

2022 Annual Report

目錄 CONTENTS

		Pages 頁次
Corporate Information	公司資料	2
Five Years Financial Summary	五年財務摘要	4
Management Discussion and Analysis	管理層討論及分析	5
Directors' Report	董事會報告書	S
Corporate Governance Report	企業管治報告	44
Independent Auditor's Report	獨立核數師報告	69
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	綜合全面收益表	78
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	綜合財務狀況表	80
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	綜合權益變動表	83
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	綜合現金流量表	84
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	綜合財務報表附註	86

公司資料

CORPORATE INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Chen Weiwu (Chairman)

Mr. Zhou Houjie (Resigned as Acting Chief Executive Officer on 16 August 2021)

Mr. Jiang Ruowenhao (Acting Chief Executive Officer)
(Appointed as Executive Director and Acting Chief
Executive Officer on 16 August 2021)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Chen Youchun Ms. Lui Mei Ka Mr. Zhou Xin

AUDITOR

CCTH CPA Limited
Certified Public Accountants

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Kwong Oi Man Patty

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Hang Seng Bank Limited
Bank of Dongguan Company Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

HEAD OFFICE

Unit 1201, 12/F., 29 Austin Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong

董事

執行董事

陳偉武先生(主席) 周厚傑先生(於二零二一年 八月十六日辭任署理行政總裁) 江若文豪先生(署理行政總裁) (於二零二一年八月十六日 獲委任為執行董事及署理行政總裁)

獨立非執行董事

陳友春先生 雷美嘉女士 周新先生

核數師

中正天恆會計師有限公司 執業會計師

公司秘書

鄺藹文女士

主要銀行

恒生銀行有限公司 東莞銀行股份有限公司

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

總辦事處

香港 九龍尖沙咀 柯士甸道29號 12樓1201室

公司資料 CORPORATE INFORMATION

PRINCIPAL REGISTRAR

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited The Belvedere Building 69 Pitts Bay Road Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Secretaries Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong

主要過戶登記處

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited The Belvedere Building 69 Pitts Bay Road Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

香港股份過戶登記處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司 香港皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

五年財務摘要 FIVE YEARS FINANCIAL SUMMARY

			二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年
Results 業績 Year ended 截至三月三十一日 31 March 止年度 Profit/(loss) 本公司擁有人應佔 attributable to			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Year ended 截至三月三十一日 31 March 此年度 Profit/(loss) 本公司擁有人應佔 attributable to 溢利/(虧損) owners of the Company 8,021 (13,347) (37,309) (18,871) (11,05	/		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	<i>千港元</i>
### Profit/(loss) 本公司擁有人應佔 attributable to owners of the Company ### 8,021 (13,347) (37,309) (18,871) (11,05	Results	業績					
attributable to 溢利/(虧損) owners of the Company 8,021 (13,347) (37,309) (18,871) (11,05							
	attributable to owners of the						
A	Company		8,021	(13,347)	(37,309)	(18,871)	(11,058)
Assets and	Assets and liabilities	資產及負債					
At 31 March 於三月三十一日	At 31 March	於三月三十一日					
Total assets 資產總值 1,958,318 1,896,678 559,255 337,114 314,23	Total assets	資產總值	1,958,318	1,896,678	559,255	337,114	314,233
Total liabilities 負債總額 (1,357,946) (1,334,566) (430,493) (245,158) (212,91	Total liabilities	負債總額	(1,357,946)	(1,334,566)	(430,493)	(245,158)	(212,913)
Total equity 權益總額 600,372 562,113 128,762 91,956 101,32	Total equity	權益總額	600,372	562,113	128,762	91,956	101,320

BUSINESS REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

Financial Review

Consolidated results

For the year ended 31 March 2022, the Group recorded revenue of approximately HK\$256.9 million compared to approximately HK\$56.2 million from continuing operations for the last financial year, representing an increase of about 357.4%, and profit for the year ended 31 March 2022 of approximately HK\$15.7 million compared to approximately a loss of HK\$47.6 million for the last financial year, representing a decrease of loss of about 132.9%. The significant increase in profit was primarily resulted from 1) completion of disposal of lossmaking subsidiaries during the year ended 31 March 2021; 2) implementation of various measures on cost control and on reduction expenditures; 3) no provision of financial guarantee was made; 4) decrease in fair value loss on investment properties during the year ended 31 March 2022 and 5) recognition on revenue of property development business during the year.

The Board considers that the fair value loss on investment properties are non-cash items and has no effect on the cash flow of the Group's operations.

Business Review

Property sub-leasing and investment business

For the year ended 31 March 2022, this business segment recorded revenue of approximately HK\$80.2 million compared to approximately HK\$56.2 million for the last financial year, representing a increase of about 42.8%, this business segment recorded profit for the year ended 31 March 2022 of approximately HK\$15.4 million as compared to loss of approximately HK\$0.3 million for the last financial year. The increase in profit was mainly resulted from the decrease in fair value loss on investment properties.

業務回顧及前景

財務回顧

綜合業績

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,本集團錄得收益約256,900,000港元,較上一個財政年度來自持續經營業務約56,200,000港元增加約357.4%,同時於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度錄得溢利約15,700,000港元,較上一個財政年度之虧損約47,600,000港元減少虧損約132.9%。溢利大幅增加乃主要由於1)於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度內完成出售虧損附屬公司;2)實施各項成本控制及節省開支措施;3)未作財務擔保機備;4)於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度的投資物業公平價值虧損減少;以及5)本年度物業發展業務收益的確認。

董事會認為,投資物業的公平價值虧損為非 現金項目,對本集團經營的現金流量並無影 響。

業務回顧

物業分租及投資業務

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,本業務分類錄得收益約80,200,000港元,較上一個財政年度約56,200,000港元增加約42.8%,於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,該業務分類錄得溢利約15,400,000港元,而上一財政年度錄得虧損約300,000港元。溢利上升主要由於投資物業公平價值所產生虧損減少所致。

BUSINESS REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

(Continued)

Business Review (Continued)

Property development business

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the property development business in the PRC contributed revenue of approximately HK\$176.7 million (2021: Nil) and segment recorded profit of approximately HK\$20.5 million (2021: loss of approximately HK\$11.0 million) to the Group. The increase in segment revenue was attributable to the increase of booked gross floor area ("GFA") delivered to the property owners during the year, which was contributed from the Group's completed property development projects, namely, Tangshang Hanlin Mansion*(唐商翰林居)in Dongguan land situates at Caole Village, Xiegang Town, Dongguan City, the PRC designated for urban residential use and business service use (R2 Class II residential land(R2二類居住用 地). The construction of the property was completed in December 2021, there were approximately 9,672.1 sq.m. booked GFA delivered and recognised into the revenue during the year. The completed properties are held for sale and the management expects part of the remaining GFA will recognise in the next financial year. The Group will remain proactive in reviewing its pace of business expansion to maintain this business and achieve sustainable growth of the Group, the management may adjust its project development plans and schedules in response to changing market conditions, as and when appropriate.

Financial Services Business

Money lending

During the year ended 31 March 2022, no interest income was recognised (2021: Nil). The management would continue to find new opportunity for this segment.

業務回顧及前景(續)

業務回顧(續)

物業發展業務

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度, 中國物業發展業務為本集團貢獻收益約 176,700,000港元(二零二一年:無),而分類 錄得溢利約20,500,000港元(二零二一年: 虧 損約11,000,000港元)。分類收益增加乃由於 年內交付予業主的已入賬總樓面面積(「總樓 面面積」增加,其由於本集團位處中國東莞市 謝崗鎮曹樂村的東莞土地的已完成物業項目 發展唐商翰林居,指定作城市住宅用途及商 業服務用途(R2二類居住用地)。該物業的建 築已於二零二一年十二月竣工,約9,672.1平 方米的已入賬總樓面面積已交付並於年內確 認為收益。已完成物業持作出售,且管理層 預期,部分餘下總樓面面積將於下一個財政 年度確認。本集團將繼續積極檢討其業務擴 張步伐,以維持該業務及實現本集團的可持 續增長。管理層或會於適當時候調整其項目 發展計劃及時間表,以應對不斷變化的市況。

金融服務業務

放債

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,概無確認利息收入(二零二一年:無)。管理層將繼續為本分類尋找新機遇。

BUSINESS REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

(Continued)

Financial Services Business (Continued)

Securities, futures and asset management

The Group returned its Type 1 (dealing in securities), Type 2 (dealing in futures contracts), Type 4 (advising on securities) and Type 9 (asset management) licenses to Securities and Futures Commission in November 2020 as no suitable business opportunities have been identified. The management would like to focus more on the other business segments of the Group.

IMPACT OF COVID-19

The Group has been faring well managing the impact of COVID-19 pandemic to our employees and our operations in the office. As part of the COVID-19 countermeasures and to prevent the spread of the virus, the Group complied strictly with the disease prevention regulations as required by the government, and stringent infection preventive measures were implemented to protect our employees. The Group's human resources department provided information to employees as much as possible so that they understood the pandemic and the related prevention methods in the office. The Group closely monitors the health of the employees by the arrangement of intensive cleaning and disinfection fogging service in the office and common area and daily frequent clean up by diluted bleach, as well as by providing sufficient alcohol-based hand rub, gloves, and medical supplies. The Group also implements flexible working hour arrangement and work from home policy to reduce the risk of commute, monitoring and maintaining low attendance ratio in office, seating arrangement to promote social distancing, and encouraging virtual business meetings to minimise the spread of the pandemic. Employees were advised to wear masks at all times and keep good personal hygiene and to avoid close or physical contact in the office.

業務回顧及前景(續)

業務回顧(續)

證券、期貨及資產管理

由於尚未識別到合適商機,故本集團於二零二零年十一月將第1類(證券交易)、第2類(期貨合約交易)、第4類(就證券提供意見)及第9類(資產管理)牌照交還予證券及期貨事務監察委員會。管理層希望更側重於本集團之其他業務分類。

2019 冠狀病毒病的影響

本集團一直致力管理2019冠狀病毒病疫情 對僱員及辦公室運作的影響。作為疫情應對 措施的一部分及為避免病毒擴散,本集團嚴 格遵守政府規定的預防疾病條例,並實施了 嚴格的感染控制措施以保護其僱員。本集團 的人力資源部門儘量為僱員提供資訊,使其 瞭解疫情及相關在辦公室的防疫措施。本集 團密切關注僱員的健康,會在辦公室和公共 區域實施密集的清潔和霧化消毒安排及每天 用稀釋的漂白劑頻繁清潔,並提供充足酒精 搓手液,手套及防疫用品等。本集團亦實行 彈性辦公時間及居家辦公政策以降低僱員通 勤的風險,監察及維持僱員於辦公室的低出 席率及坐位調整以保持社交距離,並鼓勵以 視像模式參加業務會議,以盡量降低疫情擴 散。僱員於辦公室內應時刻佩戴口罩及保持 良好的個人衛生,並避免近距離或肢體接觸。

BUSINESS REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

(Continued)

Outlook

The Group attained a solid fiscal year in the 2021/22 financial year amid the macroeconomic challenges due to the resurgence of COVID-19 pandemic. The property market cooled down and the financial institutions' risk preference started to shrink. The pandemic has put forward higher requirements for the Group to review and perform in terms of its future strategy planning during the year ended 31 March 2022. Despite tremendous uncertainties, the Directors of the Group have implemented various appropriate measures to lower the cost which improve the performance of the Group. The Board is expecting the businesses to remain cautious, meanwhile, to also maintain open-minded in identifying new property development projects in the PRC in the coming few years which could strengthen the financial profitability for the Group.

The management team and the Board are made up of highly qualified and competent individuals who are experienced in the real estate development industry in PRC. The team possesses significant knowledge, resources and networks in China of which the Company expects to be able to leverage for its future growth in the property development, property sub-leasing and investment projects in the PRC.

The Group has continued its efforts to consolidate and realign its businesses to enable the Group to achieve improvements in its financial position and to meet its performance objectives. The Group is working towards attaining a sustainable growth whilst continuously exploring and diversifying other suitable investment opportunities (if any) to enhance the overall earning potential, and ultimately maximising the shareholder value.

業務回顧及前景(續)

前景

於二零二一/二二財政年度,本集團業務發展穩健,在2019冠狀病毒病疫情反覆帶來的宏觀經濟挑戰下,地產市場降溫,金融機構風險偏好下行,於截至二零二二年三月至十一日止年度內,本集團因應疫情而加不等人。董事會對及履行未來戰略規劃。儘管情況極降明明,本集團董事已實施多項適用措施以降明成本,改善本集團之表現。董事會對預明成本,改善本集團之表現。董事會對預期以來,改善本集團之表現。董事會對預期以來,改善本集團之表現。董事會對預期以來,改善本集團之表現。

管理層團隊及董事會由具備中國房地產開發 行業豐富經驗之高品質及得力人士組成。團 隊於中國擁有大量知識、資源及人際關係, 而本公司預期將能夠利用該等內容促進其在 中國物業發展、物業分租及投資項目之未來 發展。

本集團持續努力鞏固及重新調整其業務以令本集團能夠於財務狀況方面取得提升並達致 業績目標。本集團正致力於取得持續增長並 不斷探索及增添其他合適投資機遇(倘有)以 提升整體盈利潛力,並最終盡量擴大股東價 值。

The Directors of the Company present their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2022.

本公司董事呈列其報告連同本集團截至二零 二二年三月三十一日止年度之經審核綜合財 務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The current and continuing principal activities of the Group are mainly engaging in (i) property sub-leasing and investment business, (ii) property development; and (iii) money lending business. The activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 48 to the consolidated financial statements.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year under review by business segment is set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The business objectives of the Group are to develop its business and achieve sustainable growth of its business. The Group aims to achieve such objectives by pursuing the following growth-oriented strategies: (i) investing in more property sub-leasing and investments projects in China; (ii) further diversifying the business of the Group by tapping into the property development business; and (iii) closely monitoring the cost and continue to impose cost-cutting measures in the Group.

A review of the businesses of the Group during the year using the financial indicators and a discussion on the Group's future business development are provided in the sections headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" and "Financial Review" in this report.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The Group's financial condition, results of operations, businesses and prospects may be affected by a number of risks and uncertainties. The followings are the key risks and uncertainties identified by the Group. There may be other risks and uncertainties in addition to those shown below which are not known to the Group or which may not be material now but could turn out to be material in the future.

主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司。本集團目前及持續主要活動為(i)物業分租及投資業務:(ii)物業發展:及(iii)放債業務。其主要附屬公司之業務載於綜合財務報表附註48。

本集團於回顧年度內按業務分類劃分之業績 分析載於綜合財務報表附註6。

業務回顧

本集團之業務目標為發展其業務及達致其業務有持續增長。透過實行下列增長為本之策略,本集團矢志達到有關目標:(i)於中國投資更多物業分租及投資項目:(ii)透過涉足物業發展業務以進一步多元化本集團之業務;及(iii)密切監察成本並繼續實施本集團節省成本之措施。

本集團採用財務指標之年內業務回顧及就本 集團未來業務發展之討論載於本報告「管理層 討論及分析 | 及「財務回顧 | 章節。

主要風險及不確定性

本集團之財務狀況、經營業績、業務及前景 可能受多項風險及不確定性影響。以下為本 集團識別之主要風險及不確定性。除以下所 述者外,可能有不為本集團所知或目前來看 尚不重大而可能於未來屬重大之其他風險及 不確定性。

BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

Principal Risks and Uncertainties (Continued)

Business Risk

Certain of the business segments to which the Group operates are subject to changes in consumer perception, preferences and tastes, in particular, for the property sub-leasing and investment business and the property development business. The Group's business and financial performance depends on factors which may affect the level and pattern of consumer spending in China and in Hong Kong.

Market Risk

The business and operation of certain business segments of the Group, in particular, property sub-leasing, and investment business and property development business, are basically conducted in the PRC, and therefore the Group's operation, revenue and profit margin are highly impacting by the economies of the PRC and the measures implemented by the PRC government. Any changes of the measures may penetrate into overall national economic conditions, and influence changes in consumer confidence, consumption spending and preferences in property sub-leasing and investment and property development market in the PRC.

Operational Risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events. Responsibility for managing operational risks basically rests with every function at divisional and departmental levels. The Group recognises that operational risks cannot be eliminated completely and that it may not always be cost effective to do so.

Key functions in the Group are guided by their operating procedures, limits of authority and reporting framework. The Group will identify and assess key operational exposures from time to time and report such risk issues to senior management as early as possible so that appropriate risk response can be taken.

業務回顧(續)

主要風險及不確定性(續)

業務風險

本集團營運之若干業務分類受限於消費者感知、偏好及審美變化,尤其是物業分租及投資業務以及物業發展業務。本集團業務及財務表現取決於可能影響消費者於中國及香港消費水平及方式之因素。

市場風險

本集團若干業務分類之業務及營運,尤其是物業分租及投資業務以及物業發展業務基本上於中國進行,故本集團營運、收益及利潤率深受中國經濟及中國政府所實施措施之影響。任何措施更改可能對整體國家經濟狀況造成影響,繼而導致中國消費者信心、消費支出以及物業分租及投資及物業發展市場之偏好轉變。

營運風險

營運風險為因內部程序、人為、制度不足或 失當或外在事件導致損失之風險。管理營運 風險之責任基本上取決於科室及部門能夠 恪盡職守。本集團承認營運風險不能完全消 除,且消除該風險不具成本效益。

本集團之主要職能由其營運程序、權限及匯 報框架指引。本集團將不時識別及評估主要 營運風險,並盡早將有關風險問題向高級管 理層匯報,從而採納適當之風險應對措施。

BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

Principal Risks and Uncertainties (Continued)

Financial Risk

The financial risk management of the Group are set out in note 46 to the consolidated financial statements.

Legal Risk

Legal risk is the risk that unenforceable contracts, lawsuits or adverse judgments may disrupt or otherwise negatively affect the operations or financial conditions of the Group.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2022 are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on pages 78 to 79.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend in respect of the year ended 31 March 2022 (2021: Nil). Capital will be reserved for the expansion of the Group's business and to capture investment opportunities arising in the future. There is no arrangement that a shareholder of the Company has waived or agreed to waive any dividend.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year under review are set out in notes 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movement in the share capital of the Company are set out in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

Movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year under review are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 83 and note 36 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

業務回顧(續)

主要風險及不確定性(續)

財務風險

本集團之財務風險管理載於綜合財務報表附 註46。

法律風險

法律風險指因不可執行合約、訴訟或不利判 決而可能使本集團運營或財務狀況出現混亂 或負面影響之風險。

業績及分派

本集團截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度 之業績載於第78至79頁之綜合全面收益表。

董事不建議就截至二零二二年三月三十一日 止年度派付任何股息(二零二一年:無)。資 本將保留作本集團擴張業務之用和抓緊日後 出現之投資機遇。本公司股東概無任何安排 放棄或同意放棄任何股息。

物業、機械及設備

本集團之物業、機械及設備於回顧年度內之 變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 18。

股本

本公司之股本變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附 註35。

儲備

本集團及本公司於回顧年度內之儲備之變動 分別載於第83頁之綜合權益變動表及綜合財 務報表附註36。

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Details of the distributable reserves of the Company as at 31 March 2022 are set out in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Group had entered into certain transactions with parties which were regarded as "Related Parties" under the applicable accounting principles. Details of those related party transactions are set out in note 40 to the consolidated financial statements. The transaction which is considered as a connected transaction under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") is further disclosed in the section headed "Connected Transactions" below.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws (the "Bye-laws") and there is no restriction against such rights under the laws of Bermuda.

FIVE YEARS FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 4 of the annual report.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

The Company did not make any charitable donation for the two years ended 31 March 2021 and 2022.

RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

Details of the retirement benefit schemes are set out in note 4(o) to the consolidated financial statements.

可供分派儲備

本公司於二零二二年三月三十一日之可供分 派儲備詳情載於綜合財務報表附註36。

關連人士交易

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內,本集團與根據適用會計準則界定為「關連人士」之人士訂立若干交易。該等關連人士交易詳情載於綜合財務報表附註40。該交易根據聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)被視為關連交易,將於下文「關連交易」一節中進一步披露。

優先認股權

本公司之公司細則(「**公司細則**」)項下並無優先認股權條文,而百慕達法例並無限制此等權利。

五年財務摘要

本集團於最近五個財政年度之業績以及資產 及負債摘要載於本年報第4頁。

慈善捐款

截至二零二一年及二零二二年三月三十一日 止兩個年度,本公司並無作出任何慈善捐款。

退休福利計劃

退休福利計劃詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 4(o)。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company has adopted the share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") on 30 August 2012 under which the Directors may grant options to eligible persons, including directors and employees of the Group, to subscribe for shares of the Company.

The following is a summary of the principal terms of the Share Option Scheme:

1. Purpose of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme is set up for the purposes of attracting and retaining quality personnel and other persons to provide incentive to them to contribute to the business and operation of the Group.

2. Participants of the Share Option Scheme

The Directors may at their discretion grant options to (i) any director, employee or consultant of the Group or a company in which the Group holds an equity interest or a subsidiary of such company ("Affiliate"); or (ii) any discretionary trust whose discretionary objects include any director, employee or consultant of the Group or an Affiliate; or (iii) a company beneficially owned by any director, employee or consultant of the Group or an Affiliate; or (iv) any customer, supplier or adviser whose service to the Group or business with the Group contributes or is expected to contribute to the business or operation of the Group as may be determined by the Directors from time to time to subscribe for shares of the Company.

認股權計劃

本公司已於二零一二年八月三十日採納認股權計劃(「認股權計劃」),據此,董事可向合資格人士(包括本集團董事及僱員)授出認股權,以供認購本公司股份。

認股權計劃之主要條款之概要如下:

1. 認股權計劃目的

認股權計劃之設立目的為吸引及挽留優 秀員工及其他人士,以獎勵彼等為本集 團之業務及營運作出貢獻。

2. 認股權計劃參與者

董事可酌情決定授出認股權予(i)本集 團或本集團擁有股權之公司或其附屬公司(「聯屬公司」)之任何董事、僱員或顧問;或(ii)以本集團或聯屬公司之任何董事、僱員或顧問為全權託管對象屬行之 一之任何董事、僱員或顧問實益擁有之任何董事、僱員或顧問實為無團之 司;或(iv)董事不時認為為本集團之業務服務而曾經或將會對本集團之業務服務而曾經或將會對本集團 之業務或營運有貢獻之任何客戶。 商或顧問,以認購本公司股份。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

 Total number of shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme and percentage of the number of issued shares as at the date of this report

The maximum number of ordinary shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme was in aggregate 27,942,462 shares as at 31 March 2022 (representing approximately 1.2% of the number of issued shares as at the date of this report).

 Maximum entitlement of each participant under the Share Option Scheme

The maximum number of the shares of the Company (issued and to be issued) in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme to any one grantee in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1 per cent. of the share capital of the Company in issue on the last date of such 12-month period unless approval of the shareholders of the Company has been obtained in accordance with Rule 17.03(4) of the Listing Rules.

 The period within which the options must be exercised under Share Option Scheme to subscribe for shares

The holder of an option may subscribe for the shares of the Company during such period as may be determined by the Directors (which shall be less than ten years from the date of grant of the relevant option and may include the minimum period, if any, for which an option must be held before it can be exercised).

認股權計劃(續)

 根據認股權計劃可供發行之股份總數及 於本報告日期之已發行股份數目之百分 比

於二零二二年三月三十一日,因行使根據認股權計劃所有已授出但未行使之認股權及尚未行使之認股權可能發行之最高普通股數目總額為27,942,462股股份(佔於本報告日期已發行股份數目約1.2%)。

4. 根據認股權計劃每名參與者最多可享有 之權利

除非已根據上市規則第17.03(4)條取得本公司股東之批准,否則根據認股權計劃於任何12個月期間向任何一位承授人可能授出之認股權有關之本公司最高股份總數(已發行及將予發行)不得超過本公司於該12個月期間最後一日已發行股本之1%。

 根據認股權計劃必須行使認股權以認購 股份之期限

認股權持有人可於董事確定之期間(自有關認股權授出日期起計不超過十年及可包括認股權行使之前必須持有的最短期限(如有))認購本公司股份。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

6. The minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised

There is no minimum period for which an option granted must be held before it can be exercised unless otherwise imposed by the Directors.

The period within which the options granted must be taken up

Options granted must be taken up within 21 days inclusive of, and from the date of grant.

8. The basis of determining the exercise price

Options may be granted without any initial payment for the options at an exercise price (subject to adjustments as provided therein) equal to the highest of (i) the nominal value of the shares of the Company; (ii) the closing price per share of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of the grant of the option, which must be a business day; and (iii) the average closing price per share of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of the grant of the option.

9. The remaining life of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years commencing from 30 August 2012.

Details of the Share Option Scheme, including grant and lapse of options, are disclosed in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements.

認股權計劃(續)

6. 行使認股權前必須持有之最短期限

除非董事另有規定,否則已授出之認股權於行使前並無指定持有之最短期限。

7. 接納已授出認股權之期限

已授出之認股權必須於授出日期(包括該日)起計21日內接納。

8. 釐定行使價之基準

認股權將毋須任何初步付款而獲授出, 其行使價格(可按認股權計劃之規定予 以調整)將為(i)本公司股份面值;(ii)本 公司股份於認股權授出當日(其必須是 一個營業日)在聯交所每日報價表所報 之每股收市價;及(iii)本公司股份於緊 接認股權授出當日前五個營業日在聯交 所每日報價表所報每股平均收市價,三 者中之最高者。

9. 認股權計劃之餘下年期

認股權計劃將自二零一二年八月三十日 起計十年內有效。

認股權計劃之詳情(包括認股權之授出及失效)於綜合財務報表附註37披露。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report are as follows:

Mr. Chen Weiwu (Chairman)

Mr. Zhou Houjie (Resigned as Acting Chief Executive Officer on 16 August 2021)

Mr. Jiang Ruowenhao (Acting Chief Executive Officer)
(Appointed as Executive Director and Acting Chief
Executive Officer on 16 August 2021)

Mr. Chen Youchun

Ms. Lui Mei Ka

Mr. Zhou Xin

In accordance with bye-law 84(1) of the Bye-laws, one-third of the Directors for the time being, (or if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation so that each Director shall be subject to retirement at least once every three years.

Biographical details of Directors and senior management

Executive Directors

Mr. Chen Weiwu ("**Mr. WW Chen**"), aged 39, is an Executive Director, the Chairman of the Board and a chairman of the Nomination Committee of the Company. He was appointed to the Board on 8 December 2016. He is a business entrepreneur and has extensive experience in the real estate industry. Mr. WW Chen is the chairman and ultimate beneficial owner of 北京天安科創置業有限公司 (Beijing Tian'an Innovation Technology and Estates Limited*) ("**BTIT**"), a real estate development company established in the PRC. Its latest property development project is 天驥•智谷, located at 中華人民共和國北京經濟技術開發區 (Beijing Economic and Technological Development Area, PRC*), with a total land area of approximately 130,000 square meters.

董事及高級管理層

年內及截至本報告日期之董事如下:

陳偉武先生(主席)

周厚傑先生(於二零二一年八月十六日

辭任署理行政總裁) 江若文豪先生(署理行政總裁)

(於二零二一年八月十六日獲委任為執行董 事及署理行政總裁)

陳友春先生

雷美嘉女士

周新先生

根據公司細則第84(1)條之規定,當時三分之 一之董事(或倘其人數並非三之倍數,則最接 近但不少於三分之一人數)須輪席退任,因此 各董事須至少每三年退任一次。

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

執行董事

陳偉武先生(「陳偉武先生」),現年三十九歲,為本公司之執行董事、董事會主席兼提名委員會主席。彼於二零一六年十二月八月獲委任加入董事會。彼為一名企業家並於房地產行業擁有豐富經驗。陳偉武先生為在中國成立之房地產發展公司北京天安科創置業有限公司(「天安科創」)主席兼最終實益擁有人。其最新物業發展項目為天驥◆智谷,總於中華人民共和國北京經濟技術開發區,總用地面積約130,000平方米。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

Biographical details of Directors and senior management (Continued)

Executive Directors (Continued)

Mr. Zhou Houjie ("**Mr. HJ Zhou**"), aged 40, is an Executive Director and a member of the remuneration committee of the Company. Mr. HJ Zhou was graduated from 西南交通大學 (Southwest Jiaotong University*) and obtained a professional degree in business administration. He was appointed to the Board on 8 December 2016. Mr. HJ Zhou is currently the vice president of BTIT.

Mr. Jiang Ruowenhao ("Mr. Jiang"), aged 29, is an Executive Director and a member of the remuneration committee of the Company. Mr. Jiang graduated from Guangdong Police College with a bachelor degree in law in 2015. He also obtained the Legal Professional Qualification Certificate of People's Republic of China in 2015 and Lawyer's Practice License in 2018. He was a certified lawyer in Shanghai City Development (Shenzhen) Law Firm. Mr. Jiang has extensive experience in city renovation, real estate development, corporate governance, and investment and financing operation.

董事及高級管理層(續)

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情(續)

執行董事(續)

周厚傑先生(「**周厚傑先生**」),現年四十歲, 為本公司執行董事兼薪酬委員會成員。周厚 傑先生畢業於西南交通大學,並取得工商管 理專業學位。彼於二零一六年十二月八日獲 委任加入董事會。周厚傑先生現時為天安科 創副總裁。

江若文豪先生(「**江先生**」),現年二十九歲, 為本公司執行董事兼薪酬委員會成員。江先 生於二零一五年畢業廣東警官學院,並取得 法學學士學位,亦於二零一五年取得中華人 民共和國法律職業資格證書及於二零一八年 取得律師執業證,曾為上海市建緯(深圳)律 師事務所執業律師。江先生於城市更新、房 地產開發、公司治理、投融資運作等方面具 有豐富經驗。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

Biographical details of Directors and senior management (Continued)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Chen Youchun ("Mr. YC Chen"), aged 46, is an Independent Non-Executive Director, the Chairman of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee of the Company and a member of the Nomination Committee of the Company. Mr. YC Chen joined the Company on 8 December 2016. He was graduated from Southwest University of Political Science & Law in 2000 with a degree in Bachelor of Laws and the University of Northumbria in 2011 with a degree in Bachelor of Laws. He also obtained a Master's Degree in Civil and Commercial Law from Wuhan University in 2007, and a Ph.D in International Law from Southwest University of Political Science & Law in 2018. He is a foreign lawyer registered with The Law Society of Hong Kong and is a partner in Shenzhen Office of Junzejun Law Offices. Mr. YC Chen has extensive experience in corporate finance, initial public offerings and mergers and acquisitions. Mr. YC Chen is also an independent director of Nomad Technology Holdings Limited (stock code: 08645.HK) and Nuode Investment Co., Ltd (stock code: 600110.SH), which is listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange.

董事及高級管理層(續)

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情(續)

獨立非執行董事

陳友春先生(「陳友春先生」),現年四十六 歲,為獨立非執行董事、本公司審核委員會 及薪酬委員會主席及本公司提名委員會成 員。陳友春先生於二零一六年十二月八日 加入本公司。彼分別於二零零零年及二零 --年畢業於西南政法大學及諾森比亞大學 (University of Northumbria),並分別取得 法學學士學位。彼亦於二零零十年取得武漢 大學民商法碩士學位,及於二零一八年取得 西南政法大學國際法學博士學位。彼為香港 律師會註冊外地律師及君澤君律師事務所深 圳分所之合夥人。陳友春先生於企業融資、 首次公開發售以及併購方面具有豐富經驗。 陳友春先生亦為於上海證券交易所上市之 Nomad Technology Holdings Limited(股份 代號:08645.HK)及諾德投資股份有限公司 (股份代號:600110)之獨立董事。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

Biographical details of Directors and senior management (Continued)

Independent Non-executive Directors (Continued)

Ms. Lui Mei Ka ("Ms. Lui"), aged 37, is an Independent Non-executive Director and a member of Audit Committee of the Company. Ms. Lui joined the Company on 21 April 2017. She was graduated from The Chinese University of Hong Kong with a degree in bachelor of business administration in 2006. She is currently a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. She has extensive experience in financial management and corporate finance. Ms. Lui is the chief financial officer and company secretary of Feiyu Technology International Company Limited (stock code: 1022), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Previously, she was the company secretary and financial controller of LT Commercial Real Estate Limited (stock code: 112) and the chief financial officer and company secretary of GR Properties Limited (stock code: 108), companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

董事及高級管理層(續)

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情(續)

獨立非執行董事(續)

雷美嘉女士(「雷女士」),現年三十七歲,為本公司獨立非執行董事及審核委員會成員。雷女士於二零一七年四月二十一日加入本學,持有工商管理學士學位。彼現時為香港中文大學會計師公會會員。彼於財務管理及企業融資不會會員。彼於財務總監兼公司秘書,計算公司於聯交所主板上市。彼曾為勒泰書,以及國鋭地產有限公司(股份代號:112)之公司秘書,對務總監以及國鋭地產有限公司(股份代號:118)之財務總監,以及國鋭地產有限公司(股份代號:108)之財務總監兼公司秘書,該等公司於聯交所主板上市。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

Biographical details of Directors and senior management (Continued)

Independent Non-executive Directors (Continued)

Mr. Zhou Xin ("Mr. X Zhou"), aged 42, is an Independent Non-executive Director and a member of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company. Mr. X Zhou joined the Company in 13 December 2019. He graduated from school of law in Wuhan University with a juris doctoral degree in criminal law. He also obtained a post-doctoral degree from Renmin University of China Law School (majoring in criminal litigation law, the post-doctoral degree programme co-organised by Renmin University of China Law School and National Prosecutors College of P.R.C.) and EMBA degree from Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He currently serves as an associate professor in school of law at Guangdong University of Foreign Studies, a Yunshan Young Scholar, a head of Intelligent Law and Law Reform Research Centre* at Guangdong University of Foreign Studies, a director of China Association of Criminal Procedure Law and a researcher of Litigation System and Law Reform Research Centre* of Renmin University of China. In October 2003 and September 2006, Mr. X Zhou obtained certifications of Cisco Certified Internetwork Expert in Route and Switching and Service Provider respectively, with a global uniform certification number CCIE#12384.

Mr. X Zhou is mainly engaged in researches on criminal procedure law, evidence law, judicial system, digital evidence, internet crime etc., teaches programmes of criminal litigation law and legal work ethic for undergraduates, and teaches programmes of frontier problems of criminal litigation law, court prosecution and defense skills, court simulation training and study of legal work ethic for postgraduate students.

董事及高級管理層(續)

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情(續)

獨立非執行董事(續)

周新先生(「**周新先生**」),現年四十二歲, 為本公司獨立非執行董事兼審核委員會、薪 酬委員會及提名委員會成員。周新先生於二 零一九年十二月十三日加入本公司。彼畢業 於武漢大學法學院刑法專業,法學博士研究 生學歷,中國人民大學法學院博士後(刑事 訴訟法方向,中國人民大學法學院與國家檢 察官學院聯合培養博士後)及香港理工大學 EMBA。現廣東外語外貿大學法學院教授、 雲山青年學者,廣東外語外貿大學智慧司法 與司法改革研究中心主任,兼任中國刑事訴 訟法學研究會理事,中國人民大學訴訟制度 與司法改革研究中心研究員。周新先生於二 零零三年十月和二零零六年九月先後獲得美 國思科公司網路認證專家路由交換方向和服 務提供商方向的雙認證,全球統一認證編號 CCIE#12384 °

周新先生主要從事刑事訴訟法、證據法、司法制度、電子證據、網路犯罪等方向研究, 為本科生講授《刑事訴訟法學》及《法律職業倫理》課程,碩士研究生講授《刑事訴訟法前沿問題》、《法庭控辯技能》、《模擬法庭訓練》及 《法律職業倫理研究》課程。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

Biographical details of Directors and senior management (Continued)

Independent Non-executive Directors (Continued)

He has published various articles in core journals of legal science, including Social Science in China, China Legal Science, Peking University Law Journal, Studies in Law and Business, Science of Law, Law Review, Tribune of Political Science and Law, Political Science and Law, Contemporary Law Review, Academic Research, Social Scientist and Legal Daily, many of which were reproduced in Chinese Social Sciences Digest and Reprinted In Information Center for Social Science of Renmin University Of China (procedural law and judicial system), and nominated in the Sixth Dong Biwu Achievement Award for Young Jurists.

Senior management

Mr. Lin Yu Cheng ("Mr. Lin") was appointed as chief financial officer of the Company on 20 August 2020. Mr. Lin has extensive experience in fields such as property development, accounting, management, investment and financing operation. He obtained the Bachelor of Commerce from the Guangdong College of Commerce* (廣東商學院) in 1995, and obtained the Master of Law from the Sun Yat-sen University (中山 大學) in 2007. Mr. Lin is currently a senior accountant, and also a PRC Certified Public Accountant, a PRC Certified Tax Agent and a PRC Certified Public Valuer. He was the deputy general manager of the Capital Market Department of the Treasury Centre of Country Garden Holdings Company Limited (stock code: 2007), and the deputy general manager of Financing and Financial Management Centre of Sinic Holdings (Group) Company Limited (stock code: 2103).

董事及高級管理層(續)

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情(續)

獨立非執行董事(續)

在《中國社會科學》、《中國法學》、《中外法學》、《法商研究》、《法學》、《法學評論》、《政法論壇》、《政治與法律》、《當代法學》、《學術研究》、《社會科學家》及《法制日報》等法學核心刊物上發表論文多篇,其中多篇文章被《中國社會科學文摘》及《人大複印資料(訴訟法學、司法制度)》轉載,並榮獲第六屆董必武青年法學成果獎提名獎。

高級管理層

林育成先生(「林先生」)於二零二零年八月二十日獲委任為本公司首席財務官。林先生於房地產開發、會計、管理、投融資運作等方面具有豐富經驗。彼於一九九五年畢業零東商學院,取得商科學士學位,並於二零零七年畢業中山大學,取得法律碩士學位。林先生現為高級會計師,持有中國註冊資產評估師、中國註冊稅務師、中國註冊資產評估師、中國註冊稅務師、中國註冊資產評估師、。彼曾為碧桂園控股有限公司(股份代號:2007)財資中心資本市場部副總經理及新力地產(集團)有限公司(股份代號:2103)融資及財務管理中心副總經理。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

Biographical details of Directors and senior management (Continued)

Senior management (Continued)

Ms. Kwong Oi Man Patty ("Ms. Kwong") was appointed as company secretary of the Company on 31 March 2021 under Rule 3.05 of the Rule Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules"). Ms. Kwong holds a bachelor's degree of Commerce from Monash University in Australia and she is currently a member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and CPA Australia. She joined the Company in April 2017 and is responsible for the Company's financial reporting, financial management, investor relations and corporate secretarial matters. Ms. Kwong has over 13 years of experience in auditing, accounting and company secretarial practice. Ms. Kwong is also a joint company secretary of China Hongguang Holdings Limited (stock code: 8646), a company secretary of Yik Wo International Holdings Limited (stock code: 8659) and a company secretary of Hephaestus Holdings Limited (stock code: 8173), which are listed on the Gem Board of the Stock Exchange.

Save as otherwise disclosed, there is no relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship) between any members of the Board or the senior management, and no information relating to the Directors which is required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

董事及高級管理層(續)

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情(續)

高級管理層(續)

嚴語文女士(「**歐女士**」)於二零二一年三月三十一日根據聯交所證券上市規則(「**上市規則**」)第3.05條之規定獲委任為本公司之公司秘書。嚴女士持有澳洲蒙納殊大學之商學位,現為香港會計師公會及澳洲會計師公會員。彼於二零一七年四月加入本公,會會員。彼於二零一七年四月加入本公,資會大公司之財務申報、財務管理、投資會者關係及企業秘書事宜。嚴女士在審計及公司秘書實務方面擁有超過13年經驗宏計及公司秘書實務方面擁有超過13年經驗宏治,與份代號:8646)之聯席公司(股份代號:8846)之聯席公司(股份代號:8173)之公司秘書。

除另行披露者外,董事會任何成員或高級管理層之間並無任何關係(包括財務、業務、家庭或其他重大/相關關係),且概無有關董事之資料須根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條予以披露。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

Directors' service contracts

None of the Directors has service contract with the Company which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

Directors' interests in transactions, arrangements and contracts

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Connected Transactions" below, no transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, its subsidiaries, holding company and any of their subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or his/her connected entity had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

Directors' right to acquire shares or debentures

Save as the share option scheme as disclosed in this report, at no time during the year ended 31 March 2022 was the Company, its subsidiaries, holding companies or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

董事及高級管理層(續)

董事之服務合約

概無董事與本公司訂立不可於一年內免付賠償(法定賠償除外)而終止之服務合約。

董事於交易、安排及合約之權益

除下文「關連交易」一節所披露者外,概無本公司、其附屬公司、控股公司及彼等之任何 附屬公司為訂約方且董事或其關連實體於當 中直接或間接擁有重大權益而與本集團業務 有關之重大交易、安排及合約於年終或年內 之任何時間存續。

董事收購股份或債權證之權利

除本報告所披露之認股權計劃外,截至二零 二二年三月三十一日止年度之任何時間,概 無本公司、其附屬公司、控股公司或同系附 屬公司為任何安排之一方使董事通過收購本 公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債權證而 獲取利益。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

Directors' interests in equity or debt securities

As at 31 March 2022, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying share and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set forth under Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules were as follows:

(a) Long position in the shares

董事及高級管理層(續)

董事於股本或債務證券之權益

於二零二二年三月三十一日,董事及本公司主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第 XV部)股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有記錄須根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定存置之登記冊或須根據上市規則附錄十所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易之標準守則(「標準守則」)另行知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

(a) 股份之好倉

Name of Director	Nature of interest	Number of shares held as at 31 March 2022 於二零二二年 三月三十一日之	Approximate percentage of shareholding in the Company 佔本公司 持股量之
董事姓名	權益性質	所持股份數目	概約百分比
Mr. Chen Weiwu <i>(Note)</i> 陳偉武先生 <i>(附註)</i>	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	800,000,000	34.65%
	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	579,806,977 (Note) (附註)	25.11%

Note:

附註:

These shares are owned by Grand Nice International Limited ("Grand Nice") which is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Chen. By virtue of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO"), Mr. Chen is deemed to be interested in an aggregate of 1,379,806,977 Shares, representing approximately 59.76% of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 March 2022.

1. 該等股份由陳先生全資實益擁有之華麗國際有限公司(「華麗」)擁有。根據證券及期貨條例(香港法例第571章)(「證券及期貨條例」),陳先生被視為於合共1,379,806,977股股份中擁有權益,佔本公司於二零二二年三月三十一日之已發行股本約59.76%。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

Directors' interests in equity or debt securities (Continued)

(b) Underlying shares of the Company

Details of the Directors' interest in share options are disclosed in the paragraph headed "Share Option Scheme" in this report.

Save as disclosed herein, as at 31 March 2022, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

CONTRACT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in note 40 to the consolidated financial statements in relation controlling shareholder of the Company to the Group and the transactions set out under sections headed "Related Party Transactions" and "Acquisition of subsidiaries under Asset Acquisition" and disclosed in note 32 to the consolidated financial statement, there was no contract of significance between the Company or any of its subsidiaries, and a controlling shareholder of the Company or any of its subsidiaries at the end of the year or at any time during the Year.

董事及高級管理層(續)

董事於股本或債務證券之權益(續)

(b) 本公司相關股份

有關董事於認股權權益詳情於本報告 「認股權計劃」一段中披露。

除本報告所披露者外,於二零二二年三月三十一日,概無董事或本公司主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份或債權證中,擁有記錄於須根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定存置之登記冊或須根據標準守則另行知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益或淡倉。

重大合約

除綜合財務報表附註40所披露有關本集團之本公司控股股東及綜合財務報表附註32所披露並載於「關連人士交易」及「收購資產項下之收購附屬公司」兩節之交易外,本公司或其任何附屬公司與本公司控股股東或其任何附屬公司於年末或年內任何時間概無訂有任何重大合約。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 March 2022, other than the interests of the Directors and chief executive of the Company disclosed in the paragraph headed "Disclosure of Interest" above, the following persons had interests or short position in the shares and underlying Shares as recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO:

主要股東

於二零二二年三月三十一日,除上文「權益披露」一段所披露之董事及本公司主要行政人員之權益外,根據本公司按證券及期貨條例第336條之規定存置之權益登記冊所記錄,以下人士於股份或相關股份中擁有權益或淡倉:

Name of shareholder	Nature of interest	Number of shares held as at 31 March 2022 於二零二二年 三月三十一日	Approximate percentage of shareholding in the Company 佔本公司 持股量之
股東名稱	權益性質	之所持股份數目	概約百分比
Grand Nice International Limited (" Grand Nice ") (Note 1) 華麗國際有限公司(「 華麗 」)(附註1)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	579,806,977	25.11%

Notes:

. Grand Nice is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Chen Weiwu who is an Executive Director and the Chairman of the Company.

附註:

 華麗由本公司執行董事兼主席陳偉武先生全 資及實益擁有。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2022, according to the register of interests required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO, there was no person who had any interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO.

