2022 ANNUAL REPORT 年 報



(a joint stock limited company incorporated in the People's Republic of China) (於中華人民共和國註冊成立的股份有限公司) (Stock Code 股份代號: 814)



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Income Statement of the Company









CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Zhang Liwei (Chairman)

Ms. Li Chunyan

Mr. Li Shenlin

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Li Jianwen

Ms. Zhang Yan

Mr. Li Shunxiang

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Choi Onward, CPA

Mr. Wang Liping

Mr. Chen Liping

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Choi Onward, CPA (Chairman)

Mr. Wang Liping

Mr. Chen Liping

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Wang Liping (Chairman)

Mr. Zhang Liwei

Mr. Chen Liping

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chen Liping (Chairman)

Mr. Zhang Liwei

Mr. Wang Liping

董事會

執行董事

張立偉先生(董事長)

李春燕女十

李慎林先生

非執行董事

李建文先生

張彥女士

李順祥先生

獨立非執行董事

蔡安活先生,CPA

王利平先生

陳立平先生

審核委員會

蔡安活先生, CPA(主席)

王利平先生

陳立平先生

薪酬委員會

王利平先生(主席)

張立偉先生

陳立平先生

提名委員會

陳立平先生(主席)

張立偉先生

王利平先生

CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

SUPERVISORS

Ms. Liu Wenyu (Chairman)

Mr. Chen Zhong
Mr. Yang Baoqun
Mr. Wang Deshan

Ms. Niu Hongyan

Ms. Li Chunyi

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Pan Xuemin

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. Li Chunyan Ms. Pan Xuemin

AUDITORS

Da Hua Certified Public Accountants

LEGAL ADVISERS

As to Hong Kong law:

Reed Smith Richards Butler LLP

As to PRC law:

Grandall Law Firm (Beijing)

監事

劉文瑜女士(主席)

陳鐘先生

楊寶群先生

王德山先生

牛紅艷女士

李春溢女士

公司秘書

潘學敏女士

授權代表

李春燕女士

潘學敏女士

核數師

大華會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)

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香港法律:

禮德齊伯禮律師行有限法律責任合夥

中國法律:

國浩律師(北京)事務所

CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

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Bank of Beijing

Jiulongshan Branch

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Beijing, PRC

中國註冊辦公及主要營業地點

中國

北京市

朝陽區

新源街45號

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STOCK CODE

814

股票代號

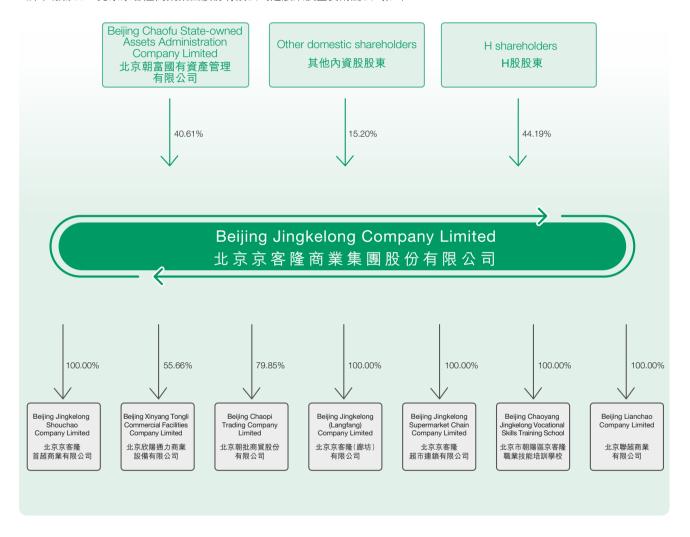
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GROUP STRUCTURE

集團架構

As at the date of this report, the shareholders and the principal subsidiaries of Beijing Jingkelong Company Limited were as follows:

於本報告日,北京京客隆商業集團股份有限公司之股東及主要附屬公司如下:



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 董事長報告

Dear shareholders:

Period").

On behalf of the board of directors (the "Board") of Beijing Jingkelong Company Limited (the "Company" or "Jingkelong"), I am delighted to present the annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2022 (the "Reporting")

各位尊敬的股東:

本人謹代表北京京客隆商業集團股份有限公司 (「本公司」)之董事會(「董事會」),呈奉本公司及 其附屬公司(合稱「本集團」)截至2022年12月31日 止年度(「報告期」)的業績報告。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 董事長報告

BUSINESS REVIEW

2022 has been a very unusual year: the Group was faced with multiple challenges, such as the rapidly evolving world landscape, the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and the domestic economic downturn. Many uncertainties are intertwined, and competition in the physical retail industry is particularly fierce. According to statistics, food prices fluctuated greatly in 2022, from a decrease of 1.4% in 2021 to an increase of 2.8% in 2022, causing the CPI to increase of by about 0.51 percentage points. Facing the downward pressure and challenges of the overall economic environment, the group has reorganized its business in the dimensions of customer positioning, category management, supply chain, inventory turnover, members' rights and interests, etc., so as to lay a solid foundation for the next development and continuously consolidate the business foundation. In terms of epidemic prevention and supply protection, as a responsible state-owned enterprise, faced with the severe test of serious lockdown and insufficient staff, all the staff of the Group consistently stick to the front line of material supply protection to ensure the successful completion of the task. In the special period, Jingkelong once again practiced the responsibility of state-owned enterprises with its original intention of loyalty and responsibility. With timely and efficient actions to enable the vast number of consumers to receive all kinds of support materials at once, Jingkelong practiced its role in stabilizing the public. With our down-to-earth actions, we once again interpret the corporate values of "integrity before interest, giving before taking", and reshape the human warmth of the corporate spirit of "connecting hearts while making profits with chain stores" behind Jingkelong brand.

業績回顧

2022年是極不尋常的一年:我們面臨世界格局加 快演變、新冠肺炎疫情衝擊、國內經濟下行等多 重考驗,諸多的不確定因素交織疊加,實體零售 行業競爭格外激烈。從統計數據來看,2022年食 品價格波動較大,由2021年下降1.4%轉為2022 年上漲2.8%,影響CPI上漲約0.51個百分點。本 集團面對整體經濟環境下行的壓力與挑戰,從客 群定位、品類管理、供應鏈、庫存周轉、會員權 益等多維度進行重新梳理,為下一部發展築牢根 基,不斷夯實業務基礎。在防疫保供方面,作為 一家有擔當的國有企業,面對封控嚴重、人員到 崗不足的嚴峻考驗,本集團全體員工逆行而上, 始終堅守在物資保供的第一線,確保保供任務的 圓滿完成。特殊時期,京客隆再一次用自己忠 誠、盡責的初心,踐行了國企擔當;用及時、高 效的行動使得廣大消費者第一時間收到各類保障 物資,起到穩定民心的作用。我們用自己腳踏實 地的行動再一次詮釋[情義重於利益、奉獻先於索 取」的企業價值觀,重塑京客隆品牌背後的企業精 神「連鎖、連利、連心」的人情溫暖。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 董事長報告

During the Reporting Period, the Group achieved the following results:

報告期內,本集團主要取得了如下業績:

- Revenue from principle business was RMB8,661,087,292, representing a decrease of approximately 14.2% as compared to 2021;
- 實現主營業務收入人民幣8,661,087,292元, 比2021年減少約14.2%;
- Gross profit was RMB1,200,243,230, representing a decrease of approximately 0.7% as compared to 2021;
- 毛利人民幣1,200,243,230元,比2021年減少約0.7%;
- Gross profit margin was approximately 13.9%, representing an increase of approximately 1.9% as compared to 12.0% in 2021;
- 毛利率約為13.9%,較2021年的12.0%增長約1.9%;
- Total profit was RMB-23,629,596, representing a decrease of approximately 154.5% as compared to 2021;
- 利潤總額人民幣-23,629,596元,比2021年 減少約154.5%;
- Profit attributable to shareholders of parent company was RMB
 -96,070,695, representing a decrease of approximately 327.5% as
 compared to 2021;
- 歸屬於母公司淨利潤為人民幣-96,070,695 元,比2021年減少327.5%;
- Basic earnings per share was RMB-0.23 (2021: RMB-0.05); and
- 每股基本盈利為人民幣-0.23元(2021年:人 民幣-0.05元);
- The proposed final dividend per share was RMB0 (2021: RMB0.05).
- 擬派每股末期股息人民幣0元(2021年:人民幣0.05元)。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 董事長報告

OUTLOOK

The report to the 20th National Congress of the Communist Party of China pointed out that the focus of economic development should be placed on the real economy, and it is an established trend that the real economy has been improving. As an important participant in the real economy, the retail industry is in the stage of interactive iteration of the development modes and reconstruction of the industry pattern. The ways to correctly seize the opportunity and seize the growth dividend is the key to getting rid of the predicament, as well as the transformation and upgrading of the Group. All-round reforms such as omni-channel digitization, warehousing logistics support and talent strategy are imminent. In 2023, the group will actively introduce digital intelligent technology enabling operation and management, increase investment in advanced technology, accelerate the construction of intelligent logistics system, deepen supply chain resources, improve the ability to obtain differentiated goods and resources, and strengthen talent introduction and reserve; will take multiple measures to continuously improve the comprehensive ability to serve customers, seize the window period of in-depth development, and maintain the generally stable sales.

展望

黨的二十大報告指出,堅持把發展經濟的著力點 放在實體經濟上,實體經濟向好已屬既定趨勢。 零售行業作為實體經濟的重要參與者,正處於發 展模式交互迭代、行業格局重新構建的階段,如 何正確抓住機遇,抓住增長紅利是本集團擺脱困 境、轉型升級的關鍵所在;全渠道數字化、倉儲 物流支撐、人才戰略等全方位變革已迫在眉睫。 2023年,本集團將積極引入數智化技術賦能經營 管理、加大先進技術投入、加快智慧物流體系建 設、深耕供應鏈資源、提升獲取差異化商品資源 能力,加強人才引進與儲備;多措並舉不斷提升 服務顧客的綜合能力,抓住窗口期縱深發展,保 持銷售基本平穩。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 董事長報告

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express our sincere gratitude to our shareholders for their trust and support; to all business partners, suppliers and customers for their support and assistance, and our appreciation to all staff and the management team for their hard work and contribution to the Group during the Reporting Period.

致謝

本人謹此代表董事會感謝各位股東對本集團的信任與支持,感謝各位投資者、合作夥伴、供應商及廣大顧客的信任與支持,同時也向本集團全體員工及管理團隊在過去一年中的勤勉努力及寶貴貢獻致以衷心感謝!

Zhang Liwei

Chairman

Beijing, PRC

30 March 2023

張立偉

董事長

中國,北京 2023年3月30日

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

During the Reporting Period, in the face of various challenges including a complex and severe international environment and repeated outbreaks of COVID-19, the national economy maintained an overall recovery momentum due to the adjustment and optimization of a series of measures and the introduction of various policies to stabilize the economy. According to the data released by the National Bureau of Statistics, the total retail sales of consumer goods in 2022 was RMB43,973.3 billion, representing a decrease of 0.2% as compared to the previous year; among them, the retail sales excluding automobiles was RMB3.94 billion, representing a year-on-year decrease of 0.4% (while the online retail sales was RMB13.79 trillion, representing a year-on-year increase of 4.0%; the online retail sales of physical goods was RMB11.96 trillion, representing a year-on-year increase of 6.2%, accounting for 27.2% of the total retail sales of consumer goods). In the face of repeated and frequent outbreaks of COVID-19 and the accompanying changes in consumer demand, consumption habits and consumption patterns, by centering on the customer-centric business philosophy and relying on the Group's integrated online and offline operation basis and its strong logistics distribution system, the Group implemented category management based on the consumer demand of target customers, optimized the supply chain, focused on the core competence building, strived to efficiently meet online orders, improved offline shopping experience, and maintained a basically stable sales under the diversified competition situation.

業務回顧

2022年,面對複雜嚴峻的國際環境和疫情散發多 發等多重挑戰,在系列措施調整優化後,穩定經 濟各項政策出台,國民經濟總體保持恢復態勢。 根據國家統計局數據顯示,2022年社會消費品零 售總額439,733億元,比上年下降0.2%;其中, 除汽車以外零售額39.40億元,同比下降0.4%(但 網上零售額13.79萬億元,同比增長4.0%;其 中實物商品網上零售額11.96萬億元,同比增長 6.2%, 佔社會消費品零售總額的27.2%)。本集團 面對疫情的反覆、頻發,以及隨之而來的消費需 求、消費習慣、消費模式發生的變化, 圍繞以顧 客為中心的經營理念,依託本集團線上線下一體 化經營基礎以及本集團強大的物流配送體系,從 理解目標顧客消費需求入手實施品類管理,優化 供應鏈,聚焦商品核心經營能力建設,努力高效 滿足線上訂單,改善線下購物體驗,在多元化競 爭態勢下保持了銷售基本平穩。

RETAIL BUSINESS

The total number of the Group's retail outlets was 142 as at 31 December 2022. The following table sets out the number and net operating area of the Group's retail outlets as at 31 December 2022:

零售業務

截至2022年12月31日,本集團零售店舖總數為 142間,下表詳細載列本集團於2022年12月31日 的零售門店數目和淨營運面積:

		Department Stores 百貨商場	Hypermarkets 大賣場	Supermarkets 綜合超市	Convenience stores 便利店	Total 合計
Number of retail outlets: Directly-operated Franchise-operated	零售門店數目: 直營店 特許加盟店	1 -	10 -	50 -	69 12	130 12
Total	合計	1	10	50	81	142
Net operating area (square metres): Directly-operated Franchise-operated	淨營運面積(平方米): 直營店 特許加盟店	27,800	49,265 -	88,804 -	12,904 3,391	178,773 3,391
Total	合計	27,800	49,265	88,804	16,295	182,164

During the Reporting Period, the Group opened four convenience stores (including three directly-operated convenience stores and one franchise-operated convenience stores). Due to the expiration of leases and modifications to the operation strategy, the Group closed down four supermarkets, 18 directly-operated convenience stores and a franchiseoperated convenience store.

報告期內新開4間便利店(含3間直營便利店及1間 加盟便利店);因租約到期以及經營策略調整等原 因,關閉了4間綜合超市、18間直營便利店及1間 加盟便利店。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析

Fighting against the pandemic and securing supplies which demonstrates the willingness to bear responsibilities by stateowned enterprises

During the Reporting Period, in the face of the recurrence of COVID-19, the Group strictly and timely implemented various prevention and control requirements and timely adjusted and optimized various pandemic prevention and control measures. As a key supply assurance enterprise, all staff of the Group resolutely joined the front line of fighting the pandemic and securing supplies; all stores opened early and operated until they closed naturally, and stores affected by the pandemic closed and opened as appropriate to ensure supply and stabilisation of public sentiment; during the pandemic period, the Group actively deployed resources, and increased the reserves of daily necessities such as meat, eggs, vegetables, milk, rice, noodles, grain and oil; relying on the advantages of the 10 major vegetable bases, we deployed 5 times the amount of vegetables in the market every day, and further strengthened the monitoring of the sales data of each store, replenished the supply at any time, and stabilized panic buying mentality. Our two distribution centres overcame difficulties for around-the-clock uninterrupted delivery to meet supply demand of stores and complete the distribution of various packs such as "food pack" and "vegetable pack" in a timely manner. In view of the changes of the pandemic, and faced with the serious shortage of manpower in stores, the surge of online orders, and the increasing tasks of supply assurance, all staff supported each other, and our staff at the headquarters reinforced the front line, and worked together to successfully complete the task of ensuring supply for many times.

Optimizing business model based on category management

During the Reporting Period, the Group insisted on returning to the essence of the retail industry, centered on the business philosophy of "customer-centric", adjusted the business operation processes based on the category management and integrated its procurement, marketing, operations and e-commerce departments. Through in-depth insight into customer needs, the Group continuously optimized its commodity structure, implemented category management as planned, and the indicators such as the quantity of commodities sold and the number of days of inventory turnover were better than those of the corresponding period in last year, which significantly improved product efficiency.

防疫保供彰顯國企擔當

報告期內,面對多輪疫情衝擊,本集團從嚴從緊 從快落實疫情防控要求,並及時調整優化各項疫 情防控舉措。作為保供單位,本集團全體員工毅 然堅守在抗疫保供第一線; 所有門店堅持早開門、 營業到自然閉店,涉疫店舖快關快開保供應,穩 定民心;疫情期間本集團積極調配貨源,加大肉 蛋菜奶、米面糧油等生活必需品儲備量;依託10 大蔬菜基地優勢,每日調配平日5倍量的蔬菜投放 市場,同時加強各店銷售數據監測,隨時補充貨 源,穩住搶購風。兩個配送中心克服困難不間斷 為店舗送貨,全力以赴按時保量完成門店供應需 求和「食品包」、「蔬菜包」等套餐包的配送任務。 根據疫情變化,面對店舖員工嚴重短缺、線上訂 單激增、保供任務不斷加劇,門店人員相互支 援,總部員工增援一線,上下一心多次圓滿完成 應急保供任務。

從品類管理入手,優化業務模式

報告期內,本集團堅持回歸零售業本質,圍繞「以顧客為中心」的經營理念,按照品類管理的內涵調整業務運營流程,整合採購、營銷、營運、電商等業務部門,深入洞察顧客需求,不斷優化商品結構,按計劃分步實施品類管理落位,在營商品數量、庫存周轉天數等指標均優於去年同期,商品創效能力的提升效果顯著。

Exploring marketing innovation on the basis of customer needs

During the Reporting Period, on the basis of customer needs and by adhering to the marketing purpose of "all for customers, serving customers' needs" (想顧客所想,集顧客所需), the Group continuously optimized commodity structure, introduced regional products, "freshlymade" (現制) and "Kuaishou" (快手) products to cater to the preferences of young consumer groups; integrated online and offline resources to form marketing forces, and carried out marketing activities through multiple channels such as its own applications, mini-programs, Weibo, "serving for you" (為您服務群) group in stores, TikTok to attract and guide consumption. Moreover, the Group hoped that the customers could be influenced by the lively shopping atmosphere when they visit our stores and strived to increase the visual beauty and shopping pleasure of customers, hence improving customer stickiness and customer experience. The Group has been able to meet the consumption needs of customers of different age groups through deep integration of online and offline resources and improvement of services.

Improving the operational level of stores

During the Reporting Period, the Group continued to strengthen operational management of fresh food commodities and enhance the ability to attract customers of stores. The Group focused on the young customers' demand for shopping time, continuously managed the evening operation of stores, provided more quality goods for office workers, and improved the sales of stores in key periods. The Group carried out experience sharing in stores to boost confidence in store operation and improve the operation capability. The Group also improved the service efficiency of the headquarters to the stores, continuously optimized the first-line process, simplified the store operations, and constantly improved the operational efficiency of stores.

以顧客需求為導向,探索營銷創新

報告期內,本集團以顧客需求為出發點,以「想顧客所想,集顧客所需」為營銷宗旨,不斷優化商品結構,引進地域商品、「現製」及「快手」產品,迎合年輕消費群體的喜好;整合線上線下資源形成營銷合力,通過自有APP、小程序、以及微博、門店「為您服務群」、抖音等多種渠道開展營銷活動,吸引和引導消費;同時在顧客走進線下任何門店時,能夠被活潑的購物氣氛所感染,增加顧客的視覺美感與購物樂趣,提升顧客粘性和顧客體驗感。通過線上線下的深度融合以及服務的提升,滿足不同年齡段顧客的消費需求。

提升店舖運營水平

報告期內,本集團不斷加強生鮮經營管理,提升店舗聚客能力。本集團關注年輕化群體購物時間需求,持續抓好門店晚經營工作,為上班一族的購物提供更多優質的商品,提升店舖重點時段銷售。本集團開展門店經驗分享,提振店舖經營信心,提高經營能力,並提高總部對店舖的服務效能,持續優化一線流程,簡化門店作業,不斷提升門店運營效率。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

Continuously strengthening food safety management

Food safety management has always been a top priority for the Group. In order to ensure food safety for people in the capital, in addition to management measures such as regular food safety training, channel control and commodity quality tracking, the Group also developed a quarterly sampling inspection plan for commodities for sale, and conducted random inspections on fresh fruits and vegetables, baked goods, staple foods and other commodities as planned, so as to effectively monitor the quality and safety of commodities for sale, such arrangements also raised suppliers' attention to the quality of their products and improved food safety from the source. The Group also carried out multiple rounds of store inspections from multiple aspects such as food safety, cold chain management, on-site production and sales, and pandemic prevention and control, implemented food safety measures, constantly improved ordinary food safety management level of stores, and eliminated food safety loopholes.

Further optimizing the logistics services

During the Reporting Period, in the face of repeated outbreaks of pandemic and the task of ensuring supply for the Beijing Winter Olympic Games and the Winter Paralympic Games, the fresh food distribution centre and the ambient temperature distribution centre gave full play to the Group's logistics and distribution advantages, and efficiently completed the tasks of daily commodity distribution and temporary distribution. The fresh food distribution centre continued to promote refined management and specified management measures, took the quality control of commodities as the top priority, and strictly controlled the safety of commodity storage and distribution. The ambient temperature distribution centre adjusted the type of commodity storage at any time according to the commodity storage location, commodity delivery frequency and daily inventory by utilising data management, which not only improved the usage efficiency of full pallet storage space, but also enhanced the efficiency of picking products in the storage area, and further improved the logistics efficiency.

不斷強化食品安全管理

本集團一如既往的關注食品安全管理工作。為保 證首都百姓餐桌食品安全,除了常規的食品安全 培訓、渠道管控、商品質量追蹤等管理措施之 外,本集團還制定了在營商品季度抽檢計劃, 計劃對生鮮果菜、烘焙食品、主食等多類商品進 行抽樣檢測,有效監控在營商品質量安全,進 程同時也提高了供應商對其商品質量的重視, 從源頭上提升了食品安全。本集團還從食品安全 全、冷鏈管理、現場製售、疫情防控消殺等方面 開展多輪巡店檢查,落實食品安全措施,不斷提 升店舖日常食品安全工作管理水平,杜絕食品安 全漏洞。

物流保障進一步優化

報告期間,面對散發多發的疫情以及北京冬奧會、冬殘奧會的保供任務,生鮮配送中心與常溫配送中心充分發揮本集團物流配送優勢,高效完成日常商品配送以及臨時配送保供任務。生鮮配送中心持續推進精細化管理,不斷細化管理措施,將商品品質控制作為工作的重中之重,嚴格把控商品存儲、配送安全。常溫配送中心利用數據管理,根據商品存儲位置、商品出庫頻率、日均庫存量隨時調整商品儲存儲位類型,提高整板儲位使用效率的同時也提高了保管區的揀貨效率,物流效率進一步提升。

Operation results of retail business

An analysis of the retail principal operating income contributed by the Group's directly-operated hypermarkets, supermarkets, convenience stores and department stores and the gross profit margin is set out as follows:

零售經營業績

下表呈列本集團直營大賣場、綜合超市、便利店及百貨商場的零售主營收入及毛利率的分析資料:

		For the 12 months ended 31 December 截至12月31日止12個月		
		2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Audited) (經審計)	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Audited) (經審計)	Increase/ (Decrease) 增加/(減少)
Retail business Hypermarkets Supermarkets Convenience stores Department stores (including commissions)	零售業務: 大賣場 綜合超市 便利店 百貨商場 其中:佣金收入	923,553 2,190,602 283,518 689 689	888,404 2,062,477 280,880 12,202 9,562	4.0% 6.2% 0.9% (94.4%) (92.8%)
Total retail principal operating income	零售主營業務收入合計	3,398,362	3,243,963	4.8%
Gross profit margin of directly-operated hypermarkets, supermarkets and convenience stores (%)	直營大賣場、綜合超市及便利 店毛利率(%)	17.0%	17.4%	(0.4%)

During the Reporting Period, the retail principal operating income of the Group increased by approximately 4.8%. This was mainly attributable to (i) an overall same-store sales increase of approximately 6.26% during the Reporting Period; and (ii) during the pandemic period, the Group, as a daily necessities support enterprise, has been benefited from an increase in retail sales.

報告期內,本集團零售業務主營業務收入上升約 4.8%,主要歸因於:(i)報告期內,同店銷售增加 約6.26%:及(ii)疫情期間,本集團作為生活物資保 障類型企業,受惠於零售銷售上升。

The gross profit margin generated from the directly-operated retail business (excluding department stores) decreased slightly from approximately 17.4% in the corresponding period in 2021 to approximately 17.0% in the Reporting Period, which remained stable.

報告期內直營零售業務(除百貨商場外)的毛利率 由同期的17.4%下降至17.0%,基本持平。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

WHOLESALE BUSINESS

Further leveraging our advantages in logistics resources

During the Reporting Period, the Group comprehensively planned, deployed and strictly implemented various pandemic prevention measures, ensured adequate supplies and reserves for pandemic prevention and control, took on the responsibility of ensuring daily necessities and stabilizing people's livelihood, and was determined to take up the responsibilities as a state-owned enterprise. Having integrated various resources to strengthen value-added services of the logistics business, the diversified needs of customers have been met. Further, the Group continuously enhanced the service awareness of third-party logistics business to ensure the sustainable growth of such logistics business; continued to promote the construction project of a warehouse with automated storage and retrieval system in Fangshan, built a smart warehousing and logistics system, continuously enhanced the comprehensive management capability of logistics warehouses, and rationally allocated commodity storage in the warehouse area, improved the utilization rate of warehouse area, and continuously enhanced the core competitiveness of the Group's wholesale business.

Continuously promoting the development of logistics, and improving the level of management

During the Reporting Period, the Group continued to implement the business philosophy of "goods + services", optimized the business structure, comprehensively coordinated the needs of brands and clients, continuously developed in-depth cooperation with end customers of the sale side, and promoted the sound development of the wholesale business structure. The Group steadily promoted the "one for delivery" (一件代發) business and accelerated cooperation in e-commerce warehouse projects. During the Reporting Period, the Group actively expanded its own-brand products, established a nationwide general agency business with new suppliers, effectively built the brand alliance, and continued to explore new sales growth points and future business cooperation opportunities.

批發業務

進一步發揮物流資源優勢

報告期內,本集團全面統籌部署,嚴格落實各項防疫舉措,做好疫情防控物資保障和物資儲備工作,擔起生活物資保障、穩定民生的重任,切實踐行國企擔當。整合多方資源,強化物流業務的增值服務,滿足客戶多樣化需求。不斷提升物流三方業務服務意識,確保物流三方業務的可持續增長。繼續推進房山自動化立體倉庫建設項目,打造智慧倉儲物流體系,持續增強物流庫房綜合管理能力,合理調配庫區商品存儲,提高庫房面積利用率,不斷增強本集團批發業務的核心競爭力。

持續推動物流發展,提升經營管理水平

報告期內,本集團繼續貫徹「商品+服務」經營理念,優化經營業務結構,全面協調品牌和客戶端多方需求,持續開拓與銷售終端客戶的深度合作,推進批發業務結構健康發展:穩步推進「一件代發」業務,加快電商倉項目合作。報告期內,本集團積極拓展自有品牌商品,與新的供應商建立全國總代業務,有效搭建品牌的強強聯合,持續探索新的銷售增長點和未來商業合作契機。

Operation results of wholesale business

批發經營業績

The wholesale principal operating income and gross profit margin are analyzed as follows:

本集團批發主營業務收入及毛利率的分析如下:

		For the 12 months ended 31 December 截至12月31日止12個月 2022 2021 2022年 2021年 Increase RMB'000 RMB'000 (Decrease 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 增加/(減少) (Audited) (Audited) (經審計) (經審計)		
Wholesale principal operating income recognized by Chaopi Group* Less: Intersegment Sales Sales to franchisees	朝批集團*實現的批發主營業務 收入 減:分部間銷售 銷售予加盟店舖	5,587,535 (343,853) 1,872	7,185,388 (343,532) 1,998	(22.2%) 0.1% (6.3%)
Total wholesale principal operating income	批發主營業務收入合計	5,245,554	6,843,854	(23.4%)
Gross profit margin **(%)	毛利率**(%)	11.0%	8.8%	2.2%

- * Chaopi Group represents Beijing Chaopi Trading Company Limited (the "Chaopi Trading") and its subsidiaries.
- ** This represents gross profit margin recognized by Chaopi Group including intersegment sales.
- * 朝批集團指北京朝批商貿股份有限公司(「朝批商 貿」)及其附屬公司。
- ** 該毛利率指朝批集團批發業務實現的毛利率(包含分部間銷售)。

During the Reporting Period, the wholesale principal operating income decreased by approximately 23.4%, mainly due to: (i) the inability to accept or distribute commodity normally due to the pandemic restriction measures for the sales business and the reduction of sales orders under the continuous impact of the COVID-19 pandemic throughout the year, which had greater impact on the cross-border e-commerce business; (ii) the adjustment to the commodity structure; and (iii) the decline of the sales of commodities such as wine, beverage, etc due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

報告期內,批發主營業務收入下降約23.4%,主要是由於:(i)全年疫情持續影響,銷售業務因管控措施無法正常驗收或配送,銷售訂單減少,其中跨境電商業務影響較大:(ii)調整商品結構;及(iii)受疫情影響,酒類、飲料類等商品品類銷售下降。

During the Reporting Period, the gross profit margin of Chaopi Trading and its subsidiaries was approximately 11.0%, compared with approximately 8.8% in the same period last year, mainly due to the optimization of commodity structure and termination of operation of commodities with lower profitability.

報告期內,朝批商貿及其附屬公司的毛利率為 11.0%,同期毛利率8.8%,主要是由於優化商品 結構,終止盈利能力較低商品的經營。

FINANCIAL RESULTS

財務業績

截至12月31日止12個月					
2022	2021				
2022年	2021年	Increase/			
RMB'000	RMB'000	(Decrease)			
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	增加/(減少)			
(Audited)	(Audited)				
(經審計)	(經審計)				
8,661,082	10,100,312	(14.2%)			
1,200,243	1,209,169	(0.7%)			
12.00/	10.00/	1 00/			

For the 12 months ended 31 December

		人民幣千元 (Audited) (經審計)	人民幣千元 (Audited) (經審計)	增加/(減少)
Principal operating income	主營業務收入	8,661,082	10,100,312	(14.2%)
Gross profit	毛利	1,200,243	1,209,169	(0.7%)
Gross profit margin (%)	毛利率(%)	13.9%	12.0%	1.9%
Earnings before interest and tax	息税前利潤	103,023	189,685	(45.7%)
Net profit	淨利潤	(68,417)	10,944	(725.2%)
Net profit margin(%)	淨利潤率(%)	(0.8%)	0.1%	(0.9%)
Net profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company	歸屬於母公司淨利潤	(96,071)	(22,474)	(327.5%)
Net profit margin attributable to	歸屬於母公司淨利潤率(%)		, ,	, ,
shareholders of the parent company (%)	,	(1.1%)	(0.2%)	(0.9%)

PRINCIPAL OPERATING INCOME

During the Reporting Period, the Group's principal operating income decreased by approximately 14.2%, of which retail principal operating income increased by approximately 4.8% compared with the corresponding period in last year, and wholesale principal operating income decreased by approximately 23.4% compared with the corresponding period in last year.

主營業務收入

報告期間,本集團的主營業務收入下降約 14.2%,其中零售主營業務收入與去年同期相比 上升約4.8%,批發主營業務收入與去年同期相比 下降約23.4%。

GROSS PROFIT AND GROSS PROFIT MARGIN

During the Reporting Period, the gross profit of the Group decreased by approximately 0.7% compared with the corresponding period in last year. During the Reporting Period, the gross profit margin was approximately 13.9% (2021: approximately 12.0%).

毛利與毛利率

於報告期間,本集團的毛利比去年同期下降約 0.7%。報告期毛利率約為13.9%(2021年:約 12.0%)。

OTHER OPERATING INCOME

Other operating income mainly comprises income from promotional activities, rental income from leasing and sub-leasing of properties and counters.

The Group's other operating income decreased by approximately 7.9% from RMB956,243,332 in 2021 to RMB880,272,397 during the Reporting Period, mainly due to (i) the reduction of rental income of micro, small and medium-sized enterprises in accordance with national policies during the COVID-19 pandemic period; and (ii) the decrease in sales in the wholesale business has resulted in a decrease in revenue from suppliers.

SELLING EXPENSES

Selling expenses mainly comprise of salary and welfare, depreciation and amortization, energy fee, rental expenses, repair and maintenance expenses, transportation expenses, software services fee, packing expenses, and advertising and promotion expenses.

The Group's selling expenses were RMB1,599,853,457 during the Reporting Period, representing a decrease of approximately 0.7% compared to the corresponding period in 2021. The decrease was primarily due to (i) the decreased in advertisement fees and promotional fees which were due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic; and (ii) decrease in rental expenses due to store closure in retail business and the decline of orders in wholesale business.

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Administrative expenses mainly comprise salary and welfare, social security costs (including retirement benefit contribution), and entertainment expense.

The Group's administrative expenses were RMB283,268,707 during the Reporting Period (2021: RMB283,285,515), remaining stable compared to the corresponding period in 2021.

其他業務收入

其他業務收入主要指促銷活動收入、出租及轉租 物業及櫃檯的租金收入。

報告期內,本集團的其他業務收入從2021年的人 民幣956,243,332元減至人民幣880,272,397元, 降幅約7.9%,主要歸因於(1)新冠肺炎疫情期間按 照國家政策減少中小微企業租金收入;及(2)批發 業務因銷售下降,因此來自供應商的收入減少。

銷售費用

銷售費用主要指薪金及福利、折舊及攤銷、能源 費用、租金支出、維保費用、運輸費用、軟件服 務費、包裝費用及廣告和促銷費用。

報告期內,本集團的銷售費用為人民幣 1,599,853,457元,較2021年同期下降約0.7%。 該下降主要歸因於:(1)受新冠肺炎疫情影響,廣 告宣傳、促銷費用的開支減少:及(2)零售業務因 閉店因素及批發業務因訂單量下降帶來的租賃費 用開支減少。

管理費用

本集團的管理費用主要指薪金及福利、社會保障 開支(包括退休福利供款)及業務招待費。

報 告 期 內 · 本 集 團 的 管 理 費 用 為 人 民 幣 283,268,707 元(2021 年: 人 民 幣 283,285,515 元) · 與去年同期基本持平。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

FINANCIAL EXPENSES

Financial expenses include interests on bank loans and debentures, interest income, bank charges and exchange gains or losses.

The Group's financial expenses decreased from RMB144,828,379 in the corresponding period in 2021 to RMB128,932,070 in the Reporting Period. The main reasons are: (i) the decrease in borrowings and that the Group has negotiated with banks to borrow at interest rate at a level lower than the market benchmark interest rate which resulted in a decrease in interest expenses; and (ii) the decrease in lease financing expenses accounted for Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No. 21 - Leasing Standards.

財務費用

財務費用包括銀行貸款及債券的利息支出、利息 收入、銀行手續費及匯兑損益。

報告期內,本集團的財務費用由去年同期的人民幣144,828,379元減少至人民幣128,932,070元。減少的主要原因是:(1)本期借款減少,且本集團與銀行協商以低於市場基準利率的水平借款,導致利息支出減少:及(2)根據企業會計準則第21號一租賃準則核算的租賃融資費用減少。

INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The Group's subsidiary Chaopi International Trading (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. ("International Trading Hong Kong") was companies incorporated in Hong Kong. In accordance with Hong Kong taxation law, the relevant corporate income tax rate was 16.5%

Except for International Trading Hong Kong, other members of the Group were subject to corporate income tax at a rate of 25% during the Reporting Period on their respective taxable profit pursuant to the relevant PRC tax laws and regulations.

Income tax expense increased from RMB32,394,925 in 2021 to RMB44,787,732 in 2022, primarily due to full recovery of the losses in previous years of Chaopi Trading, a subsidiary of the Group, and the provision of income tax expense based on its total profits in the current period.

所得税費用

本集團的附屬公司朝批國際貿易(香港)有限公司 (「國際貿易香港」)為香港註冊成立的公司,按照 香港税收法律規定,企業所得税税率為16.5%。

除國際貿易香港外,本集團各成員公司按照中國 税收法律及規章規定須按25%的税率分別就其應 課税利潤繳納企業所得税。

所得税從2021年度的人民幣32,394,925元增加至2022年的人民幣44,787,732元,主要是由於本集團附屬公司朝批商貿以前年度的虧損已全部彌補完,本期按其利潤總額計提所得稅費用所致。

NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF THE PARENT COMPANY

The net profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company decreased by approximately 327.5% from net loss of RMB22,474,226 in 2021 to net loss of RMB96,070,695 in 2022, which was mainly due to: (i) a one-off amortization of improvement expenses in the amount of approximately RMB23,435,865 in connection with the Group's decision to cease rental of a premises from January 2022 which was mainly used for the operation of a supermarket and to early terminate a lease agreement entered into with the lessor; (ii) during the Reporting Period, the loss on changes in fair value of the financial assets which have been held by the Company's non-wholly subsidiary since April 2018, in the amount of approximately RMB31,168,457 when compared to the loss on changes in fair value of such financial assets in the amount of approximately RMB25,559,594 in the same period last year, due to the mark-to-market effect; and (iii) the rentals waived by the Group (as lessor) during the Reporting Period in an aggregate amount of approximately RMB53,538,919 (tax inclusive) pursuant to the rental waiver plan adopted by the Group on 27 May 2022 which was determined in accordance with the government policies relating to the mandatory rental waiver for the micro- or small-sized enterprises and individual business operators in the service industries.

歸屬於母公司所有者的淨利潤

本年度歸屬於母公司所有者的淨利潤下降約327.5%,從2021年虧損人民幣22,474,226元增至本年度虧損人民幣96,070,695元。主要原因是:(i)一次性攤銷改良支出為人民幣23,435,865元,與本集團決定自2022年1月起終止一處用於超市經營的場所並提前終止與出租方簽署的租賃協定相關:(ii)報告期間,因按市值計價,本公司之非全資附屬公司自2018年4月起持有的金融資產公允價值變動虧損為人民幣31,168,457元,相較於去年同期,公允價值變動虧損為人民幣25,559,594元;及(iii)根據本集團於2022年5月27日通過的租金減免方案(該方案是根據政府為服務業小微企業和個體工商戶租金減免的強制性政策制定),本集團作為出租人於報告期間共計減免含税租金金額為人民幣53,538,919元。

BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE

The Group recorded basic earnings (loss) per share of approximately RMB(0.23) for 2022, which was calculated on the basis of the number of 412,220,000 shares. The basic earnings (loss) per share for 2021 was RMB(0.05), which was mainly due to the increase of the loss in the net profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company.

基本每股盈利

2022年本集團基本每股盈利(虧損)約人民幣(0.23)元,乃依據412,220,000股計算。2021年度的基本每股盈利(虧損)約人民幣(0.05)元。主要原因是:歸屬母公司所有者淨利潤虧損增加所致。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

During the Reporting Period, the Group mainly financed its operations through internally generated cash flows, bank borrowings and debentures.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had non-current assets of RMB2,622,765,773 (mainly comprising of fixed assets, investment properties and land use rights in an aggregate amount of RMB1,191,905,093), and non-current liabilities of RMB718,720,553 (mainly comprising of leases liabilities of RMB670,592,637).

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had current assets of RMB4,864,324,269. Current assets mainly comprised of cash and cash equivalents of RMB735,318,661, inventories of RMB1,596,827,988, accounts receivable and notes receivable of RMB1,015,118,592 and prepayments and other receivables of RMB1,192,520,925. The Group had current liabilities of RMB4,843,812,766. Current liabilities mainly comprised of accounts payable and notes payables of RMB1,703,782,411, short-term borrowings of RMB2,213,490,330, contract liabilities of RMB406,071,621 and other payables of RMB199,841,555.

INDEBTEDNESS AND PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had bank loans of RMB2,213,490,330, which consisted of accounts receivable factored bank loans of RMB7,609,413, and unsecured bank loans of RMB2,205,880,917. All the Group's bank loans bear interest rates ranging from 2.85% to 4.30%.

The Group has pledged deposits of RMB155,300,026 for notes payable of RMB846,578,955 as at 31 December 2022.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's gearing ratio* is approximately 74.3%, which is slightly higher than that of 73.6% as at 31 December 2021.

流動性及資金來源

於報告期間,本集團主要通過內部產生的現金流、銀行貸款及債券支付營運所需資金。

於2022年12月31日,本集團非流動資產人民幣 2,622,765,773元(主要包括固定資產、投資性 房地產、土地使用權共計人民幣1,191,905,093 元),非流動負債人民幣718,720,553元(主要包括 租賃負債人民幣670,592,637元)。

於2022年12月31日,本集團流動資產人民幣 4,864,324,269元。流動資產主要包括現金及現 金等價物人民幣735,318,661元,存貨人民幣 1,596,827,988元,應收賬款及應收票據人民幣 1,015,118,592元,預付款項及其他應收款人民 幣1,192,520,925元。本集團流動負債人民幣 4,843,812,766元。流動負債主要包括應付賬款 及應付票據人民幣共計1,703,782,411元,短期 借款人民幣2,213,490,330元,合同負債人民幣 406,071,621元,其他應付款人民幣199,841,555 元。

負債及資產抵押

於2022年12月31日,本集團借款總額為人民幣2,213,490,330元,包括以應收賬款作保理的銀行借款人民幣7,609,413元,無抵押銀行借款人民幣2,205,880,917元。本集團所有銀行借款承介於2.85%至4.30%的年利率。

於 2022 年 12 月 31 日 · 本 集 團 為 人 民 幣 846,578,955元的應付票據提供擔保的保證金存款 為人民幣155,300,026元。

本集團於2022年12月31日的資產負債率*約為 74.3%,略高於2021年12月31日的73.6%。

^{*} Represented by: Total Debt/Total Asset

FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

The Group's operating revenues and expenses are principally denominated in RMB.

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not encounter any material effect on its operation or liquidity as a result of fluctuation in currency exchange rates.

EMPLOYEES AND TRAINING

As at 31 December 2022, the Group employed 4,458 employees in the PRC (31 December 2021: 4,781). The total staff costs (including directors' and supervisors' remunerations) of the Group for the year 2022 amounted to approximately RMB729,020,479 (2021: RMB724,005,881). The staff emolument (including directors and supervisors) of the Group are based on position, duty, experience, performance, and market rates, in order to maintain their remunerations at a competitive level.

As required by the PRC laws and regulations, the Group participates in the retirement benefits contribution scheme for its employees operated by the relevant local government authorities in the PRC. The Group is required to make contributions for those employees who are registered as permanent residents in the PRC at a rate of 16% (2021: 16%) of the employees' salaries, bonuses and certain allowances. The Group has no further obligation associated with the retirement benefits contribution scheme beyond the above mentioned annual contributions. The Group's contributions to the retirement benefits contribution scheme amounted to approximately RMB67,901,952 for the Reporting Period (2021: RMB64,657,918).

During the Reporting Period, the Group hosted trainings in various format and topics for its employees to improve their skills and professional knowledge. The Group held about 89 seminars during the year for all of its employees.

外匯風險

本集團所有營運收入及支出主要以人民幣列值。

於報告期內,本集團的經營及資金流動未因貨幣 匯率的波動而受到任何重大影響。

員工及培訓

於2022年12月31日,本集團於中國境內共有 4,458名(2021年12月31日:4,781名)僱員。 本集團2022年員工成本(包括董事及監事酬金) 總計約人民幣729,020,479元(2021年:人民幣 724,005,881元)。本集團僱員(包括董事及監事) 薪酬依據崗位、職責、經驗、業績及市場水準確 定,以維持其競爭力水準。

按照中國法律法規的若干要求,本集團參加中國當地政府部門組織的退休福利供款計劃。本集團按照要求為登記為中國固定居民的員工按照員工的工資、獎金及若干津貼的16%(2021:16%)的比例交納供款。除上述年度供款外,本集團就所述退休福利供款計劃無其他進一步責任。報告期內,本集團就所述退休福利供款計劃供款總計約人民幣67,901,952元(2021:人民幣64,657,918元)。

報告期內,本集團通過多種形式舉辦多種專題培訓工作,以提高員工的技能及專業知識,共舉辦培訓班89個,全體員工均受訓。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

ENTERING INTO PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT

Chaopi Trading (a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company) (as limited partner), 宜賓五糧液基金管理有限公司 (Yibin Wuliangye Fund Management Company Limited*), Yibin Fund (as general partner and manager) and 33 other limited partners entered into the partnership agreement on 5 December 2022 for investing in the 宜賓五商股權投資基金(有限合夥)(Yibin Wushang Equity Interest Investment Fund (Limited Partnership)*) (the "Partnership Enterprise") (the "Partnership Agreement"). Pursuant to the Partnership Agreement, the scale of the Partnership Enterprise shall be RMB1,012,231,200, among which Chaopi Trading (as limited partner) made a capital contribution of RMB43,000,000. For further details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 5 December 2022.

訂立合夥協議

於2022年12月5日,本公司之非全資附屬公司朝 批商貿(作為有限合夥人)、宜賓五糧液基金管理 有限公司(作為普通合夥人及管理人)及33名其他 有限合夥人(與宜賓基金共同為獨立第三方)訂立 合夥協議,以投資宜賓五商股權投資基金(有限合 夥)(「合夥企業」)。根據合夥協議,合夥企業規模 為人民幣1,012,231,200元,其中朝批商貿(作為 有限合夥人)出資人民幣43,000,000元。詳情請參 閱本公司於2022年12月5日刊發的公告。

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had no material contingent liabilities.

或有負債

截至2022年12月31日,本集團無重大或有負債。

PENDING LITIGATION

In 2002, the Company entered into a land acquisition and compensation agreement with the People's Government of Guanzhuang Township, Chaovang District, Beijing* (北京市朝陽區管莊鄉人民政府) (the "Guanzhuang Township Government"), pursuant to which the Guanzhuang Township Government transferred 243.71 unit of area (in mu) of collective land under the jurisdiction of Guanzhuang Township Government to the Company for the construction of a distribution and fresh food processing center, and the Company shall pay the total compensation of RMB60,440,000 to the Guanzhuang Township Government. On 13 November 2006, the Company and the Guanzhuang Township Government entered into a supplementary agreement in respect of the above land transfer, and the Guanzhuang Township Government increased the compensation to RMB97,484,000. On 20 November 2006, the Company entered into a supplementary agreement with the Guanzhuang Township Government and the Guanzhuang Agricultural, Industrial and Commercial Joint Corporation of Chaoyang District, Beijing* (北京市朝陽 區管莊農工商聯合公司) (the "AICC") in respect of the above land transfer matters, and the Guanzhuang Township Government authorized the AICC to collect compensation. Upon the signing of the above agreements, the Company has paid a total compensation of RMB45,132,000 to Guanzhuang Township Government and the AICC. Due to the change of planned use and other reasons, the contract purpose of the Company (i.e construction of distribution and fresh processing center) cannot be fulfilled, and the above agreements cannot be continued to perform. In order to recover the compensation paid and safeguard the legal rights of the Company, the Company filed a lawsuit with the Beijing Chaoyang District People's Court* (北京市朝陽區人民法院) in July 2022, requiring that the land compensation agreement and supplementary agreement entered into with the Guanzhuang Township Government be held invalid, and requiring the Guanzhuang Township Government and AICC to return the compensation fee of RMB45,132,000 and related interest during the period of their retention of compensation fee. The Company has returned the land to Guanzhuang Township Government on 24 November 2022. As of the date of this report, the Company has through legal means required to confirm the nullification of the above land compensation agreement and supplementary agreement, and require Guanzhuang Township Government and AICC to return the above-mentioned compensation, and the legal proceedings are still in progress.

未決訴訟

於2002年,本公司與北京市朝陽區管莊鄉人民 政府(「管莊鄉政府」)簽署一份土地徵用與補償協 議約定,管莊鄉政府將管莊鄉轄區的集體土地 243.71畝轉讓給本公司用於建設物流配送及生鮮 處理中心,本公司應向管莊鄉政府支付補償費合 計人民幣60.440.000元。於2006年11月13日,雙 方就上述土地轉讓事項達成補充協議,管莊鄉政 府將補償費調增至人民幣97,484,000元。於2006 年11月20日,本公司與管莊鄉政府、北京市朝 陽區管莊農工商聯合公司(「農工商公司」)另就上 述土地轉讓事項達成補充協議, 管莊鄉政府授權 農工商公司收取補償費。上述協議簽訂後,本公 司先後向管莊鄉政府、農工商公司合計支付補償 費人民幣45.132.000元。由於規劃用途變更等多 種原因,導致本公司建設物流配送及生鮮處理中 心的合同目的無法達成,上述協議已無法繼續履 行。為追回已支付的補償費,維護本公司的合法 權利,於2022年7月向北京市朝陽區人民法院提起 訴訟,要求確認與管莊鄉政府簽署的土地補償協 議及補充協議無效,並要求管莊鄉政府及農工商 公司返還補償費人民幣45,132,000元及其佔用補 償費期間的利息。本公司並於2022年11月24日將 土地歸還給管莊鄉政府。截至本報告刊發日,本 公司通過法律手段要求確認上述土地補償協議及 補充協議無效,管莊鄉政府、農工商公司返還已 付補償費之訴訟程序還在進行中。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

As at the date of this report, save as disclosed in this report, no other important events affecting the operation and financial performance of the Group significantly have occurred since 31 December 2022.

STRATEGIES AND PLANS

In 2023, the overall economy is expected to recover gradually as the central government has made great efforts to promote high-quality development and comprehensively carry out modernization in Chinese style. In particular, as the local governments have strived to expand domestic demand and give priority to restoring and expanding consumption, and have implemented successively a series of policies and measures to stabilize market expectations, stabilize employment, stabilize income, and encourage and stimulate consumption, the recovery momentum of consumption will gradually strengthen, which is expected to result in a favorable consumption market. The Group will gather strength with confidence and move forward with firm determination.

In terms of retail business, the Group will continue to adhere to the development concept of "people-oriented" (以人為本), the business philosophy of "customer-centric" (以顧客為中心) and the management philosophy of "employee-centric" (以員工為中心), focus on category management and adjust commodity business strategies, actively introduce digital intelligent technologies to empower operation and management, and reshape the brand of Jingkelong through transformation and upgrading.

In terms of wholesale business, the Group will continue to focus on high-quality development, continuously expand its product categories and gradually realize full-category operations; constantly improve its brand operation capabilities, expand its nationwide agency cooperation channels, promote in-depth cooperation with core suppliers and major brands, and build a business ecosystem with efficient collaboration and mutual benefit; continuously enhance the efficiency and level of logistics operation, expand the scope of logistics business and consolidate the market share of wholesale business.

報告期後事項

截至本報告刊發日,除本報告所披露的內容外, 於2022年12月31日後,並未發生其他會影響本集 團經營及財務表現的重大事項。

戰略與計劃

進入2023年,中央政府著力推動高質量發展,全面推進中國式現代化建設,經濟運行有望總體回升。特別是著力擴大國內需求,把恢復和擴大消費擺在優先位置,各地陸續出台一系列穩定市場預期、穩定就業、穩定收入、鼓勵和刺激消費的政策措施,消費的恢復勢頭將逐漸加強,消費市場有望恢復向好。本集團將以信心凝聚力量,以實幹篤定前行。

零售業務方面,本集團將繼續堅持「以人為本」的發展理念、「以顧客為中心」的經營理念、「以員工為中心」的管理理念,聚焦品類管理調整商品經營策略,積極引入數智化技術賦能經營管理,通過轉型升級重塑京客隆品牌。

批發業務方面:本集團將繼續以高質量發展為主線,不斷擴展經營品類,逐步實現全品類經營: 不斷提升品牌運營能力,擴展全國代理合作渠道,推進與核心供應商及重要品牌的深度合作, 構建高效協同、互利共贏的商業生態圈;繼續提 升物流運營效率及運作水平,拓寬物流業務範疇,穩固批發業務的市場佔有率。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

The Group recognizes the importance of a robust corporate governance framework to drive the strategy for sustainable development of the Company and long-term sustainable value for the shareholders. In order to establish a good corporate governance system to promote long-term and sustainable development of enterprises, the Group has adopted and incorporated the principles of the Corporate Governance Code (effective for the year ended 31 December 2022 (the "Reporting Period")) (the "Corporate Governance Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") into its corporate governance policy with the objective of enhancing the quality of corporate governance of the Group and the conduct of its business in a justice, equity and transparent way. This corporate governance report describes the corporate governance practices of the Group and explains the applications of the principles of the Corporate Governance Code.

本集團深知,穩固的公司管治架構對本公司持續發展戰略及為股東締造長期可持續價值至為重要。為建立良好的企業管治制度以促進企業長遠、可持續發展,本集團已採納香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四《企業管治守則》(於截至2022年12月31日止年度(「報告期」)期間有效)(「《企業管治守則》」)的原則並將其納入自身的企業管治政策中以持續提升企業管治水平,致力於以公平、公正及透明的方式經營公司。本企業管治報告闡明本公司的企業管治行為及解釋企業管治原則的應用。

The Company regularly reviews its organizational structure and formulates relevant business plans and strategies based on corporate culture such as corporate mission, development objectives, business philosophy and corporate values. The Group continued to adhere to the development concept of "people-oriented" (以人為本), the business philosophy of "customer-centric" (以顧客為中心) and the management philosophy of "employee-centric" (以員工為中心), give full play to the synergistic effect of retail, wholesale and logistics sectors to ensure operation and to ensure that its operations comply with good corporate governance practices as set out in the Corporate Governance Code and integrate with the enterprise culture to make the system and policy to be carried out.

本公司定期檢討組織架構並結合企業使命、發展 目標、經營理念及企業價值觀等企業文化理念制 定相關經營計劃及策略,堅持「以人為本」的發展 理念、「以顧客為中心」的經營理念,「以員工為中 心」的管理理念,發揮零售、批發、物流三大板塊 協同效應,保障營運符合《企業管治守則》內所載 的良好企業管治常規,關注發展變化,並與企業 文化相融合以使得制度、政策得以貫徹、落實。

In the opinion of the directors, the Company has applied the principles of and complied with all the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules during the Reporting Period, save for the directors' retirement by rotation as explained below.

董事認為,除下文所述有關董事輪流退任事項之外,本公司於報告期間符合聯交所上市規則《企業管治守則》的原則及所有規定條文。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

Code provision B.2.2 of Part 2 of the Corporate Governance Code requires that every director (including those appointed for a specific term) of a listed issuer shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. The Articles of Association of the Company stipulate that each director shall be elected by the general meeting of the Company for a term of not more than three years, and be eligible for re-election upon the expiry of the term. Having taken into account the continuity of the Group's operation and management policies, the Company's Articles of Association contain no express provision for the director's retirement by rotation and thus deviate from the aforementioned provision of the Corporate Governance Code.

《企業管治守則》第二部份第B.2.2條要求上市發行人的每位董事(包括有指定任期的董事)應輪流退任,至少每三年一次。本公司的公司章程規定,每位董事應當由股東大會選舉產生,任期不超過三年,任期屆滿連選可以連任。考慮到本集團經營及管理政策的持續性,本公司的公司章程暫無明確規定董事輪流退任機制的條文,因而對前述守則條文規定有所偏離。

The Company has also adopted the new terms of reference of the remuneration committee of the Company in light of the relevant updates in the Listing Rules, a copy of which is published on the HKEXnews (the "HKEXnews") website of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and the website of the Company on 30 March 2023.

本公司根據《上市規則》的相關修訂,執行新的薪酬委員會職權範圍。相關職權範圍已於2023年3月30日刊載於香港交易及結算有限公司「披露易」(「披露易」)網站及本公司網站。

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings as set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. All the directors with whom specific enquiries have been made confirmed that they have complied with the required standard of dealings as set out in the Model Code and code of conduct regarding their securities transactions throughout the Reporting Period.

董事的證券交易

本公司已就董事的證券交易採納了一套不低於上 市規則附錄十所載上市發行人董事證券交易標準 守則(「標準守則」)的行為守則。本公司已向全體 董事作出特定查詢,全體董事均確認其於整個報 告期內均遵守了標準守則載列關於證券交易的買 賣準則及行為守則。

THE BOARD

The board of directors (the "Board") takes the responsibility for leadership and control of the Group and is collectively responsible for safeguarding the best interest of the Group and accountable to the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders"). Matters that are required to be determined or considered by the Board include overall group strategies of the Group, substantial acquisitions and disposals, capital transactions, annual, interim and quarterly results, distribution of dividends and other substantial operational and financial matters. Major corporate matters that are specifically delegated by the Board to the Group's management include the preparation of financial accounts for the Board's approval, execution of business strategies and initiatives approved by the Board, implementation of an adequate system of internal controls and risk management procedures, and compliance with the relevant statutory requirements, rules and regulations.

Pursuant to the ordinary resolutions passed at the 2021 annual general meeting (the "2021 Annual General Meeting") held on 13 May 2022, each of Mr. Zhang Liwei, Ms. Li Chunyan, Mr. Li Shenlin, Mr. Li Jianwen, Ms. Zhang Yan, Mr. Li Shunxiang, Mr. Wang Liping, Mr. Chen Liping and Mr. Choi Onward has been re-elected as a director, the said directors (including all non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors) were appointed for a three-year term, and such term will expire upon the end of the annual general meeting for the year ending 31 December 2024 (the "2024 Annual General Meeting").

There is no relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships) among members of the Board.

董事會

董事會(「董事會」)負責本集團的領導及控制工作,並對保障本集團及股東最佳利益共同負責。需由董事會決議及考慮的事項包括本集團的整體策略、重大收購及出售、股本交易、年度和半年度及季度業績、股息分派及其它重大營運及財務事項。董事會特別授權本集團管理層的重大事項包括編製財務報告供董事會批准、貫徹董事會批准的業務計劃及意向,執行充分的內控制度與風險管理程序體系,遵守相關的法定要求、規則及法規的規定。

根據2022年5月13日舉行的2021年股東週年大會 (「2021年股東週年大會」)通過的普通決議,張 立偉先生、李春燕女士、李慎林先生、李建文先 生、張彥女士、李順祥先生、王利平先生、陳立 平先生及蔡安活先生均獲重選擔任本公司董事, 上述董事(包括所有非執行董事及獨立非執行董 事)並獲得為期3年的任期,將於截至2024年12 月31日止年度股東週年大會(「2024年股東週年大會」)結束時屆滿。

董事會成員之間概無任何關係(包括財務、業務、 家屬或其他重大/相關關係)。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

Ms. Li Chunyan and Mr. Li Shenlin do not receive a director's fee, but are entitled to remuneration based on his/her executive duties and responsibilities (other than being a director) in the Company. Each of them is entitled to a fixed annual basic salary, a performance based bonus (to be determined by reference to the Company's annual financial results) and other allowance and benefits in kind under applicable PRC law and regulations. Their respective fixed annual basic salaries for each of the forthcoming term shall be approved by the remuneration committee of the Company (the "Remuneration Committee") and the Board. The chairman of the Board is entitled to remuneration (including an annual basic salary and a performance-based bonus to be determined by reference to the Company's annual financial results, granted and approved by the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the Beijing Chaoyang District Government), and other allowance and benefits in kind under the applicable PRC law and regulations. The non-executive directors will not receive any remuneration. Mr. Choi Onward, an independent non-executive director is entitled to receive a fixed director's fee of RMB204,758 per annum (tax inclusive). Each of the other two independent non-executive directors is entitled to receive a fixed director's fee of RMB41,850 per annum (tax inclusive). The aforesaid remunerations of the directors of the Company have been considered and approved by an ordinary resolution passed at the 2021 Annual General Meeting.

