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CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

DIRECTORS AND BOARD COMMITTEES

Directors

Executive Directors

Chan Koung Nam
Chan Kwong Yin William (Chairman)
Tse Pui To (Chief Executive Officer)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Chan Siu Wing Raymond Chu Yat Pang Terry Cheung Kok Cheong

Board Committees

Audit Committee

Chan Siu Wing Raymond (Chairman)
Chu Yat Pang Terry
Cheung Kok Cheong

Remuneration Committee

Chu Yat Pang Terry (Chairman)
Chan Koung Nam
Cheung Kok Cheong

Nomination Committee

Chan Kwong Yin William (Chairman) Chu Yat Pang Terry Cheung Kok Cheong

COMPANY SECRETARY

Hui Chun Ho Eric

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Unit 3410, 34th Floor, Tower II Lippo Centre 89 Queensway Admiralty Hong Kong

董事及董事委員會

董事

執行董事

陳光南 陳光賢(主席) 謝培道(行政總裁)

獨立非執行董事

陳兆榮 朱逸鵬 張國昌

董事委員會

審核委員會

陳兆榮(主席) 朱逸鵬 張國昌

薪酬委員會

朱逸鵬(主席) 陳光南 張國昌

提名委員會

陳光賢(主席) 朱逸鵬 張國昌

公司秘書

許俊浩

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

總部及

主要營業地點

香港 金鐘 金鐘道89號 力寶中心 二座34樓3410室

CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料



PRINCIPAL BANKER

DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

LEGAL ADVISERS

As to Hong Kong law:
Cheung & Choy Solicitors & Notaries

As to Cayman Islands law:
Conyers Dill & Pearman (Cayman) Limited

AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN CAYMAN ISLANDS

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN HONG KONG

Union Registrars Limited Suites 3301-04, 33/F. Two Chinachem Exchange Square 338 King's Road North Point, Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

1273

COMPANY'S WEBSITE

www.hkfinance.hk

主要往來銀行

星展銀行(香港)有限公司中國銀行(香港)有限公司

法律顧問

開曼群島法律方面:

Conyers Dill & Pearman (Cayman) Limited

核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師 註冊公眾利益實體核數師

開曼群島股份登記及 過戶總處

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記分處

聯合證券登記有限公司 香港北角 英皇道338號 華懋交易廣場2期 33樓3301-04室

股份代號

1273

公司網址

www.hkfinance.hk

管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW AND INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

Our Group is principally engaged in the money lending business specialising in providing property mortgage loans in Hong Kong under the MLO. Mortgage loan business is our core business under our well-known and highly recognised brand name "Hong Kong Finance". We also provide unsecured personal loan products to property owners so as to diversify ourselves in different money lending market segments and to enhance our overall interest margin.

Mortgage loan business remained as the major source of the Group's revenue, contributing approximately 66.6% to the Group's revenue during the current year. Interest income generated from the mortgage loan business decreased by 6.8% to HK\$102.2 million during the current year. The gross mortgage loan portfolio was increased to HK\$766.1 million as at 31 March 2022 amid the subdued economic environment during the current year. As for our unsecured personal loan business, the interest income increased by 12.0% to HK\$51.3 million, contributing to about 33.4% of our Group's revenue for the current year. As at 31 March 2022, our gross personal loan portfolio was HK\$186.3 million.

The pandemic of Coronavirus Disease 2019 ("COVID-19") continued to impact the global economy. Although Hong Kong economy has experienced steady recovery in 2021, the new fifth wave of COVID-19 has significantly battered the Hong Kong economy which severely affected business activities from all walks of life in the first quarter of 2022. In addition to the threat from the local pandemic situation, the military conflict between Russia and Ukraine and the rapid surge of Fed interest rate to cope with the inflation hike in the U.S. have brought further uncertainties and hurdles to the global economy. The political tension between China and U.S. has persistently and severely impacted the economy in China and Hong Kong in the current year. Coupled with the economic uncertainties and great challenges, we have adopted prudent and cautious approaches such as implementing stringent credit policy, having strict control on loan-to-value ratio, etc. which persistently supported our Group in maintaining our loan portfolio and generating stable interest income during the year. We also continued to rebalance our product-mix into personal loan products so as to maintain our overall net interest margin in the current year.

業務回顧及行業概覽

本集團主要於香港根據放債人條例從事提供物業按揭貸款之放債業務。按揭貸款業務為我們以知名及深入民心之「**香港信貸**」品牌經營之核心業務。我們亦向業主提供無抵押私人貸款產品,藉以多元發展不同放債市場分部及提高整體息差。

按揭貸款業務仍為本集團之主要收益來源, 佔本集團本年度收益約66.6%。來自按揭 貸款業務之利息收入減少6.8%至本年度 102,200,000港元。本年度經濟環境疲弱, 於2022年3月31日,按揭貸款組合總額增加 至766,100,000港元。來自無抵押私人貸款 業務之利息收入增加12.0%至51,300,000港 元,佔本集團本年度收益約33.4%。於2022 年3月31日,我們的私人貸款組合總額為 186,300,000港元。

管理層討論及分析



FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

Our interest income from money lending business of providing property mortgage loans and personal loans in Hong Kong slightly decreased by HK\$2.0 million or 1.3% from HK\$155.5 million for the last year to HK\$153.5 million for the current year, and such decrease was mainly derived from the decrease in our interest income from our mortgage loan business, netting of the increase in our interest income from our personal loan business.

Interest income from our mortgage loan business decreased by HK\$7.5 million or 6.8% from HK\$109.7 million for the last year to HK\$102.2 million for the current year, whereas the interest income from our personal loan business increased by HK\$5.5 million or 12.0% from HK\$45.8 million for the last year to HK\$51.3 million for the current year.

Other income

We have recorded other income of HK\$1.4 million (2021: HK\$3.9 million) during the current year. This year's other income mainly represented the rental income from investment properties amounting to HK\$1.3 million. Last year's other income mainly comprised of management service fee income of HK\$1.7 million and the government grant of HK\$1.8 million.

Fair value gains/(losses) on revaluation of investment properties

During the current year, our Group recorded gains of HK\$9.0 million (2021: losses of HK\$1.0 million) on the revaluation of our investment properties. The increase was mainly derived from the new acquisition of investment properties during the year. Further details of such acquisition have been set out in the Company's announcement dated 22 October 2021.

Provision for/(reversal of) impairment and write-off of loans receivable, net

We have recorded a provision for impairment and write-off of loans and interest receivables of HK\$6.5 million for the year (2021: a reversal of the provision of HK\$2.4 million).

財務回顧

收益

本集團於香港提供物業按揭貸款及私人貸款之放債業務所得利息收入由上年度之155,500,000港元輕微減少2,000,000港元或1.3%至本年度之153,500,000港元,有關減少乃主要由於來自按揭貸款業務之利息收入減少(扣除私人貸款業務利息收入的增加)。

來自按揭貸款業務之利息收入由上年度之 109,700,000港元減少7,500,000港元或6.8% 至本年度之102,200,000港元,來自私人貸款 業務之利息收入則由上年度之45,800,000港 元增加5,500,000港元或12.0%至本年度之 51,300,000港元。

其他收入

於本年度,我們錄得其他收入1,400,000港元(2021年:3,900,000港元)。本年度之其他收入主要代表投資物業租金收入1,300,000港元。上一年度之其他收入主要包括管理服務費收入1,700,000港元及政府補助1,800,000港元。

重估投資物業之公平值收益/(虧損)

於本年度,本集團錄得重估投資物業收益 9,000,000港元(2021年:虧損1,000,000港元),該增加主要來自年內新收購的投資物業。有關該收購事項的進一步詳情載於本公司日期為2021年10月22日的公佈。

應收貸款減值撥備/(撥回)及撇銷淨額

我們於本年度錄得應收貸款及利息減值撥備及撇銷6,500,000港元(2021年:撥備撥回2,400,000港元)。



管理層討論及分析

Below is the breakdown of provision for/(reversal of) impairment and write-off of loans receivable incurred from property mortgage loans and personal loans during the year and the prior year:

以下為本年度及上年度物業按揭貸款及私人貸款所產生應收貸款減值撥備/(撥回)及撇銷之分析:

		Property mortgage loans Year ended 31 March 物業按揭貸款 截至3月31日止年度		Personal loans Year ended 31 March 私人貸款 截至3月31日止年度	
		2022 2022年 HK\$ million 百萬港元	2021 2021年 HK\$ million 百萬港元	2022 2022年 HK\$ million 百萬港元	2021 2021年 HK\$ million 百萬港元
Provision for/(reversal of) impairment on loans receivable Write-off of loans receivable	應收貸款減值撥備/ (撥回) 應收貸款撇銷	(1.4) 5.2	(4.8) 2.6	1.9 0.8	(0.3) 0.1
write-on or loans receivable	//忘·仅 只 亦/mx	3.8	(2.2)	2.7	(0.2)

Administrative expenses

We have incurred administrative expenses of HK\$53.1 million for the current year (2021: HK\$47.3 million), which mainly comprised of employee benefit expenses, advertising and marketing expenses, legal and professorial fees, depreciation of property, plant and equipment and other miscellaneous expenses. The increase in the administration expenses by HK\$5.8 million or 12.3% was mainly due to the stamp duty of HK\$2.2 million incurred for the new acquisition of the investment properties as well as the increase in our headcounts for the expansion of our personal loans business which further pushed up the employee benefit expenses of the Group during the year.

Finance costs

We have incurred finance costs of HK\$21.1 million for the current year (2021: HK\$25.7 million), which mainly comprised of interest on interest bearing bank and other borrowings, amount due to a fellow subsidiary and issuance of bonds. The decrease in the finance costs by HK\$4.6 million or 17.9% was mainly attributable to the decrease in the utilisation of bank borrowings during the current year. It is our Group's policy to prioritise the utilisation of our available facilities which offer the lowest finance cost to our Group.

行政開支

我們於本年度產生行政開支 53,100,000港元 (2021年:47,300,000港元),主要包括僱員福利開支、廣告及營銷開支、法律及專業費用、物業、廠房及設備折舊,以及其他雜項開支。行政開支增加5,800,000港元或 12.3%乃主要由於年內因新收購的投資物業而產生印花税 2,200,000港元以及為擴張私人貸款業務,我們增加員工人數,導致本集團的僱員福利開支進一步增加。

融資成本

我們於本年度產生融資成本21,100,000港元(2021年:25,700,000港元),主要包括計息銀行及其他借款、應付一間同系附屬公司款項以及發行債券之利息。融資成本減少4,600,000港元或17.9%,主要由於本年度減少動用銀行借款。本集團之政策為優先動用只需承擔最低融資成本之可動用融資。

管理層討論及分析



Net interest margin

The net interest margin of our money lending business was maintained at 14.9% for the current year (2021: 14.9%). Our product-mix to unsecured personal loan products for property owners helped for maintaining the overall net interest margin at a relatively higher level.

Profit and total comprehensive income

As a result of the foregoing, our profit and total comprehensive income attributable to owners of our Company achieved HK\$70.6 million for the current year as compared to HK\$73.2 million for the last year, representing a decrease of 3.6%.

LIQUIDITY AND SOURCES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES

During the current year, our Group's operations and capital requirements were financed principally through retained earnings, loans or advances from our fellow subsidiary, Tin Ching Industrial, as well as banks and other borrowings. Based on our current and anticipated levels of operations, barring unforeseeable market conditions, our future operations and capital requirements will be financed through loans from banks or other financial institutions that are independent third parties, retained earnings and our share capital. We had no significant commitments for capital expenditure as at 31 March 2022.

The Group recorded net current assets of HK\$244.7 million as at 31 March 2022 (2021: HK\$286.7 million).

As at 31 March 2022, cash and cash equivalents amounted to HK\$24.9 million (2021: HK\$80.0 million); amount due to a fellow subsidiary amounted to HK\$109.7 million (2021: HK\$128.8 million); interest bearing bank and other borrowings amounted to HK\$293.8 million (2021: HK\$177.1 million), and bonds amounted to HK\$22.9 million (2021: HK\$100.8 million).

During the current year, all interest bearing bank borrowings were repayable on demand and were secured by our Group's investment properties, land and buildings, certain properties mortgaged to our subsidiary, and corporate guarantee of our Company. The amounts due to a fellow subsidiary and other borrowings were unsecured, interest bearing with fixed term of repayment.

淨息差

本年度放債業務之淨息差維持在14.9%(2021年:14.9%)。我們的業主無抵押私人貸款產品之產品組合有助於將整體淨息差維持在相對更高的水平上。

溢利及全面收入總額

因上文所述,本年度本公司擁有人應佔溢利及全面收入總額達70,600,000港元,較上年度之73,200,000港元減少3.6%。

流動資金及財務資源之來源

於本年度,本集團營運及資金需求主要由保留盈利、來自同系附屬公司天晶實業之貸款或墊款以及銀行及其他借款提供資金。根據我們目前及預期之營運水平,撇除不可預見之市況,我們未來營運及資金需求將透過向銀行或其他金融機構(均為獨立第三方)籌借貸款、保留盈利及股本提供資金。於2022年3月31日,我們並無任何重大資本開支承擔。

本集團於2022年3月31日錄得流動資產淨額244,700,000港元(2021年:286,700,000港元)。

於2022年3月31日,現金及現金等價物為24,900,000港元(2021年:80,000,000港元);應付一間同系附屬公司款項為109,700,000港元(2021年:128,800,000港元);計息銀行及其他借款為293,800,000港元(2021年:177,100,000港元),及債券為22,900,000港元(2021年:100,800,000港元)。

於本年度,所有計息銀行借款均須按要求償還,並由本集團之投資物業、土地及樓宇、 抵押予附屬公司之若干物業以及本公司之企 業擔保作抵押。應付一間同系附屬公司款項 及其他借款為無抵押、計息並附帶固定還款 期。

管理層討論及分析

During the current year, none of our banking facilities were subject to any covenants relating to financial ratio requirements or any material covenants that restrict our Group to undertake additional debt or equity financing. As at 31 March 2022, our unutilised banking facilities and other unutilised facility available to our Group for drawdown amounted to HK\$192.6 million and HK\$90.3 million, respectively. It is our Group's policy to prioritise the utilisation of our available facilities which offer the lowest finance cost to our Group.

於本年度,銀行融資概無涉及與財務比率規定有關之任何契諾或限制本集團進行額外債務或股本融資之任何重大契諾。於2022年3月31日,可供本集團提取之未動用銀行融資及其他未動用融資分別為192,600,000港元及90,300,000港元。本集團之政策為優先動用本集團只需承擔最低融資成本之可動用融資。

During the current year, our bonds were subject to covenants relating to financial ratio requirements, such as interest coverage ratio, current ratio and debt to equity ratio.

於本年度,債券受與財務比率規定有關之契 諾規限,如利息覆蓋率、流動比率及債務對 權益比率。

KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS

The following table sets forth the key financial ratios of our Group during the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021 respectively:

主要財務比率

下表載列本集團分別於截至2022年及2021 年3月31日止年度之主要財務比率:

		As at 31 March 於3月31日	
		2022 2022年	2021 2021年
Current ratio (1) Gearing ratio (2)	流動比率 ⁽¹⁾ 負債比率 ⁽²⁾	1.56 0.55	1.72 0.48

		For the year ended 31 March 截至3月31日止年度	
		2022 22年	2021 2021年
Net interest margin ratio ⁽³⁾ Return on equity ratio ⁽⁴⁾ Interest coverage ratio ⁽⁵⁾	淨息差比率 ⁽³⁾ 股本回報率 ⁽⁴⁾ 利息覆蓋率 ⁽⁵⁾	l.9%).6% es 倍	14.9% 10.8% 4.5 times 倍

Notes:

- Current ratio was calculated by dividing current assets by current liabilities as at the respective year-end date.
- (2) Gearing ratio was calculated by dividing net debts (being the total interest bearing bank and other borrowings, amount due to a fellow subsidiary and the bonds, less cash and cash equivalents) by total equity as at the respective year-end date.
- (3) Net interest margin ratio was calculated by dividing net interest income (being the interest income net of finance costs) by the monthly average balance of mortgage loan receivables at the respective year-end date.

附註:

- (1) 流動比率按於各年度結算日之流動資產除以流動負債 計算得出。
- (2) 負債比率按於各年度結算日之債務淨額(即計息銀行 及其他借款總額、應付一間同系附屬公司款項以及債 券減現金及現金等價物)除以權益總額計算得出。
- (3) 淨息差比率按於各年度結算日之利息收入淨額(即經扣除融資成本之利息收入)除以應收按揭貸款平均每月結餘計算得出。

管理層討論及分析



- (4) Return on equity ratio was calculated by dividing profit and total comprehensive income for year attributable to owners of the Company by the total equity as at the respective year-end date.
- (5) Interest coverage ratio was calculated by dividing profit before finance costs and income tax expenses (excluding fair value gains on revaluation of investment properties) by the finance costs for the corresponding year.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

Our Group did not have any significant investments held, material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries and associated companies during the current year.

IMPORTANT EVENTS OCCURRED AFTER THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

Subsequent to the year ended 31 March 2022, on 30 May 2022, at a cash consideration of HK\$14.0 million, the Group entered into an agreement to acquire 50% equity interest in a company whose principal asset comprises certain vessels. Further details of which have been set out in the Company's announcements dated 30 May 2022 and 2 June 2022.

Other than set forth above, our Group did not have other important events affecting our Company or our subsidiaries since year ended 31 March 2022 and up to the date of this report.

COMPLIANCE WITH MONEY LENDERS ORDINANCE

Our Group is required to and has, at all times, strictly complied with all relevant laws and regulations. In the opinion of our Directors, in addition to the Listing Rules, Stock Exchange, the MLO constituted a significant influence on our Group's money lending business during the current year.

The MLO is the principal ordinance which governs the money lending business in Hong Kong. Our money lending business has been conducted through the subsidiaries of our Company. During the current year, we did not receive any objection from and was not investigated by the Registrar of Money Lenders nor the Commissioner of Police regarding the renewal of the money lenders licence.

To the best of our knowledge, our Group has complied with the MLO in all material aspects, and that our Directors are not aware of any matters that might come to their attention that our money lenders licence would be suspended, terminated or would not be renewed in foreseeable future.

- (4) 股本回報率按於各年度結算日之本公司擁有人應佔年 度溢利及全面收入總額除以權益總額計算得出。
- (5) 利息覆蓋率按相關年度之除融資成本及所得税開支前 溢利(不包括重估投資物業之公平值收益)除以融資 成本計算得出。

所持有之重大投資、重大收購及出售 事項

於本年度,本集團概無持有任何重大投資, 亦無有關附屬公司及聯營公司之重大收購及 出售事項。

財政年度結算日後發生之重要事件

截至2022年3月31日止年度後,本集團於2022年5月30日訂立協議,以14,000,000港元的現金代價收購一間公司(其主要資產包括若干船舶)50%股權。有關進一步詳情載於本公司日期為2022年5月30日及2022年6月2日的公佈。

除以上所載者外,自截至2022年3月31日止年度起直至本報告日期,本集團並無其他會影響本公司或附屬公司的重大事件。

遵守放債人條例

本集團須於並已於任何時間嚴格遵守所有相關法律及法規。董事認為,除聯交所上市規則外,於本年度放債人條例對本集團之放債業務構成重大影響。

放債人條例為規管香港放債業務之主要條例。我們的放債業務乃透過本公司之附屬公司進行。於本年度,我們並無就續領放債人 牌照事宜接獲放債人註冊處處長或警務處處 長發出之任何反對或受其調查。

據我們所深知,本集團已於各重大方面遵守 放債人條例,而董事並不知悉任何事宜可導 致我們的放債人牌照於可見將來遭吊銷、終 止或不獲重續。

管理層討論及分析

CUSTOMERS

During the current year, our customers comprised individuals and corporations in Hong Kong and were all independent third parties (within the meaning of Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules), and were not connected persons or senior management of our Group.

During the current year, our top five customers (as determined by interest income generated) accounted for approximately 7.6% (2021: 9.6%) of our total revenue, and our single largest customer accounted for approximately 2.2% (2021: 2.2%) of our total revenue.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 31 March 2022, our Group employed 43 (2021: 35) full time employees. The total staff costs of our Group for the year were HK\$25.3 million (2021: HK\$22.1 million).

Our Group adopts a remuneration policy covering the position, duties and performance of our employees. The remuneration of our employees include salary, overtime allowance, bonus and various subsidies. We conduct performance appraisal on an annual basis. Our Company has also adopted the share option scheme on 4 September 2013, the purpose of which is to provide incentives to our employees who made contributions to our Group with a view to motivating them and/or attracting and retaining them for the long term growth of our Group. No share options were granted or outstanding during the year end 31 March 2022.

CHARGES ON GROUP ASSETS

As at 31 March 2022, our land and buildings of HK\$70.0 million (2021: HK\$71.9 million), our investment properties of HK\$113.3 million (2021: HK\$76.4 million) and certain properties mortgaged to our subsidiary with aggregate fair values of these properties of approximately HK\$94.5 million (2021: HK\$237.3 million) were secured for the Group's bank borrowings.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

During the current year, the business activities of our Group were denominated in Hong Kong dollars. Our Directors did not consider our Group was exposed to any significant foreign exchange risks. Our Group did not use derivative financial instruments to hedge against the volatility associated with foreign currency transactions and other financial assets and liabilities arising in the ordinary course of business.

客戶

於本年度,客戶包括於香港之個人及企業, 全部均為獨立第三方(定義見上市規則第14A 章),且並非本集團之關連人士或高級管理 層。

於本年度,五大客戶(按所產生利息收入釐定)佔總收益約7.6%(2021年:9.6%),而單一最大客戶則佔總收益約2.2%(2021年:2.2%)。

僱員及薪酬政策

於2022年3月31日,本集團聘有43名(2021年:35名)全職僱員。本集團本年度之員工成本總額為25,300,000港元(2021年:22,100,000港元)。

本集團採納與僱員之職位、職責及表現有關之薪酬政策。僱員之薪酬包括工資、加班津貼、花紅及各種補貼。我們每年進行表現評估。本公司亦於2013年9月4日採納購股權計劃,目的為獎勵對本集團作出貢獻之僱員,以鼓勵彼等及/或吸引及留聘彼等為本集團之長期增長努力。截至2022年3月31日止年度,概無已授出或未行使的購股權。

本集團資產抵押

於2022年3月31日,價值70,000,000港元 (2021年:71,900,000港元)之土地及樓宇、價值113,300,000港元(2021年:76,400,000港元)之投資物業以及公平值總額約為94,500,000港元(2021年:237,300,000港元)之若干抵押予附屬公司之物業已用作本集團銀行借款之抵押。

外匯風險

於本年度,本集團業務活動以港元計值。董事認為本集團並無承受任何重大外匯風險。本集團並無使用衍生金融工具對沖與外幣交易以及於日常業務過程中產生之其他金融資產及負債有關之波幅。

管理層討論及分析



CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 March 2022, our Group had no material contingent liabilities (2021: Nil).

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The Group did not have any capital commitments as at 31 March 2022 (2021: Nil).

OUTLOOK

The aftermath of the fifth wave of the epidemic has still imposed influence on the recovery of Hong Kong economy and such recovery will depend on the development of the pandemic situation, whether there would be a further sixth (and so forth) wave of the epidemic, and the efficiency of recovery strategies implemented by the Hong Kong Government. The development of the military conflict between Russia and Ukraine and the surge of Fed interest rate and inflation hike in the U.S. will continue to bring uncertainties and hurdles to the global economy. It is also expected that the political tension between China and U.S. will not be eased and will persistently impact the economy in China and Hong Kong in forthcoming periods. The beginning of tapering in U.S. may further creates challenges to the global economy. We expect these factors will continue to affect our loan product demand and our business operations for the coming financial years. The Group expects the global economy and Hong Kong economic outlook will remain sluggish, which would certainly pose persistent challenges and uncertainties to both our mortgage loan and personal loan products.

Despite the difficulties and challenges ahead, our Group will continue to leverage our professionalism and solid experience in our money lending business. We shall persistently implement cautious and prudent measures, instantly and effectively review and tighten our credit policies, and increase the proportion of our business with high net-worth customers. We shall also rebalance our product-mix, especially in our personal loan products where we shall put more focus on personal loans with property owners. By leveraging our professionalism, the highly recognised brand name "Hong Kong Finance" and our profound experience in the money lending business, we are confident to put ourselves in a more stable and solid position in the money lending industry, and we shall prepare ourselves to produce sound and fruitful operating and financial results again once the economy rebounds.

或然負債

於2022年3月31日,本集團並無任何重大或 然負債(2021年:無)。

資本承擔

於2022年3月31日,本集團並無任何資本承擔(2021年:無)。

展望

面對前路重重困難與挑戰,本集團將繼續秉 承我們的專業精神和放債業務方面的及 驗,繼續落實執行審慎周詳的措施,及高 致地檢討並收緊信貸政策以及增加與品 等戶交易的比例。我們亦須調整產品的 等別是私人貸款產品,我們將更集中於 的私人貸款。憑藉我們的 數 ,我們對放債業務方 高經驗,我們對放債業務能於業界取得 區地位充滿信心,我們亦將作好準備,於 濟復 也之時再次創造理想豐碩的經營和財務 業績。

个業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

Our Company is committed to achieving and maintaining high standards of corporate governance consistent with the needs and requirements of our business and our Shareholders for enabling them to evaluate how the principles of corporate governance have been applied. The corporate governance principles of our Company emphasize a quality board, sound internal controls, and transparency and accountability to all Shareholders.

Our Company has adopted and complied with the Code Provisions during the year ended 31 March 2022.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Board had reviewed our Company's corporate governance policies. The Directors will carry out a regular review and will propose any amendment, if and when necessary, to ensure compliance with the Code Provisions from time to time.

The below sets out the corporate governance principles and practices adopted by the Group which indicate how the Group has applied relevant principles in the CG Code.

CORPORATE CULTURE

Aligning the company's culture with its purpose, values and strategy

Our board has established the Group's purpose, values and strategy, and satisfy itself that these and the Group's culture are aligned. All Directors act with integrity, lead by example, and promote the desired culture. Such culture instils and continually reinforces across our Company's values of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly.

Culture and values

A healthy corporate culture set up by the Group was vital for the Company to achieve its vision and mission towards sustainable growth. It is the Board's role to foster a corporate culture with core principles to guide the behaviours of its employees, and ensure that the Company's vision, values and business strategies are aligned to it.

企業管治常規

本公司致力達致及維持符合其業務及股東需要及要求之高水平企業管治,讓股東評估企業管治原則之應用方式。本公司之企業管治原則著眼於高質素董事會、有效內部監控,以及對全體股東保持透明及問責。

截至2022年3月31日止年度,本公司已採納 及遵守守則條文。

截至2022年3月31日止年度,董事會已檢討 本公司之企業管治政策。董事將定期檢討並 於有需要時建議任何修訂,以確保遵守不時 生效之守則條文。

下文載列本集團採納之企業管治原則及常 規,顯示本集團應用企業管治守則相關原則 之方式。

企業文化

公司的文化與其使命、信念及策略保持 一致

董事會已制定本集團的使命、信念及策略, 並確保其與本公司的文化一致。所有董事須 持正不阿,以身作則,並致力推廣企業文 化。而該文化將向本公司上下灌輸,並不斷 加強本公司行事合乎法律、道德及負責任的 價值觀。

文化及價值觀

本集團營造健康的企業文化,對於本公司實現其可持續增長願景及使命而言十分重要。 董事會有責任營造揉合三項核心原則的企業 文化,從而為員工的行為提供指引,確保本公司的願景、價值觀及業務策略與本公司文 化保持一致。

企業管治報告



The framework of integrity values

Integrity underpins the behaviours of the Group's employees in working with each other and conducting business activities with business partners. We have human resources management policies in place to promote a caring environment with mutual respect and inclusive atmosphere in the workplace. Regarding business ethics, the Group's Code of Conduct has defined the behavioural guidelines for its employees to ensure that the Group's values of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly are continuously instilled and reinforced.

The framework of accountability culture

Our Group's culture of accountability begins from the strong leadership of the Board, with delegation of authorities to its Board Committees, the senior management of the respective business units, to every individual employee throughout the Group. With clear objectives and goals set in our business plans, budgets and forecast authorised by the Board, augmented by open communication and fair staff performance evaluation mechanism, our management and employees are committed to and accountable for achieving the targets for the long-term success of the Company.

Business strategies and policies enhancement

The Board carries out ongoing comprehensive review of the Group's formulation of business strategies and policies, which covers the Group's position in the major markets and service lines, leading drivers of change in the industry and markets, and marketing strategies to seize business opportunities in long run.

WHISTLEBLOWING AND ANTI-CORRUPTION

Whistleblowing mechanism

The Company has established a whistleblowing policy and administrative measures on handling staff reporting of irregularities to ensure employees can whistle blow through proper channels under confidence when suspected misconducts occurred or may occur which relate to the business or other aspects, and such reports are handled and followed-up appropriately, without risk of retaliation or revenge. The Company will take appropriate actions against any improprieties and, where appropriate, report the cases to the relevant enforcement authorities.

The Company regularly reviews the whistle-blowing mechanism, related policies and administrative measures to ensure their effectiveness.

誠信價值觀框架

誠信是本集團員工在相互合作及與商業夥伴 開展業務活動過程中應遵循的基本守則。本 集團已制定人力資源管理政策,在工作場所 營造相互尊重、包容及友善的氛圍。就商業 道德而言,本集團的行為守則和反貪污政策 中已訂明員工的行為指引,確保不斷加強本 集團行事合乎法律、道德及負責任的價值觀。

責任承擔文化框架

本集團的責任承擔文化以董事會的有力領導 為基礎,將權力下放至董事委員會、各業務 分部的高級管理層,以及本集團內每一位員 工。在經董事會批准的業務計劃、預算及預 測中已訂明公司的宗旨及目標,加上公司設 有開放的溝通及公平的員工績效評估機制, 因此本公司的高級管理層及員工均努力並肩 負起責任推動本公司實現在長遠上取得成功 的目標。

改進商業策略及政策

董事會持續對本集團業務戰略及政策的制定進行全面檢視,涵蓋本集團在主要市場及服務類別中的地位,推動行業與市場變化的主要因素,以及為長遠把握商機而制定營銷策略。

舉報及反貪污

舉報機制

本公司已制定舉報政策及管理辦法,確保員工可以在保密環境下就業務或其他方面發生或可能發生的不正當行為通過適當渠道進行舉報並獲適當處理及跟進,而不會有被追究或遭報復的風險。本公司對任何不當行為將採取合適行動,適當時向有關部門舉報該等情況。

本公司定期檢討舉報機制和相關政策及管理 辦法以確保其有效性。

个業管治報告

Anti-corruption measures

The Company has adopted the Anti-Corruption and Bribery Policy which provides guidance to our employees on how to recognise and deal with bribery and corruption. Every employee has a duty to report any potential violations of the policy to the Company through the channels set out therein.

The Company also strives to uphold all relevant anti-bribery and corruption laws and regulations in Hong Kong and ensures that a robust anti-bribery and corruption control framework is implemented to strengthen the standards of conduct of its employees. The overall anti-bribery and corruption framework is jointly supervised by the Board, its designated board committees and the senior management. The Company conducts regular anti-bribery and corruption risk assessment to evaluate the effectiveness of the framework and ensure it is properly and adequately managed and implemented.

BOARD INDEPENDENCE MECHANISM

The Company has established mechanisms to ensure independent views and input are available to the Board and conducted review of such mechanisms on an annual basis. The Directors are entitled to seek, at the Group's expense, independent professional advice reasonably necessary for discharging their duties as Directors. The Company Secretary will make necessary arrangements when the Directors wish to seek such independent professional advice.

The Board authorises the management to implement the business strategies and has formulated clear written guidelines which stipulate the circumstances where the management should report to and obtain prior approval from the Board before making decisions or entering into any contracts and commitments on behalf of the Group. The Board will conduct regular reviews on these authorisation and guidelines.

The Company has received confirmation in writing of independence from each of the independent non-executive Directors and considers them to be independent of the management and free of any relationship that could materially interfere with the exercise of their independent judgement.

反貪污辦法

本公司已採取反貪污及賄賂政策,並就如何 辨識以及處理賄賂及貪污為員工提供指引。 每位員工均有義務透過指定的渠道向本公司 舉報任何可能違反政策的行為。

本公司亦致力於遵守香港的所有反貪腐反賄 賂法律和法規,並確保實施一套嚴謹健全的 機制加強對其員工的指導及規範。整個反貪 腐反賄賂計劃由董事會、其轄下委員會及高 級管理層共同監督,並定期進行反貪腐反賄 賂管理有效性評估,並確保計劃得以恰當及 充分地管理及實施。

董事會獨立機制

本公司已訂立相關機制以確保董事可獲得獨 立觀點及意見並進行年度重檢。董事有權為 履行他們作為董事的職責而尋求所需的獨立 專業意見,費用由本集團承擔。公司秘書會 於董事需尋求該等獨立專業意見時作出所需 的安排。

董事會特別授權管理層執行業務策略及訂立 了清晰的書面指引,特別明確管理層應向董 事會匯報的各種情況,以及管理層應取得董 事會批准後才可以代表本集團作出的各種決 定或訂立的各種承諾等。董事會將對這些授 權和指引進行定期重檢。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事發出之獨立 性確認函,並認同獨立非執行董事乃獨立於 管理層,且並無任何足以重大干預彼等進行 獨立判斷之關係。

企業管治報告



BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Board composition

The Board currently comprises six Directors, including three executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors, with a variety and a balance of skills and experience in accounting, business, marketing, finance, investment and legal profession. During the year and up to the date of this report, the composition of the Board was as follows:

董事會

董事會成員

董事會目前由六名董事組成,包括三名執行 董事及三名獨立非執行董事,彼等擁有多樣 化之均衡技術及經驗,涵蓋會計、商業、營 銷、金融、投資及法律專業。於年內及百至 本報告日期,董事會現任成員列載如下:

Directors

董事

Membership of Board Committee(s) 董事委員會成員職務

Executive Directors:

執行董事:

Mr. Chan Koung Nam 陳光南先生 Mr. Chan Kwong Yin William (Chairman of the Board) 陳光賢先生 (董事會主席) Mr. Tse Pui To (Chief Executive Officer)

Member of Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會成員 Chairman of Nomination Committee 提名委員會主席

Independent Non-executive Directors:

獨立非執行董事:

Mr. Chan Siu Wing Raymond 陳兆榮先生 Mr. Chu Yat Pang Terry 朱逸鵬先生

謝培道先生 (行政總裁)

審核委員會主席 Chairman of Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會主席 Member of Audit Committee 審核委員會成員 Member of Nomination Committee 提名委員會成員 Member of Audit Committee 審核委員會成員

Chairman of Audit Committee

Member of Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會成員

Member of Nomination Committee 提名委員會成員

董事會主席為陳光賢先生,而本公司行政總 裁為謝培道先生。董事會主席及行政總裁之

Mr. Cheung Kok Cheong 張國昌先生

The Chairman of the Board is Mr. Chan Kwong Yin William and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company is Mr. Tse Pui To. The roles of the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer are separate and exercised by different individuals.

> 於年內,主席在執行董事並無列席之情況下 與全體三名獨立非執行董事會面。

職責有所區分,由不同人士承擔。

During the year, the Chairman has met with all three independent nonexecutive Directors without the executive Directors presence and this was in compliance with the Code Provisions.

个業管治報告

Our Company has complied with Rules 3.10(1) and (2), and 3.10A of the Listing Rules, requiring that the Board should contain at least three independent non-executive Directors representing at least one-third of the Board, and at least one of whom must have appropriate professional qualifications, accounting or related financial management expertise. The independent non-executive Directors have dedicated to provide our Company with professional advice with respect to the steady operation and development of our Company. They have also exercised supervision and coordination to safeguard the interests of our Company and our Shareholders.

Mr. Chan Siu Wing Raymond (independent non-executive Director and Chairman of the Audit Committee) is regarded as the appropriate person to fulfill such qualifications of having appropriate professional qualifications, accounting or related financial management expertise as required under the Listing Rules.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has confirmed in writing to our Company their independence during the year ended 31 March 2022 in particularly in regard to the requirements under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board considers that the independent non-executive Directors are free from any business or other relationship that may influence their exercise of independent judgement and are considered to be independent in accordance with the guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

The operation of the board

The Board's main task is to supervise and direct the management of our Company to operate under good corporate governance, in order to maximise value of our Shareholders while balancing the interest of our various stakeholders.

The Board holds meetings to monitor the performance of our Company and to be briefed with market developments, to discuss and decide on major corporate, strategic and operational issues, and to appraise any good investment opportunities available.

The major duties performed by our Board are as follows:

- setting our Company's values and standards, the objectives of our Company and responsibilities of the Board and its various committees;
- 2. establishing the strategic direction for our Company;
- 3. setting targets for and monitoring the performance of the management of our Group;
- 4. supervising the annual and interim results of our Group;

本公司已遵守上市規則第3.10(1)及(2)條以及第3.10A條,其規定董事會須設有最少三名獨立非執行董事,佔董事會成員人數至少三分之一,及其中最少一名獨立非執行董事必須具備適當專業資格,或具備適當會計或相關財務管理專長。獨立非執行董事致力向本公司提供專業意見,讓本公司可穩定經營及發展。彼等亦已作出監督及協調,以保障本公司及股東利益。

陳兆榮先生(獨立非執行董事兼審核委員會主席)被視為適當人選,彼符合該等資格,擁有 上市規則規定之適當專業資格、會計或相關 財務管理專長。

各獨立非執行董事已書面向本公司確認彼等於截至2022年3月31日止年度為獨立人士,尤其就上市規則第3.13條之規定而言。董事會認為,獨立非執行董事並無任何可能影響其行使獨立判斷之任何業務或其他關係,且根據上市規則第3.13條所載指引獲視為獨立人士。

董事會運作

董事會之主要職務為監督及指導本公司管理 層根據良好企業管治運作,以為股東爭取最 大價值,同時平衡各持份者之利益。

董事會舉行會議,以監察本公司之表現及獲簡介市場發展、討論及決定重大公司、策略及營運事宜,以及評核任何現有投資良機。

董事會履行之主要職責如下:

- 1. 制定本公司之價值觀與標準、本公司之 目標,以及董事會及其各個委員會之職 責;
- 2. 制定本公司策略方針;
- 3. 為本集團制定目標及監察管理層之表現;
- 4. 監督本集團之年度及中期業績;

企業管治報告



- 5. ensuring that a framework of prudent and effective internal control is in place to assess and manage the risk of our Group and implementing appropriate systems to manage these risks;
- 6. overseeing the relationships between our Company and our Shareholders, customers, the community, various government authorities, interest groups and others who have a legitimate interest in the responsible conduct of our Group's business;
- 7. identifying and assessing any matters involving a conflict of interest for a substantial Shareholder or a Director;
- 8. determining (if any and available) any material acquisitions and/or disposals of assets, investments, capital, projects, authority levels, major treasury policies, risk management policies and key human resources issues; and
- considering and determining issues which are the responsibilities of the Board pursuant to our Company's Articles of Association and the relevant laws and regulations in force by which our Company is governed from time to time.

The Board is also responsible for the following corporate governance duties:

- developing and reviewing our Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and making recommendations on any amendments or updates (if any);
- reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and our Company's senior management;
- 3. reviewing and monitoring our Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- 4. developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to our Company's employees and Directors;
- reviewing our Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report under the CG Code; and
- being responsible for performing any other corporate governance duties and functions set out in the CG Code and the Listing Rules (as amended from time to time), or delegating the responsibility to a committee or committees (if applicable).

- 確保推行審慎及有效之內部監控框架, 以評估及管理本集團之風險,並實施適 當制度以管理該等風險;
- 6. 監督本公司與股東、客戶、社區、各個 政府機構、權益群體及其他對本集團以 負責任態度經營業務擁有合法權益之其 他人十之關係:
- 7. 識別及評估任何涉及主要股東或董事之 利益衝突之事宜;
- 8. 決定(如有及可獲得)重大收購及/或 資產出售、投資、資本、項目、權力水 平、重大庫務政策、風險管理政策及主 要人力資源事官:及
- 考慮及決定根據本公司組織章程細則以及不時規管本公司之有關法律及法規屬董事會責任之事宜。

董事會亦負責處理以下企業管治職務:

- 1. 制定及檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常 規,並就任何修訂或更新(如有)作出推 薦建議;
- 檢討及監督董事及本公司高級管理層之 培訓及持續專業發展;
- 3. 檢討及監督本公司政策及常規是否遵守 法律及監管規定;
- 4. 制定、檢討及監督適用於本公司僱員及 董事之行為守則及合規手冊(如有);
- 檢討本公司就企業管治守則之合規情況 及根據企業管治守則於企業管治報告所 作披露;及
- 6. 負責履行企業管治守則及上市規則(經不時修訂)所載之任何其他企業管治職務及職能,或將職責授予一個或多個委員會(如適用)。

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

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The Board delegates to the management of the Company in respect of the major corporate matters as stated below: 董事會將以下所述有關主要企業事宜授予本公司管理層處理:

- 1. preparing of the annual and interim results of the Group to be approved by the Board;
- . 編製將由董事會批准之本集團年度及中期業績;
- 2. giving clear directions to the management team as to their powers of management, and circumstances in which the management team should report back;
- 就管理團隊之管理權力及管理團隊須匯報之情況向其發出清晰指示;
- 3. implementing of sufficient systems of internal control and risk management procedures of the Group;
- 3. 實行本集團之充足內部監控及風險管理 制度;
- 4. executing of the corporate strategies and directions of the Group adopted by the Board; and
- 4. 執行董事會所採納之本集團企業策略及 方針;及
- 5. carrying out day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Group, etc.
- 進行本集團日常管理、行政及營運等工作。

The Board members are required to meet regularly at least four times a year. The attendance of each Director at these meetings are stated as follows:

董事會須每年至少舉行四次常規會議。各董 事出席該等會議之情況載列如下:

Members of the Board 董事會成員	Attendance/ Number of Board meetings regularly held 出席次數/ 董事會常規 會議舉行次數	meeting held 出席次數/
Executive Directors:		
執行董事:		
Mr. Chan Koung Nam	4/4	1/1
陳光南先生	4/4	4.74
Mr. Chan Kwong Yin William <i>(Chairman of the Board)</i>	4/4	1/1
陳光賢先生 <i>(董事會主席)</i> Mr. Tse Pui To <i>(Chief Executive Officer)</i>	4/4	1/1
謝培道先生 <i>(行政總裁)</i>	7/ 7	17 1
Independent Non-executive Directors:		
獨立非執行董事:		
Mr. Chan Siu Wing Raymond	4/4	1/1
陳兆榮先生		
Mr. Chu Yat Pang Terry	4/4	1/1
朱逸鵬先生	0/4	a /a
Mr. Cheung Kok Cheong 張國昌先生	3/4	1/1

企業管治報告



Board meetings regularly held during the year were scheduled in advance, and notices of not less than fourteen days were given to all Directors so as to give them an opportunity to attend. Board papers were circulated to Directors not less than three days in advance before the date of each Board meeting to enable the Directors to be well informed on matters to be raised and discussed at the Board meetings. All Directors were given an opportunity to include matters in the agenda for the Board meetings.

