

About Us

Shenzhen Investment Holdings Bay Area Development Company Limited (the "Company", formerly known as Hopewell Highway Infrastructure Limited) was incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability and listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited since 6 August 2003 with stock codes 737 (HKD counter) and 80737 (RMB counter). The ultimate parent company of the Company is Shenzhen Investment Holdings Company Limited.

The Company is principally engaged in expressway business and adopts development strategies focusing on the infrastructure and correlated business as well as land development and utilisation along the GS Superhighway within the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area.

Contents

Business Review
Financial Review
Interim Dividend and Closure of Register
Other Information
Report on Review of Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
Appendix — Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Information (Prepared under Proportionate Consolidation Method)
5-Year Financial Summary
Glossary
Corporate Information
Financial Calendar

Business Review

Overall Business Performance

In the first half of 2021, the aggregate average daily toll revenue of the GS Superhighway and the GZ West Superhighway increased significantly by 103% YoY to RMB11.37 million and the total toll revenue amounted to RMB2.06 billion. The significant increase in toll revenue was mainly due to the fact that toll free policies introduced by the PRC government in light of the COVID-19 pandemic last year, which included the policy of waiver of tolls on toll roads nationwide for 79 days in total from 17 February 2020 to 5 May 2020 and the Holiday Toll-free Policy for small passenger vehicles with 7 seats or less during the Lunar New Year holiday in 2020, extending from the original 7 days to 16 days, resulting in a low comparison base as compared to normal toll fees collection during the corresponding period in 2021. The average daily toll revenue and average daily full-length equivalent traffic of the GS Superhighway grew 101% and 98% YoY to RMB7.74 million and 89,000 vehicles respectively; the average daily toll revenue and average daily full-length equivalent traffic of the GZ West Superhighway grew 106% and 89% YoY to RMB3.64 million and 51,000 vehicles respectively.

During the period under review, in order to prevent the spread of COVID-19 pandemic due to the flow of people, the PRC government encouraged people to stay local during the Lunar New Year holiday, which led to a lower traffic flow in the GS Superhighway and the GZ West Superhighway during the Spring Festival travel rush this year than its pre-pandemic level. Besides, Guangdong province saw a rebound of COVID-19 cases since late May 2021, with local confirmed cases reported in Guangzhou, Foshan, Dongguan and Shenzhen. In an effort to mitigate the risk of spreading COVID-19 pandemic, the governments tightened the preventive and control measures again and imposed restrictions on cross-region movement and intra-city travel, resulting in the decrease in traffic flow and toll revenue of the GS Superhighway and the GZ West Superhighway.

During the period under review, the Group's shared aggregate net toll revenue was RMB931 million, up 102% YoY. Contributions from the GS Superhighway and the GZ West Superhighway were 66% and 34% respectively.

Year	First half of 2020	First half of 2021	% Change
At JV level			
GS Superhighway			
Average daily toll revenue# (RMB '000)	3,847	7,735	+101%
Average daily full-length equivalent traffic*			
(No. of vehicles '000)	45	89	+98%
GZ West Superhighway			
Average daily toll revenue# (RMB '000)	1,762	3,636	+106%
Average daily full-length equivalent traffic*			
(No. of vehicles '000)	27	51	+89%

[#] Including tax

Operating Environment

Domestic and External Economic Situation

Being benefited from the accommodative monetary policies and the stimulation of fiscal policies across the world, major economies have continued to recover in the first half of 2021. However, the global economic prospect and a broad-based recovery of the world economy is clouded by the central banks' recent indication of monetary policy changes, the debate ramps up by the Federal Reserve over tapering large scale asset purchases, intensified political and economic competition among nations, as well as the threats imposed by variants of COVID-19. In spite of that, Mainland China's economy continued to expand. Driven by the rapid growth of industrial production, robust growth of imports and exports, as well as the stable recovery of the consumption market, Mainland China and Guangdong province delivered strong economic growth in the first half of the year. Mainland China's GDP grew by 12.7% in the first half of 2021, while that of Guangdong province increased by 13.0%, which outperformed other major economies in the world. Under the circumstance that domestic circulation to dominant and domestic and international dual-circulation reinforcing each other, the consumption-led economic development is becoming more significant and strong foreign trade performance also fuels the economic growth of Mainland China. The needs for transportation also increase at the same time, which provides support for the stable development in expressway industry. The GS Superhighway and GZ West Superhighway of the Group, linking core cities across the Guangdong province, will continue to play a crucial role in supporting the economic development and promoting regional linkages, and benefit from the favourable economic environment simultaneously. Nevertheless, the situation of COVID-19 pandemic remains unstable with the emergence of variants of COVID-19, causing uncertainties in the performance of the economy and expressway business.

^{*} Average daily full-length equivalent traffic is defined as the total distance travelled by all vehicles on the expressway divided by the full length of the expressway and the total number of days in the period under review. It can better reflect road usage as it takes into account total travelling distance by all vehicles on the expressway and is a standard operational statistic used throughout the industry

Development of the Bay Area

The construction of the Bay Area is a major national development strategy. Its regional development is driven by four core cities, namely Hong Kong, Macao, Guangzhou and Shenzhen and is also composed of important hub cities such as Zhuhai, Foshan, Huizhou, Dongguan, Zhongshan, Jiangmen and Zhaoqing, with a total area of approximately 56,000 square kilometres and a total population of more than 86 million at the end of 2020. In 2020, the GDP of the area exceeded RMB11 trillion, which most of the cities maintained growth despite the influence of the COVID-19 pandemic and accounted for approximately 12% of Mainland China's GDP. It is one of the most active regions in the PRC in terms of economy with remarkable regional advantages and great development potential.



- * Include HKSAR, Macao SAR, Guangzhou, Shenzhen, Zhuhai, Dongguan, Huizhou, Zhongshan, Foshan, Zhaoqing and Jiangmen
- ^ Calculated based on the average exchange rate of RMB1 to HKD1.1248 in 2020 (Census and Statistics Department, HKSAR)
- # Calculated based on the average exchange rate of RMB1 to MOP1.157507 in 2020 (Statistics and Census Service, Macao SAR)

 Source: Statistics Bureau of Guangdong Province, Census and Statistics Department, HKSAR, Statistics and Census Service, Macao SAR

Business Review

The construction plan for the Bay Area has also been incorporated in the "14th Five-Year Plan" of the PRC and Guangdong province. The "Outline of the 14th Five-Year Plan for National Economic and Social Development of the People's Republic of China and the Long-Range Objectives Through the Year 2035" announced in March this year included sections regarding actively and steadily taking forward the development of the Bay Area, which outlined strategies to strengthen the coordinated development of industries, academia and research institutes in Guangdong, Hong Kong and Macao, to improve the "Two Corridors and Two Poles" framework system which comprises the Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong, Guangzhou-Zhuhai-Macao Innovation and Technology Corridors and the Shenzhen-Hong Kong Loop, Guangdong-Macao-Henggin Innovation and Technology Poles, to promote the setting up of an integrated national science centre, to facilitate the cross-boundary exchange of innovative elements, and to deepen the customs clearance reforms so as to facilitate effective and convenient flow of people, goods and vehicles. In addition, the "Outline of the 14th Five-Year Plan for National Economic and Social Development of Guangdong Province and the Long-Range Objectives Through the Year 2035" announced in April this year specified the role of the Bay Area as the main platform to promote Guangdong province as the driving force for the high-quality development of national economy. Participating in the domestic circulation as well as the domestic and international dual-circulation, and establishing strategic anchors for new development layout, provides strong support for the overall construction of socialist modernisation. In terms of optimising the spatial layout in urbanisation, it is proposed to accelerate the construction of a world-class city cluster and modern metropolitan areas, and to expand five metropolitan areas including Guangzhou, Shenzhen and west coasts of the Pearl River, with a view to giving full play of the role of core cities in fostering development of peripheral regions and boosting the regional economy. The GS Superhighway and the GZ West Superhighway are the main corridors in the east and west coasts of the Bay Area, the operating performance of the Group's expressways will be strongly underpinned by the comprehensive long-term development plan for the Bay Area, laying a solid foundation for the stable development of the Group's business over the long term.

Latest Updates on Industry Policies

Differentiated tariff for expressway

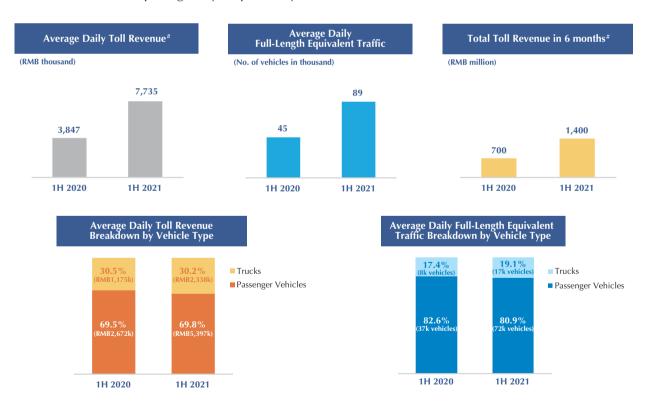
According to the "Plan on Implementing Differentiated Tariff for Expressway Nationwide" jointly promulgated by the Ministry of Transport of the PRC, the National Development and Reform Commission and the Ministry of Finance of the PRC in June 2021, a differentiated tariff scheme shall be adopted for expressway nationwide, with the aim of improving the efficiency of expressway network on an ongoing basis, while reducing the costs of travelling on expressways, and promoting the realisation of cost reduction and efficiency enhancement for the logistics industry. A suitable differentiated tariff scheme for expressway shall be carried out based on road sections, vehicle types, time period, entrances and exits, directions or payment methods. The detailed plans and implementation arrangements of Guangdong province will be published in due course, and the Group will pay close attention to such plans and assess its impacts.

Supportive policies for vehicle sales in Mainland China

With the aim of boosting the vehicle consumption and facilitating the promotion of new energy vehicles usage in rural areas, the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology, the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs, the Ministry of Commerce and the National Energy Administration jointly organised a new round of promotion activities of new energy vehicles in rural areas in March 2021. In the same month, the Development and Reform Commission of Shenzhen Municipality published the "Work Plan for the Promotion and Application of New Energy Vehicles in Shenzhen (2021-2025)", setting out a target that the new energy vehicles will be accounted of approximately 60% of the newly registered vehicles in Shenzhen during the period of "14th Five-Year Plan" and the number of new energy vehicles in Shenzhen will reach approximately 1 million units in 2025. On the other hand, in April 2021, Guangzhou Municipal Transportation Bureau published the "Notice Regarding Increasing the Incremental License Plate Quota for Medium and Small Passenger Vehicles in 2021", according to which, another 30,000 license plates quota will be added in 2021, on top of the exiting 120,000 licence plates quota for each year. Under such policies that promoting new energy vehicles and easing the limits on licence plate quota, the overall car ownership will be further grew, which is favourable to the expressway industry. As reflected in the data of vehicle sales, the sales of vehicles in the Mainland China amounted to approximately 12.89 million units in the first half of 2021, representing a YoY increase of 26%. The overall growth momentum remained relatively strong, in which the sales of new energy vehicles continued to rocket upward, recording a sales volume of 1.2 million units for the first half of 2021, the same level as that of the entire year of 2019.

GS Superhighway

The GS Superhighway is a main expressway connecting the three major cities — Guangzhou, Dongguan and Shenzhen on the eastern bank of Bay Area to Hong Kong. The economy of cities along the expressway maintained solid growth, the GDP of Guangzhou, Dongguan and Shenzhen rose 13.7%, 12.0% and 9.7% YoY respectively in the first half of 2021, underpinning the operation performance of the GS Superhighway. In the first half of 2021, the average daily toll revenue and average daily full-length equivalent traffic of the GS Superhighway grew by 101% and 98% YoY to RMB7.74 million and 89,000 vehicles respectively. Its total toll revenue for the period amounted to RMB1,400 million. The significant YoY increase in toll revenue and traffic volume was mainly due to the implementation of the policy of waiver of tolls from 17 February 2020 to 5 May 2020 pursuant to the notice from the Ministry of Transport of the PRC, and the Holiday Toll-free Policy for small passenger vehicles with 7 seats or less during the Lunar New Year holiday in 2020, which was extended from 7 days to 16 days, resulting in a low comparison base as compared to normal toll fees collection during the corresponding period of 2021. Toll revenue and traffic volume contributed by passenger vehicles accounts for 69.8% and 80.9% of the toll revenue and full-length equivalent traffic of the GS Superhighway respectively. The amount of tolls collected and traffic volume of vehicles using ETC payment cards accounted for approximately 65% and 66% of the toll revenue and traffic volume of the GS Superhighway respectively.



Including tax

Business Review

Guangdong province saw a rebound of COVID-19 cases since late May 2021, with local confirmed cases reported in cities along the GS Superhighway in Guangzhou, Dongguan and Shenzhen. In light of this situation, the governments tightened the preventive and control measures again and imposed restrictions on cross-region movement and intra-city travel, exerting a temporary impact on the toll revenue and traffic flow of the GS Superhighway.

The Shenzhen section Phase I and Dongguan section of Shenzhen Outer Ring Expressway officially opened to traffic at the end of 2020. It is connected to the Guangshen Coastal Expressway in the west and the Huiyan Expressway in the east, and is another east-west expressway located north of Jihe Expressway. Shenzhen Outer Ring Expressway is connected to the Guangshen Coastal Expressway, GS Superhighway, Nanguang Expressway, Longda Expressway and Meiguan Expressway. As the Songgang interchange connecting with the GS Superhighway has not yet been opened, vehicles travelling to the Shenzhen Outer Ring Expressway cannot access to the GS Superhighway at the moment, which has caused diversion impact on the GS Superhighway.

