

SUNDART HOLDINGS LIMITED 承達集團有限公司

(incorporated under the laws of British Virgin Islands with limited liability) Stock code : 1568



Interim Report

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Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Ng Tak Kwan (Chief Executive Officer) Mr. Leung Kai Ming Mr. Xie Jianyu (Chief Financial Officer) Mr. Ng Chi Hang

Non-executive Director

Mr. Liu Zaiwang (Chairman)

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Tam Anthony Chun Hung Mr. Huang Pu Mr. Li Zheng

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Tam Anthony Chun Hung *(Chairman)* Mr. Huang Pu Mr. Li Zheng

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Huang Pu *(Chairman)* Mr. Ng Tak Kwan Mr. Tam Anthony Chun Hung

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Liu Zaiwang (*Chairman*) Mr. Huang Pu Mr. Li Zheng

INTERNAL CONTROL COMMITTEE

Mr. Liu Zaiwang *(Chairman)* Mr. Xie Jianyu

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Chui Muk Heung

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Xie Jianyu Ms. Chui Muk Heung

AUDITOR

BDO Limited Certified Public Accountants Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance with the Financial Reporting Council Ordinance 25/F, Wing On Centre 111 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

LEGAL ADVISERS AS TO HONG KONG LAW

Kenneth Chong Law Office Unit B, 16/F, Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

BNP Paribas China Construction Bank (Asia) Corporation Limited China Guangfa Bank Co., Ltd., Macau Branch Citibank, N.A., Hong Kong Branch Hang Seng Bank Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

Commerce House Wickhams Cay 1 P.O. Box 3140, Road Town Tortola British Virgin Islands VG1110

HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

19/F, Millennium City 3 370 Kwun Tong Road Kowloon Hong Kong

Corporate Information

BVI PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR

Conyers Trust Company (BVI) Limited Commerce House Wickhams Cay 1 P.O. Box 3140, Road Town Tortola British Virgin Islands VG1110

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712–1716, 17/F Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wan Chai Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

1568

COMPANY'S WEBSITE

www.sundart.com

INVESTOR RELATIONS

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Management Discussion and Analysis

MARKET REVIEW

During the six months ended 30 June 2022 (the "**Period**"), Hong Kong's economy was adversely affected by the fifth wave of the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) ("**Covid-19**") with the subsequent stringent social distancing measures. According to Census and Statistics Department ("**C&SD**") of the government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (the "**Hong Kong Government**"), Hong Kong's gross domestic product ("**GDP**") contracted by 4.0% year-on-year in real terms in the first quarter of 2022, reversing the growth trend of the previous four quarters.

According to the provisional results of the "Report on the Quarterly Survey of Construction Output" published by C&SD, the total gross value of construction works carried out by the main contractors in Hong Kong decreased by 1.1% in nominal terms year-on-year to HK\$55.9 billion in the first quarter of 2022, whilst the gross value of construction works carried out at private sector sites decreased by 12.0% in nominal terms year-on-year to HK\$13.5 billion in the first quarter of 2022. Meanwhile, the gross value of construction works carried out at residential buildings sites decreased by 24.6% in nominal terms year-on-year to HK\$9.6 billion in the first quarter of 2022. It is noted that there is a decrease in the demand for fitting-out works in Hong Kong as a result of the decrease in gross value of construction works in Hong Kong.

Macau was continuously affected by the Covid-19 pandemic. According to the Statistics and Census Service of the government of the Macau Special Administrative Region (the "**Macau Government**"), Macau's GDP contracted by 8.9% year-on-year in real terms in the first quarter of 2022 as a result of the weakening total demand. The visitor composition has also changed. Despite the number of visitor arrivals increased by 8.0% year-on-year to 1,876,847 in the first quarter of 2022, the average lengths of stay for visitors decreased by 0.4 day to 1.3 days. The average occupancy rate of guest rooms decreased by 4.1% year-on-year to 40.8%, and the number of guests also decreased by 5.4% year-on-year to 1,375,136. In the first quarter of 2022, per-capita spending of visitors decreased by 1.2% year-on-year to Macau Pataca ("**MOP**") 3,514, mainly due to the increase in same-day visitors with relatively low spending. Meanwhile, Gaming Inspection and Coordination Bureau of Macau indicated that revenue from the gambling sector decreased by 24.8% year-on-year to MOP17.8 billion in the first quarter of 2022. As the tourism industry and the gambling industry have been affected by Covid-19, the fitting-out industry was inevitably affected in Macau.

According to National Bureau of Statistics of China, the GDP of the People's Republic of China (the "**PRC**") increased by 4.8% year-on-year to Renminbi ("**RMB**") 27,017.8 billion in the first quarter of 2022, whilst the gross output value of construction industry increased by 9.2% year-on-year to RMB5,170.9 billion in the first quarter of 2022. In the first quarter of 2022, investments in national real estate development increased by 0.7% year-on-year to RMB2,776.5 billion, among which, investments in residential buildings increased by 0.7% year-on-year to RMB2,076.1 billion. The total floor area under construction by the PRC's real estate developers increased by 1.0% year-on-year to 8.1 billion square meters ("**m**²") in the first quarter of 2022. The lockdown in some areas of the PRC due to Covid-19 hindered normalisation of economic growth in the PRC. Hence, the fitting-out industry was also affected in the PRC.

BUSINESS REVIEW

SUNDART HOLDINGS LIMITED 承達集團有限公司 (the "**Company**") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "**Group**") is one of the leading integrated fitting-out contractors in Hong Kong, Macau and the PRC, specialising in providing professional fitting-out works for residential property, commercial building and hotel projects. The Group is also engaged in the provision of alteration and addition and construction works in Hong Kong and the provision of manufacturing, sourcing and distribution services of interior decorative materials internationally. During the Period, around 98.4% of the Group's revenue was derived from its fitting-out works business.

Although the fifth wave of Covid-19 posed uncertainties and challenges to the Group in the first half of 2022, the Group managed to maintain a stable financial structure and business development during the Period. Leveraging on the Group's positive brand image and reputation, flexible adjustment of operational strategies addressing market demands and prudent risk management strategies, the Group obtained several sizeable and high-end fitting-out projects during the Period. Such sufficient high-quality orders are expected to lay a solid foundation for the Group's sustainable and stable growth in the future.

Fitting-out works

The Group's fitting-out business primarily comprises the fitting-out works carried out for residential properties, commercial buildings, hotels, serviced apartments and other properties in Hong Kong, Macau and the PRC. During the Period, the fitting-out business remained as a key contributor to the Group's revenue and profit.

During the Period, the Group completed a total of six fitting-out projects, including three in Hong Kong and three in the PRC, with an individual contract sum of not less than HK\$50.0 million. The total contract sum of such projects amounted to HK\$599.0 million, out of which HK\$67.3 million was recognised as revenue during the Period. As at 30 June 2022, the Group had 65 projects on hand (including contracts in progress and contracts signed but yet to commence), including 25 in Hong Kong, two in Macau, 37 in the PRC and one in Singapore, with an individual contract sum of not less than HK\$50.0 million. The total contract sum of not less than HK\$50.0 million. The total contract sum and the value of the outstanding works of such projects as at 30 June 2022 amounted to HK\$9,728.8 million and HK\$6,037.8 million, respectively.

During the Period, the Group's revenue derived from its fitting-out business decreased by HK\$403.2 million or 16.7% year-on-year to HK\$2,006.3 million (six months ended 30 June 2021 (the "**Previous Period**"): HK\$2,409.5 million). Such decrease was mainly attributable to the outbreak of Covid-19, resulted in a delay in the progress of the Group's fitting-out projects during the Period.

The Group's gross profit derived from its fitting-out business during the Period decreased by HK\$52.3 million or 16.1% year-on-year to HK\$271.9 million (Previous Period: HK\$324.2 million), in line with the aforesaid decrease in revenue. Notwithstanding the decrease in revenue and gross profit, the Group's gross profit margin for its fitting-out business slightly increased to 13.6% (Previous Period: 13.5%).

