chairman and Executive Director* **Yang Jiping** Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer

The notes on pages 100 to 129 form part of this interim financial report.

Condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 – unaudited *(Expressed in RMB)*

	Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company						_				
	Share capital <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i> (Note 26)	Treasury shares <i>RMB</i> million	Share premium <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i> (Note (il)	Capital reserve <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i> (Note (ii))	Exchange reserve <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i>	Statutory reserves <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i> (Note (iii))	Other reserves <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i> (Note (iv))	Retained earnings <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i> (Note (v))	Total <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i>	Non- controlling interests <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i>	Total equity <i>RMB</i> million
At 1 January 2021	19,890	(256)	85,001	3,657	(201)	20,236	(14,809)	250,685	364,203	65,384	429,587
Profit for the period	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	26,500	26,500	5,267	31,767
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	7	-	90	-	97	6	103
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	7	-	90	26,500	26,597	5,273	31,870
Dividend declared (Note 11)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(35,962)	(35,962)	-	(35,962)
Appropriation of maintenance and production funds <i>(Note (iii))</i> Utilisation of maintenance and	-	-	-	-	-	2,478	-	(2,478)	-	-	-
production funds (Note (iii))	_	-	-	-	_	(1,646)	_	1,646	_	_	-
Cancellation of repurchased own shares Contributions from non-controlling	(21)	256	(235)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
shareholders	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	405	405
Distributions to non-controlling shareholders	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(546)	(546)
Others	-	-	-	77	-	-	-	(94)	(17)	3	(14)
At 30 June 2021	19,869	-	84,766	3,734	(194)	21,068	(14,719)	240,297	354,821	70,519	425,340

Condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity (Continued)

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 – unaudited *(Expressed in RMB)*

	Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company						_			
	Share capital <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i> (Note 26)	Share premium <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i> (Note (i))	Capital reserve <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i> (Note (ii))	Exchange reserve <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i>	Statutory reserves <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i> (Note (iii))	Other reserves <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i> (Note (iv))	Retained earnings <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i> (Note (v))	Total <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i>	Non- controlling interests <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i>	Total equity <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i>
At 1 January 2020	19,890	85,001	3,618	56	25,118	(14,824)	237,218	356,077	64,141	420,218
Profit for the period Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,370	20,370	4,414	24,784
for the period	-	-	-	53	-	17	-	70	15	85
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	53	-	17	20,370	20,440	4,429	24,869
Dividend declared <i>(Note 11)</i> Appropriation of maintenance and	-	-	-	-	-	-	(25,061)	(25,061)	-	(25,061)
production funds (<i>Note (iii)</i>) Utilisation of maintenance and	-	-	-	-	1,811	-	(1,811)	-	-	-
production funds (Note (iii))	-	-	-	-	(1,897)	-	1,897	-	-	-
Contributions from non-controlling shareholders	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	89	89
Distributions to non-controlling shareholders	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(782)	(782)
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	(76)	(76)	-	(76)
At 30 June 2020	19,890	85,001	3,618	109	25,032	(14,807)	232,537	351,380	67,877	419,257

Condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity (Continued)

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 – unaudited *(Expressed in RMB)*

Notes:

- (i) Share premium represents the difference between the total amount of the par value of shares issued and the amount of net proceeds received upon the global initial public offering of H shares in 2005 and the issuance of A shares in 2007.
- (ii) The capital reserve represents the difference between the total amount of the par value of shares issued and the amount of the net assets, net of other reserves, transferred from Shenhua Group Corporation Limited ("Shenhua Group"), in connection with the Restructuring (as defined in Note 1).
- (iii) Statutory reserves

Statutory surplus reserve

According to the PRC Company Law and the Company's Articles of Association, the Company is required to transfer 10% of its net profit as determined in accordance with the China Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises ("China Accounting Standards") to its statutory surplus reserve until the reserve balance reaches 50% of the registered capital. The transfer to this reserve must be made before distribution of dividends to shareholders.

The statutory surplus reserve has reached 50% of the registered capital in 2009. Accordingly, no appropriation of net profit to the statutory surplus reserve has been proposed since 1 January 2010.

Statutory surplus reserve can be used to make up losses, if any, or to expand the Company's business, and may be converted into share capital by the issue of new shares to shareholders in proportion to their existing shareholdings or by increasing the par value of the shares currently held by them, provided that the balance after such issue is not less than 25% of the registered capital of the Company. The statutory surplus reserve is not distributable.

Specific reserve for maintenance and production funds

Pursuant to the relevant PRC regulations, the Group is required to transfer production and maintenance funds at fixed rates based on relevant bases, such as production volume, to a specific reserve account. The production and maintenance funds could be utilised when expenses or capital expenditures on production maintenance and safety measures are incurred. The amount of production and maintenance funds utilised would be transferred from the specific reserve account to retained earnings.

Discretionary surplus reserve

The appropriation to the discretionary surplus reserve is subject to the shareholders' approval. The utilisation of the reserve is similar to that of the statutory surplus reserve.

The directors of the Company (the "Directors") have not proposed any appropriation to the discretionary surplus reserve for the six months ended 30 June 2021 (six months ended 30 June 2020: Nil)

(iv) Other reserves

Other reserves mainly represent the consideration paid for acquisition of subsidiaries under common control, share of other comprehensive income of associates, and fair value changes of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI").

(v) Retained earnings

Included in the retained earnings of the Group were its share of the surplus reserve of its domestic subsidiaries amounting to RMB26,065 million as at 30 June 2021 (31 December 2020: RMB26,065 million).

The notes on pages 100 to 129 form part of this interim financial report.

Condensed consolidated statement of cash flows

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 – unaudited *(Expressed in RMB)*

		Six months ended 30 June		
	_	2021	2020	
	Note	RMB million	RMB million	
Operating activities				
Profit before income tax		38,114	31,291	
Adjustments for:		-		
Depreciation and amortisation	10	9,948	9,996	
Other gains and losses	10	(458)	(236	
Loss allowances, net of reversal	10	(17)	273	
Interest income		(1,133)	(665	
Share of results of associates		(708)	(484	
Interest expense		1,177	1,008	
Exchange gain, net	8	(81)	(4	
Operating cash flows before movements in working				
capital		46,842	41,179	
Increase in inventories		(2,225)	(2,069	
Increase in accounts and bills receivables		(1,730)	(3,785	
Increase in prepaid expenses, other current assets and				
other non-current assets		(1,699)	(525	
Increase in accounts and bills payables		784	1,924	
Increase in accrued expenses and other payables		6,269	23,377	
Increase in contract liabilities		1,672	304	
Cash generated from operations		49,913	60,405	
Income tax paid		(9,694)	(6,685	
Net cash generated from operating activities		40,219	53,720	

Condensed consolidated statement of cash flows (Continued)

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 – unaudited *(Expressed in RMB)*