Phase II of the Nanping Highway was open to traffic in July 2021, marking the realisation of full operation of the Nanping Highway. The Nanping Highway is a highway running east-west through the northern part of Nanshan District and linking the Qianhai sub-district. Vehicles can travel to and from the Guangshen Coastal Expressway through roads in the Qianhai sub-district, which may have diversion impacts on the GS Superhighway. Due to the short opening period, the impact is still subject to further observation.

According to the information published by the relevant authorities of the Shenzhen Municipal Government, the Huanggang Port in Shenzhen next to the Huanggang entry and exit point of the GS Superhighway has been demolished for reconstruction. The new passenger clearance building of Huanggang Port is expected to be completed by the end of 2023, which is positioned as a traveler-only checkpoint under the "co-location arrangement", where the cargo inspection function will be cancelled, and will be developed into a super port and integrated transportation hub that radiates the Bay Area and engages globally. The increased passenger clearance capacity at the new port has a positive effect on passenger vehicles travelling to the port through the GS Superhighway. Yet given the cancellation of cargo inspection function, cross-border freight vehicles will no longer require to travel to the port through the GS Superhighway, the Group will closely monitor the specific arrangements in the future and assess the impact on the GS Superhighway.

Business Review

Expansion of GS Superhighway

During the period under review, the expansion of the GS Superhighway continues to advance as planned. The feasibility report of the expansion work is currently subject to further revision pursuant to the comments received from the preliminary review by relevant government departments and subsequent to the revisions, the stage to submit application for work approval will be entered. On the other hand, the survey and design work has been carried out simultaneously to shorten the time for preparatory work and accelerate the project progress in order to strive to officially commence the expansion work in 2022. According to the preliminary feasibility report of the expansion work, the expansion of the GS Superhighway involves 118.2km, from its current 6 lanes in dual directions to 8-12 lanes at different sections, with a preliminary estimated cost of RMB47.1 billion, yet the final construction scale and estimated cost is pending to the official approval by relevant government departments and is to be determined.

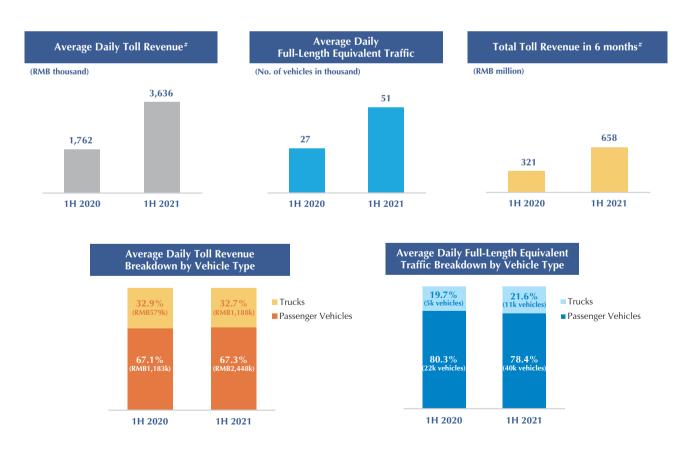
Potential Land Development and Utilisation of GS Superhighway

Studies on the planning of land along the GS Superhighway has combined with the feasibility study on the expansion work of the GS Superhighway in order to promote the planning scheme of the integration of certain interchange transformations and development and utilisation of land simultaneously. The aim is to integrate the expansion with development and utilisation of land, and seek a win-win solution that is in line with the land planning of the local government. Recently, the Company and Guangdong Highway Construction have been focusing on the feasibility of the development and utilisation of lands in Luogang Interchange, Daojiao Interchange, Dongguan Interchange and Tongle Plot, and have further communicated with the relevant government authorities on the planning scheme.

The Guangzhou Xintang project is a demonstration pilot project for traffic transformation and land space composite utilisation of expressways in Guangdong Province. Luogang Interchange which is also located in Guangzhou would reference to the development model of the Xintang project. After the change of land use is implemented by the local government, Luogang Interchange would reconstruct and vacate partial land plots for development, the GS JV shall return the vacated land plots to the government and receive compensation in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations. The Company will then establish a joint venture with Guangdong Highway Construction pursuant to the terms of a memorandum of collaboration entered into in 2019, and participate in the bidding for land use rights after the resumed land plot is put up for auction by the local government. However, the development and utilisation of land is subject to procedures for the change of land use and the obtaining of land use rights for future development according to relevant urban planning and regulations, which remain uncertain at the current stage.

GZ West Superhighway

The GZ West Superhighway is the expressway artery between the city centres of Guangzhou and Zhuhai, and offers access to the HZM Bridge. The economy of cities along the expressway maintained solid growth, the GDP of Guangzhou, Foshan, Zhongshan and Zhuhai rose 13.7%, 17.3%, 16.4% and 12.9% YoY respectively in the first half of 2021, underpinning the stable operation performance of the GZ West Superhighway. In the first half of 2021, the average daily toll revenue and average daily full-length equivalent traffic of the GZ West Superhighway grew by 106% and 89% YoY to RMB3.64 million and 51,000 vehicles respectively. Its total toll revenue for the period amounted to RMB658 million. The significant YoY increase in toll revenue and traffic volume was mainly due to the implementation of the policy of waiver of tolls from 17 February 2020 to 5 May 2020 pursuant to the notice from the Ministry of Transport of the PRC, and the Holiday Toll-free Policy for small passenger vehicles with 7 seats or less during the Lunar New Year holiday in 2020, which was extended from 7 days to 16 days, resulting in a low comparison base as compared to normal toll fees collection during the corresponding period of 2021. Toll revenue and traffic volume contributed by passenger vehicles accounts for 67.3% and 78.4% of the toll revenue and full-length equivalent traffic of the GZ West Superhighway respectively. The amount of tolls collected and traffic volume of vehicles using ETC payment cards accounted for approximately 65% and 66% of the toll revenue and traffic volume of the GZ West Superhighway respectively.



Including tax

Business Review

Guangdong province saw a rebound of COVID-19 cases since late May 2021, with local confirmed cases reported in cities along the GZ West Superhighway in Guangzhou and Foshan. In light of this situation, the governments tightened the preventive and control measures again and imposed restrictions on cross-region movement and intra-city travel, exerting a temporary impact on the toll revenue and traffic flow of the GZ West Superhighway.

The Huangpu Express Line was fully opened at the end of December 2020. By connecting with Ronggui Outer Ring Road and Bigui Road, another local road connecting Shunde and Zhongshan was formed. As it runs mostly parallel to the Ronggui toll station and Zhongshan West toll station section of the GZ West Superhighway, it has caused slight diversion impact on the GZ West Superhighway. On the other hand, the third phase of the Guangzhou-Zhongshan-Jiangmen Expressway commenced operation at the end of December 2020, connecting the second phase of the Guangzhou-Zhongshan-Jiangmen Expressway in the west and the Dongxin Expressway in the east. Of which, Dongfeng and Nantou North (which interconnected with Nantou interchange of the GZ West Superhighway) section has not yet been opened, thus there is no diversion impact on the GZ West Superhighway currently.

To comply with Foshan government's plan on development of Sanlongwan area, the Shizhou toll station on the GZ West Superhighway was closed from mid-August 2020 to carry out toll station transformation works in order to improve the capacity of the toll station and landscape. The station was re-opened on 1 January 2021 and was officially renamed as Sanlongwan toll station. According to the "Overall Development Plan for Foshan Sanlongwan High-End Innovation Cluster (2020-2035)", Sanlongwan sub-district includes Chan Cheng district, Nanhai district, Shunde district in Foshan, with planned areas of 130 square kilometres. Serving as the core channel of Foshan to drive forward the construction of the Bay Area, and the key innovation platform for the construction of an international science and innovation center in the Bay Area, Sanlongwan sub-district strives to achieve regional GDP target of RMB80 billion in 2025 and RMB200 billion in 2035. There are 12 key industrial projects in the near term, which include International Intelligent-innovation Park, Da-Jiang Innovations Technology Research and Development and Production Base in Shunde, Midea-KUKA Intelligent Science and Technology Park and New Material Research Institute of Tsinghua. Such plan will be conductive to global high-end innovation cluster in Foshan. Building an advanced manufacturing system to realise independence and controllability plays an important role in establishing an advanced manufacturing base with competitiveness at the international level in the Bay Area. Under the comprehensive plan, the movement of people and logistics in the Sanlongwan sub-district will achieve a continuous growth, which has a positive impact on the operation performance of the GZ West Superhighway over the long term.

Grand Park City

The Xintang interchange residential project has been named as the Grand Park City, with a total gross floor area of approximately 600,000 square metres. The construction will be carried out in three phases and the pre-sale of a portion of the residential units in the first phase has commenced in May 2021, with the annual sales target comprising a gross floor area of approximately 70,000 square metres. As of 30 June 2021, the contracted sales amounted to approximately RMB370 million with contracted gross floor area amounted to approximately 13,000 square metres, representing the average sales price of RMB28,000 per square metre. Those units will be delivered to buyers in 2023 the earliest, and relevant revenue will be recognised accordingly. The construction of residential units and the interchange transformation works have been smoothly proceeded as scheduled so far.

Location of Grand Park City





The Group's unaudited interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2021 were as follows:

Six months ended 30 June

					SIX IIIOIIUIS EI	naea 30 june				
			2020					2021		
			Depreciation					Depreciation		
			and	Interest				and	Interest	
RMB million	Revenue	EBITDA	amortisation	and tax	Results	Revenue	EBITDA	amortisation	and tax	Results
Group's share project contributions:										
Toll expressway projects										
— GS Superhighway Note 1	306	235	(200)	(44)	(9)	612	562	(226)	(122)	214
— GZ West Superhighway	156	116	(112)	(67)	(63)	319	293	(123)	(82)	88
Sub-total	462	351	(312)	(111)	(72)	931	855	(349)	(204)	302
Land development and										
utilisation project										
— Xintang Interchange	_	0	-	(22)	(22)	-	(4)	-	(18)	(22)
Total	462	351	(312)	(133)	(94)	931	851	(349)	(222)	280
YoY change						102%	142%	12%	67%	
Corporate:										
Bank deposits interest income					0					17
Investment income from bank										
structured deposits					-					1
Interest income of loans to a JV					28					27
Other income and other gain					1					14
General and administrative										
expenses and depreciation					(19)					(20)
Finance costs					(9)					(9)
Income tax expense					(7)					(33)
Sub-total					(6)					(3)
(Loss)/Profit before net exchange										
(loss)/gain					(100)					277
Net exchange (loss)/gain					(15)					14
(Loss)/Profit for the period					(115)					291
Profit attributable to non-controlling										
interests					(0)					(4)
(Loss)/Profit attributable to owners										
of the Company					(115)					287

Note 1: Excluding exchange differences on US Dollar and HK Dollar loans, and related income tax.

Toll Expressway Projects

The Group's share of net toll revenue of the expressway projects namely the GS Superhighway and the GZ West Superhighway operated by two joint ventures increased by 102% to RMB931 million from RMB462 million for the corresponding period of last year, of which the net toll revenue of the GS Superhighway increased by 100% to RMB612 million from RMB306 million for the corresponding period of last year; the net toll revenue of the GZ West Superhighway increased by 104% to RMB319 million from RMB156 million for the corresponding period of last year. The main reasons for the increase in toll revenue include: according to the notice from the Ministry of Transport of the PRC last year, in light of the COVID-19 pandemic, the policy of waiver of tolls was implemented on toll roads nationwide from 17 February 2020 to 5 May 2020 (both days inclusive), which was applicable to the GS Superhighway and the GZ West Superhighway (details of which were set out in the announcements of the Company dated 17 February 2020 and 29 April 2020). The GS Superhighway and the GZ West Superhighway had resumed toll collection for all vehicles from 00:00 a.m. on 6 May 2020; in addition, the Holiday Toll-free Policy for small passenger vehicles with 7 seats or less during the Lunar New Year in 2020 extended from the original 7 days (from 24 January 2020 to 30 January 2020) to 16 days (ended on 8 February 2020).

The Group's share of aggregate EBITDA of its two toll expressways (excluding net exchange differences on the GS JV's US Dollar and HK Dollar denominated loans) increased by 144% to RMB855 million from RMB351 million for the corresponding period of last year. The Group's share of EBITDA of the GS Superhighway increased by 139% to RMB562 million from RMB235 million for the corresponding period of last year; the Group's share of EBITDA of the GZ West Superhighway increased by 153% to RMB293 million from RMB116 million for the corresponding period of last year, which is mainly attributable to the resumption of toll collection for the GS Superhighway and the GZ West Superhighway during the period under review.

As the COVID-19 pandemic is under control and driven by the domestic economic recovery, the actual full-length equivalent traffic (including tolled and toll-free) of the GS Superhighway and the GZ West Superhighway during the period under review increased as compared with the corresponding period of last year, of which the actual full-length equivalent traffic of the GS Superhighway increased by 9% as compared with the corresponding period of last year. The Group's share of depreciation and amortisation charges of the GS Superhighway amounted to RMB226 million, representing an increase of 13% from RMB200 million as compared with the corresponding period of last year; the performance of the GZ West Superhighway resumed stable simultaneously with the actual full-length equivalent traffic increased by 6% as compared with the corresponding period of last year. The Group's share of depreciation and amortisation charges of the GZ West Superhighway amounted to RMB123 million, representing an increase of 10% from RMB112 million as compared with the corresponding period of last year. Overall, the Group's share of aggregate depreciation and amortisation charges of the two toll expressways amounted to RMB349 million, representing an increase of 12% from RMB312 million as compared with the corresponding period of last year.

