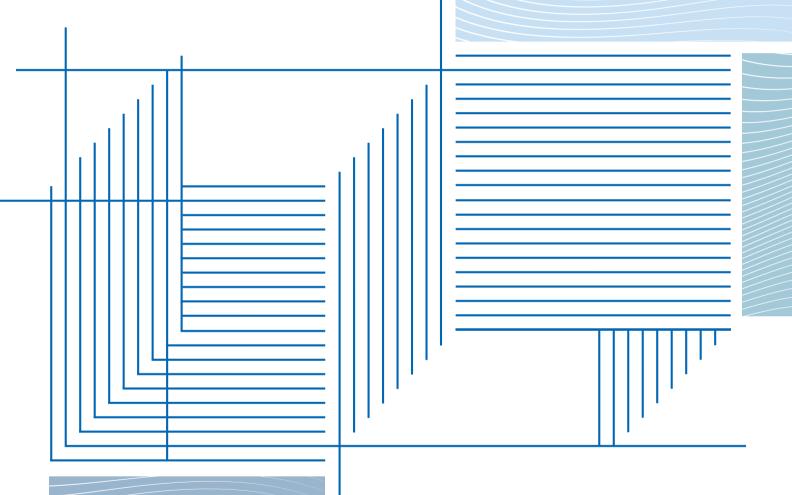


VANOV HOLDINGS COMPANY LIMITED 環龍控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號: 2260



ANNUAL REPORT年報 2021

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Ms. Shen Genlian (Chairperson)

Mr. Zhou Jun (Chief executive officer)

Mr. Xie Zongguo

Ms. Yuan Aomei

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Ip Wang Hoi

Mr. Zhang Shenjin

Mr. Wang Yunchen

BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit Committee

Mr. Wang Yunchen (Chairman)

Mr. Zhang Shenjin

Mr. Ip Wang Hoi

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Ip Wang Hoi (Chairman)

Mr. Zhou Jun

Mr. Zhang Shenjin

Nomination Committee

Ms. Shen Genlian (Chairman)

Mr. Ip Wang Hoi

Mr. Wang Yunchen

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. Shen Genlian

Ms. Mak Po Man Cherie

JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

Ms. Liu Jiayan

Ms. Mak Po Man Cherie

董事會

執行董事

沈根蓮女士(主席) 周駿先生(行政總裁)

謝宗國先生

袁傲梅女士

獨立非執行董事

葉耘開先生

張慎金先生

王運陳先生

董事委員會

審核委員會

王運陳先生(主席)

張慎金先生

葉耘開先生

薪酬委員會

葉耘開先生(主席)

周駿先生

張慎金先生

提名委員會

沈根蓮女士(主席)

葉耘開先生

王運陳先生

授權代表

沈根蓮女士

麥寶文女士

聯席公司秘書

劉家燕女士

麥寶文女士

CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square **Hutchins Drive** PO Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

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PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

40th Floor, Dah Sing Financial Centre 248 Queen's Road East, Wanchai Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Shanghai Pudong Development Bank Co., Ltd. Chengdu Branch Chengdu Rural Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Wenjiang Yongsheng Branch Office Hua Xia Bank Co., Ltd. Chengdu Branch

AUDITOR

Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited Certified Public Accountants Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

LEGAL ADVISER AS TO HONG KONG LAWS

Loong & Yeung

COMPLIANCE ADVISER

CMBC International Capital Limited

註冊辦事處

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香港主要營業地點

香港 灣仔皇后大道東248號 大新金融中心40樓

主要往來銀行

上海浦東發展銀行股份有限公司 成都分行 成都農村商業銀行股份有限公司 温江永盛分行 華夏銀行股份有限公司成都分行

核數師

致同(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師 註冊公眾利益實體核數師

關於香港法律的法律顧問

龍炳坤、楊永安律師行

合規顧問

民銀資本有限公司

CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

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Cayman Islands

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Wanchai

Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

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WEBSITE

www.vanov.cn

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Cayman Islands

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香港

灣仔

皇后大道東183號

合和中心17樓1712-1716號舖

股份代號

2260

網站

www.vanov.cn

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

Dear Shareholders.

2021 is a very challenging year to Vanov Holdings Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group"). Being the first year to implement the "14th Five-Year Plan" of the Peoples' Republic of China (the "PRC" or "China"), driven by the factors such as upgrading of social needs, increase in environmental protection policies, continuing advancement of technology and changes in the supply of resources, the papermaking industry had, in respond, accelerated the reduction of low-end production capacity, and had been increasing industry concentration, leading to an optimizing industry structure. The supply-side reform and the adjustment of the raw material structure had further improved the prosperity of the industry, and the duly implemented "zero import quota on recovered paper" policy had accelerated the overseas layout of leading paper enterprises.

As an essential part of the papermaking industry chain, the Group responded calmly to the new changes in the papermaking industry and solidly did well in every steps of the work by focusing on quality, cost and research and development. We made full efforts to achieve technology upgrade and market expansion. With the concerted efforts of all staff, the Group's revenue from sales and profit both recorded a year-on-year increase in 2021. The Group's total revenue in 2021 increased by 16.9% to RMB213.7 million compared to last year, and net profit increased by 22.6% to RMB59.5 million. Net profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company amounted to RMB50.1 million. Earnings per share for the year were RMB13.7 cents (2020: RMB11.1 cents). The total sales volume of the Group in 2021 was 1,401 tonnes.

INDUSTRY REVIEW

According to the latest information of National Bureau of Statistics of China, from January to December 2021, the nationwide production volume of machine-made paper and paperboard reached 135.839 million tonnes, representing a yearon-year increase of 8.833 million tonnes or 6.8%, making a new record high through breaking the cap of 130 million tonnes for the first time.

致各位股東:

2021年對環龍控股有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬 公司(統稱「本集團」)而言是極富挑戰的一年。作為中 華人民共和國(「中國」)「十四五」規劃的開局之年,造 紙行業在社會需求升級、環保政策加碼、技術持續 進步、資源供給變化等因素的共同驅動下,加速去 低端產能,行業集中度不斷提升,行業格局持續優 化。供給側改革和原料結構調整進一步提高行業景 氣度,「零外廢」政策的正式實施加速龍頭紙企的海 外佈局。

作為造紙產業鏈中的重要一環,面對造紙行業的 新變局,集團沉著應對,紮實做好每一步,著力抓 質量、抓成本、抓研發。全力實現技術升級與市場 開拓,在全體員工團結努力下,2021年,本集團銷售 收益及利潤同比上年均有所提升。本集團2021年總 收益比去年增長16.9%至人民幣213.7百萬元,純利上 升22.6%至人民幣59.5百萬元,年內本公司擁有人應 佔純利則為人民幣50.1百萬元。年內每股盈利人民幣 13.7分(2020年: 人民幣11.1分)。本集團2021年總銷 售量為1,401噸。

行業回顧

據國家統計局最新數據顯示,2021年1月至12月, 全國機制紙及紙板產量135.839百萬噸,同比增長 8.833百萬噸,增速6.8%,首次突破130百萬噸大關, 創歷史新高。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告

In 2021, the demand for packaging papers in e-commerce, take-away and other services, as well as the demand for household paper as a necessity in daily lives of Chinese residents, continued to rise due to the recovery of consumption and the implementation of the new plastic ban order. According to the statistics of the Secretariat of the Household Paper Committee, from January to December 2021, the disclosed production capacity of household paper industry accumulated to approximately 2.686 million tonnes per year. Attributable to the accelerated urbanisation and economic growth, the consumption of paper products such as packaging paper, household paper and cultural paper are expected to demonstrate a steady and sustainable growth in the forthcoming years.

The market demand for papermaking felt is associated with the demand for papers. The increase in output of paper machines, upgrade, replacement and expansion of production capacity from papermaking enterprises will drive the demand for papermaking felts. In 2021, there was a rising trend of industrial concentration in the overall papermaking felt industry, which was mainly reflected in the fact that the leading enterprises of the industry continued to retrofit and upgrade their existing equipment through increasing capital investments, as well as enhanced investments in research and development, leading to a significant improvement in quality, output and sales volume of the products. The smallscale papermaking felt enterprises had been gradually falling behind because of insufficient investment of resources.

BUSINESS PROSPECTS

China's economy had proved its resilience under the COVID-19 pandemic. When the vaccination rate continues to rise, it is expected that the global economy and supply chain will recover at a fast pace, which will have positive impacts on the development of the overall macro-economy and the paper industry. In the long run, with the Chinese government stressing the promotion of policies regarding "Dual Circulation" economic development, e-commerce and "replacement of plastic with paper", the rigid demand for paper, especially for packaging paper, will be driven. In estimation, the production and consumption volume of machine-made paper and paperboard in the PRC will grow at a CARG of approximately 4.9% and 5.1%, respectively from 2021 to 2025. Meanwhile, amid the new normal of raw material supply, implementation of rectification measures on environment protection such as "coal-to-gas" will accelerate the elimination of obsolete production capacities, resulting in a rising level of productivity of the industry.

2021年,由於消費回暖、新限塑令的實施,電子 商務、外賣服務等使包裝紙需求持續增長;及作為中 國居民日常生活必需品的生活紙需求和產能持續增 長。根據生活用紙委員會秘書處統計,2021年1-12 月,已公開生活用紙行業累計的投產產能約2.686百 萬噸/年。基於城市化加速及經濟增長,包裝紙、 生活用紙及文化用紙等紙製品的消耗預計將於未來 幾年呈現穩定可持續的增長。

造紙毛毯的市場需求與紙張的需求掛鈎,造紙 機產量增加、造紙企業升級、更換及產能擴大都將 帶動造紙毛毯的需求。2021年,造紙毛毯行業整體 呈現出產業集中度不斷提升的趨勢,主要表現在頭 部企業通過加大資金投入,持續對現有設備進行改 造升級,並加強研發投入,無論從產品的質量、產 量和銷量上都有明顯提升,小型造紙毛毯企業因投 入不足,逐漸掉隊。

業務前景

中國經濟之韌性之強在疫情下得到了印證,隨著 疫苗接種率的不斷提升,預計全球經濟、供應鏈將 加快復蘇,這對整個宏觀經濟及造紙產業發展都將 具積極作用。長遠來看,國家大力推動雙循環經濟 發展、電商及「以紙代塑」等政策均會拉動對紙張, 尤其包裝紙的剛性需求;據估計,2021年至2025年 中國機制紙及紙板產量及消耗量將分別以約4.9%及 約5.1%的複合年增長率增長。同時,在原料供應新 常態、「煤改氣」等環保整改措施的實施將會促使落 後產能加速淘汰,行業生產力水平不斷提升。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

The market demand for papermaking felt is associated with the demand for papers. The increase in output of paper machines, upgrade, replacement and expansion of production capacity from papermaking enterprises will drive the demand for papermaking felts. Driven by the expected growth of domestic paper production and strong demand for papermaking felts in Southeast Asia, the sales volume of papermaking felt has seen a rapid growth from 2016 onwards. According to the statistics, from 2016 to 2020, the sales volume of papermaking felts in the PRC grew from approximately 12,820.1 tonnes to approximately 17,487.9 tonnes, representing a CAGR of approximately 8.1%. It is expected that the growth is set to maintain at a CAGR of 6.3% from 2021 to 2025.

產量增加、造紙企業升級、更換及產能擴大都將帶 動造紙毛毯的需求。受國內紙張牛產的增長及東南 亞對造紙毛毯的需求強勁所推動,造紙毛毯的銷量 自2016年起快速增長,據統計,2016至2020年,中 國 造 紙 毛 毯 的 銷 量 由 約12,820.1 噸 增 加 至 約17,487.9 噸,複合年增長率約為8.1%,預計2021年至2025年 都將維持複合年增長率6.3%的增長。

DEVELOPMENT PLAN

In 2022, the Company will focus on production capacity expansion with an aim of consolidating its market share while proactively looking for business development opportunities that would perform synergies with its principal undertaking through increasing the investments in research and development.

- 1. Establishing a foothold in its principal business by producing quality and intelligent papermaking felts. The Group will continue to strengthen its main business of papermaking felts, the high-end industrial filter material products, through which to establish its core competitiveness and to develop production, sales and technical capabilities reaching the world-class standard. Also, the Group will increase efforts on brand marketing to establish a global leading brand position.
- 2. Creating a papermaking machine service ecosystem of papermaking machine efficiency oriented in multidimensions. The Company will develop a service platform through accumulated data, IoT and AI analysis technology based on its papermaking machine operation efficiency optimization service system to provide papermaking integrated service plans aiming to improve efficiency while reducing energy consumption, and to seek and integrate quality business resources within the ecosystem that will bring synergies to the Group's development.

發展規劃

2022年,公司將著力產能擴建,加大研發投入, 立足主業並積極尋找能與主業產生協同的產業發展 機會。

- 1. 立足主業,做高品質、智能化的造紙毛毯。 集團將持續強化造紙毛殺這一高端工業濾材 產品主業,打造核心競爭力,打造具有國際 一流水平的生產、銷售、技術能力,同時加 大品牌營銷,確立全球領先品牌地位。
- 2. 多維度持續打造以紙機效率為核心的紙機服 務生態圈,基於公司開發的紙機運營效率優 化服務系統,通過數據累積、物聯網、人工 智能分析技術,打造紙機服務平台,提供以 提升效率、降低能耗為目標的紙機綜合服務 方案,同時在生態圈中尋求、整合可與集團 協同發展的優質產業資源。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告

- 3. Strengthening ESG management, fulfilling corporate social responsibilities resolutely, improving internal control system, environmental protection, safety and staff training and other mechanisms. By adopting advanced technology in production to continuously reduce the corporate carbon emissions and using quality products to assist the papermaking industry in lowering its carbon emissions, the Group will be able to attain sustainable and high-quality growth in enterprises and the industry.
- 3. 加強ESG管理,堅定履行企業社會責任,不 斷完善內控機制,完善環保、安全、人才培 訓等體制,通過先進生產技術不斷降低企業 碳排放,並以優良的產品協助造紙企業不斷 降低碳排放,本集團將實現企業與產業的可 持續、高質量發展。

APPRECIATION

The Group would like to express its sincere gratitude to all staff, investors, suppliers, customers, government at all levels, banks, business partners and other stakeholders for their trust and support towards the Group. In the future, it is believed that leveraging on market-leading position in the papermaking felt industry, as well as throughout and steady strengths in development, the Group will be able to improve its profitability consistently; thereby maximising the interests of the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders").

致謝

本集團衷心感謝全體員工、投資者、供應商、客 戶、各級政府、銀行、業務夥伴等持份者對環龍控 股的信任及支持,未來,相信憑藉本集團在造紙毛 發行業的領先地位以及貫徹始終的穩健發展優勢, 本集團將不斷提升盈利能力,為本公司股東(「股東」) 帶來最大的利益。

管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group principally engages in the design, manufacture and sales of papermaking felts under the brands of VANOV and **obear**. Papermaking felts are fabrics used in the papermaking machines for dewatering, pressing, forming and drying of paper in the papermaking process and are consumables with a replacement cycle of approximately 30 to 180 days. The Group provides comprehensive papermaking felts services to customers, from conducting on-site visits and advising customers on the types and specifications of papermaking felts, to sourcing suitable raw materials for its production, conducting quality control, delivering papermaking felts to customers and providing aftersales services.

The Group developed and launched a trial version of Huanlong Paper Machine Efficiency Operation System* (造紙機運 營效率優化服務數字平台系統), which is able to gather and store the data of its customers' papermaking machines collected during the provision of its services, so that it can analyse the data and customise the product for customers and provide technical advice of improving the efficiency of customers' papermaking machines. As part of its sales and marketing strategies, upon completion of the development and the launching of the formal version of system, this online platform will allow the Group's selected customers to access its services remotely such as reviewing product development plans, tracking orders and production status, reviewing product examination and technical reports and giving feedback on the efficiency of their papermaking machines.

Riding on its research and development capabilities and data stored in the system, in order to increase customer stickiness to its products, the Group currently also provides complementary papermaking machine efficiency optimisation services from pre-sales technical advice in the use of suitable products and/ or customisation of products to after-sales technical advice and evaluation of the effectiveness on customers' papermaking machine to its customers, with a view to increase customers' operational efficiency.

The Group's customers are primarily paper and paper products manufacturers and trading companies, which can be categorised by geographical region, including: (i) PRC paper and paper products manufacturers and trading companies; and (ii) overseas paper and paper products manufacturers and trading companies. Monofilaments and fibre, which are mainly made from nylon, are the major raw materials for the Group's production. The Group's suppliers, who are mainly based in the PRC, provide the Group with raw materials, some of which were imported from Germany and Switzerland.

業務回顧

本集團主要以**VANQV**及**Gbear**品牌從事 造紙毛毯的設計、製造及銷售。造紙毛毯為用於造 紙機的織物,在造紙過程中將紙張脱水、壓搾、成型 及乾燥, 並為擁有約30至180天替代週期的消耗品。 本集團為客戶提供全面的造紙毛毯服務,從進行實 地視察、就造紙毛毯的類型及規格向客戶提供建議、 到採購合適原材料作生產、進行質量控制、向客戶 交付造紙毛毯及提供售後服務。

本集團開發並發佈造紙機運營效率優化服務數 字平台系統試用版,該系統於其提供服務時可收集 並儲存客戶造紙機的數據,令其可分析數據並為客 戶客制化產品及提供提升客戶造紙機效能的技術建 議。作為本集團的銷售及營銷策略一部分,於開發 完成,系統的正式版本推出後,此在線平台將容許 特選客戶遙距獲取本集團服務,例如審查產品開發 計劃、跟蹤訂單及生產情況、審閱產品檢驗及技術 報告以及就其造紙機的效能提供反饋意見。

憑借本集團的研發能力及在系統儲存的數據,為 提高客戶對本集團產品的黏性,目前本集團亦向客戶 提供免費造紙機效能提升服務,由就使用合適的產 品提供售前技術諮詢,及/或訂製產品,以至售後 技術諮詢並評估產品對客戶造紙機的效能,務求提 升客戶的營運效率。

本集團的客戶主要為造紙及紙製品製造商及貿 易公司,可按地理位置分類,包括:(i)中國的造紙及 紙製品製造商及貿易公司;及(ii)海外的造紙及紙製 品製造商及貿易公司。單絲及纖維主要由尼龍製成, 為本集團生產的主要原材料。本集團的供應商主要 位於中國,向本集團提供原材料,當中部分從德國 及瑞十進口。

管理層討論及分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

The Group principally engages in the design, manufacture and sales of papermaking felts under the brands of VANOV and **obear**. The revenue for the year ended 31 December 2021 was approximately RMB213.7 million, representing an increase of 16.9% as compared to approximately RMB182.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2020, which was mainly attributable to the increase in sales of medium-speed and high-speed felts.

Gross Profit and Gross Profit Margin

The Group's gross profit for the year ended 31 December 2021 was approximately RMB113.6 million, representing an increase of approximately RMB14.0 million from approximately RMB99.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. Its gross profit margin decreased from approximately 54.5% for the year ended 31 December 2020 to approximately 53.2% for the year ended 31 December 2021, which was mainly attributable to the change in product mix and an increase in cost of raw materials.

Other Income

Other income for the Group decreased by approximately RMB0.5 million from approximately RMB6.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 to approximately RMB5.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2021, which was mainly attributable to the decrease in government subsidies income.

Selling and Distribution Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2021, selling and distribution expense of the Group was approximately RMB19.9 million, as compared to approximately RMB17.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. Selling and distribution expense for the year ended 31 December 2021 accounted for approximately 9.3% of its revenue, representing an increase of approximately RMB2.1 million from the year ended 31 December 2020. The increase in selling expense was generally in line with the increase in revenue.

財務回顧

收益

本集團主要以**VANQV**及**Gobear**品牌從 31日止年度的收益約為人民幣213.7百萬元,較截至 2020年12月31日止年度的約人民幣182.8百萬元增加 了16.9%,主要原因為中速及高速毛毯的銷量增加所

毛利及毛利率

截至2021年12月31日止年度,本集團毛利約為人 民幣113.6百萬元,較截至2020年12月31日止年度的 約人民幣99.6百萬元增加約人民幣14.0百萬元。其毛 利率則由截至2020年12月31日止年度的約54.5%下降 至截至2021年12月31日止年度的約53.2%,主要原因 為產品組合的變動及原材料成本增加所致。

其他收入

本集團截至2021年12月31日止年度的其他收入為 約人民幣5.5百萬元,較截至2020年12月31日止年度 約人民幣6.0百萬元減少約人民幣0.5百萬元,主要原 因為政府補貼收入減少所致。

銷售及分銷開支

本集團截至2021年12月31日止年度的銷售及分銷 開支約為人民幣19.9百萬元,而截至2020年12月31 日止年度約為人民幣17.8百萬元。截至2021年12月31 日止年度的銷售及分銷開支佔收益約9.3%,較截至 2020年12月31日止年度增加約人民幣2.1百萬元。銷 售費用增加大致上與收益增加一致。

管理層討論及分析

Administrative and Other Operating Expenses

For the year ended 31 December 2021, administrative and other operating expenses of the Group was approximately RMB31.6 million, as compared to approximately RMB32.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. Administrative and other operating expenses for the year ended 31 December 2021 accounted for approximately 14.8% of the Group's revenue, representing a decrease of approximately RMB0.6 million as compared to that of the year ended 31 December 2020. Such decrease was mainly due to the decrease in listing expenses.

Finance Cost

For the year ended 31 December 2021, total finance cost of the Group reached approximately RMB8.2 million, representing an increase of approximately RMB1.0 million as compared to approximately RMB7.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. The main reason for such increase was the increase of loan interests in other borrowings.

Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 reached approximately RMB8.8 million, representing an increase of approximately RMB1.3 million from approximately RMB7.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2020, which was mainly attributable to the increase in the Group's profit before tax.

Effective tax rate (income tax expense divided by profit before income tax for the current year) for the year ended 31 December 2021 was approximately 14.7%, as compared to 15.4% for the year ended 31 December 2020. Such decrease was mainly attributable to more favorable tax policies implemented by the PRC government and an increase in deductible research and development expenses ratio.

行政及其他經營開支

本集團截至2021年12月31日止年度的行政及其他 經營開支約為人民幣31.6百萬元,而截至2020年12月 31日止年度約為人民幣32.1百萬元。截至2021年12月 31日止年度的行政及其他經營開支佔本集團收益約 14.8%,較截至2020年12月31日止年度約減少人民幣 0.6百萬元。其減少主要是由於上市開支減少所致。

財務成本

截至2021年12月31日止年度,本集團的總財務成 本約為人民幣8.2百萬元,與截至2020年12月31日止 年度約為人民幣7.2百萬元相比增加約人民幣1.0百萬 元。其增加的主要原因為其他借款產生的貸款利息 增加所致。

所得税開支

本集團截至2021年12月31日止年度的所得税開支 約為人民幣8.8百萬元,較截至2020年12月31日止年 度的約人民幣7.5百萬元增加約人民幣1.3百萬元,其 增加原因為本集團稅前溢利增加所致。

截至2021年12月31日止年度的實際税率(所得税 開支除以本年度除所得税前溢利)約為14.7%,而截 至2020年12月31日止年度則為15.4%,該減少乃主要 由於中國政府稅收政策支持力度加大,研發開支加 計扣除比例上升所致。

管理層討論及分析

Turnover Days of Inventories, Trade Receivables and **Trade Pavables**

Turnover days of inventories of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 were 40.0 days, as compared to 46.9 days for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Turnover days for trade receivables of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 were 211.0 days, as compared to 209.7 days for the year ended 31 December 2020, which was in line with the credit period granted by the Group to its customers.

Turnover days for trade payables of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 were 80.4 days, as compared to 86.3 days for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Liquidity, Financial Resources and Capital Structure

As at 31 December 2021, net assets of the Group reached approximately RMB215.0 million (2020: approximately RMB164.3 million). As at 31 December 2021, current assets and current liabilities of the Group reached approximately RMB178.0 million (2020: approximately RMB182.1 million) and approximately RMB185.3 million (2020: approximately RMB171.1 million). As at 31 December 2021, the current ratio of the Group was 96.1%, as compared to 106.4% as at 31 December 2020.

The Group normally finances its operations from cash generated from its operating activities and bank borrowings. As at 31 December 2021, outstanding borrowings of the Group was approximately RMB127.5 million (2020: approximately RMB115.0 million). These bank borrowings and other borrowings were generally secured by its property, plant and equipment and land. As at 31 December 2021, bank balances and cash of the Group reached approximately RMB12.6 million (2020: approximately RMB29.8 million). Net gearing ratio (total borrowings minus cash and cash equivalents and divided by shareholders' equity) of the Group as of 31 December 2021 was 55.9% (31 December 2020: 53.6%).

The Group has sufficient cash and available bank credit to meet the commitment and its operating cash requirement.

存貨、應收賬款及應付賬款週轉期

本集團於截至2021年12月31日止年度的存貨週轉 期為40.0日,而於截至2020年12月31日止年度則為 46.9 □ 。

本集團於截至2021年12月31日止年度的應收賬款 週轉期為211.0日,而截至2020年12月31日止年度則 為209.7日。此符合本集團給予客戶的信貸期。

本集團於截至2021年12月31日止年度的應付賬款 週轉期為80.4日,而截至2020年12月31日止年度則為 86.3 目。

流動資金、財務資源及資本結構

於2021年12月31日,本集團的資產淨值約為人民 幣215.0百萬元(2020年: 約人民幣164.3百萬元)。於 2021年12月31日,本集團的流動資產約達人民幣178.0 百萬元(2020年:約人民幣182.1百萬元),而流動負 債則約為人民幣185.3百萬元(2020年:約人民幣171.1) 百萬元)。於2021年12月31日,本集團的流動比率為 96.1%,而於2020年12月31日則為106.4%。

本集團主要使用經營活動所得現金及銀行借款 為其業務提供資金。於2021年12月31日,本集團的 未償還借款約為人民幣127.5百萬元(2020年:約人民 幣115.0百萬元)。該等銀行借款及其他借款一般以本 集團物業、廠房及設備、土地抵押。於2021年12月 31日,本集團持有銀行結餘及現金約人民幣12.6百萬 元(2020年:約人民幣29.8百萬元)。截至2021年12月 31日本集團的淨資本負債比率(借款總額減現金及現 金等價物除以股東權益)為55.9%(2020年12月31日: 53.6%) •

本集團具備充裕現金及可供動用的銀行備用額以 應付其承擔及營運資金需要。

管理層討論及分析

The Group's trading and monetary assets are denominated in RMB. The Group is exposed to financial risks through its use of financial instruments in its ordinary course of operations and in its investment activities. The financial risks include market risk (including foreign currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall financial risk management policies focuses on the unpredictability and volatility at financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Group. No derivative financial instruments are used to hedge any risk exposures.

本集團的交易及貨幣資產主要以人民幣計值。本 集團就其於日常業務過程及投資活動中使用金融工 具承受財務風險。財務風險包括市場風險(包括外幣 風險及利率風險)、信貸風險及流動性風險。本集團 的整體財務風險管理政策專注於金融市場的不可預 測性及波動性,及尋求盡量減少對本集團財務狀況, 財務表現及現金流量可能造成的不利影響。概無採 用衍生金融工具對沖任何風險。

Pledge of Assets

As at 31 December 2021, certain of the Group's assets were pledged to secure bank borrowings of the Group. The aggregate carrying amount of the assets of the Group pledged at 31 December 2021 was approximately RMB76.3 million.

Contingent Liabilities

As at 31 December 2021, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities.

Trade and Other Payables

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the trade and other payables of the Group were approximately RMB58.8 million.

Employee and Remuneration Policy

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had 309 employees. The remuneration package offered by the Group to its employees generally includes salary, allowances and payment for welfare contributions, including social insurance contributions and housing provident fund contributions. The Group determines its employees' remunerations based on each employee's qualification, relevant experience, position and seniority. The Group conducts annual review on salary increments, bonuses and promotions based on the performance of each employee.

資產抵押

於2021年12月31日,本集團已抵押若干資產以擔 保本集團銀行借款。本集團已抵押資產於2021年12 月31日的賬面總值約為人民幣76.3百萬元。

或然負債

於2021年12月31日,本集團並無任何重大的或然 負債。

貿易及其他應付款項

截至2021年12月31日 止年度,本集團的貿易及其 他應付款項約為人民幣58.8百萬元。

僱員及薪酬政策

於2021年12月31日,本集團擁有309名僱員。本 集團向僱員提供的薪酬待遇包括薪金、津貼及繳付 福利供款,包括社會保險供款及住房公積金供款。 本集團根據每名僱員的資格、相關經驗、職位及資 歷釐定僱員薪酬。本集團根據每名僱員的績效每年 進行薪酬調升、花紅及晉升審查。

管理層討論及分析

As at 31 December 2021, save for the instances disclosed in the section headed "Business — Legal proceedings and compliance — Non-compliances — (2) Non-compliance in relation to social insurance contributions" in the prospectus of the Company dated 29 December 2021 (the "Prospectus"), the Group had made contributions for its employees in the PRC to social security funds (including pension insurance, medical insurance, work-related injury insurance, unemployment insurance and maternity insurance) and housing provident fund. For the year ended 31 December 2021, the total staff cost, including salaries, wages and other benefits, and contributions to defined contribution plans, amounted to approximately RMB35.8 million.

The Group provides regular on-the-job training to the employees and conducts yearly reviews of their performance. The Group believes that these initiatives have contributed to stronger work incentive among its employees.

The Directors and senior management receive compensation in the form of salaries, benefits in kind and discretionary bonuses with reference to salaries paid by the comparable companies, time commitment and the performance of the Group. The Group regularly reviews and determines the remuneration and compensation package of the Directors and senior management, by reference to, among other things, market level of salaries paid by comparable companies, the respective responsibilities of the Directors and senior management and the performance of the Group.

Remuneration committee of the Group will review and determine the remuneration and compensation packages of the Directors with reference to their responsibilities, workload, the time devoted to the Group and the performance of the Group. The Directors may also receive options to be granted under the share option scheme adopted by the Company.

The Group has not experienced any material labour disputes with the employees which had a material impact on its business, financial conditions or result of its operations. The Group has maintained good relationships with its employees.

於2021年12月31日,除本公司日期為2021年12月 29日的招股章程(「招股章程」)「業務 — 法律訴訟及合 規 — 不合規事件 — (2)有關社會保險供款的不合規 事件|一節所披露的案例外,本集團已為其中國僱員 作出社會保險金(包括養老保險、醫療保險、工傷保 險、失業保險及生育保險)及住房公積金供款。截至 2021年12月31日 止年度,員工成本總額(包括薪金、 工資及其他福利以及界定供款計劃供款)約為人民幣 35.8百萬元。

本集團為僱員提供定期在職培訓,並按年評審 彼等的績效。本集團認為,該等措施有利於激勵僱 員的工作。

董事及高級管理層以薪金、實物福利及酌情花紅 方式收取報酬,當中經參考可資比較公司支付的薪 金、投入的時間及本集團的表現。本集團定期通過 參考(其中包括)可資比較公司支付的市場薪金水平、 董事及高級管理層各自的職責及本集團的表現,去檢 討及釐定董事及高級管理層的薪酬及報酬組合。

本集團的薪酬委員會將檢討及釐定董事的薪酬 及報酬組合,當中經參考其職責、工作量、為本集團 投入的時間及本集團的表現。董事亦可能收到本公 司根據已採納的購股權計劃所授出的購股權。

本集團並無與僱員發生會對其業務、財務狀況 或經營業績造成嚴重影響的任何重大勞工糾紛。本 集團與僱員的關係良好。

管理層討論及分析

RECENT DEVELOPMENT

Global Offering and Listing

On 29 December 2021, the Company offered 114,200,000 ordinary shares (the "Shares") for subscription by public by way of global offering (the "Global offering"). The offer price per Share was determined at HK\$1.22 and the Shares were successfully listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on 11 January 2022. The net proceeds (after deduction of underwriting fees and commissions and other listing expense) from the Global Offering were approximately HK\$92.8 million. In addition, the over-allotment option granted by the Company to the International Underwriters (as defined in the Prospectus) was partially exercised and the Company further issued 3.442.000 Shares, representing approximately 3.0% of the number of Shares of the Company initially offered at HK\$1.22 in the Global Offering. The additional net proceeds from the partial exercise of the over-allotment option were approximately HK\$4.2 million. The net proceeds would be applied in manners described under the section headed "Future Plans and Use of Proceeds" to the Prospectus.

The Shares were only listed in January 2022. The Company raised new capital through the Global Offering in 2022, and details of the proposed use of proceeds are set out in the Prospectus.

Impact of the COVID-19 Outbreak

In light of the strict measures against the COVID-19 outbreak and gaining vaccination rate, the PRC economy has demonstrated steady recovery during 2021. However, due to unstable outbreak in many countries around the world, limited international transportation, increase in energy and bulk raw material costs as well as the implementation of the "zero import quota on recovered paper" policy in the PRC, the operation pressure on the paper packaging industry in the PRC has not been eased.

While facing various uncertainties, the Group further enhanced its virus prevention measures, taked advantage of its production scale and raw material procurement, provided quality products and services, expanded premium customer base and implemented effective cost control, as such, the Group achieved new high in both sales value and sales volume, with an outstanding increase in profits. In addition, due to the effective control on working capital and financial risks, the Group maintained the net gearing ratio and cash flow at a stable level despite the increment in capital expenditure.

近期發展

全球發售及上市

本公司於2021年12月29日以全球發售的方式(「全 球發售|)向公眾發售114.200.000股普通股(「股份|)以 供認購。發售價釐定為每股股份1.22港元,而股份 於2022年1月11日在聯交所主板成功上市。扣除包銷 費用及佣金以及其他上市開支後的全球發售所得款 項淨額約92.8百萬港元。此外,本公司向國際包銷商 (定義見招股章程)授出的超額配股權部份獲行使, 以及本公司再發行3.442.000股股份,相當於按本公 司於全球發售的每股股份1.22港元初始提呈認購的 股份數目約3.0%。根據部分行使超額配股權收取的 額外所得款項淨額約為4.2百萬港元。所得款項淨額 將根據招股章程「未來計劃及所得款項用途」一節所 載的方式使用。

股份剛於2022年1月上市。本公司於2022年通過 全球發售籌得新資本,所得款項擬定用途的詳情載 於招股章程。

新型冠狀病毒疫情的影響

回顧2021年,在國家嚴謹抗疫及疫苗普及下,中 國經濟已明顯回穩。然而,由於全球多國疫情仍然 反覆、國際 航運受限、能源及大宗原料成本上升, 以及中國「零外廢」政策正式實施等,因此中國包裝 紙行業之經營壓力絲毫未減。

面對多種不明朗因素,本集團加強防疫,發揮好 生產規模及原料採購優勢,堅持優質產品和服務, 積極開拓優質客戶群,並做好成本控制,因此本集 團銷售額及銷售量再創新高,盈利顯著上升。此外, 本集團有效地管理營運資金及財務風險,即使在資 本開支增加情況下,淨負債比率及現金流仍然保持健 康水平。

管理層討論及分析

FUTURE PLANS

In order to boost the business development of the Group, the Directors intend to implement the following measures: (i) the Group has executed the production capacity expansion plan in three phases from 2021 to 2024 in order to satisfy the increasing demand in its high-speed papermaking felts. Such additional production capacity is intended mainly for manufacturing the papermaking felts used for paper machines of higher speed; (ii) the Group plans to upgrade the Huanlong Paper Machine Efficiency Operation System* (造紙機運營效率優化服務數字平 台系統) to facilitate the collection of information from customers' papermaking machines and production machinery and equipment, support the analysis of the data collected from the machines, build database and promote customised product services based on its analysis of the data. The Group will continue to develop its production machinery and equipment based on the information collected using the online platform and allocate more resources to procure staff with relevant expertise to strengthen its information technology facilities; (iii) to achieve future growth, the Group may selectively pursue strategic acquisitions that complement its business and strategic priorities, such as for expanding the business horizontally in the industry chain and supply chain, taking into account factors such as the financial and competitive positions of potential acquisition targets. In particular, the Group intends to acquire papermaking screens manufacturer(s) with the capacity to produce drying screens (乾網) and three-layer screens (三層網), another consumables required by paper manufacturers during the papermaking process, since generally the Group's paper and paper products manufacturers customers which purchase papermaking felts from the Group needs papermaking screens as well, they are major consumables for pressing, forming and drying in the whole papermaking process.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES. AND FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL **ASSETS**

There were no other significant investments held, no material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, nor was there any plan authorized by the board of directors (the "Directors") of the Company (the "Board") for other material investments or additions of capital assets as at 31 December 2021.

未來計劃

為推動本集團業務增長,董事擬實行以下措施: (i)本集團已開始於2021至2024年間,分三個階段推 進產能擴大計劃,以滿足對高速造紙毛毯的預期上 升需求。該等額外產能主要作生產供高速造紙機使 用的造紙毛毯;(ji)本集團計劃升級造紙機運營效率 優化服務數字平台系統,以促進從客戶造紙機以及 生產機器及設備中收集資料,支援對從造紙機所集 得數據的分析、建立數據庫並基於對數據的分析提 升定製產品服務。本集團將繼續基於使用在線平台 收集的資料開發其生產機器及設備,並分配更多資 源以招攬具有相關專業的人員並加強本集團的信息 科技設施;(iii)為了實現未來增長,本集團會選擇性 地尋求策略性收購,以補充其業務及策略重點,例 如在產業鏈及供應鏈中橫向擴展業務,當中已考慮 潛在收購目標的財務及競爭狀況等因素。特別是, 本集團有意收購一傢具有生產乾網及三層網(此乃於 造紙過程中紙製造商所需的另一消耗品)能力的造紙 織物製造商,因為本集團需要造紙毛毯的紙及紙製 品製造商客戶一般亦會向本集團採購造紙織物造紙 機,此乃整個造紙過程過程中壓搾、成型及乾燥的 主要消耗品。

所持主要投資、重大收購及出售附屬公司、 聯營公司及合營企業以及有關重要投資或 資本資產之未來計劃

概無持有其他主要投資、重大收購或出售附屬公 司、聯營公司及合營企業,於2021年12月31日亦無經 本公司董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)授權之有關其他重 要投資或資本資產添置的任何計劃。

企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICE

The Company is committed to maintain high standards of corporate governance to protect the interests of its Shareholders and to enhance corporate value and accountability. The Company has adopted all the code provisions in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") as its own code on corporate governance practices. The Board has reviewed the Company's corporate governance practices and is satisfied that the Company has complied with all code provisions of the CG Code since 11 January 2022 (the "Listing Date") and up to the date of this annual report. The Company will continue to enhance its corporate governance practices appropriate to the conduct and growth of its business and to review such practices from time to time to ensure that it complies with the CG Code and align with the latest developments.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiries of all the Directors, each of the Directors has confirmed that he/she has complied with the Model Code during the period from the Listing Date to the date of this annual report.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company, and setting up the overall strategy as well as reviewing the operation and financial performance of the Group. The Board reserved for its decision or consideration matters covering overall strategy, major acquisitions and disposals, annual budgets, annual and interim results, recommendations on Directors' appointment or re-appointment, approval of major capital transactions and other significant operational and financial matters. The management was delegated the authority and responsibility by the Board for the daily management of the Group. In addition, the Board has also delegated various responsibilities to the Board committees. Further details of these committees are set out in this corporate governance report.

