

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司) (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) 股份代號 Stock Code: 540

> 2021 Annual Report 年報

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公司資料 CORPORATE INFORMATION

董事會

執行董事

黄志深*(主席)*

黃麗花

獨立非執行董事

黃定幹

彭婉珊

張灼祥

陳振彬

公司秘書

余嘉庚(HKICPA)

審核委員會

黄定幹(主席)

彭婉珊

張灼祥

提名委員會

張灼祥(主席)

黃定幹

彭婉珊

薪酬委員會

彭婉珊(主席)

黃定幹

張灼祥

衝突處理委員會

陳振彬(主席)

黃定幹

彭婉珊

張灼祥

葉蔭權

授權代表

黄志深

黃麗花

核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

執業會計師及註冊公眾利益實體核數師

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Huang Chih Shen (Chairman)

Huang Li Hun, Serlina

Independent Non-executive Directors

Wong Ting Kon

Pang Yuen Shan, Christina

Chang Cheuk Cheung, Terence

Chan Chung Bun, Bunny

COMPANY SECRETARY

Yu Ka Gung (HKICPA)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Wong Ting Kon (Chairman)

Pang Yuen Shan, Christina

Chang Cheuk Cheung, Terence

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Chang Cheuk Cheung, Terence (Chairman)

Wong Ting Kon

Pang Yuen Shan, Christina

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Pang Yuen Shan, Christina (Chairlady)

Wong Ting Kon

Chang Cheuk Cheung, Terence

CONFLICTS COMMITTEE

Chan Chung Bun, Bunny (Chairman)

Wong Ting Kon

Pang Yuen Shan, Christina

Chang Cheuk Cheung, Terence

Yip Yam Kuen

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Huang Chih Shen

Huang Li Hun, Serlina

AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants and Registered PIE Auditor

公司資料 CORPORATE INFORMATION

本公司法律顧問

(香港法律)

鍾氏律師事務所與德恒律師事務所聯營

註冊辦事處

P.O. Box 31119 Grand Pavilion Hibiscus Way, 802 West Bay Road Grand Cayman, KY1-1205

Cayman Islands

香港主要營業地點

香港

九龍新蒲崗 太子道東698號

寶光商業中心5樓501室

中華人民共和國(「中國」)總辦事處、 總部及主要營業地點

中國東莞市 虎門鎮懷德村 懷林路27號 2棟5樓

主要往來銀行

恒生銀行有限公司

香港

德輔道中83號

中國銀行(香港)有限公司

香港

花園道1號 中銀大廈

法國巴黎銀行

香港

中環金融街8號

國際金融中心二期63樓

渣打銀行(香港)有限公司

香港

德輔道中4-4A號 渣打銀行大廈 **LEGAL ADVISOR TO THE COMPANY**

(Hong Kong Law)

Chungs Lawyers in association with DeHeng Law Offices

REGISTERED OFFICE

P. O. Box 31119 Grand Pavilion Hibiscus Way, 802 West Bay Road Grand Cayman, KY1-1205

Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 501, 5/F, Stelux House 698 Prince Edward Road East San Po Kong, Kowloon Hong Kong

HEAD OFFICE, HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA (THE "PRC")

5/F., Block Two No. 27 Huailin Road Huaide Village, Humen Town Dongguan City, the PRC

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Hang Seng Bank Limited 83 Des Voeux Road Central

Hong Kong

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited Bank of China Tower 1 Garden Road Hong Kong

BNP Paribas

63rd Floor, Two International Finance Centre

8 Finance Street, Central

Hong Kong

Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

Standard Chartered Bank Building 4-4A Des Voeux Road Central

Hong Kong

公司資料 CORPORATE INFORMATION

中信銀行(國際)有限公司

香港

德輔道中61-65號 華人銀行大廈

滙豐

工商金融 香港

皇后大道中1號 滙豐總行大廈9樓

股份過戶登記總處

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited PO Box 1093, Boundary Hall Cricket Square, Grand Cayman KY1-1102

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司

香港

皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

Cayman Islands

上市地點

香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)

股份代號

540

公司網址

www.speedy-global.com

China CITIC Bank International Limited

The Chinese Bank Building 61-65 Des Voeux Road Central

Hong Kong

HSBC

Commercial Banking Level 9, HSBC Main Building 1 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited PO Box 1093, Boundary Hall Cricket Square, Grand Cayman KY1-1102

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

PLACE OF LISTING

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange")

STOCK CODE

Cayman Islands

540

COMPANY'S WEBSITE

www.speedy-global.com

主席報告 CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

本人謹代表迅捷環球控股有限公司(「本公司」) 董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)欣然提呈本公司 及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」或「迅捷環球」) 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度經審 核綜合業績。

業務概覽

於二零二一年,本集團收益增加至約750,500,000港元,較二零二零年增加約9.5%;而權益持有人應佔年內虧損則減少至約31,300,000港元,較二零二零年減少約79.0%。

服裝供應鏈服務業務

On behalf of the board (the "Board") of the directors (the "Directors") of Speedy Global Holdings Limited (the "Company"), I am pleased to present the audited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group" or "Speedy Global") for the year ended 31 December 2021.

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

For the year 2021, the Group's revenue increased to approximately HK\$750.5 million, representing an increase of approximately 9.5% as compared to the year 2020, while loss for the year attributable to equity holders decreased to approximately HK\$31.3 million, representing an decrease of approximately 79.0% as compared to the year 2020.

Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business

The apparel supply chain servicing business which offers a wide range of woven wear, cut-and-sewn knitwear and sweater knitwear products to a number of owners or agents of global reputable brands (the "Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business") continued to be the core business of the Group. For the year 2021, revenue under Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business was approximately HK\$750.5 million (2020: HK\$685.7 million) and segment loss (before other gains - net, finance costs – net and income tax credit) attributable to Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business was approximately HK\$33.8 million (2020: segmental loss HK\$147.7 million). Being in line with our strategy to focus on our strengths in product design and development, as well as quality control and production management, we design, develop and produce men's and women's woven wear, cut-and-sewn knitwear and sweater knitwear products to respond to constantly evolving consumer preferences. A increase in revenue for the year 2021 was mainly due to increase of sales from part of the existing customers.

主席報告 CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

服裝零售業務

本集團亦主要從事於中國以自營品牌Unisex並根據Promod品牌的分銷權經營服裝零售業務(「服裝零售業務」),該等業務已於二零一五年五月底前終止。因此,於二零二一年並無自服裝零售業務產生任何收益、毛利或開支。

物業投資及發展業務

本集團亦從事物業發展及投資(「物業投資及發展業務」)。由於從事新密市地塊相關物業發展及投資的附屬公司已於二零一六年全面售出,故物業投資及發展業務於二零二一年內並無錄得任何收益、毛利或開支。

前景展望

展望二零二二年,全球經濟格局仍受2019冠狀 病毒病(「2019冠狀病毒病」)持續爆發主導。 隨著2019冠狀病毒病疫苗的逐步接種,我們預 計其能夠走出當下困局,並於未來重見曙光。 然而,受2019冠狀病毒病爆發及中美貿易戰等 各種因素規限,全球經濟將依然跌宕起伏。其 將給全球帶來一系列不明朗因素。本集團將持 續密切關注國內外疫情發展及市場變化,以便 靈活應對並採取適當行動。為發掘與現有及潛 在客戶的更多新商機,本集團將繼續加強產品 創新及提升創意。生產管理方面,本集團將繼 續透過簡化生產過程提高營運效率,從而縮短 產品交付時間。此外,本集團將與客戶緊密合 作,合併生產以取得更優惠價格大量採購物料, 提升我們的成本競爭力。此外,我們將嘗試簡 化本集團組織架構及每個營運過程以節省成 本。

我們持續關注本集團服裝零售業務·物色其他 更有利可圖的零售商機。

Apparel Retail Business

The Group also principally engaged in the apparel retail business operating under the in-house brand of Unisex and under the distribution right of Promod brand in the PRC (the "Apparel Retail Business") while their operations ceased by the end of May 2015. Therefore, there was neither revenue, gross profit nor expenses from our Apparel Retail Business during the year 2021.

Property Investment and Development Business

The Group also engaged in the property development and investment (the "Property Investment and Development Business"). There was neither revenue, gross profit nor expenses from our Property Investment and Development Business during the year 2021 as the subsidiaries which were engaged in the property development and investment for the land at Xinmi City were fully disposed of in 2016.

FUTURE PROSPECTS

Looking ahead to 2022, the global economic landscape will still be dominated by the ongoing outbreak of the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (the "COVID-19 Outbreak"). With cumulative COVID-19 vaccination, we expected that it is able to get out of the current predicament and see the light in future. However, global economy will continue to be volatile subject to various factors such as the COVID-19 Outbreak and China-US trade war. It will bring a series of uncertainties across the globe. The Group will continue to pay close attention to the development of the domestic and international epidemic and changes in the markets to agilely respond and take appropriate actions. In order to explore for more new opportunities with the existing and potential customers, the Group will enhance product innovation and creativity continuously. For production management, the Group will continue to enhance the operating efficiency by simplifying the production processes which results in a shorter product delivery time. In addition, the Group will work closely with our customers to consolidate the fabrication in order to obtain better material prices with mass volume which will enhance our cost competitiveness. Moreover, we will try to simplify the Group's organisation structure with each operating process in order to save costs.

We keep looking for other retail business opportunity with a better profitability for the Group's Apparel Retail Business.

主席報告 CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

我們將繼續密切注視物業市場,務求為本集團 的物業投資及發展業務制定合適的投資策略。 我們將發掘任何相信可擴大本集團股東回報 的合適物業投資及發展項目。 We are still closely monitoring the property market to determine the appropriate investment strategy for the Group's Property Investment and Development Business. We will seek any appropriate property investment and development project if we believe that it can magnify the Group's shareholders' return.

致謝

最後,本人謹藉此機會對各位董事、管理人員 及員工全心全意為本集團發展所付出努力及 貢獻致以衷心感謝。本人亦謹此感謝各位股東 於充滿挑戰的二零二一年對我們信任有加和 鼎力支持。

APPRECIATION

Last but not least, I would like to take this opportunity to extend my sincere gratitude to all fellow directors, management and our staff for their unwavering dedication and contribution to our Group's development. I would also like to thank all of our shareholders, for their trust and continuous support over a challenging year 2021.

迅捷環球控股有限公司 主席兼行政總裁 黃志深

香港,二零二二年三月三十一日

Speedy Global Holdings Limited Huang Chih Shen

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 31 March 2022

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

		截至十二月三 ⁻ For the ye 31 Dece 二零二一年 2021 百萬港元	ar ended ember	變動 Change
業績	Results	HK\$ million	HK\$ million	
收益 毛利 除所得税前虧損 本公司權益持有人 應佔年內虧損 年內本公司權益持有人 應佔虧損的每股基本及 攤薄虧損 (以每股港元列示)	Revenue Gross profit Loss before income tax Loss for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company Basic and diluted losses per share for loss attributable to equity holders of the Company for the year (expressed in HK\$ per share)	750.5 48.8 (38.3) (31.3)	685.7 60.0 (153.0) (148.8)	9.5% -18.7% -75.0% -79.0%
		於十二月 As at 31 D		<i>4</i> ⇒ ∓1

		於十二月 As at 31 [
			二零二零年	變動
		2021	2020	Change
		百萬港元		
財務狀況	Financial Position	HK\$ million	HK\$ million	(%)
流動資產淨值	Net current assets	73.1	76.1	-3.9%
資產總額	Total assets	437.3	497.2	-12.0%
借貸	Borrowings	109.4	126.6	-13.6%
負債總額	Total liabilities	316.6	346.8	-8.7%
本公司權益持有人	Equity attributable to equity holders of			
應佔權益	the Company	120.7	150.3	-19.7%

財務數據	Financial Statistics	於十二月 As at 31 I 二零二一年 2021	December
流動比率 ¹ 資產回報 ² 股本回報 ³ 負債比率 ⁴ 存貨周轉日數(日) ⁵ 應收賬款及應收票據	Current ratio ¹ Return on assets ² Return on equity ³ Gearing ratio ⁴ Inventory turnover days (days) ⁵ Trade and bills receivable turnover days (days) ⁶	1.2 -6.7% -23.1% 不適用 n/a 30	1.2 -24.9% -64.3% 不適用 n/a 42
周轉日數(日) ⁶ 應付賬款及應付票據	Trade and bills payable turnover days (days) ⁷	56	79
周轉日數(日)7		90	115

- 1. 流動比率相等於流動資產除流動負債
- 資產回報相等於本公司權益持有人應佔年內虧損除 平均資產總額·再乘以100%
- 3. 股本回報相等於本公司權益持有人應佔年內虧損除 平均權益總額,再乘以100%
- 4. 資產負債比率相等於借貸總額及租賃負債減現金及 現金等價物除權益總額·再乘以100%
- 5. 存貨周轉日數相等於年內平均存貨結餘除銷售成本, 再乘以該年天數計算
- 6. 應收賬款及應收票據周轉日數相等於年內平均應收 賬款及應收票據除收益,再乘以該年天數計算
- 應付賬款及應付票據周轉日數相等於年內平均應付 賬款及應付票據除銷售成本,再乘以該年天數計算

- 1. Current ratio = current assets/current liabilities
- 2. Return on assets = loss for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company/ average total assets x 100%
- 3. Return on equity = loss for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company/ average total equity x 100%
- 4. Gearing ratio = total borrowings and lease liabilities net of cash and cash equivalents/total equity x 100%.
- equivalents/total equity x 100%
 5. Inventory turnover days = average inventory balance/cost of sales for the year x
- number of days for the year

 Trade and bills receivable turnover days = average trade and bills receivable/ revenue for the year x number of days for the year
- . Trade and bills payable turnover days = average trade and bills payable/cost of sales for the year x number of days for the year

截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December 千港元 二零二一年 二零二零年 二零一九年 二零一八年 二零一七年						
in HK\$'000		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
業績	RESULTS					
收益	Revenue	750,474	685,688	1,117,035	858,343	1,178,540
毛利	Gross profit	48,795	59,982	144,858	97,141	129,917
除所得税前 (虧損)/溢利	(Loss)/profit before income tax	(38,302)	(153,025)	33,810	28,001	47,064
所得税抵免/ (開支)	Income tax credit/(expense)	7,028	4,176	(7,161)	(5,779)	(12,958)
年內(虧損)/ 溢利	(Loss)/profit for the year	(31,274)	(148,849)	26,649	22,222	34,106

		於十二月三十一日 At 31 December				
千港元 in HK\$'000		二零二一年 2021	二零二零年 2020	二零一九年 2019	二零一八年 2018	二零一七年 2017
資產及負債	ASSETS AND LIABILITIES					
資產總額	Total assets	437,268	497,153	700,330	611,178	708,038
負債總額	Total liabilities	316,560	346,822	387,702	318,641	433,980
資產淨值	Net assets	120,708	150,331	312,628	292,537	274,058

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

業務回顧

本集團專注於提供服裝供應鏈服務,包括產品設計及開發、確認時裝潮流及打樣、採購原材料、生產訂單及商品採購管理、品質監控、包裝、存貨管理及物流管理,向客戶提供一站式解決方案。

此外,本集團亦從事服裝零售業務。由於 Unisex及Promod品牌的銷售表現未如理想, 有關業務已於二零一五年五月底前停止運作, 並且從事服裝零售業務的附屬公司已於二零 一七年二月底前全面售出。本集團仍在密切關 注服裝零售市場以為本集團服裝零售業務釐 定適當的投資策略。

本集團亦從事物業投資及發展業務以開拓相關市場。從事物業投資及發展業務的附屬公司已於二零一六年九月初全面售出。本集團仍在密切關注物業市場以為本集團的物業投資及發展業務制定合適投資策略。

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

The Group focuses on providing one stop solution to our customers by the provision of apparel supply chain services including product design and development, fashion trend ascertaining and sampling, raw material sourcing, production order and merchandise sourcing management, quality control, packaging, inventory management and logistics management.

Furthermore, the Group also engaged in the Apparel Retail Business. Due to the unsatisfactory sales performance of the Unisex and Promod brands, their operations ceased by the end of May 2015 and the subsidiaries involved in the Apparel Retail Business were fully disposed of by the end of February 2017. The Group is still closely monitoring the apparel retail market to determine the appropriate investment strategy for the Group's Apparel Retail Business.

The Group also engaged in the Property Investment and Development Business to develop the relevant market. The subsidiaries involved in the Property Investment and Development Business were fully disposed of in early September 2016. The Group is still closely monitoring the property market to determine the appropriate investment strategy for the Group's Property Investment and Development Business.

財務回顧

FINANCIAL REVIEW

		截至十二月三	十一日止年度
		Year ended 3	1 December
			二零二零年
		2021	2020
		百萬港元	百萬港元
		HK\$ million	HK\$ million
收益	Revenue	750.5	685.7
一服裝供應鏈服務業務	– Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business	750.5	685.7
一服裝零售業務	– Apparel Retail Business	_	_
一物業投資及發展業務	 Property Investment and Development 		
	Business	_	_
毛利	Gross profit	48.8	60.0
一服裝供應鏈服務業務	– Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business	48.8	60.0
一服裝零售業務	– Apparel Retail Business	_	_
一物業投資及發展業務	 Property Investment and Development 		
	Business	-	_
本公司權益持有人	Loss for the year attributable to		
應佔年內虧損	equity holders of the Company	(31.3)	(148.8)

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

服裝供應鏈服務業務

為配合我們專注於產品設計與開發、以及品質 監控及生產管理優勢的策略,我們因應客戶不 斷轉變的喜好,設計、開發及生產男女梭織衣 服、剪裁針織產品及毛衣針織品。

服裝供應鏈服務業務的毛利減少18.7%至約48,800,000港元(二零二零年:60,000,000港元),及毛利率減少至約6.5%(二零二零年:8.8%)。毛利率下降主要是由於二零二一年為增加來自主要客戶的銷售訂單,產品的平均銷售單價有所下降。因此,確認毛利與去年相比較低。

於二零二一年,我們錄得扣除其他收益一淨額、融資成本淨額及所得稅抵免前分部虧損約33,800,000港元(二零二零年:分部虧損147,700,000港元)。

服裝零售業務

於二零二一年,服裝零售業務並無錄得任何收益、毛利或開支,是由於從事服裝零售業務的 附屬公司已於二零一七年全面售出。

物業投資及發展業務

由於從事新密市地塊相關物業發展及投資的 附屬公司已於二零一六年全面售出,故物業投 資及發展業務於二零二一年並無錄得任何收 益、毛利或開支。

分銷成本

分銷成本主要指二零二一年產生與銷售貨品 相關的銷售員的僱員工資及佣金開支。分銷成 本減少主要因為僱員數量減少導致僱員工資 減少。

Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business

Being in line with our strategy to focus on our strengths in product design and development, as well as quality control and production management, we design, develop and produce men's and women's woven wear, cut-and-sewn knitwear and sweater knitwear products to respond to constantly evolving consumer preferences.

Gross profit and gross profit margin under our Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business decreased by 18.7% to approximately HK\$48.8 million (2020: HK\$60.0 million) and decreased to approximately 6.5% (2020: 8.8%) respectively. The gross profit margin decreased mainly because there was a decrease in the average selling unit price of our products to increase sales orders from our major customers during the year 2021. As a result, a lower gross profit was recognised as compared to last year.

During the year 2021, we recorded a segmental loss before other gains – net, finance costs – net and income tax credit of approximately HK\$33.8 million (2020: segmental loss HK\$147.7 million).

Apparel Retail Business

There was neither revenue, gross profit nor expenses from our Apparel Retail Business during the year 2021 as the subsidiaries which were engaged in the Apparel Retail Business were fully disposed of in 2017.

Property Investment and Development Business

There was neither revenue, gross profit nor expenses from our Property Investment and Development Business during the year 2021 as the subsidiaries which were engaged in the property development and investment for the land at Xinmi City were fully disposed of in 2016.

DISTRIBUTION COSTS

Distribution costs mainly represented employees' wages for salesmen and commission expenses related to sales of goods incurred during the year 2021. Distribution costs decreased mainly due to decrease in employees' wages resulting from reduction in number of employee.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

行政開支

金融及合約資產的淨減值損失

由於2019冠狀病毒病爆發,其中一位美國客戶於二零二一年申請破產,因此,本集團於二零二一年計提呆賬準備約2,300,000港元(二零二零年:11,700,000港元)。

其他收益一淨額

於二零二一年度其他收益淨額約500,000港元 (二零二零年:900,000港元)主要指匯兑收益 淨額約700,000港元,及部分被出售物業、廠房 及設備約200,000港元的淨虧損抵銷。

財務收入及融資成本

於二零二一年的財務收入減少50.0%至約300,000港元(二零二零年:600,000港元),主要由於因二零二一年度存款款項減少導致利息收入減少所致。

於二零二一年,融資成本減少22.1%至約5,300,000港元(二零二零年:6,800,000港元)。二零二一年的融資成本主要指銀行借款的利息開支約5,500,000港元、租賃負債的利息及融資開支約400,000港元及部份抵銷匯率收益淨額約600,000港元。銀行借款的利息開支減少乃主要由於於二零二一年度銀行借款減少所致。

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Administrative expenses mainly represented the provision for impairment of goodwill, employee benefit expenses for our management, finance and administrative personnel, entertainment expenses, rental expenses for our office premises, depreciation and travelling expenses. Decrease in the administrative expenses was mainly due to the decrease in the provision for impairment of goodwill. Due to the weak performance of Splendid Gains International Limited, and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Splendid Gains Group") engaged in the business of manufacturing and trading of sweater knitwear products resulting from the COVID-19 Outbreak, based on HKAS 36 requirements, the Group made a provision for impairment of goodwill of approximately HK\$11.4 million during the year 2021 (2020: HK\$122.6 million). The impairment provision will reduce the net carrying amount of the goodwill. However, the provision for impairment of goodwill is a non-cash item and has no impact on the Group's cash flow, operations or liquidity position. For details, please refer to the paragraph headed "Goodwill" below.

NET IMPAIRMENT LOSSES ON FINANCIAL AND CONTRACT ASSETS

Due to the COVID-19 Outbreak, one of the US customers filed for bankruptcy in 2021 and thus, the Group made an allowance for doubtful debts of approximately HK\$2.3 million during the year 2021 (2020: HK\$11.7 million).

OTHER GAINS - NET

Other gains – net of approximately HK\$0.5 million during the year 2021 (2020: HK\$0.9 million) mainly represented net foreign exchange gains of approximately HK\$0.7 million, partially offset by the net losses on disposal of the property, plant and equipment of approximately HK\$0.2 million.

FINANCE INCOME AND COSTS

Finance income decreased by 50.0% to approximately HK\$0.3 million for the year of 2021 (2020: HK\$0.6 million) primarily due to the decrease in interest income as a result of the decrease in the deposit amount during the year 2021.

Finance cost decreased by 22.1% to approximately HK\$5.3 million for the year 2021 (2020: HK\$6.8 million). Finance costs for the year 2021 mainly represented interest expense on bank borrowings of approximately HK\$5.5 million, interest and finance charges of lease liabilities of approximately HK\$0.4 million and partially offset the net exchange gains of approximately HK\$0.6 million. Decreased in the interest expense on bank borrowings was primarily due to decrease of bank borrowings during the year 2021.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

所得税抵免

所得税開支主要指根據香港及中國相關法律及法規按適用税率計算的已付或應付即期所得税。於二零二一年度,所得税抵免約7,000,000港元,主要原因為撥回過往年度税項超額撥備(二零二零年:4,200,000港元)。

商譽

於二零一九年四月一日,本公司已向瀚盈控股有限公司收購翰盈集團的100%權益,現金代價為180,000,000港元(「收購事項」)。於收購事項日期,商譽約134,000,000港元已根據購買代價及翰盈集團的總可識別淨資產公平值之間的差額確認。

存貨

存貨結餘由二零二零年十二月三十一日約72,400,000港元減少至二零二一年十二月三十一日約44,600,000港元,原因於二零二一年內向客戶交貨產品加快,導致存貨周轉日數下降(二零二一年:30日:二零二零年:42日)。

應收賬款及應收票據

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,應收賬款及應收票據減少8,900,000港元至110,200,000港元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:119,100,000港元),由於於二零二一年度來自本公司長期客戶提前結算。

INCOME TAX CREDIT

Income tax expense mainly represented amounts of current income tax paid or payable at the applicable tax rates in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations in Hong Kong and the PRC. During the year 2021, income tax credit was approximately HK\$7.0 million because of the reversal of over tax provision in prior years (2020: HK\$4.2 million).

GOODWILL

On 1 April 2019, the Company acquired 100% interest in Splendid Gains Group from Splendid Gains Holdings Limited for a cash consideration of HK\$180.0 million (the "Acquisition"). A goodwill of approximately HK\$134.0 million was recognised based on the difference between the purchase consideration and the fair values of the total identifiable net assets of Splendid Gains Group at the date of the Acquisition.

The performance of Splendid Gains Group has been severely affected due to the COVID-19 Outbreak. Since April 2021, the Splendid Gains Group has experienced loss in key overseas customers, cancellation or reduction of orders or requests for delayed delivery by overseas customers, and resulted in a decline of revenue in 2021 as compared to last year. Management of the Company does not expect this situation to easily be resumed to normal having considered the impacts of COVID-19 Outbreak and the current deteriorating political and economic relationships between China and overseas countries which significantly affects the apparel industry and business. Accordingly, the Company has recalculated the recoverable amount of the Splendid Gains Group as at 31 December 2021, which resulted in an impairment loss of approximately HK\$11.4 million being recognised and has reduced the carrying value of the goodwill to nil. For details, please refer to note 9 to the consolidated financial statements in this report.

INVENTORIES

Inventories balance decreased from approximately HK\$72.4 million as at 31 December 2020 to approximately HK\$44.6 million as at 31 December 2021 due to faster delivery of products to customers during the year 2021 which resulted in a decrease in the inventory turnover days (2021: 30 days; 2020: 42 days).

TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLE

Trade and bills receivable decreased by HK\$8.9 million to HK\$110.2 million as at 31 December 2021 (31 December 2020: HK\$119.1 million) because of the earlier settlement from the Company's long-term customers during the year 2021.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

我們一般向服裝供應鏈服務業務客戶提供30至90日的信貸期,彼等一般須透過銀行轉賬或 支票向我們清償貿易結餘。 We generally grant customers of our Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business a credit period of 30 to 90 days and they are generally required to settle their trade balances with us by bank transfer or by cheque.

於二零二一年,我們的應收賬款周轉日數為56日(二零二零年:79日),周轉日數減少由於本公司良好的信貸控制。

Our trade and bills receivable turnover days for the year 2021 were 56 days (2020: 79 days) which decreased due to better credit control of the Company.

應付賬款及應付票據

應付賬款及應付票據有所減少(二零二一年十二月三十一日:169,100,000港元;二零二零年十二月三十一日:178,500,000港元),乃由於二零二一年內以銀行借貸方式結算。

我們在清償貨款上一般享有最多90日的信貸期。應付賬款及應付票據的周轉日數於二零二一年為90日(二零二零年:115日)。周轉日數減少原因為於二零二一年向供應商提前結賬。

借貸

本集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日有銀行借貸約109,400,000港元,以港元及美元計值。所有銀行借貸均由香港銀行提供,按浮動利率計息。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,全部銀行借貸均須於兩年內償還,其中約105,100,000港元須於一至兩年內償還並全部須按要求條款償還。本集團並無使用任何財務工具作對沖用途,亦無任何以現有借貸及/或其他對沖工具對沖的外幣淨額投資。

流動資金及財務資源

於二零二一年,本集團維持健全的流動資金 狀況,以內部資源及銀行借貸提供營運資金。 於二零二一年十二月三十一日,現金及現金等 價物約為193,100,000港元,其中約103,900,000 港元以港元計值,約49,700,000港元以人民 幣計值,約39,100,000港元以美元計值,及約 400,000港元則以其他貨幣計值。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團的流動比率為1.2(二零二零年十二月三十一日:1.2)。本集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日處於充裕的淨現金 狀況。本集團擁有充足及隨時可用的財務資源 滿足一般營運資金需要及可預見的資本開支。

TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLE

Trade and bills payable decreased (31 December 2021: HK\$169.1 million; 31 December 2020: HK\$178.5 million) because of the settlement by may of bank borrowing during the year 2021.

We generally enjoy a credit term of up to 90 days to settle payment. Our trade and bills payable turnover days for the year 2021 were 90 days (2020: 115 days). The decrease in turnover days was because of earlier payments to the suppliers during the year 2021.

BORROWINGS

The Group had bank borrowings as at 31 December 2021 in the sum of approximately HK\$109.4 million which are denominated in HK\$ and USD. All bank borrowings were made from banks in Hong Kong at floating interest rates. As at 31 December 2021, all bank borrowings were repayable within two years of which approximately HK\$105.1 million was repayable within one year and approximately HK\$4.3 million was repayable between one to two years and and all subject to repayable on demand clauses. No financial instruments were used for hedging purposes, nor were there any foreign currency net investments hedged by current borrowings and/or other hedging instruments.

LIOUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

During the year 2021, the Group maintained a healthy liquidity position, with working capital financed by both internal resources and bank borrowings. As at 31 December 2021, cash and cash equivalents amounted to approximately HK\$193.1 million, of which approximately HK\$103.9 million denominated in HK\$, approximately HK\$49.7 million in Renminbi, approximately HK\$39.1 million in United States dollar and approximately HK\$0.4 million in other currencies. As at 31 December 2021, the current ratio of the Group was 1.2 (31 December 2020: 1.2). The Group was in a strong net cash position as at 31 December 2021. The Group has sufficient and readily available finance resources for general working capital requirement and foreseeable capital expenditure.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

庫務政策

本集團在執行庫務政策上採取審慎的財務管理策略,因而於整段回顧期間內維持健全的流動資金狀況。本集團不斷評估其客戶的信貸狀況及財務狀況,務求降低信貸風險。為控制流動資金風險,董事會密切監察本集團的流動資金狀況,確保本集團擁有充足財務資源以及時滿足其資金需要及承擔。

外匯風險

外匯風險源自日後商業交易、已確認資產及負 債以及海外業務的投資淨額。

當日後商業交易或已確認資產或負債以實體功能貨幣以外的貨幣計值時,外匯風險即產生。對於以人民幣或美元作為功能貨幣的集團公司而言,其外匯風險主要來自以外幣計值的金額換算。本集團通過緊密關注匯率變動以控制外匯風險。

本集團在中國有投資,其資產淨值面臨外幣換 算風險。本集團在中國投資的資產淨值所產生 外幣風險,可以通過在中國境外支付的股息管 理。

於二零二一年,本集團並無利用任何財務工具 對沖外幣風險。

資本結構

於二零二一年,本公司的資本結構並無任何重大變動。本公司的資本包括普通股及其他儲備。

資本承擔

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任何重大資本承擔(二零二零年十二月三十一日:無)。

TREASURY POLICIES

The Group has adopted a prudent financial management approach towards its treasury policies and thus maintained a healthy liquidity position throughout the period under review. The Group strives to reduce exposure to credit risk by performing ongoing credit assessments and evaluations of the financial status of its customers. To manage liquidity risk, the Board closely monitors the Group's liquidity position to ensure that sufficient financial resources are available in order to meet its funding requirements and commitment timely.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations.

Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions or recognised assets or liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency. For group companies with Renminbi or US dollars as their functional currency, foreign exchange risk arises primarily from translation of amounts denominated in foreign currencies. The Group manages its foreign exchange risk by closely monitoring the movement of the foreign currency rates.

The Group has investments in the PRC, whose net assets are exposed to foreign currency translation risk. Currency exposure arising from the net assets of the Group's investments in the PRC can be managed through dividends paid outside the PRC.

During the year 2021, the Group did not commit to any financial instruments to hedge its exposure to foreign currency risk.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

There has been no material change in the capital structure of the Company during the year 2021. The capital of the Company comprises ordinary shares and other reserves.

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

As at 31 December 2021, the Group did not have any significant capital commitments (31 December 2020: Nil).

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

暫停辦理股東登記手續

為確定本公司股東出席將於二零二二年五月二十六日(星期四)舉行的股東周年大會(「股東周年大會」)的資格,本公司將於二零五月二十三日(星期一)至二零二二年五月二十一日(星期四)期間(包括首尾兩日)整理股東登記手續,期間將不會辦理任何會辦理股東登記手續,期間將不會辦理任何會上表決,所有過戶表格連同相關股票,下分前送交本公司的香港股份登記戶處卓佳證券登記有限公司,地址為香港。道東183號合和中心54樓,以辦理登記。

僱員資料

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團共有 1,048名僱員,包括執行董事。截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度的總員工成本(包括董 事酬金)約為69,900,000港元,而截至二零二零 年十二月三十一日止年度則約為76,300,000港 元。酬金乃參考市場常規及個別僱員的表現、 資歷及經驗釐定。

除基本薪金外,亦可視乎本集團的業績及個人表現獲發花紅。其他員工福利包括香港的強制性公積金退休福利計劃供款,以及提供退休金、醫療保險、失業保險及為根據中國及柬埔寨法律法規以及現行監管規定獲本集團聘用的僱員而設的其他相關保險。

本集團僱員的薪金及福利均處於具競爭力的水平,僱員的待遇均在本集團薪金及花紅制度的整體框架內按表現釐定,而該框架每年進行檢討。本集團亦設有一項由本公司於二零一二年十二月二十四日採納的購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),據此,董事及本集團僱員可獲授予購股權以認購股份。

本公司於本年度及過往年度並無根據購股權計劃授出任何購股權。購股權計劃的詳情於本年報第73至75頁「購股權計劃」一節披露。

CLOSURE OF THE REGISTER OF MEMBERS

To determine the eligibility of the shareholders of the Company to attend the annual general meeting to be held on Thursday, 26 May 2022 (the "AGM"), the register of members will be closed from Monday, 23 May 2022 to Thursday, 26 May 2022, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to be entitled to attend and vote at the annual general meeting, all transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Hong Kong Branch share registrar and transfer office, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong, for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 20 May 2022.

INFORMATION ON EMPLOYEES

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had a total of 1,048 employees, including the executive Directors. Total staff costs (including Directors' emoluments) for the year ended 31 December 2021 were approximately HK\$69.9 million, as compared to approximately HK\$76.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. Remuneration is determined with reference to market norms as well as individual employees' performance, qualification and experience.

On top of basic salaries, bonuses may be paid with reference to the Group's performance as well as individual's performance. Other staff benefits include contributions to Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme in Hong Kong and the provision of pension funds, medical insurance, unemployment insurance and other relevant insurance for employees who are employed by our Group pursuant to the PRC and Cambodia rules and regulations and the prevailing regulatory requirements.

The salaries and benefits of the Group's employees are kept at a competitive level and employees are rewarded on a performance-related basis within the general framework of the Group's salary and bonus system, which is reviewed annually. The Group also operates a share option scheme adopted by the Company on 24 December 2012 ("Share Option Scheme") where options to subscribe for shares may be granted to the Directors and employees of the Group.

The Company did not grant any share option under the Share Option Scheme during the current and prior years. Details of the Share Option Scheme are disclosed in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" on pages 73 to 75 of this annual report.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

董事及本集團五位最高薪人士於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的酬金詳情分別載於本報告綜合財務報表附註34及24。

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in Notes 34 and 24 to the consolidated financial statements in this report, respectively.

所持重大投資

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團並無於任何其他公司的股本權益中持有任 何重大投資。

有關重大投資及資本資產的未來計劃

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團並無有關重大投資及資本資產的計劃。

附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業的重 大收購及出售

除本年報其他章節所披露者外,於二零二一年, 本集團並無任何有關附屬公司、聯營公司及合 營企業的重大收購或出售。

資產抵押

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團概無 任何資產抵押(二零二零年十二月三十一日: 無)。

或然負債

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任何重大或然負債(二零二零年十二月三十一日:無)。

新商機

根據不競爭承諾規定,本公司的控股股東(「控股股東」)概無向本公司轉介新商機(定義見本公司日期為二零一二年十二月三十一日的招股章程(「招股章程」)「與控股股東的關係一新商機」一節)。

報告期後重要事項

除本年報所披露者外,於報告期間後並無發生 任何影響本公司及其附屬公司的重大事項。

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group did not hold any significant investment in equity interest in any other company.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL ASSETS

As at 31 December 2021, the Group did not have plan for material investments and capital assets.

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

Save as disclosed elsewhere in this annual report, the Group did not have any material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures during the year 2021.

CHARGE OF ASSETS

There was no charge on the Group's assets as at 31 December 2021 (31 December 2020: Nil).

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group had no material contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2021 (31 December 2020: Nil).

NEW BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY

There was no New Business Opportunity (as defined in the Company's prospectus dated 31 December 2012 (the "Prospectus") headed "Relationship with Controlling Shareholders – New Business Opportunity") referred by the controlling shareholders of the Company (the "Controlling Shareholders") as provided under the non-competition undertaking.

IMPORTANT EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Save as disclosed in this annual report, there is no important event affecting the Company and its subsidiaries which has occurred after the reporting period.