Since the bank loans of the GS JV are mainly denominated in US Dollar, during the period under review, benefiting from the US Federal Funds Rate reduction of 1.5% in the first half of 2020 and the interest rate of RMB denominated loans was in transition from the benchmark interest rate of the People's Bank of China to the loan prime rate as the pricing basis, the interest rate was declined. The Group's share of interest expenses of the GS JV decreased by 31% to RMB22 million from RMB32 million for the corresponding period of last year; the GZ West JV repaid the principal of bank loans of RMB253 million and RMB225 million (at JV level) in advance with its cash surplus in the second half of 2020 and the period under review respectively, and benefiting from the transition of the interest rate of certain RMB denominated loans from the benchmark interest rate of the People's Bank of China to the loan prime rate as the pricing basis, the interest rate was declined, leading to further reduction of interest expenses of the GZ West JV. The Group's share of interest expenses of the GZ West JV decreased by 17% to RMB49 million from RMB59 million for the corresponding period of last year. The applicable PRC EIT rate for both the GS IV and the GZ West IV is 25%. With the increase in toll revenue, the Group's share of tax expenses of the GS JV increased significantly by 733% to RMB100 million from RMB12 million for the corresponding period of last year, while the Group's share of tax expenses of the GZ West JV also increased by 313% to RMB33 million from RMB8 million for the corresponding period of last year. Overall, the Group's share of interest and tax expenses in the two joint ventures in aggregate increased by 84% to RMB204 million from RMB111 million for the corresponding period of last year.

Due to the resumption of toll collection, during the period under review, the Group's share of net profit of the GS JV was RMB214 million, as compared to a net loss of RMB9 million for the corresponding period of last year; while the Group's share of net profit of the GZ West JV was RMB88 million, as compared to a net loss of RMB63 million for the corresponding period of last year. The Group's share of aggregate net profit of the two expressway projects (excluding net exchange differences on the GS JV's US Dollar and HK Dollar denominated loans) was RMB302 million, as compared to a net loss of RMB72 million for the corresponding period of last year.

Land Development and Utilisation Project

As set out in the announcements of the Company dated 12 June 2020, 19 July 2020 and 10 September 2020 and the circular of the Company dated 20 October 2020 respectively, the Group (through Shenwan Infrastructure) and GPCG (through Guangdong Highway Construction) disposed of an aggregate of 60% equity interest in the Xintang JV (representing 22.5% equity interest held by Shenwan Infrastructure and 37.5% equity interest held by Guangdong Highway Construction) together with their respective rights in the corresponding proportion of the shareholders' loans to Xintang JV (including the outstanding accrued interests thereof) through public tender (the "Disposal"). On 10 September 2020, Shenwan Infrastructure and Guangdong Highway Construction (as transferor) and Shenzhen Run Investment (as transferee) entered into a transaction contract in respect of the Disposal. On the same day, Shenwan Infrastructure, Lealu Investment, Leaxin Investment and Shenzhen Run Investment entered into the New JV Agreement and Amended JV Articles. The Group (through Shenwan Infrastructure), GPCG (through Lealu Investment and Leaxin Investment) and Shenzhen Run Investment holds 15%, 25% (in aggregate) and 60% of its equity respectively.

During the period under review, the addition of one-year shareholder's loans of RMB2.56 billion (of which the Group accounted for approximately RMB384 million) in aggregate was made by the Parties to the Xintang JV in proportion to their shareholdings, which was mainly used for the final payment of the land premium of the Project Land. The interest rate of the shareholder's loans was 8% per annum. The Group has invested a total of approximately RMB749 million (including registered capital of RMB1.50 million and shareholder's loans of approximately RMB747 million) in the Xintang JV (excluded the rights upon the Disposal). In order to meet the relevant bank financing requirements in Mainland China, on 30 June 2021, the Xintang JV increased its registered capital from RMB10 million to RMB3.04 billion through a debt-for-equity swap base on the existing shareholder's loans, and the shareholder's loans contributed by the Parties accordingly decreased from approximately RMB4,983 million to approximately RMB1,953 million; the registered capital contributed by the Group (through Shenwan Infrastructure) increased from RMB1.50 million to approximately RMB456 million based on its shareholding percentage, and the shareholder's loans decreased from approximately RMB747 million to approximately RMB293 million. During the period under review, the Group's share of loss of the Xintang JV amounted to approximately RMB22 million in proportion to its shareholding of 15%, while for the corresponding period of last year, the Group's share of loss of the Xintang JV amounted to approximately RMB22 million in proportion to its shareholding of 37.5%. It was expected that the Xintang JV will contribute profit in 2023 the earliest.

The Group

The Group's interest income from bank deposits and investment income from bank structured deposits in aggregate increased to RMB18 million from approximately RMB354,000 for the corresponding period of last year, mainly due to a consideration of approximately RMB1.09 billion received from the Disposal in September 2020 and therefore the balances of bank deposits and the structured deposits increased. Since December 2019, based on its shareholding percentage, the Group (through Shenwan Infrastructure) has made shareholder's loans at 8% per annum to the Xintang JV, which was financed by its internal fundings and bank financing. On the other hand, the Group's newly drawn bank loans amounted to a total of approximately RMB326 million during the period under review, which were mainly used for the shareholder's loans invested in the Xintang JV and general working capital purposes. As the average interest rate of bank loans decreased as compared with the same period of last year, the interest expenses of bank loans therefore amounted to approximately RMB9 million, which was flat as compared with that of the corresponding period of last year. Income tax expenses mainly represent the provision for the interest income from the contribution of shareholder's loans to the Xintang JV by Shenwan Infrastructure, where the applicable PRC EIT rate is 25%; and the provision on the undistributed earnings of Shenwan Infrastructure, according to the prevailing tax laws in the PRC, the withholding tax shall be imposed at a preferential tax rate of 5% (normally at 10%) when Shenwan Infrastructure declares its earnings. Overall, the loss of the Group (excluding JVs) amounted to approximately RMB3 million during the period under review, as compared to loss of approximately RMB6 million for the corresponding period of last year.

Benefiting from the appreciation of RMB commenced from the second half of 2020, the net exchange gain (including the Group's share of exchange gain on the US Dollar and HK Dollar denominated loans of the GS JV) amounted to RMB14 million, as compared to the net exchange loss of RMB15 million recorded in the corresponding period of last year. The profit attributable to owners of the Company amounted to RMB287 million, as compared to loss of RMB115 million recorded in the corresponding period of last year.

Outlook

COVID-19 pandemic in Mainland China is under control and the appreciation of RMB commenced from the second half of 2020, which had a positive impact on the GS JV. The Group believes that the stable core business of the GS Superhighway and the GZ West Superhighway will continue to support the Group's future performance enhancement. Overall, the Group remains cautiously optimistic about its future performance: (i) the GS Superhighway will benefit from favourable policies, including the economic development of the Bay Area, the construction of the "Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong-Macao" Science and Technology Innovation Corridor and the Shenzhen Pilot Demonstration Area; (ii) expected further decrease of interest expenses of the GS JV as agreement with bank to lower the interest rate of certain US Dollar denominated loans was made, and benefiting from adopting the lower loan prime rate as the pricing basis of RMB denominated loans; (iii) the core business of the GZ West Superhighway is growing steadily and will continue to be benefited from the robust development of the economy and road network, including the economic development of the Bay Area, and the construction of the "Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Hong Kong-Macao" Science and Technology Innovation Corridor; (iv) the GZ West JV early repaid the principal of bank loans with its cash surplus and the interest rate of certain loans was declined, leading to expected further decrease of interest expenses; and (v) the Xintang project had commenced pre-sale of certain units.

As the financial situation of the Group remains robust, the Board believes that the Group's full-year regular dividend payout ratio target of 100% on recurring income will be maintained. It is expected that the net dividend after tax from the GS JV for 2021 will be approximately RMB700 million, among which, RMB247 million has been received during the period under review.

Financing of the Group

As set out in the paragraphs under the "Land Development and Utilisation Project", the Group (through Shenwan Infrastructure), GPCG (through Lealu Investment and Leaxin Investment) and Shenzhen Run Investment owns 15%, 25% (in aggregate) and 60% of equity interests in the Xintang JV respectively pursuant to the New JV Agreement and Amended JV Articles entered into on 10 September 2020. The maximum total amount to be contributed (whether by way of registered capital, shareholders' loans, shareholders' guarantee and any amount of other nature) by the Parties for the investment in the project (through the Xintang JV) is RMB6,800 million ("Total Upper Limit"), among which, each of Shenwan Infrastructure, Lealu Investment, Leaxin Investment and Shenzhen Run Investment, will contribute the respective amounts of up to RMB1,020 million, RMB1,360 million, RMB340 million and RMB4,080 million, representing 15%, 20%, 5% and 60% of the maximum total amount of contribution of the Parties, and accordingly, the registered capital of the Xintang JV owned by the Parties in the same proportion.

The Total Upper Limit was arrived with reference to the estimated cost of acquisition of the land use rights of the Project Land, the estimated costs of the ancillary works and other estimated costs and expenses in relation to the operation of the Xintang JV. The respective Party's limit was determined based on their respective percentage of equity interest in the Xintang JV. It is intended that Shenwan Infrastructure's commitment of up to its respective Party's limit will be satisfied by way of external financing and internal resources of the Group. The total investment amount of the Xintang JV is not bound by the Total Upper Limit. Xintang JV may arrange financing from banks or other third parties for the cost of development of the Project Land with the use of its own credit and assets.

The Group has duly made arrangement to meet the capital need of the Xintang JV. On 30 June 2021, the Group contributed approximately RMB749 million to the Xintang JV (comprising registered capital of approximately RMB456 million and shareholder's loans of approximately RMB293 million). Approximately up to RMB271 million of contribution has not yet been invested and the Group has cash on hand and bank structured deposits of RMB1,352 million in aggregate, which are adequate to meet future funding needs.

The financial position of the Group comprises assets and liabilities at corporate level and the Group's share of assets and liabilities of the GS JV, the GZ West JV and the Xintang JV.

Corporate Level

	31 December 2020 RMB million	30 June 2021 RMB million		31 December 2020 RMB million	30 June 2021 RMB million
Bank balances and cash, bank structured deposits	1,561	1,352	Bank loans	1,078	1,389
Shareholder's loan to a JV	336	293	Tax liabilities	147	_
Interest receivable of shareholder's loan to a JV	56	55	Dividend payable	306	280
Other assets	34	22	Other liabilities	86	130
	1,987	1,722		1,617	1,799
Net assets/(liabilities) 370 of the Group					

The Group's share of JVs

GS JV (The Group's shared portion: 45%)

	31 December 2020 RMB million	30 June 2021 RMB million		31 December 2020 RMB million	30 June 2021 RMB million
Bank balances and cash	446	444	Bank loans		
Concession intangible assets	3,425	3,182	— USD	1,039	938
Property and equipment	226	272	— HKD	90	82
Other assets	41	36	— RMB	506	450
			Other loan	10	10
			Other liabilities	683	683
	4,138	3,934		2,328	2,163
			Net assets of GS JV	1,810	1,771

GZ West JV (The Group's shared portion: 50%)

	31 December	30 June		31 December	30 June
	2020	2021		2020	2021
	RMB million	RMB million		RMB million	RMB million
Bank balances and cash	93	97	Bank loans	2,500	2,380
Concession intangible assets	5,538	5,423	Balances with	484	498
			a JV partner		
Property and equipment	180	169	Other liabilities	455	405
Balances with a JV	484	498			
Other assets	21	19			
	6,316	6,206		3,439	3,283
			Net assets of	2,877	2,923
			GZ West JV		

Xintang JV (The Group's shared portion: 15%)

31 Decem	ber	30 June		31 December	30 June		
20)20	2021		2020	2021		
RMB mill	ion	RMB million		RMB million	RMB million		
Bank balances and cash	5	48	Shareholder's loan	336	293		
Project Land cost	520	726	Shareholder's loan	56	55		
			interest payable				
Other assets	31	36	Project Land premium	319	-		
			payable				
			Other liabilities	_	70		
(556	810		711	418		
			Net (liabilities)/assets	(55)	392		
			of Xintang JV				
31 Decem	ber	30 June		31 December	30 June		
20)20	2021		2020	2021		
RMB mill	ion	RMB million		RMB million	RMB million		
			Total liabilities	8,095	7,663		
			Equity attributable to	4,978	4,985		
			owners of the Company				
			Non-controlling interests	24	24		
Total Assets 13,0)97	12,672	Total Shareholder's	13,097	12,672		
			Equity and Liabilities				
Total net assets 5,002							

Liquidity and Financial Resources

The Group's share of bank loans of JV is non-recourse bank loans.