Alteration and addition and construction works

The Group carries out its alteration and addition and construction business in Hong Kong through Kin Shing (Leung's) General Contractors Limited ("**Kin Shing**"), a registered general building contractor in Hong Kong. Kin Shing's principal scope of services include construction, interior decoration, repair, maintenance and alteration and addition works for residential properties, commercial buildings, hotels and factories in Hong Kong.

During the Period, Kin Shing completed an alteration and addition project, with a contract sum of HK\$0.7 million, out of which HK\$0.4 million was recognised as revenue during the Period. As at 30 June 2022, Kin Shing had two on-going projects with a total contract sum of HK\$194.6 million. The value of the outstanding works of such projects as at 30 June 2022 amounted to HK\$13.9 million.

During the Period, the Group's revenue derived from its alteration and addition and construction business decreased by HK\$8.2 million or 22.8% year-on-year to HK\$27.8 million (Previous Period: HK\$36.0 million). Such decrease was primarily attributable to the decrease in the number of projects awarded to the Group in the past year.

The Group's gross loss derived from its alteration and addition and construction business decreased by HK\$14.8 million or 94.9% year-on-year to HK\$0.8 million (Previous Period: HK\$15.6 million), whilst the gross loss margin decreased from 43.3% for the Previous Period to 2.9% for the Period. Such gross loss and gross loss margin were primarily attributable to the additional overheads and/or cost incurred for several construction projects of commercial and residential buildings due to the extension of the respective construction periods and the rectification of work defects.

Manufacturing, sourcing and distribution of interior decorative materials

One of the Group's core competencies lies in its manufacturing base and research and development centre in the PRC. Through the Group's subsidiary, Dongguan Sundart Home Furnishing Co., Ltd. (東莞承達家居有限公司) ("**Dongguan Sundart**"), the Group operates a manufacturing plant and a warehouse located in Dongguan, Guangdong Province, the PRC, the aggregate gross floor area of which is over 40,000 m². Dongguan Sundart manufactures interior decorative timber products including fire-rated timber doors and wooden furniture, and provides quality and reliable re-engineering and pre-fabrication services for sizeable fitting-out projects undertaken by the Group.

During the Period, the Group's revenue derived from external customers of its manufacturing, sourcing and distribution of interior decorative materials business decreased by HK\$7.3 million or 57.0% year-on-year to HK\$5.5 million (Previous Period: HK\$12.8 million). Such decrease was primarily attributable to the decrease in indent sales during the Period, as compared to the Previous Period.

In addition, the Group's gross profit derived from its manufacturing, sourcing and distribution of interior decorative materials business during the Period decreased by HK\$0.8 million or 38.1% year-on-year to HK\$1.3 million (Previous Period: HK\$2.1 million), in line with the aforesaid decrease in revenue. However, the gross profit margin for its manufacturing, sourcing and distribution of interior decorative materials business increased from 16.4% for the Previous Period to 23.6% for the Period. Such increase was attributable to the orders from the PRC with relatively high gross profit margin during the Period.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue, gross profit and gross profit margin

During the Period, the Group's revenue decreased by HK\$418.7 million or 17.0% year-on-year to HK\$2,039.6 million (Previous Period: HK\$2,458.3 million) and the Group's gross profit decreased by HK\$38.3 million or 12.3% year-on-year to HK\$272.4 million (Previous Period: HK\$310.7 million). Such decreases were primarily due to the decrease in its fittingout business as discussed under the paragraph headed "Business review – Fitting-out works" in this interim report. However, during the Period, the Group's gross profit margin slightly increased to 13.4% (Previous Period: 12.6%). Such increase was primarily due to the decrease in gross loss for its alteration and addition and construction business as discussed under the paragraph headed "Business review – Alteration and addition and construction works" in this interim report.

Other income, other gains and losses

The Group recorded net other income of HK\$10.8 million for the Period (Previous Period: net other losses of HK\$3.8 million), primarily due to the decrease in net loss from fair value changes of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("**FVTPL**") by HK\$10.7 million as compared to the Previous Period. Details of other income, other gains and losses are set out in note 5 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Profit for the period

The Group's profit for the period decreased by HK\$59.5 million or 38.2% year-on-year to HK\$96.1 million (Previous Period: HK\$155.6 million) as a result of the decrease in gross profit as discussed above.

Basic and diluted earnings per share

The Company's basic and diluted earnings per share for the Period was HK4.45 cents (Previous Period: HK7.21 cents), decreased by HK2.76 cents or 38.3% year-on-year, in line with the decrease in profit for the period. Details of earnings per share are set out in note 10 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Material acquisition and disposal

No material acquisition and disposal of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures was carried out by the Group during the Period.

Investments

Financial assets at FVTPL

As at 30 June 2022, the Group's financial assets at FVTPL comprised HK\$22.6 million, HK\$29.9 million and HK\$88.0 million (31 December 2021: HK\$23.8 million, nil and HK\$90.0 million) of listed equity securities, unlisted fund investments and unlisted equity fund, respectively.

During the Period, the Group purchased HK\$40.8 million of unlisted fund investments and disposed of HK\$9.7 million of unlisted fund investments. Further, the Group recognised a fair value loss of HK\$3.1 million in profit or loss in respect of the listed equity securities and unlisted equity fund, primarily as a result of a decrease on the market prices of listed equity securities and unlisted equity fund.

Other financial assets at amortised cost

As at 30 June 2022, the Group's other financial assets at amortised cost included HK\$19.9 million of three corporate bonds traded in the secondary market, the last of which will mature on 15 November 2024, with fixed interest rates ranging from 5.75% to 8.50% per annum.

In terms of the prospects of the Group's financial assets at FVTPL, the performance of the listed equity securities, unlisted fund investments and unlisted equity fund held by the Group will be subject to the performance of the relevant financial and property markets which may change rapidly and unpredictably in the future. As to other financial assets at amortised cost, the Group will achieve a steady investment return until the redemption by their respective issuers.

None of the above financial assets at FVTPL and other financial assets at amortised cost held by the Group had a value of 5% or more of the total assets of the Group, and the Group did not hold any significant investments during the Period.

The Group will continuously adopt a prudent investment strategy and assess the performance of its portfolio of investments so as to make timely and appropriate adjustments on its investments for the maximisation of returns to the shareholders of the Company (the "**Shareholders**"). In addition, as the Group is subject to the market risks associated with its investments, the management of the Group will closely monitor the performance of the Group's investments from time to time and take appropriate risk management actions.

Future plans for material investments or capital assets

As at 28 July 2022, the Group did not have any plans for material investments or capital assets.

CORPORATE FINANCE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Liquidity and financial resources and capital structure

The management and control of the Group's financial, capital management and external financing functions are centralised at its headquarters in Hong Kong. The Group adheres to the principle of prudent financial management to minimise the financial and operational risks it is exposed to. During the Period, the Group mainly relied on internally generated funds to finance its business operations.

During the Period, the Group continued to maintain solid financial and cash positions. As at 30 June 2022, the Group's net current assets amounted to HK\$2,450.3 million, representing a decrease of HK\$70.3 million from HK\$2,520.6 million as recorded as at 31 December 2021. The Group's bank balances and cash in total amounted to HK\$1,270.4 million, representing a decrease of HK\$527.5 million from HK\$1,797.9 million as recorded as at 31 December 2021. Such decrease was mainly resulting from the use of funds for the operating activities and dividend payment.

As at 30 June 2022, the bank borrowings of the Group amounted to HK\$44.4 million (31 December 2021: HK\$84.5 million), out of which HK\$44.0 million, HK\$0.2 million and HK\$0.2 million (31 December 2021: HK\$80.2 million, HK\$4.0 million and HK\$0.3 million) will be repayable within one year, more than one year but not exceeding two years and more than two years but not exceeding five years, respectively. There is no seasonality on the Group's bank borrowings.

