

中國納泉能源科技控股有限公司 China Nature Energy Technology Holdings Limited

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)





Company's Profile 公司簡介	2	Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告	129
Corporate Information 公司資料	3	Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss 綜合損益表	136
Financial Highlights 財務摘要	5	Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表	137
Chairman's Statement 主席報告書	6	Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表	138
Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論與分析	7	Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表	140
Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層	22	Consolidated Cash Flow Statement 綜合現金流量表	142
Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告	34	Notes to the Financial Statements 財務報表附註	144
Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告	51	Financial Summary 財務概要	244
Report of the Directors 亲東命報生	112	שלין נעני ניץ 🖍	

COMPANY'S PROFILE

公司簡介

The Group is a leading wind power and pitch control system solution provider in the PRC, and was successfully listed on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange on 20 October 2020. With a team of over 170 staff in R&D, production, sales, operation and maintenance and investment, the Group has established a mature business network around the new energy power industry in North, East and South China, laying the foundations for the new energy business worldwide.

We primarily engage in R&D, integration, manufacture and sale of high-voltage pitch control systems for wind turbines. We also offer customised integration services of major components of pitch control systems. We are the first in the industry to adopt and promote the high-voltage integrated pitch system. Through utilising digital optimisation and integration technology for our software and hardware system, we achieve digitalised wind power high-voltage pitch control. At present, we possess 2 production lines and 5 test benches with product types covering sophisticated models for 2–5 MW series. We have successfully served quality wind power manufacturers such as Envision Energy, Zhejiang Windey, CRRC Group, Sany Renewable Energy, Sinovel, Shanghai Electric, etc.

We are also a wind power generator through the operation of our Duolun Wind Farm situated in Inner Mongolia installed with 13 wind turbines with total installed capacity of 19.5 MW, where we sell green electricity to the local power grid company.

We also provide wind power post-market operation and maintenance services, including operation and maintenance for wind farms, technological renovations and supply of consumables. Our team currently consists of almost 60 staff, providing services for wind farms across the PRC.

In 2021, we newly developed the energy storage business by taking Nature Smart Energy (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. as a platform. We take advantage of advanced technologies such as energy storage, cloud platform, Internet of Things, big data and artificial intelligence, to devote ourselves to the provision of overall solutions for, and the product R&D and integration of integrated energy projects such as wind power storage, photovoltaic energy storage, thermal power storage, and cooling and heating power-based smart micro-grids.

The Group has always focused on the integrated services for the new energy power industry and has formed core businesses such as pitch control system, wind power generation, operation and maintenance and energy storage. We will continue to provide customers with high quality products and services, in order to contribute green power to achieve the targets of "30 60" carbon neutrality and carbon emission peak.

本集團是中國領先的風電及變槳控制系統解決方案供應商,於2020年10月20日成功在香港聯合交易所主板上市。集團現擁有研發、生產、銷售、運維及投資團隊逾170人,圍繞新能源電力產業,已在中國的華北、華東及華南等地區建立了成熟的業務網絡,輻射全球新能源業務。

我們主要從事風機高壓變槳控制系統的研發、整合、製造及銷售,同時提供變槳控制系統的研發主要組件定製整合服務,我們在業內率先採無高壓集成式變獎系統,並將軟硬件系統開過數字優化集成技術實現了風電高壓變換,過數字化,現擁有2條生產線及5套測試已成一個數學也覆蓋2-5兆瓦系列成熟機型,已成三大數學。 服務於遠景能源、浙江運達、中車集團、重能、華鋭風電、上海電氣等優質風電整機商。

我們亦為風電發電企業,運營位於內蒙古的多倫風電場,裝配13台風機,總裝機容量為19.5 兆瓦,向地方電網公司出售綠色電力。

我們亦提供風電後市場運維服務,包括風電場 運維、技術改造及耗材供應,目前團隊近六十 人,服務於遍佈全國的風電場。

我們於2021年新開發儲能業務,通過納泉智慧能源(深圳)有限公司為平台,利用儲能、雲平台、物聯網、大數據及人工智能等先進技術,致力於風電儲能、光伏儲能、火電儲能、冷熱電智能微電網等綜合能源項目的整體解決方案提供、產品研發與集成。

本集團始終專注新能源電力產業的綜合服務, 已經形成變漿控制系統、風力發電、運維及儲 能等核心業務,我們將持續為客戶提供高質量 的產品與服務,為[30 60]碳達峰、碳中和目 標貢獻綠色力量。

CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Cheng Liquan Richard (Chairman)

Mr. Cheng Li Fu Cliff (Chief executive officer)

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Wang Lubin

Mr. Li Hao

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Yip Chun On

Mr. Kang Jian

Mr. Li Shusheng

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Yip Chun On (Chairman)

Mr. Kang Jian

Mr. Li Shusheng

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Cheng Liquan Richard (Chairman)

Mr. Yip Chun On

Mr. Li Shusheng

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Li Shusheng (Chairman)

Mr. Cheng Liquan Richard

Mr. Yip Chun On

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES UNDER LISTING RULES

Mr. Cheng Liquan Richard

Ms. Tang Wing Shan Winza (ACG HKACG)

JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

Mr. Pan Honghuang

Ms. Tang Wing Shan Winza (ACG HKACG)

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square

Hutchins Drive

PO Box 2681

Grand Cayman KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

董事會

執行董事

程里全先生(主席)

程里伏先生(行政總裁)

非執行董事

王魯彬先生

李浩先生

獨立非執行董事

葉俊安先生

康健先生

李書升先生

審核委員會

葉俊安先生(主席)

康健先生

李書升先生

提名委員會

程里全先生(主席)

葉俊安先生

李書升先生

薪酬委員會

李書升先生(主席)

程里全先生

葉俊安先生

上市規則下的授權代表

程里全先生

鄧穎珊女士 (ACG HKACG)

聯席公司秘書

潘紅煌先生

鄧穎珊女士 (ACG HKACG)

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square

Hutchins Drive

PO Box 2681

Grand Cayman KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS AND HEADQUARTERS IN CHINA

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PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 2104, 21st Floor Global Trade Square 21 Wong Chuk Hang Road Wong Chuk Hang, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wan Chai Hong Kong

COMPLIANCE ADVISER

Fortune Financial Capital Limited

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants
Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance
with the Financial Reporting Council Ordinance

STOCK CODE

1597

WEBSITE

www.jyhyne.com

LISTING DATE

20 October 2020

中國主要營業地點及總部

中國 江蘇省 江陰市 月城鎮 月山路95號

香港營業地點

香港黃竹坑 黃竹坑道21號 環匯廣場 21樓2104室

股份登記總處

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

香港證券登記處

香港中央證券登記有限公司香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712-1716號舖

合規顧問

富強金融資本有限公司

獨立核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所 執業會計師 於財務匯報局條例下註冊的公眾利益實體 核數師

股份代號

1597

網站

www.jyhyne.com

上市日期

二零二零年十月二十日

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

財務摘要

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 截至十二月三十一日止年度

Unit: RMB'000	單位:人民幣千元	2021 2021年	2020 2020年	Percentage change 變動百分比
Revenue	收入	312,864	338,895	-7.7%
Gross profit	毛利	45,873	73,570	-37.8%
Gross profit margin	毛利率	14.7%	21.8%	-7.1%
Profit attributable to shareholders	股東應佔溢利	21,069	40,173	-47.6%
Earnings per share (RMB)	每股盈利(人民幣元)	0.084	0.201	-58.2%

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 截至十二月三十一日止年度

Unit: RMB'000	單位:人民幣千元	2021 2021年	2020 2020年	Percentage change 變動百分比
Cash and cash equivalents Pledged deposits Total liabilities Net liabilities (total liabilities	現金及現金等價物及 已抵押存款 總債務 淨債務(總債務減現金及	83,020 244,850	152,376 306,325	-45.5% -20.1%
minus cash and cash equivalents and pledged deposits)	現金等價物及已抵押存款)	161,830	153,949	5.1%
Total equity	權益總額	259,561	241,101	7.7%

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告書

Dear Shareholders.

2021 was the opening year of the "14th Five-Year" Plan and the first year after China announced the "30 60" dual carbon control targets. China Nature Energy has witnessed and participated in the rapid development of the new energy industry and is striving to move forward and propel to excellence

The Group insists on focusing on the new energy power industry and its four core businesses of pitch control system, wind power generation, operation and maintenance and energy storage to maintain its leading position in the market of pitch products. The Group achieved revenue from operation of RMB312.9 million and net profit of RMB21.3 million in 2021 with sufficient cash flow and stable financial condition, which may effectively secure the execution of existing orders and the development of new businesses of the Group.

In 2022, wind power will enter the era of full price parity. The structural improvement of new energy under carbon neutrality will be the long-term logic of wind power investment, and the increase in the proportion of wind and photovoltaic power generation will drive the increase in installed capacity. In addition, driven by the "dual carbon control" targets, energy storage acts as the basis for the construction of a new power system. During the "14th Five-Year" Plan period, it is expected that the annual average growth of the new energy storage market will be over 50%, and the market size may reach RMB100 billion. 2022 will be the year of accelerated development of energy storage construction. The Group will continue to strengthen its internal capability and step up its game. With green energy as the core, we actively explore and adhere to product quality, leading technology and quality service, and join hands with our partners to create a better future.

Lastly, I would like to express my sincere gratitude to our shareholders, customers and partners for their strong support to the Company, and to the directors, management team and all employees of the Company for their hard work and efforts in 2021.

尊敬的各位股東:

2021年是「十四五」開局之年,也是中國宣佈 「30 60」雙碳目標後的第一年,納泉能源科技 見證並參與了新能源行業的快速發展,也在後 疫情時代努力前行,奮力奔跑。

本集團堅持圍繞新能源電力產業,堅持變獎控制系統、風力發電、運維及儲能四大核心業務,保持變獎產品的市場領先地位。於2021年實現營業收入人民幣312.9百萬元,淨利潤人民幣21.3百萬元,集團現金流充裕,財務狀況穩健,有效保障既有訂單的實施和集團新業務的開拓。

2022年,風電進入全面平價時代。碳中和下新能源結構性提升將是風電投資長期邏輯,風光發電量佔比提升將帶動裝機量提升。此外,在「雙碳」目標推動下,儲能作為構建新型電力力,儲計「十四五」期間,新型儲能不多統的基礎,預計「十四五」期間,新型儲能人場的年均增長將達50%以上,市場規模或達與機等一億元。2022年將會是儲能建設提速發展之年。本集團將繼續夯實內力,穩步前行以緩免能源為核心,積極探索,堅持產品質量先技術及優質服務,與廣大合作方攜手前行,共創未來。

最後,本人衷心感謝公司的股東、客戶、合作 夥伴給予公司的大力支持;感謝公司董事、管 理團隊及全體員工在2021年的辛勤工作和努力。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論與分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

We are a wind power and pitch control system solution provider in the PRC. We have developed the research and development ("R&D"), integration, manufacturing and sale business of high-voltage pitch control systems for wind turbines, wind power generation business and post-wind power market maintenance and operation business. In 2021, the Group developed a new energy storage business to provide smart energy services in wind power, photovoltaic and thermal power.

PITCH CONTROL SYSTEM RELATED INTEGRATION, MANUFACTURING AND SALES

We develop, manufacture and sell (1) customised pitch control systems and (2) customised core components of pitch control systems, such as pitch drive controllers and motors, according to the requirements of our customers, and generate revenue from product sales and integration charges. The customers of the pitch control systems have grown from Envision Energy at the beginning to the current quality wind turbine manufacturers such as Zhejiang Windey, Sany Renewable Energy, CRRC Group, Sinovel and Shanghai Electric. The customers of the core components include Guoneng I&C.

In 2021, the Group delivered a total of 1884 sets of pitch control system products, representing an increase in delivery volume of 10.6% from 2020. The products delivered included different types of 2 MW to 5 MW models.

WIND POWER GENERATION

We commenced our wind power generation business in 2015 by operating our Duolun Wind Farm in Inner Mongolia. Our Duolun Wind Farm is installed with 13 wind turbines with a total installed capacity of 19.5MW, where we admit electricity generated to the local power grid and sell electricity generated to the local power grid company. We collect on-grid tariff from the local power grid company based on the meter readings at an agreed rate on a monthly basis.

In 2021, the annual utilisation hours of our Duolun Wind Farm were 3099 hours, and the annual total wind power generated and admitted to the power grid was 60.43 million kWh.

業務回顧

我們是中國的風電及變槳控制系統解決方案 供應商。我們已形成風機高壓變槳控制系統的 研發、整合、製造及銷售業務、風力發電業務 及風電後市場運維業務,於二零二一年,本集 團已開發新的儲能業務,為風電、光伏、火電 等領域提供智慧能源服務。

變漿控制系統相關整合、製造及銷售

我們根據客戶的要求開發、製造及銷售(1)定製變獎控制系統及(2)變獎控制系統的定製核心部件,如變獎驅動器、電機,並從產品銷售及整合費用中產生收益。變獎控制系統的客戶由最初單一的遠景能源,發展為現在擁有運達股份、三一重能、中車集團、華鋭風電、上海電氣等行業優質風電主機商。核心部件的客戶包括國能信控等。

於二零二一年,本集團共交付1884套變獎控制系統產品,較二零二零年交付量提升10.6%,交付產品類型覆蓋2兆瓦-5兆瓦不同型號。

風力發電

我們透過經營內蒙古多倫風電場於二零一五年開展風力發電業務,該風電場裝配13颱風機,總裝機容量為19.5兆瓦,我們將所產生電力併入地方電網、並將所產生電力出售給地方電網公司,每月根據度數按協定費率向地方電網公司收取上網電費。

於二零二一年,多倫風電場年度使用時數3099 小時,併入電網的年度風電總量為6043萬千瓦 時。 The new decentralized distributed wind farm project invested and developed by the Group through Lingqiu County Fengyuan Energy Technology Company Limited* (靈丘縣灃沅能源科技有 限公司) ("Linggiu County Fengyuan") in Linggiu County, Datong City, Shanxi Province ("the Linggiu Project") was successfully admitted to power grid on 31 December 2021. After the approval from the Datong Municipal Administrative Examination and Approval Service Bureau* (大同市行政審批服 務管理局) on 31 December 2019, the pre-construction formalities and preparations for the Lingqiu Project were carried out proactively. However, the pre-approval reply for land use issued by the Bureau of Natural Resources and Planning of Datong* (大同市規劃和自然資源局) is one of the prerequisites for starting the construction and Linggiu County Fengyuan only received the pre-approval on 25 September 2021. The construction of the Linggiu Project started on 25 September 2021 and the Linggiu Project must be connected to the electrical grid before 31 December 2021 in order to meet the conditions for inclusion in the national subsidy catalogue. Therefore, the construction timeline of the Linggiu Project was very tight. The Group and our joint venture partner have attempted to seek financing from banks or other third parties, but failed to obtain suitable financing as scheduled. The capital investment was limited and insufficient to finance the Lingqiu Project. Furthermore, if the Linggiu Project could not be connected to the electrical grid before 31 December 2021, the Lingqiu Project would lose the entitlement to on-grid tariff approved in 2019, hence on-grid price of the wind farm and investment income of the Lingqiu Project would be greatly reduced. In view of the above circumstances, the Group entered into the Equity Purchase Agreement with an independent third party on 16 December 2021, intending to transfer the entire equity interest of the Group in the Lingqiu Project. For further details of the disposal of Lingqiu Project, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 25 March 2022.

本集團通過靈丘縣灃沅能源科技有限公司(「靈 丘縣灃沅」)在山西省大同市靈丘縣投資開發 的新分散式分布式風電場項目(「靈丘項目」)已 於二零二一年十二月三十一日成功併網發電。 大同市行政審批服務管理局在二零一九年十二 月三十一日批准後,積極開展項目建設的前期 手續及準備工作。惟大同市規劃和自然資源局 出具的土地使用預審批覆為開工的前提條件 之一,而靈丘縣灃沅在二零二一年九月二十五 日方收到預審批覆。靈丘項目於二零二一年九 月二十五日開始施工,而靈丘項目必須在二零 二一年十二月三十一日前接入電網,以滿足列 入國家補貼目錄的條件。因此,靈丘項目的建 設時間非常緊迫。本集團及合資夥伴曾試圖從 銀行或其他第三方尋求融資,惟未能如期獲得 合適的融資。資本投資受限,不足以為靈丘項 目提供資金。此外,倘靈丘項目不能在二零 二一年十二月三十一日前接入電網,靈丘項目 將失去二零一九年批准的併網電價的權利,因 此風電場的併網價格及靈丘項目的投資收益 將大大降低。鑒於上述情況,集團於二零二一 年十二月十六日與獨立第三方簽訂股權收購 協議,擬轉讓本集團在靈丘項目的全部股權。 有關出售靈丘項目的進一步詳情,請參考本公 司日期為二零二二年三月二十五日的公告。

^{*} for identification purpose only

WIND FARM OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

We offer post market operation and maintenance services to our customers, which include (1) general operation and maintenance service for wind farms; (2) upgrade and modification works for pitch control systems; (3) supply of consumables. We charge service fees and cost of the sales of consumables through providing such services to customers.

In 2021, the Group's operation and maintenance team had 59 staff, who were mainly responsible for the provision of operation and maintenance services to the wind farms of Envision Energy situated throughout China.

ENERGY STORAGE

In April 2021, the Group established Nature Smart Energy (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. and set up an office in Shenzhen to establish a research and development team and a sales team, which are mainly engaged in energy storage business including products and solutions, energy storage equipment, energy management system ("EMS"), intelligent energy cloud platform and integrated energy simulation and calculation platform.

In 2021, the Group completed the "Nature 3060 Energy Management System (NQEMS)", which was a breakthrough in energy storage EMS, and realized external sales of the products. In addition, we commenced construction of the "4MW/4MWh wind power storage demonstration project" in Duolun Wind Farm (the "**Duolun Project**") and intended to complete the commissioning and grid connection in February 2022. The Duolun Project has laid the foundation for the optimization of the Group's energy storage product system, experience accumulation and business development.

風電場運營及維護

我們為客戶提供後市場運營及維護服務,包括 (1)風電場常規運營及維護服務;(2)變獎控制 系統升級及改造工程;(3)供應耗材。通過為客 戶提供此類服務,收取服務費及銷售耗材的費 用。

於二零二一年,集團運維團隊59人,主要為遠 景能源分佈在全國各地的風電場提供運維服 務。

儲能

本集團於二零二一年四月設立納泉智慧能源 (深圳)有限公司,在深圳設立辦公室,組建研 發、銷售團隊,主導儲能領域包括產品與解決 方案、儲能設備、能量管理系統(「EMS」)、智 慧能源雲平台、綜合能源仿真測算平台等。

於二零二一年,本集團完成「納泉3060能量管理系統(NQEMS)」,以儲能EMS為突破口,實現了產品的對外銷售;此外,啟動了「多倫風場4MW/4MWh儲能示範項目」(「**多倫項目**」)的建設,計劃二零二二年二月完成調試併網。多倫項目為集團儲能產品體系的完善、經驗積累及業務的開發奠定了基礎。

OUTLOOK OF THE GROUP

Development trend in domestic market

As a low-carbon and clean new energy source, wind power is a key component of the "2030 Carbon Peak, 2060 Carbon Neutral" strategic goal, while the growth of the industry is being further driven under the guidance and support of the strategic goal. The growth rate of the wind power industry in the era of full price parity has not slowed down. In the market environment of technology iteration and industry integration, onshore wind power and offshore wind power still maintain a momentum of strong growth in the market.

In July 2021, the National Development and Reform Commission and the National Energy Administration jointly issued the "Guiding Opinions on Accelerating the Promotion of the Development of New Energy Storage (《關於加快推動新型儲能發展的指導意見》)" which clearly stated the realization of new energy storage from the initial stage of commercialization to the development in scale, with the target of cumulative installed capacity reaching more than 30 million kilowatts by 2025. With the clear national strategic objectives of "dual carbon" and the construction of a new energy-based power system, new energy storage industry is entering into the prime period full of development opportunities.

Development Prospects

The Group will continue to focus on the new energy sector, maintain its domestic market share and leading position in pitch control systems while maintaining the sound performance of its well-developed wind power generation and operation and maintenance business. In parallel, we will actively develop new customers in both the domestic and international markets to increase our market share. In addition, we will strengthen the research and development of energy storage products and gradually enhance our product system, actively develop customer-side energy storage projects and solution designs and carry out extensive cooperation with enterprises in the energy storage industry supply chain to form complementary advantages, with an aim to develop energy storage into another competitive business of the Group as soon as possible.

集團發展的展望

國內市場發展趨勢

風電作為低碳清潔新能源,是「二零三零碳達峰、二零六零碳中和」戰略目標中至關重要的組成部分,在戰略目標的引領和支持下,行業成長性正迎來進一步強化。全面平價時代下的風電產業增速並未放緩,在技術迭代、產業整合的市場環境下,陸上風電與海上風電依舊保持高景氣。

二零二一年七月,國家發改委、國家能源局聯合印發《關於加快推動新型儲能發展的指導意見》,明確提出實現新型儲能從商業化初期向規模化發展的轉變,目標為到二零二五年,累計裝機規模達3000萬千瓦以上。隨著我國明確「雙碳」戰略目標和構建以新能源為主體的新型電力系統,新型儲能迎來充滿發展機遇的黃金時期。

發展展望

本集團仍將圍繞新能源領域,保持變獎控制系統國內市場佔有率及領先地位,穩定成熟的風力發電及運維業務。同時積極開發國內、外新客戶,增加市場份額。此外,加強對儲能產品的研發,逐漸完善產品體系;積極開發用戶側儲能項目,開展方案設計;廣泛合作儲能產業供應鏈企業,形成優勢互補,儘快將儲能發展成為本集團又一競爭性業務。

FINANCIAL POSITION AND OPERATING RESULTS

In 2021, the Group continued to commit in its wind power generation and operation and maintenance business and actively explore the development potential of energy storage, while maintaining sound performance of its main business.

REVENUE

In 2021, the Group recorded a total revenue of approximately RMB312.9 million, representing a decrease of 7.7% from approximately RMB338.9 million in 2020, which was mainly due to the decrease in revenue of the Group's pitch control system related business by adopting an appropriate price reduction strategy to capture larger market share in the pitch control systems business during the reporting period.

財務狀況及經營業績

二零二一年,本集團繼續堅持風力發電及運維 業務,積極探索儲能的發展潛力,主營業務依 然保持穩健。

收入

本集團二零二一年度收入總額為約人民幣 312.9百萬元,較二零二零年度的約人民幣 338.9百萬元減少7.7%,主要由於本集團報告 期內變槳控制系統相關業務通過採取合適的 降價策略,搶佔更大市場佔有率,導致該業務 收入減少。

		As at	As at
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		截至二零二一年	截至二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Pitch control system related integration,	變槳控制系統相關整合、		
manufacturing and sales	製造及銷售	257,782	283,847
Wind power generation	風力發電	22,539	20,258
Wind farm operation and maintenance	風電場運營及維護	32,439	34,790
Energy storage management system	儲能能量管理系統	104	0
Table	/病·蒙吾	242.054	220.005
Total	總額	312,864	338,895

In 2021, revenue generated from the pitch control system business amounted to approximately RMB258 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB26 million or approximately 9.2% from 2020, which was mainly due to the price reduction strategy adopted by the Group during the reporting period in order to capture larger market share in the pitch control systems business.

變漿控制系統業務二零二一年收入為約人民幣258百萬元,較二零二零年減少約人民幣26百萬或約9.2%,主要由於本集團為搶佔更大變漿控制系統業務市場份額,在報告期內採取降價策略。

In 2021, revenue generated from the wind power generation business amounted to approximately RMB23 million, representing an increase of approximately RMB3 million from 2020, which was mainly due to an increase in power generation attributable to enhanced wind resources at wind farms.

風力發電業務二零二一年收入為約人民幣23 百萬元,較二零二零年增加約人民幣3百萬 元,主要由於風電場風資源好導致發電量增 加。

In 2021, revenue generated from wind farm operation and maintenance business amounted to approximately RMB32 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB3 million or approximately 6.8% from 2020, which was mainly due to the decrease in orders for consumable supplies of our wind farms that provide operation and maintenance services to customers.

風電場運營及維護業務二零二一年收入為約 人民幣32百萬元,較二零二零年減少約人民幣 3百萬或約6.8%。主要由於為客戶提供運維服 務的風電場供應易耗品的訂單減少。

The energy storage energy management system is part of the Group's newly developed smart energy business in 2021. The newly established technical team successfully developed the energy management system and achieved a breakthrough in market sales, with revenue of approximately RMB0.1 million in 2021, proving the potential of this business in 2022.

儲能能量管理系統屬於本集團二零二一年度 新開發智慧能源業務,新組建的技術團隊研發 成功能量管理系統,並實現市場銷售突破,於 二零二一年度收入為約人民幣0.1百萬元,體 現了該業務於二零二二年度的潛力。

COST OF SALES

In 2021, the Group's cost of sales amounted to approximately RMB267 million, which remained substantially flat with the cost of sales of approximately RMB265 million in 2020.

Among them, the cost of sales of pitch control system business mainly consisted of raw material costs, staff costs and depreciation. The cost of sales of the Group's pitch control system business amounted to approximately RMB234 million, which remained substantially flat with the cost of sales of approximately RMB232 million in 2020.

銷售成本

本集團二零二一年度銷售成本為約人民幣267 百萬元,與二零二零年銷售成本約人民幣265 百萬元基本持平。

其中,變獎控制系統業務的銷售成本主要包括 原材料、人工及折舊等,二零二一年度本集團 變獎控制系統業務的銷售成本約人民幣234百 萬元,與二零二零年度的人民幣約232百萬元 基本持平。

The cost of sales of wind power generation business mainly included depreciation, staff costs and the maintenance of spare parts and components after the warranty period. In 2021, the cost of sales of wind power generation business amounted to approximately RMB10 million, representing an increase of RMB2 million from the cost of sales of approximately RMB8 million in 2020, which was mainly because the Company bore the cost of repair, maintenance and spare parts and components of the wind farms due to the expiry of the warranty period during the year.

風力發電業務的銷售成本主要是折舊、人工及 質保期後的備品備件與維護,二零二一年度風 力發電業務銷售成本為約人民幣10百萬元,較 二零二零年度的約人民幣8百萬元增加2百萬 元,主要由於風電場於本年度出質保期,由公 司承擔風電場維修、維護及備品備件等費用。

The cost of sales of wind farm operation and maintenance business mainly included raw material costs and staff costs. In 2021, the total cost of sales of wind farm operation and maintenance business amounted to approximately RMB23 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB2 million from the cost of sales of approximately RMB25 million in 2020, which was mainly due to the decrease in raw material costs as a result of the decrease in revenue from the supply of consumables business.

風電場運營及維護業務的銷售成本主要為原材料及人工。本集團運營及維護業務二零二一年度銷售總成本為約人民幣23百萬元,比二零二零年度的約人民幣25百萬元減少約人民幣2百萬元,主要由於供應耗材業務收入減少導致原材料成本減少。

The cost of sales of energy storage business mainly included raw material costs, staff costs and depreciation. In 2021, the cost of sales of energy storage business amounted to approximately RMB0.1 million.

儲能能量管理系統業務的銷售成本主要為材料、人工及折舊等。於二零二一年度該業務銷售成本為約人民幣0.1百萬元。

GROSS PROFIT AND GROSS PROFIT MARGIN

In 2021, the Group's gross profit amounted to approximately RMB46 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB28 million or 37.8% from the gross profit of approximately RMB74 million in 2020, which was mainly due to the decrease in total revenue. The overall gross profit margin decreased from 21.7% in 2020 to 14.7% in 2021, which was mainly due to the decrease in gross profit margin of pitch control system business.

毛利及毛利率

於二零二一年度,本集團毛利約人民幣46百萬元,較二零二零年度的約人民幣74百萬元,減少約人民幣28百萬元或37.8%,主要由於收入總額減少;整體毛利率由二零二零年度的21.7%降低至二零二一年度的14.7%,主要由於變獎控制系統業務毛利率下降所致。

The gross profit margin of pitch control system business decreased from 18.4% in 2020 to 9.1% in 2021, which was mainly due to the Group's appropriate reduction in product prices to capture a larger market share and the larger increase in raw material prices in 2021.

變漿控制系統業務毛利率由二零二零年度 18.4%下降為二零二一年度的9.1%,主要由於 本集團為搶佔更大市場份額而適當降低了產 品售價及二零二一年度原材料價格上漲幅度 較大所致。 In 2021, the gross profit margin of wind power generation business was approximately 56.2%, which remained substantially unchanged from the gross profit margin of 58.4% in 2020.

風力發電業務二零二一年度毛利率約56.2%, 與二零二零年度毛利率58.4%基本保持不變。

In 2021, the gross profit margin of wind farm operation and maintenance business was approximately 29.7%, which remained substantially unchanged from the gross profit margin of approximately 27.1% in 2020.

風電場運營及維護業務二零二一年度毛利率 約29.7%,與二零二零年度毛利率約27.1%基 本保持不變。

In 2021, the gross profit margin of energy storage was approximately 52.9%.

In 2021, the Group's other revenue amounted to approximately

RMB4.7 million, which remained substantially unchanged with the other revenue of approximately RMB5 million in 2020.

儲能能量管理系統業務二零二一年度毛利率 約52.9%。

本集團二零二一年度其他收入約人民幣4.7百 萬元,較二零二零年度其他收入約人民幣5百

OTHER REVENUE

SELLING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES

The Group's selling and distribution expenses increased by approximately RMB2 million or 50% from approximately RMB4 million in 2020 to approximately RMB6 million in the current year. Such increase was mainly due to stronger sales efforts of the Group to capture larger market share during the reporting period.

銷售及分銷開支

萬元基本維持不變。

其他收入

本集團的銷售及分銷開支由二零二零年度的 約人民幣4百萬元增加約人民幣2百萬元或50% 至本年度的約人民幣6百萬元。主要因為本集 團於本報告期內加強銷售力度,搶佔更大市場 份額。

ADMINISTRATIVE AND OTHER OPERATING **EXPENSES**

In 2021, the Group's administrative and other operating expenses amounted to approximately RMB15 million while that for the corresponding period of 2020 amounted to approximately RMB21 million, representing a decrease of approximately of RMB6 million. It was mainly due to the absence of listing expenses during 2021.

行政及其他營運開支

本集團二零二一年度行政及其他營運開支為 約人民幣15百萬元,而二零二零年度同期為約 人民幣21百萬元,減少約人民幣6百萬元,主 要由於二零二一年度沒有卜市費用。

FINANCE COSTS

Finance costs mainly represent the interest expenses on bank borrowings and borrowings from third parties. In 2021, the Group's finance costs amounted to approximately RMB4 million, representing a decrease of approximately 33.3% from approximately RMB6 million in 2020, which was mainly due to the repayment of part of the bank borrowings and part of the borrowings from third parties by the Group's subsidiaries.

GEARING RATIO

Gearing ratio is calculated as the Group's total liabilities divided by total assets. In 2021, the Group's gearing ratio was 49%, representing a decrease of 7% from the gearing ratio of 56% in 2020, which was mainly due to the proceeds raised from the repayment of part of the bank borrowings and part of the borrowings from third parties by the Group's subsidiaries.

INCOME TAX EXPENSE

In 2021, the Group's income tax expense amounted to approximately RMB2 million (2020: approximately RMB7 million). The effective tax rate was approximately 9% and 15% for the current year and the previous year, respectively. The decrease in the effective tax rate in the current year was mainly due to the absence of non-deductible listing expenses and the increase in the percentage of additional deductions of research and development expenses.

PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

Based on the above reasons, the Group recorded a net profit of approximately RMB21.3 million in 2021, representing a decrease of approximately RMB19.1 million or 47.3% from the net profit of approximately RMB40.4 million in 2020.

PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OWNERS OF THE GROUP

In 2021, profit attributable to the owners of the Group amounted to approximately RMB21 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB19 million from the profit attributable to the owners of the Group of approximately RMB40 million in 2020.

財務成本

財務成本主要為銀行借款及第三方借款的利息開支。二零二一年度本集團財務費用為約人民幣4百萬元,較二零二零的約人民幣6百萬元減少約33.3%,主要由於本集團附屬公司償還了部分銀行借款及部分第三方借款。

資產負債比率

資產負債比率乃根據本集團的總負債除以總 資產計算。二零二一年度本集團資產負債比率 約為49%,較二零二零年度資產負債比率56% 下降7%,主要由於本集團銀行借款的附屬公 司償還銀行借款及償還部分第三方借款。

所得税開支

本集團二零二一年度所得税開支為約人民幣2 百萬元(二零二零年:約人民幣7百萬元),本 年度及上年度的實際税率分別為約9%和 15%。本年度實際税率減少主要由並無不可 扣税上市開支以及額外扣除研發費用的比例 增加導致。

年內溢利

基於上述原因,本集團的二零二一年度錄得淨利潤約人民幣21.3百萬元,較二零二零年度淨利潤約人民幣40.4百萬元減少約人民幣19.1百萬元或47.3%。

本集團擁有人應佔溢利

二零二一年度,本集團擁有人應佔溢利為人民幣約21百萬元,較二零二零年度本集團擁有人應佔溢利為約人民幣40百萬元減少約人民幣19百萬元。

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL SOURCE

The working capital of the Group is derived from the cash flows generated from our operating activities, the existing cash and cash equivalents of the Company, bank loans and net proceeds from listing. After careful financial management and analysis, our Directors believe that the Group has sufficient working capital to satisfy its present operating needs and the needs in the next full year. Details of the Group's audited consolidated financial position are set out in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

CASH FLOWS

In 2021, the Group's cash and cash equivalents amounted to approximately RMB40.6 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB80.8 million or approximately 66.6% from approximately RMB121.4 million in 2020, which was mainly due to the repayment of the bank borrowings and the borrowings from third parties by the Group's subsidiaries and the Group's external investments.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

In 2021, the Group's capital expenditures amounted to a total of approximately RMB9.5 million (2020: capital expenditures of RMB1.5 million), which was mainly due to the settlement of retention payables for purchase of generators by the Group's subsidiary.

In addition, in the first half of 2021, Jiangyin Hongyuan New Energy Technology Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Group, signed a project agreement with New Energy Industrial Park, Jiangsu Jiangyin Lingang Economic Development Zone* (江蘇江陰臨港經濟開發區新能源產業園) on 10 March 2021 for a possible acquisition, and will bid for the project land. The Group expects to incur an expenditure of approximately RMB6 million for land purchase and approximately RMB15 million for plant construction.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2021, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities.

流動資金及資本來源

本集團營運資金來源包括經營活動產生的現金流量、公司現有的現金及現金等價物、銀行貸款及上市所得款項淨額。經審慎財務管理及分析,董事認為本集團擁有充足的營運資金以滿足本集團目前及未來一個完整年度的經營需求。本集團經審計的綜合財務狀況詳情,載於綜合財務報表附註。

現金流量

本集團二零二一年度現金及現金等價物為約人民幣40.6百萬元,較二零二零年度約人民幣121.4百萬元減少約人民幣80.8百萬元或約66.6%,主要由於本集團附屬公司償還銀行借款及第三方借款及本集團對外投資所致。

資本開支

於二零二一年度,本集團發生資本開支共計約 人民幣9.5百萬元(二零二零年度資本開支為人 民幣1.5百萬),主要支付本集團附屬公司購買 發電機的應付保固金。

此外,於二零二一年上半年,本集團附屬公司 江陰弘遠新能源科技有限公司於二零二一年 三月十日與江蘇江陰臨港經濟開發區新能源 產業園簽署潛在收購的項目協議,並將競標該 項目土地。本集團預計將產生約人民幣6百萬 萬元的土地購買支出及約人民幣15百萬元的廠 房建設支出。

或然負債

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任 何重大或然負債。

PLEDGE OF ASSET

In 2020, the Group's subsidiaries pledged the leasehold lands, motors and other equipment to secure bank loans with a balance of approximately RMB14 million. As at 31 December 2021, the Group's subsidiaries repaid the bank loans. During the year, the Group's subsidiaries were granted new short-term borrowings of RMB5 million, which were secured by the intellectual property rights of the Group's subsidiaries.

HUMAN RESOURCES

The Group opened a new office in Shenzhen for the research and development of components and the establishment of a sales team. As at 31 December 2021, the Group employed a total of 169 employees (31 December 2020: 165 employees), all of which entered into labour contracts. According to the PRC Labour Law and the relevant laws and regulations, the contract expressly stipulates the position, responsibilities, remuneration, staff benefit, training, obligation of confidentiality and other related matters of the employee.

The Company has conditionally adopted the share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme"), which was adopted by written resolutions passed by its shareholders on 16 July 2021 (the "Adoption Date"). Details of the Share Option Scheme are set out in the section headed "SHARE OPTIONS OF THE COMPANY".

POTENTIAL RISK EXPOSURES

Political uncertainty risk

The wind power industry is strongly policy driven. If there is any change in the supporting policy for the wind power industry, the whole power generation industry chain will be affected, leading to a decrease in the demand and investment in sectors such as pitch control systems, operation and maintenance and energy storage, which in turn may affect the Group's main business and development strategies.

Financial risk

If the Group fails to generate sufficient cash flows from business operation, it may materially affect the normal operation of the Group. In addition, accounts receivable and bills receivable are affected by the uncertainty of the operation of our customers, which may lead to the risk of delayed cash collection. The Group will strictly adhere to its cash management system and credit policy, actively follow up on the credit period of accounts receivable and customer operation status and monitor the real-time cash status on an ongoing basis, so as to effectively control the financial risk.

資產抵押

二零二零年度,本集團附屬公司租賃土地及發電機及其他設備作為銀行貸款的抵押,餘額約人民幣14百萬元。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團附屬公司償還該筆銀行貸款。本年度本集團附屬公司新增短期借款人民幣5百萬元,以本集團附屬公司的知識產權作為抵押。

人力資源

本集團新設深圳辦公室,用於研發組件並建立 一支銷售團隊。於二零二一年十二月三十一 日,本集團共聘用169名員工(二零二零年十二 月三十一日:165名僱員),與全部員工均簽訂 勞動合同,按照中國勞動法和相關法律法規, 合同明確規定僱員的職位、職責、薪酬、員工 福利、培訓、保密責任等事項。

本公司有條件採納購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),該計劃於二零二一年七月十六日(「採用日期」)由其股東通過書面決議予以採納。購股權計劃詳情載列于本公司的購股權章節。

可能面臨的風險政策不確定性風險

風力發電產業具有較強的政策驅動性。倘風電發展支持政策發生轉變,整個風電產業鏈將受此影響,導致變獎控制系統、運維及儲能等領域的需求或投資力度下跌,而本集團的主營業務及發展戰略可能因此受到影響。

財務風險

若本集團未能從業務運營中產生足夠的現金 流量,將會嚴重影響本集團正常的經營。此外 應收賬款及應收票據等受客戶經營不確定性 影響,或可導致公司不能如期回款的風險。本 集團將嚴格執行財務管理制度及信貸政策,積 極跟進應收賬款賬期及客戶經營現狀,持續監 察現金流實時動態,有效控制財務風險。

Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates primarily in the PRC and most of its operating transactions are denominated in Renminbi. As at 31 December 2021, non-RMB monetary assets are mainly cash and cash equivalents, denominated in Hong Kong dollars or United States dollars. The Group has not entered into any forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge its foreign exchange risk, but management will continue to monitor foreign exchange risk and take prudent measures to reduce foreign exchange risk.

THE IMPACT OF COVID-19

In 2021, the COVID-19 outbreak occurred at different spots and it is expected to continue in the PRC. However, through a series of measures such as strict prevention and control, refined management and active market development, the Group minimized the risk of the pandemic to the Group and did not experience any impact on production, order delivery, corporate operation and finance as a result of the pandemic.

The pandemic situation may continue, but the Group will leverage its experience in addressing the situation and respond to the latest development with a positive attitude. The pandemic is not expected to have a significant impact on the Group's business operations in 2022. Taking into account the worst-case scenario, i.e., the continuous widespread of COVID-19, the Company's own cash flow would be adequate to maintain normal operation of the Company for 12 months. Based on the current operating conditions, it is not necessary to undertake financing to cover the Company's cash flow.

USE OF NET PROCEEDS FROM LISTING

The shares of the Company were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on 20 October 2020, for which the Company issued 62.5 million new shares. After deducting related listing expenses, the Company received net proceeds from listing of approximately HK\$112.6 million (approximately RMB98.2 million). Such net proceeds are intended to be used in the same way and proportion as disclosed in the section headed "Future plans and use of proceeds" in the prospectus. Further details of the use of proceeds are set out in the section headed "Use of Proceeds" in the prospectus.

外匯風險

本集團主要在中國運營,而大部分經營交易均以人民幣計值。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,非人民幣貨幣資產主要為現金及現金等價物,以港元或美元列值。本集團並無訂立任何遠期外匯合同以對衝外匯風險,惟管理層將繼續監察外匯風險,並採取審慎措施以降低外匯風險。

新冠病毒的影響

於二零二一年,新冠疫情於中國不同地點出現,預期情況將持續。惟本集團通過嚴防控制、精細管理、積極開發市場等一系列措施,將疫情對本集團的風險降至最低,在生產、訂單執行、企業運營及財務等方面未因疫情受到影響。

疫情形勢或許仍將持續,但本集團將借助已有應對經驗,積極面對最新發展,預計二零二二年新冠病毒疫情不會對本集團業務運營造成重大影響。即使考慮到最壞情況,即新冠病毒繼續廣泛流行,本公司自有資金現金流能夠有效維持本公司正常存續12個月。根據目前的經營狀況,不需要融資以彌補本公司現金流。

上市所得款項淨額用途

本公司股份於二零二零年十月二十日在聯交所主板上市,其中本公司已發行62.5百萬股新股份。本公司收取的上市所得款項淨額(扣除相關上市開支後)約為112.6百萬港元(約人民幣98.2百萬元)。有關所得款項淨額擬按招股章程「未來計劃及所得款項用途」一節所披露的相同方法及比例應用。所得款項用途的進一步詳情載於招股章程「所得款項用途」一節。

As of 31 December 2021, the Group has utilized part of the net proceeds from listing, and unutilized net proceeds have been placed with licensed bank in Hong Kong. As of 31 December 2021, as far as the Directors are aware, the intended use of proceeds as stated in the section headed "Use of proceeds" in the prospectus had no material changes. In 2022, the Company will utilize the net proceeds from listing according to its development strategies, market conditions and the intended use of such proceeds.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團已使 用部分上市所得款項淨額,未動用的所得款項 淨額已存入香港的持牌銀行。於二零二一年 十二月三十一日,就董事所知,招股章程「所 得款項用途」一節所載所得款項的計劃用途概 無任何重大變動。於二零二二年,本公司將根 據其發展策略、市場情況及有關所得款項的擬 定用途來使用上市所得款項所得款項。

The following table stated the Group's usage of the net proceeds during the period between the listing date and 31 December 2021 and the estimated utilization schedule:

下表載列本集團自上市日期至二零二一年十二 月三十一日募集所得款項淨額使用情況及預 期使用時間表:

Usa	nge stated in the prospectus	Net proceeds from initial public offering	Net proceeds utilized as of 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日	Remaining net proceeds available as at 31 December 2021 於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	Estimated schedule for full utilization of the remaining net proceeds
招朋	设章程所述用途	首次公開發售所 得款項淨額 (RMB million) (人民幣百萬元) (Note 1) (附註1)	止年度已動用 所得款項淨額 (RMB million) (人民幣百萬元)	可用的餘下 所得款項淨額 (RMB million) (人民幣百萬元)	悉數動用餘下所得款項淨額的 預期時間表
(1)	Purchase core components and raw materials necessary for the production of customised high-voltage pitch control systems to fulfill the expected purchase volume for Jiangyin Envision pursuant to our binding ten-year framework agreement	17.9	17.9	-	N/A
(1)	採購生產定製高壓變獎控制系統必須核心組件及原材料, 以達成具約束力的十年框架協議項下江陰遠景預期採購 數量	17.9	17.9	_	不適用
(2)	Diversify our customer base in the pitch control system market by increasing our marketing efforts (Note 2)	3.4	2.1	1.3	1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022
(2)	透過增加營銷力度擴大變槳控制系統市場的客戶群 (附註2)	3.4	2.1	1.3	二零二二年一月一日至 二零二二年十二月三十一日
(3)	Invest into the development of a new distributed wind farm by Lingqiu Fengyuan in Lingqiu, Datong, Shanxi	31.3	31.3	_	N/A
(3)	於山西省大同靈丘縣透過靈丘豐沅投資發展新分散式 風電場	31.3	31.3	_	不適用
(4)	Recruit 70 additional service personnel to expand our wind farm operation and maintenance services (Note 3)	3.6	0.24	3.36	1 January 2022 to 30 June 2022
(4)	增聘70名服務人員,以擴大風電場運營及維護服務 (附註3)	3.6	0.24	3.36	二零二二年一月一日至 二零二二年六月三十日

Usa	ge stated in the prospectus	Net proceeds from initial public offering	Net proceeds utilized as of 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日	Remaining net proceeds available as at 31 December 2021 於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	Estimated schedule for full utilization of the remaining net proceeds
招朋	及章程所述用途	首次公開發售所 得款項淨額 (RMB million) (人民幣百萬元) (Note 1) (附註1)	止年度已動用 所得款項淨額 (RMB million) (人民幣百萬元)	可用的餘下 所得款項淨額 (RMB million) (人民幣百萬元)	悉數動用餘下所得款項淨額的 預期時間表
(5)	Further strengthen our R&D capabilities to enrich our pitch	10.9	2.0	8.9	1 January 2022 to
(5)	control systems and solutions offering (Note 4) 進一步加強我們的研發能力以豐富變槳控制系統及 解決方案組合(附註4)	10.9	2.0	8.9	31 December 2022 二零二二年一月一日至 二零二二年十二月三十一日
(6)	Full repayment of a loan due to a third party by our Duolun Wind Farm	21.4	21.4	_	N/A
(6)	多倫風電場悉數償還應付第三方的貸款	21.4	21.4	_	不適用
(7)	General working capital	9.6	5.7	3.9	1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022
(7)	一般運營資金	9.6	5.7	3.9	二零二二年一月一日至 二零二二年十二月三十一日

Note 1: As disclosed in the prospectus, after deducting underwriting fees and relevant expenses paid by the Company and assuming the over-allotment option is not exercised, the estimated net proceeds from the initial public offering amounted to approximately RMB100.3 million. The actual net proceeds of the Company as at 31 December 2020 amounted to approximately RMB98.2 million. Save for the net proceeds from global offering intended for (1) the investment into the development of a new distributed wind farm in Linggiu, Datong, Shanxi; and (2) the full repayment of a loan due to a third party by our Duolun Wind Farm, the Company intended to make adjustment for the difference of approximately RMB2.1 million according to the same method and proportion of use of proceeds as disclosed in the section headed "Future plans and use of proceeds" in the prospectus.

附註1: 誠如招股章程所披露,預計首次公開發售所得款項淨額(扣除包銷佣金及本公司配等付相關的開支後並假設並無行使超配售權)為約人民幣100.3百萬元。本公司配售零二零年十二月三十一日實際所得款項作(1)投資開發山西省大同市靈丘縣新分散工人投資開發山西省大同市靈丘縣新分散工風電場及(2)悉數償還多倫風電場應付一人大學三方貸款的全球發售所得款項淨額上外,本公司擬按照招股説明書中「未來計畫及所得款項用途」一節所披露的相同方法及比例對約人民幣210萬元的差額進行調整。

Note 2: As at 31 December 2021, due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group did not identify any suitable exhibitions for business promotion, and the Company did not participate in any exhibitions during 2021. As at 31 December 2021, the Company entered into prototype procurement agreements with new customers such as Sinovel, CRRC Group, Sany Heavy Energy and Zhejiang Windey, and has used the net proceeds of approximately RMB2.1 million to develop and manufacture 16 sets of prototypes. The Company expects to continue to use the net proceeds to develop and manufacture prototypes according to the prototype procurement orders from new customers and complete prototype delivery according to the requirements of new customers in 2022. As at 31 December 2021, the Group recruited 1 additional sales personnel and the net proceeds of approximately RMB0.05 million have been utilized. The Group expects to continue to recruit additional sales personnel in 2022 to effectively expand its customer base.

附註2: 截止二零二一年十二月三十一日,因新冠疫情原因,本集團沒有物色到合適的業務推廣展覽,公司在二零二一年度沒有一日,各國際。截止二零二一年十二月一中人國新家戶華鋭風電、樣人國民體,並已使用所得款項淨額約人司,與進出6套樣機。公司是使用所得款項淨額。以有數方數方,與對於一日,增聘銷售人員的人民幣可以有效擴大客戶群。

Note 3: As at 31 December 2021, 8 operation and maintenance personnel were newly recruited, and the net proceeds of approximately RMB0.24 million have been used to pay salaries. In 2022, the Group will use the net proceeds to continuously recruit appropriate operation and maintenance personnel, and continue to expand operation and maintenance services.

附註3: 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日,運維人 員新入職8人,已使用所得款項淨額約人 民幣0.24百萬元支付工資。集團將於二零 二二年動用所得款項淨額持續增聘合適的 運維人員,繼續擴大運營及維護服務。

Note 4: As at 31 December 2021, the Group purchased a set of research and development equipment, acquired 1 additional test board, newly recruited 9 core technology personnel, and proceeds of approximately RMB2 million in total have been utilized. Currently, the Group's technical team and procurement team are still negotiating with suppliers on the acquisition of additional R&D equipment and software. The Company expects to purchase additional R&D equipment and software in 2022 based on the final negotiation results with suppliers.