李春燕女士及李慎林先生均不領取董事袍金,但 有權依據其在本公司內的行政職務及責任(除董事 職位外)領取薪酬。他們均有權每年領取固定基 本年薪,及參考本公司年度業績確定的績效獎金 和其他津貼及依據中國法律法規規定適用的實物 利益。他們各自3年任期內的固定基本年薪將由 本公司董事會及薪酬委員會批准。本公司董事長 有權領取薪酬(包括基本年薪及參考本公司年度業 績確定的績效獎金,由北京市朝陽區人民政府國 有資產監督管理委員會核定及批准),其他津貼及 依據中國法律法規規定適用的實物利益。非執行 董事不收取任何董事袍金。本公司獨立非執行董 事蔡安活先生領取固定的董事袍金為每年人民幣 204.758元(税前)。其他兩位獨立非執行董事均領 取固定的董事袍金為每年人民幣41.850元(税前)。 上述本公司董事的薪酬已經於2021年度股東週年 大會審議並以普通決議通過。

During the Reporting Period, the Board fulfilled the requirement of having at least three independent non-executive directors (Mr. Wang Liping, Mr. Chen Liping and Mr. Choi Onward) and having appointed independent non-executive directors representing at least one-third of the Board as required by the Listing Rules. The Company also met the requirement of having at least one independent non-executive director (Mr. Choi Onward) who has the appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. The Company has received from each of the three independent non-executive directors an annual confirmation in respect of their independence. The Company is of the opinion that all the independent non-executive directors are independent pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

報告期內,董事會遵守了上市規則關於擁有至少3 名獨立非執行董事(即王利平先生、陳立平先生及 蔡安活先生)的要求,以及獨立非執行董事成員至 少佔董事會人數的三分之一的要求,同時也符合 關於擁有至少1名獨立非執行董事(即蔡安活先生) 必須具備適當的專業資格或具備適當的專業資格 或具備適當的會計或相關財務管理專長的要求。 本公司已收到每位獨立非執行董事就其獨立性的 年度確認。本公司認為,根據上市規則3.13條的 規定,所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立的。

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Reasonable notice periods and sufficient relevant information have been given to all directors so as to enable them to attend the Board meetings and make appropriate decisions in relation to matters to be discussed. All directors are entitled to include matters of their concern in the agenda of all Board meetings. All directors are entitled to inspect all relevant corporate information.

本公司已給予全體董事合理的通知期間及足夠的 相關資料以使其能參加董事會會議並對所審議事 項作出適當的決議。全體董事均有權將其關注的 事宜提交董事會的議程。所有董事均有權自行查 閱所有相關的公司資料。

The biographical details of the directors are set out on pages 83 to 86 of this annual report.

各董事的個人簡介載於本年報第83頁至86頁。

Mr. Zhang Liwei, acting as the chairman and executive director of the Company, is responsible for operation of the Board.

張立偉先生,本公司董事長及執行董事,負責董 事會的運作。

The general manager of the Company, is responsible for daily business development and management of the Company. The Company is in the course of identifying a suitable candidate as the new general manager. As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 10 April 2023, Ms. Wang Hong has appointed the general manager of the Company.

本公司總經理負責集團的日常業務及管理。報告期間,本公司物色合適人選擔任本公司總經理。 根據本公司於2023年4月10日刊發的公告,王虹 女士於2023年4月7日獲委任為本公司總經理。

The other two executive directors, Ms. Li Chunyan and Mr. Li Shenlin, are responsible for the financial affairs, construction and security of the Group, respectively.

其他兩位執行董事李春燕女士和李慎林先生分別 主要負責本集團的財務及法務和工程及安保工作。

Each executive director has sufficient experience to hold the position so as to accomplish his/her duties effectively and efficiently.

每位執行董事擁有有效及高效履行其職責所需的 充分經驗。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

PROCEDURE FOR SEEKING INDEPENDENT PROFESSIONAL ADVICE BY DIRECTORS

The board, each of its Committees and all directors have full and timely access to all the information of the Company and may, upon request, seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses for discharging their duties to the Company.

LIABILITY INSURANCE

Pursuant to the code provision C.1.8 of Part 2 of the Corporate Governance Code, the Company should arrange appropriate insurance to cover potential legal actions against its directors. To comply with such code provision, the Company has arranged for appropriate liability insurance for the directors to indemnify their liabilities arising from their corporate activities.

The Group has bought liability insurance for directors and senior executives in respect of legal actions against such directors and senior executives.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD DIVERSITY

The Company understands deeply the benefits and value that diversity brings to the enterprises, and ensures the view that a diverse board, is the only way to effective governance and one of the key factors of an effective board of directors. Therefore, the Company is committed to implementing the policy of diversity.

獲取專業意見

董事會、董事會下設各委員會及所有董事都可以 充分、及時地獲取公司的所有資料,並可應要求 在適當的情況下尋求獨立的專業建議以履行其對 本公司的職責,費用由公司承擔。

責任保險

根據《企業管治守則》第二部份第C.1.8條,本公司應就董事可能面臨之法律行動安排適當投保。為符合該守則條文之規定,本公司已為董事安排適當之責任保險,為彼等因企業活動產生之責任提供彌償保證。

本公司已投保董事及高級管理人員責任保險,以 保障本公司的董事及高級管理人員不會負上潛在 的法律責任。

董事會成員多元化

本公司深知多元化為企業帶來的益處及價值,確 定多元化董事會將是有效管治的必經之路,認同 多元化的董事會是高效董事會的關鍵因素之一, 故本公司致力於踐行多元化政策。 The Company's board diversity policies include: "The Policy of the Diversity of the Members of the Board (董事會組成成員多元化政策)" was adopted by the Board and in considering and reviewing board composition, both the Nomination Committee and the Board will consider the benefits of all aspects of diversity, including the age, gender, skills, knowledge, experience, expertise, professional and educational qualifications, background and other personal qualities of the directors. While the final decisions of appointment of directors would be based on the candidates' expertise and contributions expected to bring to the board, considerable weight would be given to ensuring a diverse board with balanced composition. The Company would review its diversity policy annually to ensure that it is in line with the Company's actual development and needs and reflects regulatory requirements and good corporate governance practices.

本公司董事會多元化政策:董事會訂立了《董事會組成成員多元化政策》,要求考慮及檢討董事會組成時,提名委員會及董事會均會考慮全方位多元化的利益,包括董事的年齡、性別、技能、知識、經驗、專長、專業資格及學歷、背景及其他個人素質。儘管所有董事的任命將根據董事候選人的專長及預期為董事會帶來的貢獻而作出最終決定,但確保董事會多元化具均衡組成亦為重要考慮。本公司每年將會對多元化政策進行檢討,以確保政策切合本公司的實際發展與需要,並反應監管規定和良好企業管治常規。

The diversity of the board of directors is not only reflected in the gender of directors, but also in skills, age, experience and educational background. The ratio of male to female board members was 7:2 during the Reporting Period, women directors making up to 22% of all board members. The average age of directors is about 56, among which one is under 45 years old, accounting for about 11%, four are between 45 and 60, accounting for about 44.5%, and three are over 60, accounting for about 44.5%. Two directors have obtained doctoral degrees, two directors are members of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, and Mr. Choi Onward, an independent non-executive Director, is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The Board possesses professional experience in retail, finance and accounting, law, operating, marketing, management and human resources.

本公司董事會多元化不僅體現在董事性別上,還在技能、年齡、經驗及教育背景上均有所展現。報告期間,董事會成員男女比例為7:2,女性董事佔全體董事成員的22%。董事成員平均年齡約為56歲,其中45歲以下的1人,佔比約為11%:45歲至60歲之間的有4人,佔比約為44.5%:60歲以上的4人,佔比約為44.5%。2位董事已獲得博士學位,2位董事為英國特許公認會計師公會會員,獨立非執行董事蔡安活先生還是香港會計師公會的資深會員。本公司董事會擁有零售業態及財務及會計、法律、營運、市場營銷、管理、人力資源方面專業經驗。

With respect to gender diversity, the board consider factors according to the Company's business mode and other factors needs, the composition of the board should include at least one female member, the proportion of female members represents at least 11%. The board deemed the current composition of the board was adequate and appreciate in terms of gender diversity and will continue to maintain a diverse Board. The board will discuss further measurable objectives and plans for achieving board diversity, including gender diversity, at the time of board elections.

在性別多元化方面,董事會認為基於本公司業務 模式及其他因素的需求,董事會成員組成中應至 少有一名女性,即女性成員比例至少高於11%。 董事會認為當前的董事會成員組成在性別多元化 方面是適當且合適的,並將繼續維持多元化董事 會。董事會將在換屆選舉時針對董事會多元化(包 括性別多元化)商定進一步可計量的目標及計劃。

企業管治報告

The Company understands and recognizes the benefits of diversified staff structure and regards it as one of the important elements in sustaining a long-term competitive advantage of the Company. A multicultural company should be comprised of employees with different gender, age, skills, educational background, experience and other qualities so as to achieve the most appropriate structure and balance. As at 31 December 2022, the total number of employees (including the senior management) of the Group was 4,458, the male to female ratio in the workforce was about 2:3 and had been stable. The Company deemed this gender ratio as adequate and appropriate.

本公司了解并認同多元化員工結構的裨益,并視之為維持本公司長久競爭優勢的重要元素之一。一家具備多元文化的公司應包括不同性別、年齡、技能、教育背景、行業經驗及其他特質的員工,以致達到最適合的結構及平衡。於2022年12月31日,本集團僱員(包括高級管理層)總數為4,458人,勞動力男女比例約為2:3,并較為穩定。本公司認為其員工性別比例屬適當及合宜。

INDEPENDENCE POLICY

The Company deeply understands the importance of the independence of independent non-executive directors in order to improve operating efficiency, promote the consistency of interests of shareholders and management, ensure the good development of the enterprise, and supervise and safeguard the interests of the enterprise. In order to ensure that the independent directors can perform their duties fairly, honestly and diligently, and propose to play an independent and objective supervisory role in the operation and development of enterprise, the Company has three independent non-executive directors among the nine board members, accounting for one third of the total board members, in accordance with the Corporate Governance Code. The Audit Committee consists of three independent non-executive directors. The Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee are chaired by the independent non-executive directors. The independent non-executive directors made up two-thirds of the Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee.

獨立性政策

本公司深刻理解為提高營運效益,促進股東與管理層利益的一致性,使得企業良好發展,監督並維護企業利益,獨立非執行董事的獨立性所發揮的重要意義。為保證獨立董事能夠公正、誠信、勤勉的履職,在企業經營與發展中提出發揮獨立且客觀的監察作用,本公司按照《企業管治守則》要求,在董事會9名成員中,3名為獨立非執行董事,佔董事會成員總數的三分之一。審核委員會由三位獨立非執行董事組成。審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會均由獨立非執行董事擔任主席。提名委員會及薪酬委員會中獨立非執行董事佔全部成員的三分之二。

In order to ensure the independence of independent non-executive directors, the right to nominate independent non-executive directors of the Company is enjoyed by the Nomination Committee. In addition, in setting the remuneration of independent non-executive directors, full consideration is given to the impact on independence and the need for incentives. Save for the chairman, only independent non-executive directors of the company are entitled to receive directors' robes. In order to maintain the independence and objectivity of decision-making of independent non-executive directors, independent non-executive directors shall not be entitled to any remuneration for equity interests (such as stock option or grant of shares). The Board reviews the independence policy annually to ensure it is appropriate for the development of the business.

為保證獨立非執行董事的獨立性,本公司獨立非執行董事的提名權是由提名委員會享有,並且在獨立非執行董事薪酬設定上,也充分考慮對獨立性的影響和激勵的需要,除董事長外,本公司只有獨立非執行董事有權領取董事袍金。為保持獨立非執行董事的獨立性及決策客觀性,獨立非執行董事不享有任何股本權益酬金(例如購股權或贈授股份等),同時在選擇獨立非執行董事時會對直系親屬、主要社會關係、持有上市公司股份情況等進行核查。董事會每年對獨立性政策進行檢討,以保證其適應企業發展。

The Company notes that the Corporate Governance Code relates the term limit of an independent non-executive director to his independence and makes it clear that if an independent non-executive director has been in office for more than nine years, the Company must explain to shareholders the reason why the Board (or the Nomination Committee) considers that the director is still independent or should be re-elected. When the Company evaluates the independence of non-executive directors, the Board and the Nomination Committee will consider their contributions to the Board during their service period and whether they can independently, objectively and impartially express their views and put forward constructive suggestions at meetings and be verified by the independent non-executive directors whose term is more than nine years. The Board believes that a long service life does not necessarily mean that their independence will be limited, but to some extent, it shows that they have an in-depth understanding of the Company and are aware of the challenges the Company is facing, and it is of great help to the long-term goals and strategies of the Company. The Board and the Nomination Committee will make recommendations on whether to renew the appointment after considering the candidates' contributions to the Board, their own aspirations, professional and professional background, their fit with the Company's development and strategic goals and other factors.

本公司注意到《企業管治守則》對獨立非執行董事 任期時限與獨立性進行關聯,明確若獨立非執行 董事在任已過九年,則需向股東説明董事會(或提 名委員會)認為該名董事仍屬獨立人士或應獲重選 的原因。本公司在評估非執行董事的獨立性時, 針對任期超過九年的獨立非執行董事,董事會及 提名委員會將考慮其於服務期內對董事會作出的 **貢獻以及能否在會議中獨立、客觀、公正地表達** 觀點並提出具有建設性的建議並獲得驗證。董事 會認為,服務年限較長並不意味其獨立性一定會 受到限制,反而在一定程度上表明其對公司有深 入的瞭解並清楚公司所面臨的挑戰,並對企業確 立長遠的目標及策略有很大幫助。董事會及提名 委員會將綜合考慮其對董事會作出的貢獻、自身 意願、專業及職業背景、與公司發展與戰略目標 是否契合以及其他因素,在遴選及討論後作出是 否續聘的建議。

企業管治報告

MEETINGS AND CONFERENCE

During the Reporting Period, nine Board meetings (not including written Board resolutions) were held and the attendance records of the directors attending such meetings in person are set out below:

會議情況

報告期內,董事會共舉行了九次會議(不包括書面 簽署決議),有關董事親身出席記錄如下:

Attendance/Number of meetings 出席/會議次數

Executive Directors Mr. Zhang Liwei (Chairman) Ms. Li Chunyan Mr. Li Shenlin	執行董事 張立偉先生 <i>(董事長)</i> 李春燕女士 李慎林先生	9/9 9/9 9/9
Non-executive Directors Mr. Li Jianwen Ms. Zhang Yan Mr. Li Shunxiang	非執行董事 李建文先生 張彥女士 李順祥先生	9/9 9/9 9/9
Independent Non-executive Directors Mr. Choi Onward Mr. Chen Liping Mr. Wang Liping	獨立非執行董事 蔡安活先生 陳立平先生 王利平先生	9/9 9/9 9/9

ATTENDANCE OF DIRECTOR AT THE GENERAL

MEETING

During the Reporting Period, an annual general meeting, was held and the attendance records of the directors attending this meeting in person are set out below:

董事出席股東大會

報告期內,本公司共舉行了一次股東週年大會, 有關董事親身出席記錄如下:

Attendance/Number of meetings 出席/會議次數

Executive Directors Mr. Zhang Liwei (Chairman) Ms. Li Chunyan Mr. Li Shenlin	執行董事 張立偉先生 <i>(董事長)</i> 李春燕女士 李慎林先生	1/1 1/1 1/1 1/1
Non-executive Directors Mr. Li Jianwen Ms. Zhang Yan Mr. Li Shunxiang	非執行董事 李建文先生 張彥女士 李順祥先生	1/1 1/1 1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors Mr. Choi Onward Mr. Chen Liping Mr. Wang Liping	獨立非執行董事 蔡安活先生 陳立平先生 王利平先生	1/1 1/1 1/1

During the Reporting Period, in order to be responsible to shareholders, respond to shareholders' questions and inquiries about duties, and fulfill the responsibilities of directors, all directors attended the shareholders' meeting in person, with the attendance rate reaching 100%.

報告期間,為對股東負責,回應股東有關工作的 提問及查詢,履行董事責任,各位董事均親身出 席股東大會,出席率達100%。

CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT OF DIRECTORS

As part of an ongoing process of directors' training, the directors are updated with the latest developments regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements from time to time to ensure compliance of the same by all directors. All directors are encouraged to attend external forums or training courses on relevant topics which may count towards continuous professional development training.

Pursuant to code provision C.1.4 of Part 2 of the Corporate Governance Code, all directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. During the Reporting Period, all directors have participated in in-house training courses and workshops in respect of corporate governance and regulations organized by the Company or, by perusing materials relevant to the Company's business or to their duties and responsibilities. The relevant directors have participated in appropriate continuous development activities. All the directors have provided a record of the training they received to the Company.

Pursuant to the code provision D.1.2 of Part 2 of the Corporate Governance Code, the management of the Company also provides all members of the Board with monthly updates which presents information in respect of the Company's performance and financial position, and changes and development in laws, regulations, business and the market, to assist each director in the discharge of their duties.

The participation by individual directors in the professional development programs in 2022 is recorded in the table below.

董事持續專業發展

作為董事持續培訓之一部分,董事已不時獲得 有關上市規則及其它適用監管規定之最新發展資 料,以確保所有董事遵守有關規定。本公司鼓勵 所有董事出席外界舉辦有關課題之座談會或培訓 課程,而此可作為持續專業發展培訓的一部分。

根據《企業管治守則》第二部份第C.1.4條規定,所有董事應參與持續專業發展,發展並更新其知識及技能,以確保其繼續在具備全面信息及切合所需之情況下對董事會作出貢獻。報告期內,全體董事均已參與本公司舉辦有關企業管治之內部研討會及培訓課程,或通過瞭解本公司業務或彼等職能及職責相關資料之方式而參與合適之持續專業發展活動。各董事均已向我公司提供報告期內所接受培訓的記錄。

本公司管理層也遵照《企業管治守則》第二部份第 D.1.2條的規定,每月向董事會成員提供更新資料,載列有關公司的表現、財務狀況及法律、監管、業務與市場的變動信息,以説明彼等履行職責。

下表載列了每名董事於2022年參與專業發展計劃 之記錄。

介業管治報告

		Participated in training course 參加培訓課程	Reading updates 閱讀更新資料
Executive Directors Mr.Zhang Liwei (Chairman)	執行董事 張立偉先生 <i>(董事長)</i>	,	,
Ms. Li Chunyan	李春燕女士	· /	<i>'</i>
Mr. Li Shenlin	李慎林先生	✓	✓
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事		
Mr. Li Jianwen	李建文先生	✓	✓
Ms. Zhang Yan	張彥女士	✓	✓
Mr. Li Shunxiang	李順祥先生	✓	✓
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Choi Onward	蔡安活先生	✓	✓
Mr. Chen Liping	陳立平先生	✓	✓
Mr. Wang Liping	王利平先生	✓	✓

CHAIRMAN AND GENERAL MANAGER

The chairman of the Board and the general manager of the Company are two clearly defined positions. The chairman is responsible for the effective operation of the Board while the general manager is in charge of the Group's daily business development and management. The Company was in the course of identifying a suitable candidate as the new general manager of the Company during the Reporting Period. As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 10 April 2023. Ms. Wang Hong has appointed the general manager of the Company. The Company's Articles of Association set out the respective duties and powers of the chairman and the general manager in detail.

董事長及總經理

本公司的董事長及總經理為兩個職責清楚界定的 職位,董事長負責董事會的有效運作,而總經理 負責集團的日常業務發展及管理。張立偉為本公 司董事長,報告期間,本公司正物色合適人員擔 任本公司總經理。於2023年4月10日本公司公告 中披露,王虹女士獲委任為本公司總經理。本公 司公司章程中詳細列明董事長及總經理的職權。

BOARD COMMITTEES

There are currently three Board committees, namely, the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, to assist the Board in carrying out its responsibilities.

董事會轄下的委員會

現任董事會轄下設立三個委員會,分別為審核委 員會、薪酬委員會、提名委員會,以協助董事會 履行其職責。

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Pursuant to the resolutions passed at the Board meeting held on 13 May 2022, the audit committee (the "Audit Committee") of the seventh session of the Board was established. The Audit Committee wholly consists of independent non-executive directors, namely Mr. Choi Onward who was appointed as the chairman and Mr. Wang Liping and Mr. Chen Liping who were both appointed as members.

The written terms of reference of the Audit Committee are set in line with the provisions of the Corporate Governance Code. The Audit Committee provides an important link between the Board and the external auditors in matters falling within the scope of the audit of the Group, and is responsible for the review of financial information of the Company, the oversight of the Company's financial reporting system and internal control procedures, and exercises the corporate governance functions delegated by the Board. It reviews the effectiveness of the external audit, internal controls and risk evaluation, and provides comments and suggestions to the Board.

Pursuant to the code provision D.3.3 of Part 2 of the Corporate Governance Code, the Audit Committee performs the corporate governance functions delegated by the Board during the Reporting Period, including, to develop and review the policies and practices of the Company on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board; to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management; to review and monitor the policies and practices of the Company on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to the directors and employees; and to review the compliance by the Company with the Corporate Governance Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

審核委員會

根據於2022年5月13日通過的董事會決議,本公司成立第七屆董事會之審核委員會,由全部獨立 非執行董事組成,即蔡安活先生擔任主席,王利 平先生、陳立平先生為委員。

審核委員會職權範圍有關書面規定遵照《企業管治守則》守則條文訂立。審核委員會就本集團核數範圍內所涉及事項為董事會與外聘核數師之間建立重要聯繫,負責審閱本集團的財務資料,監察本公司的財務申報制度及內控管理程序,行使董事會授予的企業管治職能,負責審閱外部核數、內部控制及風險評估的有效性,並向董事會提供意見及建議。

審核委員會根據董事會的授權,按照《企業管治守則》第二部份第D.3.3條的規定,履行企業管治職責,包括制訂及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常規,並向董事會提出建議;檢討及監察關於董事及高級管理人員的培訓及持續專業發展;檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面的政策及常規;制訂、檢討及監察僱員及董事的操守準則及合規手冊(如有);及檢討本公司遵守《企業管治守則》的情況及在企業管治報告內的披露。

企業管治報告

The Audit Committee held four meetings during the Reporting Period for discussing internal controls, financial reporting matters and corporate governance functions including a review of the 2021 annual report and the 2022 quarterly and interim results, and discussing relevant matters including matters relating to annual auditing plans of 2022 and corporate governance. The attendance records of the members of the Audit Committee attending such meetings in person are set out below:

報告期內,審核委員會召開了4次會議,審核本 集團採納的會計準則及政策,討論內部控制、財 務報告及企業管治事宜,包括審閱2021年年報、 2022年季度及中期業績以及討論2022年年度審計 計劃、企業管治等相關事宜。有關審核委員會委 員親身出席記錄如下:

Attendance/Number of meetings 出席/會議次數

Mr. Choi Onward (Chairman) 蔡安活先生(主席) Mr. Chen Liping 陳立平先生 Mr. Wang Liping 王利平先生

4/4 4/4

4/4

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the Audit Committee had performed the following work:

截至2022年12月31日止年度,審核委員會曾履行 的工作概述如下:

- Reviewed annual and interim financial statements and the related results announcements, documents and other matters or issues raised by external auditors;
- 審閱本集團全年及中期業績報表,以及相關 業績公佈、文件及外聘核數師提出的其他事 宜或事項;
- Reviewed the findings of external auditors; Da Hua Certified Public Accountants LLP has been the auditor of the Company during the Reporting Period, and the Board agreed to propose the appointment of the auditors recommended by the Audit Committee;
- 審核外聘核數師的審核結果;報告期內,核 數師由大華會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)擔 任,董事會亦同意審核委員會的聘任結果;
- Reviewed the independence of the external auditors and the 3. engagement of external auditors for annual audit;
- 檢討外聘核數師的獨立身份及就年度審核服 務考慮外部核數師委聘事宜;
- Reviewed and supervised financial reporting and risk management and internal control systems of the Group;
- 審閱及監督本集團的財務匯報過程及內控制 度;

Reviewed annual audit plan of the Group;

審閱本集團的年度審計計劃; 5.

- Reviewed the Corporate Governance Report of the Group; and
- Other governance functions granted by the Board.

Minutes of meetings of Audit Committee shall be kept by Secretary to the Board.

The Audit Committee has reviewed the Group's 2022 audited annual results and discussed with the management and the external auditors on the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group, internal control and financial reporting matters.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Pursuant to the resolutions passed at the Board meeting held on 13 May 2022, the remuneration committee of the seventh session of the Board (the "Remuneration Committee") was established, in which Mr. Wang Liping (an independent non-executive director) was appointed as the chairman, and Mr. Zhang Liwei (an executive director) and Mr. Chen Liping (an independent non-executive director) were both appointed as members.

- 審閱本集團的《企業管治報告》;
- 董事會授予的其他管治職能。

審核委員會的完整會議記錄由本公司董事會秘書 保管。

審核委員會已審閱了本集團經審計的2022年年度 業績,並與管理層及外聘核數師就本集團採納的 會計準則及政策、內部控制及財務報告事宜進行 了討論。

薪酬委員會

根據於2022年5月13日通過的董事會決議,本公 司成立了第七屆董事會之薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員 會」),王利平先生(一名獨立非執行董事)獲委任 為主席,張立偉先生(一名執行董事)及陳立平先 生(一名獨立非執行董事)均獲委任為委員。

企業管治報告

The written terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are in line with the provisions of the Corporate Governance Code. The main duties of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the overall remuneration policy and structure for the directors' and senior management of the Company, and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for determining remuneration policies; to review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives. In accordance with the Corporate Governance Code, the Remuneration Committee has been delegated with responsibilities by the Board, and is responsible for determining the remuneration packages of individual executive directors and senior management and making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive directors, and to ensure that no director or any of his associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration

薪酬委員會職權範圍有關書面規定遵照《企業管治 守則》守則條文訂立。薪酬委員會就本公司董事及 高級管理人員的整體薪酬政策及架構,以及就制 訂薪酬政策而設立正規而具透明度的程序,向董 事會提出建議;因應董事會所訂企業方針及目標而 檢討及批准管理層之薪酬建議;按照《企業管治守 則》的規定,獲董事會轉授責任,釐定個別執行董 事及高級管理人員的薪酬待遇,就非執行董事的 薪酬向董事會提出建議,且確保任何董事或其連 絡人不得參與釐定其自己的薪酬。

During the Reporting Period, two meetings of the Remuneration Committee were held for discussing and considering the remuneration of the Company's newly elected directors and the remuneration of the Company's chairman, general manager and deputy general manager. The attendance records of the members of the Remuneration Committee attending such meetings in person are set out below:

報告期內,薪酬委員會召開了兩次會議,討論並 考慮本公司新一屆董事的薪酬及本公司董事長、 總經理及副總經理的薪酬,有關薪酬委員會委員 親身出席記錄如下:

> Attendance/Number of meetings 出席/會議次數

Mr. Wang Liping (Chairman) Mr. Chen Liping

王利平先生(主席) 陳立平先生 張立偉先生 Mr. Zhang Liwei

2/2 2/2 2/2

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the Remuneration Committee had performed the following work:

截至2022年12月31日止年度,薪酬委員會履行的 工作概述如下:

- Determine the remuneration of newly elected directors.
- 1、 審議新一屆董事的薪酬
- 2. Determined the remuneration of the Company's chairman, general manager and deputy general manager.
- 2、 審議董事長、總經理及副總經理的薪酬

As at 31 December 2022, the remuneration list of senior management classified by remuneration bands is as follows:

於2022年12月31日,本公司按薪酬組別劃分高級管理人員的薪酬載列如下:

Number of individuals

人數

Remuneration band (RMB/month)

薪酬組別(人民幣元)

9

0 to 1,000,000 0至1,000,000

Minutes of meetings of Remuneration Committee shall be kept by Secretary to the Board.

薪酬委員會的完整會議記錄由本公司董事會秘書 保管。

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Pursuant to the resolutions passed at the Board meeting held on 13 May 2022, the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") of the seventh session of the Board was established, in which Mr. Chen Liping (an independent non-executive director) was appointed as the chairman, and Mr. Zhang Liwei (an executive director) and Mr. Wang Liping (an independent non-executive director) were both appointed as members.

提名委員會

根據於2022年5月13日通過的董事會決議,本公司成立了第七屆提名委員會(「提名委員會」),陳立平先生(一名獨立非執行董事)獲委任為主席,張立偉先生(一名執行董事)及王利平先生(一名獨立非執行董事)均獲委任為委員。

企業管治報告

The written terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are in line with the provisions of the Corporate Governance Code. The Nomination Committee is responsible for nominating potential candidates for directorships, reviewing the nomination of directors and making recommendations to the Board on such appointments, reviewing the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy, identifying individuals suitably qualified to become board members and select or make recommendations to the board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships) and assessing the independence of the independent non-executive directors, and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors and succession planning (in particular the chairman of the Board and the general manager) for directors. The Diversity Policy of the Members of the Board was adopted at the Board meeting on 23 August 2013, pursuant to which all the nominations of any member of the Board should be made in accordance with the Diversity Policy by taking into account certain objective criteria (including without limitation, the gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service) and having due regard to the benefits of a diversified Board.

提名委員會職權範圍有關書面規定遵照守則條文 訂立。提名委員會負責提名有潛質的人士出任董 事、審閱董事提名及就該等任命向董事會提出建 議,並負責每年檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成 (包括技能、知識及經驗方面), 並就任何為配合 本公司之公司策略而擬對董事會作出的變動提出 建議,確定適格人員成為董事會成員,選擇並向 董事會建議提名董事人選,評核獨立非執行董事 的獨立性,及就董事委任或重新委任以及董事(尤 其是董事長及總經理)繼任計劃向董事會提出建 議。董事會於2013年8月23日訂立了《董事會組成 成員多元化政策》,有關董事的提名應適當考慮到 《董事會組成成員多元化政策》所載的客觀條件(包 括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專業 經驗、技能、知識及服務任期),並充分顧及董事 會多元化的裨益而作出。

During the Reporting Period, a meeting of the Nomination Committee had been held for discussing and recommending the candidates for the newly election/appointment of director(s), reviewing relevant matters including the structure and composition of the Board of the Company and assessing the independence of the independent non-executive directors. The attendance records of the members of the Nomination Committee attending such meeting in person are set out below:

報告期內,提名委員會召開了1次會議,包括討論 並推薦選舉/委任新一屆董事會成員、檢討本公 司董事會架構、組成及評核獨立非執行董事的獨 立性等相關事宜,有關提名委員會委員親身出席 記錄如下:

Attendance/Number of meetings 出席/會議次數

1/1 1/1 1/1

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the Nomination Committee had performed the following work:

截至2022年12月31日,提名委員會曾履行的工作概述如下:

1. Reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board, and proposed suggestions on changes of the Board according to development strategy of the Group. Nomination Criteria: the Nomination Committee assessed the current structure of the Board from diversification policies on the size and composition, skills, knowledge, experience and other respects of its members and compared it with listed companies in the same industry.

1. 檢討董事會架構、人數及組成,並配合本 集團的公司策略對董事會作出的變動提出建 議;提名委員會從人數及組成、技能、知識 及經驗等多元化政策方面評價董事會目前架 構,並與同行業上市公司進行比較。

Nomination Procedure: the Nomination Committee provides the information about the candidates and makes recommendation to the Board. The Board consider the recommendations of the Nomination Committee and appoint if appropriate or submit to the general meeting of shareholders for election or re-election in due course. Shareholders vote at a general meeting to elect or re-elect of directors. As for the current structure of the Board, the composition conforms to the Company's business development and each director has the required skills and experience, diversified opinions and perspectives; the combination of executive directors, non-executive directors, and independent non-executive directors are also kept in balance. Among the three independent non-executive directors, one is a professional accountant with accounting management experience. Each director has sufficient experience and the ability necessary to fulfill his duties, regularly checks the Company's business and financial position, and participates in the training on directors' continuing professional development.

提名程序:提名委員會提供有關候選人的資料,並向董事會提出建議。董事會考慮對名委員會的建議,並在適當情況下委任任或選問事人會的建議,並在適當時候進行選舉或選。股東大會,以便在適當時候進行選舉或重點與東在股東大會上投票選舉或重點與人的技能、經驗及多樣的觀點與角度,執行董事及獨立董事的組合也保具有與非執行董事及獨立董事中,有一名具人與非執行董事都擁有履行其職責所需的充分經驗和能力,定期瞭解公司業務及財務狀況,參加董事持續專業發展培訓。

企業管治報告

- 2. Reviewed and assessed the independence of independent non-executive director: each independent director should sign written documents to confirm with the Company that none of the conditions in paragraph 3.13 of the Listing Rules existed. If there are any questions, the independent directors should promptly inform the Company.
- 2. 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;各位獨立董事需根據上市規則3.13條的規定,與公司簽署書面文件,向公司確認,其均不存在上述情形。如有任何問題,需及時告知公司。
- 3. Adopted the Diversity Policy of the Members of the Board and took various factors into consideration, including educational background, age, knowledge, skills etc., when making the nominations.
- 董事會多元化政策,提名委員會從不同的教育背景、年齡層次、知識及經驗等方面及其他因素綜合考慮有關提名人選。
- 4. Reviewed the candidates for the newly directors.
- 4. 審議新一屆董事會成員。

Minutes of meetings of the Nomination Committee shall be kept by Secretary to the Board of Directors.

提名委員會的完整會議記錄由本公司董事會秘書 保管。

SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE

監事會

During the Reporting Period, the supervisory committee of the Company (the "Supervisory Committee") consists of two shareholder-appointed supervisors (Ms. Liu Wenyu and Mr. Yang Baoqun), two independent supervisors (Mr. Chen Zhong and Mr. Wang Deshan) and two staffappointed supervisors (Ms. Niu Hongyan and Ms. Li Chunyi). Ms. Liu Wenyu serves as the chairman of the Supervisory Committee.

報告期內,本公司監事會(「監事會」)包括兩名股 東代表監事(劉文瑜女士和楊寶群先生)、兩名獨 立監事(陳鍾先生和王德山先生)及兩名職工代表 監事(牛紅艷女士和李春溢女士)。劉文瑜女士擔任 監事會主席。

The supervisors have performed their work in a dedicated and diligent manner and carried out effectively the functions of supervising the legal and regulatory compliance relating to financial matters and overseeing the directors and senior management of the Group during their offices. 監事勤勉盡責,並有效履行監督財政事宜合法合規的職責,並對集團董事及高級管理人員執行職 務的行為予以監督。

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

The Audit Committee is responsible for reviewing and monitoring the auditors' independence and objectivity and effectiveness of the auditing process. It receives letter from the auditors confirming their independence and objectivity and holds meetings with representatives of the auditors to consider the scope of their audit, approve their fees, and the scope and appropriateness of non-audit services, if any, to be provided by them. The Audit Committee also makes recommendations to the Board on the appointment and retention of independent auditors.

Da Hua Certified Public Accountants (Special General Partnership) (大華會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)) ("Da Hua") has been appointed as the auditors of the Company for the period from the conclusion of the 2021 Annual General Meeting to the conclusion of the 2022 Annual General Meeting. For the year ended 31 December 2022, the Company agreed to pay Da Hua RMB750,000 as the 2022 auditing fees and RMB750,000 for non-audit services in respect of reviewing the Group's 2022 interim financial statements. Da Hua also undertook the audits of the subsidiaries of the Group for the year 2022, and accordingly, the total audit expenses paid by the Group is disclosed in note (VI)42 on page 316 of this report.

RESPONSIBILITIES FOR PREPARATION OF ACCOUNTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements in compliance with the relevant regulations and applicable accounting standards.

The responsibility of the auditors with respect to the financial reporting are set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 127 to 137 of this annual report.

核數師酬金

本公司審核委員會負責審核及監測核數師的獨立 性以及審核程序的客觀性及有效性。審核委員會 接收核數師函件,確認其獨立性及客觀性,並與 核數師舉行會議以考慮將由其提供的審核範圍、 審批其收取的費用以及非核數服務(如有)的範圍 及適當性。審核委員會亦就獨立核數師的委任及 留任向董事會作出建議。

大華會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)(「大華」)獲聘 為本公司核數師,任期自本公司2021年股東週年 大會結束之日起至本公司2022年股東週年大會結 束之日止。截至2022年12月31日止,本公司同意 向大華支付2022年審計費用人民幣750,000元, 以及就其提供的非審計服務即審閱本集團2022年 中期財務報表向其支付了人民幣750,000元。大華 亦負責本集團附屬公司2022年度的審計工作,故 本集團審計費用支付金額於本報告第316頁財務報 表附註(六)42中披露。

編製財務賬目之責任

董事負責根據有關法規及適用之會計準則編製財 務賬目。

核數師對於財務報告之責任載於本年報第127頁至 137頁的獨立核數師報告中。

企業管治報告

DISCLOSURE OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

During the Reporting Period, the Group publishes quarterly results so that shareholders and investors can keep abreast of the Group's operating performance, financial position and prospect.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Group is keenly aware that effective risk management is an essential underpinning of the Group's progress towards good corporate governance. To ensure and promote effective risk management, the Group has established a clear governance structure, policies and procedures as well as a notification mechanism.

Responsibility

The Board is responsible for the risk management and internal control system, determining risk factors and assessing risk tolerance. Collaborative the Management to complete risk management of the Group, the Board has the responsibility to review the effectiveness of risk management system. The Management is responsible for the designing and implementing the system of internal control in order to maximize the management risk, identify and manage these risks, which can reduce, soothing, transfer, or avoid those risks. The Board elaborates on the above risk management and internal control system to make clear that it aims to manage risks rather than eliminate the risks leading to failure of achieving business objectives. Thus, the system can only make reasonable, rather than absolute, guarantee against material misrepresentation or loss.

Risk management structure

The risk management structure is composed of the Board, the Audit Committee, the Internal Control Department and the leading group for the construction of the rule of law.

The Board undertakes the responsibility of continuous supervision of the risk management and internal control system of the Group. It will annually review the effectiveness of the system through the Audit Committee.

財務業績披露

報告期內,本集團刊發季度業績,以便股東及投 資者及時瞭解本集團的營運表現、財務狀況及前 景等信息。

風險管理及內部控制

本集團深切意識到有效的風險管理是集團邁向良好企業管治的必要支撐。為保證並推進本集團施行有效的風險管理,本集團建立明確的管治架構、政策及程序以及通報機制。

責任

董事會對風險管理及內部監控系統負責,釐定風險因素並評估對風險的可承受能力。董事會協同管理層共同完成本集團風險管理,董事會有責任檢討風險管理制度的有效性,而管理層則負責設計及執行內部監控制度以最大限度地管理公司面臨的風險,識別和管理這些風險,從而可以降低、舒緩、轉移或避免這些風險。董事會謹在此闡釋上述風險管理及內部監控系統旨在管理而非消除未能達成業務目標的風險。因此,該等系統只能就不會有重大的失實陳述或損失作出合理而非絕對的保證。

風險管理架構

本集團現已建立由董事會、審核委員會、內控 部、法治建設工作領導小組組成的風險管理架構。

董事會承擔持續監管本集團的風險管理及內控體 系的責任,通過審核委員會至少每年檢討其有效 性。

The Audit Committee assists the Board in its supervision of the Group's financial, operational, risk management (including environmental, social and governance risks as set out in the guidelines on Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting in Appendix 27 to the Listing Rules) and internal controls, as well as financial and internal audit functions.

審核委員會協助董事會履行其於本集團財務、營運、風險管理(包括《上市規則》附錄27的《環境、社會及管治報告》指引中列明的環境、社會及管治風險)及內控、以及財務與內部審計職能的監管。

The Group has established the Internal Control Department, which, assists the Board and the Audit Committee in continuously reviewing the adequacy and effectiveness of risk management and internal control of the Group, recognizing shortcomings of the design and operation of internal control and proposing suitable improvement suggestions. If major risks or serious internal control mistakes are discovered, the Internal Control Department should report to the Audit Committee and the Board in a timely manner, and it should make correction plans and identify the responsible persons, and follow up to ensure improvement in the situation.

本集團設立內控部,其協助董事會及審核委員會 持續檢討本集團的風險管理及內部控制的充分性 及有效性,識別內部控制設計及運行中的缺陷並 提出適當的改進意見。如發現重大風險或嚴重的 內部監控缺失,會及時向審核委員會及董事會匯 報,並制定整改計劃書及釐清責任人,且適時跟 進,確保情況得以改善。

The Group has established a leading group for the construction of the rule of law in 2020. The Group is mainly responsible for coordinating and deploying the construction of the rule of law in the corporate, studying and formulating relevant systems to promote the rule of law, guiding and advancing the construction of the Group's legal risk prevention, and comprehensively improving the level of legal construction in operation and management of the Group.

本集團已於2020年成立法治建設工作領導小組, 該小組主要負責統籌部署企業法治建設工作,研 究制定推進依法治企的相關制度,指導推進本集 團法律風險防範建設,全面提升本集團法治建設 水平。

Each functional department is responsible for executing risk management procedures and internal control measures in daily operation and management, and report the risks within their operation and functions to the management.

各職能部門負責於日常營運管理中執行風險管理 程序及內部監控措施,並就其營運及職能範圍內 的風險向管理層匯報。

The Management assists the Board in implementing policies and procedures related to risks and control to identify and evaluate risks faced. In addition, it participates in the design, operation and supervision of suitable internal control measures to minimize and control those risks.

管理層協助董事會推行其有關風險及控制的政策 及程序,以確定及評估所面對的風險,並參與設計、運作及監察合適的內部監控措施以減少及控 制此等風險。

企業管治報告

The Group makes legal decisions on major decisions, important personnel appointment and removal, major project arrangement and large amount of capital operation according to the company system, so as to further standardize decision-making behavior, improve decision-making level and prevent decision-making risks.

本集團對於重大決策、重要人事任免、重大項目 安排、大額度資金運作事項依據董事會制定的相 關制度進行依法決策,以進一步規範決策行為, 提高決策水平,防範決策風險。

The Group has formulated and adopted a "Legal Risk Management and Reporting System (《法律風險管理及報告制度》)", to provide effective policies in identifying, evaluating and managing major risks. The risk management group identifies the risks affecting the Group's business objectives at least once annually, and makes risk mitigation plans and designates certain persons to address these risks through standard evaluation and ranking mechanism.

本集團已制定及採納企業《法律風險管理及報告制度》,提供有效的辨認、評估及管理重大法律風險的政策程序。風險管理小組至少每年一次對影響集團實現業務目標的風險事項進行識別,並通過規範的機制進行評價及排序,對主要風險制定風險緩解計劃書及指定風險負責人。

In order to strengthen the internal control and management of enterprises, realize the regular inspection and supervision of the implementation of important systems and key links of enterprises, ensure the standard and orderly operation of all work, prevent enterprise risks and improve the supervision mechanism, the Group had formulated "The Supervision and Inspection Measures on the Implementation of Important Systems and Key Procedure of Enterprises (《企業重要制度及關鍵環節執行情況 監督檢查辦法》)" to realize regular supervision and inspection through special, regular and random inspections on the implementation of important systems and the operation of key procedure. "The Guidelines on the Internal Supervision System"(《內部監督體系指引》) define the principles, system and working mechanism of internal supervision, strengthen the coordination of internal supervision, improve corporate governance and risk prevention ability, ensure the timely and effective internal supervision, and ensure the healthy and sustainable development of enterprises.

為加強企業內部控制管理,實現企業重要制度、 關鍵環節執行情況的常態化檢查與監督,保證各 項工作規範、有序運行,以防範企業風險、完善 監督機制,本集團通過《企業重要制度及關鍵環節 執行情況監督檢查辦法》,對重要制度執行情況、 關鍵環節運行情況進行專項、定期和隨機的檢查 方式實現常態化監督檢查:《內部監督體系指引》明 確內部監督原則、體系、工作機制,加強企業內 部監督工作的聯動配合,提升公司治理水平和風 險防範能力,確保內部監督及時有效,保障企業 健康持續發展。

Risk management procedure

All functional departments are responsible for streamlining their business process. They should recognize and evaluate the risks within their business and propose and implement risk management solutions. Each Functional departments shall also report to the Management on an annual basis the significant risks identified in the risk management process, so that the Management can organize the risk information and submit it to the Audit Committee for further identification, evaluation and discussion orf control measures. Each functional department should identify and evaluate financial risks and other risks in aspects such as investment audit, financial management, legal compliance etc., according to their business characteristics, forming a regular risk evaluation mechanism. They should recognize, evaluate and analyze all risks in the operation and development, and track and monitor the risk trend changes and their control progress and effectiveness in a timely manner.

The Audit Committee annually inspect and discuss possible risks and major strategic risks that may have significant impact on the future of the Group, and review the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control system.

Conducting comprehensive risk evaluation and assessment before major events such as stock acquisition and major asset sales can effectively control business risks.

Conducting annual risk review can institutionalize and standardize internal audit.

Internal control

The Internal Control Department annually evaluates and reviews the internal control and risk management system, and evaluates the effectiveness and adequacy of the internal control and risk management system from perspectives of controlling environment, risk assessment, internal control activity, monitoring measure as well as information and communication.

風險管理程序

公司各職能部門負責對本部門業務流程進行梳理,定期組織對職責範圍內的具體業務進行風險辨識、評估,並提出和實施風險管理解決方案。職能部門還應按年度向管理層匯報在風險管理過程中識別的重大風險,以便管理層整理風險信息後提交審核委員會進行進一步的識別、評估並商討管控措施。各職能部門還應根據業務特性分別從投資審核、財務管理、依法合規等方面負責識別及評估公司不同領域的財務及其他風險,形成風險評估常態化機制,對經營發展中存在的或潛在的各類風險進行識別、評估和分析,及時跟蹤監測風險變化趨勢、管控進展和成效。

審核委員會按年度檢查和討論可能對公司未來構成重大影響的風險或重大戰略風險,檢討公司風險管理及內部監控系統的有效性。

對股權收購、重大資產出售等重大事項事前進行 全面的風險評估與審核,有效控制重大業務風險。

每年進行檢討,加強內控工作的制度化、標準化 建設。

內部控制

公司內控部每年度內對內部監控及風險管理系統 進行評估與檢討,從控制環境、風險評估、內控 活動、監察措施及信息與溝通等方面,評估公司 內容監控與風險管理系統的有效性與充足性。

企業管治報告

The Company established an organizational structure with clear-cut responsibilities and specific reporting procedures. The Group defines clearly the powers, rights and liabilities of all business and operation departments, and ensures the effective check and balance through approval and review procedures.

本公司已建立一個職責層級清晰及匯報程序明確 的組織架構,對各業務及營運部門的權限及主要 權責有清晰的界定,並通過審批、覆核等程序確 保有效之制衡。

The Company also conducts internal control through comprehensive budget management, management of new and additional budget, financial reporting and analysis and business and operation analysis meetings. In particular, the Company can recognize risks, and monitor implementation of correction measures through data mining, collection and comparison.

本公司還通過預算管理、新增及追加預算的管理、財務匯報與分析、業務與營運分析會等程序進行內部監控,特別是通過對業務數據的挖掘、 整理與比對分析識別風險、監控整改措施的落實。

Control environment

The Company focuses on institutionalization and standardization construction, and regularly clarifies, revises and optimizes business procedures and regulations. In particular, the Company improves relevant systems to address new problems emerging in risk management in a timely manner, strengthens training and education of relevant procedures, and achieves management objectives through implementing various procedures and systems.

控制環境

公司持續關注制度化、標準化建設,對業務流程、規章制度等定期進行梳理、修訂與優化,特別是對風險管理過程中出現的新問題,及時補充完善相關制度,並加強相關流程與制度的培訓、教育工作,通過落實執行各項流程與制度,達到管理目標。

Risk assessment

The Internal Control Department regularly clarifies and recognizes systematic risks; relevant functional departments recognize and evaluate business risks within their responsibilities, and they recognize, evaluate and analyze risks in finance and other fields from such perspectives as investment examination and approval, financial management, laws and regulations, and form a regular risk evaluation mechanism. They should recognize, evaluate and analyze all risks in the operation and development.

風險評估

內控部定期組織開展風險梳理,組織識別集團所面臨的系統性風險;公司相關職能部門對職責範圍內的具體業務進行風險辨識、評估,還分別從投資審批、財務管理、依法合規等方面負責識別及評估公司不同領域的財務及其他風險,形成風險評估常態化機制,對經營發展中存在的或潛在的各類風險進行識別、評估和分析。

Supervision measures

The Audit Commitment continues to conduct regular internal compliance inspection and risk management and internal control review.

監察措施

審核委員會持續進行內部合規檢查並進行風險管 理和內部監控檢討。

The Securities and Legal Department, the external legal professional team, the audit team, and the company secretary ensure observation of the Listing Rules and supervise compliance of applicable laws and regulations.

證券法務部、外聘專業律師團隊、審計團隊、公 司秘書確保遵守上市規則及監督有關適用法律法 規的合規事項。

The Internal Control Department independently reviews risk management and internal control. The supervision and inspection methods for the implementation of important systems and key links have been established.

內控部負責對風險管理及內部監控進行獨立審 核,並已建立對重要制度、關鍵環節執行情況的 監督檢查辦法。

Information and communication

The Company continuously develops and maintains information management systems, including Store MIS System, Logistics Management System, Human Resources Management System, Financial Management System, Fixed Assets Management System, Capital Management System, to support the business, operation, financial reporting and information disclosure of the Group.

信息與溝通

持續開發與維護信息管理系統,包括門店MIS系統、物流管理系統、人力資源管理系統、財務管理系統、固定資產管理系統、資金管理系統等,以支持公司的業務與營運、財務匯報及信息披露等。

Timely communication and exchange can be achieved through the intranet, OA Office System and the Email system.

通過公司內網、OA辦公系統及電郵系統,及時進行信息溝通。

Shareholders can acquire the Company's information through the Company's official website and the investor relations department.

通過公司網站、投資者關係部確保股東獲得有關 公司的信息。

Internal audit

The Internal Control Department annually makes internal audit priorities and internal audit plans according to corporate strategy, operation and management needs and annual work plan of the Company. Matters of internal audit include the following:

內部審計

內控部每年度按照公司戰略部署,根據經營管理需要和公司的年度工作安排,確定內部審計工作 重點,制定年度內部審計計劃。進行內部審計的 事項主要包括:

企業管治報告

Audit types 審計類型

Enterprise management system audit

企業管理體系審計 Corporate operation audit

企業運營過程審計 Economic responsibility audit 經濟責任審計 Post-evaluation audit

後評價審計

Audit contents 內容

Verify the quality, energy and carbon emission management systems to ensure that they meet the standard requirements and are effectively implemented 對質量、能源、碳排放等管理體系進行驗證,確保其滿足標準要求並有效實施。 The assessment and improvement of important components in corporate operation

對企業經營過程中的重要環節的評價及改善

Term and departure performance audit of outgoing heads of business units 業務部門負責人更換時進行離任審計、任期審計

Comprehensive post-evaluation on investment and economic benefits after completion of projects

投資項目完成後,對其投資及經濟效益等進行全面的後評價

Review of the effectiveness of risk management and internal control system

According to the above risk management and internal control system, the Internal Control Department conducts regular review (every year) and reports from three aspects, namely risk management, internal control and internal audit. After discovering shortcomings of internal control, the Internal Control Department will communicate with relevant functional departments in a timely manner, and propose correction measures and improve regulations and procedures after discussion with the Management. The Internal Control Department regularly (every year) reports the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control system to the Audit Committee.

檢討風險管理及內部監控系統的有效性

公司內控部根據上述風險管理及內控系統,按風險管理、內部監控、內部審計三個方面進行定期(每年)檢討與匯報。針對發現的內部控制缺陷,內控部及時將問題與相關職能部門進行溝通,與管理層匯討論後提出整改措施,完善相關的規章制度與流程。內控部定期(每年)向審核委員會就風險管理及內部監控系統的有效性進行匯報。

In 2022, the Audit Committee and the Internal Control Department reviewed the risk management and internal control system, including finance, operation and compliance control, with a focus on the formulation and implementation of internal control system in areas including major decisions, major projects, major personnel appointment and removal, whether the operation of large amount of funds has fulfilled the collective decision-making and approval procedure, asset management, financial management, contract management, budget management; all functional departments streamlined and optimized business procedures, discovered and assessed risks within their business scope, and controlled risks through standardization of risk control construction. The annual review included the Group's resources in accounting, internal audit and financial reporting, whether employees have sufficient qualifications and experience, and whether staff training courses and their respective budget related are sufficient. The Audit Committee and the Board discovered no major internal control shortcoming that could pose serious impact on the financial position and operation performance of the Group. The Board has reviewed the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control system of the Group and holds the opinion that the risk management and internal control is adequate and effective for the year ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of the annual report and financial report, and it can fully safeguard the rights and interests of shareholders, employees as well as the assets of the Group.

於2022年,審核委員會與內控部檢討風險管理 與內部監控系統,範圍包括財務、營運與合規監 控,重大決策、重大項目、重大人事任免、大 額資金運作是否履行了集體決策與審批程序、資 產管理、財務管理、合同管理、預算管理等方面 的內控制度的制定與執行情況;各職能部門重點 對其業務流程持續進行梳理與優化,發現並評估 各自業務範圍內的風險,通過標準化建設管控風 險。年度檢討亦包括本公司在會計、內部稽核及 財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗是否 足夠,以及對員工的相關培訓課程與預算是否充 足。審核委員會及董事會均無發現任何將對本集 團的財務狀況及經營業績造成重大影響的重大內 控缺陷。董事會認為,回顧截至2022年12月31日 止年度及直至本年報及財務報告刊發日期的風險 管理及內部監控充分有效,及充分以保障股東、 僱員之權益及本集團之資產。

MANAGEMENT OF MAJOR RISKS

During the Reporting Period, the main risks faced by the Group have not changed significantly, and the Group is aware that the changes in the market environment, the impact of COVID-19, the risk of integrity, the competitiveness of products and services, and third-party risks are the main risks that the Group needs to deal with.

主要風險的管理

報告期內,集團面臨的主要風險並無重大變化, 本集團意識到市場環境轉變、新冠疫情影響、廉 政風險、產品及服務競爭力以及第三方風險為本 集團需應對的主要風險。

企業管治報告

The Group is aware that the real economy has been affected by consumption habits and the epidemic, which has impacted the Group's offline store sales. In order to reduce the risks of the market environment, the Group implements a diversified strategy in terms of sales channels and markets, customers and products. And according to the latest development trend, the Group further develops the online industry, accelerates the integration of online and offline, to provide personalized and diversified services for the diversified needs of consumers.

本集團意識到實體經濟受消費習慣、疫情等影響,本集團線下門店銷售受到衝擊。為降低市場環境風險,本集團在銷售渠道和市場、顧客及產品方面實行多元化策略。並根據最新發展趨勢,進一步發展線上業務,加快線上線下的融合,滿足消費需求的變化。

Since 2019, COVID-19 has been affecting the production and operation of enterprises and people's lives. In accordance with the requirements of the government to normalize the management of epidemic prevention, the Group has adjusted the product mix and paid attention to the procurement and supply of epidemic prevention and personal care products to meet the needs of consumers for epidemic prevention. At the same time, the Group cares for the health and safety of employees, formulates measures to ensure the safety of employees, and works together with employees to overcome the COVID-19 crisis.

自2019年以來,新冠肺炎疫情一直在影響企業生產經營、影響百姓生活。本集團根據政府防疫常態化管理要求,調整產品結構,注重防疫及個人護理產品的採購、供應,滿足消費者防疫需求。同時,關懷員工健康與安全,制定保障員工安全的措施,與員工攜手共度疫情難關。

The Group has always been committed to maintaining a high level of business ethics through a robust internal monitoring system. In order to prevent the risk of clean government, the Group has established a sound clean government management system and opened a variety of reporting channels to collect or find improper behaviors through analysis, so as to avoid or reduce the possibility of clean government risks.

本集團一直致力於通過穩健的內部監控制度,維持高水平的商業道德操守為了防範廉政風險,本集團已建立完善的廉政管理制度,並開放多種舉報渠道收集或從分析中發現不當行為,避免或降低廉政風險發生的可能。

The Group is deeply aware that, as a wholesale and retail industry, in order to survive in the increasingly competitive environment, the Group must return to the nature of business, focus on products and services, provide products that can meet consumer needs through diversified marketing means and humanized service methods, improve customer loyalty and stickiness, and continuously improve the core competitiveness of the enterprise.

本集團深刻意識到,作為批發零售行業,在競爭 日益激勵的環境中生存,必須回歸商業本質,圍 繞產品與服務,通過營銷手段多樣化、服務方式 人性化提供能夠滿足消費者需求的產品,提高顧 客忠誠度與粘性,持續提升企業核心競爭能力。

Procedures and internal control measures of treatment and disclosure of inside information

The Group complies with requirements of Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO") and the Listing Rules. The Group discloses inside information to the public as soon as reasonably practicable unless the information falls within any of the safe harbors as provided in the SFO The Group has also established a management system for information disclosure to urge relevant employee to do a good job of information disclosure in accordance with laws and regulations.

The Board manages inside information of the Company. The chairman of the Board is the principal of inside information management. The chairman of the Board and other directors are responsible for management and disclosure of inside information. The Company requires that all departments and individuals should keep all inside information confidential, and no one is allowed to disclose and report any content related to inside information without permission of the Board. If the Board decides to disclose inside information (if necessary), the disclosure of inside information should be undertaken by the securities and legal department.

GOING CONCERN

There were no uncertain events or conditions of a material nature that would affect the Group's ability to continue as a going concern during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report.

處理及發放內幕消息的程序和內部監控措施

本集團遵循《證券及期貨條例》和《上市規則》的規定,於知悉任何內幕消息後,在合理地切實可行的範圍內,會盡快向公眾披露該消息,除非有關消息屬於該條例下任何安全港條文的範圍。本集團並已制定有關信息披露的管理制度,以敦促相關人員依法合規做好信息披露工作。

本公司董事會是本公司內幕信息的管理機構,董事長是公司內幕信息管理工作的主要負責人,董事長及全體執行董事負責管理內幕信息的披露相關事宜。本公司要求任何部門或個人對構成內幕信息的資料保密,且未經董事會批准,不得對外洩露、報道涉及內幕信息及信息披露的內容。如果董事會作出對內幕信息及時披露決定(如有需要),而內幕信息的信息披露由證券法務部具體負責。

持續經營

報告期內及截至本年報刊發之日,概無任何重大 不確定事項或情形影響本集團的持續經營能力。

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Pan Xuemin, an employee of the Company and appointed as the company secretary of the Company on 30 November 2021, fulfills the requirement under Rules 3.28 and 3.29 of the Listing Rules. Meanwhile, Ms. Pan Xuemin has been appointed as the secretary of the board of directors of the Company since 24 August 2016. She has been responsible for the work of the board of directors and is familiar with the procedures of the board meeting (including meeting planning, agenda and motion preparation, meeting minutes, preparation and preservation of meeting materials, etc.). In order to ensure a good channel of communication and information exchange between the Board and the committees, the company secretary shall ensure that information flows smoothly within the Board and complies with board policies and procedures; It also makes requests and recommendations to the Board on compliance and governance matters to facilitate the appointment of directors and supervise their training and continuing professional development. She has attained not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the Reporting Period. Her biography is set out in the "Profiles of Directors, Supervisor and Senior Management" section of this annual report.