Corporate Level

	31 December	30 June		31 December	30 June
	2020	2021		2020	2021
	RMB million	RMB million		RMB million	RMB million
Bank balances, cash and bank structured deposit	1,561	1,352	Bank loans	1,078	1,389
Shareholder's loan to a JV Note 1	336	293			
	1,897	1,645		1,078	1,389

Net debt Note 2: RMB37 million (31 December 2020: Net cash Note 3 RMB483 million)

Net debt and shareholder's loan to a JV: RMB256 million

(31 December 2020: Net cash and shareholder's loan to a JV RMB819 million)

Share of JVs (including GS JV, GZ West JV and Xintang JV)

	31 December	30 June		31 December	30 June
	2020	2021		2020	2021
	RMB million	RMB million		RMB million	RMB million
Bank balances and cash	544	589	Bank and other loans		
			— GS JV	1,645	1,480
			— GZ West JV	2,500	2,380
			Shareholder's loan		
			— Xintang JV	336	293
	544	589		4,481	4,153

Net debt Note 2: RMB3,271 million (31 December 2020: RMB3,601 million) Net debt and shareholder's loan: RMB3,564 million (31 December 2020: RMB3,937 million)

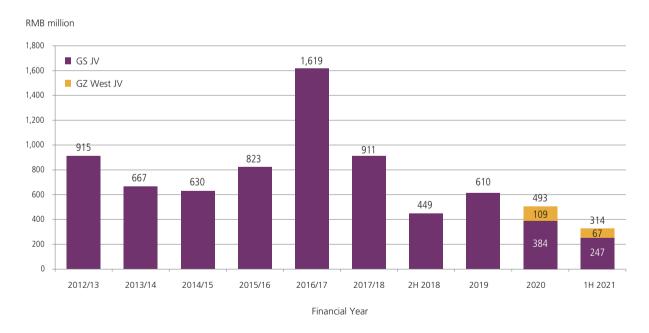
- Note 1: Shareholder's loan made by the Group to the Xintang JV, utilised as land premium for the bidding of the Project Land and costs of the ancillary works
- Note 2: Net debt: bank and other loans less bank balances, cash and bank structured deposit
- Note 3: Net cash: bank balance, cash and bank structured deposit less bank and other loans

	31 December 2020	30 June 2021
	RMB million	RMB million
Total debt		
— The Group	1,078	1,389
— Share of JVs Note 1	4,965	4,651
	6,043	6,040
Net debt Note 2	3,938	4,099
Total assets (including corporate level and share of JVs)	13,097	12,672
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	4,978	4,985
Total debt/total assets ratio	46%	48%
Gearing ratio (Net debt/equity attributable to owners		
of the Company)	79%	82%

Note 1: The Group's share of JVs' debt includes bank and other loans together with balance with JV partner and shareholder's loan.

Note 2: Net debt is defined as total debt (including corporate level and share of JVs) less total bank balances, cash and bank structured deposit (including corporate level and share of JVs).

Cash Dividends (Net of Tax) from JVs to the Group



For the year ended 30 June 2017, the GS JV obtained an additional bank loan facility amounting to RMB2 billion to reimburse past capital expenditure advanced by its shareholders. Subsequently for the year ended 30 June 2018, the GS JV distributed post-tax net dividend of RMB912 million to the Group out of this loan.

The implementation of policy of waiver of tolls on toll roads nationwide from 17 February 2020 to 5 May 2020 (both days inclusive), the two joint ventures recorded no revenue during this period and caused GS JV to postpone the partial payment of dividends in 2020, reserving funds for its operating expenses.

Bank and Other Borrowings

On 30 June 2021, the Group had HK Dollar bank loan of equivalent to approximately RMB1,389 million, together with the bank and other borrowings of the JVs shared by the Group amounted to approximately RMB3,860 million (including US Dollar bank loans of equivalent to RMB938 million, HK Dollar bank loan of equivalent to RMB82 million and RMB bank and other loans of RMB2,840 million, but excluding the shareholder's loans) totalling approximately RMB5,249 million (31 December 2020: approximately RMB5,223 million) with the following profile:

- (a) 99.8% (31 December 2020: 99.8%) consisted of bank loans and 0.2% (31 December 2020: 0.2%) of other loan; and
- (b) 54% (31 December 2020: 58%) was denominated in RMB; 18% (31 December 2020: 20%) was denominated in US Dollar and 28% (31 December 2020: 22%) was denominated in HK Dollar.

Debt Maturity Profile

As at 30 June 2021, whereas the maturity profile of the bank and other borrowings (excluding shareholder's loans) at corporate level and the Group's share of JVs were shown below, together with the corresponding comparatives as at 31 December 2020:

Corporate Level

	31 Decembe	er 2020	30 June 2 0)21
	RMB million	%	RMB million	%
Repayable within 1 year	324	30%	316	23%
Repayable between 1 and 5 years	754	70%	1,073	77%
	1,078	100%	1,389	100%

The Group's share of JVs

	31 Decembe	er 2020	30 June 202	21
	RMB million	%	RMB million	%
Repayable within 1 year	352	8%	401	10%
Repayable between 1 and 5 years	3,314	80%	2,615	68%
Repayable beyond 5 years	479	12%	844	22%
	4,145	100%	3,860	100%

Interest Rate and Exchange Rate Exposure

The Group closely monitors its exposure to interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates and strictly controls its use of financial instruments. At present, neither the Group nor JVs has employed any financial derivative instruments to hedge their exposure to interest rates or foreign currency exchange rates.

Treasury Policies

The Group continues to adopt proactive but prudent treasury policies in its financial and funding management and closely monitors its liquidity, financial resources, interest rate and the exchange rate movements, with a view to minimising its funding costs and enhance return on its financial assets. The reasonable and efficient use of temporary idle funds will enhance the overall capital gain of the Group, which is consistent with the core objectives of the Group to ensure capital safety and liquidity, for example the impact of risk factors on the expected rate of return of the bank structured deposits with guaranteed principal is low, but the Group could get a higher return as compared with fixed term deposits in commercial banks in the PRC. As at 30 June 2021, 99.1% of the Group's bank balances and cash (including bank structured deposit) were denominated in RMB and the remaining 0.9% were denominated in HK Dollar. The overall treasury yield on bank deposits (including bank structured deposit) of the Group was 2.92% during the period under review whereas 1.46% during the corresponding period of 2020.

Contingent Liability

The Group had no material contingent liability as at 30 June 2021.

Material Acquisition or Disposal

The Company's subsidiaries and associated companies did not make any material acquisitions or disposals during the six months ended 30 June 2021.

Interim Dividend and Closure of Register

Interim Dividend

On 20 August 2021, the Board declared an interim dividend of RMB9.3 cents per share (equivalent to HK11.147631 cents per share) in respect of the financial year ending 31 December 2021 to be paid on Friday, 22 October 2021 to the Shareholders registered as at 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 6 September 2021. This represents a payout ratio of 100% of the Group's profit attributable to owners of the Company for the six months period ended 30 June 2021. The interim dividend will be payable in cash in RMB, HK Dollars, or a combination of these currencies, at the exchange rate of RMB1:HK\$1.19867 as published by The People's Bank of China on 20 August 2021 and Shareholders have been given the option of electing to receive the interim dividend in either RMB, HK Dollars or a combination of RMB and HK Dollars.

To make the dividend election, Shareholders should complete the Dividend Election Form (if applicable) and return it to the Company's Hong Kong Share Registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at Shop 17M, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong, not later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 24 September 2021. If no dividend election is made by a shareholder, such shareholder will receive the interim dividend in HK Dollars, unless receipt of dividend in RMB has been previously elected.

Closure of Register

To ascertain the Shareholders' entitlement to the interim dividend, the register of members of the Company will be closed for one day on Monday, 6 September 2021. No transfer of shares of the Company will be effected on the aforementioned book-close date. To qualify for the interim dividend, all transfers of share ownership, accompanied by the relevant share certificates, must be lodged with the Company's Hong Kong Share Registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 3 September 2021.

Review of Interim Results

The Audit Committee had reviewed with the management of the Company the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed the financial reporting matters, including the Group's unaudited interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2021.

Share Options

- (A) A share option scheme was approved by the shareholders of the Company effective on 22 October 2013 (the "Share Option Scheme"). The Share Option Scheme will expire on 21 October 2023, but any options then outstanding will continue to be exercisable.
- (B) No option under the Share Option Scheme was granted, vested, exercised, lapsed or outstanding since its adoption.

Share Awards

- (A) The Share Award Scheme was adopted by the Board on 25 January 2007 ("Adoption Date"). Unless terminated earlier by the Board, the Share Award Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 15 years commencing on the Adoption Date, provided that no new award shall be granted on or after the 10th anniversary of the Adoption Date.
- (B) There were no awarded shares granted, forfeited, vested, lapsed or outstanding during the six months ended 30 June 2021 and accordingly no dividend income was received in respect of shares held upon the trust for the Share Award Scheme.

Substantial Shareholders' Interests and Short Positions in Shares and Underlying Shares

As at 30 June 2021, so far is known to the Directors, the interests or short positions of substantial shareholders of the Company (other than the Directors and the chief executives of the Company disclosed above) in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO, were as follows:

Name	Consille	Number of shares	Approximate % of total number of
Name Shenzhen Investment International Capital Holdings Infrastructure Co., Ltd ("SIICHIC") (深圳投控國際資本控股基建有限公司) ⁽ⁱ⁾	Capacity Beneficial owner	2,213,449,666 (L)	issued shares 71.83
Shenzhen Investment International Capital Holdings Co., Limited (深圳投控國際資本控股有限公司) ⁽ⁱ⁾	Interests of controlled corporation	2,213,449,666 (L)	71.83
Shenzhen Investment Holdings Co., Ltd ("SIHC") (深圳市投資控股有限公司) ⁽ⁱ⁾	Interests of controlled corporation	2,213,449,666 (L)	71.83
Golden Baycrest (BVI) Limited(iii)	Beneficial owner	305,087,338 (L)	9.90
China Vanke Co., Limited ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	Interests of controlled corporation	305,087,338 (L)	9.90
CMF Global Quantitative Multi-Asset SPC — CMF Global Quantitative Stable SP(iii)	Trustee	291,207,411 (L)	9.45
China Taiping Life Insurance (Hong Kong) Company Limited ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	Beneficiary of a trust (other than a discretionary interest)	291,207,411 (L)	9.45
China Taiping Insurance Holdings Company Limited(iii)	Interests of controlled corporation	291,207,411 (L)	9.45

L: Long Position

Notes:

- (i) The 2,213,449,666 Shares were held by SIICHIC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Shenzhen Investment International Capital Holdings Co., Limited which in turn was a wholly-owned subsidiary of SIHC. The interests of SIICHIC, Shenzhen Investment International Capital Holdings Co., Limited and SIHC in the 2,213,449,666 Shares represented the same block of Shares and were deemed under the SFO to have same interests with each other.
- (ii) The 305,087,338 Shares were held by Golden Baycrest (BVI) Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of China Vanke Co., Limited. The interests of Golden Baycrest (BVI) Limited and China Vanke Co., Limited in the 305,087,338 Shares represented the same block of Shares and were deemed under the SFO to have same interests with each other.
- (iii) China Taiping Life Insurance (Hong Kong) Company Limited is a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of China Taiping Insurance Holdings Company Limited which in turn is directly owned as to 50.71% by China Taiping Insurance Group (HK) Company Limited, 2.41% by Taiping Golden Win Investment Limited, 4.68% by Easiwell Limited and 1.84% by Manhold Limited. Taiping Golden Win Investment Limited, Easiwell Limited and Manhold Limited are wholly-owned by China Taiping Insurance Group (HK) Company Limited which in turn is a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of China Taiping Insurance Group Ltd. The interests of China Taiping Life Insurance (Hong Kong) Company Limited, China Taiping Insurance Holdings Company Limited and CMF Global Quantitative Multi-Asset SPC in the 291,207,411 Shares represented the same block of Shares.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2021, the Company had not been notified of any other interests or short positions representing 5% or more of the total number of issued shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

Employees and Remuneration Policies

The Group provides competitive remuneration packages that are determined with reference to prevailing salary levels in the market and individual performance. It offers share option and share award schemes to eligible employees in order to provide them with incentives and to recognise their contributions and ongoing efforts. In addition, discretionary bonuses are granted to employees based on their individual performance as well as the Group's business performance. It also provides medical insurance coverage to all staff members and personal accident insurance to senior staff members. As at 30 June 2021, the Group (excluding JVs) had 42 employees.

Besides offering competitive remuneration packages, the Group is committed to promoting family friendly employment policies and practices. The Group also invests in human capital development by providing relevant training programs to enhance employee productivity.

The Group's training programs are designed to support its employees' continuous learning and development and fill skill gaps identified during performance appraisals. Its overall training objectives are to enhance the personal productivity of its employees and to identify their career development plan in order to prepare their future roles and enable them to make greater contributions to the success of the Group's businesses. Besides formal training programs, the Group also provides comprehensive and relevant training and self-learning opportunities to employees such as on-the-job training, educational sponsorships and examination leave.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Securities

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the six months ended 30 June 2021.

Corporate Governance Practices

The Company is committed to the principles of corporate governance and corporate responsibility consistent with prudent management. It is the belief of the Board that such commitment will in the long term serve to enhance shareholders' value. The Board has set up procedures on corporate governance that comply with the requirements of the CG Code.

During the period under review, the Company complied with all the code provisions as set out in the CG Code except for the deviation from code provision A.5.1 which is explained below.

Code Provision A.5.1

The Company does not consider it necessary to have a nomination committee as the Company already has the policies and procedures for selection and nomination of Directors in place. The Board as a whole regularly reviews the plans for orderly succession for appointments to the Board and its structure, size, composition and diversity. If the Board considers that it is necessary to appoint new Director(s), it will set down the relevant appointment criteria which may include, where applicable, the background, experience, professional skills, personal qualities, availability to commit to the affairs of the Company and, in case of Independent Non-executive Director, the independence requirements set out in the Listing Rules from time to time. Nomination of new Director(s) will normally be made by the Chairman and/or the General Manager and subject to the Board's approval. External consultants may be engaged, if necessary, to access a wider range of potential candidate(s).

