GIORDANO

Giordano International Limited 佐丹奴國際有限公司 (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability 於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

Annual Report 2021 年報

(Stock Code 股份代號: 709)

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十年財務與業務摘要

TEN-YEAR FINANCIAL AND OPERATION HIGHLIGHTS

| (除物 | 特別註明外,以百萬港元為單位) | (In I | HK\$ million unless otherwise specified) | | | | |
|----------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| 銷售 | | Sale | | | | | |
| 毛利 | | | ss profit | | | | |
| 毛利 | | | ss margin | | | | |
| | 溢利(虧損)(<i>附註3及4</i>) | | erating profit (loss) (Note 3 and 4) | | | | |
| | 利率(附註3及4) | | erating margin (Note 3 and 4) | | | | |
| | TDA(附註3及4) | | TDA (Note 3 and 4) | | | | |
| | TDA溢利率(附註3及4) | | TDA margin (Note 3 and 4) | | | | |
| | 司股東應佔溢利(虧損)(附註3及4) | | fit (loss) attributable to shareholders of the Company (Note 3 and 4) | | | | |
| | 回報率(附註3及4) | | urn on sales (Note 3 and 4) | | | | |
| | 資產總額回報率(附註3及4) | | urn on average total assets (Note 3 and 4) | | | | |
| 半均 | 本公司股東應佔權益回報率(附註3及4) | | urn on average equity attributable to shareholders of | | | | |
| | | tr | ne Company (Note 3 and 4) | | | | |
| 現全 | 及銀行結存減銀行貸款 | Cas | sh and bank balances less bank loans | | | | |
| | 資金(附註3及4) | | rking capital (Note 3 and 4) | | | | |
| | 總額(附註3及4) | | al assets (Note 3 and 4) | | | | |
| | 總額(附註3及4) | | al liabilities (Note 3 and 4) | | | | |
| | 對成本流轉日數(日)(附註1) | Inventory turnover on costs (days) (Note 1) | | | | | |
| | 比率(倍數)(附註3及4) | | rent ratio (times) (Note 3 and 4) | | | | |
| 7/10 243 | 20 1 (15 20) (17) | | | | | | |
| 有股 | 盈利(虧損) - 基本(港仙) | Far | nings (loss) per share — Basic (HK cents) | | | | |
| | 股息(港仙) | | dend per share (HK cents) | | | | |
| | 比率 | | dend payout ratio | | | | |
| | 流通股份數目(千股) | | nber of shares outstanding (in thousands) | | | | |
| | 總額 | | rket capitalization | | | | |
| 11- 122 | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | | | | | |
| 年末 | 門市數目 | Sto | res as at year end | | | | |
| | 營店 | | irect-operated stores | | | | |
| | 盟店(附註2) | | ranchised stores (Note 2) | | | | |
| | m/H (/// #E= / | | | | | | |
| 全球 | 門市總數 | Tot | al stores worldwide | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 附註 | : | Note | s: | | | | |
| 1. | 年結日之存貨除全年銷售成本乘以年內日數 | 1. | Inventory held at year end divided by cost of sales and multiplied by number of days in the year | | | | |
| 2. | 由一間南韓合營公司、科威特及卡塔爾(2015年及以前年度)、越南(2017年及以前年度)及第三者加盟商所營運之市場門市 | 2. | Stores in markets operated by a joint venture in South Korea, Kuwait and Qatar (prior to year 2015), Vietnam (prior to year 2017), and third-party franchisees | | | | |

16號租賃而作出調整

2013年及以前年度之數字並未因採納香港會計準則19僱員

2018年及之前年度之數字並未因採納香港財務報告準則第

 The adoption impact of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards 16 Leases are not reflected in the years in and prior to 2018

not reflected in the years and prior to 2013

The adoption impact of Hong Kong Accounting Standards 19 Employee benefits are

福利而作出調整

十年財務與業務摘要 TEN-YEAR FINANCIAL AND OPERATION HIGHLIGHTS

| 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 3,380 | 3,122 | 4,852 | 5,509 | 5,412 | 5,145 | 5,381 | 5,545 | 5,848 | 5,673 |
| 1,930 | 1,736 | 2,846 | 3,250 | 3,221 | 3,055 | 3,097 | 3,214 | 3,551 | 3,331 |
| 57.1% | 55.6% | 58.7% | 59.0% | 59.5% | 59.4% | 57.6% | 58.0% | 60.7% | 58.7% |
| 263 | (105) | 397 | 625 | 689 | 568 | 556 | 542 | 828 | 1,005 |
| 7.8% | -3.4% | 8.2% | 11.3% | 12.7% | 11.0% | 10.3% | 9.8% | 14.2% | 17.7% |
| 811 | 555 | 1,183 | 821 | 874 | 748 | 743 | 760 | 1,066 | 1,247 |
| 24.0% | 17.8% | 24.4% | 14.9% | 16.1% | 14.5% | 13.8% | 13.7% | 18.2% | 22.0% |
| 190 | (112) | 230 | 480 | 500 | 434 | 426 | 408 | 663 | 826 |
| 5.6% | -3.6% | 4.7% | 8.7% | 9.2% | 8.4% | 7.9% | 7.4% | 11.3% | 14.6% |
| 5.2% | -2.3% | 6.2% | 12.8% | 13.5% | 12.2% | 11.5% | 11.0% | 16.1% | 21.1% |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 7.8% | -4.4% | 8.5% | 16.8% | 17.5% | 15.2% | 14.5% | 13.8% | 21.8% | 28.8% |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 875 | 1,104 | 994 | 1,017 | 1,167 | 1,095 | 1,076 | 915 | 1,105 | 1,173 |
| 960 | 916 | 714 | 1,465 | 1,526 | 1,410 | 1,405 | 1,401 | 1,616 | 1,555 |
| 4,208 | 4,383 | 5,196 | 4,124 | 4,322 | 4,114 | 3,847 | 3,857 | 4,469 | 4,605 |
| 1,645 | 1,752 | 2,349 | 1,115 | 1,181 | 1,147 | 881 | 773 | 1,220 | 1,452 |
| 153 | 115 | 100 | 89 | 87 | 78 | 78 | 80 | 82 | 74 |
| 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 2.3 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 12.00 | (7.10) | 14.60 | 30.50 | 31.80 | 27.70 | 27.10 | 26.00 | 42.60 | 53.80 |
| 16.50 | 10.00 | 14.60 | 33.50 | 35.00 | 27.50 | 27.00 | 25.00 | 40.00 | 40.00 |
| 137.5% | 不適用NA | 100.0% | 109.8% | 110.1% | 99.3% | 99.6% | 96.2% | 93.9% | 74.3% |
| 1,578,937 | 1,577,631 | 1,578,501 | 1,578,501 | 1,570,631 | 1,570,953 | 1,570,395 | 1,569,913 | 1,566,837 | 1,543,709 |
| 2,353 | 1,798 | 3,709 | 5,840 | 6,534 | 6,582 | 5,701 | 5,400 | 10,858 | 11,501 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 1,134 | 1,209 | 1,274 | 1,323 | 1,349 | 1,364 | 1,385 | 1,451 | 1,499 | 1,449 |
| 922 | 976 | 1,101 | 1,103 | 1,065 | 1,033 | 986 | 1,001 | 1,143 | 1,199 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 2,056 | 2,185 | 2,375 | 2,426 | 2,414 | 2,397 | 2,371 | 2,452 | 2,642 | 2,648 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

公司資料

CORPORATE INFORMATION

董事會

執行董事

劉國權

(主席兼行政總裁)

陳嘉緯 羅學文

非執行董事

鄭志剛 JP 陳世昌

獨立非執行董事

畢滌凡

鄺其志 GBS, JP

黄旭

Alison Elizabeth LLOYD

集團法律總監及公司秘書

羅學文

審核委員會

畢滌凡(主席) 鄺其志 GBS, JP

黃旭

Alison Elizabeth LLOYD

薪酬委員會

黃旭*(主席)* 劉國權 畢滌凡

提名委員會

劉國權*(主席)* 畢滌凡

黃旭

Alison Elizabeth LLOYD

管理委員會

劉國權(主席)

陳嘉緯 羅學文

Ishwar Bhagwandas CHUGANI

授權代表

劉國權 羅學文

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

LAU Kwok Kuen, Peter

(Chairman and Chief Executive)

CHAN Ka Wai Mark Alan LOYND

Non-Executive Directors

CHENG Chi Kong JP CHAN Sai Cheong

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Barry John BUTTIFANT KWONG Ki Chi *GBS, JP* WONG Yuk (alias, HUANG Xu) Alison Elizabeth LLOYD

GENERAL COUNSEL AND COMPANY SECRETARY

Mark Alan I OYND

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Barry John BUTTIFANT (Chairman)

KWONG Ki Chi GBS, JP

WONG Yuk (alias, HUANG Xu)

Alison Elizabeth LLOYD

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

WONG Yuk (alias, HUANG Xu) (Chairman)

LAU Kwok Kuen, Peter Barry John BUTTIFANT

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

LAU Kwok Kuen, Peter (Chairman)

Barry John BUTTIFANT

WONG Yuk (alias, HUANG Xu)

Alison Elizabeth LLOYD

MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

LAU Kwok Kuen, Peter (Chairman)

CHAN Ka Wai

Mark Alan LOYND

Ishwar Bhagwandas CHUGANI

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES

LAU Kwok Kuen, Peter Mark Alan LOYND

CORPORATE INFORMATION

獨立核數師

執業會計師及 註冊公眾利益實體核數師 羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

律師

香港律師

禮德齊伯禮律師行

中國律師

高信德律師事務所

註冊辦事處

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香港主要營業地點

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股份過戶登記總處

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香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳雅柏勤有限公司 香港皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

主要往來銀行

法國巴黎銀行 恒生銀行有限公司 三菱日聯銀行株式會社 渣打銀行(香港)有限公司 香港上海匯豐銀行有限公司

網址

www.giordano.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

Certified Public Accountants and Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor PricewaterhouseCoopers

LAWYERS

Hong Kong lawyer
Reed Smith Richards Butler

PRC lawyer
GaoXinDe Law Firm

REGISTERED OFFICE

Victoria Place, 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10 Bermuda

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

5th Floor, Tin On Industrial Building 777–779 Cheung Sha Wan Road Kowloon Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 4th Floor North, Cedar House 41 Cedar Avenue Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Abacus Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

BNP Paribas
Hang Seng Bank Limited
MUFG Bank Ltd.
Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

WEBSITE

www.giordano.com

主席報告書

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

由於集團的大多數市場社交距離放鬆,集團的銷售和凈利潤在2021年有所反彈,錄得凈利潤為1.9億港元,董事會建議派發末期股息每股10港仙。2021年每股股息總額為每股16.5港仙。

曠日持久的Covid-19流行摧毀了全球經濟,擾亂了全球供應鏈,並抑制了消費者情緒。Omicron變體於2021年底首次被發現,截至撰寫本文時,它正在全球傳播。雖然我們無法預測它何時以及如何消散,但我們已經制定了可行的戰略和計劃,以減輕其對我們業務的逆境。

堅持著我們的特許經營戰略,新加盟商在2021業務增長令人滿意。這不僅是利用當地知識和技能的絕佳合作,而且集團還將能夠平衡可能影響集團業務的地緣經濟風險。該計劃將在2022年加快實施。

通過投資品牌和營銷,我們在新的產品提高了毛利率和價格。本集團的零售毛利率於年內由55.6%上升至57.1%。

Covid-19變體的突然出現以及由此造成供應鏈不穩定使商品採購預算變得非常困難。我們有目的地接受比平時高的庫存水平。即使供應鏈的不穩定性延長,而隨著我們減少的新購買量,我們可以有系統地使用庫存來支持集團的環球業務。

過去兩年對大多數企業來說,尤其是服裝零售商,是一個嚴重的考驗,。我必須讚揚我們的商業夥伴和工作人員的堅定不移。沒有人知道2022年及以後會發生什麼情況。儘管如此,我相信我們的戰略計劃是正確的,我們的財務狀況良好的,我們的商業夥伴和工作人員繼續保持警惕,我們的業務和盈利能力將繼續改善。

劉國權

主席兼行政總裁

香港,2022年3月10日

I am happy to report that the Group's sales and net profits rebounded in 2021 as social distancing relaxed in most of the Group's markets. The Group registered a net profit of HK\$190 million, and the Board of directors recommends a final dividend of 10 HK cents per share. The total dividend per share for 2021 will be 16.5 HK cents per share.

The protracted Covid-19 endemic devastated the global economy, disrupted the global supply chain, and dampened consumer sentiments. The Omicron variant, first discovered in late 2021, is spreading across the globe as of writing. While we cannot predict when and how it will dissipate, we have developed viable strategies and plans to mitigate its adversity on our business.

Persisting on our franchising strategy, we have made strides partnering with new franchisees whose business had grown satisfactorily in 2021. Not only is it an excellent collaboration to leverage local knowledge and skills, but the Group will also be in a position to balance geo-economical risks which might affect the Group's business. The initiative will expedite in 2022.

Investing in branding and marketing, we have also increased our prices on new products with higher gross margins. The Group's retail gross margins have grown from 55.6% to 57.1% during the year.

The sudden emergence of variants of Covid-19 and the resulting supply chain disruption had made merchandising budgets extremely problematic. We are accepting higher inventory levels than the usual times. As we reduce the new purchases in 2022, we can systematically use the mostly fashion-proof inventory to support the business, even if the supply chain disruption prolongs.

The past two years were testing for most businesses, especially apparel retailers. I must commend our business partners and staff for their steadfastness. There is no telling what lies ahead in 2022 and beyond. Still, I am confident that our strategic plans are correct, our financial health sound, our people vigilant, and our business and profitability will continue to improve.

LAU Kwok Kuen, Peter

Chairman and Chief Executive

Hong Kong, March 10, 2022

管理層對本集團經營業績及財務狀況之 論述及分析

除非另行説明,以下論述均指本集團截至2021年及 2020年12月31日止年度之按年比較。

概覽

- 本集團為國際服裝零售商,擁有眾多自有、加盟及授權經營之品牌。我們透過大約2,056個銷售點(或1,964,000平方呎之零售空間)組成之網絡,提供優質、物有所值並易於穿搭的服裝和配飾。
- 集團銷售額上升8.3%至33.80億港元(2020年:31.22億港元),毛利上升11.2%,主要由於毛利率增長1.5個百分點及集團整體銷售增長。集團線上銷售額飆升25.5%,佔總銷售額的12.1%(2020年:10.5%)。
- 經營費用縮減8.8%,佔銷售額的52.7% (2020年:62.6%)。隨著集團在整體營運過程中進一步擴大信息和通信技術的使用,我們預計2022年將進一步減少經營費用。
- 本年度淨利潤為1.90億港元(2020年:淨虧損 1.12億港元,包括7,000萬港元的減值撥備費 用,用於使用權資產與物業、機器及設備)。 每股基本盈利為12.0港仙(2020年:每股基 本虧損7.1港仙)。下半年淨利潤為1.30億港 元,對比上半年為6,000萬港元,反映了放寬 社交距離、較少折扣和有效控制經營費用的 成果。
- 本公司董事會建議派發末期股息每股10.0港仙(2020年:每股6.9港仙),全年累計總股息為每股16.5港仙(2020年:每股10.0港仙)。如獲批准,末期股息應付金額將約為1.58億港元。
- 本集團存貨,大部分為常青或當季款式,增加1.72億港元至6.06億港元,主要由於採取提早接收存貨以預防供應鏈危機的措施,較早的農曆新年,以及2021年第四季度天氣比往常溫暖。存貨流轉日數增加了38天至153天(2020年:115天)。
- 於2021年12月31日,現金及銀行結餘(扣除銀行貸款後)為8.75億港元(2020年12月31日:11.04億港元)。上述暫時過剩的存貨,將於2022年上半年轉化為現金。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF GROUP RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL POSITION

The following commentaries refer to the year-on-year ("YOY") comparison for the years ended December 31, 2021, and 2020, unless otherwise stated.

OVERVIEW

- The Group is an international apparel retailer with owned, franchised, and licensed brands. We offer high-quality, value-for-money, and easy-to-wear apparel and accessories through a network of approximately 2,056 points of sales, or 1,964,000 sq. ft. of retail floor space.
- Group sales rose by 8.3% to HK\$3,380 million (2020: HK\$3,122 million), with gross profit advancing by 11.2% due to a 1.5 percentage point rise in gross margin and Group-wide sales increases. The Group's online sales surged by 25.5%, contributing 12.1% (2020: 10.5%) to total sales.
- Operating expenses contracted by 8.8%, representing 52.7% (2020: 62.6%) of total sales. We expect further operating expense leveraging in 2022, as the Group further broadens the use of information and communication technologies throughout its operations.
- Net profit for the year was HK\$190 million (2020: net loss of HK\$112 million, inclusive of a net charge of HK\$70 million impairment provision for the right-of-use assets and property, plant, and equipment). Basic earnings per share were 12.0 HK cents (2020: Basic losses per share of 7.1 HK cents). Net profit for the second half of the year was HK\$130 million as compared with HK\$60 million reported for the first half, reflecting relaxed social distancing, fewer discounts, and the result of effective operating expense controls.
- The Company's Board of Directors recommended a final dividend of 10.0 HK cents per share (2020: 6.9 HK cents per share) to reach a total dividend of 16.5 HK cents per share for the year (2020: 10.0 HK cents). The final dividend payable, if approved, will amount to approximately HK\$158 million.
- The Group's inventories, mostly evergreen or in-season styles, increased by HK\$172 million to HK\$606 million, primarily due to early merchandise receipts as a precautionary tactic against global supply chain disruptions, an early Lunar New Year, and a warmer than usual fourth quarter in 2021. The inventory turnover days were higher by 38 days to 153 days (2020: 115 days).
- The cash and bank balances, net of bank loans, were HK\$875 million on December 31, 2021 (December 31, 2020: HK\$1,104 million). The abovementioned, temporary surplus inventories will convert to cash during the first half of 2022.

管理層之論述及分析

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

經營業績

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

表1:本集團經營業績

Table 1: Group results of operations

| | | | 佔銷售額 百分比 | | 佔銷售額 百分比 | 變動 |
|-------------|---|---------|-------------|---------|-------------|------------|
| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | % to sales | 2020 | % to sales | Change |
| 東南亞及澳洲 | Southeast Asia and Australia | 1,044 | 30.9% | 954 | 30.6% | 9.4% |
| 中國大陸 | Mainland China | 766 | 22.7% | 701 | 22.4% | 9.3% |
| 海灣阿拉伯國家合作 | Gulf Cooperation | | | | | |
| 委員會 | Council | 525 | 15.5% | 387 | 12.4% | 35.7% |
| 台灣 | Taiwan | 496 | 14.7% | 534 | 17.1% | (7.1%) |
| 香港和澳門 | Hong Kong and Macau | 355 | 10.5% | 362 | 11.6% | (1.9%) |
| 對海外加盟商之批發 | Wholesale to overseas franchisees | 194 | 5.7% | 184 | 5.9% | 5.4% |
| 本集團銷售額1 | Group sales ¹ | 3,380 | 100.0% | 3,122 | 100.0% | 8.3% |
| 毛利 | Gross profit | 1,930 | 57.1% | 1,736 | 55.6% | 11.2% |
| 其他收入及其他收益, | Other income and | | | | | |
| 淨額 | other gains, net | 118 | 3.5% | 183 | 5.9% | (35.5%) |
| 經營費用 | Operating expense | (1,782) | (52.7%) | (1,954) | (62.6%) | 8.8% |
| 使用權資產與物業、 | Impairment loss on right-of-use | | | | | |
| 機器及設備之減值 | assets and property, plant and | | | | | |
| | equipment | (14) | (0.4%) | (87) | (2.8%) | 83.9% |
| 使用權資產與物業、機器 | Reversal of impairment loss | | | | | |
| 及設備之減值撥回 | on right-of use assets and | | | | | |
| | property, plant and equipment | 11 | 0.3% | 17 | 0.5% | (35.3%) |
| 經營溢利(虧損) | Operating profit (loss) | 263 | 7.8% | (105) | (3.4%) | 350.5% |
| 應佔合營公司溢利 | Share of profit of joint ventures | 41 | 1.2% | 39 | 1.2% | 5.1% |
| 融資費用 | Finance expense | (29) | (0.9%) | (41) | (1.3%) | 29.3% |
| 所得税 | Income taxes | (52) | (1.5%) | (1) | (0.0%) | (5,100.0%) |
| 非控制性權益應佔 | Profit after income tax | | | | | |
| 除所得税後溢利 | attributable to | | | | | |
| | non-controlling interests | (33) | (1.0%) | (4) | (0.1%) | (725.0%) |
| 股東應佔除所得税後 | Profit (loss) after income tax | | | | | |
| 溢利(虧損) | attributable to shareholders | 190 | 5.6% | (112) | (3.6%) | 269.6% |
| 全球品牌銷售額2 | Global brand sales ² | 4,482 | | 4,276 | | 4.8% |
| 全球品牌毛利2 | Global brand gross profit ² | 2,781 | | 2,616 | | 6.3% |
| 年末現金及銀行結存 | Net cash and bank balances | | | | | |
| 淨額 | at year-end | 875 | | 1,104 | | (20.7%) |
| 年末存貨 | Inventories at year-end | 606 | | 434 | | 39.6% |
| 存貨對成本流轉日數3 | Inventory turnover on cost, days ³ | 153 | | 115 | | 38 |
| 年末門市數目 | Stores at year-end | 2,056 | | 2,185 | | (129) |

¹ 本集團銷售額指合併銷售額,包括直營店產生之零售額及 對海外/非合併加盟商之批發。

[&]quot;Group sales" refer to consolidated sales and include retail sales from direct-operated stores and wholesale to overseas/non-consolidated franchisees.

² 全球品牌銷售額/毛利包括佐丹奴於直營店、加盟店和合營公司之門市之所有零售銷售額/毛利,按固定匯率計算

[&]quot;Global brand sales/gross profit", comprising all Giordano retail sales/gross profit from direct-operated stores, franchised stores, and stores operated by a joint venture, are at constant exchange rates.

³ 存貨對成本流轉日數指年末持有之存貨除以銷售成本乘以 該年度日數。

[&]quot;Inventory turnover on cost" is calculated by dividing inventories held at year-end by the cost of sales and multiplied by the number of days in the year.

表2:按渠道劃分之銷售額

Table 2: Sales by channel

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 貢獻 Contribution | 2020 | 貢獻 Contribution | 變動 Change |
|------------------|--------------------------------|-------|--------------------|-------|--------------------|--------------|
| 線下業務 | Offline sales | 2,526 | 74.7% | 2,389 | 76.5% | 5.7% |
| 中國大陸線上業務中國大陸以外地區 | Mainland China online sales | 303 | 9.0% | 250 | 8.0% | 21.2% |
| 線上業務 | Ex-Mainland China online sales | 106 | 3.1% | 76 | 2.5% | 39.5% |
| 線上業務 | Online sales | 409 | 12.1% | 326 | 10.5% | 25.5% |
| 零售銷售額 | Retail sales | 2,935 | 86.8% | 2,715 | 87.0% | 8.1% |
| 對加盟商之批發 | Wholesale to franchisees | 445 | 13.2% | 407 | 13.0% | 9.3% |
| 本集團銷售額 | Group sales | 3,380 | 100.0% | 3,122 | 100.0% | 8.3% |

儘管門市總數減少5.9%,但集團銷售額按年增長 8.3%。台灣和東南亞地區銷售因5月份突然出現的 2019新型冠狀病毒大流行影響了我們的銷售至第三 季度。在解除限制性行動管制措施後,第四季度的 銷售增長出現反彈。

所有業務渠道均錄得銷售改善。延續上一年的趨勢,線上渠道的增長優於線下。線上業務銷售額按年增長25.5%,佔總銷售額的12.1%(2020年: 10.5%)。

表3:毛利變動分析

Group sales increased by 8.3% YOY, despite a 5.9% reduction in the total number of stores. The sudden re-emergence of Covid-19 cases in May hampered our Taiwan and Southeast Asia sales until Q3. Sales growth rebounded in Q4 after the alleviation of the restrictive movement control measures.

All business channels recorded sales improvements. Following the prior year's trend, the growth of the online channel outperformed that of offline. Online sales were up by 25.5% YOY and contributed 12.1% to total sales (2020:10.5%).

Table 3: Gross profit variance analysis

| | | 2020年 毛利 2020 | 產品成本 Product | 售價 Selling | 銷量 | 匯率換算 影響 Franslational exchange | 其他 | 2021年 毛利 2021 |
|---------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------|--------|---|---------------|---------------------|
| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | gross profit | costs | price | Volume | impact | Miscellaneous | gross profit |
| 東南亞及澳洲 | Southeast Asia and Australia | 532 | (18) | 63 | 7 | 8 | 7 | 599 |
| 中國大陸 | Mainland China | 323 | 18 | 3 | 5 | 25 | 4 | 378 |
| 海灣阿拉伯國家合作委員會 | Gulf Cooperation Council | 244 | (1) | 4 | 83 | 1 | (2) | 329 |
| 台灣 | Taiwan | 330 | (6) | 18 | (52) | 17 | (1) | 306 |
| 香港及澳門 | Hong Kong and Macau | 247 | (8) | 23 | (21) | - | (1) | 240 |
| 市場組合 | Market mix | - | (2) | 1 | 2 | - | (1) | - |
| 零售及分銷 | Retail and distribution | 1,676 | (17) | 112 | 24 | 51 | 6 | 1,852 |
| 海外加盟商/附屬公司之批發 | Wholesale to overseas franchisees/ | | | | | | | |
| | subsidiaries | 60 | | | | | | 78 |
| 本集團 | Group | 1,736 | | | | | | 1,930 |

毛利率增長1.5個百分點。下半年增長勢頭減弱, 主要是由於批發業務的貢獻較高,其毛利率普遍低 於其他渠道。整體而言,毛利率的上升是由於平均 售價提高及折扣較少所致。因此,整體毛利按年增 長11.2%。

Gross margin grew by 1.5 percentage points. The growth momentum abated in 2H, primarily due to a higher contribution of the wholesale business, the gross margin of which is generally lower than other channels. Overall, the rise in gross margin was attributable to improved average selling prices with fewer discount. As a result, the overall gross profit grew by 11.2% YOY.

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其他收入及其他收益,淨額

其他收入及其他收益,包括特許權收入,授權收入,利息收入,政府補貼及租金及分租租金收入,減少6,500萬港元至1.18億港元。主要是由於政府對因應2019新型冠狀病毒大流行而給予的財政援助減少所致。這1.18億港元,其中3,800萬港元是與2019新型冠狀病毒大流行相關的政府財政援助(2020年:1.02億港元)。

經營費用及經營溢利(虧損)

經營費用按年下降8.8%,佔銷售額的52.7%(2020年:62.6%)。儘管銷售增加,但成本削減仍然持續,主要是透過減少租金和關閉表現不佳之門市。本集團錄得經營溢利2.63億港元(2020年:經營虧損1.05億港元)。下半年經營溢利為1.69億港元,顯著高於上半年(2021上半年:9,400萬港元)。

使用權資產與物業,機器及設備之淨減 值

根據香港會計準則第36號的規定,本集團對使用權資產及物業、機器及設備計提了300萬港元之小額淨減值(2020年:7,000萬港元)。本集團大部分非盈利的使用權資產已到期或已為餘下非盈利的使用權資產計提撥備,大幅減少了所需的減值準備。本集團將會審慎地更新其使用權資產,特別是在近幾個月經營環境惡化的香港。

減值撥備是一項非現金支出,將減少使用權資產及物業、機器及設備的賬面淨額,從而減少剩餘租賃 期內的折舊費用。

融資費用

融資費用為2,900萬港元(2020年:4,100萬港元), 主要包括租賃負債推算利息2,700萬港元(2020年: 3,900萬港元)及銀行利息開支。

Other income and other gains, net

Other income and other gains, representing revenues from royalty, licensing, interest, government grants, and rental and sub-lease rental income, decreased by HK\$65 million to HK\$118 million. The drop was due to the reduction in government financial relief for the Covid-19 pandemic. Of this HK\$118 million, HK\$38 million was Covid-19 related government financial relief (2020: HK\$102 million).

Operating expense and operating profit (loss)

Operating expense was down by 8.8% YOY, representing 52.7% of sales (2020: 62.6%). The cost rationalization continued, despite sales increase, mainly through rental reduction and closure of non-performing stores. The Group recorded an operating profit of HK\$263 million (2020: operating loss of HK\$105 million). In 2H, the operating profit was HK\$169 million, significantly higher than the first half of the year (1H2021: HK\$94 million).

Net impairment of right-of-use assets and property, plant and equipment

Based on the Hong Kong Accounting Standard 36 requirements, the Group made a minor net impairment provision of HK\$3 million (2020: HK\$70 million) for the right-of-use ("ROU") assets and property, plant, and equipment. The Group had exited most non-productive ROU assets or had already made provision for the remainder of the non-productive ROU assets, substantially reducing the required impairment provisions. The Group will only renew its ROU assets conservatively, especially in Hong Kong, where the operating environment has worsened in recent months.

The impairment provision, a non-cash charge to income, will reduce the net carrying amount of the ROU assets and property, plant and equipment, and the depreciation expense over their remaining lease terms.

Finance expense

The finance expense of HK\$29 million (2020: HK\$41 million) comprises imputed interest on lease liabilities of HK\$27 million (2020: HK\$39 million) and bank interest expense.

本公司股東應佔除所得税後溢利(虧損)

本公司股東應佔除所得税後溢利(「股東應佔溢利」) 為1.90億港元,與2020年股東應佔除所得稅後虧損 (「股東應佔虧損」)為1.12億港元形成鮮明對比。淨 利潤率為5.6%,而去年的淨虧損率為-3.6%。下方 表4概括了轉虧為盈之變化。

表4:股東應佔溢利(股東應佔虧損)變動 摘要

Profit (loss) after income taxes attributable to shareholders of the Company

Profit after income taxes attributable to shareholders of the Company ("PATS") was HK\$190 million, in stark contrast to the loss after income taxes attributable to shareholders ("LATS") of HK\$112 million of 2020. The net margin was 5.6% versus the net loss margin of -3.6% in the prior year. Table 4 below explains the swing from net loss to net profit.

Table 4: Summary of changes in PATS (LATS)

(以百萬港元為單位)

(In HK\$ million)

| (III THE THINGS) | |
|--|--|
| Reported 2020 LATS | (112) |
| Southeast Asia and Australia (→ Sales rebound after the alleviation of movement controls) | 110 |
| Hong Kong and Macau (→ Closure of loss-making stores and rental reductions) | 105 |
| Gulf Cooperation Council (→ Sales rebound after the alleviation of movement controls) | 74 |
| Mainland China (→ Closure of loss-making stores and increase in wholesale to franchisees) | 51 |
| Wholesale to overseas franchisees/subsidiaries (→ Increase in wholesale to the Philippines) | 43 |
| South Korea | 1 |
| Taiwan (→ Sales drop in Q3 due the new wave of Covid-19) | (13) |
| Income taxes, non-controlling interests, finance expense and headquarter expenses | (73) |
| 2021 PATS | 186 |
| Currency translation difference | 4 |
| Reported 2021 PATS | 190 |
| | Southeast Asia and Australia (→ Sales rebound after the alleviation of movement controls) Hong Kong and Macau (→ Closure of loss-making stores and rental reductions) Gulf Cooperation Council (→ Sales rebound after the alleviation of movement controls) Mainland China (→ Closure of loss-making stores and increase in wholesale to franchisees) Wholesale to overseas franchisees/subsidiaries (→ Increase in wholesale to the Philippines) South Korea Taiwan (→ Sales drop in Q3 due the new wave of Covid-19) Income taxes, non-controlling interests, finance expense and headquarter expenses 2021 PATS Currency translation difference |

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市場分析

以下之具體市場意見以當地貨幣為單位,倘若是以 港元為單位,則根據固定匯率,以撇除因換算財務 報表所產生之扭曲。

大中華

表5:大中華之除所得税前溢利(虧損)

ANALYSIS BY MARKET

The following market-specific comments are in local currencies or, if in HK dollars ("HK\$"), are at constant exchange rates to remove distortions from the translation of financial statements.

Greater China

Table 5: Greater China profit (loss) before income taxes

| | | | 佔銷售額 | | 佔銷售額 | |
|-------------|---------------------------------|-------|------------|---------|------------|---------|
| (以百萬港元為單位, | (In HK\$ million, translated at | | 百分比 | | 百分比 | 變動 |
| 按固定匯率換算) | constant exchange rates) | 2021 | % to sales | 2020 | % to sales | Change |
| 總銷售額 | Total sales | 1,539 | 100.0% | 1,597 | 100.0% | (3.6%) |
| 毛利 | Gross profit | 882 | 57.3% | 900 | 56.4% | (2.0%) |
| 其他收入及 | Other income and | | | | | |
| 其他收益,淨額 | other gains, net | 21 | 1.4% | 69 | 4.3% | (69.6%) |
| 經營費用 | Operating expense | (894) | (58.1%) | (1,048) | (65.7%) | 14.7% |
| 使用權資產與物業、 | Impairment loss on right-of-use | | | | | |
| 機器及設備之減值 | assets and property, | | | | | |
| | plant, and equipment | (5) | (0.3%) | (63) | (3.9%) | 92.1% |
| 使用權資產與物業、機器 | Reversal of impairment loss | | | | | |
| 及設備之減值撥回 | on right-of-use assets and | | | | | |
| | property, plant and equipment | 7 | 0.4% | 10 | 0.6% | (30.0%) |
| 經營利潤(虧損) | Operating profit (loss) | 11 | 0.7% | (132) | (8.3%) | 108.3% |
| 融資費用 | Finance expense | (6) | (0.4%) | (12) | (0.7%) | 50.0% |
| 除所得税前利潤(虧損) | Profit (loss) before income tax | 5 | 0.3% | (144) | (9.0%) | 103.5% |
| 年末門市數目 | Stores at year-end | 975 | - | 1,030 | - | (55) |

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香港和澳門

可比較門市銷售額增長為8.7%,緩解了因店鋪按年從62家減少至51家,而導致總銷售額的下降。香港和澳門錄得經營虧損,但明顯少於去年。業績的改善原因主要是由於關閉虧損門市和減少租金。整體而言,香港和澳門的租金費用對於目前具挑戰的營商環境來説仍然高昂。

線上業務增長超過線下,其中線上銷售額按年增長 29%,主要受惠於第三方平台銷售的增長。

中國大陸及台灣

儘管門市數目減少,中國大陸仍錄得溫和的銷售增長。前三個季度的增長勢頭一直穩定,直到第四季度中國大陸出現新一波疫情。中國大陸的線上銷售額增長12.8%,約佔總銷售額的40%(2020年:36%)。

台灣銷售額按年下降雙位數字。嚴格的行動管制於5月中旬開始,一直持續到第四季度。普遍而言,2019新型冠狀病毒大流行令消費者購買意欲趨於謹慎,從而影響我們的銷售。

表6:大中華之銷售額及門市統計

Hong Kong and Macau

Comparable stores' sales grew by 8.7%, which mitigated the drop in total sales owing to the YOY store reduction from 62 to 51. Hong Kong and Macau recorded an operating loss, albeit significantly less than the previous year. The improved performance was primarily due to the closure of loss-making shops and some rental reductions. Overall, rental expenses in Hong Kong and Macau remain too high for the current challenging operating environment.

Online business out-grew offline, with online sales up 29% YOY, primarily through the growth of third-party platform sales.

Mainland China & Taiwan

Mainland China recorded mild sales growth despite a reduction in store numbers. The growth momentum had been steady in the first three quarters until the new wave of the pandemic in Mainland China during Q4. Mainland China's online sales grew by 12.8%, contributing around 40% to total sales (2020: 36%).

Taiwan reported a YOY double-digit sales drop. Strict movement controls commenced in mid-May and continued until Q4. Generally, the Covid-19 pandemic continues to hinder our sales by advancing conservative buying sentiment.

Table 6: Greater China sales and store counts

| | | 銷售額 Sales | | 年末加盟店數目 Franchised stores at year-end | | 年末直營店數目 Direct-operated stores at year-end | | 年末門市數目 Stores at year-end | | |
|------------|---------------------------------|--------------|-------|---|------|--|------|---------------------------------|------|-------|
| (以百萬港元為單位, | (In HK\$ million, translated at | | | 變動 | | | | | | |
| 按固定匯率換算) | constant exchange rates) | 2021 | 2020 | Change | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| 中國大陸 | Mainland China | 715 | 701 | 2.0% | 550 | 559 | 189 | 225 | 739 | 784 |
| 台灣 | Taiwan | 469 | 534 | (12.2%) | - | - | 185 | 184 | 185 | 184 |
| 香港及澳門 | Hong Kong and Macau | 355 | 362 | (1.9%) | - | - | 51 | 62 | 51 | 62 |
| 總數 | Total | 1,539 | 1,597 | (3.6%) | 550 | 559 | 425 | 471 | 975 | 1,030 |

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東南亞及澳洲

表7: 東南亞及澳洲之除所得税前溢利(虧損)

Southeast Asia and Australia

Table 7: Southeast Asia and Australia profit (loss) before income taxes

| (以百萬港元為單位, 按固定匯率換算) | (In HK\$ million, translated at constant exchange rates) | 2021 | 佔銷售額 百分比 % to sales | 2020 | 佔銷售額 百分比 % to sales | 變動 Change |
|---------------------------|--|-------|---------------------------|-------|---------------------------|--------------|
| 總銷售額 | Total sales | 1,030 | 100.0% | 954 | 100.0% | 8.0% |
| 毛利 | Gross profit | 591 | 57.4% | 532 | 55.8% | 11.1% |
| 其他收入及其他 | Other income and | | | | | |
| 收益,淨額 | other gains, net | 37 | 3.6% | 51 | 5.3% | (27.5%) |
| 經營費用 | Operating expense | (491) | (47.7%) | (549) | (57.5%) | 10.6% |
| 使用權資產與物業、 機器及設備之 | Impairment loss on right-of-use assets and property, plant and | | | | | |
| 減值 使用權資產與物業、 機器及設備之 | equipment Reversal of impairment loss on right-of-use assets and | (9) | (0.9%) | (20) | (2.1%) | 55.0% |
| 減值撥回 | property, plant and equipment | 3 | 0.3% | 7 | 0.7% | (57.1%) |
| 經營溢利 | Operating profit | 131 | 12.7% | 21 | 2.2% | 523.8% |
| 融資費用 | Finance expense | (17) | (1.6%) | (21) | (2.2%) | 19.0% |
| 除所得税前溢利 | Profit before income tax | 114 | 11.1% | _ | _ | 不適用N/A |
| 年末門市數目 | Stores at year-end | 570 | | 599 | | (29) |

大部分東南亞地區和澳洲在年中經歷了各種封鎖措施,特別是在第三季度。儘管如此,由於第二季度和第四季度的穩固表現的推動下,我們按年錄得高個位數的銷售額增長。印尼是我們在東南亞最大的市場,其表現非常出色。我們在該地區的大部分主要市場於年內均錄得經營溢利。

表8:東南亞及澳洲之銷售額及門市統計

Most Southeast Asia regions and Australia experienced various lockdown measures in the middle of the year, particularly in Q3. Nevertheless, we recorded a high single-digit sales growth YOY, driven by solid performances in Q2 and Q4. Indonesia was our largest market in Southeast Asia, and its performance was remarkable. Most of our key markets in this region recorded operating profits for the year.

Table 8: Southeast Asia and Australia sales and store counts

| | | 銷售額 | | | 年末門市數目 | | |
|------------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|---------|--------------------|------|--|
| | | | Sales | | Stores at year-end | | |
| (以百萬港元為單位, | (In HK\$ million, translated at | | | 變動 | | | |
| 按固定匯率換算) | constant exchange rates) | 2021 | 2020 | Change | 2021 | 2020 | |
| 印尼 | Indonesia | 506 | 380 | 33.2% | 231 | 239 | |
| 泰國 | Thailand | 185 | 219 | (15.5%) | 156 | 168 | |
| 新加坡 | Singapore | 170 | 164 | 3.7% | 36 | 40 | |
| 馬來西亞 | Malaysia | 99 | 99 | 持平Flat | 87 | 90 | |
| 越南 | Vietnam | 48 | 65 | (26.2%) | 51 | 53 | |
| 澳洲 | Australia | 14 | 19 | (26.3%) | 7 | 7 | |
| 柬埔寨 | Cambodia | 8 | 8 | 持平Flat | 2 | 2 | |
| 總數 | Total | 1,030 | 954 | 8.0% | 570 | 599 | |

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海灣阿拉伯國家合作委員會

表**9**:海灣阿拉伯國家合作委員會之除所得稅前溢利(虧損)

The Gulf Cooperation Council

Table 9: The Gulf Cooperation Council profit (loss) before income taxes

| (以百萬港元為單位, 按固定匯率換算) | (In HK\$ million, translated at constant exchange rates) | 2021 | 佔銷售額 百分比 % to sales | 2020 | 佔銷售額 百分比 % to sales | 變動 Change |
|------------------------|--|-------|---------------------------|-------|---------------------------|--------------|
| 總銷售額 | Total sales | 524 | 100.0% | 387 | 100.0% | 35.4% |
| 毛利 | Gross profit | 328 | 62.6% | 244 | 63.0% | 34.4% |
| 其他收入及 | Other income and | | | | | |
| 其他收益,淨額 | other gains, net | 7 | 1.3% | 1 | 0.3% | 600.0% |
| 經營費用 | Operating expense | (259) | (49.4%) | (238) | (61.5%) | (8.8%) |
| 使用權資產與物業、 | Impairment loss on right-of-use | | | | | |
| 機器及設備之 | assets and property, | | | | | |
| 減值 | plant, and equipment | - | - | (4) | (1.0%) | 100.0% |
| 使用權資產與物業、 | Reversal of impairment loss | | | | | |
| 機器及設備之 | on right-of-use assets | | | | | |
| 減值撥回 | and property, plant and | | | | | |
| | equipment | 1 | 0.2% | _ | _ | 不適用N/A |
| 經營溢利 | Operating profit | 77 | 14.7% | 3 | 0.8% | 2,466.7% |
| 融資費用 | Finance expense | (4) | (0.8%) | (7) | (1.8%) | 42.9% |
| 除所得税前溢利(虧損) | Profit (loss) before income tax | 73 | 13.9% | (4) | (1.0%) | 1,925.0% |
| 加盟店 | Franchised stores | 35 | | 34 | | |
| 直營店 | Direct-operated stores | 139 | | 139 | | |
| 年末門市數目 | Stores at year-end | 174 | | 173 | | 1 |

海灣阿拉伯國家合作委員會的銷售於齋月後激增並 錄得可觀的經營溢利。銷售的快速回升受益於本地 化的商品和市場策略,刺激了消費者的購買意欲。 隨著社交距離控制措施的放寬,管理層將繼續擴大 我們在該地區的業務。

南韓(一間由獨立管理團隊管理之擁有48.5%權益的合營公司)

表10:南韓之應佔淨溢利

The Gulf Cooperation Council ("GCC") sales rebounded after Ramadan and registered a substantial operating profit. The rapid sales recovery was attributable to the localized merchandise and marketing programs, which stimulated consumer buying desire. Management will continue to expand our footprint in the area with the onset of the alleviation of social distancing control measures.

South Korea (a 48.5% joint venture under an independent management team)

Table 10: South Korea share of net profit

| | | | 佔銷售額 百分比 | | 佔銷售額 百分比 | 變動 |
|------------|-------------------------|---------|-------------|---------|-------------|--------|
| (以百萬韓圜為單位) | (In Korean Won million) | 2021 | % to sales | 2020 | % to sales | Change |
| 總銷售額 | Total sales | 182,040 | 100.0% | 175,134 | 100.0% | 3.9% |
| 毛利 | Gross profit | 98,839 | 54.3% | 96,782 | 55.3% | 2.1% |
| 淨溢利 | Net profit | 12,534 | 6.9% | 12,146 | 6.9% | 3.2% |
| 應佔溢利 | Share of net profit | 6,079 | | 5,891 | | 3.2% |
| 年末門市數目 | Stores at year-end | 150 | | 172 | | (22) |

管理層之論述及分析

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

儘管出現了間歇性的大流行浪潮,但南韓的淨溢利增長了3.2%。線上和線下業務均表現穩定,銷售按年溫和增長。線上表現保持穩健,佔總銷售額的35%。整體而言,儘管2019新型冠狀病毒大流行造成間歇性危機,但本集團在南韓的業務依然強勁。

Despite the intermittent pandemic waves, South Korea reported a 3.2% increase in net profit. Both online and offline businesses performed stably with mild sales growth YOY. Online performance remained solid, contributing 35% to total sales. Overall, our South Korea business is robust despite intermittent disruption from the Covid-19 pandemic.

表11:海外加盟商之門市數目

Table 11: Overseas franchised stores

| 按市場劃分 | By market | 2021 | 2020 |
|-------|----------------|------|------|
| 東南亞 | Southeast Asia | 167 | 192 |
| 南韓 | South Korea | 150 | 172 |
| 其他市場 | Other markets | 20 | 19 |
| 門市總數 | Total stores | 337 | 383 |

對海外加盟商之批發增加5.4%至1.94億港元(2020年:1.84億港元)。隨著2019新型冠狀病毒的影響在下半年中逐漸減弱,我們加盟商的銷售穩步恢復。我們在新開拓市場的加盟商繼續擴大。儘管我們所有加盟商市場的門市總數暫時減少了46家,但在第四季度恢復增長。

財務狀況

流動資金及財務資源

於2021年12月31日,現金及銀行結存(扣除銀行貸款後)為8.75億港元(2020年:11.04億港元),原因為較高的存貨水平。目前的存貨將按計劃於2022年上半年銷售,以將返還現金予集團。

銀行貸款為1.68億港元(2020年:1.52億港元)。預計2022年現金流將更加強勁,本集團將償還部分銀行貸款以減少利息支出。本集團之槓桿比率(按借貸總額減去現金及銀行結餘後與本公司股東應佔權益之比率計算)為-0.4(2020年:-0.4)。於2021年12月31日,本集團的流動比率為1.9,以流動資產20.82億港元及流動負債11.22億港元(2020年:1.8)計算。

Wholesales to overseas franchisees increased by 5.4% to HK\$194 million (2020: HK\$184 million). The impact from Covid-19 gradually subsided in 2H, and the sales of our franchisees steadily recovered. The franchise businesses in our newest markets continued to expand. Despite the total number of stores in all our franchise markets temporarily dropping by 46, growth returned during the Q4.

FINANCIAL POSITION

Liquidity and financial resources

On December 31, 2021, the cash and bank balance, net of bank loans, was HK\$875 million (2020: HK\$1,104 million), caused by a higher inventory level. The current inventory will deplete according to plan in the first half of 2022 to return cash to the Group.

The bank borrowings amounted to HK\$168 million (2020: HK\$152 million). Anticipating a more robust cash flow in 2022, the Group will repay some bank loans to reduce interest expenses. The Group's gearing ratio, defined as the ratio of total borrowings less cash and bank balances to equity attributable to the Company's shareholders, was -0.4 (2020: -0.4). On December 31, 2021, the Group's current ratio was 1.9 based on current assets of HK\$2,082 million and current liabilities of HK\$1,122 million (2020: 1.8).

物業、機器及設備

資本開支為4,200萬港元(2020年:3,000萬港元), 主要用於門市升級。外部經營環境依然不穩定,我 們將繼續謹慎門市投資。

商譽及授出認沽期權負債

商譽及授出認沽期權負債來自2012年及2015年收 購海灣阿拉伯國家合作委員會業務。我們已進行年 度減值測試並認為商譽於2021年財政年度並無減 值。

於合營公司之權益

於合營公司之權益乃指48.5%於南韓合營公司之權益。按年結餘減少6.6%至5.13億港元,主要是由於本財政年度的貨幣換算調整所致。按年應佔溢利和已收股息穩定。

存貨

本集團存貨為6.06億港元,較2020年增加1.72億港元。存貨對成本流轉日數增加38天至153天(2020年:115天)。

存貨水平的飆升是由於採取提早接收存貨以預防供 應鏈危機的措施。大部分商品都是常青和當季款 式。

儘管在供應商及加盟商之存貨並非我們的法律責任,但本集團負責任地跟進供應商及加盟商之存貨水平,以確保資產負債表外存貨不會過高。我們的系統存貨維持穩健,如表12所示。

表12:系統存貨

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|---------------------------------------|---|----------|---------|
| 本集團擁有之存貨 | Inventories owned by the Group | 606 | 434 |
| 擁有48.5%權益的南韓合營公司持有之存貨 中國大陸加盟商持有之存貨 | Inventories held by 48.5% South Korea joint venture Inventories held by franchisees | 214 | 232 |
| 中國八座加盈尚持有之行員 供應商之製成貨品 | in Mainland China Finished goods at suppliers | 53 11 | 50 6 |
| 非本集團擁有之存貨 | Inventories not owned by Group | 278 | 288 |
| 系統存貨總額 | Total system inventories | 884 | 722 |

Property, plant, and equipment

Capital expenditure was HK\$42 million (2020: HK\$30 million), mainly for store upgrades. The external business environment is still volatile, and we will continue to be prudent in our store investment.

Goodwill and put option liabilities

The goodwill and put option liability arose from the acquisition of our GCC operations in 2012 and 2015. We carried out annual impairment tests and concluded that no impairment on goodwill was necessary for the 2021 financial year.

Interest in a joint venture

Interest in a joint venture represents a 48.5% interest in the South Korea joint venture. The YOY balance decreased by 6.6% to HK\$513 million, mainly due to the currency translation adjustment during the financial year. The share of profit and dividend received were stable YOY.

Inventories

Group inventories were HK\$606 million, up by HK\$172 million as compared with 2020. Inventory turnover on cost increased by 38 days to 153 days (2020:115 days).

The surge in inventory level was due to early merchandise receipts as a tactical precaution against supply chain disruptions. Most of the merchandise is evergreen and in-season styles.

Although inventory at suppliers and franchisees is not our legal liabilities, the Group responsibly tracks their levels to ensure that they are not excessive off-balance-sheet inventories. Our system inventories remained healthy, as shown in Table 12.

Table 12: System inventories

管理層之論述及分析

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

應收賬款和應付賬款

應收賬款流轉日數按年增加7天。該相關增加反映 農曆新年貨品提早付運至我們的加盟商,並不會對 本集團構成壞賬風險問題。由於向我們的供應商提 供更快的付款安排,以減輕他們因2019新型冠狀病 毒大流行造成的財務壓力,應付賬款流轉日數減少 73天。

股息

於2018年11月8日,本公司採納股息政策(「股息政策」)。股息政策旨在為透過派付股息及股份回購向其股東回饋剩餘現金。根據股息政策,本公司一直將其大部分盈餘用於派付普通股息,至於派息金額則經考慮手頭現金、未來投資需要以及營運資金等因素而有所不同。

經考慮經濟前景、本集團之財務狀況、其未來擴展計劃及其他因素後,董事會建議截至2021年12月31日止年度之末期股息為每股10.0港仙(2020年:每股6.9港仙)。連同於2021年9月17日派付之中期股息每股6.5港仙(2020年:每股3.1港仙),2021年之股息總額為每股16.5港仙(2020年:每股10.0港仙)。待我們的股東於本公司應屆股東周年大會上批准後,末期股息將於2022年6月17日(星期五)向於2022年6月2日(星期四)名列於本公司股東名冊上之股東派付。

Trade receivables and payables

The YOY turnover days for trade receivables were up by 7 days. The increase reflected the early shipments of Chinese New Year goods to our franchisees that did not concern the Group's bad debt risks. The turnover days for trade payables were down by 3 days due to a faster payment schedule to our vendors to relieve their financial stress from the Covid-19 pandemic.

Dividends

The Company adopted a dividend policy on November 8, 2018 (the "Dividend Policy"). The Dividend Policy aims to return surplus cash to its shareholders through the payment of dividends and share repurchases. In line with the Dividend Policy, the Company has been paying a substantial portion of its earnings as an ordinary dividend, the amount of which may vary depending on cash on hand, future investment requirements and working capital considerations.

Having considered the economic outlook, the Group's financial position, its future expansion plans and other factors, the Board has thus recommended a final dividend of 10.0 HK cents per share (2020: 6.9 HK cents per share) for the year ended December 31, 2021. Together with the interim dividend of HK6.5 cents per share (2020: 3.1 HK cents per share) paid on September 17, 2021, the total 2021 dividend would amount to 16.5 HK cents per share (2020: 10.0 HK cents per share). Subject to the approval of our shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company, the final dividend will be payable on Friday, June 17, 2022, to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Thursday, June 2, 2022.

展望

2022年的營商環境仍然不穩定,特別是在大中華區。在撰寫本文時,Omicron變種病毒的爆發嚴重影響了香港的銷售額,我們預計今年大部分時間情況也不會好轉。本集團將暫時縮減香港業務,直至出現明顯及正面的經濟復甦跡象。

全球供應鏈危機帶來了另一個挑戰。本集團已採取 措施解決困難,迅速轉向當地採購。我們已準備好 利用我們的區域管理和人脈來解決問題。

本集團將繼續在發展中國家,主要是非洲,拓展其 加盟經營權。

在電子商務方面,本集團與當地強大的第三方平台 合作成功。而我們電子商務歷史悠久的中國大陸和 南韓,線上銷售額貢獻已增加到總銷售額約40%, 盈利能力可觀。本集團其他市場新開發的線上業務 亦穩步增長。

本集團的國際業務作用是自然對沖不同地區的衰退。我們在海灣阿拉伯國家合作委員會和東南亞地區的業務穩健且不斷增長。

我們為提升佐丹奴品牌所做的努力正在繼續取得令 人鼓舞的成果,更高的售價和毛利率證明這一點。 本集團決心擺脱廉價品牌的印象。

其他資料

人力資源

於2021年12月31日,本集團約5,900名員工(2020年12月31日:6,400名)。本集團針對不同級別的員工提供具有競爭力的薪酬待遇,並發放目標為本之優厚花紅。我們為高級管理人員提供基於按業績計算/酌情性的獎金計劃和購股權,以獎勵和保留一支高素質的領導團隊。我們還大力投資於銷售和客戶服務、管理、計劃和領導力發展方面的培訓,以保持熟練和積極進取的團隊。本集團協助年輕的行政人員擔任管理職務。於2021年12月31日,本集團的管理團隊的平均年齡為47歲(2020年:46歲)。

OUTLOOK

The business environment in 2022 will remain volatile, especially in Greater China. At the time of writing, the Omicron variant outbreak severely hurt sales in Hong Kong, and we do not expect the situation to improve for the most part of the year. The Group will temporarily downsize the Hong Kong operations until there are clear and positive signs of economic recovery.

The global supply chain disruption presents another challenge. The Group has taken measures to address the difficulties, quickly moving to regional sourcing. We are well poised to resolve the problem leveraging our regional management and connections.

The Group will continue its franchise expansion in developing countries, mainly in Africa.

On e-commerce, the Group is successfully partnering with locally robust third-party platforms. For Mainland China and South Korea where our e-commerce has been long-established, online sales contribution has increased to nearly 40% of total sales with decent profitability. Newly developed online businesses elsewhere in the Group's markets are growing at a steady pace.

The Group's international presence is a natural hedging against regional ebbs. Our business in the GCC and Southeast Asia is robust and growing.

Our efforts towards upgrading the Giordano brands are continuing with encouraging results, evidenced by higher selling prices and gross margins. The Group is determined to move away from the budget brand perception.

OTHER INFORMATION

Human Resources

As of December 31, 2021, the Group had approximately 5,900 employees (December 31, 2020: 6,400). The Group offers competitive remuneration packages and generous, goal-oriented incentives targeted to different levels of staff. We provide senior managers with performance-based/discretionary bonus schemes and share options to reward and retain a high-calibre leadership team. We also invest heavily in training in sales and customer service, management, planning, and leadership development to maintain a skilled and motivated workforce. The Group facilitates the younger executives to take up management roles. On December 31, 2021, the average age of the Group's management team was 47 (2020: 46).

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILES

劉國權博士(主席兼行政總裁),現年69歲,為本集團主席兼行政總裁。彼亦為本公司管理委員會及提名委員會主席及薪酬委員會成員。彼於1987年加入本集團,並於1994年2月8日成為行政總裁,同年8月10日獲選為本公司董事會主席。彼亦為本集團若干子公司之董事。

劉博士現亦為Fairwood Holdings Limited大快活集團有限公司*之獨立非執行董事,該公司於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。劉博士曾出任香港城市大學(「城大」)商學院兼任教授及香港浸會大學(「浸大」)商學院顧問委員會外部成員、香港理工大學(「理大」)管理及市場學系顧問委員會之主席。

劉博士持有理大工商管理博士學位、加拿大卡加里大學工商管理碩士學位及香港大學佛學碩士學位。

於加入本集團前,劉博士於加拿大之私營及公營機構有超過12年的管理及會計經驗。

陳嘉緯博士(執行董事),現年45歲,於2000年1月加入本集團,並分別於2014年6月20日及2015年4月1日獲委任為本公司執行董事及首席營運官。彼為本公司管理委員會成員及本集團多間子公司及一間合營公司之董事。陳博士負責本集團的營運,以達致預算和其他財務目標,並且制訂目標、調配資源和評估政策,以推動本集團的業務表現。陳博士在服裝零售經銷業務及市場推廣已累積超逾20年經驗。

陳博士為澳洲會計師公會資深會員及英國特許仲裁 員學會資深會員。彼持有理大工商管理博士學位和 紡織科學學士學位、城大環球企業管理文學碩士學 位和法律碩士學位(仲裁與爭議解決)及浸大會計碩 士學位。 **Dr. LAU Kwok Kuen, Peter** (Chairman and Chief Executive), aged 69, is the Group's Chairman and Chief Executive. He is also chairman of the Management Committee and Nomination Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee of the Company. He joined the Group in 1987, became the Chief Executive on February 8, 1994, and was elected Chairman of the Board of the Company on August 10 in the same year. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Group.

Dr. LAU is also an independent non-executive director of Fairwood Holdings Limited, which is listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). Dr. LAU was previously an adjunct professor of the College of Business at City University of Hong Kong ("CityU"), an external member of the School of Business Advisory Committee of Hong Kong Baptist University ("HKBU"), the chairman of the Advisory Committee on Management and marketing at the Hong Kong Polytechnic University ("PolyU").

Dr. LAU holds a Doctorate degree in Business Administration from PolyU, a MBA degree from the University of Calgary in Canada and a Master of Buddhist Studies from The University of Hong Kong.

Dr. LAU had over 12 years of management and accounting experience in both the private and public sectors in Canada before joining the Group.

Dr. CHAN Ka Wai (Executive Director), aged 45, joined the Group in January 2000 and was appointed as an Executive Director and the Chief Operating Officer of the Company on June 20, 2014 and April 1, 2015, respectively. He is a member of the Management Committee of the Company and also a director of various subsidiaries and a joint venture of the Group. Dr. CHAN is responsible for the Group's operations to meet budget and other financial goals, as well as establishing goals, allocating resources and assessing policies to drive the Group's performance. Dr. CHAN has over 20 years of experience in the apparel retailing and marketing business.

Dr. CHAN is a fellow member of Certified Practicing Accountant Australia and a Fellow of the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators in London. He holds a Doctorate degree in Business Administration and Bachelor of Science in Textile from PolyU and a Master of Arts in Global Business Management and a Master of Laws in Arbitration and Dispute Resolution from CityU and a Master of Accountancy from HKBU.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILES

羅學文先生(執行董事),現年43歲,自2013年9月加入本集團,並於2017年3月9日獲委任為執行董事。羅先生現為本公司之集團法律總監、公司秘書及集團人力資源總監。彼監督本集團法律、監管、合規、企業管治、人力資源及人材發展事宜。羅先生亦為本公司風險管理委員會主席及管理委員會成員,以及本集團多間附屬公司及一間合營公司之董事及公司秘書。目前,羅先生亦負責開拓新海外市場,以及品牌與產品的發展。

羅先生於2007年獲認許香港大律師資格,並為英國特許仲裁員學會會員。羅先生成亦為香港人力資源管理學會的專業會員及被委任為其香港僱傭相關法例及事務委員會委員、以及加拿大的The Chartered Professionals in Human Resources of British Columbia and Yukon專業會員。

彼畢業於英國威爾斯亞伯裡斯威斯大學,獲頒授法 律學榮譽學士,並獲城大頒授仲裁及爭議解決學文 學碩士(優異)及法學專業證書。彼為上市公司處理 包括監管及合規事宜、收購合併、合資及其他商業 法律事項,以至勞工及海商法等事項擁有20年以上 之經驗。

Mr. Mark Alan LOYND (Executive Director), aged 43, has been with the Group since September 2013 and was appointed as an Executive Director on March 9, 2017. Mr. LOYND is currently the General Counsel, Company Secretary and Group Human Resources Director of the Company. He oversees legal, regulatory, compliance, corporate governance, human resources and talent development affairs of the Group. Mr. LOYND is also chairman of the Risk Management Committee and a member of the Management Committee of the Company as well as director and company secretary of various subsidiaries and a joint venture of the Group. Currently, Mr. LOYND is also responsible for the development of new overseas markets as well as brand and product development.

Mr. LOYND was called to the Bar in Hong Kong in 2007 and is a Member of the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators in London, the United Kingdom. He is a professional member of the Hong Kong Institute of Human Resources Management, where he also sits on the Employment-Related Hong Kong Legislation and Issues Committee, and a member of the Chartered Professionals in Human Resources of British Columbia and Yukon.

He holds a Bachelor of Laws (Hons) from Aberystwyth University in the United Kingdom as well as a Master of Arts in Arbitration and Alternative Dispute Resolution (with distinction) and a Postgraduate Certificate in Laws, both from CityU. He possesses over 20 years of experience in handling regulatory and compliance matters for listed companies, mergers and acquisitions, joint ventures and other commercial law affairs, as well as labour and maritime law issues.