Management Discussion and Analysis

During the Period, the Group continued to maintain a healthy liquidity position. As at 30 June 2022, the Group's current assets and current liabilities amounted to HK\$5,445.5 million and HK\$2,995.2 million, respectively (31 December 2021: HK\$6,322.2 million and HK\$3,801.7 million, respectively). The Group's current ratio as at 30 June 2022 increased to 1.8 (31 December 2021: 1.7) and the Group maintained sufficient liquid assets to finance its business operations during the Period.

As at 30 June 2022, the Group's gearing ratio of total debts (bank borrowings) divided by total equity was 1.4% (31 December 2021: 2.6%). The decrease in gearing ratio was primarily due to the decrease in the Group's bank borrowings.

As at 30 June 2022, the share capital and equity attributable to owners of the Company amounted to HK\$1,246.8 million and HK\$3,110.9 million, respectively (31 December 2021: HK\$1,246.8 million and HK\$3,227.3 million, respectively).

Charge on the Group's assets

The Group's assets pledged for securing certain bank borrowings, certain bills payable, certain performance bonds and certain tender bonds comprised a commercial property and pledged bank deposits, which amounted to HK\$91.7 million and HK\$42.2 million, respectively as at 30 June 2022 (31 December 2021: HK\$93.6 million and HK\$132.0 million, respectively).

Contingent liabilities and capital commitments

The Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021, respectively.

As at 30 June 2022, the Group had capital commitments of HK\$46,000 (31 December 2021: HK\$29,000) in relation to acquisition of property, plant and equipment.

Exposure to fluctuations in exchange rates and interest rates and corresponding hedging arrangements

The Group operates in various regions with different foreign currencies including MOP, Euro, RMB and United States Dollars. As at 30 June 2022, all of the Group's bank borrowings were made in Hong Kong dollars ("**HK\$**" or "**HK dollars**") at floating rates, and cash and cash equivalents held were mainly in HK dollars, MOP and RMB. As at 28 July 2022, the Group did not implement any foreign currencies and interest rates hedging policies. The Group's management will closely monitor the movement of both exchange rate and interest rate and will consider to hedge against any significant aforesaid exposure when necessary.

Credit risk exposure

Though the Group's major customers are reputable property developers, hotel owners and main contractors, during the Period, the Group experienced delay in settlement of its PRC's projects involving property developers in the PRC, many of which have their credit ratings being downgraded by international credit rating agencies. Based on the Group's historical credit losses, combined with consideration of current and forecasts of economic conditions, consideration of forward-looking factors and prospects of the real estate industry, and taking into account the credit risk characteristics of different projects, the Group has determined to increase the individual's expected credit loss rate as well as the impairment losses under expected credit loss model during the Period. Nonetheless, the Group will continue to monitor and strengthen its collection measures, and continue to adopt prudent credit policies to mitigate credit risk exposure. Save as disclosed herein, the Group was not exposed to any significant credit risk during the Period. The Group's management reviews the recoverability of trade receivables and closely monitors the financial position of the customers from time to time with a view of keeping the Group's credit risk exposure at a reasonably low level.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There were no significant events subsequent to the Period and up to 28 July 2022 which had materially affected the Group's operating and financial performance.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

The Group remunerates its employees based on their performance, experience and the prevailing industry practice. Discretionary bonuses and share options may also be granted to eligible staff based on individual performance in recognition of their contribution and hard work. The Group also provides training programmes for its employees to equip themselves with requisite skills and knowledge.

As at 30 June 2022, the Group had 2,048 employees (31 December 2021: 2,147). The Group's gross staff costs (including the emoluments of the Company's directors (the "**Director(s**)")) increased by HK\$29.7 million or 14.9% year-on-year to HK\$229.7 million for the Period (Previous Period: HK\$200.0 million). Such increase was mainly attributable to the increase in average number of employees by 13.8%.

PROSPECTS AND STRATEGIES

With the stabilisation of the fifth wave of Covid-19 and the gradual easing of social distancing measures in Hong Kong, Hong Kong's economy are expected to resume in the second half of 2022. The second instalment of HK\$5,000 consumption vouchers of the 2022 (Phase II) Consumption Voucher Scheme will be disbursed in phases starting from August 2022, which is expected to stimulate consumption and boost the retail industry and the economy in Hong Kong. Further, housing demand in Hong Kong is expected to remain strong despite the US Federal Reserve raised interest rates. The sixth-term Hong Kong Government has clearly stated that it will speed up the increase in land and housing supply in order to meet the long-term housing demand. It will also support the development of both local construction and real estate markets, sustaining a stable demand for the fitting-out industry in Hong Kong. Therefore, the Group will continue to closely monitor the housing policies of the new Hong Kong Government and market trends to capture the development opportunities for the fitting-out industry in Hong Kong.

Macao Government Tourism Office ("**MGTO**") stated that it will make efforts to promote moderate diversification of the industrial structure. It will also pursue deepen integration across the sectors of "tourism +" and concerted development between tourism and related industries such as meetings, conferences and exhibitions, health and wellness, sports, e-commerce as well as culture and creativity to turn Macau into a world centre of tourism and leisure, and enhance the all-rounded competitiveness of Macau's economy. In order to accelerate the recovery of the tourism industry in the second half of 2022, MGTO will focus on deploying a number of grand events, including Macao Light Festival 2022. As for promotion, MGTO will successively hold events in a number of cities in the PRC to promote travel to Macau and boost the confidence of tourists to visit Macau. Moreover, the Macau Government has been actively participating in the construction of the Guangdong-Macao In-Depth Cooperation Zone in Hengqin, of which the second phase of the Hengqin Port is expected to be completed by the end of 2022. The customs clearance capability is expected to improve and give a new impetus into the long-term development of Macau. The Group will pay close attention to the policy development of the Macau Government and adjust its operating policies and resources in a timely manner.

Management Discussion and Analysis

The State Council of the PRC released a set of 33 measures in a circular named "Policy Measure Package to Stabilise the Economy" which aims to stabilise the PRC's economy, and held a nationwide video teleconference to urge and ensure local government officials in the PRC will implement such policies properly. Along with the implementation of such policies and the stabilisation of Covid-19, the PRC's economy is expected to rebound in the second half of 2022. In addition, the Political Bureau held a meeting in relation of the real estate market to assist local governments in improving real estate policies in light of local realities, supporting housing demand and promoting the stable and healthy development of the real estate market. Travel restrictions on international travels have been imposed in the PRC since 2020. It is expected that overseas consumption, which accounted for more than 70% of the total sales of high-end consumer goods before Covid-19, will return to the PRC, bringing development opportunities to high-end shopping malls in the PRC. The Group will continue to cooperate with well-known Hong Kong-funded real estate developers to provide fitting-out services for their high-end shopping malls, commercial buildings and hotels in the PRC. Meanwhile, the Group will adapt to the market as well as policy trends to strive for more sizeable and high-end fitting-out projects.

Looking ahead, given the outbreak of Covid-19, complex economic environment and fierce market competition, the Group will continue to pay close attention to the impact on pandemic and market development in Hong Kong, Macau and the PRC. The Group will also grasp the opportunities arising from the development and construction works associated with the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area as well as the Belt and Road Initiative. Furthermore, the Group will allocate resources flexibly, and plan and expand its businesses prudently. Leveraging on sufficient high-quality orders awarded to the Group, the Group will achieve economies of scale and enhance its operational efficiency. As a result, the Group is confident in boosting its profitability and market share, as well as continuing to create value for the Shareholders.