企業管治常規

本公司致力於保持高水準的企業管治,以保障 股東利益,並提升企業價值及問責性。本公司已採 納香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則 (「上市規則」) 附錄十四所載企業管治守則(「企業管治 守則1)的所有守則條文,為其自身的企業管治常規守 則。董事會已審閱本公司的企業管治常規,並信納本 公司於2022年1月11日(「上市日期」)起直至本年度報告 日期,已遵守企業管治守則的所有守則條文。本公司 將繼續提升適用於其業務操守及增長的企業管治常 規, 並不時檢討有關常規,確保其符合企業管治守 則並與最新發展一致。

董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之上市發行人 董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」),作為其 本身就董事進行證券交易之行為守則。經向全體董 事作出特定查詢後,各董事確認自上市日期至本年度 報告日期內一直遵守標準守則。

董事會

董事會負責領導及控制本公司,並制訂整體政策 及檢討本集團營運及財務表現。整體策略事宜、主 要收購及出售、年度預算、年度及中期業績、建議 推薦董事委任或連任、批准重大資本交易及其他重 大營運及財務事宜上,董事會保留決策或審議的權 利。管理層獲董事會委派權力及責任,負責本集團日 常管理。此外,董事會亦向董事委員會委派多項責 任。該等委員會的詳情載於本企業管治報告。

企業管治報告

Composition

As at the date of this annual report, the Board comprises seven Directors and their respective roles are as follows:

Executive Directors

Ms. Shen Genlian (Chairperson)

Mr. Zhou Jun (Chief executive officer)

Mr. Xie Zongauo

Ms. Yuan Aomei

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Ip Wang Hoi

Mr. Zhang Shenjin

Mr. Wang Yunchen

The biographical details of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Biographies of Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report. Save for Mr. Zhou Jun, being the spouse of Ms. Shen Genlian, the Chairperson of the Board (the "Chairperson"), the Board members have no relationship (whether financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationships) amongst members of the Board.

Board meeting

The Board meets regularly to discuss the overall strategy as well as the operation and financial performance of the Group, in addition to the meetings for reviewing and approving the Group's annual and interim results. The Directors had participated in the Board meetings as indicated below. For those Directors who could not attend these meetings in person, they participated through electronic media.

The joint company secretaries of the Company (the "Company Secretaries") assists the Chairperson to prepare the agenda of the meetings and each Director may request to include any relevant matters on the agenda. Generally, at least 14 days' notice is given for the regular meetings by the Company. All substantive agenda items have comprehensive briefing papers, which are, in general, circulated three days before convening each Board meeting.

組成

於本年度報告日期,董事會由七名董事組成,各 人的職位如下:

執行董事

沈根蓮女十(主席) 周駿先生(行政總裁) 謝宗國先生 袁傲梅女十

獨立非執行董事

葉耘開先生 張慎金先生 王運陳先生

董事的詳細履歷載於本年度報告「董事及高級管 理層履歷」一節。除周駿先生為董事會主席(「主席」) 沈根蓮女士之配偶外,董事會成員之間概無任何財 務、業務、親屬或其他重大或相關關係。

董事會會議

除了審閱及批准本集團年度及中期業績的會議 外,董事會亦定期會面以討論本集團的整體策略以 及營運及財務表現。董事參與董事會會議的情況如 下。未能親身出席的董事則透過電子媒介參與會議。

本公司聯席公司秘書(「公司秘書」)協助主席編製 會議議程,每名董事可要求將任何相關的事項列入 議程。一般而言,本公司舉行定期會議須於至少14天 前發出通知。所有主要議程項目均有全面簡介文件, 一般於每次董事會會議召開前三天傳閱。

企業管治報告

All the Directors are able to seek advice and services from the Company Secretaries on the Board procedures and all applicable laws, rules and regulations, and corporate governance matters. Draft minutes of Board meetings and meetings of Board committees are circulated to all Directors for comment and approval as soon as practicable after the meetings. Minutes of Board meetings and meetings of Board committees are kept by the Company Secretaries and all Board members are given a copy of the minutes for their record. Should a matter being considered involve a potential conflict of interest of a Director, the Director involved in the transaction would be requested to leave the boardroom and abstain from voting. The matter would be discussed and resolved by other Directors. Policy is in place that the Directors, upon reasonable request, may seek independent professional advice on issues related to the Group's business at the Company's expenses. During the period from the Listing Date to the date of this annual report, the attendance of the individual Directors at the meetings is set out below:

全體董事可就董事會程序及所有適用法律、規則 及法規以及企業管治事宜向公司秘書尋求意見及服 務。董事會及董事會委員會的會議記錄草擬本將在 會後儘快供全體董事傳閱以提出意見及審批。董事 會及董事會委員會的會議記錄由公司秘書保存,且全 體董事會成員均可獲得會議記錄之副本以作記錄。 倘所考慮事項涉及董事之潛在利益衝突,則涉及該 項交易之董事將須避席且放棄表決。有關事項將由 其餘董事討論及決議。本公司政策規定董事可合理 要求就本集團業務相關事宜尋求獨立專業意見,費 用由本公司承擔。自上市日期至本年度報告日期止期 間,每名董事出席會議的情況如下:

> Number of **Board meetings**

		convened	Attendance rate
		已出席/已舉行之	111 亡 🕏
		董事會會議次數	出席率
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Ms. Shen Genlian	沈根蓮女士	2/2	100%
Mr. Zhou Jun	周駿先生	2/2	100%
Mr. Xie Zongguo	謝宗國先生	2/2	100%
Ms. Yuan Aomei	袁傲梅女士	2/2	100%
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Ip Wang Hoi	葉耘開先生	2/2	100%
Mr. Zhang Shenjin	張慎金先生	2/2	100%

王運陳先生

No annual general meeting of the Company (the "AGM") was held during the period from the Listing Date to the date of this annual report because the Company was listed on 11 January 2022 and therefore there is no attendance record of the Directors at general meeting.

Mr. Wang Yunchen

由於本公司於2022年1月11日 上市,於上市日期至 本年度報告日期間並無舉行本公司股東週年大會(「股 東週年大會」),因此並無董事出席股東大會的記錄。

2/2

100%

企業管治報告

Appointment, re-election and removal of Directors

Each of the executive Directors and independent nonexecutive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for a specific term. The Directors have been initially appointed for a period up to the AGM of 2022, unless and until it is terminated by either the Company or such Director. The term of appointment of each Director is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the AGM in accordance with its articles of association of the Company (the "Articles of Association") and the Listing Rules.

Pursuant to the Articles of Associations, one-third of all Directors (whether executive or non-executive) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at each AGM at least once every three years.

The Articles of Association provide that any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy in the Board or as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the first AGM of the Company. Any Director so appointed after his/her appointment and shall then be eligible for re-election.

The Company may, in accordance with the Articles of Association, by ordinary resolution remove any Director before the expiration of his/her term of office notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Articles of Association or in any agreement between the Company and such Director.

委任、重選及罷免董事

各執行董事及獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立指 定期限的服務合約。董事的最初的委任期於2022年 股東週年大會完結,除非或直至由本公司或有關董 事終止。根據本公司組織章程細則(「組織章程細則」) 及上市規則,每名董事須在本公司股東週年大會上 輪值退任及連任。

根據組織章程細則,全體執行及非執行董事中三 分之一須輪值告退,惟各董事至少須每隔三年在股東 调年大會上輪值退仟及連仟。

組織章程細則規定,由董事會委任以填補董事會 臨時空缺或增加現有董事會人數的任何董事,其任 期僅直至獲委任後的本公司第一屆股東週年大會。 任何由此委任的董事合資格膺選連任。

本公司可根據組織章程細則透過普通決議案將 任何任期未滿的董事撤職,即使組織章程細則或本 公司與該董事訂立的任何協議有任何相反規定。

企業管治報告

Directors' training

Code provision C.1.4 of the CG Code provides that directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remain informed and relevant. All the Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development activities by ways of attending training and/or reading materials relevant to the Company's business or to the Directors' duties and responsibilities. A summary of professional training received by the Directors for the year ended 31 December 2021 according to the records provided by the Directors is as follows:

董事培訓

企業管治守則守則條文C.1.4的規定,董事應參 與持續專業發展,發展並更新其知識及技能,以確 保其繼續在具備全面資訊及切合所需的情況下對董 事會作出貢獻。全體董事應透過出席培訓及/或閱 讀 與本公司業務或董事職能及職責相關的文件,參 與持續專業發展活動。根據董事提供的記錄,截至 2021年12月31日止年度,董事接受的專業培訓概要如

> Attending seminar(s)/ programme(s)/ conference(s) and/or reading materials relevant to the business or directors' duties 出席座談會/活動/研討會 及/或閱讀與業務或董事職 責相關的文件

Ms. Shen Genlian	沈根蓮女士	
Mr. Zhou Jun	周駿先生	
Mr. Xie Zongguo	謝宗國先生	
Ms. Yuan Aomei	袁傲梅女士	
Mr. Ip Wang Hoi	葉耘開先生	
Mr. Zhang Shenjin	張慎金先生	
Mr. Wang Yunchen	王運陳先生	

Directors' and Officers' Liabilities Insurance

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover for the Directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of legal actions against Directors, officers and senior management of the Company arising out of corporate activities.

董事及高級職員之責任保險

本公司已為董事及高級職員購買合適之保險,就 本公司董事、高級職員及高級管理層因公司業務所承 擔的法律責任提供保障。

企業管治報告

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

In accordance with the code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of the chairperson and the chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Currently, Ms. Shen Genlian, the Chairperson, is responsible for the for strategic development and providing advice on the operation and management of the Group. Mr. Zhou Jun, the chief executive officer of the Company, is responsible for the overall management, strategic and major decisions on the development and planning and operation of the Group.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Pursuant to the requirement of Rules 3.10 and 3.10A of the Listing Rules, the Company has appointed three independent non-executive Directors, one of whom has appropriate professional qualification in accounting and financial management expertise. All independent non-executive Directors have confirmed their independence, as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, to the Company and the Board considers that all independent non-executive Directors have satisfied their independence of the Group.

All independent non-executive Directors have offered sufficient time and efforts to serve the business affairs of the Company. They also possess appropriate academic and professional qualifications and related management experience and have contributed to the Board with their professional opinion. The Board believes that the participation of independent non-executive Directors shall offer their independent judgment on issues relating to strategy, performance, conflict of interest and management process such that the interests of all Shareholders and the Group are considered and safeguarded.

To ensure that independent views and input are available to the Board, the Company has established mechanisms including (i) strengthening the independent non-executive Directors' recruitment process to include criteria such as each candidates' available time commitments and qualification; (ii) reviewing the number of independent non-executive Directors on an annual basis; (iii) performing additional assessment or evaluation of independent non-executive Directors' contribution; and (iv) engage external independent professional advisors to assist performance of the Directors' duties. The Board will review the implementation and effectiveness of the above mechanisms on an annual basis.

During the year under review, the Chairperson had held a meeting with the independent non-executive Directors without the presence of the other executive Directors.

主席及行政總裁

根據企業管治守則守則條文C.2.1,主席及行政總裁的職位應作區分,不應由同一人擔任。現時沈根蓮女士為主席,負責策略發展及就本集團的營運及管理提供意見。周駿先生為本公司行政總裁,負責本集團整體管理及就發展、規劃及營運作出策略性及重大決策。

獨立非執行董事

根據上市規則第3.10條及3.10A條的規定,本公司已委任三名獨立非執行董事,其中一人具備相關專業會計資歷及財務管理專業知識。全體獨立非執行董事均已按照上市規則第3.13條所載向本公司確認彼等之獨立身份,且董事會認為全體獨立非執行董事均信納彼等獨立於本集團。

全體獨立非執行董事均付出大量時間及努力處理本公司業務,且具備相關學歷、專業資格與有關管理經驗,為董事會提供專業意見。董事會相信,獨立非執行董事之參與可對策略、表現、利益衝突及管理流程事宜提供獨立判斷,並能顧及與保障全體股東及本集團之利益。

為確保董事會具備獨立意見及觀點,本公司已設立以下機制:(i)加強獨立非執行董事的聘用流程,將各候選人可付出的時間及資歷等納入為條件:(ii)每年檢討獨立非執行董事的人數:(iii)對獨立非執行董事的貢獻進行額外評估或評價:及(iv)聘用外部獨立專業顧問協助履行董事職責。董事會將每年檢討上述機制的執行情況及成效。

於回顧年度,主席已在其他執行董事不在場的情 況下與獨立非執行董事舉行一次會議。

企業管治報告

BOARD COMMITTEES

Implementation and execution of the policies and strategies formulated by the Board and the daily operations are delegated from the Board to the management of the Company. In addition, an audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), a remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") and a nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") have been set up to assist the Board in fulfilling certain responsibilities. All committees have been established with defined written terms of reference, which were posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange (www.hkex.com.hk) and the Company (www.vanov.cn). All committees shall report to the Board on their decisions or recommendations made. All committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expense.

Audit Committee

Audit Committee was established with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and the CG Code. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are, among other things, to review and supervise the Group's financial reporting process and internal control and risk management system, nominate and monitor external auditors, provide advice and comments to the Board on matters related to corporate governance and perform other duties and responsibilities as assigned by the Board.

The Audit Committee consists of three independent nonexecutive Directors, namely Mr. Ip Wang Hoi, Mr. Zhang Shenjin and Mr. Wang Yunchen. Mr. Wang Yunchen currently serves as the chairman of the Audit Committee. During the meeting of the Audit Committee held on 30 March 2022, the Audit Committee reviewed, among other things, the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 with recommendations to the Board for approval and discussed with the management and the external auditor the accounting policies and practices which may affect the Group, the report prepared by the external auditor covering major findings in the course of the audit and the accounting and financial reporting matters.

董事會委員會

董事會授權本公司管理層落實及執行董事會制定 的政策及策略以及處理日常營運。此外,審核委員會 (「審核委員會」)、薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)、以及 提名委員會(「提名委員會」)已告成立,以協助董事會 履行若干職責。所有委員會均具有明確的書面職權範 圍,該等範圍刊載於聯交所網站(www.hkex.com.hk) 及本公司網站(www.vanov.cn)。所有委員會須向董事 會匯報其作出的決定或推薦建議。所有委員會均獲 提供充足資源以履行其職務,並可應合理要求於適 當情況下徵詢獨立專業意見,費用由本公司承擔。

審核委員會

本公司已成立審核委員會, 並根據上市規則第 3.21條及企業管治守則書面列明其職權範圍。審核 委員會的主要職責為(其中包括)檢討及監督本集團 的財務申報流程及內部監控及風險管理系統,提名 及監督外聘核數師,就企業管治相關事宜向董事會 提供意見及建議,並履行董事會委派的其他職務及 職責。

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成,分別 為葉耘開先生、張慎金先生及王運陳先生。王運陳 先生現時擔任審核委員會主席。於2022年3月30日舉 行的審核委員會會議中,審核委員會已審閱(其中包 括)本集團截至2021年12月31日止年度的經審核財務 報表並向董事會建議予以批准,與管理層及外聘核 數師討論影響本集團的會計政策與常規、外聘核數 師編製的報告(當中涵蓋其於審核過程中的重大發現) 以及會計及財務報告事宜。

企業管治報告

The Audit Committee held one meeting during the period from the Listing Date to the date of this annual report. Individual attendance of each committee member at the meeting during the period from the Listing Date to the date of this annual report is as follows:

審核委員會自卜市日期起至本年度報告日期間已 舉行一次會議。各委員會成員自上市日期起至本年度 報告日期間的會議出席次數如下:

> Attendance/ **Number of meetings** 出席次數/會議次數

Name of Committee Member

1/1 1/1

Mr. Zhang Shenjin Mr. Wang Yunchen

Mr. Ip Wang Hoi

張慎金先生 王運陳先生

葉耘開先生

委員會成員姓名

1/1

The annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee before submission to the Board for approval.

本集團截至2021年12月31日止年度的年度業績於 提交董事會審批前,已由審核委員會審閱。

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee was established with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules and the CG Code. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are, among other things, to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy for human resource management as well as establish and review policies and structure in relation to remuneration for the Directors and senior management.

The Remuneration Committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Zhou Jun, Mr. Ip Wang Hoi and Mr. Zhang Shenjin. Mr. Ip Wang Hoi currently serves as the chairman of the Remuneration Committee. During the meeting of the Remuneration Committee held on 30 March 2022, the Remuneration Committee has assessed the performance of the Directors and senior management of the Company and reviewed and recommended to the Board the remuneration policy and structure relating to the Directors and senior management of the Company.

薪酬委員會

本公司已成立薪酬委員會,並根據上市規則第 3.25條及企業管治守則書面列明其職權範圍。薪酬 委員會的主要職責為(其中包括)就本公司的人力資源 管理政策向董事會提供建議,並制定及檢討有關董 事及高級管理層薪酬的政策及架構。

薪酬委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成,分別為 周駿先生、葉耘開先生及張慎金先生。葉耘開先生 現時擔任薪酬委員會主席。於2022年3月30日舉行的 薪酬委員會會議中,薪酬委員會已評估本公司董事 及高級管理層的表現,檢討薪酬政策及本公司董事 及高級管理層的結構,並向董事會提出推薦建議。

企業管治報告

The Remuneration Committee held one meeting during the period from the Listing Date to the date of this annual report. Individual attendance of each committee member at the meeting during the period from the Listing Date to the date of this annual report is as follows:

薪酬委員會自卜市日期起至本年度報告日期間已 舉行一次會議。各委員會成員自卜市日期起至本年度 報告日期間的會議出席次數如下:

> Attendance/ Number of meetings 出席次數/會議次數

Name of Committee Member

Mr. Zhou Jun

Mr. Ip Wang Hoi

Mr. Zhang Shenjin

委員會成員姓名

周駿先生 1/1 葉耘開先生 1/1 張慎金先生 1/1

The remuneration for the Directors and senior management comprises basic salary, retirement benefits and discretionary bonus. Details of the amount of emoluments of Directors paid for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

董事及高級管理層的薪酬包括基本薪金、退休福 利及酌情花紅。截至2021年12月31日止年度支付予董 事的薪酬金額詳情載於綜合財務報表附註9。

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee was established with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are, among other things, to make recommendations to the Board regarding candidates to fill vacancies on the Board and/or in senior management, to assess the independence of the independent non-executive Directors, to review the time commitment required of the Directors and to evaluate whether the Directors have committed adequate time to discharge their responsibilities to review and implement the Nomination Policy and to consider related matters.

The Nomination Committee consists of one executive Director, Ms. Shen Genlian, and two independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Ip Wang Hoi and Mr. Wang Yunchen. Ms. Shen Genlian currently serves as the chairperson of the Nomination Committee. During the meeting of the Nomination Committee held on 30 March 2022, the Nomination Committee has reviewed and considered, among other things, the Nomination Policy, the structure, size and composition of the Board and assessed independence of the independent non-executive Directors.

提名委員會

本公司已成立提名委員會,並根據企業管治守則 書面列明其職權範圍。提名委員會的主要職責為(其 中包括)向董事會推薦填補董事會及/或高級管理層 空缺的人選、評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性、檢討 董事須付出的時間並評估董事是否已付出足夠時間 履行檢討及實施提名政策的職責,以及審議相關事 官。

提名委員會由包括一名執行董事沈根蓮女士、兩 名獨立非執行董事葉耘開先生及王運陳先生。沈根 蓮女士現時擔任提名委員會主席。於2022年3月30日 舉行的提名委員會會議中,提名委員會已檢討及審議 (其中包括)提名政策、董事會架構、規模及組成以 及評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性。

企業管治報告

The Nomination Committee carries out the process of selecting and recommending candidates for directorships by making reference to the balance of expertise, skills, experience, professional knowledge, personal integrity and time commitments of such individuals, the requirements of the business of the Group and other relevant statutory requirements and regulations. Further, pursuant to the terms of reference of the Nomination Committee and the Nomination Policy, the Nomination Committee, when reviewing the composition of the Board, will have regard to the Company's Board Diversity Policy and the progress on achieving the objectives set for implementing the said policy. The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of diversity of Board members.

提名委員會負責甄選及推薦候任董事人選,當中 考慮到平衡有關人選的專長、技能、經驗、專業知 識、個人誠信及時間付出,本集團的業務要求及其他 相關法定要求及法規。此外,根據提名委員會的職 權範圍及提名政策,提名委員會在審查董事會的組 成時,將參考本公司董事會成員多元化政策以及有關 政策所設定目標的完成進度。本公司承認並擁護董 事會成員多元化帶來的裨益。

The Nomination Committee held one meeting during the period from the Listing Date to the date of this annual report. Individual attendance of each committee member at the meeting during the period from the Listing Date to the date of this annual report is as follows:

提名委員會自上市日期起至本年度報告日期間已 舉行一次會議。各委員會成員自上市日期起至本年度 報告日期間的會議出席次數如下:

Name of Committee Member

委員會成員姓名

Attendance/ Number of meetings 出席次數/會議次數

Ms. Shen Genlian Mr. Ip Wang Hoi Mr. Wang Yunchen 沈根蓮女十 葉耘開先生 王運陳先生

1/1 1/1

1/1

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Board adopted a board diversity policy (the "Board Diversity Policy") setting out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. The Company considered diversity of board members can be achieved through consideration of a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against selection criteria, having regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. The ultimate decision will be made upon the merits and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

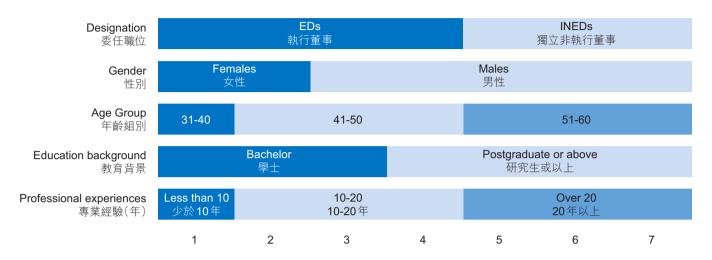
董事會成員多元化政策

截至2021年12月31日止年度,董事會採納董事會 成員多元化政策(「董事會成員多元化政策」),列出達 致董事會多元化的方針。本公司認為,董事會成員多 元化可通過考慮多項因素達致,包括但不限於性別、 年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知 識及服務年期。所有董事會成員均以用人唯才的原 則委任,將根據甄選條件考慮各人選,並考慮成員 多元化對董事會帶來的裨益。甄選人才將基於多個 多元化範疇,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育 背景、專業經驗、技能及知識。最終決定將基於所 選候選人將為董事會帶來的價值及貢獻而作出。

企業管治報告

The Board's composition as at the date of this report under diversified perspectives is summarised as follows:

於本報告日期,多元化範疇的董事會組成概述如 下:



As at 31 December 2021, the ratio of male and female in the workforce is 53% and 47%, respectively; and the ratio of male and female in the senior management is 60% and 40% respectively. As such, the Company's workforce and the senior management have both achieved gender diversity between males and females. The Company would continue to take into account of diversity perspectives in its hiring.

The Nomination Committee will review the Board Diversity Policy and monitor its implementation on an annual basis. The Nomination Committee will report annually to shareholders on the process adopted in relation to the Board appointments and the consideration given to the diversity on the Board.

NOMINATION POLICY

The Board has adopted a director nomination policy (the "Nomination Policy") on 9 December 2021 in relation to the nomination, appointment, re-appointment of new Directors and the nomination procedure of the Company, which provides that in evaluating and selecting any candidate for directorship, the Nomination Committee shall consider the candidates' character and integrity, professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience, independence, diversity on the Board, willingness to devote adequate time to discharge duties as a Board member and such other criteria that are appropriate to the business of the Company.

於2021年12月31日,員工的男女比率分別為53% 及47%;而高級管理層的男女比率分別為60%及40%。 因此,本公司的員工及高級管理層均已達致男女性別 多元。本公司於聘用人才時將繼續考慮多元層面。

提名委員會將每年審閱董事會成員多元化政策並 監察其實施情況。提名委員會將每年向股東匯報委 任董事會成員所採用的程序以及對董事會成員多元 化所作出的考慮。

提名政策

董事會已於2021年12月9日就提名、委任、重新 委任新董事及本公司的提名程序採納董事提名政策 (「提名政策」),該政策規定提名委員會於評選任何董 事候選人時,應當考慮候選人的品格及誠信、專業 資格、技能、知識及經驗、獨立性、董事會多元化、 彼是否願意投入足夠時間履行董事會成員的職責及 適用於本公司業務的其他標準。

企業管治報告

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Board has adopted a dividend policy (the "Dividend Policy") on 9 December 2021. A summary of the Dividend Policy is disclosed as below.

Subject to the approval of the Shareholders and requirement of the relevant law, the Company shall pay annual dividends to the Shareholders if the Group is profitable, operations environment is stable and there is no significant investment or commitment made by the Group, after taking into account the factors as detailed below and determined by the Board from time to time. The remaining net profits will be used for the Group's development and operations. The Dividend Policy allows the Company to declare special dividends from time to time in addition to the annual dividends.

In proposing any dividend payout, the Board shall also take into account, inter alia, (i) the Company's actual and expected financial performance; (ii) retained earnings and distributable reserves of the Group; (iii) the level of the Group's debts to equity ratio, return on equity and the relevant financial covenants; and (iv) the general economic conditions, business cycle of the Group's business and other internal and external factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance and position of the Company.

Any final dividends declared by the Company must be approved by an ordinary resolution of the Shareholders at an AGM and must not exceed the amount recommended by the Board. The Dividend Policy shall be reviewed periodically and submitted to the Board for approval if amendments are required.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties set out in code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, namely: (i) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board; (ii) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management; (iii) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; (iv) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (including in relation to securities trading) applicable to employees and the Directors; and (v) to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report in the Company's annual report.

股息政策

董事會已於2021年12月9日採納股息政策(「股息 政策」)。股息政策的概要披露如下。

待股東批准後並根據相關法律規定,在本集團獲 利、經營環境穩定及本集團概無作出任何重大投資 或承擔的情況下,經考慮下文詳述的各項因素後並按 董事會不時釐定,本公司應當向股東派付年度股息。 其餘純利將用作本集團的發展及營運。除年度股息 外,股息政策亦允許本公司不時宣派特別股息。

於建議任何派息率時,董事會亦應當考慮(其中 包括)(i)本公司的實際及預期財務表現;(ii)本集團的 保留盈利及可供分派儲備;(iii)本集團的負債權益比 率、股本回報率及相關財務契諾的水平;及(iv)整體 經濟狀況、本集團業務的商業週期以及可能對本公 司業務或財務表現及狀況產生影響的其他內部及外 部因素。

本公司所宣派任何末期股息均須經股東於股東 週年大會上以普通決議案批准,且不得超過董事會 所建議的金額。股息政策應予定期檢討,如須修改, 則須提交董事會批准。

企業管治職能

董事會負責履行企業管治守則守則條文A.2.1所 載的企業管治職責,即:(i)制定及檢討本公司有關企 業管治的政策和常規,並向董事會提供推薦建議;(ji) 檢討及監督董事及高級管理層的培訓和持續專業發 展;(iii)檢討及監察本公司有關遵守法律監管規定的 政策和常規; (iv)制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事適用 的操守準則及合規手冊(包括與證券交易相關方面); 及(v)檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則的情況及於本公 司年報企業管治報告內的披露資料。

企業管治報告

During the Board meeting held on 30 March 2022, the Board reviewed the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and legal and regulatory compliance, training and continuous professional development participations of the Directors, as well as the Company's compliance with the CG Code.

The Board acknowledges its responsibility in maintaining a sound and effective internal control and risk management systems for the Group to safeguard Shareholders' investments and assets of the Company at all times.

JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

The Company has appointed Ms. Liu Jiayan and Ms. Mak Po Man Cherie as the joint company secretaries of the Company. Ms. Mak Po Man Cherie of SWCS Corporate Services Group (Hong Kong) Limited, an external service provider, has been engaged by the Company as one of the joint company secretaries to support the Board by ensuring good information flow within the Board and that the Board policy and procedures are followed. Ms. Liu Jiayan is the financial controller of the Group, and is the primary contact of Ms. Mak Po Man Cherie at the Company.

Ms. Mak has confirmed that she has complied with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules in relation to the professional training requirements.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board acknowledges its responsibility in maintaining a sound and effective internal control and risk management systems for the Group to safeguard the Shareholders' investments and assets of the Company at all times.

The Company has established a set of comprehensive risk management policies and measures to identify, evaluate and manage risks arising from operations.

The processes used to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks by the Group are summarised as follows:

Risk Identification

Identifies risks that may potentially affect the Group's business and operations.

董事會已於2022年3月30日舉行董事會會議,並 於會上檢討本公司有關企業管治及遵守法律監管規 定的政策和常規、董事參與培訓及持續專業發展的 情況,以及本公司遵守企業管治守則的情況。

董事會知悉其有責任為本集團維持穩健有效的內 部監控及風險管理制度,以便隨時保障股東投資及 本公司資產。

聯席公司秘書

本公司已委任劉家燕女士及麥寶文女士為本公司 的聯席公司秘書。方圓企業服務集團(香港)有限公司 (外聘服務提供商)的麥寶文女士已獲本公司委聘擔 任本公司的聯席公司秘書,為董事會提供支援,確保 董事會內資訊交流暢順以及董事會政策及程序獲委 善遵循。劉家燕女士為本集團的財務總監,亦為麥 寶文女士於本公司的主要聯絡人。

麥女士確認,彼已遵守上市規則第3.29條有關專 業培訓的規定。

風險管理及內部監控

董事會知悉其有責任為本集團維持穩健有效的內 部監控及風險管理制度,以便隨時保障股東投資及 本公司資產。

本公司已制定一套全面的風險管理政策及措施, 以便識別、評估及管理因營運產生的風險。

本集團用以識別、評估及管理重大風險的程序 概述如下:

風險識別

識別可能對本集團業務及營運構成潛在影響的風 險。

企業管治報告

Risk Assessment

- Assesses the risks identified by using the assessment criteria developed by the management; and
- Considers the impact and consequence on the business and the likelihood of their occurrence.

Risk Response

- Prioritises the risks by comparing the results of the risk assessment: and
- Determines the risk management strategies and internal control processes to prevent, avoid or mitigate the risks.

Risk Monitoring and Reporting

- Performs ongoing and periodic monitoring of the risk and ensures that appropriate internal control processes are in place;
- Revises the risk management strategies and internal control processes in case of any significant change of situation; and
- Reports the results of risk monitoring to the management and the Board regularly.

Control procedures have been designed to safeguard assets against misappropriation and disposition; ensure compliance with relevant laws, rules and regulations; ensure proper maintenance of accounting records for provision of reliable financial information used within the business or for publication; and to provide reasonable assurance against material misstatement, loss or fraud.

The Board is responsible for the risk management and internal control systems of the Company and reviewing their effectiveness. The Board oversees the overall risk management of the Group and endeavours to identify, control impact of the identified risks and facilitate implementation of coordinated mitigating measures. The Audit Committee assists the Board in the review, which covers operational, financial, compliance controls and risk management functions, to maintain an adequate and effective internal control system to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and the assets of the Group. The risk management and internal control systems of the Company are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failures to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. A review of the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, including financial, operation and compliance controls, will be conducted by the Board at least annually.

風險評估

- 使用管理層制定的評估準則對已識別風險進行 評估;及
- 考慮風險對業務的影響及後果以及出現有關風 險的可能性。

風險應對

- 透過比較風險評估的結果,排列風險處理次序; 及
- 釐定風險管理策略及內部監控程序,以防止、避 免或降低風險。

風險監察及匯報

- 持續並定期監察風險,並確保設有適當的內部監 控程序;
- 於出現任何重大變動時,修訂風險管理策略及 內部監控程序;及
- 向管理層及董事會定期匯報風險監察結果。

監控程序旨在保障資產免被挪用及處置;確保遵 守相關法例、規則及規例;確保有關為業務用途或公 眾使用提供可靠財務資料的會計記錄得到妥善保管; 及針對重大錯誤陳述、損失或欺詐行為提供合理保 證。

董事會負責本公司的風險管理及內部監控制度, 並審視有關制度的有效性。董事會監察本集團的整 體風險管理,致力識別及監控已識別風險的影響, 並促進協調緩解措施的落實執行。審核委員會亦協 助董事會進行有關維持足夠及有效之內部監控系統 的檢討,當中涵蓋營運、財務、合規監控以及風險 管理功能,以保障股東利益及本集團資產。本公司的 風險管理及內部監控制度旨在管理而非消除未能達 致業務目標的風險,並僅能針對重大錯誤陳述或損 失提供合理但非絕對的保證。董事會將至少每年對 本集團風險管理及內部監控制度(包括財務、營運及 合規監控等)有效性作出檢討。

企業管治報告

The Group does not have an internal audit function. Taking into account the size, nature and complexity of the Group's business, the Board have sufficient capacity to oversee the design and implementation of the risk management and internal control system and to assess its effectiveness, and accordingly there is no immediate need to set up an internal audit function within the Group. The Directors will review annually the needs for internal audit function.

The Company has engaged an external consultant to perform a review on the Group's internal control and risk management systems. With the assistance of the external consultant, the Board conducted an annual review on the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Group and considered the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget. The Board is not aware of any significant internal control and risk management weaknesses nor significant breach of limits or risk management policies, and considers the

PROCEDURES AND INTERNAL CONTROLS FOR THE HANDLING AND DISSEMINATION OF **INSIDE INFORMATION**

existing internal control system and risk management system

effective and adequate.

The Group strictly follows the requirements of the Securities and Futures Ordinance of (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO") and the Listing Rules and ensures that inside information is disclosed to the public as soon as reasonably practicable unless the information falls within any of the safe harbours of the SFO. Before inside information is fully disclosed to the public, such information is kept strictly confidential. In addition, the Group adopted the policy of disclosing relevant information only to appropriate staff within the Group.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 and ensure that they are prepared in accordance with the statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Directors also ensure the timely publication of the consolidated financial statements.

本集團並無設立內部審核部門。經計及本集團業 務的規模、性質及複雜程度,董事會備有足夠能力 監察 風險 管理 及內部監控制度的設計與實施,亦有 足夠能力評估其有效性,因而無需即時在本集團內 設立內部審核部門。董事將每年檢討是否需要設立 內部監控職能。

本公司已聘請外部顧問對本集團的內部監控及風 險管理系統進行檢討。在外部顧問的協助下,董事 會對本集團內部監控系統之成效進行年度檢討,亦 考慮本公司在會計及財務報告職能方面之資源、員工 資歷及經驗是否足夠,以及員工所接受之培訓課程 及有關預算是否充足。董事會並未發現任何重大內 部監控及風險管理缺陷,亦未發現重大違反限制或 風險管理政策之情況,並認為現有內部監控系統及 風險管理系統有效及足夠。

處理及發佈內幕消息的程序和內部監控措 施

本集團嚴格遵循香港法例第571章香港證券及期 貨條例(「**證券及期貨條例**」)及上市規則的規定,並確 保在合理可行情況下盡快向公眾披露內幕消息,除 非有關消息屬於證券及期貨條例下任何安全港條文 的範圍。在向公眾全面披露內幕消息前,本集團會 確保該消息絕對保密。此外,本集團所採納的政策 為僅向本集團內部合適員工披露相關消息。

董事就綜合財務報表承擔的責任

董事知悉彼等負責編製本公司截至2021年12月31 日止年度的綜合財務報表,並確保有關財務報表根 據法定規定及適用會計準則編製。董事亦須確保綜 合財務報表及時發佈。

企業管治報告

The statement of the external auditor of the Company with regard to their reporting responsibilities on the Company's consolidated financial statements, is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 60 to 66 of this annual report.

The Directors confirm that, to the best of their knowledge, having made all reasonable enquiries, they are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cause the Company not to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the Directors continue to adopt the going concern approach in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

During the year ended 31 December 2021, services provided to the Company by external auditor, Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited, and the fees paid were:

本公司外聘核數師對本公司綜合財務報表的申報責任的陳述載於本年報第60頁至第66頁的獨立核數師報告。

董事確認,據彼等所深知,經作出所有合理查詢後,彼等並不知悉任何可能促使本公司不會按持續基準經營的重大不確定因素的相關事宜或狀況。因此,董事於編製綜合財務報表時繼續採納持續經營的基準。

核數師酬金

於截至2021年12月31日止年度,外聘核數師致同(香港)會計師事務所有限公司向本公司提供的服務及收取的費用如下:

2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元

Audit services	審核服務	
Annual audit fee	年度審核費用	800
Reporting accountants fee relating to the listing	有關上市的申報會計師費用	433
Grand total	總計	1,233
Non-audit services	非審核服務	8

The main non-audit services provided by Grant Thornton Hong Kong include tax compliance services.

致同(香港)提供的非審核服務主要包括税務合 規服務。

ANNUAL REMUNERATION PAYABLE TO THE MEMBERS OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The annual remuneration of the members of the senior management by band for the year ended 31 December 2021 is as follows:

應付高級管理人員的年度薪酬

截至2021年12月31日止年度按範圍劃分的高級管理人員年度薪酬如下:

Remuneration bands (RMB)

薪酬範圍(人民幣元)

Number of individuals 人員數目

Nil - 1,000,000

零 - 1,000,000

3

Further details of the Directors' emoluments and five highest paid individuals required to be disclosed under Appendix 16 of the Listing Rules are set out in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

根據上市規則附錄16須予披露有關董事酬金及 五名最高薪酬人士之進一步詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註9。

企業管治報告

INVESTOR RELATIONS AND COMMUNICATION

The Board is committed to providing clear and full information about the Group's performance to the Shareholders through the publication of interim results and annual results in a timely manner. In addition to dispatching circulars, notices and financial reports to the Shareholders, additional information is also available to the Shareholders on the website of the Company.

The Shareholders are encouraged to attend the general meetings of the Company and the Directors always make efforts to fully address any questions raised by the Shareholders at the AGM and the extraordinary general meetings (the "EGM") of the Company. In addition, the Shareholders have the right to nominate a person to stand for election as a director at any general meeting by lodging a written notice to the Company.

The forthcoming AGM of the Company will be held on 22 June 2022, the notice of which will be sent to the Shareholders in accordance with the Articles of Association, the Listing Rules and other applicable laws and regulations.

Procedures for Shareholders to Convene an **Extraordinary General Meeting and to put forward** proposals at general meetings

The Shareholders may put forward proposals at general meetings by requisitioning an EGM. Pursuant to article 58 of the Articles of Association, EGM may be convened by the Board on the requisition of one or more Shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one tenth of the paidup capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the Company Secretary for the purpose of requiring an EGM to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

投資者關係及通訊

董事會透過及時刊發中期業績與全年業績,致 力為股東提供清晰及全面的本集團業績資料。除向 股東寄發通函、通告及財務報告外,股東亦可於本 公司網站閱覽更多資料。

本公司鼓勵股東出席股東大會,而董事亦一直致 力全面回應股東於本公司股東週年大會及股東特別 大會(「股東特別大會」)提出的任何問題。此外,股東 亦有權向本公司發出書面通知以提名任何人士在股 東大會上參選董事一職。

本公司應屆股東週年大會將於2022年6月22日舉 行,大會通告將根據組織章程細則、上市規則及其 他適用法律法規寄發予股東。

股東召開股東特別大會及於股東大會提程議 案的程序

股東可透過要求召開股東特別大會而在股東大 會提呈議案。根據組織章程細則第58條,股東特別 大會可由董事會按任何一名或多名股東(彼等於提請 要求當日持有本公司股東大會投票權不少於本公司繳 足股本十分之一)的書面要求予以召開。該要求須就 要求董事會召開股東特別大會以處理該要求指定的 任何事務,透過向董事會或公司秘書發出書面要求 而作出。該大會應於遞呈該要求後兩個月內舉行。 倘於遞呈後21日內,董事會未能召開該大會,則作出 該要求人士可以同樣方式召開大會,而作出要求人士 因董事會未能召開大會而合理產生的所有開支應由 本公司向作出要求人士進行償付。

企業管治報告

Pursuant to article 85 of the Articles of Association, no person other than a Director retiring at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for election as a Director at any general meeting unless a notice signed by a Shareholder (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given of his intention to propose such person for election and also a notice signed by the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong (as shown below) provided that the minimum length of the period, during which such notice(s) are given, shall be at least seven (7) days and that (if the notices are submitted after the dispatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election) the period for lodgement of such notice(s) shall commence on the day after the dispatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven (7) days prior to the date of such general meeting.

