

# Silk Road Logistics Holdings Limited 絲路物流控股有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號: 00988

# **INTERIM REPORT**

中期報告

2022



# **Corporate Information**

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. Cheung Ngai Lam Mr. Chung Wai Man

#### NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Ouyang Nong

# INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Choy So Yuk, *BBS, JP* Mr. Wu Zhao

Mr. Chen Wai Chung Edmund

Ms. Ang Mei Lee Mary

#### CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Mr. Meng Fanpeng

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. Chen Wai Chung Edmund (Chairman)

Ms. Choy So Yuk, BBS, JP

Mr. Wu Zhao

Ms. Ang Mei Lee Mary

#### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Ms. Choy So Yuk, BBS, JP (Chairman)

Mr. Wu Zhao

Mr. Chen Wai Chung Edmund

Ms. Ang Mei Lee Mary

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Ms. Choy So Yuk, BBS, JP (Chairman)

Mr. Wu Zhao

Mr. Chen Wai Chung Edmund

Ms. Ang Mei Lee Mary

Mr. Cheung Ngai Lam

#### **EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE**

Mr. Cheung Ngai Lam

Mr. Chung Wai Man

### **AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES**

Mr. Cheung Ngai Lam

Ms. Chiu Yuk Ching

#### COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Chiu Yuk Ching

#### **AUDITORS**

**CCTH CPA Limited** 

#### REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2 Church Street

Hamilton HM 11

Bermuda

# HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 1702, 17/F.

**COFCO Tower** 

262 Gloucester Road

Causeway Bay

Hong Kong

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# BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Tengis Limited

17/F, Far East Finance Centre

16 Harcourt Road

Hong Kong

#### PRINCIPAL BANKERS

China Citic Bank International Limited The Bank of East Asia, Limited

Nanyang Commercial Bank, Limited

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

# **Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income**

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

		Six months er	nded 30 June
	Notes	2022 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	2021 HK\$'000 (unaudited)
REVENUE Cost of sales and services	5 7	3,912 (775)	6,907 (3,789)
Gross profit Other income and gains Administrative expenses Impairment of other receivable Share of profit of associates Finance costs	5	3,137 213 (16,676) - (25,648)	3,118 195 (16,526) (11,027) 3,494 (23,134)
LOSS BEFORE TAX Income tax credit	7 8	(38,974)	(43,880) 827
LOSS FOR THE PERIOD  OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (EXPENSE) INCOME Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		(38,974)	(43,053)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE EXPENSE FOR THE PERIOD		(49,778)	(40,559)

# **Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income**

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

	Six months e	nded 30 June
Notes	2022 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	2021 HK\$'000 (unaudited)
Loss for the period attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	(37,114) (1,860)	(37,676) (5,377)
Loss for the period	(38,974)	(43,053)
Total comprehensive expense for the period attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	(44,378) (5,400)	(36,225) (4,334)
Total comprehensive expense for the period	(49,778)	(40,559)
	Six months e	nded 30 June
	2022 HK\$	2021 HK\$
LOSS PER SHARE 10 - Basic - Diluted	(0.06) N/A	(0.06) N/A

# **Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

At 30 June 2022

	Notes	30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	31 December 2021 HK\$'000 (audited)
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Interests in associates	11	158,408 68,338 -	171,076 73,294 –
Oil properties		292,889	65,679 310,049
CURRENT ASSETS Inventories Trade receivables Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Income tax recoverable Cash and cash equivalents	12	969 - 143,136 4,118 45,409	689 - 151,207 4,548 974
Assets classified as held-for-sale		193,632 -	157,418 57,954
		193,632	215,372
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade payables Other payables and accruals Other borrowings Promissory notes payable Obligations under finance leases	13	84,209 123,678 508,692 73,315	87,691 132,763 488,356 69,197 33
		789,894	778,040
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(596,262)	(562,668)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		(303,373)	(252,619)

# **Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

At 30 June 2022

	Notes	30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	31 December 2021 HK\$'000 (audited)
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Other borrowings Lease liabilities Assets retirement obligations Deferred tax liabilities		- 12,868 5,650 14,384	138 13,419 5,485 14,836
		32,902	33,878
Net liabilities		(336,275)	(286,497)
EQUITY Share capital Reserves	14	64,179 (474,327)	64,179 (429,949)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		(410,148)	(365,770)
Non-controlling interests		73,873	79,273
Total capital deficiency		(336,275)	(286,497)

# **Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

	Attributable to owners of the Company									
	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium account HK\$'000	Share option reserve HK\$'000	Exchange fluctuation reserve HK\$'000	Capital reserve HK\$'000	Contribution surplus HK\$'000	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Non- controlling interests HK\$'000	ntrolling nterests Total
Balance at 1 January 2022 (audited)	64,179	1,498,954	3,632	(6,701)	178,368	773,090	(2,877,292)	(365,770)	79,273	(286,497)
Loss for the period Other comprehensive expense for the period: Exchange differences on transaction of foreign operations	-	-	-	(7,264)	-	-	(37,114)	(37,114)	(1,860)	(38,974)
Total comprehensive expense for the period	-	-	-	(7,264)	-	-	(37,114)	(44,378)	(5,400)	(49,778)
Balance at 30 June 2022 (unaudited)	64,179	1,498,954	3,632	(13,965)	178,368	773,090	(2,914,406)	(410,148)	73,873	(336,275)
Balance at 1 January 2021 (audited)	59,893	1,497,240	3,632	(11,174)	178,368	773,090	(2,582,139)	(81,090)	84,139	3,049
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income for the year Exchange differences on translation of foreign	-	-	-	-	-	-	(295,153)	(295,153)	(7,526)	(302,679)
operations	-	-	-	4,473	-	-		4,473	2,660	7,133
Total comprehensive income for the year Issue of shares (Note 14(b))	- 4,286	- 1,714	-	4,473 -	-	- -	(295,153)	(290,680) 6,000	(4,866)	(295,546) 6,000

At 31 December 2021 (audited)

64,179 1,498,954

3,632

(6,701) 178,368 773,090 (2,877,292)

(365,770)

79,273

(286,497)

# **Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

	Six months en	Six months ended 30 June		
	2022 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	2021 HK\$'000 (unaudited)		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net cash used in operating activities	(11,609)	(2,412)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received Additions to property, plant and equipment,	5	-		
and oil property	(105)			
Net cash used in investing activities	(100)			
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of finance leases Repayment of lease liabilities Net proceeds from disposal of assets	(33) (604)	(22) (461)		
classified as held-for-sale Other financing activities	57,748 (4)	- (7)		
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities	57,107	(490)		
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at	45,398	(2,902)		
beginning of the period Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	974 (963)	3,781 (57)		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	45,409	822		
Analysis of cash and cash equivalents  Cash and bank balances included in cash and cash equivalents as stated in the condensed				
consolidated statement of financial position	45,409	822		

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

#### 1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the applicable disclosure requirements of Appendix 16 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and with Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA").