附註4: 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團 購買一套研發設備、新增一套測試臺、新 增入職核心技術人員9人,合計使用所得 款項金額約人民幣2百萬元。目前集團的 技術團隊及採購團隊與供應商仍就增購研 發設備及軟件的事項進行磋商,預期將在 二零二二年根據與供應商的最終磋商結果 增購研發設備及軟件。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

董事及高級管理層

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Cheng Liquan Richard ("Mr. Richard Cheng") (程里全), aged 56, is an executive Director and the chairman of our Board. He is also the chairman of the Nomination Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee. He is primarily responsible for the overall strategic planning and development and overseeing the financial management and planning of our Group. Mr. Richard Cheng has been a director of China Transport Real Time Service Co.,Ltd. since 10 November 2011. Mr. Richard Cheng is also a director of various subsidiaries of the Company.

Mr. Richard Cheng is an experienced entrepreneur in renewable energy and environmental projection industry for more than 15 years. Prior to founding our Group, Mr. Richard Cheng joined Bit Technology Holding Co., Ltd. (比特科技控股股份有限公司), and held various positions as deputy manager, general manager, the chairman of the board and a director from April 2000 to March 2003. Since 2004, Mr. Richard Cheng served as a director at Ningbo Bonded Area Jiujiu Leasing Co. Ltd. (寧波 保税區久久租賃有限公司) (previously known as Ningbo Huaneng Leasing Co. Ltd. (寧波華能租賃有限公司)) ("Ningbo Jiujiu")#. Mr. Richard Cheng was appointed as a director of Beijing Bogi Electric Power SCI-TECH Co., Ltd. (北京博奇電力 科技有限公司) ("Beijing Boqi") in June 2005 and became the chairman of the board of Beijing Bogi in December 2007 and then served as its chief executive officer from December 2009 to February 2017. Mr. Cheng currently serves as the chairman of its board of Beijing Bogi, an executive director of Beijing Shengyi Tiancheng Environmental SCI-TECH Co., Ltd.* (北京聖 邑天成環保科技有限公司), Zhejiang Bogi Electric Power SCI-TECH Co., Ltd.* (浙江博奇電力科技有限公司) and Anhui Nengda Fuel Co., Ltd* (安徽能達燃料有限公司).

Mr. Richard Cheng has been a director of China Boqi Environmental (Holding) Co., Ltd. (中國博奇環保 (控股)有限公司) ("China Boqi"), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 02377) and Mr. Richard Cheng has ceased to be the chairman of the board and the chairman of the nomination committee of China Boqi since March 2021.

執行董事

程里全先生(「程里全先生」),56歲,為執行董事兼董事會主席。彼亦為提名委員會主席及薪酬委員會成員。彼主要負責本集團整體戰略規劃及發展及監督財務管理及規劃。程里全先生自二零一一年十一月十日起擔任中國交通時代服務有限公司董事。程里全先生亦為本公司多間附屬公司董事。

程里全先生為經驗豐富的企業家,從事可再生 能源及環保行業逾15年。創辦本集團前,程里 全先生曾加入比特科技控股股份有限公司,並 於二零零零年四月至二零零三年三月擔任副 經理、總經理、董事會主席及董事等多個職 位。自二零零四年起,程里全先生於寧波保税 區久久租賃有限公司(前稱寧波華能租賃有限 公司)(「寧波久久」) #擔任董事。程里全先生於 二零零五年六月獲委任為北京博奇電力科技 有限公司(「北京博奇」)的董事並於二零零七年 十二月成為北京博奇董事會主席,其後於二零 零九年十二月至二零一七年二月擔任該公司 行政總裁。程先生目前擔任北京博奇的董事會 主席、北京聖邑天成環保科技有限公司、浙江 博奇電力科技有限公司及安徽能達燃料有限 公司的執行董事。

程里全先生一直擔任中國博奇環保(控股)有限公司(「中國博奇」)董事,該公司於聯交所上市(股份代號:02377),自二零二一年三月起,程里全先生不再擔任中國博奇的董事會主席及提名委員會主席。

Mr. Richard Cheng is a director of Hongyuan Company Limited, wholly-owned by him, which directly holds 75% of the shares of the Company in issue.

程里全先生為其全資擁有的弘遠有限公司的 董事,該公司直接持有本公司75%的已發行股份。

Mr. Richard Cheng is the younger brother of Mr. Cliff Cheng.

程里全先生為程里伏先生的胞弟。

Mr. Richard Cheng received his bachelor's degree in political economy from Fudan University in July 1987.

程里全先生於一九八七年七月在復旦大學取 得政治經濟學士學位。

Mr. Cheng Li Fu Cliff ("Mr. Cliff Cheng") (程里仗), aged 63 is our executive Director and the chief executive officer. He is primarily responsible for overseeing the daily operations and overall general management of our Group. Mr. Cliff Cheng has been serving as a general manager and an executive director of Jiangyin Hongyuan New Energy Technology Company Limited* (江陰弘遠新能源科技有限公司), since October 2015. Mr. Cliff Cheng is also a director of various subsidiaries of the Company.

程里伏先生(「程里伏先生」),63歲,為執行董事兼行政總裁。彼主要負責監督本集團日常運營及整體一般管理。程里伏先生自二零一五年十月起一直擔任江陰弘遠新能源科技有限公司總經理及執行董事。程里伏先生先生亦為本公司多間附屬公司董事。

Mr. Cliff Cheng has more than 5 years of experience in wind power industry. Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Cliff Cheng worked for Chi Tel Limited (大唐電訊有限公司) as a sales manager during November 2003 and August 2006. From August 2008 to January 2015, Mr. Cliff Cheng was a marketing manager of Beijing BiTe, a company primarily engaged in technology development and consultancy and sale of electronic products, mechanical equipment and computer system services.

程里伏先生於風電行業擁有逾五年經驗。加入本集團前,程里伏先生於二零零三年十一月至二零零六年八月擔任大唐電訊有限公司銷售經理。於二零零八年八月至二零一五年一月,程里伏先生為北京比特的營銷經理,該公司主要從事技術開發及諮詢及銷售電子產品、機械設備及電腦系統服務。

Mr. Cliff Cheng is the elder brother of Mr. Richard Cheng.

程里伏先生為程里全先生的胞兄。

Mr. Cliff Cheng graduated from Shanghai Peijin School (上海市培進中學) in February 1976.

程里伏先生於一九七六年二月在上海市培進 中學畢業。

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Wang Lubin ("Mr. Wang") (王魯彬), aged 66, was appointed as our non-executive Director on 19 March 2020.

From September 1994 to October 2016, Mr. Wang served as a manager at Shandong Tianhui Technology Co., Ltd. (山東天輝科技有限公司), which was a solution provider for the power industry. Since January 2017, Mr. Wang has been an executive director of Beijing Kexun Century Technology Co., Ltd.* (北京科訊世紀科技有限公司), which is primarily engaged in supplying equipment and products and providing technical services, both in relation to the power industry, where he is responsible for corporate management.

Mr. Wang graduated from Shandong University, where he received his bachelor's degree in engineering in July 1982 and a master's degree in engineering in January 1985.

Mr. Wang was the legal representative of Shandong Hengshun Electric Application Co., Ltd. (山東恒順電器有限公司) ("Shandong Hengshun") which was engaged in the sales of power units. The business license of Shandong Hengshun was revoked on 23 October 2003 as Shandong Hengshun was unable to complete the process of deregistration upon its cessation of business. Mr. Wang confirmed that (i) Shandong Hengshun was solvent at the time of the revocation of business license, and he was not in charge of daily operation; (ii) no claims had been made against him; (iii) he was not aware of any threatened and potential claims made against him; (iv) there were no outstanding claims and/or liabilities against him in connection with or as a result of such revocation of business license.

非執行董事

王魯彬先生(「王先生」),66歲,於二零二零年 三月十九日獲委任為非執行董事。

自一九九四年九月至二零一六年十月,王先生 於山東天輝科技有限公司擔任經理,該公司為 電力行業解決方案供應商。自二零一七年一月 起,王先生於北京科訊世紀科技有限公司擔任 執行董事,該公司主要從事供應設備及產品及 提供技術服務(均與電力行業有關),而其職責 為企業管理。

王先生畢業於山東大學,分別於一九八二年七 月取得工程學士學位及於一九八五年一月取 得工程碩士學位。

王先生為山東恒順電器有限公司(「山東恒順」)的法定代表,該公司從事電力機組的銷售。由於山東恒順未能於終止業務後完成註銷,山東恒順的營業執照於二零零三年十月二十三日被吊銷。王先生確認,(i)山東恒順於被吊銷營業執照時有償付能力,且彼並無負責日常不營;(ii)並無向彼提出的任何申索;(iii)彼並知悉任何向彼提出的可能面臨及潛在申索;(iv)並無就有關吊銷營業執照或因此而向彼提出的任何未了結申索及/或責任。

Mr. Wang is primarily responsible for providing strategic advice to the business and operation of our Group, in particular in aspects in relation to our customers, such as identification and introduction of potential customers of pitch control systems and the maintenance of business relationship in relation thereto. With Mr. Wang's extensive experience in the power-related industry and his considerable business network within the industry, it is expected that the presence of Mr. Wang in our Board is beneficial to our Group's business development. Mr. Wang has been devoted to our Group's affairs since his appointments including contributing to our business network extension by introducing and attending meetings with potential customers, providing strategic advice as well as attending board meeting and related affairs, and are expected to devote one to two days per week for our Group's affairs during his tenures.

王先生主要負責為本集團業務及運營提供戰略意見,尤其是有關客戶方面,例如物色及引入變漿控制系統潛在客戶及維繫有關方面的業務關係。憑藉王先生於電力相關行業的問題。經驗及彼於行內的廣泛業務網絡,預期王先生於董事會的角色對本集團業務發展有利。自然獲委任以來,王先生一直專注於本集團事務。包括通過介紹及參加潛在客戶的會議促會會務網絡擴展、提供戰略意見和參加董事會會談別的一至兩日時間來處理本集團事務。

Mr. Li Hao (李浩), aged 57, was appointed as our non-executive Director on 19 March 2020.

From January 2000 to December 2010, Mr. Li Hao served as a senior manager of Dongling (Holding) Corporation (東湊集團有限公司). Since January 2011, Mr. Li Hao has been serving as a general manager of Guangzhou Weisong Investment Co., Ltd.* (廣州煒嵩投資有限公司).

Mr. Li Hao graduated from Nantong Municipal Party School of CPC (中共南通市委黨校) in business management in July 1994.

Mr. Li Hao is primarily responsible for providing strategic advice to the business and operation of our Group, in particular in aspects in relation to our customers, such as identification and introduction of potential customers of pitch control systems and the maintenance of business relationship in relation thereto. It is also expected that the presence of Mr. Li Hao in our Board is beneficial to our Group's business development, particularly in view of his connection with customers and/or potential customers of our Group, which was developed in the course of his previous employment as his previous employer was a business partner of such customers and/or potential customers of our Group. Mr. Li Hao has been devoted to our Group's affairs since his appointments including contributing to our business network extension by introducing and attending meetings with potential customers, providing strategic advice as well as attending board meeting and related affairs, and is expected to devote one to two days per week for our Group's affairs during his tenures.

李浩先生,57歲,於二零二零年三月十九日獲 委任為非執行董事。

於二零零零年一月至二零一零年十二月,李浩 先生於東淩集團有限公司擔任高級經理。自二 零一一年一月起,李浩先生於廣州煒嵩投資有 限公司擔任總經理。

李浩先生於一九九四年七月自中共南通市委 黨校商務管理系畢業。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Yip Chun On ("Mr. Yip") (葉俊安), aged 46, was appointed as our independent non-executive Director on 4 September 2020. Mr. Yip is the chairman of the Audit Committee, a member of the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, and he is responsible for providing independent advice and opinions to our Board.

Mr. Yip has more than 23 years of experience in accounting and finance. From August 1997 to March 2000, Mr. Yip served as an auditor at Chan Chee Cheng & Co. (陳池鄭會計師事務所), a certified public accountant firm in Hong Kong. From March 2000 to March 2001, April 2001 to March 2002 and April 2002 to November 2003, Mr. Yip served as a staff accountant, semi-senior accountant and senior accountant respectively at Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu (德勤會計師事務所) in Hong Kong, an independent firm providing audit and assurance consulting and related services. From April 2004 to January 2005, Mr. Yip served as an assistant manager at CSC Asia Limited (群益亞洲有限公司), a company providing investment services. From February 2005 to May 2005, Mr. Yip served as a supervisor at Grant Thornton LLP, a firm providing audit, tax and advisory services.

From May 2005 to May 2010, Mr. Yip served as a group financial controller and deputy company secretary at Jackin International Holdings Limited (輝影國際集團有限公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange, currently known as AMCO United Holding Limited (Stock Code: 0630), which was principally engaged in manufacturing and trading information storage media products and computer accessories.

獨立非執行董事

葉俊安先生(「葉先生」),46歲,於二零二零年 九月四日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。葉先生為 審核委員會主席以及薪酬委員會及提名委員 會成員,負責向董事會提供獨立建議及意見。

於二零零五年五月至二零一零年五月,葉先生 於輝影國際集團有限公司(聯交所上市公司, 現稱為雋泰控股有限公司(股份代號:0630), 主要從事製造及買賣信息存儲媒體產品及電 腦配件)擔任集團財務總監及副公司秘書。 From June 2010 to October 2015, Mr. Yip served as an assistant financial controller at Fountain Set (Holdings) Ltd. (福田實業 (集團) 有限公司), a company engaged in producing and selling dyed fabrics, sewing threads and yarns and listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 0420). Since April 2016, Mr. Yip served as a managing director at AdviseOnAir (維斯澳而諮詢公司), a business solution provider in Hong Kong, where he is responsible for providing internal control, risk management review and consulting services to clients in Hong Kong and the PRC. Mr. Yip has also been an independent non-executive director of Superland Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 0368) since June 2020. Mr. Yip has also been the chief financial officer of SinoCloud Group Limited (stock code: SGX:5EK) since November 2021.

Mr. Yip received his bachelor's degree in accountancy from Hong Kong Polytechnic University (香港理工大學) in November 1997. Mr. Yip has been a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants since November 2000, and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public

Accountants since April 2001.

於二零一零年六月至二零一五年十月,葉先生於福田實業(集團)有限公司(該公司從事製造及銷售色布、縫紉線及紗,且於聯交所上市(股份代號:0420))擔任副財務總監。自二零一六年四月起,葉先生於維斯澳而諮詢公司(香港的業務解決方案供應商)擔任董事總理,負責向香港及中國客戶提供內部控制、風險管理檢討及諮詢服務。自二零二零年六月起,葉先生亦擔任德合集團控股有限公司(股份代號:0368)獨立非執行董事。自二零二一年十一月起,葉先生亦擔任中雲集團(股份代號:SGX:5EK)的首席財務官。

葉先生於一九九七年十一月在香港理工大學 獲得會計學學士學位。葉先生自二零零零年 十一月起為特許公認會計師公會會員及自二 零零一年四月起為香港會計師公會會員。 Mr. Kang Jian ("Mr. Kang") (康健), aged 57, was appointed as our independent non-executive Director on 4 September 2020. Mr. Kang is also a member of the Audit Committee.

Mr. Kang has more than 20 years of experience in strategic management, marketing management and investor relations management for large state-owned and multinational companies. Mr. Kang served as a regional manager of Canadian Tucows Inc. from April 2000 to March 2003. He was a global business development manager of the department of automation system of the automation & drives group and the director of strategic development and customer relations of the strategic marketing department at Siemens Ltd., China from February 2004 to July 2009 and vice general manager and the secretary of the board of Beijing Jingneng Clean Energy Co., Limited (北京京能清潔能源電力股份有限公司), a joint stock company incorporated in the PRC whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange in 2011 (stock code: 00579), since December 2009. Mr. Kang is a senior project manager of the Ministry of Human Resources and Social Security of the People's Republic of China.

Mr. Kang received a bachelor's degree in international trade from Beijing University of Technology (北京工業大學) (formerly known as the First Branch of Renmin University of China (中國人民大學第一分校)), which subsequently merged with Beijing University of Technology in July 1988. Mr. Kang received a master's degree in business administration from Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute in May 1999.

康健先生(「康先生」),57歲,於二零二零年九 月四日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。康先生亦為 審核委員會成員。

康先生擁有逾20年的大型國有及跨國公司之戰略管理、營銷管理及投資者關係管理經驗。康先生自二零零年四月至二零零三年三月於加拿大Tucows Inc.擔任區域經理。彼自二零零四年二月至二零零九年七月擔任西門子中國有限公司自動化與驅動集團自動化系的戰略學到部部門的全球業務發展經理及戰略營銷部零九年公司(一間在中國註冊成立的股份公司,其股份於二零一一年在聯交所上市(股份代號:00579))擔任副總經理及董事會秘書。康先生為中華人民共和國人力資源及社會保障部認定的高級項目經理。

康先生於一九八八年七月在北京工業大學(前稱中國人民大學第一分校,後併入北京工業大學)取得國際貿易學士學位。康先生於一九九九年五月在美國仁斯利爾理工大學取得工商管理碩士學位。

Mr. Li Shusheng (李書升), aged 56, was appointed as our independent non-executive Director on 4 September 2020. Mr. Li Shusheng is also the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee.

李書升先生,56歲,於二零二零年九月四日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。李書升先生亦為薪酬委員會主席及審核委員會及提名委員會成員。

Mr. Li Shusheng has more than 16 years of experience in wind power industry. From January 2006 to January 2008, Mr. Li Shusheng served as a general manager of CECEP Wind-power Investment Corporation Co., Ltd. (中節能風力發電投資有限公司): From January 2008 to June 2010, Mr. Li Shusheng served as a general manager and chairman of CECEP Wind-power Investment Corporation Co., Ltd. (中節能風力發電投資有限公司): From June 2010 to October 2018, Mr. Li Shusheng served as a chairman of CECEP Wind-power Investment Corporation Co., Ltd. (中節能風力發電股份有限公司), a company listed on Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 601016) which is mainly engaged in development, investment, management, construction, operation and maintenance of wind power projects.

李書升先生於風電行業擁有逾16年經驗。二零零六年一月至二零零八年一月,李書升先生生為中節能風力發電投資有限公司總經理:於二零中節能風力發電投資有限公司總經理兼主席,中節能風力發電投資有限公司總經理兼主席,於二零一零年六月至二零一八年十月,李書升先生為中節能風力發電股份有限公司(上海)發電股份有限公司(上海)發電股份代號:601016)的、管方。該公司主要從事風電項目開發、投資、營運及維護。

Mr. Li Shusheng received his executive master of business administration at Tsinghua University in July 2008.

於二零零八年七月,李書升先生於清華大學獲 得工商管理行政人員碩士學位。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Ms. Wu Qiong (吳瓊), aged 51, was appointed as the financial officer since she joined our Group in November 2015. Ms. Wu Qiong is primarily responsible for managing the finances of our Group.

Ms. Wu Qiong has more than 16 years of experience in finance management. Prior to joining our Group, Ms. Wu Qiong was a financial officer of Nanjing Mudong Trade Co., Ltd.* (南京睦東 貿易有限公司 (formerly known as Nanjing Powder Metallurgy Factory* (南京粉末冶金廠))) from December 1991 to December 1996 and Nanjing Dongmu Powder Metallurgy Co., Ltd.* (南京 東睦粉末冶金有限公司 (formerly known as Nanjing Boteng Powder Metallurgy Co., Ltd* (南京博騰粉末冶金有限公司))) from January 1997 to May 2002 where she was responsible for wage and cost accounting, and current-account management. From March 2003 to April 2015, Ms. Wu Qiong was the financial manager of Shanghai Yingzhen Technology Co., Ltd (上海英震科技有限責任公司) (formerly known as Shanghai Nature Power Technology Co., Ltd. (上海納泉電力科技有限公 司)), where she was primarily responsible for day-to-day financial management and cost control.

Ms. Wu Qiong received her certificate in applied electronical technology from Nanjing Electronical and Industrial Workers University (南京電子工業職工大學) in February 1996. She graduated from the Open College of China Communist Party School (中共中央黨校函授學院) with a bachelor's degree in December 2000. Ms. Wu obtained a certificate of intermediate accountant in May 2002.

Mr. Liu Zhixin (劉志信), aged 32, was appointed as our deputy general manager of procurement in October 2015. He is primarily responsible for procurement and supplier management.

高級管理層

吴瓊女士,51歲,自二零一五年十一月加入本 集團以來獲委任為財務總監。吳瓊女士主要負 責管理本集團的財務。

吳瓊女士於一九九六年二月在南京電子工業 職工大學獲得應用電子技術專業專科畢業證。 彼於二零零零年十二月在中共中央黨校函授 學院畢業,獲授學士學位。吳女士於二零零二 年五月獲得中級會計師證書。

劉志信先生,32歲,於二零一五年十月獲委任 為採購副總經理。彼主要負責採購及供應商管 理。 From August 2012 to July 2013, Mr. Liu Zhixin served as an after-sales service engineer at Jinan Guolong Tester Co., Ltd. (濟南國龍試驗機有限公司), where he was primarily responsible for after-sales service and technical support. From July 2013 to September 2015, Mr. Liu Zhixin served as a process engineer at Jinan Youli Electrical Equipment Co., Ltd. (濟南優利電氣成套設備有限公司). He was mainly responsible for developing and stabilizing production process.

Mr. Liu Zhixin received his certificate in mechatronics from Weifang College of Science and Technology in July 2012.

Mr. Chen Xi ("Mr. Chen") (陳曦), aged 39, was appointed as our deputy general manager of technology of the Company in August 2021. He is primarily responsible for the management of research and development.

From July 2009 to March 2013, he served as the R&D supervisor of pitch system of Sinovel Wind Group Co.,Ltd. (華 鋭風電科技 (集團) 股份有限公司). From March 2013 to August 2017, he served as the manager of the wind power technology department of Beijing Huadian Tianren Power Controlling Technology Co., Ltd (北京華電天仁電力控制技術有限公司) and the deputy chief engineer and technical manager of Gu'an Huadian Tianren Control Equipment Limited Company (固安華電天仁控制設備有限公司). From August 2017 to May 2020, he served as the technical director of Ruidian Technology Co., Ltd.(鋭電科技有限公司)

Chen Xi graduated from Shandong University with a master's degree in control theory and control engineering and is a senior engineer.

Ms. Zhou Lingyun ("Ms. Zhou") (周凌芸), aged 35, was appointed as our deputy manager of production since October 2015, and she is responsible for operations, production and quality management. Prior to joining our Group, Ms. Zhou served as an exposure worker at Wuxi China Resources Microelectronics Co., Ltd (無錫華潤微電子有限公司) from July 2006 to September 2008, a subsidiary of China Resources (Holding) Co., Ltd. (華潤 (集團) 有限公司). From August 2011 to September 2012, Ms. Zhou served as a manager of the quality inspection department at Jiangyin Aikesen Communication Material Co., Ltd. (江陰愛科森通信材料有限公司).

於二零一二年八月至二零一三年七月,劉志信先生擔任濟南國龍試驗機有限公司的售後服務工程師,彼主要負責售後服務及技術支援。於二零一三年七月至二零一五年九月,劉志信先生擔任濟南優利電氣成套設備有限公司的工藝工程師。彼主要負責制定生產流程及確保流程保持穩定。

劉志信先生於二零一二年七月在濰坊科技學 院機電專業專科畢業證。

陳曦先生(「陳曦先生」),39歲,於二零二一年 八月被任命為本公司技術副總經理,彼主要負 責技術及研發管理。

於二零零九年七月至二零一三年三月,彼擔任華鋭風電科技(集團)股份有限公司變漿系統研發主管。於二零一三年三月至二零一七年八月,彼歷任北京華電天仁電力控制技術有限公司風電技術部經理、固安華電天仁控制設備有限公司副總工程師兼技術經理。自二零一七年八月至二零二零年五月,彼擔任鋭電科技有限公司技術總監。

陳曦畢業於山東大學控制理論與控制工程專業,碩士學位,高級工程師。

周凌芸女士(「周女士」),35歲,於二零一五年十月起獲委任為生產副經理,彼負責運營、生產及質量管理。加入本集團前,周女士於二零零六年七月至二零零八年九月在無錫華潤微電子有限公司(華潤(集團)有限公司的附屬公司)擔任見習員工。於二零一一年八月至二零一二年九月,周女士曾擔任江陰愛科森通信材料有限公司的質檢部經理。

Ms. Zhou received a bachelor's degree in electric automatisation from Southeast University in January 2012. She obtained a certificate of accounting profession in February 2013.

Ms. Liu Na ("Ms. Liu") (劉娜), aged 33, was appointed as our deputy general manager of business human resource since March 2017, and she is primarily responsible for business development.

From March 2011 to March 2017, Ms. Liu served as a trainer at Jiangyin Huibang Clothing Co., Ltd (江陰匯邦服飾有限公司), where she was mainly responsible for branding and training.

Ms. Liu received a bachelor's degree in human resources management from Changzhou University in June 2011.

Mr. Pan Honghuang ("Mr. Pan") (潘紅煌), aged 35, was appointed as our company secretary on 17 March 2020 and re-designated as our joint company secretary on 19 March 2020. Mr. Pan was appointed as the assistant of chairman and secretary to the board of Jiangyin Hongyuan on 1 July 2019. He is primarily responsible for attending company secretarial matters of the Group.

Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Pan served as an investment manager at Shanghai Heheng Industrial Investment and Development Co., Ltd. (上海和衡實業有限公司) from August 2009 to September 2012. He was primarily responsible for project research, evaluation and design. From October 2012 to July 2014, Mr. Pan joined Zhongminfei General Aviation Investment Management (Beijing) Co., Ltd. (中民飛通用航空產 業投資管理 (北京)有限公司), he served as an assistant to the president and was responsible for equity investment and fund management. From July 2014 to October 2016, Mr. Pan served as an investment director at Beijing Didun Investment Management Co., Ltd. (北京迪頓投資管理有限公司). He is responsible for equity investment and fund raising. From October 2016 to March 2018, Mr. Pan served as an investment and development director at China Woteer Water Technology Co., Ltd. (中工沃特爾水技術股份有限公司). He is responsible for overall equity financing and bank financing. From March 2018 to July 2019, Mr. Pan served as an investment director at Beijing Longyuan Chuangguan Technology Co., Ltd. (北京龍源 創泉科技有限公司). He is responsible for investing in environmental industry.

周女士於二零一二年一月在東南大學取得電 氣自動化學士學位。彼於二零一三年二月取得 會計專業證書。

劉娜女士(「劉女士」),33歲,於二零一七年三月起獲委任為業務人力資源副總經理,彼主要負責業務發展。

於二零一一年三月至二零一七年三月,劉女士 於江陰匯邦服飾有限公司擔任培訓專員,彼主 要負責品牌建設及培訓。

劉女士於二零一一年六月在常州大學取得人 力資源管理學士學位。

潘紅煌先生(「潘先生」),35歲,於二零二零年三月十七日獲委任為公司秘書,並於二零二零年三月十九日調任為聯席公司秘書。潘先生於二零一九年七月一日獲委任為江陰弘遠的主席助理及董事會秘書。彼主要負責處理本集團的公司秘書事宜。

Mr. Pan received a bachelor's degree in marketing from Anhui University of Finance and Economics (安徽財經大學) in July 2009. Mr. Pan received a master's degree in business administration from Beihang University (北京航空航天大學) in June 2017. Mr. Pan was awarded the Board Secretary Qualification Certificate (董事會秘書資格證書) by the National Equities Exchange and Quotations Co., Ltd (全國中小企業股份轉讓系統有限責任公司) in January 2018.

- 潘先生於二零零九年七月在安徽財經大學取得市場營銷學士學位。潘先生於二零一七年六月在北京航空航天大學取得工商管理碩士學位。潘先生於二零一八年一月獲得全國中小企業股份轉讓系統有限責任公司授予董事會秘書資格證書。
- The business license of Ningbo Jiujiu was revoked by the relevant authority. Pursuant to the relevant PRC regulations, PRC companies are required to perform annual inspections. Failure to perform annual inspection or inspection before 30 June, the companies shall be fined or the business licence shall be revoked by the administration of Industry and Commerce. To our best knowledge, (i) the business license of Ningbo Jiujiu was revoked; (ii) Ningbo Jiujiu did not have any actual business activities during the time its business licence was revoked; and (iii) Ningbo Jiuiju was solvent prior to its revocation of business license. Mr. Richard Cheng confirmed that Ningbo Jiujiu did not have any business activities, and he was not involved in the business operations during the time Ningbo Jiujiu failed to execute its annual inspection. Our PRC legal advisers are of the view that there is a remote possibility that Mr. Cheng will take any director responsibilities raising from the winding-up of Ningbo Jiujiu caused by its failure to go through the formalities of annual inspection.
- * The English names of PRC nationals, entities, departments, facilities, certificates, titles, etc. are translations of their Chinese names and are for identification purposes only. If there is any inconsistency, the Chinese name shall prevail.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

The board of directors of the Company (the "Board" or "Director(s)") is pleased to report to its shareholders on the corporate governance of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

本公司董事會(「董事會」或「董事」) 欣然向其股東呈報本公司截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的企業管治。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Board is committed to achieving good corporate governance standards. The Board believes that good corporate governance standards are essential in providing a framework for the Company to safeguard the interests of its shareholders, enhance corporate value, formulate its business strategies and policies, and enhance its transparency and accountability.

The Company has adopted the principles and code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules") as the basis of the Company's corporate governance practices. To the best knowledge of the Directors, the Company has complied with all applicable code provisions under the CG Code (as amended from time to time) during the year ended 31 December 2021.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own Code of Conduct for securities transactions conducted by relevant Directors. Specific enquiry has been made to all the Directors and each of the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2021.

企業管治常規

董事會致力達致良好企業管治標準。董事會相信,良好企業管治標準至關重要,為本公司提供框架,以保障其股東的利益、提升企業價值、制訂其業務策略及政策以及提升其透明度及問責性。

本公司已採納香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)中載列的原則及守則條文,作為本公司企業管治常規的基礎。據董事所深知,於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司已遵守企業管治守則所載的(不時修改之)守則條文。

進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」),作為相關董事進行證券交易的行為守則。本公司已向全體董事作出具體查詢,而各董事已確認彼等於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度已遵守標準守則所載規定標準。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Company is headed by an effective Board which oversees the businesses, strategic decisions and performance of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") and takes decisions objectively in the best interests of the Company.

The Board regularly review the contribution required from a Director to perform his responsibilities to the Company, and whether the Director is spending sufficient time performing them.

BOARD COMPOSITION

The composition of the Board and the attendance record of each Director at board meetings during the year ended 31 December 2021 and up to the date of publication of this annual report are as below.

Executive Directors

Mr. Cheng Liquan Richard (Chairman)

Mr. Cheng Li Fu Cliff (Chief executive officer)

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Wang Lubin

Mr. Li Hao

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Yip Chun On Mr. Kang Jian Mr. Li Shusheng

The biographical information of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" on pages 22 to 33 of this annual report.

Save as disclosed in this annual report, to the best knowledge of the Company, there has been no financial, business, family, or other material/relevant relationship(s) among the Directors.

董事會

本公司由行之有效的董事會領導,董事會監察 本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)的業務、戰略 決策及表現,並以本公司最佳利益為依歸客觀 地作出決定。

董事會定期檢討董事向本公司履行其職責所 需付出的貢獻,以及董事是否付出足夠的時間 履行職責。

董事會組成

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度及 直至本年報刊發日期,董事會組成及各名董事 於董事會會議的出席記錄如下。

執行董事

程里全先生(主席) 程里伏先生(行政總裁)

非執行董事

王魯彬先生 李浩先生

獨立非執行董事

葉俊安先生 康健先生 李書升先生

董事的履歷資料載於本年報第22至33頁「董事及高級管理層 | 一節。

除本年報所披露者外,據本公司所深知,董事 之間概無財務、業務、家屬或其他重大/相關 關係。

BOARD AND BOARD COMMITTEES MEETINGS AND DIRECTORS' ATTENDANCE RECORDS

A summary of the attendance records of the Directors at the Board meetings and the respective Board committees meetings held during the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out below:

董事會及董事委員會會議以及董事 出席記錄

有關董事出席於截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度舉行的董事會會議及各董事委員會 會議的紀錄概要載列如下:

Attendance/Number of Meeting(s)

出席記錄/會議數目

			Audit	Remuneration	Nomination	General
Name of Directors	董事姓名	Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	Meeting
		董事會	審核委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會	股東大會
Cheng Liquan Richard	程里全	4/4	N/A	1/1	1/1	2/2
		4/4	不適用	1/1	1/1	2/2
Cheng Li Fu Cliff	程里伏	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	2/2
		4/4	不適用	不適用	不適用	2/2
Wang Lubin	王魯彬	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	2/2
		4/4	不適用	不適用	不適用	2/2
Li Hao	李浩	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	2/2
		4/4	不適用	不適用	不適用	2/2
Yip Chun On	葉俊安	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	2/2
		4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	2/2
Kang Jian	康健	4/4	2/2	N/A	N/A	2/2
		4/4	2/2	不適用	不適用	2/2
Li Shusheng	李書升	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	2/2
		4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	2/2

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The position of chairman of the Company (the "Chairman") is held by Mr. Cheng Liquan Richard and the positions of chief executive officer is held by Mr. Cheng Li Fu Cliff. Mr. Cheng Liquan Richard is the younger brother of Mr. Cheng Li Fu Cliff. The Chairman is primarily responsible for the overall strategic planning and development of our Group and overseeing the financial management and planning of our Group. The chief executive officer is primarily responsible for overseeing the daily operations and overall general management of our Group.

主席及行政總裁

本公司主席(「主席」)職位由程里全先生擔任, 而行政總裁職位由程里伏先生擔任。程里全先 生為程里伏先生的胞弟。主席主要負責本集團 的整體戰略規劃及發展及監督本集團財務管 理及規劃。行政總裁主要負責監督本集團日常 運營及整體一般管理。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Board at all times met the requirements of Rules 3.10(1), 3.10(2) and 3.10(A) of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors representing one-third of the Board with at least one of whom possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each of the independent non-executive Directors in respect of his independence in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all independent non-executive Directors are independent.

APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) are appointed for an initial fixed term of three years commencing from the Listing Date, subject to termination on certain circumstances as stipulated in their respective service contracts and letter of appointment.

All the Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meetings. Under the amended and restated articles of association of the Company, at each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an annual general meeting at least once every three years. The Company's amended and restated articles of association also provides that all Directors appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the first general meeting of members after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting and any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election.

獨立非執行董事

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,董事會一直遵守上市規則第3.10(1)、第3.10(2)及第3.10(A)條有關委任至少三名獨立非執行董事(佔董事會三分之一,且至少其中一名獨立非執行董事具備適當專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專長)的規定。

本公司已收悉各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條所載獨立性指引就其獨立性發出的年度書面確認。本公司認為,全體獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

委任及重選董事

非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)按初步固定任期獲委任,自上市日期起計為期三年,惟於其相關服務合約及委任函所訂明的若干情況下可予終止。

全體董事均須於股東週年大會上輪席退任及 重選連任。根據本公司經修訂及重列組織章和 細則,在每屆股東週年大會上,當時三分 一次會上,當時三分一的 一次是一次。本公司經修訂及重列組織章是 一次。本公司經修訂及重列組織章是 一次。本公司經修訂及重列組織章是 一次。本公司經修訂及重列組織章 是一次。本公司經修訂及重列組織章 是一次。 定,獲委任填補臨時空缺的所有董事須 任該職務,直至本公司舉行其 董事會委任新加入現行董事會的任何董事, 須擔任該職務直至本公司舉行下屆股東 大會為止,並於該大會上合資格 廣選連任。

RESPONSIBILITIES, ACCOUNTABILITIES AND CONTRIBUTIONS OF THE BOARD AND MANAGEMENT

The Board should assume responsibility for leadership and control of the Company, and is collectively responsible for directing and supervising the Company's affairs.

The Board directly, and indirectly through its committees, leads and provides direction to management by laying down strategies and overseeing their implementation, monitors the Group's operational and financial performance, and ensures that sound internal control and risk management systems are in place.

All Directors, including non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. The independent non-executive Directors can bring independent judgment to the decision-making process of our Board.

All Directors have full and timely access to all the information of the Company and may, upon request, seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses for discharging their duties to the Company.

The Directors shall disclose to the Company details of other offices held by them.

The Board reserves for its decision all major matters relating to policy matters, strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management, material transactions (in particular those that may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of directors and other significant operational matters of the Company. Responsibilities relating to implementing decisions of the Board, directing and coordinating the daily operation and management of the Company are delegated to management team.

The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance on Directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of any legal actions taken against Directors and senior management arising out of corporate activities. The insurance coverage would be reviewed on an annual basis.

董事會及管理層職責、問責及貢獻

董事會應負責領導及控制本公司,並共同負責 指導及監察本公司事務。

董事會透過制訂策略及監督其執行情況,直接 及通過其委員會間接領導管理層及指導管理 層,監察本集團的營運及財務表現,並確保建 立穩健的內部監控及風險管理系統。

全體董事(包括非執行董事及獨立非執行董事) 均為董事會帶來廣泛寶貴業務經驗、知識及專 業技能,以確保其有效及有效率地運作。獨立 非執行董事可為董事會的決策程序帶來獨立 判斷。

全體董事均可充分並及時地獲得本公司所有 資料,並可要求在適當情況下尋求獨立專業意 見,以履行彼等於本公司的職責,相關費用由 本公司承擔。

董事須向本公司披露彼等擔任的其他職務的詳情。

董事會保留所有重大事宜的決策權,當中涉及本公司政策事宜、策略及預算、內部監控及風險管理、重大交易(尤其是可能涉及利益衝突者)、財務資料、委任董事及其他重大營運事宜。有關執行董事會決策、指導及協調本公司日常營運及管理的職責則轉授權力予管理團隊負責。

本公司已就董事及高級管理層因企業活動而 面臨的任何法律訴訟安排適當的董事及高級 人員責任保險。保險承保範圍將每年進行檢 討。

CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT OF DIRECTORS

Directors shall keep abreast of regulatory developments and changes in order to effectively perform their responsibilities and to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

All Directors are encouraged to attend relevant training courses at the Company's expenses.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, Directors have attended the following types of training. Mr. Yip Chun On attended seminars and training sessions arranged by professional firms. Besides that, all of the Directors, namely, Mr. Cheng Liquan Richard, Mr. Cheng Li Fu Cliff, Mr. Wang Lubin, Mr. Li Hao, Mr. Yip Chun On, Mr. Kang Jian and Mr. Li Shusheng have read news updates and publications regarding relevant rules & regulations.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three committees, namely, the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees of the Company are established with specific written terms of reference which deal clearly with their authority and duties.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee are posted on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website and are available to shareholders of the Company upon request.

The list of the chairman and members of each Board committee is set out under "Corporate Information" on page 3 of this annual report.

董事持續專業發展

董事應緊貼監管發展及轉變,以便有效履行其職責,並確保其繼續為董事會作出知情及相關的貢獻。

本公司鼓勵全體董事參與相關培訓課程,費用 由本公司承擔。

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,董事已參加下述類型的培訓。葉俊安先生已參加由專業機構舉辦的研討會及培訓課程。此外,全體董事(即程里全先生、程里伏先生、王魯彬先生、李浩先生、葉俊安先生、康健先生及李書升先生)已閱讀有關規則及條例的最新新聞及出版物。

董事委員會

董事會已成立三個委員會(即審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會),以監察本公司特定範疇的事務。本公司成立的所有董事委員會均有書面訂明的特定職權範圍,當中清晰界定其權力及職務。

審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會的職權 範圍已於本公司網站及聯交所網站刊載,並可 應本公司股東要求時供查閱。

各董事委員會的主席及成員名單載於本年報 第3頁「公司資料」下。

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee consists of three Independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Yip Chun On, Mr. Li Shusheng and Mr. Kang Jian. Mr. Yip Chun On is the chairman of the Audit Committee.

The Company has established the Audit Committee in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and the CG Code. The primary duties of the Audit Committee include, among other things, making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor, reviewing our Group's financial information, overseeing our Group's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Audit Committee held two meetings performed the following main tasks: (1) Review and discussion of the annual financial results and report for the year ended 31 December 2020 and interim financial results and report for the six months ended 30 June 2021; (2) reviewed and discussed the financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems of the Group with the management of the Company to ensure that the management of the Company has performed its duty to have effective systems. The review covered all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls, and the discussion with the management of the Company regarding adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function etc.; (3) reviewed the compliance with accounting standards, Listing Rules, legal and statutory requirements in relation to financial reporting; and (4) recommendations to the Board on the appointment of external auditor.

The Company's annual results announcement and annual report have been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

審核委員會

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成,即葉 俊安先生、李書升先生及康健先生。葉俊安先 生為審核委員會主席。

本公司已按照上市規則第3.21條及企業管治守則成立審核委員會。審核委員會的主要職責為(其中包括)就外部核數師的委任、續任及免職向董事會作出推薦建議、審閱本集團的財務資料、監管本集團的財務呈報系統、風險管理及內部控制系統。

本公司的年度業績公告及年報已由審核委員會審閱。

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee consists of three members, being 2 independent non-executive Directors namely Mr. Li Shusheng, Mr. Yip Chun On and 1 executive Director namely Mr. Cheng Liquan Richard. The Majority of the members are independent non-executive Directors. Mr. Li Shusheng is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

The Company established the Remuneration Committee in compliance with Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules and the CG Code. The primary functions of the Remuneration Committee include, among other things, making recommendations to the Board on our Group's policy and structure for all Directors' and senior managements' remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy and on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management.

During the year, the Remuneration Committee has held one meeting and performed the following main tasks: (1) making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive Directors; (2) reviewing the emoluments of the executive Directors; and (3) reviewing the remuneration policy and structure (including any performance-based remuneration) for all Directors and senior management.

Details of the remuneration of the senior management by band are set out in note 27(a) to the consolidated financial statements.

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會由三名成員組成,即兩名獨立非執行董事李書升先生及葉俊安先生及一名執行董事程里全先生。大部分成員為獨立非執行董事。李書升先生為薪酬委員會主席。

本公司已按照上市規則第3.25條及企業管治守則成立薪酬委員會。薪酬委員會的主要職責為(其中包括)就本集團的所有董事及高級管理層薪酬的政策及架構、建立正式及透明流程以制定薪酬政策以及就個別執行董事及高級管理人員的薪酬組合向董事會提供建議。

於本年度薪酬委員會已召開一次會議,履行以下主要任務:(1)就非執行董事的薪酬向董事會提出建議;(2)審閱執行董事的薪酬;及(3)審閱所有董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策及結構(包括任何基於業績的薪酬)。

有關按範圍劃分的高級管理層薪酬詳情載於 綜合財務報表附註27(a)。

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee consists of three members, being 2 independent non-executive Directors namely Mr. Yip Chun On, Mr. Li Shusheng and 1 executive Director namely Mr. Cheng Liquan Richard. The Majority of the members are independent non-executive Directors. Mr. Cheng Liquan Richard is the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The Company has established the Nomination Committee in compliance with the CG Code. The principal duties of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the Board composition, developing and formulating relevant procedures for the nomination and appointment of Directors, making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and succession planning of Directors, and assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors.

In assessing the Board composition, the Nomination Committee would take into account various aspects as well as factors concerning Board diversity as set out in the Company's Board Diversity Policy. The Nomination Committee would discuss and agree on measurable objectives for achieving diversity on the Board, where necessary, and recommend them to the Board for adoption. In identifying and selecting suitable candidates for directorships, the Nomination Committee would consider the candidate's relevant criteria that are necessary to complement the corporate strategy and achieve Board diversity, where appropriate, before making recommendation to the Board.

During the year, the Nomination Committee has held one meeting and performed the following work: (1) reviewing the structure, size, composition and diversity (including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, or professional experience) of the Board and achievement of objectives pursuant to the board diversity policy and effectiveness of the board diversity policy and the independence of the independent non-executive Directors; and (2) considering the qualifications of the retiring Directors standing for re-election at the annual general meeting.

提名委員會

提名委員會由三名成員組成,包括兩名獨立非執行董事(即葉俊安先生及李書升先生)及一名執行董事(即程里全先生)。大部分成員均為獨立非執行董事。程里全先生為提名委員會主席。

本公司已按照企業管治守則成立提名委員會。 提名委員會的主要職責包括檢討董事會組成、 發展及制訂提名及委任董事的相關程序、就董 事委任及繼任計劃向董事會作出推薦建議及 評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性。

於評估董事會組成時,提名委員會將考慮不同層面以及本公司董事會多元化政策所載有關董事會多元化的因素。提名委員會將討論及協定達致董事會多元化的可計量目標,並於有需要時向董事會作出推薦建議以供採納。於物色及甄選合適董事候選人時,提名委員會於可配會作出推薦建議前考慮候選人所具備可配合企業策略及達致董事會多元化而言屬必要的相關準則(如適用)。

於本年度提名委員會已召開一次會議並開展以下工作:(1)審視董事會的結構、規模、組成及多元化(包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景或專業經驗)及根據董事會多元化政策及董事會多元化政策的有效性以及獨立非執行董事的獨立性審視所實現的目標:(2)考慮於股東週年大會上膺選連任的退任董事的資格。

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Nomination Committee is authorised by the Board to determine the nomination of directors, the procedure, process and criteria to be adopted for the purposes of selecting and recommending candidates for directorship, and shall make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors and succession planning for directors, in particular, the chairman and the chief executive. When assessing the suitability of a candidate, factors such as the qualifications, skills, integrity, experience and the amount of time and effort that the candidate will devote to discharge his/ her duties and responsibilities will be taken into consideration as a whole. In the case of independent non-executive directors, they must further satisfy the independence criteria set out within Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Since the selection of candidates should ensure that diversity remains a central feature of the Board, a range of diverse perspectives, including but not limited to professional skills, regional and industry experience, knowledge, gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity and length of service would be considered in accordance with the Board Diversity Policy adopted by the Board.

The Company has adopted a Board Diversity Policy which sets out the approach to achieve diversity of the Board. The Company recognizes and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board and sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in maintaining the Company's competitive advantage.

Pursuant to the Board Diversity Policy, the Nomination Committee will report annually on the Board's composition under diversified perspectives and monitor the implementation of the Board Diversity Policy. In designing the Board's composition and selection of candidates, Board diversity has been considered from a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to professional experience, skills, knowledge, gender, age, cultural and education background, ethnicity and length of service. All Board appointments will be based on merits and the contribution which the selected candidates are expected to bring to our Board.

董事會多元化政策

本公司已採納董事會多元化政策,當中載列達 致董事會多元化的方針。本公司認同並重視擁 有多元化董事會的裨益,並視提升董事會層面 的多元化為維持本公司競爭優勢的關鍵元素。

根據董事會多元化政策,提名委員會將每年從多元化角度報告董事會組成,並監察董事會多元化政策的執行情況。於設計董事會組成及甄選候選人時,在多方面考慮董事會多元化,包括但不限於專業經驗、技能、知識、性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、種族及服務年期。董事會所有委任將基於獲甄選候選人預期將為董事會帶來的好處及貢獻。

Our Board has a balanced mix of knowledge, skills and experiences in renewable energy, environmental protection, engineering, business management, accounting and finance, strategic, marketing and investors relations management. Our Board also comprises directors of a wide range of age, ranging from 46 years old to 65 years old. While we recognize that gender diversity at the Board level can be improved given its current composition of all-male Directors. We will strive to achieve gender balance of the Board through certain measures to be implemented by our nomination committee in accordance with our board diversity policy. In particular, our Nomination Committee will identify and recommend one female candidate to our Board for consideration of her appointment as a Director within two years from the Listing Date. In addition, our Nomination Committee will also from time to time use its best efforts to identify suitable female candidates and recommend the same to our Board for consideration so that our Company will have a pipeline of potential female successors to the Board for ensuring the gender diversity of the Board. We will actively identify female individuals suitably qualified to become the Board members and we aim to introduce female Board member to the Board.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Board is responsible for performing the functions set out in the code provision D.3.1 of the CG Code (which has been re-numbered as CG Code provision A.2.1 since 1 January 2022).

As no corporate governance committee has been established, the Board is responsible for, among after things, formulating and reviewing the policies and practices on corporate governance of the Group and making recommendations, monitoring the compliance of legal and regulatory requirements, reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, and reviewing the Group's compliance with the CG Code and the disclosures in the annual report. The corporate governance report has been reviewed by the Board in the discharge of its corporate governance function. Further, the Company has adopted the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules (the "Code") and will comply with the code provisions in the Code. The Code sets out principles of good corporate governance in relation to, among other matters, directors, the chairman and chief executive officer, board composition, the appointment, re-election and removal of directors, their responsibilities and remuneration and communications with shareholders.