根據組織章程細則第85條,除非獲董事推薦參 選,否則除會上退任董事外,概無任何人士符合資格 於仟何股東大會上參選董事,除非由正式符合資格 出席大會並於會上表決的股東(並非擬參選人士)簽 署诵告,當中表明建議提名該人十參選的意向,並 附上所提名人士簽署表示願意參選的通知,提交本 公司香港主要營業地點(如下所示),而發出該等通知 的期間最少須為七(7)天,而(若該等通知於寄發有關 選舉所召開股東大會通告後遞交)該通知的提交期間 於寄發召開有關選舉的股東大會通告翌日開始,亦 不得遲於該股東大會舉行日期前七(7)日結束。

Procedures for directing Shareholders' enquiries to the Board

The Shareholders may at any time send their enquiries and concerns to the Board in writing. Contact details are as follows:

Vanov Holdings Company Limited No. 519, Section 2, Xinhua Avenue Chengdu Strait Science and Technology Industry Development Park Wenjiang District Chengdu Sichuan Province, PRC

The Board regularly reviews the Shareholders' communication policy to ensure its implementation and effectiveness and to reflect current best practices in communications with the Shareholders and the investment community, and considers that the Shareholders' communication policy is effective and adequate.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

In preparation for the listing of the Shares on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (the "Listing"), the Company has conditionally adopted the Memorandum and Articles of Association on 9 December 2021, which became effective on the Listing Date. Since then, the Company has not made any changes to its Memorandum and Articles of Association. An up-to-date version of the Company's Memorandum and Articles is also available on the websites of the Company (www.vanov.cn) and of the Stock Exchange (www.hkex.com.hk).

向董事會轉達股東查詢的程序

股東可隨時以書面形式向董事會提出查詢及關注 事項。聯絡詳情如下:

環龍控股有限公司 中國四川省 成都市溫江區 海峽兩岸科技產業開發園 新華大道二段519號

董事會定期檢討股東通訊政策,確保其行之有 效,並反映與股東及投資者通訊的現行最佳慣例, 並認為股東通訊政策屬有效及充分。

章程文件

為籌備股份於聯交所主板上市(「上市」),本公司已 於2021年12月9日有條件採納組織章程大綱及細則, 並於上市日期生效。自此,本公司並無對其組織章程 大綱及細則作出任何修訂。本公司最新版本的組織 章程大綱及細則亦可於本公司網站(www.vanov.cn)及 聯交所網站(www.hkex.com.hk)閱覽。

BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

董事及高級管理層履歷

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Shen Genlian (沈根蓮), aged 54, Chairperson, an executive Director and the chairperson of the Nomination Committee of the Company. She is responsible for strategic development and providing advice on the operation and management of the Group. Ms. Shen is also a director of each of Lion Courage Enterprises Limited ("Lion Courage"), Vanov Tianhe International Holdings Limited, Virtuous Way Limited, Marvel Dragon Development Limited and Sichuan Huanlong Technology Fabric Co., Ltd.* (四川環龍技術織物有限公 司) ("Sichuan Huanlong"), all of which being subsidiaries of the Company. She is the spouse of Mr. Zhou Jun. Ms. Shen obtained a Bachelor Degree in Mechanical Engineering (Instrumentation and Test System) from East China Institute of Technology* (華東工學院) (currently known as Nanjing University of Science and Technology* (南 京理工大學)) in July 1990 and completed a study of Advanced Studies Course for Postgraduate in Business Administration (企業管理學科 專業研究生課程進修班) at Southwestern University of Finance and Economics* (西南財經大學) in December 2000. Ms. Shen has more than 19 years' experience in papermaking felts manufacturing industry.

執行董事

沈根蓮女士,54歲,本公司主席、執行董事及提 名委員會主席。彼負責策略發展及就本集團的營運及 管理提供意見。沈女士亦為Lion Courage Enterprises Limited (「Lion Courage」)、環龍天和國際控股有限 公司、賢途有限公司、億龍發展有限公司及四川環龍 技術織物有限公司(「四川環龍」)各自的董事,該等公 司為本公司附屬公司。彼為周駿先生的配偶。沈女士 於1990年7月取得華東工學院(現稱為南京理工大學) 機械工程(設備及測試系統)學士學位及於2000年12 月完成西南財經大學企業管理學科專業研究生課程 進修班課程。沈女士於造紙毛發製造業擁有逾19年 經驗。

董事及高級管理層履歷

Mr. Zhou Jun (周 駿), aged 58, chief executive officer of the Company, an executive Director and a member of the Remuneration Committee of the Company. He is responsible for overall management, strategic and major decisions on the development and daily operation of the Group. Mr. Zhou is also director of each of Lion Courage, Chengdu Huanlong Funeng Technology Co., Ltd* (成都環龍賦能科技有限公司) ("Huanlong Funeng"), Chengdu Huanlong Lixin Technology Co., Ltd.* (成都 環龍立欣科技有限公司) ("Huanlong Lixin"), Sichuan Huanlong and Shanghai Jinxiong Paper Making Net Carpet Co., Ltd.* (上海 金熊造紙網毯有限公司). He is the spouse of Ms. Shen Genlian. Mr. Zhou graduated from the Technical School of China Academy of Engineering Physics* (中國工程物理研究院技工學校) in July 1982 and completed a study of Advanced Studies Course for Postgraduate (In-service Programme) in Business Administration (企業管理研究生課程進修班(在職學習)) at the Business School of Sichuan University* (四川大學商學院) in July 2000. Mr. Zhou is a Vice President of the 6th Council of Sichuan Papermaking Industry Association* (四川省造紙行業協會第六屆理事會副會 長), a Vice Chairman of the 6th Council of Sichuan Papermaking Industry Association* (四川省造紙行業協會第六屆理事會副理 事長), a Vice Chairman of the 9th Council of Sichuan Province Papermaking Association* (四川省造紙學會第九屆理事會副理 事長), a Standing Director of the 10th Council of Sichuan Textile Engineering Society* (四川省紡織工程學會第十屆理事會常務 理事), a Standing Vice President of the 2nd Council of Sichuan Papermaking Industry Association Household Paper Branch* (四川省造紙行業協會生活用紙分會第二屆理事會常務副會 長), an Individual Director of the 8th Council of China Technical Association of Paper Industry (中國造紙學會第八屆理事會個 人理事) and was a Vice President of the 4th Council of China Nonwovens & Industrial Textiles Association* (中國產業用紡織品 行業協會第四屆理事會副會長). Mr. Zhou has more than 20 years' experience in papermaking felts manufacturing industry.

周駿先生,58歲,本公司行政總裁、執行董事及 薪酬委員會成員。彼負責本集團的整體管理及就發 展及日常營運作出策略性及重大決策。周先生亦為 Lion Courage、成都環龍賦能科技有限公司(「環龍賦 能」)、成都環龍立欣科技有限公司(「環龍立欣」)、四 川環龍及上海金熊造紙網毯有限公司(「上海金熊」)各 自的董事。彼為沈根蓮女士的配偶。周先生於1982年 7月畢業於中國工程物理研究院技工學校,並於2000 年7月在四川大學商學院完成企業管理研究生課程進 修班(在職學習)課程。周先生為四川省造紙行業協會 第六屆理事會副會長、四川省造紙行業協會第六屆 理事會副理事長、四川省造紙學會第九屆理事會副 理事長、四川省紡織工程學會第十屆理事會常務理 事、四川省造紙行業協會生活用紙分會第二屆理事 會常務副會長、中國造紙學會第八屆理事會個人理 事以及中國產業用紡織品行業協會第四屆理事會副 會長。周先生於造紙毛毯製造業擁有逾20年經驗。

董事及高級管理層履歷

Mr. Xie Zongguo (謝宗國), aged 50, an executive Director of the Company. He is responsible for the overall daily operation and research and development management, and participating in decision-making in respect of major matters. Mr. Xie is also a director of Sichuan Huanlong. Mr. Xie obtained a Bachelor Degree in Textile Engineering from the Tianjin Textile Institute* (天津紡 織工學院) (currently known as Tianjin Polytechnic University* (天津工業大學)) in July 1993. Mr. Xie has more than 20 years' experience in papermaking felts manufacturing industry. He currently serves as general manager and director of Sichuan Huanlong. Mr. Xie is an individual director of the 8th Council of China Technical Association of Paper Industry (中國造紙學會第八 屆理事會個人理事) and a technical expert of the PRC papermaking felt industry jointly awarded by the China Non-wovens & Industrial Textile Association, Papermaking Textile Branch* (中國產業用紡 織品行業協會造紙用紡織品分會) and the Dewatering Equipment Profession Committee of China Technical Association of Paper Industry* (中國造紙學會脱水器材專業委員會).

Ms. Yuan Aomei (袁傲梅), aged 41, an executive Director of the Company. She is responsible for providing advice on the operation and management. Ms. Yuan obtained a graduation certificate of Top-up Undergraduate Degree (專科升本科畢業 證書) in Business Administration (part-time) from Southwestern University of Finance and Economics* (西南財經大學) in July 2010. Ms. Yuan has more than 12 years' experience in business administration. Ms. Yuan joined Huanlong Industrial Group Co. Ltd.* (環龍工業集團有限公司) in August 2008 and worked as the director of its capital operations management centre* (資金運營 管理中心總監) from 2014 to December 2020. She left Huanlong Industrial Group Co. Ltd.* (環龍工業集團有限公司) and joined Sichuan Huanlong as head of treasury since January 2021. Before ioining the Group. Ms. Yuan worked as office manager of Chengdu Zhishan Tea Cultural Development Ltd.* (成都至善茶文化發展 有限公司) from January 2007 to August 2008, and as capital representative* (資金外勤) of Chengdu Tianyou Development Ltd.* (成都天友發展有限公司) from January 2003 to December 2006.

謝宗國先生,50歲,本公司執行董事。彼負責整 體日常營運與研發管理及參與有關重大事務的決策。 謝先生亦為四川環龍的董事。謝先生於1993年7月取 得天津紡織工學院(現稱為天津工業大學)的紡織工 經驗。彼現時為四川環龍的總經理及董事。謝先生 為中國造紙學會第八屆理事會個人理事及中國產業 用紡織品行業協會造紙用紡織品分會與中國造紙學 會脱水器材專業委員會聯名頒授的中國造紙毛毯行 業技術專家。

袁傲梅女士(「袁女士」),41歲,本公司執行董事。 彼負責就營運及管理提供意見。袁女士於2010年7月 取得西南財經大學工商管理(兼讀)專科升本科畢業 證書。袁女士於工商管理方面擁有逾12年經驗。袁 女士自2008年8月起加入環龍工業集團有限公司,並 於2014年至2020年12月擔任其資金運營管理中心總 監。她於2021年1月離開環龍工業集團有限公司並加 入四川環龍。加入本集團前,袁女士於2007年1月至 2008年8月擔任成都至善茶文化發展有限公司的辦公 室經理,並於2003年1月至2006年12月擔任成都天友 發展有限公司的資金外勤。

董事及高級管理層履歷

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Ip Wang Hoi (葉耘開), aged 46, an independent nonexecutive Director of the Company. He is also the chairman of the Remuneration Committee, and a member of each of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company. He is responsible for supervising and providing independent advice on the operation and management of the Group. Mr. Ip obtained his Bachelor of Business Administration in Accounting and Finance from the University of Hong Kong in December 1998 and Master of Business Administration from the University of Chicago Graduate School of Business in March 2008. Mr. Ip has been a member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since September 2001 and a fellow of CPA Australia since November 2020. Mr. Ip was designated as a Chartered Financial Analyst by the CFA Institute in September 2005. Mr. Ip has more than 20 years' experience in accounting, investment banking and corporate finance. Mr. Ip joined Arthur Andersen in September 1998 and was transferred to PricewaterhouseCoopers with effect from 1 July 2002. Mr. Ip left PricewaterhouseCoopers in April 2004 and his last position was a manager. Mr. Ip was employed by J.P. Morgan Securities (Asia Pacific) Limited from March 2011 to March 2016 and his last position was an executive director in the global investment banking department. Mr. Ip was employed by Tuspark Financial Holdings (HK) Limited from March 2017 to February 2020 and his last position was the chief executive officer of the corporate finance department — TUS Corporate Finance Limited. Mr. Ip has been the responsible officer of Wings Securities Limited since February 2020.

Mr. Zhang Shenjin (張慎金, formerly known as Zhang Shenlian 張慎蓮), aged 51, an independent non-executive Director of the Company. He is also a member of each of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee of the Company. He is responsible for supervising and providing independent advice on the operation and management of the Group. Mr. Zhang has over 14 years of experience in financial news reporting. Mr. Zhang worked for China Business Times Shandong Reporter Station* (中華工商時報山東 記者站) from September 1992 to July 2006 and worked as reporter stationmaster* (記者站站長) from 1997. Mr. Zhang has served as the fourth secretary-general of China Paper and Pulp Industry Chamber of Commerce* (中華全國工商業聯合會紙業商會) since November 2017. Mr. Zhang obtained a graduation certificate of Junior College Program (專科畢業證書) in Chinese Language and Literature by correspondence education from Shandong Heze Education University* (山東省菏澤教育學院) (currently known as Heze University* (菏澤學 院)) in June 1992.

獨立非執行董事

葉耘開先生,46歲,本公司獨立非執行董事。彼 亦為本公司薪酬委員會主席,以及審核委員會及提名 委員會各自的成員。彼負責監察及就本集團的營運 及管理提供獨立意見。葉先生於1998年12月取得香 港大學工商管理學士(會計及財務)學位,並於2008 年3月取得芝加哥大學商學院(University of Chicago Graduate School of Business)工商管理碩士學位。葉 先生自2001年9月起成為香港會計師公會會員,並自 2020年11月起成為澳洲會計師公會資深會員。葉先生 於2005年9月獲特許財務分析師公會(CFA Institute)認 可為特許財務分析師。葉先生於會計、投資銀行及 企業融資方面擁有逾20年經驗。葉先生於1998年9月 加入安達信會計師事務所,於2002年7月1日調往羅兵 咸永道會計師事務所。葉先生於2004年4月離開羅兵 咸永道會計師事務所,最後職位為經理。葉先生於 2011年3月至2016年3月受僱於J.P. Morgan Securities (Asia Pacific) Limited,最後職位為全球投資銀行部 執行董事。葉先生於2017年3月至2020年2月受僱於 啟迪金融控股(香港)有限公司,最後職位為企業融 資部 — TUS Corporate Finance Limited 行政總裁。 葉先生自2020年2月起擔任永時證券有限公司的負責 人。

張慎金先生(舊名張慎蓮),51歲,本公司獨立非 執行董事。彼亦為本公司審核委員會及提名委員會各 自的成員。彼負責監察及就本集團的營運及管理提 供獨立意見。張先生於財經新聞報導方面擁有逾14 年經驗。張先生於1992年9月至2006年7月於中華工 商時報山東記者站任職,自1997年起擔任記者站站 長。張先生自2017年11月起擔任中華全國工商業聯合 會紙業商會第四任秘書長。張先生於1992年6月透過 函授教育取得山東省菏澤教育學院(現稱菏澤學院) 的漢語語言文學專科畢業證書。

董事及高級管理層履歷

Mr. Wang Yunchen (王運陳), aged 37, an independent nonexecutive Director of the Company. He is also the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee of the Company. He is responsible for supervising and providing independent advice on the operation and management of the Group. Mr. Wang obtained a Bachelor Degree, a Master Degree and a Doctorate Degree in Financial Management from Southwestern University of Finance and Economics* (西南財經大 學) in June 2007, March 2010 and December 2013, respectively. Mr. Wang was awarded the professorship of Accounting qualification issued by Sichuan Agricultural University (四川農業 大學) in December 2020. Mr. Wang has been working for College of Management of Sichuan Agricultural University (四川農業大 學) since January 2014 and serves as the head of its department of financial management. Mr. Wang currently serves as a postdoctoral researcher at the Postdoctoral Program Research Station of business administration* (工商管理博士後科研流動 站) at Fudan University. Mr. Wang was awarded the third prize of the 18th Social Science Outstanding Achievement of Sichuan Province* (四川省第十八次社會科學優秀成果三等獎) in August 2019.

Mr. Wang obtained a listed company senior management training* (上市公司高級管理人員培訓) graduation certificate issued by the Shenzhen Stock Exchange in March 2017. Mr. Wang was an independent director of Sichuan Jinyu Automobile City (Group) Co., Ltd.* (四川金宇汽車城(集團)股份有限公司), a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (stock code: 000803) from October 2019 to December 2019. Mr. Wang currently serves as an independent director of Chengdu Xingrong Environmental Co., Ltd.* (成都市興蓉環境股份有限公司), a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (stock code: 000598) and an independent director of Sichuan Crun Co., Ltd.* (四川川潤股份有 限公司), a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (stock

code: 002272).

王運陳先生,37歳,本公司獨立非執行董事。彼 亦為本公司審核委員會主席及提名委員會成員。彼 自 青 監 察 及 就 本 集 團 的 營 運 及 管 理 提 供 獨 立 意 見。 王 先 生 於2007年6月、2010年3月及2013年12月 分 別 取得西南財經大學財務管理學十學位、碩十學位及 博士學位。王先生於2020年12月獲頒授四川農業大 學發出的會計學教授資格。王先生自2014年1月起一 直在四川農業大學任職,並擔任其財務管理學系主 管。王先生目前於復旦大學工商管理博士後科研流 動站擔任博士後研究員。王先生於2019年8月獲頒四 川省第十八次社會科學優秀成果三等獎。

王先生於2017年3月取得深圳證券交易所頒發的 上市公司高級管理人員培訓畢業證書。王先生於2019 年10月至2019年12月擔任四川金宇汽車城(集團)股份 有限公司(一間於深圳證券交易所上市的公司,股份 代號:000803)獨立董事。王先生目前擔任成都市興 蓉環境股份有限公司(一間於深圳證券交易所上市的 公司,股份代號:000598)的獨立董事,及四川川潤 股份有限公司(一間於深圳證券交易所上市的公司, 股份代號:002272)的獨立董事。

董事及高級管理層履歷

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Ms. Liu Jiayan, aged 40, the financial controller of the Group and one of the joint company secretaries of the Company. She is responsible for the Group's overall company secretarial and financial matters. Ms. Liu has more than 10 years' experience in accounting and finance industry and has been registered as a certified public accountant in the PRC since September 2012. Ms. Liu worked at Chengdu Colorful Polymer Materials Co., Ltd (成都 卡樂福高分子材料股份有限公司), a company listed on the National Equities Exchange and Quotations (stock code: 872870), as a director from December 2017 to February 2019, and a secretary of board and finance controller from December 2017 to January 2019. Ms. Liu worked at Changjiang Securities Ltd. Chengdu Guanghua Village Street Securities Business Department* (長江 證券股份有限公司成都光華村街證券營業部) from August 2015 to February 2017, Chengdu New Hope Properties Ltd.*(成都新 希望置業有限公司) from June 2014 to July 2015 and WUYIGE Certified Public Accountants LLP, Sichuan branch* (大信會計 師事務所四川分所) from September 2010 to June2014 and was mainly responsible for accounting and auditing. Ms. Liu obtained a bachelor degree (distance learning) in accountancy from Southwestern University of Finance and Economics (西南財經大 學) in July 2014.

Mr. Gao Qiang, aged 47, the sales director of the Group. He is responsible for the creation of sales strategies and the management of sales goals and targets. Mr. Gao has more than 20 years' experience in sales and papermaking felts manufacturing industry. Before joining the Group, Mr. Gao has worked for Huanlong Industrial Group Co. Ltd.* (環龍工業集團 有限公司) as sales manager since December 2001, responsible for the creation of sales strategies and the management of sales goals and targets. Mr. Gao left Huanlong Industrial Group Co. Ltd.* (環龍工業集團有限公司) and joined Sichuan Huanlong as sales manager in February 2007 and currently serves as the sales director of the Group. Mr. Gao obtained a graduation certificate of Junior College Program (專科畢業證書) in Textile Engineering issued by the Wuhan Textile Industry College* (武漢紡織工學院) (currently known as Wuhan Textile University* (武漢紡織大學)) in July 1998.

高級管理層

劉家燕女士,40歲,本集團財務總監及本公司聯 席公司秘書之一。彼負責本集團整體公司秘書及財 務事宜。劉女士在會計及財務行業擁有逾10年經驗, 自2012年9月起成為中國許冊執業會計師。劉女士於 2017年12月至2019年2月擔任成都卡樂福高分子材料 股份有限公司(一間於全國中小企業股份轉讓系統上 市的公司,股份代號:872870)的董事,並於2017年 12月至2019年1月擔任其董事會秘書兼財務總監。劉 女士於2015年8月至2017年2月任職於長江證券股份 有限公司成都光華村街證券營業部,於2014年6月至 2015年7月任職於成都新希望置業有限公司,於2010 年9月至2014年6月任職於大信會計師事務所四川分 所,主要負責會計及審計。劉女士於2014年7月取得 西南財經大學的會計學士學位(遙距課程)。

高強先生,47歲,本集團銷售總監。彼負責制定 銷售策略以及管理銷售目標及指標。高先生於銷售及 造紙毛毯製造業擁有逾20年經驗。加入本集團前, 高先生自2001年12月起於環龍工業集團有限公司擔 任銷售經理,負責制定銷售策略以及管理銷售目標 及指標。高先生於2007年2月離開環龍工業集團有限 公司並加入四川環龍擔任銷售經理,現時為銷售總 監。高先生於1998年7月取得武漢紡織工學院(現稱 武漢紡織大學)的紡織工程專科畢業證書。

董事及高級管理層履歷

Ms. Lin Xiaoyan, aged 40, the director of the operation department of the Group. She is responsible for the promotion of the operational efficiency and quality for the Group's overall marketing. Ms. Lin has more than 14 years' experience in corporate management and operation. She joined Sichuan Huanlong since its establishment in February 2007 and was promoted to operation director in April 2019. Ms. Lin obtained a graduation certificate of Junior College Program (專科畢業證書) in Industrial Enterprise Management jointly issued by the Southwestern University of Finance and Economics* (西南財經大學) and the Sichuan Province Higher Education Self-study Examination Committee* (四川省高等 教育自學考試委員會) in December 1999 and a graduation certificate of Specialized Secondary School Program (普通中等專業學校畢 業證書) in Pulp and Paper Making Process from the Sichuan Light Industry School* (四川省輕工業學校) in July 2000.

Ms. Mak Po Man Cherie, aged 47, is one of the joint company secretaries of the Company. Ms. Mak is the Vice President of SWCS Corporate Services Group (Hong Kong) Limited. She has worked for various professional firms and listed companies in Hong Kong, with over 17 years of experience in the fields of audit, accounting, corporate finance, compliance and corporate secretarial. Ms. Mak obtained a Master of Corporate Governance degree from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 2017. She has been admitted as an associate member of The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute and The Chartered Governance Institute in the United Kingdom in 2017, a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants in 2003, and a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in 2006.

林曉燕女士,40歲,本集團運營部門總監。彼負 責提升本集團整體營銷的運營效率及質量。林女士在 企業管理及營運方面擁有逾14年經驗。她於2007年2 月四川環龍成立時加入,於2019年4月晉升為運營總 監。林女士於1999年12月取得西南財經大學及四川 省高等教育自學考試委員會聯合頒發的工業企業管 理專科畢業證書,並於2000年7月取得四川省輕工業 學校紙漿及造紙過程普通中等專業學校畢業證書。

麥寶文女士,47歲,為本公司聯席公司秘書之 一。麥女士為方圓企業服務集團(香港)有限公司的 副總監。彼曾在多家專業機構及香港上市公司工作, 擁有逾17年工作經驗,範疇包括審計、會計、公司財 務、合規及公司秘書。麥女士於2017年獲香港理工大 學公司管治碩士學位。彼於2017年獲認可為香港特 許公司治理公會及英國特許公司治理公會會士、於 2003年獲認可為香港會計師公會會員及於2006年獲 認可為英國特許公認會計師公會資深會員。

董事會報告

The Directors present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 67.

The Board does not recommend the payment of dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2021.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2021, the Company's reserves available for distribution to Shareholders amounted to nil, representing the aggregation of the share premium, the contributed surplus and the retained profits.

FOUR-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last four financial years is set out on page 164 of the annual report.

PROPERTIES OWNED BY THE GROUP

The Group owns properties in Wenjiang District, Chengdu, Sichuen, the PRC for production (the "Properties"), pursuant to the valuation of an independent firm of qualified professional property valuer, their value amounts to approximately RMB70,550,000 as at 31 October 2021, as disclosed in the Prospectus. No additional depreciation that would be charged against the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income had the Properties been stated at valuation in the consolidated financial statements in this annual report. Details of the Properties owned by the Group as at 31 December 2021 are set out on page 162.

董事謹此提呈本公司及本集團截至2021年12月31 日止年度的年報及經審核綜合財務報表。

主要業務

本公司為投資控股公司。主要附屬公司的主要業 務刊載於綜合財務報表附註14。

業績及股息

本集團截至2021年12月31日止年度的業績刊載於 第67頁的綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

董事會並不建議就2021年12月31日止年度派付股 息。

可供分派的儲備

於2021年12月31日,本公司可供分派予股東的儲 備乃股份溢價、實繳盈餘及保留溢利的總和,合共 為零。

四年財務概要

本集團最近四個財政年度的業績和資產及負債 摘要刊載於年報第164頁。

本集團所擁有的物業

本集團於中國四川省成都市溫江區擁有物業作 生產用途(「物業」),誠如招股章程所披露,根據第三 方合資格專業物業估值公司的估值,於2021年10月31 日,該等物業的價值約為人民幣70,550,000元。由於 本年報中物業在綜合財務報表以估值呈列,故並無 在損益及其他全面收益表扣除額外折舊。本集團於 2021年12月31日所擁有的物業詳情載於第162頁。

INVESTMENT PROPERTY

One factory building of the Properties was on 5 December 2021 leased to an independent third party in a short term basis for investment purpose. Details of the movements in the investment property of the Group during the year are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements. Details of the major investment property held by the Group as at 31 December 2021 are set out on page 163.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

During the year, the Group acquired property, plant and equipment at a cost of approximately RMB75.8 million (2020: RMB20.3 million) for the purpose of expanding its business. Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A fair review of the Group's business and indication of likely future development in the Group's business are provided in the "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion sections of this annual report. An analysis using key financial performance indicators is set out in "Management Discussion and Analysis" section while the principal risks and uncertainties are contained in the "Notes to Financial Statements" section of this annual report. Compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group can be found throughout this annual report, in particular, the "Corporate Governance Report". Discussions on the Group's environmental policies and performance are covered by a separate Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Report which will be available on the Company's website under the "Corporate Social Responsibility" section and the website of the Stock Exchange on or before 31 May 2022. The above sections form part of this Report of the Directors.

Key relationships with stakeholders

The Group believes that its success depends on the support from its key stakeholders, namely employees, customers and suppliers.

投資物業

物業的其中一間廠房於2021年12月5日以短期租賃 出租予一名獨立第三方作投資用途。有關本集團於 年內的投資物業變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 13。有關本集團於2021年12月31日所持的主要投資 物業詳情載於第163頁。

物業、廠房及設備

於年內,本集團為擴展業務而購置物業、廠房及 設備的成本約為人民幣75.8百萬元(2020年:人民幣 20.3百萬元)。有關本集團物業、廠房及設備於年內 的變動詳情刊載於綜合財務報表附註12。

業務回顧

有關本集團業務的公正審閱以及本集團業務的 未來發展趨勢刊載於本年報[主席報告]及「管理層討 論及分析 | 各節。使用關鍵財務績效指標所作出的任 何分析刊載於本年報「管理層討論及分析」一節,而 主要風險及不確定因素則刊載於「財務報表附計」一 節。本集團所遵守且對本集團具重大影響的相關法 律及法規已刊載於本年報各章節(特別是「企業管治 報告一一的報本集團環境政策及表現的討論已單獨 載於環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告內,有關報告將於 2022年5月31日或之前在本集團網站「企業社會責任」 一欄及聯交所網站可供閱覽。上述各節構成本董事 會報告內容的一部分。

與持份者的主要關係

本集團相信成功取決於主要持份者的支持,即 僱員、客戶及供應商。

董事會報告

Employees

The Group endeavours to provide better working conditions and attractive remunerations to its employees. The Group offers remuneration package to its employees, which include salary, allowances and payment for welfare contributions, including social insurance contributions and housing provident fund contributions. Based on the performance of each employee, the Group will provide salary increments, bonuses and promotions, so as to encourage the employees' personal developments. The Group provides regular on-the-job training to its employees in order to build up a sound career platform for employees.

Customers

The Group has developed strong relationships with its customers. The Group communicates and works closely with its customers during the entire production process to ensure that its products are properly designed and manufactured in accordance with the customers' production needs. For the purpose of strengthening business relationships with customers, the Group's sales and marketing teams will visit customers' production facilities regularly to understand their needs and keep abreast of the latest development and trends of its customers' products. As part of the Group's after-sales service, it issues complimentary technical advisory proposals to the customers analysing the performance of their production machines, in order to provide tailor-made papermaking felts solutions to its customers.

Suppliers

The Group maintains good relationships with its key suppliers through the established long-term business relationships with them. The Group carefully selects its suppliers of raw materials and maintains a list of approved suppliers. The approved suppliers are selected based on a number of factors, including product quality, supply capacity, pricing and way of settlement. The Group believes that the established long-term business relationships with these key suppliers enables the Group to have a steady supply of raw materials which are manufactured according to the specifications and timing requested by it and its customers, and such relationships have been built upon a mutual trust and confidence over the years of cooperation between the Group and suppliers.

僱員

本集團致力為僱員提供良好工作環境及具吸引力 的薪酬待遇。本集團向僱員提供的薪酬待遇包括薪 金、津貼及繳付福利供款,其中包括社會保險供款 及住房公積金供款。本集團根據每名僱員的表現提 供薪酬調升、花紅及晉升機會,以鼓勵僱員的個人 發展。本集團定期為僱員提供在職培訓,旨在為僱 員建立穩固的事業基礎。

客戶

本集團與客戶建立強大的關係。本集團與客戶於 整個生產過程緊密溝通及合作,以確保產品根據客 戶的生產需求妥為設計及製造。就鞏固與客戶的業 務關係而言,本集團的銷售及營銷團隊定期到訪客戶 的生產設施,以了解客戶的需求,緊貼客戶產品需求 的最新發展及趨勢。作為售後服務的一部分,本集 團向客戶提供免費技術諮詢建議,分析其生產機器 的表現,為客戶提供訂製造紙毛毯解決方案。

供應商

本集團透過與主要供應商建立長期業務關係維 持友好關係。本集團審慎挑選原材料供應商,並設 有獲批供應商名單。獲批供應商乃基於多項因素而 挑選,包括產品質量、供應能力、價格及結算方式。 本集團相信,與主要供應商的長期業務關係使本集 團可獲得按照本集團及客戶要求的規格及時間所製 造的原材料的穩定供應,而該等關係建基於多年來 本集團與供應商合作建立的互信及信心。

Social insurance and housing provident fund contributions

As disclosed in the section headed "Business - Legal proceedings and compliance — Non-compliances Non-compliance in relation to social insurance contributions" in the Prospectus, the Group did not pay social insurance contributions of approximately RMB3.3 million according to the Social Insurance Law of the PRC and housing provident fund contributions of approximately RMB1.0 million according to the Regulation on Administration of Housing Provident Fund, for the three years ended 31 December 2020. Up to the date of this annual report, the Group did not receive any demand of payment or penalty from the relevant PRC regulatory authorities, including Chengdu City Wenjiang District Human Resources and Social Security Bureau* (成都市溫州區人力資源和社會保障局) and Chengdu Housing Provident Funds Management Centre* (成都 住房公積金管理中心), in respect of such non-payments of social insurance contributions and housing provident fund contributions. As disclosed in the Prospectus, Ms. Shen Genlian and Mr. Zhou Jun have committed that they will fully and unconditionally make and pay such social insurance contributions and housing provident fund contributions when required by the regulatory authorities, and will fully and conditionally compensate for any other expenses or economic losses incurred by the Group because of such non-compliances.

RESERVES

Movements during the year in the reserves of the Group and the Company are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 70 and note 29 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements during the year in the share capital of the Company are set out in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

BONDS ISSUED

The Company did not have any bonds in issue or existence for the year ended 31 December 2021.

BORROWINGS

Details of borrowings of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in notes 24 and 25 to the consolidated financial statements.

社會保險及住房公積金供款

誠如招股章程「業務—法律訴訟及合規—不合規 事件—(2)有關社會保險供款的不合規事件」一節所披 露,截至2020年12月31日止三個年度,本集團未有根 據《中華人民共和國社會保險法》繳納社會保險供款 約人民幣3.3百萬元,以及未有根據《住房公積金管理 條例》繳納住房公積金供款約人民幣1.0 百萬元。直 至本年報日期,本集團並未因欠繳社會保險供款及 住房公積金供款而遭相關中國監管機構(包括成都市 溫州區人力資源和社會保障局及成都住房公積金管 理中心)要求付款或處罰。如招股章程所披露,沈根 蓮女士及周駿先生已承諾,在監管機構要求下,將 無條件全數補繳有關社會保險供款及住房公積金供 款, 並有條件地全數補償本集團因有關不合規事件 而招致的其他開支或經濟損失。

儲備

本集團及本公司儲備於年內的變動分別載於綜合 權益變動表第70頁以及綜合財務報表附註29。

股本

本公司股本於年內的變動詳情刊載於綜合財務報 表附註27。

已發行債券

截至2021年12月31日止年度,本公司概無發行或 存續任何債券。

借款

有關本集團截至2021年12月31日止年度的借款詳 情刊載於綜合財務報表附註24及25。

董事會報告

TAXATION

The information on the taxation of the Company and the Group in 2021 is set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Ms. Shen Genlian (Chairperson)

Mr. Zhou Jun (Chief executive officer)

Mr. Xie Zongguo

Ms. Yuan Aomei

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Ip Wang Hoi (appointed on 9 December 2021)

Mr. Zhang Shenjin (appointed on 9 December 2021)

Mr. Wang Yunchen (appointed on 9 December 2021)

The biographical details of the Directors are set out on page 35 to page 39 of this annual report.

Each of the Directors has entered into a service contract ("Directors' service Contract(s)") with the Company for a term up to the end of the AGM of 2022 which is subject to termination by either party giving not less than three month's written notice. Since the Directors' service contracts will expire on the date of AGM of 2022, all the Directors shall retire from office at the AGM and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. Subject to the approval of their re-elections by the Shareholders at the AGM, each of the Directors will enter into a new service contract with the Company for a term of three years from the date of the AGM of 2022.

No director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

税項

有關本公司及本集團於2021年的税項資料刊載於 綜合財務報表附註8。

董事及董事的服務合約

於年內百至本報告日期的董事如下:

執行董事

沈根蓮女士(主席) 周駿先生(行政總裁) 謝宗國先生 袁傲梅女十

獨立非執行董事

葉耘開先生(於2021年12月9日獲委任) 張慎金先生(於2021年12月9日獲委任) 王運陳先生(於2021年12月9日獲委任)

董事履歷詳情刊載於本年報第35頁至39頁。

各董事已與本公司訂立服務合約(「董事服務合 約」),任期直至2022年股東週年大會結束為止,任 何一方均可發出不少於三個月的書面通知終止合約。 由於董事的服務合約將於2022年股東週年大會當日 屆滿,所有董事將於股東週年大會上退任,並合資 格膺選連任。待股東於股東周年大會批准董事連任 後,各董事將與本公司訂立新服務合約,自2022年股 東週年大會日期起為期三年。

擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任的董事概無 與本公司訂立服務合約,禁止本公司於一年內終止合 約而毋須作出賠償(法定賠償除外)。

CHANGES IN DIRECTORS' OR CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INFORMATION

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1), all change and updated information regarding the Directors and chief executive are set out in the section headed "Biographies of Directors and Senior Management". Save as disclosed in the above section, there was no change to any of the information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51(2)(a) to (e) and (g).

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Details of the Directors' remuneration and five highest paid individuals during the year are set out in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY

The Articles of Association provide that the Directors shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they shall or may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty, or supposed duty, in their respective offices. Such provisions were in force during the course of the year under review and remained in force as of the date of this report.

董事及最高行政人員的資料變動

根據第13.51B(1)條規定,有關董事及最高行政人 員的所有資料變動及更新刊載於「董事及高級管理層 的履歷」一節。除上文所披露者外,概無任何資料變 動 須 根 據 第13.51(2)(a) 條 至 (e) 條 和 (g) 條 規 定 予 以 披 霞。

董事薪酬及五名最高薪酬人士

有關年內董事薪酬及五名最高薪酬人十的詳情 刊載於綜合財務報表附註9。

獲准許的彌償

根據組織章程細則,董事按各自的職務執行其 職責(或假定職責)時因所作出、同意或遺漏的任何 作為而招致或蒙受的所有訴訟、費用、收費、損失、 損害及開支,均可獲本公司的資產及溢利給予補償, 並確保其免受損失。有關條款於回顧年度生效,且 截至本報告日期仍然生效。

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES. UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2021, the interests and short positions of each Director and chief executive of the Company in the Shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register which have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO or are required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code were as follows:

(i) Long positions in the Shares

董事於股份、相關股份及債權證中的權益 及淡倉

於2021年12月31日,本公司各董事於本公司或其 任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股 份、相關股份及債權證中,擁有根據證券及期貨條 例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所的權益 及淡倉,或根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記錄於登 記冊內的權益及淡倉,或根據標準守則須知會本公 司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

Approximate

(i) 於股份中的好倉

		Number of Shares held/	percentage of interest in the
Name of Director	Capacity/Nature	interested in	Company
董事姓名	身份/性質	持有/擁有權益 的股份數目	於本公司權益 的概約百分比
Ms. Shen Genlian (Note)	Founder of a discretionary trust; interest of spouse	359,947,200	74.46%
沈根蓮女士(附註)	全權信託創立人;配偶權益		
Mr. Zhou Jun (Note)	Founder of a discretionary trust; interest of spouse	359,947,200	74.46%
周駿先生(附註)	全權信託創立人;配偶權益		

Note: Perfect Angle Limited ("Perfect Angle") and Wonderful Advisor Limited ("Wonderful Advisor") are holding 269,960,400 and 89,986,800 Shares. Each of Perfect Angle and Wonderful Advisor is directly and wholly owned by Vistra Trust (Singapore) Pte. Limited ("Vistra Trust"), the trustee of the SGL Trust and the ZJ Trust. The SGL Trust is an irrevocable discretionary trust established by Fame Attain Limited ("Fame Attain"), which is wholly-owned by Ms. Shen Genlian, as the settlor. The beneficiaries of the SGL Trust are Ms. Shen Genlian and the children of Ms. Shen Genlian. The ZJ Trust is an irrevocable discretionary trust established by South Source Enterprises Limited ("South Source"), which is wholly-owned by Mr. Zhou Jun, as the settlor. The beneficiaries of the ZJ Trust are Mr. Zhou Jun and the children of Ms. Shen Genlian. Ms. Shen Genlian and Mr. Zhou Jun are wife and husband. Accordingly, each of Ms. Shen Genlian and Mr. Zhou Jun is deemed to be interested in the said 269,960,400 and 89,986,800 Shares (in aggregate 359,947,200 Shares) under the SFO.