Dr. CHENG Chi Kong JP (Non-executive Director), aged 42, was appointed as a Non-executive Director on May 22, 2012. Dr. CHENG is the executive vice-chairman and chief executive officer of New World Development Company Limited ("NWD"), the chairman and a non-executive director of New World Department Store China Limited, a non-executive director and the chairman of Arta TechFin Corporation Limited. He is also an executive director of Chow Tai Fook Jewellery Group Limited and NWS Holdings Limited, and a non-executive director of New Century Healthcare Holding Co. Limited, all of which are listed on the Stock Exchange. Dr. CHENG was a non-executive director of i-CABLE Communications Limited, a listed public company in Hong Kong, up to his resignation on July 2, 2019. Dr. CHENG is a director of a substantial shareholder of the Company, Chow Tai Fook (Holding) Limited and its subsidiary, Chow Tai Fook Enterprises Limited. He is also a director and executive chairman of New World China Land Limited.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILES

鄭博士目前擔任中華人民共和國人民政治協商會 議天津市委員會委員、新世界集團慈善基金有限 公司主席、中華青年精英基金會主席及K11 Art Foundation榮譽主席。彼曾任中華全國青年聯合會 第十一屆及第十二屆副主席。彼亦於2012年獲美國 《財富》雜誌選為「2012全球40位40歲以下的商界精 英 | (「40 Under 40 |), 並於同年被世界經濟論壇評 選為「全球青年領袖」(「Young Global Leader」)之 一。鄭博士自2016年起為香港特別行政區政府委任 的太平紳士,以及於2017年獲法國政府文化部頒授 法國藝術與文學軍官勳章(Officier in the Ordre des Arts et des Lettres)。鄭博士持有哈佛大學文學士學 位(優等成績),並於2014年獲薩凡納藝術設計學院 頒授人文學科榮譽博十學位。鄭博十於2006年9月 加入新世界發展前,曾任職於某大國際銀行,具有 豐富企業融資經驗。

陳世昌先生(非執行董事),年59歲,於2012年5月 22日獲委任為非執行董事。彼亦為周大福珠寶集團 有限公司之執行董事及董事總經理(中國內地),該 公司於聯交所上市。

陳先生對中國內地市場擁有深厚知識和經驗,並從事珠寶行業已有40年。他是中國珠寶玉石首飾行業協會高級諮事、全國首飾標準化技術委員會和全國珠寶玉石標準化技術委員會委員、中國黃金協會常務理事、廣東省金銀首飾商會常務副會長、廣東省金銀珠寶玉器業廠商會副主席及中國地質大學(武漢)董事和客座教授。他亦是中國人民政治協商會議遼寧省委員會委員。

Dr. CHENG is a member of the Tianiin Municipal Committee of The Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference of The People's Republic of China, the chairman of New World Group Charity Foundation Limited, the chairman of China Young Leaders Foundation and the honorary chairman of K11 Art Foundation. He was the vice-chairman of the 11th and 12th committee of the All-China Youth Federation. He was acknowledged by Fortune as one of "40 Under 40" global business stars and a "Young Global Leader" by the World Economic Forum in 2012. Dr. CHENG is a Justice of Peace appointed by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region since 2016 and was made an Officier in the Ordre des Arts et des Lettres by the French Government in 2017. Dr. CHENG holds a Bachelor of Arts Degree (cum laude) from Harvard University, and was conferred the Honorary Doctorate of Humanities by the Savannah College of Art and Design in 2014. Dr. CHENG worked in a major international bank prior to joining NWD in September 2006 and has substantial experience in corporate finance.

Mr. CHAN Sai Cheong (Non-executive Director), aged 59, was appointed as a Non-executive Director on May 22, 2012. He is an executive director, and also the managing director, Mainland China of Chow Tai Fook Jewellery Group Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Chan has extensive knowledge and experience of the market in Mainland China and has been in the jewellery industry for 40 years. He is a senior adviser of the Gems & Jewelry Trade Association of China, a member of National Technical Committee 256 on Jewelry and National Technical Committee 298 on Jewelry and Jade of Standardization Administration of China, a member of the standing council of China Gold Association, an executive vice-chairman of the Guangdong Gold and Silver Jewellery Chamber of Commerce, a vice-chairman of the Shenzhen Gold & Jewellery Association, a general vice-chairman of Gold Association of Guangdong Province, a vice-chairman of the Guangdong Golden Jewellery and Jade Industry's Association, and a director and visiting professor of the China University of Geosciences (Wuhan). He is also a member of the Liaoning Provincial Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILES

畢滌凡博士(獨立非執行董事),現年77歲,於 1995年3月3日獲委任為獨立非執行董事,彼亦為 本公司審核委員會主席、提名委員會及薪酬委員會 成員。畢滌凡博士於2017年1月獲續任為禮恒企業 財務服務有限公司之董事總經理,並於同日獲委任 為禮恒企業諮詢有限公司之董事總經理。

畢滌凡博士為特許公認會計師公會、香港會計師公會、英國特許管理學會、香港管理專業協會及香港董事學會之資深會員。彼於2013年2月獲授英國愛丁堡龍比亞大學工商管理榮譽博士學位。

鄺其志先生 GBS, JP (獨立非執行董事),現年70 歲,於2004年4月26日獲委任為獨立非執行董事, 彼亦為本公司審核委員會成員。鄺先生現為另一間 上市公司, 進智公共交通控股有限公司之獨立非執 行董事。鄺先生持有香港大學物理及數學理學士學 位,亦在英國劍橋大學獲取經濟及政治發展哲學碩 十學位。彼在香港政府服務27年,主要擔任經濟 及金融事務之職位。彼於1995年至1998年擔任庫 務司/庫務局局長,主要負責公共財政事務,及於 1998年至2000年3月擔任資訊及廣播局局長,主 要負責資訊科技、電信及廣播事務。隨著聯交所、 香港期貨交易所有限公司及其相關結算所改革及 合併,彼於2000年3月離開香港特別行政區政府加 入香港交易及結算所有限公司擔任執行董事及首位 行政總裁並於2003年4月卸任。其後, 鄺先生於多 間公司先後任職為董事總經理/執行董事/非執行 董事,其中包括新昌國際集團有限公司、偉新(國 際)有限公司、Macau Legend Development Ltd 澳門勵駿創建有限公司*及Chenavari Investment Managers (HK) Limited (現稱智方資產管理有限 公司)。

鄺先生為香港非官守太平紳士並曾獲香港特別行政 區政府頒授金紫荊星章。 **Dr. Barry John BUTTIFANT** (Independent Non-executive Director), aged 77, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on March 3, 1995. He is also chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of both the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee of the Company. Dr. BUTTIFANT was re-appointed as a managing director of KLC Transactions Limited in January 2017, and was also appointed as a managing director of KLC Corporate Advisory and Recovery Limited from the same date.

Dr. BUTTIFANT is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Chartered Management Institute, the Hong Kong Management Association and the Hong Kong Institute of Directors. He has been awarded an Honorary Doctorate of Business Administration (Honoris Causa) by Edinburgh Napier University, United Kingdom in February 2013.

Mr. KWONG Ki Chi GBS. JP (Independent Non-executive Director), aged 70, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on April 26, 2004 and is a member of the Audit Committee of the Company. Mr. KWONG is also an independent non-executive director of another listed company, AMS Public Transport Holdings Limited. Mr. KWONG graduated from The University of Hong Kong with a Bachelor of Science degree in Physics and Mathematics and was awarded a Master of Philosophy degree in Economics and Politics of Development by the University of Cambridge, England. He has served in the Government of Hong Kong for 27 years and held positions principally in the economic and financial fields. He was the Secretary for the Treasury from 1995 to 1998, with responsibility for public finances, and Secretary for Information Technology and Broadcasting from 1998 to March 2000, with responsibility for information technology, telecommunications and broadcasting. He left the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in March 2000 to join The Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited as executive director and first Chief Executive. following the demutualization and merger of the Stock Exchange, The Hong Kong Futures Exchange Limited and their associated clearing houses and retired in April 2003. Since then, Mr. KWONG had served as the managing director/executive director/non-executive director of various companies, including Hsin Chong International Holdings Ltd, Hongkong Sales (Int'I) Ltd, Macau Legend Development Ltd and Chenavari Investment Managers (HK) Limited (now known as W2 Asset Management (HK) Limited).

Mr. KWONG is a non-official Justice of the Peace in Hong Kong and has been awarded the Gold Bauhinia Star by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILES

黃旭教授(獨立非執行董事),現年51歲,於2015年11月11日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼亦為本公司薪酬委員會主席,以及審核委員會及提名委員會成員。黃教授獲頒荷蘭格羅寧根大學(University of Groningen)之哲學博士、英國蘭卡斯特大學(Lancaster University)之文學碩士及香港嶺南大學之榮譽文憑。彼為浸大管理學系講座教授及前系主任。目前,彼亦為浸大工商管理學院(研究與研究生課程)副院長、工商管理學院工商管理碩士課程及商業管理理學碩士課程策劃總監及人力資源策略及發展研究中心主任。

自2010年起,彼出任Griffith University工作、組織及幸福中心(Centre for Work, Organization and Wellbeing)兼任教授。自2012年起,彼亦獲委任為上海財經大學客席教授。彼現為Management and Organization Review的副主編,以及Academy of Management Journal and Human Relations 的編輯委員會成員。黃教授之研究領域包括領導力、權力、主動和異常的工作行為、員工幸福感、跨文化心理,以及在中國之管理問題。彼曾於國際刊物包括Academy of Management Journal of Applied Psychology、Journal of International Business Studies 、 Journal of Management 、 Leadership Quarterly 、 Journal of Organizational Behavior, Human Relations等發表多於60篇文章。

Professor WONG Yuk (alias, HUANG Xu) (Independent Non-executive Director), aged 51, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on November 11, 2015. He is also chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of both the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company. Professor HUANG received his PhD from the University of Groningen (The Netherlands), Master of Arts from Lancaster University (England), and Honours Diploma from Lingnan University (Hong Kong). He is the Chair Professor and the former Head of Department of Management of HKBU. Currently, he also serves as the Dean of the School of Business (Research & Postgraduate Studies), the Programme Director of Master of Business Administration and Master of Science in Business Management and the Director of Centre for Human Resources Strategy and Development of HKBU.

Since 2010, he has served as an Adjunct Professor in the Centre for Work, Organization and Wellbeing, Griffith University. He has also been appointed as a Visiting Chair Professor in Shanghai University of Finance and Economics since 2012. He is Deputy Editor of the Management and Organization Review, and a member of editorial board for Academy of Management Journal and Human Relations. Professor HUANG's research interests include leadership, power, proactive and abnormal work behaviors, employees' well-being; cross-cultural psychology and management issues in China. He has published more than 60 papers in international journals including Academy of Management Journal, Journal of Applied Psychology, Journal of International Business Studies, Journal of Management, Leadership Quarterly, Journal of Organizational Behavior, Human Relations and so forth.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILES

Alison Elizabeth LLOYD博士(獨立非執行董事), 現年46歲,於2019年3月7日獲委任為獨立非執 行董事。彼亦為本公司審核委員會及提名委員會 成員。

LLOYD博士自2020年5月13日起出任浸大協理副校長(校務研究及策劃)。LLOYD博士出任協理副校長(校務研究及策劃)後,將負責支援大學發展,特別是落實大學十年策略發展計劃。她亦將領導大學團隊,建立以數據分析為基礎的決策文化,及支援多

個與大學規劃相關的項目。

她曾為理大國際事務總監,負責監督有關國際夥伴 關係的策略發展及協調、國際招聘、學生交流機會 及院校合作的事宜。彼也曾擔任理大大學策劃總 監,負責策略規劃、績效監控、大學排名、商業智 能及分析。

在加入學術界前,她於香港的管理顧問公司工作,從事諮詢業務涵蓋香港及亞洲私營與公共部門的策略規劃、業務流程的審核及改進、企業績效管理框架和改革管理。LLOYD博士現正在多個國際高等教育顧問理事會及指導委員會中任職。

Dr. Alison Elizabeth LLOYD (Independent Non-executive Director), aged 46, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on March 7, 2019. She is also a member of both the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company.

She is the associate vice-president (Institutional Research and Strategic Planning) of HKBU since May 13, 2020. As Associate Vice-President (Institutional Research and Strategic Planning), Dr. LLOYD plays an instrumental role in supporting the advancement of HKBU, particularly in the implementation of the Institutional Strategic Plan (2018-2028). She leads efforts to spearhead the use of analytics and business intelligence to foster a culture of data-informed decision-making, and support a number of planning-related initiatives.

She was a director of International Affairs of PolyU, Dr. LLOYD oversaw the strategic development and coordination of international partnerships, international recruitment, mobility opportunities, and institutional relations. As Director of Institutional Research and Planning of PolyU, she steered strategic planning, performance monitoring, university rankings, business intelligence, and analytics.

Prior to joining academia, she worked in management consultancy in Hong Kong. Her previously consulting engagements cover strategy, business process review and improvement, performance management frameworks and change management for both private and public sector organizations in Hong Kong and Asia. Currently, Dr. LLOYD serves on a number of advisory boards and steering committees pertaining to international higher education.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

董事會致力在合理可行的架構中保持最高水平的企業管治。董事會堅信,透明、問責和獨立的原則對於保障全體持份者的利益及提升股東的價值至為重要。

董事會一直致力提高企業管治水平,其負責制定及檢討本公司的企業管治以及在遵守法律及監管規定方面的政策及常規。董事會已採納聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載之企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)內的守則條文(「守則條文」)作為本公司之企業管治守則。

於2021年度內,除偏離守則條文第B.2.2條及C.2.1 條外(於下文相關段落説明),本公司已全面遵從企 業管治守則的守則條文。

董事會

角色及責任

The Board is dedicated to maintaining the highest standard of corporate governance within a sensible and practical framework. The Board firmly believes that the principles of transparency, accountability and independence are essential towards upholding the interests of all stakeholders and maximizing shareholder value.

The Board is committed to excellence in corporate governance. It is responsible for developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance as well as compliance with legal and regulatory requirements. The Board has adopted the code provisions (the "Code Provisions") as stated in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange as the Corporate Governance Code of the Company.

During the year of 2021, the Company fully complied with the Code Provisions in the CG Code save for the deviations from Code Provisions B.2.2 and C.2.1, which are explained in the relevant paragraphs below.

BOARD

Roles and Responsibilities

The Board is charged with providing effective and responsible leadership for the Company. It sets the Group's overall objectives and strategies, monitors and evaluates its operating and financial performance and reviews the corporate governance standards of the Company. It also decides on matters relating to annual and interim results, notifiable transactions, appointments or re-appointments of Directors, dividends and accounting policies. The Directors, individually and collectively, are committed to act in good faith and in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. Save for the power reserved by the Board or other Board committees, the strategies and plans as decided by the Board are implemented by Management. Management assumes full accountability to the Board for the day-to-day operation of the Group.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治職能

董事會是負責履行下列的企業管治職責,亦可將責任指派予一個或多個委員會:

- 制定、檢討及更新本公司之企業管治政策及 常規及提出變動及更新之建議;
- 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員之培訓及持續專業發展;
- 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面之政策及常規;
- 制定、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事之操守 準則及合規手冊(如有);
- 檢討本集團遵守企業管治守則之情況及本報告內之披露:及
- 檢討及監察本集團之披露程序,包括評估及 核證股價敏感資料之準確性及重要性,並釐 定任何須要作出披露之方式及內容。

於本年度內,董事會已檢討本公司的風險管理及內部監控系統之效能。

Corporate Governance Functions

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties set out below or it may delegate the responsibility to a committee or committees:

- Developing, reviewing and updating the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and making recommendations on changes and updates;
- Reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- Reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- Developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors;
- Reviewing the Group's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in this report; and
- Reviewing and monitoring the Group's process of disclosure, including assessing and verifying the accuracy and materiality of price-sensitive information and determine the form and content of any required disclosure.

During the year, the Board has reviewed the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Company.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

組成

董事會現時由四位獨立非執行董事、兩位非執行董 事以及三位執行董事組成。

獨立非執行董事及非執行董事帶來多方面的專業知識、技能和經驗,為本集團提供有效指引,並為本集團面對的所有重大決策帶來局外的觀點。為協助其履行職責,董事可隨時與本公司之內部審計師及外聘核數師直接接觸,而且本公司亦已訂立有關程序,讓董事尋求獨立的專業意見,相關費用將由本公司支付。

基於董事會的整體組合及每位董事之獨特專業知識、技能和經驗,本集團相信董事會架構能提供適當及足夠之監察及制衡,以保障本公司及其股東的利益。董事會將定期檢討其組合,確保其於專業知識、技能及經驗方面維持適當的平衡及多元化,以繼續有效地領導及監管本公司之業務。董事之個人資料詳情載於本年報第20頁至第25頁。

遵照良好的企業管治原則,董事會成立了三個董事委員會:即審核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會。此外,亦成立了管理委員會及風險管理委員會,為董事會及董事委員會提供支援。於2021年度內及直至本報告日期,董事會、審核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會之組成載於下文,而管理委員會及風險管理委員會於本報告的相關部分論述。

Composition

The Board currently comprises four Independent Non-executive Directors, two Non-executive Directors and three Executive Directors.

The Independent Non-executive Directors and the Non-executive Directors bring a diverse range of expertise, skills and experience to provide effective guidance and an outside perspective to all major decisions of the Group. To assist in the discharge of their duties, the Directors have free and direct access to both the Company's internal and external auditors and procedures are in place to allow the Directors to obtain independent professional advice at the Company's expense.

Given the overall composition of the Board and the expertise, skills and experience that each Director brings individually, the Group believes that the Board is appropriately structured to provide sufficient checks and balances to protect the interests of the Company and its shareholders. The Board will regularly review its composition to maintain a proper balance and diversity of expertise, skills and experience to ensure continued effective leadership and oversight of the Company's businesses. Biographical details of the Directors are set out on pages 20 to 25 of this annual report.

In accordance with good corporate governance principles, the Board had established three Board Committees: the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee. In addition, a Management Committee and a Risk Management Committee are also in place to support the Board and the Board Committees. During the year of 2021 and up to the date of this report, the composition of the Board, the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee are set out below. The Management Committee and Risk Management Committee are discussed in the relevant sections of this report.

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| | | 審核委員會 Audit | 提名委員會 Nomination | 薪酬委員會 Remuneration |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 董事會成員 | Members of the Board | Committee | Committee | Committee |
| 執行董事 | Executive Directors | | | |
| 劉國權博士 | Dr. LAU Kwok Kuen, Peter | _ | С | М |
| (主席兼行政總裁) | (Chairman and Chief Executive) | | | |
| 陳嘉緯博士 | Dr. CHAN Ka Wai | _ | _ | _ |
| 羅學文先生 | Mr. Mark Alan LOYND | _ | _ | _ |
| 非執行董事 | Non-executive Directors | | | |
| 鄭志剛博士 JP | Dr. CHENG Chi Kong JP | _ | _ | _ |
| 陳世昌先生 | Mr. CHAN Sai Cheong | _ | _ | _ |
| 獨立非執行董事 | Independent Non-executive Directors | | | |
| 畢滌凡博士 | Dr. Barry John BUTTIFANT | С | M | M |
| 鄺其志先生 GBS, JP | Mr. KWONG Ki Chi GBS, JP | М | _ | _ |
| 黃旭教授 | Professor WONG Yuk (alias, HUANG Xu) | М | M | С |
| Alison Elizabeth LLOYD 博士 | Dr. Alison Elizabeth LLOYD | М | M | _ |

附註:

C有關董事委員會的主席

有關董事委員會的成員

各董事會成員之間並沒有財務、業務、親屬或其他 重大或相關之關係,惟鄭志剛博士在新世界集團及 其附屬公司董事會中擔任執行董事及在周大福珠寶 集團有限公司董事會中擔任執行董事; 及陳世昌先 生在周大福珠寶集團有限公司董事會中擔任執行董 事。

董事會認為,上述關係並不影響該等董事於執行其 職務時之獨立判斷及個人誠信。

Notes:

CChairman of the relevant Board Committees

Member of the relevant Board Committees

The Board members have no financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationships with each other except that Dr. CHENG Chi Kong serves on the board of directors of New World Group and subsidiaries as executive director and serves on the board of directors of Chow Tai Fook Jewellery Group Limited as executive director; and Mr. CHAN Sai Cheong serves on the board of directors of Chow Tai Fook Jewellery Group Limited as executive director.

It is the Board's opinion that these relationships do not affect the Directors' independent judgment and integrity in executing their roles and responsibilities.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

董事之委任、重撰及罷免

董事會經聽取提名委員會之建議委任新任董事。提 名委員會將按一系列多元化範疇,評估董事會候選 董事。

根據本公司於2019年5月24日採納之公司細則(「公司細則」),任何由董事會委任之新董事(主席或董事總經理除外)須於其獲委任後本公司舉行之下一次股東大會上(如屬填補臨時空缺)或本公司下一次股東周年大會(「股東周年大會」)上(如屬增加董事人數)退任及由股東重選。於每屆股東周年大會上,三分之一(或最接近但不超過三分之一)之董事(主席或董事總經理除外)須輪值告退,惟每位董事(主席或董事總經理除外)(包括有指定任期之董事)須最少每三年輪值告退一次。

公司細則亦准許以一項普通決議案罷免董事。

守則條文第B.2.2條規定,每名董事(包括有指定任期之董事)應輪值告退,至少每三年一次。

非執行董事的初始任期均為三年,之後將繼續連任,直至非執行董事或本公司發出不少於一個月之事先書面通知終止。此外,所有非執行董事亦須遵守公司細則及守則條文第B.2.2條之規定,每三年最少輪值告退一次及於股東周年大會上獲股東重選連任。

董事會認為,穩定性和持續性是成功實施業務計劃 的關鍵因素。董事會相信,主席的角色具連續性是 對本集團有利。因此,董事會認為目前主席應獲豁 免遵守這項安排。

Appointment, Re-election and Removal of Directors

The appointment of a new Director is made by the Board upon recommendation by the Nomination Committee. The Nomination Committee considers a range of diversity perspectives when assessing potential candidates for the Board.

According to the Company's Bye-Laws adopted on May 24, 2019 (the "Bye-Laws"), any new Director (other than the Chairman or the Managing Director) appointed by the Board is subject to retirement and re-election by shareholders at the next general meeting of the Company (in the case of filling a casual vacancy) or at the next annual general meeting of the Company (the "AGM") (in the case of an addition to their number) following their appointment. At each AGM, one-third (or the number nearest to, but not exceeding one-third) of the Directors (other than the Chairman or the Managing Director) will retire from office by rotation, and every Director (other than the Chairman or the Managing Director) including those appointed for a specific term is subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

The Bye-Laws also allow for removal of a Director by an ordinary resolution.

Code Provision B.2.2 provides that every director, including those appointed for a specific term, should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

Non-executive Directors have been appointed for an initial term of three years and will continue in office thereafter subject to termination by not less than one month's prior notice in writing by either the Non-executive Director or the Company. In addition, all Non-executive Directors are required to retire from office by rotation and are subject to re-election by shareholders at the AGM at least once every three years pursuant to the Bye-Laws and Code Provision B.2.2.

In the opinion of the Board, stability and continuation are key factors to the successful implementation of business plans. The Board believes that it is beneficial to the Group that there is continuity in the role of the Chairman and, therefore, the Board is of the view that the Chairman should be exempt from this arrangement at the present time.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

獨立非執行董事

於本回顧年度內,董事會一直遵守上市規則有關委 任至少三名獨立非執行董事,而其中至少一名獨立 非執行董事須具備合適的專業資格或會計或相關的 財務管理專業知識的規定。

雖然兩位獨立非執行董事(即畢滌凡博士及鄺其志 先生)已出任董事會成員超過九年,而其任期可能 與釐定獨立性有關,惟我們非常明白個別人士的獨 立性不能只靠特定時期來釐定。在評估獨立非執行 董事的獨立性時,董事會及提名委員會考慮個別董 事於服務年期內向董事會作出的貢獻所呈現出的個 性及判斷,並會考慮其他相關因素。

儘管彼等,畢滌凡博士及鄺先生已擔任獨立非執行董事超過九年,我們相信彼等能提供寶貴的專業知識、經驗、持續性及穩定性予董事會及不影響他們行使獨立判斷能力。本公司更大大受惠於彼等因對本公司之深入了解,以及彼等在本公司以外的工作和經驗而對本公司作出的貢獻及寶貴的見解。在過去的多年,畢滌凡博士及鄺先生表達了客觀的觀點並為公司提供了獨立的指導。

本公司已按照上市規則第3.13條取得所有獨立非執行董事的年度獨立性確認書。董事會認為根據上市規則所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

守則條文第B.2.3條規定,倘獨立非執行董事在任已超過九年,其續任須由股東以獨立決議案批准。

畢滌凡博士自1995年3月3日起擔任為獨立非執行董事已超過九年。為遵守守則條文第B.2.3條的規定,畢滌凡博士自願退任,並於2019年5月24日舉行的股東周年大會上獲重選為董事。

鄺先生自2004年4月26日起擔任為獨立非執行董事已超過九年。為遵守守則條文第B.2.3條的規定, 鄺先生自願退任,並於2020年5月22日舉行的股東 周年大會上獲重選為董事。

Independent Non-executive Directors

During the year under review, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three Independent Non-executive Directors with at least one Independent Non-executive Director possessing appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise.

Although two of our Independent Non-executive Directors; namely, Dr. Barry John BUTTIFANT and Mr. KWONG Ki Chi, have served as our Board members for more than nine years and that may be relevant to the determination of independence, it is well-recognized that an individual's independence cannot be determined solely on the basis of a set period of time. In assessing the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors, the Board and the Nomination Committee consider the character and judgement demonstrated by the Directors' commitment and contribution to the Board during their years of service and other relevant factors.

We believe that the Independent Non-executive Directors who have served more than nine years; namely, Dr. BUTTIFANT and Mr. KWONG, provide invaluable expertise, experience, continuity and stability to the Board, despite their length of service, and does not affect their exercises of independent judgement. The Company has benefited from their contribution and the valuable insights derived from their in-depth knowledge of the Company and from their work and experience outside of the Company. Dr. BUTTIFANT and Mr. KWONG have expressed objective views and given independent guidance to the Company over the past years.

The Company has received annual confirmation of independence from all Independent Non-executive Directors in accordance with rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board is of the view that all Independent Non-executive Directors are independent in accordance with the Listing Rules.

Code Provision B.2.3 provides that if an independent non-executive director serves more than nine years, his/her further appointment should be subject to a separate resolution to be approved by the shareholders.

Dr. BUTTIFANT has served as an Independent Non-executive Director for more than nine years since March 3, 1995. To comply with Code Provision B.2.3, Dr. BUTTIFANT retired voluntarily and was re-elected as Director at the AGM held on May 24, 2019.

Mr. KWONG has served as an Independent Non-executive Director for more than nine years since April 26, 2004. To comply with Code Provision B.2.3, Mr. KWONG retired voluntarily and was re-elected as Director at the AGM held on May 22, 2020.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

董事會會議

董事會每年召開四次定期會議,亦會在有需要時召開更多會議。董事會的定期會議舉行日期會預先訂定,致使全體董事會成員能安排出席。

公司秘書協助主席擬訂董事會會議議程,而每位董事均獲邀提出任何擬在該會議中討論或動議的通告均於會議舉行前至少14天前送交定期董事。至於其他董事會及委員會會議則於合理時間前發出通告。此外,全體董事可與公司秘書(其亦為集團法律總監)提供意見和服務,以確保董事會會議議程及文提供意見和規例得以遵守。董事會會議議程及文法任在予預會或委員會會議舉行前不少於三天送獲明和規例得以遵守。董事會會議議程及文大送獲明和規例得以遵守。董事會會議議程及文大送獲明和規例得以遵守。公司秘書備存所有董事會閱會議之會議紀錄,並可供全體董事查閱。

根據公司細則,任何董事未能親身出席任何董事會 會議可藉著電話會議或其他安排參與董事會會議。 另按照公司細則,若未能召開董事會會議,則可藉 著傳閱有關緊急事宜之書面決議案而取得董事會批 准。當傳閱書面決議案之同時,本公司亦會向董事 提供足夠的資料和說明材料。

截至2021年12月31日止年度內,舉行了四次董事會會議以檢討季度業務最新資料和討論本集團之未來策略、政策及預算以及其他事務。此外,董事會 通過了八套書面決議案。

Board meetings

The Board holds four regular meetings a year while additional meetings are held as and when required. Regular Board meetings are scheduled in advance to facilitate the fullest possible attendance.

The Company Secretary assists the Chairman in setting the agenda of the Board meetings and each Director is invited to present any business that they wish to discuss or propose at such meetings. Notices of regular Board meetings are served to the Directors at least 14 days before meetings. For other Board and committee meetings, reasonable notice is generally given. Furthermore, all Directors have access to the Company Secretary who is also the Group's General Counsel for advice and services to ensure that board procedures and applicable law, rules and regulations are adhered to. Agenda and accompanying Board papers are circulated to all Directors and other attendees not less than three days before the Board or committee meetings to ensure timely access to relevant information. Minutes of the Board meetings and committee meetings are kept by the Company Secretary and are open for inspection by all Directors.

Any Director who is unable to physically attend any Board meeting may participate electronically by conference call or via alternate arrangement in accordance with the Bye-Laws. Moreover, pursuant to the Bye-Laws, Board approval may also be obtained by way of circulation of a resolution in writing on urgent matters when convening a Board meeting is not practicable. Sufficient information and explanatory materials will be provided to the Directors at the same time when a resolution in writing is circulated.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, four Board meetings were held to review the quarterly operating updates and discuss the Group's strategies, policies and budgets going forward, as well as other business. In addition, eight sets of resolutions in writing were passed.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

董事之出席率及所付出時間

各董事於截至2021年12年31日止年度的董事會、 審核委員會、提名委員會、薪酬委員會會議及股東 周年大會之出席率如下:

Directors' attendance and time commitment

Attendances of each Director at the meetings of the Board, Audit Committee, Nomination Committee, Remuneration Committee and the AGM during the year ended December 31, 2021 are as follows:

出席率/會議次數 Attendance/Number of Meetings

| | | 董事會會議 | 審核委員會會議 | 提名委員會會議 | 薪酬委員會會議 | 股東周年大會 |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------|-----------|------------|--------------|--------|
| | | | Audit | Nomination | Remuneration | |
| | | Board | Committee | Committee | Committee | |
| 董事姓名 | Name of Directors | Meeting | Meeting | Meeting | Meeting | AGM |
| 執行董事 | Executive Directors | | | | | |
| 劉國權博士 | Dr. LAU Kwok Kuen, Peter | | | | | |
| (主席兼行政總裁) | (Chairman and Chief Executive) | 4/4 | 不適用N/A | 1/1 | 1/1 | 1/1 |
| 陳嘉緯博士 | Dr. CHAN Ka Wai | 4/4 | 不適用N/A | 不適用N/A | 不適用N/A | 1/1 |
| 羅學文先生 | Mr. Mark Alan LOYND | 4/4 | 不適用N/A | 不適用N/A | 不適用N/A | 1/1 |
| 非執行董事 | Non-executive Directors | | | | | |
| 鄭志剛博士 JP | Dr. CHENG Chi Kong JP | 4/4 | 不適用N/A | 不適用N/A | 不適用N/A | 1/1 |
| 陳世昌先生 | Mr. CHAN Sai Cheong | 4/4 | 不適用N/A | 不適用N/A | 不適用N/A | 1/1 |
| 獨立非執行董事 | Independent Non-executive Directors | | | | | |
| 畢滌凡博士 | Dr. Barry John BUTTIFANT | 4/4 | 2/2 | 1/1 | 1/1 | 1/1 |
| 鄺其志先生 GBS, JP | Mr. KWONG Ki Chi GBS, JP | 4/4 | 2/2 | 不適用N/A | 不適用N/A | 1/1 |
| 黃旭教授 | Professor WONG Yuk (alias, HUANG Xu) | 3/4 | 2/2 | 0/1 | 1/1 | 1/1 |
| Alison Elizabeth LLOYD 博士 | Dr. Alison Elizabeth LLOYD | 4/4 | 2/2 | 1/1 | 不適用N/A | 1/1 |

為了促進坦誠及公開討論事務,獨立非執行董事可不時在沒有執行董事出席下會面討論。

In order to facilitate free and open discussion of issues, the Independent Non-executive Directors may also meet without the presence of the Executive Directors from time-to-time.

董事培訓

本公司鼓勵所有董事參與持續專業發展以發展並更 新彼等之知識及技能。本公司向每名新委任的董事 提供全面的就任資料文件,確保該等董事充份知悉 其作為董事的職責及責任。

本公司定期就有關本集團業務的變動及發展提供更 新及簡報。公司秘書不時向董事匯報上市規則、企 業管治常規以及其他監管制度的最新變動及發展, 並提供就董事職責及責任相關監管規定的最新發展 閱讀資料。

Training for Directors

All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Company provides a comprehensive induction package to each newly appointed Director to ensure that they are sufficiently aware of their responsibilities and obligations as director.

The Company provides regular updates and presentations on changes and developments relating to the Group's business and the Company Secretary reports from time-to-time the latest changes and development of the Listing Rules, corporate governance practices and other regulatory regime to the Directors with reading materials relating to the latest development of regulatory requirements related to director's duties and responsibilities.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

於2021年度內,所有董事參與下列培訓:

During the year of 2021, all Directors participated in the following traininas:

出席有關業務或

| | | 閱讀監管方面 的最新資料 Reading | 董事職責之簡報/ 研討會/會議 Attending expert briefings/seminars/ conferences relevant |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| 董事姓名 | Name of Directors | regulatory updates | to the business or directors' duties |
| 執行董事 | Executive Directors | | |
| 劉國權博士 | Dr. LAU Kwok Kuen, Peter | ✓ | X |
| (主席兼行政總裁) | (Chairman and Chief Executive) | | |
| 陳嘉緯博士 | Dr. CHAN Ka Wai | ✓ | Х |
| 羅學文先生 | Mr. Mark Alan LOYND | ✓ | Х |
| 非執行董事 | Non-executive Directors | | |
| 鄭志剛博士 JP | Dr. CHENG Chi Kong JP | ✓ | Х |
| 陳世昌先生 | Mr. CHAN Sai Cheong | ✓ | Х |
| 獨立非執行董事 | Independent Non-executive Directors | | |
| 畢滌凡博士 | Dr. Barry John BUTTIFANT | ✓ | Х |
| 鄺其志先生 GBS, JP | Mr. KWONG Ki Chi GBS, JP | ✓ | Х |
| 黃旭教授 | Professor WONG Yuk (alias, HUANG Xu) | ✓ | Х |
| Alison Elizabeth LLOYD 博士 | Dr. Alison Elizabeth LLOYD | ✓ | Х |

董事及高級人員責任保險

本公司已安排合適之董事及高級人員責任保險,此 舉符合企業管治守則。

主席與行政總裁

現時劉國權博十同時出任主席兼行政總裁之職位。 此做法偏離守則條文第C.2.1條,該條文列明主席 與行政總裁之角色應有所區分,並不應由一人同時 兼任。

由於劉博士在業界具有豐富經驗及對本集團業務有 深厚認識,董事會認為由劉博士同時兼任主席兼行 政總裁之職位能為本集團提供強勢及貫徹之領導, 並能更有效地策劃和推行長期商業策略,以及提高 決策的效率。

Directors' and officers' liabilities insurance

The Company has arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance in line with the CG Code

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Currently, Dr. LAU Kwok Kuen, Peter, holds the positions of Chairman and Chief Executive. Such practice deviates from Code Provision C.2.1 which stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

In view of Dr. LAU's extensive experience in the industry and deep understanding of the Group's businesses, the Board believes that vesting the roles of both Chairman and Chief Executive in Dr. LAU provides the Group with strong leadership, allowing for more effective planning and execution of long term business strategies and enhances efficiency in decision-making.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

董事會亦相信本公司已擁有合適公司實際情況的強 大企業管治架構,確保能有效地監管其管理層。該 架構的主要元素包括: The Board also believes that the Company already has a strong corporate governance structure appropriate for its circumstances in place to ensure effective oversight of Management. The main elements of this structure include:

- 董事會九位成員中有六位為非執行董事;
- Having Non-executive Directors comprise six of nine of the Board;
- 審核委員會成員包括全部獨立非執行董事;
- Including all Independent Non-executive Directors as Audit Committee members:
- 確保全部獨立非執行董事可隨時與本公司之內部審計師及外聘核數師直接接觸,並在有需要時尋求獨立專業意見;及
- Ensuring that all Independent Non-executive Directors have free and direct access to both the Company's internal and external auditors and independent professional advice where necessary; and
- 設立「密函檢舉」機制,允許本集團員工以匿名和保密形式向內部審計部舉報高級管理人員(包括主席兼行政總裁)的欺詐或不當的行為。有關「密函檢舉」機制之詳情載於「風險管理及內部監控」一節。
- Having a "whistle-blowing" mechanism in place to allow the Group's staff members to anonymously and confidentially report to the Internal Audit Department any suspected acts of fraud or gross misconduct by senior management, including that of the Chairman and Chief Executive. Details about the "whistle-blowing" mechanism are discussed under the section "Risk Management and Internal Control".

董事會相信,上述措施能確保獨立非執行董事及非 執行董事有效地督導本集團之管理層和就策略、風 險和誠信等範疇提供有效的監管。董事會將不斷檢 討本集團企業管治架構之成效,以評估是否需要作 出任何修改。 The Board believes that these measures enable our Independent Non-executive Directors and Non-executive Directors to rigorously supervise the Group's management and effectively control key issues relating to strategy, risk and integrity. The Board continually reviews the effectiveness of the Group's corporate governance structure to assess whether any changes are necessary.

董事委員會

BOARD COMMITTEES

審核委員會

Audit Committee

審核委員會由全部獨立非執行董事組成,並由畢滌 凡博士出任主席,彼為一位在財務匯報及監控方面 具資深經驗的合資格會計師。 The Audit Committee comprises all Independent Non-executive Directors and is chaired by Dr. Barry John BUTTIFANT, a qualified accountant with extensive experience in financial reporting and controls.

審核委員會主要負責委任、重新委任及罷免外聘核數師、審閱及監控外聘核數師之獨立客觀及審核程序之有效性,以及與外聘核數師討論審核之性質及範疇。該委員會同時負責審閱本集團之財務資料、監察本集團之財務匯報系統、風險管理及內部監控系統,並在評核本集團中期及末期業績後,向董事會作出建議批准相關業績。審核委員會可不受限制地與本公司之內部審計師及外聘核數師接觸。審核委員會之職權範圍已載於本公司及香港交易及結算所有限公司(「香港交易所」)之網頁。

The Audit Committee is responsible for the appointment, re-appointment and removal of external auditor, reviewing and monitoring the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process and discussing with the external auditor the nature and scope of the audit. It is also responsible for reviewing the Group's financial information, overseeing the Group's financial reporting system and risk management and internal control systems and reviewing the interim and final results of the Group prior to recommending them to the Board for approval. To this end, the Audit Committee has unrestricted access to both the Company's internal and external auditors. Its terms of reference are available on the websites of the Company and Hong Kong Exchange and Clearing Limited (the "HKEX").

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

審核委員會每年最少舉行兩次會議,以審閱財務匯報、檢討風險管理及內部監控事宜。集團財務董事、風險管理委員會主席(其亦為公司秘書)、內部審計部連同內部審計顧問信永方略風險管理有限公司(「信永方略」)統稱「內部審計團隊」)及本公司外聘核數師之代表應出席會議。委員會亦可酌情邀請其他管理層成員出席會議。

於2021年,審核委員會舉行了兩次會議。於會上,審核委員會與外聘核數師審閱審核策略摘要、截至2020年12月31日止末期業績及截至2021年6月30日止六個月中期業績。審核委員會亦有檢討內部審計團隊的工作及其內部審計報告,並且與管理層討論其報告關於本集團業務運作的調查結果及建屬。此外,審核委員會更與管理層共同評估本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統,以確保其成效,尤其關注負責本集團的會計及財務報告之員工是否具備足夠資源、資格和經驗,及其訓練課程和預算是否充足。

審核委員會亦審閱本集團於本年度內進行的持續關連交易的條款及條件。

於回顧年度內,董事會與審核委員會在外聘核數師 的選擇、委任、辭任或解僱方面並無意見分歧。

提名委員會

董事會成立提名委員會,由四位董事會成員(主要 為獨立非執行董事)組成,並由董事會主席劉國權 博士出任主席。

提名委員會之主要職責為定期檢討董事會架構、規模及組成(包括其技能、知識及經驗),並物色合適人選加入董事會。其職責亦包括評核獨立非執行董事之獨立性及就委任或重新委任董事及董事之繼任計劃等相關事宜向董事會提供建議。提名委員會之建議其後將提呈董事會考慮及採納(如適用)。提名委員會的職權範圍已載於本公司及香港交易所之網頁。

The Audit Committee meets at least twice a year to review financial reporting and risk management and internal control matters. The Director of Group Finance, the chairman of the Risk Management Committee, who is also the Company Secretary, the Internal Audit Department together with the Internal Audit Advisor, SHINEWING Risk Services Limited ("SHINEWING") (collectively the "IA team"), and representatives of the external auditor of the Company are expected to attend the meetings. At the discretion of the Committee, other members of management may also be invited to attend its meetings.

In 2021, the Audit Committee held two meetings. During the meetings, the Audit Committee alongside the external auditor reviewed the audit strategy summary, the final results for the year ended December 31, 2020 and the interim results for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The Audit Committee also reviewed the activities of the IA team and its internal audit report, and discussed with Management the report's findings and recommendations on the Group's business operations. Furthermore, it also evaluated, together with Management, the Group's risk management and internal control systems to ensure its effectiveness, with particular attention to the adequacy of resources, the qualifications and experience of the Group's accounting and financial reporting staff, as well as their training programs and budget.

The Audit Committee also reviewed the terms and conditions of continuing connected transactions of the Group which took place during the year.

There was no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee on the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of the external auditor during the year under review.

Nomination Committee

The Board established the Nomination Committee comprising of four Board members, the majority of which are Independent Non-executive Directors, and is chaired by Dr. LAU Kwok Kuen, Peter, the Chairman of the Board.

The main duties of the Nomination Committee are to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board, on a regular basis, and to identify individuals qualified to become Board members. It is also responsible for assessing the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors and making recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors. The recommendations of the Nomination Committee are then put forward for consideration and where appropriate, adoption by the Board. Its terms of reference are available on the websites of the Company and the HKEX.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

於2021年,提名委員會舉行了一次會議,檢討董事會多元化政策、檢討董事會的架構、規模、組成及技能組合、向董事會建議輪值告退董事名單及評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性。

董事會多元化政策

本公司知悉董事會層面日益多元化將為達成本公司 策略目標及可持續發展提供支持。本公司決定董事 會最佳成員組合時,亦將不時考慮其本身業務模式 及具體需要。有見及此,於2013年,董事會採納董 事會多元化政策。提名委員會將按一系列多元化範 疇為基準,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育 背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識、服務任期及 其他質素。最終將按人選的長處及可為董事會提供 的貢獻而作決定。

提名政策

鑑於企業管治守則的修訂自2019年1月1日起生效,提名委員會於2018年11月8日採納了提名政策以訂立在考慮委任候選人或重選董事時的提名程序以及遴選準則。按提名政策,提名委員會將遵循下列程序以及遴選及推薦準則:

按提名政策,提名委員會將遵循下列程序以遴選及 推薦準則:

- 至少每年檢討董事會的架構、規模及多元 化,並就任何為配合本公司的策略目標而擬 對董事會組成作出的變動提出建議;
- 物色具備合適資格可擔任董事會成員的人選時,應考慮有關人選的長處,並以客觀準則充分顧及董事會多元化的裨益。提名委員會根據上市規則、提名政策及董事會多元化政策以考慮該侯選人士的合適性,以及該侯選人士擔任獨立非執行董事的獨立性;及
- 因應本公司的企業策略及往後需要的技能、 知識、經驗及多元化組合,挑選或就委任或 重新委任董事會成員向董事會提出建議。

In 2021, the Nomination Committee held one meeting to review the board diversity policy, to review the structure, size, composition and skills matrix of the Board, to recommend the rotation list of Directors to the Board and to assess the independence of the Independent Non-executive Directors.

Board Diversity Policy

he Company recognizes that increasing diversity at the Board level will support the attainment of the Company's strategic objectives and sustainable development. The Company will also take into consideration its own business model and specific needs from time-to-time in determining the optimum composition of the Board. In view of this, a board diversity policy has been adopted by the Board in 2013, the Nomination Committee has set measurable objectives based on a range of diversity perspectives, including, but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge, length of service and other qualities. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidate(s) will bring to the Board.

Nomination Policy

In view of the amendments to the CG Code which took effect from January 1, 2019, on November 8, 2018, the Nomination Committee has adopted a nomination policy which sets out the selection criteria and nomination procedures and process when considering candidates to be appointed or re-appointed as Directors.

In the nomination policy, the Nomination Committee will follow the nomination procedures and the process and criteria as follows:

- Reviewing the structure, size and diversity of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board composition in line with the Company's strategic objectives;
- Identifying individuals suitably qualified to become Board members on merit and against the objective criteria, with due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. The Nomination Committee shall consider suitability of a candidate pursuant to the Listing Rules, the nomination policy and Board diversity policy, and the independence of an individual for the position of independent nonexecutive director; and
- Selecting or making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of the Board members taking into account the Company's corporate strategy and the mix of skills, knowledge, experience and diversity needed in the future.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

提名委員會將不時審閱提名政策,並可在相關時間 採納適當的變更。

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會由三位董事會成員(主要為獨立非執行 董事)組成,並由黃旭教授出任主席。

本公司採納企業管治守則所建議之兩種模式其中之一守則條文第E.1.2(c)(i)條。薪酬委員會負責檢討及釐定董事及高級管理人員之薪酬、補償及福利。當審閱個別董事之薪酬待遇時,相關董事為免涉及任何利益衝突須放棄表決。薪酬委員會的職權範圍已載於本公司及香港交易所之網頁。

於2021年,薪酬委員會舉行了一次會議,以檢討及 批准主席兼行政總裁之薪酬,檢討及批准支付予個 別執行董事和高級管理人員的薪酬待遇。概無薪酬 委員會成員參與訂定其本身的薪酬。

薪酬政策

本公司明白合理而全面的薪酬待遇是吸引、挽留及 激勵高質素人才的重要因素。因此,本公司致力確 保薪酬具競爭力,並且符合本公司之目標和表現。 本公司於釐定薪酬政策時考慮多項相關因素,包括 同類型公司所支付之薪金、職責、職務和職權、本 集團之聘用條件、市場慣例,以及本公司的財務和 非財務表現。

薪酬委員會會考慮多方面因素,包括同類型公司所支付的袍金、有關董事所付出的時間、肩負的職責、預計的工作量,以及本公司的其他聘用條件,以確保獨立非執行董事及非執行董事乃按彼等於本公司付出之時間及職責而取酬。

The Nomination Committee will review the nomination policy from timeto-time and may adopt changes as appropriate at the relevant time.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee comprises of three Board members, the majority of which are Independent Non-executive Directors, and is chaired by Professor WONG Yuk (alias, HUANG Xu).

The Company adopted Code Provision E.1.2(c)(i) out of the two models suggested by the CG Code. The Remuneration Committee is responsible for reviewing and determining the remuneration, compensation and benefits of Directors and senior management. When the remuneration package of an individual Director is under review, the Director in question is required to abstain from voting to avoid any conflict of interest. The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are available on the websites of the Company and the HKEX.

In 2021, the Remuneration Committee held a meeting to review and approve the remuneration of the Chairman and Chief Executive and to review and approve the remuneration packages of individual Executive Directors and senior management. No member of Remuneration Committee should be involved in deciding his own remuneration.

Remuneration Policy

The Company understands that a reasonable and comprehensive remuneration package is an important factor in attracting, retaining and motivating high quality personnel. As such, the Company works to ensure that remuneration is competitive and aligned with the Company's objectives and performance. The Company takes into consideration a number of relevant factors in determining its remuneration policy, including the salaries paid by comparable companies, job responsibilities, duties and scope, employment conditions in the Group, market practices and the financial and non-financial performance of the Company.

The Remuneration Committee considers factors such as the fees paid by comparable companies, time commitment, the responsibilities and likely workload of the relevant Directors and other employment conditions in the Company to ensure that the Independent Non-executive Directors and the Non-executive Directors are appropriately paid for their time and responsibilities to the Company.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

本公司為其僱員(包括主席兼行政總裁以及執行董事)在內之僱員訂出的薪酬組合,包括固定薪酬、現金績效花紅、浮動獎金、長期獎勵金以及退休計劃,詳情載於下文。

固定薪酬包括僱員的基本薪金、津貼及福利(例如醫療福利)。每個職位的基本薪金和津貼是考慮到本公司之薪酬政策、本公司業績和僱員的個人表現,以及市場情況和慣例後而訂出,並會每年作出檢討。本公司會定期檢討福利,並主要按照當地標準及慣例而釐定。

僱員亦會因應本集團、所屬業務單位及個人層面的 表現而獲得該年度現金花紅。發放給主席兼行政總 裁、執行董事以及高級管理人員的花紅乃由薪酬委 員會檢討及批准。此外,本公司設有銷售額及業務 相關獎勵計劃,藉此激勵某些員工,例如前線銷售 人員,以達致本公司訂出的銷售額或其他業務目 標。

本公司亦設有購股權計劃以提供長期的獎勵,從而 酬謝和挽留優秀幹練的管理團隊。該計劃詳情,以 及董事和僱員於2021年12月31日已行使及尚未行 使之購股權的資料,載於本年報「購股權資料」一節 中。

根據強制性公積金計劃條例,本公司參與一項強積 金計劃,該計劃已在強制性公積金計劃管理局登 記。

董事及高級管理人員酬金之詳情已載列於本年報第 121頁至第123頁之財務報表附註10內。

管理委員會

董事會已授權管理委員會負責執行其業務策略及管理本集團之日常業務運作。管理委員會對董事會全面負責,由主席兼行政總裁及執行董事以及一名高級管理人員代表組成。

The Company's remuneration structure for its employees, (including the Chairman and Chief Executive and the Executive Directors), is composed of fixed compensation, cash performance bonuses, variable cash incentives, long-term incentives and retirement schemes, as discussed below.

Fixed compensation includes an employee's basic salary, allowances and benefits (e.g. medical). Basic salary and allowances are set and reviewed annually for each position, taking into consideration the Company's remuneration policy, the Company's and the individual's performance as well as market conditions and practices. Benefits are regularly reviewed and determined largely on the basis of local standards and practices.

Employees are also eligible to receive an annual cash bonus based on their performance at the Group, business unit and individual levels. The bonuses awarded to the Chairman and Chief Executive, the Executive Directors and senior management are reviewed and approved by the Remuneration Committee. In addition, the Company operates sales and business-related incentive schemes to motivate certain staff such as front-line sales associates to achieve specific sales or other business targets of the Company.

The Company also operates share option schemes to provide long-term incentives to reward and retain a high calibre management team. The details of the schemes, together with information on options exercised and outstanding in respect of the Directors and employees as at December 31, 2021 under the schemes, are set out in the Share Option Information section of this annual report.

Pursuant to the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, the Company participates in a MPF scheme registered with the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority.

Details of Directors' and senior management's emoluments are set out in Note 10 to the financial statements on pages 121 to 123 of this annual report.

Management Committee

The Board has delegated the authority and responsibility for implementing its business strategies and managing the daily operations of the Group's businesses to the Management Committee. The Management Committee is fully accountable to the Board and comprises the Chairman and Chief Executive and the Executive Directors together with one senior management representative.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

風險管理及內部監控

董事會全面負責評估及釐定本集團達成策略目標時 其願意接納的風險性質及程度,並適當及有效地 控制本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統(尤其是財 務、營運及合規監控及風險管理功能),並持續監 察其成效。

本公司已實行和制訂合適政策及程序,以保障資產不會於未獲授權下使用或處置:控制資本支出:備存妥善而準確之會計紀錄和提高財務報告之可靠性;以及確保營運效益及成效,並遵守適用之法律和法規。此等政策和程序旨在針對重大的失實報告、損失、錯誤或欺詐行為,以提供合理但並非絕對之保證,以及管理及減低而非完全消除本集團營運系統之失誤風險。

本集團之風險管理及內部監控框架由以下主要部份 組成:

- 具界定責任、適當職責劃分及授權的組織及 管治架構;
- 財務監控、風險管理及內部監控等系統及程序,以識別及衡量風險,以及每半年進行風險評估以監察風險減輕之進展;
- 營運及財務預算及預測制度,以衡量績效, 包括定期分析偏離預算及計劃的情況,及訂 定業績指標並作出合適行動以修正不足之處;
- 嚴謹的政策及程序以評核、檢討及審批重大的合約、主要資本及經常性開支;
- 設立「密函檢舉」機制,允許本集團員工以匿名形式向內部審計部舉報高級管理人員(包括主席兼行政總裁)的欺詐或不當行為。內部審計部將該等密函轉交予審核委員會主席,以作進一步行動;及
- 嚴謹的內部程序和監控措施以處理及發佈內 幕消息。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has overall responsibility for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks it is willing to take in achieving the Group's strategic objectives, and maintaining appropriate and effective control of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, particularly in respect of financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions, and, as such, monitors the effectiveness on an ongoing basis.

Appropriate policies and procedures have been put in place to safeguard the assets against unauthorized use or disposition; control over capital expenditure; maintain proper and accurate accounting records and enhance the reliability of financial reporting; and to ensure efficiency and effectiveness of operations and compliance with the applicable laws and regulations. Such policies and procedures are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement, loss, error or fraud, and to manage and minimize rather than eliminate the risk of failure in the Group's operational systems.

The Group's risk management and internal control framework includes the following major components:

- An organizational and governance structure with defined responsibility, proper segregation of duties and delegated authority;
- Systems and procedures of financial control, risk management and internal control to identify and measure risks and conduct biannual risk assessment to monitor the progress of risk mitigation;
- Operational and financial budgeting and forecasting systems for performance measurement, including regular variance analysis against budgets and plans, and setting key business performance targets with appropriate measures to rectify deficiencies;
- Stringent policies and procedures for the appraisal, review and approval of significant contracts, major capital and recurrent expenditures;
- A "whistle-blowing" mechanism to allow the Group's staff
 to anonymously report any suspected acts of fraud or gross
 misconduct by senior management, including that of the Chairman
 and Chief Executive, to the Internal Audit Department which will
 refer the report to the chairman of the Audit Committee for further
 action; and
- Strict internal procedures and controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Board has delegated the authority and responsibility for the Group's risk management and internal control systems and the review of its effectiveness to the Risk Management Committee. The Risk Management Committee currently comprises four members, including the General Counsel, the Director of Group Finance, the Associate Director of Internal Control and senior management representative. During the year, the Company has engaged SHINEWING, an external professional firm, as our Internal Audit Advisor to assist the internal audit function of the Company. The Committee reviews all material controls in accordance with the Code Provisions on risk management and internal control systems of the CG Code, and reports to the Board twice a year. The Risk Management Committee is fully accountable to the Board for providing assurance on managing and monitoring the systems of risk management and internal controls. The Committee has evaluated and was satisfied with the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of the staff of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function as well as their training programmes and budget for the year, and reported to the Board that in all material respects the systems of risk management and internal control over risks associated with the Group's operations was sufficient, appropriate and operated effectively on a continuing basis.

透過與風險管理委員會緊密合作,內部審計團隊於 監管本集團的風險管理及內部監控事宜上扮演著重 要角色。

The keys tasks of IA team include:

controls of the Group.

內部審計團隊之主要工作包括:

- 不受限制地檢討本集團主要活動、風險管理、監控及管治程序各個方面;
- 對業務及各支援單位及附屬公司之財務、營運及合規監控及風險管理功能進行獨立、全面及定期之審核,包括建議改善方法及監察各單位及附屬公司之糾正或補救措施,以盡量減低所承受之風險;
- 就管理層或審核委員會提出關注之範圍進行 特別檢討;
- 調查商業道德、利益衝突及其他本集團政策 之違規情況;及
- 監督「密函檢舉」機制。

Unrestricted access to review all aspects of the Group's key activities, risk management, control and governance processes;

Co-operating closely with the Risk Management Committee, the IA

team plays a major role in monitoring the risk management and internal

- Conduct independent, comprehensive and regular audits
 of financial, operational and compliance controls and risk
 management functions of business and support units and
 subsidiaries, including recommending improvements and
 monitoring corrective or remedial measures taken by the units and
 subsidiaries to minimize risk exposure;
- Conduct special reviews of areas of concern identified by Management or the Audit Committee;
- Investigation of business ethics, conflict of interest and other Group policy violations; and
- Oversee the "whistle-blowing" mechanism.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

內部審計 團隊採取以風險法, 實施審核委員會及管 理層已批准之審計計劃,此乃以風險評估法為依 據。內部審計團隊以內部審計報告形式向管理層提 交獨立而客觀之評估及建議。內部審計團隊和內 部審計顧問每年兩次向審核委員會直接匯報主要調 查結果、糾正措施及管理層回應。審核委員會可隨 時直接接觸內部審計團隊,而毋須知會主席或管理 層。

於2021年內,內部審計團隊和內部審計顧問向審 核委員會及管理層提交了內部審計報告,涵蓋了本 集團重大業務流程和活動。其與管理層合作制定有 關行動計劃,以解決任何認定的監控弱點。而審計 後進行的檢討,有助確保相關議定措施如期落實執 行。

董事及僱員進行之證券交易

本公司已採納本身有關董事進行證券交易的行為守 則(「進行證券交易的行為守則」)。該守則條款不遜 於上市規則附錄十所載之上市發行人董事進行證券 交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)之必守準則,並已不 時更新。經向全體董事作出特定查詢後,全體董事 均確認截至2021年12月31日止年度內已遵守標準 守則及進行證券交易的行為守則所必守準則。

此外,本公司已採納了相關員工進行證券交易的標 準守則,以監管該等擁有及得悉內幕消息的員工之 證券交易。該守則涵蓋包括禁止和進行本公司證券 之買賣、避免利益衝突,以及對本公司的資料保密 等範疇。我們每六個月就相關員工進行證券交易的 標準守則的合規要求向所有相關員工發出提示。

Adopting a risk-based approach. IA team implements the audit plan approved by the Audit Committee and Management, which is based on a risk assessment methodology. It furnishes independent and objective evaluations and recommendations in the form of an internal audit report to Management. Both in-house IA team and Internal Audit Advisor reports directly to the Audit Committee twice a year on major findings, corrective actions and responses from Management. The Audit Committee has free and direct access to IA team without reference from the Chairman or Management.

During the year of 2021, both in-house IA team and Internal Audit Advisor issued the internal audit reports to the Audit Committee and Management, which covered significant business processes and activities of the Group. It worked with Management to establish action plans to address any identified control weaknesses. Post-audit reviews were performed to ensure those agreed actions have been implemented as intended.

SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS AND **EMPLOYEES**

The Company has adopted its own Code of Conduct for Securities Transactions by Directors (the "Code of Conduct for Securities Transactions"). This is on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules, and has been updated from time-to-time. Having made specific enquiries to all Directors, all Directors confirmed that they had complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code and the Code of Conduct for Securities Transactions throughout the year ended December 31, 2021.

In addition, the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for Securities Transactions by Specified Employees, which governs the securities transactions of those employees who may possess or have access to inside information. The said code covers areas such as prohibitions and conduct in the dealing of the Company's securities, avoidance of conflict of interests and confidentiality of the Company's information, etc. All the specified employees are reminded of the compliance of the Code of Conduct for Securities Transactions by Specified Employees every six months.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

董事及核數師就財務報表所承擔之責任

董事負責監督每個財政期間財務報表的編製,以確保該報表能夠真實和公平地反映該期間本集團之財務狀況、財務表現與現金流量。本集團合併財務報表之編製均符合所有有關之法定要求及適用的會計準則。董事有責任確保選擇及連貫地應用合適之會計政策,並作出審慎和合理的判決及估計。

本集團外聘核數師羅兵咸永道會計師事務所就本集團合併財務報表作出之申報責任聲明載於本年報第60頁至第68頁之獨立核數師報告書內。

核數師之酬金

本集團之外聘核數師羅兵咸永道會計師事務所和其 關連機構就其非審核及法定審核服務收取之費用載 列如下:

DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for overseeing the preparation of financial statements for each financial period to ensure that they give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group, its financial performance and cash flows for that period. The Group's consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with all relevant statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Directors are responsible for ensuring that appropriate accounting policies are selected and applied consistently, and that where judgment has been applied and estimates made, they are prudent and reasonable.

The statement by the external auditor of the Group, PricewaterhouseCoopers, regarding their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 60 to 68 of this annual report.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The remuneration charged by the Group's external auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers and its affiliated firms for non-audit and statutory audit services is set out below:

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|------|------|
| 非審核服務(包括有關税務事宜、 | Non-audit services | | |
| 若干議定審核程序及其他申報服務) | (included tax-related matters, | | |
| | certain agreed-upon procedures work | | |
| | and other reporting services) | 1 | 1 |
| 法定審核 | Statutory audit | 5 | 5 |
| | | | |
| 總數 | Total | 6 | 6 |

公司秘書

羅學文先生自2013年9月起擔任公司秘書。彼亦為本集團僱員及集團法律總監。羅先生負責透過主席兼行政總裁就管治事宜向董事會提供意見,並安排董事的就任須知及專業發展。

羅先生確認於2021年內遵守上市規則第3.29條並已接受不少於15小時之相關專業培訓。

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Mark Alan LOYND has been the Company Secretary since September 2013. He is also an employee and the General Counsel of the Group. Mr. LOYND is responsible for advising the Board through the Chairman and Chief Executive on governance matters and facilitates induction and professional development of Directors.

Mr. LOYND confirmed that he has complied with rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules and received not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in 2021.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

憲章文件

於本年度內,公司細則並無變動。根據規管本公司 之相關法律,若需修訂公司細則,本公司將於本公 司股東大會上提呈修訂案以供股東批准。

與投資者及股東之關係

爭取股東信任一直是本公司在投資者關係上的重點工作。本集團之高級管理人員透過公司專訪、電話會議、會議交流及參與大型投資者研討會,與投資界保持定期和公開的對話,以清晰地傳達本公司的業務策略、發展及前景。於2021年與機構投資者及研究分析員舉行之會議合計約7次。

本公司的股東廣泛而多元化,成員包括機構和散戶 投資者。本公司積極運用互聯網和其他電子通訊方 式,適時和高透明地提供資訊。為了讓股東在掌握 本公司表現之餘又不會過份看重短期業績,本公司 決定不依照企業管治守則之建議最佳守則刊發季度 財務業績。本公司改為於本公司及香港交易所網頁 刊登其首三個月及九個月期間之最新業務資料。本 公司網頁上亦載有年報、中期報告、向交易所提交 的資料、新聞稿以及其他資料。

董事會已制訂股東通訊政策,並定期檢討及監察其 有效推行,以鞏固本公司與股東之關係,並確保符 合相關規則及企業管治守則。

董事會歡迎股東對影響本集團的事項提出意見,並 鼓勵他們出席股東大會,藉以直接地向董事會或管 理層反映他們關注的事項。本公司之股東周年大會 是尤其重要的平台。為了鼓勵及方便股東出席股東 周年大會,本公司於大會舉行日期前最少足20個工 作日發出通知。為確保清楚達意,各項獨立議題是 以獨立的決議案提出。

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

There was no change in the Bye-Laws during the year. If any amendment to the Bye-Laws is necessary, according to the relevant law governing the Company, the Company will propose the amendment for shareholders' approval at a general meeting of the Company.

INVESTOR AND SHAREHOLDER RELATIONS

Earning shareholders' trust and confidence has always been the major emphasis of the Company's efforts in investor relations. The Group's senior management keeps a constant and open dialogue with the investment community through company visits, conference calls, information sessions and participation in major investor conferences to communicate clearly the Company's business strategies, developments and prospects. About 7 meetings with institutional investors and research analysts were held in 2021.

The Company has a wide and diverse shareholder base of institutional and retail investors. To ensure all shareholders have equal and timely access to important company information, the Company proactively utilizes internet and other forms of electronic communication to deliver information in a timely and transparent manner. To strike a balance between keeping shareholders abreast of the Company's performance on one hand and avoiding an unhealthy focus on short-term results on the other, the Company decided against following the CG Code Recommended Best Practice of publishing quarterly financial results. Instead, the Company publishes operations updates for the first three and nine month periods on the websites of the Company and HKEX. Annual and interim reports, Stock Exchange filings, press releases and other materials are also accessible on the Company's website.

The Board has established a shareholders' communication policy and will regularly review this policy to ensure its effectiveness to enhance shareholders' relationship with the Company and to comply with the relevant rules and corporate governance code.