董事會成員具備各種可再生能源、環境保護、 工程、業務管理、會計及財務、戰略、營銷及 投資者關係管理的知識、技術及經驗。董事會 亦由不同年齡董事組成,介乎46歲至65歲之 間。鑒於目前全體董事均為男性,我們認為董 事會層面的性別多元化仍有待改善。我們將致 力根據董事會多元化政策誘過提名委員會實 施的若干措施達致董事會性別平衡。尤其是, 我們的提名委員會將於上市日期起兩年內物 色並推薦一名女性候選人予董事會,考慮任命 彼為董事。此外,我們的提名委員會亦將不時 盡最大努力尋找合適的女性候選人,並推薦予 董事會考慮,以便本公司擁有一個潛在的女性 繼任人進入董事會,確保董事會的性別多元 化。我們將積極物色具備合適資格成為董事會 成員的女性候選人,且我們旨在向董事會引入 女性董事。

企業管治職能

董事會負責履行企業管治守則守則條文第 D.3.1條所載的職能(自2022年1月1日起重新編 號為企業管治守規條文第A.2.1.條)。

由於並無成立企業管治委員會,故董事會負責(其中包括)制訂及檢討本集團的企業管別以及作出推薦建議、監督法律及監察規定的遵守情況、檢討及監察董事及檢討及監察所以及檢討及監察所以及檢討及監察所以及檢討。與及檢討,以及在年報中的披露,以及檢討,以及在年報中的披露,以及檢討,本公司已採納上市規則。等治守則(「守則」),並等治守則(「守則」),並等治守則的守則條文。守則訂明良好企業管治行政,並管治行政。等則,內容有關(其中包括)董事、主席及可以。對方方,與總裁、董事會組成、委任、重選及開除董事、彼等的責任及薪酬以及與股東溝通。

To the best knowledge of the Directors, during the Year, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Company.

據董事所深知,於本年度,本集團已在重大方面遵守對本公司業務及營運有重大影響的相關法律及法規。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for the risk management and internal control systems and reviewing their effectiveness. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatements or losses.

The Board has the overall responsibility for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks it is willing to take in achieving the Company's strategic objectives, and establishing and maintaining appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems.

The Audit Committee assists the Board in leading management team and overseeing their design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems.

The Company has engaged an independent internal control advisor to perform a review on our overall internal control procedures, which includes financial reporting, operations, compliance and risk management. During the review, the internal control advisor recommended remedial actions in relation to weaknesses or deficiencies identified during the review process. The internal control advisor also performed a follow-up review after we had adopted their suggested measures, and no material deficiency has been identified.

In addition, the Company has various internal guidelines, written policies and procedures to monitor and alleviate the risks arising from our daily operations. The Company Directors and management closely monitor the implementation and assess the effectiveness of these guidelines and measures which are crucial to the Company business sustainability.

風險管理及內部監控

董事會承擔風險管理及內部監控制度以及檢討其有效性的責任。該等制度旨在管理而非消除無法達到業務目標的風險,且僅可就重大錯誤陳述或損失提供合理而非絕對的保證。

董事會全權負責評估及釐定其於達至本公司 策略目標所願意承擔的風險性質及程度,並建 立及維持適當而有效的風險管理及內部監控 制度。

審核委員會協助董事會領導管理團隊及監察 其對風險管理及內部監控制度的設計、實施及 監察。

本公司已委聘獨立內部控制顧問對整體內部控制程序(包括財務報告、運營、合規及風險管理)進行審查。在審查期間,內部控制顧問亦就審查過程中發現的缺陷或不足建議補救措施。內部控制顧問在我們採納彼等建議的措施之後進行跟進審查,並無發現有任何重大不足。

此外,本公司備有各項內部指引、書面政策及程序,以監控及減輕我們的日常經營產生的風險。該等指引及措施對本公司的業務可持續性具有重要意義,因此,本公司董事及管理層密切關注其實施情況並評估其有效性。

The Company has developed system of internal control and risk management for reviewing and maintaining an adequate internal control system to safeguard the interests of the shareholders and the assets of the Company.

本公司已就檢討及維持充份的內部監控制度 制訂內部監控及風險管理制度,以保障股東權 益及本公司資產。

The Company has not established a separate internal audit department; instead, an external consultant was to review the Group's internal control and risk management system and support the Board in assessing the effectiveness of such system annually.

本公司並無設立獨立的內部審計部門;而是委聘外聘顧問檢討本集團的內部監控及風險管理制度,並就董事會每年評估有關制度的有效性提供支持。

The Board, as supported by the Audit Committee as well as the management report and the internal control review findings, reviewed the risk management and internal control systems, including the financial, operational and compliance controls, for the year ended 31 December 2021, and considered that such systems are effective and adequate. The annual review also covered the financial reporting and internal audit function and staff qualifications, experiences and relevant resources.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,董事會在審核委員會支援下並透過管理報告及內部監控檢討結果檢討風險管理及內部監控制度(包括財務、營運及合規監控),認為該等制度行之有效並足夠。年度檢討亦涵蓋財務報告及內部審計職能,以及員工資歷、經驗及相關資源。

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

董事對財務報表承擔的責任

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

董事知悉彼等編製本公司截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度財務報表的責任。

The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

董事並不知悉任何與可能會對本公司持續經營能力構成重大疑慮的事件或情況有關的重大不確定因素。

The statement of the independent auditor of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 129 to 135.

本公司獨立核數師就對財務報表作出申報責任的聲明載於第129至135頁的獨立核數師報告。

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The remuneration paid to the Company's external auditor of the Company in respect of audit services and non-audit services for the year ended 31 December 2021 amounted to RMB1,500,000 and RMBnil respectively. An analysis of the remuneration paid to the external auditor of the Company, KPMG, in respect of audit services and non-audit services for the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out below:

Service Category

服務類別

核數師酬金

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司就審核服務及非審核服務向本公司外聘核數師支付的酬金分別為人民幣1,500,000元及人民幣零元。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,就審核服務及非審核服務向本公司外聘核數師畢馬威會計師事務所支付的酬金分析載列如下:

Fees Paid/Payable 已付/應付費用 RMB 人民幣元

Audit services:

審核服務:

Annual audit
Other audit services

年度審核 其他審核服務 1,200,000

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Pan Honghuang and Ms. Tang Wing Shan Winza have been appointed as the Company's joint company secretaries. Ms. Tang Wing Shan Winza is assistant vice president of the company secretarial services department of Computershare Hong Kong Development Limited.

All Directors have access to the advice and services of the joint company secretaries on corporate governance and board practices and matters. Mr. Pan Honghuang, one of the joint company secretaries, has been designated as the primary contact person of the Company which would work and communicate with Ms. Tang Wing Shan Winza on the Company's corporate governance and secretarial and administrative matters.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, Mr. Pan Honghuang and Ms. Tang Wing Shan Winza have undertaken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training respectively in compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

公司秘書

潘紅煌先生及鄧穎珊女士已獲委任為本公司 聯席公司秘書。鄧穎珊女士為香港中央證券發 展有限公司公司秘書服務部助理副總裁。

所有董事均可就企業管治以及董事會實務及 事務獲聯席公司秘書提供意見及服務。聯席公 司秘書之一潘紅煌先生獲指定為本公司的主 要聯絡人,彼與鄧穎珊女士就本公司企業管治 以及秘書及行政事宜合作及溝通。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,潘紅煌先生及鄧穎珊女士已遵守上市規則第3.29條,分別接受不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

Pursuant to a special resolution of the Shareholders passed on 4 September 2020, the Articles of Association were adopted with effect from the date of the listing of the Shares on the Stock Exchange on 20 October 2020. There was no change in the constitutional documents of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021.

For good corporate governance and with an effort to modernise and update the Company's constitutional documents, the Board has proposed the amendments to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company in accordance with the requirement of the Listing Rules. The proposed amendments are subject to the approval by the shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting to be held in June 2022. Once approved, the Company will publish the updated Memorandum and Articles of Association on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company does not have a dividend policy with predetermined dividend payout ratio. Declaration and payment of dividends is subject to the discretion and recommendation of our Directors, depending on our results of operation, cash flows, financial position, statutory and regulatory restrictions on the dividends paid by us, future prospects, as well as any other factors which our Directors may consider relevant. We are a holding company incorporated under the laws of the Cayman Islands. Any final dividends for a financial year will be subject to Shareholders' approval upon our Board's recommendation. Payment and amount of any future dividend will also depend on the availability of dividends received from our subsidiaries. PRC laws require that dividends be paid only out of the profit for the year calculated according to PRC accounting principles, which differ in many aspects from the generally accepted accounting principles in other jurisdictions, including IFRS. PRC laws also require foreign-invested enterprises to set aside at least 10% of its after-tax profits, if any, to fund its statutory reserves, which are not available for distribution as cash dividends.

章程文件

根據於二零二零年九月四日獲股東通過的特別決議案,組織章程大綱自二零二零年十月二十日,即股份於聯交所上市日期起生效。於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司的章程文件概無變動。

為實現良好的企業管治,並努力現代化和更新本公司章程文件,董事會已根據上市規則的要求對本公司組織章程大綱及細則提出修訂。擬議修訂須經本公司股東於二零二二年六月召開的應屆股東週年大會上批准。獲批准後,本公司將在聯交所網站及本公司網站刊登更新後的公司組織章程大綱及細則。

股息政策

本公司並無具有預定股息派發比率的股息政 策。股息的宣派及支付視乎董事酌情權及推薦 建議,其取決於我們的經營業績、現金流量、 財務狀況、我們支付股息的法定及監管限制、 未來前景以及任何其他董事可能認為相關的 因素。我們是根據開曼群島法律註冊成立的控 股公司。財政年度的任何末期股息將根據董事 會推薦建議獲得股東的批准。任何未來股息的 支付及金額亦將取決於自附屬公司收取股息 的可得性。中國法律要求僅根據中國會計準則 計算的年度利潤支付股息,其於許多方面與其 他司法管轄區的公認會計準則(包括國際財務 報告準則)有所不同。中國法律亦規定,外商 投資企業應保留至少10%除稅後利潤(如有), 以撥付其法定儲備,而有關法定儲備不能作為 現金股息分配。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The Company engages with its shareholders through various communication channels. To safeguard shareholders' interests and rights, separate resolution(s) should be proposed for each substantially separate issue at general meetings, including the election of individual director. All resolutions put forward at general meetings will be voted on by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and of the Stock Exchange after each general meeting.

CONVENING AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING AT THE REQUEST OF SHAREHOLDERS

Pursuant to Article 58 of the amended and restated articles of association of the Company, the Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting. Extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on the requisition of one or more shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

股東權利

本公司透過多種溝通渠道與股東保持聯繫。為保障股東權益及權利,本公司應就各項重大個別事項(包括選舉個別董事)於股東大會上提呈獨立決議案。根據上市規則,於股東大會上提呈的所有決議案將以投票方式表決,投票結果將於各股東大會結束後在本公司及聯交所網站登載。

股東要求召開股東特別大會

PUTTING FORWARD PROPOSALS AT GENERAL MEETINGS BY SHAREHOLDERS

There is no provision allowing the Company's shareholders to put forward new resolutions at general meetings under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands or the amended and restated articles of the Company. The Company's shareholders who wish to put forward a resolution may request the Company to convene a general meeting following the procedures set out in the preceding paragraph.

For Shareholders' right to nominate candidates for directors, please refer to "Procedures for Shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director" on the website of our Company.

PUTTING FORWARD ENQUIRIES TO THE BOARD

For putting forward any enquiries to the Board, shareholders of the Company may send written enquiries to the Company, the contact details of which are contained on the website of the Company (www.jyhyne.com).

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

The Company considers that effective communication with its shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and investor understanding of the Group's business performance and strategies. The Company is endeavours to maintain an on-going dialogue with shareholders and in particular, through annual general meetings and other general meetings.

At the annual general meeting, directors (or their delegates as appropriate) are available to meet shareholders and answer their enquiries.

POLICIES RELATING TO SHAREHOLDERS

The Company has in place a Shareholder Communication Policy to ensure that its shareholders' views and concerns are appropriately addressed. The policy is regularly reviewed to ensure its effectiveness.

股東於股東大會上提呈建議

開曼群島公司法或本公司經修訂及重列的細 則項下並無允許本公司股東於股東大會上提 呈新決議案的條文。有意提呈決議案的本公司 股東可依照上段所載程序要求本公司召開股 東大會。

有關股東提名董事候選人的權利,請參閱本公司網站「股東提名人十參選董事的程序」。

向董事會作出查詢

本公司股東如欲向董事會作出任何查詢,可將書面查詢送交本公司,聯絡詳情載於本公司網站(www.jyhyne.com)。

與股東及投資者的溝通

本公司認為與其股東有效溝通對促進投資者關係及加深投資者對本集團業務表現及策略的瞭解至為重要。本公司致力保持與股東的持續溝通,尤其是透過股東週年大會及其他股東大會。

董事(或其代表,視乎情況而定)將於股東週年 大會上與股東會面及回應彼等的疑問。

有關股東的政策

本公司已制訂股東溝通政策,確保股東的意見 及關注事項得到妥善處理。本公司定期檢討該 政策以確保其有效性。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

環境、社會及管治報告

ABOUT THIS REPORT 1.

The 2021 Environmental, Social and Governance Report of China Nature Energy Technology Holdings Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Report") is the second Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Report issued by China Nature Energy Technology Holdings Limited, which elaborates on the principles adopted by China Nature Energy Technology Holdings Limited in fulfilling its corporate social responsibility and the performance results thereof in 2021, including sustainability issues in relation to environment and society that are of concern to key stakeholders.

1.1. Reporting Principle

The Report follows the reporting principles set forth in the ESG Reporting Guide of the Stock Exchange, including:

Principle of materiality: In accordance with this principle, the Report determines the issues that need to be addressed in the Report through a materiality analysis, and focuses on reporting the matters related to environment, society and governance that may have material impact on investors and other stakeholders.

Principle of quantification: In accordance with this principle, the Report discloses key quantitative performance indicators, and gives illustrations on the implications of the indicators with explanations on the calculation basis and assumptions.

Principle of balance: According to this principle, the content of the Report reflects objective facts and discloses all indicators involving positive and negative information.

Principle of consistency: In accordance with this principle, the Report explains the implications of the key quantitative ESG performance indicators disclosed herein, explains the calculation basis and assumptions, and tries to keep consistent with the indicators used for different reporting periods in order to reflect the trend of performance levels.

關於本報告 1.

《中國納泉能源科技控股有限公司2021年 度環境、計會及管治報告》(以下簡稱「本 報告1)是中國納泉能源科技控股有限公 司發佈的第2份環境、社會及管治(ESG)報 告,闡述了中國納泉能源科技控股有限 公司2021年度履行企業社會責任所秉持 的原則及推行的工作績效,包括重要利 益相關方所關注的有關環境及社會的可 持續發展議題。

1.1. 報告原則

本報告遵循聯交所《環境、社會及管 治報告指引》的匯報原則,包括:

重要性原則:根據該原則,本報告 通過重要性分析確定報告需重點回 應的議題,並對有關環境、社會和 管治事宜可能對投資者及其他權益 人產生重要影響的事項進行重點匯 報。

量化原則:根據該原則,本報告披 露關鍵定量績效指標,並對指標含 義作出解釋,説明計算依據和假定 條件。

平衡原則:根據該原則,本報告內 容反映客觀事實,對涉及正面、負 面信息的指標均進行披露。

一致性原則:根據該原則,本報告 對所披露的 ESG關鍵定量績效指標 含義作出解釋,並説明計算依據和 假定條件;同時對不同報告期所用 指標儘量保持一致,以反映績效水 平趨勢。

1.2. Scope of the Report

Organizational scope: The Report covers China Nature Energy Technology Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries, consistent with the entities covered in the consolidated financial statements in the annual report.

Time scope: The Report is a report on annual basis, covering the period from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021. Some of the contents may precede or post-date this period due to the continuity or the significant impact of the project.

1.3. Basis of Preparation

This report is prepared in accordance with the ESG Reporting Guide set out in Appendix 27 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Main Board Listing Rules") issued by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and with reference to the GRI STANDARDS (Core Option) issued by the Global Sustainability Standards Board (GSSB).

1.4. Data Description

The data quoted in the Report are derived from the official documents and statistical data of the Company. Unless otherwise stated, all measurements in the Report are in metric system and all amounts are denominated in RMB.

1.5. Reference Description

For ease of expression and reading, China Nature Energy Technology Holdings Limited is referred to as "Nature Energy Technology", "Nature", "Company" or "we" in the Report, unless the context otherwise requires.

1.6. Publication of the Report

The Report is published in electronic version only.

1.2. 報告範圍

組織範圍:本報告涵蓋中國納泉能源科技控股有限公司及其附屬公司,與年報綜合財務報表中所涵蓋的實體一致。

時間範圍:本報告為年度報告,所涵蓋的時間範圍為二零二一年一月一日至二零二一年十二月三十一日。部分內容由於考慮項目連續性或重大影響的因素,會向前追溯或向後延伸。

1.3. 編製依據

本報告依據香港聯合交易所有限公司(以下簡稱「聯交所」)發佈的《香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則》(以下簡稱「主板上市規則」)附錄二十七《環境、社會及管治報告指引》及參考全球可持續發展標準委員會(GSSB)發佈的GRI STANDARDS核心方案編製。

1.4. 數據説明

本報告所引用數據均來自公司正式 文件和統計數據。本報告所引用數 據,除另有説明,度量衡均為公 制,貨幣單位均為人民幣。

1.5. 指代説明

為便於表述和閱讀,報告中中國納泉能源科技科技控股有限公司簡稱為「納泉能源科技」、「納泉」、「公司」或「我們」(內文另有所指除外)。

1.6. 報告發佈

本報告僅發行電子版。

2. MESSAGE FROM THE BOARD

As ESG is an indispensable element for the development of modern enterprises, the Group is gradually aware of the significant impact of ESG risks and opportunities on the stable, long-term and healthy development of enterprises, and has taken significant measures to optimize the structure of corporate governance, environment and social responsibility.

As the highest decision-making body for ESG of the Group, the Board guides the heads of various departments of the Group to form an ESG working group, determines its main responsibilities and values, authorizes the ESG working group to assist it in coordinating, managing and supervising ESG issues, and regularly receives work reports of the ESG working group to effectively respond to ESG risks and opportunities.

The Directors and the management of the Group will actively learn from the practical experience of mature international enterprises and industry leaders, strengthen internal optimization, and seek to integrate the management model based on the ESG concept into the business strategy, risk control management, compliance and daily operation of the Company, so as to create sustainable values for the Company and its stakeholders.

In the future development process, the Group will take ESG strategy as an important tool to improve the adaptability of business development, continue to integrate sustainable development elements into business operations, further improve the Group's internal control mechanism, and establish a sustainable business model. The Board will continue to perform its duties, give full play to its leadership, seize global opportunities of sustainable development, and continuously improve the ESG engineering construction of the Group.

The Board regularly reviews the ESG work and approves the disclosure on ESG-related information. The Report has been reviewed and approved by the Board before publication.

2. 董事會聲明

ESG作為現代化企業發展不可或缺的元素,本集團逐漸意識到ESG風險與機遇對於企業穩定、長遠、健康的發展帶來的較大影響,並已採取重大措施優化企業管治、環境和社會責任架構。

董事會作為本集團ESG最高決策機構,指 導本集團各部門負責人組成設立ESG工作 小組,明確其主要職責及價值,並授權 ESG工作小組協助其統籌、管理及監督 ESG各項事宜,並定期接受ESG工作小組 的工作匯報,以有效應對ESG的風險與機 遇。

本集團董事和管理層將積極借鑑成熟的國際企業及行業領先企業的實踐經驗,加強內部優化,尋求符合ESG理念的管理模式融入公司的經營策略、風控管理、合規及日常運營之中,為公司及利益相關者創造可持續發展價值。

在未來的發展過程中,本集團將把ESG策略作為提高業務發展適應性的重要工具,持續融入可持續發展元素到業務運營中,進一步完善本集團的內部監管機制,建立可持續的企業經營模式。董事會將繼續履行自身職責,發揮領導力,把握全球可持續發展機遇,不斷完善集團的ESG工程建設。

董事會會定期檢討ESG工作,以及審批 ESG相關的信息披露。本報告在發佈前已 經通過董事會審閱及批准。

3. ABOUT US

3.1. Corporate Overview

China Nature Energy Technology Holdings Limited focuses on providing integrated services for the new energy power industry and was listed on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange on 20 October 2020 (stock code: 01597). Currently, the Group has nearly 170 employees in the research and development ("R&D"), production, sales, operation and maintenance and investment teams, focusing on the two core industries of energy storage and wind power pitch control systems. It has established a mature business network in northern China, eastern China and southern China, covering the new energy business around the globe.

During the Reporting Period, the Company had no significant changes in its ownership, nature and supply chain.

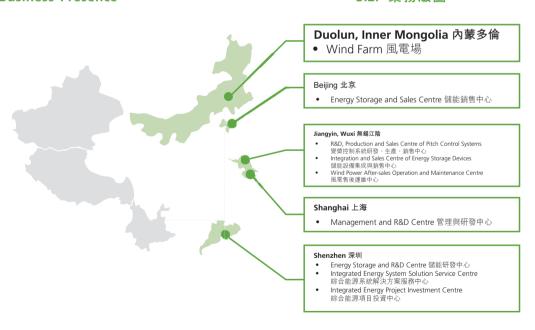
3. 關於我們

3.1. 企業概況

中國納泉能源科技控股有限公司專注於新能源電力產業的綜合服務,於二零二零年十月二十日在香港聯交所主板上市,股票代號:01597。集團現擁有研發、生產、銷售、運維及投資團隊近170人,圍繞儲能及風電變獎控制系統兩大核心產業,已在中國的華北、華東及華南等地區建立了成熟的業務網絡,輻射全球新能源業務。

報告期內,公司無所有權、性質和 供應鏈的重大變化。

3.2. Business Presence



3.2. 業務版圖

3.3. Corporate Culture

Core Values: Innovation, Practical, Enthusiastic, Development

Corporate Spirit: Dare to Take Responsibility, Brave to Make Attempt, Advancing with a Determined Spirit, Strive for the Best

Corporate Mission: Carrying Forward the Spirit of Hard Working, Striving for Long-Term Development

Corporate Vision: Committed to becoming a trustworthy new energy equipment manufacturer

Business Philosophy: Customer success is the foundation of our success

Company Goal: Adhering to the trial and marketing industry of high-end and new products, striving for excellence and strength backed by science and technology and the industry, and persisting in localization, so that the Company can gradually develop into a large scale high-tech company with high recognition and sound reputation in the industry.

3.3. 企業文化

核心價值觀:求新、務實、奮進、 發展

企業精神: 敢於承擔、勇於嘗試、 鋭意進取、力爭上游

企業使命:弘揚實幹精神,遠行通 達之道

企業願景:致力於成為值得信賴的 新能源設備製造商

經營理念:只有顧客成功,才有我們成功

公司目標:堅持高、新產品試銷產業,實現做精做強,以科技為動力,以產業為依託,堅持走國產化道路,使公司逐步發展成為業內知名度較高、信譽好、規模大的高科技公司。

3.4. Development Milestones

In 2015, Jiangyin Hongyuan New Energy Technology Company Limited (江陰弘遠新能源科技有限公司) was established as one of the pioneers in the high-voltage pitch control system manufacturing market in the PRC; Datang Gucang Duolun Wind Farm was connected to the grid for power generation.

In 2016, we successfully developed 2.x-4.x MW high-voltage pitch control system, which marked an important step in the entire market for the transformation from low-voltage to high-voltage pitch control system.

In 2017, the pitch control system obtained GB/T 19001–2016/ISO9001: 2015 quality management system certification; we provided wind power aftersales operation and maintenance services, with our business covering wind farms across the country.

In 2018, Jiangyin Hongyuan was awarded the National High and New Technology Enterprise Certificate.

In 2019, the high-voltage pitch control system was upgraded to 8.0 MW and launched to the offshore wind power market.

In 2020, China Nature Energy Technology Holdings Limited was listed on the Main Board in Hong Kong.

In 2021, Nature Intelligent Energy (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. (納泉智慧能源 (深圳) 有限公司) was established to carry out comprehensive energy storage business.

3.4. 發展里程碑

二零一五年,成立江陰弘遠新能源 科技有限公司,成為中國高壓變槳 控制系統製造市場的先驅之一:大 唐穀倉多倫風電場併網發電。

二零一六年,成功開發2.x-4.x兆瓦高壓變槳控制系統,帶動整個市場由低壓轉向高壓變槳控制系統邁出重要一步。

二零一七年,變槳控制系統取得GB/T 19001-2016/ISO9001:2015質量管理系統認證:開展風電售後運維服務,業務遍佈全國各地風場。

二零一八年,江陰弘遠獲授國家高 新技術企業證書。

二零一九年,將高壓變槳控制系統提升至8.0兆瓦,推廣海上風電市場。

二零二零年,中國納泉能源科技控 股有限公司在香港主板上市。

二零二一年,成立納泉智慧能源(深圳)有限公司,全面開展儲能業務。

3.5. Honours Received

3.5. 所獲榮譽

No. 序號	Time 時間	Honours received 所獲榮譽	Awarding entity 頒發單位
1	January 2019	2018 Advanced Enterprise in Quality Development Performance Assessment	CPC Yuecheng Town Committee, Yuecheng Town People's Government
	二零一九年 一月	2018年度高質量發展績效考核先進企業	中共月城鎮委員會、月城鎮 人民政府
2	January 2019	2018 Advanced Enterprise for Scientific and Technological Talents Innovation	CPC Yuecheng Town Committee, Yuecheng Town People's Government
	二零一九年 一月	2018年度科技人才創新先進企業	中共月城鎮委員會、月城鎮 人民政府
3	January 2019	2018 Advanced Foreign-funded Foreign Trade Enterprise	CPC Yuecheng Town Committee, Yuecheng Town People's Government
	二零一九年 一月	2018年度外資外貿先進企業	中共月城鎮委員會、月城鎮 人民政府
4	March 2019	2018 Advanced Unit for Industrial Development	CPC Yuecheng Town Committee, Yuecheng Town People's Government
	二零一九年 三月	2018年度產業強鎮建設先進單位	中共月城鎮委員會、月城鎮 人民政府
5	April 2019 二零一九年 四月	Advanced Unit for Protecting Democratic and Legal Rights 民主法治維權先進單位	Yuecheng Federation of Trade Unions 月城鎮總工會

No. 序號	Time 時間	Honours received 所獲榮譽	Awarding entity 頒發單位
6	2019	2019 Model Enterprise of Compliance and Integrity	Jiangyin Federation of Industry and Commerce, Jiangyin Federation of Trade Unions
	二零一九年	2019年度守法誠信示範企業	江陰市工商業聯合會、江陰 市總工會
7	January 2020	2019 Integrity Model Enterprise	CPC Yuecheng Town Committee, Yuecheng Town People's Government
	二零二零年 一月	2019年度誠信示範企業	中共月城鎮委員會、月城鎮 人民政府
8	January 2020	2019 Excellent Enterprise with High- quality Development Performance	CPC Yuecheng Town Committee, Yuecheng Town People's Government
	二零二零年 一月	2019年度高質量發展績優秀企業	中共月城鎮委員會、月城鎮 人民政府
9	January 2020	2019 Advanced Enterprise for Scientific and Technological Talents Innovation	CPC Yuecheng Town Committee, Yuecheng Town People's Government
	二零二零年 一月	2019年度科技人才創新先進企業	中共月城鎮委員會、月城鎮 人民政府
10	January 2020	2019 Enterprise with Tax Contribution of Over Ten Million	CPC Yuecheng Town Committee, Yuecheng Town People's Government
	二零二零年 一月	2019年度入庫税金超千萬元企業	中共月城鎮委員會、月城鎮 人民政府

No. 序號	Time 時間	Honours received 所獲榮譽	Awarding entity 頒發單位
11	January 2020	2019 Advanced Foreign-funded Foreign Trade Enterprise	CPC Yuecheng Town Committee, Yuecheng Town People's Government
	二零二零年 一月	2019年度外資外貿先進企業	中共月城鎮委員會、月城鎮 人民政府
12	January 2020	2019 Key Enterprise in Jiangyin City	CPC Jiangyin Municipal Committee, Jiangyin Municipal People's Government
	二零二零年 一月	2019年度江陰市重點骨幹企業	中共江陰市委、江陰市人民政府
13	March 2020	2019 Advanced Collective for Industrial Development	CPC Yuecheng Town Committee, Yuecheng Town People's Government
	二零二零年 三月	2019年度產業強鎮建設先進集體	中共月城鎮委員會、月城鎮 人民政府
14	January 2021	2020 Outstanding Contribution Enterprise with High-quality Development Performance	CPC Yuecheng Town Committee, Yuecheng Town People's Government
	二零二一年 一月	2020年度高質量發展績效突出貢獻企業	中共月城鎮委員會、月城鎮 人民政府
15	January 2021	2020 Enterprise with Tax Contribution of Over Ten Million	CPC Yuecheng Town Committee, Yuecheng Town People's Government
	二零二一年 一月	2020年度入庫税金超千萬元企業	中共月城鎮委員會、月城鎮 人民政府

No. 序號	Time 時間	Honours received 所獲榮譽	Awarding entity 頒發單位
16	January 2021	2020 Foreign-funded Foreign Trade Cash Enterprise	CPC Yuecheng Town Committee, Yuecheng Town People's Government
	二零二一年 一月	2020年度外資外貿現金企業	中共月城鎮委員會、月城鎮 人民政府
17	January 2021	2020 Advanced Collective of Safe Production	CPC Yuecheng Town Committee, Yuecheng Town People's Government
	二零二一年 一月	2020年度安全生產工作先進集體	中共月城鎮委員會、月城鎮 人民政府
18	January 2021	2020 Advanced Unit for Harmonious Labour Relations	CPC Yuecheng Town Committee, Yuecheng Town People's Government
	二零二一年 一月	2020年度和諧勞資關係先進單位	中共月城鎮委員會、月城鎮 人民政府
19	January 2021	2020 Key Enterprise in Jiangyin City	CPC Jiangyin Municipal Committee, Jiangyin Municipal People's Government
	二零二一年 一月	2020年度江陰市重點骨幹企業	中共江陰市委、江陰市人民 政府府
20	March 2021	2020 Advanced Collective for Industrial Development	CPC Yuecheng Town Committee, Yuecheng Town People's Government
	二零二一年 三月	2020年度產業強鎮先進集體	中共月城鎮委員會、月城鎮 人民政府

4. MANAGEMENT: INTEGRITY AND COMPLIANCE

Integrity and compliant operation are the foundation of corporate development. Nature Energy Technology strictly abides by the bottom line of compliance, advocates honest operation, continuously improves various compliance management systems, provides a solid guarantee for the sustainable development of the Company, and drives partners to fulfill their compliance responsibilities with their own compliant operation, so as to create a healthy and honest operating environment.

4.1. Rebulatory Governance

In strict compliance with the Company Law and other laws and regulations as well as the Articles of Association, Nature Energy Technology continuously optimizes the relevant systems of corporate governance and compliance management, improves the internal control system, builds and enhances a modern management system that meets the requirements of the regulatory authorities, and achieves normalized and effective operation of the internal management and control system.

4.2. Anti-corruption

Nature Energy Technology attaches great importance to anti-corruption and related work, strictly abides by the Audit Law of the People's Republic of China (《中華人民共和國審計法》), the Internal Audit Regulations of the People's Republic of China (《中華 人民共和國內部審計條例》) and relevant laws and regulations, and has formulated and implemented the Anti-fraud and Reporting System (《反舞弊與舉 報制度》) and the Anti-corruption and Anti-bribery Management System (《反腐敗反行賄管理制度》) to regulate the Company's material procurement, business sales, equipment procurement and other activities. The Company invites third-party professional institutions to conduct internal control audits every year, and regularly conducts anticorruption training for all directors and employees to strengthen their awareness of anti-corruption and create a good atmosphere of upholding the bottom line and integrity.

4. 管理:誠信合規

誠信合規經營是企業發展的根本,納泉 能源科技嚴守合規底線,倡導誠信的經 營之道,不斷完善各項合規管理制度, 為公司可持續發展提供堅實保障,以自 身合規運營帶動合作伙伴履行合規責 任,營造健康、誠信的運營環境。

4.1. 規範治理

納泉能源科技嚴格按照《公司法》等法律法規和公司章程,不斷完善公司治理及合規管理相關制度,健全內部控制體系,構建和完善符合監管機構要求的現代管理體系,內部管理和控制制度體系實現常態化有效運行。

4.2. 反腐倡廉

The Company maintains a smooth channel for reporting anti-corruption complaints, provides reporting channels such as telephone hotline, e-mail and letter, sets up a reporting box for preventing commercial bribery, and takes effective measures to protect the information and data of the whistleblowers. The Company has strengthened the internal control and supervision mechanism of the enterprise, adhered to honesty and trustworthiness, strictly followed the rules of fair competition, guided the management and related stakeholders of the Company such as customers and suppliers to act in accordance with the law, and consciously resisted corruption phenomenon such as prejudicing ethics in pursuit of profits, undermining public interests in exchange for private interests, going back on promises, and deception and fraud.

Performance Indicators 績效指標	Unit 單位	2019 2019年	2020 2020年	2021 2021年
Number of corruption proceedings brought against the issuer or its employees and settled during the	case			
Reporting Period 匯報期內對發行人或其員工提出	件	0	0	0
並已審結的貪污訴訟案件數	11	v	J	· ·
Proportion of employees covered by	%			
anti-corruption training				
反貪污培訓覆蓋的員工比例	%	100	100	100
Length of time per employee	Hour per person			
participating in anti-corruption				
training				
員工人均參與反貪污培訓時長	小時/人	1	1	1
Proportion of Board members covered by anti-corruption training	%			
反貪污培訓覆蓋的董事會成員比例 	%	100	100	100
Number of hours per Director participating in anti-corruption	Hour	100	100	100
training 董事人均接受反貪污培訓小時數	小時	2	2	2

4.3. Fair competition

Nature Energy Technology adheres to the principle of fair competition, strictly abides by the Company Law of the People's Republic of China (《中華人民共和國 公司法》), the Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China (《中華人民共和國反不正 當競爭法》) and other laws and regulations, respects every competitor, and regards excellent competitors as the motivation for innovation and change of the Company. The Company conducts fair competition training for employees to prevent unfair competition. Through the establishment of whistleblowing procedures, the Company monitors and protects whistle-blowers against unfair competition, and actively creates a healthy and transparent operating atmosphere and a good business competition environment.

In order to strengthen fair competition, the Company has also signed the "Sunshine Agreement" with suppliers as an appendix when signing procurement contracts to increase the transparency of the procurement and bidding process and protect the common interests of the Company and suppliers.

During the Reporting Period, the Company was not involved in any legal proceedings related to improper competition.

4.3. 公平競爭

納泉能源科技恪守公平競爭的原則,嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國反法》、《中華人民共和國反不正當競爭法》及其他法律法規,尊重對三人民共和國原籍等對手,並把優秀的動力,防軍等對人工當競爭行為。公司通過行為。公上報程序,對反不正當競爭行為正當競爭行為正當競爭行為正當競爭行為正當競爭行為正當競爭行為正當競爭行為正當競爭行為正當競爭行為正當競爭對反不正當發爭對反不正當發爭對反不可不報

為加強公平競爭,公司在簽訂採購合同時,還與供應商簽訂「陽光協議」作為附件,增加採購和招標過程的透明度,保障公司和供應商的共同利益。

報告期內,公司未發生不當競爭相 關的法律訴訟。

4.4. Information Security

Nature Energy Technology has always attached great importance to the protection of business secrets and information security, and earnestly fulfilled its commitment to the protection of customer information assets. The Company has formulated the Information Security Management System (《信息安 全管理制度》) to regulate the protection of customer information assets by employees and departments, promote the protection of customer information assets from the three aspects of information user management, physical environment, as well as communication and operation, regularly carry out information security risk assessment, establish an information security emergency response mechanism, optimize the information security management system, ensure the information security of the Company and customers to the greatest extent, and minimize the impact of accidental information leakage. During the Reporting Period, the Company did not have any internal or customer information leakage incidents and related disputes and litigations.

4.5. Intellectual Property

Over the years, Nature Energy Technology regards respecting intellectual property rights and protecting intellectual property rights from infringement as an important responsibility by strictly abiding by intellectual property laws and regulations and respecting the intellectual property rights of all parties. By formulating and implementing the Knowledge Control Procedures (《知識控制程序》), the Company regulates the management of internal exchange and sharing of intellectual property rights, the management of external intellectual property rights, and the management of corporate intellectual property assets. Through the collection and organization of intellectual property information by various departments, the Company forms a list of intellectual property assets to ensure that its operation does not infringe any patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of other companies and individuals.

4.4. 信息安全

4.5. 知識產權

The Company continues to strengthen its intellectual property management and enhance the awareness of employees and management personnel on intellectual property. The Company's technology center is responsible for technology research and development and innovation. All models of pitch systems have passed the power grid adaptability certification of China Electric Power Research Institute. In 2021, the Company had 5 invention patents, 33 utility model patents and 8 software copyrights.

During the Reporting Period, the Company was not involved in any disputes or litigations in relation to intellectual property rights.

4.6. Information Disclosure

In strict compliance with the requirements of relevant laws and regulations, Nature Energy Technology strengthens the management of matters related to information disclosure, fulfills its information disclosure obligations, maintains smooth information channels, and discloses information in a true, reliable, accurate, timely and complete manner. In particular, for material information that may affect the investment decisions of shareholders and other investors, the Company promptly releases and submits such information to the public to ensure fair treatment of all investors without selective disclosure, so as to allow shareholders and all stakeholders to keep abreast of the Company's development, enhance information transparency and ensure the investors' right to know.

公司不斷強化企業知識產權管理, 提升員工和管理人員的知識產權意 識,公司技術中心負責技術研發與 創新,各型號變槳系統均已通過中 國電力科學研究院的電網適應性認 證。二零二一年,本公司有5個發明 專利、33個實用新型專利及8項軟件 著作權。

報告期內,公司未發生涉及知識產權的糾紛和訴訟。

4.6. 信息披露

5. PARTNERS: WIN-WIN COOPERATION

Adhering to an open and cooperative attitude, Nature Energy Technology actively explores a win-win model with business partners. We are committed to providing high-quality and safe products and services, continuously improving the customer relationship management system, accompanying the growth of customers, meeting customer needs, continuously innovating, and working with all parties to build a sustainable industrial chain and maintain a good business ecosystem.

5.1. Quality Management

Quality is the foundation of the Company's business activities. Quality assurance is an essential element of the Company's management system. Quality and quality assurance are the embodiment of the Company's mission. Nature Energy Technology strictly abides by the Product Quality Law of the People's Republic of China (《中華人民共和國產品質量法》) and other laws and regulations, with the aim of "providing products and services with outstanding quality and the highest value to our users", strives for customer satisfaction and maintains trust in our products and services.

The Company regards users' judgment as the final evaluation standard of quality, and has established a management system of "full product inspection". The Company implements comprehensive quality management throughout the entire process of product planning, design and development, production, sales and delivery, and formulates relevant management procedures in each part which require every employee to be responsible for work quality, clarify product quality control requirements, and ensure high-quality product delivery. The Company has passed the ISO9001: 2015 quality system certification.

5. 夥伴:合作共贏

納泉能源科技秉承開放合作的態度,積極探索與業務夥伴的共贏模式。致力於提供優質、安全的產品和服務,不斷完善客戶關係管理體系,陪伴客戶成長,滿足客戶所需,持續創新,攜手各方共建可持續發展的產業鏈,維護良好商業生態。

5.1. 質量管理

質量是公司經營活動的基礎,質量保證是公司經營活動的基礎,質量保證是公司管理系統的一個基本要素,質量與質量保證是公司宗旨的體現。納泉能源科技嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國產品質量法》及其他法律法規,以「向我們的用戶提供傑出的質量與最高價值的產品與服務」為目標,力求用戶滿意,並保持對我們的產品與服務的信任。

公司將用戶的判斷作為質量的最終評價標準,建立了「產品全檢」的管理體系,將全面質量管理貫穿產品策劃、設計開發、生產、銷售品交付的全過程,在各環節制定相關管理程序,要求每一位員工必須對工作質量負責,明確產品質量控制要求,保障高質量的產品交付。本營票認證。

Process 流程	Management System 管理制度	Control measures 管控措施
Planning	Planning Procedures for Product Realization (《產品實現的策劃程 序》)	 Establishing quality objectives and requirements for products, and specifying verification and acceptance criteria Preparing quality plan, follow-up feedback form, etc.
策劃	《產品實現的策劃程序》	設立產品的質量目標與要求,明確驗證及接受準則編製質量計劃、跟蹤反饋表等
Design and development	Design and Development Control Procedures (《設計和開發控制程序》)	• Preparing the Design and Development Project Task Proposal (《設計開發項目任務計劃書》) to track and record design requirements, surveying and mapping data, drawing plans, review requirements, sample preparation and inspection requirements, etc.
設計開發	《設計和開發控制程序》	編製《設計開發項目任務計劃書》,追蹤記錄設計要求、測繪數據、製圖方案、評審要求、樣品製作與檢查要求等
Production	Production Process Control Procedures (《生產過程控制程序》), Control Procedures on Process, Product Monitoring and Surveying (《過程、產品的監視和測量控制程序》), Regulations on Production Process (《生產工藝規程》), etc.	 Inspecting samples produced by equipment after commissioning Inspecting products and packaging Managing product labels
生產	《生產過程控制程序》、《過程、產品的監視和測量控制程序》、《生產工藝規程》等	檢驗調試後設備生產的樣品抽檢產品及包裝管理產品標識
Delivery	Regulations on Product Labelling and Traceability Management (《產品標示和可追溯性管理規範》), Regulations on Product Delivery Management (《產品交付管理規範》)	 Verifying products and customer information to ensure that customer needs are met
交付	《產品標示和可追溯性管理規範》、 《產品交付管理規範》	核對產品與客戶信息,保證符合 客戶需求

5.2. Innovative R&D

Innovation is a strong driving force for high-quality development of enterprises. Nature Energy Technology continuously optimizes the innovation management mechanism, concentrates on improving innovation ability, increases investment in scientific and technological research and development, focuses on scientific and technological innovation, and leads corporate innovation and development. In order to promote production technology innovation of the Company, shorten the product R&D cycle, enhance the quality of product design and reduce product development costs, Nature Energy Technology invested RMB11,570,000 in R&D during the Reporting Period, accounting for 3.82% of the operating revenue for the same period.

5.3. Quality Service

Naquan Energy Technology adheres to customer needs as the center, responds quickly and implements accurately, and is committed to providing customers with better services, focusing on safeguarding customer interests, and always taking customer satisfaction as the measurement standard.

The Company broadens customer communication channels, introduces the Company's business to customers through advertisements, trade fairs, onsite visits, etc., communicates with customers through hotline, letters, industry association feedback, visits and other channels, coordinates and manages the communication with customers before, during and after sales through the Customer-Related Process Control Procedures, and regulates the Company's after-sales service and return handling process through the After-sales Service Management Regulations and the Customer Return Goods Handling Regulations.

The Company regulates the identification and handling process of unqualified products in the manufacturing and delivery process through the Control Procedures for Unqualified Products and the Flow Chart for Disposal of Defective Products. For non-conforming products, the Company adopts returning, exchanging and other handling methods.

5.2. 創新研發

創新是企業高質量發展的強勁動力。納泉能源科技不斷完善創新管理機制,著力提升創新能力,加大科技研發投入,聚焦科技創新,引受企業創新發展。為了推動公司,是產技術革新,縮短產品研發週期受量,降低產品設計質量,降低產品開發成本,報告期內納泉投入研發資金1,157萬元,佔同期營業收入的3.82%。

5.3. 優質服務

納泉能源科技秉承以客戶需求為中心,快速反應,精準執行,致力於 為客戶提供更加優質的服務,注重 維護客戶利益,始終以客戶滿意為 衡量標準。

公司對在製造、交付環節出現的不 合格產品通過《不合格品控制程序》 及《不良品處置流程圖》規範識別與 處理流程。針對不合格品,公司採 取退貨、換貨及其怹處理方式。



Quality Management Performance of Nature Energy Technology in the Past Three Years 納泉能源科技近三年質量管理績效

Performance Indicators	Unit	2019	2020	2021
績效指標	單位	2019年	2020年	2021年
Total number of violations of health and safety and labelling laws and regulations by the products and services provided	pieces			
所提供的產品和服務在健康與安 全、標籤方面發生違法違規事件 的總數	件	0	0	0
Proportion of products to be returned for safety and health reasons in the total number of products sold or delivered	%			
已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與 健康理由而須回收的比例	%	0	0	0
Total number of violations of marketing laws and regulations	pieces			
在市場推廣方面發生違法違規事件 的總數	件	0	0	0
The number of complaints received regarding products and services	pieces			
接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目	件	0	0	0

We have formulated and improved the Control Procedures for Customer Satisfaction and Customer Complaints to standardize customer satisfaction surveys and complaint handling, regularly carried out customer satisfaction surveys, and assign special personnel to conduct on-site communication with customers, identified and classified the problems and suggestions raised by customers, and rectified the items that can be improved, so as to quickly and effectively solve the problems of customers and improve customer satisfaction. The Company has also set up a tracking and verification process to further strengthen the tracking and management of the implementation of improvement measures, ensure that the feedback provided by customers is effectively improved and improved, promote the communication between the Company and customers, and improve the quality of customer service. In 2021, the Company conducted spot checks on 3 customers out of 5 major customers with monthly orders. The actual sampling coverage reached 60%, the recovery rate reached 100%, and customer satisfaction reached 99%.

控制程序》,規範開展顧客滿意度調 查及投訴處理,定期開展客戶滿意 度調查,並派專人與客戶進行現場 溝通,對客戶提出的問題和建議進 行識別、分類,對可改進項目進行 整改,快速、有效地解決客戶的困 擾,提高客戶滿意度。公司還設置 跟蹤驗證環節,進一步加強對改進 措施落實情況的跟蹤管理,確保客 戶提供的反饋得到切實的改進和提 升,促進公司與客戶的交流,提升 為客戶服務的質量。二零二一年, 公司從每月都有訂單的5個主要客 戶中抽查了3個顧客,實際抽查覆蓋 率 達60%, 回 收 率 達100%, 客 戶 滿意度達99%。

制定完善《顧客滿意度和顧客投訴

5.4. Supplier Management

Based on the basic principles of supplier identification, Nature Energy Technology adheres to the principle of paying equal attention to quality, cost, delivery and service, actively carries out the construction of supplier management system, firmly advocates the concept of responsible procurement, continuously improves the requirements for suppliers to fulfill their social responsibilities, and strengthens communication with suppliers through various methods to jointly establish a healthy, positive and sustainable green supply chain.

5.4. 供應商管理

納泉能源科技本著物色供應商的基本準則,遵守質量、成本、交付應商的與服務並重的原則,積極做好供應預管理體系建設,大力倡導負責任任期。 對理體系建設,大力倡導負責任抵購的理念,不斷提升對供應商展刊社會責任的要求,通過多種形式加強與供應商的溝通交流,共同建成,以使康、良性、可持續發展的綠色供應鏈。 The Company has established the Supplier Management System to coordinate and regulate the selection, file management, daily management, evaluation, elimination and complaint handling of suppliers, and improve the Procurement and Supplier Control Procedures to clarify the specific requirements for supplier selection, evaluation and management. Under the same conditions, priority is given to energy-saving equipment and low-consumption materials. The Company divides suppliers into important materials, general materials and auxiliary materials suppliers according to the types of products provided by suppliers, and classifies and manages suppliers by categories.

The Company continues to strengthen the management of the procurement process, and uses the Supplier Assessment Form and Supplier Inspection Report every year to evaluate suppliers in terms of sample selection, quality control, employee training, dangerous goods management, waste discharge, ISO system certification, etc. For suppliers with serious quality, environmental protection and safety problems, the Company will follow the management procedures of improvement, correction and prevention actions, issue a rectification notice and require them to provide rectification reports.

The number of qualified suppliers of the Company in the past three years is as follows:

近三年,公司合格供應商數量如下 表:

Performance Indicators 績效指標	Unit 單位	2019 2019年	2020 2020年	2021 2021年
Total number of suppliers	Home			
供應商總數	家	10	18	36
Number of suppliers in Mainland China	Home			
中國大陸的供應商數	家	10	18	35
Number of suppliers from overseas, Hong Kong, Macao and Taiwan	Home			
海外及港澳台地區的供應商數	家	0	0	1
Percentage of suppliers that have implemented environmental, labour and ethical performance assessment in accordance with the Company's supplier assessment system	%			
按公司的供應商評估制度執行 環境、勞工、道德等方面表現 評估的供應商百分比	%	100	100	100%
Number of suppliers found that was unable to meet the evaluation criteria during the reporting period	Home			
報告期內發現不符合評估 標準的供應商數目	家	0	0	0

6. EMPLOYEES: PEOPLE-ORIENTED

Employees are the foundation of enterprise development and the source of enterprise innovation. Nature Energy Technology attaches great importance to the protection of employees' rights and interests, provides employees with a humanized working environment, creates a diversified and harmonious working atmosphere, and strives to build a platform for employees to realize value and share development results with employees.

6.1. Employment Overview

Nature Energy Technology always adheres to the employment concept of fairness, equality and merit-based recruitment, carries out recruitment activities with equal pay for equal work and no gender discrimination, attaches importance to the diversity of talents, provides fair, open and transparent employment opportunities, and prohibits the recruitment and employment of employees due to factors such as gender, religious belief and economic ability. The Company attaches great importance to gender equality and resolutely eliminates discrimination against women in employment. The Company does not discriminate against the disabled and actively creates job opportunities for the disabled.