Corporate Governance and Other Information

INTERIM DIVIDEND

The board of Directors (the "Board") does not recommend the payment of an interim dividend for the Period.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed below, as at 30 June 2022, none of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company had any beneficial interests (including interests or short positions) in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "**SFO**")) which were required (a) to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were deemed or taken to have under such provisions of the SFO); (b) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "**Model Code**") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Listing Rules**") to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

Long position in the ordinary shares of the Company (the "Shares") and underlying Shares

Name of Director	Nature of interests/capacity	Number of Shares held	Approximate percentage of interests in the Company
Mr. Liu Zaiwang (劉載望) (" Mr. Liu ") <i>(note)</i>	Interest in controlled corporation	1,281,516,117	59.38%

Note:

These Shares were indirectly held by 江河創建集團股份有限公司 (Jangho Group Co., Ltd.*) ("**Jangho Co**") through Jangho Hong Kong Holdings Limited ("**Jangho HK**") and REACH GLORY INTERNATIONAL LIMITED ("**Reach Glory**"). As Jangho Co was approximately 27.86% beneficially owned by 北京江河源 控股有限公司 (Beijing Jiangheyuan Holdings Co., Ltd.*) ("**Beijing Jiangheyuan**") (a company which was 85% and 15% beneficially owned by Mr. Liu and his spouse, Ms. Fu Haixia (富海霞) ("**Ms. Fu**"), respectively) and approximately 25.53% beneficially owned by Mr. Liu, Mr. Liu was deemed to be interested in such Shares under the SFO.

* for identification purpose only

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

Save as disclosed below, as at 30 June 2022, so far as is known to the Directors and the chief executive of the Company, the persons (other than the Directors or the chief executive of the Company) or entities who had an interest or a short position in the Shares and the underlying Shares (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which would fall to be disclosed under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO.

Long positions in the Shares and underlying Shares

Name of substantial shareholder	Nature of interests/capacity	Number of Shares held	Approximate percentage of interests in the Company (Note 1)
Reach Glory	Beneficial owner	1,281,516,117	59.38%
Jangho HK (<i>note 2</i>)	Interest in controlled corporation	1,281,516,117	59.38%
Jangho Co <i>(note 3)</i>	Interest in controlled corporation	1,281,516,117	59.38%
Beijing Jiangheyuan (note 4)	Interest in controlled corporation	1,281,516,117	59.38%
Ms. Fu <i>(note 5)</i>	Interest of spouse	1,281,516,117	59.38%
Caiyun International Investment Limited (" Caiyun International ")	Beneficial owner	353,144,337	16.36%
雲南省康旅控股集團有限公司 (Yunnan Health & Cultural Tourism Holding Group Co., Ltd.*) (" Yunnan Co ") <i>(note 6)</i>	Interest in controlled corporation	353,144,337	16.36%

Notes:

1. 2,158,210,000 Shares were in issue as at 30 June 2022.

- 2. Reach Glory was beneficially wholly-owned by Jangho HK and therefore Jangho HK was deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Reach Glory under the SFO.
- 3. Jangho HK was beneficially wholly-owned by Jangho Co and therefore Jangho Co was deemed to be interested in the Shares indirectly held by Jangho HK through Reach Glory under the SFO.
- 4. Ms. Fu, the spouse of Mr. Liu, was the sole director of Beijing Jiangheyuan. The board of directors of Jangho Co was controlled by Beijing Jiangheyuan and therefore Beijing Jiangheyuan was deemed to be interested in the Shares indirectly held by Jangho Co through Jangho HK and Reach Glory under the SFO.

5. Ms. Fu is the spouse of Mr. Liu and was therefore deemed to be interested in the Shares indirectly held by Mr. Liu under the SFO.

- 6. Caiyun International was beneficially wholly-owned by Yunnan Co and therefore Yunnan Co was deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Caiyun International under the SFO.
- * for identification purpose only

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company's share option scheme was adopted pursuant to a resolution passed on 1 December 2015. There had been no share option granted since the adoption of the share option scheme, and no share options were granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed during the Period. No share options were outstanding at the beginning and the end of the Period.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

During the Period, neither the Company, any of its subsidiaries, nor a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate and none of the Directors, or their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any rights to subscribe for the securities of the Company, or had exercised any such right during the Period.

CHANGES IN DIRECTOR'S INFORMATION

There was no change to the Director's information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules during the Period.

NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING

In order to avoid any possible future competition between the Group and each of the controlling shareholders of the Company, namely Mr. Liu, Ms. Fu, Beijing Jiangheyuan, Jangho Co, Jangho HK and Reach Glory, each of the controlling shareholders of the Company as a covenantor (the "**Covenantor**") executed an amended and restated deed of non-competition dated 25 July 2017 in favour of the Company (for itself and as trustee for each of its subsidiaries), pursuant to which, each of the Covenantors undertakes, *inter alia*, that it/he/she will not, and will use its/his/her best endeavours to procure, its/his/her close associates (other than any member of the Group) not to, whether directly or indirectly, whether for profit or not, participate in or engage in any business which, directly or indirectly, competes or may compete with the Group's business. For details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 17 May 2017 and 25 July 2017 and the circular of the Company dated 30 June 2017, respectively.

SANCTIONS

During the Period, a meeting of the internal control committee of the Board was held on 21 March 2022 to review, *inter alia*, the Group's guidelines and procedures with respect to the sanction law matters. The internal control committee of the Board was of the view that such guidelines and procedures, which have been complied with, were effective and well-functioned.

As at 30 June 2022, the Group has not used any funds raised through the Stock Exchange, to finance or facilitate, directly or indirectly, any activities or business in breach of the sanctions enacted, enforced or imposed by the United States government, the European Union and Australian government with respect to Russia.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the Period.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to achieving and maintaining high standards of corporate governance. It also recognises that sound and effective corporate governance practices are fundamental to the smooth, effective and transparent operation of the Company and its ability to attract investment, protect the interests of Shareholders and stakeholders, and create values for Shareholders. The Group's corporate governance policy is designed to achieve these objectives and is implemented through a framework of processes, polices and guidelines.

The Company has applied the principles of and complied with the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code as contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules (the "**Code Provisions**") during the Period, except for the following deviation:

Paragraph C.1.6 in Part 2 of the Code Provisions specifies that the independent non-executive Directors and other nonexecutive Directors should attend general meetings of the Company to gain and develop a balanced understanding of the views of the Shareholders. The non-executive Director and an independent non-executive Director were absent from the last annual general meeting of the Company held on 6 June 2022 due to their other business commitments.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Specific enquiry has been made with all the Directors and all of them confirmed that they have complied with the required standard of dealings as set out in the Model Code throughout the Period. The Company has adopted the same Model Code for securities transactions by employees who are likely to be in possession of inside information of the Company. To the best knowledge of the Directors, there was no incident of non-compliance with the Model Code by the relevant employees during the Period.

AUDIT COMMITTEE REVIEW

The audit committee of the Board has reviewed and discussed the accounting principles and policies adopted by the Group, the financial information of the Group and the unaudited consolidated interim results of the Group for the Period with the Group's management.

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

		Six months en	ded 30 June
	Notes	2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2021 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Revenue Cost of sales	3	2,039,646 (1,767,277)	2,458,320 (2,147,665)
Gross profit Other income, other gains and losses Impairment losses under expected credit loss model, net of reversal Selling expenses Administrative expenses Other expenses Share of losses of associates Finance costs	5 6	272,369 10,787 (21,445) (4,926) (96,999) (36,110) (5,807) (557)	310,655 (3,836) (3,363) (3,131) (81,480) (26,500) (1,245) (1,360)
Profit before tax Income tax expense	7	117,312 (21,260)	189,740 (34,136)
Profit for the period attributable to owners of the Company	8	96,052	155,604
Other comprehensive (expense) income Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations Share of other comprehensive (expense) income of an associate		(59,769) (1,619)	9,448 522
Other comprehensive (expense) income for the period		(61,388)	9,970
Total comprehensive income for the period attributable to owners of the Company		34,664	165,574
Earnings per share Basic and diluted (HK cents)	10	4.45	7.21