In addition, the Directors had full and timely access at all times to all information of our Group and may seek independent professional advice at our Company's expense in carrying out their functions after making a request to the Board.

The Chairman of the Board, Mr. Chan Kwong Yin William, is the brother of Mr. Chan Koung Nam, and both of them are the executive Directors and substantial Shareholders of the Company. The biographies of the Chairman and the Directors are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management". Save as disclosed on those pages as set out above or any pages in this annual report, the Board members do not have any family, financial, business or other material/relevant relationship with each other and in particular, between the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer as disclosed therein.

Biographical details of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" on pages 74 to 76. The list of Directors and their roles and functions have been published on the websites of our Company and of the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Listing Rules from time to time.

Appointment and re-election of retiring Director

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with our Company for an initial term of three years and is renewable automatically for successive terms of three years, and each of the independent non-executive Directors has been appointed for an initial term of two years and thereafter it may be extended for such period as he and our Company may agree in writing.

Pursuant to Article 84 of the Articles of Association of our Company, at each annual general meeting one-third of the directors for the time being or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every director shall be subject to retirement at an annual general meeting at least once every three years. A retiring director shall be eligible for re-election at such meeting. Accordingly, Mr. Tse Pui To (executive Director and Chief Executive Officer) and Mr. Chan Siu Wing Raymond (independent non-executive Director) will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

於年內舉行之董事會常規會議均提早作出安排,並至少向全體董事發出不少於14日通知,讓彼等安排出席。董事會文件於董事會會議舉行日期前不少於3日向董事傳閱,以便董事得悉將於董事會會議提出及討論之事宜。全體董事均可以於董事會會議議程加入討論事項。

此外,董事可隨時全面及適時地得悉本集團 所有資訊,並可於履行職能時向董事會提出 要求後尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本公司承 擔。

董事會主席陳光賢先生為陳光南先生之胞弟,彼等均為本公司執行董事兼主要股東。主席及董事履歷載於標題為「董事及高級管理層」內。除上述頁數或在本年報任何頁數所披露者外,董事會成員之間概無任何家族、財務、業務或其他重大/相關關係,尤其是董事會主席與行政總裁(見該部分所披露者)。

董事之履歷詳情載於第74至76頁[董事及高級管理層]一節內。董事名單與其角色及職能已不時根據上市規則刊載於本公司及聯交所網站。

委任及重選退任董事

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約,初步 任期為三年,可自動重續,後續任期為三 年。各獨立非執行董事已按初步任期兩年獲 委任,其後彼與本公司可按書面協定延長有 關任期。

根據本公司組織章程細則第84條,佔當時三分之一的董事(或倘人數並非三之倍數,則按最接近但不少於三分之一之人數計)將於每屆股東週年大會輪席告退,惟每名董事須至少每三年於股東週年大會退任一次。退任董事將符合資格於會上接受重選。因此,謝培道先生(執行董事兼行政總裁)及陳兆榮先生(獨立非執行董事)將於本公司應屆股東週年大會退任,並符合資格重選連任。

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Training and support for Directors

During the year ended 31 March 2022, briefings and reading materials had been provided and funded by our Company to develop and refresh the Directors' knowledge and skills (including but not limited to corporate governance matters and any development or updates on the Listing Rules and other relevant regulatory requirements) as their continuous professional development so as to keep abreast of their collective responsibilities and to emphasis on the roles, functions and duties of a director of a listed company.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, all Directors had participated in the continuous professional development, by attending external seminars or reading materials on various topics covering regulations, corporate governance, finance and business, etc. Our Company will also continuously update our Directors on the latest developments regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements, to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices, and to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Board has adopted the Model Code to monitor the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by our Directors.

Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, they all have confirmed that they have complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code at all the applicable time throughout their tenure during the year under review.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three committees, namely the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee to oversee the relevant aspects of our Group's affairs. The three Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee of our Company was established with specific written terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules.

During the year, the roles and functions of the Audit Committee included:

(a) making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor, and approving the remuneration and other terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of its resignation or dismissal;

董事培訓及支援

截至2022年3月31日止年度,本公司已為董事提供簡介及閱讀資料並承擔有關費用,以增進及重溫彼等知識及技能(包括但不限於企業管治事宜以及有關上市規則及其他有關監管規定之任何發展或最新資料),作為董事之持續專業發展,讓彼等充分了解彼等整體職責,以及突出上市公司董事之角色、職能及職責。

截至2022年3月31日止年度,全體董事已參與持續專業發展,當中包括出席外部研討會或閱讀涵蓋規例、企業管治、財務及業務等不同議題之材料。本公司亦將持續知會董事有關上市規則及其他適用監管規定之最新發展,從而確保彼等遵守及培養良好企業管治常規之意識,並確保彼等持續對董事會作出知情及相關之貢獻。

遵守證券交易之標準守則

董事會已採納標準守則作為規範董事進行證 券交易之行為守則。

經向所有董事查詢後,彼等確認於回顧年度 內一直遵守標準守則所規定之準則。

董事委員會

董事會已成立三個委員會,即審核委員會、 薪酬委員會及提名委員會,以監督本集團事 務之有關方面。三個董事委員會獲提供充裕 資源以履行職責。

審核委員會

本公司審核委員會已成立,具體書面職權範 圍符合上市規則。

於年內,審核委員會之角色及職能包括:

(a) 就外聘核數師之委任、續聘及罷免向董事會提出推薦建議,批准外聘核數師之薪酬及其他聘用條款,以及處理任何有關核數師辭任或解聘之問題;

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- reviewing and monitoring the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards;
- (c) developing and implementing policy on engaging an external auditor to supply non-audit services;
- (d) monitoring the integrity of our Company's financial statements and annual report and accounts, interim report, and reviewing significant financial reporting judgments contained therein;
- (e) reviewing our Company's financial controls, risk management and internal control systems;
- (f) discussing the risk management and internal control systems with management to ensure that management has performed its duty to have effective systems;
- (g) considering major investigation findings on risk management and internal control matters as delegated by the Board or on its own initiative and management's response to these findings;
- (h) reviewing our Group's financial and accounting policies and practices;
- reviewing our external auditor's management letter, any material queries raised by the auditor to management about accounting records, financial accounts or systems of risk management and control and management's response;
- (j) ensuring that the Board will provide a timely response to the issues raised in the external auditor's management letter;
- (k) reporting to the Board on the matters set out above;
- reviewing arrangements employees of our Company can use, in confidence, to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, risk management, internal control or other matters as well as our whistleblowing policy;
- (m) acting as the key representative body for overseeing our Company's relations with the external auditor; and
- (n) considering other matters, as defined or assigned by the Board from time to time.

The Audit Committee discharged its responsibilities as required in accordance with its terms of reference during the year ended 31 March 2022 and the major of which are stated as:

 reviewing and monitoring the integrity of the interim results, annual results and financial statements of our Company and our Group and reviewing significant financial reporting judgments, and making recommendations to the Board for approval;

- (b) 按適用標準檢討及監察外聘核數師是否 獨立客觀以及核數程序是否有效;
- (c) 就委聘外聘核數師提供非核數服務制定 政策,並予以執行;
- (d) 監察本公司之財務報表以及年報及賬目 及中期報告之完整性,並審閱報告及賬 目所載有關財務匯報之重大判斷;
- (e) 檢討本公司之財務監控、風險管理及內 部監控制度;
- (f) 與管理層討論風險管理及內部監控制度,確保管理層已履行職責建立有效制度;
- (g) 應董事會之委派或主動就有關風險管理 及內部監控事宜之重要調查結果及管理 層對調查結果之回應進行研究:
- (h) 檢討本集團之財務及會計政策以及常規;
- (i) 審閱外聘核數師監控建議函件、核數師就會計記錄、財務賬目或風險管理及監控制度向管理層提出之任何重大疑問以及管理層之回應;
- (j) 確保董事會及時回應於外聘核數師給予 管理層之函件中提出之事宜;
- (k) 就上述事宜向董事會匯報;
- (I) 檢討安排使本公司員工可以私下就財務 匯報、風險管理、內部監控或其他方面 可能發生之不正當行為提出關注以及舉 報政策:
- (m) 擔任本公司與外聘核數師間關係之主要 代表組織;及
- (n) 考慮董事會不時界定或委派之其他事 項。

截至2022年3月31日止年度,審核委員會根據職權範圍履行職責,主要職責如下:

 檢討及監察本公司及本集團中期業績、 年度業績及財務報表之完整性,並檢討 重大財務申報判斷以及作出推薦建議以 獲董事會批准;

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- 2. reviewing and monitoring the reporting, accounting and financial policies and practices of our Company;
- 2. 檢討及監察本公司之申報、會計及財務 政策及常規:
- 3. reviewing the interim report, annual report, and results announcements of our Company;
- 3. 審閱本公司之中期報告、年報及業績公佈;
- 4. considering and recommending to the Board for the reappointment of our Company's independent external auditors;
- 考慮續聘本公司獨立外聘核數師,並就 此向董事會提出推薦建議;
- 5. reviewing the connected transactions and discloseable transactions; and
- 5. 審閱關連交易及須予披露交易;及
- 6. reviewing the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group, and reviewing the works performed by the independent internal control advisor, namely, APAC Compliance Consultancy and Internal Control Services Limited ("APAC"), on the risk management and internal control systems.
- 6. 檢討本集團風險管理及內部監控制度之成效,並檢討獨立內部監控顧問亞太合規顧問及內控服務有限公司(「**亞太**」)對風險管理及內部監控制度進行之工作。

The members of the Audit Committee comprise Mr. Chan Siu Wing Raymond (Chairman of the Audit Committee), Mr. Chu Yat Pang Terry and Mr. Cheung Kok Cheong, all of them are independent non-executive directors whereas Mr. Chan Siu Wing Raymond possesses the appropriate professional qualifications and experience in accounting or related financial management expertise as required under the Listing Rules.

審核委員會成員為陳兆榮先生(審核委員會主席)、朱逸鵬先生及張國昌先生,彼等均為獨立非執行董事,陳兆榮先生擁有上市規則規定之會計或相關財務管理專長之適當專業資格及經驗。

During the year ended 31 March 2022, all the Audit Committee members have met two times, with the attendance of our Company's external auditor, in compliance with the Code Provisions and the Audit Committee's terms of reference. The attendance of each member at these meetings is stated as follows:

截至2022年3月31日止年度,全體審核委員會成員已舉行兩次會議(本公司外聘核數師已經出席,符合守則條文及審核委員會職權範圍)。各成員於該等會議之出席記錄如下:

Members of the Audit Committee

Attendance/
Number of Audit
Committee meetings held
出席次數/
審核委員會會議舉行次數

審核委員會成員

Independent Non-executive Directors: 獨立非執行董事:

Mr. Chan Siu Wing Raymond (Chairman of the Audit Committee) 陳兆榮先生 (審核委員會主席) Mr. Chu Yat Pang Terry 朱逸鵬先生

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Mr. Cheung Kok Cheong 張國昌先生 2/2

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The Audit Committee has reviewed the contents of this annual report. The Audit Committee has also discussed and reviewed with the management and external auditor of our Company the matters regarding the internal controls, risk management, and financial reporting including the accounting principles and practices related to the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022, and recommended them to the Board for approval.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are available on the websites of our Company and the Stock Exchange, respectively.

Auditor's Remuneration and Auditor Related Matters

The Audit Committee of our Company is responsible for considering the appointment and re-election of our Company's external auditor and reviewing any non-audit services provided by our external auditor. During the year, our Group has paid or payable to our external auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers, the audit service in relation to the audit of annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 of HK\$800,000 (2021: HK\$800,000) and the non-audit service in relation to the review of interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the six-month ended 30 September 2021 of HK\$250,000 (30 September 2020: HK\$250,000), totalling HK\$1,050,000 (2021: HK\$1,050,000) in aggregate. The Audit Committee considered that the non-audit service has no adverse effect on the independence of the auditor. There was no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee on the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of the external auditor.

審核委員會已審閱本年報之內容。審核委員會亦已與本公司管理層及外聘核數師討論及檢討有關內部監控、風險管理及財務申報事宜,包括與編製截至2022年3月31日止年度之綜合財務報表有關之會計原則及常規,並建議董事會通過。

審核委員會職權範圍分別於本公司及聯交所網站可供查閱。

核數師酬金

本公司審核委員會負責考慮委任及續聘本公司外聘核數師,以及審閱外聘核數師提供之任何非審核服務。於年內,本集團就審核服務向外聘核數師羅兵咸永道會計師事務所已付或應付款項涉及有關審核截至2022年3月31日止年度之年度綜合財務報表之審核服務800,000港元(2021年:800,000港元),及有關審閱截至2021年9月30日止六個月之中期簡明綜合財務報表之非審核服務250,000港元(2020年9月30日:250,000港元),合共為1,050,000港元(2021年:1,050,000港元)。審核委員會認為,非審核服務對核數師找選、委任、辭任或罷免方面,董事會與審核委員會之間並無意見分歧。

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Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee of our Company was established with specific written terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules.

The roles and functions of the Remuneration Committee include:

- (a) making recommendations to the Board on our Company's policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing the Remuneration Policy;
- reviewing and approving the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;
- (c) making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive directors;
- (d) considering salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities and employment conditions elsewhere in our Group;
- (e) reviewing and approving compensation payable to executive Directors and senior management for any loss or termination of office or appointment to ensure that it is consistent with contractual terms and is otherwise fair and not excessive:
- (f) reviewing and approving compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of directors for misconduct to ensure that they are consistent with contractual terms and are otherwise reasonable and appropriate; and
- (g) ensuring that no Director or any of his associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration.

薪酬委員會

本公司薪酬委員會已成立,具體書面職權範 圍符合上市規則。

薪酬委員會之角色及職能包括:

- (a) 就本公司全體董事及高級管理人員之薪 酬政策及架構,及就制定薪酬政策設立 正規而具透明度之程序,向董事會提出 推薦建議;
- (b) 因應董事會所訂企業方針及目標而檢討 及批准管理人員之薪酬建議;
- (c) 就非執行董事之薪酬向董事會提出推薦 建議;
- (d) 考慮同類公司支付之薪酬、須付出之時間及職責以及集團內其他職位之僱傭條件:
- (e) 檢討及批准向執行董事及高級管理人員 就其失去或終止職務或委任而須支付之 賠償,以確保該等賠償與合約條款一 致;若未能與合約條款一致,賠償亦須 公平合理,不致過多;
- (f) 檢討及批准因董事行為失當而解僱或罷 免有關董事所涉及之賠償安排,以確保 該等安排與合約條款一致;若未能與合 約條款一致,有關賠償亦須合理適當; 及
- (g) 確保任何董事或其任何聯繫人不得參與 釐定其本身薪酬。

企業管治報告



During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Remuneration Committee (i) had reviewed the remuneration packages and bonus of executive Directors and our Company's senior management in relation to the terms of their service agreements and in accordance with the written remuneration policy of the Company (which had been reviewed during the said year); (ii) had assessed the performance of executive Directors and the Company's senior management; and (iii) had reviewed the Group's remuneration policy.

截至2022年3月31日止年度,薪酬委員會 (i)已就服務協議之條款及根據本公司已於上 述年度檢討之書面薪酬政策,檢討執行董事 及本公司高級管理人員之薪酬組合及花紅; (ii)評估執行董事及本公司高級管理人員之表 現;及(iii)檢討本集團之薪酬政策。

Our Company has adopted and the Remuneration Committee has been delegated with responsibility by the Board to determine the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and the senior management of our Company.

本公司已採納及薪酬委員會已獲董事會授予 職責釐定本公司個別執行董事及高級管理層 之薪酬組合。

We have an established practice in determining our independent non-executive Directors' fees, which does not involve equity-based remuneration with performance-related elements, with an aim to avoid leading to bias in their decision-making and compromise their objectivity and independence. 我們於釐定獨立非執行董事酬金方面擁有既 定慣例,其中不涉及有關業績的股權薪酬, 旨在避免彼等於決策時存在偏見並損害其客 觀性及獨立性。

The members of the Remuneration Committee include Mr. Chu Yat Pang Terry (Chairman of the Remuneration Committee) and Mr. Cheung Kok Cheong, both are independent non-executive Directors, and Mr. Chan Koung Nam, an executive Director.

薪酬委員會成員包括獨立非執行董事朱逸鵬 先生(薪酬委員會主席)及張國昌先生,以及 執行董事陳光南先生。

During the year ended 31 March 2022, all the committee members have met two times. The attendance of each member at these meetings are stated as follows: 截至2022年3月31日止年度,全體委員會成員已舉行兩次會議。各成員於該等會議之出席記錄如下:

Members of the Remuneration Committee

Attendance/ Number of Remuneration Committee meetings held 出席次數/

薪酬委員會成員

薪酬委員會會議舉行次數

Independent Non-executive Directors:

獨立非執行董事:

Mr. Chu Yat Pang Terry (Chairman of Remuneration Committee) 朱逸鵬先生(薪酬委員會主席)

2/2

Mr. Cheung Kok Cheong 張國昌先生 2/2

Executive Directors:

執行董事:

Mr. Chan Koung Nam 陳光南先生 2/2

个業管治報告

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are available on the websites of our Company and of the Stock Exchange.

薪酬委員會職權範圍分別於本公司及聯交所 網站可供查閱。

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee of our Company was established with specific written terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules.

The roles and functions of the Nomination Committee include:

- reviewing the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and making recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement our Company's corporate strategy;
- identifying individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board and selecting or making recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;
- (c) assessing the independence of the independent non-executive directors;
- (d) making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or reappointment of directors and succession planning for directors in particular the chairman and the chief executive; and
- (e) reviewing regularly the Nomination Policy and Board Diversity Policy of the Company to ensure the effectiveness of these policies and reviewing any progress on achieving those objectives in these policies.

The members of the Nomination Committee include Mr. Chan Kwong Yin William, an executive Director and Chairman of the Board (Chairman of the Nomination Committee), Mr. Chu Yat Pang Terry and Mr. Cheung Kok Cheong, both are independent non-executive Directors.

Our Nomination Committee, which comprised a majority of independent non-executive Directors, was chaired by the Chairman of the Board during the year ended 31 March 2022.

Our Company has complied with Rules 3.27A of the Listing Rules, requiring that the Nomination Committee should be chaired by the Chairman of the Board or an independent non-executive director and comprised of a majority of independent non-executive directors.

提名委員會

本公司提名委員會已成立,具體書面職權範 圍符合 | 上市規則。

提名委員會之角色及職能包括:

- (a) 至少每年檢討董事會之架構、人數及組成(包括技能、知識及經驗),並就任何 為配合本公司之企業策略而擬對董事會 作出之變動提出推薦建議;
- (b) 物色具備合適資格可擔任董事會成員之人士,並挑選提名有關人士出任董事或就此向董事會提出推薦建議;
- (c) 評估獨立非執行董事之獨立身份;
- (d) 就董事委任或連任以及董事(尤其是主席及最高行政人員)繼任計劃向董事會提出推薦建議;及
- (e) 定期檢討本公司之提名政策及董事會成員多元化政策,確保該等政策行之有效,並檢討達成該等政策目標之任何進展。

提名委員會成員包括執行董事兼董事會主席 陳光賢先生(提名委員會主席)、獨立非執行 董事朱逸鵬先生及張國昌先生。

截至2022年3月31日止年度,提名委員會由 大多數獨立非執行董事組成,並由董事會主 席擔任主席。

本公司已遵守上市規則第3.27A條,當中規定 提名委員會須由董事會主席或一名獨立非執 行董事擔任主席,並須由大多數獨立非執行 董事組成。

企業管治報告



During the year ended 31 March 2022, one meeting of the Nomination Committee was held to (i) assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors; (ii) review the re-appointment of retiring Directors at the 2021 annual general meeting of the Company; (iii) review the structure, size, diversity and composition of the Board and determine the policy; (iv) review the roles of the existing Directors and ascertain whether any conflict of interests had been arisen for the Directors; and (v) review the Nomination Policy and Board Diversity Policy of the Company to ensure their effectiveness.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, one meeting of the Nomination Committee was held and all members had attended this meeting with their respective records of attendance as follows:

截至2022年3月31日止年度,提名委員會曾舉行一次會議,以(i)評估獨立非執行董事之獨立身份:(ii)檢討於本公司2021年股東週年大會再度委任退任董事之事宜:(iii)檢討董事會之架構、人數、成員多元化及組成並釐定政策:(iv)檢討現任董事之角色及查明董事有否任何利益衝突;及(v)檢討本公司之提名政策及董事會成員多元化政策,確保該等政策行之有效。

截至2022年3月31日止年度,提名委員會 已舉行一次會議,全體成員均有出席是次會 議,彼等各自之出席記錄如下:

Members of the Nomination Committee

提名委員會成員

Attendance/ Number of Nomination Committee meeting held 出席次數/

提名委員會會議舉行次數

Executive Directors:

執行董事:

Mr. Chan Kwong Yin William (Chairman of the Nomination Committee) 陳光賢先生 (提名委員會主席)

1/1

Independent Non-executive Directors:

獨立非執行董事:

張國昌先生

Mr. Chu Yat Pang Terry 朱逸鵬先生 Mr. Cheung Kok Cheong 1/1

1/1

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are available on the websites of our Company and of the Stock Exchange, respectively.

提名委員會職權範圍分別於本公司及聯交所 網站可供查閱。

企業管治報告

Nomination policy

The Board has adopted a "Nomination Policy" which governs the criteria, procedures and process of nomination of Directors, so as to ensure that the Board should (i) have a balance of skills and experience; (ii) always maintain the minimum number of independent non-executive Directors as required under the Listing Rules; and (iii) ensure the independency of those independent non-executive Directors.

When identifying, assessing and recommending suitable candidates for directorship for the Board's consideration, the Nomination Committee will take into account our Company's current needs and qualities needed for the Board's service, including but not limited to:

- his/her ethical, integrity and maturity characters, educational and professional backgrounds, experience in money lending business or other relevant industry, and expertise in that area;
- (b) his/her willingness to devote the required amount of time to carrying out the duties and responsibilities of the Board and various committees' membership for multiple terms. In this regards, the numbers of offices held by the candidates in other public companies or organisations, and other significant commitments, etc. will be considered;
- any potential conflict of interest with the Group's business and assessment of the independence if he/she is appointed as independent non-executive Directors; and
- (d) his/her willingness to comply with the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements in full for discharging his/her liabilities.

For those potential candidates who appear upon first consideration to meet the above criteria, the Nomination Committee will conduct appropriate inquiries and arrange for in-person meeting with such candidates. Depending on the results of such inquiries and interviews, the Nomination Committee will propose this candidate to the Board for election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

提名政策

董事會已採納「提名政策」,規管提名董事之 準則、程序及流程,從而確保董事會將(i)具 備均衡之技能與經驗:(ii)時刻保持上市規則 所規定最少數目之獨立非執行董事:及(iii)確 保該等獨立非執行董事具備獨立身份。

於物色、評估及推薦合適出任董事之人選以 供董事會考慮時,提名委員會將考慮本公司 現行需要及為董事會服務所需具備之質素, 包括但不限於:

- (a) 彼之道德、誠信及成熟性格、教育及專業背景、於放債業務或其他相關行業之經驗以及於該範疇之專業知識;
- (b) 彼就於多個任期內履行董事會職務及職 責以及擔任各委員會成員投放所需時間 之意願。就此而言,候選人於其他公眾 公司或組織擔任之職務數目以及其他重 大承擔將納入考慮;
- (c) 倘彼獲委任為獨立非執行董事,任何可 能與本集團業務產生之利益衝突及評估 彼之獨立身份:及
- (d) 彼全面遵守上市規則及其他監管規定或 履行彼之責任之意願。

就於首輪考慮中似乎符合上述標準之潛在候選人而言,提名委員會將作出適當查詢,並安排親身與該名候選人會面。提名委員會將 視乎有關查詢及面談結果而向董事會建議該 名候選人於本公司應屆股東週年大會接受選 舉。

企業管治報告



Board diversity policy

The Board has adopted a "Board Diversity Policy", which requires the Nomination Committee of our Company to review annually the structure, size, diversity and composition of the Board and where appropriate, make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board for achieving diversity to our Board members, so as to enhance the quality of our performance. In relation to reviewing and assessing the Board's composition, the Nomination Committee has considered a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and industry and regional experience.

The Nomination Committee will consider all the measurable objectives that have been set for implementing the Board Diversity Policy for achieving diversity on the Board and recommend them to the Board as selection criteria for potential candidate to the Board. The Company aims to build and maintain an appropriate balance of diversity perspectives of the Board that are considered beneficial to the Company, and will regularly review the progress on achieving those measurable objectives set out in the Board Diversity Policy.

The Board and Nomination Committee have reviewed and will continue to review the implementation and effectiveness of this policy on an annual basis, as appropriate, and discuss any revisions that may be required, and recommend any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Financial reporting

The financial results of our Group are announced in a timely manner in accordance with all statutory requirements, particularly the timeframe as stipulated in Rule 13.49(1) and Rule 13.49(6) of the Listing Rules.

All Directors acknowledged their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of our Group on a going concern basis, with supporting assumptions or qualifications as necessary, for each financial period which gives a true and fair view of our Group's financial affairs for the year ended 31 March 2022.

The statement of the auditors about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements of our Group is set out in the section headed "Independent Auditor's Report".

董事會成員多元化政策

董事會已採納「董事會成員多元化政策」。本公司提名委員會須就此每年檢討董事會架構、人數、成員多元化及組成,並就(如期)任何為達致董事會成員多元化而擬對事會作出之變動提出推薦建議,從而提到新工作出之變動提出推薦建議,從而提到其本公司表現水平。就檢討及評估董事會組成不言,提名委員會已考慮多項因素,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專業資格、技能、知識以及行業及地區經驗。

提名委員會將考慮所有就實行董事會成員多元化政策而制定之可計量目標,務求達致董事會成員多元化,並向董事會建議該等目標,作為董事會對候選人之遴選準則。本公司擬建立及適當平衡董事會成員多元化觀點,此舉對本公司有利,並將定期檢討達致董事會成員多元化政策所載該等可計量目標之進展。

提名委員會已檢討並將繼續檢討(視適用情況 而定)此政策及討論任何須對此政策作出之修 訂,並向董事會提出修訂建議,以供董事會 考慮及批准。

問責及審核

財務申報

本集團之財務業績根據所有法律規定(尤其是上市規則第13.49(1)及13.49(6)條指明之時限),在適當時間公佈。

全體董事確認彼等有責任就各個財政期間,按持續經營基準編製本集團之財務報表,連同佐證假設或資歷(倘需要),以真實及公平地反映本集團截至2022年3月31日止年度之財政事務。

核數師就其對本集團財務報表之申報責任發表之聲明載於標題為「獨立核數師報告」章節內。

个業管治報告

Risk management and internal control

The maintenance of a sound and effective risk management and internal control systems in our Group is important to safeguard our Shareholders' investment and our Company's assets.

The Board acknowledges that it is its duty to oversee our Company's risk management and internal control systems on an ongoing basis and to review their effectiveness at least annually. These systems are designated to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve our business objectives, and could only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

During the year, with the assistance from APAC, our Group has identified and evaluated the relevant risks of our Group through a series of interviews. During the risk identification and evaluation processes, relevant risks were identified, evaluated and categorised into four sections, namely financial, compliance, strategic and operational, and our Group maintained a risk register to keep track of all identified risks which provided to our Board, the Audit Committee and our management a profile of those major and significant risks and a record of management's action taken to mitigate these risks. Each risk is evaluated at least annually based on its likelihood of occurrence and potential impact to our Group. This risk register is updated by our management as the risk owners with addition of new risks and/or removal of existing risks, if applicable, at least annually, after the annual risk evaluation and review have been performed.

During the year, there were no significant risks identified under the categories of financial risk and compliance risk. The following principal and significant risks of the Group, identified and classified into strategic risk and operational risks, were as follows:

風險管理及內部監控

本集團維持穩建及有效之風險管理及內部監 控制度對保障股東投資及本公司資產而言極 為重要。

董事會深明其有責任持續監督本公司之風險 管理及內部監控制度,並至少每年檢討其成效。此等制度旨在管理而非消除無法達成業 務目標之風險,並僅就避免出現重大錯誤陳 述或損失提供合理而非絕對保證。

於年內,概無發現財務風險及合規風險類別項下之重大風險。下列本集團之主要及重大 風險乃按下列方式識別及分類為策略風險及經營風險:

企業管治報告



Strategic risks:

Unfavourable macro-economic condition and the diverse factors, such as military conflict between Russia and Ukraine, the surge of Fed interest rate and of the inflation rate in the U.S., etc. may affect the economic and business conditions. Hence, cost of funding, revenue, financial performance, operational results and business prospects may be materially and adversely affected.

The prolonged occurrence of COVID-19 in Hong Kong may adversely affect the business and operation of the company. If the outbreak prolonged or any of the Group's employees is contracted with COVID-19, the employees may be subject to quarantine, which could disrupt the normal operation of the business.

On the other hand, competition in the money lending industry is keen and may materially and adversely affect business, financial performance and operational results of the Group.

Finally, the changes in economic, political, business environment and property market of Hong Kong could have a material and adverse impact on the business, financial condition and results of operation of the Group.

Operational risks:

The decline in the value or residual value of mortgaged property will lead to the reduction of the safety margin of the loan, and the risk of recovering the full amount of the loan will be increased.

Environmental, Social and Governance risks:

With the persistent COVID-19 pandemic situation and increasing importance of ESG, the Board places higher importance on the ESG risks faced by the Group's business operations.

The Board performs annual review to ensure the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the issuer's accounting, internal assessment, financial reporting functions, as well as those relating to the issuer's ESG performance and reporting.

During the review, the Board considers the changes in the nature and extent of significant risks (including ESG risks), and reviews the Group's ability to respond to such changes in its business and the external environment; the scope and quality of management's ongoing monitoring of risks (including ESG risks) and of the internal control systems.

策略風險:

不利的宏觀經濟狀況以及俄羅斯與烏克蘭之間的軍事衝突、美聯儲加息及美國通脹率飆升等多種因素或會影響經濟及商業狀況。因此,資金成本、收益、財務表現、經營業績及業務前景可能會受到重大不利影響。

COVID-19於香港持續散播及長期存在亦可能對公司之業務及營運構成不利影響。 倘爆發長時間持續或本集團任何僱員感染 COVID-19,僱員可能需接受隔離,而此舉可 能干擾業務正常運作。

另一方面,放債行業競爭激烈,可能對本集 團之業務、財務表現及經營業績構成重大不 利影響。

最後,香港之經濟、政府、商業環境及物業 市場變動可能對本集團之業務、財務狀況及 經營業績構成重大不利影響。

經營風險:

按揭物業之價值或剩餘價值下跌將導致貸款 之安全保證額減少,而收回貸款全額之風險 將會增加。

環境、社會及管治風險:

鑒於COVID-19疫情持續及隨著環境、社會及 管治愈加重要,董事會更加重視本集團業務 經營所面臨的環境、社會及管治風險。

董事會每年進行檢討,以確保發行人在會計、內部評估及財務報告職能以及與發行人的ESG表現及報告有關的資源、員工資歷及經驗、培訓計劃及預算是否充足。

於檢討期間,董事會考慮到重大風險(包括環境、社會及管治風險)性質及程度之變動; 本集團於業務及外部環境應對有關變化的能力;管理層對風險(包括環境、社會及管治風險)及內部監控制度持續監察的範圍及要求。

个業管治報告

During the year, the Board has appointed APAC to review and assess our Group's effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems, covering all material controls, including financial, operational, and compliance controls, with a view to ensure the adequacy of resources, staff qualification and experience, training programmes and budget of our accounting and financial reporting functions. APAC had prepared the risk assessment report and internal control report to the Audit Committee and the Board for their review, which covered all material controls, including financial, operational, compliance and strategical controls and risk management function and control of our Group. Moreover, improvements in internal control systems as recommended by APAC to enhance the risk management and internal control systems of our Group were also adopted by the Board. Based on the review findings and recommendation of APAC as well as the comments and suggestion of our Audit Committee, our Board considered the risk management and internal control systems are effective and adequate.

Function of internal audit

Currently our Group has no internal audit function. The Board has discussed and reviewed the need for an internal audit function and is of the view that in light of the size, nature and complexity of the business of our Group, it would be more cost effective to appoint external independent professionals to perform our internal audit functions and to review, at least annually, our risk management and internal control systems. Although our Group did not establish internal audit function during the year, the Board will continue to review a least annually the need for the function of internal audit.

Inside information

The Board has implemented procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information. Our Company has adopted the inside information policy which aims to set out guidelines to the Group's directors, officers and all relevant employees to ensure inside information (as defined below) of the Company is to be disseminated to the public in an equal and timely manner in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations.

The term "relevant employee" refers to employee of the Group, because of his office or employment, who is likely to be in possession of the unpublished inside information (as defined below).

內部審計職能

本集團目前不設內部審計職能。董事會已討 論及檢討是否需要設立內部審計職能,並基 於本集團業務規模、性質及複雜程度,認為 委聘外聘獨立專業人士至少每年履行內部監控制度 計職能以及檢討風險管理及內部監控制度 符合成本效益。儘管本集團於年內不設內部 審計職能,惟董事會將繼續至少每年檢討是 否需要設立內部審計職能。

內幕消息

董事會已就處理及發佈內幕消息實施程序及內部監控。本公司已採納內幕消息政策,旨在為本集團董事、高級職員及所有相關僱員制定指引,確保本公司之內幕消息(定義見下文)根據適用之法律及法規,以平等基準適時發放予公眾。

「相關僱員」一詞指本集團之僱員,因為其職務或委聘,可能持有未經公佈之內幕消息(定義見下文)。

企業管治報告



Under the new Part XIVA of the SFO, inside information is the specific information about the Company, its Shareholders or officers or its listed securities or derivatives, which is not generally known to the persons who are accustomed, or would be likely, to deal in the company's listed securities but would, if generally known to them, be likely to materially affect the price of the Company's listed securities.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Board had reviewed the Company's inside information policy, no matters arose from the review.

截至2022年3月31日止年度,董事會已檢討 本公司之內幕消息政策,有關檢討概無注意 到任何事宜。

根據證券及期貨條例全新第XIVA部,內幕消息指關於公司、其股東或高級職員,或其上

市證券或衍生工具並非普遍為慣常(或相當可能會)買賣公司上市證券之人士所知之特定資

料,但如普遍為彼等所知,則相當可能會對

公司上市證券之價格造成重大影響。

COMPANY SECRETARY

During the year ended 31 March 2022, our Company Secretary undertook no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Board has established a Shareholders' communication policy for maintaining an on-going dialogue with our Shareholders and other stakeholders and encouraging them to communicate actively with our Company.

This policy sets out the principles of our Company in relation to Shareholders' communications, with the objective of ensuring that the communications with our Shareholders and other stakeholders (including potential investors) with ready, equal and timely access to balanced and understandable information about our Company (including its financial performance, strategic goals and plans, material developments, corporate governance and risk profile), in order to enable our Shareholders and other stakeholders to exercise their rights in an informed manner mainly through our Company's corporate communications (such as interim reports and annual reports, announcements and circulars, and notices of meetings), annual general meetings and other general meetings, as well as disclosure on the websites of our Company and of the Stock Exchange, respectively.

Announcements, interim reports, annual reports and circulars and associated explanatory documents etc. are despatched to our Shareholders and are also published on the websites of our Company and of the Stock Exchange under a dedicated "Investor Relations" section thereon as soon as practicable in plain language and in both English and Chinese versions or where permitted, in single language, and will be updated on a regular basis and in a timely manner.

公司秘書

截至2022年3月31日止年度,公司秘書已接受不少於15個小時之相關專業培訓。

與股東溝通及投資者關係

董事會已制定股東通訊政策以與股東及其他 持份者持續對話,以及鼓勵彼等積極與本公 司溝通。

此政策載列本公司有關股東通訊之原則,旨在確保與股東及其他持份者(包括潛在投資者)保持溝通,並容易、公平及適時取得平界及易於理解之本公司資料(包括其財務表現、策略目標及計劃、重大發展、企業管治治及、與概況),以確保股東及其他持份者主要透過機況),以確保股東及其他持份者主要透過本公司之公司通訊(例如中期報告及年報。及通函以及大會通告)、股東週年大會於政東大會,以及分別於本公司及聯交所網站上之披露資料,在知情之情況下行使其權利。

公佈、中期報告、年報及通函,以及相關解釋文件已在切實可行之情況下盡快以淺白語言,並以中英文(或在許可情況下以單一語言)寄發予股東,亦已刊載於本公司及聯交所網站內標題為「投資者關係」內,並將定時及適時更新。

个業管治報告

Our Company's website provides our Shareholders and other stakeholders with the corporate information, such as our principal business activities and products, the development of corporate governance and the corporate social responsibilities of our Group, etc.

本公司網站向其股東及其他持份者提供主要 業務活動及產品、企業管治之發展以及本集 團之企業社會責任等公司資料。

Our Company continues to commit to a proactive policy of promoting investor relations and effective communication with our Shareholders and analysts by maximising the use of our Company's website as a channel to disclose our Company's updated information and corporate communications to our Shareholders, stakeholders and the public on a timely basis. Our Company also encourages our Shareholders to attend shareholders' meetings to stay informed of our Group's businesses and convey any concerns they may have to the Directors and senior management.

本公司繼續奉行積極進取之政策,盡量使用本公司網站作為適時向股東、持份者及公眾披露本公司最新資料及公司通訊之渠道,促進投資者關係以及與股東及分析員間有效溝通。本公司亦鼓勵股東出席股東大會,以緊貼有關本集團業務之資訊,並向董事及高級管理層提出彼等之關注。

Our Company has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholders' communication policy during the year. The senior management discussed any revisions that may be required, and recommended any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval on the aspects including (i) how to ensure the Company to provide shareholders and the investment community with equal and timely access to the information about the Group, and (ii) the ways to enhance effective communication with shareholders through various platforms and channels specified in the policy.

於年內,本公司檢討了股東通訊政策的實施及有效性。高級管理層已討論任何或須作出的修訂,並向董事會提出修訂建議及批准,包括:(i)如何確保本公司讓股東及投資者能公平及適時地查閱本集團資料,及(ii)透過該政策指定的多個平台及途徑與股東進行有效溝通的方法。

Shareholders' rights

1. Procedures for Shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting

Pursuant to Article 58 of our Company's Articles of Association, any one or more Shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one tenth of the paid up capital of our Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of our Company, shall at all times have the right to require an extraordinary general meeting (the "EGM") to be called by the Board.

Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the Company Secretary of our Company at our principal place of business in Hong Kong for the purpose of requiring an EGM of our Company to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition.

Such EGM will be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition.

股東之權利

1. 股東召開股東特別大會之程序

根據本公司組織章程細則第58條,任何一名或以上於遞交呈請日期持有本公司繳入股本(附帶於本公司股東大會之表決權)不少於十分之一之股東,有權隨時要求董事會召開股東特別大會(「股東特別大會」)。

有關呈請須以書面形式寄至香港主要營業地點向董事會或本公司之公司秘書作出,以要求董事會就處理該呈請列明之任何事務召開本公司股東特別大會。

有關股東特別大會須於該呈請遞交後兩 個月內舉行。

企業管治報告



If the requisition is in order, an EGM will be convened by serving sufficient notice in accordance with the requirements under the Articles of Association of the Company and the Listing Rules to all Shareholders. On the contrary, if the requisition is invalid, the Shareholders concerned will be advised of this outcome and accordingly, an EGM will not be convened as requested.

Depending on the nature of the proposals, any EGM of our Company at which the passing of a special resolution is to be considered shall be called by notice of not less than twenty-one clear days and not less than ten clear business days. All other EGM of our Company may be called by notice of not less than fourteen clear days and not less than ten clear business days (whereas the notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given), together with the accompanying circular which also sets out details of each proposed resolution and other relevant information as required under the Company's Articles of Association and the Listing Rules.