At the end of 2021, the total number of employees of Naquan was 169, including 134 male employees, accounting for 79.3%; and 35 female employees, accounting for 20.7%.

6. 員工:以人為本

員工是企業發展的基礎,是企業創新的源泉。納泉能源科技高度重視員工權益保障,為員工提供人性化的工作環境,創造多元、和諧的工作氛圍,努力為員工構建價值實現的平台,與員工共享發展成果。

6.1. 用工情況

納泉能源科技始終奉行公正平等、 擇優錄取的用工理念,開展同一翻、無性別歧視的招聘活動,重視 人才的多元化,提供公平性別 透明的就業機會,禁止因性制 透明的就業機會,禁止因限制員、 教信仰、經濟能力等因素限制員平 招聘與錄用。公司注重男女性制 堅決杜絕在僱傭中對女性的歧疾 公司不歧視殘疾 人 創造工作機會。

二零二一年末,納泉公司員工總人數 為169人,其中有男性員工134人,佔比為79.3%:有女性員工35人,佔比為20.7%.

The employment of the Company in the past three years is as follows:

近三年,公司用工情況如下表:

Performance Indicators 績效指標	Unit 單位	2019 2019年	2020 2020年	2021 2021年
製 双 旧 	<u> </u>	2019-	2020+	20214
Total number of employees	person			
員工總數	人	134	165	169
By gender:				
按性別:				
Number of female employees	person			
女性員工數	人	23	28	35
Number of male employees	person			
男性員工數	人	111	137	134
By employment type:				
按僱傭形式:				
Number of employees under	person			
labor contract				
勞動合同制員工人數	人	134	165	169
Number of employees under	person			
labor dispatch				
勞務派遣制員工人數 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	人	0	0	0
Number of employees under	person			
other forms of employment	1	0	2	0
其他僱傭形式員工數	人	0	0	0
By age:				
按年齡:				
Number of employees over 50 50歲以上的員工人數	person	1 5	17	10
	人	15	17	19
Number of employees aged 30 to 50	person			
30歲至50歲的員工人數	人	32	40	47
Number of employees under 30	person	32	40	47
30歲以下的員工人數	人	87	108	103
By region:		07	100	103
按地區:				
Number of employees working in	person			
Mainland China	person			
在中國大陸工作的員工人數	人	133	164	167
Number of employees working in	person	.55		
Hong Kong, Macau, Taiwan	p 0.30			
and overseas				
在港澳台及海外工作的員工人數	人	1	1	2
				_

Performance Indicators	Unit	2019	2020	2021
績效指標	單位	2019年	2020年	2021年
By rank:				
按職級:				
Number of senior management	person			
staff	•			
高級管理層員工人數	人	9	9	10
Number of middle management	person			
staff				
中級管理層員工人數	人	10	10	10
Number of junior employees	person			
基層員工人數	人	115	146	149
Employee turnover rate	%			
員工流失率	%	25.37	29.09	22.84
Including:				
其中:	2.			
Male employee turnover rate	%	25.22	20.55	22.50
男性員工流失率	%	25.23	30.66	33.58
Turnover rate of female	%			
employees	0/	26.00	24.42	F 7
女性員工流失率	%	26.09	21.43	5.7
Turnover rate of employees over	%			
50 50歲以上員工的流失率	0/	0	0	0
	% %	0	0	0
Turnover rate of employees aged 30 to 50	70			
30歲至50歲員工的流失率	%	40.63	40.00	42.00
Turnover rate of employees	%	40.03	40.00	42.00
under 30	70			
30歲以下員工的流失率	%	24.14	29.63	33.52
Turnover rate of employees in	%	2	23.03	33.32
Mainland China	,-			
在中國大陸的員工流失率	%	25.37	29.09	22.84
Turnover rate of employees	%			
working overseas (including				
Hong Kong, Macau and				
Taiwan)				
在海外(含港澳台)工作的員				
工流失率	%	0	0	0
Total number of incidents of				
employee discrimination	case			
員工歧視事件總數	件			

6.2. Protection of Rights and Interests

Nature Energy Technology strictly abides by the Labor Law (勞動法), the Labor Contract Law (勞動合 同法) and other laws and regulations, and has formulated the Human Resources Management System to regulate the employment behavior of the Company and build a harmonious labor relationship. The Company adheres to the recruitment principles of fairness, openness, equality and competition, opposes racial discrimination, gender discrimination and ethnic discrimination, provides equal employment opportunities, implements equal pay for equal work for men and women, and takes no personal characteristics irrelevant to work such as gender, age, ethnicity, religious belief and place of residence as the recruitment restriction conditions, and prohibits discrimination in remuneration treatment due to gender, age, ethnicity, religious belief, place of residence and other reasons unrelated to work. The Company strictly complies with national laws and regulations, respects the internationally accepted social responsibility code of conduct, resolutely eliminates the employment of child labor and forced labor, and prohibits discrimination and harassment. In 2021, there were no incidents and complaints of human rights violations.

The Company adheres to the principle of distribution according to work, adheres to the "win-win" rationale, and establishes a remuneration structure that is conducive to employee development with basic salary as the main body and performance and other benefits, so as to ensure that the remuneration standard of employees is higher than the remuneration standard of the same industry, and the minimum wage standard is higher than the local minimum wage standard stipulated by the government.

6.2. 權益保障

納泉能源科技嚴格遵守《勞動法》、 《勞動合同法》及其他法律法規,並 制定《人力資源管理制度》規範公司 用工行為,構建和諧的勞動關係。 公司堅持公正、公開、平等與競爭 的招聘原則,反對種族歧視、性別 歧視和民族歧視,提供平等就業機 會,實行男女同工同酬,不以性 別、年齡、民族、宗教信仰、戶籍 所在地等與工作無關的個人特徵作 為招聘限制條件,禁止因性別、年 齡、民族、宗教信仰、戶籍所在地 及與工作無關的其他原因在薪酬待 遇卜區別對待。公司嚴格遵守國家 法律法規,尊重國際通行的社會責 任行為準則,堅決杜絕僱用童工和 強迫勞動,禁止歧視和騷擾。二零 二一年,公司未發生侵犯人權的事 件及申訴。

公司遵循按勞分配的原則,堅持「雙贏」理念,建立以基本工資為主體, 績效等其他福利相配套的有利於員 工發展的薪酬結構,確保員工薪酬 標準高於同行業薪酬標準,最低工 資標準高於政府規定的當地最低工 資標準。 The Company strictly implements the national regulations on employee leave. Employees are entitled to take rests and days off in accordance with the law, enjoy wedding and funeral leave, maternity leave, family planning and other holidays in accordance with the regulations, and implement the paid annual leave system. If employees work overtime on holidays and public holidays due to production and operation needs, overtime pay or compensatory leave shall be given in accordance with the Labor Law (勞動法).

The Company signs labor contracts with employees in accordance with laws and regulations, and pays five social insurances and one housing fund for employees. In 2021, the labor contract signing and social insurance participation rate of employees are 100%.

6.3. Training and Development

In order to ensure that the correct values, proper work attitude and appropriate work behaviors of employees to let the Company maintains the advantages of human resources in competition, Nature Energy Technology has established the Employee Training Management System, and formulated the employee training plan at the beginning of each year, which is implemented in stages based on the Company's annual work objectives and the direction of business development. The Company Conducts a companylevel induction training for new employees, so that employees can adapt to the job requirements and perform their duties as soon as possible; carries out regular department-level job skill training according to the professional work engaged by employees to improve the compatibility between employees and specific work and improve work performance. In response to the needs of the business skills of each position, the Company adopts the external training mode and conducts special external training to enable employees to continuously adapt to the development requirements of the new situation and create greater value in their positions.

公司嚴格執行國家有關員工休假的規定,員工依法享有休息、休假權利,按規定享受婚喪假、產假、計劃生育及其他假期,實行帶薪年休假制度,確因生產經營需要在假日、公休日加班的,按照《勞動法》規定給與加班工資或補休。

公司依法依規與員工簽訂勞動合同,為員工繳納五險一金,二零二一年員工勞動合同簽訂及社會保險參保率均為100%。

6.3. 培訓發展

為了確保員工價值觀念正確、工作 態度端正、工作行為適當,使公司 在競爭中保持人力資源的優勢,納 泉能源科技建立《員工培訓管理制 度》,每年年初制定員工培訓計劃, 結合公司全年工作目標和經營發展 的方向,分階段實施。對新入職員 工進行公司級入職培訓,使員工儘 快適應崗位要求、履行崗位職責; 根據員工從事的工作專業開展經常 性部門級崗位技能培訓,以提高員 工與具體工作的相融性,提升工作 績效;針對各崗位業務技能的需 求,採用外訓的模式,進行專項技 能外訓,使員工不斷適應新形勢的 發展要求,在工作崗位創造出更大 的價值。

Performance Indicators	Unit	2019	2020	2021
	單位	2019年	2020年	2021年
Employee training coverage	%			
員工培訓覆蓋率	%	100	100	100
Proportion of female employees	%			
covered by training				
培訓覆蓋的女性員工的比例	%	17.16	16.97	20.71
Proportion of male employees	%			
covered by training	0/	02.04	02.02	70.20
培訓覆蓋的男性員工的比例	%	83.84	83.03	79.29
Percentage of senior	%			
management employees covered by training				
培訓覆蓋的高級管理層員工的	%			
比例	/0	6.72	5.45	5.92
Percentage of middle	%	0.72	5.45	3.32
management employees	70			
covered by training				
培訓覆蓋的中級管理層員工的	%			
比例		7.46	6.06	5.92
Percentage of junior employees	%			
covered by training				
培訓覆蓋的基層員工的比例	%	85.82	88.48	88.16
Average training received by	hours/person			
employees				
員工接受培訓平均小時數	小時/人	2	2	4
Average hours of training	hours/person			
received by female employees				
女員工接受培訓平均小時數	小時/人	2	2	4
Average hours of training	hours/person			
received by male employees	1 54 / 1	_	_	
男員工接受培訓平均小時數	小時/人	2	2	4
Average hours of training	hours/person			
received by employees at				
senior management level 高級管理層接受培訓平均小時數	小時/人	E	_	4
同級官哇價按文培訓十均小時數 Average hours of training		5	5	4
received by employees at	hours/person			
middle management level				
中級管理層接受培訓平均小時數	小時/人	5	5	4
Average hours of training	hours/person	3	5	7
received by employees at				
grass-root level				
基層員工接受培訓平均小時數	小時/人	1	1	4
		•	-	•

Nature Energy Technology has established and improved the "Measures for Talent Reserve Management and Training", established and improved the Company's talent training mechanism, adhered to the principle of "internal training as the main body and external training as the auxiliary", established the "unified and separate" talent training system, adopted the "rolling in and out" method for circular training, and adhered to the talent training policy of "combining professional training and comprehensive training with professional training as the main body", which not only cultivated expert technical talents, but also cultivated comprehensive management talents, and established the Company's talent pool reserve consisting of four parts, namely the "Changhong Plan (長弘計劃)", "Chonghong Plan (崇弘計劃)", "Xuanhong Plan (宣弘計劃)" and "Xiuhong Plan (恢弘計劃)", to reasonably explore, develop and cultivate the Company's backbone and back-up talent team, so as to achieve rapid growth, establish a talent echelon at all levels, and provide intellectual capital support for the Company's sustainable development.

管理及培養辦法》,建立和完善公司 人才培養機制,堅持「內部培養為 主,外部培養為輔」的原則,建立 「統分結合」的人才培養體系,採取 「滾動進出」的方式進行循環培養, 堅持「專業培養和綜合培養相結合, 且以專業培養為主」的人才培養政 策,既培養專家型的技術人才,又 培養綜合型的管理人才,建立了由 「長弘計劃」、「崇弘計劃」、「宣弘計 劃」和「恢弘計劃」四個部分構成的 公司儲備人才庫,合理地挖掘、開 發、培養公司骨幹及後備人才隊 伍,使之快速成長,建立各層次的 人才梯隊,為公司的可持續發展提 供智力資本支持。

納泉能源科技建立健全《人才儲備

6.4. Physical and Mental Health

In order to help employees relieve their psychological anxiety and psychological pressure, protect their occupational mental health, enrich their spiritual and cultural life, strengthen team cohesion, and shape a positive, healthy and progressive corporate culture, Nature Energy Technology actively carries out diversified employee activities to care for their work and life. In 2021, the Company organized activities such as "Red Culture Learning (紅色文化學習)", which not only spread corporate values, concepts, spirit and ethics, but also promoted the construction of corporate culture; It also provides a stage for employees to demonstrate their talents, which enhances the centripetal force, cohesion and progress of employees.

6.4. 身心健康

6.5. Occupational Safety

Nature Energy Technology always puts the occupational health and safety of employees in the first place, strictly abides by the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases, the Regulation on Work-Related Injury Insurances of the People's Republic of China and other laws and regulations, adheres to the work safety policy of "safety first, prevention as the focus; risk control and comprehensive management; safety and harmony, continuous improvement; compliance with laws and regulations, safe development", implements the work safety responsibility system, establishes the work safety leading group, and establishes the three-level occupational health management system of "general manager — management representative — all departments". The Company has passed the ISO 45001 health and safety management system certification.

The Company has formulated and improved the systems related to hazard source identification, employee occupational health management, emergency accident management, etc., and conducted hazard source identification and risk assessment for all operating activities and all personnel activities, and regularly carried out occupational hazard inspection to provide employees with occupational health examination and labor protection articles before, during and after work to protect the health of employees. At the same time, we actively carried out safety publicity and education, strengthened emergency plan drills, and improved employees' awareness of safety risk prevention.

6.5. 職業安全

納泉能源科技始終將員工的職業健康安全放在第一位,嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國職業病防治法》、《中華人民共和國工傷保險條例》及其為內理法規,秉承「安全第一、共和國工傷保險條例》及其防安全等,持續改進;遵章合治理、等之等,持續改進,之一等,持續改進,之一等。本公司已經通過ISO 45001健康安全管理體系認證。

Safety performance of employees of Nature Energy Technology in the past three years 納泉能源科技近三年員工安全績效

Performance Indicators	Unit	2019	2020	2021
績效指標	單位	2019年	2020年	2021年
Number of working days lost due to	days			
work injury				
因工傷損失的工作日數	天	0	0	0
Number of employees killed by	person			
work-related injuries				
因工傷關係而死亡的員工人數	人	0	0	0
Proportion of employees killed by	%			
work-related injuries				
因工傷關係而死亡的員工比例	%	0	0	0

6.6. Internal Communication

Nature Energy Technology has formulated the Administrative Measures for Internal Communication of Employees to standardize the internal communication management of the Company, establish smooth communication channels, maintain harmonious working relationships, enhance colleagues' feelings, enhance employees'sense of responsibility and belonging, and align the thoughts and actions of all employees.

The human resources department conducts targeted communication with employees with no less than 5 employees per month. The Company conducts summary analysis on the collected issues, reports and gives feedback to relevant departments in a timely manner when major issues are found, and effectively prevents and handles them. Each department is responsible for internal communication within the department, so as to keep abreast of employees' thoughts in a timely manner and provide feedback and guidance proactively.

6.6. 內部溝通

納泉能源科技制定《員工內部溝通管理辦法》,規範公司內部溝通管理,建立暢通的溝通渠道,融洽工作關係,增進同事感情,增強員工的責任心和歸屬感,統一全員思想和行動。

由人事部門與員工有針對性地開展 溝通交流,每月溝通人數不低於5 人。公司對收集的問題進行匯總分 析,發現重大事項時及時匯報及反 饋相關部門,進行有效預防和處 理。各部門負責部門內部溝通,以 便及時掌握員工思想動態,進行積 極反饋和引導。

7. ENVIRONMENT: GREEN DEVELOPMENT

Nature Energy Technology is committed to "working together to build a cleaner and more environmentally friendly world". As an equipment supplier for clean energy and wind power generation, it adheres to green manufacturing and green development, and actively advocates green energy to promote the harmonious development of its own operation and the environment. The Company is committed to creating first-class operating results while continuously reducing the impact on the environment, creating green competitiveness with a low-carbon and efficient operation model, continuously improving the energy conservation and emission reduction management system, actively implementing energy conservation and emission reduction technology transformation, and striving to reduce resource consumption in the production and operation process to reduce and eliminate environmental pollution.

7.1. Environmental Management System

Nature Energy Technology strictly abides by the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China and other laws and regulations, formulates the Quality Environment, Occupational Health and Safety Management Manual to coordinate environmental management, and formulates relevant management systems in energy resources, waste management, wastewater management, soil pollution, noise control and other aspects to continuously improve the environmental management system. The Company applies energysaving and environmental protection technologies in production to continuously improve product performance and reduce the impact on the environment. The Company has passed the ISO14001 environmental management system certification, and continues to organize and carry out the Company's environmental management work in accordance with the system requirements.

7. 環境:綠色發展

7.1. 環境管理體系

7.2. Reduction of energy consumption

Nature Energy Technology formulates annual energy conservation goals and plans every year, tracks major energy and resource use indicators, verifies the production links and parts of energy consumption, checks the operation and maintenance of equipment, and identifies and explores the potential of resource conservation and resource utilization efficiency. By formulating energy-saving and consumption-reducing measures, the Company adopts electricity-saving technologies, devices and energy-saving appliances, optimizes operation procedures, develops circular economy, and gradually improves energy management level and energy utilization rate

The Company's water consumption is mainly domestic water, which is mainly sourced from tap water supplied by the municipal pipe network. There is no issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose. The Company actively advocates electricity and water conservation, promotes knowledge of electricity and water conservation, and improves employees' awareness of energy conservation. Regular inspections are carried out to strengthen the management of electricity and water equipment, timely stop the problem of "dripping and leaking" in water pipes and taps, and put up signs of "Please save water".

7.2. 降低能源消耗

納泉能源科技每年制定年度節約能源目標及方案,跟蹤主要的能源主要的能源在實源使用指標,核查設備運行的工作,檢查設備運行和發掘節約資源和建立的資源使用效率的潛力。公司通過術方質的能降耗措施,優化作業面及節能器具,優化作業面質經濟,逐步提高能源管理水平和能源利用率。

公司水資源消耗主要為生活用水, 用水主要來源於市政管網所供應的 自來水,不存在在求取適用水源方 面的問題。公司積極倡導節約用 電、用水,普及節約用電、用水的 識,提高員工節能意識。定期開展 檢查,加強用電、用水設備管理, 及時制止水管、水龍頭「滴、漏」水 現象,並張貼「請節約用水」的標 識。

Performance Indicators 績效指標	Unit 單位	2019 2019年	2020 2020年	2021 2021年
Total electricity consumption	MWh			
耗電總量	兆瓦時	209	222	264
Electricity consumption intensity	kWh/RMB0′			
(RMB0' 000 revenue)	000			
耗電強度(萬元收入)	千瓦時/萬元	9.38	6.94	8.44
Gasoline consumption of self- owned vehicles	Litre			
自有車輛汽油用量	升	6,897	7,000	17,600
Total water consumption	m^3			
總耗水量	立方米	1,536	2,596	1,550
Water consumption intensity (per revenue in RMB0′ 000)	m3/RMB million			
耗水強度(萬元收入)	立方米/萬元	0.07	0.08	0.05
Water consumption by source: municipal water	m³			
按取水來源劃分的耗水量: 市政供水	立方米	1,536	2,596	1,550
Water consumption by source: groundwater and surface water	m³			
按取水來源劃分的耗水量: 地下水及地表水	立方米	0	0	0
Water consumption by source: other sources	m³			
按取水來源劃分的耗水量: 其他來源	立方米	0	0	0
Proportion of total amount of recycled and reused water in the total water consumption	%			
水循環與再利用的總量佔總耗水量的比例	%	13.48	11.79	14.23

7.3. Promoting Green Energy

As an equipment supplier for clean energy wind power generation, Naquan Company is committed to "working together to build a cleaner and more environmentally friendly world", adheres to green manufacturing and green development, and actively advocates green energy to promote the harmonious development of its own operation and the environment. The Company actively participates in wind power industry activities, advocates the use of clean energy, provides high-quality products and services for the wind power industry, and jointly promotes the promotion of wind power clean energy. In 2021, the annual on-grid power generation of the Company's wind farms was 60,430,000 kWh.

7.3. 推廣綠色能源

Performance Indicators 績效指標	Unit 單位	2019 2019年	2020 2020年	2021 2021年
Wind power generation	MWh			
風力發電量	兆瓦時	55,680	51,610	60,430

7.4. Responding to Climate Change

As we actively echo and participate in tackling climate change, Nature Energy Technology actively responds to the commitments made by President Xi Jinping at the seventy-fifth United Nations General Assembly: striving to reach the peak of carbon dioxide emissions by 2030 and achieve carbon neutrality by 2060. The Company practices the concept of green and low-carbon development, actively promotes greenhouse gas emission reduction, continues to promote greenhouse gas reduction, and continuously reduces the "carbon footprint".

The emissions generated during the operation of the Company are mainly indirect greenhouse gas emissions caused by purchased electricity. In response to the "carbon neutrality" policy, the Company will use a large number of clean energy in the future to promote the development of the Company's main business. At the same time, the Company will take active measures to improve energy efficiency and reduce energy expenses.

7.4. 應對氣候變化

納泉能源科技作為應對氣候變化的 積極響應者與行動者,積極響應 家主席習近平在第七十五屆聯合國 大會上發表的承諾:二氧化碳排放 力爭於2030年前達到峰值,努力爭 取2060年前實現碳中和。公司踐行 綠色低碳發展理念,積極推行溫室 氣體減排工作,持續推動溫室氣體 減量,不斷減少「碳足跡」。

公司運營過程中產生的排放主要為外購電力等造成的間接溫室氣體排放。針對「碳中和」政策的提出,未來公司將大量採用清潔能源,促進公司主營業務的發展;同時,採取積極措施,提高能源效率,降低公司能源開支。

Performance Indicators	Unit	2019	2020	2021
績效指標	單位	2019年	2020年	2021年
Total greenhouse gas emissions	tCO ₂ e			
溫室氣體排放總量	噸二氧化碳當量	200.89	211.96	254.07
Scope 1 greenhouse gas	tCO ₂ e			
emissions				
範圍一溫室氣體排放量	噸二氧化碳當量	18.68	18.96	41.55
Scope 2 greenhouse gas	tCO ₂ e			
emissions				
範圍二溫室氣體排放量	噸二氧化碳當量	182.21	193.00	212.52
GHG emission intensity (RMB'	kg of carbon			
000 revenue)	dioxide equivalent/			
	RMB0' 000			
溫室氣體排放密度(萬元收入)	千克二氧化碳			
	當量/萬元	9.02	6.63	8.20

7.5. Green Supply Chain

Nature Energy Technology incorporates the environmental protection principles into the supplier management mechanism to promote green procurement, green packaging and green transportation, conveys the values of green environmental protection and sustainable development to stakeholders to drive our partners to jointly fulfill social environmental protection responsibilities, and gives priority to the procurement of low-carbon and environmentally friendly raw materials and products, environmentally certified products, and procurement of recyclable paper for office supplies. All new suppliers that may cause environmental impacts are required to provide environmental assessment reports and pollutant discharge permits issued by the local environmental protection authorities, and those who fail to provide environmental protection compliance documents will not be approved in the qualification review.

7.6. Waste management

Nature Energy Technology divides solid waste into three categories, namely recyclable general waste, non-recyclable general waste and hazardous waste. It has set up three categories of waste collection bins/places, and posted classification signs for classification treatment. It monitors waste discharge through the Environmental Safety Monitoring and Measurement Control Procedures. At the same time, the Company provides employees with training on waste identification, hazard and treatment to enhance their awareness of environmental protection.

The Company has formulated and implemented the Procurement Product Packaging Regulations, requiring suppliers to recycle recyclable packaging materials such as turnover boxes and special pallets to reduce the generation of solid waste. The Company does not involve wastewater discharge in the production process, and the domestic wastewater generated in the office operation process is connected to the municipal pipe network for standardized discharge.

7.5. 綠色供應鏈

7.6. 廢棄物管理

納泉能源科技將固體廢物分為可回收一般廢棄物、不可回收一般廢棄物、不可回收一般廢棄物。一類,設置三類廢棄物收集箱/場所,並張貼分類處理,通過《環境安類處理,通過《環境安全監視和測量控制程序》監測廢棄物排放。同時,本公司對員工開展廢棄物的識別、危害及處理培訓,增強員工環境保護意識。

公司制定實施《採購產品包裝規範》,要求供應商回收週轉箱、專用料架等可回收包裝物,減少固體廢棄物的產生。本公司在生產過程中不涉及廢水排放,在辦公運營過程中產生的生活廢水接入市政管網進行規範排放。

Performance Indicators 績效指標	Unit 單位	2019 2019年	2020 2020年	2021 2021年
Total amount of non-hazardous waste produced	Tonnes			
所產生無害廢棄物總量	噸	250	270	419
Total amount of hazardous waste produced	Tonnes			
所產生有害廢棄物總量	噸	0	0	0
Total consumption of packaging material for finished products	Tonnes			
產品製成品包裝材料的使用總量	噸	158.7	212.9	330.2
Recycled packaging materials used for finished products	Tonnes			
製成品所用包裝材料的回收量	噸	0	81.7	126.7

Achievements in the Development of Circular Economy in 2021 2021年循環經濟發展績效成果

No. 序號	Content 內容	Amount (RMB) 金額(元)
1	Production foam recycling	20.000
2	生產泡沫回收再利用 Recycling of transparent bags	28,088
_	透明袋回收	14,048
3	Single-sided paper recycling 單面廢紙回收	490
	Total	
	Total 合計	42,626

7.7. Advocating Green Office

Under the background of low-carbon economy, all major industries around the world seek for energy-saving, environmental-friendly and efficient management models. Nature Energy Technology actively goes with the leading trend, advocates "green office", improves internal management regulations, and strengthens water and electricity management in the office environment. Energy-saving LED lights are used for all lighting, and "lights are on when there are people and off when people left". Priority is given to recycled products or fast-growing forest products when purchasing printing paper to achieve green and environmentally friendly office. Office waste is sorted to reduce soil and groundwater pollution.

8. RESPONSIBILITY: BEAR IT WITH COURAGE

Nature Energy Technology regards the fulfillment of social responsibility as the core strategic goal of the Company, continues to promote the improvement of social responsibility management, and consciously integrates social responsibility into corporate strategy and corporate culture, promotes the practice of responsibility, carries out responsibility management, and continuously improves social responsibility performance, achieving the organic unity of fulfilling social responsibility and promoting the sustainable development of the Company.

8.1. Social Responsibility Concept

As a manufacturer of new energy equipment, Nature Energy is committed to contributing to a cleaner and more environmentally friendly world by providing high-quality equipment. Adhering to the concept of "jointly creating a wind power future with high-quality development", the Company adheres to low-carbon, energy conservation and emission reduction, practices social responsibility while creating economic value, actively protects the rights and interests of employees, provides an equal, inclusive, healthy and safe working environment, and actively participates in community services and social welfare to create shared value for the society.

7.7. 倡導綠色辦公

在低碳經濟的時代背景下,全球各大行業都尋求節能、環保、高效的管理模式。納泉能源科技積極原時代潮流,倡導「綠色辦公」環境內部管理規定,加強對辦照公環境內那管理規定,加強對部照來燈戶用。全部與實行「人來燈滅」;採購打印紙時優先使用,人走燈滅」;採購打印紙時優先使用再生製品或速生林木製品,以進行分類處理以減少土壤和地下水污染。

8. 責任:勇於擔當

納泉能源科技把履行社會責任作為公司 核心戰略目標,持續推進改進社會責任 管理,並有意識地將社會責任融入企業 戰略與企業文化,推動責任踐行,開展責 任管理,不斷提升社會責任績效,實現了 履行社會責任和推動公司可持續發展的 有機統一。

8.1. 社會責任理念

8.2. Social Responsibility Management Structure

Naquan actively integrates social responsibility into all aspects of corporate operation and management. Through the establishment of an ESG management structure with the decision-making of the Board, the participation of the management and the coordination and cooperation of various functional departments, it continues to transform the Company's responsibility concept and commitment to stakeholders into specific actions to ensure the implementation and promotion of social responsibility work.

8.2. 社會責任管理架構

納泉積極將社會責任融入企業經營管理的各個方面,通過構建董事會決策、管理層參與、各職能部門協調配合的ESG管理架構,持續將公司的責任理念和對利益相關方的承諾轉化為具體行動,保障社會責任工作的落實和推進。

Social Responsibility Management Model 社會責任管理模型 ESG Decision-making Level ESG決策層 THE BOARD 董事會

ESG Implementation Level ESG實施層

General Manager Office

總經理室

Production General Procurement Technology **Business Center** Finance Center Manager Office QEHS Centre Center Center Centre 商務中心 採購中心 技術中心 生產中心 財務中心 總經辦 QEHS中心

8.3. Communication with Stakeholders

Nature Energy Technology regards the identification and communication of stakeholders as the focus of corporate social responsibility management, attaches great importance to the communication with stakeholders, establishes diversified communication channels based on the characteristics of different stakeholders, and ensures the channels are smooth and effective. The Company timely discloses relevant information such as policy updates, daily operation, development, reform and special changes, as well as the progress of the Company's sustainable development work to relevant parties, and actively listens to the suggestions and opinions of relevant parties to understand the expectations and requirements of relevant parties on the Company, actively adopts constructive opinions and suggestions, and works with stakeholders to jointly improve the Company's operation and management.

The following are the major stakeholders identified and the methods of communication:

8.3. 利益相關方溝通

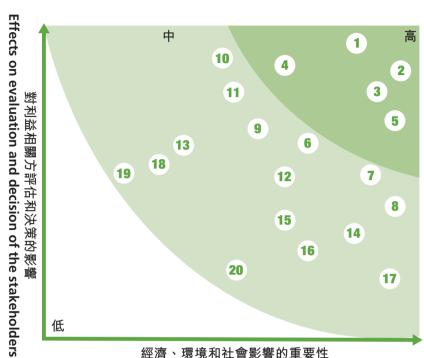
以下是識別出的主要利益相關方和 交流方式:

Key Stakeholders 重要利益相關方	lssues of concern 關注議題	Communication and response 溝通與回應
Shareholders	Compliance operation Risk management Economic Performance Anti-corruption	Information disclosure of listed companies Shareholders' meetings Investor meetings
股東	合規經營 風險管理 經濟績效 反貪污	上市公司信息披露 股東會議 投資者見面會
Government and regulatory authorities	Compliance operation Anti-corruption Energy management Water resources management Emission management Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation	Policy implementation Information disclosure

Key Stakeholders 重要利益相關方	Issues of concern 關注議題	Communication and response 溝通與回應
政府及監管部門	合規經營 反貪污 能源管理 水資源管理 排放物管理 氣候變化減緩與適應	政策執行信息披露
Customers	Product quality management Technology R&D and innovation Customer service Customer information security and privacy protection	On-site research Customer interview Customer exchange meetings
客戶	產品質量管理 技術研發與創新 客戶服務 客戶信息安全與隱私保護	現場調研 客戶會談 客戶交流會
SUPPLIERS 供應商	Supply chain management 供應鏈管理	Supplier review and assessment Exchange and visits 供應商審核、評估 交流互訪
Employees 員工	Employee rights and benefits Employee Health and Safety Staff Development and Training 員工權益及福利 員工健康與安全 員工發展及培訓	Employee Activities Staff training 員工活動 員工培訓
Public and community 公眾及社區	Contribution and charity to community Advocating Green Concept 社區貢獻與公益慈善 綠色理念倡導	Community service activities 社區服務活動
Industry organizations 行業組織	Industry Collaboration and Innovation 產業協同創新	Industry association activities 行業協會活動

8.4. Analysis of Material Issues

8.4. 重大議題分析



Importance of the effects on economy, environment and society

Issues of high importance

高度重要議題

- (1) Employee Rights
- (5) Occupational Health ①員工權益
- (5)職業健康
- (2) Environmental Protection(3) Production Safety
- ②環境保護 3安全生產
- 4)反腐倡廉

Issues of moderate importance

中度重要議題

- 6 Quality Management
- (7) Information Security
- (8) Innovation and R&D
- Training and Development

4 Anti-corruption

- 10 Intellectual Property Rights
- (11) Green Office
- (12) Climate Change
- (13) Fair Competition

- (14) Pollution Prevention and (15) Information Disclosure Control
- (16) Customer Service
- (17) Community Building

- (18) Energy Conservation
- (19) Standard Governance
- 20 Supply Chain Maintenance

- 6)質量管理
- (7)信息安全
- (8) 創新研發

- 10知識產權 14)污染防治
- (11)綠色辦公 15)信息披露
- 12)氣候變化 16)客戶服務
- (13)公平競爭

9 培訓發展

- 18)節約能源
- (19)規範治理
- 20 供應鏈維護
- (7)社區共建

8.5. Supporting Community Development

Nature Energy Technology maintains good communication with community stakeholders, regards itself as a part of the community, actively participates in community construction and social innovation, gives full play to the role of social enterprise co-construction platform, and actively establishes good relationship with surrounding streets and communities through community visits, public welfare donations, etc., creating a harmonious and stable external environment for the Company's production and operation. In 2021, the Company sponsored the traditional Dragon Boat event of Yuecheng (月城)of RMB50,000 and donated RMB50,000 to Yuecheng Town of Jiangyin City as a party care fund. On 30 December 2021, 22 volunteers of Hongyuan New Energy carried out the cleaning of river surface garbage in the water drainage station of Yunyuan, Binhe Park(滨河公园水 芸苑). After 7 hours of hard work, volunteers finally cleaned up the river, making the surrounding environment more tidy and orderly, which was widely praised by the public. This has also further enhanced the civilised awareness, hygiene awareness, environmental awareness, collective awareness and home awareness of the community, and contributed to the community construction.

The Company's performance in community building in the past three years is as follows:

8.5. 支持社區發展

納泉能源科技保持與社區利益相關 方的良好溝通,將自身視為社區的 一份子,積極參與社區建設和社會 創新,充分發揮社企共建平台的作 用,通過社區慰問、公益捐贈等方 式,積極與周邊街道、社區建立良 好關係,為公司生產經營贏造了和 諧穩定的外部環境。二零二一年, 公司贊助月城傳統賽龍舟活動5萬 元,向江陰市月城鎮捐贈5萬元作為 黨內關愛基金。二零二一年十二月 三十日,弘遠新能源22名志願者開 展了濱河公園水蕓苑排澇站河道水 面垃圾的清理活動。志願者們經過 7小時的努力,終將河面清理乾淨, 使周圍環境變得更加整潔有序,受 到了遊園群眾的廣泛好評。此舉也 進一步增強了社區群眾的文明意 識、衛生意識、環境意識、集體意 識、家園意識,為社區建設奉獻自 己的一份力量。

公司近三年社區共建績效如下表:

Performance Indicators 績效指標	Unit 單位	2019 2019年	2020 2020年	2021 2021年
Community public welfare investment	RMB			
社區公益投入金額	元	0	50,000	100,000
Including charity donation	RMB			
其中,慈善捐贈投入	元	0	50,000	100,000
Number of employees involved in volunteer activities	person			
開展志願者活動投入的人員數	人	23	30	22
Hours of volunteer activities	hours			
志願者活動小時數	小時	46	80	154

9. FUTURE OUTLOOK

Naquan Energy Technology will focus on the two core industries of wind power pitch control system and smart energy, maintain the domestic market share and market leading position of pitch control system, optimize resource allocation, and actively explore the development of smart energy business. The Group will commence the following major works in the future:

- 1. Maintain and strengthen the market position of pitch control system market, increase market share, continue to maintain technology, quality and service, deepen the cooperation with existing customers, expand customer base and achieve customer diversification, so as to ensure the Group's leading position in the high-voltage pitch control system market in the PRC.
- 2. Further strengthen R&D capabilities, expand technical and R&D teams, add new software and other R&D equipment, and enhance R&D capabilities; at the same time, continue to develop and apply pitch products with high power such as 8MW and 12MW models to ensure technological leadership.
- 3. Actively develop the smart energy business, actively establish the technical, management and marketing team of Nature Smart Energy (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd., complete the construction and put into operation of the 4MW wind power energy storage demonstration project at Duolun Wind Farm, sign energy storage business order contracts as soon as possible, and strive to develop new profit growth points in the smart energy industry.

9. 未來展望

納泉能源科技將圍繞風電變槳控制系統及智慧能源兩大核心產業,保持變槳控制系統國內市場佔有率及市場領先地位,優化資源配置,積極開拓智慧能源業務發展。本集團將在未來開展以下重點工作:

- 一、維持及加強變漿控制系統市場的市場地位,增加市場份額,繼續保持技術、質量及服務,深耕現有客戶的合作,同時擴大客戶基礎實現客戶多元化,保障本集團在中國高壓變漿控制系統市場的領先地位。
- 二、進一步加強研發能力,擴大技術及 研發團隊,新增軟件及其他研發設 備,提升研發能力;同時繼續研 發、應用高功率如8兆瓦、12兆瓦等 機型的變槳產品,保障技術領先。
- 三、積極開拓智慧能源業務,積極組建納泉智慧能源(深圳)有限公司技術、管理與市場團隊,完成多倫風場4MW風電儲能示範項目建設並投產,儘快簽訂儲能業務訂單,力爭在智慧能源產業開發出新的利潤增長點。

10. INDEX TABLE OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING **GUIDE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE**

10. 聯交所《環境、社會及管治報告 指引》索引表

Subject Areas, Aspects, General

Disclosures and

KPIs

層面、一般披露

及關鍵績效指標

Description

Disclosure Section

披露章節 描述

Subject Areas A. Environmental 主要範疇A.環境

Aspect A1. Emissions 層面A1.排放物

General Disclosure A1	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste	7 Environment: Green Development
一般披露A1	有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、有害及無害 廢棄物的產生等的 (a) 政策:及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料	7 環境:綠色發展
A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data	7 Environment: Green Development
A1.1	排放物種類及相關排放數據	7 環境:綠色發展
A1.2	Greenhouse gas emissions in total (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	7.4 Responding to Climate Change
A1.2	溫室氣體總排放量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)	7.4 應對氣候變化
A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate	7.6 Waste Management
A1.3	所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)	7.6 廢棄物管理

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and		
KPIs 層面、一般披露	Description	Disclosure Section
及關鍵績效指標	描述	披露章節
A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where	7.6 Waste
	appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility)	Management
A1.4	所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每 產量單位、每項設施計算)	7.6 廢棄物管理
A1.5	Description of measures to mitigate emissions and results achieved	7.6 Waste Management
A1.5	描述減低排放量的措施及所得成果	7.6 廢棄物管理
A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are	7.6 Waste
	handled, reduction initiatives and results achieved	Management
A1.6	描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法、減低產生量的措施及所 得成果	7.6 廢棄物管理

Aspect A2. Use of Resources 層面A2.資源使用

眉曲A2.貝际区用		
General	Effective use of resources (including energy, water and other	7.2 Reduction of
Disclosure A2	raw materials)	energy consumption
一般披露A2	有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他原材料)的政策	7.2 降低能源消耗
A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g.	7.2 Reduction of
	electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in' 000s)	energy consumption
A2.1	按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源(如電、氣或油)總耗量(以 千個千瓦時)	7.2 降低能源消耗
A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of	7.2 Reduction of
	production volume, per facility).	energy consumption
A2.2	總耗水量及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)	7.2 降低能源消耗
A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency initiatives and results	7.2 Reduction of
	achieved.	energy consumption
A2.3	描述能源使用效益計劃及所得成果	7.2 降低能源消耗
A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water	7.2 Reduction of
	that is fit for purpose, water efficiency initiatives and results achieved.	energy consumption
A2.4	描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及提升用水效益計劃 及所得成果	7.2 降低能源消耗
A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products (in	7.6 Waste
	tonnes) and, if applicable	Management
A2.5	製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計)及(如適用)	7.6 廢棄物管理

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs

Description Disclosure Section

層面、一般披露

及關鍵績效指標 描述 披露章節

Aspect A3. The Environment and Natural Resources 層面A3.環境及天然資源

General	Policies on minimising the issuer's significant impact on the	7 Environment: Green
Disclosure A3	environment and natural resources.	Development
一般披露A3	減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策	7 環境:綠色發展
A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the	7 Environment: Green
	environment and natural resources	Development
A3.1	Impacts and actions taken to manage them 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理 有關影響的行動	7 環境:綠色發展

Aspect A4: Climate Change

層面A4.氣候變化		
General	Policies on identification of and response to significant	7.4 Responding to
Disclosure A4	climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer	Climate Change
一般披露A4	識別及應對已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相 關事宜的政策	7.4 應對氣候變化
A4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them.	7.4 Responding to Climate Change
A4.1	描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜, 及應對行動。	7.4 應對氣候變化

Subject Areas, Aspects, General **Disclosures and**

KPIs 層面、一般披露 Description

Disclosure Section

及關鍵績效指標 描述 披露章節

Subject Area B. Social Employment and Labour Practices 主要範疇B.社會僱傭及勞工常規

Aspect B1. Employment

. 屈面D1 促使

General	Information on:	6.2 Protection of
Disclosure B1	 (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination and other benefits and welfare 	Rights and Interests
一般披露B1	有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、 多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利的: (a) 政策;及	6.2 權益保障
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料	
B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type (for example, full- or part-time), age group and geographical region	6.1 Employment
B1.1	按性別、僱傭類型(如全職或兼職)、年齡組別及地區劃分的 僱員總數	6.1 用工情況
B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region	6.1 Employment
B1.2	按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率	6.1 用工情況

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs

Description Disclosure Section

層面、一般披露

及關鍵績效指標 描述 披露章節

Aspect B2. Health and Safety 層面B2.健康與安全

General	Information on:	6.2 Protection of
Disclosure B2	(a) the policies; and	Rights and Interests
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards	
一般披露B2	有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的: (a) 政策:及	6.2 權益保障
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料	
B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each	6.5 Occupational
	of the past three years including the reporting year	Safety
B2.1	過去三年(包括報告年度)每年因工亡故的人數及比率	6.5 職業安全
B2.2	Lost days due to work injury	6.5 Occupational
		Safety
B2.2	因工傷損失工作日數	6.5 職業安全
B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures	6.5 Occupational
	adopted, how they are implemented and monitored	Safety
B2.3	描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行及監察方 法	6.5 職業安全

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and

KPIs

層面、一般披露

Description

Disclosure Section

及關鍵績效指標 描述 披露章節

Aspect B3. Development and Training 層面B3.發展及培訓

General Disclosure B3 一般披露B3	Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培訓活動	6.3 Training and Development 6.3 培訓發展
B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle	6.3 Training and Development
B3.1	management) 按性別及僱員類別(如高級管理層、中級管理層等)劃分的受 訓僱員百分比	6.3 培訓發展
B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by	6.3 Training and
B3.2	gender and employee category 按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數	Development 6.3 培訓發展

Aspect B4. Labour Standards

層面B4.勞工準則

General	Information on:	6.2 Protection of
Disclosure B4	(a) the policies; and	Rights and Interests
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have	
	a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing	
	child and forced labour	
一般披露B4	有關防止童工或強制勞工的:	6.2 權益保障
	(a) 政策;及	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料	
B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to	6.2 Protection of
	avoid child and forced labour	Rights and Interests
B4.1	描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工	6.2 權益保障
B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when	6.2 Protection of
	discovered	Rights and Interests
B4.2	描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟	6.2 權益保障

Subject Areas, Aspects, General **Disclosures and KPIs**

Description **Disclosure Section**

層面、一般披露

及關鍵績效指標 披露章節 描述

Subject Area B. Social Operating Practices 主要範疇B.社會營運慣例

Aspect B5. Supply Chain Management 層面B5.供應鏈管理

General Disclosure B5	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain	5.4 Supplier Management
一般披露B5	管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策	5.4 供應商管理
B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region.	5.4 Supplier Management
B5.1	按地區劃分的供貨商數目	5.4 供應商管理
B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers,	5.4 Supplier
	number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, how they are implemented and monitored.	Management
B5.2	描述有關聘用供貨商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供貨商數 目、以及有關慣例的執行及監察方法	5.4 供應商管理
B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and	5.4 Supplier
	social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored	Management
B5.3	描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環節及社會風險的慣例,以 及相關執行及監察方法	5.4 供應商管理
B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally	5.4 Supplier
	preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored	Management
B5.4	描述在挑選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例,以及 相關執行及監察方法	5.4 供應商管理

Subject Areas, Aspects, General **Disclosures and**

KPIs

Description

Disclosure Section

層面、一般披露

及關鍵績效指標 描述 披露章節

Aspect B6. Product Responsibility 層面B6.產品責任

	General	Information on:	5.1 Quality

General Disclosure B6	Information on:	5.1 Quality
Disclosure B6	(a) the policies; and	Management
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and	
	safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating	
	to products and services provided and methods of	
	redress	
一般披露B6	有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事	5.1 質量管理
	宜以及補救方法的:	
	(a) 政策;及	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料	
B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to	5.1 Quality
	recalls for safety and health reasons	Management
B6.1	已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百	5.1 質量管理
	分比	
B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received	5.3 Quality Service
	and how they are dealt with	
B6.2	接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法	5.3 優質服務
B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting	4.5 Intellectual
	intellectual property rights	Property
B6.3	描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例	4.5 知識產權
B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures	5.1 Quality
D.C. 4		Management
B6.4	描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序	5.1 質量管理
B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies,	4.4 Information
D.C. F.	how they are implemented and monitored	Security
B6.5	描述消費者數據保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行及監察方法	4.4 信息安全

Subject Areas, Aspects, General **Disclosures and KPIs**

Description **Disclosure Section**

層面、一般披露

及關鍵績效指標 披露章節 描述

Aspect B7. Anti-corruption

層	面	В7	٠.	反	貧	污	

General	Information on:	4.2 Anti-corruption
Disclosure B7	(a) the policies; and	·
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have	
	a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery,	
	extortion, fraud and money laundering	
一般披露B7	有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的:	4.2 反腐倡廉
	(a) 政策;及	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料	
B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices	4.2 Anti-corruption
	brought against the issuer or its employees during the	
	reporting period and the outcomes of the cases	
B7.1	於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案	4.2 反腐倡廉
	件的數目及訴訟結果	
B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing	4.2 Anti-corruption
	procedures, how they are implemented and monitored	
B7.2	描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察方法	4.2 反腐倡廉
B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors	4.2 Anti-corruption
	and employees	
B7.3	描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓	4.2 反腐倡廉

Subject Areas, Aspects, General **Disclosures and**

KPIs

層面、一般披露

Description

Disclosure Section

及關鍵績效指標 描述 披露章節

Aspect B8. Community Investment

層面B8.社區投

10 II III		
General Disclosure B8	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities'	8.5 Supporting Community Development
一般披露B8	interests 有關以社區參與來了解營運所在社區需要和確保其業務活 動會考慮社區利益的政策	8.5 支持社區發展
B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (such as education, environmental concerns, labor needs, health, culture and sports)	8.5 Supporting Community Development
B8.1	專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、 體育)	8.5 支持社區發展
B8.2	Resources contributed to the focus areas (such as money or time) to the focus area	8.5 Supporting Community
B8.2	在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)	Development 8.5 支持社區發展

11. GRI STANDARDS INDEX

11. GRI準則索引

GRI Standards	Disclosure	Section
GRI準則	披露	章節
GRI 102 : General	Disclosures	
GRI 102:一般披露		
 Organizational Profile 	102–1 Name of the organization	3.1 Corporate Overview
1. 組織概況	102-1 組織名稱	3.1 企業概況
	102−2 Activities, brands, products and services 102−2 活動、品牌、產品和服務	3.1 Corporate Overview 3.1 企業概況
	102–3 Location of headquarters 102–3 總部位置	3.1 Corporate Overview 3.1 企業概況
	102-3 総市区直 102-4 Location of operations	3.1 Corporate Overview
	102-4 經營位置	3.1 企業概況
	102-5 Ownership and legal form	3.1 Corporate Overview
	102-5 所有權與法律形式	3.1 企業概況
	102–6 Markets served	3.1 Corporate Overview
	102-6 服務的市場	3.1 企業概況
	102–7 Scale of the organization	3.1 Corporate Overview
	102-7 組織規模	3.1 企業概況
	102-8 Information on employees and other workers	6.1 Employment
	102-8 關於員工和其他工作者的信息	6.1 用工情況
	102–9 Supply chain	5.4 Supplier Management
	102-9 供應鏈	5.4 供應商管理
	102–10 Significant changes to the organization and its supply chain	3.1 Corporate Overview
	102-10 組織及其供應鏈的重大變化	3.1 企業概況
	102–11 Precautionary Principle or approach	4.1 Regulatory Governance
	102-11 預警原則或方針	4.1 規範治理
	102–12 External initiatives	No participation in
		initiatives
	102-12 外部倡議	無參與發起倡議
	102-13 Membership of associations	3.1 Corporate Overview
	102-13 協會的成員資格	3.1 企業概況