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

At 30 June 2022

Note	At 30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2021 <i>HK\$'000 (Audited)</i>
Non-current assetsProperty, plant and equipmentRight-of-use assetsInvestment propertiesGoodwillInterests in associates11Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss0ther financial assets at amortised costDeferred tax assets		365,594 8,688 57,939 1,510 121,391 113,802 16,125 25,685
	664,012	710,734
Current assetsInventoriesTrade and other receivables and bills receivable13Amounts due from related companies14Amount due from a fellow subsidiary15Contract assets16Tax recoverableFinancial assets at fair value through profit or loss12Other financial assets at amortised costPledged bank depositsBank balances and cash	6,255 961 1,240,467 2,607	49,359 3,082,112 5,436 1,005 1,249,285 219 - 4,940 132,000 1,797,890
	5,445,490	6,322,246
Current liabilitiesTrade and other payables17Bills payable18Tax payable18Bank borrowings19Lease liabilities19Contract liabilities19	501,593 34,420	2,682,913 839,859 38,983 84,537 8,186 147,212
	2,995,163	3,801,690
Net current assets	2,450,327	2,520,556
Total assets less current liabilities	3,114,339	3,231,290
Capital and reservesShare capital20Reserves	1,246,815 1,864,112	1,246,815 1,980,523
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	3,110,927	3,227,338
Non-current liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Lease liabilities	2,058 1,354	2,153 1,799
	3,412	3,952
	3,114,339	3,231,290

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

				Attri	butable to ow	ners of the Co	mpany			
	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Legal reserve HK\$'000 (Note a)	Statutory reserve HK\$'000 (Note b)	Property revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Shareholders' contribution reserve HK\$'000	Translation reserve HK\$'000	Other reserves HK\$'000 (Note c)	Accumulated profits HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 January 2021 (audited)	1,246,815	19,700	60	66,625	3,458	6,615	15,791	(277,406)	1,915,193	2,996,851
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations Share of other comprehensive income of an associate Profit for the period	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	9,448 522 -	- - -	- - 155,604	9,448 522 155,604
Total comprehensive income for the period Dividend paid (<i>note 9</i>)	- -	-	- -	-	-	-	9,970 -	-	155,604 (172,657)	165,574 (172,657)
At 30 June 2021 (unaudited)	1,246,815	19,700	60	66,625	3,458	6,615	25,761	(277,406)	1,898,140	2,989,768
At 1 January 2022 (audited)	1,246,815	19,700	60	87,256	3,458	6,615	47,648	(277,406)	2,093,192	3,227,338
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations Share of other comprehensive expense of an associate Profit for the period	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	-	(59,769) (1,619) –	- - -	- - 96,052	(59,769) (1,619) 96,052
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the period Dividend paid (<i>note 9</i>)		-		-	-	-	(61,388) –	-	96,052 (151,075)	34,664 (151,075)
At 30 June 2022 (unaudited)	1,246,815	19,700	60	87,256	3,458	6,615	(13,740)	(277,406)	2,038,169	3,110,927

Notes:

- (a) In accordance with the provisions of the Macau Commercial Code, the subsidiaries of SUNDART HOLDINGS LIMITED 承達集團有限公司 (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") in Macau are required to transfer a minimum of 25% of their profit for the year to the legal reserve before appropriation of dividends until the legal reserve equals half of the quota capital of these subsidiaries. This reserve is not distributable to the shareholders.
- (b) As stipulated by the relevant laws and regulations in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), the subsidiaries established in the PRC shall set aside 10% of their net profits based on statutory accounts prepared in accordance with the relevant regulations and accounting principles generally accepted in the PRC to the statutory reserve before the distribution of the net profit each year until the balance reaches 50% of its paid-in capital. The statutory reserve can only be used upon approval by the board of directors of the relevant subsidiary to offset accumulated losses or increase capital.
- (c) Other reserves included (i) a credit amount of HK\$33,600,000 of recognition of other service costs, which represented the difference between the fair value and consideration (represented by the net assets attributable to) of the acquisition of 10.2% equity interests in the Company by a director, and (ii) a debit amount of HK\$311,006,000, which represented the merger reserve of the acquisition of 100% equity interests in Sundart Engineering & Contracting (Beijing) Limited ("Sundart Beijing") in relation to the application of merger accounting to the acquisition of Sundart Beijing, being a business combination involving entities under common control, in prior years.

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

	Six months en	ded 30 June
	2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2021 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Net cash used in operating activities	(352,619)	(417,932)
Investing activities		
Interest received	6,671	5,553
Dividends from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	724
Repayment from an associate	8,520	-
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	9,690	26,911
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	3	242
Purchases of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(40,761)	-
Purchases of other financial assets at amortised cost	(15,418)	(20,580)
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(2,138)	(3,861)
Withdrawal of deposits at brokers	28,616	-
Placement of deposits at brokers	(28,616)	(20,000)
Withdrawal of pledged bank deposits	193,191	101,813
Placement of pledged bank deposits	(109,194)	(84,744)
Net cash from investing activities	50,564	6,058
Financing activities		
Dividend paid	(151,075)	(172,657)
Interest paid	(557)	(1,360)
Repayments of bank borrowings	(40,105)	(57,350)
Repayments of leases liabilities	(5,232)	(5,782)
New bank borrowings raised	-	17,245
Net cash used in financing activities	(196,969)	(219,904)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(499,024)	(631,778)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	1,797,890 (28,427)	1,572,111 13,722
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	1,270,439	954,055

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("**HKAS**") 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "**HKICPA**") as well as the applicable disclosure requirements of Appendix 16 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for investment properties and certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values.

Other than additional accounting policies resulting from application of amendments to Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRSs**") and application of certain accounting policies which became relevant to the Group, the accounting policies and methods of computation used in the condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2022 are the same as those presented in the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Application of amendments to HKFRSs

The Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA to this interim financial report for the current accounting period:

Amendments to HKFRS 3Reference to the Conceptual FrameworkAmendments to HKAS 16Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before
Intended UseAmendments to HKAS 37Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a ContractAmendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 9,
HKFRS 16 and HKAS 41Annual Improvements to HKFRS 2018-2020

None of the application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current accounting period has material impact on the Group's performance and financial positions for the current and prior periods and/or on the disclosures set out in these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Impacts on application of amendments

Amendments to HKFRS 3 Reference to the Conceptual Framework

The amendments update a reference in HKFRS 3 *Business Combinations* so that it refers to the *Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018* issued in June 2018 instead of the version issued in 2010. The amendments add to HKFRS 3 a requirement that, for obligations within the scope of HKAS 37, an acquirer applies HKAS 37 to determine whether at the acquisition date a present obligation exists as a result of past events. For a levy that would be within the scope of HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 Levies, the acquirer applies HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 to determine whether the obligating event that gives rise to a liability to pay the levy has occurred by the acquisition date. The amendments also add an explicit statement that an acquirer does not recognise contingent assets acquired in a business combination.

These amendments had no impact on the interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group.

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Application of amendments to HKFRSs (Continued)

Impacts on application of amendments (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use

The amendments prohibit deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, the proceeds from selling such items, and the cost of producing those items, is recognised in profit or loss.

These amendments had no impact on the interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Amendments to HKAS 37 Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (e.g. direct labour and materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts (e.g. the allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract).

These amendments had no impact on the interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020

The annual improvements make amendments to the following standards:

- HKFRS 1 *First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards*, which permit a subsidiary that applies paragraph D16(a) of HKFRS 1 to measure cumulative translation differences using the amounts reported by its parent, based on the parent's date of transition to HKFRSs.
- HKFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*, which clarify the fees included in the '10 per cent' test in paragraph B3.3.6 of HKFRS 9 in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability, explaining that only fees paid or received between the entity and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the entity or the lender on other's behalf are included.
- HKFRS 16 *Leases*, which amend Illustrative Example 13 to remove the illustration of reimbursement of leasehold improvements by the lessor in order to resolve any potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives that might arise because of how lease incentives are illustrated in that example.
- HKAS 41 *Agriculture*, which remove the requirement to exclude taxation cash flows when measuring the fair value of a biological asset using a present value technique.

These amendments had no impact on the interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group.