公司秘書

本公司的公司秘書潘學敏女士,為本公司僱員, 於2021年11月30日獲委任為公司秘書,符合上市 規則第3.28及3.29條所列之要求。同時,潘學敏 女士自2016年8月24日起獲委任為本公司董事會秘 書,一直負責董事會工作並熟悉董事會會議流程 (包括會議籌劃、議程及議案編製、會議記錄、會 議材料準備及保存等)。為確保董事會與各委員會 之間建立良好的溝通與信息交流渠道,公司秘書 應確保信息在董事會內部順暢流通,並已遵從董 事會政策及程序:彼亦會就合規及管治事宜向董 事會提出要求與建議,方便董事就職及監管董事 之培訓及持續專業發展。報告期間,彼獲得不少 於十五個小時的相關培訓。其履歷載於本年報「董 事、監事及高級管理層簡介」一節。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Pursuant to Article 58 of the Articles of Association of the Company, where shareholder(s) holding 10% (including 10%) or more of the Company's issued and outstanding shares carrying the right to vote request(s) in writing for the convening of an extraordinary general meeting, the Board shall convene an extraordinary general meeting within two (2) months.

Pursuant to Article 60 of the Articles of Association of the Company, whenever the Company convenes a general meeting, shareholder(s) individually or collectively holding 3% or more of the shares carrying the right to vote of the Company shall have the right to propose new motions to the general meeting by submitting the same to the convener in writing. The Company shall include in the agenda for the meeting the matters in the motions that fall within the scope of duties of the shareholders' general meeting.

The above eligible shareholders may at any time deliver their proposals to the Secretariat of the Board of Directors of the Company at Room 327, 3rd Floor, Block No.45, Xinyuan Street, Chaoyang District, Beijing, PRC.

股東權利

本公司公司章程第58條規定,單獨或者合計持有公司發行在外的有表決權的股份10%以上(含10%)的股東以書面形式要求召開臨時股東大會時,董事會應當在2個月內召開臨時股東大會。

公司章程第60條規定,公司召開股東大會,單獨或者合計持有公司有表決權的股份總數3%以上(含3%)的股東,有權以書面形式向公司提出新的提案,公司應當將提案中屬於股東大會職責範圍內的事項,列入該次會議的議程。

上述適格股東可隨時將提案送達本公司董事會秘書處,地址為中華人民共和國北京市朝陽區新源街45號樓3層327。

Pursuant to Article 78 of the Articles of Association of the Company, shareholders shall comply with the following procedures when they propose to convene an extraordinary general meeting or a class meeting: (1) shareholders individually or jointly holding 10% or more (including 10%) of the shares carrying the right to vote at the meeting proposed to be held for 90 consecutive days or more may sign one or more written request(s), the form and substance of which are the same, to propose to the Board for holding an extraordinary general meeting or a class meeting, and shall list out clearly the agenda of the meeting in the request. The Board shall, upon receipt of the aforesaid written request, convene the extraordinary general meeting or the class general meeting as soon as possible. The shareholdings mentioned above shall be calculated on the date when the shareholders make such written request. (2) If the Board does not serve a notice of such meeting within 30 days upon receipt of the aforesaid written request, shareholders individually or jointly holding 10% or more (including 10%) of the Company's shares carrying the right to vote at the meeting proposed for 90 consecutive days or more may sign one or more written request(s), the form and substance of which are the same, to propose to the Supervisory Committee for holding an extraordinary general meeting or a class meeting, and shall list out clearly the agenda of the meeting in the request. The Supervisory Committee shall, upon receipt of the aforesaid written request, convene and preside the extraordinary general meeting or the class meeting in a timely manner. (3) If the Supervisory Committee does not serve a notice of such meeting within 30 days upon receipt of the aforesaid written request, the shareholders making such request may convene the meeting by themselves within two months upon receipt of the request by the Supervisory Committee, and the procedures for convening such meeting shall be as similar to those for convening a general meeting by the Board as possible. Any reasonable cost incurred in connection with the convening and holding of the meeting by the shareholders themselves as result of the failure on the part of the Board and the Supervisory Committee to hold such meeting as required above shall be borne by the Company, and shall be deducted from the amount due to the directors and supervisors of the Company who are in default.

公司章程第78條規定,股東要求召集臨時股東 大會或類別股東會議,應當按照下列程序辦理: (1)連續九十日以上單獨或者合計持有在該擬舉行 的會議上有表決權的股份10%以上(含10%)的股 東,可以簽署一份或數份同樣格式內容的書面要 求,提請董事會召集臨時股東大會或類別股東會 議,並闡明會議的議題。董事會在收到前述書面 要求後應當盡快召集臨時股東大會或類別股東會 議。前述持股數按股東提出書面要求日計算。(2) 如果董事會在收到前述書面要求後30日內沒有發 出召集會議的通告,連續九十日以上單獨或者合 計持有在該擬舉行的會議上有表決權的股份10% 以上(含10%)的股東,可以簽署一份或數份同樣 格式內容的書面要求,提請監事會召集臨時股東 大會或類別股東會議,並闡明會議的議題。監事 會在收到前述書面要求後應當及時召集和主持臨 時股東大會或類別股東會議。(3)如果監事會在收 到前述書面要求後30日內沒有發出召集會議的通 告,提出該要求的股東可以在監事會收到該要求 後2個月內自行召集會議。召集的程序應當盡可能 與董事會召集股東大會的程序相同。股東因董事 會及監事會未應前述要求舉行會議而自行召集並 舉行會議的,其所發生的合理費用,應當由公司 承擔,並從公司欠付失職董事、監事的款項中扣 除。

SHAREHOLDER COMMUNICATION POLICY

During the Reporting Period, the office of the Board of Directors is responsible for the communication between shareholders and the company. Any question of shareholders can be contacted with the secretary of the Board of directors by telephone, fax, email, etc. Members of the office of the Board of Directors will also timely record and give feedback upon receipt of shareholders' comments, suggestions, consultation, etc. Shareholders may complain about the work of the office of the Board of Directors if they believe that communication is blocked or any feedback is not timely. During the Reporting Period, no obstruction of communication has occurred to shareholders.

股東通訊政策

報告期內,董事會辦公室負責股東與公司之間聯絡,股東任何問題均可通過電話、傳真、郵件等方法與董事會秘書取得聯絡,董事會辦公室成員也會在收到股東意見、建議、諮詢等及時記錄並反饋。如果股東認為通訊受阻或任何反饋不及時,均可對董事會辦公室工作進行投訴,報告期內,股東通訊未有受阻情況發生。

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Board adopted a dividend policy with the aims to set out the general principles and guidelines that the Company intends to apply in relation to the payment of dividend to the Shareholders. The Board has full discretion to declare and distribute dividends to the Shareholders, and any final dividend for a financial year will be subject to the approval by the Shareholder in the annual general meeting. In proposing any dividend payout, the Board shall also take into account of the following factors such as the Group's financial results, financial position, liquidity position, expected future operations and earnings, capital requirements, interests of the Shareholders, any restrictions on payment of dividends and any other factors the Board may consider relevant. Meanwhile, any payment of the dividend by the Company is also subject to any restrictions under the Company Law of the PRC, the Articles of Association of the Company and all applicable laws and regulations.

股息政策

董事會已採納的股息政策,旨在闡述本公司擬就向本公司股東派發股息所適用的一般原則與指引。董事會可全權酌情決定宣派及派發股息予股東,任何財政年度之末期股息均須於股東週年大會上獲股東批准後方可執行。董事會於建議派發股息時,應考慮下列因素:本集團之財務業績、財務狀況、流動資金狀況、預期未來營運及收益、資金需求、股東權利、派發股息之任何限制及董事會認為相關的其他因素。同時,本公司章程及所有適用的法律法規。

RELATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Group is committed to maintaining a stable and constructive communication with shareholders, adhering to the principles of integrity, regularity and high transparency, and disclosing the required information in compliance with the Listing Rules. Information of the Group is disseminated to its shareholders in the following manners:

股東參與及投資者關係

本集團致力與股東及投資者維持穩固及具建設性 的溝通,堅持誠信、規範及高透明度的原則並根 據上市規則的要求披露相關信息,本集團通過以 下各種方式為其股東提供資料:

企業管治報告

- delivery of results and reports to shareholders;
- publication of announcements and shareholders' circulars on the websites of the Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and the Company in accordance with the Listing Rules; on the Group's website, investors can enquire about the Group's basic information, public announcements and other the information since the Company became listed, including annual reports, interim reports, quarterly results, price-sensitive information, circulars, announcements and notices. All the information above is available in the "Investor Relations" section on the Company's website;
- arranging general and extraordinary meetings with its shareholders as an effective communication channel between the Board and its shareholders;
- the Department of Investor Relations of the Company is responsible for liaising with investors and analysts by answering their questions, organizing field trips to the stores and distribution centers of the Group, and gathering, in a timely manner, opinions and comments from analysts and investors on the operation of the Group, and selectively adopting them in the Group's operation; and
- communicating actively with various parties, in particular, convening briefing sessions, press conferences and one-on-one meetings with institutional investors upon the announcement of results and material investments.

- 一 向全體股東送呈業績與報告;
- 根據上市規則要求在香港交易及結算所有限公司網站及本公司網站上刊發公告及派發股東通函:於本集團網站,投資者可隨時查詢本集團的基本情況、法定公告,上市以來刊發的年報、中期報告、季度業績披露、股價敏感信息、通函、公告均載於網站「投資者關係」欄內。
- 召開股東大會及股東特別大會,作為董事會 與股東之間有效溝通的渠道。
- 本公司投資者關係部負責與投資者和分析員聯絡,回答其提出的問題,安排他們至本集團的門店及配送中心進行實地考察,並及時收集分析員與投資者關對本集團營運的意見及建議,並於本集團的營運中有選擇性地予以採納;及
- 主動與各方人士溝通,特別是,於公佈業績及重大投資後,舉行推介會、媒體發佈會及與機構投資者的一對一會議。

As at 31 December 2022, the amount of the shareholdings of the senior management of the Group is as follows:

於2022年12月31日,本集團高級管理人員持股數量如下:

Name 姓名	Capacity 身份	Total number of domestic shares held 所持內資股 股數	Approximate percentage of total issued domestic shares 佔已發行內資股 概約百分比	Approximate percentage of total issued shares 佔已發行總股本概約百分比
Zhang Hongbo 張紅波	Personal 個人	100,000	0.04	0.02
Wang Hong 王虹	Personal 個人	186,696	0.08	0.05
Pan Xuemin 潘學敏	Personal 個人	30,000	0.01	0

The details of the classified shareholder and the number of total equities are as follows:

股東類別的詳情及總持股量如下:

The Group issued a total of 412,220,000 shares of domestic shares and H shares respectively:

本集團發行內資股及H股共計412,220,000股,分別為:

Domestic shares: 230,060,000 H shares: 182,160,000 內資股: 230,060,000 H股: 182,160,000

On 13 May 2022, the Company held the 2021 Annual General Meeting to consider issuance of shares, repurchase of shares, issuance of short term debentures and other resolutions (please refer to the circular of the Company's annual general meeting dated 21 April 2022). All resolutions as mentioned above have been duly passed.

2022年5月13日召開2020年度股東週年大會,審議發行股份、回購股份、發行短期融資債等議案 (詳細內容可參考本公司於2022年4月21日刊發的 股東週年大會通函),全部議案均已獲得通過。

The Board welcomes shareholders' views and input sincerely. Shareholders may, at any time, send their enquiries and concerns to the Board by addressing them to the Investor Relations Department of the Company by letter, telephone, fax or email. Details of the contact information can be found at page 5 of this annual report.

董事會真誠歡迎各位股東的意見及參與。股東可隨時以來函、電話、傳真或電郵方式致本公司的投資者關係部而向董事會提出其查詢及關注事宜。聯絡資料詳情載於本年報第5頁。

WHISTLE-BLOWING POLICY AND ANTI-CORRUPTION POLICIES

The Company has established a whistle-blowing policy for employees and those who deal with the Company, including customers and third parties who deal with the Group, such as customers and suppliers, to raise concern, in confidence and anonymity, with the Discipline Inspection and Supervision Department (紀委監察部) of the Company or the Audit Committee about possible improprieties in any matter related to the Group, including but not limited to breach of legal or regulatory requirement, breach of policy or code of conduct of the Group illegal activity, misconduct or fraud involving internal control, accounting, audit and financial matters, and immoral behavior that may prejudice the reputation of the Company. etc. When employees and third parties reasonably suspect any misconduct in the Company, they can notify the Discipline Inspection and Supervision Department, and this department shall investigate the matter and report to the Audit Committee if a prima facie case is established. If, for any reason, the whistleblower does not wish to report to the Discipline Inspection and Supervision Department then the whistleblower can report to the Secretary to the Board, then she will report to the chairman of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee shall then decide how the investigation is to be proceeded. The Audit Committee shall annually report at the Committee's meeting in respect of the number of whistleblowing cases received during the year under the whistleblowing policy and the respective status of handing.

The Company has established policies and system that promote and support anti-corruption laws and regulations, Please refer to the paragraphs headed "Anti-Corruption" in the section named "Environmental, Social And Governance Report" in this annual report.

舉報及反貪污政策

本公司已制定舉報政策,使員工及與本公司有往 來的第三方(例如本公司消費者及供應商)等可以 在保密的情況及以不具名的方式,對任何與本公 司有關可能屬不當的事宜向本公司紀委監察部或 審核委員會提出關注,有關事宜包括但不限於違 反法律或監管要求、違反本公司的規章制度、 涉及內部控制、會計、審計及財務事宜的不法行 為、不當行為或欺詐行為以及可能損害本集團聲 譽的不道德行為等。當員工及第三方合理地懷疑 本公司出現不當行為,可通知本公司紀委監察部 後由紀委監察部調查事件,如表面證據成立,需 向審核委員會作出匯報。若舉報者基於任何理由 不欲通知紀委監察部,舉報者可向董事會秘書作 出舉報,由董事會秘書告知審核委員會主席,審 核委員會將決定如何進行調查。審核委員會將每 年報告接受舉報案件個數及處理情況。

本公司已制定反貪污政策和系統。具體內容詳見本公司「環境、社會及管治報告」中「反貪污」一節中。

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

董事會報告

The board of directors hereby presents their annual report and the audited financial statements of the Company and the Group for the Reporting Period.

董事會謹此提呈本公司及本集團於報告期間的年 度報告及經審計財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Group principally engages in the retail and wholesale distribution of daily consumer products in the region covering the Beijing city and certain parts of its periphery. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the Reporting Period.

The business review, major risks, performance analysis using financial key performance indicators and future prospects of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 and the particulars of events affecting the Group which has occurred since 31 December 2022 are set out in Chairman's Statement on pages 7 to 11, the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 12 to 28 and the Corporate Governance Report on pages 29 to 66 of this report.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

In 2022, the Group withstood the impact of multiple rounds of the epidemic, strictly implemented the government's measures for epidemic prevention and supply, and joined hands with Jingkelongren to complete the task of epidemic prevention and supply and guarantee the livelihood of consumers. On the other hand, the Group paid more attention to the quality and cost of products, and strengthened cooperation with suppliers to ensure operational efficiency. Detailed information on the ESG practices adopted by the Company is set out in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report on pages 91 to 126 of this report.

主要業務

本集團主要於北京及其周邊地區從事日用消費品 的零售及批發分銷業務。報告期內本集團主要業 務性質未發生重大變化。

截至2022年12月31日止以及自2022年12月31日 起發生的影響本集團的事件詳情,本集團就關於 業務回顧、風險以及根據財務主要績效指標進行 的經營業績分析及企業展望內容載於本報告中第7 頁至第11頁的董事長報告,第12頁至第28頁的管 理層討論與分析及第29頁至第66頁的企業管治報 告。

環境政策及表現

2022年,本集團頂住疫情多輪衝擊,嚴格執行政府防疫保供措施,攜手京客隆人完成抗疫保供任務,保障消費者民生需求。另一方面,集團更加注重商品的品質與成本,加強與供應商協作,保證營運效率。有關本公司所採納環境、社會及管治規定的詳細資料載於本報告第91頁至第126頁的環境、社會及管治報告中。

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS 董事會報告

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Company has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Company.

The Company persists in governing, operating and managing in accordance with law and drew out a 2022 annual work plan for the construction of the rule of law, spurring the progress of operating enterprises according to the law and implement of all kind of related works. The Group has been vigorously promoting the modernization of the rule of law system and governance, ensuring the sustainable development of the Group.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Group's profit for the Reporting Period and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group as at 31 December 2022 are set out in the financial statements on pages 138 to 391.

As the net profit (loss) attributable to the shareholders of the parent company for the Reporting Period was RMB(96,070,695) on 30 March 2023, the Board of the Company proposed not to pay final of a dividend to its shareholders, which means there will be no cash dividend distribution, nor will the capital reserves be capitalized or other forms of distribution be made in respect of the year ended 31 December 2022 in order to ensure the continuous and stable operation and the longterm interest of the shareholders of the Company, after taking into account of the operating plans and capital needs of the Company in 2023. The above proposal of not distributing final dividend is subject to the consideration and approval at the upcoming 2022 Annual General Meeting to be held on 17 May 2023.

遵守法律及法規

本公司在各重大方面已遵守對公司業務及營運具 有重大影響的相關法律法規。

本公司堅持依法治理、依法經營、依法管理,制定了2022年度法治建設工作計劃,嚴格推進並落實依法治企各項工作;大力推動本集團法治體系和治理能力現代化,努力保障本集團可持續發展。

業績及股息

本集團於報告期內之溢利及本公司和本集團於 2022年12月31日之財務狀況載於財務報表第138 至391頁。

董事會結合報告期間歸屬於母公司所有者的淨利潤(虧損)為人民幣(96,070,695)元,為保障本公司持續穩定經營和全體股東的長遠利益,綜合考慮2023年經營計劃和資金需求,建議2022年度不派發末期股息,即不進行現金股利分配,也不進行資本公積金轉增股本和其他形式的分配。上述建議不派發股息的議案,須待本公司將於2023年5月17日召開的2022年股東週年大會上審批同意後方可生效。

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results, assets, liabilities and equity of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the Company's annual reports, is set out on page 392 of this annual report.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment and investment properties of the Group during the Reporting Period are set out in note (VI) 10,11 and 12 to the financial statements, respectively.

SHARE CAPITAL

There were no movements in the Company's share capital during the Reporting Period.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association or the laws of the PRC which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves (including surplus reserve and undistributed profits) of the Group during the Reporting Period are set out in note (VI) 37, 38 to the financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

財務資料概要

摘自本公司年度報告的本集團過往五個財政年度 的業績、資產、負債及權益載於本年度報告第392 頁。

物業、廠房、設備及投資物業

報告期內,有關本公司及本集團之物業、廠房、 設備及投資物業之變動詳情分別載於財務報表附 註(六)10、11及12。

股本

報告期內,本公司股本未發生變動。

優先購買權

本公司之公司章程或中國法律並無載列有關強制 本公司按現有股東持股比例向彼等發售新股之優 先購買權之規定。

購買、贖回或出售本公司之上市證券

報告期內及截至本報告出具之日,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、贖回或出售任何本公司之上 上市證券。

留存收益

報告期內本公司及本集團儲備(含盈餘公積及未分配利潤)之變動詳情分別載於財務報表附註(六) 37、38及合併權益變動表。

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

董事會報告

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2022, the Company's distributable reserves were RMB313.627.19.

UNDISTRIBUTED PROFITS

Details of undistributed profits are set out in note (VI) 38 to the financial statements.

BANK BORROWINGS

Details of the Group's bank borrowings at the reporting date are set out in note (VI) 20, 30 to the financial statements.

INTEREST CAPITALISED

During the Reporting Period, the Group's interest capitalized amounted to RMB218,118 (2021: RMB101,938).

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the Reporting Period, operating income from the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 23% (2021: 25%) of the total operating income for the year and operating income from the largest customer accounted for approximately 12% (2021: 14%). Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 35% (2021: 33%) of the total purchases for the year and purchases from the largest supplier accounted for approximately 10% (2021: 10%) during the Reporting Period.

None of the directors or supervisors of the Company or any of their close associates or any shareholders which, to the best knowledge of the directors and supervisors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital had any beneficial interest in any of the Group's five largest customers and suppliers.

可供分配儲備

於2022年12月31日,本公司可供分派儲備為人民 幣313.627.197元。

未分配利潤

未分配利潤詳情載於財務報告附註(六)38。

銀行借款

本集團於報告期日的借款詳情載於財務報表附註 (六)20、30。

資本化利息

報告期內,本集團資本化利息總計人民幣218,118 元(2021年:人民幣101,938元)。

主要客戶及供貨商

報告期內,向本集團五大客戶營業收入佔本年度總營業收入的23%(2021年:25%),而向最大客戶營業收入約佔12%(2021年:14%)。報告期內,向五大供貨商採購額佔總採購額的35%(2021年:33%),而向最大供貨商採購額約佔10%(2021年:10%)。

概無本公司董事或監事或彼等之聯繫人或就董事 或監事所知擁有逾5%已發行股本之任何股東,於 本集團五大客戶或供貨商擁有任何權益。

DIRECTORS AND SUPERVISORS

The directors and supervisors of the Company during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report are as follows:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Zhang Liwei (Chairman)

Ms. Li Chunyan Mr. Li Shenlin

Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Li Jianwen
Ms. Zhang Yan
Mr. Li Shunxiang

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Choi Onward
Mr. Wang Liping
Mr. Chen Liping

Supervisors:

Ms. Liu Wenyu (Chairman)

Mr. Chen Zhong
Mr. Yang Baoqun
Mr. Wang Deshan
Ms. Niu Hongyan
Ms. Li Chunyi

The Company has received the annual confirmations of independence from each of its independent non-executive directors and is of the view that they are independent.

董事及監事

報告期內及截至本報告出具之日,本公司董事及 監事如下:

執行董事:

張立偉先生(主席) 李春燕女士 李慎林先生

非執行董事:

李建文先生 張彥女士 李順祥先生

獨立非執行董事:

蔡安活先生 王利平先生 陳立平先生

監事:

劉文瑜女士(主席)

陳鍾先生 楊寶群先生 王德山先生 李春溢女士 牛紅艷女士

本公司已自三位獨立非執行董事獲得其獨立性的 年度確認,並確信其具備獨立性。

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS 董事會報告

DIRECTORS', SUPERVISORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S PROFILES

Profile details of the directors, supervisors and senior management of the Company are set out on pages 83 to 90 of this annual report.

DIRECTORS' AND SUPERVISORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

The Company has entered into service contracts with the directors, including Mr. Zhang Liwei, Ms. Li Chunyan, Mr. Li Shenlin, Mr. Li Jianwen, Ms. Zhang Yan, Mr. Li Shunxiang, Mr. Wang Liping, Mr. Chen Liping, Mr. Choi Onward, each of the directors pursuant to which they have agreed to act as directors of the Company for a three-year term with effect from the 2021 Annual General Meeting held on 13 May 2022, in which they were re-elected or elected as director of the Company and expiring at the conclusion of 2024 Annual General Meeting. Mr. Zhang Liwei was appointed as the executive director. Each of the executive directors, Ms. Li Chunyan and Mr. Li Shenlin (other than the Chairman of the Board, Mr. Zhang Liwei), will not receive a director's fee, but is entitled to remuneration based on his/her executive duties and responsibilities (other than being a director) in the Company which comprises a fixed annual basic salary, a performance-based bonus which is determined by reference to the Company's annual financial results and other allowance and benefits in kind under applicable PRC law and regulations. Their respective fixed annual basic salary and performance-based bonus for each of their term shall be approved by the Board and the remuneration committee of the Company. Mr. Zhang Liwei, the Chairman of the Board, is entitled to remuneration (including an annual basic salary and a performance-based bonus to be determined by reference to the Company's annual financial results) which will be granted and approved by the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the Beijing Chaoyang District Government, and other allowance and benefits in kind under the applicable PRC law and regulations.

董事、監事及高級管理層簡介

本公司董事、監事及高級管理人員個人簡介載於 本年度報告第83頁至90頁。

董事及監事之服務合約

自於2022年5月13日召開的2021年股東调年大會 張立偉先生、李春燕女士、李慎林先生、李建文 先生、張彥女士、李順祥先生、王利平先生、陳 立平先生、蔡安活先生獲重選或選舉為董事後, 本公司已與各董事簽訂服務合約,據此,彼等同 意自2021年股東週年大會批准之日起出任董事, 任期三年,並將於2024年股東週年大會結束之日 屆滿。張立偉先生獲委任為本公司董事長,各執 行董事即李春燕女士及李慎林先生(除董事長張立 偉先生外)不收取董事袍金,但有權依據其在本 公司內的行政職務及責任(除董事職位外)領取薪 酬。他們均有權每年領取固定基本年薪,及參考 本公司年度業績的績效獎金和其他津貼及依據中 國法律法規規定適用的實物利益。他們各自任期 的固定基本年薪及績效獎金將由本公司董事會及 薪酬委員會批准。本公司的董事長張立偉先生領 取的薪酬(包括基本年薪及參考本公司年度業績確 定的績效獎金)由北京市朝陽區人民政府國有資產 監督管理委員會核定及批准,和其他津貼及依據 中國法律法規規定適用的實物利益。

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS 董事會報告

Each of the non-executive directors, Mr. Li Jianwen, Ms. Zhang Yan and Mr. Li Shunxiang, has entered into a service contract with the Company pursuant to which they have agreed to act as the non-executive director of the Company with effect from the 2021 Annual General Meeting and expiring at the conclusion of the 2024 Annual General Meeting. They will not receive any remuneration.

非執行董事李建文先生、張彥女士及李順祥先及 均已與本公司簽訂服務合約,李建文先生、張彥 女士及李順祥先生同意自2021年股東週年大會批 准之日起出任非執行董事,任期至2024股東週年 大會結束時止。彼等不收取任何薪酬。

Each of the independent non-executive directors, Mr. Choi Onward, Mr. Wang Liping and Mr. Chen Liping, has entered into a service contract with the Company pursuant to which they have agreed to act as independent non-executive directors for a three-year term with effect from the 2021 Annual General Meeting, which will expire at the conclusion of the 2024 Annual General Meeting. The terms of their service contracts are identical in all material respects and they are entitled to receive fixed directors' fees. The director's fee for Mr. Choi Onward is RMB204,758 per annum (tax inclusive) and RMB41,850 per annum (tax inclusive) for each of Mr. Wang Liping and Mr. Chen Liping.

獨立非執行董事蔡安活先生、王利平先生和陳立平先生均已與公司簽訂服務合約,據此,彼等同意自2021年股東週年大會批准之日起出任獨立非執行董事,任期三年,並將於2024年股東週年大會結束之日屆滿。獨立非執行董事的委任協議的條款在各重大方面皆為相同,而彼等將有權收取定額董事袍金。蔡安活先生領取固定的董事袍金為每年人民幣204,758元(稅前),王利平先生和陳立平先生均領取固定的董事袍金為每年人民幣41.850元(稅前)。

Each of the supervisors, Ms. Liu Wenyu, Mr. Yang Baoqun, Mr. Chen Zhong and Mr. Wang Deshan, has entered into a service contract with the Company pursuant to which each has agreed to act as a supervisor for a three-year term with effect from the 2021 Annual General Meeting, and expiring at the conclusion of the 2024 Annual General Meeting. Pursuant to a resolution passed at the worker's congress 2021 of the Company held on 12 March 2022, Ms. Niu Hongyan and Ms. Li Chunyi have been elected as staff supervisors, for a three-year term with effect from the worker's congress 2021, and expiring at the conclusion of the worker's congress. Each of them has entered into a service contract with the Company. The terms of the service contracts are identical in all material respects save that:

自於2022年5月13日召開的2021年股東週年大會劉文瑜女士、楊寶群先生、陳鍾先生及王德山先生獲重選為監事後,均已與本公司簽訂了服務合約,據此,彼等同意自2021年股東週年大會批准之日起擔任監事,任期三年,並將於2024年股東週年大會結束之日屆滿。根據於2022年3月12日召開的2021年職工代表大會決議,選舉牛紅艷女士、李春溢女士為職工監事,任期三年,任期將於2024年職工代表大會結束時屆滿。彼等已與本公司簽訂了服務合約。彼等的服務合約在各重大方面皆為相同,唯以下各項除外:

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS 董事會報告

- i. Mr. Yang Baoqun does not receive any supervisor's fee;
- ii. each of Mr. Chen Zhong and Mr. Wang Deshan receives a fixed supervisor's fee of RMB35,100 per annum (tax inclusive);
- iii. each of Ms. Liu Wenyu, Ms. Niu Hongyan and Ms. Li Chunyi is entitled to remuneration based on their executive duties and responsibilities (other than being a supervisor) in the Company which comprises of a fixed basic salary, a performance-based bonus which is determined by reference to the Company's annual financial results and other allowance and benefits in kind under applicable PRC law and regulations.

None of the directors or supervisors had entered into or proposed to enter into, any service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS', SUPERVISORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S REMUNERATION

The directors' and supervisors' fees are subject to shareholders' approval at general meetings. Other emoluments are determined by the Board with reference to directors' and supervisors' duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group. The Company has established a remuneration committee to formulate compensation policies and to determine and manage the compensation of the Company's senior management. Details of the directors' and supervisors' remuneration are disclosed in note (XI)4(3) to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' AND SUPERVISORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS

None of the directors or supervisors or any entities connected with them had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company, its controlling shareholder, or any of their subsidiaries was a party during or at the end of the Reporting Period.

- i. 楊寶群先生不收取任何監事袍金;
- ii. 陳鍾先生及王德山先生收取定額監事袍金每年人民幣35,100元(稅前):
- iii. 劉文瑜女士、牛紅艷女士及李春溢女士依據 其在本公司內的行政職務及責任(除監事職位 外)領取薪酬,包括固定基本年薪,及參考 本公司年度業績的績效獎金和其他津貼及依 據中國法律法規規定適用的實物利益。

概無任何董事或監事已與或擬與本公司簽訂本公司於一年內毋需支付賠償(法定賠償除外)而不可以終止之服務合約。

董事、監事及高級管理人員的酬金

董事及監事之袍金經股東大會批准。其他報酬由 董事會根據董事及監事的職責、責任、任職表現 及集團業績決定。本公司已成立的薪酬委員會已 釐定薪酬政策及管理並決定對公司高級管理人員 的薪酬。董事及監事的薪酬詳情載於財務報表附 註(十一)4(3)。

董事及監事於合約之權益

董事及監事於報告期間概無與本公司、其控股股 東或其任何附屬公司參與簽署任何直接或間接於 有關本集團業務擁有重大權益之合約。

CONTRACTS WITH CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

No contract of significance was entered into between the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, and any of the controlling shareholders or any of their subsidiaries during the year ended 31 December 2022.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group were entered into or existed during the year ended 31 December 2022.

DIRECTORS' AND SUPERVISORS' RIGHTS IN ACQUIRING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

At no time during the Reporting Period were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or its subsidiaries granted to any directors and supervisors or their respective associates, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the directors and supervisors and other body corporate to acquire such rights.

DIRECTORS', SUPERVISORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2022, the interests and short positions of the directors, supervisors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the

與控股股東的合約

截至2022年12月31日,本公司概無與本公司附屬公司、本公司控股股東或其任何附屬公司簽訂重大合約。

管理合約

截至2022年12月31日,本集團概無簽訂或實際存在任何關於本集團管理或相關方面的合約。

董事及監事收購股份或債權證之權利

報告期內任何時間概無授予任何董事及監事或其相應的聯繫人通過收購本公司或其附屬公司之股份或債權證的方式獲取利益之權利,或已實行任何該等權利:本公司或其附屬公司也沒有成為能使董事及監事與其他法人公司獲得此類權利的合同之一方當事人。

董事、監事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證中的權益

於2022年12月31日,本公司董事、監事及最高行政人員於本公司及其聯繫法團(按《證券及期貨條例》第XV部所界定者)的股份、相關股份或債權證中,擁有根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉(包括根據《證券及期貨條例》有關條文規定,彼等被當作或視為擁有的權益或淡倉),或根據《證券及期貨條例》第352條規定須記入本公司持有登記冊內的權益及淡倉,或根據上市規則附錄十《標準守則》規

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS 董事會報告

register referred to therein, or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules, were as follows:

定,須知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

Long positions in the domestic shares of the Company

本公司內資股之好倉

Name 姓名	Capacity 身份	Total number of domestic shares held 所持內資股股數	Approximate percentage of total issued domestic shares 佔已發行內資股 概約百分比 (%)	Approximate percentage of total issued shares 佔已發行總股本 概約百分比 (%)
Zhang Liwei 張立偉	Personal 個人	400,100	0.17	0.10
Li Chunyan 李春燕	回入 Personal 個人	505,992	0.22	0.12
Li Shenlin 李慎林	Personal 個人	430,100	0.19	0.10
Li Jianwen 李建文	回入 Personal 個人	2,022,579	0.88	0.49
Li Shunxiang 李順祥	Personal 個人	5,210,428	2.26	1.26
Yang Baoqun 楊寶群	Personal 個人	1,042,086	0.45	0.25
Liu Wenyu 劉文瑜	Personal 個人	365,151	0.16	0.09
Niu Hongyan 牛紅艷	回人 Personal 個人	70,000	0.03	0.02
Li Chunyi 李春溢	岡八 Personal 個人	50,000	0.02	0.01

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2022, none of the directors, supervisors or chief executives of the Company nor any of their associates and any interest and short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules.

除上文所披露者外,於2022年12月31日,概無任何本公司董事、監事或主要行政人員或彼等的聯繫人與本公司或任何聯繫法團(按《證券及期貨條例》第XV部所界定者)的股份、相關股份及債權證中,擁有根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉(包括根據《證券及期貨條例》有關條文已獲得或視為擁有的權益或淡倉),或根據《證券及期貨條例》第352條規定須記入本公司持有登記冊內的權益或淡倉,或根據上市規則附錄十《標準守則》規定,須知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 December 2022, so far as is known to the directors, supervisors or chief executive of the Company, the persons (other than a director, supervisor or chief executive of the Company) had, or were deemed or taken to have interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

主要股東

於2022年12月31日,就本公司董事、監事或主要 行政人員所知,下列人士(本公司董事、監事或主 要行政人員除外)於本公司的股份及相關股份或債 券中,擁有或被視為擁有根據《證券及期貨條例》 第XV部第2及第3分部須知會本公司及聯交所的權 益或淡倉,或根據《證券及期貨條例》第336條須記 入本公司持有登記冊內的權益或淡倉如下:

Long positions in the domestic shares of the Company

本公司內資股之好倉

Name	Capacity	Total number of domestic shares held	Approximate percentage of total issued domestic shares 佔已發行內資股	Approximate percentage of total issued shares 佔已發行總股本
姓名	身份	所持內資股的股數	概約百分比 (%)	概約百分比 (%)
Beijing Chaofu Stated-owned Assets Administration Company Limited*	Beneficial owner	167,409,808	72.77	40.61
北京朝富國有資產管理有限公司*	百			

^{*} Formerly known as "Beijing Chaoyang Auxiliary Food Company"

Positions in the H shares of the Company

本公司H股之好倉

Name	Total number of H shares held 所持有已發行	Approximate percentage of total issued H shares 佔已發行H股 總數的概約	Approximate percentage of total 佔已發行的 總股本的概約
名稱	H股股數	百分比 (%)	百分比 (%)
China Galaxy International Asset Management (Hong Kong) Co., Limited (note 1)(附註1) China Galaxy International SPC (acting for and on behalf of China Galaxy	24,970,000 (L)	13.71	6.06
Value Fund I SP) (note 2)(附註2)	24,970,000 (L)	13.71	6.06
(L) – Long Position	(L) 一好倉		

更名前為「北京市朝陽副食品總公司」

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Notes:

- These 24,970,000 H shares were held by China Galaxy International Asset Management (Hong Kong) Co., Limited in its capacity as an investment manager.
- These 24,970,000 H shares were held by China Galaxy International SPC (acting for and on behalf of China Galaxy Value Fund I SP) in its capacity as an investment manager.

Save as disclosed above, as far as is known to the directors, supervisors or chief executive of the Company, as at 31 December 2022, no other persons (not being a director, supervisor or chief executive of the Company) had, or were deemed or taken to have any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on public information and within the knowledge of the directors, the Company's public float complied with the applicable requirements of the Listing Rules from 1 January 2022 and up to the date of this report.

COMPETITION AND CONFLICT OF INTEREST

None of the directors, supervisors, the controlling shareholder or the substantial shareholders of the Company or any of their respective associates had engaged in any business that competed or might compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group, or had any other conflict of interests with the Group during the Reporting Period.

附註:

- 1. 此等24,970,000股H股由China Galaxy International Asset Management (Hong Kong) Co., Limited以投資 經理的身份持有權益。
- 此等24,970,0000股H股由China Galaxy International SPC (acting for and on behalf of China Galaxy Value Fund I SP)以投資經理的身份持有權益。

除上文所披露者外,據本公司董事、監事及主要 行政人員所知,於2022年12月31日,概無任何人 士(本公司董事、監事或主要行政人員除外)於本 公司的股份、相關股份或債券中,擁有或被視為 擁有根據《證券即期貨條例》第XV部第2及3分部須 知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉,或根據《證券 期貨條例》第336條須記入本公司持有登記冊的權 益及淡倉。

充足的公眾持股量

基於公開資料及就董事所知悉,於2022年1月1日 至本報告出具日,本公司之公眾持股量符合上市 規則的相關要求。

競爭及利益衝突

報告期內,概無本公司之董事、監事、控股股東 或主要股東或其任何聯繫人從事直接或間接與本 集團業務競爭或可能競爭的業務,或與本集團存 在任何其他利益衝突。

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS 董事會報告

AUDITORS

To consider that a change of auditor after an appropriate period of time could enhance the independence of the auditor and maintain good corporate governance, and it would be in the interest of the Company and its Shareholders as a whole, pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the 2019 Annual General Meeting which was held on 23 June 2020, Da Hua Certified Public Accountants (Special General Partnership) (大華會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)) ("Da Hua") was appointed as the new auditor of the Company, and Ruihua Certified Public Accountants LLP no longer took responsibility as the auditor.

The financial statements in this annual report for the year ended 31 December 2022 have been audited by Da Hua whose term of appointment will expire at the conclusion of the forthcoming 2022 annual general meeting of the Company.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Zhang Liwei

Chairman

Beijing, PRC

30 March 2023

核數師

本集團考慮到適時更換核數師將有助於加強核數師的獨立性及維持良好的企業管治,符合本公司及股東的整體利益,根據本公司於2020年6月23日召開的2019年度股東週年大會上通過的一項普通決議案,大華會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)(「大華」)獲委任為本公司新任核數師,瑞華會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)不再擔任本公司核數師。

本年報載列截至2022年12月31日止年度的財務報表已由大華審計,其任期至2022年股東週年大會結束時屆滿。

承董事會命

張立偉

董事長

中國北京

2023年3月30日

REPORT OF THE SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE

監事會報告

To the shareholders,

致股東,

Since the incorporation of the Company, the supervisory committee of the Company (the "Supervisory Committee") adheres to principles of honesty and integrity in discharging its supervisory duties and obligations loyally and diligently in accordance with the Listing Rules of the Stock Exchange, the requirements under the relevant laws and regulations of the PRC and Company's Articles of Association to safeguard the interests of the shareholders and the Company.

自本公司成立之日起,本公司監事會(「監事會」) 遵照聯交所上市規則、中國有關法律法規之規定 及本公司章程,遵守誠信原則,忠實、勤勉履行 其監督職權,維護股東及本公司之權益。

Pursuant to the resolutions passed at the 2021 Annual General Meeting or the worker's congress (as the case may be), Ms. Liu Wenyu, Mr. Yang Baoqun, Mr. Chen Zhong, Ms. Wang Deshan, Ms. Niu Hongyan and Ms. Li Chunyi were re-elected or appointed as supervisors for a three-year term, with effect from 2021 Annual General Meeting or the worker's congress and will expire at the end of 2024 Annual General Meeting or the worker's congress.

根據2021年股東週年大會或職工代表大會通過的 決議(視情況而定),劉文瑜女士、楊寶群先生、 陳鍾先生、王德山先生、牛紅艷女士、李春溢女 士獲重選或獲委任為公司監事,任期為3年,自 2021年度股東週年大會或職工代表大會批准之日 起至2024年度股東週年大會或職工代表大會結束 之日屆滿。

During the Reporting Period, five meetings of the Supervisory Committee were held for reviewing the 2021 annual report, the report of the Supervisory Committee for 2021, the 2022 quarterly and interim results. The attendance records of the Supervisors are set out below:

報告期內,監事會共召開五次會議,包括審核本公司2021年年報,2021年度監事會報告,審議 2022年季度業績及2022年中期業績。有關監事親身出席記錄如下:

Attendance/Number of meetings

出席/會議次數

Ms. Liu Wenyu (Chairman)	劉文瑜女士(主席)	5/5
Ms. Niu Hongyan	牛紅艷女士	5/5
Ms. Li Chunyi	李春溢女士	5/5
Mr. Chen Zhong	陳鍾先生	5/5
Mr. Yang Baoqun	楊寶群先生	5/5
Mr. Wang Deshan	王德山先生	5/5

REPORT OF THE SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE 監事會報告

The major work performed by the Supervisory Committee included the attendance of Board meetings and general meetings; inspection of resolutions made by the Board, review of internal control system, strict and effective monitoring of whether the policies and decisions made by the management of the Company had confirmed with the relevant laws and regulations and the Company's Articles of Association, safeguarding the interest of the Company and shareholders. The Supervisory Committee has also reviewed the performance of the directors and senior management in their daily operation activities by various means, and examined the Group's financial affairs and connected transactions. As a result of our work, the Supervisory Committee concluded that

監事會完成的主要工作包括:列席董事會及股東 大會,監督董事會會議決議,審查內控體系:嚴 格並有效地監督公司管理層所做出的決定及制定 的政策是否符合有關法律法規和本公司章程的規 定,保障公司和股東的權益。監事會也通過各種 途徑審查董事及高級管理人員的日常經營行為, 檢查本集團的財務事項及關連交易。根據上述工 作,監事會發表如下意見:

- 1. The decision-making process of the Company is in compliance with the Company's Article of Association. Proper and adequate internal control system has been established. The directors and senior management observed their fiduciary duties and worked diligently, loyally and legally. The Supervisory Committee is not aware of any breach of the relevant laws and regulations and the Company's Articles of Association or actions against the interests of shareholders by the directors and senior management of the Company.
- 本公司的決策程序符合本公司公司章程的規定,本公司已建立適當及充分的內控體系。本公司董事及高級管理人員遵守信託義務,忠實、勤勉依法履行職責,監事會未察覺董事及高級管理人員存在違反法律法規或本公司公司章程或損害股東權益的行為。
- The Company's 2022 financial statements reflected a fair view of the financial position and operating results of the Group in material aspects.
- 本公司2022年財務報告在各重大方面公允地 反映了本集團的財務狀況及經營業績。
- 3. All continuing connected transactions conducted in the Reporting Period between the Group and its connected persons were in the ordinary course of business and carried out pursuant to the terms of the agreements for the transactions, and no act that prejudiced the interests of the Company and shareholders has been found.
- 3. 報告期內,本集團與其關連人士發生的所有 持續關連交易及關連交易均依據一般商業標 準並按照交易的協議條款執行,未發現存在 任何侵害本公司及股東權益的行為。
- The Group did not encounter any major litigation during the Reporting Period.
- 4. 報告期內本集團無任何重大訴訟。

REPORT OF THE SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE

監事會報告

We would like to express our appreciation to the strenuous supports of the shareholders, directors and all staff to the Supervisory Committee during the Reporting Period.

我們對報告期內股東、董事及全體員工對本監事 會的大力支持深表謝意。

BY ORDER OF THE SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE

Liu Wenyu

Chairman

Beijing, PRC

30 March 2023

承監事會命

劉文瑜

監事會主席

中國北京

2023年3月30日

The following sets forth the profile of the directors, supervisors and senior management of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this report:

以下為於2022年12月31日起至本報告之日止本公司董事、監事及高級管理人員的簡介:

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Zhang Liwei, aged 45, is the Chairman of the Board and an executive director of the Company. Mr. Zhang graduated from Tianjin University of Commerce. From August 2000 to December 2013, Mr. Zhang was employed in the Beijing Xinyang Tongli Commercial Facilities Company Limited ("Xinyang Tongli", a non-wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company). From December 2013 to July 2017, Mr. Zhang had been appointed successively as the manager of the Equipment or Materials Purchasing Department and the manager of the Equipment Division of the Company, the assistant to the general manager, the manager of the Operation Division of supermarket of the Company, the Chief Operating Officer of the Company and etc. From August 2017 to July 2020, he has been the assistant general manager of the Company. From July 2020 to November 2021, he has been the general manager of the Company. Since November 2021, he has been the Chairman of the Board of the Company. Mr. Zhang is also the Chairman of Beijing Chao pi Trading Company Limited, an approximately 79.85% directly owned subsidiary of the Company.

Ms. Li Chunyan, aged 50, is an executive director of the Company. Ms. Li obtained a bachelor's degree in law and subsequently a master's degree in private international law from China University of Politics & Law of China. Ms. Li is a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. She was the Officer of the Bureau of Law of Jingkelong Shang Sha ("Jingkelong Shang Sha", the predecessor of Beijing Jingkelong Supermarket Chain Company Limited ("Jingkelong Supermarket"), the predecessor of the Company) from 2001 to 2002. In addition, she was the officer of the Bureau of Law and the Secretary to the board of directors of Jingkelong Supermarket from 2002 to 2004. She has been appointed as the Company's Chief Financial officer and deputy general manager since December 2008. Since November 2004, she has been one of the executive directors of the Company.

董事

執行董事

張立偉先生,45歲,本公司之董事長及執行董事。張先生畢業於天津商業大學。自2000年8月至2013年12月,任職於北京欣陽通力商業設備有限公司(「欣陽通力」,本公司之非全資附屬公司);自2013年12月至2017年7月,歷任本公司設備物料採購部及設備部經理、總經理助理、超市營運部經理、營運總監等職務;自2017年8月至2020年7月,擔任本公司副總經理;自2020年7月至2021年11月,擔任本公司總經理;自2021年11月起,擔任本公司董事長。張先生亦擔任北京朝批商貿股份有限公司(本公司直接持股約79.85%的附屬公司)之董事長。

李春燕女士,50歲,本公司之執行董事。李女士 獲中國政法大學法學學士學位及國際私法碩士學 位。李女士為英國特許公認會計師公會會員。於 2001年至2002年,李女士任京客隆商廈(「京客隆 商廈」)(京客隆商廈為北京京客隆超市連鎖集團有 限公司(「京客隆超市」)之前身,京客隆超市為本 公司之前身)法律辦公室主任;於2002年至2004年,任京客隆超市法律辦公室主任兼董事會秘書; 自2008年12月起任本公司財務負責人及副總經 理。李女士自2004年11月起任本公司執行董事。

Mr. Li Shenlin, aged 59, is an executive director of the Company. Mr. Li graduated from the People's Liberation Army Chemical Defense Command Engineering Institute (中國人民解放軍防化指揮工程學院), specializing in Economics and Management. From November 1981 to January 1995, Mr. Li had been appointed as the officer of Beijing Chaoyang Auxiliary Food Company (now known as Beijing Chaofu State-owned Assets Administration Company Limited, "Chaofu Company") Dongguan Branch. From January 1995 to October 2008, Mr. Li acted as the manager of Shuguang Department Store, Jixiang Department Store, Jiulongshan Department Store, Wangjing Supermarket, the deputy manager of the First Operation Division of the Company and the manager of the Operation Division of the Hypermarkets. From October 2008 to July 2009, he was the manager of the Operation Division of Hypermarkets and the assistant to the manager of the Company. Mr. Li is a deputy general manager of the Company since July 2009 and a director, the chairman and the legal representative of Xinyang Tongli. Mr. Li has been an executive director of the Company since 30 October 2020.

李慎林先生,59歲,本公司之執行董事。李先生於中國人民解放軍防化指揮工程學院經濟管理專業畢業。自1981年11月至1995年1月,李先生擔任北京市朝陽副食品總公司(現更名為:北京朝富國有資產管理有限公司,「朝富公司」)東關店幹事;自身1995年1月至2008年10月,先後擔任本公司曙光商場、吉祥商城、九龍山商場、望京店店長、超市營運一部副經理、大賣場營運部經理;自2008年10月至2009年7月,擔任本公司總經理助理兼大賣場營運部經理;自2009年7月起,擔任本公司副總經理。李先生同時擔任欣陽通力之董事、董事長及法定代表人。自2020年10月起擔任本公司執行董事。

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Li Jianwen, aged 62, is a non-executive director of the Company. He worked in Jingkelong Shang Sha as the deputy general manager from 1998 to 2002. From 2002 to 2004, he was a director and the deputy general manager of Jingkelong Supermarket. From November 2004 to June 2013, he was the managing director of the Company. From June 2013 to November 2021, He was the Chairman of the Board of the Company. Mr. Li resigned as the Chairman of the Company, and was redesignated from an executive director to a non-executive director with effect from 8 November 2021.

非執行董事

李建文先生,62歲,本公司之非執行董事。於1998年至2002年,李先生擔任京客隆商廈副總經理:於2002年至2004年,任京客隆超市董事及副總經理:自2004年11月至2013年6月期間,任本公司董事總經理:自2013年6月起至2021年11月,任本公司董事長。李先生自2021年11月8日起,辭任本公司董事長職務,並由執行董事調任為非執行董事。

Ms. Zhang Yan, aged 42, is a non-executive Director of the Company. She graduated from the Beijing Broadcasting Institute. (北京廣播學院) (now known as Communication University of China, (中國傳媒大學)) specializing in finance and accounting. From July 2003 to October 2008, Ms. Zhang successively served as a sales assistant of the Marketing Department, an officer and the head of the Comprehensive Management Department of Beijing Lizheng Software Design and Research Institute (北京理正軟件設計研究院). From November 2008 to December 2016, Ms. Zhang successively served as an officer of the Finance and Accounting Department, an officer and the head of the Party Committee Office, and the deputy manager of the General Office of Chaofu Company. Since December 2016, Ms. Zhang has been the manager of the General Office of Chaofu Company. Since October 2018, MS. Zhang has been a nonexecutive director of the Company.

張彥女士,42歲,本公司之非執行董事。張女士 於北京廣播學院(現為中國傳媒大學)財務會計專 業畢業。自2003年7月至2008年10月,歷任北京 理正軟件設計研究院市場部銷售助理、綜合管理 部科員、主管:自2008年11月至2016年12月, 歷任朝富公司財計部科員、黨委辦公室科員、主 管、辦公室副主任。自2016年12月起,任朝富公司辦公室主任。自2018年10月起,張女士成為本 公司非執行董事。

Mr. Li Shunxiang, aged 70, is a non-executive director. From 2000 to 2010, he was the general manager of Beijing Zhonglianjian Construction Company Limited. From 2002 to 2004, he was a non-executive director of Jingkelong Supermarket. Since November 2004, he has been a nonexecutive director of the Company.

李順祥先生,70歲,本公司之非執行董事。於2000年至2010年,李先生任北京中聯建裝飾工程有限公司總經理;於2002年至2004年,任京客隆超市非執行董事;自2004年11月起成為本公司非執行董事。

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Wang Liping, aged 65, is an independent non-executive director of the Company. Mr. Wang obtained a master's degree in Economics and a PhD in Management from Renmin University of China in 1985 and 2004, respectively. He is currently the professor and doctorial supervisor at the Institute of Business Organization and the faculty of Human Resources Management at Renmin University of China. Since June 2010, he has been an independent non-executive director of the Company.

獨立非執行董事

王利平先生,65歲,本公司之獨立非執行董事。 王先生於1985年及2004年分別獲得中國人民大學經濟學碩士學位及管理學博士學位。王先生現任中國人民大學商學院組織與人力資源管理系教授、博士生導師。自2010年6月起,王先生任本公司獨立非執行董事。

Mr. Chen Liping, aged 61, is an independent non-executive director. Mr. Chen obtained a master's degree in Business Operation from Aichi University of Japan in 1999 and a PhD in Economics from Circulation University of Economics of Japan in 2008. From September 2014 to August 2020, he was an independent non-executive director of 5i5j Holding Group Co., Ltd(a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange). He is currently the full professor of the faculty of Marketing in the Institute of Business Management at Capital University of Economics and Business of China and serves as the executive president of China Consumption Big Data Research Institute (中國消費大數據研究院). Since June 2010, he has been an independent non-executive director of the Company.

陳立平先生,61歲,本公司之獨立非執行董事。 陳先生於1999年獲得日本愛知大學經營學碩士學 位,於2008年獲得日本流通經濟大學經濟學博士 學位。自2014年9月至2020年8月,陳先生擔任我 愛我家控股集團股份有限公司(於香港聯合交易所 上市)獨立非執行董事。陳先生現任首都經濟貿易 大學工商管理學院市場營銷系教授,並擔任中國 消費大數據研究院執行院長職務。自2010年6月 起,陳先生任本公司獨立非執行董事。

Mr. Onward Choi, aged 52, is an independent non-executive director and the chairman of the audit committee of the Company. Mr. Choi holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in accountancy with honors from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. Mr. Choi was the acting chief financial officer of NetEase, Inc., a company listed on both the Nasdaq and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, from July 2007 to June 2017. Mr. Choi currently serves as an independent non-executive director and the chairman/member of the audit committee of Tongdao Liepin Group (同道獵聘集團) and Infinities Technology International (Cayman) Holding Limited (多牛科技國際(開曼) 集團有限公司) (a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange). Mr. Choi also serves as the independent director and the chairman of the audit committee of Tuniu Corporation (途牛公司), Ucloudlink Group Inc. (優克聯集團) and Smart Share Global Limited (怪獸充電), all of which are Nasdag-listed companies. Mr. Choi is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, CPA Australia and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr.Choi has been an independent non-executive director of the Company since June 2010.

察安活先生,52歲,本公司之獨立非執行董事及審核委員會主席。蔡先生持有香港理工大學會計學文學士(榮譽)學位,於2007年7月至2017年6月擔任網易公司(於美國納斯達克及香港聯合交易所上市)的代理首席財務官。蔡先生現時擔任同道獵聘集團和多牛科技國際(開曼)集團有限公司(於香港聯合交易所上市)的獨立非執行董事及審核委員會主席/委員。蔡先生亦擔任途牛公司、優克聯集團以及怪獸充電(於美國納斯達克上市)的獨立董事及審核委員會主席。蔡先生為英國特許公認會計師公會、澳大利亞執業註冊會計師協會和香港會計師公會的資深會員。自2010年6月起,蔡先生任本公司獨立非執行董事。

SUPERVISORS

Ms. Liu Wenyu, aged 51, is the chairman of the Company's supervisory committee. Ms. Liu obtained her bachelor's degree from Renmin University of China. During the period from 1999 to 2008, Ms. Liu has been appointed successively as the vice-chairman of the labour union of Chaofu Company and the Company, the deputy manager of the First Operation Division and the officer of the Office of the Jiuxianqiao Community Shopping Center coordination team of the Company. Since October 2008, she has been the chairman of the labour union of the Company. Since June 2010, she has been the chairman of the Company's Supervisory Committee.

Mr. Yang Baoqun, aged 70, is a supervisor of the Company. He was a supervisor of Jingkelong Supermarket from 2002 to 2004. Since November 2004, he has been a supervisor of the Company.

Mr. Chen Zhong, aged 59, is a supervisor of the Company. Mr. Chen obtained his doctorate from Peking University in 1989. He is currently a professor of the School of Computer Science, the Head of the Advanced Financial Information Research Centre at Peking University. Since June 2002 to July 2010, he had been a professor and the Head of the School of Software and Microelectronics, Peking University. Since January 2005, he has been a supervisor of the Company.

監事

劉文瑜女士,51歲,本公司之監事會主席。劉女士獲中國人民大學學士學位。自1999年至2008年期間,劉女士先後擔任朝富公司及本公司工會副主席、營運一部副經理及酒仙橋購物廣場籌備組辦公室主任等職位;自2008年10月至今,任本公司工會主席;自2010年6月起,擔任本公司監事會主席。

楊寶群先生,70歲,本公司之監事。自2002年至2004年期間,楊先生擔任京客隆超市監事;自2004年11月起,擔任本公司監事。

陳鍾先生,59歲,本公司之監事。陳先生於1989 年獲北京大學博士學位。陳先生現任北京大學計 算機學院教授、北京大學金融信息化研究中心主 任:自2002年6月至2010年7月,任北京大學軟件 與微電子學院教授、院長:自2005年1月起,擔 任本公司監事。

Mr. Wang Deshan, aged 59, is a supervisor of the Company. Mr. Wang graduated and obtained a master's degree in law from China University of Political Science and Law (中國政法大學), specializing in civil and commercial law. Since March 1994, Mr. Wang has served in the School of Law of Capital University of Economics and Business (首都經濟貿易大學) as a professor and master supervisor, and teaches contract law, corporate law, commercial law and other courses for graduate and undergraduate students. Mr. Wang's main research fields are contract law and company law. He has written and edited more than 20 books such as "Contract Law", "Company Law", "Contract Validity Study" and "Company Law Training Course". Mr. Wang also serves as the vice president of Beijing Aging Law Research Association (北京市老齡法律研究會). Since March 2021, he has been a supervisor of the Company.

王德山先生,59歲,本公司之監事。王先生畢業於中國政法大學民商法專業,法學碩士。1994年3月至今,王先生在首都經濟貿易大學法學院任教,擔任教授、碩士研究生導師,並為研究生和本科生主講合同法、公司法、商法等課程。王先生主要研究領域為合同法、公司法,獨著、主編《合同法學》、《公司法學》、《合同效力研究》、《公司法實訓教程》等20餘部著作。王先生亦擔任北京市老齡法律研究會副會長。自2021年3月起,擔任本公司監事。

Ms. Niu Hongyan, aged 50 is a supervisor of the Company. From September 1992 to July 2017, Ms. Niu has successively served as the director, deputy manager and manager of several retail outlets of the Company. From July 2017 to November 2022 she has been appointed as the director of the Party Committee Office of the Company; Since November 2022 she has been appointed as Director of the Administrative Office of the Company; Since August 2017, she has been a staff-appointed supervisor of the Company.

牛紅艷女士,50歲,本公司之監事。於1992年9 月至2017年7月間,牛女士歷任本公司各門店主管、副店長及店長職位:自2017年7月至2022年 11月,擔任本公司黨委辦公室主任:自2022年11 月起擔任本公司行政辦公室主任:自2017年8月 起,擔任本公司職工代表監事。

Ms. Li Chunyi, aged 50, is a supervisor of the Company. Between August 1995 and March 2008, Ms. Li had worked in Beijing Hardware Machinery Company Limited, Beijing Jinyu mansion and Beijing Shoulian Company Limited. From April 2008 to June 2009, she had been the deputy manager of the Labor Ministry. From July 2009 to April 2018, she has been the deputy manager of the Human Resources Department of the Company. From April 2018 to November 2022, she has been appointed as the manager of the Human Resources Department of the Company; Since November 2022, she has been appointed as Human resources director of the Company. Since October 2017, she has been a staff-appointed supervisor of the Company.