Notwithstanding that (a) the Group sustained net liabilities amounted to HK\$336,275,000 at 30 June 2022; (b) the current liabilities of the Group at 30 June 2022 exceed the Group's current assets at that date by HK\$596,262,000, which includes the other borrowings and the promissory notes payable amounted to HK\$508,692,000 and HK\$73,315,000 respectively; and (c) the Group incurred net loss of approximately HK\$38,974,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2022, the directors considered it appropriate for the preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis after taking into account of the following circumstances and measures which are in place or to be implemented:

Management of the Group closely monitors the financial position of the Group and the directors of the Company make every effort (a) to secure funds as necessary to finance the business operations of the Group for the foreseeable future; and (b) to negotiate with the lenders of the other borrowings and the holder of the promissory note payable for the extension of repayments of the borrowings and the promissory note to a date when the Group has adequate working capital to serve the repayments.

Should the Group be unable to continue to operate as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to restate the values of assets to their estimated recoverable amounts, to provide further liabilities that might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities respectively. The effects of these potential adjustments have not been reflected in the condensed consolidated financial statements.

The trading of shares of the Company has been suspended on the Stock Exchange as from 24 May 2022 and remained suspended as at 30 August 2022, the date of approval of these condensed consolidated financial statement.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

Except as described below, the accounting policies and methods of computation used in the condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2022 are the same as those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

In the current period, the Group has applied, for the first time, the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2022 for the preparation of the Group's condensed consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to HKFRS 3 Reference to the Conceptual Framework
Amendments to HKAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before

Intended Use

 ${\it Amendments to HKAS\,37} \qquad \qquad {\it Onerous \, Contracts - Cost \, of \, Fulfilling \, a}$ 

Contract

Amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 9, Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018–2020

HKFRS 16 and HKAS 41

Except as described below, the application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current period has no material impact on the Group's performance and financial positions for the current and prior periods and/or on the disclosures set out in these condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### 3. ESTIMATES

The preparation of interim financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing these condensed consolidated financial statements, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

#### 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

The directors of the Company determine its operating segments based on the regular internal financial information reported to the Group's executive directors for their decisions about resources allocation to the Group's business components and review of these components' performance.

The Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has three reportable operating segments as follows:

- (a) The commodities trading segment is engaged in the trading of commodities purchased from external parties and provision of services;
- (b) The oil segment is engaged in exploration and production of oil as well as the provision of well drilling services; and
- (c) The logistics segment is engaged in the provision of transportation and warehousing services.

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

#### **OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)** 4. Six months ended 30 June 2022

	Commodities trading segment HK\$'000 (unaudited)	Oil segment HK\$'000 (unaudited)	Logistics segment HK\$'000 (unaudited)	Total HK\$'000 (unaudited)
Segment revenue Sales of goods and rendering of services to external customers	599	1,051	2,262	3,912
Segment profit/(loss)	599	(448)	(6,237)	(6,086)
Reconciliation: Unallocated income and expense, net				(32,888)
Loss before tax				(38,974)
Other segment information Depreciation and amortisation Unallocated depreciation and amortisation	-	663	5,741	6,404 -

There were no inter-segment sales for both of the periods presented.

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

# 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Six months ended 30 June 2021

	Commodities trading segment HK\$'000 (unaudited)	Oil segment HK\$'000 (unaudited)	Logistics segment HK\$'000 (unaudited)	Total HK\$'000 (unaudited)
Segment revenue Sales of goods and rendering of services to external customers	4,225	877	1,805	6,907
Segment profit/(loss)	1,463	2,705	(20,918)	(16,750)
Reconciliation: Unallocated income and expense, net				(27,130)
Loss before tax			•	(43,880)
Other segment information Depreciation and amortisation Unallocated depreciation and amortisation	-	753	6,307	7,060 222

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

#### **OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)** 4. At 30 June 2022

	Commodities trading segment HK\$'000 (unaudited)	Oil segment HK\$'000 (unaudited)	Logistics segment HK\$'000 (unaudited)	Total HK\$'000 (unaudited)
Segment assets	151,233	116,555	166,101	433,889
Reconciliation: Unallocated assets				52,632
Total assets				486,521
Segment liabilities	65,122	9,355	45,149	119,626
Reconciliation: Unallocated liabilities				703,170
Total liabilities				822,796
At 31 December 2021				
	Commodities trading segment HK\$'000 (audited)	Oil segment HK\$'000 (audited)	Logistics segment HK\$'000 (audited)	Total HK\$'000 (audited)
Segment assets	146,522	109,657	194,569	450,748
Reconciliation: Unallocated assets				74,673
Total assets				525,421
Segment liabilities	75,498	19,764	54,183	149,445
Reconciliation: Unallocated liabilities				662,473
Total liabilities				811,918

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

#### 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued) Geographical information

#### (a) Revenue from external customers

#### Six months ended

	30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	30 June 2021 HK\$'000 (unaudited)
PRC Other countries	2,861 1,051	6,030 877
	3,912	6,907

The revenue information above is based on the location of the customers.