GRI Standards GRI準則	Disclosure 披露	Section 章節
2. Strategy 2. 戰略	102-14 Statement from senior decision-maker 102-14 高級決策者的聲明	2. Message from the Board 2. 董事會聲明
3. Ethics and integrity	102–16 Values, principles, standards and norms of behavior	3.3 Corporate Culture
3. 道德和誠信	102-16 價值觀、原則、標準和行為規範	3.3 企業文化
4. Governance 4. 管治	102-18 Governance Structure 102-18 管治架構	4.1 Regulatory Governance 4.1 規範治理
5. Stakeholder engagement	102–40 List of stakeholder groups	8.3 Communication with Stakeholders
5. 利益相關方	102-40 利益相關方群體列表	8.3 利益相關方溝通
參與	102–41 Collective bargaining agreements	6.2. Protection of rights and interests
	102-41 集體談判協議	6.2 權益保障
	102–42 Identification and selection of stakeholders	8.3 Communication with Stakeholders
	102-42 利益相關方的識別和遴選	8.3 利益相關方溝通
	102–43 Approach to stakeholder engagement	8.3 Communication with Stakeholders
	102-43 利益相關方參與方針	8.3 利益相關方溝通
	102–44 Key topics and concerns raised	8.4 Analysis of Material
	102-44 提出的主要議題和關切問題	8.4 重大議題分析
6. Reporting practice	102–45 Entities included in the consolidated financial statements	3.1 Corporate Overview
6. 報告實踐	102-45 合併財務報表中所涵蓋的實體	3.1 企業概況
	102–46 Defining report content and topic Boundaries	8.4 Analysis of Material Issues
	102-46 界定報告內容和議題邊界	8.4 重大議題分析

GRI Standards	Disclosure	Section
GRI準則	披露	章節
	102–47 List of material topics	8.4 Analysis of Material
		Issues
	102-47 重大議題列表	8.4 重大議題分析
	102–48 Restatements of information	No restatement of
		information
	102-48 信息重述	無信息重述
	102–49 Changes in reporting	No change
	102-49 報告變化	無變化
	102–50 Reporting period	1.2 Scope of the Report
	102-50 報告期	1.2 報告範圍
	102–51 Date of most recent report	1.2 Scope of the Report
	102-51 最近報告日期	1.2 報告範圍
	102–52 Reporting cycle	1.2 Scope of the Report
	102-52 報告週期	1.2 報告範圍
	102–53 Contact point for questions regarding the	1.6 Publication of the
	report	Report
	102-53 有關本報告問題的聯繫人信息	1.6 報告發佈
	102–54 Claims of reporting in accordance with the GRI Standards	1.3 Basis of preparation
	102-54 符合GRI準則進行報告的聲明	1.3 編製依據
	102–55GRI Content Index	10. GRI Standards Index
	102-55 GRI內容索引	10. GRI準則索引
	102-56 External assurance	10. 山中州泉 川
	102-56 外部鑑證	/
	102 30 / 日 虹 位	,
GRI 103 : Manag	ement Approach	
GRI 103:管理方	法	
Management	103–1 Explanation of the material topic and its	3.9 Analysis of Material
Approach	Boundary	Issues
管理方法	103-1 對重大議題及其邊界的説明	3.9 重大議題分析
	103–2 Management approach and its components	For details, please refer to
		the sections
	103-2 管理方法及其組成部分	詳見各章節
	103–3 Evaluation of management approach	For details, please refer to the sections
	103−3 管理方法的評估	詳見各章節
	103-3 管理方法的評估	

GRI Standards GRI準則	Disclosure 披露	Section 章節
Material Issues 重大議題		
GRI201: Economic Performance	201–1 Direct economic value generated and distributed	3.1 Corporate Overview
GRI201:經濟績 效	201-1 直接產生和分配的經濟價值	3.1 企業概況
GRI205: Anti- corruption	205–2 Communication and training on anti-corruption policies and procedures	4.2 Anti-corruption
GRI205: 反腐敗	205-2 反腐敗政策和程序的傳達及培訓 205-3 Confirmed incidents of corruption and actions	4.2 反腐倡廉 4.2 Anti-corruption
	taken 205-3 經確認的腐敗事件和採取的行動	4.2 反腐倡廉
GRI206: Unfair competitive Behavior	206–1 Legal actions for unfair competitive behavior, anti-trust, and antitrust practices	4.3 Fair competition
GRI206: 不當競爭行為	206-1 針對不當競爭行為、反壟斷和反壟斷實踐的法 律訴訟	4.3 公平競爭
GRI302: Energy	302–1 Energy consumption within the organization	7.2 Reduction of energy consumption
GRI302:能源	302-1 組織內部的能源消耗量	7.2 降低能源消耗
GRI303: Water	303–1 Water withdrawal by source	7.2 Reduction of energy consumption
GRI303:水資源	303-1 按源頭劃分的取水	7.2 降低能源消耗
	305–2 Energy indirect (Scope 2) GHG emissions	7.4 Responding to Climate Change
	305-2 能源間接(範疇2)溫室氣體排放	7.4 應對氣候變化
GRI306: Effluents and Waste	103 Management Approach	7.2 Reduction of energy consumption
GRI306:	103 管理方法	7.2 降低能源消耗
污水和廢棄物	306–2 Total waste by type and disposal method	7.2 Reduction of energy consumption
	306-2 按類別及處理方法分類的廢棄物總量	7.2 降低能源消耗
GRI307: Environmental Compliance	307–1 Environmental compliance	7.1 Environmental Management System
GRI307: 環境合規	307-1 環境合規	7.1 環境管理體系

GRI Standards GRI準則	Disclosure 披露	Section 章節
GRI308: Supplier Environmental Assessment	308–1 New suppliers that were screened using environmental criteria	7.5 Green Supply Chain
GRI308: 供應商環境評估	308-1 使用環境標準篩選的新供應商	7.5 綠色供應鏈
GRI401:	401–2 Benefits provided to full-time employees (not to	6.2 Protection of Rights and
Employment	temporary or part-time employees)	Interests
GRI401:僱傭	401-2 提供給全職員工(不包括臨時或兼職員工)的福利	6.2 權益保障
	401–3 Parental leave	6.2 Protection of Rights and Interests
	401-3 育兒假	6.2 權益保障
GRI403: Occupational Health and Safety	403–1 Workers representation in the Joint Labour and Health Safety Committee	6.5 Occupational Safety
GRI403: 職業健康與安全	403-1 勞資聯合健康安全委員會中的工作者代表	6.5 職業安全
	403–4 Health and safety topics covered in formal	6.2 Protection of Rights and
	agreements with trade unions	Interests
	403-4 工會正式協議中的健康與安全議題	6.2 權益保障
GRI404: Training	404–1 Average hours of training per year per	6.3 Training and
and Education	employee	Development
GRI404: 培訓與教育	404-1 每名員工每年接受培訓的平均小時數	6.3 培訓發展
	404–3 Percentage of employees receiving regular	6.3 Training and
	performance and career development reviews	Development
	404-3 定期接受績效和職業發展考核的員工百分比	6.3 培訓發展
GRI405: Diversity and Equal Opportunity	405–1 Diversity of governance bodies and employees	6.1 Employment Overview
GRI405: 多元化與平等 機會	405-1 管治機構與員工的多元化	6.1 僱傭概況
GRI406: Anti- discrimination	406–1 Incidents of discrimination and corrective actions taken	6.2 Protection of Rights and Interests
GRI406: 反歧視	406-1 歧視事件及採取的糾正行動	6.2 權益保障

GRI Standards GRI準則	Disclosure 披露	Section 章節
GRI414: Supplier Social Assessment	414–1 New suppliers that were screened using social criteria	5.4 Supplier Management
GRI414:	414-1 使用社會標準篩選的新供應商	5.4 供應商管理
供應商社會評估	414–2 Negative social impacts in the supply chain and actions taken	5.4 Supplier Management
	414-2 供應鏈對社會的負面影響以及採取的行動	5.4 供應商管理
	416–2 Incidents of non-compliance concerning the health and safety impacts of products and services	Nil
	416-2 涉及產品和服務的健康與安全影響的違規事件	無
GRI416:	417–2 Incidents of non-compliance concerning product	Nil
Customer Health and Safety	and service information and labelling	
GRI416: 客戶健康與安全	417-2 涉及產品和服務信息與標識的違規事件	無
	417–3 Incidents of non-compliance concerning marketing	Nil
	417-3 涉及市場營銷的違規事件	無
GRI418:	418–1 Substantiated complaints concerning breaches of	4.4 Information Security
Customer Privacy	customer privacy and losses of customer data	
GRI418: 客戶隱私	418-1 與侵犯客戶隱私和丢失客戶資料有關的經證實 的投訴	4.4 信息安全
	419–1 Non-compliance with laws and regulations in	Nil
	the social and economic area	
	419-1 違反社會與經濟領域的法律和法規	無

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告

The board of directors of the Company (the "Board" or "Director(s)") is pleased to present their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2021 (the "Year").

本公司董事會(「董事會」或「董事」) 欣然提呈彼等之報告連同本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」) 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度經審核綜合財務報表。

CORPORATE REORGANISATION AND LISTING

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on 28 November 2019. In preparation for the Listing, the Group underwent reorganisation, details of which are set out in the section headed "History, Development and Reorganisation" of the Company's prospectus dated 29 September 2020 (the "Prospectus").

The Company was listed on the Stock Exchange on 20 October 2020 (the "Listing Date").

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the Group are the research and development, integration, manufacturing and sales of pitch control systems and related components, sales of wind power, wind farm operation and maintenance business and provision of energy storage management solutions in the People's Republic of China. Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries, including their respective activities, are set out in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

The Company's principal place of business in China is at No. 95 Yueshan Road, Yuecheng Town, Jiangyin City, Jiangsu Province, China and the principal place of business in Hong Kong is Room 2104, 21st Floor, Global Trade Square, 21 Wong Chuk Hang Road, Wong Chuk Hang, Hong Kong.

企業重組及上市

本公司於二零一九年十一月二十八日在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。為籌備上市,本集團進行重組,詳情載於本公司日期為二零二零年九月二十九日的招股章程(「招股章程」)「歷史、發展及重組」一節。

本公司於二零二零年十月二十日(「上市日期」) 於聯交所上市。

主要業務

本公司為一家投資控股公司。本集團的主要業務為於中華人民共和國研究及發展、整合、製造及銷售變漿控制系統及相關組件、風力發電銷售、風電場運營及維護業務及提供儲能管理解決方案。本公司主要附屬公司詳情(包括其各自的業務)載於綜合財務報表附註12。

主要營業地點

本公司於中國的主要營業地點為中國江蘇省 江陰市月城鎮月山路95號,而於香港的主要營 業地點為香港黃竹坑黃竹坑道21號環匯廣場 21樓2104室。

BUSINESS REVIEW

A review of the Group's business during the year ended 31 December 2021, which includes a description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group, an analysis of the Group's performance using financial key performance indicators, particulars of important events affecting the Group during the year and up to the date of this report, and an indication of likely future development in the Group's business are set out in the Chairman's Statement on page 6 and Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 7 to 21 of this annual report.

In addition, discussions on the Group's compliance with relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group are included in the Corporate Governance Report of this annual report, and the discussions on the Group's environmental policies, relationships with its employees, customers and suppliers are included in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report of this annual report.

All these discussions form part of this Report of the Directors.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The operations of the Group are primarily carried out by the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC. The Group's establishment and operations accordingly shall comply with relevant laws and regulations in the above jurisdiction.

During the year ended 31 December 2021 and up to the date of this report, the Group's operations have complied with all the relevant laws and regulations in the above jurisdictions in all material respects.

TAX RELIEF

The Company is not aware of any relief from taxation available to the Shareholders by reason of their holdings in the Shares.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 136 to 137 of this annual report.

業務回顧

本集團於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度的業務回顧,包括本集團所面對的主要風 險及不明朗因素的説明、使用財務主要表現指 標分析本集團的表現、年內及截至本報告日期 影響本集團的重要事項詳情,以及本集團業務 未來發展可能性指標載於本年報第6頁的「主席 報告書」及第7至21頁的「管理層討論及分析」。

此外,關於本集團遵守對本集團有重大影響的 相關法律法規的討論載於本年報的「企業管治 報告」,而關於本集團的環境政策、與員工、 客戶及供應商的關係的討論載於本年報的「環 境、社會及管治報告|。

所有此等討論構成本董事會報告一部分。

遵守法律法規

本集團業務主要由本公司在中國的附屬公司 營運。因此,本集團的設立及經營應遵守上述 司法管轄區的相關法律法規。

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度及 直至本報告日期,本集團業務在所有重大方面 均遵守上述司法管轄區所有相關法律法規。

税收減免

本公司並不知悉任何因持有股份而提供予股 東的税項減免。

業績

本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度的業績載於本年報第136至137頁綜合損益及 其他全面收益表。

DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend the payment of final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2021.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movement in the share capital of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in note 24(c) to the consolidated financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2021, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands (the "Companies Law"), amounted to approximately RMB84,807,000.

Under the Companies Law, the share premium account of the Company is distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend, if any, is proposed to be distributed. The Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business. Details of the movements in reserves of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in note 24(a) to the consolidated financial statements.

GROUP FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for each of the last five years ended 31 December 2021 is set out on page 244 of this annual report.

DONATIONS

The total donations made by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021 amounted to approximately RMB100,000.

PROPERTIES, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in properties, plant and equipment during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements.

BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

Details of bank and other borrowings as at 31 December 2021 are set out in note 20 to the consolidated financial statements.

股息

董事會不建議就截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度派發末期股息。

股本

本公司於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的股本變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 24(c)。

可供分派儲備

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,根據開曼群島公司法(「公司法」)計算,本公司可供分派儲備金額約為人民幣84,807,000元。

根據公司法,本公司的股份溢價賬可分派予本公司股東,惟須於緊接建議分派股息(如有)日期後派發。本公司將能在日常業務過程中償還其到期債務。本公司於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的儲備變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註24(a)。

本集團財務概要

本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止五個年度各年的業績、資產及負債概要載於本年報第244頁。

捐款

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團的捐款總額約為人民幣100,000元。

物業、廠房及設備

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的物業、廠房及設備變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註11。

銀行及其他借款

於二零二一年十二月三十一日的銀行及其他 借款詳情載於綜合財務報表附註20。

SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the subsidiaries of the Company as at 31 December 2021 are set out in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements

MATERIAL EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING **PERIOD**

Save for the disposal of interests in a joint venture as disclosed under the paragraph headed "Business Review — Wind Power Generation" and in the announcement of the Company dated 25 March 2022, the Directors are not aware of any other material events relating to the business or financial performance of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021 and up to the date of this report.

CONTRACTS WITH CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

No contract of significance has been entered into between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and the Company's controlling shareholders or any of its subsidiaries during the year ended 31 December 2021.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT HELD, MATERIAL **ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF** SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES, AND FUTURE PLANS FOR SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL **ASSETS**

Save as disclosed in this annual report and in the announcement of the Company dated 25 March 2022, the Group did not have any significant investment or material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries, affiliated companies and joint ventures during the year ended 31 December 2021. Save for the information disclosed in this annual report, as at the date of the annual report, the Group did not have any significant investments or acquire any capital assets approved by the Board.

附屬公司

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司的附屬 公司詳情載於綜合財務報表附註12。

報告期後的重大事件

除於「業務回顧 — 風力發電」一段及本公司日 期為二零二二年三月二十五日的公告所披露 出售合營企業權益外,董事並不知悉任何其他 與本集團於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度及百至本報告日期的業務或財務表現 有關的重大事件。

與控股股東的合約

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本 公司或其任何附屬公司與本公司控股股東或 其任何附屬公司之間概無訂立重大合約。

持有的重大投資、有關附屬公司、聯 營公司及合營企業的重大收購及出 售,以及有關重大投資及資本資產的 未來計劃

除本年報及本公司日期為二零二二年三月 二十五日的公告所披露者外,截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度,本集團並無對附屬公 司、聯屬公司及合營企業進行任何重大投資或 重大收購或出售。除本年報所披露資訊外,於 本年報日期,本集團並無任何董事會批准的重 大投資或購入任何資本資產。

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the revenue derived from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers accounted for approximately 74% and 96% of the Group's total revenue for the year, respectively.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, purchases from the Group's largest supplier and five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 13% and 41% of the Group's total purchases for the year, respectively.

None of the Directors, their associates or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the major suppliers or customers noted above.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year ended 31 December 2021 and up to the date of this annual report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Cheng Liguan Richard (Chairman)

Mr. Cheng Li Fu Cliff (Chief executive officer)

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Wang Lubin

Mr. Li Hao

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Yip Chun On

Mr. Kang Jian

Mr. Li Shusheng

In accordance with Article 84 of the amended and restated articles of association of the Company, at each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an annual general meeting at least once every three years. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election and shall continue to act as a Director throughout the meeting at which he retires. The Directors to retire by rotation shall include (so far as necessary to ascertain the number of directors to retire by rotation) any Director who wishes to retire and not to offer himself for re-election.

主要客戶及供應商

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,來 自本集團最大客戶及五大客戶的收入分別佔 本集團年內總收入約74%及96%。

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,向本集團最大供應商及五大供應商的採購額分別佔本集團年內總採購約13%及41%。

董事、彼等的聯繫人或任何股東(據董事所知,擁有本公司5%以上股本)概無於上述主要 供應商或客戶中擁有權益。

董事

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度及 直至本年報日期的董事為:

執行董事

程里全先生(主席) 程里伏先生(行政總裁)

非執行董事

王魯彬先生 李浩先生

獨立非執行董事

葉俊安先生

康健先生

李書升先生

根據本公司經修訂及重列組織章程細則第84條,在每屆股東週年大會上,當時三分一的董事(若其人數並非三(3)的倍數,則以最接近但不少於三分一的人數)須輪流退任,惟每位董事必須最少每三年於股東週年大會上退任一次。退任董事符合資格膺選連任,並於其退任的大會上繼續擔任董事。將輪流退任的董事包括(就確定輪流退任董事人數而言屬必需)任何有意退任及無意重選之董事。

In accordance with Article 83(3) of the amended and restated articles of association of the Company, Any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the first general meeting of Members after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting and any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election.

根據本公司經修訂及重列組織章程細則第83(3) 條,獲委任填補臨時空缺的任何董事須一直擔 任該職務,直至本公司舉行其獲委任後的首屆 股東大會為止,並於該大會上膺選連任,而獲 董事會委任新加入現行董事會的任何董事,則 須擔仟該職務直至本公司舉行下屆股東调年 大會為止,並於該大會上合資格膺選連任。

Accordingly, at the forthcoming annual general meeting to be held on 27 June 2022, Mr. Li Hao, Mr. Kang Jian and Mr. Li Shusheng, who are being the longest in office since their appointment, shall retire from office and have offered themselves for re-election at the annual general meeting.

因此,在將於二零二二年六月二十七日舉行的 來屆股東週年大會上,李浩先生、康健先生及 李書升先生(彼等為自獲委任以來任期最長者) 將退任, 並願意於股東週年大會 上 鷹選連任。

Details of the Directors to be re-elected at the 2022 AGM are set out in the circular to shareholders of the Company dated 26 April 2022.

將於二零二二年股東週年大會上重選的董事 詳情載於日期為二零二二年四月二十六日致 本公司股東通函內。

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

股東週年大會

The 2022 annual general meeting of the Company (the "2022 AGM") will be held on Monday, 27 June 2022. Notice of the 2022 AGM will be published and issued to shareholders of the Company in due course.

本公司的二零二二年股東週年大會(「二零二二 年股東週年大會」)將於二零二二年六月二十七 日(星期一)舉行。二零二二年股東週年大會的 通告將適時刊發,並寄送予本公司股東。

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

For determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the 2022 AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from 22 June 2022 (Wednesday) to 27 June 2022 (Monday)), both dates inclusive, during which period no transfer of its shares will be registered. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the 2022 AGM, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong, for registration by no later than 4:30 p.m. on 21 June 2022 (Tuesday) for registration of transfer.

為釐定出席二零二二年股東週年大會及在會 上投票的資格,本公司將於二零二二年六月 二十二日(星期三)至二零二二年六月二十七 日(星期一)(包括首尾兩日)暫停辦理股份過戶 登記手續,期間不會辦理任何股份過戶登記。 為符合資格出席二零二二年股東週年大會及 在會上投票,所有過戶文件連同有關股票必須 在不遲於二零二二年六月二十一日(星期二)下 午四時三十分送達至本公司的香港證券登記 處分處香港中央證券登記有限公司, 地址為香 港皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712-1716 號舖,以進行過戶登記。

INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received an annual confirmation of independence from each of the independent non-executive Directors in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"). The Company considered each of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management of the Group are set out on pages 22 to 33 of this annual report.

DIRECTOR'S SERVICE AGREEMENTS

The Company has entered into a service contract with each of the executive and non-executive Directors and a letter of appointment with each of the independent non-executive Directors on 4 September 2020. Each of the service contracts and the letters of appointment is for an initial fixed term of three years commencing from the Listing Date. All Directors are subject to retirement from office and re-election at the AGM of the Company in accordance with the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, none of our Directors has entered into, or has proposed to enter into, a service contract with any member of our Group (other than contracts expiring or determinable by the employer within one year without the payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation)).

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of any business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year ended 31 December 2021.

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND THEIR ASSOCIATES IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the Year and including the date of this report, none of the Directors or any of their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) was considered to be interested in any business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group.

獨立非執行董事的獨立性

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第3.13條發出的年度獨立確認書。本公司認為各獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

董事及高級管理人員履歷

本集團董事及高級管理層履歷詳情載於本年報第22至33頁。

董事服務協議

本公司於二零二零年九月四日與各執行及非 執行董事訂立服務合約,並與各獨立非執行董 事訂立委任函件。各份服務合約及委任函件的 初始固定年期自上市日期起計為期三年。全體 董事均需按照本公司組織章程大綱及細則輪 值退任並於本公司股東週年大會上膺選連任。

除上文所披露者外,概無董事與本集團任何成 員公司訂立或擬訂立服務合約(不包括於一年 內屆滿或可由僱主於一年內無償(法定賠償除 外)終止的合約)。

管理合約

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,概 無訂立或存在有關本公司全部或任何重大部 分業務的管理及行政合約。

董事及其聯繫人在競爭業務中的權 益

於本年度及包括本報告日期,概無董事或彼等 各自的任何聯繫人(定義見上市規則)被視為 於與本集團業務直接或間接構成競爭或可能 構成競爭的任何業務中擁有權益。

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the amended and restated articles of association of the Company, the Directors and other officers of the Group shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them, their or any of their heirs, executors or administrators, shall or may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty, or supposed duty, in their respective offices or trusts.

The Company has purchased the directors and officers liability insurance to provide appropriate protection for its Directors and senior management of the Company.

The permitted indemnity provision was in force during the year ended 31 December 2021 for the benefit of the Directors.

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Details of the remuneration of the Directors and senior management, together with those of the five highest paid individuals of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in notes 8 and 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

The remuneration packages of individual Directors and senior management (including salaries and other benefits) are recommended by the Remuneration Committee for the Board's approval, with reference to salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors and performance of the Group.

CONNECTED TRANSACTION AND CONTINUING **CONNECTED TRANSACTION**

During the Year, the Company did not have any connected transactions which were subject to the reporting requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

獲准許彌償保證條文

根據本公司經修訂及重列組織章程細則,本集 團董事及其他高級職員均可從本公司的資產 及溢利獲得彌償保證,該等人士或任何該等人 士、該等人士的任何繼承人、遺囑執行人或遺 產管理人就各自的職務或信託執行其職責或 假定職責時因所作出、發生的作為或不作為而 招致或蒙受的所有訴訟、費用、收費、損失、 損害及開支,可獲確保免就此受任何損害。

本公司已購買董事及高級職員責任保險,為董 事及本公司高級管理人員提供適當保障。

為董事利益而設的獲准許彌償保證條文於截 至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度生效。

董事及高級管理人員薪酬及五大最 高薪人士

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度董事 及高級管理人員、連同本集團五名最高薪人士 的薪酬詳情載於綜合財務報表附註8及9。

個別董事及高級管理層的薪酬待遇(包括薪金 及其他福利)由薪酬委員會經參考可資比較公 司支付的薪金、董事所付出的時間及職責以及 本集團的表現後建議董事會批准。

關連交易及持續關連交易

於本年度,本公司並無任何須遵守上市規則第 14A章項下申報規定的關連交易。

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operation decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control. Members of the Company's key management and their close family member are also considered as related parties. For a discussion of related party transactions, see note 27 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. Directors believe that the related party transactions were carried out on an arm's length basis and will not distort our results during the year ended 31 December 2021 or make such results not reflective of our future performance. All the related party transactions described in this note do not constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions subject to the reporting, announcement or independent shareholders' approval requirements.

DIRECTORS'/CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Except as disclosed elsewhere in this annual report, none of the Directors or controlling shareholders, nor a connected party of any Directors or controlling shareholders, had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or its subsidiaries was a party during the year ended 31 December 2021.

SHARE OPTIONS OF THE COMPANY

The Company has conditionally adopted the share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme"), which was adopted by written resolutions passed by its shareholders on 16 July 2021 (the "Adoption Date").

關聯方交易

倘一方有能力直接或間接控制另一方或對另一方的財務及經營決策行使重大影響力,則雙方被視為關聯方。受共同控制的各方亦被視為關聯方。本公司主要管理層成員及彼等的說綜合財務報表附註27。董事認為,關聯方交易乃按公平基準進行,且不會扭曲我的,關聯於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度或使有關業績無法反映我們的未來表現遵守財產,公告或獨立股東批准規定的關連交易或持續關連交易。

董事/控股股東於重大交易、安排或 合約之權益

除本年報其他部分所披露者外,於截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度,概無董事或控 股股東或任何董事或控股股東的關連方於本 公司或其附屬公司所訂立且與本集團業務有 關的任何重大交易、安排或合約中直接或間接 擁有重大權益。

本公司的購股權

本公司有條件採納購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),該計劃於二零二一年七月十六日(「採用日期」)由其股東通過書面決議予以採納。

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to enable the Group to grant options to the Eligible Participants (including (i) any full-time employees (including any executive Director but excluding any non-executive Director and independent non-executive Director) of the Company, any subsidiary or any entity in which any member of the Group holds any equity interest (an "Invested Entity"); (ii) any independent non-executive Director and chief executive (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company or any subsidiary; (iii) any Director (including independent non-executive Director) and chief executive (as defined in the Listing Rules) of any Invested Entity; (iv) any adviser (professional or otherwise) or consultant to any area of business or business development of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; (v) any supplier of goods or services to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; (vi) any customer of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; (vii) any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; and (viii) any shareholder of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity or any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group or any Invested Entity), to enable the Group to grant Options to the Eligible Participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Group.

The Board shall, in accordance with the provisions of the Share Option Scheme and the Listing Rules, be entitled but shall not be bound at any time within a period of ten (10) years commencing from the Adoption Date to make an offer as the Board may in their absolute discretion impose any conditions, restrictions or limitations in relation to the options (which shall be stated in the letter containing the offer) to any person belonging to the Eligible Participant(s) to subscribe, and no person other than the Eligible Participant named in such the offer may subscribe.

購股權計劃的目的為使本集團能夠向合資格 參與者授予購股權(合資格參與者包括(i)本公 司、任何附屬公司或本集團任何成員公司持有 任何股權的任何實體(「投資實體」)的任何全職 僱員(包括任何執行董事,但不包括任何非執 行董事及獨立非執行董事)); (ji)本公司或任何 附屬公司的任何獨立非執行董事及最高行政 人員(定義見上市規則); (iii)任何被投資實體 的任何董事(包括獨立非執行董事)及最高行 政人員(定義見上市規則); (iv)本集團任何成 員公司或任何被投資實體的任何業務範疇或 業務發展的任何顧問(專業或其他方面)或專 業顧問;(v)向本集團任何成員公司或任何被投 資實體提供貨物或服務的任何供應商;(vi)本 集團任何成員公司或任何被投資實體的任何 客戶:(vii)向本集團任何成員公司或任何被投 資實體提供研究、開發或其他技術支援的任何 人士或實體;及(viii)本集團任何成員公司或任 何被投資實體的任何股東或由本集團任何成 員公司或任何被投資實體發行的任何證券的 任何持有人),以使本集團能夠向合格參與者 授出期權,作為彼等對本集團貢獻之獎勵或回 報。

根據購股權計劃及上市規則的條文,董事會有 權(但不受約束)自採納日期起十(10)年期間內 隨時提出要約,因為董事會可全權酌情就屬於 合資格參與者的任何人士的有關購股權施加 任何條件、限制或規限(應於載有要約的函件 內列示),以進行認購,惟該要約所列合資格 參與者以外的人士不得作出認購。

The exercise price (subject to adjustment as provided therein) of the option under the Share Option Scheme shall not be less than the highest of: (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the offer date which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date; and (iii) the nominal value of the Shares. The total number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme shall not exceed 10% of the total issued share capital of the Company as at the Adoption Date (i.e. not exceeding 25,000,000 Shares). However, the maximum number of Shares which may be allotted and issued upon exercise of all outstanding share options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme adopted by the Group shall not exceed 30% of the Shares in issue from time to time. The total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options under the Share Option Scheme and the options granted under any other share option scheme of the Group (including both exercised or outstanding options) to each grantee in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the Shares from time to time, without separate approval obtained from the Company's shareholders in general meeting. The Company may specify a minimum holding period and performance conditions or targets which must be achieved before the options can be exercised by the grantees of the Share Option Scheme. The amount payable by the grantee to the Company on acceptance of the offer shall be RMB1.00. The options granted are exercisable for a period (which may not be later than ten (10) years from the offer date of that option) to be determined and notified by the Directors to the grantee thereof and, in the absence of such determination, from the offer date of such option to the earlier of (i) the date on which such option lapses; and (ii) ten (10) years from the offer date of that option.

No share options have been granted under the Share Option Scheme as at 31 December 2021.

根據購股權計劃,購股權的認購價(可按規定 調整)不得少於以下最高者:(i)於要約日(必須 為營業日),聯交所每日報價表所報的股份收 市價;(ii)緊接要約日前五個營業日,聯交所每 日報價表所報的股份平均收市價;及(iii)股份 面值。因行使根據購股權計劃授出的所有購股 權而可能發行的股份總數,不得超過本公司於 採納日期已發行股本總額的10%(即不超過 25,000,000股)。然而,因行使根據購股權計劃 及本集團採納的任何其他購股權計劃已授出 但尚未行使的所有購股權而可能配發及發行 的股份最高數目,不得超過不時已發行股份的 30%。在任何12個月期間,因行使購股權計劃 下的購股權及根據本集團任何其他購股權計 劃授出的購股權(包括已行使或尚未行使的購 股權)而向各承授人發行的股份總數,不得超 過不時發行的股份的1%,除非另行獲得本公 司股東於股東大會的批准。本公司可規定一個 最短的持有期及業績條件或目標,該等條件或 目標必須於購股權計劃的承授人可行使購股 權前達成。承授人在接受要約時應向本公司支 付的金額為人民幣1.00元。授出的購股權可予 行使的期限(不得大於該購股權的要約日期起 計十(10)年)將由董事釐定並通知其承授人,如 無釐定,則為由該購股權的要約日期起至(i)該 購股權失效日期;及(ii)該購股權的要約日期起 計十(10)年的較早者。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日,概無根據購 股權計劃授出任何購股權。

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

No equity-linked agreements were entered into during the year or subsisted at the end of the year ended 31 December 2021.

DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR **DEBENTURES**

At no time during the year ended 31 December 2021 were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, the Company's holding companies or any of the Company's subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors, or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The Directors' fees are approved by shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting of the Company and the other emoluments payable to executive Directors are determined by the Board based on the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee with reference to the prevailing market practice, the Company's remuneration policy, the Directors' duties and responsibilities within the Group and contribution to the Group.

Details of remuneration of Directors are set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

RETIREMENT AND EMPLOYEES BENEFITS **SCHEME**

Details of retirement benefit scheme of the Group are set out in note 6(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

股份掛鈎協議

概無於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度訂立或於年末存續任何股票掛鈎協議。

董事購買股份或債權證之權利

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度內 任何時間,概無授予任何董事或彼等各自的配 偶或未滿18歲的子女通過購入本公司股份或債 權證的方式而獲益的權利,或由彼等行使任何 該等權利;或由本公司、本公司控股公司或本 公司仟何附屬公司訂立仟何安排,致使董事或 彼等各自的配偶或未滿18歲的子女於任何其他 法人團體獲得該等權利。

董事薪酬

董事袍金由本公司股東於本公司股東週年大 會上批准,而支付予執行董事的其他酬金則由 董事會根據薪酬委員會的建議,並參考現行市 場慣例、本公司的薪酬政策、董事於本集團內 的職責及對本集團的貢獻釐定。

董事薪酬詳情載於綜合財務報表附註8。

退休及僱員福利計劃

本集團退休福利計劃詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註6(b)。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2021, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company and any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("SFO")) which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as adopted by the Company, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, were as follows:

(i) Directors' interests in the Company

Name of Director

董事姓名 身份 **身份**

Capacity

Mr. Cheng Liquan RichardInterest in a controlled("Mr. Richard Cheng")corporation (Note 2)程里全先生(「程里全先生」)受控法團權益(附註2)

Notes:

- 1. The letter (L) denotes the person's long position in such Shares.
- These Shares are held by Hongyuan BVI. The entire issued shares of Hongyuan BVI are legally and beneficially owned by Mr. Richard Cheng, the chairman of the Board and an executive Director. Accordingly, Mr. Richard Cheng is deemed to be interested in all the Shares held by Hongyuan BVI under Part XV of the SFO.
- 3. The percentage represents the total number of the Shares and the underlying Shares interested, if any, divided by the number of Shares in issue of 250,000,000 as at 31 December 2021.

董事及主要行政人員於本公司的股份、相關股份及債權證中的權益及淡 倉

(i) 董事於本公司的權益

	Number of
Percentage of	Shares held/
shareholding	Interested in
	所持/擁有權益的
持股百分比	股份數目
(Note 3)	(Note 1)
(附註3)	(附註1)
75%	187,500,000 (L)
75%	187,500,000 (L)

附註:

- 1. 「L」指該人士於該等股份的好倉。
- 2. 該等股份由弘遠BVI持有。弘遠BVI全部 已發行股份由董事會主席兼執行董事程 里全先生合法實益擁有。因此,根據證 券及期貨條例第XV部,程里全先生被視 為於弘遠BVI持有的所有股份中擁有權 益。
- 3. 百分比指擁有權益的股份及相關股份 (如有)總數除以於二零二一年十二月 三十一日已發行股份數目250,000,000 股。

(ii) 董事於本公司相聯法團的權益 (ii) Directors' interests in associated corporation of the **Company**

Name of Director	Name of associated corporation	Capacity	Number of Shares held/ Interested in 所持/擁有權益	Percentage of shareholding
董事姓名	相關法團名稱	身份	的股份數目	持股百分比
Mr. Richard Cheng (Note 2)	Hongyuan Company Limited ("Hongyuan BVI") (Note 1)	Beneficial owner	1	100%
程里全先生(附註2)	弘遠有限公司(「弘遠BVI」) (附註1)	實益擁有人	1	100%

Notes:

- Hongyuan BVI is a direct Shareholder of the Company and 1. is an associated corporation of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO.
- 2. Mr. Richard Cheng is a director of Hongyuan BVI.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, none of the Directors or chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in any Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

附註:

- 弘遠BVI為本公司之直接股東,並為本公 1. 司之相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例 第XV部)。
- 程里全先生為弘遠BVI董事。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年十二 月三十一日,概無董事或本公司主要行 政人員於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證 券及期貨條例第XV部)的任何股份、相關 股份或債權證中擁有根據證券及期貨條 例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯 交所的任何權益或淡倉(包括根據證券及 期貨條例有關條文彼等被當作或視為擁 有的權益或淡倉),或記錄於本公司根據 證券及期貨條例第352條須存置的登記冊 的任何權益或淡倉,或根據標準守則須 知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2021, so far as the Directors are aware, the interests or short positions of the entities/persons, other than a Director or chief executives of the Company, in the Shares and underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO, were as follows:

主要股東於股份及相關股份的權益 及淡倉

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,就董事所知,實體/人士(董事或本公司主要行政人員除外)於股份及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部的條文須向本公司披露的權益或淡倉,或記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置的登記冊的權益或淡倉如下:

Substantial shareholders' interest in the Company

主要股東於本公司的權益

		Number of	
		Shares held/	Percentage of
Name of shareholder	Capacity	Interested in 所持/擁有權益的	Shareholding
股東名稱/姓名	身份	股份數目	持股百分比
		(Note 1)	(Note 4)
		(附註1)	(附註4)
Hongyuan BVI (Note 2)	Beneficial owner	187,500,000 (L)	75%
弘遠BVI(附註2)	實益擁有人	187,500,000 (L)	75%
Ms. Zhou Xuan (Note 3)	Interest of spouse	187,500,000 (L)	75%
周旋女士(附註3)	配偶權益	187,500,000 (L)	75%

Notes:

- 1. The letter "L" denotes the entity/person's long position in the Shares.
- 2. Hongyuan BVI is wholly owned by Mr. Richard Cheng. Under the SFO, Mr. Richard Cheng is deemed to be interested in the same number of Shares in which Hongyuan BVI is interested.
- 3. Ms. Zhou Xuan, being the spouse of Mr. Richard Cheng, is deemed, or taken to be, interested in the Shares in which Mr. Richard Cheng is interested for the purpose of the SFO.
- 4. The percentage represents the total number of the Shares and the underlying Shares interested, if any, divided by the number of Shares in issue of 250,000,000 as at 31 December 2021.

附註:

- 1. 字母[L]表示該實體/人士於股份的好倉。
- 2. 弘遠BVI由程里全先生全資擁有。根據證券及 期貨條例,程里全先生被視為於弘遠BVI擁有 權益的相同數目股份中擁有權益。
- 3. 就證券及期貨條例而言,周旋女士作為程里 全先生的配偶被視為或視作於程里全先生擁 有權益的股份中擁有權益。
- 4. 百分比指擁有權益的股份及相關股份(如有) 總數除以於二零二一年十二月三十一日已發 行股份數目250,000,000股。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, the Company had not been notified of any entities/persons (other than Directors or chief executives of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

除上述所披露者外,於二零二一年十二月 三十一日,本公司並無獲知會任何實體/人士 (董事或本公司主要行政人員除外)於股份或 相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部 第2及3分部的條文須向本公司披露的權益或淡 倉,或須記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第 336條存置的登記冊的權益或淡倉。

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the amended and restated articles of association of the Company or the laws of the Cayman Islands, under which the Company would be required to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to its existing shareholders.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 34 to 50 of this annual report.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF **SECURITIES**

During the Year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the listed securities of the Company.

During the Year, the Company has not entered into or maintained any equity-linked agreements.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public as at the date of this annual report.

優先購買權

本公司經修訂及重列組織章程細則及開曼群 島法例均無載列本公司須按比例向現有股東 發售新股份的優先購買權條文。

企業管治

有關本公司所採納的主要企業管治常規載於 本年報第34至50頁的企業管治報告。

購買、出售或贖回證券

於本年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購 買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

於本年度,本公司概無訂立或維持任何股票掛 鈎協議。

公眾持股量的充足性

根據本公司公開可得資料及據董事所知,於本 年報日期,本公司已發行總股本中至少有25% 由公眾持有。

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 have been audited by KPMG. A resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG as the auditor of the Company for the ensuing year is to be proposed at the 2022 AGM.

There was no change in auditor of the Company since the Listing.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has an Audit Committee which was established in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules for the purpose of reviewing and providing supervision over the Group's financial reporting process and internal controls. The Audit Committee has three members comprising three independent non-executive Directors, being Mr. Yip Chun On ("Mr. Yip"), Mr. Kang Jian and Mr. Li Shusheng. The Audit Committee is chaired by Mr. Yip, who has appropriate professional qualifications and experience as required by Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules. The Audit Committee of the Company has reviewed the annual results of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 prepared in accordance with the IFRSs.

For and on behalf of the Board

Cheng Liquan Richard

Chairman

28 March 2022

核數師

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度綜合 財務報表已由畢馬威會計師事務所審核。本公司將於二零二二年股東週年大會上提呈續聘 畢馬威會計師事務所為本公司來年核數師的 決議案。

本公司核數師自上市以來並無變動。

審核委員會

本公司已根據上市規則之規定成立審核委員會,以審閱及監督本集團的財務申報程序及內部監控。審核委員會有三名成員,包括三名獨立非執行董事,即葉俊安先生(「葉先生」)、集健先生及李書升先生。審核委員會由葉先生」的進去。本公司審核委員會由業資格及經驗。本公司審核委員會已經,及按國際財務報告已經數數。本公司於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的年度業績,及按國際財務報告準則與截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度財務報表。

代表董事會 *主席*

程里全

二零二二年三月二十八日

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of China Nature Energy Technology Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Nature Energy Technology Holdings Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") set out on pages 136 to 243, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2021 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code") together with any ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in the Cayman Islands and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致中國納泉能源科技控股有限公司各股東的 獨立核數師報告

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

我們已審核列載於第136頁至第243頁中國納泉能源科技控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,其包括於二零二一年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表,於截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註(包括主要會計政策概要)。

我們認為,綜合財務報表已根據國際會計準則理事會(「國際會計準則理事會」)頒佈的《國際財務報告準則》(「國際財務報告準則」)真實而公允地反映 貴集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度之綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已按照香港《公司條例》的披露要求妥為編製。

意見基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的《香港審計準則》(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」一節中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(「守則」)以及與我們對開曼群島綜合財務報表的審計相關的任何道德要求,我們獨立於 貴集團,並這 德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

KEY AUDIT MATTER

Key audit matter is the matter that, in our professional judgement, was of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. This matter was addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on this matter.

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項為根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審核最為重要的事項。該 等事項乃於我們審核整體綜合財務報表及出 具意見時進行處理。我們不會對該等事項提供 單獨的意見。

Loss allowances for trade receivables 貿易應收款項的虧損撥備

Refer to Note 17 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on pages 155 to 161. 請參閱綜合財務報表附計17及第155至161頁的會計政策。

The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項 How the matter was addressed in our audit 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

As at 31 December 2021, the gross amount of the Group's trade receivables totalled RMB185 million, against which a loss allowance of RMB1.3 million for expected credit losses (ECLs) was made. The carrying value of the Group's trade receivables represented approximately 36% of the total assets as at 31 December 2021.

於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 貴集團的貿易應收 款項總額為人民幣185百萬元,就預期信用虧損(「預期信用虧損」)作出的虧損撥備為人民幣1.3百萬元。於 二零二一年十二月三十一日, 貴集團貿易應收款項 的賬面值約為總資產的36%。

Management measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime ECL based on estimated loss rates for each category of trade receivables grouped according to the shared credit risk characteristics. The estimated loss rates take into account the ageing of trade receivable balances, the repayment history of the Group's customers, current market conditions, customer-specific conditions, and forward-looking information. Such assessment involves significant management judgement and estimation

管理層根據共同信用風險特徵分類的各貿易應收款項類別的預期虧損率,按全期預期信貸虧損的等額計量虧損撥備。預期虧損率計及貿易應收款項結餘的賬齡、 貴集團客戶的還款歷史、現行市況、客戶特定狀況以及前瞻性資料。有關評估涉及重大管理層判斷及估算。

Our audit procedures to assess the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables included the following:

我們評估貿易應收款項虧損撥備的審計程序包括以下各項:

- obtaining an understanding of and assessing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal controls relating to credit control, debt collection and estimating the credit loss allowance;
- 了解及評定與信用控制、收取債款及估算信用 虧損撥備有關的主要內部控制的設計、執行情 況及運作成效;
- evaluating the Group's policy for estimating the credit loss allowance with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standard;
- 經參考現行會計準則的規定,評估 貴集團估算信用虧損撥備的政策;
- assessing whether items in the trade receivables ageing report were categorised in the appropriate ageing bracket by comparing individual items therein with sales invoices and other relevant underlying documentation, on a sample basis:
- 通過抽樣比較銷售發票內的個別項目以及其他 相關文件,評定貿易應收款項賬齡報告中的項 目是否分類至合適的賬齡類別;

Loss allowances for trade receivables 貿易應收款項的虧損撥備

Refer to Note 17 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on pages 155 to 161. 請參閱綜合財務報表附註17及第155至161頁的會計政策。

The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

How the matter was addressed in our audit 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

We identified the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables as a key audit matter because determining the level of the loss allowance requires the exercise of significant management judgement which is inherently subjective.

我們將貿易應收款項預期信用虧損撥備識別為關鍵審計事項,乃由於管理層於釐定虧損撥備水平時須行使 重大主觀判斷。

- obtaining an understanding of the key parameters and assumptions of the expected credit loss model adopted by the management, including the basis of segmentation of the trade receivables based on shared credit risk characteristics of customers in management's estimated loss rates;
- 了解管理層使用的預期信用虧損模式的關鍵參數及假設,包括於管理層估計的虧損率中基於客戶共同信用風險特徵的貿易應收款項的分類基準:
- assessing the appropriateness of management's estimates of loss allowance by examining the information used by management to derive such estimates, including testing the accuracy of the historical default data and evaluating whether the historical loss rates are appropriately adjusted based on current market conditions, customerspecific conditions and forward-looking information; and
- 檢查管理層取得有關估計所使用的資料,以評估 管理層估算虧損撥備的恰當性,包括測試過往違 約數據的準確性及評價過往的虧損率是否已經 就目前市場狀況、客戶指定狀況及前瞻性資料進 行適當的調整;及
- re-performing the calculation of the loss allowance as at 31 December 2021 based on the Group's credit loss allowance policies.
- 根據 貴集團的信用虧損撥備政策,重新計算於 二零二一年十二月三十一日的虧損撥備。

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

綜合財務報表以外的資料及我們就 此發出的核數師報告

董事須對其他資料承擔責任。其他資料包括年 報中所包含的所有資料,但不包括綜合財務報 表及我們就此發出的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表作出的意見並未考慮其 他資料。我們不對其他資料發表任何形式的核 證結論。

就審核綜合財務報表而言,我們的責任為閱讀 其他資料,從而考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務 報表或我們在審核過程中獲悉的資料存在重 大不符,或似乎存在重大錯誤陳述。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。 在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據國際會計準則理事會頒佈的國際財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露規定編製真實而中肯的該等綜合財務報表,並負責董事認為編製綜合財務報表所必需的有關內部控制,以使綜合財務報表的編製不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事須負責評估 貴 集團持續經營的能力,並披露與持續經營有關 的事項(如適用)。除非董事有意將 貴集團清 盤,或停止營運,或除此之外並無其他實際可 行的辦法,否則董事須採用以持續經營為基礎 的會計法。 The directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

董事獲審核委員會協助履行其監督 貴集團財 務報告流程的責任。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔 的責任

我們的目標為合理確定整體而言綜合財務報表是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述,並發出包含我們意見的核數師報告。本報告僅為 閣下(作為整體)而編製,並無其他用途。我們並不就本報告之內容對任何其他人士承擔任何義務或負上任何責任。

合理確定屬高水平的核證,但不能擔保根據香港審計準則進行的審核工作於存在重大錯誤陳述時總能發現。重大錯誤陳述可源於欺詐或錯誤,倘個別或整體在合理預期情況下可影響使用者根據綜合財務報表作出的經濟決定時,則視為重大錯誤陳述。

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中,我們 運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我們 亦:

• 識別及評估綜合財務報表出現因欺詐或 錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述風險,因應 該等風險設計及執行審核程序,以及獲 得充足及適當的審核憑證為我們的意見 提供基礎。由於欺詐涉及串通、偽造、故 意遺漏、虚假陳述或凌駕內部控制的情 況,因此未能發現因欺詐造成的重大錯 誤陳述風險比未能發現因錯誤而導致的 重大錯誤陳述風險更高。

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 了解與審核有關的內部控制,以設計恰當的審核程序,但並非旨在對 貴集團的內部控制成效發表意見。
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- 評估所用會計政策是否恰當,以及董事 所作出的會計估算及相關披露是否合理。
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 評估綜合財務報表(包括資料披露)的整體列報、架構和內容,以及綜合財務報表 是否已公允地反映相關交易及事項。
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.
- 就 貴集團內各實體或業務活動的財務 資料獲得充足的審核憑證,以就綜合財 務報表發表意見。我們須負責指導、監督 和執行集團的審核工作。我們須為我們 的審核意見承擔全部責任。

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, actions taken to eliminate

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Chan Ting Yuen.

我們就(其中包括)審核工作的計劃範圍和時間以及重大審核發現(包括我們在審核過程中發現的任何內部控制的重大缺失)與審核委員會進行溝通。

我們亦向審核委員會作出聲明,確認我們已遵守有關獨立性的道德要求,並就所有被合理認為可能影響我們獨立性的關係和其他事宜以及為消除威脅而採取的行動或相關的防範措施(如適用)與審核委員會進行溝通。

我們通過與審核委員會溝通,確該該等本期綜合財務報表審核工作的最重要事項,即關鍵審計事項。除非法律或法規不容許公開披露該等事項或在極罕有的情況下,我們認為披露該等事項可合理預期的不良後果將超過公眾知悉該等事項的利益而不應在報告中予以披露,否則我們會在核數師報告中描述此等事項。

負責此審核項目與簽發獨立核數師報告的項 目合夥人為陳定元。

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants

threats or safeguards applied.