The Board welcomes shareholders' views on matters affecting the Group, and encourages their attendance at shareholders' meetings to communicate any concerns they may have with the Board or Management directly. The Company's AGM is an especially important forum. In order to encourage and facilitate shareholder attendance at its AGM, the Company gives at least 20 clear business days' prior notice. To ensure clear communication, each substantially separate issue is proposed under a separate resolution.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

投資者與股東如有意在股東大會上提出建議,又或 向董事會提出查詢,可聯絡本公司之投資者關係 部,其聯絡詳情載於本年報第169頁及第170頁。 Investors and shareholders who wish to put forward proposals at shareholders' meetings or to make enquiries of the Board may do so by contacting our Investor Relations Department whose contact details are listed on pages 169 and 170 of this annual report.

股息政策

根據守則條文第F.1.5條,本公司於2018年11月8日 已採納有關宣派股息之政策。該政策旨在讓股東參 與本公司的利潤,並為本公司保留足夠的儲備以作 未來增長之用。

本公司擬透過派付股息向股東回饋剩餘現金。這視 乎在宣派股息時本公司從累計和未來盈利、可用現 金及未來之承擔之派付能力。

除本年股息外,本公司亦會不時考慮宣派特別股 息。

本公司之收入及其派發股息之能力乃根據(其中包括),從本公司之附屬公司收取之股息,而這又根據該等附屬公司的可分配利潤、經營業績、財務狀況、資本開支計劃及其他因素。派付股息亦視乎任何根據百慕達法例及公司細則之限制。

董事會可酌情決定是否派付股息惟在適當的情況下 須經本公司股東批准。即使董事會決定建議並派付 股息,其形式、次數和金額將根據營運及盈利、資 本需要及盈餘、一般財務狀況、合約限制及其他影 響本集團的因素而釐定。

股息政策反映了採納當時本公司對本集團財務及現 金流量狀況的意見。董事會將不時審閱該政策,並 可在相關時間採納適當的變更。

Dividend Policy

Pursuant to Code Provision F.1.5, the Company has adopted a policy with regard to the declaration of dividends on November 8, 2018. Such policy aims to allow shareholders to participate in the Company's profits and for the Company to retain adequate reserves for future growth.

The Company intends to return surplus cash to the shareholders through the payment of dividends, which is subject to the Company's capacity to pay from accumulated and future earnings, cash availability and future commitments at the time of declaration of dividend.

The Company may also consider declaring special dividends from time-to-time, in addition to the semi-annual dividends.

The Company's income and its ability to pay dividends are dependent upon, among other things, the dividends received from the Company's subsidiaries, which, in turn, would depend on such subsidiaries' distributable profits, operating results, financial condition, capital expenditure plans and other factors. The payment of dividend is also subject to any restrictions under the Bermuda law and the Bye-Laws.

The Board has complete discretion on whether to pay dividends, subject to the approval of the shareholders of the Company, where applicable. Even if the Board decides to recommend and pay dividends, the form, frequency and amount will depend upon the operations and earnings, capital requirements and surplus, general financial condition, contractual restrictions and other factors of and affecting the Group.

Dividend Policy reflects the Company's view on the financial and cash flow position of the Group prevailing at the time of its adoption. The Board will review the policy from time-to-time and may adopt changes as appropriate at the relevant time.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

股東權利

股東召開股東特別大會的程序

股東有權要求董事會召開本公司的股東特別大會。

根據公司細則,於遞呈要求當日持有本公司已繳足股本(賦有於本公司股東大會上之投票權)不少於十分之一的股東有權透過向董事會或公司秘書或於本公司註冊辦事處發出書面要求,要求董事會根據百慕達1981年公司法(「公司法」)第74條召開股東特別大會,以處理有關要求中指明之任何事項。倘遞呈後21日內,董事會未有召開該大會,則遞呈要求人士可自發根據公司法第74(3)條之規定召開大會。

要求召開股東特別大會的書面要求可送達本年報「公司資料」一節所載的本公司註冊辦事處及其香港主要營業地點,收件人為公司秘書。

股東於股東大會提呈建議的程序

以下股東有權於本公司股東大會提呈建議(可於會議上正式提呈的建議)以供考慮:

- (a) 於請求日期佔本公司總投票權不少於二十分 之一的任何股東;或
- (b) 不少於100位持有本公司股份的股東。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Procedures for Shareholder(s) to convene a special general meeting

Shareholders shall have the right to request the Board to convene a special general meeting of the Company.

In accordance with the Bye-Laws, shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth (1/10) of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary or at the registered office of the Company, to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition pursuant to Section 74 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (the "Companies Act"). If within 21 days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionists themselves may do so in accordance with the provision of Section 74(3) of the Companies Act.

The written requisition requiring a special general meeting to be called can be sent to the Company's registered office and its principal place of business in Hong Kong as set out in the "Corporate Information" section of this annual report for the attention of the Company Secretary.

Procedures for Shareholders to make a proposal at a general meeting

The following shareholders are entitled to put forward a proposal (which may properly be put to the meeting) for consideration at a general meeting of the Company:

- (a) any members representing not less than one-twentieth (1/20) of the total voting rights of the Company on the date of the requisition; or
- (b) not less than 100 members holding shares in the Company.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

有關股東簽妥並載列建議的請求書連同建議內的所述事宜須送交本公司香港主要營業地點。本公司於接獲有效請求書時,將採取適當行動及作出必要安排,有關股東須根據公司法第79條及80條負責支付進行該等行動及安排所產生的開支。

The requisition specifying the proposal, duly signed by the shareholders concerned, together with a statement with respect to the matter referred to in the proposal must be deposited at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong. The Company would take appropriate actions and make necessary arrangements, and the shareholders concerned would be responsible for the expenses incurred in giving effect thereto in accordance with the requirements under Sections 79 and 80 of the Companies Act once valid documents are received.

如擬於股東大會上提名退任董事以外的人士參選董事,請查閱載於本公司網頁內之有關程序。

As regards proposing a person other than the retiring Director for election as a Director in a general meeting, please refer to the procedures available on the Company's website.

股東可隨時以書面方式透過公司秘書向董事會提出 查詢及關注事宜,地址為香港九龍長沙灣道777至 779號天安工業大廈5樓。 Shareholders may at any time send their enquires and concerns to the Board in writing through the Company Secretary at 5th Floor, Tin On Industrial Building, 777-779 Cheung Sha Wan Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

香港,2022年3月10日

Hong Kong, March 10, 2022

董事欣然提呈本集團截至2021年12月31日止年度 之經審核合併財務報表。

December 31, 2021.

主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司。本集團之主要業務 為經營零售及分銷Giordano及Giordano Junior、 Giordano Ladies、BSX以及其他自有及授權經營之 品牌。儘管該等品牌以不同市場分部為銷售目標, 皆致力為消費者提供優良品質、物有所值的服裝及 服務。

分部資料

本集團截至2021年12月31日止年度以地區及品牌 之表現分析載於財務報表附註5。

業務回顧

有關本集團業務的審視載於本年報第7頁至第19頁 的「管理層之論述及分析」章節內。關於本集團面 對的主要風險及不明朗因素的敘述已於本年報的不 同部份披露,於財務報表附註3尤其詳盡。於本回 顧財政年度結束後,並無發生對本集團有影響的重 大事件。本集團的業務展望則載於本年報第19頁的 「管理層之論述及分析」內探討。財務狀況相關的關 鍵表現指標以完善及補充財務披露載於第69頁至第 159頁,以及「管理層之論述及分析」章節內。本公 司與主要持份者關係之闡述及本集團的環境政策及 表現的探討載於本年報第ESG.1頁至ESG.62頁的 「環境、社會及管治報告書」。

以上部分屬本董事會報告書的一部分。

遵守適用法律及法規

我們已訂立合規程序以確保遵從與本集團有關的相 關法律及規例。在法律及公司秘書部的支援及協助 下,董事會負責檢討及監察本集團有關遵守法律及 監管規定的政策及常規。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal business of the Group is the retail and distribution of men's, women's and children's fashion apparel under Giordano and Giordano Junior, Giordano Ladies. BSX as well as other owned and licensed brands. Although targeting different market segments, the brands all strive to deliver excellent quality, value and service to consumers.

The Directors are pleased to submit their report together with the audited

consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended

SEGMENT INFORMATION

An analysis of the Group's performance by geography and by brand for the year ended December 31, 2021 is set out in Note 5 to the financial statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A review of the Group's business is provided in the Management Discussion and Analysis section on pages 7 to 19 of this annual report. Description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group can be found throughout this annual report, particularly in Note 3 to the financial statements. No important event affecting the Group has occurred since the end of the financial year under review. The outlook of the Group's business is discussed in the Management Discussion and Analysis section on page 19 of this annual report. Certain financial key performance indicators which complement and supplement our financial disclosures are set out on pages 69 to 159 as well as in the Management Discussion and Analysis section. An account of the Company's relationships with its key stakeholders and discussions on the Group's environmental policies and performance are included in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report on pages ESG.1 to ESG.62 of this annual report.

The above sections form part of the Directors' Report.

Compliance with the applicable laws and regulations

We have in place compliance procedures to ensure adherence to the relevant laws and regulations that are relevant to the Group. The Board is responsible for reviewing and monitoring the Group's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements. with the support and assistance of the legal and company secretarial department.

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上市規則、公司條例及證券及期貨條例(「證券及期 貨條例」)及其附屬法例、守則及指引乃我們的合規 責任的主要來源。其他司法權區的法律亦可能適用 於我們的香港境外業務,而於香港及其他地區,我 們均依賴外部律師事務所及專業顧問的協助,以管 理我們的法律及合規風險。

我們向僱員傳達相關新法例或法律及規例的變動以 確保合規,並定期提醒僱員須承擔合規責任。

業績

本集團截至2021年12月31日止年度之業績及本公司與本集團於該日之財務狀況載於本年報第69頁至第159頁之合併財務報表內。

股息

中期股息每股6.5港仙已於2021年9月17日向本公司股東派發。

董事會建議截至2021年12月31日止年度末期股息為每股10.0港仙。待本公司股東將於應屆股東周年大會上批准後,末期股息將於2022年6月17日向於2022年6月2日名列於本公司股東名冊上之股東派付。

可供分派儲備

於2021年12月31日,本公司之可供分派滾存溢利連同繳入盈餘為5.33億港元(2020年:5.51億港元)。

主要附屬公司

本公司於2021年12月31日之主要附屬公司之詳情 載於財務報表附許39。 The Listing Rules, the Companies Ordinance and the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO") as well as their subsidiary legislation, codes and guidelines are the principal sources of our compliance obligations. Laws in other jurisdictions may also apply to our non-Hong Kong operations, and both in Hong Kong and elsewhere, we rely on the assistance of external law firms and professional advisers to manage our legal and compliance risks.

We communicate information on relevant new laws or changes in laws and regulations to our staff to ensure compliance, and also regularly remind our staff of their compliance obligations.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2021 and the financial position of the Company and of the Group as at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 69 to 159 of this annual report.

DIVIDENDS

An interim dividend of 6.5 HK cents per share was paid to shareholders of the Company on September 17, 2021.

The Board has recommended a final dividend of 10.0 HK cents per share for the year ended December 31, 2021. Subject to the approval of the shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming AGM, the final dividend will be payable on June 17, 2022 to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on June 2, 2022.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at December 31, 2021, the retained profits of the Company together with the contributed surplus available for distribution amounted to HK\$533 million (2020: HK\$551 million).

PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries as at December 31, 2021 are set out in Note 39 to the financial statements.

董事會報告書

DIRECTORS' REPORT

十年財務資料

本集團過去十個財政年度之業績、資產及負債摘要 載於本年報第2頁及第3頁。

股本

本公司之股本於本年度內之變動詳情載於財務報表 附註25。

股份優先購買權

公司細則中並無股份優先購買權之規定,惟百慕達 法例則無限制該等權利。

股票掛鈎協議

除本年報 「購股權資料」一節披露的本公司購股權計劃外,本公司概無於年內或年度結束時訂立或存在任何股票掛鈎協議將會或可導致本公司發行股份,或規定本公司訂立任何協議將會或可導致本公司發行股份。

主要供應商及客戶

於本年度內,本集團主要供應商所佔的購買總額百分比如下:

購買額

| 最大供應商 | 39% |
|-----------|-----|
| 五大供應商總額合計 | 65% |

於本年度內,本集團首五大客戶所佔的銷售額均低 於10%。

概無董事或其任何緊密聯繫人或就董事所深知擁有本公司已發行股本超過5%之任何股東擁有本集團五大供應商及五大客戶之任何實益權益。

TEN-YEAR FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the last ten fiscal years is set out on pages 2 and 3 of this annual report.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in share capital of the Company during the year are shown in Note 25 to the financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Bye-Laws although there are no restrictions against having such rights under the laws of Bermuda.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Other than the Company's share option schemes as disclosed under Share Option Information in this annual report, no equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares were entered into by the Company during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

MAJOR SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The aggregate percentages of purchases attributable to the Group's major suppliers during the year are as follows:

Purchases

| The largest supplier | 39% |
|---------------------------------|-----|
| Five largest suppliers combined | 65% |

The percentage of the sales attributable to the Group's five largest customers is less than 10% during the year.

None of the Directors, their close associates, or any shareholders, which to the knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the issued share capital of the Company, had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest suppliers and customers.

物業、機器及設備

本年度內物業、機器及設備之變動詳情載於財務報 表附註22。

慈善捐款

本集團於本年度內之慈善捐款為204,000港元 (2020年: 20,000港元)。

銀行貸款

本年度的銀行貸款載於財務報表附註29。

董事

於本年度內及截至本報告書之日期止,本公司之董 事為:

執行董事

劉國權博士(主席兼行政總裁) 陳嘉緯博士 羅學文先生

非執行董事

鄭志剛博士 JP 陳世昌先生

獨立非執行董事

選連任。

畢滌凡博士 鄺其志先生 *GBS, JP* 黃旭教授 Alison Elizabeth LLOYD 博士

根據公司細則第84(2)條規定,羅學文先生、畢滌凡博士及鄺其志先生須將於應屆股東周年大會上輪值告退。羅學文先生及畢滌凡博士符合資格並願意於會上膺選連任,而鄺其志先生則符合資格惟無意膺

於本報告日,董事之個人資料詳情載於本年報第20 頁至第25頁。

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment during the year are set out in Note 22 to the financial statements.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

Donations made for charitable purposes by the Group during the year amounted to HK\$204,000 (2020: HK\$20,000).

BANK LOANS

Details of the bank loans for the year are set out in Note 29 to the financial statement.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report are:

Executive Directors

Dr. LAU Kwok Kuen, Peter (Chairman and Chief Executive)

Dr. CHAN Ka Wai Mr. Mark Alan I OYND

Non-executive Directors

Dr. CHENG Chi Kong JP Mr. CHAN Sai Cheong

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. Barry John BUTTIFANT Mr. KWONG Ki Chi *GBS, JP* Professor WONG Yuk (alias, HUANG Xu) Dr. Alison Elizabeth LLOYD

In accordance with Bye-Law 84(2) of the Bye-Laws, Mr. Mark Alan LOYND, Dr. Barry John BUTTIFANT and Mr. KWONG Ki Chi shall retire by rotation at the forthcoming AGM. Mr. Mark Alan LOYND and Dr. Barry John BUTTIFANT being eligible, shall offer themselves for re-election while Mr. KWONG Ki Chi who being eligible but does not offer himself for re-election thereat.

Biographical details of the Directors as at the date of this report are set out on pages 20 to 25 of this annual report.

董事資料變動

芸事が夕

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條,董事資料自本公司截至2021年6月30日止期間之中期報告日期起的變動載列如下:

次业编制

CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

Pursuant to rule 13.51(B)(1) of the Listing Rules, the changes in information of our Directors since the report date of the interim report of the Company for the period ended June 30, 2021 are set out below:

| 里争姓石 | 負科愛凱 |
|------------------------------|---|
| Name of Director | Changes in information |
| 陳嘉緯博士 Dr. CHAN Ka Wai | 於2022年1月,陳博士成為澳洲會計師公會資深會員。 Dr. CHAN became a fellow member of the CPA Australia in January 2022. |
| 鄭志剛博士 Dr. CHENG Chi Kong | 於2021年10月,鄭博士獲委任為裕承科金有限公司之非執行董事兼主席。 Dr. CHENG was appointed as a non-executive director and the chairman of Arta TechFin Corporation Limited in October 2021. |
| 陳世昌先生 Mr. CHAN Sai Cheong | 於2021年4月,陳先生獲委任為周大福珠寶集團有限公司之董事總經理(中國內地)。 Dr. CHAN was appointed as the managing director, Mainland China of Chow Tai Fook Jewellery Group Limited in April 2021. |

除上文所披露者外,自本公司之2021中期報告日期 以來,根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條須予披露之董事 履歷詳情並無其他更新。 Save as disclosed above, there is no other change in the Directors' biographical details which is required to be disclosed pursuant to rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules since the date of 2021 interim report of the Company.

董事服務合約

擬將於應屆股東周年大會上膺選連任之董事,概無 與本公司或其附屬公司訂立本集團不可於一年內毋 須賠償(法定補償除外)而終止之服務合約。

獲准許的彌償條文

根據新公司細則,本公司每名董事或其他主要職員 在其執行職責或在其他方面與此有關之情況下可能 蒙受或產生之所有損失或責任,有權獲得從本公司 之資產中撥付彌償。此外,本公司已就董事可能面 對之有關法律行動安排適當的董事及主要職員責任 保險。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

The Directors being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM do not have any service contract with the Company or its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY

The Bye-Laws provides that each Director or other officers of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he or she may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his or her office or otherwise in relation thereto. In addition, the Company has maintained appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance in respect of relevant legal actions against the Directors.

董事及主要行政人員之股份、相關股份 及債權證的權益及淡倉

於2021年12月31日,本公司董事及主要行政人員 或彼等各自之緊密聯繫人本公司或其任何相關法團 (定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份 及債權證中擁有須記錄於證券及期貨條例第352條 規定置存之登記冊內之權益或淡倉,或根據標準守 則須知會本公司和聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at December 31, 2021, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company and their respective close associates in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO; or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code, were as follows:

於本公司股份及相關股份之好倉

Long positions in shares and underlying shares of the Company

所持普通股數目 Number of ordinary shares held

| | | ,, | | | |
|----------------------|------------|-----------------|------------|--------------------|--|
| | | 衍生工具權益 | | | |
| | | (購股權) | | 概約持股百分比 | |
| | 個人權益 | (附註1及2) | | (附註3) | |
| | (附註1) | Derivative | | Approximate | |
| 董事姓名 | Personal | interests | 合計 | percentage of | |
| Name of Directors | interests | (share options) | Total | shareholding | |
| | (Note 1) | (Notes 1 & 2) | | (Note 3) | |
| 劉國權 | 27,518,000 | _ | 27,518,000 | 1.74% | |
| LAU Kwok Kuen, Peter | | | | | |
| 陳嘉緯 | 600,000 | 8,700,000 | 9,300,000 | 0.59% | |
| CHAN Ka Wai | | | | | |
| 羅學文 | 236,000 | 9,064,000 | 9,300,000 | 0.59% | |
| Mark Alan LOYND | , | -,, | -,, | | |
| Mark Alan LOYND | | | | | |

Notes:

(1)

(2)

附註:

- (1) 該等權益乃指相關董事作為實益擁有人持有的權益。
- (2) 衍生工具權益之相關股份乃按本公司採納之購股權計劃而 授予董事之購股權,有關資料載列於本年報第160頁至第 168頁。
- 按於2021年12月31日本公司已發行股份1,578,936,518股
- option schemes of the Company and details of which are set out on pages 160 to 168 of this annual report.
- Based on 1,578,936,518 shares of the Company in issue as at December 31, 2021.

This represents interests held by the relevant Directors as beneficial owners.

Derivative interests are share options granted to the Directors pursuant to the share

除上述披露外,於2021年12月31日,本公司董事 或主要行政人員或彼等各自之緊密聯繫人概無於本 公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第 XV部)之股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有須記錄於 證券及期貨條例第352條規定置存之記錄冊內之權 益或淡倉,或須根據標準守則知會本公司及聯交所 之權益或淡倉。

Save as disclosed above, as at December 31, 2021, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company or their close respective associates had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

董事於重要交易、安排及合約中的權益

持續關連交易及重大關聯人士交易的詳情,分別已 於本年報第56頁至第58頁「持續關連交易」一節及財 務報表附註36中披露。

除上述者外,並無其他重要交易、安排或合約與本 集團業務有關,且本公司或其任何附屬公司為其中 一方,而本公司董事或與其有關聯的實體直接或間 接於其中擁有重大權益的交易、安排或合約於年度 結束時或年內任何時間仍然有效。

董事購買股份或債權證之權利

除於本年報第160頁至第168頁「購股權之資料」一節所披露者外,於本回顧年度內任何時間,本公司或其任何控股公司、同系附屬公司或附屬公司概無參與訂立任何安排以使本公司董事(包括彼等配偶及未滿18歲的子女)可藉購入本公司或任何其他法團之股份或債權證而獲取利益。

管理合約

除僱員合約外,於本年度內,本公司並無訂立或進 行任何與本公司全部或重要業務有關之管理及行政 合約。

董事於競爭性業務中的權益

於本年度內, 概無董事擁有與本集團業務上直接或間接構成競爭或可能構成競爭的任何業務權益。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Details of the continuing connected transactions and material related party transactions are respectively disclosed under section headed "Continuing Connected Transactions" on pages 56 to 58 and in Note 36 to the financial statements of this annual report.

Save for the above, no other transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or his connected entity had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed under Share Option Information section on pages 160 to 168 to this annual report, at no time during the year under review was the Company, or any of its holding companies, fellow subsidiaries or subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors (including their spouses and children under 18 years of age) to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts, other than employment contracts, concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year, none of the Directors is interested in any business, apart from the Group's businesses, which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the Group's businesses.

主要股東之權益及淡倉

就本公司董事或主要行政人員所知,於2021年12 月31日,下列人士(除本公司董事及主要行政人員 外)於本公司之股份或相關股份中擁有須記錄於證 券及期貨條例第336條規定存置之登記冊內之權益 或淡倉如下:

INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

So far as is known to the Directors or chief executive of the Company, as at December 31, 2021, the following persons (other than Directors and chief executive of the Company) had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO:

於本公司股份及相關股份之好倉

Long positions in shares and underlying shares of the Company

| 主要股東名稱 Name of substantial shareholders | 身份 Capacity | 所持普通股數目 Number of ordinary shares held | 概約持股百分比 <i>(附註2)</i> Approximate percentage of shareholding <i>(Note 2)</i> |
|--|--|---|--|
| Cheng Yu Tung Family (Holdings) Limited (附註Note 1) | 受控制法團之權益 Interest of controlled corporation | 384,830,000 | 24.37% |
| Cheng Yu Tung Family (Holdings II) Limited (附註Note 1) | 受控制法團之權益 Interest of controlled corporation | 384,830,000 | 24.37% |
| Chow Tai Fook Capital Limited (附註Note 1) | 受控制法團之權益 Interest of controlled corporation | 384,830,000 | 24.37% |
| 周大福(控股)有限公司(「周大福控股」) Chow Tai Fook (Holding) Limited ("CTF") (附註Note 1) | 受控制法團之權益 Interest of controlled corporation | 384,830,000 | 24.37% |
| 周大福代理人有限公司(「周大福代理人」) Chow Tai Fook Nominee Limited ("CTFN") (附註Note 1) | 受控制法團之權益 Interest of controlled corporation | 384,830,000 | 24.37% |
| Sino Wealth International Limited ("Sino Wealth") | 實益擁有人 Beneficial owner | 384,830,000 | 24.37% |

附註: Notes.

- (1) 於2021年12月31日,Sino Wealth持有384,830,000股本公司股份,其由周大福代理人全資擁有,而周大福代理人則由周大福控股控制。Cheng Yu Tung Family (Holdings) Limited及Cheng Yu Tung Family (Holdings II) Limited於 Chow Tai Fook Capital Limited分別持有約49.0%及46.7%權益,而Chow Tai Fook Capital Limited則於周大福控股持有約81.0%權益,因此Cheng Yu Tung Family (Holdings) Limited、Cheng Yu Tung Family (Holdings II) Limited、Chow Tai Fook Capital Limited、周大福控股及周大福代理人被視為於Sino Wealth所持本公司股份中擁有權益。
- (1) As at December 31, 2021, 384,830,000 shares of the Company were held by Sino Wealth which is a wholly-owned by CTFN, which in turn controlled by CTF. Cheng Yu Tung Family (Holdings) Limited and Cheng Yu Tung Family (Holdings II) Limited held approximately 49.0% and 46.7% interest in Chow Tai Fook Capital Limited respectively, which in turn held an approximately 81.0% interest in CTF and accordingly each of Cheng Yu Tung Family (Holdings) Limited, Cheng Yu Tung Family (Holdings II) Limited, Chow Tai Fook Capital Limited, CTF and CTFN is deemed to have an interest in the shares of the Company held by Sino Wealth.
- (2) 按於2021年12月31日本公司已發行股份1,578,936,518股 計算。
- (2) Based on 1,578,936,518 shares of the Company in issue as at December 31, 2021.

除上述披露者外,於2021年12月31日,本公司並 無獲悉本公司之股份及相關股份中擁有須記入本公 司根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置之登記冊之任 何權益或淡倉。

重大關聯人士交易

本集團於本年度內訂立的重大關聯人士交易(根據 上市規則並不構成關連交易),其詳情載於財務報 表附註36。

持續關連交易

於本年度內,本集團訂立以下持續關連交易,根據 上市規則第14A章,其須遵守公佈及申報之規定, 惟獲豁免遵守通函及獨立股東批准之規定。

本公司已就以下持續關連交易遵守上市規則第14A 章項下的披露規定。於本年度內進行持續關連交易 時,本公司已遵守相關的內部租賃評估政策。

(1) 既有租賃協議

Save as disclosed above, as at December 31, 2021, the Company had not been notified of any interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Material related party transactions entered into by the Group during the year, which do not constitute connected transactions under the Listing Rules, are set out in Note 36 to the financial statements.

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Group conducted the following continuing connected transactions, which are subject to the announcement and reporting requirements, but are exempt from the circular and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The Company has complied with the disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules in respect of the following continuing connected transactions. When conducting the continuing connected transactions during the year, the Company has followed the relevant internal leasing evaluation policy.

(1) Pre-existing Agreements

Members of the Group and members of New World Department Store China Limited ("NWDS") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "NWDS Group") have in the past entered into leasing agreements which include those that completed during the calendar year and those that remain in force as immediately prior to the execution of the master leasing agreement ("Master Leasing Agreement") on December 29, 2017 regarding the leasing of premises and/or concessionaire counters in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") by members of the Group from members of the NWDS Group (the "Pre-existing Leasing Agreements"). Most of the Preexisting Leasing Agreements comprise of short-term leases of one year or less, and as all of the Pre-existing Leasing Agreements are subject to ordinary and market rental terms based on calculation of turnover rent, (which in turn is based on a percentage of the respective monthly turnover), the monthly payable amount to be made by the Group to NWDS Group will vary month by month.

(2) 重續綜合租賃協議

於2019年12月31日,本公司與新世界百貨訂立一份重續綜合租賃協議(「重續綜合租賃協議」),據此,訂約方(i)記錄彼等就向新世界百貨集團旗下成員於中國租用物業及專櫃訂立未來租賃協議之互相共識;及(ii)載列該等未來租賃之基本原則,年期由2020年1月1日至2022年12月31日止。

重續綜合租賃協議將於2022年12月31日屆滿,除非根據重續綜合租賃協議提前終止, 否則在(其中包括)上市規則之規限下於其後 自動重續3年。

由於Sino Wealth為本公司之主要股東,其持有本公司約24.37%權益,Sino Wealth由周大福代理人全資擁有,而該公司由周大福控制。此外,新世界百貨為新世界發展有限公司(「新世界發展」)之附屬公司,而周大限企業有限公司為新世界發展之控股股東東區大福控股之全資附屬公司;因此,根據已市規則第14A章,新世界百貨集團為本公司之持續關連人士,既有租賃協議項下之所有交易及現有租賃協議的重續均構成本公司之持續關連交易。

有關既有租賃協議及綜合租賃協議的詳情, 請參閱本公司日期為2017年12月29日之公 佈。

有關重續綜合租賃協議函件的詳情,請參閱本公司日期為2019年12月31日之公佈。

持續關連交易截至2019年、2020及2021年 12月31日止各年的年度上限分別為1,500萬 港元、500萬港元及700萬港元。

截至2021年12月31日止年度,本集團已支付或將支付予新世界百貨集團的營業額租金約達141萬港元,低於700萬港元的年度上限。

(2) Renewed Master Leasing Agreement

On December 31, 2019, the Company and NWDS entered into a renewed master leasing agreement (the "Renewed Master Leasing Agreement") pursuant to which the parties (i) recorded their mutual understanding to enter into future lease agreements with respect to the lease of premises and concessionaire counters in the PRC from members of the NWDS Group; and (ii) set out the underlying principles of such future leases for a term commencing from January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2022.

The Renewed Master Leasing Agreement will expire on December 31, 2022 and will be automatically renewed for successive periods of 3 years thereafter, subject to, among others, the Listing Rules, unless terminated earlier in accordance with the Renewed Master Leasing Agreement.

As Sino Wealth, a substantial shareholder of the Company, held approximately 24.37% interest in the Company. Sino Wealth is wholly-owned by CTFN, which is in turn controlled by CTF. Also, NWDS is a subsidiary of New World Development Company Limited ("NWD") and Chow Tai Fook Enterprises Limited is a controlling shareholder of NWD as well as a wholly-owned subsidiary of CTF; and and Chow Tai Fook Jewellery Group Limited is a subsidiary of CTF; accordingly, the NWDS Group is a connected person of the Company and the transactions under the Pre-existing Leasing Agreements, all future and renewals of the existing leasing agreements contemplated under the Renewal of Master Leasing Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

For details of the Pre-existing Agreement and Master Leasing Agreement, please refer to the Company's announcement dated December 29, 2017.

For details of the Renewed Master Leasing Agreement, please refer to the Company's announcement dated December 31, 2019.

The annual caps in respect of the continuing connected transactions for the years ending December 31, 2019, 2020 and 2021 are HK\$15 million, HK\$5 million and HK\$7 million, respectively.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the turnover rent paid or payable to NWDS Group by the Group amounted to approximately HK\$1.41 million, which is within the annual cap of HK\$7 million.

獨立非執行董事已審閱上述持續關連交易,並確認該等持續關連交易乃:

- (a) 在本集團之日常及一般業務過程中進 行:
- (b) 按一般商業條款或更佳條款進行;及
- (c) 根據規管此等交易的相關協議訂立,其 條款公平合理且符合本公司股東的整體 利益。

本公司之獨立核數師羅兵咸永道會計師事務 所已獲委聘根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港 核證委聘準則第3000號(經修訂)《歷史財務 資料審核或審閱以外之核證委聘》,以及參考 應用指引第740號《核數師根據香港上市規則 發出有關持續關連交易之函件》就上文所述之 持續關連交易作出報告。核數師已根據上市 規則第14A.56條的規定就關連交易之核證結 果及結論作出其無保留意見函件。本公司亦 已向聯交所提供該核數師函件之副本。

除上文披露者外,於本年度內,本集團並無任何關連交易須根據上市規則第14A章作出申報之規定。

購股權資料

購股權計劃之摘要及本公司購股權於本年度內之變動詳情載於本年報第160頁至第168頁。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券

截至2021年12月31日止年度內,本公司或其任何 附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證 券。 Independent Non-executive Directors have reviewed the above continuing connected transactions and confirmed that these continuing connected transactions were entered into:

- (a) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (b) on normal commercial terms or better; and
- (c) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, the Company's independent auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions stated in the above paragraphs in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued his unqualified letter containing his findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Group in accordance with rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

Save as disclosed above, the Group did not have any connected transactions which were subject to the reporting requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules during the year.

SHARE OPTION INFORMATION

A summary of the Company's share option schemes and details of the movement in share options of the Company during the year are set out on pages 160 to 168 of this annual report.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

There was no purchase, sale or redemption by the Company or any of its subsidiaries, of any listed securities of the Company during the year ended December 31, 2021.

公眾持股量

於本報告日,根據本公司可以得悉之公開資料及董事知悉之情況下,本公司已按上市規則之要求,維持足夠公眾持股量。

企業管治

本公司致力維持高水平之企業管治,以確保提高透明度及更有效地保障股東權益。有關本公司企業管治常規的資料,載於本年報第26頁至第47頁「企業管治報告書」。

薪酬政策

本集團僱員乃按其表現、資格及能力獲甄選、訂定 薪酬及晉升。本集團僱員退休福利的詳情載於財務 報表附註2。

董事酬金由本公司薪酬委員會經考慮本公司經營業績、個人表現及可比較市場標準後釐定。董事之本年度酬金詳情以具名方式載於財務報表附註10。

獨立核數師

本年度之合併財務報表已由羅兵咸永道會計師事務 所審核,其將退任,惟符合資格並願意應聘連任。 本公司將於應屆股東周年大會上提呈一項決議案, 以續聘羅兵咸永道會計師事務所為本公司之獨立核 數師並授權董事釐定其酬金。

承董事會命

劉國權

主席兼行政總裁

香港,2022年3月10日

PUBLIC FLOAT

As at the date of this report, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float required under the Listing Rules, based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance so as to ensure better transparency and protection of shareholders' interests. Information on the Company's corporate governance practices is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 26 to 47 of this annual report.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The employees of the Group are selected, remunerated and promoted on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence. Please refer to Note 2 to the financial statements for details of the retirement benefits provided to employees of the Group.

The emoluments of the Directors are decided by the Remuneration Committee of the Company, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market standards. Particulars of the emoluments of Directors on a named basis for the year are set out in Note 10 to the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the year have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution to re-appoint PricewaterhouseCoopers as independent auditor of the Company and to authorize the Directors to fix its remuneration will be proposed for approval at the forthcoming AGM.

On behalf of the Board **LAU Kwok Kuen, Peter**Chairman and Chief Executive

Hong Kong, March 10, 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



羅兵咸永道

致佐丹奴國際有限公司董事會

(於百慕達註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

我們已審計的內容

佐丹奴國際有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)列載於第69至159頁的合併財務報表,包括:

- 於2021年12月31日的合併資產負債表、
- 截至該日止年度的合併利潤表、
- 截至該日止年度的合併綜合收益表、
- 截至該日止年度的合併權益變動表、
- 截至該日止年度的合併現金流量表及
- 合併財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策及其 他解釋信息。

我們的意見

我們認為,該等合併財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港財務報告準則》真實而中肯地反映了貴集團於2021年12月31日的合併財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的合併財務表現及合併現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

To the members of Giordano International Limited

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of Giordano International Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which are set out on pages 69 to 159, comprise:

- the consolidated balance sheet as at December 31, 2021;
- the consolidated income statement for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended:
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended:
- the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港審計準則》 進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報 告「核數師就審計合併財務報表承擔的責任」部分中 作進一步闡述。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地 為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

獨立性

根據香港會計師公會頒布的《專業會計師道德守則》 (以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於貴集團,並已履行 守則中的其他專業道德責任。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期 合併財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是 在我們審計整體合併財務報表及出具意見時進行處 理的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

我們在審計中識別的關鍵審計事項概述如下:

- 商譽減值及授出認沽期權負債的估值
- 存貨估值
- 零售店舗資產減值

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters identified in our audit are summarised as follows:

- Goodwill impairment and valuation of put option liability
- Valuation of inventory
- Impairment of retail store assets

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

關鍵審計事項 Key Audit Matter

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

商譽減值及授出認沽期權負債的估值 Goodwill impairment and valuation of put option liability

請參閱合併財務報表附註附註24「商譽」,附註31 「授出認沽期權負債」,會計政策中的附註2(j)、2(s) 及重要會計估計及判斷中的附註4(ii)及4(iv)。

Refer to note 24 "Goodwill", note 31 "Put Option Liability", Accounting Policies notes 2(j), 2(s) and Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements in notes 4(ii) and 4(iv) to the consolidated financial statements.

列示於合併資產負債表的商譽共計5.41億港元,來自於收購佐丹奴海灣阿拉伯國家合作委員會業務(以下簡稱「海灣阿拉伯國家合作委員會業務」)。此部分商譽已被分攤至現金產生單元(以下簡稱「現金產生單元」),以進行商譽減值測試。另外,授出認沽期權存在於海灣阿拉伯國家合作委員會業務的非控制性股東所持有的剩餘權益中。認沽期權負債於每個資產負債表日以公允價值列示。於2021年12月31日貴集團的認沽期權負債為0.81億港元。

Goodwill of HK\$541 million on the consolidated balance sheet arose from the acquisitions of the Giordano Gulf Cooperation Council businesses (the "Gulf Cooperation Council Business"), which has been allocated to a group of cash generating units ("CGUs") for the purpose of goodwill impairment testing. In addition, put options exist over the remaining interests held by the non-controlling shareholders of the Gulf Cooperation Council Business. The put option liability is stated at fair value at each balance sheet date, and as at December 31, 2021, amounted to HK\$81 million.

收購海灣阿拉伯國家合作委員會業務所得商譽的可收回金額評估與認沽期權負債的估值均以管理層編製的現金流預測為基礎,並按公允價值減去銷售成本來計算。

The assessments of the recoverable amount of the goodwill and the put option liability valuation for the Gulf Cooperation Council Business were based on the same cash flow projections prepared by management, using fair value less costs of disposal calculations.

我們關注該等餘額是因為估值模型涉及管理層就海 灣阿拉伯國家合作委員會業務的未來業績所作的重 要判斷。

We focused on these balances because the valuation models involve significant judgements made by management about the future results of the Gulf Cooperation Council Business.

我們通過評估管理層制定估值模型時所採用的估值方法、估值流程與估值控制的適當性來評估其估值模型,並將相關輸入與董事會批准的最新預算進行比較。同時,我們還將歷史實際結果與其之前的預算進行比較,以評估管理層的預測質量。

We evaluated management's valuation models by assessing the appropriateness of the valuation methodology, the process and controls by which the models were drawn up and compared the underlying inputs to the latest Board approved budget. We also compared historic actual results to those budgeted to assess the quality of management's forecasting.

我們著重關注計算中採用的關鍵假設與輸入,特別是:

We have focused on the key assumptions and inputs used in the calculations, particularly:

- 採用的風險調整折現率,並根據相關公司和行業及國家特定的可比 實體的資本成本對該等折現率進行評估;
 - the risk adjusted discount rates used, and assessed these against the cost of capital of the relevant companies and industry and country specific comparable entities;
- 預計年度銷售增長率與現金產生單元的最終增長率,因為這些因素被視為海灣阿拉伯國家合作委員會業務估值的關鍵驅動因素。我們從各個方面將管理層所作的上述假設與外部零售行業前景報告和國家具體經濟增長預測進行了比較。
 - the projected annual sales growth rates and the terminal growth rates for the CGUs, as these were considered to be the key drivers of the valuation of the Gulf Cooperation Council Business. We compared management's assumptions of these against external retail industry outlook reports and country specific economic growth forecasts from different sources.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

關鍵審計事項 Key Audit Matter

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

我們審查了管理層的敏感性測試並執行了自己的敏感性測試,在此過程 中我們對關鍵假設設定了一個彈性的合理範圍,以確定在何種水平估值 模型中的餘額將被消除。

We reviewed management's sensitivity analysis and performed our own sensitivities, where we flexed the key assumptions within a reasonable range, to determine at what level the headroom in the model would be eliminated.

基於現有證據,我們認為管理層於估值時採用的判斷和假設獲現有理據支持。

We were satisfied that management's judgements and assumptions used in the valuation were supportable, based on the available evidence obtained.

存貨估值 Valuation of inventory

請參閱合併財務報表附註17「存貨」,會計政策中的 附註2(m)及重要會計估計及判斷中的附註4(i)。

Refer to note 17 "Inventories" and Accounting Policies note 2(m) and Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements in note 4(i) to the consolidated financial statements.

於2021年12月31日貴集團的淨存貨餘額為6.06億港元。存貨按成本與可變現淨值的較低者列示於合併財務報表。服裝行業存貨的可變現淨值難以估計,且可能受貴集團經營所在地的經濟狀況變化以及受客戶品味和競爭對手應對不同市場條件時所採取的行動的變化所影響。

The net inventory balance at December 31, 2021 was HK\$606 million. Inventory is carried in the consolidated financial statements at the lower of cost and net realisable value. It is difficult to estimate the net realisable value of inventory in the apparel industry which could be impacted by changes in economic conditions in places where the Group operates, as well as changes in customer taste and competitor actions in response to changes in market conditions.

我們關注該領域是因為估計所需存貨準備金額時需 要作出判斷。

We focused on this area due to the judgement in estimating the amount of inventory provisions required. 我們已經了解管理層在估計存貨可變現淨值及定期審查過時庫存時所實施的關鍵程序。

We obtained an understanding of the key procedures implemented by management in estimating the net realisable value of inventories and periodic reviews of inventory obsolescence.

我們測試了該年度按照不同季節分類的存貨樣本,以獲取存貨分類與賬齡的合理性,並且根據各樣本重新計算了所應用的準備比例的準確性。

We tested a sample of inventory items categorised into different seasons of the year to gain comfort over the categorisation and ageing of inventory and recalculated, on a sample basis, the mathematical accuracy of the provision percentage applied.

通過參考歷史銷售經驗,我們對管理層對當前趨勢與剩餘存貨需求的預 測提出質疑,以評估上述存貨準備的合理性。我們還將存貨項目樣本與 期末後實際銷售額進行比較,以評估存貨準備的合理性。

We assessed the reasonableness of the provisions by challenging management's projections on current trends and demands for the remaining inventories, with reference to historic sales experience. We also assessed the reasonableness of the inventory provisions by comparing a sample of inventory items to actual post year end sales.

我們認為管理層於估計存貨準備時採用的假設獲現有證據支持。

We found the assumptions made by management in respect of the inventory provisions were supportable based on the available evidence.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

關鍵審計事項 Key Audit Matter

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

零售店舖資產減值

Impairment of retail store assets

請參閱合併財務報表附註22「物業、機器及設備」, 附註23「使用權資產及租賃負債」,會計政策中的附 註2(h)、2(k)、2(y)及重要會計估計及判斷中的附註 4(ii)。

Refer to note 22 "Property, plant and equipment", note 23 "Right-of-use assets" and Accounting Policies notes 2(h), 2(k), 2(y) and Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements in note 4(ii) to the consolidated financial statements.

貴集團擁有的重大營運資產(包括物業、機器及設備以及使用權資產分別為1.19億港元及6.86億港元),若財務表現低於預期,其價值將按減值評估決定。

The Group has material operational assets (including property, plant and equipment of HK\$119 million and right-of-use assets of HK\$686 million) which are subject to impairment tests in the event of trading performance is below expectation.

管理層對出現減值跡象之零售店舖採用貼現現金流量預測計算其使用價值,以此釐定零售店舖資產的可收回金額。此等計算涉及有關所用假設的重大判斷,包括年收入增長率、毛利率及貼現率。截至2021年12月31日止年度已確認物業、機器及設備以及使用權資產之淨減值虧損分別為1百萬港元及2百萬港元。

Management prepared discounted cash flow analysis on the retail stores with impairment indicators. The recoverable amounts were determined based on the value-in-use calculations of these retail stores. These calculations involved significant management judgement with respect to the assumptions used including the annual revenue growth rate, gross margin and discount rate. Based on the impairment tests performed, net impairment of property, furniture and equipment and right-of-use assets amounted to HK\$1 million and HK\$2 million, respectively, and were recognized for the year ended December 31, 2021.

我們關注該領域是因為估計零售店舗資產可收回金 額時涉及重要估計及判斷。

We focused on this area because of the significant judgement and estimates used in determining the recoverable amount of the retail store assets. 我們已經了解管理層在識別出現減值跡象之相關零售店舖及準備使用價值的計算時所實施的關鍵程序。

We obtained an understanding of the key procedures implemented by management in identifying of relevant retail stores having impairment indicators and the preparation of value-in-use calculations.

我們評估了管理層採用之估值方法的適當性。

We assessed the appropriateness of the valuation methodology used by management.

根據我們對於業務及行業的知識及對於現行市場情況的了解、將現金流量預測與店舗的過往實際表現進行比較、利用市場研究所得的資料,以及評估管理層採用之貼現率的合理性,從而評估使用價值計算中運用的關鍵假設。

We evaluated the key assumptions used in the value-in-use calculations by applying our knowledge of the business and industry and our understanding of latest market information and conditions, comparing the cash flow forecasts with the historical actual performance of the stores, performing market research and assessing the reasonableness of discount rate adopted by management.

我們認為管理層於估值時採用的假設獲現有證據支持。

We found the assumptions made by management in respect of the impairment assessments to be supportable based on the available evidence.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括年報 內的所有信息,但不包括合併財務報表及我們的核 數師報告。

我們對合併財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對合併財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱 讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否與合 併財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情況存在 重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

董事及治理層就合併財務報表須承擔的 責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的披露規定擬備真實而中肯的合併財務報表,並對其認為為使合併財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備合併財務報表時,董事負責評估貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

治理層須負責監督貴集團的財務報告過程。

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

核數師就審計合併財務報表承擔的責任

我們的目標,是對合併財務報表整體是否不存在由 於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保 證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。我們僅按 照百慕達一九八一年《公司法》第90條向閣下(作為 整體)報告我們的意見,除此之外本報告別無其他 目的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人十負 上或承擔任何責任。合理保證是高水平的保證,但 不能保證按照《香港審計準則》進行的審計,在某 一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由 欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或滙總起 來可能影響合併財務報表使用者依賴合併財務報表 所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重 大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中,我們運 用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致合併財務 報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行 審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取充足和 適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。由 於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛 假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上,因此未能 發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高 於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的 風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當的 審計程序,但目的並非對貴集團內部控制的 有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出會 計估計和相關披露的合理性。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 90 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出 結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是不存 在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從重 可能導致對貴集團的持續經營能力產生生, 疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確定性,則 有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意會 財務報表中的相關披露。假若有關的 足,則我們應當發表非無保留意見。我們的 結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審計憑 證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致貴集團 不能持續經營。
- 評價合併財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和 內容,包括披露,以及合併財務報表是否中 肯反映交易和事項。
- 就貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息獲取 充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對合併財務報 表發表意見。我們負責貴集團審計的方向、 監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與治理層溝通了計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向治理層提交聲明, 説明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求, 並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項, 以及在適用的情況下, 用以消除對獨立性產生威脅的行動或採取的防範措施。

從與治理層溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項對本期合併財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是陳嘉怡。

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Chan Ka Yee.

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

執業會計師

香港,2022年3月10日

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, March 10, 2022

合併利潤表

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

截至2021年12月31日止年度 For the year ended December 31, 2021

| (除每股盈利(虧損)外, | (In HK\$ million, | 附註 | | |
|---|---|------|---------|----------|
| 以百萬港元為單位) | except earnings (loss) per share) | Note | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | | | |
| 銷售額 | Sales | 5 | 3,380 | 3,122 |
| 銷售成本 | Cost of sales | 7 | (1,450) | (1,386) |
| | | | | |
| 毛利 | Gross profit | | 1,930 | 1,736 |
| 其他收入及其他收益,淨額 | Other income and other gains, net | 6 | 118 | 183 |
| 分銷費用 | Distribution expense | 7 | (1,604) | (1,800) |
| 行政費用 | Administrative expense | 7 | (181) | (224) |
| | | | | |
| 經營溢利(虧損) | Operating profit (loss) | 7 | 263 | (105) |
| 融資費用 | Finance expense | 8 | (29) | (41) |
| 應佔合營公司溢利 | Share of profit of joint ventures | 20 | 41 | 39 |
| | | | | |
| 除所得税前溢利(虧損) | Profit (loss) before income taxes | 5 | 275 | (107) |
| 所得税 | Income taxes | 11 | (52) | (1) |
| | | | | |
| 本年度除所得税後溢利(虧損) | Profit (loss) after income taxes for the year | r | 223 | (108) |
| 應佔: | Attributable to: | | | |
| 本公司股東 | Shareholders of the Company | | 190 | (112) |
| 非控制性權益 | Non-controlling interests | | 33 | 4 |
| クレ1エ (h) (工 () (注) () () () () () () () () () () () () (| TVOIT CONTINUING WITCHCOOLS | | 00 | <u>'</u> |
| | | | 223 | (108) |
| | | | | |
| 本公司股東應佔之 | Earnings (loss) per share attributable to | | | |
| 每股盈利(虧損) | shareholders of the Company | 12 | | |
| 基本(港仙) | Basic (HK cents) | | 12.0 | (7.1) |
| 攤薄(港仙) | Diluted (HK cents) | | 12.0 | (7.1) |

合併綜合收益表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

截至2021年12月31日止年度 For the year ended December 31, 2021

| | | 附註 | | |
|----------------|--|------|------|-------|
| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | Note | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | | | |
| 本年度除所得税後溢利(虧損) | Profit (loss) after income taxes for the year | | 223 | (108) |
| 其他綜合收益: | Other comprehensive income: | | | |
| 不會重新分類至損益賬之項目: | Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: | | | |
| 於其他綜合收益按公允值處理 | Fair value change on financial asset at fair value | | | |
| 之金融資產公允值變動 | through other comprehensive income | 19 | 1 | (2) |
| 或可重新分類至損益賬之項目: | Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss: | | | |
| 海外附屬公司、合營公司及 | Exchange adjustments on translation of overseas | | | |
| 分公司換算之匯兑調整 一 | subsidiaries, joint ventures and branches | | (31) | 26 |
| 本年度總綜合收益(虧損) | Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year | | 193 | (84) |
| | | | | |
| 應佔: | Attributable to: | | | |
| 本公司股東 | Shareholders of the Company | | 161 | (83) |
| 非控制性權益 | Non-controlling interests | | 32 | (1) |
| | | | | |
| | | | 193 | (84) |

合併資產負債表 CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

| | | | | , |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------|------|-------|-------|
| | | 附註 | | |
| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | Note | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | | | |
| 資產 | ASSETS | | | |
| | | | | |
| 流動資產 | Current assets | | | |
| 現金及銀行結存 | Cash and bank balances | 14 | 1,043 | 1,256 |
| 應收賬款及其他應收款 | Trade and other receivables | 16 | 411 | 395 |
| 存貨 | Inventories | 17 | 606 | 434 |
| 租金預付款項 | Rental prepayments | 18 | 3 | 2 |
| 可收回所得税款 | Income tax recoverable | | 19 | 7 |
| | | | | |
| 流動資產總額 | Total current assets | | 2,082 | 2,094 |
| | | | | |
| 非流動資產 | Non-current assets | | | |
| 於其他綜合收益按公允值處理之金融資產 | Financial asset at fair value through | | | |
| | other comprehensive income | 19 | 4 | 3 |
| 於損益賬按公允值處理之金融資產 | Financial asset at fair value through | | | |
| | profit or loss | 15 | 28 | 28 |
| 按金及其他應收款 | Deposits and other receivable | 16 | 117 | 97 |
| 一間合營公司權益 | Interest in a joint venture | 20 | 513 | 549 |
| 投資物業 | Investment properties | 21 | 22 | 23 |
| 物業、機器及設備 | Property, plant and equipment | 22 | 119 | 130 |
| 使用權資產 | Right-of-use assets | 23 | 686 | 822 |
| 商譽 | Goodwill | 24 | 541 | 541 |
| 遞延税項資產 | Deferred tax assets | 32 | 96 | 96 |
| | | | | 0.000 |
| 非流動資產總額 | Total non-current assets | | 2,126 | 2,289 |
| 資產總額 | Total assets | | 4,208 | 4,383 |
| | | | | |
| 負債及權益 | LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | | | |
| 流動負債 | Current liabilities | | | |
| 銀行貸款 | Bank loans | 29 | 68 | 52 |
| 應付賬款及其他應付款 | Trade and other payables | 30 | 510 | 518 |
| 租賃負債 | Lease liabilities | 23 | 337 | 427 |
| 授出認沽期權負債 | Put option liabilities | 31 | 81 | 81 |
| 應付所得税 | Income tax payables | | 126 | 100 |
| | | | | |
| 流動負債總額 | Total current liabilities | | 1,122 | 1,178 |
| | | | | |

合併資產負債表(續)

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

| | | 附註 | | |
|------------|-----------------------------------|--------|-------|-------|
| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | Note | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | | | |
| 非流動負債 | Non-current liabilities | | | |
| 銀行貸款 | Bank loans | 29 | 100 | 100 |
| 租賃負債 | Lease liabilities | 23 | 300 | 340 |
| 遞延税項負債 | Deferred tax liabilities | 32 | 123 | 134 |
| 非流動負債總額 | Total non-current liabilities | | 523 | 574 |
| 負債總額 | Total liabilities | | 1,645 | 1,752 |
| | | | | |
| 股本及儲備 | Capital and reserves | | | |
| 股本 | Share capital | 25 | 79 | 79 |
| 儲備 | Reserves | 28 | 2,165 | 2,282 |
| 擬派股息 | Proposed dividends | 13 | 158 | 109 |
| 本公司股東應佔權益 | Equity attributable to shareholde | ers | | |
| | of the Company | | 2,402 | 2,470 |
| 非控制性權益 | Non-controlling interests | 26 | 161 | 161 |
| 權益總額 | Total equity | | 2,563 | 2,631 |
| | | | | |
| 權益及負債總額 | Total equity and liabilities | | 4,208 | 4,383 |
| 浮流動資產 | Net current assets | | 960 | 916 |
| 資產總額減流動負債 | Total assets less current liabil | lities | 3,086 | 3,205 |

劉國權 LAU Kwok Kuen, Peter

董事 Director 陳嘉緯 CHAN Ka Wai

董事 Director

合併現金流量表

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

截至2021年12月31日止年度 For the year ended December 31, 2021

| | | 附註 | | |
|---------------|--|-----------|-------|-------|
| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | Note | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | | | |
| 經營業務: | Operating activities: | | | |
| 除所得税前溢利(虧損) | Profit (loss) before income taxes | | 275 | (107) |
| | | | | |
| 調整: | Adjustments for: | | | |
| 應佔合營公司溢利 | Share of profit of joint ventures | 20 | (41) | (39) |
| 於損益賬按公允值處理之 | Fair value gain on financial asset at fair value | | | |
| 金融資產之公允值收益 | through profit or loss | 6 | - | (1) |
| 租金預付款項攤銷 | Amortization of rental prepayments | 18 | 1 | 4 |
| 利息收入 | Interest income | 6 | (12) | (12) |
| 物業、機器及設備及 | Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and | | | |
| 投資物業折舊 | investment properties | 7, 21, 22 | 52 | 67 |
| 使用權資產折舊 | Depreciation of right-of-use assets | 7, 23 | 442 | 542 |
| 出售物業、機器及設備之 | Net loss on disposal of property, plant and | | | |
| 淨虧損 | equipment | 6 | 1 | 1 |
| 物業、機器及設備之減值虧損 | Impairment of property, plant and equipment | 7, 22 | 1 | 8 |
| 物業、機器及設備之減值撥回 | Reversal of impairment of property, plant and | | | |
| | equipment | 7, 22 | - | (3) |
| 使用權資產之減值虧損 | Impairment of right-of-use assets | 7, 23 | 13 | 79 |
| 使用權資產之減值撥回 | Reversal of impairment of right-of-use assets | 7, 23 | (11) | (14) |
| 商譽之減值虧損 | Impairment of goodwill | 24 | - | 5 |
| (沖回撥備)陳舊存貨撥備及 | (Reversal of provision) provision for obsolete stock | | | |
| 存貨撇銷 | and stock written off | 7 | (1) | 9 |
| 應收賬款虧損撥備變動 | Change in loss allowance for trade receivables | 16 | (15) | 33 |
| 購股權費用 | Share option expense | 9 | 7 | 5 |
| 融資費用 | Finance expense | 8 | 29 | 41 |
| 匯兑調整 | Exchange difference | | (3) | 4 |
| | | | | |
| 營運資金、利息及 | Operating cash inflow before changes in working | | | |
| 所得税變動前之經營現金流入 | capital, interest and income taxes | | 738 | 622 |
| 存貨之(增加)減少 | (Increase) decrease in inventories | | (171) | 105 |
| 應收賬款及其他應收款之增加 | Increase in trade and other receivables | | (23) | (38) |
| 應付賬款及其他應付款之增加 | Increase in trade and other payables | | - | 22 |
| | | | | |
| 經營活動所產生之現金 | Cash generated from operations | | 544 | 711 |
| 已付利息 | Interest paid | | (29) | (41) |
| 已付香港利得税 | Hong Kong profits tax paid | | (10) | (9) |
| 已付海外税項 | Overseas tax paid | | (40) | (45) |
| | | | | |
| 經營業務之現金流入淨額 | Net cash inflow from operating activities | | 465 | 616 |

合併現金流量表(續)

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (continued)

截至2021年12月31日止年度 For the year ended December 31, 2021

| | | 附註 | | |
|--|---|------|--------------|-------|
| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | Note | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | | | |
| 投資業務: | Investing activities: | | | |
| 購買物業、機器及設備 | Purchase of property, plant and equipment | 22 | (42) | (30) |
| 出售物業、機器及設備之 | Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and | | | |
| 所得款項 | equipment | | 1 | _ |
| 按金及其他應收款之增加 | Increase in deposits and other receivables | | (43) | _ |
| 租金預付款項之增加 | Increase in rental prepayments | 18 | (2) | (1) |
| 銀行定期存款之減少 | Decrease in bank time deposits | 14 | 23 | 227 |
| 已收利息 | Interest received | | 12 | 12 |
| 已收合營公司股息 | Dividends received from joint ventures | 20 | 34 | 54 |
| | | | | |
| 投資業務之現金(流出)流入淨額 | Net cash (outflow) inflow from investing | | | |
| | activities | | (17) | 262 |
| 融資業務: | Financing activities: | | | |
| 嘅貝未份 按金及其他應收款之減少 | Decrease in deposits and other receivable | | 23 | 84 |
| | · | | | |
| 使用權資產之租賃付款 | Leases payment for right-of-use assets | 25 | (2) | (2) |
| 租賃負債之本金部分之付款 | Payment for principal elements of lease liabilities | 35 | (436) | (489) |
| 購入一間附屬公司部份權益之 | Payment for acquisition of partial interest of | | | (0.0) |
| 款項 | a subsidiary | | - | (23) |
| 發行股本所得款項 | Proceeds from issue of shares | | 2 | - |
| 股份回購 | Share repurchase | | - | (1) |
| 已付非控制性權益股息 | Dividends paid to non-controlling interests | | (32) | (5) |
| 已付股息 | Dividends paid | | (212) | (118) |
| 新增銀行貸款 | Addition of bank loans | 35 | 81 | 153 |
| 償還銀行貸款 ———————————————————————————————————— | Repayment of bank loans | 35 | (65) | (266) |
| 融資業務之現金流出淨額 | Net cash outflow from financing activities | | (641) | (667) |
| 田春五田春安存寺/建水/崎和 | (Decrease) in section and section | | | |
| 現金及現金等值之(減少)增加 | (Decrease) increase in cash and cash | | (100) | 011 |
| E 37 TO A TO TO A 45 E - TO | equivalents | | (193) | 211 |
| 年初現金及現金等值項目 | Cash and cash equivalents at the | | | 070 |
| | beginning of the year | | 1,194 | 970 |
| 現金及現金等值外幣匯率 | Effect of foreign exchange rate changes | | | |
| 變動之影響 ———————————————————————————————————— | on cash and cash equivalents | | 3 | 13 |
| 年終現金及 | Cash and cash equivalents at the end | | | |
| 現金等值項目 | of the year | | 1,004 | 1,194 |
| | | | | |
| 現金及現金等值結存之分析 | ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | | |
| 現金及銀行結存 | Cash and bank balances | 14 | 1,043 | 1,256 |
| 減:存款日起三個月以上 | Less: Bank deposits with maturity over | | | |
| 到期之銀行存款 | three months, from date of deposit | | (39) | (62) |
| | | | | |
| | | | 1,004 | 1,194 |

合併權益變動表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

截至2021年12月31日止年度 For the year ended December 31, 2021

本公司股東應佔權益 Attributable to shareholders of the Company

| | | | | Att | ributable to share | anoiders of the C | ompany | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--|-----------------------------|-------------|--|-------------------------|
| (以百萬港元為單位) (In HK\$ million) | 股本 Share capital | 缴入盈餘 Contributed surplus | 資本贖回儲備 Capital redemption reserve | 股份溢價 Share premium | 購股權儲備 Share options reserve | 匯兑儲備 Exchange reserve | 其他儲備 Other reserves | 於其他綜合收益 按公允值處理之 全融資產儲備 Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income reserve | 滾存溢利 Retained profits | 合計 Total | 非控制性 權益 Non- controlling interests | 權益總額 Total equity |
| 於2021年1月1日 At January 1, 2021 | 79 | 383 | 3 | 978 | 24 | 9 | 141 | (6) | 859 | 2,470 | 161 | 2,631 |
| 本年度除所得税後溢利 Profit after income taxes for the year | - | - | - | - | | | | - | 190 | 190 | 33 | 223 |
| 其他綜合收益: Other comprehensive income: 一於其他綜合收益按公允值處理之金融資產 公允值的變動 Fair value through other comprehensive | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| fair value through other comprehensive income 一海外附屬公司、一間合營公司及分公司換算 之匯克調整 Exchange adjustment on translation of | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| overseas subsidiaries, a joint venture and branches | - | - | - | - | - | (30) | - | - | - | (30) | (1) | (31) |
| 總綜合收益 Total comprehensive income | - | - | - | - | | (30) | _ | 1 | 190 | 161 | 32 | 193 |
| 與股東交易: Transactions with shareholders: 儲備間發轉 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfer among reserves 購股權計劃 Share option scheme | - | - | - | - | (7) | - | 1 | - | 7 | 1 | - | 1 |
| 一購股權費用 Share option expense 一因行使購股權而發行之股份 | - | - | - | - | 7 | - | - | - | - | 7 | - | 7 |
| Share issue upon exercise of share options 非控制性權益股息 | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - (20) | 2 |
| Dividends to non-controlling interests 認購期權失效 Call option lapse | - | - | - | - | - | - | (27) | - | - | (27) | (32) | (32) |
| 2020年末期股息(<i>附註13(b)</i>) 2020 final dividend (<i>Note 13(b)</i>) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (109) | (109) | - | (109) |
| 2021年中期股息(<i>附註13(a)</i>) 2021 interim dividend <i>(Note 13(a))</i> | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (103) | (103) | - | (103) |
| 本公司股東出資及向本公司股東分派總額 Total contributions by and distributions to | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| shareholders of the Company | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | (26) | - | (205) | (229) | (32) | (261) |
| 與股東總交易 Total transactions with shareholders | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | (26) | - | (205) | (229) | (32) | (261) |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

合併權益變動表(續)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (continued)

截至2021年12月31日止年度 For the year ended December 31, 2021

本公司股東應佔權益
Attributable to shareholders of the Company

| | Attributable to shareholders of the Company | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--|-----------------------------|-------------|--|-------------------------|
| (以百萬港元為單位) (In HK \$ million) | 股本 Share capital | 缴入盈餘 Contributed surplus | 資本績回儲備 Capital redemption reserve | 股份溢價 Share premium | 購股權儲備 Share options reserve | 匯兑儲備 Exchange reserve | 其他儲備 Other reserves | 於其他綜合收益 按公允值處理之 金融資產儲備 Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income reserve | 滾存溢利 Retained profits | 습計 Total | 非控制性 權益 Non- controlling interests | 權益總額 Total equity |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 於2020年1月1日 At January 1, 2020 | 79 | 383 | 3 | 978 | 20 | (22) | 114 | (4) | 1,089 | 2,640 | 207 | 2,847 |
| At January 1, 2020 | 19 | 303 | | 910 | 20 | (22) | 114 | (4) | 1,009 | 2,040 | 201 | 2,041 |
| 本年度除所得税後虧損 Loss after income taxes for the year 其他綜合收益: Other comprehensive income: 一於其他綜合收益按公允值處理之金融資產 公允值的變動 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (112) | (112) | 4 | (108) |
| Fair value change on financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | (2) | _ | (2) | _ | (2) |
| 一海外附屬公司、合營公司及分公司換算 之匯兑調整 Exchange adjustment on translation of | | | | | | | | . , | | | | `` |
| overseas subsidiaries, joint ventures and branches | | | | | _ | 31 | | _ | | 31 | (5) | 26 |
| and branches | | | | | | J1 | | | | ٥١ | (0) | 20 |
| 總綜合收益 Total comprehensive income | - | - | - | - | - | 31 | - | (2) | (112) | (83) | (1) | (84) |
| 與股東交易: Transactions with shareholders: 儲備間撥轉 Transfer among reserves 購股確計劃 | - | - | - | - | (1) | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| Share option scheme - 購股權費用 Share option expense | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | 5 |
| 非控制性權益股息 Dividends to non-controlling interests 因進一步收購一間附屬公司部份權益而產生之 認購期權 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (5) | (5) |
| psecandium pecognition of call option arisen from acquisition of partial interest of a subsidiary 因進一步收購一間附屬公司部份權益而產生 之變動 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 27 | - | - | 27 | - | 27 |
| たを到 Recognition arising from further acquisition of partial interest of a subsidiary 重新計量 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 22 | - | - | 22 | (40) | (18) |
| Remeasurement | - | - | - | - | - | - | (22) | - | - | (22) | - | (22) |
| 2019年末期股息 <i>(附註13(b))</i> 2019 final dividend <i>(Note 13(b))</i> 2020年中期股息 <i>(附註13(a))</i> | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (69) | (69) | - | (69) |
| 2020 interim dividend (Note 13(a)) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (49) | (49) | - | (49) |
| 購回之股份 <i>(附註25(c))</i> Shares repurchased <i>(Note 25(c))</i> | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (1) | (1) | - | (1) |
| 本公司股東出資及向本公司股東分派總額 Total contributions by and distributions to shareholders of the Company | - | - | - | - | 4 | - | 27 | - | (118) | (87) | (45) | (132) |
| 與股東總交易 Total transactions with shareholders | - | - | - | _ | 4 | _ | 27 | - | (118) | (87) | (45) | (132) |
| 於2020年12月31日 At December 31, 2020 | 79 | 383 | 3 | 978 | 24 | 9 | 141 | (6) | 859 | 2,470 | 161 | 2,631 |
| | | _ | _ | | _ | _ | _ | _ | | | | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

1. 一般資料

佐丹奴國際有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)透過一個擁有約2,100間店舗並遍布30多個國家及地區之零售網絡分銷及銷售 Giordano 及 Giordano Junior、Giordano Ladies、BSX及其他自有及授權經營之品牌。

本公司於1995年3月3日根據百慕達1981年公司法在百慕達註冊成立之獲豁免有限責任公司。其註冊辦事處位於Victoria Place, 5th Floor, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM10, Bermuda.。其香港主要營業地點位於香港九龍長沙灣道777至779號天安工業大廈5樓。本公司之股份主要於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市(股份代號:709)。

除特別註明外,本合併財務報表以百萬港元 為單位。此合併財務報表已於2022年3月10 日獲董事會(「董事會」)批准刊發。

2. 主要會計政策

編製本合併財務報表採用的主要會計政策載 於下文。除另有説明外,此等政策在所列報 的所有年度內貫徹應用。

(a) 編製基準

本合併財務報表乃按照香港會計師公會 (「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報 告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)編製。此 外,合併財務報表包括聯交所證券上市 規則(「上市規則」)及香港公司條例規定 的適用披露資料。本合併財務報表按照 歷史成本法編製,惟若干金融資產及負 債(包括衍生工具)按公允值計量。

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Giordano International Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") distribute and sell fashion apparel under the brand names of *Giordano* and *Giordano Junior*, *Giordano Ladies*, *BSX* as well as other owned and licensed brands through an extensive network with approximately 2,100 shops spanning over 30 countries and regions.