董事及高級管理層簡歷 DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILE

董事 DIRECTORS

董事會負責及全權管理及經營業務。下表列載 董事會成員於本年度及截至本年報日期的資料: Our Board is responsible and has general powers for the management and conduct of the business. The following table sets forth information regarding members of the Board during the year and up to the date of this annual report:

姓名 Name		委任日期 Appointment Date	年齢 Age
- IVAIIIO		Appointment Bute	7,50
執行董事	Executive Directors		
黄志深先生	Mr. Huang Chih Shen	二零一一年九月二十八日	
		28 September 2011	51
黃麗花女士	Ms. Huang Li Hun, Serlina	二零二零年二月十四日	
		14 February 2020	53
獨立非執行董事	Independent		
	Non-executive Directors		
黄定幹先生	Mr. Wong Ting Kon	二零一二年十二月二十四日	
		24 December 2012	51
彭婉珊女士	Ms. Pang Yuen Shan, Christina	二零一二年十二月二十四日	
		24 December 2012	49
張灼祥先生	Mr. Chang Cheuk Cheung, Terence	二零一二年十二月二十四日	
		24 December 2012	74
陳振彬博士	Dr. Chan Chung Bun, Bunny	二零一二年十二月二十四日	
		24 December 2012	64

董事及高級管理層簡歷 DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILE

主席、行政總裁兼執行董事

黃志深先生,51歲,為本公司主席、行政總裁 兼執行董事,並為本集團創辦人之一。彼自二 零一一年九月二十八日起獲委任為董事。黃先 生主要負責本集團的整體管理、營運以及制定 及檢討企業方針及策略。黃先生於製衣業具備 約27年經驗。於二零零三年成立本集團之前, 彼自一九九四年三月起一直出任關連公司勝 豐織造製衣有限公司之董事。黃先生為本公司 間接全資附屬公司迅捷環球製衣(香港)有限 公司(「迅捷環球製衣」)創辦人之一,自其於 二零零四年註冊成立以來一直出任該公司之 董事。此外,彼為本集團大部分附屬公司(包 括駿達實業(製衣)有限公司(「駿達製衣」)、 東莞迅捷環球製衣有限公司(「東莞迅捷」)、 嘉駿實業(香港)有限公司(「嘉駿」))及領信 企業有限公司(「領信」)之董事。黃先生自二 零一七年十一月起獲委任為香港青少年發展 聯會榮譽主席。黃先生為二零一零/二零一一 年度第四十三屆仁濟醫院董事局之總理、二零 --/二零-二年度第四十四屆、二零-二/ 二零一三年度第四十五屆、二零一三/二零 一四年度第四十六屆、二零一四年/二零一五 年度第四十七屆及二零一五年/二零一六年 度第四十八屆仁濟醫院董事局之顧問。黃先生 於香港接受中學教育,直至一九八六年三月。 於二零二一年十二月三十一日,黃先生持有我 們的公司控股股東皓天控股有限公司(「皓天」) 100%權益。

CHAIRMAN, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER & EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Huang Chih Shen (黃志深), aged 51, is the chairman, chief executive officer and an executive Director of the Company, and one of the founders of the Group. He was appointed as the Director with effect from 28 September 2011. Mr. Huang is primarily responsible for the overall management, operations and the charting and reviewing of corporate directions and strategies of the Group. Mr. Huang has approximately 27 years of experience in the business of the garment industry. Prior to establishing the Group in 2003, he has been a director of Shing Fun Knitting & Garment Limited, a related company, since March 1994. Mr. Huang is one of the founders and has been the director of Speedy Garment Manufacturing (Hong Kong) Company Limited ("Speedy Garment"), an indirectly wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, since its incorporation in 2004. Furthermore, he has been the director of most of the Group's subsidiaries, including Jointex Garment Manufacturing Limited ("Jointex Garment"), Dongguan Speedy Garment Manufacturing Company Limited ("Speedy Dongguan"), Pageant Enterprise (Hong Kong) Limited ("Pageant") and Well Faith Enterprise Limited ("Well Faith"). Mr. Huang was appointed as a Honorary President of the Hong Kong Association of Youth Development since November 2017. Mr. Huang was a director of 2010/2011 the 43rd, an advisor of 2011/2012 the 44th, 2012/2013 the 45th, 2013/2014 the 46th, 2014/2015 the 47th and 2015/2016 the 48th of Yan Chai Hospital Board Office. Mr. Huang received his secondary school education in Hong Kong until March 1986. As at 31 December 2021, Mr. Huang held 100% interest in Sky Halo Holdings Limited ("Sky Halo"), our corporate Controlling Shareholder.

董事及高級管理層簡歷

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILE

執行董事

黃麗花女士,53歲,於二零二零年二月十四日獲委任為我們的執行董事。彼於香港、中國、歐洲及美國的紡織業及成衣領域擁有逾26年經驗。黄女士於一九九三年畢業於香港、資南大學,獲得銀行及金融高級文憑,其後不一九九六年獲得工商管理學士學位。彼於零一九九六年獲得工商管理學士學位。彼於零一六年四月加盟本公司附屬公司領信,現擔任領信董事總經理。彼負責管理領信的業務(包括銷售及市場推廣)。黄女士為本公司執行董事兼控股限東黃志深先生的胞姐。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,黃女士持有本公司約0.02%權益。

獨立非執行董事

黃定幹先生,51歲,為獨立非執行董事。彼於 二零一二年十二月二十四日加入本集團,並 獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼持有加拿大溫莎 大學商學士學位,並為香港會計師公會執業會 計師及英國特許公認會計師公會資深會員。 黃先生現為陳就成、黃定幹會計師事務所合夥 人。黃先生自二零一七年十月至二零二二年 三月一直擔任濠亮環球有限公司(股份代號: 08118)的獨非執行董事。

彭婉珊女士,49歲,為獨立非執行董事。彼於二零一二年十二月二十四日加入本集團,並獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼於一九九五年取得香港城市大學的法學學士學位,後於一九九六年取得謝菲爾德大學的國際法及商法法學碩士學位。彭女士於一九九九年獲律師資格,現任私人律師事務所的律師。

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Ms. Huang Li Hun, Serlina (黃麗花), aged 53, is appointed as our executive Director on 14 February 2020. She has over 26 years of experience in the textile industry and the garment field in Hong Kong, the PRC, Europe and the United States of America. Ms. Huang graduated from the Lingnan University in Hong Kong in 1993 with a Higher Diploma in Banking & Finance and subsequently obtained a bachelor's degree in Business Administration in 1996. She joined Well Faith, a subsidiary of the Company, in April 2016 and is currently the managing director of Well Faith. She is responsible for managing Well Faith's business, including sales and marketing. Ms. Huang is the sister of Mr. Huang Chih Shen, an executive Director and the controlling shareholder of the Company. As at 31 December 2021, Ms. Huang held approximately 0.02% interest in the Company.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Wong Ting Kon (黃定幹), aged 51, is an independent non-executive Director. He joined the Group on 24 December 2012 when he was appointed as an independent non-executive Director. He holds a bachelor's degree in commerce from University of Windsor, Canada. Mr. Wong is a Certified Public Accountant (Practising) of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Mr. Wong is currently a partner of Chan Wong & Company C.P.A. Mr. Wong has been serving as an independent non-executive director of Bortex Global Limited (stock code: 08118) from October 2017 to March 2022.

Ms. Pang Yuen Shan, Christina (彭婉珊), aged 49, is an independent non-executive Director. She joined the Group on 24 December 2012 when she was appointed as an independent non-executive Director. She obtained a bachelor degree in Laws from City University of Hong Kong in 1995 and a master degree of Laws in International & Commercial Law from University of Sheffield in 1996. Ms. Pang was admitted as a solicitor in 1999 and is currently a solicitor and work in private practice.

董事及高級管理層簡歷 DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILE

陳振彬博士,64歲,為獨立非執行董事。彼於 二零一二年十二月二十四日加入本集團,並獲 委任為獨立非執行董事。陳博士自二零一零年 九月、二零零四年六月,二零一九年六月及二 零二零年五月起分別出任榮豐聯合控股有限 公司(股份代號:3683)、李寧有限公司(股份 代號:2331),旭日企業有限公司(股份代號: 393)及香港鐵路有限公司(股份代號:66)的 獨立非執行董事。陳博士於成衣業累積逾30年 經驗,現時為寶的集團有限公司主席。陳博士 積極參與香港社區事務。彼自二零一二年起為 香港公開大學諮議會成員。陳博士於二零零二 年獲委任為太平紳士,於二零零四年獲香港政 府頒授銅紫荊星章,於二零零九年獲頒銀紫荊 星章,於二零一四年獲頒金紫荊星章及於二零 二一年獲頒大紫荊勳章。於二零一三年十二月, 陳博士獲香港都會大學頒授榮譽工商管理博 + 0

Mr. Chang Cheuk Cheung, Terence (張灼祥), aged 74, is an independent non-executive Director. He joined the Group on 24 December 2012 when he was appointed as an independent non-executive Director. Mr. Chang obtained a bachelor's degree in arts from the University of Hong Kong in November 1970, a diploma in education from the Chinese University of Hong Kong in December 1976 and a master's degree in education from Harvard University in June 1981. Mr. Chang was the principal of Jockey Club Ti-I College from January 1989 to August 2000. Mr. Chang was the headmaster of Diocesan Boys' School from September 2000 to August 2012. Mr. Chang has been serving as an independent non-executive director of Dragon King Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 08493) from January 2018 to March 2021. Mr. Chang is also at present a freelance writer for SingTao Newspaper and Headline Daily.

Dr. Chan Chung Bun, Bunny (陳振彬), aged 64, is an independent non-executive Director. He joined the Group on 24 December 2012 when he was appointed as an independent non-executive Director. Dr. Chan has been serving as independent non-executive director of Great Harvest Maeta Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 3683) since September 2010, Li Ning Company Limited (stock code: 2331) since June 2004, Glorious Sun Enterprises Limited (stock code: 393) since June 2019, and MTR Corporation Limited (Stock code: 66) since May 2020. Dr. Chan has over 30 years of experience in the garment industry and is currently the chairman of Prospectful Holdings Limited. Dr. Chan is active in community affairs in Hong Kong. He is a member of the Court of the Open University of Hong Kong from 2012. Dr. Chan was appointed Justice of the Peace in 2002 and awarded the Bronze Bauhinia Star medal in 2004, Silver Bauhinia Star medal in 2009, Gold Bauhinia Star medal in 2014 and Grand Bauhinia Medal in 2021 by the Government of Hong Kong. Dr. Chan was conferred Doctor of Business Administration, honoris causa by the Hong Kong Metropolitan University in December 2013.

董事及高級管理層簡歷 DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILE

公司秘書

余嘉庚先生,35歲,為本公司的公司秘書兼財務總監,負責本集團的會計事務規劃及管理、財務相關事務及企業報告事宜。余先生於二零一七年十月加盟本集團,擔任本集團若干附屬公司財務總監。於加盟本集團前,余先生曾於香港上市公司擔任財務總監。彼於會計、財務管理及審計方面有逾十年經驗。余先生獲愛丁堡龍比亞大學會計學學士學位,並為香港會計師公會會員。

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Yu Ka Gung (余嘉庚), aged 35, the company secretary and the chief financial officer of the Company, is in charge of planning and management of accounting, finance related matters and corporate reporting of the Group. Mr. Yu joined the Group in October 2017 as the financial controller of certain subsidiaries of the Group. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Yu had worked as financial controller in a listed company in Hong Kong. He has more than 10 years of experience working in accounting, financial management and auditing. Mr. Yu obtained a bachelor's degree in Accounting from Edinburgh Napier University and is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

企業管治常規

配合及遵循企業管治原則及常規之公認標準 一向為本公司最高原則之一。董事會認為良好 企業管治是帶領本公司邁向成功及平衡股東、 客戶與僱員之間利益的其中一大關鍵,董事會 致力持續提升該等原則及常規之效率及效益。

於二零二一年度,本公司一直遵守聯交所證券 上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄14所載企業管治 守則之守則條文(「守則條文」),惟下文所述 偏離情況除外:

守則條文A.2.1訂明主席與行政總裁的角色應予區分,不應由一人同時兼任。本公司的主席與行政總裁角色並無區分,並由黃志深先生同時兼任。由於董事定期會面以考慮影響本公司業務的重大事宜,故董事認為,此架構不會損害董事與本公司管理層之間權責平衡,並相信此架構有助本公司迅速及有效地作出及執行決策。本公司深明遵守守則條文A.2.1的重要性,並將繼續考慮委任獨立行政總裁的可行性。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

Adapting and adhering to recognised standards of corporate governance principles and practices has always been one of the top priorities of the Company. The Board believes that good corporate governance is one of the key areas that lead to the success of the Company and in balancing the interests of shareholders, customers and employees, and the Board is devoted to ongoing enhancements of the efficiency and effectiveness of such principles and practices.

During the year 2021, the Company had complied with the code provisions (the "Code Provisions") set out in the Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), except for the following deviation:

Code Provision A.2.1 stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The roles of the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company are not separate and both are performed by Mr. Huang Chih Shen. Since the Directors meet regularly to consider major matters affecting the operations of the Company, the Directors consider that this structure will not impair the balance of power and authority between the Directors and the management of the Company and believe that this structure will enable the Company to make and implement decisions promptly and efficiently. The Company understands the importance to comply with the Code Provision A.2.1 and will continue to consider the feasibility of appointing a separate chief executive officer.

董事進行證券交易之行為守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」),作為其證券交易之行為守則。經本公司作出具體查詢後,全體董事均已確認,彼等於二零二一年一月一日起至舉行董事會會議以批准二零二一年度全年業績公佈當日止期間一直遵守標準守則規定之交易準則。

本公司亦已就相關僱員進行證券交易採納一套條款不遜於標準守則所載規定準則之操守守則。所有因其職位或職務而可能擁有有關本公司證券之內幕消息之相關僱員已被要求在買賣本公司證券時遵守有關守則。

董事會

成員

董事會目前由六名董事組成,其中兩名為執行董事,餘下四名為獨立非執行董事。董事會成員及各董事之履歷詳情載於本年報第18至22頁「董事及高級管理層簡歷」一節。

CODE OF CONDUCT FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct for securities transactions. All Directors confirmed that, after specific enquiries were made by the Company, they have complied with the required standard of dealings as set out in the Model Code throughout the period from 1 January 2021 to the date of the Board meeting approving the annual results announcement for the year 2021.

The Company has also adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by relevant employees on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code. All the relevant employees who, because of their office or employment, are likely to be in possession of inside information in relation to the Company's securities has been requested to follow such code when dealing in the securities of the Company.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Composition

The Board currently comprises six Directors, of which two are executive Directors, and four are independent non-executive Directors. The composition of the Board and the biographical details of each Director are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management Profile" on pages 18 to 22 of this annual report.

董事會會議

董事會討論本公司整體策略以及其經營及財 務表現,並於有需要時舉行其他董事會會議。 該等董事會會議須得到大部分董事親身或誘 過其他電子通訊方式積極參與。下表列載董事 會全體成員出席於二零二一年所舉行會議的 出席記錄:

BOARD MEETINGS

The Board discusses the overall strategy as well as the operational and financial performance of the Company. Other Board meetings will be held when necessary. Such Board meetings involve the active participation, either in person or through other electronic means of communication, of a majority of Directors. The table below sets out the attendance of all members of the Board at the meetings held during the year 2021:

> 董事出席率 董事會會議

> > 6/6

執行董事: **Executive Directors:** 黃志深先生(主席兼行政總裁) Mr. Huang Chih Shen (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) 6/6 黃麗花女士 Ms. Huang Li Hun, Serlina 6/6 獨立非執行董事: **Independent Non executive Directors:** 黄定幹先生 Mr. Wong Ting Kon 6/6 彭婉珊女士 Ms. Pang Yuen Shan, Christina 6/6 張灼祥先生 Mr. Chang Cheuk Cheung, Terence 6/6 陳振彬博士 Dr. Chan Chung Bun, Bunny

四名獨立非執行董事目前佔董事會成員人數 超過一半,而黃定幹先生具有上市規則第3.10(2) 條規定的適當專業資格。

全體董事於董事會常規會議及其他會議前獲 發適當通知。議程及其他相關資料將於相關董 事會會議舉行前向董事發出,並向全體董事徵 詢於董事會會議議程列入的其他事項。

There are currently four independent non-executive Directors who represent over one half of the Board and Mr. Wong Ting Kon has the appropriate professional qualifications as required by the Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules.

Appropriate notices are given to all Directors in advance for attending regular and other Board meetings. Meeting agendas and other relevant information are provided to the Directors in advance of Board meetings. All Directors are consulted to include additional matters in the agenda for Board meetings.

全體董事均可取得公司秘書之意見及服務,以 確保遵守董事會程序以及所有適用規則及規 例。

會議記錄之草擬文本及最終版本均送交全體 董事以供彼等提供意見及加以記錄。董事會會 議記錄由公司秘書保存,任何董事可於任何合 理時間事先發出合理通知要求查閱有關會議 記錄。

股東大會

全體董事均已出席本公司於二零二一年五月 二十七日舉行的股東周年大會。

董事會及管理層之職責

董事會主要負責監察及管理本公司事務,包括 採納長遠策略以及委任與監督高級管理層, 確保本集團按照本身宗旨經營業務。董事會會 負責釐定本公司之企業管治政策,包括(i))審 及審閱本公司之企業管治政策及常規;(ii))審 及監察董事及高級管理層之培訓及持續事 發展情況;(iii))審閱及監察符合法律及監 定之發行人政策及常規;(iv)制定、審閱及監 定之發行人政策及常規;(iv)制定、審閱及 定之發行人政策及常規;(iv)制定、審閱不公司於企業管治報告內披露

Directors have access to the advice and services of the company secretary with a view to ensuring that Board procedures, and all applicable rules and regulations, are followed.

Both draft and final versions of the minutes are sent to all Directors for their comment and records. Minutes of Board meetings are kept by the company secretary and such minutes are open for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable prior notice by any Director.

GENERAL MEETING

All Directors attended the annual general meeting of the Company on 27 May 2021.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD AND MANAGEMENT

The Board is primarily responsible for overseeing and managing the Company's affairs, including the responsibilities for the adoption of long term strategies and appointing and supervising senior management to ensure that the operation of the Group is conducted in accordance with the objective of the Group. The Board is also responsible for determining the Company's corporate governance policies which include: (i) development and review of the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance; (ii) review and monitoring of the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management; (iii) review and monitor the issuer's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; (iv) develop, review and monitoring of the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and (v) review of the Company's disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

While at all times the Board retains full responsibility for guiding and monitoring the Company in discharging its duties, certain responsibilities are delegated to various Board committees which have been established by the Board to deal with different aspects of the Company's affairs. Unless otherwise specified in their respective written terms of reference as approved by the Board, these Board committees are governed by the Company's articles of association as well as the Board's policies and practices (in so far as the same are not in conflict with the provisions contained in the articles of association). With the new composition of members of the nomination committee, remuneration committee, audit committee and conflicts committee, the independent non-executive Directors will be able to effectively devote their time to perform the duties required by the respective Board committees.

董事會亦已向執行董事領導下之本公司管理層轉授施行其策略及日常營運之責任。本公司已就須交由董事會決策之事宜訂立清晰指引,其中包括與資本、融資及財務報告、內部監控、股東溝通、董事會成員、轉授權力及企業管治有關之事宜。

董事會知悉其須負責編製真實而公平地反映本集團事務狀況之財務報表。載於第90至184頁之財務報表乃按財務報表附註2.1所載基準編製。本集團之財務業績根據法定及/或監管規定適時公佈。本公司外聘核數師就本公司財務報表發出之申報責任聲明,載於本年報的第80至89頁之獨立核數師報告。

於二零二一年,本公司一直遵守上市規則第3.10(1)、(2)及3.10A條之規定。除上文「董事及高級管理層簡歷」一節披露者外,各董事會成員之間並無財政、業務、家族或其他重要/相關的關係。

獨立身份確認

各獨立非執行董事已根據上市規則第3.13條作 出年度獨立身份確認。本公司認為,按照上市 規則第3.13條所載指引,全體獨立非執行董事 均為獨立人士。

持續專業發展

各董事獲委任時均已接獲相關指引資料,並參加培訓,內容涵蓋作為董事之職責及責任、適用於董事之相關法例及規例及本集團權益披露責任。如有需要,本公司將為董事安排持續簡報及專業發展。

於二零二一年,董事已出席外部培訓及/或講座,並已閱讀涵蓋本公司業務及表現以及會計事宜等資料。

The Board has also delegated the responsibility of implementing its strategies and the day-to-day operation to the management of the Company under the leadership of the executive Directors. Clear guidance has been made as to the matters that should be reserved to the Board for its decision which include matters on, inter alia, capital, finance and financial reporting, internal controls, communication with shareholders, Board membership, delegation of authority and corporate governance.

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for the preparation of the financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group. The financial statements set out on pages 90 to 184 were prepared on the basis set out in Note 2.1 to the financial statements. Financial results of the Group are announced in a timely manner in accordance with statutory and/or regulatory requirements. The declaration of reporting responsibility issued by the external auditors of the Company on the Company's financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditors' Report on pages 80 to 89 of this annual report.

Throughout the year 2021, the Company complied with Rules 3.10(1), (2) and 3.10A of the Listing Rules. Except as disclosed in the section "Directors and Senior Management Profile" above, there is no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship among members of the Board.

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has made an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all independent non-executive Directors are independent in accordance with the guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Each Director upon their respective appointment received relevant guideline materials and attends a training regarding the duties and responsibilities of being a Director, the relevant laws and regulations applicable to the Directors, duty of disclosure of interest of the Group. Continuing briefings and professional development to Directors will be arranged whenever necessary.

During the year 2021, the Directors have attended external training and/or seminars and have read materials covering topics such as business and performance of the Company and accounting issues.

委任、連任及罷免

全體獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立委任函件,特定任期為三年,可重選連任。

根據本公司之組織章程細則,於每屆股東周年大會上,三分一當時在任董事須輪值退任。 而,倘董事人數並非三之倍數,則最接近而之董事須退任。各年度須退任而之董事須退任。各年度須退任時期以連任或獲委任以來在任任董事於同一日就職或連任董事,則以由鑑決定須退任之董事名單(除於於區,可以由一次會應選連任之董事。其任期將直至獲委任後,而董事會就現有董事會對達議席委任之所有當事會對理,屆時須於會上接受重選,其任期則直至下屆股東周年大會為止,屆時將有資格重選連任。

提名委員會

本公司於二零一二年十二月二十四日成立提名委員會,並根據守則條文A.5.2制訂其書面職權範圍。相關職權範圍可於本公司及聯交所網站閱覽。

提名委員會之主要職責包括定期檢討董事會 之架構、人數及組成:物色具備合適資格可擔 任董事之人選:評核獨立非執行董事之獨立身 份:及就董事委任或再度委任向董事會提出推 薦意見。提名委員會由3名獨立非執行董事組 成,分別為張灼祥先生(主席)、黃定幹先生及 彭婉珊女士。

APPOINTMENT, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL

All independent non-executive Directors have entered into letters of appointment with the Company for a specific term of three years, subject to re-election.

In accordance with the articles of association of the Company, at each annual general meeting, one third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation. However, if the number of Directors is not a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one third shall be the retiring Directors. The Directors who shall retire in each year will be those who have been the longest in the office since their last re-election or appointment, but as for persons who became or were last re-elected as Directors on the same day, those who should retire will (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot. Such retiring Directors may, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the annual general meeting. All Directors appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the first general meeting of shareholders after their appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting and all Directors appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting and shall then be eligible for re-election.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company established a nomination committee on 24 December 2012 with written terms of reference in compliance with Code Provisions A.5.2. Its terms of reference are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The primary duties of the nomination committee are to review the structure, size and composition of the Board on a regular basis; to identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members; to assess the independence of the independent non-executive Directors; and to make recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or re-appointment of Directors. The nomination committee comprises 3 independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Chang Cheuk Cheung, Terence (Chairman), Mr. Wong Ting Kon and Ms. Pang Yuen Shan, Christina.

於二零二一年,提名委員會曾舉行一次會議, 各委員會成員之出席記錄如下: During the year 2021, one meeting of the nomination committee was held and the attendance records of individual committee members are as follows:

出席/
舉行會議次數
Number of
Meetings
Attended/Held

張灼祥先生Mr. Chang Cheuk Cheung, Terence1/1黃定幹先生Mr. Wong Ting Kon1/1彭婉珊女士Ms. Pang Yuen Shan, Christina1/1

提名程序

於物色合適的董事人選時,提名委員會將參考 建議候選人的技能、經驗、教育背景、專業知 識、個人誠信及可付出的時間,以及本公司的 需要及該職位所須遵守的其他相關法定要求 及法規進行篩選。所有候選人必須符合上市規 則第3.08條及第3.09條所訂明的標準。將獲委 任為獨立非執行董事的候選人亦符合上市規 則第3.13條所訂明的獨立性標準。合資格候選 人隨後將獲推薦予董事會審批。

董事會多元化政策

本公司已於二零一三年九月採納董事會多元 化政策,並於二零一八年十二月修訂該珍 根據董事會多元化政策,提名委員會將於 系列多元化觀點進行篩選,包括但不限於性別、 年齡、文化背景及種族,以及教育背景、 經驗、技能、知識及服務年期。倘涉及考 事會獨立非執行董事,提名委員會亦須考 處大可會為董事會是供的觀點、技能及經驗,本 該人如何會為董事會多元化作出貢獻。本並披 該人如何會為董事會多元化作出貢獻。本並披 該人如何會為董事會等不的優點及司 應考慮其自身的之因素的理由。最終決定貢露於 所選候選人將為董事會帶來的優點及貢獻作 出。

Nomination Procedure

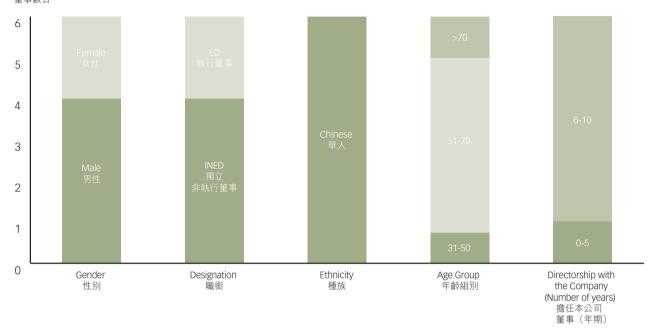
When identifying suitable candidates for directorship, the nomination committee will carry out the selection process by making reference to the skills, experience, education background, professional knowledge, personal integrity and time commitments of the proposed candidates, and also the Company's needs and other relevant statutory requirements and regulations required for the positions. All candidates must be able to meet the standards as set forth in Rules 3.08 and 3.09 of the Listing Rules. A candidate who is to be appointed as an independent non-executive Director should also meet the independence criteria set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Qualified candidates will then be recommended to the Board for approval.

Board Diversity Policy

The Company has adopted the board diversity policy in September 2013 and amended the policy in December 2018. Pursuant to the board diversity policy, the nomination committee will carry out the selection process by making reference to a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural background and ethnicity, in addition to educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. If it involves the appointment of an independent non-executive director of the Board, the Nomination Committee shall also consider the perspectives, skills and experience that the person can bring to the Board, and how the person would contribute to the diversity of the Board. The Company shall take into account its own business model and specific needs, and disclose the rationale for the factors it uses for this purpose. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

下表説明於本年報日期董事會有多元化組合:

The following is a chart showing the diversity profile of the Board as at the date of this annual report:



就實施董事會多元化政策目的而言,本公司採納及達成以下可計量目標:

For the purpose of implementation of the board diversity policy, the following measurable objectives were adopted and achieved:

- (1) 至少三分之一董事會成員須為獨立非執 行董事;
- (2) 至少一名董事會成員須具備會計或其他 專業資格;
- (3) 至少40%之董事會成員須於服裝行業內 擁有逾20年經驗及中國相關工作經驗: 及
- (4) 至少一名董事會成員須具備物業投資及 發展經驗。

- (1) at least one third of the members of the Board shall be independent non-executive directors:
- (2) at least one of the members of the Board shall have obtained accounting or other professional qualifications;
- (3) at least 40% of the members of the Board shall have more than 20 years of experience in the garment industry and shall have China-related work experience; and
- (4) at least one of the members of the Board shall have property investment and development experience.

薪酬委員會

本公司於二零一二年十二月二十四日成立薪酬委員會,並根據上市規則第3.25及3.26條制訂其書面職權範圍。薪酬委員會之書面職權範圍乃就符合守則條文B.1.2採納。相關職權範圍可於本公司及聯交所網站閱覽。

董事酬金詳情載於財務報表附註34。

於二零二一年,薪酬委員會曾舉行一次會議,以(其中包括)評估執行董事之表現、審批執行董事服務合約之條款以及審閱及批准董事及本公司高級管理層之薪酬方案。各委員會成員之出席記錄如下:

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company established a remuneration committee on 24 December 2012 with written terms of reference in compliance with Rules 3.25 and 3.26 of the Listing Rules. The written terms of reference of the remuneration committee was adopted in compliance with Code Provisions B.1.2. Its terms of reference are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The primary duties of the remuneration committee are to make recommendation to the Board on the overall remuneration policy and structure relating to all Directors and senior management of the Group and to ensure none of the Directors determine their own remuneration. The emoluments of executive Directors are determined based on the skills, knowledge, individual performance as well as contributions, the scope of responsibility and accountability of such Directors, taking into consideration the Company's performance and prevailing market conditions. The remuneration policy of independent non-executive Directors is to ensure that they are adequately compensated for their efforts and time dedicated to the Company's affairs including their participation in respective Board committees. The emoluments of independent non-executive Directors are determined with reference to their skills, experience, knowledge, duties and market trends. The remuneration committee consists of 3 independent non-executive Directors namely Ms. Pang Yuen Shan, Christina (Chairlady), Mr. Wong Ting Kon and Mr. Chang Cheuk Cheung, Terence.

Details of remuneration of Directors are set out in Note 34 to the financial statements.

During the year 2021, one meeting of the remuneration committee was held to, amongst others, assess performance of executive directors, approve terms of the executive directors' service contracts, and review and approve the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management of the Company. The attendance records of individual committee members are as follows:

出席/ 舉行會議次數 Number of Meetings Attended/Held

彭婉珊女士Ms. Pang Yuen Shan, Christina1/1黃定幹先生Mr. Wong Ting Kon1/1張灼祥先生Mr. Chang Cheuk Cheung, Terence1/1

審核委員會

本公司於二零一二年十二月二十四日成立審核委員會,並根據上市規則第3.21及3.22條制訂其書面職權範圍。審核委員會之書面職權範圍乃根據守則條文C.3.3至C.3.7予以採納。相關職權範圍可於本公司及聯交所網站閱覽。

審核委員會之主要職責為(其中包括)就外聘核數師之委任、續聘及罷免向董事會提供推薦意見,並至少每年審閱財務報表以及提供與本公司財務申報及監察風險管理及內部監控程序有關之重大建議。審核委員會由3名獨立非執行董事組成,分別為黃定幹先生(主席)、彭婉珊女士及張灼祥先生。

審核委員會須向董事會匯報,自成立以來已舉 行多次常規會議,以審閱本集團之財務申報程 序及內部監控,並就此提出推薦意見以作改進。

於二零二一年,審核委員會曾舉行三次會議, 以審閱本集團採納之會計原則及慣例、內部監 控及其他財務申報事宜,並就此與本公司管理 層及外聘核數師討論。各委員會成員之出席記 錄如下:

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company established an audit committee on 24 December 2012 with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 and Rule 3.22 of the Listing Rules. The written terms of reference of the audit committee was adopted in compliance with Code Provisions C.3.3 to C.3.7. Its terms of reference are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The primary duties of the audit committee, among other things, are to make recommendation to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of external auditors, review the financial statements and provide material advice in respect of financial reporting, and oversee risk management and internal control procedures of the Company at least annually. The audit committee consists of 3 independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Wong Ting Kon (Chairman), Ms. Pang Yuen Shan, Christina and Mr. Chang Cheuk Cheung, Terence.

The audit committee reports to the Board and has held regular meetings since its establishment to review and make recommendations to improve the Group's financial reporting process and internal controls.

During the year 2021, three audit committee meetings were held to review and discuss with the management of the Company and the external auditors the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group, as well as internal controls and other financial reporting matters. The attendance records of individual committee members are set out below:

出席/ 舉行會議次數 Number of Meetings Attended/Held

黄定幹先生Mr. Wong Ting Kon3/3彭婉珊女士Ms. Pang Yuen Shan, Christina2/3張灼祥先生Mr. Chang Cheuk Cheung, Terence3/3

於二零二一年,董事會與審核委員會就挑選、 委任、辭任或罷免外聘核數師方面並無不同見 解。 During the year 2021, the Board has not taken a different view from the audit committee on the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of external auditors.

衝突處理委員會

本公司於二零一二年十二月二十四日成立衝突處理委員會。衝突處理委員會之主要職責為 監察及識別本公司控股股東之間實際或潛在 利益衝突事宜,並確保有利益關係之控股股東 將採取適當預防措施,放棄就相關事宜作出決 策。衝突處理委員會由四名獨立非執行董事及 一名獨立外聘專家葉蔭權先生組成。

於二零二一年,衝突處理委員會曾舉行一次會議,以(其中包括)審閱控股股東於二零一二年十二月二十四日訂立之不競爭承諾契據,確保控股股東持續遵守有關承諾。各委員會成員之出席記錄如下:

CONFLICTS COMMITTEE

The Company established a conflicts committee on 24 December 2012. The primary duties of the conflicts committee are to monitor and identify actual or potential issues of conflict of interests among the Company's Controlling Shareholders, and to ensure that the Controlling Shareholders involving such conflicting interests would take appropriate precautions and abstain from making decisions in connection with such issues. The conflicts committee consists of four independent non-executive Directors and one independent external expert, Mr. Yip Yam Kuen.

During the year 2021, one meeting of the conflicts committee were held to, amongst others, review the deed of non-competition undertakings in respect of the Controlling Shareholders entered into on 24 December 2012 to ensure ongoing compliance with the same by the Controlling Shareholders. The attendance records of individual committee members are as follows:

出席/
舉行會議次數
Number of
Meetings
Attended/Held

陳振彬博士	Dr. Chan Chung Bun, Bunny	1/1
黃定幹先生	Mr. Wong Ting Kon	1/1
彭婉珊女士	Ms. Pang Yuen Shan, Christina	1/1
張灼祥先生	Mr. Chang Cheuk Cheung, Terence	1/1
葉蔭權先生	Mr. Yip Yam Kuen	1/1

核數師酬金

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度就羅 兵咸永道會計師事務所所提供審核服務支付 之費用如下: The fees in respect of audit services provided by PricewaterhouseCoopers for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out as follows:

		已付/應付費用 Fee paid/ payable (千港元) (HK\$'000)
本集團審核服務	Audit services for the Group	1,500

公司秘書

公司秘書余嘉庚先生主要負責本集團之公司 秘書工作。余嘉庚先生亦為本公司之財務總監。 本公司確認,余嘉庚先生於二零二一年度參與 不少於15小時之相關專業培訓。

風險管理及內部監控

董事會負責確保本集團設立及維持合適有效的風險管理及內部監控制度,以保障本公司股東利益及資產不會於未經授權情況下遭運用或處置、確保保存適當賬冊及記錄以提供可靠財務資料,以及確保符合相關規則及規例。對實力,以及確保符合相關規則及規例。對於實力,並檢討其成效。已設立制度,並檢討其成效。已設立制度,僅可能理而非消除無法達成業務目標的風險,僅可或損失。

本集團已採納完整審查方式,由下而上進行風險管理,包括識別、評估、分析及處理風險。涵蓋本集團的功能性範圍處理風險輸入數據,有關處理方式乃經評估及一直維持。風險管理制度及內部監控制度屬持久、積極及有系統的程序。

執行內部監控職能時,會透過進行內部審核工作檢討風險管理及內部監控制度的成效。為解決重大內部監控缺陷,將就審計得出的監控弱點主要觀測提供建議。

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Yu Ka Gung, being our company secretary, is primarily responsible for the company secretarial work of the Group. Mr. Yu Ka Gung is also the Company's chief financial officer. The Company confirms that Mr. Yu Ka Gung, for the year of 2021, attended no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board is responsible for ensuring that the Group establishes and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems in order to safeguard the interests of the shareholders and the assets of the Company against unauthorised use or disposition, ensuring maintenance of proper books and records for the provision of reliable financial information, and ensuring compliance with the relevant rules and regulations. The Board is also responsible for overseeing the Group's risk management and internal control systems on an ongoing basis, and for reviewing its effectiveness. The established systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Group adopts a complete process style of risk management in a functional bottom up manner, including risk identification, assessment, evaluation and treatment. The functional areas across the Group provide input of risks with treatments, which are appraised and maintained. The risk management system, as well as the internal control system, are continuous, proactive and systematic processes.

With the implementation of internal audit function, the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems is reviewed by conducting internal audit assignments. Recommendations for major observations of control weaknesses from the audits will be provided, so as to resolve material internal control defects.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,由董事會委派之審核委員會已透過獲委任作出內部審核職能的執業會計行檢討管理層所執行之本集團風險管理及內部監控制度之成效,當中涵蓋所有重大監控,包括本公司及其附屬公司之財務、經營及合規情況監控。審核委員會認為本集團之風險管理及內部監控制度屬充足有效。

The Audit Committee, which was delegated by the Board, has conducted a review, via an appointed Certified Public Accountant firm to perform internal audit function, on the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control system put in place by management covering all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2021. The Audit Committee considered that the risk management and internal control system of the Group are effective and adequate.

股東權利

本公司股東召開本公司股東特別大會(「股東特別大會」)之程序,按組織章程細則編製如下:

- (1) 兩名或多名股東如於遞交要求當日持有 附帶權利在本公司股東大會表決之本公 司繳入股本不少於十分一,即有權發出 書面通知要求本公司董事召開股東特別 大會以處理該要求中提述之任何事項。
- (2) 該等要求須以書面形式送交董事會或本公司之公司秘書,聯絡方式如下:

本公司之香港主要辦事處

地址: 香港

九龍新蒲崗太子道東698號

寶光商業中心5樓501室

電郵: info@speedy-global.com

(3) 倘於遞交要求後21天內,董事會仍未正式落實將於往後21天內召開有關會議,則要求者或彼等當中佔全體表決權超過一半的任何人士本身可盡可能按與董事會召開會議的相同方式召開會議,本公司須向彼等償付因董事會未能召開會議而產生之一切合理開支。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The following procedures for shareholders of the Company to convene an extraordinary general meeting ("EGM") of the Company are prepared in accordance with the Articles of Association as follows:

- (1) Two or more shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one tenth of the paid up capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company, shall have the right, by written notice, to require an EGM to be called by the Directors of the Company for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition.
- (2) Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the company secretary of the Company at the following:

Principal office of the Company in Hong Kong

Address: Unit 501, 5/F, Stelux House

698 Prince Edward Road East, San Po Kong, Kowloon

Hong Kong

Email: info@speedy-global.com

(3) If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board does not proceed duly to convene the meeting to be held within a further 21 days, the requisitionists themselves or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them may do so in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings may be convened by the Board, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

企業管治報告 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

股東可向本公司查詢有關董事會之事宜,聯絡 方式如下: For matters in relation to the Board, the shareholders can contact the Company at the following:

地址: 香港

九龍新蒲崗太子道東698號 寶光商業中心5樓501室

電郵: info@speedy-global.com

電話: (852) 3583 1111 傳真: (852) 3583 1118

如欲於本公司股東大會提呈議案,股東須將其 書面議案(「議案」)連同詳細聯絡資料送呈本 公司之香港主要營業地點。

有關要求須經本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處核實,待其確認有關要求屬適當及符合程序後,即要求董事會將議案納入股東大會議程內。

供全體股東考慮相關股東向股東大會所提呈議案之通知期,視乎議案性質而定,詳情如下:

- (1) 須以本公司普通決議案形式批准之議案, 最少給予14天書面通知期。
- (2) 須於本公司股東特別大會以本公司特別 決議案或於本公司股東周年大會以本公 司普通決議案形式批准之議案,最少給 予21天書面通知期。

Address: Unit 501, 5/F, Stelux House

698 Prince Edward Road East, San Po Kong, Kowloon,

Hong Kong

Email: info@speedy-global.com

Tel: (852) 3583 1111 Fax: (852) 3583 1118

To put forward proposals at a general meeting of the Company, a shareholder should lodge a written notice of his or her proposal ("Proposal") with his or her detailed contact information at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong.