2. Procedures for raising enquiries

Shareholders may direct their queries such as their shareholdings, share transfer and registration, change of name or address, loss of share certificates or dividend warrants, registration and payment of dividend, etc. to our Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Union Registrars Limited:

Address : Suites 3301–04, 33/F.

Two Chinachem Exchange Square

338 King's Road

North Point, Hong Kong

Email : info@unionregistrars.com.hk

Tel : (852) 2849 3399

Fax : (852) 2849 3319

Shareholders and other stakeholders may also raise enquiries in respect of our Company's matters in writing to the Board or the Company Secretary whose contact details are as follow:

Address : Unit 3410, 34th Floor

Tower II, Lippo Centre

89 Queensway, Admiralty, Hong Kong

Email : ir@hkfinance.com.hk

Tel : (852) 2525 3535

Fax : (852) 2525 3534

倘要求適當,將根據本公司組織章程細則及上市規則之規定向全體股東發出充分通知後召開股東特別大會。相反,倘要求無效,相關股東將獲告知此結果,亦不會應要求召開股東特別大會。

按建議之性質,將於會上考慮通過特別決議案之本公司任何股東特別大會須透過發出不少於二十一個完整日子及不分於一個完整營業日之通知召開。發出一個完整日子及不分於十個完整日子及不少於十個完整日子及不少於十個完整日子及不少於十個完整日子及不少於十個完整日子及不少於十個完整日子及不少於十個完整時間,通知不包括送達當日及發送當日內,達以上一個人。

2. 查詢程序

股東可將彼等持股權、股份轉讓及登記、更改姓名或地址、遺失股票或股息證、登記及派付股息等查詢發送至本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處聯合證券登記有限公司:

地址 : 香港北角

英皇道338號 華懋交易廣場2期 33樓3301-04室

電郵: info@unionregistrars.com.hk

電話: (852) 2849 3399

傳真 : (852) 2849 3319

股東及其他持份者可將有關本公司之查 詢以書面形式發送至董事會或公司秘 書,聯繫詳情如下:

地址 : 香港金鐘金鐘道89號

力寶中心二座 33樓3301-04室

電郵: ir@hkfinance.com.hk

電話 : (852) 2525 3535

傳真 : (852) 2525 3534

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

Procedures for putting forward proposals at shareholders' meetings

(i) Proposal for election of a person other than a Director as a Director:

Pursuant to Articles 83(2) and 85 of the Company's Articles of Association and the "Procedures for Shareholders to Propose a Person for Election as a Director of the Company", which is available at our Company's website, a Shareholder who wishes to propose a person other than a retiring Director for election to the office of Director at any general meeting should lodge:

- (a) notice in writing signed by him/her concerned of his/ her intention to propose a candidate for election as a Director which must include the personal particulars of this nominated candidate as required by Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules; and
- (b) notice in writing signed by this nominated candidate to be proposed indicating his/her willingness to be elected and his/her consent to publish his/her information on our Company's announcement.

The above-mentioned notices should be lodged and addressed to the Chairman of the Board or Chief Executive Officer of our Company at our principal place of business in Hong Kong, and the period for lodgment of these notices shall commence on the day after the dispatch of the notice of the general meeting and end no later than ten business days prior to the date of such general meeting.

(ii) Procedures for putting other forward proposals at general meetings:

To put forward proposals other than the above at a general meeting, Shareholders should submit a written notice of those proposals with their detailed contact information to our Company Secretary at the principal place of business of our Company in Hong Kong. The notice period to be given to all Shareholders for consideration of the proposal raised by the Shareholders concerned at general meetings varies according to the nature of the proposal.

3. 於股東大會上提呈建議之程序

(i) 建議推選董事以外之人士擔任董 事:

> 根據本公司組織章程細則第83(2) 及85條,以及「股東提名人選參選 為公司董事的程序」(可於本公司網 站查閱),股東如欲建議退任董事 以外之人士於任何股東大會上參選 董事,應遞交:

- (a) 由有意建議候選人參選董事 之人士簽署之通知書,必須 載列上市規則第13.51(2)條 所規定該提名候選人之詳 情;及
- (b) 獲建議推選之該提名候選人 簽署之通知書,表明其參選 意願及同意於本公司公佈上 刊發其資料。

上述通知書須提交並寄至香港主要營業地點予本公司董事會主席或行政總裁,該等通知書之遞交期由寄發股東大會通告翌日開始,並於有關股東大會日期前不遲於十個營業日結束。

(ii) 於股東大會提出其他建議之程序:

擬在股東大會上提出上述以外之提 案,股東須提交該等建議之書面 通知,連同詳細聯絡資料,送交司 公司在香港之主要營業地點予公司 秘書。就有關股東提出於股東大司 考慮之提案而向全體股東發出通告 之通知期因應建議之性質而有所不 同。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告



Constitutional Documents

During the year ended 31 March 2022, there was no change in the amended Articles of Association of our Company.

Our Company's latest versions of Articles of Association are available on the websites of our Company and of the Stock Exchange, respectively.

Dividend policy

The Board has adopted a dividend policy to allow Shareholders to participate in our Company's profit whilst retaining adequate reserves for our Company's future growth. Any distribution of dividends shall be in accordance with the Articles of Association of our Company and with the applicable laws and regulations. The Board may distribute dividends by way of cash, shares, or by other means as the Board considers as appropriate.

Profit distribution shall achieve continuity, stability and sustainability and should take into account of (i) the earning per share of our Company; (ii) reasonable return in investment of the investors and the shareholders; (iii) general financial conditions, cash flow situation, and business plan, future operations and earnings, capital requirements and surplus of our Company; (iv) any restrictions on payment of dividends by our Company's or the Group's lenders; (v) the general market sentiment and circumstances; and (vi) other factors the Board deems appropriate.

The Board will continue to review this policy as appropriate, and may declare and distribute final dividends, interim dividends or special dividends from time to time.

憲章文件

截至2022年3月31日止年度,本公司之經修 訂組織章程細則概無變動。

本公司組織章程細則之最新版本分別於本公司及聯交所網站可供查閱。

股息政策

董事會已採納股息政策,以便與股東分享本公司溢利,同時為本公司日後發展保留充足儲備。任何股息分派均須符合本公司組織章程細則以及適用法律及規例之規定。董事會可以現金、股份或董事會認為適當之其他方式分派股息。

溢利分派應實現持續、穩定及可持續發展,並應計及(i)本公司每股盈利;(ii)投資者及股東之合理投資回報;(iii)整體財務狀況、現金流量狀況以及本公司業務計劃、未來營運及盈利、資金需要及盈餘;(iv)本公司或本集團貸款人對股息派付之限制;(v)整體市場氛圍及情況;及(vi)董事會視為適當之其他因素。

董事會將繼續於適當時候檢討此政策,並可 能不時宣派及分派末期股息、中期股息或特 別股息。

INTRODUCTION

Since the establishment of our Group more than twenty years ago, our Group has been principally engaged in the money lending business of providing property mortgage loans and personal loans in Hong Kong. In October 2013, our Group was listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange and we are the first Hong Kong listed company specialising in property mortgages with a solid financial background and high transparency. We are still focusing on our core business in property mortgage loans under our well-known and highly recognised brand name "Hong Kong Finance". We also expanded our money lending business in unsecured personal loan products in 2016 in order to diversify ourselves in different money lending market segments, to capture new market opportunity and to enhance our overall interest margin.

We aim to provide "professional, reliable and flexible" mortgage services to our customers. Our experienced sales managers provide customised solutions based on the specific needs of customers. In order to build a harmonious community, our Group strives to maintain a sustainable business and contribute to the society.

Sustainable development is an integral part of our business strategy in order to achieve business excellence and to enhance capabilities for long-term competitiveness. Our Group is committed to maintaining our operation in manner that is economically, socially and environmentally sustainable while balancing the interests of our various stakeholders and foster a positive impact on the society. Our sustainability strategy is based on the compliance with the applicable legal requirements, principle of sustainability and opinions from stakeholders. We have established and implemented various policies to manage and monitor the risks related to the environment, employment, operating practices and community. Details of the management approaches to sustainable development of different areas are illustrated in this report.

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT AND MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

The Group understands the success of the Group's business depends on the support from its key stakeholders, who (a) have invested or will invest in the Group; (b) have the ability to influence the outcomes within the Group; and (c) are interested in or affected by or have the potential to be affected by the impact of the Group's activities, products, services and relationships. It allows the Group to understand risks and opportunities. The Group will continue to ensure effective communication and maintain good relationship with each of its key stakeholders.

緒言

自本集團成立二十多年以來,本集團主要於香港從事提供物業按揭貸款及私人貸款之放債業務。於2013年10月,本集團於聯交所主板上市,為首間專門從事物業按揭之香港上市公司,具有穩健財務背景及高透明度。。們仍以知名及深入民心之「香港信貸」品牌,注經營物業按揭貸款之核心業務。我們亦於行經營物業按揭貸款之核心業務。我們亦於行經營物業的人資款產品之放債不規方。從而把握市場新機遇及提高整體息差。

我們之目標乃為客戶提供「專業、可靠及靈活」之按揭服務。我們經驗豐富之銷售經理根據客戶個別需要提供度身制定之解決方案。 為創建和諧社區,本集團矢志維持可持續發展業務,並為社會作出貢獻。

可持續發展為我們業務策略其中一部分,藉以取得卓越業務表現以提升長遠競爭力。。集團鋭意以經濟、社會及環境可持續之方方營運,同時兼顧各持份者之利益,並為治營運,同時兼顧各持份者之利益,並為治營軍人大會開入,可持續原則及持份者之意見關稅。不可持續原則及社區之之國險。有關不同範疇可持續發展之管理方針詳情於本報告中詳述。

持份者參與及重大性評估

本集團深明本集團業務成功有賴(a)現已投資或將投資本集團;(b)能夠影響本集團內部成果;及(c)於本集團活動、產品、服務及關係中擁有權益或受到或可能會受到有關影響之主要持份者之支持,讓本集團了解所涉及風險及掌握機遇。本集團將繼續確保與各主要持份者有效溝通及維持良好關係。

環境、社會及管治報告



Stakeholders are prioritised from time to time in view of the Group's roles and duties, strategic plan and business initiatives. The Group engages with its stakeholders to develop mutually beneficial relationships and to seek their views on its business proposals and initiatives as well as to promote sustainability in the marketplace, workplace, community and environment.

基於本集團之角色與職責、策略規劃及業務計劃,持份者不時獲優先考慮。本集團與持份者合作發展互利關係,並向彼等徵詢有關業務建議及計劃之意見,以及促進市場、工作場所、社區及環境可持續發展。

The Group acknowledges the importance of intelligence gained from the stakeholders' insights, inquiries and continuous interest in the Group's business activities. The Group has identified key stakeholders that are important to our business and established various channels for communication. The following table provides an overview of the Group's key stakeholders, and various platforms and methods of communication are used to reach, listen and respond.

本集團明白到向持份者了解彼等對本集團業務活動之見解、疑問及持續權益攸關重要。 本集團已識別對我們業務至關重要之主要持份者,並設立各種溝通渠道。下表概述本集 團主要持份者以及用以聯絡、聆聽及回應之 各個平台和溝通方法。

Stakeholders 持份者	Issues of concern 關注事項	Engagement channels 接觸渠道
Government and regulatory authorities 政府及監管機關	 Comply with the laws and regulations Proper tax payment Promote regional economic development and employment 遵守適用法律及法規 依法納税 推動區域經濟發展及就業 	 On-site inspections and checks Research and discussion through work conferences, work reports preparation and submission for approval Annual reports and announcements Company website 實地檢驗及檢查 透過工作會議、編製工作報告及提交批准展開研究及討論 年報及公佈 本公司網站
Shareholders and Investors 股東及投資者	 Return on the investment Information disclosure and transparency Protection of interests and fair treatment of shareholders 投資回報 資料披露及透明度 保障股東利益及公平待遇 	 Annual general meeting and other shareholder meetings Annual reports and announcements Newsletter Meeting with investors and analysts Websites of the Company and of the Stock Exchange Company contact information 股東週年大會及其他股東大會 年報及公佈 通訊 與投資者及分析員會面 本公司網站及香港聯合交易所有限公司網站



Stakeholders 持份者	Issues of concern 關注事項	Engagement channels 接觸渠道
Employees	 Safeguard the rights and interests of employees Working environment Career development opportunities Self-actualisation Occupational health and safety Staff remuneration, benefits and well- 	 Meetings and conferences Trainings, seminars, briefing sessions Entertainment, cultural and sport activities Feedback box
僱員	being 保障僱員權利及權益 工作環境 事業發展機會 自我實現 職業健康與安全 員工薪酬、福利及福祉	會面及會議培訓、研討會及簡介會娛樂、文化及體育活動意見反饋箱
Customers	 Safe and high-quality products Stable relationship Information transparency Business ethics 	Email and customer service hotlineVisits and meetings
客戶	 合法及優質產品 穩定關係 資料透明 商業道德 	電郵及客戶服務熱線觀訪及會面
Bank 銀行	 To repay loans on schedule, monitor operating conditions and risks and operate with honesty and credibility 按時償還貸款、監察營運狀況及風險,並以誠信方式營運 	 Work conferences On-site visits, post-loan tracking and various business communication 工作會議 實地訪查、貸後追蹤及各種商業通訊
Financial Institution 財務機構	 Compliance with the laws and regulations 遵守適用法律及法規 	 Work conferences On-site visits, post-loan tracking and various business communication 工作會議 實地訪查、貸後追蹤及各種商業通訊
Peer/Industry associations 同業/行業協會	 Experience sharing and cooperation Fair competition 經驗分享與合作 公平競爭 	 Industry conference and seminars Site visit 行業會議及研討會 實地訪查
Media 傳媒	Transparent information資料透明	Media傳媒

環境、社會及管治報告



Stakeholders 持份者	Issues of concern 關注事項	Engagement channels 接觸渠道
Public and Communities	Community involvementSocial responsibilities	VolunteeringVillage visitingCharity and social investment
公眾人士及社區	社區參與社會責任	 義工服務 村莊探訪 慈善及社會投資

Through general communication with stakeholders, the Group understands the expectations and concerns from stakeholders. The feedbacks obtained allow the Group to make more informed decisions, and to better assess and manage the resulting impact.

The Group has adopted the principle of materiality in the ESG reporting by understanding the key ESG issues that are important to the business of the Group. All the key ESG issues and key performance indicators (KPIs) are reported in this Report according to recommendations of the ESG Reporting Guide (Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules) and the GRI Guidelines.

The Group has evaluated the materiality and importance in ESG aspects through the following steps:

Step 1: Identification - Industry Benchmarking

- Relevant ESG areas were identified through the review of relevant ESG reports of the local and international industry peers.
- The materiality of each ESG areas was determined based on the important of each ESG area to the Group through internal discussion of the management and the recommendation of ESG Reporting Guide (Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules).

Step 2: Prioritisation - Stakeholder Engagement

• The Group discussed with key stakeholders on key ESG areas identified above to ensure all the key aspects were covered.

藉著與持份者之平常溝通,本集團理解到持份者之期望與關注,而所獲得反饋意見讓本集團得以作出更明智決策以及更有效評估及管理因此產生之影響。

本集團了解對本集團業務至關重要之關鍵環境、社會及管治事宜,故於此報告中採取重大性原則。根據上市規則附錄二十七《環境、社會及管治報告指引》及《全球報告倡議組織指引》(GRI Guidelines)之建議,於本報告中匯報所有關鍵環境、社會及管治事宜以及關鍵績效指標(「關鍵績效指標」)。

本集團透過以下步驟評估環境、社會及管治 範疇之重大性及重要性:

第一步:識別-行業基準

- 透過檢視本地及國際同業之有關環境、 社會及管治報告識別相關環境、社會及 管治範疇。
- 基於透過管理層內部討論得出對本集團 至關重要之各環境、社會及管治範疇以及上市規則附錄二十七《環境、社會及 管治報告指引》之建議,釐定各環境、 社會及管治範疇之重大性。

第二步:優先考慮-持份者參與

本集團與主要持份者討論上述所識別關鍵環境、社會及管治範疇,以確保涵蓋所有關鍵範疇。

Step 3: Validation - Determining Material Issues

 Based on the discussion with key stakeholders and internal discussion among the management, the Group's management ensured that all the key and material ESG areas, which were important to the business development, were reported and in compliance with ESG Reporting Guide.

As a result of this process carried out in the year ended 31 March 2022, those important ESG areas to the Group were discussed in this report.

ESG GOVERNANCE

Board's oversight of ESG issues

Board's overall vision and strategy in managing ESG issues

The Board has a primary role in overseeing the management of the Group's sustainability issues. During the year, the Board spent time in evaluating the impact of ESG-related risks on our operation and formulating relevant policy in dealing with the risks. The oversight of the Board is to ensure the management to have all the right tools and resources to oversee the ESG issues in the context of strategy and long-term value creation.

ESG Working Group

The Group attaches great importance to ESG work. Under the leadership of the Board, a working group has been set up ("ESG Working Group") to implement specific safety and environmental protection work so as to comply with government requirements, implement the concept of "safety and environmental protection" in its operation and fulfil its social responsibilities.

The ESG Working Group is primarily responsible for reviewing and supervising the ESG process and its risk management of the Group. Different ESG issues were reviewed by the ESG Working Group at the meeting, which holds once per year. During the reporting period, the ESG Working Group and the management reviewed the ESG governance and different ESG issues. The ESG Working Group mainly consisted of an executive Director and two senior management of the Group.

第三步:有效驗證-釐定重大事宜

基於與主要持份者之討論及管理層間之內部討論,本集團管理層確保就所有對業務發展至關重要之關鍵及重大環境、社會及管治範疇作出報告並符合《環境、社會及管治報告指引》規定。

基於截至2022年3月31日止年度進行了以上程序,故於本報告內討論該等對本集團至關重要之環境、社會及管治範疇。

環境、社會及管治

董事會對環境、社會及管治議題之監管

董事會在管理環境、社會及管治議題方面的 整體願景及策略

董事會在監督本集團的可持續發展事宜方面 擔當主要角色。於年內,董事會花費時間評 估環境、社會及管治相關風險對營運的影 響,並制定相關政策以處理相關風險。董事 會的督導確保董事會擁有一切合適的工具及 資源,以便因應策略及創造長期價值方面督 導環境、社會及管治事宜。

環境、社會及管治工作小組

本集團非常重視環境、社會及管治工作。在董事會的領導下,一工作小組已被成立(「環境、社會及管治工作小組」),以實行具體的安全及環保工作,例如遵守政府規定、於營運中落實「安全及環保」概念及履行其社會責任。

環境、社會及管治工作小組主要負責檢討及 監管本集團的環境、社會及管治流程以及其 風險管理。環境、社會及管治工作小組在每 及管治事宜。於報告期內,環境、社會及管治事宜。於報告期內,環境、社會及管治 的治理以及不同的環境、社會及管治事宜。 環境、社會及管治工作小組主要由本集團一名執行董事及兩名高級管理層人員組成。

環境、社會及管治報告



Board's ESG management approach and strategy for material ESGrelated issues

In order to better understand the opinions and expectations of different stakeholders on our ESG issues, materiality assessment is conducted each year. We ensure various platforms and channels of communication are used to reach, listen and respond to our key stakeholders. Through general communication with stakeholders, the Group understands the expectations and concerns from stakeholders. The feedbacks obtained allow the Group to make more informed decisions, and to better assess and manage the resulting impact.

The Group has evaluated the materiality and importance in ESG aspects through the steps: (1) material ESG area identification by industry benchmarking; (2) key ESG area prioritisation with stakeholder engagement; and (3) validation and determining material ESG issues based on results of communication among stakeholders and the management. Hence, this can enhance understanding of their degree and change of attention to each significant ESG issue, and can enable us to more comprehensively plan our sustainable development work in the future. Those important and material ESG areas identified during our material assessment were discussed in this report.

A. ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS

The Group is mainly involved in office operations and its business activities do not have significant impact on the environment or natural resources. In spite of this, as a financial services provider, we recognise that we have an obligation to reduce the impact of our operations on the environment and be accountable for the resources and materials that are used in our daily operations. We are committed to continuously improving our environmental sustainability by responsibly managing our operation, reducing our carbon footprint and using resources effectively.

Throughout the year, the Group fully complied with all of the relevant environmental laws and regulations in Hong Kong, such as the Air Pollution Control Ordinance (Cap. 311), the Sewage Services Ordinance (Cap. 463) and the Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap. 354). Besides, no concluded case regarding environmental issues was brought against us or our employees. We also regularly update itself with the latest development of the applicable laws and regulations on environmental protection.

董事會的環境、社會及管治管理方針和對重 大環境、社會及管治相關事宜的策略

為更深入了解不同權益人對我們環境、社會及管治事宜的意見和期望,我們每年進行重要性評估。我們確保利用各種溝通平台和管道來接觸、聆聽及回應主要權益人。通過與權益人進行一般溝通,本集團可了解權益人的期望和關注事宜。獲得的回饋意見有助本集團作出更明智的決策,以及更妥善評估及管理由此產生的影響。

A. 環境方面

本集團主要於辦公室進行業務且業務活動對環境或天然資源並無重大影響。儘管如此,我們作為金融服務供應商明白到有義務減少營運對環境之影響,並須對我們日常營運中使用之資源及材料負責。我們致力以負責任方式管理業務、減少碳足跡及善用資源,不斷改善環境方面之可持續發展。

本集團於整個年度一直全面遵守香港所有相關環境法律及法規,例如《空氣污染管制條例》(第311章)、《污水處理服務條例》(第463章)及《廢物處置條例》(第354章)。此外,概無任何針對我們或我們之僱員提出有關環境事宜之已終結案件。我們亦定期獲取有關適用環保法律及法規最新發展之資料。



Apart from complying with the environmental protection rules and standards, the Group emphasises environmental protection and seeks ways to enhance efficiency in the use of natural resources and reduce the environmental impact of its business operation. We take the initiative to formulate and implement the "Corporate Environmental Policy" to establish relevant emissions reduction and energy saving initiatives internal policies and campaigns to facilitate the effective use of natural resources and eco-friendly operation. We also encourage employees to build up environmental-friendly habits through notice and promotion to save resources and minimise pollution.

除遵守環保規則及標準外,本集團亦重視環保,並尋求提高天然資源使用效率及減少業務營運對環境影響之方法。我們主動制定並實施「公司環境政策」,制定相關減排及節能舉措內部政策和更動,以促進善用天然資源及以對生態友善之方式營運。我們亦透過通知及宣傳鼓勵僱員養成環保習慣,從而節省資源及盡量減少污染。

A1. EMISSIONS

Air Pollutant Emissions

Air pollutant emissions control is essential to mitigate the impact on the environment and to protect the health of employees. As the Group is mainly involved in general office activities, the amount of air pollutant emissions is insignificant. Our air pollutant emissions are mainly generated from the mobile sources. We take initiative to formulate plans in transportation management for the reduction of air pollutant emissions in our daily business operation, for example encouraging employees and clients to take video conference instead of unnecessary transportation. The increase in air pollutant emissions in 2022 was mainly attributable to the increase in the uses of motor vehicles for business purposes during the year. Furthermore, the Group targets to manage the reduction of air pollutants emissions to be in line with the growth of our Group's money lending business or the increase of employee number in medium to long term time horizon in future. The detail of air pollutant emissions of the Group during the reporting period was as follows:

A1. 排放物

空氣污染物排放

控制空氣污染物排放乃減輕對環境 之影響及保障僱員健康之重要一 環。由於本集團主要涉及一般辦公 室活動,故空氣污染物排放量甚 微。我們之空氣污染物排放主要源 自移動源。我們主動制定交通管理 計劃,以減少日常業務中之空氣污 染物排放,例如鼓勵僱員和客戶採 用視像會議取替不必要交通安排。 2022年之空氣污染物排放量加, 主要由於年內業務用途的汽車用量 增加。此外,本集團的目標為管理 減少空氣污染物排放,使其與本集 團放債業務的增長或未來中長期內 員工人數的增加保持一致。於報告 期內,本集團空氣污染物排放詳情 如下:

		For the year er 截至3月3	
Type of Air Pollutant Emission 空氣污染物類別	Unit 單位	2022 2022年	2021 2021年
Nitrogen oxides (NO _x) 氮氧化物 (NO _x)	kg 公斤	6.38	6.27
Sulphur dioxide (SO₂) 二氧化硫 (SO₂)	kg 公斤	0.12	0.12
Particulate matter (PM) 懸浮粒子 (PM)	kg 公斤	0.47	0.46

環境、社會及管治報告



Greenhouse Gas ("GHG") Emission

GHG is considered as one of the major contributors to the climate change and global warming. The Group recognises that climate change is gradually concerned by the community as it affects our daily life and poses a risk to its business. Hence, we are committed to mitigating the effects of climate change and to protecting the health of employees.

The major sources of our GHG emission are the fuel used by vehicles and indirect emission through electricity consumption for our office operations. The Group strives to improve energy efficiency and reduce energy consumption so as to minimise GHG emission by adopting energy saving initiatives mentioned in the section "Use of Resources" of this ESG Report. The increase in GHG emissions for the year ended 31 March 2022 was mainly attributable to the increase in the uses of motor vehicles and electricity consumed for business purposes during the year. The Group will strive to reduce the GHG emissions to be in line with the growth of our Group money lending business or increase of employee number in medium to long term time horizon in future.

The detail of GHG emissions of the Group during the reporting period was as follow:

溫室氣體(「溫室氣體」)排放

溫室氣體被視為造成氣候變化及全球暖化之其中一項主要因素。由於氣候變化影響我們日常生活及對本集團業務構成風險,故本集團深明氣候變化日漸備受社會關注。因此,我們致力盡量將氣候變化之影響降至最低,並保障僱員健康。

於報告期內,本集團溫室氣體排放 詳情如下:

		For the year en 截至3月31	
Type of GHG Emission 溫室氣體排放類別	Unit 單位	2022 2022年	2021 2021 年
Scope 1 ¹ 範圍 1 ¹	tonnes of CO ₂ e 噸二氧化碳當量	21.65	21.63
Scope 2 ² 範圍 2 ²	tonnes of CO ₂ e 噸二氧化碳當量	27.39	26.00
Total GHG emission 溫室氣體總排放量	tonnes of CO ₂ e 噸二氧化碳當量	49.04	47.63
GHG emission intensity 溫室氣體排放密度	$tonnes of CO_2e/area in sq. ft.$ 噸二氧化碳當量/每平方呎面積	0.01	0.01

Scope 1: Direct emission from sources that are owned or controlled by our Group.

Scope 2: Indirect emissions from the generation of purchased electricity consumed by our Group.

範圍1:來自本集團擁有或控制來源之直接排放。

範圍2:來自產生本集團所用購入電力之間接排放。



Hazardous and Non-hazardous Wastes

Waste management is considered as one of the material topics in environmental protection. The Group recognises the importance of waste reduction. Waste management measures have been introduced and implemented to minimise the amount of waste generated and the impact on the environment. With our business nature, no hazardous waste is generated or discharged during the office operation.

For non-hazardous waste, the waste is mainly generated from daily office operation. The Group takes initiative to reduce waste by formulating effective measures. Generally, we have engaged qualified recycling companies to collect and handle the waste in accordance to the Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap. 354) in Hong Kong. The major source of our non-hazardous waste is paper waste.

With the aim to reduce the amount of waste generated, the Group endeavors to cultivate environmental awareness among employees. In order to reduce the paper consumption, we encourage our employees to consider environmental-friendly printing such as double-sided printing and copying. We also encourage employees to reuse single sided non-confidential print out. The waste paper is reused as fillers for packing when practicable.

有害及無害廢棄物

廢棄物管理被視為重要環保議題之一。本集團深明減少廢棄物攸關重要,已推行及實施廢棄物管理措施,務求盡量減少所產生廢棄物量及對環境之影響。基於我們之業務性質,於辦公室營運期間並無產生或排放任何有害廢棄物。

就無害廢棄物而言,廢棄物主要源自日常辦公室營運。本集團透過制定有效措施,主動減少浪費。一般而言,我們已聘請合資格回收公司根據香港《廢物處置條例》(第354章)收集及處理廢棄物。我們之無害廢棄物來源主要為廢紙。

為減少所產生廢棄物量,本集團致力加強僱員之環保意識。為減少用紙,我們鼓勵僱員考慮採用雙面打印及複印等環保印刷措施。我們亦鼓勵僱員重用經單面非機密打印之紙張,並在切實可行情況下,重用廢紙作為包裝填充物。

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On top of that, the Group actively promotes electronic communication such as emails to reduce the amount of paper used. In addition to paper saving, we also encourage employees to reuse stationery such as envelopes and use reusable items such as reusable cutleries and cups. All these measures are geared at reducing waste such as paper waste which can help mitigate the global greenhouse effect as well. Recycling bags are available for paper collection. All paper boxes, paper, newspaper and magazines are collected for recycling purpose. The amount of non-hazardous waste generated for the year ended 31 March 2022 remained stable when compared with 2021 as the Group strived for finding ways to manage the office waste effectively during the year. The Group has set comprehensive reduction target on nonhazardous waste generation to be in line with the growth of our Group's money lending business or increase of employee number in medium to long term time horizon in future. The detail of non-hazardous waste generated by the Group during the reporting period was as follows:

更重要的是,本集團積極推廣使用 電郵等電子通訊方式,以減少用紙 量。除節省用紙外,我們亦鼓勵僱 員重用信封等文儀用品,並使用可 重複使用之餐具及水杯等可重用物 品。所有此等措施均旨在減少廢紙 等廢棄物,此舉有助減輕全球溫室 效應。我們設有環保袋收集紙張。 我們收集所有紙箱、紙張、報紙和 雜誌作回收之用。截至2022年3 月31日止年度產生的無害廢棄物 量與2021年相比維持穩定,乃由 於本集團年內致力尋找有效管理辦 公室廢棄物的方法。本集團已設立 無害廢棄物相關的全面減排目標, 使其與本集團放債業務的增長或未 來中長期內員工人數的增加保持一 致。於報告期內,本集團所產生無 害廢棄物詳情如下:

		For the year er 截至3月3	nded 31 March 1 日止年度
Type of Wastes Disposal 處置廢棄物類別	Unit 單位	2022 2022年	2021 2021 年
Non-hazardous waste disposed 處置無害廢棄物	tonnes 噸	3.00	3.01
Non-hazardous waste intensity 無害廢棄物密度	tonnes/employee 噸/僱員	0.07	0.08

During the reporting period, non-hazardous waste recycled by the Group was as follows:

於報告期內,本集團所回收無害廢 棄物情況如下:

		•	nded 31 March 1 日止年度
Type of Wastes Recycled 回收廢棄物類別	Unit 單位	2022 2022年	2021 2021 年
Paper recycled 回收紙張	tonnes 噸	0.43	0.44
Paper recycled intensity 回收紙張密度	tonnes/employee 噸/僱員	0.01	0.01

A2. USE OF RESOURCES

The Group considers environmental protection as an essential component of a sustainable and responsible business. We have an in-depth understanding of the importance of safeguarding sustainable development of the environment and this to attach importance to efficient utilisation of resources by introducing various measures in daily office operation. We understand that staff participation is the key to achieve such goals. We strive to build up a working environment that emphasises the "green office" policy such as a set of guidelines to improve the efficient use of resources for long-term sustainability. We also motivate our employees to participate in resources conservation activities to promote resources saving.

Energy Consumption

The Group considers environmental protection as an essential component of a sustainable and responsible business. With aims of resource saving and implementation of energy saving measures, we actively promote the concept of energy saving and emission reduction into the entire process of its business development and operation and implements different energy saving measures.

Regarding energy consumption of the Group, petrol and purchased electricity mainly result from fuel used by vehicles and premises operation respectively. The Group endeavors to reduce the energy consumption by advocating various energy conservation strategies. For examples, we choose to use power-saving facilities and reduce the number of equipment used. Computers are switched to energy-saving mode when they are not in use for a long period of time. All power supply in the area is switched off while idle. Besides, the temperature of air-conditioners is maintained at an energy-efficient level to reduce the energy consumption. Energy conservation reminders are placed to increase employees' awareness of energy saving. We will consistently seek ways to improve energy efficiency and reduce energy consumption in our facilities in the future. The increase in energy consumption for the year ended 31 March 2022 was mainly attributable to the increase in the uses of motor vehicles and purchased electricity consumed for business purposes during the year. The Group has set inclusive total energy consumption reduction target to be in line with the growth of our Group's money lending business or increase of employee number in medium to long term time horizon in future.

A2. 資源使用

能源耗用

本集團視環保為可持續及負責任企業之重要元素。為節約資源及實施節約能源措施,我們於整個業務發展及營運過程中積極推廣節約能源及減少排放物概念,並實施不同節約能源措施。

關於本集團能源耗用方面,汽油及 購入電力分別主要源自汽車所用 燃料及物業營運。本集團致力藉倡 導各項節能策略減少能源耗用。舉 例而言,我們選擇使用省電設施並 減少所用設備數量;將長時間未使 用之電腦切換至節能模式;關閉區 內所有閒置電源。此外,我們將空 調溫度維持在節能水平,以減少能 源耗用。我們設有節能提示,以提 高僱員之節能意識。我們日後將不 斷尋求各種方法,以提高設施之 能源效益及減少能源耗用。截至 2022年3月31日止年度能源耗用 增加,主要由於年內業務用途的汽 車用量及所用購入電力增加。本集 團已設定總括性的整體能源耗用減 少目標,使其與本集團放債業務的 增長或未來中長期內員工人數的增 加保持一致。

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The detail of energy consumption of the Group during the reporting period was as follows:

於報告期內,本集團能源耗用詳情 如下:

For the year ended 31 March

		截至3月3	
Type of Energy 能源類別	Unit 單位	2022 2022年	2021 2021年
Purchased electricity 購入電力	MWh 兆瓦時	38.58	36.62
Petrol 汽油	MWh 兆瓦時	72.36	71.01
Total energy consumption 能源總耗量	MWh 兆瓦時	110.94	107.63
Energy consumption intensity 能源耗用密度	MWh/area in sq. ft. 兆瓦時/每平方呎面積	0.03	0.03

Water Consumption

Water is another important resource used during the daily operations. The business of our Group is operated in office premises where water supply is solely controlled by and centrally managed by the respective property management of the building. In this case, it is not feasible for the Group to provide all relevant water consumption data as there is no separate meter for the individual office unit to record water usage. In spite of this, we strive to prevent unnecessary water consumption by promptly reporting to the relevant department in case of a leaking faucet. We also actively raise employees' awareness of water saving through green office policies such as reminding employees to turn faucet off tightly and conducting regular inspection and maintenance of water facilities.

用水

A3. THE ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

The Group's two main operating segments: (i) property mortgage loans and (ii) personal loans have no significant impact on the environment and natural resources. Notwithstanding, we continue to enhance the environmental awareness of our employees, customers, shareholders and business partners and enlist their supports in improving our environmental performance. With the integration of policies and measures to reduce air pollutants and GHG emissions, waste generation and resources consumption, we strive to enhance environmental sustainability and minimise our impacts on the environment. We will review our environmental policy from time to time and will consider implementing further eco-friendly measures and practices in order to enhance environmental sustainability.

A4. CLIMATE CHANGE

Governance

Our Group addresses climate-related risks based on the nature of the risk to our operations. The physical impacts of climate change, including extreme weather events, or damage to facilities have immediate operational impacts and are treated as operational risks. Long-term challenges, such as emerging ESG issues and climate-related risks and opportunities, may be discussed by the ESG Working Group.

Supported by our ESG Working Group, our Board oversees climate-related issues and risks regularly during board meetings and ensures that they are incorporated into our strategy.

To ensure our Board to keep up with the latest trend of climate-related issues, climate competence training will be provided to ensure it has the necessary expertise and skills to oversee the management of climate-related issues. Our Board also seeks professional advice from external experts when necessary to better support the decision-making process.

A3. 環境及天然資源

A4. 氣候變化

管治

本集團按營運風險的性質來處理氣候相關的風險。氣候變化(包括極端天氣事件)的實際影響或設施遭到破壞會即時影響營運,一概視作營運風險處理。環境、社會及管治工作小組會討論長遠挑戰,比如新出現的環境、社會及管治事宜、與氣候相關的風險及機遇。

在環境、社會及管治工作小組的支援下,董事會定期在董事會會議上 監察與氣候相關的事宜及風險,並 確保將其納入我們的策略之中。

為確保董事會能夠掌握氣候相關事 宜的最新趨勢,我們會提供氣候事 宜處理能力培訓,以確保董事會具 備必要的專業知識及技能以監督氣 候相關事宜的管理工作。董事會亦 會在必要時向外部專家尋求專業意 見,以更全面支援決策流程。

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Our ESG Working Group provides effective governance for integrating and addressing ESG issues, including climate change, within our business. The ESG Working Group is responsible for approving operational emissions targets for the Group and commissioning an ESG benchmarking, as well as gap analysis exercise to identify gaps in both disclosure and policy relative to the best practice standards. Moreover, the ESG Working Group works closely with the Group's different operation departments, with an aim to develop consistent and enhanced approaches on addressing ESG risk issues and report to the management.

Strategy

Climate change risk forms part of our overall risk profile through its role in increasing the frequency and intensity of certain diseases, and the health and mortality impacts resulting from natural disasters. We assess the overall level of risk by taking into consideration a range of diverse risk factors across the many categories in our product or services range. This diversity of risk is combined with our business strategy and broad geographic footprint helps us distribute risk and provide protection against the impacts of short-term climate change effects.

Our services continue to provide protection for people in our communities against weather and heat-related disease. Besides, we continue to explore opportunities to engage our business partners and encourage them to develop climate resilience and reduce their operational carbon footprint by taking into consideration of different climate-related scenarios, including a "2°C or lower scenario" through the following steps:

Step 1: Set Future Images Assuming Climate Change Effects

As climate change measures proceeds, there is a possibility that the industry will be exposed to substantial changes, such as stricter policies including the introduction of and increases in carbon pricing, as well as advances in technology and changes in customer awareness. In light of these climate change effects, based on the International Energy Agency ("IEA") scenarios and others, we developed multiple future images as the external environment that will surround our Group.

策略

氣候變化風險構成我們整體風險的 一部分,因其增加若干疾病發生率 及強度以及自然災害對健康及死亡 的影響。我們於評估整體風險水 時,會考慮到我們的產品或服務 圍內多個類別的一系列不同風險因 素。風險的多樣性與我們的業,有 略及廣泛的地理分佈相結合,有 飲我們分散風險,並針對短期氣候 變化的影響提供保障。

我們的服務持續為我們所處社區的大眾提供氣候及高溫相關疾病的保障。此外,我們不斷發掘機會,與我們的業務夥伴合作,並通過以下措施鼓勵彼等考慮各種氣候相關情景(包括「2°C或以下的情景」),從而積極應對氣候變化並減少營運中的碳排放足跡:

第一步:設定氣候變化影響可能造 成的未來場景

隨著應對氣候變化措施的持續落實,行業可能面臨重大變化,例如推出及上調碳定價等更嚴厲的政策,以及技術進步和客戶觀念的變化。鑒於該等氣候變化影響,我們基於國際能源署(「IEA」)發佈的情景及其他情景設定了本集團將面對的外部周圍環境的多種未來場景。



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With regard to the IEA scenarios, we put focus on the 2°C scenario (2DS) and pictured future images in case where climate change measures do not progress and where such measures progress further "Beyond 2°C scenario".

Step 2: Consider the Impacts

We considered the impacts on our Group for each of the future images developed in Step 1. We believe that it will be possible to expedite carbon dioxide reduction effects in our society.

With regard to the effects on raw material procurement and production, introduction of and increases in carbon pricing is anticipated in accordance with the global advance of climate change measures, leading to the possibility of higher raw material procurement and production costs.

On the other hand, in the case where climate change measures are not adequate throughout society, production interruptions and supply chain disruptions are likely to increase as a result of higher frequency and intensification of natural disasters such as flooding.

Step 3: Respond to the Strategies

Our Group will begin promoting the reduction of non-renewable energy in our daily operation. This strategy will allow for flexible and strategic responses to each demand for the regions where the emission factors of purchased electricity consumptions are high. By promoting real carbon emissions reductions throughout the world through these types of initiatives, we are working to achieve zero carbon emission in our business.

We minimize carbon emissions through comprehensive energy-saving and introduction of renewable energy. With respect to renewable energy, in particular, we have set a new target, achieve a reduction rate for purchased electricity in coming few years.

With regard to the ongoing confirmation of the suitability and progress of the Group's strategies, we believe that we will have opportunities for stable funding and sustainable increases in corporate value through appropriate information disclosure, dialogue with institutional investors and other stakeholders.

關於IEA情境,我們重點關注2°C情景(2DS),並分別製作在氣候變化應對措施並無進展及該等措施進展逾越「2°C情景以外」兩種情況下的未來場景。

第二步:考慮影響

我們已考慮第一步所設定的各種未 來場景對本集團造成的影響。我們 認為在社會環境中,可能須加大二 氧化碳減排力度。

就對原材料採購及生產的影響而言,隨著全球加強氣候變化應對措施,預計將推出及上調碳定價,進而可能推高原材料採購和生產成本。

另一方面,當針對整個社會的氣候 變化應對措施不足時,因洪水等自 然災害發生的頻率變高且程度加劇 而導致生產停頓和供應鏈中斷的可 能性將會增加。

第三步:戰略對策

本集團將開始在日常營運中推廣減 少不可再生能源的使用。該策略 可以靈活及策略性地應對外購用電 的排放係數較高地區的需求。這些 舉措促進了全世界碳排放的真正減 少,同時,我們正致力於營運內實 現零碳排放。

我們通過全面節能及引入可再生能 源以減少碳排放。具體而言,於可 再生能源方面,我們已設定於未來 數年減少外購電量的新目標。

對於持續確認本集團策略的適切性 和進展,我們相信通過適當的資料 披露、與機構投資者及其他持份者 的溝通,我們將有機會獲得穩定資 金及實現企業價值的可持續增長。

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Risk Management

Our Group identifies the climate change related risks or to test the existing risk management strategies under climate change with the aid of risk assessment. Hence, the areas where new strategies are needed could be identified.