除上文所披露者外,於二零二二年三月三十一日,按照本公司須根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置之權益登記冊,概無人士於本公司之股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部之條文須向本公司披露之任何權益或淡倉。

FOUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Other than the Share Option Scheme as disclosed in this report, no equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing Shares, or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing Shares, were entered into by the Company during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Under the Bye-laws, every Director or other officers of the Company acting in relation to any of the affairs of the Company shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them, their or any of their heirs, executors or administrators, shall or may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty, or supposed duty, in their respective offices, or trusts. The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover in respect of legal action against its Directors and officers.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

股權掛鈎協議

除本報告所披露之認股權計劃外,概無將會 或可能會導致本公司發行股份之股權掛鈎協 議,或要求本公司訂立將會或可能會導致本 公司發行股份之任何協議由本公司於年內訂 立或於年終存續。

獲准許之彌償條文

根據公司細則,各董事或其他就本公司任何 事務行事之本公司高級職員均可從本公司高級職員均可從本公司高級職員均可從本公何 資產及利潤獲得彌償,該等人士或任何繼承人、遺囑執行 大或遺產管理人就各自之職務或信託執行其 職責或假定職責時因所作出、發生之作為 下作為而招致或蒙受之所有訴訟、費用就 長行損害。本公司已安排購買涵蓋針對 任何損害。本公司已安排購買涵蓋針對 及高級職員提起之法律訴訟之適當保險。

管理合約

年內概無訂立或存有關於本公司全部或任何 重大部分業務之管理及行政事宜之合約。

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY AND PERFORMANCE

The Group puts great emphasis in environmental protection and energy conservation to enhance the capacity of sustainable development and undertake relative social responsibility. Through the establishment of an ever-improving management system, energy conservation and environment protection were strongly promoted, leading to the remarkable achievement of environmental management.

The Company will issue separately an Environmental, Social and Governance Report under Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide as specified in Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules.

RELATIONSHIP OF STAKEHOLDERS

The Company believes that employees, customers and business partners are the key to have continuous sustainable development. The Company is committed to be people-oriented and build up good relationship with its employees. The Group provides on-the-job training and development opportunities to enhance its employees' career progression. Through different trainings, staff's professional knowledge in corporate operations, occupational and management skills are enhanced. The Group also values the health and well-being of its staff. In order to provide employees with health coverage, its employees are entitled to medical insurance benefits. The Group also works together with its business partners to provide high quality products and services to achieve the goal of sustainable development and contribution to the society.

Save as otherwise disclosed, there was no material and significant dispute between the Group and its distributors and/or customers during the year under review.

環境政策及表現

本集團高度重視環保及節能,以提升可持續 發展之能力及承擔相關社會責任。通過設立 不斷完善之管理制度,大力推進節能環保, 從而就環境管理取得顯著成就。

本公司將根據上市規則附錄二十七所規定之 環境、社會及管治報告指引另行刊發環境、 社會及管治報告。

持份者之關係

本公司認為,僱員、客戶及業務夥伴為持續, 穩定發展之關鍵。本公司致力於以人為本 與其僱員建立良好關係。本集團提供在 訓及發展機會以促進員工之職業晉升 識」 一同培訓,員工於公司營運之專業知 護理技能得到提升。本集團亦 是健康及福利。為向員工提供健康保險 員工有權享有醫療保險福利。本集團亦 員工有權享有醫療保險福利。本集團 養務夥伴同心協力,為顧客提供優所出 最務,以達致可持續發展及為社會作出 之目的。

除另行披露者外,於回顧年度內,本集團與 其分銷商及/或客戶之間並無重大而明顯之 糾紛。

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year under review, the aggregated sales attributable to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 18% while the largest customer accounted for approximately 8% of its total revenue.

During the year under review, the aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 92% while the largest supplier accounted for approximately 73% of its total purchases.

None of the Directors, their close associates, or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owned more than 5% of the Company's issued shares) had an interest in the five largest suppliers or customers noted above.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The related party transactions for the year as disclosed in note 40 to the consolidated financial statements also constituted connected transaction under the Listing Rules, which are required to be disclosed in this report in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Details of such connected transaction (as defined under the Listing Rules) are set out below in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules:

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group, as lessee, entered into several Leases Contracts ("Lease Contracts 2020") with Beijing Tian'an Innovation technology and Estates Limited*(北京天安科創置業有限公司)("BTIT"), as landlord, a connected person of the Group. 100% equity interest in BTIT is indirectly held by Mr. Chen Weiwu, Mr. Chen Weiwu is therefore a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. Set out below is a summary of the principal terms of the Lease Contracts 2020.

主要客戶及供應商

於回顧年度內,本集團五大客戶應佔銷售總額約18%,而最大客戶則佔其總收益約8%。

於回顧年度內,本集團五大供應商應佔採購 總額約92%,而最大供應商則佔其採購總額 約73%。

概無董事、彼等之緊密聯繫人士或任何股東 (據董事所知擁有本公司已發行股份5%以上 者)於上述五大供應商或客戶當中擁有權益。

關連交易

於綜合財務報表附註40披露的年內關連人士交易亦構成上市規則項下的關連交易,而該交易根據上市規則第14A章須於本報告披露。按照上市規則的規定,該關連交易(定義見上市規則)的詳情載列如下:

於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本集團(作為承租人)與本集團之關連人士北京天安科創置業有限公司(「天安科創」)(作為業主)訂立數份租賃合同(「二零二零年租賃合同」)。由於陳偉武先生間接持有天安科創100%股權,故此,根據上市規則,陳偉武先生為本公司的關連人士。下文載列有關二零二零年租賃合同之主要條款摘要。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

The Property: Building 15, Building 32, Building 38, Building 40, Building 41, Building 54,

Building 62 and Building 63

Lease term: 10 years

Rental: Ranging from RMB1.51 to RMB1.69

> per sq.m. per day for the first year. Such rental rates will be increased by 3% for each year thereafter. The rent shall be pre-paid by Beijing Mingchuang to BTIT on a quarterly

basis.

Rental deposit: Beijing Mingchuang shall pay a

deposit equivalent to 90-day rental to BTIT not later than three working days before the commencement of

the lease term.

After the lease term expires or the contract is terminated, if there is damage to the leased property,

ancillary equipment and facilities, and the items in the handover receipt of the Property, BTIT has the right to deduct the corresponding repair expense for the damaged part from

the rental deposit.

Other expenses: The tenants shall be responsible for

> the utility's charges, air-conditioning charges, water charges and

renovation service fees (if any).

Use of the

Property:

Research centers and ancillary offices

Condition: The transactions contemplated

> under the Lease Contracts are subject to the obtaining of approval of the Independent Shareholders in accordance with the applicable regulations (including the Listing

Rules) by the Company.

Sublet: Beijing Mingchuang may sublet the

Property provided that the consent of

BTIT is obtained.

關連交易(續)

該物業: 15號樓、32號樓、38號樓、

40 號樓、41 號樓、54 號樓、

62 號樓及63 號樓

租期: 10年

租金: 第一年為介平每天每平方

米人民幣1.51元至人民幣 1.69元,其後的租金費率每 一年增加3%。北京名創每 季向天安科創預付租金。

租賃按金: 租期開始不遲於三個工作天

前,北京名創向天安科創支 付相等於90日租金的按金。

租賃期滿或合同解除後,若 租賃房屋、附屬設備設施、

該物業交接單內的物品存在 受損情況,天安科創有權在 租賃按金中扣除受損部分相

應的維修費用。

其他費用: 租戶將承擔公共服務費、空

調電費、水費及裝修服務費

(如有)。

該物業用途: 研究中心及附屬辦公室。

條件: 該等租賃合同擬進行的交易

> 受限於本公司根據適用法規 (包括上市規則)獲得獨立股

東批准。

轉租: 在獲得天安科創同意的前提

下,北京名創可轉租該物

業。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 27 December 2019 and the circular of the Company dated 25 February 2020 for further details.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Group, as lessee, entered into several Leases Contracts ("Lease Contracts 2021") with Beijing Tian'an Innovation Technology and Estates Limited*(北京天安科創置業有限公司)("BTIT"), as landlord, a connected person of the Group. 100% equity interest in BTIT is indirectly held by Mr. Chen Weiwu, Mr. Chen Weiwu is therefore a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. Set out below is a summary of the principal terms of the Lease Contracts 2022.

The Property: Building 52, Building 58, Building 59,

Building 60, Building 61 and Building 69

Lease term: Ranging from 10 years to 16 years

Rental: From RMB1.5 to RMB5.05 per sq.m.

per day for the first year. Such rental rates will be increased by 3% for each year thereafter. The rent shall be pre-paid by Beijing Mingchuang to

BTIT on a quarterly basis.

Rental deposit: Beijing Mingchuang shall pay a

deposit equivalent to 90-day rental to BTIT not later than three working days before the commencement of the lease term. After the lease term expires or the contract is terminated, if there is damage to the leased property, ancillary equipment and facilities, and the items in the handover receipt of the Property, BTIT has the right to deduct the corresponding repair expense for the damaged part from the rental

deposit.

關連交易(續)

有關進一步詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零 一九年十二月二十七日之公佈及本公司日期 為二零二零年二月二十五日之通函。

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,本集團(作為承租人)與本集團之關連人士北京天安科創置業有限公司(「天安科創」)(作為業主)訂立數份租賃合同(「二零二一年租賃合同」)。由於陳偉武先生間接持有天安科創100%股權,故此,根據上市規則,陳偉武先生為本公司的關連人士。下文載列有關二零二二年租賃合同之主要條款摘要。

該物業: 52號樓、58號樓、59號樓、

60 號樓、61 號樓及69 號樓

租期: 介乎10年至16年

租金: 第一年為每天每平方米人民

幣 1.5元至人民幣 5.05元。 該等租金率將於其後每年增 加 3%。北京名創應每季向

天安科創預付租金。

租賃按金: 於租期開始前不多於三個工

作天,北京名創應向天安科 創支付相當於90天租金之 按金。租期屆滿或合同解除 後,若租賃房屋、附屬設備 設施、該物業交接單內之物 品存在受損情況,天安科創 有權在租賃按金中扣除受損

部分相應之維修費用。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Other expenses: The lessee shall pay management

fee of to landlord.

Use of the Research centers, ancillary offices

Property: and others.

Condition: The transactions contemplated

under the Lease Contracts are subject to the obtaining of approval of the Independent Shareholders in accordance with the applicable regulations (including the Listing

Rules) by the Company.

Sublet: Beijing Mingchuang may sublet the

Property provided that the consent of

BTIT is obtained.

Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 11 December 2020 and the circular of the Company dated 25 January 2021 for further details.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, total rental paid or payable by the Group under the Lease Contracts amounted to RMB56,192,000.

During the year under review, save as disclosed above, the Group did not conduct any other non-exempt connected transaction or any continuing connected transaction under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

關連交易(續)

其他費用: 承租人應向業主支付管理

費。

該物業之用途: 研究中心、附屬辦公室及其

他。

條件: 該等租賃合同項下擬進行之

交易受限於本公司根據適用 法規(包括上市規則)獲得獨

立股東批准。

轉租: 在獲得天安科創同意之前提

下,北京名創可轉租該物

業。

有關進一步詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零二零年十二月十一日之公佈及本公司日期為二零二一年一月二十五日之通函。

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內, 本集團根據該等租賃合同已付或應付的租金 總額為人民幣56,192,000元。

於回顧年度內,除上文所披露者外,本集團並無根據上市規則第14A章進行任何其他不獲豁免之關連交易或任何持續關連交易。

EMOLUMENT POLICY

As at 31 March 2022, the Group employed a total number of 53 (2021: 44) employees. The remuneration of the employees of the Group is amounted to approximately HK\$10.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2022 (2021: HK\$15.1 million). The Group remunerates its employees based on their performance, experience and prevailing industry practices. The emoluments of the Directors and senior management of the Company are decided by the remuneration committee of the Company, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

The Group periodically reviews its remuneration package in order to attract, motivate and retain its employees. Discretionary bonuses may be rewarded to the Directors and employees depending on the Group's operating results and their performance.

Further, the Company has also adopted a share option scheme for the primary purpose of providing incentives or rewards to any the Director, employee and other eligible participant who made significant contribution to the Group. The Group also provides external training courses to its staff to improve their skills and services on an ongoing basis.

薪酬政策

於二零二二年三月三十一日,本集團僱用合 共53名(二零二一年:44名)僱員。截至二 零二二年三月三十一日止年度,本集團員工 之薪酬約為10,600,000港元(二零二零年: 15,100,000港元)。本集團按其僱員之表現、 經驗及當前行業慣例向彼等支薪。董事及本 公司高級管理層之薪酬乃由本公司薪酬委員 會經考慮本公司之經營業績、個別表現及可 資比較市場統計數字後決定。

本集團定期檢討其薪酬待遇,以吸引、激勵 及留聘其僱員。酌情花紅可視乎本集團之經 營業績以及董事及僱員之表現向彼等發放。

此外,本公司亦已採納認股權計劃,主要目的為向任何對本集團作出重大貢獻之董事、僱員及其他合資格參與者提供誘因或獎勵。本集團亦持續為其員工提供外部培訓課程,以改善彼等之技能及服務。

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company has adopted a dividend policy ("**Dividend Policy**"). The Company considers stable and sustainable returns to the shareholders of the Company to be its goal. According to the Dividend Policy, in deciding whether to propose a dividend and in determining the dividend amount, the Board shall take into account, inter alia:—

- (i) the general financial condition of the Group;
- (ii) the Group's actual and future operations and liquidity position;
- (iii) the Group's expected working capital requirements and future expansion plans;
- (iv) the Group's debt to equity ratios and the debt level;
- the retained earnings and distributable reserves of the Company and each of the members of the Group;
- (vi) the shareholders' and the investors' expectation and industry's norm;
- (vii) the general market conditions; and
- (viii) any other factors that the Board deems appropriate.

The declaration and payment of dividend by the Company is also subject to any restrictions under the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and the Company's articles of association and any other applicable laws and regulations.

The Board will continually review the Dividend Policy and reserves the right in its sole and absolute discretion to update, amend, modify and/or cancel the Dividend Policy at any time.

The Dividend Policy shall in no way constitute a legally binding commitment by the Group in respect of its future dividend and/or in no way obligate the Group to declare a dividend at any time or from time to time.

股息政策

本公司已採納股息政策(「**股息政策**」)。本公司認為為本公司股東帶來穩定及持續的回報乃公司的目標。根據股息政策,於決定是否派發股息及釐定股息之金額時,董事會應計及(其中包括):

- (i) 本集團的一般財務狀況;
- (ii) 本集團的實際及未來經營及流動性狀況;
- (iii) 本集團的預期營運資金要求及未來擴展 計劃;
- (iv) 本集團的債務股本比及債務水平;
- (v) 本公司及本集團各成員公司的保留盈利 及可分配儲備;
- (vi) 股東及投資者及預期及行業準則;
- (vii) 一般市況;及
- (viii) 董事會認為合適的任何其他因素。

本公司股息的派發及派付受制於香港法例第 622章公司條例及本公司組織章程細則以及任 何適用法律及法規之限制。

董事會將持續檢討股息政策,並享有絕對酌 情權隨時更新、修訂、修改及/或取消股息 政策。

股息政策絕不構成本集團就未來股息所作出 具法律約束力的承諾,及/或絕不會令本集 團必須於任何時間或不時宣派股息。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESSES

As at 31 March 2022, none of the Directors was interested in any business, which competed or was likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the Group's businesses except that Mr. Chen Weiwu is an ultimate beneficiary owner of BTIT which is engaged in construction, property development and related business in the PRC.

As the Board is independent of the boards of BTIT, the Company has therefore been capable of carrying on its businesses independently of, and at arm's length from, the above businesses.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Current assets

As at 31 March 2022, current assets primarily consist of (i) completed properties held for sale (ii) trade and other receivables; and (iii) cash and cash equivalents. The increase in current assets by approximately HK\$77.7 million or 5.8% compared to last year was mainly resulted from: (i) completed properties held for sale which is approximately HK\$837.0 million or 100% compared to last year due to the project had completed in December 2021 (ii) decrease in trade and other receivables approximately HK\$39.7 million or 11.8% compared to last year was mainly due to the decrease in deposits, prepayments and other receivables; and (iii) increase in cash and cash equivalents by approximately HK\$16.9 million or 9.6% compared to last year.

Non-current assets

As at 31 March 2022, non-current assets primarily consist of investment properties and finance lease receivables. The decrease in investment properties by approximately HK\$4.8 million or 1.7% compared to last year and the decrease in finance lease receivables by approximately HK\$8.8 million or 3.2%, due to lease payment of lease contracts during the year.

董事於競爭性業務的權益

於二零二二年三月三十一日,概無董事於任何直接或間接與本集團業務構成競爭或可能構成競爭的業務中擁有權益,惟陳偉武先生則除外,其為天安科創之最終實益擁有人,該公司於中國從事建設、物業發展及相關業務。

由於董事會乃獨立於天安科創之董事會,因此,本公司有能力獨立於上述業務之情況下 按公平基準進行其本身業務。

財務回顧

流動資產

於二零二二年三月三十一日,流動資產主要包括(i)持有待售竣工物業;(ii)應收貨款及其他款項;及(iii)現金及現金等值項目。流動資產較去年增加約77,700,000港元或5.8%,主要由於;(i)持有待售竣工物業較去年增加約837,000,000港元或100%,由於該計劃已於二零二一年十二月竣工所致;(ii)應收貨款及其他款項較去年減少約39,700,000港元或11.8%,主要由於按金、預付款項及其他應收款項減少所致;及(iii)現金及現金等值項目較去年增加約16,900,000港元或9.6%。

非流動資產

於二零二二年三月三十一日,非流動資產主要包括投資物業及應收融資租賃款項。投資物業較去年減少約4,800,000港元或1.7%,而應收融資租賃款項則減少約8,800,000港元或3.2%,此乃由於年內租賃合約的租賃付款所致。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Current liabilities

As at 31 March 2022, current liabilities primarily consist of (i) trade and other payables; (ii) contract liabilities; (iii) amounts due to non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries; (iv) lease liabilities; and (v) bank borrowings. The increase in current liabilities by approximately HK\$39.2 million or 4.7% compared to last year was mainly resulted from: (i) increase in contract liabilities by approximately HK\$145.2 million or 33.4% compared to last year was mainly because of the increase in deposits and instalments received on properties sold (ii) decrease in bank borrowings for the property development business in Dongguan, PRC; (iii) increase in lease liabilities by approximately HK\$5.8 million or 11.2% compared to last year; and (iv) increase in trade and other payables by approximately 75.2 million or 273.1% due to the construction contract not yet settled in Dongguan, PRC.

Liquidity and financial resources

As at 31 March 2022, the Group had bank borrowings in total of approximately HK\$99.2 million (2021: HK\$289.5 million).

The maturity profile of the Group's bank borrowings is set out as follows:

財務回顧(續)

流動負債

於二零二二年三月三十一日,流動負債主要包括(i)應付貨款及其他款項;(ii)合約負債;(iii)應付附屬公司之非控股股東款項;(iv)租賃負債;及(v)銀行借貸。流動負債較去年增加約39,200,000港元或4.7%,主要由於出售物業收取之按金配或33.4%,主要由於出售物業收取之按金及分期款項增加所致;(ii)中國東莞物業發展增加約5,800,000港元或11.2%;及(iv)應付貨款及其他款項增加約75,200,000港元或273.1%,此乃由於在中國東莞的建築合約尚未結算所致。

流動資金及財務資源

於二零二二年三月三十一日,本集團之銀行借貸合共約為99,200,000港元(二零二一年:約289,500,000港元)。

本集團銀行借貸之到期組合載列如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Repayable:	須於以下日期償還:		
Within one year	一年內	99.2	289.5
more than one year, but not	超過一年但不超過兩年		
exceeding two years		_	_
more than two years, but not	超過兩年但不超過五年		
exceeding five years		-	_
more than five years	超過五年	-	
Total	總計	99.2	289.5

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Liquidity and financial resources (Continued)

The carrying amounts of all the Group's bank borrowings were denominated in RMB. As at 31 March 2022, the Group's bank borrowings balance of approximately HK\$99.2 million was charged at a fixed interest rate. The bank borrowings carry effective interest rates of 7.24% per annum (2021: 7.24% per annum).

During the year ended 31 March 2021, all convertible bonds had converted to ordinary shares of the Company. Please refer to the Company's next day disclosure return date 30 July 2020 for details.

The gearing ratio of the Group as at 31 March 2022 was not applicable (since the Group maintained net cash position as at 31 March 2022) compared with 31.1% as at 31 March 2021. The Directors consider the Group as in a healthy financial position. Such ratio was calculated with reference to the bank borrowings deduction of cash and bank balances over the Company's equity attributable to owners of the Company. As at 31 March 2022, the Group had net current assets of approximately HK\$531.3 million as compared with the net current assets as at 31 March 2021 of approximately HK\$492.8 million. The current ratio of the Group as at 31 March 2022 was 1.6 compared with 1.6 as at 31 March 2021.

財務回顧(續)

流動資金及財務資源(續)

所有本集團銀行借貸之賬面值乃以人民幣計值。於二零二二年三月三十一日,本集團之銀行借貸結餘約99,200,000港元按固定利率計息。銀行借貸之實際利率為每年7.24%(二零二一年:每年7.24%)。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,全部可換股債券已獲轉換為本公司之普通股。請參閱本公司日期為二零二零年七月三十日之翌日披露報表以了解詳情。

本集團於二零二二年三月三十一日之資本負債比率為不適用(因為本集團於二零二二年三月三十一日維持現金淨額狀況),而於二零二一年三月三十一日則為31.1%。董郵經 為本集團處於穩健財務狀況。該比率乃經經 考銀行借貸扣減現金及銀行結餘除以本公司 擁有人應佔本公司之權益計算得出。於二零二二年三月三十一日,本集團之流動資產淨值約為531,300,000港元,而二零二一年三月三十一日則為流動資產淨值約492,800,000港元。本集團於二零二二年三月三十一日則為流動資產淨值約492,800,000港元。本集團於二零二二年三月三十一日則為1.6。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Liquidity and financial resources (Continued)

The revenue of the Group, being mostly denominated in Renminbi and Hong Kong dollar, matches the currency requirement of the Group's expenses while other foreign currencies were immaterial. During the year ended 31 March 2022, no financial instrument was entered into by the Group used for hedging purpose. The Group was not exposed to any exchange rate risk or any related hedges.

Fund raising activities

In prior years, the Group completed the following fund raising exercise to strengthen its financial position and raised the gross proceeds of approximately HK\$42.0 million, with the net proceeds of approximately HK\$41.8 million after deduction of issuance expenses. Details of which are set out as follows:

財務回顧(續)

流動資金及財務資源(續)

本集團之大部份收益以人民幣及港元計值, 符合本集團開支之貨幣要求,而其他外幣並 不重大。截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團概無財務工具用作對沖用途。本 集團並無面臨任何匯率風險或任何相關對沖。

集資活動

於過往年度,本集團完成以下集資活動, 以增強其財務狀況及募得所得款項總額約 42,000,000港元,而經扣除發行開支後,所 得款項淨額約為41,800,000港元。其詳情載 列如下:

Date of announcement	Description of fund raising activities	Intended Use of Proceeds	Amount of Net Proceeds Brought Forward to the year ending 31 March 2021 結轉至截至二零	Amount utilized up to 31 March 2021	Amount of Net Proceeds Brought Forward to the year ended 31 March 2022 結轉至截至	Amount utilized up to 31 March 2022	Amount of unutilized proceeds	Expected timeline/ Intended use of unutilized proceeds
公佈日期	集資活動之群情	所得款項之擬定用途	二一年三月 三十一日止年度 之所得款項 淨額金額	截至 二零二一年三月 三十一日 之已動用金額	二零二二年三月 三十一日止年度 之所得款項 淨額金額	截至 二零二二年 三月三十一日 之已動用金額	尚未動用 所得款項之金額	預期時間表/ 尚未動用所得 款項之擬定用途
31 August 2018	Issue of convertible bonds in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$42,031,080, which has been converted into ordinary shares of the Company on 30 July 2020	Money lending business of the Group in Hong Kong: approximately HK\$27.2 million (as per the announcement of the Company dated 25 August 2021, the use of proceeds have been reallocated to general working capital)	HK\$27.2 million	nil	HK\$27.2 million	HK\$27.2 million	nil	N/A
二零一八年 八月三十一日	發行本金總額為42,031,080港元之可換 股債券,其已於二零二零年七月三十 日獲轉換為本公司之普通股	本集團於香港之 放債業務: 約27,200,000港元 (根據本公司日期為二零 二一年八月二十五日之公 佈,所得款項用途已重新 分配為一般營運資金)	27,200,000 港元	छ <	27,200,000 港元	27,200,000 港元	悪合っ	不適用

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

財務回顧(續)

Fund raising activities (Continued)

集資活動(續)

Date of announcement	Description of fund raising activities	Intended Use of Proceeds	Amount of Net Proceeds Brought Forward to the year ending 31 March 2021 結轉至截至二零 二一年三月	Amount utilized up to 31 March 2021 截至	Amount of Net Proceeds Brought Forward to the year ended 31 March 2022 結轉至截至 二零二二年三月	Amount utilized up to 31 March 2022	Amount of unutilized proceeds	Expected timeline/ Intended use of unutilized proceeds
公佈日期	集資活動之詳情	所得款項之擬定用途	三十一日止年度 之所得款項 淨額金額	二零二一年三月 三十一日 之已動用金額	三十一日止年度 之所得款項 淨額金額	二零二二年 三月三十一日 之已動用金額	尚未動用 所得款項之金額	預期時間表/ 尚未動用所得 款項之擬定用途
		General working capital of the Group: approximately HK\$14.6 million	HK\$14.6 million	HK\$14.6 million	nil	nil	nil	N/A
		本集團之 一般營運資金:約 14,600,000港元	14,600,000 港元	14,600,000 港元	要令	ক্ত	命令	不適用
26 July 2017	Issue of convertible bonds in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$46,341,960, which has been converted into ordinary shares of the Company on 30 July 2020	Potential acquisition (Note 1) approximately HK\$32.1 million	HK\$32.1 million	nil	HK\$32.1 million	HK\$32.1 million	nil	N/A
二零一七年 七月 二十六日	發行本金總額為46,341,960港元之可換股債券,其已於二零二零年七月三十日獲轉換為本公司之普通股	潛在收購事項 <i>(附註1)</i> 約32,100,000港元	32,100,000 港元	東令	32,100,000 港元	32,100,000 港元	東 令	不適用
	Constitution of the state of th	General working capital of the Group: approximately HK\$14.0 million	nil	nil	nil	nil	nil	N/A
		本集團之 一般營運資金:約 14,000,000港元	要々	蒙	悪公マ	一	零	不適用

Note 1:

附註1:

The proceeds of approximately HK\$32.1 million was utilized to settle the consideration of an acquisition in July 2020.

所得款項約32,100,000港元已於二零二零年七月用 於支付收購代價。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Charges

As at 31 March 2022, certain bank borrowings of the Group in the total amount of approximately HK\$99.2 million were secured by i) corporate guarantees provided by related companies of a non-controlling shareholder, and a subsidiary of the Group; ii) personal guarantees provided by Mr. Chen Weiwu, the director of the Group and his spouse; iii) entire equity interest of a subsidiary of the Group; and iv) completed properties held for sale of the Group with carrying amounts of approximately HK\$837.0 million.

As at 31 March 2021, the Group's bank borrowings were secured by i) corporate guarantees provided by related companies of a non-controlling shareholder, and a subsidiary of the Group; ii) personal guarantees provided by Mr. Chen Weiwu, the director of the Group and his spouse; iii) entire equity interest of a subsidiary of the Group; and iv) properties under development of the Group with carrying amounts of approximately HK\$770.4 million.

Save as disclosed above, the Group did not have any other charges on assets as at 31 March 2022.

Contingent liabilities

Please refer to note 44 of this announcement for material contingent liabilities of the Group as at 31 March 2022.

Significant investments held, material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, and future plans for material investments or capital assets

Reference is made to the Company's announcement dated 30 July 2021 and circular dated 30 September 2021 in relation to, among other things, a very substantial acquisition and connected transaction, respectively. Capitalised terms used under this sub-heading shall have the same meaning as in the said announcement and circular unless otherwise defined in this report.

財務回顧(續)

抵押

於二零二二年三月三十一日,本集團之若干銀行借貸總額為約99,200,000港元,以下列各項作抵押:i)由一名非控股股東之關連公司及本集團一間附屬公司提供之公司擔保:ii)本集團董事陳偉武先生及其配偶提供之個人擔保:iii)本集團一間附屬公司之全部股權:及iv)賬面值為約837,000,000港元之本集團持作出售之已完成物業。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團之銀行借貸以下列各項作抵押:i)由一名非控股股東之關連公司及本集團一間附屬公司提供之公司擔保:ii)本集團董事陳偉武先生及其配偶提供之個人擔保;iii)本集團一間附屬公司之全部股權:及iv)賬面值為約770,400,000港元之本集團發展中物業。

除上文所披露者外,本集團於二零二二年三 月三十一日並無任何其他資產抵押。

或然負債

有關本集團於二零二二年三月三十一日之重 大或然負債,請參閱本公佈附註44。

持有之重大投資、附屬公司、聯營公司及合 營公司之重大收購及出售事項以及重大投資 或資本資產之未來計劃

茲提述本公司日期分別為二零二一年七月 三十日及二零二一年九月三十日之公佈及通 函,內容有關(其中包括)非常重大收購事項 及關連交易。除本報告另有界定者外,本分 節所用詞彙與上述公佈及通函所述者具有相 同涵義。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Significant investments held, material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, and future plans for material investments or capital assets (Continued)

On 30 July 2021, the Company entered into the equity sale and purchase agreement (the "Equity Sale and Purchase Agreement") with Shenzhen Yaoling Investment Company Limited*(深圳市耀領投資有限公司) ("Shenzhen Yaoling"), the non-controlling shareholder of an indirect subsidiary of the Company, Dongguan Huachuangwen Land Ltd.*(東莞市華創文置地有限公司) ("Huachuangwen Land"), to acquire 55% equity interest of Huachuangwen Land (the "Acquisition"). Upon the completion of the Acquisition, the Company will hold 90% of the equity interest in Huachuangwen Land and the financial statements of Huachuangwen Land will continue to be consolidated into the consolidated financial statements of the Group. The consideration shall be settled by way of (i) cash of RMB40,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$48,000,000); (ii) issue and allotment of 450,000,000 shares of the Company at an issue price of HK\$0.2 per share, resulting in a total value of HK\$90,000,000 of shares and (iii) issue of convertible bonds of the Company in the principal amount of HK\$27,120,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB22,600,800). Details of the Acquisition were disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 30 July 2021 and the Company's circular dated 30 September 2021.

財務回顧(續)

持有之重大投資、附屬公司、聯營公司及合 營公司之重大收購及出售事項以及重大投資 或資本資產之未來計劃(續)

於二零二一年七月三十日,本公司與深圳市 耀領投資有限公司(「深圳耀領」,本公司一 間間接附屬公司之非控股股東)及東莞市華 創文置地有限公司(「華創文置地」)訂立股權 買賣協議(「股權買賣協議」),以收購華創文 置地之55%股權(「收購事項」)。收購事項 完成後,本公司將持有華創文置地90%股 權,而華創文置地之財務報表將繼續併入 本集團綜合財務報表。代價將以(i)現金人 民 幣40,000,000元(相 當 於 約48,000,000 港元);(ii)按發行價每股0.2港元發行及配 發 450,000,000股本公司股份,使股份之 總價值為90,000,000港元;及(iii)發行本 金額為27,120,000港元(相當於約人民幣 22,600,800元)之本公司可換股債券之方式支 付。有關收購事項之詳情於本公司日期為二 零二一年七月三十日之公佈及本公司日期為 二零二一年九月三十日之通函內披露。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Significant investments held, material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, and future plans for material investments or capital assets (Continued)

Subsequently, the Acquisition was approved at the special general meeting of the Company on 20 October 2021. On 29 October 2021, the Company announced that as additional time is required for the fulfillment of the conditions precedent to the Equity Sale and Purchase Agreement, the Company and Shenzhen Yaoling agreed in writing to extend the long stop date from 31 October 2021 to 31 December 2021 (or such other date as the parties may agree in writing).

On 31 December 2021, the Company announced that additional time is required for the fulfillment of the conditions precedent to the Equity Sale and Purchase Agreement the Company and Shenzhen Yaoling agreed in writing to extend the Long Stop Date from 31 December 2021 to 31 January 2022 (or such other date as the parties may agree in writing). On 31 January 2022, the Company announced that as additional time is required for the fulfillment of the conditions precedent to the Equity Sale and Purchase Agreement, the Company and Shenzhen Yaoling agreed in writing to extend the long stop date from 31 January 2022 to 31 March 2022 (or such other date as the parties may agree in writing).

On 31 March 2022, the Company announced that as additional time is required for the fulfillment of the conditions precedent to the Equity Sale and Purchase Agreement, the Company and Shenzhen Yaoling agreed in writing to extend the long stop date from 31 March 2022 to 30 June 2022 (or such other date as the parties may agree in writing). As at 31 March 2022, the Acquisition has not yet completed.

Save as disclosed above, there was no significant investments held, no material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures during the year ended 31 March 2022.

財務回顧(續)

持有之重大投資、附屬公司、聯營公司及合營公司之重大收購及出售事項以及重大投資或資本資產之未來計劃(續)

其後,收購事項已於二零二一年十月二十日舉行之本公司股東特別大會上獲批准。於二零二一年十月二十九日,本公司宣佈,由於需要更多時間達成股權買賣協議之先決條件,故本公司與深圳耀領書面協定,將最後截止日期由二零二一年十月三十一日延長至二零二一年十二月三十一日(或訂約方可能書面協定之其他日期)。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司宣之佈,由於需要更多時間達成股權買賣協議,由於需要更多時間達成股權買賣協定,最後截止日期由二零二一年十二月三十一日(或訂約古一月)。於二零二二年一月,本公司宣佈,由於需要更多公司宣佈,由於需要更多公司宣佈,由於需要更多公司宣佈,由於需要更多公司宣佈,故權買賣協議之先決條件,故事之二年一月宣前之一,將最後截止日期與零二二年一月三十一日(或訂約方可能書面協定之其他日期)。

於二零二二年三月三十一日,本公司宣佈,由於需要更多時間達成股權買賣協議之先決條件,故本公司與深圳耀領書面協定,將最後截止日期由二零二二年三月三十一日延長至二零二二年六月三十日(或訂約方可能書面協定之其他日期)。於二零二二年三月三十一日,收購事項尚未完成。

除上文所披露者外,於截至二零二二年三月 三十一日止年度,概無持有之重大投資、附 屬公司、聯營公司或合營公司之重大收購或 出售事項。

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Details of the remuneration paid by the Group to the Directors of the Company and senior management of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2022 are set out in notes 12 and 40(a) to the consolidated financial statements.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 March 2022.

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of its Directors, the Company has maintained sufficient public float in accordance with the Listing Rules throughout the year ended 31 March 2022 and as at the date of this report.

AUDITOR

On 1 March 2022, BDO Limited who acted as auditor of the Company for the period from 25 August 2004 to 1 March 2022, resigned and CCTH CPA Limited was appointed on 1 March 2022 as auditor of the Company to fill the casual vacancy and hold office until the conclusion of the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The consolidated financial statements for the year have been audited by CCTH CPA Limited which will retire and being eligible, after themselves for reappointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

> On behalf of the Board Chen Weiwu

Chairman

Hong Kong, 29 June 2022

* For identification only

董事及高級管理層之酬金

本集團於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年 度向本公司董事和本集團高級管理層支付之 酬金詳情載於綜合財務報表附註12及40(a)。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證

本公司或其任何附屬公司於截至二零二二年 三月三十一日止年度內並無購買、出售或贖 回本公司之上市證券。

公眾持股量

基於本公司公開取得的資料及據其董事所 知,本公司於截至二零二二年三月三十一日 止年度內及本報告日期維持上市規則所規定 之足夠公眾持股量。

核數師

於二零二二年三月一日,香港立信德豪會計 師事務所有限公司(於二零零四年八月二十五 日至二零二二年三月一日期間擔任本公司核 數師)辭任,而中正天恆會計師有限公司於二 零二二年三月一日獲委任為本公司核數師以 填補臨時空缺,任期直至應屆股東週年大會 結束為止。

本年度之綜合財務報表已由中正天恆會計師 有限公司審核,中正天恆會計師有限公司將 於應屆股東週年大會上退任,惟符合資格並 願意膺撰連仟。

> 代表董事會 主席 陳偉武

香港,二零二二年六月二十九日

* 僅供識別

INTRODUCTION

The Board and the senior management of the Company are committed to establishing good corporate governance practices and procedures. The maintenance of high standard of business ethics and corporate governance practices has always been one of the Group's goals. The Company believes that good corporate governance provides a framework that is essential for effective management, successful business growth and a healthy corporate culture, thereby leading to the enhancement of shareholders' value.

CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Throughout the year ended 31 March 2022, the Company has complied with all the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules.

The below sets out the Group's Corporate governance principles and practices, indicate how the Group has applied relevant principles in the CG Code.

緒言

董事會及本公司高級管理層致力建立良好企業管治常規及程序。維持高水平之商業操守及企業管治常規一直為本集團的目標之一。本公司相信,良好企業管治所提供之架構,對有效管理、業務成功發展及建立良好企業文化至關重要,可藉此提高股東價值。

企業管治守則

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止整個年度 內,本公司一直遵守載於上市規則附錄十四 之企業管治守則(「**企業管治守則**」)之所有守 則條文。

以下載列了本集團採納之企業管治原則及實務, 説明了本集團如何應用企業管治守則載 列之相關原則。

THE BOARD

Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company and oversees the Group's business. strategic decisions and performances and is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising its affairs. In practice, the Board takes responsibility for decision making in all major matters of the Company including the approval and monitoring of all policy matters, the setting of objectives, annual budgets and overall strategies, the entering into material transactions, appointment of Directors, reviewing the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems and other significant financial and operational matters. The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are delegated to the senior executives and the management. Their responsibilities include the implementation of decisions made by the Board, the co-ordination and direction of day-to-day operation and management of the Company in accordance with the management strategies and plans approved by the Board. The Board receives full support from senior executives to discharge its responsibility. Prior approval has to be obtained from the Board before entering into any material transactions. The statement of the auditors of the Company in relation to their reporting responsibilities for the consolidated financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 69 to 77 of this report.

董事會

職責

董事會負責本公司之領導及監控工作,並監 察本集團之業務、策略性決策及表現,以及 藉指導及監督本公司事務,共同負責引領 本公司邁向成功。實際上,董事會負責就本 公司所有主要事項作出決策,包括:審批及 監控所有政策事宜、制定目標、年度預算及 整體策略、訂立重大交易、委任董事、檢討 風險管理及內部監控系統之有效性及其他重 大財務及營運事宜。本公司之日常管理、行 政及營運均轉授予高級行政人員及管理層執 行。彼等之職責包括實行董事會作出之決 策、根據董事會審批之管理策略及計劃協調 及指導本公司日常營運及管理。董事會獲得 高級行政人員之全力支持履行其職責。在訂 立任何重大交易前均須獲得董事會預先批 准。有關本公司核數師對綜合財務報表之呈 報責任之聲明載於本報告第69至77頁之獨立 核數師報告。

THE BOARD (Continued)

Composition

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises five Directors, including two Executive Directors, namely, Mr. Chen Weiwu (Chairman), Mr. Zhou Houjie (Resigned as Acting Chief Executive Officer on 16 August 2021 and Mr. Jiang Ruowenhao (Appointed as Executive Director and Acting Chief Executive Officer on 16 August 2021)) and three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Chen Youchun, Ms. Lui Mei Ka and Mr. Zhou Xin.

One of the Independent Non-executive Directors has appropriate accounting and financial management expertise. The number of Independent Non-executive Directors is more than one-third of the Board. Biographical details of the Chairman and other Directors are set out in the paragraph headed "Directors and senior management" on pages 16 to 25 of this report.

The presence of three Independent Non-executive Directors is considered by the Board to be a reasonable balance between Executive Directors and Non-executive Directors. The Board is of the opinion that such balance can provide adequate checks and balances to safeguard the interests of shareholders and of the Group. The Independent Non-executive Directors provide to the Group with a wide range of expertise and experience so that independent judgment can be exercised effectively. They have also participated in Board meetings and general meetings, dealt with potential conflicts of interest, served on Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company and scrutinised the Group's performance and reporting. Through their active participation, the management process of the Company can be critically reviewed and controlled.

董事會(續)

組成

於本報告日期,董事會由五名董事組成,包括兩名執行董事,分別為陳偉武先生(主席)、周厚傑先生(於二零二一年八月十六日辭任署理行政總裁)及江若文豪先生(於二零二一年八月十六日獲委任為執行董事及署理行政總裁),以及三名獨立非執行董事,分別為陳友春先生、雷美嘉女士及周新先生。

其中一名獨立非執行董事具備適當會計及財務管理專業知識。獨立非執行董事佔董事會人數超過三分之一。主席及其他董事之履歷詳情載於本報告第16至25頁「董事及高級管理層」一段內。

董事會認為,董事會包括三名獨立非執行董事的之法。 事,可於執行董事與非執行董事間達致及 事會認為,此制衡能為保障。 政本集團利益提供充份之核查及平衡。 我不集團是供廣泛專業知識等 大會會議及股東大會。 大會會議及股東大會。 大會會議及股東大會。 大會會議及股東大會。 大會會議及股東大會。 大會會成員,以及監察本集團之之 是報。透過彼等之積極參與,本公司之 是報。透過彼等之積極參與,本公司之 是報。透過彼等之積極參與,本公司之 是報。透過彼等之積極參與,本公司之 是報。透過彼等之積極參與,本公司之 是報。透過彼等之積極參與,本公司之 是報。透過彼等之積極參與,本公司之 是報。透過彼等之積極參與,本公司之 是報,從等質得審慎檢討及監控。

THE BOARD (Continued)

Composition (Continued)

The Directors have distinguished themselves in their field of expertise, and have exhibited high standards of personal and professional ethics and integrity. All Directors have given sufficient time and attention to the Company's affairs. Each Director shall disclosed to the Company at the time of his/her appointment the positions held in other listed companies or public organisation and other significant commitment, and is required to provide any change on such situation in a timely manner. The Board believes that the ratio between Executive Directors and Independent Non-executive Directors is reasonable and adequate to perform check and balance function over the Board in the decision making process.

The Board participates in the selection and approval of new Director. Independent Non-executive Directors are appointed for a specific term. Under the Bye-laws, all the Directors are required to retire and be re-selected by rotation at least once every three years.

In compliance with Code Provision A.3.2 of the CG Code, an updated list of the Directors identifying their role and function are available on the websites of the Company (http://www.ts674.com) and the Stock Exchange (www.hkex.com.hk). The Company will review the composition of the Board from time to time to ensure that the Board possesses the appropriate and necessary expertise, skill and experience to meet the needs of the Group's business and to enhance the Shareholders' value.

董事會(續)

組成(續)

董事在本身之專業範圍均為傑出人士,並展示出高水平之個人及專業操守和誠信。全體董事均已就本公司事務付出充足時間及關注。每名董事於接受委任時均會向本公司或公眾組織所擔任之認露其於其他上市公司或公眾組織所擔任之改大承擔,並需於該等情況發生重大變化時,及時通知本公司。董事與獨立非執行董事間之比率有該屬合理,並足以對董事會之決策過程發揮互相核查及制衡之作用。

董事會參與新董事之甄選及批准。獨立非執 行董事以特定任期委任。根據公司細則,所 有董事均須輪席退任,並最少每三年重選一 次。

遵循企業管治守則之守則條文第A.3.2條,明列董事角色與職能之更新名單將可於本公司網站(http://www.ts674.com)及聯交所網站(www.hkex.com.hk)瀏覽。本公司將不時審閱董事會之組成,以確保董事會擁有適切及必要之專業能力、技能及經驗,以滿足本集團業務之需求及提升股東價值。

INDEPENDENCE

The Company has received an annual confirmation of independence from each of the Independent Non-executive Director in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and each of them has declared fulfilment of all the guidelines for assessing independence in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Accordingly, the Company considers that all the Independent Non-executive Directors are independent.

All Independent Non-executive Directors are identified as such in all corporate communications containing the names of the Directors. In addition, there is no material relationship between Board members.

BOARD MEETINGS AND SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS

The Board regularly meets at least four times a year, approximately quarterly intervals. Directors attend meetings in person or through other electronic means of communication to determine the overall strategic direction, objectives and to approve interim results, annual results or other significant matters. Draft notice and agenda for regular meetings are provided to all Directors for comments and inclusion of any matters for deliberation at the meetings at least 14 days before the meetings. Apart from holding regular meetings, senior management from time to time provides to the Directors information on activities and development of the business of the Group. The Company Secretary assists the Chairman in preparing agenda for the meetings and ensures that all applicable rules and regulations in connection with the meetings are observed and complied with. The agenda and Board papers are then sent to all Directors at least 3 days prior to the meeting. The Company Secretary also takes detailed minutes, keeps records of matters discussed and decision resolved at the meetings.