The request will be verified with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong and upon their confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the Board will be asked to include the Proposal in the agenda for the general meeting.

The notice period to be given to all the shareholders for consideration of the Proposal raised by the shareholder concerned at the general meeting varies according to the nature of the Proposal as follows:

- (1) At least 14 days' notice in writing if the Proposal requires approval by way of ordinary resolution of the Company.
- (2) At least 21 days' notice in writing if the Proposal requires approval by way of a special resolution of the Company in an EGM of the Company or an ordinary resolution of the Company in an annual general meeting of the Company.

企業管治報告 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

投資者關係及溝通

董事會深明與全體股東維持良好溝通之重要性。本公司相信維持高透明度乃增進投資者關係之關鍵。本公司貫徹公開及適時向其股東及公眾投資者披露公司資訊之政策。

本公司透過年報及公開公佈等公司刊物,向股東提供有關業務發展及財務資料之最新資訊。本公司於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度所進行活動之詳細資料已載入本年報。除舉行股東周年大會為董事會提供與其股東直接溝通之寶貴平台外,本公司亦設有網站(www.speedy-global.com)作為與公眾及其股東溝通之另一渠道。公眾可透過本公司網站瀏覽所有公司通訊及本公司最新狀況。

於二零二一年,本公司之組織章程文件並無重大變動。

香港,二零二二年三月三十一日

INVESTOR RELATIONS AND COMMUNICATION

The Board recognises the importance of good communications with all shareholders. The Company believes that maintaining a high level of transparency is a key to enhance investor relations. The Company is committed to a policy of open and timely disclosure of corporate information to its shareholders and public investors.

The Company updates its shareholders on its latest business developments and financial performance through its corporate publications including annual reports and public announcements. Extensive information about the Company's activities for the year ended 31 December 2021 has been provided in this annual report. While the AGM provides a valuable forum that facilitates direct communications between the Board and its shareholders, the Company also maintains its website www.speedy-global.com to provide an alternative communication channel for the public and its shareholders. All corporate communication and Company's latest updates are available on the Company's website for public's information.

During the year 2021, there has been no significant change in the Company's constitutional documents.

Hong Kong, 31 March 2022

1. 關於迅捷環球

本集團於二零二一年主要從事服裝供應 鏈服務業務。本集團專注產品設計及開 發、確認時裝潮流及打樣、採購原材料、 生產訂單及商品採購管理、品質監控、包 裝、存貨管理及物流管理。作為供應鏈服 務領先供應商,本集團為全球知名品牌 擁有人或代理採購及提供優質產品,如 梭織衣服、剪裁針織及毛衣針織品。

本集團委任沛然環保顧問有限公司(股份代號:8320)為獨立顧問,以編製本報告及就本集團的可持續發展進行重要性評估。

2. 關於本報告

2.1. 緒言

此乃本集團刊發的第六份環境、社會及管治報告。憑藉「編織著增值服裝供應鏈」的願景,本集團希冀在本報告中分享其於服裝市場保持競爭力、維持緊密團隊和社區及邁向可持續發展方面所作的努力。

2.2. 報告準則

本報告乃根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則 (「上市規則」)附錄27《環境、社會及管治報告指引》編製。於編製本報告時,本集團嚴格遵守重要性、量化、平衡和一致性原則,以披露有關環境、社會及管治措施及表現。

本集團之企業管治乃根據聯交所上市規則附錄14《企業管治守則》所載之所有適用守則條文而編製。有關本集團企業管治的資料單獨於本年報「企業管治報告」一節載述。

1. ABOUT SPEEDY GLOBAL

The Group is primarily engaged in the apparel supply chain servicing business in the year of 2021. The Group specialises on product design and development, fashion trend ascertaining and sampling, raw material sourcing, production order and merchandise sourcing management, quality control, packaging, inventory management and logistics management. As a leading supply chain service provider, the Group sources and delivers high quality products, such as woven wear, cut-and-sewn knitwear and sweater knitwear, to a number of owners or agents of global reputable brands across continents.

The Group appointed Allied Sustainability and Environmental Consultants Group Limited (stock code: 8320) as an independent consultant to prepare the Report and to conduct materiality assessment on the Group's sustainable development.

2. ABOUT THE REPORT

2.1. Introduction

This is the sixth ESG Report published by the Group. With a vision of "Weaving a Value-added Garment Supply Chain", the Group would like to share its efforts in retaining competitiveness in the garment market, preserving a close-knit team and community and moving toward sustainability in this Report.

2.2. Reporting Standards

The Report was prepared in accordance with the ESG Reporting Guide set out in the Appendix 27 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). In preparation of the Report, the Group strictly adhered to the principles of Materiality, Quantitative, Balance and Consistency to disclose the ESG-related measures and performances.

The corporate governance of the Group was prepared in accordance with all applicable code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code under Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules of the Stock Exchange. Information regarding the Group's corporate governance was set out separately in the "Corporate Governance Report" in this annual report.

2.3. 報告範圍

本報告概述本集團於二零二一財政 年度間(即二零二一年一月一日至 二零二一年十二月三十一日)(「報 告期間」)的環境、社會及管治表 現。

本報告覆蓋服裝供應鏈服務的營 運。報告範圍包括本集團的以下主 要業務單位:

- 迅捷環球製衣(香港)有限公司;
- 駿達實業(製衣)有限公司;
- 東莞迅捷環球製衣有限公司;
- 高業製衣(惠州)有限公司;
- 嘉駿實業(香港)有限公司;
- 領信企業有限公司;及
- Agile Sweater (Cambodia)
 Company Limited

本集團將部分製造流程外判予獨立 承包商;因此,相關披露並未載入 本報告。

本集團的服裝零售及物業投資業務亦未載入本報告,原因為局樣報告,原因為同樣地報告不包括本集團的其餘附屬本報告不包括本集團的其餘附屬本報告不包括本集團的為該等公司的營運並該等公司場及社會方面的影響因為經過一個影響。 國一產生的任何環境、社會及管治相關影響。

2.3. Reporting Scope

The Report summarised the ESG performances of the Group during the 2021 financial year from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021 (the "Reporting Period").

The Report covered the operations of the apparel supply chain services. The reporting scope included the following major business units of the Group:

- Speedy Garment Manufacturing (Hong Kong) Company Limited;
- Jointex Garment Manufactory Limited;
- Dongguan Speedy Garment Manufacturing Company Limited:
- Koyip Garment (Huizhou) Manufactory Limited;
- Pageant Enterprise (Hong Kong) Limited;
- Well Faith Enterprise Limited; and
- Agile Sweater (Cambodia) Company Limited

Part of the Group's manufacturing process was outsourced to independent contractors; therefore, the relevant disclosure was excluded from the Report.

The Group's businesses in apparel retail and property investment were also excluded from the Report as no transaction was recorded during the Reporting Period. Likewise, the Report excluded the Group's remaining subsidiaries because of the insignificant level of impact of their operations on the Group's environmental and social aspects. However, the Group shall consider any ESG-related impacts due to any major future change in the business scope of these subsidiaries.

2.4 董事會環境、社會及管治治理 聲明

2.5. 持份者參與及重要性評估

本集團認為持份者的觀點可為其長期業務發展提供指引。就此方面, 本集團致力於通過建立有效溝通渠 道及收集反饋,鼓勵持份者積極參 與。

2.4. Board of Director's Statement on ESG Governance

The Board believes that sustainable development is the key to successful development of companies in the long term. The Group is committed to incorporating environmental, social and governance considerations into its business operations, and pledges to improve the sustainability performances through resources optimisation in the operation. As the highest governance body, the Board is responsible for the overall direction and decision making related to ESG governance, and assigned top management to coordinate the implementation of ESG initiatives and reporting. In accordance with the material ESG-related topics identified through stakeholder engagement surveys, the Group's ESG performance, progress, opportunities and risks are regularly reviewed and discussed by the Board.

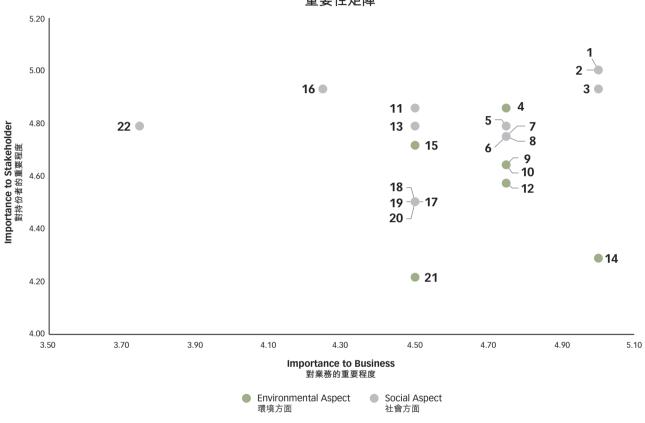
2.5. Stakeholder Engagement and Materiality Assessment

The Group believes that the perspective of stakeholders could provide guidance on its long-term business development. In this connection, the Group is dedicating to promoting active stakeholder engagement via establishing effective communication channels and collecting their feedback.

在外部顧問的協助下,本年度與內部及外部持份者開展定量匿名網上問卷調查。本集團全面分析網上調查的結果並形成排名及重要性矩陣。

With the assistance of the external consultant, this year a quantitative online survey was conducted anonymously with internal and external stakeholders. The Group comprehensively analysed the results of the online survey and formed a ranking and a matrix of materiality.

Materiality Matrix 重要性矩陣



重要性	議題	指標
Materiality	Торіс	Indicator
最重要	保障知識產權	1
Most Material	Protecting intellectual property rights 反貪污	2
	Anti-corruption	2
	防止童工及強制勞工	3
	Prevention of child labour and forced labour	
	污水管理	4
	Waste water management	
	安全與健康的工作環境	5
	A safe and healthy working environment 產品責任	,
	産品貝讧 Product responsibility	6
	保護客戶私隱	7
	Protecting customer privacy	•
	產品安全及質量管理	8
	Product safety and quality management	
重要	廢棄物管理	9
Material	Waste management	
	資源及材料管理	10
	Resources and material management 多元化、平等機會及消除歧視	11
	Diversity, equal opportunity and eliminating discrimination	11
	用水管理	12
	Water management	
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	13
	Employment management system	
	溫室氣體及廢氣排放管理	14
	Greenhouse gas and air emissions management	
	能源管理	15
	Energy management 培訓及發展	16
	中間反致成 Training and development	10
	管理營運對環境及天然資源造成的影響	17
	Managing the impact of operations on the environment and natural resources	
	供應鏈管理	18
	Supply chain management	
	公平及負責任營銷	19
	Fair and responsible marketing	00
	關懷社區	20
	Caring for the community 應對氣候變化	21
	Responding to climate change	۷.1
	勞資關係	22
	Employer-employee relations	

通過進行重要性評估,本集團能夠深入了解持份者的觀點及見解。董事會應根據本集團的環境、社會医治方針及措施考慮已識別的重要議題。本集團將繼續審閱重要議題,並以透明的方式報告其環境、社會及管治表現。

By carrying out a materiality assessment, the Group was able to grasp a profound understanding of stakeholders' perspectives and insights. The Board shall take the identified material issues into consideration in terms of the Group's ESG approaches and measures. The Group would continue to review the material issues and report on its ESG performances in a transparent manner.

2.6. 聯絡資料

如對本報告有任何反饋或建議,請 按下文所載聯絡方式聯絡本集團:

香港 新蒲崗

太子道東698號

寶光商業中心5樓501室 電話: (852) 3583 1111

傳真: (852) 3583 1118

3. 服裝市場競爭力

3.1. 產品開發

本集團的核心目標之一是以先進服務及優質產品在服裝服飾行業打造 其品牌。因此,本集團一直致力於 在提供優質產品及服務方面維持其 標準,並以客戶的喜好量身定製。

作為服裝服飾行業的領先供應商之一,本集團不斷尋求改善本集團所有產品的設計及質素。此外,本集團定期根據市場需求及趨勢審閱並調整成本、生產、質素、技術及設計,以滿足其細分市場。

2.6. Contact Information

For any comments or recommendations on the Report, please contact the Group through the contacts details set out below:

Unit 501, 5/F, Stelux House, 698 Prince Edward Road East, San Po Kong, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 3583 1111 Fax: (852) 3583 1118

3. GARMENT MARKET COMPETITIVENESS

3.1. Product Development

One of the core objectives of the Group was to build its brand with advanced service and quality products in the garment apparel industry. Accordingly, the Group has been dedicated to upholding its standards in light of delivering premium products and services to tailor customers' preferences.

As one of the leading providers in the garment apparel industry, the Group constantly sought improvements on the design and quality of all of the Group's products. In addition, the Group regularly reviewed and adjusted the cost, production, quality, technology and design in accordance with market demands and trends in order to satisfy its niche market.

為提供創新及定製設計,本集團已設立置有陳列室的研發中心(「中心」)。一方面,中心確保所有產品及設計符合客戶要求及期望。另一方面,通過提供量身定製的設計,中心不斷推動產品及服務的改進及創新。建立中心後,本集團能夠利用對市場趨勢的廣泛了解創造先進的產品。

To provide innovative and customised designs, the Group has set up the Research and Development Centres (the "Centres") with showrooms. On one hand, the Centres ensured that all products and designs met customers' requirements and expectations. On the other hand, the Centres constantly drove improvements and innovation in products and services by providing tailored designs. With the establishment of the Centres, the Group was able to leverage its extensive knowledge of market trends to create advanced products.

產品設計 及開發 Product Design and Development 打樣板以供客戶審批 Prototypes created for customers' approval

收到客戶的設計訂單 Orders with designs received from customers



原材料採購 Raw Material Sourcing 就布料類別向客戶提供建議 Suggestions to customers on types of fabric

甄選並引薦優質原材料供應商 Select and recommend quality raw material suppliers



產品管理 Production Management 持有及管理多樣化的第三方供應商清單及 根據不同銷售訂單要求分配生產 Retain and manage a diversified list of third-party manufac

Retain and manage a diversified list of third-party manufacturers and allocate production according to requirements of different sales orders



分銷 Distribution 倉儲、存貨控制及向指定倉庫及零售店交付產品 Warehousing, inventory control and delivery of products to designated warehouses and retail outlets

3.2. 供應鏈管理

本集團認為供應商及承包商是確保產品質素及交付的關鍵部分。因此,本集團的運營模式及政策側重於加強對供應商/承包商質素的管理。 為令供應鏈多元化,本集團預期將 通過於東南亞(包括柬埔寨)委聘 供應商擴大供應商地理覆蓋範圍。

在運營模式下,本集團嚴格實施對 其供應商/承包商的監督,並對他 們進行評估,以便根據供應鏈識別 環境及社會風險。通過此方式,本 集團將淘汰所有未通過或未進行評 估的供應商/承包商。

本集團已建立監督系統以管理採購 慣例。例如,該系統跟蹤原材料採 購價格以供本集團進行長期評估。 本集團亦定期檢討系統記錄,以 別價格及供應方面的任何異常 動。此外,所有採購程序都已標準 化,以確保供應商遵守所有相關法 律法規。

按地理位置劃分的供應商分類載列 如下:

3.2. Supply Chain Management

The Group recognised the suppliers and contractors as a crucial part of ensuring product quality and delivery. Thus, the Group's operational model and policy focused on enhancing the management of suppliers/contractors' quality. To diversify the supply chain, the Group anticipated to expand the geographic spread of suppliers through engaging suppliers located in Southeast Asia, including Cambodia.

Under the operational model, the Group forced implementations to oversee its suppliers/contractors and conducted assessment on them in order to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain. By this means, the Group shall exclude all suppliers/contractors that did not pass or undergo the assessment.

The Group has set up a monitoring system to manage the procurement practices. For instance, the system kept track of the purchasing price of raw materials for the Group's long-term evaluation. The Group also reviewed the system records periodically to identify any abnormal fluctuation in terms of prices and supplies. Besides, all the procurement procedures were standardised to ensure that suppliers were in compliance with all relevant laws and regulations.

The breakdown of suppliers by geographic location were listed as below:

按地理位置劃分	Breakdown by Geographic Location	供應商數目 Number of suppliers
柬埔寨	Cambodia	17
香港	Hong Kong	41
澳門	Macau	1
中國	PRC	441
總計	Total	500

3.3. 產品質素及安全

為進一步提升競爭力,本集團高度 重視質量保證及產品責任政策。因此,本集團邀請國家紡織業品服裝 服飾產品質量監督檢驗中心對布料 及成衣進行品質檢測。

在整個價值鏈中,從產品設計到交付,本集團全面遵守所有標準要求及相關法律法規。由於本集團致力維護產品及服務質素,故於報告期間並無重大投訴或產品召回。然而,若日後出現任何投訴,本集團將及時專業地解決問題並制定措施,以防止類似情況再次發生。

產品質素

於柬埔寨工廠,本集團視質素管控為首要工作之一。就此而言,品質保證(「品質保證」)部門對來料進行多次抽樣檢測以確保其耐用性及顏色滿足客戶偏好。工作崗位張貼明晰的操作指引及嚴格的標準供僱員遵守。質檢部門亦會進行質檢,於產品包裝前在各生產環節對產品進行測試。

3.3. Product Quality and Safety

To further enhance competitiveness, the Group has placed a high emphasis on the policies of quality assurance and product responsibility. In this instance, the Group invited the National Product Quality Supervision and Inspection Centre for Apparel and Garment Products of Textile Industry to conduct checks on the quality of fabrics and garments.

In recognition of the Group's ongoing effort, the Business Social Compliance Initiative, a recognised initiative aiming at improving social performance in the increasingly complex global supply chains, awarded the Group with the quality management certification. This certification demonstrated the Group's dedication to deliver quality products and build customers' satisfaction. In pursuance of additional global accreditation, the Group is committed to further providing tailored and high-quality products and services for customers.

Throughout the value chain, starting from product design to delivery, the Group has fully complied with all standard requirements and relevant laws and regulations. As a result of the Group's effort in upholding product and service quality, there was no material complaint or product recall over the Reporting Period. However, in case of any future complaint, the Group shall respond in a timely and professional manner to address the issues and develop measures to prevent recurrence of similar situations.

Product Quality

In the Cambodia factory, the Group recognised quality control as one of its key priorities. In this regard, the Quality Assurance ("QA") department took samples of incoming materials through various tests to ensure the durability and pigmentation fulfilled customers' preference. Clear operation guidelines and stringent standards were posted in the work stations for employees to follow. The Inspection department also performed quality checks at different production stages to test the products prior to packaging.

產品安全

交付安全產品是工廠在採購、製造至包裝流程中的另一項重要工作。本集團制定嚴格的布料及產品檢查程序及標準。例如,本集團要求每件成品在裝運前須通過金屬探測器探測以免毛衣上黏著縫紉針。

知識產權及資料保護

維護具有責任心且符合道德規範的 商業形象亦有助於提高競爭力:因 此,本集團已制定政策以保護所有 消費者、供應商及承包商的知識產 權及保密資料。

在供應商的知識產權及保密性方面,本集團通過限制在任何未經團通過限制在任何未經標商。此外,本集團對資料收集應實理擁有完善的記錄系統及損壞應對程序。如本集團內部規則所概述,程序。如本集團內部規則所概述,,全體員工必須遵守該系統。此權權別員工通過電子設備或相關系統獲取任何一方的保密資料。

4. 企業社會責任

4.1. 有凝聚力的團隊

忠誠敬業的員工支持日常運營並推動長期發展,是本集團業務成功的基石。因此,本集團致力於為員工創造一個具包容性的工作環境,以全身心投入工作並與本集團實現共同持續成長。為營造此工作環境,本集團努力以尊重及公平的方式管理其人力資源。

Product Safety

Delivering safe products was another priority in the factory from souring, manufacturing to packaging. The Group established rigorous procedures and standards to inspect the fabric materials and products. For instance, the Group required every finished product to pass through metal detector before shipping to prevent the attachment of needle on the sweaters.

Intellectual Property and Data Protection

Upholding a responsible and ethical business image also helped to enhance competitiveness; therefore, the Group has stipulated policies to protect intellectual property rights and the private data of all consumers, suppliers and contractors

In respect of suppliers' intellectual property rights and confidentiality, the Group safeguarded them by restricting the use of their trademarks in any unauthorised events. In addition, the Group has a well-established recording system and deterioration procedures for the data collection and handling. As outline in the Group's internal rules, all employees were required to adhere to the system. Besides, the Information Technology Department strictly prohibited unauthorised employees to access any party's private data through electronic devices or relevant systems.

4. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

4.1. Cohesive Team

Devoted employees were the cornerstones of the Group's business success as they supported daily operation and drove long-term development. Therefore, the Group is devoted to creating an inclusive workplace for employees to dedicate themselves and achieve continuous growth with and within the Group. To build such working environment, the Group strived to manage its human resources in a respectful and fair manner.

僱傭及勞工準則

本集團採用非歧視及公開招聘方式,並根據技能及資格選擇合適的人才。在招聘過程中,候選人須斯內 供資格證明、身份證明文件及工作 許可證,以消除僱用童工及制勞工的 風險。倘發現任何強制勞工工 童工,本集團將會立即干預違規行 為,並根據社會責任國際組織制定 的SA8000標準提供合理補償。

本集團高度重視與員工之間的僱傭關係和嚴禁任何無理解僱,並根據香港的《僱傭條例》於僱傭合約中訂明終止合約的通知期,同時與員工保持適當的溝通。

為維護團結和諧的工作文化,本集 團已根據當地法律制定反反歧會。 該政策保障員工的平等機會, 禁止在工作場所有關性別、種族、 年齡、宗教及殘疾的各種歧視。 有加強員工關係及歸屬感,本。 可加織員工活動及節慶活動。 保護員工的健康,本集團在疫情 發報告期間未曾開展員工活動。

為吸引及挽留人才,本集團提供具競爭力的薪酬待遇、額外帶薪休假、合理的工作時間及休息時間。此外,本集團亦為優秀員工提供獎勵及花紅,以讚揚及鼓勵他們持續努力工作。於報告期間,本集團已遵守有關僱傭及勞工慣例的所有相關法律法規。

Employment and Labour Standards

The Group adopted a non-discrimination and open recruitment approach, and selected suitable talents based on their skills and qualifications. During the recruitment process, candidates were required to provide proof of qualification, identification verification documents and working permits to eliminate the risks of hiring child and forced labour. If any forced or child labour was discovered, the Group would immediately intervene the violation and offer reasonable compensation based on the SA8000 standard developed by Social Accountability International.

The Group highly concerns the employment relationship with our employees and strictly prohibits unreasonable dismissal of staff. The period of notice of termination is clearly stated in the employment contract in accordance with the Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong, while there is appropriate communication with employees.

In effort to uphold a cohesive and harmonious working culture, the Group has established an anti-discrimination policy in accordance with the local laws. The policy safeguarded employees' equal opportunities and prohibited all kinds of discrimination regarding gender, race, age, religion and disability in the workplace. To enhance employees' relationships and sense of belonging, the Group also organised staff activities and festive celebrations. In the purpose of protecting employees' health, the Group did not organise any staff activities amid the pandemic outbreak in the Reporting Period.

To attract and retain talents, the Group offered competitive remuneration packages, additional paid leaves, reasonable working hours and rest periods. On top of that, the Group also provided rewards and bonus to outstanding employees as an incentive to praise and encourage their continuous hard work. In the Reporting Period, the Group complied with all relevant laws and regulations on employment and labour practices.

截至報告期末,本集團共有1,048名 僱員。按不同類別劃分的僱員分類 如下: As of the end of the Reporting Period, the Group had a total of 1,048 employees. The employment breakdown by different categories is listed as below:

		僱員人數
		Number of
		Employees
總僱員人數	Total Number of Employees	1,048
按性別	By Gender	
男	Male	339
女	Female	709
按僱員類別	By Employee Category	
管理層	Management	25
高級	Senior	37
初級	Junior	986
按年齡組	By Age Group	
低於31隨	<31	413
31至40歲	31-40	469
41至50嵗	41-50	118
50嵗以上	>50	48
按地理位置	By Geographical Location	
中國	PRC	160
香港	Hong Kong	32
柬埔寨	Cambodia	856
小	Cambodia	000

		流失率
		Turnover Rate
整體	Overall	24%
按性別劃分	By Gender	
男性	Male	27%
女性	Female	23%
按年齡組別劃分	By Age Group	
<31歳	<31	21%
31-40歲	31-40	22%
41-50歲	41-50	38%
>50歲	>50	46%
按地理位置劃分	By Geographical Location	
中國	PRC	76%
香港	Hong Kong	53%
柬埔寨	Cambodia	14%

安全、健康的工作場所

本集團致力透過風險識別及預防為 僱員提供安全、健康的工作環境。 因此,本集團進行風險評估以識別 潛在的工業風險,作為開始,本集團進行 到別場安全審核,以此一步 ,以進一步的團 進行現場安全審核,以進一步的團 ,制定改進計劃。另外,本集 至工作場所為僱員提供必要的 、以減少工業事故的風險及影響。

柬埔寨工廠實施多項措施以監督及保持現場安全。設立安全委員會會管在不斷審核及更新柬埔寨工廠的及票,定相關常規。除張貼安全警示及操作指引外,定期開展消防培發上,定期開展消防培發集工。 急情況時反應及逃生能力。本集團亦設立現場醫療設施,隨時為員工提供醫療支持。

Safe and Healthy Workplace

The Group endeavoured to provide a safe and healthy workplace for employees through risk identification and prevention. Therefore, the Group conducted risk assessment to identify the underlying industrial risks as a way to initiate safety preventive measures. Moreover, the Group carried out safety audits on site to further analyse the relevant measures, review the efficiency of the implemented safety measures and develop improvement plans. On top of that, the Group provided the employees with necessary safety equipment in the workshops to reduce the risk and impact of industrial accidents.

The Cambodia factory implemented a number of measures to oversee and maintain on-site safety. A Safety Committee was established to constantly review and update safety-related practices in the Cambodia factory. In addition to posting safety warnings and operational guidelines, fire safety training and urgent evacuation were conducted regularly to enhance staff's capacity to react and escape in case of emergency. The Group also set up on-site medical facilities to provide medical support for staff at all time.

有賴本集團健全的安全措施,本集團已遵循有關職業健康與安全方面的所有適用法律法規且於過往三年包括報告期間概無發生因工作關係而死亡的事故。於報告期間本公司實現零工傷及工作流失日零天。

培訓與發展

本集團認為強大的工作團隊是維持業務運營效率的關鍵,並努力支援僱員的能力發展。我們為工廠員工提供入職培訓,作為傳達本集團期望及提升他們履職能力的方式。於報告期間,9名初級新僱員在東第聚工廠(3名女性及6名男性)參與四小時的培訓計劃,涵蓋生產技術及安全標準等主題。

反貪污

於報告期間,本集團並未發現任何重大違反當地有關反貪污法律法規的行為。

As a result of the sound safety measures, the Group complied with all applicable laws and regulations in regard to occupational health and safety with no report of work-related fatality in the past three years including the Reporting Period. The Group had achieved zero work-related injury cases and zero lost working days during the Reporting Period.

Training and Development

The Group recognised a strong workforce as the key to maintain efficiency of its business operation, and strived to support employees' capacity building. Induction trainings were provided to factory staff as a way to convey the Group's expectations and enhance their capability to conduct duty. During the Reporting Period, 9 junior new employees (3 female and 6 male) participated in a 4-hours training programme in Cambodia factory, covering topics such as production techniques and safety standards.

Anti-corruption

To uphold an ethical and transparent business principle, the Group has established internal policies and corresponding standards to guide employees on preventing corruption behaviours, including bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. The Group has set up whistleblowing policy and channels for employees to report on any suspected misconduct. The senior management was responsible for investigating the cases and taking further follow-up actions. During the Reporting Period, all the board members and other staff participated in an one-hour anti-corruption training to become familiar with the latest anti-corruption laws and standards.

During the Reporting Period, the Group has not encountered any material non-compliance with local laws and regulations relating to anti-corruption.

4.2. 社區參與

5. 環保意識

5.1. 氣候變化

氣候變化給所有行業及地區均帶來 實質及過渡風險。本集團認識到減 輕及適應氣候變化對其業務持續發 展的重要性。因此,本集團已識別 可能影響其業務的潛在實質及過渡 風險。

本集團之營運位於香港、中國及柬埔寨。由於極端天氣(包括颱風及暴雨),預計氣候變化更加頻發,本集團早已制定應急計劃以應付該等威脅。

就氣候過渡風險而言,人們認為未來將收緊環境相關政策及規例(如碳排放要求)。本集團為對任何監管變更作好準備,已制定超過基本合規要求的內部標準。

4.2. Communities Engagement

As a responsible corporate citizen, the Group is committed to bringing positive impacts in the community in which it operates. As a way to contribute back to the local community, the Group has donated approximately HK\$521,000 to various organisations such as, World Vision, Giordano World Without Strangers Charitable Fund Ltd, Yan Chai Hospital, Hong Kong Shine Tak Foundation Association Limited and Yaumati Kai Fong Welfare Advancement Association Ltd during the Reporting Period. The Group also encouraged employees to participate in volunteering activities and has formed a volunteering service team.

5. ENVIRONMENTAL CONSCIOUSNESS

5.1. Climate Change

Climate change poses both physical and transition risks to all sectors and geographical regions. The Group recognises the importance of climate change mitigation and adaptation to its business continuity. At such, the Group has identified potential physical and transitional risks that may affect its business.

The operations of the Group are located in Hong Kong, PRC and Cambodia. With extreme weather, including typhoons and heavy rain, to be expected more frequent with climate change, the Group has already formulated emergency plans to cope with these threats.

For the climate transition risks, it is believed that the environmental-related policies and regulations such as carbon emission requirements will be tightened in the future. The Group has formulated internal standard that exceeds basic compliance in order to prepare for any regulatory changes.

5.2. 環保管理

本集團專注於生產管理,一直密切關注環保在其營運中的意義及重要性。因此,本集團致力於透過一系列環境控制措施,為其日常業務活動帶來可持續價值。

本集團已根據國際標準化組織的 ISO 14001環境管理體系標準制定 一套環境管理政策。除採用國際標 準外,內部政策亦遵循環球服裝生 產社會責任組織的12項原則。根據 該政策,本集團避免任何違反當地 相關環境法律法規的行為。

作為外發產品製造的全球供應商, 本集團意識到其有責任確保供應商, 及承包商的環境管理。因此,本集 團制定環境手冊以監督彼等的影響 及合規情況。根據該手冊,本集響 要求彼等充分實施環境管理,並遵 守其營運所在地點的所有相關環境 法律法規。

於報告期間,本集團已遵守有關環保、排放、資源消耗及廢棄物管理 方面的所有適用法律法規。

5.2. Environmental Management

With a focus on production management, the Group always paid close attention to the implications and importance of environmental protection in its operations. Thus, the Group strived to bring in sustainable values into its daily business activities through a series of environmental control measures.

The Group established a set of environmental management policies in accordance with the Environmental Management System Standards, ISO 14001, of the International Organisation for Standardisation. In addition to adopting the international standards, the internal policy also followed the 12 principles of the World Wide Responsible Apparel Production. Under such policy, the Group prevented any non-compliance on the local relevant environmental laws and regulations.

As a global provider outsourcing the manufacturing of products, the Group realised its responsibility in ensuring the environmental stewardship of its suppliers and contractors. Thus, the Group stipulated an environmental manual to oversee their impacts and compliance. Under the manual, the Group required them to implement environmental management thoroughly and comply with all relevant environmental laws and regulations in where it operates.

In the Reporting Period, the Group has complied with all applicable laws and regulations in relation to environmental protection, emissions, resource consumption and waste management.

5.3. 能源使用及排放

除管理承包商的表現外,本集團亦 重視減少其對環境的影響。就此, 本集團已採取措施,定期監控並逐 步減少能源消耗及排放。

能源消耗

本集團在辦公室、廠房、陳列室、 食堂、宿舍及受其營運控制的其他 公共區域消耗電力,車輛運輸消耗 汽油燃料及加熱水消耗木材燃料。 為了節約能源,本集團要求僱員於 不使用時關閉場所內的所有照明、 電氣設施及設備。此外,工廠樓宇 內張貼環保操作指引供員工遵守。

為支持節能,東莞物業大部分現有 照明裝置已被節電設備撤換。同時, 柬埔寨工廠融合了被動式建築設計,引入更多自然光來減少電力消 耗。我們每年亦開展環保審計以評 估安裝節能設備的可行性。

5.3. Energy Use and Emissions

On top of managing the performance of the contractors, the Group also placed an emphasis on reducing its environmental footprint. In this regard, the Group implemented measures to periodically monitor and progressively reduce both energy consumption and emissions.

Energy Consumption

The Group consumed electricity at offices, factory buildings, showrooms, canteen, dormitory and other common areas under its operational control; petrol fuel for vehicular transportation; and wood fuel for generating hot water. To conserve energy, the Group required employees to turn off all lighting, electrical appliances and equipment in the premises when not in use. In addition, environmentally friendly operating guidelines are posted in the factory buildings for staff to follow.

In support of energy conservation, most of the existing lighting fixtures have been replaced by electricity-saving devices in the Dongguan premise. Meanwhile, the Cambodia factory integrates passive building designs to bring in more natural lighting for electricity reduction. Environmental audit is also conducted annually to evaluate the feasibility of installing energy-efficient appliances.

本集團亦已設立監測系統以評估及 規管能源消耗。該系統亦收集相關 能源使用數據,以倡導未來減排計 劃及觀察任何異常趨勢。工廠內裝 有電錶,以監測用電及進行風險評 估。來年,本集團力求維持或降低 能源強度,使其低於本年度水平。

為支持可再生能源發展,柬埔寨工廠參與由當地發電公司發起的太陽能項目。該發電公司在柬埔寨工廠安裝太陽能發電系統,並允許工廠按折扣購買電力。於報告期內,本集團已購買約674兆瓦時太陽能,佔柬埔寨工廠電力消耗的約26%,節省約16,000美元。

The Group has also set up a monitoring system to evaluate and regulate energy consumption. The system also collected relevant energy usage data in order to initiate future reduction plans and observe any abnormal trends. Electricity meters were installed in the factory to monitor consumption and perform risk assessment. In the following year, the Group is targeting to maintain or reduce the energy intensity below this year's level.

To support the development of renewable energy, the Cambodia factory has participated in a solar energy project initiated by a local power generation company. The power generation company has installed solar energy generation systems in the Cambodia factory and allowed the factory to purchase electricity at a discount. During the Reporting Period, the Group has purchased approximately 674 MWh solar energy, which accounts for approximately 26% of the electricity consumption of the Cambodia factory, and saved approximately USD16,000.

用電量概覽			
Overview of Electricity Consเ	ımption		
業務單位	單位	二零二一年	二零二零年
Business Units	Unit	2021	2020
香港辦公室	兆瓦時	87.6	143.0
Hong Kong Office	MWh		
東莞迅捷環球製衣有限公司 ^{附註1}	兆瓦時	616.2	563.9
Dongguan Speedy Garment Manufacturing Company Limited ^{Note 1}	MWh		
高業製衣(惠州)有限公司 ^{附註1}	兆瓦時	48.2	132.0
Koyip Garment (Huizhou) Manufactory Limited ^{Note 1}	MWh		
Agile Sweater (Cambodia) Company Limited	兆瓦時	2,566.0	2,864.7
Agile Sweater (Cambodia) Company Limited	MWh		
總耗電量	兆瓦時	3,318.0	3,703.6
Total consumption	MWh		

附註1: 由於東莞員工宿舍已全面運作且大部分營運已從惠州搬遷至東莞,於報告期內東莞迅捷環球製衣有限公司耗電增加,而高業製衣(惠州)有限公司耗電減少。

Note 1: Since the staff dormitory in Dongguan has become fully operational and most of the operations have been relocated from Huizhou to Dongguan, the electricity consumption of Dongguan Speedy Garment Manufacturing Company Limited increased while Koyip Garment (Huizhou) Manufactory Limited's decreased during the Reporting Period.

	燃耗用量概覽		
	Overview of Fuel Consumption		
燃料類型	單位	二零二一年	二零二零年
Fuel Type	Unit	2021	2020
汽油附註1	升	50,895	91,860
Petrol Note 1	L		
柴油 ^{附註2}	升	3,600	7,000
Diesel Note 2	L		
木材燃料	公噸	1,105	1,183
Wood Fuel	Tonnes		

附註1: 汽油消耗下降由於汽車及運輸使用

減少。

附註2: 由於報告期內柬埔寨電力供應相對

穩定,發電機使用減少,柴油消耗亦

隨之減少。

溫室氣體及廢氣排放

Note 1: The decrease of petrol consumption was due to the reduced use of motor vehicle and transportation.

Note 2: As the electricity supply in Cambodia was relatively stable during the Reporting Period, the use of the generator reduced, which led to the decrease in diesel consumption.

Greenhouse Gas and Air Emissions

As a result of the consumption of electricity, fuel and wood combustion, direct and indirect greenhouse gases ("GHG") and air emissions, such as particulate matter, sulphur dioxide and nitrogen oxides were generated. Through the monitoring system, the Group has also audited GHG emissions as a way to review its environmental footprint and help develop reduction plans. The Group is targeting to maintain or reduce the GHG intensity below this year's level in the following year.