8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

28 March 2022

畢馬威會計師事務所

執業會計師

香港中環 遮打道十號 太子大廈八樓

二零二二年三月二十八日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 (Expressed in Renminbi) 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (以人民幣列示)

			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue	收益	4	312,864	338,895
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(266,991)	(265,325)
Gross profit	毛利		45,873	73,570
Other revenue	其他收益	5(a)	4,749	4,987
Other net (loss)/income	其他(虧損)/	5(b)	(2.27)	
Selling and distribution expenses	收入淨額 銷售及分銷開支		(307) (5,832)	202 (3,788)
Administrative and other operating	行政及其他運營		(3,032)	(3,700)
expenses	開支		(14,910)	(21,228)
5 5 5 5 S	2字 火火 ここく日 24 イル		20.572	F2 742
Profit from operations	運營所得溢利		29,573	53,743
Net finance costs	融資成本淨額	6(a)	(4,031)	(5,721)
Share of loss of joint ventures	分佔合營公司虧損	13	(2,069)	(666)
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	6	23,473	47,356
			Í	,
Income tax	所得税	7	(2,128)	(6,972)
Profit for the year	年內溢利		21,345	40,384
Attributable to:	以下各方應佔:			
Equity shareholders of the Company	本公司權益股東 非控股權益		21,069 276	40,173 211
Non-controlling interests	グト 1エ /1X /1隹 í血		2/0	Z11
Profit for the year	年內溢利		21,345	40,384
	- nn			
Earnings per share Basic and diluted (RMB)	每股盈利 基本及攤薄	10		
basic and unuted (MMD)	基本及無海 (人民幣元)		0.084	0.201

The notes on pages 144 to 243 form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 (Expressed in Renminbi) 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (以人民幣列示)

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Profit for the year	年內溢利	21,345	40,384
Other comprehensive income for the year (after tax adjustments) Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange difference on translation of financial statements of entities with functional currencies other than Renminbi ("RMB")	年內其他全面收益 (經税項調整後) 其後可能重新分類 至損益的項目: 換算功能貨「人民幣」 人民幣(「人民幣」)的實體的 財務報表的匯	(04.0)	(2.005)
	差異	(914)	(3,085)
Other comprehensive income for the year	年內其他全面收益	(914)	(3,085)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額	20,431	37,299
Attributable to: Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下各方應佔: 本公司權益股東 非控股權益	20,155 276	37,088 211
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額	20,431	37,299

The notes on pages 144 to 243 form part of these financial statements.



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 (Expressed in Renminbi) 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (以人民幣列示)

		Note 附註	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
	الدائد الله الله			
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備	11	97,960	101,048
Interests in joint ventures	於合營公司的權益	13	97,900	417
Contract assets	合約資產	14(a)	2,595	762
Deferred tax assets		23(b)	201	269
			100,756	102,496
	\+ ≤1 \\n +			
Current assets	流動資產	15	7.040	
Assets held for sale	持作出售資產	15 16	7,048	16 500
Inventories Trade and other receivables	存貨 貿易及其他	16 17	18,650	16,589
Trade and other receivables	應收款項	17	269,555	275,965
Loans to related parties and a third party	提供予關聯方	18	209,333	275,905
Louis to related parties and a time party	及一名第三方	70		
	的貸款		25,382	_
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	19(a)	40,572	121,416
Pledged deposits	已抵押存款	19(b)	42,448	30,960
			403,655	444,930
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Bank loans and other borrowings	銀行貸款及其他借款		50,270	93,572
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	21	183,817	204,871
Lease liabilities	租賃負債 合約負債	22 14(b)	2,242 772	1,620
Contract liabilities Current taxation	即期税項	14(b) 23(a)	489	— 1,665
Current taxation	איז יואי גע	25(4)	703	1,000
			237,590	301,728
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		166,065	143,202
				·
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		266,821	245,698

For the year ended 31 December 2021 (Expressed in Renminbi) 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (以人民幣列示)

		Note	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000
		Note 附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		ΓΙ Ι Ι	700113 1 70	7(2(1) 1 70
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付	21		
	款項		1,906	_
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	22	5,354	4,597
			7,260	4,597
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		259,561	241,101
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	24(c)	2,168	2,168
Reserves	儲備		257,393	236,998
Total equity attributable to equity	本公司權益股東			
shareholders of the Company	應佔權益總額		259,561	239,166
	11 14 mm 144 V			
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		_	1,935
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		259,561	241,101

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 28 March 2022.

由董事會於二零二二年三月二十八日批准及 授權發行。

Cheng Liquan Richard 程里全 Directors

董事

Cheng Lifu Cliff 程里伏

> Directors 董事

The notes on pages 144 to 243 form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Expressed in Renminbi) 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 (以人民幣列示)

		Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company 本公司權益股東應佔									
						PRC				Non-	
			Share	Share	Other	statutory	Exchange	Retained		controlling	
			capital	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	profits	Total	interests	Total equity
						中國法定				非控股	
			股本	股份溢價	其他儲備	儲備	匯兑儲備	保留溢利	總計	權益	權益總額
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			·								
Balance at 1 January 2020	於二零二零年										
	一月一日的結餘		_	_	31,406	6,351	(347)	66,508	103,918	1,724	105,642
Changes in equity for 2020:	二零二零年權益										
	變動:										
Profit for the year	年內溢利		_	_	_	_	_	40,173	40,173	211	40,384
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益		_	_	_	_	(3,085)	_	(3,085)	_	(3,085)
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額		_	_	_	_	(3,085)	40,173	37,088	211	37,299
Capitalisation issue	資本化發行	24(c)	1,626	(1,626)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Issue of ordinary shares by initial	首次公開發售發行										
public offering, net of	普通股扣除發										
issuance costs	行成本	24(c)	542	97,618	_	_	_	_	98,160	_	98,160
Appropriation of reserve	分配儲備	24(d)(iii)	_	_	_	868	_	(868)	_	_	-
Balance at 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月										
	三十一日的結餘		2,168	95,992	31,406	7,219	(3,432)	105,813	239,166	1,935	241,101

The notes on pages 144 to 243 form part of these financial statements.

For the year ended 31 December 2021 (Expressed in Renminbi) 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度(以人民幣列示)

			Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company 本公司權益股東應佔								
						PRC				Non-	
			Share	Share	Other	statutory	Exchange	Retained		controlling	
			capital	premium	reserve	reserve 中國法定	reserve	profits	Total	interests 非控股	Total equity
			股本	股份溢價	其他儲備	儲備	匯兑儲備	保留溢利	總計	權益	權益總額
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January 2021	於二零二一年 一月一日的結餘		2,168	95,992	31,406	7,219	(3,432)	105,813	239,166	1,935	241,101
Changes in equity for 2021:	二零二一年權益 變動:										
Profit for the year	年內溢利		_	_	_	_	_	21,069	21,069	276	21,345
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益		_	_	_	_	(914)	_	(914)	_	(914)
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額		_	_	_	_	(914)	21,069	20,155	276	20,431
Acquisition of non-controlling	收購非控股權益										
interests		24(d)(ii)	_	_	240	_	_	_	240	(1,896)	(1,656)
Deregistration of subsidiaries	取消註冊附屬公司		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(315)	(315)
Appropriation of reserve	分配儲備	24(d)(iii)	_	_	_	1,596	_	(1,596)	_	_	_
Balance at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月										
	三十一日的結餘		2,168	95,992	31,646	8,815	(4,346)	125,286	259,561	_	259,561

The notes on pages 144 to 243 form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 (Expressed in Renminbi) 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (以人民幣列示)

		Note 附註	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Operating activities	經營活動			
Cash generated from operations	經營所得現金	19(c)	10,549	21,584
Tax paid	已付税項		(3,236)	(9,452)
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動所得現金 淨額		7,313	12 122
activities	/ 节 缺		7,313	12,132
Investing activities	投資活動			
Payment for the acquisition of property,	收購物業、廠房及			
plant and equipment	設備付款		(9,532)	(1,450)
Capital injection in joint ventures	注資合營公司		(8,700)	(800)
Proceeds from deregistration of joint	取消註冊合營公司			457
ventures	所得款項		_	457
Deposits received from disposal of joint ventures	出售合營公司收到 的按金		5,133	_
Loans to related parties	向關聯方貸款		(24,382)	(173)
Loans to a third party	向一名第三方貸款		(1,000)	(175)
Repayment of loans to a related party	向關聯方貸款還款		_	173
Interest received	已收利息		404	207
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金			
	淨額		(38,077)	(1,586)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 (Expressed in Renminbi) 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (以人民幣列示)

	幣千元
Financing activities 融資活動	
Proceeds from issue of ordinary shares by 首次公開發售發行	
initial public offering 普通股所得款項 24(c) — 1	108,840
Share insurance cost paid 已付發行股份成本 24(c) —	(10,680)
Capital element of lease rentals paid 已付租賃租金	
資本部分 19(d) (2,056)	(608)
Interest element of lease rentals paid 已付租賃租金	
利息部分 19(d) (305)	(66)
Proceeds from bank loans 銀行貸款所得款項 19(d) 10,000	32,662
Repayment of bank loans 償還銀行貸款 19(d) (46,195)	(29,300)
Proceeds from loans due to a third party 來自第三方貸款	
所得款項 19(d) 15,000	_
Repayment of loans due to third parties 償還應付第三方	
貸款 19(d) (21,400)	(3,000)
Interest paid 已付利息 19(d) (1,533)	(2,770)
Dividends paid to former shareholders of 支付股息予附屬	
	(16,756)
Distribution to non-controlling shareholder 於取消註冊時向	
of subsidiaries upon deregistration 附屬公司非控股	
股東作出的分派 (315)	_
Payment for acquisition of non-controlling 收購非控股權益	
interests 作出的付款 (1,656)	
Net cash (used in)/generated from 融資活動(所用)/	
financing activities 所得現金淨額 (48,460)	78,322
Net (decrease)/increase in cash 現金(減少)/增加	
淨額 (79,224)	88,868
Cash at 1 January 於一月一日的現金 121,416	35,632
Effect of foreign exchange rate 匯率變動的影響	·
changes (1,620)	(3,084)
Cash at 31 December 於十二月三十一日	
	21,416

The notes on pages 144 to 243 form part of these financial 第144至243頁所載附註為該等財務報表組成部 statements.

分。



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

China Nature Energy Technology Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 28 November 2019 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. The Company's shares were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited on 20 October 2020. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively as the "Group") are principally engaged in the research and development, integration, manufacturing and sales of pitch control systems and related components, wind power generation, wind farm operation and maintenance business and provision of energy storage management solutions in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") which collective term includes all applicable individual International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards ("IASs") and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Significant accounting policies adopted by the Group are disclosed below.

The IASB has issued certain amendments to IFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 2(c) provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

1 一般資料

中國納泉能源科技控股有限公司(「本公司」)於二零一九年十一月二十八日根開曼群島公司法在開曼群島註冊成立憲獲豁免有限公司。本公司股份於二零年十月二十日在香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市。本公司及其附屬公司(「中國」)從事研發、整合、製造及銷售變獎場系統及相關組件、風力發電、風電變場運營及維護業務及提供儲能管理解決方案。

2 重大會計政策

(a) 合規聲明

國際會計準則理事會已頒佈若干於本集團本會計期間首次生效或可供提早採納的國際財務報告準則之修訂本。附註2(c)載列因初次應用與本集團有關並已反映於本會計期間於該等綜合財務報表內的準則修訂而產生的任何會計政策變動資料。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries and the Group's interests in joint ventures.

Items included in these consolidated financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency that best reflects the economic substance of the underlying events and circumstances relevant to the entity ("functional currency"). The functional currency of the Company is Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in RMB, rounded to nearest thousands, which is the presentation currency.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis except as set out in the accounting policies hereunder.

Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale are stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell (see Note 2(u)).

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(b) 財務報表的編製基準

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度的綜合財務報表包括本公司及 其附屬公司以及本集團於合營公司 的權益。

計入本集團各實體綜合財務報表的項目乃使用最能反映相關事件經濟實質情況及實體相關情況的貨幣計量(「功能貨幣」)。本公司的功能貨幣為港元(「港元」)。綜合財務報表以人民幣呈列並約整至最接近千位數,人民幣是列貨幣。

編製財務報表所用的計量基準為歷 史成本法基準,惟於下文會計政策 中載列者除外。

非流動資產及持作出售的出售組別按賬面值與公平值減出售成本的較低者列示(見附註2(u))。

編製符合國際財務報告準則的財務報表需要管理層作出判斷、估計及假設需要所能對對人人。 影響政策的應用以及資產。該學政策的應用以及資產。該學政策的應用以及資產。該學政策的應用以及資產。該學政策,其結果的的對於,其結果構成了對無法。 其他途徑對無法。 其他從與其他從與面值作出,對等估計。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements (Continued)

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of IFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in Note 3.

(c) Changes in accounting policies

The IASB has issued the following amendments to IFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group:

- Amendment to IFRS 16, Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions
- Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16, Interest rate benchmark reform phase 2

None of these developments have had a material effect on how the group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented. The group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(b) 財務報表的編製基準(續)

該等估計及相關假設會持續檢討。 倘會計估計的修訂僅影響作出有關 修訂的期間,或修訂對當期和未來 的期間均有影響,則會於作出有關 修訂的期間和未來期間確認。

管理層採用國際財務報告準則時所 作出的對財務報表有重大影響的判 斷,以及估計不確定因素的主要來 源載於附註3。

(c) 會計政策變動

國際會計準則理事會已頒佈多項於 本集團當前會計期間首次生效的國 際財務報告準則之修訂本:

- 國際財務報告準則第16號之修 訂本, Covid-19相關租金寬減
- 國際財務報告準則第9號、國際財務 際會計準則第39號、國際財務 報告準則第7號、國際財務報 告準則第4號及國際財務報告 準則第16號之修訂本,利率基 準改革一第二階段

該等修訂概無對如何編製或呈列本 集團本期或過往期間的業績及財務 狀況產生重大影響。本集團並無採 用於本會計期間尚未生效之任何新 準則或詮釋。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-Group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intra-Group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-Group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 附屬公司及非控股權益

附屬公司為本集團所控制實體。當本集團對來自其所參與實體的可變回報承擔風險或享有權利,且有能力透過其對實體的權力影響該等回報,則為對實體擁有控制權。於評估本集團是否擁有上述權利時,僅考慮本集團及其他人士持有的實質權利。

於附屬公司的投資自開始控制當日起至失去控制權當日止綜合計入結合財務報表。集團內公司間的結餘、交易及現金流量以及集團內公司間交易所產生的任何未變現與綜合財務報表時悉數抵銷克納養學,也與大學,也與大學,也與大學,也與大學,也以其對於無減值證據出現的情況下方可予以抵銷。

非控股權益指一間附屬公司權益中並非由本公司直接或間接應佔的權益的 分,而本集團並無就此與該等權益的持有人協定任何額外條款,會全體就該等權益承擔符合數量 使主義的合約責任。就各等強力。就各等值或非控股權益所佔附屬公司的可證股權益。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (Continued)

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the equity shareholders of the Company. Loans from holders of non-controlling interests and other contractual obligations towards these holders are presented as financial liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position in accordance with Notes 2(m) or 2(n) depending on the nature of the liability.

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or joint venture (see Note 2(e)).

2 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 附屬公司及非控股權益(續)

非控股權益在綜合財務狀況表的權益部分內,與本公司股權持有人的權益分開呈列。非控股權益所以本集團業績在綜合損益表及綜合損益及其他全面收益表呈列,面收益表是列外面的總溢利或虧損及全面的總溢與本公司股權益與本稅之間的分配。非控股權益與本股權益的其他人負款及該等持有人的其他負負責的性質)於綜合財務狀況表呈列為金融負債。

本集團於附屬公司的權益變動,如不會導致喪失控制權,則以權益交易入賬,即只調整在綜合權益內的控股及非控股權益金額以反映相關權益變動,但不調整商譽及不確認收益或虧損。

當本集團喪失對附屬公司的控制權,將按出售該附屬公司的所有權益入賬,而所產生的收益或虧損於損益確認。任何於喪失控制權當乃仍保留的該前附屬公司的權益乃按公平值確認,而此金額被視為初始確認金融資產的公平值,或(如適當)初始確認於聯營公司或合營公司的投資的成本(見附註2(e))。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (Continued)

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see Note 2(h)(ii)), unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale) (see Note 2(u)).

(e) Joint ventures

A joint venture is an arrangement whereby the Group or Company and other parties contractually agree to share control of the arrangement, and have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

An investment in a joint venture is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method, unless it is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal Group that is classified as held for sale (see Note 2(u))). Under the equity method, the investment is initially recorded at cost, adjusted for any excess of the Group's share of the acquisition-date fair values of the investee's identifiable net assets over the cost of the investment (if any). The cost of the investment includes purchase price, other costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the investment, and any direct investment into the associate or joint venture that forms part of the Group's equity investment. Thereafter, the investment is adjusted for the post acquisition change in the Group's share of the investee's net assets and any impairment loss relating to the investment (see Note 2(h)(ii)). Any acquisition-date excess over cost, the Group's share of the post-acquisition, post-tax results of the investees and any impairment losses for the year are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, whereas the Group's share of the post-acquisition post-tax items of the investees' other comprehensive income is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 附屬公司及非控股權益(續)

本公司的財務狀況表所示於附屬公司的投資,是按成本減去減值虧損後入賬(見附註2(h)(ii)),惟分類為持作出售的投資除外(或計入分類為持作出售的出售集團)(見附註2(u))。

(e) 合營公司

合營公司為本集團或本公司或其他 人士已訂約同意分享安排的控制 權,並有權使用安排的資產淨值。

於合營公司的投資,除已歸類為持 作出售(或計入歸為持作出售的出 售組別內)(見附註2(u))外,乃按權 益法於綜合財務報表入賬。根據權 益法,該項投資初步以成本入賬, 並就本集團分佔該投資對象可識別 資產淨值於收購日期的公平值超出 投資成本的差額(如有)作出調整。 投資成本包括購買價、收購該投資 的直接應佔其他成本,及於該聯營 公司或合營公司的任何直接投資而 構成本集團權益投資一部分者。其 後,該項投資因本集團在收購後應 佔該投資對象資產淨值的變動及任 何投資相關的減值虧損而作出調整 (見附註2(h)(ii))。於收購日超出成 本的任何差額、本集團應佔該投資 對象收購後的除稅後業績及年內任 何減值虧損均在綜合損益表內確 認,而本集團應佔該投資對象收購 後的其他全面收益的除税後項目, 則在綜合損益及其他全面收益表內 確認。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(e) Joint ventures (Continued)

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in the joint venture, the Group's interest is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the investee. For this purpose, the Group's interest is the carrying amount of the investment under the equity method, together with any other long-term interests that in substance form part of the Group's net investment in the joint venture (after applying the ECL model to such other long-term interests where applicable see Note 2(h) (i)).

Unrealised profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred, in which case they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

When the Group ceases to have joint control over a joint venture, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that investee, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former investee at the date when joint control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset.

(f) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost (which is, in the case of assets acquired in a business combination, the acquisition date fair value). Items of property, plant and equipment including right-of-use assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see Note 2(h)(ii)).

2 重大會計政策(續)

(e) 合營公司(續)

本集團與其合營公司之間交易所產生的未變現損益,均按本集團於投資對象所佔的權益比率抵銷,倘未變現虧損顯示已轉讓資產出現減值,則該等未變現虧損會即時於損益中確認。

當本集團不再對合營公司擁有聯合控制權時,則按出售於該投資對象的全部權益入賬,所產生的收去數虧損於損益中確認。任何於失留的合控制權之日在前投資對額被視為權益按公平值確認及該金額被視為於初步確認金融資產時的公平值。

(f) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按成本(就業務合併中購入資產而言,為收購日期公平值)列賬。物業、廠房及設備項目(包括使用權資產)按成本減去累計折舊及減值虧損列賬(見附註2(h)(ii))。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

The cost of self-constructed items of property, plant and equipment includes the cost of materials, direct labour, the initial estimate, where relevant, of the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and an appropriate proportion of production overheads and borrowing costs (see Note 2(s)).

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Leasehold land (see Note 2(g)) 租賃土地(見附註2(q)) Plant and buildings 廠房及樓宇 Generators and other equipment 發電機及其他設備 Office equipment and others 辦公設備及其他

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

重大會計政策(續) 2

物業、廠房及設備(續) (f)

自建物業、廠房及設備項目成本包 括材料成本、直接勞工成本、拆卸 及搬遷項目以及恢復項目所在地原 貌成本初步估計(倘相關)以及適當 比例生產經常費用及借款成本(見 附註2(s))。

報廢或出售物業、廠房及設備所產 生的收入或虧損乃以出售所得款項 淨額與項目賬面金額之間的差額釐 定,並於報廢或出售之日在損益中 確認。

折舊乃採用直線法按物業、廠房及 設備項目的估計可使用年期計算, 以撇銷其成本並扣除其估計剩餘價 值(如有),詳情如下:

> Estimated useful life 估計可使用年期

> > 50 years 50年

20 years or remaining lease terms 20年或餘下租期

> 5-20 years 5至20年

2–5 years or remaining lease terms 2至5年或餘下租期

倘物業、廠房及設備項目不同部分 可使用年期不同,則將該目的成本 合理分配至各部分, 並獨立計算減 值。資產的可使用年期及其剩餘價 值(如有)會每年檢討。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(g) Leased assets

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

As a lessee

Where the contract contains lease component(s) and non-lease component(s), the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(g) 租賃資產

於合約成立時,本集團會評估該合約是否為租賃或包含租賃。倘合約於一段時間內轉移已識別資產的使用控制權以換取代價,則合約為租賃或包含租賃。當客戶有權支配所識別資產的使用,並從使用中獲得絕大部分經濟利益時,即視為擁有控制權。

作為承租人

倘合約包含租賃組成部分及非租賃組成部分,本集團已就所有租賃選擇不分拆非租賃組成部分,並將每個租賃組成部分和任何相關的非租賃組成部分作為一項單一的租賃入賬。

於租賃期開始日,本集團確認使用權資產及租賃負債,惟租賃期為12個月或以下的短期租賃以及低價值資產租賃除外。當本集團就低價值資產訂立租賃時,本集團會就每份租賃決定是否進行資本化。與未賃期內有系統地確認為開支。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(g) Leased assets (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see Notes 2(f) and 2(h)(ii)).

重大會計政策(續) 2

(g) 租賃資產(續)

作為承租人(續)

若租賃被資本化,則租賃負債以租 賃期內應付租賃付款的現值進行初 始確認,並使用該項租賃的內含利 率貼現;或如果內含利率無法輕易 釐 定,則使用相關的增量借款利 率。初始確認後,租賃負債以攤銷 成本計量,且利息費用則採用實際 利率法計算。不取決於指數或利率 的可變租賃付款並不計入租賃負債 計量,並因此於其產生的會計期間 計入損益。

租賃資本化時已確認的使用權資產 按成本進行初始計量,其中包括租 賃負債的初始金額加上任何於租賃 期開始日或之前作出的租賃付款, 以及產生的任何初始直接費用。在 適用的情況下,使用權資產的成本 亦包括將拆卸、搬遷相關資產或復 原相關資產或資產所在地點的估算 成本貼現至其現值,減去已收到的 租賃優惠。使用權資產隨後按成本 減去累計折舊和減值虧損列賬(見 附註2(f))及2(h)(ii))。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(g) Leased assets (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The lease liability is also remeasured when there is a change in the scope of a lease or the consideration for a lease that is not originally provided for in the lease contract ('lease modification") that is not accounted for as a separate lease. In this case the lease liability is remeasured based on the revised lease payments and lease term using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification. The only exceptions are rent concessions that occurred as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and met the conditions set out in paragraph 46B of IFRS 16 Leases. In such cases, the group has taken advantage of the practical expedient not to assess whether the rent concessions are lease modifications, and recognised the change in consideration as negative variable lease payments in profit or loss in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the rent concessions occurred.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(q) 租賃資產(續)

作為承租人(續)

當租賃範疇發生變化或租賃合約原 先並無規定的租賃代價發生變化 (「租賃修改」),且未作為單獨的租 賃入賬時,則亦要對租賃負債進行 重新計量。在此情況,租賃負債根 據經修訂的租賃付款和租賃期限, 使用經修訂的貼現率在修改生效日 重新計量。唯一例外情况為因 COVID-19疫情直接導致並符合國際 財務報告準則第16號租賃第46B段 所載條件的租金寬減。在該等情況 下,本集團已利用實際權宜方法不 對租金寬減是否為租賃修改進行評 估, 並於觸發租金寬減的事件或條 件發生期間的損益內將代價變動確 認為可變租賃付款負值。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(g) Leased assets (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

In the consolidated statement of financial position, the Group presents right-of-use assets in 'property, plant and equipment' and presents the lease liabilities separately. Current portion of long-term lease liabilities is determined as the present value of contractual payments that are due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period.

(h) Credit losses and impairment of assets

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) on the following items:

- financial assets measured at amortised cost (including cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables);
- contract assets as defined in IFRS 15 (see Note 2(j)).

Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all expected cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

2 重大會計政策(續)

(g) 租賃資產(續)

作為承租人(續)

於綜合財務狀況表內,本集團於「物業、廠房及設備」呈列使用權資產以及單獨呈列租賃負債。長期租賃負債的即期部分釐定為於報告期結束後十二個月內結算的合約付款的現值。

(h) 信貸虧損及資產減值

(i) 來自金融工具及合約資產的信 貸虧損

本集團對以下項目的預期信貸 虧損確認虧損撥備:

- 一 按攤銷成本計量的金融 資產(包括現金及現金等 價物、貿易及其他應收 款項);
- 一 國際財務報告準則第15 號所界定的合約資產(見 附註2(j))。

預期信貸虧損計量

預期信貸虧損為信貸虧損的概率加權估計。信貸虧損以所有預期現金虧絀金額(即根據合約應付本集團的現金流量與本集團預期收到的現金流量之間的差額)的現值計量。



2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(h) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (Continued)

Measurement of ECLs (Continued)

The expected cash shortfalls are discounted using the following discount rates where the effect of discounting is material:

- fixed-rate financial assets, trade and other receivables and contract assets: effective interest rate determined at initial recognition or an approximation thereof;
- variable-rate financial assets: current effective interest rate.

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

In measuring ECLs, the Group takes into account reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. This includes information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(h) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(i) 來自金融工具及合約資產的信 貸虧損(續)

預期信貸虧損計量(續) 倘貼現影響屬重大,則預期現 金虧絀金額使用以下貼現率貼 現:

- 一 定息金融資產、貿易及 其他應收款項及合約資 產:於初始確認時釐定 的實際利率或其近似值;
- 一 浮息金融資產:目前實際利率。

估計預期信貸虧損時考慮的最 長期間為本集團承受信貸風險 的最長合約期間。

計量預期信貸虧損時,本集團 考慮毋須付出過大的成本或努力即可取得的合理及有根據資料。該等資料包括過往事件、當前狀況及未來經濟狀況預測。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Credit losses and impairme

(h) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (Continued)

Measurement of ECLs (Continued)
ECLs are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- lifetime ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from all possible default events over the expected lives of the items to which the ECL model applies.

Loss allowances for trade receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. ECLs on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions at the reporting date.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises a loss allowance equal to 12-month ECLs unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial instrument since initial recognition, in which case the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(h) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(i) 來自金融工具及合約資產的信 貸虧捐(續)

預期信貸虧損計量(續) 預期信貸虧損按下列其中一個 基礎計量:

- 一 12個月預期信貸虧損: 此乃報告日期後12個月 內潛在違約事件所預期 產生的虧損:及
- 一 全期預期信貸虧損:此 乃預期信貸虧損模式適 用的項目在預計年期內 所有潛在違約事件所預 期產生的虧損。

就所有其他金融工具(包括已 發出的貸款承諾)而言,本集 團按等同12個月預期信貸虧損 的金額確認虧損撥備,除非自 初始確認後該金融工具的信貸 風險大幅增加,在此情況下, 虧損撥備會按等同全期預期信 貸虧損的金額計量。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(h) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (Continued)

Significant increases in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of default occurring on the financial instrument assessed at the reporting date with that assessed at the date of initial recognition. In making this reassessment, the Group considers that a default event occurs when (i) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (ii) the financial asset is 90 days past due. The Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- failure to make payments of principal or interest on their contractually due dates;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in a financial instrument's external or internal credit rating (if available);

2 重大會計政策(續)

(h) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(i) 來自金融工具及合約資產的信 貸虧捐(續)

信貸風險大幅增加

評估金融工具信貸風險是否自 初始確認以來大幅增加時,本 集團比較於報告日期所評估該 金融工具發生的違約風險與於 初始確認日期所評估的該違約 風險。進行該評估時,倘(i)於 本集團不借助套現抵押品(倘 持有任何抵押品)等行動下, 借款人不大可能向本集團悉數 支付債務;或(ii)該金融資產已 逾期90天,則本集團視之為發 生違約事件。本集團考慮屬合 理及有根據的定量及定性資 料,包括過往經驗及毋須付出 過大的成本或努力即可取得的 前瞻性資料。

具體而言,評估信貸風險是否 自初始確認以來大幅增加時會 考慮以下資料:

- 一 未按合約規定的到期日 支付本金或利息;
- 一 金融工具的外部或內部 信用評級(如可取得)實 際或預期顯著轉差;

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (h) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)
 - (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (Continued)

Significant increases in credit risk (Continued)

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- existing or forecast changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have a significant adverse effect on the debtor's ability to meet its obligation to the Group.

Depending on the nature of the financial instruments, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is performed on either an individual basis or a collective basis. When the assessment is performed on a collective basis, the financial instruments are Grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, such as past due status and credit risk ratings.

ECLs are remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instrument's credit risk since initial recognition. Any change in the ECL amount is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss. The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(h) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(i) 來自金融工具及合約資產的信 貸虧損(續)

信貸風險大幅增加(續)

- 一 債務人的運營業績實際 或預期顯著轉差;及
- 一 技術、市場、經濟或法 律環境的當前或預期變 動對債務人向本集團履 行責任的能力造成嚴重 不利影響。

視乎金融工具的性質,信貸風險大幅增加的評估乃按個別或 集體基準進行。倘按集體基準 進行評估,金融工具乃按共有 信貸風險特點分組,例如逾期 情況及信貸風險評級。

預期信貸虧損於各報告日期重貨新計量,以反映金融工具信息,以反映金融工具信息, 例如確認以來的任何變動,預期信貸虧損金額的任何變變數損益確認為減值收益或虧損,並透過虧限數值收益或虧損,並透過虧應調整。



2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(h) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (Continued)

Basis of calculation of interest income Interest income recognised in accordance with Note 2(r)(iv) is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether a financial asset is credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable events:

- significant financial difficulties of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties of the issuer.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(h) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(i) 來自金融工具及合約資產的信 貸虧損(續)

計算利息收入之基準 根據附註2(r)(iv)確認之利息收 入乃基於金融資產之總賬面值 計算,除非該金融資產出現信 貸減值,在此情況下,利息收 入乃基於金融資產之攤銷成本 (即總賬面值減虧損撥備)計 質。

於各報告日期,本集團評估金 融資產是否出現信貸減值。當 發生一項或多項對金融資產估 計未來現金流量構成不利影響 之事件時,金融資產即出現信 貸減值。

金融資產出現信貸減值之證據 包括以下可觀察事件:

- 一 債務人之重大財政困難;
- 違約,如拖欠或逾期事件;
- 一 借款人有可能破產或進 行其他財務重組;
- 技術、市場、經濟或法 律環境之重大變動對債 務人產生不利影響;或
- 一 證券因發行人出現財政 困難而失去活躍市場。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (Continued)

Write-off policy

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset or contract assets is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the asset becomes 3 years past due or when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off.

Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

(ii) Impairment of other non-current assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment, including right-of-use assets;
- interests in joint ventures; and
- interest in a subsidiary in the Company's statement of financial position.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(h) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(i) 來自金融工具及合約資產的信 貸虧捐(續)

撇銷政策

倘預期實際上不可收回款項, 本集團會撇銷(部分或全部)金 融資產或合約資產之總賬面 值。該情況一般出現於有關資 產已逾期3年或本集團確定債 務人並無可產生足夠現金流量 的資產或收入來源以償還有待 撇銷之金額。

隨後收回先前撇銷之資產於收 回發生期間在損益內確認為減 值撥回。

(ii) 其他非流動資產的減值

內部及外界資料來源於各報告期末予以檢討,以識別有否跡象顯示以下資產出現減值或先前已確認的減值虧損已不存在或可能已減少:

- 一 物業、廠房及設備,包 括使用權資產;
- 一 於合營公司的權益;及
- 一 於本公司財務狀況表內 於附屬公司的權益。

倘出現任何有關跡象,則估計 資產之可收回金額。



2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (h) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)
 - (ii) Impairment of other non-current assets (Continued)
 - Calculation of recoverable amount The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest Group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit). A portion of the carrying amount of a corporate asset (for example, head office building) is allocated to an individual cash-generating unit if the allocation can be done on a reasonable and consistent basis, or to the smallest group of cash-generating units if otherwise.

2 重大會計政策(續)

- (h) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)
 - (ii) 其他非流動資產的減值(續)
 - 計算可收回金額 資產之可收回金額以其 公平值扣除出售成本與 使用價值兩者中之較高 者為準。在評估使用價 值時,會使用足以反映 目前市場所評估的貨幣 時間價值及該資產獨有 風險的除税前貼現率, 以將估計未來現金流量 貼現至其現值。倘資產 並無產生大致上獨立於 其他資產之現金流入, 則以能獨立產生現金流 入之最小資產組別(即現 金產生單位)釐定可收回 金額。倘可在合理及一 致的基礎上進行分配, 則公司資產(例如總部大 樓)的一部分賬面值會分 配予個別現金產生單 位,否則分配予最小的 現金產生單位組別。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(ii) Impairment of other non-current assets (Continued)

Recognition of impairment losses An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit (or Group of units) and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (or Group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable) or value in use (if determinable).

Reversals of impairment losses An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(h) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(ii) 其他非流動資產的減值(續)

確認減值虧損 倘資產或其所屬之現金 產生單位之賬面值超過 其可收回金額,須於損 益確認減值虧損。就現 金產牛單位確認之減值 虧損首先予以分配,以 減低分配至現金產生單 位(或一組單位)內任何 商譽之賬面值,其後再 按比例減低該單位(或一 組單位)內其他資產之賬 面值,惟資產之賬面值 不可減至低於其個別公 平值減出售成本(如可計 量)或使用價值(如可確 定)。

一 減值虧損撥回 倘用於釐定可收回金額 之估計出現有利變動, 則減值虧損予以撥回。

> 減值虧損撥回限於該資 產在過往年度並無確認 減值虧損下釐定之賬面 值。減值虧損撥回在確 認撥回之年度計入損益。



2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(h) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(iii) Interim financial reporting and impairment Under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with IAS 34, Interim financial reporting, in respect of the first six months of the financial year. At the end of the interim period, the group applies

the same impairment testing, recognition, and

reversal criteria as it would at the end of the

(i) Inventories

Inventories are assets which are held for sale in the ordinary course of business, in the process of production for such sale or in the form of materials or supplies to be consumed in the production process or in the rendering of services.

financial year (see Notes 2(h)(i) and (ii)).

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value as follows:

Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost formula and comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(h) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(iii) 中期財務報告及減值

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司 證券上市規則,本集團必須遵 照國際會計準則第34號中期財 務報告之規定編製每個財政年 度首六個月的中期財務報告之 本集團於中期期間結束應用 減值測試、確認及撥回標準與 財政年度結束時應用的一致 (見附註2(h)(i)及(ii))。

(i) 存貨

存貨指日常業務過程中持有以作銷售、在製中以備銷售,或以材料或物料形式持有以待在生產過程或提供服務中耗用的資產。

存貨乃按成本與可變現淨值兩者中 之較低者列賬,詳情如下:

成本乃按加權平均成本法計算,並 包括所有購貨成本、轉換成本及其 他使存貨達致現時所在地點及狀況 所產生之成本。

可變現淨值是在日常業務過程中之 估計售價減去完成之估計成本及進 行銷售所需之估計成本。

在售出存貨後,此等存貨之賬面值於確認相關收益期間確認為開支。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(i) Inventories (Continued)

The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

(i) Contract assets and contract liabilities

A contract asset is recognised when the Group recognises revenue (see Note 2(r)) before being unconditionally entitled to the consideration under the payment terms set out in the contract. Contract assets are assessed for expected credit losses (ECL) in accordance with the policy set out in Note 2(h)(i) and are reclassified to receivables when the right to the consideration has become unconditional (see Note 2(k)).

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays non-refundable consideration before the group recognises the related revenue (see note 2(r)). A contract liability would also be recognised if the group has an unconditional right to receive non-refundable consideration before the group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised (see note 2(k)).

For a single contract with the customer, either a net contract asset or a net contract liability is presented. For multiple contracts, contract assets and contract liabilities of unrelated contracts are not presented on a net basis.

When the contract includes a significant financing component, the contract balance includes interest accrued under the effective interest method (see Note 2(r)).

2 重大會計政策(續)

(i) 存貨(續)

任何將存貨撇減至可變現淨值之金 額及所有存貨虧損均於出現撇減或 虧損之期間內確認為開支。任何存 貨撇減之任何撥回金額於出現撥回 之期間內確認為扣減存貨開支。

(i) 合約資產及合約負債

當本集團於根據合約所載之付款條款符合資格無條件收取代價前確認收益(見附註2(r)),則確認合約資產。合約資產根據載於附註2(h)(i)之政策評估預期信用貸虧損,並於收取代價之權利成為無條件時被重新分類至應收款項(見附註2(k))。

倘客戶於本集團確認相關收益之前 支付不可退回代價,即確認為合約 負債(見附註2(r))。倘本集團擁有無 條件權利可於本集團確認相關收益 之前收取不可退回代價,亦將確認 為合約負債。在此情況下,亦將確 認相應的應收款項(見附註2(k))。

就與客戶訂立的單一合約而言,會 呈列合約資產淨值或合約負債淨額。就多重合約而言,不會按淨額 基準呈列不相關合約的合約資產及 合約負債。

倘合約包含重大融資部分時,合約餘額包括按實際利息法應計的利息 (見附註2(r))。 (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(k) Trade and other receivables

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognised before the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset (see Note 2(j)).

Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are initially measured at their transaction price. Trade receivables that contain a significant financing component and other receivables are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. All receivables are subsequently stated at amortised cost, using the effective interest method and including an allowance for credit losses (see Note 2(h)(i)).

(I) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for expected credit losses (ECL) in accordance with the policy set out in Note 2(h)(i).

(m) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, trade and other payables are stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at invoice amounts.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(k) 貿易及其他應收款項

應收款項於本集團有無條件權利收取代價時予以確認。倘代價僅隨時間推移即會成為到期應付,則收取代價的權利為無條件。倘收益於本集團有無條件權利收取代價前已確認,則有關金額呈列為合約資產(見附註2(j))。

不包含重大融資成分的貿易應收款項初步按其交易價格計量。包含重大融資成分的貿易應收款項及其他應收款項初步按公平值加交易成本計量。所有應收款項其後使用實際利率法按攤銷成本列賬,並包括信貸虧損撥備(見附註2(h)(i))。

(1) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括銀行及手頭現金、於銀行及其他金融機構之活期存款,以及可隨時轉換為已知金額現金及價值變動風險甚微且於購入後三個月內到期之短期高流通性投資。現金及現金等價物乃根據附註2(h)(i)所載之政策評估預期信貸虧損。

(m) 貿易及其他應付款項

貿易及其他應付款項以公平值進行 初始確認,其後按攤銷成本列賬, 若貼現影響並不重大,則按發票金 額列賬。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(n) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are measured initially at fair value less transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense is recognised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for borrowing costs (see Note 2(s)).

(o) Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

Contributions to local retirement schemes pursuant to the relevant labour rules and regulations in the jurisdictions in which the Group's subsidiaries located are recognised as an expense in profit or loss as incurred, except to the extent that they are included in the cost of inventories not yet recognised as an expense.

(p) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(n) 計息借款

計息借款初始按公平值減交易成本計量。初始確認後,計息借款使用實際利率法按攤銷成本列賬。利息開支根據本集團關於借款成本的會計政策確認(見附註2(s))。

(o) 僱員福利

短期僱員福利及定額供款退休計劃 供款

薪金、年度花紅、有薪年假、定額 供款退休計劃供款及非貨幣福利成 本會在僱員提供相關服務之年度內 計提。倘延遲付款或清償會產生重 大影響,有關金額則按其現值列賬。

除已計入尚未確認為開支的存貨成本外,根據本集團附屬公司所在司法管轄區有關勞工規則及法規向當地退休計劃作出的供款於產生期間在損益確認為開支。

(p) 所得税

年內所得稅包括即期稅項及遞延稅 項資產及負債之變動。即期稅項及 遞延稅項資產及負債之變動在損益 確認,惟與於其他全面收益確認或 直接於權益確認之項目有關者除 外,在該等情況下,有關稅項金額 分別於其他全面收益或直接於權益 確認。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(p) Income tax (Continued)

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(p) 所得税(續)

即期税項是指年內應課税收入按報告期末頒佈或實際上已頒佈之税率計算之預期應繳税項,以及就過往年度之應繳稅項作出之任何調整。

遞延税項資產及負債分別來自可抵 扣及應課税暫時性差額,即財務呈 報之資產及負債的賬面值與其税基 之間之差額。未使用之稅務虧損及 未使用之稅收抵免亦可產生遞延稅 項資產。

除若干有限之例外情況外,所有遞 延税項負債及所有遞延税項資產均 會確認,惟以很可能有可動用該等 資產作抵銷之未來應課稅溢利為 限。可支持確認可抵扣暫時性差額 所產生之遞延税項資產之未來應課 税溢利包括因撥回現有應課税暫時 性差額所產生者,惟該等差額必須 與同一稅務機關及同一應課稅實體 有關,並預期會在預期撥回可抵扣 暫時性差額之同一期間或遞延税項 資產所產生之税務虧損可向後期或 前期結轉之期間撥回。在釐定現有 應課税暫時性差額是否支持確認未 使用之税務虧損及抵免所產生之遞 延税項資產時,會採用同一標準, 即倘該等差額與同一税務機關及同 一應課税實體有關,並預期會在可 使用上述税務虧損或抵免之期間內 撥回,則會計及該等差額。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(p) Income tax (Continued)

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

重大會計政策(續) 2

(p) 所得税(續)

遞延税項資產及負債確認的有限例 外情況包括:不影響會計或應課税 溢利(如屬業務合併的一部分則除 外)的資產或負債的初次確認產生 的暫時差額,以及與附屬公司的投 資有關的暫時差額。如屬應課稅差 額,以本集團可以控制撥回的時 間,而且在可預見的將來不大可能 撥回者為限;或如屬可予扣減的差 額,以可在將來撥回者為限。

遞延税項之確認金額按照資產與負 債賬面值的預期實現或結算方式, 根據在報告期末已頒佈或實質上已 頒佈的税率計量。遞延税項資產與 負債均不予貼現。

遞延税項資產之賬面值於各報告期 末進行審閱,倘若認為不再有足夠 應課税溢利以抵銷相關的可使用税 項利益,則遞延税項資產之賬面值 會予以削減。任何有關削減可在可 能有足夠應課税溢利時撥回。

來自分派股息的額外所得稅於確認 派付有關股息之負債時予以確認。



2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(p) Income tax (Continued)

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(p) 所得税(續)

即期税項結餘及遞延税項結餘以及有關變動會個別列賬,且不予抵銷。倘本集團擁有法定行使權以即期稅項資產抵銷即期稅項負債,且符合下列其他條件時,即期稅項資產可與即期稅項負債抵銷,而遞延稅項資產可與遞延稅項負債抵銷:

- 一 就即期税項資產及負債而言, 本公司或本集團擬按淨額基準 結算,或同時變現資產及清償 負債;或
- 一 就遞延稅項資產及負債而言, 倘若該等遞延稅項資產及負債 與同一稅務機關向以下其中一 項徵收的所得稅有關:
 - 一 相同應課税實體;或
 - 一 不同應課稅實體,而在 預期將清償或收資產 遞延稅項負債或資方 未來各個期間,擬項 額基準變現即期稅項 產及清償即期稅項 債,或同時進行變現及 清償。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(q) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

Where some or all of the expenditure required to settle a provision is expected to be reimbursed by another party, a separate asset is recognised for any expected reimbursement that would be virtually certain. The amount recognised for the reimbursement is limited to the carrying amount of the provision.

(r) Revenue and other income

Income is classified by the Group as revenue when it arises from the sale of goods or the provision of services in the ordinary course of the Group's business.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(q) 撥備及或然負債

當本集團因過去事件須承擔法定或 推定責任,而履行該責任很可能需 要經濟利益流出,並於可作出可靠 估計時,則確認撥備。倘貨幣的時 間價值重大,則撥備會以履行該等 責任預期支出的現值列賬。

倘流出經濟利益的可能性較低,或 無法對有關數額作出可靠估計,則 會將該責任披露為或然負債,惟經 濟利益流出的可能性甚微則除外。 倘有關責任須視乎某項或多項未來 事件發生與否方可確定是否存在, 並會披露為或然負債,惟經濟利益 流出的可能性甚微則除外。

倘結算撥備所需的部分或全部支出 預期由另一方償還,則就幾乎確定 的任何預期償還確認一項單獨的資 產。就償還確認的金額僅限於撥備 的賬面值。

(r) 收益及其他收入

本集團將源自於本集團日常業務過程中銷售貨品或提供服務的收入分類為收益。



2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(r) Revenue and other income (Continued)

Revenue is recognised when control over a product or service is transferred to the customer, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the customer for more than 12 months, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction with the customer, and interest income is accrued separately under the effective interest method. Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the Group, revenue recognised under that contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. The Group takes advantage of the practical expedient in paragraph 63 of IFRS 15 and does not adjust the consideration for any effects of a significant financing component if the period of financing is 12 months or less.

Further details of the Group's revenue and other income recognition policies are as follows:

(i) Sales of pitch control systems and related components and wind farm consumables and energy storage management products

Revenue is recognised when the customer takes possession of and accepts the products.

(ii) Sales of wind power

Revenue is recognised upon transmission of electricity to the power grid company where the control of the electricity is transferred at the same time.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(r) 收益及其他收入(續)

當產品或服務的控制權按本集團預期有權獲取的承諾代價金額轉移至顧客時,收益(不包括代表第三方收取的金額)予以確認。收益不包括增值税或其他銷售税,並經扣除任何貿易折扣。

有關本集團收益及其他收入確認政 策之進一步詳情如下:

(i) 銷售變獎控制系統及相關組件 及風電場耗材以及儲能管理產 品

客戶接管並接收產品時確認收 益。

(ii) 銷售風電

於輸送電力至電網公司並同時轉移電力的控制權時確認收益。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(r) Revenue and other income (Continued)

(iii) Rendering of wind farm maintenance, upgrade and modification services and provision of energy storage management services

Revenue from the rendering of services is recognised when the related services are rendered.

(iv) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues under the effective interest method using the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset.

(v) Government grants

Government grants are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position initially when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as income in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred.

(s) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(r) 收益及其他收入(續)

(iii) 提供風電場維護、升級及改造 服務及儲能管理服務

提供服務所得收益於提供相關 服務時確認。

(iv) 利息收入

利息收入於產生時以實際利率 法確認,所使用之利率為透過 金融資產的預期年期準確貼現 估計未來現金收入至資產賬面 淨值的利率。

(v) 政府補助

政府補助於可合理確保本集團 將收取政府補助且將遵守其所 附帶之條件時於綜合財務狀況 表初步確認。用於補償本集團 已產生開支之補助於開支產生 之同一期間有系統地於損益中 確認為收入。

(s) 借貸成本

倘一項資產需較長時間才可準備就 緒用作預定用途或出售,則直接歸 屬於收購、建構或生產該項資產之 借貸成本將被擴充資本以作為該項 資產之成本之一部分。其他借貸成 本在產生期間支銷。



(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2

(Continued)

(s) Borrowing costs (Continued)

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or complete.

Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. The transaction date is the date on which the company initially recognises such non-monetary assets or liabilities.

The results of foreign operations are translated into RMB at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve.

重大會計政策(續) 2

借貸成本(續) **(s)**

當產生資產開支、產生借貸成本及 準備資產作其預定用途或銷售所必 需活動正在進行時,合資格資產的 借貸成本開始撥充資本以作為成本 之一部分。當準備合資格資產作其 預定用途或出售所必需的絕大部分 活動中止或完成時,借貸成本將暫 停或停止撥充資本。

雁兑外幣 (t)

於年內進行的外幣交易按交易日期 的外幣匯率換算。以外幣計值的貨 幣資產及負債,按報告期末的外幣 匯率換算。匯兑收益及虧損在損益 中確認。

按歷史成本以外幣計量的非貨幣資 產及負債會使用交易日期的外幣匯 率換算。交易日期為本公司初始確 認該等非貨幣資產或負債的日期。

境外業務的業績按與交易日期的外 幣匯率相若的匯率換算為人民幣。 由此產生的匯兑差額於其他全面收 益確認,並在權益的匯兑儲備中分 開累計。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(u) Non-current assets held for sale

A non-current asset (or disposal group) is classified as held for sale if it is highly probable that its carrying amount will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use and the asset (or disposal group) is available for sale in its present condition. A disposal group is a Group of assets to be disposed of together as a group in a single transaction, and liabilities directly associated with those assets that will be transferred in the transaction

When the group is committed to a sale plan involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale when the above criteria for classification as held for sale are met, regardless of whether the Group will retain a non-controlling interest in the subsidiary after the sale.