#### (b) Non-current assets

	Six months ended 30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	Year ended 31 December 2021 HK\$'000 (audited)
PRC USA	220,003 72,886	237,561 72,488
	292,889	310,049

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

#### 5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

Revenue represents the aggregate of net invoiced value of goods sold, after allowances for returns and trade discounts, and sales of oil, net of royalties, obligations to governments and other mineral interest owners, and income from logistic and trading services rendered, analysed as follows:

Six mon	ths enc	led 30	) June
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	2022 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	2021 HK\$'000 (unaudited)
Revenue from: Sales of goods Rendering of services	1,051 2,861	4,225 2,682
	3,912	6,907
Revenue recognised  – point in time  – over time	1,051 2,861 3,912	4,225 2,682 6,907

An analysis of other income and gains is as follows:

#### Six months ended 30 June

	2022 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	2021 HK\$'000 (unaudited)
Other income and gains Bank interest income Government grants Sundry income	5 64 144	- 193 2
	213	195

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

#### 6. FINANCE COSTS

#### Six months ended 30 June

	2022 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	2021 HK\$'000 (unaudited)
Interest expenses, net of reimbursement on borrowings: Bank loans, overdrafts and other loans Lease liabilities Other borrowings	740 454 24,454	7 461 22,666
	25,648	23,134

#### 7. LOSS BEFORE TAX

The Group's loss before tax is arrived at after charging the following:

#### Six months ended 30 June

	2022 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	2021 HK\$'000 (unaudited)
Cost of inventories sold Cost of services Staff costs (including directors' remuneration) Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets Amortisation of oil properties Lease payments under short term leases	775 2,656 5,360 915 129 497	3,128 661 2,874 5,661 1,513 108

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

#### 8. INCOME TAX CREDIT

#### Six months ended 30 June

	2022 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	2021 HK\$'000 (unaudited)
Current tax: Over provision in prior periods	-	827
Total tax credit for the period	-	827

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (six months ended 30 June 2021: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong for the year.

Under the Corporate Income Tax of the People's Republic of China ("PRC"), the PRC corporate income tax is calculated at the rate of 25% (six months ended 30 June 2021: 25%) on the Group's estimated assessable profits arising in the PRC.

US income tax on the assessable profits arising in the United States of America ("USA") is calculated at the rate of 21% (six months ended 30 June 2021: 21%).

No Hong Kong profits tax, Corporate Income Tax of the PRC and US income tax have been provided as the Group did not generate any assessable profits arising in Hong Kong, PRC and USA for both years presented.

#### 9. **DIVIDENDS**

No dividends have been paid or declared by the Company during the six months ended 30 June 2022 (six months ended 30 June 2021: Nil).

#### LOSS PER SHARE 10.

#### Basic loss per share

The calculation of basic loss per share is based on the loss for the period attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$37,114,000 (six months ended 30 June 2021: HK\$37,676,000) and approximately 641,790,000 ordinary shares (six months ended 30 June 2021: 598,933,000 ordinary shares) in issue during the current period and prior period after taking account of the share consolidation of the Company's issued ordinary shares as detailed in note 14.

#### Diluted loss per share

No diluted loss per share is presented for the six months ended 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021, as there were no potential ordinary shares in issue during those periods.

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

#### 11. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

During the period, the Group had acquired HK\$105,000 (six months ended 30 June 2021: Nil) and had not disposed of any significant items of property, plant and equipment. Depreciation for items of property, plant and equipment for the period amounted approximately HK\$5,360,000 (six months ended 30 June 2021: approximately HK\$5,661,000).

#### 12. TRADE RECEIVABLES

	30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	31 December 2021 HK\$'000 (audited)
Trade receivables Less: Impairment of trade receivables	98,784 (98,784)	99,569 (99,569)
	-	_

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit, except for new customers, where payment in advance is normally required. The credit period granted by the Group to its customers generally ranged from one to three months. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management.

An aged analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the date of invoice, is as follows:

	30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	31 December 2021 HK\$'000 (audited)
Not more than 30 days	-	- // -
31-60 days	-	_
61-90 days	_	_
91-365 days	_	_
Over one year	98,784	99,569
	98,784	99,569

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

#### 12. TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

The movements in the provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

	Six months ended 30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	Year ended 31 December 2021 HK\$'000 (audited)
At beginning of the period/year Exchange realignment	99,569 (785)	100,509 (940)
At end of the period/year	98,784	99,569

The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables to minimize credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. In view of the management, impairment loss on trade receivables that have been past due has been adequately made in the consolidated financial statements.

The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

#### 13. TRADE PAYABLES

An aged analysis of the trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the date of invoice, is as follows:

	30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	31 December 2021 HK\$'000 (audited)
Not more than 30 days 31-60 days 61-90 days 91-365 days Over one year	- - 253 83,956	97 58 35 45 87,456
	84,209	87,691

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on 90-day terms.

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

#### 14. SHARE CAPITAL

	Par value per share HK\$	Number of ordinary shares '000	Nominal amount HK\$'000
Authorised:	0.01	000 000 000	0.000.000
At 1 January 2021  Share consolidation implemented during the	0.01	200,000,000	2,000,000
year ended 31 December 2021 (Note a)		(180,000,000)	_
At 31 December 2021, 1 January 2022 and 30 June 2022	0.10	20,000,000	2,000,000
Issued and fully paid:			
At 1 January 2021	0.01	5,989,330	59,893
Share consolidation implemented during the year ended 31 December 2021 (Note a) Issue of shares during the year ended		(5,390,397)	-
31 December 2021 (Note b)	0.10	42,857	4,286
At 31 December 2021, 1 January 2022 and 30 June 2022	0.10	641,790	64,179

#### Notes:

- (a) During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company implemented the share consolidation of its ordinary shares which is effective from 7 June 2021, under which every ten issued and unissued shares with a par value of HK\$0.01 each then existed were consolidated into one consolidated share with a par value of HK\$0.10 per share.
- (b) On 3 September 2021, the Company issued 42,857,142 new shares to a shareholder at the issue price of HK\$0.14 per share, for consideration of HK\$6,000,000 (before expenses). This consideration to the extent of HK\$3,000,000 was settled in cash by the shareholder, with the remaining consideration amounted to HK\$3,000,000 which was settled by way of set off against part of the amount due by the Group to the shareholder of HK\$3,000,000).
- (c) There has been no movement in the share capital of the Company during the period ended 30 June 2022.