獨立性

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事按照上市規則第3.13條發出表明其獨立性之年度確認書,且彼等各自均聲明已符合所有根據上市規則第3.13條有關獨立性之指引。因此,本公司認為全體獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

所有載有董事姓名之公司通訊中,均已説明 全體獨立非執行董事之身份。此外,董事會 成員之間概無重大關係。

董事會會議及股東大會

BOARD MEETINGS AND SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS (Continued)

董事會會議及股東大會(續)

During the year, details of the Directors' attendance in

於年內,董事出席以下會議之詳情載列如下:

the following meetings are set out below:

Name of Directors	Board Meeting attended/ Eligible attended 出席/ 合資格出席 董事會	Audit Committee Meeting attended/ Eligible attended 出席/ 合資格出席	Remuneration Committee Meeting attended/ Eligible attended 出席/ 合資格出席 薪酬委員會	Nomination Committee Meeting attended/ Eligible attended 出席 合資格出席 提名委員會	Annual General Meeting attended/ Eligible attended 出席資格 出席資	Special General Meeting attended/ Eligible attended 出席 台資格
董事姓名	會議	會議	會議	會議	週年大會	特別大會
Executive Director 執行董事						
Mr. Chen Weiwu 陳偉武先生	4/4	-	_	2/2	1/1	_
Mr. Zhou Houjie 周厚傑先生	4/4	_	2/2	_	1/1	1/1
Mr. Jiang Ruowenhao <i>(Appointed on 16 August 2021)</i> 江若文豪先生 <i>(於二零二一年八月十六日獲委任)</i>		2/2	_	_	1/1	1/1
Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事						
Mr. Chen Youchun 陳友春先生	4/4	3/3	2/2	2/2	1/1	1/1
Ms. Lui Mei Ka 雷美嘉女士	4/4	3/3	-	-	1/1	1/1
Mr. Zhou Xin 周新先生	4/4	3/3	2/2	2/2	1/1	1/1

BOARD MEETINGS AND SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS (Continued)

During regular meetings of the Board, the Directors discuss and formulate the overall strategies of the Group, monitor financial performances, review the annual and interim results, and make decisions on other significant matters. The execution of daily operational matters is delegated to the senior executives of the Group.

The Company Secretary records the proceedings of each Board meeting in detail by keeping minutes, including the record of all decisions resolved by the Board together with concerns raised and dissenting views expressed (if any). Draft Board minutes are circulated to all Directors for comment and approval as soon as practicable after the meeting. All minutes are open for inspection at any reasonable time upon request by any Director.

All Directors have access to relevant and timely information at all times and they may make further enquiries if it is necessary to do so.

They also have unrestricted access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary, who is held responsible for providing Directors with Board papers and other related materials. The Company Secretary also ensures that proper Board procedures are followed and that all applicable laws and regulations are complied with. If the Directors consider necessary and appropriate, they may retain the service of independent professional advisers at the Group's expense.

In case where a conflict of interest arises involving a substantial shareholder or a Director, such matter will be resolved in a physical meeting instead of passing written resolutions. Independent Non-executive Directors with no conflict of interest will be present at meetings to deal with such conflict issues.

董事會會議及股東大會(續)

於董事會之定期會議中,董事商討及制定本 集團之整體策略、監察財務表現、審閱年度 及中期業績,及為其他重大事宜作出決策。 日常營運事務已轉授予本集團高級行政人員 執行。

公司秘書就各董事會會議之議事程序作詳細之會議記錄,包括記錄董事會所議決之所有決定,以及所提出之關注事宜及表達之反對意見(如有)。董事會會議記錄之初稿須於會議結束後,於切實可行之情況下盡快發送予全體董事,以供彼等給予意見及審批。任何董事均可在任何合理時間要求查閱所有會議記錄。

全體董事均可在任何時間取得相關最新資料,而彼等於需要時均可作出進一步查詢。

彼等亦可不受限制地取得公司秘書之意見及 服務,公司秘書負責向董事提供董事會文件 及其他相關材料。公司秘書亦確保遵循正 確董事會程序,以及遵守一切適用法律及法 規。如董事認為有需要及適當時,彼等可聘 用獨立專業顧問提供服務,費用由本集團支 付。

倘一名主要股東或董事存有利益衝突,有關 事項將於現場會議上議決,而非通過書面決 議案議決。並無利益衝突之獨立非執行董事 將會出席會議以處理該等衝突事宜。

BOARD MEETINGS AND SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS (Continued)

The Board committees, including the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, have all adopted the applicable practices and procedures used in Board meetings.

The annual general meeting and other special general meetings of the Company are the primary forum for communication with its shareholders and for shareholders' participation. All shareholders are encouraged to attend the general meetings or to appoint proxies to attend and vote at meetings on their behalves if they are unable to attend.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Company held its annual general meeting on 24 September 2021. Details of major items discussed in the annual general meeting are set out in the circulars of the Company dated 20 August 2021.

TRAINING AND SUPPORT FOR DIRECTORS

All Directors, including Independent Non-executive Directors, must keep abreast of their collective responsibilities as Directors and of the business of the Group. As such, the Group provides a comprehensive and formal induction to each newly appointed Director upon his/her appointment. Briefings and orientations are provided so as to ensure that new Directors are familiar with the role of the Board, their legal and other duties as a Director as well as the business and governance practices of the Group. Such programmes are tailor-made for each Director taking into account their background and expertise.

董事會會議及股東大會(續)

董事委員會(包括審核委員會、薪酬委員會及 提名委員會)均已採納董事會會議沿用之適用 常規及程序。

本公司之股東週年大會及其他股東大會乃與 其股東間溝通之主要平台,亦供股東參與。 本公司鼓勵全體股東出席股東大會或委派代 表代其出席大會並於會上投票(如彼等未能出 席)。

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內, 本公司於二零二一年九月二十四日舉行其股 東週年大會。於股東週年大會進行商討之主 要項目詳情載於本公司日期為二零二一年八 月二十日之通函。

董事之培訓及支援

全體董事(包括獨立非執行董事)必須密切瞭解其作為董事之共同責任以及本集團之業務。因此,本集團於每名新獲委任的董事養委任時均會向彼等提供全面及正式指導,並會提供簡介會及迎新介紹,以確保新董事並養事會之角色、彼等作為董事之法律及其他職責,以及本集團之業務及管治常規。該等計劃乃經考慮各董事之背景及專業知識而為彼等度身制定。

TRAINING AND SUPPORT FOR DIRECTORS (Continued)

All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional training so as to develop and refresh directors' knowledge and skills and to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Directors participated in the following training:

董事之培訓及支援(續)

鼓勵全體董事參與持續專業培訓,以發展及 重溫董事之知識及技能,並確保彼等對董事 會持續作出知情及其適切之貢獻。

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內, 董事曾參與下列培訓:

		Type of training
Name of Director	董事姓名	培訓類別
Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Chen Weiwu	陳偉武先生	А, В
Mr. Zhou Houjie	周厚傑先生	А, В
Mr. Jiang Ruowenhao (Appointed on 16 August 2021)	江若文豪先生(於二零二一年八月十六日獲委任)	
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Chen Youchun	陳友春先生	A, B
Ms. Lui Mei Ka	雷美嘉女士	A, B
Mr. Zhou Xin	周新先生	A, B

A: attending seminars, briefing sessions, conferences and/or forums

B: reading newspapers, journals and updates relating to the economy and/or general business etc.

Each Director will, upon his/her first appointment and thereafter on a yearly basis, disclose to the Group the number and nature of offices held by such Director in public companies and organisations and other significant commitments.

A: 出席研討會、簡介會、會議及/或論壇

B: 閱覽有關經濟及/或一般業務等方面之 報章、期刊及更新資料

各董事將於其首次獲委任及隨後每年向本集 團披露該董事於公眾公司及組織所擔任之職 位數目及性質,以及其他重大承擔。

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee was established with specific written terms of reference which was revised and adopted on 6 March 2015. The Remuneration Committee currently consists of one Executive Director and two Independent Non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Chen Youchun (Chairman), Mr. Jiang Ruowenhao and Mr. Zhou Xin.

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for, among other things, making recommendations to the Board regarding the overall remuneration policy, remuneration of Directors and senior management of the Group, share option scheme, bonus structure, provident fund and other compensation-related issues. This committee consults with the Chairman and/or Chief Executive officer on its proposals and recommendations and has access to professional advice, if necessary. The Remuneration Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge and perform its duties.

The specific terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee is posted on the Company's website. The Remuneration Committee meets at least once a year.

During the year under review, the Remuneration Committee held two meetings to review and make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of all Directors and senior management.

To summarize, the work done by the Remuneration Committee included the determination of the policy for the remuneration of Executive Directors and the assessment of the Executive Directors' performance of their service contracts.

薪酬委員會

本公司已成立薪酬委員會,並訂有具體書面職權範圍(已於二零一五年三月六日修訂及採納)。薪酬委員會現時由一名執行董事及兩名獨立非執行董事組成,即陳友春先生(主席)、江若文豪先生及周新先生。

薪酬委員會負責(其中包括)就整體薪酬政策、董事及本集團高級管理層之薪酬、認股權計劃、花紅架構、公積金及其他薪酬相關事宜向董事會提出推薦建議。此委員會就其建議及推薦建議諮詢主席及/或行政總裁,如有必要,亦可尋求專業意見。薪酬委員會已獲充足資源以履行及執行其職責。

薪酬委員會之具體職權範圍刊載於本公司網 站。薪酬委員會每年最少舉行一次會議。

於回顧年度內,薪酬委員會已舉行兩次會議,以檢討全體董事及高級管理層之薪酬待 遇並就此向董事會提出推薦建議。

概括而言,薪酬委員會完成之工作包括釐定 執行董事的薪酬政策及對執行董事服務合約 的履行情況作評估。

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee was established with specific written terms of reference which was revised and adopted on 1 January 2019. The most up-to-date version of written terms of reference of the Nomination Committee is available on the website of the Company and the Stock Exchange. The Nomination Committee currently consists of one Executive Director and two Independent Non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Chen Weiwu (Chairman), Mr. Chen Youchun and Mr. Zhou Xin.

The main duties of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board annually, making recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy, identifying individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board, selecting individuals nominated for directorships, assessing the independence of the Independent Non-executive Directors and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer. The Nomination Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge and perform its duties.

The specific terms of reference of the Nomination Committee is posted on the Company's website. The Nomination Committee meets at least once a year.

During the year under review, the Nomination Committee held two meetings to assess the independence of the Independent Non-executive Directors. This included the nomination procedures and the process and criteria adopted by the Nomination Committee to select and recommend candidates for directorship. The Nomination Committee considered that an appropriate balance of diversity perspectives of the Board is maintained.

提名委員會

本公司已成立提名委員會,並訂有具體書面職權範圍(已於二零一九年一月一日修訂及採納)。提名委員會最新版本之書面職權範圍可於本公司及聯交所網站瀏覽。提名委員會現時由一名執行董事及兩名獨立非執行董事組成,即陳偉武先生(主席)、陳友春先生及周新先生。

提名委員會之主要職責包括每年檢討董事會 架構、人數及組成、就為補足本公司之企業 策略而擬對董事會作出之任何變更提出推薦 建議、物色具合適資格之人士出任董事會成 員、挑選個別人士提名出任董事、評估獨立 非執行董事之獨立性以及就委任或重新委任 董事及董事(尤其是主席及行政總裁)繼任計 劃向董事會提出推薦建議。提名委員會擁有 充足資源以履行及執行其職責。

提名委員會之具體職權範圍刊載於本公司網站。提名委員會每年最少舉行一次會議。

於回顧年度內,提名委員會已舉行兩次會議以評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性。其包括提名委員會採納的提名程序以及過程及準則,以遴選及推薦候選人出任董事職務。提名委員會認為已就董事會多元化維持適當之平衡。

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company established an Audit Committee with specific written terms of reference which was revised and adopted on 1 January 2019. The most up-to-date version of the written terms of reference of the Audit Committee is available on the website of the Company and the Stock Exchange. The main duties of the Audit Committee include, among other things, the following:

- (a) to review the financial statements and reports and consider any significant or unusual items raised by the Company's staff responsible for the accounting and financial reporting function or external auditor before submission to the Board.
- (b) to review the relationship with the external auditor by reference to the work performed by the auditor, their fees and terms of engagement, and make recommendation to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of external auditor.
- (c) to review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's financial reporting system, internal control system and risk management system and associated procedures.

The Audit Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge and perform its duties.

Other duties of the Audit Committee are set out in its specific terms of reference which is posted on the Company's website. The Audit Committee shall meet at least twice a year.

審核委員會

本公司已成立審核委員會,並訂有具體書面職權範圍(已於二零一九年一月一日修訂及採納)。審核委員會最新版本之書面職權範圍可於本公司及聯交所網站瀏覽。審核委員會之主要職責包括(其中包括)下列各項:

- (a) 於財務報表及報告提交董事會前進行審 閱,並考慮本公司負責會計及財務報告 職能之員工或外聘核數師提出之任何重 大或不尋常項目。
- (b) 參照核數師進行之工作、其費用及聘用 條款檢討與外聘核數師之關係,並就委 任、重新委任及罷免外聘核數師向董事 會提出推薦建議。
- (c) 檢討本公司之財務申報制度、內部監控 制度及風險管理制度以及有關程序是否 足夠及有效。

審核委員會已獲提供充足資源以履行及執行 其職責。

審核委員會之其他職責載於本公司網站上刊 載之審核委員會具體職權範圍內。審核委員 會須每年最少舉行兩次會議。

AUDIT COMMITTEE (Continued)

The Audit Committee currently consists of three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Chen Youchun (Chairman), Ms. Lui Mei Ka and Mr. Zhou Xin. No member of the Audit Committee is a former partner of the existing auditing firm of the Company within one year on the date of his ceasing to be a partner or had any financial interest in the auditing firm. The Audit Committee has reviewed the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed auditing and financial reporting matters with the management team of the Company.

During the year under review, the Audit Committee held three meetings to review, among other things, the Company's interim report for the six months ended 30 September 2021, annual report for the year ended 31 March 2021. The Audit Committee has also reviewed the financial reporting and compliance procedures, report on the Company's internal control and risk management review and processes as well as the re-appointment of the external auditor. There is no material uncertainty relating to events and conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. There is no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee regarding the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of external auditor.

There was no disagreement between the Audit committee and the Directors in respect of matter about selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of external auditor.

The accounts for the year were audited by BDO Limited, whose term of office will expire upon the forthcoming annual general meeting. The Audit Committee has recommended to the Board that CCTH CPA Limited be nominated for appointment as the auditor of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

審核委員會(續)

審核委員會現時由三名獨立非執行董事組成,即陳友春先生(主席)、雷美嘉女士及周新先生。概無審核委員會成員在其終止為本公司之現時核數公司合夥人或不再於該核數公司擁有任何財務利益之日期起計一年內,為該核數公司之前任合夥人。審核委員會已審閱本集團所採納之會計原則及慣例,並與本公司管理團隊討論審計及財務申報事宜。

於回顧年度內,審核委員會已舉行三次會 議,以審閱(其中包括)本公司截至二零二二年五月三十日止六個月之中期報告以及年度 一零二一年三月三十一日止年度之及度 表。審核委員會亦已檢討財務申報及年 時,並就本公司之內部監控及風險管理 及程序以及重新委任外聘核數師作出續 程序以及重新委任外聘核數師作出續不 現時並無任何與可能對本公司能否持續大 是生重大疑問之事件及情況有關之重經 定因素。董事會及審核委員會就甄選 任、辭任或罷免外聘核數師並無意見分歧。

審核委員會與董事在外聘核數師的甄選、委 任、辭任或罷免事宜上並無意見分歧。

年內之賬目已經由香港立信德豪會計師事務 所有限公司審核,其任期將於應屆股東週年 大會時屆滿。審核委員會已向董事會建議, 於應屆股東週年大會上提名委任中正天恒會 計師事務所有限公司為本公司之核數師。

AUDIT COMMITTEE (Continued)

The Company Secretary keeps full minutes of all Audit Committee meetings. In line with practices consistent with Board meetings and other committee meetings, draft and final version of Audit Committee meeting minutes are circulated to all members of the Audit Committee for comments, approval and record as soon as practicable after each meeting.

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Board has adopted a board diversity policy setting out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. The Company considered diversity of board members can be achieved through consideration of a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversified perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The ultimate decision will be made upon the merits of the selected candidates and their contribution to the Board. The Board considered the measurable objectives, including but not limited to skills, knowledge, professional experience and cultural and educational background, and agreed that these measurable objectives were achieved for the diversity of the Board which contributed to the enhancement of corporate strategy and the business development of the Company.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

For the year ended 31 March 2022, the remuneration in respect of audit services provided by the auditors, CCTH CPA Limited, amounted to HK\$1,000,000 (BDO Limited 2021: HK\$1,550,000). For non-audit services included professional services in respect of the interim financial information of the Group for the six months ended 30 September 2021 and major transactions, the services provided by BDO Limited, amounted to HK\$440,000 (2021: HK\$700,000).

審核委員會(續)

公司秘書須備存所有審核委員會會議之完整 會議記錄。為符合董事會會議及其他委員會 會議之常規,審核委員會之會議記錄初稿及 最終定稿須於各會議結束後,於切實可行情 況下盡快發送予審核委員會之全體成員,以 供彼等給予意見、審批及記錄。

董事會成員多元化政策

董事會已採納董事會成員多元化政策,載有達致董事會成員多元化的方法。本公司認為董事會成員多元化可透過考慮多方面因素達致,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育景、專業經驗、技能及知識。董事會人選等任均以用人唯才為原則,並在考慮人選神公客觀條件充分顧及董事會成員多元化之裨益。

甄選人選將按一系列多元化範疇為基準,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景終,技能、知識及服務年期。最終至極點及可為董事會帶來的實際,與一個人。董事會已考慮可計量目標,包括但不限於技能、知識、專業經驗及文化實行,也不可以對於一個人。 教育背景,並同意該等可計量目標有助實力。 董事會多元化,從而改善企業策略及本公司業務發展。

核數師酬金

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,核數師中正天恆會計師事務所有限公司提供核數服務之酬金為1,000,000港元(二零二一年:香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司1,550,000港元),而非核數服務(包括有關本集團截至二零二一年九月三十日止六個月之中期財務資料及主要交易之專業服務、香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司提供之服務)之費用為440,000港元(二零二一年:700,000港元)。

COMPLIANCE WITH MODEL CODE

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of the Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions. Specific enquiries have been made with all Directors, who have confirmed that, during the year ended 31 March 2022, each of them has complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group. The auditor is responsible to form an independent opinion on the audited consolidated financial statements and report the same to the shareholders of the Company.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary is responsible for assisting the Board by ensuring good information flow within the Board members as well as the Board policy and procedures being followed properly. The Company Secretary is also responsible for organizing general meetings of the Company and facilitating the induction and professional development of the Directors. The Biographical details of the Company Secretary is included in the Biographical details of Directors and senior management of the Directors' Report.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Company Secretary undertook no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

遵守標準守則

本公司採納上市規則附錄十所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」),作為其本身董事進行證券交易之行為守則。經向全體董事作出特定查詢後,全體董事已確認彼等各自於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度一直遵守標準守則所載之必守準則條文。

董事及核數師各自之責任

董事須負責編製真實而公平地反映本集團財務狀況之財務報表。核數師須負責對經審核綜合財務報表發表獨立意見,並向本公司股東報告。

公司秘書

公司秘書負責協助董事會,確保董事會成員 之間有良好之資訊交流及董事會之政策和程 序得到適當之遵循。公司秘書亦負責籌備舉 行公司股東大會事宜,以及安排董事之入職 培訓及專業發展。公司秘書的履歷詳情已載 於董事會報告書中「董事及高級管理層之履歷 詳情」一節中。

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,公司 秘書已參加不少於15小時之相關專業培訓。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

No corporate governance committee has been established and the Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance functions including but not limited to:

- to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Company;
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- to review the Company's compliance with the code provision of Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Financial Statements and Financial Reporting

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Group that give a true and fair view in accordance with applicable accounting standards and Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

企業管治職能

本公司概無成立企業管治委員會, 而董事會 須負責執行企業管治職能,包括但不限於:

- 制定及檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常規,並向本公司提出建議;
- 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層之培訓及 持續專業發展;
- 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規 定方面之政策及常規;
- 制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事之操守準則及合規手冊(如有);及
- 檢討本公司遵守上市規則附錄十四之守 則條文之情況及在企業管治報告內之披 露。

問責性及審核

財務報表與財務報告

董事知悉彼等有責任編製本集團之綜合財務報表,並根據適用會計準則及香港公司條例 真實而公平地呈列。據董事所知,概無任何 重大不確定事件或條件可能對本公司的持續 經營能力構成重大疑問。

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT (Continued)

Financial Statements and Financial Reporting (Continued)

The Directors also acknowledge their responsibilities to ensure that the consolidated financial statements on annual and interim results of the Group are published in a timely manner, within three months and two months respectively of the year end and the half-year period end.

The reporting responsibility of the external auditor of the Company on the consolidated financial statements of the Group are set out in "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 69 to 77.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board recognises its overall responsibilities for maintaining sound and effective risk management and internal control systems including a review on their effectiveness for achieving long-term sustainable development of the Group. The risk management and internal control systems, under a defined management structure with limits of authority, are designed for the Group to identify and manage the significant risks to pursue its business objectives, safeguard its assets against unauthorised use or disposition, enhance effectiveness and efficiency of its operations, ensure the maintenance of proper accounting records for reliable financial reporting, and ensure compliance with relevant laws and regulations. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in the achievement of the Group's business objectives and can only provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

問責性及審核(續)

財務報表與財務報告(續)

董事亦知悉彼等有責任確保本集團就全年及 中期業績之綜合財務報表,分別於年結日後 三個月及半年期結束後兩個月內儘快刊發。

本公司外聘核數師對本集團之綜合財務報表的申報責任載於第69至77頁之「獨立核數師報告」。

風險管理及內部監控

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (Continued)

The Board is responsible for the determination of the Group's risk profile within its acceptable tolerance levels in business operation, oversight of management in the design, implementation and monitoring of overall risk management process from risk identification, risk assessment, establishment of appropriate risk responses and regular risk evaluation and monitoring, so as to ensure the systems are effectively established and maintained.

The risk management process is structured from management of the Group from respective business functions at execution level to the Board, together assisted with the Audit Committee in decision-making and monitoring level. Management of the Group identifies, assesses and prioritises the key existing and potential risks through a detailed assessment process and determines the appropriate mitigation strategies and control measures in response of the identified risks. Ongoing evaluation and monitoring of the identified risks, respective measures, and results are carried out and reported to the Board regularly. The Board at decisionmaking level, assisted with the Audit Committee, reviews the risk appetite, risk management process and strategies and also the internal control systems and provide recommendations for any improvement on the systems in an ongoing basis to ensure risk management effectiveness.

風險管理及內部監控(續)

董事會負責為本集團就其業務營運上可承受程度確立風險組合、監督管理層從風險識別、風險評估、制定合適之風險應對措施至定期進行風險評估及監察之整體風險管理流程之設計、實施及監察,確保該系統可有效地建立及維持。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (Continued)

The Board has in place an internal audit function within the Group as required under code provision C.2.5 of the CG code. The Group conducts review of the risk management and internal control systems on annual basis. To strengthen the risk management and internal control of the Group, the Company has engaged an independent professional adviser (the "Adviser") to perform independent review of the adequacy and effectiveness of certain subsidiaries' risk management and internal control system for the year ended 31 March 2022. The scope of review was determined and approved by the Board, including review of risk management functions of selected entities of the Group on a rotation basis. The Adviser carried out the review which involves the following tasks:

- Conducting interviews with relevant management and staff members relating to the risk management and internal controls:
- Conducting walk-through relating to the risk management and internal controls review;
- Reviewing relevant documentation on site relating to the risk management and internal controls review;
- Identifying significant deficiencies in the design of the risk management and internal controls; and
- 5. Communicate the identified control deficiencies, our recommendations, remediation plan of management and follow up results to the Audit Committee so as to facilitate the Board and Audit Committee in evaluating of the Group's risk management and Internal Control system.

風險管理及內部監控(續)

董事會已根據企業管治守則的守則條文第 C.2.5條於本集團內設立內部審核職能。。 集團按年對風險管理及內部監控系統進行。 討。為加強本集團的風險管理及內部監控系 前。為加強本集團的風險管理及內部監控, 司已委聘一名獨立專業顧問(「顧問」)對的 對所屬公司的風險管理及內部監控系統的由 性及有效性展開獨立檢討。檢討範圍 性及有效性展開獨立檢討。檢討範圍經 實體之風險管理職能。顧問所執行之審核涉 及以下工作:

- 與風險管理及內部監控之相關管理層及 員工會晤;
- 對風險管理及內部監控審核進行逐步測 試;
- 3. 實地查閱風險管理及內部監控檢討之相關文件;
- 查找風險管理及內部監控在設計上之重 大缺失;及
- 5. 向審核委員會匯報已發現的監控缺陷、 我們的整改建議、管理層的補救計劃以 及有關整改工作的跟進情況,以協助董 事會及審核委員會評估本集團風險管理 和內部監控系統。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (Continued)

The Board and the Audit Committee are of the view there are no material risk management and internal control defeats were identified by the Adviser during the course of review. With the discussion between management, the Adviser and the Audit Committee, the Board, with the concurrence of the Audit Committee, considered that the risk management and internal control systems of the Group are effective and adequate. The review of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group is an ongoing process and the Board maintains a continuing commitment to strengthen the Group's control environment and processes.

The Company formulated the inside information policy. The Company regularly reminds the Directors and employees about due compliance with all policies regarding the inside information. Also, the Company keeps Directors, senior management and employees appraised of the latest regulatory updates. The Company shall prepare or update appropriate guidelines or policies to ensure the compliance with regulatory requirements. Procedures for collection, evaluation of information and the publication manner are in place to ensure timely reporting of the inside information to the Board and the stakeholders of the Group.

風險管理及內部監控(續)

董事會及審核委員會均認為顧問於檢討過程中並無發現重大風險管理及內部監控不足。經過與管理層、顧問及審核委員會進行討論,董事會(與審核委員會一致同意)認為本集團之風險管理及內部監控系統屬有效及充足。本集團之風險管理及內部監控系統之檢討為持續過程,董事會致力維持其持續承諾,加強本集團之監控環境及流程。

本公司已制定內幕消息政策。本公司會定期 提醒董事及僱員審慎遵守所有有關內幕消息 之政策。另外,本公司會向董事、高級管理 層及僱員提供最新監管要求。本公司會編集管 或更新合適指引或政策,確保符合相關監管 法定要求。本集團對資料收集、評估以及發 佈程序均設有既定程序,確保內幕消息能適 時向董事會及本集團之持份者報告。

DELEGATION BY THE BOARD

The Board is responsible for decisions in relation to the overall strategic development of the Group's business. All Directors have formal letters of appointment setting out key terms and conditions of their appointment. Due to the diversity and volume of the Group's business, responsibility in relation to the daily operations and execution of the strategic business plans are delegated to management of the Group.

All committees, namely the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, have specific terms of reference setting out the authorities and responsibilities of the respective committee. All committees are required by their terms of reference to report to the Board in relation to their decisions, findings or recommendations, and in certain specific situations, to seek the Board's approval before taking any actions.

The Board will review, on a yearly basis, all delegations by the Board to different committees to ensure that such delegations are appropriate and continue to be beneficial to the Company as a whole.

DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' LIABILITY INSURANCE

Insurance cover has been taken out for Directors' and Officers' Liability to provide adequate cover, as determined by the Board, in respect of the Board members and senior management of the Company.

董事會權力之轉授

董事會負責就本集團業務之整體策略性發展 作出決策。全體董事均有正式委任書,列明 其委任之主要條款及條件。由於本集團業務 多元化及繁多,有關策略性業務計劃之日常 運作及執行之責任已轉授予本集團之管理層。

所有委員會(即審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會)均有具體職權範圍,列明各委員會之權力及責任。所有委員會均須按其職權範圍之規定就其決定、發現或推薦建議向董事會報告,並於若干特定情況下,在採取任何行動前徵求董事會批准。

董事會每年檢討董事會轉授不同委員會之所 有權力,確保該等轉授權力乃屬恰當,並持 續對本公司整體有利。

董事及高級職員責任保險

本公司已按照董事會之決定為本公司董事會 成員及高級管理層投購董事及高級職員責任 保險,以提供足夠承保範圍。

SHAREHOLDERS RELATIONS

The Company is committed to maintaining a high level of transparency and employs a policy of open and timely disclosure of relevant information to its shareholders. The commitment to fair disclosure and comprehensive and transparent reporting of the Company's activities can be reflected in various aspects.

To maintain an on-going dialogue with shareholders, the annual general meeting provides an opportunity for shareholders to exchange views with the Board.

The Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer attended the annual general meeting in 2021 (the "2021 Annual General Meeting") so as to ensure that shareholders' views were communicated to the Board. A separate resolution was proposed by the Chairman in respect of each separate issue at the annual general meeting.

The proceedings of the annual general meeting are reviewed from time to time to ensure that the Company conforms to the best corporate governance practices. The circular in relation to the arrangement of annual general meeting will be circulated to all shareholders at least 20 clear business days prior to the holding of the annual general meeting, in which it sets out the details of each resolution proposed and other relevant information. At the 2021 Annual General Meeting, all resolutions were put to vote by poll. Tricor Secretaries Limited, the Company's Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar, was engaged as scrutineer to ensure votes were properly counted. The rights of shareholders and the procedures for demanding a poll on resolutions at general meeting are contained in the Bye-laws. An explanation of the detailed procedures for conducting a poll is provided to the shareholders at the commencement of the meeting. The chairman would respond to queries raised by the shareholders regarding the voting procedures. The poll results are published in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Listing Rules.

與股東之關係

本公司承諾維持高水平之透明度,並採納向 其股東公開及適時披露有關資料之政策。本 公司對公平披露及全面透徹報告本公司活動 之承諾可在多方面得到反映。

股東週年大會則提供機會讓股東與董事會交 流意見,以維持與股東持續溝通。

主席及行政總裁已出席二零二一年股東週年 大會(「二零二一年股東週年大會」),確保 股東意見可傳達至董事會。在股東週年大會 上,主席已就各項個別事宜提呈獨立決議案。

SHAREHOLDERS RELATIONS (Continued)

Pursuant to the Bye-laws, shareholder(s) holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary, to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition.

If within twenty one days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionists themselves may do so in accordance with the relevant provisions in the Companies Act of Bermuda.

The Company also communicates to its shareholders through its annual and interim reports. The Directors, Company Secretary or other appropriate members of senior management also respond promptly to inquiries from shareholders and investors.

Shareholders may at any time serve their enquiries to the Board in writing for the attention of Company Secretary at Unit 1201, 12/F., 29 Austin Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

與股東之關係(續)

根據公司細則,於遞呈要求日期持有不少於 附有本公司股東大會表決權之本公司繳足股 本十分之一之股東,於任何時候均有權透過 向董事會或公司秘書發出書面要求,要求董 事會召開股東特別大會,以處理有關要求中 指明之任何業務之交易,且該大會應於遞呈 該要求後兩個月內舉行。

倘在進行有關遞呈後二十一日內,董事會未 有召開該大會,則遞呈要求人士可自行根據 百慕達公司法之相關條文召開該大會。

本公司亦透過其年報及中期報告與其股東溝 通。董事、公司秘書或其他合適之高級管理 層成員亦會就股東及投資者之問題作出迅速 回應。

股東可於任何時間以書面形式向董事會提出 查詢,收件人註明公司秘書,地址為香港九 龍尖沙咀柯士甸道29號12樓1201室。

PROCEDURES FOR PUTTING FORWARD PROPOSALS AT SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS

Under Bermuda law, in addition to the right to requisition a special general meeting, any number of shareholders representing not less than one-twentieth (1/20) of the total voting rights of all the shareholders having at the date of the requisition a right to vote at the general meeting; or not less than one hundred (100) shareholders, shall (unless otherwise resolved by the Company) at their own expense have the right by written requisition:

- (a) to require notice of any resolution which may properly be proposed and is intended to be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting to be given to shareholders; and/or
- (b) to request for circulation to shareholders any statement of not more than one thousand (1,000) words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at any general meeting.

A requisition referred to above must be signed by the requisitionists in a single document or in separate copies prepared for the purpose. A copy of the signed requisition, accompanied by a sum reasonably sufficient to meet the Company's expenses, must be deposited at the Company's registered office in Bermuda:

- (a) in the case of a requisition requiring notice of a resolution, not less than six (6) weeks before the annual general meeting unless an annual general meeting is called for a date six (6) weeks or less after the copy has been deposited, in which case the copy shall be deemed to have been properly deposited though not deposited within the time required; and
- (b) in the case of any other requisition, not less than one (1) week before the general meeting.

於股東大會上提呈建議之程序

根據百慕達法律,除有權要求召開股東特別大會外,於遞交請求書日期持有不少於有權於股東大會上投票之所有股東總投票權的二十分之一(1/20)之股東;或不少於一百(100)名股東,有權(除非本公司另行議決)透過提出書面請求(費用由彼等自行承擔):

- (a) 要求向股東發出可適當建議並擬於應屆 股東週年大會上建議之任何決議案通 知;及/或
- (b) 要求向股東分發與任何建議決議案所指 事項或於任何股東大會上所處理事宜相 關而不超過一千(1,000)字之任何陳述。

上述請求書必須由請求者在單一文件或以供簽署而編製之獨立副本上簽署。已簽署請求書之副本,連同一筆合理足夠應付本公司開支之款項必須遞交至本公司之百慕達註冊辦事處:

- (a) 倘為要求發出決議案通知之請求,則於股東週年大會舉行前不少於六(6)週送達,除非股東週年大會於遞交副本後六(6)週或以下日期召開,於此情況下,儘管並無於規定時間內遞交,該副本將被視為已適當遞交;及
- (b) 倘為任何其他請求,則於股東大會前不 少於一(1)週送達。

INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company is committed to a policy of open and timely disclosure of corporate information to shareholders and investors. The Company updates shareholders on its latest business developments and financial performance through its annual and interim reports and notices, announcements and circulars. The Company's website (http://www.ts674.com) provides a communication platform to the public and the shareholders.

With a view to bringing the Bye-laws in line with certain amendments to the Listing Rules and the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda between 2012 and 2015 and to modernising and updating the Bye-laws, the amendments to the Bye-laws were approved by the shareholders of the Company in September 2015. Details of which are set out in the circular of the Company dated 21 August 2015.

The Bye-law is available on both the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

CONCLUSION

The Company believes that good corporate governance is significant in strengthening investor confidence and attracting investment. The management will devote considerable effort to strengthening and improving the standards of the corporate governance of the Group. Any views and suggestions from the shareholders to promote and improve our transparency are also welcome.

與投資者之關係

本公司致力採納向股東及投資者公開及適時 披露企業資料之政策。本公司透過其年報及 中期報告以及通告、公佈及通函向股東更 新其最新業務發展及財務表現。本公司網站 (http://www.ts674.com)為大眾及股東提供 一個溝通平台。

為使公司細則與二零一二年至二零一五年間 上市規則及百慕達一九八一年公司法之若干 修訂一致,以及現代化及更新公司細則,本 公司股東於二零一五年九月批准修訂公司細 則。有關詳情載於本公司日期為二零一五年 八月二十一日之通函。

公司細則於本公司及聯交所網站可供查閱。

結論

本公司認為,良好企業管治對鞏固投資者信心及吸納投資而言誠屬重要。管理層將致力提升及改善本集團之企業管治標準。本公司亦歡迎股東提出任何意見及建議以促進及改善本公司之透明度。

獨立核數師報告



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CHINA TANGSHANG HOLDINGS LIMITED

(中國唐商控股有限公司)

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Tangshang Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 78 to 232, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2022, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

獨立核數師報告 致中國唐商控股有限公司股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

吾等已審核載於第78至232頁中國唐商控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱為「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零二二年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表,與截至該日止年度之綜合全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表之附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

吾等認為,此等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之《香港財務報告準則」)真實而公平地反映了 貴集團於二零二二年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度之綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》之披露規定妥為擬備。

獨立核數師報告 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's "Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter

Revenue recognition from sale of completed properties

Refer to note 7 and the accounting policies in note 4(k) (iii) to the consolidated financial statements.

As disclosed in note 7 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group recognised revenue amounting to HK\$176,692,293 from sale of completed properties, representing approximately 69% of the Group's total revenue, for the year ended 31 March 2022. Revenue from sale of completed properties is recognised when the criteria for the transfer of properties to the customers set out in the sale and purchase agreement are fulfilled. We focused the revenue recognition from sale of completed properties as a key audit matter in view of the significant amount of revenue recognised for the current year end.

意見之基礎

吾等已根據香港會計師公會頒佈之《香港審核 準則》(「香港審核準則」)進行審核。吾等在 該等準則下承擔之責任已在本報告「核數師對 審核綜合財務報表之責任」一節中作進一步闡 述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈之《專業會計師 道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),吾等獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中之其他專業道德責 任。吾等相信,吾等已獲得之審核憑證能充 足及適當地為吾等之審核意見提供基礎。

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項是根據吾等之專業判斷,認為對本期間綜合財務報表之審核最為重要事項。這些事項於吾等審核整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理,吾等不會對這些事項提供單獨之意見。

關鍵審核事項

出售已完成物業之收益確認

請參閱綜合財務報表附註7及附註4(k)(iii)之會計政策。

誠如綜合財務報表附註7所披露,截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度, 貴集團自出售已完成物業確認收益176,692,293港元,佔貴集團收益總額約69%。出售已完成物業之收益於買賣協議所載向客戶轉讓物業之標準獲達成時確認。鑑於本年度末確認的收益金額重大,吾等將出售已完成物業之收益確認為關鍵審計事項。

獨立核數師報告 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

How our audit addressed the key audit matter:

Our procedures in relation to the revenue recognition from sale of completed properties included:

- We obtained an understanding of the management's controls over the recognition of revenue from sale of completed properties at appropriate point of time;
- We reviewed, on a sample basis, the sale agreements entered into between the Group and its customers to understand the criteria for the delivery of completed properties to the customers through which a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when control of the completed properties underlying the particular performance obligation has been transferred to the customers; and
- We tested whether the criteria for the transfer of completed properties have been fulfilled by checking, on a sample basis, to the sale agreements, the delivery notices signed by customers for handover of the properties to the customers and the settlement status of the consideration

Key audit matter

Impairment loss on completed properties held for sale

Refer to note 23 and the accounting policies in note 4(j) to the consolidated financial statements.

The carrying amount of completed properties held for sale was HK\$837,029,266 as at 31 March 2022, representing approximately 43% of total assets of the Group at that date.

Impairment assessment of these properties held for sale was based on management judgment of the net realisable value of the properties which was determined by reference to the contract prices for the sale of the properties to customers.

吾等之審計如何處理關鍵審計事項:

吾等就出售已完成物業確認收益確認之程序 包括:

- 吾等瞭解管理層對在適當時間點確認出售已完成物業之收益之控制;
- 吾等抽樣審閱 貴集團與其客戶訂立之 銷售協議,以瞭解向客戶交付已完成物 業以達成履約責任之標準,即於特定履 約責任相關已完成物業的控制權已轉讓 予客戶時;及
- 吾等透過抽樣檢查買賣協議由客戶簽署 之交付通知以向客戶交付物業及代價的 結算狀況,測試已完成物業轉讓之標準 是否已獲達成。

關鍵審核事項

持有待售竣工物業的減值虧損

請參閱綜合財務報表附註23及附註4(j)所載 之會計政策。

於二零二二年三月三十一日,持有待售竣工物業的賬面值為837,029,266港元,相當 貴集團於該日的總資產約43%。

持有待售竣工物業減值評估以管理層對物業 的可變現淨值所作判斷為基準。其乃參考向 客戶銷售物業之合約價格而釐定。

獨立核數師報告 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have identified the impairment of the completed properties held for sale as a key audit matter due to the significant carrying amount of the properties at 31 March 2022 and the management judgments involved in the estimation of their net realisable value.

吾等將持有待售竣工物業減值識別為關鍵審 核事項,由於該等物業於二零二二年三月 三十一日之賬面值重大及管估計其可變現淨 值所涉及之管理層判斷。

How our audit addressed the key audit matter:

Our procedures in relation to the assessment of the impairment loss on completed properties held for sale included:

- We obtained an understanding of the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal controls in respect of the property development cycle with particular focus on controls over cost budgeting and periodic review, sources of impairment assessment data and calculation of impairment provisions.
- We compared the carrying amounts of the unsold completed properties to their respective contract sale prices as shown in the list of properties prepared by management of the Group.
- We selected, on a sample selection basis, the agreements entered into between the Group and its customers for sale of properties and compared the contract sale prices and other terms stated in the agreements to those set out in the list of properties.
- We checked the reasonableness and calculation of the net realisable value of the unsold completed properties prepared by the management and evaluated as to whether the unsold completed properties for sale are accounted for at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

吾等之審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

吾等有關評估持有待售竣工物業減值虧損的 程序包括:

- 吾等了解物業發展週期主要內部監控之 設計、執行情況及運作成效,特別專注 監控成本預算及定期檢討、減值評估數 據來源以及減值撥備之計算。
- 吾等已將未出售已完成物業的賬面值與 其各自的合約售價(如 貴集團管理層 編製的物業清單所示)進行比較。
- 吾等按抽樣基準選擇 貴集團與其客戶 訂立之物業銷售協議,並將協議所載合 約售價及其他條款與物業清單所載者進 行比較。
- 吾等已檢查管理層所編製未出售已完成物業可變現淨值之合理性及計算評估未出售待售已完成物業是否按成本與可變現淨值的較低者入賬。

獨立核數師報告

OTHER MATTER

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2021 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those consolidated financial statements on 29 June 2021.

OTHER INFORMATION IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

其他事項

貴集團截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度 的綜合財務報表乃由另一位獨立核數師審 核,該核數師於二零二一年六月二十九日對 該等綜合財務報表發表無保留意見。

年報之其他資料

董事負責其他資料。其他資料包括 貴公司 年報所載資料,但不包括綜合財務報表及吾 等之核數師報告。

吾等對綜合財務報表之意見並不涵蓋其他資料,吾等亦不對其他資料發表任何形式之鑒 證結論。

審核綜合財務報表時,吾等之責任為閱讀其他資料,於此過程中,考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報表或吾等於審核過程中所了解之情況存在重大抵觸或者可能有重大錯誤陳述之情況。基於吾等已執行之工作,倘吾等認為其他資料有重大錯誤陳述,吾等須報告該事實。於此方面,吾等並無任何報告。

獨立核數師報告 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process. The Audit Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibility in this regard.