附註: Perfect Angle Limited (「Perfect Angle」) 及 Wonderful Advisor Limited ([Wonderful **Advisor**」)持 有269,960,400股 及89,986,800 股股份。Perfect Angle及Wonderful Advisor各 自分別由Vistra Trust (Singapore) Pte. Limited (「Vistra Trust」)直接全資擁有,Vistra Trust 為SGL Trust及ZJ Trust的受託人。SGL Trust為 譽致有限公司(「譽致」)成立的不可撤銷全權信 託,譽致為沈根蓮女士作為財產授予人全資擁 有。SGL Trust的受益人為沈根蓮女士以及沈 根蓮女士的子女。ZJ Trust為南源企業有限公 司(「南源」)成立的不可撤銷全權信託,南源由 周駿先生作為財產授予人全資擁有。ZJ Trust 的受益人為周駿先生以及沈根蓮女士的子女。 沈根蓮女士及周駿先生為夫婦。因此,根據證 券及期貨條例,沈根蓮女士及周駿先生各自被 視為於上述269,960,400股及89,986,800股股份 (合共359,947,200股股份)中擁有權益。

(ii) Long position in the ordinary shares of associated corporations

(ii) 於相聯法團普通股中的好倉

Name of Director	Name of associated corporation	Capacity/Nature	Number of Shares or registered capital held/ interested in 持有/擁有	Approximate percentage of interest
董事姓名	相聯法團名稱	身份/性質	權益的股份或註 冊資本數目	權 益概 約百分比
Ms. Shen Genlian <i>(Note 1)</i> 沈根蓮女士 <i>(附註1)</i>	Perfect Angle	Founder of a discretionary trust 全權信託創立人	100	100%
Mr. Zhou Jun <i>(Note 1)</i> 周駿先生 <i>(附註1)</i>	Perfect Angle	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	100	100%
Ms. Shen Genlian (Note 2)	Huanlong Lixin	Interest in a controlled corporation/interest of spouse	RMB10,000	1%
沈根蓮女士(附註2)	環龍立欣	於受控法團的權益/ 配偶權益	人民幣10,000元	1%
Mr. Zhou Jun <i>(Note 2)</i> 周駿先生 <i>(附註2)</i>	Huanlong Lixin 環龍立欣	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	RMB10,000 人民幣10,000元	1% 1%

董事會報告

Notes:

- 1. Perfect Angle is holding 269,960,400 Shares. Perfect Angle is directly and wholly owned by Vistra Trust, the trustee of the SGL Trust. The SGL Trust is an irrevocable discretionary trust established by Fame Attain, which is wholly-owned by Ms. Shen Genlian, as the settlor. The beneficiaries of the SGL Trust are Ms. Shen Genlian and the children of Ms. Shen Genlian. Ms. Shen Genlian and Mr. Zhou Jun are wife and husband. Accordingly, Perfect Angle is a holding company and an associated corporation of the Company, and each of Ms. Shen Genlian and Mr. Zhou Jun is deemed to be interested in the said shares of the associated corporation under the SFO.
- 2. Huanlong Lixin is an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, the equity interest of which is held as to 99% by Huanlong Funeng, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and 1% by Huanlong Industrial Group Co., Ltd* (環龍工業集團有 限公司), respectively. Huanlong Industrial Group Co., Ltd* (環龍 工業集團有限公司) is held as to 75% by Ms. Shen Genlian and 25% by Mr. Zhou, respectively. Ms. Shen Genlian and Mr. Zhou Jun are wife and husband. Accordingly, Huanlong Lixin is an associated corporation of the Company, and each of Ms. Shen Genlian and Mr. Zhou Jun is deemed to be interested in the equity interest of the associated corporation under the SFO.

Save as disclosed in the foregoing, as at 31 December 2021, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company or their respective close associates had any interests or short positions in any Shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations as recorded in the register required to be kept pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO or pursuant to the Model Code.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Details of the equity-linked agreements entered into during the year under review or subsisting at the end of the year under review are set out below:

Share Option Scheme

On 9 December 2021, a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") was approved and adopted by the Shareholders, under which, options may be granted to any Eligible Participants (as defined below) to subscribe for the Shares subject to the terms and conditions stipulated in the Share Option Scheme. The Company has adopted the Share Option Scheme as an incentive to the Directors and the Eligible Participants.

财 註:

- 1. Perfect Angle 持有269,960,400股股份。Perfect Angle由Vistra Trust (SGL Trust的受託人)直接全 資擁有。SGL Trust 為譽致成立的不可撤銷全權 信託,譽致由沈根蓮女士作為財產授予人全資擁 有。SGL Trust的受益人為沈根蓮女士以及沈根 蓮女士的子女。沈根蓮女士及周駿先生為夫婦。 因此,根據證券及期貨條例,Perfect Angle為本 公司的控股公司及相聯法團,且沈根蓮女士及周 駿先生各自被視為於上述相聯法團股份中擁有權
- 2. 環龍立欣為本公司的間接非全資附屬公司,其股 權分別由本公司的全資附屬公司環龍賦能持有 99%及由環龍工業集團有限公司持有1%。環龍 工業集團有限公司分別由沈根蓮女士持有75%及 由周駿先生持有25%。沈根蓮女士及周駿先生為 夫婦。因此,根據證券及期貨條例,環龍立欣為 本公司的相聯法團,且沈根蓮女士及周駿先生各 自被視為於相聯法團股權中擁有權益。

除上文所披露者外,於2021年12月31日,本公司 概無董事、最高行政人員或彼等各自的緊密聯繫人 於本公司或其任何相聯法團的股份、相關股份及債權 證中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記錄於登 記冊內的任何權益及淡倉,或根據證券及期貨條例 第XV部第7及8分部或根據標準守則須知會本公司及 聯交所的權益及淡倉。

權益掛鈎協議

有關於回顧年度內訂立或於回顧年末仍存續的權 益掛鈎協議詳情刊載如下:

購股權計劃

於2021年12月9日,股東批准並採納購股權計劃 (「購股權計劃」)。據此,任何合資格參與者(定義見 下文)可根據購股權計劃所訂明的條款及條件,獲授 予購股權以認購股份。本公司已採納購股權計劃以 獎勵董事及合資格參與者。

The Share Option Scheme will provide the Eligible Participants an opportunity to have a personal stake in the Company with the view to achieving the following objectives: (i) motivating the Eligible Participants to optimise their performance efficiency for the benefit of the Group; and (ii) attracting and retaining or otherwise maintaining on-going business relationships with the Eligible Participants whose contributions are or will be beneficial to the long-term growth of the Group.

The Board may, at its discretion, offer to grant an option to subscribe for such number of new Shares as the Board may determine to the following persons (the "Eligible Participants"): (i) any full-time or part-time employee of any member of the Group; (ii) any consultant or adviser of any member of the Group; (iii) any Director (including executive, non-executive or independent non-executive Directors) of any member of the Group; (iv) any substantial shareholder of any member of the Group; and (v) any distributor, contractor, supplier, agent, customer, business partner or service provider of any member of the Group. The basis of eligibility of any participant to the grant of any option shall be determined by the Board (or as the case may be, where required under the Listing Rules, the independent non-executive Directors) from time to time on the basis of the participant's contribution or potential contribution to the development and growth of the Group.

The maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options (excluding, for this purpose, options which have lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Company) to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 48.000.000 Shares, being 10% of the total number of the Shares in issue as at the date of this annual report.

The total number of Shares issued and which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other scheme of the Company (including both exercised and outstanding options) to each participant in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of the Shares in issue for the time being. Any further grant of options in excess of the 1% limit shall be subject to the Shareholders' approval in general meeting with such participant and his associates abstaining from voting.

購股權計劃將讓合資格參與者有機會於本公司擁 有個人權益,並旨在達成以下目標:(i)鼓勵合資格參 與者為本集團的利益而提高其表現效率;及(ii)吸引並 挽留合資格參與者或以其他方式與合資格參與者維 持長久的業務關係,而該合資格參與者的貢獻乃對 或將會對本集團的長遠發展有利。

董事會可酌情決定向以下人士(「合資格參與者」) 授出購股權,按董事會釐定的新股份數目作出認購: (i)本集團任何成員公司的全職或兼職僱員;(ii)本集團 任何成員公司的諮詢人或顧問;(iii)本集團任何成員 公司的董事(包括執行董事、非執行董事或獨立非執 行董事);(iv)本集團任何成員公司的主要股東;及(v) 本集團任何成員公司的分銷商、承包商、供應商、代 理、客戶、業務夥伴或服務供應商。董事會(或視乎 情況根據上市規則規定為獨立非執行董事)將不時根 據參與者對本集團的發展及增長所作出或可能作出 的貢獻,決定該參與者是否合資格獲授予購股權。

根據本公司購股權計劃及任何其他購股權計劃 授出的所有購股權(就此而言,不包括根據本公司購 股權計劃及任何其他購股權計劃的條款已失效的購 股權),於行使時可獲發行的股份數目上限合共不得 超出48.000.000股股份(即於本年報日期已發行股份 總數的10%)。

於任何12個月期間,根據本公司購股權計劃及任 何其他購股權計劃授予各參與者的購股權(包括已行 使及尚未行使的購股權)獲行使時,已發行及將會發 行的股份總數不得超過當時已發行股份總數的1%。 額外授出任何超過1%上限的購股權須經股東於股東 大會上批准,且有關參與者及其緊密聯繫人須於會 上放棄投票。

董事會報告

An offer for the grant of option must be accepted within seven days from the offer date. Options granted shall be taken up upon payment of HK\$1.00 as consideration for the grant of option. Options may be exercised at any time from the date which option is deemed to be granted and accepted and expired on the date as the Board in its absolute discretion determine and which shall not exceed a period of 10 years from the date on which the share options are deemed to be granted and accepted but subject to the provisions for early termination thereof contained in the Share Option Scheme.

The subscription price for the Shares under the Share Option Scheme shall be determined by the Board and shall not be less than the highest of: (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the date of grant, which must be a day on which the Stock Exchange is open for the business of dealing in securities; (ii) the average of the closing prices of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a Share.

The Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years commencing from 9 December 2021. No share option has been granted by the Company under the Share Option Scheme since its adoption up to the date of this annual report.

As at the date of this annual report, the total number of Shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme was 48,000,000, representing approximately 9.93% of the issued Shares as at the date of this annual report.

Other than the Share Option Scheme, no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021 or subsisting at the end of the year.

RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Details of retirement benefit plans of the Group during the year under review are set out in note 2.20 to the consolidated financial statements.

授出購股權的要約須於要約日期起計七日內接 納。已授出的購股權須於支付1.00港元作為授出購股 權的代價後方告接納。購股權可自購股權被視為已 授出及接納的日期起隨時行使,並於董事會全權酌 情釐 定的日期 屆滿,惟不得超過購股權被視為授出 及接納的日期起計10年的期限,但可根據購股權計 劃所載條文予以提早終止。

購股權計劃下的普通股認購價將由董事會釐定, 且不得低於下列各項中的最高者:(i)股份於授出日期 (須為聯交所開市買賣證券的日子)在聯交所每日報 價表所示的收市價;(ii)緊接授出日期前五個營業日股 份在聯交所每日報價表所示的平均收市價;及(iii)股 份面值。

購股權計劃自2021年12月9日起10年內生效及有 效。自採納購股權計劃起直至本年報日期,本公司概 無授出任何購股權。

於本年報日期,根據購股權計劃可供發行的股份 總數為48,000,000股,約佔本年報日期已發行股份的 9.93% °

除購股權計劃外,本公司概無於2021年12月31日 止年度內訂立或於年末存續其他權益掛鈎協議。

退休福利計劃

本集團於回顧年度的退休福利計劃詳情載於綜 合財務報表附註2.20。

INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF THE SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2021, so far as the Directors are aware. the interest and short positions of the persons, other than a Director or chief executive of the Company, in the Shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO and which fell to be disclosed to the Company under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO are as follows:

主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份中的權 益及淡倉

於2021年12月31日,據董事所知,以下人士(本公 司董事或最高行政人員除外)於本公司的股份及相關 股份中擁有的權益及淡倉,須根據證券及期貨條例 第336條記錄於備存登記冊內,及須根據證券及期貨 條例第XV部第2及3分部向本公司作出披露:

Number of

Approximate

		Shares held/	percentage of
Name	Capacity/Nature	interested in	interest
		持有/擁有權益	權益概約
姓名/名稱	身份/性質	的股份數目	百分比
Perfect Angle	Beneficial owner	269,960,400	55.84%
	實益擁有人		
	5 6 1 1	00.000.000	10.010/
Wonderful Advisor	Beneficial owner 會光恢左人	89,986,800	18.61%
	實益擁有人		
Vistra Trust <i>(Note)</i> (附註)	Trustee	359,947,200	74.46%
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	受託人		

Note: Vistra Trust is the trustee of the SGL Trust and ZJ Trust and holds 100% issued share capital of both Perfect Angle and Wonderful Advisor, thus Vistra Trust is deemed to be interested in all the Shares held by Perfect Angle and Wonderful Advisor for the purpose of the SFO.

附註: Vistra Trust為SGL Trust及ZJ Trust的受託人,並持 有Perfect Angle及Wonderful Advisor 100%的已發 行股本,因此,根據證券及期貨條例, Vistra Trust 被視為於Perfect Angle及Wonderful Advisor持有的 所有股份中擁有權益。

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR **DEBENTURES**

Save for the Share Option Scheme as disclosed under the section headed "Share Option Scheme" above, at no time during the year under review was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debts securities (including debentures) of, the Company or any other body corporate.

股份或債權證的收購安排

除上文「購股權計劃」一節所披露的購股權計劃 外,本公司、其控股公司,或其任何附屬公司或同系 附屬公司概無於回顧年度任何時間參與訂立任何安 排,致使董事可藉由收購本公司或任何其他法人團 體的股份或債券(包括債權證)而獲益。

董事會報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Group is committed to maintaining a high level of corporate governance. Particulars of the Company's corporate governance practices are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 17 to 34 of this annual report.

APPOINTMENT OF INDEPENDENT **NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive Directors, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as the related party transactions as disclosed in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements, there were no other transactions, arrangements or contracts that are significant in relation to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiary was a party and in which a Director or his/ her connected entity had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at any time during the year ended 31 December 2021.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

Save for employment contracts, no other contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year ended 31 December 2021.

企業管治

本集團致力維持高水準的企業管治。有關本公司 企業管治措施的詳情刊載於本年報第17至34頁的企 業管治報告。

委任獨立非執行董事

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第 3.13條就其獨立性發出的年度書面確認。本公司認為 所有獨立非執行董事均屬獨立人士。

董事於重大交易、安排或合約中的權益

除綜合財務報表附註33所披露的關聯方交易外, 截至2021年12月31日止年度內任何時間,本公司或其 任何附屬公司概無簽訂對本集團業務而言屬重大的 其他交易、安排及合約,亦無董事或其關連實體於其 他交易、安排及合約中直接或間接擁有重大權益。

管理合約

除僱傭合約外,截至2021年12月31日止年度,概 無訂立或存在任何涉及本公司整體或任何重大部分 業務的管理及行政合約。

TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN SOLE SPONSOR AND INTERMEDIARIES

CMBC International Capital Limited was the sole sponsor (the "Sole Sponsor") for the Global Offering and the Listing. The Sole Sponsor, Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited, Convers Dill & Pearman, Loogn & Yeung and SHINEWING Risk Services Limited were appointed as the Compliance Adviser, auditors, legal advisers as to Cayman Island laws, legal advisers as to Hong Kong laws and internal control consultant of the Company, respectively, after the Listing.

Earn Talent International Limited, a Hong Kong company owned by Ms. Shen Genlian and Mr. Zhou Jun as to 50% and 50%, opened a securities account in Forwin Securities Group Limited, one of the underwriters in the Global Offering, for trading of securities, and paid service fees and commissions to Forwin Securities Group Limited in each transaction of securities during the year under review. Perfect Angle opened a securities account in CMBC Securities Company Limited, the Stabilising Manager (as defined in the Prospectus) to deposit the Shares of the Company therein.

Save as: (a) the fees in relation to the services after the Listing and the transactions as disclosed above; and (b) the listing expense in relation to the Listing, there was no transactions between (i) the Company, its Controlling Shareholders (as defined in the Prospectus in respect of the Global Offering and the Listing), subsidiaries, Directors, Senior Management or their respective associates; (ii) any of (aa) the Sole Sponsor, (bb) any of the intermediaries (including the Sole Global Coordinator, the Joint Bookrunners, the Joint Lead Managers, underwriting syndicate members, non-syndicate sub-placing agents and distributors (both terms were defined in the Prospectus)) involved in the placing, distribution or underwriting of the Global Offering or (cc) any of the placees under the International Placing (as defined in the Prospectus) (including the ultimate beneficial owners, subsidiaries, directors senior management or the respective associates of the parties referred to in (aa), (bb) and (cc)); and (iii) consultants or advisers involved in the application of the Listing, commencing from the first day of the financial year 2021 and ending on the date of this annual report.

獨家保薦人及中介之間的交易

民銀資本有限公司為我們股份的全球發售及上 市的獨家保薦人(「獨家保薦人」)。上市後,獨家保薦 人、致同(香港)會計師事務所有限公司、康德明律師 事務、龍炳坤、楊永安律師行及信永方略風險管理 有限公司分別獲委任為本公司合規顧問、核數師、關 於開曼群島法律的法律顧問、關於香港法律的法律 顧問及內部監控顧問。

駿得國際有限公司,一間由沈根蓮女士及周駿先 生以50%及50%持有的香港公司,於回顧年度在富榮 證券集團有限公司(在全球發售的其中一間包銷商)開 立了一個證券戶口以買賣證券,每個證券交易會付給 富榮證券集團有限公司服務及佣金。 Perfect Angle已 於民銀證券有限公司(穩定價格操作人,定義見招股 章程)開立證券戶口以存置本公司股份。

除:(a)如上述披露上市後有關服務的費用及交 易;及(b)有關上市的上市開支,(i)本公司、其控股 股東(定義見招股章程,內容有關全球發售及上市、 附屬公司、董事、高級管理層或彼等各自的聯繫人; (ii)任何(aa)獨家保薦人、(bb)任何參與全球發售的配 售、分銷或包銷的中介(包括獨家全球協調人、聯席 賬簿管理人、聯席牽頭經辦人、包銷團成員、非財團 分配售代理及分銷商(以上詞彙定義見招股章程))或 (cc)國際配售下的任何承配人(定義見招股章程)(包 括(aa)、(bb)及(cc)所述各方的最終實益擁有人、附屬 公司、董事、高級管理層或各自的聯繫人);及(iii)於 2021財政年度首日開始及本年報結束之日,參與上市 申請的諮詢人或顧問,概無訂立任何交易。

董事會報告

COMPETING INTEREST

Apart from the Group's business, none of the Director, the controlling shareholders or any of their respective close associates was engaged in or had any interest in any business that competes or may compete with the principal business of the Group, which would require disclosure under Rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules, or has any other conflict of interest with the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021 and up to the date of this annual report.

DEED OF NON-COMPETITION

Ms. Shen Genlian and Mr. Zhou Jun (the "Covenantors") entered into a deed of non-competition (the "Deed of Non-Competition") on 9 December 2021 in favour of the Company (for itself and for the benefit of each other member of the Group), pursuant to that they will not directly or indirectly participate in, or hold any right or interest, or otherwise be involved in any business which may be in competition with the business of the Group during the period that the Deed of Non-Competition remains effective.

The Company has received the annual confirmation of the Covenantors in respect of their compliance with the non-competition undertakings under the Deed of Non-Competition during the year ended 31 December 2021.

The independent non-executive Directors also reviewed the Covenantors' compliance with the non-competition undertakings. The independent non-executive Directors confirmed that the Covenantors were not in breach of the non-competition undertakings during 31 December 2021.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF **SECURITIES**

The Shares were not listed during the year ended 31 December 2021 and no purchase, sale or redemption of the Shares could be made by the Company until 11 January 2022, the date when the Shares listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

競爭權益

截至2021年12月31日止年度及直至本年報日期, 除本集團業務外,董事、控股股東或彼等各自的緊 密聯繫人並無從事與本集團主要業務構成競爭或可 能構成競爭的業務,或在當中擁有權益,而導致須 根據上市規則第8.10條作出披露,亦無與本集團存在 其他利益衝突。

不競爭契據

於2021年12月9日,沈根蓮女十及周駿先生(「契 諾人」)以本公司為受益人(為其本身及本集團各間其 他成員公司的利益)訂立不競爭契據(「不競爭契據」)。 據此,於不競爭契據生效期間,彼等不會直接或間 接從事任何業務活動,從而或會與本集團的業務構 成競爭,或於當中持有任何權利或權益,或以其他 方式涉及其中。

截至2021年12月31日止年度,本公司已收取契諾 人根據不競爭契據遵守不競爭承諾的年度確認。

獨立非執行董事亦已就契諾人有否遵守不競爭承 諾作出審查。獨立非執行董事確認,契諾人於2021 年12月31日期間並無違反不競爭承諾。

購買、出售或贖回證券

截至2021年12月31日止年度,股份概無上市;直 至2022年1月11日之前(即股份於聯交所主板上市的日 子),本公司亦無法購買、出售或贖回股份。

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association of the Company or the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro rata basis to existing Shareholders.

TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION

The Company is not aware of any relief on taxation available to the Shareholders by reason of their holding of the Shares. If the Shareholders are unsure about the taxation implications of purchasing, holding, disposing of, dealing in, or exercising of any rights in relation to the Shares, they are advised to consult their professional advisers.

CONNECTED AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

The related party transactions of the Group made during the vear ended 31 December 2021 were disclosed in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

During the year under review, there was no connected transaction or continuing connected transaction of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, which are required to comply with any of the reporting, announcement or independent Shareholders' approval requirements.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN TRANSACTIONS. ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS OF **SIGNIFICANCE**

There was no transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance, to which the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

CONTRACTS BETWEEN THE COMPANY AND ITS CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

Save as the section headed "Connected and Related Transactions" above and note 33 to the consolidated financial statements, there is no contract of significance whether for provision of service or otherwise, between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and the Controlling Shareholders or any of the Controlling Shareholders' subsidiaries at any time during the year under review.

優先認購權

本公司的組織章程細則或開曼群島的法律並無 有關優先認購權的條文,規定本公司須按比例向現 有股東提呈發售新股份。

税務寬減及豁免

本公司並不知悉任何股東因持有股份而享有任何 税務寬減。股東如對購買、持有、出售、買賣股份或 行使任何股份相關權利的税務影響有任何疑問,務 請諮詢彼等的專業顧問。

閣 連 及 閣 聯 方 交 易

本集團於2021年12月31日止年度所進行的關聯方 交易披露於綜合財務報表附註33。

於回顧年度內,本公司概無進行任何上市規則第 14A章所指的關連交易或持續關連交易須遵守任何申 報、公告或獨立股東批准的規定。

董事於重大交易、安排或合約中的權益

於年末或年內任何時間,本公司、其控股公司, 或其任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司概無訂立重大交 易、安排及合約,亦無董事於其中直接或間接擁有重 大權益。

本公司與控股股東的合約

除上文「關連及關聯方交易」一節及綜合財務報表 附註33所述者外,於回顧年度內任何時間,本公司或 其任何附屬公司概無與控股股東或控股股東任何附 屬公司訂立提供服務或其他方面的重大合約。

董事會報告

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

In the year under review, the aggregate sales attributable to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 16.1% of the Group's total sales for the year and the sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to approximately 3.7%. The aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 81.0% of the Group's total purchases for the year and the largest supplier included therein amounted to approximately 49.5%.

None of the Directors, their associates or any Shareholder which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital had any interest in the share capital of any of the Group's five largest suppliers or customers.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

According to the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this annual report.

REVIEW BY AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee of the Company comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Wang Yunchen, Mr. Zhang Shenjin and Mr. Ip Wang Hoi. This 2021 annual report has been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

AUDITORS

Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited, the auditors of the Company, will retire at the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM of the Company and be eligible to offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution will be submitted to the AGM to be held on 22 June 2022 to seek the Shareholders' approval on the reappointment of Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited as auditors of the Company until the conclusion of the next AGM and to authorise the Board to fix their remuneration.

主要客戶及供應商

於回顧年度內,本集團五大客戶應佔銷售總額佔 本集團年內銷售總額約16.1%,最大客戶的銷售額則 佔約3.7%。本集團五大供應商應佔採購總額佔本集團 年內採購總額約81.0%,最大供應商則佔約49.5%。

據董事所深知,概無董事、彼等的聯繫人或任何 股東擁有超過5%的本公司已發行股本或於本集團的 五大供應商或客戶中擁有任何股本權益。

充足的公眾持股量

根據本公司可得的公開資料及據董事所知,於刊 發本年報前的最後實際可行日期,本公司始終按上市 規則的規定維持充足的公眾持股量。

審核委員會的審閱

本公司的審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組 成,包括王運陳先生、張慎金先生及葉耘開先生。 2021年報乃經由審核委員會審閱。

核數師

本公司的核數師,致同(香港)會計師事務所有限 公司,將於本公司的應屆股東週年大會結束時退任, 並合資格膺選連任。將於2022年6月22日舉行的股東 週年大會上將提呈決議案,以尋求股東批准續聘致 同(香港)會計師事務所有限公司為本公司的核數師, 直至下屆股東週年大會結束為止,以及授權董事會 釐定其酬金。

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The Company will hold the AGM on Wednesday. 22 June 2022. A notice convening the AGM will be published and despatched to Shareholders in due course.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, 17 June 2022 to Wednesday, 22 June 2022 (both days inclusive), for the purpose of determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the AGM scheduled to be held on Wednesday, 22 June 2022. The record date will be Wednesday, 22 June 2022. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the AGM, all transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong, not later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 16 June 2022.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On the Listing Date, the Company issued 114,200,000 Shares at an offer price of HK\$1.22 per Share in the Global Offering and the Shares were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. In addition, the over-allotment option granted by the Company to the International Underwriters (as defined in the Prospectus) was partially exercised and the Company further issued 3,442,000 Shares, representing approximately 3.0% of the number of Shares of the Company initially offered at HK\$1.22.

Save as disclosed above, no other significant events of the Group occurred after 31 December 2021 and up to the date of this annual report.

On behalf of the Board

Shen Genlian CHAIRPERSON

Hong Kong, 30 March 2022

股東週年大會

本公司將於2022年6月22日(星期三)舉行股東週 年大會。召開股東週年大會的通告將適時刊發並寄 發予股東。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

本公司將於2022年6月17日(星期五)至2022年6月 22日(星期三)(包括首尾兩天)暫停辦理股份過戶登記 手續,以釐定有權出席訂於2022年6月22日(星期三) 舉行的股東週年大會並於會上投票的股東。2022年 6月22日(星期三)將為記錄日期。為符合資格出席股 東週年大會並於會上投票,所有過戶表格連同有關 股票須於2022年6月16日(星期四)下午四時三十分之 前送交本公司的香港股份過戶登記處,香港中央證 券登記有限公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號 合和中心17樓1712-1716舖。

期後事件

於上市日期,本公司於全球發售中以每股股份1.22 港元的發售價發行114.200.000股股份,股份於聯交 所主板上市。此外,本公司向國際包銷商(定義見招 股章程)授出的超額配股權部份獲行使,以及本公司 再發行3,442,000股股份,相當於按本公司的每股股 份1.22港元初始提呈認購的股份數目約3.0%。

除上述所披露者外,於2021年12月31日後直至本 年報日期,概無發生任何重大事件。

代表董事會

沈根蓮

主席

香港,2022年3月30日

獨立核數師報告



To the members of Vanov Holdings Company Limited (incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Vanov Holdings Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 67 to 161, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS OF OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



致環龍控股有限公司的成員公司 (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

吾等已審核第67至161頁所載環龍控股有限公司(「貴 公司1)及其附屬公司(統稱[貴集團])的綜合財務報 表,當中包括於2021年12月31日的綜合財務狀況表, 及截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表、 綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及載有重大 會計政策概要的綜合財務報表附註。

吾等認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公 會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》 (「香港財務報告準則」),真實而中肯地反映 貴集 團於2021年12月31日的綜合財務狀況,及截至該日 止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照 香港公司條例的披露要求妥為編製。

意見的基礎

吾等已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審核準則》 (「香港審核準則」)進行審核。吾等在該等準則下承 擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審核綜合財務報表 須承擔的責任」一節中作進一步闡述。根據香港會 計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(「守則」), 吾等獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他職業 道德責任。吾等相信,吾等所獲得的審核憑證足夠 且適合作為審核意見的基礎。

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Revenue recognition for sales of papermaking felts

銷售浩紙毛毯的收益確認

Refer to Notes 2.16 and 4 to the consolidated financial statements 請參閱綜合財務報表附註2.16及4。

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審核事項

Revenue principally comprises revenue from the design, manufacture and sales of papermaking felts.

收益主要包括設計、製造及銷售造紙毛毯所得收益。

Sales of papermaking felts are recognised when control of the goods has been transferred to the customers, being at the point in time when the goods are delivered.

造紙毛毯的銷售於貨品的控制權轉移至顧客後(即交付貨品時) 予以確認。

We identified the recognition of revenue as a key audit matter because of its significance to the Group and revenue is one of the key performance indicators of the Group, therefore it is a significant audit risk area.

收益確認已獲吾等確定為關鍵審核事項,因為其對 貴集 團屬重大,且收益乃 貴集團的關鍵績效指標之一,因此 收益屬重大的審核風險範疇。

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項乃吾等根據專業判斷,認為對本期間 綜合財務報表的審核最為重大的事項。吾等於審核 整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時處理該等事項。吾 等不會對該等事項提供單獨的意見。

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 吾等的審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

Our audit procedures to assess the recognition of revenue included:

吾等評估收益確認的審核程序包括:

- obtaining an understanding of the processes and internal control in relation to recognition of revenue from sales of papermaking felts;
- 了解銷售造紙毛毯時確認收益的過程及內部監控:
- assessing the appropriateness of judgment made by management on revenue recognition on the sales of papermaking felts by reviewing the sales contracts, on a sample basis, with reference to HKFRS 15;
- 參照香港財務報告準則第15號抽樣審閱銷售合約,以評估 管理層確認銷售造紙毛毯收益時所作出的判斷是否恰當;
- testing the revenue recognised from sales of papermaking felts, on a sample basis, against sales contracts or orders, and customer acknowledgement of delivery and installation to evaluate whether the control of the papermaking felts has passed to the customers;
- 抽樣對照銷售合約或訂單和顧客的交付及安裝回執(用作 評估造紙毛毯的控制權是否已移交顧客),以測試銷售造 紙毛毯所確認的收益;
- performing analysis of revenue, gross profit trend and their fluctuation; and
- 分析收益,毛利趨勢及其波幅;及
- assessing the adequacy of the Group's disclosure with respect to revenue recognised.
- 評估 貴集團就收益確認所作出的披露是否足夠。

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

關鍵審核事項(續)

Impairment assessment of trade receivables

貿易應收款項的減值評估

Refer to Notes 2.9, 18 and 35.4 to the consolidated financial statements

請參閱綜合財務報表附註2.9、18及35.4。

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審核事項

The Group's net trade receivables amounting to approximately RMB132,369,000 has been net off with lifetime expected credit losses ("ECL") on trade receivables amounted to approximately RMB3,639,000 as at 31 December 2021.

於2021年12月31日, 貴集團的貿易應收款項淨額約為人民幣132,369,000元,且已扣除貿易應收款項的全期預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)約人民幣3.639,000元。

We identified impairment assessment of trade receivables as a key audit matter due to the significance of trade receivables to the Group's consolidated financial position and the involvement of subjective judgement and management estimates in evaluating ECL of the Group's trade receivables at the end of the reporting period.

貿易應收款項的減值評估已獲吾等確定為關鍵審核事項, 因為貿易應收款項對 貴集團的綜合財務狀況屬重大,加 上評估 貴集團於報告期末的貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損 時涉及管理層的主觀判斷及估計。

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 吾等的審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

Our audit procedures to assess the impairment assessment of trade receivables included:

吾等評估貿易應收款項減值評估的審核程序包括:

- obtaining an understanding of management's processes and internal control regarding the collection and the assessment of the recoverability of trade receivables;
- 了解管理層收回貿易應收款項的過程及內部監控,以及就 貿易應收款項可否回收作出的評估;
- testing the accuracy of the trade receivables ageing analysis, on a sample basis, by checking to the source documents;
- 檢查原始文件,以抽樣測試貿易應收款項的賬齡分析是否 準確;
- evaluating the management's assessment on the ECL of trade receivables, including their identification of credit-impaired receivables and the reasonableness of management's grouping of the remaining trade receivables into different categories in the provision matrix, and the basis of estimated loss rates applied in each category in the provision matrix, with reference to the historical payment records, public available information and credit history of the Group's customers and the correspondence with customers; and
- 參照過往付款記錄、公開可得資料以及 貴集團顧客的信貸記錄及相關通訊,以評核管理層就貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損作出的測試,包括確定信貸減值的應收款項、管理層有否合理地按撥備矩陣內的不同類別為剩餘的貿易應收款項分組,以及撥備矩陣內各類別用作為基準的估計虧損率;及
- Evaluating the disclosures regarding the impairment assessment of trade receivables to the consolidated financial statements.
- 評核綜合財務報表就貿易應收款項減值評估作出的披露。

獨立核數師報告

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information in the 2021 annual report of the Company, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS**

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors assisted by the Audit Committee are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他資料

董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括 貴公司 2021年報內的所有資料,惟不包括綜合財務報表及 吾等的核數師報告。

吾等對於綜合財務報表的意見並不涉及其他資料, 吾等亦不會對該等其他資料發表任何形式的鑒證結 論。

就吾等對綜合財務報表的審核而言,吾等的責任乃 閲覽其他資料,藉以考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務 報表或吾等於審核時所了解的情況出現重大抵觸, 又或是否存在重大錯誤陳述。基於吾等已執行的工 作,倘若吾等認為其他資料存在重大錯誤陳述,則 吾等須如實報告。就此而言,吾等並無任何報告事 項。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香 港公司條例的披露規定,董事有責任編製真實而中 肯的綜合財務報表,亦須對其認為屬必要的內部監 控負責,以避免編製綜合財務報表時因欺詐或錯誤 而引致重大錯誤陳述。

於編製綜合財務報表時,董事有責任評估 貴集團 持續經營的能力,於適用情況下披露有關持續經營 的事項,並使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有 意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的 替代方案。

審核委員會協助董事履行監督 貴集團的財務報告 過程的責任。

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagements and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a quarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

吾等旨在就綜合財務報表整體是否不存在因欺詐或 錯誤而引致的重大錯誤陳述作出合理鑒證,並出具 載有吾等意見的核數師報告。吾等按照所協定的委 聘條款僅向閣下(作為整體)報告吾等的意見,除此 之外本報告別無其他目的。吾等概不就本報告的內 容向任何其他人十負卜或承擔任何責任。

合理 鑒證屬高水平的保證,惟無法保證按照香港審 核準則作出的審核將能一直發現存在重大錯誤陳述。 倘錯誤陳述可在合理預期情況下影響綜合財務報表 的個別或整體使用者根據該等報表作出經濟決定, 則有關錯誤陳述視作重大。

根據香港審核準則進行審計的過程中,吾等運用專 業判斷,保持專業懷疑態度。吾等亦:

- 識別並評估因欺詐或錯誤而引致綜合財務報表 存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計並執行審核程 序以應對該等風險,以及獲取充足及適當的審 核憑證,作為吾等意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能 涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述,或凌 駕於內部監控之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而引 致重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而 引致重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審核相關的內部監控,以設計適當的審 核程序,惟並非旨在對 貴集團內部監控是否 有效發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用的會計政策是否恰當、作出的 會計估計及相關披露是否合理。

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, action taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任 (續)

- 就董事採用的持續經營會計基礎是否恰當作出 結論。根據所獲取的審核憑證,確定是否存在 有關事項或情況的重大不確定因素,從而可能 導致 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。 倘若吾等認為存在重大不確定因素,則有必要 於核數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表 中的相關披露。倘若相關披露不足,則吾等應 修改意見。吾等的結論按照截至核數師報告日 期止所取得的審計憑證為基準。然而,未來事 項或情況可能導致 貴集團無法持續經營。
- 評估綜合財務報表的整體呈報方式、結構及內 容(包括披露資料),以及綜合財務報表有否中 肯地反映相關交易和事項。
- 就貴集團當中的實體或業務活動的財務資料 獲取充足、適當的審核憑證,以便對綜合財務 報表發表意見。吾等負責 貴集團審核的方向、 監督及執行。吾等為審核意見承擔全部責任。

吾等與審核委員會溝通(其中包括)審計的計劃範圍、 時間安排、重大審核發現,包括吾等於審核時所確 定的任何內部監控重大缺陷。

吾 等 亦 向 審 核 委 員 會 發 出 聲 明 , 説 明 吾 等 已 符 合 有 關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,及告知彼等一切有 可能影響吾等獨立性的關係及其他事項,以及相關 防範措施(如適用)。

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited

Certified Public Accountants
11th Floor, Lee Garden Two
28 Yun Ping Road
Causeway Bay
Hong Kong

30 March 2022

Lau Kwong Kei

Practising Certificate No.: P07578

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任(續)

與審核委員會溝通的事項當中,吾等確定哪些事項 對於本期綜合財務報表的審核最為重大,屬關鍵審 核事項。除非法律法規禁止公開披露該等事項,又 或於極端罕見的情況下,吾等認為在吾等報告內發 佈某事項造成合理預期的負面後果超過發佈所帶來 的公眾利益,否則吾等將於核數師報告中敘述該等 事項。

致同(香港)會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師 香港 銅鑼灣 恩平道28號 利園二期11樓

2022年3月30日

劉廣基

執業證書編號: P07578

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Gross profit 毛利 113,622 5 5,509 Selling and distribution expenses 銷售及分銷開支 (19,855) (24,000	2,759 3,140) 9,619 5,025 7,764)
Gross profit 毛利 113,622 5 Other income 其他收入 5 5,509 Selling and distribution expenses 銷售及分銷開支 (19,855) (Administrative and other operating expenses (31,587) (31,	9,619 6,025 7,764)
Other income 其他收入 5 5,509 Selling and distribution expenses 銷售及分銷開支 (19,855) (19,855) (20,855) (19,8	3,025 7,764)
Other income 其他收入 5 5,509 Selling and distribution expenses 銷售及分銷開支 (19,855) (19,8	3,025 7,764)
Selling and distribution expenses 銷售及分銷開支 (19,855) (Administrative and other operating 行政及其他經營開支 (31,587) (31,	7,764)
Administrative and other operating expenses (31,587) (31	•
expenses Finance costs 財務成本 6 (31,587) (3 Finance costs 財務成本 6 (8,229) Profit before income tax 除所得稅前溢利 万 59,460 (8,770) Profit and total comprehensive income for the year 以下各方應佔溢利及全面收益 總額:	2,145)
Finance costs 財務成本 6 (8,229) Profit before income tax 除所得税前溢利 7 59,460 (8,770) Income tax expense 所得税開支 8 (8,770) Profit and total comprehensive income for the year S0,690 Profit and total comprehensive income attributable to: 總額:	2,145)
Profit before income tax 除所得税前溢利 7 59,460 亿	
Income tax expense 所得税開支 8 (8,770) Profit and total comprehensive income for the year 年內溢利及全面收益總額 Frofit and total comprehensive income attributable to: 線額:	7,241)
Income tax expense 所得税開支 8 (8,770) Profit and total comprehensive income for the year 年內溢利及全面收益總額 Frofit and total comprehensive income attributable to: 線額:	3,494
Profit and total comprehensive	7,481)
income attributable to: 總額:	1,013
	0,517
Non-controlling interests 非控股權益 554	496
50,690	1,013
Earnings per share attributable to 本公司權益持有人應佔每股盈利 equity holders of the Company	
Basic and diluted (RMB cents) 基本及攤薄(人民幣分) 10 13.71	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2021 於2021年12月31日

			2021 2021年	2020 2020年
		Notes 附註	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	12	92,360	72,694
Investment property	投資物業	13	40,952	_
Land lease prepayment	土地租賃預付款項	15	5,518	5,856
Intangible assets	無形資產	16	61,341	51,108
Prepayment of acquisition for property,	收購物業、廠房及設備及			
plant and equipment and intangible	無形資產的預付款項			
assets			35,784	22,593
Deposit	按金		2,100	2,100
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	26	720	1,086
			238,775	155,437
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	17	11,903	10,034
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	18	153,477	141,111
Amounts due from related parties	應收關聯方款項	33(c)	· _	205
Restricted bank deposit	受限制銀行存款	19	_	1,000
Cash and cash equivalent	現金及現金等價物	19	12,609	29,775
			177,989	182,125
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Contract liabilities	合約負債	20	512	739
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	21	58,793	47,221
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	22	1,338	1,545
Amount due to a related party	應付關聯方款項	33(c)	20	27
Discounted bills financing	貼現票據融資	23	3,821	_
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	24	105,000	115,000
Other borrowing	其他借款	25	8,326	_
Income tax payable	應付所得税		7,483	6,586
			185,293	171,118
Net current (liabilities)/assets	流動(負債)/資產淨額		(7,304)	11,007
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		231,471	166,444

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2021 於2021年12月31日

			2021	2020
			2021年	2020年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	22	_	1,338
Other borrowing	其他借款	25	14,208	_
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	26	2,281	814
			16,489	2,152
Net assets	資產淨值		214,982	164,292
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	27	1	1
Reserves	儲備	28	212,548	162,412
Equity attributable to equity holders of	本公司權益持有人應佔權益			
the Company			212,549	162,413
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		2,433	1,879
Total equity	總權益		214,982	164,292

The notes on pages 73 to 161 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第73至161頁所載的附註構成此等歷史財務報表的 一部分。

The consolidated financial statements on pages 67 to 161 were approved by the Board of Directors on 30 March 2022 and were signed on its behalf.