	Six months end	ded 30 June
	2021	2020
	RMB million	RMB million
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment, intangible		
assets, exploration and evaluation assets, additions		
to the construction in progress and other non-current		
assets	(10,025)	(7,897)
Increase in right-of-use assets	(439)	(26)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment,	(400)	(20)
intangible assets and other non-current assets	562	127
Proceeds from disposal of wealth management products	302	121
included in prepaid expenses and other current assets	_	33,657
Proceeds on disposal of derivative financial instruments		00,007
included in prepaid expenses and other current assets	_	91
Investments in associates	(383)	(62)
Dividend received from associates	198	60
Interest received	1,132	621
Decrease/(increase) in restricted bank deposits	571	(553)
Decrease in time deposits with original maturity over	071	(000)
three months	9,829	43
Collection of entrusted loans and financial lease included	0,010	10
in prepaid expenses and other current assets	69	_
Investments in government bonds included in other non-		
current assets	_	(790)
Net cash received from disposal of subsidiaries	3,975	(700)
Decrease in other current assets	-	16,669
		· · · ·
Net cash generated from investing activities	5,489	41,940

Condensed consolidated statement of cash flows (Continued)

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 – unaudited *(Expressed in RMB)*

	Six months end	ded 30 June
	2021 RMB million	2020 RMB million
Financing activities	(00)	(100)
Capital element of lease rentals paid	(90)	(106)
Interest element of lease rentals paid	(15)	(17)
Interest paid	(1,487)	(1,080)
Proceeds from borrowings	9,928	3,697
Repayments of borrowings	(10,445)	(11,217)
Contributions from non-controlling shareholders	264	168
Distributions to non-controlling shareholders	(402)	(1,392)
Dividend paid to equity holders of the Company		(20,768)
Proceeds from bills discounted	851	1,226
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,396)	(29,489)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	44,312	66,171
Cash and cash equivalents, at the beginning of the period	112,880	41,827
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	(110)	32
Cash and cash equivalents, at the end of the period	157,082	108,030

The notes on pages 100 to 129 form part of this interim financial report.

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 (Expressed in RMB)

1 PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND ORGANISATION

Principal activities

China Shenhua Energy Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Group") are principally engaged in: (i) the production and sale of coal; and (ii) the generation and sale of coal-based power to provincial/regional electric grid companies in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). The Group operates an integrated railway network and seaports that are primarily used to transport the Group's coal sales from its mines. The primary customers of the Group's coal sales include power plants, metallurgical and coal chemical producers in the PRC.

Organisation

The Company was established in the PRC on 8 November 2004 as a joint stock limited company as part of the Restructuring (as defined below) of Shenhua Group, a state-owned enterprise under the direct supervision of the State Council of the PRC.

Effective on 31 December 2003, the coal production and power generation operations previously operated by various entities wholly-owned or controlled by Shenhua Group were restructured and managed separately (the "Restructuring"), and those assets and liabilities related to the operations and businesses that were transferred to the Company were revalued by China Enterprise Appraisal Co., Ltd., an independent valuer registered in the PRC, as at 31 December 2003 as required by the PRC rules and regulations.

On 8 November 2004, in consideration for Shenhua Group transferring the coal mining and power generating assets and liabilities to the Company, the Company issued 15,000,000,000 domestic state-owned ordinary shares with a par value of RMB1.00 each to Shenhua Group. The shares issued to Shenhua Group represented the entire registered and paid-up share capital of the Company at that date.

In 2005, the Company issued 3,089,620,455 H shares with a par value of RMB1.00 each, at a price of Hong Kong Dollars ("HKD") 7.50 per H share by way of a global initial public offering. In addition, 308,962,045 domestic state-owned ordinary shares of RMB1.00 each owned by Shenhua Group were converted into H shares. A total of 3,398,582,500 H shares were listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

In 2007, the Company issued 1,800,000,000 A shares with a par value of RMB1.00 each, at a price of RMB36.99 per A share in the PRC. The A shares were listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange.

Immediate parent and ultimate controlling party

On 28 August 2017, Shenhua Group received the *Notice regarding the Restructuring of China Guodian Corporation and Shenhua Group Corporation Limited* (Guo Zi Fa Gai Ge [2017] No. 146) from the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council, which approves that China Guodian Corporation (the "China Guodian") and Shenhua Group shall implement the joint restructuring, China Guodian shall be merged into Shenhua Group, and the company name of Shenhua Group shall be changed to China Energy Group. China Energy Group will be the parent company after the completion of the Restructuring.

On 27 November 2017, Shenhua Group completed the industrial and commercial registration of changes in the business license. The Directors consider the immediate parent and the ultimate holding company of the Group to be China Energy Group.

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 (Expressed in RMB)

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

This interim financial report have been prepared in accordance with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, including compliance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, *Interim financial reporting*, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). It was authorised for issue on 27 August 2021.

The interim financial report have been prepared in accordance with the same accounting policies adopted in the 2020 annual consolidated financial statements, except for the accounting policy changes that are expected to be reflected in the 2021 annual consolidated financial statements. Details of any changes in accounting policies are set out in Note 3.

The preparation of an interim financial report in conformity with IAS 34 requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses on a year to date basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

This interim financial report contains condensed consolidated financial statements and selected explanatory notes. The notes include an explanation of events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in financial position and performance of the Group since the 2020 annual consolidated financial statements. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements and notes thereon do not include all of the information required for a full set of financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRSs.

The financial information relating to the financial year ended 31 December 2020 that is included in the interim financial report as comparative information does not constitute the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for that financial year but is derived from those financial statements. The annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 are available from the Company's registered office. The auditor has expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements in the report dated 26 March 2021.

3 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Group has applied the following amendments to IFRSs issued by the IASB to these financial statements for the current accounting period:

- Amendments to IFRS 16, Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021
- Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16, *Interest Rate Benchmark Reform-phase 2*

None of these developments have had a material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented in this interim financial report. The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period except for the amendment to IFRS 16, *Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021*, which provides a practical expedient that allows lessees not to assess whether particular rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic are lease modifications and, instead, account for those rent concessions as if they were not lease modifications, if the eligibility conditions are met. One of these conditions requires the reduction in lease payments affect only payments originally due on or before a specified time limit. The 2021 amendment extends this time limit from 30 June 2021 to 30 June 2022.

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 *(Expressed in RMB)*

4 REVENUE FROM GOODS AND SERVICES

Disaggregation of revenue of business lines and geographical location of customers is as follows:

							For the	e six month	s ended 30 J	lune						
Segments	Coa	ıl	Pow	/er	Railway Port			Shipping Coal chemical			Others		To	Total		
	2021 <i>RMB</i> million	2020 <i>RMB</i> million	2021 <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i>	2020 <i>RMB</i> million	2021 <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i>	2020 <i>RMB</i> million	2021 <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i>	2020 <i>RMB</i> million	2021 <i>RMB</i> million	2020 <i>RMB</i> million	2021 <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i>	2020 <i>RMB</i> million	2021 <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i>	2020 <i>RMB</i> million	2021 <i>RMB</i> million	2020 RML million
Types of goods or services																
Sales of goods																
Coal	107,319	73,262	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	107,319	73,26
Power Coal chemical	-	-	25,009	20,685	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,009	20,68
products	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,980	2,125	-	-	2,980	2,12
Others	2,563	2,026	2,139	1,883	-	-	-	-	-	-	280	284	-	-	4,982	4,193
	109,882	75,288	27,148	22,568							3,260	2,409			140,290	100,265
Transportation and other services																
Railway	_	_		_	2,214	2,340	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,214	2,34
Port		_		_	2,214	2,340	322	280		_	_	_	_	_	322	2,34
Shipping	_	-		-	-	-	-	-	617	783	_	-	_	-	617	78
Others	-	-	-	-	435	396	77	188	-	-	-	-	24	764	536	1,348
	-	-	-	-	2,649	2,736	399	468	617	783	-	-	24	764	3,689	4,75
Total	109,882	75,288	27,148	22,568	2,649	2,736	399	468	617	783	3,260	2,409	24	764	143,979	105,016
Geographical																
markets																
Domestic markets	109,693	74,769	25,105	20,683	2,649	2,736	399	468	617	783	3,260	2,409	24	764	141,747	102,612
Overseas markets	189	519	2,043	1,885	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,232	2,404
Total	109,882	75,288	27,148	22,568	2,649	2,736	399	468	617	783	3,260	2,409	24	764	143,979	105,016
Timing of revenue recognition																
A point in time	109,882	75,288	27,148	22,568		_	_	-	_	-	3,260	2,409	_	_	140,290	100,265
Over time	-	-	-	-	2,649	2,736	399	468	617	783	-	2,400	24	764	3,689	4,75
Total	109,882	75,288	27,148	22,568	2,649	2,736	399	468	617	783	3,260	2,409	24	764	143,979	105,016

The Group's revenue from contracts with customers is RMB143,934 million for the six months ended 30 June 2021 (six months ended 30 June 2020: RMB103,041 million).

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 (Expressed in RMB)

4 REVENUE FROM GOODS AND SERVICES (CONTINUED)

Set out below is the reconciliation of the revenue with the amounts disclosed in the segment information.

							For the	e six month	s ended 30 J	lune						
Segments	Coa	al	Pow	Power Railway		Por	t	Shipp	ing	ng Coal chemical		Others		Total		
	2021 <i>RMB</i> million	2020 <i>RMB</i> million	2021 <i>RMB</i> million	2020 RMB million	2021 <i>RMB</i> million	2020 <i>RMB</i> million	2021 <i>RMB</i> million	2020 <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i>	2021 <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i>	2020 <i>RMB</i> million	2021 <i>RMB</i> million	2020 <i>RMB</i> million	2021 <i>RMB</i> million	2020 RMB million	2021 <i>RMB</i> million	2020 RMB million
Revenue disclosed in segment information																
External customers Inter-segment	109,882 13,514	75,288 8,913	27,148 32	22,568 36	2,649 17,335	2,736 15,452	399 2,898	468 2,466	617 2,170	783 523	3,260	2,409 _	24 108	764 530	143,979 36,057	105,016 27,920
	123,396	84,201	27,180	22,604	19,984	18,188	3,297	2,934	2,787	1,306	3,260	2,409	132	1,294	180,036	132,936
Adjustment and eliminations	(13,514)	(8,913)	(32)	(36)	(17,335)	(15,452)	(2,898)	(2,466)	(2,170)	(523)	-	-	(108)	(530)	(36,057)	(27,920)
Revenue	109,882	75,288	27,148	22,568	2,649	2,736	399	468	617	783	3,260	2,409	24	764	143,979	105,016

The Group produces and sells coal and coal chemical products to customers at spot market. For sales of coal and coal chemical products, revenue is recognised when control of the goods has transferred, being when the goods have been shipped to the customers' specific location. According to the Group's historical experiences, there was no significant exchange or return of coal and coal chemical products occurred. There is no sales-related warranties associated with coal and coal chemical products.

For sales of power, revenue is recognised upon the transmission of electric power to the power grid companies. Power could not be returned or exchanged and there is also no warranties associated with power sales.

The Group provides railway transportation services, shipment transportation services as well as port loading and storage services to customers. Such services are recognised as a performance obligation satisfied over time as the Group rendering the services. Revenue is recognised for these services based on the stage of completion of the performance obligation using output method.

All performance obligations of sales of coal, power and coal chemical products, railway and shipment transportation services, and port loading and storage services are part of contracts with an original expected duration of one year or less, and as permitted under IFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to these unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed.

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 *(Expressed in RMB)*

5 SEGMENT AND OTHER INFORMATION

The Group manages its businesses by divisions, which are organised by business lines (products and services). In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), including president, senior vice president and chief financial officer, for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has presented the following six reportable segments. No operating segments have been aggregated to form the following reportable segments.

- (1) Coal operations which produce coal from surface and underground mines, and the sale of coal to external customers, the power operations segment and the coal chemical operations segment. The Group sells its coal under long-term supply contracts, which allow periodical price adjustments, and at spot market.
- (2) Power operations which use coal from the coal operations segment and external suppliers, thermal power, wind power, water power and gas power to generate electric power for the sale to coal operations segment and external customers. Electric power is sold to the power grid companies in accordance with planned power output at the tariff rates as approved by the relevant government authorities. Electric power produced in excess of the planned power output is sold at the tariff rate as agreed upon with the respective power grid companies which are generally lower than the tariff rates for planned power output.
- (3) Railway operations which provide railway transportation services to the coal operations segment, the power operations segment, the coal chemical operations segment and external customers. The rates of freight charges billed to the coal operations segment, the power operations segment, the coal chemical operations segment and external customers are consistent and do not exceed the maximum amounts approved by the relevant government authorities.
- (4) Port operations which provide loading, transportation and storage services to the coal operations segment and external customers. The Group charges service fees and other expenses, which are reviewed and approved by the relevant government authorities.
- (5) Shipping operations which provide shipment transportation services to the power operations segment, the coal operations segment and external customers. The rates of freight charges billed to the power operations segment, the coal operations segment and external customers are consistent.
- (6) Coal chemical operations which use coal from the coal operations segment to first produce methanol and further process into polyethylene and polypropylene, together with other by-products, for sale to external customers. The Group sells its polyethylene at spot market.

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 (Expressed in RMB)

5 SEGMENT AND OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(a) Segment results

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's CODM monitors the results attributable to each reportable segment based on profit before income tax ("reportable segment profit"). Reportable segment profit represents the profit earned by each segment without allocation of head office and corporate items. Inter-segment sales are primarily charged at prevailing market rate which are the same as those charged to external customers.