董事對綜合財務報表之責任

董事須根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務 報告準則及香港公司條例之披露規定真實而 公平地編製綜合財務報表,以及董事必須對 編製綜合財務報表進行內部監控,致使不會 由於欺詐或錯誤導致重大錯誤陳述。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴 集團持續經營之能力,並在適用情況下披露 與持續經營有關事項,以及使用持續經營為 會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或 停止經營,或別無其他實際之替代方案。

董事亦負責監督 貴集團之財務報告過程。 審核委員會協助董事履行有關責任。

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

核數師對審核綜合財務報表之責任

吾等之目標為合理確定整體綜合財務報表是 否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之任何重大 錯誤陳述,並發出載有吾等意見之核數師報 告。吾等僅向 閣下(作為整體)按照百慕達 一九八一年公司法第90條報告,除此之外, 本報告別無其他目的。吾等不會就本報告內 容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

合理確定屬高層次核證,但不能擔保根據香港審核準則進行之審核工作一定能發現所有存在之重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可源於欺詐或錯誤,倘個別或整體於合理預期情況下可影響使用者根據綜合財務報表作出之經濟決定時,則被視為重大錯誤陳述。

根據香港審核準則進行審核時,吾等運用專業判斷,於整個審核過程中抱持專業懷疑態度。吾等亦:

- 瞭解與審核有關之內部監控,以設計恰當之審核程序,但並非旨在對 貴集團內部監控之有效程度發表意見。

獨立核數師報告 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements.
 We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

- 評估所用會計政策是否恰當,以及董事 所作會計估算及相關披露是否合理。
- 總結董事採用以持續經營為基礎之會計 法是否恰當,並根據已獲取之審核憑 證,總結是否有對 貴集團持續經營 能力構成重大疑問之事件或情況存在 作功構成重大疑問之事件或情況存在 不確定因素。倘吾等總結認為存在中 持 請注意綜合財務報表內之相關資 了一期所獲得之審核憑證為基礎,惟未來 事件或情況可能導致 貴集團不再具有 持續經營之能力。
- 評估綜合財務報表(包括資料披露)之整體列報、架構及內容,以及綜合財務報表是否已公允反映及列報相關交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團內各實體或業務活動之財務 資料獲得充足及適當之審核憑證,以就 綜合財務報表發表意見。吾等須負責指 導、監督及執行集團之審核工作。吾等 須為自身之審核意見承擔全部責任。

吾等與審核委員會就(其中包括)審核工作之計劃範圍及時間安排及重大審核發現,包括 吾等於審核期間識別出內部監控之任何重大 缺陷溝通。

獨立核數師報告 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

吾等亦向審核委員會提交聲明,說明吾等已 遵守有關獨立身分之道德要求,並就所有被 合理認為可能影響吾等之獨立身分之關係及 其他事宜,以及在適用的情況下,採取消除 威脅的行動或所應用的防範措施。

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

吾等從與董事溝通之事項中,釐定對本期間 綜合財務報表之審核工作最為重要事項,並 據此構成關鍵審核事項。除非法律或法規不 容許公開披露此等事項,或於極罕有之情況 下,吾等認為披露此等事項可合理預期之不 良後果將超越公眾知悉此等事項之利益而不 應於報告中披露,否則吾等會於核數師報告 中描述此等事項。

CCTH CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong, 29 June 2022

Ng Kam Fai

Practising Certificate no.: P06573

Unit 1510-1517, 15/F., Tower 2, Kowloon Commerce Centre, No. 51 Kwai Cheong Road, Kwai Chung, New Territories, Hong Kong

中正天恆會計師有限公司

執業會計師 香港,二零二二年六月二十九日

吳錦輝

執業證書號碼: P06573

香港新界 葵涌葵昌路 51 號 九龍貿易中心 2 座 15 樓 1510-1517 室

綜合全面收益表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31 March 2022

			2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		Notes 附註	_ ₹ ∓ HK\$ 港元	— — — HK\$ 港元
Continuing operations	持續經營業務			
Revenue	收益	7	256,890,302	56,158,591
Other gains or losses, net	其他收益或虧損,淨額	8	(19,862,292)	(28,200,226)
Cost of completed properties sold Depreciation on property, plant and	已出售已完成物業之成本 物業、廠房及設備之折舊		(132,690,334)	_
equipment			(2,802,375)	(2,275,998)
Staff costs	員工成本	11	(10,632,652)	(15,079,230)
Other operating expenses	其他經營開支	13	(29,283,337)	(37,019,065)
Finance costs	融資成本	14	(36,848,887)	(19,442,477)
Profit/(loss) before income tax	除所得税前溢利/(虧損)	9	24,770,425	(45,858,405)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	15	(9,092,219)	(1,159,720)
Profit/(loss) for the year from	來自持續經營業務之			
continuing operations Discontinued operations	本年度溢利/(虧損) 已終止經營業務		15,678,206	(47,018,125)
Loss for the year from discontinued operations	來自已終止經營業務之 本年度虧損	10	_	(612,495)
Profit/(loss) for the year	本年度溢利/(虧損)		15,678,206	(47,630,620)
Other comprehensive	其他全面收益/(虧損)			
income/(loss)				
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	其後可能重新分類至損益 之項目			
Exchange differences arising on	換算海外業務產生之匯兑			
translating foreign operations	差額		22,583,243	51,156,609
Reclassification of foreign exchange	出售附屬公司後外匯儲備之			
reserve upon disposal of subsidiario	es 重新分類		(1,942)	2,432,762
Other comprehensive income	本年度其他全面收益			
for the year, net of tax	(已扣除税項)		22,581,301	53,589,371
Total comprehensive income	本年度全面收益總額			
Total comprehensive income for the year	平十反王		38,259,507	5,958,751

綜合全面收益表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2022

		Notes 附註	2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$</i> 港元	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$</i> 港元
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to:	應佔本年度溢利/(虧損):			
Owners of the Company — Continuing operations — Discontinued operations	本公司擁有人 一 持續經營業務 一 已終止經營業務		8,021,068 —	(12,734,990) (612,495)
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔本年度 溢利/(虧損)		8,021,068	(13,347,485)
Non-controlling interests — Continuing operations — Discontinued operations	非控股權益 一 持續經營業務 一 已終止經營業務		7,657,138 —	(34,283,135)
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to non-controlling interests	非控股權益應佔本年度 溢利/(虧損)		7,657,138	(34,283,135)
Profit/(loss) for the year	本年度溢利/(虧損)		15,678,206	(47,630,620)
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company	應 佔本年度全面收益總額 : 本公司擁有人			
Continuing operationsDiscontinued operations	— 持續經營業務 — 已終止經營業務		21,507,533 —	8,701,393 (612,495)
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to the owners of the Company			21,507,533	8,088,898
Non-controlling interests — Continuing operations — Discontinued operations	非控股權益 — 持續經營業務 — 已終止經營業務		16,751,974 —	(2,130,147)
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to non-controlling interests	非控股權益應佔本年度 全面收益總額		16,751,974	(2,130,147)
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額		38,259,507	5,958,751
Earnings/(loss) per share from continuing and discontinued operations Basic (HK cents) Diluted (HK cents)	來自持續經營及已終止 經營業務之每股 盈利/(虧損) 基本(港仙) 攤薄(港仙)	17	0.35 NA 不適用	(0.67) NA 不適用
Earnings/(loss) per share from continuing operations Basic (HK cents)	來自持續經營業務之 每股盈利/(虧損) 基本(港仙)	17	0.35	(0.64)
Diluted (HK cents)	難薄 <i>(港仙)</i>		NA 不適用	NA不適用

綜合財務狀況表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

於二零二二年三月三十一日

As at 31 March 2022

			2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		Notes	—夸——+ HK\$	÷+ HK\$
		附註	港元	港元
Assets	資產			
7,000,0	ДÆ			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	18	5,382,044	7,913,992
Investment properties	投資物業	19	279,651,299	284,436,451
Goodwill	商譽	20	_	_
Intangible assets	無形資產	21	_	_
Finance lease receivables	應收融資租賃款項	22	266,635,423	275,396,189
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		551,668,766	567,746,632
Current assets	流動資產			
Completed properties held	持有待售已完成物業			
for sale		23	837,029,266	_
Properties under development	發展中物業	24	_	770,392,961
Trade and other receivables	應收貨款及其他款項	25	297,927,334	337,632,775
Contract costs	合約成本	29	13,665,085	3,948,423
Finance lease receivables	應收融資租賃款項	22	48,876,419	26,161,513
Amount due from a director	應收一名董事款項	26	77,800	77,800
Amounts due from non-	應收附屬公司之非控股股東			
controlling shareholders of	款項	00		E 017 044
subsidiaries		26	_	5,217,644
Amounts due from related	應收關連人士款項	0.0	1 010	0.000
parties	35 (J. 19 +5	26	1,916	2,366
Prepaid tax	預付税項	0.7	16,216,960	9,558,949
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	27	192,855,112	175,939,276
Total current assets	流動資產總值		1,406,649,892	1,328,931,707
Total assets	資產總值		1,958,318,658	1,896,678,339

綜合財務狀況表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

於二零二二年三月三十一日 As at 31 March 2022

NET ASSETS	資產淨值		600,372,255	562,112,748
Total liabilities	負債總額		1,357,946,403	1,334,565,591
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		482,547,260	498,392,612
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	34	482,547,260	498,392,612
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		1,082,919,515	1,060,505,360
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		531,250,749	492,758,728
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		875,399,143	836,172,979
Current tax liabilities	現行税項負債		333,034	85,706
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	34	57,328,788	51,532,095
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	31	_	_
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	30	99,234,953	289,531,436
controlling shareholders of subsidiaries	應付附屬公司之非控股股東 款項	26	35,817,817	32,737,288
Amounts due to non-	合約負債	29	579,969,382	434,758,001
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Contract liabilities	流動負債 應付貨款及其他款項	28 29	102,715,169	27,528,453
Liabilities	負債			
		<i>附註</i>	<i>港元</i>	港元
		Notes	HK\$	HK\$
			二零二二年	二零二一年
			2022	2021

綜合財務狀況表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

於二零二二年三月三十一日

As at 31 March 2022

		Notes 附註	2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$</i> 港元	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK</i> \$ 港元
Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔之 股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	35	115,443,328	115,443,328
Reserves	儲備		271,014,525	249,506,992
			386,457,853	364,950,320
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	39	213,914,402	197,162,428
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		600,372,255	562,112,748

The consolidated financial statements on pages 78 to 232 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 29 June 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

載於第78至232頁的綜合財務報表於二零二二年六月二十九日獲董事會批准及授權刊發,並由下列人士代表董事會簽署:

Chen Weiwu 陳偉武 Chairman 主席 Jiang Ruowenhao 江若文豪 Executive Director 執行董事

綜合權益變動表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2022

		Share capital 股本	Share premium 股份溢價	Other reserve 其他儲備 (note 36) (附註36)	Contributed surplus 繳入盈餘 (note 36) (附許36)	Employee share-based compensation reserve 以股份支付之 僱員薪酬儲備	Convertible bonds reserve 可換股債券 儲備	Foreign exchange reserve 外匯儲備	Accumulated losses 累穫虧損	Equity attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人 應佔權益	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益	Total equity 權益總額
		HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元	H K\$ 港元	H K\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元
At 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	53,888,928	2,162,373,288	(99,144,717)	28,784,000	7,292,983	12,026,789	(3,756,479)	(2,060,890,732)	100,574,060	28,187,474	128,761,534
Loss for the year Exchange differences arising on	本年度虧損	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(13,347,485)	(13,347,485)	(34,283,135)	(47,630,620)
translating foreign operations Reclassification of foreign exchange reserve upon		_	-	_	_	-	_	19,003,621	_	19,003,621	32,152,988	51,156,609
disposal of subsidiaries (note 38)			_			_	_	2,432,762	_	2,432,762		2,432,762
Total comprehensive income Shares issued upon conversion of convertible bonds	全面收益總額 轉換可換股債券後發行股份 (附註31)	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,436,383	(13,347,485)	8,088,898	(2,130,147)	5,958,751
(note 31) Acquisition of subsidiaries	火購附屬公司	21,554,400	75,370,828	-	_	_	(12,026,789)	_	-	84,898,439	-	84,898,439
(note 32) Release of non-controlling interests upon disposal of	(附註32) 出售附屬公司後解除 非控股權益	40,000,000	131,388,923	-	-	_	-	-	-	171,388,923	386,614,863	558,003,786
subsidiaries (note 38) Capital reduction to non- controlling shareholders of a	(附註38) 一間附屬公司非控股股東之 資本削減(附註39(b))	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	_	(2,717,390)	(2,717,390)
subsidiary (note 39(b))											(212,792,372)	(212,792,372)
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	115,443,328	2,369,133,039	(99,144,717)	28,784,000	7,292,983	_	17,679,904	(2,074,238,217)	364,950,320	197,162,428	562,112,748
At 1 April 2021	於二零二一年四月一日	115,443,328	2,369,133,039	(99,144,717)	28,784,000	7,292,983	-	17,679,904	(2,074,238,217)	364,950,320	197,162,428	562,112,748
Profit for the year Exchange differences arising on translating foreign operations Reclassification of foreign		-	-	-	-	-	-	- 13,488,407	8,021,068 —	8,021,068 13,488,407	7,657,138 9,094,836	15,678,206 22,583,243
exchange reserve upon disposal of subsidiaries (note 38)	重新分類(附註38)	_	_	_	-	_	_	(1,942)	-	(1,942)	_	(1,942)
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,486,465	8,021,068	21,507,533	16,751,974	38,259,507
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	115,443,328	2,369,133,039	(99,144,717)	28,784,000	7,292,983	-	31,166,369	(2,066,217,149)	386,457,853	213,914,402	600,372,255

綜合現金流量表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31 March 2022

			2022	2021
		Notes 附註	二零二二年 <i>HK\$</i> <i>港元</i>	二零二一年 <i>HK\$</i> <i>港元</i>
Cash flows from operating activities	經營業務所得之 現金流量			
Net cash generated from/	經營業務產生/(所用)之			
(used in) operations	現金淨額	41(a)	369,638,800	(21,267,402
Interest received Tax paid	已收利息 已付税項		468,117 (15,005,406)	340,333 (10,248,921
Net cash generated from/ (used in) operating	經營業務產生/(所用)之 現金淨額			
activities			355,101,511	(31,175,990
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動所得之現金流量			
Acquisition of a subsidiary,	收購一間附屬公司			
net of cash acquired	(已扣除所得之現金)	32	_	(14,244,313
Disposal of subsidiaries, net	出售附屬公司(已扣除			
of cash disposed Decrease/(increase) in amounts due from non- controlling shareholders of	所出售之現金) 應收附屬公司之非控股 股東款項減少/(增加)	38	(18,193)	(1,702,727
subsidiaries			5,348,639	(5,051,631
Increase/(decrease) in amounts due to non-controlling shareholders of	應付附屬公司之非控股股東款項增加/(減少)			
subsidiaries			1,673,425	(26,016,723
Capital reduction of a subsidiary	一間附屬公司之資本 削減		_	(181,096,704
Decrease in amounts due	應收關連人士			
from related parties Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and	款項減少 出售物業、廠房及設備 之所得款項		550	2,828,977
equipment			_	87,291
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備	18	(236,996)	(6,856,481
Additions to investment properties	增加投資物業		_	(4,453,422
Net cash generated from/ (used in) investing	投資活動產生/(所用)之 現金淨額			
activities			6,767,425	(236,505,733)

綜合現金流量表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 March 2022

Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	於年末之現金及現金等值 項目	27	144,755,536	61,590,019
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	匯率變動對現金及現金等值 項目之影響		2,191,346	4,046,921
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	於年初之現金及現金等值 項目		61,590,019	150,430,813
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目 增加/(減少)		80,974,171	(92,887,715
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	融資活動(所用)/產生之現金淨額	41(b)	(280,894,765)	174,794,008
Repayment of principal portion of the lease liabilities	償還租賃負債之本金部分		(30,652,135)	(23,876,417
borrowings Interest paid	已付利息		(225,970,163) (51,055,800)	(151,763,797 (30,145,215
activities Increase in bank borrowings Repayment of bank	銀行借貸增加 償還銀行借貸		26,783,333	380,579,437
Cash flows from financing	融資活動所得之現金流量			
		Notes 附註	HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元
			2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

1. GENERAL

The Company is an exempted company incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability and its issued shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The directors consider the Company's immediate and ultimate holding company to be Grand Nice International Limited ("Grand Nice"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands (the "BVI"). The directors also consider the Company's ultimate controlling party to be Mr. Chen Weiwu who is the sole shareholder of Grand Nice and is also a director of the Company.

The Company's registered office is located at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda and the Company's principal place of business is at Unit 1201, 12th Floor, 29 Austin Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Hong Kong.

The Company is engaged in investment holding. The principal activities of the Company's principal subsidiaries are set out in note 48 to the consolidated financial statements. The Company and its subsidiaries are collectively referred to as the "**Group**".

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group had completed the disposal of a group of subsidiaries, details of which are set out in note 10, and the exhibition-related business and the food and beverage business were classified as discontinued operations following the completion of the disposal.

1. 一般資料

本公司為一間於百慕達註冊成立之獲豁免有限公司,其已發行股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。董事認為本公司之直接及最終控股公司為Grand Nice International Limited(「Grand Nice」),一間於英屬處女群島(「英屬處女群島」)註冊成立之公司。董事亦認為本公司之最終控制方為陳偉武先生(其為Grand Nice唯一股東及本公司一名董事)。

本公司的註冊辦事處位於Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda, 而本公司之主要營 業地點為香港尖沙咀柯士甸道29號12 樓1201室。

本公司從事投資控股。本公司主要附屬公司之主要業務載於綜合財務報表附註48。本公司及其附屬公司統稱為「本集團」。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本集團已完成出售一組附屬公司(詳情載於附註10),而展覽相關業務及餐飲業務於出售完成後分類為已終止業務。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

 ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(a) Adoption of amended HKFRSs – effective 1 April 2021

The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("**HKICPA**") has issued a number of amended HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group:

Amendments to Interest Rate Benchmark
HKFRS 9, HKAS 39,
HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4
and HKFRS 16

Amendment to Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions

HKFRS 16

Amendment to Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions

HKFRS 16 beyond 30 June 2021

None of these amended HKFRSs has a significant impact on the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior period.

Other than the above, the Group has not early adopted any amended HKFRSs that are not yet effective for the current accounting period.

 採納新訂或經修訂之香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」)

> (a) 採納經修訂香港財務報告準則 — 於二零二一年四月一日生效

> > 香港會計師公會(「**香港會計師公** 會」)已頒佈若干經修訂香港財務報 告準則(其於本集團的本會計期間 首次生效):

香港財務報告準則第9號、 利率基準改革 — 香港會計準則第39號、 第二階段 香港財務報告準則第7號、 香港財務報告準則第4號及 香港財務報告準則第16號 (修訂本)

香港財務報告準則第16號 二零一九冠狀病毒 (修訂本) 相關租金寬減 香港財務報告準則第16號 二零二一年六月 (修訂本) 三十日後二零 一九冠狀病毒相

該等經修訂香港財務報告準則對本

關租金寬減

集團於本期間及先前期間的業績及 財務狀況並無重大影響。

除上述外,本集團並未提早採納於 本會計期間尚未生效的任何經修訂 香港財務報告準則。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

HKFRS 17

31 March 2022

2. ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following amended HKFRSs, potentially relevant to the Group's consolidated financial statements, have been issued, but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group.

Insurance Contracts and the Related

Amendments to HKAS 1	Amendments ¹ Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) ¹
amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of Accounting Policies ¹
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates ¹
amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction ¹
amendments to HKAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use ²
amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract ²
	amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 amendments to HKAS 8 amendments to HKAS 12

Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvement to HKFRSs 2018-2020²

Amendments to HKFRS 3

Amendments to HKFRS 10

and HKAS 28

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023

Reference to the Conceptual

Sale or Contribution of Assets between

an Investor and its Associate or Joint

Framework²

Venture³

- Effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2022
- Effective for annual period beginning on or after a date to be determined

2. 採納新訂或經修訂之香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的經修訂香港財 務報告準則

以下載列可能與本集團綜合財務報 表有關的已頒佈但尚未生效的經修 訂香港財務報告準則,而本集團並 未提早採納有關準則。

香港財務報告 保險合約及相關修訂¹

準則第17號

香港會計準則 負債分類為流動或非流動及香第1號(修訂本) 港詮釋第5號(2020年)¹

香港會計準則 會計政策的披露1

第1號及香港 財務報告準則 實務報告第2號 (修訂本)

香港會計準則 會計估算的定義1

第8號(修訂本)

香港會計準則 與單項交易產生的資產和負債 第12號(修訂本) 相關的遞延税項¹

香港會計準則 物業、廠房及設備:擬作用途 第16號(修訂本) 前所得款項²

香港會計準則 虧損性合約 — 第37號(修訂本) 履行合約的成本²

香港財務報告準則 概念框架的提述2

第3號(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則 投資者與其聯營公司或合營企 第10號及香港會 業之間的資產出售或注資³ 計準則第28號

(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則2018年至 之修訂 2020年之年度改進²

- ¹ 於2023年1月1日或之後開始的 年度期間生效
- ² 於2022年1月1日或之後開始的 年度期間生效
- ³ 於待定日期或之後開始之年度期 間生效

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

Except for the amendments to HKFRSs mentioned below, the directors of the Company anticipate that the application of all the new and amendments to HKFRSs not yet effective for the current year will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

Amendments to HKAS 1, Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and HK Interpretation 5 (2020)

The amendments provide clarification and additional guidance on the assessment of right to defer settlement for at least twelve months from reporting date for classification of liabilities as current or non-current, which:

- specify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current should be based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period. Specifically, the amendments clarify that:
 - the classification should not be affected by management intentions or expectations to settle the liability within 12 months; and
 - (ii) if the right is conditional on the compliance with covenants, the right exists if the conditions are met at the end of the reporting period, even if the lender does not test compliance until a later date; and

採納新訂或經修訂之香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂或經修訂 香港財務報告準則(續)

> 除以下所述之經修訂香港財務報告 準則外,本公司董事預期,本年度 應用所有新訂及經修訂尚未生效之 香港財務報告準則將不會於可見將 來對綜合財務報表構成重大影響。

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本) — 負債分類為流動或非流動及香港詮 釋第5號(2020年)

該等修訂本就評估自報告日期起至 少十二個月之延遲結付權利提供澄 清及額外指引,以將負債分類為流 動或非流動,當中包括:

- 訂明負債應根據報告期末存 有之權利分類為流動或非流 動。該等修訂本特別澄清:
 - (i) 該分類不受管理層在 十二個月內結清負債之 意圖或預期所影響:及
 - (ii) 倘若該權利以遵守契諾 為條件,則即使貸款人 在較後日期才測試是否 符合條件,該權利在報 告期末符合條件之情況 下仍然存在;及

綜合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

- 2. ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)
 - (b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1, Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and HK Interpretation 5 (2020) (Continued)

clarify that if a liability has terms that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the transfer of the entity's own equity instruments, these terms do not affect its classification as current or non-current only if the entity recognizes the option separately as an equity instrument applying HKAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation.

In addition, Hong Kong Interpretation 5 was revised as a consequence of then Amendments to HKAS 1 to align the corresponding wordings with no change in conclusion.

Based on the Group's outstanding liabilities as at 31 March 2022, the application of the amendments will not result in a reclassification of the Group's liabilities.

- 採納新訂或經修訂之香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」)(續)
 - (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂或經修訂 香港財務報告準則(續)

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本) — 負債分類為流動或非流動及香港詮 釋第5號(2020年)(續)

• 澄清倘負債具有可由對手方 選擇透過轉讓實體本身的權 益工具進行結清之條款,則 僅當實體應用香港會計準則 第32號金融工具:呈列將 選擇權單獨確認為權益工具 時,該等條款方不會影響其 分類為流動或非流動。

此外,香港詮釋第5號因香港會計 準則第1號之修訂本而予以修改, 以使相應措辭一致,但結論不變。

根據本集團於2022年3月31日之 未償還負債,應用該等修訂本將不 會導致本集團負債之重新分類。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

- 2. ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)
 - (b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2, Disclosure of Accounting Policies

HKAS 1 is amended to replace all instances of the term "significant accounting policies" with "material accounting policy information". Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements.

The amendments also clarify that accounting policy information may be material because of the nature of the related transactions, other events or conditions, even if the amounts are immaterial. However, not all accounting policy information relating to material transactions, other events or conditions is itself material. If an entity chooses to disclose immaterial accounting policy information, such information must not obscure material accounting policy information.

HKFRS Practice Statement 2 Making Materiality Judgements (the "Practice Statement") is also amended to illustrate how an entity applies the "four-step materiality process" to accounting policy disclosures and to judge whether information about an accounting policy is material to its financial statements. Guidance and examples are added to the Practice Statement.

- 採納新訂或經修訂之香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)
 - (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂或經修訂 香港財務報告準則(續)

香港會計準則第1號及香港財務報告準則實務報告第2號之修訂 — 會計政策的披露

香港會計準則第1號予以修訂,以「重大會計政策資料」取代所有「重大會計政策」一詞。倘與實體財務報表所載之其他資料一併考慮時,可合理預期會影響一般用途財務報表之主要使用者基於該等財務報表作出之決定,則會計政策資料屬重大。

該等修訂亦釐清,由於相關交易之 性質、其他事件或情況,即使金額 並不重大,會計政策資料亦可能屬 重大。然而,並非所有有關重大交 易、其他事件或情況之會計政策資 料本身均屬重大。倘實體選擇披露 不重大之會計政策資料,則有關資 料不得隱瞞重大會計政策資料。

香港財務報告準則實務報告第2號作出重大判斷(「實務報告」)亦予以修訂,以説明實體如何將「四個步驟之重大程序」應用於會計政策披露及判斷有關會計政策之資料是否對其財務報表屬重大。指引及例子已加入實務報告。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2, Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Continued)

The application of the amendments is not expected to have significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group but may affect the disclosures of the Group's significant accounting policies. The impacts of application, if any, will be disclosed in the Group's future consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 8, Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendments define accounting estimates as "monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty". An accounting policy may require items in financial statements to be measured in a way that involves measurement uncertainty — that is, the accounting policy may require such items to be measured at monetary amounts that cannot be observed directly and must instead be estimated. In such a case, an entity develops an accounting estimate to achieve the objective set out by the accounting policy. Developing accounting estimates involves the use of judgements or assumptions based on the latest available, reliable information.

In addition, the concept of changes in accounting estimates in HKAS 8 is retained with additional clarifications.

The application of the amendments is not expected to have significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

採納新訂或經修訂之香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂或經修訂 香港財務報告準則(續)

> 香港會計準則第1號及香港財務報 告準則實務報告第2號之修訂 — 會計政策的披露(續)

> 預期應用該等修訂本不會對本集團 之財務狀況或表現構成重大影響, 惟可能影響本集團重大會計政策之 披露。應用之影響(如有)將於本集 團日後之綜合財務報表中披露。

香港會計準則第8號之修訂 — 會 計估算的定義

該等修訂本將會計估計定義為「財務報表中存在計量不確定性之貨幣金額」。會計政策可能要求財務報表中之項目以涉及計量不確定性之方式計量 — 即會計政策可能要完立實則與無法直接觀察之定在對量,而必須進行估計。在此達額計量,而必須進行估計。制定會計估計政策所載之目標。制定會計估計時涉及根據最新可得及可靠資料作出判斷或假設。

此外,香港會計準則第8號會計估 計變動之概念於額外釐清後保留。

應用該等修訂本預期不會對本集團 之綜合財務報表構成重大影響。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

2. ADOPTION OF NEW OR AMENDED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 12, Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments narrow the scope of the recognition exemption of deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets in paragraphs 15 and 24 of HKAS 12 "Income Taxes" so that it no longer applies to transactions that, on initial recognition, give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 requirements to the relevant assets and liabilities as a whole. Temporary differences relating to relevant assets and liabilities are assessed on a net basis.

Upon the application of the amendments, the Group will recognise a deferred tax asset (to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised) and a deferred tax liability for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with the right-of-use assets and the lease liabilities.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023, with early application permitted. The Group is still in the process of assessing the full impact of the application of the amendments.

採納新訂或經修訂之香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂或經修訂 香港財務報告準則(續)

> 香港會計準則第12號之修訂 — 與單項交易產生的資產和負債相關 的遞延税項

> 該等修訂將香港會計準則第12號 「所得税」第15及24段對遞延税項 負債及遞延税項資產之確認豁免範 圍收窄,使其不再適用於在初步確 認時產生相等應課税及可扣減暫時 差額之交易。

> 就税項扣減歸因於租賃負債之租賃 交易而言,本集團將香港會計準則 第12號規定整體應用於相關資產 及負債。相關資產及負債之暫時差 額按淨值基準評估。

> 於應用該等修訂時,本集團將就與 使用權資產及租賃負債相關之所有 可扣減及應課税暫時差額確認遞延 税項資產(按將會出現可利用暫時 差額扣稅之應課稅溢利時提撥)及 遞延稅項負債。

> 該等修訂於2023年1月1日或之 後開始之年度報告期間生效,並允 許提早應用。本集團仍在評估應用 該等修訂之全面影響。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "HKFRS") issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange.

(b) Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis, except for the investment properties which are measured at fair value.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

In prior years, the Company's functional currency was Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$"). The Company is an investment holding company. Due to the continuing expansion of the Group's business operations in Mainland China ("PRC") which are transacted mainly in Renminbi ("RMB"), the directors have determined that the functional currency of the Company changed from HK\$ to RMB on the prospective basis from 1 April 2021. The consolidated financial statements are presented in HK\$ as the directors are of the view that the HK\$ is the appropriate presentation currency for the users of the Group's financial statements given that the shares of the Company are listed on the Stock Exchange.

3. 編製基準

(a) 符合法規聲明

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈之所有適用香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)及詮釋(下文統稱「香港財務報告準則」)以及香港《公司條例》之披露規定編製。此外,綜合財務報表包括聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)規定之適用披露事宜。

(b) 計量基準

綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本基準 編製,惟按公平價值計量之投資物 業除外。

(c) 功能及呈列貨幣

於過往年度,本公司之功能貨幣為港元(「港元」)。本公司為一間投資控股公司。由於本集團持續營於中國內地(「中國」)之業務行之、大民幣」)進行。 一個內地(「中國」)之業務行為 一個內地(「中國」)之業務行為 一個內地(「中國」)之業務行為 一個內地(「中國」)之業務行為 一個內地(「中國」)之業務 一個中國, 一地(中國))之業務 一地(中國))之業 一地(中國))之業 一世(中國))之業 一世(中國))之 一世(

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Business combination and basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies together with unrealised profits are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment on the asset transferred, in which case the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective dates of acquisition or up to the effective dates of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

The Group accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method when the acquired set of activities and assets meets the definition of a business and control is transferred to the Group. In determining whether a particular set of activities and assets is a business, the Group assesses whether the set of assets and activities acquired includes, at a minimum, an input and substantive processes and whether the acquired set has the ability to produce outputs.

4. 主要會計政策

(a) 業務合併及綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬 公司之財務報表。於編製綜合財 務報表時,集團內公司之公司間交 易及結餘連同未變現溢利均悉數對 銷。除非有關交易提供所轉讓資產 減值之證據,否則未變現虧損亦予 以對銷,在此情況下,虧損會於損 益中確認。

在年內購入或售出之附屬公司之業績,由收購生效日起計或計至出售生效日止(按適用者)列入綜合全面收益表內。必要時,附屬公司之財務報表將予調整以使其會計政策與本集團其他成員公司所使用者一致。

當該組所收購之活動及資產符合一項業務之定義,且其控制權轉移至本集團時,該業務合併以收購法入賬。於釐定一組特定活動及資產是否成其為一項業務時,本集團評估該組所收購資產及活動是否至少包含一項輸入及實質流程,及該組所收購資產是否具備輸出能力。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(a) Business combination and basis of consolidation (Continued)

The cost of an acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the acquisition-date fair value of assets transferred, liabilities incurred and equity interests issued by the Group, as the acquirer. The identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are principally measured at acquisition-date fair value. The Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured at acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss. The Group may elect, on a transaction-by-transaction basis, to measure the non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests are measured at fair value unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRSs. Acquisition-related costs incurred are expensed unless they are incurred in issuing equity instruments in which case the costs are deducted from equity.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent adjustments to consideration are recognised against goodwill only to the extent that they arise from new information obtained within the measurement period (a maximum of 12 months from the acquisition date) about the fair value at the acquisition date. All other subsequent adjustments to contingent consideration classified as an asset or a liability are recognised in profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(a) 業務合併及綜合基準(續)

收購成本乃按本集團(作為收購方) 所轉讓資產、所產生負債及所發行 股權於收購當日之公平價值總額計 量。所收購可識別資產及所承擔 負債則主要按收購當日之公平價值 計量。本集團先前所持被收購方之 股權按收購當日之公平價值重新計 量,而所產生之收益或虧損則於損 益中確認。本集團可按每宗交易選 擇按公平價值或按應佔被收購方可 識別資產淨值之比例計算非控股權 益(相當於於附屬公司之現有擁有 權權益)。除非香港財務報告準則 另有計量基準規定外,所有其他非 控股權益乃按公平價值計量。所產 生之收購相關成本乃予以支銷,惟 在有關成本乃於發行權益工具時產 生之情況下,則自權益扣減成本。

由收購方將予轉讓之任何或然代價 按收購當日之公平價值確認。其後 對代價之調整僅於調整源自於計量 期(最長為收購日期起計12個月) 內所取得有關於收購當日之公平價 值之新資料時方與商譽確認。分類 為資產或負債之或然代價之所有其 他其後調整均於損益中確認。

綜合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(a) Business combination and basis of consolidation (Continued)

Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus such non-controlling interest's share of subsequent changes in equity. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to owners of the Company. Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the noncontrolling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to such non-controlling interests even if this results in those noncontrolling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control of the subsidiary are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amount of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(a) 業務合併及綜合基準(續)

收購後,非控股權益賬面值(相當於附屬公司之現有擁有權權益)為該等權益於初始確認時之金額,另加有關非控股權益應佔其後權益變動。非控股權益於綜合財務狀況,性與本公內權益分開呈列。損益及為共之權益分開呈列。損益及本有人及非控股權益。即權益之各組成部分歸屬於該等權益出現虧絀,仍會如此入賬。

本集團於附屬公司之權益變動倘不 會導致喪失對附屬公司之控制權, 便會按權益交易列賬。本集團之權 益及非控股權益賬面值均予以調 整,以反映其於附屬公司相關權益 之變動。非控股權益經調整金間之 已付或已收代價之公平價值之間之 任何差額直接於權益中確認並歸屬 於本公司擁有人。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(a) Business combination and basis of consolidation (Continued)

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the gain or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.

(b) Acquisition of a subsidiary not constituting a business

When the Group acquires a group of assets and liabilities that do not constitute a business, the Group identifies and recognises the individual identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed by allocating the purchase price first to the financial assets and financial liabilities at the respective fair values, the remaining balance of the purchase price is then allocated to the other individual identifiable assets and liabilities on the basis of their relative fair values at the date of purchase. Such a transaction does not give rise to goodwill or bargain purchase gain.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(a) 業務合併及綜合基準(續)

當本集團失去附屬公司控制權時, 出售所產生之損益為以下兩者之差 額:(i)已收代價之公平價值與任何 保留權益之公平價值之總額:及 (ii)該附屬公司之資產(包括商譽) 及負債與任何非控股權益之過往賬 面值。以往於其他全面收益確認與 附屬公司有關之金額乃按猶如相關 資產或負債已經出售所規定之相同 基準入賬。

(b) 收購一間不構成業務之附屬公司

當本集團收購一組不構成業務之資產與負債,本集團首先按該等資產及負債各自之公平值將購買價分配至金融資產及負債,隨後按於購買日期各自之相對公平值將購買價餘額分配至其他個別可識別資產及所承擔負債,藉此識別並確認所收購之個別可識別資產及所承擔負債。該項交易並無產生商譽或議價購買收益。

綜合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(c) Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an investee over which the Company is able to exercise control. The Company controls an investee if all three of the following elements are present: (i) power over the investee, (ii) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from the investee, and (iii) the ability to use its power to affect those variable returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Group's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- potential voting rights held y the Group, other vote holders or other parties;
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Group has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment loss. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(c) 附屬公司

附屬公司為本公司有能力對其行使控制權之被投資方。倘符合以下全部三個因素時,則本公司控制被投資方:(i)對被投資方之權力;(ii)來自被投資方可變回報之風險或權利;及(iii)利用其權力影響該等可製回報之能力。當有事實或情況顯示任何該等控制因素可能出現變動時,則控制權會獲重新評估。

倘本集團於被投資方之投票權未能 佔大多數,則當投票權足以賦予之 際能力以單方面指揮被投資方之相 關活動時,即本集團對被投資方方相 有權力。本集團於評估本集團於 投資方之投票權是否足以賦予其權 力時會考慮所有相關事實及情況, 包括:

- 本集團持有投票權之程度相 較其他投票權持有人所持投 票權之程度及分散度;
- 本集團、其他投票權持有人 或其他人士持有之潛在投票 權;
- 其他合約安排產生之權利;及
- 可顯示於需要作出決定時, 本集團當前能否掌控相關活動之任何額外事實及情況(包括於過往股東大會上之投票方式)。

於本公司之財務狀況表內,於附屬 公司之投資乃按成本減去減值虧損 列賬。附屬公司之業績乃本公司按 已收及應收股息之基準入賬。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(d) Goodwill and gain on a bargain purchase

Goodwill is initially recognised at cost being the excess of the aggregate of a consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests over the fair value of identifiable assets acquired, liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed.

Where the fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities exceed the aggregated of fair value of consideration paid and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree, the excess is recognised in profit or loss on the acquisition date, after re-assessment, as gain on bargain purchase.

Goodwill is measured at cost less impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill arising from an acquisition is allocated to each of the relevant cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition. A cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually by comparing its carrying amount with its recoverable amount (see note 4(q)), and whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(d) 商譽及議價購買收益

按成本初始確認之商譽為已轉讓代 價及已就非控股權益確認之金額之 總和超出所收購可識別資產、所承 擔負債及或然負債之公平價值之差 額。

倘可識別資產及負債之公平價值超 過所付代價之公平價值與被收購公 司的任何非控股權益金額之總和, 超出之數額經重新評估後於收購日 期於損益中確認為議價購買收益。

商譽乃按成本減去減值虧損計量。 就減值測試而言,收購所產生之產 譽乃被分配到預期可從收購所產生之 之協同效益受惠之各個有關現產生 生單位。現金產生單位是其產產 現金流入基本上獨立於其他可養產 資產組別之現金流入之最小可金 資產組合。獲分配商譽之現金產 單位須每年進行減值測試,方額 比較其賬面值與其可收回金 附註4(q)),並於有跡象顯示試 位可能出現減值時進行減值測試。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(d) Goodwill and gain on a bargain purchase (Continued)

For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a financial year, the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that financial year. When the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit first, and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount to each asset in the unit. However, the loss allocated to each asset will not reduce the individual assets carrying amount to below its fair value less cost of disposal (if measurable) or its value in use (if determinable), whichever is higher. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised in profit or loss and is not reversed in subsequent periods.

(e) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of property, plant and equipment includes its purchase price and the costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance costs are recognised as an expense in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(d) 商譽及議價購買收益(續)

就於某一財政年度因收購所產生之 商譽而言,獲分配商譽之現金產生 單位須於該財政年度完結前進行減 值測試。當現金產生單位之可收回 金額少於該單位之賬面值,則減值 虧損獲分配以首先削減分配到該單 位之任何商譽賬面值,其後以該單 位各資產之賬面值為基準按比例分 配到該單位之其他資產之賬面值。 然而,分配到各資產之虧損不會減 少單獨資產之賬面值至低於其公平 價值減出售成本(倘可計量)或其 使用價值(倘可釐定)(以較高者為 準)後之值。商譽之任何減值虧損 均於損益內確認,目於往後期間不 予撥回。

(e) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備均按成本減累積折舊及累積減值虧損列賬。

物業、廠房及設備之成本包括其購 買價及收購該等項目直接應佔之成 本。

如項目相關之未來經濟利益將可能 流入本集團,而項目成本能可靠地 計算,則其後成本方會計入資產之 賬面值或確認為一項獨立資產(按 適用者)。重置部分之賬面值會被 取消確認。所有其他維修保養費用 均於產生之財政期間內在損益確認 為開支。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(e) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated so as to write off their cost net of expected residual value over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The useful lives, residual value and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. The useful lives are as follows:

Leasehold Over the shorter of improvements the lease term and its useful life

Furniture, fixtures and 3-5 years

equipment

Plant and machinery 5 years Motor vehicles 3-5 years

2-3 years

An asset is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if its carrying amount is higher than the asset's estimated recoverable amount.

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sale proceeds and its carrying amount, and is recognised in profit or loss on disposal.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(e) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備乃折舊,藉以於 其估計可使用年期以直線法撇銷扣 除預期剩餘價值後之成本。可使用 年期、剩餘價值及折舊方式均於每 個報告期末審閱,如屬恰當,則會 作出調整。可使用年期如下:

租賃物業裝修 租期與其可使用

年期之較短者內

傢俱、裝置及 3至5年

設備

廠房及機器 5年

汽車 3至5年

使用權資產 2至3年之租期內

資產之賬面值如高於其估計可收回 金額,則會立即撇減至其可收回金 額。

出售物業、廠房及設備項目之盈虧 乃出售所得款項淨額與其賬面值 之差額,並會於出售時在損益內確 認。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(f) Intangible assets

(i) Acquired intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognised at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is fair value at the date of acquisition. Subsequently, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Amortisation is provided on a straight-line basis over their useful lives as follows:

Golf club memberships 12 years

Customer relationship and 10 years customer contracts

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(f) 無形資產

(i) 已收購之無形資產

獨立收購之無形資產按成本初始確認。於業務合併中收購之無形資產之成本為收購日期之公平價值。其後,具有限可使用年期之無形資產乃按成本減累積攤銷及累積減值虧損列賬。

攤銷乃於以下可使用年期以 直線法計提撥備:

高爾夫球俱樂部 12年 會籍

客戶關係及客戶 10年 合約

具無限可使用年期之無形資 產乃按成本減任何累積減值 虧損列賬。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(f) Intangible assets (Continued)

(ii) Impairment

Intangible assets with finite lives are tested for impairment when there is an indication that an asset may be impaired (see note 4(g). Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually, irrespective of whether there is any indication that they may be impaired. Intangible assets are tested for impairment by comparing their carrying amounts with their recoverable amounts (see note 4(q)). If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount.

An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(f) 無形資產(續)

(ii) 減值

減值虧損會即時確認為開支。

倘減值虧損其後撥回,則資產賬面值須增加至其經修訂 之估計可收回金額,惟該增加之賬面值不得超過在過往 年度並無就資產確認任何減 值虧損下而原應釐定之賬面 值。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(g) Investment properties

Investment properties are property held either to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or for both, but not held for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Investment properties also include leased properties which are being recognised as right-of-use assets and subleased by the Group under operating leases. Investment properties are measured at cost on initial recognition and subsequently at fair value with any change therein recognised in profit or loss.

(h) Lease

The Group as a leasee

All leases (irrespective of they are operating leases or finance leases) are required to be capitalised in the statement of financial position as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, but accounting policy choices exist for an entity to choose not to capitalise (i) leases which are short-term leases and/ or (ii) leases for which the underlying asset is of low-value. The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for low-value assets and leases for which at the commencement date have a lease term less than 12 months. The lease payments associated with those leases have been expensed on straight-line basis over the lease term.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(g) 投資物業

投資物業為持作賺取租金或作資本 升值或作該兩種用途而非在日常 業務過程中持作出售、用作生產或 供應貨品或服務或作行政用途之物 業。投資物業亦包括確認為使用權 資產並由本集團根據經營租賃分租 的租賃物業。投資物業於初始確認 時按成本及其後按公平價值計量, 而其任何變動均會於損益內確認。

(h) 租賃

本集團作為承租人

所有租約(不論為經營租賃或融資租賃或融資租賃)均須於財務狀況表資本化故使用權資產及租賃負債,惟會計政策存在選擇,讓實體可選擇不就(i)屬於短期租約之租約及/或(ii)相關資產屬低價值之租約進行資資產化。本集團已選擇不就低價值有之租的確認使用權資產及租賃負債。與該等租約相關之租賃付款已於租期內按直線法支銷。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(h) Lease (Continued)

Right-of-use asset

The right-of-use asset should be recognised at cost and would comprise: (i) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability (see below for the accounting policy to account for lease liability); (ii) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received; (iii) any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and (iv) an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

Except for right-of-use asset that meets the definition of an investment property, the Group measures the right-of-use assets applying a cost model. Under the cost model, the Group measures the right-of-use assets at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liability. For right-of-use asset that meets the definition of an investment property, they are carried at fair value.

The Group accounts for leasehold land and buildings that are held for rental or capital appreciation purpose under HKAS 40 and are carried at fair value.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 租賃(續)

使用權資產

使用權資產應按成本確認並會包括:(i)租賃負債之初步計量金額(見下文將租賃負債入賬之會計政策):(ii)於開始日期或之前作出之任何租賃付款減任何已收取之租賃優惠;(iii)承租人產生之任何初步直接成本;及(iv)承租人根據租約條款及條件規定之情況下拆除及移除相關資產時將產生之估計成本,除非該等成本乃因生產存貨而產生則除外。

除使用權資產符合投資物業定義外,本集團採用成本模式計量使用權資產。根據成本模式,本集團按成本減任何累計折舊及任何減值虧損計量使用權資產,並就租賃負債之任何重新計量作出調整。符合投資物業定義之使用權資產按公平價值列賬。

本集團持作租賃或資本增值用途之 租賃土地及樓宇根據香港會計準則 第40號入賬及按公平價值列賬。

綜合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(h) Lease (Continued)

Lease liability

The lease liability is recognised at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the date of commencement of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

The following payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease are considered to be lease payments: (i) fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable; (ii) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at commencement date; (iii) amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees; (iv) the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and (v) payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 租賃(續)

租賃負債

租賃負債按並非於租約開始日期支 付之租賃付款之現值確認。倘利率 可輕易釐定,租賃付款將使用租賃 隱含之利率貼現。倘利率無法輕易 釐定,本集團將使用本集團之增量 借貸利率。

下列並非於租賃開始日期支付之租期內就使用相關資產權利支付之款項被視為租賃付款:(i)固定付款減任何應收租賃優惠;(ii)初步按開始日期之指數或利率計量之浮動租賃付款(取決於指數或利率);(iii)承租人根據剩餘價值擔保預期應付之款項;(iv)倘承租人合理確定行使購買選擇權,該選擇權之行使購買選擇權,該選擇權之行使實課擇權終止租賃,終止租賃之罰款付款。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(h) Lease (Continued)

Lease liability (Continued)

Subsequent to the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability by: (i) increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability; (ii) reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and (iii) remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications, or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

When the Group revises its estimate of the term of any lease (because, for example, it reassesses the probability of a lessee extension or termination option being exercised), it adjusts the carrying amount of the lease liability to reflect the payments to make over the revised term, which are discounted using a revised discount rate. The carrying value of lease liabilities is similarly revised when the variable element of future lease payments dependent on a rate or index is revised, except the discount rate remains unchanged. In both cases, an equivalent adjustment is made to the carrying value of the right-of-use asset, with the revised carrying amount being amortised over the remaining (revised) lease term. If the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is adjusted to zero, any further reduction is recognised in profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 租賃(續)

租賃負債(續)

於開始日期後,本集團按以下方式 計量租賃負債:(i)增加賬面值以反 映租賃負債之利息:(ii)減少賬面 值以反映已作出之租賃付款;及 (iii)重新計量賬面值以反映任何重 估或租約調整,或反映經修訂實質 定額固定租賃付款。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(h) Lease (Continued)

Lease liability (Continued)

When the Group renegotiates the contractual terms of a lease with the lessor, if the renegotiation results in one or more additional assets being leased for an amount commensurate with the standalone price for the additional rights-of-use obtained, the modification is accounted for as a separate lease, in all other cases, where the renegotiated increases the scope of the lease (whether that is an extension to the lease term, or one or more additional assets being leased), the lease liability is remeasured using the discount rate applicable on the modification date, with the right-of-use asset being adjusted by the same amount.

The Group as a lessor

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the leased assets to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for the head lease and the sub-lease as two separate leases. The sub-lease is classified as a finance or operating lease by reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease. Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on the straight-line basis over the lease term.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 租賃(續)

租賃負債(續)

當本集團與出租人就租賃合約條款 重新磋商時,倘重新磋商導致。個 或以上額外資產獲出租,其金額與 所獲得之額外使用權資產之單獨價 格相當,於所有其他情況下,該 時間 大租賃範圍(不論延長租赁), 時間 增加一項或以上租賃資產), 則便 情進行重新計量,同時對使用權資 產進行相同金額調整。

本集團作為出租人

倘租賃條款將租賃資產所有權絕大 部分風險及回報轉移至承租人,則 租賃分類為融資租賃。所有其他租 賃則分類為經營租賃。

當本集團為中介出租人,本集團會將主租約及分租約入賬為兩項獨立租賃。分租約乃參照主租約所產生之使用權資產分類為融資或經營租賃。經營租賃租金收入按直線法於有關租期內於損益中確認。磋商及安排經營租賃時所產生之初始直接成本附加於租賃資產之賬面值,並按直線法於租期內確認為開支。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(h) Lease (Continued)

The Group as a lessor (Continued)

Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the amount of the Group's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the Group's net investment outstanding in respect of the leases.