The risk assessment takes a standard risk-based approach using national data, local information and expert knowledge, which can identify how climate change may compound existing risks or create new ones. The risk assessment is conducted through the following steps:

Step 1: Establish the context

- Objective/goal
- Scale
- Time frame
- Climate change scenario for most climate variables and sea level

Step 2: Identify existing risk (past and current)

- Identify the record of occurrence of climatic hazard in the past in the area
- Risk management strategies in place to tackle future occurrence of the hazard

風險管理

本集團已確定氣候變化相關風險或 借助風險評估測試在氣候變化下現 有的風險管理策略。因此能夠發現 需要實施新策略的領域。

風險評估採用基於風險的標準方法,並利用國家數據、本地資料及專家知識,能夠識別氣候變化如何加劇現有風險或產生新風險。該風險評估按以下步驟進行:

第一步:建立背景

- 目標/願景
- 規模
- 時間表
- 根據多數氣候可變因素及海 平面設定的氣候變化情景

第二步:確定現有風險(過去及現 在)

- 搜集本地區過去發生氣候災害的記錄
- 現有可應對未來災害的風險 管理策略



Step 3: Identify future risk and opportunities

- Explore climate change projections for the selected time frame(s) and emission scenario(s)
- Identify potential hazards
- Investigate whether any existing risk from Step 2 may get worse under future projected changes
- Identify new risks that can emerge under future projected changes

Step 4: Analyse and evaluate risk

Identify a set of decision areas or systems (i.e. geographical areas, business operation, assets, ecosystems, etc.) that has the potential to be at risk in future.

As outlined within the Governance section above, the Group has robust risk management and business planning processes that are overseen by the Board in order to identify, assess and manage climate-related risks. The Group engages with government and other appropriate organizations in order to keep abreast of expected and potential regulatory and/or fiscal changes.

We continue to raise awareness of climate change in regard to monitoring of carbon and energy footprint in our daily operation. However, there remains gaps in understanding how such climate risks and opportunities may impact our operations, assets and profits. Our Group assesses how the business addresses climate change risks and opportunities and takes the initiative to monitor and reduce their environmental footprint.

第三步:確定未來的風險及機遇

- 探索選定時間範圍內及排放 情景下的氣候變化預測
- 識別潛在危害
- 根據未來預測變化分析第二 步的任何現有風險是否可能 加劇
- 識別未來預測變化中可能出現的新風險

第四步:分析及評估風險

確定一組未來可能存在風險的決策 領域或系統(如地區、業務運營、 資產、生態系統等)。

誠如上文管治一節所述,本集團擁有穩健有效的風險管理及業務規劃 流程,該等流程受董事會監督,以 識別、評估及管理氣候相關風險。 本集團將與政府及其他合適的機構 合作,與時俱進,掌握預期及可能 作出的監管及/或財政政策變動。

我們不斷加強有關氣候變化的意識,於日常營運中監控碳及能源足跡。然而,在理解該等氣候風險及機遇可能如何影響我們的營運、資產及溢利方面仍存在不足之處。本集團評估業務如何應對氣候變化的風險及機遇,並採取措施以監控並減少其環境影響。

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Significant Climate-related Issues

During the reporting period, the significant climate-related physical risks and transition risks, which have impacted and/or may impact our Group's business and strategy in (i) operations, products and services, (ii) supply chain and value chain, (iii) adaptation and mitigation activities, (iv) investment in research and development, and (v) financial planning, as well as the steps taken to manage these risks, are as follows:

重大氣候相關事宜

於報告期內,已經及/或可能對本 集團在(i)營運、產品及服務;(ii)供 應鏈及價值鏈;(iii)適應及舒緩活 動;(iv)研發投資;及(v)財務規劃 各方面產生影響的氣候相關的重大 實體風險及過渡風險,以及為管理 該等風險而採取的措施載列如下:

Climate-related risks description 氣候相關風險的描述	Financial Impact 財務影響	Steps taken to manage the risks 為管理該等風險而採取的措施
Physical Risk 實體風險 Acute physical risks 急性實體風險		
• Increased severity and frequency of extreme weather events such as tropical cyclones, floods and earthquakes, the frequency and severity of traffic accidents. These have the potential to cause both idiosyncratic and systematic risks, resulting in nonfavourable financial impacts. 極端天氣事件(如熱帶氣旋、洪水及地震)的嚴重性和頻率、交通事故的嚴重性和頻率增加。該等情況均可能導致特殊性及系統性的風險,從而產生不利財務影響。	• Operating cost increases 營運成本增加	Planned to adopt scenario analysis to disclose an organization's planning under future scenarios, most notably one with in a 2°C scenario. 計劃採用情景分析以披露組織應對未來情景的計劃,重點關注2°C情景中的應對計劃。
• Increased likelihood and severity of wildfire. Financial loss occurs as there are interruptions of supply chain, logistics and transportation. 發生山火的可能性及嚴重性增加。供應鏈、物流及運輸中斷可能引致財務損失。	• Revenue decreases 收益減少	 Planned to establish a natural disasters emergency plan and to provide certain trainings to the staff. 計劃制定自然災害應急方案及向員工提供若干培訓。



Climate-related risks description 氣候相關風險的描述	Financial Impact 財務影響	Steps taken to manage the risks 為管理該等風險而採取的措施
Chronic physical risks 慢性實體風險		
• Extreme variability in weather patterns. Frequent extreme weather events and rising in sea levels are likely to pose disruptions to communities across the region over the long term, affecting economic output and our service continuity. 天氣趨勢的極端可變性。從長遠來看,頻繁的極端天氣事件及海平面上升可能會對整個地區的社區造成干擾,影響經濟產出及我們的服務連續性。	Revenue reduces from decreased service capacity and the negative impacts of workforce 服務能力下降及工人受到的負面影響導致收益減少	• Planned to develop a risk tolerance statement and/ or system authorised by the Board, including an establishment of a written climate risks management policy. 計劃制定董事會授權的風險承受能力聲明及/或系統,包括制定書面氣候風險管理政策。
The scarcity of natural resources due to deforestation may lead to the increase in the cost of material consumed in our business operation. 由於森林砍伐造成的自然資源稀缺可能導致我們業務營運所耙用的材料成本上漲。	• Operating cost increases 營運成本增加	Engaged with local or national governments and local stakeholders on local resilience. 就地方適應力與地方或國家政府以及當地持份者接洽。
		Further enhanced the climate-related risk policies, and included the measurement, monitoring and management of the climate-related risks. 進一步改善氣候相關的風險政策,包括氣候相關風險的計量、監察及管理。

環境、社會及管治報告



Climate-related risks description 氣候相關風險的描述	Financial Impact 財務影響	Steps taken to manage the risks 為管理該等風險而採取的措施
Transitional Risk 過渡風險 Policy risk 政策風險 • The government may restrict the use of the traditional fuel vehicles by the environmental services sector and provide the allowances to those entities which purchase hybrid vehicles. 政府或會透過環境服務部門限制使用傳統燃油的汽車,並對購買混合動力汽車的單位給予補貼。	Operating cost increases for the increased insurance premiums paid by the Group. 本集團所付保險費增加導致營運成本增加。	Planned to acquire more hybrid vehicles for the business operations to obtain the corresponding allowances and subsidies. 計劃購買更多混合動力汽車用於業務運營,以獲得相應的補貼和補助。
		Monitor the updates of the relevant laws and agreements, to avoid the unnecessary increase in cost and expenditure due to non-compliance. 監察相關法例及協議的更新情况,避免因違規令不必要的成本及開支增加。

Climate-related risks description	Financial Impact	Steps taken to manage the risks
氣候相關風險的描述	財務影響	為管理該等風險而採取的措施
Legal risk 法律風險 Exposure to litigation risk. We have to adapt the tightened law and regulations issued by the government due to climate change. Our Group is exposed to the risk of litigation once we fail to obligate the new rules. 訴訟風險。由於氣候變化,我們必須適應政府頒佈,更嚴格的法律及法規,一旦團腦訴訟風險。 Enhanced emissions-reporting obligations. We may have to spend much time on fulfilling the ESG reporting standards to comply with the new regulation. 加強排放報告義務。我們可能需要花費大量時間達致環境、社會及管治報告準則,以遵守新的規例。	Operating cost increases for high compliance costs and increased insurance premiums for the Group. 合規成本較高及本集團保險費增加致使營運成本增加。	Monitored the updates of environmental laws and regulations and implemented GHG emissions calculations in advance. 監察環境法律及法規的更新情況,提前進行溫室氣體排放的計算。

環境、社會及管治報告



Climate-related risks description 氣候相關風險的描述	Financial Impact 財務影響	Steps taken to manage the risks 為管理該等風險而採取的措施
Technology risk 技術風險		
More green building strategies with low-carbon, energy-saving technologies are adopted by industry peers. Lagging behind may weaken our competitive edges. 更多具備低碳、節能技術的綠色建設策略被業內同行採納。策略滯後可能會削弱我們的競爭優勢。	 Capital investment in technology development increases. 技術開發的資本投資增加。 Operating cost increases due to the adoption of green technologies 採用綠色技術致使營運成本增加。 	• Examined the feasibility and efficiency of applying the latest environmental technologies, to raise the feasibility and scientific efficiency of energy saving for the business operations. 審查應用最新環保技術的可行性和效能,提高業務營運中節能的可行性及科學效能。
Market risk 市場風險		
The government and environmental services sector are considering climate-related risks and opportunities, which may lead to changes in customers preference. 政府及環境服務部門正在考慮氣候相關的風險及機遇,這可能會導致客戶偏好產生變化。	 Revenue decreases for the change in revenue mix and sources. 收益因收益組合及來源的變化而減少。 Operating cost increases as abrupt and unexpected shifts in energy costs. 運營成本因能源成本的突然及意外變化而增加。 	 Fulfil the climate-related regulations by the government. 履行政府所頒佈的氣候相關的規例。 Make climate change as a high concern in the market decisions to show to the customers that our Group is concerned about the problem of climate change. 將氣候變化作為市場決策中的高度關注點,向客戶表明本集團對氣候變化問題的關注。
 Inability to attract cofinanciers and/or investors due to uncertain risks related to the climate. 由於氣候相關的不確定風險,無法吸引融資合作夥伴及/或投資者。 		



Climate-related risks description	Financial Impact	Steps taken to manage the risks
氣候相關風險的描述	財務影響	為管理該等風險而採取的措施
Reputational risk 聲譽風險 Shifts in consumer preferences. More customers are considering climate-related risks and opportunities, which may lead to changes in customer preference for the more environmentally-friendly business. 消費者偏好的轉變。更多客戶考慮氣候相關風險及問題,可能導致客戶偏好的更環保業務的轉變。 Stigmatization of our business sector, such as more negative stakeholder feedback. 我們的業務領域擔受污名,例如持份者的負面反饋增多。 Negative press coverage related to support of business activities with negative impacts on the climate (e.g., GHG emissions, deforestation, water stress). 與支持對氣候有負面影響的商業活動相關的負面新聞報導(例如,溫室氣體排放、森林砍伐、用水緊張)。	 Revenue decreases from decreased demand for services and the decrease in service capacity. 服務需求減少及服務能力下降導致收益減少。 Operating costs increases from negative impacts on workforce management and planning. 勞動力管理及規劃的負面影響致使營運成本增加。 	 Fulfilled the social responsibility by organizing more activities or executing actions to demonstrate how we place importance on climate change. 組織更多活動或採取行動證明我們如何重視氣候變化,以此履行社會責任。 Avoided of supporting the projects or activities which may have detrimental effects to the climate. 避免支持可能對氣候產生不利影響的項目或活動。

環境、社會及管治報告



During the reporting period, the primary climate-related opportunities and the corresponding financial impacts were as follows:

於報告期間,與氣候相關的主要機 遇及相應的財務影響如下:

Detailed description of climate-related opportunities 氣候相關機遇的詳細描述	Financial Impact 財務影響
Resource efficiency 資源效率 ● Reduce water consumption 減少水資源的消耗	 Operating cost reduces through efficiency gains and cost reductions 透過降本增益減少營運成本
 Energy source 能源來源 Use of lower-emission fuel sources 使用低排放燃料來源 Use of supportive policy incentives 使用扶持性政策措施 Use of new technologies 使用新技術 	 Operating cost reduces through use of lowest cost abatement 透過使用低成本減排減少營運成本 Returns on investment in low- emission technology increases 低排放技術投資回報增加
Products and services 產品及服務 Development of climate adaptation and insurance risk solutions 制定氣候適應及保險風險解決方案 Ability to diversify business activities 多元化業務活動的能力	 Revenue increases through new solutions to adaptations needs, such as insurance risk transfer products and services 透過保險風險轉移產品及服務等適應需求的新解 決方案增加收益



clim	ailed description of ate-related opportunities	Financial Impact
	相關機遇的詳細描述	財務影響
Marl 市場		
•	Access to new markets 進入新市場	Revenue increases through access to new and emerging markets 透過進入新的及新興市場增加收益
Resi 彈性	lience	
•	Participation in renewable energy programs and adoption of energy-efficiency measures 參與可再生能源計劃及採取節能措施 Resource substitution or diversification	 Market valuation increases through resilience planning, such as infrastructure, land and buildings 透過如基礎設施、土地及樓宇等彈性規劃增加市 場估值
	資源替代或多元化	 Reliability of supply chain and ability to operate under various condition increases 供應鏈可靠性及在各種條件下營運的能力增強 Revenue increases through new products and services related to ensuring resiliency 透過確保彈性相關的新產品及服務增加收益

Metrics and Targets

Our Group adopts the key metrics to assess and manage climate-related risks and opportunities. The energy consumption and greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions indicators are the key metrics used to assess and manage relevant climate-related risks where we consider such information is material and crucial for evaluating the impact of our operation on global climate change during the year. Our Group regularly tracks our energy consumption and GHG emissions indicators to assess the effectiveness of emission reduction initiatives, as well as set targets to contribute our effort to have minimal impact on global warming.

The details of time frames over which the target applies and base year from which progress is measured are described in the section A1: "Emissions" and section A2: "Use of Resources" of this Report. Our Group adopts absolute target to manage climate-related risks, opportunities and performance.

衡量標準及目標

本集團採納關鍵衡量標準以評估及 管理氣候相關風險及機遇。倘我 們認為有關資料就評估我們業務於 年內對全球氣候變化的影響而室室 重大及關鍵,則能源消耗及溫室室 體(GHG)排放指標乃用於評估及 理有關氣候相關風險的關鍵衡量 理有關氣候相關風險的關鍵衡量 率。本集團定期追蹤能源消耗施的 效益,並設定目標,為盡量減低對 全球變暖的影響作出貢獻。

關於實踐目標的時間及計量進度的 基準年度詳情載述於本報A1:「排 放」及A2:「資源使用」兩節。本集 團已採納絕對目標以管理氣候相關 的風險及機遇以及表現。

環境、社會及管治報告



B. SOCIAL ASPECTS EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR PRACTICES

B1. EMPLOYMENT

The Group believes people are our most important asset to the continuing development and success of our Group. As such, we aim to attract and motivate talents, maintain a safe and equal working environment and promote health and well-being of our employees. We pay special attention to its employees' rights and strictly complies with the Employment Ordinance, the Minimum Wage Ordinance, and other relevant regulations in Hong Kong. The staff handbook covers our Group's standard in respect of compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination and other benefits and welfare.

The Group strives to construct a diverse and inclusive workplace where all our employees are treated with dignity and respect. We strongly oppose to all discriminatory behaviour against any individual on their gender, age, nationality, race, colour, disability, creed, religion, sexual orientation, marital status or family status. The principle of equal opportunities is applied in all employment practices, including but not limited to recruitment, promotion and transfer, work allocation, benefits and training and development.

The Group has formulated competitive remuneration packages to retain and motivate employees in achieving key goals of our Group. We provide remuneration for our employees according to their qualifications, experience, performance, job duties and service years as well as to the market benchmark. We perform salary reviews on an annual basis to ensure our remuneration practices are competitive and aligned with market rates. In addition to salary, we provide mandatory provident fund, allowances, required social security benefits, medical benefits and variable incentive-based remuneration such as discretionary bonus to our employees. Employees are also entitled to various types of leave including annual leave, sick leave, maternity leave and paternity leave.

B. 社會方面

僱傭及勞工常規

B1. 僱傭

本集團深信,員工為本集團持續發展及邁向成功之最重要資產。 此,我們努力吸引及留聘人才,及營造安全及平等的工作環境以及重權員身心健康。我們尤其注重 員權利,並嚴格遵守《僱傭條例》、《最低工資條例》及香港其他相關朝人。員工手冊載列本集團有關朝酬、不等機會、多元化、反與規以及其他待遇及福利之標準。



The Group acknowledges the importance of work-life balance and strives to maintain a supportive and relaxing working environment for our employees. We organise activities (when appropriate) for employees to relax and to strengthen their sense of belonging. In addition to those specified in the Employment Ordinance, we provide paid or partially paid leave and support services or activities for our employees to handle urgent personal or family matters. We also provide family care and supports to our employees and/or their family members to bring a positive impact on their family life.

We are committed to building a pleasant working environment to enhance the happiness of our employees. Our principal subsidiary, Hong Kong Finance has received the "Happy Company" 2018 logo issued by the Promoting Happiness Index Foundation and the Hong Kong Productivity Council as an encouragement for our commitment to create a happy workplace for our employees.

During the reporting period, we were not aware of any non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that had significant impact on our Group relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination and other benefits and welfare. Any changes of employment terms will be notified to staff and agreed in writing to protect the lawful rights and interests of all employees.

本集團了解工作與生活平衡至關重要,致力為僱員營造充滿支持及聚納工作環境。我們在合適時學別所不可以供僱員放鬆心情及增強的,以供僱員放鬆心情及所訂的場所,以供僱員提供有薪或活動場。 解例,我們向僱員提供有薪或活動。 就便其處理緊急個人或其家庭成員,對他與其處理緊急個人或其家庭成了或其家庭成了或其家庭成了或其家庭成了。 供家庭護理及支援,對彼等之家庭生活產生積極影響。

我們鋭意打造愉快的工作環境,為僱員謀求幸福。旗下主要附屬公司香港信貸已獲香港提升快樂指數基金與香港生產力促進局頒發2018 「開心工作間」標誌,鼓勵我們致力為僱員營造愉快的工作環境。

於報告期內,我們並不知悉任何未遵守有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利之相關法律及法規而對本集團產生重大影響之情況。僱傭條款如有任何變動,將會通知員工並以書面協定,以保障所有僱員之法定權利及權益。

環境、社會及管治報告



As at 31 March 2022, the employee compositions (in percentage) by gender, employee category, age group, geographical region, employment category and employment mode were as follows:

於2022年3月31日,按性別、僱員類別、年齡組別、地區、僱傭類別及僱傭模式劃分之僱員組成情況(按百分比計算)如下:

		For the year ended 31 March 截至3月31日止年度	
Emp	oyee compositions	2022	2021
僱員:	組成情況	2022年	2021年
Bv a	ender		
	別劃分		
•	Male	51%	54%
	男性		
•	Female	49%	46%
	女性		
Вуа	ge group		
按年			
•	Age 30 or below	14%	11%
	30歲或以下		
•	Age 31-40	44%	46%
	31至40歲		
•	Age 41-50	16%	19%
	41至50歲		
•	Age 51 or above	26%	24%
	51 歲或以上		
	eographical region		
按地	區劃分		
•	Hong Kong	100%	100%
	香港		
	mployment category		
按僱	庸類別劃分		
•	Senior management	21%	24%
	高級管理層		
•	Middle management	28%	35%
	中級管理層		
•	General staff	51%	41%
	普通僱員		
-	mployment mode		
	庸模式劃分		
•	Full-time staff	100%	100%
	全職員工		
•	Part-time staff	_	_
	兼職員工		



The employee turnover rates by gender and age group at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

於報告期末,按性別及年齡組別之 僱員流失比率如下:

	For the year ended 31 March 截至3月31日止年度	
Turnover rates (%)	2022	2021
流失比率(%)	2022年	2021年
By gender		
按性別劃分		
• Male	14%	16%
男性		
• Female	16%	_
女性		
By age group 按年齡組別劃分		
30 years old or below	20%	_
30歲或以下		
• 31-40 years old	12%	7%
31至40歲		
• 41-50 years old	31%	29%
41至50歲		
• 51 years old or above	9%	_
51 歲或以上		
Overall	15%	9%
總計		

環境、社會及管治報告



B2. HEALTH AND SAFETY

The Group takes into consideration every precaution to establish a healthy and safe working environment for its employees. We place the highest priority on securing the health and safety of all employees. In order to ensure occupational health and safety of our employees, we strictly comply with the rules and guidelines stipulated in the Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance by the Labour Department in Hong Kong and any other applicable laws and regulations.

Besides, with the aim to provide and maintain a safe and healthy working environment for employees, the Group implements "Occupational Safety and Health Policy" to protect them from work-related injury. We support a culture that enhances the health and safety awareness of our employees in order to minimise the risk of work-related injury. We also provide medical benefits for our employees and establish work arrangement for typhoon and rainstorm warning. Besides, we place great emphasis on the employees' mental wellness. We provide information and services regarding stress management and mental wellness counselling for our employees to relieve stress and to promote mental wellness.

During the reporting period, our Group was not aware of any non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that had significant impact on our Group in providing a safe and healthy working environment.

During the reporting period, there was no employee (2020: nil, 2021: nil) injured and no lost day (2020: nil, 2021: nil) due to work-related injuries. There was no fatality case (2020: nil, 2021: nil) during the year. The Group will continue to improve the safety management system in order to protect employees' health and safety in workplace.

B2. 健康與安全

本集團會考慮一切預防措施,以為 僱員營造健康及安全之工作環境。 我們將確保所有僱員之健康與安全 置於首位。為確保僱員之職業健康 與安全,我們嚴格遵守香港勞工處 之《職業安全及健康條例》內訂定之 規則及指引以及任何其他適用法律 及法規。

於報告期內,本集團並不知悉對本 集團提供安全健康的工作環境產生 重大影響的有關法律法規的不合規 行為。

於報告期內,並無僱員因工受傷 (2020年:無,2021年:無)及 並無工傷所導致的損失天數(2020 年:無,2021年:無)。於年內並 無死亡案件(2020年:無,2021 年:無)。本集團將繼續完善安全 管理體系,保護僱員工作場所的健 康及安全。

B3. DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING

The Group believes that knowledge and skills of our employees are vital to our continued business growth and success. We have established a "Staff Training and Development Policy" to support our employees in the performance of their designated roles and help them to fulfill their potential during the course of their employment. We provide diversified on-the-job trainings for our employees and continue to improve the training system in order to enhance their requisite knowledge and skills in discharging their duties.

During the reporting period, the percentage of employees trained by gender and employment category was as follows:

B3. 發展及培訓

本集團相信,僱員之知識及技能對業務蒸蒸日上及邁向成功至關重要。我們已制定「員工培訓及發展政策」,支持僱員於受僱期間履行指定職責並協助彼等發揮潛力。我們為僱員提供多元化在職培訓,並持續改善培訓制度,務求增進其履行職責所需知識及技能。

於報告期內,按性別及僱傭類別劃 分之受訓僱員百分比如下:

	For the year ended 31 March 截至3月31日止年度	
Percentage of employees trained	2022	2021
受訓僱員百分比	2022年	2021年
By gender		
按性別劃分		
• Male	29%	21%
男性		
• Female	26%	_
女性		
By employment category 按僱傭類別劃分		
Senior management	11%	47%
高級管理層	1170	47 70
Middle management	_	_
中級管理層		
General staff	53%	_
普通僱員		
Overall	28%	11%
總計		

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The detailed breakdown for employees trained in each of the gender and employment category and the average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category was as follows:

分別按性別及僱員類別劃分之受訓僱員明細及按性別及僱傭類別劃分之每名僱員完成之平均培訓時數明細詳列如下:

	F	For the year ended 31 March 截至3月31日止年度			
	(hours/ei 平均培	Average training hours (hours/employee) 平均培訓時數 (小時/僱員)		Breakdown of employees trained in relevant categories (%) 受訓僱員於相關類別的明細 (%)	
Training 培訓	2022 2022年	2021 2021年	2022 2022年	2021 2021年	
By gender 按性別劃分 Male 男性 Female 女性	0.6 0.5	1.2 —	55% 45%	100% —	
By employment category 按僱傭類別劃分					
 Senior management 高級管理層 	0.2	2.7	9%	100%	
 Middle management 中級管理層 General staff 	1.1	_	91%	_ _	
普通僱員					

B4. LABOUR STANDARDS

The Group respects the human rights of employees, and is strongly against the employment of child labour and forced labour. We strictly emphasise on the prohibition of engaging child labour and forced labour. Adhering to the Employment Ordinance and the Employment of Children Regulations in Hong Kong, we strictly prohibit recruitment of individuals under the age of 15. According to our "Human Resources Policy Guidelines", job applicants are required to present their identity documents for age verification during recruitment process.

The Group is committed to respecting the freedom of employees and prohibiting all forms of forced labour. All work should be performed on a voluntary basis and the working hours are regulated in the staff handbook.

During the reporting period, our Group was not aware of any non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations related to recruitment of child labour or forced labour practices.

OPERATING PRACTICES

B5. SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

As a financial services provider, the Group mainly works with third party services providers which provide services such as information technology services, property management services, advertising service and legal and consulting services. We also work with suppliers that supply office equipment, printing and stationery. During the primary engagement process, we select more than one services provider for comparison purpose and to ensure fair selection. With the implementation of our "Environmental Procurement Policy", we strive to minimise our impacts on the environment by supporting and giving priority to purchase recycled and environmental-friendly products.

B4. 勞工標準

本集團尊重僱員人權,並強烈反對僱用童工及強制勞工。我們嚴格禁止僱用童工及強制勞工。我們嚴格禁止僱用產工及強制勞工。我們遵循香港《僱傭條例》及《僱用兒童規例》,嚴禁僱用未滿15歲之人士。根據「人力資源政策指引」,求職者須於招聘過程中出示其身份證明文件以供核實年齡。

本集團致力尊重僱員之自由,並禁止一切形式之強制勞工。所有工作 均為自願執行,而工作時間則受到 員工手冊規管。

於報告期內,本集團並不知悉任何 未遵守有關僱用童工或強制勞工之 相關法律及法規之情況。

營運慣例

B5. 供應鏈管理

作為金融服務供應商,本集團主要 與提供資訊科技服務、物業管理服 務、廣告服務、法律及諮詢服務 服務之第三方服務供應商合作。 集團亦與供應辦公設備、印刷過 集團亦與供應辦公設備、印刷過 提大應商合作。在初步委聘供 過 中,我們會選擇多於一名服務供應 商以作比較及確保公平甄選。 透優先 採購回收及環保產品,我們盡量減 低對環境帶來之影響。

環境、社會及管治報告



B6. PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY

The Group regards service quality as a key competitive advantage of its business. We continue to provide high-quality services in order to enhance customer satisfaction. We strictly comply with relevant laws and regulations, including but not limited to the Money Lenders Ordinance, the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance, the Trade Description Ordinance and the Copyright Ordinance in Hong Kong. During the reporting period, our Group was not aware of any non-compliance regarding product responsibility.

Quality Management

The Group has implemented a "Quality Management Policy" to ensure the continual delivery of high-quality services to our customers. We continuously provide value-added features on our websites, such as mortgage calculator, online property valuation and online loan application, aiming to offer excellent customer experience and surpass customers' expectations where possible.

The Group believes the opinions from customers can drive our continuous improvement and are essential to our pursuit for excellence. We welcome the opinions from customers by establishing various communication channels with customers, such as customer service hotline, email, WhatsApp, WeChat and Facebook. We have also established a customer service survey form on our website to understand the needs of our customers and improve our service quality.

Customer Data Protection and Privacy

The Group acknowledges that data privacy is a critical issue for financial services industry and we place great importance on the data protection of our customers. We adhere to the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance in Hong Kong and take high precaution in ensuring data confidentiality to avoid misuse or leakage of personal data. The confidential personal data is handled with due care and kept in a locked cabinet. We have incorporated our requirements into staff handbook and requires employees to abide by the guidance on prohibiting any unauthorised disclosure of confidential information. In addition, we have included the purpose of personal data collection in the loan application form to ensure our customers are aware of it.

B6. 產品責任

本集團視服務質素為旗下業務之主要競爭優勢。我們不斷提供優質服務,藉以提高客戶滿意程度。我們嚴格遵守相關法律及法規,包括但不限於香港《放債人條例》、《商品說明條例》及《版權條例》。於報告期內,本集團並不知悉任何有關產品責任之違規情況。

質量管理

本集團已實施「質量管理政策」,確保持續向客戶提供優質服務。我們努力不懈透過旗下網站提供按揭計算器、網上物業估值及網上貸款申請等增值功能,旨在為客戶提供最佳體驗並盡可能超越客戶期望。

本集團深信,客戶提出之意見推動 我們不斷進步,對我們追求卓越 只關重要。我們透過設立客戶服務 熱線、電郵、WhatsApp、微信及 Facebook等與客戶溝通之渠道, 鼓勵客戶提出意見。我們亦於網站 設有客戶服務調查表格,以期了解 客戶需要及改善服務質素。

客戶資料保護及私隱

本集團深明資料私隱乃金融服務業之關鍵議題,並極為重視保護料。我們遵循香港《個人資料(資料、優)條例》,採取高度預防措施保資料。機密個人資料均獲審慎處理,以免濫用或洩露個人資料均獲審值處理,並存置在上鎖的文件櫃內。被實在上鎖的文件櫃內。要無經濟學,禁止出現任何未必要,禁止出現任何未經,不要與實際,其一個人資料之情況。此條與我們於資款申請表格載列以確保授我們於資款申請表格載列以確保授我們於資款申請表格載列以確保經過人資料之目的。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

B7. ANTI-CORRUPTION

The Group is committed to upholding the high standards of business ethics and integrity in the conduct of our Group's business and operation. We strictly comply with all applicable laws and regulations, including the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance in Hong Kong. Our standards towards anti-corruption and business ethics, incorporated into the staff handbook, are communicated and reinforced to our employees. Employees shall not solicit or accept any forms of bribing benefits, including banquets, cash, gifts, rebates and commissions. If any case of suspected corruption or other criminal offence is discovered, it will be reported to the Independent Commission Against Corruption or other relevant authorities.

The Group aims to avoid being directly or indirectly involved in corrupt practices. Hence, we have established a "Guideline on Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorist Financing", which covers procedures for customer due diligence and reporting suspicious transaction, to prevent and detect any money laundering and terrorist financing.

Customer Due Diligence

Prior to accepting customers' loan application, the Group carries out Know-Your-Client procedures to verify the identity of customers and assess the risks associated with the customers by using documents, data and information obtained from reliable and independent sources, such as government and public authorities. We verify the identity of individual customers by inspecting their Hong Kong Identity Cards and proofs of residential address. For corporate customers, we verify their identity by inspecting their Certificates of Incorporation and/or Business Registration Certificates.

In addition, the Group conducts checking on land register to verify the ownership of the properties and ascertain whether the properties are under any charges. For body corporate customers, we enquire the ownership structures of the body corporate. We do not allow anonymous customer account to be set up, and loan repayments from customers are mainly made by cheques or bank direct transfer with their own bank accounts and payable to us or our solicitors.

B7. 反貪污

本集團之目標為避免直接或間接參 與貪污行為。因此,我們已制定 「反洗黑錢及反恐怖分子融資活動 指引」,其中涵蓋客戶盡職審查及 報告可疑交易程序,以防止及發現 任何洗黑錢及恐怖分子融資活動。

客戶盡職審查

在接受客戶之貸款申請前,本集團會執行「認識你的客戶」程序, 中執行「認識你的客戶」程序, 用來自政府及公營機構等可靠及 實客戶身份及評估與客戶有關之 實客戶身份及評估與客戶有關 檢。我們透過檢查個人客戶之香港 身份證及住址證明,並透過檢查企 業客戶之公司註冊證書及/或商業 登記證書,以核實客戶身份。

此外,本集團會進行土地查冊,以 核實物業之擁有權及確定有關物 業是否涉及任何抵押。就法團客戶 而言,我們將查詢該法團之擁有權 架構。我們不容許設立匿名客戶賬 戶,因此客戶主要使用其本身銀行 賬戶開出之支票或銀行直接轉賬向 我們或我們的律師償還貸款。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

環境、社會及管治報告



Suspicious Transactions Reporting

Upon any suspected or confirmed case of property representing the proceeds of crime or terrorist property, employees are required to immediately report to the Group's top management in accordance with our internal guideline. The Group will promptly report the suspicious transactions to the Joint Financial Intelligence Unit³ using the standard form or e-channel "STREAMS".

During the reporting period, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that had significant impact on the Group relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. There was no legal case regarding corruption practices brought against our Group during the reporting period.

COMMUNITY

B8. COMMUNITY INVESTMENT

As a socially responsible corporate citizen, the Group strives to contribute back to the society and bring a positive impact on the community. A "Community Involvement Policy" is in place to encourage and support community development initiatives. Our principal subsidiary, HK Finance, has been awarded the "Caring Company" logo by the Hong Kong Council of Social Service for six consecutive years in recognition of our contribution to society and serving of the community by donating to different institutions.

In addition, the Group encourages its employees to dedicate their time and skills to participate in different voluntary activities and be aware of community needs. We also encourage our employees, customers and business partners to make donations in supporting the sustainable development of the community.

During the reporting period, the Group made donations to various charities or foundations. The donation amount in HK dollar is below:

報告可疑交易

根據我們的內部指引,當僱員懷疑 或確定任何物業為犯罪得益或恐怖 分子物業,須即時向本集團高級管 理層匯報。本集團將從速採用標準 形式或電子渠道「可疑交易報告管 理系統」向聯合財富情報組3報告 可疑交易。

於報告期內,本集團並不知悉任何 未遵守有關賄賂、勒索、欺詐及 洗黑錢之相關法律及法規而對本集 團產生重大影響之情況。於報告期 內,本集團亦無牽涉任何有關貪污 之法律案件。

补區

B8. 社區投資

作為對社會負責任之企業公民,本 集團致力回饋社會,並為社區帶來 積極影響。我們已制定「社區參與 政策」,以鼓勵及支援社區發展措 施。旗下主要附屬公司香港信貸已 連續六年獲得香港社會服務聯會之 「商界展關懷」標誌,表揚我們對社 區作出貢獻及服務社區。

此外,本集團鼓勵僱員奉獻其時間 及技能參與不同義工活動,並了解 社區需求。我們亦鼓勵僱員、客戶 及業務夥伴捐款,以支持社區可持 續發展。

於報告期內,本集團向多個慈善機構或基金會進行了捐贈。捐贈金額 (港元)如下所示:

Name of Charity/Foundation (in English)	Name of Charity/Foundation (in Chinese)	HK\$
慈善機構/基金會名稱(英文)	慈善機構/基金會名稱(中文)	港元
Po Leung Kuk Choi Kai Yau School	保良局蔡繼有學校	500,000
Po Leung Kuk	保良局	328,000
Hong Kong Children in Need Foundation Limited	童享慈善基金會	50,000
Live Play Love Charity Company Limited	愛拼人生慈善有限公司	10,000

Joint Financial Intelligence Unit is a unit jointly operated by the Hong Kong Police Force and the Hong Kong Customs and Excise Department. Its role is to receive, analyse and store suspicious transactions reports and to disseminate them to the appropriate investigative unit.

聯合財富情報組由香港警務處與香港海關共同管理, 其職責在於接收、分析及儲存可疑交易報告,並且將 可疑交易報告送交適當的調查小組處理。

THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPE

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

董事及高級管理層

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chan Koung Nam, aged 66, is our executive Director who was appointed to the Board in 2013. Mr. Chan is also acting as a director of various subsidiaries of our Company. He is the brother of Mr. Chan Kwong Yin William and one of the founders of our Group. Mr. Chan has extensive experience in money lending business and is responsible for the strategic planning and overall development of our Group.

Mr. Chan is one of the substantial Shareholders (as defined under the Listing Rules). He owns 50% of the issued share capital of Tin Ching Holdings which is one of the substantial Shareholders. Details of his interest in the Shares and underlying Shares have been disclosed in the section headed "Report of the Directors" under the sub-sections headed "Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and/or Short Positions in Shares and underlying Shares or any other associated corporation" and "Substantial Shareholders' Interests and/or short positions in Shares and underlying Shares" respectively.

Mr. Chan Kwong Yin William, aged 57, is our executive Director who was appointed to the Board in 2013. Mr. Chan is also acting as a director of various subsidiaries of our Company and is the Chairman of the Board. Mr. Chan is the brother of Mr. Chan Koung Nam and one of the founders of our Group. He has extensive experience in money lending business and is responsible for overseeing our Group's business operation and development as well as monitoring our Group's corporate strategy and administration. He also supervises the formulation of our Group's marketing strategy and the execution of the relevant marketing programs.

Mr. Chan is one of the substantial Shareholders (as defined under the Listing Rules). He owns 50% of the issued share capital of Tin Ching Holdings which is one of the substantial Shareholders. Details of his interest in the Shares and underlying Shares have been disclosed in the section headed "Report of the Directors" under the sub-sections headed "Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and/or Short Positions in Shares and underlying Shares or any other associated corporation" and "Substantial Shareholders' Interests and/or short positions in Shares and underlying Shares" respectively.

Mr. Tse Pui To, aged 56, is our executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer who was appointed to the Board in 2013. Mr. Tse joined our Group in 2002 and is responsible for managing our Group's business operation with focus on our loan sales, aftersales activities and other administrative functions. Prior to joining our Group, he worked as and held senior positions in various financial institutions. Mr. Tse possesses extensive experience in corporate finance activities and business promotions.

執行董事

陳光南先生,66歲,於2013年獲委任加入董事會為我們的執行董事。陳光南先生亦出任本公司多間附屬公司之董事。彼為陳光賢先生之胞兄並為本集團創辦人之一。陳光南先生在放債業務方面具備豐富經驗,負責本集團策略性規劃及整體發展。

陳光南先生為其中一名主要股東(定義見上市規則)。彼於其中一名主要股東天晶控股之已發行股本中擁有50%權益。有關彼於股份及相關股份的權益詳情分別於標題為「董事會報告」項下「董事及最高行政人員於股份及相關股份或任何其他相聯法團之權益及/或淡倉」及「主要股東於股份及相關股份之權益及/或淡倉」分節內披露。

陳光賢先生,57歲,於2013年獲委任加入董事會為我們的執行董事。陳光賢先生亦出任本公司多間附屬公司之董事,並擔任董事會主席。陳光賢先生為陳光南先生之胞弟並為本集團創辦人之一。陳光賢先生在放債業務方面具備豐富經驗,負責監管本集團之企業策略和管理。彼亦負責監督本集團營銷策略的制訂及相關營銷計劃的執行。

陳光賢先生為其中一名主要股東(定義見上市規則)。彼於其中一名主要股東天晶控股之已發行股本中擁有50%權益。有關彼於股份及相關股份的權益詳情分別於標題為「董事會報告」項下「董事及最高行政人員於股份及相關股份或任何其他相聯法團之權益及/或淡倉」及「主要股東於股份及相關股份之權益及/或淡倉」分節內披露。

謝培道先生,56歲,於2013年獲委任加入董事會為我們的執行董事兼行政總裁。謝先生於2002年加入本集團,負責管理本集團之業務營運,主要管理我們之貸款銷售、售後活動及其他行政職務。加入本集團之前,彼曾任職於若干金融機構,並擔任高級職位。謝先生於企業融資活動及業務推廣方面擁有豐富經驗。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

董事及高級管理層



INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chan Siu Wing Raymond, aged 57, is our independent non-executive Director who was appointed to the Board in 2013. Currently Mr. Chan is an independent non-executive director of Quali- Smart Holdings Limited (stock code: 1348), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. He is also an independent non-executive director of Phoenitron Holdings Limited (stock code: 8066), the shares of which are listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Chan was appointed as an independent non-executive director of Nature Home Holding Company Limited (formerly known as Nature Flooring Holding Company Limited) (stock code: 2083), from 4 May 2011 to 31 October 2021, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Chan possesses solid experience in the profession of accounting, taxation, finance and trusts. He obtained a bachelor of economics degree from the University of Sydney. Mr. Chan is a member of both HKICPA and the Macau Society of Certified Practising Accountants.

Mr. Chu Yat Pang Terry, aged 50, is our independent non-executive Director, who was appointed to the Board in 2013. Currently Mr. Chu is an independent non-executive director of each of Ten Pao Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 1979) and AB Builders Group Limited (stock code: 1615), the shares of these two companies are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. He is also a managing director of Halcyon Capital Limited which specialises in initial public offerings and corporate advisory in mergers and acquisitions.

Mr. Chu possesses solid experience in corporate finance and auditing. He has worked for an international accounting firm and other corporate finance departments of listed financial institutions in Hong Kong.

Mr. Chu graduated from The University of Western Ontario in Canada with a bachelor of arts degree, and from The University of Hull in the United Kingdom with a master of business administration (investment and finance) degree. He also obtained a diploma in accounting from the School of Business and Economics of the Wilfrid Laurier University in Canada. Mr. Chu is a member of HKICPA.