Immediately before classification as held for sale, the measurement of the non-current assets (and all individual assets and liabilities in a disposal group) is brought up-to-date in accordance with the accounting policies before the classification. Then, on initial classification as held for sale and until disposal, the non-current assets (except for certain assets as explained below), or disposal groups, are recognised at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. The principal exceptions to this measurement policy so far as the financial statements of the Group and the Company are concerned are deferred tax assets, assets arising from employee benefits, financial assets (other than investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures) and investment properties. These assets, even if held for sale, would continue to be measured in accordance with the policies set out elsewhere in Note 2.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(u) 持作出售的非流動資產

倘非流動資產(或出售組別)的賬面 值很有可能將透過出售交易而非透 過持續使用而收回,而該資產(或出 售組別)於其現況下可供出售,則會 獲分類為持作出售。出售組別指一 組資產將於同一交易中被一併出 售,而與該等資產有直接關連的負 債將於該交易中轉移。

當本集團承諾的出售計劃涉及失去 某附屬公司的控制權時,不論本集 團是否將於出售後保留該附屬公司 的非控股權益,該附屬公司的所有 資產及負債於符合上述分類為持作 出售的條件時會分類為持作出售。

於緊接分類為持作出售前,非流動 資產(及於出售組別內的所有個別 資產及負債)的計量根據分類前的 會計政策作出更新。其後於首次分 類為持作出售及直至出售期間,非 流動資產(不包括下列所闡釋的若 干資產)或出售組別按其賬面值及 公平值減出售成本的較低者列賬。 就本集團及本公司的財務報表而 言,此計量政策的主要例外為遞延 税項資產、僱員福利產生的資產、 金融資產(不包括於附屬公司、聯營 公司及合營公司的投資)及投資物 業。該等資產(即使為持作出售)將 繼續根據附註2所述本集團的其他 政策計量。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(u) Non-current assets held for sale (Continued)
Impairment losses on initial classification as held for sale, and on subsequent remeasurement while held for sale, are recognised in profit or loss. As long as a non-current asset is classified as held for sale, or is included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale, the non-current asset is not depreciated or amortised.

(v) Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group;
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same Group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a Group of which the other entity is a member).

2 重大會計政策(續)

(u) 持作出售的非流動資產(續)

於首次分類為持作出售及其後在持作出售期間重新計量的減值虧損於 損益中確認。只要非流動資產仍獲 分類為持作出售或獲納入分類為持 作出售的出售組別,則該非流動資 產不予折舊或攤銷。

(v) 關聯方

- (a) 倘有關人士出現下列情況,則 該人士或該人士之近親家庭成 員與本集團有關聯:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響 力;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公 司之主要管理人員之一。
- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,則一間 實體與本集團有關聯:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一 集團之成員公司(即各母 公司、附屬公司及同系 附屬公司彼此間有關 聯)。
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體之 聯營公司或合營公司(或 另一實體為成員公司之 集團旗下成員公司之聯 營公司或合營公司)。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

- (v) Related parties (Continued)
 - (b) (Continued)
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a Group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

2 重大會計政策(續)

- (v) 關聯方(續)
 - (b) (續)
 - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三 方之合營公司。
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體 之合營公司,而另一實 體為該第三方實體之聯 營公司。
 - (v) 該實體乃本集團或與本 集團有關聯之實體就僱 員福利設立之離職後福 利計劃。
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)所識別人士 控制或共同控制。
 - (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別人士對該 實體有重大影響力或屬 該實體(或該實體之母公 司)主要管理人員之一。
 - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團之 任何成員公司向本集團 或本集團母公司提供主 要管理人員服務。

個別人士之近親家庭成員乃指在處 理與實體交易時可能對該人士施予 影響或被該人士影響之親屬成員。



2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(w) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

Key sources of estimation uncertainty are as follows:

(i) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. These estimates are based on the current market conditions and the historical experience of selling products with similar nature. Any change in the assumptions would increase or decrease the amount of inventories write-down or the related reversals of write-down made in prior years and affect the Group's net assets value. The Group reassesses these estimates annually.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(w) 分部報告

運營分部及財務報表所呈報之各分 部項目金額,乃根據定期向本集團 高層管理人員提供以分配資源予本 集團不同業務及地域以及評估該等 業務及地域表現之財務資料而識別。

就財務報告而言,個別重大運營分部不會綜合呈報,除非該等分部有類似經濟特點及在產品及服務性質、生產程序性質、顧客類型或規度、分銷產品或提供服務所採用之方式及監管環境性質方面類似。所言並非屬重要之運營分部符合上述大部分特點,則可能綜合呈報。

3 會計判斷及估計

估計不確定因素的主要來源如下:

(i) 存貨的可變現淨值

存貨的可變現淨值乃於日常業務過程中的估計售價減估計完成成本及進行銷售所需的估計成本。該等估計乃基於目前市況及銷售同類產品的過往經驗作出。假設的任何變動將增加或減少存貨撇減的金額或於過往年度所作撇減的相關撥回,並影響本集團的資產淨值。本集團每年重新評估該等估計。

3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

(ii) Impairment of trade receivables

The Group estimates the amount of loss allowance for ECLs on trade receivables that are measured at amortised cost based on the credit risk of the respective financial instruments. The loss allowance amount is measured as the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows with the consideration of expected future credit loss of the respective financial instrument. The assessment of the credit risk of the respective financial instrument involves high degree of estimation and uncertainty. When the actual future cash flows are less than expected or more than expected, a material impairment loss or a material reversal of impairment loss may arise, accordingly.

(iii) Depreciation

Items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets, after taking into account the estimated residual value. The Group reviews the estimated useful lives of the assets regularly in order to determine the amount of depreciation and amortisation expense to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives are based on the Group's historical experience with similar assets and taking into account anticipated technological changes. The depreciation expense for future periods are adjusted if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

3 會計判斷及估計(續)

(ii) 貿易應收款項減值

(iii) 折舊

(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

(a) Revenue

The principal activities of the Group are the research and development, integration, manufacturing and sales of pitch control systems and related components, sales of wind power, wind farm operation and maintenance business and provision of energy storage management solutions. Further details regarding the Group's principal activities are disclosed in Note 4(b).

(i) Disaggregation of revenue

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by business lines is as follows:

4 收益及分部報告

(a) 收益

本集團的主要業務為研發、整合、 製造及銷售變獎控制系統及相關組 件、銷售風電、風電場運營及維護 業務及提供儲能管理解決方案。本 集團主要業務的更多詳情於附註 4(b)披露。

(i) 收益分類

按業務分支劃分的客戶合約收 益分類如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Sales of pitch control systems	銷售變槳控制系統及		
and related components	相關組件	257,782	283,847
Sales of wind power	銷售風電	22,539	20,258
Wind farm operation and	風電場運營及維護業務		
maintenance business		32,439	34,790
Provision of energy storage	提供儲能管理解決方案		
management solutions		104	_
		312,864	338,895

The Group's revenue from contracts with customers were recognised at point in time.

The Group had one customer with whom transactions have exceeded 10% of the Group's revenue for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, respectively.

本集團客戶合約收益於有關期 間的某個時間點確認。

於截至二零二一及二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團分別與一名客戶進行交易,超過本集團總收益10%以上。

4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

- (a) Revenue (Continued)
 - Disaggregation of revenue (Continued) In 2021, revenue from sales of pitch control systems and related components and wind farm operation and maintenance business to this customer, including sales to entities which are known to the Group to be under common control with this customer, amounted to RMB230,875,000 (2020: RMB272,654,000). Details of concentrations of credit risk arising from the customers are set out in Note 25(a).

(ii) Revenue expected to be recognised in the future arising from contracts with customers in existence at the reporting date

As at 31 December 2021, the Group has applied the practical expedient in paragraph 121 of IFRS 15 to its sales contracts for goods such that information about revenue expected to be recognised in the future is not disclosed in respect of revenue that the Group will be entitled to when it satisfies the remaining performance obligations under the contracts for sales of goods that had an expected duration of one year or less.

4 收益及分部報告(續)

- (a) 收益(續)
 - (i) 收益分類(續)

於二零二一年,來自向該等客戶銷售變獎控制系統及相關組件及風電場運營及維護業務的收益(包括向本集團已知受此客戶共同控制之實體的銷售),達到人民幣230,875,000元(二零二零年:人民幣272,654,000元)。來自客戶的信貸風險集中狀況詳情載於附註25(a)。

(ii) 預期日後就於報告日期存續的 客戶合約將予確認的收益

於二零二一年十二月三十一 日,本集團將國際財務報權 則第15號第121段的實際權 方法應用於商品銷售合約售合約 而毋須披露有關預期日後將 確認收益(本集團在履行商品 持續一年或一年以下 的資料。 權獲得的收益)的資料。



(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

(Continued)

(b) Segment reporting

The Group manages its businesses by division, which is organised by business lines (sales of pitch control systems and related components, sales of wind power, wind farm operation and maintenance business and provision of wind energy related consultancy services). In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has presented the following four reportable segments. No individually mentioned operating segments have been aggregated to form the following reportable segments.

- Sales of pitch control systems and related components: it engages in the research and development, integration, manufacturing and sales of the pitch control systems and related components in wind turbines manufacturing;
- Sales of wind power: it engages in the sales of the wind power electricity generated from wind farms;
- Wind farm operation and maintenance business:
 it provides wind farm operation and
 maintenance, upgrade and modification services
 and engages in the sale of wind farm
 consumables; and
- Provision of energy storage management solutions: it engages in provision of energy storage management services and related sales of products.

4 收益及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告

本集團按分部管理其業務,而其按 業務分支劃分(銷售變獎控制系統 及相關組件、銷售風電、風電場運 營及維護業務及提供風能相關語 服務)。本集團按照與向本集團最高 層行政管理人員就資源配置及表 評估進行內部資料匯報一致的 式,呈報下列四個可呈報分的。概 無個別提述運營分部匯整至組成以 下可呈報分部。

- 銷售變獎控制系統及相關組件:其從事研發、整合、製造及銷售變獎控制系統及風機製造相關組件;
- 銷售風電:其從事銷售風電場 產生風電;
- 風電場運營及維護業務:其提供風電場運營及維護、升級及改造服務及從事銷售風電場耗材:及
- 提供儲能管理解決方案:其從 事提供儲能管理服務及相關產 品銷售

4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

(Continued)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(i) Segment results and assets

For the purpose of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's senior executive management monitors the results and assets attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Segment assets include trade and other receivables, inventories, contract assets, other current assets and property, plant and equipment, with the exception of interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets, assets held for sale, loans to related parties and a third party, cash and cash equivalents and pledged deposits.

The measure used for reporting segment profit is gross profit.

4 收益及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告(續)

(i) 分部業績及資產

為評估分部表現及分部之間進行資源分配,本集團的高層行政管理人員按以下基礎監測其每個可呈報分部的業績及資產:

毛利用於計量呈報分部溢利。



(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

(Continued)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(i) Segment results and assets (Continued)

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resources allocation and assessment of segment performance for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 is set out below:

4 收益及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告(續)

(i) 分部業績及資產(續)

截至二零二一年及二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度,就分 配資源及評估分部表現向本集 團最高層行政管理人員提供的 本集團可呈報分部的資料載列 如下:

2021

				二零二一年		
		Sales of pitch			Provision of	
		control		Wind farm	energy	
		systems and		operation and	storage	
		related	Sales of wind	maintenance	management	
		components	power	business	solutions	Total
		銷售變漿				
		控制系統及		風電場運營及	提供儲能管理	
		相關組件	銷售風電	維護業務	解決方案	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Dan antalala arangantan arangan	可且却八郊此关	257 702	22 520	22,420	404	242.064
Reportable segment revenue	可呈報分部收益	257,782	22,539	32,439	104	312,864
Reportable segment profit	可呈報分部溢利	23,511	12,667	9,640	55	45,873
Reportable segment assets	可呈報分部資產	239,790	124,749	22,309	1,912	388,760
				2020		
				二零二零年		
		Sales of pitch		Wind farm	Provision of	
		control		operation	energy	
		systems and		and	storage	
		related	Sales of wind	maintenance	management	
		components	power	business	solutions	Total
		銷售變漿				
		控制系統及		風電場運營及	提供儲能管理	
		相關組件	銷售風電	維護業務	解決方案	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
D	コロおりがルン	202.047	20.250	24.700		220.005
Reportable segment revenue	可呈報分部收益	283,847	20,258	34,790		338,895
Reportable segment profit	可呈報分部溢利	52,306	11,823	9,441	_	73,570
Reportable segment assets	可呈報分部資產	254,576	120,239	19,549	_	394,364

4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(ii) Reconciliations of reportable segment revenues, profit or loss and assets

4 收益及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告(續)

(ii) 可呈報分部收益、溢利或虧損 及資產的對賬

2020

2021

		2021	2020
		二零二一年 RMB'000	二零二零年 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		人民市干儿	八八市「儿
Barrana	11L 11		
Revenue	收益 可见起众郊地关	242.064	220.005
Reportable segment revenue	可呈報分部收益	312,864	338,895
Consolidated revenue	綜合收益	312,864	338,895
Consolidated Teveride		312,804	330,033
D. C.	34 2 0		
Profit	溢利 可呈報分部溢利	45,873	73,570
Reportable segment profit Other revenue	其他收益	45,873 4,749	73,370 4,987
Other net (loss)/income	其他收入/(虧損)淨額	(307)	202
Selling and distribution	新售及分銷開支 新售及分銷開支	(307)	202
expenses	新日 次万	(5,832)	(3,788)
Administrative and other	行政及其他運營開支	(5,652)	(3,7,00)
operating expenses	1) M M / I I L I I M /	(14,910)	(21,228)
Net finance costs	融資成本淨額	(4,031)	(5,721)
Share of loss of joint ventures	分佔合營公司虧損	(2,069)	(666)
·			
Consolidated profit before	綜合除税前溢利		
taxation		23,473	47,356
Assets	資產		
Reportable segment assets	可呈報分部資產	388,760	394,364
Interests in joint ventures	於合營公司的權益	_	417
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	201	269
Assets held for sale	持作出售資產	7,048	_
Loan to related parties and a	提供予關連方及一名		
third party	第三方的貸款	25,382	_
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	40,572	121,416
Pledged deposits	已抵押存款	42,448	30,960
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總值	504,411	547,426

(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

(Continued)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(iii) Geographic information

IFRS 8, Operating Segments, requires identification and disclosure of information about an entity's geographical areas, regardless of the entity's organisation (i.e. even if the entity has a single reportable segment). The Group operates within one geographical location because all of its revenue was generated in the PRC and most of its non-current assets and capital expenditure were located/incurred in the PRC. Accordingly, no geographical information is presented.

5 OTHER REVENUE AND OTHER NET (LOSS)/ INCOME

(a) Other revenue

4 收益及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告(續)

(iii) 地區資料

其他收益及其他(虧損)/收入淨額

(a) 其他收益

	2021	2020
	二零二一年	二零二零年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
VAT refund <i>(Note i)</i> 增值税退税 <i>(附註i)</i>	2,406	4,187
Government subsidies (Note ii) 政府補助(附註ii)	2,281	794
Others 其他	62	6
	4,749	4,987

Notes:

Pursuant to Taxation Policy for Encouraging the Development of Software and Integrated Circuits Industry (Guofa [2011] No.4), enterprises engaged in the sales of self-developed software in the PRC are entitled to VAT refund to the extent that the effective VAT rate of the sales of the software products in the PRC exceeds 3% of the sales amounts. During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group received such VAT refund of RMB680,000 and RMB3,195,000 respectively.

附註:

(i) 根據《進一步鼓勵軟件產業和積體電路產業發展若干政策的通知》(國發[2011]第4號),在中國境內銷售其自行開發生產軟件產品的企業,若在中國境內銷售其軟件產品的實際增值稅稅率超過其數售額的3%的,則可退稅。於截至二零二一及二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團分別獲得有關增值稅退稅人民幣680,000元及人民幣3,195,000元。

5 OTHER REVENUE AND OTHER NET (LOSS)/ INCOME (Continued)

(a) Other revenue (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(i) (Continued)

Pursuant to Taxation Policy for Encouraging the use of wind power generation and promote the healthy development of relevant industries (Caishui [2015] No.74), enterprises selling self-produced power products produced by wind power will be subject to the policy of 50% VAT refund. During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group received such VAT refund of RMB1,726,000 and RMB992,000 respectively.

(ii) During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group received unconditional government subsidies of RMB2,281,000 and RMB794,000 respectively, as encouragement of their contribution in technology development and local economy.

(b) Other net (loss)/income

5 其他收益及其他(虧損)/收入淨額(續)

(a) 其他收益(續)

附註:(續)

(i) (續)

根據鼓勵利用風力發電及促進相關產業健康發展的稅收政策(財稅[2015]第74號),銷售由風力發電自行生產的電力產品的企業將電受50%的增值稅退稅政策。於截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團分別獲得有關增值稅退稅人民幣1,726,000元及人民幣992,000元。

(ii) 截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團分別收取人民幣2,281,000元及人民幣794,000元的無條件政府補助,作為彼等於技術開發及當地經濟貢獻的鼓勵。

(b) 其他(虧損)/收入淨額

	2021	2020
	二零二一年	二零二零年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Net exchange (loss)/gain	收益淨額 (118)	252
Others 其他	(189)	(50)
	(307)	202

(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

6 PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

Profit before taxation is arrived at after charging/ (crediting):

(a) Net finance costs

6 除税前溢利

除税前溢利乃經扣除/(抵免)以下各項 達致:

(a) 融資成本淨額

		2021 二零二一年	2020
			二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Interest expenses on bank loans	銀行貸款利息開支	1,533	2,260
Interest expenses on loans due to	應付第三方貸款利息開支		
third parties		2,597	3,162
Interest expense on lease	租賃負債利息開支		
liabilities		305	66
Others	其他	_	440
		4,435	5,928
Interest income	利息收入	(404)	(207)
Net finance costs	融資成本淨額	4,031	5,721

(b) Staff costs

(b) 員工成本

	2021	2020
	二零二一年	二零二零年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Salaries, wages and other benefits 薪酬、工資及其他福利	22,713	15,667
Contributions to defined 界定供款退休計劃供款		
contribution retirement plan	2,016	657
	24,729	16,324

6 PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION (Continued)

(b) Staff costs (Continued)

Employees of the Group's PRC subsidiaries are required to participate in a defined contribution retirement plans administered and operated by the local municipal government. The Group's PRC subsidiaries contribute funds which are calculated on certain percentages of the average employee salary as agreed by the local municipal government to the plan to fund the retirement benefits of the employees.

The Group's contributions to the defined contribution retirement plans are expensed as incurred and not reduced by contributions forfeited by those employees who leave the plans prior to vesting fully in the contributions. The Group has no other material obligation for the payment of retirement benefits associated with the scheme beyond the annual contributions described above.

(c) Other items

6 除税前溢利(續)

(b) 員工成本(續)

本集團的中國附屬公司的僱員需要 參加由當地市政府管理及營運的定 額供款退休計劃。本集團的中國附 屬公司向計劃供款以撥付僱員的退 休福利,供款金額按當地市政府認 可的平均僱員薪酬的若干百分比計 算。

本集團向定額供款退休計劃的供款 於產生時支銷,而僱員因在供款悉 數歸屬前退出計劃而被沒收的供款 將不會用作扣減該等供款。除上述 的每年供款外,本集團概無與該計 劃有關的其他重大退休福利付款責 任。

(c) 其他項目

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cost of inventories recognised as	確認為開支之存貨成本		
expenses (Note i)	(附註i)	251,139	252,578
Depreciation charges	折舊費用		
— owned property, plant and	一 擁有的物業、廠房及		
equipment	設備	6,431	6,216
— right-of-use assets	— 使用權資產	2,311	662
(Reversal)/provision of loss	計提貿易及其他應收款		
allowance on trade and other	項虧損(撥回)/撥備		
receivables		(452)	874
Listing expenses	上市開支	_	11,553
Auditors' remuneration	核數師薪酬	1,500	2,580

(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

6 PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION (Continued)

(c) Other items (Continued)

Notes:

(i) Cost of inventories recognised as expenses includes amounts relating to staff costs, depreciation of property, plant and equipment and research and development expenses, which are also included in the respective total amounts disclosed separately above or in Note 6(b) for each of these types of expenses.

6 除税前溢利(續)

(c) 其他項目(續)

附註:

(i) 確認為開支之存貨成本包括有關 員工成本、物業、廠房及設備折 舊及研發開支之款項,有關項目 亦就各開支類別計入上文或附註 6(b)個別披露的各項總額。

7 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS

(a) Taxation in the consolidated statements of profit or loss represents:

7 綜合損益表內的所得稅

(a) 綜合損益表內的稅項為:

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current tax — PRC Corporate Income Tax	即期税項 一 中國企業所 得税		
Provision for the year	年內撥備	2,080	7,103
Over-provision in respect of prior years	過往年度之超額撥備	(20)	-
Deferred tax	遞延税項		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	暫時差額的產生及撥回 <i>(附註23(b))</i>		
(Note 23(b))		68	(131)
		2,128	6,972
		2,120	0,372

7 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS

(Continued)

(a) Taxation in the consolidated statements of profit or loss represents: (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (i) Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands, the Group is not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands.
- (ii) Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law and the respective regulations, the subsidiaries of the Group which operate in PRC is subject to Corporate Income Tax at a rate of 25% on its taxable income.
- (iii) According to the Administrative Measures for Determination of High Tech Enterprises (Guokefahuo [2016] No.32), Jiangyin Hongyuan New Energy Technology Co., Ltd. obtained the qualification as a high-tech enterprise and was entitled to a preferential income tax rate of 15% for the years from 2021 to 2023.
- (iv) Pursuant to Caishui [2011] No.58 and Caishui [2020] No.23 Notice on Tax Policies for Further Implementation of Western Regions Development Strategy, Datang Gucang Duolun New Energy Co., Ltd. established in the western regions of the PRC, and is entitled to the preferential income tax rate of 15% from its incorporation to 2030.
- (v) Pursuant to Caishui [2008] No.46 Notice on the Execution of the Catalogue of Public Infrastructure Projects Entitled for Preferential Tax Treatment, wind farm of the Group, which are approved after 1 January 2008, are entitled to a tax holiday of a 3-year full exemption followed by a 3-year 50% exemption commencing from their respective years in which their first operating income is derived. Datang Gucang Duolun New Energy Co., Ltd. was entitled to full exemption for the years from 2016 to 2018 and a preferential income tax rate of 7.5% for the years from 2019 to 2021.

7 綜合損益表內的所得稅(續)

(a) 綜合損益表內的税項為:(續)

附註:(續)

- (i) 根據開曼群島及英屬維爾京群島 之法律及法規,本集團毋須繳納 任何開曼群島及英屬維爾京群島 所得税。
- (ii) 根據中國企業所得税法及有關規例,於中國經營的本集團附屬公司須按25%的稅率就其應課稅收入繳納企業所得稅。
- (iii) 根據《高新技術企業認定管理辦法》(國科發火[2016]第32號),江陰弘遠新能源科技有限公司取得高新技術企業資格,故於二零二一年至二零二三年可享有優惠所得稅稅率15%。
- (iv) 根據《關於深入實施西部大開發戰略有關税收政策問題的通知》(財稅[2011]第58號及財稅[2020]第23號),於中國西部成立的大唐穀倉多倫新能源有限公司可於其註冊成立至二零三零年享有優惠所得稅稅率15%。

(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

7 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS

(Continued)

(b) Reconciliation between tax expense and profit before taxation at applicable tax rates:

7 綜合損益表內的所得稅(續)

(b) 按適用税率計算的税項開支與除 税前溢利的對賬:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		7 (7 (1 7)	7 (2011) 1 70
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	23,473	47,356
Tront before taxation		23,473	47,550
Notional tax on profit before	除税前溢利的名義税項		
taxation, calculated at the PRC	(按中國法定税率25%		
statutory tax rate of 25%	計算)	5,869	11,839
Over-provision in respect of prior	過往年度之超額撥備		
years		(20)	_
Tax effect of non-deductible	不可扣税開支的税項影響		
expenses		1,047	3,016
Tax effect of tax losses not	未確認税項虧損的税項	.,,	3,0.0
recognised	影響	1,443	641
Additional deductions for research	研發開支的額外扣減	1,443	0+1
	则 弦 囲 又 明 贺 外 和 观	(2.674)	(1.063)
and development expenses		(2,671)	(1,863)
Effect of PRC tax concessions	已取得的中國稅務優惠		
obtained	影響	(3,540)	(6,661)
Actual tax expense	實際税項開支	2,128	6,972

8 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation are as follows:

8 董事酬金

董事酬金根據《香港公司條例》第383(1)條及《公司(披露董事利益資料)規例》第2部披露如下:

					Contributions	
			Salaries,		to defined	
			allowances		contribution	
		Directors'	and benefits	Discretionary	retirement	
		fees	in kind	bonuses	plan	2021 Total
			薪金、津貼及		定額供款退休	二零二一年
		董事袍金	實物福利	酌情花紅	計劃的供款	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Executive directors	執行董事					
Cheng Liquan Richard	程里全	_	502	42	_	544
Cheng Lifu Cliff	程里伏	_	685		146	831
Cherry End Chir	11 11 11		005			05.
Non-Executive directors	非執行董事					
Li Hao	李浩	135	_	_	_	135
Wang Lubin	王魯彬	135	_	_	_	135
Independent non-	獨立非執行董事					
executive directors						
Yip Chun On	葉俊安	126	_	_	_	126
Li Shusheng	李書升	135	_	_	_	135
Kang Jian	康健	135	_	_	_	135
		666	1,187	42	146	2,041
			•			

(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

8 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

8 董事酬金(續)

					Contributions	
			Salaries,		to defined	
			allowances		contribution	
		Directors'	and benefits	Discretionary	retirement	
		fees	in kind	bonuses	plan	2020 Total
			薪金、津貼及		定額供款退休	二零二零年
		董事袍金	實物福利	酌情花紅	計劃的供款	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Executive directors	執行董事					
Cheng Liquan Richard	程里全	_	421	_	_	421
Cheng Lifu Cliff	程里伏(於二零二零					
(appointed on	年三月十七日獲					
17 March 2020)	委任)	_	597	_	146	743
Non-Executive	非執行董事					
directors	乔扒 11里尹					
Li Hao (appointed on	李浩(於二零二零年					
19 March 2020)	三月十九日獲					
19 Watch 2020)	/ 1 / 1 / 1 / 2 / 5 / 5 / 5 / 5 / 5 / 5 / 5 / 5 / 5	28				28
Wang Lubin (appointed	王魯彬(於二零二零	20	_		_	20
on 19 March 2020)	年三月十九日獲					
011 19 Watch 2020)	チニカールロ後 委任)	28				28
	安任)	28	_	_	_	28
Independent non-	獨立非執行董事					
executive directors						
Yip Chun On (appointed	葉俊安(於二零二零					
on 4 September 2020)	年九月四日獲					
	委任)	28	_	_	_	28
Li Shusheng (appointed	李書升(於二零二零					
on 4 September 2020)	年九月四日獲					
	委任)	28	_	_	_	28
Kang Jian (appointed on	康健(於二零二零年					
4 September 2020)	九月四日獲委任)	28	_	_	_	28
		140	1,018		146	1,304

Both the executive directors are key management personnel of the Group during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 and their remuneration disclosed above include those for services rendered by them as key management personnel.

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度,兩名執行董事均為本 公司主要管理人員,而彼等於上文披露 的酬金包括彼等作為主要管理人員提供 服務獲得的酬金。

8 **DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS** (Continued)

None of these directors and any of the highest paid individuals set out in Note 9 received any inducements or compensation for loss of office or waived any emoluments during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

9 INDIVIDUALS WITH THE HIGHEST **EMOLUMENTS**

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, two (2020: two) are directors whose emoluments are disclosed in Note 8. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the other three (2020: three) individuals are as follows:

董事酬金(續) 8

於截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度,概無上述董事或附註9 所載任何最高薪金個人獲得加盟獎金或 離職補償或豁免任何薪酬。

最高薪金個人 9

五名最高薪金個人中,兩名(二零二零 年:兩名)董事的薪金於附註8披露。其餘 三名(二零二零年:三名)個人的薪金總 額如下:

	2021	2020
	二零二一年	二零二零年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Salaries and other emoluments 薪金及其他酬金	1,515	849
Discretionary bonuses 酌情花紅	504	400
Contributions to defined contribution 定額供款退休計劃的供款		
retirement plan	536	114
	2,555	1,363

The emoluments of the three (2020: three) individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following bands:

三名(二零二零年:三名)最高薪金個人 的薪金屬於以下組別:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		Number of	Number of
		individuals	individuals
		人數	人數
HK\$ nil to HK\$1,000,000	零港元至1,000,000港元	2	3
HK\$1,000,000 to HK\$2,000,000	1,000,000港元至2,000,000		
	港元	1	

(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

10 EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to ordinary equity shareholders of the Company of RMB21,069,000 (2020: RMB40,173,000) and the weighted average of ordinary shares 250,000,000 (2020: 199,795,082 shares after adjusting for the capitalisation issue in 2020) in issue during the year, calculated as follows:

Weighted average number of ordinary shares

10 每股盈利

(a) 每股基本盈利

每股基本盈利按本公司普通權益股東應佔溢利人民幣21,069,000元(二零二零年:人民幣40,173,000元)及年內已發行加權平均普通股250,000,000股(二零二零年:199,795,082股,經就二零二零年資本化發行作出調整)計算,計算如下:

加權平均普通股數目

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
Issued ordinary shares at	於一月一日已發行普通股		
1 January		250,000,000	10,000
Effect of capitalisation issue	資本化發行的影響		
(Note 24(c))	(附註24(c))	_	187,490,000
Effect of shares issued by initial	首次公開發售發行股份的		
public offering (Note 24(c))	影響(附註24(c))	_	12,295,082
Weighted average number of	於十二月三十一日的		
ordinary shares at 31 December	加權平均普通股數目	250,000,000	199,795,082

(b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 is the same as the basic earnings per share as there were no potentially dilutive ordinary shares issued.

(b) 每股攤薄盈利

由於並無發行潛在攤薄普通股,截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的每股攤薄盈利與每股基本盈利相同。

11 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(a) Reconciliation of carrying amount

11 物業、廠房及設備

(a) 賬面值對賬

		Leasehold land 租賃土地 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Plant and buildings 廠房及 樓字 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Generators and other equipment 發電機及 其他設備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Office equipment and others 辦公室設備 及其他 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost: At 1 January 2020	成本: 於二零二零年 一月一日	2.056	6.503	114 247	F 4 F	124 444
Additions	添置	3,056 43	6,593 1,296	114,247 893	545 5,020	124,441 7,252
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021 Additions Disposals	於二零二零年十二月 三十一日及二零 二一年一月一日 添置 出售	3,099 — —	7,889 3,593 (395)	115,140 1,712 —	5,565 349 —	131,693 5,654 (395)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	3,099	11,087	116,852	5,914	136,952
Accumulated depreciation: At 1 January 2020 Charge for the year	累計折舊: 於二零二零年 一月一日 年內扣除	(235) (62)	(1,648) (696)	(21,534) (5,790)	(350) (330)	(23,767) (6,878)
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021 Charge for the year Disposals	於二零二零年十二月 三十一日及二零 二一年一月一日 年內扣除 出售	(297) (63)	(2,344) (1,629) 395	(27,324) (5,941)	(680) (1,109)	(30,645) (8,742) 395
At 31 December 2021	ル 目 於 二 零 二 一 年 十 二 月 三 十 一 日	(360)	(3,578)	(33,265)	(1,789)	(38,992)
Net book value: At 31 December 2021	賬面淨值: 於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	2,739	7,509	83,587	4,125	97,960
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	2,802	5,545	87,816	4,885	101,048

(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

11 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(Continued)

- (a) Reconciliation of carrying amount (Continued)
 - (i) As at 31 December 2021, property certificates of certain properties with an aggregate net book value of RMB3,491,000 (2020: RMB3,737,000), respectively, are yet to be obtained.
 - (ii) Certain property, plant and equipment of the Group were pledged as security for bank loans. Details are set out as follows:

11 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(a) **賬面值對賬**(續) 附註:

- (i) 於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 賬面淨值總計為人民幣3,491,000 元(二零二零年:人民幣 3,737,000元)的若干物業尚未取 得物業證書。
- (ii) 本集團的若干物業、廠房及設備 已抵押為銀行貸款的抵押品。詳 情列載如下:

	2021	2020
	二零二一年	二零二零年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Leasehold land 租賃土地	_	2,802
Generators and other equipment 發電機及	其他設備 ——	64,662
	_	67,464

(b) Right-of-use assets

The analysis of the net book value of right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset is as follows:

(b) 使用權資產

按相關資產類別劃分的使用權資產 賬面淨值分析列載如下:

2021

2020

	二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Leasehold land held for own use, 持作自用租賃土地, carried at depreciated cost in 於中國按折舊成本列 the PRC, with remaining lease term of between 10 and 50 持作自用租賃土地, 於中國按折舊成本列 版,剩餘租期為 10至50年		
years	2,739	2,802
Plant and buildings leased for own use, carried at depreciated cost own use, carried at depreciated cost own use, carried at depreciated 安折舊成本列賬 安折舊成本列賬	3,896	1,809
cost	3,454	4,355
	10,089	8,966

11 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(Continued)

(b) Right-of-use assets (Continued)

The analysis of expense items in relation to leases recognised in profit or loss is as follows:

11 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(b) 使用權資產(續)

於損益確認有關租賃的開支項目分 析列載如下:

2021

2020

		二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
		スル南1ル	八八市「九
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset:	按相關資產類別劃分的 使用權資產折舊費用:		
Leasehold land	租賃土地	63	62
Plant and buildings	廠房及樓宇	1,347	450
Other equipment and others	其他設備及其他	901	150
		2,311	662
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息(附註6(a))		
(Note 6(a))		305	66
Expense relating to short-term	有關短期租賃的開支		
leases		476	123

During the year ended 31 December 2021, additions to right-of-use assets were RMB3,434,000 (2020: RMB5,801,000). This amount primarily related to the capitalised lease payments under new tenancy agreements.

Details of total cash outflow for leases, the maturity analysis of lease liabilities and the future cash outflows arising from leases that are not yet commenced are set out in Notes 19(e), 22 and 25(b), respectively.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,添置的使用權資產為人民幣3,434,000元(二零二零年:人民幣5,801,000元)。該金額主要與新租賃協議項下的資本化租賃款項有關。

租賃的現金流出總額、租賃負債的 到期分析及尚未開始的租賃所產生 的未來現金流出詳情分別載於附註 19(e)、22及25(b)。



(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

12 INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

The following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group. The class of shares held is ordinary unless otherwise stated.

12 於附屬公司的權益

下表僅載有主要影響本集團業績、資產 或負債的附屬公司詳情。除另有説明外, 所持股份類別為普通股。

			Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權權益比例		•	
Name of Company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation and business 註冊成立及 經營地點	Particulars of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及 繳足股本詳情	Group's effective interest 本集團的 實際權益	Held by the Company 由本公司 持有	Held by a subsidiary 由附屬公司 持有	Principal activities 主要業務活動
China Transport Real Time Service Co., Ltd.	The British Virgin Islands	United States Dollar ("US\$") 1	100%	100%	_	Investment holding
("China Transport") 中國交通時代服務 有限公司(「中國交通」)	英屬維爾京群島	1美元(「美元」)	100%	100%	_	投資控股
Jiangyin Hongyuan New Energy Technology Co., Ltd.* (江陰弘遠新能源科技 有限公司)	The PRC	US\$5,000,000	100%	_	100%	Integration, manufacturing and sales of pitch control systems and related components and wind farm operation and maintenance business
江陰弘遠新能源科技 有限公司*	中國	5,000,000美元	100%	_	100%	整合、製造及銷售變槳控制系統及相關組件及風電場運營及維護業務
Beijing Nature Heli New Energy Technology Co., Ltd. ("Beijing Nature")* (北京納 泉合力新能源科技有限責 任公司)	The PRC	RMB5,000,000	100%	-	100%	Investment holding
北京納泉合力新能源科技有限 責任公司(「北京納泉」)*	中國	人民幣5,000,000元	100%	_	100%	投資控股
Datang Gucang Duolun New Energy Co., Ltd.* ("Datang Gucang") (大唐穀倉多倫新能源 有限公司)	The PRC	RMB33,000,000	100%	-	100%	Wind power generation and sales
有限公司/ 大唐穀倉多倫新能源 有限公司(「大唐穀倉」)*	中國	人民幣33,000,000元	100%	_	100%	風力發電及銷售
Naquan Intellectual Energy (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.* (納泉智慧能源 (深圳)	The PRC	HKD10,000,000	100%	100%	_	Provision of energy storage management solutions
有限公司) 納泉智慧能源(深圳) 有限公司*	中國	10,000,000港元	100%	100%	-	提供能源儲存管理解決方案
Nature Energy Investment (Jiangsu) Co., Ltd.* (納泉能源投資(江蘇) 有限公司)	The PRC	-	100%	100%		Investment holding
納泉能源投資(江蘇)有限公司*	中國	_	100%	100%	10-	投資控股

^{*} All the subsidiaries in the PRC are established as limited liability companies.

^{*} 所有中國附屬公司均成立為有限責任公司。

13 INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES

13 於合營公司的權益

Proportion of ownership interest

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Share of net assets	分佔資產淨值	_	417
Share of loss	分佔虧損	2,069	666

Details of the Group's interests in joint ventures which is accounted for using equity method in the consolidated financial statements are set out below:

本集團於合營公司的權益(於綜合財務報 表中使用權益法入賬)詳情列載如下:

				rroportio	擁有權權益比例	, interest	
Name of joint venture	Form of business structure	Place of incorporation and business	Particulars of issued and paid-in capital	Group's effective interest	Held by the Company	Held by a subsidiary	Principal activities
合營公司名稱	業務架構形式	註冊成立及 營業地點	已發行及 繳足股本詳情	本集團的 實際權益	由本公司 持有	由附屬公司 持有	主要業務活動
Datong Fengyuan Energy Technology Co., Ltd. ("Datong Fengyuan") (大同遭沅能源科技有限公司)	Incorporated	The PRC	RMB20,000,000	50%	_	50%	Investment holding
大同灃沅能源科技有限公司 ([大同灃沅])	註冊成立	中國	人民幣20,000,000元	50%	_	50%	投資控股
Lingqiu County Fengyuan Energy Technology Co., Ltd. ("Lingqiu Fengyuan") (蓋丘縣澧沅能源科技有限公司)	Incorporated	The PRC	RMB33,780,000	50%	-	50%	Wind power generation and sales
靈丘縣灃沅能源科技有限公司 (「靈丘灃沅」)	註冊成立	中國	人民幣33,780,000元	50%	_	50%	風力發電及銷售

In December 2021, the Group and a third-party company incorporated in the PRC (the "Buyer") entered into an equity transfer agreement, pursuant to which the Group agreed to transfer all of the Group's equity interests in Datong Fengyuan and Linggiu Fengyuan to the Buyer at a cash consideration of approximately RMB9.3 million by two instalments. Subject to certain pre-conditions in connection with the operations of Datong Fengyuan and Linggiu Fengyuan, the equity transfer was not completed yet and is expected to be completed in 2022. Therefore, interests in joint ventures were reclassified as assets held for sale (see Note 15) as at 31 December 2021.

於二零二一年十二月,本集團與一間於 中國註冊成立的第三方公司(「買方」)訂 立股權轉讓協議,據此本集團同意分兩 期以約人民幣9.3百萬元的現金代價將本 集團於大同灃沅及靈丘灃沅的全部股權 轉讓予買方。根據與大同灃沅及靈丘灃 沅的運營相關的若干先決條件,股權轉 讓尚未完成,並預期將於二零二二年完 成。因此,於二零二一年十二月三十一 日,於合營公司的權益獲重新歸類為持 作出售資產(見附註15)。

(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

13 INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (Continued) 13 於合營公司的權益(續)

The information of joint ventures is as follow:

合營公司的資料列載如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Carrying amount of joint ventures in the consolidated statements of	於綜合財務狀況表的合營 公司賬面值		
financial position		_	417
		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
The Group's share of joint ventures	本集團的合營公司份額		
Loss from operations	經營業務虧損	(2,069)	(666)
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	(2,069)	(666)

14 CONTRACT ASSETS AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES

(a) Contract assets

14 合約資產及合約負債

(a) 合約資產

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Contract assets arising from	合約資產來自:		
— Retention receivables on the	一 銷售變槳控制系統		
sales of pitch control	及相關組件的應收		
systems and related	留存金		
components		2,595	762

14 CONTRACT ASSETS AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES (Continued)

(a) Contract assets (Continued)

The Group normally allows a credit period of 30 to 90 days to its customers. For retention receivables, the due dates usually fall from five to six years after the delivery and acceptance of pitch control systems and related components.

The amount of contract assets that is expected to be recovered after more than one year is RMB2,595,000 (2020: RMB762,000), all of which relates to retentions.

(b) Contract liabilities

14 合約資產及合約負債(續)

(a) 合約資產(續)

本集團一般給予客戶30至90天的信貸期。就應收留存金而言,到期日通常為變漿控制系統及相關組件交付及驗收後五至六年。

預期於超過一年後將予收回的合約 資產金額為人民幣2,595,000元(二 零二零年:人民幣762,000元),全 部與留存金相關。

(b) 合約負債

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元_
Contract liabilities arising from the	銷售變槳控制系統及相關		
sales of pitch control systems	組件產生的合約負債		
and related components			
— Billings in advance of	— 預收履約賬款		
performance		772	_

When the Group receives a deposit before the production activity commences this will give rise to contract liabilities at the start of a contract, until the revenue recognised exceeds the amount of the deposit. The amount of the deposit, if any, is negotiated on a case by case basis with customers.

All of the contract liabilities are expected to be recognised as revenue within one year.

當本集團於生產活動開始前收取按 金,此將於合約開始時產生合約負 債,直至該確認收益超過按金金 額。按金金額(如有)根據具體情況 與客戶協商。

所有合約負債預期將於一年內確認 為收益。



(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

15 ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

15 持作出售資產

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Assets classified as held for sale — Disposal of the interests in joint ventures (Note 13)	分類為持作出售資產 一 出售合營公司的權益 <i>(附註13)</i>	7,048	_

16 INVENTORIES

16 存貨

(a) Inventories in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise:

(a) 綜合財務狀況表的存貨包括:

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Raw materials	原材料	10,791	8,320
Work in progress	在製品	6,652	5,519
Finished goods	製成品	620	2,344
Goods in transit	在途貨品	587	406
		18,650	16,589

- (b) The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expense and included in profit or loss is as follows:
- (b) 確認為開支及計入損益的存貨金額分析列載如下:

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Carrying amount of inventories sold Provision for write-down of inventories	已售存貨賬面值	251,139 —	252,578 —
		251,139	252,578

All inventories are expected to be recovered within one year.

所有存貨預期於一年內收回。

17 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

17 貿易及其他應收款項

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade and bills receivable, net of loss	貿易應收款項及應收票據,		
allowance	扣除虧損撥備	267,383	271,408
Prepayments	預付款項	1,775	2,836
Other receivables	其他應收款項	397	1,721
Total	總計	269,555	275,965

All of trade and other receivables balances are expected to be recovered or recognised as expense within one year. 所有貿易及其他應收款項結餘預期於一 年內收回或確認為開支。

Trade and bills receivable

貿易應收款項及應收票據

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Measured at amortised cost — Trade receivables — Bills receivable (Notes) Measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) — Bills receivable	按攤銷成本計量 一 貿易應收款項 一 應收票據(附註) 按公平值計入其他全面收益 (「按公平值計入其他全面 收益」)計量 一 應收票據	185,204 22,042 61,476	221,565 48,763 2,871
Less: loss allowance	減:虧損撥備	268,722 (1,339) 267,383	273,199 (1,791) 271,408

17 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

Trade and bills receivable (Continued)
Notes:

Certain amounts of the Group's bills receivable measured at FVOCI were held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial asset, where cash flows of the bills receivable represented solely payments of principal and interest.

The bills accepted by banks with high credit quality were derecognised when they were endorsed or discounted. In the opinion of the directors, the Group did not retain substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of these bills, because the credit risk of the acceptance banks was very low and the Group had transferred out all interest risk of the bills upon endorsement or discount. As the transferees had the practical ability to further endorse or discount the bills, control of these bills were transferred upon endorsement or discount and thus they were derecognised. As at 31 December 2021, bills endorsed or discounted and derecognised, but yet reached maturity amounted to RMB20,897,000 (2020: RMB12,346,000). This represents the Group's maximum exposure to loss should the acceptance banks fail to settle the bills on maturity date. However, non-settlement by those acceptance banks was considered unlikely.

As of the end of the reporting period, the aging analysis of trade and bills receivable, based on the revenue recognition date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

17 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

貿易應收款項及應收票據(續) 附註:

本集團按公平值計入其他全面收益計量的應 收票據的若干金額乃為收取合約現金流量及 出售金融資產而持有,其中應收票據的現金 流量僅代表本金及利息的支付。

於報告期末,根據收益確認日期及扣除 虧損撥備的貿易應收款項及應收票據的 賬齡分析列載如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within 1 year	一年內	246,953	260,025
Over 1 year but within 2 years	超過一年但兩年內	9,047	11,383
Over 2 years but within 3 years	超過兩年但三年內	11,383	_
		267,383	271,408

17 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

Generally, the Group's trade receivables are due within 30 to 90 days from the date of billing, except for the tariff premium, representing 56% (2020: 52%) of total wind power sales for the year ended 31 December 2021. The collection of such tariff premium is subject to the allocation of funds by relevant government authorities to local grid company, which therefore takes a relatively long time for settlement. As at 31 December 2021, the tariff premium receivables included in the trade and other receivables amounted to RMB34,566,000 (2020: RMB23,222,000).

Pursuant to Caijian [2012] No.102 Notice on the Interim Measures for Administration of Subsidy Funds for Tariff Premium of Renewable Energy (可再生能源電價附加補助資金管理暫行辦法) jointly issued by the Ministry of Finance, the National Development and Reform Commission and the National Energy Administration in March 2012, a set of standardised procedures for the settlement of the tariff premium has come into force since 2012 and approvals on a project by project basis are required before the allocation of funds to local grid companies. The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the tariff premium receivables are fully recoverable considering that there are no loss experiences with the grid company in the past and the tariff premium is funded by the PRC government.

Details of the Group's analysis of credit risk are set out in Note 25(a).

As at 31 December 2021, bills receivable of RMB16,544,000 (2020: RMB78,501,000) were pledged as security for issuance of bills payable.

As at 31 December 2021, trade receivables of RMB nil (2020: RMB23,662,000) were pledged as security for bank loans.

17 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

本集團貿易應收款項一般由賬單日起計30天至90天內到期(惟電價附加部分除外),其佔截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度風電銷售總額的56%(二零二零年:52%)。有關電價附加的回收須視相關政府機構向當地電網公司分配的資金而定,因此結付時間較長。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,計入貿易及其他應收款項的電價附加應收款項為人民幣34,566,000元(二零二零年:人民幣23,222,000元)。

根據財政部、國家發展和改革委員會、國家能源局於二零一二年三月共同下發的關於應發《可再生能源電價附加補助資金管理暫行辦法》的通知(財建[2012]102號),為結算電價附加額而設的標準化程序自二零一二年起生效,並按項目と程序出批准,之後才將資金撥付予當地地作公司。本公司董事認為,應收電價附加額將可全數收回,因為與電網公司過行額將產生損失且電價附加額由中國政府資助。

本集團信貸風險的分析詳情載於附註 25(a)。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,應收票據人民幣16,544,000元(二零二零年:人民幣78,501,000元)質押為發行應付票據的抵押。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,貿易應收款項人民幣零元(二零二零年:人民幣23,662,000元)質押為銀行貸款的抵押。

(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

18 LOANS TO RELATED PARTIES AND A THIRD 18 提供予關聯方及一名第三方的貸PARTY 款

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Loans to related parties	提供予關聯方的貸款	24,382	_
Loans to a third party	提供予一名第三方的貸款	1,000	_
		25,382	_

As at 31 December 2021, loans to related parties and a third party were interest-free, unsecured and repayable no later than 31 December 2022.

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,提供予關聯方及一名第三方的貸款為免息、無抵押及不遲於二零二二年十二月三十一日前還款。

There was no amount due but unpaid, nor any loss allowance made against the principal amount of these loans at 31 December 2021.

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,該等貸款的本金無任何到期未付金額,亦無任何虧損撥備。

19 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, PLEDGED DEPOSITS AND OTHER CASHFLOW INFORMATION

(a) Cash and cash equivalents comprise:

19 現金及現金等價物、已抵押存款 及其他現金流量資料

(a) 現金及現金等價物包括:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cash at bank	銀行現金	40,572	121,406
Cash in hand	手頭現金	_	10
		40,572	121,416

19 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, PLEDGED DEPOSITS AND OTHER CASHFLOW

INFORMATION (Continued)

(b) Pledged deposits comprise:

19 現金及現金等價物、已抵押存款 及其他現金流量資料(續)

(b) 已抵押存款包括:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Pledged deposits for issuance of	為發行應付票據的已抵押		
bills payable	存款	42,448	30,960

The pledged bank deposits will be released upon the settlement of bills payable.