溫室氣體排放概覽 Overview of GHG Emissions				
指標		二零二一年	二零二零年	
Indicator	Unit	2021	2020	
範圍一:直接溫室氣體排放 Scope 1: Direct GHG Emission	噸二氧化碳當量 Tonnes of CO ₂ equivalent (tCO ₂ e-)	2,238.3	2,627.0	
範圍二:間接溫室氣體排放	噸二氧化碳當量	2,295.3	2,727.6	
Scope 2: Indirect GHG Emission 總溫室氣體排放量 Total GHG emissions	tCO ₂ e- 噸二氧化碳當量 tCO ₂ e-	4,533.6	5,354.6	

Over	氣體排放概覽 ^{附註1} 'view of Air Emissions ^{Note 1}		
指標 指標	單位	二零二一年	二零二零年
Indicator	Unit	2021	2020
氮氧化物 Nitrogen oxides	千克 kg	18.63	74.7
硫氧化物	千克	0.75	1.35
Sulphur oxides 顆粒物 Particulate matter	kg 千克 kg	1.26	5.05

附註1: 氣體排放減少由於燃料消耗減少。

Note 1: The decrease of air emissions was due to the reduced fuel consumption.

5.4. 廢棄物管理

由於本集團認為廢棄物是其環境影響的直接反映,因此採取各種措施 以減少及管理廢棄物的產生及管 理。

為減少廢棄物產生,本集團不斷鼓勵員工盡可能優化資源。本集團亦致力於按照適用法律法規處理及處置該等廢棄物。此外,本集團委任承包商處置及回收各類廢棄物。

本集團採購生產物資時會考慮環保標準。例如,本集團逐步轉向使用耐用且可循環使用的托盤、衣架及切割板,盡量減少一次性物品。

在設計及開發過程中,本集團在陳列室對各種面料進行取樣測試。為提高資源效率,本集團要求車間和工廠員工及外判承包商盡可能回收及重用碎布。生產過程中,員工按指示收集碎布及棉線以供捐贈。

5.4. Waste Management

As the Group recognised waste as the direct reflection of its environmental footprints, it has taken various measures to reduce and manage the production and manage the handling of waste.

To decrease the production of waste, the Group constantly encouraged employees to optimise resources where possible. The Group dedicated to handle and dispose such waste in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. In addition, the Group appointed contractors to handle and recycle different types of waste.

The Group took environmentally friendly criteria into consideration when procuring production supplies. For example, the Group is progressively switching into using durable and reusable trays, hangers and cutting boards to eliminate single-use items.

In the course of design and development, the Group used a wide variety of fabrics for sampling and testing in the showrooms. In order to enhance resource efficiency, the Group required employees in the workshops and factory, as well as the outsourced contractors, to recycle and reuse the leftover scraps of fabric materials whenever possible. During production, staff were instructed to collect fabric scraps and threads for donation.

į.	全生的廢棄物概覽		
Overvie	ew of Waste Produced		
指標	單位	二零二一年	二零二零年
Indicator	Unit	2021	2020
一般廢棄物	噸	230	135
General waste	Tonnes		
已回收金屬廢棄物	噸	210	350
Metal waste recycled	Tonnes		

本集團主要在柬埔寨工廠使用包裝 材料,而香港或中國的陳列室並無 直接使用任何包裝材料。除根據客 戶偏好選擇包裝材料外,本集團亦 首選可循環使用的塑料包裝等可持 續材料。 The Group mainly used packaging materials in the Cambodia factory, whereas the showrooms in Hong Kong or PRC did not have any direct use of packaging material. In addition to selecting packaging materials based on customers' preference, the Group also prioritised the selection of sustainable materials such as recyclable plastic packaging.

		包裝材料消	肖耗概覽		
	Overview of	Packaging I	Material Consumptior	1	
指標			單位	二零二一年	二零二零年
Indi	cator		Unit	2021	2020
	材料 ^{附註1&2} aging material ^{Note 1&2}		噸 Tonnes	467.3	319.5
附註1:所披露的包裝材料數據指本集團於 報告期內採購的紙板、紙箱及塑料 袋。Note 1:The disclosed figures of packaging materials represented cardboard, carton boxes and plastic bags procured by the Group in the Reporting period.					
附註2:	數據根據二零二一年採用的計算方 法進行了調整。	Note 2:	The figure has been adjuste method adopted in 2021.	d in alignment wi	ith the calculation

5.5. 用水管理

5.5. Water Management

The Group's water consumption included the usage in the dormitory, toilets, offices and factory. Although the Group did not encounter any issues in sourcing water, it still sought ways to increase water efficiency through advocating water conservation. In the Cambodia factory, the Group sourced water from the nearby river and from the on-site retention pond that collected storm-water. The Group treated and tested the water prior to using. Besides, the Group installed on-site water meters to monitor and review the consumption pattern. In the following year, the Group is targeting to maintain or reduce the water intensity below this year's level.

用水量概覽			
Overview of Water Co	nsumption		
業務概覽	單位	二零二一年	二零二零年
Business Units	Unit	2021	2020
香港辦公室	立方米	49	140
Hong Kong Office	m^3		
東莞迅捷環球製衣有限公司 ^{附註1}	立方米	29,672	4,755
Dongguan Speedy Garment Manufacturing	m^3		
Company Limited ^{Note 1}			
高業製衣(惠州)有限公司 ^{附註1}	立方米	1,993	2,718
Koyip Garment (Huizhou) Manufactory Limited ^{Note 1}	m^3		
Agile Sweater (Cambodia) Company Limited	立方米	72,855	79,415
Agile Sweater (Cambodia) Company Limited	m³		
總用水量	立方米	104,569	87,028
Total consumption	m^3		

附註1: 由於東莞員工宿舍已全面運作且 大部分營運已從惠州搬遷至東莞, 於報告期內,東莞迅捷環球製衣 有限公司用水增加,而高業製衣 (惠州)有限公司用水減少。 Note 1: Since the staff dormitory in Dongguan has become fully operational and most of the operations have been relocated from Huizhou to Dongguan, the water consumption of Dongguan Speedy Garment Manufacturing Company Limited increased while Koyip Garment (Huizhou) Manufactory Limited's decreased during the Reporting Period.

6. 展望未來

於報告期間,本集團已擴大持份者參與的廣度及深度,以更準確識別ESG重大事宜,並更深入了解持份者的需求及期望。本集團將根據持份者參與中識別的ESG重大事宜進一步制定業務策略。本集團亦將與持份者保持定期溝通,以了解彼等的關注重點並掌握最新趨勢。

6. LOOKING FORWARD

The Group has broadened the width and depth of stakeholder engagement in the Reporting Period in order to identify the ESG material issues more accurately, as well as to gain a more in-depth understanding of stakeholders' needs and expectations. The Group will move forward to formulate business strategies based on the ESG material issues identified from the stakeholder engagement. The Group will also maintain regular communication with stakeholders to understand their concerns and stay ahead of rising trends.

7. 績效表

7. PERFORMANCE TABLE

指標	單位	二零二一年	二零二零年
Indicator	Unit	2021	2020
能源消耗及密度			
Energy Consumption and Intensity			
電力	兆瓦時	3,318.0	3,703.6
Electricity	MWh		
汽油附註1	升	50,895	91,860
Petrol Note 1	L		
柴油 ^{附註2}	升	3,600	7,000
Diesel Note 2	L		
木材燃料	公噸	1,105	1,183
Wood Fuel	Tonnes		
總能耗量	千兆焦耳	31,090.30	36,627.04
Total Energy Consumption	GJ		
總能源密度	千兆焦耳/	41.43	53.47
	收入百萬港元		
Total Energy Intensity	GJ/HKD million revenue		
溫室氣體排放及密度			
Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Intensity			
範圍一:直接排放	噸二氧化碳當量	2,238.3	2,627.0
Scope 1: Direct Emission	tCO _s e-	2,200.0	2,027.0
範圍二:間接排放	噸二氧化碳當量	2,295.3	2,727.6
Scope 2: Indirect Emission	tCO ₂ e-	2,270.0	2,727.0
溫室氣體總排放	噸二氧化碳當量	4,533.6	5,354.6
Total GHG Emissions	tCO ₂ e-	4,000.0	0,004.0
溫室氣體總密度	噸二氧化碳當量/	6.04	7.82
/m //Y pic //e H / A	收入百萬港元	0.04	7.02
Total GHG Intensity	tCO ₂ e-/HKD million		
. cas. ccconord	revenue		
	10 01100		

指標		單位	二零二一年	二零二零年	
Indicator		Unit	2021	2020	
氣體排放附註3					
Air emissions Note 3		T+			
氮氧化物		千克	18.63	74.7	
Nitrogen oxides 硫氧化物		kg 千克	0.75	1.35	
Sulphur oxides		kg	0.73	1.55	
顆粒物		千克	1.26	5.05	
Particulate matter		kg			
產生的廢棄物及密度					
Waste Produced and Intensity					
一般廢棄物		噸	230	135	
General waste		Tonnes			
已回收金屬廢棄物		噸	210	350	
Metal waste recycled		Tonnes			
總廢棄物密度		噸/百萬港元收益	0.59	0.71	
Total Waste Intensity		Tonnes/HKD million			
		revenue			
包裝材料損耗量					
Packaging Material Consumption					
包裝材料 ^{附註4·5}		噸	467.3	319.5	
Packaging Material Note 4, 5		Tonnes			
用水量及密度					
Water Consumption and Intensity					
總用水量		立方米	104,569	87,028	
Total Water Consumption		m³			
總用水密度		立方米/僱員人數	99.78	73.81	
Total Water Intensity		m³/employee			
附註1: 汽油消耗下降由於汽車及運輸使用減少。	Note 1:	The decrease of petrol consumption was due to the reduced use of motor vehicle and transportation.			
附註2: 由於報告期內柬埔寨電力供應相對穩定,	Note 2:	As the electricity supply in Cambodia was relatively stable during the			
發電機使用減少,柴油消耗亦隨之減少。		Reporting Period, the use of the generator reduced, which led to the decrease in diesel consumption.			
附註3: 氣體排放減少由於燃料消耗減少。	Note 3:	The decrease of air emissions was due to the reduced fuel consumption.			
附註4: 包裝材料包括紙板、紙箱和塑料袋。	Note 4:	Packaging materials include cardboard, carton boxes and plastic bags.			
附註5: 數據根據二零二一年採用的計算方法進行 了調整。	Note 5:	The figure has been adjusted in alignment with the calculation method adopted in 2021.			

董事會報告

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事欣然提呈本集團截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度的年報連同經審核綜合財務 報表(「財務報表」)。

主要業務及業務回顧

本公司的主要業務為投資控股,而本公司主要 附屬公司的主要業務載於財務報表附註29。

按照香港公司條例附表5要求所作出有關本集團主要業務之進一步討論及分析(包括本集團所面對的主要風險及不明朗因素之説明及本集團業務的未來發展)可參閱載於本年報第10至17頁的管理層討論及分析。該討論為本董事會報告之一部分。

環境政策及履行

本集團不斷更新適用的相關環境法律及法規規定以確保合規。本集團致力透過節約用電以及鼓勵回收辦公室用品及其他物料,減低對環境之影響。我們亦要求製造商及承建商在嚴格遵守相關環境法規及規則的情況下營運。

遵守法律及法規

本集團不斷更新於多個國家及地區(尤其是香港、中國及柬埔寨)適用的相關法律及法規規定以確保合規。本集團絕大部分資產位於該等地區,而本集團收益亦主要來自於該等地區,而本集團於二零一三年一月十五日在聯交所上市。於二零二一年回顧年度,本集團在所有重大方面均已遵守於香港、中國及柬埔寨的相關法律及法規。

主要關係

(i) 僱員

本集團提供具競爭力的薪酬待遇以吸引、 留聘及激勵僱員。自創立業務以來,主要 人員一直為管理團隊之一部分。於二零 二一年回顧年度,本集團認為與僱員關 係良好,且離職率可以接受及正常。 The Directors are pleased to present the annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 (the "Financial Statements").

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding and those of the principal subsidiaries of the Company are set out in Note 29 to the Financial Statements.

Further discussion and analysis of the Group's principal activities as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, including a description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group and an indication of likely future development in the Group's business, can be found in the Management Discussion and Analysis set out on pages 10 to 17 of this annual report. This discussion forms part of this director's report.

Environmental Policies and Performance

The Group continues to update the requirements of the relevant environmental laws and regulations applicable to it to ensure compliance. The Group strive to minimise environmental impact by saving electricity and encouraging recycle of office supplies and other materials. We also require the manufacturers and the constructor to operate in strict compliance with the relevant environmental regulations and rules.

Compliance with Laws and Regulations

The Group continues to update the requirement of the relevant laws and regulations in various countries and regions, particularly in the Hong Kong, the PRC and Cambodia, applicable to it to ensure compliance. Substantially majority of the Group's assets are located and the Group's revenue is mainly derived from operations in these areas. The Group was listed on the Stock Exchange on 15 January 2013. During the year 2021 under review, the Group complied with the relevant laws and regulations in Hong Kong, the PRC and Cambodia in all material respects.

Key Relationships

(i) Employees

The Group offers competitive remuneration packages to attract, retain and motivate employees. Key personnel have been part of the management team since the inception of business. During the year 2021 under review, the Group considered the relationship with employees was well and the turnover rate is acceptable and normal.

(ii) 供應商

本集團與多名賣方已建立長期穩固關係, 並盡力確保其遵守本公司對質素及道德的承諾。本集團審慎挑選其製造商及承 建商,並要求彼等符合若干評估標準,包 括經驗、財務實力、聲譽、生產高質素產 品的能力及質量控制成效。

(iii) 客戶

本集團致力為客戶提供範圍廣泛,可觸發靈感而且物有所值的高質素產品。我們與客戶亦會保持聯繫,以滿足彼等所需。我們透過不同渠道如電話、電郵及營銷材料與彼等持續溝通。

業績及分派

本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的業績及本集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日的財務狀況,載於本年報第90至184頁的財務報表。

董事會不建議就截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度派付末期股息(二零二零年: 零)。

股息政策

根據本公司現有股息政策,董事會在宣派或建 議宣派股息前須考慮以下因素:

- 本公司的實際及預期財務業績;
- 本公司及本集團各附屬公司的保留盈利 及可供分派儲備;
- 本集團的營運資本需求、資本開支要求及未來擴展計劃;
- 本集團的流動資金狀況;
- 整體經濟狀況、本集團業務的商業週期以及對本公司業務、財務業績及狀況可能有影響的內在或外在因素;及
- 董事會認為相關的其他因素。

派付股息亦須遵守適用法律及本公司之組織 章程細則的任何限制。

(ii) Suppliers

The Group has developed long standing relationships with a number of our vendors and take great care to ensure they share our commitment to quality and ethics. The Group selects its manufacturers and constructors carefully and requires them to satisfy certain assessment criteria including experience, financial strength, reputation, ability to produce high quality products and quality control effectiveness.

(iii) Customers

The Group is committed to offer a broad and diverse range of inspiring, value-for money, good-quality fashion to our customers. We also stay connected with our customers in order to meet their need. We have ongoing communications with them through various channels like telephone, email and marketing materials.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2021 are set out in the Financial Statements on pages 90 to 184 of this annual report.

The Board does not recommend payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: nil).

DIVIDEND POLICY

According to the Company's existing dividend policy, the Board shall consider the following factors before declaring or recommending dividends:

- the Company's actual and expected financial performance;
- retained earnings and distributable reserves of the Company and each of the subsidiaries of the Group;
- the Group's working capital requirements, capital expenditure requirements and future expansion plans;
- the Group's liquidity position;
- general economic conditions, business cycle of the Group's business and internal or external factors that may have an impact on the business, financial results and position of the Company; and
- other factors that the Board deems to be relevant.

The payment of dividend is also subject to any restrictions under the applicable laws and the Company's Articles of Association.

董事會報告

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

五年財務概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度的業績以及資產 及負債概要載於本年報第9頁。此概要並不構 成財務報表其中部分。

股本

本公司於本年度的股本變動詳情載於財務報 表附註15。

可供分派儲備

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司有約99,135,000港元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:99,293,000港元)的股份溢價、其他儲備及保留盈利可供分派予股東,惟須遵守組織章程細則的條件。

慈善捐贈

於二零二一年,本集團作出慈善捐贈合共約521,000港元。

主要客戶及供應商

對本集團最大及五大客戶的銷售分別佔二零二一年收益總額約50.4%及92.4%。對包括原材料供應商和第三方製造商的本集團最大及五大供應商的採購佔二零二一年採購總額約24.4%及44.5%。

就董事所深知,概無董事、彼等之聯繫人或擁有本公司已發行股份數目超過5%的任何股東,於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度在本集團任何五大客戶或供應商中擁有任何實益權益。

附屬公司

本公司主要附屬公司的詳情載於財務報表附 註29。

董事及董事服務合約

於本年度及截至本年報日期在任的本公司董 事如下:

執行董事

黃志深先生*(主席兼行政總裁)* 黃麗花女士

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 9 of this annual report. This summary does not form part of the Financial Statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in share capital of the Company during the year are set out in Note 15 to the Financial Statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2021, the Company had share premium, other reserves and retained earnings in the amount of approximately HK\$99,135,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$99,293,000) which is available for distribution to the shareholders subject to conditions of the Articles of Association

CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS

During the year 2021, the Group made charitable contribution totalling approximately of HK\$521,000.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

Sales to the Group's largest and five largest customers accounted for approximately 50.4% and 92.4% of the total revenue for the year 2021. Purchases from the Group's largest and five largest suppliers, which comprise raw material suppliers and third party manufacturers, accounted for approximately 24.4% and 44.5% of the total purchases for the year 2021.

To the best knowledge of the Directors, neither the Directors, their associates, nor any shareholders who owned more than 5% of the number of issued shares of the Company, had any beneficial interest in any of the Group's five largest customers or suppliers during the year ended 31 December 2021.

SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the principal subsidiaries of the Company are set out in Note 29 to the Financial Statements.

DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

The Directors of the Company who hold office during the year and up to the date of this annual report are:

Executive Directors

Mr. Huang Chih Shen *(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)*Ms. Huang Li Hun, Serlina

獨立非執行董事

黃定幹先生 彭婉珊女士

張灼祥先生

陳振彬博士

各執行董事已與本公司訂立初步年期為自上市日期或二零二零年二月十四日起計三年的服務合約,並將繼續生效,直至任何一方向另一方發出不少於三個月的書面通知予以終止。

各獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立自二零二一年十二月二十二日起為期三年的委聘書,並須於股東周年大會上輪值退任及重選連任,直至任何一方向另一方發出不少於三個月的書面通知予以終止。

概無董事受不可由本公司或其任何附屬公司 於一年內無償終止(法定賠償除外)的服務合 約約束。

本公司已獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則 第3.13條作出年度獨立確認,及彼等均被視為 獨立人士。

根據本公司的組織章程細則,彭婉珊女士及張 灼祥先生須於應屆股東周年大會輪值退任,且 彼等均合資格並願意重選連任。

董事彌償保證及獲准許彌償條文

根據組織章程細則,本公司各董事或其他高級 職員有權就其作為本公司董事或其他高級職 員於獲判勝訴或無罪的民事或刑事訴訟中作 出辯護而蒙受或產生的所有損失或責任,從本 公司資產中獲得彌償。

於二零二一年,本公司已為本公司董事及高級職員安排適當的董事及高級職員責任保險。按公司條例(香港法例第622章)第470條的規定,有關董事利益的獲准許彌償條文於董事所編製的董事會報告根據公司條例(香港法例第622章)第391(1)(a)條獲通過時生效。

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Wong Ting Kon

Ms. Pang Yuen Shan, Christina

Mr. Cheung Cheuk Cheung, Terence

Dr. Chan Chung Bun, Bunny

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial term of three years either from the Listing Date or 14 February 2020 and shall continue thereafter until terminated by, not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years from 22 December 2021, subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at annual general meeting and until terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other.

No Director is bound by any service contract which is not determinable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within 1 year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

The Company has received annual confirmation on independence from each of the independent non-executive Directors pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and all of them are considered to be independent.

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, Ms. Pang Yuen Shan, Christina and Mr. Cheung Cheuk Cheung, Terence are subject to retirement by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting, and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

INDEMNITY OF DIRECTORS AND PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, every Director or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities incurred or sustained by him as a Director or other officer of the Company in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour, or in which he is acquitted.

The Company has arranged appropriate Directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the Directors and officers of the Company during the year 2021. The permitted indemnity provision is in force for the benefit of the Directors as required by section 470 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622, Laws of Hong Kong) when the Report of the Board of the Directors prepared by the Directors is approved in accordance with section 391(1)(a) of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622, Laws of Hong Kong).

董事的交易、安排或合約權益

除本年報所披露者外,於二零二一年末或二零二一年內任何時間,本公司或其控股公司或其任何附屬公司並無訂立本公司董事或與本公司董事有關連的實體直接或間接於其中擁有重大權益的重要交易、安排或合約。

董事及高級管理層履歷

董事及本集團高級管理層履歷詳情於本年報 第18至22頁「董事及高級管理層簡歷」一節披 露。

董事及高級管理層薪酬

董事及本集團高級管理層報酬劃分成以下組別:

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in this annual report, there was no transaction, arrangement or contract of significance to which the Company or its holding company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company or an entity connected with a Director of the Company is or was materially interested, either directly or indirectly, subsisting at the end of the year 2021 or at any time during the year 2021.

BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The biographical details of the Directors and senior management of the Group are disclosed in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management Profile" on pages 18 to 22 of this annual report.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The emoluments of the Directors and senior management of the Group fell within the following bands:

			2021 2020 人數 人數	
		Number	Number	
報酬組別	Emolument bands			
零至500,000港元	Nil – HK\$500,000	4	4	
500,001港元至1,000,000港元	HK\$500,001 - HK\$1,000,000	1	_	
1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	HK\$1,000,001 - HK\$1,500,000	2	3	
1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	HK\$1,500,001 - HK\$2,000,000	1	1	
4,000,001港元至4,500,000港元	HK\$4,000,001 - HK\$4,500,000	1	1	

根據上市規則附錄16之規定而須予披露的董事薪酬及五名最高薪僱員進一步詳情分別載於財務報表附註34及24。

Further particulars regarding Director's remuneration and the five highest paid employees as required to be disclosed pursuant to Appendix 16 to the Listing Rules are set out in Notes 34 and 24 to the Financial Statements, respectively.

控股股東的合約權益

除本年報披露者外,於二零二一年末或二零二一年任何時間,本公司或其控股公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立任何控股股東或其任何附屬公司於當中擁有重大權益的任何提供服務的重大合約。

控股股東的不競爭承諾

本公司於二零一三年一月十五日於聯交所上市,控股股東於二零一二年十二月二十四日簽訂不競爭承諾契據(「不競爭契據」)。控股股東已向本公司確認於二零二一年遵從其向本公司作出的不競爭契據。

本公司衝突處理委員會及獨立非執行董事已 審閱有關合規情況,並已得到控股股東的確認, 按此確認基準,彼等認為控股股東已遵守不競 爭契據,且該等不競爭契據亦已由本公司根據 其條款強制執行。

執行董事的不競爭承諾

各執行董事已就遵守彼等的服務協議規定的 不競爭承諾條款作出年度聲明。

獨立非執行董事已審視合規情況,並已得到本公司各執行董事確認,根據有關確認,獨立非執行董事認為本公司有關執行董事已遵守彼等服務協議項下的不競爭承諾,且該等不競爭承諾亦已由本公司根據其條款強制執行。

新商機

控股股東未有按照不競爭契據規定轉介新商機(定義見招股章程「與控股股東的關係-新商機」)。

CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in this annual report, there was no contract of significance for provision of services to which the Company or its holding company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which any Controlling Shareholder or any of its subsidiaries had a material interest subsisting at the end of the year 2021 or at any time during the year 2021.

NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING BY CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

The Company was listed on the Stock Exchange on 15 January 2013 and the deed of non-competition undertakings in respect of the Controlling Shareholders was entered into on 24 December 2012 (the "Deed of Non-Competition"). The Controlling Shareholders have confirmed to the Company of his/its compliance with the Deed of Non-Competition provided to the Company during the year 2021.

The conflicts committee of the Company and the independent non-executive Directors had reviewed the status of compliance and also the confirmations by the Controlling Shareholders and, on the basis of such confirmations, are of the view that the Controlling Shareholders has complied with the Deed of Non-Competition which has been enforced by the Company in accordance with its terms.

NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING BY EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Each of the executive Directors has made an annual declaration in respect of their compliance with the terms of non-competition undertaking as provided in their service agreements.

The independent non-executive Directors had reviewed the status of compliance as well as confirmation by each executive Director of the Company and, on the basis of such confirmation, are of the view that such executive Directors of the Company have complied with the non-competition undertakings under their service agreements and these non-competition undertakings have been enforced by the Company in accordance with its terms.

NEW BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY

There was no New Business Opportunity (as defined in the Prospectus headed "Relationship with Controlling Shareholders – New Business Opportunity") referred by the Controlling Shareholder as provided under the Deed of Non-Competition.

關連交易

除本年報所披露者外,本集團曾與多名根據上 市規則為本公司關連人士的人士訂立多項交 易。根據上市規則,該等交易被視為持續關連 交易,須遵照上市規則規定或聯交所早前授出 的豁免條件於本年報披露。截至二零二一年度, 持續關連交易詳情如下:

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Save as disclosed in this annual report, the Group had entered into a number of transactions with parties which are connected persons of the Company under the Listing Rules. These transactions are considered to be continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules, which need to be disclosed herein in compliance with the requirements under the Listing Rules or the conditions of waivers previously granted by the Stock Exchange. Details of the continuing connected transactions for the year 2021 are as follows:

		附註 Notes	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$′000	二零二零年 2020 千港元 HK\$'000
應付或已付租金開支:	Rental expenses payable or paid to:			
勝豐國際實業有限公司 (「勝豐國際」)。 金豐製衣(惠州)有限公司	Shing Fun International Industrial Limited ("Shing Fun International") ^a Jinfeng Garment (Huizhou) Company	1	1,405	-
(「金豐惠州」) b 億城織造製衣(惠州)有限公司	Limited ("Jinfeng Huizhou") ^b Yicheng Weaving Garment (Huizhou)	2	43	694
(「億城惠州」)。 東莞市鴻越服裝有限公司	Company Limited ("Yicheng Huizhou") ^c Dongguan Hongyue Garment Company	3	19	231
(「東莞鴻越」) ぱ	Limited ("Dongguan Hongyue")d	4	5,085	_
			6,552	925

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- 勝豐國際由柏威集團有限公司(「柏威集團」)實益擁 a. 有100%權益,柏威集團最終由黃志深先生擁有50% 權益。
 - Shing Fun International is beneficially owned as to 100% by Peakwin Group Limited ("Peakwin Group"), a company owned as to 50% by Mr. Huang Chih Shen ultimately.
- 金豐惠州由金豐控股(香港)有限公司實益擁有 100%權益,而金豐控股(香港)有限公司則由黃志深 先生最終擁有50%權益的柏威集團實益擁有100%權 益。
- Jinfeng Huizhou is beneficially owned as to 100% by Jin Feng Holdings (H.K.) Limited, which in turn is beneficially owned as to 100% by Peakwin Group, a company owned as to 50% by Mr. Huang Chih Shen ultimately.
- 億城惠州由億城控股(香港)有限公司實益擁有 100%權益,而億城控股(香港)有限公司則由黃志深 先生最終擁有50%權益的柏威集團實益擁有100%權
- Yicheng Huizhou is beneficially owned as to 100% by Yi Cheng Holdings (H.K.) Limited, which in turn is beneficially owned as to 100% by Peakwin Group, a company owned as to 50% by Mr. Huang Chih Shen ultimately.
- 東莞鴻越由東莞知榮製衣有限公司實益擁有100%權 益,而東莞知榮製衣有限公司則由黃志深先生最終 擁有50%權益的智興製衣有限公司實益擁有100%權 益。
- Dongguan Hongyue is beneficially owned as to 100% by Dongguan Zhirong Garment Company Limited, which in turn is beneficially owned as to 100% by Master Trend Garments Limited, a company owned as to 50% by Mr. Huang Chih Shen ultimately.

附註:

1. 勝豐國際(作為業主)與本集團附屬公司嘉駿實業 (香港)有限公司(「嘉駿實業」)(作為租戶)訂立 日期為二零二零年十二月二十八日的經更新租賃協 議,據此,勝豐國際同意向嘉駿實業出租香港九龍 新蒲崗大有街31號的善美工業大廈19樓作辦公室用 途,自二零二一年一月一日起至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止為期一年且業主已相互協定於二零二一 年九月九日終止租賃協議。截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團實際支付租金為1,405,000 港元。有關詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零二零年 十二月二十八日及二零二一年九月九日的公佈。

根據香港辦公室租賃協議,截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,嘉駿實業應付勝豐國際租金的年度上限為2,040,000港元。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團實際支付租金為1,405,000港元。有關詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零二零年十二月二十八日及二零二一年九月九日的公佈。

- 2. 金豐惠州(作為業主)與本集團附屬公司高業製衣(惠州)有限公司(「惠州高業」)(作為租戶)訂立日期為二零二零年十二月二十八日的經更新租賃協議,據此,金豐惠州同意向惠州高業出租中國惠州博羅縣園洲鎮桔龍村的勝豐工業園作辦公室用途,總樓面面積約為67平方米,自二零二一年一月一日起至二零二一年十二月三十一日止為期一年。根據上述租賃協議,截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,惠州高業應付金豐惠州租金的年度上限為人民幣37,200元。有關詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零二零年十二月二十八日的公佈。
- 3. 億城惠州與惠州高業訂立日期為二零二零年十二月 二十八日的經更新租賃協議,據此,億城惠州同意 向惠州高業出租總樓面面積約為96平方米、位於中 國惠州博羅縣園洲鎮桔龍村的勝豐工業園作住宅用 途,自二零二一年一月一日起至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止為期一年。根據上述租賃協議,截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度,惠州高業應付億城 惠州的租金的年度上限為人民幣16,800元。有關詳 情,請參閱本公司日期為二零二零年十二月二十八 日的公佈。

Notes:

Shing Fun International as landlord and Pageant Enterprise (Hong Kong) Limited, ("Pageant Enterprise"), a subsidiary of the Group, as tenant, entered into a renewed tenancy agreement dated 28 December 2020, pursuant to which Shing Fun International agreed to lease to Pageant Enterprise, 19th Floor, Perfect Industrial Building, 31 Tai Yau Street, San Po Kong, Kowloon, Hong Kong, for a term of one year commencing on 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021 for office use and the landlord mutually agreed on termination of the tenancy agreement on 9 September 2021. The actual rental paid by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 was HK\$1,405,000. For details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 28 December 2020 and 9 September 2021.

The annual cap for the rental payable by Pageant Enterprise to Shing Fun International under the Hong Kong Office Tenancy Agreements, for the year ended 31 December 2021, is HK\$2,040,000. The actual rental paid by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 was HK\$1,405,000. For details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 28 December 2020 and 9 September 2021.

- 2. Jinfeng Huizhou as landlord and Koyip Garment (Huizhou) Manufactory Ltd, ("Koyip Huizhou"), a subsidiary of the Group, as tenant, entered into a renewed tenancy agreement dated 28 December 2020, pursuant to which Jinfeng Huizhou agreed to lease to Koyip Huizhou, Shenfeng Industrial Park, Julong Village, Yuanzhou Town, Boluo County, Huizhou, the PRC, with a gross floor area of approximately 67 square metres, for a term of one year commencing on 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021 for office use. The annual cap for the rental payable by Koyip Huizhou to Jinfeng Huizhou under the said tenancy agreement, for the year ended 31 December 2021, is RMB37,200. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 28 December 2020.
- 3. Yicheng Huizhou and Koyip Huizhou entered into a renewed tenancy agreement dated 28 December 2020, pursuant to which Yicheng Huizhou agreed to lease to Koyip Huizhou, Shenfeng Industrial Park, Julong Village, Yuanzhou Town, Boluo County, Huizhou, the PRC with a gross floor area of approximately 96 square metres, for a term of one year commencing on 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021 for residential use. The annual cap for the rental payable by Koyip Huizhou to Yicheng Huizhou under the said tenancy agreement, for the year ended 31 December 2021, is RMB16,800. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 28 December 2020.

- 4. 東莞鴻越與本集團附屬公司東莞迅捷環球製衣有限公司(「東莞迅捷」)訂立日期為二零二零年十二月二十八日的租賃協議。根據該租賃協議,東莞鴻越同意向東莞迅捷出租總樓面面積約為15,042平方米的中國東莞市虎門鎮懷德村懷林路27號2棟5樓物業作廠房及宿舍用途,月租為人民幣383,295元,自二零二一年一月一日起至二零二一年十二月三十一日止為期一年。根據上述租賃協議,截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,東莞迅捷應付東莞鴻越的租金年度上限為人民幣4,599,540元。有關詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零二零年十二月二十八日及二零二年九月九日的公佈。
- 本公司的獨立非執行董事已審閱上述持續關連交易,並確認交易乃: (a)於本集團日常及一般業務過程中: (b)按一般商業條款,或倘並無足夠可作比較其是否屬一般商業條款的交易,有關條款不遜於本公司從獨立第三方取得或向其提供的條款(視適用情況而定); (c)根據規管該等交易的相關協議,有關條款屬公平合理,且符合本公司股東整體利益;及(d)根據公司日期為二零二零年十二月二十八日的公佈所載上限或總交易價值而訂立。
- 4. Dongguan Hongyue and Dongguan Speedy Garment Manufacturing Company Limited, ("Speedy Dongguan"), a subsidiary of the Group, entered into a tenancy agreement dated 28 December 2020. Pursuant to the tenancy agreement, Dongguan Hongyue agreed to lease to Speedy Dongguan, 5/F, Block Two, No. 27 Huailin Road, Huaide Village, Humen Town, Dongguan City, the PRC, with a gross floor area of approximately 15,042 square metres for factory and dormitory uses with a monthly rental of RMB383,295 for a term of one year commencing on 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021. The annual cap for the rental payable by Speedy Dongguan to the Dongguan Hongyue under the said tenancy agreement, for the year ended 31 December 2021, is RMB4,599,540. For details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 28 December 2020 and 9 September 2021.

The continuing connected transactions mentioned above have been reviewed by the independent non-executive Directors of the Company who have confirmed that the transactions have entered into: (a) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group; (b) either on normal commercial terms or, if there are not sufficient comparable transactions to judge whether they are on normal commercial terms, on terms no less favourable to the Company than terms available to or from (as appropriate) independent third parties; (c) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing such transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of shareholders of the Company as a whole; and (d) within the caps or the aggregate transaction values set out in the Company's announcements dated 28 December 2020.

本公司核數師獲委聘,遵照香港會計師公會發出的《香港審驗委聘服務準則3000(經修訂)》(Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000)的「歷史財務資料審核或審閱以外之審驗委聘」(Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information),並參照《實務説明》(Practice Note)第740號「關於上市規則項下持續關連交易之核數師函件」(Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Listing Rules),就本集團的持續關連交易作出匯報。核數師已根據上市規則第14A.56條,就本公司所披露持續關連交易的審驗結果,發出無保留意見函件。本公司已向聯交所呈交核數師函件副本。

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued an unqualified letter containing their findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Company in this annual report in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

謹此提述本公司日期為二零二零年十二月二十八日之公佈,內容有關勝豐國際(作為業主)與本集團附屬公司嘉駿(作為租戶)訂立日期為二零二零年十二月二十八日之租賃協議,據此,勝豐國際同意向嘉駿出租香港九龍新蒲崗大有街31號善美工業大廈19樓作辦公室用途,期限自二零二一年一月一日起至二零二一年十二月三十一日止。根據該租賃協議,嘉駿將向勝豐國際支付月租金170,000港元。勝豐國際由柏威集團實益擁有100%權益,柏威集團最終由黃志深先生擁有50%權益。據披露,訂立此租約及其項下擬進行之交易(「該交易」)構成本公司之持續關連交易。

Reference is made to the Company's announcement dated 28 December 2020, Shing Fun International as landlord and Pageant, a subsidiary of the Group, as tenant, entered into a tenancy agreement dated 28 December 2020, pursuant to which Shing Fun International agreed to lease to Pageant, 19/F, Perfect Industrial Building, 31 Tai Yau Street, San Po Kong, Kowloon, Hong Kong for a term from 1 January 2021 and to 31 December 2021 for office use. Pursuant to the tenancy agreement, Pageant would pay Shing Fun International a monthly rental of HK\$170,000. Shing Fun International is beneficially owned as to 100% by Peakwin Group, a company owned as to 50% by Mr. Huang Chih Shen ultimately. It was disclosed that, the entering into of the lease and the transaction contemplated thereunder (the "Transaction") constituted a continuing connected transaction of the Company.

本公司已於二零二一年十二月二十九日續期(i) 金豐惠州與惠州高業;及(ii)億城惠州與惠州高業之間訂立的租賃協議,期限自二零二二年一月一日起至二零二二年十二月三十一日止。有關詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零二一年十二月二十九日的公佈。

本公司於二零二一年十二月二十九日訂立(i)東 莞市天愛物業管理有限公司(「東莞天愛」)與 東莞迅捷:及(ii)東莞天愛與高業惠州之間的租 賃協議,期限自二零二二年一月一日起至二零 二二年十二月三十一日止。有關詳情,請參閱 本公司日期為二零二一年十二月二十九日的 公佈。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年不構成關連交易的重大關聯方交易的概要於財務報表附註32披露。本公司確認已遵守上市規則第14A章的披露規定。

Furthermore, reference is made to the Company's announcement dated 28 December 2020, Dongguan Hongyue Garment Company Limited ("Dongguan Hongyue") as landlord and Speedy Dongguan, a subsidiary of the Group, as tenant, entered into a tenancy agreement dated 28 December 2020, pursuant to which Dongguan Hongyue agreed to lease to Speedy Dongguan, No.27 Huailin Road, Huaide Village, Humen Town, Dongguan City, PRC, with a gross floor area of approximately 15,042 square feet for a term from 1 January 2021 and to 31 December 2021 for office and dormitory uses. Pursuant to the tenancy agreement, Speedy Dongguan would pay Dongguan Hongyue a monthly rental of RMB351,647 (excluding value-added tax). As further disclosed in the announcement, the entering into of the lease and the transaction contemplated thereunder constitute a connected transaction of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Dongguan Hongyue is owned as to 50% by Mr. Huang Chih Shen ultimately.

The Company renewed the tenancy agreements on 29 December 2021 for a term commencing from 1 January 2022 and ending on 31 December 2022 between: (i) Jinfeng Huizhou and Koyip Huizhou; and (ii) Yicheng Huizhou and Koyip Huizhou. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 29 December 2021.