Model Code for Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted the Model Code as its model code for securities transactions by the Directors and employees' share dealing rules (the "Share Dealing Rules") on terms no less exacting than those set out in the Model Code for the relevant employees who are or may be in possession of inside information. Having made specific enquiry with Directors and the relevant employees, all of them have confirmed that they have fully complied with the Model Code and the Share Dealing Rules respectively throughout the period under review.

Change in Information of Directors

Mr. Brian David Man Bun LI, an Independent Non-executive Director, was appointed as an independent non-executive director and a member of each of the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of Guangdong Investment Limited (listed on the Stock Exchange, Stock Code: 270) with effect from 27 March 2021.

Mr. Yu Lung CHING, an Independent Non-executive Director, resigned as an independent non-executive director of AMVIG Holdings Limited (previously listed on the Stock Exchange, Stock Code: 2300, and delisted with effect from 20 April 2021) with effect from 19 May 2021.

Save as disclosed above, upon specific enquiry made by the Company and following confirmations from Directors, there is no change in the information of the Directors required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules since the Company's last published annual report.

The Sale and Purchase of Shares of the Company

On 15 March 2021 SIHC, the ultimate controlling shareholder of the Company, entered into a memorandum of understanding (the "MOU") with Shenzhen Expressway Company Limited ("Shenzhen Expressway") in relation to the possible sale and purchase of the shares of the Company.

According to publicly available information, Shenzhen Expressway is a company incorporated in the PRC, the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 548) and Shanghai Stock Exchange (SSE Stock Code: 600548), which is a subsidiary of Shenzhen International Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange ("Shenzhen International", Stock Code: 152), which in turn is owned as to approximately 43.39% by SIHC. SIHC is ultimately controlled by the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the People's Government of Shenzhen Municipality. According to the information provided by Shenzhen Expressway, the principal activities of Shenzhen Expressway and its subsidiaries are the investment, construction, operation and management of toll highways and environmental protection business in PRC.

Pursuant to the MOU, Shenzhen Expressway intended to purchase, and SIHC intended to sell all its interest in the 2,213,449,666 Shares, representing approximately 71.83% of the total issued Shares (the "Possible Transaction"). The Possible Transaction was subject to further negotiation and execution of a formal sale and purchase agreement between the parties. Under the MOU, SIHC should not negotiate with any other party relating to the sale and purchase of its interests in any part of the Shares for a period of 6 months from the date of the MOU (the "Exclusivity Period"). Shenzhen Expressway should pay an earnest money of HK\$10,000,000 (the "Earnest Money") to SIHC within 5 days of the MOU. The MOU should be terminated (i) upon the signing of the formal sale and purchase agreement or (ii) upon mutual agreement to terminate in writing or (iii) upon expiry of the Exclusivity Period (whichever occurs first), in which case, the Earnest Money should be refunded to Shenzhen Expressway. In the event of any breach of the MOU by Shenzhen Expressway, SIHC might forfeit the Earnest Money or in the event of any breach of the MOU by SIHC, Shenzhen Expressway might require SIHC to pay back twice the amount of the Earnest Money.

Details of the MOU and the Possible Transaction were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 15 March 2021.

Shenzhen Expressway had made an application for a waiver from the obligation to make a mandatory general offer under Note 6(a) of Rule 26.1 of the Hong Kong Code on Takeovers and Mergers (the "Takeovers Code") from the Executive, and the Executive has granted such waiver on 13 April 2021.

For the purposes of the Takeovers Code, the offer period has ended on 14 April 2021.

Details of grant of mandatory general offer waiver by the Executive were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 14 April 2021.

Subsequent Event to the Reporting Period

On 10 August 2021, Shenzhen Investment International Capital Holdings Co., Limited. (the "Vendor"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of SIHC, entered into a sale and purchase agreement (the "Agreement") with Mei Wah Industrial (Hong Kong) Limited (the "Purchaser"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Shenzhen Expressway, to materialise the Possible Transaction. Pursuant to the Agreement, the Vendor conditionally agreed to sell, and the Purchaser conditionally agreed to purchase all the issued shares of Shenzhen Investment International Capital Holdings Infrastructure Co., Ltd. (the "Target Company") at a total consideration of HK\$2,450,034,805.18, with the Purchaser further conditionally agreeing to finance the repayment of the loans owing by the Target Company to the Vendor in the aggregate principal amount of approximately USD700,000,000 and several existing bank loans owing by the Target Company to certain banks, in the aggregate principal amount of approximately HK\$2,429,495,000 (the "Transaction").

Reference is also made to the announcement of the Company dated 17 September 2018 relating to, among other things, the agreement between the SIHC, the Vendor and the trustee of CMF Global Quantitative Stable Segregated Portfolio ("CMF Fund") that CMF Fund may, during the period of three months prior to the fifth anniversary of the then completion date of the placing of certain shares of the Company to CMF Fund (the "Fifth Anniversary Date"), give a one-off notification to SIHC and the Vendor (or either of them) that CMF Fund intends to, on or within six months after the Fifth Anniversary Date, dispose of all or part of the then placing shares on-market and/or off-market to independent third party(ies) ("Disposal(s)"), and if the aggregate amount of the consideration received by CMF Fund under the Disposal(s) is less than the total investment costs of CMF Fund and its investor, SIHC and the Vendor (or either of them) will pay to CMF Fund the difference in cash (the "Payment Obligation"). SIHC, the Vendor, the Purchaser and Shenzhen Expressway have agreed that the Purchaser and Shenzhen Expressway will, after completion of the Transaction, perform the Payment Obligation (if any) towards CMF Fund (estimated to be not more than HK\$139,000,000).

Completion of the Transaction is subject to the fulfilment of certain conditions precedent, including among others, approval by the independent shareholders of each of Shenzhen Expressway and its holding company, Shenzhen International, at their respective general meeting.

Details of sale and purchase of shares by controlling shareholder were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 10 August 2021.

On behalf of the Board

Zhengyu LIU*

Chairman

Hong Kong, 20 August 2021

* For identification purpose only

Report on Review of Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Deloitte

德勤

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF SHENZHEN INVESTMENT HOLDINGS BAY AREA DEVELOPMENT COMPANY LIMITED 深圳投控灣區發展有限公司

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Introduction

We have reviewed the condensed consolidated financial statements of Shenzhen Investment Holdings Bay Area Development Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 34 to 46, which comprise the condensed consolidated statement of financial position as of 30 June 2021 and the related condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the six-month period then ended, and certain explanatory notes. The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited require the preparation of a report on interim financial information to be in compliance with the relevant provisions thereof and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" ("IAS 34") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with IAS 34. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these condensed consolidated financial statements based on our review, and to report our conclusion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Review Engagements 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A review of these condensed consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the condensed consolidated financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu *Certified Public Accountants*Hong Kong
20 August 2021

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the six months ended 30 June 2021

		Six months e	nded 30 June
	NOTES	2020 (Unaudited) RMB'000	2021 (Unaudited) RMB'000
Other income	4	29,196	46,808
Other gain and loss		(476)	18,306
Depreciation		(252)	(345)
General and administrative expenses		(18,742)	(20,115)
Finance costs	5	(9,462)	(9,036)
Share of results of joint ventures	6	(110,269)	307,584
(Loss) profit before tax		(110,005)	343,202
Income tax expense	7	(4,672)	(52,451)
(Loss) profit for the period		(114,677)	290,751
Other comprehensive (expense) income for the period Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: Fair value loss on investment in equity instrument at fair value through other comprehensive income, net of tax Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		(4,320)	(10,350)
Exchange (loss) gain arising on translation of			
foreign operations		(10,125)	12,175
		(14,445)	1,825
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the period		(129,122)	292,576
(Loss) profit for the period attributable to:		// · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Owners of the Company		(114,759)	286,582
Non-controlling interests		82	4,169
		(114,677)	290,751
Total comprehensive (expense) income for			
the period attributable to:		(120.204)	200 407
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		(129,204) 82	288,407
Non-controlling interests			4,169
		(129,122)	292,576
(Loss) earnings per share	9	RMB cents	RMB cents
Basic		(3.72)	9.30

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2021

		31 December	30 June
		2020	2021
		(Audited)	(Unaudited)
	NOTES	RMB'000	RMB'000
ASSETS			
Non-current Assets			
Interests in joint ventures	10	4,673,688	5,085,726
Equity instrument at fair value through			
other comprehensive income	11	31,000	19,500
Property and equipment		2,111	1,840
Amounts due from a joint venture	12	322,792	38,798
		5,029,591	5,145,864
Current Assets			
Deposits and prepayments		545	468
Interest and other receivables		1,208	951
Amounts due from a joint venture	12	27,041	309,373
Tax recoverable		_	5,007
Bank structured deposits		801,503	396,495
Time deposit with original maturity over three months		240,000	_
Bank balances and cash		519,042	955,486
		1,589,339	1,667,780
Total Assets		6,618,930	6,813,644
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		-,,	-,,
Capital and Reserves			
Share capital	13	270,603	270,603
Share premium and reserves		4,707,513	4,714,409
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		4,978,116	4,985,012
Non-controlling interests		23,586	23,983
Total Equity		5,001,702	5,008,995
Non-current Liabilities		2 / 2 2 2 / 2 2 2 2	-,,
Bank loans	14	754,002	1,073,211
Deferred tax liabilities	15	76,025	123,278
		830,027	1,196,489
Current Liabilities		030,027	1,130,403
Payables and accruals		10,255	11,621
Bank loans	14	324,347	316,140
Dividend payables	14	306,030	280,399
Tax payables		146,569	200,333
ταν ραγασίο		787,201	608,160
Total Liabilities		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		1,617,228	1,804,649
Total Equity and Liabilities		6,618,930	6,813,644
Cash and Cash Equivalents		519,042	955,486

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the six months ended 30 June 2021

			Attributable	to owners of	the Company		11-5		
	Share capital RMB'000	Share premium RMB'000	The People's Republic of China ("PRC") statutory reserves RMB'000	Investment revaluation reserve RMB'000	Translation reserve RMB'000	Retained profits RMB'000	Sub-total RMB'000	Non- controlling interests RMB'000	Total RMB'000
As at 1 January 2020 (Audited)	270,603	2,337,689	109,164	15,623	(362,453)	2,475,432	4,846,058	24,020	4,870,078
Fair value loss on investment in equity instrument at fair value through other comprehensive income, net of tax	-	_	_	(4,320)	_	_	(4,320)	_	(4,320)
Exchange loss arising on translation of									
foreign operations	-	-	-	-	(10,125)	- (444.770)	(10,125)	-	(10,125)
(Loss) profit for the period						(114,759)	(114,759)	82	(114,677)
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the period	-	-	-	(4,320)	(10,125)	(114,759)	(129,204)	82	(129,122)
Transfer between reserves	-	_	(118)	_	_	118	_	_	
Dividends recognised as distribution during the period (Note 8)	-	-	-	-	-	(320,807)	(320,807)	-	(320,807)
As at 30 June 2020 (Unaudited)	270,603	2,337,689	109,046	11,303	(372,578)	2,039,984	4,396,047	24,102	4,420,149
As at 1 January 2021 (Audited)	270,603	2,337,689	108,590	23,183	(298,094)	2,536,145	4,978,116	23,586	5,001,702
Fair value loss on investment in equity instrument at fair value through other comprehensive income, net of tax	_	_	_	(10,350)	_	_	(10,350)	_	(10,350)
Exchange gain arising on translation of									
foreign operations	-	-	-	-	12,175	_	12,175	_	12,175
Profit for the period	_	-	-	_	_	286,582	286,582	4,169	290,751
Total comprehensive income for the period	_	_	-	(10,350)	12,175	286,582	288,407	4,169	292,576
Dividends recognised as distribution during the period (Note 8) Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	(281,511)	(281,511)	- (3,772)	(281,511) (3,772)
As at 30 June 2021 (Unaudited)	270,603	2,337,689	108,590	12,833	(285,919)	2,541,216	4,985,012	23,983	5,008,995

For the purpose of presenting the condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity of the Group in Renminbi ("RMB") (the presentation currency of the Group), the equity transactions and accumulated earnings denominated in Hong Kong Dollar ("HKD") are translated at the exchange rates at the transaction dates. Before the change in functional currency of the Company from HKD to RMB during the year ended 30 June 2009, the exchange differences recognised in translation reserve represented the difference between the equity transactions and accumulated earnings translated at the exchange rates at the transaction dates and the assets and liabilities translated at the closing rates at the end of each reporting period. Subsequent to the change in functional currency of the Company, the exchange differences recognised in translation reserve represented translation of its foreign operations.

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the six months ended 30 June 2021

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2020 (Unaudited) RMB'000	2021 (Unaudited) RMB'000	
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(19,216)	(169,369)	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Placement of bank structured deposits	_	(695,000)	
Withdrawal of bank structured deposits	_	1,100,000	
Withdrawal of time deposit with original maturity over three months	_	240,000	
Repayment from a joint venture	_	142,000	
Advances to a joint venture	(531,750)	(526,000)	
Purchase of property and equipment	(812)	(74)	
Dividends received (net of PRC withholding tax)	_	313,560	
Interest received	354	15,786	
Investment income received		2,490	
NET CASH (USED IN) FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(532,208)	592,762	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
New bank loans raised	2,497,989	1,327,359	
Bank loans repaid	(1,899,867)	(1,000,838)	
Interest paid	(8,452)	(8,706)	
Dividends paid to:			
— owners of the Company	_	(303,019)	
— non-controlling interests of a subsidiary	_	(3,772)	
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	589,670	11,024	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	38,246	434,417	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 1 JANUARY	49,785	519,042	
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	(3,381)	2,027	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 30 JUNE	84,650	955,486	

Note: Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at banks and cash on hand, and deposits with banks subjected to insignificant risk of change in value, and with a maturity of three months or less from date of placement.