Mr. Cheung Kok Cheong, aged 64, is our independent non-executive Director who was appointed to the Board in 2013. Mr. Cheung is also a practicing solicitor of the High Court of Hong Kong since 1993. Currently he is a partner of S. H. Chan & Co., a solicitors' firm in Hong Kong.

Mr. Cheung obtained a bachelor of arts degree from the University of Hong Kong and a bachelor of laws degree from the University of London. He was thereafter awarded the postgraduate certificate in laws by the University of Hong Kong.

獨立非執行董事

陳兆榮先生,57歲,於2013年獲委任加入董事會為我們的獨立非執行董事。目前,陳 兆榮先生為滉達富控股有限公司(股份代號: 1348)之獨立非執行董事。該公司之股份在聯 交所主板上市。彼亦為品創控股有限公司(股 份代號:8066)之獨立非執行董事,該公司股 份在聯交所GEM上市。

陳兆榮先生於2011年5月4日至2021年10 月31日獲委任大自然家居控股有限公司(前稱:大自然地板控股有限公司)(於聯合交易所主板上市之公司)(股份代號:2083)之獨立非執行董事。

陳兆榮先生在會計、稅務、財務及信託行業 具備紮實經驗。彼於悉尼大學取得經濟學學 士學位。陳兆榮先生為香港會計師公會會員 及澳門會計師公會會員。

朱逸鵬先生,50歲,於2013年獲委任加入董事會為我們的獨立非執行董事。目前,朱先生為天寶集團控股有限公司(股份代號:1979)及奧邦建築集團有限公司(股份代號:1615)各自之獨立非執行董事。此兩間公司之股份皆在聯交所主板上市。彼亦為鎧盛資本有限公司之董事總經理,該公司致力於首次上市公開發售以及為企業提供併購諮詢。

朱先生在企業融資及審計方面累積紮實經 驗。彼曾於一間國際會計師事務所及其他香 港上市金融機構之企業融資部任職。

朱先生畢業於加拿大西安大略大學,獲文學 士學位,並畢業於英國赫爾大學,獲工商管 理碩士(投資及財務學)學位。彼亦於加拿大 威爾弗雷德勞里埃大學獲經商學院之會計文 憑。朱先生為香港會計師公會會員。

張國昌先生,64歲,於2013年獲委任加入 董事會為我們的獨立非執行董事。張先生自 1993年起亦為香港高等法院之執業律師。目 前,彼為香港律師事務所陳淑雄律師行之合 夥人。

張先生於香港大學取得文學學士學位,並於 倫敦大學取得法學學士學位。彼隨後獲香港 大學頒授法學專業證書。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

董事及高級管理層

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Hui Chun Ho Eric, aged 47, is the Financial Controller and Company Secretary of our Group. Mr. Hui joined our Group in 2012 and is responsible for the overall financial accounting and reporting, corporate finance and company secretarial matters of our Group.

Mr. Hui possesses solid experience in auditing, financial accounting and reporting, company secretarial matters and corporate finance matters. Prior to joining our Group, he worked for an international accounting firm and held several senior positions in other listed companies in Hong Kong.

Mr. Hui is a fellow member of both The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and HKICPA, and an associate of The Taxation Institute of Hong Kong. He obtained a bachelor of arts degree in accountancy from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University and a master of business administration with distinction from The University of Manchester, United Kingdom.

Ms. Wong Sze, aged 36, is the Managing Director – Head of Personal Loan of our Group. Ms. Wong joined our Group in 2017 and is responsible for managing, developing and administering our Group's operation in personal loan business.

Ms. Wong possesses extensive experience in money lending industry, its development and administration. Prior to joining our Group, she worked for and held a senior position in a well-known money lending company in Hong Kong.

Ms. Wong obtained a bachelor of arts degree with first class honours in social policy and administration from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University.

Mr. Chan Siu Fai, aged 59, is the Senior Mortgage Sales Manager of our Group. Mr. Chan joined our Group in 2000 and is responsible for administering the mortgage loan sales and credit assessment of our Group's lending business.

Mr. Choi Tak On Jobby, aged 53, is the Senior Mortgage Sales Manager of our Group. Mr. Choi joined our Group in 2005 and is responsible for administering the mortgage loan sales and credit assessment of our Group's lending business.

高級管理層

許俊浩先生,47歲,為本集團的財務總監及公司秘書。許先生於2012年加入本集團,負責本集團之整體財務會計及報告、企業融資及公司秘書事官。

許先生在審計、財務會計及報告、公司秘書 工作以及企業融資方面擁有紮實經驗。在加 入本集團之前,彼曾於一間國際會計師事務 所任職,並曾於其他香港上市公司擔任若干 高級職位。

許先生為特許公認會計師公會資深會員、香港會計師公會資深會員及香港稅務學會會員。彼於香港理工大學取得會計學文學士學位,並以優異成績獲英國曼徹斯特大學頒授工商管理碩士學位。

王詩女士,36歲,為本集團的董事總經理一私人貸款主管。王女士於2017年加入本集團,負責管理及開發本集團運營之私人貸款業務。

王女士於放債行業之開發及管理有豐富經 驗。在加入本集團之前,彼曾於香港一間知 名的放債人公司擔任高級職務。

王女士於香港理工大學取得社會政策及行政 一級榮譽文學士學位。

陳少輝先生,59歲,為本集團的高級按揭銷 售經理。陳少輝先生於2000年加入本集團, 負責管理本集團放債業務之按揭貸款銷售及 信貸評估。

蔡德安先生,53歲,為本集團的高級按揭銷 售經理。蔡先生於2005年加入本集團,負責 管理本集團放債業務之按揭貸款銷售及信貸 評估。

董事會報告



Our Directors are pleased to present the report of the Directors together with the audited financial statements of our Group for the year ended 31 March 2022.

董事欣然呈報董事會報告,連同本集團截至 2022年3月31日止年度之經審核財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of our Company is investment holding. The principal activities of our subsidiaries are set out in Note 18 to the financial statements. There were no significant changes in the nature of our Group's principal activities during the year.

RESULTS

The results of our Group for the year ended 31 March 2022 are set out in the "Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income".

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The annual general meeting of our Company will be held on Tuesday, 6 September 2022 (the "AGM"). The notice of AGM, which constitutes part of the circular to the Shareholders, will be published on the websites of our Company and the Stock Exchange respectively and despatched to our Shareholders together with our Company's 2022 annual report in due course.

DIVIDENDS

An interim dividend of HK1.3 cents per Share for the six months ended 30 September 2021 had been paid to our Shareholders on 18 January 2022. The Board recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK1.3 cents per Share for the year ended 31 March 2022, subject to shareholders' approval at the AGM. The proposed final dividend will be paid on Friday, 7 October 2022.

CLOSURES OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed during the following periods, and no transfers of shares of the Company will be effected during such periods:

(i) from Thursday, 1 September 2022 to Tuesday, 6 September 2022, both days inclusive, for the purpose of ascertaining shareholders' entitlement to attend and vote at the AGM. In order to be entitled to attend and vote at the AGM, all transfers of ordinary shares of the Company, duly accompanied by the relevant share certificates, must be lodged with the Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office of the Company, Union Registrars Limited (the "Branch Share Registrar"), at Suites 3301–04, 33/F., Two Chinachem Exchange Square, 338 King's Road, North Point, Hong Kong for registration no later than 4:00 p.m. on Wednesday, 31 August 2022; and

主要業務

本公司主要業務為投資控股。附屬公司主要業務詳情載於財務報表附註18。年內,本集團主要業務之性質並無任何重大變動。

業績

本集團截至2022年3月31日止年度之業績載於「綜合全面收入表」。

股東週年大會

本公司將於2022年9月6日(星期二)舉行股東週年大會(「**股東週年大會**」)。股東週年大會之通告(構成致股東通函之一部分)將於適當時候分別刊載於本公司網站及聯交所網站,並連同本公司之2022年報一併寄發予股東。

股息

截至2021年9月30日止六個月之中期股息每股1.3港仙已於2022年1月18日派付予股東。董事會建議就截至2022年3月31日止年度派發末期股息每股1.3港仙,惟須待股東於股東週年大會上批准後方可作實。建議末期股息將於2022年10月7日(星期五)派付。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記

本公司之股東名冊將於下列期間暫停辦理股份過戶登記,期間將不會辦理本公司股份之 過戶:

(i) 由2022年9月1日(星期四)至2022年9月6日(星期二)(包括首尾兩日),以確定股東可出席股東週年大會並於會上投票之資格。為符合出席股東週年大會並於會上投票之資格,所有本公司普遍股過戶文件連同有關股票,必須不遲於2022年8月31日(星期三)下午4時正前送交本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處」)辦理登記,地址為香港北角英皇道338號華懋交易廣場2期33樓3301-04室;及

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告

from Tuesday, 13 September 2022 to Thursday, 15 September 2022, both days inclusive, for the purpose of ascertaining shareholders' entitlement to the proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2022. In order to determine entitlements to the proposed final dividend, all transfers of ordinary shares of the Company, duly accompanied by the relevant share certificates, must be lodged with the Branch Share Registrar at the address set out above for registration no later than 4:00 p.m. on Friday, 9 September 2022.

(ii) 由2022年9月13日(星期二)至2022年9月15日(星期四)(包括首尾兩日),以確定股東可享有截至2022年3月31日止年度建議末期股息之資格。為釐定可享有末期股息之資格,所有本公司普通股過戶文件連同有關股票,必須不遲於2022年9月9日(星期五)下午4時正前送交股份過戶登記分處辦理登記,地址如上載述。

DONATIONS

Charitable and other donations made by our Group during the year amounted to HK\$888,000 (2021: HK\$145,000).

BUSINESS REVIEW

Details of our business review as at 31 March 2022 are set out in the preceding section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis". These discussions form part of this "Report of the Directors".

PRINCIPAL PROPERTIES

Details of our principal properties held for investment purposes are set out in the section headed "Schedule of Investment Properties".

SHARE ISSUED IN THE YEAR

Details of the share issued in the year ended 31 March 2022 are set out in Note 26 to the financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Distributable reserves of our Company at 31 March 2022, calculated under the legislation applicable in Company's place of incorporation, amounted to HK\$376,146,000 (2021: HK\$371,760,000) before the proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2022.

EQUITY LINKED AGREEMENTS

Details of the Share Option Scheme is set out in this section headed "Share Option Scheme". No share options were granted or outstanding during the year.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association and there was no restriction against such rights under the laws of Cayman Islands, which would oblige our Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

捐款

年內,本集團作出慈善及其他捐款 888,000港元(2021年:145,000港元)。

業務回顧

於2022年3月31日之業務回顧詳情載於前部標題為「管理層討論及分析」內。此等討論構成本「董事會報告」之一部分。

主要物業

持作投資用途之主要物業詳情載於標題為「投資物業列表」內。

年內發行股份

截至2022年3月31日止年度發行股份之詳情 載於財務報表附註26。

可分派儲備

於2022年3月31日,按照本公司註冊成立地 點適用法律計算,本公司扣除截至2022年3 月31日止年度建議末期股息前之可分派儲備 為376,146,000港元(2021年:371,760,000 港元)。

股票掛鈎協議

購股權計劃詳情載於本節標題為「購股權計 劃」內。年內,並無已授出或尚未行使之購股權。

優先購買權

本公司之組織章程細則並無優先購買權之規 定,開曼群島法律亦無限制有關權利,致使 本公司毋須按持股比例向現有股東發售新股。

董事會報告



FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of our Group for the last five financial years is set out section headed "Five-year Financial Summary".

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF OUR COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither our Company nor any of our subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of our Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 March 2022.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The principal terms of the Share Option Scheme are summarised as follows:

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide incentives to those participants who made contributions to our Group with a view to motivating them and/or attracting and retaining them for the long term growth of our Group. The Board may, at its absolute discretion, grant options pursuant to the Share Option Scheme to any Director (whether executive or non-executive or independent non-executive), employee (whether full time or part time), officer, consultant, customer, supplier, agent, partner or adviser of or contractor to our Group or any entity in which our Company or any subsidiary holds any interest whom the Board determines on the basis of contribution or potential contribution to the development and growth of our Group.

The subscription price per share under the Share Option Scheme shall be determined by the Board, but shall not be less than the highest of (a) the closing price of the shares of our Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of the offer of grant of an option (the "Offer Date"), which must be a business date; (b) the average closing price of the shares of our Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the Offer Date; and (c) the nominal value of a share of our Company.

A nominal consideration of HK\$1.00 is payable on acceptance of the grant of an option.

五年財務概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度之業績以及資產 及負債概要載於標題為「五年財務概要」內。

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

本公司或其任何附屬公司於截至2022年3月 31日止年度概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

購股權計劃

購股權計劃主要條款概述如下:

購股權計劃設立目的為向曾對本集團作出貢獻之參與者提供獎勵,以期為本集團之長期增長鼓勵彼等及/或吸引及留聘彼等。根據購股權計劃,董事會可全權酌情授出購股權予任何董事(不論為執行或非執行或獨立非執行董事)、本集團或本公司或任何附屬公司持有任何權益之任何實體之僱員(不論全職或利益,為數職員、諮詢人、客戶、供應商、代理、合夥人或顧問或承辦商,由董事會基於對本集團發展及增長之貢獻或潛在貢獻而釐定。

購股權計劃項下之每股認購價將由董事會釐定,惟不得低於以下最高者:(a)本公司股份於授出購股權要約日期(「**要約日期**」)(必須為營業日)在聯交所每日報價表所列之收市價;(b)本公司股份於緊接要約日期前五個營業日在聯交所每日報價表所列之平均收市價;及(c)本公司股份面值。

接納授出之購股權時須支付名義代價1.00港元。

董事會報告

The total number of shares of our Company which may be issued upon exercise of all options (exclusive of options which have lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of our Group) to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of our Group shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the shares of our Company in issue as at the date of approval of the refreshment by the Shareholders.

可能因行使根據購股權計劃及本集團任何其 他購股權計劃授出之全部購股權(不包括根據 購股權計劃及本集團任何其他購股權計劃之 條款已失效之購股權)而發行之本公司股份總 數,合共不得超過股東批准更新當日已發行 之本公司股份10%。

Our Company may seek approval of our Shareholders in general meeting for refreshing the 10% limit set out hereinabove such that the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of our Company under the limit as refreshed shall not exceed 10% of the total number of shares in issue as at the date of approval to refresh such limit. Share options previously granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes (including those outstanding, cancelled, lapsed in accordance with the Share Option Scheme or any other share option schemes or exercised options) will not be counted for the purpose of calculating such limit as refreshed.

本公司可在股東大會徵求股東批准更新上述 10%限額,惟在經更新限額項下根據購股 權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃將予 出之所有購股權獲行使而可能發行之股份總 數,不得超過於批准更新有關限額當日已發 行股份總數之10%,而就計算該經更新限 而言,早前根據購股權計劃及任何其他購股 權計劃授出之購股權(包括根據購股權計劃或 任何其他購股權計劃尚未行使、已註銷或已 失效或已行使之購股權)將不會計算在內。

The overall limit on the number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of our Company shall not, in aggregate, exceed such number of shares as equals 30% of the shares in issue from time to time. No option may be granted under this Share Option Scheme or any other share option scheme of our Company if it would result in the above-mentioned 30% limit being exceeded.

根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃已授出而尚未行使之所有購股權獲行使時可能發行之股份數目之整體限額,合共不得超過相等於不時已發行股份之30%之有關股份數目。倘會導致超出上述30%之限額,則不會根據本購股權計劃或本公司任何其他購股權計劃授出購股權。

The total number of shares issued and which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of our Group (including both exercised or outstanding options) to each participant in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the issued shares for the time being.

於任何12個月期間因行使根據購股權計劃及 本集團任何其他購股權計劃獲授之購股權(包 括已行使或尚未行使之購股權)而向每名參與 者發行及可能發行之股份總數,不得超過當 時已發行股份之1%。

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time during a period to be determined and notified by the Board to each grantee, which period may commence on a day after the date upon which the offer for the grant of options is made but shall end in any event not later than 10 years from the date of grant of the option subject to the provisions for early termination thereof. No further options may be granted more than 10 years after 4 September 2013.

任何購股權可於董事會確定並通知各承授人之期限內任何時間,根據購股權計劃之條款行使,有關期限可自授出購股權要約當日後開始,但無論如何須不遲於授出購股權當日起計滿10年終止,惟其提前終止條文另有規定則除外。不得於2013年9月4日起計10年後進一步授出購股權。

董事會報告



Subject to earlier termination by our Company in general meeting or by the Board, the Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years from 4 September 2013.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, no option was granted or agreed to be granted pursuant to the Share Option Scheme. As at 31 March 2022, there were no outstanding share options.

截至2022年3月31日止年度,概無根據購股權計劃授出或同意授出購股權。於2022年3月31日,概無購股權尚未行使。

除本公司於股東大會或董事會提前終止外, 購股權計劃自2013年9月4日起計10年有

DIRECTORS

The Directors of our Company during the year and up to the date of this annual report were:

董事

效。

本公司於年內及直至本年報日期之董事如下:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Chan Koung Nam

Mr. Chan Kwong Yin William *(Chairman)*Mr. Tse Pui To *(Chief Executive Officer)*

執行董事:

陳光南先生 陳光賢先生(主席) 謝培道先生(行政總裁)

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Chan Siu Wing Raymond Mr. Chu Yat Pang Terry Mr. Cheung Kok Cheong

獨立非執行董事:

陳兆榮先生 朱逸鵬先生 張國昌先生

Pursuant to Article 84 of the Articles of Association of our Company, at each annual general meeting one-third of the directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every director shall be subject to retirement at an annual general meeting at least once every three years. A retiring director shall be eligible for re-election at such meeting. Accordingly, Mr. Tse Pui To (Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer) and Mr. Chan Siu Wing Raymond (independent non-Executive Director) will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

根據本公司組織章程細則第84條,佔當時三分之一的董事(或倘人數並非三之倍數,則按最接近但不少於三分之一之人數計)將於每屆股東週年大會輪席告退,惟每名董事須至少每三年於股東週年大會退任一次。退任董事將符合資格於會上接受重選。因此,謝培道先生(執行董事兼行政總裁)及陳兆榮先生(獨立非執行董事)將於本公司應屆股東週年大會退任,並符合資格及願意重選連任。

Our Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive Directors, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Our Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent during the year ended 31 March 2022 and up to the date of this Directors' Report.

根據上市規則第3.13條,各獨立非執行董事 已向本公司發出年度獨立確認書。本公司認 為所有獨立非執行董事於截至2022年3月31 日止年度及截至本董事會報告日期均屬獨立 人士。

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with our Company for an initial term of three years and shall continue thereafter unless terminated by not less than three months prior written notice or otherwise in accordance with the service agreement. Each of the executive Directors will receive a monthly salary subject to annual review by the Board and the remuneration committee of the Board. Each of the executive Directors is also entitled to a discretionary bonus as may be determined by the Board and the remuneration committee of the Board after each completed year of service provided that the aggregate amount of discretionary bonuses payable in each financial year to all executive Directors shall not exceed five per cent of the audited consolidated net profit attributable to owners of our Company but before extraordinary or exceptional items of the relevant financial year. Each of the executive Directors is also entitled to a guaranteed bonus which is equivalent to one-month salary.

Our Group has provided quarters located in Hong Kong to executive Directors, namely Mr. Chan Koung Nam and Mr. Chan Kwong Yin William as part of the remuneration of their directorships in our Group.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has signed a letter of appointment with our Company for an initial term of two years and shall extend for such periods unless terminated by not less than three months (save for the notice period which is one month for Mr. Chan Siu Wing Raymond) prior written notice or otherwise in accordance with the relevant letter of appointment. The annual fees payable by our Company to the independent non-executive Directors is an aggregate amount according to the letters of appointment.

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of our Company has a service contract with period unexpired with our Company which is not determinable by our Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

董事服務合約

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務協議,初步三個月之事先書面通知或根據服務協議另行董事將可獲得之月薪均須董事將可獲得之月薪均須董事會改其薪酬委員會按年審閱。各執行董事會及其薪酬委員會接年審閱及其薪酬委員會接年審團。及其薪酬委員會接年審會及其薪酬委員會接年審會及其薪酬等度之年於董事之酌情花紅總額,不得超別政年度之非經常性或特殊項目)之五。各執行董事亦可享有相當於一個月薪資之保證花紅。

本集團已分別向執行董事陳光南先生及陳光 賢先生在香港提供宿舍,作為其擔任本集團 董事之一部分薪酬。

各獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂定委聘書, 初步為期兩年,並可延長該等期限,除非透 過發出不少於三個月(陳兆榮先生之通知期為 一個月)之事先書面通知或根據相關委聘書另 行終止。本公司應向獨立非執行董事支付之 年度袍金總額已於委聘書列明。

建議於本公司應屆股東週年大會重選之董事 概無與本公司訂有未屆滿而本公司不可於一 年內在毋須支付補償(法定補償除外)下終止 之服務合約。

董事會報告



DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in the Share Option Scheme above, at no time during the year was our Company, nor any of our subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries or our parent company a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares or debentures of our Company or any other body corporate; and none of the Directors, or their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any right to subscribe for the securities of our Company, or had exercised any such right during the year ended 31 March 2022.

DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS THAT ARE SIGNIFICANT IN RELATION TO OUR COMPANY'S BUSINESS

Save for disclosed elsewhere in this annual report, no other transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance to which our Company, any of our subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries or our parent company was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the financial year or at any time during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year under review, no Directors have interests in any business which directly or indirectly competes, or is likely to compete with the business of our Group.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Company's Articles of Association provides that every Director of our Company shall be entitled to be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of our Company from and against any liability incurred by them or any one of them as holder of any such office or appointment to a third party.

A permitted indemnity provision is in force as at the date of this report and was in force throughout the year for the benefit of all the Directors pursuant to the directors' and officers' liability insurance arranged by our Company.

董事收購股份或債權證之權利

除上述購股權計劃所披露者外,本公司、其任何附屬公司、同系附屬公司或母公司概無於年內任何時間訂立任何安排,以使董事透過收購本公司或任何其他實體公司之股份或債權證獲取利益;且概無董事或其配偶或未滿18歲之子女於截至2022年3月31日止年度擁有任何可認購本公司證券之權利,亦無行使任何有關權利。

董事於對本公司業務而言屬重大之 交 易、安 排 及 合 約 中 之 重 大 權 益

除本年報其他章節所披露者外,本公司、其 任何附屬公司、同系附屬公司或母公司概無 訂立董事於其中擁有重大權益(無論直接或間 接)且於財政年度結算日或於年內任何時間存 續之其他重大交易、安排及合約。

董事於競爭業務之權益

於回顧年度內,概無董事於任何對本集團業 務直接或間接構成競爭或可能構成競爭之業 務中擁有權益。

獲准許彌償條文

本公司組織章程細則訂明,本公司每名董事 應有權就彼等或其中任何人士在出任其職位 或委任時招致任何須對第三方承擔之負債獲 得以本公司之資產及溢利作出之彌償。

於本報告日期一項獲准許彌償條文根據由本 公司安排之董事及高級職員責任保險為全體 董事之利益生效並於全年有效。

董事會報告

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Brief biographical details of Directors and senior management are set out in the preceding section headed "Directors and Senior Management".

CHANGE IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

The change in the information of the Directors of the Company, which is required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, since the publication of the annual report of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2021 is set out below:

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

董事及高級管理層之簡歷詳情載於前部標題為「董事及高級管理層」內。

董事資料變動

自刊發本公司截至2021年3月31日止財政年度之年報以來,根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條須予披露之本公司董事資料變動載列如下:

Name of	Director
董事姓名	

Chan Siu Wing Raymond 陳兆榮 *Independent Non-Executive Director 獨立非執行董事* Details of change 變更詳情

was appointed as an independent non-executive director of Natural Home Holding Company Limited (formerly known as Nature Flooring Holding Company Limited) (stock code: 2083), from 4 May 2011 to 31 October 2021, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.
 於2011年5月4日至2021年10月31日獲委任大自然家居控股有限公司(前稱:大自然地板控股有限公司)(於聯合交易所主板上市之公司)(股份代號:2083)之獨立非執行董事。

Save as disclosed above, there is no other information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

除上文所披露者外,概無其他資料須根據上 市規則第13.51B(1)條予以披露。

董事會報告



DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND/OR SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OR ANY OTHER ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at 31 March 2022, the interests and/or short positions of each Director and the chief executive of our Company in the Shares and underlying Shares of our Company and our associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of SFO) which were (i) recorded in the register kept by our Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO; or (ii) notified to our Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO and the Model Code, were as follows:

董事及最高行政人員於股份及相關股份或任何其他相聯法團之權益及/或 淡倉

於2022年3月31日,本公司各董事及最高行政人員於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份及相關股份擁有(i)根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定本公司存置之登記冊所記錄之權益及/或淡倉;或(ii)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部以及標準守則之規定已知會本公司及聯交所之權益及/或淡倉如下:

Interest in the Company (long position)

於本公司之權益(好倉)

Number of Shares and underlying shares held ('000) 所持股份及 相關股份數目(千股)

				XH (1 /3X /	
					Total
				Interest in	(% of the issued
		Shares/	Beneficial	a controlled	share capital
Name of Dir	ectors	Equity derivatives	owner	corporation	of the Company)
					總計
		股份/		於受控制	(佔本公司已發行
董事姓名		股權衍生工具	實益擁有人	法團權益	股本之百分比)
Chan Koung i	Nam	Ordinary shares	_	300 000	300,000
0	140.111	,		·	•
1211 20111		H YCLIY		(. 1310	(12.2070)
Chan Kwong	Yin William	Ordinary shares	5,760	300,000	305,760
陳光賢		普通股		(Note 附註)	(73.68%)
Chan Koung I 陳光南 Chan Kwong		股權衍生工具 Ordinary shares 普通股 Ordinary shares	-	300,000 (Note 附註) 300,000	股本之百分比) 300,000 (72.29%) 305,760

Notes:

These shares of the Company are held by Tin Ching Holdings. Each of Mr. Chan Koung Nam and Mr. Chan Kwong Yin William owns 50% of the issued share capital of Tin Ching Holdings. By virtue of the provisions of Part XV of the SFO, both Mr. Chan Koung Nam and Mr. Chan Kwong Yin William are deemed to be interested in all the shares of the Company in which Tin Ching Holdings is interested or deemed to be interested.

Save as disclosed above, none of our Directors or the chief executive of the Company had registered any interest or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

附註:

該等本公司股份由天晶控股持有。陳光南先生及陳光賢先生分別擁有天晶控股已發行股本的50%。根據證券及期貨條例第XV部的條文,陳光南先生及陳光賢先生均被視為於天晶控股擁有或視為擁有權益的所有本公司股份中擁有權益。

除上文所披露者外,概無本公司董事或最高 行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團之股份 或相關股份中,登記擁有根據證券及期貨條 例第352條及香港公司條例(第622章)須予記 錄之任何權益或淡倉,或根據標準守則須知 會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉。

董事會報告

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND/OR SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 March 2022, so far as is known to the Directors, the following persons (other than a director or chief executive of our Company), who had interests and/or short positions in the Shares or the underlying Shares of our Company which would fall to be disclosed under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO:

主要股東於股份及相關股份之權益及/或淡倉

於2022年3月31日,據董事所知,以下人士 (本公司董事或最高行政人員除外)擁有本公 司之股份或相關股份之權益及/或淡倉,須 根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部之 條文予以披露,或根據證券及期貨條例第336 條規定記錄於規定存置之登記冊內:

Number of Shares and				
underlying shares held ('000)				
所持股份及				
相關股份數目(千股)				

	相	(日(十版)	
		Interest in	Total (% of the issued
Shares/	Beneficial	a controlled	share capital
Equity derivatives	owner	corporation	of the Company) 總計
股份/		於受控制	(佔本公司已發行
股權衍生工具	實益擁有人	法團權益	股本之百分比)
Ordinary shares 普通股	300,000	-	300,000 (72.29%)
			(====,,)
Ordinary shares 普涌股	_	300,000	300,000 (72.29%)
			(====,,)
Ordinary shares 普通股	5,760	300,000	305,760 (73.68%)
Ordinary shares 普通股	20,772	-	20,772 (5.01%)
	Equity derivatives 股份/ 股權衍生工具 Ordinary shares 普通股 Ordinary shares 普通股 Ordinary shares 普通股 Ordinary shares	Shares/ Beneficial owner 股份/ 股權衍生工具 實益擁有人 Ordinary shares 300,000 普通股 Ordinary shares 普通股 Ordinary shares 5,760 普通股 Ordinary shares 20,772	Shares/ Equity derivativesBeneficial ownera controlled corporation股份/ 股權衍生工具實益擁有人於受控制 法團權益Ordinary shares 普通股300,000-Ordinary shares 普通股-300,000Ordinary shares 普通股5,760300,000Ordinary shares 普通股5,760300,000Ordinary shares20,772-

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2022, there was no other person (other than the Directors or the chief executive of the Company) who had an interest or short position in the Shares or underlying Shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

除上文所披露者外,於2022年3月31日,概無其他人士(董事或本公司最高行政人員除外)於本公司之股份或相關股份中,擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部之條文予以披露,或已記入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之登記冊內之權益或淡倉。

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MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administrative of the whole or any substantial part of the business of our Company were entered into or existed during the year ended 31 March 2022.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS

During the year, our top five customers (as determined by interest income generated) accounted for approximately 7.6% (2021: 9.6%) of our total revenue, and our single largest customer accounted for approximately 2.2% (2021: 2.2%) of our total revenue.

All of our top five customers were third parties independent to our Company and its connected person(s) or associate(s). To the best of our Directors' knowledge, information and belief, none of our Group, our Directors, members of our senior management, and their respective associates and Shareholders who own more than 5% of the issued Shares, had any interest in or financial or business relationship with any of our Group's top five customers during the year ended 31 March 2022.

NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING

Each of our Controlling Shareholders, namely Tin Ching Holdings, Mr. Chan Koung Nam and Mr. Chan Kwong Yin William, has entered into a Deed of Non-competition in favour of our Company, pursuant to which each of the Controlling Shareholders, irrevocably and unconditionally, undertakes and covenants with each of our Company and our subsidiaries that as long as the Shares remain so listed on the Stock Exchange and he/it and his/its associates, individually or collectively with any other Controlling Shareholder(s) is, directly or indirectly, interested in 30% or more of the Shares in issue, or is otherwise regarded as a Controlling Shareholder (as that term is defined under the Listing Rules from time to time) of our Company, each of the Controlling Shareholders shall not, and shall procure that none of his/its associated (excluding any members of our Group) shall, among others:

- (a) directly or indirectly engage, participate or hold any right or interest in or render any services to or otherwise be involved in any business in competition with or likely to be in competition with the existing business activity and any business activities undertaken by our Group from time to time (the "Restricted Business") which any member of our Group may undertake in the future in Hong Kong except for the holding of not more than 5% shareholding interests in any listed company in Hong Kong;
- (b) take any direct or indirect action which constitutes an interference with or a disruption to the Restricted Business including, but not limited to, solicitation of the customers, suppliers or staff of our Group; and

管理合約

截至2022年3月31日止年度,本公司並無就整體或任何重要部分業務之管理及行政工作訂立或存有任何合約。

主要客戶

於本年度,我們之五大客戶(按所產生利息收入釐定)佔我們總收益約7.6%(2021年:9.6%),而我們之單一最大客戶則佔我們總收益約2.2%(2021年:2.2%)。

五大客戶均為獨立於本公司及其關連人士或聯繫人之第三方。據董事所知、所悉及所信,本集團、董事、高級管理層成員及彼等各自之聯繫人,以及擁有已發行股份5%以上之股東,於截至2022年3月31日止年度概無於本集團五大客戶中擁有任何權益或與之維持任何財務或業務關係。

不競爭承諾

控股股東天晶控股、陳光南先生及陳光賢先生已各自以本公司為受益人訂立不競爭契據,據此,各控股股東不可撤回及無條件地分別向本公司及其附屬公司承諾及契諾,只要股份仍在聯交所上市,而彼及其聯繫人個別或聯同任何其他控股股東直接或間接擁有已發行股份30%或以上權益,或基於其他理由被視作本公司之控股股東(定義見不時之上市規則),各控股股東將不會,並將促使其聯繫人(不包括本集團任何成員公司)不會(其中包括):

- (a) 除持有不多於香港任何上市公司5%股權外,直接或間接從事及參與與本集團之現有業務活動及本集團不時從事之任何業務活動構成競爭或可能構成競爭之業務(「受限制業務」)(本集團任何成員公司日後於香港可能從事之業務),或於其中持有任何權利或權益或向其提供任何服務或以其他方式參與有關業務;
- (b) 採取任何對受限制業務構成干擾或阻礙 之直接或間接行動,包括但不限於招攬 本集團之客戶、供應商或員工;及

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- (c) exploit his/its knowledge or information obtained from our Group to compete, directly or indirectly, with the business carried on by our Group from time to time.
- (c) 將自本集團獲得之知識或資訊用於與本 集團不時從事之業務直接或間接競爭。

An annual confirmation has been received from each of the Controlling Shareholders on compliance with each of their respective undertakings under the Deeds of Non-competition.

本公司已接獲各控股股東就遵守彼等各自於 不競爭契據項下所作承諾而發出之年度確認 函。

The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the compliance with the Deed of Non-competition by the Controlling Shareholders and confirmed that the Deed of Non-competition is fully complied with and duly enforced during the year.

獨立非執行董事已審視控股股東遵守不競爭 契據之情況,並確認不競爭契據於年內獲全 面遵守及妥為執行。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

關連交易

A summary of the related party transaction, which also constituted connected transactions as defined under the Listing Rules, entered into by our Group during the year ended 31 March 2022 is contained in Note 33 to the financial statements.

本集團於截至2022年3月31日止年度訂立 之關聯方交易亦構成上市規則所界定關連交 易,有關概要載於財務報表附註33。

The following summarised continuing connected transactions of the Group during the year ended 31 March 2022. The Directors confirm that the Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

下文概述本集團於截至2022年3月31日止年度之持續關連交易。董事確認,本公司已遵守上市規則第14A章之披露規定。

Fully exempted continuing connected transaction

獲全面豁免之持續關連交易

On 1 April 2021, HK Finance (as borrower), our Company (as guarantor) and Tin Ching Industrial (as lender) entered into the loan agreement, pursuant to which Tin Ching Industrial agreed to provide the loan facility of up to HK\$200,000,000 to HK Finance for the money lending business of our Group at an interest rate of 0.5% per annum over the HK\$ prime rate quoted by DBS (Hong Kong) Limited for a term subject to review by Tin Ching Industrial at any time but in any event no later than one year after the date of the loan agreement.

於2021年4月1日,香港信貸(作為借款人)、本公司(作為擔保人)及天晶實業(作為貸款人)訂立貸款協議,據此,天晶實業同意向香港信貸提供貸款融資,金額最多為200,000,000港元,用於本集團放債業務,年利率為星展銀行(香港)有限公司所報之港元最優惠利率加年利率0.5%,期限可由天晶實業於任何時間檢討,惟無論如何不得遲於貸款協議日期後一年。

As Tin Ching Industrial is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Tin Ching Holdings which is the substantial Shareholder of our Company and is a connected person (as defined under the Listing Rules), accordingly the loan agreement constitutes a continuing connected transaction for providing financial assistance to our Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. However, as the loan facility is provided by Tin Ching Industrial for our Group's and Shareholders' benefits, and on normal or better commercial terms to our Company where no security over our Group's assets is granted in respect of the loan facility, the loan agreement as continuing connected transaction is fully exempt from reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements pursuant to Rule 14A.90 of the Listing Rules.

由於天晶實業為本公司主要股東天晶控股之 全資附屬公司,屬上市規則所界定關連人 士,因此,根據上市規則第14A章,貸款協 議構成向本公司提供財務資助之持續關連交 易。然而,由於貸款融資乃天晶實業為本集團 及股東之利益按一般或對本公司而言屬更佳 之商業條款提供,且毋須就貸款融資抵押本 集團資產,根據上市規則第14A.90條,作為 持續關連交易之貸款協議獲全面豁免遵守申 報、公佈及獨立股東批准之規定。

董事會報告



The aforesaid continuing connected transaction has been reviewed by the independent non-executive Directors of our Company. The independent non-executive Directors confirmed that the aforesaid continuing connected transaction was entered into (a) in the ordinary and usual course of business of our Group and under arm's length negotiations; (b) either on normal commercial terms or on terms no less favourable to our Group than terms available to or from independent third parties; and (c) in accordance with the loan agreement governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of our Shareholders as a whole.

上述持續關連交易已由本公司之獨立非執行董事審閱。獨立非執行董事確認,上述持續關連交易乃(a)於本集團日常及一般業務過程中按公平基準磋商;(b)按一般商業條款或對本集團不遜於獨立第三方獲得或給予之條款;及(c)根據規管有關交易之貸款協議訂立,其條款誠屬公平合理,且符合股東整體利益。

Our Directors confirms that our Company has complied with the requirements of Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules in relation to the connected transactions to which our Company was a party during the year ended 31 March 2022.

董事確認本公司於截至2022年3月31日止年 度遵守上市規則第14A章有關本公司所訂關 連交易之披露規定。

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to our Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, our Company has maintained a sufficient public float of its issued shares in the Stock Exchange throughout the year ended 31 March 2022 and up to the date of this annual report.

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司所得公開資料,且據董事所知, 本公司於截至2022年3月31日止年度及截至 本年報日期,已於聯交所就其已發行股份維 持足夠公眾持股量。

AUDITORS

The financial statements of our Company have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers, who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

核數師

本公司之財務報表已由羅兵咸永道會計師事 務所審核,其將退任且符合資格並願意獲續 聘。

On behalf of the Board

代表董事會

Chan Kwong Yin William

Chairman

Hong Kong, 28 June 2022

主席 陳光賢

香港,2022年6月28日

獨立核數師報告

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF HONG KONG FINANCE GROUP LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of Hong Kong Finance Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which set out on pages 97 to 172, comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2022;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended;
 and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致:香港信貸集團有限公司之股東

(於開曼群島計冊成立之有限公司)

意見

我們已審計的內容

香港信貸集團有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」) 及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)列載於第 97至172頁的綜合財務報表,包括:

- 於2022年3月31日之綜合財務狀況表;
- 截至該日止年度之綜合全面收入表;
- 截至該日止年度之綜合權益變動表;
- 截至該日止年度之綜合現金流量表;及
- 綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策 及其他解釋信息。

我們的意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於2022年3月31日之綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度之綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》之披露規定妥為擬備。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港審計 準則(「**香港審計準則**」)進行審計。我們在該 等準則下承擔之責任已在本報告「核數師就審 計綜合財務報表承擔之責任」部分中作進一步 闡述。

我們相信,我們所獲得之審計憑證能充足及 適當地為我們之審計意見提供基礎。

獨立核數師報告



Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter identified in our audit relates to impairment assessment of loans and interest receivables.

獨立性

根據香港會計師公會頒佈之《專業會計師道德 守則》(以下簡稱「**守則**」),我們獨立於 貴集 團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

我們於審計中識別的關鍵審計事項是關於應 收貸款及利息之減值評估。

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

Impairment assessment of loans and interest receivables 應收貸款及利息減值評估

Refer to Note 3.1(b), 4(a), 21 and 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

提述綜合財務報表附註3.1(b)、4(a)、21及22。

As at 31 March 2022, the Group's net loans and interest receivables amounted to HK\$930,469,000 and HK\$21,776,000, respectively.

於2022年3月31日, 貴集團之應收貸款及利息淨額分別為930,469,000港元及21,776,000港元。

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

We assessed management's assessment of provision for impairment of loans and interest receivables by performing the following procedures:

我們透過執行下列程序評估管理層就應收貸款及利息減 值撥備作出之評估:

- obtained an understanding of management's internal control and assessment process of loss allowance for expected credit losses and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors such as complexity, subjectivity, changes and susceptibility to management bias or fraud;
- 了解管理層對預計信貸損失的虧損撥備的內部控制 及評估過程,並透過考慮估計不確定性程度及其他 固有的風險因素水平(如複雜性、主觀性、變化及 受管理層偏見或欺詐影響程度)評估重大錯報的固 有風險;
- carried out procedures, on a sample basis, to test the existence and accuracy of the aging of loans and interest receivables applied in the Expected Credit Loss ("ECL") model and as at the consolidated statement of financial position date;
- 為應用於預計信貸損失模式之應收貸款及利息於綜合財務狀況表日期之賬齡是否存在及準確執行抽樣檢測程序;

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

Impairment assessment of loans and interest receivables (Continued)

應收貸款及利息減值評估(續)

Management assessed the provision for impairment of loans and interest receivables based on the ECL model. In developing the loss allowance of loans and interest receivables, management use judgement in making assumptions about the probability of default and loss given default with reference to the historical delinquency ratio of loans portfolio, collateral values used in the ECL model, probability of default and current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors.