The Company entered into the tenancy agreements on 29 December 2021 for a term commencing from 1 January 2022 and ending on 31 December 2022 between: (i) Dongguan Shi Tianai Property Management Company Limited ("Dongguan Tianai") and Speedy Dongguan; and (ii) Dongguan Tianai and Koyip Huizhou. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 29 December 2021.

Save as disclosed above, a summary of significant related party transactions, which do not constitute connected transactions, made during the year 2021 is disclosed in Note 32 to the Financial Statements. The Company confirmed that it has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

購股權計劃

本公司現有購股權計劃根據於二零一二年 十二月二十四日通過的全體股東的書面決議 案獲准採納,旨在令本公司可以更靈活的方式 給予合資格參與人士獎勵、回報、酬金、補償 及/或福利,及就董事會不時批准之其他目的。

在購股權計劃的條款規限下,董事會按其全權 酌情授出或邀請以下任何組別人士接納購股 權以認購股份:

- (a) 本公司或任何附屬公司旗下全職或兼職的任何僱員、供應商/服務提供商、客戶、合作夥伴或合資企業,包括本集團不論是否屬執行及獨立與否的任何董事,或
- (b) 任何對本集團已經或可能作出貢獻的人士。

就根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃授出的所有尚未行使的購股權獲行使時可能發行的股份數目上限,不得超過不時已發行股份總數的30%。

根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃將予授出的所有購股權獲行使時可能發行的股份總數,不得超過上市日期已發行股份總數的10%。除非本公司在股東大會上尋求股東批准更新購股權計劃的10%限額,惟在計算10%限額時,根據購股權計劃或本公司任何其他購股權計劃條款已失效的購股權將不會計算在內。

購股權計劃的主要條款詳情載於招股章程附錄四「法定及一般資料」一節內「購股權計劃」 一段。購股權計劃的主要條款概述如下:

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company's existing Share Option Scheme was approved for adoption pursuant to a written resolution of all of our shareholders passed on 24 December 2012 for the purpose to provide our Company with a flexible means of giving incentive to, rewarding, remunerating, compensating and/or providing benefits to eligible participants and for such other purposes as the Board approve from time to time.

Subject to the terms of the Share Option Scheme, the Board may, at their absolute discretion, grant or invite any person belonging to any of the following classes to take up options to subscribe for shares:

- (a) any employee, supplier/service provider, customer, partner or joint venture partner of the Group (including any director, whether executive and whether independent or not, of the Group) who is in full time or part time employment with the Company or any subsidiaries, or
- (b) any person who have contributed or may contribute to the Group.

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% of the total number of shares in issue from time to time.

The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not exceed 10% of the total number of shares in issue on the Listing Date unless the Company seeks the approval of the shareholders in general meeting for refreshing the 10% limit under the Share Option Scheme provided that options lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme or any other share option schemes of the Company will not be counted for the purpose of calculating 10% limit.

Details of the principal terms of the Share Option Scheme are set out in paragraph headed "Share Option Scheme" in section headed "Statutory and General Information" in Appendix IV to the Prospectus. The principal terms of the Share Option Scheme are summarised as follows:

所採納的購股權計劃自二零一二年十二月二十四日起直至二零二二年十二月二十三日一直生效,有效期為10年。本公司可透過股東大會的決議案或於董事會釐定的日期隨時終止購股權計劃,但不會損害於終止前授出的購股權的行使。

所授出每份購股權的本公司每股股份行使價 將由董事會全權釐定,但無論如何須至少為下 列各項之較高者:

- (1) 股份於必須為交易日的提呈授出購股權 當日(「授出日期」)在聯交所刊發日報表 所載收市價;
- (2) 股份於緊接授出日期前五個交易日在聯 交所刊發的日報表所載平均收市價;及
- (3) 股份於授出日期的面值。

接納購股權後,承授人須向本公司支付1.00港元作為獲授購股權的代價。提呈授出的購股權必須於本公司發出的提呈函件中所指定日期前獲接納。根據購股權計劃授出的任何購股權的行使期自授出日期起計不得超過10年,於該10年期最後一天屆滿,且須受購股權計劃載列的提早終止條文所限。

根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃將予授出的所有購股權獲行使時而可能發行的本公司新股份總數,不得超過60,000,000股股份,即於本年報日期本公司已發行股份的10%。

The Share Option Scheme was adopted for a period of 10 years commencing from 24 December 2012 and remains in force until 23 December 2022. The Company may, by resolution in general meeting or, such date as the Board determined, terminate the Share Option Scheme at any time without prejudice to the exercise of options granted prior to such termination.

The exercise price per share of the Company for each option granted shall be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion but in any event shall be at least the higher of:

- (1) the closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of offer for the grant of option ("Date of Grant") which must be a trading day;
- (2) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five trading days immediately preceding the Date of Grant; and
- (3) the nominal value of the shares on the Date of Grant.

Upon acceptance of the options, the grantee shall pay HK\$1.00 to the Company as consideration for the grant. The acceptance of an offer of the grant of the option must be made within the date as specified in the offer letter issued by the Company. The exercise period of any option granted under the Share Option Scheme shall not be longer than 10 years commencing on the date of grant and expiring on the last day of such 10-year period subject to the provisions for early termination as contained in the Share Option Scheme.

The total number of new shares of the Company that may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share options schemes of the Company shall not exceed 60,000,000 shares, which represents 10% of the shares in issue of the Company as at the date of this annual report.

於任何12個月期間根據購股權計劃向每名承授人已經及將授出的購股權(包括已行使、註銷及尚未行使購股權)獲行使而已經及將發行的股份最高數目,不得超過已發行股份總數的1%。倘進一步授出的購股權超過該1%限額,則須待本公司刊發通函及根據上市規則取得其股東批准後方可作實。

自購股權計劃獲採納起及於二零二一年,並無根據購股權計劃授出任何購股權。

除上述購股權計劃外,於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度任何時間,本公司及其控股公司、附屬公司及同系附屬公司任何一方概無成為任何安排的訂約方,致使董事可透過收購本公司或任何其他法人團體的股份或債權證而獲利,亦無任何董事、其配偶或未滿18歲的子女擁有認購本公司股份或債權證的任何權利或已行使任何有關權利。

董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證的權益或淡倉

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司董事及主要行政人員於本公司、其集團成員公司及/或相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債權證中,擁有已記入根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定存置的登記冊的權益及淡倉,或根據標準守則已知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

The maximum number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted and to be granted to each grantee under the Share Option Scheme (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of shares in issue. Any further grant of options in excess of this 1% limit shall be subject to issuance of a circular by the Company and approved by its shareholders in accordance with the Listing Rules.

Since the adoption of the Share Option Scheme and during the year 2021, no options were granted under the Share Option Scheme.

Apart from the aforesaid share option schemes, at no time during the year ended 31 December 2021 was any of the Company and its holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, and none of the Directors, or their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any right to subscribe for the shares in, or debentures of, the Company, or had exercise any such right.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS OR SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2021, the Company's Directors and chief executives had the following interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company, its Group members and/or associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")), as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code:

本公司	TI	ne Company		
董事姓名	本集團成員公司/ 相聯法團名稱 Name of Group	身份/權益性質	證券數目及類別 (附註1) Number and class	股權概約百分比 Approximate
Name of Director	member/associated corporation	Capacity/nature of interest	of securities (Note 1)	percentage of shareholding
黄志深先生 Mr. Huang Chih Shen	本公司 Our Company	受控法團權益 (附註2) Interest of a controlled corporation (Note 2)	327,242,688股 普通股(L) 327,242,688 ordinary shares (L)	54.54%
黃麗花女士 Ms. Huang Li Hun, Serlina	本公司 Our Company	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	92,000股 普通股(L) 92,000 ordinary shares (L)	0.02%

附註:

- Notes:
- 1. 「L」指董事於本公司或相關相聯法團股份之好倉。
- The letter "L" denotes the Directors' long position in the shares of our Company or the relevant associated corporation.
- 2. 所披露權益指皓天於本公司所持權益,而於二零 二一年十二月三十一日,皓天則由執行董事黃志深 先生全資擁有。因此,根據證券及期貨條例,黃志深 先生被視為擁有皓天於本公司的權益。
- 2. The disclosed interest represented the interest in the Company held by Sky Halo which was in turn wholly owned by Mr. Huang Chih Shen, an executive Director as at 31 December 2021. Therefore, Mr. Huang Chih Shen was deemed to be interested in the interest of Sky Halo in the Company by virtue of the SFO.

董事姓名 Name of Director	本集團成員公司/ 相聯法團名稱 Name of Group member/associated corporation	身份/權益性質 Capacity/nature of interest	證券數目及類別 (附註1) Number and class of securities (Note 1)	股權概約百分比 Approximate percentage of shareholding
黃志深先生 Mr. Huang Chih Shen	皓天 Sky Halo	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	10,000股普通股 10,000 ordinary shares	100.00%

附註:

 所披露權益指皓天之權益,於二零二一年十二月 三十一日皓天由黃志深先生全資擁有。

除上文披露者外,於二零二一年十二月三十一日,董事及本公司主要行政人員概無於本公司、其任何集團成員公司或其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)任何股份、相關股份或債權證中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部須知會本公司及聯交所的任何其他權益或淡倉(包括彼等根據證券及期貨條例有關條文被認為或視作擁有的權益或淡倉),或根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記錄在該條文所述登記冊內或根據標準守則規定的任何其他權益或淡倉。

Note:

. The disclosed interest represented the interest in Sky Halo which was wholly owned by Mr. Huang Chih Shen as at 31 December 2021.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, none of the Directors and chief executives of the Company had any other interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company, any of its Group members or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code.

主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份中的權益及/或淡倉

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,就董事所知,以下人士/實體(董事或本公司主要行政人員除外)於本公司、其任何集團成員公司及/或其相聯法團股份或相關股份中,擁有或被視為擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部條文須向本公司披露的權益或淡倉,或已記入根據證券及期貨條例第336條本公司須存置的登記冊內的權益或淡倉:

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND/OR SHORT POSITION IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2021, so far as was known to the Directors, the following persons/entities (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) had, or were deemed to have, interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company, its Group members and/or associated corporations which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO:

股東名稱/姓名 Name of Shareholder	本集團成員公司/ 相聯法團名稱 Name of Group member/associated corporation	身份/權益性質 Capacity/nature of interest	證券數目及類別 (附註1) Number and class of securities (Note 1)	股權概約百分比 Approximate percentage of shareholding
皓天 (附註2) Sky Halo (Note 2)	本公司 Our Company	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	327,242,688股 普通股(L) 327,242,688 ordinary shares (L)	54.54%
卓慧縈女士 (附註3) Ms. Cheuk Wai Ying (Note 3)	本公司 Our Company	家族 Family	327,242,688股 普通股(L) 327,242,688 ordinary shares (L)	54.54%
陳洪光先生 Mr. Chan Hung Kwong, Patrick	本公司 Our Company	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	33,031,758股 普通股(L) 33,031,758 ordinary shares (L)	5.51%
卓廉徽先生 Mr. Cheuk Lim Fai	本公司 Our Company	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	30,204,000股 普通股(L) 30,204,000 ordinary shares (L)	5.03%

附註:

- 「L」指該人士於本公司或相關集團成員或相聯法團股份之好倉。
- 2. 皓天於英屬處女群島註冊成立·而於二零二一年 十二月三十一日·其全部已發行股本由黃志深先生 全資擁有。
- 根據證券及期貨條例,黃志深先生的配偶卓慧縈女士被視為擁有黃志深先生於本公司的權益。

Notes:

- The letter "L" denotes the person's long position in the shares of our Company or the relevant Group member or associated corporation.
- Sky Halo was incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and the entire issued share capital of which was wholly owned by Mr. Huang Chih Shen as at 31 December 2021.
- . Ms. Cheuk Wai Ying, spouse of Mr. Huang Chih Shen, was deemed to be interested in Mr. Huang Chih Shen's interest in the Company by virtue of the SFO.

除上文披露者外,於二零二一年十二月三十一日,董事並不知悉任何其他人士/實體(董事及本公司主要行政人員除外)於本公司、其集團成員公司或相聯法團中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部之條文須向本公司披露之股份或相關股份之權益或淡倉,或已記入根據證券及期貨條例第336條本公司須存置的登記冊內的權益或淡倉。

競爭及利益衝突

於二零二一年,除招股章程所披露者外,概無董事或本公司主要股東或任何彼等各自的聯繫人從事與本集團業務構成或可能構成競爭的任何業務或與本集團有任何其他利益衝突。

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

於二零二一年,本公司並無贖回其任何上市證券,而本公司及其任何附屬公司亦無購買或出售本公司任何上市證券。

税務減免

董事並不知悉任何因股東持有本公司證券而 享有的税務減免詳情。

優先購股權

本公司組織章程細則或開曼群島法例並無有 關優先購股權的條文致使本公司有責任按比 例向現有股東發售新股份。

充足公眾持股量

根據本公司可公開取得的資料以及據董事所知,本公司於二零二一年一直維持上市規則所訂明的公眾持股量。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, the Directors were not aware of any other persons/entities (other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company, its Group members or associated corporations which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

COMPETITION AND CONFLICT OF INTERESTS

During the year 2021, save as disclosed in the Prospectus, none of the Directors or substantial shareholders of the Company or any of their respective associates has engaged in any business that competes or may compete with the business of the Group or has any other conflict of interests with the Group.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

The Company did not redeem any of its listed securities, and neither did the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchase or sell any of the Company's listed securities during the year 2021.

TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION

The Directors are not aware of any tax relief and exemption available to the shareholders by reason of their holding of the Company's securities.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for the pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association, or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules during the year 2021.

企業管治報告

本集團企業管治常規的詳情,載於本年報第23 至37頁的企業管治報告內。

薪酬政策

薪酬委員會已告成立,以審閱有關本公司董事及高級管理層所有薪酬的本公司薪酬政策及結構,當中考慮本公司的經營業績、個人表現及可資比較的市場慣例。本公司概無採納任何長遠激勵計劃。

報告期後重要事項

除本年報其他部分所披露者外,於報告期後概 無發生對本集團造成影響的重要事項。

核數師

本公司應屆股東周年大會上,將提呈再度委任 退任核數師羅兵咸永道會計師事務所的決議 案。

承董事會命 **迅捷環球控股有限公司** *主席兼行政總裁* 黃志深

香港,二零二二年三月三十一日

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Details of the Group's corporate governance practices can be found in the Corporate Governance Report contained on pages 23 to 37 in this annual report.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The Remuneration Committee was set up for reviewing the Company's emolument policy and structure of all remuneration of the Directors and senior management of the Company, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market practices. No long-term incentive schemes have been adopted by the Company.

IMPORTANT EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Save as disclosed elsewhere in this annual report, there is no important event affecting the Group which has occurred after the reporting period.

AUDITORS

A resolution to re-appoint the retiring auditors, Messrs. PricewaterhouseCoopers, is to be proposed at the forthcoming AGM of the Company.

By order of the Board

Speedy Global Holdings Limited

Huang Chih Shen

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 31 March 2022



羅兵咸永道

致迅捷環球控股有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

我們已審計的內容

迅捷環球控股有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」) 及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」),其列載 於第90至184頁的綜合財務報表,包括:

- 於二零二一年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合全面收益表;
- 截至該日上年度的綜合權益變動表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合現金流量表;及
- 綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策 及其他説明資料。

我們的意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

To the Shareholders of Speedy Global Holdings Limited

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of Speedy Global Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which are set out on pages 90 to 184, comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended:
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計 準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該 等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審 計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步 闡述。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

獨立性

根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德 守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴 集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這 些事項是在我們審計綜合財務報表及出具意 見時進行整體處理的。我們不會對這些事項提 供單獨的意見。

我們在審計中識別的關鍵審計事項概括如下:

- 滯銷或陳舊存貨的可變現淨值
- 商譽及其他非金融資產減值評估

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters identified in our audit are summarised as follows:

- Net realisable value of slow-moving and obsolete inventories
- Impairment assessment of goodwill and other non-financial assets

關鍵審計事項 Key Audit Matter

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

滯銷及陳舊存貨的可變現淨值 Net realisable value of slow-moving and obsolete inventories

請參閱綜合財務報表附註4(b)及附註10。 Refer to note 4(b) and note 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

貴集團製造及銷售廣泛的梭織衣服、剪裁針 織產品及毛衫針織品。有關產品的價值將於 其被廢棄或客戶需求有變時嚴重下降。滯銷 及陳舊存貨可能出現減值。於二零二一年 十二月三十一日,管理層就有關存貨計提撥 備約5.7百萬港元。

The Group manufactures and sells a wide range of woven wear, cut-and-sewn knitwear and sweater knitwear products. The value of these products will drop significantly when they become obsolete or there is a change in customers' demand. The slow-moving and obsolete inventories may be impaired. As at 31 December 2021, management made a provision of approximately HK\$5.7 million for such inventories.

我們了解管理層對滯銷存貨及陳舊存貨可變現淨值的內部控制及評估過程,並通過考慮估計的不確定性程度及其他固有風險因素的水準,如複雜性、主觀性、變化以及容易受到管理層偏見或欺詐的影響,評估重大錯報的內在風險。

We obtained an understanding of the management's internal control and process of assessing the net realisable value of slow-moving and obsolete inventories, and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and the level of other inherent risk factors, such as complexity, subjectivity, changes and susceptibility to management bias or fraud.

我們已執行特別程序包括:

Specific procedures we have performed included:

- 我們對上個期間存貨減值撥備的評估結果進行了評價,以評估管理層估計程序的有效性;
- We evaluated the outcome of prior period assessment of the provision for impairment of inventories to assess the effectiveness of management's estimation process;
- 我們評估及測試了存貨減值評估的主要控制措施,包括估計存 貨可變現淨值的程序。
- We evaluated and tested the key controls over the impairment assessment of inventories, including the procedures on estimating the net realisable value of the inventories;
- 我們獲取了每件存貨項目的賬齡曲線,並通過與存貨記錄核對, 抽樣檢驗賬齡情況的準確性;
- We obtained the ageing profile of each inventory item and tested the accuracy of the ageing profile, on a sample basis, by checking to the inventory records;
- 我們抽查了從後續銷售訂單及發票中獲得的售價,並與存貨成本進行比較;
- We checked the selling prices obtained from subsequent sales orders and invoices, on a sample basis, and compared to the cost of inventories;

關鍵審計事項 Key Audit Matter

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

由於可變現淨值的估計存在很大的不確定性, 我們重點審核了滯銷及陳舊存貨的減值情況。 滯銷及陳舊存貨減值評估的內在風險被認為 屬重大,乃由於在估計售價減出售成本涉及 重大判斷,並考慮存貨賬齡、初步生產及與 客戶協定的銷售計劃、銷售具類似性質存貨 的歷史經驗以及其他可用因素。

We focused on auditing the impairment of slow-moving and obsolete inventories because the estimation of net realisable value is subject to high degree of estimation uncertainty. The inherent risk in relation to the impairment assessment of slow-moving and obsolete inventories is considered significant due to significant judgements involved in estimating the selling prices less costs to sell, taking into consideration of the ageing of inventories, preliminary production and sales plans agreed with customers, historical experience of selling inventories of similar nature and other available factors

- 我們與管理層討論其對無後續銷售的滯銷及陳舊存貨的可變現 淨值的評估,並結合銷售訂單、類似產品的當前市場價格、歷史 利潤率及相關存貨的可銷售性(視情況而定)進行説明。
- We discussed with management as to its assessment on the net realizable value for slow moving and obsolete inventories with no subsequent sales, collaborating explanations with sales orders, current market prices of similar products, historical margins and marketability of the relevant inventories, as appropriate;
- 我們從截至核數師報告日期發生的事件獲得證據,並通過考慮 與客戶協定的初步生產及銷售計劃,質疑管理層對估計售價的 預期;
- We obtained evidence from events occurring up to the auditor's report date and challenged management's expectation in estimating the selling prices by considering the preliminary production and sales plans agreed with customers;
- 我們考慮管理層在作出重大假設及選擇最新售價的數據、存貨 賬齡、與客户協定的初步生產及銷售計劃、銷售類似性質存貨 的過往經驗及其他可得因素時的判斷是否將導致可能出現管理 偏差的指標,以及在發現可能出現的管理偏差指標時對審計的 影響。
- We considered whether the management's judgements in making the significant assumptions and selecting the data of the latest selling prices, ageing of inventories, preliminary production and sales plans agreed with customers, historical experience of selling inventories of similar nature and other available factors would give rise to indicators of possible management bias and the implications to the audit when indicators of possible management bias are identified.

基於上述程序,我們認為管理層於評估存貨減值撥備時所採用的判斷及假設可由已獲得的證據支持。

Based on the procedures above, we considered that management's judgements and assumptions applied in the assessment of provision for impairment of inventories were supportable by the evidences obtained.

關鍵審計事項 Key Audit Matter

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

商譽及其他非金融資產減值評估 Impairment assessment of goodwill and other non-financial assets

請參閱綜合財務報表附註4(d)、4(e)、8 及9。 Refer to note 4(d), 4(e), 8 and 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

年內, 貴集團已錄得商譽及無形資產減值 撥備分別約11,400,000港元及600,000港元。 The Group has recorded an impairment provision for goodwill and intangible assets amounted to approximately HK\$11.4 million and HK\$0.6 million respectively during the year.

管理層認為翰盈集團為現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」),並根據使用價值及公平值減出售成本二者中較高者估計其可收回金額。根據管理層評估,現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)的使用價值(「使用價值」)高於其公平值減出售成本(「公平值減出售成本」)。使用價值乃根據管理層就若干主要輸入值(包括預測銷售增長率、預算毛利率及貼現率)作出假設的貼現未來現金流量預測計算。

Management considered the Splendid Gains Group as a cash generating unit ("CGU") and estimated its recoverable amount based on the higher of its value in use and fair value less costs of disposal calculation. Based on management's assessment, the value in use ("VIU") of the cash generating unit ("CGU") is higher than its fair value less cost of disposal ("FVLCOD"). The VIU was based on the discounted future cash flow forecasts where management made assumptions on certain key inputs, including forecast sales growth rate, budget gross margin, and discount rate.

我們了解管理層的內部控制及評估減值的程序,並透過考慮估計不明朗因素及其他固有風險因素(如複雜性、主觀性、管理層偏見或欺詐的變動及敏感性)的程度評估重大錯誤陳述的內在風險。

We obtained an understanding of the management's internal controls and process of assessing the impairment, and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and the level of other inherent risk factors, such as complexity, subjectivity, changes and susceptibility to management bias or fraud.

我們已執行的特定程序包括:

Specific procedures we have performed included:

- 我們評估減值撥備的過往年度評估結果,以評估管理層估計程序的成效;
- We evaluated the outcome of prior year assessment of the provision for impairment to assess the effectiveness of management's estimation process;
- 我們向管理層了解翰盈集團未來數年的業務計劃;
- We understood from management the business plan of the Splendid Gains Group for the coming years;
- 我們將預測銷售增長率及預算毛利率與近三年的過往表現進行 比較;
- We compared the forecast sales growth rate and budget gross margin with the historical performance in the recent three years;

關鍵審計事項 Kev Audit Matter

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

我們專注於審核商譽及其他非金融資產減值, 因為可收回金額的估計涉及高度估計不確定 性。由於估計預測銷售增長率、預算毛利率 及用於編製貼現未來現金流量預測的貼現率 所涉及的重大判斷,故商譽及其他非金融資 產減值評估的固有風險被視為重大。

We focused on auditing the impairment of goodwill and other non-financial assets because the estimation of recoverable amount is subject to high degree of estimation uncertainty. The inherent risk in relation to the impairment assessment of goodwill and other non-financial assets, it is considered significant due to significant judgements involved in estimating forecast sales growth rate, budget gross margin, and discount rate used for preparing the discounted future cash flow forecasts.

- 我們通過比較我們的內部基準數據,評估減值檢討所用的貼現率:
- We assessed the discount rate applied to the impairment review by comparing to our internal benchmark data;
- 我們對預測銷售增長率、預算毛利率及貼現率進行敏感度分析:
- We performed sensitivity analysis over the forecast sales growth rate, budget gross margin and discount rate;
- 我們自截至核數師報告日期發生的事件獲得證據,並質疑管理 層對預測銷售增長率、預算毛利率及貼現率的估計;及
- We obtained evidence from events occurring up to the auditor's report date and challenged management's estimation of the forecast sales growth rate, budget gross margin and discount rate; and
- 我們考慮管理層在作出對預測銷售增長率、預算毛利率及貼現率作出重大假設時的判斷,是否會導致可能存在管理層偏差的指標,以及在發現可能存在管理層偏差的指標時對審核的影響。
- We considered whether the management's judgement in making the significant assumptions on the forecast sales growth rate, budget gross margin and discount rate would give rise to indicators of possible management bias and the implications to the audit when indicators of possible management bias are identified.

基於上述程序,我們認為管理層在評估商譽及其他非金融資產減值 撥備時所應用的判斷及假設由已獲得的證據支持。

Based on procedures above, we considered that management's judgements and assumptions applied in the assessment of the provision for impairment of goodwill and other non-financial assets were supportable by the evidences obtained.

及其他非金融資產其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括 年報內的所有資料,但不包括綜合財務報表及 我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料,我們亦不對該等其他資料發表任何形式的 鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任 是閱讀其他資料,在此過程中,考慮其他資料 是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所 了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大 錯誤陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他資料存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。 就此,我們沒有任何報告。

董事及審計委員會就綜合財務報表須 承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審計委員會須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告 過程。

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中, 我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。 我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設 計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以 及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我 們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、 偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕於內 部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導 致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現 因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the
 consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error,
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks,
 and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate
 to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
 one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
 intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
 internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性 作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定 是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確 定性,從而可能導致對 貴集銀們認數 經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認數 存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核 報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務表 報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務表 則相關披露。假若有關的披露不足, 的相關披露。假若有關的披露不足, 時間 問題發表非無保留意見。我們的審計 是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審計 證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致 集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表 是否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資料獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審計委員會溝通了計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向審計委員會提交聲明, 説明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求, 並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項, 以及在適用的情況下, 為消除威脅而採取的行動或相關的防範措施。

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

從與審計委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些 事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因 而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描 述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這 些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預 期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果 超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中 溝通該事項。 From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是 張健邦。 The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Cheung Kin Bong.

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

執業會計師

香港,二零二二年三月三十一日

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 31 March 2022

綜合財務狀況表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

		於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December		cember
		附註 Note	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$′000	二零二零年 2020 千港元 HK\$'000
資產	ASSETS			
非流動資產	Non-current assets			
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	6	42,681	53,963
使用權資產	Right-of-use assets	7	6,915	9,171
無形資產	Intangible assets	8	718	5,330
商譽	Goodwill	9	-	11,387
遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets	19	3,209	3,804
			53,523	83,655
流動資產	Current assets			
存貨	Inventories	10	44,569	72,425
應收賬款及其他應收款項	Trade and other receivables	12	116,011	126,164
預付款項	Prepayments	13	30,058	35,074
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents	14	193,107	179,835
			383,745	413,498
資產總值 ————————————————————————————————————	Total assets		437,268	497,153

綜合財務狀況表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

		As at 3		·二月三十一日 : 31 December	
			二零二一年 2021	二零二零年 2020	
		附註 Note	千港元 HK\$′000	千港元 HK\$'000	
權益 本公司權益持有人應佔權益	EQUITY Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company				
股本	Share capital	15	60,000	60,000	
股份溢價	Share premium	15	53,441	53,441	
其他儲備	Other reserves	16	24,726	23,075	
(累計虧損)/保留盈利	(Accumlated losses)/retained earnings		(17,459)	13,815	
權益總額	Total equity		120,708	150,331	
負債	LIADULTIC				
非流動負債	LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities				
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	7	2,636	5,515	
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	19	3,248	3,895	
			E 004	9,410	
		_	5,884	9,410	
流動負債	Current liabilities				
應付賬款及其他應付款項	Trade and other payables	17	190,188	201,737	
合約負債	Contract liabilities	5	5,428	2,504	
即期税項負債	Current tax liabilities		1,146	2,781	
借貸	Borrowings	18	109,437	126,590	
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	7	4,477	3,800	
			310,676	337,412	
負債總額	Total liabilities		316,560	346,822	
權益及負債總額	Total equity and liabilities		437,268	497,153	

上述綜合財務狀況表應與附註一併閱讀。

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read on conjunction with the accompanying notes.

第90至94頁之財務報表於二零二二年三月 三十一日獲董事會批准,並由以下代表簽署。 The financial statements on pages 90 to 94 were approved by the Board of Directors on 31 March 2022 and were signed on its behalf.

黃志深 Huang Chih Shen 黃麗花 Huang Li Hun, Serlina

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

			截至十二月三十 Year ended 31	
		附註 Note	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$′000	二零二零年 2020 千港元 HK\$'000
收益 銷售成本	Revenue Cost of sales	5 22	750,474 (701,679)	685,688 (625,706)
毛利 分銷成本 行政開支 金融及合約資產減值 虧損淨額 其他收入 其他收益一淨額	Gross profit Distribution costs Administrative expenses Net impairment losses on financial and contract assets Other income Other gains – net	22 22 3.1(b) &23 20 21	48,795 (6,737) (74,336) (2,269) 777 516	59,982 (7,813) (191,845) (11,726) 3,718 940
經營虧損 財務收入 融資成本 融資成本淨額	Operating loss Finance income Finance costs Finance costs – net	25 [25 [(33,254) 286 (5,334) (5,048)	(146,744) 566 (6,847) (6,281)
除所得税前虧損 所得税抵免	Loss before income tax Income tax credit	26	(38,302) 7,028	(153,025) 4,176
本公司權益持有人應佔 年內虧損	Loss for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company		(31,274)	(148,849)
其他全面收入 <i>其後可能重新分類至</i> <i>損益的項目</i> 匯兑差額	Other comprehensive income Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Currency translation differences		1,651	4,552
年內其他全面收入 [,] 扣除税項	Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		1,651	4,552
本公司權益持有人應佔 年內全面虧損總額	Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company		(29,623)	(144,297)
年內本公司權益持有人應佔 虧損的每股基本及攤薄 虧損(以每股港元列示)	Basic and diluted losses per share for loss attributable to equity holders of the Company for the year (expressed in HK\$ per share)	27	(0.0521)	(0.2481)

上述綜合全面收益表應與附註一併閱讀。

The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

				公司權益持有人 equity holders	應佔 of the Company	
		股本		其他儲備	保留盈利/ (累計虧損) Retained earnings/	
		Share capital 千港元 HK\$'000	Share premium 千港元 HK\$'000	Other reserves 千港元 HK\$'000	(accumulated losses) 千港元 HK\$'000	Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零二零年一月一日 之結餘	Balance as at 1 January 2020	60,000	53,441	18,523	180,664	312,628
年內虧損 其他全面收入	Loss for the year Other comprehensive income	- -	-	- 4,552	(148,849)	(148,849) 4,552
年內全面虧損總額	Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	4,552	(148,849)	(144,297)
與擁有人(以擁有人之 身份)進行之交易 已宣派及已支付股息	Transaction with owners in their capacity as owners Dividend declared and paid	-	-	-	(18,000)	(18,000)
於二零二零年 十二月三十一日之結餘	Balance as at 31 December 2020	60,000	53,441	23,075	13,815	150,331
於二零二一年一月一日 之結餘	Balance as at 1 January 2021	60,000	53,441	23,075	13,815	150,331
年內虧損 其他全面收入	Loss for the year Other comprehensive income	-	-	- 1,651	(31,274) -	(31,274) 1,651
年內全面虧損總額	Total comprehensive loss for the year	_	-	1,651	(31,274)	(29,623)
於二零二一年 十二月三十一日之結餘	Balance as at 31 December 2021	60,000	53,441	24,726	(17,459)	120,708

上述綜合權益變動表應與附註一併閱讀。

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

綜合現金流量表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

			截至十二月三 ⁻ Year ended 3	1 December
		附註 Note	二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二零年 2020 千港元 HK\$'000
經營活動的現金流量 經營活動所得現金 已退/(已付)所得税 已付利息	Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations Income taxes refunded/(paid) Interest paid	30(a)	15,614 5,341 (5,334)	27,146 (19,016) (6,847)
經營活動的現金流入淨額	Net cash inflow from operating activities		15,621	1,283
投資活動的現金流量 購買物業、廠房及設備之付款 購買無形資產之付款 出售物業、廠房及設備 所得款項 已收利息	Cash flows from investing activities Payments for purchase of property, plant and equipment Payments for purchase of intangible assets Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Interest received	6 8 30(b)	(2,023) - 344 286	(2,945) (21) 88 566
投資活動的現金流出淨額	Net cash outflow from investing activities		(1,393)	(2,312)
融資活動的現金流量 借貸所得款項 償還借貸 應付票據增加/(減少) 已付股息 租賃付款之主要部分	Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from borrowings Repayments of borrowings Increase/(decrease) in bills payable Dividend paid Principal elements of lease payments		104,729 (121,882) 15,503 – (4,118)	153,748 (88,378) (30,325) (18,000) (9,327)
融資活動的現金(流出)/ 流入淨額	Net cash (outflow)/inflow from financing activities		(5,768)	7,718
現金及現金等價物增加淨額 年初現金及現金等價物 匯率變動對現金及 現金等價物之影響	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		8,460 179,835 4,812	6,689 169,775 3,371
年終現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year		193,107	179,835

上述綜合現金流量表應與附註一併閱讀。

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 一般資料

迅捷環球控股有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要從提內 多家全球知名品牌擁有人或代理提供 泛的梭織衣服、剪裁針織產品及毛 織品的服裝供應鏈服務業務(「服裝等 鏈服務業務」),本集團亦一直從零售 鏈服務業務」),本集團亦一直從零售 類人民共和國(「中國」)經營服裝資 務(「服裝零售業務」)以及物業投資 發業務(「物業投資及開發業務」)。

本公司於二零一一年九月二十八日根據開曼群島公司法(二零一零年修訂本)在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。註冊辦事處地址為Vistra (Cayman) Limited, P.O. Box 31119, Grand Pavilion, Hibiscus Way, 802 West Bay Road, Grand Cayman, KY1-1205, Cayman Islands。

本公司自二零一三年一月十五日起在香港聯合交易所有限公司主板 上市。

除另有所指外,該等綜合財務報表乃以 港元(「港元1)呈列。

2 主要會計政策概要

本附註載列於編製該等綜合財務報表時 所採納的主要會計政策。除另有指明外, 該等政策已於所有呈報年度貫徹應用。

2.1 編製基準

本集團的綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會發出的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)及遵守香港公司條例(第622章)的披露要求編製。綜合財務報表乃按歷史成本法編製。

編製符合香港財務報告準則的財務報表要求使用若干重要會計估算。在應用本集團會計政策時,亦要求管理層行使其判斷。於附註4披露的該等範疇涉及高度判斷或高度複雜性,或涉及對綜合財務報表屬重大假設和估計。

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Speedy Global Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are principally engaged in the apparel supply chain servicing business which offers a wide range of woven wear, cut-and-sewn knitwear and sweater knitwear products to a number of owners or agents of global reputable brands (the "Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business"), the Group had also been engaged in the apparel retail business operating in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") (the "Apparel Retail Business"), and the property investment and development business (the "Property Investment and Development Business").

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 28 September 2011 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law (2010 Revision) of the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is at the office of Vistra (Cayman) Limited, P.O. Box 31119, Grand Pavilion, Hibiscus Way, 802 West Bay Road, Grand Cayman KY1-1205, Cayman Islands.

The Company has been listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited since 15 January 2013.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$"), unless otherwise stated.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

(i) 本集團採納的新訂準則、對 現有準則的修訂及詮釋

> 下列新訂準則、對現有準則 的修訂及詮釋於自二零二一 年一月一日開始之年度會計 期間發行及生效。

準則、修訂或 主題 詮釋

香港財務報告準則第 2019冠狀病毒 16號(修訂本) 病相關租金 減免

香港財務報告準則 利率基準改革 第9號、香港會計 第二階段 準則第39號、香港財務報告 準則第7號、香港 財務報告準則 第4號及香港財務 報告準則第16號 (修訂本)

上述修訂本對先前期間或本期間確認的金額並無任何影響,預期對未來期間不會有重大影響。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

(i) New standards, amendments to existing standards and interpretations adopted by the Group

The following new standards, amendments to existing standards and interpretations have been issued and effective for the annual accounting period beginning on 1 January 2021.

Standards, Amendments Subject or Interpretations

HKFRS 16 Covid-19-Related Rent (Amendments) Concessions

HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, Int HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 (Amendments)

Interest Rate Benchmark
Reform Phase 2

The amendments listed above did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior or current periods and are not expected to significantly affect or future periods.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

(ii) 已發行但未生效之新訂準則、 對現有準則的修訂及詮釋

本報告期間已發佈若干不強制採納的新訂會計準則、現有準則的修訂及詮釋等與 事集團未提早採納。該來與 則預計不會在當前或未預見 告期間對本集團以及可襲 的未來交易產生重大影響。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

(ii) New standards, amendments to existing standards and interpretations that have been issued but are not effective

Certain new accounting standards, amendments to existing standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for adoption during the current reporting period and have not been early adopted by the Group. None of these is expected to have a material impact on the Group in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

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準則、修訂或詮釋 2000年	主題	於下列日期或之後開始的 年度會計期間生效 Effective for annual
Standards, Amendments or Interpretations	Subject	accounting periods beginning on or after
年度改進項目	二零一八年至二零二零年週期之年度改進	二零二二年一月一日
Annual Improvements Project	Annual Improvements 2018 – 2020 Cycle	1 January 2022
香港會計準則第37號(修訂本) HKAS 37 (Amendments)	有償合約-履行合約之成本 Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract	二零二二年一月一日 1 January 2022
香港財務報告準則第3號(修訂本) HKFRS 3 (Amendments)	對概念框架之提述 Reference to the Conceptual Framework	二零二二年一月一日 1 January 2022
香港會計準則第16號(修訂本) HKAS 16 (Amendments)	物業、廠房及設備: 擬定用途前之所得款項 Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use	二零二二年一月一日 1 January 2022
會計指引第5號(修訂本) Accounting Guideline 5 (Amendments)	共同控制下合併的合併會計法 Merger Accounting for Common Control Combinations	二零二二年一月一日 1 January 2022
香港財務報告準則第17號 HKFRS 17	保險合約 Insurance Contract	二零二三年一月一日 1 January 2023
香港會計準則第1號(修訂本) HKAS 1 (Amendments)	分類為流動或非流動之負債 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	二零二三年一月一日 1 January 2023
香港會計準則第1號及香港財務報告 準則實務報告第2號之修訂本	會計政策披露	二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of Accounting Policies	1 January 2023
香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計 準則第28號(修訂本)	投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間的資產出售或 投入	待確定
HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (Amendments)	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	To be determined
香港詮釋第5號 (2020年) 財務報表之呈列 Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) Presentation of Financial Statements	借款人對包含按要求償還條款之有期貸款之分類 Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause	二零二三年一月一日 1 January 2023
香港會計準則第8號(修訂本) HKAS 8 (Amendments)	會計估計定義 Definition of Accounting Estimates	二零二三年一月一日 1 January 2023
香港會計準則第12號(修訂本) HKAS 12 (Amendments)	產生自單一交易的資產及負債相關的遞延税項 Deferred Tax Related to Assets and Liabilities Arising from a Single Transaction	二零二三年一月一日 1 January 2023

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.2 合併原則及權益入賬

(i) 附屬公司

附屬公司指揮 () 医 () E

本集團業務合併採用收購會計法入賬(參閱附註2.3)。

附屬公司的業績及權益中的 非控股權益分別單獨於綜合 全面收益表、綜合權益變動 表及綜合財務狀況表呈列。

(ii) 所有權權益的變動

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.2 Principles of consolidation and equity accounting

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Group (refer to note 2.3).