第67至161頁的綜合財務報表於2022年3月30日經董 事會批准,並由以下人士代為簽署:

Shen Genlian 沈根蓮 Director 董事

Xie Zongguo 謝宗國 Director 董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Attributable to equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔

							Non-	
		Share	Capital	Statutory	Retained		controlling	
		capital	Reserve*	Reserve*	Profits*	Subtotal	interests	Total
		股本	資本儲備*	法定儲備*	保留溢利*	小計	非控股權益	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			(Note 28)	(Note 28)				
			(附註28)	(附註28)				
As at 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	1	43,841	23,902	54,152	121,896	1,383	123,279
Profit and total comprehensive	年內溢利及全面收益							
income for the year	總額	_	_	_	40,517	40,517	496	41,013
Transfer	轉撥	_	_	5,001	(5,001)	_	_	
As at 31 December 2020 and	於2020年12月31日及							
1 January 2021	2021年1月1日	1	43,841	28,903	89.668	162,413	1,879	164,292
Profit and total comprehensive	年內溢利及全面收益		,	,	,	,	,,	,
income for the year	總額	_	_	_	50,136	50,136	554	50,690
Transfer	轉撥	_	_	4,409	(4,409)		_	
As at 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	1	43,841	33,312	135,395	212,549	2,433	214,982

The reserves accounts comprise the Group's reserves of RMB\$212,548,000 (2020: RMB\$162,412,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

^{*} 儲備賬目包括綜合財務狀況表內的本集團儲備人民幣 212,548,000元(2020年:人民幣162,412,000元)。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

		2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Operating activities	經營活動		
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利	59,460	48,494
Adjustments for:	就下列各項作出調整:		
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	2,075	1,261
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
equipment	Les New All Alle Les districts	9,724	9,141
Depreciation of investment property	投資物業折舊	164	_
Depreciation of land lease	土地租賃預付款項折舊		
prepayment		338	338
Loss on disposal of property, plant	出售物業、廠房及設備虧損		
and equipment	+ 15, 156 Ht 156 C	610	9
Reversal of provisions for inventories	存貨撥備撥回	(475)	(750)
(Reversal of provision)/Provision for	法律申索(撥備撥回)/撥備	(0.50)	4.000
legal claim	贸日库收势存了库收费	(358)	1,303
(Reversal of)/Provision of allowance	貿易應收款項及應收票據	(0)	4.450
on trade and bills receivables, net	(撥備撥回)/撥備淨額	(2)	1,456
Provision for warranty	保養撥備	4,115	3,928
Interest income	利息收入	(151)	(191)
Rent concessions Finance costs	租金優惠 財務成本	— 8,229	(387) 7,241
Finance costs	别 切 以 牛	0,229	7,241
Operating cash flows before working	營運資金變動前的		
capital changes	經營現金流量	83,729	71,843
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories	存貨(增加)/減少	(1,394)	1,979
Increase in trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項增加	(11,700)	(13,682)
Decrease in amounts due from related	應收關聯方款項減少		
parties		205	3,184
Increase/(Decrease) in trade and other	貿易及其他應付款項增加/		
payables	(減少)	13,881	(3,734)
(Decrease)/Increase in contract liabilities	合約負債(減少)/增加	(227)	28
Decrease in amount due to a related	應付關聯方款項減少		
party		(7)	(3)
Cash generated from operations	經營所得現金	84,487	59,615
Income tax paid	已付所得税	(6,040)	(4,984)
income tax paid	□ 1.111 14 心 t	(0,040)	(4,904)
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動所得現金淨額	78,447	54,631

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

		Note 附註	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Investing activities	投資活動			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	收購物業、廠房及設備		(57,508)	(30,247)
Acquisition of intangible assets	收購無形資產		(12,308)	(8,214)
Interest received	已收利息		151	191
Proceeds from disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備所得款項			
plant and equipment			150	23
Decrease in restricted bank deposit	受限制銀行存款減少		1,000	
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(68,515)	(38,247)
Einanaing activities	融資活動			
Financing activities	銀行借款所得款項		405.000	115 000
Proceeds of bank borrowings	或17 恒		105,000	115,000
Repayment of bank borrowings Repayment of other borrowings	[] 選其他借款		(115,000)	(117,000)
	償還租賃負債		(4,415)	(1.202)
Repayment of lease liabilities Interest paid	已付利息		(1,545) (8,229)	(1,282) (7,230)
Listing expenses paid	已付上市開支		• • •	,
Increase/(Decrease) in discounted	貼現票據融資增加/(減少)		(6,730)	(4,086)
bills financing	即·先示孫熙貝·年加/(· / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /		3,821	(450)
Net cash used in from financing	融資活動所用現金淨額			
activities	104 92 /H 30 /// /15 //0 ± / // HA		(27,098)	(15,048)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物(減少)/增加淨額		(17,166)	1,336
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	年初現金及現金等價物		29,775	28,439
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	年末現金及現金等價物	19	12,609	29,775

綜合財務報表附註

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 General information

Vanov Holdings Company Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 5 November 2018 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Act, Cap.22 (Act 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands and its headquarter is situated at No.519, Section 2, Xinhua Avenue, Chengdu Strait Science and Technology Industry Development Park, Wenjiang District, Chengdu, Sichuan Province, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the design, manufacture and sales of papermaking felts.

The Company's immediate holding company is Perfect Angle Limited ("Perfect Angle"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands ("BVI"). The Company's ultimate controlling parties are Ms. Shen Genlian ("Ms. Shen") and Mr. Zhou Jun ("Mr. Zhou"), the Spouse of Ms. Shen (together, the "Controlling Shareholders").

Pursuant to a group reorganisation (the "Reorganisation") as detailed in the section headed "History, Reorganisation and Corporate Structure" to the Company's prospectus dated 29 December 2021 (the "Prospectus"), the Company became the holding company of the companies now comprising the Group on 13 August 2019.

The Company's shares were listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 11 January 2022.

These consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 were approved for issue by the board of directors (the "Board") on 30 March 2022.

1. 一般資料

1.1 一般資料

環龍控股有限公司(「本公司」)於2018年11月 5日根據開曼群島公司法第22章(1961年第3 號法例,經綜合及修訂)在開曼群島註冊成 立為獲豁免有限責任公司,註冊辦事處位 於Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands,而其總部位於中華人民共和國(「中 國一)四川省成都市溫江區海峽兩岸科技產 業開發園新華大道二段519號。

本公司為一間投資控股公司,連同其附屬公 司主要從事造紙毛毯的設計、製造及銷售。

本公司的直接控股公司為Perfect Angle Limited (「Perfect Angle」),該公司於英屬處 女群島(「英屬處女群島」)註冊成立。本公司 的最終控制方為沈根蓮女士(「沈女士」)及 周駿先生(「周先生」)(沈女士的配偶)(統稱為 「控股股東」)。

根據本公司日期為2021年12月29日的招股 章程(「招股章程」)「歷史、重組及公司架構」 一節所詳述的集團重組(「重組」),本公司於 2019年8月13日成為本集團現時旗下各公司 的控股公司。

本公司股份於2022年1月11日在香港聯合交 易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。

截至2021年12月31日 止年度的此等綜合財 務報表於2022年3月30日經董事會(「董事會」) 批准刊發。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and the accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. The consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules").

The Group had net current liabilities of approximately RMB7,304,000 as of 31 December 2021. In view of the net current liabilities position as of 31 December 2021, the directors have given careful consideration to the future liquidity and performance of the Group and its available sources of finance in assessing whether the Group will have sufficient financial resources to continue as a going concern.

Having considered (i) the cash inflow from operations; (ii) the refinancing of bank borrowings upon their expiry by drawing down new bank borrowings; and (iii) the net proceeds of HK\$92.8 million, through the global offering of the shares of the Company and the listing of its shares on the Stock Exchange on 11 January 2022, and HK\$4.2 million upon partial exercise of the overallotment option granted by the Company on 31 January 2022, the directors are satisfied that the Group is able to meet in full its financial obligations as they fall due for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements has been prepared on a going concern basis.

Should the Group be unable to continue in business as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to restate the values of assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets as current assets. The consolidated financial statements does not include any adjustments that would result from the failure of the Group to continue in business as a going concern.

2. 重大會計政策概要

2.1 編製基準

本綜合財務報表乃按照香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)編製。香港財務報 告準則僅為一個統稱,當中包括香港會計 師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的所有適用 的個別香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則 (「香港會計準則」)及詮釋,以及香港一般公 認的會計原則。綜合財務報表亦符合香港 公司條例及聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」) 的適用披露規定。

截至2021年12月31日,本集團的流動負債 淨額約為人民幣7,304,000元。經計及截至 2021年12月31日流動負債淨額的狀況,董 事在評估本集團是否有足夠財務資源持續 經營時,已仔細考慮本集團未來的資金流 動性及業績以及其可用的資金來源。

經考慮(i)經營活動的現金流入:(ii)通過提取新的銀行借款對已到期銀行借款進行再融資:及(iii)本公司於2022年1月11日透過行球發售本公司股份及其股份於聯交所上的所得款項淨額92.8百萬港元,以及本公司於2022年1月31日授出的超額配股權部分分便後所得4.2百萬港元,董事確信本有能力在可預見的未來依期徹底履行持續經營基礎編製。

如本集團不能繼續以持續經營的方式開展業務,則必須進行調整以將資產價值重列至其可收回金額,為可能產生的任何進一步負債作出撥備,並將非流動資產重新分類為流動資產。綜合財務報表不包括因本集團未能繼續持續經營而導致的任何調整。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

The significant accounting policies that have been used in the preparation of this consolidated financial statements are summarised below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented in the consolidated financial statements, unless otherwise stated. The adoption of new or amended HKFRSs and the impacts on the Group's financial statements, if any, are disclosed in Note 2.2.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The consolidated financial statements has been prepared on the historical cost basis. The consolidated financial statements is presented in RMB, which is also the functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries.

It should be noted that accounting estimates and assumptions are in preparation of the consolidated financial statements. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge and judgment of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 3.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

編製本綜合財務報表所採用的重大會計政 策概述於下文。除非另有説明,否則該等 政策已貫徹應用於綜合財務報表內呈列的 所有年度。新訂或經修訂香港財務報告準 則的採用以及對本集團財務報表的影響(如 有)於附註2.2披露。

綜合財務報表乃按歷史成本基礎編製。

綜合財務報表乃按歷史成本基礎編製。綜 合財務報表以人民幣呈列,人民幣亦為本公 司及其附屬公司的功能貨幣。

務請注意,編製綜合財務報表時會使用會 計估計及假設。儘管該等估計乃基於管理 層對目前事件及行動的最佳理解及判斷作出, 惟實際結果最終可能與該等估計有異。涉 及較高程度判斷或複雜性之範圍,或假設 及估計對綜合財務報表而言屬重大之範圍 於附註3披露。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.2 Adoption of new and amended HKFRSs

Amended HKFRSs that are effective for annual periods beginning on 1 January 2021

In the current year, the Group has applied for the first time the following amended HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA, which are relevant to the Group's operations and effective for the Group's consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning on 1 January 2021:

Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 Interest Rate Benchmark
Reform — Phase 2

In addition, on 1 January 2020, the Group has early applied Amendments to HKFRS 16 "COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions" and "COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021" which is mandatorily effective for the Group for the financial year beginning on or after 1 April 2021.

Except for those mentioned below, the adoption of the amended HKFRSs had no material impact on how the results and financial position for the current and prior periods have been prepared and presented.

Amendment to HKFRS 16 "COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions" and Amendment to HKFRS 16 "COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021"

The amendments to HKFRS 16 only apply to lessee accounting and have no effect on lessor accounting. The amendments provide a practical expedient that allows a lessee to by-pass the need to evaluate whether certain qualifying rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 ("COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions") are lease modification and, instead, account for those rent concessions as if they were not lease modifications.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.2 採用新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準則

於2021年1月1日開始之年度期間生效的 經修訂香港財務報告準則

於本年度,本集團首次應用以下由香港會計師公會頒佈的經修訂香港財務報告準則,有關準則與本集團的營運有關及適用於2021年1月1日開始的年度期間本集團的綜合財務報表:

香港財務報告準則第9號、 利率基礎改革 香港會計準則第39號及 — 第二階段 香港財務報告準則第7 號、香港財務報告準則 第4號及香港財務報告準 則第16號(修訂本)

此外,於2020年1月1日,本集團已提早應用香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本)的「新型冠狀病毒相關租金優惠」及「2021年6月30日後新型冠狀病毒相關租金優惠」,其將於本集團於2021年4月1日或之後開始的財政年度強制生效。

除以下所述外,採納經修訂香港財務報告 準則對本期間及過往期間的業績及財務狀 況的編製及呈列方法並無重大影響。

香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本)「新型冠狀病毒相關租金優惠」及香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本)「2021年6月30日後新型冠狀病毒相關租金優惠」

香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本)僅適用於承租人會計,對出租人會計並無影響。該修訂本提供一個實用權宜方法,允許承租人無需評估作為新型冠狀病毒的直接後果而發生的若干合資格租金優惠(「新型冠狀病毒相關租金優惠」)是否屬於租賃修改進行會計處理。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.2 Adoption of new and amended HKFRSs (Continued)

Amended HKFRSs that are effective for annual periods beginning on 1 January 2021 (Continued)

Amendment to HKFRS 16 "COVID-19-Related" Rent Concessions" and Amendment to HKFRS 16 "COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021" (Continued)

The practical expedient is only applicable to COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions and only if all of the following conditions are met:

- (a) the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- (b) any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022 (for example, a rent concession would meet this condition if it results in reduced lease payments on or before 30 June 2022 and increased lease payments that extend beyond 30 June 2022); and
- (c) there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

The Group has elected to early adopt the above amendments and applies the practical expedient to all qualifying COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions granted to the Group throughout the years.

Consequently, rent concessions received have been recognised RMB387,000 for the year ended 31 December 2020 and nil for the year ended 31 December 2021 as negative variable lease payments in profit or loss in the period in which the event or condition that triggers those payments occurred.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.2 採用新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準則 (續)

於2021年1月1日開始之年度期間生效的 經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本)「新 型冠狀病毒相關租金優惠」及香港財務 報告準則第16號(修訂本)[2021年6月30] 日後新型冠狀病毒相關租金優惠!(續)

實用權官方法僅適用於新型冠狀病毒相關 租金優惠及僅在符合以下所有條件,方可 作實:

- (a) 租賃付款的變化導致修訂後的租賃代 價與緊接變化前的租賃代價基本相同 或更少;
- (b) 任何租賃付款的減少僅影響原先在 2022年6月30日或之前到期的付款(例 如,如果租金優惠導致2022年6月30日 或之前的租賃付款減少,而2022年6月 30日後的租賃付款增加,則符合此一條 件);及
- (c) 租約的其他條款及條件並無重大變化。

本集團已選擇提前採用上述修訂,並對整 個年度授予本集團的所有符合條件的新型 冠狀病毒相關和金優惠採用實用權官方法。

因此,已收到的租金優惠在截至2020年12 月31日止年度確認為人民幣387,000元,在 截至2021年12月31日止年度確認為零,作 為觸發該等付款的事件或條件發生期間的 損益中的負面可變租賃付款。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.2 Adoption of new and amended HKFRSs (Continued)

Issued but not yet effective HKFRSs

The Group has not early applied the following new and amended standards, amendments and interpretations ("new and amended HKFRSs") which have been issued but not yet effective:

HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts and
	related amendments ²
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework ⁴
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ³
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) ²
Amendments to HKAS 1 and	Disclosure of Accounting
HKFRS Practice Statement 2	Policies ²
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates ²
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities
	arising from a Single Transaction ²
Amendments to HKAS 16	· · ·
Amendments to HKAS 16 Amendments to HKAS 37	Transaction ² Property, Plant and Equipment — Proceeds
	Transaction ² Property, Plant and Equipment — Proceeds before Intended Use ¹ Onerous Contracts — Cost of

Common Control Combination⁴

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.2 採用新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準則 (續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務報告準則

本集團尚未提早應用下列已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂準則、修訂及詮釋(「新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則」):

香港財務報告準則第 17 號	保險合約及相關修訂2
香港財務報告準則第3號 (修訂本)	概念框架索引4
香港財務報告準則第10 號及香港會計準則第 28號(修訂本)	投資者與其聯營公司 或合營企業間的資 產出售或投入 ³
香港會計準則第1號(修 訂本)	將負債分類為流動或 非流動及香港詮釋 第5號的相關修訂 (2020年) ²
香港會計準則第1號及香港財務報告準則實務報告第2號(修訂本)	會計政策的披露2
香港會計準則第8號(修 訂本)	會計估計的定義2
香港會計準則第 12 號(修 訂本)	產生自單一交易的資 產及負債相關延遞 税項 ²
香港會計準則第16號(修 訂本)	物業、廠房及設備於 作擬定用途前的所 得款項1
香港會計準則第37號(修 訂本)	虧損性合約 — 履行合 約的成本 ¹
香港財務報告準則(修訂 本)	香港財務報告準則 2018年至2020年的

年度改進1

計處理4

會計指引第5號(經修訂) 共同控制的合併的會

(Revised)

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.2 Adoption of new and amended HKFRSs (Continued)

Issued but not yet effective HKFRSs (Continued)

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023
- Effective date not yet determined
- Effective for business combination/common control combination for which the acquisition/combination date is on or after the beginning of the first annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2022

The directors anticipate that all of the new and amended HKFRSs will be adopted in the Group's accounting policy for the first period beginning after the effective date of the new and amended HKFRSs. Except for those mentioned below, other new and amended HKFRSs are not expected to have a material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"

The amendments to HKAS 1 require entities to disclose material accounting policy information instead of significant accounting policies in its financial statements. The amendments also provide some guidance on how material policy information are being identified and provide some examples of when accounting policy information is likely to be material.

In March 2021, HKICPA issued HKFRS Practice Statement 2 "Making Materiality Judgements" to provide entities with non-mandatory guidance on how to make materiality judgements when preparing their general purpose financial statements in accordance with HKFRS. HKFRS Practice Statement 2 was subsequently revised to provide guidance and examples on how to apply the concept of materiality to accounting policy disclosures.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.2 採用新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準則 (續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務報告準則 (續)

- 於2022年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間生效
- 於2023年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間生效
- 生效日期尚未確定
- 4 對於自2022年1月1日或之後開始的第一個年 度期間開始之日或之後的企業合併/共同控 制的合併有效

董事預期,所有新訂及經修訂香港財務報 告準則將於其生效日期後開始的首個期間 納入本集團的會計政策。除下文所述者外, 其他新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則預期 不會對本集團的綜合財務報表產生重大影 響。

香港會計準則第1號及香港財務報告準 則實務報告第2號(修訂本)「會計政策的 披露」

香港會計準則第1號修訂要求實體在其財務 報表中披露重要的會計政策資料,而非重 大會計政策。該修訂亦就如何識別重要的 政策資料提供若干指導,並提供了部分會 計政策資料可能屬重要的例子。

於2021年3月,香港會計師公會發佈了香港 財務報告準則實務報告第2號「作出重要性 判斷」,就實體在根據香港財務報告準則編 製其一般目的財務報表時如何作出重要性 判斷提供非強制性的指導。香港財務報告 準則實務報告第2號隨後進行了修訂,就如 何將重要性概念應用於會計政策披露提供 了指導及實例。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.2 Adoption of new and amended HKFRSs (Continued)

Issued but not yet effective HKFRSs (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies" (Continued)

The amendments to HKAS 1 are effective for annual reporting period beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and are applied prospectively. Earlier application is permitted. Except for the disclosures of accounting policies in Note 2 may need to be revised to cope with the above changes, the directors expect that the amendments have no other material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 12 "Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction"

The amendments clarify that the initial recognition exemption of deferred tax in HKAS 12 does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences, such as lease contracts that give rise to the recognition of a lease liability and the corresponding right-of-use assets. Instead, entities are required to recognise the related deferred tax asset and liability on initial recognition, with the recognition of any deferred tax asset being subject to the recoverability criteria in HKAS 12. The amendments are effective for annual reporting period beginning on or after 1 January 2023. Earlier application is permitted. The directors expect that the amendments have no other material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.2 採用新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準則 (續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務報告準則 (續)

香港會計準則第1號及香港財務報告準 則實務報告第2號(修訂本)「會計政策的 披露」(續)

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)在2023年1月1 日或之後開始的年度報告期生效,並提前 應用。允許提前應用。除附註2中的會計政 策披露可能需要修訂以應對上述變動外, 董事預期,該等修訂對綜合財務報表並無 其他重大影響。

香港會計準則第12號(修訂本)「產生自 單一交易的資產及負債相關延遞稅項」

修訂澄清了香港會計準則第12號中對遞延 税項的初始確認豁免不適用於產生相等的 應税及可扣減暫時性差異的交易,例如產 生確認租賃負債及相應使用權資產的租賃 合約。相反,實體需要在初始確認時確認 相關的遞延税項資產及負債,而任何遞延 税項資產的確認均須符合香港會計準則第 12號的可收回性標準。該修訂在2023年1月 1日或之後開始的年度報告期生效。允許提 前應用。董事預期,該修訂對綜合財務報 表並無其他重大影響。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.3 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporates the financial statements of the Company and all its subsidiaries made up to 31 December each year.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group.

The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power over the entity, only substantive rights relating to the entity (held by the Group and others) are considered.

The Group includes the income and expenses of a subsidiary in the consolidated financial statements from the date it gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary. Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains and losses on transactions between group companies are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Where unrealised losses on intra-group asset sales are reversed on consolidation, the underlying asset is also tested for impairment from the Group's perspective. Amounts reported in the financial statements of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

Changes in the Group's interests in subsidiaries that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.3 合併基準

綜合財務報表載有本公司及其所有附屬公 司截至每年12月31日的財務報表。

附屬公司編製財務報表的報告期及採用的 會計政策與本公司相同。附屬公司為本集 團所控制的實體。

當本集團承受或享有參與實體所得的可變 回報,且有能力透過其對實體的權力影響 該等回報時,則本集團控制該實體。於評 估本集團對實體是否擁有權力時,僅考慮(由 本集團及他人持有)與實體有關的實質權利。

本集團的綜合財務報表載有附屬公司自本 集團取得其控制權當日起至失去其控制權 當日止期間的收入及開支。集團內公司間 交易、結餘及集團公司之間交易的未變現 收益及虧損於編製綜合財務報表時抵銷。 倘集團內公司間資產銷售的未變現虧損於 綜合入賬時撥回,則相關資產亦從本集團 的角度進行減值測試。附屬公司財務報表 的申報金額已作必要調整,以確保本集團 採用的會計政策一致。

本集團於附屬公司的權益變動倘不會引致 喪 失 控 制 權 , 則 以 權 益 交 易 入 賬 , 並 據 此 對綜合權益中控股權益的金額作調整,以 反映相關權益的變動,惟不會調整商譽及 確認盈虧。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.3 Basis of consolidation (Continued)

In the Company's statements of financial position, subsidiaries are carried at cost less any impairment loss unless the subsidiary is held for sale or included in a disposal group. Cost also includes direct attributable costs of investment

The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable at the reporting date. All dividends whether received out of the investee's pre or post-acquisition profits are recognised in the Company's profit or loss.

2.4 Foreign currency translation

The consolidated financial statements is presented in RMB, which is also the functional currency of the Company.

In the individual financial statements of the combined entities, foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the individual entity using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the reporting date, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at that date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the reporting date retranslation of monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in the profit or loss.

Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated (i.e. only translated using the exchange rate at the transaction date).

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.3 合併基準(續)

除非附屬公司乃持作出售或計入出售組別, 否則於本公司的財務狀況表中,附屬公司 按成本扣除任何減值虧損列賬。成本亦包 括投資直接應佔成本。

附屬公司的業績由本公司按報告日期已收 及應收股息為基準入賬。不論所收取股息 是以投資對象的收購前或收購後溢利作出, 全部股息均於本公司的損益中確認。

2.4 外幣換算

綜合財務報表以人民幣呈列,人民幣本公司 的功能貨幣。

於合併實體的獨立財務報表中,外幣交易乃按交易當日適用的匯率換算為個別實體的功能貨幣。於報告日期,以外幣計值的貨幣資產及負債乃按該日期的匯率換算的因結算該等交易及於報告日期重新換算的貨幣資產及負債所產生的外匯損益均於損益中確認。

以外幣計值且按公平值呈列的非貨幣項目 乃按公平值釐定當日適用的匯率重新換算。 按歷史成本以外幣計量的非貨幣項目不作 重新換算(即僅採用交易日期的匯率換算)。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.4 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

In the consolidated financial statements, all individual financial statements of foreign operations, originally presented in a currency different from the Group's presentation currency, have been converted into RMB. Assets and liabilities have been translated into RMB at the closing rates at the reporting date. Income and expenses have been converted into the RMB at the exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates, or at the average rates over the reporting period provided that the exchange rates do not fluctuate significantly. Any differences arising from this procedure have been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in the translation reserve in equity.

2.5 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment (other than constructionin-progress as described below) are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost (other than cost of right-of-use assets as described in Note 2.13) includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.

Construction in progress includes property, plant and equipment in the course of construction for production or for its own use purposes. Construction in progress is carried at cost less any recognised impairment loss. Costs include professional fees. Construction in progress is classified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.4 外幣換算(續)

於綜合財務報表中,原以本集團呈報貨幣 以外的貨幣呈列的海外業務的所有獨立財 務報表均已換算為人民幣。資產及負債已 按報告日期的收市匯率換算為人民幣。收 入與支出按交易日適用的匯率,或按報告 期間的平均匯率換算為人民幣(假設匯率並 無重大波動)。任何因此程序產生的差額已 於其他全面收益中確認並於權益內的換算 儲備單獨累計。

2.5 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(下文所述的在建工程除外) 按成本減累計折舊及減值虧損列賬。成本(附 註2.13所述的使用權資產成本除外)包括資 產收購直接應佔開支。

在建工程包括作生產或自用用涂的在建物業、 廠房及設備。在建工程按成本扣除任何已 確認減值虧損列賬。成本包括專業費用。 在建工程於落成及可供作擬定用途時分類 至物業、廠房及設備的適當類別。當資產 可供作擬定用途時,該等資產開始按其他 物業資產的相同基準折舊。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.5 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided to write off the cost less their residual values, if any, over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method, at the following rates per annum:

Building 20 years or shorter of the

lease term

Leasehold improvements 5 years or shorter of the

lease term

Plant and machinery 5–12 years
Furniture and fixtures 3–5 years
Motor vehicles 5 years

Accounting policy for depreciation of right-of-use assets is set out in Note 2.13.

The assets' residual values, depreciation methods and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

The gain or loss arising on retirement or disposal is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit or loss.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other costs, such as repairs and maintenance, are charged to the profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.5 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備折舊以直線法於其估計可使用年期內按下列年率作出撥備,以撇銷成本減其剩餘價值(如有):

樓宇 20年或租期(以較短者

為準)

租賃裝修 5年或租期(以較短者

為準)

廠房及機器5至12年傢俱及固定裝置3至5年汽車5年

使用權資產折舊的會計政策載於附註2.13。

資產的剩餘價值、折舊方法及使用年期於 各報告日期進行檢討及於適當時作出調整。

報廢或出售所產生的收益或虧損按出售所 得款項與相關資產的賬面值之間的差額釐 定,並於損益內確認。

後續成本計入資產的賬面值或於適當時確認為一項個別資產,前提條件為與該項目相關的未來經濟利益極有可能流入本集團及該項目成本能可靠計量。終止確認已重置部分的賬面值。所有其他成本(如維修及保養成本)於該等成本產生的財務期間自損益內扣除。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.6 Investment properties

Investment properties are land and/or buildings which are owned or held under a leasehold interest (see Note 2.13) to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation. These include land held for a currently undetermined future use and property that is being constructed or developed for future use as investment property.

Such properties are measured initially at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis over the expected useful life and after taking into account of their estimated residual value. The principal expected useful life for this purpose are as follows:

Building 20 years

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the year of the retirement or disposal.

2.7 Intangible assets (other than goodwill) and research and development activities

Intangible assets

Acquired intangible assets are recognised initially at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is provided on straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Amortisation commences when the intangible assets are available for use. The following useful lives are applied:

Computer software 5 years Capitalised development 10 years

costs

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.6 投資物業

投資物業指根據租賃權益(見附註2.13)擁 有或持作賺取租金收入及/或資本增值的 土地及/或樓宇,包括未確定未來用途的 持有土地以及正在建造或發展以供日後作 投資物業用途的物業。

該等物業按成本初步計量。初步確認之後, 投資物業按成本減累計折舊及累計減值虧 損(如有)列賬。折舊乃以百線法按預期可 使用年期,並經計及其剩餘價值計算。就 此而言,主要的預期可使用年期如下:

樓宇 20年

報廢或出售投資物業的任何收益或虧損於 報廢或出售年度在綜合損益及其他全面收 益表當中予以確認。

2.7 無形資產(不包括商譽)及研發活動

無形資產

已收購無形資產初步按成本值確認。於初 步確認後,具有限可使用年期的無形資產 按成本減累計攤銷及任何累計減值虧損列 賬。具有限可使用年期的無形資產於估計 可使用年期內以直線法攤銷。無形資產於 可供使用時開始攤銷。可使用年期的應用 如下:

5年 電腦軟件 10年 資本化開發成本

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.7 Intangible assets (other than goodwill) and research and development activities (Continued)

Intangible assets (Continued)

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives (i.e. trademarks) are carried at cost less any subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The assets' amortisation methods and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Intangible assets, with finite and indefinite useful lives, are tested for impairment as described below in Note 2.19.

Research and development costs

Costs associated with research activities are expensed in profit or loss as they occur. Costs that are directly attributable to development activities are recognised as intangible assets provided they meet the following recognition requirements:

- demonstration of technical feasibility of the prospective product for internal use or sale;
- there is intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- the Group's ability to use or sell the intangible asset is demonstrated;
- the intangible asset will generate probable economic benefits through internal use or sale;
- sufficient technical, financial and other resources are available for completion; and
- the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset can be reliably measured.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.7 無形資產(不包括商譽)及研發活動(續)

無形資產(續)

具無限可使用年期的無形資產(即商標)按 成本減任何後續累計減值虧損列賬。

資產攤銷法及可使用年期於各報告日期檢 討並於適當時作出調整。

具有限及無限可使用年期的無形資產按下 文附註2.19所述進行減值測試。

研發成本

與研究活動有關的成本乃於其產生時於損益內支銷。直接歸屬於開發活動的成本乃確認為無形資產,惟其須符合以下確認規定:

- 一 證明開發該供內部使用或銷售的準產 品技術上可行;
- 有意完成該無形資產並加以使用或將 其出售;
- 一 證明本集團有能力使用或出售該無形資產;
- 一 透過內部使用或銷售該無形資產將產 生可能的經濟利益;
- 具備充足技術、財務及其他資源以供完成;及
- 該無形資產的應佔開支能可靠地計量。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.7 Intangible assets (other than goodwill) and research and development activities (Continued)

Research and development costs (Continued)

Direct costs include employee costs incurred on development activities along with an appropriate portion of relevant overheads. The costs of development of internally generated software, products or knowhow that meet the above recognition criteria are recognised as intangible assets. They are subject to the same subsequent measurement method as acquired intangible assets.

All other development costs are expensed as incurred.

2.8 Financial instruments

Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and substantially all of its risks and rewards are transferred. A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expires.

Financial assets

Classification and initial measurement of financial assets

Except for those trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component and are measured at the transaction price in accordance with HKFRS 15, all financial assets are initially measured at fair value, in case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.7 無形資產(不包括商譽)及研發活動(續)

研發成本(續)

直接成本包括因開發活動產生的僱員成本 連同有關日常開支的適當部分。內部牛成 的軟件、產品或技術知識並符合上述確認 標準的開發成本均確認為無形資產,並採 用與所收購無形資產相同的後續計量方法。

所有其他開發成本均於產生時支銷。

2.8 金融工具

確認及終止確認

倘本集團成為金融工具合約條文的訂約方, 則確認金融資產及金融負債。

當收取金融資產的現金流量的合約權利屆滿, 或金融資產及金融資產的絕大部分風險及 回報已被轉移時,則終止確認金融資產。 金融負債於其消除、解除、註銷或到期時 終止確認。

金融資產

金融資產的分類及初步計量

除該等不包含重大融資成分且按照香港財 務報告準則第15號按交易價格計量的貿易 應收款項外,所有金融資產初步按公平值 計量,倘如金融資產並非按公平值計入損 益(「按公平值計入損益」),加上直接歸屬於 收購該金融資產的交易成本。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.8 Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and initial measurement of financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets are classified into the following categories:

- amortised cost;
- FVTPL; or
- fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI").

The classification is determined by both the entity's business model for managing the financial asset; and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

All income and expenses relating to financial assets that are recognised in profit or loss are presented within finance costs, or other income, except for expected credit losses ("ECL") of trade and bills receivables which is presented within administrative and other operating expenses.

Subsequent measurement of financial assets

Debt investments

Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost if the assets meet the following conditions (and are not designated as FVTPL):

- they are held within a business model whose objective is to hold the financial assets and collect its contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.8 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產的分類及初步計量(續)

金融資產分為以下類別:

- 攤銷成本;
- 一 按公平值計入損益;或
- 按公平值計入其他全面收益(「按公平值 計入其他全面收益」)。

分類乃根據實體管理金融資產的業務模式: 及金融資產的合約現金流量特徵釐定。

與於損益中確認的金融資產有關的所有收入及開支於財務成本或其他收入內呈列,惟於行政及其他經營開支內呈列的貿易應收款項及應收票據的預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)除外。

金融資產的後續計量

債務工具

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產

倘金融資產符合以下條件(且並非指定為按 公平值計入損益),則該資產按攤銷成本計 量:

- 以持有金融資產及收取合約現金流量為 目的的經營模式下持有的金融資產;及
- 一 金融資產的合約條款產生的現金流量 純粹為支付本金及未償還本金的利息。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.8 Financial instruments (Continued)

Subsequent measurement of financial assets (Continued)

Debt investments (Continued)

Financial assets at amortised cost (Continued)

After initial recognition, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income in profit or loss. Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial. The Group's trade and other receivables, amounts due from related parties, restricted bank deposit and cash and cash equivalent fall into this category of financial instruments.

Financial liabilities

Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities include bank borrowings, other borrowing, lease liabilities, trade and other payables, amount due to a related party and discounted bills financing.

Financial liabilities (other than lease liabilities) are initially measured at fair value, and, where applicable, adjusted for transaction costs.

Subsequently, financial liabilities (other than lease liabilities) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

All interest-related charges are included within finance

Accounting policies of lease liabilities are set out in Note 2.13.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.8 金融工具(續)

金融資產的後續計量(續)

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產(續)

於初始確認後,該等金融資產使用實際利 率法按攤銷成本計量。來自該等金融資產 的利息收入計入損益中的其他收入。倘貼 現影響微乎其微,則貼現可忽略不計。本集 團的貿易及其他應收款項、應收關聯方款項、 受限制銀行存款以及現金及現金等價物均 屬於此類金融工具。

金融負債

金融負債的分類及計量

本集團金融負債包括銀行借款、其他借款、 租賃負債、貿易及其他應付款項、應付關聯 方款項及貼現票據融資。

金融負債(租賃負債除外)初步按公平值計量, 及(倘適用)就交易成本進行調整。

隨後,金融負債(租賃負債除外)使用實際 利率法按攤銷成本計量。

所有利息相關費用均計入財務成本。

租賃負債的會計政策載於附註2.13。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.8 Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities (Continued)

Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

2.9 Impairment of financial assets

HKFRS 9's impairment requirements use forward-looking information to recognise ECL — the "ECL model". Instruments within the scope included loans and other debt-type financial assets measured at amortised cost and trade receivables recognised and measured under HKFRS 15.

The Group considers a broader range of information when assessing credit risk and measuring ECL, including past events, current conditions, reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the expected collectability of the future cash flows of the instrument.

In applying this forward-looking approach, a distinction is made between:

 financial instruments that have not deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition or that have low credit risk ("Stage 1") and

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.8 金融工具(續)

金融負債(續)

借款

借款初步按公平值扣除產生的交易成本確認。 借款其後按攤銷成本列賬;借款所得款項(扣 除交易成本)與贖回價值之間的任何差額按 實際利率法於借款期內於損益中確認。

除非本集團有無條件權利將負債的償還期 限遞延至報告日期後最少十二個月,否則 借款分類為流動負債。

其他金融負債

其他金融負債初步按其公平值確認,隨後 採用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

2.9 金融資產減值

香港財務報告準則第9號的減值規定採用更 具前瞻性的資料確認預期信貸虧損—「預 期信貸虧損模式」。屬於該範疇的工具包括 按攤銷成本計量的貸款及其他債務類金融 資產以及根據香港財務報告準則第15號確 認及計量的貿易應收款項。

本集團在評估信貸風險及計量預期信貸虧 損時考慮更廣泛的資料,包括過往事件、 當前狀況、影響工具未來現金流量預期可 收回性的合理且言之有據的預測。

於應用該前瞻性方法時,須對下列各項作 出區別:

自初始確認以來信貸質量未顯著惡化或信貸風險較低的金融工具(「第一階段」);及

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.9 Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

 financial instruments that have deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition and whose credit risk is not low ("Stage 2").