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

#### 15. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

The Group had the following material balances and transactions with related parties during the period:

#### Government-related entities operated in the PRC

China Huarong Investment Management Limited ("Huarong"), which is ultimately controlled by the PRC government, is a substantial shareholder of the Company. The Group had transactions and balances with PRC entities which are under the Group's one of the significant shareholders, Xinya Global Limited, which its ultimate holding company is Tewoo Group Co., Ltd (Tewoo Group Co., Ltd and its subsidiaries are referred to as the "Tewoo Group"). In addition, Tewoo Group are not part of the Group of Huarong and are ultimately controlled by the PRC government. Details of the transactions and balances were as follows:

# (i) Transactions/balances with government-related entities Major transactions with the government-related entities

	For the six months ended 30 June	
	2022 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	2021 HK\$'000 (unaudited)
Storage income from Tewoo Group Interest expense on other borrowings	-	34
for Tewoo Group	20,337	17,654
Balances with government-related entities		
	As at 30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	As at 31 December 2021 HK\$'000 (audited)
Amount due from Tewoo Group (included in		
prepayments, deposits and other receivables)  Amount due to Tewoo Group (included in	6,536	6,846
trade and other payables) Other borrowings from Tewoo Group	80,086 468,163	83,886 447,826
calc. Schowings from Fower Group	.00,.00	111,020

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For the six months ended 30 June 2022

# 15. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS (continued) Government-related entities operated in the PRC (continued)

### (ii) Balances with the other related parties

	As at 30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	As at 31 December 2021 HK\$'000 (audited)
Amount due from a related party (included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables) Other borrowings from a related party	26,348 2,487	27,599 3,459

#### (iii) Transaction with other related parties

#### Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management for the period was as follows:

Six	month	ns ei	nded	30 .	June

	2022 HK\$'000 (unaudited)	2021 HK\$'000 (unaudited)
Short term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	1,758 39	2,025 45
Total compensation paid to key management personnel	1,797	2,070

The remuneration of directors and key executives is recommended by the remuneration committee of the Company and determined by the Board having regard to the performance of individuals, the Company's remuneration policy and market trends.

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

#### 16. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at (a) fair value

The directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the condensed consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values. The fair values are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on a discounted cash flow analysis, with the most significant input being the discount rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparties.

#### Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurement (b)

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurement is not presented as the Group had no financial assets or financial liabilities that are measured at fair value at end of the reporting period.

#### 17. **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

The Group had the following civil complaints during the reporting period:

(a) Pursuant to the civil complaint dated 29 November 2019 (the "Haitong Civil Complaint") filed by Haitong UniTrust International Leasing Co., Ltd. (海通恒信 國際租賃股份有限公司) (the "Plaintiff") as plaintiff with the Shanghai Financial Court, the Plaintiff claimed against Silk Road Logistics (Qian'an) Company Limited ("Qian'an Logistics"), a subsidiary of the Company, for (i) repayment of an aggregate amount of RMB197,754,190; and (ii) all the costs in relation to the Haitong Civil Complaint. The Haitong Civil Complaint arose from the dispute under a domestic factoring agreement dated 26 September 2018 (the "Factoring Agreement") entered into among the Plaintiff, 天津物產進出口貿易有限公司 (Tewoo Import and Export Trade Company Limited\*) ("Tewoo") and Qian'an Logistics. Pursuant to the Factoring Agreement, the Plaintiff agreed to provide financing to Tewoo which, in return, agreed to assign all its rights under the account receivables in the aggregate amount of RMB223,463,688 (the "Account Receivables") payable by Qian'an Logistics to the Plaintiff in connection with five copper cathode contracts supplied by Tewoo to Qian'an Logistics. According to the Factoring Agreement, the Plaintiff appointed Tewoo to be its collection and receiving agent for the receipt of the Account Receivables payable by Qian'an Logistics. The management of Qian'an Logistics represented that Qian'an Logistics has fully settled the Account Receivables with Tewoo in connection with the five copper cathode contracts. Qian'an Logistics has received the judgement dated 28 July 2021 from Shanghai Financial Court, pursuant to which the claim filed by the Plaintiff was dismissed and the legal costs of the court hearing should be borne by the Plaintiff. Subsequent to the issue of the judgement, the Plaintiff filed an appeal with the Shanghai High People's Court in relation to, among others, objection to the Shanghai Financial Court's judgement on the Haitong Civil Complaint and application for an order that the legal costs of the court hearing be borne by Qian'an Logistics. Qian'an Logistics has instructed its PRC legal adviser to handle all legal issues in connection with the appeal of the Haitong Civil Complaint. The civil complaint is still in process. The effects of the appeal of the Haitong Civil Complaint on the Group could not be assessed at the date of this report. No provision for the Haitong Civil Complaint has been made in the condensed consolidated financial statements.

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

#### 17. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (continued)

- Pursuant to the civil complaint dated 22 November 2019 (the "Haotai Civil Complaint") filed by 天津浩泰恒遠國際貿易有限公司 (Tianjin Haotai Hengyuan International Trading Company Limited\*) ("Haotai") as plaintiff with Tianjin No. 1 Intermediate People's Court, Haotai claimed against Qian'an Logistics for (i) repaying the aggregate amount of RMB68,370,454, being the purchase price for goods supplied by the Haotai to Qian'an Logistics; and (ii) all the costs in relation to the Haotai Civil Complaint. On 4 January 2021, the Group received a judgment from Tianjin No. 1 Intermediate People's Court, pursuant to which the court approved the withdrawal application filed by Haotai in relation to its civil complaint against Qian'an Logistics, (i.e. the Haotai Civil Complaint) and the legal costs of the court should be borne by Haotai. The amount of RMB68,370,454 ("the Payable") claimed by Haotai has been included in trade payables at 30 June 2022 presented in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position. No provision for the Haotai Civil Complaint has been made in the condensed consolidated financial statements. On 8 July 2022, Qian'an Logistics, Haotai and 天津匯天嘉成供應鏈管理有限公司 (Tinjian Huitian Jiacheng Gongyinglian Management Co. Ltd\*. ("Huitian Jiacheng") entered into a settlement agreement (the "Settlement Agreement") pursuant to which: (i) Haotai has assigned part of the Payable in the sum of RMB53,580,973 to Huitian Jiacheng (the "Assigned Loan") with the balance of the Payable in the sum of RMB14,789,481 (the "Residue Loan") be repaid by Huitian Jiacheng to Haotai; (ii) the Assigned Loan and the Residue Loan would be offset with the claim amount due by Huitian Jiacheng to Qian'an Logistics; (iii) Huitian Jiacheng will repay the balance of the claim amount (after offset the Assigned Loan and the Residue Loan) (the "Balance") to Qian'an Logistics. After Qian'an Logistics withdraw the claim against Huitian Jiacheng from the Tianjin No.1 Intermediate People's Court, Huitian Jiacheng will fully settle the Balance. As at the reporting date, the Balance has been fully settled.
- (c) Dongguan Haihui Logistics Co., Ltd\*. (東莞市海輝物流有限公司) ("Dongguan Haihui"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, has received a civil ruling (the "Judgment") from the Intermediate People's Court of Dongguan City, Guangdong Province (廣東省東莞市中級人民法院) (the "Court") in June 2022, pursuant to which, the Court has accepted the application made by Shenzhen Henshunying Trading Co., Ltd\*. (深圳市恒順盈貿易有限公司) ("Shenzhen Henshunying") for the winding up of Dongguan Haihui on the basis of Dongguan Haihui failure to settle the judgment debt (with accrued interests), awarded in a previous civil judgment of the People's Court of Jiahe County, Hunan Province (湖南省嘉禾縣人民法院), to Shenzhen Henshunying in the sum of RMB4,017,686. As at the reporting date, administrator of Dongquan Haihui has been appointed.