管理層基於預計信貸損失模式評估應收貸款及利息減值 撥備。在編製應收貸款及利息的虧損撥備時,管理層經 參考貸款組合的過往拖欠比率、預計信貸損失模式所用 抵押品價值、違約機率以及有關宏觀經濟因素的現有及 前瞻性資料,使用判斷對違約機率及違約損失率作出假 設。

We focused on this area because the carrying value of loans and interest receivables is significant to the consolidated financial statements and management's impairment assessment of loans and interest receivables require the use of significant judgments and estimates. 我們專注於此範疇之原因為應收貸款及利息之賬面值對綜合財務報表而言實屬重大,而管理層對應收貸款及利息的減值評估需運用重大判斷及估計。

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

- checked the valuation methodology and approach adopted by management in the ECL assessment;
- 檢查管理層於預計信貸損失評估採納之估值方法及 方式;
- evaluated and challenged the appropriateness of the key assumptions, such as historical delinquency ratio of loan portfolio, collateral values used in the ECL model, probability of default and current and forwardlooking information with reference to the historical data and market economic data; and
- 評估及質疑主要假設是否合適,例如參考過往數據及市場經濟數據的貸款組合的過往拖欠比率、預計信貸損失模式所用抵押品價值、違約機率以及現有及前瞻性資料;及
- re-performed management's calculation of loss allowance under ECL model which grouped together all the receivables with similar risk characteristics based on the probability of default, exposure at default, loss given default, forward-looking information and other significant factors taken into account in estimating the ECL allowance.
- 重新計算管理層對預計信貸損失模式項下之虧損撥備,根據違約機率、違約風險、違約損失率、前瞻性資料以及估計預計信貸損失撥備時考慮之其他重大因素綜合所有信貸風險特徵類似之應收款項進行。

Based on the procedures described above, we considered management's judgments and estimates applied in the impairment assessment of loans and interest receivables were supportable by management provided evidence. 根據上述程序,我們認為管理層評估應收貸款及利息減值時所採用判斷及估計乃由其所提供的證據可證明。

獨立核數師報告



OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括年報內的所有信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及我們之核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表發表之意見並不涵蓋其 他信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何 形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他 信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事 實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

董事及審核委員會就綜合財務報表須 承擔之責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的披露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴 集團持續經營之能力,並在適用情況下披露 與持續經營有關之事項,以及使用持續經營 為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤 或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會須負責監督 貴集團之財務報告 過程。

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the
 consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error,
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks,
 and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
 provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting
 from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional
 omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任

在根據香港審計準則進行審計之過程中,我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。 我們亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述之風險、設 計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以 及獲取充足和適當之審計憑證,作為我 們意見之基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及 課、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述或凌駕 於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐 而導致之重大錯誤陳述之風險高於未能 發現因錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述之風 險。
- 了解與審計相關之內部控制,以設計適 當審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內 部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

獨立核數師報告



AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責 任(續)

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎之恰當性 作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,在 定是否存在與事項或情況有關之重之持 續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我在 續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我在 續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們 續經營能力產在確定性,則有合財務 時報告中提請使用者注意的披露不 中之相關披露。假若有關的披露不 則我們應當發表非無保留意見。 則我們應當發表非無保留意見。 則我們應當發表 計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導 致實集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表之整體列報方式、結構及內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動之財務信息獲取充足及適當審計憑證,以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責集團審計之方向、監督及執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與董事溝通了計劃之審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括 我們在審計中識別出內部控制之任何重大缺陷。



獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Cheung Kin Bong.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 28 June 2022

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責 任(續)

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們已符合有關獨立性之相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性之所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,用以消除對獨立性產生威脅的行動或採取的防範措施。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告之審計項目合夥人為 張健邦先生。

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

執業會計師

香港,2022年6月28日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合全面收入表

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至2022年3月31日止年度

		Note 附註	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益	6	153,488	155,503
Other income	其他收入	6	1,394	3,902
Fair value gains/(losses) on revaluation of investment properties (Provision for)/reversal of impairment	重估投資物業之公平值 收益/(虧損) 應收貸款減值(撥備)/撥回及	17	8,980	(990)
and write-off of loans receivable, net	燃	7	(6,513)	2,394
Administrative expenses	行政開支	8	(53,060)	(47,338)
Administrative expenses	门政府文	0	(33,000)	(47,000)
Operating profit	經營溢利		104,289	113,471
Finance costs	融資成本	11	(21,109)	(25,676)
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利		83,180	87,795
Income tax expense	所得税開支	12	(12,630)	(14,577)
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 年度溢利及全面 收入總額		70,550	73,218
Earnings per share for profit attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 溢利之每股盈利			
- Basic and diluted (HK cents)	-基本及攤薄(港仙)	13	17.0	17.6
Dividends	股息	14	10,790	10,790

The above consolidated statements of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合全面收入表應連同隨附附註一併閱讀。



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2022 於2022年3月31日

			2022	2021
			2022年	2021年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Assets	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	16	72,223	74,105
Investment properties	投資物業	17	113,330	76,350
Financial asset at fair value through	按公平值計入損益之金融資產			
profit or loss		20	800	800
Loans receivable	應收貸款	21	308,660	264,241
Deferred income tax assets	遞延所得税資產	31	1,135	749
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		496,148	416,245
Current assets	流動資產			
Loans receivable	應收貸款	21	621,809	553,312
Interest receivables	應收利息	22	21,776	16,981
Repossessed assets	收回資產	23	7,248	33,557
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及			
other receivables	其他應收款項	24	2,028	1,873
Tax recoverable	可收回税項		3,184	_
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	25	24,882	80,023
Total current assets	流動資產總額		680,927	685,746
Total assets	資產總額		1,177,075	1,101,991
Equity	權益			
Equity attributable to the owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
Share capital	股本	26	4,150	4,150
Reserves	儲備	27	732,470	672,710
Total equity	權益總額		736,620	676,860

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表





		Note	2022 2022年 HK\$'000	2021 2021年 HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Liabilities				
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Other borrowings	其他借款	29	915	_
Bonds	债券	30	_	22,954
Deferred income tax liabilities	遞延所得税負債	31	3,301	3,168
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		4,216	26,122
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Other payable and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	28	8,761	7,006
Amount due to a fellow subsidiary	應付一間同系附屬公司款項	33(b)	109,740	128,840
Tax payable	應付税項		1,952	8,248
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款	29	292,875	177,058
Bonds	債券	30	22,911	77,857
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		436,239	399,009
Total liabilities	負債總額		440,455	425,131
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		1,177,075	1,101,991
Net current assets	流動資產淨額		244,688	286,737
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總額減流動負債		740,836	702,982

The above consolidated statements of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合財務狀況表應連同隨附附註一併閱 讀。

The consolidated financial statements on pages 97 to 172 were approved by the Board of Director on 28 June 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

第97至172頁之綜合財務報表由董事會於 2022年6月28日批准,並由以下董事代表簽 署:

On behalf of the Board

代表董事會

Mr. Chan Kwong Yin William 陳光賢先生 *Chairman* 主席 Mr. Chan Koung Nam 陳光南先生 Executive director 執行董事



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

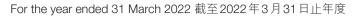
綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至2022年3月31日止年度

			Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔					
		Note 附註	Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Share option reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1 April 2020	於2020年4月1日之結餘		4,150	103,665	100,020	-	406,597	614,432
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收入總額		-	-	-	-	73,218	73,218
Transactions with owners Dividends relating to 2020 Dividends relating to 2021	與擁有人之交易 有關2020年之股息 有關2021年之股息	14 14	- -	- -	- -	- -	(5,395) (5,395)	(5,395) (5,395)
Total transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity	與擁有人之交易總額, 直接於權益確認		-	-	-	-	(10,790)	(10,790)
Balance at 31 March 2021	於2021年3月31日之結餘		4,150	103,665	100,020	-	469,025	676,860
Balance at 31 March 2021	於2021年3月31日之結餘		4,150	103,665	100,020	-	469,025	676,860
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收入總額		-	-	-	-	70,550	70,550
Transactions with owners Dividends relating to 2021 Dividends relating to 2022	與擁有人之交易 有關2021年之股息 有關2022年之股息	14 14	- -	-	-	- -	(5,395) (5,395)	(5,395) (5,395)
Total transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity	與擁有人之交易總額 [,] 直接於權益確認		-	-	-	-	(10,790)	(10,790)
Balance at 31 March 2022	於2022年3月31日之結餘		4,150	103,665	100,020	_	528,785	736,620

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表





			2022	2021
			2022年	2021年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Cash flows from operating activities	經營業務之現金流量			
Cash generated from operations	經營所得現金	15(a)	8,516	257,513
Interest paid	已付利息	- (- /	(20,009)	(24,378)
Hong Kong profits tax paid	已付香港利得税		(22,362)	(12,071)
Net code (veed in Veed protected	////////////////////////////////////			
Net cash (used in)/generated	經營業務(所用)/所得現金淨額		(22.055)	001.064
from operating activities			(33,855)	221,064
Cash flows from investing activities	投資業務之現金流量			
Purchase of property,	購買物業、廠房及設備			
plant and equipment			(1,128)	(1,979)
Purchase of investment properties	購買投資物業		(28,000)	_
Net cash used in investing activities	投資業務所用現金淨額		(29,128)	(1,979)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資業務之現金流量			
Repayment of bank and	償還銀行及其他借款			
other borrowings			(962,063)	(770,295)
Proceeds from new bank and	新增銀行及其他借款所得款項			
other borrowings			1,078,795	624,150
Increase in amount due to	應付一間同系附屬公司款項			
a fellow subsidiary	增加		(19,100)	2,594
Redemption of bonds	贖回債券		(79,000)	_
Dividend paid	已付股息		(10,790)	(10,790)
Net cash generated from/(used in)	融資業務所得/(所用)現金淨額			
in financing activities	随其未加川时/(川川)九亚/中原		7,842	(154,341)
			.,6.2	(101,011)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and	現金及現金等價物(減少)/增加			
cash equivalents	淨額		(55,141)	64,744
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning	ng 年初之現金及現金等價物			
of the year			80,023	15,279
Cash and cash equivalents at end	年終之現金及現金等價物			
of the year		25	24,882	80,023
			,	00,020

The above consolidated statements of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合現金流量表應連同隨附附註一併閱讀。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Hong Kong Finance Group Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 6 February 2013 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised), of the Cayman Islands. The address of the Company's registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries (the "**Group**") are principally engaged in the money lending business of providing property mortgage loans and personal loans in Hong Kong.

The ultimate holding company of the Company is Tin Ching Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands.

The Company has its primary listing on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$'000"), unless otherwise stated.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and investment properties, which are carried at fair value.

1 一般資料

香港信貸集團有限公司(「本公司」)於2013年2月6日根據開曼群島公司法第22章(1961年第三項法例,經綜合及修訂)在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。本公司之註冊辦事處地址為Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands。

本公司為一間投資控股公司。本公司及其 附屬公司(「本集團」)主要於香港從事提供 物業按揭貸款及私人貸款之放債業務。

本公司之最終控股公司為天晶控股有限公司,該公司在英屬處女群島計冊成立。

本公司以香港聯合交易所有限公司主板為 第一上市地。

除另有註明外,該等綜合財務報表以千港 元(「**千港元**」)呈列。

2 重大會計政策概要

編製該等綜合財務報表應用之主要會計政 策載於下文。除另有註明外,該等政策已 於呈列之所有年度貫徹應用。

2.1 編製基準

該等綜合財務報表已按照香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之所有適用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)編製。該等綜合財務報表已按歷史成本慣例編製,並就重估按公平值計入損益之金融資產及投資物業(按公平值列賬)加以修訂。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

財務報表附註



2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) for this financial year and the comparative year.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

2.1.1 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

(a) Amended standards effective in 2022 but not relevant to the Group

HKAS39, HKFRS 7 and HKFRS 9 (Amendments) Interest rate benchmark reform

HKFRS 16 (Amendment) COVID-19-related rent concessions

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

於本財政年度及比較期間,綜合財務報表乃按照《公司條例》(第622章)之披露規定編製。

按照香港財務報告準則編製財務報表需要使用若干關鍵會計估計,亦需要管理層在應用本集團會計政策之過程中作出判斷。涉及高度判斷或高度複雜之範疇,或涉及對綜合財務報表有重大影響之假設及估計之範疇於附註4披露。

2.1.1 會計政策及披露資料之變動

(a) 於2022年生效但與本集 團無關的經修訂準則

香港財務報 COVID-19 告準則 相關租金 第16號 優惠 (修訂)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

2.1.1 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures (Continued)

(b) The following new and amended standards have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning on 1 April 2021 and have not been early adopted by the Group

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

2.1.1 會計政策及披露資料之變動

(b) 下列為已公佈但於2021 年4月1日開始之財政年 度尚未生效及本集團並 未提早採納之新訂及經 修訂準則

Effective for annual periods

		beginning on or after 於以下日期或 之後開始之 年度期間生效
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of liabilities as current or non-current and Hong Kong Interpretation 5, Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause	1 April 2023
香港會計準則第1號(修訂)	負債分類為流動或非流動以及香港詮釋第5號「呈列財務報表-借款人將載有按要求償還條款的有期貸款分類」	2023年4月1日
HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 (Amendments)	Disclosure of accounting policies	1 April 2023
香港會計準則第1號及 香港財務報告準則實務 報告第2號(修訂)	會計政策的披露	2023年4月1日
HKAS 8 (Amendment)	Definition of accounting estimates	1 April 2023
香港會計準則第8號(修訂)	會計估計的定義	2023年4月1日
HKAS 12 (Amendment)	Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction	1 April 2023
香港會計準則第12號(修訂)	與單一交易產生之資產及負債有關的遞延税項	2023年4月1日
HKAS 16 (Amendment)	Property, plant and equipment: Proceeds before intended use	1 April 2022
香港會計準則第16號(修訂)	物業、廠房及設備:作擬定用途前的所得款項	2022年4月1日
HKAS 37 (Amendment)	Onerous contracts - Cost of fulfilling a contract	1 April 2022
香港會計準則第37號(修訂)	虧損合約-履行合約的成本	2022年4月1日
HKFRS 3 (Amendment)	Reference to the conceptual framework	1 April 2022
香港財務報告準則第3號 (修訂)	概念框架之提述	2022年4月1日

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

財務報表附註



2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

2.1.1 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures (Continued)

(b) The following new and amended standards have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning on 1 April 2021 and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

2.1.1 會計政策及披露資料之變動 (續)

(b) 下列為已公佈但於2021 年4月1日開始之財政年 度尚未生效及本集團並 未提早採納之新訂及經 修訂準則(續)

> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 於以下日期或 之後開始之 年度期間生效

HKFRS 10 and	Sale or contribution of assets between an investor	Not yet
HKAS 28 (Amendments)	and its associate or joint venture	established
香港財務報告準則第10號及	投資者與其聯營公司或合營公司之間	尚未建立
香港會計準則第28號	之資產出售或投入	
(修訂)		
HKFRS 17	Insurance contracts and the related amendments	1 April 2023
香港財務報告準則第17號	保險合約及相關修訂	2023年4月1日
HKFRSs (Amendments)	Annual improvements 2018-2020 cycle	1 April 2022
香港財務報告準則(修訂)	2018年至2020年週期之年度改進	2022年4月1日
HK(IFRIC) – Int 5	Presentation of Financial Statements - Classification	1 April 2023
	by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a	
	Repayment on Demand Clause	
香港(國際財務報告詮釋	呈列財務報表-借款人將載有按要求償還條款	2023年4月1日
委員會)-詮釋第5號	的有期貸款分類	

The above new and amended standards are not expected to have a material impact on the entity in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

預期上述新訂及經修訂 準則將不會於目前或未 來報告期間及在可見將 來的交易中對實體構成 任何重大影響。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.2 Subsidiaries

2.2.1 Consolidation

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. When necessary, amounts reported by subsidiaries have been adjusted to confirm with the Group's accounting policies.

2.2.2 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

2.3 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors of the entities now comprising the Group that makes strategic decisions.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.2 附屬公司

2.2.1 綜合賬目

附屬公司是指本集團擁有控制權之實體(包括結構性實體)。當本集團承受或享有參與實體所得之可變回報,且有能力影響該實體之權力影響該實體之權力影響該實體之權力影響該實體。附屬公司自控制權轉移至本縣屬出自起開始綜合入賬。

集團內公司間之交易、結餘與集團公司間交易之未變現收益對銷。未變現虧損亦予以對銷,惟交易提供證據表明所轉讓資產出現減值除外。附屬公司之呈報金額於有需要時作出調整,確保與本集團之會計政策一致。

2.2.2 獨立財務報表

於附屬公司之投資乃以成本減減值入賬。成本包括投資直接 應佔成本。附屬公司之業績由 本公司按已收及應收股息入 賬。

2.3 分部呈報

經營分部之呈報方式與向主要營運 決策人提供之內部呈報一致。主要 營運決策人負責分配資源及評估經 營分部之表現,並已獲識別為制定 策略性決策的現時組成本集團之實 體各執行董事。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

財務報表附註



2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.4 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in profit or loss.

2.5 Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings comprise mainly offices and residential property for a director. Leasehold land classified as finance lease and all other property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.4 外幣換算

功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體之財務報表所載項目,乃按有關實體經營所在主要經濟環境之貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。 綜合財務報表以本公司之功能貨幣 及本集團之呈列貨幣港元(「港元」) 呈列。

交易及結餘

外幣交易採用交易日期的匯率換算 為功能貨幣。結算此等交易產生的 匯兑盈虧以及將外幣計值的貨幣資 產和負債以年終匯率換算產生的匯 兑盈虧在損益中確認。

2.5 物業、廠房及設備

土地及樓宇主要包括辦公室及董事住宅之物業。被分類為融資租賃之租賃土地以及所有其他物業、廠房及設備按過往成本減折舊列賬。過往成本包括收購該等項目直接應佔開支。

僅將在有關項目之未來經濟利益流向本集團,且該項目之成本能可靠計量時,其後成本方計入資產之賬面值或確認為個別資產(如適用)。替換部分之賬面值會被終止確認。所有其他維修及保養費用會於其產生之財政期間在綜合全面收入表中扣除。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.5 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

 Land and buildings 	40-50 years
— Office equipment	4 years
 Furniture and fixtures 	4 years
 Leasehold improvements 	4 years
Motor vehicles	4 years

The asset's residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 2.7).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

2.6 Investment properties

Investment properties, principally comprising leasehold land and buildings, are held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that are not occupied by the Group. Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. After initial recognition, investment properties are carried at fair value, representing open market value determined at each reporting date by external valuers. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If the information is not available, the Group uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices on less active markets or discounted cash flow projections. Changes in fair values are recorded in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as "Fair value losses on revaluation of investment properties".

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.5 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備之折舊乃採用直 線法於其估計可使用年限內按成本 分配至剩餘價值,詳情如下:

一土地及樓宇	40-50年
一辦公設備	4年
- 傢俬及裝置	4年
- 租賃物業裝修	4年
一汽車	4年

資產之剩餘價值及可使用年期於各報告期末檢討及調整(如適用)。

倘資產之賬面值高於其估計可收回 金額,資產之賬面值隨即被撇減至 其可收回金額(附註2.7)。

出售所得之盈虧以比較所得款項與 賬面值之方式釐定,於綜合全面收 入表中確認。

2.6 投資物業

投資物業(主要包括租賃土地及樓 宇)乃持作賺取長期租金或資本增值 或兩者兼備而非由本集團佔用者。 投資物業初始按其成本計量,包括 相關交易成本及(如適用)借款成 本。於初始確認後,投資物業乃按 公平值列賬,即於各報告日期由外 聘估值師釐定之公開市值價值。公 平值乃以活躍市價為基準,並就特 定資產之性質、地點或狀況之任何 差異作出調整(倘需要)。倘並無有 關資料,本集團會使用其他估值方 法,如於較不活躍市場之近期價格 或貼現現金流量預測。公平值變動 乃於綜合全面收入表入賬列作[重估 投資物業之公平值虧損」。

財務報表附註



2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.7 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have indefinite useful lives are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment. All assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recongised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffer an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2.8 Financial assets

2.8.1 Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through OCI or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or OCI. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI").

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.7 非金融資產減值

2.8 金融資產

2.8.1 分類

本集團將其金融資產分類為以 下計量類別:

- 其後按公平值(經其他全面收入或損益入賬)計量,及
- 按攤銷成本計量。

分類視乎管理金融資產的本集 團業務模式及現金流合約條款 而定。

就按公平值計量的資產而言, 收益及虧損將於損益或其他 面收入入賬。就並非持作買 的權益工具的投資而言,此確 取決於本集團是否於初始確 時不可撤回地選擇按公平值計 入其他全面收入」)對股本投資 列賬。

本集團於及僅於管理該等資產 的業務模式變動時將債務投資 重新分類。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.8 Financial assets (Continued)

2.8.2 Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

2.8.3 Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL"), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement category into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

• Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.8 金融資產(續)

2.8.2 確認及終止確認

常規買賣金融資產於交易日 (即本集團承諾購買或出售資 產當日)確認。當自投資收取 現金流量之權利屆滿或被轉讓 及本集團已轉讓擁有權之絕大 部分風險及回報時,方會終止 確認金融資產。

2.8.3 計量

於初始確認時,本集團按金融 資產的公平值外加(倘為並非 按公平值計入損益(「按公平值 計入損益」)的金融資產)直接 歸屬於收購該金融資產的交易 成本計量。按公平值計入損益 的金融資產交易成本於損益支 銷。

在確定具有嵌入衍生工具的金融資產的現金流量是否僅支付本金及利息時,需從金融資產的整體進行考慮。

債務工具

債務工具的其後計量取決於本 集團管理資產的業務模式及資 產的現金流量特徵而定。本集 團按照以下三種計量類別對債 務工具進行分類:

財務報表附註



2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.8 Financial assets (Continued)

2.8.3 Measurement (Continued)

Debt instruments (Continued)

FVOCI: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other gains and impairment expenses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.

 FVPL: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVPL.
 A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVPL is recognised in profit or loss and presented net within other gains in the period in which it arises.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.8 金融資產(續)

2.8.3 計量(續)

債務工具(續)

- 按公平值計入其他全面 收入: 持作收回合約現 金流量及出售金融資產 的資產,倘該等資產現 金流量僅指所支付的本 金及利息,則按公平值 計入其他全面收入計 量。賬面值的變動乃計 入其他全面收入,惟於 損益確認的減值收益或 虧損、利息收益及匯兑 收益及虧損除外。終止 確認金融資產時,先前 於其他全面收入確認的 累計收益或虧損由權益 重新分類至損益並確認 為其他收益。該等金融 資產的利息收入乃採用 實際利率法計入其他收 入。匯兑收益及虧損於 其他收益呈列,而減值 虧損作為單獨項目於損 益表中呈列。
- 按公平值計入損益:未 達攤銷成本或按公平值 計入其他全面收入標準 的資產乃按公平值計入 損益計量。其後按公 值計入損益計量的債務 投資的收益或虧損於損 益確認,並於產生期間 在其他收益呈列淨額。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.8 Financial assets (Continued)

2.8.4 Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instrument assets carried at amortised cost. The Group recognises a loss allowance for such losses at each reporting date. The measurement of ECL reflects:

- An unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- The time value of money; and
- Reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Note 3.1(b) provides more detail of how the expected credit loss allowance is measured.

Loans and interest receivables and repossessed assets of the Group are classified as debt investments carried at amortised cost and are subject to the ECL model.

While cash and cash equivalents, deposit and other receivables are also subject to the impairment requirement of HKFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial.

2.9 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or the counterparty.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.8 金融資產(續)

2.8.4 減值

本集團按前瞻基準評估其按攤 銷成本列賬之債務工具資產相 關預計信貸損失。本集團於各 報告日期就該等損失確認虧損 撥備。預計信貸損失之計量反 映:

- 透過評估一系列可能結果整定之無偏概率加權金額:
- 貨幣時間價值;及
- 於報告日期毋須付出不必要成本或努力即可取得有關過往事件、目前狀況及未來經濟狀況預測之合理可作為依據之資料。

附註3.1(b)載有更多有關如何 計量預計信貸損失撥備之詳 情。

本集團的應收貸款及利息以及 收回資產分類為按攤銷成本列 賬的債務投資,並須採用預計 信貸損失模式。

現金及現金等價物、按金及其 他應收款項亦須符合香港財務 報告準則第9號的減值規定, 已識別的減值虧損並不重大。

2.9 抵銷金融工具

倘有合法強制執行權利抵銷已確認 金額及有意以淨額基準結算或配同 變現資產及清償負債時,金融資 及負債將予抵銷,有關款項淨額 於綜合財務狀況表內呈報。容 制執行權利不得取決於未來事項且 必須可於日常業務過程中當公 交易對手違約、無力償債或破產時 強制執行。

財務報表附註



2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.10 Loans and interest receivables

Loans receivable are property mortgage loans granted to customers in the ordinary course of business. If collection of loans receivable is expected in one year or less, they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Interest receivables are interests derived from property mortgage and personal loans granted to customers in the ordinary course of business.

Loan and interest receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

2.11 Prepayments, deposits and other receivables

Prepayments, deposits and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

2.12 Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand and deposits held at call with banks.

2.13 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

2.14 Other payables

Other payable are presents as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.10 應收貸款及利息

應收貸款為在日常業務中向客戶授 出之物業按揭貸款。倘預計應收貸 款於一年或以內收回,則被分類為 流動資產,否則呈列為非流動資產。

應收利息為在日常業務中向客戶授 出之物業按揭及私人貸款所產生利 息。

應收貸款及利息初始按公平值確認,隨後以實際利率法按攤銷成本 減減值撥備計量。

2.11 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項

預付款項、按金及其他應收款項初 始按公平值確認,隨後以實際利率 法按攤銷成本減減值撥備計量。

2.12 現金及現金等價物

於綜合現金流量表內,現金及現金 等價物包括手頭現金及於銀行之活 期存款。

2.13 股本

普通股按權益分類。發行新股直接 應佔之新增成本於權益中呈列為所 得款項減少(扣除税項)。

2.14 其他應付款項

其他應付款項呈列為流動負債,除 非付款並非在報告期後12個月內到 期。該等初始按公平值確認,隨後 以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.15 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recongised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

2.16 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.15 借款

借款初始按公平值扣除所產生之交易成本確認。借款隨後按攤銷成本入賬;所得款項(扣除交易成本)與贖回價值間任何差額以實際利率法在借款期間於綜合全面收入表中確認。

除非本集團擁有無條件權利將負債 之結算遞延至報告期末後最少12個 月,否則借款歸類為流動負債。

2.16 借款成本

直接歸屬於收購、興建或生產合資格資產(指必須經一段長時間處理以作其擬定用途或銷售之資產)之一般及特定借款成本,乃計入該等資產之成本內,直至資產大致上備妥供其預定用途或銷售為止。

所有其他借款成本在產生期間於損 益中確認。

財務報表附註



2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.17 Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

(a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Company's subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

(b) Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

The deferred tax liability in relation to investment properties that are measured at fair value is determined assuming the properties will be recovered entirely through use and through sale for investment properties in Hong Kong.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.17 即期及遞延所得税

期內之所得税開支或抵免指就本期 間應課税收入按各司法權區之適用 所得税税率支付之税項(就暫時差額 及未動用税項虧損應佔遞延税項資 產及負債變動作出調整)。

(a) 即期所得税

即期所得税開支按報告期末本公司附屬公司經營並產生應課税收入所在國家已頒佈或實頒佈之稅法計算。管理層定期檢討報稅表就須予詮釋之適用稅務規例之立場。管理層亦根據預期須向稅務機關支付之數額作出適當之撥備。

(b) 遞延所得税

按公平值計量的投資物業相關 遞延税項負債乃假設物業可透 過在香港使用及銷售投資物業 而全部收回釐定。

遞延税項資產僅在可能有日後 應課税款項可利用暫時差額及 虧損時確認。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.17 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

(b) Deferred income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

(c) Offsetting

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in OCI or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in OCI or directly in equity, respectively.

2.18 Employee benefits

(a) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of reporting date. Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(b) Bonus plans

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses, based on a formula that takes into consideration the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders after certain adjustments. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.17 即期及遞延所得税(續)

(b) 遞延所得税(續)

倘本公司可控制撥回暫時差額 之時間,且差額可能不會在可 見將來撥回,則不會就海外業 務投資的賬面值與税基之間的 暫時差額確認遞延税項負債及 資產。

(c) 抵銷

當有合法可強制執行權力將即期稅項資產與負債抵銷,而務項資產與負債抵銷,而務項項結餘涉及同一稅務與可可將遞延稅項資會合產與可有合於與實體有合產與可可抵銷資產及結算負債,數即期稅項資產與稅項負同可互相抵銷。

即期及遞延税項於收入表確認,惟倘與在其他全面收入或直接在權益確認的項目有關,則有關税項亦分別在其他全面收入或直接在權益確認。

2.18 僱員福利

(a) 僱員假期權利

僱員享有之年假乃於向僱員提 供年假時確認。已就截至報告 期末因僱員提供服務所產生年 假之估計負債計提撥備。僱員 之病假及產假權利於請假時方 予以確認。

(b) 花紅計劃

本集團乃根據一項公式(即計 及經若干調整後本公司股東應 佔溢利)確認花紅之負債及開 支。於出現合約責任或過往慣 例所引致推定責任時,本集團 即確認撥備。

財務報表附註



2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.18 Employee benefits (Continued)

(c) Pension obligations

For employees in Hong Kong, the Group has a defined contribution plan. The Group pays contributions to trustee-administered pension funds on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employment costs when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

(d) Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

The Group operates an equity-settled, share-based compensation plan, under which the entity receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments (options) of the Group. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted:

- including any market performance conditions (for example, an entity's share price);
- excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (for example, profitability, sales growth targets and remaining an employee of the entity over a specified time period); and
- including the impact of any non-vesting conditions (for example, the requirement for employees to save or holding shares for a specified period of time).

At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-marketing performance and service conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.18 僱員福利(續)

(c) 退休金責任

本集團為香港僱員設有定額供款計劃。本集團按強制、合合認力。本集團按強制、合為認力,不会可以有效。本集團於支付供款。本集團於支付供款,再無其他付款責任。供款於到期時確認為僱傭成本。預付供款確認為資產,惟以退回現金或可扣減日後付款金額為限。

(d) 以權益結算以股份為基礎之付 款交易

本集團設有以權益結算、以股份為基礎之報酬計劃,據此,實體獲得僱員之服務作為本集團股本工具(購股權)之代價。為換取授出購股權而獲得之僱員服務公平值乃確認為開支。將支銷之總金額乃參考已授出購股權之公平值釐定:

- 包括任何市場表現條件 (如實體之股價);
- 不包括任何服務及非市場表現歸屬條件之影響,如盈利能力、銷售增長目標及於指定期間留任實體僱員;及
- 包括任何非歸屬條件之 影響,如要求僱員於一 段特定期間內保存或持 有股份。

於各報告期末,本集團會根據 非市場表現及服務條件修訂預 期歸屬之購股權數目之估計數 字,並於綜合全面收入表內確 認修訂對原來估計產生之影響 (如有)及對權益作出相應調 整。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.18 Employee benefits (Continued)

(d) Equity-settled share-based payment transactions (Continued)

In addition, in some circumstances employees may provide services in advance of the grant date and therefore the grant date fair value is estimated for the purposes of recognising the expense during the period between service commencement period and grant date.

When the options are exercised, the Company issues new shares. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (and share premium).

2.19 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.18 僱員福利(續)

(d) 以權益結算以股份為基礎之付款交易(續)

此外,在若干情況下,僱員或 會在授出日期前提供服務,因 此估計授出日期之公平值,以 確認於服務開始時直至授出日 期期間之開支。

當行使購股權時,本公司會發 行新股份。收訖之所得款項經 扣除任何直接應佔交易成本後 之金額計入股本(及股份溢價 賬)內。

2.19 撥備

倘本集團現時因過往事件而涉及法 律或推定責任,而履行責任可能須 耗用資源,且金額已被可靠估計, 則確認撥備。概無就未來經營虧損 確認撥備。

倘有多項同類責任,則整體考慮責 任類別以釐定履行責任時可能耗用 之資源。即使在同一責任類別所涉 及任何一個項目相關之資源流出可 能性極低,仍須確認撥備。

撥備按預期履行責任所需開支之現 值以除税前比率(反映當時市場對該 責任特定之貨幣時間值及風險之評 估)計量。隨時間產生之撥備增加會 被確認為利息開支。

財務報表附註



2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.20 Repossessed assets

There are two types of repossessed assets:

In the recovery of credit-impaired loans and interest receivables, the Group takes ownership and control of the collateral assets (e.g. through court proceedings) for release of the obligations of the borrower. Repossessed assets are classified as non-current assets held for sale when they meet the definition of non-current assets held for sale and the recognition criteria under HKFRS 5. Non-current assets held for sale are measured at the lower of fair value less costs of disposal and the carrying amount. The related loans and interest receivables together with the impairment allowances are derecognised from the consolidated statement of financial position upon the recognition of these repossessed assets.

In situation where the Group obtains rights to rent or sell of the underlying collateral assets in the recovery of credit-impaired loans and interest receivables (e.g. through court proceedings) but does not obtain ownership and control of the underlying collateral assets, repossessed assets represent these credit-impaired loans and interest receivables that are not derecognised and continue to be measured at amortised cost less provision for impairment under HKFRS 9.

2.21 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities.

The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities, as described below.

(a) Interest income

Interest income is recognised and accrued using the effective interest method. When a loan and receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Interest income on impaired loan and receivables are recognised using the original effective interest rate.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.20 收回資產

收回資產分為兩類:

在本集團在收回已信貸減值應收貸款及利息(例如透過法院訴訟)時獲得相關抵押資產出租或出售之權利但並無獲得相關抵押資產的所有權及控制權的情況下,收回資產指未終止確認並繼續根據香港財務報告準則第9號按攤銷成本減去減值撥備計量之已信貸減值應收貸款及利息。

2.21 收益確認

收益包括本集團於日常業務中就銷 售服務已收或應收代價之公平值。

本集團於收益金額能可靠計量,且 未來經濟利益可能流入實體並已符 合下文所述本集團各業務活動之特 定條件時確認收益。

(a) 利息收入

利息收入以實際利率法確認及累計。倘貸款及應收款項出現所。倘貸款及應收款項出現可收回金額,即估計之未可收回金額,即估計之未可,也不可以。 現金流量按工具之原實際利率,並繼續將貼現計算為收入。已減值貸款及應收款項之利息收入按原實際利率確認。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.21 Revenue recognition (Continued)

(b) Rental income

Rental income from investment properties is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

2.22 Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Lease income from operating leases where the group is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term (Note 32). Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying asset and recognised as expense over the lease term on the same basis as lease income. The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature. The Group did not need to make any adjustments to the accounting for assets held as lessor as a result of adopting the new leasing standard.

2.23 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

2.24 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.21 收益確認(續)

(b) 租金收入

投資物業之租金收入在整個租 賃期間按直線法於綜合全面收 入表內確認。

2.22 和賃

由出租人保留擁有權之大部分風險 及回報之租賃會被分類為經營租 賃。經營租賃付款(扣除出租人給予 之任何優惠)在整個租賃期間按直線 法於綜合全面收入表內扣除。

本集團作為出租人之經營租賃之租 賃收入乃於租期內按直線基準於收入中確認(附註32)。取得經營租赁 所產生之初步直接成本乃加入租赁 資產之賬面值,並按與租賃收入入 同之基準於租期內確認為開支。 同之基準於租期內確認為開支。 開租賃資產按其性質計入資產之入 關租賃資產按其性預計入資產之入賬 方式作出任何調整。

2.23 政府補助

政府補助在合理確信可收取及本集 團之一切附帶條件均可達成的情況 下按公平值確認。

與政府補助相關的成本均遞延處理,並在與其擬補償而支銷相關成本的期間於損益內確認。

2.24 股息分派

分派予本公司股東之股息,於本公司股東批准股息期間內之本集團及 本公司財務報表內確認為負債。

財務報表附註



3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to various types of financial risks: market risk (including cash flow and fair value interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) Market risk - Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises from its bank and other borrowings, bonds and an amount due to a fellow subsidiary. Bank and other borrowings and an amount due to a fellow subsidiary issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk which is partially offset by cash held at variable rates. Bonds issued at fixed rates are not subject to fair value interest rate risk. The Group has not used any interest rate swaps to hedge its exposure to interest-rate risk. The Group manages its cash flow and fair value interest rate risk mainly by adjusting the interest rates on loans granted to customers.

As at 31 March 2022, if market interest rates had been 1% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year would have been HK\$2,793,775 lower/higher (2021: HK\$2,345,499), mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on bank and other borrowings and amount due to a fellow subsidiary carried at variable rates.

3 財務風險管理

3.1 財務風險因素

本集團之經營令其面對多項財務風險:市場風險(包括現金流量及公平值利率風險)、信貸風險及流動資金風險。本集團之整體風險管理計劃專注於金融市場之不可預測性,並致力減低其對本集團財務表現造成之潛在不利影響。

(a) 市場風險-現金流量及公平值 利率風險

於2022年3月31日,若市場利率升值/貶值1%,在所有其他變量保持不變之前提下,主要由於按浮動利率列馬是 銀行及其他借款以及應付一間同系附屬公司款項之利息開 支增加/減少,導致於年內之稅後溢利將分別減少/增加2,793,775港元(2021年:2,345,499港元)。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, loans receivable, interest receivables, deposits and other receivables. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis. The carrying amount of these balances represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets are as follows:

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險

本集團之信貸風險主要源自現 金及現金等價物、應收貸款、 應收利息、按金及其他應收 項。管理層已實施信貸政策, 並持續監察該等信貸風險。有 關結餘賬面值指本集團就下 所述金融資產而面臨之最大信 貸風險:

		Note 附註	2022 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loans receivable	應收貸款	21	930,469	817,553
Interest receivables	應收利息	22	21,776	16,981
Repossessed assets	收回資產	23	7,248	33,557
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款項	24	1,254	809
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	25	24,882	80,023
			985,629	948,923

(i) Credit risk management

Most of the Group's cash and cash equivalents are deposited in major financial institutions located in Hong Kong, which the Group's management believes are of high credit quality.

The Group manages and analyses the credit risk for each of their new and existing clients before standard payment terms and conditions are offered. If there is no independent rating, the Group assesses the credit quality of the customer based on the customer's financial position, past experience and other factors.

(i) 信貸風險管理

本集團大多數現金及現 金等價物均存於香港境 內之大型金融機構,本 集團管理層相信該等機 構信貸質素優異。

財務報表附註



3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(i) Credit risk management (Continued)

For property mortgage loans, the Group holds collateral against loans receivable and interest receivables in the form of mortgages over property. The majority of the collateral are residential properties, commercial properties and industrial properties and all of the collaterals are located in Hong Kong. Individual risk limits are set based on the value of collateral provided by customers and internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.

The Group generally grants loans with a loan-tovalue ratio of no more than 70% of the value in the valuation report of the property for first property mortgage, and where it is a subordinate property mortgage, the aggregate lending from all lenders to the customer should not exceed 70% of the value of the underlying property. Approval from the directors, a credit manager and a credit officer are needed for loans granted with a loan-to-value ratio that exceeds 70%. The directors meet regularly to review the loan-to-value ratio and when (1) there is a significant change in the property price index in Hong Kong; or (2) when loans are renewed. The directors consider that the credit risk arising from loans and interest receivables is significantly mitigated by the property held as collateral, with reference to the estimated market value of the property which were valued by independent third-party valuers as at the end of the reporting period.

In general, the loan officers of the Group propose to management of the Company on a monthly basis the amount of provision to be made.

For personal loans, the Group assesses the credit quality of the customer based on the customer's financial position, past experience, internal and external credit rating of the customers and other factors.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(i) 信貸風險管理(續)

就本式息抵業全境於價限部信物集就持押物部內客值額評資數質及。物物位險抵事內定價額評資於實及。物物位險抵事內定開於實及。物物位險抵事內定開於實及。物物位險抵事內定開於實及。,香額品定或監內定,形利數商且港基之之外察

本集團一般就首次物業 按揭授出之貸款之按揭 成數不多於物業估值報 告所載估值之70%;倘 為物業按揭二按,則所 有貸款人向客戶借出之 總金額不得超過相關物 業估值之70%。授出按 揭成數超過70%之貸款 須經董事、信貸經理及 信貸負責人員批准。當 (1)香港樓價指數大幅變 動;或(2)重續貸款時, 董事定期會面以檢討按 揭成數。董事經參照獨 立第三方估值師於報告 期末為物業評估之估計 市場價值後認為,持作 抵押品之物業大幅減輕 應收貸款及利息所產生 信貸風險。

一般而言,本集團貸款 負責人員每月向本公司 管理層建議將計提之撥 備金額。

就私人貸款而言,本集 團根據客戶之財務關 況、過往表現、有關該 客戶之內部與外部信貸 評級以及其他因素評估 客戶之信貸質素。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(ii) ECL measurement

HKFRS 9 outlines a "three-stage" model for impairment based on changes in credit quality since initial recognition as summarised below:

Stage 1: A financial instrument that is not credit-

impaired on initial recognition.

Stage 2: If a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition is identified, the financial instrument is moved to Stage 2 but is not yet deemed to be credit-impaired.

Stage 3: If the financial instrument is creditimpaired, the financial instrument is then moved to Stage 3.

Financial instruments in Stage 1 have their ECL measured at an amount equal to the portion of lifetime expected credit losses that result from default events possible within the next 12 months. Investment in Stages 2 or 3 have their ECL measured based on expected credit losses on a lifetime basis. A pervasive concept in measuring ECL in accordance with HKFRS 9 is that it should consider forward-looking information. The key judgements and assumptions adopted by the Group in addressing the requirements of the standard are discussed below.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(*續*)

(ii) 預計信貸損失之計量

下文載列香港財務報告 準則第9號概述根據自 初始確認以來信貸質素 之變動就減值之「三個階 段」模式之概要:

第1階段: 於初始確認時並無信

貸減值之金融工具。

第2階段: 倘識別自初始確認以

來信貸風險顯著增加,則金融工具轉入 第2階段,但尚未被 視為出現信貸減值。

第3階段: 倘金融工具出現信貸

減值,則金融工具轉 入第3階段。

第1階段公共計或期計根第失本定設的的發生期分損的信務預信據號應團納下之於之預之失的資裝則分損的資本計劃的。 在未違計金。之損。務預前項要就是額次之類之失的資失財量慮該主就之損。務預前項要以失普報計瞻準判。 其個件損量階按量認準貸料之及按月引失預段全預為則損。規假按月引失預段全預為則損。規假

財務報表附註



3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
 - (iii) Significant increase in credit risk

The Group considers a financial instrument to have experienced a significant increase in credit risk when one or more of the following criteria have been met:

 The borrower is more than 30 days past due on its contractual payments.