The Company was incorporated in Bermuda on March 3, 1995 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda. The address of its registered office is Victoria Place, 5th Floor, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM10, Bermuda. The address of its principal place of business in Hong Kong is 5th Floor, Tin On Industrial Building, 777–779 Cheung Sha Wan Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong. The Company has its primary listing on the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (stock code: 709).

The consolidated financial statements have been presented in million of units of Hong Kong dollars (HK\$ million) unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the board of directors (the "Board") on March 10, 2022.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") of the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) measured at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(a) 編製基準(續)

在遵照香港財務報告準則編製財務報表時需運用若干重要會計估計。管理層亦需要在應用本集團之會計政策時作出判斷。若干需要高度判斷或涉及複雜範疇,或對合併財務報表有重大影響之假設和估算於附註4披露。

(b) 新增及經修訂之準則的影響

本集團應用以下香港會計師公會頒佈之 經修訂之準則,並於2021年1月1日或 之後開始之本集團財政年度生效:

香港會計準則第39號、香港財務 報告準則第4號、香港財務報告準 則第7號、香港財務報告準則第9 號及香港財務報告準則第16號之 修訂一利率基準改革一階段2。

對採納上文經修訂的準則不會導致本集 團的會計政策或財務業績或狀況出現重 大變動。

(c) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新增及經 修訂之準則

本集團並無提前應用該等已頒佈但尚未 生效的新增及經修訂之準則。採納該等 準則預期不會對本集團的財務業績或狀 況構成重大影響。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

(b) Impact of new and amended standards

The Group has applied the following amended standards issued by HKICPA which were effective for the Group's financial year beginning on or after January 1, 2021:

Amendments to Hong Kong Accounting Standard
 39, HKFRS 4, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 16 –
 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2.

The adoption of the above amendments to standards did not result in substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies or financial results or position.

(c) New and amended standards issued, but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the new and amended standards that have been issued but not yet effective. The adoption of these are not expected to have a material impact on the financial results or position of the Group.

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2. 主要會計政策(續)

(d) 附屬公司

(i) 合併

附屬公司為本集團控制之實體(包括結構性實體)。當本集團對參與實體業務之浮動回報承擔風險或享有權利以及能透過對實體之權力影響該等回報時,即取得控制權。附屬公司在控制權轉移至本集團之日全面合併入賬。附屬公司在控制權終止之日起停止合併入賬。

業務合併

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(d) Subsidiaries

(i) Consolidation

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

Business combination

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

The Group recognizes any non-controlling interests in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. Non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation are measured at either fair value or the present ownership interests' proportionate share in the recognized amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRSs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

2. 主要會計政策(續)

- (d) 附屬公司(續)
 - (i) 合併(續)

業務合併(續)

收購相關成本於產生時列為開支。

倘業務合併分階段進行,收購方 過往於被收購方持有之股權按於 收購日期之公允值價透過損益重 新計量。上述重新計量時出現之 收益及虧損均於損益賬內確認。

集團內公司之間的交易、結餘及 交易之未變現利得予以對銷。未 變現損失亦予以對銷,除非該交 易為所交易資產之減值提供應 據。附屬公司之會計政策在需要 情況下已作修訂,以確保與本集 團所採納之政策一致。

不導致失去控制權的附屬公司權益變動

本集團將其與非控制性權益進行 不導致失去控制權的交易入賬為 權益交易一即與所有者以其作為 所有者身份進行的交易。所支付 任何對價的公允值與相關應佔所 收購附屬公司淨資產賬面值的差 額記錄為權益。處置非控制性權 益的盈虧亦記錄在權益中。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (d) Subsidiaries (continued)
 - i) Consolidation (continued)

Business combination (continued)

Acquisition related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such re-measurement are recognized in profit or loss.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interests in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired are recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interests recognized and previously held interests measured are less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognized directly in the consolidated income statement.

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealized gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. When necessary, amounts reported by subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform with the Group's accounting policies.

Change in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions — that is, as transactions with the owners in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposal to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(d) 附屬公司(續)

(i) 合併(續)

出售附屬公司

(ii) 獨立財務報表

附屬公司投資按成本扣除減值列 賬。成本亦包括投資的直接歸屬 成本。附屬公司的業績由本公司 按已收及應收股息入賬。

如股息超過宣派股息期內附屬公司的總綜合收益,或如在獨立財務報表的投資帳面值超過合併財務報表中被投資公司淨資產(包括商譽)的帳面值,則必須對附屬公司投資作減值測試。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (d) Subsidiaries (continued)
 - (i) Consolidation (continued)

Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognized in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

(ii) Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost, less impairment. Cost also includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(e) 合營安排

本集團應用香港財務報告準則第11號於所有合營安排。根據香港財務報告準則第11號,在合營安排的投資分類為共同經營或合營公司,視乎每名投資者擁有的合同權利和義務。本集團已評估其合營安排的性質,並釐定其為合營公司。合營公司使用權益法入賬。

根據權益法,合營公司權益初步以成本確認,其後經調整在其他綜合收益中確認本集團享有利潤或虧損的收購後份額和變動。當本集團享有某一合營公司的虧損超過或相等於在該合營公司的權益(包括任何實質上構成本集團在該合營公司的淨投資的長期權益),則本集團不確認進一步虧損,除非本集團已產生義務或已代合營公司付款。

本集團與其合營公司之間的未變現交易 收益按集團在該等合營公司的權益予 以對銷。未變現虧損也予以對銷,除非 交易提供證據證明所轉讓的資產出現減 值。合營公司的會計政策如有需要已改 變以符合本集團採納的政策。

(f) 分部報表

營運分部報告要與向高級決策者匯報之 內部報告一致。高級決策者是負責營 運分部的資源分配及表現評估,被甄選 為董事及高級管理層,以作出策略的決 定。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Joint arrangements

The Group has applied HKFRS 11 to all joint arrangements. Under HKFRS 11 investments in joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or joint ventures depending on the contractual rights and obligations each investor have. The Group has assessed the nature of its joint arrangements and determined them to be joint ventures. Joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method.

Under the equity method of accounting, interests in joint ventures are initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses and movements in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in a joint venture equals or exceeds its interests in the joint ventures (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the joint ventures), the Group does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the joint ventures.

Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the joint ventures. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of the joint ventures have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

(f) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the senior decision-makers. The senior decision-makers, who are responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, have been identified as the directors and senior management that make strategic decisions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(g) 外幣換算

(i) 功能性及呈列貨幣

本集團內各企業的財務報表內的項目均以該企業經營之主要經濟環境之通行貨幣(「功能性貨幣」)計量。合併財務報表以港元(HK\$)呈列,而該貨幣為本公司的功能性及本集團的呈列貨幣。

(ii) 交易及結餘

外幣交易採用交易或項目重新計量的估值日期的匯率換算為功能性貨幣。上述交易結算過程中以及按年終兑換匯率換算以外幣為單位之貨幣性資產和負債時出現的匯兑收益及虧損均於合併利潤表中確認。

非貨幣性金融資產及負債(例如以公允值計量且其變動計入損益賬的權益)的折算差額列報為公允值收益和虧損的一部份,並於損益賬中確認。非貨幣性金融資產(例如分類為於其他綜合收益按公允值處理的權益)的折算差額包括在其他綜合收益中。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(g) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's companies are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars (HK\$), which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the consolidated income statement.

Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets, such as equities classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income, are included in other comprehensive income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(g) 外幣換算(續)

(iii) 集團公司

所有本集團之公司若其功能性貨幣與呈列貨幣不同(各公司均無極高通脹經濟之貨幣),其業績及財務狀況均按以下方法換算為呈列貨幣:

- 每份呈列於資產負債表之 資產及負債均以該資產負 債表結算日之收市匯率換 算;
- 每份利潤表之收入及支出項目乃按平均匯率換算(除非該平均匯率對交易日通行匯率之累計影響並非一個合理的接近匯率;在此情況下,收入及支出乃按交易當日的匯率換算);及
- 所有兑換差異乃於其他綜 合收益中確認。

購買境外主體產生的商譽及公允 值調整視為該境外主體的資產和 負債,並按期末匯率換算。產生 的匯兑差額在其他綜合收益中入 賬。

(iv) 境外經營的處置

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(g) Foreign currency translation (continued)

(iii) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group companies (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at balance sheet date;
- income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average rate is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case, income and expenses are translated at the exchange rate on transaction dates); and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entities and translated at the closing rate. Exchange differences arising are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(iv) Disposal of foreign operation

On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of joint control over a joint venture that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the equity holders of the company are reclassified to profit or loss.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 物業、機器及設備

樓宇、租賃物業裝修及其他固定資產以 成本值扣除累積折舊及累積減值虧損列 賬。成本值指資產之購買價及將資產達 至現行用途之其他有關費用。

僅在與該項目相關之未來經濟效益有可能歸於本集團及能可靠地計算出該項目成本之情況下,其後之成本才會包括於資產賬面值或確認為獨立之資產(如適用)。已更換部件的賬面值已被終止確認。所有其他維修及保養支出於其產生之財務期內計入合併利潤表。

物業、機器及設備之折舊乃以資產成本 值按其估計於本集團可使用年期或租賃 期限以直線方式撇銷如下:

- 永久業權之十地不作攤銷。
- 位於永久業權土地上之樓宇是按 估計可使用年期,以其完成日不 多於50年計算折舊。
- 租賃物業裝修是按估計可使用年 限或租賃期限,兩者之較短者計 算折舊。
- 位於租賃土地上之樓宇是按估計 剩餘租賃年期或其估計可使用年 期,以完成日不多於50年計算, 兩者之較短者折舊。
- 廠房及機器 5年
- 其他物業及設備 3至5年

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Property, plant and equipment

Buildings, leasehold improvements and other fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Cost represents the purchase price of the asset and other costs incurred to bring the asset into its existing use.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed in the consolidated income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate cost over their estimated useful lives or lease term, as follows:

- Freehold land is not amortized.
- Buildings situated on freehold land are depreciated over their estimated useful lives, being no more than 50 years after the date of completion.
- Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or lease term.
- Buildings situated on leasehold land are depreciated over the shorter of the unexpired term of lease or their estimated useful lives, being no more than 50 years after the date of completion.
- Plant and equipment5 years
- Other property and equipment
 3 5 years

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 物業、機器及設備(續)

於每個結算日,資產之剩餘價值及可使 用年期,會於適當情況重新審閱及作出 調整。若資產的賬面值高於其估計可收 回價值,其賬面值即時撇減至可收回金 額。

出售物業、機器及設備之收益或虧損是 指出售淨收益與有關資產賬面金額之差 額,並於合併利潤表內列賬。

(i) 投資物業

投資物業是指持有以長期收租或資本增值或同時達成上述兩者之物業。以成本值扣除累積折舊及累積減值虧損列賬。 成本值是指投資物業之購買價及將物業達至現行用途之其他有關費用。投資物業之折舊是按剩餘租賃年期將其成本值用直線折舊法撇銷計算。

僅在與該項目相關之未來經濟效益有可 能歸於本集團及能可靠地計算出項目成 本之情況下,其後的支出方會從資產賬 面值中支銷。所有其他維修及保養支出 於其產生之財務期內計入合併利潤表。

投資物業於其被出售或永久不再予使用 且預期不會就其出售產生未來經濟利益 時終止確認。終止確認該物業所產生之 收益或損失(按出售收益淨額及資產賬 面值之差額計算)於該物業終止確認之 期間計入損益賬中。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognized in the consolidated income statement.

(i) Investment property

An investment property is a property which is held for long term rental yield or for capital appreciation, or both. It is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Cost represents the purchase price of the investment property and other costs incurred to bring the property into its existing use. Depreciation of investment property is calculated using straight-line method to write off its cost over the unexpired period of the lease.

Subsequent expenditure is charged to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed in the consolidated income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Investment properties are derecognized either when they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gain or loss arising from derecognized of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognized.

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2. 主要會計政策(續)

(j) 商譽

商譽產生自收購附屬公司、聯營公司及 合營公司,並相當於所轉讓對價,被收 購方的非控制性權益金額以及享有的被 收購方過往的權益在收購日的公允值超 過本集團獲得的被收購方的可辨認淨資 產公允值的數額。

就減值測試而言,在業務合併中購入的商譽會分配至每個現金產出單元(「現金產出單元」)或現金產出單元組(預期可從合併中獲取協同利益)。商譽被分配的每個單元或單元組指在主體內商譽被監控作內部管理用途的最底層次。商譽在經營分部層次進行監控。

對商譽的減值檢討每年進行,或如事件或情況轉變顯示可能存在減值,則更頻密地檢討。商譽賬面值與可收回數額(使用價值與公允值減出售成本較高者)比較。任何減值須即時確認及不得在之後期間撥回。

(k) 非金融資產減值

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(j) Goodwill

Goodwill arises on the acquisition of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures and represents the excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of non-controlling interests in the acquire and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquire over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cashgenerating units ("CGUs"), or groups of CGUs, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

Goodwill impairment reviews are undertaken annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The carrying value of goodwill is compared to the recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal. Any impairment is recognized immediately as an expense and is not subsequently reversed.

(k) Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortization are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest level for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (CGUs). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(I) 金融資產

(i) 分類

本集團按以下的計量類別將其金 融資產分類:

- 其後按公允值計量(不論計 入其他綜合收益或計入損 益);及
- 按攤銷成本計量。

分類取決於實體管理金融資產的業務模式及現金流量的合約條款。

就按公允值計量的資產而言,收益及虧損將於損益賬或其他綜合收益列賬。就並非持作買賣的股本工具投資而言,將取決於本集團是否於初始確認時作出不可撤回選擇,將股本投資以於其他綜合收益按公允值處理入賬。

本集團只限於當管理該等資產的 業務模式改變時重新分類債務投 資。

(ii) 確認及取消確認

金融資產常規買賣乃於交易日確認,即本集團承諾購買或出售資產當日。當收取投資現金流量的權利已屆滿或轉讓,且本集團已轉讓所有權的絕大部分風險及回報時,則會終止確認金融資產。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(I) Financial assets

(i) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income ("OCI") or through profit or loss); and
- those to be measured at amortized cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or OCI. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI").

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

(ii) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(1) 金融資產(續)

(iii) 計量

於初步確認時,本集團按公允值計量金融資產。倘金融資產。倘金融資產並非於損益賬按公允值處理(「於損益賬按公允值處理」),則加上收購該金融資產直接應佔的交易成本於損益賬按公允值處理的金融資產的交易成本於損益賬中列作開支。

在確定具有嵌入衍生工具的金融 資產的現金流是否純粹為本金和 利息付款時,需從金融資產的整 體考慮。

債務工具的後續計量取決於本集 團管理資產之業務模式及該等資 產的現金流量特徵。本集團將其 債務工具分類為三種計量類別:

攤銷成本: 倘持有資金
有有資量量
在收資產的現息分類
在安海費資產
為本金按攤資產
資產
会產
会產</

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(I) Financial assets (continued)

(iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL"), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

Amortized cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognized directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains (losses) together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the consolidated income statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

- 2. 主要會計政策(續)
 - (1) 金融資產(續)
 - (iii) 計量(續)

債務工具(續)

- 於其他綜合收益按公允值 處理: 倘持有資產目的為 收取合約現金流量及銷售 金融資產, 月資產的現金 流量純粹為本金及利息付 款,則於其他綜合收益按 公允值處理。賬面值變動 計入其他綜合收益,惟減 值損益、利息收入及匯兑 損益於損益賬中確認。於 終止確認金融資產時,先 前於其他綜合收益確認的 累計收益或虧損由權益重 新分類至損益賬並於其他 收益(虧損)確認。該等金 融資產所產生利息收入乃 使用實際利率法計入財務 收入。匯兑收益及虧損於 其他收益(虧損)呈列,而 減值開支在利潤表中呈列 為獨立項目。
- 於損益賬按公允值處理: 不符合攤銷成本項處理, 綜合收益按公允值處理, 之允值處理。隨後於損益 股按公允值處理的債務 實的損益於其產生期他 資的損益縣中確認並在其他 益(虧損)中呈列為淨值。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (I) Financial assets (continued)
 - (iii) Measurement (continued)

Debt instruments (continued)

- FVOCI: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognized in other gains (losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other gains (losses) and impairment expenses are presented as separate line item in the income statement.
- FVPL: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at FVPL.
 A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVPL is recognized in profit or loss and presented net within other gains (losses) in the period in which it arises.

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(1) 金融資產(續)

(iii) 計量(續)

股本工具

本集團隨後就所有股本投資按公允值計量。當本集團管理層已選擇於其他綜合收益呈列股本投資的公允值收益及虧損,公允值收益及虧損於終止確認投資後不會重新分類至損益。該等投資的股息於本集團收取款項的權利確立時繼續於損益確認為其他收入。

於損益賬按公允值處理之金融資產公允值變動於利潤表確認為其他收益(虧損)(按適用情況)。於其他綜合收益按公允值處理的股本投資的減值虧損(及減值虧損撥回)不會因公允值其他變動而分開列報。

(iv) 減值

本集團對有關其按攤銷成本列賬 及於其他綜合收益按公允值處理 之債務工具的預期信貸虧損進行 前瞻性評估。所應用的減值方法 取決於信貸風險是否大幅增加。

就應收貿易款項而言,本集團應用香港財務報告準則第9號允許的簡化方法,其中要求全期預期虧損須自首次確認應收款項時確認。

(m) 存貨

存貨按成本值與可變現淨值兩者中之較 低者入賬。成本值乃按加權平均之基 準。購入貨品成本發票價加採購成本計 算。

可變現淨值乃存貨在正常業務情況下之 預計售價扣除變賣費用。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(I) Financial assets (continued)

(iii) Measurement (continued)

Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognized in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognized in other gains (losses) in the income statement as applicable. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

(iv) Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortized cost and FVOCI. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognized from initial recognition of the receivables.

(m) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average basis. Cost of purchased goods is invoiced prices plus procurement costs.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price at which inventories can be sold in the normal course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(n) 應收賬款及其他應收款

應收賬款為在日常經營活動中就商品銷售或服務執行而應收客戶的款項。如應收賬款及其他應收款的收回預期在一年或以內(如仍在正常經營週期中,則可較長時間),其被分類為流動資產;否則分類為非流動資產。

應收賬款及其他應收款除非包含重大財務組成部分,以公允值確認,否則無條件以對價金額為初始確認,其後利用實際利率法按攤銷成本扣除虧損撥備計量。

(o) 現金及現金等值

於合併現金流量表,現金及現金等值包括手頭現金、銀行通知存款、其他短期高度流通和於三個月內到期之投資及銀行透支。銀行透支於合併資產負債表流動負債之銀行貸款內呈列。

(p) 股本

普通股被分類為權益。直接歸屬於發行 新股或期權的新增成本在權益中列為所 得款的減少(扣除税項)。

(q) 應付賬款

應付賬款為在日常經營活動中購買商品或服務而應支付的債務。如應付款的支付日期在一年或以內(如仍在正常經營週期中,則可較長時間),其被分類為流動負債;否則分類為非流動負債。

應付賬款以公允值為初始確認,其後利用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(n) Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are recognized initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less loss allowance.

(o) Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within bank loans in current liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet.

(p) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(q) Trade payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(r) 銀行貸款

銀行貸款按公允值並扣除產生的交易費 用為初始確認,其後按攤銷成本列賬; 所得款(扣除交易成本)與贖回價值的任何差額利用實際利率法於借款期間內在 合併利潤表確認。

除非本集團可無條件將負債的結算遞延 至結算日後最少12個月,否則借款分類 為流動負債。

(s) 授出認沽期權安排

與本集團就附屬公司的權益而發行的授 出認沽期權,當該等期權或只可以固定 現金款額或按被投資者權益之公允市場 價值作為結算時,其有關的潛在現金付 款列為金融負債。根據該期權或須支付 的應付款,初步按攤銷成本確認,而相 應數額則直接在權益中扣除。

本集團確認此等授出認沽期權的發出成本,釐定為期權的公允值超過任何收取 對價的數額作為融資成本。隨後於各結 算日,因預期結算金額之改變,簽出授 出認沽期權負債將重新計量至公允值, 所產生的任何變動將於權益中確認。如 期權未經行使而到期,負債剔除確認, 相應金額在權益中調整。

(t) 借貸成本

所有借貸成本於發生期間內於合併利潤 表支銷,除非此等成本直接歸屬於收 購、建造或生產資產,而該資產需要長 時間達至其預設用途或用作出售,才可 作資本化。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(r) Bank loans

Bank loans are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in the consolidated income statement over the period of the bank loans using the effective interest method.

Bank loans are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

(s) Put option arrangements

The potential cash payments related to put options issued by the Group over the equity of subsidiary companies are accounted for as financial liabilities when such options may only be settled other than by exchange of a fixed amount of cash or at the fair market value of the equity interest of the investees. The amount that may become payable under the option on exercise is initially recognized at amortized costs with a corresponding charge directly to equity.

The Group recognizes the cost of writing such put options, determined as the excess of the fair value of the option over any consideration received, as a financing cost. Such options are subsequently re-measured at fair value as a result of the change in the expected settlement amount at each balance sheet date, with any resulting changes recognized in the equity. In the event that the option expires unexercised, the liability is derecognized with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

(t) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are expensed in the consolidated income statement in the period in which they are incurred, except to the extent that they are capitalized as being directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(u) 當期及遞延税項

(i) 當期税項

本期間的税項支出包括當期和遞延税項。税項在合併利潤表中確認,但與在其他綜合收益中或直接在權益中確認的項目有關者則除外。在該情況下,税項亦分別在其他綜合收益或直接在權益中確認。

當期所得税支出根據本公司的附屬公司及產生應課税收入的國家及地區於資產負債表日已頒佈或實質上已頒佈的稅務法例計算。管理層就適用稅務法例解釋所規限的情況定期評估報稅表的狀況,並在適用情況下根據預期須向稅務機關支付的稅款設定準備。

(ii) 遞延税項

內在差異

遞延所得税資產是就很可能有未 來應課税利潤而就此可使用暫時 性差異而確認。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(u) Current and deferred tax

(i) Current tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in the consolidated income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries and regions where the Company's subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

(ii) Deferred tax

Inside basis differences

Deferred income tax is recognized, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

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2. 主要會計政策(續)

(u) 當期及遞延税項(續)

(ii) 遞延税項(續)

外在差異

遞延税項就附屬公司、聯營公司 及共同控制實體之權益產生的暫 時性差異而準備,但假若本集團 可以控制暫時性差異的轉回時 間,而暫時性差異在可預見將來 很可能不會轉回則除外。

遞延所得稅資產於附屬公司、聯 營公司及共同安排所產生之可扣 減暫時性差異中確認,惟該暫時 性差異須將有可能在日後撥回, 且有足夠應課稅溢利供有關暫時 性差異所用。

(iii) 抵銷

當有法定可執行權力將當期稅項資產與當期稅務負債抵銷,且遞延所得稅資產和負債涉及由同一稅務機關對應課稅主體或不同應課稅主體但有意向以淨額基準結算所得稅結餘時,則可將遞延所得稅資產與負債互相抵銷。

(v) 僱員福利

(i) 退休金責任

除台灣之退休計劃安排外,本集團為所有合資格的僱員實行界中央界定供款公積金計劃。界定供款公積金計劃。界定供款公積金計劃之資產與本集團之資產。 計劃之資產與本集團之資理。 計劃之資產與本集團之資理。 計劃之資產與本集團之資理。 對方均須就該等計劃 與僱員雙方均須就該等計劃 ,而供款額乃取決於僱 之百分比,最高為20%。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(u) Current and deferred tax (continued)

(ii) Deferred tax (continued)

Outside basis differences

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on interests in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized on deductible temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements only to the extent that it is probable the temporary difference will reverse in the future and there is sufficient taxable profit available against which the temporary difference can be utilized.

(iii) Offsetting

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

(v) Employee benefits

(i) Pension obligations

Except for the pension scheme arrangements in Taiwan, the Group operates defined contributions schemes and, if applicable, participates in central defined contribution provident fund schemes for all qualified employees. The assets of the said schemes are held by independently administered funds separated from those of the Group. Contributions to these schemes are made by both the employees and employees at rates up to 20% on the employees' salaries.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(v) 僱員福利(續)

(i) 退休金責任(續)

本集團就該界定供款計劃及強制 性公積金計劃所作出之供款在發 生時作為費用支銷,而員工在取 得全數既得之利益前退出計劃而 被沒收之僱主供款將會用作扣減 此供款。本集團於作出供款後, 便再無其他付款的責任。

本集團全資附屬公司之台灣分公司依據台灣勞動基準法條例參與之退休金計劃(「舊制」);同時,自2005年7月1日起,依據台灣勞工退休金條例參與之退休金計劃(「新制」)。

在舊制下,本集團有責任確保有足夠的資金支付員工之退休金包含在新制實施前舊年資應保留之退休金及選擇繼續參與舊制的現大之隨後年資。台灣分公司現行按參與員工薪金總額之2%提撥以本金,此提撥比率是經相關政府單位批准的。舊制的退休金資產乃是由台灣銀行投資。

在新制下,台灣分公司依據參與新制的員工之每月薪金,按月提撥6%的退休金,最高提撥上限為9,000元新台幣,並存入員工於勞工保險局之個人賬戶內。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(v) Employee benefits (continued)

(i) Pension obligations (continued)

The Group's contributions to the defined contribution plans and mandatory provident fund scheme are expensed as incurred and, if applicable, are reduced by contributions forfeited by those employees who leave the scheme or the plan prior to vesting fully in the contributions. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been made.

The branch of wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group in Taiwan has a defined benefit scheme ("Old Scheme") governed by the Labor Standard Law and a defined contribution scheme ("New Scheme") governed by the Labor Pension Act which became effective on July 1, 2005.

Under the Old Scheme, the Group has an obligation to ensure that there are sufficient funds in the scheme to pay the benefits earned for the service years of all employees before the New Scheme was effective and the subsequent service years of employees who chose to continue to participate in the Old Scheme. The branch currently contributes at 2% of the total salaries of participating employees as determined and approved by the relevant government authorities. The assets of the Old Scheme are invested by the Bank of Taiwan.

Under the New Scheme, the branch contributes each month at 6% of the salary of employees, with a cap of NTD9,000 who choose to participate in the New Scheme into individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance.

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2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(v) 僱員福利(續)

(ii) 以股份支付的補償

本集團設有一項以股權結算、以 股份支付之補償計劃。本集團就 授出購股權而取得僱員服務之公 允值被確認並列作開支。購股權 歸屬期間之支銷總額乃參考已授 出購股權之公允值而釐定,惟不 計及任何非市場歸屬情況之影 響(例如盈利能力及銷售增長目 標)。非市場歸屬情況包括於預 期可予行使之購股權數目之假設 內。於各結算日,本集團均會修 訂其估計預期可予行使之購股權 之數目。修訂原來估計數字如有 影響,則於合併利潤表內確認, 以及在餘下歸屬期間對股東權益 作相應調整。

當購股權獲行使時,已收取所得 款項於扣除任何直接交易成本後 均列入股本(面值)及股份溢價中。

(w) 撥備

當本集團對已發生的事件須承擔法律性 或推定性的責任,則會確認撥備,而解 除該責任時可能有資源之流出,並可確 實地估計該數額。

(x) 收入確認

收入按已收或應收對價的公允值計量, 並相當於供應貨品的應收款項,扣除折 扣、回扣、退貨和增值稅後列帳。當未 來經濟利益很可能流入有關主體;及當 本集團每項活動均符合具體條件時(如 下文所述),本集團便會將收入確認。 本集團會根據退貨往績並考慮客戶類 別、交易種類和每項安排的特點作出估 計。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(v) Employee benefits (continued)

(ii) Share-based compensation

The Group operates an equity-settled, share-based compensation plan. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognized as an expense. The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted, excluding the impact of any non- market vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets). Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. At each balance sheet date, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. It recognizes the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the consolidated income statement and a corresponding adjustment to equity over the remaining vesting period.

The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium when the options are exercised.

(w) Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

(x) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied, stated net of discounts, rebates, returns and value added taxes. The Group recognizes revenue when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities, as described below. The Group bases its estimates of return on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(x) 收入確認(續)

(i) 產品銷售-零售

貨品之銷售於出售產品予客戶時確認。零售銷售通常以現金或信用卡結算;而紀錄之收益為銷售總額,其中未扣減交易中應付的信用卡費用;此等費用包括在分銷成本中。銷售是已減去退貨,回扣及折扣。

(ii) 銷售貨品一客戶忠誠計劃 (遞延收益)

本集團設立一項忠誠計劃,讓顧客能夠於購物時累積積分,以便在日後購物時享用折扣。獎賞積分於銷售時確認為合約負債。收益於積分兑換或於初始銷售後24個月失效時確認。

合約負債被確認直至積分兑換或 失效。

(iii) 產品銷售-分銷

貨品之銷售收益在貨品付運予客 戶,而客戶已接納該貨品及有關 應收款項已合理地確定收到時確 認。

(iv) 利息收入

利息收入根據尚未償還之本金及 適用之利率,按時間比例使用實 際利率法確認。

(v) 特許權收入

特許權收入按照相關協議之實質 以應計基準確認。

(vi) 股息收入

股息收入於擁有權利收取股息時 確認。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(x) Revenue recognition (continued)

(i) Sales of goods - retail

Sales of goods are recognized when products are sold to the customer. Retail sales are usually in cash or by credit card. The recorded revenue is the gross amount of sales, before netting off credit card fees payable for the transactions. Such fees are included in distribution costs. Revenue is shown net of returns, rebates and discounts.

(ii) Sales of goods — customer loyalty programme (deferred revenue)

The Group operates a loyalty programme where customers accumulate points for purchases made which entitle them to discounts on future purchases. A contract liability for the award points is recognized at the time of sale. Revenue is recognized when the points are redeemed or when they expire 24 months after the initial sale.

A contract liabilities is recognized until the points are redeemed or expired.

(iii) Sales of goods - wholesale

Sales of goods are recognized when products are delivered to the customer, the customer has accepted the products and collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured.

(iv) Interest income

Interest income is recognized on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method, taking into account the principal amount outstanding and the interest rates applicable.

(v) Royalty income

Royalty income is recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreements.

(vi) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive payment is established.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(x) 收入確認(續)

(vii) 租金及分租收入

租金及分租收入乃按租賃年期以直線法入賬。

(y) 租賃

本集團在租賃資產可供其使用的當日將 租賃確認為使用權資產和相應的負債。

合同可能包含租賃組成部分和非租賃組成部分。本集團基於各租賃組成部分與 非租賃組成部分的單獨價格相對比例分 攤合同對價。

租賃產生的資產和負債按現值進行初始 計量。租賃負債包括以下租賃付款的淨 現值:

- 固定付款(包括實質固定付款), 扣除任何應收的租賃優惠;
- 基於指數或比率確定的可變租賃 付款,採用租賃期開始日的指數 或比率維行初始計量;
- 本集團根據餘值擔保預計應付的 金額;
- 本集團合理確定將行使的購買選 擇權的行權價格;及
- 在租賃期反映出本集團將行使選擇權的情況下終止租賃的罰款金額。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(x) Revenue recognition (continued)

(vii) Rental and sub-lease rental income

Rental and sub-lease rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(y) Leases

Leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date:
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(v) 租賃(續)

當合理確定將行使續租選擇權時,租賃 付款也納入負債的計量中。

租賃付款按租賃內含利率貼現。本集團 的租賃內含利率通常無法直接確定,在 此情況下,應採用承租人的遞增借款利 率,即承租人在類似經濟環境下獲得與 使用權資產價值接折的資產,在類似期 間以類似抵押條件借入資金而必須支付 的利率。

為確定遞增借款利率,本集團應:

- 在可能的情況下,以承租人最近 收到的第三方融資為起點,並進 行調整以反映融資條件自收到第 三方融資後的變化;
- 對於近期未獲得第三方融資的本 集團持有的租賃,採用以無風險 利率為起點的累加法, 並按照租 賃的信用風險推行調整; 並
- 針對租賃作出特定調整,如租賃 期、國家、貨幣及抵押。

本集團未來可能會面臨基於指數或比率 確定的可變租賃付款增加的風險,並 只會在實際發生時才納入租賃負債中。 當基於指數或比率對租賃付款進行調整 時,租賃負債應予以重估並根據使用權 資產調整。

租賃付款在本金和融資費用之間進行分 攤。融資費用在租賃期內計入損益賬, 以按照固定的週期性利率對各期間負債 餘額計算利息。

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(v) Leases (continued)

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received;
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases held by the Group, which does not have recent third party financing; and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

The Group is exposed to potential future increases in variable lease payments based on an index or rate, which are not included in the lease liability until they take effect. When adjustments to lease payments based on an index or rate take effect, the lease liability is reassessed and adjusted against the right-of-use asset.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

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2. 主要會計政策(續)

(y) 租賃(續)

使用權資產按成本計量,包括下列各項:

- 租賃負債的初始計量金額;
- 在租賃期開始日或之前支付的租 賃付款扣除收到的租賃優惠;
- 初始直接費用;及
- 復原成本。

使用權資產一般在資產的使用壽命與租 賃期兩者孰短的期間內按直線法計提折 舊。如本集團合理確定會行使購買權, 該使用權資產則按其使用壽命計提折 舊。

與短期設備和汽車租賃及所有低價值資產租賃相關的付款按直線法確認為費用並計入損益賬。短期租賃是指租賃期為12個月或更短的租賃。

本集團作為出租人收到的經營租賃收入 在租賃期內按直線法確認為收入(附註 6)。為獲取經營租賃所發生的初始直接 費用計入該資產的帳面金額,並在租賃 期內按照與租賃收入相同的基礎確認為 費用。租賃資產按其性質在資產負債表 中列示。

(z) 派息

向本公司股東派發之股息,於批准派息 的財務期間被確認為本集團財務報表中 的一項負債。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(y) Leases (continued)

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs; and
- restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and vehicles and all leases of low-value assets are recognized on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

Lease income from operating leases where the Group is a lessor is recognized in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term (Note 6). Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying asset and recognized as expense over the lease term on the same basis as lease income. The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature.

(z) Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognized as a liability in the Group's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(aa) 政府補貼

當有合理保證會收到政府補貼且本集團 將遵守所有附帶條件時,政府的補貼將 按其公允價值確認。

與成本有關的政府補助被遞延,並在必要的期間內在損益中確認,以使其與擬補償的成本相匹配。

3. 財務風險管理及公允價值

本集團的業務承受多種的財務風險:(a)(i)匯兑 風險、(a)(ii)信貸風險、(a)(iii)流動資金風險、 (a)(iv)現金流量利率風險、(b)資金管理風險及 (c)公允值估計。本集團整體風險管理計劃尋求將對本集團財務表現有不良影響之潛在風 險減至最低。如需要時,本集團會使用金融 衍生工具管理若干所面對的風險。

(a) 財務風險因素

(i) 匯兑風險

本集團國際營運業務面對之匯兑 風險來自商業交易、已確認之資 產及負債和海外業務投資淨額。 匯兑風險主要來自未來商業交易 及以本集團實體的功能性貨幣沒 外的貨幣計值的已確認貨幣資產 及負債。

於年結時,本集團的匯兌風險來自以人民幣計價的採購但以人民幣計價的採購但以格。內實體在當地貨幣作銷售價格處內,因本集團之資產及負債之匯兌風險國本集團之影響不大,因本集團之影響不大,因本集團之影響不大,因本集團之影響作交易單位之結餘,而使於結算日時未償付的外幣結餘極少。

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(aa) Government grants

Grants from the government are recognized at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognized in profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE

The Group's activities exposed it to a variety of financial risks: (a) (i) foreign exchange risk, (a)(ii) credit risk, (a)(iii) liquidity risk, (a) (iv) cash flow interest rate risk, (b) capital risk management and (c) fair value estimation. The Group's overall risk management program seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group uses derivative financial instruments to manage certain risk exposure when necessary.

(a) Financial risk factors

(i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from commercial transactions, recognized assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations. Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions or recognized assets or liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency.

As at year end, the foreign exchange risk of the Group mainly arises from purchases from a Renminbi-based supply chain and sales proceeds in local currencies of the relevant group entities. Foreign exchange risk arising from recognized assets and liabilities is considered to be insignificant. This is due to the balances denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the relevant group entity are generally settled promptly leaving minimal outstanding foreign currency position as at the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

3. 財務風險管理及公允價值(續)

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

(i) 匯兑風險(續)

為管理來自商業交易和已確認之 資產及負債的匯兑風險影響,當 預期有關貨幣會有重大浮動時, 本集團之公司將可能訂立遠期外 匯兑換合約。

本集團擁有若干海外業務投資, 其淨資產易受外匯換算風險。

(ii) 信貸風險

本集團之信貸風險主要來自銀行 存款、應收賬款及其他應收款及 租賃按金。該等結餘之賬面值為 本集團就金融資產所面對的最高 信貸風險。由於本集團的存款一 般存於高信貸評級的銀行,故銀 行存款的信貸風險有限。

零售銷售一般透過現金、銀行轉 賬、信用卡或有信譽及分散之百 貨公司付款。本集團僅與具備良 好信貸記錄之批發及加盟客戶進 行信貸銷售,信貸期為30至90 日。此外,應收款結餘已予持續 監察,故本集團所面對的壞賬風 險並不重大。

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE (continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

(i) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

To manage foreign exchange risk arising from commercial transactions, recognized assets and liabilities, companies in the Group may use forward foreign exchange contracts when major fluctuation in the relevant foreign currency is anticipated.

The Group has certain investments in foreign operations, whose net assets are exposed to foreign currency translation risk.

(ii) Credit risk

The credit risk of the Group is primarily attributable to balances with bank, trade and other receivables and rental deposits. The carrying amounts of these balances represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets. The credit risk on deposits with banks is limited as the Group mainly places the deposits in banks with high credit rating.

Retail sales are usually made in cash, bank transfer, through credit cards or through reputable and dispersed department stores. The Group's credit sales are only made to wholesale and franchise customers, with an appropriate credit history and on credit terms of 30 to 90 days. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

3. 財務風險管理及公允價值(續)

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

(ii) 信貸風險(續)

下表呈列於2021年及2020年12 月31日之本集團主要債務人。

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE (continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

(ii) Credit risk (continued)

The table below shows the major types of debtors of the Group as at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------|-------------------------|------|------|
| | | | |
| 訂約方: | Counterpart: | | |
| 百貨公司 | Department stores | 134 | 134 |
| 加盟商 | Franchisees | 82 | 67 |
| 應收信用卡賬款 | Credit card receivables | 12 | 9 |
| 其他 | Others | 14 | 18 |
| 應收賬款(附註16) | Trade receivables | | |
| | (Note 16) | 242 | 228 |
| 業主 | Landlords | 166 | 188 |
| | | | |
| | | 408 | 416 |

應收賬款

本集團應用香港財務報告準則第9號批准之簡化方法,其允許對所有貿易應收賬款使用預計使用年期虧損撥備。為計量預期信貸虧損,應收賬款已按共同信貸風險特性而分組。

至於應收賬款,對手方主要為大型公司及擁有穩健財務狀況,本學學理層認為信貸風險不高。本題與該等對手方維持頻繁溝號等實理層密切監察該等應收認認為實質質素及收回機會,並認為其信貸風險屬微小,此乃考慮到與彼等的過往合作及前瞻性資料。

Trade receivables

The Group applies the simplified approach to providing for expected credit losses prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on share credit risk characteristics.

For the trade receivables, the counterparties primarily are large corporation and have strong financial position and management considers the credit risk is not high. The Group maintains frequent communications with these counterparties. Management has closely monitored the credit qualities and the collectability of these receivables and consider that the expected credit risks of them are minimal in view of the history of cooperation with them and forward looking information

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

- 3. 財務風險管理及公允價值(續)
 - (a) 財務風險因素(續)
 - (ii) 信貸風險(續)

其他應收賬款

本集團董事於資產初始確認時考慮違約的可能性,及評估本年度信貸風險是否持續顯著增加。在評估信貸風險是否顯著增加時本集團將年結日時資產發生違約的風險與初始確認日期的違約風險進行比較。特別是結合了以下指標:

- 營業、財務及經濟狀況的 實際或預期發生重大不利 變化預期導致公司履行責 任的能力產生重大變化;
- 公司經營業績實際或預期 發生重大變化;
- 公司預期表現及行為發生 重大變化,包括第三方付 款情況的變化。

不論上述分析如何,倘涉及合約 付款/按要求償還的債務人逾期 超過30日,則假定信貸風險大幅 增加。

當交易對手方無法於到期365日內作出合約付款/按要求償還,則金融資產出現違約。

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE (continued)

- (a) Financial risk factors (continued)
 - (ii) Credit risk (continued)

Other receivables

The directors of the Group consider the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis during the year. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the Group compares risk of a default occurring on the assets as at year end date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. Especially the following indicators are incorporated.

- Actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the company's ability to meet its obligations;
- Actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the company;
- Significant changes in the expected performance and behavior of the company, including changes in the payment status of the third party.

Regardless of the analysis above, a significant increase in credit risk is presumed if a debtor is more than 30 days past due in making a contractual payment/repayable demand.

A default on a financial asset when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments/repayable demanded within 365 days of when they fail due.

The Group reviews regularly the recoverable amount of each individual receivable to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. Over the term of the financial assets, the Group accounts for its credit risk by appropriately providing for expected credit losses on a timely basis. In calculating the expected credit loss rates, the Group considers historical loss rates for each category of debtors, and adjusts for forward looking macroeconomic data.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

3. 財務風險管理及公允價值(續)

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

(ii) 信貸風險(續)

其他應收賬款(續)

於2020年及2021年12月31日, 管理層認為其他應收款項的信貸 風險屬於低風險,因為交易對手 方擁有雄厚實力應付短期內的 約現金流責任。本集團已評估其 他應收款項的預期信貸虧損,本 年度就該等結餘確認的虧損撥備 並不重大。

(iii) 流動資金風險

本集團透過維持充裕銀行融資以 及來自經營現金流量及融資現金 流量的現金及現金等值物,來控 制流動資金風險。

本集團於2021年12月31日及2020年12月31日之全部財務負債均於一年內到期,惟需注意下文所列者:

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE (continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

(ii) Credit risk (continued)

Other receivables (continued)

As at December 31, 2020 and 2021, management consider other receivables as low credit risk as counterparties have a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term. The Group has assessed that the expected credit losses for other receivables and the loss allowance provision recognized during the year for these balances is not material.

(iii) Liquidity risk

The liquidity risk of the Group is controlled by maintaining sufficient banking facilities and cash and cash equivalents, which is generated from the operating cash flow and financing cash flow.

As at December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, all of the Group's financial liabilities are due within one year, except to note followings:

a 1= 14

| | | | 1 年後 | | | |
|--------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------|----------|
| | | | 但5年內 | | 總合同 | |
| | | | After | | 現金流量 | |
| | | 1 年內 | one year | 5年以上 | Total | 賬面值 |
| | | Within | but within | Over | contractual | Carrying |
| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | one year | five years | five years | cash flows | amount |
| 於2021年12月31日 | As at December 31, 2021 | | | | | |
| 銀行貸款(非流動) | Bank loans (non-current) | 1 | 100 | - | 101 | 100 |
| 租賃負債 | Lease liabilities | 354 | 306 | 5 | 665 | 637 |
| | | 355 | 406 | 5 | 766 | 737 |
| 於2020年12月31日 | As at December 31, 2020 | | | | | |
| 銀行貸款(非流動) | Bank loans (non-current) | 1 | 101 | - | 102 | 100 |
| 租賃負債 | Lease liabilities | 452 | 348 | 8 | 808 | 767 |
| | | 453 | 449 | 8 | 910 | 867 |

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

3. 財務風險管理及公允價值(續)

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

(iv) 現金流量利率風險

除銀行存款10.43億港元(2020年:12.56億港元)及銀行貸款1.68億港元(2020年:1.52億港元),本集團並無其他重大計息資產及負債。以浮動息率計息之計息之間,在於及銀行借貸令本集團之與行存款及銀行借貸令本集團之影響並不重大。對本集團之影響並不重大。與大及經營現金流量大學動影響。管理不更預期來自利率變動的影響並不重大。

(b) 資金管理風險

本集團的資金管理目標,是保障本集團 能持續營運之能力,以及為股東提供最 大回報及令其他持份人獲益。

按合併財務狀況表所顯示,本集團的資本架構包括股本、現金及銀行結存以及 銀行貸款。

為優化資本結構,本集團可能會增加長期借貸、調整派付予股東的股息金額、 向股東發還資本及發行新股。

本集團在年內透過保持淨現金狀態監察 資本。淨現金狀態乃以現金及銀行結 存減計息銀行貸款計算得出。於2021 年12月31日,本集團保持8.75億港元 (2020年:11.04億港元)的淨現金狀 態。

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE (continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

(iv) Cash flow interest rate risk

Except for the bank balance of HK\$1,043 million (2020: HK\$1,256 million) and bank loan of HK\$168 million (2020: HK\$152 million); the Group has no other significant interest-bearing assets and liabilities. The bank balance and bank borrowings at floating rate expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk which is insignificant to the Group. The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. Management does not anticipate significant impact resulted from the changes in interest rates.

(b) Capital risk management

The Group's objectives on managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern as well as maximizing returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders.

The Group's capital structure consists of equity, cash and bank balances and bank loans as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to improve the capital structure, the Group may raise long term debts, adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders and issue new shares.

The Group monitors capital by maintaining a net cash position throughout the year. Net cash positions is calculated by cash and bank balances net of interest bearing bank loans. As at December 31, 2021, the Group maintained a net cash position of HK\$875 million (2020: HK\$1,104 million).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

3. 財務風險管理及公允價值(續)

(c) 公允價值估計

按公允值計量之金融工具乃按下列公允 值計量層級分級:

- 第一級 相同資產或負債於活躍市場 的報價(未經調整)。
- 第二級 除了第一級所包括的報價 外,該資產或負債的其他可 觀察輸入數據,可為直接 (即例如價格)或間接(即源 自價格)。
- 第三級 資產或負債並非依據可觀察 市場資料得出的輸入數據 (即非可觀察輸入數據)。

於活躍市場交易的金融工具的公允值乃 按財務狀況表日期之市場報價得出。倘 報價可即時且定期自交易所、交易商、 經紀、同業團體、報價服務或監管機構 取得,且該等價格代表按公平基準實際 及定期發生的市場交易,則市場會被視 為活躍。本集團所持金融資產的市場報 價為現行買入價。該等工具乃包括在第 一級內。

並非於活躍市場交易的金融工具的公允值乃使用估值技術釐定。估值技術盡量利用可觀察市場數據(如有),盡量少依賴主體的特定估計。如計算金融工具的公允值所需的全部重大輸入數據均可予觀察,則該金融工具乃列入第二級。於2021年及2020年12月31日,概無金融工具獲列入第二級。

倘一項或多項重大輸入數據並非根據可 觀察市場資料得出,則該金融工具乃列 入第三級。

本集團於其他綜合收益按公允值處理之 金融資產和於損益賬按公允值處理之金 融資產乃按公允值計量,故分別屬公允 值計量層級中的第一級及第三級(附註 15和19)。

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE (continued)

(c) Fair value estimation

Financial instruments that are measured at fair value are disclosed by the level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the date of the statement of financial position. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in Level 1.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximize the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2. No financial instrument is included in Level 2 as at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3.

The Group's financial asset at FVOCI and FVPL measured at fair value are included in Level 1 and Level 3 of the fair value measurement hierarchy, respectively (Note 15 and 19).

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

3. 財務風險管理及公允價值(續)

(c) 公允價值估計(續)

於2021年12月31日,倘於其他綜合收益按公允值處理之金融資產及於損益賬按公允值處理之金融資產的公允值各自有5%的增加/減少,而其他可變因素均維持不變,則本集團之權益將增加/減少20萬港元(2020年:20萬港元)及淨溢利將增加/減少140萬港元(2020年:淨虧損將減少/增加140萬港元)。

4. 重要會計估計及判斷

估計及判斷之評估會持續地進行,並以過往 使用經驗及其他因素作為基礎,包括在目前 情況下對未來事件的合理預期。

重要會計估計及假設

本集團對未來作出推算及假設。所得之會計估計理論上難以與相關的實際結果相同。以下所論述之估計及假設有相當風險引致須於下個財政年度對資產和負債之賬面值作重大調整。

(i) 存貨可變現淨值

存貨可變現淨值指日常業務估計售價扣除估計銷售開支。有關估計根據現行市況及過往出售類似產品之經驗而作出。相關估計可能因本集團經營地點之經濟狀況出現變動以及客戶口味及競爭對手就回應市況變動所採取措施而出現重大變動。管理層於各結算日重新評估此等估計。

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE (continued)

(c) Fair value estimation (continued)

As at December 31, 2021, if there had been a 5% increase/decrease in the fair value of financial asset at FVOCI and financial asset at FVPL with all other variables held constant, the Group's equity would have increased/decreased by HK\$0.2 million (2020: HK\$0.2 million) and net profit would have increased/decreased by HK\$1.4 million (2020: net loss would have been decreased/increased by HK\$1.4 million).

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

(i) Net realizable value of inventories

Net realizable value of inventories is the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business less estimated selling expenses. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in economic conditions in places where the Group operates and changes in customer taste and competitor actions in response to changes in market conditions. Management reassesses these estimates at each balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

4. 重要會計估計及判斷(續)

(ii) 資產減值(債務工具投資以及應 收營業賬款及其他應收賬款除 外)

> 於各個報告期末,本集團審閱內部及外 來資料來源以識別下列資產可能減值或 (除商譽外)先前已確認的減值虧損不再 存在或可能已經減少的跡象:

- 物業、機器及設備;
- 一 使用權資產;
- 一 一間合營公司的權益;及
- 一 商譽。

用以識別減值跡象的有關資料通常具有 主觀性質,故本集團就其業務採用有關 資料時須作出判斷。本集團對此等資料 的詮釋會直接影響是否於任何指定報告 期末進行減值評估。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (continued)

(ii) Impairment of assets (other than investments in debt instruments and trade and other receivables)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews internal and external sources of information to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or, except in the case of goodwill, an impairment loss previously recognized no longer exists or may have decreased:

- Property, plant and equipment;
- Right-of-use assets;
- Interest in a joint venture; and
- Goodwill.

The sources utilized to identify indications of impairment are often subjective in nature and the Group is required to use judgement in applying such information to its business. The Group's interpretation of this information has a direct impact on whether an impairment assessment is performed as at the end of any given reporting period.

If an indication of impairment is identified, such information is further subject to an exercise that requires the Group to estimate the recoverable amount, representing the greater of the asset's fair value less costs of disposal or its value in use. Depending on the Group's assessment of the overall materiality of the asset under review and complexity of deriving a reasonable estimate of the recoverable amount, the Group may perform such assessments utilizing internal resources or the Group may engage external advisors to counsel the Group. Regardless of the resources utilized, the Group is required to make many assumptions to make these assessments, including the utilization of such asset, the cash flows to be generated, appropriate market discount rates and the projected market and regulatory conditions. Changes in any of these assumptions could result in a material change to future estimates of the recoverable amount of any asset.

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

4. 重要會計估計及判斷(續)

(iii) 物業、機器及設備之折舊

物業、機器及設備乃按其預計使用年期 以直線法折舊。本集團定期審閱該等資 產之預計使用年期以釐定於任何報告期 內支出之數額。使用年期乃根據本集團 對相類似之資產之過往經驗而釐定。如 過往之估計有重大改變,則調整在將來 期間之折舊支出。

(iv) 簽出授出認沽期權負債的公允值

(v) 應收賬款可收回性

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (CONTINUED)

(iii) Depreciation of property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straightline basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The Group reviews the estimated useful lives of the assets regularly in order to determine the amount of depreciation to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives are based on the Group's historical experience with similar assets. The depreciation for future periods is adjusted if there are material changes from previous estimates.

(iv) Fair value of written put option liabilities

Certain of the Group's business combination activities involved put options issued by the Group over the equity of subsidiary companies. The Group recorded such written put option liabilities at their fair values which are determined in accordance with the terms under those relevant agreements and with reference to the estimated post-acquisition performance of the acquired subsidiaries. Judgement is required to determine key assumptions (such as growth rate, margins and discount rate) adopted in the estimation of post-acquisition performance of the acquired subsidiaries. Changes to key assumptions can significantly affect the amounts of future liabilities. Put option liabilities shall be remeasured at their fair value resulting from events or factors emerged after the acquisition date, with any resulting changes recognized in the equity.

(v) Recoverability of Trade Receivables

Provision for expected credit losses is made when the Group does not expect to collect all amounts due. The provision is determined by grouping together trade debtors with similar risk characteristics and collectively or individually assessing them for likelihood of recovery. The provision reflects lifetime expected credit losses i.e. possible default events over the expected life of the trade receivables, weighted by the probability of that default occurring. Judgement has been applied in determining the level of provision for expected credit losses, taking into account the credit risk characteristics of customers and the likelihood of recovery assessed on a combination of collective and individual basis as relevant. While the provision is considered appropriate, changes in estimation basis or in economic conditions could lead to a change in the level of provision recorded and consequently on the charge or credit to profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

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4. 重要會計估計及判斷(續)

(vi) 所得税

本集團須於多個司法權區繳納所得稅。 在為所得稅釐定全球準備時需要運用相 當程度的判斷。於日常業務過程中有頗 多未能確定最終稅項之交易及計算。本 集團依據會否有到期應繳額外稅項之合 計而確認預期稅務審計項目之負債。倘 該等事項之最終稅務結果與初步記錄之 金額不同,有關差異將影響作出釐定之 期間內的所得稅及遞延稅項準備。

(vii) 釐定租賃條款及貼現率

在決定租賃租期時,管理層會考慮所有 構成經濟誘因的動機,以行使延期選擇 權或不行使終止選擇權。僅當本集團具 有延展租賃期限的可執行權且合理確定 租賃將被延期(或未終止)時,延期選擇 權(或終止期權後的期間)才包括在租赁 期限內。潛在的未來現金流出未計入租 賃負債,因為無法合理確定租賃將被延 長(或未終止)。

如果發生重大事件或重大變化,而此影響在承租人的控制範圍內,此評估會進 行複核。

無論在租賃開始日和租賃修改生效日決 定貼現率時,本集團需要作出重要的判 斷去考慮基礎資產的性質以及租賃的條 款和條件。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (continued)

(vi) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in numerous jurisdictions. Significant judgment is required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognizes liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

(vii) Determination of lease term and discount rate

In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the Group has enforceable right to extend the lease term and the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated). Potential future cash outflows have not been included in the lease liability because it is not reasonably certain that the leases will be extended (or not terminated).

The assessment is reviewed if a significant event or a significant change in circumstances occurs which affects this assessment and that is within the control of the lessee.

In determining the discount rate, the Group is required to exercise considerable judgement in relation to determine the discount rates by taking into account the nature of the underlying assets and the terms and conditions of the leases, at both the commencement date and the effective date of the modification.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

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5. 銷售額及營運分部

本集團按發展策略以及營運控制以釐定其營運分部。主要分為兩個營運分部:零售及分銷分部及對海外加盟商之批發業務。管理層以地區及品牌之角度來管理零售及分銷之營運分部。

按照地區,零售及分銷營運分部於中國大陸及海灣阿拉伯國家合作委員會包含直營店及加盟店。香港及澳門、台灣,東南亞及澳洲地區市場並沒有重大之當地加盟店。本集團門市遍佈在大部份東南亞以及海灣阿拉伯國家合作委員會地區。

品牌方面,本集團現時經營 Giordano 及 Giordano Junior、Giordano Ladies、BSX以及其他自有及授權經營之品牌。

經調整EBITDA乃指未扣除融資費用、所得稅、使用權資產與物業、機器及設備之減值、折舊及攤薄、應佔合營公司溢利以及未分配之總部職能項目前的溢利(虧損)。分部業績乃未扣除融資費用、應佔合營公司溢利、所得稅及未分配之總部職能項目。此乃向管理層及高級決策者匯報以作資源分配及評估分部表現的計量基準。

5. SALES AND OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Group determines its operating segments based on its development strategies and operational control. There are two major operating segments: Retail and Distribution and Wholesale to Overseas Franchisees. Management manages the Retail and Distribution operating segment geographically and by brand.

Geographically, the Retail and Distribution operating segment in Mainland China and the Gulf Cooperation Council (the "GCC") comprise both direct-operated stores and franchised stores. Hong Kong and Macau, Taiwan, Southeast Asia and Australia do not have material local franchised stores. Group stores span most of Southeast Asia and the GCC.

As for brands, the Group presently operates *Giordano* and *Giordano Junior*, *Giordano Ladies*, *BSX* as well as other owned and licensed brands.