For the six months ended 30 June 2021

1. Basis of Preparation

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" ("IAS 34") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") as well as with the applicable disclosure requirements of Appendix 16 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The Company's functional currency and presentation currency are RMB.

2. Principal Accounting Policies

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values.

Other than additional accounting policies resulting from application of amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), the accounting policies and methods of computation used in the condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2021 are the same as those presented in the Group's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Application of amendments to IFRSs

In the current interim period, the Group has applied the following amendments to IFRSs issued by the IASB, for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021 for the preparation of the Group's condensed consolidated financial statements:

Amendment to IFRS 16 Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16

COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 2

The application of the amendments to IFRSs in the current interim period has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior periods and/ or on the disclosures set out in these condensed consolidated financial statements.

3. Segment Information

The Group's reportable and operating segments are determined based on information reported to the chief operating decision maker ("CODM") for the purpose of resource allocation and performance assessment.

For the six months ended 30 June 2021

3. Segment Information (Continued)

Information reported to the CODM, includes segment revenue, the Group's share of joint ventures' earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation before net exchange gain/loss ("EBITDA"), the Group's share of joint ventures' depreciation and amortisation including amortisation of additional cost of investments in joint ventures ("depreciation and amortisation"), the Group's share of joint ventures' interest and tax before tax on exchange gain/loss and including withholding tax on earnings distributed by joint ventures ("interest and tax"), and segment results. The CODM is more specifically focused on individual toll expressway projects and land development and utilisation project jointly operated and managed by the Group and the relevant joint venture partners during the period. Accordingly, the Group's reporting and operating segments under IFRS 8 "Operating Segments" are therefore as follows:

- GS Superhighway
- GZ West Superhighway
- Xintang Interchange

Information regarding the above segments is reported below.

Segment revenue and results

Six months ended 30 June

-			2020					2021		
_	Segment revenue RMB'000	EBITDA RMB'000	Depreciation and amortisation RMB'000	Interest and tax RMB'000	Segment results RMB'000	Segment revenue RMB'000	EBITDA RMB'000	Depreciation and amortisation RMB'000	Interest and tax RMB'000	Segment results RMB'000
Toll expressway project										
GS Superhighway GZ West Superhighway	305,865 155,661 461,526	235,523 115,835 351,358	(200,461) (111,728) (312,189)	(44,373) (66,832) (111,205)	(9,311) (62,725) (72,036)	611,697 319,468 931,165	562,317 292,460 854,777	(226,488) (122,399) (348,887)	(121,601) (82,388) (203,989)	214,228 87,673 301,901
Land development and utilisation project	101,320	331,330	(312)103)	(111,203)	(72)030)	331/103	03 1,777	(0.10)007)	(200)303)	301/301
Xintang Interchange	-	65	-	(22,022)	(21,957)	-	(3,492)	(1)	(18,422)	(21,915)
Total	461,526	351,423	(312,189)	(133,227)	(93,993)	931,165	851,285	(348,888)	(222,411)	279,986
Corporate interest income from bank deposits Corporate investment income from					354					16,584
bank structured deposits Corporate interest income from loans made by the Group to					_					1,495
a joint venture Other income and other gain Corporate general and administrative					28,221 621					27,043 13,742
expenses and depreciation Corporate finance costs Corporate income tax expense Net exchange (loss) gain					(18,994) (9,462) (7,018)					(20,460) (9,036) (32,938)
(net of related income tax) (Note)					(14,406)					14,335
(Loss) profit for the period Profit for the period attributable to					(114,677)					290,751
non-controlling interests					(82)					(4,169)
(Loss) profit for the period attributable to owners of the Company					(114,759)					286,582

Note: Net exchange (loss) gain (net of related income tax) is composed of the Group's share of the net exchange gain (net of related income tax) of a joint venture of RMB8,085,000 (six months ended 30 June 2020: net exchange loss (net of related income tax) of RMB13,930,000) and the net exchange gain of the Group of RMB6,250,000 (six months ended 30 June 2020: net exchange loss of RMB476,000).

For the six months ended 30 June 2021

3. Segment Information (Continued)

Segment revenue and results (Continued)

The segment revenue represents the Group's share of the joint ventures' toll revenue received and receivable (net of valued-added tax) from the operations of toll expressways in the PRC based on the profit-sharing ratios specified in the relevant joint venture agreements. All of the segment revenue reported above is earned from external customers.

The segment results represent (i) the Group's share of joint ventures' results from the operations of toll expressways and land development and utilisation in the PRC before net exchange gain/loss (net of related income tax) based on the profit-sharing ratios and shareholding percentage specified in the relevant joint venture agreements; (ii) net of the withholding tax attributed to the dividend received from and the undistributed earnings of the joint ventures; and (iii) amortisation of additional cost of investments in joint ventures. This is the measure reported to the CODM for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

The total segment results can be reconciled to the share of results of joint ventures as presented in condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

	Six months ended 30 Jun		
	2020 (Unaudited) RMB'000	2021 (Unaudited) RMB'000	
Total segment results Add:	(93,993)	279,986	
Net exchange (loss) gain (net of related income tax) Withholding tax attributed to the dividend received from	(13,930)	8,085	
and the undistributed earnings of the joint ventures	(2,346)	19,513	
Share of results of joint ventures as presented in condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and			
other comprehensive income	(110,269)	307,584	

4. Other Income

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2020 (Unaudited) RMB'000	2021 (Unaudited) RMB'000	
Interest income from:			
Bank deposits	354	16,584	
Amounts due from a joint venture	28,221	27,043	
Investment income from bank structured deposits	_	1,495	
Dividend income from equity instrument at			
fair value through other comprehensive income	_	604	
Others	621	1,082	
	29,196	46,808	

For the six months ended 30 June 2021

5. Finance Costs

The amounts represent the interest on bank loans and bank charges for both periods.

6. Share of Results of Joint Ventures

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2020 (Unaudited) RMB'000	2021 (Unaudited) RMB'000	
Share of results of joint ventures before share of imputed			
interest expenses incurred by a joint venture on			
interest-free registered capital contributions made by			
the Group and amortisation of additional cost of			
investments in joint ventures	(69,275)	353,368	
Amortisation of additional cost of investments in joint ventures	(40,994)	(45,784)	
Share of imputed interest expenses incurred by a joint venture on			
interest-free registered capital contributions made by the Group	(27,045)	(28,739)	
Imputed interest income recognised by the Group on			
interest-free registered capital contributions made by the Group	27,045	28,739	
	(110,269)	307,584	

7. Income Tax Expense

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2020	2021	
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
The tax charge (credit) comprises:			
PRC Enterprise Income Tax ("EIT")			
The Group	_	9,831	
Refund of EIT of a subsidiary recognised in prior year	_	(5,783)	
Deferred tax (Note 15)	4,672	48,403	
	4,672	52,451	

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made as there was no assessable profit derived from or arising in Hong Kong for both periods.

The EIT charge of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2021 included an amount of RMB8,369,000 representing the 5% withholding tax imposed on dividends declared by joint ventures of the Group of which the corresponding amount had already been provided for deferred tax in prior periods in respect of undistributed earnings of joint ventures (six months ended 30 June 2020: nil).

For the six months ended 30 June 2021

8. Dividends

	Six months ended 30 Jun	
	2020 (Unaudited) RMB'000	2021 (Unaudited) RMB'000
Dividends paid and recognised as a distribution during the period:		
Final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2020 of RMB9.1 cents (equivalent to HK10.936835 cents) (Six months ended 30 June 2020: for the year ended 31 December 2019 paid of RMB10.1 cents		
(equivalent to HK11.320989 cents)) per share	320,807	281,511

On 20 August 2021, the board of directors of the Company have declared that an interim dividend in respect of the year ending 31 December 2021 of RMB9.3 cents (equivalent to HK11.147631 cents) per share amounting to approximately RMB286,597,000 (approximately HK\$343,535,000) shall be paid to the shareholders of the Company whose names appear on the register of members on 6 September 2021.

9. (Loss) Earnings Per Share

The calculation of the basic (loss) earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

	Six months ended 30 June		
	2020 (Unaudited) RMB'000	2021 (Unaudited) RMB'000	
(Loss) earnings for the purposes of basic (loss) earnings per share	(114,759)	286,582	
	Six months e	nded 30 June	
	Six months e 2020 Number of shares	2021 Number of shares	

No diluted (loss) earnings per share have been presented as there was no potential ordinary shares in issue during both periods.

For the six months ended 30 June 2021

10. Interests in Joint Ventures

	31 December 2020 (Audited) RMB'000	30 June 2021 (Unaudited) RMB'000
Unlisted investments:		
At cost		
Cost of investments in joint ventures	2,022,289	2,476,789
Additional cost of investments	2,520,218	2,520,218
Share of results of joint ventures before share of		, ,
imputed interest expenses incurred by a joint venture on		
interest-free registered capital contributions made by		
the Group (net of dividend received)	1,473,604	1,476,926
Less: Unrealised profit on disposal of land	(13,044)	(13,044)
Less: Share of accumulated imputed interest expenses incurred		
by a joint venture on interest-free registered capital		
contributions made by the Group	(539,679)	(568,418)
Less: Accumulated amortisation of additional cost of investments	(1,758,090)	(1,803,874)
	3,705,298	4,088,597
At amortised cost		
Registered capital contribution, at nominal amount	2,449,500	2,449,500
Fair value adjustment on initial recognition	(2,020,789)	(2,020,789)
Accumulated imputed interest income recognised by the Group	539,679	568,418
	968,390	997,129
	4,673,688	5,085,726

11. Equity Instrument at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

The Group holds the interest in unlisted limited company established in the PRC.

12. Amounts due from a Joint Venture

As at 30 June 2021, the amounts due from a joint venture represented amount due from Guangzhou Zhentong Development Company Limited (廣州臻通實業發展有限公司) ("Xintang JV") in aggregate of RMB38,798,000 (31 December 2020: RMB322,792,000) which are unsecured, interest bearing at 8% (31 December 2020: 8%) per annum and with a term of three years.

In addition, the aggregate amount of RMB309,373,000 (31 December 2020: RMB27,041,000) are unsecured, interest bearing at 8% (31 December 2020: 6%) per annum and with a term of one year.

Accordingly, RMB38,798,000 (31 December 2020: RMB322,792,000) is classified as non-current asset and RMB309,373,000 (31 December 2020: RMB27,041,000) is classified as current asset for the purpose of presentation in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position.

For the six months ended 30 June 2021

13. Share Capital

	Number of shares	Nominal amount HK\$'000
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each		
Authorised: As at 1 January 2020, 30 June 2020, 31 December 2020, 1 January 2021 and 30 June 2021	10,000,000,000	1,000,000

	Number of shares	Nominal amount		
		HK\$'000	Equivalent to RMB'000	
Issued and fully paid:				
As at 1 January 2020, 30 June 2020,				
31 December 2020, 1 January 2021				
and 30 June 2021	3,081,690,283	308,169	270,603	

Share Option Scheme

There were no share options granted, forfeited, vested, lapsed or outstanding in both periods presented.

Share Award Scheme

There were no awarded shares granted, forfeited, vested, lapsed or outstanding in both periods presented.

14. Bank Loans

3	1 December 2020 (Audited) RMB'000	30 June 2021 (Unaudited) RMB'000
The carrying amounts of the bank loans are repayable (Note): Within one year Within a period of more than two years but not exceeding five years	324,347 754,002	316,140 1,073,211
Unsecured variable rate loans Less: Amounts due within one year shown under current liabilities Amounts shown under non-current liabilities	1,078,349 (324,347) 754,002	1,389,351 (316,140) 1,073,211

Note: As at 31 December 2020 and 30 June 2021, the bank loans are guaranteed by the Company and based on scheduled repayment dates set out in the respective loan agreements.

As at 30 June 2021, variable rate HKD denominated bank loans carried interests ranging from Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate ("HIBOR") plus 0.98% to HIBOR plus 1.5% per annum (31 December 2020: HIBOR plus 0.98% to HIBOR plus 1% per annum).

15. Deferred Tax Liabilities

The amounts represent the deferred tax liabilities associated with fair value change on investment in equity instrument at fair value through other comprehensive income and the undistributed earnings of the joint ventures and a PRC subsidiary.

For the six months ended 30 June 2021

16. Fair Value Measurement of Financial Instruments

Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

Some of the Group's financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined (in particular, the valuation technique and inputs used), as well as the level of the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurements are categorised (levels 1 to 3) based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements is observable.

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Financial assets	31 December 2020	30 June 2021		Valuation technique and key inputs	Significant unobservable inputs	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
Equity instrument at fair value through other comprehensive	Unlisted equity investment: RMB31,000,000	Unlisted equity investment: RMB19,500,000	Level 3	Market Approach	Price-to-earnings multiples of several comparable companies	The higher the multiples, the higher the fair value
income					Enterprise value-to-earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation multiples of several comparable companies	The higher the multiples, the higher the fair value
					Risk adjustment for a discount on lack of marketability	The higher the discount, the lower the fair value
Bank structured deposits	RMB801,503,000	RMB396,495,000	Level 3	Discounted cash flow	Discounted rate	The higher the discount rate, the lower the fair value

Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of the financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at amortised cost in the condensed consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

17. Related Party Transactions

Other than as disclosed elsewhere in these condensed financial statements, during the six months ended 30 June 2021, the Group entitled to receive interest income from a joint venture of RMB27,043,000 (Six months ended 30 June 2020: RMB28,221,000).