The assessment of significant increase in credit risk is performed on a monthly basis for all loans and interest receivables held by the Group. The criteria used to identify significant increase in credit risk are monitored and reviewed periodically for appropriateness by the directors and the credit team. The Group has not used the low credit risk exemption for any financial instruments in the year ended 31 March 2022.

(iv) Definition of default and credit-impaired assets

The Group defines a loan as in default, which is fully aligned with the definition of credit-impaired, when it meets one or more of the following criteria:

- The borrower is more than 90 days past due on its contractual payments.
- The borrower is deceased.
- The borrower is insolvent.
- It is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy.

The criteria above have been applied to all loans held by the Group and are consistent with the definition of default used for internal credit risk management purposes. The default definition has been applied consistently to model the Probability of Default ("PD"), Exposure at Default ("EAD") and Loss Given Default ("LGD") throughout the Group's expected loss calculations.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(iii) 信貸風險顯著增加

本集團認為金融工具於 符合下列其中一項或以 上標準時屬信貸風險顯 著增加:

借款人之合約付款 逾期超過30日。

(iv) 違約及信貸減值資產之 定義

本集團將符合下列其中 一項或以上標準之貸款 界定為違約,而此定義 與信貸減值之定義完全 相符:

- 借款人之合約付款 逾期超過90日。
- 借款人身故。
- 借款人無力償債。
- 借款人將可能破產。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
 - (v) ECL measuring techniques

ECLs are the discounted product of the PD, EAD and LGD defined as follows:

- PD represents the likelihood of a borrower defaulting on its financial obligation.
- EAD is based on the amounts the Group expects to be owed at the time of default.
- LGD represents the Group's expectation of the extent of loss on a defaulted exposure. It varies by type of counterparty and availability of collateral.

The ECL is determined by projecting the PD, LGD and EAD for each individual exposure. These three components are multiplied together and adjusted based on the forward-looking information.

The lifetime PD is developed by applying a maturity profile to the current 12-month PD. The maturity profile looks at how defaults develop on a portfolio from the point of initial recognition throughout the lifetime of the loans. The maturity profile is based on historical observed data and is assumed to be the same across all assets within a portfolio. This is supported by historical analysis.

The 12-month and lifetime EADs are determined based on the contractual repayments owed by the borrower over a 12-month or lifetime basis.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(v) 預計信貸損失之計量方 法

> 預計信貸損失為下文所 界定違約機率、違約風 險及違約損失率相乘後 貼現之結果:

- 違約機率指借款人 拖欠支付其財務責 任之機率。
- 違約風險乃基於預 期違約時結欠本集 團之金額釐定。
- 違約損失率指本集 團就違約風險所 產生損失程度之預 期,視乎對手方類 別及是否有抵押品 而異。

預計信貸損失乃透過就 各個別風險預測違約機 率、違約損失率及違約 風險釐定。該三項元素 相乘並根據前瞻資料調 整。

12個月及全期違約風險 乃根據借款人於12個月 或期限內結欠之合約還 款釐定。

財務報表附註



3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
 - (v) ECL measuring techniques (Continued)

The 12-month and lifetime LGDs are determined based the factors which impact the recoveries made post default. For property mortgage loans, this is primarily based on collateral type and projected collateral values, historical discounts to market values due to forced sales, time to repossession and recovery costs observed. For personal loans, LGDs' are typically set at product level due to the limited differentiation in recoveries achieved across different borrowers.

Forward-looking economic information is also included in determining the 12-month and lifetime PD, EAD and LGD.

The assumptions underlying the ECL calculation are monitored and reviewed on a quarterly basis. There have been no significant changes in estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the reporting period.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(v) 預計信貸損失之計量方 法(續)

> 釐定12個月及全期違約機率、違約風險及違約損失率時亦考慮前瞻經濟資料。

計算預計信貸損失涉及 之相關假設會按季監察 及檢討。估計方法或所 作重大假設於報告期內 並無任何重大變動。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(vi) Forward-looking information incorporated

The Group has established macro-economic forecast model. The Group conduct forecasts regularly to establish three economic scenario, optimistic, neutral and pessimistic to ensure coverage of nonlinear features for the ECL model. Neutral scenario is defined as the most probable situation which will become benchmark for other scenarios. Optimistic and pessimistic scenarios are possible scenarios which are better and worse than neutral scenario respectively. The Group uses internal and external information to generate a neutral scenario. The external information used includes economic data and forecasts published by the government and monetary authorities.

Other forward-looking considerations such as the impact of any regulatory, legislative or political changes have been considered but are not deemed to have material impact and therefore no adjustment has been made to the ECL for such factors. This is reviewed and monitored for appropriateness on a quarterly basis.

(vii) Sensitivity analysis

The allowance for credit losses is sensitive to the inputs used in internally developed models, macroeconomic variables in the forward-looking forecasts, economic scenario weighting and other factors considered when applying expert judgment. Changes in these inputs, assumptions and judgments impact the assessment of significant increase in credit risk and the measurement of ECLs.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(vi) 所納入前瞻資料

本集團已制定宏觀經濟 預測模型。本集團定期 進行預測,以便制訂樂 觀、中性及悲觀三種經 濟情況,從而確保涵蓋 預計信貸損失模式之非 線性特徵。中性情況界 定為最可能出現之情 況,此情況將成為其他 情況之基準。樂觀及悲 觀情況乃可能出現之情 況,分別優於及遜於中 性情況。本集團使用內 部及外部資料得出中性 情況。所使用外部資料 包括政府及金融機構公 佈之經濟數據及預測。

(vii) 敏感度分析

財務報表附註



3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(vii) Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

The following table shows the impact on the provision for ECL allowance on loans and interest receivables as at 31 March 2022 by changing individual inputs.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(vii) 敏感度分析(續)

下表顯示個別輸入數據 變動對2022年3月31日 之應收貸款及利息之預 計信貸損失撥備之影響。

Change in input on ECL model

預計信貸損失模式之輸入數據變動

- Assuming a further 10% weighting added to the probability of the optimistic scenario and a corresponding 10% weighting reduction in the base scenario
- 假設樂觀情況之機率額外添加權重10%,並於基礎情況相應減少權重10%
- Assuming a further 10% weighting added to the probability of the pessimistic scenario and a corresponding 10% weighting reduction in the base scenario
- 假設悲觀情況之機率額外添加權重10%,並於基礎情況相應減少權重10%
- Assuming the forecast collateral value increased by 10%
- 一 假設預測抵押品價值增加10%
- Assuming the forecast collateral value decreased by 10%
- 假設預測抵押品價值減少10%

(viii) Credit risk exposure

The following table contains an analysis of the credit risk exposure of loans and interest receivables for which an ECL allowance is recognised. The gross carrying amount of loans and receivables below also represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk on these assets.

Impact on the provision for ECL allowance on loans and interest receivables

對計提應收貸款及利息之 預計信貸損失撥備之影響

- Decrease by HK\$166,000
- 減少166,000港元
- Increase by HK\$776,000
- 增加776,000港元
- Decrease by HK\$3,438,000
- 減少3,438,000港元
- Increase by HK\$10,017,000
- 增加10,017,000港元

(viii) 信貸風險

下表載列已確認預計信貸損失撥備之應收貸款及利息之信貸風險險 好 項之賬面總值亦代表 項之賬面總值亦代表本集團就該等資產面對之最大信貸風險。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(viii) Credit risk exposure (Continued)

Movements in gross balance of loans and interest receivables:

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(viii) 信貸風險(續)

應收貸款及利息結餘總額之變動:

		,	Year ended 31	March 2022	
		者	截至 2022 年 3 /	月31日止年度	
		Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
		第1階段	第2階段	第3階段	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Balance as at 31 March 2021	於2021年3月31日				
Data 100 do de o 1 maion 2021	之結餘	686,872	59,417	109,665	855,954
New loans originated	新造貸款	541,937	36,396	21,808	600,141
Loans recovered or repaid during	年內收回或償還貸款	, , , ,	,	,	,
the year	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(431,045)	(24,846)	(20,026)	(475,917)
Transfers from Stage 1 to Stage 2	第1階段轉入第2階段	(53,606)	53,606		_
Transfers from Stage 1 to Stage 2	第1階段轉入第3階段	(7,378)	33,000	7,378	_
Transfers from Stage 2 to Stage 1	第2階段轉入第1階段	1,009	(1,009)	7,570	
Transfers from Stage 2 to Stage 3	第2階段轉入第3階段	1,000	(4,252)	4,252	
Transfers from Stage 3 to Stage 1	第3階段轉入第1階段	_	(4,232)	4,202	_
Transfers from Stage 3 to Stage 2	第3階段轉入第2階段	_	4,301	(4 201)	
Transiers from Stage 3 to Stage 2	カ3 旧	_	4,301	(4,301)	_
Total transfers between stages	階段之間轉撥總額	(59,975)	52,646	7,329	_
Loans receivable directly written-of	f直接撇銷應收貸款	(684)	_	(5,312)	(5,996)
•		, ,			
As at 31 March 2022	於2022年3月31日	737,105	123,613	113,464	974,182

財務報表附註



3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(viii) Credit risk exposure (Continued)

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(viii) 信貸風險(續)

			Year ended 3	1 March 2021	
			截至2021年3		
		Stage 1 第1階段	Stage 2 第2階段	Stage 3 第3階段	Total 總計
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Balance as at 31 March 2020	於2020年3月31日				
	之結餘	700,807	96,790	184,513	982,110
New loans originated	新造貸款	458,442	5,921	23,875	488,238
Loans recovered or repaid	年內收回或償還貸款				
during the year		(427,965)	(69,802)	(113,956)	(611,723)
Transfers from Stage 1 to Stage 2	第1階段轉入第2階段	(38,773)	38,773	_	-
Transfers from Stage 1 to Stage 3	第1階段轉入第3階段	(16,971)	_	16,971	_
Transfers from Stage 2 to Stage 1	第2階段轉入第1階段	11,275	(11,275)	_	_
Transfers from Stage 2 to Stage 3	第2階段轉入第3階段	-	(2,152)	2,152	_
Transfers from Stage 3 to Stage 1	第3階段轉入第1階段	175	-	(175)	_
Transfers from Stage 3 to Stage 2	第3階段轉入第2階段	-	1,162	(1,162)	_
Total transfers between stages	階段之間轉撥總額	(44,294)	26,508	17,786	_
Loans receivable directly written-off		(118)	_	(2,553)	(2,671)
As at 31 March 2021	於2021年3月31日	686,872	59,417	109,665	855,954



FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

(viii) Credit risk exposure (Continued)

Movements in ECL allowance on loans and interest receivables:

財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(viii) 信貸風險(續)

應收貸款及利息預計信 貸損失撥備之變動:

		,	Year ended 31	March 2022	
		1	戴至2022年3 月	31日止年度	
		Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
		第1階段	第2階段	第3階段	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Balance as at 31 March 2021	於2021年3月31日				
	之結餘	4,425	327	16,668	21,420
New loans originated	新造貸款	2,560	156	918	3,634
Loans recovered or repaid during	年內收回或償還貸款				
the year		(1,831)	(327)	(737)	(2,895)
Transfers from Stage 1 to Stage 2	第1階段轉入第2階段	(1,911)	1,911	_	-
Transfers from Stage 1 to Stage 3	第1階段轉入第3階段	(68)	-	68	-
Total transfers between stages	階段之間轉撥總額	(1,979)	1,911	68	-
Impact on year end ECL exposure	對年終預計信貸損失				
	風險之影響	_	(120)	(68)	(188)
Movement within same stage due	因信貸風險變動而引致				
to change in credit risk	同一階段內之變動	(308)	108	166	(34)
As at 31 March 2022	於2022年3月31日	2,867	2,055	17,015	21,937

財務報表附註



3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(viii) Credit risk exposure (Continued)

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(viii) 信貸風險(續)

		Year ended 31 March 2021 截至2021年3月31日止年度			
		Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
		第1階段	第2階段	第3階段	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Balance as at 31 March 2020	於2020年3月31日				
	之結餘	1,815	949	23,721	26,485
New loans originated	新造貸款	3,191	328	220	3,739
Loans recovered or repaid during	年內收回或償還貸款				
the year		(1,323)	(5)	(2,236)	(3,564)
Transfers from Stage 1 to Stage 2	第1階段轉入第2階段	(267)	267	_	-
Transfers from Stage 1 to Stage 3	第1階段轉入第3階段	(29)	-	29	-
Transfers from Stage 2 to Stage 1	第2階段轉入第1階段	224	(224)	-	-
Transfers from Stage 2 to Stage 3	第2階段轉入第3階段	-	(721)	721	-
Total transfers between stages	階段之間轉撥總額	(72)	(678)	750	
Impact on year end ECL exposure	對年終預計信貸損失				
	風險之影響	966	(267)	(61)	638
Movement within same stage due	因信貸風險變動而引致				
to change in credit risk	同一階段內之變動	(152)	_	(5,726)	(5,878)
As at 31 March 2021	於2021年3月31日	4,425	327	16,668	21,420

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(ix) Write-off policy

The Group writes off loans and interest receivables, in whole or in part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. The Group may write-off loans and interest receivables that are still subject to enforcement activities. The amounts written-off during the year ended 31 March 2022 was HK\$5,996,000 (2021: HK\$2,671,000). The Group still seeks to recover amounts it is legally owed in full, but which have been written-off due to no reasonable expectation of full recovery.

(x) Concentration risk

Revenue from the top five customers constituted approximately 8% (2021: 10%) of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 March 2022. They accounted for approximately 8% (2021: 9%) of the gross loans receivable balances as at 31 March 2022.

(c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facility. Cash flow forecasting is performed by management. The Group monitors its rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internal financial position ratio targets and, if applicable external regulatory or legal requirements.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(ix) 撇銷政策

(x) 風險集中

截至2022年3月31日止年度,來自五大客戶之收益佔本集團收益約8%(2021年:10%),佔於2022年3月31日之應收貸款結餘總額約8%(2021年:9%)。

(c) 流動資金風險

財務報表附註



3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The Group's primary cash requirements, apart from granting loans to customers, are for payment of bank and other borrowings, bonds, an amount due to a fellow subsidiary and operating expenses.

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) 流動資金風險(續)

除向客戶授出貸款外,本集團 之主要現金需求為銀行及其他 借款還款、債券、應付一間同 系附屬公司款項及營運開支。

下表對根據報告期末至合約到 期日之剩餘期間劃分本集團之 金融負債至有關到期組別作出 分析。表中所披露金額為合約 未貼現現金流量。

		2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year:	1年內:		
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	6,198	4,623
Amount due to a fellow subsidiary	應付一間同系附屬公司款項	109,740	128,840
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款	292,875	177,058
Bonds and interest payables	債券及應付利息	23,681	5,769
		432,494	316,290
Two to five years:	2至5年:		
Other borrowings	其他借款	150	_
Bonds	債券	-	101,581
		150	101,581
Over five years:	5年以上:		
Other borrowings	其他借款:	796	_

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns to the shareholder and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including 'bank and other borrowings', 'bonds' and 'amount due to a fellow subsidiary' as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as 'equity' as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group's strategy remains unchanged and the gearing ratio and net cash position of the Group as at 31 March 2022 are as follows:

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.2 股本風險管理

本集團管理股本之目標為保障本集 團能持續經營,從而為股東提供回 報並為其他持份者提供利益,以及 維持最佳之股本架構以減低股本成 本。

為維持或調整股本架構,本集團或 會調整支付予股東之股息、向股東 退還股本、發行新股或出售資產以 減低債務。

本集團以資產負債比率為基準監控股本。該比率按債務淨額除以股本總額予以計算。債務淨額為借款總額(包括綜合財務狀況表內所應付一間同系附屬公司款項」)減現金等價物。股本總額為綜合財務狀況表所示之「權益」金額。本集團之策略維持不變;本集團於2022年3月31日之資產負債比率及現金狀況淨額如下:

			2022	2021
			2022年	2021年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款	29	293,790	177,058
Bonds	債券	30	22,911	100,811
Amount due to a fellow subsidiary	應付一間同系附屬公司款項	33(b)	109,740	128,840
Less: cash and cash equivalents	減:現金及現金等價物	25	(24,882)	(80,023)
Net debt			401,559	326,686
Total equity	權益總額		736,620	676,860
Total oquity	『在 IIII wo hx		730,020	370,000
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率		0.55	0.48

財務報表附註



3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation

The table below analyses the Group's financial instruments carried at fair value as at 31 March 2022 by level of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Such inputs are categorised into three levels within a fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公平值估計

下表透過計量公平值所用估值技術 之輸入數據等級,分析本集團於 2022年3月31日按公平值列賬之金 融工具。有關輸入數據乃按下列歸 入公平值架構內三個等級:

- 一 同一資產或負債在活躍市場之報價(未經調整)(第一級)。
- 一 除包含於第一級之報價外,資 產或負債之可觀察直接(即價 格)或間接(即源自價格)輸入 數據(第二級)。
- 並非依據可觀察市場數據而釐 定之資產或負債輸入數據(即 不可觀察輸入數據)(第三級)。

		2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元
Level 2 financial assets Investment properties Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss	第二級金融資產 投資物業 按公平值計入損益之金融資產	113,330	76,350 800

There were no transfers between levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year (2021: Nil).

年內第一級、第二級及第三級之間並無發 生轉撥(2021年:無)。

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

(a) Measurement of the expected credit loss allowance

The measurement of the expected credit loss allowance for loans and interest receivables is an area that requires the use of complex models and significant assumptions about future economic conditions and credit behavior. Explanation of the inputs, assumptions and estimation techniques used in measuring ECL is further detailed in Note 3.1(b), which also sets out key sensitives of the ECL to changes in these elements.

A number of significant judgements are also required in applying the accounting requirements for measuring ECL, such as:

- Determining criteria for significant increase in credit risk;
- Choosing appropriate models and assumptions for the measurement of ECL; and
- Establishing the number and relation weightings of forward looking scenarios.

(b) Estimated valuation of investment properties

The fair value of investment property is determined annually by similar transaction on an open market in existing use basis. In making the judgement, consideration has been given to assumptions that are mainly on market conditions existing at the end of the reporting period and appropriate capitalisation rates of rental income.

4 重要會計估計及判斷

估計及判斷會持續評估,並以過往經驗及 其他因素為基準,包括預期日後出現相信 在有關情況下屬合理之事件。

本集團就未來作出估計及假設。顧名思義,所產生會計估計絕少與有關實際結果相同。涉及導致下一個財政年度之資產與 負債賬面值作出大幅調整之重大風險之估計及假設論述如下。

(a) 預計信貸損失撥備之計量

應收貸款及利息預計信貸損失撥備 之計量乃須使用複雜模式以及有關 未來經濟狀況及信貸行為之重大假 設之範疇。有關計量預計信貸損失 所用輸入數據、假設及估計方法之 解釋於附註3.1(b)進一步詳述,當中 亦載列預計信貸損失對該等元素變 動之主要敏感度。

應用有關計量預計信貸損失之會計 規定時亦須作出多項重大判斷,例 如:

- 釐定信貸風險顯著增加之標準;
- 就計量預計信貸損失選用合適 模式及假設;及
- 制訂前瞻情況之數目及關係權 重。

(b) 投資物業之估計估值

投資物業之公平值每年按目前使用 基準參考公開市場之類似交易釐 定。在作出判斷時,會考慮主要有 關報告期末市場狀況及租金收入之 適當股本化率之假設。

財務報表附註



4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

(Continued)

(c) Income tax

The Group is subject to current income tax. Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current income tax and deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled. Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The Group's management determines the deferred income tax assets based on the enacted or substantively enacted tax rates (and laws) and the best knowledge of profit projections of the Group for coming years during which the deferred income tax assets are expected to be utilised. In assessing the amount of deferred income tax assets that need to be recognised, the Group considers future taxable income and ongoing prudent and feasible tax planning strategies. In the event that the Group estimates of projected future taxable income and benefits from available tax strategies are changed, or changes in current tax regulations are enacted that would impact the timing or extent of the Group's ability to utilise the tax benefits of net operating loss carried forward in the future, adjustments to the recorded amount of net deferred income tax assets and income tax expense would need to be made. In addition, management will revisit the assumptions and profit projections at each balance sheet date.

4 重要會計估計及判斷(續)

(c) 所得税

本集團須繳納即期所得稅。釐定所 得稅撥備時須作出重大判斷。眾定所 交易及計算之最終稅項未能確定。 本集團基於估計有否額外稅項到 確認預計稅務審計問題之負債。倘 有關最終稅項結果與最初入賬金額 不同,則差額會影響釐定稅項期間 之即期所得稅及遞延所得稅資產與 負債。

遞延所得稅採用在結算日已頒佈或 實質已頒佈,及預期在變現有關遞 延所得稅資產或清償遞延所得稅負 債時適用之稅率(及法例)釐定。僅 於未來可能有應課稅溢利可用於抵 銷暫時差額,方確認遞延所得稅資 產。

本集團管理層根據已頒佈或實質已 頒佈之税率(及法例),以及本集團 就預期動用遞延所得税資產之未來 年度之最佳溢利預測釐定遞延所得 税資產。評估須予確認之遞延所得 税資產金額時,本集團會考慮未來 應課税收入及現行審慎及可行之税 務規劃策略。倘本集團有關預測未 來應課税收入及現有税務策略所帶 來利益之估計出現任何變動,或現 行税務法規經修訂後會影響本集團 日後動用結轉經營虧損淨額之稅務 利益之時間或能力範疇,則須調整 所錄得遞延所得稅資產淨值及所得 税開支。此外,管理層會於各結算 日修訂假設及溢利預測。

5 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the management committee which comprises the executive directors and the chief executive officer of the Group. The management committee reviews the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources. The management committee has determined the operating segments based on these reports.

The management committee has determined that the Group is organised into two main operating segments: (i) Property mortgage loans and (ii) Personal loans. The management committee measures the performance of the segments based on their respective segment results. The segment results derived from profit/loss before taxation, excluding unallocated income/(expenses). Unallocated income/ (expenses) mainly comprise of corporate income net off with corporate expenses including salary and other administrative expenses which are not attributable to particular reportable segment.

Segment assets exclude cash and cash equivalent and other unallocated head office and corporate assets which are managed on a group basis. Segment liabilities exclude income tax liabilities and other unallocated head office and corporate liabilities which are managed on a group basis.

There were no sales between the operating segments in the years ended 31 March 2022 (2021: Nil).

All of the Group's revenue from external customers and assets were generated from and located in Hong Kong during the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021.

All of the Group's operating segments operate solely in Hong Kong, and accordingly geographical segment information is not presented.

5 分部資料

主要營運決策人已確認為管理委員會,其 由本集團執行董事及行政總裁組成。管理 委員會審閱本集團之內部申報,從而評估 表現及分配資源。管理委員會已根據該等 報告確定經營分部。

管理委員會已確定本集團分為兩個主要經營分部:(i)物業按揭貸款及(ii)私人貸款。管理委員會根據彼等各自之分部業績計量分部表現。分部業績源自除税前溢利/虧損,惟不包括未分配收入/(開支)。未分配收入/(開支)主要包括企業收入,經扣除並非歸屬於特定呈報分部之企業開支(包括薪金及其他行政開支)。

分部資產不包括現金及現金等價物及以集 團管理為基礎之其他未分配總部及企業資 產。分部負債不包括所得税負債及以集團 管理為基礎之其他未分配總部及企業負債。

截至2022年3月31日止年度,經營分部 之間並無進行銷售(2021年:無)。

截至2022年及2021年3月31日止年度, 本集團來自外部客戶之所有收益及資產均 產生自及位於香港境內。

本集團所有經營分部均僅於香港營運,故 並無呈列地區分部資料。

財務報表附註



5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

5 分部資料(續)

截至2022年3月31日止年度

		Property	Personal		
		mortgage loans	loans	Unallocated	Total
		物業按揭貸款	私人貸款	未分配	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶之收益	102,165	51,323	-	153,488
Other income	其他收入	148	1	1,245	1,394
Fair value gains on revaluation	重估投資物業之公平值				
of investment properties	收益	_	_	8,980	8,980
Provision for impairment and	應收貸款減值撥備及				
write-off of loans receivable, net		(3,825)	(2,688)	-	(6,513)
Administrative expenses	行政開支	(29,964)	(16,525)	(6,571)	(53,060)
Operating profit	經營溢利	68,524	32,111	3,654	104,289
Finance costs	融資成本	(14,380)	(92)	(6,637)	(21,109)
Profit/(loss) before income tax	除所得税前溢利/(虧損)	54,144	32,019	(2,983)	83,180
Income tax expense	所得税開支	(6,656)	(4,590)	(1,384)	(12,630)
Profit/(loss) and total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year attributable to	本公司擁有人應佔年度 溢利/(虧損)及全面 收入/(虧損)總額				
owners of the Company	,	47,488	27,429	(4,367)	70,550

As at 31 March 2022

於2022年3月31日

		Property	Personal		
		mortgage loans	loans	Unallocated	Total
		物業按揭貸款	私人貸款	未分配	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Segment assets	分部資產	671,713	322,709	182,653	1,177,075
Segment liabilities	分部負債	(368,336)	(10,836)	(61,283)	(440,455)
Other information:	其他資料:				
Depreciation expense	折舊開支	(648)	(423)	(1,939)	(3,010)
Reversal of/(provision for)	減值撥回/(撥備):	` ′	` ,	, ,	,
impairment:					
- Stage 1	-第1階段	1,900	(343)	_	1,557
- Stage 2	-第2階段	(1,588)	(140)	-	(1,728)
- Stage 3	-第3階段	1,103	(1,449)	-	(346)
Loans and interest receivables	撇銷應收貸款及利息				
written-off		(5,239)	(757)	_	(5,996)



5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) For the year ended 31 March 2021

5 分部資料(續) 截至2021年3月31日止年度

		Property mortgage loans 物業按揭貸款 HK\$'000 千港元	Personal loans 私人貸款 HK\$'000 千港元	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶之收益	109,735	45,768	-	155,503
Other income Fair value losses on revaluation	其他收入 重估投資物業之公平值	2,641	987	274	3,902
of investment properties	虧損	_	_	(990)	(990
Reversal of impairment and write-off of loans receivable, net Administrative expenses	應收貸款減值撥回 及撇銷淨額 行政開支	2,215 (29,397)	179 (13,905)	- (4,036)	2,394 (47,338
Operating profit/(loss)	經營溢利/(虧損)	85,194	33,029	(4,752)	113,471
Finance costs	融資成本	(18,361)	-	(7,315)	(25,676
Profit/(loss) before income tax	除所得税前溢利/(虧損)	66,833	33,029	(12,067)	87,795
ncome tax expense	所得税開支	(9,441)	(3,809)	(1,327)	(14,577
Profit/(loss) and total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year attributable to	本公司擁有人應佔年度 溢利/(虧損)及全面 收入/(虧損)總額				
owners of the Company		57,392	29,220	(13,394)	73,218

As at 31 March 2021

於2021年3月31日

		Property mortgage loans 物業按揭貸款 HK\$'000 千港元	Personal loans 私人貸款 HK\$'000 千港元	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment assets	分部資產	755,857	201,940	144,194	1,101,991
Segment liabilities	分部負債	(307,643)	(6,009)	(111,479)	(425,131)
Other information: Depreciation expense (Provision for)/reversal of impairment:	其他資料: 折舊開支 減值(撥備)/撥回:	(562)	(511)	(1,941)	(3,014)
- Stage 1 - Stage 2 - Stage 3	-第1階段 -第2階段 -第3階段	(2,823) 223 7,368	213 399 (315)	- - -	(2,610) 622 7,053
Loans and interest receivables written-off	撇銷應收貸款及利息	(2,553)	(118)	_	(2,671)

財務報表附註



6 REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME

Revenue represents the interest income earned from the money lending business of providing property mortgage loans and personal loans in Hong Kong. Revenue and other income recognised during the year are as follows:

6 收益以及其他收入及收益

收益即在香港提供物業按揭貸款及私人貸款之放債業務所賺取之利息收入。於年內確認之收益以及其他收入如下:

		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Revenue	收益:		
Interest income - property mortgage loan	s 利息收入一物業按揭貸款	102,165	109,735
Interest income - personal loans	利息收入-私人貸款	51,323	45,768
Total revenue	總收益	153,488	155,503
Other income	其他收入:		
Rental income	租金收入	1,314	343
Management service fee income	管理服務費收入	74	1,742
Sundry income	雜項收入	6	8
Government grant	政府補助	_	1,809
Total other income	其他收入總額	1,394	3,902



PROVISION FOR/(REVERSAL OF) IMPAIRMENT AND 7 應收貸款減值撥備/(撥回)及撇 WRITE-OFF OF LOANS RECEIVABLE, NET

銷淨額

		Year ended 31 March 2022 截至2022年3月31日止年度			
			Lifetime		
			expected	Lifetime	
		12 months	credit loss	expected	
		expected	not credit	credit loss	
		credit loss	impaired	credit impaired	
		(Stage 1)	(Stage 2)	(Stage 3)	Total
			並無信貸減值	出現信貸減值	
		12個月預計	之全期預計	之全期預計	
		信貸損失	信貸損失	信貸損失	
		(第1階段)	(第2階段)	(第3階段)	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
(Reversal of)/provision	應收貸款減值(撥回)/				
for impairment on	撥備				
loans receivable		(1,557)	1,728	346	517
Write-off of loans receivable	撇銷應收貸款	684	-	5,312	5,996
		(873)	1,728	5,658	6,513

			截至2021年3	月31日止年度	
			Lifetime		
			expected	Lifetime	
		12 months	credit loss	expected credit	
		expected	not credit	loss credit	
		credit loss	impaired	impaired	
		(Stage 1)	(Stage 2)	(Stage 3)	Total
			並無信貸減值	出現信貸減值	
		12個月預計	之全期預計	之全期預計	
		信貸損失	信貸損失	信貸損失	
		(第1階段)	(第2階段)	(第3階段)	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Provision for/(reversal of)	應收貸款減值撥備/				
impairment on loans receivable	(撥回)	2,610	(622)	(7,053)	(5,065)
Write-off of loans receivable	撇銷應收貸款	118	_	2,553	2,671
		2,728	(622)	(4,500)	(2,394)

財務報表附註



8 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

8 行政開支

			2022	2021
			2022年	2021年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金			
- audit services	-審核服務		800	800
- non-audit services	- 非審核服務		250	250
Advertising and marketing expenses	廣告及營銷開支		7,005	10,795
Bank charges	銀行收費		627	400
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊			
plant and equipment			3,010	3,014
Directors' emoluments	董事酬金		6,295	6,089
Donations	捐款		888	145
Employee benefit expenses	僱員福利開支			
(excluding directors' emoluments)	(不包括董事酬金)	9	19,038	15,985
Legal and professional fees	法律及專業費用		4,425	3,107
Referral fees	轉介費用		1,963	1,352
Stamp duty on acquisition of	收購投資物業之印花税			
investment properties			2,200	_
Transportation expenses	運輸開支		781	435
Valuation and search fee	估值及查冊費用		1,067	590
Other expenses	其他開支		4,711	4,376
			53,060	47,338



9 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (EXCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS)

僱員福利開支(不包括董事酬金)

(a) Employee benefit expenses during the year are as follows:

(a) 年內僱員福利開支如下:

		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Salaries	薪金	16,514	14,281
Discretionary bonuses	酌情花紅	1,717	1,018
Pension costs - defined contribution	退休金成本-界定供款		
plans (Note)	計劃(附註)	588	496
Other benefits	其他福利	219	190
		19,038	15,985

Note:

The Group participates in the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF scheme") in accordance with the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance of Hong Kong. Under the rules of the MPF scheme, the employer and its employees in Hong Kong are each required to contribute 5% of the employee's relevant income with a ceiling of HK\$1,500 per month to the MPF scheme. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the MPF scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme. No forfeited contribution is available to reduce the contribution payable in future year.

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group included 3 directors for the year ended 31 March 2022 (2021: 3), whose emoluments are reflected in Note 10. The emoluments payable to the remaining 2 individuals for the year ended 31 March 2022 (2021: 2), are as follows:

附註:

本集團根據香港《強制性公積金計劃條例》參與強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。根據強積金計劃規定,香港僱主及其僱員各自須按僱員相關收入之5%(每月上限為1,500港元)向強積金計劃供款。在強積金計劃內,本集團之唯一責任為向計劃作出所需供款。概無已沒收供款可用作減少未來年度應付之供款。

(b) 五名最高薪人士

截至2022年3月31日止年度,本集團五名最高薪人士包括3名(2021年:3名)董事,該等酬金已反映於附註10。截至2022年3月31日止年度,應付餘下2名(2021年:2名)最高薪人士之酬金如下:

		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Salaries	薪金	2,195	2,102
Discretionary bonuses	酌情花紅	497	444
Pension costs - defined contribution plans	。 退休金成本-界定供款計劃	36	36
		2,728	2,582

財務報表附註



9 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (EXCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS) (Continued)

(b) Five highest paid individuals (Continued)

The emoluments of the remaining 2 (2021: 2) highest paid individuals fell within the following band:

9 僱員福利開支(不包括董事酬金)

(b) 五名最高薪人士(續)

餘下2名(2021年:2名)最高薪人士 之酬金範圍如下:

		Number of 人	
		2022 2022年	2021 2021年
Emolument band HK\$1,000,001 - HK\$2,000,000	酬金範圍 1,000,001港元-2,000,000港元	2	2

10 BENEFIT AND INTEREST OF THE DIRECTORS

(a) Directors' emoluments

The remuneration of each director is set out below:

Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking for the year ended 31 March 2022:

10 董事福利及利益

(a) 董事酬金

各董事之酬金載列如下:

截至2022年3月31日止年度就作為 董事為本公司或其附屬公司業務提 供個人服務之已付或應收酬金:

		Fees	Salaries	Bonuses	Allowances and benefits in kind (Note)	Employer's contribution to the MPF Scheme	Total
					津貼及實物	強積金計劃之	
		袍金	薪金	花紅	福利(附註)	僱主供款	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive directors	執行董事						
Mr. Chan Koung Nam	陳光南先生	-	1,610	398	420	2	2,430
Mr. Chan Kwong Yin William	陳光賢先生	-	1,610	398	840	18	2,866
Mr. Tse Pui To	謝培道先生	-	1,416	351	-	18	1,785
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事						
Mr. Chan Siu Wing Raymond	陳兆榮先生	138	_	_	_	_	138
Mr. Chu Yat Pang Terry	朱逸鵬先生	198	-	-	-	-	198
Mr. Cheung Kok Cheong	張國昌先生	138	_	_	-	-	138
		474	4,636	1,147	1,260	38	7,555



10 BENEFIT AND INTEREST OF THE DIRECTORS (Continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking for the year ended 31 March 2021:

10 董事福利及利益(續)

(a) 董事酬金(續)

截至2021年3月31日止年度就作為 董事為本公司或其附屬公司業務提 供個人服務之已付或應收酬金:

		Fees 袍金 HK\$'000	Salaries 薪金 HK\$'000	Bonuses 花紅 HK\$'000	Allowances and benefits in kind (Note) 津貼及實物 福利(附註) HK\$'000	Employer's contribution to the MPF Scheme 強積金計劃之僱主供款	Total 總計 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive directors	執行董事						
Mr. Chan Koung Nam	陳光南先生	_	1,548	383	70	18	2,019
Mr. Chan Kwong Yin William	陳光賢先生	_	1,548	383	840	18	2,789
Mr. Tse Pui To	謝培道先生	-	1,362	337	-	18	1,717
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事						
Mr. Chan Siu Wing Raymond	陳兆榮先生	138	_	-	_	_	138
Mr. Chu Yat Pang Terry	朱逸鵬先生	198	_	-	-	-	198
Mr. Cheung Kok Cheong	張國昌先生	138	-	_	_	_	138
		474	4,458	1,103	910	54	6,999

Note:

The allowances and benefits in kind represents the rental of residential properties owned by the Group and used by Mr. Chan Koung Nam of HK\$420,000 and Mr. Chan Kwong Yin William of HK\$840,000 (2021: Mr. Chan Koung Nam of HK\$70,000 and Mr. Chan Kwong Yin William of HK\$840,000).

(b) Directors' retirement benefits and termination benefits

None of the directors received or will receive any retirement benefits or termination benefits during the year (2021: Nil).

附註:

津貼及實物福利指由本集團擁有且陳光南先生及陳光賢先生使用之住宅物業之租金分別420,000港元及840,000港元(2021年: 陳光南先生70,000港元及陳光賢先生840,000港元)。

(b) 董事退休與離職福利

概無董事於本年度內收取或將會收取任何退休福利或離職福利(2021年:無)。

財務報表附註



10 BENEFIT AND INTEREST OF THE DIRECTORS (Continued)

(c) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the year ended 31 March 2022, no consideration was provided to or receivable by third parties for making available director's services (2021: Nil).

(d) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

There are no loans, quasi-loans or other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodied corporate by and connected entities with such directors (2021: Nil).

(e) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Save as disclosed in Note 33, no significant transactions, arrangements or contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2021: Nii).

10 董事福利及利益(續)

(c) 因董事服務向第三方提供之代 價

截至2022年3月31日止年度,並 無因董事服務向第三方提供代價, 或第三方亦無應收代價(2021年: 無)。

(d) 有關以董事、受該等董事控制 之法人團體及與該等董事有關 連之實體為受益人之貸款、準 貸款及其他交易資料

概無有關以董事、受該等董事控制 之法人團體及與該等董事有關連之 實體為受益人之貸款、準貸款或其 他交易(2021年:無)。

(e) 董事於交易、安排或合約之重 大權益

除附註33所披露者外,截至年終或 於年內任何時間,本公司並無訂立 任何與本集團業務有關且本公司董 事於當中擁有重大權益(無論直接 或間接)之重大交易、安排或合約 (2021年:無)。

11 FINANCE COSTS

11 融資成本

			0004
		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest on amount due to a fellow	應付一間同系附屬公司款項		
subsidiary (Note 33(a))	利息(附註33(a))	6,279	5,926
Interest on bank overdrafts	銀行透支利息	292	385
Interest on secured bank borrowings	有抵押銀行借款利息	6,817	10,186
Interest and related expenses on bonds	債券之利息及相關開支	6,262	7,147
Interest on other borrowings	其他借款利息	1,459	2,032
Tatal for an analysis	品.次.代.未./a.555	04.400	05.070
Total finance costs	融資成本總額	21,109	25,676

12 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Hong Kong profits tax for the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021 have been provided for the rate of 8.25% for the first HK\$2,000,000 estimated assessable profits and 16.5% for estimated assessable profits above HK\$2,000,000 for an entity of the Group qualified for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime introduced pursuant to the Inland Revenue (Amendment) (No.7) Bill 2017. For group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, Hong Kong profits tax has been provided for at a flat rate of 16.5%.

The amount of income tax expense charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income represents:

12 所得税開支

根據2017年税務(修訂)(第7號)條例草案 引入兩級制利得税税率,截至2022年及 2021年3月31日止年度,合資格集團實 體之首2,000,000港元估計應課税溢利按 8.25%計提香港利得税撥備,2,000,000 港元以上之估計應課税溢利按16.5%計提 香港利得税撥備。就未符合兩級制利得稅 稅率資格之集團實體而言,香港利得稅以 統一税率16.5%計提撥備。

於綜合全面收入表扣除之所得税開支金額 指:

		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Hong Kong profits tax	香港利得税		
Current year	一本年度	12,943	14,504
- Over-provision in prior years	一過往年度超額撥備	(60)	(235)
Deferred income tax	遞延所得税	(253)	308
		12,630	14,577

The tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise as follows:

本集團除所得税前溢利產生之税項與理論 金額間之差額如下:

		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利	83,180	87,795
Calculated at Hong Kong profits	按香港利得税税率 16.5% 計算		
tax rate of 16.5%		13,725	14,486
Tax concession	税務優惠	(165)	(165)
Income not subject to taxation	毋須課税收入	(1,482)	(333)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	不可扣税開支	612	930
Tax loss recognised	已確認税項虧損	_	(106)
Over-provision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(60)	(235)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	12,630	14,577

財務報表附註



13 EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$70,550,000 (2021: HK\$73,218,000) by the weighted average number of 415,000,000 (2021: 415,000,000) ordinary shares in issue during the year ended 31 March 2022.

13 每股盈利

(a) 每股基本盈利

每股基本盈利之計算方式為將本公司擁有人應佔溢利70,550,000港元(2021年:73,218,000港元)除以截至2022年3月31日止年度已發行普通股之加權平均數415,000,000股(2021年:415,000,000股)。

		2022 2022年	2021 2021年
Profit attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔溢利(千港元)		
the Company (HK\$'000)		70,550	73,218
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	就計算每股基本盈利之已發行		
in issue for basic earnings per share ('000)	普通股之加權平均數(千股)	415,000	415,000
Basic earnings per share (HK cents)	每股基本盈利(港仙)	17.0	17.6

(b) Diluted earnings per share

As at 31 March 2022 and 2021, diluted earnings per share presented is the same as the basic earnings per share as there was no potentially diluted ordinary share outstanding.

(b) 每股攤薄盈利

於2022年及2021年3月31日,由於並無發行在外之潛在攤薄普通股,故 所呈列每股攤薄盈利與每股基本盈利相同。

14 DIVIDENDS

A final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 March 2022 of HK1.3 cents per share, totalling HK\$5,395,000, is scheduled to be declared at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. These consolidated financial statements do not reflect this dividend payable.