Adjusted EBITDA is profit (loss) before finance expense, income taxes, impairment of right-of-use assets and property, plant and equipment, depreciation and amortization, share of profit of joint ventures and unallocated corporate items. Segment results are before finance expense, share of profit of joint ventures, income taxes and unallocated corporate items. This is the measurement basis reported to management and the senior decision-makers for the purpose of resources allocation and assessment of segment performance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

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5. 銷售額及營運分部(續)

本集團之營運分部銷售額及經營溢利(虧損) 按地區之分析如下。

5. SALES AND OPERATING SEGMENTS (continued)

Analysis of sales and operating profit (loss) of the Group's operating segment by geographic regions is as follows.

| | | | 香港及 | | 2021 | 海灣阿拉伯國家合作 | 對海外 加盟商之 批發 | |
|------------------------|---|----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-------------|-------------------|-------|
| | | | 澳門 | | 及澳洲 | 委員會 | Wholesale | |
| | | 中國大陸 | Hong Kong | | Southeast | Gulf | to | |
| | | Mainland | and | 台灣 | Asia and | Cooperation | Overseas | 合計 |
| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | China | Macau | Taiwan | Australia | Council | Franchisees | Total |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 銷售額 | Sales | 766 | 355 | 496 | 1,044 | 525 | 194 | 3,380 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 經調整EBITDA | Adjusted EBITDA | 32 | 88 | 106 | 320 | 174 | 38 | 758 |
| 折舊及攤銷 | Depreciation and amortization | | | | | | | |
| - 使用權資產 | - Right-of-use assets | (42) | (102) | (54) | (158) | (86) | _ | (442) |
| - 物業、機器及設備和投資物業 | - Property, plant and equipment | | | | | | | |
| | and investment properties | (10) | (3) | (5) | (23) | (11) | - | (52) |
| 減值 | Impairment | | | | | | | |
| 一使用權資產 | - Right-of-use assets | (4) | (1) | - | (8) | - | - | (13) |
| - 物業、機器及設備 | - Property, plant and equipment | - | - | - | (1) | - | - | (1) |
| 減值撥回 | Reversal of impairment | | | | | | | |
| - 使用權資產 | Right-of-use assets | 3 | 4 | - | 3 | 1 | - | 11 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 分部業績 | Segment results | (21) | (14) | 47 | 133 | 78 | 38 | 261 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 總部職能 | Corporate functions | | | | | | | 2 |
| 融資費用 | Finance expense | | | | | | | (29) |
| 應佔一間合營公司溢利 | Share of profit of a joint venture | | | | | | | 41 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 除所得税前溢利 | Profit before income taxes | | | | | | | 275 |
| היוי הני את בעו ועויה! | Tronc polore modific taxes | | | | | | | 213 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

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5. 銷售額及營運分部(續)

5. SALES AND OPERATING SEGMENTS (continued)

| | | | | | 2020 | | | |
|-----------------|---|----------|-----------|--------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | | | | | | | 對海外 | |
| | | | | | | 海灣阿拉伯 | 加盟商之 | |
| | | | 香港及 | | 東南亞 | 國家合作 | 批發 | |
| | | | 澳門 | | 及澳洲 | 委員會 | Wholesale | |
| | | 中國大陸 | Hong Kong | | Southeast | Gulf | to | |
| | | Mainland | and | 台灣 | Asia and | Cooperation | Overseas | 合計 |
| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | China | Macau | Taiwan | Australia | Council | Franchisees | Total |
| 外在中区 | 0-1 | 701 | 000 | 504 | 054 | 007 | 104 | 0.100 |
| 銷售額 | Sales | 701 | 362 | 534 | 954 | 387 | 184 | 3,122 |
| 經調整EBITDA | Adjusted EBITDA | (2) | 80 | 127 | 259 | 107 | 9 | 580 |
| 折舊及攤銷 | Depreciation and amortization | | | | | | | |
| 一使用權資產 | - Right-of-use assets | (57) | (142) | (60) | (196) | (87) | _ | (542) |
| - 物業、機器及設備和投資物業 | - Property, plant and equipment | | | | | | | |
| | and investment properties | (11) | (5) | (9) | (29) | (13) | _ | (67) |
| 減值 | Impairment | | | | | | | |
| - 使用權資產 | Right-of-use assets | (6) | (51) | - | (18) | (4) | - | (79) |
| - 物業、機器及設備 | - Property, plant and equipment | (1) | (5) | - | (2) | - | - | (8) |
| 減值撥回 | Reversal of impairment | | | | | | | |
| 一使用權資產 | Right-of-use assets | 4 | 4 | - | 6 | - | - | 14 |
| -物業、機器及設備 | - Property, plant and equipment | 2 | | - | 1 | | | 3 |
| 分部業績 | Segment results | (71) | (119) | 58 | 21 | 3 | 9 | (99) |
| 總部職能 | Corporate functions | | | | | | | (6) |
| 融資費用 | Finance expense | | | | | | | (41) |
| 應佔合營公司溢利 | Share of profit of joint ventures | _ | | | | | - | 39 |
| 除所得税前虧損 | Loss before income taxes | | | | | | | (107) |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

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5. 銷售額及營運分部(續)

以品牌劃分之零售及分銷營運分部之進一步 分析如下。

SALES AND OPERATING SEGMENTS (continued)

Further analysis of the Retail and Distribution operating segment by brand is as follows.

| | | 2 | 2021 | 20 | 020 |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|-------|-----------|-------|-----------|
| | | | | | 經營 |
| | | | | | (虧損) |
| | | | 經營 | | 溢利 |
| | | | 溢利 | | Operating |
| | | 銷售額 | Operating | 銷售額 | (loss) |
| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | Sales | profit | Sales | profit |
| | | | | | |
| 零售及分銷 | Retail and Distribution | | | | |
| Giordano及Giordano Junior | Giordano and Giordano Junior | 2,681 | 166 | 2,482 | (108) |
| Giordano Ladies | Giordano Ladies | 251 | 30 | 235 | 4 |
| BSX | BSX | 24 | - | 45 | (4) |
| 其他 | Others | 230 | 27 | 176 | _ |
| | | | | | |
| | | 3,186 | 223 | 2,938 | (108) |

本公司駐於香港。其於香港及澳門(包括零售 及批發銷售)錄得對外客戶之銷售額為5.49 億港元(2020年:5.46億港元);於中國大陸 為7.66億港元(2020年:7.01億港元);而於 其他市場對外客戶之銷售額為20.65億港元 (2020年:18.75億港元)。

分部之間之銷售額為9.11億港元(2020年: 6.90億港元)已予合併對銷。

The Company has its domicile in Hong Kong. Sales to external customers recorded in Hong Kong and Macau (including retail and wholesale sales) are HK\$549 million (2020: HK\$546 million), Mainland China HK\$766 million (2020: HK\$701 million) and external customers from other markets HK\$2,065 million (2020: HK\$1,875 million).

Inter-segment sales of HK\$911 million (2020: HK\$690 million) have been eliminated upon consolidation.

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5. 銷售額及營運分部(續)

中國大陸之所得税費用為400萬港元(2020年:所得税抵免600萬港元),香港及澳門為800萬港元(2020年:所得税抵免2,000萬港元),台灣為500萬港元(2020年:900萬港元),東南亞及澳洲為2,200萬港元(2020年:1,000萬港元),而海灣阿拉伯國家合作委員會為300萬港元(2020年:所得税抵免200萬港元)。

本集團之資產按地區劃分之分析如下。

5. SALES AND OPERATING SEGMENTS (continued)

Income taxes charged related to Mainland China was HK\$4 million (2020: Income tax credit of HK\$6 million), Hong Kong and Macau HK\$8 million (2020: Income tax credit of HK\$20 million), Taiwan was HK\$5 million (2020: HK\$9 million), Southeast Asia and Australia HK\$22 million (2020: HK\$10 million) and the GCC HK\$3 million (2020: Income tax credit of HK\$2 million).

Analysis of the Group's assets by geographic regions is as follows.

分部資產 Segment assets

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| | | | |
| 分部資產 | Segment assets | | |
| 東南亞及澳洲 | Southeast Asia and Australia | 1,041 | 1,102 |
| 海灣阿拉伯國家合作委員會 | Gulf Cooperation Council | 923 | 918 |
| 香港及澳門 | Hong Kong and Macau | 739 | 822 |
| 中國大陸 | Mainland China | 573 | 625 |
| 台灣 | Taiwan | 291 | 240 |
| | | | |
| | | 3,567 | 3,707 |
| | | | |
| 一間合營公司權益 | Interest in a joint venture | 513 | 549 |
| 於其他綜合收益按公允值處理之 | Financial asset at fair value through | | |
| 金融資產 | other comprehensive income | 4 | 3 |
| 於損益賬按公允值處理之 | Financial asset at fair value through | | |
| 金融資產 | profit or loss | 28 | 28 |
| 遞延税項資產 | Deferred tax assets | 96 | 96 |
| | | | |
| 資產總額 | Total assets | 4,208 | 4,383 |

除金融工具及遞延税項資產外,於香港及澳門之非流動資產總額為2.09億港元(2020年:2.44億港元),於中國大陸為1.01億港元(2020年:1.08億港元);及於其他市場為16.88億港元(2020年:18.10億港元)。

The total of non-current assets other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets located in Hong Kong and Macau was HK\$209 million (2020: HK\$244 million); Mainland China, HK\$101 million (2020: HK\$108 million); and other markets, HK\$1,688 million (2020: HK\$1,810 million).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

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6. 其他收入及其他收益,淨額

6. OTHER INCOME AND OTHER GAINS, NET

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|------|------|
| | | | |
| 政府補貼 | Government grants | 38 | 102 |
| 特許權收入 | Royalty income | 29 | 30 |
| 索賠和賠償 | Claims and compensation | 16 | _ |
| 利息收入 | Interest income | 12 | 12 |
| 租金及分租收入 | Rental and sub-lease rental income | 7 | 8 |
| 股息收入 | Dividend income | 3 | 3 |
| 於損益賬按公允值處理之金融資產之 | Fair value gain on financial asset at | | |
| 公允值收益 | fair value through profit or loss | _ | 1 |
| 出售物業、機器及設備之淨虧損 | Net loss on disposal of property, | | |
| | plant and equipment | (1) | (1) |
| 匯兑(虧損)收益淨額 | Net exchange (loss) gain | (6) | 11 |
| 其他 | Others | 20 | 17 |
| | | | |
| | | 118 | 183 |

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7. 經營溢利(虧損)

7. OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)

經營溢利(虧損)已扣除(計入):

Operating profit (loss) is after charging (crediting):

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|---|-----------|-------------|
| 銷售成本 存貨銷售成本 (沖回撥備)陳舊存貨撥備及存貨撇銷 | Cost of sales Cost of inventories sold (Reversal of provision) provision for obsolete stock and stock written | 1,451 | 1,377 |
| | off | (1) | 9 |
| | | 1,450 | 1,386 |
| 分銷費用 | Distribution expense | | |
| 員工成本 折舊支出 | Staff cost | 579 | 574 |
| が 音×山 一使用權資產 一物業、機器及設備 土地及樓宇之租賃費用 | Depreciation expenses - Right-of-use assets - Property, plant and equipment Rentals in respect of land and | 426 47 | 525 61 |
| 一最低租金支出 | building - Minimum lease payments | 63 | 66 |
| 一或然租金費用 物業管理費、 政府地租及差餉及 | Contingent rent Building management fee, government rent and rates and | 147 | 147 |
| 以 | utilities Advertising, promotion and | 103 | 106 |
| 激勵措施 | incentives | 93 | 81 |
| 包裝及運輸 銀行及信用卡收費 | Packaging and deliveries Bank and credit card charges | 50 23 | 45 20 |
| 減值 一使用權資產 一物業、機器及設備 | Impairment - Right-of-use assets - Property, plant and equipment | 13 1 | 79 8 |
| 減值撥回 一使用權資產 一物業、機器及設備 変換器数器 | Reversal of impairment - Right-of-use assets - Property, plant and equipment | (11) | (14) (3) |
| 應收賬款虧損撥備變動 其他 | Change in loss allowance for trade receivables Others | (9) 79 | 23 82 |
| <u> </u> | Others | | |
| | | 1,604 | 1,800 |
| 行政費用 員工成本 | Administrative expense Staff cost | 128 | 118 |
| 折舊支出 一使用權資產 | Depreciation expenses – Right-of-use assets | 16 | 17 |
| 一物業、機器及設備和 投資物業 | Property, plant and equipment and investment properties | 5 | 6 |
| 法律及專業費用 核數師酬金 | Legal and professional fee Auditor's remuneration | 9 | 25 6 |
| 電腦及通訊 | Computer and telecommunication | 6 | 6 |
| 差旅費 營業及其他税項 土地及樓宇之租賃費用 | Travelling Business and other taxes Rentals in respect of land and | 1 | 2 |
| 一最低租金支出 | building - Minimum lease payments | - | 1 |
| 應收賬款虧損撥備變動 | Change in loss allowance for trade receivables | (6) | 10 |
| 其他 | Others | 14 | 32 |
| | | 181 | 224 |

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8. 融資費用

8. FINANCE EXPENSE

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------|-------------------------------|------|------|
| | | | |
| 租賃負債利息 | Interest on lease liabilities | 27 | 39 |
| 銀行貸款利息 | Interest on bank loans | 2 | 2 |
| | | | |
| | | 29 | 41_ |

9. 員工成本

9. STAFF COSTS

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|---------------|-------------------------------|------|------|
| | | | |
| 薪金及工資(包括董事酬金) | Salaries and wages (including | | |
| | Directors' emoluments) | 640 | 622 |
| 購股權費用 | Share option expense | 7 | 5 |
| 退休金-界定供款計劃 | Pension cost — | | |
| | defined contribution plans | 60 | 65 |
| | | | |
| | | 707 | 692 |

本年度內,本集團沒有運用未能領取之供款 (2020年:無)以減低供款水平。於2021年及 2020年12月31日,沒有可供來年使用之未能 領取供款。 During the year, no unvested benefits were utilized by the Group to reduce the level of contributions (2020: Nil). As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, no unvested benefits were available to be utilized in future years.

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10. 董事的利益和權益

(a) 董事酬金

10. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS

(a) Directors' emoluments

| 董事姓名 | Name of Directors | 袍金 Fees <i>港幣千元</i> HK\$'000 | 薪金 Salaries 港幣千元 HK\$'000 | 業績計算 ⁽⁾ / 酌情性花紅 ⁽⁾ Performance-based ⁽⁾ / Discretionary ⁽⁾ bonuses <i>港幣千元 HK\$'000</i> | 其他收益# | 僱主 退休金供款 Employer's contribution to pension schemes <i>港幣千元</i> <i>HK\$</i> '000 | 合計 Total <i>港幣千元</i> <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|-------|---|---|
| 2021 | | | | | | | |
| 劉國權∆† | LAU Kwok Kuen, Peter ^Ơ | _ | 3,676 | 6,368 | 1,753 | _ | 11,797 |
| 陳嘉緯△ | CHAN Ka Wai∆ | _ | 2,356 | 1,500 | 305 | 18 | 4,179 |
| 羅學文△ | Mark Alan LOYND [△] | _ | 2,165 | 1,000 | 298 | 18 | 3,481 |
| 鄭志剛^ | CHENG Chi Kong^ | 200 | _, | - | - | _ | 200 |
| 陳世昌^ | CHAN Sai Cheong^ | 200 | _ | - | _ | _ | 200 |
| 畢滌凡* | Barry John BUTTIFANT* | 420 | _ | - | _ | _ | 420 |
| 鄺其志* | KWONG Ki Chi* | 360 | - | - | _ | - | 360 |
| 黃旭* | WONG Yuk | | | | | | |
| | (alias, HUANG Xu)* | 390 | - | - | - | - | 390 |
| Alison Elizabeth LLOYD* | Alison Elizabeth LLOYD* | 370 | - | - | - | - | 370 |
| | | 1,940 | 8,197 | 8,868 | 2,356 | 36 | 21,397 |
| | | 1,040 | 0,107 | 0,000 | 2,000 | | 21,001 |
| 2020 | | | | | | | |
| 劉國權△† | LAU Kwok Kuen, Peter ^Ơ | - | 3,216 | - | 1,859 | - | 5,075 |
| 陳嘉緯△ | CHAN Ka Wai [∆] | - | 2,173 | - | 246 | 18 | 2,437 |
| 羅學文△ | Mark Alan LOYND [∆] | - | 2,002 | - | 253 | 18 | 2,273 |
| 鄭志剛^ | CHENG Chi Kong^ | 200 | - | - | - | - | 200 |
| 陳世昌^ | CHAN Sai Cheong^ | 200 | - | - | _ | - | 200 |
| 畢滌凡* | Barry John BUTTIFANT* | 420 | - | - | - | - | 420 |
| 鄺其志* | KWONG Ki Chi* | 360 | - | - | - | - | 360 |
| 黃旭* | WONG Yuk | | | | | | |
| | (alias, HUANG Xu)* | 390 | - | - | _ | - | 390 |
| Alison Elizabeth LLOYD* | Alison Elizabeth LLOYD* | 370 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 370 |
| | | 1,940 | 7,391 | - | 2,358 | 36 | 11,725 |

- † 主席及行政總裁
- △ 執行董事
- ^ 非執行董事
- * 獨立非執行董事
- # 其他收益包括保險供款、購股權、房屋津 貼、其他津貼及實物收益(「其他收益」)
- ◆ 業績計算花紅按溢利分配比率所決定
- ΦΦ 酌情性花紅按預先決定之溢利目標達成率 所決定

- t Chairman and Chief Executive
- △ Executive directors
- ^ Non-executive directors
- * Independent non-executive directors
- Other benefits include insurance premium, share options, housing allowances, other allowances and benefits in kind ("Other Benefits")
- Performance-based bonus is determined based on profit sharing ratio
- Discretionary bonus is determined based on pre-determined achievement rate of profit targets

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

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10. 董事的利益和權益(續)

(a) 董事酬金

於本年度內,向董事支付之酬金總額如 下:

10. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments

The aggregate amount of emoluments payable to Directors of the Company during the year is as follows:

| (以港幣千元為單位) | (In HK\$'000) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------|-------------------------|--------|--------|
| | | | |
| 袍金 | Fees | 1,940 | 1,940 |
| 其他酬金: | Other emoluments: | | |
| 基本薪金及 | Basic salaries and | | |
| 其他收益 | other benefits | 10,553 | 9,749 |
| 退休金計劃供款 | Contribution to pension | | |
| | schemes | 36 | 36 |
| 業績計算/酌情性花紅 | Performance-based/ | | |
| | discretionary bonuses | 8,868 | _ |
| | | | |
| | | 21,397 | 11,725 |

(b) 五位最高薪職員

於本年度內,本集團五位最高薪職員中包括3位(2020年:3位)董事,其酬金之詳情已於上文披露。本年度內,餘下2位(2020年:2位)最高薪職員之應付酬金如下:

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include 3 (2020: 3) Directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining 2 (2020: 2) individuals during the year are as follows:

| (以港幣千元為單位) | (In HK\$'000) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------|-------------------------|-------|-------|
| | | | |
| 基本薪金及 | Basic salaries and | | |
| 其他收益 | other benefits | 5,118 | 4,796 |
| 退休金計劃供款 | Contribution to pension | | |
| | schemes | 93 | 61 |
| 業績計算/酌情性花紅 | Performance-based/ | | |
| | discretionary bonuses | 3,327 | 248 |
| | | | |
| | | 8,538 | 5,105 |

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10. 董事的利益和權益(續)

(b) 五位最高薪職員(續)

餘下最高薪職員按酬金組別歸類如下:

10. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (continued)

(b) Five highest paid individuals (Continued)

The emoluments of the remaining highest paid individuals fell within the following bands:

| 酬金組別 | | .數 individuals |
|---------------------|------|-------------------|
| Emolument bands | 2021 | 2020 |
| 港幣 HK\$ | | |
| 2,000,001–3,000,000 | - | 2 |
| 3,000,001-4,000,000 | 1 | _ |
| 4,000,001–5,000,000 | 1 | _ |

(c) 向董事、受該等董事控制的法 人團體及該董事的關連主體提 供的貸款、準貸款和其他交易 的資料

本公司概無訂立或存在以本公司董事、或由該等董事控制的法人團體或與該等董事有關連的主體為受益人之貸款、準貸款及其他交易,無需根據香港公司條例第383(1)(d)條及第622G 章第三部分作出披露(2020年:無)。

11. 所得税

香港利得税是根據本年度之估計應課税溢利按16.5%(2020年:16.5%)之税率計算。香港以外溢利之應繳所得税乃按個別司法地區適用之税率計算。

(c) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of Directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such Directors

There are no loans, quasi-loans or other dealings in favour of the Directors, their controlled bodies corporate and connected entities for disclosure pursuant to section 383(1)(d) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 3 of 622G (2020: Nil).

11. INCOME TAXES

Hong Kong profits tax is calculated at the rate of 16.5% (2020: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits for the year. Income taxes on profits assessable outside Hong Kong are calculated at the rates applicable in the respective jurisdictions.

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|-------------|-------------------------------|------|------|
| | | | |
| 本年度所得税 | Current income taxes | | |
| 香港 | Hong Kong | 5 | 5 |
| 香港以外 | Outside Hong Kong | 32 | 16 |
| 過往年度超額撥備 | Over provision in prior years | (3) | (3) |
| 扣繳税項 | Withholding taxes | 20 | 21 |
| | | | |
| | | 54 | 39 |
| 遞延所得税 | Deferred income taxes | | |
| 短暫性差異之衍生及撥回 | Origination and reversal of | | |
| | temporary differences | (2) | (38) |
| | | | |
| | | 52 | 1 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

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11. 所得税(續)

此支出不包括本年度應佔合營公司之所得税 1,300萬港元(2020年:1,200萬港元)。於合 併利潤表中之應佔合營公司溢利乃扣除該司 法地區適當之所得税計提。

按香港税率而計算之本集團除所得税前溢利 與所得税支出之調節表如下。

11. INCOME TAXES (continued)

This charge excludes the share of joint ventures' income taxes of HK\$13 million (2020: HK\$12 million) for the year. The share of profit of joint ventures in the consolidated income statement is after income taxes accrued in the appropriate income tax jurisdictions.

Reconciliation of the Group's profit before income taxes at the tax rate of Hong Kong to the income tax charges is as follows.

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|---------------------------|--|------|-------|
| | | | |
| 除所得税前溢利(虧損) | Profit (loss) before income taxes | | |
| (不包括應佔合營公司溢利) | (before share of profit of joint | | |
| | ventures) | 234 | (146) |
| | | | |
| 按所得税率16.5%(2020年:16.5%)計算 | Calculated at an income tax rate | | |
| | of 16.5% (2020: 16.5%) | 39 | (24) |
| 其他國家不同税率之影響 | Effect of different tax rates in | | |
| | other regions | (3) | (6) |
| 不可扣税之支出 | Expenses not deductible for tax | | |
| | purposes | 4 | 34 |
| 未確認之遞延税項資產 | Deferred tax assets not recognized | 16 | 9 |
| 毋須課税之收入 | Income not subject to tax | (18) | (30) |
| 使用早前未有確認之税損 | Utilization of previously unrecognized | | |
| | tax losses | (3) | _ |
| 扣繳税項 | Withholding tax | 20 | 21 |
| 過往年度超額撥備 | Over provision in prior years | (3) | (3) |
| | | | |
| 所得税支出 | Income tax charges | 52 | 1 |

12. 每股盈利(虧損)

每股基本及攤薄盈利(虧損)乃按本年度公司股東應佔除所得税後盈利1.90億港元(2020年:虧損1.12億港元)計算。

每股基本盈利(虧損)乃按本年度內已發行股份之加權平均股數1,578,188,266股(2020年:1,578,073,660股)計算。

截至2021年12月31日止年度的每股攤薄盈利乃按年內已發行股份之加權平均股數1,578,188,266股加上假設根據本公司購股權計劃授出之所有尚未行使購股權皆獲行使而發行之股份之加權平均股數6,738,446股計算。

由於行使尚未行使購股權所產生的潛在攤薄 普通股將具有反攤薄作用,截至2020年12月 31日止之每股攤薄虧損與每股基本虧損相等。

12. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share are based on the profit after income taxes attributable to shareholders of the Company for the year of HK\$190 million (2020: loss of HK\$112 million).

The basic earnings (loss) per share is based on the weighted average of 1,578,188,266 shares (2020: 1,578,073,660 shares) in issue during the year.

The diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average of 1,578,188,266 shares in issue during the year ended December 31, 2021 by the weighted average of 6,738,446 shares deemed to be issued if all outstanding share options granted under the share option schemes of the Company had been exercised.

Diluted loss per share for the year ended December 31, 2020 is equal to the basic loss per share as the potential dilutive ordinary shares arising from exercise of the outstanding share options would be anti-dilutive.

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13. 股息

13. DIVIDENDS

(a) 本年度股息如下:

(a) Dividends attributable to the year:

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|------|------|
| | | | |
| 已宣派之中期股息為每股6.5港仙 | Interim dividend declared and | | |
| (2020年:每股3.1港仙) | paid of 6.5 HK cents per | | |
| | share (2020: 3.1 HK cents | | |
| | per share) | 103 | 49 |
| 於結算日後建議之末期股息為每股10.0港仙 | Final dividend proposed after | | |
| (2020年:每股6.9港仙) | the balance sheet date of | | |
| | 10.0 HK cents per share | | |
| | (2020: 6.9 HK cents per | | |
| | share) | 158 | 109 |
| | | | |
| | | 261 | 158 |

於2022年3月10日,董事會建議末期股息為每股10.0港仙,須待於應屆本公司股東周年大會上取得股東批准。此項擬派股息在結算當日並無確認為負債。擬派股息之金額乃基於報告日之本公司已發行股份數目計算。

On March 10, 2022, the Board has recommended a final dividend of 10.0 HK cents per share and is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting. The proposed dividend has not been recognized as a liability at the balance sheet date. The amount of proposed dividend was based on the shares of the Company in issue as at the reporting date.

(b) 屬於上一年度,並於本年度內 已批准及派發的股息:

(b) Dividends attributable to the previous year, approved and paid during the year:

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|------|------|
| | | | |
| 已批准及派發2020年末期股息為每股6.9港仙 | 2020 final dividend approved | | |
| (2019年:每股4.4港仙) | and paid of 6.9 HK cents | | |
| | per share (2019: 4.4 HK | | |
| | cents per share) | 109 | 69 |

2020年末期股息乃按本公司於2021年6 月3日之已發行股份總數派付。 The payment for 2020 final dividend was based on the total number of issued shares of the Company on June 3, 2021.

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14. 現金及銀行結存

14. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|-----------------------------|--|-------|-------|
| 現金及現金等值 存款日起三個月以上到期之銀行存款 | Cash and cash equivalents Bank deposits with maturity over three months from date of | 1,004 | 1,194 |
| | deposits | 39 | 62 |
| | | 1,043 | 1,256 |

本集團以上之現金及銀行結存包括等值1.56 億港元(2020年:2.86億港元)之人民幣現金 及銀行結存。

本集團定期存款的實際利率為每年1.8% (2020年:2.2%),年末該等存款之平均到期 期限為多於一個月。

15 於損益賬按公允值處理之金融資產

Included in the cash and bank balances of the Group were cash and bank balances totaling HK\$156 million (2020: HK\$286 million) denominated in Renminbi.

The effective interest rate on bank deposits of the Group was 1.8% (2020: 2.2%) per annum; these deposits have an average maturity of more than 1 month as at year end.

15 FINANCIAL ASSET AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 優先股 Preference Shares | 遠期合約 Forward contract | 合計 Total |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| | | | | |
| 於2020年1月1日之期初之公允值 | Opening fair value at | | | |
| | January 1, 2020 | 28 | 200 | 228 |
| 出售 | Disposal | - | (200) | (200) |
| | | | | |
| 於2020年12月31日,2021年1月1日及 | Closing fair value at December | | | |
| 2021年12月31日之期末公允值 | 31, 2020, January 1, 2021 and | | | |
| | December 31, 2021 | 28 | - | 28 |
| 短期部分 | Current portion | - | _ | - |
| | | | | |
| 長期部分 | Non-current portion | 28 | - | 28 |

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

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15 於損益賬按公允值處理之金融資產 (續)

於2008年6月27日,本集團訂立買賣協議出售Placita Holdings Limited(「Placita」)21.0%權益。根據該協議,6,055,440股普通股代表本集團持有餘下30.0%已發行之股本總數被重新分類為6,055,440股Placita之優先股(「優先股」)。此外,本集團亦被授予優先股之認沽期權。

該優先股連同有關期權會於損益賬以公允值 估量。公允值已於去年末估值,及將於其後 之每年年末由獨立專業估值公司重新評估。

於2019年,本集團與一間主要往來銀行訂立一份遠期合約,金額約為2,600萬美元。該合同已於2020年1月7日結清。

於損益賬按公允值處理之金融資產之公允值 變動會於合併利潤表記錄為其他收入。

有關優先股於損益賬按公允值處理之金融資產公允值是根據貼現現金流,決定於對該投資的各項於不可觀察市場上取得的資料(不可觀察輸入),根據香港財務報告準則第13號的公允值的層級分類為第三級。

有關遠期合約的於損益賬按公允值處理之金融資產之公允值是根據市場所載之匯率釐定,根據香港財務報告準則第13號之公允值層級分類為第一級。

15 FINANCIAL ASSET AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (continued)

On June 27, 2008, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement to dispose of its 21.0% interest in Placita Holdings Limited ("Placita"). As part of the agreement, 6,055,440 ordinary shares representing the Group's remaining 30.0% of the total issued share capital of Placita were redesignated into 6,055,440 preference shares of Placita (the "Preference Shares"). Furthermore, the Group was granted a put option on the Preference Shares.

The Preference Shares and the related options are measured at FVPL. The fair value has been and will be re-assessed by an independent professional valuation firm at year end and the end of each subsequent period.

In 2019, the Group entered into a forward contract with a principal banker approximately USD26 million. The contract had been settled on January 7, 2020.

Changes in the fair values of financial asset at FVPL are recorded in other income in the consolidated income statement.

The fair value of the financial asset at FVPL in respect of Preference Shares are determined based on discounted cash flow, using inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs), which is categorized as Level 3 under the fair value hierarchy pursuant to HKFRS 13.

The fair value of the financial asset at FVPL in respect of forward contract is determined using its market exchange rate, which is categorized as Level 1 under the fair value hierarchy pursuant to HKFRS 13.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

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16. 應收賬款及其他應收款

16. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|-------------|--------------------------------|------|------|
| | | | |
| 應收賬款 | Trade receivables | 242 | 228 |
| 減:虧損撥備 | Less: Loss allowance | (45) | (60) |
| | | | |
| 應收賬款淨值 | Trade receivables, net | 197 | 168 |
| 其他應收款,包括訂金及 | Other receivables, including | | |
| 預付款項 | deposits and prepayments | 214 | 227 |
| | | | |
| 應收賬款及其他應收款 | Trade and other receivables | 411 | 395 |
| | | | |
| 按金及其他應收款 | Deposits and other receivables | 117 | 97 |

應收賬款主要來自加盟商、授權經營商及百 貨公司之零售收入。本集團在正常情況下給 予30至90日信貸期。應收賬款及其他應收款 之賬面值與其公允值相若。 Trade receivables mainly comprise amounts due from franchisees, licensees and retail proceeds due from department stores. The Group normally allows a credit period of 30–90 days. The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables are stated approximately at their fair values.

(a) 賬齡分析

從發票日計已扣除虧損撥備之賬齡分析 如下:

(a) Ageing analysis

Ageing analysis from the invoice date net of loss allowance is as follows:

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------|-------------------|------|------|
| | | | |
| 0至30日 | 0 - 30 days | 144 | 162 |
| 31至60日 | 31 - 60 days | 33 | 6 |
| 61至90日 | 61 - 90 days | 13 | _ |
| 逾90日 | Over 90 days | 7 | _ |
| | | | |
| | | 197 | 168 |

因本集團之顧客分散於世界各地,故有關應收賬款並無集中性之信貸風險。

There is no concentration of credit risk with respect to trade receivables as the Group has a large number of internationally dispersed customers.

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16. 應收賬款及其他應收款(續)

(a) 賬齡分析(續)

於2021年12月31日,逾期但並無減值 之應收賬款為3,700萬港元(2020年: 500萬港元)。而若干有關客戶在最近 並無壞賬記錄。根據到期日劃分之賬齡 分析如下:

16. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

(a) Ageing analysis (continued)

As at December 31, 2021, trade receivables of HK\$37 million (2020: HK\$5 million) were past due but not impaired. These relate to a number of customers for whom there has been no recent history of default. Their ageing analysis from the due date is as follows:

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------|-------------------|------|------|
| | | | |
| 0至30日 | 0 - 30 days | 21 | 5 |
| 逾30日 | Over 30 days | 16 | _ |
| | | | |
| | | 37 | 5 |

(b) 應收賬款的虧損撥備

應收賬款的虧損撥備,乃以撥備賬戶入 賬,除非本集團認為收回賬款的機會極 微,在此情況下,虧損撥備將直接在應 收賬款中撇銷。

本年內壞賬撥備之變動(包括特定及整 體虧損部分)如下:

(b) Loss allowance of trade receivables

Loss allowance in respect of trade receivables is recorded using an allowance account unless the Group is satisfied that recovery of the amount is remote, in which case the loss allowance is written off against trade receivables directly.

The movement in the allowance for doubtful debts during the year, including both specific and collective loss components, is as follows:

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------|---------------------------|------|------|
| | | | |
| 於1月1日 | At January 1 | 60 | 27 |
| 虧損撥備撥回 | Reversal of provision for | | |
| | loss allowance | (17) | _ |
| 本年撥備 | Provision for the year | 2 | 33 |
| | | | |
| 於12月31日 | At December 31 | 45 | 60 |

個別應收賬款之虧損撥備涉及出現財政困難的客戶,經管理層評估預期只可收回部份應收賬款,因此確認為特定壞賬撥備。本集團就欠款持有約700萬港元(2020年:800萬港元)抵押品。

(c) 包括在非流動其他應收款項中的有抵押及利息應收款為4,300萬港元,期限為2年並可由本集團酌情延長。

The individually loss allowance for receivables relate to customers that are in financial difficulties and management assesses that only a portion of the receivables is expected to be recovered. Consequently, specific allowances for doubtful debts were recognized. The Group holds a collateral amounted approximately of HK\$7 million (2020: HK\$8 million) over the balances.

(c) Included in non-current other receivables was an interest bearing and secured receivables of HK\$43 million with a term of 2 years and extension at the discretion of the Group.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

17. 存貨

17. INVENTORIES

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------|-------------------|------|------|
| | | | |
| 製成品 | Finished goods | 606 | 434 |

存貨值已確認為費用並記賬在銷售成本中為 14.51億港元(2020年:13.77億港元)。 The cost of inventories recognized as expense and included in cost of goods sold amounted to HK\$1,451 million (2020: HK\$1,377 million).

18. 租金預付款項

18. RENTAL PREPAYMENTS

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|--------------|-------------------------------|------|------|
| | | | |
| 於1月1日之賬面淨值 | Net book value at January 1 | 2 | 11 |
| 換算差額 | Translation difference | _ | (1) |
| 添置 | Additions | 4 | 1 |
| 出售 | Disposal | (2) | _ |
| 轉出 | Transfer out | _ | (5) |
| 本年度攤銷 | Amortization for the year | (1) | (4) |
| | | | |
| 於12月31日之賬面淨值 | Net book value at December 31 | 3 | 2 |

19. 於其他綜合收益按公允值處理之金融資產

19. FINANCIAL ASSET AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|----------------------------|---|------|------|
| 於1月1日之期初之公允值 | Opening fair value at January 1 | 3 | 5 |
| 公允值之變動轉入 於其他綜合收益按公允值處理之 | Change in fair value transferred to financial asset | | |
| 金融資產儲備 | at FVOCI reserve | 1 | (2) |
| 於12月31日之期末公允值 | Closing fair value at December 31 | 4 | 3 |

於2021年12月31日及2020年12月31日,於 其他綜合收益按公允值處理之金融資產指於 迅捷環球控股有限公司(「迅捷環球」)3.21% 之權益。該資產是以港元計值。迅捷環球從 事成衣製造業務,是本集團的主要供應商之 一。

於2021年12月31日,於其他綜合收益按公允 值處理之金融資產之公允值是根據聯交所所 載之股價釐定,根據香港財務報告準則第13 號之公允值層級分類為第一級。 As at December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, financial asset at FVOCI represented 3.21% interests in Speedy Global Holdings Limited ("Speedy") and are denominated in Hong Kong dollars. Speedy is engaged in garment manufacturing business and is one of the key suppliers of the Group.

As at December 31, 2021, the fair value of the financial asset at FVOCI is determined using its quoted price on the Stock Exchange, which is categorized as Level 1 under the fair value hierarchy pursuant to HKFRS 13.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

20. 一間合營公司權益

20. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE

下文載列之合營公司之股本全為普通股股份,非上市合營公司之資料如下:

The joint venture listed below has share capital consisting solely of ordinary shares, particulars of the unlisted joint venture is as follows:

| 合營公司名稱 Name of joint venture | 成立及經營地點 Place of incorporation and operation | Percer | 百分比率 itage of holding | 已發行及全數繳足 或註冊 Issued and r paid share capita registered cap | 資本 fully | activities |
|------------------------------------|---|--------|--|--|-------------|--------------------------------|
| | | 2021 | 2020 | | | |
| Giordano Corporation Limited* | 大韓民國 Republic of Korea | 48.5 | 48.5 | 5,150,000,000 KRW5,150,000 | | 服裝及配襯用品 pparel and pries |
| * 一家間接持有之合營公司 | <u> </u> | * | A joint venture | held indirectly | | |
| 附註: 於2020年8月,本集團 之全部49.0%股權,現金 | | Note: | 0 , | 20, the Group disposed terprises Limited for a ca | | ' ' |
| (以百萬港元為單位) | | (In H | K\$ million) | | 2021 | 2020 |
| 於1月1日 應佔溢利 已收合營公司股息 | | Shar | anuary 1 e of profit lends receive | ed from joint | 549 41 | 538 39 |

ventures

At December 31

Translation difference

(34)

(43)

513

(54)

26

549

換算差額

於12月31日

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

20. 一間合營公司權益(續) 合營公司之財務資料摘錄

下文載列合營公司之財務資料摘錄。

20. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE (continued) Summarized financial information for joint

ventures

Set out below is the summarized financial information for joint ventures

資產負債表摘錄

Summarized balance sheet

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------|---------------------------|------------|------------|
| | | | |
| 流動 | Current | | |
| 現金及現金等值結存 | Cash and cash equivalents | 51 | 76 |
| 其他流動資產 | Other current assets | 739 | 864 |
| | | | |
| 流動資產總額 | Total current assets | 790 | 940 |
| | | | |
| 其他流動負債 | Other current liabilities | (159) | (178) |
| | | | |
| 流動負債總額 | Total current liabilities | (159) | (178) |
| | | | |
| 非流動 | Non-current | | |
| 資產 | Assets | 494 | 492 |
| 負債 | Liabilities | (69) | (122) |
| | | | |
| 資產淨值 | Net assets | 1,056 | 1,132 |
| 綜合收益表摘錄 | Summarized statement of c | omprehensi | ive income |
| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------|-----------------------------------|---------|-------|
| | | | |
| 收益 | Revenue | 1,234 | 1,157 |
| 折舊及攤銷 | Depreciation and amortization | (112) | (114) |
| 費用 | Expense | (1,011) | (937) |
| | | | |
| 除所得税前溢利 | Profit before income taxes | 111 | 106 |
| 所得税 | Income taxes | (26) | (26) |
| | | | |
| 除所得税後溢利 | Profit after income taxes | 85 | 80 |
| 其他綜合收益 | Other comprehensive income | (91) | 54 |
| | | | |
| 總綜合(虧損)收益 | Total comprehensive (loss) income | (6) | 134 |

132

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

20. 一間合營公司權益(續) 財務資料摘錄調節表

合營公司賬面價值之財務資料摘錄調節表。

20. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE (continued) Reconciliation of summarized financial information

Reconciliation of the summarized financial information presented to the carrying amount of the interest in joint ventures.

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------|--------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| | | | |
| 1月1日資產淨值 | Opening net assets at January 1 | 1,132 | 1,108 |
| 本年度溢利 | Profit for the year | 85 | 80 |
| 股息 | Dividends | (70) | (110) |
| 換算差額 | Translation difference | (91) | 54 |
| | | | |
| 12月31日資產淨值 | Closing net assets at December 31 | 1,056 | 1,132 |
| | | | |
| 應佔一間合營公司權益 | Share of interest in a joint venture | 513 | 549 |
| | | | |
| 租賃承擔 | Lease commitments | - | 5 |

本集團所持有之一間合營公司之權益並沒有 涉及任何或然負債及資本承擔,而該一間合 營公司本身亦無重大或然負債及資本承擔。 There are no material contingent liabilities and capital commitments relating to the Group's interest in a joint venture, and the joint venture have no contingent liabilities and capital commitments themselves.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

21. 投資物業

本集團持有物業作長期收租。

21. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The Group had properties which held for long-term rental yields.

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|--------------|-------------------------------|------|------|
| | | | |
| 成本值 | Cost | | |
| 於1月1日 | At January 1 | 64 | 60 |
| 換算差額 | Translation difference | 2 | 4 |
| | | | |
| 於12月31日 | At December 31 | 66 | 64 |
| | | | |
| 累積折舊 | Accumulated depreciation | | |
| 於1月1日 | At January 1 | 41 | 37 |
| 換算差額 | Translation difference | 1 | 2 |
| 折舊 | Depreciation | 2 | 2 |
| | | | |
| 於12月31日 | At December 31 | 44 | 41 |
| | | | |
| 於12月31日之賬面淨值 | Net book value at December 31 | 22 | 23 |

The fair value of the investment properties at December 31, 2021 was assessed by an independent professional valuation firm. Valuation was based on income capitalization method which is based on the capitalization of the net income and reversionary income potential by adopting appropriate capitalization rates, which are derived from analysis of sale transactions and valuers' interpretation of prevailing investor requirements or expectations. The prevailing market rents adopted in the valuation have reference to recent lettings, within the subject properties and other comparable properties. The total fair value of the properties, including leasehold land and the building portion, was HK\$34 million (2020: HK\$35 million) as at December 31, 2021. In the consolidated income statement, rental income relating to investment properties of HK\$4.1 million (2020: HK\$3.3 million) was included.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

21. 投資物業(續)

於估計物業之公允值時,以物業之最高及最 佳用途作為其現時用途。

上述投資物業按直線法按以下年率折舊:

和賃十地 和賃期限

樓宇 租賃期限或不多於50年

(以較短者為準)

投資物業之賬面淨值分析如下:

21. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.

The above investment properties are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold Land Over the term of the lease

Buildings Over the shorter of the term of the lease or no

more than 50 years.

The net book value of the investment properties is analyzed as

follows:

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ millions) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------|----------------------------------|------|------|
| | | | |
| 在香港以外持有 | Outside Hong Kong, held on lease | | |
| 10年至50年租約 | of between 10 and 50 years | 22 | 23 |

投資物業的公允值所根據的數據乃基於不可 觀察市場上取得的資料(不可觀察輸入),根 據香港財務報告準則第13號的公允值的層級 分類為第三級。 The fair value of the investment properties was based on inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs), which is categorized as Level 3 under the fair value hierarchy pursuant to HKFRS 13.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

22. 物業、機器及設備

22. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

| | | 永久業權 之土地 | | | 租賃物業 裝修、傢俬及 辦公室設備 | | |
|---|----------------------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------------|----------|-------|
| | | 及樓宇 | | | Leasehold | | |
| | | Freehold | | 機器及設備 | improvements, | 汽車 | |
| | | land & | 樓宇 | Plant & | furniture & office | Motor | 合計 |
| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | buildings | Buildings | equipment | equipment | vehicles | Total |
| | | | | | | | |
| 成本值 | Cost | | | | | | |
| 於2021年1月1日 | At January 1, 2021 | 58 | 12 | 50 | 1,059 | 20 | 1,199 |
| 換算差額 | Translation difference | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | 2 |
| 添置 | Additions | - | - | 1 | 40 | 1 | 42 |
| 出售 | Disposals | - | - | - | (56) | (4) | (60) |
| | | | | | | | |
| 於2021年12月31日 | At December 31, 2021 | 59 | 12 | 51 | 1,044 | 17 | 1,183 |
| | | | | | | | |
| 累積折舊及減值 | Accumulated depreciation | | | | | | |
| | and impairment | | | | | | |
| 於2021年1月1日 | At January 1, 2021 | 18 | 4 | 49 | 981 | 17 | 1,069 |
| 換算差額 | Translation difference | - | - | 1 | 1 | - | 2 |
| 減值 | Impairment | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| 本年度折舊 | Depreciation charge for the year | - | 1 | - | 48 | 1 | 50 |
| 出售 | Disposals | - | - | - | (54) | (4) | (58) |
| | | | | | | | |
| 於2021年12月31日 | At December 31, 2021 | 18 | 5 | 50 | 977 | 14 | 1,064 |
| | | | | | | | |
| 於2021年12月31日 | Net book value at | | | | | | |
| 之賬面淨值 ———————————————————————————————————— | December 31, 2021 | 41 | 7 | 1 | 67 | 3 | 119 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

22. 物業、機器及設備(續)

22. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

| | | | | | 租賃物業 | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| | | 永久業權 | | | 裝修、傢俬及 | | |
| | | 之土地 | | | 辦公室設備 | | |
| | | 及樓宇 | | | Leasehold | | |
| | | Freehold | | 機器及設備 | improvements, | 汽車 | |
| | | land & | 樓宇 | Plant & | furniture & office | Motor | 合計 |
| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | buildings | Buildings | equipment | equipment | vehicles | Total |
| 成本值 | Cost | | | | | | |
| 於2020年1月1日 | At January 1, 2020 | 56 | 12 | 50 | 1,113 | 21 | 1,252 |
| 換算差額 | Translation difference | 2 | _ | 1 | 29 | _ | 32 |
| 添置 | Additions | _ | _ | _ | 30 | _ | 30 |
| 出售 | Disposals | _ | _ | (1) | (113) | (1) | (115) |
| 於2020年12月31日 | At December 31, 2020 | 58 | 12 | 50 | 1,059 | 20 | 1,199 |
| | , | | | | ,,,,, | | , |
| 累積折舊及減值 | Accumulated depreciation and | | | | | | |
| ₩0000/54 84 8 | impairment | 40 | 0 | 10 | 000 | 47 | 1 001 |
| 於2020年1月1日 | At January 1, 2020 | 16 | 3 | 49 | 996 | 17 | 1,081 |
| 換算差額 | Translation difference | 1 | - | 1 | 30 | - | 32 |
| 減值 | Impairment | - | - | - | 8 | - | 8 |
| 減值撥回 | Reversal of impairment | - | - | - | (3) | - | (3) |
| 本年度折舊 | Depreciation charge for the year | 1 | 1 | - | 62 | 1 | 65 |
| 出售 | Disposals | | - | (1) | (112) | (1) | (114) |
| 於2020年12月31日 | At December 31, 2020 | 18 | 4 | 49 | 981 | 17 | 1,069 |
| 於 2020 年1 2 月31日之 | Net book value at | | | | | | |
| 版面淨值 | December 31, 2020 | 40 | 8 | 1 | 78 | 3 | 130 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

23. 使用權資產及租賃負債

23. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES

資產負債表呈列以下對租賃相關的金額:

The balance sheet shows the following amounts relating to leases:

| 使用權資產: (以百萬港元為單位) | Right-of-use assets (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| (1) | | | |
| 成本值 | Cost | | |
| 於1月1日 | At January 1 | 1,910 | 1,908 |
| 換算差額 | Translation difference | (4) | 22 |
| 轉入 | Transfer in | - | 5 |
| 增加 | Additions | 124 | 134 |
| 租賃修改 | Lease modifications | 186 | 5 |
| 出售 | Disposals | (227) | (164) |
| щн | Διοροσαίο | (ZZI) | (104) |
| 於12月31日 | At December 31 | 1,989 | 1,910 |
| | | | |
| 累積折舊 | Accumulated depreciation | | |
| 及減值 | and impairment | | |
| 於1月1日 | At January 1 | 1,088 | 629 |
| 換算差額 | Translation difference | (2) | 16 |
| 減值 | Impairment | 13 | 79 |
| 減值沖銷 | Reversal of impairment | (11) | (14) |
| 本年度折舊 | Depreciation charge for the year | 442 | 542 |
| 出售 | Disposals | (227) | (164) |
| | | , , | |
| 於12月31日 | At December 31 | 1,303 | 1,088 |
| 於12月31日之賬面淨值 | Net book value at December 31 | 686 | 822 |
| 7/1=/301H ~ //KH4/3-IE | | | |
| | | 2021 | 2020 |
| 和任 名 | Lease liabilities: | | |
| 租賃負債: | | 007 | 407 |
| 流動 | Current | 337 | 427 |
| 非流動 | Non-current | 300 | 340 |
| | | | |
| | | 637 | 767 |

租賃的現金流出總額為6.75億港元(2020年: 7.44億港元)。

The total cash outflow for leases was HK\$675 million (2020: HK\$744 million)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

23. 使用權資產及租賃負債(續)

本集團租賃各種辦公室、租賃土地、倉庫、 零售商鋪和設備。租賃合同一般固定為1年至 50年。

租賃條款是根據個別情況協商確定的,當中 包含不同的條款和條件。除了出租人持有的 租賃資產中的擔保權益外,租賃協議不施加 任何其他條款。租賃資產不得用作借貸擔保。

部分物業租賃包含與門市所產生銷售額掛勾之可變付款條款。對於個別門市,最高可為100%的租賃付款是基於可變租賃付款條款釐定,百分比範圍為銷售額的10.0%-27.5%(2020年:8.0%-30.5%)。使用可變付款條款的原因有多種,包括可減低新設門市的固定成本。根據銷售額釐定的可變租賃付款,若符合該等付款條件將於期內在損益賬予以確認。

本集團的多項物業租賃包含延期及終止選擇權。該等條款乃用於盡量提高管理本集團資產方面的經營靈活性。所持有的大部份延期及終止選擇權僅可由本集團行使,而不得由有關出租人行使。

23. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

The Group leases various properties, including offices, leasehold land, warehouses and retail stores. Rental contracts are made for periods of 1 to 50 years.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Some property leases contain variable payment terms that are linked to sales generated from a store. For individual stores, up to 100% of lease payments are on the basis of variable payment terms with percentages ranging from 10.0% to 27.5% (2020: 8.0% to 30.5%) of sales. Variable payment terms are used for a variety of reasons, including minimizing the fixed costs base for newly established stores. Variable lease payments that depend on sales are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which the condition that triggers those payments occurs.

Extension and termination options are included in a number of property leases across the Group. These are used to maximize operational flexibility in terms of managing the assets used in the Group's operations. The majority of extension and termination options held are exercisable only by the Group and not by the respective lessor.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

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24. 商譽

24. GOODWILL

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|------|
| λ.4. □ 4. □ | At January 1 | E 4.4 | 546 |
| 於1月1日 減值 | At January 1 Impairment | 541 - | (5) |
| | | | |
| 於12月31日 | At December 31 | 541 | 541 |

商譽減值測試

截至2020年12月31日止年度,由於印度的直營業務停止,商譽減值500萬港元已在合併利潤表中確認。

海灣阿拉伯國家合作委員會地區的商譽已分 配至海灣阿拉伯國家合作委員會營運分部, 單元乃指在主體內商譽被監控作內部管理用 徐的最底層次商譽。商譽之可收回金額乃 按使用公允值減出售成本計算,所使用作公 允價值估計的輸入可能包括非可觀察的市 場數據(第三級一見附註3(c))。該項計算方 法以管理層批准之5年財務預算以計算税前 現金流量。管理層根據過往海灣阿拉伯國家 合作委員會業務及其對市場發展之預期來釐 定預算。於海灣阿拉伯國家合作委員會,在 預估期間,預估加權平均年銷售增長率為 5.7%(2020年:12.0%)。5年期間以後之現 金流量,按估計終端增長率每年3%(2020 年:3%)估算。於阿拉伯聯合酋長國(「阿聯 酋」),作為免税區所使用之税前貼現率為 9.8%(2020年:10.3%),其他海灣阿拉伯國 家合作委員會地區所使用之税前貼現率範圍 為10.5%至11.5%(2020年:11.5%至12.9%) 及已反映有關經營分部之特定風險。

Impairment test for goodwill

During the year ended December 31, 2020, goodwill impairment of HK\$ 5 million has been recognized in the consolidated income statement due to the cessation of direct-operated business in India.

The GCC goodwill has been allocated to the GCC operating segment, which represents the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored internally. The recoverable amount of goodwill is determined based on fair value less costs of disposal, using inputs for the fair value estimation that may include unobservable market data (Level 3 - see Note 3(c)). These calculations use pretax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. Management determines the financial budgets of the GCC business based on past performance and its expectations of market development. The weighted average annual sales growth rate in the forecast period is estimated to be 5.7% (2020: 12.0%). Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using the estimated terminal growth rate of 3% (2020: 3%) per annum. The pre-tax discount rate used for United Arab Emirates ("UAE") as a tax-free zone is 9.8% (2020: 10.3%) while other GCC region use pre-tax discount rates ranging from 10.5% to 11.5% (2020: 11.5% to 12.9%) which reflect specific risks relating to the current market assessment of risks specific to such assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

24. 商譽(續)

董事認為於2021年及2020年12月31日海灣阿拉伯國家合作委員會地區並無商譽減值。

本集團履行對商譽年度減值測試的關鍵假設進行敏感性分析。用於商譽減值測試之關鍵假設的適度變動將不會使海灣阿拉伯國家合作委員會地區之現金產出單元之賬面金額超過其可收回金額。假若海灣阿拉伯國家合作委員會地區的預估年銷售增長率降低2.6個百分點(2020年:1.0個百分點)或稅前貼現率提高4.0個百分點(2020年:1.6個百分點),以上改變單獨發生,則可收回金額將與賬面金額相若。

25. 股本

24. GOODWILL (continued)

The Directors are of the opinion that there was no impairment of the GCC goodwill as at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

The Group has performed a sensitivity analysis on key assumptions used for the annual impairment test for the GCC goodwill. A reasonably possible change in key assumptions used in the impairment test for goodwill would not cause any of the carrying amount of the GCC CGUs to exceed its respective recoverable amount. If the GCC's forecasted annual sales growth rate had been lower by 2.6 percentage points (2020: 1.0 percentage points), or the pre-tax discount rate had been higher by 4.0 percentage points (2020: 1.6 percentage points) with all changes taken in isolation, the recoverable amount would approximate its carrying amount.

25. SHARE CAPITAL

| | | 股份數目 | 股本 |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------|
| | (In HK\$ million, except number | Number of | Share |
| (除股份數目外,以百萬港元為單位) | of shares) | shares | capital |
| | | | |
| 法定每股面值5港仙之普通股: | Authorized ordinary shares | | |
| | of HK\$0.05 each: | | |
| 於2020年1月1日、 | At January 1, 2020, | | |
| 2020年12月31日、 | December 31, 2020, | | |
| 2021年1月1日及 | January 1, 2021, | | |
| 2021年12月31日 | December 31, 2021 | 2,000,000,000 | 100 |
| | | | |
| 已發行及全數繳足: | Issued and fully paid: | | |
| 於2020年1月1日 | At January 1, 2020 | 1,578,500,518 | 79 |
| 年內購回及註銷之股份 | Share repurchased and | | |
| | cancelled during the year | (870,000) | _ |
| 於2020年12月31日及 | At December 31, 2020 and | | |
| 2021年1月1日 | January 1, 2021 | 1,577,630,518 | 79 |
| 因行使購股權而發行之股份 | Issue of shares pursuant to | 1,377,000,510 | 19 |
| 四1] 使期权惟川强1] 乙炔切 | | 4 000 000 | |
| | exercise of share options | 1,306,000 | |
| 於2021年12月31日 | At December 31, 2021 | 1,578,936,518 | 79 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

25. 股本(續)

(a) 發行股份

根據本公司之購股權計劃,本公司已向 購股權持有人(已於年內行使其購股權 之權利)發行1,306,000股(2020:無)新 普通股,每股面值5港仙。年內未獲行 使之購股權數目變動載於本年報第160 頁至168頁標題為「購股權計劃」內。

本公司發行之所有新普通股與本公司當 時之現有股份在各方面均享有同等權 益。

(b) 購股權資料

「購股權計劃」之摘要及本公司購股權於本年度內之變動詳情載於本年報第160頁至168頁。

(c) 購回股份

截至2021年12月31日止年度,本公司 沒有於聯交所購回其普通股股份。

截至2020年12月31日止年度,根據本公司股東向董事會授出的一般授權,本公司已於聯交所購回合共870,000股本公司普通股股份,總代價為100萬港元,該等已購回股份其後已註銷及本公司已發行股本已按該等股份之面值削減。

就購回已付及應付之溢價已計入本公司 之滾存溢利。相同於已註銷股份面值 之款額已由滾存溢利轉撥至資本贖回儲 備。

(d) 一間合營公司所持有的股份

於2021年12月31日,一間合營公司持有本公司1,800,000普通股股份(2020年:1,800,000普通股股份)。

25. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

(a) Issue of shares

Pursuant to the share option schemes of the Company, the Company issued 1,306,000 (2020: Nil) new ordinary shares of HK\$0.05 each in the capital of the Company to option-holders who exercised their rights attached to share options during the year. Movements in the number of the outstanding share options during the year is set out on pages 160 to 168 under the heading "SHARE OPTION SCHEMES" of this annual report.

All the new ordinary shares issued by the Company ranked *pari passu* with the then existing shares of the Company in all respects.

(b) Share option information

Summary of the "SHARE OPTION SCHEMES" and details of the movement in share options of the Company during the year are set out on pages 160 to 168 of this annual report.

(c) Repurchase of shares

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company did not repurchase its ordinary shares on the Stock Exchange.

During the year ended December 31, 2020, pursuant to the general mandate granted by the shareholders of the Company to the Board, the Company repurchased a total of 870,000 of its ordinary shares on the Stock Exchange at a total consideration of HK\$1 million, these repurchased shares were subsequently cancelled and the issued share capital of the Company was reduced by the nominal value of the cancelled shares accordingly.

The premium paid and payable on repurchase was charged against the retained profits of the Company. An amount equivalent to the nominal value of the shares cancelled was transferred from retained profits to the capital redemption reserve.

(d) Shares held by a joint venture

As at December 31, 2021, 1,800,000 ordinary shares (2020: 1,800,000 ordinary shares) were held by a joint venture.

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

26. 重大非控制性權益

截至2021年12月31止之非控股權益總額為1.61億港元(2020年:1.61億港元),其中PT. Giordano Indonesia(「Giordano Indonesia」)佔1.46億港元(2020年:1.45億港元),而Textile and Garments Co. Ltd.(「Giordano KSA」)佔1,500萬港元(2020年:1,100萬港元)。其他公司之非控股權益不重大。

於2020年7月17日,間接非全資附屬公司 與我們附屬公司Giordano Indonesia的非控 股股東簽訂了收購協議,以收購Giordano Indonesia全部已發行股份的15%,總代價 為400萬新加坡元,相當於約2,300萬港元。 完成後,本集團將擁有Giordano Indonesia 52.06%的股份,並將繼續作為本公司的間接 非全資附屬公司,其財務業績將繼續合併到 本集團的財務報表中。

該次收購被視作已於2020年7月完成交易。

資產負債表摘錄

26. MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

The total non-controlling interests as at December 31, 2021 are HK\$161 million (2020: HK\$161 million), of which HK\$146 million (2020: HK\$145 million) is for PT. Giordano Indonesia ("Giordano Indonesia") and HK\$15 million (2020: HK\$11 million) is for Textile and Garments Co. Ltd. ("Giordano KSA"). The non-controlling interests in respect of the rest of the companies are not material.

On July 17, 2020, the indirectly non-wholly owned subsidiary entered into the acquisition agreement with the non-controlling shareholder of our subsidiary, Giordano Indonesia to acquire 15% of the entire issued share of Giordano Indonesia, for a total consideration of SGD4 million, equivalent to approximately HK\$23 million. Upon completion, the Group will own Giordano Indonesia as to 52.06% and will remain as an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company and its financial results will continue to be consolidated into the financial statements of the Group.

The acquisition is deemed to have been completed in July 2020.