李春溢女士,50歲,本公司之監事。於1995年8 月至2008年3月間,李女士曾於北京市五金機械公司、北京金玉大廈、北京首聯商業集團有限公司 任職:自2008年4月至2009年6月,擔任本公司勞 資部副主任:自2009年7月至2018年4月,擔任本 公司人力資源部副主任:自2018年4月至2022年 11月,擔任本公司人力資源部主任:自2022年11 月起,擔任本公司人力資源總監:自2017年10月 起,擔任本公司職工代表監事。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Zhang Hongbo, aged 52, is an assistant general manager of the Company. From November 1992 to October 1997, Mr. Zhang was the deputy officer of Executive Office of the Silk Import & Export Group Company of Hubei. From October 1997 to March 2003, he served as the general manager of the Information Department of Shenzhen Huarun Supermarket Company. From March 2003 to March 2006, he was the Chief Information Officer and the Officer of the Information Center of the Company. From June 2006 to August 2015, he was the assistant to the manager of the Company and the Chief Information Officer. Since August 2015, he has been the assistant general manager of the Company.

Ms. Wang Hong, aged 52, is the general manager of the Company, the director, chairman of the board of directors and the legal representative of Beijing Chaoyang Jingkelong Vocational Skills Training School (a whollyowned subsidiary of the Company). Ms. Wang obtained a bachelor's degree from Zhejiang University* (浙江大學). She worked in Beijing Ruida Frozen Foods Company Limited* (北京瑞達急凍食品有限公司) for about nine years and was appointed as the assistant to general manager before joining the Company. From September 2003 to March 2011, she had been appointed as the deputy officer of the Office of Managers, the purchase manager of the In-house Brand Division of Purchase Center and the manager of the Marketing Department of the Company. From March 2011 to July 2012, she had been appointed as the deputy manager and the manager of the Human Resources Department. From August 2012 to August 2017, she was the director general and the manager of the Human Resources Department. From June 2010 to October 2017, she was a staff-appointed supervisor of the Company. From August 2017 to April 2023, she was the assistant general manager of the Company. Since April 2023, she has been the general manager of the Company.

高級管理層

張紅波先生,52歲,本公司之副總經理。於1992年11月至1997年10月,張先生在湖北省絲綢進出口集團公司擔任辦公室副主任。於1997年10月至2003年3月,在深圳華潤超市擔任信息部經理。自2003年3月起至2006年3月,擔任本公司信息中心總監兼信息中心主任:自2006年6月起至2015年8月,擔任本公司經理助理兼信息中心總監;自2015年8月起,擔任本公司副總經理。

王虹女士,52歲,本公司之總經理、北京市朝陽區京客隆職業技能培訓學校(本公司之全資附屬公司)之董事、董事長及法定代表人。王女士獲得浙江大學學士學位。王女士曾於北京瑞達急凍食品有限公司任職九年,加入本公司之前任該公司總經理助理;自2003年9月至2011年3月,先後任本公司經理辦公室副主任、自有品牌部採購經理及市場營銷部經理;自2011年3月起至2012年7月,先後任人力資源部副主任、主任;自2012年8月起至2017年8月,擔任人力資源部總監兼人力資源部主任;自2010年6月起至2017年10月,王女士擔任本公司職工代表監事;自2017年8月起至2023年4月,擔任本公司總經理。

Ms. Pan Xuemin, aged 35, is the board secretary of the Company and the Company Secretary of the Company. Ms. Pan graduated from law school of Inner Mongolia University of Finance and Economics with a bachelor of law degree in 2011 and obtained a master's degree in civil and commercial law from Capital University of Economics and Business in 2014. Since June 2014, Ms. Pan served as a legal clerk in the Company's securities and legal department. Since November 2015, she served as director and deputy manager in the Company's securities and legal department. Since January 2019, she has been appointed as the manager of the Company's securities and legal department. Since August 2016, she was appointed as board secretary of the Company. Since 30 November 2021, she was appointed as the Company Secretary of the Company.

潘學敏女士,35歲,本公司之董事會秘書及公司秘書。潘女士於2011年畢業於內蒙古財經大學法學專業,獲得法學學士學位,並於2014年獲得首都經濟貿易大學民商法學碩士學位。潘女士自2014年6月起在本公司證券法務部任職。自2015年11月起,歷任本公司證券法務部主管、副主任:自2019年1月起擔任本公司證券法務部主任。2016年8月起,任本公司董事會秘書。2021年11月30日起,潘女士任本公司公司秘書。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT環境、社會及管治報告

INTRODUCTION

In 2022, China's economic development was hit by multiple factors in domestic and overseas that exceeded expectations, including the epidemic, and its enterprises also faced huge challenges. As a player in the retail and wholesale industry of fast-moving consumer goods, the Group has been deeply aware that modern enterprise management is closely related to sustainable development strategy and always values corporate social responsibility as one of the core values of its sustainable development, and has strived to maintain a high standard of food safety based on the continuously tamping scientific management. The Group has continued to adhere to the development concept of "people- oriented" (以人為本), the business philosophy of "customer-centric" (以顧客為中心) and the management philosophy of "employee-centric" (以員工為中心), focus on the needs of society, proactively participate in community care activities, think for customer, place emphasis on environmental protection by implementing low-carbon operation and cutting energy consumption and emissions, and saving energy and reducing pollution, so as to fulfill corporate social responsibility.

This report is prepared with reference to the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the "Guide") under Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules, and is strictly adhered to the four reporting principles – materiality, quantitative, balance and consistency. This report summarised the key areas of policies, actions and achievement in respect of environment and society of the Company and all the subsidiaries in 2022, and the implemented policies and strategies of the Group (i) operational practices, (ii) employment policies; and (iii) environmental protection measures.

緒言

2022年,中國經濟發展遇到疫情等國內外多重超預期因素衝擊,企業發展也面臨巨大挑戰。本集團作為快速消費品的批零行業,深切意識到企業現代管理與可持續發展戰略息息相關,本集團一直視企業社會責任為集團持續發展的核心價值之一,並在不斷夯實科學管理的基礎上維持高水平的食品安全。本集團始終堅持「以人為本」的發展理念、以「顧客為中心」的經營理念和以「員工為中心」的管理理念,亦不時關注社會需求,心繫消費者,積極參與關懷社區活動,注重環保,推行低碳經營,節能減排,踐行企業社會責任。

本報告根據上市規則附錄27所規定之「環境、社會及管治報告指引」(「指引」)編製,嚴格遵守重要性、量化、平衡、一致性四大匯報原則,本集團已遵從指引「不遵守就解釋」的條文規定的披露要求。概述本公司及所有附屬公司就若干有關環境、社會及管治主要範疇於2022年的政策、行動與成績,以及本集團就(i)營運常規、(ii)僱傭政策及(iii)環境保護的已實施政策及策略。

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THE BOARD'S STATEMENT

The Group is pleased to present its Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2022 to stakeholders. The Group has always implemented sustainable development as its most important long-term development objective and incorporated environmental, social and governance elements as well as climate-related issues into its strategic planning. The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") is responsible for the consideration, planning, decision-making, supervision and monitoring of environmental, social and governance issues.

2022 is a year of eventful and highly unusual to the Group. In the past years, the ongoing risks of the epidemic and the complex and volatile international economic situation have made business operations face many difficult challenges. In the face of continued economic downturn and weakness in 2022, the Group was not afraid of dangers and difficulties and moved ahead in challenges and continued to tackle difficulties and work hard to overcome challenges. The Group has actively responded to and implemented the work arrangements of the superior units on epidemic prevention and control and economic development. Based on the summary of the previous experience in epidemic prevention and supply protection, the Group has formed an effective emergency mechanism. Meanwhile, it has actively made contribution in the development of supply of commodities, direct procurement and distribution, and price stabilization, demonstrating its responsibility as a state-owned enterprise. Within the Group, the Group always adheres to the development concept of "people-oriented" (以人為本), regards employees as the core, pursues the management philosophy of "employee-centric" (以員工為核心), pays attention to the protection of workers' rights and interests, cares for employees' health and career development, and creates an enterprise atmosphere of respect, incentive and achievement. The Group has dedicated to being environmentally-responsible and insisting on being an environment-friendly enterprise, implementing energy conservation and emission reduction measures, using scientific and technological means to improve management efficiency. The Group will actively respond to the national energy conservation and emission reduction policies, strengthen information management capabilities, and strive to achieve more environmentally friendly development.

董事會聲明

本集團欣然向各位持份者呈現2022年度環境、社會及管治報告。本集團持續貫徹堅持可持續發展理念,將其視為企業經營的長期發展目標,並把環境、社會及管治元素以及與氣候有關議題納入企業戰略規劃中。本公司董事會(「董事會」)負責對環境、社會及管治議題的審議、規劃、決策、督導,並監督執行情況。

2022年對於本集團來說是極不平凡、極不尋常 的一年。這一年,接踵而至的疫情風險、複雜多 變的國際經濟形勢,讓企業經營面臨重重艱難挑 戰。在2022年經濟持續低迷、持續疲軟的背景 下,本集團不畏艱險、持續攻堅,在挑戰中篤 行不怠,接續奮鬥。本集團積極響應並落實上級 單位關於疫情防控和經濟發展工作安排,在總結 前期抗疫保供經驗的基礎上,形成有效的應急機 制,同時在貨源開發、直採配送、穩定物價方面 積極作為,彰顯國企擔當。在集團內部,本集團 堅持[以人為本]的發展理念,「以員工為核心」的 管理理念,注重對勞動者權益保證,關懷員工健 康與職業發展,營造尊重人、激勵人、成就人的 企業氛圍。本集團視保護環境為己任,堅持做對 環境友好企業,貫徹節能減排措施,利用科學技 術手段提升管理效率。本集團將積極響應國家節 能減排政策,加強信息化管理能力,為實現更為 環保的發展而努力。

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Sustainable development has always been the goal of the long-term operation strategy of the enterprise and has been incorporated into the long-term strategy as the issue of the Board. The Board of directors will regularly supervise and review the integration of sustainable development and business and the effectiveness of the presentation of the concept of sustainable development in the rules and management system of the enterprise and other decision-making procedures through meetings, and the performance of enterprise environment, society and governance and timely adjustment, correction, in line with the actual situation of the enterprise. The Board and the management coordinate development and cooperate with each other to achieve the sustainable development of the enterprise. The Group is well aware of the importance of communicating with stakeholders. The Group has established communication channels and platforms with stakeholders, and is constantly expanding the communication channels, so as to have a more detailed understanding of corporate development issues which stakeholders are concerned about.

可持續發展始終是企業經營長期戰略的目標並作 為董事會議題納入企業長期戰略中,董事會將定 期通過會議形式監督並檢討可持續發展與業務的 融合情況以及企業規章管理制度及其他決策程程 中可持續發展理念的呈現之有效性,以及企業程章 境、社會與管治的表現並及時調整、修正,與管治的表現並及時調整、修正,與部 業實際情況相適應。董事會及管理層聯動各展展 業實際情況相適應。董事會及管理層聯動各展所 共同努力。本集團深知與持份者溝通的重要性, 共同努力。本集團已建立與持份者間溝通管道與所 共同,本集團已建立與持份者間溝通管道與解 持份者所關注的企業發展方面的議題。

In the development and risks, the Group understands the importance of enterprise risk management. In order to cope with possible risks in operation and better identify and evaluate risks and opportunities, the Board continues to pay attention to the progress of enterprise risk system construction and the improvement of internal supervision system to cope with environmental challenges.

在當今發展與風險並存的環境中,本集團深知企業風險管理的重要性。為應對經營可能發生的風險,更好地識別並評估風險與機遇,董事會持續關注企業風險制度建設進度以及內部監察系統完善程度,以應對環境挑戰。

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REPORTING PRINCIPLES

The Group applies the following principles, namely materiality, quantitative, balance and consistency in the Report:

Materiality: The Board and management regularly review sustainability issues which have significant impact on our business and operation, and pursuant to internal evaluation results, disclose sustainability issues which have significant impact on the Group based on the results of stakeholders' participation and substantive evaluation.

Quantitative: The Report reports the performance of quantified key performance indicators (KPIs). For important KPIs, in order to increase transparency, calculation references and/or methods will also be disclosed, and the annual review of performance will be presented to allow stakeholders to understand the progress of compliance.

Balance: The Group aims to maintain a balanced report and to make fair disclosures on the progress and continuing challenges of the most critical aspects of its performance. The Report is prepared according to the actual situation of the Group's operation. The source of information and cases of the Report was mainly derived from the Company's statistical reports obtained in 2022, relevant documents and internal communication documents without making false and biased opinions.

Consistency: The Company uses consistent methodologies in accordance with the Guide. Should there be any changes that may affect the comparison with previous reports in the future, footnotes will be added by the Group in the corresponding sections of the Report.

匯報原則

在本報告中,本集團採用下文所述的重要性、量化、平衡及一致性的匯報原則:

重要性:董事會及管理層定期審閱對業務和營運有 重大影響的可持續性議題,並按照持份者參與及 實質性評估的結果根據內部的評估結果披露對本 集團有重要影響的可持續發展議題。

量化:本報告匯報量化的關鍵績效指標表現,針 對重要的關鍵績效指標,為增加透明度,亦會 披露計算考慮及/或方法,並展示其年度檢討表 現,讓持份者瞭解達標進度。

平衡性:本集團的目標是維持報告平衡,並就本 集團表現最關鍵方面的進度及持續挑戰作出公平 披露。本報告均按照本集團的實際營運作匯報, 所匯報的資料和案例主要來源於2022年度本集團 各部門總結、相關數據及內部溝通文件,並無作 不實及偏頗的意見。

一致性:本集團遵循指引進行匯報。未來若有任何可能影響與過往報告作比較的變更,本集團會 於報告相應內容加入批注。

GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

The Board has been responsible for the overall coordination of the Group's environmental, social and governance issues. The various departments of the Group and its subsidiaries work together to identify and report environmental, social and governance risks.

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

Based on the prevailing structure and the business activities of the Group, the Group has identified six different groups of stakeholders that are related to the Group's principal businesses including government/ regulatory authorities, shareholders/investors, employees, customers, suppliers and community. The Group believes that stakeholder engagement is an important measure to improve environmental, social and corporate governance. The Group attaches great importance to continuous and effective communication with stakeholders and develops diversified channels of communication to understand stakeholders' concerns and responds to their feedback in a timely manner. The Group communicates with stakeholders through participating in and holding meetings to communicate, discuss and share information through telephone, mails, correspondences etc.. The following table set out the details of stakeholder engagement (topics are in descending order by frequency of mentioning):

管治架構

本集團有關環境、社會及管治事宜由董事會負責 整體統籌並監督環境、社會及管治表現,本集團 各部門及各附屬公司協同完成對環境、社會及管 治風險的識別及報告。

持份者溝通

根據本集團的現行架構及經營活動,本集團目前已確認六個不同類別的主要持份者,包括政府/監管機構、股東/投資者、僱員、消費者、供貨商、社區。本集團認為,與持份者溝通是提升本集團環境、社會及企業管治的重要措施,本集團高度重視與持份者持續、有效的溝通,並建設多元化溝通渠道以瞭解持份者所關注的問題,並針對持份者的反饋及時作出響應。本集團通過參與並舉辦溝通會、交流會等會議,並通過電話、郵件、往來函件等形式與持份者進行溝通,並整理形成如下持份者溝通情況表(按照議題提及頻次向下排列):

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Stakeholders 持份者	Communication channels 溝通渠道	Issues of concern 關注的問題
Government/regulatory	Supervision, monitoring, inspection and	Compliance management
authorities	investigation	合規管理
政府/監管機構	監督、監察、巡查、檢查	Law-based corporate governance
	Information disclosure	依法治企
	信息披露	Operation according to law
	Data supervision platform	依法經營
	監管數據平台	Implementation of laws, regulations, rules and policies
	Training, meeting	法律、法規、規定、政策等執行情況
	培訓、會議	Risk management and control
	Daily communication and report	風險管控
	日常溝通、匯報	Safety production
	Visitor reception	安全生產
	來訪接待	Food safety
		食品安全
		Epidemic prevention and control
		疫情防控
Shareholders/investors	Annual general meetings and extraordinary	Compliance management
股東/投資者	general meetings	合規經營
	股東週年大會、股東特別大會	Development strategy
	Information disclosure	發展戰略
	信息披露	Return on investment
	Information disclosure	投資回報
	公司網站	Corporate governance
	Telephone	企業管治
	電話	Quality of goods and services
	E-mail	商品及服務品質
	電子郵件	

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Stakeholders 持份者	Communication channels 溝通渠道	Issues of concern 關注的問題
Employees	Performance assessment and feedback	Protection of employee rights
僱員	績效考核及反饋	員工權益保障
	Staff training	Remuneration and welfare
	員工培訓	薪酬與福利
	Congress of workers and Staff	Occupational health and safety
	職工代表大會	職業健康與安全
	Consulting and communicating with the	Professional training
	human resource department and other	職業培訓
	functional departments of the Group	Personal professional development
	向集團人力資源部或其他職能部門	個人職業發展
	諮詢、交流	
	Internal website (OA)	
	內部網站(OA)	
	Daily communication and discussion	
	日常溝通及交流	
	Staff activity	
	員工活動	
	Welfare distribution	
	福利發放	
	Enterprise journal	
	企業內部刊物	
Customers	Daily operation and promotion	Service for the convenience and benefit of customers
消費者	日常經營及促銷	and sales promotions
	Customer service center	便民、惠民、促銷活動
	客服中心	Commodities/foods quality and safety
	Service hotline and the comment and	商品/食品質量安全
	complaints on Wechat, App and third-	Quality of commodities and services
	party platform	商品及服務品質
	服務熱線及微信、小程序、APP、	Feedback of complaints, advice and suggestions
	第三方平台評論及投訴意見	投訴、建議、意見的反饋
	Company website	Privacy protection
	公司網站	隱私及保護

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Stakeholders 持份者	Communication channels 溝通渠道	Issues of concern 關注的問題
Suppliers	Business communication and interview	Contract performance
供應商	商務交流及面談	履約情況
	Contract/agreements	Mutual benefit and long term cooperation
	合同/協議	互利共贏、長期合作
	Process of bid, quotation, procurement	Supplier management
	and provision	供應商管理
	招/投標、報價、採購、供應過程	
	Communication in industry channels and	
	activities	
	行業渠道溝通及活動	
	Company website	
	公司網站	
Community	Community communication	Commodity supply in the epidemic era
社區	社區交流	商品疫情時期的供應
	Provide community service and hold	Enterprise social responsibility
	community activities	企業社會責任
	提供社區服務、舉辦社區活動	Community care to special communities
	Company website	社區特殊人員關懷
	公司網站	Knowledge of commodities quality, customer rights
		and interests
		商品質量、消費者權益方面知識
		Commodities supply and sales promotion during
		festival periods
		商品節期供應、促銷

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

The Group attaches great importance to environmental protection, strictly abides by the relevant laws and regulations of the country and the place of operation, including the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China, the Clean Production Promotion Law of the People's Republic of China, the Energy Conservation Law of the People's Republic of China, etc., and carries out the green business philosophy.

Emissions

The Group is not a manufacturing enterprise and therefore no consumption of resources including gases, oil and packaging material is involved. No hazardous substances are produced or emitted to the water or land, and there is no emission of waste gas. Therefore, no laws and regulations in these respects have a significant impact on the Group that require special compliance; The Group produces a small amount of harmless waste due to the use of office equipment and equipment in daily office work, including waste ink cartridges, waste toner cartridges, waste computers, waste lamps, etc., but these wastes are collected by the Group and stored and handed over to a qualified third party for treatment. Therefore, the Group's business activities do not have a significant impact on the environment and natural resources. During the Reporting Period, the Group was not prosecuted for any violation of the relevant regulations on environmental protection.

環境保護

本集團高度重視環境保護的重要性,嚴格遵守國家及經營地相關法律法規,包括《中華人民共和國環境保護法》、《中華人民共和國清潔生產促進法》、《中華人民共和國節約能源法》等,貫徹綠色經營理念。

排放物

本集團並不屬於生產型企業,並不涉及氣體、油、包裝材料及其他原材料等資源的損耗,不會向水及土地排放及生產有毒有害或無害物質,亦不會排放廢氣,因此,在這方面沒有對本集團有重大影響的法律法規需要特別遵守;本集團在日常辦公中因使用辦公設備及器材會產生相關少量無審廢物,主要包括廢墨盒、廢硒鼓、廢電腦、廢燈管等,但這些廢物均由集團及各門店收集並交由具有資質的第三方處理,故本集團的業務活動等並不會對環境及天然資源產生重大影響。於報告期間,本集團未有因違反與環保相關法例而遭受檢控的個案。

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Use of Resources and Emissions

The Group supports environmental protection and strives to enforce sustainable development and advocates resources conservation. It advocates for the conservation of resources, encourages energy saving measures and green office, and tries to use information technology to promote low-carbon offices. Since 2015, the Group has established an energy system that meets the requirements of ISO50001. During the Reporting Period, the Group's energy management system successfully passed the certification. The Group has compiled "Energy Management Handbook" and "Carbon Emission Management Handbook" to strengthen the management of harmless disposal of energy and hazardous waste, reduce carbon emissions, and minimize the impact of business operations on the environment. The Group takes the following actions to rationally use resources and reduce environmental damage: (1) push for electronic collaboration, establish collaborative office platform, implement electronic submission of documents, reduce the circulation of paper documents; (2) register the use of paper and reduce the use of paper: the Group encourages all departments to reuse single-sided printing paper and use double-sided printing, and register the application of paper; (3) reduce the use of paper cups: stop applying for disposable paper cups in the office, set up sterile cup cabinets in the conference room and prepare mugs to replace the use of paper cups; (4) carry out online meetings and trainings, through telephone or third-party software to reduce the commuting time of meetings and the use of transportation. Meanwhile, meeting materials and training materials are transmitted online to reduce the use of paper; (5) encourage employees to use public transportation to reduce carbon emissions; (6) all units are required to make sure that the power is disconnected and confirmed by the security officer. The buildings of the Group's 24-hour security service, and the security will turn off the lighting or office equipment in the office area without presence of staff when patrolling. The Group performed well in energy conservation and carbon reduction and will continue to explore more effective ways to rationally use resources.

資源使用

集團支持環境保護,致力踐行可持續發展和宣揚 愛惜資源,鼓勵節能措施及綠色辦公,並逐步通 過信息化手段實現協同辦公,倡導低碳辦公。自 2015年起,本集團既已建立起符合ISO50001要求 的能源體系,並每年進行審核以保證持續合規; 報告期內,本集團能源管理體系順利通過認證。 本集團已編製《能源管理手冊》及《碳排放管理手 冊》,以加強對能源和危險廢物無害化處置的管 理,減少碳排放,最大程度降低由於經營運作對 環境所造成的影響。本集團為資源合理使用、減 少環境損害做出以下行動:(1)推行電子化辦公, 搭建協同辦公平台,推行文件電子呈閱,減少紙 質文件傳閱;(2)登記紙張使用情況,減少紙張使 用量:本集團鼓勵各部室重複利用單面打印的紙張 以及雙面打印,並對紙張申領進行登記;(3)減少 紙杯的使用:辦公室停止一次性紙杯申領,會議 室擺放消毒杯具櫃並準備馬克杯以替代紙杯的使 用;(4)推行通過電話、或第三方軟件等線上方式 進行會議、培訓,減少會議通勤時間及交通工具 使用,同時會議材料、培訓資料等均通過線上方 式傳送以減少紙張使用;(5)鼓勵員工使用公共交 通工具減少碳排放;(6)要求各單位做到人走電斷 並由安全員確認,集團公司樓宇設有24小時安保 服務,安保人員在巡邏時會關閉無人辦公區未關 閉的照明或辦公設備。在節能減碳方面,本集團 表現良好,並將繼續探索更多有效方式合理利用 資源。

Energy Management

The Group attaches great importance to energy conservation and emission reduction, reduces energy consumption, promotes green operation, and is committed to deepening the concept of energy conservation and emission reduction into every link of operation and corporate governance. In order to do a good job in energy consumption control, energy conservation and emission reduction, all stores and affiliated companies are required to use energy and strengthen the management of external tenants in strict accordance with DB11/T 1159-2015: Department store, supermarket energy consumption quota calculation standard, optimize energy management. During the Reporting Period, the Group had been pushing forward the establishment of the Internet of things platform by merchants prepaid module, energy management module, equipment operational management module, security management module, so as to more quickly and accurately understand the usage of water and electricity and equipment operation, etc., timely find strange, overweight, abnormal operation, fault, and so on and so forth, allow the Group to timely intervene and react, which enhances control capacity and supervision efficiency. The Group continues to advance the subordinate stores refrigeration equipment, platoon lampblack, drainage system reconstruction project, explore energy conservation and emission reduction schemes in more fields and improves enterprise energy conservation and environmental protection at the elaborating management level. In 2022, the total power consumption of the Group was 85,804.77 thousand kwh, consumption intensity was 0.47 thousand kwh per square meter.

能源管理

本集團高度重視節能減排,減少能源消耗,推行 綠色經營,致力於將節能減排理念深入運營及公 司治理的每一個環節。為做好用能管控、節能減 排工作,要求各門店、附屬公司嚴格按照集團《用 水用電管理辦法》、《排水管理辦法》、《燃氣管理 辦法》使用能源並加強對外租商戶的管理,嚴格執 行《DB11/T 1159-2015: 商場、超市能源消耗限 額》的計算標準,優化能源管理。報告期內,本 集團持續推進物聯網平台建設,通過商戶預付費 模塊、能源管理模塊、設備運維管理模塊、安全 管理模塊,更為迅速和精準地瞭解水電使用情況 及設備運行等情況,及時發現用能異樣、超標、 設備運行異常、故障等情況,以便及時干預及反 應,提升管控能力及監管效率。本集團持續推進 下屬門店製冷設備、排油煙設備、排水系統改造 工程,推行LED節能燈具的使用以替代傳統低能效 照明設備,在電梯、照明節能改造等方面不斷提 升企業節能環保精細化管理水平,取得了顯著的 節能減排及經濟效益。2022年,本集團消耗合計 85,084.77千個萬千瓦時的電力,用電密度為每平 方米0.47千個千瓦時。

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Water Usage

Water shortage is one of the major challenges facing the world today. Water pollution and water poverty have also become one of the most serious factors restricting China's economic and social development. The Group is committed to addressing these challenges through good water conservation management practices. In order to reduce the consumption of water resources and as the Group's water efficiency goals, the Group has made great efforts to promote water conservation, improve employees' awareness of water conservation, advocate and implement water conservation measures and encourage water reuse. The Group hangs up the slogan "save water" in important places such as the toilets in the office area, the canteen sink and the bathroom in the dormitory, and continuously monitors the water consumption in the above places. The Group purchases and updates water-saving and water purification facilities and does everything possible to reduce water consumption and avoids unnecessary waste of water resources. The Group has sufficient water supply from the municipal water supply and has not encountered any problems in obtaining suitable water sources. Water consumption of the Group in 2022 was approximately 313,058 tons, consumption intensity was 1.72 tons per square meter.

Use of Packaging Material

The National Development and Reform Commission, the Ecological Environment in January 2020 issued plastic limit "opinions on further strengthening plastic pollution treatment (《關於進一步加強塑料污染治理 的意見》)". The Beijing Municipal Development and Reform Commission, the Ecological Environment of Beijing Bureau also introduced plastic limit action plan "Beijing action plan of plastic pollution (《北京市塑料 污染行動計劃》)" requiring by the end of 2020, supermarket forbid the use of non-biodegradable plastic bags. At the same time, it advocates green consumption, encourages and guides consumers to use reusable packaging materials such as environment-friendly cloth bags and paper bags, and encourages supermarkets to set up self-service and intelligent reusable shopping bag sales devices. During the Reporting Period, the Group actively responded to the requirements of the national and government plastic restrictions, bans and action plans, completed the elimination of traditional plastic products and replaced degradable plastic bags, and consumers can choose whether they need plastic bags through self-service cashier equipment in stores.

用水管理

水資源匱乏是當今世界面臨的重大挑戰之一,水污染、水貧困也成為制約中國經濟社會發展的最嚴重的因素之一。本集團致力於通過良好的節水管控措施來應對上述挑戰。為減少水資源消耗及作為本集團的用水效益目標,本集團大力進行節約用水宣傳,提高員工節水意識,大力提倡及實施節約用水措施,鼓勵水的二次利用。在辦公實統爭間、食堂洗碗池、宿舍洗漱池等重要用水場所懸掛「節約用水」標語並持續監控上述場所的用水情況,採購、更新節水、淨水設施竭盡所能減少用水量,避免水資源不必要的浪費。本集團水源上未遇到任何問題。於2022年,本集團消耗合計約313,058噸用水量,用水密度為每平米1.72噸。

包裝物的使用

國家發展改革委、生態環境部於2020年1月出台限 塑令《關於進一步加強塑料污染治理的意見》,北京市發展和改革委員會、北京市生態環境局也出台限塑行動計劃《北京市塑料污染之行動計劃》,要求到2020年底,超市禁止使用不可降解塑料袋。同時,倡導綠色消費,鼓勵引導消費者使用環保布袋、紙袋等各類可重複利用包裝材料,鼓勵超市設置自助式、智慧化可重複利用購物袋售賣裝置。報告期內,本集團積極響應國家及政府限塑令、禁塑令及行動計劃的要求,完成傳統塑料製品的淘汰工作並全面更換可降解塑料包裝资,消費者並可通過店舖自助收銀設備選擇是否需要塑料袋。

The Environment and Natural Resources

During the Reporting Period, the Group continues to unswervingly implement the "Beijing Municipal Life Waste Management Regulation (《北京市生活垃圾管理條例》)" and the Group Companies' requirements of "Domestic Waste Management Plan Propaganda (《生活垃圾管理條例》)" to carry out the garbage classification regulation, and the management, and inspection on garbage classification work. For those who do not conform to the requirements of the project rectification, the Group will integrate life garbage sorting into the store management and employees. The Group strictly implements garbage classification, jointly promotes the store environment improvement, so that consumers have a clean and tidy shopping environment, establishing a good environmental image of the enterprise.

Climate Change and Response

Climate change is a challenge the world is facing presently. Global warming and ecological environment change are closely related to human survival. The increasingly sophisticated and detailed regulatory policies and measures of the government have made the Group aware that climate change is changing the competitive environment in the market and thus bringing risks to business operations: As external environmental risks faced by the enterprise, extreme weather such as storm, flood and drought caused by climate change and climate events such as global warming will affect logistics transportation, commodity supply and resource allocation of the Group. In order to cope with the climate change of the limit of exhaust emission reduction policy, the government promotes the low carbon operation concept. Consumers increasingly focus on enterprises environment protection and resource conservation measures, and choose of energy-saving product universally, which prompts the Group to speed up the pace of implementation of climate action, by means of scientific management methods, and to promote the sustainable development performance. The Group always pays close attention to climate change weather forecast and early warning information in daily operation, and combines logistics, transportation and traffic conditions to reasonably reserve necessary supplies and emergency supplies to meet consumer demand, and manages emergency plans to deal with emergencies. At the same time, the Group will continue to strengthen the management of climate risks, further reduce operational emissions, and continue to promote the use of environmental protection and energy saving equipment and materials, so as to achieve parallel energy saving and emission reduction systems with scientific and technological means. For the energy conservation and emission reduction measures of the Group, please refer to the Use of Resources and Energy Management sections.

環境及天然資源

報告期內,本集團繼續堅定不移地貫徹落實《北京市生活垃圾管理條例》,根據集團公司《生活垃圾管理工作方案》的要求,宣傳貫徹垃圾分類規定,落實管理,並對垃圾分類工作進行檢查,對於不符合項目要求整改,將垃圾分類植入店舖管理及員工生活中。嚴格執行垃圾分類,共同促進店舖賣場環境提升,讓消費者擁有乾淨、整潔的購物環境,樹立企業良好環保形象。

氣候變化應對措施

氣候變化是全球當前面對的挑戰,全球變暖、生 態環境變化與人類生存息息相關。政府日趨完善 及詳盡的監管政策及措施,令本集團意識到氣候 變化問題正在改變市場競爭的環境,從而給企業 經營帶來風險:因氣候變化引發的諸如暴風雨、 洪水、乾旱等極端天氣以及全球變暖的氣候事件 作為企業面臨的外部環境風險,將影響本集團物 流運輸、商品供應以及資源配置。政府為應對氣 候變化出台的限排減排政策、對於低碳經營理念 宣傳,消費者日趨關注企業對環境保護和節約資 源採取的措施以及對於節能產品的選擇普適性, 促使本集團加快實施氣候應對行動的步伐,借助 科學的管理手段提升可持續發展表現。本集團時 時關注氣候變化,密切關注日常經營中的天氣預 報及預警信息,並結合物流、運輸情況、交通 狀況等條件,合理儲備必備品、應急品以滿足消 費需求,做好應急預案管理以應對突發狀況。同 時,本集團將持續加強對氣候風險的管理,進一 步減少營運排放,不斷推行環保、節能設備與材 料的使用,做到節能減排制度與科學技術手段並 行。關於本集團節能減排措施詳見資源使用及能 源管理分節。

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EMPLOYMENT POLICIES

Working Environment

The Group is strictly in compliance with the relevant laws and regulations including the "Labour Law of the PRC" and the "Labour Contract Law of the PRC" to create a fair and legitimate working environment as well as a healthy and safe working environment. Reasonable working hours and resting time are arranged for our employees. The Group has also established a labour union to protect various rights of all its employees.

Employment and Dismissal Policies

In accordance with the "Labour Law of the PRC" and the "Labour Contract Law of the PRC", the Group established the "Staff Management Mechanism (《人事管理制度》)", the "Objective Management System (《目標管理制度》)" and the "Education and Training Administration System (《教育培訓管理制度》)" in respect of employees' recruitment, promotion and dismissal policies. The Group will adjust employee compensation in strict accordance with the position, responsibilities, experience, achievement and performance of employees, and refer to the market rate to maintain the competitiveness of salary. Further, in order to maintain the competitiveness of employees and improve their quality, the Group makes training and promotion plans for employees, carries out pre-job training and on-the-job training courses for employees, and provides promotion platforms and channels to fully explore and stimulate the potential of employees and enable them to fully display their skills. During the Reporting Period, the organizational structure of the Company was adjusted, and all functional departments organized competition for employment to strengthen the two-way selection of employees and enterprises. According to the employment policy of the Group, the Group will demote, transfer or even terminate the labor contract of the employee according to the seriousness of the violation of discipline.

僱傭政策

工作環境

本集團嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國勞動法》、《中華 人民共和國勞動合同法》等相關法律法規的要求, 促進公平、合法的工作環境以及健康安全的勞動 環境的建立,依法合理安排工作時間及員工休息 休假時間。本集團設立工會組織,以保護全體職 工的各項權益。

用工政策

本集團嚴格按照《中華人民共和國勞動法》及《中華 人民共和國勞動合同法》的規定,針對員工招聘、 晉升或解僱制定了《人事管理制度》、《目標考核管 理制度》及《教育培訓管理制度》。本集團員工薪酬 的制定標準嚴格按照員工的崗位、職責、經驗、 業績、員工工作表現評定、調整,並適當考慮 市場環境、參考市場水平,維持薪酬的競爭力水 平。同時,為維持企業員工的競爭力、提升員工 質素,本集團為員工制定培訓及晉升計劃,開展 員工崗前培訓、在職培訓課程,提供晉昇平台與 渠道,充分發掘、激發員工潛能,讓員工技能得 以充分展示。報告期間,對組織架構進行調整, 各職能部門組織競聘,加強員工與企業雙向選 擇。按照本集團用工政策,集團公司將根據員工 違紀情節嚴重程度,對其做出降職、調離崗位直 至解除勞動合同的處理。

Equal Opportunity

The Group is deeply aware of the importance of equal opportunities, the economic benefits and that growth results of the enterprise must be equally distributed, self-actualization opportunities related to promotion must be equal. The Group has always been committed to providing equal growth opportunities for employees. The Group has established an efficient and equitable distribution mechanism and a fair competition mechanism for employees' self-growth. It provides abundant learning opportunities, practical work experience and career development guidance for employees to improve their professional skills and help them develop their potential, so as to maintain the healthy development of employees and the enterprise.

Employee Diversity Policy

The Group is deeply aware of the need to uphold inclusiveness and diversity. The Group provides equal career development opportunities and a good working atmosphere for employees, continuously improves employee welfare, strengthens communication and cooperation, and provide a diverse and inclusive working environment for employees. When recruiting candidates, the Group will take age, education background, experience, values and professional skills into comprehensive consideration to select suitable candidates. The Group organizes various activities for employees according to their gender, region, education background and personal background, so as to bring more communication space for employees. The open and transparent competition and selection system enables employees to feel equal opportunities, and make them willing to serve the enterprise.

平等機會

本集團深知平等機會的重要性,深切瞭解企業的 經濟效益和增長成果必須公平分配,與晉升有關 自我實現的機會必須均等,也一直致力於為員工 提供平等的成長機會。本集團已經建立效率兼顧 公平的分配機制,員工自我成長的公平競爭機 制,向員工提供豐富的學習機會、實踐工作經驗 以及職業發展輔導,提升員工專業技能,幫助員 工發揮潛能,以保持員工和企業的健康發展。

員工多元化政策

本集團深切意識到企業應秉持包容性與多元化, 為員工提供平等的職業發展機會和良好的工作氛 圍,持續提高員工福利,加強員工溝通合作,為 員工提供多元共融的工作環境。本集團在招聘時 會將應聘者年齡、教育背景、經歷、價值觀等與 職業技能進行綜合考慮,選聘適格人員。本集團 根據職工性別、地域、學歷、個人背景等不同, 組織豐富多樣的職工活動,旨在給員工帶來更多 的交流空間。公開、透明的競聘及選聘制度,讓 員工感到機會公平,而願意為企業服務。

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Welfare Policy

The Group respects and safeguards the rights of female employees, opposes and resists sexism. It arranges positions for female employees reasonably according to the job nature, so that female employees can enjoy equal and competitive remuneration and benefits as well as equal opportunities to develop their career. The Group also provides a "mothers' room" especially for the convenience of female employees in need, thereby embodying caring corporate culture. The Group also provides "Special Disease Mutual Security Scheme for Working Female Employees (《在職女職工特殊病互助保障計劃》)" for female employees and settles claims in a timely manner. Specialized body check plans are also provided to female employees, according to the results of physical examination, health lectures are given to prevent diseases and improve health and safety awareness.

The Group has built a "reading corner" for the staff to encourage them to learn culture, acquire knowledge and organized a variety of group activities from time to time to enrich their spare-time.

The Group encourages and supports its staff to participate in physical exercise, by occasionally hosting sports programs such as table tennis, basketball and badminton competitions and provides its staff with fitness equipment for exercise.

The Group attaches great importance to the provision of assistance to employees in need and keeps improving the assistance system. Emergency assistance is available to employees in need and education subsidy is provided to employees with difficulties in supporting their children's education.

The Group has set up its own staff canteen to provide the staff with safe and convenient breakfast and lunch. All staff are entitled to the food subsidies.

福利政策

本集團尊重和保障女性員工權益,反對並抵制性別歧視。根據工作特性,合理安排女性員工崗位,保障女職工享有平等而具有競爭力的薪酬福利,提供平等的職業發展機會。本集團專門為女性員工提供一間「媽咪屋」,為有需要的女性員工提供便利,體現企業的人文關懷精神。本集團亦為女職工提供《在職女職工特殊疾病互助保障計劃》,對於出險女職工進行及時理賠;對女職工提供專項體檢,針對體檢結果進行健康講座,預防疾病,提高健康安全意識。

本集團為員工建立「圖書角」,倡導職工利用業餘時間豐富文化知識;並不時組織各種集體活動, 豐富職工的業餘生活。

本集團鼓勵員工積極參與身體鍛煉,不時組織趣 味運動賽:同時,亦提供健身器材供員工鍛煉使 用。

本集團高度重視對困難職工的幫扶,不斷完善困 難職工幫扶機制,對困難員工啟動應急救助活動,並對困難職工的子女讀書問題進行資助。

本集團亦已開辦員工食堂,為員工提供安全、放心、便利的早午餐,並且所有員工均享有伙食補助。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

Employees Structure

The Group is mainly engaged in the wholesale and retail business of fast moving consumer goods. Therefore, a strong and stable workforce is needed to consolidate the normal and stable operation of the Group. Employees are also the performance of an enterprise's important competitiveness. As at 31 December 2022, the Group employed 4,458 employees.

僱員架構

本集團主要從事快速消費品的批發零售業務,因 此,需要強大穩定的員工隊伍夯實集團正常、穩 健的營運。員工也是企業的重要競爭力的表現。 截至2022年12月31日,本集團共有4,458名員工。

The Group upholds the idea of providing a fair working environment. The principle of "equal pay for equal work" has been strictly implemented as well.

本集團一直崇尚提供公平的工作環境,嚴格實行 男女同工同酬的標準。

The employee structure of the Group is as follows:

本集團僱員結構如下表:

By gender	Male:	1,837
按性別劃分	男性員工:	
	Female:	2,621
	女性員工:	
By type of employment	Fixed term:	1,554
按僱傭類型劃分	固定期限的員工:	
	Variable terms:	2,904
	不固定期限的員工:	
By age group	18-39 years old:	1,411
按年齡組別劃分	18歲至39歲的員工:	
	40 yeas old and above:	3,047
	40歲及以上的員工:	
By location	Beijing:	2,747
按地區劃分	京籍員工:	
	Others:	1,711
	非京籍員工:	

環境、社會及管治報告

Employee Turnover

During the Reporting Period, the total number of staff loss is 323. The turnover rates of employees in Group are as follows:

僱員離職情況

報告期間,本集團流失員工總數為323人,員工流 失比率如下:

By gender	Male:	40.7%
按性別劃分	男性員工:	
	Female:	59.3%
	女性員工:	
By type of employment	Fixed term:	37.5%
按僱傭類型劃分	固定期限的員工:	
	Variable terms:	62.5%
	不固定期限的員工:	
By age group	16-39 years old:	36.4%
按年齡組別劃分	16歲至39歲的員工:	
	40 yeas old and above	63.6%
	40歲及以上的員工:	
By location	Beijing:	61.5%
按地區劃分	京籍員工:	
	Others:	38.5%
	非京籍員工:	

Health and Safety

In accordance with the "Food Safety Law of the PRC" and relevant laws and regulations referring to the health management for the employees responsible for distributing food, the Group has established a "Health Management System for Employees (《從業人員健康管理制度》)" to ensure the health of employees and to purchase medical insurance for employees.

健康與安全

本集團按照《中華人民共和國食品安全法》及相關 法律法規對流通領域食品經營人員健康管理的規 定,制定本集團《從業人員健康管理制度》,確保 員工的身體健康,並為員工投保醫療保險。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

During the Reporting period, in view of the COVID-19 sporadic outbreaks, the Group resolutely implemented the government's epidemic prevention measures, laid a solid ideological foundation, strengthened faith, took in accordance with the epidemic emergency plans, prevention and control plan and management of the Group, made effort to protect employees during the normalization of the epidemic situation, arranged employees to return to work in orderly in accordance with relevant regulations, organized its employees for nucleic acid testing, making sure the nucleic acid testing were available for the Group's staff to maintain the health of employees, called on employees to receive new coronavirus vaccine and booster injection, effectively increased the prevention and control work. Meanwhile, the Group communicated the epidemic prevention and control system to employees through online courses, publicized epidemic prevention knowledge, ensuring that employees comprehend relevant content, improved their awareness and skills of epidemic prevention, and tested their level of understanding of epidemic prevention In order to protect the health of employees, the Group provided employees with personal protective equipment, including masks, disinfectant, disposable protective gloves and hand sanitizer for free during the epidemic. The Group also disinfected the workplace and took the temperature of employees before they entered the office area to protect employees.

Healthcare seminars on occupational hazards and disease prevention are regularly held to keep employees healthy.

本集團關注員工心理健康,定期對員工進行職業 病危害防治健康講座,保持員工的健康心態。

環境、社會及管治報告

The Group has strictly complied with relevant safety laws and regulations including the "Safety Production Code of the PRC", the "Law on Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases of the PRC" and the "Rules on Supervision Labor Protection Articles", designed the "Administrative measures for Distributing Labour Protection Appliances (《勞動保護用品發放管理辦法》)" for all the employees. The Group builds and keeps a high standard of healthy and safe working environment that does not jeopardize the health of employees, regularly inspects and maintains mechanical equipment in use and provides protection equipment and protective clothing to secure the occupational safety of employees. During the Reporting Period, the Group was never prosecuted for any violation of the relevant regulations on occupational safety.

本集團嚴格遵行《中華人民共和國安全生產法》、《中華人民共和國職業病防治法》、《勞動防護用品監督管理規定》等規定,為全體員工制定《勞動保護用品發放管理辦法》、建立及維持不會危害員工健康的高標準健康及安全工作環境、定期就所用機械設備作出檢查和保養、在有需要時為員工提供安全設備及防護衣物,以確保員工的職業安全。於報告期間未有因違反與職業安全相關法例而遭受檢控的個案。

The number and ratio of work-related deaths of the Group's staff in the past three years are as follows:

過去三年,本集團員工因工亡故的人數及比率如下:

Number of work-related fatalities	因工亡故的人數
Rate of work-related fatalities	因工亡故比率

2022	2021	2020
2022年度	2021年度	2020年度
0	0	0

During the Reporting Period, the number of working days lost by the Group's employees due to work-related injury is 1,422.

報告期內,本集團員工因工傷損失工作日數為 1,422天。

Training and Development of Employees

The Group upholds the corporate spirit of "connecting hearts while making profits with chain stores (連鎖連利連心)" and the corporate value of "integrity before interest, giving before taking (情義重於利益,奉獻先於 索取)". The Group views its employees as family members and focuses on their long-term development and provides a platform for employees to show their best and to help employees better realize their personal value, to achieve a win-win situation between the enterprise and employees.

僱員培訓及發展

本集團一直以「連鎖連利連心」為企業精神,堅持以「情義重於利益,奉獻先於索取」為企業價值觀。本集團將員工視為家人,著眼於員工的長遠發展,為員工提供展示平台,幫助員工更好的實現個人價值,達到企業與員工共贏。

環境、社會及管治報告

With continuous innovation on the market-oriented of recruitment system and improvement on remuneration and benefits, the Group adapts to the keen competition of the labour market to achieve the goal of recruiting and retaining talents.

本集團不斷創新市場化人才選拔機制及不斷完善薪酬福利水平,以適應勞動力市場的激烈競爭, 從而達到錄用人才及挽留人才的目的。

The Group provides various specified trainings for frontline staff, headquarters staff, middle-ranking management and senior management according to the development plan of the Company, so as to provide a clear ladder of promotion for employees. Any employees can realize their value and achieve better development. The promotion mechanism of the Group is linked with performance assessment. By enhancing the management system of human resources and offering room for employees to further develop, the Group can inspire employees to be enthusiastic at work, thereby enhancing their professional and career development.

本集團根據公司的發展規劃,針對集團的全體員工,包含門店一線員工、集團總部人員、中層領導人員、高級管理人員等進行多種專項培訓,為員工提供了清晰的晉升階梯,使每一位有能力的員工都可以實現其價值,在企業中得到更好的發展。本集團設置與績效考核相掛鈎的職級晉升機制,不斷深化人力資源管控體系建設,為員工成長提供廣闊空間,激發員工工作熱情,推動員工的專業化、職業化發展。

In order to meet the needs of the functional departments, the Group broadens the employees' horizons, encourages employees to participate in external training, enhances their professional competence, and equips them with advanced concepts and skills in the industry to improve their working performance.

本集團為滿足職能部室的工作需要,開闊視野, 推送員工參與外部培訓,提升員工專業能力,學 習行業先進理念和方法技術,以促進工作的提升。

During the Reporting Period, all the store managers obtained store manager permit through training, thereby becoming the backbone of the Group. 報告期內,本集團全部店長經培訓取得店長崗位 准入證,成為本集團中堅力量。

During the Reporting Period, the Group's training statistics are as follows:

報告期內,本集團培訓情況統計如下:

Internal training times: 89 External training times: 8

內部培訓次數:89 外部培訓次數:8

環境、社會及管治報告

The percentage of employees trained by	按性別劃分的受訓僱員百分比	Male:	男員工:	39%
gender		Female:	女員工:	61%
The percentage of employees trained by	按僱員類別劃分的受訓僱員百分比	General staff:	基層人員:	89%
employee category		Middle and above management:	中層及以上管理人員:	11%
The average training hours completed per	按性別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的	Male:	男員工:	25
employee by gender	平均時數	Female:	女員工:	25
The average training hours completed per	按僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受	General staff:	基層人員:	25
employee by gender and employee	訓的平均時數	Middle and above management:	中層及以上管理人員:	30.7
category				

Labour Standards

During the Reporting Period, there is no child and forced labour in the Group as it strictly complied with the requirements of the relevant laws and regulations such as the "Labour Law of the PRC" and the "Labour Contract Law of the PRC".

To avoid employing child labour, the Human Resources Department of the Group would strictly examine valid identity cards of job applicants to verify their actual ages, resolutely putting an end to use of child labor.

To safeguard the employees' right, the Group has strictly complied with relevant labour laws and regulations regarding the working hours of the employees. Employees' working hours, duty hours, resting time and holidays are well respected and are strictly arranged in accordance with relevant labour law and regulations. Any necessary arrangements of overtime work must be mutually agreed between the management and employees on a voluntary basis and any extra workload shall be fairly rewarded. The Group encourages employees to have a reasonable work-life balance, allocates work time reasonably, and makes a good work plan. There is no forced labour in the Group.

勞工準則

本集團於報告期間並無僱用童工或強制勞工,嚴格按照《中華人民共和國勞動法》、《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》及其他相關法律法規的規定執行。

為避免僱用童工,本集團人力資源部在招聘時嚴格核驗應聘者的有效身份證以核實其實際年齡, 堅決杜絕使用童工。

為保障員工權利,本集團嚴格按照有關勞動的法 律規定設定並執行員工的工作、值班、休息、休 假時間。任何必要加班安排需經管理層與員工自 願商定,且額外工作量均給予合理報酬。鼓勵員 工合理平衡工作與生活的關係,合理分配工作時 間,做好工作計劃。本集團概無任何強制勞工的 現象。 To ensure the employment conduct in its compliance with the laws and regulations, guarantee the employees' full entitlement to the right to be informed, to participate, express and supervise and to prevent violations, the Group has publicized the current labour management system and established various channels to gather and integrate the feedback and complaint from staff, handled and resolved employees' problems in a timely manner. If violation is found through verification, corresponding punishment will be given according to the level of violation and system requirements.

為確保本集團僱傭行為的合規,保障員工權益, 維護員工知情權、參與權、表達權和監督權,防 止違規情形的發生,本集團已將現行的勞動管理 制度公開便於員工及時瞭解相關政策,並已設立 各類渠道收集員工反饋及投訴信息,及時處理、 解決員工各類問題。若經核查確實發現存在違反 行為,則按違反程度以及制度要求作出相應處分。

OPERATING PRACTICES

Supply Chain Management

The number of retail suppliers was 510, and the number of wholesale suppliers was 673, including 13 international suppliers. Others were Chinese suppliers.

In the course of selecting suppliers, the Group would strictly abide by the Company's series of introduction systems, such as the "Supplier Classification Management Measures (《供應商分級分類管理辦法》)", the "Certificate of Claims and Purchase Accounts (《索證索票和進貨台賬管理制度》)", the "Channel Introduction Supervision Standards (《渠道引進監督標準》)", etc. and would consider a range of factors including the product quality, the supply capacity, reasonableness of price, service quality and business reputation while strictly reviewing information such as operational qualifications, licenses and testing reports on product quality in order to ensure that all products introduced by us are safe and reliable. We have entered into an agreement for sale and purchase with each supplier that we introduce, specifying the rights, obligations and related responsibilities of the suppliers explicitly and requesting the suppliers to provide regular testing reports of the products that they offer.

營運常規

供應鏈管理

本集團零售業態供應商數量為510,批發業態供應 商為673,其中國際供應商數量為13。

本集團在選擇供應商時,嚴格遵守公司一系列的 引進制度,如《供應商分級分類管理辦法》、《索證 索票和進貨台賬管理制度》、《渠道引進監督標準》 等,會考慮供應商產品質量、供貨能力、合理價 格、優良服務、商譽信譽等因素,嚴格審核供應 商的生產經營資質、牌照以及產品合格檢測報告 等資料,確保所引進的產品安全、可靠。與每個 引進的供應商簽訂採購協議,明確供應商的權利 義務及相關責任,要求供應商定期提交所供應商 品的檢測報告。

環境、社會及管治報告

To regulate supplier management of the Group, improve the suppliers introduction and exit mechanism, promote purchasing link operation quality and efficiency, strengthen the risk prevention and control of purchasing, the Group adopts "Measures for the management of supplier introduction and withdrawal (《供應商引進、退出管理辦法》)", makes clear in supplier selection and evaluation criteria, determines the elimination of suppliers according to the evaluation results and rectification.

為規範集團公司供應商管理,完善供應商引進、 退出機制,提升採購環節運行質量和效率,加強 採購環節風險防控,本集團制定《供應商引進、退 出管理辦法》,明確供應商選擇、評估標準,並根 據評估結果、需整改情況等,確定淘汰供應商。

In order to speed up the introduction of new products, increase customers' sense of fresh experience and store operation vitality, and improve the management mechanism of new product entry, the Group has set up a new product introduction review committee to review the introduction of new products. The committee will determine the new products for trial sale according to the introduction reasons, market status and estimated situation. After the trial sale period, the contribution of the new products will be assessed by indicators to confirm whether they are turned into normal products, so as to increase the highlights of new products for marketing and maintain the product competitiveness of the Group.

為加快新品引進速度,增加顧客的新鮮體驗感和門店經營活力,完善新品進入管理機制,本集團成立新品引進評審委員會對新品引進進行評審。 委員會根據對引進理由、市場現狀、預估情況確定試銷的新品,試銷期滿對其貢獻度進行指標考核,確認是否轉為正常商品,為營銷增加新品亮點,維護集團商品競爭力。

The Group attaches great attention to the production environment of the supply chain. For suppliers involving in food production, we strictly abide by the provisions of the Food Safety Law of the PRC to ensure a safe and reliable production environment. 本集團高度關注供應鏈的生產環境,對於涉及食品方面的供應商,本集團會要求其嚴格遵守《中華 人民共和國食品安全法》的規定,確保生產環境安全可靠。

The Group is concerned about the use of environmentally friendly products and services by its suppliers. Environmental considerations are taken into account in the selection of suppliers, and suppliers are assessed through review of the documents and field surveys of production facilities and work processes.

本集團關注供應商對環保產品及服務的使用,並 在篩選供應商時考慮環保因素,並通過資料形式 審查及對生產設施及工作流程進行實地調查的方 式對供應商進行考核。

Food Safety/Product Responsibility

The Group spares no efforts in promoting the knowledge of food safety and offering trainings to procurement staff, store managers and relevant employees on the relevant laws and regulations including the "Food Safety Law of the People's Republic of China". To better enforce the food safety management work and to eliminate the hidden risks of food safety issues, the Group strictly monitors the quality of the products pursuant to the "Food Safety Law of the PRC", the "Product Quality Law of the PRC" and the requirements of other relevant laws and regulations. New channels and new products are reviewed and approved strictly according to the Group's quality standards. On-site inspections on newly introduced channels and high risk channels are carried out to ensure that disqualified channels will not be introduced. The operation headquarters have enhanced food safety inspections and paid close attention to shelf life of goods, to ensure that consumers are provided with safe and reliable food.

During the Reporting Period, no products sold or shipped had to be recalled for safety and health reasons.

During the Reporting Period, the number of complaints received by the Group regarding products and services is 1,960, and the above complaints have all been resolved by the functional departments of the Group. The Group accepts the supervision of the society. As for the complaints from all walks of life regarding the Group's products and services, it will handle them immediately, timely receive, transfer, reply and supervise the handling of the mass appeals related to the Group, and handle them in accordance with the law and regulations, to ensure that everything has an answer and been implemented.

Intellectual Property Protection

The Group has been determined to actively maintain and protect the intellectual property, and respect the achievement of intellectual property. The Group continues to improve the intellectual property management and control system, and ensure legal authorization has been obtained in respect of all types of intellectual property rights.

食品安全/產品責任

本集團大力普及食品安全知識,對採購人員、門店店長及相關崗位人員等進行《中華人民共和國食品安全法》等相關法律法規的培訓。為更好的落實食品安全管理工作,排除食品安全隱患,本集團按照《中華人民共和國食品安全法》、《中華人民共和國產品質量法》及其他相關法律法規的要求對商品質量進行嚴格監控,嚴格按照質量標準對新渠道和新商品進行審核准入,並對新引進渠道和高風險渠道進行實地考察,不符合質量要求的渠道一律未予引進。營運本部加大食品安全檢查力度,關注在售商品的保質期,向消費者提供安全、放心的食品。

報告期內,未發生已售或已運送產品中存在因安 全與健康理由而須回收的情形。

報告期內,本集團收到的有關產品及服務投訴數量為1,960件,上述投訴案件均已通過本集團各職能部門解決。本集團接受社會的監督,對於社會各界對於本集團商品及服務的投訴,接訴即辦,及時接收、轉辦、回覆、督辦並穩妥處理與本集團相關的群眾訴求,並依法依規處理,保證事事有回音,件件有落實。

知識產權保護

本集團一直以來致力於積極維護及保障知識產權,尊重知識產權成果,本集團不斷完善知識產權管理及管控制度,並保證本集團涉及知識產權領域方面,均取得合法授權。

環境、社會及管治報告

Commodity Inspection and Recycling

The Group strictly abides by the provisions of the "Food Safety Law of the PRC" and provides accurate and complete information such as product labels.

The Group is also in compliance with the provisions of the "Advertising Law of the PRC", and there is no false advertising.

The Group applies for certification and ticket inspection for all types of commodities to ensure that the commodities have legitimate sources, carries out cold chain inspection for refrigerated and frozen commodities, and carries out pesticide residue inspection for agricultural and sideline products to ensure the safety of consumers.

The Group has already established a series of product management systems including the management instructions for the expiry date of commodities and quality manuals, so as to guarantee the quality and safety of the commodities to be sold. If the consumer intends to return the goods, the retail store shall follow the specific rules related to return and refund operation methods for relevant goods formulated by the Group.

As a wholesale and retail service provider, the Group does not manufacture any products. Therefore, no products were recalled for safety and health reasons during the Reporting Period. If there is actual evidence that the products sold by the Group have quality problems, the Group will directly return the defective products to the supplier through retail or wholesale channels, thereby restricting their access to the market circulation. As for the quality problems of the products that have been sold, the products will be destroyed directly by the regulatory authorities or by the suppliers and will not enter the market again.

商品檢查與回收

本集團嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國食品安全法》的 規定,確保對於諸如產品標籤等所標注信息準 確、完整。

本集團亦嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國廣告法》的規 定,不存在虛假宣傳情形。

本集團對全品類商品索證、索票檢查以保證商品 具有合法來源,對於冷藏冷凍商品進行冷鏈檢 查,對於農夫產品進行相關農藥殘留的檢查,保 證消費者入口安全。

本集團已制定商品保質期管理制度、質量手冊等商品管理制度以確保銷售的商品的質量與安全。 若消費者擬對購買商品進行退貨,則零售店舖應 按照本集團制定的有關商品具體退貨退款操作辦 法執行。

本集團作為商品批發及零售的服務商,不生產任何產品,故報告期內,概無因安全及健康原因須召回的產品。若有確鑿證據證明本集團銷售的產品存在質量問題,本集團將會對問題產品通過零售或批發渠道直接退回供應商,從而限制其進入市場流通:而對於已經銷售的產品存在質量問題,則該產品直接被監管部門銷毀或由供應商銷毀,亦不會再次進入市場流通。

Consumer Right and Interest Protection

The Group strictly adheres to the requirements under the "the Protection of the Rights and Interests of Consumers of the PRC" and other relevant laws and regulations, and pays attention to the protection of the consumers legal rights. The Group also set up a special functional department to handle issues with consumers.