14 股息

本公司計劃於應屆股東週年大會宣派截至 2022年3月31日止年度之末期股息每股 1.3港仙,合共為5,395,000港元。該等綜 合財務報表並無反映該筆應付股息。

		2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interim dividend paid of HK\$1.3 cents (2021: HK\$1.3 cents) per share Proposed final dividend of HK\$1.3 cents	已付中期股息每股1.3港仙 (2021年:1.3港仙) 建議末期股息每股1.3港仙	5,395	5,395
(2021: HK\$1.3 cents) per share	(2021年:1.3港仙)	5,395	5,395
		10,790	10,790



15 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH 15 綜合現金流量表之附註

(a) Cash generated from operations

(a) 經營所得現金

			2022	2021
			2022年	2021年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利		83,180	87,795
Adjustments for:	就下列各項作出調整:			
Depreciation	折舊	16	3,010	3,014
Interest expenses	利息開支	11	21,109	25,676
Fair value (gains)/losses	重估投資物業之公平值			
on revaluation of	(收益)/虧損			
investment properties		17	(8,980)	990
Provision for/(reversal of)	應收貸款減值評估			
impairment and write-off of	撥備/(撥回)及撇銷			
loans receivable, net	淨額		6,513	(2,394)
Changes in working capital:	營運資金變動:			
Loans receivable	應收貸款		(92,972)	120,626
Interest receivables	應收利息		(4,966)	3,813
Other assets	其他資產		_	1,054
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及其			
other receivables	他應收款項		(155)	15,483
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項		1,777	1,456
Cash generated from operations	經營所得現金		8,516	257,513

財務報表附註



15 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

(b) This section sets out the reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities for the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021.

15 綜合現金流量表之附註(續)

(b) 本節載列截至2022年及2021年3月 31日止年度融資活動所產生負債之 對賬。

		Amount due to a fellow	Dividend		Bank and other	
		subsidiary 應付	payable	Bond	borrowings	Total
		一間同系				
		附屬公司			銀行及	
		款項	應付股息	債券	其他借款	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2020	於2020年4月1日	126,246	_	99,513	323,203	548,962
Non cash - dividend declared	非現金-已宣派股息	_	10,790	_	_	10,790
Non cash - interest cost	非現金-利息成本	-	-	1,298	-	1,298
Cash flow	現金流量	2,594	(10,790)	_	(146,145)	(154,341)
At 31 March 2021 and	於2021年3月31日及					
1 April 2021	2021年4月1日	128,840	_	100,811	177,058	406,709
Non cash - dividend declared	非現金-已宣派股息	_	10,790	_	_	10,790
Non cash - interest cost	非現金-利息成本	_	_	1,100	_	1,100
Cash flow	現金流量	(19,100)	(10,790)	(79,000)	116,732	7,842
At 31 March 2022	於2022年3月31日	109,740	-	22,911	293,790	426,441

16 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

16 物業、廠房及設備

			0.00				
		Land and	Office	Furniture	Leasehold	Motor	T
		buildings	equipment	and fixtures	improvements	vehicles	Total 總計
		土地及樓宇	辦公設備	傢俬及裝置	租賃物業裝修	汽車	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 31 March 2020	於2020年3月31日						
Cost	成本	90,326	2,681	1,889	3,964	615	99,475
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(16,498)	(1,725)	(1,764)	(3,887)	(461)	(24,335)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	73,828	956	125	77	154	75,140
Year ended 31 March 2021	截至2021年3月31日						
Teal ended of Maion 2021	业年度 上年度						
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	73,828	956	125	77	154	75,140
Additions	添置	-	1,012	5	_	962	1,979
Depreciation	折舊	(1,938)	(635)	(91)	(77)	(273)	(3,014)
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	71,890	1,333	39	-	843	74,105
At 31 March 2021	於2021年3月31日						
Cost	成本	90,326	3,693	1,894	3,964	1,577	101,454
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(18,436)	(2,360)	(1,855)	(3,964)	(734)	(27,349)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	71,890	1,333	39	-	843	74,105
Year ended 31 March 2022	截至2022年3月31日						
Opening net book amount	止年度 年初賬面淨值	71,890	1,333	39		843	74,105
Additions	添置	11,030	1,333	126	_	828	1,128
	が具 折舊	(1.020)			_		
Depreciation	1) 百	(1,938)	(658)	(36)		(378)	(3,010)
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	69,952	849	129	-	1,293	72,223
At 31 March 2022	於2022年3月31日						
Cost	成本	90,326	3,867	2,020	3,964	2,405	102,582
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(20,374)	(3,018)	(1,891)	(3,964)	(1,112)	(30,359)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	69,952	849	129	_	1,293	72,223
Net book amount	賬面淨值	69,952	849	129	_	1,293	72,223

At 31 March 2022, the Group's land and buildings with net book value of approximately HK\$69,952,000 (2021: HK\$71,890,000) were pledged to a bank to secure bank borrowings granted to two subsidiaries of the Company (Note 29(ii)).

於2022年3月31日,本集團賬面淨值約為69,952,000港元(2021年:71,890,000港元)之土地及樓宇已抵押予一間銀行作為本公司旗下兩間附屬公司獲授銀行借款之擔保(附註29(ii))。

財務報表附註



17 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

17 投資物業

		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At beginning of year	於年初	76,350	77,340
Additions	添置	28,000	-
Fair value gains/(losses) on revaluation	重估公平值收益/(虧損)	8,980	(990)
At end of the year	於年終	113,330	76,350

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Group has acquired the mix of commercial and residential property. See Note 23 for details of the acquisition.

As at 31 March 2022, the Group had no unprovided contractual obligation for future repairs and maintenance (2021: Nil). At 31 March 2022 and 2021, the investment properties of the Group were pledged to a bank to secure bank borrowings granted to a subsidiary of the Company (Note 29(i)).

As at 31 March 2022, independent valuations of the Group's investment properties were performed by the independent professional valuers, Roma Appraisals Limited and Prudential Surveyors (Hong Kong) Limited (2021: performed by Roma Appraisals Limited), who hold recognised relevant professional qualification and have recent experience in the locations and segments of the investment properties valued. The valuation determines the fair value of the investment properties as at 31 March 2022 and 2021. The fair value losses are included in "Fair value losses on revaluation of investment properties" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

The recurring fair value measurements for investment properties are included in level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer. There were no transfers between level 1, 2 and 3 during either of the years.

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,本 集團已收購商住兩用物業。收購詳情請參 閱附註23。

於2022年3月31日,本集團並無涉及未來維修及保養之未撥備已訂約債務(2021年:無)。於2022年及2021年3月31日,本集團之投資物業已抵押予一間銀行作為本公司旗下一間附屬公司獲授銀行借款之擔保(附註29(i))。

本集團投資物業由獨立專業估值師羅馬國際評估有限公司及測建行香港有限公司於2022年3月31日進行獨立估值(2021年:由羅馬國際評估有限公司進行),該公司持有相關認可專業資格,並富有有關所評估投資物業位置及分部之近期經驗。估值釐定投資物業於2022年及2021年3月31日之公平值。公平值虧損計入綜合全面收入表之「重估投資物業之公平值虧損」內。

投資物業之經常性公平值計量計入第二級 公平值等級。本集團之政策為因事件或情 況變動而造成轉撥當日,確認公平值等級 間之轉入及轉出。於該兩年內,第一級、 第二級及第三級之間並無發生轉撥。

17 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

The Group's finance department includes personnel who review the valuations performed by the independent valuer for financial reporting purposes. The results are reported directly to the Financial Controller and the Audit Committee ("AC"). Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the CFO, AC and the valuer at least once every six months.

At each financial reporting date, the finance department verifies all major inputs to the independent valuation report, assess property valuations movements when compared to prior year valuation reports, and holds discussions with the independent valuer.

Valuation techniques

The valuation of investment properties was determined by using the sale comparison method approach (Level 2 approach). Sales price of comparable properties in close proximity are adjusted for differences in key attributes such as property size. The most significant input into this valuation approach is price per square foot.

18 SUBSIDIARIES

The following is a list of subsidiaries of the Group:

17 投資物業(續)

本集團財務部之人員審閱獨立估值師就財務報告所進行估值。有關結果直接向財務總監及審核委員會(「審核委員會」)匯報。 財務總監、審核委員會與估值師最少每六個月開會一次,討論估值程序及結果。

於各財政報告日期,財務部核實獨立估值報告內全部主要輸入數據;與去年估值報告比較以評估物業估值之變動;並與獨立估值師討論。

估值方法

投資物業之估值乃使用銷售比較法(第二級比較法)釐定。就主要特點(例如物業面積)之差異調整鄰近可比較物業之售價。此估值方法之最重大輸入數據為每平方呎之價格。

18 附屬公司

以下為本集團之附屬公司列表:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation 註冊成立地點	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及營運地點	Particulars of issued share capital 已發行股本詳情	intere	itage of st held 益百分比
				2022 2022年	2021 2021年
Directly owned: 直接擁有:					
HKF Overseas Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding in Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	100%
HKF Overseas Limited	英屬處女群島	於香港投資控股	10,000股每股面值 1美元之普通股		
HKF BVI Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding in Hong Kong	100 ordinary share of US\$1 each	100%	100%
HKF BVI Limited	英屬處女群島	於香港投資控股	100股每股面值 1美元之普通股		

財務報表附註



18 SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

18 附屬公司(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation 註冊成立地點	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及營運地點	Particulars of issued share capital 已發行股本詳情	Percen interes 所持權益	st held
				2022 2022年	2021 2021年
Indirectly owned: 間接擁有:					
Asia Ford Investment Limited	Hong Kong	Property investment holding in Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary shares	100%	100%
福亞投資有限公司	香港	於香港物業投資控股	10,000股普通股		
Charterfame Investment Limited	Hong Kong	Property investment holding in Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary shares	100%	100%
維卓投資有限公司	香港	於香港物業投資控股	10,000股普通股		
Hong Kong Finance (Personal Loan) Limited	Hong Kong	Money lending business of providing personal loans in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share	100%	100%
香港信貸(私人貸款)有限公司	香港	於香港提供私人貸款 之放債業務	1股普通股		
Hong Kong Finance Express Limited 香港信貸快遞有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Inactive 暫無營業	1 ordinary share 1 股普通股	100%	100%
Hong Kong Finance Company Limited	Hong Kong	Money lending business of providing properly mortgage loans in Hong Kong	100,000,000 ordinary shares	100%	100%
香港信貸財務有限公司	香港	於香港提供物業按揭貸款 之放債業務	100,000,000 股普通股		
Max Art Limited 益藝有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Inactive 暫無營業	10,000 ordinary shares 10,000 股普通股	100%	100%
Hong Kong Promise Finance Limited 港信財務有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Inactive 暫無營業	1 ordinary share 1 股普通股	100%	100%
Oceanic Limited	Hong Kong	Property investment holding in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share	100%	100%
海藍有限公司	香港	於香港物業投資控股	1股普通股		
Standard Finance Limited	Hong Kong	Property investment holding in Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares	100%	100%
標準財務有限公司	香港	於香港物業投資控股	2股普通股		



19 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

19 按類別劃分之金融工具

	2022	2021
	2022年	2021年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
按攤銷成本計量之金融資產		
應收貸款	930,469	817,553
應收利息	21,776	16,981
收回資產	7,248	33,557
按金及其他應收款項	1,254	809
現金及現金等價物	24,882	80,023
	985.629	948,923
按公平值計入損益		2,2
之金融資產		
非上市工具	800	800
	986,429	949,723
按攤銷成本列賬之金融負債		
其他應付款項及應計費用	6.198	4,623
應付一間同系附屬公司款項	109,740	128,840
銀行及其他借款	293,790	177,058
債券	22,911	100,811
		411,332
	應收貸款 應收利息 收回資產 按金及其他應收款項 現金及現金等價物 按公平值計入損益 之金融資產 非上市工具 按攤銷成本列賬之金融負債 其他應付款項及應計費用 應付一間同系附屬公司款項 銀行及其他借款	2022年 HK\$'000 千港元 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產 應收貸款 930,469 應收利息 收回資產 7,248 按金及其他應收款項 1,254 現金及現金等價物 24,882 985,629 按公平值計入損益 之金融資產 非上市工具 800 按攤銷成本列賬之金融負債 其他應付款項及應計費用 應付一間同系附屬公司款項 銀行及其他借款 293,790

20 FINANCIAL ASSET AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR 20 按公平值計入損益之金融資產 LOSS

		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At beginning and end of the year	於年初及年終	800	800

The financial asset is an unlisted instrument denominated in Hong Kong dollars and is classified as a non-current asset.

金融資產乃以港元計值之非上市工具,並 分類為非流動資產。

財務報表附註



21 LOANS RECEIVABLE

21 應收貸款

		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Gross loans receivable - property	應收貸款總額-物業按揭貸款		
mortgage loans		766,074	671,761
Gross loans receivable - personal loans	應收貸款總額-私人貸款	186,332	167,212
Total gross loans receivable	應收貸款總額	952,406	838,973
Less: Provision for impairment	減:減值撥備		
Stage 1	第1階段	(2,867)	(4,425)
Stage 2	第2階段	(2,055)	(327)
Stage 3	第3階段	(17,015)	(16,668)
Loans receivable, net of provision	應收貸款,扣除撥備後	930,469	817,553
Less: non-current portion	減:非流動部分	(308,660)	(264,241)
Current portion	流動部分	621,809	553,312

The Group's loans receivable, which arise from the money lending business of providing property mortgage loans and personal loans in Hong Kong, are denominated in Hong Kong dollars and the carrying amounts approximate their fair values.

Except for personal loans receivable of HK\$186,332,000 (2021: HK\$167,212,000) which are unsecured, loans receivable are secured by collaterals provided by customers, bear interest and are repayable with fixed terms agreed with the customers.

The Group's maximum credit risk exposure of loans receivable and the movements on the Group's impairment of loans receivable for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2022 are set out in Note 3.1(b)(viii).

本集團應收貸款來自於香港提供物業按揭 貸款及私人貸款之放債業務,以港元計 值,而賬面值與其公平值相若。

除為數 186,332,000港元(2021年:167,212,000港元)之應收私人貸款為無抵押外,應收貸款以客戶提供之抵押品作為抵押、計息及須於與客戶議定之固定期限內償還。

本集團於截至2021年及2022年3月31日 止年度之應收貸款最大信貸風險及應收貸 款減值變動載於附註3.1(b)(viii)。



21 LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2022, loans receivable amounted to HK\$5,996,000 (2021: HK\$2,671,000) had been written-off. These relate to customers who are either (i) in financial difficulties; (ii) declared bankruptcy; or (iii) deceased and in the opinion of the directors, such loans receivable are uncollectible.

A maturity profile of the loans receivable as at the end of the reporting periods, based on the maturity date and net of provision, is as follows:

21 應收貸款(續)

截至2022年3月31日止年度,應收貸款5,996,000港元(2021年:2,671,000港元)已撇銷。有關款項涉及客戶(i)面對財務困難;(ii)已宣佈破產;或(iii)已身故而董事認為無法收回有關應收貸款。

根據到期日及在扣除撥備後,應收貸款於報告期末之到期情況如下:

	'		
		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
_	99.449		
Current	即期	621,809	553,312
2-5 years	2至5年	80,200	61,744
Over 5 years	5年以上	228,460	202,497
		000 400	0.17.550
		930,469	817,553

As at 31 March 2022, certain properties mortgaged to the subsidiary of the Company for loans granted to its respective customers were pledged to an independent third party to secure bank and other borrowings granted (Note 29(iii)).

於2022年3月31日,若干抵押予本公司 附屬公司以為其相關客戶獲得貸款之物業 已質押予獨立第三方,作為獲授銀行及其 他借款之抵押(附註29(iii))。

22 INTEREST RECEIVABLES

22 應收利息

		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest receivables	應收利息	21,776	16,981

The Group's interest receivables, which arise from the money lending business of providing property mortgage loans and personal loans in Hong Kong, are denominated in Hong Kong dollars and the carrying amounts approximate their fair values.

Except for interest receivables of HK\$11,316,000 (2021: HK\$7,100,000) which are unsecured, interest receivables are secured by collaterals provided by customers and repayable with fixed terms agreed with the customers.

本集團應收利息來自於香港提供物業按揭 貸款及私人貸款之放債業務,以港元計 值,而賬面值與其公平值相若。

除為數11,316,000港元(2021年:7,100,000港元)之應收利息為無抵押外,應收利息以客戶提供之抵押品作為抵押,須於與客戶議定之固定期限內償還。

財務報表附註



23 REPOSSESSED ASSETS

The nature and carrying value of these assets held as at 31 March 2022 and 2021 are summarised as follows:

23 收回資產

於2022年及2021年3月31日所持該等資產之性質及賬面值概述如下:

		2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元
Repossessed assets – lorry parking spaces (2021: a mix of commercial and residential property)	收回資產一貨車泊車位 (2021年:商住兩用物業)	7,248	33,557

Repossessed assets represent the credit-impaired loans and interest receivables which the Group has the right to rent or sell the underlying collateral assets, but does not obtain any ownership and control of the underlying collateral assets, in order to recover the outstanding receivables balances. These receivables continue to be measured at amortised cost less provision for impairment under HKFRS 9, with reference, to a certain extent, to the fair value of the underlying collateral assets.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Group has successfully sold and acquired a mix of commercial and residential property through public auction as investment properties (Note 19). Details of the transaction are disclosed in the announcement dated 22 October 2021.

No provision for impairment of repossessed assets was made as at 31 March 2022 (2021: Nil). Note 3(b) provides for details of how the expected credit loss allowance is measured.

收回資產指本集團有權出租或出售相關抵押資產(但並無獲得相關抵押資產的所有權及控制權)以收回未償還應收款項結餘的已信貸減值應收貸款及利息。根據香港財務報告準則第9號,該等應收款項繼續按攤銷成本減減值撥備計量,並於一定程度上參考相關抵押資產的公平值。

截至2022年3月31日止年度,本集團已 透過公開拍賣作為投資物業成功出售及收 購商住兩用物業(附註19)。交易之詳情披 露於日期為2021年10月22日之公佈。

於2022年3月31日並無就收回資產減值 計提撥備(2021年:無)。附註3(b)載有預 計信貸損失撥備計量方法之詳情。

24 PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

24 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項

		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Prepayments	預付款項	774	1,064
Deposits	按金	235	174
Other receivables	其他應收款項	1,019	635
		2,028	1,873



24 PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

The carrying amounts of the Group's prepayments, consideration receivable, deposits and other receivables approximate their fair values.

The Group's prepayments, consideration receivable, deposits and other receivables are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

All deposits and other receivables are neither past due nor impaired.

24 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項

本集團之預付款項、應收代價、按金及其 他應收款項之賬面值與其公平值相若。

本集團之預付款項、應收代價、按金及其 他應收款項以港元計值。

所有按金及其他應收款項均未逾期亦無減 值。

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

25 現金及現金等價物

		2022 2022年	2021 2021年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Cash at bank and maximum exposure	銀行現金及最大信貸風險	1 /8/0	17676
to credit risk	<u>纵口勿业从</u> 较八旧央周恢	24,882	80,023

The cash and cash equivalents are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

現金及現金等價物以港元計值。

26 SHARE CAPITAL

26 股本

		Number of shares 股份數目			Share capital 股本	
		2022 2022年	2021 2021年	2022 2022年	2021 2021年	
		'000 shares 千股	'000 shares 千股	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	每股面值 0.01 港元 之普通股					
Authorised: At beginning and end of the year	法定: 於年初及年終	10,000,000	10,000,000	100,000	100,000	
Issued and fully paid: At beginning and end of the year	已發行及繳足 : 於年初及年終	415,000	415,000	4,150	4,150	

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27 RESERVES

The amount of the Group's reserve and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 100 to these consolidated financial statements.

The Group's capital reserve represents the excess of the nominal value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the group reorganisation prior to the listing of the Company's shares, over the nominal value of the Company's share issued in exchange therefore.

27 儲備

本集團於本年及往年之儲備及其變動金額 呈列於該等綜合財務報表第100頁之綜合 權益變動表。

本集團之資本儲備指於本公司股份上市 前,根據集團重組收購之附屬公司股份之 面值超出本公司發行以換取上述股份之股 份面值之數額。

28 OTHER PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS

28 其他應付款項及應計費用

	·		
		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Other payables and accrued charges	其他應付款項及應計開支	8,316	5,772
Rental deposits received	已收租金按金	401	87
Interest payable on bonds	債券之應付利息	44	1,147
		8,761	7,006

The Group's other payables and accruals are denominated in Hong Kong dollars and the carrying amounts approximate their fair values.

本集團之其他應付款項及應計費用以港元 計值,而賬面值與其公平值相若。

29 BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

Bank and other borrowings are analysed as follows:

29 銀行及其他借款

銀行及其他借款分析如下:

		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Bank loans	銀行貸款	224,844	152,058
Other borrowings	其他借款	68,946	25,000
Total bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款總額	293,790	177,058
Less: non-current portion	減:非流動部分	(915)	-
) T) 0		
Current portion	流動部分	292,875	177,058

29 BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (Continued)

The weighted average effective interest rate on bank loans and bank overdrafts during the year ended 31 March 2022 was 4.5% (2021: 5.3%) per annum.

Other borrowings of HK\$68,946,000 (2021: HK\$25,000,000) are unsecured and repayable within one to ten years. The weighted average effective interest rate on other borrowings during the year ended 31 March 2022 was 4.5% (2021: 5.1%) per annum.

At 31 March 2022 and 2021, all bank and other borrowings are denominated in Hong Kong dollars and the carrying amounts approximate their fair values.

As at 31 March 2022, the bank loans and overdrafts utilised by the Group amounted to HK\$224,844,000 (31 March 2021: HK\$152,058,000). The Group's unutilised banking facilities as at the same date amounted to HK\$192,647,000 (2021: HK\$222,983,000). These banking facilities were secured by the following:

- (i) investment properties held by the Group with a net book value of to HK\$113,330,000 (Note 17) (2021: HK\$76,350,000);
- (ii) land and buildings held by the Group with a net book value of HK\$69,952,000 (Note 16) (2021: HK\$71,890,000);
- (iii) pledge of certain properties mortgaged to a subsidiary of the Company for loans granted to its respective customers. The fair value of these properties were approximately HK\$94,500,000 (2021: HK\$237,300,000); and
- (iv) corporate guarantee of the Company.

29 銀行及其他借款(續)

截至2022年3月31日止年度,銀行貸款 及銀行透支之加權平均實際年利率為4.5% (2021年:5.3%)。

為數68,946,000港元(2021年:25,000,000港元)之其他借款為無抵押及須於一至十年內償還。截至2022年3月31日止年度其他借款的加權平均實際年利率為4.5%(2021年:5.1%)。

於2022年及2021年3月31日,所有銀行 及其他借款以港元計值,而賬面值與其公 平值相若。

於2022年3月31日,本集團已使用之銀行貸款及透支為224,844,000港元(2021年3月31日:152,058,000港元)。本集團於同日之未使用銀行融資為192,647,000港元(2021年:222,983,000港元)。該等銀行融資以下列各項作為抵押:

- (i) 本集團所持賬面淨值為113,330,000 港元(2021年:76,350,000港元)之 投資物業(附註17):
- (ii) 本集團所持賬面淨值為69,952,000 港元(2021年:71,890,000港元)之 土地及樓宇(附註16);
- (iii) 若干抵押予本公司旗下一間附屬公司作為其相關客戶獲授貸款之質押之物業。該等物業之公平值約 為94,500,000港元(2021年:237,300,000港元):及
- (iv) 本公司之企業擔保。

財務報表附註



30 BONDS 30 債券

		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Bonds	債券	22,911	100,811
Less: current portion	減:流動部分	(22,911)	(77,857)
Non-current portion	非流動部分	_	22,954

As at 31 March 2022, the Company has balances of Bond I with amount of HK\$23,000,000 (2021: HK\$84,000,000), before placing commission, with coupon rates at 6% (2021: 6%) per annum, repayable in 7 years from the issue date and the maturity dates ranging from 31 October 2021 to 27 August 2022.

As at 31 March 2021, the Company had balance of Bond II with amount of HK\$18,000,000, before placing commission, respectively, with coupon rates at 4.5% per annum, repayable in 7 years from the respective issue date and the maturity dates ranging from 9 October 2021 to 30 March 2022. Bond II carried an option by the bondholders to redeem Bond II three years after the date of issuance.

The carrying amount of the Bond I is HK\$22,911,000 as at 31 March 2022 (2021: Bond I with HK\$82,811,000 and Bond II with HK\$18,000,000, respectively, and with aggregate amount of HK\$100,811,000), and approximate their fair values. The fair values are determined using the expected future payments discounted at effective interest rates prevailing at the year ended and are within level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The carrying amounts of the Group's bonds are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

於2022年3月31日,本公司有金額(扣除配售佣金前)為23,000,000港元(2021年:84,000,000港元)之債券一結餘,票面年息率為6%(2021年:6%),須由發行日期起之7年內償還,到期日介乎2021年10月31日至2022年8月27日。

於2021年3月31日,本公司有金額(扣除配售佣金前)為18,000,000港元之債券二結餘,票面年息率為4.5%,須由發行日期起之7年內償還,到期日介乎2021年10月9日至2022年3月30日。債券二賦予債券持有人選擇權可於發行日期後三年贖回債券二。

於2022年3月31日,債券一之賬面值 為22,911,000港元(2021年:債券一及 債券二金額分別為82,811,000港元及 18,000,000港元,總金額為100,811,000 港元),與其公平值相若。公平值乃使用按 年終現行實際利率貼現之預期未來付款而 釐定,並屬公平值等級第三級範圍內。本 集團債券之賬面值以港元計值。



31 DEFERRED INCOME TAX

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same fiscal authority.

The analysis of deferred tax assets and liabilities is as follows:

31 遞延所得税

當有合法強制執行權力將即期稅項資產與 即期稅項負債互相抵銷,且遞延所得稅涉 及同一稅務機關時,則可將遞延所得稅資 產與負債互相抵銷。

遞延税項資產及負債之分析如下:

		2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元
Deferred tax assets: - To be recovered within 12 months	遞延税項資產: -將於12個月內收回	(1,135)	(749)
Deferred tax liabilities: - To be settled after more than 12 months	遞延税項負債: 一將於超過12個月後結清	3,301	3,168
Deferred tax liabilities, net	遞延税項負債淨額	2,166	2,419

The gross movement on the deferred income tax account is as follows:

遞延所得税賬目之整體變動如下:

		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At beginning of the year	於年初	2,419	2,111
(Credited)/charged to in the consolidated	於綜合全面收入表(計入)/扣除		
statement of comprehensive income		(253)	308
At end of the year	於年終	2,166	2,419

財務報表附註



31 DEFERRED INCOME TAX (Continued)

The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

31 遞延所得税(續)

遞延所得税資產及負債於年內之變動(未考慮同一税務司法權區內之結餘抵銷)如下:

		Provisions
		for collective
		impairment of
		loans receivable
		應收貸款整體
		減值撥備
		HK\$'000
		千港元
At 1 April 2020	於 2020 年 4 月 1 日	(869)
Credited to the consolidated statement of	於綜合全面收入表計入	,
comprehensive income		_
At 31 March 2021	於2021年3月31日	(869)
Credited to the consolidated statement of	於綜合全面收入表計入	(000)
comprehensive income		(486)
At 31 March 2022	於2022年3月31日	(1,355)
		Accelerated
		tax depreciation
		加速税項折舊
		HK\$'000
		千港元
At 1 April 2020	於2020年4月1日	2,980
Charged to the consolidated statement of	於綜合全面收入表扣除	7
comprehensive income		308
At 31 March 2021	於2021年3月31日	3,288
Charged to the consolidated statement of	於綜合全面收入表扣除	
comprehensive income		233
At 31 March 2022	於2022年3月31日	3,521



32 COMMITMENTS

i) Operating lease commitments - as lessor

The Group leases out its investment properties to independent third parties under non-cancellable operating lease agreements. The lease terms are within 1 to 5 years (2021: within 1 year).

The future aggregate minimum lease receipts under noncancellable operating leases in respect of the investment properties are as follows:

32 承擔

(i) 經營租賃承擔一作為出租方

本集團根據不可撤銷之經營租賃協議向獨立第三方出租投資物業。租期為介乎1年至5年(2021年:1年內)。

根據投資物業之不可撤銷經營租 約,應收之未來最低租金總額如下:

			2221
		2022	
		2022年	2021年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within 1 year	1年內	2,082	262
Within 2-5 years	2至5年內	1,421	-
		3,503	262

(ii) Capital commitment

The Group did not have any significant capital commitment at 31 March 2022 (2021: Nil).

33 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties are those parties that have the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence.

The following is a summary of the significant transactions carried out between the Group and its related parties in the ordinary course of business during the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021, and balances arising from related party transactions as at 31 March 2022 and 2021.

(ii) 資本承擔

於2022年3月31日,本集團並無任何重大資本承擔(2021年:無)。

33 關聯方交易

關聯方指有能力控制另一方或可對另一方 之財政及營運決策行使重大影響力之人 士。受共同控制或共同重大影響之人士亦 被視為有關聯。

下文概述本集團與其關聯方於截至2022年及2021年3月31日止年度在日常業務過程中進行之重大交易,以及於2022年及2021年3月31日之關聯方交易結餘。

財務報表附註



33 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(a) Significant related party transactions

Saved as disclosed elsewhere in this report, the following significant transactions were undertaken by the Group with related parties.

33 關聯方交易(續)

(a) 重大關聯方交易

除本報告其他部分所披露者外,本集團與關聯方進行之重大交易如下。

	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest expense paid to a fellow subsidiary 付予一間同系附屬公司之利息開支 - Tin Ching Industrial Company Limited	6,279	5,926

Interest expense on an amount due to a fellow subsidiary was charged at an weighted average effective interest rate of 5.8% (2021: 5.8%) per annum.

(b) Amount due to a fellow subsidiary

Tin Ching Industrial, a fellow subsidiary, provided the Group with a loan facility with a limit of HK\$200,000,000 (2021: HK\$200,000,000), of which the Group utilised an amount of HK\$109,740,000 (2021: HK\$128,840,000) as at 31 March 2022.

The amount was unsecured, interest bearing at an effective interest rate of 5.8% (2021: 5.8%) per annum on the outstanding amount, and repayable on demand. The carrying amount of the amount due to a fellow subsidiary is denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

(c) Key management compensation

應付一間同系附屬公司款項之利息 開支按加權平均實際年利率5.8% (2021年:5.8%)收取。

(b) 應付一間同系附屬公司款項

同系附屬公司天晶實業向本集團提供貸款融資,限額為200,000,000港元(2021年:200,000,000港元),本集團於2022年3月31日已動用其中109,740,000港元(2021年:128,840,000港元)。

該款項為無抵押、未清結餘按加權平均實際年利率5.8%(2021年:5.8%)計息及須按要求償還。應付一間同系附屬公司款項之賬面值以港元計值。

(c) 主要管理層薪酬

		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Salaries and bonuses	薪金及花紅	8,752	8,394
Other benefits	其他福利	1,260	840
Pension costs- defined contribution plans	退休金成本 — 界定供款計劃	92	108
		10,104	9,342

34 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY 37 本公司財務狀況表

(a) Statement of financial position

(a) 財務狀況表

		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Assets	資產		
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資	260,850	260,850
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額	260,850	260,850
Current assets	流動資產		
Amount due from fellow subsidiaries	應收同系附屬公司款項	266,854	245,507
Prepayments, deposits, and	預付款項、按金及其他應收款項		
other receivables		-	151
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	_	276
Total current assets	流動資產總額	266,854	245,934
Total assets	資產總額	527,704	506,784
Equity	權益		
Equity attributable to the owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益		
Share capital	股本	4,150	4,150
Reserves	儲備	376,146	371,760
Total equity	權益總額	380,296	375,910
Liabilities	負債		
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債		
Bonds	債券	_	22,954
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額	_	22,954
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Bonds	債券	22,911	77,857
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	84	1,185
Tax payable	應付税項	97	662
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	123,995	28,216
Bank overdrafts	銀行透支	321	_
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	147,408	107,920
Total liabilities	負債總額	147,408	130,874
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額	527,704	506,784
Net current assets	流動資產淨額	119,446	138,014



34 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY 37 本公司財務狀況表(續)

(Continued

(b) Reserve movements of the Company

(b) 本公司儲備變動

			Share-based		
		Share	capital	Retained	
		premium	reserve	earnings	Total
			以股份為		
			基礎之		
		股份溢價	資本儲備	保留盈利	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Balance at 1 April 2020	於2020年4月1日之結餘	103,665	260,829	3,276	367,770
Total comprehensive income	年度全面收入總額				
for the year		-	-	14,780	14,780
Transactions with owners	與擁有人之交易				
Dividends relating to 2020	有關2020年之股息	-	_	(5,395)	(5,395
Dividends relating to 2021	有關2021年之股息	-	_	(5,395)	(5,395
Balance at 31 March 2021	於2021年3月31日之結餘	103,665	260,829	7,266	371,760
Representing	指				
Reserves	儲備	103,665	260,829	1,871	366,365
Proposed final dividend	建議末期股息	, _	_	5,395	5,395
Balance at 31 March 2021	於2021年3月31日之結餘	103,665	260,829	7,266	371,760
Balance at 1 April 2021	於2021年4月1日之結餘	103,665	260,829	7,266	371,760
Total comprehensive income	年度全面收入總額				
for the year		_	-	15,176	15,176
Transactions with owners	與擁有人之交易				
Dividends relating to 2021	有關2021年之股息	-	_	(5,395)	(5,395
Dividends relating to 2022	有關2022年之股息	_	_	(5,395)	(5,395
Balance at 31 March 2022	於2022年3月31日之結餘	103,665	260,829	11,652	376,146
Representing	指				
Reserves	儲備	103,665	260,829	6,257	370,751
Proposed final dividend	建議末期股息		_	5,395	5,395
Balance at 31 March 2022	於2022年3月31日之結餘	103,665	260,829	11,652	376,146

34 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

(Continued)

(b) Reserve movements of the Company (Continued)

The Company's capital reserve represents the excess of the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiaries acquired by the Company pursuant to the group reorganisation prior to the listing of the Company's share, over the nominal value of the Company's share issued in exchange therefore.

Under Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, a company may make distributions to its shareholders out of the capital reserves in certain circumstances.

35 EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 30 May 2022, HKF Overseas Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a sales and purchase agreement to acquire 50% of the issued share capital (the "Acquisition") of Shine Joyful Limited (the "Target"), a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability, at a cash consideration of HK\$14,000,000. The principal asset of the Target comprises certain vessels. Details of the transaction are disclosed in the announcements dated 30 May 2022 and 2 June 2022. The Acquisition constitutes a post-closing event and therefore, there is no impact on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022.

37 本公司財務狀況表(續)

(b) 本公司儲備變動(續)

本公司之資本儲備指於本公司股份 上市前,本公司根據集團重組收購 之附屬公司資產淨值之公平值超出 本公司發行以換取上述股份之面值 之數額。

根據開曼群島公司法,公司可於若 干情況下自資本儲備向其股東作出 分派。

35 報告期後事項

於2022年5月30日,本公司之全資附屬公司HKF Overseas Limited訂立買賣協議,以收購心恰有限公司(「目標公司」)(一間於香港註冊成立之有限公司)已發行股本的50%(「收購事項」),現金代價為14,000,000港元。目標公司之主要資產包括若干船舶。交易之詳情披露於2022年5月30日及2022年6月2日之公佈。收購事項為結算日後事項,因此並未對截至2022年3月31日止年度的綜合財務報表產生影響。

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

投資物業列表

As at 31 March 2022 於2022年3月31日



	Property 物業	Use 用途	Remaining lease terms 餘下租期	Percentage of interest attributable to our Company 本公司應佔權益百分比
1.	Unit No. 2 on 7th Floor Sunray Industrial Centre No. 610 Cha Kwo Ling Road Kowloon 九龍 茶果嶺道610號 生利工業中心 7樓2室	Godown 倉庫	Medium term 中期	100%
2.	Flat E on 10/F of Block 3 (Orchid Court) New Town Plaza (Phase III) Nos. 2-8 Sha Tin Centre Street Shatin New Territories 新界 沙田 沙田正街 2-8 號 新城市廣場(第三期) 3座(蕙蘭閣) 10樓E室	Residential 住宅	Medium term 中期	100%
3.	Unit No. 6A on 25th Floor Tower Two, Lippo Centre No. 89 Queensway Hong Kong 香港 金鐘道89號 力寶中心二座 25樓6A室	Office 辦公室	Medium term 中期	100%
4.	Shop Units A, B1 and B2 on the Ground Floor, Lot No. 136413 in Demarcation District 6, Tai Po, New Territories 新界大埔丈量約份6號地段 136413號地面層A、B1及B2號鋪	Shops 商店	Medium term 中期	100%
5.	First Floor, Lot No. 136413 in Demarcation District 6, Tai Po, New Territories 新界大埔丈量約份6號地段136413號一樓	Residential 住宅	Medium term 中期	100%



FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY 五年財務概要

RESULTS	業績	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元	2018 2018年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Profit and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners of the Company	收益 本公司擁有人應佔 年度溢利及 全面收入總額	153,488 70,550	155,503 73,218	163,614 55,495	160,992 42,164	132,149 50,050
to owners or the company	T PH DV VIND HV	7 0,000	70,210	00,100	12,101	00,000
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
		2022年	2021年	2020年	2019年	2018年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Total assets	資產總額	1,177,075	1,101,991	1,178,320	1,144,796	1,104,612
Total liabilities	負債總額	440,455	425,131	563,888	575,069	565,867
Total equity	權益總額	736,620	676,860	614,432	569,727	538,745

GLOSSARY

詞彙



In this annual report, unless or otherwise further expressed, the following expressions have the following meanings:

於本年報內,除文義另有所指外,下列詞彙 具有以下涵義:

"Articles" or "Articles of Association" [細則]或[組織章稈細則]

the amended and restated articles of association of our Company conditionally adopted on 4 September 2013, and as amended from time to time

於2013年9月4日有條件採納並經不時修訂之本公司經修訂及重列組織章程

細則

"Board"

the board of Directors

「董事會」

董事會

"CG Code" 「企業管治守則」 the "Corporate Governance Code" and "Corporate Governance Report" are set

out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules

上市規則附錄十四所載之《企業管治守則》及《企業管治報告》

"Code Provisions"

「守則條文」

the code provisions as set out under the CG Code

企業管治守則所載之守則條文

"Company" or "our Company"

「公司」或「本公司」

Hong Kong Finance Group Limited, a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability, the Shares of which are listed on the Main Board of

the Stock Exchange

香港信貸集團有限公司,一間於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司,其股份於聯

交所主板上市

"Controlling Shareholder(s)"

「控股股東」

has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules

具上市規則所賦予涵義

"Director(s)"

the director(s) of the Company

「董事」

本公司董事

"ESG"

Environmental, Social and Governance

「環境、社會及管治」 環

環境、社會及管治

"Group", "our Group", "we", "our" or "us"

「集團 |或「本集團 |或「我們 |

the Company and its subsidiaries

本公司及其附屬公司

"HK\$" 「港元」

Hong Kong Dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong

香港法定貨幣港元

"HKICPA"

Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants

「香港會計師公會」 香港會計師公會

"HK Finance" 「香港信貸 | Hong Kong Finance Company Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability with a money lenders licence registered under MLO, which is

an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company

香港信貸財務有限公司,一間於香港註冊成立之有限公司,持有根據放債人

條例註冊之放債人牌照,亦為本公司間接全資附屬公司



GLOSSARY

"Hong Kong" 「香港」 the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國香港特別行政區

"Listing Date" [上市日期]

2 October 2013, being the first date when the Shares were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange

2013年10月2日,即股份於聯交所主板首次上市之日期

"Listing Rules" [上市規則] the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange 聯交所證券上市規則

"Memorandum" or "Memorandum of Association" 「大綱」或「組織章程大綱」 the memorandum of association of our Company, as amended from time to time 經不時修訂之本公司組織章程大綱

"MLO" 「放債人條例」 the Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong), supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time

香港法例第163章《放債人條例》,經不時修訂、補充或以其他方式修改

"Model Code" 「標準守則」 "Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers" as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules

上市規則附錄十所載之《上市發行人董事進行證券交易之標準守則》

"SFO" 「證券及期貨條例」 the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) 香港法例第571章《證券及期貨條例》

"Share Option Scheme" 「購股權計劃」 A share option scheme adopted pursuant to a written resolution of the then sole shareholder of our Company on 4 September 2013

於2013年9月4日根據本公司當時唯一股東之書面決議案採納之購股權計劃

"Share(s)" 「股份」

「聯交所」

ordinary share(s) of HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company 本公司股本中每股面值0.01港元之普通股

"Shareholder(s)" 「股東」 the holder(s) of Share(s)

股份持有人

"Stock Exchange"

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

香港聯合交易所有限公司

"Tin Ching Holdings" 「天晶控股」

Tin Ching Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, owned as to 50% by each of Mr. Chan Koung Nam and Mr. Chan Kwong Yin

William, and a controlling shareholder of our Company

天晶控股有限公司,一間於英屬處女群島註冊成立之公司,由陳光南先生及陳光賢先生各擁有50%權益,並為本公司之控股股東

"Tin Ching Industrial"
「天晶實業」

Tin Ching Industrial Company Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong and owed as to 100% interest by Tin Ching Holdings

天晶實業有限公司,一間於香港註冊成立之公司,由天晶控股擁有100%權益