Summarized balance sheet

| | | Giordano Indonesia | | Giordano KSA | |
|------------|------------------------------|--------------------|------|--------------|------|
| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | | | | |
| 流動 | Current | | | | |
| 資產 | Assets | 322 | 280 | 101 | 100 |
| 負債 | Liabilities | (109) | (46) | (53) | (72) |
| | | | | | |
| 流動淨資產總額 | Total current net assets | 213 | 234 | 48 | 28 |
| | | | | | |
| 非流動 | Non-current | | | | |
| 資產 | Assets | 140 | 155 | 51 | 56 |
| 負債 | Liabilities | (40) | (87) | (5) | (8) |
| | | | | | |
| 非流動淨資產總額 | Total non-current net assets | 100 | 68 | 46 | 48 |
| | | | | | |
| 淨資產 | Net assets | 313 | 302 | 94 | 76 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

26. 重大非控制性權益(續)

26. MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST (continued)

綜合收益表摘錄

Summarized statement of comprehensive income

| | | Giordano | Indonesia | Giorda | no KSA |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|----------|-----------|--------|--------|
| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | | | | |
| 收入 | Revenue | 516 | 380 | 249 | 205 |
| 除所得税前溢利(虧損) | Profit (loss) before income taxes | 85 | 9 | 17 | (8) |
| 所得税 | Income taxes | (17) | 1 | (3) | _ |
| | | | | | |
| 除所得税後溢利(虧損) | Profit (loss) after income taxes | 68 | 10 | 14 | (8) |
| 其他綜合收益 | Other comprehensive income | (3) | (4) | - | (1) |
| | | | | | |
| 總綜合收益(虧損) | Total comprehensive income | | | | |
| | (loss) | 65 | 6 | 14 | (9) |
| | | | | | |
| 非控制性權益總綜合收益 | Total comprehensive income | | | | |
| (虧損) | (loss) allocated to non- | | | | |
| | controlling interests | 33 | 6 | 4 | (1) |
| 非控制性權益已付股息 | Dividends paid to non-controlling | | | | |
| | interests | 32 | _ | _ | 5 |

現金流量表摘錄

Summarized cash flows

| | | Giordano | Indonesia | Giorda | no KSA |
|----------------|---------------------------------|----------|-----------|--------|--------|
| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | | | | |
| 經營業務之現金流入淨額 | Net cash inflow from | | | | |
| | operating activities | 169 | 78 | 69 | 40 |
| 投資業務之現金(流出)流入 | Net cash (outflow) inflow from | | | | |
| 淨額 | investing activities | (100) | 3 | (11) | (20) |
| 融資業務之現金流出淨額 | Net cash outflow from | | | | |
| | financing activities | (69) | (38) | (60) | (15) |
| | | | | | |
| 現金及現金等值之(減少)增加 | (Decrease) increase in cash and | | | | |
| | cash equivalents | - | 43 | (2) | 5 |
| 於1月1日之現金及 | Cash and cash equivalents at | | | | |
| 現金等值結存 | January 1 | 133 | 91 | 50 | 46 |
| 外幣匯率變動之影響 | Effect of foreign exchange rate | | | | |
| | changes | (1) | (1) | 1 | (1) |
| | | | | | |
| 於12月31日之現金及 | Cash and cash equivalents at | | | | |
| 現金等值結存 | December 31 | 132 | 133 | 49 | 50 |

上述資料為未計集團公司之間對銷前的金額。

The information above is the amount before inter-company eliminations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

27 公司資產負債表及權益變動表

27 BALANCE SHEET AND EQUITY MOVEMENTS OF THE COMPANY

公司資產負債表

Balance sheet of the Company

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|---|---|---|
| 資產 | ASSETS | | |
| 流動資產 現金及銀行結存 應收賬款及其他應收款 應收所得稅 應收附屬公司款項 | Current assets Cash and bank balances Trade and other receivables Income tax receivable Amounts due from subsidiaries | 118 15 - 1,887 | 253 5 2 1,821 |
| | | 2,020 | 2,081 |
| 非流動資產 於損益賬按公允值處理之 金融資產 使用權資產 應收附屬公司款項 附屬公司權益 | Non-current assets Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss Right-of-use assets Amounts due from subsidiaries Interest in subsidiaries | 28 93 157 816 | 28 99 184 816 |
| | | 1,094 | 1,127 |
| 資產總額 | Total assets | 3,114 | 3,208 |
| > | 1 7 101 107 7 7 | -, | |
| 負債及權益 | LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | 2,111 | , |
| | Current liabilities Trade and other payables Amounts due to subsidiaries | 7 1,488 | 6 1,567 |
| 負債及權益 流動負債 應付賬款及其他應付款 | Current liabilities Trade and other payables | 7 | 6 |
| 負債及權益 流動負債 應付賬款及其他應付款 應付附屬公司款項 | Current liabilities Trade and other payables Amounts due to subsidiaries | 7 1,488 | 6 1,567 |
| 負債及權益 流動負債 應付賬款及其他應付款 應付附屬公司款項 負債總額 股本及儲備 股本 | Current liabilities Trade and other payables Amounts due to subsidiaries Total liabilities Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves | 7 1,488 1,495 79 1,382 | 6 1,567 1,573 79 1,447 |
| 負債及權益 流動負債 應付限款及其他應付款 應付附屬公司款項 負債總額 股本及儲備 股本 儲備 擬派股息 | Current liabilities Trade and other payables Amounts due to subsidiaries Total liabilities Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves Proposed dividends | 7 1,488 1,495 79 1,382 158 | 6 1,567 1,573 79 1,447 109 |
| 負債及權益 流動負債 應付賬款及其他應付款 應付附屬公司款項 負債總額 股本及儲備 股本儲備 擬派股息 權益總額 | Current liabilities Trade and other payables Amounts due to subsidiaries Total liabilities Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves Proposed dividends Total equity | 7 1,488 1,495 79 1,382 158 | 6 1,567 1,573 79 1,447 109 |

劉國權 LAU Kwok Kuen, Peter

CHAN Ka Wai

董事 Director 董事 Director

陳嘉緯

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

27 公司資產負債表及權益變動表(續) 27 BALANCE SHEET AND EQUITY MOVEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (continued)

公司權益變動表

Equity movements of the Company

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 股本 Share capital | 繳入盈餘 Contributed surplus | 資本 贖回儲備 Capital redemption reserve | 股份溢價 Share premium | 購股權 儲備 Share options reserve | (累計虧損) 滾存溢利 (Accumulated losses) retained profits | 權益總額 Total equity |
|---|---|------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------|--|--|-------------------------|
| 於2021年1月1日 | At January 1, 2021 | 79 | 540 | 3 | 978 | 24 | 11 | 1,635 |
| 本年度溢利 | Profit for the year | - | - | - | - | - | 187 | 187 |
| 總綜合收益 | Total comprehensive income | - | - | | - | - | 187 | 187 |
| 儲備間撥轉 購股權計劃 | Transfer among reserves Share option schemes | - | - | - | - | (7) | 7 | - |
| 一購股權費用 一因行使購股權而發行 | Share option expenseShare issue upon exercise of share | - | - | - | - 2 | 7 - | - | 7 2 |
| 之股份 2020年末期股息 <i>(附註13(b))</i> 2021年中期股息 <i>(附註13(a))</i> | options 2020 final dividend <i>(Note 13(b))</i> 2021 interim dividend <i>(Note 13(a))</i> | - | - | - | - | - | (109) (103) | (109) (103) |
| | | - | - | - | 2 | - | (205) | (203) |
| 於2021年12月31日 | At December 31, 2021 | 79 | 540 | 3 | 980 | 24 | (7) | 1,619 |

2020年之比較數字如下:

The comparative figures for 2020 are set out as follows:

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 股本 Share capital | 缴入盈餘 Contributed surplus | 資本 贖回儲備 Capital redemption reserve | 股份溢價 Share premium | 購股權 儲備 Share options reserve | 滾存溢利 (累計虧損) Retained profits (accumulated losses) | 權益總額 Total equity |
|-----------------------------|--|------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------|--|--|-------------------------|
| 於2020年1月1日 | At January 1, 2020 | 79 | 540 | 3 | 978 | 20 | (383) | 1,237 |
| 本年度溢利 | Profit for the year | - | - | - | - | - | 511 | 511 |
| 總綜合收益 | Total comprehensive income | - | - | _ | - | - | 511 | 511 |
| 儲備間撥轉 購股權計劃 | Transfer among reserves Share option schemes | - | - | - | - | (1) | 1 | - |
| 一購股權費用 | - Share option expense | _ | _ | _ | _ | 5 | _ | 5 |
| 2019年末期股息 <i>(附註13(b))</i> | 2019 final dividend (Note 13(b)) | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | (69) | (69) |
| 2020年中期股息(<i>附註13(a)</i>) | 2020 interim dividend (Note 13(a)) | _ | - | _ | - | - | (49) | (49) |
| | | _ | - | _ | - | 4 | (117) | (113) |
| 於2020年12月31日 | At December 31, 2020 | 79 | 540 | 3 | 978 | 24 | 11 | 1,635 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

28. 儲備

28. RESERVES

於2021年及2020年12月31日,本集團之儲備分析如下:

The reserves of the Group as at December 31, 2021 and 2020 are analyzed as follows:

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|-------|
| | | | |
| 繳入盈餘 | Contributed surplus | 383 | 383 |
| 資本贖回儲備 | Capital redemption reserve | 3 | 3 |
| 股份溢價 | Share premium | 980 | 978 |
| 購股權儲備 | Share options reserve | 24 | 24 |
| 匯兑儲備 | Exchange reserve | (21) | 9 |
| 其他儲備 | Other reserves | 115 | 141 |
| 於其他綜合收益按公允值處理之 | Financial asset at fair value | | |
| 金融資產儲備 | through other comprehensive | | |
| | income reserve | (5) | (6) |
| 滾存溢利 | Retained profits | 844 | 859 |
| | | | 0.004 |
| | 5 | 2,323 | 2,391 |
| 擬派末期股息(<i>附註13(a))</i> | Proposed final dividends | | |
| | (Note 13(a)) | (158) | (109) |
| | | | |
| 儲備總額 | Total reserves | 2,165 | 2,282 |

本集團之繳入盈餘乃指因集團重組而產生之 進賬額,而集團重組乃根據於1995年5月29 日完成之協議計劃而進行。根據百慕達1981 年公司法(經修訂),繳入盈餘可分派予股東。

其他儲備之主要項目詳情如下:

- (a) 根據中國大陸有關法律及財務法規,中國大陸之附屬公司之法定儲備基金可用於彌補往年虧損(如有)及用以增加該等附屬公司之資本額。
- (b) 根據韓國稅務獎勵限制法例及韓國商業 準則,大韓民國之合營公司之法定儲備 基金及其他儲備只可以用作抵銷未來虧 損或轉作資本,而不可用作現金股息派 發。
- (c) 根據阿聯酋商業公司法例,阿聯酋之附屬公司之法定儲備基金,除聯邦法規定外,不可作分配之用。
- (d) 授出認沽期權之確認財務負債8,100萬 港元(2020年:8,100萬港元)(附註31)。

The contributed surplus of the Group represents a credit arising from a group reorganization pursuant to a scheme of arrangement which was completed on May 29, 1995. Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus is distributable to the shareholders.

Details of the main items in other reserves are as follows:

- (a) According to the relevant laws and financial regulations, the statutory reserve funds of the subsidiaries in Mainland China are used to make up prior years' losses, if any, and to increase the capital of the subsidiaries.
- (b) In accordance with the Korean Tax Incentive Limitation Law and Korean Commercial Code, the statutory reserve fund and other reserves of the joint venture in the Republic of Korea may only be used to offset a future deficit or be transferred to capital stock, but not for cash dividends.
- (c) According to the UAE Commercial Companies Law, the statutory reserve fund of the subsidiary in the UAE is not available for distribution except as provided in the Federal Law.
- (d) Put option financial liability recognized of HK\$81 million (2020: HK\$81 million) (Note 31).

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29. 銀行貸款

29. BANK LOANS

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|---------------|------------------------------------|------|------|
| | | | |
| 銀行貸款包括以下各項: | Bank loans comprise the following: | | |
| 短期銀行貸款 | Short-term, unsecured | 68 | 52 |
| 長期銀行貸款 | Long-term, unsecured | 100 | 100 |
| | | | |
| | | 168 | 152 |
| | | | |
| 銀行貸款須於下列期間償還: | The bank loans are repayable | | |
| | as follows: | | |
| 即期或一年內 | On demand or within one year | 68 | 52 |
| 兩年至五年內 | Between two to five years | 100 | 100 |
| | | | |
| | | 168 | 152 |

本集團之銀行貸款以下列貨幣計值:

The Group's bank loans are denominated in the following currencies:

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------|---------------------------------------|------|------|
| | | | |
| -港元 | Hong Kong dollar | 140 | 140 |
| 一新加坡元 | Singapore dollar | 11 | 12 |
| 一新台幣 | New Taiwan dollar | 17 | _ |
| | | | |
| | | 168 | 152 |

於2021年12月31日,本集團之銀行貸款的實 際利率為1.1%(2020年: 1.6%)。銀行貸款的 浮動利率取決於市場。

我們的附屬公司取得的銀行貸款乃以本集團 提供的公司擔保為抵押。

銀行貸款的賬面值與其公允值相若。

The effective interest rate of the Group's bank loans as at December 31, 2021 was 1.1% (2020: 1.6%). The bank loans bear interest at floating rate that are market dependent.

The bank loan obtained by our subsidiaries are secured by the corporate guarantees provided by the Group.

The carrying amounts of bank loans are stated approximately at their fair values.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

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30. 應付賬款及其他應付款

30. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|--------------------|---|------------------|-----------------|
| | | | |
| 應付賬款 | Trade payables | 165 | 166 |
| 其他應付款及 | Other payables and accrued | | |
| 應付費用 | expense | 345 | 352 |
| | | | |
| | | 510 | 518 |
| 以下為從發票日計之應付賬款賬齡分析: | The ageing analysis of trade payable follows: | es from the invo | pice date is as |
| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------|-------------------|------|------|
| | | | |
| 0至30日 | 0-30 days | 139 | 91 |
| 31至60日 | 31-60 days | 10 | 47 |
| 61至90日 | 61-90 days | 5 | 15 |
| 逾90日 | Over 90 days | 11 | 13 |
| | | | |
| | | 165 | 166 |

應付賬款及其他應付款之賬面值與其公允值 相若。

The carrying amounts of trade payables and other payables are stated approximately at their fair values.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

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31. 授出認沽期權負債

於2012年,本集團就向Giordano UAE及Giordano KSA之非控股股東授出認沽期權,以供其出售於此等公司之餘下權益予本集團所產生的財務負債而確認負債約1.02億港元。該授出認沽期權於本集團完成收購Giordano UAE及Giordano KSA之股份3年後隨時可行使,而且無到期日期。該等財務負債初步按其攤銷成本確認,即估計贖回金額的現值。授出認沽期權負債以美元(「美元」)計值及列為流動負債。

於2015年,本集團就向Giordano Fashions Co. W.L. L.(「Giordano KW」)及GIO Fashions W.L.L.(「Giordano QA」)之非控股股東授出認沽期權,以供其出售於此等公司之餘下權益予本集團所產生的財務負債而確認負債約1,900萬港元。該授出認沽期權於本集團完成收購Giordano KW及Giordano QA之股份3年後隨時可行使,而且無到期日期。該等財務負債初步按其攤銷成本確認,即估計贖回金額的現值。授出認沽期權負債以美元計值及列為流動負債。

於 2019 年 , 本 集 團 與 Giordano UAE , Giordano KW及Giordano QA的非控股股東 訂立協議,其行使認沽期權,以代價分別約 2,100萬港元、1,100萬港元及500萬港元出售Giordano UAE的20%經濟權益、Giordano KW 的 31% 的 經濟權益及 Giordano QA 的 41%的經濟權益。而在進一步收購Giordano UAE、Giordano KW及Giordano QA經濟權益的同時,因所授出的認沽期權而確認的相關認沽期權負債已相應地失效。

該授出認沽期權贖回金額是以固定現金金額或根據貼現現金流的權益投資公允值之孰高而釐定,決定於對該投資的各項於不可觀察市場上取得的資料(不可觀察輸入),根據香港財務報告準則第13號之公允值的層級分類為第三級。

31. PUT OPTION LIABILITIES

In 2012, the Group recognized financial liabilities of approximately HK\$102 million in relation to the financial liabilities arising from the put option granted to the non-controlling shareholders of Giordano UAE and Giordano KSA to sell their remaining interests in these companies to the Group. Such put option is exercisable any time after 3 years from completion of the Group's acquisition of the shares in Giordano UAE and Giordano KSA and has no expiry date. Such financial liabilities are initially recognized at their amortized costs, which is measure at the present value of the estimated redemption amount. The put option liabilities are denominated in United States dollars ("US\$") and are classified under current liabilities.

In 2015, the Group recognized financial liabilities of approximately HK\$19 million in relation to the financial liabilities arising from the put option granted to the non-controlling shareholders of Giordano Fashions Co. W.L.L. ("Giordano KW") and GIO Fashions W.L.L. ("Giordano QA") to sell their remaining interests in these companies to the Group. Such put option is exercisable any time after 3 years from completion of the Group's acquisition of the shares in Giordano KW and Giordano QA and has no expiry date. Such financial liabilities are initially recognized at their amortized cost, which is the present value of the estimated redemption amount. The put option liabilities are denominated in U.S. dollars and are classified under current liabilities.

In 2019, the Group entered into agreements with the non-controlling shareholder of Giordano UAE, Giordano KW and Giordano QA who exercised the put option to sell 20% economic interests in Giordano UAE, 31% economic interest in Giordano KW and 41% economic interest in Giordano QA at considerations of approximately HK\$21 million, HK\$11 million and HK\$5 million respectively. The associated put option liabilities recognized arising from the put option granted had been lapsed accordingly at the time of further acquisition of Giordano UAE, Giordano KW and Giordano QA economic interest.

The redemption amount of the put option liabilities is determined at higher of fixed amount of cash or fair value of the equity investment based on discounted cash flows, using inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs), which is categorized as Level 3 under the fair value hierarchy pursuant to HKFRS 13.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

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32. 遞延税項負債

遞延税項負債採用負債法就短暫性差異按適 用於各司法權區之稅率而作全數撥備。

本集團於年內之遞延税項資產及負債之變動 (在同一徵税地區之結餘抵銷前)如下:

搋延税項(資產)負債

32. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

Deferred tax liabilities are calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method at the rates applicable in the respective jurisdictions.

The movement in the Group's deferred tax assets and liabilities (prior to offsetting of balances within the same taxation jurisdiction) during the year is as follows:

Deferred tax (assets) liabilities

| | | 加速會計折舊 Accelerated accounting | 未分派之 滾存溢利 Unremitted | 其他 | 合計 |
|--------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------|-------|
| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | depreciation | profits | Others | Total |
| | | | | | |
| 於2021年1月1日 | At January 1, 2021 | (11) | 124 | (75) | 38 |
| 換算差額 | Translation difference | 1 | (9) | (1) | (9) |
| 於利潤表中(抵免)列支 | (Credited) charged to income | | | | |
| (附註11) | statement (Note 11) | (8) | 1 | 5 | (2) |
| | | | | | |
| 於2021年12月31日 | At December 31, 2021 | (18) | 116 | (71) | 27 |
| 於2020年1月1日 | At January 1, 2020 | _ | 117 | (46) | 71 |
| 換算差額 | Translation difference | _ | 5 | _ | 5 |
| 於利潤表中(抵免)列支 | (Credited) charged to income | | | | |
| (附註11) | statement (Note 11) | (11) | 2 | (29) | (38) |
| 於2020年12月31日 | At December 31, 2020 | (11) | 124 | (75) | 38 |

本集團有未確認遞延税項資產7,900萬港元(2020年:6,200萬港元)主要源於税損。此等未確認遞延税項資產當中4,800萬港元(2020年:2,200萬港元)將於2021年12月31日起5年內屆滿。餘下部分主要由澳洲及德國附屬公司之無限期税損引致。

The Group has unrecognized deferred tax assets of HK\$79 million (2020: HK\$62 million) arising mainly from tax losses. These unrecognized deferred tax assets to the extent of HK\$48 million (2020: HK\$22 million) will expire within 5 years from December 31, 2021. The remaining portion is mainly related to the losses of subsidiaries in Australia and Germany which have no expiry date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

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32. 遞延税項負債(續)

遞延税項(資產)負債(續)

在法定權利許可下,若遞延所得稅涉及同一 財政機關,遞延稅項資產可與遞延稅項負債 互相抵銷。下列金額在計入適當抵銷後,於 合併資產負債表內列賬。

32. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (continued) Deferred tax (assets) liabilities (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same fiscal authority. The following amounts, determined after appropriate offsetting, are shown in the consolidated balance sheet.

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------|--------------------------|------|------|
| | | | |
| 遞延税項資產 | Deferred tax assets | (96) | (96) |
| 遞延税項負債 | Deferred tax liabilities | 123 | 134 |
| | | | |
| | | 27 | 38 |

33. 租賃承擔

(a) 於2021年12月31日,本集團就零售店 舖、辦公室及貨倉之不可於未來撤銷之 租賃的最低應付租賃費用於一年內到期 的金額為1,900萬港元(2020年:2,200 萬港元)。

租賃合約包含不同種類條款,租金遞升協定及續租權。若干門市之租賃租金乃根據最低保證租金或以銷售額計算之租金(以較高者為準)。上述承擔乃按最低保證租金計算。

(b) 於2021年12月31日,本集團就零售店 舖及辦公室之不可於未來撤銷之經營租 賃的最低應收租賃收入如下:

33. LEASES COMMITMENTS

(a) As at December 31, 2021, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease charges payable under non-cancellable leases in respect of retail shops, office premises and warehouses which were due within one year amounted to HK\$19 million (2020: HK\$22 million).

The leases contracts have varying terms, escalation clauses and renewal rights. The lease rentals of certain outlets are based on the higher of a minimum guaranteed rental or a sales level based rental. The minimum guaranteed rental has been used to arrive at the above commitments.

(b) As at December 31, 2021, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease income receivable under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of retail shops and office premises as set out below:

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------|--------------------------------|------|------|
| 1年內 | Within one year | 7 | 8 |
| 1年後但5年內 | After one year but within five | , | O |
| | years | 14 | 13 |
| | | | |
| | | 21 | 21 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

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融資業務之負債

34. 資本承擔

於2021年及2020年12月31日,本集團並無重大關於租賃物業裝修、傢俬及及辦公室設備之資本承擔。

35. 融資活動產生之負債對賬

下表詳述本集團來自融資活動的負債變動, 包括現金及非現金變動。融資活動所產生的 負債乃為現金流量所致,或未來現金流量將 本集團綜合財務報表中分類為融資活動所產 生的現金流量。

34. CAPITAL COMMITMENT

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Group had no material capital commitment in respect of leasehold improvement, furniture and fixtures.

35. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below shows details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flow were, or future cash flows will be classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows from financing activities.

Liabilities from financing activities 和賃負債 銀行貸款 Lease Bank liabilities loans (以百萬港元為單位) (In HK\$ million) 於2020年1月1日之淨債務 Net debt as at January 1, 2020 1.108 265 償還銀行貸款 Repayment of bank loans (266)增加銀行貸款 Addition of bank loans 153 租賃負債之本金部分之付款 Payment for principal element of lease liabilities (489)租賃負債之利息部分之付款 Payment for interest element of lease (於經營業務內) liabilities in operating activities (39)Non-cash movements 非現金變動 187 Net debt as at December 31, 2020 於2020年12月31日之淨債務 767 152 償還銀行貸款 Repayment of bank loans (65)Addition of bank loans 增加銀行貸款 81 租賃負債之本金部分之付款 Payment for principal element of lease liabilities (436)租賃負債之利息部分之付款 Payment for interest element of lease (於經營業務內) liabilities in operating activities (27)非現金變動 Non-cash movements 333 於2021年12月31日之淨債務 Net debt as at December 31, 2021 637 168

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36. 重要關聯人士交易

關聯人士指可直接或間接控制另一方,或在 作出財務及營運決策時對另一方行使重大影 響力之人士。共同受他人控制或受他人重大 影響力之人士亦視為有關聯人士。

(a) 與關聯人士之交易

於本年度內,若干附屬公司按一般及日 常業務過程與合營公司進行正常商業條 款交易。有關該等交易詳述如下:

36. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence.

(a) Transactions with related parties

During the year, certain subsidiaries traded with joint ventures in the ordinary and usual course of business on normal commercial terms. Details relating to these transactions are as follows:

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------|--------------------------|------|------|
| | | | |
| 銷售予一間合營公司 | Sales to a joint venture | 152 | 155 |
| 採購自合營公司 | Purchases from | | |
| | joint ventures | 1 | 1 |
| 特許權收入 | Royalty income from | | |
| 自一間合營公司 | a joint venture | 26 | 24 |

(b) 與關聯人士之結餘

於12月31日應收關聯人士款項:

(b) Balances with related party

Amount due from a related party at December 31 is:

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------|-------------------------|------|------|
| 應收一間合營公司款項 | Amount due from a joint | | |
| 悠牧 间百名公司款次 | , | | |
| | venture | 7 | 14 |

於2021年12月31日,上述應收關聯人士款項已反映在應收賬款及其他應收款。應收款項均為無抵押、免息及須於要求時還款。

As at December 31, 2021, the above amount due from related party is reflected in trade and other receivables. The receivable is unsecured in nature, bear no interest and is repayable on demand.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

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36. 重要關聯人士交易(續)

(c) 主要管理層報酬

所有執行董事均被視為主要管理層,彼 等的酬金已於財務報表附註10內披露。 其他主要管理層應付的酬金如下:

36. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(c) Key management compensation

Executive Directors are considered as key management and their emoluments have been disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements. The emoluments payable to other key management are as follows:

| (以港幣千元為單位) | (In HK\$'000) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------|--------------------------|--------|-------|
| | | | |
| 基本薪金及 | Basic salaries and other | | |
| 其他收益 | benefits | 8,388 | 9,452 |
| 退休金計劃供款 | Contribution to pension | | |
| | schemes | 129 | 111 |
| 業績計算/酌情性花紅 | Performance-based/ | | |
| | discretionary bonuses | 3,727 | 248 |
| | | | |
| | | 12,244 | 9,811 |

37. 資產質押

於2021年及2020年12月31日,本集團並無質押任何資產。

38. 或然事項

於資產負債表日,以下或有負債未於財務報 表中撥備:

37. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

The Group did not pledge any assets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.

38. CONTINGENCY

At the balance sheet date, contingent liabilities not provided for in the financial statement were as follows:

| (以百萬港元為單位) | (In HK\$ million) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------|----------------------------------|------|------|
| 代替租用物業按金之 | Bank guarantees given in lieu of | | |
| 銀行擔保 | property rental deposits | 9 | 13 |

於報告期間結束日,董事並不認為有就任何該等擔保而可能向本公司提出之申索。因此,並無於2021年及2020年12月31日就該等申索作出任何撥備。

As at the end of the reporting period, the directors do not consider it is probable that a claim will be made against the Company under any of the guarantees. No provision was therefore made in this respect at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

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38. 或然事項(續)

38. CONTINGENCY (continued)

The Company's long-running dispute and arbitration against one of its landlords relating to the lease of one of its shop premises has been concluded satisfactorily. As previously disclosed, the Company demanded/claimed for the refund of various management fees and service overpayments from and against the landlord, which demand/claim had been contested by the landlord and countered with a counter-demand/claim by the landlord. During the year ended December 31, 2021, the arbitral proceedings have been concluded, and the Company has prevailed largely with its claim and in its defence of the landlord's counterclaim, which has been dismissed entirely. As a result, the Company expects to make a substantial recovery from the landlord in respect of the claimed overpayments and the Company's legal costs incurred in the arbitration proceedings. Further, having averted the risk of forfeiture of the lease posed by the landlord's counter-claim, there will be no negative impact on the carrying value of the relevant right-of-use assets.

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39. 主要附屬公司

本公司於2021年12月31日之主要附屬公司如 下:

39. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

The following is a list of the principal subsidiaries of the Company as at December 31, 2021:

| 附屬公司名稱 Name of subsidiary | 成立地點 Place of incorporation | 持有股份之 實際百分率 Effective percentage of equity holding | | 已發行及全數繳足股本/ 註冊資本/份額資本 Issued and fully paid share capital/registered capital/quota capital | 主要業務/經營地區 Principal activities/ place of operation |
|--|--------------------------------|--|------|--|--|
| | | 2021 | 2020 | | |
| 寶斯特有限公司* Bluestar Exchange Limited* | 香港 Hong Kong | 100 | 100 | 3,000,000港元 HK\$3,000,000 | 投資控股及提供公司 顧問服務/香港 Investment holding and provision of company consultancy services/Hong Kong |
| East Jean Limited* | 香港 Hong Kong | 100 | 100 | 1,000,000港元 HK\$1,000,000 | 經營零售服裝及配襯用品/台灣 Retail of apparel and accessories/Taiwan |
| GIO Fashions W.L.L.* | 卡塔爾 State of Qatar | 49 | 49 | 200,000卡塔爾里亞爾 QAR200,000 | 經營零售服裝及 配襯用品/卡塔爾 Retail of apparel and accessories/State of Qatar |
| GIOR Fashion Company Limited* | 越南 Vietnam | 60 | 60 | 26,000,000,000越南盾 VND\$26,000,000,000 | 經營零售服裝及配襯用品/越南 Retail of apparel and accessories/Vietnam |
| Giordano (Australia) Pty. Limited* | 澳洲 Australia | 92.8 | 92.8 | 700,000澳元 AUD700,000 | 經營零售服裝及配襯用品/澳洲 Retail of apparel and accessories/Australia |
| Giordano Fashions L.L.C.* | 阿聯酋 UAE | 100 | 49 | 3,000,000阿聯酋迪拉姆 AED 3,000,000 | 經營零售服裝及 配襯用品/阿聯酋 Retail of apparel and accessories/UAE |
| Giordano Fashions W.L.L.* | 科威特 State of Kuwait | 49 | 49 | 300,000科威特第納爾 KWD300,000 | 經營零售服裝及 配襯用品/科威特 Retail of apparel and accessories/State of Kuwait |
| 佐丹奴有限公司* Giordano Limited* | 香港 Hong Kong | 100 | 100 | 5,000,000港元 HK\$5,000,000 | 經營零售及分銷服裝及 配襯用品/香港 Retail and distribution of apparel and accessories/ Hong Kong |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

39. 主要附屬公司(續)

39. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

| 附屬公司名稱 Name of subsidiary | 成立地點 Place of incorporation | 持有股份之 實際百分率 Effective percentage of equity holding | | 已發行及全數繳足股本/ 註冊資本/份額資本 Issued and fully paid share capital/registered capital/quota capital | 主要業務/經營地區 Principal activities/ place of operation |
|--|--------------------------------|--|------|--|--|
| | | 2021 | 2020 | | |
| Giordano (Thai) Co., Ltd.* | 泰國 Thailand | 100 | 100 | 10,000,000泰銖 Baht10,000,000 | 經營零售服裝及配襯用品/泰國 Retail of apparel and accessories/Thailand |
| Giordano (M) Sdn. Bhd. | 馬來西亞 Malaysia | 100 | 100 | 500,000馬來西亞令吉 RM500,000 | 經營零售服裝及 配襯用品/馬來西亞 Retail of apparel and accessories/Malaysia |
| 佐丹奴澳門有限公司* Giordano (Macau) Limited* | 澳門 Macau | 100 | 100 | 50,000澳門幣 MOP50,000 | 經營零售服裝及配襯用品/澳門 Retail of apparel and accessories/Macau |
| Giordano Middle East FZE* | 阿聯酋-杜拜 Dubai – UAE | 100 | 100 | 1,000,000阿聯酋迪拉姆 AED1,000,000 | 經營分銷服裝及配襯用品/ 阿聯酋一杜拜 Distribution of apparel and accessories/Dubai – UAE |
| Giordano Originals (Singapore) Private Limited | 新加坡 Singapore | 100 | 100 | 1,900,002新加坡元 SGD1,900,002 | 經營零售及貿易服裝及 配襯用品/新加坡 Retailing and trading of apparel and accessories/Singapore |
| Giordano Vietnam Limited* | 香港 Hong Kong | 60 | 60 | 802,000美元 USD802,000 | 投資控股/香港 Investment holding/Hong Kong |
| Giordano (Cambodia) Enterprises Limited* | 柬埔寨 Cambodia | 80 | 80 | 4,000,000柬埔寨里爾 KHR\$4,000,000 | 經營零售服裝及 配襯用品/柬埔寨 Retail of apparel and accessories/Cambodia |
| PT. Giordano Indonesia* | 印尼 Indonesia | 52 | 52 | 2,500,000,000印尼盾 IDR2,500,000,000 | 經營零售服裝、配襯用品及 其有關產品/印尼 Retail of apparel, accessories and related products/Indonesia |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2021年12月31日 December 31, 2021

39. 主要附屬公司(續)

39. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

| 附屬公司名稱 Name of subsidiary | 成立地點 Place of incorporation | 持有脱 實際 i Effect percent equity i | 百分率 ctive tage of | 已發行及全數繳足股本/ 註冊資本/份額資本 Issued and fully paid share capital/registered capital/quota capital | 主要業務/經營地區 Principal activities/ place of operation |
|--|--|--|-------------------------|--|---|
| | | 2021 | 2020 | | |
| 深圳虎威製衣有限公司* # Shenzhen Tiger Garment Ltd.* # | 中華人民共和國 People's Republic of China | 100 | 100 | 210,100,000元人民幣 RMB210,100,000 | 投資控股、製造及銷售服裝及配襯用品/中國大陸 Investment holding, manufacturing and retailing of apparel and accessories/ Mainland China |
| 虎威企業有限公司 Tiger Enterprises Limited | 香港 Hong Kong | 100 | 100 | 60,001,000港元 HK\$60,001,000 | 投資控股、成衣貿易及 提供管理服務/中國大陸 Investment holding, trading of garment products and provision of management services/Mainland China |
| Textile and Garments Co. Ltd.* | 沙特阿拉伯王國 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia | 75 | 75 | 27,000,000沙特里亞 SR27,000,000 | 經營零售服裝及 配襯用品/沙特阿拉伯王國 Retail of apparel and accessories/Kingdom of Saudi Arabia |
| Walton International Ltd.* | 開曼群島 Cayman Islands | 100 | 100 | 102美元 USD102 | 批授商標專利權/香港 Licensing of trademarks/ Hong Kong |

附註:

- # 外商獨資企業
- * 間接持有之附屬公司

40. 財務報表之批准

本財務報表已於2022年3月10日獲董事會批准。

Notes:

- # A foreign owned enterprise
- * Subsidiaries held indirectly

40. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved by the Board on March 10, 2022.

購股權資料

SHARE OPTION INFORMATION

購股權計劃

於2011年6月9日,本公司採納新購股權計劃(於 2012年5月22日經修訂)(「2011年購股權計劃」), 該計劃已於2021年6月9日屆滿。於屆滿日期起, 不得亦並無購股權根據2011年購股權計劃授出,惟 於屆滿日期之前授出之購股權根據發行條款繼續有 效及可予以行使。在上文所述規限下,2011年購股 權計劃之條文維持十足效力及效用至2028年12月 31日,儘管該計劃已告屆滿。

2011年購股權計劃之主要條款摘錄如下:

(1) 目的

該計劃旨在鼓勵及獎勵對本集團作出貢獻或 將可作出貢獻之選定合資格參與者。

(2) 合資格參與者

- (i) (a) 任何董事或擬委任董事(不論是執 行或非執行,包括任何獨立非執 行董事)、僱員或擬聘請之僱員 (不論是全職或兼職),或
 - 其時借調之任何人; 而屬於本集 控股股東控制之任何公司;或
- 持有本集團任何成員或任何控股股東或 任何控股股東控制公司所發行之任何證 券之持有人;或

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

On June 9, 2011, the Company adopted a new share option scheme (as amended on May 22, 2012) (the "2011 Share Option Scheme"). No options may be and have been granted under the 2011 Share Option Scheme from June 9, 2021, the expiry date, but the options granted before the expiry date continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the terms of issue. Subject to the aforesaid, the provisions of the 2011 Share Option Scheme remained in full force and effect until December 31, 2028, notwithstanding the expiry of the scheme.

A summary of the principal terms of the 2011 Share Option Scheme is as follows:

(1) Purpose

As incentives or rewards for the contribution or potential contribution to the Group from the selected eligible participants.

Eligible participants

- any Director or proposed Director (whether executive or non-executive, including any independent nonexecutive Director), employee or proposed employee (whether full time or part time) of, or
 - any individual for the time being seconded to work (b) for; any member of the Group or any controlling shareholder or any company controlled by a controlling shareholder; or
- (ii) any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group or any controlling shareholder or any company controlled by a controlling shareholder; or

SHARE OPTION INFORMATION

- (iii) 本集團任何成員或任何控股股東或由控 股股東控制之任何公司的:
 - (a) 任何業務或合作伙伴、加盟商、 承包商、代理或代表,
 - (b) 任何人士或個體提供研究、發展 或其他技術支援或任何諮詢、顧 問、專業或其他服務,
 - (c) 任何貨品或服務供應商,
 - (d) 任何客戶,或
 - (e) 任何業主及租客(包括分租租客);

及,就2011年購股權計劃而言,將包括由一位或多位隸屬以上任何合資格參與者所控制之任何公司。

(3) 根據該計劃可予發行之股份總數

因該計劃已於2021年6月9日屆滿,不得亦並 無購股權根據2011年購股權計劃授出。

於行使根據2011年購股權計劃及本公司其 他購股權計劃授出的尚未行使的所有購股權 時,合共可發行的股份數目不得超逾本公司 不時已發行股份總數的30%。

於2022年3月10日,根據2011年購股權計劃 已授出而尚未行使的所有購股權獲行使而可 發行的股份總數為149,208,000股(相等於本 公司已發行股份之約9.45%)。

- (iii) any member of the Group or any controlling shareholder or a company controlled by a controlling shareholder of;
 - (a) any business or joint venture partner, franchisee, contractor, agent or representative of,
 - (b) any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support or any advisory, consultancy, professional or other services to.
 - (c) any supplier of goods or services to,
 - (d) any customer of, or
 - (e) any landlord or tenant (including any sub-tenant) of;

and, for the purposes of the 2011 Share Option Scheme, shall include any company controlled by one or more persons belonging to any of the above classes of eligible participants.

(3) TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES AVAILABLE FOR ISSUE UNDER THE SCHEME

No options may be and have been granted under the 2011 Share Option Scheme from June 9, 2021, the expiry date.

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding share options granted and yet to be exercised under the 2011 Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% of the total number of shares in issue from time-to-time.

As at March 10, 2022, a number of shares available for issue under the 2011 Share Option Scheme is 149,208,000 shares (representing approximately 9.45% of the shares in issue) may be issued upon exercise of all options which had been granted and yet to be exercised under the 2011 Share Option Scheme.

購股權資料

SHARE OPTION INFORMATION

(4) 每名合資格參與者可獲授權益上限

除非獲本公司股東在股東大會上批准,每名 合資格參與者在任何12個月內獲授或將獲授 之購股權(包括已行使、已註銷及尚未行使 之購股權)予以行使時,所發行及將予發行之 股份數目上限不得超過本公司已發行股份之 1%。

此外,授予本公司主要股東及/或獨立非執行董事或彼等其各自之任何聯繫人以及倘導致在任何12個月內因行使已授予或將授予該等人士之所有購股權而發行或將予發行的股份超過本公司已發行股份之0.1%(按授出日期之股份價格計算)總值超過500萬港元之購股權,須待本公司股東於股東大會上批准後,方可作實。

(5) 購股權行使期

根據2011年購股權計劃授出之購股權,可於 授出購股權當日或董事釐定的其後日子開始 行使,直至董事授出購股權時釐定之日期營 業時間結束時屆滿:惟於任何情況下,由授 出購股權當日起計不可超過10年。

(6) 於行使購股權前必須持有的最短期 限

由董事會於授出購股權時釐定。

(7) 接受授出購股權之要約

授出購股權之要約必須於提出要約之日起30 日內(包括提出要約當日)接納。於接納授出 購股權之要約時,須支付1港元。

(4) MAXIMUM ENTITLEMENT OF EACH ELIGIBLE PARTICIPANTS

The maximum number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the share options granted or to be granted to each participant (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the Company's shares in issue unless the same is approved by the Company's shareholders in general meeting.

In addition, any share options to a substantial shareholder and/or an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company or any of their respective associates, and where the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options granted or to be granted to such person in any 12-month period exceed 0.1% of the Company's shares in issue and with an aggregate value (based on the price of the shares on the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, are subject to the Company's shareholders' approval in general meeting.

(5) TIME OF EXERCISE OF OPTION

An option may be exercised under the terms of the 2011 Share Option Scheme at any time during a period commencing on such date on or after the date on which the option is granted as the Board may determine in granting the option and expiring at the close of business on such date as the directors may determine in granting the option but in any event shall not exceed 10 years from the date of grant.

(6) THE MINIMUM PERIOD FOR WHICH AN OPTION MUST BE HELD BEFORE IT CAN BE EXERCISED

As determined by the Board upon the grant of an option.

(7) ACCEPTANCE OF OFFERS

An offer for the grant of options must be accepted within 30 days inclusive of the day on which such offer was made. The amount payable on acceptance of the offer for the grant of an option is HK\$1.

SHARE OPTION INFORMATION

(8) 釐定行使價之基準

行使價由董事會釐定,惟須以下列較高者釐 定:

- (i) 股份於提出授予購股權要約當日在聯交 所日報表所報的股份收市價;
- (ii) 股份於緊接提出授予購股權要約當日前 五個營業日在聯交所日報表的平均收市 價;及
- (iii) 每股股份之面值。

(9) 該等計劃餘下之有效期

2011年購股權計劃自採納後日期起計10年內 有效,並已於2021年6月9日屆滿。

(8) BASIS OF DETERMINING THE EXERCISE PRICE

The exercise price is determined by the Board which shall be at least the highest of:

- the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date when an option is offered;
- (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date on which an option is offered; and
- (iii) the nominal amount of a share.

(9) THE REMAINING LIFE OF THE SCHEME

The 2011 Share Option Scheme shall be valid for a period of 10 years from the date of adoption, and was expired on June 9, 2021.

購股權資料

SHARE OPTION INFORMATION

購股權之變動

MOVEMENT OF SHARE OPTIONS

根據2011年購股權計劃之購股權於截至2021年12 月31日止年度內之變動載列如下: Movements of share options under the 2011 Share Option Scheme during the year ended December 31, 2021 are set out below:

2011年購股權計劃 2011 Share Option Scheme

| 合資格人士 Eligible person | 於2021年 1月1日之結餘 Balance as at 2021/01/01 | 於年內行使 Granted during the year | 於年內行使 Exercised during the year | 於年內失效 Lapsed during the year | 於年內註銷 Cancelled during the year | 於2021年 12月31日 之結餘 Balance as at 2021/12/31 | 每股 行使價 Exercise price per share 港元 HK\$ | 授出日期 Date of grant (年/月/日) (YYYYMM/DD) | 行使期 Exercisable period (年/月/日) (YYYYMMDD) |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|---|--|--|
| 至重 | | | | | | | | | |
| Director | | | | | | | | | |
| 陳嘉緯 | 400,000 | _ | - | 400,000 | _ | _ | 5.200 | 2011/10/07 | 2012/03/22 - 2021/09/30 |
| Chan Ka Wai | 600,000 | _ | _ | 600,000 | _ | _ | 5.200 | 2011/10/07 | 2013/03/01 - 2021/09/30 |
| | 1,000,000 | - | - | 1,000,000 | - | - | 5.200 | 2011/10/07 | 2014/02/28 - 2021/09/30 |
| | 100,000 | - | - | _ | - | 100,000 | 5.000 | 2014/03/24 | 2015/03/04 - 2024/03/23 |
| | 150,000 | - | - | - | - | 150,000 | 5.000 | 2014/03/24 | 2016/03/04 - 2024/03/23 |
| | 200,000 | - | - | - | - | 200,000 | 5.000 | 2014/03/24 | 2017/03/10 - 2024/03/23 |
| | 250,000 | - | - | - | - | 250,000 | 5.000 | 2014/03/24 | 2018/03/09 - 2024/03/23 |
| | 300,000 | - | - | - | - | 300,000 | 5.000 | 2014/03/24 | 2019/03/08 - 2024/03/23 |
| | 1,366,000 | - | - | - | - | 1,366,000 | 4.180 | 2017/01/06 | 2017/08/11 - 2025/12/31 |
| | 1,666,000 | - | - | - | - | 1,666,000 | 4.180 | 2017/01/06 | 2018/03/09 - 2025/12/31 |
| | 1,668,000 | - | - | - | - | 1,668,000 | 4.180 | 2017/01/06 | 2018/08/10 - 2025/12/31 |
| | 1,000,000 | - | - | - | - | 1,000,000 | 1.390 | 2020/09/09 | 2021/03/12 - 2028/12/31 |
| | 1,000,000 | - | - | - | - | 1,000,000 | 1.390 | 2020/09/09 | 2021/08/11 - 2028/12/31 |
| | 1,000,000 | _ | - | - | - | 1,000,000 | 1.390 | 2020/09/09 | 2022/03/11 - 2028/12/31 |
| | 10,700,000 | - | - | 2,000,000 | - | 8,700,000 | | | |
| 羅學文 | 200,000 | _ | _ | | _ | 200,000 | 5.000 | 2014/03/24 | 2015/03/04 – 2024/03/23 |
| Mark Alan LOYND | 300,000 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 300,000 | 5.000 | 2014/03/24 | 2016/03/04 - 2024/03/23 |
| Mark / Mari EO TND | 400,000 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 400,000 | 5.000 | 2014/03/24 | 2017/03/10 - 2024/03/23 |
| | 500,000 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 500,000 | 5.000 | 2014/03/24 | 2018/03/09 - 2024/03/23 |
| | 600,000 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 600,000 | 5.000 | 2014/03/24 | 2019/03/08 - 2024/03/23 |
| | 64,000 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 64,000 | 3.792 | 04/09/2015 | 2017/03/10 - 2025/03/31 |
| | 1,332,000 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1,332,000 | 4.180 | 2017/01/06 | 2017/08/11 - 2025/12/31 |
| | 1,332,000 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1,332,000 | 4.180 | 2017/01/06 | 2018/03/09 - 2025/12/31 |
| | 1,336,000 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1,336,000 | 4.180 | 2017/01/06 | 2018/08/10 - 2025/12/31 |
| | 1,000,000 | - | - | - | - | 1,000,000 | 1.390 | 2020/09/09 | 2021/03/12 - 2028/12/31 |
| | 1,000,000 | - | - | - | - | 1,000,000 | 1.390 | 2020/09/09 | 2021/08/11 - 2028/12/31 |
| | 1,000,000 | - | - | - | - | 1,000,000 | 1.390 | 2020/09/09 | 2022/03/11 - 2028/12/31 |
| | 9,064,000 | _ | _ | _ | - | 9,064,000 | | | |

購股權資料 SHARE OPTION INFORMATION

| 合資格人士 Eligible person | 於2021年 1月1日之結餘 Balance as at 2021/01/01 | 於年內行使 Granted during the year | 於年內行使 Exercised during the year | 於年內失效 Lapsed during the year | 於年內註銷 Cancelled during the year | 於2021年 12月31日 之結餘 Balance as at 2021/12/31 | 每股 行使價 Exercise price per share 港元 HK\$ | 授出日期 Date of grant (年/月/日) (YYYYMM/DD) | 行使期 Exercisable period (年/月/日) (YYYY/MM/DD) |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|---|---|--|
| 連續合約僱員 | 2,440,000 | - | _ | 2,440,000 | _ | _ | 5.200 | 2011/10/07 | 2012/03/22 – 2021/09/30 |
| Continuous | 4,500,000 | - | - | 4,500,000 | - | - | 5.200 | 2011/10/07 | 2013/03/01 - 2021/09/30 |
| Contract Employees | 10,700,000 | - | - | 10,700,000 | - | - | 5.200 | 2011/10/07 | 2014/02/28 - 2021/09/30 |
| | 392,000 | - | - | - | - | 392,000 | 5.380 | 2012/06/12 | 2013/03/01 - 2021/12/31 |
| | 2,240,000 | - | - | - | - | 2,240,000 | 7.650 | 2013/04/10 | 2014/02/28 - 2022/03/31 |
| | 3,692,000 | - | - | 510,000 | - | 3,182,000 | 5.000 | 2014/03/24 | 2015/03/04 - 2024/03/23 |
| | 5,512,000 | - | - | 760,000 | - | 4,752,000 | 5.000 | 2014/03/24 | 2016/03/04 - 2024/03/23 |
| | 7,406,000 | - | - | 1,020,000 | - | 6,386,000 | 5.000 | 2014/03/24 | 2017/03/10 - 2024/03/23 |
| | 9,300,000 | - | - | 1,280,000 | - | 8,020,000 | 5.000 | 2014/03/24 | 2018/03/09 - 2024/03/23 |
| | 11,120,000 | - | - | 1,530,000 | - | 9,590,000 | 5.000 | 2014/03/24 | 2019/03/08 - 2024/03/23 |
| | 3,246,000 | - | - | 360,000 | - | 2,886,000 | 3.792 | 2015/04/09 | 2016/03/04 - 2025/03/31 |
| | 3,780,000 | - | - | 444,000 | - | 3,336,000 | 3.792 | 2015/04/09 | 2017/03/10 - 2025/03/31 |
| | 250,000 | - | - | - | - | 250,000 | 4.090 | 2015/07/10 | 2016/03/04 - 2025/06/30 |
| | 250,000 | - | - | - | - | 250,000 | 4.090 | 2015/07/10 | 2017/03/10 - 2025/06/30 |
| | 942,000 | - | - | - | - | 942,000 | 4.340 | 2016/09/19 | 2017/03/10 - 2026/06/30 |
| | 946,000 | - | - | - | - | 946,000 | 4.340 | 2016/09/19 | 2018/03/09 - 2026/06/30 |
| | 10,668,000 | - | - | 654,000 | - | 10,014,000 | 4.180 | 2017/01/06 | 2017/08/11 - 2025/12/31 |
| | 11,794,000 | - | - | 742,000 | - | 11,052,000 | 4.180 | 2017/01/06 | 2018/03/09 - 2025/12/31 |
| | 14,738,000 | - | - | 1,608,000 | - | 13,130,000 | 4.180 | 2017/01/06 | 2018/08/10 - 2025/12/31 |
| | 2,758,000 | - | - | 66,000 | - | 2,692,000 | 4.050 | 2017/06/09 | 2017/08/11 - 2025/12/31 |
| | 2,758,000 | - | - | 66,000 | - | 2,692,000 | 4.050 | 2017/06/09 | 2018/03/09 - 2025/12/31 |
| | 2,784,000 | - | - | 68,000 | - | 2,716,000 | 4.050 | 2017/06/09 | 2018/08/10 - 2025/12/31 |
| | 21,034,000 | - | 778,000 | 792,000 | 430,000 | 19,034,000 | 1.390 | 2020/09/09 | 2021/03/12 - 2028/12/31 |
| | 21,034,000 | - | 528,000 | 444,000 | 892,000 | 19,170,000 | 1.390 | 2020/09/09 | 2021/08/11 - 2028/12/31 |
| | 21,562,000 | - | - | - | 1,498,000 | 20,064,000 | 1.390 | 2020/09/09 | 2022/03/11 - 2028/12/31 |
| | 175.846.000 | - | 1,306,000 | 27,984,000 | 2,820,000 | 143,736,000 | | | |

備註:

Remarks:

於緊接購股權各自行使日期前之股份加權平均收市價為每股1.61 港元。 The weighted average closing price per shares immediately before the respective exercise date of the options was HK\$1.61.

購股權資料 SHARE OPTION INFORMATION

| 合資格人士 Eligible person | 於2021年 1月1日之結餘 Balance as at 2021/01/01 | 於年內行使 Granted during the year | 於年內行使 Exercised during the year | 於年內失效 Lapsed during the year | 於年內註銷 Cancelled during the year | 於2021年 12月31日 之結餘 Balance as at 2021/12/31 | 每股 行使價 Exercise price per share 港元 HK\$ | 授出日期 Date of grant (年/月/日) (YYYYMM/DD) | 行使期 Exercisable period (年/月/日) (YYYYMM/DD) |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|---|--|---|
| # //k | 040.000 | | | 0.40,000 | | | F 000 | 0044/40/07 | 0010/00/00 0001/00/00 |
| 其他 | 340,000 | - | - | 340,000 | - | - | 5.200 | 2011/10/07 | 2012/03/22 - 2021/09/30 |
| Others | 720,000 | - | - | 720,000 | - | - | 5.200 | 2011/10/07 2011/10/07 | 2013/03/01 - 2021/09/30 2014/02/28 - 2021/09/30 |
| | 3,000,000 | - | - | 3,000,000 | - | 400,000 | 5.200 | | |
| | 480,000 | - | - | - | - | 480,000 | 5.000 | 2014/03/24 | 2015/03/04 - 2024/03/23 |
| | 714,000 | - | - | - | - | 714,000 | 5.000 | 2014/03/24 | 2016/03/04 - 2024/03/23 |
| | 960,000 | - | - | - | - | 960,000 | 5.000 | 2014/03/24 | 2017/03/10 - 2024/03/23 |
| | 1,206,000 | - | - | - | - | 1,206,000 | 5.000 | 2014/03/24 | 2018/03/09 - 2024/03/23 |
| | 1,440,000 | - | - | - | - | 1,440,000 | 5.000 | 2014/03/24 | 2019/03/08 – 2024/03/23 |
| | 200,000 | - | - | - | - | 200,000 | 4.180 | 2017/01/06 | 2017/08/11 – 2025/12/31 |
| | 266,000 | - | - | - | - | 266,000 | 4.180 | 2017/01/06 | 2018/03/09 - 2025/12/31 |
| | 436,000 | - | - | - | - | 436,000 | 4.180 | 2017/01/06 | 2018/08/10 - 2025/12/31 |
| | 2,358,000 | - | - | - | - | 2,358,000 | 1.390 | 2020/09/09 | 2021/03/12 - 2028/12/31 |
| | 2,358,000 | - | - | - | - | 2,358,000 | 1.390 | 2020/09/09 | 2021/08/11 - 2028/12/31 |
| | 2,394,000 | _ | - | - | - | 2,394,000 | 1.390 | 2020/09/09 | 2022/03/11 - 2028/12/31 |
| | 16,872,000 | - | - | 4,060,000 | - | 12,812,000 | | | |
| 合計 | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 212,482,000 | - | 1,306,000 | 34,044,000 | 2,820,000 | 174,312,000 | | | |

SHARE OPTION INFORMATION

2020年報之補充資料

兹提述本公司於(i) 2020年9月9日刊發的授出購股 權之公佈,(ii)於2021年4月21日刊發的2020年度報 告(「2020年報」)及(iii)於2021年9月21日刊發的補 充公佈(「補充公佈」)。

授予非僱員的購股權

於2020年9月9日,本公司向21名作為本公司顧問 授出合共16.872,000份購股權,有關詳情載於下 文:

授權經銷商及加盟商的擁有人 (a)

姓名 向本集團提供的服務 1 畢秀玲 中國特許經營業務 2 卞曉波 中國特許經營業務 3 陳松勇 中國特許經營業務 4 丁偉東 中國特許經營業務 5 韓志強 中國特許經營業務 6 黃志深 中國特許經營業務 7 潘兆剛 中國特許經營業務 吳的桃 中國特許經營業務 8 9 徐和平 中國特許經營業務 10 楊立娟 中國特許經營業務 中國特許經營業務 11 易連芬 中國特許經營業務 12 易水 13 張勇雄 中國特許經營業務 14 趙佳 中國特許經營業務 15 趙劍博 中國特許經營業務 Dhruvesh Tank 海外特許經營業務 16 Roupesh Hematial 海外特許經營業務 17 海外特許經營業務 Han Ki 18 Shaheen Hartnick 海外特許經營業務 19 20 Larry Lim 海外特許經營業務

(b) 法律顧問

成大為 在中國大陸提供中國 21 法律、合規和人力資 源的諮詢服務

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION TO 2020 ANNUAL **REPORT**

Reference is made to (i) the grant of share option announcement published on September 9, 2020, (ii) the 2020 annual report of the Company published on April 21, 2021 (the "2020 Annual Report") and (iii) the supplemental announcement published on September 21, 2021 (the "Supplemental Announcement").

Share options granted to non-employees

On September 9, 2020, an aggregate of 16,872,000 share options were granted to 21 consultants of the Company, details of which are set out below:

Owners of the authorized dealers/franchisees (a)

| | | Name | Services provided to the Group |
|-----|------|------------------|--|
| | 1 | Bi Xiuling | Franchise business in China |
| | 2 | Bian Xiaobo | Franchise business in China |
| | 3 | Chen Songyong | Franchise business in China |
| | 4 | Ding Weidong | Franchise business in China |
| | 5 | Han Zhiqiang | Franchise business in China |
| | 6 | Huang Zhishen | Franchise business in China |
| | 7 | Pan Zhaogang | Franchise business in China |
| | 8 | Wu Ditao | Franchise business in China |
| | 9 | Xu Heping | Franchise business in China |
| | 10 | Yang Lijuan | Franchise business in China |
| | 11 | Yi Lianfen | Franchise business in China |
| | 12 | Yi Shui | Franchise business in China |
| | 13 | Zhang Yongxiong | Franchise business in China |
| | 14 | Zhao Jia | Franchise business in China |
| | 15 | Zhao Jianbo | Franchise business in overseas market |
| | 16 | Dhruvesh Tank | Franchise business in overseas market |
| | 17 | Roupesh Hematial | Franchise business in overseas market |
| | 18 | Han Ki | Franchise business in overseas market |
| | 19 | Shaheen Hartnick | Franchise business in overseas market |
| | 20 | Larry Lim | Franchise business in overseas market |
| (b) | A le | gal consultant | |
| | 21 | Cheng Dawei | Provision of law, compliance and human |

Cheng Dawei

Provision of law, compliance and human resources in China consultancy services in the Mainland China

購股權資料

SHARE OPTION INFORMATION

以上顧問均非本公司董事、最高行政人員或主要股東,亦非彼等任何一方的聯繫人(定義見上市規則)。以上顧問概無持有賦予彼等權利認購超過本公司於授出日期已發行股份總數1%股份的購股權。

以上為2020年報之補充資料,並應與2020年報及補充公佈一併閱讀。

The Board considered that the grant of share options to owners of the relevant authorized dealers and franchisees would not only help reward their past contributions to the Group, it would also help align their interests with that of the Group, and incentivize them to be more proactive in their merchandising discipline and marketing efforts. This would in turn increase the Group's market shares and development in the local markets. The Board considered that one-off monetary payment to the Consultant would not provide sufficient incentives for the Consultant to continuously review and update the human resources policies to ensure that they remain both cost-effective and compliant; whereas the granting of share options would align the Consultant's interests with that of the Group and secure his long-term support and commitment to the Group, and overall incentivize him to optimize performance efficiency and quality.

None of the above consultants is a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or an associate (as defined in the Listing Rules) of any of them. None of the above consultants holds share options entitling them to subscribe for Shares exceeding 1% of the total issued Shares of the Company as at the date of grant.

The above information is supplemental to and should be read in conjunction with the 2020 Annual Report and the Supplemental Announcement.

投資者參考資料INFORMATION FOR INVESTORS

重要日期

IMPORTANT DATES

暫停辦理股東登記手續

Closure of Register of Members

股東周年大會 : 2022年5月16日至

2022年5月20日

(首尾兩天包括在內)

末期股息 : 2022年5月31日至

2022年6月2日

(首尾兩天包括在內)

Annual General Meeting : May 16, 2022 to May 20, 2022

(both days inclusive)

Final Dividend : May 31, 2022 to June 2, 2022

(both days inclusive)

6.5 HK cents per share

股東周年大會2022年5月20日

Annual General Meeting

May 20, 2022

股息

Dividends

 中期股息
 : 每股6.5港仙
 Interim Dividend

 已派付日期
 : 2021年9月17日
 Paid on

建議末期股息 : 每股10.0港仙 派發日期 : 2022年6月17日

Paid on : September 17, 2021
Proposed Final Dividend : 10.0 HK cents per share

Payable on : June 17, 2022

股份代號

STOCK CODE

香港聯合交易所: 709彭博: 709 HK路透社: 0709.HK

Stock Exchange : 709
Bloomberg : 709 HK
Reuters : 0709.HK

投資者參考資料 INFORMATION FOR INVESTORS

投資者聯絡

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香港九龍

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天安工業大廈5樓

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GIORDANO

world nithout strangers



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歡迎閱覽佐丹奴國際有限公司(「佐丹奴」)的2021 Welcome to the 2021 Environmental, Social and Go 年環境、社會及管治報告,本報告闡述我們在可 Report of Giordano International Limited ("Giord our latest initiatives and achievements with respe

歡迎閱覽佐丹奴國際有限公司(「佐丹奴」)的2021 年環境、社會及管治報告,本報告闡述我們在可持續性方面的最新措施和業績。您也許知道,在 佐丹奴成立之初,我們就以「沒有陌生人的世界」 為經營理念,我們的願景是希望世界沒有種族、 國藉及文化之分,彼此可以生活在一個大同的世 界中,此願景貫徹於我們的管理和業務運作層面 之中。

關於本報告

ABOUT THIS REPORT

佐丹奴一直以來致力於成為一個負責任的企業公民,並於2005年正式採納企業社會責任政策聲明。自此,我們一直恪守「為善者諸事順」的原則,於我們經營的社區發放正能量,特別關注與持分者的關係、社區參與和環境保護這些範疇。

隨著香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)提高對此報告的合規要求,以及普遍持分者對增加公司透明度有殷切需求,本報告主要涵蓋了我們對環境、社會及管治的政策及表現,包括我們對環境和社區所造成的影響、我們如何以公平及透明的方式為客戶提供優質產品及卓越服務、如何投放資源於員工的發展及致力營造融洽及樂於可負工的工作環境。與此同時,如何發展強健的管治、有效的風險管理系統以及嚴密的監控亦是我們重點關注的項目。

Covid-19大流行的爆發已經影響了佐丹奴各個方面的業務,從中止計劃中的社區活動,到我們利用某些規模經濟的能力,隨之而來的是提高了我們的效率。因此,本2021年環境、社會及管治報告中的某些指標將有所失真,但我們對可持續發展目標的長期承諾仍然堅定不移。

Welcome to the 2021 Environmental, Social and Governance (the "ESG") Report of Giordano International Limited ("Giordano"), which updates our latest initiatives and achievements with respect to sustainability. As you may be aware, 'World Without Strangers' has been Giordano's credo since its inception and reflects our vision to create a sense of familiarity, regardless of ethnicity, nationality or culture, which transcends our operations and management.

Giordano has long been committed to being a responsible corporate citizen, and formally adopted its Corporate Social Responsibility policy statement in 2005. Since then, we have continued to focus on "doing well by doing good" in order to make a positive impact in the communities where we do business, paying particular attention to stakeholder relations, community involvement and environmental protection.

With the onset of enhanced compliance requirements set by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on ESG Reports and growing demand for corporate disclosure from stakeholders in general, this Report primarily addresses our approach and performance against ESG metrics, including the impact that we are making on the environment and communities, the way we deliver responsible products and exceptional service to our customers in fairly and transparently, how we invest in our employees' development and foster an inclusive and supportive working environment, as well as our framework to develop strong governance, effective risk management systems and robust controls.

The outbreak of the Covid-19 pandemic has affected many aspects of Giordano's business, from the suspension of planned community activities, through to our ability to leverage certain economies of scale, and, it follows, enhance our efficiencies. Certain indicators in this 2021 ESG Report will, therefore, be somewhat distorted, but our long-term commitment to our sustainability targets remains unwavering.





報告標準、原則和範圍

環境、社會及管治報告是根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則附錄二十七中的「環境、社會及管治報告指引」編制的,並符合其「不遵守就解釋」的規定。詳細請參考本報告的後部的聯交所的環境、社會及管治報告指引,以幫助讀者閱覽並提高透明度。

環境、社會及管治報告的內容是通過本集團的持份者參與和重要性評估過程確定的,包括識別環境、社會及管治相關問題、收集和審查管理層和持份者的意見、評估問題的相關性和重要性,以及準備和驗證已報告的信息相關問題。選取擇重要的環境、社會及管治因素的源自持份者參與和重要性評估。

環境、社會及管治報告中披露了量化的環境和社會關鍵績效指標(「KPI」),使持份者可全面了解本集團的環境、社會及管治表現。這些已報告KPI中使用的標準、方法、參考和主要排放源和轉換因子的信息在適當的地方進行了説明。為提高和保持每年的環境、社會及管治報告的可比性,本集團盡可能採用一致的報告和計算方法。如果方法和具體標準有任何變化,已在相應部分提供了説明,以便資料解讀。

本報告是根據聯交所的「環境、社會及管治報告指引」編制,將佐丹奴在2021年於環境、社會及管治方面的表現展現出來。報告內容覆蓋了我們在中國內地、香港、澳門、台灣和新加坡的業務(統稱「匯報市場」),佔佐丹奴在2021年超過50.56%的銷售額,但不包括我們的特許經營商和授權商所經營的店舖。本報告匯報範疇與2020年的環境、社會及管治報告相若。

環境、社會及管治治理

有效的環境、社會及管治在推動本集團走向可持續發展的道路上發揮著明確的作用。為確保環境、社會及管治能正確實施,董事會已責成本集團的風險管理委員會協助審核委員會監督本公司環境、社會及管治的發展和執行,並幫助確定環境、社會及管治策略和未來方向,跟進潛在的環境、社會及管治相關風險。在董事會的監督下,本集團管理層制定並執行環境、社會及管治相關政策和策略。

Reporting Standard, Principles and Scope

The ESG Report was prepared in accordance with the "Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide" under Appendix 27 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and in compliance with the "comply or explain" provision thereof. Detailed references to the 'Stock Exchange's ESG Reporting Guide" have been included at the back of this Report to aid readers and facilitate greater transparency.

The content of the ESG Report is determined through the Group's stakeholder engagement and materiality assessment processes, which include identifying ESG-related issues, collecting and reviewing management and stakeholders' opinions, assessing the relevance and materiality of the issues, and preparing and validating the information reported. The selection of material ESG factors are derived from stakeholder engagement and materiality assessments.

Quantitative environmental and social KPIs are disclosed in the ESG Report so that stakeholders can have a comprehensive understanding of the Group's ESG performance. Information on the standards, methodologies, references and source of key emission and conversion factors used on these KPIs reporting are stated wherever appropriate. To enhance and maintain the comparability of the ESG Reports between years, the Group adopts consistent reporting and calculation methodologies as far as practicable. In case of any changes in the methodologies and specific standards, explanations have provided in corresponding sections to facilitate information interpretation.

This ESG Report provides an annual update of Giordano's ESG performance for the year of 2021, which covers our operations in Mainland China, Hong Kong, Macau, Taiwan and Singapore (collectively, the "Reporting Markets"), which contributed to 50.56% of Giordano's sales in 2021 excluding shops operated by our franchisees and licensees. There are no significant changes in the reporting scope of this Report from that of the last one in 2020.

ESG

Effective ESG plays a definite role in driving the Group's pathway toward sustainable development. To ensure proper implementation of ESG, the Board has charged the Group's Risk Management Committee (the "RM Committee") with assisting the Audit Committee to oversee the Company's ESG development and execution, as well as to help determine the ESG strategies and direction ahead, to keep track of potential ESG-related risks. With the Board's supervision, the management of the Group formulates and executes ESG-related polices and strategies.