18. Non-cash Transaction

The Xintang JV increased its registered capital from RMB10,000,000 to RMB3,040,000,000 through a debt-for-equity swap base on the existing shareholder's loans, the registered capital contributed by the Group (through Shenwan Bay Area Infrastructure (Shenzhen) Company Limited (深灣基建(深圳)有限公司), a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Group) increased from RMB1,500,000 to RMB456,000,000 based on its shareholding percentage, and the shareholder's loans decreased from RMB747,420,000 to RMB292,920,000.

For the six months ended 30 June 2021

19. Event after the end of the Reporting Period

On 10 August 2021, Shenzhen Investment International Capital Holdings Co., Limited (the "Vendor"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Shenzhen Investment Holdings Co., Ltd ("SIHC"), the ultimate controlling shareholder of the Company, entered into a sale and purchase agreement (the "Agreement") with Mei Wah Industrial (Hong Kong) Limited (the "Purchaser"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Shenzhen Expressway Company Limited ("Shenzhen Expressway"). Pursuant to the Agreement, the Vendor conditionally agreed to sell, and the Purchaser conditionally agreed to purchase all the issued shares of Shenzhen Investment International Capital Holdings Infrastructure Co., Ltd. ("SIICHIC") at a total consideration of HK\$2,450,035,000, with the Purchaser further conditionally agreeing to finance the repayment of the loans owing by SIICHIC to the Vendor in the aggregate principal amount of approximately USD700,000,000 and several existing bank loans owing by SIICHIC to certain banks, in the aggregate principal amount of approximately HK\$2,429,495,000 (the "Transaction").

Reference is also made to the announcement of the Company dated 17 September 2018 relating to, among other things, the agreement between the SIHC, the Vendor and the trustee of CMF Global Quantitative Stable Segregated Portfolio ("CMF Fund") that CMF Fund may, during the period of three months prior to the fifth anniversary of the then completion date of the placing of certain shares of the Company to CMF Fund (the "Fifth Anniversary Date"), give a one-off notification to SIHC and the Vendor (or either of them) that CMF Fund intends to, on or within six months after the Fifth Anniversary Date, dispose of all or part of the then placing shares onmarket and/or off-market to independent third party(ies) ("Disposal(s)"), and if the aggregate amount of the consideration received by CMF Fund under the Disposal(s) is less than the total investment costs of CMF Fund and its investor, SIHC and the Vendor (or either of them) will pay to CMF Fund the difference in cash (the "Payment Obligation"). SIHC, the Vendor, the Purchaser and Shenzhen Expressway have agreed that the Purchaser and Shenzhen Expressway will, after completion of the Transaction, perform the Payment Obligation (if any) towards CMF Fund (estimated to be not more than HK\$139,000,000).

On the date of Agreement, Shenzhen Expressway is a subsidiary of Shenzhen International Holdings Limited ("Shenzhen International"), which in turn is owned as to approximately 43.49% by SIHC. The 2,213,449,666 shares of the Company were held by SIICHIC, which representing approximately 71.83% of the total issued shares.

Completion of the Transaction is subject to the fulfilment of certain conditions precedent, including among others, approval by the independent shareholders of each of Shenzhen Expressway and its holding company, Shenzhen International, at their respective general meeting.

Appendix – Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Information (Prepared under proportionate consolidation method)

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

For the six months ended 30 June 2021 (FOR INFORMATION PURPOSE ONLY)

Six	months	ended	30	lune
JIA	HIUHUIS	CHUCU	JU	IUIIC

			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	2020	2021	2020	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			·	
Toll revenue	461,525	931,165	506,841	1,116,803
Revenue on construction	8,563	1,953	9,402	2,348
Turnover	470,088	933,118	516,243	1,119,151
Other income, other gain and loss (Note i)	46,776	143,525	51,342	172,272
Construction costs	(8,563)	(1,953)	(9,402)	(2,348)
Provision for resurfacing charges	(9,782)	(9,040)	(10,741)	(10,839)
Toll expressway operation expenses	(86,544)	(92,035)	(95,064)	(110,443)
General and administrative expenses	(55,624)	(52,180)	(61,139)	(62,565)
Depreciation and amortisation charges	(312,441)	(349,234)	(342,298)	(418,913)
Finance costs (Note ii)	(144,229)	(120,104)	(158,467)	(143,978)
(Loss) profit before tax	(100,319)	452,097	(109,526)	542,337
Income tax expense	(14,358)	(161,346)	(15,823)	(193,574)
(Loss) profit for the period	(114,677)	290,751	(125,349)	348,763
(Loss) profit for the period attributable to:				
Owners of the Company	(114,759)	286,582	(125,447)	343,760
Non-controlling interests	82	4,169	98	5,003
	(114,677)	290,751	(125,349)	348,763

Notes:

(i) OTHER INCOME, OTHER GAIN AND LOSS

	Six months ended 30 June					
	2020	2021	2020	2021		
	RMB'000	RMB'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Interest income from:						
Bank deposits	3,422	24,297	3,760	29,093		
Loans made by the Group to a joint venture	28,221	27,043	31,029	32,391		
Imputed interest income on interest-free registered capital						
contributions made by the Group to a joint venture	13,522	14,370	14,848	17,236		
Net exchange (loss) gain	(19,049)	17,030	(20,899)	20,799		
Rental income	12,836	14,763	14,040	17,698		
Others	7,824	46,022	8,564	55,055		
	46,776	143,525	51,342	172,272		

(ii) FINANCE COSTS

	Six months ended 30 June					
	2020 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000	2020 HK\$'000	2021 HK\$'000		
Interest on:						
Bank loans	99,497	79,435	109,299	95,257		
Loans made by joint venture partners	29,970	25,010	32,954	29,949		
Interest on instalment payment of land premium	_	710	_	843		
Imputed interest on interest-free registered capital						
contributions made by a joint venture partner	13,522	14,370	14,848	17,236		
Others	314	335	344	402		
	143,303	119,860	157,445	143,687		
Other financial expenses	926	244	1,022	291		
	144,229	120,104	158,467	143,978		

Appendix – Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Information (Prepared under proportionate consolidation method)

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2021 (FOR INFORMATION PURPOSE ONLY)

(FORTH CHARGE CIVET)				
	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June
	2020	2021	2020	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
ASSETS				
Non-current Assets				
Property and equipment	405,760	370,602	481,636	445,464
Concession intangible assets	8,964,620	8,677,164	10,641,005	10,429,950
Lease assets	-	1,942	-	2,334
Balance with a joint venture	484,195	498,564	574,739	599,274
Loans made by the Group to a joint venture	365,214	38,798	433,509	46,635
Equity instrument at fair value through	303,211	30,7 30	133,303	10,000
other comprehensive income	31,000	19,500	36,797	23,439
- Other comprehensive medine			<u> </u>	
	10,250,789	9,606,570	12,167,686	11,547,096
Current Assets	640.0=0		-0-04-	
Inventories	619,979	725,496	735,915	872,047
Deposits and prepayments	24,467	30,443	29,042	36,593
Interest and other receivables	57,662	41,085	68,444	49,383
Loans made by the Group to a joint venture	27,041	309,373	32,098	371,867
Bank structured deposits	801,503	396,495	951,384	476,587
Time deposit with original maturity over	240.000		204.000	
three months	240,000	_	284,880	_
Pledged bank balances and deposits of	=00.504		500.050	
joint ventures	530,634	495,412	629,863	595,486
Bank balances and cash				
– The Group	519,042	955,486	616,103	1,148,494
– Joint ventures	12,743	93,883	15,126	112,847
	2,833,071	3,047,673	3,362,855	3,663,304
Total Assets	13,083,860	12,654,243	15,530,541	15,210,400
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	.5/555/555	12/00 1/2 10	.0,000,01.	10,210,100
Capital and Reserves	270 602	270 602	200 160	200 160
Share capital	270,603	270,603	308,169	308,169
Share premium and reserves	4,707,513	4,714,409	5,600,854	5,683,815
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	4,978,116	4,985,012	5,909,023	5,991,984
Non-controlling interests	23,586	23,983	27,996	28,828
Total Equity	5,001,702	5,008,995	5,937,019	6,020,812
Non-current Liabilities				
Bank and other loans				
– The Group	754,002	1,073,211	895,000	1,290,000
– Joint ventures	3,794,182	3,458,438	4,503,695	4,157,042
Lease liabilities		984	_	1,183
Balance with a joint venture partner	484,144	498,514	574,679	599,214
Loans made by joint venture partners	362,965	38,798	430,840	46,635
Resurfacing obligations	256,694	265,734	304,696	319,412
Deferred tax liabilities	267,802	299,480	317,880	359,975
Other non-current liabilities	192,332	188,345	228,298	226,391
	6,112,121	5,823,504	7,255,088	6,999,852
Comment to Large	0,114,141	3,023,304	7,233,000	0,333,032
Current Liabilities				
Provision, other payables, accruals and	750 402	406 504	000.035	E40 CE0
deposits received	750,493	426,504	890,835	512,659
Lease liabilities	-	958	-	1,151
Dividend payables	306,030	280,399	363,257	337,039
Bank loans	22424	246 442	205.000	200.000
– The Group	324,347	316,140	385,000	380,000
– Joint ventures	351,694	401,594	417,461	482,715
Loans made by joint venture partners	27,041	309,373	32,098	371,867
Other interest payable	4,934	4,101	5,857	4,930
Tax liabilities	205,498	82,675	243,926	99,375
	1,970,037	1,821,744	2,338,434	2,189,736
Total Liabilities	8,082,158	7,645,248	9,593,522	9,189,588
Total Equity and Liabilities	13,083,860	12,654,243	15,530,541	15,210,400
Total Equity and Elabilities	13,003,000	12,007,270	13,330,371	10,210,700

5-Year Financial Summary

The financial summary of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2018 to the six months ended 30 June 2021.

Consolidated Results Prepared under the Equity Method (RMB million)

	2017/18	2H 2018	2019	2020	1H 2021
Share of results of joint ventures	724	340	701	295	308
Corporate results	(58)	(32)	(80)	(10)	(17)
Gain on partial disposal of a joint venture					
(net of tax)	_	_	-	409	_
Profit for the year/period	666	308	621	694	291
Profit for the year/period attributable to:					
Owners of the Company	656	304	612	689	287
Non-controlling interests	10	4	9	5	4
Profit for the year/period	666	308	621	694	291

Segment Revenue and Results (RMB million)

	2017/18	2H 2018	2019	2020	1H 2021
Revenue	2,162	1,120	2,144	1,573	931
GS Superhighway	1,499	743	1,409	1,041	612
GZ West Superhighway	663	377	735	532	319
Xintang Residential Project	_	_	_	_	-
EBITDA	1,889	983	1,875	1,277	851
GS Superhighway ⁽¹⁾	1,309	663	1,248	860	562
GZ West Superhighway	580	320	627	418	293
Xintang Residential Project	_	_	0	(1)	(4)
Depreciation and amortisation	(692)	(358)	(690)	(693)	(349)
GS Superhighway	(463)	(232)	(445)	(450)	(226)
GZ West Superhighway	(229)	(126)	(245)	(243)	(123)
Xintang Residential Project	_	_	_	_	-
Interest and tax	(538)	(270)	(511)	(370)	(222)
GS Superhighway	(325)	(164)	(316)	(189)	(122)
GZ West Superhighway	(213)	(106)	(193)	(140)	(82)
Xintang Residential Project	_	_	(2)	(41)	(18)
Segment results ⁽²⁾	659	355	674	214	280
GS Superhighway	521	267	487	221	214
GZ West Superhighway	138	88	189	35	88
Xintang Residential Project	_	_	(2)	(42)	(22)
Segment corporate results ⁽³⁾	(15)	(10)	(31)	(2)	(3)
Gain on partial disposal of a joint venture					
(net of tax)	_	_	_	409	-
Net exchange gain/(loss)	22	(37)	(22)	73	14
Profit for the year/period	666	308	621	694	291
Profit for the year/period attributable to:					
Owners of the Company	656	304	612	689	287
Non-controlling interests	10	4	9	5	4
Profit for the year/period	666	308	621	694	291

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position Prepared under the Equity Method (RMB million)

	As at				As at
	30 June	As at 31 December			30 June
	2018	2018	2019	2020	2021
Interests in joint ventures	4,852	4,798	4,858	4,674	5,086
Bank balances and cash	691	140	50	519	955
Bank structured deposits	_	-	-	801	396
Time deposit with original maturity over three months	_	-	-	240	-
Dividend receivable from a joint venture	74	_	_	_	-
Interest-bearing loans to a joint venture	_	_	311	350	348
Investment/Equity instrument at fair value					
through other comprehensive income	5	11	23	31	20
Property and equipment	0	1	2	2	2
Other current assets	4	0	1	2	7
Total assets	5,626	4,950	5,245	6,619	6,814
Bank loans	_	_	281	1,078	1,389
PRC withholding tax liabilities	70	70	81	76	123
Dividend payable	371	-	-	306	280
Tax payable	_	_	_	147	-
Other current liabilities	10	11	13	10	13
Total liabilities	451	81	375	1,617	1,805
Non-controlling interests	27	30	24	24	24
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	5,148	4,839	4,846	4,978	4,985

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Prepared under the Equity Method (RMB million)