The Group is highly concerned about the protection of consumers' privacy and constantly improves the data protection system. Any person who has access to personal or the Group data is required to fulfill the obligation of confidentiality. The Group undertakes that the relevant data obtained through normal consumption will not be disclosed or used for other purposes.

Anti-corruption

The Group expects all staff to remember and strictly comply with the relevant laws and regulations including the "Anti-corruption and Bribery Act of the PRC", the "Anti- Money laundering Law of the PRC" and the "Discipline Inspection and Supervision Law of the PRC", and requires all employees to be self-disciplined and upright that they would not accept any corruption and kickback. No one is allowed to take advantage of their position to misappropriate funds and property or abuse power for personal gains.

消費者權益保護

本集團嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國消費者權益保護 法》及其他相關法律法規的規定,在日常經營活動 中,注重保護消費者的合法權利,並設立專業部 門處理與消費者之間的問題。

本集團高度關注對於消費者的隱私保護,不斷完善數據保護系統,對於任何可接觸個人或集團數據的人員,要求其履行保密義務。本集團承諾對於通過正常消費環節所獲取的有關數據,絕不會 洩露或用於其他目的。

反貪污

本集團要求員工始終牢記並嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國刑法》、《中華人民共和國反貪污賄賂法》、《中華人民共和國反洗錢法》、《中華人民共和國紀檢監察法》等規定,要求所有員工廉潔自律,不貪污、不接受任何回扣。任何人不得利用職務之便擅自挪用資金和財產,不得以權謀私。

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The Group monitors and prevents illicit transactions such as bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering through the following measures:

本集團通過以下措施監督、防止賄賂、勒索、欺 詐及洗黑錢等不正當交易:

- The Group has established the Discipline Inspection and Supervision
 Department to accept reports, conduct investigations, and
 investigate and handle certain cases, in an attempt to prevent the
 staff from corruption.
- 本集團設立紀檢監察部門,用於接受舉報、 開展調查、問題查處,以防範員工的不廉潔 行為。
- Implement national laws, regulations and rules on anti-corruption, strengthen publicity and education for employees to consciously resist all kinds of corruption.
- 2、 貫徹執行國家關於反貪污方面的法律、法規、規定,加強對員工宣傳教育,自覺抵制各種貪污行為。
- Cooperate with suppliers or partners to supervise employees' behaviors by signing anti-corruption agreement or relevant supplementary agreement and provide reporting channels to receive evidence and being supervised.
- 3、 通過與供應商或合作夥伴簽訂廉政協議書或 相關補充協議,協同供應商或合作夥伴監督 員工行為,並提供舉報渠道接收線索並接受 監督。

4. Internal audit.

4、 內部審計

Working process of Discipline Inspection and Supervision Department of the Group:

本集團紀檢監察部門工作流程:

Supervisory complaint channels: hotline and email address for report, petition letter, complaint.

監督投訴途徑:舉報電話、舉報郵箱、信訪、投 訴等

Working system: "Petition working System", "Receiving and visiting safety emergency work plan"

工作制度:《信訪工作制度》、《接訪安全工作應急 預案》等

Supervision methods: daily supervision, key supervision, special supervision, by entering the daily management Wechat group, attending special meetings, discussions with key project related person, actively collect relevant information to perform the supervision function.

監督方式:日常監督、重點監督、專項監督,通 過進入日常管理微信群、列席專項會議、與重點 項目相關負責人座談、積極收集相關資料等履行 監督職能。

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Working principle: pay close attention to the key inspection standard, closely observe the implementation of the standard, closely observe the implementation of the results, closely observe the implementation of the results.

工作原則:緊盯關鍵查規範、緊盯規範查執行、 緊盯執行查結果、緊盯結果查落實。

Handling method: issue "prompt letter", "Registration Form of Supervision" and "Supervision Proposal" in accordance with regulations, punish those who violate rules and disciplines.

處理方式:依規出具《提示函》、《督查情況登記 表》、《監察建議書》,對違規、違紀人員給予處 分。

To enhance the consciousness of the specification, the red line consciousness, strengthen the education of clean industry to the key post stuff of the Group and promote employees honest professional consciousness, during the Reporting Period, the Group carries out the warning education training to the directors and staff time after time, such as the important system of procurement staff training and warning eduction training projects for backbone personnel including anti-corruption related topics.

為強化規範意識、紅線意識,加強對集團重點崗 位人員廉潔從業的教育以及促進員工廉政從業自 覺性,於本報告期內,集團對董事及員工開展多 次警示教育培訓,例如對採購人員進行的重要制 度培訓以及骨幹人員警示教育專題培訓包括與反 腐敗相關的題目。

During the Reporting Period, the Group and its employees are not involved in any lawsuits involving corruption, bribery and money laundering.

於本報告期內,本集團及員工並未牽涉任何貪 污、行賄受賄、洗錢活動之法律案件。

Community Engagement

The Group has constantly paid attention to the needs of society. It cares for people in the community through setting up convenience stores in the community, contributing to society and thereby fulfilling the corporate social responsibility. During the Reporting Period, the Group had 38 Community Fresh Stores and 24 Community Convenience Stores.

社區參與

本集團長期關注社會需求,通過開設社區便利 店、社區生鮮店的形式,關懷社區民眾,回饋社 會,踐行企業社會責任。於報告期間,本集團共 有社區生鮮店38間、社區便利店24間。

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During the Reporting Period, the epidemic continued to be frequent, sporadic and sudden. In order to ensure the supply of commodities during the epidemic and win the battle of supply protection, all Jingkelong people worked together to overcome the difficulties and resolutely stuck to the front line of anti-epidemic supply protection. All stores opened early and closed late, and linked online and offline to actively allocate supply sources and increase the reserve of meat, eggs, vegetables, milk, rice, noodles, grain and oil. During the Reporting Period, 188,000 food packages, 477,000 vegetable packages and 143,000 breakfast packages were distributed, The Group successfully fulfilled the urgent task of ensuring supply.

報告期間,疫情持續呈多發、散發、突發,為保證疫情期間商品供應,打贏保供戰,全體京客隆人共克時艱,毅然堅守在抗疫保供第一線,所有店舖早開門、晚關門,線上線下聯動,積極調配貨源,加大肉蛋菜奶、米面糧油的儲備,堅持推出蔬菜及米面糧油等民生商品低價惠民促銷,報告期間,配送食品包18.8萬份、蔬菜包47.7萬份,早餐包14.3萬份,圓滿完成保供應急任務。

In order to improve the store service supervision and control mechanism, broaden social supervision channels, further strengthen the exchange and communication with customers, and constantly improve the service quality of the enterprise, the Group has formulated the supervision mechanism of voluntary supervisors to give full play to the role of voluntary supervisors in social supervision. During the Reporting Period, the Group held two seminars for voluntary supervisors, and 56 stores participated in the discussions. During the meetings, each store made specific introductions to corporate culture, development process, store operation, service work and other links. And the supervisors were invited to guide the adjustment of category management, and the supervisors recognized the reclassification and adjustment of shelf goods. The supervisors also actively affirmed the advantages of the store operation and service work, and also put forward valuable suggestions and opinions on the shortcomings of the store operation. In view of the opinions and suggestions put forward by the supervisors, the stores have made careful records and in-depth studies, and found feasible solutions to meet the needs of consumers and improve customer satisfaction.

本集團為完善店舖服務監督制約機制,拓寬社會 監督渠道,進一步加強與顧客的交流和溝通,不 斷提升企業服務質量,制定了義務監督員監督機 制,充分發揮義務監督員社會監督作用。報告期 間,本集團舉辦兩期義務監督員座談會,56家 門店參與座談,會議中各門店針對企業文化、發 展歷程、門店經營、服務工作等環節做了具體介 紹;並請監督員對品類管理調整進行指導,監督 員對貨架商品重新歸類調整表示認可。各位監督 員也積極踴躍對門店經營及服務工作的優勢給予 了肯定,同時對門店經營中的不足之處也提出了 寶貴的建議和意見。針對監督員們提出的意見和 建議,門店都進行了認真記錄和深入研究,並進 行座談小結,針對監督員提出的問題、意見、建 議等找出切實可行的解決辦法,盡力滿足消費者 需求,提高顧客滿意度。

During the period of "15 March" 2022, which is a critical period of epidemic prevention and control, the Group carried out the "March 15 opinion solicitation activity with the theme of" promoting consumption fairness together". 29 voluntary supervisors walked into the store to express opinions and suggestions on commodity quality, commodity price, commodity price tag, service quality, epidemic prevention and control in the daily operation of the store. Among them, 11 voluntary supervisors participated in the unannounced visit of the store. The voluntary supervisors affirmed the attitude of the store to still put customers first and serve customers during the epidemic. The store staff served the people on the front line and strived to be the most beautiful countermarching people with practical actions, which was unanimously praised by the voluntary supervisors and hoped that the store could continue to provide better service for community residents.

由於2022年「3.15」期間,正值疫情防控關鍵時期,本集團開展「共促消費公平為主題的3.15意見徵集活動,29位義務監督員走進店舖,為門店日常經營過程中商品質量、商品價格、商品價簽、服務質量、疫情防控等發表意見、建議,其中11位義務監督員參與門店暗訪工作,義務監督員對疫情期間店舖仍以顧客為先、為顧客服務的態度給予肯定,店舖人員身處一線為民服務、以實際行動爭當最美逆行者,得到義務監督員一致好評,並希望店舖能持續更好地為社區居民進行更優質的服務。

The Group has been distributing the "Red Heart Service Card (愛心服務卡)" to the needy in the community for 12 years, The service targets include community residents with temporary difficulties and long-term needs, disabled persons with mobility difficulties, and elderly people living alone who have no one to take care of them. In accordance with the requirements of the Group on continuing to do a good job in love service, the shops deliver goods to the love service objects, send posters to their homes, contact the love service objects regularly, help them cut hair, celebrate birthdays, pay for living expenses, clean up and mail parcels, etc. During the festival, gifts of condolence and the word "fu (福)" symbolizing the festival are sent to them.In 2022, during the extended outbreak of the epidemic, the stores of the Group delivered goods to more than 118 loving service objects in 52 communities for more than 200 times, involving RMB51,000 worth of commodities, while ensuring material supply for high-risk and lockdown areas.

The Group encourages employees to care for people in need in society, promotes its corporate culture and fulfills corporate social responsibility.

本集團已連續十二年開展「愛心服務卡」活動,為社區困難民眾發放「愛心服務卡」。愛心服務對象包括臨時遇到困難的以及長期需要幫助的社區居民,比如行動不便的殘疾人以及身邊無人照顧的獨居老人。此項活動致力於為確有需要的居民解決購物難處,通過「愛心服務卡」將真情和愛心傳遞給需要幫助的社區居民。各店舖按照集團關於持續做好愛心服務工作的要求,為愛心服務對象,幫助他們理發、慶生、生活繳費、打掃衛生、郵寄包裹等;於過節期間,為他們送去慰問品和象徵節日喜慶吉祥的福字。2022年為疫情延發期間,本集團各店舖在為高風險、封控區保障物資供應的同時,為52個社區118餘位愛心服務對象送貨上門200餘次,涉及商品金額5.1萬元。

本集團亦鼓勵員工積極關懷有需要的社會人士, 宣傳企業文化,履行企業社會責任。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

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KPI A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced and intensity.	N/A
關鍵績效指標A1.3	所產生有害廢棄物總量及密度。	不涉及
KPI A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced and intensity.	Due to the small amount and the absence of statistical data, based on the principle of materiality, this will not be reported.
關鍵績效指標A1.4	所產生無害廢棄物總量及密度。	因估計數值有限而未有統計數 據,基於重要性原則而不作披 露
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KPI A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	ENVIRONMENTOL PROTECTION-Water Usage
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Aspect B4: Labour Standards 層面B4:勞工準則		
KPI B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour.	EMPLOYMENT POLICIES - Labour Standards
關鍵績效指標B4.1	描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強 制勞工。	僱傭政策-勞工準則
KPI B4.2 關鍵績效指標B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered. 描述在發現達規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟。	EMPLOYMENT POLICIES - Labour Standards 僱傭政策-勞工準則
Operating Practices 營運慣例		
Aspect B5: Supply Chain Management 層面B5: 供應鏈管理		
KPI B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region.	OPERATING PRACTICES - Supply Chain Management
關鍵績效指標B5.1	按地區劃分的供貨商數目。	營運常規-供應鏈管理
KPI B5.2 關鍵績效指標B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述有關聘用供貨商的慣例,向其執行有	OPERATING PRACTICES - Supply Chain Management 營運常規一供應鏈管理
(MACION/X) H (MCC)	關價例的供貨商數目、以及有關慣例的執行及監察方法。	1/2.1776 V (16.72 E. E.
KPI B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored.	OPERATING PRACTICES - Supply Chain Management
關鍵績效指標B5.3	描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	營運常規一供應鏈管理
KPI B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored.	OPERATING PRACTICES - Supply Chain Management
關鍵績效指標B5.4	描述在揀選供貨商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	營運常規一供應鏈管理
Aspect B6: Product Responsibility 層面B6:產品責任		
KPI B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and	OPERATING PRACTICES - Food Safety/Product Responsibility
關鍵績效指標B6.1	health reasons. 已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分比。	營運常規一食品安全/產品責任

Subject Areas, Aspects and KPIs 主要範疇、層面及關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Section 分節
KPI B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with.	OPERATING PRACTICES - Food Safety/Product Responsibility
關鍵績效指標B6.2	接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。	營運常規-食品安全/產品責任
KPI B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual	OPERATING PRACTICES - Intellectual Property Protect
關鍵績效指標B6.3	property rights. 描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	營運常規-知識產權保護
KPI B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures.	OPERATING PRACTICES - Commodity Inspection and
關鍵績效指標B6.4	描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。	Recycling 營運常規一商品檢驗與回收
KPI B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are	OPERATING PRACTICES - Consumer Right and Interest
關鍵績效指標B6.5	implemented and monitored. 描述消費者數據保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行及監察方法。	Protection 營運常規-消費者權益保護
Aspect B7: Anti-corruption 層面B7: 反貪污		
KPI B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases.	OPERATING PRACTICESAnti-corruption
關鍵績效指標B7.1	於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。	營運常規一反貪污
KPI B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, and how they are implemented and monitored.	OPERATING PRACTICES - -Anti-corruption
關鍵績效指標B7.2	描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行 及監察方法。	營運常規一反貪污
KPI B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff.	OPERATING PRACTICESAnti-corruption
關鍵績效指標B7.3	描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。	管運常規-反貪污
Community 社區		
Aspect B8: Community Investment 層面B8:社區投資		
KPI B8.1	Focus areas of contribution.	OPERATING PRACTICES - Community Engagement
關鍵績效指標B8.1	專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工 需求、健康、文化、體育)。	營運常規-社區參與
KPI B8.2	Resources contributed.	OPERATING PRACTICES - Community Engagement
關鍵績效指標B8.2	在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)。	營運常規-社區參與

AUDITOR'S REPORT 審計報告

Da Hua Shen Zi [2023] No. 000309

大華審字[2023]000309號

To The Shareholders Of Beijing Jingkelong Company Limited:

北京京客隆商業集團股份有限公司全體股東:

I. AUDIT OPINION

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Beijing Jingkelong Company Limited (the "Jingkelong Company"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets and the balance sheets of Jingkelong Company as at 31 December 2022, the consolidated income statement and the income statement of Jingkelong Company, the consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity and the consolidated cash flow statement of the Group and the statement of changes in shareholders' equity and the cash flow statement of Jingkelong Company for the year then ended at 2022, and other certain explanatory notes.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of Jingkelong Company and the Group as at 31 December 2022 and of financial performance and cash flows of Jingkelong Company for the 2022 year then ended in accordance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises.

一、審計意見

我們審計了北京京客隆商業集團股份有限公司(以下簡稱京客隆公司)財務報表,包括2022年12月31日的合併及母公司資產負債表,2022年度的合併及母公司利潤表、合併及母公司現金流量表、合併及母公司股東權益變動表以及相關財務報表附註。

我們認為,後附的財務報表在所有重大方面 按照企業會計準則的規定編製,公允反映了 京客隆公司2022年12月31日的合併及母公司 財務狀況以及2022年度的合併及母公司經營 成果和現金流量。

AUDITOR'S REPORT

審計報告

II. BASIS FOR AUDIT OPINION

We performed our audit in accordance with the Chinese Auditing Standards for Certified Public Accountants. The Auditor's Responsibility for Auditing Financial Statements section of the audit report further explains our responsibilities under these standards. In accordance with the Code of Ethics for Chinese Certified Public Accountants, we are independent of Jingkelong Company and fulfill other responsibilities in terms of professional ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

III. KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that we based on the professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We determine that the following matters as key audit matters are required to be communicated in the audit report.

- Recognition and measurement of wholesale and retail income
- 2. Accounts receivable credit loss allowance

二、形成審計意見的基礎

我們按照中國註冊會計師審計準則的規定執行了審計工作。審計報告的「註冊會計師對財務報表審計的責任」部分進一步闡述了我們在這些準則下的責任。按照中國註冊會計師職業道德守則,我們獨立於京客隆公司,並履行了職業道德方面的其他責任。我們相信,我們獲取的審計證據是充分、適當的,為發表審計意見提供了基礎。

三、關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是我們根據職業判斷,認為對本期財務報表審計最為重要的事項。這些事項的應對以對財務報表整體進行審計並形成審計意見為背景,我們不對這些事項單獨發表意見。

我們確定下列事項是需要在審計報告中溝通 的關鍵審計事項。

- 1. 批發及零售收入的確認和計量
- 2. 應收賬款預期信用損失計量

AUDITOR'S REPORT 審計報告

3.1 Recognition and measurement of wholesale and retail income

Refer to IV (20) and VI (39) of Notes to the consolidated financial statements.

3.1.1Description

As stated in Note VI (39) "operating income and operating cost" in Notes to the consolidated financial statements, Jingkelong Company's wholesale income is RMB5,245.5538 million which is 60.56% of operating income and retail income is RMB3,398.3620 million which was 39.24% of operating income (wholesale income was RMB6,843.8543 million, which was 67.76% of operating income and retail income was RMB3,243.9629 million, which was 32.12% of operating income in the year 2021). Wholesale and retail revenue are the key components of Company's operating income and the amount is significant. In addition, due to revenue is one of Jingkelong Company's key performance indicators, there is an inherent risk that management will manipulate the timing of revenue recognition in order to achieve a specific goal or expectation. Thus, we identify and measure wholesale and retail income as the key audit matters.

3.1.2How our audit addressed the key audit matter

In terms of wholesale and retail income, our procedures included, amongst others:

(1) We checked accounting policies related to recognizing wholesale income and retail income of Jingkelong Company and evaluated the design of internal controls related to the revenue cycle and test the effectiveness of key internal controls operations;

(一) 批發及零售收入的確認和計量

相關信息披露詳見財務報表附註一四,20和六,39

1. 事項描述

如京客隆公司合併財務報表和財 務報表附註六.39「營業收入和營 業成本」所示,京客隆公司2022年 度批發收入為524,555.38萬元, 佔營業收入的60.56%,零售收入 為339,836.20萬元,佔營業收入 的39.24%(2021年度批發收入為 684,385.43萬元,佔營業收入的 67.76%,零售收入為324,396.29 萬元,佔營業收入的32.12%),批 發及零售收入是京客隆公司營業收 入的主要組成部分,金額重大, 且由於收入是公司的關鍵業績指標 之一,從而存在管理層為了達到 特定目標或期望而操縱收入確認時 點的固有風險,因此,我們將批 發及零售收入的確認和計量確定為 關鍵審計事項。

2. 審計應對

針對批發及零售收入的確認和計量,我們實施的主要審計程序如下:

(1) 我們覆核了與京客隆公司批 發及零售收入確認的會計政 策,評估了與收入循環相關 內部控制的設計,並測試關 鍵內部控制運行的有效性;

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- (2) In terms of wholesaling business, along with analytic review, we also checked signed sales contracts, delivery records, customer acceptance records, relevant accounting vouchers and their supporting documents (including Notice of Delivery, Invoices, Bank receipts, etc.), and we also select some customers to conduct letters to confirm whether the record of sales revenue is true and complete;
- (3) In terms of retailing business, subsequent to solid analytical review, we selected some stores and observed the operation situation on the spot, according to the distribution and operation performances of retail stores. In addition, we checked the sales list daily report of the retail store, the commodity sales financial accounting vouchers and check to the bank statements;
- (4) Our internal IT experts conducted companylevel IT audit, which including: IT general control tests and application control tests. As information system played an important part in wholesaling and retailing business, our internal IT experts performed a detailed check on the revenue related stock movement data;
- (5) For sales revenue recognized before and after the balance sheet date, a sample is taken to check supporting documents to assess whether sales revenue is recognized in the appropriate period.

Based on the audit work performed, we believe that the management's confirmation and measurement of wholesale and retail revenue is reasonable.

- (2) 對於批發業務,除進行分析 性覆核外,我們檢查了與客 戶簽訂的銷售合同、發貨記 錄、客戶驗收記錄及相關的 記賬憑證和原始憑證(包括發 貨單、發票、收款單據等), 並選取部分客戶進行了函 證,以確認銷售收入記錄是 否真實、完整:
- (3) 對於零售業務,我們在分析性覆核的基礎上,根據零售門店的分佈及經營狀況,選取部分門店,實地觀察了經營情況。檢查零售門店的銷售清單日報表、商品銷售財務記賬憑證並核對至銀行對賬單;
- (4) 利用IT專家協助進行了公司 層面的IT審計,包括:IT一般 性控制測試、應用程序控制 測試。根據信息系統在批發 和零售業務中所起的重要作 用,內部IT專家對收入相關 的商品進、銷、存信息系統 進行了檢查及數據測試。
- (5) 針對資產負債表日前後確認 的銷售收入,抽取樣本核對 支持性文件,以評估銷售收 入是否在恰當的期間確認。

基於已執行的審計工作,我們認為,管理層對批發及零售收入的確認和計量是合理的。

AUDITOR'S REPORT 審計報告

3.2 Accounts receivable credit loss allowance

Refer to IV (9) and VI (3) of Notes to the consolidated financial statements.

3.2.1Description

As stated on VI (3) "accounts receivable" in Notes to the consolidated financial statements and the consolidated financial statements of Jingkelong Company, Jingkelong Company's net consolidated accounts receivables is RMB1.014.1143 million on 31 December 2022, which is mainly wholesale business and accounts for 13.54% of total assets, the net wholesale business accounts receivable on 31 December 2021 is RMB904.4668million, (Jingkelong Company's net consolidated accounts receivables is RMB936.2295 million on 31 December 2021, which accounts for 11.94% of total assets, including the net wholesale business accounts receivable on 31 December 2021 was RMB889.6777 million). Accounts receivable has both the large balance and the large proportion of the total assets, in addition, they also may face uncertainty in the market environment. Finally, the assessment of credit impairment losses on accounts receivable involves management's comprehensive analysis of all reasonable and evidenced information, including historical and forwardlooking information. Based on the judgment below, we identify the accounts receivable credit loss allowance as a key audit matter.

(二)應收賬款預期信用損失計量

相關信息披露詳見財務報表附計一四.9 和六.3

事項描述 1.

如京客隆公司合併財務報表和財 務報表附註六.3「應收賬款」所示, 京客隆公司2022年12月31日合併 口徑應收賬款淨額為101,411.43 萬元,佔資產總額的13.54%, 主要是批發業務產生,2022年 12月31日批發業務應收賬款淨額 為90,446.68萬元,(2021年12 月31日合併口徑應收賬款淨額為 93,622.95 萬元, 佔資產總額的 11.94%,其中批發業務應收賬款 淨額為88,967.77萬元)。由於應收 賬款餘額及其所佔資產總額比例均 較大,且可能面臨市場環境的不 確定性,應收賬款預期信用損失 的評估涉及管理層對所有合理及可 依據的信息(包括歷史信息和前瞻 性信息)的綜合分析及在此基礎上 作出的判斷,因此,我們將應收 賬款預期信用損失計量確定為關鍵 審計事項。

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3.2.2How our audit addressed the key audit matter

In terms of accounts receivable credit loss allowance, our procedures included, amongst others:

- (1) We understood, evaluated and tested the management's assessment of the recoverability of receivables and the validity of the design and operation of the related provisions for the provision of bad debts, including the basis for determining the portfolio of accounts receivable, and the accounts receivable. Regular assessment of ageing analysis and recoverability of accounts receivable balances:
- (2) As for accounts receivable with provision for bad debts according to the combination of credit risk characteristics, we reviewed the management's setting of credit risk characteristics combination and reviewed whether the account receivable age division is accurate;
- (3) We carried out detailed tests on the basis of accounts receivable and the record of payment of major receivables, and checked whether the balance of accounts receivable at the end of the year is accurate.
- (4) Samples are drawn from the procedures for the execution of the receivables and the payment after the balance sheet date;

2. 審計應對

針對應收賬款預期信用損失計量,我們實施的主要審計程序如下:

- (1) 瞭解、評價及測試管理層對 應收賬款可回收性的評估和 應收賬款預期信用損失計量 相關控制的設計和運行的有 效性,包括確定應收賬款組 合的依據、應收賬款的賬齡 分析和應收賬款餘額可收回 性等的定期評估;
- (2) 對於按照信用風險特徵組合確認和計量預期信用損失的應收賬款,我們覆核了管理層對於信用風險特徵組合的設定,並抽樣覆核了應收賬款賬齡劃分是否準確;
- (3) 對於單項金額重大的應收賬款,獨立測試其可收回性,檢查相關支持性證據,包括入賬依據、回款記錄,檢查應收賬款年未餘額是否準確;
- (4) 抽取樣本對應收賬款執行函 證程序及資產負債表日後回 款情況:

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(5) We obtained the detailed list of the credit loss allowance of Jingkelong Company, and checked whether the accrual method is implemented according to the credit loss allowance policy; in addition, we recalculated whether the accrued amount of credit loss allowance is accurate

期信用損失明細表,檢查確認和計量方法是否按照預期信用損失政策執行:重新計算預期信用損失確認和計量金額是否準確:

(5) 獲取京客隆公司應收賬款預

Based on the audit work performed, we believe that the management's overall assessment of the provision for credit losses on accounts receivable is acceptable.

基於已執行的審計工作,我們認為,管理層 對應收賬款預期信用損失計量的總體評估是 可以接受的。

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

四、其他信息

Management of Jingkelong Company is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in 2022 annual report of other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

京客隆公司管理層對其他信息負責。其他信息包括2022年年度報告中涵蓋的信息,但不包括財務報表和我們的審計報告。

Our audit opinion to financial statements does not cover other information and we do not declare any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

我們對財務報表發表的審計意見不涵蓋其他 信息,我們也不對其他信息發表任何形式的 鑒證結論。

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

結合我們對財務報表的審計,我們的責任是 閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息 是否與財務報表或我們在審計過程中瞭解的 情況存在重大不一致或者似乎存在重大錯報。

If, based on the work we have performed, we concluded that there is a material misstatement of this other information we are required to report that fact. Thus, we are unable to determine whether there is a material misstatement of other information related to this matter.

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們確定其他 信息存在重大錯報,我們應當報告該事實。 在這方面,我們無任何事項需要報告。

AUDITOR'S REPORT

審計報告

V. RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management of Jingkelong Company is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the CASs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing these financial statements, management of Jingkelong Company is responsible for assessing Jingkelong Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intend to liquidate Jingkelong Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing Jingkelong Company's financial reporting process.

VI. AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether these financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with CSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements

五、管理層和治理層對財務報表的責任

京客隆公司管理層負責按照企業會計準則的規定編製財務報表,使其實現公允反映,並設計、執行和維護必要的內部控制,以使財務報表不存在由於舞弊或錯誤導致的重大錯報。

在編製財務報表時,京客隆公司管理層負責評估京客隆公司的持續經營能力,披露與持續經營相關的事項(如適用),並運用持續經營假設,除非管理層計劃清算京客隆公司、終止運營或別無其他現實的選擇。

治理層負責監督京客隆公司的財務報告過程。

六、註冊會計師對財務報表審計的責任

我們的目標是對財務報表整體是否不存在由 於舞弊或錯誤導致的重大錯報獲取合理保 證,並出具包含審計意見的審計報告。合 理保證是高水平的保證,但並不能保證按照 審計準則執行的審計在某一重大錯報存在時 總能發現。錯報可能由於舞弊或錯誤導致, 如果合理預期錯報單獨或匯總起來可能影響 財務報表使用者依據財務報表作出的經濟決 策,則确常認為錯報是重大的。

AUDITOR'S REPORT 審計報告

As part of an audit in accordance with CSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 6.1 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 6.2 Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Jingkelong Company's internal control.
- **6.3** Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

在按照審計準則執行審計工作的過程中,我們運用職業判斷,並保持職業懷疑。同時, 我們也執行以下工作:

- 1. 識別和評估由於舞弊或錯誤導致的財務報表重大錯報風險,設計和實施審計程序以應對這些風險,並獲取充分、適當的審計證據,作為發表審計意見的基礎。由於舞弊可能涉及串通、偽造、故意遺漏、虛假陳述或凌駕於內部控制之上,未能發現由於舞弊導致的重大錯報的風險高於未能發現由於錯誤導致的重大錯報的風險。
- 2 · 瞭解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計恰當的審計程序,但目的並非對內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 3 · 評價管理層選用會計政策的恰當性和作 出會計估計及相關披露的合理性。

AUDITOR'S REPORT

審計報告

- 6.4 Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on Jingkelong Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in these financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause Jingkelong Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 6.5 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6.6 Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within Jingkelong Company to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

- 4 · 對管理層使用持續經營假設的恰當性得出結論。同時,根據獲取的審計證據,就可能導致對京客隆公司持續經營能力產生重大疑慮的事項或情況是否存在重大不確定性得出結論。如果我們得出結論認為存在重大不確定性,審計準則要求我們在審計報告中提請報告使用者注意財務報表中的相關披露;如果披露不充分,我們應當發表非無保留意見。我們的結論基於截至審計報告日可獲得的信息。然而,未來的事項或情況可能導致京客隆公司不能持續經營。
- 5 : 評價財務報表的總體列報、結構和內容,並評價財務報表是否公允反映相關交易和事項。
- 6 · 就京客隆公司中實體或業務活動的財務 信息獲取充分、適當的審計證據,以對 財務報表發表意見。我們負責指導、監 督和執行集團審計。我們對審計意見承 擔全部責任。

我們與治理層就計劃的審計範圍、時間安排 和重大審計發現等事項進行溝通,包括溝通 我們在審計中識別出的值得關注的內部控制 缺陷。

AUDITOR'S REPORT 審計報告

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards (If applicable).

我們還就已遵守與獨立性相關的職業道德要 求向治理層提供聲明,並與治理層溝通可能 被合理認為影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其 他事項,以及相關的防範措施(如適用)。

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

從與治理層溝通過的事項中,我們確定哪些 事項對本期財務報表審計最為重要,因而構 成關鍵審計事項。我們在審計報告中描述這 些事項,除非法律法規禁止公開披露這些事 項,或在極少數情形下,如果合理預期在審 計報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過在 公眾利益方面產生的益處,我們確定不應在 審計報告中溝通該事項。

Da Hua Certified Public Accountants (Special General Partnership)

Chinese Certified Public Accountant (The Project Partner):

Wang Kaili

Chinese Certified Public Accountant:

Sun Wenwen

Beijing, China

30 March 2023

(English translation for reference only. Should there be any inconsistency between the Chinese and English version, the Chinese version shall prevail.) (English translation for reference only. Should there be any inconsistency between the Chinese and English version, the Chinese version shall prevail.) (English translation for reference only. Should there be any inconsistency between the Chinese and English version, the Chinese version shall prevail.)

大華會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)

中國註冊會計師(項目合夥人):

王凱利

中國計冊會計師:

孫文文

中國•北京

二零二三年三月三十日

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

合併資產負債表

AT 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年12月31日

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

Prepared by: BEIJING JINGKELONG COMPANY LIMITED

編製單位:北京京客隆商業集團股份有限公司

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		Notes	2022.12.31	2021.12.31
Item	項目	註釋	2022年12月31日	2021年12月31日
Current Assets:	流動資產:			
		\ // 4		4 405 04 4 007
Cash and bank balances	貨幣資金	VI1	890,618,687	1,125,814,037
Notes receivable	應收票據	VI2	1,004,300	1,535,600
Accounts receivable	應收賬款	VI3	1,014,114,292	936,229,470
Prepayments	預付款項	VI4	1,022,670,499	824,722,793
Other receivables	其他應收款	VI5	169,850,426	165,898,618
Inventories	存貨	VI6	1,596,827,988	1,618,527,017
Other current assets	其他流動資產	VI7	169,238,077	174,255,461
Total current assets	流動資產合計		4,864,324,269	4,846,982,996
Non-current Assets:	非流動資產:	\ /IO	40,000,000	
Other equity instrument investment	其他權益工具投資	VI8	43,000,000	-
Other non-current financial assets	其他非流動金融資產	VI9	72,026,699	104,782,276
Investment properties	投資性房地產	VI10	152,842,214	161,533,071
Fixed assets	固定資產	VI11	786,775,909	786,288,242
Construction in progress	在建工程	VI12	110,406,206	152,597,710
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	VI13	763,621,890	981,615,797
Intangible assets	無形資產	VI14	274,403,617	265,128,095
Goodwill	商譽	VI15	86,673,788	86,673,788
Long-term prepaid expenses	長期待攤費用	VI16	176,114,532	245,441,646
Deferred tax assets	遞延所得税資產	VI17	22,347,534	23,237,989
Other non-current assets	其他非流動資產	VI19	134,553,384	187,810,862
Total non-current assets	非流動資產合計		2,622,765,773	2,995,109,476
TOTAL ASSETS	資產總計 ——————————		7,487,090,042	7,842,092,472
Current Liabilities:	流動負債:			
Short-term borrowings	短期借款	VI20	2,213,490,330	2,381,030,839
Notes payable	應付票據	VI21	846,578,955	467,332,344
Accounts payable	應付賬款	VI22	857,203,456	740,337,043
Advances from customers	預收款項	VI23	10,860,356	9,075,871
Contract liabilities	合同負債	VI24	406,071,621	361,858,117
Payroll payable	應付職工薪酬	VI25	1,713,302	1,545,319
Taxes payable	應交税費	VI26	48,905,387	35,920,244
Other payables	其他應付款	VI27	199,841,555	198,824,807
Including: Interest payable	其中:應付利息	VI27	_	
Dividends payable	應付股利	VI27	6,956,028	5,333,891
Non-current liabilities due	一年內到期的非流動	v 12 1	3,300,020	3,000,001
within one year	負債	VI28	189,705,641	167,827,272
Other current liabilities	其他流動負債	VI28 VI29	69,442,163	59,968,477
			,	,,
Total current liabilities	流動負債合計		4,843,812,766	4,423,720,333

Amount unit: RMB

金額單位:人民幣元

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS 合併資產負債表

AT 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年12月31日

Amount unit: RMB

金額單位:人民幣元

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

Prepared by: BEIJING JINGKELONG COMPANY LIMITED

編製單位:北京京客隆商業集團股份有限公司

Item	項目	Notes 註釋	2022.12.31 2022年12月31日	2021.12.31 2021年12月31日
Non-current Liabilities:	非流動負債:			
Bonds payable	應付債券	VI30	_	403,545,776
Leases liabilities	租賃負債	VI31	670,592,637	897,255,777
Estimated liabilities	預計負債	VI34	10,018,930	_
Deferred income	遞延收益	VI33	21,830,069	26,720,324
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延所得税負債	VI17	16,278,917	24,076,718
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債合計		718,720,553	1,351,598,595
TOTAL LIABILITIES	負債合計		5,562,533,319	5,775,318,928
Oh anah alidanak anukhu	即本格子。			
Shareholders' equity:	股東權益: 股本	VI35	44.0.000.000	412,220,000
Share capital Capital reserves	放本 資本公積	VISS VISS	412,220,000 605,177,454	605,177,454
Surplus reserves	ロックス を な な は な に な に に に に に に に に に に に に に	VI30 VI37	169,059,880	169,059,880
Undistributed profits	未分配利潤	VI38	370,378,977	487,060,672
Total equity attributable to shareholders of the parent	歸屬於母公司股東權益合計			
company			1,556,836,311	1,673,518,006
Minority interests	少數股東權益		367,720,412	393,255,538
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	股東權益合計		1,924,556,723	2,066,773,544
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND	負債和股東權益總計		- 40- 000 C 10	7.040.000.170
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			7,487,090,042	7,842,092,472

The notes as set out from page 155 to 391 form an integral part of the financial statements 載於第155頁至第391頁的財務報表附註是本財務 報表的組成部分

The financial statements as set out from page 138 to 154 have been signed by

第138頁至第154頁的財務報表由以下人士簽署:

Zhang Liwei

Legal Representative: 法定代表人: 張立偉 Li Chunyan Chief Financial Officer: 主管會計工作負責人: 李春燕 Yao Hongwei Chief Accountant: 會計機構負責人: 姚紅偉

BALANCE SHEETS OF THE COMPANY

公司資產負債表

AT 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年12月31日

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

Prepared by: BEIJING JINGKELONG COMPANY LIMITED

編製單位:北京京客隆商業集團股份有限公司

Ref	扁衣牛豆 邓尔尔日哇间不不回灰历	FIXA		=	正版丰区 人区印几
Current Assets:			Notes	2022.12.31	2021.12.31
Cash and bank balances	Item	項目	註釋	2022年12月31日	2021年12月31日
Cash and bank balances					
Accounts receivable					
Prepayments 預付款項 1,193,746 661,336 Other receivables 其他應收款 其他應收款 225,505 420,225,552 233,161,347 217,868,602 217,868,602 225,406,707 477,246,341 Total current assets 流動資產計 1,311,850,551 1,490,918,607 Non-current Assets: 非流動資產: Long-term equity investment Investment properties 投資性房地產					, ,
Other receivables Inventories 其他應收款 XV2 568,169,954 (2225,565 (233,161,347) (217,868,602) (217,868,602) (277,246,341) Total current assets 其他應助資產 225,406,707 477,246,341 Total current assets 流動資產 1,311,850,551 1,490,918,607 Non-current Assets: 非流動資產: 1,311,850,551 1,490,918,607 Non-current Assets: 非流動資產: KV3 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 4,040,208 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 4,040,208 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 1,246,991,571 4,084,02,08 2,245,017,71 2,245,017,71 2,245,017,71 2,245,017,71 2,245,017,71 2,245,017,71 2,245,017,71 2,245,017,13 2,245,017,14 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>XV1</td><td></td><td></td></th<>			XV1		
Inventories	. ,				
Total current assets 其他流動資產 225,406,707 477,246,341			XV2		
Non-current Assets		存貨			
Non-current Assets:	Other current assets	其他流動資產		225,406,707	477,246,341
Long-term equity investment	Total current assets	流動資產合計		1,311,850,551	1,490,918,607
Long-term equity investment		11 12 21 15 22			
Investment properties 投資性房地產 37,603,776 50,840,208 Fixed assets 固定資產 531,999,670 577,358,412 531,999,670 577,358,412 64,283,623 108,340,792 Right-of-use assets 使用權資產 356,213,507 484,074,757 Intangible assets 無形資產 67,033,789 71,271,435 Long-term prepaid expenses 長期待攤費用 89,119,220 149,283,315 Deferred tax assets 振延所得稅資產 10,666,327 13,304,136 Other non-current assets 其他非流動資產 56,115,674 6,866,129			VA (0	4 040 004 574	1 040 001 571
Fixed assets			XV3	The state of the s	
Construction in progress					
Right-of-use assets 使用權資產					
Intangible assets	Construction in progress				
Long-term prepaid expenses Deferred tax assets Deferred tax assets					
Deferred tax assets Other non-current assets 遞延所得税資產 其他非流動資產 10,656,327 56,115,674 13,304,136 6,866,129 Total non-current assets 非流動資產合計 2,459,117,157 2,698,330,755 TOTAL ASSETS 資產總計 3,770,967,708 4,189,249,362 Current Liabilities:				, ,	
Other non-current assets 其他非流動資產 56,115,674 6,866,129 Total non-current assets 非流動資產合計 2,459,117,157 2,698,330,755 TOTAL ASSETS 資產總計 3,770,967,708 4,189,249,362 Current Liabilities: 流動負債: 800,767,917 700,724,778 Accounts payable 應付賬款 800,767,917 700,724,778 Accounts payable 應付賬款 562,806,876 511,630,906 Advances from customers 預收款項 4,341,001 6,405,098 Contract liabilities 合同負債 336,268,046 309,511,254 Payroll payable 應付職工薪酬 1,325,060 1,165,280 Taxes payable 應交税費 1,239,714 780,491 Other payables 其他應付款 103,003,457 111,669,747 Including: Interest payable 其中:應付利息 71,028 101,291 Non-current liabilities due within one year 71,028 101,291 Other current liabilities 其他應付款 48,566,931 36,967,144					
Total non-current assets 非流動資產合計 2,459,117,157 2,698,330,755 TOTAL ASSETS 資產總計 3,770,967,708 4,189,249,362 Current Liabilities:		远延川特代貝座 其他非流動資產			
Current Liabilities: 流動負債: Short-term borrowings 短期借款 800,767,917 700,724,778 Accounts payable 應付賬款 562,806,876 511,630,906 Advances from customers 預收款項 4,341,001 6,405,098 Contract liabilities 合同負債 336,268,046 309,511,254 Payroll payable 應付職工薪酬 1,325,060 1,165,280 Taxes payable 應交稅費 1,239,714 780,491 Other payables 其他應付款 103,003,457 111,669,747 Including: Interest payable 應付股利 - - Dividends payable 應付股利 71,028 101,291 Non-current liabilities due within one year 使付股利 71,028 101,291 Other current liabilities 其他流動負債 48,566,931 36,967,144		711071 WILLIAM X III		33,113,311	5,200,100
Current Liabilities: 流動負債: Short-term borrowings 短期借款 800,767,917 700,724,778 Accounts payable 應付賬款 562,806,876 511,630,906 Advances from customers 預收款項 4,341,001 6,405,098 Contract liabilities 合同負債 336,268,046 309,511,254 Payroll payable 應付職工薪酬 1,325,060 1,165,280 Taxes payable 應交税費 1,239,714 780,491 Other payables 其他應付款 103,003,457 111,669,747 Including: Interest payable 應付股利 — — Dividends payable 應付股利 71,028 101,291 Non-current liabilities due within one year 一年內到期的非流動負債 83,161,817 79,064,686 Other current liabilities 其他流動負債 48,566,931 36,967,144	Total non-current assets	非流動資產合計		2,459,117,157	2,698,330,755
Short-term borrowings 短期借款 800,767,917 700,724,778 Accounts payable 應付賬款 562,806,876 511,630,906 Advances from customers 預收款項 4,341,001 6,405,098 Contract liabilities 合同負債 336,268,046 309,511,254 Payroll payable 應付職工薪酬 1,325,060 1,165,280 Taxes payable 應交税費 1,239,714 780,491 Other payables 其他應付款 103,003,457 111,669,747 Including: Interest payable 其中:應付利息 - - Dividends payable 其中:應付利息 71,028 101,291 Non-current liabilities due within one year 一年內到期的非流動負債 83,161,817 79,064,686 Other current liabilities 其他流動負債 48,566,931 36,967,144	TOTAL ASSETS	資產總計		3,770,967,708	4,189,249,362
Short-term borrowings 短期借款 800,767,917 700,724,778 Accounts payable 應付賬款 562,806,876 511,630,906 Advances from customers 預收款項 4,341,001 6,405,098 Contract liabilities 合同負債 336,268,046 309,511,254 Payroll payable 應付職工薪酬 1,325,060 1,165,280 Taxes payable 應交税費 1,239,714 780,491 Other payables 其他應付款 103,003,457 111,669,747 Including: Interest payable 其中:應付利息 - - Dividends payable 其中:應付利息 71,028 101,291 Non-current liabilities due within one year 一年內到期的非流動負債 83,161,817 79,064,686 Other current liabilities 其他流動負債 48,566,931 36,967,144					
Accounts payable 應付賬款 562,806,876 511,630,906 Advances from customers 預收款項 4,341,001 6,405,098 Contract liabilities 合同負債 336,268,046 309,511,254 Payroll payable 應付職工薪酬 1,325,060 1,165,280 Taxes payable 應交税費 1,239,714 780,491 Other payables 其他應付款 103,003,457 111,669,747 Including: Interest payable 其中:應付利息 - - Dividends payable 其中:應付利息 71,028 101,291 Non-current liabilities due within one year 一年內到期的非流動負債 83,161,817 79,064,686 Other current liabilities 其他流動負債 48,566,931 36,967,144					
Advances from customers 預收款項 4,341,001 6,405,098 Contract liabilities 合同負債 336,268,046 309,511,254 Payroll payable 應付職工薪酬 1,325,060 1,165,280 Taxes payable 應交税費 1,239,714 780,491 Other payables 其他應付款 103,003,457 111,669,747 Including: Interest payable Dividends payable Non-current liabilities due within one year 應付股利 71,028 101,291 Non-current liabilities 其他流動負債 83,161,817 79,064,686 Other current liabilities 其他流動負債 48,566,931 36,967,144					
Contract liabilities 合同負債 336,268,046 309,511,254 Payroll payable 應付職工薪酬 1,325,060 1,165,280 Taxes payable 應交税費 1,239,714 780,491 Other payables 其他應付款 103,003,457 111,669,747 Including: Interest payable Dividends payable Non-current liabilities due within one year Other current liabilities 使付股利 71,028 101,291 Non-current liabilities 其他流動負債 83,161,817 79,064,686 Other current liabilities 其他流動負債 48,566,931 36,967,144					
Payroll payable 應付職工薪酬 1,325,060 1,165,280 Taxes payable 應交税費 1,239,714 780,491 Other payables 其他應付款 103,003,457 111,669,747 Including: Interest payable Dividends payable Non-current liabilities due within one year Other current liabilities 其他流動負債 71,028 101,291 Non-current liabilities 其他流動負債 83,161,817 79,064,686 Other current liabilities 其他流動負債 48,566,931 36,967,144					
Taxes payable Other payables Other payables 應交税費 其他應付款 103,003,457 111,669,747 1111,669,747 111,669,747 111,669,747 111,669,747 111,669,747 111,669,747 111,669,747					
Other payables其他應付款103,003,457111,669,747Including: Interest payable Dividends payable Non-current liabilities due within one year其中:應付利息 					
Including: Interest payable 其中:應付利息 71,028 101,291 Non-current liabilities due within one year Other current liabilities 其他流動負債 其他流動負債 48,566,931 36,967,144					
Dividends payable 應付股利 71,028 101,291 Non-current liabilities due within one year 83,161,817 79,064,686 Other current liabilities 其他流動負債 48,566,931 36,967,144		具他應付款		103,003,457	111,669,747
Non-current liabilities due within —年內到期的非流動負債 83,161,817 79,064,686 Other current liabilities 其他流動負債 48,566,931 36,967,144				-	
one year 83,161,817 79,064,686 Other current liabilities 其他流動負債 48,566,931 36,967,144				71,028	101,291
Other current liabilities 其他流動負債 48,566,931 36,967,144		一年內到期的非流動貝頂		00 101 01	70.004.000
		甘此次新名傳		The state of the s	
Total current liabilities 流動負債合計 1,941,480,819 1,757,919,384	Other current liabilities	共1111 共111 共111 共111 共111 共111 共111 共111 共11 共1 共		48,566,931	30,967,144
	Total current liabilities	流動負債合計		1,941,480,819	1,757,919,384

Amount unit: RMB

金額單位:人民幣元

BALANCE SHEETS OF THE COMPANY

公司資產負債表

Amount unit: RMB

金額單位:人民幣元

AT 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年12月31日

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

Prepared by: BEIJING JINGKELONG COMPANY LIMITED

編製單位:北京京客隆商業集團股份有限公司

Item	項目	Notes 註釋	2022.12.31 2022年12月31日	2021.12.31 2021年12月31日
Non-current Liabilities: Bonds payable Leases liabilities Estimated liabilities Deferred income	非流動負債: 應付債券 租賃負債 預計負債 遞延收益		- 314,366,768 10,018,930 18,677,827	403,545,776 440,620,166 - 21,904,475
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債合計		343,063,525	866,070,417
TOTAL LIABILITIES	負債合計		2,284,544,344	2,623,989,801
Shareholders' equity: Share capital Capital reserves Surplus reserves Undistributed profits	股東權益: 股本 資本公積 盈餘公積 未分配利潤		412,220,000 615,293,521 145,282,646 313,627,197	412,220,000 615,293,521 145,282,646 392,463,394
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	股東權益合計		1,486,423,364	1,565,259,561
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	負債和股東權益總計		3,770,967,708	4,189,249,362

The notes as set out from page 155 to 391 form an integral part of the financial statements

載於第155頁至第391頁的財務報表附註是本財務報表的組成部分

The financial statements as set out from page 138 to 154 have been signed by

第138頁至第154頁的財務報表由以下人士簽署:

Zhang Liwei

Legal Representative: 法定代表人: 張立偉 Li Chunyan

Chief Financial Officer: 主管會計工作負責人: 李春燕 Yao Hongwei

Chief Accountant: 會計機構負責人: 姚紅偉

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

合併利潤表

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

Prepared by: BEIJING JINGKELONG COMPANY LIMITED

編製單位:北京京客隆商業集團股份有限公司

Amount unit: RMB 金額單位: 人民幣元

Item	項目	Notes 註釋	2022.1.1-2022.12.31 2022年度	2021.1.1-2021.12.31 2021年度
	A	K-11		
I. Total operating income	一、營業總收入		9,541,354,189	11,056,555,323
Including: Operating income	其中:營業收入	VI39	9,541,354,189	11,056,555,323
II. Total operating costs	二、營業總成本		9,539,946,608	11,013,360,087
Including: Operating cost	其中:營業成本	VI39	7,494,516,539	8,933,390,747
Tax and surcharges	税金及附加	VI40	33,375,835	41,011,568
Selling expenses	銷售費用	VI41	1,599,853,457	1,610,843,878
Administrative expenses	管理費用	VI42	283,268,707	283,285,515
Financial expenses	財務費用	VI43	128,932,070	144,828,379
Add: Other Income	加:其他收益	VI44	13,986,027	20,268,221
Investment income	投資收益(損失以「一」號填列)	VI45	13,789,674	14,399,875
Gains or losses on changes in fair value	公允價值變動收益(損失以「一」號			
	填列)	VI46	(31,168,457)	(25,559,594)
Impairment losses on credits	信用減值損失(損失以「一」號填列)	VI47	(8,632,574)	(11,549,723)
Gains or losses on disposal of assets	資產處置收益(損失以「一」號填列)	VI48	19,549,060	5,483,155
III. Operating profit	三、營業利潤(虧損以「一」號填列)		8,931,311	46,237,170
Add: Non-operating income	加:營業外收入	VI49	7,082,628	12,662,382
Less: Non-operating expenses	減:營業外支出	VI50	39,643,535	15,560,145
IV. Total profit	四、利潤總額(虧損總額以「-」號填列)		(23,629,596)	43,339,407
Less: Income tax expense	減:所得税費用	VI51	44,787,732	32,394,925
V. Net profit	五、淨利潤(淨虧損以「-」號填列)		(68,417,328)	10,944,482
(I) Classified by business continuity	(一)按經營持續性分類		-	-
 Net profit from continued operations 	1、持續經營淨利潤(淨虧損以「一」號			
	填列)		(68,417,328)	10,944,482
2. Net profit from discontinued operations	2、終止經營淨利潤(淨虧損以「一」號			
	填列)		-	-
(II) Classified by ownership	(二)按所有權歸屬分類		-	-
1. Net profit attributable to shareholders of	1、歸屬於母公司股東的淨利潤(淨虧			
the parent company	損以「一」號填列)		(96,070,695)	(22,474,226)
2. Profit or loss attributable to minority	2、少數股東損益(淨虧損以「一」號			
interests	填列)		27,653,367	33,418,708

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

合併利潤表

Amount unit: RMB

金額單位:人民幣元

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

Prepared by: BEIJING JINGKELONG COMPANY LIMITED

編製單位:北京京客隆商業集團股份有限公司

Item	項目	Notes 註釋	2022.1.1-2022.12.31 2022年度	2021.1.1-2021.12.31 2021年度
VI. Net value of other comprehensive income after tax	六、其他綜合收益的税後淨額		_	_
(I) Net value of other comprehensive income attributable to shareholders of the parent	(一)歸屬母公司股東的其他綜合收益的稅 後淨額		_	
company after tax 1. Other comprehensive income which cannot be reclassified into profit or	1、不能重分類進損益的其他綜合 收益		-	-
loss subsequently (1) Remeasurement of changes in net defined benefit liabilities or assets	(1) 重新計量設定受益計劃變 動額		-	- -
(2) Share in investees' other comprehensive income cannot be reclassified into profit or loss	(2) 權益法下不能轉損益的 其他綜合收益			
under equity method 2. Other comprehensive income which can be reclassified into profit or loss	2、將重分類進損益的其他綜合收益		-	-
subsequently (1) Share in investees' other comprehensive income can be reclassified into profit or loss	(1) 權益法下可轉損益的其他綜 合收益		-	-
under equity method (2) Balancing arising from the translation of foreign currency	(2) 外幣財務報表折算差額		-	-
financial statements (II) Net value of other comprehensive income attributable to minority interests after tax	(二)歸屬於少數股東的其他綜合收益的 稅後淨額		-	-
VII. Total comprehensive income (I) Total comprehensive income attributable to	七、 綜合收益總額 (一)歸屬於母公司股東的綜合收益總額		(68,417,328)	10,944,482
shareholders of the parent company			(96,070,695)	(22,474,226)
(II) Total comprehensive income attributable to minority interests	(二)歸屬於少數股東的綜合收益總額		27,653,367	33,418,708
VIII.Earnings per share (I) Basic earnings per share (II) Diluted earnings per share	八、每股收益: (一)基本每股收益(元/股) (二)稀釋每股收益(元/股)	VI53	(0.23)	(0.05)

The notes as set out from page 155 to 391 form an integral part of the financial statements 載於第155頁至第391頁的財務報表附註是本財務 報表的組成部分

The financial statements as set out from page 138 to 154 have been signed by

第138頁至第154頁的財務報表由以下人士簽署:

Zhang Liwei

Legal Representative: 法定代表人: 張立偉 Li Chunyan Chief Financial Officer: 主管會計工作負責人: 李春燕 Yao Hongwei Chief Accountant: 會計機構負責人: 姚紅偉

INCOME STATEMENT OF THE COMPANY

公司利潤表

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

Prepared by: BEIJING JINGKELONG COMPANY LIMITED

編製單位:北京京客隆商業集團股份有限公司

編製単位:北京京各陸冏兼集團版份有限公司				金融単位:人民常兀
		Notes	2022.1.1-2022.12.31	2021.1.1-2021.12.31
Item	項目	註釋	2022年度	2021年度
I. Total operating income	一、營業收入	XV4	3,522,468,802	3,354,113,331
Less: Operating cost	減:營業成本	XV4	2,744,162,527	2,563,624,265
Taxes and surcharges	税金及附加	7.7	18,688,917	19,955,944
Selling expenses	銷售費用		644,445,555	629,063,650
Administrative expenses	管理費用		165,562,697	159,458,342
Financial expenses	財務費用		28,248,036	37,226,783
Add: Other Income	加:其他收益		10,266,348	14,387,842
Investment income	投資收益(損失以「一」號填列)	XV5	27,163,060	24,679,091
Gains or losses on changes in fair value	信用減值損失(損失以「一」號填列)	7,10		10
Gains or losses on disposal of assets	資產處置收益(損失以「一」號填列)		17,681,673	(88,981)
II. Operating profit	二、營業利潤(虧損以「一 號填列)		(23,527,849)	(16,237,691)
Add: Non-operating income	加:營業外收入		6,180,083	9,868,051
Less: Non-operating expenses	減:營業外支出		38,229,622	5,430,279
III. Total profit	三、利潤總額(虧損總額以「一」號填列)		(55,577,388)	(11,799,919)
Less: Income tax expense	減:所得税費用		2,647,809	(334,052)
IV. Net profit	四、淨利潤(淨虧損以" - "號填列)		(58,225,197)	(11,465,867)
Net profit from continued operations	(一)持續經營淨利潤(淨虧損以「一」號填列)		(58,225,197)	(11,465,867)
Net profit from discontinued operations	(二)終止經營淨利潤(淨虧損以「一」號填列)		(00,220,101)	(1.1,100,001)
V. Net value of other comprehensive income after tax	五、其他綜合收益的稅後淨額		_	_
(I) Other comprehensive income which cannot be	(一)不能重分類進損益的其他綜合收益			
reclassified into profit or loss subsequently	(/ I DO = // M/E // ME // IOM/ I MM		_	_
Remeasurement of changes in net defined benefit	1、重新計量設定受益計劃變動額			
liabilities or assets			_	_
Share in investees' other comprehensive income	2、權益法下不能轉損益的其他綜合收益			
cannot be reclassified into profit or loss under				
equity method			_	_
(II) Other comprehensive income which can be	(二)將重分類進損益的其他綜合收益			
reclassified into profit or loss subsequently	(-///-/////////////////////////////////		_	_
Share in investees' other comprehensive income	1、權益法下可轉損益的其他綜合收益			
can be reclassified into profit or loss under	· [km/2] / 1/0//m///////////////////////////////			
equity method			_	_
Foreign currency financial statement translation	2、外幣財務報表折算差額			
difference	21 (1) (1) W [2] (2) (2) (2) (3)		_	_
VI. Total comprehensive income	六、綜合收益總額		(58,225,197)	(11,465,867)

The notes as set out from page 155 to 391 form an integral part of the financial statements 載於第155頁至第391頁的財務報表附註是本財務報表的組成部分

Amount unit: RMB

全額單位: 人民幣元

The financial statements as set out from page 138 to 154 have been signed by

第138頁至第154頁的財務報表由以下人士簽署:

Zhang Liwei

Legal Representative:

法定代表人: **張立偉**

Li Chunyan

Chief Financial Officer: 主管會計工作負責人:

曾計*上作貝頁人* **李春燕** Yao Hongwei

Chief Accountant: 會計機構負責人: 姚紅偉

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

合併現金流量表

Amount unit: RMB

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

Prepared by: BEJING JINGKELONG COMPANY LIMITED 編製單位: 北京京客降商業集團股份有限公司

編製單位:北京京客隆商業集團股份有限公司				金額單位:人民幣元
Item	項目	Notes 註釋	2022.1.1-2022.12.31 2022年度	2021.1.1-2021.12.31 2021年度
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from selling goods and rendering services Taxes and surcharges refunds received Other cash received relating to operating activities Subtotal of cash inflows from operating activities Cash paid for purchasing goods and receiving services Cash payments to and on behalf of employees Taxes and surcharges paid Other cash paid related to operating activities Subtotal of cash outflows from operating activities Net cash flow from operating activities	一、經營活動產生的現金流量: 銷售商品、提供勞務收到的現金 收到的稅費返還 收到其他與經營活動有關的現金 經營活動現金流分小計 購買商品、接受勞務支付的現金 支付給降耳以及費 支付的各項與經營活動有關的現金 支付付其動現金流出小計 經營活動產生的現金流量淨額	VI54 VI54	10,506,102,157 9,216,684 164,552,998 10,679,871,839 8,375,032,632 728,852,497 210,337,578 699,335,625 10,013,558,332 666,313,507	12,380,452,730 - 217,485,014 12,597,937,744 10,610,074,571 724,081,777 255,999,754 615,846,985 12,206,003,087 391,934,657
II. Cash flows from investing activities Cash received from investment Cash received from investment income Net cash received from disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets Net cash received from disposal of subsidiaries and other business units Other cash received relating to investing activities Subtotal of cash inflows from investing activities Cash paid for acquisition of fixed, intangible assets and other long-term assets Net cash paid for investment Other cash paid relating to investing activities Subtotal of cash outflows from investing activities Subtotal of cash outflows from investing activities Net cash flow from investing activities	二、投資活動產生的現金流量: 收回投資收到的現金 取得投資收益收到的現金 處置固定資產、無形資產和其他長期資產收回的 處置子公司及其他營業單位收到的現金淨額 處置子公司及其他營業單位收到的現金淨額 收到活動現金流入小計 購建固定資產、無形資產和其他長期資產支付的 現金 投資支付與投資活動有關的現金 支付其動現金流出小計 投資活動產生的現金流量淨額	VI54 VI54	752,207,120 19,568,154 1,281,199 - 60,000,000 833,056,473 111,769,359 795,634,000 - 907,403,359 (74,346,886)	1,167,000 10,998,993 1,294,864 (194,717) 28,848,342 42,114,482 103,657,832 - 103,657,832 (61,543,350)

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

合併現金流量表

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

Prepared by: BEIJING JINGKELONG COMPANY LIMITED Amount unit: RMB 編製單位:北京京客隆商業集團股份有限公司 金額單位:人民幣元

				±801 = 7070
Item	項目	Notes 註釋	2022.1.1-2022.12.31 2022年度	2021.1.1-2021.12.31 2021年度
III. Cash flows from financing activities Cash received from investments Including: Cash received from capital contribution from minority shareholders of subsidiaries	三、籌資活動產生的現金流量: 吸收投資收到的現金 其中:子公司吸收少數股東投資收到的現金		-	-
Cash received from borrowings Cash received from other financing activities Subtotal of cash inflows from financing activities Cash paid for repayments of liabilities Cash paid for dividends, profits or interest payments Including: Dividends and profits paid by subsidiaries	取得借款收到的現金 收到其他與籌資活動有關的現金 籌資活動現金流入小計 償還債務支付的現金 分配股利、利潤或償付利息支付的現金 其中:子公司支付給少數股東的股利、利潤	VI54	3,230,717,206 99,958,523 3,330,675,729 3,797,722,433 149,564,716	4,011,778,876 179,200,993 4,190,979,869 3,965,300,119 184,983,578
to minority shareholders Cash paid for other financing activates Subtotal of cash outflows from financing activities Net cash flow from financing activities IV. Effect on cash and cash equivalents due to	支付其他與籌資活動有關的現金 籌資活動現金流出小計 籌資活動產生的現金流量淨額 四、匯率變動對現金及現金等價物的影響	VI54	43,604,786 256,740,294 4,204,027,443 (873,351,714)	51,961,514 384,784,519 4,535,068,216 (344,088,347)
change in foreign currency exchange rate V. Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash	四、		(1,758,338)	(220,625)
equivalents Add: Balance of cash and cash equivalents at the	加:期初現金及現金等價物餘額		(283,143,431)	(13,917,665)
beginning of the year VI. Balance of cash and cash equivalents at the end	六、期末現金及現金等價物餘額		1,018,462,092	1,032,379,757
of the year			735,318,661	1,018,462,092

The notes as set out from page 155 to 391 form an integral part of the financial statements

載於第155頁至第391頁的財務報表附註是本財務報表的組成部分

The financial statements as set out from page 138 to 154 have been signed by

第138頁至第154頁的財務報表由以下人士簽署:

Zhang Liwei

Legal Representative:

法定代表人: **張立偉** Li Chunyan

Chief Financial Officer: 主管會計工作負責人:

李春燕

Yao Hongwei

Chief Accountant: 會計機構負責人:

CASH FLOW STATEMENT OF THE COMPANY

公司現金流量表

Amount unit: RMB

金額單位:人民幣元

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

Prepared by: BEIJING JINGKELONG COMPANY LIMITED 編製單位:北京京客隆商業集團股份有限公司

Item	項目	Notes 註釋	2022.1.1-2022.12.31 2022年度	2021.1.1-2021.12.31 2021年度
I. Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from selling goods and rendering services Taxes and surcharges refunds received	一、經營活動產生的現金流量: 銷售商品、提供勞務收到的現金 收到的稅費返還		3,691,002,968	3,622,372,688
Other cash received relating to operating activities Subtotal of cash inflows from operating activities	收到其他與經營活動有關的現金 經營活動現金流入小計		106,590,532 3,797,593,500	152,861,427 3,775,234,115
Cash paid for purchasing goods and receiving services	購買商品、接受勞務支付的現金		3,010,758,519	2,909,946,253
Cash payments to and on behalf of employees	支付給職工以及為職工支付的現金		392,742,381	374,123,795
Taxes and surcharges paid	支付的各項税費		58,244,791	68,794,607
Other cash paid related to operating activities	支付其他與經營活動有關的現金		229,179,924	296,010,335
Subtotal of cash outflows from operating activities Net cash flow from operating activities	經營活動現金流出小計 經營活動產生的現金流量淨額		3,690,925,615 106,667,885	3,648,874,990 126,359,125
Net cash now from operating activities	經宮/13別性生的/先並//1.1里/伊朗		100,007,000	120,009,120
II. Cash flows from investing activities	二、投資活動產生的現金流量:			
Cash received from investment	收回投資收到的現金		350,000,000	500,000,000
Cash received from investment income	取得投資收益收到的現金		59,731,192	60,448,108
Net cash received from disposal of fixed assets,	處置固定資產、無形資產和其他長期資產收回 的現金淨額		50.046	653,996
intangible assets and other long-term assets Other cash received relating to investing activities	的現立伊頓 收到其他與投資活動有關的現金		58,846 870,000,000	400,140,353
Subtotal of cash inflows from investing activities	投資活動現金流入小計		1,279,790,038	961,242,457
Cash paid for acquisition of fixed, intangible assets and	購建固定資產、無形資產和其他長期資產支付		1,270,700,000	001,212,101
other long-term assets	的現金		37,233,107	27,911,088
Cash paid for investment	投資支付的現金		350,000,000	_
Other cash paid relating to investing activities	支付其他與投資活動有關的現金		754,189,492	747,703,212
Subtotal of cash outflows from investing activities Net cash flow from investing activities	投資活動現金流出小計		1,141,422,599	775,614,300
iner cash flow from finesting activities	投資活動產生的現金流量淨額		138,367,439	185,628,157

CASH FLOW STATEMENT OF THE COMPANY

公司現金流量表

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

Prepared by: BEIJING JINGKELONG COMPANY LIMITED Amount unit: RMB 編製單位:北京京客隆商業集團股份有限公司 金額單位:人民幣元

Item	項目	Notes 註釋	2022.1.1-2022.12.31 2022年度	2021.1.1-2021.12.31 2021年度
III. Cash flows from financing activities Cash received from borrowings Cash received from other financing activities Subtotal of cash inflows from financing activities Cash paid for repayments of liabilities Cash paid for dividends, profits or interest payments Cash paid for other financing activates Subtotal of cash outflows from financing activities Net cash flow from financing activities	三、籌資活動產生的現金流量: 取得借款收到的現金 收到其他與籌資活動有關的現金 籌資活動現金流入小計 償還債務支付的現金 分配股利、利潤或償付利息支付的現金 支付其他與籌資活動有關的現金 籌資活動現金流出小計 籌資活動現金流出小計		1,000,000,000 - 1,000,000,000 1,300,000,000 45,087,832 80,389,218 1,425,477,050 (425,477,050)	950,000,000 20,000,000 970,000,000 1,089,783,548 83,692,053 106,050,187 1,279,525,788 (309,525,788)
IV. Effect on cash and cash equivalents due to change in foreign currency exchange rate V. Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Add: Balance of cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year VI. Balance of cash and cash equivalents at the end of	四、匯率變動對現金及現金等價物的影響 五、現金及現金等價物淨增加額 加:期初現金及現金等價物餘額 六、期末現金及現金等價物餘額		(17,692) (180,459,418) 289,252,296	(134,811) 2,326,683 286,925,613
the year			108,792,878	289,252,296

The notes as set out from page 155 to 391 form an integral part of the financial statements 載於第155頁至第391頁的財務報表附註是本財務報表的組成部分

The financial statements as set out from page 138 to 154 have been signed by

第138頁至第154頁的財務報表由以下人士簽署:

Zhang Liwei

Legal Representative: 法定代表人: 張立偉 Li Chunyan

Chief Financial Officer: 主管會計工作負責人: 李春燕 Yao Hongwei

Chief Accountant: 會計機構負責人: 姚紅偉

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY 合併股東權益變動表

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

Prepared by: BEIJING JINGKELONG COMPANY LIMITED 編製單位:北京京客隆商業集團股份有限公司

Amount unit: RMB 金額單位:人民幣元

		For the year ended 31 December 2022 2022年度						
				o shareholders of 屬於母公司股東權證	the parent company			
ltem	項目	Share capital 股本	Capital reserves 資本公積	Other comprehensive income 其他綜合收益	Surplus reserves 盈餘公積	Undistributed profits 未分配利潤	Minority interests 少數股東權益	Total shareholders' equity 股東權益合計
I. Balance at the end of the prior period	一、上年年末餘額	412,220,000	605,177,454	-	169,059,880	487,060,672	393,255,538	2,066,773,544
Add: Changes in accounting policies	加:會計政策變更	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Correction of prior errors	前期差錯更正	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Business combination under common control Others	同一控制下企業合併 其他	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
II. Balance at the beginning of the period	二、本年年初餘額	412,220,000	605,177,454		169,059,880	487,060,672	393,255,538	2,066,773,544
III. Increase or decrease amount in the year	三、本年增減變動金額(減少以「一」號	412,220,000	000,177,404	_	109,009,000	401,000,012	090,200,000	2,000,773,344
iii. Increase of decrease amount in the year	■・千十年級を到立頃(Mノベ) Jiii 填列)	_	_	_	_	(116,681,695)	(25,535,125)	(142,216,820)
(I) Total comprehensive income	(一)綜合收益總額	_			_	(96,070,695)	27,653,367	(68,417,328)
(II) Contribution and reduction of shareholders'	(二)股東投入和減少資本					(00)010)000)	21,000,001	(00) 111 (020)
capital	()////////////////////////////////////	_		_	_	_	_	_
Ordinary shares contribution from	1、股東投入的普通股							
shareholders		-	-	-	_		-	-
2. Capital contribution from holders of other	2、其他權益工具持有者投入							
equity instruments	資本	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Dividends payments recognized in	3、股份支付計入股東權益的							
shareholders' equity	金額	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Others	4、其他	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(III) Profit contribution	(三)利潤分配	-	-	-	-	(20,611,000)	(53,188,492)	(73,799,492)
Appropriation to surplus reserves	1、提取盈餘公積	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Appropriation to general risk reserve District in the should release.	2、提取一般風險準備	-			-	(00.044.000)	(50 400 400)	(70,700,400)
Distribution to shareholders Others	3、對股東的分配 4、其他	-	-	-	-	(20,611,000)	(53,188,492)	(73,799,492)
4. Others (IV) Internal transfer within shareholders' equity	4、兵池 (四)股東權益內部結轉	-	_	_	-	_	-	
Capital reserves transferred to capital (or shares)	1、資本公積轉增資本(或股本)			_		_	_	_
Surplus reserves transferred to capital (or	2、盈餘公積轉增資本(或股本)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
shares)	2 血脉以识符有具件(从队件)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Surplus reserves made up for losses	3、盈餘公積覆補虧損	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Changes in defined benefit plans carried	4、設定受益計劃變動額結轉留							
forward to retained earnings	存收益	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
5. Other comprehensive income carried	5、其他綜合收益結轉留存收益							
forward to retained earnings		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6. Other	6、其他	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(V) Special reserve	(五)專項儲備	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Appropriation in the period	1、本期提取	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Usage in the period	2、本期使用	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(VI) Other	(六)其他	-	-	-	400.050.000	-	- 007 700 440	4 004 550 704
IV. Balance at the end of the year	四、本年年末餘額	412,220,000	605,177,454	-	169,059,880	370,378,977	367,720,413	1,924,556,724

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY 合併股東權益變動表

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

Prepared by: BEIJING JINGKELONG COMPANY LIMITED 編製單位: 北京京客隆商業集團股份有限公司

Amount unit: RMB 金額單位: 人民幣元

For the year ended 31 December 2021

2021年度

			Equity attributable t	o shareholders of the 歸屬於母公司股東權	e parent company 益			
				Other comprehensive		Undistributed		Total shareholders'
Item	項目	Share capital 股本	Capital reserves 資本公積	income 其他綜合收益	Surplus reserves 盈餘公積	profits 未分配利潤	Minority interests 少數股東權益	equity 股東權益合計
I. Balance at the end of the prior period	一、上年年末餘額	412,220,000	605,043,091	309,414	169,059,880	550,756,039	413,131,840	2,150,520,264
Add: Changes in accounting policies	加:會計政策變更	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Correction of prior errors Business combination under common control	前期差錯更正 同一控制下企業合併	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	的一径前下近来宣讲 其他	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
II. Balance at the beginning of the period	二、本年年初餘額	412,220,000	605,043,091	309,414	169,059,880	550,756,039	413,131,840	2,150,520,264
III. Increase or decrease amount in the year	三、本期增減變動金額(減少以[-]號	712,220,000	000,070,001	000,717	100,000,000	000,100,000	110,101,010	2,100,020,204
in more and a decrease amount in the year	ー 不知有例を到立訳(Mノハ) Jiii 填列)	_	134,363	(309,414)	_	(63,695,367)	(19,876,302)	(83,746,720)
(I) Total comprehensive income	(一)綜合收益總額	_	-	-	_	(22,474,226)	33,418,708	10,944,482
(II) Contribution and reduction of shareholders'	(二)股東投入和減少資本					(, , , ,	., .,	.,. , .
capital		-	134,363	-	-	-	(2,148,364)	(2,014,001)
1. Ordinary shares contribution from	1、股東投入的普通股							
shareholders		-	-	-	-	-	(2,182,270)	(2,182,270)
Capital contribution from holders of other	2、其他權益工具持有者投入							
equity instruments	資本	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Dividends payments recognized in	3、股份支付計入股東權益的							
shareholders' equity	金額	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
4. Others	4、其他	-	134,363	-	-	-	33,906	168,269
(III) Profit contribution	(三)利潤分配	-	-	-	-	(41,221,141)	(50,859,915)	(92,081,056)
Appropriation to surplus reserves	1、提取盈餘公積	-	-		-	-	-	-
Appropriation to general risk reserve Signification to absorb address	2、提取一般風險準備	-	-	-	-	- (44,000,000)	/EU UEU U4E/	(00 004 045)
Distribution to shareholders Others	3、對股東的分配 4、其他	-	-	-	-	(41,222,000) 859	(50,859,915)	(92,081,915) 859
4. Others (IV) Internal transfer within shareholders' equity	4、兵心 (四)股東權益內部結轉	-	-	-	-	009	-	009
Capital reserves transferred to capital (or	1、資本公積轉增資本(或股本)	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
shares)	1 * 具件厶惧特相具件(以似件)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Surplus reserves transferred to capital (or	2、盈餘公積轉增資本(或股本)							
shares)	2 皿财料展刊有果工(利区工)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Surplus reserves made up for losses	3、盈餘公積彌補虧損	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
4. Changes in defined benefit plans carried	4、設定受益計劃變動額結轉留							
forward to retained earnings	存收益	-	-	-	-	_	_	-
5. Other comprehensive income carried	5、其他綜合收益結轉留存收益							
forward to retained earnings		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6. Other	6、其他	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(V) Special reserve	(五)專項儲備	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Appropriation in the period	1、本期提取	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Usage in the period	2、本期使用	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(VI) Other	(六)其他	-	-	(309,414)	-	-	(286,731)	(596,145)
IV. Balance at the end of the year	四、本年年末餘額	412,220,000	605,177,454	-	169,059,880	487,060,672	393,255,538	2,066,773,544

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY 合併股東權益變動表

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

The notes as set out from page 155 to 391 form an integral part of the financial statements

載於第155頁至第391頁的財務報表附註是本財務 報表的組成部分

The financial statements as set out from page 138 to 154 have been

第138頁至第154頁的財務報表由以下人士簽署:

signed by

Zhang Liwei

Legal Representative: 法定代表人: 張立偉

Li Chunyan Chief Financial Officer: 主管會計工作負責人:

李春燕

Yao Hongwei Chief Accountant: 會計機構負責人: 姚紅偉

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY OF THE COMPANY 公司股東權益變動表

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

Prepared by: BEIJING JINGKELONG COMPANY LIMITED 編製單位: 北京京客隆商業集團股份有限公司

Amount unit: RMB 金額單位: 人民幣元

		For the year ended 31 December 2022								
		2022年度								
ltem	項目	Share capital 股本	Capital reserves 資本公積	Other comprehensive income 其他綜合收益	Surplus reserves 盈餘公積	Undistributed profits 未分配利潤	Total shareholders' equity 股東權益合計			
I. Balance at the end of the prior period	一、上年年未餘額	412,220,000	615,293,521	_	145,282,646	392,463,394	1,565,259,561			
Add: Changes in accounting policies	加:會計政策變更	412,220,000	010,200,021	_	110,202,010	002,100,001	1,000,200,001			
Correction of prior errors	前期差錯更正	_								
Others	其他	_	_	_	_	_	_			
II. Balance at the beginning of the period	二、本年年初餘額	412,220,000	615,293,521	_	145,282,646	392,463,394	1,565,259,561			
III. Increase or decrease amount in the year	三、本期增減變動金額(減少以「一」	112,220,000	010,200,021		110,202,010	002,100,001	1,000,200,001			
	號填列)	_	_	_	_	(78,836,197)	(78,836,197)			
(I) Total comprehensive income	(一)綜合收益總額	_	_	_	_	(58,225,197)	(58,225,197)			
(II) Contribution and reduction of shareholders'	(二)股東投入和減少資本					(**)==*,****/	(**,==*,***)			
capital	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_	_	_	_	_	-			
Ordinary shares contribution from	1、股東投入的普通股									
shareholders		_	_	_	_	_	-			
2. Capital contribution from holders of other	2、其他權益工具持有者投									
equity instruments	入資本	_	_	_	_	_	-			
3. Dividends payments recognized in	3、股份支付計入股東權益									
shareholders' equity	的金額	_	_	_	_	-	-			
4. Others	4、其他	_	_	_	_	-	-			
(III) Profit contribution	(三)利潤分配	_	_	_	_	(20,611,000)	(20,611,000)			
Appropriation to surplus reserves	1、提取盈餘公積				-	-				
Appropriation to general risk reserve	2、提取一般風險準備	-	-	-	-	-	-			
3. Distribution to shareholders	3、對股東的分配	-	-	-	-	(20,611,000)	(20,611,000)			
4. Others	4、其他	-	-	-	-	-	-			
(IV) Internal transfer within shareholders' equity	(四)股東權益內部結轉	-	-	-	-	-	-			
 Capital reserves transferred to capital (or 	1、資本公積轉増資本(或									
shares)	股本)	-	-	-	-	-	-			
2. Surplus reserves transferred to capital (or	2、盈餘公積轉增資本(或									
shares)	股本)		-	-	-	-	-			
Surplus reserves made up for losses	3、盈餘公積礪補虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-			
4. Changes in defined benefit plans carried	4、設定受益計劃變動額結									
forward to retained earnings	轉留存收益	-	-	-	-	-	-			
5. Other comprehensive income carried	5、其他綜合收益結轉留存									
forward to retained earnings	收益	-	-	-	-	-	-			
6. Other	6、其他	-	-	-	-	-	-			
(V) Special reserve	(五)專項儲備	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Appropriation in the period	1、本期提取	-	-	-	-	-	-			
2. Usage in the period	2、本期使用	-	-	-	-	-	-			
(VI) Other IV. Balance at the end of the year	(六)其他 四、本年年末餘額	412,220,000	615,293,521	-	145,282,646	313,627,197	1,486,423,364			
iv. Dalance at the end of the year	口:午十十小环供	412,220,000	010,280,021		140,202,040	313,021,191	1,400,423,304			

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY OF THE COMPANY 公司股東權益變動表

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

Prepared by: BEIJING JINGKELONG COMPANY LIMITED

編製單位:北京京客隆商業集團股份有限公司

Amount unit: RMB 金額單位: 人民幣元

For the year ended 31 December 2021 2021年度

				Other comprehensive			Total shareholders'
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Share capital	Capital reserves	income	Surplus reserves	Undistributed profits	equity
Item	項目	股本	資本公積	其他綜合收益	盈餘公積	未分配利潤	股東權益合計
I. Balance at the end of the prior period	一、上年年末餘額	412,220,000	615,293,521	_	145,282,646	445,150,402	1,617,946,569
Add: Changes in accounting policies	加:會計政策變更	-	-	-	., . ,	.,,	-
Correction of prior errors	前期差錯更正	-	-	-			-
Others	其他	_	-	-			-
II. Balance at the beginning of the period	二、本年年初餘額	412,220,000	615,293,521	-	145,282,646	445,150,402	1,617,946,569
III. Increase or decrease amount in the year	三、本期增減變動金額(減少以「-」						
	號填列)	-	-	-	-	(52,687,008)	(52,687,008)
(I) Total comprehensive income	(一)綜合收益總額	-	-	-	-	(11,465,867)	(11,465,867)
(II) Contribution and reduction of shareholders'	(二)股東投入和減少資本						
capital		-	-	-	-	-	-
Ordinary shares contribution from	1、股東投入的普通股						
shareholders		_	-	-	-	-	_
Capital contribution from holders of other	2、其他權益工具持有者投 入資本						
equity instruments 3. Dividends payments recognized in	八貝平 3、股份支付計入股東權益	-	-	-	-	-	-
shareholders' equity	3、以以文刊訂八以末推氫 的金額						
4. Others	的亚织 4、其他	_	_	_	_	_	_
(III) Profit contribution	(三)利潤分配	_	_	_	_	(41,221,141)	(41,221,141)
Appropriation to surplus reserves	1、提取盈餘公積	_	_	_		(11,221,111)	(11,221,111)
Appropriation to general risk reserve	2、提取一般風險準備	_	_	_	_	_	_
Distribution to shareholders	3、對股東的分配	_	_	-	-	(41,222,000)	(41,222,000)
4. Others	4、其他	_	_	-	-	859	859
(IV) Internal transfer within shareholders' equity	(四)股東權益內部結轉	-	-	_	-	-	-
1. Capital reserves transferred to capital (or	1、資本公積轉增資本(或						
shares)	股本)	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Surplus reserves transferred to capital (or	2、盈餘公積轉增資本(或						
shares)	股本)	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Surplus reserves made up for losses	3、盈餘公積彌補虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-
Changes in defined benefit plans carried	4、設定受益計劃變動額結						
forward to retained earnings	轉留存收益	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income carried	5、其他綜合收益結轉留存						
forward to retained earnings 6. Other	收益	-	-	-	-	-	-
** ****	6、其他 (五)專項儲備	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve Appropriation in the period	(五/專項簡備 1、本期提取	-	-	-	-	-	-
Appropriation in the period Usage in the period	2、本期使用	_	-	_	_	-	-
(VI) Other	(六)其他	-	_	_	_	_	_
IV. Balance at the end of the year	四、本年年末餘額	412,220,000	615,293,521		145,282,646	392,463,394	1,565,259,561

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY OF THE COMPANY 公司股東權益變動表

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

The notes as set out from page 155 to 391 form an integral part of the financial statements 載於第155頁至第391頁的財務報表附註是本財務報表的組成部分

The financial statements as set out from page 138 to 154 have been signed by

第138頁至第154頁的財務報表由以下人士簽署:

Zhang Liwei Legal Representative:

> 法定代表人: **張立偉**

Li ChunyanChief Financial Officer:
主管會計工作負責人:
李春燕

Yao Hongwei Chief Accountant: 會計機構負責人: 姚紅偉

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

I. GENERAL INFORMATION

Beijing Jingkelong Company Limited (the "Company") is a joint stock limited company incorporated in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). On 1 November 2004, with the approval by Beijing Administration for Industry and Commerce, the Company (formerly known as "Beijing Jingkelong Supermarket Chain Company Limited") was established and the registered capital of the Company was RMB412,220,000. The company's unified social credit code is 91110000101782670P. The registered office and the principal place of business of the Company are located at Block No. 45, Xinyuan Street, Chaoyang District, Beijing. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") are principally engaged in the retail and wholesale distribution of daily consumer products.

On 25 September 2006, the H shares issued by the Company were listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. On 26 February 2008, all the H shares were transferred to the Main Board for listed trading. The Company issued a total of 412,220,000 ordinary shares as 31 December 2022.

The controlling shareholder of the Group is Beijing Chaofu State-owned Assets Management Co., Ltd. ("Chaofu Company"), which was established in China, the original name was Beijing Chaofu Company Food Company, and renamed "Beijing Chaofu Company Food Company" on 3 July 2020.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group and financial statements of the Company were approved by the board of directors on 30 March 2023.

一、公司基本情況

北京京客隆商業集團股份有限公司(「本公司」),是一家在中華人民共和國(「中國」)註冊的股份有限公司,於2004年11月1日由北京京客隆超市連鎖集團有限公司(更名前為「北京京客隆超市連鎖有限公司」)經北京市工商局核准整體變更設立。註冊資本為人民幣412,220,000元。企業社會統一信用代碼為91110000101782670P。本集團總部位於北京市朝陽區新源街45號。本公司及其附屬子公司(統稱「本集團」)主要從事日常消費品的零售及批發業務。

於2006年9月25日,本公司所發行人民幣普通股H股在香港聯合交易所有限公司創業板上市。於2008年2月26日,本公司的全部境外上市外資股普通股H股均由創業板轉為主板掛牌交易。截至2022年12月31日止,本公司累計發行股份總數41,222萬股。

本集團的控股股東為於中國成立的北京朝富國有資產管理有限公司(「朝富公司」),原名稱為「北京市朝陽副食品總公司」,於2020年7月3日更名為「北京朝富國有資產管理有限公司」。

本財務報表業經本公司董事會於2023年3月 30日決議批准報出。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度
(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

II. BASIS FOR PREPARASTION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements are presented on a going concern basis. The financial statements are prepared based on the actual transactions and events and in accordance with "Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises-Basic Standard" (issued by Ministry of Finance No.33 and revised by Ministry of Finance No.76),42 specific accounting standards, implementation guidelines and explanations of enterprise accounting standards and other relevant provisions issued on 15 February 2006 and those updated afterwards (Hereafter collectively referred to as "ASBE"), and the disclosure requirements of Company Ordinance of Hong Kong and the Listing Rules of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

In accordance with Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises, the Group has adopted the accrual basis of accounting. Except for certain financial instruments, the Company adopts the historical cost as the principle of measurement in the financial statements. When assets are impaired, provisions for asset impairment are made in accordance with relevant requirements.

二、財務報表的編製基礎

本集團財務報表以持續經營假設為基礎,根據實際發生的交易和事項,按照財政部發佈的《企業會計準則一基本準則》(財政部令第33號發佈、財政部令第76號修訂)、於2006年2月15日及其後頒佈和修訂的42項具體會計準則、企業會計準則應用指南、企業會計準則解釋及其他相關規定(以下合稱「企業會計準則」),此外,本集團還按照《香港公司條例》和《香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則》之要求披露有關財務信息。

根據企業會計準則的相關規定,本集團會計 核算以權責發生制為基礎。除某些金融工具 外,本財務報表均以歷史成本為計量基礎。 資產如果發生減值,則按照相關規定計提相 應的減值準備。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

III. STATEMENTS OF COMPLIANCE WITH ACCOUNTING STANDARDS FOR BUSINESS ENTERPRISES-BASIC STANDARD

三、遵循企業會計準則的聲明

The financial statements prepared by the Group have been in compliance with ASBE and truly and completely reflect the financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022 and the operating results, cash flows and other relevant information of the Company for the 2022.

本集團編製的財務報表符合企業會計準則的要求,真實、完整地反映了本集團2022年12 月31日的財務狀況及2022年的經營成果和現金流量等有關信息。

IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

1 Accounting period

The Group adopts the calendar year as its accounting year from January 1 to December 31.

2 Business period

The normal operating cycle refers to the period from the purchase of assets for processing to the realization of cash or cash equivalents. The Group regards 12 months as an operating cycle and uses it as the standard for dividing the liquidity of assets and liabilities.

3 Functional currency

RMB is the currency of the primary economic environment where the Group and its domestic subsidiaries operate, and the Group and its domestic subsidiaries used RMB as the functional currency. The financial statements have been prepared in RMB.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計

1、 會計期間

本集團的會計年度為公曆年度,即每年 1月1日起至12月31日止。

2、 營業週期

正常營業週期是指本集團從購買用於加工的資產起至實現現金或現金等價物的期間。本集團以12個月作為一個營業週期,並以其作為資產和負債的流動性劃分標準。

3、 記賬本位幣

人民幣為本集團及境內子公司經營所處 的主要經濟環境中的貨幣,本集團及境 內子公司以人民幣為記賬本位幣。本集 團編製本財務報表時所採用的貨幣為人 民幣。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度
(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

Accounting treatment method for business combination under the same control and not under the same control

Business combination refers to a transaction or event in which two or more separate enterprises are combined to form a reporting entity. Business combinations are divided into business combinations under common control and business combinations not under common control.

4.1 Business combination under the same control

The enterprises participating in the merger are ultimately controlled by the same party or the same multiple parties before and after the merger, and the control is not temporary. It is a business combination under the same control. In a business combination under the same control, the party that obtains control of other participating companies on the combining date is the combining party, and the other participating companies are the combined party. The merger date refers to the date on which the combining party actually obtains control of the combined party.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

4、 同一控制下和非同一控制下企業合併 的會計處理方法

企業合併,是指將兩個或兩個以上單獨 的企業合併形成一個報告主體的交易或 事項。企業合併分為同一控制下企業合 併和非同一控制下企業合併。

(1) 同一控制下企業合併

參與合併的企業在合併前後均受同一方或相同的多方最終控制,且該控制並非暫時性的,為同一控制下的企業合併。同一控制下的企業合併,在合併日取得對其他參與合併企業控制權的一方為合併方,參與合併的其他企業為被合併方。合併日,是指合併方實際取得對被合併方控制權的日期。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

4 Accounting treatment method for business combination under the same control and not under the same control (Continued)

4.1 Business combination under the same control (Continued)

The assets and liabilities acquired by the combining party are measured at the book value of the combined party on the combining date. The difference between the book value of the net assets acquired by the merger and the book value of the combined consideration paid (or the total face value of the issued shares) is adjusted for the capital reserve (share premium); if the capital reserve (share premium) is not sufficient to offset, the retained earnings are adjusted.

The direct costs incurred by the merging party for the business combination shall be included in the current profit and loss when incurred.

4.2 Business combinations not under common control

Enterprises that participate in the merger are not under the same party or the same multiple parties' ultimate control before and after the merger, which is a business combination not under the same control. For a business combination not under the same control, the party that obtains control of other participating companies on the purchase date is the purchaser, and the other companies participating in the combination are the purchased party. The purchase date refers to the date on which the purchaser actually obtains control of the purchased party.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

4、 同一控制下和非同一控制下企業合併 的會計處理方法(續)

(1) 同一控制下企業合併(續)

合併方取得的資產和負債均按合併 日在被合併方的賬面價值計量。 合併方取得的淨資產賬面價值與 支付的合併對價賬面價值(或發行 股份面值總額)的差額,調整資本 公積(股本溢價);資本公積(股本 溢價)不足以沖減的,調整留存收 益。

合併方為進行企業合併發生的各項 直接費用,於發生時計入當期損 益。

(2) 非同一控制下企業合併

參與合併的企業在合併前後不受同一方或相同的多方最終控制的,為非同一控制下的企業合併。非同一控制下的企業合併,在購買日取得對其他參與合併企業控制權的一方為購買方,參與合併的其他企業為被購買方。購買日,是指為購買方實際取得對被購買方控制權的日期。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

- 4 Accounting treatment method for business combination under the same control and not under the same control (Continued)
 - **4.2** Business combinations not under common control (Continued)

For a business combination not under the same control, the cost of the combination includes the assets paid by the purchaser to obtain control of the purchased party, the liabilities incurred or assumed, and the fair value of the equity securities issued on the purchase date. Intermediary expenses such as audits, legal services, evaluation and consulting, and other management expenses are included in the current profit and loss when incurred. The transaction cost of equity securities or debt securities issued by the purchaser as the merger consideration is included in the initial recognition amount of equity securities or debt securities. The contingent consideration involved is included in the merger cost based on its fair value at the date of purchase. If there is new or further evidence of the existing conditions on the purchase date within

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

- 4、 同一控制下和非同一控制下企業合併 的會計處理方法(續)
 - (2) 非同一控制下企業合併(續)

對於非同一控制下的企業合併, 合併成本包含購買日購買方為取得 對被購買方的控制權而付出的資 產、發生或承擔的負債以及發行 的權益性證券的公允價值,為企 業合併發生的審計、法律服務、 評估諮詢等中介費用以及其他管理 費用於發生時計入當期損益。購 買方作為合併對價發行的權益性證 券或債務性證券的交易費用,計 入權益性證券或債務性證券的初始 確認金額。所涉及的或有對價按 其在購買日的公允價值計入合併成 本,購買日後12個月內出現對購 買日已存在情況的新的或進一步證 據而需要調整或有對價的,相應

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

4 Accounting treatment method for business combination under the same control and not under the same control (Continued)

4.2 Business combinations not under common control (Continued)

12 months of the purchase date and the adjustment or consideration is required, adjust the merger accordingly reputation. The merger costs incurred by the purchaser and the identifiable net assets obtained in the merger are measured at the fair value at the date of purchase. The difference between the merger cost and the fair value share of the identifiable net assets of the acquired party acquired on the acquisition date is recognized as goodwill. If the merger cost is less than the fair value share of the identifiable net assets of the acquired party acquired in the merger, first of all, the measured fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquired party and the measurement of the merger cost shall be reviewed. If the merger cost is still less than the fair value share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets obtained in the merger, the difference is included in the current profit and loss.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

4、 同一控制下和非同一控制下企業合併 的會計處理方法(續)

(2) 非同一控制下企業合併(續)

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

- 4 Accounting treatment method for business combination under the same control and not under the same control (Continued)
 - **4.2** Business combinations not under common control (Continued)

If the purchaser obtains the deductible temporary difference of the purchased party and fails to confirm the deferred income tax asset recognition condition on the purchase date, within 12 months after the purchase date, if new or further information is obtained indicating the purchase The relevant situation on the day already exists. If the economic benefit brought by the deductible temporary difference on the purchase date is expected to be realized, the relevant deferred income tax assets are recognized, and the goodwill is reduced, and the goodwill is not offset enough. The difference is recognized as the current profit and loss; in addition to the above, if the deferred income tax assets related to the business combination are recognized, it is included in the current profit and loss.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

- 4、 同一控制下和非同一控制下企業合併 的會計處理方法(續)
 - (2) 非同一控制下企業合併(續)

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

- 4 Accounting treatment method for business combination under the same control and not under the same control (Continued)
 - **4.2** Business combinations not under common control (Continued)

Business combination under different control realized step by step through multiple transactions, according to the "Notice of the Ministry of Finance on Issuing the Interpretation of Accounting Standards for Enterprises No. 5" (Caikui [2012] No. 19) and "Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No. 33-Mergers" "Financial Statement" Article 51 on the "package deal" judgment criteria (see Note 4,5 (2)), to determine whether the multiple transactions belong to "package deal". If it belongs to a "package deal", refer to the previous paragraphs of this part and the notes IV.11 "Long-term equity investment" for accounting treatment; if it does not belong to a "package deal", distinguish between individual financial statements and consolidated financial statements for related accounting treatment:

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

- 4、 同一控制下和非同一控制下企業合併 的會計處理方法(續)
 - (2) 非同一控制下企業合併(續)

通過多次交易分步實現的非同一控制下企業合併,根據《財政部關於印發企業會計準則解釋第5號的通知》(財會[2012]19號)和《企業會計準則第33號一合併財務報表》第五十一條關於「一攬子交易」的判斷標準(參見本附註四、5(2)),判斷該多次交易是否屬於「一攬子交易」。屬於「一攬子交易」的,參考本部分前面各段描述及本附註四、11「長期股權投資」進行會計處理;不屬於「一攬子交易」的,區分個別財務報表和合併財務報表進行相關會計處理:

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

- 4 Accounting treatment method for business combination under the same control and not under the same control (Continued)
 - **4.2** Business combinations not under common control (Continued)

In the individual financial statements, the sum of the book value of the equity investment held by the purchaser before the purchase date and the new investment cost of the purchase date is taken as the initial investment cost of the investment; the equity of the purchaser held before the purchase date If other comprehensive income is involved, the other comprehensive income related to the investment will be accounted for on the same basis as the purchaser 's direct disposal of related assets or liabilities (ie, except for Except for the corresponding share in the changes caused by the net liabilities or net assets of the defined benefit plan, the rest is transferred to the current investment income).

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

- 4、 同一控制下和非同一控制下企業合併 的會計處理方法(續)
 - (2) 非同一控制下企業合併(續)

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

4 Accounting treatment method for business combination under the same control and not under the same control (Continued)

4.2 Business combinations not under common control (Continued)

In the consolidated financial statements, the equity of the purchased party held before the purchase date is remeasured according to the fair value of the equity at the purchase date, and the difference between the fair value and its book value is included in the current investment income; held before the purchase date If the equity of the purchased party involves other comprehensive income, the other comprehensive income related to it should be accounted for on the same basis as the purchaser 's direct disposal of related assets or liabilities (ie, except for Except for the corresponding share in the changes caused by the net liabilities or net assets of the defined benefit plan, the rest are converted into the current investment income of the purchase date).

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

4、 同一控制下和非同一控制下企業合併 的會計處理方法(續)

(2) 非同一控制下企業合併(續)

在合併財務報表中,對於購買日 之前持有的被購買方的股權,按 照該股權在購買日的公允價值與其 重新計量,公允價值與其論 值的差額計入當期投資收益;購買 日之前持有的被購買方的股權涉 人當期投資收益的,與其相關資產或負債相同的基 。 選出關資產或負債相同的基 。 對一的在被購買方重新計量 發益計劃淨負債或淨資產導致的轉為 以外,其餘轉為 以外,其餘轉為 以外,其餘轉為 以外,其 以 數中的相應份額以外,其餘轉為 以 所屬當期投資收益)。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

5 Preparation of consolidated financial statements

5.1 Principles for determining the scope of consolidated financial statements

The consolidation scope in consolidated financial statements is determined on the basis of control. The control refers to the power to influence the investee and participate in its operating activities to obtain benefits, the amount at which shall be effected by the power. The scope of consolidation financial statements includes the Company and all subsidiaries. The subsidiaries refer to the entity controlled by the Company.

The company will conduct a reassessment, once control related elements involved in the definition involved in the above cause the relevant facts and circumstances have changed.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

5、 合併財務報表的編製方法

(1) 合併財務報表範圍的確定原則

合併財務報表的合併範圍以控制為 基礎予以確定。控制是指本公司 擁有對被投資方的權力,通過參 與被投資方的相關活動而享有可變 回報,並且有能力運用對被投資 方的權力影響該回報金額。合併 範圍包括本公司及全部子公司。 子公司,是指被本公司控制的主 體。

一旦相關事實和情況的變化導致上 述控制定義涉及的相關要素發生了 變化,本公司將進行重新評估。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

5 Preparation of consolidated financial statements

(Continued)

5.2 Method of preparing consolidated financial statements

From the date of obtaining the net assets of the subsidiary and the actual control of the production and operation decision, the Group began to include it in the scope of consolidation; the inclusion of the scope of consolidation is suspended from the date of loss of actual control. For the disposed subsidiaries, the operating results and cash flows before the disposal date have been properly included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated cash flow statement; Subsidiaries disposed of in the current period do not adjust the opening balance of the consolidated balance sheet. For subsidiaries that are not consolidated under the same control, the operating results and cash flows of the future purchases have been properly included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated cash flow statement, and the opening and closing figures of the consolidated financial statements are not adjusted. Subsidiaries that have increased business combinations under the same control and those that have been merged under the merger, the operating results and cash flows from the beginning of the current period to the date of consolidation have been properly included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated cash flow statement, and adjust the comparison of consolidated financial statements at the same time.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

5、 合併財務報表的編製方法(續)

(2) 合併財務報表編製的方法

從取得子公司的淨資產和生產經營 決策的實際控制權之日起,本公 司開始將其納入合併範圍;從喪失 實際控制權之日起停止納入合併範 圍。對於處置的子公司,處置日 前的經營成果和現金流量已經適當 地包括在合併利潤表和合併現金流 量表中;當期處置的子公司,不 調整合併資產負債表的期初數。 非同一控制下企業合併增加的子公 司,其購買日後的經營成果及現 金流量已經適當地包括在合併利 潤表和合併現金流量表中,且不 調整合併財務報表的期初數和對 比數。同一控制下企業合併增加 的子公司及吸收合併下的被合併 方,其自合併當期期初至合併日 的經營成果和現金流量已經適當地 包括在合併利潤表和合併現金流量 表中,並且同時調整合併財務報 表的對比數。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

5 Preparation of consolidated financial statements

(Continued)

5.2 Method of preparing consolidated financial statements (Continued)

In the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, if the accounting policies or accounting periods adopted by the subsidiaries and the company are inconsistent, the necessary adjustments shall be made to the financial statements of the subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting policies and accounting periods of the company. For subsidiaries acquired from business combinations not under the same control, the financial statements are adjusted based on the fair value of identifiable net assets at the acquisition date.

All major current balances, transactions and unrealized profits in the company are offset when the consolidated financial statements are prepared.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

5、 合併財務報表的編製方法(續)

(2) 合併財務報表編製的方法(續)

在編製合併財務報表時,子公司 與本公司採用的會計政策或會計期 間不一致的,按照本公司的會計 政策和會計期間對子公司財務報表 進行必要的調整。對於非同一控 制下企業合併取得的子公司,以 購買日可辨認淨資產公允價值為基 礎對其財務報表進行調整。

公司內所有重大往來餘額、交易 及未實現利潤在合併財務報表編製 時予以抵銷。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

(Continued)

5 Preparation of consolidated financial statements

5.2 Method of preparing consolidated financial statements (Continued)

The shareholder's equity of the subsidiary and the portion of the current net profit or loss that is not owned by the Company are separately presented as minority shareholders' equity and minority shareholders' equity and minority shareholders' gains and losses in the consolidated financial statements under shareholders' equity and net profit. The portion of the subsidiary's current net profit or loss that belongs to minority shareholders' equity is presented as "minority shareholder gains and losses" under the net profit item in the consolidated income statement. The loss of a subsidiary shared by a minority shareholder exceeds the share of the minority shareholder's equity at the beginning of the subsidiary, and it still reduces the minority shareholders' equity.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

5、 合併財務報表的編製方法(續)

(2) 合併財務報表編製的方法(續)

子公司的股東權益及當期淨損益中 不屬於本公司所擁有的部分分別作 為少數股東權益及少數股東損益在 合併財務報表中股東權益及淨利潤 項下單獨列示。子公司當期淨損 益中屬於少數股東權益的份額下 在合併利潤表中淨利潤項目列示。少數 股東分擔的子公司的虧損超過了少 數股東在該子公司期初股東權益中 所享有的份額,仍沖減少數股東 權益。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

5 Preparation of consolidated financial statements (Continued)

5.2 Method of preparing consolidated financial statements (Continued)

When the control of the original subsidiary is lost due to the disposal of part of the equity investment or other reasons, the remaining equity is re-measured according to its fair value on the date of loss of control. The sum of the consideration for the disposal of the equity and the fair value of the remaining equity, less the difference between the share of the original shareholding and the share of the net assets that the original subsidiary has continued to calculate from the date of purchase, which is included in investment income of loss of control in the current period. Other comprehensive income related to the original subsidiary's equity investment shall be treated on the same basis as the directly disposed of the

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

5、 合併財務報表的編製方法(續)

(2) 合併財務報表編製的方法(續)

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

(Continued)

5 Preparation of consolidated financial statements

5.2 Method of preparing consolidated financial statements (Continued)

relevant assets or liabilities of the purchased party when the control is lost, That is, in addition to the re-measurement of changes in the net liabilities or net assets of the defined benefit plan in the original subsidiary, the rest will be converted into current investment income. Thereafter, the remaining equity of the part is subsequently measured in accordance with the relevant provisions of the "Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No. 2 – Long-term Equity Investment" or "Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No. 22 – Recognition and Measurement of Financial Instruments". For details, refers to Note IV.,11 "long-term equity investment" or this Note IV. 8 "financial instruments".

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

5、 合併財務報表的編製方法(續)

(2) 合併財務報表編製的方法(續)

公司重新計量設定受益計劃淨負債 或淨資產導致的變動以外,其餘 一併轉為當期投資收益)。其後, 對該部分剩餘股權按照《企業會計 準則第2號一長期股權投資》或《企 業會計準則第22號一金融工具確 認和計量》等相關規定進行後續計 量,詳見本附註四、11「長期股權 投資」或本附註四、8[金融工具」。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

5 Preparation of consolidated financial statements

(Continued)

5.2 Method of preparing consolidated financial statements (Continued)

If the Company disposes of the equity investment in the subsidiary through multiple transactions until it loses control, it shall distinguish whether the transactions dealing with the equity investment of the subsidiary until the loss of control are a package transaction. The terms, conditions, and economic impact of each transaction for the disposal of equity investments in subsidiaries are consistent with one or more of the following conditions, and generally indicate that multiple transactions should be accounted for as a package transaction: These transactions are concluded at the same time or with consideration of each other's influence; 2These transactions as a whole can achieve a complete business result; 3 The occurrence of a transaction depends on the occurrence of at least one other transaction; (4) A transaction alone is not economical, but it is economical when considered together with other transactions. If it is not a package

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

5、 合併財務報表的編製方法(續)

(2) 合併財務報表編製的方法(續)

本公司涌過多次交易分步處置對 子公司股權投資直至喪失控制權 的,需區分處置對子公司股權投 資直至喪失控制權的各項交易是否 屬於一攬子交易。處置對子公司 股權投資的各項交易的條款、條 件以及經濟影響符合以下一種或多 種情況,通常表明應將多次交易 事項作為一攬子交易進行會計處 理:①這些交易是同時或者在考慮 了彼此影響的情況下訂立的;②這 些交易整體才能達成一項完整的商 業結果;③一項交易的發生取決於 其他至少一項交易的發生; ④一項 交易單獨看是不經濟的,但是和 其他交易一併考慮時是經濟的。 不屬於一攬子交易的,對其中的 每一項交易視情況分別按照「不喪

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

5 Preparation of consolidated financial statements

(Continued)

5.2 Method of preparing consolidated financial statements (Continued)

transaction, each of the transactions shall be partially disposed of in the long-term equity of the subsidiary in accordance with "without loss of control" (refers to Note IV,11, and (2) 4). The accounting principle is applied to the principle that "the control of the original subsidiary is lost due to the disposal of part of the equity investment or other reasons" (mentioned in the previous paragraph). Disposal of the equity investment in a subsidiary until the loss of control is a package transaction, and the transactions are treated as a transaction that disposes of the subsidiary and loses control; However, the difference between the disposal price and the disposal investment before the loss of control and the share of the net assets of the subsidiary is recognized as other comprehensive income in the consolidated financial statements, and it is transferred to the current profit and loss of loss of control when the control is lost.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

5、 合併財務報表的編製方法(續)

(2) 合併財務報表編製的方法(續)

失控制權的情況下部分處置對子公 司的長期股權投資」(詳見本附註 四、11、(2)④)和[因處置部分股 權投資或其他原因喪失了對原有子 公司的控制權」(詳見前段)適用的 原則進行會計處理。處置對子公 司股權投資直至喪失控制權的各項 交易屬於一攬子交易的,將各項 交易作為一項處置子公司並喪失控 制權的交易進行會計處理;但是, 在喪失控制權之前每一次處置價款 與處置投資對應的享有該子公司淨 資產份額的差額,在合併財務報 表中確認為其他綜合收益,在喪 失控制權時一併轉入喪失控制權當 期的損益。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

6 Recognition criteria of cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents of the Group comprise cash, deposits that can be readily withdrew on demand, short-term (usually within a period of 3 months from purchase date on) and highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change value.

7 Foreign currency transactions

The foreign currency transactions are, on initial recognition, translated to the functional currency at the spot exchange rate on the dates of transactions, foreign currency monetary items are translated using the spot exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The exchange difference arising from the difference between the spot exchange rate at the balance sheet date and the spot exchange rate on initial recognition or at the previous balance sheet date is recognized in profit or loss for the period.

8 Financial instruments

A financial asset or financial liability is recognized when the Group becomes a party to a financial instrument contract.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

6、 現金及現金等價物的確定標準

本集團現金及現金等價物包括庫存現金、可以隨時用於支付的存款以及本集團持有的期限短(一般為從購買日起,三個月內到期)、流動性強、易於轉換為已知金額的現金、價值變動風險很小的投資。

7、 外幣業務

外幣交易在初始確認時採用交易發生日的即期匯率折算。於資產負債表日,外幣貨幣性項目採用該日即期匯率折算為人民幣,因該日的即期匯率與初始確認時或者前一資產負債表日即期匯率不同而產生的匯兑差額計入當期損益。

8、金融工具

在本集團成為金融工具合同的一方時確認一項金融資產或金融負債。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

8 Financial instruments (Continued)

8.1 Classification, confirmation and measurement of financial assets

The Group classifies financial assets according to the business model of managing financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets: Financial assets measured at amortized cost; financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income; financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets are measured at fair value on initial recognition. For financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, the related transaction expense is directly recognized in profit or loss; for other categories of financial assets, the related transaction costs are included in the initial recognition amount. For the accounts receivable or notes receivable arising from the sale of products or the provision of labor services that do not contain or consider the significant financing components, the Group determines the amount of the consideration to be received as the initial recognition amount.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

8、金融工具(續)

(1) 金融資產的分類、確認和計量

本集團根據管理金融資產的業務模式和金融資產的合同現金流量特徵,將金融資產劃分為:以攤餘成本計量的金融資產;以公允價值計量且其變動計入其他綜合收益的金融資產;以公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益的金融資產。

金融資產在初始確認時以公允價值計量。對於以公允價值計量且其, 變動計入當期損益的金融資產產, 相關交易費用直接計入當期損益; 對於其他類別的金融資產,相關 交易費用計入初始確認金額。因 銷售產品或提供勞務而產生的的應 收賬款或應收票據,本集團按照 預期有權收取的對價金額作為初始確認金額。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

8 Financial instruments (Continued)

8.1 Classification, confirmation and measurement of financial assets (Continued)

8.1.1Financial assets measured at amortized cost

The business model of the Group's management of financial assets measured at amortized cost is to collect contractual cash flows, and the contractual cash flow characteristics of such financial assets are consistent with the basic lending arrangements, that is, the cash flow generated on a specific date is only the payment of the principal and the interest based on the outstanding principal amount. The Group's financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The gains or losses arising from amortization or impairment are recognized in profit or loss.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

8、 金融工具(續)

- (1) 金融資產的分類、確認和計量
- ① 以攤餘成本計量的金融資產

本集團管理以攤餘成本計量的金融 資產的業務模式為以收取合同現金 流量為目標,且此類金融資產的 合同現金流量特徵與基本借貸安排 相一致,即在特定日期產生的現 金流量,僅為對本金和以未償付 本金金額為基礎的利息的支付。 本集團對於此類金融資產,採用 實際利率法,按照攤餘成本進行 後續計量,其攤銷或減值產生的 利得或損失,計入當期損益。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

8 Financial instruments (Continued)

8.1 Classification, confirmation and measurement of financial assets (Continued)

8.1.2Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

The Group's business model for managing such financial assets is to target both the collection of contractual cash flows and the sale, and the contractual cash flow characteristics of such financial assets are consistent with the basic lending arrangements. The Group's financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss. The impairment losses or gains, exchange gains and losses, and interest income calculated using the effective interest method are recognized in profit or loss.

In addition, the Group designates certain non-tradable equity instrument investments as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. The Group's related dividend income of such financial assets is included in the current profit and loss, and changes in fair value are included in other comprehensive income. When the financial assets are derecognized, the accumulated gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income are transferred from other comprehensive income to retained earnings, which are not recognized in profit or loss.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

8、 金融工具(續)

- (1) 金融資產的分類、確認和計量
- ② 以公允價值計量且其變動計入其他 綜合收益的金融資產

本集團管理此類金融資產的業務模式為既以收取合同現金流量為目標又以出售為目標,且此類金融資產的合同現金流量特徵與基本借貸安排相一致。本集團對此類金融資產按照公允價值計量且其變動計入其他綜合收益,但減值損失或利得、匯兑損益和按照實際利率法計算的利息收入計入當期損益。

此外,本集團將部分非交易性權 益工具投資指定為以公允價值計量 且其變動計入其他綜合收益的金融 資產。本集團將該類金融資產的 相關股利收入計入當期損益,公 允價值變動計入其他綜合收益。 當該金融資產終止確認時,之前 計入其他綜合收益轉入留存收 益,不計入當期損益。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

8 Financial instruments (Continued)

8.1 Classification, confirmation and measurement of financial assets (Continued)

8.1.3Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

The Group classifies financial assets that are measured at fair value through financial assets that are measured at fair value through profit or loss. In addition, in the initial recognition, in order to eliminate or significantly reduce accounting mismatch, the Group designates certain financial assets as financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss. For such financial assets, the Group adopts fair value for subsequent measurement, and changes in fair value are included in profit or loss for the current period.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

8、 金融工具(續)

- (1) 金融資產的分類、確認和計量
- ③ 以公允價值計量且其變動計入當期 損益的金融資產

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

8 Financial instruments (Continued)

8.2 Classification, confirmation and measurement of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as financial liabilities and other financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. For financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss, the related transaction expense is directly recognized in profit or loss. The related transaction expense of other financial liabilities is included in the initial recognition amount.

8.2.1Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss, including financial liabilities (including derivatives that are financial liabilities) and financial liabilities that are designated at fair value through profit or loss.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

8、 金融工具(續)

(2) 金融負債的分類、確認和計量

金融負債於初始確認時分類為以公 允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益 的金融負債和其他金融負債。對 於以公允價值計量且其變動計入當 期損益的金融負債,相關交易費 用直接計入當期損益,其他金融 負債的相關交易費用計入其初始確 認金額。

① 以公允價值計量且其變動計 入當期損益的金融負債

以公允價值計量且其變動計 入當期損益的金融負債,包 括交易性金融負債(含屬於金 融負債的衍生工具)和初始確 認時指定為以公允價值計量 且其變動計入當期損益的金 融負債。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

8 Financial instruments (Continued)

8.2 Classification, confirmation and measurement of financial liabilities (Continued)

8.2.1Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

Transactional financial liabilities (including derivatives that are financial liabilities) are subsequently measured at fair value. In addition to related to hedge accounting, changes in fair value are recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, the change in fair value of the liability caused by changes in the Company's own credit risk is included in other comprehensive income. When this financial liabilities is derecognition, the accumulated changes in fair value arising from changes in its own credit risk, which are included in other comprehensive income, are transferred to retained earnings. The remaining changes in fair value are included in the current profit and loss. If adopted the method mentioned before, the impact of changes in the financial liabilities' own credit risk will cause or expand the accounting mismatch in profit and loss, and the Group accounts for the entire gain or loss of the financial liability (including the impact of changes in the company's own credit risk) to the current profit and loss.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

8、 金融工具(續)

- (2) 金融負債的分類、確認和計量
 - ① 以公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益的金融負債(續)

交易性金融負債(含屬於金融 負債的衍生工具),按照公允 價值進行後續計量,除與套 期會計有關外,公允價值變 動計入當期損益。

被指定為以公允價值計量且 其變動計入當期損益的金融 負債,該負債由本集團自身 信用風險變動引起的公允價 值變動計入其他綜合收益, 且終止確認該負債時,計入 其他綜合收益的自身信用風 險變動引起的其公允價值累 計變動額轉入留存收益。其 餘公允價值變動計入當期損 益。若按上述方式對該等金 融負債的自身信用風險變動 的影響進行處理會造成或擴 大損益中的會計錯配的,本 集團將該金融負債的全部利 得或損失(包括企業自身信用 風險變動的影響金額)計入當 期損益。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

8 Financial instruments (Continued)

8.2 Classification, confirmation and measurement of financial liabilities (Continued)

8.2.20ther financial liabilities

Financial liabilities classified as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost, except for financial assets transferred to financial assets and financial liabilities, Gains or losses arising from derecognition or amortisation are recognised in profit or loss. The recognition and measurement of transfer of financial assets

8.3 The recognition and measurement of financial assets

The transfer of financial assets is conformed to criteria of derecognition, when one of following conditions are met: ① The termination of a contractual right to collect cash flow from a financial asset shall terminate the recognition of the financial asset. ② If the Group has transferred almost all risks and rewards on the ownership of financial assets to the transferee, it should also derecognize the financial assets. ③ Although the Group has not transferred or remained almost all risks and rewards on the ownership of financial assets to the transferee, they gave up the control of the financial assets, thus, it should also derecognize the financial assets.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

8、 金融工具(續)

(2) 金融負債的分類、確認和計量

② 其他金融負債

除金融資產轉移不符合終止 確認條件或繼續涉入被轉移 金融資產所形成的金融負 債、財務擔保合同外的其他 金融負債分類為以攤餘成本 計量的金融負債,按攤餘成 本進行後續計量,終止確認 或攤銷產生的利得或損失計 入當期損益。

(3) 金融資產轉移的確認依據和計量 方法

滿足下列條件之一的金融資產,予以終止確認:①收取該金融資產現金流量的合同權利終止;②該金融資產已轉移,且將金融資產所有權上幾乎所有的風險和報酬轉移給轉入方;③該金融資產已轉移,雖然企業既沒有轉移也沒有保留金融資產所有權上幾乎所有的風險和報酬,但是放棄了對該金融資產的控制。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

8 Financial instruments (Continued)

8.3 The recognition and measurement of financial assets (Continued)

If the entity has neither transferred nor remained almost all risks and rewards on the ownership of financial assets, and they do not give up the control of the financial assets, they confirm relevant financial assets and financial liabilities in accordance with the extent of continuing involvement in the transferred financial assets. The extent of continuing involvement in the transferred financial assets is the risk level faced by the enterprise resulting from changes in value of financial asset.