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of financial position respectively.

(ii) Changes in ownership interests

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control as transactions with owners of the Group. A change in ownership interest results in an adjustment between the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests to reflect their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount of the adjustment to non-controlling interests and any consideration paid or received is recognised in a separate reserve within equity attributable to owners of the Company.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.3 業務合併

本集團採用收購會計法將所有業務 合併入賬,不論是否已收購權益工 具或其他資產。收購一間附屬公司 所轉讓的代價包括:

- 所轉讓資產的公平值;
- 被收購業務的前任擁有人所 產生負債;
- 本集團已發行股權;
- 或然代價安排產生的任何資 產或負債的公平值;及
- 附屬公司任何先前存在的股權的公平值。

在業務合併過程中購入的可識別資產以及承擔的負債及或然負債,均於收購當日按其公平值初步計量(少數例外情況除外)。本集團按逐項收購基準,按公平值或按非控股權益所佔被收購實體可識別資產淨值的比例確認於被收購實體的任何非控股權益。

收購相關成本乃於產生時支銷。

以下各項

- 所轉讓代價;
- 於被收購實體的任何非控股權益金額;及
- 任何先前於被收購實體的股權於收購日期的公平值

超逾所收購可識別資產淨值公平值的差額,乃入賬列作商譽。倘該等金額低於所收購業務可識別資產淨值的公平值,則該差額會直接於損益確認為議價購買收益。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.3 Business combinations

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the:

- fair values of the assets transferred;
- liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquired business:
- equity interests issued by the Group;
- fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement; and
- fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The excess of the

- consideration transferred;
- amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity; and
- acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquired entity

over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the business acquired, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss as gain from bargain purchase.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.3 業務合併(續)

倘遞延結算任何部分現金代價,則日後應付款項貼現至彼等於兑換實的現值。所用的貼現率乃該實體的增量借款利率,即根據可資比實體的增量借款利率,即根據可資比實際人條款及條件可從獨立金融機構獲得類似借款的利率。或然代價分類為金融負債。分類為金融負債的金額隨後重新計量至其公平值變動則於損益內確認。

倘業務合併分階段進行,則收購方 先前持有的被收購方股權於收購日 期的賬面價值按收購日期的公平值 重新計量。該重新計量產生的任何 收益或虧損乃於損益確認。

2.4 獨立財務報表

於附屬公司的投資按成本扣除減值 列賬。成本包括直接應佔投資成本。 附屬公司的業績乃由本公司按已收 及應收股息基準入賬。

倘股息超出附屬公司宣派股息期間 全面收入總額,或倘獨立財務報表 中投資賬面值超出綜合財務報表 所示投資對象資產淨值(包括商譽) 的賬面值,則須於自該等投資收取 股息時,對於附屬公司的投資進行 減值測試。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.3 Business combinations (Continued)

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions. Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently remeasured to fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date. Any gains or losses arising from such remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss.

2.4 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.5 分部報告

營運分部按照與向主要營運決策者 提供的內部報告一致的方式報告。 董事會主席已確認為主要營運決策 者,負責分配資源及評估營運分部 的表現。

2.6 外幣換算

(i) 功能與呈列貨幣

本集團各實體的財務報表內的項目,乃以該實體營運所在主要經濟環境的貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。綜合財務,報表以港元(「港元」)列報,港元為本公司的功能貨幣及本集團的呈列貨幣。

(ii) 交易與結餘

外幣交易按交易當日的匯率 或重新計量項目的估值換算 為功能貨幣。結算該等數 以及將以外幣計值的貨勢 產和負債按年終匯率換算產 生的外匯收益及虧損通常於 損益確認。

有關借貸的匯兑收益及虧損 計入綜合全面收益表「融資 成本」內。所有其他匯兑收益 及虧損計入綜合全面收益表 「其他收益一淨額」內。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.5 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chairman of the board, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the chief operating decision-maker.

2.6 Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$"), which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in profit or loss.

Foreign exchange gain and loss that relate to borrowings are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, within "finance costs". All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within "other gains – net".

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.6 外幣換算(續)

(iii) 集團公司

所有集團實體(均非極高通 脹經濟地區的貨幣)的功能貨 幣倘與呈列貨幣不同,其業 績及財務狀況均按以下方法 換算為呈列貨幣:

- 每份呈列的財務狀況表 的資產與負債均以該結 算日期的收市匯率換 算;
- 每份全面收益表的收入 及開支按平均匯率 算(除非該平均匯率率 不代表交易日期匯率 計影響的合理約數; 計影響的合理約數 計影響的合理的數 此情況下,收入及開支 則按交易日期的匯率換 算);及
- 所有因此產生的匯兑差額在其他全面收益中確認。

2.7 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按歷史成本減累 計折舊及累計減值虧損(如有)入 賬。歷史成本包括因直接購買該等 項目而產生的開支。

只有有關項目的未來經濟利益可能 流入本集團,且該項目成本能可靠 計算時,其後續成本方可計入資產 賬面值或確認為個別資產(視適用 情況而定)。任何入賬列作個別資 產的部分於更換時,終止確認其態 面值。所有其他維修及保養開支均 於產生該等開支的報告期間自損益 扣除。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.6 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(iii) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

2.7 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.7 物業、廠房及設備(續)

折舊乃按以下估計可使用年期或租 賃裝修按以下使用年期或租賃期 (以較短者為準)進行折舊,除非該 實體預計於租賃期後使用該等資產 以直線法計算,以分配其成本或重 新估值金額(扣除其餘值):

•	樓宇	20年
•	租賃裝修	2至10年
•	傢俬及固定裝置	5至10年
•	辦公室設備	3至5年
•	機器	7至10年
•	汽車	4至5年

資產的餘值及可使用年期於各報告 期末審閱,並作適當調整。

倘資產賬面值高於估計可收回金額 (附註2.9),則該資產的賬面值即 時撇減至其可收回金額。

出售之收益及虧損乃經比較所得款 項與賬面值後釐定,並計入損益中。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.7 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost or revalued amounts, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives or, the leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of their useful life or the lease term, unless the entity expects to use the assets beyond the lease term as follows:

•	Buildings	20 years
•	Leasehold improvements	2-10 years
•	Furniture and fixtures	5-10 years
•	Office equipment	3-5 years
•	Machinery	7-10 years
•	Motor vehicles	4-5 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (note 2.9).

Gains and losses on disposal are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.8 無形資產

(i) 商譽

就減值測試而言,商譽分配 至現金產生單位。對預譽而 從業務合併中產生商現是 益的現金產生單位或現 生單位組別作出分配。 學 或單位組別識別為商 體 可 部 管理而言受監察之最 (附註9)。

(ii) 客戶關係

於業務合併中獲得之客戶關係按於收購日期之公平值確認。彼等具有限可使用年期,且隨後按成本減累計攤銷本人 減值虧損列賬。該等成本間據合約的預計現金流時間按 這年估計使用年期進行攤銷。

(iii) 購入的電腦軟件特許權

購入的電腦軟件特許權按購入及使該特定軟件可供使用時所產生成本作資本化處理。 此等成本按其估計可使用年期3至5年攤銷。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.8 Intangible assets

(i) Goodwill

Goodwill is measured as described in note 2.3. Goodwill is not amortised but it is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired, and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing. The allocation is made to those cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose. The units or groups of units are identified at the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes (note 9).

(ii) Customer relationships

Customer relationships acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. They have a finite useful life and are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. These costs are amortised based on the timing of projected cash flows of the contracts over their estimated useful lives of 3 years.

(iii) Acquired computer software licences

Acquired computer software licences are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful lives of 3 to 5 years.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.9 非金融資產減值

無限使用年期的商譽及無形資產, 毋須進行攤銷,惟每年須進行減值 測試(或倘有事件或情況變動顯示 彼等可能減值時,則更頻繁進行測 試)。每當有事件或情況變動顯示 賬面值或不可收回,則會就其他資 產作出減值測試。資產賬面值高於 其可收回金額的數額會確認為減值 虧損。可收回金額為資產公平值減 出售成本與使用價值兩者的較高 者。就評估減值而言,資產按可分 開識別現金流入的最低級別分組, 其大致卜獨立於其他資產或資產組 合(現金產生單位)的現金流入。倘 非金融資產(商譽除外)出現減值, 則會於各報告期末檢討減值是否可 予撥回。

2.10 其他金融資產

(i) 分類

本集團將其金融資產分類至 下列計量類別:

將按攤銷成本計量之資產。

分類視乎實體管理金融資產 的業務模式及現金流合約期 限而定。

本集團僅於管理該等資產的 業務模式變更時將債務投資 重新分類。

(ii) 確認及終止確認

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.9 Impairment of non-financial assets

Goodwill and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

2.10 Other financial assets

(i) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement category:

• those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

(ii) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.10 其他金融資產(續)

(iii) 計量

本集團在初始確認時,按公 平值計量金融資產,加上購 買金融資產時直接應佔之交 易成本。

債務工具

債務工具之後續計量取決於 本集團管理資產之業務模式 及該項資產之現金流量特點。 本集團將其債務工具分類為 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產。

(iv) 減值

本集團按前瞻性基準評估按 攤銷成本列賬之債務工具相 關之預期信貸虧損。所採用 減值方法視乎信貸風險是否 大幅增加而定。

就應收賬款而言,本集團應用香港財務報告準則第9號允許之簡化方法,要求於初始確認應收款項起確認預期全期虧損,詳情請參閱附註3.1。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.10 Other financial assets (Continued)

(iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. The Group classifies its debt instruments as financial assets at amortised cost.

Financial assets at amortise'd cost are assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

(iv) Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables, see note 3.1 for further details.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.11抵銷金融工具

當本公司目前有法定可執行權力可 抵銷已確認金額,並有意按淨額基 準結算或同時變現資產及結算負債 時,金融資產與負債可互相抵銷, 並在財務狀況表報告其淨額。

2.12 存貨

原材料、在製品及成品按成本與可 變現淨值的較低者列賬。成本包 直接材料、直接勞工及可變及及 日常開支的適當部分,後者按正 營運產能分配。成本以加權平均 管運產能分配。成本以加權不 方配至各存貨項目。已購產 成本經扣除回扣及折扣後釐定的 變現淨值指日常業務過程中的必 雙現等值指計完成成本及預計必要 的出售成本。

2.13 應收賬款及其他應收款項

應收賬款為在日常業務中就所售出 貨品或所進行的服務應收客戶的 款項。其一般於30至90日內到期結 算,因此均列為流動資產。

應收賬款及其他應收款項初步按無條件的代價金額確認,但重大融資部分的應收賬款及其他應收款項技 公平值確認。本集團持有應收款項按 及其他應收款項的目標為收取內 現金流量,因此隨後使用實際團 法按攤銷成本計量。有關本集計 應收賬款及其他應收款項的會計 應收賬款及其他應收款項的會 理的詳情以及本集團減值政策的描 述,請分別參閱附註12及附註3.1。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.11 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in each statement of financial position where the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.12 Inventories

Raw materials, work in progress and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity. Costs are assigned to individual items of inventory on the basis of weighted average costs. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

2.13 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. They are generally due for settlement within 30 to 90 days and therefore are all classified as current.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the trade and other receivables with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. See note 12 for further information about the Group's accounting for trade and other receivables and note 3.1 for a description of the Group's impairment policies.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.14 現金及現金等價物

為呈列綜合現金流量表,現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金、金融機構活期存款、原到期日不超過三個月的其他短期高流動性投資(易於動力)以及銀行透支,銀行透數動度很小)以及銀行透支。銀行透透力,於綜合財務狀況表中流動負債的借貸內。

2.15 股本

普通股分類為權益(附註15)。直接 歸屬於發行新股份或期權的新增成 本,在權益中列為所得款項抵減項 (扣除稅項)。

2.16 應付賬款及其他應付款項

該等款項指財政年度年結日前就提供予本集團的貨品及服務而未支付的負債。該等款項為無抵押且一般於確認後30至90日內支付。應付賬款及其他應付款項呈列為流動負債,惟於報告期後12個月內未到期的付款除外。其初步按公平值確認,其後利用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

2.17 借貸

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.14 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position.

2.15 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity (note 15). Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

2.16 Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 to 90 days of recognition. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.17 Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.17 借貸(續)

倘合約所訂明責任獲解除、註銷或 屆滿時,借貸會自綜合財務狀況表 移除。已失效或轉讓予另一方的金 融負債的賬面值與已付代價(包括 已轉讓非現金資產或已承擔負債) 之差額,於損益確認為融資成本。

除非本集團有無條件權利將負債 的結算遞延至報告期末後最少12個 月,否則借貸分類為流動負債。

2.18借貸成本

直接歸屬於收購、建造或生產合資格資產的一般及專用借貸成本,於需完成或籌備資產方能作預定用途或出售期間撥充資本。合資格資產指需經一段較長時間籌備方能作預定用途或出售的資產。

在專用借貸撥作合資格資產支出前 之暫時投資所賺取投資收入,應自 合資格撥充資本的借貸成本中扣 除。

其他借貸成本於其產生期間支銷。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.17 Borrowings (Continued)

Borrowings are removed from the consolidated statement of financial position when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss as finance costs.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liabilities for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

2.18 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.19 即期及遞延所得税

期內所得稅開支或貸項為基於各司 法權區的適用所得稅率就即期應課 稅收入支付的稅項,並根據暫時差額及未動用稅項虧損應佔的遞延稅項資產及負債之變動進行調整。

(i) 即期所得税

(ii) 遞延所得税

遞延所得税乃採用負債法, 就資產和負債的税基與其在 綜合財務報表賬面值間暫時 差額悉數撥備。然而,倘遞延 税項負債來自於商譽的初步 確認,則其不會被確認。倘遞 延所得税來自於交易(業務 合併除外)中對資產或負債的 初步確認,而在交易時不影 響會計處理或應課税損益及 並無產生任何相等應課税及 可扣税暫時差額,則亦不會 入賬。遞延所得税乃以於報 告期末前已生效或實際生效 的税率(及税法)並以預期於 變現相關遞延所得稅資產或 償還遞延所得税負債時適用 税率釐定。

倘日後可能出現應課税金額 可用於動用該等暫時差額及 虧損,則確認遞延税項資產。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.19 Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

(i) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

(ii) Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.19 即期及遞延所得税(續)

(ii) 遞延所得稅(續)

倘本公司能控制撥回暫時差 額的時間及該等差額很可能 不會於可見將來撥回,則不 會就海外業務投資賬面值與 税基之間的暫時差額確認遞 延税項負債及資產。

即期及遞延税項於損益確認,惟以 其與於其他全面收益或直接於權益 內確認的項目有關為限。於此情況 下,稅項亦分別於其他全面收益或 直接於權益內確認。

2.20 僱員福利

(i) 短期責任

僱員直至報告期末之服務 預期末分價員提供相關服務 間結束後12個月內計劃 的非貨有關負債之間 的非貨有關負債之財務 計量。負債於誤 計量。負債於期 行。 任。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.19 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

(ii) Deferred income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and where the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

2.20 Employee benefits

(i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits and accumulating sick leave that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the consolidated statement of financial position.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.20 僱員福利(續)

(ii) 其他長期僱員福利責任

倘本集團並無無條件權利將 結算遞延於報告期後至少 十二個月·無論預期實際結 算何時發生·該責任將於綜 合財務狀況表呈列為流動負 債。

(iii) 退休後責任

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.20 Employee benefits (Continued)

(ii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liabilities for long service leave and annual leave that are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. These obligations are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the end of the reporting period of high-quality corporate bonds with terms and currencies that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in profit or loss.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position if the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

(iii) Post-employment obligations

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "Pension Scheme") set up pursuant to the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for all of its employees in Hong Kong. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the Pension Scheme. The assets of the Pension Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administrated fund. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid.

綜合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.20 僱員福利(續)

(iii) 退休後責任(續)

根據中國的政府規例,本集 團須按中國員工該年度的7%至20%,就若干退休福 利計劃供款,由地方市市政府 承擔本集團該等僱員的退休 福利責任。就該等退休福利 計劃作出的供款,於產生時 在綜合全面收益表扣除。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.20 Employee benefits (Continued)

(iii) Post-employment obligations (Continued)

Pursuant to the government regulations in the PRC, the Group is required to contribute an amount to certain retirement benefit schemes based on approximately 7% to 20% of the wages for the year of those employees in the PRC. The local municipal government undertakes to assume the retirement benefits obligations of those employees of the Group. Contributions to these retirement benefits schemes are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as incurred.

In addition, pursuant to the government regulations in Cambodia, all enterprises or establishment must register with the National Social Security Fund ("NSSF"). Employers are obliged to pay contributions to the NSSF for occupational risk and heath care schemes for all employees. In occupational risk scheme, the contribution rate is 0.8% of employee's monthly salary whereas in health care scheme the contribution rate is 2.6% of employee's monthly salary. Contributions to these benefits schemes are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as incurred.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.21 撥 備

當本集團因過往已發生的事件而產 生現有法定或推定責任,很可能需 要資源流出以償付責任,且金額可 獲可靠估計時便會確認法律申索、 服務保修及履行責任撥備。概不會 就日後經營虧損確認撥備。

倘有多項類似責任,則釐定需要流 出資源償付的可能性時,整體考慮 責任的類別。即使就同一責任類別 所包含任何一個項目流出資源的可 能性極低,仍須確認撥備。

撥備按照於報告期末管理層對償付 現有責任所需開支的最佳估計的現 值計量。用於釐定現值的貼現率為 反映當時市場對金錢時間值及有關 責任固有風險的評估之稅前利率。 隨著時間過去而增加的撥備確認為 利息開支。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.21 Provisions

Provisions for legal claims, service warranties and make good obligations are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

綜合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.22 收益確認

貨品銷售-服裝供應鏈服務業務

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.22 Revenue recognition

Sales of goods – Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business

The Group manufactures and sells a wide range of woven wear, cut-and-sewn knitwear and sweater knitwear products to a number of owners or agents of global reputable brands. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customers, the wholesaler has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the wholesaler's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specified location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customers, and either the wholesaler has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

The products are sometimes sold with volume discounts and customers have a right to return faulty products in the wholesale market. Revenue from these sales is based on the price specified in the sales order, net of the estimated volume discounts and returns at the time of sale. Accumulated experience is used to estimate and provide for the discounts and returns, using the expected value method, and revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. The volume discounts are assessed based on anticipated annual purchases. No significant element of financing is deemed present as the sales are made with a credit term of 30 to 90 days, which is consistent with market practice.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.22 收益確認(續)

貨品銷售-服裝供應鏈服務業務 (續)

應收款項於交付貨品時確認,原因為僅在付款日期到期前才需經過一段時間予以確認,而該階段之代價為無條件。

2.23 每股盈利

(i) 每股基本盈利

每股基本盈利按以下方式計 算:

- 本公司持有人應佔溢利 (不包括普通股除外的 服務權益的任何成本)
- 除以財政年度已發行普 通股加權平均數(經就 年內已發行普通股的花 紅部分作出調整,不包 括庫務股份)。

(ii) 每股攤薄盈利

每股攤薄盈利調整了釐定每 股基本盈利所用數據,以考 慮:

- 利息的除所得税後影響 及與具潛在攤薄效應的 普通股相關的其他融資 成本,及
- 假設所有具潛在攤薄效應的普通股獲轉換後,額外發行在外普通股的加權平均數。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.22 Revenue recognition (Continued)

Sales of goods – Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business (Continued)

Receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

2.23 Earnings per share

(i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares
- by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares, and
- the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.24 和賃

租賃自租賃資產可供本集團使用之日 起確認為使用權資產和相應負債。

合約可能包含租賃及非租賃部分。 本集團根據相關單獨價格將合約代 價分配至租賃及非租賃部分。然而, 就本集團作為承租人的房地產租賃 而言,其已選擇不分開租賃及非租 賃部分,而將彼等作為單一租賃部 分入賬。

租期乃按個別基準協商及包含廣泛 不同的條款及條件。租賃協議不附 帶任何契諾(於出租人所持租賃資 產的抵押權益除外)。租賃資產不 得用作借貸抵押。

租賃產生的資產和負債在現值基礎 上進行初始計量。租賃負債包括下 列租賃付款的淨現值:

- 固定付款額(包括實質固定 付款額),扣除應收的租賃激 勵;
- 取決於租賃開始日初步計量 的指數或比率的可變租賃付 款額;
- 本集團根據餘值擔保預計應 付的金額;
- 購買選擇權的行權價,前提 是本集團合理確定將行使該 選擇權;及
- 終止租賃的罰款金額,前提 是租賃期反映出本集團將行 使該項選擇權。

根據合理確定的延期選擇權支付的租賃付款也包括在負債計量中。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.24 Leases

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices. However, for leases of real estate for which the Group is a lessee, it has elected not to separate lease and non-lease components and instead accounts for these as a single lease component.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date:
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.24 租賃(續)

租賃付款額按照租賃內含利率折現。如果無法確定該利率(此情況 普遍存在於本集團租賃中),則應採用承租人的增量借款利率,即個別承租人為在類似經濟環境下獲得價值與使用權資產相近的資產,以類似條款、擔保和條件借入資金而必須支付的利率。

為釐定增量借款利率,本集團:

- 在可能情況下,使用個別承租人最近獲得的第三方融資為出發點作出調整,以反映自獲得第三方融資以來融資條件的變動;
- 使用累加法,首先就若干香港附屬公司所持有租賃的信貸風險(最近並無第三方融資)調整無風險利率;及
- 進行租約特定的調整,例如期限、國家、貨幣及抵押。

倘個別承租人可獲得與租賃付款情 況類似的隨時可觀察到的攤銷貸款 利率(通過近期融資或市場數據), 則集團實體將該利率用作釐定增量 借貸利率的起點。

租賃付款在本金與融資成本間分配。融資成本於租期內自損益扣除以計算出各期間負債結餘的固定週期利率。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.24 Leases (Continued)

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received;
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases held by certain subsidiaries in Hong Kong, which does not have recent third party financing; and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

If a readily observable amortising loan rate is available to the individual lessee (through recent financing or market data) which has a similar payment profile to the lease, then the group entities use that rate as a starting point to determine the incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.24 租賃(續)

使用權資產按成本計量,包括以下 各項:

- 和賃負債的初始計量金額;
- 於開始日期或之前作出的任何租賃付款減任何已收租賃優惠;
- 任何初始直接成本;及
- 恢復成本。

使用權資產通常按資產使用壽命和 租賃期兩者中較短者按照直線法進 行折舊。如果本集團合理確定行使 購買選擇權,則使用權資產在標的 資產的使用壽命內折舊。

與所有低價值資產租賃相關的付款按照直線法在損益中確認為費用。 低價值資產包括小型辦公室及公 寓。

經營租賃(本集團作為出租人)的租賃收入於租期內按照直線法確認為收入(附註20)。於獲取經營租賃時產生的初始直接成本會加入相關資產的賬面值,並於租期內按確認租賃收入的同一基準確認為開支。相關租賃資產按其性質計入綜合財務狀況表。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.24 Leases (Continued)

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs; and
- restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Payments associated with all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Low-value assets comprise small offices and apartments.

Lease income from operating leases where the Group is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term (note 20). Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying asset and recognised as expense over the lease term on the same basis as lease income. The respective leased assets are included in the consolidated statement of financial position based on their nature.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.25 股息分派

就於報告期末或之前已宣派但於報告期末並未分派之任何股息金額(須經適當授權及再不由本集團酌情決定)作出撥備。

2.26 利息收入

採用實際利率法計算的以攤銷成本 計量的金融資產及按損益計入其他 全面收益之金融資產的利息收入, 於損益確認為其他收入的一部分。

出於現金管理目的而持有的金融資產的利息收入列示為財務收入,請參閱下文附註25。任何其他利息收入計入其他收入。

金融資產利息收入按實際利率乘以金融資產賬面總額計算,後續會發生信貸減值的金融資產除外。發生信貸減值的金融資產的利息收入按實際利率乘以金融資產賬面價值減去虧損撥備後的淨額計算。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.25 Dividend distribution

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the Group, on or before the end of the reporting period but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

2.26 Interest income

Interest income on financial assets at amortised cost and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss as part of other income.

Interest income is presented as finance income where it is earned from financial assets that are held for cash management purposes, see note 25 below. Any other interest income is included in other income.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理

3.1 財務風險因素

本集團經營活動面對各種財務風險:市場風險(包括貨幣風險、現金流量利率風險及公平值利率風險)、信貸風險及流動資金風險。本集團整體風險管理政策針對難以預測的金融市場,務求盡可能減低對本集團財務表現的潛在不利影響。

(a) 市場風險

(i) 外匯風險

未來商業交易、已確認 資產及負債以及海外業 務淨投資會產生外匯風 險。

如未來商業交易或已確 認資產或負債並非以 實體的功能貨幣計值, 即產生外匯風險。以人 民幣(「人民幣」)作為 其功能貨幣的集團公司 所面臨外匯風險主要與 港元有關。以美元(「美 元」)作為其功能貨幣的 集團公司所面臨外匯風 險主要與港元有關。以 港元作為其功能貨幣的 集團公司所面臨外匯風 險主要與人民幣有關。 本集團透過密切監察外 幣匯率變動以管理其外 雁風險。

本集團於中國進行投資,該等投資的資產所 值面臨外幣換算風險。 本集團中國投資資產的 值產生的貨幣風險主要 透過中國境外派付股息 管理。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations.

Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions or recognised assets or liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency. For group companies with Renminbi ("RMB") as their functional currency, foreign exchange risk arises primarily with respect of HK\$. For group companies with US dollars ("USD") as their functional currency, foreign exchange risk arises primarily with respect of HK\$. For group companies with HK\$ as their functional currency, foreign exchange risk arises primarily with respect to RMB. The Group manages its foreign exchange risk by closely monitoring the movement of the foreign currency rates.

The Group has investments in the PRC, whose net assets are exposed to foreign currency translation risk. Currency exposure arising from the net assets of the Group's investments in the PRC is managed primarily through dividends paid outside the PRC.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(a) 市場風險(續)

(i) 外匯風險(續)

敝口

本集團於報告期末面臨 的外幣風險敞口(以港 元列示)如下:

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(a) Market risk (Continued)

(i) Foreign exchange risk (Continued)
Exposure

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period, expressed in HK\$, is as follows:

			Foreign	currency			
		人民幣	美元	其他		港元	總計
			USD	Others	Sub-total	HK\$	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
31 December 2021	二零二一年十二月三十一日						
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	49,738	39,075	442	89.255	103,852	193,107
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款項	102,788	11,103	_	113,891	2,120	116,011
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款項	(126,974)	(3,170)	-	(130,144)	(60,044)	(190,188)
31 December 2020	二零二零年十二月三十一日						
		47.477	44.544	EOU	/1 221	118,614	179,835
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	46,177	14,514	530	61,221	110,014	177,000
Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables	現金及現金等價物 應收賬款及其他應收款項	46,177 101,439	14,514 22,546	562	124,547	1,617	126,164

於損益確認的金額 年內,以下匯兑相關金 額於損益內確認: Amounts recognised in profit or loss During the year, the following foreign-exchange related amounts were recognised in profit or loss:

		截至十二月三 Year ended 3 二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000	31 December
計入其他收益的匯兑 收益淨額(附註21) 計入融資成本的外幣借款 匯兑收益(附註25)	Net foreign exchange gains included in other gains (note 21) Exchange gains on foreign currency borrowings included in finance costs (note 25)	727 583	378 532
年內於除所得稅前溢利 確認的淨匯兑收益總額	Total net foreign exchange gains recognised in profit before income tax for the year	1,310	910

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (a) 市場風險(續)
 - (i) 外匯風險(續) 敏感度

本集團主要於中國及香 港經營業務,而大部分 交易以中國人民幣(「人 民幣」)、美元(「美元」) 及港元計值與結算。外 匯風險來自日後商業交 易、所收購資產與負債 及海外業務投資淨額。 本集團诱過定期審閱並 於有需要時安排對沖外 匯風險,管理外匯風險。 有關本集團應收賬款及 其他應收款項、現金及 銀行結餘、應付賬款及 其他應付款項以及銀 行借貸的詳情,分別在 綜合財務報表附註12、 14、17及18披露。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (a) Market risk (Continued)
 - (i) Foreign exchange risk (Continued)
 Sensitivity

The Group mainly operates in the PRC and Hong Kong with most of the transactions denominated and settled in Chinese Renminbi ("RMB"), United States dollars ("USD") and HK\$. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, acquired assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations. The Group manages its foreign exchange risks by performing regular reviews and arranges hedges against foreign exchange exposures when considered necessary. Details of the Group's trade and other receivables. cash and bank balances, trade and other payables, and bank borrowings are disclosed in Notes 12, 14, 17 and 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2021, if RMB had strengthened/weakened by 5% (2020: 5%) against the HK\$ with all other variables held constant, profit after income tax for the year would have been approximately HK\$1,705,000 (2020: HK\$449,000) higher/lower mainly as a result of foreign exchange gains/losses on translation of RMB-denominated cash and bank balances

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(a) 市場風險(續)

(ii) 現金流量及公平值利率 風險

> 於二零二一年及二零二 零年十二月三十一日, 本集團的現金及現金等 價物以及借貸按浮動利 率持有。

> 本集團的借貸的利率及 到期日於附註18披露。

> 管理層監察利率變動, 以確保所承受利率風險 處於可接受水平範圍 內。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (a) Market risk (Continued)
 - (ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk arises mainly from cash and cash equivalents and borrowings. Cash and cash equivalents and borrowings at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Cash and cash equivalents and borrowings at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group's cash and cash equivalents and borrowings were held at variable rates.

The interest rates and maturities of the Group's borrowings are disclosed in note 18.

Management monitors interest rate fluctuations to ensure that exposure to interest rate risk is within an acceptable level.

As at 31 December 2021, if HK\$ interest rates on cash and cash equivalents and bank borrowings had been 25 (2020: 25) basis points higher/lower with all other variables held constant, profit after income tax for the year would have been approximately HK\$174,000 (2020: HK\$110,000) lower/higher, mainly as a result of higher/lower net interest expense on cash and cash equivalents and bank borrowings.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險

信貸風險來自現金及現金等價物、按攤銷成本入賬之債 務工具的合約現金流量以及 批發客戶的信貸敞口(包括 未償還應收款項)。

(i) 風險管理 信貸風險按組別基準管 理。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, contractual cash flows of debt instruments carried at amortised cost, as well as credit exposures to wholesale customers, including outstanding receivables.

(i) Risk management

Credit risk is managed on a group basis.

The Group's credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis. The carrying amounts of these balances represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets which are stated as follows:

			截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December	
		二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二零年 2020 千港元 HK\$'000	
現金及現金等價物應收賬款及	Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables	193,107	179,835	
其他應收款項		116,011 309,118	305,999	

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, most of the bank deposits are deposited with reputable banks in Hong Kong and state-owned banks in the PRC. The credit quality of cash and bank balances has been assessed by reference to external credit ratings or to historical information about the counterparty default rates. The existing counterparties do not have defaults in the past.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(i) 風險管理(續)

本集團大部分應收賬款之信貸期為90日內, 大多為應收商業客戶款項。

本集團面對有限信貸 集中風險(附註3.1(b) (ii))。

為低派度管逾團收以作損事已將信集團責信條期定賬確出撥認所來與實營運動責信確。因實營資保此每收可預此團會營資保此每收可預此團。以兩人與大學,個金回信言資化收本別額金貸,風管重於與外項回收期而信實與大學,個金回信言資

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(i) Risk management (Continued)

In respect of trade and other receivables, the Group has policies in place to ensure that the sales of products are made to counterparties or customers with appropriate credit history and the Group performs credit evaluations of these counterparties and its customers.

The credit period of the majority of the Group's trade receivables is within 90 days and largely comprises amounts receivable from business customers.

There is limited degree of concentration of credit risks of the Group (Note 3.1(b)(ii)).

In order to minimise the credit risks, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up actions are taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews regularly the recoverable amount of each individual trade receivable to ensure that adequate provision for expected credit losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

- i) 風險管理(續) 本集團須受預期信貸虧 損模型所限的金融資產 如下:
 - 銀行現金及現金 等價物
 - 應收賬款及其他 應收款項

現金及現金等價物亦須 按香港財務報告準則第 9號減值規定處理,已識 別減值虧損亦為微不足 道。

(ii) 金融資產減值

應收賬款須受限於預期 信貸虧損模式。而現金 及現金等價物、按金 其他應收款項亦須遵等 香港財務報告準則第9 號的減值規定,已識別 減值虧損並不重大。

應收賬款

本集團應用香港財務報告準則第9號的簡化方法計量預期信貸虧損, 其對所有應收賬款使用 全期預期虧損撥備。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

- (i) Risk management (Continued)

 The Group has the following financial assets that are subject to the expected credit loss model:
 - cash and cash equivalents at bank
 - trade and other receivables

While cash and cash equivalents is also subject to the impairment requirements of HKFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial.

(ii) Impairment of financial assets

Trade receivables are subject to the expected credit loss model. While cash and cash equivalents, deposits and other receivables are also subject to the impairment requirements of HKFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial.

Trade receivables

The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measure expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

金融資產減值(續) 應收賬款(續) 為計量預期信貸虧損, 應收賬款按分攤信貸風 險特徵及逾期天數進行 分類。

根據此基準,於二零二 一年十二月三十一日 及二零二零年十二月 三十一日的應收賬款虧 損撥備釐定如下:

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(ii) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)
Trade receivables (Continued)

To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due.

The expected loss rates are based on the past repayment history and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables.

On that basis, the loss allowance for trade receivables as at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020 was determined as follows:

		發票日期起 30日內 Within 30 days invoice date	發票日期後 31至90日 31 to 90 days past invoice date	發票日期後 91至180日 91 to 180 days past invoice date	發票日期後 181至365日 181 to 365 days past invoice date	發票日期後 365日以上 Over 365 days past invoice date	總計 Total
二零二一年十二月三十一日	31 December 2021						
預期虧損率	Expected loss rate	0.0%	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%	100%	
脹面總額-應收賬款(千港元)	Gross carrying amount						
(附註)	- trade receivables (HK\$'000) (Note)	72,114	27,701	2,654	244	-	102,713
虧損撥備(千港元)	Loss allowance (HK\$'000)	3	4	24	_*	-	31
二零二零年十二月三十一日	31 December 2020						
預期虧損率	Expected loss rate	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	2.6%	100%	
賬面總額-應收賬款(千港元)	Gross carrying amount						
(附註)	-trade receivables (HK\$'000) (Note)	54,155	41,607	8,661	989	-	105,412
虧損撥備(千港元)	Loss allowance (HK\$'000)	23	17	4	26	-	70

附註:上述金額不包括經個別 評估的應收賬款的減值 撥備·有關詳情將於下 段進一步說明。

* 金額小於千港元

Note: The amounts above do not include the trade receivables which are assessed individually for impairment allowance, which are further explained in the below paragraph.

* The amount is less than HK\$'000

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(ii) 金融資產減值(續) 應收賬款(續)

> 於二零二一年十二語 表別 一年十二語 一日,有面與 2,238,000 港元(00) 第一(00) 第一(00)

> 應收賬款減值撥備的變動如下:

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(ii) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)
Trade receivables (Continued)

As at 31 December 2021, trade receivables of approximately HK\$2,238,000 (2020: HK\$13,713,000) was individually assessed where there is objective evidence that the debtor faces significant financial difficulties. The trade receivables relate to a customer in the United States which has come into financial crisis due to the outbreak of coronavirus disease in early 2020. The Group made an impairment provision of HK\$2,238,000 for the remaining balance brought forward from the prior year.

Movements of the provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

		截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December 二零二一年 二零二零年 2021 2020 千港元 千港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000	
年初 呆賬撥備 年內撇銷不可收回之 應收款項	At beginning of year Allowance for doubtful debts Receivables written-off during the year as uncollectible	11,726 2,269 (11,726)	13 11,726 (13)
年終	At end of year	2,269	11,726

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(ii) 金融資產減值(續) 應收賬款(續)

> 倘無收回合理預期,會 撇銷應收賬款。無收回 合理預期指標包括(其 中包括)債務人無法與 本集團進行還款計劃及 逾期180日以上期間未 能作出合約付款。

> 應收賬款的減值虧損於 經營溢利內呈列未減值 虧損淨額。倘後續收回 先前已撤銷的金額,則 計入同一項目。

> 本集團存在信貸風險 集中的情况。五大客 戶所佔銷貨額約為 693.733.000港元,佔本 集團截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度 的收益92.4%(二零二零 年:533,667,000港元, 佔77.8%)。五大應收賬 款結餘約為103,852,000 港元,佔二零二一年 十二月三十一日的應收 賬款結餘總額94.3%(二 零二零年十二月三十一 日:103,645,000港元, 佔87.0%)。本集團不斷 密切監察尚欠應收款項 結餘的收賬情況,盡量 降低該信貸風險。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- **(b)** Credit risk (Continued)
 - (ii) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)
 Trade receivables (Continued)

Trade receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include, amongst others, the failure of a debtor to engage in a repayment plan with the Group, and a failure to make contractual payments for a period of greater than 180 days past due.