Any changes in the scope of the consideration for a lease that was not part of the original terms and conditions of the lease are accounted for as lease modifications. The Group accounts for a modification to an operating lease as a new lease from the effective date of the modification, recognising the remaining lease payments as income on a either a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the remaining lease term. The Group applies the derecognition requirements of HKFRS 9 to recognise modification or derecognition gain or loss on the net investment in the finance lease.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 租賃(續)

本集團作為出租人(續)

根據融資租賃應收承租人款項按本 集團之租賃投資淨額計入應收款 項。融資租賃收入按會計期間分 配,以反映本集團與租賃相關之尚 餘投資淨額之固定定期回報率。

租賃代價範圍之任何變動(非原租賃條款及條件部分),均作為租賃修改入賬。本集團自修改生效知期起將經營租賃修改作為新租赁日期起將經營租賃修改作為新租赁付款確認為收入。本集團應用香港財務報告準則第9號之取消確認要求,以於融資租賃確認修改或取消確認投資淨額之盈虧。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(i) Financial Instruments

(i) Financial assets

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirely when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(i) 財務工具

(i) 財務資產

財務資產(並無重大融資成分的應收貨款)初步按公平價值加上(就並非按公平價值計入損益(「按公平價值計入損益」)的項目而言)與其收購或發行直接相關的交易成本計量。無重大融資成分之應收貨款初步按交易價格計量。

財務資產的所有常規買賣均 於交易日(即本集團承諾購買 或出售資產的日期)確認。常 規買賣是指要求在市場規則 或慣例規定的期限內交付資 產的財務資產買賣。

附帶內含衍生工具的財務資 產於確定其現金流量是否僅 為本金及利息付款時全額計 量。

債務工具

債務工具的後續計量取決於 本集團管理資產的業務模式 及資產的現金流量特徵。本 集團將其債務工具分類為三 種計量類別:

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

- (i) Financial Instruments (Continued)
 - (i) Financial assets (Continued)

Debt instruments (Continued)

Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest rate method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

- (i) 財務工具(續)
 - (i) 財務資產(續)

債務工具(續)

按公平價值計入其他全面收 益(「按公平價值計入其他全 面收益」)的財務資產:為收 取合約現金流及出售財務資 產而持有的資產(若資產的現 金流僅為本金及利息付款) 乃按公平價值計入其他全面 收益計量。按公平價值計入 其他全面收益的债務投資其 後按公平價值計量。採用實 際利率法計算的利息收入、 匯兑收益及虧損以及減值於 損益內確認。其他收益及虧 損淨額於其他全面收益內確 認。終止確認時,其他全面 收益中累計的收益及虧損將 重新分類至損益。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

- (i) Financial Instruments (Continued)
 - (i) Financial assets (Continued)

Debt instruments (Continued)

FVTPL: Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

- (i) 財務工具(續)
 - (i) 財務資產(續)

債務工具(續)

按公平價值計入損益:按公 平價值計入損益之財務資產 包括持作買賣的財務資產, 於初始確認時指定按公平價 值計入損益之財務資產,或 強制要求按公平價值計量之 財務資產。倘為於近期出售 或購回而收購財務資產,則 該等財務資產分類為持作買 賣。衍生工具(包括獨立嵌入 式衍生工具)亦分類為持作買 賣,惟該等衍生工具被指定 為有效對沖工具則除外。現 金流量並非純粹支付本金及 利息的財務資產,不論其業 務模式如何,均按公平價值 計入損益分類及計量。儘管 如上文所述債務工具可按攤 銷成本或按公平價值計入其 他全面收益分類,但於初始 確認時,倘能夠消除或顯著 減少會計錯配,則債務工具 可指定為按公平價值計入損 益。

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

- (i) Financial Instruments (Continued)
 - (i) Financial assets (Continued)

Equity instruments

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group could irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis. Equity investments at FVOCI are measured at fair value. Dividend income are recognised in profit or loss unless the dividend income clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investments. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and are not reclassified to profit or loss. All other equity instruments are classified as FVTPL, whereby changes in fair value, dividends and interest income are recognised in profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

- (i) 財務工具(續)
 - (i) 財務資產(續)

權益工具

於初次確認並非持作買賣用 途之股本投資時,本集團可 不可撤回地選擇於其他全面 收益中呈列投資公平價值之 後續變動。該選擇乃按投資 逐項作出。按公平價值計入 其他全面收益之股本投資按 公平價值計量。股息收入於 損益內確認,除非股息收入 明確表示收回部分投資成本 則另作別論。其他收益及虧 損淨額於其他全面收益確認 且不會重新分類至損益。所 有其他權益工具被分類為按 公平價值計入損益,據此公 平價值變動、股息及利息收 入均於損益確認。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(i) Financial Instruments (Continued)

(ii) Impairment loss on financial assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit loss ("ECL") on trade receivables, contract assets, financial assets measured at amortised cost and debt investments measured at FVOCI. The ECLs are measured on either of the following bases: (1) 12 months ECLs: these are the ECLs that result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date: and (2) lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the assets' original effective interest rate.

The Group has elected to measure loss allowances for trade receivables and contract assets using HKFRS 9 simplified approach and has calculated ECLs based on lifetime ECLs. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(i) 財務工具(續)

(ii) 財務資產之減值虧損

本集團就應收貨款、合約資 產、按攤銷成本計量之財務 資產以及按公平價值計入其 他全面收益之債務投資確認 預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧 損」)虧損撥備。預期信貸虧 損採用以下其中一項基準計 量:(1) 12個月預期信貸虧 損:指報告日期後12個月內 可能發生之違約事件而導致 之預期信貸虧損;及(2)全 期預期信貸虧損:指財務工 具之預計年期內所有可能違 約事件而導致之預期信貸虧 損。估計預期信貸虧損考慮 之最長期間為本集團承受信 貸風險之最長合約期間。

預期信貸虧損為信貸虧損之 概率加權估計。信貸虧損乃 基於根據合約應付本集 所有合約現金流量與本本 預期收取之所有現金流量 間之差額。該差額其後 資 產原有實際利率相近之利率 貼現。

本集團已選擇採用香港財務 報告準則第9號簡化法計量 應收貨款及合約負債之高 損撥備並基於全期預期信貸虧損計算預期信貸虧損傷 集團已設立根據本集團 信貸虧損經驗計算之撥備 陣,並按債務人特定之前瞻 性因素及經濟環境作出調整。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

- (i) Financial Instruments (Continued)
 - (ii) Impairment loss on financial assets (Continued)

For finance lease receivables and other debt financial assets, the ECLs are based on the 12-months ECLs. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECLs.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

- (i) 財務工具(續)
 - (ii) 財務資產之減值虧損(續)

就應收融資租賃款項及其他 債務財務資產而言,預期信 貸虧損乃基於12個月預期信 貸虧損計算。然而,信貸風 險自起始後大幅增加時,撥 備將基於全期預期信貸虧損。

本集團假設,倘逾期超過30日,則該財務資產之信用風險會大幅增加。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(i) Financial Instruments (Continued)

(ii) Impairment loss on financial assets (Continued)

The Group considers a financial asset to be credit-impaired when: (1) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (2) the financial asset is more than 90 days past due.

Interest income on credit-impaired financial assets is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset. For non credit-impaired financial assets interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount.

(iii) Financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities, depending on the purpose for which the liabilities were incurred. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially measured at fair value and financial liabilities at amortised costs are initially measured at fair value, net of directly attributable costs incurred.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(i) 財務工具(續)

(ii) 財務資產之減值虧損(續)

本集團認為財務資產於下列 情況下屬信貸減值:(1)在本 集團並無進行追索(例如變現 抵押(如持有))之情況下借款 人不大可能向本集團悉數支 付其信貸責任:或(2)該財務 資產逾期超過90天。

信貸減值財務資產利息收入 乃按財務資產之攤銷成本(即 總賬面值減虧損撥備)計算。 非信貸減值財務資產利息收 入按總賬面值計算。

(iii) 財務負債

按公平價值計入損益之財務 負債

按公平價值計入損益之財務 負債包括持作交易之財務負 債及初始確認時指定為按公 平價值計入損益之財務負債。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(i) Financial Instruments (Continued)

(iii) Financial liabilities (Continued)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of sale in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in profit or loss.

Where a contract contains one or more embedded derivatives, the entire hybrid contract may be designated as a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss, except where the embedded derivative does not significantly modify the cash flows or it is clear that separation of the embedded derivative is prohibited.

Financial liabilities may be designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss if the following criteria are met: (i) the designation eliminates or significantly reduces the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the liabilities or recognising gains or losses on them on a different basis; (ii) the liabilities are part of a group of financial liabilities which are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management strategy; or (iii) the financial liability contains an embedded derivative that would need to be separately recorded.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(i) 財務工具(續)

(iii) 財務負債(續)

按公平價值計入損益之財務 負債(續)

倘該等財務負債主要為在短期內出售而購入,可分類為 持作買賣之財務負債。衍生工具(包括獨立嵌入式衍生工具)亦分類為持作交易用途工具則另作別論。持作效之 工具則另作別論。持作資易 用途之負債之收益或虧損在 損益確認。

倘合約包含一項或多項嵌入式衍生工具,則整份混合計 合約將列作按公平價值計 損益之財務負債,除非出 入式衍生工具不會對現生 產生重大影響或明確禁止將 此嵌入式衍生工具分開處理。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(i) Financial Instruments (Continued)

(iii) Financial liabilities (Continued)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except for the gains and losses arising from the Group's own credit risk which are presented in other comprehensive income with no subsequent reclassification to profit or loss. The net fair value gain or loss recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income does not include any interest charged on these financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities at amortised cost including trade and other payables, amounts due to non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries, amounts due to related parties, bank borrowings and lease liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(i) 財務工具(續)

(iii) 財務負債(續)

按公平價值計入損益之財務 負債(續)

按攤銷成本計量之財務負債

按攤銷成本計量之財務負債 (包括應付貨款及其他款項、 應付附屬公司之非控股股東 款項、應付關連人士款項、 銀行借貸及租賃負債)隨後使 用實際利率法,按攤銷成本 計量;有關利息支出於損益 確認。

有關收益及虧損於負債取消 確認及已透過攤銷時在損益 中確認入賬。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(i) Financial Instruments (Continued)

(iv) Convertible bonds

Convertible bonds issued by the Group that contain both the liability and conversion option components are classified separately into their respective items on initial recognition. Conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is classified as an equity instrument.

On initial recognition, the fair value of the liability component is determined using the prevailing market interest of similar non-convertible debts. The difference between the proceeds of the issue of the convertible bonds and the fair value assigned to the liability component, representing the conversion option for the holder to convert the bonds into equity, is included in equity (convertible loan notes equity reserve).

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(i) 財務工具(續)

(iv) 可換股債券

本集團發行之可換股債券包 含負債及認股權部分 至相關項目。將以固定至相關項目。將以固定查 現金或另一項財務資產交換 固定數目之本公司自身を權 益工具方式結清之認股權將 被分類為權益工具。

於初次確認時,負債部分之 公平價值乃使用類似非換股 債務之現行市場利率釐定。 發行可換股債券之所得款項 與撥至負債部分之公平價值 間之差額(即持有人將債券轉 換為權益之換股權)計入權益 (可換股貸款票據權益儲備)。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(i) Financial Instruments (Continued)

(iv) Convertible bonds (Continued)

In subsequent periods, the liability component of the convertible bonds is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The equity component, represented by the option to convert the liability component into ordinary shares of the Company, will remain in convertible bonds reserve until the embedded option is exercised (in which case the balance stated in convertible bonds reserve will be transferred to share capital and share premium). Where the option remains unexercised at the expiry dates, the balance stated in convertible bonds reserve will be released to the accumulated losses. No gain or loss is recognised upon conversion or expiration of the option.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible bonds are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are charged directly to equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability portion and amortised over the period of the convertible bonds using the effective interest method.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(i) 財務工具(續)

(iv) 可換股債券(續)

於其後別方司於內在備股日股累屆後期間乃本債之債權的與實。之權備於理別為所與實。之權備使與實。之權備使與實。之權備使與獨擇使結構的過級人債權的,將倘獲不可轉選行列擇儲行可轉選行列擇儲行可轉選行列擇關所與至權,餘獲屬,止債股於則將行處獲權的難行。會確認不會的。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(i) Financial Instruments (Continued)

(v) Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

(vi) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(i) 財務工具(續)

(v) 實際利率法

實際利率法為計算財務資產 或財務負債之攤銷成本以及 於有關期間分配利息收入或 利息開支之方法。實際利率 為於財務資產或負債之預計 年期或適用之較短期間內準 確貼現估計未來現金收入或 付款之利率。

(vi) 股本工具

本公司發行之股本工具按已 收所得款項扣除直接發行成 本入賬。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(i) Financial Instruments (Continued)

(vii) Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the future cash flows in relation to the financial asset expire or when the financial asset has been transferred and the transfer meets the criteria for derecognition in accordance with HKFRS 9.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Where the Group issues its own equity instruments to a creditor to settle a financial liability in whole or in part as a result of renegotiating the terms of that liability, the equity instruments issued are the consideration paid and are recognised initially and measured at their fair value on the date the financial liability or part thereof is extinguished. If the fair value of the equity instruments issued cannot be reliably measured, the equity instruments are measured to reflect the fair value of the financial liability extinguished. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability or part thereof extinguished and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss for the year.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(i) 財務工具(續)

(vii) 取消確認

當有關財務資產之未來現金 流量之合約權利屆滿,或當 財務資產經已轉讓,而轉讓 符合香港財務報告準則第9 號規定之取消確認準則,則 本集團取消確認該財務資產。

當有關合約中訂明之責任獲 解除、註銷或屆滿時,則取 消確認財務負債。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(i) Financial Instruments (Continued)

(viii) Write-off policy

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset, lease receivable or contract asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

(j) Inventories, properties under development and completed properties held for sale

Inventories

Inventories are initially recognised at cost, and subsequently at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is calculated using the first-in first-out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(i) 財務工具(續)

(viii) 撇銷政策

(j) 存貨、發展中物業及持有待售竣工 物業

存貨

存貨初始按成本確認,其後按成本 與可變現淨值兩者之較低者確認。 成本包括所有購買成本以及將存貨 送到目前位置及狀況所產生之其他 成本。成本以先進先出法計算。可 變現淨值乃於日常業務範圍內之估 計售價扣除進行銷售所需之估計費 用計算。

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

 (j) Inventories, properties under development and completed properties held for sale (Continued)

Properties under development for sale

The cost of properties under development for sale comprises specifically identified cost, including the acquisition cost of land, aggregate cost of development, materials and supplies, wages and other direct expenses, an appropriate proportion of overheads and borrowing costs capitalised. The carrying values of the properties held by subsidiaries are adjusted in the consolidated financial statements to reflect the Group's actual costs, where appropriate. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in selling the property.

In accordance with HKAS 23 Borrowing Costs, the borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or complete.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(j) 存貨、發展中物業及持有待售竣工 物業(續)

發展中之銷售物業

發展中之銷售物業之成本包含已明確識別之成本,包括土地收購成本、包括土地收購成本、開發、材料及供應品成本額、工資及其他直接開支以及撥充資本之適當比例間接費用及借貸成本。附屬公司所持物業的賬面值於綜合財務報表內作出調整,以可受等現淨值指估計售價減估計完工成本及出售物業將產生之成本。

根據香港會計準則第23號「借貸成本」,當有關資產乃產生開支、產生借貸成本及就使資產可作擬定用途或銷售所需之活動進行時,有關借貸成本將開始為該合資格資產成本之一部分。借貸成本的資本化於進行使合資格資產可作擬定用途或銷售所需之絕大部分活動中止或完成時暫停或終止。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

 (j) Inventories, properties under development and completed properties held for sale (Continued)

Completed properties held for sale

Completed properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Costs of completed properties include acquisition costs, development expenditure, other direct costs and borrowing costs capitalised attributable to such properties. The carrying values of properties held by subsidiaries are adjusted in the consolidated financial statements to reflect the Group's actual acquisition costs, where appropriate.

Net realisable value is determined by reference to expected selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(k) Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(j) 存貨、發展中物業及持有待售竣工 物業(續)

持有待售竣工物業

持有待售竣工物業按成本與可變現 淨值兩者的較低者列賬。

竣工物業成本包括收購成本、開發 開支、有關物業應佔之其他直接成 本及已資本化之借貸成本。附屬公 司所持物業之賬面值會於綜合財務 報表作調整,以反映本集團之實際 收購成本(如適用)。

可變現淨值乃參考日常業務過程中 的預期售價減進行銷售所需的估計 成本釐定。

(k) 收益確認

來自客戶合約之收益於貨品或服務 之控制權轉移至客戶時,按反映本 集團預期於該等貨品或服務交易中 應得代價之金額(不包括代表第三 方收取的金額)確認。收益不包括 增值税或其他銷售税項,並已扣除 任何貿易折扣。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(k) Revenue recognition (Continued)

Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws that apply to the contract, control of the goods or service may be transferred over time or at a point in time. Control of the goods or service is transferred over time if the Group's performance:

- provides all of the benefits received and consumed simultaneously by the customer:
- creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If control of the goods or services transfers over time, revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the goods or service.

When the contract contains a financing component which provides the customer a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer for more than one year, revenue is measured at the present value of the amounts receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(k) 收益確認(續)

視乎合約條款及適用於該合約之法 律而定,貨品或服務的控制權可隨 著時間或於一個時點轉移。在本集 團以下履約行為下,貨品或服務之 控制權乃隨著時間轉移:

- 提供由客戶同時收取及耗用 之所有好處;
- 隨著本集團之履約行為而創 造或提升客戶控制的資產:或
- 並不創造對本集團具有其他 用途的資產,以及本集團擁 有可就截至當日已完成之履 約行為收取付款之可強制執 行權利。

倘貨品或服務之控制權隨著時間轉移,則收益於合約期間內按照完成滿足該履約責任之進度而確認。否則,收益於客戶取得貨品或服務控制權之時點確認。

當合約包含融資部分,就向客戶移 交貨品或服務而向客戶提供超過一 年融資之重大利益時,收益按應收 款項之現值計量,其使用於合約生 效時反映於本集團與客戶之間另行 訂立之融資交易內之貼現率貼現。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(k) Revenue recognition (Continued)

(i) Revenue from sale of goods

Customers obtain control of the products when the goods are delivered to and have been accepted. Revenue is thus recognised upon when the customers accepted the products. There is generally only one performance obligation. Invoices are usually payable within 30 days.

(ii) Exhibition and related services

The Group provides service in the design, planning, coordination and management of the exhibitions and events. Revenue from providing services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. In the contract with the customer, a series of distinct exhibitions and event related services has the same pattern of transferring the control of the services to the customer. Therefore, series guidance is applied and the Group accounts for a series of distinct exhibitions and event related services as one performance obligation. Revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation with the input method, under which, revenue is recognised on the basis of the Group's inputs to the satisfaction of a performance obligation relative to the total expected inputs to the satisfaction of that performance obligation.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(k) 收益確認(續)

(i) 銷售貨品之收益

客戶於貨品交付並被接受 時獲得產品之控制權。因 此,收入於客戶接受產品後 確認。一般只有一項履約責 任。發票通常於30日內應 付。

(ii) 展覽及相關服務

本集團提供設計、策劃、統 籌及管理展覽及活動服務。 提供服務之收益於提供服務 之會計期間進行確認。就與 客戶之合約而言,一系列不 同之展覽及活動相關服務以 相同之模式轉讓服務控制權 予客戶。因此,本集團應用 系列指引並將意志力不同展 覽及活動相關服務視為一項 履約責任。相關收益在合約 期間通過參考完成清償履約 責任之進度按投入法確認, 即收益按本集團為完成履約 責任而付出投入相對於其為 完成該項履約責任而預期之 總投入為基準確認。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(k) Revenue recognition (Continued)

(iii) Completed properties for sale

Revenue arising from the sale of completed properties for sale in the ordinary course of business is recognised when legal assignment is completed, which is the point in time when the customer has the ability to direct the use of the property and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits of the property.

Deposits and instalments received on properties sold prior to the date of revenue recognition are included in the consolidated statement of financial position under contract liabilities. When the advance payments are regarded as providing a significant financing benefit to the Group, interest expense arising from the adjustment of time value of money will be accrued by the Group during the period between the payment date and the completion date of legal assignment. This accrual increases the balance of the contract liability during the period of construction, and therefore increases the amount of revenue recognised when control of the completed property is transferred to the customer. The interest is expensed as accrued unless it is eligible to be capitalised under HKAS 23 (see note 4(t)).

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(k) 收益確認(續)

(iii) 待售竣工物業

出售竣工以待在日常業務過程中銷售之物業所產生之收益於合法轉讓完成時確認,即客戶有能力直接使用該物業並獲得該物業所有剩餘利益之某個時點確認。

就確認收益日期前所出售物 業收取之按金及分期款項乃 於綜合財務狀況表內合約負 債項下列賬。當預付款項被 視為向本集團提供重大融資 利益時,本集團將在支付 日至合法轉讓完成日期間累 計因調整貨幣時間價而產生 之利息開支。該應計費用在 建築期間增加合約負債之餘 額,因此增加已完成物業之 控制權轉移予客戶時所確認 之收益金額。除非根據香港 會計準則第23號(參見附註 4(t))有資格資本化,否則利 息按應計費用支銷。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(k) Revenue recognition (Continued)

(iv) Other revenue and income

Rental income under operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease in accordance with HKFRS 16.

Finance lease interest income is accrued on a timely basis, by reference to the principal outstanding at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the date exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the repayment schedule of the finance lease receivable to net carrying amount on initial recognition. The finance lease interest income is recognised in accordance to HKFRS 16.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the dividend is established.

Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a timely basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and calculated at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition. The interest income is recognised in accordance to HKFRS 9.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(k) 收益確認(續)

(iv) 其他收益及收入

經營租賃租金收入乃於有關租約之年期內根據香港財務報告準則第16號以直線法確認。

融資租賃利息收入乃按時間基準,並參考尚餘本金際利率累計,實際利率累計,實際利率即於首次確認明內內強力。 租賃款項償還期內內益期,實際內 租赁款項償還期內內至賬 現金收入準確貼現至限入 值。融資租賃利息收入乃 據香港財務報告準則第16號 獲確認。

股息收入於收取股息之權利 確立時確認。

財務資產利息收入按照未償還的本金和適用實際利率際刊度所列的基礎計提。實際利率是指將財務資產在預計存續期內估計未來現金收款貼現至該財務資產爭類的對於資產等對於資產等。利息收入根據香港財務報告準則第9號獲確認。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(k) Revenue recognition (Continued)

(v) Contract assets and liabilities

A contract asset represents the Group's right to consideration in exchange for services that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet unconditional. In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

(vi) Contract costs

Contract costs are either the incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer or the costs to fulfil a contract with a customer which are not capitalised as inventories, property and plant and equipment or intangible assets.

Incremental costs of obtaining a contract are those costs that the Group incurs to obtain a contract with a customer that it would not have incurred if the contract had not been obtained e.g. an incremental sales commission. Incremental costs of obtaining a contract are capitalised when incurred if the costs relate to revenue which will be recognised in a future reporting period and the costs are expected to be recovered. Other costs of obtaining a contract are expensed when incurred.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(k) 收益確認(續)

(v) 合約資產及負債

合約資產指本集團就換取本 集團已向客戶轉讓的服務而 收取代價的權利(尚未成為無 條件)。相反,應收款項指 本集團收取代價的無條件權 利,即代價到期付款前僅需 時間推移。

合約負債指本集團因已向客 戶收取代價(或已到期代價金 額)而須向客戶轉讓服務的責 任。

(vi) 合約成本

合約成本為取得客戶合約之 增量成本或履行客戶合約之 成本,其並無資本化為存 貨、物業、廠房及設備或無 形資產。

取得合約之增量成本為本集團就取得客戶合約則不產生,倘未能取得合約則不會會生之成本(例如增量銷售佣金)。倘有關收益之成本將可期可收回,取得合約之之,而於產生時資本會於產生時資本在產生時支銷。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(I) Discontinued operations

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group's business, the operations and cash flows of which can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the Group and which represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is a part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

Classification as a discontinued operation occurs upon disposal or when the operation meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale, if earlier. It also occurs if the operation is abandoned.

Where an operation is classified as discontinued, a single amount is presented on the face of the statement of profit or loss, which comprises the post-tax profit or loss of the discontinued operation and post-tax gain or loss recognised on the measurement to fair value less costs to sell, or on the disposal, of the assets or disposal group constituting the discontinued operation.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(1) 已終止經營業務

已終止經營業務為本集團業務之組成部分,其業務及現金流量可與本集團其他部分明確區分,並代表一項獨立主要業務或經營地區,或屬於擬出售一項獨立主要業務或經營地區之單一協調計劃之一部分,或僅為轉售而收購之附屬公司。

倘業務被出售或符合分類為持作出 售之項目(如較早發生),則分類 為已終止經營業務。撤出業務時, 有關業務亦會分類為已終止經營業 務。

當一項業務被分類為已終止經營業 務時,於損益表中將僅以單一數額 列示,其包括已終止經營業務之除 稅後溢利或虧損,以及就組成已終 止經營業務之資產或出售組別計算 其公平價值,並扣除有關出售成本 後之除稅後溢利或虧損。

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(m) Income taxes

Income taxes for the year comprise current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax is based on the profit or loss from ordinary activities adjusted for items that are non-assessable or disallowable for income tax purposes and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for tax purposes. Except for goodwill and recognised assets and liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profits, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates appropriate to the expected manner in which the carrying amount of the asset or liability is realised or settled and that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(m) 所得税

本年度之所得税包括現行税項及遞 延税項。

現行税項乃根據日常業務之損益, 對就所得税而言毋須課税或不可扣 税之項目作出調整,並按報告期末 已制定或大致上制定之税率計算。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(m) Income taxes (Continued)

An exception to the general requirement on determining the appropriate tax rate used in measuring deferred tax amount is when an investment property is carried at fair value under HKAS 40 "Investment Property". Unless the presumption is rebutted, the deferred tax amounts on these investment properties are measured using the tax rates that would apply on sale of these investment properties at their carrying amounts at the reporting date. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all the economic benefits embodied in the property over time, rather than through sale.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Income taxes are recognised in profit or loss except when they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income in which case the taxes are also recognised in other comprehensive income.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(m) 所得税(續)

釐定計量遞延税項金額所用適當税率之一般規定之例外情況為當投資物業乃根據香港會計準則第40號「投資物業」按公平價值列賬。除非該假設已遭駁回,該等投資物業是物質物質。 遞延税項金額乃使用按其於報告的期之賬面值出售該等投資物業業之日期之稅率計量。倘有關投資物業業之日期之稅率計量。倘有關投資物業經可予折舊且由以隨時間消耗物業絕大部分內含經濟利益(而非透過銷售)為目的之業務模式持有,則此項假設可被駁回。

遞延税項負債乃於投資附屬公司及 聯營公司產生應課税暫時差額時確 認,惟倘本集團能夠控制暫時差額 之撥回且該暫時差額在可預見將來 將不可能撥回者則除外。

所得税乃於損益內確認,除非該等 税項與於其他全面收益確認之項目 有關,在該情況下,該等税項亦於 其他全面收益內確認。

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(m) Income taxes (Continued)

Land appreciation tax ("LAT")

The Group is subject to LAT in the PRC. The provision for LAT is based on management's best estimates according to the understanding of the requirements set forth in the relevant PRC tax laws and regulations. The actual LAT liabilities are subject to the determination by the tax authorities upon the completion of the property development projects. The Group has not finalised its LAT calculation and payments with the tax authorities for some of its property development projects. The final outcome could be different from the amounts that were initially recorded, and any differences may have an impact on the LAT expenses and the related provision in the period in which the difference realises.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(m) 所得税(續)

土地增值税(「土地增值税 |)

本集團須繳納中國土地增值稅。土 地增值稅撥備乃根據管理層按照中 國相關稅法及法規所載規定之理解 而作出之最佳估計。實際土地增值 稅負債須待物業開發項目完成 稅務當局釐定。本集團尚未就其確 分物業開發項目與稅務當局最於 定土地增值稅之計算及付款。最終 結果可能與初步入賬之金額有所發生 結果可能與初步入賬之金額所發生 同,而任何差額可能會在所發生期 間對土地增值稅開支及相關撥備產 生影響。

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(n) Foreign currency

Transactions entered into by group entities in currencies other than the currency of the primary economic environment in which they operate (the "functional currency") are recorded at the rates ruling when the transactions occur. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the end of reporting period. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income, in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognised in other comprehensive income.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(n) 外幣

集團實體訂立之交易如以經營所在之主要經濟環境流通之貨幣(「功能貨幣」)以外之貨幣進行,則按發生交易時之匯率記賬。以外幣計值之貨幣性資產與負債,按報告期末之匯率換算。以外幣計值並按公平價值列賬之非貨幣項目,按釐定公平價值當日之現行匯率重新換算。以歷史成本計量之外幣非貨幣項目則不予重新換算。

於結算貨幣項目及換算貨幣項目時產生之匯兑差額均於其產生之期間內於損益中確認。重新換算以公理價值列賬之非貨幣項目所產生之應 見差額於該期間之損益中入賬,實際項目(其損益於其他全面收益中確認者)之重新換算所產生之差額則除外,在該情況下,匯兑差額亦於其他全面收益內確認。

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(n) Foreign currency (Continued)

On consolidation, income and expense items of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the rates approximating, to those ruling when the transactions took place are used. All assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated at the rate ruling at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as foreign exchange reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate). Exchange differences recognised in the profit or loss of group entities' separate financial statements on the translation of long-term monetary items forming part of the Group's net investment in the foreign operation concerned are reclassified to other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as foreign exchange reserve.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative exchange differences recognised in the foreign exchange reserve relating to that operation up to the date of disposal are reclassified to the profit or loss as part of the profit or loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation on or after 1 January 2005 are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operation and translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in the foreign exchange reserve.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(n) 外幣(續)

出售海外業務時,外匯儲備內確認 有關該業務截至出售日期止之累積 匯兑差額將重新分類至損益,作為 出售溢利或虧損之一部分。

於二零零五年一月一日或之後,於 收購海外業務時產生之有關所收購 可識別資產之商譽及公平價值調整 乃作為該海外業務之資產及負債處 理,並按報告期末之現行匯率進行 換算。所產生之匯兑差額乃於外匯 儲備中確認。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(o) Employee benefits

(i) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(ii) Profit-sharing and bonus plans

The expected costs of profit-sharing and bonus payments are recognised as a liability when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of services rendered by employees and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

Liabilities for profit-sharing and bonus plans are expected to be settled within 12 months and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when they are settled.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised on the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(o) 僱員福利

(i) 僱員應享假期

僱員應享之有薪年假於應計 予僱員時確認。本集團就截 至報告期末僱員因提供服務 而應享之有薪年假,提撥估 計負債之撥備。

僱員應享之病假與產假於放 假前不予確認。

(ii) 利潤分享及獎金計劃

當本集團因僱員已提供服務 而有現時法律或推定責任, 而責任金額能可靠地估計, 則將利潤分享及獎金付款之 預計成本確認為負債。

利潤分享及獎金計劃之負債 預期會在12個月內償付,並 根據在償付時預期須付之金 額計量。

(iii) 終止受僱福利

終止受僱福利於本集團不再 能撤回提供該等福利時及本 集團確認涉及支付終止受僱 福利之重組成本時(以較早者 為準)確認。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(o) Employee benefits (Continued)

(iv) Post-employment benefits

Retirement benefits to employees are provided through several defined contribution plans.

The Group adopts a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance of Hong Kong for all employees of its subsidiaries operating in Hong Kong. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries but subject to a cap in accordance with the statutory requirement and are recognised in profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme.

The Group has recorded provisions for long service payments for employees who had completed the required number of years of service under Hong Kong's Employment Ordinance for whom the Group is obligated to pay long service payment on termination of their employment.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries that operate in the PRC are required to participate in a government-managed retirement benefit schemes. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a fixed cost per employee to the government-managed retirement benefit schemes. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable.

There were no forfeited contributions utilised by the Group to reduce existing level of contribution for each of the years.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(o) 僱員福利(續)

(iv) 離職後福利

本公司藉數個界定之供款計 劃向僱員提供退休福利。

本集團為已服務滿香港《僱傭條例》規定之年期而本集團有責任於終止受僱時支付長期服務金之僱員所提供之長期服務金記錄撥備。

本集團在中國經營之附屬公司之僱員須參與由政府管理 之退休福利計劃。此等附屬 公司須向由政府管理之退休福利計劃為每名僱員作出 福利計劃為每名僱員作出損 額供款。供款於應付時自損 益扣除。

本集團並無利用已沒收之供 款減少各年度之現有供款水 平。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(p) Share-based payments

Where share options are awarded to employees, the fair value of the options at the date of grant is recognised in profit or loss over the vesting period with a corresponding increase in the employee share-based compensation reserve within equity. Nonmarket vesting conditions are taken into account by adjusting the number of equity instruments expected to vest at the end of each reporting period so that, ultimately, the cumulative amount recognised over the vesting period is based on the number of options that eventually vest. Market vesting conditions are factored into the fair value of the options granted. As long as all other vesting conditions are satisfied, a charge is made irrespective of whether the market vesting conditions are satisfied. The cumulative expense is not adjusted for failure to achieve a market vesting condition.

Where the terms and conditions of options are modified before they vest, the increase in the fair value of the options, measured immediately before and after the modification, is also recognised in profit or loss over the remaining vesting period.

Where equity instruments are granted to persons other than employees, the profit or loss is charged with the fair value of goods or services received unless the goods or services qualify for recognition as assets. A corresponding increase in equity is recognised. For cash settled share based payments, a liability is recognised at the fair value of the goods or services received.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(p) 以股份支付之款項

凡在歸屬前修訂認股權之條款及細則,在緊接修訂前後計算之認股權 公平價值之增加,亦於餘下歸屬期 間內在損益中確認。

凡股本工具授予僱員以外之人士, 損益內會扣除所收取貨品或所得服 務之公平價值,除非有關貨品或服 務符合資格確認為資產。相應增額 會於權益內確認。就以現金結算以 股份支付之款項,會按所收取貨品 或所得服務之公平價值確認負債。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(g) Impairment of other assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of the following assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment; and
- interests in subsidiaries

If the recoverable amount (i.e. the greater of the fair value less costs of disposal and value in use) of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(q) 其他資產減值

於各報告期末,本集團審閱以下資產之賬面值,以釐定是否有任何跡象顯示該等資產已產生減值虧損,或先前確認之減值虧損是否不再存在或可能已經減少:

- 物業、廠房及設備;及
- 於附屬公司之權益

倘資產之可收回金額(即公平價值 減出售成本和使用價值之較高者) 估計將低於其賬面值,則該資產之 賬面值將削減至其可收回金額。減 值虧損即時作開支確認。

倘減值虧損於其後撥回,該資產之 賬面值將增加至其可收回金額之經 修訂估計,惟增加後之賬面值不得 超出倘過往年度並無就該資產確認 減值虧損而原應釐定之賬面值。減 值虧損之撥回即時作收入確認。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(q) Impairment of other assets (Continued)

Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flow expected to be derived from the asset or cash-generating unit (see note 4(d)) discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash-generating unit.

(r) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, which it is probably will result in an outflow of economic benefits that can be reasonably estimated.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, the existence of which will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(a) 其他資產減值(續)

使用價值乃基於預期來自資產或現金產生單位(見附註4(d))之估計未來現金流量,以反映目前市場對貨幣時間價值之評估及該項資產或現金產生單位之特有風險之除稅前貼現率將其貼現至現值。

(r) 撥備及或然負債

如本集團因過去之事件須承擔法定 或推定責任,而履行有關責任很 可能引致可合理估計之經濟利益流 出,則會就未確定時間或金額之負 債確認撥備。

當不可能需要產生經濟利益流出, 或金額無法可靠估計時,該責任 則披露為或然負債,除非產生經濟 利益流出之可能性極低,則另作別 論。純粹憑一宗或多宗未來事件是 否發生而確定存在之潛在責任亦同 時披露為或然負債,除非產生經濟 利益流出之可能極低。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(s) Related parties

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control of the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Company's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply:
 - The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others);
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member);
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(s) 關連人士

- (a) 倘該名人士出現下列情況, 則該名人士或該名人士之近 親家屬成員被視為與本集團 有關連:
 - (i) 對本集團有控制權或共 同控制權;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響 力;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本公司母公 司之主要管理人員。
- (b) 倘任何下列情況適用,則該 實體即被視為與本集團有關 連:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一 集團之成員公司(即各 母公司、附屬公司及同 系附屬公司互相關連);
 - (ii) 一實體為另一實體之聯營公司或合營公司(或為某一集團之成員公司之聯營公司或合營公司,而該另一實體為此集團之成員公司);
 - (iii) 該等實體均為同一第三 方之合營公司;
 - (iv) 一實體為第三實體之合 營公司及另一實體為該 第三實體之聯營公司;

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

- (s) Related parties (Continued)
 - (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply: (Continued)
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); or
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity or to the parent of the reporting entity.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (iii) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

- (s) 關連人士(續)
 - (b) 倘任何下列情況適用,則該 實體即被視為與本集團有關 連:(續)
 - (v) 該實體乃為本集團或與 本集團有關連之實體之 僱員福利而設之離職後 福利計劃:
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)所識別之 人士控制或共同控制;
 - (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別對實體 有重大影響力之人士, 或為實體(或實體之 母公司)之主要管理人 員;或
 - (viii) 實體、或一間集團之任 何成員公司(為集團之 一部分)向申報實體或 申報實體之母公司提供 主要管理人員服務。

某一人士之近親家屬成員指於與實體進行業務往來時預期可影響該人士或受該人士影響之有關家屬成員,並包括:

- (i) 該名人士之子女及配偶或家 庭夥伴:
- (ii) 該名人士之配偶或家庭夥伴 之子女;及
- (iii) 該名人士或該名人士之配偶 或家庭夥伴之受養人。

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(t) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs attributable directly to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets which require a substantial period of time to be ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Income earned on temporary investments of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on those assets is deducted from borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(u) Government grants

Government grants are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as revenue in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are recognised as deferred income in consolidated statement of financial position and consequently are effectively recognised in profit or loss over the useful life of the asset.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(t) 借貸成本

收購、建設或生產合資格資產(需要相當長時期準備投入作擬訂用途或出售者)直接涉及之借貸成本乃資本化為該等資產成本之一部分。就有待用作該等資產開支之特定借貸之暫時投資所賺取之收入,須自已資本化之借貸成本中扣除。所有其他借貸成本乃於其產生之期間內於損益中確認。

(u) 政府補助

倘有合理保證本集團可取得政府補助並將遵守其附帶條件,則政府補助會予以確認。補償本集團已產生開支之補助,將於產生開支之同一期間有系統地於損益中確認為收益。補償本集團一項資產成本之補助,則於綜合財務狀況表確認為遞延收入,其後於資產可使用年期於損益中實際確認。

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(v) Financial Guarantee

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract issued by the Group and not designated as at FVTPL is recognised initially at its fair value less transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the financial guarantee contract.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contact at the higher of: (i) the amount of the loss allowance, being the ECL provision measured in accordance with principles of the the accounting policy set out in 4(i)(ii); and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with the principles of HKFRS 15.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(v) 財務擔保

財務擔保合約乃合約發行人根據某項債務工具原有或經修改之條款,因某特定債務人於到期日未能償還款項而須支付特定款項以補償合約持有人招致之損失之合約。由本集團發行而非指定按公平價值計入強之財務擔保合約,於初次確認時以其公平價值減發行財務擔保合約直接應佔之交易成本列賬。

於初次確認後,本集團以下列較高者計量財務擔保合約:(i)虧損撥備(為根據4(i)(ii)所載之會計政策準則計量之預期信貸虧損撥備);及(ii)根據香港財務報告準則第15號初次確認之金額減(如適用)已確認之累計攤銷。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

Estimates are evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The key assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

(a) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

Management determines the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment and will revise depreciation charges when useful lives differ from previous estimates.

(b) Impairment loss on financial assets at amortised cost

Significant judgements is required in applying the accounting requirements by the Group's management for measuring the loss allowances of financial assets at amortised cost.

The Group's management use its judgement in making such measurements including the credit history, existing market conditions, qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward-looking information, and market value of collaterals if applicable. In order to determine the most appropriate models in estimating the loss allowances for each type of financial assets at amortised cost, significant judgement is required to relate appropriate key drivers of credit risk as well as future movement of different economic drivers and how these drivers will affect each other. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will affect the carrying amount of financial assets at amortised cost and thus the loss allowance in the period in which such estimate is changed.

5. 重大會計判斷及主要估計不確 定性來源

本公司會根據過往經驗及其他因素進行評估及作出估計,包括預期日後出現在有關情況下相信屬合理之事件。有重大風險會對下一個財政年度之資產與負債之賬面值造成大幅調整之主要假設論述如下:

(a) 物業、廠房及設備之可使用年期

管理層釐定物業、廠房及設備之估 計可使用年期並將於可使用年期有 別於先前估計時修訂折舊開支。

(b) 按攤銷成本計量之財務資產之減值 虧損

本集團管理層就按攤銷成本計量虧 損撥備應用會計規定時,須作出重 大判斷。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

(c) Impairment of completed properties held for sale

Management assessed the impairment of the properties held for sale based on an estimation of the net realisable value of the underlying properties which involves, interalia, considerable analysis of current market price of properties of a comparable standard and location. If the actual net realisable value of the underlying properties are less than expected as a result of change in market condition and/or significant variation in the budgeted development costs, material provision for impairment losses may result.

No impairment loss for the completed properties held for sale was recognised in the profit or loss of the Group in respect of the current year.

(d) Incremental borrowing rate

The Group uses its incremental borrowing rate ("IBR") to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. The IBR therefore reflects what the Group 'would have to pay', which requires estimation when no observable rates are available or when they need to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease.

The Group estimates the IBR using observable inputs (such as market interest rates) when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates.

5. 重大會計判斷及主要估計不確 定性來源(續)

(c) 持作出售之已完成物業減值

管理層根據對相關物業可變現淨值的估計評估持作出售物業之減值,當中涉及(其中包括)對具有可資比較標準及位置之物業之現行市價之詳細分析。倘相關物業之實際可變現淨值因市況變動及/或預算開發成本出現重大變動而低於預期,則可能導致重大減值虧損撥備。

於本年度,本集團並無於損益確認 持作出售之已完成物業之減值虧 損。

(d) 增量借貸利率

本集團使用增量借貸利率(「**增量借**貸利率」)計量租賃負債。增量借貸利率為本集團於類似經濟環境中為取得與使用權資產價值相近之的產,而以類似抵押品與類似期間借入所需資金應支付之利率。因此與一一次,對量借貸利率反映了本集團「應支付」之利率,當無可觀察之利率的或當須對利率進行調整以反映租實之條款及條件時,則須作出利率估計。

當可觀察輸入數據可用時,本集團 使用可觀察輸入數據(如市場利率) 估算增量借貸利率並須作出若干實 體特定之估計。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

(e) Fair value measurement

A number of assets and liabilities included in the Group's consolidated financial statements require measurement at, and/or disclosure of, fair value.

The fair value measurement of the Group's financial and non-financial assets and liabilities utilises market observable inputs and data as far as possible. Inputs used in determining fair value measurements are categorised into different levels based on how observable the inputs used in the valuation technique utilised are (the "fair value hierarchy"):

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical items (unadjusted);
- Level 2: Observable direct or indirect inputs other than Level 1 inputs;
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs (i.e. not derived from market data).

The classification of an item into the above levels is based on the lowest level of the inputs used that has a significant effect on the fair value measurement of the item. Transfers of items between levels are recognised in the period they occur.

The Group measures investment properties (note 19) at fair value.

For more detailed information in relation to the fair value measurement of the items above, please refer to the applicable notes.

5. 重大會計判斷及主要估計不確 定性來源(續)

(e) 公平價值計量

計入本集團綜合財務報表之若干資 產及負債須按公平價值計量及/或 披露公平價值。

本集團之財務及非財務資產及負債 之公平價值計量盡可能運用市場可 觀察輸入值及數據。於釐定公平價 值計量所用之輸入數據乃根據所用 估值方法中使用之輸入數據之可觀 察程度分類為不同層級(「公平價值 等級」):

- 第一級:按相同條款於活躍 市場之報價(未經調整);
- 第二級:除第一級輸入數據 以外之可觀察直接或間接輸 入數據;
- 第三級:不可觀察輸入數據 (即並非源自市場數據)。

項目分類為上述等級乃根據所使用輸入數據之最低等級(其對項目之公平價值計量有重大影響)作出。項目於各等級之間之轉撥乃於產生期間確認。

本集團按公平價值計量投資物業 (附註19)。

有關上述項目之公平價值計量之更 多詳細資料,請參閱適用附註。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

SEGMENT REPORTING 6.

Management determines operating segments based on the reports regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker (the "CODM"), which is the board of directors (the "Board"), in assessing performance and allocating resources. The CODM considers the business primarily on the basis of the types of services supplied by the Group. Upon completion of disposal of the entire interests of a number of subsidiaries during the year ended 31 March 2021, the management considers that the key operating divisions of the Group are property sub-leasing and investment business, property development business and money lending business.