3. REVENUE

An analysis of the Group's revenue for the period was as follows:

	Six months er	ided 30 June
	2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2021 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Contract revenue from fitting-out works (<i>note a</i>) Contract revenue from alteration and addition and	2,006,332	2,409,531
construction works <i>(note a)</i> Manufacturing, sourcing and distribution of interior	27,794	35,962
decorative materials (note b)	5,520	12,827
	2,039,646	2,458,320

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

	Fitting-out works HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Alteration and addition and construction works HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Manufacturing, sourcing and distribution of interior decorative materials <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	Total HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Geographical markets Hong Kong Macau The PRC	565,075 461,003 980,254	27,794 - -	- - 5,520	592,869 461,003 985,774
Total	2,006,332	27,794	5,520	2,039,646
Timing of revenue recognition A point in time Over time	_ 2,006,332	_ 27,794	5,520 -	5,520 2,034,126
Total	2,006,332	27,794	5,520	2,039,646

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

3. **REVENUE** (Continued)

For the six months ended 30 June 2021

	Fitting-out works HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Alteration and addition and construction works HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Manufacturing, sourcing and distribution of interior decorative materials HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Total HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Geographical markets				
Hong Kong	878,286	35,962	5,963	920,211
Macau	297,846	-	173	298,019
The PRC	1,233,399	-	6,689	1,240,088
The United Kingdom	-	_	2	2
Total	2,409,531	35,962	12,827	2,458,320
Timing of revenue recognition				
A point in time	-	-	12,827	12,827
Over time	2,409,531	35,962	_	2,445,493
Total	2,409,531	35,962	12,827	2,458,320

Notes:

(a) The Group provides fitting-out works and alteration and addition and construction works to its customers. Under the terms of contracts, the Group's performance creates and enhances the properties which the customers control during the course of work by the Group. Revenue from provision of contracting services is therefore recognised based on the stage of completion of contract over time using input method. The Group normally receives progress payment from customers on a monthly basis with reference to the value of works done. The Group requires certain customers to provide upfront deposits ranging from 5% to 30% of total contract sum. The deposit received by the Group before the project commences will give rise to contract liabilities at the start of a contract, until the full amount of deposit is deducted proportionately from monthly progress payment.

A contract asset, net of contract liability related to the same contract, is recognised over the period in which the construction services are performed representing the Group's right to consideration for the services performed and not billed because the rights are conditioned on the Group's future performance accepted by the customers. The contract assets are transferred to trade receivables when the rights become unconditional. The Group typically transfers its contract assets to trade receivables when progress certificate/ invoice is issued.

Retentions receivable, prior to expiration of maintenance period, are classified as contract assets, which usually ranges from one to two years from the date of the practical completion of the project. The relevant amount of contract assets is reclassified to trade receivables when the maintenance period expires, and/or the maintenance/payment certificate is issued, and/or the final account is issued. The maintenance period serves as an assurance that the construction services performed comply with agreed upon specifications and such assurance cannot be purchased separately.

(b) The Group also generates revenue from manufacturing, sourcing and distribution of interior decorative materials business. This revenue is recognised at a point in time when the goods have been delivered to specific location and customers obtain control of the materials.

4. OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Company's executive directors are the chief operating decision makers. Information reported to the chief operating decision makers for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on three principal business activities.

Specifically, the Group's reportable and operating segments under HKFRS 8 are as follows:

- (a) Fitting-out works in Hong Kong;
- (b) Fitting-out works in Macau;
- (c) Fitting-out works in the PRC;
- (d) Alteration and addition and construction works in Hong Kong; and
- (e) Manufacturing, sourcing and distribution of interior decorative materials.

Information regarding the above segments was reported below:

Segment revenue and results

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

	Fitting-out works in Hong Kong HKS'000 (Unaudited)	Fitting-out works in Macau HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Fitting-out works in the PRC HKS'000 (Unaudited)	Alteration and addition and construction works in Hong Kong HKS'000 (Unaudited)	Manufacturing, sourcing and distribution of interior decorative materials HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Segment total HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Elimination HKS'000 (Unaudited)	Consolidated HKS'000 (Unaudited)
Revenue External revenue Inter-segment revenue	565,075 (980)	461,003 _	980,254 -	27,794	5,520 104,596	2,039,646 103,616	- (103,616)	2,039,646 -
Segment revenue	564,095	461,003	980,254	27,794	110,116	2,143,262	(103,616)	2,039,646
Segment profit (loss)	54,600	71,156	16,827	(1,883)	(2,890)	137,810	-	137,810
Share of losses of associates Unallocated other income Unallocated corporate expenses Unallocated finance costs								(5,807) 8,921 (23,055) (557)
Profit before tax								117,312

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

4. OPERATING SEGMENTS (Continued) Segment revenue and results (Continued)

For the six months ended 30 June 2021

	Fitting-out works in Hong Kong HKS'000 (Unaudited)	Fitting-out works in Macau HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Fitting-out works in the PRC HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Alteration and addition and construction works in Hong Kong HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Manufacturing, sourcing and distribution of interior decorative materials HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Segment total HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Elimination HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	Consolidated HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Revenue								
External revenue Inter-segment revenue	878,286 589	297,846 -	1,233,399 -	35,962	12,827 83,439	2,458,320 84,028	- (84,028)	2,458,320 -
Segment revenue	878,875	297,846	1,233,399	35,962	96,266	2,542,348	(84,028)	2,458,320
Segment profit (loss)	82,965	76,374	72,141	(18,702)	5,431	218,209	-	218,209
Share of losses of associates Unallocated other income Unallocated corporate expenses Unallocated finance costs								(1,245) 7,691 (33,555) (1,360)
Profit before tax								189,740

Segment profit/loss represented the profit earned by/loss from each segment, excluding income and expenses of the corporate function, which included certain other income, certain selling expenses, certain administrative expenses, certain other expenses, share of losses of associates and finance costs. This is the measure reported to the Company's executive directors for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

Inter-segment revenue was charged at prevailing market rates.

4. OPERATING SEGMENTS (Continued)

Segment assets and liabilities

The following was an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable and operating segments:

	At 30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Segment assets Fitting-out works in Hong Kong Fitting-out works in Macau Fitting-out works in the PRC Alteration and addition and construction works in Hong Kong Manufacturing, sourcing and distribution of interior decorative materials	1,015,402 308,606 2,832,242 142,429 60,835	1,108,871 384,485 2,905,541 192,020 99,414
Total segment assets	4,359,514	4,690,331
	At 30 June 2022 HK\$′000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Segment liabilities Fitting-out works in Hong Kong Fitting-out works in Macau Fitting-out works in the PRC Alteration and addition and construction works in Hong Kong Manufacturing, sourcing and distribution of interior decorative materials	30 June 2022 HK\$'000	31 December 2021 <i>HK\$'000</i>

5. OTHER INCOME, OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

	Six months en	ded 30 June
	2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2021 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Other income		
Interest income	7,047	5,657
Government grants (<i>note</i>)	4,568	_
Rental income	1,263	1,265
Entrustment fee income	171	171
Dividends from financial assets at fair value		
through profit or loss (" FVTPL ")	-	724
Others	1,117	1,532
	14,166	9,349
Other gains and losses		
Net loss from fair value changes of financial assets at FVTPL	(3,099)	(13,821)
Net foreign exchange (losses) gains	(277)	580
(Loss) gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(3)	56
	(3,379)	(13,185)
	10,787	(3,836)

Note: During the period, the government grants represented subsidies from the 2022 Employment Support Scheme under the Anti-epidemic Fund launched by the government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region.

6. IMPAIRMENT LOSSES UNDER EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS MODEL, NET OF REVERSAL

	Six months en	Six months ended 30 June	
	2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2021 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	
Impairment loss recognised on: Trade and other receivables and bills receivable Contract assets Other financial assets at amortised cost	9,122 10,346 1,977	2,227 1,136 –	
	21,445	3,363	

The basis of determining the inputs and assumptions and the estimation techniques used in the condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2022 are the same as those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

	Six months end	Six months ended 30 June	
	2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2021 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	
Current tax			
Hong Kong Profits Tax	5,630	13,598	
Macau Complementary Tax	10,281	9,209	
PRC Enterprise Income Tax	2,997	12,119	
	18,908	34,926	
(Over) under provision in prior periods			
Hong Kong Profits Tax	(30)	1,016	
Macau Complementary Tax	-	(2,415)	
PRC Enterprise Income Tax	5,042	3,032	
	5,012	1,633	
Deferred tax			
Current period	(2,660)	(2,423)	
	21,260	34,136	

Hong Kong Profits Tax was calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profits for both periods.