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's CODM for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the six months ended 30 June 2021 and 2020 is set out below:

						8	ix months e	ended 30 Ju	ne						
	Co	Coal Power		ver	Railway		P	Port S		Shipping		Coal chemical		Total	
	2021 <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i>	2020 RMB million	2021 <i>RMB</i> million	2020 <i>RMB</i> million	2021 <i>RMB</i> million	2020 <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i>	2021 <i>RMB</i> million	2020 <i>RMB</i> million	2021 <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i>	2020 RMB million	2021 <i>RMB</i> million	2020 <i>RMB</i> million	2021 <i>RMB</i> million	2020 <i>RMB</i> <i>million</i>	
Revenue from external customers	109,882	75,288	27,148	22,568	2,649	2,736	399	468	617	783	3,260	2,409	143,955	104,252	
Inter-segment revenue	13,514	8,913	32	36	17,335	15,452	2,898	2,466	2,170	523	-	-	35,949	27,390	
Reportable segment revenue	123,396	84,201	27,180	22,604	19,984	18,188	3,297	2,934	2,787	1,306	3,260	2,409	179,904	131,642	
Reportable segment profit Including:	21,859	15,519	2,990	4,182	9,061	8,385	1,413	1,180	573	39	743	(116)	36,639	29,189	
Interest expenses	297	322	517	639	522	449	71	148	-	2	31	49	1,438	1,609	
Depreciation and amortisation	3,750	3,689	2,625	2,653	2,496	2,513	478	505	148	148	368	422	9,865	9,930	
Share of results of associates Loss allowances and	76	102	31	28	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	107	133	
impairment of assets	(11)	272	(2)	1	(3)	6	-	-	-	-	-	(1)	(16)	278	

(b) Reconciliations of reportable segment revenue, segment profit and other items of profit or loss for the six months ended 30 June 2021 and 2020 are set out below:

		le segment ounts		nead office and ate items		on of inter- amounts	Conso	lidated
	2021 <i>RMB million</i>	2020 <i>RMB million</i>	2021 <i>RMB million</i>	2020 <i>RMB million</i>	2021 <i>RMB million</i>	2020 <i>RMB million</i>	2021 <i>RMB million</i>	2020 <i>RMB million</i>
Revenue Profit before	179,904	131,642	132	1,294	(36,057)	(27,920)	143,979	105,016
income tax Interest expenses	36,639 1,438	29,189 1,609	1,168 420	2,412 415	307 (724)	(310) (1,051)	38,114 1,134	31,291 973
Depreciation and amortisation Share of results of	9,865	9,930	83	66	-	-	9,948	9,996
associates Loss allowances and impairment	107	133	318	727	283	(376)	708	484
of assets	(16)	278	(1)	2	-	-	(17)	280

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 (Expressed in RMB)

SEGMENT AND OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(c) Other information

²⁰²⁰ RMB million 2020 RNIB million 19,111 19,869 14,164 10,514 1,500 4,799 30,694 4,098 562,904 (133,317) 69,957 30 June 31 December Total Total 2021 RNB nillion 12,715 2021 RMB nillion 603,395 (178,055) 25,089 16,745 11,971 1,487 5,963 36,833 102.777 1,522 Certain other information of the Group's segments for the six months ended 30 June 2021 and 2020 is set out below: (395,716) 298,827 (2,435) 18,441) (5,599) (27,097) (823) 2020 RN/B million (622) 2020 RN/B million 30 June 31 December Eliminations Eliminations (35,909) (148) (432,339) 330,959 22,403) (10,306) 2021 RNB million (658) (2,542) 2021 RNB nillion ī. 424,257 (154,901) 2020 RN/B nillion 1,014 2020 RNB million 30 June 31 December Unallocated items Unallocated items ~ 453,800 (214,029) 2021 RNB million 107) 2021 RNB million (75) 8,938 (2,950) 2020 RNB nillion 122 285 2,407 30 June 31 December 2020 RNB Willion **Coal chemical Coal chemical** 2021 RNB million 145 2,423 741 258 2021 RMB million 9,214 (2,556) 28 2020 RNIB million 563 30 June 31 December 88 2020 RNIB million 6,410 (257) 1,201 Shipping Shipping 2021 RNB million 468 2,132 570 2021 RNB nillion 7,182 (543) 2 2020 RMB million 35 233 21,619 (6,629) 19 ,512 2020 RNB million ,372 30 June 31 December Port Port 20,750 (6,524) 2021 RNB nillion 2021 RNB nillion 532 161 ,693 ,451 315 124,113 (50,470) 2020 RMB million 800 58 8,843 3,857 30 June 31 December 2020 RNIB million Railway Railway 2021 RNB million 9,399 2021 RNB nillion 133,607 (52,585) l,613 9,866 33 150,299 (110,040) 2020 RNB nillion 6.113 857 6,970 4,831 1,546 2020 RNB Willion 30 June 31 December Power Power 159,746 (116,014) 2021 RNB nillion 2021 RNB nillion 22,277 1,100 23,377 3,421 4,535 222,984 (106,897) 2020 RNIB million 22,304 23,587 1,102 66,104 5,569 1,801 30 June 31 December 2020 RNIB million 9,111 Coal Coal 251,435 (116,763) 21,506 6,673 2021 RNB rillion 2021 RNB rillion 41,522 27,631 28,699 99,187 ,335 Cost of coal chemical production Profit from operations ///b/te /// Capital expenditures ///ote /ii// Cost of coal transportation Fotal liabilities ///ote ///// otal assets ///ote //iii/ Cost of coal operation Total cost of sales Coal purchased Power cost Others

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 (Expressed in RMB)

5 SEGMENT AND OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(c) Other information (Continued)

Notes:

- (i) Profit from operations is calculated as revenue minus cost of sales, selling expenses, general and administrative expenses, research and development costs, loss allowances and impairment of assets.
- Capital expenditures consist of addition in property, plant and equipment, construction in process, exploration and evaluation assets, intangible assets, long-term deferred expense and land use rights and prepayment for mining projects.
- (iii) Unallocated items of total assets include deferred tax assets and other unallocated corporate assets. Unallocated items of total liabilities include deferred tax liabilities and other unallocated corporate liabilities.

6 COST OF SALES

	Six months ended 30 June			
	2021	2020		
	RMB million	RMB million		
Coal purchased	41,522	19,111		
Materials, fuel and power	10,996	9,440		
Personnel expenses	8,260	6,608		
Depreciation and amortisation	8,489	8,350		
Repairs and maintenance	5,170	4,328		
Transportation charges	8,391	6,753		
Taxes and surcharges	6,782	5,088		
Other operating costs	13,167	10,279		
	102.777	69,957		

7 OTHER INCOME

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2021 RMB million	2020 RMB million	
Government grants Claim income Others	114 83 112	219 23 55	
	309	297	

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 (Expressed in RMB)

8 FINANCE COSTS

	Six months end	Six months ended 30 June			
	2021 RMB million	2020 RMB million			
Interest expense Less: amount capitalised	1,431 (442)	1,126 (235)			
	989	891			
Others Unwinding of discount Exchange gain, net	43 145 (81)	35 82 (4)			
	1,096	1,004			

9 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	Six months ended 30 June			
	2021 RMB million	2020 RMB million		
Current tax, mainly PRC enterprise income tax (Over)/under provision in respect of prior year Deferred tax	7,964 (1,465) (152)	6,415 45 47		
	6,347	6,507		

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate applicable for PRC group entities is 25% (six months ended 30 June 2020: 25%) except for subsidiaries and branches operating in the western developing region of the PRC which are entitled to a preferential tax rate of 15% from 2011 to 2020.