The Group had the following reportable operating segments during the year:

Continuing operations:

Property sub-leasing — sub-leasing and leasing of and investment

business

Property development

Money lending business

business

 provision of loans to customers, including individuals and corporations under the provisions of Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong) in Hong

investment properties

development of real estates

Kong

Discontinued operations:

Exhibition-related business

 organising all kinds of exhibition events and meeting events

Food and beverages - sale of food and beverages and restaurant operations

分類報告 6.

管理層根據主要經營決策者(「主要經營 **決策者**|),即董事會(「**董事會**|)定期審 閱以評估表現及分配資源之報告釐定經 營分類。主要經營決策者主要按本集團 提供之服務種類考慮業務。於截至二零 二一年三月三十一日止年度完成出售數 間附屬公司之全部權益後,管理層認為 本集團之主要經營分部為物業分租及投 資業務、物業發展業務以及放債業務。

在年內,本集團有以下可報告經營分 類:

持續經營業務:

物業分租及

分租及租賃投資 物業

投資業務

發展房地產

物業發展 業務

放債業務

根據香港法例

第163章放債人 條例之條文規定 於香港提供貸款 予客戶,包括個

人與法團

已終止經營業務:

展覽相關 業務

舉辦各類展覽活動 及會議活動

餐飲業務

食品及飲品銷售及 餐廳經營

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

6. SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

6. 分類報告(續)

Segment information is presented below:

分類資料呈列如下:

- (a) Information about reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities and other information
- (a) 有關可報告分類收益、溢利或虧 損、資產及負債之資料及其他資料

				2022 二零二二年			
					Discontinued operations 已終止經營業務		
	Property sub-leasing and investment business 物業分租及 投資業務 HK\$ 港元	Property development business 物業發展 業務 HK\$ 港元	Money lending business 放債業務 HK\$ 港元	Subtotal 小計 HK\$ 港元	Exhibition- related business 展覽 相關業務 <i>HK\$</i>	Food and beverages 餐飲 HK\$ 港元	Total 總額 <i>HK\$</i> 港元
可報告分類收益 外部收益 分類間收益	80,198,009	176,692,293 —		256,890,302 —	-		256,890,302
	80,198,009	176,692,293	-	256,890,302	-	-	256,890,302
除所得税前可報告分類 溢利/(虧損)	15,379,479	20,548,327	(193,888)	35,733,918	-	-	35,733,918
其他分類資料 利息收入	17,506	434,668	1,977	454,151	-	-	454,151
利息開支	34,675,900	2,147,259	-	36,823,219	-	-	36,823,219
物業、廠房及設備之折舊	_	1,923,668	-	1,923,668	-	-	1,923,668
投資物業之公平價值虧損	11,546,666	-	-	11,546,666	-	-	11,546,666
出售物業、廠房及設備之收益	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
出售使用權資產之收益	1,845,024	-	-	1,845,024	-	-	1,845,024
終止租賃合約之虧損	4,764,634	-	-	4,764,634	-	-	4,764,634
轉移投資物業之虧損	2,927,880	-	-	2,927,880	-	-	2,927,880
有關應收融資租賃款項之分租租約 修改虧損	6,205,268	-	<u> </u>	6,205,268	-	-	6,205,268
應收融資租賃款項之減值虧損	-	-	-		-	-	
應收貨款及其他款項之減值虧損 (撥回)/發備淨額	-	-	-	-	-		_
	外部收益 分類間收益	************************************	Property sub-leasing and investment business 物業分租及 教養業務 HKS 潜元 潜元	Sub-leasing and Property lending leading least business 物業分配及 投資業務 業務 出資業務 出資業務 出資業務 出資業務 出資業務 出資業務 出資業	Telepatry sub-leasing sub-leasing business b	Property sub-lessing and property sub-lessing and property sub-lessing and part plants	日本日本

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

6. SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

(a) Information about reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities and other information (Continued)

6. 分類報告(續)

(a) 有關可報告分類收益、溢利或虧 損、資產及負債之資料及其他資料 (續)

2022

	二零二十						
						Discontinued operations 已終止經營業務	
	Property sub-leasing and investment business 物業分租及 投資業務 <i>HKS</i> 港元	Property development business 物業發展 業務 <i>HK\$</i> 港元	Money lending business 放債業務 <i>HK\$</i> 港元	Subtotal 小計 <i>HK\$</i> 港元	Exhibition- related business 展覽 相關業務 <i>HK\$</i> 港元	Food and beverages 餐飲 <i>HK\$</i> 港元	Total 總額 <i>HK\$</i> 港元
可報告分類資產	665,707,000	1,261,791,697	533,733	1,928,032,430	_	-	1,928,032,430
添置可報告分類非流動資產	17,854,449	236,996	_	18,091,445	-	-	18,091,445
可報告分類負債	600,912,588	751,724,687	3,546	1,352,640,821	-	_	1,352,640,821
	添置可報告分類非流動資產	sub-leasing and investment business 物業分租及 投資業務 #KS #K 可報告分類資產 665,707,000 添置可報告分類非流動資產 17,854,449	Property sub-leasing and investment business 物美介租及 投資業務	sub-leasing and investment business Property development development business Money development business 物業分租及 投資業務 HKS HKS HKS	Continuing operations 持護經營業務 Property sub-leasing and investment business 物業分租及 投資業務 放優業務 小計 HKS	Continuing operations 持續經營業務 Property sub-leasing and property Money investment development lending business 物業分租及 物業發展 投資業務 从情報 外計 相關業務 从情報	Continuing operations

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

(a) Information about reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities and other information (Continued)

6. SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

(a) 有關可報告分類收益、溢利或虧 損、資產及負債之資料及其他資料 (續)

> 2021 二零二一年

6. 分類報告(續)

			Continuing 持續經			Discontinued (已終止經濟		
		Property sub-leasing and	Property	Money		Exhibition-		
		investment	development	lending		related	Food and	
		business	business 物業發展	business	Subtotal	business 展覽	beverages	Tota
		物業分租及 投資業務	初耒贺茂 業務	放債業務	小計	展見 相關業務	餐飲	總部
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	тыняжил НК\$	HK\$	HKS
		港元	港元	港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
Reportable segment revenue	可報告分類收益							
External revenue	外部收益	56,158,591	_	_	56,158,591	529,279	_	56,687,870
Inter-segment revenue	分類間收益							
		56,158,591	_	-	56,158,591	529,279	_	56,687,870
Reportable segment (loss)/profit before income tax	除所得税前可報告分類 (虧損)/溢利	(330,609)	(11,018,074)	(239,344)	(11,588,027)	(715,663)	103,168	(12,200,522
Other segment information	其他分類資料 利息收入	13,540	271,309	13,366	298,215	627	_	298,842
Interest expenses	利息開支	17,377,607	_	-	17,377,607	21,437	-	17,399,044
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備之折舊	475,940	1,060,729	-	1,536,669	1,239	-	1,537,908

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

6. SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

(a) Information about reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities and other information (Continued)

6. 分類報告(續)

(a) 有關可報告分類收益、溢利或虧 損、資產及負債之資料及其他資料 (續)

> 2021 二零二一年

				g operations 經營業務		Discontinued 已終止經		
		Property sub-leasing and investment business 物業分租及 投資業務 <i>HK\$</i>	Property development business 物業發展 業務 HK\$ 港元	Money lending business 放債業務 HK\$ 港元	Subtotal 小計 HK\$ 港元	Exhibition- related business 展覽 相關業務 <i>HK\$</i>	Food and beverages 餐飲 HK\$ 港元	Total 總額 HK S 港元
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備之收益	_	_	-	-	85,704	-	85,704
Gain on disposal of right-of-use assets	出售使用權資產之收益	27,781,563	_	_	27,781,563	_	_	27,781,563
Gain on termination of lease contracts	終止租賃合約之收益	7,495,080	_	_	7,495,080	_	-	7,495,080
Loss on transfer of investment properties	轉移投資物業之虧損	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Loss on modification of subleases in respect of finance lease receivables	有關應收融資租賃款項之融資分租 租約修改虧	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Impairment loss for finance lease receivables	應收融資租賃款項之減值虧損	806,497	-	-	806,497	-	-	806,497
(Reversal ofl/provision for impairment loss on trade and other receivables, net	應收貨款及其他款項之減值虧損 (撥回)/發備淨額	(161,051)	768	-	(160,283)	874,828	-	714,545
Reportable segment assets	可報告分類資產	615,539,894	1,211,004,569	12,532,456	1,839,076,919	-		1,839,076,919
Additions to reportable segment non-current assets	添置可報告分類非流動資產	494,063,338	6,718,444	-	500,781,782	1,800	_	500,783,582
Reportable segment liabilities	可報告分類負債	567,967,018	763,744,962	3,546	1,331,715,526	-	-	1,331,715,526

Note: During the second half of the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group ceased the exhibition-related business and food and beverage business.

附註:於截至二零二一年三月三十一日 止年度之下半年,本集團已終止 展覽相關業務及餐飲業務。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

2021

6. SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

(b) Reconciliation of reportable segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities

Profit/(loss) before income tax

6. 分類報告(續)

(b) 可報告分類溢利或虧損、資產及負債之對賬

2022

除所得税前溢利/(虧損)

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$	HK\$
		<i>港元</i>	港元
Reportable segment profit/(loss) before	來自持續經營業務之除所得税前		
income tax from continuing operations	可報告分類溢利/(虧損)	35,733,918	(11,588,027)
Unallocated gain on disposal of	未分配出售附屬公司之收益		
subsidiaries		5,407	7,801,713
Unallocated impairment loss on other	未分配其他應收款項之		
receivables	減值虧損	_	(1,890,542)
Unallocated interest income and other	未分配利息收入及其他收入		
income		2,373,909	1,800,507
Unallocated provisions for financial	未分配財務擔保撥備		
guarantee		_	(22,880,660)
Unallocated amortisation of intangible	未分配無形資產之攤銷		
assets		_	(97,403)
Unallocated staff costs	未分配員工成本	(6,279,204)	(5,766,845)
Unallocated finance costs	未分配融資成本	(25,668)	(2,064,870)
Unallocated depreciation of property,	未分配物業、廠房及設備	(==,===,	(=,000,100,0)
plant and equipment	之折舊	(878,707)	(739,329)
Unallocated head office and corporate	未分配總辦事處及公司開支	(0.0).0.7	(, 00,020,
expenses (note)	(附註)	(6,159,230)	(10,432,949)
- CAPONOGO (NOTO)	(11) HT /	(0,100,200)	(10,402,040)
Profit/(loss) before income tax from	來自持續經營業務之除所得稅		
continuing operations	前溢利/(虧損)	24,770,425	(45,858,405)
Continuing Operations	// / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	24,770,420	(40,000,400)

Note.

附註:

Unallocated head office and corporate expenses mainly include professional and consultancy fees, administrative expenses and business development expenses.

未分配總辦事處及公司開支主要包括 專業及顧問費用、行政開支及業務發 展開支。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

6. SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

(b) Reconciliation of reportable segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities (Continued)

Assets

6. 分類報告(續)

(b) 可報告分類溢利或虧損、資產及負債之對賬(續)

資產

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$	HK\$
		<u>港元</u>	<u>港元</u>
Reportable segment assets	可報告分類資產	1,928,032,430	1,839,076,919
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	271,851	1,150,238
Trade and other receivables	應收貨款及其他款項	8,494,327	7,736,724
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	21,440,334	43,496,814
Unallocated head office and	未分配總辦事處及		
corporate assets	公司資產	79,716	5,217,644
Total assets	資產總值	1,958,318,658	1,896,678,339
Liabilities		負債	
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Reportable segment liabilities	可報告分類負債	1,352,640,821	1,331,715,526
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	286,583	698,916
Unallocated head office and corporate	未分配總辦事處及		
liabilities	公司負債	5,018,999	2,151,149
Total liabilities	負債總額	1,357,946,403	1,334,565,591

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

6. SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

(c) Geographical information

The Group's operations are mainly located in Hong Kong and the PRC.

An analysis of the Group's geographical segments is set out as follows:

6. 分類報告(續)

(c) 地區資料

本集團之業務主要位於香港及中國。

本集團地區分類之分析載列如下:

		2022 二零二二年						
		-	Kong 港		RC ¹ 國		otal 懇額	
		Continuing operations 持續	Discontinued operations 已終止	Continuing operations 持續	-	Continuing operations 持續	-	
		村順 經營業務 HK\$	經營業務	_{対順} 經營業務 <i>HK\$</i>	經營業務	_{対複} 經營業務 HK\$	經營業務	
		港元	港元	ガ 元		港元		
Revenue Non-current assets other than financial	收益 非流動資產(財務工具除外)	-	-	256,890,302	-	256,890,302	-	
instruments		265,264	-	284,768,079		285,033,343		
					021 二一年			
		Hong	Kong	Р	RC	To	otal	

		 Hong Kong 香港			RC 國		tal 額
		Continuing	Discontinued	Continuing	Discontinued	Continuing	Discontinued
		operations	operations	operations	operations	operations	operations
		持續	已終止	持續	已終止	持續	已終止
		經營業務	經營業務	經營業務	經營業務	經營業務	經營業務
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
Revenue Non-current assets other than financial	收益 非流動資產(財務工具除外)	-	529,279	56,158,591	-	56,158,591	529,279
instruments		1,141,759	-	291,208,684	_	292,350,443	

Note: Revenue attributed to regions on the basis of the customers' locations.

附註:各地區應佔收益乃按客戶位置為 基準。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

7. REVENUE

7. 收益

Analysis of the Group's revenue for the year is as follows:

本集團之本年度收益分析如下:

		2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$</i> 港元	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$</i> 港元
Continuing operations:	持續經營業務:		
Revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約之收益		
Revenue from sale of completed properties	出售竣工物業之收益	176,692,293	
Revenue from other sources	其他來源收益		
Gross rental income from property	物業分租業務所得租金		
sub-leasing business	收入總額	51,678,153	40,978,989
Interest income from finance lease	應收融資租賃款項之利息收入	01,070,100	40,070,000
receivables	心、医脑具、血真水、杂色生物、医	28,519,856	15,179,602
		80,198,009	56,158,591
Revenue from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務之收益	256,890,302	56,158,591
Discontinued operations:	已終止經營業務:		
Revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約之收益		
Revenue from exhibition-related business	展覽相關業務之收益	_	529,279
Total revenue recognised	已確認收益	256,890,302	56,687,870
Revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約之收益		
Disaggregated revenue information for the	截至二零二二年及二零二一年		
year ended 31 March 2022 and 2021	三月三十一日止年度之分類		
	收益資料		
Timing of revenue recognition	收益確認之時間		
Goods transferred at a point in time	於貨品轉移之時點	176,692,293	150,000
Services transferred overtime	服務隨時間轉移	_	379,279
		176,692,293	529,279

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

8. OTHER GAINS OR LOSSES, NET 8. 其他收益或虧損,淨額

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	<u>港元</u>
Continuing operations:	持續經營業務:		
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	468,117	339,706
Income from financial guarantee issued	提供財務擔保之收入	_	850,197
Government grants relating to unconditional subsidies	有關無條件津貼之政府補助	_	519,084
Gain on disposal of right-of-use assets	出售使用權資產之收益		0.0700.
(note 22(i))	(附註22(i))	1,845,024	27,781,563
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	5,407	7,801,713
Loss on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備之	3,137	,,001,,10
equipment, net	虧損淨額	_	(102,676)
(Loss)/gain on termination of lease contracts	終止租賃合約之(虧損)/收益	(4,764,634)	7,676,205
Loss on modification of subleases in respect	有關應收融資租賃款項之分租	(1,701,001,	.,0.0,200
of finance lease receivables (note 22(iii))	租約修改虧損 <i>(附註22(iii))</i>	(6,205,268)	_
Loss on transfer of investment properties	轉移投資物業之虧損	(0,=00,=00,	
(note 19)	(附註19)	(2,927,880)	_
Fair value loss on investment properties	投資物業之公平價值虧損	(=,==,,==,,	
(note 19)	(附註19)	(11,546,666)	(55,993,773)
Provision for financial guarantee (note below)	財務擔保撥備(下列附註)	_	(22,880,660)
Others	其他	3,263,608	5,808,415
		(19,862,292)	(28,200,226)
Discontinued operations:	已終止經營業務:		
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	_	627
Gain on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備之		
equipment, net	收益淨額	_	85,704
Others	其他	_	231,281
		_	317,612
Total other losses, net	其他損失共計(淨額)	(19,862,292)	(27,882,614)

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

8. OTHER GAINS OR LOSSES, NET

(Continued)

Note: During the year ended 31 March 2021, 南京垠 坤投資實業有限公司 (Nanjing Yinkun Investment Corporation Co. Ltd.) (the "Guarantor"), an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company as the guarantor, entered into guarantee agreements (the "Guarantee Agreements") with certain banks, pursuant to which the Guarantor agreed to guarantee the repayment obligations of two potential business partners of the Group in respect of the loan facilities with the principal amount of up to RMB140,000,000 obtained by the business partners. In this connection, the Group recognised a provision for loss in respect of the financial guarantee contracts of HK\$22,880,660 for the year ended 31 March 2021. Upon the disposal of the subsidiaries as disclosed in note 38 during the year ended 31 March 2021, the relevant provision had been de-recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2021.

8. 其他收益或虧損,淨額(續)

附註: 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年 度,本公司之間接非全資附屬公司 南京垠坤投資實業有限公司(「擔保 人」)作為擔保人與某些銀行訂立擔 保協議(「擔保協議」),據此,擔保 人同意擔保本集團之兩名潛在業務 夥伴之還款責任,涉及本金額最多 為人民幣140,000,000元之貸款融 資(由業務夥伴取得)。就此,本集 團於截至二零二一年三月三十一日 止年度就財務擔保合約確認虧損撥 備22,880,660港元。誠如附註38 所披露,於截至二零二一年三月 三十一日止年度出售附屬公司後, 相關撥備已於本集團於二零二一年 三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表取 消確認。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

2021

9. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX

Profit/(loss) before income tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

9. 除所得税前溢利/(虧損)

除所得税前溢利/(虧損)已扣除/(計入)以下各項:

2022

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Amortisation on intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	_	97,403
Cost of completed properties sold	已出售已完成物業之成本	132,690,334	_
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries#	出售附屬公司之收益#	(5,407)	(7,801,713)
Loss on disposal of property, plant	出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損		
and equipment, net#	淨額#	_	102,676
Gain on disposal of right-of-use assets#	出售使用權資產之收益#	(1,845,024)	(27,781,563)
Loss on transfer of investment properties*	轉讓投資物業之虧損#	2,927,880	_
Impairment losses on finance lease	應收融資租賃款項之減值虧損淨額		
receivables, net		_	806,497
Impairment losses on trade and other	應收貨款及其他款項之減值虧損		
receivables, net	淨額	_	1,730,259
Impairment loss on property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備之減值虧損		
equipment		_	469,119
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	1,000,000	1,550,000
Fair value loss on investment properties#	投資物業之公平價值虧損#	11,546,666	55,993,773
Loss on modification of subleases in respect	有關應收融資租賃款項之融資分租		
of finance lease receivables [#]	租約修改虧損#	6,205,268	_
Provision for financial guarantee [#]	財務擔保撥備#	_	22,880,660
Discontinued operations	已終止經營業務		
Gain on disposal of property, plant	出售物業、廠房及設備之收益淨額#		
and equipment, net [#]		_	(85,704)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	_	(2,182,040)
Impairment losses on trade and other	應收貨款及其他款項之減值		
receivables, net	虧損淨額	_	874,828
Impairment loss on property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備之減值虧損		
equipment		_	_

^{*} The amount is included under the "other gains or losses, net" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

該金額計入綜合全面收益表項下「其他 收益或虧損,淨額」。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

10. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group completed disposal of the entire issued capital of a number of subsidiaries of the Company. These subsidiaries carried out businesses in exhibition-related business and food and beverage business. Upon completion of the disposal, the Group ceased the exhibition-related business and food and beverage business.

(a) Exhibition-related business

The revenue and results of the exhibition-related business for the period from 1 April 2020 to 31 January 2021 (date of disposal) were as follows:

10. 已終止經營業務

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本集團完成出售多間本公司附屬公司之 全部已發行股本。該等附屬公司進行展 覽相關業務及餐飲業務。於出售事項完 成後,本集團已終止展覽相關業務及餐 飲業務。

(a) 展覽相關業務

自二零二零年四月一日起至二零 二一年一月三十一日(出售日期)止 期間,展覽相關業務之收益及業績 如下:

Total cash outflows	現金流出總額	(2,391,560)
Financing cash outflows	融資現金流出	(1,020,916)
Operating cash outflows Investing cash outflows	經營現金流出 投資現金流出	(1,368,844) (1,800)
Loss for the period	本期間虧損 	(715,663)
Logo for the period	* 抑胃虧損	(715,662)
Loss for the period Gain on disposal of discontinued operations	本期間虧損 出售已終止經營業務之收益	(2,785,850) 2,070,187
Loss before income tax Income tax expense (note 15)	除所得税前虧損 所得税開支 <i>(附註15)</i>	(2,785,850)
Revenue (note 7) Other gains or losses, net (note 8) Cost of inventories Depreciation on property, plant and equipment Short term lease payments Staff costs (note 11) Other operating expenses (note 13) Finance costs (note 14)	收益(<i>附註 7</i>) 其他收益或虧損,淨額(<i>附註 8</i>) 存貨成本 物業、廠房及設備之折舊 短期租賃付款 員工成本(<i>附註 11</i>) 其他經營開支(<i>附註 13</i>) 融資成本(<i>附註 14</i>)	529,279 317,612 (124,524) (1,239) (372,311) (1,133,108) (1,980,122) (21,437)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

10. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

(Continued)

(b) Food and beverage business

The results of the food and beverage business for the period from 1 April 2020 to 31 January 2021 (date of disposal) were as follows:

10. 已終止經營業務(續)

(b) 餐飲業務

自二零二零年四月一日起至二零 二一年一月三十一日(出售日期)止 期間,餐飲業務之業績如下:

For the period from 1 April 2020 to 31 January 2021 (date of disposal) 自二零二零年四月一日起至二零二一年一月三十一日(出售日期)止期間HK\$

Revenue	收益	_
Other operating expenses (note 13)	其他經營開支(附註13)	(8,685)
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損	(8,685)
Income tax expense (note 15)	所得税開支(<i>附註15)</i>	
Loss for the period	本期間虧損	(8,685)
Gain on disposal of discontinued operations	出售已終止經營業務之收益	111,853
Profit for the period	本期間溢利	103,168
Occupies and influence	/m wy TR 人 六 1	
Operating cash inflows	經營現金流入	
Total cash inflows	現金流入總額	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

11. STAFF COSTS

11. 員工成本

		Continuing operations 持續經營業務		Continuing operations 持續經營業務 Discontinued operations 已終止經營業務		Total 總計	
		2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$</i> <i>港元</i>	2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$ 港元	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$</i> <i>港元</i>	2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$</i> <i>港元</i>	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$</i> <i>港元</i>
Staff costs (including directors' emoluments) comprise:	員工成本(包括董事 酬金)包括:						
Salaries Contribution to defined contribution pension	薪金 界定供款退休計劃 之供款	8,738,988	13,918,643	-	1,019,576	8,738,988	14,938,219
plans	++ // L= +n \ A->/	518,125	486,167	-	67,388	518,125	553,555
Other short-term monetary benefits	其他短期金錢利益 	1,375,539	674,420	_	46,144	1,375,539	720,564
		10,632,652	15,079,230	-	1,133,108	10,632,652	16,212,338

12. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS

12. 董事及高級管理層酬金

Directors' emoluments

董事酬金

The directors' emoluments are analysed as follows:

董事酬金分析如下:

2022 二零二二年		Fees 袍金 <i>HK\$</i> 港元	Salaries and other benefits 薪金及 其他福利 <i>HK\$</i> 港元	Retirement scheme contributions 退休 計劃供款 <i>HK\$</i> 港元	Benefits in kind 實物利益 <i>HK\$</i> 港元	Total 總額 <i>HK\$</i> 港元
Executive directors	執行董事					
Mr. Chen Weiwu	陳偉武先生	_	720,000	18,000	-	738,000
Mr. Zhou Houjie	周厚傑先生	_	585,161	22,023	-	607,184
Mr. Jiang Ruowenhao (note (i))	江若文豪先生					
·	(附註(i))	-	-	-	-	-
Independent	獨立非執行董事					
non-executive directors						
Mr. Chen Youchun	陳友春先生	180,000	-	-	-	180,000
Ms. Lui Mei Ka	雷美嘉女士	180,000	-	-	-	180,000
Mr. Zhou Xin	周新先生	180,000	-	-	-	180,000
		540,000	1,305,161	40,023	-	1,885,184

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

12. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS

12. 董事及高級管理層酬金(續)

(Continued)

Directors' emoluments (Continued)

董事酬金(續)

			Salaries	Retirement		
			and other	scheme	Benefits in	
		Fees	benefits	contributions	kind	Total
		1 000	薪金及	退休	Killa	10141
		袍金	其他福利	計劃供款	實物利益	總額
2021		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
<u> </u>		港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
Executive directors	執行董事					
Mr. Chen Weiwu	陳偉武先生	_	720,000	18,000	_	738,000
Mr. Zhou Houjie	周厚傑先生	_	240,000	24,834	_	264,834
Independent	獨立非執行董事					
non-executive directors	S					
Mr. Chen Youchun	陳友春先生	180,000	_	_	_	180,000
Ms. Lui Mei Ka	雷美嘉女士	180,000	_	_	_	180,000
Mr. Zhou Xin	周新先生	180,000				180,000
		540,000	960,000	42,834	_	1,542,834

No directors waived their emoluments in respect of the year ended 31 March 2022 (2021: Nil). 概無董事放棄截至二零二二年三月 三十一日止年度之酬金(二零二一年: 無)。

No discretionary bonuses were granted to the directors during the year ended 31 March 2022 (2021: Nil).

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,並無向董事授出酌情花紅(二零二一:無)。

Note:

附註:

(i) Mr. Jiang Ruowenhao was appointed as an executive director of the Company with effect from 16 August 2021. (i) 江若文豪先生於二零二一年八月十六 日獲委任為本公司執行董事。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

12. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS

(Continued)

Five highest paid individuals

Among the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, two (2021: one) was the director of the Company whose emoluments are included in the above.

The emoluments of the remaining three (2021: four) highest paid individuals, who are not a director of the Company, are as follows:

12. 董事及高級管理層酬金(續)

五名最高薪酬人士

本集團五名最高薪酬人士中,兩名(二零二一年:一名)為本公司董事,其酬 金已載於上文。

其餘三名(二零二一年:四名)最高薪酬 人士(非本公司董事)之酬金如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Basic salaries, housing allowances,	基本薪金、房屋津貼、		
other allowances and benefits in kind	其他津貼及實物利益	1,983,726	2,116,459
Retirement scheme contributions	退休計劃供款	46,661	55,500
		2,030,387	2,171,959

The emoluments are within the following bands:

酬金在以下範圍之內:

2022

2021

		一苓——干	_参年
		Number of	Number of
		Employees	Employees
		僱員數目	僱員數目
HK\$nil to HK\$1,000,000	零港元至1,000,000港元	2	4
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至		
	1,500,000港元	1	_
		3	4

No discretionary bonuses granted to the five highest paid individuals during the year ended 31 March 2022 (2021: Nil).

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,並無向五名最高薪酬人士授出酌情 花紅(二零二一年:無)。

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

13. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

13. 其他經營開支

		Continuing operations 持續經營業務				•	ns Total 總計	
		2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
		二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二二年	二零二一年	
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	
		港元	港元	港元	港元	港元	港元	
Property sub-leasing and investment business	物業分租及投資 業務開支							
expenses		7,107,791	16,287,022	-	_	7,107,791	16,287,022	
Property development	物業發展業務開支							
business expenses		15,820,451	7,962,282	_	_	15,820,451	7,962,282	
Exhibition expenses	展覽開支	_	_	_	227,518	_	227,518	
Legal and professional	法律及專業費用							
fees		3,297,524	2,949,084	_	81,906	3,297,524	3,030,990	
Travelling expenses	差旅開支	2,129	374,704	_	3,776	2,129	378,480	
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	1,000,000	1,550,000	_	_	1,000,000	1,550,000	
Others	其他	2,055,442	7,895,973	_	1,675,607	2,055,442	9,571,580	
		29,283,337	37,019,065	_	1,988,807	29,283,337	39,007,872	

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

14. FINANCE COSTS

14. 融資成本

		Continuing operations 持續經營業務		Discontinued operations 已終止經營業務		Total 總計						
		2022						2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
				二零二一年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二二年	二零二一年				
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$					
		港元	港元	港元	港元	港元	港元					
Interest on bank	銀行借貸之利息											
borrowings		16,352,127	15,600,258	-	_	16,352,127	15,600,258					
Interest on other	其他借貸之利息											
borrowings		_	1,643,646	_	_	_	1,643,646					
Interest on convertible	可換股債券之利息											
bonds (note 31)	(附註31)	_	2,039,265	_	_	_	2,039,265					
Interest on lease	租賃負債之利息											
liabilities		34,703,673	12,879,874	_	21,437	34,703,673	12,901,311					
		51,055,800	32,163,043	-	21,437	51,055,800	32,184,480					
Less: Amount capitalised	<i>減:</i> 發展中物業之											
in properties	資本化金額											
under												
development		(14,206,913)	(12,720,566)	_	_	(14,206,913)	(12,720,566)					
		36,848,887	19,442,477	_	21,437	36,848,887	19,463,914					

Borrowing costs capitalised to properties under 借貸成本按年利率7.24% (二零二一 development at rate of 7.24% (2021: 7.24%) per 年:7.24%)資本化為發展中物業。 annum.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

15. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

15. 所得税開支

The income tax expense in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income represents:

在綜合全面收益表內之所得稅開支指:

		Continuing operations 持續經營業務		Discontinued operations 已終止經營業務		Total 總計	
		2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
Current tax for the year — Hong Kong profits	本年度即期税項 一 香港利得税						
tax — PRC Enterprise	— 中國企業所得税	-	_	-	_	-	_
Income Tax		(5,358,011)	(1,159,720)	_	_	(5,358,011)	(1,159,720)
— PRC LAT	一 中國土地增值税	(3,734,208)	_	_	_	(3,734,208)	
		(9,092,219)	(1,159,720)	_	_	(9,092,219)	(1,159,720)

For the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021, no provision for Hong Kong profits tax have been made as the Group has no estimated assessable profits subject to Hong Kong profits tax for these years.

The PRC subsidiaries are subject to PRC Enterprise Income Tax at 25% (2021: 25%).

The provision for LAT is estimated according to the requirements set forth in the relevant PRC tax laws and regulations. LAT has been provided at ranges of progressive rates of the appreciation value, with certain allowable deductions.

截至二零二二年及二零二一年三月 三十一日止年度,並無作出香港利得税 撥備,此乃由於本集團就該等年度香港 利得税並無估計應課税溢利。

中國附屬公司須按25%(二零二一年: 25%)之税率繳納中國企業所得税。

土地增值税撥備乃根據相關中國稅務法 律及法規所載規定估計。土地增值稅已 按增值價值的累進稅率範圍作出撥備, 並附帶若干可扣減項目。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

15. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

The income tax expense can be reconciled to the profit/(loss) before income tax per the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows:

15. 所得税開支(續)

所得税開支與綜合全面收益表中除所得 税前溢利/(虧損)之對賬如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	<u>港元</u>
Profit/(loss) before income tax	除所得税前溢利/(虧損)		
Continuing operations	持續經營業務	24,770,425	(45,858,405)
Discontinued operations	已終止經營業務		(612,495)
Profit/(loss) before income tax	除所得税前溢利/(虧損)	24,770,425	(46,470,900)
Tax calculated at domestic tax rates applicable	按適用於各國溢利/虧損之當地		
to profit/loss in the respective countries	税率計算之税項	(3,146,467)	3,719,358
Tax effect of LAT	土地增值税之税務影響	(933,552)	
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	不可扣税開支之税務影響	(5,730,017)	(8,696,719)
Tax effect of non-taxable income	毋須課税收入之税務影響	717,817	7,497,851
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損之税務影響		(3,680,210)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	(9,092,219)	(1,159,720)

16. DIVIDENDS

No dividend was paid or proposed in respect of the year ended 31 March 2022, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period (2021: Nil).

16. 股息

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度並 無派付或建議派付股息,自報告期末起 亦無建議派付任何股息(二零二一年: 無)。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

17. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic earnings/(loss) per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

17. 每股盈利/(虧損)

本公司擁有人應佔之每股基本盈利/ (虧損)乃根據以下數據計算:

2022	2021
二零二二年	二零二一年
HK\$	HK\$
港元	港元

Earnings/(loss) for the purpose of basic earnings/loss per share	用作計算每股基本盈利/(虧損)之 盈利/(虧損)		
Earnings/(loss) for the year attributable to owners	本公司擁有人應佔本年度盈利/		
of the Company	(虧損)		
— from continuing operations	一 來自持續經營業務	8,021,068	(12,734,990)
— from discontinued operations	一 來自已終止經營業務	_	(612,495)
— from continuing and discontinued operations	一來自持續經營及已終止經營 業務	8,021,068	(13,347,485)

Number of shares

股份數目

Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue for the purpose of basic earnings/loss per share

用作計算每股已發行股份基本盈利/ (虧損)之普通股加權平均數

2,308,866,570 2,001,937,781

The computation of diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2022 does not assume the exercise of the Company's share options granted because the exercise price of these share options was higher than the average market price for shares for the year. 計算截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年 度之每股攤薄盈利並無假設本公司已授 出購股權獲行使,原因為該等購股權之 行使價高於年內股份之平均市價。

Diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2022 is not presented as the Group has no other potential ordinary shares in issue during the year.

由於本集團於截至二零二二年三月 三十一日止年度並無已發行其他潛在普 通股,故並無呈列截至二零二二年三月 三十一日止年度之每股攤薄盈利。

For the year ended 31 March 2021, diluted loss per share was not presented as the effects of the Group's share options granted and convertible bonds outstanding during that year were considered as anti-dilutive.

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度, 由於本集團於該年度授出之認股權及尚 未行使之可換股債券的影響被視為反攤 薄,故並無呈列每股攤薄虧損。

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

18. 物業、廠房及設備

		Right-of-use assets	•	Leasehold improvements	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢俱、	Motor vehicles	Total
		使用權資產 HK\$ 港元	租賃物業裝修 HK\$ 港元	装置及設備 HK\$ 港元	汽車 HK\$ 港元	總額 HK\$ 港元	
Cost	成本						
At 1 April 2020 Additions Lease modification Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 32) Disposals Disposal of subsidiaries (note 38) Exchange realignment	於二零二零年四月一日 添置 租賃修改 收購附屬公司(附註32) 出售 出售附屬公司(附註38) 匯兑調整	4,156,107 795,791 592,571 340,724 (3,735,729) (1,012,949) 27,518	184,018 6,445,221 — (180,818) (3,200) 211,819	2,393,262 411,260 — 683,617 (27,837) (2,682,320) 562,772	1,929,948 — — (256,691) (667,068) 147,511	8,663,335 7,652,272 592,571 1,024,341 (4,201,075) (4,365,537) 949,620	
At 31 March 2021 and 1 April 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日及二 零二一年四月一日	1,164,033	6,657,040	1,340,754	1,153,700	10,315,527	
Additions Disposals Exchange realignment	添置 出售 匯兑調整	— (383,757) 15,515	 280,479	236,996 — 59,847	_ _ _	236,996 (383,757) 355,841	
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	795,791	6,937,519	1,637,597	1,153,700	10,524,607	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累積折舊及減值						
At 1 April 2020 Depreciation charge for the year Eliminated on disposals Disposal of subsidiaries (note 38) Impairment loss for the year Exchange realignment	於二零二零年四月一日 本年度折舊支出 出售時對銷 出售附屬公司(<i>附註38)</i> 本年度減值虧損 匯兑調整	4,156,107 424,964 (3,735,729) (1,012,949) 469,119 5,550	184,018 937,487 (180,818) (3,200) — 30,810	1,249,101 661,432 (26,250) (1,858,508) — 425,297	792,006 434,375 (154,015) (536,473) — 139,211	6,381,232 2,458,258 (4,096,812) (3,411,130) 469,119 600,868	
At 31 March 2021 and 1 April 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日及 二零二一年四月一日	307,062	968,297	451,072	675,104	2,401,535	
Depreciation charge for the year Eliminated on disposals Exchange realignment	本年度折舊支出 出售時對銷 匯兑調整	596,573 (383,757) 10,649	1,488,911 — 65,526	458,483 — 26,047	478,596 — —	3,022,563 (383,757) 102,222	
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	530,527	2,522,734	935,602	1,153,700	5,142,563	
Net book value	賬面淨值						
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	265,264	4,414,785	701,995	_	5,382,044	
At 31 March 2021							

The right-of-use assets represent properties leased by the Group for own use.

At 31 March 2022 and 2021, the Group did not pledge any property, plant and equipment.

資產使用權指本集團租賃作自用之物 業。

於二零二二年及二零二一年三月三十一 日,本集團並無抵押任何物業、廠房及 設備。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(Continued)

No impairment loss on property, plant and equipment was recognised for the year ended 31 March 2022.

For the year ended 31 March 2021, impairment loss amounted to HK\$469,119 was recognised in full on certain right-of-use assets as the recoverable amount of such right-of-use assets was considered as minimal.

For the year ended 31 March 2022, depreciation of property, plant and equipment amounted to HK\$219,110 (2021: HK\$181,021) was capitalised to properties under development.

19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

18. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度, 概無就物業、廠房及設備確認減值虧 損。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,已就若干使用權資產悉數確認減值虧損 469,119港元,原因為該等使用權資產 的可收回金額被視為微不足道。

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,物業、廠房及設備之折舊219,110港元 (二零二一年:181,021港元)已資本化 為發展中物業。

2022

2021

19. 投資物業

		_ 2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Fair value, at beginning of the year	於年初之公平價值	284,436,451	183,544,593
Additions (note 22)	添置(附註22)	_	282,698,882
Loss on change in fair value	公平價值變動虧損	(11,546,666)	(55,993,773)
Transferred to finance lease receivables	轉撥至融資租賃應收款項	(4,948,571)	_
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 38)	出售附屬公司(附註38)	_	(132,283,765)
Termination of contracts	終止合約	_	(15, 193, 199)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	11,710,085	21,663,713
Fair value, at end of the year	於年末之公平價值	279,651,299	284,436,451
Fair value, at end of the year	於年末之公平價值	279,651,299	284,43

The investment properties represent right-of-use assets relating to buildings held by the Group and leased out under operating leases.

During the current year, the Group entered into agreements for sublease of properties for the periods which approximate the remaining lease periods of the properties held as right-of-use asset by the Group. Accordingly, the relevant investment properties with the carrying amount of HK\$4,948,571 were transferred to finance lease receivables, with the loss on transfer amounted to HK\$2,927,880 (2021: Nil) recognised in profit or loss in respect of the year (note 8), calculated as the difference between the fair value of finance lease receivables recognised amounted to HK\$2,020,691 and the carrying amount of HK\$4,948,571 of the investment properties transferred out.

投資物業指與本集團持有並根據經營租 賃出租的樓宇有關之資產使用權。

於本年度,本集團已就物業分租訂立協議,分租期與本集團作為資產使用權持有的物業的剩餘租賃期相若。因此,應面值為4,948,571港元的相關投資物業已轉撥至融資租賃應收款項,而轉撥虧損為2,927,880港元(2021年:無)已於年內損益確認(附註8),乃按已確認配資租賃應收款項公平值2,020,691港元與已轉出投資物業賬面值4,948,571港元之間的差額計算。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

Investment properties were revalued at 31 March 2022 and 2021 on market value basis by APAC Appraisal and Consulting Limited ("APAC"), an independent valuer, who has appropriate professional qualification and relevant experience in the location and category of the investment property being valued.

The fair value of investment properties is a level 3 recurring fair value measurement. A reconciliation of the opening and closing fair value balance is provided below:

19. 投資物業(續)

於二零二二年及二零二一年三月三十一日,投資物業之公平價值已由亞太估值及顧問有限公司(「亞太」)按市場價值基準重估,其為擁有合適專業資格並對所估值投資物業之位置及類型擁有相關經驗之獨立估值師。

投資物業之公平價值按第三級經常性公 平價值計量。年初及年末公平價值結餘 之對賬如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	<u>港元</u>
Opening balance (level 3 recurring fair	年初結餘(第三級經常性公平		
value)	價值)	284,436,451	183,544,593
Additions (note 22)	添置(附註22)	-	282,698,882
Loss on change in fair value	公平值變動虧損	(11,546,666)	(55,993,773)
Transferred to finance lease receivables	轉撥至融資租賃應收款項	(4,948,571)	_
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 38)	出售附屬公司(附註38)	-	(132,283,765)
Termination of contracts	終止合約	-	(15,193,199)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	11,710,085	21,663,713
Closing balance (level 3 recurring fair value)	年末結餘(第三級經常性公平		
	價值)	279,651,299	284,436,451
Change in unrealized losses for the year	就三月三十一日所持資產計入		
Change in unrealised losses for the year	税ニカニ 一口所付員座前へ損益之年内未變現虧損之		
included in profit or loss for assets held at 31 March	損益之中內木変現虧損之 變動	(11,546,666)	(55,993,773)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

範圍

19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

Fair value is determined by applying the income approach, using the discounted cash flow method, based on the estimated rental value of the properties. The valuation takes account of occupancy rates and rental growth rates of the properties. The discount rates have been adjusted for the condition and location of the buildings.

19. 投資物業(續)

重大不可

期 窓 糸 動

公平價值乃根據有關物業之估計租賃價 值運用貼現現金流量法、應用收入法釐 定。有關估值計及有關物業之入住率及 和金增長率。貼現率已就有關建築之狀 況及位置作出調整。

Significant unobservable

innuts

mputs	Hange	低不多数	平 年
Discount rate	6% — 9%	貼現率	6%至9%
	(2021: 6% — 9%)		(二零二一年:6%至9%)
Growth rate	2%	增長率	2%
	(2021: 2% — 3%)		(二零二一年:2%至3%)
Occupancy rates	88%	入住率	88%
	(2021: 88%)		(二零二一年:88%)
Market yield	4% — 6%	市場孳息率	4%至6%
	(2021: 4% — 6%)		(二零二一年:4%至6%)

Range

The higher the discount rate and market yield, the lower the fair value. The higher the rental growth rate, and occupancy rates, the higher the fair value.

The fair value measurement is based on the above properties' highest and best use, which does not differ from their actual use.

During the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021, there were no transfers into or out of Level 3 or any other level. The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between Levels of the fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

No investment properties has pledged to secure the bank borrowings granted to the Group as at 31 March 2022 (2021: Nil).

貼現率及市場孳息率愈高,公平價值愈 低。租金增長率及入住率愈高,公平價 值愈高。

公平價值計量乃根據上述物業之最佳最 有效用途,其與實際用途無異。

截至二零二二年及二零二一年三月 三十一日 | 上年度 | 概無轉入或轉出第三 級或任何其他層級。本集團之政策為於 發生公平價值等級轉移之報告期末確認 有關轉移。

於二零二二年三月三十一日,概無投資 物業已獲抵押以擔保授予本集團之銀行 借貸(二零二一年:無)。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

20. GOODWILL AND IMPAIRMENT

20. 商譽及減值

Property

		sub-leasing business 物業分租業務 HK\$ 港元
Cost	成本	
At 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	16,781,282
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 38)	出售附屬公司 <i>(附註38)</i>	(16,591,728)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	15,367
As 31 March 2021 and 1 April 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日及	
	二零二一年四月一日	204,921
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	8,634
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	213,555
Impairment	減值	
At 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	16,591,728
Impairment loss recognised	已確認減值虧損	198,401
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 38)	出售附屬公司(附註38)	(16,591,728)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	6,520
At 31 March 2021 and 1 April 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日及	
	二零二一年四月一日	204,921
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	8,634
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	213,555
Carrying amount	賬面值	
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	_

The goodwill was fully impaired as at the end of both of the reporting periods presented.

於呈列的兩個報告期末, 商譽已完全減值。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

21. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

21. 無形資產

			Customer	
			relationship	
		Golf club	and customer	
		memberships	contracts	Total
		高爾夫球	0011114010	
		俱樂 部	客戶關係及	
		會籍	客戶合約	總額
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元	港元
Cost	成本			
At 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	1,500,000	38,410,000	39,910,000
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 38)	出售附屬公司(附註38)	(1,500,000)	(38,410,000)	(39,910,000)
At 31 March 2021, 1 April 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日、			
and 31 March 2022	二零二一年四月一日及			
	二零二二年三月三十一日	<u> </u>		
Accumulated amortisation	累積攤銷及減值			
and impairment				
At 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	1,061,690	38,410,000	39,471,690
Amortisation for the year	本年度攤銷	97,403	_	97,403
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 38)	出售附屬公司(附註38)	(1,159,093)	(38,410,000)	(39,569,093
At 31 March 2021, 1 April 2021 and	於二零二一年三月三十一日、			
31 March 2022	二零二一年四月一日及			
	二零二二年三月三十一日	_		
Net book value	賬面淨值			
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日		_	
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	_	_	

The intangible assets were disposed of during the year ended 31 March 2021 following the disposal of subsidiaries during that year.