Macau Complementary Tax was calculated at 12% of the estimated assessable profits for both periods.

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "**EIT Law**") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries was 25% for both periods. Two PRC subsidiaries obtained approval from the relevant tax bureaus and are qualified as High and New Technology Enterprises which are entitled to a tax reduction from 25% to 15%.

8. PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2021 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Profit for the period has been arrived at after charging (crediting):		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets	9,217 5,038	9,556 5,137
	14,255	14,693
Cost of inventories recognised as expenses in respect of		
External revenue Inter-segment revenue	4,177 84,581	10,680 58,510
	88,758	69,190
Allowance for inventories (included in cost of sales)	519	585
Contract costs recognised as expenses Fitting-out works <i>(note)</i> Alteration and addition and construction works	1,733,914 28,667	2,084,844 51,556
	1,762,581	2,136,400
Research and development expenses (included in other expenses)	35,866	26,194
Staff costs Gross staff costs (including directors' emoluments) Less: Staff costs capitalised to contract costs and inventories	229,686 (150,730)	200,037 (146,522)
	78,956	53,515
Gross rental income from investment properties	(1,263)	(1,265)
Less: Direct operating expenses incurred for investment properties that generated rental income during the period	179	214
	(1,084)	(1,051)

Note: Contract costs of fitting-out works recognised as expenses included cost of inventories recognised as expenses of HK\$84,581,000 (six months ended 30 June 2021: HK\$58,510,000).

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9. DIVIDENDS

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2021 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Dividends for ordinary shareholders of the Company recognised as distribution during the period:		
2021 final dividend – HK7 cents per share (six months ended 30 June 2021: 2020 final dividend – HK8 cents per share)	151,075	172,657

The directors of the Company do not recommend the payment of an interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021.

10. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company was based on the following data:

	Six months end	Six months ended 30 June	
	2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2021 HK\$′000 (Unaudited)	
Profit for the period attributable to owners of the Company for the purpose of basic and diluted earnings per share	96,052	155,604	

	Six months ended 30 June	
	2022 ′000	2021 <i>′000</i>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic and diluted earnings per share	2,158,210	2,158,210

Diluted earnings per share are the same as the basic earnings per share as the Company had no dilutive potential ordinary shares in existence for both periods.

11. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

	At 30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Unlisted shares, at cost Amount due from an associate <i>(note)</i> Share of post-acquisition profits and other comprehensive income, net of dividends received	_ 56,517 48,928	- 65,037 56,354
	105,445	121,391

Note: The amount due from an associate is unsecured, interest free and has no fixed repayment terms. The directors are of the opinion that the balance will not be repaid within 12 months from the end of the reporting period.

12. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	At 30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>(Audited</i>)
Listed equity securities Unlisted fund investments Unlisted equity fund	22,645 29,918 88,000	23,802 - 90,000
	140,563	113,802
Analysed for reporting purposes as: Current assets Non-current assets	29,918 110,645	- 113,802
	140,563	113,802

Unlisted fund investments were classified as current as the management of the Group expected to realise these financial assets within twelve months after the reporting period.

During the period, net loss from fair value changes of the listed equity securities and the unlisted fund investments of HK\$1,099,000 (six months ended 30 June 2021: HK\$5,821,000) was recognised in profit or loss.

12. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)

As at 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Group's interest in the unlisted equity fund remained at 18.71%. The general partner of the unlisted equity fund is a subsidiary of a related company listed in Hong Kong. The unlisted equity fund was in relation to commercial buildings development in Hong Kong. It was measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. The unlisted equity fund with more than 12 months operation period from the end of reporting period was classified as non-current assets in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position. The Group recognised loss from fair value changes of the fund of HK\$2,000,000 (six months ended 30 June 2021: HK\$8,000,000) in profit or loss during the period. There was no capital returned to the Group from the unlisted equity fund during the six months ended 30 June 2021.

13. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES AND BILLS RECEIVABLE

Trade and other receivables and bills receivable at the end of each reporting period comprised receivables from third parties as follows:

	At 30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Trade receivables (gross carrying amount) Fitting-out works Alteration and addition and construction works Manufacturing, sourcing and distribution of interior decorative materials	908,267 11,717 5,208	1,143,763 32,304 5,737
Less: Allowance for credit losses	925,192 (59,930)	1,181,804 (59,450)
Trade receivables (net carrying amount)	865,262	1,122,354
Unbilled receivables (gross carrying amount) <i>(note)</i> Less: Allowance for credit losses	1,485,655 (111,085)	1,434,524 (104,696)
Unbilled receivables (net carrying amount)	1,374,570	1,329,828
Other receivables (gross carrying amount) Less: Allowance for credit losses	138,047 (8,437)	184,448 (9,216)
Other receivables (net carrying amount)	129,610	175,232
Bills receivable (gross carrying amount) Less: Allowance for credit losses	70,020 (1,286)	120,725 (5,871)
Bills receivable (net carrying amount)	68,734	114,854
Prepayments and deposits	366,531	339,844
	2,804,707	3,082,112

Note: Unbilled receivables represented the remaining balances of contract receivables to be billed for completed portion of construction contracts according to the contract terms.

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

13. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES AND BILLS RECEIVABLE (Continued) Trade receivables

The Group allows a credit period of 7 to 60 days to its trade customers. The following was an ageing analysis of trade receivables, net of allowance for credit losses, presented based on invoice date at the end of each reporting period.

	At 30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
1–30 days 31–60 days 61–90 days Over 90 days	276,234 167,443 40,564 381,021	611,588 314,137 30,803 165,826
	865,262	1,122,354

Bills receivable

As at 30 June 2022, the carrying amount of bills receivable amounting to HK\$68,734,000 (31 December 2021: HK\$114,854,000) were held by the Group for settlement. All bills receivable held by the Group were with a maturity period of less than one year.

Ageing of bills receivable, net of allowance for credit losses, was as follows:

	At 30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
1–30 days <i>(note a)</i> 31–60 days 61–90 days Over 90 days <i>(note b)</i>	3,040 - 5,802 59,892	61,737 6,426 4,481 42,210
	68,734	114,854

Notes:

(a) As at 30 June 2022, the relevant bills receivable amounting to HK\$2,560,000 (31 December 2021: nil) were issued by a fellow subsidiary.

(b) As at 30 June 2022, the relevant bills receivable amounting to HK\$23,700,000 (31 December 2021: HK\$24,179,000) were issued by a related company in which Mr. Liu Zaiwang ("**Mr. Liu**"), the non-executive director and a controlling shareholder of the Company, and his spouse have beneficial interest.

14. AMOUNTS DUE FROM RELATED COMPANIES

Related companies are companies in which Mr. Liu and his spouse have beneficial interest.

	At 30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (<i>Audited</i>)
Trade receivables Other receivables	5,197 1,058	5,436 _
	6,255	5,436

Trade receivables from related companies

The Group allows a credit period of 30 days to its trade receivables due from related companies. As at 30 June 2022, the trade receivables due from the related companies were aged over 90 days (31 December 2021: within 30 days) based on invoice date.

Other receivables from a related company

As at 30 June 2022, the other receivables represented rent receivables from a related company.

15. AMOUNT DUE FROM A FELLOW SUBSIDIARY

The Group allows a credit period of 30 days to its trade receivables due from a fellow subsidiary. As at 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021, the trade receivables due from the fellow subsidiary were aged within 30 days based on invoice date.