On 23 April 2020, the relevant government and tax authorities issued an announcement (Announcement [2020] No.23 of Ministry of Finance, State Taxation Administration, and National Development and Reform Commission), according to which the future periods of application of the preferential tax rate of 15% will be extended for another 10 years from 2021 to 2030, if the companies' main business are included in the "Catalogue of Encouraged Industries in the Western Region (2020 Version)", which came into effect since 1 March 2021 with new encouraged industries applicable to the coal subsidiaries and branches of the Company.

As at 30 June 2021, some of the coal subsidiaries and branches of the Company engaged in coal mining have obtained the approval from the relevant government and tax authorities and are entitled to enjoy the preferential tax rate of 15%. Meanwhile, some other coal subsidiaries of the Company are still in the process of obtaining the approval.

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 (Expressed in RMB)

9 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

The applicable tax rates of the Group's overseas subsidiaries are as follows:

	Six months end	Six months ended 30 June			
	2021	2020			
	%	%			
Australia	30.0	30.0			
Indonesia	22.0	25.0			
United States	21.0	21.0			
Russia	20.0	20.0			
Hong Kong	8.25/16.5*	8.25/16.5*			

During the six months ended 30 June 2021 and 2020, there was no significant assessable profit and provision for income tax for the overseas subsidiaries.

⁴ The two-tiered profits tax rates regime is applicable from the year of assessment 2018/19 onwards. The profits tax rate for the first HKD2,000,000 of profits of corporations will be lowered to 8.25%, and profits above that amount will continue to be subject to the tax rate of 16.5%.

10 PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD

Profit for the period has been arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	Six months en	ded 30 June
	2021 RMB million	2020 RMB million
Personnel expenses, including – contributions to defined contribution plans	14,605 1,742	12,194 1,103
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets	8,951 346	8,991 336
Amortisation of other non-current assets	205 471	202 489
Depreciation and amortisation charged for the period Less: amount capitalised	9,973 25	10,018 22
Depreciation and amortisation (Note)	9,948	9,996

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for the six months ended 30 June 2021 *(Expressed in RMB)*

10 PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD (CONTINUED)

	Six months end	ded 30 June
	2021 RMB million	2020 RMB million
Loss allowances, net of reversal		
 Loas anowances, net of reversal Loans receivables and interbank certificate of deposits 	_	2
 Trade and other receivables 	(17)	271
	(17)	273
Other (gains) and losses, represent		
– (gains)/losses on disposal of property, plant and		
equipment, exploration and evaluation assets, intangible		
assets and non-current assets	(458)	55
– gains on disposal of financial assets at FVTPL	-	(457)
 gains on disposal of derivative financial instruments 	-	(20)
 losses on changes in fair value of financial assets 	-	179
 impairment losses on construction in progress 	-	6
– impairment losses on intangible assets	-	1
	(458)	(236)
Carrying amount of inventories sold	87,311	51,201
Operating lease changes relating to short-term leases, leases		
of low-value assets and variable lease payments	116	121
Exchange gain, net	(81)	(4)

Note:

Cost of sales included an amount of depreciation and amortisation of RMB8,489 million for the six months ended 30 June 2020: RMB8,350 million).

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 (Expressed in RMB)

11 DIVIDENDS

During the current interim period, a final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2020 of RMB1.81 per ordinary share totaling RMB35,962 million (six months ended 30 June 2020: RMB1.26 per ordinary share totaling RMB25,061 million in respect of the year ended 31 December 2019) was approved at the annual general meeting held on 25 June 2021 and paid in full by August 2021.

The Directors have determined that no dividend will be paid in respect of the current interim period (six months ended 30 June 2020: Nil).

12 EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company of RMB26,500 million (six months ended 30 June 2020: RMB20,370 million) and the 19,869 million ordinary shares in issue (net off repurchased shares) during the six months ended 30 June 2021 (six months ended 30 June 2020: 19,890 million shares).

No diluted earnings per share is presented as there were no potential ordinary shares in existence for both periods.

13 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

During the six months ended 30 June 2021, the additions of property, plant and equipment (excluding transferred from construction in progress) and construction in progress amounted to RMB5,586 million (six months ended 30 June 2020: RMB863 million) and RMB5,566 million (six months ended 30 June 2020: RMB2,761 million), respectively. The cost and net book value of the disposals of property, plant and equipment amounted to RMB428 million and RMB341 million, respectively (six months ended 30 June 2020: RMB596 million and RMB465 million).

The Group is in the process of applying for the title certificates of certain of its properties with an aggregate carrying amount of RMB4,071 million as at 30 June 2021 (31 December 2020: RMB4,002 million). The Directors are of the opinion that the Group is entitled to lawfully and validly occupy or use the above mentioned properties.

As at 30 June 2021, the Group is in the process of obtaining requisite permits for certain of its power plants and railways from the relevant government authorities. The Directors are of the opinion that the Group will be able to obtain the requisite permits in due course.

No impairment loss was recognised by the Group during the six months ended 30 June 2021 (six months ended 30 June 2020: Nil).

As at 30 June 2021, the Group has bank loans secured by the Group's property, plant and equipment with carrying amount of RMB849 million (31 December 2020: RMB893 million).

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 *(Expressed in RMB)*

14 INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

	30 June 2021 <i>RMB million</i>	31 December 2020 <i>RMB million</i>
Unlisted shares, at cost Share of post-acquisition profits and other comprehensive	47,763	47,380
income, net of dividend received	2,873	2,176
	50,636	49,556

	Proportion of ownership interest and voting power held by the Group		
Name of associate	30 June 2021 %	31 December 2020 %	Principal activities
Beijing Guodian Power Co., Ltd.	42.53	42.53	Generation and sale of electricity
Haoji Railway Co., Ltd.	12.50	12.50	Provision of transportation service
Shendong Tianlong Group Co., Ltd.	20.39	20.39	Production and sale of coal
Sichuan Guang'an Power Co., Ltd.	20.00	20.00	Generation and sale of electricity
Guohua (Hebei) Renewables Co., Ltd.	25.00	25.00	Generation and sale of electricity
Tianjin Yuanhua Shipping Co., Ltd.	43.83	43.83	Provision of transportation service
Inner Mongolia Yili Chemical Industry Co., Ltd.	25.00	25.00	Production and sale of chemicals
Suizhong Power Generation Co., Ltd.	15.00	15.00	Generation and sale of electricity
Inner Mongolia Guohua Hulunbeler Power Generation Co., Ltd.	20.00	20.00	Generation and sale of electricity
China Energy Finance Co., Ltd. ("Finance Company")	40.00	40.00	Provision of comprehensive financial service

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 (Expressed in RMB)

15 OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

	30 June 2021 <i>RMB million</i>	31 December 2020 <i>RMB million</i>
Prepayments in connection with construction work,		
equipment purchases and others (Note (i))	9,392	9,807
Prepayment for mining projects	6,381	10,171
Deductible VAT and other tax	486	631
Long-term entrusted loans <i>(Note (ii))</i>	400	400
Service concession receivables (Note (iii))	12,331	11,044
Goodwill	235	235
Long-term deferred expenses (Note (iv))	3,328	3,602
	32,553	35,890

Notes:

(i) At 30 June 2021, the Group had prepayments to subsidiaries of China Energy Group ("fellow subsidiaries") amounting to RMB161 million (31 December 2020: RMB156 million).