Impairment losses on trade receivables are presented as net impairment losses within operating profit. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the same line item.

The Group has concentration of credit risk. Sales of goods to the top five customers constituted approximately HK\$693,733,000 representing 92.4% of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: HK\$533,667,000, representing 77.8%). The top five trade receivable balances accounted for approximately HK\$103,852,000, representing 94.3% of the gross trade receivable balances as at 31 December 2021 (31 December 2020: HK\$103,645,000, representing 87.0%). Collections of outstanding receivable balances are closely monitored on an ongoing basis to minimise the credit risk.

Other financial assets at amortised cost

Other financial assets at amortised cost include other receivables. The Group applies the general approach in assessing the expected credit loss on other receivables according to the requirements of HKFRS 9 and the identified impairment loss was immaterial.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

i) 金融資產減值(續) 於損益內確認的金融資 產減值虧損淨額 年內,以下與已減值金 融資產有關的金額於損 益內確認:

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(ii) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Net impairment losses on financial assets
recognised in profit or loss

During the year, the following amounts were
recognised in profit or loss in relation to
impaired financial assets:

		截至十二月三 Year ended 3 二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000	31 December
減值虧損 一應收賬款虧損 撥備變動 一其他金融資產 減值虧損	Impairment losses - movement in loss allowance for trade receivables - impairment loss on other financial assets	2,269	11,726 _
金融資產減值虧損淨額	Net impairment losses on financial assets	2,269	11,726

(c) 流動資金風險

審慎的流動資金風險管理意味需要維持充足現金及現金及現金。等價物以及透過足夠金數管理。 等價額度獲得備用資金以管預額責任。本集團以營業務所得資金及銀行借貸提供所需營運資金。

(c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due. The Group finances its working capital requirements through a combination of funds generated from operations and bank borrowings.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) 流動資金風險(續)

下表根據合約到期日劃分本 集團之非衍生金融負債的有 關到期組別分析。

表中所披露金額均為合約未 貼現現金流量。於12個月內 到期的結餘等於其賬面餘額, 因為折現影響並不重大。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities.

The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	金融負債的合約到期日 Contractual maturities of financial liabilities	少於一年 Less than 1 year 千港元 HK\$'000	一年至 兩年內 Between 1 and 2 years 千港元 HK\$'000	兩年至 五年內 Between 2 and 5 years 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零二一年十二月三十一日 非衍生 銀行借貸(附註18(a)) 借貸利息付款 租賃負債(附註7(a)) 租賃負債利息付款 應付賬款及其他應付款項*	At 31 December 2021 Non-derivatives Bank borrowings (note 18(a)) Interest payments on borrowings Lease liabilities (note 7(a)) Interest payment on lease liabilities Trade and other payables*	109,437 491 4,477 240 186,727	- - 2,336 52 -	- - 300 4 -	109,437 491 7,113 296 186,727
總計	Total	301,372	2,388	304	304,064
於二零二零年十二月三十一日 非衍生 銀行借貸(附註18(a)) 借貸利息付款 租賃負債(附註7(a)) 租賃負債利息付款 應付賬款及其他應付款項*	At 31 December 2020 Non-derivatives Bank borrowings (note 18(a)) Interest payments on borrowings Lease liabilities (note 7(a)) Interest payment on lease liabilities Trade and other payables*	126,590 880 3,800 355 198,105	- - 3,875 176 -	- - 1,640 19 -	126,590 880 9,315 550 198,105
總計	Total	329,730	4,051	1,659	335,440

^{*} 不包括其他應付税項。

附註:銀行借款及租賃負債的利息乃 按二零二一年及二零二零年 十二月三十一日各自適用的利 率計算,直至其到期日為止。 Note: The interests on bank borrowings and lease liabilities are calculated by applying the respective applicable interest rates as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 over the period up to their respective maturity dates.

^{*} Excluding other taxes payable.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.2 資本風險管理

(a) 資本風險

本集團的資本管理政策旨在:

- 保障其按持續經營基準 繼續營運的能力,從而 可繼續為股東帶來回報 及為其他持份者帶來利 益;及
- 維持最佳的資本結構以 減低資金成本。

為了維持或調整資本結構, 本集團可能會調整支付予股 東的股息金額、向股東發還 資本、發行新股或出售資產 以減低債務。

負債比率按照債務淨額除權益總額計算。債務淨額按綜合財務狀況表所示的借貸及租賃負債總額減現金及現金等價物計算。

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度, 因本集團有淨現金狀況,故 資產負債比率不適用。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.2 Capital risk management

(a) Risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to:

- safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders; and
- maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The gearing ratio is calculated at net debt divided by total equity. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings and lease liabilities as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position, less cash and cash equivalents.

Since the Group has a net cash position as at year ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, gearing is not applicable.

		截至十二月三十一日止年度 As at 31 December		
		2021	2020	
		千港元		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
現金及現金等價物(附註14)	Cash and cash equivalents (note 14)	193,107	179,835	
減:借貸總額及租賃負債(附註18及7)	Less: total borrowings and lease liabilities (notes 18 and 7)	(116,550)	(135,905)	
淨現金狀況 總權益	Net cash position Total equity	76,557 120,708	43,930 150,331	
總資本	Total capital	197,265	194,261	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公平值估計

本集團金融資產(包括應收賬款及 其他應收款項以及現金及現金等價物)及短期金融負債(包括應付賬 款及其他應付款項、即期借貸及即 期租賃負債)由於其到期日較短, 故其賬面值與其公平值相若。

4 主要會計估計及判斷

編製財務報表需使用會計估計,顧名思義,其很少會等同於實際結果。管理層亦需在應用本集團的會計政策時作出判斷。

估計和判斷受持續評估。彼等乃根據歷 史經驗及其他因素做出,包括可能對實 體財務產生影響及在有關情況下被認為 屬合理的未來事件預測。

(a) 即期及遞延所得税

釐定所得税撥備時,需要作出重大 判斷。日常業務中,可能出現多項 涉及未能確切釐定最終税項之交易 及計算。倘該等事項之最終税務結 果有別於最初記錄,有關差額將影 響作出決定期間之所得税及遞延税 項撥備。

管理層認為可能有臨時差額或稅項 虧損而可用以抵銷未來應課稅溢利 時,則會確認有關該等臨時差額或 稅項虧損的遞延稅項資產。實際應 用結果或有不同。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets, including trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents, and short-term financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, current borrowings and current lease liabilities, approximate their fair values due to their short-term maturities.

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgement in applying the Group's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(a) Current and deferred income taxes

Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income tax. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such difference will impact the income tax and deferred tax provision in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised when management considers to be probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. The outcome of their actual utilisation may be different.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4 主要會計估計及判斷(續)

(b) 存貨之可變現淨值

(c) 金融資產減值

金融資產的虧損撥備乃根據有關違約風險及預期虧損比率之假設及選定。本集團於作出該等假設及選擇減值計算輸入數據時,根據本集團的往績、現行市況及於各報告期末之前瞻性估計作出判斷。所用主要假設及輸入數據的詳情披露於附註3.1(b)的表格。

(d) 非金融資產減值

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

(b) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business less estimated selling expenses. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in economic conditions in places where the Group operates and changes in customer taste and competitor actions in response to changes in market conditions. Management reassesses these estimates at each reporting date.

(c) Impairment of financial assets

The loss allowances for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. Details of the key assumptions and inputs used are disclosed in note 3.1(b).

(d) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets at the end of each reporting period. Non-financial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs to sell is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4 主要會計估計及判斷(續)

(e) 商譽減值估計

本集團每半年測試商譽是否已發生 任何減值。於本報告期間,現金產 生單位(「現金產生單位」)的可收 回金額乃根據需使用假設的使用價 值計算釐定。有關計算根據管理層 批准的財務預算使用五年期現金流 量預測。

有關減值費用、主要假設及主要假設可能變動的影響之詳情,披露於附註9。

5 收益及分部資料

(a) 收益

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度確認的收益如下:

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

(e) Estimation of goodwill impairment

The Group tests whether goodwill has suffered any impairment on a semi-annual basis. For the current reporting period, the recoverable amount of cashgenerating unit ("CGU") was determined based on value-inuse calculations which require the use of assumptions. The calculations use cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a 5-year period.

Details of impairment charge, key assumptions and impact of possible changes in key assumptions are disclosed in note 9.

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

(a) Revenue

Revenue recognised during the year ended 31 December 2021 is as follows:

		截至十二月三 ⁻ Year ended 3	
		二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二零年 2020 千港元 HK\$'000
服裝供應鏈服務業務 服裝零售業務 物業投資及開發業務	Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business Apparel Retail Business Property Investment and Development Business	750,474 - -	685,688 - -
		750,474	685,688

		於十二月: As at 31 D 二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000	
與服裝供應鏈服務業務 相關的合約負債	Contract liabilities related to Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business	5,428	2,504

於二零二一年一月一日,本財政年度就結轉合約負債確認的收益約為2,504,000港元(二零二零年:2,926,000港元)。

The revenue recognised in the current financial year relating to carried-forward contract liabilities as at 1 January 2021 was approximately HK\$2,504,000 (2020: HK\$2,926,000).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5 收益及分部資料(續)

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

(Continued)

(b) 主要客戶資料

來自佔本集團收益10%或以上的主要客戶的收益載列如下:

(b) Information about major customers

Revenue from the major customers, which amounted to 10% or more of the Group's revenue, is set out below:

		截至十二月三十 Year ended 31	
		2021	2020
		千港元 	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
客戶A	Customer A	378,235	266,285
客戶B	Customer B	150,721	98,831
客戶C	Customer C	不適用 N/A *	68,801
		528,956	433,917

* 少於10%

(c) 分部資料

管理層審閱本集團內部報告以評估 表現並分配資源。管理層根據由董 事會主席審閱用以作出策略決定的 內部報告而釐定經營分部。

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度,本集團主要從 事供應鏈服務業務。

管理層根據毛利計算評估經營分部 的表現。其他收益一淨額、融資成 本一淨額及所得稅開支分組管理, 並未分配至經營分部。 * Less than 10%

(c) Segment information

Management reviews the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources. Management has determined the operating segments based on the internal reports reviewed by the chairman of the Board that are used to make strategic decisions.

During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group was principally engaged in Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business.

Management assesses the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of gross profit. Other gains – net, finance costs – net and income tax expense are managed on a group basis and are not allocated to operating segments.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5 收益及分部資料(續)

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

(c) 分部資料(續)

分部資產主要包括物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產、無形資產、商譽、 存貨、應收賬款及其他應收款項、 預付款項及現金及現金等價物。彼 等不包括遞延税項資產。

分部負債包括經營負債。彼等不包括未分配借貸、即期所得税負債及 遞延税項負債。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的分部業績:

(c) Segment information (Continued)

Segment assets consist primarily of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, intangible assets, goodwill, inventories, trade and other receivables, prepayments and cash and cash equivalents. They exclude deferred tax assets.

Segment liabilities comprise operating liabilities. They exclude unallocated borrowings, current income tax liabilities and deferred tax liabilities.

The segment results for the year ended 31 December 2021:

		服裝供應鏈 服務業務 Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business 千港元 HK\$'000	服裝零售 業務 Apparel Retail Business 千港元 HK\$'000	物業投資及 開發業務 Property Investment and Development Business 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
分部收益及來自外部客戶 的收益(附註)	Segment revenue and revenue from external customers (Note)	750,474	-	-	750,474
毛利	Gross profit	48,795	-	-	48,795
物業、廠房及設備折舊	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	13,003	-	_	13,003
使用權資產折舊	Depreciation of right-of-use assets	4,172	-	_	4,172
無形資產攤銷	Amortisation of intangible assets	4,067	-	_	4,067
商譽減值	Impairment on goodwill	11,387	_	_	11,387
無形資產減值	Impairment on intangible assets	555	_	_	555
存貨減值撥備	Allowance for inventory impairment	2,639	_	-	2,639
呆賬撥備	Allowance for doubtful debts	2,269	-	_	2,269

附註:

Note

本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度的收益已於某一時點確認。 The Group's revenue during year ended 31 December 2021 have been recognised at point in time.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5 收益及分部資料(續)

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

(c) 分部資料(續) 於二零二一年十二月三十一日的分 部資產及負債如下:

(c) Segment information (Continued) The segment assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2021 are as follows:

		服裝供應鏈 服務業務 Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business 千港元 HK\$'000	服裝零售業務 Apparel Retail Business 千港元 HK\$'000	物業投資及 開發業務 Property Investment and Development Business 千港元 HK\$'000	未分配 Unallocated 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
資產總值	Total assets	434,059	-	-	3,209	437,268
負債總額	Total liabilities	202,729	_	-	113,831	316,560

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的分部業績:

The segment results for the year ended 31 December 2020:

		服裝供應鏈 服務業務 Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business 千港元 HK\$'000	服裝零售業務 Apparel Retail Business 千港元 HK\$'000	物業投資及 開發業務 Property Investment and Development Business 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
分部收益及來自外部客戶 的收益(附註)	Segment revenue and revenue from external customers (Note)	685,688	-	-	685,688
毛利	Gross profit	59,982	-	-	59,982
物業、廠房及設備折舊	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	13,225	-	-	13,225
使用權資產折舊	Depreciation of right-of-use assets	9,372	-	_	9,372
無形資產攤銷	Amortisation of intangible assets	4,063	_		4,063
商譽減值	Impairment on goodwill	122,648	_		122,648
存貨減值撥備	Allowance for inventory impairment	2,120	_		2,120
呆賬撥備	Allowance for doubtful debts	11,726	_	_	11,726

附註:

Note:

本集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度的收益已於某一時點確認。 The Group's revenue during year ended 31 December 2020 have been recognised at point in time.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5 收益及分部資料(續)

REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

(Continued)

(c) 分部資料(續) 於二零二零年十二月三十一日的分 部資產及負債如下:

(c) Segment information (Continued)

The segment assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2020 are as follows:

		服裝供應鏈	服裝零售	物業投資及		
		服務業務	業務	開發業務	未分配	總計
		Apparel		Property		
		Supply		Investment		
		Chain	Apparel	and		
		Servicing	Retail	Development		
		Business	Business	Business	Unallocated	Total
		 千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
資產總值	Total assets	493,349	-	-	3,804	497,153
負債總額	Total liabilities	213,556	_	_	133,266	346,822

本集團之收益主要來自位於中國 (包括香港及中國內地)之客戶,而 本集團之業務活動主要於中國進 行。本集團按客戶所在地區劃分之 銷售分析如下:

The Group's revenue is mainly derived from customers located in China (including Hong Kong and the PRC) whilst the Group's business activities are conducted predominately in China. An analysis of the Group's sales by geographical area of its customers is as follows:

		二零二一年 2021 千港元	二零二零年 2020 千港元
中國	China	HK\$'000 719,050	HK\$'000
中國 歐洲及北美洲 其他國家	Europe and North America Other countries	22,387 9,037	607,279 78,409 -
		750,474	685,688

綜合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5 收益及分部資料(續)

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

(c) 分部資料(續)

本集團除遞延税項資產以外之非流 動資產,按資產所在地區劃分之分 析如下:

(c) Segment information (Continued)

An analysis of the Group's non-current assets other than deferred tax assets by geographical area in which the assets are located is as follows:

		二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021	2020
		千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
中國	China	13,901	14,216
柬埔寨	Cambodia	36,413	65,635
		50,314	79,851

貨品銷售於集團實體轉移產品至客 戶時,客戶接收產品並可合理確保 可收回相關應收款項時被確認。 Sales of goods are recognised at a point in time when a group entity has delivered products to the customer; the customer has accepted the products and collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

物業、廠房及設備

6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

		樓宇	租賃裝修 Leasehold	家具及裝置 Furniture	辦公室設備 Office	機器	汽車 Motor	總計
		Buildings		and fixtures	equipment	Machinery	vehicles	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零二零年一月一日	At 1 January 2020							
成本	Cost	1,266	16,428	3,083	6,248	83,967	5,475	116,467
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(289)	(11,471)	(1,641)	(5,115)	(30,058)	(4,318)	(52,892)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	977	4,957	1,442	1,133	53,909	1,157	63,575
截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度	Year ended 31 December 2020							
年初賬面淨值	Opening net book amount	977	4,957	1,442	1,133	53,909	1,157	63,575
匯兑差額	Exchange differences	59	167	26	56	432	46	786
添置 出售	Additions	-	1,312	7	284	1,342	-	2,945
山告 折舊開支 (附註30(a))	Disposals Depreciation charge (note 30(a))	(58)	(31) (3,185)	(462)	(4) (281)	(83) (8,784)	(455)	(118) (13,225)
71 11 10 71 (113 112 11)			(5).55)	(172)	(== -)	(-):)	(123)	(::,==:,
年終賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	978	3,220	1,013	1,188	46,816	748	53,963
於二零二零年十二月 三十一日	At 31 December 2020							
成本	Cost	1,347	16,944	3,170	6,763	86,624	5,595	120,443
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(369)	(13,724)	(2,157)	(5,575)	(39,808)	(4,847)	(66,480)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	978	3,220	1,013	1,188	46,816	748	53,963
截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度	Year ended 31 December 2021							
年初賬面淨值	Opening net book amount	978	3,220	1,013	1,188	46,816	748	53,963
匯兑差額	Exchange differences	28	49	16	22	136	2	253
添置 出售	Additions Disposals	-	1,756 (109)	72 -	42 (83)	86 (351)	67 (12)	2,023 (555)
折舊開支 (附註30(a))	Depreciation charge (note 30(a))	(62)		(464)	(397)	(8,843)	(498)	(13,003)
年終賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	944	2,177	637	772	37,844	307	42,681
於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021							
成本	Cost	1,375	18,556	3,257	5,900	80,834	5,652	115,574
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(431)	(16,379)	(2,620)	(5,128)	(42,990)	(5,345)	(72,893)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	944	2,177	637	772	37,844	307	42,681

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(a) 於綜合全面收益表扣除的折舊開支 如下:

6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

(a) Depreciation expense has been charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows:

		截至十二月三 Year ended 3	
		2021	2020
		千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
銷售成本	Cost of sales	2,666	2,712
行政開支	Administrative expenses	10,337	10,513
		13,003	13,225

7 租賃

本附註提供本集團作為承租人的租賃資 料。

(a) 於綜合財務狀況表確認的款項

綜合財務狀況表列示了以下各項與 租賃有關的款項:

7 LEASES

This note provides information for leases where the Group is a lessee.

(a) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

The consolidated statement of financial position shows the following amounts relating to leases:

		於十二月日	於十二月三十一日		
		As at 31 De	ecember		
		2021	2020		
		千港元			
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
使用權資產	Right-of-use assets				
樓宇	Buildings	6,526	8,501		
汽車	Motor vehicles	389	670		
		6,915	9,171		
租賃負債	Lease liabilities				
流動	Current	(4,477)	(3,800)		
非流動	Non-current	(2,636)	(5,515)		
		(7,113)	(9,315)		

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7 租賃(續)

(a) 於綜合財務狀況表確認的款項 (續)

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,添置使用權資產為1,916,000港元(二零二零年一無)。

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度,並無出售使用 權資產。

(b) 於綜合全面收益表確認的款項

綜合全面收益表列示了以下各項與 租賃有關的款項:

7 LEASES (Continued)

(a) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position (Continued)

There were HK\$1,916,000 additions to the right-of-use assets during the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020 – nil).

There were no disposals of the right-of-use assets during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

(b) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income

The consolidated statement of comprehensive income shows the following amounts relating to leases:

			截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December 二零二一年 二零二零年	
		附註 Note	2021 千港元 HK\$′000	2020 千港元 HK\$'000
使用權資產折舊開支	Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets			
樓宇 汽車	Buildings Motor vehicles		(3,891) (281)	(9,089) (283)
			(4,172)	(9,372)
利息開支 (計入融資成本)	Interest expense (included in finance cost)	25	(405)	(677)
與短期租賃有關的開支 (計入銷售成本及 行政開支)	Expense relating to short-term leases (included in cost of sales and administrative expenses)	22	(6,780)	(200)
與低價值資產租賃 (並無於上文列為 短期租賃者)有關的 開支(計入行政開支)	Expense relating to leases of low-value assets that are not shown above as short-term leases (included in administrative			
	expenses)	22	(273)	(313)

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度,租賃現金流出總額約為 11,576,000港元(二零二零年-9,840,000港元)。

(c) 本集團的租賃活動

本集團租用多間辦公室及多輛汽車。租賃合約的租期通常固定為一至五年。

The total cash outflow for leases during the year ended 31 December 2021 was approximately HK\$11,576,000 (2020 – HK\$9,840,000).

(c) The Group's leasing activities

The Group leases various offices and vehicles. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 1 to 5 years.

無形資產 8

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

		電腦軟件	客戶關係	總計
		Computer	Customer	
		software	relationships	Total
				千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	4			
於二零二零年一月一日	As at 1 January 2020	4.000	40.000	40.000
成本 累計攤銷	Cost	1,822	12,000	13,822
系 工 舞朝	Accumulated amortisation	(1,472)	(3,000)	(4,472)
馬面淨值 ————————————————————————————————————	Net book amount	350	9,000	9,350
截至二零二零年十二月	Year ended 31 December 2020			
三十一日止年度				
年初賬面淨值	Opening net book amount	350	9,000	9,350
添置	Additions	21	_	21
匯兑差額	Exchange difference	22	_	22
攤銷(附註30(a))	Amortisation (note 30(a))	(63)	(4,000)	(4,063)
年終賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	330	5,000	5,330
於二零二零年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2020			
成本	Cost	1,960	12,000	13,960
累計攤銷	Accumulated amortisation	(1,630)	(7,000)	(8,630)
		. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	. , , , , , , , ,	(-,,
賬面淨值	Net book amount	330	5,000	5,330
	Net book amount	330	5,000	5,330
	☐ Year ended 31 December 2021			
止年度 5.785.78.78.78.78.78.78.78.78.78.78.78.78.78.				
年初賬面淨值	Opening net book amount	330	5,000	5,330
匯兑差額 概分(7/4) 20 (2)	Exchange difference	10	- (4.000)	10
攤銷(附註30(a))	Amortisation (note 30(a))	(67)	(4,000)	(4,067)
減值	Impairment		(555)	(555)
年終賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	273	445	718
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2021			
成本	Cost	2,018	12,000	14,018
累計攤銷及減值	Accumulated amortisation			
	and impairment	(1,745)	(11,555)	(13,300)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	273	445	718
	TYOU DOOK WITHOUTH	2/3	770	7 10

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8 無形資產(續)

客戶關係

我們於業務合併過程獲得客戶關係。彼 等於收購日期按公平值予以確認及其後 根據合約的估計可使用年期內其預計現 金流量的時間攤銷。

無形資產減值測試

客戶關係根據經營分部分配至識別的本 集團現金產生單位。為進行減值測試,客 戶關係已分配至翰盈集團層面。

服裝供應鏈服務業務經營分部的可收回金額乃根據使用價值計算釐定。此等計算使用基於管理層批准的涵蓋五年期間財政預算的除稅前現金流量預測,其估計復合年增長率為11%(二零二零年:3%)。五年期外的現金流量乃使用終端增長率3%(二零二零年:3%)推算。

管理層的盈利預測乃根據過往業績以及 其預期日後成本及售價的變化作出。未 來現金流量貼現率為16%(二零二零年: 17.9%)。貼現率按稅前計算,反映該經 營分部的特定風險。

管理層認為任何有關上述主要假設之合 理可預見變動將不會導致無形資產的減 值的任何重大差異。

8 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Customer relationships

The customer relationships were acquired as part of a business combination. They are recognised at their fair value at the date of acquisition and are subsequently amortised based on the timing of projected cash flows of the contracts over their estimated useful lives

Impairment test for intangible assets

Customer relationships is allocated to the Group's cashgenerating units identified according to operating segment. For the purposes of impairment testing, customer relationships has been allocated at the level of Splendid Gains Group.

The recoverable amount of the apparel supply chain servicing business operating segment is determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period with estimated compound annual growth rate of 11% (2020: 3%). Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using the terminal growth rate of 3% (2020: 3%).

Management determined forecast profitability based on past performance and its expectation of future changes in costs and sales prices. Future cash flows are discounted at 16% (2020: 17.9%) per annum. The discount rate used is pre-tax and reflects specific risks relating to this operating segment.

Management believes that any reasonably foreseeable change in any of the above key assumptions would not cause any material difference of intangible assets to the impairment.

商譽 9

GOODWILL

		千港元 HK \$' 000
		ПК\$ 000
# 乙一壽一壽左上一日二上 日止左弃	Year ended 31 December 2020	
截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度		124.025
年初賬面淨值 減值	Opening net book amount	134,035
//戌 且	Impairment	(122,648)
年終賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	11,387
MC /00 peq /] [all	Closing thet book arribant	11,007
於二零二零年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2020	
成本	Cost	134,035
累計減值	Accumulated impairment	(122,648)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	11,387
***	Year and along Parambar 2004	
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度	Year ended 31 December 2021	44.007
年初賬面淨值	Opening net book amount	11,387
減值	Impairment	(11,387)
年終賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	_
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2021	
成本	Cost	134,035
累計減值	Accumulated impairment	(134,035)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	-

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9 商譽(續)

(a) 商譽減值測試

管理層在翰盈集團層面對商譽進行 監察。

下表載列獲分配重大商譽的現金產生單位之主要假設:

9 GOODWILL (Continued)

(a) Impairment test for goodwill

Goodwill is monitored by management at the level of Splendid Gains Group.

The following table sets out the key assumptions for the CGU that has significant goodwill allocated to them:

		翰盈集團 Splendid Gains Group
收益(複合年均增長率%) 預算毛利率(佔收益%) 除税前貼現率(%)	Revenue (% compound annual growth rate) Budget gross margin (% of revenue) Pre-tax discount rate (%)	11 8.7 16

管理層按下列方式釐定分配至上述 各項主要假設的價值: Management has determined the values assigned to each of the above key assumptions as follows:

假設 Assumption	釐定價值所用方法 Approach used to determine the value
收益(複合年均增長率%) Revenue (% compound annual growth rate)	其乃根據過往表現、管理層對市場發展的以及截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度已確認的銷售訂單預期釐定。 It is determined based on past performance, management's expectations of market development and confirmed sales orders for the year ending 31 December 2022.
預算毛利率(佔收益%) Budget gross margin (% of revenue)	五年預測期內平均利潤佔收益的百分比。其乃根據現金產生單位的過往表現及管理層對未來的預期釐定。 Average margin as a percentage of revenue over the five-year forecast period. It is determined based on the CGU's past performance and
除税前貼現率 Pre-tax discount rate	management's expectations for the future. 反映與現金產生單位及其營運所在國家有關的特定風險。 Reflect specific risks relating to the CGU and the countries in which it operates.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10 存貨

10 INVENTORIES

		於十二月 As at 31 D	
		2021	2020
		千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
原材料	Raw materials	20,144	36,339
在製品	Work in progress	9,941	14,886
製成品	Finished goods	20,172	24,357
		50,257	75,582
減:存貨減值撥備	Less: provision for impairment of	30,237	73,362
	inventories	(5,688)	(3,157)
		44,569	72,425

(a) 將成本分配至存貨

存貨個別項目成本採用加權平均成 本釐定。

(b) 於損益中確認的款項

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度確認為開支的存貨為635,985,000港元(二零二零年:557,885,000港元)。該等款項計入銷售成本。

存貨減值撥備約為2,639,000港元 (二零二零年:2,120,000港元)於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度確認為開支,並計入綜合全面收 益表的「銷售成本」內。

年內,本集團已出售淘汰商品為約108,000港元(二零二零年:1,904,000港元),並自減值支出撥備予以撤銷。

(a) Assigning costs to inventories

The costs of individual items of inventory are determined using weighted average costs.

(b) Amounts recognised in profit or loss

Inventories recognised as an expense during the year ended 31 December 2021 amounted to HK\$635,985,000 (2020: HK\$557,885,000). These were included in cost of sales.

Allowance for inventory impairment amounted to approximately HK\$2,639,000 (2020: HK\$2,120,000) was recognised as an expense during the year ended 31 December 2021 and included in "cost of sales" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

During the year, the Group disposed of obsolete goods amounted to approximately HK\$108,000 (2020: HK\$1,904,000) and wrote off against the impairment charge provision.

11 按類別劃分的金融工具

11 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

			於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December	
			2021	2020
			千港元	千港元
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
金融資產	Financial assets			
按攤銷成本計量的金融資產	Financial assets at amortised cost			
應收賬款及其他應收款項	Trade and other receivables	12	116,011	126,164
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents	14	193,107	179,835
			309,118	305,999

		附註 Note	於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 二零二一年 二零二零年 2021 202 千港元 千港元 千港。	
金融負債	Financial liabilities			
按攤銷成本計量的金融負債 應付賬款及其他應付款項*	Financial liabilities at amortised cost Trade and other payables*	17	186,727	198,105
借貸 租賃負債	Borrowings Lease liabilities	18 7	109,437 7,113	126,590 9,315
			303,277	334,010

^{*} 不包括其他應付税項。

本集團面臨有關金融工具的各類風險於 附註3論述。報告期末信貸風險的最大敞 口為上述各類金融資產的賬面值。 The Group's exposure to various risks associated with the financial instruments is discussed in note 3. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of each class of financial assets mentioned above.

Excluding other taxes payable.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12 應收賬款及其他應收款項

12 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December	
		2021	2020
		千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應收賬款 應收票據(附註c) 其他應收款項	Trade receivables Bills receivables (note c) Other receivables	104,951 5,208 8,121	113,088 6,037 18,765
減:減值撥備	Less: provision for impairment	118,280 (2,269)	137,890 (11,726)
		116,011	126,164

本集團授予客戶的信貸期通常為30日至90日,且主要來自信貸記錄良好及拖欠比率較低的客戶。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,應收賬款根據發票日期的賬齡分析如下:

Credit terms granted to customers by the Group are usually 30 to 90 days and which are mainly due from customers with good credit history and low default rate. As at 31 December 2021, the ageing analysis of the trade receivables based on invoice date is as follows:

		於十二月	三十一日
		As at 31 D	ecember
		2021	2020
		千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
30日內	Within 30 days	72,114	53,811
31至90日	31 to 90 days	27,701	36,510
91至180日	91 to 180 days	2,654	8,065
超過180日	Over 180 days	2,482	14,702
		104,951	113,088

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12 應收賬款及其他應收款項(續)

本集團應收賬款的賬面值以以下貨幣計值:

12 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

			於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December	
		2021	2020	
		千港元		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
港元	HKD	2,066	2,179	
人民幣	RMB	94,721	82,674	
美元	USD	8,164	28,235	
		104,951	113,088	

(a) 應收賬款及其他應收款項公平 值

由於即期應收款項的短期性質,其 賬面值被視為與其公平值相同。

(b) 減值及風險

關於應收賬款減值的資料及本集團 承受的信貸風險請參閱附註3.1。

(c) 應收票據

香港持牌銀行發行的所有應收票據 於3個月內到期(二零二零年:3個 月)。

13 預付款項

(a) Fair value of trade and other receivables

Due to the short-term nature of the current receivables, their carrying amounts are considered to be the same as their fair values.

(b) Impairment and risk exposure

Information about the impairment of trade receivables and the Group's exposure to credit risk can be found in note 3.1.

(c) Bills receivables

All bills receivables are issued by licensed banks in the Hong Kong with maturities within three months (2020: three months).

13 PREPAYMENTS

		於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December	
		二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二零年 2020 千港元 HK\$'000
預付原材料採購、加工費、 消耗品及保險	Prepayments for purchases of raw materials, processing fees, consumables and insurance	30,058	35,074

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

14 現金及現金等價物

14 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		於十二月	三十一日
		As at 31 D	ecember
		2021	2020
		千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
銀行現金	Cash at bank	192,779	179,448
手頭現金	Cash on hand	328	387
		193,107	179,835

本集團現金及銀行結餘以及銀行存款的 賬面值以以下貨幣計值: The carrying amounts of the Group's cash and bank balances and bank deposits are denominated in the following currencies:

		於十二月3 As at 31 D	
		2021	2020
		千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
人民幣	RMB	49,738	46,177
港元	HKD	103,852	118,614
美元	USD	39,075	14,514
其他貨幣	Other currencies	442	530
		193,107	179,835

人民幣現時並非國際市場自由兑換的貨幣。人民幣兑換成外幣及將人民幣匯出中國須受中國政府頒佈的外匯管制規則及法規規限。

RMB is currently not freely convertible currencies in international market. The conversion of RMB into foreign currencies and remittance of RMB out of the PRC, is subject to the rules and regulations of the foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC government.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

15 股本及股份溢價

15 SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE PREMIUM

發行及繳足的普通股如下:

Ordinary shares issued and fully paid are as follows:

· 从 - 泰 - - - - - - - - - - 	As at 24 December 2024	ordinary shares	Ordinary Shares 千港元 HK\$'000	Share premium 千港元 HK\$'000	Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零二一年及二零二零年 十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2021 and 2020	600,000,000	60,000	53,441	113,441

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,法定普 通股總數為1,200,000,000股(二零二零 年:1,200,000,000股),每股面值為0.1港 元(二零二零年:每股0.1港元)。

The total authorised number of ordinary shares as at 31 December 2021 was 1,200,000,000 (2020: 1,200,000,000) with a par value of HK\$0.1 per share (2020: HK\$0.1 per share).

16 其他儲備

16 OTHER RESERVES

		匯兑儲備 Exchange reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	法定儲備 Statutory reserve 千港元 HK\$'000 (附註(a)) (note (a))	合併儲備 Merger reserve 千港元 HK\$'000 (附註(b)) (note (b))	資本儲備 Capital reserve 千港元 HK\$'000	儲備總額 Total reserves 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零二零年一月一日	As at 1 January 2020	97	11,597	2,957	3,872	18,523
匯兑差額	Currency translation difference	4,552	-	-	-	4,552
於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2020	4,649	11,597	2,957	3,872	23,075
匯兑差額	Currency translation difference	1,651	-	-	-	1,651
於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2021	6,300	11,597	2,957	3,872	24,726

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

16 其他儲備(續)

(a) 法定儲備

根據中國規例及中國附屬公司的組織章程細則,本集團的中國公司須 於抵銷往年的累計虧損後及向股東 作出溢利分派前,將純利分配至法 定儲備。分配至上述基金的溢利百 分比由中國附屬公司的董事會釐 定。

本集團主要中國附屬公司將根據中國公認會計原則編製的賬目所示純利10%撥至法定儲備,直至該儲備達到註冊資本50%。法定儲備提撥須於向權益持有人分派股息前作出。

(b) 合併儲備

本集團的合併儲備為根據於二零 一二年完成的重組所收購附屬公司 股本與就換取上述股本所發行本公 司股本面值的差額。

16 OTHER RESERVES (Continued)

(a) Statutory reserve

In accordance with the PRC regulations and the Articles of Association of the PRC companies, the PRC subsidiaries of the Group are required to make appropriations from net profits to the statutory reserve, after offsetting accumulated losses from prior years, and before profit distributions are made to shareholders. The percentages of profits to be appropriated to the above funds are determined by the board of directors of the PRC subsidiaries.

The principal PRC subsidiaries of the Group appropriates 10% of their net profit as shown in the accounts prepared under PRC generally accepted accounting principles to statutory reserve, until the reserve reaches 50% of the registered capital. Appropriation of the statutory reserve must be made before distribution of dividends to equity holders.

(b) Merger reserve

Merger reserve of the Group represented the difference between the share capital of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the reorganisation completed in 2012 over the nominal value of the share capital of the Company issued in exchange thereof.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

17 應付賬款及其他應付款項

17 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

		於十二月三 As at 31 De 二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000	
應付賬款一應付第三方款項 (附註(b)) 應付票據(附註(c)) 應計工資 其他應付款項 其他應付税項 應付關連方款項(附註32(a))	Trade payables – due to third parties (note (b)) Bills payable (note (c)) Accrued payroll Other payables Other taxes payable Due to related parties (note 32(a))	85,510 83,562 9,398 8,257 3,461	110,485 68,059 11,108 8,425 3,632 28
		190,188	201,737

(a) 應付賬款及其他應付款項之公 平值

> 因應付賬款及其他應付款項屬短期 性質,故其賬面值視為與其公平值 相同。

(b) 應付賬款為無擔保。本集團主要供應商授出的信貸期介乎30至90日。 於二零二一年十二月三十一日,應付賬款按發票日期的賬齡分析如下:

(a) Fair value of trade and other payables

The carrying amounts of trade and other payables are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

(b) Trade payables are unsecured. The credit period granted by the Group's principal suppliers ranges from 30 to 90 days. As at 31 December 2021, the ageing analysis of trade payables based on invoice date is as follows:

		於十二月三 As at 31 D e	
		2021	2020
		千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
30日之內	Within 30 days	53,899	73,197
31至90日	31 to 90 days	22,978	31,294
91至180日	91 to 180 days	2,343	2,982
超過180日	Over 180 days	6,290	3,012
		85,510	110,485

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

17 應付賬款及其他應付款項(續)

17 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

(b) (續)

本集團應付賬款及其他應付款項之 賬面值以下列貨幣計值:

(b) (Continued)

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other payables are denominated in the following currencies:

		於十二月: As at 31 D	
		2021	2020
		千港元	
		НК\$'000	HK\$'000
人民幣	RMB	126,974	174,498
港元	HKD	60,044	22,009
美元	USD	3,170	5,230
		190,188	201,737

- (c) 應付票據由本集團內之公司作擔 保,須於自發行日期起計三個月內 償還(二零二零年:三個月)。
- (c) Bills payable are guaranteed by companies within the Group, which have to be settled within three months from the date of issue (2020: three months).