Up to the reporting date, since the sum of RMB4,017,686 claimed by Shenzhen Henshunying has been included in trade payables as at 30 June 2022 presented in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position, accordingly, no provision has been made in the condensed consolidated financial statement.

#### 18. EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

On 8 July 2022, Qian'an Logistics, Haotai and Huitian Jiacheng entered into the Settlement Agreement, pursuant to which: (i) Haotai has assigned the Assigned Loan in the sum of RMB53,580,973 due by Qian'an Logistics to Huitian Jiacheng with the Residue Loan in the sum of RMB14,789,480 be repaid by Huitian Jiacheng to Haotai; (ii) the Assigned Loan and the Residue Loan would be offset with the claim amount due by Huitian Jiacheng to Qian'an Logistics; (iii) Huitian Jiacheng will repay the balance of the claim amount (after offset the Assigned Loan and the Residue Loan) (the "Balance") to Qian'an Logistics. After Qian'an Logistics withdraw the claim against Huitian Jiacheng from the Tianjin No.1 Intermediate People's Court, Huitian Jiacheng will fully settle the Balance. As at the reporting date, the Balance has been fully settled.

<sup>\*</sup> The English names of these companies are directly translated from their Chinese names as no English names have been registered.

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the six months ended 30 June 2022, the Group recorded revenue of approximately HK\$3,912,000, compared with that of HK\$6,907,000 for the corresponding period in 2021, while the loss attributable to the owners of the Company is approximately HK\$37,114,000 for the period, compared with the loss attributable to the owners of the Company of approximately HK\$37,676,000 for the corresponding period in 2021. The operation of the Group in the first half of the year is similar to that of 2021, and the Group is eager to expand various kinds of business in the second half of the year.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

In the first half of this year, geopolitical conflicts erupted as a leading risk to economic growth alongside the COVID pandemic. This confluence of economic shocks is unseen in recent history: the Russo-Ukraine war has tightened energy and food supplies, exacerbating the inflation pressure exerted by the COVID-induced supply chain disruptions. Against this backdrop, China grew at a record slow pace in the second quarter, facing economic headwinds on both the domestic and external trade scenes. The recent lockdowns in Shanghai and other cities have dented domestic demand and industrial production, which is not helped by the fact that inflated energy spendings have crowded out consumption of electronics and household merchandise – staples of China's exports to Western countries. Despite the weakened economic prospects, major central banks, notably the Federal Reserve, are set to raise target interest rates from near-zero levels in order to prevent inflation from becoming entrenched. This policy stance will in turn further constrain the global economic growth prospect.

During the report period, the Group's performance was hindered by factors over which we had little control, most notably the various restrictions imposed to contain the pandemic. The trading in the shares of the Company has been suspended since 24 May 2022 after the Listing Review Committee ruled in favour of the Listing Committee's suspension decision on the grounds of insufficient level of operations. The Company is confident of overcoming this setback with the determination to implement our business plan for this year, because we now have at our disposal the required resources and have at our service a competent staff who work smart and hard to meet the goals. In particular, the Company has been communicating with professional advisers and potential business partners on various business options and opportunities and working endlessly towards a viable proposal for the resumption of the trading in the shares of the Company as soon as possible.

In the first half of this year, our trading and logistics segment showed measured but steady progress in business recovery with the business units working to expand the customer base. Our core subsidiary Silk Road Logistics (Qian'an) Company Limited ("Qian'an Logistics"), the primary source of revenue of the Group's operation in recent years, saw a slight increase in its logistics and warehousing business. Furthermore, another subsidiary, Dongguan Hai Hui Logistics Co., Ltd., will work to improve the commodities trading business. The Group expects that the segment will accelerate the resumption of business and operations from now on.

After the Russia-Ukraine war broke out, oil prices topped USD120 per barrel as a result of the concerted sanction on Russian oil by Western countries and then slipped to USD90 recently on economic slowdown concern. However. OPEC's outlook for 2023 suggests no relief for the tight market conditions due to the historical underinvestment and political instability of some of the member states. This is echoed by the recent forecast of U.S. Energy Information Administration that the Brent price will average USD94 in 2023, with the baseline flatting out at the current price level. The oil segment has been scaled down distinctly after the disposal of the equity interest in RockEast Energy Corporation in March. The proceeds from the disposal have strengthened the working capital position of the Group and will be applied partly to business development.

The debtor's turnover day of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2022 was nil compared with 57 days for the six months ended 30 June 2021. It is in line with the credit period of the Group assign to the customers. In future, the Group will maintain its strict credit policy to customers with more emphasis on repayment quality. If there are any irregularities in repayment, credit terms granted to debtors will be adjusted accordingly. For the adoption of new HKFRS 9, the Group has measured the expected credit losses, receivables relating to customers with known financial difficulties or significant doubt on collection of receivables are assessed individually for provision for impairment allowance. The management will continue to closely monitor the credit qualities and the collectability of the trade receivables.

#### **OUTLOOK**

The world is facing two difficult policy trade-offs: between tackling inflation and safeguarding the recovery; and between rebuilding fiscal buffer and upgrading infrastructure. First, the current monetary tightening cycle is increasingly synchronized because the priority of major central banks has become taking decisive actions to ward off the possibility of a destructive wage-price spiral. In particular, although the US is still enjoying near-term momentum in consumer spending supported by nominal wage increase, the aggressive monetary tightening could slow GDP growth to a crawl from the second half of next year. If economic indicators show that inflation will remain elevated over the medium term, central banks will be forced to react faster than currently anticipated.