If the overall transfer of the financial assets meets the conditions for derecognition, the difference between the carrying amount of the transferred financial assets and the combination of the consideration received from the transfer and the accumulated changes in the fair value of other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

8、 金融工具(續)

(3) 金融資產轉移的確認依據和計量 方法(續)

若企業既沒有轉移也沒有保留金融資產所有權上幾乎所有的風險和報酬,且未放棄對該金融資產的控制的,則按照繼續涉入所轉移金融資產的程度確認有關金融資產,並相應確認有關負債。繼續涉入所轉移金融資產的程度,是指該金融資產價值變動使企業面臨的風險水平。

金融資產整體轉移滿足終止確認條件的,將所轉移金融資產的賬面價值及因轉移而收到的對價與原計入其他綜合收益的公允價值變動累計額之和的差額計入當期損益。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

8 Financial instruments (Continued)

8.3 The recognition and measurement of financial assets (Continued)

If a partial transfer of the financial assets meets the conditions for derecognition, the carrying amount of the transferred financial assets is allocated between derecognized portion and non-derecognized portion based on respective fair values. In addition, the difference between the carrying amount mentioned above and the combination of the consideration received from the transfer and the accumulated changes in the fair value that are allocated to derecognized portion and were recognized previously in other comprehensive income is recognized in the profit or loss.

For financial assets sold with recourse or endorsement and discount of holding financial assets, the Group has to determine whether almost all risk and reward of ownership of these financial assets have been transferred. If almost all risk and reward of ownership of a financial asset have been transferred to transferee, this financial asset is derecognized; if almost all risk and reward of ownership of a financial asset have been reserved, this financial asset is not derecognized; if almost all risk and reward of ownership of a financial asset have been neither transferred nor reserved, then the Group has to further confirm whether the Group keeps control of this asset, and carries out accounting treatments based on the principles mentioned in each paragraph above.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

8、 金融工具(續)

(3) 金融資產轉移的確認依據和計量 方法(續)

金融資產部分轉移滿足終止確認條件的,將所轉移金融資產的賬面價值在終止確認及未終止確認部分之間按其相對的公允價值進行分攤,並將因轉移而收到的對價與應分攤至終止確認部分的原計入其他綜合收益的公允價值變動累計額之和與分攤的前述賬面金額之差額計入當期損益。

本集團對採用附追索權方式出售的 金融資產,或將持有的金融資產,需確定該金融資產,需確定該金融資產所 有權上幾乎所有的風險和報酬轉產所 有權上幾乎所有的風險和報酬轉產所 轉入方的,終止確認該金融資產所有給 轉入方的,終止確認該金融資產所有給 等公司金融資產所有權上幾上確認 每一個險和報酬的,不終止確認解 金融資產所有權上幾乎所有的國險 金融資產所有權上幾明而有 金融資產保留了控制,並根據 知報酬的,則繼續判斷企是 據 和報酬的,則繼續判斷企是 據 和報酬的原則進行會計處理

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

8 Financial instruments (Continued)

8.4 The derecognition of financial liabilities

Once the present obligation of financial liabilities (or parts of them) has been lifted, financial liabilities (or parts of them) of the Group has been derecognized. The Group (borrower) enters into an agreement with the lender to replace the original financial liabilities in the form of new financial liabilities, and the new financial liabilities are substantially different from the original financial liabilities, and the original financial liabilities are derecognition and a new financial liability is recognized. The Group makes substantial changes on contractual terms of original financial liabilities (or parts of them), then they derecognize the original financial liabilities and confirm a new financial liability in accordance with the revised terms.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

8、 金融工具(續)

(4) 金融負債的終止確認

金融負債(或其一部分)的現時義務 已經解除的,本集團終止確認該 金融負債(或該部分金融負債)。 本集團(借入方)與借出方簽訂協 議,以承擔新金融負債的方方債 原金融負債的合同條款實質上不同 原金融負債(或其一部分)的 確認一項新金融負債。本集同同 款作出實質性修改的,終止確認 原金融負債(或其一部分)的 企融負債 款作出實質性修改的,終 於改 條款確認一項新金融負債。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

8 Financial instruments (Continued)

8.4 The derecognition of financial liabilities (Continued)

The difference between the carrying amount of financial liabilities (or parts of them) and consideration paid (including transferred non-cash assets or liabilities) is recognized in profit or loss, when financial liabilities (or parts of them) are derecognized.

8.5 Offset of financial assets and financial liabilities

The Group has statutory rights to offset recognized financial assets and financial liabilities, and currently enforces this legal right, at the same time, the Group plans to settle the financial assets on a net basis or simultaneously and liquidate the financial liabilities, financial assets and financial liabilities are presented in the balance sheet at offsetting amounts. In addition, financial assets and financial liabilities are presented separately in the balance sheet and are not offset in the other situation.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

8、 金融工具(續)

(4) 金融負債的終止確認(續)

金融負債(或其一部分)終止確認的,本集團將其賬面價值與支付的對價(包括轉出的非現金資產或承擔的負債)之間的差額,計入當期損益。

(5) 金融資產和金融負債的抵銷

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

8 Financial instruments (Continued)

8.6 Method for determining the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. If the financial instructions have an active market, the fair value will be evidenced by a quoted price in an active market. Specifically, the quoted price in an active market refers to price that are readily available from exchanges, brokers, industry associations, pricing services and others, and it represents the price of a market transaction that actually occur in a fair trade. If the financial instructions have no active market, the fair value will be evidenced by a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets. Valuation

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

8、 金融工具(續)

(6) 金融資產和金融負債的公允價值確 定方法

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

8 Financial instruments (Continued)

8.6 Method for determining the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities (Continued)

techniques include reference to the price used in recent market transactions by parties familiar with the situation and voluntary transactions, with reference to the current fair value of other financial instructions that are substantially identical, discounted cash flow methods and option pricing models. When it is valuation, the Group adopts valuation techniques that are applicable in the current circumstances and that are sufficiently supported by data and other information, which used to select the characteristics of the assets or liabilities to be considered in relation to the market participants' transactions in the relevant assets or liabilities, and use the relevant observable input values as much as possible. However, unallowable values will be used, if the relevant observable input values are not available or are not practicable.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

8、 金融工具(續)

(6) 金融資產和金融負債的公允價值確 定方法(續)

財務報表附註

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

8 Financial instruments (Continued)

8.7 Equity instrument

Equity instrument refers to a contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. The Group issues (including refinancing), repurchases, sells or writes off equity instruments as changes in equity. Transaction costs associated with equity transactions are deducted from equity.

The Group's various distributions of equity instrument holders (excluding stock dividends) reduce shareholders' equity. The Group does not recognize changes in fair value of equity instruments.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

8、 金融工具(續)

(7) 權益工具

權益工具是指能證明擁有本集團在扣除所有負債後的資產中的剩餘權益的合同。本集團發行(含再融資)、回購、出售或註銷權益工具作為權益的變動處理,與權益性交易相關的交易費用從權益中扣減。本集團不確認權益工具的公允價值變動。

本集團權益工具在存續期間分派股 利(含分類為權益工具的工具所產 生的「利息」)的,作為利潤分配處 理。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

9 Impairment of financial assets

The financial assets that the Group needs to recognize impairment loss are financial assets measured at amortized cost, debt instrument investments measured at fair value and whose changes are included in other comprehensive income, lease receivables, which mainly includes notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, debt investment, other debt investment, and long-term receivables. In addition, for contract assets and parts of financial guarantee contracts, impairment provision should also be made and credit impairment losses recognized in accordance with the accounting policies described in this section.

9.1 Recognized method for impairment provision

Based on the expected credit losses, the Group makes provision for impairment and recognizes credit impairment losses for each of the above items in accordance with its applicable expected credit loss measurement method (general method or simplified method).

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

9、 金融資產減值

本集團需確認減值損失的金融資產系以 攤餘成本計量的金融資產、以公允價值 計量且其變動計入其他綜合收益的債務 工具投資、租賃應收款,主要包括應收 票據、應收賬款、其他應收款、債權投 資、其他債權投資、長期應收款等。此 外,對合同資產及部分財務擔保合同, 也應按照本部分所述會計政策計提減值 準備和確認信用減值損失。

(1) 減值準備的確認方法

本集團以預期信用損失為基礎, 對上述各項目按照其適用的預期信 用損失計量方法(一般方法或簡化 方法)計提減值準備並確認信用減 值損失。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

9 Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

9.1 Recognized method for impairment provision

(Continued)

Credit loss refers to the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive (i. e. all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original effective interest rate (or credit-adjusted effective interest rate for purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets).

General approach for the measurement of expected credit losses refers that the Group assesses whether the credit risk of financial assets ((including other applicable items such as contract assets, the same below) has increased significantly since the initial recognition on each balance sheet date. If the credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition, the Group measures the loss preparation according to the amount equivalent to the expected credit loss during the entire life period; if the credit risk has not increased significantly since the initial recognition, the Group measures the loss provision based on the amount of 12-month expected credit losses. The Group considers all reasonable and evidenced information, including forward-looking information, when assessing expected credit losses.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

9、 金融資產減值(續)

(1) 減值準備的確認方法(續)

信用損失,是指本集團按照原實際利率折現的、根據合同應收的所有合同現金流量與預期收取的所有現金流量之間的差額,即全部現金短缺的現值。其中,對於本集團購買或源生的已發生信用減值的金融資產,應按照該金融資產經信用調整的實際利率折現。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

9 Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

9.1 Recognized method for impairment provision (Continued)

For financial instruments with lower credit risk on the balance sheet date, the Group assumes that its credit risk has not increased significantly since the initial recognition, it choose to measure loss based on 12-month expected credit losses/not choose a simplified approach, according to whether the credit risk has increased significantly since the initial confirmation, the loss is prepared based on the expected credit loss amount in the next 12 months or the whole life period.

9.2 Judgment criteria for whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition

If the probability of default of a financial asset on the estimated duration of the balance sheet is significantly higher than the probability of default during the estimated duration of the initial recognition, the credit risk of the financial asset is significantly increased. Except for special circumstances, the Group uses the change in default risk occurring within the next 12 months as a reasonable estimate of the change in default risk throughout the life period to determine whether the credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

9、 金融資產減值(續)

(1) 減值準備的確認方法(續)

對於在資產負債表日具有較低信用 風險的金融工具,本集團假設其 信用風險自初始確認後並未顯著增加,選擇按照未來12個月內的預 期信用損失計量損失準備。

(2) 信用風險自初始確認後是否顯著增加的判斷標準

如果某項金融資產在資產負債表日確定的預計存續期內的違約概率顯著高於在初始確認時確定的預計存續期內的違約概率,則表明該項金融資產的信用風險顯著增加。除特殊情況外,本集團採用未來12個月內發生的違約風險的變化作為整個存續期內發生違約風險變化的合理估計,來確定自初始確認後信用風險是否顯著增加。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

9 Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

9.3 Combined method for assessing expected credit risk based on portfolio

The Group evaluates credit risk individually for financial assets with significantly different credit risks, such as: receivables from related parties; and has disputes with the other party or receivables involving litigation or arbitration; there are clear indications that the debtor is likely to be unable to meet the repayment obligations of the receivables.

In addition to individual financial assets that assess credit risk, the Group classifies financial assets into different groups based on common risk characteristics and evaluates credit risk on a portfolio basis.

9.4 Accounting treatment of financial assets impairment

At the end of the period, the Group calculates the expected credit losses of various financial assets. If the estimated credit loss is greater than the carrying amount of its current impairment provision, the difference is recognized as the impairment loss; if it is less than the carrying amount of the current impairment provision, the difference is recognized as the impairment gain.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

9、 金融資產減值(續)

(3) 以組合為基礎評估預期信用風險的 組合方法

本集團對信用風險顯著不同的金融 資產單項評價信用風險,如:應收 關聯方款項;與對方存在爭議或涉 及訴訟、仲裁的應收款項;已有明 顯跡象表明債務人很可能無法履行 還款義務的應收款項等。

除了單項評估信用風險的金融資產 外,本集團基於共同風險特徵將 金融資產劃分為不同的組別,在 組合的基礎上評估信用風險。

(4) 金融資產減值的會計處理方法

期末,本集團計算各類金融資產的預計信用損失,如果該預計信用損失,如果該預計信用損失大於其當前減值準備的賬面金額,將其差額確認為減值損失;如果小於當前減值準備的賬面金額,則將差額確認為減值利得。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND **ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES** (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

9.5 Method for determining the credit losses of accounts receivable and other receivables

9.5.1Accounts receivable

For receivables that do not contain significant financing components, the Company measures loss provision based on the amount of expected credit losses equivalent to the entire duration of the life.

For receivables with significant financing components, the Company chooses to always measure the loss provision based on the amount of expected credit losses during the lifetime.

In addition to individual accounts receivable for assessing credit risk, they are classified into different combinations based on their credit risk characteristics:

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

9、 金融資產減值(續)

(5) 應收賬款及其他應收款信用損失的 確定方法

應收賬款

對於不含重大融資成分的應 收賬款,本集團按照相當於 整個存續期內的預期信用損 失金額計量損失準備。

對於包含重大融資成分的應 收賬款,本集團選擇始終按 照相當於存續期內預期信用 損失的金額計量損失準備。

除了單項評估信用風險的應 收賬款,基於其信用風險特 徵,將其劃分為不同組合:

Item 項目

Aging of accounts receivable portfolio

應收賬款賬齡組合

Determine the basis for the combination 確定組合的依據

This combination is based on the age of receivables as a credit risk feature.

本組合以應收款項的賬齡作為信用風險特徵。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

9 Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

9.5 Method for determining the credit losses of accounts receivable and other receivables (Continued)

9.5.20ther receivable

The Group measures the impairment loss based on the amount of expected credit losses in the next 12 months or the entire duration, based on whether the credit risk of other receivables has increased significantly since the initial recognition. In addition to other receivables that assess credit risk individually, they are classified into different combinations based on their credit risk characteristics:

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

9、 金融資產減值(續)

(5) 應收賬款及其他應收款信用損失的確定方法(續)

② 其他應收款

本集團依據其他應收款信用 風險自初始確認後是否已經 顯著增加,採用相當於未來 12個月內、或整個存續期的 預期信用損失的金額計量減 值損失。除了單項評估信用 風險的其他應收款外,基於 其信用風險特徵,將其劃分 為不同組合:

Item 項目

Aging of other receivable portfolio

其他應收款賬齡組合

Determine the basis for the combination 確定組合的依據

This combination is based on the age of other receivables as a credit risk feature.

本組合以其他應收款的賬齡作為信用風險特徵。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

10 Inventories

10.1 Classification of inventories

Inventories include goods in stocks, raw materials, goods in product and low value consumables.

10.2 The measurement of inventories received and issued

The inventory is initially measured at the actual cost; Inventory costs comprise costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs. Cost of sales is determined using First in first out.

10.3 Recognition of the net realizable value and measurement of provision for decline in value of inventories

At the balance sheet date, inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. If the net realizable value of the inventory is lower than the cost, a provision for decline in value of inventories is recognized. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale and relevant taxes. The Group determines the net realizable value of inventories based on solid evidence obtained and after taking into consideration the purpose for which the inventory is held, and the effect of events occurring after the balance sheet date.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

10、存貨

(1) 存貨的分類

存貨主要包括庫存商品、原材料、在產品和低值易耗品。

(2) 存貨取得和發出的計價方法

存貨在取得時按實際成本計價, 存貨成本包括採購成本、加工成 本和其他成本。領用和發出時採 用先進先出法確定發出存貨的實際 成本。

(3) 存貨可變現淨值的確認和跌價準備 的計提方法

資產負債表日,存貨按照成本與 可變現淨值孰低計量。當其可 現淨值低於成本時,提取存了 價準備。可變現淨值是指在 。可變現淨值是指在 計的銷售費用以及相關税費現 計的銷售費用以及相關税費現 計 計 動,以取得的確鑿證據為基礎, 同時考慮持有存貨的目的以及 負債表日後事項的影響。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

10 Inventories (Continued)

10.3 Recognition of the net realizable value and measurement of provision for decline in value of inventories (Continued)

For the inventory with tremendous number and relatively low unit price, the decline in value of inventories is provided according to the type of inventory; for other inventories, the decline in value of inventories is provided at the difference of the cost of a single inventory item exceeding its net realizable value. After the provision of decline in value of inventories is made, if the circumstances that caused the value of the inventory to be written down below cost no longer exist so that the net realizable value is higher than the carrying amount, the original provision for decline in value is reversed and the reversed amount is recognized in profit or loss for the period.

10.4 The stock count system for inventories is the perpetual inventory system

10.5 Amortization methods of low-value consumables

Low-value consumables are written off in full when issued for use.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

10、存貨(續)

(3) 存貨可變現淨值的確認和跌價準備 的計提方法(續)

對於數量繁多、單價較低的存貨,按照存貨類別計提存貨跌價準備;其他存貨按單個存貨項目的差額計提存貨跌價準備。計提存貨跌價準備後,如果以前減記存貨價價值的影響因素已經消失,導致存貨價值的的影響因素已經消失,導致存貨的的可變現淨值高於其賬面價值的的充質,轉回的金額計入當期損益。

(4) 存貨的盤存制度為永續盤存制。

(5) 低值易耗品的攤銷方法

低值易耗品採用一次轉銷法進行攤 銷。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

11 Long-term equity investments

A long-term equity investment is the long-term equity investment of the Group that is able to control, jointly control or significantly influence on the investee. The long-term equity investment of the Group that is not able to control, jointly control or significantly influence on the investee is recognized as the held-for-sale financial asset or the financial asset measured at fair value through profit or loss. The related accounting policies refers to Note IV,7 financial instruments.

11.1 Determination of investment cost

For a long-term equity investment acquired by a business combination involving enterprises under common control, the initial investment cost of long-term equity investment is the share of the carrying amount of the owner's equity of the merged party in the consolidated financial statements of ultimate controlling party at the acquisition date. For a long-term equity investment acquired by a business combination involving enterprises not under common control, the initial investment cost is the cost of acquisition. The long-term equity investment through means other than a business combination is initially measured at its cost.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

11、長期股權投資

本部分所指的長期股權投資是指本集團 對被投資單位具有控制、共同控制或重 大影響的長期股權投資。本集團對被投 資單位不具有控制、共同控制或重大影 響的長期股權投資,作為可供出售金融 資產或以公允價值計量且其變動計入當 期損益的金融資產核算。

(1) 投資成本的確定

對於企業合併形成的長期股權投資,如為同一控制下的企業合併形成的長期股權投資,在合併財務報表中的賬面價值的分額作為長期股權投資的初始投資的初始投資的長期股權投資的初始投資內,按與過非同一控制下的企業合併財務報表,接近本作為長期股權投資的初始長期股權投資的初始長期股權投資的初始長期股權投資的初始長期股權投資的初長期股權投資的初始長期股權投資的初始計量。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

11 Long-term equity investments (Continued)

11.2 Subsequent measurement and recognition of profit or loss

The long-term equity investment that is able to jointly control or significantly influence in the investee adopts the equity method. In addition, the financial statement of the Company adopts the cost method for the long-term equity investment that is able to control over the investee.

11.2.1 A long-term equity investment accounted for using the cost method

Under the cost method, a long-term equity investment, on its initial recognition, is measured as cost and adjusted according to the amount of additional investment or disinvestment. Except for cash dividends or profits which include in actual payment or consideration as the Group obtains the investment but have not been paid, the investment income for the period is recognized according to cash dividends or profits declared to distribute by the investee

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

11、長期股權投資(續)

(2) 後續計量及損益確認方法

對被投資單位具有共同控制(構成 共同經營者除外)或重大影響的長 期股權投資,採用權益法核算。 此外,公司財務報表採用成本法 核算能夠對被投資單位實施控制的 長期股權投資。

① 成本法核算的長期股權投資

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND **ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES** (Continued)

11 Long-term equity investments (Continued)

11.2 Subsequent measurement and recognition of profit or loss (Continued)

11.2.2 A long-term equity investment accounted for using the equity method

Under the equity method, where the initial investment cost of a long-term equity investment exceeds the Group's share of the fair value of the investee's identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition, no adjustment is made to the initial investment cost. Where the initial investment cost is less than the Group's share of the fair value of the investee's identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition, the difference is recognized in profit or loss for the period, and the cost of the longterm equity investment is adjusted accordingly.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

11、長期股權投資(續)

(2) 後續計量及損益確認方法(續)

權益法核算的長期股權投資

採用權益法核算時,長期 股權投資的初始投資成本大 於投資時應享有被投資單位 可辨認淨資產公允價值份額 的,不調整長期股權投資的 初始投資成本;初始投資成 本小於投資時應享有被投資 單位可辨認淨資產公允價值 份額的,其差額計入當期損 益,同時調整長期股權投資 的成本。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

11 Long-term equity investments (Continued)

11.2 Subsequent measurement and recognition of profit or loss (Continued)

11.2.2 A long-term equity investment accounted for using the equity method (Continued)

Under the equity method, the Group recognizes its share of the net profit or loss and other comprehensive income made by the investee as investment income and other comprehensive income respectively, and adjusts the carrying amount of the long-term equity investment accordingly; The carrying amount of the investment is reduced by the portion of any profit distributions or cash dividends declared by the investee that is distributed to the Group; the share of changes in owners' equity of the investee other than those arising from net profit or loss, other comprehensive income and profit distribution are recognized in the capital reserves the carrying amount of the long-term equity investment is adjusted accordingly. The Group recognizes its share of the investee's net profit or loss after making appropriate adjustments based on the fair value of the investee's individual

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

11、長期股權投資(續)

(2) 後續計量及損益確認方法(續)

② 權益法核算的長期股權投資 (續)

採用權益法核算時,按照應 享有或應分擔的被投資單位 實現的淨損益和其他綜合收 益的份額,分別確認投資收 益和其他綜合收益,同時調 整長期股權投資的賬面價值; 按照被投資單位宣告分派的 利潤或現金股利計算應享有 的部分,相應減少長期股權 投資的賬面價值; 對於被投 資單位除淨損益、其他綜合 收益和利潤分配以外所有者 權益的其他變動,調整長期 股權投資的賬面價值並計入 資本公積。在確認應享有被 投資單位淨損益的份額時, 以取得投資時被投資單位各 項可辨認資產等的公允價值 為基礎,對被投資單位的淨

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

11 Long-term equity investments (Continued)

11.2 Subsequent measurement and recognition of profit or loss (Continued)

11.2.2 A long-term equity investment accounted for using the equity method (Continued)

separately identifiable assets, etc. at the acquisition date. Where the accounting policies and accounting period adopted by the investee are not consistent with those of the Group, the Group shall adjust the financial statements of the investee to conform to its own accounting policies and accounting period, and recognize investment income and other comprehensive income based on the adjusted financial statements. For the Group's transactions with its associates and joint ventures where assets contributed or sold does not constitute a business, unrealized intra-group profits or losses are recognized as investment income or loss to the extent that those attributable to the Group's proportionate share of interest are eliminated. However, unrealized losses resulting from the Group's transactions with its investees which represent impairment losses on the transferred assets are not eliminated.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

11、長期股權投資(續)

(2) 後續計量及損益確認方法(續)

② 權益法核算的長期股權投資 (續)

利潤進行調整後確認。被投 資單位採用的會計政策及會 計期間與本集團不一致的, 按照本集團的會計政策及會 計期間對被投資單位的財務 報表進行調整,並據以確認 投資收益和其他綜合收益。 對於本集團與聯營企業及合 營企業之間發生的交易,投 出或出售的資產不構成業務 的,未實現內部交易損益按 照享有的比例計算歸屬於本 集團的部分予以抵銷,在此 基礎上確認投資損益。但本 集團與被投資單位發生的未 實現內部交易損失,屬於所 轉讓資產減值損失的,不予 以抵銷。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

11 Long-term equity investments (Continued)

11.2 Subsequent measurement and recognition of profit or loss (Continued)

11.2.3 Acquisitions of minority interest

When the Group prepares the consolidated financial statements, the difference between the long-term equity investment arising from the acquisition of minority interest and shares of the subsidiary's net assets attributable to the Company which are continuously calculated from the purchase date (or the acquisition date) based on new additional proportions of shares is used to adjust capital reserves, if capital reserves are not sufficient to be written down, the retained earnings shall be adjusted.

11.2.4 Disposals of long-term equity investment

In consolidated financial statements, when the parent company disposes a part of a long-term equity investment without losing power of control, the difference between its disposal price and its subsidiary' net assets attributable to the Company corresponding to the disposal of long-term equity investment is recorded in owner's equity. For other circumstances of disposing of a long-term equity investment, the difference between its carrying amount and actual purchase price is recorded in profit or loss for the period.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

11、長期股權投資(續)

(2) 後續計量及損益確認方法(續)

③ 收購少數股權

在編製合併財務報表時,因 購買少數股權新增的長期股 權投資與按照新增持股比例 計算應享有子公司自購買日 (或合併日)開始持續計算的 淨資產份額之間的差額,調 整資本公積,資本公積不足 沖減的,調整留存收益。

④ 處置長期股權投資

在合併財務報表中,母公司在不喪失控制權的情況下的長期股權的情況下數權投資,處置價款與處置實款與處置實數與處置有子公司的長期股權投資相對應享有子公司,對資產的差額計入股東權益:其他情形下的長期股權權投資處置的股權,對於處置的股權,其的差額,計入當期損益。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

12 Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation, or both, including rented land use right, land use right which is held and prepared for transfer after appreciation, and rented building.

The initial measurement of the investment properties shall be measured at its actual cost. The follow-up expenses pertinent to the investment properties shall be included in the cost of the investment properties, if the economic benefits pertinent to this real estate are likely to flow into the enterprise, and, the cost of the investment properties can be reliably measured. Otherwise, they should be included in the current profits and losses upon occurrence.

The Group adopts the cost model for subsequent measurement of investment properties, and the depreciation or amortization policies are consistent with that of building and land use right.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

12、投資性房地產

投資性房地產是指為賺取租金或資本增值,或兩者兼有而持有的房地產。包括 已出租的土地使用權、持有並準備增值 後轉讓的土地使用權、已出租的建築物 等。

投資性房地產按成本進行初始計量。與 投資性房地產有關的後續支出,如果與 該資產有關的經濟利益很可能流入且其 成本能可靠地計量,則計入投資性房地 產成本。其他後續支出,在發生時計入 當期損益。

本集團採用成本模式對投資性房地產進 行後續計量,並按照與房屋建築物或土 地使用權一致的政策進行折舊或攤銷。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

12 Investment properties (Continued)

When an investment properties is sold, transferred, retired or damaged, the Group recognizes the amount of any proceeds on disposal of the asset net of the carrying amount and related taxes in profit or loss for the current period.

13 Fixed assets

13.1 Recognition of fixed assets

Fixed assets are tangible assets that are held for use in the production of goods or supply of services, for rental to others, or for administrative purposes and have a useful life of more than one accounting year. Fixed assets are only recognized when the related economic benefits probably flow to the Group and the cost can be reliably measured. Fixed assets are initially measured at cost as well as taking into account the effect of estimated disposal costs.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

12、投資性房地產(續)

投資性房地產出售、轉讓、報廢或毀損 的處置收入扣除其賬面價值和相關稅費 後的差額計入當期損益。

13、固定資產

(1) 固定資產確認條件

固定資產是指為生產商品、提供 勞務、出租或經營管理而持有 的,使用壽命超過一個會計年度 的有形資產。固定資產僅在與其 有關的經濟利益很可能流入本集 團,且其成本能夠可靠地計量時 才予以確認。固定資產按成本並 考慮預計棄置費用因素的影響進行 初始計量。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

13 Fixed assets (Continued)

13.2 Method for depreciation of different fixed assets

Fixed assets are depreciated on straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives from the month after they are brought to working condition for the intended use. The useful lives, estimated net residual values and annual depreciation rates of each category of fixed assets are as follows:

13、固定資產(續)

(2) 各類固定資產的折舊方法

固定資產從達到預定可使用狀態的 次月起,採用年限平均法在使用 壽命內計提折舊。各類固定資產 的使用壽命、預計淨殘值和年折 舊率如下:

Category	類別	Useful life (year) 折舊年限(年)	Residual value (%) 殘值率(%)	Annual depreciation (%) 年折舊率(%)
Buildings Machinery and	房屋及建築物 機器設備	20-35	3-4	2.74-4.85
equipment Office equipment Vehicles	辦公設備 運輸設備	5-10 5 5-8	3-5 3-5 3-4	9.50-19.40 19.00-19.40 12.00-19.40

Estimated net residual value is the amount which would be obtained from the disposal of the assets after deducting of estimated costs of disposal, if the asset were already of the age and in the condition expected at the end of its useful life.

預計淨殘值是指假定固定資產預計 使用壽命已滿並處於使用壽命終了 時的預期狀態,本集團目前從該 項資產處置中獲得的扣除預計處置 費用後的金額。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

13 Fixed assets (Continued)

13.3 Recognition, measurement method of fixed assets leased under finance leases

A finance lease is a lease that transfers in substance all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset. Title may or may not eventually be transferred. Consistent depreciation policies are adopted to finance leased fixed assets. Leased fixed assets are depreciated over the estimated useful lives when it is reasonably determined that the ownership of the asset will be obtained after the lease term is over. Otherwise, the leased assets are depreciated over the shorter period between the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

13.4 Other explanations

Subsequent expenditures incurred for a fixed asset are recognized in the cost of fixed assets when the associated economic benefits will probably flow to the Group and the related cost can be reliably measured, and the carrying amount of replaced part is derecognized. All the other subsequent expenditures are recognized in profit or loss for the period in which they are incurred.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

13、固定資產(續)

(3) 融資租入固定資產的認定依據及計 價方法

融資租賃為實質上轉移了與資產所有權有關的全部風險和報酬的,租赁,其所有權最終可能轉移,可能轉移。以融資租賃方定資產採用與自有固定資產採用與自有固定資產所有權的在租賃資產所有權的在租賃資產使用票。 實別,在租賃期與租賃資產使用票。 個別,在租賃期與租賃資產使用票。 個別,在租賃期與租賃資產使用票。 個別,在租賃期與租賃資產使用票。

(4) 其他説明

與固定資產有關的後續支出,如 果與該固定資產有關的經濟利益 很可能流入且其成本能可靠地計 量,則計入固定資產成本,並終 止確認被替換部分的賬面價值。 除此以外的其他後續支出,在發 生時計入當期損益。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

13 Fixed assets (Continued)

13.4 Other explanations (Continued)

A fixed asset is derecognized on disposal or when no economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. When a fixed asset is sold, transferred, retired or damaged, the Group recognizes the amount of any proceeds on disposal of the asset net of the carrying amount and related taxes in profit or loss for the current period.

The Group reviews the useful life, estimated net residual value of a fixed asset and the depreciation method at least at each financial year-end. A change in the useful life, estimated net residual value of a fixed asset or the depreciation method shall be accounted for as a change in accounting estimate.

14 Construction in progress

Construction in progress is measured at its actual costs. The actual costs include various construction expenditures during the construction period, borrowing costs capitalized before it is ready for intended use and other relevant costs. Construction in progress is transferred to a fixed asset when it is ready for intended use.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

(4) 其他説明(續)

13、固定資產(續)

當固定資產處於處置狀態或預期通 過使用或處置不能產生經濟利益 時,終止確認該固定資產。固定 資產出售、轉讓、報廢或毀損的 處置收入扣除其賬面價值和相關税 費後的差額計入當期損益。

本集團至少於年度終了對固定資產 的使用壽命、預計淨殘值和折舊 方法進行覆核,如發生改變則作 為會計估計變更處理。

14、在建工程

在建工程成本按實際工程支出確定,包括在建期間發生的各項工程支出、工程達到預定可使用狀態前的資本化的借款費用以及其他相關費用等。在建工程在達到預定可使用狀態後結轉為固定資產。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

15 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs include interest expenses, amortization of discount or premium, auxiliary expenses, exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings etc. Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying asset are capitalized when expenditures for such asset and borrowing costs are incurred and activities relating to the acquisition, construction or production of the asset that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale have commenced. Capitalization of borrowing costs ceases when the qualifying asset being acquired, constructed or produced becomes ready for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Where funds are borrowed under a specific-purpose borrowing, the amount of interest to be capitalized is the actual interest expense incurred on that borrowing for the period less any bank interest earned from depositing the borrowed funds before being used on the asset or any investment income on the temporary investment of those funds. Where funds are borrowed under general-purpose borrowings, the Group determines the amount of interest to be capitalized on such borrowings by applying a capitalization rate to the weighted average of the excess of cumulative expenditures on the asset over the amounts of specific-purpose borrowings. The capitalization rate is the weighted average of the interest rates applicable to the general-purpose borrowings.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

15、借款費用

借款費用包括借款利息、折價或溢價的 攤銷、輔助費用以及因外幣借款而發生 的匯兑差額等。可直接歸屬於符合資本 化條件的資產的購建或者生產的借款費 用,在資產支出已經發生、借款費用已 經發生、為使資產達到預定可使用或可 銷售狀態所必要的購建或生產活動已經 開始時,開始資本化:構建或者生產的 符合資本化條件的資產達到預定可使用 狀態或者可銷售狀態時,停止資本化。 其餘借款費用在發生當期確認為費用。

專門借款當期實際發生的利息費用,減 去尚未動用的借款資金存入銀行取得的 利息收入或進行暫時性投資取得的投資 收益後的金額予以資本化:一般借款根 據累計資產支出超過專門借款部分的資 產支出加權平均數乘以所佔用一般借款 的資本化率,確定資本化金額。資本化 率根據一般借款的加權平均利率計算確 定。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

15 Borrowing costs (Continued)

The qualifying assets to be capitalized are fixed assets, investment properties and inventories which need to be acquired, constructed or produced through a long period of time, in order to become ready for its intended use or sale.

Capitalization of borrowing costs is suspended during periods in which the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset is suspended abnormally and when the suspension is for a continuous period of more than 3 months. Capitalization is suspended until the acquisition, construction or production of the asset is resumed.

16 Intangible assets

Intangible assets include land use right, software development costs and distribution network software.

Intangible assets are initially measured as cost. When an intangible asset with a finite useful life is available for use, its original cost is amortized using straight line method over its estimated useful life.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

15、借款費用(續)

符合資本化條件的資產指需要經過相當 長時間的購建或者生產活動才能達到預 定可使用或可銷售狀態的固定資產、投 資性房地產和存貨等資產。

如果符合資本化條件的資產在購建或生 產過程中發生非正常中斷、並且中斷時 間連續超過3個月的,暫停借款費用的 資本化,直至資產的購建或生產活動重 新開始。

16、無形資產

無形資產包括土地使用權、軟件開發費 和分銷網絡經銷權。

無形資產按成本進行初始計量。使用壽 命有限的無形資產自可供使用時起,對 其原值在其預計使用壽命內採用直線法 分期平均攤銷。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND

ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

16 Intangible assets (Continued)

For an intangible asset with a finite useful life, the useful life and amortization method shall be reviewed at the period end, and the adjustments shall be made if necessary.

The useful lives and the amortization method are as follows:

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

16、無形資產(續)

期末,對使用壽命有限的無形資產的使 用壽命和攤銷方法進行覆核,必要時進 行調整。

無形資產項目的使用壽命及攤銷方法如下:

Item	Useful lives	Amortization method
項目	使用壽命	攤銷方法
Land use rights	33-50 years	Straight line method
土地使用權	33-50年	直線法
Software	5-10 years	Straight line method
軟件開發費	5-10年	直線法
Operating rights of distribution network	5-10 years	Straight line method
分銷網絡經銷權	5-10年	直線法

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

17 Long-term prepaid expenses

Long-term prepaid expenses are expenses which have occurred but shall be amortized over the reporting period and subsequent periods of more than one year long-term prepaid expenses shall be amortized evenly over expected benefit periods.

18 Long-term assets impairment

For non-current and non-financial assets such as fixed assets, work in progress, intangible assets with a finite useful life, investment properties measured at cost, long-term equity investment of joint ventures and associated enterprises and leases right-of-use asset etc., the Group assesses if any of them is impaired at the balance sheet date. If there is any evidence indicating that an asset is impaired, recoverable amounts shall be estimated for impairment test. Goodwill and intangible assets with a uncertainty useful life and intangible assets which have not reach work condition shall be tested for impairment annually regardless of whether there is any evidence indicating that the assets have been impaired.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

17、長期待攤費用

長期待攤費用為已經發生但應由報告期 和以後各期負擔的分攤期限在一年以上 的各項費用。長期待攤費用在預計受益 期間分期平均攤銷。

18、長期資產減值

對於固定資產、在建工程、使用壽命有限的無形資產、以成本模式計量的投資性房地產及對子公司、合營企業、聯營企業的長期股權投資、租賃使用權資產等非流動非金融資產,本集團於資產的,則估計其可收回金額,與值跡象的,則估計其可收回金額,進行減值測試。商譽、使用壽命不確定的無形資產和尚未達到可使用狀態的無形資產,無論是否存在減值跡象,每年均進行減值測試。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

18 Long-term assets impairment (Continued)

If the result of the impairment test indicates that the recoverable amount of the asset is less than its carrying amount, a provision for impairment and an impairment loss are recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. An asset's fair value is determined based on the sales price agreed in an arm's length transaction. When no sales agreement but the active market of an asset is available, its fair value is determined according to a buyer's bid. When no sales agreement and the active market of an asset are available, its fair value is estimated on the basis of best information which is can be obtained. The disposal expenses include asset- related legal expenses, relevant taxes, handling fees and direct costs incurred for the asset intended sale. The present value of expected future cash flows of an asset is the amount that an asset's expected future cash flows arising from its continuous use and final disposal are discounted at an appropriate rate. Provision for asset impairment is determined and recognized on the individual asset basis. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the recoverable amount of a group of assets to which the asset belongs is determined. A group of assets is the smallest group of assets that is able to generate independent cash inflows.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

18、長期資產減值(續)

減值測試結果表明資產的可收回金額低 於其賬面價值的,按其差額計提減值準 備並計入減值損失。可收回金額為資產 的公允價值減去處置費用後的淨額與資 產預計未來現金流量的現值兩者之間的 較高者。資產的公允價值根據公平交易 中銷售協議價格確定;不存在銷售協議 但存在資產活躍市場的,公允價值按照 該資產的買方出價確定;不存在銷售協 議和資產活躍市場的,則以可獲取的最 佳信息為基礎估計資產的公允價值。 處置費用包括與資產處置有關的法律費 用、相關税費、搬運費以及為使資產 達到可銷售狀態所發生的直接費用。資 產預計未來現金流量的現值,按照資產 在持續使用過程中和最終處置時所產生 的預計未來現金流量,選擇恰當的折現 率對其進行折現後的金額加以確定。資 產減值準備按單項資產為基礎計算並確 認,如果難以對單項資產的可收回金額 進行估計的,以該資產所屬的資產組確 定資產組的可收回金額。資產組是能夠 獨立產生現金流入的最小資產組合。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

18 Long-term assets impairment (Continued)

Goodwill that is separately presented in the financial statements is tested at least annually for impairment, irrespective of whether there is any indication that it may be impaired. In conducting the test, the carrying value of goodwill is allocated to the related asset groups or groups of asset groups which are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination. If the result of the test indicates that the recoverable amount of an asset group or group of asset groups, including the goodwill allocated, is lower than its carrying amount, the corresponding impairment loss is recognized. The impairment loss is first deducted from the carrying amount of goodwill that is allocated to the asset group or group of asset groups, and then deducted from the carrying amounts of other assets within the asset groups or groups of asset groups in proportion to the carrying amounts of other assets.

An impairment loss recognized on the assets mentioned above shall not be reversed in the subsequent period.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

18、長期資產減值(續)

在財務報表中單獨列示的商譽,在進行 減值測試時,將商譽的賬面價值分攤至 預期從企業合併的協同效應中受益的資 產組或資產組組合。測試結果表明包含 分攤的商譽的資產組或資產組組合的可 收回金額低於其賬面價值的,確認相相 的減值損失。減值損失金額先抵減分攤 至該資產組或資產組組合的商譽的賬面 價值,再根據資產組或資產組組合中除 商譽以外的其他各項資產的賬面價值所 佔比重,按比例抵減其他各項資產的賬 面價值。

上述資產減值損失一經確認,以後期間不予轉回價值得以恢復的部分。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

19 Employee benefits

Employee benefits mainly include short-term employee benefits, post-employment benefits and resignation benefits.

Short-term benefits include salaries, bonuses, allowance and benefits, employee benefits, medical insurance, maternity insurance, work injury insurance, housing fund, labor union running costs and employee education cost and non-monetary benefits etc. Actual short-term benefits are recognized as liabilities during the accounting period when employees render services and are charged into profit or loss for the period or capitalized in costs of related assets. Non-monetary benefits are measured at fair value.

All post-employment benefits of the Group are defined contribution plan. The amounts to be contributed under defined contribution plan are recognized as liabilities during the accounting period of when employees render service and are charged into profit or loss for the period or capitalized in costs of related assets.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

19、職工薪酬

本集團職工薪酬主要包括短期職工薪 酬、離職後福利、辭退福利。其中:

短期薪酬主要包括工資、獎金、津貼和補貼、職工福利費、醫療保險費、生育保險費、住房公積金、工會經費和職工教育經費、非貨幣性福利等。本集團在職工為本集團提供服務的會計期間將實際發生的短期職工薪酬確認為負債,並計入當期損益或相關資產成本。其中非貨幣性福利按公允價值計量。

本集團離職後福利全部為設定提存計劃,在職工為其提供服務的會計期間, 將根據設定提存計劃計算的應繳存金額 確認為負債,並計入當期損益或相關資 產成本。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

20 Revenue

The revenue is recognized when the customer obtains control of the relevant commodity, and the contract between the Group and the customer meets the following conditions: All parties have approved the contract and have committed to perform their obligations; The contract identifies the rights and obligations of the parties relating to the goods transferred or the provision of services; The contract has a clear payment terms associated with the transferred goods; The contract has commercial substance, which means the contract will change risk, time distribution or amount of the future cash flows; The consideration that the Group is entitled to for the transfer of goods to customers is likely to be recovered.

From the effective date of the contract, the Group identifies each individual performance obligations and allocates the transaction price proportionally to each individual performance obligation based on the relative proportion of the individual selling price of the commodities promised by each individual performance obligation. When determining the transaction price, the impact of variable consideration, major financing components in the contract, non-cash consideration, and customer consideration are considered.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

20、收入

本集團與客戶之間的合同同時滿足下列 條件時,在客戶取得相關商品控制權時 確認收入:合同各方已批准該合同並承 諾將履行各自義務;合同明確了合同各 方與所轉讓商品或提供勞務相關的權利 和義務;合同有明確的與所轉讓商品相 關的支付條款;合同具有商業實質,即 履行該合同將改變本集團未來現金流量 的風險、時間分佈或金額;本集團因向 客戶轉讓商品而有權取得的對價很可能 收回。

在合同開始日,本集團識別合同中存在 的各單項履約義務,並將交易價格按照 各單項履約義務所承諾商品的單獨售價 的相對比例分攤至各單項履約義務。在 確定交易價格時考慮了可變對價、合同 中存在的重大融資成分、非現金對價、 應付客戶對價等因素的影響。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

20 Revenue (Continued)

For each individual performance obligation in the contract, the Group will recognize the transaction price allocated to the individual performance obligation as revenue in accordance with the performance progress period during the relevant performance period, if one of the following conditions is met: the customer obtains and consumes the economic benefits of the Group's performance as the Group perform it; the customer can control the products under construction in the course of the Group's performance; The goods produced during the performance of the Group have irreplaceable uses and the Group has the right to receive payments for the portion of the performance that has been completed to date. In addition, the performance of the contract is determined by the input method or the output method according to the nature of the transferred goods. When the performance of the contract cannot be reasonably determined, if the expenses incurred by the Group are expected to be compensated, the revenue will be recognized according to the amount of costs incurred until the performance of the contract can be achieved reasonably.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

20、收入(續)

對於合同中的每個單項履約義務,如果 滿足下列條件之一的,本集團在相關履 約時段內按照履約進度將分攤至該單項 履約義務的交易價格確認為收入:客戶 在本集團履約的同時即取得並消耗本集 **厚履約所帶來的經濟利益;客戶能夠控** 制本集團履約過程中在建的商品;本集 團履約過程中所產出的商品具有不可替 代用途,且本集團在整個合同期間內有 權就累計至今已完成的履約部分收取款 項。履約進度根據所轉讓商品的性質採 用投入法或產出法確定,當履約進度不 能合理確定時,本集團已經發生的成本 預計能夠得到補償的,按照已經發生的 成本金額確認收入,直到履約進度能夠 合理確定為止。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

20 Revenue (Continued)

If one of the above conditions is not met, the Group will distribute the transaction price confirmation revenue of the individual performance obligation when the customer obtains control of the relevant commodity. When determining whether the customer has obtained control of the commodity, the Group will consider the following situations: the Group has the current right to collect the goods, which means that the customer has a current payment obligation for the goods; the Company has transferred the legal title of the item to the customer, which means that the customer has already own the legal title of the item; the Group has transferred the goods in kind to the customer, that is, the customer has possessed the goods in kind; the Group has transferred the main risks and rewards of ownership of the goods to the customer, that is, the customer has obtained the main risks and rewards of ownership of the goods; the customer has accepted the goods. The other indications that the customer has obtained control of the goods.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

20、收入(續)

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

20 Revenue (Continued)

20.1 Revenue from sales of goods

The Group's merchandise sales are mainly divided into retail sales and wholesale sales. Revenues of retail sales are recognized, when goods are sold to customers, the customers receive the goods, and the Group collects payments of goods or has a right to collect payments of goods; in addition, revenue of wholesale sales are recognized, when the goods are sent to clients and the clients check, receive and confirm the goods, and the Group collects payments of goods or has a right to collect payments of goods.

As for the business that selling goods with award credits for customers, when selling the goods, the Group will apportion the purchase price or the receivables of the goods between the income from the sale of the goods and the individual sales price determined by the award credits, and The amount of the purchase price or the receivables minus the bonus points shall be recognized as revenue. The award credits shall be recognized as deferred income.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

20、收入(續)

(1) 商品銷售收入

本集團商品銷售主要分為零售商品銷售和批發商品銷售。零售商品銷售收入是在商品出售給消费者取得商品,本集團取得商品價款或取得收取商品價款或取得收取商品銷售收入的實現:批發商品銷售收入是在商品質款或取得收取商品價款或取得收取商品價款或取得收取商品價款或取得收取商品價款或取得收取商品價款的實現。

對於銷售商品的同時授予客戶獎勵積分的業務,在銷售商品時,本集團將銷售取得的貨款或應收貨款在本次商品銷售的收入與獎勵積分確定的單獨售價之間進行分攤,將取得的貨款或應收貨款扣除獎勵積分應分攤的價款部分確認為收入,獎勵積分應分攤的價款確認為遞延收益。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

20 Revenue (Continued)

20.1 Revenue from sales of goods (Continued)

When a customer redeems the award credits, the Group reclassifies the amount associated with the credits redeemed from deferred income to revenue. The amount of revenue recognized is based on the number of award credits that have been redeemed in exchange for awards, relative to the total number of award credits expected to be redeemed.

20.2 Revenue from rendering of services

When the amount of revenue from rendering of services can be reliably measured, the associated economic benefits probably flow into the Group, the stage of completion of the transaction can be measured reliably and the costs incurred and to be incurred for the transaction can be measured reliably, the revenue from rendering of services is recognized.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

20、收入(續)

(1) 商品銷售收入(續)

客戶兑換獎勵積分時,本集團將原計入遞延收益的與所兑換積分相關的部分確認為收入,確認為收入的金額以被兑換用於換取獎勵的積分數額佔預期將兑換用於換取獎勵的積分總數的比例為基礎計算確定。

(2) 提供勞務收入

在提供勞務收入的金額能夠可靠地計量,相關的經濟利益很可能流入企業,交易的完工程度能夠可靠地確定,交易中已發生和將發生的成本能夠可靠地計量時,確認提供勞務收入的實現。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

20 Revenue (Continued)

20.2 Revenue from rendering of services (Continued)

Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenues are recognized to the extent of the costs incurred that are expected to be compensated, and the service costs incurred are regarded as the current cost; if the service costs incurred are not compensated as anticipated, no revenue is recognized.

Revenue from service of the Group mainly includes the promotional activities. When the various services have been provided and related economic benefit probably flow into the enterprise, revenue from provision of service is recognized.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

20、收入(續)

(2) 提供勞務收入(續)

如果提供勞務交易的結果不能夠可 靠估計,則按已經發生並預計能 夠得到補償的勞務成本金額確認提 供的勞務收入,並將已發生的勞 務成本作為當期費用。已經發生 的勞務成本如預計不能得到補償 的,則不確認收入。

本集團的勞務收入主要包括促銷活動收入。各項勞務收入在勞務已經提供,且相關的經濟利益很可能流入企業時,確認勞務收入的實現。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

21 Government grants

Government grants are transfers of monetary assets and non-monetary assets from the government to the Group, which do not include any capital contribution from the government as an investor. Government grants include government grants related to assets and government grants related to income. The Group defines government grants that are acquired for the acquisition or otherwise formation of long-term assets as government grants related to assets, and the rest of them are defined as government grants related to income. If the government documents do not have a specific classification, the grants will be divided into government grants related to assets and government grants related to income by the following methods: (1) the government documents confirm the specific programme of the grants, according to the proportion, which based on the grants expend on assets and expenses separately in the specific programme's budget, it is used to divide the government grants. Meanwhile, the division ratio will be reviewed at each balance sheet date and changed it if necessary. (2) The government documents do not confirm the specific programme and only have a general explanation for the programme, which will be regard as government grants related to income. If a government grant is a transfer of a monetary asset, it is measured at amounts received or receivable, otherwise, a non-monetary asset will be measured at fair value. If the fair value is not accurate, the grant is measured at nominal amount and credited to the current profit or loss.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

21、政府補助

政府補助是指本集團從政府無償取得貨 幣性資產和非貨幣性資產,不包括政府 以投資者身份並享有相應所有者權益而 投入的資本。政府補助分為與資產相關 的政府補助和與收益相關的政府補助。 本集團將所取得的用於購建或以其他方 式形成長期資產的政府補助界定為與資 產相關的政府補助;其餘政府補助界定 為與收益相關的政府補助。若政府文件 未明確規定補助對象,則採用以下方式 將補助款劃分為與收益相關的政府補助 和與資產相關的政府補助:(1)政府文件 明確了補助所針對的特定項目的,根據 該特定項目的預算中將形成資產的支出 金額和計入費用的支出金額的相對比例 進行劃分,對該劃分比例需在每個資產 負債表日進行覆核,必要時進行變更; (2)政府文件中對用途僅作一般性表述, 沒有指明特定項目的,作為與收益相關 的政府補助。政府補助為貨幣性資產 的,按照收到或應收的金額計量。政府 補助為非貨幣性資產的,按照公允價值 計量;公允價值不能夠可靠取得的,按 照名義金額計量。按照名義金額計量的 政府補助,直接計入當期損益。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

21 Government grants (Continued)

The government grants of the Group are normally recognized and measured at the moment they are actually received. However, if they have conclusive evidence to prove that they can correspond the relevant provisions of the financial support policies and they will receive the financial support funds in the future, it is measured by the amount of money receivable. The government grants that measured by the amount of money receivable will meet the following conditions simultaneously: (1) the amount of receivables have been confirmed by the documents, which issued by the related authorities of the government, or the Group calculate reasonable receivables depending on the relevant provisions of officially released Measures for the Administration of Financial Funds, as well as, there is no significant uncertainty about the amount; (2) According to the regulations based on 'Government Information Disclosure Ordinance' issued by local finance department officially, the financial support project and Measures for the Administration of Financial Funds should be initiative publicly. The formulation of this management approach is general and benefit for all enterprise, instead of a specific enterprise, which means the company who meets the specified conditions can apply it; (3) the approval of the related grants has promised the disbursement period, and the payment is guaranteed by the corresponding budget. Thus, they have a reasonable guarantee about the grants and will receive them within the prescribed time.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

21、政府補助(續)

本集團對於政府補助通常在實際收到 時,按照實收金額予以確認和計量。但 對於期末有確鑿證據表明能夠符合財政 扶持政策規定的相關條件預計能夠收到 財政扶持資金,按照應收的金額計量。 按照應收金額計量的政府補助應同時符 合以下條件:(1)應收補助款的金額已經 過有權政府部門發文確認,或者可根據 正式發佈的財政資金管理辦法的有關規 定自行合理測算,且預計其金額不存在 重大不確定性;(2)所依據的是當地財政 部門正式發佈並按照《政府信息公開條 例》的規定予以主動公開的財政扶持項 目及其財政資金管理辦法,且該管理辦 法應當是普惠性的(任何符合規定條件 的企業均可申請),而不是專門針對特 定企業制定的;(3)相關的補助款批文中 已明確承諾了撥付期限,且該款項的撥 付是有相應財政預算作為保障的,因而 可以合理保證其可在規定期限內收到。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

21 Government grants (Continued)

A government grant related to assets is recognized as deferred income it is allocated to the profit or loss for the period over the useful life of related assets reasonably and systematically, or offset the book value of related assets. For a government grant related to income, if the grant is a compensation for related expenses and losses to be incurred in subsequent periods, the grant is recognized as deferred income and charged in the profit or loss over the period in which the related costs are recognized, or offset the related cost; if the grant is a compensation for related expenses and losses already incurred, the grant is recognized immediately in profit or loss for the current period, or offset the related cost.

At the same time, if the government grants contain both assets related and income related, the accounting treatment will depend on the different parts of government grants; if it is difficult to distinguish, the whole government grants are classified as the income-related government grants.

The government grants related to daily activities of the Group relying on the essence of economic business, the grant is recognized in other income or offset related expenses of cost, otherwise, recognized in non-operating income or non-operating expenses.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

21、政府補助(續)

與資產相關的政府補助,確認為遞延收益,並在相關資產的使用壽命內按照合理、系統的方法分期計入當期損益或沖減相關資產的賬面價值。與收益相關的政府補助,用於補償以後期間的相關成本費用或損失的,確認為遞延收益,並在確認相關成本費用或損失的期間計入當期損益或沖減相關成本;用於補償已經發生的相關成本費用或損失的,直接計入當期損益或沖減相關成本。

同時包含與資產相關部分和與收益相關 部分的政府補助,區分不同部分分別進 行會計處理:難以區分的,將其整體歸 類為與收益相關的政府補助。

與本集團日常活動相關的政府補助,按 照經濟業務的實質,計入其他收益或沖 減相關成本費用:與日常活動無關的政 府補助,計入營業外收支。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

21 Government grants (Continued)

When the government grants that confirmed by the Group required to be returned, if they have the balance of related deferred income, they can offset the book value of them, the other government grants are classified as current profits and losses or adjust the book value of the assets. If not, the government grants are included in the current profits and losses directly.

22 Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

22.1 Current income taxes

At the balance sheet date, current income tax liabilities (or assets) for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be paid (or recovered) according to the requirements of tax laws. The taxable income used for calculation of current income tax is calculated based on the current period adjusted taxable profit in compliance with the regulation of taxation law.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

21、政府補助(續)

已確認的政府補助需要退回時,存在相關遞延收益餘額的,沖減相關遞延收益 賬面餘額,超出部分計入當期損益或調整資產賬面價值;屬於其他情況的,直 接計入當期損益。

22、遞延所得稅資產/遞延所得稅負債

(1) 當期所得税

資產負債表日,對於當期和以前期間形成的當期所得税負債(或資產),以按照税法規定計算的預期應交納(或返還)的所得稅金額計量。計算當期所得稅費用所依據的應納稅所得額系根據有關稅法規定對本期間稅前會計利潤作相應調整後計算得出。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

22 Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

(Continued)

22.2 Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

For temporary differences between the carrying amounts of certain assets or liabilities and their tax base, or between the carrying amount of those items that are not recognized as assets or liabilities and their tax base that can be determined according to tax laws, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized using the balance sheet liability method.

For taxable temporary difference which is related to the initial recognition of goodwill and the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profits or taxable income (or deductible losses), a deferred tax liability is not recognized. In addition, for deductible temporary difference arising from investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, the Group shall recognize a deferred tax liability for all taxable temporary difference except to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

22、遞延所得税資產/遞延所得税負債

(續)

(2) 遞延所得稅資產及遞延所得稅負債

某些資產、負債項目的賬面價值 與其計税基礎之間的差額,以及 未作為資產和負債確認但按照税法 規定可以確定其計税基礎的項目的 賬面價值與計税基礎之間的差額產 生的暫時性差異,採用資產負債 表債務法確認遞延所得税資產及遞 延所得税負債。

與商譽的初始確認有關,以及與 既不是企業合併、發生時也不影 響會計利潤和應納税所得額(或可 抵扣虧損)的交易中產生的資產或 負債的初始確認有關的應納税暫時 性差異,不予確認有關的遞延所 得税負債。此外,對與子公司、 聯營企業及合營企業投資相關的應 納税暫時性差異,如果本集團能 夠控制暫時性差異轉回的時間, 而且該暫時性差異在可預見的未來 很可能不會轉回,也不予確認有 關的遞延所得稅負債。除上述例 外情況,本集團確認其他所有應 納税暫時性差異產生的遞延所得税 負債。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

22 Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

(Continued)

22.2 Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

(Continued)

For deductible temporary difference which is related to the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit or taxable income (or deductible losses), a deferred tax asset is not recognized. In addition, for deductible temporary difference arising from investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, the Group shall recognize a deferred tax asset for other deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be deducted except to the extent that it is not probable that the temporary difference will reverse in the foreseeable future or taxable profit will not be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

22、遞延所得税資產/遞延所得税負債 (續)

(2) 遞延所得稅資產及遞延所得稅負債 (續)

與既不是企業合併、發生時也不 影響會計利潤和應納稅所得額(或 可抵扣虧損)的交易中產生的資產 或負債的初始確認有關的可抵扣 暫時性差異,不予確認有關的遞 延所得税資產。此外,對與子公 司、聯營企業及合營企業投資相 關的可抵扣暫時性差異,如果暫 時性差異在可預見的未來不是很 可能轉回,或者未來不是很可能 獲得用來抵扣可抵扣暫時性差異的 應納稅所得額,不予確認有關的 遞延所得税資產。除上述例外情 況,本集團以很可能取得用來抵 扣可抵扣暫時性差異的應納稅所得 額為限,確認其他可抵扣暫時性 差異產生的遞延所得税資產。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

22 Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

(Continued)

22.2 Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

(Continued)

For deductible losses and tax credits that can be carried forward, deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible losses and tax credits can be deducted.

At the balance sheet date, deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates, according to tax laws, that are expected to apply in the period in which the asset is realized or the liability is settled.

At the balance sheet date, the carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed and reduced if it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable income will be available in the future to allow the benefit of deferred tax assets to be deducted. Such reduction in amount is reversed when it is probable that sufficient taxable income is available.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

22、遞延所得稅資產/遞延所得稅負債

(續)

(2) 遞延所得稅資產及遞延所得稅負債

對於能夠結轉以後年度的可抵扣虧 損和税款抵減,以很可能獲得用 來抵扣可抵扣虧損和税款抵減的未 來應納税所得額為限,確認相應 的遞延所得稅資產。

資產負債表日,對於遞延所得稅 資產和遞延所得稅負債,根據稅 法規定,按照預期收回相關資產 或清償相關負債期間的適用稅率計 量。

於資產負債表日,對遞延所得稅 資產的賬面價值進行覆核,如果 未來很可能無法獲得足夠的應納稅 所得額用以抵扣遞延所得稅資產的 利益,則減記遞延所得稅資產的 賬面價值。在很可能獲得足夠的 應納稅所得額時,減記的金額予 以轉回。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

22 Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

(Continued)

22.3 Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax.