- (ii) The Group has a long-term entrusted loan of RMB400 million to an associate through a PRC state-owned bank, with an interest rate of 4.75% per annum. The applicable interest rate is determined in accordance with the prevailing interest rates published by People's Bank of China (the "PBOC").
- (iii) Pursuant to the Power Purchase Agreements entered between certain power plants of the Group and PT Perusahaan Listrik Negara (Persero) ("PLN"), an independent third party, certain power plants of the Group build power plants to supply electricity to PLN for a 25–30 years period from the power plant's commercial operation date under the service concession scheme. Service concession receivables represents service provided in connection with the service concession arrangement, for which a guaranteed minimum payments have been agreed. Due to the length of the payment plans, receivables are the present value of future guaranteed cash receipts discounted using effective interest rate.
- (iv) The movement of long-term deferred expenses during the period/year as follows:

	30 June 2021 <i>RMB million</i>	31 December 2020 <i>RMB million</i>
At the beginning of the period/year	3,602	3,667
Additions	203	884
Amortisation	(471)	(946)
Disposal	(6)	(1)
Classified as assets held for sale	-	(2)
At the end of the period/year	3,328	3,602

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 (Expressed in RMB)

16 **RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS**

The right-of-use assets represent land use rights paid to the PRC's government authorities and the leased assets. The Group is in the process of applying for the title certificates of certain land use rights certificates with an aggregate carrying amount of RMB1,426 million as at 30 June 2021 (31 December 2020: RMB1,739 million). The Directors are of the opinion that the Group is entitled to lawfully and validly occupy or use the above mentioned lands.

As at 30 June 2021, the Group has no bank loans or other loans secured by the Group's right-of-use assets (31 December 2020: RMB810 million).

17 INVENTORIES

	30 June 2021 <i>RMB million</i>	31 December 2020 <i>RMB million</i>
Coal Materials and supplies Others <i>(Note)</i>	6,795 9,219 1,025	5,236 8,750 906
	17,039	14,892
Less: Write-down of inventories	(2,064)	(2,142)
	14,975	12,750

Note: Others mainly represent properties under development.

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 (Expressed in RMB)

ACCOUNTS AND BILLS RECEIVABLES 18

	30 June 2021 <i>RMB million</i>	31 December 2020 <i>RMB million</i>
Accounts receivable – China Energy Group and fellow subsidiaries – Associates – Third parties	2,642 396 8,478	2,574 407 6,116
	11,516	9,097
Less: allowance for credit losses	(1,295)	(1,299)
	10,221	7,798
Bills receivable		
 China Energy Group and fellow subsidiaries Third parties 	154 2,249	65 3,896
	2,403	3,961
	12,624	11,759

As at 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020, accounts and bills receivables from contracts with customers amounted to RMB13,919 million and RMB13,058 million, respectively.

Bills receivable were mainly issued by PRC banks and are expiring within one year. As at 30 June 2021, no bills receivable was pledged to secure bills payable.

As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade receivables, based on the invoice date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

	30 June 2021 <i>RMB million</i>	31 December 2020 <i>RMB million</i>
Less than one year	9,325	6,972
One to two years	201	125
Two to three years	116	84
More than three years	579	617
	10,221	7,798

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for the six months ended 30 June 2021 *(Expressed in RMB)*

19 PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

	30 June 2021 <i>RMB million</i>	31 December 2020 <i>RMB million</i>
Financial assets measured at amortised cost		
 Service concession receivables (Note 15(iii)) 	1,988	1,512
– Entrusted Ioans <i>(Note)</i>	37	37
 Other receivables due from associates 	389	470
– Amount due from China Energy Group	-	1,417
- Other receivables	2,176	1,528
	4,590	4,964
Other loans	4,500	4,500
Prepaid expenses and deposits	7,281	4,999
Deductible VAT and other tax	2,860	3,017
	19,231	17,480

Note:

As at 30 June 2021, the Group had a entrusted loans to a third party through PRC state-owned banks as follows:

	Starting date	Due date	Interest rates	Amount RMB million
Entrusted loans to a third party	13/02/2014	On demand	6%	37

20 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position and the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows comprise cash at bank and in hand, and time deposits with original maturity within three months.

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21 BORROWINGS

An analysis of the Group's borrowings is as follows:

	30 June 2021 <i>RMB million</i>	31 December 2020 <i>RMB million</i>
Current borrowings: – Short-term bank and other borrowings – Current portion of long-term borrowings	2,946 3,773	5,043 3,804
	6,719	8,847
Non-current borrowings: – Long-term borrowings, less current portion	51,686	50,251
	58,405	59,098
Secured Unsecured	10,499 47,906	10,920 48,178
	58,405	59,098

The exposure of the long-term borrowings and the contractual maturity dates:

	30 June 2021 <i>RMB million</i>	31 December 2020 <i>RMB million</i>
Within one year	3,773	3,804
More than one year, but not exceeding two years	5,497	4,815
More than two years, but not exceeding five years	7,201	10,280
More than five years	38,988	35,156
	55,459	54,055

As at 30 June 2021, the Group had entrusted loans from China Energy Group and fellow subsidiaries amounting to RMB21,994 million.

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 *(Expressed in RMB)*

22 ACCOUNTS AND BILLS PAYABLES

	30 June 2021 <i>RMB million</i>	31 December 2020 <i>RMB million</i>
Accounts payable		
 China Energy Group, associates of China Energy Group 		
and fellow subsidiaries, and associates of the Group	2,703	2,510
- Third parties	25,955	25,362
	28,658	27,872
Bills payable	1,126	1,108
	29,784	28,980

The following is an ageing analysis of accounts and bills payables, presented based on invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

	30 June 2021 <i>RMB million</i>	31 December 2020 <i>RMB million</i>
	05.440	04.004
Less than one year	25,416	24,621
One to two years	1,047	671
Two to three years	359	459
More than three years	2,962	3,229
	29,784	28,980

23 ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER PAYABLES

	30 June 2021 <i>RMB million</i>	31 December 2020 <i>RMB million</i>
Accrued staff wages and welfare benefits	6,359	4,359
Accrued interests	237	263
Taxes payable other than income tax	4,343	4,154
Dividends payable	37,349	1,422
Other accrued expenses and payables	13,806	8,751
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	62,094	18,949

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24 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

	30 June 2021 <i>RMB million</i>	31 December 2020 <i>RMB million</i>
Payables for acquisition of mining rights (Note (i))	4,518	742
Deferred income (Note (ii))	1,385	1,431
Defined benefit plans	5	6
Others	715	1,171
	6,623	3,350
Analysed for reporting purpose as:		
– Current liabilities	379	689
– Non-current liabilities	6,244	2,661
	6,623	3,350

Notes:

- (i) The balances mainly represent the payables for acquisition of mining rights which are to be settled over the period of production set out in the contracts on an annual basis. The annual payment is determined by fixed rates on a per tonne basis with reference to the annual production volume of the acquired mines in the acquisition agreements.
- (ii) Deferred income mainly represents grants provided by several local governments in the PRC to encourage the construction of non-current assets.