"Stage 3" would cover financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date.

"12-month ECL" are recognised for the Stage 1 category while "lifetime ECL" are recognised for the Stage 2 category.

Measurement of the ECL is determined by a probabilityweighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of the financial instrument.

Trade receivables

For trade receivables, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECL and recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date. These are the expected shortfalls in contractual cash flows, considering the potential for default at any point during the life of the financial assets. In calculating the ECL, the Group has established a provision matrix with appropriate groupings and/or individually assessed for debtors with significant balances, that is based on its historical credit loss experience and external indicators. adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

To measure the ECL, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due.

Other financial assets measured at amortised cost

The Group measures the loss allowance for other receivables equal to 12-month ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increase in the likelihood of risk of default occurring since initial recognition.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.9 金融資產減值(續)

— 自初始確認以來信貸質量顯著惡化且 信貸風險不低的金融工具(「第二階段」)。

「第三階段 | 將涵蓋於報告日期具有客觀減 值證據的金融資產。

「12個月預期信貸虧損」於第一階段類別內 確認,而「全期預期信貸虧損」於第二階段 類別內確認。

預期信貸虧損的計量於金融工具預計存續 期內按信貸虧損的概率加權估計釐定。

貿易應收款項

就貿易應收款項而言,本集團採用簡化方 法計算預期信貸虧損,並於各報告日期基 於全期預期信貸虧損確認虧損撥備。考慮 到金融資產存續期內任何時間點均可能出 現 違 約 事 件 , 該 等 為 合 約 現 金 流 量 的 預 期 缺口。於計算預期信貸虧損時,本集團已 用滴當的分類及/或對有重大餘額的債務 人進行單獨評估,以建立基於其過往信貸 虧損經驗及外部指標的撥備矩陣,並根據 債務人特定前瞻性因素及經濟環境作調整。

於計量預期信貸虧損時,貿易應收款項已 根據共同信貸風險特徵及逾期天數分類。

按攤銷成本計量的其他金融資產

本集團按相等於12個月預期信貸虧損計量 其他應收款項的虧損撥備,除非自初始確 認以來信貸風險大幅增加,則本集團確認 全期預期信貸虧損。評估應否確認全期預 期信貸虧損乃基於自初始確認以來發生違 約風險的可能性的大幅增加。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.9 Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Other financial assets measured at amortised cost (Continued)

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of default occurring on the financial assets at the reporting date with the risk of default occurring on the financial assets at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in regulatory, business, financial, economic conditions or technology environment that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations; and
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.9 金融資產減值(續)

按攤銷成本計量的其他金融資產(續)

於評估信貸風險是否自初始確認以來已大幅增加時,本集團比較金融資產於報告日期出現違約的風險與該金融資產於初始確認日期出現違約的風險。作此評估時,本集團會考慮合理及有理據的定量及定性資料,包括歷史經驗及毋須花費過度成本或精力即可獲得的前瞻性資料。

尤其是,評估信貸風險是否大幅增加時會 考慮下列資料:

- 一 金融工具外部(如有)或內部信貸評級的 實際或預期重大惡化;
- 信貸風險的外部市場指標的重大惡化, 例如信貸息差、債務人的信貸違約掉 期價大幅增加;
- 預期將導致債務人履行其債務責任的能力大幅下降的監管、業務、財務、經濟狀況或技術環境的現有或預測不利變動;及
- 債務人經營業績的實際或預期重大惡化。

不論上述評估的結果如何,本集團認為,當合約付款逾期超過30天,則自初始確認以來信貸風險已大幅增加,除非本集團有合理有據的資料證明。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.9 Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Other financial assets measured at amortised cost (Continued)

Despite the aforegoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a debt instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the end of each reporting period. A debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk if it has a low risk of default, the borrower has strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when (i) information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collateral held by the Group); (ii) the financial asset is 90 days past due.

Detailed analysis of the ECL assessment of trade receivables and other financial assets measured at amortised cost are set out in Note 35.4.

2.10 Inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost, which comprises all cost of purchase and, where applicable, other costs that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition, and is determined by using the weighted average method. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated cost of completion and applicable selling expenses.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.9 金融資產減值(續)

按攤銷成本計量的其他金融資產(續)

儘管如此,倘於各報告期末釐定債務工具 的信貸風險較低,則本集團假設該債務工 具的信貸風險自初始確認以來並無顯著增 加。倘該債務工具違約風險較低、借款人 近期具充分償付合約現金流量負債的能力 及長期而言經濟及業務狀況的不利變動未 必降低借款人償付合約的現金流量負債的 能力,債務工具被釐定為具有較低的信貸 風險。

就內部信貸風險管理而言,本集團認為, 違約事件在(i)內部制訂或來自外界來源的 資料顯示債務人不大可能悉數向債權人(包 括本集團)還款(未計及本集團所持任何抵 押品) 時;及(ii) 金融資產已逾期90天時發生。

有關貿易應收款項及按攤銷成本計量的其 他金融資產的預期信貸虧損評估的詳細分 析載於附註35.4。

2.10 存貨

存貨以成本與可變現淨值兩者中較低者列 賬。成本包括所有購買成本及(倘適用)將 存貨移至現址及達致現況而產生的其他成 本,並採用加權平均法釐定。可變現淨值 為日常營業過程中的估計售價減估計完工 成本及適用銷售開支。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.11 Cash and cash equivalents and restricted bank deposit

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits with banks and short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Bank deposits which are restricted to use are included in "restricted bank deposit" of the consolidated statements of financial position. Restricted bank deposit are excluded from cash and cash equivalents.

2.12 Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue (see Note 2.16). A contract liability would also be recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised (see Note 2.8).

2.13 Lease

Definition of a lease

At inception of a contract, the Group considers whether a contract is, or contains a lease. A lease is defined as 'a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an identified asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'. To apply this definition, the Group assesses whether the contract meets three key evaluations which are whether:

- the contracts contains an identified asset, which is either explicitly identified in the contract or implicitly specified by being identified at the time the asset is made available to the Group;
- the Group has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset throughout the period of use, considering its rights within the defined scope of the contract; and

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.11 現金及現金等價物以及受限制銀行存款

現金及現金等價物包括銀行存款及手頭現金、 銀行活期存款及原定到期日為三個月或以下、 可隨時兑換為已知數額現金且價值變動風 險較低的短期高度流動性投資。

受限制使用的銀行存款計入綜合財務狀況表的「受限制銀行存款」。 受限制銀行存款 並不計及現金及現金等價物。

2.12 合約負債

合約負債乃本集團確認相關收益前在客戶支付代價時確認(見附註2.16)。倘本集團在本集團確認相關收益前有無條件收取代價的權利,則亦確認合約負債。在此情況下,亦會確認相應應收款項(見附註2.8)。

2.13 租賃

租賃定義

於合約訂立時,本集團會考慮一項合約是否或有無包含租賃。租賃乃定義為一項合約或合約的一部分,給予權利在一段時間內使用已識別資產(相關資產)以換取代價。為應用該定義,本集團評估合約是否符合三項主要評估:

- 一 合約是否包含已識別資產,其於合約中 明確識別或透過於資產可供本集團使 用時識別以暗示方式指定:
- 一本集團是否有權於整個使用期取得使用已識別資產的絕大部分經濟利益,考慮本集團於合約界定的範圍內的權利:及

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.13 Lease (Continued)

Definition of a lease (Continued)

- the Group has the right to direct the use of the identified asset throughout the period of use. The Group assess whether it has the right to direct 'how and for what purpose' the asset is used throughout the period of use.

Measurement and recognition of leases as a lessee

At lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the consolidated statements of financial position. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which is made up of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any initial direct costs incurred by the Group, an estimate of any costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset at the end of the lease, and any lease payments made in advance of the lease commencement date (net of any lease incentives received).

The Group depreciates the right-of-use asset on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-ofuse assets or the end of the lease term unless the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership at the end of the lease term. The Group also assesses the right-of-use asset for impairment when such indicator exists.

At the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.13 租賃(續)

租賃定義(續)

一 本集團是否有權於整個使用期內主導 使用已識別資產。本集團評估其是否有 權於整個使用期主導資產的「使用方式 及目的」。

作為承租人計量及確認租賃

於租賃開始日期,本集團於綜合財務狀況 報表確認使用權資產及租賃負債。使用權 資產按成本計量,成本由租賃負債初始計 量、本集團產生任何初始直接成本、任何 於租賃屆滿時拆卸及移除相關資產的成本 估計及任何於租賃開始日期前作出的預付 租賃款項(減任何已收取的租賃優惠)組成。

本集團將使用權資產由租賃開始日期至使 用權資產使用年期完結前或租賃年期屆滿(除 本集團合理肯定於租賃年期屆滿時取得擁 有權外)時(以較早者為準)按直線法折舊。 本集團亦於該等指標出現時評估使用權資 產減值。

於開始日期,本集團按當日未支付租賃付款 之現值計量租賃負債,並使用租賃中隱含 的利率予以貼現,或倘該利率不容易釐定, 則採用本集團的增量借賃利率予以貼現。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.13 Lease (Continued)

Measurement and recognition of leases as a lessee (Continued)

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are made up of fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable payments based on an index or rate, and amounts expected to be payable under a residual value quarantee.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for lease payments made and increased for interest cost on the lease liability. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or lease modification, or if there are changes in in-substance fixed payments.

For lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group remeasures the lease liability based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of modification. The only exception is any rent concessions which arose as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and which satisfied the conditions set out in paragraph 46B of HKFRS 16 "Leases". In such cases, the Group took advantage of the practical expedient set out in paragraph 46A of HKFRS 16 and recognised the change in consideration as if it were not a lease modification.

When the lease is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

The Group has elected to account for short-term leases using the practical expedients. Instead of recognising a right-of-use asset and lease liability, the payments in relation to these leases are recognised as an expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 month or less.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.13 租賃(續)

作為承和人計量及確認和賃(續)

計量租賃負債計入的租賃付款為固定付款(包 括實物固定付款)減任何應收租賃優惠、按 指數或價格計量的可變付款及根據剩餘價 值保證應付的預期金額。

於初始計量後,負債將按已付租賃付款減少, 並按租賃負債利息成本增加。其將重新計 量為反映任何重新評估或租賃修訂、或倘 實物固定付款出現變動。

就未作為單獨租賃入賬的租賃修改而言, 本集團按透過使用修改生效日期的經修訂 貼現率貼現經修訂租賃付款的經修改租賃 的租期重新計量租賃負債。唯一的例外是 因新型冠狀病毒疫情而直接產生的任何租 金優惠,而其符合香港財務報告準則第16號 「租賃 | 第46B 段所載的條件。在該等情況 下,本集團利用香港財務報告準則第16號 第46A段所載的實際權宜方法,確認代價 變動,猶如其並非租賃修改。

當租賃重新計量時,相關的調整將反映於 使用權資產,或倘使用權資產已減至零時 於損益中反映。

本集團選擇使用可行權宜處理短期租賃入 賬。有關該等租賃的付款於租期內按直線 法於損益中確認為開支,而非確認使用權 資產及租賃負債。短期租賃為租期為12個 月或以下的租賃。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.13 Lease (Continued)

Measurement and recognition of leases as a lessee (Continued)

Right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property have been included in property, plant and equipment. The prepaid lease payments for leasehold land are presented as "land lease prepayment" under non-current assets.

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted for under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

Measurement and recognition of leases as a lessor

As a lessor, the Group classifies its leases as either operating or finance leases.

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset, and classified as an operating lease if it does not.

The Group also earns rental income from operating leases of its investment properties. Rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

2.14 Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

All provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.13 租賃(續)

作為承和人計量及確認和賃(續)

不符合投資物業定義的使用權資產已計入 物業、廠房及設備。租賃土地的預付租賃 付款於非流動資產項下呈列為「土地租賃預 付款項」。

已支付的可退還租賃按金根據香港財務報 告準則第9號入賬並按公平值初始計量。對 初始確認的公平值作出的調整被視為額外 租賃付款並計入使用權資產成本。

作為出租人計量及確認租賃

作為出租人,本集團將其租賃分類為經營 和賃或融資和賃。

當和賃轉移相關資產擁有權附帶的絕大部 分風險及回報時,則該租賃分類為融資租賃; 否則分類為經營租賃。

本集團通過其投資物業的經營租賃賺取租 金收入。租金收入按租期以直線法予以確 認。

2.14 撥備及或然負債

倘本集團因過往事件而承擔現時責任(法定 或推定),而履行該責任很可能需要有經濟 利益的流出,且能可靠地估計有關責任的 金額,則確認撥備。倘金額的時間價值重 大,則撥備乃按預期履行責任所需開支的 現值列賬。

所有撥備乃於各報告日期審核並作出調整 以反映目前最佳估計。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.14 Provisions and contingent liabilities

(Continued)

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future uncertain events not wholly within the control of the Group, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

2.15 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Share capital is recognised at the amount of consideration of shares issued, after deducting any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares (net of any related income tax benefit) to the extent they are incremental costs directly attributable to the equity transaction.

2.16 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to depict the transfer of promised goods and services to customers in an amount that reflect the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services. Specially, the Group uses a 5-step approach for revenue recognition.

Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer

Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the

contract

Step 3: Determine the transaction price

Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the

performance obligations in the contract

Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity

satisfies a performance obligation

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.14 撥備及或然負債(續)

倘經濟利益流出的可能性不大,或金額無法可靠估計,該責任乃披露為或然負債,除非經濟利益流出的可能性極低則另作別論。除非經濟利益流出的可能性極低,否則視乎某宗或多宗並非完全在本集團控制範圍內的未來事件是否發生方可確定是否存在的潛在責任,亦會披露為或然負債。

2.15 股本

普通股乃分類為權益。倘交易成本為股本 交易直接應佔的遞增成本,則股本按已發 行股份的代價金額確認,當中扣除與發行 股份相關的任何交易成本(扣除任何相關所 得税利益)。

2.16 收益確認

收益乃確認以説明向客戶轉讓已承諾貨品 及服務,其金額反映本集團預期就交換該 等貨品及服務而有權獲得的代價。具體而言, 本集團採用5步法進行收益確認。

第1步: 識別與客戶的合約

第2步: 識別合約中的履約責任

第3步: 釐定交易價

第4步: 就合約中的履約責任分配交易

價

第5步: 當(或在)實體達成履約責任時

確認收益

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.16 Revenue recognition (Continued)

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

Control of the goods or services may be transferred over time or at a point in time. Control of the goods or services is transferred over time if:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the entity's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates and enhances an asset that customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If control of the goods or services transfers over time, revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress toward complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the goods or services.

Revenue from sales of papermaking felts products are recognised at a point in time when the legal title of the finished good is transferred and the Group has present right to payment and the collection of the consideration is probable. This is usually taken as the time when the goods are delivered and the customer has accepted the goods.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.16 收益確認(續)

當(或在)達成履約責任時,即當特定履約 責任相關的貨品或服務的「控制權」轉移予 客戶時,本集團即確認收益。

對貨品或服務的控制權可隨時間或於某時 間點轉移。倘出現以下情況,貨品或服務 的控制權將隨時間轉移:

- 客戶於本集團履約時同時接受及使用實 體履約所提供的利益;
- 一 於本集團履約時創造及加強客戶所控 制的資產;或
- 一 當本集團履約時並無創造可由本集團另 作他用的資產,且本集團對迄今完成的 履約付款具有可強制執行的權利。

倘對貨品或服務的控制權隨時間轉移,則 收益乃參照履約責任圓滿完成的進度於合 約期間確認。否則,收益於客戶獲得對貨 品或服務的控制權的時間點確認。

銷售造紙毛毯產品的收益於轉移成品的法 定所有權的時間點,且本集團擁有收取款 項之現有權利並極有可能收取代價時確認。 此通常被視為貨品交付及客戶接收貨品的 時間。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.16 Revenue recognition (Continued)

Sales-related warranties associated with papermaking felts cannot be purchased separately and are served as an assurance that the products sold comply with agreed-upon specifications (i.e. assurance-type warranties). Accordingly, the Group accounts for warranties in accordance with HKAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets".

Rental income from letting the Group's investment property is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest rate method.

2.17 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions. Government grants are deferred and recognised in profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that the grants are intended to compensate. Government grants relating to the purchase of assets are deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and consequently are effectively recognised in profit or loss over the useful life of the asset by way of reduced depreciation expense.

Government grants relating to income is presented in gross under "Other income" in the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

2.18 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.16 收益確認(續)

與造紙毛毯有關的銷售相關保養不能單獨購買,並作為所售產品符合商定規格(即保證型保養)的保證。因此,本集團根據香港會計準則第37號「撥備、或然負債及或然資產」入賬列作擔保。

租賃本集團投資物業所得的租金收入按租期以直線法予以確認。

利息收入使用實際利率法按時間比例確認。

2.17 政府撥款

倘能夠合理地保證政府撥款將可收取,且 本集團將遵守所有附帶條件,來自政府的 撥款按其公平值確認。政府撥款遞延入賬, 並按擬補償的成本配合其所需期間於損益 確認。有關購買資產的政府撥款從資產的 賬面金額中扣除,因此通過減少折舊開支 在資產的使用年限內於損益中有效確認。

與收入相關的政府撥款乃於綜合損益及其他全面收益表內「其他收入」項內合計呈列。

2.18 借款成本

借款成本於產生期間在損益中確認。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.19 Impairment of non-financial assets

Property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets), investment property, intangible assets, land lease prepayment and investments in subsidiaries in the Company's statements of financial position are subject to impairment testing. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and that are not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, irrespective of whether there is any indication that they are impaired. Others are tested for impairment whenever there are indications that the asset's carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value, reflecting market conditions less costs of disposal, and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of time value of money and the risk specific to the asset.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent from those other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generate cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at cash-generating unit level.

Impairment loss is charged pro rata to the assets in the cash generating unit, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less cost of disposal, or value in use, if determinable.

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount and only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.19 非金融資產減值

在本公司財務狀況表的物業、廠房及設備(包 括使用權資產)、投資物業、無形資產、土 地租賃預付款項及於附屬公司的投資須進 行減值測試。尚未可供使用的具無限可使 用年期的無形資產不論有否出現減值跡象 均須每年進行減值測試。當有跡象顯示其 他資產的賬面值可能無法收回時,則對有 關其他資產進行減值測試。

減值虧損按資產之賬面值超出其可收回金 額的差額,即時確認為開支。可收回金額 為公平值(反映市場狀況減出售成本)與使 用價值兩者中的較高者。於評估使用價值 時,估計未來現金流量以稅前貼現率貼現 至現值,以反映現時市場對金錢時間值及 該資產的特定風險的評估。

為評估減值,倘資產未能產生很大程度上 獨立於其他資產的現金流入,可收回金額 則按獨立產生現金流入的最小組別資產(即 現金產生單位)釐定。因此,部分資產個別 進行減值測試,另有部分資產則按現金產 生單位水平測試。

減值虧損乃按比例計入現金產生單位內的 資產,惟資產賬面值不會減少至低於其個 別公平值減銷售或使用價值(倘可予釐定) 則除外。

倘用以釐定資產可收回金額的估計出現有 利變動,減值虧損予以撥回,並僅以資產 賬面值不超過在並無確認減值虧損的情況 下應予釐定的賬面值(扣除折舊或攤銷)為 限。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.20 Employee benefits

Retirement benefits

In accordance with the rules and regulations in the PRC, the PRC based employees of the Group participate in various defined contributions retirement benefit plans organised by the relevant municipal and provincial governments in the PRC under which the Group and the PRC based employees are required to make monthly contributions to these plans calculated as a percentage of the employees' salaries, subject to a certain ceiling.

The municipal and provincial governments undertake to assure the retirement benefit obligations of all existing and future retired PRC based employees payable under the plans described above. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligation for the payment of retirement and other post-retirement benefits of its employees. The assets of these plans are held separately from those of the Group in independently administrated funds managed by the PRC government.

The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expenses when they are due.

Short-term employee benefits

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the reporting date.

Non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.20 僱員福利

退休福利

根據中國的規則及法規,本集團的中國僱員參與由中國相關市級及省級政府組織的各類界定供款退休福利計劃,據此本集團及中國僱員須按僱員薪金的計算比例(不超過上限)按月向該等計劃供款。

市級及省級政府承諾確保根據上述計劃中應付的所有現時及未來已退休中國僱員的退休福利責任。除每月供款外,本集團並無向其僱員支付退休及其他退休後福利的其他責任。該等計劃的資產由中國政府管理的獨立管理基金保管,與本集團的資產分開持有。

供款於到期時確認為僱員福利開支。

短期僱員福利

僱員應得的年假於其應享有時確認。就截 至報告日期僱員已提供服務所產生的年假 的估計負債計提撥備。

病假及產假等非累計有薪休假於正式告假 時方予以確認。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.21 Accounting for income taxes

Income tax comprises current tax and deferred tax.

Current income tax assets and/or liabilities comprise those obligations to, or claims from, fiscal authorities relating to the current or prior reporting period, that are unpaid at the reporting date. They are calculated according to the tax rates and tax laws applicable to the fiscal periods to which they relate, based on the taxable profit for the year. All changes to current tax assets or liabilities are recognised as a component of tax expense in the profit or loss.

Deferred tax is calculated using the liability method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, tax losses available to be carried forward as well as other unused tax credits, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit, including existing taxable temporary differences, will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither taxable nor accounting profit or loss.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax is calculated, without discounting, at tax rates that are expected to apply in the period the liability is settled or the asset realised, provided they are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.21 所得税會計處理

所得税包括當期税項及遞延税項。

當期所得稅資產及/或負債包括就目前或 以往報告期(且於報告日尚未繳付)向財政部 門履行的責任或其提出的申索,乃基於年內 應課税溢利,根據有關財政年度適用的稅 率及税法計算。當期税項資產或負債的所 有變動均於損益確認為稅項開支的一部分。

遞延税項採用負債法就於報告日期綜合財 務報表中資產及負債的賬面值與其各自稅 基間的暫時差額計算。遞延税項負債一般 按所有應課税暫時差額確認。遞延税項資 產則一般按所有可扣税暫時差額、可結轉 税項虧損以及其他未動用税項抵免確認, 惟以可能錄得應課税溢利(包括現有應課稅 暫時差額)用作抵銷可扣税暫時差額、未動 用税項虧損及未動用税項抵免為限。

倘暫時差額來自交易(不影響應課税或會計 溢利或虧損)中初步確認的資產及負債,則 不會確認遞延稅項資產及負債。

於附屬公司的投資所產生的應課税暫時差 額確認為遞延税項負債,惟倘本集團可以 控制暫時差額的撥回,而暫時差額可能不 會於可預見將來撥回則除外。

遞延税項按於報告日期已經或大致上已實 施預期於償付負債或變現資產期間適用的 税率計算,毋須貼現。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.21 Accounting for income taxes (Continued)

Changes in deferred tax assets or liabilities are recognised in the profit or loss, or in other comprehensive income or directly in equity if they relate to items that are charged or credited to other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are presented in net if, and only if,

- (a) the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- (b) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The Group presents deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities in net if, and only if,

- (a) the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- (b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - (i) the same taxable entity; or
 - (ii) different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.21 所得税會計處理(續)

倘遞延税項資產或負債的變動與自其他全面收益或直接於權益中扣除或計入的項目 有關,則該等遞延税項資產或負債的變動 於損益或於其他全面收益或直接於權益內 確認。

當期税項資產及當期税項負債僅在以下情 況以淨額呈列:

- (a) 本集團依法有強制執行權可以抵銷確認金額;及
- (b) 擬以淨額基準結算,或變現該資產,同時結清該負債。

本集團僅在以下情況以淨額呈列遞延税項 資產及遞延税項負債:

- (a) 該實體依法有強制執行權可以將當期 税項資產與當期税項負債對銷;及
- (b) 遞延税項資產及遞延税項負債是關於 同一税務機關就以下任何一項所徵收的 所得税:
 - (i) 同一應課税實體;或
 - (ii) 計劃於各未來期間(而預期在有關期間內將結清或收回巨額的遞延稅項負債或資產)以淨額基準結算當期稅項負債及資產或同時變現資產及結清負債的不同應課稅實體。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (Continued)

2.22 Related parties

For the purposes of these consolidated financial statements, a party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over of the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group.
- (b) the party is an entity and if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group.
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.22 關聯方

就本綜合財務報表而言,倘下列情況適用, 則一方被視為與本集團相關連:

- (a) 該方為一名人士或該名人士的近親家族 成員且倘該人士:
 - (i) 對本集團有控制權或共同控制權;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司主要管理 層成員。
- (b) 該方為一個實體且倘下列情況適用:
 - (i) 該實體及本集團屬同一集團的成員。
 - (ii) 一個實體為另一實體的聯營公司或 合資公司(或為某一集團的成員的 聯營公司或合資公司,而該另一實 體為此集團的成員)。
 - (iii) 該實體及本集團皆為相同第三方的 合資公司。
 - (iv) 一個實體為第三實體的合資公司及 另一實體為第三實體的聯營公司。
 - (v) 該實體乃為本集團或與本集團有關 連的實體的僱員福利而設的離職後 福利計劃。
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)所識別的人士控制或共 同控制。
 - (vii)於(a)(i)所識別的人士對實體有重大 影響,或為該實體(或實體的母公司) 主要管理層成員。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.22 Related parties (Continued)

- (b) (Continued)
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a company of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

2.23 Segment reporting

The Group identifies operating segments and prepares segment information based on the regular internal financial information reported to the chief operating decision maker ("CODM") for their decisions about resources allocation to the Group's business components and for their review of the performance of those components.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.22 關聯方(續)

- (b) (續)
 - (viii) 該實體或其所屬公司的任何成員, 向本集團或本集團的母公司提供主 要管理人員服務。

有關人士的近親家族成員為預期於實體交易時將影響該人士或受該人士影響的家族 成員。

2.23 分部呈報

本集團識別經營分部,並根據定期呈報予主要經營決策者(「主要經營決策者」)以供彼等決定本集團業務部分的資源分配及審閱該等部分表現的內部財務資料編製分部資料。

綜合財務報表附註

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND **JUDGMENTS**

3.1 Sources of estimation uncertainty

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

Warranty provision

The Group provides warranty to certain customers. The provision for warranty is estimated based on expected warranty work to be performed for goods under the warranty period and labor charges expected to be incurred. As historical maintenance and service record may not resemble the future maintenance and service of the products sold, differences between the actual amount and the estimated amount of this provision may affect future profit or loss. The carrying amount of the Group's warranty provision at the end of each reporting period is set out in Note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

Estimation of impairment of trade and other receivables

The Group follows the guidance of HKFRS 9 to determine when a receivable is impaired. In making this estimation and judgment, the Group evaluate, among other factors, the ageing analysis of receivables, the financial healthiness and collection history of the individual debtors and expected future change of credit risks, including the consideration of factors such as general economy measure, existing market conditions and change in macro-economic indicators, etc. at the end of each reporting period as set out in note 35.4.

The carrying amount of the Group's trade and other receivables as at 31 December 2021 amounted to approximately RMB150,560,000 (2020: RMB135,509,000) and ECL allowance amounted to approximately RMB3,639,000 (2020: RMB5,724,000). Details of the trade and other receivables are disclosed in Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

3. 關鍵會計估計及判斷

3.1 估計不明朗因素的來源

本集團對未來作出估計及假設。就會計估 計的結果而言,顧名思義,絕少會與有關 實際結果相同。有極高風險導致下個財政 年度的資產及負債的賬面值出現重大調整 的估計及假設討論如下:

保養撥備

本集團為若干客戶提供保養。保養撥備乃 根據保養期內就貨品進行的預期保養工作 及預計將產生的勞工費用估計。由於過往 維護及服務記錄未必與已售出產品的未來 維護及服務相同,該機備的實際金額與估 計金額的差異可能會影響未來損益。本集 團於各報告期末的保養撥備賬面值載於綜 合財務報表附註21。

估計貿易及其他應收款項減值

本集團遵循香港財務報告準則第9號的指引 釐定應收款項於何時減值。誠如附註35.4 所載,在作出該估計及判斷時,本集團於 各報告末評估(其中包括)應收款項的賬齡 分析、個別債務人的財務穩健性及收款記 錄以及信貸風險的預期未來變動,包括考 慮總體經濟表現、當時市況及宏觀經濟指 標變動等因素。

於2021年12月31日,本集團貿易及其他應收 款項賬面值約為人民幣150,560,000元(2020 年:人民幣135,509,000元),而預期信貸虧 損撥備則約為人民幣3,639,000元(2020年: 人民幣5,724,000元)。貿易及其他應收款項 的詳情於綜合財務報表附註18披露。

綜合財務報表附註

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (Continued)

3.1 Sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and investment property

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation for its property, plant and equipment and investment property. The estimates are based on the historical experience of the actual economic lives of property, plant and equipment and investment property of similar nature and functions. Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives. Management will adjust the depreciation where the useful lives are estimated to be different from the previous estimates. Periodic reviews could result in a change in useful lives and therefore depreciation expense in future periods. The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment and investment property at the end of each reporting period is set out in Notes 12 and 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

Provision for inventories

The Group reviews the carrying amount of inventories based on consideration of obsolescence of raw materials and the net realisable value of finished goods. The identification of inventory obsolescence and estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business require the use of judgment and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying amount of inventories in the period in which such estimate has been changed. During the year ended 31 December 2021, reversal for inventories of RMB475,000 (2020: reversal of RMB750,000) was recognised. The carrying amount of inventories is set out in Note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

3. 關鍵會計估計及判斷(續)

3.1 估計不明朗因素的來源(續)

物業、廠房及設備以及投資物業的可使用年期

存貨撥備

本集團基於對原材料過時及成品的可變現淨值的考慮,審查存貨的賬面值。於日常業務過程中確定存貨過時及估計售價須採用判斷及估算。倘預期有別於原先估計,該差額將影響有關估計變更期間的存出計算已確認存貨撥回人民幣475,000元(2020年:撥回人民幣750,000元)。存貨賬面值載於綜合財務報表附註17。

綜合財務報表附註

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND **JUDGMENTS** (Continued)

3.2 Critical accounting judgments

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following accounting judgments:

Current income tax

The Group is subject to Enterprise Income Tax ("EIT") in the PRC. Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for EIT. There are transactions and calculations for which the ultimate determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that we initially recorded, such differences will impact the current income tax and deferred tax provision in the period in which such determination is

Research and development activities

Careful judgment by the Company's management is applied when deciding whether the recognition requirements for development costs have been met. This is necessary as the economic success of any product development is uncertain and may be subject to future technical problems at the time of recognition. Judgments are based on the best information available at the end of each reporting period. In addition, all internal activities related to the research and development of new products or know how are continuously monitored by the Company's management.

3. 關鍵會計估計及判斷(續)

3.2 關鍵會計判斷

在應用本集團會計政策的過程時,管理層 已作出以下會計判斷:

當期所得税

本集團須繳納中國企業所得税(「企業所得 税」)。釐定企業所得税撥備須作出重大判 斷。在日常業務過程中,多項交易及計算方 式均會導致未能確定最終所定税項。倘該 等事項的最終税務結果有別於最初錄得的 款項,有關差額將影響釐定期間的當期所 得税及遞延税項撥備。

研發活動

本公司管理層於決定開發成本是否已達到 確認要求時作出審慎判斷。由於任何產品 開發能否取得經濟效益尚未明朗,及於確 認時可能會受制於未來技術問題,故此屬 必要之舉。判斷基於各報告期末可獲得的 最佳資料作出。此外,有關研發新產品的 所有內部活動由本公司管理層持續監督。

綜合財務報表附註

4. REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

4.1 Revenue

The Group was engaged in the design, manufacture and sales of papermaking felts. An analysis of the Group's revenue by products during the year is as follows:

Recognised at a point in time:

4. 收益及分部呈報

4.1 收益

本集團從事造紙毛毯的設計、製造及銷售。 以下為本集團年內按產品劃分的收益分析:

於一個時間點確認:

Packaging papermaking felts Specialty papermaking felts	包裝紙造紙毛毯	147,437	124,863
	特種紙造紙毛毯	39,047	32,090
Printing papermaking felts	印刷造紙毛毯	11,440	10,732
Household papermaking felts Pulp papermaking felts	生活紙造紙毛毯	10,955	9,490
	漿板造紙毛毯	4,789	5,584

Remaining performance obligations

The following table includes revenue expected to be recognised in the future related to performance obligations that are unsatisfied (or partially unsatisfied) is as follows:

剩餘履約責任

下表載列預期未來將確認有關未履行(或部 分履行)的履約責任的收益:

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within one year	一年內	11,362	11,108
After one year but within two years	一年後但兩年內	_	247
		11,362	11,355

綜合財務報表附註

4. REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

4.2 Segment information

The Group is mainly engaged in the design, manufacture and sales of papermaking felts in the PRC. Information reported to the CODM (i.e. the board of directors) for the purpose of resources allocation and performance assessment focuses on the operating results of the Group as a whole as the Group's resources are integrated and no discrete financial information is available.

No segment of assets and liabilities are presented as no discrete financial information is available.

Geographical information

The following table sets out information on the geographical locations of the Group's revenue determined based on geographical region of the customers.

4. 收益及分部呈報(續)

4.2 分部資料

本集團主要在中國從事造紙毛發的設計、 製造及銷售。由於本集團的資源已整合, 且並無任何獨立財務資料,故就資源分配 及表現評估而向主要營運決策者(即董事會) 報告的資料集中於本集團整體的經營業績。

由於並無獨立財務資料,故不呈列資產及 負債分部。

地理資料

下表載列本集團根據客戶地區釐定收益的 地理位置資料。

		2021 2021年 RMB'000	2020 2020年 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
The PRC	中國	204,010	175,171
Overseas	海外	9,658	7,588
		213,668	182,759

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, all of the non-current assets of the Group were located in the PRC.

Information about major customers

Since none of the Group's sales to a single customer amounted to 10% or more of the Group's total revenue for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, no information about major customers in accordance with HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments" is presented.

於2021年及2020年12月31日,本集團的所有 非流動資產均位於中國。

有關主要客戶的資料

由於本集團於截至2021年及2020年12月31 日止年度並無單一客戶的銷售額佔本集團 總收益的10%或以上,故並無根據香港財 務報告準則第8號「經營分部」呈列有關主要 客戶的資料。

綜合財務報表附註

5. OTHER INCOME

5. 其他收入

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	151	191
Sales of scrap materials	銷售廢料	2,385	1,836
Government subsidies (note)	政府補貼(附註)	2,385	3,509
Rental income	租金收入	175	_
Rent concessions	租金優惠	_	387
Reversal of provision for legal claims	法律申索撥備撥回		
(Note 7(a))	(附註 7(a))	358	_
Sundry income	雜項收入	55	102

Note: The amount represents unconditional government subsidies received from the local government authorities for the purpose of research and development and supporting its operation.

附註:該款項指收取地方政府機關為研究及開發及 支持其營運所給予的無條件政府補貼。

5,509

6,025

6. FINANCE COSTS

6. 財務成本

		2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest expenses on:	以下各項的利息開支:		
Discounted bills financing	貼現票據融資	44	_
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	6,795	7,194
Other borrowing	其他借款	1,287	_
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	103	47
		8,229	7,241

綜合財務報表附註

7. PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX

7. 除所得税前溢利

Profit before income tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

除所得税前溢利於扣除/(計入)以下各項後釐 定:

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	2,075	1,261
Depreciation of land lease prepayment	土地租賃預付款項折舊	338	338
Cost of inventories recognised as expenses	已確認為開支的存貨成本	61,808	51,743
Depreciation of owned assets	自有資產折舊	8,080	7,762
Depreciation of right-of-use asset	使用權資產折舊	1,644	1,379
Depreciation of investment property	投資物業折舊	164	_
Exchange losses, net	匯兑虧損淨額	231	613
Listing expenses	上市開支	3,245	6,394
Lease charges on short term leases	短期租約租賃費用	337	216
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備虧損	610	9
(Reversal of)/Provision of ECL allowance on	貿易應收款項及應收票據	010	9
trade and bills receivables, net	(撥回)/預期信貸虧損		
trade and bills receivables, het	機 備 淨 額	(2)	1,456
(Reversal of provision)/Provision for legal	法律申索(撥備撥回)/撥備	(2)	1,430
claim (note a)	(附註a)	(358)	1,303
Provision for warranty	保養撥備	4,115	3,928
Research and development costs	研發成本	7,049	5,681
Reversal of provisions for inventories	存貨撥備撥回	(475)	(750)
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	800	(130)
Rental income from investment property	投資物業所得租金收入	175	_
Rental income from investment property	汉 貝 彻 未 // 时 恒 亚 牧 /\	175	_
Staff cost (including directors'	員工成本(包括董事薪酬)		
remuneration)	+ 4 - 20 - 4 (1) - 5		
Salaries, wages and other benefits	薪金、工資及其他福利	30,618	24,093
Contributions to defined contribution plans	界定供款計劃供款(附註b)		
(note b)		5,213	1,964

綜合財務報表附註

7. PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) A subsidiary of the Group, being the defendant, was involved in litigation during the year ended 31 December 2020 in relation to the dispute on construction of a factory of the Group. Based on the advice of the Group's legal advisers, the directors estimated that the total potential claims payable to the claimant, being the previous constructor, is approximately RMB1.9 million, which included certain site preparation and construction works of approximately RMB0.6 million performed by the claimant (in which the amount have been recognised as part of the additions to the property, plant and equipment for the year ended 31 December 2020) and provision of legal claims of approximately RMB1.3 million recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2020. On 16 July 2021, the court made the firstinstance judgement and no party had lodged an appeal to the court and the Group settled the amount of approximately RMB2.1 million to the claimant according to the aforesaid judgement on 27 August 2021. For the year ended 31 December 2021, approximately RMB0.6 million has been recognised as part of additions to the property, plant and equipment and a reversal of provision for legal claim of approximately RMB358,000 has been recognised as other income.
- (b) Due to the impact of COVID-19, a number of policies including the relief of social insurance have been promulgated by the government since February to December 2020 to expedite resumption of economic activities, which resulted in the relief of certain contributions to defined contribution scheme for the year ended 31 December 2020.

During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, there were no contributions forfeited by the Group on behalf of its employees who left the plan prior to vesting fully in such contribution, nor had there been any utilisation of such forfeited contributions to reduce future contributions. As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, no forfeited contributions were available for utilisation by the Group to reduce the existing level of contribution.

7. 除所得税前溢利(續)

附註:

- (a) 截至2020年12月31日止年度,本集團附屬公司(作 為被告)因本集團一家廠房的建設糾紛而捲入訴 訟。根據本集團法律顧問的意見,董事估計向申 索人(即前建築商)作出的潛在應付申索總額約為 人民幣1.9百萬元,其中包括申索人進行的若干地 盤準備及建築工程約人民幣0.6百萬元(該金額已 確認為截至2020年12月31日止年度的物業、廠房 及設備添置的一部分),以及截至2020年12月31 日止年度於損益確認的法律申索撥備約人民幣1.3 百萬元。原訟法庭已於2021年7月16日作出判決, 訴訟雙方均無向法庭提出上訴,本集團根據上述 判決已於2021年8月27日向申索人償清約人民幣2.1 百萬元。截至2021年12月31日止年度,約人民幣 0.6百萬元已確認為物業、廠房及設備添置的一 部分,約人民幣358,000元的法律申索撥備撥回 已確認為其他收入。
- (b) 由於新型冠狀病毒的影響,政府於2020年2月至 12月頒佈了包括減免社會保險在內的多項政策, 以加快經濟活動恢復,導致截至2020年12月31日 止年度已減免若干界定供款計劃供款。

於截至2021年及2020年12月31日止年度,就供款全數歸屬前經已退出計劃的僱員而言,本集團概無代該等僱員沒收任何有關供款,亦無動用有關沒收供款以降低未來供款。於2021年及2020年12月31日,概無沒收供款可供本集團使用以降低現有供款水平。

綜合財務報表附註

8. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

8. 所得税開支

		2021 2021年 RMB'000	2020 2020年 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Current tax	當期税項		
PRC EIT	中國企業所得税	7,067	7,181
Over-provision in prior year	過往年度超額撥備	(130)	(253)
		6,937	6,928
Deferred tax	遞延税項		
Current year (Note 26)	本年度 <i>(附註26)</i>	1,833	553
Income tax expense	所得税開支	8,770	7,481

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands, the Company is not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands.