董事會聲明

本集團相信,健全的環境、社會及管治原則和實踐將增加投資價值並為持份者提供長期回報。為確保建立適當有效的環境、社會及管治風險管理措施和內部控制系統,風險管理委員會及本集團的內部審計部負責監督本集團的環境、社會及管治策略和績效,評估和識別環境、社會及管治相關風險。

為降低可持續發展和環境、社會及管治相關風險,以及跟踪本公司的環境、社會及管治發展,風險管理委員會審查本集團的表現,並與行業領導者和同等規模的同行比較,以確保滿足最新的要求和合規狀態。本集團將適時調整可能影響本集團業務運營的環境、社會及管治相關問題,以迎合新興市場趨勢。

風險管理委員會還將誦渦董事會會議、專門報告 和其他溝通渠道定期向董事會通報環境、社會及 管治表現的發展情況、願景和策略的發展。本集 團已建立業務部門與持份者之間的溝通渠道,以 更好地溝通環境、社會及管治相關問題。本集團 定期檢討溝涌渠道,以確保本集團與其持份者之 間進行有效溝涌。於報告期內,董事會已委派獨 立諮詢公司進行重要性評估,以更好地識別與業 務及其持份者相關的潛在和重大環境、社會及管 治問題。持份者參與是為了與相關持份者進行接 觸,以更準確地識別重大問題,並可以將持份者 的意見內化。具有更高重要性的問題將被視為重 要問題,並將優先考慮這些問題。董事會亦會定 期檢討重大事項,以確保制定適當的環境、社會 及管治管理政策,以促進迅速作出回應,以滿足 持份者的期望。

為提升環境、社會及管治表現,本集團致力檢討 有關其營運及可持續發展的計劃及表現。董事會 將就擬定的計劃和目標跟進環境、社會及管治相 關工作的執行情況,以製定本集團環境、社會及 管治發展的未來計劃。環境、社會及管治相關員 工培訓的質量和數量也受到監控,以確保本集團 就環境、社會及管治相關問題和市場趨勢的信息 得到很好的傳達。

Board Statement

The Group believes that sound ESG principles and practices will increase investment value and provide long-term returns to stakeholders. In a bid to ensure the establishment of appropriate and effective ESG risk management measures and internal control systems, the RM Committee and the Group's Internal Audit department are responsible for overseeing the Group's ESG strategies and performance, as well as assessing and identifying ESG-related risks.

In order to mitigate sustainability and ESG-related risks, as well as to keep track of the Company's ESG development, the RM Committee reviews the Group's performances against industry leaders and peers of comparable size to ensure the latest requirements and compliance status are met. Timely adjustments will be made to cater for the emerging market trends regarding ESG-related issues that may potentially impact the business operations of the Group.

The RM Committee will also inform the Board of developments vis-à-vis in ESG performances, visions and strategies through Board meetings, dedicated reports and other communication channels on a regular basis. The Group has established communication channels, between business divisions and its stakeholders for better communication of ESG-related issues. The communication channels are reviewed regularly to ensure that effective communications are made between the Group and its stakeholders. During the Reporting Period, the Board has assigned an independent consulting firm to conduct a materiality assessment for better identification of potential and material ESG issues relevant to the business and its stakeholders. Stakeholder engagement has been conducted to engage with relevant stakeholders for more precise identification of the material issues that could internalise the opinions of the stakeholders. The issues would be prioritised and those with higher significance will be considered material. The Board would also review the material issues regularly to ensure appropriate ESG management policies are in place, so as to promote prompt responses to meet stakeholders' expectations.

In an effort to enhance ESG performance, the Group endeavours to review plans and performances regarding its operation and sustainable development. The Board would keep track of ESG-related work execution with respect to the proposed plans and targets, to formulate future plans on the Group's ESG development. The quality and quantity of ESG-related staff training are also monitored to ensure the Group's message on ESG-related issues and market trends are well conveyed.

持份者參與和重要性評估

本集團相信持份者的參與和支持對本集團的業務 成功至關重要。通過了解持份者對可持續發展的 期望和關注,本集團可以更全面地把握制定可持續發展目標和完善可持續發展策略的視角。本集 團建立了多種溝通渠道,包括對環境、社會及管 治相關問題的調查,以在整個業務範圍內聽取行 同持份者的意見並促進表達建議。然後,在考慮 集團的可持續發展目標和策略時,將反映和考慮 持份者的期望和關注。

在本年度的環境、社會及管治報告中,本集團已 聘請獨立第三方諮詢公司協助收集持份者對本 種溝通渠道收集的,包括問卷調查。參考對 者意見的定量和定性分析得出的結果,以 們的期望和需求,並改進本集團對環境、 管治相關問題的管理。同時,持份者的重 管治相關問題的管理。 同時,持份者集團的重 境、社會及管治問題。通過承認持例 境、社會及管治問題。 通過承認持個 實 議所產生的價值觀的重要性,本集團將繼續 持份者參與,以修改可持續發展目標和策略。

Stakeholder Engagement & Materiality Assessment

The Group believes that stakeholder engagement and support are crucial to the Group's business success. By understanding stakeholders' expectations and concerns about sustainable development, the Group can grasp a more comprehensive perspective for developing the sustainable development goal and improving the sustainable development strategy. The Group has established various communication channels, including surveys with ESG-related questions, to receive opinions and to promote expressions of suggestions from different stakeholders across the entire business. Stakeholders' expectations and concerns will then be reflected and considered while evaluating the Group's sustainable development goals and strategies.

For this year's ESG Report, the Group has engaged an independent third-party consulting firm to assist in the collection of stakeholders' opinions regarding the Group's ESG issues. Opinions are collected via various communication channels, including questionnaires. Results derived from quantitative and qualitative analysis of the stakeholders' opinions are referenced to understand their expectations and needs, and to improve the Group's management of ESG-related issues. Meanwhile, the stakeholders' opinions will also be incorporated into the materiality assessment process to identify material ESG issues of the Group. By acknowledging the importance of the values induced by the stakeholders' opinions and suggestions, the Group will continue practising stakeholder engagement for modification of sustainable development goals and strategies.

| 持份者 Stakeholders | 期望和需求 Expectations and Needs | 溝通和回應方式 Means of Communication and Response |
|---|--|---|
| 政府和監管機構 Government and Regulators | 遵守國家政策、法律法規 按時足額納税 確保生產安全 Compliance with national policies, laws and regulations Pay taxes in full and on time Ensure production safety | 定期信息報告 定期與監管機構會面 檢查 Information reporting regularly Meet the regulators regularly Examinations and inspections |
| 股東 Shareholders | 回報 合規經營 提升公司價值 信息透明和有效溝通 Returns Compliant operation Enhancement in company value Transparency in information and effective communication | 股東大會 公司公佈 電子郵件、電話溝通和公司網站 Shareholders conferences Company's announcements Email, telephone communication and the Company's website |

| 持份者 Stakeholders | 期望和需求 Expectations and Needs | 溝通和回應方式 Means of Communication and Response |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| 商業合作夥伴 Business Partners | 誠信經營 平等競爭 合同履行 互利共贏 Operation with integrity Equal Rivalry Performance of contracts Mutual benefits and win-win results | 審查和評估會議 商務溝通 參與與合作 Review and appraisal meetings Business communications Engagement and cooperation |
| 顧客 Customers | 卓越的產品和服務 健康與安全 履行合約 誠信經營 Outstanding products and services Health and safety Performance of contracts Operate with integrity | 客戶服務中心及熱線電話 客戶反饋調查 社交媒體平台 Customer service centre and hotlines Customer feedback survey Social Media Platforms |
| 環境 Environment | 合規排放 節能減排 生態系統保護 Compliant emission Energy saving and emission reduction Ecosystem protection | ● ESG報告 ● ESG Reporting |
| 行業 Industry | 建立行業標準推動行業發展Establishment of industry standardsDrive industry development | 参加行業論壇 Participation in industry forums |
| 僱員 Employees | 保護權利 職業健康 薪酬福利 職業發展 人文關懷 Protection of rights Occupational health Remunerations and benefits Career development Humanity cares | 員工溝通會議 內刊和內聯網 員工郵箱 培訓和研討會 員工活動 Employee communication meetings House journal and intranet Employee mailbox Training and workshops Employee activities |
| 社區和公眾 Community and the Public | ● 參與慈善 ● Participation in charity | 公司網站 公司公佈 Company's website Company's announcements |

鑑於環境、社會及管治報告與本集團的環境及社會表現的相關性及有效性,本集團已進行重要性評估以識別對本集團及其持份者的業務具有重大意義的環境、社會及管治議題。該評估基於持份者調查、外部知名機構提供的重要性圖譜、管理層的判斷以及第三方環境、社會及管治專業人士的專業意見。識別出的重大環境、社會及管治問題如下:

In view of the relevance and validity of the ESG Report with the Group's environmental and social performance, the Group has conducted a materiality assessment to identify ESG issues that are material to the business of the Group and its stakeholders. The assessment is based on stakeholder surveys, materiality maps provided by well-known external institutions¹, the judgement from management, as well as professional opinions from third-party ESG professionals. The material ESG issues identified are as follows:



方面 Aspects

環境

Environment

勞工實踐

Labour Practices

運營實踐

Operating Practices

重大問題 Material Issues

產品碳足跡 Product Carbon Footprint

減排與資源保護 Emission Reduction and Resource Conservation

就業合規 Employment Compliance

勞動管理 Labour Management

職業健康和安全 Occupational Health and Safety

運營合規 Operational Compliance

質量管理 Quality Management

供應鏈管理 Supply Chain Management

客戶服務管理 Customer Service Management

負責任的銷售和營銷 Responsible Sales and Marketing

反貪污 Anti-corruption

環境管理與目標

本集團致力擁抱綠色發展,並將日常業務營運對 環境的影響減至最低。本集團深知將綠色措施和 實踐融入業務以實現可持續發展的重要性,制定 了一系列可持續發展策略以及多項環保目標,以 推動本集團對保護環境的承諾。

本年度內,本集團已設定初步方向目標,專注於減少(i)空氣及溫室氣體排放:(ii)能源和水的使用;(iii)在業務運營和發展中產生的廢物。本集團希望通過積極實施節能、節水及減少用紙等不同環境方面的措施,逐步減少電力和水的消耗,以及溫室氣體排放和廢物產生。

除了制定策略及設定目標以促進可持續發展外,本集團亦有責任嚴格遵守有關環境保護的法律法規,包括但不限於《空氣污染管制條例》、《水污染管制條例》、《香港廢物處置條例》和《中華人民共和國環境保護法》。本集團定期檢討其營運以確保遵守法律及法規。年內,本集團並不知悉任何與環境法律法規相關的重大違規行為。

重要性評估中參考的重要性圖譜包括分別由明晟(MSCI)和可持續發展會計準則委員會(「SASB」)製作的環境、社會及管治行業重要性圖譜和SASB重要性圖譜。

Environmental Management and Objectives

The Group is committed to embracing green development, as well as to minimising the environmental impacts from the daily business operations. Understanding the importance of incorporating green measures and practices into the business to achieve sustainable development, the Group has developed a series of sustainable development strategies together with a number of environmental targets to push forward the Group's commitment to protecting the environment.

During the Year, the Group has set preliminary directional targets to focus on mitigating (i) air and greenhouse gas emissions; (ii) energy and water use; and (iii) waste generation during business operations and development. The Group looks to gradually reduce power and water consumption, as well as greenhouse gas emissions and waste generation, through actively implementing measures on different environmental aspects, such as power saving, water conservation, and paper use reduction.

Apart from developing strategies and setting targets to promote sustainable development, the Group is also obligated to strictly comply with laws and regulations regarding environmental protection, including but not limited to the Air Pollution Control Ordinance, Water Pollution Control Ordinance, Waste Disposal Ordinance of Hong Kong, and the Environmental Protection Act the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China. The Group reviews its operations regularly to assure that the laws and regulations are complied with. During the Year, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance relevant to environmental laws and regulations.

. The materiality maps referenced in the materiality assessment include the ESG Industry Materiality Map and the SASB Materiality Map produced respectively by MSCI and the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board ("SASB").



環境層面A1:致力環保的營運以減少排放 Environmental Aspect A1: Minimized Emissions through Green-Minded Operations

- (1) 在佐丹奴,我們致力確保營運結合環保理 念。我們商務活動中的每一環節,由供應商 的生產至我們的營運,都會盡一切努力減少 產生廢物及排放。
- (2) 我們相信,有關的商業活動和整體營運設施 均符合相關的環保法規。
- (1) At Giordano, we seek to ensure that our business operations are environmentally friendly, making every effort to reduce waste and emissions from every aspect of our business activities, from production at our suppliers through to our business operations.
- (2) We believe that our business activities and the facilities of our overall operations comply with the relevant laws and regulations on environmental protection.

環境層面A2:節約資源

Environmental Aspect A2: Conserving Resources

- (1) 為積極響應香港政府推行的減少「碳足跡」 政策,我們致力高效地善用資源和減少消耗 能源、水資源、紙張及原材料,以減少碳排 放、保護及保育環境。如:
 - 在業務方針上納入可持續的環保措施;
 - 明智和有效地使用資源,例如減少使用原材料和包裝;
 - 在業務範圍內減少廢物的產生;
 - 藉著供應鏈管理和智慧型店舗營運, 以促進環保;及
 - 提升客戶和業務夥伴的環保意識。

- (1) In active alignment with the Hong Kong governmental policy of reducing "carbon footprint", we are committed to reducing carbon emissions and protecting and sustaining the environment through efficient use of resources and reduced consumption of electrical power, water, paper and raw materials by:
 - incorporating sustainable environmental practices into our business principles;
 - using resources wisely and efficiently, such as cutting the volume of raw materials and packaging consumed;
 - reducing waste generation within our operations;
 - promoting environmental protection, via supply chain management and smart shop operations; and
 - promoting environmental awareness among our customers and business associates.

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- (2) 為股東創造價值的同時,我們也關注生態資 源的保育及推動環保。建基於5Rs原則一取 代、減少使用、物盡其用、恢復再用和循環 再用, 佐丹奴透過在內部推行不同的措施, 力求減少資源消耗、回收物料,以及減少廢 物的產生:
 - 在辦公室和店舗張貼節約用水告示和 海報:
 - 定期檢查水龍頭,並盡快處理任何滴 水情況;
 - 提倡「無紙化會議」,使用電子文檔;
 - 將印表機預設成雙面及黑白列印的 模式;
 - 回收廢棄的紙張;
 - 循環再用及回收紙箱;
 - 循環再用店舖的傢俱;及
 - 將塑料包裝袋循環再用為垃圾袋。

節約能源

由於電力消耗是佐丹奴產生溫室氣體的主因,我 們在大部份的辦公室和店舖已採取了以下各種節 約能源和提高能源效益的措施:

- Striving to create shareholders' value, we are also concerned with the conservation of ecological resources and driving environmental protection. Based on the 5Rs principle - to Replace, Reduce, Reuse, Recover and Recycle - Giordano spares no effort to cut down on the use of resources, recycle materials, as well as to reduce the generation of waste by implementing different practices internally:
 - displaying notices and posters of water conservation at offices and shops:
 - inspecting taps regularly and repairing any dripping promptly;
 - promoting the concept of "paperless meetings" with the use of electronic copies of documents;
 - pre-setting printers for double-sided and black-and-white
 - recycling used paper;
 - reusing and recycling carton boxes;
 - reusing shop furniture; and
 - reusing plastic packaging bags as bin bags.

Saving Energy

As electricity consumption is the biggest contributor to our greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions, various energy saving and efficiency measures have been undertaken in most of our office premises and shops:

節約能源措施 **Energy-Saving Initiatives**

Lighting 空調系統

Air-conditioning

照明系統

自2008年起,集團倡議為旗下店舖轉用節能燈

A group-wide initiative to convert lighting in all shops to energy-saving lights commenced since 2008

- 以更省電的分體式空調取代水冷空調系統 Replace chilled water air-conditioning with more efficient split-type air-conditioners
- 縮減空調系統的操作時間 Shorten the operating time of air-conditioning
- 維持室內平均溫度在25 26℃ Maintain an average indoor temperature of 25 – 26 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$
- 定期維修保養空調,令系統性能表現更有效率 Maintain and repair air-conditioners regularly for better performance

地球面對的威脅正在逐年地增加,為了我們和下一代著想,無疑我們是有責任和義務與地球成為一個更潔淨和更安達環境並不只是法律上的責任,我們除了鼓勵員工為環境出多一分力,更在工作間推廣環保訊息。2010年我們在香港總部成立的「綠色團隊」就是其中一個很好的例子,由不同部門的代表碳等中一個很好的側子,由不同部門的代表碳等的,共同組織活動項目,致力提倡低發和大力,集團亦推行以下措施,以啟發和黃剛員工參與綠色行動:

- (i) 在工作間及公司內聯網張貼「綠色工作 間秘訣」及綠色生活資訊
 - 一 指引員工如何塑造一個環保低碳 的工作環境。

(3) Going Green at Work

Faced with the increasing threat to the environment over the years, all of us undoubtedly owe a duty and responsibility to make Mother Earth a cleaner and safer place to live in for ourselves and for future generations. Acting in a socially and environmentally responsible way is more than just a legal duty, and here at Giordano, we encourage our staff to adopt environmentally responsible behaviour and promote environmental protection in the workplace. The "Green Team" set up in our Hong Kong Headquarters in 2010 is a vivid example, which brings together representatives from different departments to initiate programs for promoting low carbon living. Moreover, to inspire and encourage staff's green actions, we have also launched the following initiatives:

- "Tips for greening our workplace" and GREEN news posted at office and Company's Intranet
 - guiding staff to create a low-carbon working environment.

為增強綠色環保意識[,]我們的 **G.Link 會** 由 2018 年 12 月起開始分享綠色生活資訊 To strengthen green awareness, our **G.Link Club** started sharing GREEN news from December 2018







綠色環保成效概覽

昌 1

下圖總結佐丹奴在環保節能方面的表現,涵蓋了 滙報市場在店舖、辦公室和倉庫的運作:

Green Performance Overview

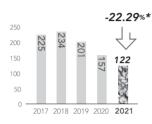
Graph 1

Below is a summary of our environmental performance with respect to our operations in shops, offices and warehouses in the Reporting Markets:

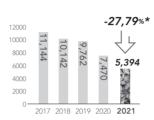
溫室氣體排放量 GREENHOUSE GAS (GHG) EMISSIONS

* 2021 比對 2020 百分比變動 2021 vs 2020 % Change

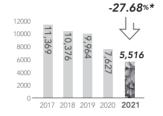
範疇1(公噸二氧化碳當量) Scope 1 (tCO_2e)



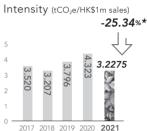
範疇2(公噸二氧化碳當量) Scope 2 (tCO_2e)



總計(範疇1+2) (公噸二氧化碳當量) Total (Scope 1+2) (tCO₂e)



強度(公噸二氧化碳當量/每一百萬港元銷售額)



按來源劃分的溫室氣體排放總量(單位:公噸二氧化碳當量)
TOTAL GHG EMISSIONS BY CATEGORY (Unit: tCO:e)

- # 相關消耗佔佐丹奴 2021 年度溫室氣體排放總量的百分比
- # Percentage contribution of the subject consumption towards our total GHG emissions in 2021



用電量 Electricity Consumption

5,394 (97.79%[#])



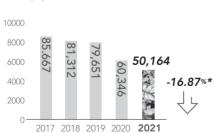
公司車輛燃油消耗量 Corporate Vehicle Fuel Consumption

122 (2.21%[#])

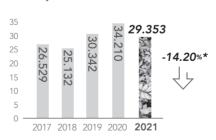
耗水量 WATER USE

* 2021 比對 2020 百分比變動 2021 vs 2020 % Change

總計(立方米) Total (m³)



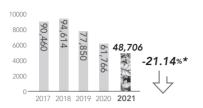
強度(立方米/每一百萬港元銷售額) Intensity (m³/HK\$1m sales)



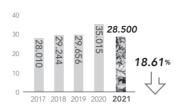
車輛燃油消耗量 VEHICLE FUEL CONSUMPTION

* 2021 比對 2020 百分比變動 2021 vs 2020 % Change

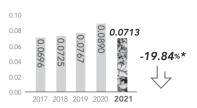
總計(公升) Total (Litre)



強度(公升/每一百萬港元銷售額) Intensity (Litre/HK\$1m sales)



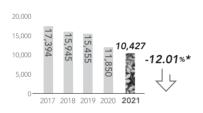
強度(公噸二氧化碳當量/每一百萬港元銷售額)
Intensity (tCO₂e/HK\$1m sales)



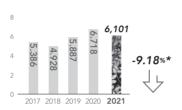
耗電量 ELECTRICITY CONSUMPTION

* 2021 比對 2020 百分比變動 2021 vs 2020 % Change

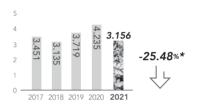
總計(千個千瓦時) Total (kWh in '000s)



強度(千瓦時/每一百萬港元銷售額) Intensity (kWh/HK\$1m sales)



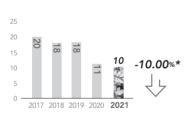
強度(公噸二氧化碳當量/每一百萬港元銷售額)
Intensity (tCO₂e/HK\$1m sales)



紙張消耗量 PAPER USE

* 2021 比對 2020 百分比變動 2021 vs 2020 % Change

總計(公噸) Total (Tonne)



強度(公噸/每一百萬港元銷售額) Intensity (Tonne/HK\$1m sales)

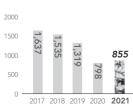


無害廢棄物排放量(紙張+購物袋+包裝物料)

NON-HAZARDOUS WASTE GENERATION (Paper + Shopping Bags + Packaging Material)

* 2021 比對 2020 百分比變動 2021 vs 2020 % Change

總計(公噸) Total (Tonne)

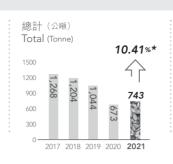


強度(公噸/每一百萬港元銷售額) Intensity (Tonne/HK\$1m sales)







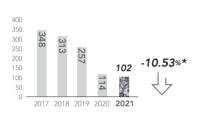




購物袋消耗量 SHOPPING BAG CONSUMPTION

* 2021 比對 2020 百分比變動 2021 vs 2020 % Change







強度(公噸/每一百萬港元銷售額)

Intensity (Tonne/HK\$1m sales)

附註:

1. 溫室氣體排放

- 基於業務性質,匯報市場的氣體排放以溫室氣體為主,主要源 自使用由化石燃料轉化而成的電力及燃料。
- 溫室氣體排放的數據是按二氧化碳當量的方式呈列(以公噸為單位),並根據:
 - (i) 政府間氣候變化專門委員會(「IPCC」)發布的《2006年IPCC 國家溫室氣體清單指南》:
 - (ii) 世界資源研究所及世界可持續發展工商理事會刊發在《溫室氣體議定書:企業核算與報告準則》的國際報告框架:
 - (iii) 香港特別行政區政府機電工程署及環境保護署刊發的《香港建築物(商業、住宅或公共用途)的溫室氣體排放及減除的核質和郵告指引(2010年版)》:
 - (iv) 香港電燈有限公司、中華電力有限公司及澳門電力有限公司的年度報告:及
 - (v) 國際能源署發布的數值計算。
- 為了更全面展示佐丹奴溫室氣體排放的情況,我們根據世界資源研究所及世界可持續發展工商理事會刊發在《溫室氣體議定書:企業核算與報告準則》的國際報告框架,進一步將佐丹奴的溫室氣體排放劃分為以下兩個範疇;
 - (i) 「範疇1」涵蓋由匯報市場擁有或監控的業務直接產生的溫 室氣體排放,主要源自公司車輛的燃油消耗(不包括我們 承包商的車隊):
 - (ii)「範疇2」涵蓋因在匯報市場內消耗的外購電力而引致的「間接溫室氣體」排放(不包括部分在百貨公司和/或商場內的零售點,其電費並非單獨收取)。
- 2. 鑑於業務性質,佐丹奴沒有發現產生任何重要的有害廢棄物。
- 一些零售點在百貨公司和/或商場經營,該處的用水供應及排污由大廈管理管控,故收集有關資料是不可行。
- 4. 佐丹奴在匯報市場的日常營運中,並無尋求適用水源的問題。
- 紙張消耗量等同於匯報市場日常營運中購買的紙張量(不包括紙質 購物袋和包裝物料)。
- 購物袋消耗量等同在匯報市場購買供店舖使用的紙質和塑料購物 袋用量。

Notes:

1. GHG Emissions

- Due to our business nature, the significant air emissions of the Reporting Markets are the GHG
 emissions arising mainly from the use of electricity and fuels derived from fossil fuels.
- GHG emissions data is presented in carbon dioxide equivalent (in tonnes) and is computed with reference to:
 - (i) the "2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories" issued by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change ("IPCC"):
 - (ii) the international reporting framework published by the World Resources Institute and the World Business Council for Sustainable Development, as reported in "The Greenhouse Gas Protocol: A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard";
 - (iii) the "Guidelines to Account for and Report on Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Removals for Buildings (Commercial, Residential or Institutional Purposes) in Hong Kong (2010 Edition)" issued by the Electrical and Mechanical Services Department and the Environmental Protection Department in Hong Kong;
 - (iv) the sustainability reports of the Hong Kong Electric Company Ltd, the China Light and Power Company Ltd and the Companhia de Electricidade de Macau; and
 - (v) the data published by the International Energy Agency.
- In order to provide a more comprehensive view of our GHG impact, we have further classified
 the GHG emissions of Giordano into 2 scopes (as below), which are defined in accordance with
 the international reporting framework published by the World Resources Institute and the World
 Business Council for Sustainable Development, as reported in "The Greenhouse Gas Protocol: A
 Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard":
 - "Scope 1" covers direct emissions from operations that are owned or controlled by the Reporting Markets, arising mainly from fuel used by our own corporate vehicles (excluding the vehicle fleets of our contractors);
 - (ii) "Scope 2" covers "energy indirect" emissions resulting from the generation of purchased electricity consumed within the Reporting Markets (excluding electricity consumed in some retail outlets in departmental stores and/or shopping malls where electricity is not separately charged).
- In view of our business nature, Giordano is not aware of any significant generation of hazardous waste.
- 3. Some retail stores operate in shopping malls and/or departmental stores where water supply and discharge are controlled by the building management. Thus, the retrieval of the relevant data is not feasible.
- There is no issue in sourcing water that is fit for the purpose during the daily operations of the Reporting Markets.
- The amount of paper use is the amount of paper purchased to support the daily operation of the Reporting Markets (excluding those of paper shopping bags and packaging material).
- The amount of shopping bags consumed is the amount of paper and plastic shopping bags purchased for store use in the Reporting Markets.

減少紙張

本集團繼續鼓勵無紙化的工作環境,不僅可減少對環境的破壞,亦具有多重商業裨益,包括節之間、促進資訊科技網絡信息共享及減省繁資的文書程序。近年來,本集團已實行內部人力沒源無紙化流程,例如僱員工時表、糧單、假期申請、意見調查、評估報告、檢查表格及其他。另外,雙面列印及複印已成為本集團內部慣例,大減少紙張消耗及節省成本。本集團定期收集及評估辦公室打印機使用數據,以監控無紙化環境之成效。

安全拍卡列印

本集團與其列印方案供應商合作,在辦公室採用 安全拍卡列印方案,透過智能列印有助本集團達 致更佳的成本效益。由於作出列印指示的指定員 工於列印時需要出示員工證方能進行打印,因此 能減少無人認領列印的情況,從而有助本集團達 到環保的目的。

公司通訊

本公司極力推動股東利用港交所及本公司網站獲取公司通訊,包括財務報告並取代收取印刷版本。通過向股東提供電子版公司通訊,印刷量可大幅減少。此無紙化的做法既可保護環境,亦可節約印刷及行政費用等。

佐丹奴(迪拜)City Centre Deira 商店榮獲環保和可持續發展之「綠 色之星」4星獎

佐丹奴(迪拜)City Centre Deira商店在「綠色之星」頒獎典禮上榮獲4星獎獎項,該頒獎典禮在迪拜City Centre Deira的「INDOORS」期間限定店位置舉行。「綠色之星」以參照美國「能源與環境設計領導力」標準(LEED)作為藍本,LEED是根據分數作為評級標準。而評分準則以綠色建築、購物中心和社區的設計、建造、營運以及維修保養。

Paper Reduction

The Group continues to encourage a paperless working environment which not only reduces environmental damage but also fits commercial goals, as it can save physical space, facilitate information sharing via IT networks, and reduce complicated documentation procedures. In recent years, the Group has implemented paperless internal human resources processing such as employee timesheets, payrolls, leave applications, surveys, assessment papers, inspection forms and many more. Moreover, duplex printing and copying have become the norm within the Group, greatly reducing paper consumption and saving costs. Usage data of office printing machines are regularly collected and assessed for monitoring the efficiency of the paperless environment.

Secure Printing with Tap & Print

The Group has adopted a "Secure Printing with Tap & Print" printing solution in the office, helping the Group become more cost-efficient through smarter printing. The print solution enables the Group to achieve environmental objectives by reducing unclaimed printing, as printing is released only upon presentation of a staff card from that particular staff who gives the printing instruction.

Corporate Communications

The Company strongly recommends shareholders access its corporate communications, including financial reports, through the websites of the HKEX and the Company, instead of receiving printed form. By introducing electronic means of corporate communications to shareholders, the quantity of printed materials has been considerably reduced. This paperless practice thus helps to protect the environment, as well as save costs for printing and administrative charges, etc.

Giordano's City Centre Deira Store Awarded 4-Stars in Green Star Awards for Environmental Efforts and Sustainability

Giordano's City Centre Deira store has been awarded 4 Stars in the Green Star Awards ceremony, which was held at the vibrant 'INDOORS' popup space in City Centre Deira, Dubai. Green Star is modelled on the United States 'Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design' standards (LEED), the points-based rating standard that concerns the design, construction, operation, and maintenance of green buildings, malls and neighbourhoods.



環境層面A3:減少對環境與自然資源的影響,以促進可持續發展

Environmental Aspect A3: Minimizing Impact on the Environment and Natural Resources for Sustainable Development

- (1) 佐丹奴十分關注保護環境與自然資源。我們 竭力提高技術訣緊,減少在生產和營運過程 中對環境帶來負面影響。我們:
 - 在營運和決策時,會考慮對環境所帶來的 影響;
 - 不斷改善環保措施,加強對目標和責任的 評估以及對環保的監督和管理;及
 - 嚴格地控制對環境帶來的風險。
- (2) 佐丹奴在整個營運過程中依循嚴格的可持續發展措施,並把環保作為供應鏈管理的首要任務之一。我們十分關注生產過程中對環境帶來的風險因素,如廢料的排放等。因此,在揀選我們的供應商時,他們如何維護周遭環境是我們重要的考慮因素之一。
- (3) 此外,我們引入綠色環保元素於我們的產品中,其中一個例子是使用丙綸作為我們G-Warmer系列極暖衣的其中一種主要成分,丙綸會在熱能和紫外光照射下氧化降解,而且可完全回收、循環再用。我們的高端運動品牌Silvermark by G-Motion於2017年開始在布料使用Teflon-EcoElite防潑水劑,這種化學劑能令布料防潑水的功效更持久,卻不含有毒的氟,而且百分之六十的原材料是可再生的。
- (4) 與此同時,由2016年1月1日起,我們的店舗 收取塑膠購物袋徵費超過香港特別行政區政 府的「塑膠購物袋徵費計劃」所規定,由每個 HK\$0.5增加至HK\$1,為支持環保、減少使 用塑膠袋及鼓勵客人自備購物袋。

- (1) Giordano places great emphasis on protecting the environment and natural resources. We strive to improve our technical know-how to minimize the negative impact on the environment during production and operations. We:
 - take into account the environmental impact of our activities and decisions;
 - continuously improve the environmental protection initiatives and strengthen target and responsibility assessments, environmental protection supervision and management; and
 - strictly control environmental risks.
- (2) Giordano follows strict sustainable development practices throughout its operations, and places environmental protection as one of its top priorities in the process of supply chain management. We are concerned with the environmental risk factors in production, such as emissions and waste discharge. Thus, in the selection of our suppliers, their measure of protecting the surrounding environment is one of our key selection criteria.
- (3) Moreover, we introduce green elements into our products. For example, we use polypropylene as one of the major components of our G-Warmer thermal base layer collection. Polypropylene is degradable when exposed to heat and UV radiation, and is also fully recyclable. For our premium activewear brand, Silvermark by G-Motion, we began using fabrics treated with Teflon-EcoElite finishing since 2017, which is a non-fluorinated fabric treatment for durable water repellency with 60% of its raw materials being renewably sourced.
- (4) Furthermore, in support of environmental protection, we opted to charge more per plastic shopping bag than that requested under the Environmental Levy Scheme on Plastic Shopping Bags of the Government of the HKSAR; that is, from HK\$0.5 to HK\$1, effective from January 1, 2016, to discourage the use of plastic bags and to encourage customers to bring their own bags.

環境層面A4:應對氣候變化

Environmental Aspect A4: Responding to Climate Change

In recent years, climate change has become an extremely important topic and is discussed across all facets of society. The Group has raised its awareness of the risks and potential impacts of climate change towards the Group. Understanding the potential impact that the Group may face in terms of climate change, the Group has identified various climate-related risks, such as the risk of increasing severity of extreme weather events. Changes in precipitation and rain patterns and extreme variability in weather patterns may alter customers' preferences in apparel products that could indirectly affect sales of the Company. In addition, increasing operating costs and maintenance costs, such as transportation and insurance premium costs of the Company, due to prolonged extreme weather may add extra burden to the Company. The ongoing enhancement of emissions-reporting obligations, and regulations of existing products and services may also increase the overall operating costs of the Company.

By acknowledging the increasing concern of climate change, the Group has been proactively implementing various measures to address the climate-related risks. The Group has identified, assessed, managed and monitored climate-related risks on a regular basis. Risk assessment was undertaken to evaluate the degree of vulnerability of the business operations. While the Group's risk inventory was examined as well to determine any potentially overlooked areas of climate-related risks. Moreover, appropriate staff are assigned to handle the execution of climate-related operational activities, which are delegated by the Board and the RM Committee. Furthermore, the Group may potentially increase the insurance premiums on assets since operational facilities may be damaged, while the health and safety of the workforce may also be impacted. In order to mitigate such risks, the Group maintains comprehensive insurance coverage for assets that are prone to damage by extreme weather conditions, minimising the potential maintenance and repair costs required. In case of emergency due to extreme climate events, the Group also adopts special work arrangements to notify employees and safeguard the health and safety of the workforce under unusual weather conditions.





社會層面B1:僱傭

Social Aspect B1: Employment

- (1) 作為國際性的服裝零售商,佐丹奴的零售網絡遍佈五大洲。截至2021年12月31日,我們約有2,056個售銷點,讓我們能夠在世界各地宣揚「沒有陌生人的世界」的信念。截至2021年12月31日,我們在匯報市場內的員工人數已達到2,905人,比2020 (3,122)年下跌6.95%:
- (2) 佐丹奴相信,要獲得長遠成功,全賴機構內每一位成員的貢獻。因此,佐丹奴以公平及尊重的態度對待員工。我們相信,通力合作、上下一心和互相信賴是佐丹奴之根基所在。我們在評選應徵者時會考慮其能力和長處,並按照員工的個人表現決定酬報和擢升。
- (1) As an international apparel retailer, Giordano's retail network spans five continents operating through approximately 2,056 points of sales as of December 31, 2021, which enables us to deliver our 'World Without Strangers' credo globally. For the Reporting Markets, our headcount reached 2,905 talents as of December 31, 2021, with a 6.95% decrease from 2020 (3,122):
- (2) Giordano believes that its long-term success depends on the contribution of each and every individual in the organization. As such, Giordano is committed to treating its staff with fairness and respect. We believe in cooperation, teamwork and trust as the foundation of Giordano. We hire based on ability and merit, reward and promote based on performance.

圖2 Graph 2

匯報市場的員工分布 TALENT DISTRIBUTION BY THE REPORTING MARKETS



2021 ESG REPORT 環 告

尊重和落實多元化

我們認同並致力維護一個多元化的工作環境,可 見於下圖我們的員工組合:

圖3

僱傭類別分布 **Employment Type Distribution**

全職 Full-time

2017 | 3.598 (71.70%)

2018 | 3.391 (70.80%)

2019 | 3,011 (70.50%)

2020 | 2,626 (84.11%)

2021 | **2,295**(79.00%)

兼職 / 合約 Part-time / Contract

2017 | 1,418 (28.30%)

2018 | 1.396 (29.20%)

2019 | 1,261 (29.50%)

2020 | 496 (15.89%)

2021 | 610(21.00%)

Respecting and Reflecting Diversity

We believe in diversity and endeavour to safeguard a diverse working environment, which is reflected in the composition of our staff as demonstrated below:

Graph 3

年齡分布 Age Distribution

2017 | 2,588 (51.6%)

2018 | 2,265 (47.3%)

小於 30 歳 < 30 years old

2019 | 1,878 (44.0%) 2020 | 1,017 (32.6%) 2021

829(28.54%)

2017 | 2,238 (44.6%)

30-50 years old 2018 | 2,305 (48.2%)

30-50 歲

2019 | 2,176 (50.9%)

1,882(64.78%) 2020 | 1,912 (61.2%)

2017 | 190 (3.8%)

2018 | 217 (4.5%)

2019 | 218 (5.1%)

2020 | 193 (6.2%)

大於 50 歳 > 50 years old

2021

194(6.68%)

男女員工佔比 Staff Composition by Gender





| 男性 Male | | 女性 Female |
|---------------------|------|-----------------------|
| 22.0% | 2017 | 78.0% |
| 21.4% | 2018 | 78.6% |
| 20.5% | 2019 | 78.0% |
| 19.6% | 2020 | 80.4% |
| 556 (19.14%) | 2021 | 2,349 (80.86%) |

- 佐丹奴有一系列僱傭政策、員工手冊和守 則,以確保我們的員工可以在一個公平及公 正的環境下工作,讓他們的權利和利益受到 保障,包括:
 - 員工手冊

佐丹奴嚴格遵守相關勞工法規,對待 所有員工都會一視同仁。他們的受 聘、薪酬和晉升不受他們的社會身 份,如種族、國籍、性別、宗教、年 齡、性取向、政治黨派或婚姻狀況所 影響。所有員工均須簽收員工手冊。

(ii) 紀律守則

佐丹奴相信誠信、正直和公平是重要 的資產,亦是我們賴以長遠發展及成 功的基石。因此,紀律守則的建立旨 在向員工傳達我們對其職業操守的準 則,從而要求他們堅守最高的業務和 專業道德標準,以贏取業務夥伴和客 戶的信任,使業務持續增長。

(iii) 密函檢舉政策

為創建一個公開、透明和安全的工作 環境,讓員工能夠坦言,我們一首設 有密函檢舉的政策,容許員工提出任 何疑慮,並使佐丹奴能有系統地在保 密的環境下跟進事情。密函檢舉政策 會定期作出更新。

- A series of policies, handbooks and protocols are in place in Giordano to help build a workplace where our staff are treated fairly and equally, with their rights and interests being protected. These include:
 - Staff Handbook

Giordano strictly complies with relevant labour laws and regulations. All staff are treated equally, and their employment, remuneration and promotion will not be affected by their social identities such as ethnicity, race, nationality, gender, religion, age, sexual orientation, political faction or marital status. All staff are required to acknowledge receipt of the staff handbook.

(ii) Code of Conduct

Giordano believes that honesty, integrity and fairness are important values, and are crucial to our long-term development and success. Thus, the Code of Conduct has been established to convey our expected standards of conduct and practices to all staff, who are required to adhere to the highest standards of business and professional ethics so that we can earn the trust of our business partners and customers and grow our business.

(iii) Whistle-Blowing Policy

To create an open, transparent and safe working environment where staff can speak up, we have a longstanding whistleblowing policy in place that allows them to raise concerns and for Giordano to follow up cases in a systematic yet protective setting. The Company regularly updates the whistle-blowing policy.

(4) 佐丹奴有一系列的人力資源管理措施,為我們員工提供更佳的工作環境。

(i) 報酬

佐丹奴給予各職級員工具競爭力的薪酬待遇、購股權和以業績或表現為基礎的優厚獎金,以獎勵和留住高質素的領導團隊。

(ii) 增加有薪年假

於2017年,我們大幅增加了港澳區員工的有薪年假日數,這不僅使他們有更均衡的工作和生活模式以及提升他們的工作表現,也幫助留住和招聘人才,從而提高佐丹奴的競爭力。

(iii) 家庭友善僱傭措施

(a) 彈性上班時間

我們希望員工可以同時兼顧工作及家庭,這是留住高質素員工並,這是留住高質素員工並,我們致力營造一個能滿足員,此及其家人需要的工作環境,台灣的工作程度的實施理性上班時間。與此不會時,就店舗營運而言,我們,更問整了前線員工的工作時間,例如:家庭主婦和退休人士。

(b) 家中工作

於Covid-19大流行嚴峻的時刻, 公司為著我們的同事的健康著 想,已鼓勵同事多安排在家工 作,減少外出的需要,從而以減 少受感染風險。在大流行高來 時,我們還採取了其他措施來應 對與Covid-19相關的風險並保護 我們的員工,下文社會層面B2: 職安健康與安全對此進行了更好 的描述。

(c) 支持母乳喂養

為令我們的在職母親能在工作間 抽取母乳,我們在香港總部的辦 公室特別為她們開闢了一個指定 的私人空間,以便抽取母乳。 (4) The following people management arrangements are in place in Giordano to provide our staff with a better environment to work.

(i) Remuneration

Giordano offers competitive remuneration packages, share options and generous goal-oriented or performance-based bonuses tailored to different levels of staff, in order to reward and retain a high-calibre leadership team.

(ii) Increasing Annual Leave Entitlement

In 2017, we largely increased the annual leave entitlement of staff in the Hong Kong and Macau markets. This not only allows them to have a better work-life balance and work performance, but also helps retain and recruit talent as well as enhance Giordano's competitiveness.

(iii) Family-Friendly Employment Practices

(a) Flexi-Time Arrangement at Work

We want our staff to both enjoy and succeed at work and at home. This is one of the keys to both retaining high-quality staff and allowing them to thrive. That is why we strive to create a working environment which that caters for the needs of our staff and their families, with the introduction of flexitime work arrangements for office staff in Hong Kong and Taiwan from 2016. Concurrently, for our shop operations, we also adjust the front-line staff's working hours to attract certain targeted manpower, e.g. homemakers and retirees.

(b) Working from home

During the Covid-19 pandemic and for the sake of the health of our colleagues, the Company has encouraged staff to arrange more work from home, to reduce the need for going out and, thereby, reduce the risk of infection. At the height of the pandemic, we also introduced other measures to counteract the risks associated with Covid-19 and to protect our staff, better described in Social Aspect B2: Occupational Health and Safety below.

(c) Supporting Breastfeeding

In support of our working mothers' needs of pumping milk in the workplace, we have specially designated private space in the office of our Hong Kong Headquarters for breast milk extraction.

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- (d) 率先推行延長至14周產假 早於政府實施之前,我們香港總 部由2018年10月23日起,率先實 施延長至14周有薪產假政策,以 便香港寫字樓及前線同事照顧新 生嬰兒的需要。
- (e) 率先推行5天侍產假 與此同時,由2018年11月13日 起,我們也領先地為香港的男性 員工提供為期5天的侍產假,遠遠 早於本地立法。
- (f) 縮短每天工作時間(辦公室) 為使員工進一步達致工作與生活 的平衡,我們香港總部於2018 年8月推出辦公室每天工作時 間縮短一小時(即9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.)的試驗計劃後,已於 2018年10月轉為永久性的措施, 以滿足員工個人及專業目標。

- (d) Early Introduction of 14-Week Extended Maternity Leave In advance of government enforcement, our Hong Kong Headquarters implemented an extended 14-week paid maternity leave policy from October 23, 2018, taking care of the needs of parents working in our Hong Kong offices and on the front-line to look after their newborn babies.
- (e) Early Introduction of 5-Day Paternity Leave
 Meanwhile, effective from November 13, 2018, we also took an early lead in introducing the 5-day paternity leave for our male staff in Hong Kong, which is far ahead of the local legislation.
- (f) Shortened Daily Working Hours (Office)

 To further address staff's work-life balance needs, a trial program first introduced in August 2018 to reduce working hours in the office of Hong Kong Headquarters by 1-hour per working day (i.e. from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.) has been made permanent to fulfil individual employees' personal and professional goals, effective from October 2018.

佐丹奴中國榮獲勞動管理典範企業 獎

佐丹奴(中國)獲授予「勞動管理典範企業」獎。 2021勞動力管理大會一「數位化轉型與組織新動能」之頒獎典禮於2021年6月8日在上海舉行。佐丹奴為勞動管理框架和系統創新付出了不少努力;而此獎項是頒發給行業中的開拓者,這正代表我們的付出獲得了認同和嘉許。評選標準包括持續優化、數位化轉型、創新和行業影響力,在148家參選企業中,只有16家企業榮獲此殊榮,當中包括佐丹奴。

Giordano China Receives Model Enterprise in Labour Management Award

The Mainland China operations of Giordano were honoured with the 'Model Enterprise in Labour Management' Award (the "Award"), organized and awarded by GaiaWorks. The award presentation ceremony took place on 8th June 2021 at Shanghai, as part of the 'Digital Transformation and New Organizational Dynamics – 2021 Workforce Management Conference'. Awards were presented to industry trailblazers in recognition of their efforts to encourage innovation in their labour management frameworks and systems. Selection criteria include continuous optimization, digital transformation, innovation and industry influence, and of 148 participant companies, only 16 model companies were selected to receive the Award, including Giordano.





(iv) 嘉許員工

(a) 員工嘉許獎勵計劃

• 讚揚個案

除了傳閱客戶讚揚員工的個案 外,我們香港總部自2016年9 月起亦增設「員工嘉許獎勵計 劃」,以鼓勵及表揚在工作上有 卓越表現及/或顯著貢獻的員 工。每季部門主管及店舖主任 會提名傑出表現的員工,經審 核後員工會獲頒贈嘉許證書及 現金券,以示鼓勵。

(iv) Acknowledging Our Staff

(a) Staff Commendation Award Scheme

• Commended cases:

Not only do we circulate commendations from our customers who acknowledged our staff's good performance, but our Hong Kong Headquarters has also additionally implemented a "Staff Commendation Award Scheme" since September 2016 to encourage and award staff with outstanding performance and/or significant contributions. Outstanding staff will be nominated every quarter and the winners will be awarded a Staff Commendation Certificate and a cash coupon as a token of our appreciation.





SEG與你分享讚揚個案 收到顧客的雷郵,

讚揚澳門分店 Sandra 真摯的服務。 她跳出固有服務界限,真正視顧客為朋友, 點亮自己也照亮別人: 讓顧客在人生旅途中滿載支持和能量!

Peter 亦藉著心意卡為 Sandra 送上鼓勵, 希望這分享能感動你和我, 繼續傳承Giordano means service的服務精神。



有關電郵內容:

staffs at the Tai Wai MTR branch, Peggy and Po Kam.

I shopped in MTR branch this morning, both of them were very helpful and delivered the services in an efficient and pleasa manners. Please accept my sincere appreciation for having staffs like Peggy and Po Kam.

電郵內容中譯:

今次來信是向貴公司大圍分店 Peggy 和 Po Kam 兩位非常有能力的 員工致意。我今天早上在大圍分店購物,他們非常樂於助人,並以有 效率及愉快的方式提供服務。我向Peggy 和 Po Kam 真誠的感謝



• 線上優秀員工典禮

佐丹奴集團舉行線上致謝優秀 員工典禮原意是在此充滿挑戰 性的時刻表揚工作表現出眾的 員工,公開嘉許他們高於預期 的工作表現,令佐丹奴員工增 添歸屬感。

雖然Covid-19大流行確實帶來了很多挑戰,但它亦驅使我們採用更創新的方法來評估和分配人力資源,從而使我們能夠找出表現卓越的員工並相應地透過增強員工的責任、晉升和薪酬來激勵他們。

• Employee Recognition Online Ceremonies

The Employee Recognition Ceremonies were introduced to recognize employees that have gone above and beyond the call of duty at work during these challenging times. The event allows the Group's executive management to publicly acknowledge the staff that has exceeded expectations, as well as to foster a greater sense of belonging among Giordano employees.

While the Covid-19 pandemic has indeed forced us to better manage our expenses, it has also allowed us to take a more innovative approach towards assessing and allocating our human resources, allowing us to identify our best performers and incentivize them accordingly with enhanced responsibilities, promotions and better remuneration.



(b) 長期服務獎

為了表揚在香港總部長期服務的 忠誠盡責的員工,我們每年均 會頒發長期服務獎予在公司服務 滿五年、十年及三十年之員工。 當中更有員工在公司服務業接近 四十年榮休,我們非常感謝她對 公司的忠誠及貢獻。

(b) Long Service Award

In recognition of the loyalty and commitment of our long-serving staff at Hong Kong Headquarters, we present Long Service Awards annually to staff who have served the Company for 5 years, 10 years and 30 years, respectively. There was a staff who worked in Giordano for around 40 years. Her loyalty and contribution will always be valued and remembered.



(v) 員工活動

為加強員工對佐丹奴的歸屬感及讓他 們擁有健康均衡的工作和生活模式, 我們每年都安排了一系列員工活動。 今年,我們組織了各種興趣小組活 動,讓員工參加。

(v) Staff Activities

To reinforce the staff's sense of belonging to Giordano with a healthy work-life balance, we arrange a wide range of staff activities every year. This year, we organized various interest group activities for staff to participate in.

台灣市場 Taiwan Market

登山社活動 Mountaineering Club activities





佐家登山社-志佳陽大山(百岳) Zhijiayang Dashan (Baiyue)

籃球社活動Basketball Club activities





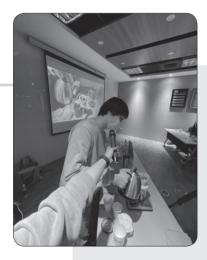
社團練球 Club practice

撞球運動體驗 Cue Ball experience





咖啡課程 Coffee course







香港市場 Hong Kong Market

佐丹奴沒有陌生人世界慈善基金活動 - 流水響之旅 Giordano WWS Charity activity - Lau Shui Heung Reservoir Trip











佐丹奴沒有陌生人世界慈善基金活動 - 禪繞畫課堂 Giordano WWS Charity activity - Zentangle Class











社會層面B2:職業健康與安全(職安健)

Social Aspect B2: Occupational Health and Safety (OHS)

(1) 職安健是佐丹奴整體安全框架的重要部分,故在工作場所減少健康和安全風險是一項重要和長期的目標。除了歷史悠久的無吸煙政策外,我們在2021年繼續加強領導、管理系統和培訓,以強化安全文化和提升整體的職安健表現。過去一年,佐丹奴沒有發現任何與職安健有關的違規事件。

於2021年年度,有關因工身亡及受傷的資料如下:

(1) OHS is a crucial component of Giordano's overall safety framework, and reducing health and safety risks in the workplace is an important and constant objective. In addition to a long history of no-smoking policy at the workplace, we continued to reinforce our strong leadership, management system and training programs in 2021, so as to strengthen our safety culture and enhance our overall OHS performance. As of last year, Giordano is not aware of any noncompliant cases relating to OHS.

Information related to work-related fatalities and injuries cases during 2021 are as follows:



| 因工身亡及受傷 Work-related fatalities and injuries | 2021 |
|---|------|
| 已發生因工身亡事故的人數 Number of work-related fatalities occurred | 0 |
| 已發生工傷次數 Number of work-related injuries occurred | 7 |
| 因工傷已損失的工作日數 Number of working days lost due to work-related injuries | 114 |

- (2) 為確保一個安全的工作環境,我們:
 - (i) 提供密集培訓,以提高員工的安全意 識:
 - (ii) 定期監察工作場所的安全,特別是分派區域主任指導和監督店舖及倉庫營運,並提供所需的器具和安全的工作環境,以確保每個階段都操作安全;和
 - (iii) 在辦公室、倉庫和店舖執行工作場所 整潔大行動,以減少工作場所的潛在 風險。
 - (a) 辦公室巡查報告 定時檢查辦公室工作環境以提高 清潔,防火安全及職業安全。

- (2) To ensure a safe working environment, we:
 - provide intensive training programs for our staff to improve their safety awareness;
 - (ii) regularly monitor workplace safety, particularly with District Supervisors allocated to supervise and monitor shop and warehouse operations, to ensure each phase of which operates safely by facilitating necessary tools with a safe working environment; and
 - (iii) carry out workplace tidiness at our offices, warehouses and shops to reduce workplace hazards.
 - (a) Office Inspection Report

 Conduct regular office working environment inspection to promote cleanliness, fire safety and work safety.







- (b) 公司內聯網上設有『職業安全及 健康小百科』的專頁
- (b) Hosting the webpage "Tips on Occupational Health & Safety" on the Company's Intranet

(iv) 員工滿意度調查

每年, 佐丹奴均會進行員工滿意度調 查,以取得有用的回饋,作為制訂公 司政策時的參考。

(iv) Staff Satisfaction Surveys

Each year, Giordano conducts staff satisfaction surveys to collect useful feedback as reference for improving our policies.

Covid-19 Surveys

In response to the Covid-19 pandemic, the Company has strived to implement better corresponding measures, and conducted a series of internal questionnaire surveys on the measures introduced in light of the Covid-19 as well as the working environment of our offices to collect everyone's opinions and feedback.

Covid-19調查

因應Covid-19大流行的環境下,公司已努力實施相應措施,進行有關 Covid-19下的一系列採取的措施以及寫字樓工作環境的內部問卷調查,收 集大家的意見和反饋。



(v) 除了在家工作及彈性上班時間外,公 司推行的一系列措施應對Covid-19大 流行,包括:

> 提供酒精噴霧劑和濕紙巾、便攜消毒 液及口罩等:

> 公司向每位同事派發一支的小型消毒 液,提醒同事經常為自己的工作枱或 周邊進行消毒:並為前線門市同事提 供口罩等防護和消毒用具,保障同事 及客的健康。

(v) In addition to working from home and flexible working hours, the Company has implemented a series of measures in response to the Covid-19 pandemic including:

Providing alcohol sprays and wipes, hand sanitiser and face masks, etc.:

The Company distributes a small bottle of disinfectant to each colleague and reminds them to disinfect their workbench or surrounding areas frequently. The Company also provides protective and sanitization equipment, such as masks for frontline store colleagues to protect the health of colleagues and customers.



• 彈性午餐時間:

部門主管可自行安排同事的彈性午膳 時間,避免過多人流聚集於茶水間和 其他公共區域。

測量體溫:

所有進入寫字樓的人士,均須要在門 口量度體溫。

• 加強消毒:

公司已加強洗手間、茶水間清潔,以及定時噴灑消毒地毯。

• 開放會議室:

公司繼續開放會議室給有需要同事用膳,從而增加同事間的空間和距離。

保持寫字樓空氣流通:

公司要坐近窗戶的同事,每天上班時必需打開窗戶,保持室內空氣流通。

• 給所有同事的指引:

- 於辦公時均戴上口罩
- 自行攜帶午餐或外賣回公司進 食,盡量減少於食肆堂食
- 應暫時避免朋友或同事間聚會, 避免去人多擠迫的地方,於空餘 時間盡量留在家中
- 繼續保持適當社交距離
- 如非必要切勿離港外遊

• 通報機制

如同事本人或家屬或密切接觸者受到感染/或有疑似感染情況/或已間接與確診者接觸的個案,必須即時通報公司人力資源部通報。

• 復工安排

如同事居住的同座大廈有確診個案,完成7天在家工作及提交Covid-19陰性檢測結果後可以復工,復工後必須跟從以下3項措施:

- 1. 上班期間,必須全時間配戴口罩
- 2. 上班必須在前門進入並測量體溫
- 3. 午餐單獨用膳2星期

• Flexible lunch times:

Department heads can arrange flexi-lunch times for colleagues to avoid crowds gathering in the pantry and other communal areas

• Temperature measurement:

All people entering the office premises must have their temperature taken at the door.

• Strengthened disinfection and sanitization:

The Company has strengthened the cleaning of toilets and the pantry, and regularly sprays and disinfects carpets.

Opening of meeting rooms:

The Company continues to open meeting rooms for colleagues to dine in, thereby increasing the space and distancing between members of staff.

• Maintain air circulation in the office building:

Colleagues in the Company who sit near the windows are required to open the windows every day when they go to work to maintain indoor air circulation.

• General Guidelines for all staff:

- Wear a mask when working
- Bring your own lunch or take out to the Company to eat, try to minimize eating in restaurants
- Temporarily avoid gatherings with friends or colleagues, avoid going to crowded places, and try to stay at home in your spare time
- Continue to maintain proper social distance
- Do not travel outside Hong Kong unless necessary

• Notification mechanism

If a colleague, their family members or close contact is infected/ or is suspected of being infected/or has indirect contact with a confirmed case, he or she must immediately report this to the Company's human resources department.

• Resumption of work arrangements

If a colleague lives in a building with a confirmed case, he or she may resume work after completing 7 days of working from home and submitting a negative Covid-19 test result. After returning to work, he or she must follow the following 3 measures:

- During work, the colleague is required to wear a mask at all times
- 2. When resuming work, the colleague is required to enter at the front door and measure his/her body temperature
- 3. Lunch alone for two weeks

社會層面B3:人才發展及挽留策略

Social Aspect B3: Talent Development and Retention Strategy

- (1) 佐丹奴對鼓勵員工學習一向不遺餘力,我們認為價值觀、公平、持續的專業及個人發展機會是成功者致勝的關鍵。因此,我們不僅著重員工在銷售和客戶服務方面的全面培訓和發展,也在管理、規劃和領導才能方面提供訓練,以迎合員工的職業和個人發展需要,並挽留有經驗及積極進取的工作團隊。
- fairness, as well as opportunities for continuous professional and personal development, are equally important drivers for high achievers. As such, we invest heavily not only in comprehensive staff training and development programs in sales and service, but also in management, planning and leadership programs, to address staff's professional and personal development needs and to retain a skilled and motivated workforce.

Giordano encourages learning and recognizes that values and

- (2) 配合3E(即經濟、效率和果效)政策,佐丹 奴於2016年展開了由部門主管進行的團隊檢 視,以識別人才作來年重點培育發展。這仍 在進行中。
- (3) 佐丹奴非常重視培育人才,使其具備國際視野、洞察國際慣例和具有強勁的競爭力。
 - (i) 自九零年代起,佐丹奴透過管理實習 生(「MT」)計劃,積極培育零售人才, 成果令人滿意。

 - (iii) 於2017年,我們也將這個香港模式的 速成者課程擴展至中國內地,為我們 未來的發展培養更多的零售人才。
- (4) 全球人才發展與人才留任計劃是我們未來幾年的主要策略項目之一。我們除了從外部聘請FT,現在還在所有區域內選定集團業務中現有的人才,重點培訓他們。

區域總經理會提名選出1至3名人才,他們必需是(i)對業務有所貢獻:及(ii)有潛質於日後成為高級管理層。他們會加入為他們量身訂造,為期一年的發展計劃,計劃包含參與海外活動和執行短期任務。

- (2) Pursuant to our 3E (i.e. Economy, Efficiency and Effectiveness) policy, Giordano conducted a review of the team structure by department heads in 2016 and identified talents for focused development in the coming years. This remains ongoing.
- (3) Giordano has always placed a strong focus on cultivating talent with an international perspective, insight into international practices and strong competitiveness.
 - (i) Ever since the 1990's, Giordano has operated a Management Trainee (the "MT") program to nurture retailing talents, with satisfactory results.
 - (ii) In 2014, we modified and upgraded our MT Scheme in the Hong Kong Headquarters to ensure that participants received a holistic and comprehensive training experience, such that upon graduation, successful graduates could be placed directly into mid-management roles. With the renaming of MTs as Fast-Trackers (the "FTs"), this reform included a tightening in our admission requirements in terms of academic results and a restructuring of the syllabus to include real business tasks in various departments and functions within Giordano. Successful graduates have now taken on a number of important roles, including product development and management as well as brand management. Some of them have even been stationed in overseas regions.
 - (iii) In 2017, we also extended this Hong Kong-style FT program to our Mainland China market to cultivate more retailing talents for our future growth.
- 4) Global Talent Development & Retention Initiative ("TDRI") is one of our key strategic programmes in the coming years. Apart from hiring FTs externally, we have turned to pinpoint and groom our existing talents within the Group's business across all regions.

Further to the nomination by regional General Managers of between 1 to 3 talents with (i) proven contribution towards their business; and (ii) potential to become a future member of senior management, bespoke and role-specific 1-year development program involving overseas events and short-term postings have been devised and executed.

(5) 實習計劃

佐丹奴沙特阿拉伯與企業家組織吉達分會聯 手推出實習計劃,目的是促進公司與學員之 間的互動,傳達公司的核心價值和發掘每位 學員的潛質作長期的發展。

這創新的實習計劃是專為沙特市場定制,為參與者提供全方位的實地考察和參觀,然後在佐丹奴的零售店和公司區域總部的部門作自選職能工作並獲取經驗;及在公司區域總部進行授課,包括銷售和市場營銷以及視覺採購領域,並進行最終評估並頒發參與證書。

我們的目標是促進公司與學員之間的互動, 在傳達我們的核心價值和讓實習生儘早做出 參與決策之間取得平衡,以發掘每位學員的 潛質並作長期的發展。

(5) Internship Programme

Giordano Saudi Arabia recently rolled-out its new internship programme, in conjunction with the Jeddah Chapter of the Entrepreneur Organization.

The innovative internship programme has been tailor-made for the Saudi market, offering participants a full range of site visits and tours, followed by work experience in both Giordano's retail stores and in their preferred functional departments at the Company's regional headquarters, taught sessions in the realms of sales and marketing and visual merchandising, and culminating with a final assessment and the issuance of a completion certificate.

The aim is to maximize the interaction between the Company and the participants, striking a balance between conveying our core values while allowing the interns to make decisions about their participation early on, to identify potential talent for long term development.





佐丹奴華南指揮中心(「佐丹奴華南」)與廣州市外語職業學院(「職業學院」)進行校企合作計劃。這方案包括創建的合作實習計劃,為有潛質的職業學院學生在廣州佐丹奴門市及佐丹奴華南總部的官方網店部門提供半年的實習機會。

之後再安排與100位同學進行面試,最終錄取了22名考生-其中16人獲分派到佐丹奴華南區的門市實習:另外6人則安排到佐丹奴官方網店部門進行實習。

(6) 佐丹奴一向致力投資於員工學習和發展,以維持其競爭優勢。我們相信「持續更新專業才能,不斷分享新知」才能與時並進。我們投放了很多資源在員工的培訓和發展上,來維持一個能幹、專業和具職業操守的工作團隊,以助公司邁向成功。於2021年,我們為匯報市場的前線員工和非前線員工分別提供了超過13,560小時及1,609小時的內部培訓。今年匯報市場的員工培訓總時數超過15,169小時。

Giordano's South China Command Centre ("Giordano South China") recently established a partnership programme with the Guangzhou Vocational College of Foreign Languages (the "Vocational College"). The programme involves the creation of a collaborative internship scheme, where the most promising students of the Vocational College are offered half-year internship placements at Giordano's stores in Guangzhou or with Giordano's dynamic e-shop team at Giordano South China's headquarters.

Interviews were then arranged with 100 candidates, of which 22 were ultimately offered internships – 16 young individuals were placed in Giordano South China's stores, while 6 received internships with Giordano's e-shop team.

6) Giordano invests heavily in learning and development to maintain its competitive edge. We believe that continuous updating of professional skills and the sharing of knowledge will allow the Company to grow with the times. We, therefore, allocate ample resources to staff training and development with the aim of sustaining a competent, professional and ethical staff force that will contribute to the success of the Company. In 2021, we have provided in-house training to our frontline staff and non-frontline staff of the Reporting Markets for over 13,560 hours and 1,609 hours, respectively. The total number of training hours delivered this year is over 15,169 hours.

佐丹奴自 2012 年起參與由僱員再培訓局舉辦的人才企業嘉許計劃。

Giordano has participated in the Manpower Developer Award Scheme organized by Employees Retraining Board since 2012.