18 借貸

18 BORROWINGS

			於十二月3 As at 31 D		
		二零			
		20	021	20	
		流動	非流動		
		Current	Non-Current		
		千港元	千港元		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
銀行借貸(附註(a))	Bank Borrowing (note (a))	109,437	-	126,590	_

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

18 借貸(續)

(a) 銀行借貸

(i) 本集團銀行借貸須按以下年 期還款(不包括任何按要求 償還條款):

18 BORROWINGS (Continued)

(a) Bank borrowings

(i) The Group's bank borrowings are repayable as follows (excluding any demand clauses):

		於十二月: As at 31 D	
		2021	2020
		千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
一年內	Within one year	105,165	115,153
一年至兩年內	Between 1 and 2 years	4,272	7,165
兩年至五年內	Between 2 and 5 years	_	4,272
		109,437	126,590

- (ii) All the bank borrowings are at variable interest rates. The weighted average effective interest rate per annum as at 31 December 2021 was 2.11% (31 December 2020: 2.23%). These bank borrowings are repayable by installments up to 2023 (2020: 2023) and the carrying amounts of bank borrowings approximate their fair values as at 31 December 2021 and 2020.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

18 借貸(續)

(a) 銀行借貸(續)

(iii) 本集團銀行借貸之賬面值以 下列貨幣計值:

18 BORROWINGS (Continued)

(a) Bank borrowings (Continued)

(iii) The carrying amounts of the Group's bank borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

			三十一日 December
		二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二零年 2020 千港元 HK\$'000
港元美元	HKD USD	68,342 41,095	126,590 -
		109,437	126,590

於二零二一年十二月三十一 日,本集團未按於二零二一 年十二月三十一日後十二個 月計劃償還日期遵守金額約 為28,000,000港元之若干銀行 借貸的若干財務契諾,並計 入流動負債。根據相關銀行 貸款協議,該等不遵守契約 的行為可能導致相關銀行借 貸立即到期及應付款項(倘 借貸方根據貸款協議行使權 利)。於二零二一年十二月 三十一日後,本集團已從相 關銀行獲得一份書面豁免函, 有關豁免相關銀行借貸於截 至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度遵守相關財務契諾。

As at 31 December 2021, the Group has not complied with certain financial covenants of certain bank borrowings amounted to approximately HK\$28,000,000 (with scheduled repayment dates within 12 months after 31 December 2021) which have been included under current liabilities. Under the relevant bank loan agreements, such noncompliance of covenants may cause the relevant bank borrowings to become immediately due and payable should the lender exercises their rights under the loan agreements. Subsequent to 31 December 2021, the Group has obtained a written waiver letter from the relevant bank in relation to the relevant bank borrowings from complying with the associated financial covenants for the year ended 31 December 2021.

19 遞延税項資產及遞延税項負債 19 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

(a) 遞延税項負債

(a) Deferred tax assets

		於十二月三 As at 31 De	
		2021	2020
		千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
結餘包括以下各項應佔的 暫時性差額:	The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:		
壞賬撥備	Bad debt allowance	690	1,940
存貨減值撥備	Inventory impairment allowance	1,400	776
社會安全	Social security	1,119	1,088
		3,209	3,804
遞延税項資產:	Deferred tax assets:		
-12個月內收回的遞延税項	- Deferred tax assets to be recovered		
資產	within 12 months	2,090	2,716
-12個月後收回的遞延税項	- Deferred tax assets to be recovered		
資產	after 12 months	1,119	1,088
		3,209	3,804

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

19 遞延税項資產及遞延税項負債 (續)

19 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (Continued)

(a) 遞延税項負債(續)

(a) Deferred tax assets (Continued)

於二零二零年十二月	As at 31 December 2020						
三十一日		1,940	776	1,088	-	-	3,804
	As at 1 January 2021 Translation difference (Charged)/credited to profit or loss	1,940 1,940 - (1,250)	776 776 29 595	1,088 1,088 7 24	- - -	- - -	3,804 3,804 36 (631)

本集團並無就可結轉以抵銷未來應課税收入的虧損約7,040,000港元(二零二零年:4,751,000港元)確認遞延所得稅資產約29,133,000港元(二零二零年:16,943,000港元)。

The Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets of approximately HK\$7,040,000 (2020: HK\$4,751,000) in respect of losses amounting to approximately HK\$29,133,000 (2020: HK\$16,943,000) that can be carried forward against future taxable income.

19 遞延税項資產及遞延税項負債 (續)

19 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND DEFERRED TAX **LIABILITIES** (Continued)

(b) 遞延税項負債

(b) Deferred tax liabilities

		於十二月三 As at 31 D e	
		2021	2020
		千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
結餘包括以下各項應佔的 暫時性差額:	The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:		
加速税項折舊	Accelerated tax depreciation	(1,202)	(1,751)
資產評估增值	Assets appraisal increment	(149)	(1,049)
未分派附屬公司溢利 其他暫時性税項差額	Undistributed profits of subsidiaries Other taxable temporary difference	(1,624) (273)	(1,095) –
		(3,248)	(3,895)
遞延税項負債: -12個月內將動用遞延税項	Deferred tax liabilities: – Deferred tax liabilities to be utilised		
負債	within 12 months	(1,897)	(2,486)
-12個月後將動用遞延税項 負債	 Deferred tax liabilities to be utilised after 12 months 	(1,351)	(1,409)
		(3,248)	(3,895)

(續)

19 遞延税項資產及遞延税項負債 19 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND DEFERRED TAX **LIABILITIES** (Continued)

(b) 遞延税項負債(續)

(b) Deferred tax liabilities (Continued)

於二零二零年一月一日 計入損益	As at 1 January 2020 Credited to profit or loss	3,084 (1,333)	1,783 (734)	,	-	6,315 (2,420)
於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2020		1,049	1,095		3,895
於二零二一年一月一日 計入損益	As at 1 January 2021 Credited to profit or loss	1,751 (549)	1,049	1,095	- 273	3,895 (647)
於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2021	1,202	149	1,624	273	3,248

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

20 其他收入

20 OTHER INCOME

			截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December	
		2021	2020	
		千港元		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
政府補貼(附註) 來自承包商的租金收入 其他	Government subsidies (Note) Rental income from subcontractors Others	83 148 546	3,250 386 82	
		777	3,718	

附註:

Note:

政府補貼主要指於二零二零年根據香港政府保就業 計劃(保就業計劃)收到的補貼。

Government subsidies mainly represents the subsidies received pursuant to the Employment Support Scheme (ESS) of the Hong Kong government in 2020.

21 其他收益-淨額

21 OTHER GAINS - NET

		截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December 二零二一年 二零二零年	
		◆ ⁺ 2021	二零二零年 2020
		千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
客戶訂單取消收取的索賠	Claims received from customers for order cancellation	_	569
出售物業、廠房及設備淨虧損	Net losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(211)	(30)
匯兑收益淨額	Net foreign exchange gains	727	378
其他	Others	-	23
		516	940

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

22 按性質劃分開支

22 EXPENSES BY NATURE

包括在銷售成本、分銷成本及行政開支內的開支分析如下:

Expenses included in cost of sales, distribution costs and administrative expenses are analysed as follows:

		截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December 二零二一年 二零二零年 2021 2020 千港元 千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
製成品及在製品存貨變動	Changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress	9,130	153
所用原材料及消耗品、 已付加工費及採購商品	Raw materials and consumables used, processing fee paid and merchandise purchased	626,855	557,732
商譽減值	Impairment of goodwill	11,387	122,648
無形資產減值	Impairment of intangible assets	555	
僱員福利開支(附註24)	Employee benefit expenses (note 24)	69,919	76,258
與短期租賃及低價資產	Rental expenses relating to short-term		
有關的租金開支(附註7(b))	leases and low-value assets (note 7(b))	7,053	513
運輸開支	Transportation expenses	10,395	10,711
存貨減值撥備(附註10)	Allowance for inventory impairment		
	(note 10)	2,639	2,120
折舊及攤銷(附註6、7&8)	Depreciation and amortisation		
	(note 6, 7 & 8)	21,242	26,660
出差開支	Travelling expenses	2,428	3,027
應酬開支	Entertainment expenses	3,433	3,478
專業服務費	Professional service fees	2,532	3,297
水電費	Utilities	4,537	4,896
核數師酬金	Auditors' remuneration		
審核服務	Audit services	1,901	1,904
非審核服務	Non-audit services	-	100
佣金開支	Commission expenses	274	1,200
維修及保養開支	Repairs and maintenance expenses	691	832
銀行開支	Bank charges	353	484
其他(附註)	Others (note)	7,428	9,351
銷售成本、分銷成本及	Total cost of sales, distribution costs and		
行政開支總額	administrative expenses	782,752	825,364

附註:

Note:

其他開支主要包括捐款、保險費、清潔開支、辦公室 供應開支及雜項開支。 Other expenses mainly comprises donation, insurance expenses, cleaning expense, office supply expense and sundry expenses.

23 金融及合約資產減值虧損淨額 23 NET IMPAIRMENT LOSSES ON FINANCIAL AND **CONTRACT ASSETS**

		截至十二月三 Year ended 3 二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000	
呆賬撥備(附註3.1(b))	Allowance for doubtful debts (note 3.1(b))	2,269	11,726

24 僱員福利開支

24 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

			截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December	
		2021	2020	
		千港元		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
工資、薪金及花紅 董事及高級管理層薪酬	Wages, salaries and bonuses Directors' and senior management's	54,057	59,494	
	emoluments	9,205	10,856	
社會保障成本	Social security costs	1,660	1,539	
福利及津貼	Welfare and allowances	4,997	4,369	
		69,919	76,258	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

24 僱員福利開支(續)

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團五名最高薪人士包括2名(二零二零年:2名)董事。董事的酬金已載於附註34呈列的分析。於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度支付其餘3名(二零二零年:3名)人士的酬金如下:

24 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group included 2 (2020: 2) directors. The directors' emoluments are reflected in the analysis show in note 34. The emoluments payable to the remaining 3 (2020: 3) individuals during the year ended 31 December 2021 are as follows:

		截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December	
			二零二零年
		2021	2020
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
基本薪金、其他津貼以及實物福利	Basic salaries, other allowances and benefits in kind	3,431	3,533
僱主向退休計劃供款(附註) 	Employer's contribution to pension scheme (Note)	54	50
		3,485	3,583

附註:

Note:

就本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的 定期供款計劃而言,並無已沒收供款(二零二零年: 零)可供減少未來僱主供款。 There are no forfeited contributions for the defined contribution plans of the Group available at the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: nil) to reduce future employer's contributions.

報酬劃分成以下組別:

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

		截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December 二零二一年 二零二零年 2021 2020 人數 Number of individuals	
報酬組別: 1,000,000港元以下 1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元 1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	Emolument bands: Below HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000 HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1 1 1	- 2 1

25 財務收入及成本

25 FINANCE INCOME AND COSTS

		截至十二月三· Year ended 3 二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000	1 December
財務收入 一短期銀行存款的利息收入	Finance income - Interest income on short-term bank deposits	286	566
融資成本 一銀行借貸的利息開支 一已付/應付租用負債利息及 財務開支 一外匯借款匯兑收益淨額	Finance costs - Interest expense on bank borrowings - Interest and finance charges paid/payable for lease liabilities - Net exchange gains on foreign currency borrowings	(5,512) (405) 583	(6,702) (677) 532
融資成本淨額	Net finance costs	(5,334)	(6,847)

26 所得税抵免

26 INCOME TAX CREDIT

(a) 所得税抵免

(a) Income tax credit

		截至十二月三十 Year ended 31 二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000	I December
即期所得税 一中國企業所得税 (「企業所得税」) 一香港利得税	Current income tax - PRC corporate income tax ("CIT") - Hong Kong profits tax	(3,210) (3,802)	- 130
遞延所得税(附註19)	Deferred income tax (note 19)	(7,012) (545)	130 (3,953)
企業所得税 中國預扣所得税	Corporate income tax PRC withholding income tax	(7,557) 529	(3,823) (353)
所得税抵免	Income tax credit	(7,028)	(4,176)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

26 所得税抵免(續)

(a) 所得税抵免(續)

本公司毋須繳納任何開曼群 島稅項。

(ii) 香港利得税

截至二零二一年及二零二零 年十二月三十一日止企業月 根據利得税兩級制,企業利 2,000,000港元應課税溢利 得税税率下調至8.25%(港税務條例附表8所規元 之一半)。2,000,000港元 說 的應課稅溢。截至二零 十二月三十一日止年度 的 得稅抵免 指撥回過往年度超 額撥備。

(iii) 柬埔寨利得税

(iv) 中國企業所得税(「企業所得 税 |)

本集團旗下於中國註冊成立 的實體企業所得稅乃就應課 稅溢利按稅率25%撥備(二零 二零年:25%)。截至二零二一 年十二月三十一日止年度, 所得稅抵免指撥回過往年度 超額撥備。

(v) 中國預扣所得税

根據企業所得税法,中國與本集團海外直屬控股公司所處的香港設有税務條約安排,本集團於本年度按稅率5%(二零二零年:5%)對從其中國附屬公司賺取的股息撥備預扣稅。

26 INCOME TAX CREDIT (Continued)

(a) Income tax credit (Continued)

(i) Cayman Islands profits tax

The Company has not been subject to any taxation in the Cayman Islands.

(ii) Hong Kong profits tax

Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime for the year ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, the profits tax rate for the first HK\$2,000,000 of assessable profits is lowered to 8.25% (half of the rate specified in Schedule 8 to the Inland Revenue Ordinance). Assessable profits above HK\$2,000,000 continue to be subject to the rate of 16.5%. During the year ended 31 December 2021, income tax credit represents reversal of the over provision in prior years.

(iii) Cambodia profits tax

Pursuant to the Cambodia tax laws, Agile Sweater (Cambodia) Co. Ltd, one of the wholly owned subsidiaries of the Group, is subject to 20% profits tax rate or Minimum Tax at 1% of total revenue exclusive of value added tax, whichever is higher for the year ended 31 December 2021 and 2020. During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, the subsidiary was loss-making and maintained proper accounting records in accordance with the tax regulations that they are exempted from Income Tax and Minimum Tax.

(iv) PRC corporate income tax ("CIT")

CIT is provided at the rate of 25% (2020: 25%) on the assessable profit of the entities within the Group incorporated in the PRC. During the year ended 31 December 2021, income tax credit represents reversal of the over provision in prior years.

(v) PRC withholding income tax

According to the CIT Law, as there is a tax treaty arrangement between the PRC and Hong Kong where the Group's foreign immediate holding companies are located, a withholding tax on dividends from subsidiaries in the PRC has been provided for at a rate of 5% during the year (2020: 5%).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

26 所得税抵免(續)

(b) 所得税開支數字調節

本集團除税前溢利的税項有別於採 用適用於各司法權區的本集團實體 溢利的加權平均税率計算的理論金 額,詳情如下:

26 INCOME TAX CREDIT (Continued)

(b) Numerical reconciliation of income tax expenses

The tax on the Group's profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the weighted average tax rate applicable to profits of the Group's entities in the respective jurisdictions as follows:

		截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December 二零二一年 二零二零年 2021 2020	
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
			1.114 000
除所得税前虧損	Loss before income tax	(38,302)	(153,025)
按適用於各司法權區的 本集團實體溢利的	Tax calculated at rates applicable to profits of the Group's entities in		
税率計算的税項	the respective jurisdictions	(6,760)	(25,530)
以往年度超額撥備	Over provision in prior years	(4,107)	(1,975)
並無確認遞延所得税資產	Tax losses for which no deferred		
的税項虧損	income tax assets were recognised	4,148	4,795
使用過往並無確認遞延	Utilisation of tax losses for which		
税項資產的税項虧損	no deferred tax assets were		
	recognised previously	(1,859)	(883)
毋須納税的收入	Income not subject to tax	(452)	(1,074)
不可扣税開支	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,473	20,844
預扣税對本集團中國	Tax effect of withholding tax on		
附屬公司可分配溢利的	the distributable profits of the		
税項影響	Group's PRC subsidiaries	529	(353)
税項抵免	Tax credit	(7,028)	(4,176)

(c) 税項虧損

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團並無就虧損約29,133,000港元(二零二零年:16,943,000港元)確認遞延所得稅資產約7,040,000港元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:4,751,000港元),此乃由於本集團未能確定會否有未來應課稅溢利用作抵銷稅項虧損。根據中國稅法,稅項虧損可於五年期間內結轉以抵銷未來應課稅收入。

(c) Tax losses

As at 31 December 2021, the Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets of approximately HK\$7,040,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$4,751,000) in respect of losses amounting to approximately HK\$29,133,000 (2020: HK\$16,943,000), as it is uncertain that future taxable profit will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised. In accordance with the PRC tax law, tax losses may be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for a period of five years.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

27 每股虧損

(a) 每股基本虧損

每股基本虧損按本公司權益持有人 應佔年內虧損除以年內已發行普通 股加權平均數計算。

27 LOSSES PER SHARE

(a) Basic losses per share

Basic losses per share is calculated by dividing the loss for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

		截至十二月三 Year ended 3	
			二零二零年
		2021	2020
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
本公司權益持有人應佔年內 虧損(千港元) 已發行普通股加權平均數	Loss for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company (HK\$'000) Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	(31,274)	(148,849)
每股基本虧損(港元)	Basic losses per share (HK\$)	(0.0521)	(0.2481)

(b) 每股攤薄虧損

由於截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度內並無具潛在攤薄影響的 普通股(二零二零年:無),故每股 攤薄虧損等於每股基本虧損。

28 股息

於二零二零年三月三十日,本公司董事會已批准及宣派截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度每股普通股0.03港元的末期股息。本公司年內自保留盈利支付的總額為18,000,000港元。

本公司董事並無就截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度批准及宣派股息。

(b) Diluted losses per share

As there were no potential dilutive ordinary shares during the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil), diluted losses per share was equal to basic losses per share.

28 DIVIDEND

On 30 March 2020, the directors of the Company approved and declared a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2019 of HK\$0.03 per ordinary share. A total sum amounted to HK\$18,000,000 was paid out of the retained earnings of the Company during the year.

No dividend was approved and declared by the directors of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

29 附屬公司

29 SUBSIDIARIES

於二零二一年十二月三十一日的附屬公司如下:

The following is a list of subsidiaries as at 31 December 2021:

公司名稱 Name of company	法律地位類別 Type of legal status	主要業務 Principal activities	已發行及 繳足/註冊股本 Issued and paid up capital	所持權益實 Effective per equity h 二零二一年 2021	centage of
附屬公司一於英屬處女群島 (「英屬處女群島」) 註冊 Subsidiaries – incorporated in the British Virgin operated in Hong Kong and directly owned		擁有			
Higrowth Ventures Limited Higrowth Ventures Limited 駿發國際有限公司 Rich Vast International Limited 浩元投資有限公司 Mega Dollar Investment Limited 雄亮環球有限公司 Hero Shine Global Limited 翰盈國際有限公司 Splendid Gains International Limited Hanson Global International Limited Hanson Global International Limited Hanson Holdings Limited 港基控股有限公司 Portbase Holdings Limited	有限責任 Limited liability	投資控股 Investment holding 投資控股 Investment holding 投資控股 Investment holding 投資控股 Investment holding 投資控股 Investment holding 投資控股 Investment holding 投資控股 Investment holding 投資控股 Investment holding	1,000美元 USD1,000 1,001美元 USD1,001 1,001美元 USD1,001 1美元 USD1 1,225美元 USD1,225 100美元 USD100 1美元	100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100%	100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100%
Subsidiaries – incorporated and operated in the 東莞迅捷環球製衣有限公司	e PRC and indirectly ow 外商獨資企業	med 服裝供應鏈服務業務	40,000,000港元	100%	100%
Dongguan Speedy Garment Manufacturing Company Limited 高業製衣 (惠州)有限公司 Koyip Garment (Huizhou) Manufactory Ltd.	Wholly foreign owned enterprise 外商獨資企業 Wholly foreign owned	Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business 服装供應鏈服務業務 Apparel Supply Chain Servicing	HK\$40,000,000 10,000,000港元 HK\$10,000,000	100% 100% 100%	100% 100% 100%

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

29 附屬公司(續)

29 SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

公司名稱	法律地位類別	主要業務	已發行及 繳足/註冊股本 Issued and	所持權益實	【際百分比
Name of company	Type of legal status	Principal activities	paid up capital	Effective pe equity h 二零二一年	nolding 二零二零年
附屬公司-於香港註冊成立及營運及間接擁有 Subsidiaries – incorporated and operated in Ho	ng Kong and indirectly	owned		2021	2020
迅捷環球製衣 (香港)有限公司 Speedy Garment Manufacturing (Hong Kong) Limited	有限責任 Limited liability	服裝供應鏈服務業務 Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business	10,000港元 HK\$10,000	100% 100%	100% 100%
駿達實業 (製衣)有限公司 Jointex Garment Manufactory Limited	有限責任 Limited liability	服裝供應鏈服務業務 Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business	1,000,000港元 HK\$1,000,000	100% 100%	100% 100%
高業制衣有限公司 Goalwill Garment Manufactory Limited	有限責任 Limited liability	服裝供應鏈服務業務 Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business	10,000港元 HK\$10,000	100% 100%	100% 100%
嘉駿實業 (香港)有限公司 Pageant Enterprise (Hong Kong) Limited	有限責任 Limited liability	服裝供應鏈服務業務 Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business	10,000港元 HK\$10,000	100% 100%	100% 100%
領信企業有限公司 Well Faith Enterprise Limited	有限責任 Limited liability	服裝供應鏈服務業務 Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business	10,000港元 HK\$10,000	100% 100%	100% 100%
迅捷環球金融有限公司 Speedy Global Finance Limited	有限責任 Limited liability	服裝供應鏈服務業務 Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business	1港元 HK \$ 1	100% 100%	100% 100%
附屬公司一於柬埔寨註冊成立,於香港營運及間 Subsidiary – incorporated and operated in Cam		vned			
Agile Sweater (Cambodia) Company Limited Agile Sweater (Cambodia) Company Limited	有限責任 Limited liability	服裝供應鏈服務業務 Apparel Supply Chain Servicing Business	5,000,000美元 USD5,000,000	100% 100%	100% 100%

30 現金流量資料

30 CASH FLOW INFORMATION

(a) 經營所得現金

(a) Cash generated from operations

		截至十二月三十 Year ended 31 二零二一年	
		2021 て#=	2020 て:#=
		千港元 HK\$′000	千港元 HK\$'000
年內虧損	Loss for the year	(31,274)	(148,849)
就下列各項作出調整:	Adjustments for:		
一所得税抵免(附註26)	- Income tax credit (note 26)	(7,028)	(4,176)
-折舊(附註22)	- Depreciation (notes 22)	17,175	22,597
一攤銷(附註8)	– Amortisation (note 8)	4,067	4,063
一商譽減值(附註9)	- Impairment of goodwill (note 9)	11,387	122,648
-無形資產減值(附註8)	- Impairment of intangible assets		
	(note 8)	555	_
一出售物業、廠房及設備	 Net losses on disposal of property, 		
淨虧損(附註21)	plant and equipment (note 21)	211	30
一財務收入	– Finance income	(286)	(566)
一融資成本	- Finance costs	5,334	6,847
一外匯收益淨額(附註21)	- Net foreign exchange gains (note 21)	(727)	(378)
-存貨減值撥備(附註22)	 Allowance for inventory impairment 		
	(note 22)	2,639	2,120
- 呆賬撥備(附註23)	- Allowance for doubtful debts (note 23)	2,269	11,726
營運資金變動前的經營溢利:			
— /Iv.	capital changes:	4,322	16,062
一存貨	– Inventories	25,217	737
一應收賬款及其他應收款項	- Trade and other receivables	10,312	57,991
一預付款項	– Prepayments	5,016	7,889
一應付賬款及其他應付款項	- Trade and other payables	(32,177)	(54,960)
一合約負債	- Contract liabilities	2,924	(573)
經營所得現金	Cash generated from operations	15,614	27,146

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 現金流量資料(續)

30 CASH FLOW INFORMATION (Continued)

- (b) 在綜合現金流量表中,銷售物業、 廠房及設備所得款項包括:
- **(b)** In the consolidated statement of cash flows, proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment comprise:

		截至十二月三 Year ended 3	十一日止年度 31 December
			, , ,
		2021	2020
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
賬面淨值(附註6) 出售物業、廠房及設備淨虧損	Net book amount (note 6) Net losses on disposal of property,	555	118
(附註21)	plant and equipment (note 21)	(211)	(30)
出售物業、廠房及設備	Proceeds from disposal of property,		
所得款項	plant and equipment	344	88

(c) 現金及現金等價物淨額對賬

(c) Net cash and cash equivalents reconciliation

		於十二月三 As at 31 De	
		2021	2020
		千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents	193,107	179,835
銀行借貸-應於一年內償還	Bank borrowings – repayable		
	within one year	(109,437)	(126,590)
租賃負債-應於一年內償還	Lease liabilities – repayable		
	within one year	(4,477)	(3,800)
租賃負債-應於一年後償還	Lease liabilities – repayable		
	after one year	(2,636)	(5,515)
		76,557	43,930

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 現金流量資料(續)

30 CASH FLOW INFORMATION (Continued)

(c) 現金及現金等價物淨額對賬 (續)

(c) Net cash and cash equivalents reconciliation (Continued)

		資產 Assets 現金及 現金等價物 Cash and cash equivalents 千港元 HK\$'000	於1年內到期的 租賃負債 Lease liabilities due within 1 year 千港元 HK\$'000	融資活動, Liabilities from fin 於1年後到期的 租賃負債 Lease liabilities due after 1 year 千港元 HK\$'000		總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零二零年一月一日之 現金及現金等價物淨額	Net cash and cash equivalents as at 1 January 2020	169,775	(9,352)	(9,315)	(91,545)	59,563
於二零二零年一月一日之 現金及現金等價物淨額 現金流量 匯兑調整 轉讓	Net cash and cash equivalents as at 1 January 2020 Cash flows Foreign exchange adjustments Transfer	169,775 6,689 3,371	(9,352) 9,327 25 (3,800)	(9,315) - - 3,800	(91,545) (35,045) – –	59,563 (19,029) 3,396
於二零二零年 十二月三十一日之 現金及現金等價物淨額	Net cash and cash equivalents as at 31 December 2020	179,835	(3,800)	(5,515)	(126,590)	43,930
於二零二一年一月一日之 現金及現金等價物淨額 現金流量 匯兑調整 添置 轉讓	Net cash and cash equivalents as at 1 January 2021 Cash flows Foreign exchange adjustments Addition Transfer	179,835 8,460 4,812 - -	(3,800) 4,118 - (1,916) (2,879)	(5,515) - - 2,879	(126,590) 17,153 - -	43,930 29,731 4,812 (1,916)
於二零二一年十二月三十一 之現金及現金等價物淨額	□ Net cash and cash equivalents as at 31 December 2021	193,107	(4,477)	(2,636)	(109,437)	76,557

31 經營租賃承擔

根據短期不可撤銷經營租賃,本集團未 來最低租賃款項總額如下:

31 OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Group's future aggregate minimum lease payments under short-term non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

		於十二月 As at 31 I	三十一日 December
		二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二零年 2020 千港元 HK\$'000
一年內 一至五年	Within 1 year 1 to 5 years	5,736 364	6,301 -
		6,100	6,301

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

32 重大關連方交易

本集團的直屬及最終控股公司為皓天控股有限公司(於英屬處女群島註冊成立),其持有本公司54.54%股份。本集團的最終控制方及行政總裁為黃先生。

倘其中一方有能力直接或間接控制其他 訂約方或在其他訂約方作出財務及經營 決策時對其施加重大影響力,則該方被 視為有關連。

本公司董事認為,以下公司及人士為於 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 與本集團進行重大交易或有結餘的關連 方:

32 SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The immediate and ultimate holding company of the Group is Sky Halo Holdings Limited (incorporated in the BVI), which owns 54.54% of the Company's shares. The ultimate controlling party and chief executive officer of the Group is Mr. Huang.

Parties are considered to be related if one party has, directly or indirectly, the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other parties in making financial and operating decisions.

The directors of the Company are of the view that the following companies and individual were related parties that had significant transactions or balances with the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021:

公司/人士	與本集團的關係
Company/Individual	Relationship with the Group
勝豐國際實業有限公司(「勝豐國際」)	由黃先生及其兄長控制
(Shing Fun International Industrial Limited	Controlled by Mr. Huang and his brother
("Shing Fun International"))	
金豐製衣(惠州)有限公司(「金豐惠州」)	由黃先生及其兄長控制
(Jinfeng Garment (Huizhou) Company Limited)	Controlled by Mr. Huang and his brother
("Jinfeng Huizhou")	
億城織造製衣(惠州)有限公司(「億城惠州」)	由黃先生及其兄長控制
(Yicheng Weaving Garment (Huizhou) Company Limited)	Controlled by Mr. Huang and his brother
("Yicheng Huizhou")	
勝豐織造制衣(惠州)有限公司(「勝豐惠州」)	由黃先生及其兄長控制
(Shingfeng Weaving Garment (Huizhou) Company Limited)	Controlled by Mr. Huang and his brother
("Shingfeng Huizhou")	
東莞知榮製衣有限公司(「東莞知榮」)	由黃先生及其兄長控制
(Dongguan Zhirong Garment Company Limited)	Controlled by Mr. Huang and his brother
("Dongguan Zhirong")	
東莞市鴻越服裝有限公司(「東莞市鴻越」)	由黃先生及其兄長控制
(Dongguan Hongyue Garment Company Limited)	Controlled by Mr. Huang and his brother
("Dongguan Hongyue")	
勝豐織造制衣有限公司(「勝豐織造」)	由黃先生及其胞姐控制
(Shing Fun Knitting & Garment Limited)("Shing Fun Knitting")	Controlled by Mr. Huang and his sister

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

32 重大關連方交易(續)

32 SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(Continued)

(a) 關連方交易

除本財務報表其他章節披露者外, 於截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團曾與關連方進行 以下交易。本公司董事認為,關連 方交易乃於日常業務過程中進行, 有關條款乃由本集團與各關連方協 商。

(a) Related party transactions

Saved as disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, during the year ended 31 December 2021, the following transactions were carried out between the Group and related parties. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the related party transactions were carried out in the normal course of business and at terms negotiated between the Group and the respective related parties.

				截至十二月三· Year ended 3 二零二一年 2021	1 December
				千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
(i)	<i>應付或已付短期</i> 租賃開支	(i)	Short-term lease expenses payable or paid to		
	東莞市鴻越		Dongguan Hongyue	5,085	_
	金豐惠州		Jinfeng Huizhou	43	_
	勝豐國際		Shing Fun International	1,728	_
	勝豐織造制衣		Shing Fun Knitting& Garment	131	133
	億城惠州		Yicheng Huizhou	19	_
				7,006	133
(ii)	與以下各方訂立租賃 產生的財務成本	(ii)	Finance costs incurred for leases with		
	東莞市鴻越		Dongguan Hongyue	_	72
	勝豐國際		Shing Fun International	_	52
	金豐惠州		Jinfeng Huizhou	_	16
	億城惠州		Yicheng Huizhou	-	6
				_	146

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

32 重大關連方交易(續)

32 SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(Continued)

(a) 關連方交易(續)

(a) Related party transactions (Continued)

				於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December	
			二零二一年 2021 千港元 HK\$′000	二零二零年 2020 千港元 HK\$'000	
(iii)	<i>其他應付款項</i> 勝豐惠州	<i>(iii) Other payables</i> Shingfeng Huizhou	_	28	
			-	28	

上述應付關連方結餘為免息、無抵 押及須應要求償還。

The above balances due to related parties are interest free, unsecured and repayable on demand.

(b) 高級管理層薪酬

(b) Senior management's compensations

		截至十二月三十 Year ended 31	
		2021	2020
		千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
工資及薪金以及 其他實物福利 社會保障成本	Wages and salaries and other benefits in kind Social security costs	9,133 72	10,766 90
		9,205	10,856

33 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動

33 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENTS OF THE COMPANY

			於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December		
			二零二一年 二零二零年		
			2021	2020	
			千港元		
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
資產	ASSETS				
非流動資產	Non-current assets				
於附屬公司之投資	Investments in subsidiaries		226,876	226,876	
流動資產	Current assets				
預付款項	Prepayments		292	285	
應收股息	Dividend receivable			_	
其他應收款項	Other receivables		78,027	67,391	
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents		11	12	
	<u> </u>				
			78,330	67,688	
資產總額	Total assets		305,206	294,564	
權益	EQUITY				
本公司權益持有人	Equity attributable to equity				
應佔權益	holders of the Company				
股本	Share capital		60,000	60,000	
股份溢價	Share premium		53,441	53,441	
其他儲備	Other reserve	(b)	46,836	46,836	
累計虧損	Accumulated losses	(a)	(1,142)	(984)	
			159,135	159,293	
<i>₽ </i> ≠	LIADULTUS				
負債 流動負債	LIABILITIES				
流動貝領 其他應付款項	Current liability Other payables		146,071	135,271	
權益總額及負債	Total equity and liability		205 207	204 574	
惟正認贺及貝貝	Total equity and liability		305,206	294,564	

本公司財務狀況表已於二零二二年三月 三十一日由董事會批准並由以下代表簽 署。 The statement of financial position of the Company was approved by the Board of Directors on 31 March 2022 and was signed on its behalf.

黃志深 Huang Chih Shen 黃麗花 Huang Li Hun, Serlina

33 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動

33 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENTS OF THE COMPANY

(Continued)

(a) 本公司累計虧損變動

(a) Movement of accumulated losses of the Company

		千港元 HK\$'000
於二零二零年一月一日 年內虧損 股息	As at 1 January 2020 Loss for the year Dividend	19,267 (2,251) (18,000)
於二零二零年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2020	(984)
於二零二一年一月一日 年內虧損	As at 1 January 2021 Loss for the year	(984) (158)
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2021	(1,142)

(b) 其他儲備

本公司其他儲備指根據二零一二年 完成的重組所收購附屬公司的投資 成本與本公司作為交換所發行股本 的面值之間的差額。

(b) Other reserve

Other reserve of the Company represented the difference between the investment cost in the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the reorganisation completed in 2012 over the nominal value of the share capital of the Company issued in exchange thereof.

34 董事及主要行政人員酬金

34 DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **EMOLUMENTS**

		薪金	酌情花紅	僱主向退休 褔利計劃供款 Employer's contribution to a retirement	總計
			Discretionary	benefit	
姓名	Name	Salary	bonus	scheme	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度	Year ended 31 December 2021				
執行董事	Executive directors				
黄先生	Mr. Huang	4,397	_	18	4,415
黃麗花女士	Ms Huang Li Hun, Serlina	1,430	-	18	1,448
獨立非執行董事	Independent non-executive directors				
黄定幹先生	Mr. Wong Ting Kon	180	_	_	180
彭婉珊女士	Ms. Pang Yuen Shan, Christina	180	_	-	180
張灼祥先生	Mr. Chang Cheuk Cheung, Terence	180	_	_	180
陳振彬博士	Dr. Chan Chung Bun, Bunny	180	-	-	180
		6,547	-	36	6,583
截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度	Year ended 31 December 2020				
執行董事	Executive directors				
黄先生	Mr. Huang	4,049	300	18	4,367
黃麗花女士	Ms Huang Li Hun, Serlina	1,265	-	16	1,281
陳洪光先生	Mr. Chan Hung Kwong, Patrick	183	-	2	185
獨立非執行董事	Independent non-executive directors				
黄定幹先生	Mr. Wong Ting Kon	180	_	_	180
彭婉珊女士	Ms. Pang Yuen Shan, Christina	180	_	_	180
張灼祥先生	Mr. Chang Cheuk Cheung, Terence	180	-	-	180
陳振彬博士	Dr. Chan Chung Bun, Bunny	180	_		180
		6,217	300	36	6,553

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

34 董事及主要行政人員酬金(續)

黃先生為本公司行政總裁。概無董事於 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 放棄或同意放棄任何酬金(二零二零年: 無)。

黃麗花女士於二零二零年二月十四日獲 委任為董事及陳洪光先生於二零二零年 二月十四日辭任董事。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團概無向董事支付任何酬金,作為吸引彼等加入或加入本集團時的獎勵或作為離職補償(二零二零年:無)。

(a) 董事退休利益

並無就董事管理本公司或其附屬公司的事務所提供的其他服務而已付或應付之退休利益(二零二零年:無)。

(b) 董事終止服務的付款或利益 年內·並無向董事支付任何款項或 利益·作為董事提前辭任或其終止 服務的補償(二零二零年:無)。

(c) 就提供董事服務而向第三方支 付的代價

概無就獲一名人士提供的公司董事服務(或是在擔任董事期間以其他身份服務)而已付或應付任何第三方的代價(二零二零年:無)。

34 DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

Mr. Huang is the chief executive officer of the Company. No director has waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil).

Ms. Huang Li Hun, Serlina was appointed as director on 14 February 2020 and Mr. Chan Hung Kwong, Patrick resigned as director on 14 February 2020.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office (2020: Nil).

(a) Directors' retirement benefits

No retirement benefits were paid to or receivable by any directors in respect of their other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking (2020: Nil).

(b) Directors' termination payments or benefits

No payment was made or benefit provided to directors as compensation for the early termination of the appointment or in respect of termination of the services of directors during the year (2020: Nil).

(c) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

No consideration was provided to or receivable by any third party for making available the services of a person as a director of a company, or in any other capacity while as a director (2020: Nil).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

34 董事及主要行政人員酬金(續)

(d) 董事、受董事控制的法人團體 及與董事有關連的實體之貸款、 類似貸款以及惠及該等人士的 其他交易的資料

年內,並無董事、受董事控制的法 人團體及與董事有關連的實體之貸 款、類似貸款以及惠及該等人士的 其他交易相關資料(二零二零年: 無)。

(e) 董事在交易、安排或合約中的 重大權益

除財務報表其他章節所披露者外, 於年末或二零二一年年內任何時間,本集團概無簽訂任何涉及本集 團業務而本公司之董事直接或間接 在其中擁有重大權益之重要交易、 安排及合約(二零二零年:無)。

35 期後事項

34 DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(d) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

There were no loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors during the year (2020: Nil).

(e) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Save as disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, no significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year 2021 (2020: Nil).

35 SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Following the fifth wave of Coronavirus Disease 2019 ("the COVID-19") in early 2022, a series of precautionary and control measures have been and continued to be implemented across the PRC and Hong Kong, including certain level of restrictions and controls over the travelling of people and traffic arrangements, quarantine of certain residents, heightening of hygiene and epidemic prevention requirements in factories and offices and encouraged social distancing, etc. In order to minimise the impact of the COVID-19 and changes in the market, the Group has actively coordinated relevant resources and adjusted production and operation arrangements in a timely manner. The Group will pay close attention to the development of the COVID-19 and evaluate its impact on the financial position and operating results of the Group. As at the date on which this set of financial statements were authorised for issue, the Group was not aware of any material adverse effects on the financial statements as a result of the COVID-19.