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16. CONTRACT ASSETS

	At 30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2021 <i>HK\$'000 (Audited</i>)
Contract assets (gross carrying amount) Fitting-out works Alteration and addition and construction works Manufacturing, sourcing and distribution of interior decorative materials	1,163,461 114,959 87	1,133,922 143,918 91
Less: Allowance for credit losses	1,278,507 (38,040)	1,277,931 (28,646)
Net carrying amount shown under current assets	1,240,467	1,249,285

A contract asset, net of contract liability related to the same contract, is recognised over the period in which the construction services are performed representing the Group's right to consideration for the services performed and not billed because the rights are conditioned on the Group's future performance accepted by the customers. The contract assets are transferred to trade receivables when the rights become unconditional. The Group typically transfers its contract assets to trade receivables when progress certificate/invoice is issued. As at 30 June 2022, contract assets included HK\$1,216,000 and HK\$314,000 (31 December 2021: HK\$1,272,000 and HK\$328,000) from related companies and fellow subsidiaries, respectively. The Group typically agrees 5% of the total contract sum as retention money, of which half will generally be released after the issue of the certificate of practical completion and the remaining portion will be released after the maintenance period. The Group generally provides their customers with one to two years maintenance period from the date of the practical completion of the project. Upon the expiration of maintenance period, the customers will provide a maintenance certificate and pay the retentions within the term specified in the contract. The details of the typical payment terms which impact on the amount of contract assets recognised are set out in note 3.

The Group classifies these contract assets as current because the Group expects to realise them in its normal operating cycle.

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide the expected credit loss prescribed by HKFRS 9. Impairment loss of HK\$10,346,000 (six months ended 30 June 2021: HK\$1,136,000) was recognised during the period.

17. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables at the end of the reporting period comprised amounts outstanding for trade purposes and daily operating costs. The credit period taken for trade purchase is 7 to 45 days.

	At 30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Contract creditors and suppliers Retentions payable	1,522,606 470,785	1,879,861 494,510
Other tax payable Other payables and accruals	1,993,391 165,179 85,546	2,374,371 163,410 145,132
	2,244,116	2,682,913

The ageing analysis of contract creditors and suppliers was stated based on invoice date as follows:

	At 30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
1–30 days 31–60 days 61–90 days Over 90 days	798,058 73,901 25,844 624,803	1,223,058 165,199 77,457 414,147
	1,522,606	1,879,861

As at 30 June 2022, the Group's retentions payable of HK\$248,177,000 (31 December 2021: HK\$248,025,000) was expected to be paid after one year.

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18. BILLS PAYABLE

As at 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021, certain bills payable were secured by certain pledged bank deposits and were repayable as follows:

	At 30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
1–30 days 31–60 days 61–90 days	176,080 40,996 59,281	147,733 143,321 108,920
Over 90 days	225,236 501,593	439,885

19. BANK BORROWINGS

	The ranges of effective interest rates	of effective interest Carrying		At 31 December 2021 The ranges of effective interest Carrying rates amount <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)	
Variable-rate borrowings Secured <i>(note a)</i> Unsecured	2.40% 2.11% to 2.40%	632 43,800 44,432	1.73% 1.69% to 1.70%	737 83,800 84,537	

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19. BANK BORROWINGS (Continued)

	At 30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Carrying amount of the above bank borrowings that contain a repayment on demand clause (shown under current liabilities) but repayable as follows <i>(note b)</i> : Within one year More than one year but not exceeding two years More than two years but not exceeding five years	44,011 211 210	80,210 4,011 316
	44,432	84,537

Notes:

(a) As at 30 June 2022, the secured bank borrowings were secured by a commercial property (included in property, plant and equipment) with carrying amount of HK\$91,729,000 (31 December 2021: HK\$93,564,000).

20. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of shares '000	Share capital HK\$'000
Issued and fully paid ordinary shares with no par value At 1 January 2021 <i>(audited</i>), 30 June 2021 <i>(unaudited</i>), 1 January 2022 <i>(audited</i>) and 30 June 2022 <i>(unaudited)</i>	2,158,210	1,246,815

⁽b) The amounts due are based on scheduled repayment dates set out in the banking facility letters.

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21. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

This note provides information about how the Group determines fair values of various financial assets and financial liabilities.

Some of the Group's financial instruments are measured at fair values for financial reporting purposes. The management of the Group determines the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for fair value measurements.

In estimating the fair value of an asset, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. Where Levels 1 or 2 inputs are not available, the Group engages an independent qualified professional valuer to perform the valuation. The management of the Group works closely with the valuer to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model. The respective management team reports the findings to the directors of the Company regularly to explain the cause of fluctuations in the fair value of the assets.

The fair values of these financial assets are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used), as well as the level of the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurements are categorised into Levels 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and

	At 30 June 2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	At 31 December 2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)	Fair value hierarchy
Financial assets at FVTPL Listed equity securities Unlisted fund investments Unlisted equity fund	22,645 29,918 88,000	23,802 _ 90,000	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3
	140,563	113,802	

• Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 during both periods. The Group will recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

21. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

The fair values of listed equity securities are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices from relevant stock exchanges.

The fair values of unlisted fund investments are determined with reference to the fair values of the underlying assets and liabilities of fund investments at the end of the reporting period.

The fair value of unlisted equity fund is determined with reference to market values of underlying asset, which mainly comprise investment property located in Hong Kong held by the investee fund. The valuation of the property was principally arrived at using the comparison method, in which the property is valued on the assumption that the property can be sold with the benefit of vacant possession. Comparison based on prices realised on actual sales of comparable properties is made for similar properties in the similar location. The significant unobservable inputs include the premium/discount on quality and characteristic for the comparable properties. Higher premium or discount for differences in the quality and characteristic of the property and the comparable properties would result in correspondingly higher or lower fair value of the unlisted equity fund.

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets

	Unlisted equity fund HK\$'000
At 1 January 2021 <i>(audited)</i> Loss from fair value changes recognised in profit or loss	92,000 (8,000)
At 30 June 2021 (unaudited)	84,000
At 1 January 2022 <i>(audited)</i> Loss from fair value changes recognised in profit or loss	90,000 (2,000)
At 30 June 2022 (unaudited)	88,000

Of the loss for the period included in profit or loss HK\$2,000,000 (six months ended 30 June 2021: HK\$8,000,000) relating to financial assets of the unlisted equity fund that are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Such fair value loss is included in other gains and losses.

The fair values of other financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

Except as detailed in above, the directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the condensed consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

22. PERFORMANCE BONDS, ADVANCE PAYMENT BONDS AND TENDER BONDS

As at 30 June 2022, the Group has issued performance bonds, advance payment bonds and tender bonds in respect of certain supply and installation contracts through the banks amounting to HK\$766,910,000 (31 December 2021: HK\$659,913,000).

As at 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021, certain performance bonds and certain tender bonds were secured by certain pledged bank deposits.

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23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Apart from bills receivable, amounts due from related companies, amount due from a fellow subsidiary and contract assets from related companies and fellow subsidiaries as set out in notes 13, 14, 15 and 16, respectively, the Group has following significant transactions with its related parties:

	Six months ended 30 June		
Relationships	Nature of transactions	2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2021 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)
Related companies	Rental income Revenue from fitting-out works Property management fee expenses	1,004 _ _	1,005 16,350 19
Ultimate holding company	Entrustment fee income	47	47
Fellow subsidiaries	Revenue from fitting-out works Entrustment fee income Management consultancy fee expenses Technical advisory service fee expenses	2,429 124 32 -	6,603 124 631 1,064

In addition,

- (a) as at 30 June 2022, the ultimate holding company had outstanding performance bonds and advance payment bonds amounting to HK\$190,871,000 (31 December 2021: HK\$300,939,000) issued in favour of customers of the Group through banks and insurance companies.
- (b) as at 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021: Sundart Beijing's banking facilities were guaranteed by the ultimate holding company. Sundart Beijing did not pay any charges for the guarantee granted.

Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of key management personnel of the Group during the period was as follows:

	Six months en	Six months ended 30 June	
	2022 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	2021 HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	
Salaries and short-term benefits Post-employment benefits	32,859 191	32,960 199	
	33,050	33,159	

The remuneration of key management personnel was determined by the directors of the Company having regard to the performance of individuals and the Group.