Second, countries will need to tighten their fiscal policy to reduce the burden of increasingly expensive borrowing as well as to tamp down demand and thus inflation. Following a huge fiscal expansion in many countries during the pandemic, public debt levels have risen to all-time highs and governments are more exposed than ever to higher interest rates. The need for fiscal consolidation may drive some governments to prioritize spendings on social support for the poor and the needy – those affected by commodity price spikes and/or the pandemic – over new public works projects. All in all, the global economic outlook is likely to be dampened by simultaneous monetary tightening and fiscal consolidation.

As it is evident that the coronavirus is becoming an ongoing and returning public health concern, China actively seeks a delicate balance between COVID control and economic development. A case in point is Shanghai after the recent lockdown. The city launched an action plan consisting of a suite of fifty measures to speed up economic resumption. The swift policy response has successfully rekindled industrial output, especially for the strategic car production industry. On the macroeconomic level, the People's Bank of China is also finetuning its supportive monetary policy in order to buttress the real economy without excessive monetary expansion. The focus is a non-discriminative distribution of bank credit to all industry sectors and all ownership types of enterprises to ensure a balanced and self-sustaining economic recovery. In this envisioned stable and inducive environment, the Group aims to ride out this unusual business cycle by building strength and depth in our own niches.

The new business initiatives are being actively sought and developed in the commodity trading and logistics space. Over the past few months, the Company has been in the process of identifying a potential opportunity to engage in coal procurement, warehouse and logistics services in China. If it comes to pass, the project will lay a golden foundation to expand our commodity trading business beyond our long-standing partnerships and existing commodity offerings. In this pursuit, the Group will continue to tap into the potential of our strategically located logistics and warehousing facilities, with the immediate goal being the restoration of revenue and profitability of our trading and logistics segment.

We are also eager in driving future business development. In particular, the iron ore trading project in cooperation with an Australia-based mining company is progressing as far as the situation allows. Earlier this year, the mining company informed the Company that their management and operation had been obstructed by the COVID-induced border controls. Currently with the restrictions lifted, preparatory works at the iron ore mine are expected to gather speed and scale. Based on this expectation, both sides agree that a formal business cooperation agreement will be entered in due course. Meanwhile, our trading and logistics teams positioned in Hong Kong and Mainland China are capturing business opportunities and thrashing out plans with potential buyers. This development is in line with the Group's strategic direction of asset-light growth which will improve our return on asset and can take advantage of our well-established trading and logistics platform.

# CAPITAL STRUCTURE, LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND DEBT MATURITY PROFILE

As at 30 June 2022, the Group had total other borrowings and promissory notes payable in the amount of approximately HK\$508,692,000 and HK\$73,315,000 (31 December 2021: HK\$488,494,000 and HK\$69,197,000 respectively), representing an increase of HK\$20,198,000 and HK\$4,118,000 respectively. Both are repayable within one year.

The Group's total other borrowings of approximately HK\$496,992,000 are denominated in HK\$ is charged at fixed rate and approximately HK\$11,700,000 are denominated in US\$ is charged at fixed rate. The Group's cash and bank balances of approximately HK\$45,409,000 were 2% denominated in RMB, 1% in USD and 97% in HK\$. The promissory notes payable is denominated in HK\$.

As at 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021, the convertible bonds with the aggregate principal amount of HK\$300,000,000 was matured and become an other borrowing as it is not redeemed at maturity date. Combining the unsettled interests, the total amount of other borrowings was HK\$468,163,000 (31 December 2021: HK\$447,826,000). It is denominated in HK\$ and bear interest at fixed interest rate of 6% per annum, with an overdue penalty rate of 5% per annum.

#### TREASURY POLICY

The Group adopts a conservative approach towards its treasury policy. The Group strives to reduce exposure to credit risk by performing ongoing credit evaluation of the financial condition of its customers. To manage liquidity risk, the Board closely monitors the Group's liquidity position to ensure that the liquidity structure of the Group's assets, liabilities and commitments can meet its funding requirements.

# MATERIAL ACQUISITION OR DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES AND AFFILIATED COMPANIES

- (a) In December 2021, the Group was notified that RockEast Energy Corp's ("RockEast") majority shareholders have received and have accepted an offer (the "Offer") from an independent third party to acquire all of the issued shares of RockEast at the offer price of CAD1.00 per share (the "RockEast Acquisition"). Pursuant to the Drag-along Right under the related shareholders' agreement for RockEast, the Group was mandatorily required to accept the Offer for the sale of the 29.95% equity interest in RockEast held by the Group at the total consideration of CAD9,407,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$57,954,000). The RockEast Acquisition was completed in March 2022.
- (b) On 19 April 2022, Boshu (Shanghai) Trading Company Limited (博屬(上海)貿易有限公司) ("Boshu (Shanghai"), an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) as transferee entered into an agreement with Tianjin Huiliyuan International Trading Co., Ltd. (天津匯力 源國際貿易有限公司) (the "Transferor") as transferor, pursuant to which Boshu (Shanghai) agreed to acquire (the "Acquisition") from the Transferor 23.396% of the equity interest in Inner Mongolia Eurasian Continent Bridge Logistics Limited Liability Company (內蒙古亞 歐大陸橋物流有限責任公司) ("Inner Mongolia", a company established in the PRC, 39% and 20% of the equity interest of which is owned by Boshu (Shanghai) and the Transferor respectively), as enlarged by capitalisation of the debt owed to the Transferor and another creditor by Inner Mongolia for the capital contribution of RMB95.647.400 to Inner Mongolia (the "Loan Capitalisation"), at a consideration of RMB1,000,000, subject to the completion the Loan Capitalisation. The consideration shall be settled by share dividends distributed by Inner Mongolia to which Boshu (Shanghai) is entitled. The Transferor undertakes that for a period of 5 years from the completion date of the Loan Capitalisation, the dividend receivable by Boshu (Shanghai) in respect of its shareholding in Inner Mongolia will be not less than HK\$4,000,000 annually. As at the reporting date, Loan Capitalisation has been completed while the Acquisition has not yet completed. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 19 April 2022.

#### **EMPLOYEES**

As at 30 June 2022, the total number of employees of the Group was approximately 30 (31 December 2021: 30). Apart from the basic remuneration, discretionary bonus may be granted to eligible employees by reference to the Group's performance as well as the individual's performance. For the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operation, the Group adopted the existing share option scheme in June 2017 (the "Share Option Scheme"). As at 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021, there were no outstanding share options granted under the Share Option Scheme.