已抵押銀行存款將於結付應付票據 後解除。

(c) Reconciliation of profit before taxation to cash generated from operations

(c) 除税前溢利與經營所得現金對賬

		Note 附註	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利		23,473	47,356
Adjustments for:	就以下各項調整:			
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及			
plant and equipment	設備折舊	6(c)	8,742	6,878
Net finance costs	融資成本淨額	6(a)	4,031	5,721
Share of loss of joint	分佔合營公司			
ventures	虧損	13	2,069	666
(Reversal)/provision of loss	計提貿易及其他			
allowance on trade and	應收款項虧損	C(-)	(452)	074
other receivables	(撥回)/撥備	6(c)	(452)	874
Changes in working capital: Increase in contract assets	運營資金變動: 合約資產增加		(4.022)	(7.02)
Increase in contract assets	一百 約 員 座 垣 加 存 貨 増 加		(1,833) (2,061)	(762) (6,851)
Decrease/(increase) in trade	行		(2,001)	(0,631)
and other receivables	減少/(增加)		6,862	(127,537)
Increase in pledged deposits	已抵押存款増加		(11,488)	(24,363)
(Decrease)/increase in trade	貿易及其他應付款項		(11,100)	(21,505)
and other payables	(減少)/增加		(18,794)	119,602
. ,				·
Cash generated from	經營所得現金			
operations			10,549	21,584

(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

19 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, PLEDGED DEPOSITS AND OTHER CASHFLOW INFORMATION (Continued)

(d) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are liabilities for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated cash flow statement as cash flows from financing activities.

19 現金及現金等價物、已抵押存款 及其他現金流量資料(續)

(d) 融資活動所產生負債對賬

下表詳述本集團融資活動產生的負債變動,包括現金及非現金變動。 融資活動產生的負債指現金流量已 經或未來現金流量在本集團綜合現 金流量表中分類為融資活動的現金 流量的負債。

		Bank loans and other borrowings 銀行貸款及 其他借款 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 20) (附註20)	Interest payable 應付利息 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 21) (附註21)	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 22) (附註22)	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	93,572	21,924	6,217	121,713
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量變動:				
Capital element of lease rentals paid Interest element of lease rentals paid Proceeds from bank loans Proceeds from loans due to a third party	已付租賃租金的資本部分 已付租賃租金的利息部分 銀行貸款的所得款項 應付一名第三方貸款的	10,000	- - -	(2,056) (305) —	(2,056) (305) 10,000
Repayment of bank loans Repayment of loans due to third parties Interest paid	所得款項 銀行貸款的還款 償還應付第三方貸款 已付利息	15,000 (46,195) (21,400)	_ _ _ (1,533)	- - - -	15,000 (46,195) (21,400) (1,533)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動總計	(42,595)	(1,533)	(2,361)	(46,489)
Other changes:	其他變動:				
New finance leases Effect of foreign exchange rate changes Interest expenses (Note 6(a))	新融資租賃 外匯匯率變動影響 利息開支(附註6(a))	 (707) 	 4,130	3,435 — 305	3,435 (707) 4,435
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月 三十一日	50,270	24,521	7,596	82,387

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19 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, PLEDGED DEPOSITS AND OTHER CASHFLOW INFORMATION (Continued)

(d) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities (Continued)

19 現金及現金等價物、已抵押存款 及其他現金流量資料(續)

(d) 融資活動所產生負債對賬(續)

		Bank loans and other borrowings 銀行貸款及 其他借款 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 20) (附註20)	Interest payable 應付利息 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 21) (附註21)	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 22) (附註22)	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	93,210	19,272	1,024	113,506
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量變動:				
Capital element of lease rentals paid Interest element of lease rentals paid Proceeds from bank loans Repayment of bank loans Repayment of loans due to third parties Interest paid	已付租賃租金的資本部分已付租賃租金的利息部分銀行貸款的所得款項銀行貸款的還款 價還應付第三方貸款已付利息	32,662 (29,300) (3,000)	- - - - - (2,770)	(608) (66) — — — —	(608) (66) 32,662 (29,300) (3,000) (2,770)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動總計	362	(2,770)	(674)	(3,082)
Other changes:	其他變動:				
New finance leases Interest expenses (Note 6(a))	新融資租賃 利息開支(附註6(a))		 5,422	5,801 66	5,801 5,488
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月 三十一日	93,572	21,924	6,217	121,713



(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

19 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, PLEDGED DEPOSITS AND OTHER CASHFLOW INFORMATION (Continued)

(e) Total cash outflow for leases

Amounts included in the consolidated cash flow statement for leases comprise the following:

19 現金及現金等價物、已抵押存款 及其他現金流量資料(續)

(e) 租賃現金流出總額

計入綜合現金流量表的租賃金額包括下列各項:

	2021	2020
	二零二一年	二零二零年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within operating cash flows 經營現金流量內	476	123
Within financing cash flows 融資現金流量內	2,361	674
	2,837	797

These amounts relate to the following:

該等金額涉及以下各項:

2021

2020

| 2021 | 2020 | 2零二一年 | 二零二一年 | 二零二零年 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |

20 BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS 20 銀行貸款及其他借款

		二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current	即期		
Bank loans (Note (a) below)	銀行貸款(下文附註(a))	10,000	46,195
Loans due to third parties	應付第三方貸款		
(Note (b) below)	(下文附註(b))	40,270	47,377
		50,270	93,572

20 BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

20 銀行貸款及其他借款(續)

(Continued)

(a) Bank loans

The maturity profile for the interest-bearing bank loans of the Group at the end of each reporting period is as follows:

(a) 銀行貸款

本集團於各報告期末之計息銀行貸 款的到期情況如下:

	2021	2020
	二零二一年	二零二零年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Short-term bank loans 短期銀行貸款	10,000	32,662
Current portion of long-term bank 長期銀行貸款之即期部分		
loans	_	13,533
Within 1 year or on demand 一年內或按要求	10,000	46,195

At the end of each reporting period, the bank loans were secured as follows:

於各報告期末,銀行貸款之抵押情 況如下:

2020

2021

	二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
	人民市干儿	八八市「儿
Bank loans 銀行貸款		
— Secured (Note) — 有抵押	5,000	37,195
— Unsecured — 無抵押	5,000	9,000
	10,000	46,195

(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

20 BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

(Continued)

(a) Bank loans (Continued)

Note:

The bank loans were secured by certain intellectual properties of the Group as at 31 December 2021 and certain assets of the Group as at 31 December 2020. An analysis of the carrying value of these assets is as follows:

20 銀行貸款及其他借款(續)

(a) 銀行貸款(續)

附註:

銀行貸款乃以本集團於二零二一年十二 月三十一日的若干知識產權及本集團於 二零二零年十二月三十一日的若干資產 作抵押。該等資產的賬面值分析如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備		
— Leasehold land (Note 11)	— 租賃土地(附註11)	_	2,802
— Generators and other equipment	— 發電機及其他設備		
(Note 11)	(附註11)	_	64,662
Trade receivables (Note 17)	貿易應收款項(附註17)	_	23,662
		_	91,126

Certain bank facilities granted to the Group were guaranteed by Mr. Cheng Lifu Cliff, the executive director of the Company, and his spouse, at 31 December 2020 and Mr. Cheng Lifu Cliff, the executive director of the Company, at 31 December 2021.

若干授予本集團的銀行信貸由本公司執 行董事程里伏先生及其配偶於二零二零 年十二月三十一日及本公司執行董事程 里伏先生於二零二一年十二月三十一日 作出擔保。

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Guarantees to banks for granting banking facilities	就授出銀行信貸向 銀行作出的擔保	5,000	4,000

(b) Loans due to third parties

At 31 December 2021, loans due to third parties represented loans, which were subject to an interest rate ranging from 3.5% to 7% (2020: 3.5% to 7%) per annum, were unsecured and have no fixed repayment terms or repayable within one year.

(b) 應付第三方貸款

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,應 付第三方的貸款指須按年利率介乎 3.5%至7%(二零二零年: 3.5%至 7%)計息的貸款,為無抵押、無固 定還款期或須一年內償還。

21 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

21 貿易及其他應付款項

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current	即期		
Trade payables (Note (a) below)	貿易應付款項		
	(下文附註(a))	81,406	71,836
Bills payable	應付票據	63,606	96,215
Other payables (Note (b) below)	其他應付款項		
	(下文附註(b))	38,805	36,820
		183,817	204,871
Non-current	非即期		
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	1,906	_
		185,723	204,871

(a) Trade payables

As of the end of the reporting period, the aging analysis of trade payables other than non-current portion which is the warranty to our suppliers, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

(a) 貿易應付款項

於報告期末,貿易應付款項(除向我們供應商提供保修的非即期部分)根據發票日期之賬齡分析如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within 3 month	三個月以內	69,367	67,766
3 to 6 months	三至六個月	11,934	3,270
6 to 12 months	六至十二個月	105	_
Over 12 months	十二個月以上	_	800
		81,406	71,836

All of the trade payables are expected to be settled within one year or repayable on demand.

全部貿易應付款項預期將於一年內 結付或按要求償還。

(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

21 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

(b) Other payables

21 貿易及其他應付款項(續)

(b) 其他應付款項

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest payable due to third	應付第三方利息		
parties		24,521	21,924
Payables for staff related costs	應付員工相關成本	3,222	2,813
Advances from disposal of joint	處置合營公司墊款		
ventures		5,133	_
Retention payables	應付留存金	_	7,312
Others	其他	5,929	4,772
		38,805	36,820

22 LEASE LIABILITIES

At 31 December 2021, the lease liabilities were repayable as follows:

22 租賃負債

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,租賃負 債須於以下時間償還:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within 1 year	一年內	2,242	1,620
After 1 year but within 2 years	一年後但兩年內	1,998	1,390
After 2 years but within 5 years	兩年後但五年內	3,356	3,207
		5,354	4,597
		7,596	6,217

23 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

23 綜合財務狀況表之所得税

(a) Current taxation in the consolidated statements of financial position represents:

(a) 綜合財務狀況表之即期税項代表:

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		— 安一 · 中 RMB'000 人民幣千元	_ * _ * +
At the beginning of the year	於年初	1,665	4,014
Provision for the year: — PRC Corporate Income Tax	年內撥備: 一 中國企業所得税	2,060	7,103
Tax paid: — PRC Corporate Income Tax	已付税項: 一 中國企業所得税	(3,236)	(9,452)
At the end of the year	於年末	489	1,665

(b) Deferred tax assets recognised:

The component of deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

(b) 已確認遞延税項資產:

年內於綜合財務狀況表確認的遞延 税項資產組成部分及變動如下:

> Loss allowance for trade and other receivables 貿易及其他 應收款項的 虧損撥備 RMB'000 人民幣千元

At 1 January 2020 Recognised in profit or loss	於二零二零年一月一日 於損益確認	138 131
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021 Recognised in profit or loss	於二零二零年十二月三十一日及 二零二一年一月一日 於損益確認	269 (68)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	201

(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

23 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Continued)

(c) Deferred tax assets not recognised

In accordance with the accounting policy set out in Note 2(p), the Group has not recognised deferred tax assets of RMB4,227,000 (2020: RMB2,784,000), in respect of cumulative tax losses of RMB16,908,000 (2020: RMB11,136,000) as at 31 December 2021, as it is not probable that future taxable profits against which the losses can be utilised will be available in the relevant tax jurisdiction and entity. The tax losses incurred by the subsidiary in the PRC will expire within 5 years from the year when such losses were incurred under current tax legislation.

(d) Deferred tax liabilities not recognised

At 31 December 2021, temporary differences relating to the undistributed profits of subsidiaries amounted to RMB147,376,000 (2020: RMB122,566,000). Deferred tax liabilities of RMB14,738,000 (2020: RMB12,257,000) have not been recognised in respect of the tax that would be payable on the distribution of these retained profits as the Company controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and it has been determined that it is probable that these profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

23 綜合財務狀況表之所得税(續)

(c) 未確認遞延税項資產

根據附註2(p)所載之會計政策,本集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日並無就累計稅項虧損人民幣16,908,000元(二零二零年:人民幣11,136,000元)確認遞延稅項資產人民幣4,227,000元(二零二零年人民幣2,784,000元),因為相關虧虧性不應課稅溢利的可能性不夠簡單區及實體出現可用於撇銷虧,中國附屬公司產生的稅務虧損將於根據現行稅務法例產生該等虧損的年度起計5年內屆滿。

(d) 未確認遞延税項負債

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,附屬公司之未分派溢利的暫時性差額為人民幣147,376,000元(二零二零年:人民幣122,566,000元)。因本公司控制該等附屬公司之股息政策,且已確定該等溢利很可能不會於可見未來分派,故尚未就因分派該等保留溢利而應付之税項確認遞延税項負債人民幣14,738,000元(二零二零年:人民幣12,257,000元)。

24 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(a) Movements in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

24 資本、儲備及股息

(a) 權益組成部分的變動

本集團綜合權益各組成部分的期初 與期末結餘對賬載於綜合權益變動 表。本公司個別權益組成部分於年 初與年末的變動情況詳列如下:

			_			erves f 備		
			Share	Share	Other	Exchange	Retained	
The Company			capital	premium	reserve	reserve	profits	Total
本公司			股本	股份溢價	其他儲備	匯兑儲備	保留溢利	總計
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元.	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January	於二零二零年							
2020	一月一日的結餘		_*	_	28,520	_	_	28,520
Changes in equity for	二零二零年權益				,			/
2020:	變動:							
Total comprehensive	年內全面收益總額							
income for the year			_	_	_	(2,842)	(6,750)	(9,592)
Capitalisation issue	資本化發行	24(c)	1,626	(1,626)	_	_	_	-
Issue of ordinary shares by	透過首次公開發售發							
initial public offering,	行普通股,扣除							
net of issuance costs	發行成本	24(c)	542	97,618				98,160
Balance at 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於二零二零年十二月 三十一日及二零 二一年一月一日的							
2021	二一平一万一日的 結餘		2,168	95,992	28,520	(2,842)	(6,750)	117,088
Changes in equity for	二零二一年權益		2,100	33,332	20,320	(2,042)	(0,750)	117,000
2021:								
Total comprehensive	年內全面收益總額							
income for the year	YH WILLIAM IN THE INC.		_	_		(1,932)	(4,435)	(6,367)
Balance at 31 December	於二零二一年十二月							
2021	三十一日的結餘	28	2,168	95,992	28,520	(4,774)	(11,185)	110,721

^{*} The balance represented number less than RMB1,000.

(b) Dividends

No dividend was paid or declared by the Company for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

(b) 股息

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度,本公司概無派 發或宣派股息。

^{*} 結餘代表數目不足人民幣1,000元。

(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

24 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(Continued)

(c) Share capital

24 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(c) 股本

			2021		20	020
		二零二一年		二零二一年		二零年
		Note	No. of shares	RMB'000	No. of shares	RMB'000
		附註	股份數目	人民幣千元	股份數目	人民幣千元
Ordinary shares, issued	已發行及繳足的					
and fully paid:	普通股:					
At 1 January	於一月一日		250,000,000	2,168	10,000	*
Capitalisation issue	資本化發行	(i)	_	_	187,490,000	1,626
Issues of ordinary shares by	透過首次公開發					
initial public offering	售發行普通股	(ii)	_	_	62,500,000	542
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日		250,000,000	2,168	250,000,000	2,168

^{*} The balance represented number less than RMB1,000.

* 結餘代表數目不足人民幣1,000元。

Notes:

(i) Capitalisation issue

Pursuant to the shareholder's resolution dated 4 September 2020, the Company allotted and issued 187,490,000 shares at a par value of HK\$0.01 to the existing shareholder of the Group. Pursuant to the resolution, a sum of RMB1,625,913 standing to the credit of the share premium account as at 28 October 2020 was applied in paying up this capitalisation issue in full.

(ii) Issue of ordinary shares by initial public offering

On 20 October 2020, the Company issued 62,500,000 shares with a par value of HK\$0.01, at an offer price of HK\$2.00 per share by way of public offering to Hong Kong and overseas investors. Net proceeds from these issues amounted to RMB98,160,000 (after offsetting costs directly attributable to the issue of shares of RMB10,680,000), out of which RMB542,000 and RMB97,168,000 were recorded in share capital and share premium accounts, respectively.

附註:

(i) 資本化發行

根據日期為二零二零年九月四日的股東決議案,本公司向本集團現有股東配發及發行187,490,000股每股面值0.01港元的股份。根據該決議案,於二零二零年十月二十八日股份溢價賬進賬金額人民幣1,625,913元已用於繳足資本化發行。

(ii) 透過首次公開發售發行普通股

於二零二零年十月二十日,本公司以公開發售方式向香港及海外投資者發行62,500,000股面值0.01港元的股份,發售價為每股2.00港元。該等發行所得款項淨額為人民幣98,160,000元(經抵銷發行股份直接應佔成本人民幣10,680,000元),其中人民幣542,000元及人民幣97,168,000元分別計入股本及股份溢價賬。

24 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(Continued)

(d) Nature and purposes of reserves

(i) Share premium

The share premium represents the difference between consideration received for ordinary shares subscription net of any transaction costs directly attributable to the subscription and the par value of the ordinary shares subscribed.

(ii) Other reserve

Other reserve primarily represented: (i) the paid-up capital of Beijing Nature prior to 30 June 2018 attributable to the ultimate shareholder of the Group; (ii) the difference between the carrying value of the net assets attributable to the non-controlling shareholders of Beijing Nature and Datang Gucang and the consideration paid for the acquisition of non-controlling interests; (iii) the deemed dividends of Beijing Nature to controlling shareholder; and (iv) the amount of loans of China Transport waived by controlling shareholder on 31 December 2019.

(iii) Statutory surplus reserve

According to laws applicable to the foreign investment enterprises in the PRC and the Articles of Association of certain subsidiaries of the Company in the PRC, the PRC entities are required to appropriate part of their net profits as determined in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles of the People's Republic of China ("PRC GAAP") to various reserves. These include general reserve and statutory surplus reserve.

For general reserve, appropriation to general reserve is at the discretion of the directors of the relevant PRC entities. The reserve can only be used for specific purposes and is not distributable as cash dividends.

24 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(d) 儲備性質及用途

(i) 股份溢價

股份溢價指認購普通股的已收 代價扣除任何認購直接應佔的 交易成本及所認購普通股面值 的差額。

(ii) 其他儲備

其他儲備主要指:(i)二零一八 年六月三十日之前本集團最終 取應佔北京納泉之繳是數 控股取應佔淨資產賬面 收購非控股權益所付代價 期。(iii)應付控股股東的投 額。(iii)應付控股股東的股東 納泉視作股息:及(iv)控 中 加 東於二零一九年十二月三報 日豁免的中國交通貸款金

(iii) 法定盈餘儲備

根據適用於中國外資企業的法律及本公司若干中國附屬實體知為主權。 將其根據中國公認會計原則」 (「中國公認會計原則」) 釐定的 部分淨溢利撥入各種儲備。該 等儲備包括一般儲備及法定盈 餘儲備。

就一般儲備而言,一般儲備的 撥款由相關中國實體的董事酌 情決定。該儲備僅可用作特定 用途,不可作為現金股息分 派。



24 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(Continued)

(d) Nature and purposes of reserves (Continued)

(iii) Statutory surplus reserve (Continued)

For statutory surplus reserve, 10% of the net profit, as determined in accordance with the PRC GAAP, of the relevant PRC entities is transferred to the statutory surplus reserve until the reserve balance reaches 50% of the registered capital of the relevant PRC companies. The transfer to this reserve must be made before distribution of dividends to shareholders can be made. The statutory surplus reserve can be used to make good previous years' losses, if any, and may be converted into share capital by the issue of new shares to shareholders in proportion to their existing shareholders or by increasing the par value of the shares currently held by the shareholders, provided that the balance after such issue is not less than 25% of the registered capital. Any amount of funds outside of the 50% reserve balance can be distributed as by the relevant PRC entities, as advances or cash dividends, subject however, to complying with applicable requirements. Such dividend or loans could take a considerable amount of time to implement and to be processed by certain governmental agencies.

(iv) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of operations with functional currency other than RMB. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy as set out in Note 2(t).

24 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(d) 儲備性質及用途(續)

(iii) 法定盈餘儲備(續)

就法定盈餘儲備而言,相關中 國實體根據中國公認會計原則 確定的淨溢利的10%將轉入法 定盈餘儲備,直至儲備結餘達 到相關中國公司註冊資本的 50%。向股東分派股息前,必 須先轉撥至該儲備。法定盈餘 儲備可用作彌補以往年度的虧 損(如有),並可藉向股東按其 現有持股比例發行新股份,或 藉增加股東現時持有的股份面 值,將法定盈餘儲備轉換為股 本,惟發行股份後的結餘不得 少於註冊資本的25%。該50% 儲備結餘以外的任何金額可由 相關中國實體分派以作為墊款 或現金股息,但須遵守適用規 定。有關股息或貸款的執行及 若干政府機關的處理程序可能 耗時甚長。

(iv) 匯兑儲備

匯兑儲備包括功能貨幣並非人 民幣之營運財務報表換算所產 生的全部外匯差額。儲備按附 註2(t)所載的會計政策處理。

24 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(Continued)

(e) Capital risk management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing services commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholders returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

The Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of an adjusted net debt-to-capital ratio. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is calculated as the aggregate amount of bank loans and other borrowings and lease liabilities less cash and cash equivalent.

24 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(e) 資本風險管理

本集團在管理資本時的主要目標為 保障本集團能夠可持續經營,透過 將服務的價格訂於與風險相稱的水 平及按合理成本籌措融資,使其能 繼續為股東提供回報及為其他持份 者提供利益。

本集團積極及定期檢討及管理其資本結構,以期在較高股東回報(可能附帶較高借貸水平)與雄厚資本帶來的優勢及保障之間取得平衡,並因應經濟情況變動對資本結構作出調整。

本集團按經調整淨債務資本比率基 準監察其資本結構。就此而言,經 調整負債淨額乃按銀行貸款及其他 借款以及租賃負債總額減現金及現 金等價物計算。



(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

24 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(Continued)

(e) Capital risk management (Continued)

The adjusted net debt-to-capital ratios at 31 December 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

24 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(e) 資本風險管理(續)

於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日,經調整淨債務資本比率 如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Bank loans and other borrowings	銀行貸款及其他借款	50,270	93,572
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	7,596	6,217
Total debt	總債務	57,866	99,789
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	減:現金及現金等價物	(40,572)	(121,416)
Adjusted net debt	經調整淨債務	17,294	(21,627)
Total equity	權益總額	259,561	241,101
Adjusted net debt-to-capital ratio	經調整淨債務資本比率	6.7%	N/A

Neither the Company nor its subsidiaries are subject to internally or externally imposed capital requirements. 本公司及其附屬公司均不受制於內 部或外部施加的資本規定。

25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Exposure to credit, liquidity, interest rate and currency risks arises in the normal course of the Group's business. The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade receivables. The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from cash and cash equivalents and bills receivable is limited because the counterparties are reputable financial institutions with high credit standing, for which the Group considers to have low credit risk.

The Group does not provide any guarantees which would expose the Group to credit risk.

Trade receivables and contract assets

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer rather than the industry or country in which the customers operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. At the end of the reporting period, 63% (2020: 79%) and 96% (2020: 99%) of the total trade receivables and contract assets was due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers respectively.

25 金融風險管理及財務工具的公平 值

本集團的日常業務過程會產生信貸、流動資金、利率及外幣風險。本集團面對該 等風險的程度及本集團為管理該等風險 而採用的金融風險管理政策及慣例載述 如下。

(a) 信貸風險

信貸風險指交易對手將違反其合約 責任而導致本集團金融虧損的風 險。本集團的信貸風險主要來自貿 易應收款項。由於交易對手為信譽 良好且擁有高信貸評級的可靠金融 機構,本集團因現金及現金等價物 及應收票據而產生的信貸風險有限。

本集團並無提供任何可能令本集團 面臨信貸風險的擔保。

貿易應收款項及合約資產

本集團面臨的信貸風險主要受各名客戶的個別特性而非客戶運營所在的行業或國家所影響,因此,信貸風險高度集中主要會在本集團面臨個別客戶的重大風險時出現。於報告期末,分別應向本集團最大客戶及五大客戶收取63%(二零二零年:79%)及96%(二零二零年:99%)的貿易應收款項及合約資產總額。



(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

Trade receivables and contract assets (Continued) Individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade receivables are due within 30 to 90 days from the date of billing, except for the tariff premium. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers, respectively.

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables and contract assets at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix.

As at the end of the reporting period, the analysis of trade receivables and contract assets, net of loss allowance, by nature is as follows:

25 金融風險管理及財務工具的公平 值(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

貿易應收款項及合約資產(續)

信貸超過若干金額的所有客戶均須 進行個別信貸評估。該等評估聚焦 客戶過往支付到期款項的記錄以及 目前的支付能力,並計及有關客戶 以及其運營所在經濟環境的資料。 貿易應收款項於賬單日期起30至90 天內到期(電價附加除外)。一般而 言,本集團並不向客戶收取抵押品。

本集團就貿易應收款項及合約資產 計量相當於全期預期信貸虧損金額 的虧損撥備,其使用撥備矩陣計算 得出。

於報告期末,按性質劃分的貿易應 收款項及合約資產(扣除虧損撥備) 分析如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Tariff premium receivables	應收電價附加	34,566	23,222
Other trade receivables	其他貿易應收款項	149,299	196,552
Contract assets	合約資產	2,595	762
		186,460	220,536

25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

Trade receivables and contract assets (Continued) As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that the tariff premium receivables are fully recoverable considering that there are no loss experiences with the grid company in the past and the tariff premium is funded by the PRC government. The tariff premium receivables accounted for 19% (2020: 11%) of the Group's total trade receivables and contract assets as at 31 December 2021.

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade receivables other than tariff premium and contract assets:

25 金融風險管理及財務工具的公平值(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

貿易應收款項及合約資產(續)

於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日,本公司董事認為應收電價附加可全面收回,此乃考慮到過往與電網公司概無錄得虧損及電價附加由中國政府撥資。應收電價附加佔二零二一年十二月三十一日本集團貿易應收款項及合約資產總額的19%(二零二零年:11%)。

下表提供有關本集團面臨的信貸風 險以及貿易應收款項(電價附加除 外)及合約資產的預期信貸虧損的 資料:

	20)2	1	
-	疐	_	_	在

_			
	Expected	Gross carrying	Loss
	loss rate	amount	allowance
	預期虧損率	賬面總值	虧損撥備
	%	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
即期(未逾期)	0.80%	126,296	1,010
5個月內逾期		•	·
	1.22%	26,937	329
		153,233	1,339
	即期(未逾期) 6個月內逾期	loss rate 預期虧損率 % 即期(未逾期) 6個月內逾期	loss rate amount 預期虧損率 賬面總值 % RMB'000 人民幣千元

(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

Trade receivables and contract assets (Continued)

25 金融風險管理及財務工具的公平 值(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

貿易應收款項及合約資產(續)

2020 二零二零年

			一令一令十	
		Expected	Gross carrying	Loss
		loss rate	amount	allowance
		預期虧損率	賬面總值	虧損撥備
		%	RMB'000	RMB'000
			人民幣千元	人民幣千元_
Current (not past due)	即期(未逾期)	0.80%	151,233	1,205
Less than 6 month past	6個月內逾期			
due		1.22%	47,872	586
			199,105	1,791

The Group had no historical loss experience in respect of the trade receivables and contract assets during the past and no significant change in forward-looking information including the macroeconomics environment and industry development in the PRC, in which the Group's principal business operates. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

過往,本集團並無出現貿易應收款項及合約資產的過往虧損經驗,且前瞻性資料(包括中國(本集團主要業務營運所在地)的宏觀經濟環境及行業發展)並無重大變動。該等比率可予調整以反映搜集過往數據期內的經濟狀況、現況及本集團對應收款項預期時長內經濟狀況的觀點之間的差異。

25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

Trade receivables and contract assets (Continued) Movement in the loss allowance in respect of trade receivables and contract assets during the year is as follows:

25 金融風險管理及財務工具的公平值(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

貿易應收款項及合約資產(續)

年內貿易應收款項及合約資產的虧 損撥備變動如下:

	2021	2020
	二零二一年	二零二零年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Balance at the beginning of the 於年初的結餘		
year	1,791	917
Impairment losses (reversal)/ 於年內(撥回)/確認的		
recognised during the year 減值虧損	(452)	874
Balance at the end of the year 於年末的結餘	1,339	1,791

The following significant changes in the gross carrying amounts of trade receivables and contract assets contributed to the change in the loss allowance:

- origination of new trade receivables net of those settled resulted in a decrease in loss allowance of RMB195,000 (2020: an increase of RMB530,000); and
- change in days past due less than 6 months resulted in a decrease of RMB257,000 (2020: an increase of RMB343,000) in loss allowance.

下列貿易應收款項及合約資產賬面 總值的重大變動導致虧損撥備出現 變動:

- 一 產生新貿易應收款項(扣除已 結付者)導致虧損撥備減少人 民幣195,000元(二零二零年: 增加人民幣530,000元):及
- 一 逾期少於六個月的日數變動導 致 虧 損 撥 備 減 少 人 民 幣 257,000元(二零二零年:增加 人民幣343,000元)。



(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(Continued)

(b) Liquidity risk

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the short-term investment of cash surpluses and the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to approval by the parent company's board when the borrowings exceed certain predetermined levels of authority. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with leading covenants to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The following tables show the remaining contractual maturities at the end of each reporting period of the Group's financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the reporting date) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay:

25 金融風險管理及財務工具的公平 值(續)

(b) 流動資金風險

本集團內個別運營實體負責彼等自身的現金管理,包括現金盈期投資數學集資款以滿足預期投資,當借款超過若干預量。 需求,則須得到母公司董事會,則須得到母公司董事會,則須得到母公司董事會批資。 本集團政策是定期監察其的情况,及金票求及其遵持充足的現金儲備,及金票金融機構提供足夠的承諾資金。 要金融機構提供足夠的承諾資金,以滿足短期及長期的流動資金需求。

下表顯示本集團財務負債於各報告期末的剩餘合約到期日,以合約未貼現現金流量(包括使用合約率或(倘屬浮動利率)根據於報告日期的當前利率計算的利息付款)及本集團可能須支付的最早日期為基礎:

2021 二零二一年

						_
						Carrying
			More than	More than		amount at
		Within 1 year	1 year but less	2 years but less		31 December
		or on demand	than 2 years	than 5 years	Total	2021
						於二零二一年
		1年內或	1年以上但	2年以上但		十二月三十一日
		按要求	2年內	5年內	總計	的賬面值
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Bank loans and other	銀行貸款及其					
borrowings	- 数 门 貝 款 及 共 他 借 款	50,722	_	_	50,722	50,270
Trade and other	貿易及其他應	30,722	_	_	30,722	30,270
		402.047	4.000		405 722	405 722
payables	付款項	183,817	1,906	_	185,723	185,723
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	2,526	2,180	3,479	8,185	7,596
		237,065	4,086	3,479	244,630	243,589

25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

25 金融風險管理及財務工具的公平值(續)

(Continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

(b) 流動資金風險(續)

2020

		— 				
			More than	More than		Carrying amount
		Within 1 year	1 year but less	2 years but less		at 31 December
		or on demand	than 2 years	than 5 years	Total	2020
						於二零二零年
		1年內或	1年以上但	2年以上但		十二月三十一日
		按要求	2年內	5年內	總計	的賬面值
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Bank loans and other	銀行貸款及					
borrowings	其他借款	94,854	_	_	94,854	93,572
Trade and other	貿易及其他					
payables	應付款項	204,871	_	_	204,871	204,871
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	1,883	1,582	3,434	6,899	6,217
		301,608	1,582	3,434	306,624	304,660

(c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from short-term and long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates and at fixed rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk respectively. The Group's interest rate profile as monitored by management is set out in (i) below:

(c) 利率風險

利率風險指財務工具的公平值或未來現金流量將因市場利率變動而波動的風險。本集團的利率風險主要來自短期及長期借款。以浮動利率及固定利率發行的借款分別使本集團面臨現金流量利率風險及公平值利率風險。管理層所監察的本集團利率概況載於下文(j):



(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(Continued)

(c) Interest rate risk (Continued)

(i) Interest rate risk profile

The following table, as reported to the management of the Group, details the interest rate risk profile of the Group's borrowings at the end of the reporting period:

25 金融風險管理及財務工具的公平 值(續)

(c) 利率風險(續)

(i) 利率風險概況

據本集團管理層所報告,下表 詳列於各報告期末本集團借款 的利率概況:

		2021 2020			
		二零二	二一年 二零二零年		
		Effective	Effective		
		Interest		Interest	
		rate	Amount	rate	Amount
		實際利率	金額	實際利率	金額
		%	RMB'000	%	RMB'000
			人民幣千元		人民幣千元
Fixed rate borrowings:	定息借款:				
Bank loans	銀行貸款	4.35%	5,000	5%	23,662
Loans due to third parties	應付第三方貸款	3.5%-7%	40,270	3.5%-7%	47,377
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	4.75%	7,596	4.75%	6,217
			52,866		77,256
Variable rate	浮息借款:				
borrowings:					
Bank loans	銀行貸款	3.9%	5,000	4.35%-	22,533
				6.18%	·
Net exposure	風險淨額		5,000		22,533

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

At 31 December 2021, it is estimated that a general increase or decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would have decreased or increased the Group's profit after tax and retained profits by approximately RMB43,000 (2020: RMB225,000).

(ii) 敏感度分析

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,估計利率整體上調或下調100個基點,而所有其他變數維持不變,本集團的除稅後溢利及保留溢利將減少或增加約人民幣43,000元(二零二零年:人民幣225,000元)。

25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(Continued)

(c) Interest rate risk (Continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

The sensitivity analysis above indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax (and retained profits) that would arise assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of each reporting period and had been applied to floating rate non-derivative instruments held by the Group, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. The impact on the Group's profit after tax (and retained profits) is estimated as an annualised impact on interest expense of such a change in interest rates. Fixed rate financial instruments are excluded for the above analysis. The analysis is performed on the same basis as 2020.

(d) Currency risk

As the Group's principal activities are carried out in the PRC, the Group's transactions are mainly dominated in Renminbi, which is not freely convertible into foreign currencies. All foreign exchange transactions involving Renminbi must take place through the People's Bank of China or other institutions authorised to buy and sell foreign exchange. The exchange rates adopted for the foreign exchange transactions are the rates of exchange quoted by the People's Bank of China that are determined largely by supply and demand.

The directors considered the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk is not significant during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

25 金融風險管理及財務工具的公平值(續)

(c) 利率風險(續)

(ii) 敏感度分析(續)

(d) 貨幣風險

由於本集團的主要活動乃於中國進行,本集團的交易主要以人民幣計值,而人民幣不可自由轉換為外幣。涉及人民幣的全部外匯交易均須透過中國人民銀行或其他買賣外匯的授權機構進行。外匯交易採納的匯率乃中國人民銀行所報主要由供需釐定的匯率。

董事認為,於截至二零二一年及二 零二零年十二月三十一日止年度本 集團承受的外幣風險並不重大。



(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(Continued)

(e) Fair value measurement

Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's financial instruments measured at the end of each reporting period on a recurring basis, categorized into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in IFRS 13, Fair value measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

• Level 1 valuations:

Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date;

• Level 2 valuations:

Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs.

Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available;

• Level 3 valuations:

Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs.

25 金融風險管理及財務工具的公平 值(續)

(e) 公平值計量

公平值等級

下表呈列本集團按經常性基準於各報告期末計量之金融工具之公平值,並按國際財務報告準則第13號公平值計量所界定三個公平值級別分類。公平值計量等級乃參照估值技術所用輸入數據之可觀察性及重要性釐定如下:

• 第一級 僅使用第一級輸入數 估值: 據計量之公平值, 即於計量日期相同 資產或負債在交投 活躍之市場中未經 調整之報價;

第三級 使用重大不可觀察輸 估值: 入數據計量之公平 值。

25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(Continued)

(e) Fair value measurement (Continued)

Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

Analysis on fair value measurement of financial instruments are as follows:

25 金融風險管理及財務工具的公平值(續)

(e) 公平值計量(續)

公平值等級(續)

金融工具之公平值計量分析如下:

Fair value at 31 December 2021 公平值於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 Fair value measurement at

31 December 2021 categorized into 公平值計量於二零二一年

十二月三十一日分類為

RMB'000 人民幣千元 Level 1 Level 2 第一級 第二級 Level 3 第三級

Recurring fair value measurement 經

經常性公平值計量

Trade and other receivables:

貿易及其他應收款項:

Bills receivable 應收票據

61,476

61,476

Fair value at 31 December 2020 公平值於二零二零年

31 December 2020 categorized into 公平值計量於二零二零年

十二月三十一日分類為

Fair value measurement at

RMB'000 人民幣千元

十二月三十一日

Level 1 第一級 Level 2 第二級 Level 3 第三級

Recurring fair value measurement

經常性公平值計量

Trade and other receivables:

貿易及其他應收款項:

Bills receivable

應收票據

2.871

2,871

(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(Continued)

(e) Fair value measurement (Continued)

During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3. The Group's policy is to recognize transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

Certain bills receivable held by the Group are achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, which are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair values of these bills receivable have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows. The fair value measurement is positively correlated to expected return rate. Bills receivable carried at FVOCI are not materially different from their values as at December as at 31 December 2021 and 2020.

Except for bills receivable, all financial instruments carried at cost or amortized cost are at amounts not materially different from their values as at 31 December 2021 and 2020.

26 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

There are no significant capital commitments outstanding at the respective year end not provided for at 31 December 2021 and 2020.

25 金融風險管理及財務工具的公平 值(續)

(e) 公平值計量(續)

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度,第一級與第二 級中沒有轉移或沒有從第三級轉入 或轉出。本集團之政策會於報告期 未確認公平值等級制度中等級之轉 移。

若干本集團所持應收票據由收棄書別,持應收票據會主題所持應收票據會主題,在一個工作。與其他不可以與其他不可以與其他不可以與其他不可以與其他主要,與其他主要,與其他主要,與其的不可以與其他主要,與其所不可。

除應收票據外,所有按成本或攤銷 成本列賬的金融工具的金額與其於 二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日的價值相比概無重大不同。

26 資本承擔

於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日,概無尚未履行且並未在各個 年末作出撥備之重大資本承擔。

27 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY **TRANSACTIONS**

(a) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group, including amounts paid to the Company's directors as disclosed in Note 8 and certain of the highest paid employees as disclosed in Note 9, is as follows:

27 重大關聯方交易

(a) 主要管理人員薪酬

本集團主要管理人員的薪酬(包括 附註8所披露向本公司董事支付的 金額及附註9所披露向若干最高薪 酬僱員支付的金額)如下:

	2021	2020
	二零二一年	二零二零年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Short-term employee benefits 短期僱員福利	3,966	2,742
Contributions to defined 定額供款計劃供款		
contribution plans	529	252
	4,495	2,994

Total remuneration is included in "staff costs" (see Note 6(b)).

總薪酬載於「員工成本」(見附註 6(b)) °

(b) Guarantees issued by related parties

(b) 關聯方發出的擔保

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Guarantees to banks for granting	就授出銀行信貸		
banking facilities	向銀行提供的擔保	5,000	4,000

Certain bank facilities granted to the Group in Note 20(a) were guaranteed by Mr. Cheng Lifu Cliff, the executive director of the Company, at 31 December 2021 and Mr. Cheng Lifu Cliff, the executive director of the Company, and his spouse, at 31 December 2020.

附註20(a)中授予本集團的若干銀行 信貸乃由程里伏先生(本公司執行 董事)於二零二一年十二月三十一 日及由程里伏先生(本公司執行董 事)及其配偶於二零二零年十二月 三十一日作出擔保。

(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

27 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 27 重大關聯方交易(續) (Continued)

(c) Leasing arrangements

In November 2020, the Group entered into a five-year lease in respect of certain properties from Hong Kong Shengshi Taihe Culture and Arts Centre Limited, the affiliate company under the ultimate controlling shareholder of the Group, for office use. The amount of rent payable by the Group under the lease is HK\$20,000 per month. At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognised a right-of-use asset and a lease liability of RMB901,000.

In November 2020, the Group entered into a five-year lease in respect of certain motor vehicles from Sure Team Limited, the affiliate company under the ultimate controlling shareholder of the Group, for office use. The amount of rent payable by the Group under the lease is HK\$50,000 per month. At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognised a right-of-use asset and a lease liability of RMB4,505,000.

(c) 租賃安排

於二零二零年十一月,本集團就若 干物業向本集團最終控股股東旗下 聯屬公司香港盛世太和文化藝術中 心有限公司訂立為期五年的租約 作辦公用途。本集團根據租賃應付 的月租為20,000港元。於租賃開始 日期,本集團確認一項使用權資 及租賃負債人民幣901,000元。

於二零二零年十一月,本集團就若 干汽車向本集團最終控股股東旗下 聯屬公司致滙有限公司訂立為期五 年的租約,作辦公用途。本集團根 據租賃應付的月租為50,000港元。 於租賃開始日期,本集團確認一項 使用權資產及租賃負債人民幣 4,505,000元。

27 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 27 重大關聯方交易(續) (Continued)

(d) Other significant related party transactions

During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group had following transactions with Datong Fengyuan, the joint venture of the Group; Hongyuan Limited, the immediate parent of the Company; World Hero International Limited ("World Hero"), the affiliate company under the ultimate controlling shareholder of the Group:

(d) 其他重大關聯方交易

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團與大同豐沅(本集團合營公司),Hongyuan Limited(本公司直系母公司),World Hero International Limited(「World Hero」)(本集團最終控股股東的聯屬公司)有以下交易:

Datong Fengyuan 大同灃沅		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-trading transactions: New loans provided	非貿易交易: 已提供新造貸款	24,300	_
Hongyuan Limited		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-trading transactions: New loans provided	非貿易交易: 已提供新造貸款	82	_
World Hero		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-trading transaction: New loans provided	非貿易交易: 已提供新造貸款	_	173

(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

27 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 27 重大關聯方交易(續) (Continued)

(e) Significant related party balances

As of the end of the reporting period, the Group had following balances with Datong Fengyuan, the joint venture of the Group and Hongyuan Limited, the immediate parent of the Company:

(e) 重大關聯方結餘

於報告期末,本集團與大同灃沅(本 集團合營公司)及Hongyuan Limited (本公司直系母公司)有以下結餘:

2020

2024

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Non-trading balances:	非貿易結餘:		
Datong Fengyuan	大同灃沅	24,300	_
Hongyuan Limited	Hongyuan Limited	82	_
		24,382	_

The outstanding balances with these related parties are included in loans to related parties and a third party in Note 18.

(f) Applicability of the Listing Rules relating to connected transactions

The related party transactions in respect of guarantees issued, leasing arrangements, new loans provided and received mentioned in Note 27(b), (c) and (d) above constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The disclosures required by Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules are provided under the section "Connected Transactions" in the Report of Directors. However those transactions in respect of guarantees issued, new loans provided and received and interest on loans transactions are exempt from the disclosure requirements in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules as they are financial assistance under Rule 14A.90 or below the de minimis threshold under Rule 14A.76(1).

與該等關聯方的未償還結餘已計入 附註18的提供予關連方及一名第三 方的貸款。

(f) 與關連交易相關之上市規則的適 用性

28 COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

28 公司層面的財務狀況表

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Interest in subsidiaries	於附屬公司的權益	91,042	28,520
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	4,144	5,226
		95,186	33,746
Current assets	流動資產		
Loans due to a related party	應付關聯方貸款	82	_
Other receivables	其他應收款項	_	421
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	24,739	93,192
		24,821	93,613
	ユニク te		
Current liabilities	流動負債	F 0.46	5.046
Other payables	其他應付款項	5,046	5,046
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	1,025	985
		6.074	6.031
		6,071	6,031
	法私次专项 体	40.750	07.502
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	18,750	87,582
	ᄻᄼᄼ		
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	113,936	121,328
A	ᆘᅷᆉᄼᄼ		
Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities	非流動負債 租賃負債	3,215	4,240
Lease liabilities	但 貝 貝 貝	3,213	4,240
		3.215	4,240
		3,213	7,240
NET ASSETS	資產淨值	110,721	117,088
NEI ASSEIS	只连 7 但	110,721	117,000
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備		
Share capital	股本	2,168	2,168
Reserves	儲備	108,553	114,920
TOSCI VOS	пі нм	100,555	117,520
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額	110,721	117,088
	1 per matte (1977)	.10//21	117,000

(除非另有指定,否則以人民幣列示)

29 IMMEDIATE AND ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

At 31 December 2021, the directors of the Company consider the immediate parent of the Group is Hongyuan Limited, a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The ultimate controlling shareholder of the Group is Mr. Cheng Liquan Richard. Hongyuan Limited does not produce financial statements available for public use.

30 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the IASB has issued a number of amendments, and a new standard, IFRS 17, Insurance contracts, which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2021 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These developments include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

29 直系及最終控股公司

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司董事視Hongyuan Limited為本集團的直系母公司,其為一間於開曼群島註冊成立的公司。本集團的最終控股股東為程里全先生。Hongyuan Limited並無編製可供公眾使用的財務報表。

30 已頒佈但尚未於截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度生效的修 訂本、新準則及詮釋的可能影響

截至該等財務報表刊發日期,國際會計 準則理事會已頒佈多項修訂本以及一項 新訂準則國際財務報告準則第17號*保險* 合約(於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度尚未生效,且尚未在該等財務報 表中採納),包括以下可能與本集團有關 的修訂。

Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於下列日期或之後開始的會計期間生效

Amendments to IFRS 3, Reference to the Conceptual Framework

國際財務報告準則第3號之修訂本,概念框架的提述

二零二二年一月一日

Amendments to IAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before

Intended Use

國際會計準則第16號之修訂本,物業、廠房及設備:擬定用途前所得款項

Amendments to IAS 37, Onerous Contracts — Cost of Fulfilling a Contract

國際會計準則第37號之修訂本,虧損合約 — 履行合約的成本

1 January 2022

二零二二年一月一日

Annual Improvements to IFRS 2018-2020 cycle1 January 2022二零一八年至二零年週期國際財務報告準則年度改進二零二二年一月一日

30 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

(Continued)

搋延税項

已頒佈但尚未於截至二零二一年 30 十二月三十一日止年度生效的修 訂本、新準則及詮釋的可能影響

> Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於下列日期或之後 開始的會計期間生效

Amendments to IAS 1, Classification of liabilities as current or non-current 1 January 2023 二零二三年一月一日 國際會計準則第1號之修訂本,流動或非流動負債分類 Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2, Disclosure of accounting policies 1 January 2023 國際會計準則第 1 號及國際財務報告準則實務報告第 2 號之修訂本, 二零二三年一月一日 會計政策之披露 Amendments to IAS 8, Definition of accounting estimates 1 January 2023 二零二三年一月一日 國際會計準則第8號之修訂本,會計估計之定義 Amendments to IAS 12, Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction 1 January 2023 國際會計準則第 12 號之修訂本,與單一交易產生之資產及負債有關之 二零二三年一月一日

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these developments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

本集團正在評估該等修訂於首次應用期 間預期產生的影響。迄今為止,其斷定採 納該等修訂不太可能對綜合財務報表造 成重大影響。



FINANCIAL SUMMARY

財務概要

SUMMARIZED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合損益及其他全面收益表概要

RMB'000 人民幣 : 千元		2017 2017年	2018 2018年	2019 2019年	2020 2020年	2021 2021年
Revenue	收益	57,314	144,424	222,835	338,895	312,864
Gross profit	毛利	18,871	44,503	66,397	73,570	45,873
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	8,988	31,423	49,570	47,356	23,473
Profit for the year	年內溢利	7,699	27,875	42,689	40,384	21,345
Profit for the year attributable to equity	本公司權益股東					
shareholders of the Company	應佔年內溢利	6,401	26,844	42,545	40,173	21,069

SUMMARIZED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表概要

RMB'000 人民幣:千元		2017 2017年	2018 2018年	2019 2019年	2020 2020年	2021 2021年
Non-current assets	非流動資產	111,975	107,878	101,917	102,496	100,756
Current assets	流動資產	84,016	132,312	201,269	444,930	403,655
Current liabilities	流動負債	98,994	152,127	176,330	301,728	237,590
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	70,096	57,022	21,214	4,597	7,260
Total equity	總權益	26,901	31,041	105,642	241,101	259,561

SUMMARIZED CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT 綜合現金流量表概要

RMB'000 人民幣:千元		2017 2017年	2018 2018年	2019 2019年	2020 2020年	2021 2021年
Cash and cash equivalents	年初現金及現金等價物					
at the beginning of year		2,225	2,065	2,202	35,632	121,416
Net cash (used in)/generated	經營活動(所用)/所得現金					
from operating activities	凈額	(5,768)	(10,687)	52,311	12,132	7,313
Net cash (used in)/generated	投資活動(所用)/所得現金					
from investing activities	凈額	(48,935)	(3,741)	(1,115)	(1,586)	(38,077)
Net cash generated from/(used in)	融資活動所得/(所用)現金					
financing activities	凈額	54,543	14,565	(17,766)	78,322	(48,460)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and	現金及現金等價物(減少)/					
cash equivalents	增加凈額	(160)	137	33,430	88,868	(79,224)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外匯匯率變動影響	_	_	· <u> </u>	(3,084)	(1,620)
Cash and cash equivalents	年末現金及現金等價物					
at the end of year		2,065	2,202	35,632	121,416	40,572



中國納泉能源科技控股有限公司 China Nature Energy Technology Holdings Limited

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) 股份代號 Stock code:1597