無形資產於截至二零二一年三月三十一 日止年度出售附屬公司後於該年度出 售。

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

22. FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES

22. 應收融資租賃款項

			2022	2021
			二零二二年	二零二一年
		Notes	HK\$	HK\$
		附註	港元	港元
Gross finance lease receivables	應收融資租賃款項總額		540,337,522	552,189,619
Less: unearned finance income	減:未賺取之融資收益		(223,737,790)	(249,544,027)
Net finance lease receivables	應收融資租賃款項淨額	(i)	316,599,732	302,645,592
Less: loss allowance	減:虧損撥備(ii)	(ii)	(1,087,890)	(1,087,890)
Finance lease receivables	應收融資租賃款項		315,511,842	301,557,702
Finance lease receivables analysed as:	應收融資租賃款項分析如下:			
Receivable within one year	一年內應收		48,876,419	26,161,513
Receivable after one year	一年後應收		266,635,423	275,396,189
			315,511,842	301,557,702

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

22. FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

Notes:

(i) Net finance lease receivables

The finance lease receivables are arising from the property sub-leasing business. For finance lease receivables, the customers are obligated to settle the amounts according to the terms set out in the relevant lease contracts.

During the year, the Group entered into agreements with Beijing Tian'an Innovation Technology and Estate Limited, an entity which is indirectly whollyowned by Mr. Chen Weiwu, a director and an ultimate controlling party of the Company, for leases of certain properties which were then subleased to the Group's customers. The cost of these right-of-use assets were estimated to be in aggregate HK\$17,854,449 (2021: HK\$489,473,679), of which the right-of-use assets amounted to HK\$19,699,473 (2021: HK\$239,009,782) and NiI (2021: HK\$278,245,460) were classified under finance lease receivables and investment properties (note 19) respectively.

The finance lease receivables at end of the year are analysed as follows:

22. 應收融資租賃款項(續)

附註:

(i) 應收融資租賃款項淨額

應收融資租賃款項產生自物業分租業 務。就應收融資租賃款項而言,客戶 有義務根據相關租賃合約所載的條款 結清金額。

於年內,本集團與北京天安科創置業有限公司(由本公司董事兼最終控制方陳偉武先生間接全資擁有之實體)就若干物業租賃簽訂協議,該等物業其後分租予本集團客戶。此等使用權資產之成本估計總額為17,854,449港元(2021年:489,473,679港元),其中使用權資產19,699,473港元(2021年:239,009,782港元)及無(2021年:278,245,460港元)分別歸類為應收融資租賃款項與投資物業內(附註19)。

於年末應收融資租賃款項之分析如下:

2022
二零二二年
/linimum

		Minimum lease payment 最低租賃付款 <i>HK\$</i> 港元	Present value 現值 <i>HK\$</i> 港元
Not later than one year	不遲於一年	78,953,944	48,876,419
Later than one year but not later than five years More than five years	超過一年但不遲於五年 超過五年	200,811,999 260,571,579	85,323,903 182,399,410
		540,337,522	316,599,732
Less: unearned finance income	減:未賺取之融資收入	(223,737,790)	
Present value of minimum lease payments	最低租賃付款之現值	316,599,732	316,599,732

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

22. FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(i) Net finance lease receivables (Continued)

22. 應收融資租賃款項(續)

附註:(續)

(i) 應收融資租賃款項淨額(續)

		202	21
		_零-	_一年
		Minimum	
		lease	Present
		payment	value
		最低租賃付款	現值
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Not later than one year	不遲於一年	54,445,005	26,161,513
Later than one year but not later than five years	超過一年但不遲於五年	174,661,610	64,434,929
More than five years	超過五年	323,083,004	212,049,150
		552,189,619	302,645,592
Less: unearned finance income	減:未賺取之融資收入	(249,544,027)	
Present value of minimum lease payments	最低租賃付款之現值	302,645,592	302,645,592
-			

(ii) Loss allowance on finance lease receivables

(ii) 應收融資租賃款項之虧損撥備

The following table reconciles the loss allowance of finance lease receivables for the year:

應收融資租賃款項於本年度之虧損撥 備對賬載列於下表:

		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
At beginning of year	於年初	(1,087,890)	(281,393)
Impairment loss recognised for the year	本年度已確認之減值虧損	_	(806,497)
A4 and af	÷∧ <i>/</i> = +	(4.007.000)	(1,007,000)
At end of year	於年末 ————————————————————————————————————	(1,087,890)	(1,087,890)

綜合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

22. FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(ii) Loss allowance on finance lease receivables (Continued)

The Group recognised impairment loss based on the Group's accounting policy in note 4(i)(ii).

The ECLs of finance lease receivables are based on the 12-months ECLs that results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since its initial recognition, the loss allowance will be based on life-time ECLs. When determining whether the credit risk has been increased significantly since its initial recognition, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort, including both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment with forwardlooking information. The loss allowance recognised above are related to debtors that are slow in settlement and management assessed that none of the balance is expected to be recovered. Based on the ECL calculation performed by the management, no expected credit loss allowance is recognised for the year as the loss allowance is considered insignificant (2021: expected credit loss allowance of HK\$806,497 was recognised).

(iii) Modification of finance lease receivables

During the year, the Group entered into supplemental agreements with customers under which certain terms and conditions set out in the original lease agreements were modified which resulted in a loss on modification of finance leases with customer amounted to HK\$6,205,268 (2021: Nil) recognised in profit or loss in respect of the current year (note 8). This loss on modification of finance leases was calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the related finance lease receivables before the modifications and the fair value of the finance lease receivables when the modification of the leases were effected.

22. 應收融資租賃款項(續)

附註:(續)

(ii) 應收融資租賃款項之虧損撥備(續)

本集團按附註 4(i)(ii) 中根據本集團之會 計政策確認減值虧損。

應收融資租賃款項之預期信貸虧損乃 按12個月預期信貸虧損計算,其源 自可能在報告日期後12個月內發生之 違約事件。然而,自初始確認以來信 貸風險大幅增加時,虧損撥備將以全 期預期信貸虧損為基準。當釐定信貸 風險自初始確認起是否大幅增加,本 集團會考慮相關及無須付出過多成本 或努力即可獲得之合理及可靠資料, 包括根據本集團過往經驗及已知信貸 評估得出之定量及定性資料及分析, 並包括前瞻性資料。上述已確認虧損 撥備涉及結算較慢之債務人,而管理 層評估概無結餘預期可予收回。根據 由管理層進行之預期信貸虧損計算, 由於虧損撥備被視為微不足道,因此 年內概無確認預期信貸虧損撥備(二 零二一年:確認預期信貨虧損撥備 806,497港元)。

(iii) 修訂應收融資和賃款項

於年內,本集團與客戶訂立補充協議,據此,原租賃協議所載若干條款及條件已修訂,導致於本年度損益確認與客戶修改融資租賃之虧損6,205,268港元(二零二一年:無)(附註8)。該融資租賃修訂虧損乃按修訂前相關應收融資租賃款項的賬面值與修改租賃生效時應收融資租賃款項的公平值之間的差額計算。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

23. COMPLETED PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

23. 持有待售竣工物業

 2022
 2021

 二零二二年
 二零二一年

 HK\$
 HK\$

 港元
 港元

Completed properties in the PRC held for 位於中國之待售竣工物業,

sale, at cost 按成本 **837,029,266** -

The directors of the Company conducted impairment assessment of the completed properties with reference to the contract prices for the sale of the properties to customers and concluded that no impairment of completed properties is required to be made as the net realisable value of the properties is not less than their carrying amount.

本公司董事曾參考向客户銷售物業之合 約價格對竣工物業進行減值評估,結論 為由於物業之可變現淨值不低於其賬面 值,故此無須就竣工物業作出減值。

24. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

24. 發展中物業

 2022
 2021

 二零二二年
 二零二一年

 HK\$
 HK\$

 港元
 港元

Properties under development expected

to be completed and delivered:

 Within one operating cycle included under current assets 預期將落成並交付之 發展中物業:

一 於一個營運周期內列入

流動資產項下 - 770,392,961

Amounts comprises: 金額包括:

 — Land cost
 — 土地成本
 — 623,767,422

 — Construction costs
 — 建築成本
 — 133,479,681

— Borrowing costs capitalised — 資本化之借貸成本 — 13,145,858

– 770,392,961

One operating cycle of the Group's property development generally ranges from one to two years.

本集團物業發展項目之一個營運周期一 般介乎一至兩年。

綜合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

24. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

(Continued)

The capitalisation rate used to determine the amount of interest on general borrowings incurred eligible for capitalisation for the year ended 31 March 2022 was 7.24% (2021: 7.24%) per annum.

The properties under development were all located in the PRC and was expected to be completed and available for sale within 12 months after 31 March 2021.

The development of the Group's properties had been completed during the year ended 31 March 2022 and the cost of the property development was transferred to completed properties held for sale (note 23).

24. 發展中物業(續)

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度用 於釐定符合資本化條件之一般借貸所產 生之利息金額之資本化年利率為7.24% (二零二一年:7.24%)。

發展中物業均位於中國。預期於二零 二一年三月三十一日後12個月內竣工及 可供出售。

於二零二二年三月三十一日,本集團之物業發展已完成。截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,物業發展成本轉撥至持作出售的已竣工物業(附註23)。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

25.

TR	ADE AND OTHER RECEIVA	ABLES 25.	應收	攻貨款及其他款項	
				2022	2021
				二零二二年	二零二一年
				HK\$	HK\$
				港元	港元
Trac	de receivables <i>(note (a))</i>	應收貨款 <i>(附註(a))</i>		1,170,385	1,024,059
Dep	oosits (note (b))	按金(附註(b))		20,929,601	15,211,271
Pre	payments and other receivables	預付款項及其他應以	收款項		
(n	note (b))	(附註(b))		275,827,348	321,397,445
				297,927,334	337,632,775
Note	95:		附註	:	
(a)	The ageing analysis of trade receiva invoice date after impairment loss at		(a)	於報告期末,應收貨款 損後按發票日期得出之	

reporting period is as follows:

		2022	2022
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Within 90 days	90日內	1,170,385	1,024,059

The below table reconciles the loss allowance of trade receivables for the year:

應收貨款於本年度之虧損撥備對賬載 列於下表:

		2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$</i> 港元	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$</i> 港元
At beginning of year	於年初	_	7,529,908
Impairment loss recognised for the year	於本年度已確認減值虧損	_	163,100
Release upon disposal of subsidiaries	於出售附屬公司後解除	_	(7,693,008)
	20 tr -		
At end of year	於年末 	_	

綜合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

25. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

Proceeds receivable in respect of property development are settled in accordance with the terms stipulated in the sale and purchase agreements.

Except for the proceeds receivable from property development and income from sublease of properties which are receivable in accordance with the terms of the relevant agreements, the Group generally allows a credit period of 60-90 days to its customers.

As mentioned in accounting policy in note 4(i) (ii), the Group has measured the loss allowance of trade receivables by using simplified approach by assuming all of the customers shared a similar credit risk characteristic under the life-time ECLs calculation. Provision matrix is used to measure the expected credit loss of trade receivables. The default rates are based on the past due days by grouping of customers in various segments with similar loss patterns. The calculation reflects the probabilityweighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. Generally, trade receivables are written off in full if past due more than 180 days and are not subject to enforcement activity. No provision of expected credit losses for trade receivables is recognised for the year as the loss allowance is considered insignificant (2021: provision of expected credit losses for trade receivables of HK\$163,100 was recognised).

25. 應收貨款及其他款項(續)

附註:(續)

(a) (*續*)

有關物業發展的應收所得款項乃根據 買賣協議訂明的條款結算。

除物業發展之應收所得款項及根據相關協議之條款應收之分租物業收入外,本集團一般給予其客戶60至90日之信貸期。

誠如附註4(i)(ii)之會計政策所述,本 集團採用簡化法計量應收貨款之虧 損撥備,當中假設所有客戶於全期預 期信貸虧損計算項下之信貸風險特性 類似。本集團採用撥備矩陣計量應收 貨款之預期信貸虧損。違約率乃基於 具有類似虧損模式之多個分部客戶組 別之逾期日數釐定。該計算反映或然 率加權結果、貨幣時間價值及可得之 有關過往事項、當前狀況及未來經濟 狀況預測之合理及可靠資料。一般而 言,倘應收貨款逾期超過180日,且 不受執行工作規限,則予以悉數撇 銷。由於虧損撥備被視為微不足道, 因此年內並無就貿易應收款項確認預 期信貸虧損撥備(二零二一年:就貿 易應收款項確認預期信貸虧損撥備 163,100港元)。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

25. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(b) Deposits mainly represent deposits paid for the lease of properties. An analysis of the prepayments and other receivables are as follows:

25. 應收貨款及其他應收款項(續)

附註:(續)

(b) 按金主要指就租賃物業支付之按金。 預付款項及其他應收款項之分析如下:

		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Prepayments	預付款項	201,388,503	283,986,917
Value added tax receivables	應收增值税	44,052,532	23,547,555
Other receivables	其他應收款項	30,386,313	13,862,973
Total prepayments and other receivables	預付款項及其他應收款項		
	總額	275,827,348	321,397,445

The balance mainly represents prepayments to contractors and refundable deposits for various potential business development projects.

結餘主要指就多個潛在業務發展項目 向承包商支付之預付款項及可退還按 金。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

25. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

25. 應收貨款及其他款項(續)

(Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

附註:(續)

(b) (Continued)

(b) (續)

The below table reconciles the loss allowance of deposits and other receivables for the year:

按金及其他應收款項於本年度之虧損 撥備對賬載列於下表:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
At beginning of year	於年初	(25,047)	(718,169)
Impairment loss recognised for the year	於本年度已確認減值虧損	_	(2,441,987)
Release upon disposal of subsidiaries	於出售附屬公司後解除	_	3,178,204
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	_	(43,095)
At end of year	於年末	(25,047)	(25,047)

The Group recognised impairment loss based on the Group's accounting policy in note 4(i)(ii).

The ECLs of deposits and other receivables are based on the 12-months ECLs that results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since its initial recognition, the loss allowance will be based on life-time ECLs. When determining whether the credit risk has been increased significantly since its initial recognition, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort, including both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment with forwardlooking information. The loss allowance recognised above are related to debtors that are slow in settlement and management assessed that none of the balance is expected to be recovered. Based on the ECL calculation performed by the management, no expected credit loss allowance is recognised for the year as the loss allowance is considered insignificant (2021: expected credit loss allowance of HK\$2,441,987 was recognised).

本集團根據附註 4(i)(ii) 之本集團會計政 策確認減值虧損。

按金及其他應收款項之預期信貸虧損 乃按12個月預期信貸虧損計算,其源 自可能在報告日期後12個月內發生之 違約事件。然而,自初始確認以來信 貸風險大幅增加時,虧損撥備將以全 期預期信貸虧損為基準。當釐定信貸 風險自初始確認起是否大幅增加,本 集團會考慮相關及無須付出過多成本 或努力即可獲得之合理及可靠資料, 包括根據本集團禍往經驗及已知信貸 評估得出之定量及定性資料及分析, 並包括前瞻性資料。上述已確認虧損 撥備涉及結算較慢之債務人,而管理 層評估概無結餘預期可予收回。根據 管理層所進行之預期信貸虧損計算, 由於虧損撥備被視為微不足道,因此 年內並無確認預期信貸虧損撥備(二 零二一年:確認預期信貸虧損撥備 2,441,987港元)。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

26. AMOUNTS DUE FROM/TO A DIRECTOR, NON-CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND RELATED PARTIES

At 31 March 2022 and 2021, all of the amounts due from/to a director, non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries and related parties were unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

The maximum outstanding balance of amount due from a director during the year was HK\$77,800 (2021: HK\$77,800).

27. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

26. 應收/應付一名董事、附屬公司之非控股股東及關連人士款項

於二零二二年及二零二一年三月三十一日,所有應收/應付一名董事、附屬公司之非控股股東及關連人士款項均為無抵押、免息及須按要求償還。

年內應收一名董事款項之最高未償還結 餘為77,800港元(二零二一年:77,800 港元)

27. 現金及銀行結餘

 2022
 2021

 二零二二年
 二零二一年

 HK\$
 HK\$

 港元
 港元

Cash and bank balances presented in the consolidated statement of financial position Less: restricted cash 綜合財務狀況表所呈列之現金及

銀行結餘

192,855,112 175,939,276

滅:受限制現金

(48,099,576) (114,349,257)

Cash and cash equivalents presented in consolidated statement of cash flows

綜合現金流量表所呈列之

現金及現金等值項目

144,755,536

61,590,019

Notes:

- (a) At 31 March 2022, cash and bank balances of the Group denominated in RMB amounted to HK\$178,334,226 which are placed with the banks in the PRC (2021: HK\$120,226,902). RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies. However, under the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.
- (b) Restricted cash of HK\$48,099,576 (2021: HK\$114,349,257) held in the designated bank accounts of the Group was pledged to the banks until the customers' building ownership certificate of the respective properties have been issued by PRC government and retained by the banks. The restricted cash was only applied for payment of property development costs.

附註:

- (a) 於二零二二年三月三十一日,本集團 存置於中國之銀行之以人民幣計值之 現金及銀行結餘達178,334,226港元 (二零二一年:120,226,902港元)。 人民幣不可自由兑換為其他貨幣。然 而,根據中國之《外匯管理條例》及《結 匯、售匯及付匯管理規定》,本集團獲 准通過獲授權進行外匯業務之銀行將 人民幣兑換為其他貨幣。
- (b) 本集團指定銀行賬戶所持有之受限制 現金48,099,576港元(二零二一年: 114,349,257港元)已抵押予銀行,直 至客戶取得之有關物業房權證由中國 政府發出並由銀行保留。受限制現金 僅用於支付物業發展費用。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

28. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

28. 應付貨款及其他應付款項

		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		HK\$	— HK\$
		港元	港元
Trade payables (note a)	應付貨款 <i>附註(a)</i>	27,118,695	3,517,100
Accruals	應計費用	1,612,400	464,938
Other payables (note b)	其他應付款項 <i>附註(b)</i>	40,569,143	5,264,679
Other deposits received (note c)	其他已收按金 <i>附註(c)</i>	33,414,931	18,281,736
		102,715,169	27,528,453

Notes:

附註:

- (a) Included in trade and other payables are trade payables with the following ageing analysis based on invoice date as of the end of reporting period:
- (a) 應付貨款及其他應付款項包括應付貨 款,其於報告期末根據發票日期之賬 齡分析如下:

		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		— ≑ —+ HK\$	—参— + HK\$
		港元	港元
Current or within 30 days	即時或於30日內	3,406,271	3,517,100
31 to 60 days	31日至60日	23,712,424	_
61 to 90 days	61日至90日	_	_
Over 90 days	90日以上		
		27,118,695	3,517,100

Trade payables are expected to be settled within one year.

應付貨款預期會在一年內償付。

- (b) Other payables mainly represent the payable relating to the promotion of property development.
- (b) 其他應付款項主要指有關推廣物業開發的應付款項。
- (c) Other deposits received mainly represent the rental deposit received in relation to the sublease of properties to customers.
- (c) 其他已收按金主要指向客户轉租物業 所收取的租賃按金。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

29. CONTRACT COSTS AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES

Contract costs

The Group pays sales commissions to property sales agents for securing property sales contracts for the Group on a success basis. The Group capitalises these incremental costs as contract costs.

Contract liabilities

Contract liabilities primarily relate to advances from customer for sales of development properties before the criteria for revenue recognition have been met.

Movement of contract costs and contract liabilities

29. 合約成本及合約負債

合約成本

本集團向物業銷售代理就成功為本集團 取得銷售合約支付銷售佣金。本集團將 該等增量成本資本化為合約成本。

合約負債

合約負債主要與達致收益確認之標準前 銷售發展物業之客戶墊款有關。

合約成本及合約負債之變動

		Contrac 合約			liabilities]負債
		2022	2021	2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元	港元	港元
Balance at beginning of year	於年初之結餘	3,948,423	_	434,758,001	1,060,627
Increase in contract liabilities as	預收款項合約負債				
receipts in advance	增加	_	_	300,962,583	420,925,072
Increase in contract costs	合約成本增加	11,700,716	3,822,794	_	_
Decrease upon disposal of	出售附屬公司後減少				
subsidiaries (note 38)	(附註38)	_	_	_	(248,289
Transferred to other operating	轉撥至其他經營開支				
expenses		(2,306,445)	_	_	_
Recognised as revenue during	於本年度確認為				
the year	收益	_	_	(176,141,909)	(529,279
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	322,391	125,629	20,390,707	13,549,870
Balance at end of year	於年末之結餘	13,665,085	3,948,423	579,969,382	434,758,001

For the year ended 31 March 2022, the Group recognised revenue of HK\$84,428,815 (2021: HK\$529,279) from sales of completed properties that were included in contact liabilities at the beginning of the year.

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,本集團確認已完成物業銷售收益84,428,815港元(2021:529,279港元),計入年初合約負債。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

30. BANK BORROWINGS

30. 銀行借貸

 2022
 2021

 二零二二年
 二零二一年

 HK\$
 HK\$

 港元
 港元

Secured and interest bearing bank borrowings repayable within one year or on demand 須於一年內或按要求償還之 有抵押及計息銀行借貸

99.234.953 289.531.436

Notes:

- (i) As at 31 March 2022 and 2021, personal and corporate guarantees were given to bank by Mr. Chen Weiwu, a director of the Company, his spouse, a subsidiary and entities related to non-controlling interest of the subsidiary for bank borrowings obtained by the Group.
- (ii) Interest was charged on the bank loan at 7.24% per annum (2021: 7.24% per annum).
- (iii) Entire equity interest of a subsidiary has been pledged to secure the bank borrowings.
- (iv) Completed properties held for sale with the carrying amount of HK\$632,173,370 at 31 March 2022 (2021: properties under development with the carrying amount of HK\$770,392,961) has been pledged to secure the bank borrowings.

附註:

- (i) 於二零二二年及二零二一年三月 三十一日,本公司董事陳偉武先生、 其配偶、一間附屬公司及與附屬公司 非控股權益有關的實體就本集團取得 的銀行借款向銀行提供個人及公司擔 保。
- (ii) 銀行貸款按年利率為7.24%(二零二一年:7.24%)計息。
- (iii) 一間附屬公司之全部股權已獲抵押以 擔保銀行借貸。
- (iv) 於二零二二年三月三十一日,賬面值 為632,173,370港元之持作銷售已完 成物業已獲抵押以擔保銀行借貸(二零 二一年: 賬面值為770,392,961港元 之發展中物業已獲抵押)。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

31. CONVERTIBLE BONDS

(a) CB 2017

On 3 July 2017, the Company entered into subscription agreements with certain independent third parties in relation to the issue of convertible bonds in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$46,341,960. The convertible bonds bear zero interest and carry a right to convert the principal amount into share of HK\$0.05 each in the share capital of the Company at an initial conversion price of HK\$0.215 per share (subject to adjustment) during the period commencing from six months after 25 July 2017 (the "Bond Issue Date 1"), and ending on 25 July 2019 (the "Bond Maturity Date 1"). The conversion price is subject to adjustment on the occurrence of dilutive or concentration event. The Company may at any time after six months from the Bond Issue Date 1 and before Bond Maturity Date 1 redeem the convertible bonds at par ("CB 2017").

The convertible bonds contain two components: liability and equity components. The equity component is presented in the equity heading "convertible bonds reserve". The effective interest rate of the debt component on initial recognition is 7.25% per annum.

31. 可換股債券

(a) 二零一七年可換股債券

於二零一七年七月三日,本公司就 發行本金總額為46.341.960港元 之可換股債券與若干獨立第三方訂 立認購協議。該等可換股債券為免 息,並附有權利可由二零一七年七 月二十五日(「債券發行日期1」)後 六個月起至二零一九年七月二十五 日(「債券到期日1」)止期間內將本 金額按原轉換價每股0.215港元 (可予調整)轉換為本公司股本中 每股面值0.05港元之股份。在出 現攤薄或集中情況下轉換價可予調 整。本公司可於債券發行日期1後 六個月起至債券到期日1前之任何 時間以面值贖回可換股債券(「二零 一七年可換股債券」)。

可換股債券包括兩個部分:負債 及權益部分。權益部分於「可換股 債券儲備」下之權益呈列。債務部 分於初始確認時之實際年利率為 7.25%。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

31. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

(a) CB 2017 (Continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Company entered into deed of amendments with those independent third parties in relation to the extension of Bond Maturity Date 1 to 24 July 2021. The details are set out in the Company's announcement dated 9 July 2019, 11 July 2019 and 15 July 2019.

The Group recognised a gain on extinguishment of CB 2017 of HK\$5,937,254 at the date of extension of Bond Maturity Date 1 ("**Date of Extinguishment**").

All the other terms and conditions of the CB 2017 remain unchanged. As the discounted present value of the cash flows under the new terms, including any fees paid and discounted using the original effective interest rate, was more than 10% different from the discounted present value of the remaining cash flows of the financial liability, the directors consider the extension of the maturity date as a modification that result in derecognition of the convertible bonds. The effective interest rate of the CB 2017 liability component for the remaining period after the modification is revised to 7.38%.

31. 可換股債券(續)

(a) 二零一七年可換股債券(續)

於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本公司就將債券到期日1延長至二零二一年七月二十四日與該等獨立第三方訂立修訂契據。詳情載於本公司日期為二零一九年七月九日、二零一九年七月十一日及二零一九年七月十五日之通函。

本集團於延長債券到期日1之日期 (「**註銷日期**」)就註銷二零一七年 可換股債券確認收益5,937,254港 元。

二零一七年可換股債券之全部其他條款及細則仍保持不變。由於按照新條款現金流量(包括使用原門際利率而支付及貼現之任何費用)之貼現現值與財務負債之剩餘現金流量貼現現值之差額超過10%,故董事認為延長到期日期為導致終止確認可換股債券之修訂。於修訂。於餘下期間之實際利率修改為7.38%。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

31. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

(a) CB 2017 (Continued)

The valuation of the CB 2017 was performed by APAC.

31. 可換股債券(續)

(a) 二零一七年可換股債券(續)

二零一七年可換股債券之估值由亞 太進行估值。

> HK\$ 港元

Fair value of CB 2017 at 25 July 2017 二零一七年可換股債券

於二零一七年七月二十五日

ぶー令―七十七月― | ユ

之公平價值 46,341,960

Issuance expenses 發行開支 (192,157)

Equity component 權益部分 (5,865,097)

Liability component on initial recognition 於二零一七年七月二十五日

at 25 July 2017 初始確認時之負債部分 40,284,706

The valuation of the convertible bonds on Date of Extinguishment for CB 2017 was performed by APAC.

於二零一七年可換股債券之註銷日 期,對可換股債券之估值由亞太進 行估值。

HK\$

港元

Fair value of CB 2017 at Date of 二零一七年可換股債券於註銷

 Extinguishment
 日期之公平價值
 46,341,960

 Issuance cost
 發行成本
 (86,920)

 Equity component
 權益部分
 (6,061,380)

Liability component of CB 2017 at Date 二零一七年可換股債券於註銷

of extinguishment 日期之負債部分 40,193,660

On 31 July 2020, the bondholders of CB 2017 have exercised the conversion right and converted the CB 2017 to 215,544,000 shares of the Company.

於二零二零年七月三十一日,二零一七年可換股債券之債券持有人已行使換股權,將二零一七年可換股債券轉換為215,544,000股本公司股份。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

31. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

(b) CB 2018

On 15 August 2018, the Company entered into subscription agreements with certain independent third parties in relation to the issue of convertible bonds in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$42,031,080. The convertible bonds bear zero interest and carry a right to convert the principal amount into share of HK\$0.05 each in the share capital of the Company at the initial conversion price of HK\$0.195 per share (subject to adjustment) during the period commencing from six months after 31 August 2018 (the "Bond Issue Date 2") and ending on 31 August 2020 (the "Bond Maturity Date 2"). The conversion price was subject to adjustment on the occurrence of dilutive or concentration event. The Company may at any time after six months from the Bond Issue Date 2 and before Bond Maturity Date 2 redeem the convertible bonds at par ("CB 2018").

The convertible bonds contain two components: liability and equity components. The equity component is presented in the equity heading "convertible bonds reserve" in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. The effective interest rate of the debt component on initial recognition is 8.27% per annum.

The valuation of the CB 2018 was performed by APAC.

31. 可換股債券(續)

(b) 二零一八年可換股債券

於二零一八年八月十五日,本公司 就發行本金總額為42,031,080港 元之可換股債券與若干獨立第三方 訂立認購協議。該等可換股債券 為免息,並附有權利可由二零一八 年八月三十一日(「債券發行日期 2」)後六個月起至二零二零年八月 三十一日(「債券到期日2」)止期間 內將本金額按原轉換價每股0.195 港元(可予調整)轉換為本公司股本 中每股面值0.05港元之股份。在 發生攤薄或集中情況下換股價可予 調整。本公司可於債券發行日期2 後六個月起至債券到期日2前之任 何時間以面值贖回可換股債券(「二 零一八年可換股債券」)。

可換股債券包括兩個部分:負債及權益部分。權益部分於綜合權益變動表之「可換股債券儲備」下之權益呈列。債務部分於初步確認時之實際年利率為8.27%。

二零一八年可換股債券之估值由亞 太進行估值。

> HK\$ 港元

Fair value of CB 2018 at 31 August 2018 二零一八年可換股債券

於二零一八年八月三十一日

之公平價值 42,031,080 (174,699)

Issuance expenses發行開支(174,688)Equity component權益部分(6,003,801)

Liability component on initial recognition at 31 August 2018

於二零一八年八月三十一日 初始確認時之負債部分

35,852,591

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

31. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

(b) CB 2018 (Continued)

On 31 July 2020, the bondholders of CB 2018 have exercised the conversion right and converted the CB 2018 to 215,544,000 shares of the Company.

The movements of the liability components of the convertible bonds are set out below:

31. 可換股債券(續)

(b) 二零一八年可換股債券(續)

於二零二零年七月三十一日,二零一八年可換股債券之債券持有人已行使換股權,將二零一八年可換股債券轉換為215,544,000股本公司股份。

可換股債券負債部分之變動載列如下:

		CB 2017 二零一七年	CB 2018 二零一八年	Total
		可換股債券	可換股債券	總計
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元	港元
Carrying amount at 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日之 賬面值	42,173,321	40,685,853	82,859,174
Effective interest expenses (note 14) Derecognition upon conversion of convertible bonds by the	實際利息開支(附註14) 債券持有人於轉換可換股債券 後終止確認	983,274	1,055,991	2,039,265
bondholders		(43,156,595)	(41,741,844)	(84,898,439)
Carrying amount at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2022	於二零二一年三月三十一日及 二零二二年三月三十一日之 賬面值	_	_	_

綜合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

32. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES UNDER ASSET ACQUISITION

The Group has not acquired any subsidiaries during the year ended 31 March 2022.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group acquired the entire equity interest in Topper Genius Investment Limited ("Topper Genius") in July 2020 at a total consideration of (i) cash of HK\$36,722,718 (equivalent to RMB33,544,000) and (ii) 800,000,000 shares of the Company. Topper Genius is an investment holding company and the principal asset of Topper Genius is 35% equity interest in Dongguan Huachuangwen Land Ltd. ("Huachuangwen Land"), an entity established in the PRC engaging in property development. The directors of the Company were of the opinion that acquisition of Topper Genius did not constitute business combinations as defined in HKFRS 3, therefore, the acquisition had been accounted for as asset acquisition.

32. 收購資產項下之收購附屬公司

本集團於截至二零二二年三月三十一日 止年度並無收購任何附屬公司。

於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本集團按總代價(i) 現金36,722,718 港元(相當於人民幣33,544,000元)及(ii) 800,000,000股本公司股份收購整投資有限公司(「峰智」)之全部股權。司投資有限公司乃一間投資控股公司の「華創文置地」)之35%股權,試主要資產為東莞市華創文置地有限公司、「華創文置地」)之35%股權,議開政公司、查數報告準則第3號所界定之業購入時,因此,收購事項並無以資產收購入賬。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

32. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES UNDER ASSET ACQUISITION (Continued)

Assets and liabilities of Topper Genius and its subsidiaries (collectively "Topper Group") recognised at the date of acquisition were as follows:

32. 收購資產項下之收購附屬公司

於收購日期確認峰智及其附屬公司(統稱「**峰智集團**」)之資產及負債如下:

		HK\$
Net assets acquired of:	所收購資產淨值:	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	1,024,341
Properties under development	發展中物業	606,498,511
Trade and other receivables	應收貨款及其他款項	16,773,632
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	22,478,405
Trade and other payables	應付貨款及其他款項	(2,880,994)
Amounts due to non-controlling shareholders	應付附屬公司非控股股東款項	
of subsidiaries		(26,016,723)
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	(22,825,234)
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	(325,434)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(386,614,863)
Net assets	資產淨值	208,111,641
Catiofied by	以下和七十字份:	
Satisfied by:	以下列方式清償: 按公平價值發行本公司新普通股	
Issue of new ordinary shares of the Company, at fair value	按公十俱且發11年公司和百廸权	171 200 022
	現金	171,388,923
Cash	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	36,722,718
		208,111,641
Not each inflow of the acquisition	此時東西之明会汝入涇朔	
Net cash inflow of the acquisition	收購事項之現金流入淨額 所收購之現金及現金等值項目	22 470 405
Cash and cash equivalents acquired		22,478,405
Less: Cash consideration paid	減:已付現金代價	(36,722,718)
Net cash outflow from acquisition of	收購資產項下之收購附屬公司之	
subsidiaries under asset acquisition	現金流出淨額	(14,244,313)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

32. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES UNDER ASSET ACQUISITION (Continued)

Since its acquisition, Topper Group contributed net loss of HK\$11,018,074 to the Group for the period from July 2020 to March 2021. Had the combination taken place on 1 April 2020, the loss before income tax of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2021 would have been HK\$12,058,992. This pro forma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition been completed on 1 April 2020, nor intended to be a projection of future results. The acquisition-related costs of HK\$1,255,000 have been expensed and are incurred as part of the cost of the assets acquired. The Group has elected to measure the non-controlling interests in Topper Group at the proportionate share of Topper Group's identifiable net assets value. The fair value of trade and other receivables, equivalent to its gross contractual amount as shown above, is considered as fully recoverable.

33. DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax losses carried forward to the extent that realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable. As at 31 March 2022, no deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the unused tax losses (2021: Nil) due to unpredictability of future profit streams. Tax losses of HK\$34,325,730 (2021: HK\$34,325,730) can be carried forward indefinitely and no tax losses (2021: Nil) will be expired in five years.

At the end of the reporting period, the aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with undistributed earnings of subsidiaries for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised is HK\$65,907,348 (2021: HK\$48,556,115). No liability has been recognised in respect of these differences because the Group is in a position to control the timing of reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that such differences will not be reversed in the foreseeable future.

32. 收購資產項下之收購附屬公司

自峰智集團獲收購以來,其於二零二零 年七月至二零二一年三月期間佔本集團 虧損淨額11.018.074港元。倘合併已於 二零二零年四月一日進行,則本集團截 至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度之除 所得税前虧損應為12,058,992港元。 本備考資料僅供説明,不一定代表於二 零二零年四月一日完成收購後本集團實 際應取得之收益及經營業績之指標,亦 不擬作未來業績之預測。收購相關成本 1,255,000港元已作支銷,並作為所收 購資產之成本之一部分產生。本集團已 選擇按應佔峰智集團可識別資產淨值之 比例計量於峰智集團之非控股權益。應 收貨款及其他款項之公平價值(相當於 其上述合約總額)被視為可悉數收回。

33. 遞延税項

遞延所得稅資產乃就結轉之稅項虧損確認,惟以有可能透過日後之應課稅溢利變現有關稅項利益為限。於二零二二年三月三十一日,由於難以預料未來溢利之流量,故尚未就未動用稅項虧損不確稅項資產(二零二一年:無)。稅項虧損34,325,730港元(二零二一年:無)將於五年稅項虧損(二零二一年:無)將於五年內屆滿。

於報告期末,與附屬公司未分配盈利有關且未確認遞延税項負債之暫時差額總數為65,907,348港元(二零二一年:48,556,115港元)。由於本集團能控制撥回暫時差額之時間且有關差額不大可能於可見將來撥回,故概無就有關差額確認負債。

綜合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

34. LEASE LIABILITIES

34. 租賃負債

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	<u>港元</u>
Lease liabilities payable	應付租賃負債		
— Within one year	— 一年內	57,328,788	51,532,095
 More than one year but within two years 	— 超過一年但於兩年內	39,202,572	34,114,891
- More than two years but within five years	— 超過兩年但於五年內	144,690,187	127,046,635
— More than five years	一 超過五年	298,654,501	337,231,086
		539,876,048	549,924,707
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months shown under current	減:於12個月內到期結付之款 項(列於流動負債項下)		
liabilities		(57,328,788)	(51,532,095)
Assessed the forest through of the 10	₩ 40 厘 厘 ¼ 型 ₩ ¼ ¼ → 卦 ₹		
Amount due for settlement after 12 months shown under non-current liabilities	於12個月後到期結付之款項 (列於非流動負債項下)	482,547,260	498,392,612

The weighted average incremental borrowing rates applied to lease liabilities at 6.44% (2021: 6.48%).

應用於租賃負債之加權平均增量借貸年 利率為6.44%(二零二一年:6.48%)。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

2021

二零二一年

Number of

shares

31 March 2022

HK\$

21,554,400

35. SHARE CAPITAL

35. 股本

2022

二零二二年

Number of

shares

(a) Authorised and issued share capital

(a) 法定及已發行股本

HK\$

		股份數目	港元	股份數目	港元
Authorised:	法定:				
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.05 each	每股面值0.05港元之普通股				
At 1 April and 31 March	於四月一日及				
	三月三十一日	20,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	20,000,000,000	1,000,000,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:				
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.05 each	每股面值0.05港元之普通股				
At 1 April	於四月一日	2,308,866,570	115,443,328	1,077,778,570	53,888,928
Issuance of share for acquisition of	就收購附屬公司發行				
subsidiaries (note b)	股份 <i>(附註b)</i>	_	_	800,000,000	40,000,000

At 31 March 於三月三十一日 **2,308,866,570 115,443,328** 2,308,866,570 115,443,328

行使可換股債券 (附註c)

(b) In July 2020, the Group acquired the entire equity interest in Topper Genius at a total consideration of (i) cash of HK\$36,722,718 (equivalent to RMB33,544,000) and (ii) 800,000,000 shares of the Company. 800,000,000 Shares of HK\$0.05 each of HK\$40,000,000 had been accounted as share capital of the Company and the remaining balance of HK\$131,388,923 had accounted as part of the share premium of the Company.

Exercise of convertible bonds

(note c)

(c) On 31 July 2020, the bondholders of CB 2017 and CB 2018 had exercised the conversion right and converted the CB 2017 and CB 2018 to 431,088,000 shares of the Company.

Details are set out in the note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

(b) 於二零二零年七月,本集團按總代價(i)現金36,722,718港元(相等於人民幣33,544,000元)及(ii)800,000,000股本公司股份收購峰智之全部股權。800,000,000股每股面值0.05港元之股份之40,000,000港元已作為本公司股本列賬,而餘額131,388,923港元已作為本公司股份溢價之一部分列賬。

431,088,000

(c) 於二零二零年七月三十一日,二零 一七年可換股債券及二零一八年 可換股債券之債券持有人已行使換 股權,將二零一七年可換股債券 及二零一八年可換股債券轉換為 431,088,000股本公司股份。

有關詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 31。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

35. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

(d) Capital management policy

The capital structure of the Group consists of debts, which includes the bank borrowings (note 30), net of cash and bank balances, and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, and reserves. The Group's risk management reviews the capital structure on annual basis. As part of this review, the management considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debts.

The net debt to equity ratio at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

35. 股本(續)

(d) 資本管理政策

本集團之資本架構包括債務(其包括銀行借貸(附註30))減去現金及銀行結餘以及本公司擁有人應佔權益(包括已發行股本及儲備)。本集團之風險管理人員每年檢討資本架構。作為此項審閱之一部分,管理層會考慮資本成本及各類資本相關風險。

為維持或調整資本架構,本集團或 會調整向股東派付之股息金額、向 股東退還資本、發行新股或出售資 產以減低債務。

於報告期末,債務淨額股本比率如 下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Bank borrowings (note 30)	銀行借貸(附註30)	99,234,953	289,531,436
Less: Cash and bank balances	<i>減:</i> 現金及銀行結餘	(192,855,112)	(175,939,276)
Net (cash)/debt	(現金)/債務淨額	(93,620,159)	113,592,160
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔權益		
the Company	个公司施行八応口作皿	386,457,853	364,950,320
Net debt to equity ratio	債務淨額股本比率	NA (不適用)	31%

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

36. RESERVES

36. 儲備

Company

本公司

				Employee			
				share-based	Convertible		
		Share	Contributed	compensation	bonds	Accumulated	
		premium	surplus	reserve	reserve	losses	Total
				以股份支付之			
		股份溢價	實繳盈餘	僱員薪酬儲備	可換股債券儲備	累積虧損	總額
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
At 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	2,162,373,288	28,784,000	7,292,983	12,026,789	(2,243,544,828)	(33,067,768)
Acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司						
(note (i))	(附註(i))	131,388,923	_	_	_	_	131,388,923
Exercise of convertible bonds	行使可換股債券						
(note 31)	(附註31)	75,370,828	_	_	(12,026,789)	_	63,344,039
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	_				(47,954,794)	(47,954,794)
At 04 March 0004 and 4 And	₩						
At 31 March 2021 and 1 April	於二零二一年三月三十一日及					(0.004.400.000)	
2021	二零二一年四月一日	2,369,133,039	28,784,000	7,292,983	_	(2,291,499,622)	113,710,400
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	_				(5,108,981)	(5,108,981)
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	2,369,133,039	28,784,000	7,292,983	_	(2,296,608,603)	108,601,419

Note:

附註:

(i) In July 2020, the Group acquired the entire equity interest in Topper Genius at a total consideration of (i) cash of HK\$36,722,718 (equivalent to RMB33,544,000) and (ii) 800,000,000 shares of the Company. 800,000,000 Shares of HK\$0.05 each of HK\$40,000,000 was accounted for as share capital of the Company and the remaining balance of HK\$131,388,923 was accounted for as share premium of the Company.

(i) 於二零二零年七月,本集團按總代價 (i)現金36,722,718港元(相等於人民 幣33,544,000元)及(ii) 800,000,000 股本公司股份收購峰智之全部股權。 800,000,000股每股面值0.05港元之 股份之40,000,000港元已作為本公司 股本列賬,而餘額131,388,923港元 已作為本公司股份溢價列賬。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

36. RESERVES (Continued)

The following describes the nature and purpose of certain reserves of the Group within owners' equity:

36. 儲備(續)

以下描述擁有人權益中本集團若干儲備 之性質及目的:

Reserve 儲備	Description and purpose 描述及目的
Contributed surplus	The difference between the consolidated shareholders' funds of the subsidiaries at the date when they were acquired by the Company and the nominal amount of the Company's shares issued for the acquisition at the time of the group reorganisation prior to the listing of the Company's shares in 1991. Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus is available for distribution to the shareholders provided that the Company is able to meet its obligations after distribution and the net realisable value of the Company's assets would not be less than the aggregate of its
實繳盈餘	liabilities, issued share capital and share premium accounts. 附屬公司在本公司收購附屬公司之日期之綜合股東資金與本公司股份於一九九一年上市前進行集團重組時就收購而發行之本公司股份面值之差額。根據一九八一年百慕達公司法(經修訂),實繳盈餘可供分派予股東,條件是本公司於分派後有能力履行其責任,而本公司資產之可變現淨值不會低於其負債、已發行股本及股份溢價賬之合計總額。
Other reserve	The difference between the consideration and the carrying amount of the net assets attributable to the additional and reduction of interests in subsidiaries being acquired from and disposed to non-controlling equity holders respectively.
其他儲備	代價與向非控股權益持有人收購及出售予非控股權益持有人之附屬公司權 益增加及減少分別應佔之淨資產賬面值之差額。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

37. SHARE OPTIONS

On 30 August 2002, the Company adopted a share option scheme for the purpose of attracting and retaining quality personnel and other persons who may contribute to the business and operation of the Group. Options may be granted without any initial payment to persons including directors, employees or consultants of the Group.

On 30 August 2012, the Company adopted a new share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") which was approved in the Company's annual general meeting on 29 August 2012. The Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years from 30 August 2012. A summary of the rules of the Share Option Scheme is set out in the appendix to the Company's circular dated 20 July 2012.

On 23 December 2013, options were granted to directors and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries under the Share Option Scheme to subscribe for up to 32,333,421 ordinary shares of the Company ("2013 Share Options"). The estimated fair value of the options granted on that date was HK\$9,376,692 and the amount was recognised as staff cost expense for the year ended 31 March 2014.

37. 認股權

為吸引並留住優秀人才及其他可能會對本集團之業務及經營有貢獻之人士,本公司於二零零二年八月三十日採納一項認股權計劃。認股權可毋須支付任何初步款項而授予包括董事、本集團之僱員或顧問在內之人士。

於二零一二年八月三十日,本公司採納一項新認股權計劃(「認股權計劃」),其已於二零一二年八月二十九日在本公司股東週年大會上獲批准。認股權計劃將於自二零一二年八月三十日起計10年期間維持有效。認股權計劃規則之概要載於本公司日期為二零一二年七月二十日之通函附錄內。

於二零一三年十二月二十三日,本公司根據認股權計劃向董事及本公司及其附屬公司之僱員授出認股權,以認購最多32,333,421股本公司普通股(「二零一三年認股權」)。於該日授出之認股權之估計公平價值為9,376,692港元,該金額已於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度確認為員工成本開支。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

37. SHARE OPTIONS (Continued)

The share options granted and outstanding at end of the reporting period are summarised as below:

37. 認股權(續)

於報告期末已授出及尚未行使之認股權 概述如下:

		2022		202	
		二零二	二年		一年
			Weighted		Weighted
		Number	average	Number	average
		of share	exercise	of share	exercise
		options	price	options	price
		認股權	加權平均	認股權	加權平均
		數目	行使價	數目	行使價
			HK\$		HK\$
			港元		港元
Outstanding as at 1 April and 31 March	於四月一日及 三月三十一日				
	尚未行使	27,942,462	0.513	27,942,462	0.513
Exercisable as at 31 March	於三月三十一日				
	可行使	27,942,462	0.513	27,942,462	0.513

The options outstanding at 31 March 2022 and 2021 had exercise prices of HK\$0.513 per share and weighted average remaining contractual life of 1.73 years (2021: 2.73 years).