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax was made in the consolidated financial statements as the Group had no assessable profits subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax during the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: nil).

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, PRC EIT is calculated at 25% of the assessable profits for subsidiary established in the PRC.

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations in the PRC, a subsidiary of the Group, Sichuan Huanlong Technology Fabric Co., Ltd. ("Sichuan Huanlong"), is qualified as a company under the development strategy of the PRC's western region and was able to enjoy a preferential income tax rate of 15% for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

The Company's subsidiary, Shanghai Jinxiong Paper Making Net Carpet Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Jinxiong") was accredited as High and New Technology Enterprise since in 2014 and further renewed in November 2017 and November 2020, therefore entitled to a preferential tax rate of 15% for 2020 to 2022.

根據開曼群島規則及法規,本公司毋須在開曼 群島繳納任何所得税。

由於本集團於截至2021年12月31日止年度並無 須繳納香港利得税的應課税溢利(2020年:無), 故並無在綜合財務報表中就香港利得稅計提撥

根據中國企業所得税法(「企業所得税法」)及企 業所得税法實施條例,中國企業所得税按在中 國境內成立附屬公司應課税溢利的25%計算。

根據中國相關法律法規,本集團附屬公司四川 環龍技術織物有限公司(「四川環龍」)合資格成 為中國西部大開發項下公司,並可於截至2021 年及2020年12月31日止年度享有15%的優惠所 得税税率。

本公司的附屬公司上海金熊造紙網毯有限公司(「上 海金熊」)由2014起獲評定為高新技術企業,於 2017年11月及2020年11月 進一步重續,因此於 2020年至2022年有15%的優惠税率。

綜合財務報表附註

8. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

In addition, both Sichuan Huanlong and Shanghai Jinxiong are eligible for tax deduction up to 200% and 175% of approved research and development costs incurred for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 respectively.

Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rate:

8. 所得税開支(續)

此外,四川環龍及上海金熊分別於截至2020年及2021年12月31日止年度產生的核准研發成本均合資格享有最高200%和175%的税收減免。

所得税開支與按適用税率計算的會計溢利對賬 如下:

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利	59,460	48,494
Tax at the applicable income tax of 25%	適用所得税25%的税項	14,865	12,124
Tax effects of non-deductible expenses	不可扣減開支的税務影響(附註)		
(note)		1,820	2,314
Utilisation of temporary differences	使用先前未確認的暫時性差異		
previously not recognised		(83)	(92)
Additional deduction for research and	就研發開支額外扣減		
development expenses		(2,258)	(1,291)
Over-provision in prior year	過往年度超額撥備	(130)	(253)
Effect of income taxed at concessionary rate	按優惠税率計算的所得税影響	(5,444)	(5,321)
Income toy synapses		0.770	7 404
Income tax expenses	所得税開支	8,770	7,481

Note: Non-deductible expenses mainly included listing expenses and certain entertainment expenses.

附註: 不可扣減開支主要包括上市開支及若干招待 開支。

綜合財務報表附註

9. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE **HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS**

9. 董事酬金及五大最高薪酬人士

9.1 Directors' emolument

9.1 董事酬金

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

					Contributions	
			Salaries,		to retirement	
			allowances		benefit	
		Fees	and benefits	Bonus	schemes	Total
			薪金、		退休福利	
		袍金	津貼及福利	花紅	計劃供款	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Mr. Zhou	周先生	_	800	_	_	800
Ms. Shen	沈女士	_	_	_	_	_
Mr. Xie Zongguo ("Mr. Xie")	謝宗國先生(「謝先生」)	_	700	400	61	1,161
Ms. Yuan Aomei ("Ms. Yuan")	袁傲梅女士(「袁女士」)					
(Note a)	(附註 a)	_	184	_	39	223
		_	1,684	400	100	2,184

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

Non-executive director: Ms. Yuan	非執行董事: 袁女士	_	_	_	_	_
			002		LL	717
		_	392	_	22	414
Mr. Xie	謝先生		392	_	22	414
Ms. Shen	沈女士	_	_	_	_	_
Mr. Zhou	周先生	_	_	_	_	_
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		袍金	津貼及福利	花紅	計劃供款	總計
			薪金、		退休福利	
		Fees	and benefits	Bonus	schemes	Total
			allowances		benefit	
			Salaries,		to retirement	
					Contributions	

綜合財務報表附註

9. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE **HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS** (Continued)

9.1 Directors' emolument (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) Ms. Yuan was redesignated as executive director on 14 April 2021.
- (b) The appointments of Mr. Ip Wang Hoi, Mr. Zhang Shenjin and Mr. Wang Yunchen as independent non-executive directors of the Company took effect upon listing on 11 January 2022. During the year ended 31 December 2021, the independent non-executive directors have not yet been appointed and have not received any directors' remuneration in the capacity of independent non-executive directors.

9.2 Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 include two (2020: one) directors whose emoluments are disclosed in Note 9.1. The aggregate of the emoluments of the three (2020: four) individuals for the year ended 31 December 2021 are as follows:

9. 董事酬金及五大最高薪酬人士(續)

9.1 董事酬金(續)

附註:

- (a) 袁女士於2021年4月14日獲調任為執行董事。
- (b) 葉耘開先生、張慎金先生及王運陳先生獲委 任為本公司獨立非執行董事,並已於2022年 1月11日上市後生效。截至2021年12月31日止 年度,概無獨立非執行董事獲委任,並以獨 立非執行董事身份收取任何董事薪酬。

9.2 五名最高薪酬人士

截至2021年12月31日止年度,本集團五名最 高薪酬人士包括兩名(2020年:一名)董事, 其酬金於附註9.1披露。截至2021年12月31 日止年度,三名(2020年:四名)人士的酬金 合計如下:

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Salaries, allowances and benefits Contributions to retirement benefit	薪金、津貼及福利 退休福利計劃供款	2,378	1,850
schemes		158	66
		2,536	1,916
The above individuals' emolume following band:	nts are within the	上述人士的酬金屬於以下範	章:
		2021 2021年	2020 2020年
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	3	4

綜合財務報表附註

9. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE **HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS** (Continued)

9.2 Five highest paid individuals (Continued)

No director or the five highest paid individual received any emoluments from the Group as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: nil). No director or the five highest paid individual has waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: nil).

10. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share attributable to equity holders of the Company is based on the following:

9. 董事酬金及五大最高薪酬人士(續)

9.2 五名最高薪酬人士(續)

截至2021年12月31日止年度,董事或五名最 高薪酬人士概無向本集團收取任何酬金(2020 年:無),作為吸引其加入或於加入本集團 時的誘因或作為離職的補償。截至2021年 12月31日止年度,董事或五名最高薪酬人 士概無放棄或同意放棄任何酬金(2020年: 無)。

10. 每股盈利

本公司權益持有人應佔每股基本盈利乃根據下 文所列計算得出:

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
Earnings	盈利		
Profit for the year attributable to equity	本公司權益持有人應佔年內溢利		
holders of the Company (in RMB'000)	(人民幣千元)	50,136	40,517
Number of ordinary shares for the purpose of	用作計算每股基本盈利的		
calculating basic earnings per share	普通股數目	365,800,000	365,800,000
Earnings per share (RMB cents)	每股盈利(人民幣分)	13.71	11.08

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the total shares of the Company in issue were 12,000 ordinary shares. The number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share has been determined on the assumption that the Reorganisation and the Capitalisation Issue (as defined in Note 27) of 365,788,000 ordinary shares had been effective on 1 January 2020.

Diluted earnings per share is the same as basic earnings per share for years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 as there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares in issue during the years.

11. DIVIDEND

The Board did not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: nil).

於2021年及2020年12月31日,本公司的已發行 股份總數為12.000股普通股。用作計算每股基 本盈利的普通股數目乃基於重組及資本化發行(定 義見附註27)365,788,000股普通股已於2020年1 月1日生效的假設而釐定。

由於截至2021年及2020年12月31日止年度概無 已發行的潛在攤薄普通股,因此該等年度的每 股攤薄盈利與每股基本盈利一致。

11. 股息

董事會不建議就截至2021年12月31日止年度派 付股息(2020年:零)。

綜合財務報表附註

12.PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 12.物業、廠房及設備

		Buildings	Leasehold improvements	Plant and machinery	Furniture and fixtures 傢俱及	Motor vehicles	Construction in progress	Total
		樓宇 RMB'000 人民幣千元	租賃裝修 RMB'000 人民幣千元	廠房及機器 RMB'000 人民幣千元	固定裝置 RMB'000 人民幣千元	汽車 RMB'000 人民幣千元	在建工程 RMB'000 人民幣千元	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost	成本							
As at 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	43,575	981	77,767	2,560	658	2,411	127,952
Additions	添置	3,686	-	614	132	-	15,869	20,301
Transfers	轉撥	_	-	589	16	-	(605)	_
Disposals	出售			(483)	(33)	_	(2)	(518)
As at 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	47,261	981	78,487	2,675	658	17,673	147,735
As at 1 January 2021	於2021年1月1日	47,261	981	78,487	2,675	658	17,673	147,735
Additions	添置	_	895	1,094	192	641	72,971	75,793
Transfers	轉撥	40,892	_	9,908	877	_	(51,677)	_
Transfer to investment property	轉入投資物業	(41,443)	_	_	_	_	_	(41,443)
Disposals/Written-off	出售/撤銷		(9,397)	_	(1,220)	(17)	(86)	(10,720)
As at 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	37,313	1,876	88,269	3,727	1,213	38,967	171,365
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊							
As at 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	20,397	556	42,455	2,384	594	_	66,386
Charge for the year	年內支出	3,601	128	5,297	103	12	_	9,141
Written back on disposals	出售時撥回	_		(459)	(27)	_	_	(486)
As at 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	23,998	684	47,293	2,460	606		75,041
As at 1 January 2021	於2021年1月1日	23,998	684	47,293	2,460	606	_	75,041
Charge for the year	年內支出	3,853	188	5,478	181	24	_	9,724
Transfer to investment property	轉入投資物業	(327)	_	_	_	_	_	(327)
Written back on disposals/written-off	出售/撒銷時撥回	(4,304)		(1,031)	(17)	(81)	_	(5,433)
As at 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	23,220	872	51,740	2,624	549	_	79,005
Net book amount	賬面淨值							
As at 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	23,263	297	31,194	215	52	17,673	72,694
As at 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	14,093	1,004	36,529	1,103	664	38,967	92,360

綜合財務報表附註

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(Continued)

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's property, plant and machinery with aggregate net book amount of RMB70.769.000 (2020: RMB46,494,000) were pledged to secure the bank borrowings granted to the Group (Note 34).

Included in the net carrying amount of property, plant and equipment is right-of-use assets as follows:

12. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

於2021年12月31日,本集團已抵押總賬面淨 值 為 人 民 幣70.769.000元(2020年: 人 民 幣 46,494,000元)的物業、廠房及機器以取得授予 本集團的銀行借款(附註34)。

計入物業、廠房及設備的賬面值淨額內的使用 權資產如下:

> 2021 2020 2021年 2020年 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元

樓宇 1.352 Buildings 2,996

The above right-of-use assets is depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful life or lease term as follows:

Buildings

5% or shorter of the lease term

During the year ended 31 December 2021, expenses of RMB337,000 (2020: RMB216,000) related to short-term leases was recognised in profit or loss.

上述使用權資產的估計可使用年期或和期以直 線法減值如下:

樓宇

5%或租期較短者

截至2021年12月31日止年度,人民幣337,000元 (2020年: 人民幣216,000元)的開支與短期租賃 有關,並已於損益中予以確認。

綜合財務報表附註

13. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

13. 投資物業

		RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost	成本	
At 1 January 2020, 31 December 2020	於2020年1月1日、2020年12月31日及	
and 1 January 2021	2021年1月1日	_
Transfer from property, plant and equipment	轉出物業、廠房及設備	41,443
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	41,443
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	
At 1 January 2020, 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於2020年1月1日、2020年12月31日及	
	2021年1月1日	_
Transfer from property, plant and equipment	轉出物業、廠房及設備	327
Charge for the year	年內支出	164
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	491
Net book amount	賬面淨值	
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	40,952

Details the Group's investment property and information about the fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period are as follows. The levels are based on the observability and significance of inputs to the measurements, as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, and not using significant unobservable inputs.
- Level 3: significant unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

於報告期末,本集團的投資物業及有關公平值層級資料的詳情如下。以下各等級乃基於輸入值在計量時可否觀察及是否重大劃分:

- 第一級:相同資產及負債在活躍市場未經調整的報價。
- 第二級:除第一級包括的報價外,可直接或 間接觀察的資產或負債輸入值,且並無涉 及重大不可觀察的輸入值。
- 第三級:重大不可觀察的資產或負債輸入值。

綜合財務報表附註

13. INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Continued)

13. 投資物業(續)

As at 31 December 2021 於2021年12月31日

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
第一級	第二級	第三級	總計
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Recurring fair value measurement

經常性公平值計量

- Factory building in the PRC

一於中國的廠房

42,000

42,000

42.000

42.000

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: nil).

The Group's investment property was revalued at 31 December 2021 by an independent professional qualified valuer. The Group's management has discussion with the valuer on the valuation assumptions when the valuation is performed at the end of reporting period.

The fair value of the factory building in the PRC is estimated using an income approach which capitalises the estimated rental income stream, net of projected operating costs, using a discount rate derived from market yields implied by recent transactions in similar properties. When actual rent differs materially from the estimated rents, adjustments have been made to the estimated rental value. The estimated rental stream takes into account current occupancy level, estimates of future vacancy level, the terms of leases and expectations for rentals from future leases over the remaining economic life of the properties.

截至2021年12月31日 止年度,第一級與第二級 之間概無發生轉撥(2020年:無)。

本集團的投資物業於2021年12月31日獲獨立合 資格專業估值師重新估值。於報告期末進行估 值時,本集團的管理層已就估值的假設與估值 師展開討論。

於中國的廠房採用收入法估計公平值,即使用 相似物業於近期交易時的隱含市場孳息率得出 的折現率,將估計的租金收入流扣除預測經營 成本後撥充資本。當實際租金與估計租金出現 重大差異時,估計租金值則會作出調整。估計 租金流經計及當前出租率、估計的未來空置率、 租賃條款,以及按物業的剩餘經濟壽命預測未 來租賃的租金。

綜合財務報表附註

14. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

As at the date of this report, the Company had direct and indirect interest in the following subsidiaries, all of which are private limited liability companies, and the particulars of which are set out below:

14.於附屬公司的權益

於本報告日期,本公司於以下附屬公司(均為私人有限責任公司)擁有直接及間接權益,詳情載列如下:

Company name	Place and date of incorporation and operation 註冊成立及 經營地點及日期	Registered / Issued and paid up capital 已註冊/已發行 及繳足資本	As at 31 Dece 於12月31日		As at the date of this report 於本報告日期	Principal activities 主要業務
A F) 니캠	紅呂也淵及日別	以	2021	2020	итжана	工女未切
			2021年	2020年		
Directly held: 直接持有:						
Lion Courage Enterprises Limited <i>(note a)</i> Lion Courage Enterprises Limited <i>(附註a)</i>	BVI, 23 October 2018 英屬處女群島, 2018年10月23日	USD100 100美元	100%	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Virtuous Way Limited 賢途有限公司	BVI, 22 August 2018 英屬處女群島·2018年8月22日	USD100 100美元	100%	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Indirectly held: 間接持有:						
Vanov Tianhe International Holdings Limited 環龍天和國際控股有限公司	Hong Kong, 30 November 2018 香港·2018年11月30日	HKD10,000 10,000港元	100%	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
成都環龍賦能科技有限公司 Chengdu Huanlong Funeng Technology Co., Ltd.*	The PRC, 28 February 2019	RMB1,000,000	100%	100%	100%	Investment holding
成都環龍賦能科技有限公司 成都環龍立欣科技有限公司 Chengdu Huanlong Lixin	中國·2019年2月28日 The PRC, 27 March 2019	人民幣1,000,000元 RMB1,000,000	99%	99%	99%	投資控股 Investment holding
Technology Limited* 成都環龍立欣科技有限公司	中國,2019年3月27日	人民幣1,000,000元				投資控股
Marvel Dragon Development Limited 億龍發展有限公司	Hong Kong, 6 July 2018 香港·2018年7月6日	HKD 100 100港元	100%	100%	100%	Investment Holding 投資控股
四川環龍技術織物有限公司 Sichuan Huanlong Technology Fabrics Co., Ltd*	The PRC, 7 February 2007	RMB40,650,000	99%	99%	99%	Manufacturing and sales of papermaking felts
四川環龍技術織物有限公司	中國,2007年2月7日	人民幣40,650,000元				造紙毛毯的製造及 銷售
上海金熊造紙網發有限公司 Shanghai Jinxiong Paper Making Net Carpet Co., Ltd*	The PRC, 31 October 2000	RMB35,590,000	100%	100%	100%	Manufacturing and sales of papermaking felts
上海金熊造紙網毯有限公司	中國,2000年10月31日	人民幣35,590,000元				造紙毛毯的製造及 銷售

^{*} The translation of name in English is for identification purposes only.

The above table includes subsidiaries of the Company which principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group.

上表載列的本公司附屬公司乃對本集團年度業 績構成主要影響,或組成本集團資產淨值主要 部分的附屬公司。

^{*} 英文譯名僅供識別。

綜合財務報表附註

15. LAND LEASE PREPAYMENT

15.土地租賃預付款項

2021 2020 2021年 2020年 RMB'000 **RMB'000** 人民幣千元 人民幣千元

The Group's land lease prepayments comprise: 本集團的土地租賃

預付款項包括:

The PRC, held on: 中國,以下列租約持有:

5,518 5,856 Leases of between 10 to 50 years - 10至50年的租約 Carrying amount at the beginning of the year 年初賬面值 5.856 6.194 Depreciation 折舊 (338)(338)年末賬面值 Carrying amount at the end of the year 5,518 5,856

The leasehold land is situated in the PRC and held under medium lease. As at 31 December 2021, the Group's land lease prepayment with a carrying amount of RMB5,518,000 (2020: RMB5,856,000) were pledged to a bank to secure bank borrowings granted to the Group (Note 34).

租賃土地位於中國,並以中期租約持有。於 2021年12月31日,本集團向銀行抵押賬面值為 人民幣5,518,000元(2020年:人民幣5,856,000 元)的土地租賃預付款項,以取得授予本集團的 銀行借款(附註34)。

綜合財務報表附註

16.INTANGIBLE ASSETS

16.無形資產

		Trademarks 商標 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Computer software 電腦軟件 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Capitalised development costs 資本化開發成本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Construction in progress 在建工程 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost	成本					
As at 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	32,454	615	7,863	4,481	45,413
Additions	添置	_	96	_	1,474	1,570
Additions from internal developments	內部開發添置	_	_	_	6,644	6,644
Transfer	轉撥	_	_	4,481	(4,481)	
As at 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	32,454	711	12,344	8,118	53,627
As at 1 January 2021	於2021年1月1日	32,454	711	12,344	8,118	53,627
Additions	添置	_	199	_	699	898
Additions from internal developments	內部開發添置	_	_	_	11,410	11,410
Transfer	轉撥			14,556	(14,556)	
As at 30 December 2021	於2021年12月30日	32,454	910	26,900	5,671	65,935
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷					
As at 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	_	51	1,207	_	1,258
Charge for the year	年內支出		29	1,232		1,261
As at 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	_	80	2,439	_	2,519
As at 1 January 2021	於 2021 年 1 月1日	_	80	2,439	_	2,519
Charge for the year	年內支出		65	2,010		2,075
As at 30 December 2021	於2021年12月30日	_	145	4,449	_	4,594
Net book amount	賬面淨值					
As at 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	32,454	631	9,905	8,118	51,108
As at 30 December 2021	於2021年12月30日	32,454	765	22,451	5,671	61,341

綜合財務報表附註

16.INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Intangible assets mainly represent:

- (1) the trademarks were acquired from the non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary. The trademarks were regarded as having indefinite useful lives because in opinion of the directors of the Group, they are capable of being renewed indefinitely at insignificant cost;
- (2) computer software were acquired from third parties; and
- (3) capitalised development costs generated through internal research and developments and capitalised technical know-hows by the Group.

The Group assesses the useful lives capitalised developments costs by considering the economic life cycles, continuous technological advancement of the patents, the experience on previous products of the Group and contractual legal rights of the patents, it is concluded that the useful lives of these patents are 10 years.

The amortisation charge for the year ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 is included in "Administrative and other operating expenses" in the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Impairment testing

The trademarks with indefinite useful lives and the intangible assets that under construction in progress which not yet available for use have been allocated to the relevant cashgenerating units (the "CGU") which is the same for impairment testing.

The recoverable amount of the CGU has been determined based on value in use calculations, covering a detailed fiveyear budget plan, followed by an extrapolation of expected cash flows at the average growth rates of 4% (2020: 4%).

16.無形資產(續)

無形資產主要指:

- (1) 自附屬公司的非控股股東收購所得的商標。 商標被視為具有無限可使用年期,因為本 集團董事認為該等商標能夠以極低成本無 限期重續;
- (2) 自第三方購入的電腦軟件;及
- (3) 本集團通過內部研發及資本化技術知識產 生的資本化開發成本。

本集團透過考慮經濟生命週期、專利的持續技 術進步、本集團鍋往產品的經驗及專利的合約 合法權利,以評估資本化開發成本的可使用年期, 本集團認為該等專利的可使用年期為10年。

截至2021年及2020年12月31日 止年度,攤銷費 用已計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表的「行政及 其他經營開支」。

減值測試

具無限可使用年期的商標及尚未可供使用的在 建無形資產已分配至作相同減值測試的相關現 金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)。

現金產生單位的可收回金額按使用價值計算而 釐定,涵蓋一個詳細的五年預算計劃,隨後按4% (2020年:4%)的平均增長率外推預期現金流量。

綜合財務報表附註

16.INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Impairment testing (Continued)

As at 31 December 2021, the discount rates applied to the cash flow projections were 13.9% (2020: 13.0%). The key assumptions for the Group has been determined by the Group's management based on past performance and its expectations for the industry development. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflects specific risks relating to the segment.

Based on the above key assumptions, as at 31 December 2021 the recoverable amount would exceed the carrying amounts of the CGU by not less than approximately RMB49.3 million (2020: RMB57.0 million). If the growth rate decreased by 1% or the discount rate (pre-tax) increased by 1%, the recoverable amount of the relevant CGU would be dropped by approximately RMB7.1 million and RMB9.2 million as at 31 December 2021 (2020: RMB7.3 million and RMB9.8 million).

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, a reasonably possible change in key parameters would not cause the carrying amount of the relevant CGU to exceed the recoverable amount. If the growth rate decreased by 25% or discount rate increased by 12% as at 31 December 2021 (as at 31 December 2020: the growth rate decreased by 25% or discount rate increased by 13%), the recoverable amount of the relevant CGU would be approximated to its carrying amount.

In the opinion of the directors, there is no reasonably possible change in the key assumptions on which the recoverable amount of the trademarks is based that would cause the carrying amounts to exceed the recoverable amount.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's intangible assets with a carrying amount of nil (2020: RMB3,531,000) were pledged to a bank to secure bank borrowings granted to the Group (Note 34).

16.無形資產(續)

減值測試(續)

現金流量預測所應用貼現率於2021年12月31日 為13.9%(2020年:13.0%)。本集團的主要假設 由本集團管理層根據過去表現及對行業發展的 預期釐定。所使用貼現率未計及税項,反映分 部相關的具體風險。

根據上述主要假設,於2021年12月31日,可收回金額分別將超過現金產生單位的賬面值不少於約人民幣49.3百萬元(2020年:人民幣57.0百萬元)。倘增長率減少1%或貼現率(除税前)增加1%,則於2021年12月31日相關現金產生單位的可收回金額將減少約人民幣7.1百萬元及人民幣9.2百萬元(2020年:人民幣7.3百萬元及人民幣9.8百萬元)。

本公司董事認為,主要參數的合理可能變動不會導致相關現金產生單位的賬面值超過可收回金額。倘於2021年12月31日的增長率減少25%或貼現率增加12%(2020年12月31日:增長率減少25%或貼現率增加13%),則相關現金產生單位的可收回金額將與其賬面值相若。

董事認為,為商標可收回金額基礎的主要假設 並無合理可能變動,導致賬面值超出可收回金 額。

於2021年12月31日,本集團概無抵押無形資產 (2020年:抵押賬面值為人民幣3,531,000元的 無形資產)予銀行以取得授予本集團的銀行借款 (附註34)。

綜合財務報表附註

17. INVENTORIES

17. 存貨

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Raw materials	原材料	5,636	5,448
Work-in-progress	在建工程	4,596	2,922
Finished goods	成品	2,363	2,831
		12,595	11,201
Less: provision for inventories	減:存貨撥備	(692)	(1,167)
		11,903	10,034
Analysis of the provision for inventory wr	ite down is as below:	存貨撇減撥備的分析如下:	
		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At the beginning of the year	於年初	1,167	1,917
Reversal for the year	年內撥回	(475)	(750)
	VI (= 1		
At the end of the year	於年末	692	1,167

During the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2021, the reversal of provision for inventory arose from sale of obsolete inventory.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's inventories of nil (2020: RMB2,421,000) were pledged to a bank to secure bank borrowings granted to the Group (Note 34).

截至2020年及2021年12月31日止年度,存貨撥 備撥回乃由於出售過時存貨產生。

於2021年12月31日,本集團概無抵押存貨(2020 年:抵押人民幣2,421,000元的存貨)予銀行,以 取得授予本集團的銀行借款(附註34)。

綜合財務報表附註

18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

2021 2020 2021年 2020年 **RMB'000** RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Trade receivables 貿易應收款項 Third parties - 第三方 135,298 110,475 - Related parties —關聯方 710 577 Bills receivables 應收票據 15,553 27,408 Less: Loss allowance provision 減:虧損撥備 (3,639)(5,724)

18. 貿易及其他應收款項

Prepayments	預付款項	844	3,004
Prepaid listing expenses	預付上市開支	3,805	3,141
Other receivables	其他應收款項	906	2,230

5,555 8,375

132,736

141,111

The directors considered that the fair values of trade and other receivables are not materially different from their carrying amounts. As at 31 December 2021, the Group's trade receivables of nil (2020: RMB15,782,000) were pledged to secure bank borrowings granted to the Group (Note 34).

董事認為貿易及其他應收款項的公平值與其賬面值並無重大差異。於2021年12月31日,本集團概無抵押貿易應收款項(2020年:抵押人民幣15,782,000元的貿易應收款項)以取得授予本集團的銀行借款(附註34)。

153,477

147,922

綜合財務報表附註

18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

As at each reporting date, the ageing analysis of trade receivables based on the delivery date is as follows:

18.貿易及其他應收款項(續)

於各報告日期,根據交付日期作出的貿易應收 款項賬齡分析如下:

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within 90 days	90天內	92,081	73,589
91 days to 180 days	91天至180天	25,505	20,472
181 days to 365 days	181天至365天	11,724	11,314
Over 365 days	365天以上	6,698	5,677
		136,008	111,052

The bills represent promissory notes issued by banks received by the Group from customers who discharge their liabilities to pay the Group for the goods or services invoiced. These bills are endorsable, unsecured, non-interest bearing and matured within 1 year.

As at 31 December 2021, included in the balances, bills receivables of RMB3,821,000 (2020: nil) were discounted with recourse. These bills receivables were not derecognised as the title of these bills receivables were not transferred to the counterparties. In the other hand, as at 31 December 2021, discounted bills financing of RMB3,821,000 (2020: nil) was recognised for the cash received (Note 23).

The ageing analysis of bills receivables presented based on issue date at the end of each reporting period is as follows:

票據指本集團從客戶收取由銀行發出的承兑票據, 有關客戶就發票貨品或服務履行向本集團的付 款責任。該等票據為可背書、無抵押、不計息 及於1年內到期。

於2021年12月31日,計入結餘的應收票據中,人 民幣3.821.000元(2020年:零)已貼現並具有追 索權。該等應收票據尚未被終止確認,乃由於 該等應收票據的所有權並未轉移至對手方。另 一方面,於2021年12月31日,已就收取的現金確 認貼現票據融資人民幣3,821,000元(2020年:零) (附註23)。

根據各報告期末發行日期呈列的應收票據賬齡 分析如下:

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
0-90 days	0至90天	10,184	12,894
91–180 days	91至180天	4,839	12,395
181–365 days	181至365天	530	2,119
		15,553	27,408

綜合財務報表附註

18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

Bills receivables endorsed

Not included in the years end balances, during the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group has transferred bills receivables amounted to RMB106,335,000 (2020: RMB80,189,000) to settle its payables through endorsing the bills to its suppliers. Under the bills arrangements, the Group has also transferred bills receivables amounted to nil (2020: RMB281,000) to the parties under Bills-To-Cash/ Bills Arrangement and to customers under Bills Change Arrangement during the year ended 31 December 2021. In accordance with the Law of Negotiable Instruments in the PRC, the endorsee of the bills have a right of recourse against the endorser if the issuing banks default. For those endorsed to its suppliers, the Group has derecognised these bills receivables and the trade and other payables in their entirety. For those endorsed under Bills-To-Cash/Bills Arrangement or Bills Change Arrangement, the Group has also derecognised these bills receivables in their entirety and recognised the corresponding amount of cash and/or endorsed bank acceptance bills of total equal value. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of these bills to the endorsee. The Group has limited exposure in respect of the settlement obligation of these bills receivables under relevant PRC rules and regulations should the issuing banks failed to settle the bills on maturity date. The Group considered the issuing banks of the bills are of good credit quality and the risk of non-settlement by the issuing banks on maturity is insignificant.

As at 31 December 2021, the maximum exposure to loss, which is same as the amount payable by the Group to the endorsee in respect of the endorsed bills, should the issuing banks fail to settle the bills on maturity date amounted to RMB106,335,000 (2020: RMB80,470,000). All the bills receivables endorsed have a maturity date of less than one year from the end of each reporting period.

18.貿易及其他應收款項(續)

已背書應收票據

不計入年末結餘,於截至2021年12月31日止年 度,本集團已轉讓應收票據人民幣106.335,000 元(2020年:人民幣80,189,000元),以向其供應 商透過背書該等票據結算其應付款項。根據票 據安排,本集團並無於截至2021年12月31日止 年度根據票據兑現/票據安排向各方轉讓,或 根據票據差額安排向客戶轉讓應收票據(2020 年:人民幣281,000元)。根據中國票據法,如發 出票據的銀行違約,票據的被背書人可向背書 人行使追索權。就向其供應商背書的票據而言, 本集團已悉數終止確認該等應收票據及貿易及 其他應付款項。就根據票據兑現/票據安排或 票據差額安排背書的票據而言,本集團已全額 終止確認該等應收票據,並確認相應金額的現 金及/或總價值相等的背書銀行承兑票據。本 公司董事認為,本集團已將該等票據所有權的 絕大部分風險及回報轉移至有關被背書人。根 據中國相關規則及法規,倘發行銀行未能於到 期日結算票據,本集團就該等應收票據承受的 結算責任之風險有限。本集團認為票據發行銀 行具良好信貸質量,且發行銀行於到期時未能 結算的風險屬微不足道。

於2021年12月31日,倘發行銀行未能於到期日 償付票據,則最大虧損風險相等於本集團就已 背書票據應付有關被背書人的金額為人民幣 106,335,000元(2020年:人民幣80,470,000元)。 所有已背書應收票據之到期日自報告期末起計 均少於一年。

綜合財務報表附註

18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

Bills receivables endorsed (Continued)

The movement in the ECL allowance of trade and bills receivables is as follows:

18.貿易及其他應收款項(續)

已背書應收票據(續)

貿易應收款項及應收票據的預期信貸虧損撥備 變動如下:

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At the beginning of the year	於年初	5,724	4,268
Amounts written off	已撇銷金額	(2,083)	_
(Reversal of)/Provision of ECL allowance	預期信貸虧損		
	(撥備撥回)/撥備	(2)	1,456
At the end of the year	於年末	3,639	5,724

As at 31 December 2021, included in the balance of loss allowance provision are individually impaired trade receivables with an aggregate balance of RMB1,187,000 (2020: RMB1,652,000), with reference to the historical experience of these receivables, the collection of these receivables may not be recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

Further details of the Group's credit policy and credit risk arising from trade and other receivables are set out in Note 35.4.

於2021年12月31日, 虧損機備結餘包括個別減 值的貿易應收款項的總結餘為人民幣1.187.000 元(2020年: 人民幣1,652,000元),而參考該等 應收款項的過往經驗,該等應收款項未必可收 回。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押品。

本集團的信貸政策及貿易及其他應收款項產生 的信貸風險詳情載於附註35.4。

綜合財務報表附註

19. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT AND RESTRICTED BANK DEPOSIT

19. 現金及現金等價物以及受限制銀行存款

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	12,609	30,775
Less: Restricted bank deposit	減:受限制銀行存款		(1,000)
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	12,609	29,775

Cash at banks earns interests at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. As at 31 December 2020, the restricted bank deposit was denominated in RMB carried 0.35% interest at prevailing market rate and pledged to a bank to secure bank borrowings granted to the Group (Note 34).

銀行現金按根據每日銀行存款利率計算的浮動利率賺取利息。於2021年12月31日,受限制銀行存款(以人民幣計值)的利息為0.35%,按現行市場利率計算,並已抵押予一間銀行以取得授予本集團的銀行借款(附註34)。

2021

2021年

2020

2020年

20.CONTRACT LIABILITIES

to be recognise:

— within one year

Amount received in advance for sales of papermaking felts products expected

20. 合約負債

	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
預期就銷售造紙毛毯產品		
預先收取的款項將於以		
下期間確認:		
— 一年內	512	739

Contract liabilities represent the deposits received from the customers in advance of the transfer of papermaking felts to the customers.

For the contract liabilities as at 31 December 2021, the balances of RMB200,000 (2020: RMB424,000) are recognised as revenue to profit or loss within one year after the end of each reporting period.

合約負債即就向客戶轉移造紙毛毯前的已收客 戶按金。

於2021年12月31日的合約負債而言,人民幣 200,000元(2020年:人民幣424,000元)的結餘 已在報告期末後一年內悉數於損益確認為收益。

綜合財務報表附註

21. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

21. 貿易及其他應付款項

		2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項		
— Third parties	—第三方	25,016	19,054
Other payables	其他應付款項		
Other payables	其他應付款項	4,460	3,237
Construction payables	應付工程款項	4,547	_
Accrued salaries	應計工資款項	5,411	4,337
Receipt in advance from a tenant	預收租戶款項	1,225	_
Accruals	應計款項	1,334	177
Accrued listing expenses	應計上市開支	5,604	8,425
Warranty provision	保養撥備	4,605	3,932
Provision for legal claim	法律申索撥備	· –	1,903
Other tax payables	其他應付税項	6,591	6,156
		33,777	28,167
		58,793	47,221

綜合財務報表附註

21. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

The Group is granted by its suppliers a credit periods of 30 to 90 days. Based on the invoice dates, the ageing analysis of the trade payables is as follows:

21. 貿易及其他應付款項(續)

本集團獲其供應商授予30至90天的信貸期。根據發票日期,貿易應付款項的賬齡分析如下:

		25,016	19,054
Over 365 days	365天以上	1,510	872
181 days to 365 days	180天至365天	1,049	1,568
91 days to 180 days	91天至180天	1,622	2,087
61 days to 90 days	61天至90天	2,585	1,920
31 days to 60 days	31天至60天	6,961	4,646
Within 30 days	30天內	11,289	7,961
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		2021年	2020年
		2021	2020

The carrying values of trade and other payables are considered to be reasonable approximation of their fair values.

The movement in the warranty provision is as follows:

貿易及其他應付款項的賬面值被視為合理地與 其公平值相若。

保養撥備的變動如下:

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Product warranties:	產品保養:		
At beginning of year	於年初	3,932	3,422
Provision for the year	年內撥備	4,115	3,928
Utilisation for the year	年內使用	(3,442)	(3,418)
At end of year	年末	4,605	3,932

The warranty provision represents management's best estimate of the Group's liability under 45 to 120 days warranty granted on papermaking felts, based on prior experience and industry averages for defective products.

保養撥備指管理層對本集團就造紙毛毯提供45 至120天保養(根據過往經驗及有關缺陷產品的 行業常規得出)所承擔責任的最佳估計。

綜合財務報表附註

22.LEASE LIABILITIES

22. 租賃負債

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Total minimum lease payment due:	應付最低租賃付款總額:		
— Within one year	—一年內	1,367	1,648
— After one year but within two years	—超過一年但少於兩年	<u> </u>	1,367
		1,367	3,015
Future finance charges on leases liabilities	租賃負債未來融資費用	(29)	(132)
Present value of lease liabilities	租賃負債現值	1,338	2 002
Present value of lease nabilities	但貝貝貝切旧	1,330	2,883
		2024	0000
		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Present value of minimum lease payments:	最低租賃付款現值:		
— Within one year	—一年內	1,338	1,545
— After one year but within two years	—超過一年但少於兩年		1,338
		1,338	2,883
Less: Portion due within one year included under	減:流動負債項下的一年內	1,000	2,000
current liabilities	到期部分	(1,338)	(1,545)
	北流縣在唐荷丁也。 左位		
Portion due after one year included under non- current liabilities	非流動負債項下的一年後 到期部分	_	1,338

The Group leases properties for operation and these lease liabilities were measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not yet paid. All leases are entered at fixed prices and typically made for fixed periods of 1 to 5 years, lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis.

The Group does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities. Lease liabilities are monitored within the Group's treasury function.

The total cash outflows for leases including the payments of lease liabilities for the year ended 31 December 2021 were RMB1,985,000 (2020: RMB1,534,000).

本集團就經營而租用物業,該等租賃負債按尚 未支付的租賃付款的現值計量。所有租賃均以 固定價格及一般以1至5年的固定租期訂立。租 期乃按個別基準磋商而定。

本集團並無就有關其租賃負債面對重大流動資 金風險。本集團的庫務部門監察租賃負債。

截至2021年12月31日止年度,租賃的現金流出 總額(包括租賃負債的付款)為人民幣1,985,000 元(2020年:人民幣1,534,000元)。

綜合財務報表附註

23. DISCOUNTED BILLS FINANCING

The balance represents borrowings from banks by discounting, with recourse, bills receivables to the Group which were endorsed by third parties. The Group continues to recognise the carrying amount of the underlying bills receivables, as presented in Note 18, since the title of receivables was not transferred to the counterparties.

24.BANK BORROWINGS

Bank borrowings were carried at amortised cost, secured and repayable within one year.