#### CHARGE OF GROUP ASSETS

As at 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021, there were no charge of assets for the Group.

#### **GEARING RATIO**

As at 30 June 2022, the gearing ratio of the Group (being the ratio of net debt divided by total capital) was approximately 424.4% (31 December 2021: approximately 291.7%). Net debt represents the aggregate amount of the Group's other borrowings and promissory note less cash and cash equivalents of the Group. Total capital includes total equity attributable to the owners of the Company and net debt.

#### EXPOSURE TO FLUCTUATIONS IN EXCHANGE RATES AND ANY RELATED HEDGES

The Group's reporting currency is denominated in HK\$. The Group's monetary assets, loans and transactions were principally denominated in RMB, USD and HK\$. The Group had a net exchange exposure to RMB as the Group's assets were principally located in the PRC and the revenues were in RMB. The Group does not have any derivative financial instruments or hedging instruments. The Group will constantly review the economic situation and its foreign currency risk profile, and will consider appropriate hedging measures in future as may be necessary.

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

Details of the contingent liabilities of the Group during the reporting period are set out in note 17 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Details of event after the reporting period are set out in note 18 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

The Board does not recommend the payment of an interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2022 (six months ended 30 June 2021: Nil).

### PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES

During the six months ended 30 June 2022, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

#### INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

As at 30 June 2022, the following Directors and chief executive of the Company were interested, or were deemed to be interested in the following long and short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which (a) were required to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO; or (b) were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein (the "Register"); or (c) were required, pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers contained in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange:

#### Long and short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company

Name of Director/ Chief Executive	Nature of Interest	Long position/ short position	Number of ordinary shares	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital
Ms. Choy So Yuk	Personal interests	Long position	27,190	0.01%
Mr. Meng Fanpeng	Personal interests	Long position	48,000	0.01%

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2022, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company was interested, or was deemed to be interested in the long and short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporation which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange or recorded in the Register as aforesaid.

#### DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in the sections headed "Interests of Directors and Chief Executive" and "Share Options Scheme" in this report, at no time during the period under review, was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable a director of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

#### SHARE OPTIONS SCHEME

The Company adopted the Share Option Scheme for the purpose of providing incentives to Participants (as defined in the Share Option Scheme) to contribute to the Group and/or to enable the Group to recruit high-calibre employees and attract resources that are valuable to the Group and the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

As at 1 January 2022 and 30 June 2022, there was no outstanding share option. During the period under review, no share options were granted, cancelled, lapsed or exercised.

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS

Save as disclosed under the section headed "Interests of Directors and Chief Executive" above, as at 30 June 2022, the following persons had an interest in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO.

#### Long and short positions in the shares/underlying shares of the Company

Name	Nature of interest	Long position/ Short position	Number of Shares/ underlying Shares	Approximate percentage of the total issued share capital of the Company
China Huarong Asset Management Co., Ltd.* <sup>(1)</sup> 中國華融資產管理股份有限公司	Interest of controlled corporation	Long position & Short position	170,372,822	26.55%
Huarong Huaqiao Asset Management Co., Ltd.* <sup>(1)</sup> 華融華僑資產管理股份有限公司	Interest of controlled corporation	Long position & Short position	170,372,822	26.55%
Cai Jianjun <sup>(2)</sup>	Interest of spouse & Interest of controlled corporation	Long position	171,372,822	26.70%
China Yangtze River Petrochemcial Group Limited (2)	Directly owned	Long position	170,372,822	26.55%
Choi Lai Kuen <sup>(3)</sup>	Directly owned & Interest of controlled corporation	Long position	53,908,150	8.39%
Yick Chuen Credit Limited (3)	Directly owned	Long position	53,831,770	8.38%

Long and short positions in the shares/underlying shares of the Company

Name	Nature of interest	Long position/ Short position	Number of Shares/ underlying Shares	percentage of the total issued share capital of the Company
Tewoo Group Company Limited* (4) 天津物產集團有限公司	Interest of controlled corporation	Long position	43,822,412	6.83%
Tewoo Group (Hong Kong) Limited (4)	Interest of controlled corporation	Long position	43,822,412	6.83%
Tianjin Binhai Huanneng Development Co., Ltd.* <sup>(4)</sup> 天津濱海環能發展有限公司	Interest of controlled corporation	Long position	43,822,412	6.83%
Tianjin Rongxin Co., Ltd.* <sup>(4)</sup> 天津融信有限責任公司	Interest of controlled corporation	Long position	43,822,412	6.83%
Tewoo Import & Export Trading Co., Limited* <sup>(4)</sup> 天津物產進出口貿易有限公司	Interest of controlled corporation	Long position	43,822,412	6.83%
Tewoo Import & Export (HK) Limited (4)	Interest of controlled corporation	Long position	43,822,412	6.83%
Xinya Global Limited* (4) 新亞環球有限公司	Directly owned	Long position	43,822,412	6.83%

#### Notes:

- (1) China Huarong Asset Management Co., Ltd. (stock code: 2799) beneficially holds the 170,372,822 Shares through its indirect non wholly-owned subsidiary, China Huarong Investment Management Limited, which is in turn wholly-owned by Pure Virtue Enterprises Limited, which is in turn wholly-owned by China Huarong Overseas Investment Holdings Co., Limited, which is in turn wholly-owned by Huarqiao Asset Management Co., Ltd., which is in turn owned 91% by Huarong Zhiyuan Investment & Management Co., Ltd., which is in turn wholly owned by China Huarong Asset Management Co., Ltd. Apart from China Huarong Investment Management Limited which has actual interests, all of the companies are deemed to have interest in the 170,372,822 Shares.
- (2) China Yangtze River Petrochemical Group Limited is a grantor to a put option whereby it is under an obligation to purchase 170,372,822 Shares. China Yangtze River Petrochemical Group Limited also has a right of first refusal to these 170,372,822 Shares. Mr. Cai Jianjun (a) has interest in these 170,372,822 Shares through his directly wholly-owned company, China Yangtze River Petrochemical Group Limited; and (b) is deemed to have interest in 1,000,000 Shares which are held by his spouse, Ms. Yuan Jing. Ms. Yuan Jing is also deemed to have interest in the Shares held by China Yangtze River Petrochemical Group Limited by being the spouse of Mr. Cai Jianjiun.
- (3) Ms. Choi Lai Kuen personally holds (a) 76,380 Shares; and (b) beneficially holds 53,831,770 Shares through her wholly-owned subsidiary, Yick Chuen Credit Limited.