	2017/18	2H 2018	2019	2020	1H 2021
Net cash used in operating activities	(36)	(14)	(39)	(51)	(169)
Net cash from (used in) investing activities	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, , ,
 Placement of bank structured deposits 	_	_	_	(800)	(695)
 Placement of time deposit with original 					
maturity over three months	_	_	_	(240)	_
 Withdrawal of bank structured deposits 	_	_	_	_	1,100
 Withdrawal of time deposit with original 					,
maturity over three months	_	_	_	_	240
 Repayment from a joint venture 	_	_	_	_	142
 Advances to a joint venture 	_	_	(309)	(559)	(526)
 Capital injection to a joint venture 	_	_	(4)	_	-
 Proceeds on partial disposal of a joint venture 	_	_	-	558	-
 Cash receipt from the disposal of loans to 					
a joint venture and accrued interest	_	_	_	533	- 1
 Net dividends received 	911	449	613	495	314
– Others	19	8	2	(6)	18
Net cash (used in) from financing activities					
 New bank loans raised 	_	266	546	3,190	1,327
– Bank Ioans repaid	_	(266)	(265)	(2,318)	(1,001)
– Dividends paid	(674)	(1,001)	(639)	(323)	(306)
– Others	_	(1)	(1)	(16)	(10)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	220	(559)	(96)	463	434
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning					
of year/period	469	691	140	50	519
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	2	8	6	6	2
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year/period	691	140	50	519	955
Total bank balances and cash	691	140	50	519	955

5-Year Financial Summary

Per Share Basis

	2017/18	2H 2018	2019	2020	1H 2021
Basic earnings per share (RMB cents)	21.3	9.9	19.9	22.4	9.3
Dividend per share (RMB cents)					
– Interim	11.6	_	9.8	_	9.3
– Special interim	_	_	_	10.0	_
– Final	9.7	9.9	10.1	9.1	-
– Special final	10.0	_	_	_	-
Net asset value per share (RMB)	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Regular dividend payout ratio ⁽⁴⁾	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Financial Ratios

	As at				As at
	30 June	As at 31 December		30 June	
	2018	2018	2019	2020	2021
Return on equity attributable to owners of					
the Company	13%	12%(7)	13%	14%	12%(7)
Prepared under Equity Method					
Total debt ⁽⁵⁾ to total assets	_	_	5%	16%	20%
Gearing ratio (Net debt(5) to equity attributable					
to owners of the Company)	_	_	5%	_	1%
Prepared under Proportionate					
Consolidation Method					
Total debt ⁽⁶⁾ to total assets	47%	48%	48%	46%	48%
Gearing ratio (Net debt ⁽⁶⁾ to equity attributable					
to owners of the Company)	92%	104%	106%	79%	82%

Notes:

- (1) Excluding exchange differences and related income tax.
- (2) The segment results represent the Group's share of results of joint ventures before exchange difference (net of related income tax) and net of withholding tax attributed to the dividend received from and the undistributed earnings of a joint venture.
- (3) The segment corporate results represent the corporate results before corporate exchange difference and withholding tax attributed to the dividend received from and the undistributed earnings of a joint venture.
- (4) Excluding special dividend.
- (5) Under equity method, total debt include bank loans of the Group. Net debt is defined as total debt less the bank balances and cash (including bank structured and time deposits) of the Group as at the reporting date.
- (6) Under proportionate consolidation method, total debt include bank loans of the Group, bank and other loans and shareholder's loans of joint ventures, balance with a joint venture partner. Net debt is defined as total debt less the bank balances and cash (including bank structured and time deposits) of the Group and joint ventures together with pledged bank balances and deposits of the joint ventures as at the reporting date.
- (7) Annualised figure.

"2012/13"the year ended 30 June 2013"2013/14"the year ended 30 June 2014"2014/15"the year ended 30 June 2015"2015/16"the year ended 30 June 2016"2016/17"the year ended 30 June 2017"2017/18"the year ended 30 June 2018

"2H 2018" the six months ended 31 December 2018

"2019" the year ended 31 December 2019
"2020" the year ended 31 December 2020
"1H 2020" the six months ended 30 June 2020
"1H 2021" the six months ended 30 June 2021

"Amended JV Articles" the amended articles of the Xintang JV dated 10 September 2020

entered into and adopted by the Parties, as disclosed in the

Company's announcement dated 10 September 2020

"Audit Committee" the audit committee of the Company

"Bay Area" Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area, a national

development strategy of the PRC

"Board" the board of Directors of the Company

"CG Code" Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix 14 to the

Listing Rules

"Company" Shenzhen Investment Holdings Bay Area Development Company

Limited (formerly known as Hopewell Highway Infrastructure Limited), a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with

limited liability

"COVID-19 pandemic" coronavirus disease (COVID-19) pandemic

"Director(s)" director(s) of the Company

"Disposal" the Group (through Shenwan Infrastructure) and GPCG (through

Guangdong Highway Construction) disposed of an aggregate of 60% equity interest in the Xintang JV (representing 22.5% equity interest held by Shenwan Infrastructure and 37.5% equity interest held by Guangdong Highway Construction) together with their respective rights in the corresponding proportion of the shareholder's loan to Xintang JV (including the outstanding accrued interests thereof) through public listing, as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 12 June 2020, 19 July 2020 and 10 September 2020 and the circular of the Company dated

20 October 2020

"EBITDA" earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (before

net exchange gain/loss)

"EIT" enterprise income tax

"full-length equivalent traffic" the total distance travelled by all vehicles on the expressway

divided by the full length of the expressway

"GDP" gross domestic product

"GPCG" Guangdong Provincial Communication Group Company Limited*

> (廣東省交通集團有限公司) and its subsidiaries collectively (including Guangdong Highway Construction, Lealu Investment

and Leaxin Investment)

"Guangdong Highway Guangdong Provincial Highway Construction Company Limited* Construction"

(廣東省公路建設有限公司), the PRC joint venture partner of GS Superhighway JV and a company established in the PRC with limited liability and a non wholly-owned subsidiary of Guangdong Provincial Communication Group Company Limited* (廣東省交通集團有限公司), being a state-owned enterprise

established in the PRC

the Company and its subsidiaries "Group"

"GS JV Guangzhou-Shenzhen-Zhuhai Superhighway Company Limited,

the joint venture established for the GS Superhighway

"GS Superhighway" Guangzhou-Shenzhen Superhighway

"GZ West JV Guangdong Guangzhou-Zhuhai West Superhighway Company

Limited, the joint venture company established for the GZ West

Superhighway

"GZ West Superhighway" Guangzhou-Zhuhai West Superhighway, also known as the

Western Delta Route

"HK\$", "HKD" or "HK Dollar(s)"

"Hong Kong" or "HKSAR"

"HZM Bridge"

"km"

"JV(s)"

"Lealu Investment"

"Leaxin Investment"

"Listing Rules"

Hong Kong Dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC

the Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge joint venture(s)

kilometre(s)

Guangzhou Lealu Investment Company Limited* (廣州利路實業

投資有限公司), a company established in the PRC with limited liability and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Guangdong Highway

Construction

Guangzhou Leaxin Investment Company Limited* (廣州利新實業

投資有限公司), a company established in the PRC with limited liability and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Guangdong Provincial Communication Group Company Limited* (廣東省交通集團有限

公司), being a state-owned enterprise established in the PRC

the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock

Exchange

"Macao" or "Macao SAR" the Macao Special Administrative Region of the PRC "Mainland China" the PRC, excluding Hong Kong and Macao "Model Code" the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers contained in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules "net toll revenue" toll revenue after related tax "New JV Agreement" the joint venture agreement dated 10 September 2020 entered into among the Parties in relation to the Xintang JV, as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 10 September 2020 collectively, Shenwan Infrastructure, Lealu Investment, Leaxin "Parties" Investment and Shenzhen Run Investment, and each a "Party" "PRC" the People's Republic of China "PRD" Pearl River Delta "Project Land" the land (plot number: 83101203A19206) located at the Xintang interchange on both sides of the GS Superhighway, as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 29 November 2019 "RMB" Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC "SFO" The Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) "Share(s)" ordinary share(s) of HK\$0.10 each in the share capital of the Company "Shareholder(s)" shareholder(s) of the Company "Share Award Scheme" the share award scheme adopted by the Board on 25 January 2007 "Shenwan Infrastructure" Shenwan Bay Area Infrastructure (Shenzhen) Company Limited* (深灣基建(深圳)有限公司), a company established in the PRC with limited liability established by the Company for the purpose of investing into the Xintang JV "Shenzhen Pilot Demonstration "Guidelines on Supporting Shenzhen in Building a Pilot Demonstration Area of Socialism with Chinese Characteristics"* Area" 《關於支持深圳建設中國特色社會主義先行示範區的意見》 released by the State Council in August 2019, a national development strategy of the PRC "Shenzhen Run Investment" Shenzhen Run Investment Consulting Co., Ltd.* (深圳市潤投咨詢 有限公司), a company established in the PRC with limited liability "SIHC" Shenzhen Investment Holdings Co., Ltd* (深圳市投資控股有限公

"SIICHIC" or "Target Company"

Shenzhen Investment International Capital Holdings Infrastructure Co., Ltd (深圳投控國際資本控股基建有限公司), incorporated in

司), incorporated in the PRC with limited liability, the ultimate

the British Virgin Islands with limited liability

holding company of the Company

"Stock Exchange" The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

"toll revenue"

"Total Upper Limit"

"US"

"USD" or "US Dollar(s)"

"Xintang JV"

"YoY"

* For identification purpose only

toll revenue including tax

The maximum total amount of contribution (whether by way of registered capital, shareholders' loans, or in any other nature) by the Parties to Xintang JV shall not exceed RMB6.8 billion, as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 10 September 2020

the United States of America

United States Dollars, the lawful currency of the United States of America

Guangzhou Zhentong Development Company Limited* (廣州臻 通實業發展有限公司), a joint venture established in the PRC for the development of the Project Land, the equity interest of which is originally held as to 37.5%, 37.5%, 20% and 5% by Shenwan Infrastructure, Guangdong Highway Construction, Lealu Investment and Leaxin Investment respectively. After the Disposal, the equity interest of the joint venture is held as to 15%, 20%, 5% and 60% by Shenwan Infrastructure, Lealu Investment, Leaxin Investment and Shenzhen Run Investment respectively, as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 10 September 2020

year-on-year

Corporate Information

Board of Directors

Mr. Zhengyu LIU*

(Non-executive Director and Chairman)

Mr. Tianliang ZHANG*

(Executive Director and General Manager)

Mr. Cheng WU*

(Executive Director and Deputy General Manager)

Mr. Ji LIU*

(Executive Director, Deputy General Manager and secretary to the Board)

Mr. Junye CAI* (Non-executive Director)

Mr. Weiguo ZONG* (Non-executive Director)

Mr. Brian David Man Bun LI JP

(Independent Non-executive Director)

Mr. Yu Lung CHING

(Independent Non-executive Director)

Mr. Tony Chung Nin KAN SBS, JP

(Independent Non-executive Director)

* For identification purpose only

Audit Committee

Mr. Yu Lung CHING (Chairman)

Mr. Brian David Man Bun LI JP

Mr. Tony Chung Nin KAN SBS, JP

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Brian David Man Bun Ll JP (Chairman)

Mr. Yu Lung CHING

Mr. Tony Chung Nin KAN SBS, JP

Company Secretary

Ms. Ching Fan KOO

Solicitors

Woo Kwan Lee & Lo

Auditor

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Certified Public Accountants Registered Public Interest Entity Auditors

Registered Office

P.O. Box 309 Ugland House Grand Cayman KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

Principal Place of Business

Room 63-02, 63rd Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wan Chai, Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 2528 4975 Fax: (852) 2861 0177

Listing Information

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited HKD-traded Ordinary Shares (Stock Code: 737) RMB-traded Ordinary Shares (Stock Code: 80737)

Principal Bankers⁺

Bank of Beijing Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited China Construction Bank Corporation Shenzhen Branch Chinese Mercantile Bank CMB Wing Lung Bank Limited Guangdong Huaxing Bank Industrial Bank Co., Ltd. Hong Kong Branch Industrial Bank Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch Shanghai Pudong Development Bank Co., Ltd.

Cayman Islands Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited P.O. Box 1093 Boundary Hall Cricket Square Grand Cayman KY1-1102 Cayman Islands

Hong Kong Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 2862 8555 Fax: (852) 2529 6087

American Depositary Receipt

CUSIP No. 823219100
Trading Symbol SIHBY
ADR to share ratio 1:10

Depositary Bank Citibank, N.A., U.S.A.

International Securities Identification Number

ISIN code (HKD counter) KYG8088A1168 ISIN code (RMB counter) KYG8088A1085

Investor Relations

Tel: (852) 2863 2502 Fax: (852) 2861 0177 Email: ir@sihbay.com

Website

www.sihbay.com

^{*} Names are in alphabetical order

Financial Calendar

Interim dividend announcement	20 August 2021
Exchange rate determined for payment of interim dividend in Hong Kong Dollars	20 August 2021
Closure of register of members	6 September 2021
Deadline for submission of dividend election form	24 September 2021
Interim dividend payable RMB9.3 cents or HK11.147631 cents per share	22 October 2021

SHENZHEN INVESTMENT HOLDINGS BAY AREA DEVELOPMENT COMPANY LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
Room 63-02, 63rd Floor
Hopewell Centre
183 Queen's Road East
Wan Chai, Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 2528 4975 Fax: (852) 2861 0177 www.sihbay.com