25 ACCRUED RECLAMATION OBLIGATIONS

The accrual for reclamation costs has been determined based on management's best estimates. However, so far as the effect on the land from current mining activities becomes apparent in future periods, the estimate of the associated costs may be subject to change. Accordingly, the actual costs and cash flows may differ from estimates. The Directors believe that the accrued reclamation obligations at 30 June 2021 are adequate and appropriate.

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26 SHARE CAPITAL

	30 June 2021 <i>RMB million</i>
Registered, issued and fully paid: 16,491,037,955 domestic listed A shares of RMB1.00 each 3,377,482,000 H shares of RMB1.00 each	16,491 3,378
	19,869
	31 December 2020 <i>RMB million</i>
Registered, issued and fully paid: 16,491,037,955 domestic listed A shares of RMB1.00 each 3,398,582,500 H shares of RMB1.00 each	16,491 3,399
	19,890

The Company repurchased its own ordinary shares on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong during the period from November to December 2020, the repurchase was governed by section 257 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. In March 2021, the Company has completed the cancellation procedures for all the repurchased own shares.

All A shares and H shares rank pari passu in all material aspects.

27 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business.

The Group manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares to reduce debts.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio which is total liabilities divided by total assets. The Group aims to maintain the gearing ratio at a reasonable level. The Group's gearing ratio as at 30 June 2021 was 30% (31 December 2020: 24%).

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28 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

(a) Capital commitments

As at 30 June 2021, the Group had capital commitments for land, buildings and mining rights, equipment and other as follows:

	30 June 2021 <i>RMB million</i>	31 December 2020 <i>RMB million</i>
Contracted for but not provided		
– Land, buildings and mining rights	40,527	30,737
– Equipment	18,825	21,918
– Other <i>(Note)</i>	3,653	
	63,005	52,655
Authorised but not contracted for		
– Other <i>(Note)</i>	-	4,000
	63,005	56,655

Note:

On 22 January 2021, the Company entered into a partnership agreement as a limited partner with other partners to participate in the establishment of Beijing Guoneng New Energy Industry Investment Fund Partnership (Limited Partnership), the committed investment payments under which amounted to RMB3,653 million (31 December 2020: RMB4,000 million) as at 30 June 2021.

(b) Financial guarantees issued

As at 30 June 2021, the Group had issued certain guarantees in respect of certain banking facilities granted to an entity of which the Group held less than 20% equity interest. The maximum amount guaranteed is RMB136 million (31 December 2020: RMB144 million).

(c) Legal contingencies

The Group is the defendant in certain lawsuits as well as the plaintiff in other proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. While the outcomes of such contingencies, lawsuits or other proceedings cannot be determined at present, management believes that any resulting liabilities will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position or operating results of the Group.

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28 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

(d) Environmental contingencies

To date, the Group has not incurred any significant expenditure for environmental remediation, is currently not involved in any environmental remediation, and apart from the provision for land reclamation costs, has not accrued any further amounts for environmental remediation relating to its operations. Under the existing legislation, management believes that there are no probable liabilities that will have a material adverse effect on the financial position or operating results of the Group. The regulatory bodies, however, have moved, and may move further towards the adoption of more stringent environmental standards. Environmental liabilities are subject to considerable uncertainties which affect the Group's ability to estimate the ultimate cost of remediation efforts. These uncertainties include (i) the exact nature and extent of the contamination at various sites including, but not limited to coal mines and land development areas, whether operating, closed or sold; (ii) the extent of required cleanup efforts; (iii) varying costs of alternative remediation strategies; (iv) changes in environmental remediation requirements; and (v) the identification of new remediation sites. The amount of such future cost is indeterminable due to such factors as the unknown magnitude of possible contamination and the unknown timing and extent of the corrective actions that may be required. Accordingly, the outcome of environmental liabilities under future environmental legislation cannot reasonably be estimated at present, and could be material.

for the six months ended 30 June 2021 (Expressed in RMB)

29 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in IFRS 13, Fair value measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

	RMB million	RMB million		
	30 June 2021	31 December 2020		Valuation technique(s) and key input(s)
• Level 3 valuations:	Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs.			
Level 2 valuations:	fail to meet Leve	el 1, and not us	ing signific	. observable inputs which ant unobservable inputs. rket data are not available.
Level 1 valuations:		markets for id		its i.e. unadjusted quoted sets or liabilities at the

Equity instruments at fair 1,915 value through other comprehensive income	1,845 Level 3 Market comparison approach. Fair value is estimated based on value of comparable listed companies, multiples and discounted for lack of liquidity.
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During the year ended 31 December 2020 and the six months ended 30 June 2021, there were no transfer between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3.

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

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30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Transactions with China Energy Group, associates of China Energy Group, fellow subsidiaries and associates of the Group

The Group is controlled by China Energy Group and has significant transactions and relationships with China Energy Group, associates of China Energy Group and fellow subsidiaries. Related parties refer to enterprises over which China Energy Group is able to exercise significant influence or control. The Group also has entered into transactions with its associates, over which the Group can exercise significant influence.

The Group had the following transactions with China Energy Group, associates of China Energy Group, fellow subsidiaries, and associates of the Group during both periods:

		Six months ended 30 June		
	Note	2021 RMB million	2020 RMB million	
Interest income	(i)	186	439	
Income from an entrusted loan	(ii)	9	433	
Interest expense	(iii)	427	199	
Purchases of ancillary materials and spare	(111)	727	100	
parts	(i∨)	507	506	
Ancillary and social services	(∨)	477	294	
Transportation service income	(vi)	293	722	
Transportation service expense	(vii)	1,349	87	
Sale of coal	(viii)	38,756	24,814	
Purchase of coal	(ix)	7,215	3,606	
Property leasing	(x)	29	34	
Repairs and maintenance service expense	(xi)	28	-	
Coal export agency expense	(xii)	2	2	
Purchase of equipment and construction				
work	(xiii)	280	81	
Sale of coal chemical product	(xiv)	2,494	1,859	
Other income	(XV)	1,387	962	
Granting of loans from Finance Company	(xvi)	-	12,550	
Repayment of loans from Finance Company	(xvii)	-	12,346	
Net deposits received by Finance Company	(xviii)	-	21,044	
Net deposits placed with Finance Company	(xix)	7,523	-	
Granting of Loans from China Energy Group	(xx)	5,855	_	
Repayment of loans from China Energy				
Group	(xxi)	4,220	-	

 Interest income represents interest earned from loans to China Energy Group and fellow subsidiaries. The applicable interest rate is determined in accordance with the prevailing interest rates published by the PBOC.

 Income from an entrusted loan represents interest earned from an entrusted loan to an associate of the Group. The applicable interest rate is determined in accordance with the prevailing interest rates published by the PBOC.