GIORDANO



佐丹奴有限公司 Giordano Limited

人才企業 (2012 - 2022)

圖 **4** Graph 4

員工接受內部培訓的總時數

TOTAL IN-HOUSE TRAINING HOURS RECEIVED BY STAFF

* 2021 比對 2020 百分比變動 2021 vs 2020 % Change

| 年份 Year | 前線員工 Frontline Staff | 非前線員工 Non-Frontline Staff | 員工接受培訓的總時數 Total in-house Training Hours Received |
|------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| 2017 | 48,774 小時 Hours | 9,289 小時 Hours | 58,063 小時 Hours |
| 2018 | 35,608 小時 Hours | 7,909 小時 Hours | 43,516 小時 Hours |
| 2019 | 20,137 小時 Hours | 2,999 小時 Hours | 23,136 小時 Hours |
| 2020 | 15,534 小時 Hours | 4,288 小時 Hours | 19,822 小時 Hours |
| 2021 | 13,560 小時 Hours -12,71%* | 1,609 小時 Hours -62.48%* | 15,169 小時 Hours -23.47%* |

附註:

- 於2021年,按員工類別劃分的受訓前線員工及非前線員工百分 比,分別為82.58%及17.42%。
- 於2021年,按性別劃分的受訓男性及女性僱員百分比,分別為 15.13%及84.87%。
- 3. 於2021年,按性別劃分,每名男性及女性僱員完成受訓的平均 時數分別為5.81小時及8.48小時。
- 於2021年,按僱員類別劃分,每名前線及非前線員工完成受訓 的平均時數分別為8.94小時及5.03小時。

Notes:

- . The percentage of employees trained by employment in 2021 is 82.58% and 17.42% for frontline staff and non-frontline staff, respectively.
- The percentage of employees trained by gender in 2021 is 15.13% and 84.87%, for men and women, respectively.
- The average training hours completed per employee by gender category in 2021 are 5.81 hours and 8.48 hours, for men and women, respectively.
- The average training hours completed per employee by employee category in 2021 is 8.94 hours and 5.03 hours for frontline staff and non-frontline staff respectively.

(i) 以人為本、培育成功特質

我們針對不同的工作需要,定期為各個崗位的員工舉辦內部培訓及在職進修課程,務求提升員工工作表現外,亦藉此讓他們自我增值,迎接新挑戰。

(i) People-Oriented Staff Development

Based on our staff's different needs, we regularly organize internal training and on-job training for staff in different roles – this not only improves our staff's work performance, but also helps equip them with new skills to face new challenges.

(a) 員工入職講座 Induction Talk for New Staff

迎新課程 - 後勤同事

WELCOME to GIORDANO



為了讓新入職同事更了解公司資訊,令佐丹奴文化薪火相傳, 現誠邀以下同事出席迎新課程,加深彼此認識及提升投入度。

日期: 2021年5月18日(星期二)

時間:11:30-13:00

地點: DingTalk

對象: 2021年1月 - 2021年5月入職

之後勤同事

敬請預留時間出席課堂。

如未能出席,請盡快通知 L&D。

| 部門 | 姓名 | |
|---------|---------------|--|
| Finance | Amy Li | |
| IA | Irene Yiu | |
| Junior | Mandy Chiu | |
| PBD | Ha Wing Keung | |
| GW | Erika Tam | |
| Ladies | Pauline Wu | |

稍後會再發放加入 DingTalk 群組的資訊

除了鞏固員工的基本技能外,複修培訓也使員工具備最新的資訊和知識,以便履行職責時達致最高水平。

In addition to strengthening the basic skills, we equip staff with the latest information and knowledge, so that they could carry out their duties to the highest standards.

產品知識課程 – 5月至7月 Product Knowledge Courses – May to July



單元二 染色及印花工藝

日期:5月24/25/27/28/31日、6月1日

(共有6節選擇) 時間:0915-1015 形式:釘釘

有興趣參加的同事請自行掃瞄課程釘釘QR Code 加入群組 單元三至五的資料會務後公佈

如有查詢·可聯絡L&D

單元三 針織布料與針織服裝生產

日期:6月7/8/10/15/16/18日 (共有6節選擇) 時間:0915-1015 形式:釘釘

*有異應參加的同事請自行帰瞄課程釘釘QR Code 加入群組** 單元四至五的實料會稍後公佈 如有查詢,可聯絡L&D

單元四

梭織布料與服裝生產的基本認識

(褲子) 日期:6月24/28/29/30·7月2日 (共有5節選擇) 時間:0915-1015 形式:釘釘

有興趣参加的同事請自行掃腦課程釘釘QR Code 加人群組 單元五的資料會稍後公佈 如有查詢·可聯絡L&D

單元五

梭織外套生產的基本認識

(羽絨服&夾棉褸)

日期:7月12/13/15/16/19/20(共有6節選擇)時間:0915-1015

形式:釘釘

有興趣參加的同事請自行排瞄課程釘釘QR Code 加入群組 如有查詢·可聯絡L&D

● 彈性心理學 Resilience Psychology



(ii) 內部培訓

其他內部培訓課程旨在協助員工發揮 潛力、發展事業和提高他們的管理和 人際技巧。

其中一項培訓課程是「彈性心理學」, 當中提及鼓勵及讚賞是加強個人及團 隊彈性的方法之一,除增加個人幸福 感,製造正面推動作用,加快復原, 繼續向前迎接挑戰。

學習與發展部於課後與前線同事跟進是『鼓勵與讚賞』,屬自願參與性質。

學習與發展部共收集了超過500份的讚 賞及鼓勵説話,會透過不同渠道交予 同事。

學習與發展部輯錄了前線同事對公司 團隊及後勤部門的鼓勵説話。

(ii) Internal Training

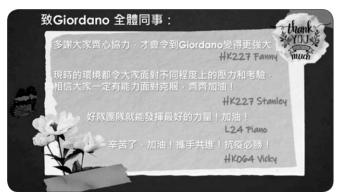
Other internal training programs are designed to help staff develop their capabilities, advance their careers and enhance their management and interpersonal skills.

One of the training course is "Resilience Psychology", and it mentions that encouragement and appreciation are one of the ways to enhance individual and team resilience. In addition to increasing personal well-being, creating positive momentum, accelerating recovery, and continuing to meet challenges.

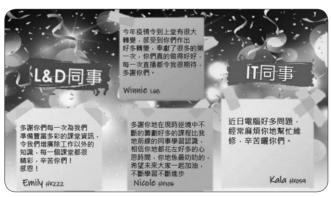
Learning and Development department ("Learning Department") follow-up with the frontline staff on colleagues is "encouragement and appreciation" after the course, which is voluntary.

Learning Department collected more than 500 compliments and words of encouragement, which will be shared with colleagues through different channels.

Learning Department recorded the encouraging words of frontline staff to the teams and back office.







中國市場 - China Market

華西地區 West China district

2021產品知識及搭配 - 直播分享PK賽 Live stream contest - 2021 Products Knowledge and Matching and Styling



華東及華北地區 East and North China districts

佐丹奴華東及華北指揮中心合作舉辦「你好,夏天」內部比賽

佐丹奴國華東和華北指揮中心近期舉辦了一場以時尚造型為核心的創新內 部團隊建立比賽。這場名為「你好,夏天」的活動是來自兩個地區的團隊攜 手合作, 通過產品搭配和造型來設計一系列服飾。

比賽旨在增強團隊精神,豐富同事對造型和產品搭配的理解,以及促進跨 地區的學習和交流。

然而各團隊分別地在公司內部和他們的朋友及家人展示他們的配搭,並通 過各在線平台(例如釘釘和微信朋友圈)以及各種VIP客戶群和內部服務群 進行競選和購物廣場投票。

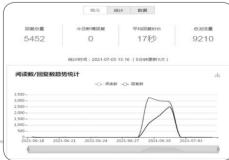
Giordano East China and North China Command Centres Launch Collaborative "Hello, Summer" Internal Competition

The East China and the North China Command Centres launched an innovative internal teambuilding competition centred around fashion styling. Entitled "Hello, Summer", the games involved teams from both regions working hand-in-hand to curate a series of looks through product mixing and styling.

The competition was designed to enhance team spirit as well as to enrich colleagues' understanding of styling and product matching, as well as to facilitate transregional learning and communication.

The teams were then given time to showcase their looks and to campaign and garner votes both internally and externally to their friends and families through various online platforms.





東莞設計中心 Dongguan Design Centre

預防疾病 關愛健康Preventing Diseases and Caring for Health





東莞設計中心舉辦《預防疾病關愛健康》培訓,給員工推廣近年的亞健康病症及急救措施。

Dongguan Design Centre organized the training of "Preventing Diseases and Caring for Health" to popularize the subhealth diseases and first aid measures for employees in recent years.

台灣市場 Taiwan Market

● 強化修改技巧 Strengthen modification skills





強化員工搭配技巧與服務。 Strengthen staff matching skills and services.

桃園區新人強化七部曲課程 Intensive Seven-Part Course for new staff in Taoyuan District



強化員工於客戶服務的落實。 Strengthen the implementation of colleagues in customer service

新加坡市場 Singapore Market





每周發送有關最佳服務及批量銷售的電郵,以跟進追加銷售培訓和客戶服務 Weekly email on best service and bulk sales to follow up on upselling training and customer service

佐丹奴防範網絡釣魚意識培訓網上 課程

為提高各員工的保安意識,我們聘請服務供應商於本年度下半年向員工提供防範網絡釣魚意識培訓網上課程。由於網絡釣魚攻擊是現時最流行的工工。由於網絡攻擊是現時最大時期的數據顯示,針對企業的入侵往往也是由攻擊所所發生其餘的保安事故。值得注意也是由攻擊電子越們的員工對可能的網絡釣魚電子郵件更加警惕。網絡釣魚電子郵件更加警問。網絡釣魚模擬)顯著百分比已從20%(第一輪網絡釣魚模擬),這遠低於零售行業的平均水準。

另外,電腦部亦曾多次提醒各同事要提防駭客入 侵公司電腦,不應隨意開啟電郵中的連結及檔 案,如因同事疏忽使用電腦而導致公司有損失的 話,同事很可能承擔責任。

(iii) 佐丹奴企業管理筆記簿

植根於佐丹奴多年的核心價值,企業 文化和豐富經驗是我們成功的要素 在主席兼行政總裁劉國權博司事 ,佐丹奴集合不同部門局別四冊 量,將這些寶貴的資料輯錄成四冊望 記簿,供員工隨時參考。我們希望 經驗、才能和專業相傳轉為淺 資知識,由口耳相傳轉為淺 字,讓我們的員工能長遠地得益。

e-Learning course "Awareness Training on Phishing – Giordano"

In order to improve the cybersecurity awareness of all our staff, we have engaged a service provider to launch an e-Learning course "Awareness Training on Phishing – Giordano" for our staff in the second half of the year. Phishing is one of the most popular cybersecurity attacks. According to the data provided by the International Security Institution, corporate intrusion is often initiated by phishing emails. Strengthening our defence against phishing attacks can greatly reduce the likelihood of security incidents. It is noticed that our staff are more vigilant about the potential phishing email after the e-Learning period. The percentage of clicks on phishing emails has significantly dropped from 20% (1st round phishing simulation) to 1% (2nd round phishing simulation), which is far below the average of the retail industry.

In addition, the IT department has repeatedly reminded colleagues to guard against hackers that may target the Company's computers. Colleagues should not open links and files in emails at will. If the Company suffers losses due to the negligence of a computer user, the colleagues may well be held liable.

(iii) Giordano Corporate Management Guide

Giordano's core values, corporate culture and accumulated experience are all part of our success story. Led by our Chairman and Chief Executive, Dr Lau Kwok Kuen, Peter, together with the contribution of staff members from various departments, we have summarized this information into four guide books for staff's handy reference. It is hoped that, by turning tacit knowledge built on experiences, aptitudes and know-how into explicit knowledge, our staff could benefit in the long term.







(v) 自導學習計劃

自1999年起,香港總部透過「自導學習計劃」,營造持續學習氣氛,引導每位員工自我鞭策、自我增值。

(v) Self-Learning Scheme

Through the Self-Learning Scheme adopted since 1999 in Hong Kong Headquarters, we foster a continuous learning atmosphere to promote staff's individual initiative and responsibility for development by self-learning.





(vi) 培訓需求問卷調查

我們每年都進行培訓需求問卷調查, 以了解各職級員工的培訓期望和需要,從而於來年為他們設計合適的課程,提高課程的實用性。

(vi) Survey on Training Needs

Each year, we conduct a survey to understand our staff's expectations and needs for training, which aids in designing the useful and practical training programs for them in the following year.

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(vii) 進修津貼

為進一步激勵員工持續發展他們的技能和增加知識,佐丹奴設有不同的津貼計劃:

(a) 「進修津貼計劃」

為鼓勵員工增進知識及技能,促 進個人成長,使其在工作表現及 未來事業發展上均獲得裨益,香 港總部設立了「進修津貼計劃」, 以資助員工報讀與工作相關的外 間訓練課程。

(b) 「學術進修資助計劃」

「學術進修資助計劃」已於2016年 9月實施,為香港總部合資格及有 志於進修的現任管理人員及有潛 質的未來管理人才提供資助,以 修讀更高學歷,如學位課程、碩 士學位課程或其他專業資格課程 等。

(viii) 為門市員工而設的「職業發展計劃」

為使店舖員工有更多發展機會及加強員工對工作的滿足感,香港總部推行「職業發展計劃」。此計劃適用於各門市員工,由他們的主管提名員工參與,旨在培訓員工所需的職業技能以助職業發展。

(vii) Training Subsidies

To further motivate our staff to continue developing their skills and enhancing their knowledge, Giordano has different subsidy schemes in place:

(a) Study Allowance Scheme

To encourage our staff to enhance their knowledge and skills for personal growth, which benefits their work performance and future career development, Hong Kong Headquarters has set up a "Study Allowance Scheme" to subsidize our staff in taking external work-related training courses.

(b) Management Academic Assistance Scheme

The "Management Academic Assistance Scheme" has been implemented since September 2016, which is designed to develop existing and potential management talent at Hong Kong Headquarters through financial support to successful applicants who wish to pursue higher education, such as studying undergraduate, or postgraduate degrees or attainment of professional qualifications or accreditation.

(viii) "Career Development Program" for Shop Staff

To provide our shop staff with more opportunities for development opportunities and enhance their job satisfaction, Hong Kong Headquarters has launched a "Career Development Program". It is tailored for those shop staff nominated by their supervisors, aiming to equip staff with the skills they require to develop their careers through additional training.

社會層面B4: 勞工標準和人權政策 Social Aspect B4: Policies on Labour Standards and Human Rights

保障僱員的權利並為僱員創造一個相互尊重、誠實及公平的環境乃本集團的重中之重。在營運的過程中,包括我們供應商的生產設施,佐丹奴禁止僱用童工、強迫或強制勞動。

於招聘過程中,內部審計、品質保證及人力資源 部實施全面檢查制度,以確保遵守有關僱傭及勞 工準則之所有適用法律及法規。於任何生產場所 發現童工或強制勞工,本集團將對該供應商提出 警告。如果一再發生違規行為,本集團將終止與 有關供應商之所有業務。

在2021年,我們沒有發現任何營運過程或供應商 有僱用童工、迫使工人執行危險工作、強迫或強 制勞動。 Safeguarding the rights of employees and creating an environment of respect, integrity and fairness for employees is of paramount importance to the Group. Giordano prohibits the employment of child, forced or compulsory labour in any of its operations, including at suppliers' production facilities.

The Internal Audit, Quality Assurance and Human Resources departments implement a comprehensive checking systems during the recruitment process to ensure compliance with all the applicable laws and regulations regarding employment and labour standards. If child or forced labour is found in any place of production, the Group will warn the particular supplier. If repeated violations occur, the Group will terminate all business with the supplier concerned.

In 2021, we did not identify any operation or suppliers having significant risks of child labour, workers exposed to hazardous works, or forced or compulsory labour.





社會層面B5:高效的供應鏈管理

Social Aspect B5: Efficient Supply Chain Management

佐丹奴的供應鏈管理是以滿足顧客需要為大前題,藉著完善的計劃和信息共享,充分地協調供應、製造、倉儲、配送等各環節。當資源能更有效地整合起來時,我們就能降低成本,使效益最大化。

截至2021年12月31日,佐丹奴共有124家供應商,分布在世界各地:

At Giordano, supply chain management is based on the premise of satisfying customers' needs, and better coordination among the various functions of our business, such as the supplies, manufacturing, warehousing and distribution through better planning and information sharing. With more effective integration of resources, we thus reduce costs and maximize efficiency.

As of December 31, 2021, Giordano has a total of 124 suppliers, located in different parts of the world:

圖5



Graph 5



附註:

- 「供應商」是指與佐丹奴集團有直接業務 往來的服裝和配襯用品的生產商。
- 供應商的位置是根據其生產單位及總部 的位置而釐定。
- 由於四捨五入的原因,個別數字相加起來可能不等於其總計100%。

Notes:

- "Supplier" refers to the manufacturers of apparel and accessories which are directly engaged by Giordano.
 - The geographical location of a Supplier is based on the location of its production facilities and its headquarters.
- The respective figure may not add up to 100%, due to rounding.

我們已建立完整的供應商品質監控機制,包括對 供應商的審核和評估、品質檢驗及監督、針對供 應商發展的策略性計劃和物料採購。我們亦積極 促進供應鏈的可持續發展,並與我們的合作夥伴 聯合履行企業社會責任,為公眾提供高品質的產 品和服務。因此,供應鏈管理在佐丹奴的品質監 控系統中是其中一個關鍵環節。

(1) 道德採購

供應鏈管理是佐丹奴的成功關鍵,因此我們 與供應商緊密合作,確保他們符合我們對品 質、表現及勞工準則的要求。我們更特別要 求他們遵守以下「核心道德採購規定」:

- 聘用的員工必須符合當地法定的最低工作年齡;
- 不會在其生產設施的任何部份或任何 方面強迫或禁錮勞工;
- 不得虐打或威嚇員工;
- 不得抵觸當地環保法律和法規;
- 須為員工提供安全健康的工作環境;及
- 需符合我們的各種標準,並致力於跟 進糾正。

我們旨在與持有相似價值觀和原則之供應商合作。只有那些能遵守我們「核心道德採購規定」之 供應商,同時亦致力改善其勞務、職業健康與安 全以及環境措施,我們才會向他們採購。因此, 在聘用前,新供應商必須完成並通過我們的「道 德審計問券」。

(2) 品質監控機制

We have established a complete supplier quality assurance mechanism, which covers the approval and evaluation of suppliers, quality inspection and supervision, strategic supplier development and materials procurement. Furthermore, we actively promote the sustainable development of our supply chain and the joint fulfilment of corporate social responsibility with our partners to provide the public with high-quality products and services. As such, supply chain management is always one of the key links in Giordano's quality control system.

(1) Ethical Sourcing

As supply chain management is critical for Giordano's success, we work closely with suppliers to ensure that they comply with our quality, performance and not least labour standards. In particular, we expect them to comply with the below "Core Ethical Sourcing Requirements":

- only employs workers that are above the local legal minimum age;
- does not use forced or prison labour in any part or aspects of its facilities:
- does not, or threaten to, physically abuse its workers;
- does not contravene local environmental laws and regulations;
- provides a safe and healthy work environment for its workers; and
- is compliant with our various standards and committed to following up on corrective actions.

We aim to do business with those suppliers sharing similar values and principles, and intend to purchase from those who meet our above "Core Ethical Sourcing Requirements" and have demonstrated a commitment to improving their standards on labour, health and safety, and environmental practices. Thus, prior to engagement, new suppliers are required to complete and pass our "Ethical Audit Questionnaire".

(2) Quality Assurance Mechanism

(i) Giordano exercises a high level of scrutiny over the selection of suppliers. Apart from eligibility checking, suppliers are also subject to assessment and on-site audits on product quality as well as suitability and quality consistency tests conducted by our Quality Assurance Team. Only those who pass our audits and assessments will be included in the "Qualified Supplier List" for bulk purchases. Also, to ensure our product quality, we carry out long-term quality monitoring and regular audits/reviews on all suppliers. Should there be any significant change in a supplier's eligibility or any serious quality issue, we may suspend its deliveries immediately and, if necessary, cancel its status as our qualified supplier. Moreover, our unannounced inspections from time-to-time will ensure our suppliers comply with our various standards.

告 書

- 為了減輕供應鏈對環境和社會帶來的 風險,以及推動供應商的可持續發 展,我們會向主要的供應商派發「品質 手冊」,包括以下的指導性文件:
 - 「供應商行為守則」;
 - 「工作場所標準」;
 - 「產品安全和管制物料規管」;及
 - 「接受和饋贈政策 |。

(3) 創新技術提高競爭力

佐丹奴會用心檢視生產過程中的每個環節, 提出當中可能出現的問題,與供應商共同找 出可以進一步改善的地方。透過優化過程、 提升技術、精進工藝,供應商不但大大提高 自身的生產效率及產品質素,亦有助他們提 升自身能力,以面對更具挑戰的市場環境, 並加強競爭力。雙方在這緊密的合作關係之 下,彼此關係更穩固且互惠互利。

(4) 庫存管理

- 庫存管理是促銷效率的關鍵指標,亦 是佐丹奴的核心競爭力。因新型冠狀 病毒大流行而引致提早接收存貨以預 防供應鏈危機的措施。截至2021年12 月31日的庫存周轉天數增加38日至153 天。大部分商品都是常青和當季款式。
- (ii) 除了統籌自己的庫存,佐丹奴也負責 任地監控供應商及中國內地加盟商的 庫存,以確保不會囤積帳外庫存而危 及我們銷售規劃的靈活性和未來的批 發業務。

- (ii) In order to mitigate environmental and social risks within our supply chain, and to promote the sustainable development of our suppliers, a "Quality Manual" which covers below guiding documents is also distributed to our key suppliers:
 - "Suppliers Code of Conduct";
 - "Workplace Standards":
 - "Product Safety and Regulated Substances Specification";
 - "Accepting and Offering Policy"
- (3) Enhancing Competitiveness by Technological Innovation

Giordano will carefully examine every detail of the production process and raise any issues that may be discovered, to work with its suppliers to identify possible areas for further improvement. By optimizing the process, upgrading the technology and improving the workmanship, our suppliers not only greatly improve their production efficiency and product quality, but also help upgrade their capabilities in response to more challenging markets and enhance their competitiveness. This close-knit working relationship between both sides allows the parties to maintain more stable and mutually beneficial cooperation.

(4) Inventory Control

- Inventory control is a key indicator of merchandising efficiency and remains a core competence of Giordano. However, due to early merchandise receipts as a tactical precaution against supply chain disruptions caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, the Inventory turnover on cost for the year ended December 31, 2021, increased by 38 days to 153 days. Most of the merchandise is evergreen and in-season styles. Our inventory level remains healthy.
- (ii) In addition to our own consolidated inventory, Giordano responsibly monitors inventory held at our suppliers and the franchisees in Mainland China to ensure that we do not build up off-balance-sheet inventory that would jeopardize our merchandising flexibility and wholesale business in future.



社會層面B6:服務和產品責任 Social Aspect B6: Service and Product Liability

佐丹奴不斷努力為客戶提供最意想不到的購物體驗。我們「以優質舒適服飾展現顧客個人風采」這個使命,已直接充分展示了我們對提供卓越服務和高品質的承諾。

(1) 「佐丹奴就是服務 |承諾

佐丹奴對提供卓越服務的承諾源於1989年首次推出的「佐丹奴就是服務」承諾,當時每位員工都配戴印有「佐丹奴就是服務」的黃色徽章。從那時起,提供優質服務就成為佐丹奴的宗旨之一。

為了確保每位員工提供優質的客戶服務,我 們邀請神秘顧客來評核各店舗整體的表現以 及個別前線員工的服務水平。我們致力為客 戶提供優質服務,成績有目共睹,多年來獲 得多項與服務相關的獎項。

「超越顧客期望」是多年來佐丹奴秉承的一個簡單宗旨,至於如何「超越」顧客期望,具體可透過「為顧客多想一步」、「度身訂造的服務」來達成。我們的店員能提供專業意見、靈活而迅速地回應顧客,幫助客人選購他們需要的貨品。與此同時,為方便客戶,我們也允許售後退換產品。

獎項及肯定

• 榮獲2019傑出優質商戶獎

由香港旅遊發展局舉辦「傑出優質商戶獎項」,旨在嘉許有持續傑出表現的零售商戶。 Giordano榮獲2019傑出優質商戶獎(成衣及配飾組別)銀獎。此外,佐丹奴已連續15年獲得香港旅遊發展局「優質旅遊服務」計劃的認證。

At Giordano, we continuously strive to provide our customers with the most enlightening shopping experience. Giordano's straight-forward mission, 'To Make People FEEL GOOD and LOOK GREAT', fully illustrates our total commitment to superior service and outstanding quality

(1) "Giordano Means Service" Campaign

Giordano's commitment to superior service stems from the "Giordano Means Service" campaign which was first launched in 1989, at which time every staff wore a yellow badge bearing the words "Giordano Means Service". Since then, quality service has become one of the tenets of Giordano.

To ensure every shop staff offers excellent customer service, we conduct performance evaluations frequently at the store level, as well as for frontline staff by mystery shoppers. Our efforts to provide excellent customer service have been recognized by a long list of service-related awards we have received over the years.

"Exceeding customers' expectations" is a simple objective that Giordano has upheld for many years, which we achieve through "thinking one step ahead for customers' needs" and "providing tailor-made services". Our frontline staff provide professional advice and flexible and rapid response to customers, helping them choose the right products in need. Meanwhile, to satisfy our customers, we also allow them to return and exchange products after purchases.

Awards and Recognition

• 2019 Outstanding QTS Merchant & Service Staff Awards

Hosted by Hong Kong Tourism Board, to award the retailers for their outstanding services and Giordano won a silver award. Also, Giordano has continuously been recognized as a Quality Merchant by the Hong Kong Tourism Board for 15 years.

- 佐丹奴網站榮獲十大電子商務網站大獎 佐丹奴電商網站榮獲亞洲零售博覽會 選為2018年度十大電子商務網站大獎(以表 一。這十大電子商務網站大獎(以表 揚和嘉許提升顧客購物體驗、促進業 務發展的電子商務網站),認可了佐丹 奴電商網站致力推動及提供最佳電子 商貿水準,為顧客提供優秀的購物網 站,提升顧客購物體驗。
- Powerlist佐丹奴香港總部的法律團隊 名列GC Powerlist

與此同時,我們也欣然宣布,佐丹 奴香港總部的法律團隊名列香港GC Powerlist的「Team Powerlist」類別。 香港GC Powerlist由The Legal 500出版,The Legal 500亦負責核實和確認 我們的資格。香港GC Powerlist表彰我們的內部法律團隊:

- 1. 能於公司或同行中有所貢獻;
- 2. 能為複雜的問題制定技術解決方案;
- 3. 能創建創新結構,確保內部職能 推動業務發展;及
- 能成為其他公司法律顧問的榜樣,實踐應遵循的商業工作模式。

Giordano Website won Top 10 eCommerce Website Award

The Retail Asia Expo has awarded Giordano's eCommerce website as one of the "Top 10 eCommerce websites" for 2018. This "Top 10 eCommerce Website Award", which recognized and awards websites that have raised the bar for user experience and achieved outstanding operation growth, has acknowledged Giordano's eCommerce website for fostering and delivering continuous and exemplary e-commerce standards as well as enhancing user experience with an outstanding shopping platform.

 Giordano's Legal Team at Hong Kong Headquarters named in the GC Powerlist

Meanwhile, we are also delighted to announce that Giordano's Legal Team at Hong Kong Headquarters has been named in the "Team Powerlist" category of the GC Powerlist Hong Kong, published by The Legal 500 – which carried out the research to corroborate and validate our inclusion, in recognition of our inhouse legal team:

- 1. being instrumental in changing or forming opinions within the company or industry;
- 2. developing technical solutions to complex issues;
- 3. creating innovative structures to ensure that the in-house function is driving the business forward; and
- 4. providing a business working model that other corporate counsel should follow.

Giordano is a global fashion brand and clothing retailer with locations across 30 countries and 2,400 stores across Asia, Australasia and the Middle East. It operates the brands *Giordano, Giordano Ladies, Giordano Junior, BSX* and *Beau Monde* and is moving to expand into Europe and the Americas. Leading the legal team at the company is Mark Loynd, who in his role of general counsel, company secretary and director of human resources, has been responsible for the company's legal, compliance and regulatory affairs globally since 2013. The legal team under Loynd's direction has facilitated the company's recent rapid expansion and development which resulted in some of its highest growth since thanks to work managed and completed by the legal team in the last five years. The team manages all of the legal affairs of the company including its regulatory affairs relating to import and export tariffs, supply chain regulations, privacy and IP, as well as employment matters. A truly multijurisdictional team, the Giordano legal department has recently overseen the opening of another flagship store in Hong Kong, as well as the company's completion of a business acquisition in Vietnam and the opening of the first location in Mongolia.

 Giordano Junior榮獲「2018父母最愛信心家 庭品牌獎」

在 2018 年,Giordano Junior 榮獲「2018 父母最愛信心家庭品牌獎」的幼兒服裝組 別,該獎項由香港的重量級親子平台Baby Kingdom頒發。經過Baby Kingdom會員 以及專業評審的投票,Giordano Junior在 四大入選品牌中突圍而出,證明Giordano Junior一直以來充滿創意的設計、高質量的 服裝產品均獲得本地家庭及專業評審的認 同。

於報告年度,本集團並沒有發生因安全與健康理由而須召回產品的情況。然而,本集團於匯報市場確實收到190個與產品及服務有關之投訴。所有投訴均通過換貨或溝通得以妥善解決。本集團持續為新員工、高級銷售人員及主管提供培訓,以使彼等更了解客戶需求,以滿足客戶期望。

(2) 安全與健康

- (i) 除了專業的顧客服務外,一個舒適及 安全的購物環境也是愉快購物體驗所 必需的。因此,我們致力(a)為員工和 顧客提供安全及健康的環境,以及(b) 在營商場所排除可避免的意外及危害 健康的事故。
- (ii) 如前述社會層面B5(2)(ii),我們為供應商提供一份「品質手冊」作參考,説明 對產品品質和安全的標準及要求。
- (iii) 我們要求供應商遵守有關產品安全的 適用法規,並定期更新佐丹奴禁用的 有害物質和不人道生產過程,例如「噴 砂」和「生拔鵝毛」。
- (iv) 本集團規定所有產品及包裝供應商及 製造商符合本集團政策。本集團會定 期檢討及更新採購協議,力求保持產 品優質及安全,讓顧客稱心滿意。本 集團僅與能夠提供高質量產品之供應 商進行合作,並檢查是否存在缺陷以 確保產品質量。
- (v) 我們也聘請獨立和認可的第三方實驗 室測試我們的物料和產品,以確保符 合國際安全標準。
- (vi) 「我們在意,只因您在意」

我們為確保產品安全而努力不懈,這是我們的核心價值之一。例如Giordano Junior服裝中的所有拉繩,我們均會確保拉繩完全固定在腰帶上,以免兒童意外拉出。我們也不會使用金屬拉鍊,即使金屬拉鍊的使用在業內十分普遍。

 Giordano Junior was awarded with "2018 Parents' Favorite Family Brand"

Giordano Junior was awarded "2018 Parents' Favorite Family Brand" under the "Children Clothing" category in 2018. This Award was presented by Baby Kingdom, a popular online parent-child platform in Hong Kong. Further to the assessment by the members of Baby Kingdom and a panel of professional judges, Giordano Junior stood out from the other 3 finalists, being in recognition of its creative designs and high-quality products.

During the Reporting Year, the Group did not recall any products for safety and health reasons. It did, however, receive 190 product and service-related complaints in the reporting markets. All complaints have been resolved by product exchange or communication. The Group continues to provide training to new employees, senior sales and supervisors, enabling them to better understand customer needs and excel in their performance to meet customer's expectations.

- (2) Safety and Health
 - (i) In addition to professional customer service, a pleasant shopping experience also requires a comfortable and safe shopping environment. We are committed to (a) ensuring a safe and healthy environment for our staff and customers, and (b) eliminating preventable accidents and health hazards in our business locations.
 - (ii) As mentioned earlier Social Aspect B5(2)(ii), we have a Quality Manual setting forth our standards and specification regarding product quality and safety for our suppliers' compliance.
 - (iii) We demand our suppliers to comply with all applicable laws and regulations on product safety, and regularly update them on the hazardous substance and inhumane production processes banned by Giordano, such as the "sandblasting" process and the "live-plucking" goose down process.
 - (iv) The Group requires all suppliers and manufacturers of its products and packaging to comply with the Group's policy. The Group keeps its sourcing protocols reviewed regularly and up-to-date in order to maintain the high quality and safety standards of its products and customer satisfaction. The Group cooperates only with suppliers which can provide products of high quality and checks if flaws are found to ensure the product quality.
 - (v) We also engage independent and accredited third-party laboratories to test our materials and products, to ensure compliance with international safety standards.
 - (vi) "We care because you care"

Much effort has been spent on product safety, which is one of our core values. For instance, we make sure that all drawstrings in our Giordano Junior clothing are fixed to the waistband to avoid pulling out by children accidentally. We also will not use metal zippers, which are however commonly used by our counterparts.

(vii) 佐丹奴讓不同年齡及背景的顧客都能 找到適合自己的產品,並會以產品的 質量及安全為首位。有賴產品發顧 医實管理、採購、前線銷售以至顧 服務的整個團隊共同努力,在過至 一款產品的品質和安全。在過五 年,沒有產品因安全或健康問題而屬 要回收的個案,也沒有觸犯任何相關 規例的事件。

(3) 「保護知識產權」

(i) 「知識產權管理人員培訓課程 |

現今,知識產權被視為業務發展的關鍵因素。在佐丹奴,保護知識產權被視為 我們的首要任務之一。為了提高知識產權免受侵犯,我們兩家子公司於2017年參加了香港知識產權署的「知識產權管理人員計劃」。在員工完成知識產權署的「知識產權管理人員培訓課程」後,我們獲發嘉許狀。

(ii) 個人資料(私隱)條例一直播『法例系列』講座

我們位於香港的全球法律及公司秘書部法律事務經理於2021年6月以網上課堂形式舉行了2場「個人資料(私隱)條例」,分別以英語及廣東話授課,藉此讓各市場的員工認識該條例基本概念,行業實用資料及保障個人及顧客私隱。所有寫字樓及店鋪同事必須參加,並須完成小測。

- (vii) Giordano keeps up with the needs of customers of all ages and backgrounds and puts product quality and safety first. Our teams in product development, quality assurance, sourcing, frontline sales and customer service go the extra mile to ensure the quality and safety of each and every product we carry. Over the past year, there are no incidents of product recall or noncompliance due to safety or health issues.
- (3) Protecting intellectual property rights
 - (i) "IP Manager Training Program"

Nowadays, intellectual property ("IP") is recognized as a key element in business development and, here at Giordano, protecting IP rights is one of our top priorities. To enhance awareness of IP protection within Giordano and to proactively protect our IP from infringement, two of our subsidiaries participated in the IP Manager Scheme organized by the Intellectual Property Department of Hong Kong in 2017. After completion of its "IP Manager Training Program" by our staff, we were awarded a Certificate of Commendation.

(ii) The Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (the "PDPO") Seminar

The Legal Manager of our global Legal and Company Secretarial Department based in Hong Kong held two rounds of Data Privacy Regulation in Asia seminar in English and Cantonese via online lecture in June 2021, striving to train our staff in various markets can understand the basic concepts of the Ordinance, practical industry information and protection of personal and customer privacy. All office and shop colleagues must participate and complete a quiz.



客戶私隱的議題一直是城中熱話,不容忽視。為遵守本地法規及歐盟的通用數據保障條例(2018年5月25日生效,「GDPR」),我們已修訂本集團的「隱私政策及收集個人資料聲明」及私隱聲明(中英文版本),並上載至我們的官方網站及/或網店(如適用),供公眾及客戶參考。除此之外,我們也邀請了一所國際律師行為獨立第三方,審查並最終確認我們已經符合GDPR的要求。我們亦不時提醒員工遵守政策要求。

(5) 在COVID-19之下,佐丹奴推一出系列的抗 疫產品協助客戶抗疫。 (4) Consumer Data Protection and Privacy Policies

Customer privacy has become a hot topic that we cannot overlook. In compliance with the local laws and the European Union's General Data Protection Regulations (effective from May 25, 2018, "GDPR"), we have updated our Group-wide "Privacy Policy and Personal Information Collection Statement" and "Privacy Notice" (both in English and Chinese, as uploaded onto our official websites and/or e-shops, where appropriate) for the public and customers' reference. We invited an independent third-party global law firm to audit our practices and confirmed our compliance with the GDPR. Furthermore, staff are kept reminded to fully observe the policy from time to time.

(5) During COVID-19, Giordano has launched a series of antimicrobial products to help customers fight the virus.



棉質防污染6層可重複使用戶外口罩 Cotton Anti-Pollution 6 Layer Reusable Outdoor Face Mask



男裝科技涼感抗菌POLO衫 Men's High-Tech Cool Touch Anti-bacteria Polo Shirt

Cool Antibocteriol Bresthotile

(6) 在疫情艱難時期,佐丹奴加強門市消毒和關顧客人的措施,不斷努力去保護員工和客人。

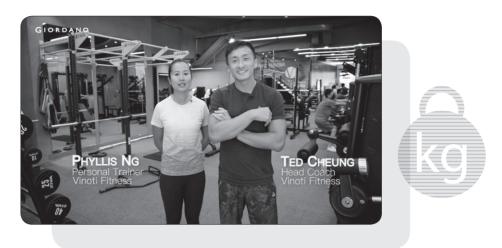
(6) During these trying times, Giordano remains totally customer responsive and relentless in our efforts to protect both our staff and our valued customers.





2021 ESG REPORT

- (7) 因為COVID-19大流行顧客留在家中的時間 多, 佐丹奴制作了一共八集的家居運動特 集,並上載至影片分享頻道供顧客及市民觀 賞。
- (7) Due to the Covid-19 pandemic, customers have spent more time at home. Giordano produced a total of eight episodes of home sports specials and uploaded those videos to video-sharing channels for customers and members of the public to watch and enjoy.



GIORDANO G-Motion家居運動特集(共八集) GIORDANO G-Motion Home Sports Special (eight episodes)

- (8) 在COVID-19大流行下,顧客及廣大市民無 法離港作非必要旅行,大多居民會選擇到郊 外行山作舒展身心。佐丹奴制作了一共六集 的行山特集,並上載至影片分享頻道供顧客 及市民觀賞。
- (8) Under the Covid-19 pandemic, customers and the public at large citizens have not been able to leave Hong Kong for non-essential travel. Most residents choose to go hiking in the suburbs for relaxing activities. Giordano has produced a total of six episodes of hiking special and uploaded them to video-sharing channels for customers and members of the public to watch and enjoy.



GIORDANO G-Motion行山特集(共六集) GIORDANO G-Motion Hiking Special (six episodes)

2021 ESG REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告書

社會層面B7:反貪污 Social Aspect B7: Anti-Corruption

- (1) 我們絕對不容忍賄賂和貪污,而我們的「員工手冊」及「紀律守則」(已上載於公司的內聯網)讓員工明確瞭解到佐丹奴嚴格的反貪污、反賄賂和利益衝突的標準、饋贈政策、採購和密函檢舉政策,以及如何處理佐丹奴股份之交易及投資的政策。
- (2) 為了確保員工恪守我們的嚴格要求及保持高 道德水平,所有員工均須每年至少填報一次 「利益申報書」。如遇有任何利益衝突的情 況,有關員工須立即更新此「利益申報書」。
- (3) 為提升員工的商業誠信和道德操守,我們恆 常舉辦有關反貪污的研討會。此類研討會是 強制性的,每位香港總部員工必須最少出席 一次。
- (4) 本集團內部定期進行培訓,包括入職培訓和 進修培訓,以支持遵守各種政策和做法(包 括與反貪污有關)。
- (5) 我們的密函檢舉渠道使我們的員工能夠在保護我們的業務方面發揮積極作用。他們可以尋求指導並向其部門主管或審核委員會匿名舉報不當行為。所有舉報都經過謹慎和公平的處理,以確保舉報人免受不公平解僱、傷害和無理的紀律處分。
- (6) 此外,我們與供應商的合同要求他們完全遵守我們的「品質手冊」,包括前述社會層面B5(2)(ii)中提及的「收受及提供利益政策」。此外,我們亦會恆常地致函予所有相關員工、業務夥伴及供應商,提醒他們有關的集團政策(每年兩次,分別在中秋節前及中國農曆新年前)。佐丹奴於2021年沒有發現任何有關反腐法規的違例情況。

- (1) We adopt a zero-tolerance approach towards bribery and corruption, and our Staff Handbook and Code of Conduct (as uploaded onto the Company's Intranet) clearly inform our staff of Giordano's strict standards regarding anti-corruption, anti-bribery, conflicts of interest, gift, procurement and whistle-blowing policies, as well as our policies on dealings and investment in Giordano's shares.
- (2) To ensure that our staff comply with the requirements imposed and uphold high ethical standards, all staff are required to complete and submit a "Declaration of Interests" at least once a year. If there are any cases of conflict of interest, the relevant staff are required to update their declaration immediately.
- (3) We also proactively promote business integrity and ethics among our staff by organizing seminars on anti-corruption regularly. These types of seminars are compulsory to be attended at least once by each Hong Kong Headquarters staff.
- (4) A series of training, including orientation training and refresher training, are conducted regularly within the Group to support adherence to various policies and practices including those related to anti-corruption.
- (5) Our whistleblowing channels empower our employees to play an active role in protecting our business. They can seek guidance and report misconduct anonymously to their department heads or the Audit Committee. All reports are handled with care and fairness to ensure that whistleblowers are protected against unfair dismissal, victimisation and unwarranted disciplinary actions.
- (6) Furthermore, our contracts with suppliers require their full compliance with our Quality Manual, including "Advantage Solicitation and Acceptance" as quoted in earlier Social Aspect B5(2) (ii). In addition, we regularly issue reminders to all relevant staff, business associates and suppliers reminding them of our Group Policy on Accepting and Offering Advantages (i.e. twice a year, before the Mid-Autumn Festival and Chinese Lunar New Year). We are not aware of any incidents of noncompliance in relation to anticorruption in 2021.

社會層面B8:社區參與

Social Aspect B8: Community Involvement

「回饋社會」是佐丹奴非常重要的經營宗旨。秉承 「沒有陌生人的世界」這個信念,佐丹奴積極支持 各慈善機構及慈善活動,特別關注與教育、兒童 及弱勢社群有關的項目。佐丹奴參與了一些持續 性的教育項目:

- (1) 於 2014年,我們與Room to Read聯合推出了「Do Not Read This」活動,通過在佐丹奴店舖銷售限量版T恤,為這個非牟利組織籌集資金。利用佐丹奴的捐贈,Room to Read為貧困兒童出版了兩本兒童書籍共15,000本,分別以兩種印度語言印刷。
- (2) 佐丹奴對弱勢兒童教育的關注,也見諸於參與另一項項目一「希望工程」。這是由中國青少年發展基金會籌劃的公共服務項目,佐丹奴為此項目的長期支持者,透過捐助興建佐丹奴希望小學,為內地貧困農村的兒童提供小學教育之機會。截至2020年底,佐丹奴已捐助了22所佐丹奴希望小學。
- (3) 此外,我們亦捐助福幼基金會,表達對中國 內地兒童福利的支持。
- (4) 新報(11/9/2014)其中一本以印地語撰寫的兒 童書籍,由佐丹奴資助Room to Read出版。
- (5) 在2018年,佐丹奴(馬來西亞)舉辦「We Love Orangutans」和「Amazing Ocean」兩 個圍繞保護野生動植物的活動。
- (6) 在2019年,佐丹奴(台灣)舉辦了幾項社區活動,包括舊衣捐贈和海灘清潔活動。
- (7) 在 2020年, 佐 丹 奴 (泰 國)義 工 隊 參 加 Prasingh寺廟前地清潔日佐丹奴 (泰國)的一班義工隊在泰國北部清邁集合,是為了參與當地Prasingh寺廟的清潔日活動。由清邁前線全體員工和泰國北部地區主管組成的25人義工隊一同洗刷了Prasingh寺廟的洗手間和前地,除了確保遊客和僧侶的衛生安全外,更希望善信能繼續到寺廟參拜。

Contributing to our communities is a very important part of Giordano's ethos. Acting on our belief in a 'World Without Strangers', Giordano actively supports various charitable organizations and causes, especially those associated with education, children and the underprivileged. Giordano has engaged in a number of ongoing educational projects:

- (1) In 2014, we launched the "Do Not Read This" campaign in conjunction with Room to Read, which raised funds for the non-profit organization through selling limited-edition T-shirts in Giordano's shops. With Giordano's donations, Room to Read published 15,000 copies of two children's books in two Indian languages for underprivileged children.
- (2) This focus on education for underprivileged children is also evident in another Giordano's ongoing project, Project Hope, a public service project organized by the China Youth Development Foundation. Giordano has been a long-standing supporter of the project's work in providing children in poverty-stricken rural areas of Mainland China with access to primary school education by funding the construction of a number of Giordano Hope primary schools. As of the end of 2020, 22 Giordano primary schools of Hope have been completed.
- (3) We also donated to the Caring for Children Foundation in support of children's welfare in Mainland China.
- (4) Hong Kong Daily News One of the children is books, in Hindi, was published by Room to Read with Giordano's donation.
- (5) In 2018, Giordano Malaysia launched the "We Love Orangutans" and "Amazing Ocean" campaigns revolving around wildlife conservation.
- (6) In 2019, Giordano Taiwan had several community activities, including second-hand clothing donations and beach cleaning activities.
- (7) In 2020, Giordano Thailand Volunteer Team participated in Prasingh Temple Grounds Cleaning Day. A team of volunteers from Giordano Thailand converged in the northern city of Chiangmai to take part in a cleaning day for the local Prasingh temple. The 25-strong team comprising the entire Chiangmai frontline staff and the area supervisor of the Northern Region of Thailand cleaned lavatories and the temple grounds of Prasingh Temple, keeping them safe for both tourists and the resident monks.

(8) 於2021年,佐丹奴各市場準備以下活動:

(a) 佐丹奴(新加坡)

佐丹奴(新加坡)的一班義工隊參加了由新加坡的非牟利組織TOUCH Community Services主辦的社區活動(「Touch」)。佐丹奴的20位義工擔任智能手機導師,旨在根據Touch專為長者需要而設定的培訓課程計劃,指導長者如何使用智能手機。

此外,佐丹奴(新加坡)一班義工隊參加了由新加坡非牟利慈善組織TOUCH Community Services 主辦的「Meals on Wheels」(「長者派飯服務」)社區活動。「Meals on Wheels」是佐丹奴(新加坡)團隊自2021年初以來第二次參加Touch的活動。THC中心準備好便當後,佐丹奴的八名義工即向有需要的長者派送了57盒便當。

(8) In 2021, Giordano held the following activities in different regions:

(a) Giordano Singapore

A team of volunteers from Giordano Singapore took part in a community event hosted by TOUCH Community Services, a not-for-profit charity organisation in Singapore ("Touch"). Giordano's 20 strong volunteer team acted as Smart Phone Trainers, helping to coach the elderly to use smartphone based on lesson plans designed to customize the training catered to seniors' pace.

Moreover, a team of volunteers from Giordano Singapore took part in the Meals on Wheels community event hosted by Touch. The Meals on Wheels programme represents the second Touch event that the Giordano Singapore team has participated in since the beginning of 2021. Bento boxes were prepared in the THC Centre, following which the eight volunteers from Giordano delivered a total of 57 boxes to various homes of the elderly.







(b) 佐丹奴(印尼)

佐丹奴(印尼)與印尼的Aksi Cepat Tanggap(ACT)專業慈善機構聯合開辦最近成立了「佐丹奴印尼關懷計劃」(「計劃」),為印尼Bekasi和Karawang地區的水災災民籌集資金。

佐丹奴(印尼)的客人都願意在 Instagram的現場活動中籌集資金。全 部百份百的捐款均用於購買水災災民 的食品,口罩,洗手液,衣物和其他 必需品。

(b) Giordano Indonesia

Giordano Indonesia recently established the "Giordano Berbagi Programme" with Aksi Cepat Tanggap (ACT) Indonesia, a professional philanthropic institution, to raise funds for the flood victims in the Bekasi and Karawang areas of Indonesia.

Funds were raised with the willing participation of Giordano Indonesia's customers during a live event on Instagram. The entire 100% of donations were used to purchase groceries, masks, hand sanitisers, clothing and other necessities for the flood victims.



(c) 佐丹奴(香港)

佐丹奴WWS慈善基金

佐丹奴沒有陌生人的世界慈善基金(「WWS慈善基金」或「基金」) 已於2021年6月上線,該基金的背景資料、使命、捐款詳情和每月報表現已登載於公司企業網站 http://corp.qiordano.com.hk/tc/wws.charitable_fund.aspx。

WWS慈善基金將籌集的資金分配給有需要的人。過去的項目包括初等都計劃,分發教育教材和文具,幫香港則國農村實現可持續發展、支持不管,支持不可以表別,其供餐戶,不可以與一個人工在未得到其他支援時金等。





WWS慈善基金於2021年下半年舉辦四場員工Sample Sale籌款活動,合共籌得約57,660港元善款。

The WWS Charitable Fund held four Staff Sample Sale fundraising events in the second half of 2021, and raised a total of approximately HK\$57,660.

(c) Giordano Hong Kong

WWS Charitable Fund

The Giordano World Without Strangers Charitable Fund (the "WWS Charitable Fund" or the "Fund") has gone online, with the Fund's background information, mission, donation details and monthly statements are available on the Company's corporate website at http://corp.giordano.com.hk/en/wws_charitable_fund.aspx.

The WWS Charitable Fund allocates funds raised to make a difference for people in need. Past projects have ranged from primary education initiatives involving the printing and distribution of educational materials and stationery, helping remote villages in rural China to achieve sustainable development, supporting local ethnic minority students, meal tickets for the underprivileged, supporting orphans and children with disabilities, all the way through to rapid response to individuals who have found themselves in emergency financial crisis for which other sources of help may not be available.





另外,WWS慈善基金於2021年下半年舉辦了兩次員工自費活動,包括慈善戶外行山活動及Zentangle禪繞畫課堂,合共籌得2,100港元善款。

全球體育項目

佐丹奴傳統上選擇經營中或打算進入市場的 體育組織合作,與當地社區接觸並共同努力 以產生協同效應。

佐丹奴贊助服裝對所有持份者來說是一個雙贏的局面:集團可以通過這方式向市場的客戶或潛在客戶展示我們的優質服裝,而體育機構可以為他們的發展騰出資源投放在教練、球員福利和發展計劃方面的投資。

在過去的幾年裡,佐丹奴曾與來自世界各地 的欖球隊、足球隊、行山隊和越野賽跑隊合 作過,包括中國、日本、烏干達、埃及、桑 給巴爾、牙買加、美國和塞爾維亞;從基層 到通往所有精英國家隊的道路,包括兒童、 女子和男子運動。

佐丹奴目前是哈薩克斯坦男子和女子國家欖球隊、突尼斯男子和女子國家欖球隊以及馬耳他欖球聯盟的男子和女子國家欖球隊的冠名贊助商。

Besides, in the second half of 2021, the WWS Charity Fund organized two employee self-funded activities, including charity outdoor hiking activities and a Zentangle painting class, which raised a total of HK\$2,100.

Global Sports Programs

Giordano has traditionally chosen to work with sports organizations in the markets it operates it, or aims to be in, engaging with local communities and working together to make an actual difference.

Giordano's sponsorship of apparel represents a win-win situation for all stakeholders involved: the Group can showcase its brand and quality apparel to customers or future customers in those markets through an authentic and practical medium, while allowing the sporting bodies to free up resources to invest in coaching, player welfare and development initiatives.

Over the past few years, Giordano has worked with Rugby, Football, Hiking and Trail running teams from all over the world, including China, Japan, Uganda, Egypt, Zanzibar, Jamaica, the United States of America and Serbia, from grassroots level all the way through to elite national teams, in children's, women's and men's sports.

Giordano is currently the title apparel sponsor for the Kazakhstan men's and women's national Rugby teams, the Tunisia men's and women's national Rugby teams, as well as the Malta Rugby League men's and women's national Rugby teams.







(d) 佐丹奴中國

佐丹奴華南與星星畫室和移動圖書館(「星星移動圖書館」)建立合作夥伴關係,第一場活動是慈善T-Shirt拍賣,T-Shirt的圖案是由鄉村兒童設計(當中包括有特殊教育需要兒童)的作品,並使用本公司的「訂制列印」(Print-To-Order)服務印在Giordano Junior的T-Shirt上;同時,佐丹奴亦向星星移動圖書館捐贈圖書。

另外,佐丹奴華北指揮中心(「佐丹奴華北」) 與北京大學博雅田徑長跑隊和戶外隊正式 建立合作夥伴關係,佐丹奴華北為其提供 G-motion正式隊服和比賽服裝。

(d) Giordano China

Giordano South China established its official partnership with Star Studios and Mobile Library. The first event organized under the partnership was a charitable t-shirt auction involving artwork designed by the village children, including special educational needs children, printed onto Giordano Junior's t-shirts using the Company's PTO (print-to-order) service, as well as a donation of books from Giordano to Star Mobile Library.

Meanwhile, the North China Command Centre of Giordano ("Giordano North China") commenced partnership with Peking University's outdoor sports team and track racing team (the "Teams"). Under the partnership, Giordano North China will supply the Company's G-Motion apparel to the Teams as part of their official team uniform and performance competition wear.



(e) 佐丹奴台灣

與台東縣食(實)物銀行合作,進行內部捐助 及外部捐助活動,當中包括舊衣捐助。

(e) Giordano Taiwan

Giordano Taiwan cooperated with Taitung Food Bank to carry out both internal donations and external donations, including donations of used clothing.

香港交易所《環境、社會及管治報告指引》 索引 REFERENCES TO "STOCK EXCHANGE'S ESG REPORTING GUIDE"

| 層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標 Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs | 描述 Description A. 環境 Environmental | 《2021年環境、社會 及管治報告》 2021 ESG Report |
|--|--|--|
| | 層面A1:排放物 Aspect A1: Emissions | |
| 一般披露 General Disclosure | 有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、有害及無害廢棄物的產生等的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。 註: 廢氣排放包括氮氧化物、硫氧化物及其他受國家法律及規例規管的污染物。 溫室氣體包括二氧化碳、甲烷、氧化亞氮、氫氟碳化合物、全氟化碳及六氟化硫。 有害廢棄物指國家規例所界定者。 Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste. Note: Air emissions include NOx, SOx, and other pollutants regulated under national laws and regulations. Greenhouse gases include carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide, hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons and sulphur hexafluoride. | A1 |
| 關鍵績效指標A1.1 KPI A1.1 | Hazardous wastes are those defined by national regulations. 排放物種類及相關排放數據。 | A2 圖1 Graph 1 |
| 關鍵績效指標A1.2 KPI A1.2 | Total workforce by gender, employment type, age group and geographical region. 直接(範圍1)及能源間接(範圍2)溫室氣體排放量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。 Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). | A2 圖1 Graph 1 |
| 關鍵績效指標A1.3 KPI A1.3 | 所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。 Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). | A2 圖1附註2 Note 2 of Graph 1 |
| 關鍵績效指標A1.4 KPI A1.4 | 所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。 Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). | A2 圖1 Graph 1 |
| 關鍵績效指標A1.5 KPI A1.5 | 描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。 Description of emissions target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. | 頁8 Page 8 A2 |
| 關鍵績效指標A1.6 KPI A1.6 | 描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法,及描述所訂立的減廢目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。 Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. | 頁8 Page 8 A2 |

| 層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標 Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs | 描述 Description | 《2021年環境、 社會 及管治報告》 2021 ESG Report |
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| | 層面A2:資源使用 Aspect A2: Use of Resources | |
| 一般披露 | 有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他原材料)的政策。 | A2 |
| General Disclosure | 註: 資源可用於生產、儲存、運輸、樓宇、電子設備等。 | |
| | Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials. | |
| | Note: Resources may be used in production, in storage, transportation, in buildings, electronic equipment, etc. | |
| 關鍵績效指標A2.1 KPI A2.1 | 按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源(如電、氣或油)總耗量(以千個千瓦時計算)及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。 | A2 圖1 Graph 1 |
| | Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). | |
| 關鍵績效指標A2.2 | 總耗水量及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。 | A2 圖1 Graph 1 |
| KPI A2.2 | Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). | |
| 關鍵績效指標A2.3 | 描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。 | 頁8 Page 8 |
| KPI A2.3 | Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. | A2 |
| 關鍵績效指標A2.4 | 描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及所訂立的用水效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。 | 頁8 Page 8 |
| KPI A2.4 | Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. | A2 附註4 Note 4 |
| 關鍵績效指標A2.5 | 製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產單位佔量。 | A2 圖1 Graph 1 |
| KPI A2.5 | Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced. | |
| | 層面A3:環境及天然資源 Aspect A3: The Environment and Natural Resources | |
| 一般披露 | 滅低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。 | A3 |
| General Disclosure | Policies on minimising the issuer's significant impacts on the environment and natural resources. | |
| 關鍵績效指標A3.1 | 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動。 | A3 |
| KPI A3.1 | Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them. | |
| | 層面A4:氣候變化 Aspect A4: Climate Change | |
| | 識別及應對已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜的政策。 | A4 |
| General Disclosure | Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer. | |
| 關鍵績效指標A4.1 | 描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜,及應對行動。 | A4 |
| KPI A4.1 | Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them. | |

| 層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標 Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs | 描述 Description | 《2021年環境、社會 及管治報告》 2021 ESG Report |
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| | B. 社會 Social | |
| | 僱傭及勞工常規 Employment and Labour Practices | |
| | 層面B1:僱傭 Aspect B1: Employment | |
| 一般披露 General Disclosure | 有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利的: (a) 政策:及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。 Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare. | B1 |
| 關鍵績效指標B1.1 | 按性別、僱傭類型(如全職或兼職)、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數。 | B1圖2及3 |
| KPI B1.1 | Total workforce by gender, employment type (for example, full- or part- time), age group and geographical region. | Graph 2 & 3 |
| 關鍵績效指標B1.2 | 按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率。 | B1圖2及3 |
| KPI B1.2 | Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region. | Graph 2 & 3 |
| | 層面B2:健康與安全 Aspect B2: Health and Safety | |
| 一般披露 General Disclosure | 有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的: (a) 政策:及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。 Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards. | B2 |
| 關鍵績效指標B2.1 KPI B2.1 | 過去三年(包括匯報年度)每年因工亡故的人數及比率。 Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the reporting year. | 不適用 N/A |
| 關鍵績效指標B2.2 KPI B2.2 | 因工傷損失工作日數。 Lost days due to work injury. | B2(1) |
| 關鍵績效指標B2.3 KPI B2.3 | 描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行及監察方法。 Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, and how they are implemented and monitored. | B2(2) |

| 層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標 Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs | 描述 Description | 《2021年環境 · 社會 及管治報告》 2021 ESG Report |
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| | 層面B3:發展及培訓 Aspect B3: Development and Training | |
| | 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培訓活動。 | В3 |
| General Disclosure | 註: 培訓指職業培訓,可包括由僱主付費的內外部課程。 | |
| | Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities. | |
| | Note: Training refers to vocational training. It may include internal and external courses paid by the employer. | |
| 關鍵績效指標B3.1 | 按性別及僱員類別(如高級管理層、中級管理層)劃分的受訓僱員百分比。 | В3 |
| KPI B3.1 | The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management). | |
| 關鍵績效指標B3.2 | 按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數。 | В3 |
| KPI B3.2 | The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category. | |
| | 層面B4: 勞工準則 Aspect B4: Labour Standards | |
| 一般披露 | 有關防止童工或強制勞工的: | В4 |
| General Disclosure | (a) 政策:及 | |
| | (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。 | |
| | Information on: | |
| | (a) the policies; and | |
| | (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer | |
| | relating to preventing child and forced labour. | |
| 關鍵績效指標B4.1 | 描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工。 | B4 |
| KPI B4.1 | Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour. | |
| 關鍵績效指標B4.2 | 描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟。 | B4 |
| KPI B4.2 | Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered. | |
| | 營運慣例 Operating Practices | |
| | 層面B5:供應鏈管理 Aspect B5: Supply Chain Management | |
| | 管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。 | B5 |
| General Disclosure | Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain. | |
| 關鍵績效指標B5.1 | 按地區劃分的供應商數目。 | B5 圖5 Graph 5 |
| KPI B5.1 | Number of suppliers by geographical region. | Bo algorian |
| 關鍵績效指標B5.2 | 描述有關聘用供應商的慣例・向其執行有關慣例的供應商數目・以及相關執行及監察方法。 | B5(1)&(2) |
| KPI B5.2 | Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, and how they are implemented and monitored. | 35(1)4(2) |
| 關鍵績效指標B5.3 | 描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。 | B5(2) |
| KPI B5.3 | Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored. | |
| 關鍵績效指標B5.4 | 描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。 | B5(1)&(2) |
| KPI B5.4 | Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored. | |

| 層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標 | 描述 | 《2021年環境、社會 及管治報告》 | |
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| Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs | Description | 2021 ESG Report | |
| | 層面B6:產品責任 Aspect B6: Product Responsibility | | |
| 一般披露 | 有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法的: | В6 | |
| General Disclosure | (a) 政策:及 | | |
| | (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。 | | |
| | Information on: | | |
| | (a) the policies; and | | |
| | (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer | | |
| | relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress. | | |
| 關鍵績效指標B6.1 | 已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分比。 | N/A | |
| KPI B6.1 | Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons. | 不適用 | |
| 關鍵績效指標B6.2 | 接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。 | B6(1) | |
| KPI B6.2 | Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with. | | |
| 關鍵績效指標B6.3 | 描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。 | B6(2) | |
| KPI B6.3 | Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights. | | |
| 關鍵績效指標B6.4 | 描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。 | B6(2) | |
| KPI B6.4 | Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures. | | |
| 關鍵績效指標B6.5 | 描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策・以及相關執行及監察方法。 | B6(4) | |
| KPI B6.5 | Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are implemented and monitored. | | |
| | 層面B7:反貪污 Aspect B7: Anti- corruption | | |
| 一般披露 | 有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的: | В7 | |
| General Disclosure | (a) 政策:及 | | |
| | (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。 | | |
| | Information on: | | |
| | (a) the policies; and | | |
| | (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer | | |
| | relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. | | |
| 關鍵績效指標B7.1 | 於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。 | N/A | |
| KPI B7.1 | Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases. | 不適用 | |
| 關鍵績效指標B7.2 | 描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察方法。 | В7 | |
| KPI B7.2 | Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, and how they are implemented and monitored. | | |
| 關鍵績效指標B7.3 | 描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。 | B7 | |
| KPI B7.3 | Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff. | | |

| 層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標 Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs | 描述 Description 社區 Community 層面B8: 社區投資 Aspect B8: Community Investment | 《2021年環境、社會 及管治報告》 2021 ESG Report |
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| 一般披露 | 有關以补區參與來了解營運所在补區需要和確保其業務活動會考慮补區利益的政策。 | B8 |
| General Disclosure | Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests. | |
| 關鍵績效指標B8.1 | 專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、體育)。 | B8(8) |
| KPI B8.1 | Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport). | |
| 關鍵績效指標B8.2 | 在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)。 | B8(8) |
| KPI B8.2 | Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area. | |

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