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- (4) Tewoo Group Company Limited beneficially holds 43,822,412 Shares through its indirect wholly-owned subsidiary, Xinya Global Limited, which is in turn wholly owned by Tewoo Import & Export (HK) Limited. which is in turn owned as to (a) 51% by Tewoo Group (Hong Kong) Limited and (b) 49% by Tewoo Import & Export Trading Co., Ltd. Tewoo Import & Export Trading Co., Ltd. is wholly owned by Tianjin Rongxin Co., Ltd., which is in turn wholly owned by Tianjin Binhai Huanneng Development Co., Ltd. Both Tewoo Group (Hong Kong) Limited and Tianjin Binhai Huanneng Development Co., Ltd. are direct wholly-owned subsidiaries of Tewoo Group Company Limited. Apart from Xinya Global Limited which has actual interests, all of these companies are deemed to have interest in the 43,822,412 Shares.
- The English transliteration of the Chinese names of these companies are for reference purposes only.

Save as disclosed above, the Directors are not aware of any other persons who, at 30 June 2022, had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which are recorded in the register and required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO.

#### COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Board is committed to raising the standard of corporate governance within the Group in order to enhance the transparency in disclosure of material information. In the opinion of the Directors, the Company has complied with the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules throughout the six months ended 30 June 2022, except the following deviations:

#### Code Provisions C.2.1 to C.2.9

Code provisions C.2.1 to C.2.9 stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual and set out the responsibilities of the chairman, including code provision C.2.7 which stipulates that the chairman should at least annually hold meetings with independent non-executive directors without the presence of other directors. During the period under review, no chairman of the Board (the "Chairman") has been appointed and the chief executive officer was appointed in June 2022. However, all Directors together bring diverse experience and expertise to the Board. The Board will keep reviewing the current structure of the Board from time to time and should a candidate with suitable knowledge, skill and experience be identified, the Company will make appointment to fill the post of the Chairman as appropriate.

#### Code Provision F.2.2

Under code provision F.2.2, the chairman of the board should attend the annual general meeting. As stated above, no Chairman has been appointed by the Company during the period under review. Given all Directors are collectively responsible for the Company's stewardship, an executive Director acted as the chairman and all other Directors attended in person or by way of electronic means the annual general meeting of the Company held on 21 June 2022.

#### **UPDATE ON LISTING STATUS**

On 26 November 2021, the Company received a letter from the Stock Exchange notifying the Company of its decision that the Company has failed to maintain a sufficient level of operations as required under Rule 13.24 of the Listing Rules to warrant the continued listing of its shares and that trading in the Company's shares be suspended on 8 December 2021 under Rule 6.01(3) of the Listing Rules (the "Decision"). Pursuant to Rules 2B of the Listing Rules, the Company submitted a written request to the Stock Exchange on 6 December 2021 for the Decision to be referred to the Listing Committee for review (the "Review"). On 25 February 2022, the Company received a letter from the Stock Exchange notifying the Company that Listing Committee decided to up hold the Decision to suspend trading in the Company's shares under Rule 6.01(3) of the Listing Rules. On 7 March 2022, the Company submitted a written request to the Listing Review Committee of the Stock Exchange for a further and final review pursuant to Rule 2B.06(2) of the Listing Rules. On 11 May 2022, the Listing Review Committee conducted a review hearing. On 23 May 2022, the Company received a letter from the Stock Exchange notifying the Company that the Listing Review Committee, having considered all the submissions presented by the Company and the Listing Division, the Listing Review Committee decided to up hold the Listing Committee's decision to suspend trading in the Company's shares under Rule 6.01(3) of the Listing Rules on the ground that the Company has failed to comply with Rule 13.24 of the Listing Rules. Trading in shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange has been suspended since 24 May 2022.

On 6 June 2022, the Company received a letter from the Stock Exchange setting out the following resumption guidance (the "Resumption Guidance") for the resumption of trading in the Company's shares:

to demonstrate the Company's compliance with Rule 13.24 of the Listing Rules.

The Company must meet all Resumption Guidance, remedy the issues causing its trading suspension and fully comply with the Listing Rules to the Stock Exchange's satisfaction before trading in its securities is allowed to resume. For this purpose, the Company has the primary responsibility to devise its action plan for resumption. The Stock Exchange may also modify or supplement the Resumption Guidance if the Company's situation changes.

Under Rule 6.01A(1) of the Listing Rules, the Stock Exchange may cancel the listing of any securities that have been suspended from trading for a continuous period of 18 months. In the case of the Company, the 18-month period expires on 23 November 2023. If the Company fails to remedy the issue(s) causing its trading suspension, fulfil the Resumption Guidance and fully comply with the Listing Rules to the Stock Exchange's satisfaction, and resume trading in its shares by 23 November 2023, the Listing Division will recommend the Listing Committee to proceed with the cancellation of the Company's listing. Under Rules 6.01 and 6.10 of the Listing Rules, the Stock Exchange also has the right to impose a shorter specific remedial period, where appropriate.

As at the date of this report, trading in the shares of the Company remain suspended pending fulfilment of the Resumption Guidance.

For further details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 28 November 2021, 6 December 2021, 27 February 2022, 7 March 2022, 24 May 2022 and 7 June 2022.

#### MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers contained in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules (the "Model Code"). Following specific enquiry by the Company, all Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code throughout the six months ended 30 June 2022.

#### CHANGE OF INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

- With effect from 1 January 2022, the remuneration of Mr. Cheung Ngai Lam and Mr. Chung Wai Man has adjusted to HK\$300,000 per annum and is eligible for discretionary bonus which is determined by the Board with reference to his duties, responsibilities and contribution to the Group, the Company's remuneration policy and the prevailing market conditions
- 2. With effect from 1 July 2022, the remuneration of Mr. Ouyang Nong has adjusted to HK\$150,000 per annum and he is not entitled to any bonus payment by the Company.

#### **REVIEW BY THE AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Audit Committee currently comprises four independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Chen Wai Chung Edmund (as chairman), Ms. Choy So Yuk, Mr. Wu Zhao and Ms. Ang Mei Lee Mary. The interim report of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2022 has not been audited or reviewed by the Company's auditors but has been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

On behalf of the Board Cheung Ngai Lam
Executive Director

Hong Kong, 30 August 2022