於二零二二年及二零二一年三月三十一日 尚未行使之認股權之每股行使價為0.513港 元及加權平均剩餘合約年限為1.73年(二零 二一年:2.73年)。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

37. SHARE OPTIONS (Continued)

37. 認股權(續)

The following table discloses the movements of options during the year:

下表披露認股權於年內之變動:

Year ended 31 March 2022

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

				Number of shares in respect of options granted 已授出認股權所涉及之股份數目					Number of exercisable options 可行使 認股權數目	
Date of grant	Exercisable period	Vesting period	Exercise price	Outstanding at 1 April 2021 於二零二一年	Granted during the year	Cancelled during the year	Lapsed during the year	Reclassified during the year	Outstanding at 31 March 2022 於二零二二年	As at 31 March 2022
授出日期	行使期	EE AN	行使價 <i>HK\$</i> <i>港元</i>	四月一日尚未行使	年內 已授出	年內 已註銷	年內 已失效	年內 已重新分類	三月三十一日 尚未行使	於二零二二年 三月三十一日
Employees 僱員										
23 December 2013 二零一三年 十二月二十三日	23 December 2013 - 22 December 2023 二零一三年十二月二十三日 至二零二三年十二月二十二日	Fully vested on date of grant 於授出日期 全數歸屬	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	-
Other participants 其他參與者										
23 December 2013 二零一三年 十二月二十三日	23 December 2013 - 22 December 2023 二零一三年十二月二十三日 至二零二三年十二月二十二日	Fully vested on date of grant 於授出日期 全數歸屬	0.513	27,942,462	-	-	-	-	27,942,462	27,942,462
				27,942,462	-	_	-	-	27,942,462	27,942,462

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

37. SHARE OPTIONS (Continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021

37. 認股權(續)

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

					Numbe	er of shares in resp 已授出認股權所》		granted		Number of exercisable options 可行使 認股權數目
								Reclassified	Outstanding	
				Outstanding	Granted	Cancelled	Lapsed	during	at	As at
			Exercise	at	during	during	during	the year	31 March	31 March
Date of grant	Exercisable period	Vesting period	price	1 April 2020 於二零二零年	the year	the year	the year	(Note) 年內已	2021 於二零二一年	2021
				四月一日	年內	年內	年內	重新分類	三月三十一日	於二零二一年
授出日期	行使期	組織	行使價 HK \$ <i>港元</i>	尚未行使	已授出	已註銷	已失效	(附註)	尚未行使	三月三十一日
Employees 僱員										
23 December 2013 二零一三年 十二月二十三日	23 December 2013 - 22 December 2023 二零一三年十二月二十三日 至二零二三年十二月二十二日	Fully vested on date of grant 於授出日期 全數歸屬	0.513	13,638,581	_	-	-	(13,638,581)	_	_
Other participants 其他參與者										
23 December 2013	23 December 2013 – 22 December 2023	Fully vested on date of grant	0.513	14,303,881	-	-	-	13,638,581	27,942,462	27,942,462
_零-三年 +二月二十三日 		於授出日期 全數歸屬 								
				27,942,462	_	-	-	_	27,942,462	27,942,462

Note: These share options were granted to former employees of the Group, who were key management personnels of a subsidiary which was disposed of during the year ended 31 March 2021. Accordingly, the share options granted to them were re-classified and included in options granted to other participants during that year.

附註:該等購股權乃授予本集團前僱員,彼 等為於截至二零二一年三月三十一日 止年度出售之一間附屬公司之主要管 理人員。因此,授予彼等的購股權於 該年度重新分類並計入授予其他參與 者的購股權。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

38. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

(a) During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Group disposed of a subsidiary to a third party for cash consideration of HK\$1. The subsidiary was dormant.

38. 出售附屬公司

(a) 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,本集團向獨立第三方出售一間附屬公司,現金代價總額為1港元。該附屬公司已為不活動。

		HK\$
		港元
Net liabilities disposed of:	已出售負債淨額:	
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	18,193
Amount due to a director	應付一名董事款項	(21,657)
		(3,464)
Reclassification of cumulative exchange	將累計匯兑差額由外匯儲備	
differenced from foreign exchange	重新分類至損益	
reserve to profit or loss		(1,942)
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司之收益	5,407
Total consideration satisfied by: Cash	以下列方式清償總代價: 現金	1
Net cash outflow arising on disposal:	出售事項所產生之現金流出淨額:	
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	_
Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	所出售現金及現金等價項目	(18,193)
Net cash outflow on disposal	出售之現金流出淨額	(18,193

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

38. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

(b) During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group disposed of the entire issued shares of Elite-China Cultural Development Limited and its subsidiaries ("Elite-China") for a cash consideration of HK\$798,743. Elite-China and its subsidiaries were principally engaged in property sub-leasing business in the PRC.

38. 出售附屬公司(續)

(b) 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本集團按現金代價798,743港元出售宗華菁英文化發展有限公司(「宗華菁英」)及其附屬公司之全部股份。宗華及其附屬公司主要於中國從事物業分租業務。

HK¢

		HK\$ 港元
Net liabilities disposed of:	所出售負債淨額:	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	933,618
Goodwill	商譽	_
Investment properties	投資物業	132,283,765
Trade and other receivables	應收貨款及其他款項	117,547,275
Amounts due from non-controlling	應收附屬公司之非控股股東款項	
shareholders of subsidiaries		4,000
Amounts due from related parties	應收關連人士款項	110,388
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	1,583,567
Trade and other payables	應付貨款及其他款項	(76,241,497)
Provision for financial guarantee	財務擔保撥備	(45,925,386)
Amounts due to related parties	應付關連人士款項	(27,039,985)
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	(71,957,245)
Current tax liabilities	現行税項負債	(90,991)
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	(40,048,117)
		(8,840,608)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(2,717,390)
		(11,557,998)
Reclassification of cumulative exchange	將累積匯兑差額由外匯儲備	, , ,
differences from foreign exchange reserve	重新分類至損益	
to profit or loss	_ 11/20 / (_ 2) / (2) / (2)	1,691,357
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	10,665,384
<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total consideration satisfied by:	以下列方式清償總代價:	
Cash	現金	798,743
00011	- 50 MZ	700,740
Net cash outflow arising on disposal:	出售事項所產生之現金流出淨額	
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	798,743
Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	所出售現金及現金等值項目	(1,583,567)
Net cash outflow on disposal	出售之現金流出淨額	(784,824)
NAT CASH OUTTION ON DISHOSAL	市 医 / 現 宝 溢 击 净 組	1/84 874

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

38. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

(c) During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group disposed of several subsidiaries to certain third parties for total cash considerations of HK\$4. These subsidiaries were principally engaged in exhibition-related business and food and beverage business.

38. 出售附屬公司(續)

(c) 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本集團按總現金代價4港元向若干第三方出售若干附屬公司。該等附屬公司主要從事展覽相關業務及餐飲業務。

		HK\$
		港元
Net liabilities disposed of:	所出售負債淨額:	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	20,789
Goodwill	商譽	_
Intangible assets	無形資產	340,907
Inventories	存貨	9,676,331
Trade and other receivables	應收貨款及其他款項	1,290,323
Amounts due from related parties	應收關連人士款項	205,372
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	917,907
Trade and other payables	應付貨款及其他款項	(11,250,526)
Contract liabilities	合約負債	(248,289)
Current tax liabilities	現行税項負債	(538,626)
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	(473,958)
		(59,770
Reclassification of cumulative exchange	將累積匯兑差額由外匯儲備	(33,770)
differences from foreign exchange reserve	重新分類至損益	
to profit or loss	主机力 从上原血	741,405
Loss on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之虧損	(681,631)
	四日刊周夕刊作刊入	(001,001,
Total consideration satisfied by:	以下列方式清償總代價:	
Cash	現金	4
Net cash outflow arising on disposal:	出售事項所產生之現金流出淨額	
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	4
Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	所出售現金及現金等值項目	(917,907)
N	山在今頂人冷山河西	1017.000
Net cash outflow on disposal	出售之現金流出淨額	(917,903)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

39. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

(a) Huachuangwen Land, a 35% owned subsidiary of the Company (note 48), has material non-controlling interests ("NCI"). Summarised financial information in relation to the NCI of Huachuangwen Land before intra-group eliminations, is presented below:

39. 非控股權益

(a) 本公司擁有35%權益之附屬公司 華創文置地(附註48)擁有重大非 控股權益(「非控股權益」)。有關 華創文置地於集團間對銷前之非控 股權益之財務資料概述如下:

2022

		2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$</i> 港元	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK</i> \$ <i>港元</i>
Summarised statement of comprehensive income	全面收益表概要		
For the year ended 31 March	截至三月三十一日止年度		
Revenue	收益	176,692,293	_
Profit/(loss) for the year	本年度溢利/(虧損)	11,780,212	(10,975,983)
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益	13,992,055	46,883,578
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	25,772,267	35,907,595
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to NCI	非控股權益應佔本年度溢利/ (虧損)	7,657,138	(7,134,389)
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to NCI	非控股權益應佔本年度 全面收益總額	16,751,974	23,339,937
Summarised statement of financial position	財務狀況表概要		
As at 31 March	於三月三十一日		
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities	流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債	1,256,681,503 5,110,193 (932,692,616)	1,171,050,440 6,763,754 (874,487,382)
Net assets	資產淨值	329,099,080	303,326,812
Accumulated non-controlling interests	累積非控股權益	213,914,402	197,162,428
Summarised statement of cash flows	現金流量表概要		
For the year ended 31 March	截至三月三十一日止年度		
Cash flows generated from operating activities	經營業務產生之現金流量	278,083,883	22,463,813
Cash flows generated from/(used in) investing activities	投資活動所得/(所用)之 現金流量	29,558,825	(326,479,465)
Cash flows (used in)/generated from financing activities	融資活動(所用)/所得之 現金流量	(215,662,671)	383,054,401
Net cash inflows	現金流入淨額	91,980,037	79,038,749

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

39. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

(Continued)

(b) In March 2021, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group, Dongguan Huachuangwen Industry Development Ltd.* (東莞華創文實 業開發有限公司) has entered into agreement with the 55% and 10% non-controlling shareholders of Huachuangwen Land, to reduce the capital of the Huachuangwen Land in total by RMB276,689,000 (equivalent to HK\$327,323,000) (the "Capital Reduction"). Upon completion of the Capital Reduction, the capital of the Huachuangwen Land has reduced from RMB537,195,000 to RMB260,506,000. The Capital Reduction has be paid or payable to the shareholders of Huachuangwen Land in accordance with the shareholding percentage prior to the completion of the Capital Reduction. A decrease in the non-controlling interests of the Group of HK\$212,792,372 was recognised for the year ended 31 March 2021.

As at 31 March 2022, the amount payable under the Capital Reduction to the extent of HK\$34,116,597 (2021: HK\$32,737,288) was not yet paid to non-controlling shareholders and was included in amounts due to non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries under current liabilities (note 26).

Huachuangwen Land remained as a 35% subsidiary of the Company and the non-controlling shareholders remained the same shareholding in the Huachuangwen Land upon completion of the Capital Reduction.

39. 非控股權益(續)

於二零二一年三月,本集團之全資 (b) 附屬公司東莞華創文實業開發有 限公司已與擁有55%及10%權益 之華創文置地非控股股東訂立協 議,將華創文置地的資本總額削 減人民幣276,689,000元(相等於 327,323,000港元)(「資本削減」)。 於資本削減完成後,華創文置地的 資本已由人民幣537.195.000元削 減至人民幣260,506,000元。資本 削減已經或應該按資本削減完成前 之股權百分比支付予華創文置地之 股東。本集團之非控股權益減少 212,792,372港元於截至二零二一 年三月三十一日止年度確認。

> 於二零二二年三月三十一日,資本 削減項下之應付款項34,116,597 港元(二零二一年:32,737,288港 元)尚未支付予非控股股東,並已 計入流動負債(附註26)項下之應 付附屬公司非控股股東款項。

> 華創文置地繼續為本公司擁有 35%權益之附屬公司,而於資本 削減完成後,非控股股東於華創文 置地之股權保持不變。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

39. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

(Continued)

(c) During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group disposed of Elite-China, details of which are set out in note 38(b). Elite-China is an investment holding company and the Group held 60% equity interest on Elite China. Elite China made a loss of HK\$67,871,865 for the period from 1 April 2020 to the date of disposal of Elite-China by the Group, of which the non-controlling interests share of such loss amounted to HK\$27,148,746.

40. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Save as those disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group had significant related party transactions during the year as follows:

(a) Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management personnel during the year were as follows:

39. 非控股權益(續)

(c) 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本集團出售宗華菁英,其詳情載於附註38(b)。宗華菁英為一間投資控股公司,而本集團持有宗華菁英之60%股權。於二零二零年四月一日至本集團出售宗華菁英日期期間,宗華菁英錄得虧損67,871,865港元,其中非控股權益應佔該虧損27,148,746港元。

40. 關連人士交易

除綜合財務報表其他部分另有披露者 外,本集團於年內進行之重大關連人士 交易如下:

(a) 主要管理人員薪酬

年內,董事及其他主要管理人員之 酬金如下:

		2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$</i> 港元	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$</i> 港元
Salaries and other short-term	薪金及其他短期金錢利益		
monetary benefits		1,845,161	1,500,000
Post-employment benefits	離職後福利	40,023	42,834
		1,885,184	1,542,834

綜合財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

40. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(Continued)

(b) Lease arrangement with Beijing Tian'an Innovation Technology and Estates Limited

During the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021, the Group have entered into several lease arrangements with Beijing Tian'an Innovation Technology and Estates Limited, an entity which is indirectly wholly-owned by Mr. Chen Weiwu, a director and the ultimate controlling party of the Company, for the lease of certain properties in the PRC at the total cost of HK\$17,854,449 (2021: HK\$489,473,679), details of which are set out in note 22(i). Further details of the connected transactions are set out in the section headed "Connected Transactions" in the Directors' Report of this annual report.

(c) Acquisition of a subsidiary from Mr. Chan Weiwu, a director of the Company

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group entered into an equity sales and purchase agreement with Mr. Chan Weiwu, to acquire the entire issued shares of Topper Group for consideration comprising cash payment of HK\$36,722,718 and 800,000,000 consideration shares issued by the Company, details of which are set out in the note 32.

40. 關連人士交易(續)

(b) 與北京天安科創置業有限公司訂立 之租賃安排

截至二零二二年及二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本集團已與北京天安科創置業有限公司(由本公司董事兼最終控股方陳偉武先生間接全資擁有之實體)就租賃位於中國的若干物業訂立數項租賃安排,總成本17,854,449港元(二零二一年:489,473,679港元),有關關連交別,有關關連交易」一節。

(c) 向本公司董事陳偉武先生收購一間 附屬公司

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本集團與陳偉武先生訂立股權買賣協議,以按代價(包括現金付款36,722,718港元以及800,000,000股本公司發行之代價股份),收購峰智集團之全部已發行股份,有關詳情載於附註32。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

41. NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) before income tax to net cash generated from/(used in) operations is as follows:

41. 綜合現金流量表附註

(a) 除所得税前溢利/(虧損)與經營業 務產生/(所用)之現金淨額對賬如 下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	<u>港元</u>
Profit/(loss) before income tax	除所得税前溢利/(虧損)		
 From continuing operations 	一 來自持續經營業務	24,770,425	(45,858,405)
— From discontinued operations	一 來自已終止經營業務		(612,495)
		24,770,425	(46,470,900)
Interest income	利息收入	(468,117)	(340,333)
Interest expenses	利息開支	36,848,887	19,463,914
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備之折舊	22,212,221	, ,
equipment		2,802,375	2,277,237
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產之攤銷	_	97,403
Loss on disposal of property, plant	出售物業、廠房及設備之		
and equipment, net	虧損淨額	_	16,972
Loss on transfer of investment	轉移投資物業之虧損		
properties		2,927,880	_
Loss on modification of subleases	有關應收融資租賃款項之		
in respect of finance lease	分租租約修改虧損		
receivables		6,205,268	_
Loss/(gain) on termination of lease	終止租賃合約之虧損/(收益)		
contracts		4,764,634	(7,676,205)
Gain on disposal of right-of-use	出售使用權資產之收益		
assets		(1,845,024)	(27,781,563)
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽之減值虧損	_	198,401
Impairment loss on trade and other	應收貨款及其他款項之		
receivables, net	減值虧損淨額	_	2,605,087
Impairment loss on finance lease	應收融資租賃款項之減值虧損		
receivables		_	806,497
Impairment loss on property, plant	物業、廠房及設備之減值虧損		400 440
and equipment		_	469,119
Fair value loss on investment	投資物業之公平價值虧損	44 540 000	FF 000 770
properties		11,546,666	55,993,773
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	(5,407)	(9,983,753)
Operating cash flows before	未計營運資金變動前之經營業		
working capital changes carried	務現金流量	07 5 47 707	/40.004.051
forward		87,547,587	(10,324,351)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

41. NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

41. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

(Continued)

- (a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) before income tax to net cash generated from/(used in) operations is as follows: (Continued)
- (a) 除所得税前溢利/(虧損)與經營業 務產生/(所用)之現金淨額對賬如 下:(續)

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Operating cash flows before working	營運資金變動前之經營現金流量		
capital changes brought forward	結轉	87,547,587	(10,324,351)
Decrease in inventories	存貨減少	_	118,924
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other	應收貨款及其他款項減少/		
receivables	(增加)	53,706,978	(259,137,277)
Increase in contract costs	合約成本增加	(9,394,271)	(3,822,794)
Increase in properties under	發展中物業及持有待售已完成		
development and completed	物業增加		
properties held for sale		(19,579,486)	(110,412,132)
(Increase)/decrease in finance lease	應收融資租賃款項(增加)/減少		
receivables		(10,288,767)	8,919,868
Decrease/(increase) in restricted cash	受限制現金減少/(增加)	69,906,413	(110,710,945)
Increase in trade and other payables	應付貨款及其他款項增加	72,919,672	43,705,512
Increase in contract liabilities	合約負債增加	124,820,674	420,395,793
N	(교 サw ユルー スト 숙 ᄔ // (ヾ ㄲ / ㅗ		
Net cash generated from/(used in)	經營業務產生/(所用)之		/a./ aa= /:
operations	現金淨額	369,638,800	(21,267,402)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

41. NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

41. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

(Continued)

(b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from (b) 融資活動產生之負債之對賬 financing activities

		Lease liabilities	Bank borrowings	Convertible bonds	Amounts due to related parties	Total
		租賃負債 HK\$ <i>港元</i> (note 34) (附註34)	銀行借貸 HK\$ <i>港元</i> (note 30) (附註30)	可換股債券 HK\$ <i>港元</i> (note 31) (附註31)	應付關連 人士款項 <i>HK\$</i> <i>港元</i> (note 26) (附註26)	總計 HK\$ 港元
As at 1 April 2021	於二零二一年四月一日	549,924,707	289,531,436	_	_	839,456,143
Cash flows: — Repayments — Drawdown — Interest paid — Repayment of principal element of lease liabilities	現金流量: - 還款 - 提款 - 已付利息 - 償還租賃負債之 本金部分	(34,703,673) (30,652,135)	(225,970,163) 26,783,333 (16,352,127)	_ _ _	- - -	(225,970,163) 26,783,333 (51,055,800) (30,652,135)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量之變動總額	(65,355,808)	(215,538,957)	_	_	(280,894,765)
Other changes: — Interest expenses — Interest expenses capitalised as properties under	其他變動: 一 利息開支 一 資本化為發展中物業之 利息開支	34,701,628	2,147,259	-	-	36,848,887
development — Increase in lease liabilities from entering into new	一年內訂立新租賃之租賃 負債増加	2,045	14,204,868	_	_	14,206,913
leases during the year — Decrease in lease liabilities	— 終止合約後之租賃	17,854,449	_	_	_	17,854,449
upon termination of contracts — Exchange realignment	負債増加 一 匯兑調整	(19,855,803) 22,604,830	— 8,890,347	_ _		(19,855,803) 31,495,177
Balance at 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日 之結餘	539,876,048	99,234,953	_		639,111,001

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

41. NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

41. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

(Continued)

(b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from (b) 融資活動產生之負債之對賬(續) financing activities (Continued)

					Amounts due	
		Lease liabilities	Bank borrowings 銀行及	Convertible bonds	to related parties 應付關連	Total
		租賃負債 <i>HK\$</i> <i>港元</i>	其他借貸 <i>HK\$</i> <i>港元</i>	可換股債券 <i>HK\$</i> <i>港元</i>	人士款項 HK\$ <i>港元</i>	總計 <i>HK\$</i> <i>港元</i>
		(note 34) (附註34)	(note 30) (附註30)	(note 31) (附註 31)	(note 26) (附註26)	
As at 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	121,567,022	92,539,802	82,859,174	27,040,427	324,006,425
Cash flows:	現金流量:		/			
— Repayments	— 還款	_	(151,763,797)	_	_	(151,763,797)
DrawdownInterest paid	 提款 已付利息	(12,901,311)	380,579,437 (17,243,904)	_	_	380,579,437 (30,145,215)
Repayment of principal element of lease	一 償還租賃負債之 本金部分	(12,301,311)	(17,243,304)	_	_	(30,145,215)
liabilities		(23,876,417)			_	(23,876,417)
Total changes from financing	融資現金流量之					
cash flows	變動總額	(36,777,728)	211,571,736		_	174,794,008
Other changes:	其他變動:					
Interest expensesInterest expensescapitalised as properties	一 利息開支一 資本化為發展中物業之利息開支	12,893,236	4,531,413	2,039,265	_	19,463,914
under development — Derecognition upon	一 債券持有人轉換可換股	8,075	12,712,491	_	_	12,720,566
conversion of convertible bonds by the bondholders	債券後終止確認	_	_	(84,898,439)	_	(84,898,439)
 Increase in lease liabilities from entering into new 	一年內訂立新租賃之租賃負債增加					
leases during the year — Decrease in lease liabilities upon termination of	終止合約後之租賃 負債増加	490,232,970	_	_	_	490,232,970
contracts — Acquisition of subsidiaries		(22,869,404)	_	_	_	(22,869,404)
(note 32)		325,434	22,825,234	_	_	23,150,668
Effect of modificationDisposal of subsidiaries	一修改影響一出售附屬公司(附註38)	592,571	_	_	_	592,571
(note 38) — Exchange realignment	一 匯兑調整	(40,522,075) 24,474,606	(71,957,245) 17,308,005	_	(27,039,985) (442)	(139,519,305) 41,782,169
Balance at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日					
Salanoo at or maron 2021	之結餘	549,924,707	289,531,436	_	_	839,456,143

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

42. OPERATING LEASES ARRANGEMENT

Operating leases — Lessor

The Group sub-leases its investment properties in the PRC under operating leases. Sub-leases of properties in the PRC usually run for one to six years (2021: one to seven years). Lease payments are usually negotiated to reflect market rentals. None of the lease includes contingent rentals.

The minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

42. 經營租賃安排

經營租賃 — 出租人

本集團根據經營租賃分租其於中國之投資物業。於中國分租物業之租約通常為一至六年(二零二一年:一至七年)。租賃付款之議定通常反映市值租金。概無租約包括或然租金。

根據不可撤銷經營租賃之最低應收租賃 款項如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Not later than one year	不遲於一年	22,279,362	30,445,332
Later than one year and not later than	超過一年但不遲於五年		
five years		32,811,481	49,132,939
More than five year	超過五年	740,146	3,257,892
		55,830,989	82,836,163

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

43. CAPITAL AND OTHER COMMITMENTS 43. 資本及其他承擔

 2022
 2021

 二零二二年
 二零二一年

 HK\$
 HK\$

 港元
 港元

Contracted for but not provided

t not provided 已訂約但未撥備 s for construction 一 建築合約之承擔

Commitments for construction contracts

— 134.480.594

In additions, during the current year, the Group entered into agreements with a non-controlling interest for the acquisition of additional 55% equity interest in a subsidiary, Huachuangwen Land (note 39), for an aggregate consideration of RMB137,300,000 which is to be satisfied by (i) cash of RMB40,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$48,000,000), (ii) 450,000,000 consideration shares to be issued by the Company at an issue price of HK\$0.2 per share; and (iii) convertible bonds to be issued by the Company with the principal amount of HK\$27,120,000. Completion of the acquisition of the additional 55% equity interest in Huachuangwen, which is subject to approval by the shareholders of the Company, has not taken place and settlements of the consideration for the acquisition of RMB137,300,000 has not been made by the Group up to the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements.

此外,於本年度,本集團與非控股權益訂立協議,以收購附屬公司華創文置地之額外55%股權(附註39),總代價為人民幣137,300,000元,將以(i)現金人民幣40,000,000元(相當於48,000,000港元),(ii)發行及配發按發行價每股0.2港元將予發行之本公司450,000,000股代價股份及(iii)本公司將予發行本金額為27,120,000港元之可換股債券支付。收購華創文之完成(須待本公司股東批准後方可作實)尚未落實,而直至該等綜合財務報表獲批准日期,本集團尚未償付收購代價人民幣137,300,000元。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

44. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At the respective reporting dates, the contingent liabilities of the Group were as follows:

44. 或然負債

於相關報告日期,本集團之或然負債如下:

 2022
 2021

 二零二二年
 二零二一年

 HK\$
 HK\$

 港元
 港元

Guarantees granted to financial institutions on behalf of purchasers of property units

代表物業單位買家授予 金融機構之擔保

415,660,013 136,822,542

The Group arranges with various domestic banks in the PRC to provide loan and mortgage facilities to purchasers of its properties prior to the transfer of building ownership certificate. In line with the consumer banking practices in the PRC, these banks require the Group to provide guarantees in respect of these loans including the principal, interest and other incidental costs. If a purchaser defaults on loan repayment, the relevant mortgagee bank is entitled to deduct the amount repayable from the restricted cash account. These guarantees would be released by the banks upon the receipt by the banks of the building ownership certificates of the respective properties when the certificate have been issued by the relevant authorities.

The directors consider that it is not probable for the Group to sustain a loss under these guarantees as during the period of these guarantees, the Group can take over the ownerships of the related properties under default and sell the properties at prices which are well above the amounts paid/payable by the Group to the banks under the guarantees, accordingly no provision for the guarantees has been made in the consolidated financial statements.

於物業房權證前,本集團安排多間中國國內銀行向其物業買家提供貸款及按揭融資。依照中國消費者銀行慣例括等銀行要求本集團就該等貸款(包括、金、利息及其他增量成本)提供擔場保護資家,則相關按過還資款,則相關分價還貸款,則相關分價還貸款,則相關分價還資本額。當該等銀行於有關當局頒發權,該等銀行將解除該等擔保。

董事認為,本集團不可能發生因該等擔保而蒙受損失,原因為本集團於該等擔保期間可在違約情況下接管相關物業的所有權,並按遠高於本集團根據該等擔保已付/應付銀行款項的價格出售該等物業,因此,並無於綜合財務報表內就該等擔保計提撥備。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

45. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY CATEGORY

The following table shows the carrying amount and fair value of financial assets and liabilities as defined in note 4(i) to the consolidated financial statements:

45. 按類別劃分之財務資產及財務 負債概要

下表顯示綜合財務報表附註4(i)所界定 之財務資產及負債之賬面值及公平價 值:

2022

2021

	LULL	2021
	二零二二年	二零二一年
	HK\$	HK\$
	港元	港元
財務資產		
按攤銷成本計量的財務資產		
	96 538 831	53,645,858
		301,557,702
		77,800
	77,000	77,000
		E 017 044
	-	5,217,644
		2,366
一 現金及銀行結餘	192,855,112	175,939,276
	604,985,501	536,440,646
財務負債		
	102.715.169	27,528,453
		,,
	35.817.817	32,737,288
一 銀行借貸	99,234,953	289,531,436
— W111E		
一 租賃負債	539,876,048	549,924,707
	財務資產 按攤銷成本計量的財務資產 一應收貨款及其他應收 款項包括的財務項 一應收配數資和賃款項 一應收內屬公董事款項 一應收附屬公司。 一應收附屬公司。 一應收關聯人士款項 一應收關聯人士款項 一應公及銀行結餘 財務負債 按攤銷成本計量的財務負債, 一應付附屬公司 股東款項	#元 財務資産 按攤銷成本計量的財務資産 一應收貨款及其他應收 款項包括的財務資產 一應收融資租賃款項 の應收一名董事款項 の應收附屬公司之非控股 股東款項 の應收附屬公司之非控股 股東款項 の應收關聯人士款項 の明金及銀行結餘 「現金及銀行結餘 「現金及銀行結餘 「現金及銀行結餘 「現金及銀行結餘 「現金及銀行結分類 のの一度的財務負債 の方では、「おりによっ」では、「はいまっ」では、まっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、まっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、はいまっ。」は、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、「はいまっ」では、はいまっ。」

The directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values. The fair value of these financial assets and financial liabilities is determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

董事認為於綜合財務報表按攤銷成本記錄的財務資產及財務負債之賬面值與公平值相若。此等財務資產及財務負債之公平值乃根據一般接受定價模式且按折讓現金流量分析釐定。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

46. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Exposure to credit, liquidity, interest rate and currency risks arises in the normal course of the Group's business. The Group is also exposed to equity price risk arising from its equity investment in other entities.

Policy for managing these risks is set by the Board following recommendations from the chief financial officer. Certain risks are managed centrally, while others are managed locally following guidelines communicated from the management. The policy for each of the above risks is described in more detail below.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparties will default on their contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The Group exposes to credit risk from trade, other and loan receivables and finance lease receivables. The Group has adopted a credit policy to monitor and mitigate credit risk arising from trade debtors. Credit limit is regularly reviewed and approved by head of credit control. The Group assesses credit risk based on customers' past due records, trading history, financial conditions, credit ratings and taken into account information specific to the customers as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customers operate. Customers with balances more than a reasonable period of past due are requested to settle all outstanding balances before any further credit is granted.

Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral for the balance of trade receivables. However, the Group regularly reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debts at the end of reporting period to ensure that adequate loss allowances are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors consider that the credit risk is significantly reduced.

46. 財務風險管理

於本集團之日常業務過程中產生之風險 包括信貸風險、流動資金風險、利率風 險及貨幣風險。本集團亦面對自其於其 他實體之股本投資所產生之股本價格風 險。

董事會根據財務總監之建議制定管理該 等風險之政策。本集團集中管理若干風 險,而其他風險則依據管理層給予之指 引於當地進行管理。有關以上各項風險 之政策於下文進一步詳述。

(a) 信貸風險

於正常情況下,本集團並無就應收 貨款結餘取得抵押品。然而,本集 團定期於報告期末審閱各個別貿易 債務,以確保就不可收回金額作出 足夠虧損撥備。就此而言,董事認 為信貸風險顯著減少。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

46. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

(a) Trade receivables

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for expected credit losses prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for all of the trade receivables balances. As at 31 March 2022 and 2021, the loss allowance for trade receivables was determined in the provision matrix on the basis of aging analysis by invoice date as disclosed (note 25). The expected credit losses below also incorporated forward-looking information and groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e. by geographical region, customer type and rating, and product or service type) in calculation. The calculation also reflects the probabilityweighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date. The expected credit loss rate for the trade receivables within 90 days is 0.1% (2021: 0.1%) and no provision of expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables is recognised for the year as the loss allowance is considered insignificant (2021: provision of expected credit losses for trade receivables of HK\$163,100 was recognised).

(b) Finance lease receivables

The loss allowance of finance lease receivables is calculated under 12-months ECL calculation classified as stage 1 of ECL model. An average 0.3% (2021: 0.4%) expected credit loss rate is used by the management for calculating the ECL allowance of the balance classified as stage 1 ECL model as the management considered the creditimpaired risk is low. No expected credit loss allowance is recognised for the year as the loss allowance is considered insignificant (2021: expected credit loss allowance of HK\$806,497 was recognised).

46. 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

(a) 應收貨款

本集團應用香港財務報告準 則第9號所訂明之簡化法就 預期信貸虧損計提撥備, 並批准就所有應收貨款結餘 以全期預期信貸虧損計提撥 備。於二零二二年及二零二一年三月三十一日,應收 貨款之虧損撥備(附註25) 所披露按發票日期得出之賬 齡分析之基準於撥備矩陣釐 定。以下預期信貸虧損亦納 入前瞻性資料及按虧損模式 相似之不同客戶分類組合 (即按地域區間、客戶種類 及評級以及產品或服務種類 分類)。計算亦反映或然率 加權結果、貨幣時值及於報 告日期計算時可得之合理可 靠資料。90日內應收貨款之 預期信貸虧損率為0.1%(二 零二一年:0.1%),而由於 虧損撥備被視為微不足道, 因此本年度並無就貿易應收 款項確認預期信貸虧損撥備 (二零二一年:就貿易應收 款項確認預期信貸虧損撥備 163.100港元)。

(b) 應收融資租賃款項

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

46. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

(c) Other financial assets

The loss allowance of other receivables and amounts due from related parties are calculated under 12-months ECL calculation classified as stage 1 of ECL model. An average 0.3% (2021: 0.3%) expected credit loss rate is used by the management for calculating the ECL allowance of the balance classified as stage 1 ECL model as the management considered the credit-impaired risk is low. Based on the assessment performed by the management, no expected credit loss allowance is recognised for the year as the loss allowance is considered insignificant (2021: expected credit loss allowance of HK\$2,441,987 was recognised).

The credit risk on bank balances and cash is limited because they are placed with reputable banks with external credit rating of at least A1 assigned by an international credit-rating agency.

The Group is not exposed to concentration of credit risk. Further analysis of credit risk associated with trade and other receivables is set out in note 25.

(b) Liquidity risk

The Group's objective is to ensure that there are adequate funds to meet commitments associated with its financial liabilities. Cash flows of the Group are closely monitored by senior management on an ongoing basis.

46. 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

(c) 其他財務資產

其他應收款項及應收關連人 士款項之虧損撥備乃根據被 分類為預期信貸虧損模式階 段一之12個月預期信貸虧損 計算法進行計算。因管理層 認為信貸減值風險偏低而使 用平均0.3%(二零二一年: 0.3%)之預期信貸虧損率計 算被分類為預期信貸虧損模 式階段一之結餘之預期信貸 虧損撥備。根據管理層進行 之評估,由於虧損撥備被視 為微不足道,因此於本年度 並未確認預期信貸虧損撥備 (二零二一年:確認預期信貸 虧損撥備2,441,987港元)。

銀行結餘及現金之信貸風險 有限,因其存放於信譽良好 及國際信貸評級機構作出之 外界信貸評級最低為A1之銀 行。

本集團並無承受集中信貸風險。有關應收貨款及其他款項之信貸風險之進一步分析載列於附註25。

(b) 流動資金風險

本集團之目標為確保有足夠資金應 付與其財務負債有關之承擔。高級 管理層會持續密切監察本集團之現 金流量。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

46. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

46. 財務風險管理(續)

(Continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

(b) 流動資金風險(續)

The contractual maturities of financial liabilities are shown as below:

財務負債之合約到期日顯示如下:

				ayable 養年期			
		Within	More than 1 year but	More than 2 years but		 Total contractual	
		1 year or on demand	less than 2 years 超過	less than 5 years 超過	More than 5 years	undiscounted cash flows 合約	Carrying amount
		一年內或	一年但	兩年但		未貼現現金	
		按要求	少於兩年	少於五年	超過五年	流量總額	賬面值
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
2022	二零二二 年						
Non-derivatives:	非衍生:						
Trade and other payables	應付貨款及其他款項	102,715,169	_	_	_	102,715,169	102,715,169
Amounts due to non-	應付附屬公司之						
controlling shareholders of	非控股股東款項						
subsidiaries		35,817,817	-	-	-	35,817,817	35,817,817
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	106,498,299	-	-	-	106,498,299	99,234,953
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	91,756,546	71,198,680	222,982,124	362,892,120	748,829,470	539,876,048
		336,787,831	71,198,680	222,982,124	362,892,120	993,860,755	777,643,987
2021	二零二一年						
Non-derivatives:	非衍生:						
Trade and other payables	應付貨款及其他款項	27,528,453	_	_	_	27,528,453	27,528,453
Amounts due to non-	應付附屬公司之	, , ,				7,	,,
controlling shareholders of	非控股股東款項						
subsidiaries		32,737,288	_	_	_	32,737,288	32,737,288
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	310,206,360	_	_	_	310,206,360	289,531,436
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	85,040,070	66,742,273	209,804,074	419,418,053	781,004,470	549,924,707
		455,512,171	66,742,273	209,804,074	419,418,053	1,151,476,571	899,721,884

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

46. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

(c) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk due to the fluctuation of the prevailing market interest rate on bank balances and variable-rate bank loans.

The Group is also exposed to interest rate risk which relates primarily to its cash and cash equivalents and bank borrowings which are at floating rates. The Group currently does not use any derivative contracts to hedge the interest rate risk. However, management will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

Interest rate profile

The following table details interest rates analysis that management of the Group evaluates the interest rate risk.

46. 財務風險管理(續)

(c) 利率風險

由於銀行結餘及浮息銀行貸款之現 行市場利率波動,本集團面對現金 流量利率風險。

本集團亦面對主要與其按浮動利率 計息之現金及現金等值項目及銀行 借貸有關之利率風險。本集團目前 並無以任何衍生工具合約對沖利率 風險。然而,管理層將在需要時考 慮對沖重大利率風險。

利率組合

539,876,048

下表詳列本集團管理層評估利率風 險之利率分析。

6.48%

549,924,707

		2022 二零二二年		202 二零二	
	-	Effective		 Effective	
		interest		interest	
		rate (%)	HK\$	rate (%)	HK\$
		實際利率(%)	港元	實際利率(%)	港元
Financial assets	財務資產				
Fixed-rate financial assets:	定息財務資產:				
— Finance lease receivables	一 應收融資租賃款項	9.31%	315,511,842	10.07%	301,557,702
Floating-rate financial assets:	浮息財務資產:				
— Cash and bank balances	一 現金及銀行結餘	0.24%	192,855,112	0.19%	175,939,276
Financial liabilities	財務負債				
Fixed-rate financial liabilities:	定息財務負債:				
— Bank borrowings	一 銀行借貸	7.24%	99,234,953	7.24%	289,531,436

一 租賃負債

Lease liabilities

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

46. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

(c) Interest rate risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The following table indicates the approximate change in the results after tax in response to reasonably possible changes in interest rate to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of reporting period. In determining the effect on results after tax on the next accounting period until next end of reporting period, management of the Group assumes that the change in interest rate had occurred at the end of reporting period and all other variables remain constant. There is no change in the methods and assumptions used in 2022 and 2021.

46. 財務風險管理(續)

(c) 利率風險(續)

敏感度分析

下表顯示於報告期末除税後業績對本集團承受重大風險之利率之合理可能變動而產生之概約變動。於釐定對除稅後業績於下一個會計期間直至下一個報告期末之影響時,本集團管理層假設利率於報告期末已經改變及所有其他變數維持不變。於二零二二年及二零二一年所使用之方法及假設並無變動。

2022 2021 二零二二年 二零二一年 Group's Group's profit for loss for the year the year to be to be increased/ decreased/ (decreased) (increased) by by 集團之 集團之 本年度收益 本年度虧損 增加/(減少) 減少/(增加) HK\$ HK\$ 港元 港元

Increase by 100 basis points 增加100個基點 **1,928,551** 1,759,393 Decrease by 100 basis points 減少100個基點 **(1,928,551)** (1,759,393)

(d) Currency risk

The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong and the PRC with most of the transactions settled in their respective functional currencies in which the group entities operate. Therefore the Group does not have significant exposure to risk resulting from changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

(d) 貨幣風險

本集團主要於香港及中國營運,大部分交易均以集團實體經營所在地之有關功能貨幣結算。因此,本集團並無因外幣匯率變動而承受重大風險。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

47. COMPANY'S STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

47. 本公司之財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2022

於二零二二年三月三十一日

2022

2021

		Notes 附註	二零二二年 <i>HK\$</i> <i>港元</i>	二零二一年 <i>HK\$</i> 港元
Assets Non-current assets Interests in subsidiaries	資產 非流動資產 附屬公司之權益		208,566,097	208,566,097
Current assets Amounts due from subsidiaries Other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 應收附屬公司款項 其他應收款項 現金及現金等值項目		108,155,018 2,009,460 684,293	78,216,518 2,009,460 14,687,878
Total current assets	流動資產總值		110,848,771	94,913,856
Total assets	資產總值		319,414,868	303,479,953
Liabilities Current liabilities Other payables Amounts due to subsidiaries Convertible bonds	負債 流動負債 其他應付款項 應付附屬公司款項 可換股債券		_ 95,370,121 _	1,638,940 72,687,285 —
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		95,370,121	74,326,225
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		15,478,650	20,587,631
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		224,044,747	229,153,728
Total liabilities	負債總額		95,370,121	74,326,225
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		224,044,747	229,153,728
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	股本及儲備 股本 儲備	35 36	115,443,328 108,601,419	115,443,328 113,710,400
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		224,044,747	229,153,728

The Company's statement of financial position were approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 29 June 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

本公司之財務狀況表於二零二二年六月 二十九日獲董事會批准及授權刊發,並 由下列人士代表董事會簽署:

Chen Weiwu 陳偉武 Chairman 主席 Jiang Ruowenhao 江若文豪 Executive Director 執行董事

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日 31 March 2022

48. SUBSIDIARIES

48. 附屬公司

The following is a list of the principal subsidiaries as at 31 March 2022.

於二零二二年三月三十一日,主要附屬 公司之列表如下。

	Form of	Place of	Principal activities	Issued share capital/	Percenta	ige of	
Name	business structure	•	and place of operation	paid-up registered capital	ownership interests held		
名稱	業務架構形式	註冊成立地點	主要業務及經營地點	已發行股本/繳足註冊資本	所持有擁有權權益百分比		
					directly	indirectly	
					直接	間接	
BoRen Culture Development Limited	Limited liability company	BVI	Investment holding in the PRC	1 ordinary share of US\$1	100.0	_	
博仁文化發展有限公司	有限責任公司	英屬處女群島	於中國從事投資控股	1股1美元之普通股			
Shiny Top Limited	Limited liability company	Hong Kong	Money lending business in Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary share of HK\$10,000	-	100.0	
瑞滔有限公司	有限責任公司	香港	於香港從事放債業務	10,000股10,000港元之普通股			
Zhong Run	Limited liability	The PRC	Property sub-leasing	-	_	100.0	
中潤	company 有限責任公司	中國	business in the PRC 於中國從事物業分租業務				
I 173	IIIXAEAN	1 144	N I HAIR I INN N INN IN				
Great Regal Limited	Limited liability company	Hong Kong	Investment holding and property development business in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of HK\$1	_	100.0	
浩鴻有限公司	有限責任公司	香港	於香港從事投資控股及物業 發展業務	1股1港元之普通股			
Beijing Mingchuang Business Management Co., Ltd*	Limited liability company	The PRC	Property sub-leasing business in the PRC	_	_	100.0	
北京名創商業管理有限公司	有限責任公司	中國	於中國從事物業分租業務				
Topper Genius	Limited liability company	BVI	Investment holding in the PRC	10,000 ordinary shares of US\$10,000	100.0	_	
峰智	有限責任公司	英屬處女群島	於中國從事投資控股	10,000股10,000美元之普通股			
Huachuangwen Land [*] (Note a)	Limited liability company	PRC	Property development business in the PRC	RMB10,000,000	_	35.0	
華創文置地(附註a)	有限責任公司	中國	於中國從事物業發展業務	人民幣10,000,000元			

^{*} For identification only

^{*} 僅供識別

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

二零二二年三月三十一日

31 March 2022

48. SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group acquired the entire equity interest in Topper Group, details of which are set out in note 32, and has indirectly held 35% of Hwachuangwen Land with the remaining 65% held by non-controlling interests. Pursuant to the acquisition agreement, the Group is granted the right to appoint the director of Huachuangwen Land and the power and authority to decision making relating to its affairs and business. Accordingly, the directors consider that the Group has control over Hwachuangwen Land, which has been classified as a subsidiary of the Group.
- (b) None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities during the year or at the end of the year.

The above list includes the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

48. 附屬公司(續)

附註:

- (a) 於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止過 往年度,本集團收購峯智集團之全部 股權(詳情載於附註32),並間接持有 華創文置地之35%,而餘下65%由非 控股權益持有。根據收購協議,本集 團獲授權委任華創文置地董事,並有 權及有權就有關其事務及業務作出決 策。因此,董事認為本集團對分類為 本集團附屬公司之華創文置地擁有控 制權。
- (b) 概無附屬公司於年內或年末發行任何 債務證券。

上表包括董事認為對本年度業績有重大 影響或構成本集團重大部分資產淨值之 本公司附屬公司。董事認為列出其他附 屬公司之詳情將令篇幅過於冗長。