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30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(a) Transactions with China Energy Group, associates of China Energy Group, fellow subsidiaries and associates of the Group (Continued)

- (iii) Interest expense represents interest incurred from deposits placed and loans from China Energy Group and fellow subsidiaries. The applicable interest rate is determined in accordance with the prevailing interest rates published by the PBOC.
- (iv) Purchases of ancillary materials and spare parts represent purchase of materials and utility supplies related to the Group's operations from fellow subsidiaries and associates of China Energy Group.
- (v) Ancillary and social services represent expenditures for social welfare and support services such as property management, water and electricity supply, and canteen expense paid to China Energy Group, fellow subsidiaries and an associate of China Energy Group.
- (vi) Transportation service income represents income earned from fellow subsidiaries in respect of coal transportation services.
- (vii) Transportation service expense represents expenses paid to fellow subsidiaries in respect of coal transportation services.
- (viii) Sale of coal represents income from sale of coal to fellow subsidiaries and associates of China Energy Group.
- (ix) Purchase of coal represents coal purchased from associates of the Group, an associate China Energy Group and fellow subsidiaries.
- (x) Property leasing expense represents rental paid or payable in respect of properties leased from fellow subsidiaries.
- (xi) Repairs and maintenance services expense represents expense related to machinery repairs and maintenance services.
- (xii) Coal export agency expense represents expense related to coal export agency services provided by a fellow subsidiary.
- (xiii) Purchase of equipment and construction work represents expenditure related to equipment and construction service provided by fellow subsidiaries.
- (xiv) Sale of coal chemical product represents income from sale of coal chemical product to fellow subsidiaries.
- (xv) Other income includes agency income, repairs and maintenance service income, sales of ancillary materials and spare parts, management fee income, sales of water and electricity, financial service income, lease income, etc. earned from China Energy Group, associates of China Energy Group and fellow subsidiaries.
- (xvi) Granting of loans from Finance Company represents loans granted by Finance Company to China Energy Group and fellow subsidiaries before Finance Company was deconsolidated from the Group's consolidated financial statements at 1 September 2020.
- (xvii) Repayment of loans from Finance Company represents loans repaid by China Energy Group and fellow subsidiaries to Finance Company before Finance Company was deconsolidated from the Group's consolidated financial statements at 1 September 2020.

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30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(a) Transactions with China Energy Group, associates of China Energy Group, fellow subsidiaries and associates of the Group (Continued)

- (xviii) Net deposits received by Finance Company represents net deposits received by Finance Company from China Energy Group and fellow subsidiaries before Finance Company was deconsolidated from the Group's consolidated financial statements at 1 September 2020.
- (xix) Net deposits placed with Finance Company represents net deposits placed by the Group with Finance Company after Finance Company was deconsolidated from the Group's consolidated financial statements at 1 September 2020.
- (xx) Granting of loans from China Energy Group.
- (xxi) Repayment of loans from China Energy Group.

The Directors are of the opinion that the above transactions with related parties were conducted in the ordinary course of business and in accordance with the agreements governing such transactions.

Amounts due from/to China Energy Group, associates of China Energy Group, fellow subsidiaries and associates of the Group:

	30 June 2021 <i>RMB million</i>	31 December 2020 <i>RMB million</i>
Cash and time deposits at bank	27,249	19,726
Accounts and bills receivables Prepaid expenses and other current assets Other non-current assets	2,881 1,179 442	2,735 920 704
Total amounts due from China Energy Group, an associate of China Energy Group, fellow subsidiaries and associates of the Group	31,751	24,085
	31,751	24,000
Borrowings Accounts payable Accrued expenses and other payables Contract liabilities	21,994 2,703 25,692 1,551	20,359 2,510 578 896
Total amounts due to China Energy Group, an associate of China Energy Group, fellow subsidiaries and associates of the Group	51,940	24,343

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30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(b) Key management personnel emoluments

Key management personnel receive compensation in the form of fees, basic salaries, housing and other allowances, benefits in kind, discretionary bonuses and retirement scheme contributions.

Key management personnel compensation of the Group during the period is summarised as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2021 202	
	RMB million	RMB million
Short-term employee benefits	6	4

Total remuneration is included in "personnel expenses" as disclosed in Note 10.

(c) Contributions to post-employment benefit plans

The Group participates in various defined contribution post-employment benefit plans organised by municipal and provincial governments and a supplemental defined contribution pension plan approved by the government for its employees. Further details of the Group's post-employment benefit plans are disclosed in Note 31.

(d) Transactions with other government-related entities in the PRC

The Company is ultimately controlled by the PRC government and the Group operates in an economic environment currently predominated by government-related entities.

Other than those transactions with China Energy Group, an associate of China Energy Group, fellow subsidiaries and associates of the Group as disclosed above, the Group conducts business with other government-related entities which include but are not limited to the following:

- Power sales;
- Sales and purchases of coal;
- Transportation services;
- Construction work;
- Purchases of ancillary materials and spare parts;
- Ancillary and social services; and
- Financial services arrangements.

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30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(d) Transactions with other government-related entities in the PRC (continued)

These transactions are conducted in the ordinary course of the Group's business on terms comparable to those with other entities that are not government-related. The Group has established its pricing policies in respect of sale of goods and provision of services, and approval process for purchases of products and services. Such policies and approval process apply to all counterparties regardless of whether the counterparty is government-related or not.

Having considered the potential for transactions to be impacted by related party relationships, the Group's buying, pricing strategy and approval process, and what information would be necessary for an understanding of the potential effect of the relationship on the financial statements, the Directors are of the opinion that the following transactions with other government-related entities require disclosure:

(i) Transactions with other government-related entities, including state-owned banks in the PRC

	Six months ended 30 June	
_	2021 202	
	RMB million	RMB million
Coal revenue	46,348	33,733
Power revenue	25,196	20,473
Transportation costs	5,065	4,637
Interest income	938	598
Interest expenses (including amount capitalised)	888	1,332

(ii) Balances with other government-related entities, including state-owned banks in the PRC

	30 June 2021 <i>RMB million</i>	31 December 2020 <i>RMB million</i>
Accounts and bills receivables	2,717	3,134
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	4,665	7,468
Cash and time deposits at banks	158,430	103,590
Restricted bank deposits	2,820	3,391
Borrowings	35,439	39,067
Accrued expenses and other payables	2,040	1,528
Contract liabilities	3,077	1,278

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31 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS PLAN

The Group participates, in line with the regulations of the PRC, mainly in various defined contribution retirement plans organised by municipal and provincial governments for its employees. The Group is required to make contributions to the retirement plans at 16% of the salaries, bonuses and certain allowances of the employees. In addition, as approved by the government, the Group makes contribution to a supplemental defined contribution pension plan for its employees. The fund is managed by a qualified fund manager. The Group has no other material obligation for the payment of pension benefits associated with these plans beyond the annual contributions described above. The Group's contributions for the six months ended 30 June 2021 were RMB1,742 million (six months ended 30 June 2020: RMB1,103 million).

Section XI Documents Available for Inspection

Documents available for The financial statements signed and sealed by the Chairman, the chief inspection accountant and the head of the accounting institution

The original copy of the review report issued by the accounting firm The original copies of all documents and announcements of the Company publicly disclosed during the reporting period The interim report for the year 2021 publiched on the websites of SSE and HK

The interim report for the year 2021 published on the websites of SSE and HKEx

Wang Xiangxi, Chairman Approval date of the board of directors for submission: 27 August 2021