23. 貼現票據融資

該結餘指通過貼現本集團具追索權的應收票據 而取得的銀行借款,該等借款由第三方背書。 由於應收款項的所有權並無轉移至對手方,因 此本集團繼續確認附註18所呈列相關應收票據 的賬面值。

24.銀行借款

銀行借款乃按攤銷成本列賬、已抵押及須於一 年內償還。

2021	2020
2021年	2020年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Bank loans, secured:

— repayable within one year

銀行貸款,有抵押:

—須於一年內償還 **105,000** 115,000

As at 31 December 2021, the effective interest rate of the bank borrowings were at 6.06% (2020: 6.05%) per annum.

The bank borrowings were secured by:

- (a) pledged assets (Note 34);
- (b) personal guarantee provided by the Controlling Shareholders; and
- (c) corporate guarantee provided by a related party.

The personal guarantee provided by the Controlling Shareholders and corporate guarantee provided by a related party mentioned above has been subsequently released after the end of reporting period.

於2021年12月31日,銀行借款的實際年利率為6.06%(2020年:6.05%)。

銀行借款由以下各項擔保:

- (a) 已抵押資產(附註34);
- (b) 由控股股東提供的個人擔保;及
- (c) 由關聯方提供的公司擔保。

控股股東提供的個人擔保及上述關聯方提供的 公司擔保已於報告期末之後解除。

綜合財務報表附註

25.OTHER BORROWING

25. 其他借款

		2021 2021年	2020 2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Other borrowing	其他借款		
— repayable within one year	—須於一年內償還	8,326	_
— repayable in the second to fifth year inclusive	—須於第二至第五年(包括		
	首尾兩年)償還	14,208	
		22,534	_

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group entered into sale and leaseback agreements amounting to RMB26,949,000 with leasing companies for acquisition of machinery and equipment and motor vehicle ("Secured Assets") amounting to RMB36,926,000 for a period of 1 to 3 years. On loan drawdown date, the amount of RMB26,949,000 was directly transferred from the leasing companies to the suppliers of the Secured Assets. Upon maturity, the Group will be entitled to purchase the Secured Assets. As at 31 December 2021, one of the sale and leaseback agreement amounting to RMB400,000 has been settled before maturity and the related Secured Assets amounting to RMB506,000 has been purchased by the Group.

The effective interest rates underlying the contract is 7.2% (2020: nil) per annum.

Sale and leaseback obligation of RMB22,534,000 as at 31 December 2021 was secured by the Group's construction in progress, the total carrying amount of which was RMB29,998,000 (Note 12) and personal guarantee provided by the Controlling Shareholders. The personal guarantee provided by the Controlling Shareholders has been subsequently released after the end of reporting date.

截至2021年12月31日止年度,本集團與租賃公 司訂立金額為人民幣26,949,000元的售後回租 協議,以獲得人民幣36,926,000元的機器及設 備以及汽車(「抵押資產」),為期一至三年。於貸 款提取日期,人民幣26.949.000元由該租賃公司 直接轉讓予抵押資產的供應商。於到期時,本 集團將有權購買有抵押資產。於2021年12月31 日,其中一份價值人民幣400,000元的售後回租 協議已於到期前解除,且本集團已購買人民幣 506.000元的有關抵押資產。

合約的相關實際年利率為7.2%(2020年:無)。

於2021年12月31日的售後回租責任為人民幣 22,534,000元,由本集團的在建工程(賬面總值 為人民幣29,998,000元,附註12)及控股股東提 供的個人擔保作抵押。控股股東提供的個人擔 保已於報告期末之後解除。

綜合財務報表附註

26.DEFERRED TAX

26. 遞延税項

The movements in deferred tax assets/(liabilities) are as follows:

遞延税項資產/(負債)的變動如下:

Deferred Tax Assets

遞延税項資產

				Provision		
		Accelerated	Provision	of allowance	Unrealised	
		tax	for	on	profit in	
		depreciation	inventories	receivable	inventories	Total
		加速		應收	未變現	
		税項折舊	存貨撥備	款項撥備	存貨溢利	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
As at 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	33	288	579	42	942
Credited to/(Recognised in)	於損益中計入/(確認)					
profit or loss (Note 8)	(附註8)	(33)	(113)	280	10	144
As at 31 December 2020 and	於2020年12月31日及					
1 January 2021	2021年1月1日	_	175	859	52	1,086
Credited to/(Recognised in)	於損益中計入/(確認)					
profit or loss (Note 8)	(附註8)		(71)	(313)	18	(366)
As at 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	_	104	546	70	720

Deferred Tax Liabilities

遞延税項負債

		Accelerated tax depreciation 加速税項折舊 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
As at 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	_	(117)	(117)
Recognised in profit or loss (Note 8)	於損益中確認(附註8)	(648)	(49)	(697)
As at 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於2020年12月31日及 2021年1月1日	(648)	(166)	(814)
Recognised in profit or loss (Note 8)	於損益中確認(附註8)	(1,466)	(1)	(1,467)
As at 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	(2,114)	(167)	(2,281)

綜合財務報表附註

26.DEFERRED TAX (Continued)

Deferred Tax Liabilities (Continued)

As at 31 December 2021, deferred tax liabilities has not been recognised on the aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with the undistributed profits of Sichuan Huanlong for the withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of approximately RMB166,253,000 (2020: RMB115,266,000) that are subject to withholding taxes. The Company controls the dividend policy of Sichuan Huanlong and it is not probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future.

26. 遞延税項(續)

遞延税項負債(續)

於2021年12月31日,尚未就四川環龍未分配利 潤與未匯出收入應繳預扣税相關的暫時性差異 總額確認遞延税項負債,需要繳納預扣税的未 匯出收入約為人民幣166,253,000元(2020年:人 民幣115.266.000元)。本公司控制四川環龍的股 息政策,故該暫時性差異於可見將來不大可能 逆轉。

27. SHARE CAPITAL

27. 股本

		No. of shares 股份數目	RMB'000 人民幣千元
		11X 137 3X FI	X 10 11 1 70
Authorised:	法定:		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	每股面值0.01港元的普通股		
As at 1 January 2020, 31 December 2020	於2020年1月1日、2020年12月31日		
and 1 January 2021	以及 2021 年1月1日	38,000,000	335
Increase in authorised share capital	增加法定股本	1,962,000,000	24,020
As at 31 December 2021	2021年12月31日	2,000,000,000	24,355
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:		
As at 1 January 2020, 31 December 2020	於2020年1月1日、2020年12月31日		
and 30 December 2021	以及2021年12月30日	12,000	1

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 5 November 2018 with an authorised share capital of HK\$380,000 divided into 38,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each.

本公司於2018年11月5日在開曼群島註冊成立, 法定股本為380,000港元,分為38,000,000股每 股面值0.01港元的普通股。

綜合財務報表附註

27. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

On 9 December 2021, the shareholders resolved to increase the authorised share capital of the Company from HK\$380,000 to HK\$20,000,000 by the creation of 1,962,000,000 additional shares, each ranking pari passu with the shares then in issue in all respects.

Pursuant to the resolutions of the shareholders passed on 9 December 2021, subject to the share premium account of the Company being credited as a result of the global offering, the directors were authorised to allot and issue a total of 365,788,000 shares credited as fully paid at par to the holders of the shares on the register of members of the Company at the close of business on 8 December 2021 in proportion to their shareholdings by way of capitalisation of the sum of HK\$3,657,880 standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company (the "Capitalisation Issue"). The Capitalisation Issue is effective upon listing on 11 January 2022, pursuant to the written resolutions of the shareholders passed on 22 December 2021. The shares allotted and issued rank pari passu in all respects with the existing issued shares.

28. RESERVES

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's equity is set out in the consolidated statements of changes in equity.

Statutory reserve

In accordance with the Company Law of the PRC, each of the company that was registered in the PRC is required to appropriate 10% of the annual statutory profit after tax (after offsetting any prior years' losses), determined in accordance with the PRC accounting standards, to the statutory reserve until the balance of the reserve funds reaches 50% of the entity's registered capital. The statutory reserve can be utilised to offset prior years' losses or to increase capital, provided the remaining balance of the statutory reserve is not less than 25% of the registered capital.

Capital reserve

The capital reserve of the Group represents the aggregate of the share capital of the subsidiaries comprising the Group arising from the Reorganisation.

27. 股本(續)

於2021年12月9日, 股 東 議 決 通 過 增 設 1,962,000,000股額外股份,將本公司的法定股本由380,000港元增加至20,000,000港元,每股股份於所有方面與當時已發行的股份享有同等地位。

根據股東於2021年12月9日通過的決議案,就本公司的股份溢價賬因全球發售而出現進賬,董事獲授權透過將本公司股份溢價賬進賬3,657,880港元撥充資本,根據2021年12月8日結束營業時名列本公司股東名冊的股份持有人所持的股權比例,向彼等配發及發行按面值入賬列作繳足的合共365,788,000股股份(「資本化發行」)。根據股東於2021年12月22日通過的書面決議案,資本化發行自2022年1月11日上市起生效。所配發及發行的股份於各方面與現存已發行股份享有同等地位。

28. 儲備

本集團權益中各部分期初與期末結餘的對賬載 於綜合權益變動表。

法定儲備

根據中國公司法,在中國註冊的各公司須就根據中國會計準則釐定的年度法定除税後溢利(抵銷任何過往年度虧損後)劃撥10%至法定儲備,直至儲備金結餘達到該實體註冊資本的50%為止。法定儲備可用於抵銷過往年度虧損或增加資本,惟法定儲備的餘額不少於註冊資本的25%。

資本儲備

本集團的資本儲備指重組後本集團旗下附屬公 司的股本總數。

綜合財務報表附註

29. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

29.本公司的財務狀況表

			2021	2020
			2021年	2020年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債	773 844		, (, (,),)
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Interests in subsidiaries	於附屬公司的權益		1,594	1,594
0	法毛次支			
Current assets	流動資產	40		0.444
Prepaid listing expenses	預付上市開支	18	3,805	3,141
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Amount due to a subsidiary	應付附屬公司款項		23,739	16,408
Accruals	應計款項		6,404	8,425
			30,143	24,833
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額		(26,338)	(21,692)
Total assets less current liabilities/	總資產減流動負債/負債			
net liabilities	淨額		(24,744)	(20,098)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	27	1	1
Reserves	儲備		(24,745)	(20,099)
Capital deficiencies	資本虧絀		(24,744)	(20,098)

Approved by the Board of Directors on 30 March 2022 and were signed on its behalf.

於2022年3月30日經由董事會批准,並由以下人 士代為簽署。

Shen Genlian 沈根蓮 Director 董事

Xie Zongguo 謝宗國 Director 董事

綜合財務報表附註

29. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

29.本公司的財務狀況表(續)

Note: The movement of the Company's reserves are as follows:

附註:本公司的儲備變動如下:

		Capital reserve 資本儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
As at 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	1,592	(13,185)	(11,593)
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(8,506)	(8,506)
As at 31 December 2020 and	於2020年12月31日及			
1 January 2021	2021年1月1日	1,592	(21,691)	(20,099)
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(4,646)	(4,646)
As at 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	1,592	(26,337)	(24,745)

As at 31 December 2021, the distributable reserves of the Company amounting to nil (2020: nil).

於2021年12月31日,本公司的可分派儲備金額為零(2020年:零)。

30.LEASE COMMITMENTS

short-term leases are as follows:

Within one year

As at end of the reporting date, the lease commitments for

一年內

30. 租賃承擔

於報告日期末,短期租賃的租賃承擔如下:

2021	2020
2021年	2020年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
_	59

As at 31 December 2020, the Group leases properties with a lease period of 12 months, which are qualified to be accounted for short-term lease exemption under HKFRS 16.

於2020年12月31日,本集團以12個月的租期租用物業,根據香港財務報告準則第16號符合計入短期租賃豁免的資格。

綜合財務報表附註

31. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

31. 資本承擔

As at end of the reporting period, the Group has capital commitments are as follows:

於報告期末,本集團的資本承擔如下:

2021 2020 2021年 2020年 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元

Contracted but not provided for property,

已訂約但未撥備的

plant and equipment 物業、廠房及設備 59,972 44,746

32.NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

32. 綜合現金流量表附註

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

融資活動產生的負債對賬:

		Bank borrowings 銀行借款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Other borrowing 其他借款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Discounted bills financing 貼現票據融資 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元
As at 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	117,000	_	450	1,405
Cash flows:	現金流量:				
Proceeds	所得款項	115,000	_	_	_
Repayment	還款	(117,000)	_	(450)	_
Capital element of lease rentals paid	已付租賃租金本金部分	_	_	_	(1,282)
Interest element of lease rentals paid	已付租賃租金利息部分	_	_	_	(36)
Non-cash transaction:	非現金交易:		_	_	_
New lease	新租賃	_	_	_	3,136
Rental concession	租金優惠	_	_	_	(387)
Effect of interest charges	利息費用影響				47
As at 31 December 2020 and	於2020年12月31日及				
1 January 2021	2021年1月1日	115,000	_	_	2,883
Cash flows:	現金流量:				
Proceeds	所得款項	105,000	_	3,821	_
Repayment	還款	(115,000)	(4,415)	_	_
Capital element of lease rentals paid	已付租賃租金本金部分	_	_	_	(1,545)
Interest element of lease rentals paid	已付租賃租金利息部分	_	_	_	(103)
Non-cash transactions:	非現金交易:				
New borrowing (Note 25)	新增借款(<i>附註25</i>)	_	26,949	_	_
Effect of interest charges	利息費用影響				103
As at 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	105,000	22,534	3,821	1,338

綜合財務報表附註

33.RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Save as disclosed in Notes 18 and 24 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with its related parties during the year:

(a) Names and relationship

Name of related party 關聯方名稱

Huanlong Industrial Group Co., Ltd. (環龍工業集團有限公司) (formerly known as Chengdu Huanlong Industrial Felt Group Co., Ltd.* (成都環龍工業用呢集團有限公司)) 環龍工業集團有限公司(前稱成都環龍工業用呢集團有限公司)

Sichuan Huanlong New Material Ltd.* (四川環龍新材料有限公司)

四川環龍新材料有限公司

Sichuan Xilong Biomass Materials Technology Ltd.* (四川 省西龍生物質材料科技有限公司) (formerly known as Sichuan Xilong Paper Ltd.* (四川省西龍紙業有限公司)) 四川省西龍生物質材料科技有限公司 (前稱四川省西龍紙業有限公司)

Sichuan Huanlong Daily Products Ltd.* (四川省環龍生活用品有限公司) (formerly known as Anxian Paper Ltd.* (安縣紙業有限公司))

四川省環龍生活用品有限公司(前稱安縣紙業有限公司)

Chengdu Huanlong Robot Ltd.*

(成都環龍智能系統設備有限公司) 成都環龍智能系統設備有限公司

Mr. Zhou

周先生

Ms. Shen

沈女士

Mr. Xie 謝先生

Ms. Yuan 袁女士

 The translation of name in English is for identification purposes only.

33. 關聯方交易

除綜合財務報表附註18及24所披露者外,本集 團於年內與其關聯方進行了以下交易:

(a) 名稱及關係

Relationship with the Group 與本集團的關係

A company controlled by the Controlling Shareholders

受控股股東控制的公司

The controlling shareholder 控股股東

The controlling shareholder 控股股東

An executive director of the Company 本公司控股股東

An executive director of the Company 本公司控股股東

* 英文譯名僅供識別。

綜合財務報表附註

33.RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

33. 關聯方交易(續)

(Continued)

(b) Related party transactions

(b) 關聯方交易

			2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
(i)	Material transactions with related parties 與關聯方的重大交易			
(1)	Name of related party 以下的一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个	Nature 性質		
	Sichuan Huanlong New Material Ltd. 四川環龍新材料有限公司	Sales 銷售	574	371
	Sichuan Huanlong Daily Products Ltd. 四川省環龍生活用品有限公司	Sales 銷售	1,121	617
	Key management personnel compensation 主要管理人員報酬			
	Salaries, allowances and benefits	薪金、津貼及		
	Contribution to defined contribution retirement plans	福利 界定供款退休	3,242	1,466
		計劃供款	220	73

3,462

1,539

綜合財務報表附註

33.RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

33. 關聯方交易(續)

(Continued)

(c) Balances with related parties

(c) 與關聯方的結餘

		2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Amounts due from/(to) related parties:	應收/(應付)關聯方款項:		
Sichuan Huanlong New Material Ltd.	四川環龍新材料有限公司		
— trade	—貿易	294	132
— non-trade <i>(note a)</i>	—非貿易 <i>(附註a)</i>	_	155
— non-trade <i>(note b)</i>	—非貿易 <i>(附註b)</i>	(20)	_
Sichuan Huanlong Daily	四川省環龍生活用品		
Products Ltd.	有限公司		
— trade	—貿易	416	444
Mr. Zhou	周先生		
— non-trade <i>(note a)</i>	—非貿易 <i>(附註a)</i>	_	25
Ms. Shen	沈女士		
— non-trade <i>(note a)</i>	—非貿易 <i>(附註a)</i>	_	25
Mr. Xie	謝先生		
— non-trade (note b)	—非貿易 <i>(附註b)</i>		(27)
		690	754

Notes:

- The amounts comprised to "amounts due from related parties" in the face of consolidated statement of financial position.
- b. The amount comprised to "amount due to a related party" in the face of consolidated statement of financial position.

附註:

- a. 該等金額包含在綜合財務狀況表的「應收關聯方款項」。
- b. 該等金額包含在綜合財務狀況表的「應付關聯方款項」。

綜合財務報表附註

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33.RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(Continued)

33. 關聯方交易(續)

最高未償還結餘如下:

The maximum outstanding balances are as follows:

Amounts due from/(to) related parties:

應收/(應付)關聯方款項:

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Maximum outstanding balances due from:	應收以下各方的最高未償還結餘:		
 Sichuan Huanlong New Material Ltd. 	—四川環龍新材料有限公司	156	507
 Sichuan Xilong Biomass Materials 	—四川省西龍生物質材料科技		
Technology Ltd.	有限公司	_	3,204
— Sichuan Huanlong Daily Products Ltd.	—四川省環龍生活用品有限公司	806	1,302
— Mr. Zhou	—周先生	34	25
— Ms. Shen	—沈女士	34	25
— Ms. Yuan	一袁女士	39	

The amounts due are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. The carrying amounts approximates their fair value and are denominated in RMB. The outstanding balances with the related parties will be settled prior to the listing.

應付款項為無抵押、免息及須按要求償還。賬 面值與其公平值相若,並以人民幣計值。關聯 方的未償還結餘將於上市前結清。

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34.PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At the end of each reporting period, certain of the Group's assets were pledged to secure bank borrowings of the Group. The aggregate carrying amount of the assets of the Group pledged at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

34. 資產抵押

於各報告期末,本集團若干資產已抵押以取得 授予本集團的銀行借款。本集團已抵押資產於 報告期末的賬面總值如下:

		2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Property, plant and equipment (Note 12)	物業、廠房及設備(附註12)	70,769	46,494
Intangible assets (Note 16)	無形資產 <i>(附註16)</i>	_	3,531
Land lease prepayment (Note 15)	土地租賃預付款項(附註15)	5,518	5,856
Inventories (Note 17)	存貨 <i>(附註17)</i>	_	2,421
Trade receivables (Note 18)	貿易應收款 <i>(附註18)</i>	_	15,782
Restricted bank deposit (Note 19)	受限制銀行存款(附註19)	_	1,000
		76,287	75,084

綜合財務報表附註

35.FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Group is exposed to financial risks through its use of financial instruments in its ordinary course of operations and in its investment activities. The financial risks include market risk (including foreign currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group's overall financial risk management policies focuses on the unpredictability and volatility at financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Group. No derivative financial instruments are used to hedge any risk exposures.

35.1 Categories of financial assets and liabilities

35. 財務風險管理及公平值計量

本集團就其於日常業務過程及投資活動中使用 金融工具承受財務風險。財務風險包括市場風 險(包括外幣風險及利率風險)、信貸風險及流 動性風險。

本集團的整體財務風險管理政策專注於金融市場的不可預測性及波動性,及尋求盡量減少對本集團財務狀況、財務表現及現金流量可能造成的不利影響。概無採用衍生金融工具對沖任何風險。

35.1 金融資產及負債分類

		2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financial assets	金融資產		
Financial assets measured at amortised cost:	按攤銷成本計量的金融資產:		
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	150,560	135,509
Amounts due from related parties	應收關聯方款項	_	205
Restricted bank deposit	受限制銀行存款	_	1,000
Cash and cash equivalent	現金及現金等價物	12,609	29,775
		163,169	166,489
Financial liabilitios	全 融 台 僖		
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:	金融負債 按攤銷成本計量的金融負債:		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:		46,372	37,133
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Trade and other payables	按攤銷成本計量的金融負債:	46,372 1,338	37,133 2,883
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Trade and other payables Lease liabilities	按攤銷成本計量的金融負債: 貿易及其他應付款項	•	•
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Trade and other payables Lease liabilities Amount due to a related party	按攤銷成本計量的金融負債: 貿易及其他應付款項 租賃負債	1,338	2,883
Financial liabilities measured at amortised	按攤銷成本計量的金融負債: 貿易及其他應付款項 租賃負債 應付關聯方款項	1,338 20	2,883
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost: Trade and other payables Lease liabilities Amount due to a related party Discounted bills financing	按攤銷成本計量的金融負債: 貿易及其他應付款項 租賃負債 應付關聯方款項 貼現票據融資	1,338 20 3,821	2,883 27 —

綜合財務報表附註

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

35.2 外幣風險

35.2 Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk refers to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk arise primarily from its sales transactions, which are primarily denominated in US\$ which is not the functional currencies of the respective entities within the Group to which these transactions relate.

As at the end of each of reporting period, US\$ denominated financial assets translated into RMB at the closing rates, are as follows:

外幣風險指金融工具的公平值或未來現金 流量因匯率變動而波動的風險。本集團面 臨的外幣風險主要來自其主要以美元計值 的銷售交易,美元並非本集團與該等交易 有關的實體的功能貨幣。

35. 財務風險管理及公平值計量(續)

於各報告期末,以美元計值及按期末匯率 換算為人民幣的金融資產如下:

> 2021 2020 2021年 2020年 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元

貿易應收款項 Trade receivables 2,440 676

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of the Group's profit after income tax for the year and equity in regards to an appreciation in the functional currencies of respective group entities against US\$. These sensitivity rates are the rates used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's best assessment of the possible change in foreign exchange rates.

下表顯示本集團的年內除所得稅後溢利及 權益對各集團實體的功能貨幣兑美元升值 的敏感度。該等敏感度比率為向主要管理 人員內部報告外幣風險時所採用的比率, 並代表管理層對外幣匯率可能出現的變動 的最佳評估。

綜合財務報表附註

35.FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

35. 財務風險管理及公平值計量(續)

35.2 Foreign currency risk (Continued)

35.2 外幣風險(續)

	Sensitivity rate 敏感度	Decrease in profit 溢利減少 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Decrease in equity 權益減少 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度	5%	29	29
Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度	5%	104	104

The same % depreciation in the respective group entities' functional currencies against the respective foreign currencies would have the same magnitude on the Group's profit for the year and equity but of opposite effect.

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy, and manages its foreign currency risk by closely monitor the scale of foreign currency transactions, foreign currency assets and liabilities.

倘有關集團實體的功能貨幣兑各外幣出現 相同百分比的貶值,則對本集團的年內溢 利及權益具有程度相同但性質相反的影響。

本集團目前並無外幣對沖政策,並密切監察外幣交易規模、外幣資產及負債以管理 其外幣風險。

綜合財務報表附註

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

35. 財務風險管理及公平值計量(續)

35.3 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk relates to the risk that the fair value or cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Bank borrowings and other borrowing bearing variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk and the Company was not subject to interest rate risk. The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from variable rates bank borrowings and other borrowing. The exposure to interest rates for the Group's bank deposits is considered immaterial.

The interest rates of the Group's borrowings at the reporting date were as follows:

35.3 利率風險

利率風險涉及金融工具的公平值或現金流 量因市場利率變動而浮動的風險。按浮動 利率計息的銀行借款及其他借款使本集團 承受現金流量利率風險,而本公司則不受 利率風險影響。本集團的利率風險主要來 自浮息銀行借款及其他借款。本集團銀行 存款承受的利率風險微不足道。

本集團於報告日期借款的利率如下:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2021 2021年		20	20
				2020年	
		Interest rate	RMB'000	Interest rate	RMB'000
		利率	人民幣千元	利率	人民幣千元
Bank borrowings	銀行借款				
 Floating interest rate 	— 浮息	6.0%	85,000	6.1%-6.5%	95,000
Fixed interest rate	一定息	6.5%	20,000	5.2%-7.0%	20,000
			105,000		115,000
Other borrowing	其他借款				
— Floating interest rate	—浮息	7.2%	22,534		
			127,534		115,000
			.27,004		110,000

綜合財務報表附註

35.FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

35.3 Interest rate risk (Continued)

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of the Group's profit for the year and the total equity as at the end of each reporting period to a possible change in interest rates.

35. 財務風險管理及公平值計量(續)

35.3 利率風險(續)

下表顯示本集團的年內溢利及各報告期末的總權益對利率可能出現的變動的敏感度。

Decrease in profit for the year and total equity

年內溢利及總權益減少

202120202021年2020年RMB'000RMB'000人民幣千元人民幣千元

Increase by 50 basis points

增加50個基點

459

405

The same degree of decrease in basis point would have the same magnitude on the Group's profit for the year and the total equity as at the end of each reporting period but of opposite effect.

The assumed changes in interest rates are considered to be reasonably possible based on observation of current market conditions and represents management's assessment of a reasonably possible change in interest rate. The analysis is performed on the same basis during the years.

相同基點減幅將對本集團於年內的溢利及各報告期末的總權益具有程度相同但性質相反的影響。

利率的假設變動乃經觀察現行市況後視為 合理地可能出現的變動,並代表管理層對 利率合理地可能出現變動的評估。該分析 乃按年內的相同基準進行。

綜合財務報表附註

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

35.4 Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument would fail to discharge its obligation under the terms of the financial instrument and cause a financial loss to the Group. The Group's exposure to credit risk mainly arises from granting credit to customers in the ordinary course of its operations. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amounts of the financial assets at end of each reporting period as detailed in Note 35.1.

Trade and bills receivables

The Group usually grants a credit period of 30 to 180 days (2020: 30 to 180 days) to its customers. Before accepting any new customer, the Group assesses the potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits by customer. Credit limits granted to customers are reviewed periodically.

To measure the expected credit losses, trade and bills receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The expected credit loss below also incorporate forward-looking information.

35. 財務風險管理及公平值計量(續)

35.4 信貸風險

信貸風險指金融工具的交易對手方未能履 行其金融工具條款項下責任,導致本集團 蒙受財務虧損的風險。本集團承受的信貸 風險主要來自於日常業務過程中給予客戶 的信貸。本集團承受的最高信貸風險以附 註35.1所詳述各報告期末金融資產的賬面 值為限。

貿易應收款項及應收票據

本集團通常給予其客戶30至180天(2020年: 30至180天)的信貸期。於接納任何新客戶 之前,本集團會評估潛在客戶的信貸質素, 並界定客戶的信貸限額。授予客戶的信貸 限額會定期檢討。

為計量預期信貸虧損,貿易應收款項及應 收票據已根據共同信貸風險特徵及逾期天 數分類。以下預期信貸虧損亦包含前瞻性 資料。

綜合財務報表附註

35.FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

35.4 Credit risk (Continued)

Trade and bills receivables (Continued)

The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring ECL, which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade and bills receivables using a provision matrix and individual assessment. The ECL rate of collectively assessed trade and bills receivables are detailed in the following table:

35. 財務風險管理及公平值計量(續)

35.4 信貸風險(續)

貿易應收款項及應收票據(續)

本集團應用香港財務報告準則第9號簡化方法計量預期信貸虧損,使用撥備矩陣及個別評估就所有貿易應收款項及應收票據使用全期預期虧損撥備。下表詳列統評貿易應收款項及應收票據的預期信貸虧損率:

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項		
Neither past due nor impaired (in %)	並無逾期亦無減值(%)	0.9%	1%
Less than 91 days past due (in %)	逾期少於91天(%)	3%	5%
91-365 days past due (in %)	逾期91至365天(%)	42%-100%	10%-30%
More than 365 days past due (in %)	逾期超過365天(%)	100%	40%
Individually impaired (in RMB'000)	個別減值(人民幣千元)	1,187	1,652
Bills receivables	應收票據	_	_

Throughout the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, the historical credit loss experience of the customers of the Group, the forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment remains no significant changes. As such, expected credit loss rate throughout the years remains stable.

於截至2021年及2020年12月31日止年度,本 集團客戶的過往信貸虧損經驗、債務人的 特定前瞻性因素及經濟環境並無重大變動。 因此,全年內的預期信貸虧損率維持穩定。

綜合財務報表附註

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

35.4 Credit risk (Continued)

Other receivables and amounts due from related parties

In order to minimise the credit risk of other receivables. the management of the Group has designated a team responsible for determination of credit limits and credit approvals. The management would make periodic collective and individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables based on historical settlement records and past experience as well as current external information and adjusted to reflect probability weighted forward-looking information, including the default rate where the relevant debtors operates. Other monitoring procedures are in place to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In these regards, the credit risk of other receivables are considered to be low.

Besides, the management is of opinion that there is no significant increase in credit risk on these other receivables since initial recognition as the risk of default is low after considering the factors as set out in Note 2.9 and, thus, no ECL recognised during the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: nil).

Restricted bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents

The credit risks are considered to be insignificant because the counterparties are financial institutions that have sound credit rating.

35. 財務風險管理及公平值計量(續)

35.4 信貸風險(續)

其他應收款項及應收關聯方款項

為盡量減低其他應收款項的信貸風險,本 集團管理層已指派一支團隊負責釐定信貸 限額及信貸審批。管理層將根據過往結算 記錄及過往經驗以及目前外部資料,定期 對其他應收款項的可收回性進行集體及個 別評估,其會進行調整以反映概率加權的 前瞻性資料,包括相關債務人營運的違約 率。另已制定其他監督程序以確保採取跟 進行動以收回逾期債務。就此方面,其他 應收款項的信貸風險被視為甚低。

此外,管理層考慮到附註2.9所載因素後, 認為由於違約風險甚低,因該等其他應收 款項的信貸風險自初始確認以來並無顯著 增加,因此截至2021年12月31日止年度並無 確認預期信貸虧損(2020年:無)。

受限制銀行存款及現金及現金等價物

信貸風險被視為微不足道,因為對手方為 擁有穩健信貸評級的財務機構。

綜合財務報表附註

35.FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

35.5 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk relates to the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group is exposed to liquidity risk in respect of settlement of its payables, and also in respect of its cash flow management. The Group's objective is to maintain an appropriate level of liquid assets and committed lines of funding to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

Analysed below is the Group's remaining contractual maturities for its financial liabilities as at 31 December 2021. When the creditor has a choice of when the liability is settled, the liability is included on the basis of the earliest date when the Group can be required to pay. Where the settlement of the liability is in instalments, each instalment is allocated to the earliest period in which the Group is committed to pay. The contractual maturity analysis below is based on the undiscounted cash flows of the financial liabilities.

35.財務風險管理及公平值計量(續)

35.5 流動資金風險

流動資金風險涉及本集團無法履行以現金 或其他金融資產結算的金融負債相關責任 的風險。本集團就結算其應付款項以及管 理其現金流量面臨流動資金風險。本集團 的目標是維持適當的流動資產水平及較 獲承諾的信貸融資,以應付其短期及較長 期的流動資金需求。

以下為本集團於2021年12月31日的金融負債餘下合約到期分析。倘債權人有權選擇負債的償付時間,則該負債根據本集團可能被要求支付的最早日期列賬。倘負債須分期償付,則每期還款分配至本集團承諾支付的最早期間。以下合約到期分析乃根據金融負債未貼現現金流量作出。

綜合財務報表附註

35.FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

35. 財務風險管理及公平值計量(續)

35.5 Liquidity risk (Continued)

35.5 流動資金風險(續)

		Within 1 year or on demand 一年內 或按要求 RMB'000 人民幣千元	More than 1 year but not exceeding two years 多於一年 但不超過兩年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	More than 2 years but not exceeding five years 多於兩年 但不超過五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total undiscounted amount 未貼現總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Carrying amount 賬面值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
As at 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日					
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	37,133	_	_	37,133	37,133
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	1,648	1,367	_	3,015	2,883
Amount due to a related party	應付關聯方款項	27	_	_	27	27
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	117,432	_		117,432	115,000
		156,240	1,367	_	157,607	155,043
As at 31 December 2021	於 2021 年1 2 月31日					
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	46,372	_	_	46,372	46,372
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	1,367	_	_	1,367	1,338
Amount due to a related party	應付關聯方款項	20	_	_	20	20
Discounted bills financing	貼現票據融資	3,821	_	_	3,821	3,821
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	107,569	_	_	107,569	105,000
Other borrowing	其他借款	9,942	9,942	4,971	24,855	22,534
		169,091	9,942	4,971	184,004	179,085

35.6 Fair value measurements of financial instruments

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and liabilities are not materially different from their fair value at the end of each reporting period due to their short maturities.

35.6 金融工具的公平值計量

由於到期日較短,本集團金融資產及負債 的賬面值與其於各報告期末的公平值並無 重大差異。

綜合財務報表附註

36.CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's capital management objectives are to ensure the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to provide an adequate return to the equity holders by pricing goods and services commensurately with the level of risk.

The Group actively and regularly reviews its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions. The Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of the net debt to equity ratio. For this purpose, net debt is defined as borrowings, discounted bills financing and lease liabilities less cash and cash equivalents. In order to maintain or adjust the ratio, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to the equity holders, issue new shares and raise new debt financing.

The net debt-to-equity ratio as at the end of each reporting period is as follows:

36. 資本管理

本集團的資本管理目標為確保本集團能夠持續 經營業務,並透過為貨品及服務訂立與風險水 平相稱的價格,藉以為權益持有人提供充裕回 報。

本集團積極及定期檢討其資本架構,並因應經 濟狀況變動作出調整。本集團以淨負債權益比 率基準監察其資本架構。就此而言,淨債務乃 界定為借款、貼現票據融資及租賃負債減現金 及現金等價物。為維持或調整該比率,本集團 可調整向權益持有人派付股息的金額、發行新 股及籌集新債務融資。

以下為於各報告期末的淨負債權益比率:

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	105,000	115,000
Other borrowing	其他借款	22,534	_
Discounted bills financing	貼現票據融資	3,821	_
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	1,338	2,883
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	減:現金及現金等價物	(12,609)	(29,775)
Net debt	淨債務	120,084	88,108
	/do 14t 24	044.000	40.4.000
Total equity	總權益	214,982	164,292
Net debt to equity ratio	淨負債權益比率	55.86%	53.63%

綜合財務報表附註

37. EVENT AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

The following significant events took place subsequent to 31 December 2021:

- (i) As a result of the continuous outbreak of novel coronavirus ("COVID-19"), the global has taken numerous measures including travel and transportation restrictions to prevent the spread of the epidemic. Certain measures were undertaken by the PRC central government and various provincial or municipal governments including but not limited to implementation of travel restrictions and quarantine policies. Pending development of such subsequent non-adjusting event, the Group's financial results may be affected, the extent of which could not be estimated as at date of this report.
- (ii) On 11 January 2022, the Company issued 114,200,000 new shares at HK\$1.22 per share for a net proceeds, after deduction of the underwriting fees and commission and the estimated expenses payable by the Company, of approximately HK\$92.8 million, by way of initial public offering of the Company on the Stock Exchange.
- (iii) On 31 January 2022, the Company further issued 3,442,000 new shares at HK\$1.22 per share for a net proceeds, after deduction of the underwriting fees and commission and the estimated expenses payable by the Company, of approximately HK\$4.2 million, upon partial exercise of the over-allotment option granted by the Company.

37. 報告期末後事件

以下重大事件於2021年12月31日後發生:

- (i) 由於新型冠狀病毒(「新型冠狀病毒」)持續 爆發,全球採取多項措施,包括出行及交 通限制,以防止此大流行病傳播。中國中 央政府及多個省或市政府採取若干措施, 包括但不限於實施出行限制及隔離政策。 待其後有關非調整事件發展完成後,本集 團的財務業績或受影響,其程度於本報告 日期無法估計。
- (ii) 本公司於2022年1月11日在聯交所進行首次 公開發售,發行了114.200.000股新股,每 股1.22港元,所得款項淨額經扣除包銷費 用、佣金以及本公司預期應付開支後約為 92.8百萬港元。
- (iii) 本公司授出的超額配股權於2022年1月31 日獲部分行使後,本公司進一步發行了 3,442,000股新股,每股1.22港元,所得款 項淨額經扣除包銷費用、佣金以及本公司 預期應付開支後約為4.2百萬港元。

PROPERTIES OWNED BY THE GROUP

本集團所擁有的物業

Type of properties 物業類型	Location 位置	Main usage 主要用途	Description 描述
Land	No. 519, Section 2, Xinhua Avenue Chengdu Strait Science and Technology Industry Development Park, Wenjiang District, Chengdu Sichuan Province, the PRC		A parcel of land with a site area of approximately 38,391 square metres
土地		工業用途	一幅地盤面積約38,391平 方米的土地
Buildings	No. 519, Section 2, Xinhua Avenue Chengdu Strait Science and Technology Industry Development Park, Wenjiang District, Chengdu Sichuan Province, the PRC	houses	Buildings built on the parcel of land at No.519, west section of Xinhua Road, Cross-Strait Science and Technology Industry Development Park, Wenjiang District, Chengdu, Sichuan, the PRC with an aggregate gross floor area of approximately 34,613.24 square metres
建築物	中國四川省成都市溫江區 海峽兩岸科技產業開發 園新華大道二段519號	兩間廠房、一間員工宿舍、一間 員工食堂及兩間配電房	建於中國四川省成都市溫 江區海峽兩岸科技產業 開發園新華路西段519 號土地的建築物,總建 築面積約為34,613.24平 方米

PROPERTY HELD FOR INVESTMENT

持作投資的物業

Investment Property

投資物業

Location 位置	Type of properties 物業類型	Main usage 主要用途	Lease term 租賃年期
No. 519, Section 2, Xinhua Avenue Chengdu Strait Science and Technology Industry	Building	One factory building	Short lease
Development Park, Wenjiang District, Chengdu			
Sichuan Province, the PRC	7-\$-	明陈旨	后期和任
中國四川省成都市溫江區海峽兩岸科技產業開發園新華大道二段519號	建築物	一間廠房	短期租賃

FOUR-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

四年財務概要

		•	Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度			
		2018	2019	2020	2021	
		2018年	2019年	2020年	2021年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Revenue	收益	159,356	167,314	182,759	213,668	
Cost of sales	銷售成本	(81,472)	(77,985)	(83,140)	(100,046)	
Gross profit	毛利	77,884	89,329	99,619	113,622	
Other income	其他收入	8,083	4,761	6,025	5,509	
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支	(12,587)	(14,855)	(17,764)	(19,855)	
Administrative and other operating	行政及其他經營開支	, ,	, , ,	, , ,	, , ,	
expenses		(22,437)	(31,088)	(32,145)	(31,587)	
Finance costs	財務成本	(7,483)	(6,669)	(7,241)	(8,229)	
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利	43,460	41,478	48,494	59,460	
Income tax expense	所得税開支	(6,254)	(6,401)	(7,481)	(8,770)	
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	年內溢利及全面收益總額	37,206	35,077	41,013	50,690	
module for the year		01,200	00,011	41,010		
Assets and liabilities	資產及負債					
Total assets	總資產	258,931	291,533	337,562	416,764	
Total liabilities	總負債	172,670	168,254	173,270	201,782	



VANOV HOLDINGS COMPANY LIMITED

環龍控股有限公司