Income tax is recognized as an income or an expense and included in the income statement for the current period, except to the extent that the current income tax related to a transaction or events which is recognized under other comprehensive income or directly recorded in equity, deferred tax recorded under other comprehensive income or equity, and deferred tax arises from a business combination that have impact on the carrying value of goodwill.

22.4 Offsetting of income taxes

When the Group has a legal right to settle on a net basis and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset and presented on a net basis.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

22、遞延所得税資產/遞延所得税負債 (續)

(3) 所得税費用

所得税費用包括當期所得税和遞延 所得税。

除確認為其他綜合收益或直接計入 股東權益的交易和事項相關的當期 所得税和遞延所得税計入其他綜合 收益或股東權益,以及企業合併 產生的遞延所得税調整商譽的賬面 價值外,其餘當期所得税和遞延 所得税費用或收益計入當期損益。

(4) 所得税的抵銷

當擁有以淨額結算的法定權利, 且意圖以淨額結算或取得資產、 清償負債同時進行時,本集團當 期所得稅資產及當期所得稅負債以 抵銷後的淨額列報。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

22 Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

(Continued)

22.4 Offsetting of income taxes (Continued)

When the Group has a legal right to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis, and deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis or to realize the assets and liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities are expected to be reversed, deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset and presented on a net basis.

23 Lease

Leases are defined as a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

23.1 The Group as a lessee

At the commencement date, a lessee shall recognise a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that simplify processing and low-value asset leases.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

22、遞延所得稅資產/遞延所得稅負債

(續)

(4) 所得税的抵銷(續)

當擁有以淨額結算當期所得稅資產及當期所得稅負債的法定權利,且遞延所得稅資產及遞延所得稅負債是與同一稅收征管部門對同一納稅主體徵收的所得稅相關或者是對不同的納稅主體相關,但在未資資人,涉及負債轉回的期間內,涉及的稅主體圖以淨額結算當期所得稅、資產和負債或是同時取得資產稅、清償負債時,本集團遞延所得稅的淨額列報。

23、租賃

租賃是指本集團讓渡或取得了在一定期間內控制一項或多項已識別資產使用的權利以換取或支付對價的合同。

(1) 本集團作為承租人記錄租賃業務

在租賃期開始日,本集團對租賃 確認使用權資產和租賃負債,簡 化處理的短期租賃和低價值資產租 賃除外。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

23 Lease (Continued)

23.1 The Group as a lessee (Continued)

The right-of-use asset measured Initially at cost, the cost of the right-of-use asset shall comprise: ① the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability; 2 any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received; 3 any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; @ an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease. The straightline method is used by the Group to withdraw depreciation of the right-of-use assets based on the lease term specified in the lease contract from the lease start date; and the Group determines whether the right-of-use asset is impaired in accordance with the "Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No. 8 - Impairment of Assets" and accounts for the recognized impairment losses (refer to Note IV. 18 "Long-term asset impairment").

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

23、租賃(續)

(1) 本集團作為承租人記錄租賃業務

使用權資產按成本進行初始計 量,該成本包括:①和賃負債的 初始計量金額;②在租賃期開始日 或之前支付的租賃付款額,存在 租賃激勵的,扣除已享受的租賃 激勵相關金額;③初始直接費用; ④ 為拆卸及移除租賃資產、復原 租賃資產所在場地或將租賃資產恢 復至租賃條款約定狀態預計將發生 的成本。本集團按照租賃合同約 定的租賃年限對使用權資產自租賃 開始日採用直線法計提折舊;按照 《企業會計準則第8號-資產減值》 的規定確定使用權資產是否發生減 值,並對已識別的減值損失進行 會計處理(詳見附註四、18「長期 資產減值」)。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

23 Lease (Continued)

23.1 The Group as a lessee (Continued)

A lessee shall measure the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. Lease payments is the payments made by a lessee to a lessor relating to the right to use an underlying asset during the lease term, comprising the following: 1 fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives; 2 variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date; 3 the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and @ payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease. ⑤ amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees. The Group calculates the interest expense of the lease liability for each period of the lease term according to a fixed periodic interest rate, and it is included in the current profit or loss or capitalized into the value of the relevant assets.

The variable lease payments that are not included in the measurement of the lease liabilities are recognised in profit or loss or related asset costs in the period in which they are incurred.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

23、租賃(續)

(1) 本集團作為承租人記錄租賃業務

租賃負債按照租賃期開始日尚未支 付的租賃付款額的現值進行初始 計量。租賃付款額,是指本集團 向出租人支付的與在租賃期內使用 租賃資產的權利相關的款項,包 括:①固定付款額及實質固定付款 額,存在租賃激勵的,扣除租賃 激勵相關金額;②取決於指數或 比率的可變租賃付款額,該款項 在初始計量時根據租賃期開始日 的指數或比率確定;③購買選擇權 的行權價格,前提是本集團合理 確定將行使該選擇權;④行使終止 租賃選擇權需支付的款項,前提 是租賃期反映出本集團將行使終止 租賃選擇權;⑤根據本集團提供的 擔保餘值預計應支付的款項。本 集團按照固定的週期性利率計算租 賃負債在租賃期內各期間的利息費 用,並計入當期損益或資本化計 入相關資產價值。

本集團將未納入租賃負債計量的可 變租賃付款額在實際發生時計入當 期損益或相關資產成本。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

23 Lease (Continued)

23.1 The Group as a lessee (Continued)

For short-term leases and low-value assets leases, the Group has chosen to simplify the processing and to include the relevant asset costs or current profits and losses in a straight-line method or other systematically reasonable method during each period of the lease term.

When the lease scope, lease consideration, and lease term change other than the original contract terms occur, the Group will treat the lease change as a separate lease or as a separate lease for accounting treatment. When it is not a separate lease, the company re-measures the lease liability based on the present value of the lease payment and the revised discount rate on the effective date of the lease change, and adjusts the book value of the right-of-use asset accordingly. The book value of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero. However, if the lease liability still needs to be further reduced, the Company will include the remaining amount in the current profit and loss.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

23、租賃(續)

(1) 本集團作為承租人記錄租賃業務 (續)

對於短期租賃和低價值資產租賃,本集團選擇予以簡化處理, 在租賃期內各個期間按照直線法或 其他系統合理的方法計入相關資產 成本或當期損益。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

23 Lease (Continued)

23.1 The Group as a lessee (Continued)

All lease contracts of the Group, as long as they meet the scope and conditions of the "Regulations on Accounting Treatment of Rental Concessions Related to the New Coronary Pneumonia Epidemic" (Cai Kuai [2020] No. 10), that is the lease consideration after concession is reduced or basically unchanged from before the concession; the concession is only for the lease payments payable before 30 June 2022; after considering qualitative and quantitative factors, it is determined that there are no major changes in other terms and conditions of the lease, the following simplified methods will be adopted for rent reductions, deferred payment, and other rent reductions since 1 January 2020:

23、租賃(續)

(1) 本集團作為承租人記錄租賃業務

本集團的全部承租合同,只要符合《新冠肺炎疫情相關租金減讓會計處理規定》(財會[2020]10號)適用範圍和條件的(即,減讓後的租賃對價較減讓前減少或基本不變;減讓僅針對2021年6月30日前的應付租賃付款額;綜合考慮定性和定量因素後認定租賃的其他條款和條件無重大變化),其租金減免、延期支付等租金減讓,自2020年1月1日起均採用如下簡化方法處理:

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

23 Lease (Continued)

23.1 The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Continue to calculate the interest expense of the lease liability at the same discount rate as before the reduction and include it in the current profit and loss, continue to use the same method as before the reduction to withdraw depreciation and other subsequent measurement of the right-of-use asset. The Group treats the reduced or exempted rent as a variable lease payment. When the original rent payment obligation is reached, such as a reduction agreement, the cash amount is discounted at the discount rate before reduction to offset the relevant asset costs or expenses, and the lease liability is adjusted accordingly; If the payment of rent is delayed, the lease liability recognized in the previous period shall be offset when the actual payment is made.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

23、租賃(續)

(1) 本集團作為承租人記錄租賃業務 (續)

繼續按照與減讓前一致的折現率計 算和賃負債的利息費用並計入當 期損益,繼續按照與減讓前一致 的方法對使用權資產進行計提折 舊等後續計量。本集團將減免的 租金作為可變租賃付款額,在達 成減讓協議等解除原租金支付義務 時,按未折現金額沖減相關資產 成本或費用,同時相應調整租賃 負債;延期支付租金的,在實際支 付時沖減前期確認的租賃負債。 對於採用簡化處理的短期租賃和低 價值資產租賃,本集團繼續按照 與減讓前一致的方法將原合同租金 計入相關資產成本或費用,將減 免的租金作為可變租賃付款額, 在減免期間沖減相關資產成本或費 用;延期支付租金的,在原支付 期間將應支付的租金確認為應付款 項,在實際支付時沖減前期確認 的應付款項。

ディノカノ 十以 七× ドーノ 日上 FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

23 Lease (Continued)

23.2 The Group as a lessor

23.2.1 The classification of leases

A lessor shall classify each of its leases as either a finance lease or an operating lease, based on the substance of the transaction at the commencement date. A finance lease refers to that a lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. An operating lease is the other lease that except a finance lease.

23.2.2 Operating leases

A lessor shall recognise lease payments from operating leases as rental income for each period of the lease term on either a straight-line basis or another systematic basis. The initial direct costs related to operating leases are capitalized as incurred, and it is included in the current profit and loss in the same period as the confirmed rental income, during the entire lease period. The variable lease payments that are not included in the lease payments related to the operating leases are recognised in profit or loss when incurred.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

23、租賃(續)

(2) 本集團作為出租人記錄租賃業務

① 租賃分類

本集團在租賃開始日,基於 交易的實質,將租賃分為融 資租賃和經營租賃。融資租 賃,是指實質上轉移了與租 賃資產所有權有關的幾乎至 部風險和報酬的租賃。經營 租賃,是指除融資租賃以外 的其他租賃。

② 經營租賃

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

23 Lease (Continued)

23.2 The Group as a lessor (Continued)

23.2.3 Finance leases

At the commencement date, the Group confirms the financing lease receivable and terminates the recognition of the finance lease assets.

The finance lease receivables are initially measured at the sum of the un-guaranteed residual value and the lease receivables that have not been received on the lease beginning date, based on the sum of the present value of the leased interest rate, which comprises the following: A. fixed payments and in-substance fixed payments, less any lease incentives payable; B. variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date; C. the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; D. payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease; E. any residual value guarantees provided to the lessor by the lessee, a party related to the lessee or a third party unrelated to the lessor that is financially capable of discharging the obligations under the guarantee.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

23、租賃(續)

(2) 本集團作為出租人記錄租賃業務

③ 融資租賃

於租賃期開始日,本集團確認應 收融資租賃款,並終止確認融資 租賃資產。

應收融資租賃款以未擔保餘值和租 賃期開始日尚未收到的租賃收款 額按照租賃內含利率折現的現值之 和進行初始計量。租賃收款額包 括:A.承租人需支付的固定付款額 及實質固定付款額,存在租賃激 勵的,扣除租賃激勵相關金額; B.取決於指數或比率的可變租賃付 款額,該款項在初始計量時根據 租賃期開始日的指數或比率確定; C.購買選擇權的行權價格,前提 是合理確定承租人將行使該選擇 權;D.承租人行使終止租賃選擇權 需支付的款項,前提是租賃期反 映出承租人將行使終止租賃選擇 權; E.由承租人、與承租人有關的 一方以及有經濟能力履行擔保義務 的獨立第三方向出租人提供的擔保 餘值。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

23 Lease (Continued)

23.2 The Group as a lessor (Continued)

23.2.3 Finance leases (Continued)

The variable lease payments received by the Group that are not included in the measurement of the net amount of the leased investment are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

24 Changes in significant accounting policies and accounting estimates

(1) Changes in accounting policies

 The impact of implementing Interpretation No.
 of the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises on the Company

On 31 December 2021, the Ministry of Finance issued Interpretation No. 15 of the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises (Cai Kuai [2021] No. 35, hereinafter referred to as "Interpretation No. 15"), which states that "accounting treatment for the sale of products or by-products produced by enterprises before their fixed assets reach their intended usable state or during the research and development process (hereinafter referred to as" trial operation sales")" and "judgment on loss contracts" shall be implemented from 1 January 2022.

The Company has been implementing Interpretation No. 15 since 1 January 2022, which has no significant impact on the financial statements during the reporting period.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

23、租賃(續)

(2) 本集團作為出租人記錄租賃業務 (續)

③ 融資租賃(續)

本集團取得的未納入租賃投資淨額 計量的可變租賃付款額在實際發生 時計入當期損益。

24、重要會計政策、會計估計的變更

(1) 會計政策變更

1) 執行企業會計準則解釋第15 號對本公司的影響

2021年12月31日,財政部發佈了《企業會計準則解釋第15號》(財會[2021]35號,以下簡稱「解釋15號」),解釋15號「關於企業將固定資產達到預定可使用狀態前或者研發過程中產出的產品或副產品對外銷售的會計處理(以下簡稱『試運行銷售』)」和「關於虧損合同的判斷」內容自2022年1月1日起施行。

本公司自2022年1月1日起執 行解釋第15號,執行解釋第 15號對本報告期內財務報表 無重大影響。

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IV. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

24 Changes in significant accounting policies and accounting estimates (Continued)

(1) Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

 The impact of implementing Interpretation No.
 of the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises on the Company

On 13 December 2022, the Ministry of Finance issued "Interpretation No. 16 of the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises" (Finance and Accounting [2022] No. 31, hereinafter referred to as "Interpretation No. 16"), which includes three accounting treatments: "Accounting treatment for deferred income tax related to assets and liabilities arising from individual transactions not applicable to initial recognition exemption", which will be implemented from 1 January 2023, allowing enterprises to execute ahead of schedule from the year of issuance. The Company did not implement accounting treatment related to this matter in advance this year; The accounting treatment for the income tax impact of dividends related to financial instruments classified as equity instruments by the issuer and the accounting treatment for modifying cash settled share-based payments to equity settled share-based payments by enterprises shall be implemented from the date of publication.

The Company has implemented Interpretation No. 16 since the implementation date, which has no significant impact on the financial statements during the reporting period.

(2) Changes in accounting estimates

None.

四、重要會計政策和會計估計(續)

24、重要會計政策、會計估計的變更(續)

(1) 會計政策變更(續)

2) 執行企業會計準則解釋第16 號對本公司的影響

> 2022年12月13日,財政部發 佈了《企業會計準則解釋第16 號》(財會[2022]31號,以下 簡稱「解釋16號」),解釋16號 三個事項的會計處理中: 「關 於單項交易產生的資產和負 債相關的遞延所得税不適用 初始確認豁免的會計處理 | 自 2023年1月1日起施行,允許 企業自發佈年度提前執行, 本公司本年度未提前施行該 事項相關的會計處理; 「關於 發行方分類為權益工具的金 融工具相關股利的所得稅影 響的會計處理」及「關於企業 將以現金結算的股份支付修 改為以權益結算的股份支付 的會計處理」內容自公佈之日 起施行。

> 本公司自施行日起執行解釋 第16號,執行解釋第16號對 本報告期內財務報表無重大 影響。

(2) 會計估計變更

無。

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

V. TAXATION

五、税項

1. Major taxes and tax rates

1. 主要税種及税率

Tax types 税種	Tax basis 計税依據	Tax rate 税率
Value-added tax 增值税	Note 1 註1	13%/9%/6%/5%/3%
Consumption tax 消費税	Taxable sales subject to consumption tax 消費税應税收入	5%
City construction and maintenance tax	Value-added tax, business tax and consumption tax	5%/7%
城市維護建設税 Education surcharge 教育費附加	應交流轉税 Value-added tax, business tax and consumption tax 應交流轉税	3%
Local education surcharge 地方教育費附加	Value-added tax, business tax and consumption tax 應交流轉税	2%
Corporate income tax 企業所得税	Taxable income 應納税所得額	See table below 詳見下表

Taxable entities 納税主體名稱	Tax basis 計税依據	Tax rate of income tax 所得税税率
Chaopi International Trading (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. 朝批國際貿易(香港)有限公司	Note 2 計2	16.5%
Others 其他各公司	HT-	25%

- Note 1: The value-added tax payable is the residual value of the output value-added tax after deduction of input value-added tax. The output value-added tax is computed on a basis of sales resolved by relevant tax laws.
- Note 2: The Company's subsidiary Chaopi International Trading (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. were registered and established in Hong Kong and in accordance with Hong Kong taxation law its corporate income tax rate was 16.5%.
- 註1:應納增值税為銷項税額減可抵扣進項税 後的餘額,銷項稅額根據相關稅法規定 計算的銷售額計算。
- 註2:本公司之子公司朝批國際貿易(香港)有限公司為香港註冊成立的公司,按照香港稅收法律規定,企業所得稅稅率為16.5%。

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VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

All AMOUNTS IN BMB UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.

The following note items (including the main item notes of the company's financial statements) unless otherwise specified, "beginning of the year" refers to 1 January 2022, "ending of the year" refers to 31 December 2022, and "end of the previous year" refers to 31 December 2021; "This year" refers to 2022, and "previous year" refers to 2021.

六、合併財務報表項目註釋

1、 貨幣資金

除單獨註明外,表格內金額單位均為人民幣 元。

以下註釋項目(含公司財務報表主要項目註釋)除非特別指出,「年初」指2022年1月1日,「年末」指2022年12月31日,「上年年末」指2021年12月31日;「本年」指2022年度,「上年」指2021年度。

1. Cash and bank balances

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Cash on hand Cash in bank Other cash and cash equivalents	庫存現金 銀行存款 其他貨幣資金(註1)	7,261,238 728,057,423	7,604,708 1,010,857,384
(Note 1)		155,300,026	107,351,945
Total	合計	890,618,687	1,125,814,037
Including: Overseas deposits (Note 2)	其中:存放在境外的款項 總額(註2)	6,419,104	55,852,703

Note 1: As at 31 December 2022, the Group's financing margin deposit is RMB155,300,026 (31 December 2021: RMB107,351,945), the margin deposits with use restrictions was RMB155,300,026 (31 December 2021: RMB72,321,243) · and details were referred to Note (VI) 21. Notes payable, the loan margin deposit was none (31 December 2021: RMB35,030,702).

Note 2: Bank deposits placed overseas are the money deposited by the subsidiary Chaopi International Trading (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. in HSBC Hong Kong Bank.

註1:於2022年12月31日,本集團的所有權受到限制的保證金存款為人民幣155,300,026元(2021年12月31日:人民幣107,351,945元),其中票據保證金存款為人民幣155,300,026元(2021年12月31日:人民幣72,321,243元),參見附註六、21應付票據。貸款保證金存款無(2021年12月31日:人民幣35,030,702元)。

註2:存放在境外的銀行存款為子公司朝批國際貿易(香港)有限公司存放於香港滙豐銀行的款項。

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VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. Notes receivable

2、 應收票據

Classification of notes receivable

應收票據的分類

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Bank acceptance Trade acceptance	銀行承兑匯票 商業承兑匯票	1,004,300	1,535,600 -
Total	合計	1,004,300	1,535,600

3. Accounts receivable

3、 應收賬款

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Accounts receivable	應收賬款	1,014,114,292	936,229,470
Total	合計	1,014,114,292	936,229,470

(1) 31 December 2022

(1) 2022年12月31日

Presentation of accounts receivable by category

應收賬款分類披露

		2022.12.31					
			二零二二年十二月三十一日				
		Carrying amount 賬面餘額		Credit loss allowance 信用損失準備			
Category	類別	Amount 金額	Proportion (%) 比例(%)	Amount 金額	Rate (%) 計提比例(%)	Net book value 賬面價值	
Accounts receivable with single provision for credit loss	單項計提信用損失 準備的應收賬款	7,824,333	1	7,824,333	100	_	
Accounts receivable with credit loss provision based on portfolio	按組合計提信用損 失準備的應收 賬款	1,054,276,716	99	40,162,424	4	1,014,114,292	
Total	合計	1,062,101,049	100	47,986,757	5	1,014,114,292	

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VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. Accounts receivable (Continued)

3、 應收賬款(續)

(1) 31 December 2022 (Continued)

(1) 2022年12月31日(續)

The aging of accounts receivable is as follows

應收賬款賬齡如下

Aging			2022.12.31 二零二二年十二月三十一日				
	賬齡	Carrying amount 金額	Proportion% 比例(%)	Credit loss allowance 信用損失準備	Net book value 賬面價值		
Within 1 year	1年以內	978,760,271	92	_	978,760,271		
1-2 years	1至2年	22,130,361	2	663,911	21,466,450		
2-3 years	2至3年	5,837,215	1	942,986	4,894,229		
3-4 years	3至4年	6,813,087	1	1,906,493	4,906,594		
4-5 years	4至5年	12,168,722	1	8,081,974	4,086,748		
Over 5 years	5年以上	36,391,393	3	36,391,393	<u> </u>		
Total	合計	1,062,101,049	100	47,986,757	1,014,114,292		

Credit loss provision

信用損失準備的情況

			Change in this year 本年變動金額				
Category	類別	Opening balance 年初餘額	Accrual 計提	Recovery or reversal 收回或轉回	Resale or write-off 轉銷或核銷	Ending balance 年末餘額	
Payment	貨款	41,131,586	9,898,447	3,043,276	_	47,986,757	
Total	合計	41,131,586	9,898,447	3,043,276	-	47,986,757	

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VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. Accounts receivable (Continued)

3、 應收賬款(續)

(1) 31 December 2022 (Continued)

(1) 2022年12月31日(續)

Credit loss provision (Continued)

信用損失準備的情況(續)

In the portfolio, accounts receivable with provision for credit losses based on the aging analysis method

組合中,按賬齡分析法計提信用 損失準備的應收賬款

			2022.12.31				
		二零	二二年十二月三十一日				
Aging	賬齡	Carrying amount 應收賬款	Credit loss allowance 信用損失準備	Proportion% 計提比例(%)			
Within 1 year	1年以內	978,760,271	_	0			
1-2 years	1至2年	22,130,361	663,911	3			
2-3 years	2至3年	5,438,032	543,803	10			
3-4 years	3至4年	6,542,125	1,635,531	25			
4-5 years	4至5年	8,173,496	4,086,748	50			
Over 5 years	5年以上	33,232,431	33,232,431	100			
Total	合計	1,054,276,716	40,162,424				

Accounts receivable with single provision for credit loss

單項計提信用損失準備的應收賬款

		2022.12.31				
		二零二二年十二月三十一日				
Company	單位名稱	Accounts receivable 應收賬款	Credit loss allowance 信用損失準備	Proportion% 計提比例(%)	Reason for provision 計提理由	
Yizhiyao (Tianjin) Technology Development Co., Ltd.	一指遙(天津)科技發展有 限公司	590,468	590,468	100	Cannot be recovered 己確認無法收回	
Datong Yiyang Commercial Co., Ltd.	大同億洋商業有限公司	263,910	263,910	100	Cannot be recovered 己確認無法收回	
Beijing all three six five convenience store chain Co. Ltd.	北京全時三陸伍連鎖便利 店有限公司	1,927,910	1,927,910	100	Cannot be recovered 己確認無法收回	
Linlijia (Beijing) Trading Co., Ltd	鄰里家(北京)商貿有限 公司	1,658,197	1,658,197	100	Cannot be recovered 己確認無法收回	
Beijing Yuquan Venture Technology Co., Ltd	北京玉泉創業科技有限 公司	369,172	369,172	100	Cannot be recovered 己確認無法收回	
Beijing Cargo Club Co., Ltd.	北京咖銁酒吧有限公司	3,014,676	3,014,676	100	Cannot be recovered 己確認無法收回	
Total	合計	7,824,333	7,824,333			

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. Accounts receivable (Continued)

3、 應收賬款(續)

(2) 31 December 2021

(2) 2021年12月31日

Presentation of accounts receivable by category

應收賬款分類披露

2021.12.31

二零二一年十二月三十一日

		Carrying amount 賬面餘額		Credit loss allowance 信用損失準備			
Category	類別	Amount 金額	Proportion (%) 比例(%)	Amount 金額	Rate (%) 計提比例(%)	Net book value 賬面價值	
Accounts receivable with single provision for credit loss Accounts receivable with credit loss provision	單項計提信用損 失準備的應收 賬款 按組合計提信用 損失準備的應	837,001	-	837,001	100	-	
based on portfolio	收賬款	976,524,055	100	40,294,585	4	936,229,470	
Total	合計	977,361,056	100	41,131,586	4	936,229,470	

The aging of accounts receivable is as follows

應收賬款賬齡如下

2021.12.31

二零二一年十二月三十一日

Aging	賬齡	Carrying amount 金額	Proportion% 比例(%)	Credit loss allowance 信用損失準備	Net book value 賬面價值
Within 1 year	1年以內	893,486,191	92	_	893,486,191
1-2 years	1至2年	17,114,839	2	831,981	16,282,858
2-3 years	2至3年	13,959,645	1	1,568,202	12,391,443
3-4 years	3至4年	13,596,552	1	3,597,002	9,999,550
4-5 years	4至5年	8,138,856	1	4,069,428	4,069,428
Over 5 years	5年以上	31,064,973	3	31,064,973	_
Total	合計	977,361,056	100	41,131,586	936,229,470

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. Accounts receivable (Continued)

3、 應收賬款(續)

(2) 31 December 2021 (Continued)

(2) 2021年12月31日(續)

Credit loss provision

信用損失準備的情况

Change in this year

本年變動金額

Category	類別	Opening balance 年初餘額	Accrual 計提	Recovery or reversal 收回或轉回	Resale or write-off 轉銷或核銷	Ending balance 年末餘額
Payment	貨款	33,330,586	13,762,257	4,305,551	1,655,706	41,131,586
Total	合計	33,330,586	13,762,257	4,305,551	1,655,706	41,131,586

In the portfolio, accounts receivable with provision for credit losses based on the aging analysis method 組合中,按賬齡分析法計提信用 損失準備的應收賬款

2021.12.31

二零二一年十二月三十一日

Aging	賬齡	Carrying amount 應收賬款	Credit loss allowance 信用損失準備	Proportion% 計提比例(%)
Within 1 year	1年以內	893,486,191	_	0
1-2 years	1至2年	16,733,032	450,174	3
2-3 years	2至3年	13,768,270	1,376,827	10
3-4 years	3至4年	13,332,733	3,333,183	25
4-5 years	4至5年	8,138,856	4,069,428	50
Over 5 years	5年以上	31,064,973	31,064,973	100
Total	合計	976,524,055	40,294,585	

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. Accounts receivable (Continued)

3、 應收賬款(續)

(2) 31 December 2021 (Continued)

(2) 2021年12月31日(續)

Accounts receivable with single provision for credit loss

單項計提信用損失準備的應收賬款

			2022.1 二零二二年十二		
Company	單位名稱	Accounts receivable 應收賬款	Credit loss allowance 信用損失準備	Proportion% 計提比例(%)	Reason for provision 計提理由
Yizhiyao (Tianjin) Technology Development Co., Ltd.	一指遙(天津)科 技發展有限 公司	573,091	573,091	100	Cannot be recovered 己確認無法收回
Datong Yiyang Commercial Co., Ltd.	大同億洋商業有 限公司	263,910	263,910	100	Cannot be recovered 己確認無法收回
Total	合計	837,001	837,001		

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. Accounts receivable (Continued)

3、 應收賬款(續)

(3) The top five accounts receivable of the year-end balance aggregated by the owing party

(3) 按欠款方歸集的年末餘額前五名的 應收賬款情況

31 December 2022

2022年12月31日

Company 單位名稱	Relationship with the Group 與本集團關係	Amount 金額	Percentage of total accounts receivable (%) 佔應收賬款總額 的比例(%)	Year-end amount of credit loss provision 信用損失準備年 末金額
Beijing Wu-mart Store Co., Ltd.	Independent third party	246,013,773	23	2,796,765
("Wu-mart") 物美南方發展有限責任公司(以下 簡稱「物美」)	 獨立第三方 			
Beijing Jingdong Century Trade Co., Ltd. ("Jingdong")	Independent third party	111,634,742	11	505,662
北京京東世紀貿易有限公司(以下 簡稱「京東」)	獨立第三方			
Beijing Yonghui Superstores Co. Ltd. ("Yonghui")	Independent third party	60,616,028	6	123,096
永輝商業有限公司(以下簡稱 「永輝」)	獨立第三方			
Beijing Longjiang Greenland Agricultural Products Co., Ltd	Independent third party	49,378,320	5	-
北京龍江綠地農產品有限公司 Beijing Chaoyang District Affordable Housing	獨立第三方 Independent third party	36,067,582	3	-
Development Co., Ltd 北京市朝陽區保障性住房發展有 限公司	獨立第三方			
Total	合計	503,710,445	48	3,425,523

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

3、 應收賬款(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. Accounts receivable (Continued)

(3) The top five accounts receivable of the year-end (3)

balance aggregated by the owing party (Continued)

31 December 2021

(3) 按欠款方歸集的年末餘額前五名的 應收賬款情況(續)

Porcentage of Voor and amount

2021年12月31日

Company 單位名稱	Relationship with the Group 與本集團關係	Amount 金額	Percentage of total accounts receivable (%) 佔應收賬款總額 的比例(%)	of credit loss provision 信用損失準備年 未金額
Beijing Wu-mart Store Co., Ltd. ("Wu-mart")	Independent third party	266,925,066	28	5,660,450
物美南方發展有限責任公司(以下 簡稱「物美」)	獨立第三方			
Beijing Jingdong Century Trade Co., Ltd. ("Jingdong")	Independent third party	137,572,019	15	358,872
北京京東世紀貿易有限公司(以下 簡稱「京東」)	獨立第三方			
Beijing Yonghui Superstores Co. Ltd. ("Yonghui")	Independent third party	53,908,865	6	27,274
永輝商業有限公司(以下簡稱「永 輝」)	獨立第三方			
Vipshop 唯品會	Independent third party 獨立第三方	43,551,773	5	-
Carrefour 家樂福	Independent third party 獨立第三方	33,006,263	4	347,462
Total	合計	534,963,986	58	6,394,058

The Group normally allows a credit period of no more than 90 days to its customers with a longer credit period of 180 days granted to its major customers.

應收賬款信用期通常為90天,主要客戶可以延長至180天。

On 31 December 2022, the total accounts receivable due from MeetAll amounted to RMB7,609,413 were limited by being factored to secure certain bank loans of the Group.

於2022年12月31日,對美特好的 應收賬款合計人民幣7,609,413元 的所有權,因以其通過保理安排 獲得銀行借款而受到限制。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. Accounts receivable (Continued)

(3) The top five accounts receivable of the year-end balance aggregated by the owing party (Continued)

On 31 December 2021, the total accounts receivable due from Wu-mart, Carrefour, Beijing Lotus Supermarket Chain Co., Ltd., Yonghui, Jingdong, Tianjin jumei. com Technology Co., Ltd, Vipshop, BHG and MeetAll amounted to RMB219,608,971 were limited by being factored to secure certain bank loans of the Group.

Pursuant to the factoring agreement between the Group and the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking (China) Corporation Limited Beijing Branch (HSBC), HSBC provides a bank loan for amount of not exceeding 70% of accounts receivable factoring to the Group. HSBC collected the entire amount of accounts receivable and is only required to pay the Group any amount it collects in excess of the loan amount. As the Group has not transferred specifically identifiable cash flows, fully proportionate share of all or part of the cash flows or part of specifically identifiable cash flows, the Group cannot apply the derecognition model to part of the factored accounts receivable.

Since factored accounts receivable is on full recourses basis, the Group has not transferred the significant risks and rewards relating of these receivables, it continues to recognize the receivables and has recognized the cash received from the bank as accounts receivable secured loan (See Note (VI) 20).

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

3、 應收賬款(續)

(3) 按欠款方歸集的年末餘額前五名的 應收賬款情況(續)

於2021年12月31日,對物美、家 樂福、北京易初蓮花連鎖超市有 限公司、永輝、京東、天津聚美 優品科技有限公司、唯品會、華 聯、美特好的應收賬款合計人民 幣219,608,971元的所有權,因以 其通過保理安排獲得銀行借款而受 到限制。

根據本集團與滙豐銀行(中國)有限公司北京分公司(以下簡稱「匯豐銀行」)簽署的保理協議,滙豐銀行向本集團提供不超過應收賬款保理金額70%的銀行貸款。滙豐銀行收取應收賬款全部金額,僅項有集團支付超過貸款金額的款量中等定、可辨認部分,也未轉移至金流量的一定比例或現金流量中特定、可辨認部分的一定比例可,因此,本集團不能對進行保理的應收賬款部分應用終止確認模型。

因銀行對該保理的應收賬款享有 追索權,本集團並未轉移該等應 收賬款所有權上的重大風險和報 酬,因此繼續確認應收賬款,並 將從銀行收到的現金確認為應收賬 款保理借款(附註六、20)。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

- 3. Accounts receivable (Continued)
 - (3) The top five accounts receivable of the year-end balance aggregated by the owing party (Continued)
- 3、 應收賬款(續)
 - (3) 按欠款方歸集的年末餘額前五名的 應收賬款情況(續)

Factoring accounts receivable on full recourses basis

有追索權的應收賬款保理

		2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Carrying amount of transferred assets	轉移資產的賬面價值	7,609,413	219.608.971
Carrying amount of related	相關負債的賬面價值		-,,-
liabilities Net book value	淨額	7,609,413	5,775,305 213,833,666

4. Prepayments

4、 預付款項

(1) Presentation of prepayments according to aging analysis

(1) 預付款項按賬齡列示

			12.31	2021.	
		二零二二年十	二月三十一日	二零二一年十二	二月三十一日
Aging	賬齡	Amount 金額	Proportion (%) 比例(%)	Amount 金額	Proportion (%) 比例(%)
Within 1 year	1年以內	1,022,670,499	100	824,722,793	100
Total	合計	1,022,670,499	100	824,722,793	100

On 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, there was no prepayment from shareholders who held voting shares of more than 5% (including 5%).

於2022年12月31日及2021年12月 31日,預付款項中無預付持有本 集團5%(含5%)以上表決權股份的 股東的款項。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

1	Prepayments	(Continued)

4、 預付款項(續)

(2)	Top five entities with the largest balances of
	prepayments

(2) 按預付對象歸集年末餘額前五名的 預付款情況

31 December 2022

貴州茅台酒銷售有限公司

Total

億滋食品企業管理(上海)有限公司

Mondelez Shanghai Food Corporate Management Co., Ltd

2022年12月31日

Name of entity 單位名稱	Relationship with the Group 與本集團關係	Amount 金額	Unsettled reason 未結算原因
Yibin Wuliangye Liquor Sales Co., Ltd. 宜賓五糧液酒類銷售有限責任公司	Independent third party 獨立第三方	537,243,800	Haven't received goods 尚未收到貨物
Mars Wrigley Candy (China) Co., Ltd. 瑪氏箭牌糖果(中國)有限公司	Independent third party 獨立第三方	73,421,918	Haven't received goods 尚未收到貨物
Guizhou Moutai Wine Sales Co., Ltd. 貴州茅台酒銷售有限公司	Independent third party 獨立第三方	43,892,027	Haven't received goods 尚未收到貨物
Mondelez Shanghai Food Corporate Management Co., Ltd 億滋食品企業管理(上海)有限公司	Independent third party 獨立第三方	31,191,811	Haven't received goods 尚未收到貨物
Beijing Red Bull Vitamin Drink Co., Ltd. 北京市紅牛維他命飲料有限責任公司	Independent third party 獨立第三方	27,846,384	Haven't received goods 尚未收到貨物
Total	合計	713,595,940	
31 December 2021		2021年1	2月31日
31 December 2021 Name of entity 單位名稱	Relationship with the Group 與本集團關係		Unsettled reason
Name of entity		Amount	Unsettled reason 未結算原因
Name of entity 單位名稱 Yibin Wuliangye Liquor Sales Co., Ltd.	與本集團關係 Independent third party	Amount 金額	Unsettled reason 未結算原因 Haven't received goods
Name of entity 單位名稱 Yibin Wuliangye Liquor Sales Co., Ltd. 宜賓五糧液酒類銷售有限責任公司 Beijing Boao Huarong Technology and Trade Co., Ltd.	與本集團關係 Independent third party 獨立第三方 Independent third party	Amount 金額 202,924,400	Unsettled reason 未結算原因 Haven't received goods 尚未收到貨物 Haven't received goods 尚未收到貨物

獨立第三方

獨立第三方

合計

Independent third party

尚未收到貨物

尚未收到貨物

33,700,353 Haven't received goods

441,155,058

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. Other receivables

5、 其他應收款

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Other receivables Interest receivables Dividend receivables	其他應收款 應收利息 應收股利	169,850,426 - -	165,898,618 - -
Total	合計	169,850,426	165,898,618

Details of other receivables

其他應收款情況

(1) 31 December 2022

(1) 2022年12月31日

Presentation of other receivables by category

其他應收款分類披露

		2022.12.31 二零二二年十二月三十一日				
		Carrying amount 賬面餘額		Credit loss allowance 信用損失準備		
Category	類別	Amount 金額	Proportion (%) 比例(%)	Amount 金額	Rate (%) 計提比例(%)	Net book value 賬面價值
Other receivables with single provision for credit loss	單項計提信用損失 準備的其他應 收款	1,039,651	1	1,039,651	100	_
Other receivables with credit loss provision based on portfolio	按組合計提信用損 失準備的其他應 收款	174,294,003	99	4,443,577	3	169,850,426
Total	合計	175,333,654	100	5,483,228	3	169,850,426

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. Other receivables (Continued)

5、 其他應收款(續)

Details of other receivables (Continued)

其他應收款情況(續)

(1) 31 December 2022 (Continued)

(1) 2022年12月31日(續)

Presentation of other receivables according to aging analysis

其他應收款賬齡如下

Aging			2022.12.31 二零二二年十二月三十一日				
	賬齡	Carrying amount 金額	Proportion% 比例(%)	Credit loss allowance 信用損失準備	Net book value 賬面價值		
Within 1 year	1年以內	156,657,125	89	_	156,657,125		
1-2 years	1至2年	3,837,416	3	115,122	3,722,294		
2-3 years	2至3年	7,519,019	4	751,902	6,767,117		
3-4 years	3至4年	1,907,309	1	875,518	1,031,791		
4-5 years	4至5年	3,544,022	2	1,871,923	1,672,099		
Over 5 years	5年以上	1,868,763	1	1,868,763			
Total	合計	175,333,654	100	5,483,228	169,850,426		

The detail of credit loss allowance

信用損失準備的情況

			ount change in this 本年變動金額	,		
Category	類別	2022.1.1 年初餘額	Accrual 計提	Recovery or reversal 收回或轉回	Resale or write-off 轉銷或核銷	2022.12.31 年末餘額
Rent and promotion fee	租金及促銷費	3,705,826	1,837,219	59,817	-	5,483,228
Total	合計	3,705,826	1,837,219	59,817	_	5,483,228

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. Other receivables (Continued)

5、 其他應收款(續)

Details of other receivables (Continued)

其他應收款情況(續)

(1) 31 December 2022 (Continued)

(1) 2022年12月31日(續)

Other receivables that are individually significant and for which credit loss allowance has been assessed individually 單項計提信用損失準備的其他應 收款

Content of other receivabl 其他應收款內容	es	Carrying amount 賬面餘額	Credit loss allowance 信用損失準備金額	Rate% 計提比例(%)	Reason 理由
Ferrero Trading (Shanghai) 費列羅貿易(上海)有限公司		184,784	184,784	100	Cannot be recovered 己確認無法收回
China Resources 華潤		49,288	49,288	100	Cannot be recovered 己確認無法收回
Dumex Baby Food Co., Lt 多美滋嬰幼兒食品有限公司		203,923	203,923	100	Cannot be recovered 己確認無法收回
Naaisi Lishui Sales Co., Lt 納愛斯麗水銷售有限公司	d.	304,140	304,140	100	Cannot be recovered 己確認無法收回
Guangzhou Qunhe Cosme 廣州群禾化妝品有限公司	etics Co., Ltd.	200,000	200,000	100	Cannot be recovered 己確認無法收回
Beijing Cargo Club Co., Lt 北京咖鉤酒吧有限公司	rd.	97,516	97,516	100	Cannot be recovered 己確認無法收回
Total	合計	1,039,651	1,039,651		

In the portfolio, other receivables for which credit loss provisions are made based on the aging analysis method 組合中,按賬齡分析法計提信用 損失準備的其他應收款

		_	2022.12.31			
		二零:	二二年十二月三十一日 Credit loss			
Aging	賬齡	Other receivables 其他應收款	allowance 信用損失準備	Proportion% 計提比例(%)		
Within 1 year 1-2 years	1年以內 1至2年	156,657,125 3,837,416	- 115,122	0 3		
2-3 years 3-4 years	2至3年 3至4年	7,519,019 1,375,721	751,902 343,930	10 25		
4-5 years	4至5年	3,344,199	1,672,100	50		
Over 5 years	5年以上	1,560,523	1,560,523	100		
Total	合計	174,294,003	4,443,577			

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. Other receivables (Continued)

5、 其他應收款(續)

Details of other receivables (Continued)

其他應收款情況(續)

(1) 31 December 2022 (Continued)

(1) 2022年12月31日(續)

Provision for bad debts

壞賬準備計提情況

		The first stage 第一階段	The second stage 第二階段 Expected credit loss for the entire	The third stage 第三階段 Expected credit loss for the entire	
		Expected credit	duration (no	duration (credit	
		loss in the next 12	credit impairment	impairment has	
		months	occurred) 整個存續期預期信用	occurred) 整個存續期預期信用	Total
		→ 未來12個月預期信用	損失(未發生信用減	損失(已發生信用減	
Bad debt provision	壞賬準備	損失	值)	值)	合計
Opening Balance	年初餘額	2,535,912	_	1,169,914	3,705,826
The beginning balance is in the	年初餘額在本期				
current period		-	-	-	-
 Move to the second stage 	一轉入第二階段	-	-	-	-
 Move to the third stage 	一轉入第三階段	-	-	-	-
 Back to the second stage 	一轉回第二階段 	-	-	-	-
- Back to the first stage	—轉回第一階段 	227,779	-	(227,779)	
Withdrawal for this period	本年計提	1,739,703	-	97,516	1,837,219
Reversal for this period	本年轉回	59,817	-	-	59,817
Resell for this period	本年轉銷	-	-	-	-
Written off for this period	本年核銷	-	-	-	-
Other changes	其他變動	4 440 577	-	1 000 051	- L
Ending balance	年末餘額	4,443,577		1,039,651	5,483,228

(2) 31 December 2021

(2) 2021年12月31日

Presentation of other receivables by category

其他應收款分類披露

2021.12.31 二零二一年十二月三十一日

		Carrying a 賬面餅		Credit loss a 信用損失		
Category	類別	Amount 金額	Proportion (%) 比例(%)	Amount 金額	Rate (%) 計提比例(%)	Net book value 賬面價值
Other receivables with single provision for credit loss Other receivables with credit loss provision based on	單項計提信用損失 準備的其他應 收款 按組合計提信用損 失準備的其他應	942,134	1	942,134	100	-
portfolio	收款	168,662,310	99	2,763,692	2	165,898,618
Total	合計	169,604,444	100	3,705,826	2	165,898,618

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. Other receivables (Continued)

其他應收款情況(續)

5、 其他應收款(續)

Details of other receivables (Continued)

(2) 31 December 2021 (Continued)

(2) 2021年12月31日(續)

Presentation of other receivables according to aging analysis

其他應收款賬齡如下

2021.12.31

二零二一年十二月三十一日

Aging	賬齡	Carrying amount 金額	Proportion% 比例(%)	allowance 信用損失準備	Net book value 賬面價值
Within 1 year	1年以內	151,081,968	89	_	151,081,968
1-2 years	1至2年	8,808,692	5	262,346	8,546,346
2-3 years	2至3年	4,095,394	2	800,204	3,295,190
3-4 years	3至4年	3,749,626	2	1,087,274	2,662,352
4-5 years	4至5年	933,764	1	621,002	312,762
Over 5 years	5年以上	935,000	1	935,000	_
Total	合計	169,604,444	100	3,705,826	165,898,618

The detail of credit loss allowance

信用損失準備的情況

The amount change in this year

本年變動金額

Category	類別	2021.1.1 年初餘額	Accrual 計提	Recovery or reversal 收回或轉回	Resale or write-off 轉銷或核銷	2021.12.31 年末餘額
Rent and promotion fee	租金及促銷費	10,437,804	2,524,568	431,540	8,825,006	3,705,826
Total	合計	10,437,804	2,524,568	431,540	8,825,006	3,705,826

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. Other receivables (Continued)

5、 其他應收款(續)

Details of other receivables (Continued)

其他應收款情況(續)

(2) 31 December 2021 (Continued)

(2) 2021年12月31日(續)

Other receivables for which credit loss allowance has been assessed individually

單項計提信用損失準備的其他 應收款

Content of other receivables 其他應收款內容	Carrying amount 賬面餘額	Credit loss allowance 信用損失準備金額	Rate% 計提比例(%)	Reason 理由
Ferrero Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. 費列羅貿易(上海)有限公司	184,784	184,784	100	Cannot be recovered 己確認無法收回
China Resources 華潤	49,288	49,288	100	Cannot be recovered 己確認無法收回
Dumex Baby Food Co., Ltd. 多美滋嬰幼兒食品有限公司	203,922	203,922	100	Cannot be recovered 己確認無法收回
Naaisi Lishui Sales Co., Ltd. 納愛斯麗水銷售有限公司	304,140	304,140	100	Cannot be recovered 己確認無法收回
Guangzhou Qunhe Cosmetics Co., Ltd. 廣州群禾化妝品有限公司	200,000	200,000	100	Cannot be recovered 己確認無法收回
Total 合計	942,134	942,134		

In the portfolio, other receivables for which credit loss provisions are made based on the aging analysis method 組合中,按賬齡分析法計提信用 損失準備的其他應收款

2021.12.31

二零二一年十二月三十一日

			Credit loss	
		Other receivables	allowance	Proportion%
Aging	賬齡	其他應收款	信用損失準備	計提比例(%)
Within 1 year	1年以內	151,081,968	_	0
1-2 years	1至2年	8,808,692	262,346	3
2-3 years	2至3年	3,661,323	366,133	10
3-4 years	3至4年	3,549,804	887,451	25
4-5 years	4至5年	625,523	312,762	50
Over 5 years	5年以上	935,000	935,000	100
Total	合計	168,662,310	2,763,692	

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. Other receivables (Continued)

5、 其他應收款(續)

The second

Details of other receivables (Continued)

其他應收款情況(續)

(2) 31 December 2021 (Continued)

(2) 2021年12月31日(續)

Provision for bad debts

壞賬準備計提情況

		The first stage 第一階段	stage 第二階段	The third stage 第三階段	
		70 1012	Expected credit	Expected	
			loss for the	credit loss	
			entire duration	for the entire	
		Expected credit	(no credit	duration (credit	
		loss in the next	impairment	impairment has	
		12 months	occurred)	occurred)	Total
			整個存續期預	整個存續期預	
		未來12個月預	期信用損失(未	期信用損失(已	
Bad debt provision	壞賬準備	期信用損失	發生信用減值)	發生信用減值)	合計
Opening Balance	年初餘額	3,156,552		7,281,252	10,437,804
The beginning balance is in	年初餘額在本期	3,100,002	_	1,201,202	10,437,004
the current period	十	_	_	_	_
 Move to the second stage 	—轉入第二階段	_	_	_	_
 Move to the third stage 	—轉入第三階段	_	_	_	_
 Back to the second stage 	—轉回第二階段	_	_	_	_
 Back to the first stage 	—轉回第一階段	_	_	_	_
Withdrawal for this period	本年計提	2,524,568	_	_	2,524,568
Reversal for this period	本年轉回	431,540	_	_	431,540
Resell for this period	本年轉銷	_	_	_	_
Written off for this period	本年核銷	2,713,668	_	6,111,338	8,825,006
Other changes	其他變動	_	_		
Ending balance	年末餘額	2,535,912	-	1,169,914	3,705,826

(3) Other receivables presented by nature

(3) 按款項性質列示其他應收款

Nature of other receivable	其他應收款性質	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Promotional fee Security deposit and deposit Current payment Other	應收促銷費用 應收保證金及押金等 往來款 其他	136,941,180 2,182,348 19,756,995 10,969,903	109,164,278 8,025,587 40,152,875 8,555,878
Total	合計	169,850,426	165,898,618

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

Other receivables (Continued)

5、 其他應收款(續)

Details of other receivables (Continued)

其他應收款情況(續)

(4) Top five entities with the largest balances of other receivables

(4) 按欠款方歸集的年末餘額前五名其 他應收款

31 December 2022

2022年12月31日

			Proportion of the	
	Nature of other		amount to the total	Closing balance of
Company name	receivables	Closing balance	other receivable (%) 佔其他應收款總額	credit loss allowance
單位名稱	款項性質	年末金額	的比例(%)	信用損失準備年末餘額
Wall's (China) Co., Ltd. 和路雪(中國)有限公司	Promotional fee 促銷費	5,037,505	3	-
Yihai Kerry Food Marketing Co., Ltd. 益海嘉裡食品營銷有限公司	Promotional fee 促銷費	4,125,390	2	-
Ferrero Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. 費列羅貿易(上海)有限公司	Promotional fee 促銷費	4,079,329	2	472,107
Chengde Lulu Co., Ltd 承德露露股份公司	Promotional fee 促銷費	3,343,110	2	-
Guangdong Jingxing Health Care Co., Ltd 廣東景興健康護理事業股份有限公司	Promotional fee 促銷費	3,308,308	2	-
Total	合計	19,893,642	11	472,107

2021年12月31日 31 December 2021

Total	合計	31,764,199	19	374,281
益海嘉裡食品營銷有限公司	促銷費			
Yihai Kerry Food Marketing Co., Ltd.	Promotional fee	2,916,371	2	-
中山佳健生活用品有限公司	C 足 銷費	4,122,302	Ζ	109,400
中糧食品蓬萊有限公司 Zhongshan Jiajian Living Products Co., Ltd.	保證金 Promotional fee	4,122,302	2	189.406
China Foodstuffs Penglai Co., Ltd.	Security deposit	5,274,608	3	-
Ferrero Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. 費列羅貿易(上海)有限公司	Promotional fee 促銷費	8,081,793	5	184,875
和路雪(中國)有限公司	促銷費	,,	,	
Wall's (China) Co., Ltd.	Promotional fee	11,369,125	7	_
單位名稱	款項性質	年末金額	的比例(%)	信用損失準備年末餘額
Company name	receivables	Closing balance	other receivable (%) 佔其他應收款總額	credit loss allowance
Company name	Nature of other	Clasing balance	amount to the total	Closing balance of
			Proportion of the	

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

6. Inventories

6、 存貨

Presentation of Inventories by category

存貨分類

		二零-	2022.12.31 二零二二年十二月三十一日		
Item	項目	Carrying amount 賬面餘額	Impairment 跌價準備	Net book value 賬面價值	
Merchandise inventory Raw material Goods in process Low-value consumables	庫存商品 原材料 在產品 低值易耗品	1,594,558,113 2,269,875 - -	- - -	1,594,558,113 2,269,875 – –	
Total	合計	1,596,827,988	_	1,596,827,988	

2021.12.31

二零二一年十二月三十一日

Item	項目	Carrying amount 賬面餘額	Impairment 跌價準備	Net book value 賬面價值
Merchandise inventory Raw material Goods in process Low-value consumables	庫存商品 原材料 在產品 低值易耗品	1,613,429,857 5,097,160 - -	- - - -	1,613,429,857 5,097,160 - -
Total	合計	1,618,527,017	-	1,618,527,017

The Group is principally engaged in retail and wholesale business of fast moving consumer goods, which are daily necessities. Inventories could be realized faster, and the risk of inventory impairment is small. As at 31 December 2022, the inventory turnover was good, and the management believes that there is no sign of impairment. Thus, there was no need for accrual for impairment of the inventory at the end of the period.

As at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, no inventories were pledged or guaranteed.

本集團主要經營居民日常生活必備的快速消費品,存貨變現快,發生存貨減值的風險小,且截至2022年12月31日,存貨周轉良好,管理層認為未出現減值跡象,因此,本年無需對年末存貨計提存貨跌價準備。

於2022年12月31日及2021年12月31日,無用於抵押或擔保的存貨。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

7. Other current assets

7、 其他流動資產

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Deductible input value-added tax Prepaid lease expenses Prepaid heating expenses Other prepaid expenses (Note) Receivable return cost	待抵扣進項税 待攤租金費用 待攤供暖費用 其他待攤費用(註) 應收退貨成本	158,285,966 132,407 3,791,278 1,475,239 5,553,187	157,495,178 2,675,337 3,160,505 2,336,998 8,587,443
Total	合計	169,238,077	174,255,461

Note: Prepaid cooling fees, property fees, cleaning fees and security fees, etc. are the primary expenses of other prepaid expenses.

註: 其他待攤費用主要包括預付供冷費、物 業費、保潔費、保安費等。

8. Other equity instrument investment

8、 其他權益工具投資

Presentation of other equity instrument investment

其他權益工具分項列示

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Yibin Wushang Equity Interest Investment Fund (Limited Partnership)	宜賓五商股權投資基金 (有限合夥)	43,000,000	
Total	合計	43,000,000	-

Note: Chaopi Trading, the subsidiary of the Company, subscribed for the Yibin Wushang Equity Investment Fund (limited partnership) by monetary funds RMB43 million with a fund share of 4.2480% in December 2022. 註: 本公司之子公司朝批商貿於2022年12 月以貨幣資金人民幣4,300萬元認購宜 實五商股權投資基金(有限合夥)份額 4,2480%,成為其有限合夥人。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. Other non-current financial assets

9、 其他非流動金融資產

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Classified financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Including: Debt instrument	分類以公允價值計量且其變動 計入當期損益的金融資產 其中:債務工具投資	72,026,699	104,782,276
investments Equity instrument investments (Note) Subtotal Less: Current portion that matures within one year	權益工具投資(註) 小計 減:一年內到期部分	72,026,699 72,026,699	104,782,276 104,782,276 -
Total	合計	72,026,699	104,782,276

Note: Chaopi Trading, the subsidiary of the Company, subscribed for the enjoyment of Wuliangye No. 1 fund products by monetary funds RMB11.67 million with a fund share of 11,638,983.05 in April 2018. In August 2021,10% (1,163,898 shares) were sold, in September 2022,1,582,900 shares were sold, and the remaining fund shares held were 8,892,185.05 shares.

註: 本公司之子公司朝批商貿於2018年4月 以貨幣資金人民幣1,167萬元認購君享 五糧液1號基金產品,持有的基金份額 為11,638,983.05份。2021年8月,贖 回10%(1,163,898份),2022年9月贖回 1,582,900份,剩餘持有的基金份額為 8,892,185.05份。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

Investment properties under the cost method

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. Investment properties

10、投資性房地產

按成本計量模式的投資性房地產

31 December 2022

Item	項目	Buildings 房屋及建築物	Land use rights 土地使用權	Total 合計
I. Original carrying amount 1. 2021.12.31 2. Increase in the period (1) Transferred from the fixed assets (2) Increase in business combination 3. Decrease in the period (1) Transferred to fixed assets (2) Transferred to intangible assets (3) Other	- 、	139,248,884 - - - 292 - - 292	122,900,708	262,149,592 - - - 292 - - 292
4. 2022.12.31 II. Accumulated depreciation and amortization 1. 2021.12.31 2. Increase in the period (1) Accrual or amortization (2) Transferred from fixed assets (3) Increase in business combination 3. Decrease in the period (1) Transferred to fixed assets (2) Transferred to intangible assets	4. 年末餘額 二、累計折舊和累計攤銷 1. 年初金額 2. 本年增加金額 (1) 計提或攤銷 (2) 從固定資產轉入 (3) 企業合併增加 3. 本年減少金額 (1) 轉入無形資產	139,248,592 70,544,621 5,257,363 5,257,363 - - -	122,900,708 30,071,900 3,433,202 3,433,202 -	262,149,300 100,616,521 8,690,565 8,690,565 - -
4. 2022.12.31 III. Net book value 1. Net book value as at 31 December 2022 2. Net book value as at 31 December 2021	4. 年末餘額 三、賬面價值 1. 年末賬面價值	75,801,984 63,446,608 68,704,263	33,505,102 89,395,606 92,828,808	109,307,086 152,842,214 161,533,071

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. Investment properties (Continued)

10、投資性房地產(續)

Investment properties under the cost method (Continued)

按成本計量模式的投資性房地產(續)

Total

31 December 2021

2021年12月31日

Land uso rights

Ruildinge

H	伍 日	Buildings	Land use rights	lotal
Item	項目	房屋及建築物	土地使用權	合計
Original carrying amount 1. 2020.12.31 Increase in the period (1) Transferred from fixed assets (2) Increase in business	一、賬面原值 1. 年初金額 2. 本年增加金額 (1) 從固定資產轉入 (2) 企業合併增加	139,248,884 - -	122,900,708 - -	262,149,592 - -
combination	0. 大仁是小人語	_	_	-
3. Decrease in the period	3. 本年減少金額	_	=	_
(1) Transferred to fixed assets(2) Transferred to intangible assets	(1) 轉入固定資產 (2) 轉入無形資產	_	-	_
4. 2021.12.31	(2) 特八無ル貝座 4. 年末餘額	139,248,884	122,900,708	262,149,592
II. Accumulated depreciation and amortization II. Accumulated depreciation and amortization	二、累計折舊和累計攤銷	109,240,004	122,900,700	202,143,032
1. 2020.12.31	1. 年初金額	65,287,259	26,638,698	91,925,957
Increase in the period (1) Accrual or amortization	2. 本年增加金額 (1) 計提或攤銷	5,257,362 5,257,362	3,433,202 3,433,202	8,690,564 8,690,564
(2) Transferred from fixed assets(3) Increase in business	(2) 從固定資產轉入 (3) 企業合併增加	-	-	-
combination		-	-	-
3. Decrease in the period	3. 本年減少金額	-	-	-
(3) Transferred to fixed assets	(1) 轉入固定資產	-	_	_
(4) Transferred to intangible assets 4, 2021,12,31	(2) 轉入無形資產 4. 年末餘額	70 544 601	20.071.000	100 616 501
4. 2021.12.31 III. Net book value	三、賬面價值	70,544,621	30,071,900	100,616,521
1. Net book value as at 31 December				
2021		68,704,263	92,828,808	161,533,071
2. Net book value as at 31 December 2020	2. 年初賬面價值	73,961,625	96,262,010	170,223,635

As at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, there was no investment properties that were pledged to secure certain of the Group's long-term bank loans.

As at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, all land use rights in the investment properties of the Group are medium-term lease.

2022年12月31日及2021年12月31日, 無用作銀行長期借款抵押物的投資性房 地產。

2022年12月31日及2021年12月31日, 本集團投資性房地產中的土地使用權均 屬於中期租賃。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

11. Fixed assets

11、固定資產

ltem	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Fixed assets Disposal on fixed assets	固定資產 固定資產清理	769,170,217 17,605,692	768,682,515 17,605,727
Total	合計	786,775,909	786,288,242

(1) Details of fixed assets

(1) 固定資產情況

31 December 2022

			Maahinamaand	Electronic	Tunnamentation	
		Buildings	Machinery and	devices and others	Transportation vehicles	Total
ltem	項目	房屋及建築物	equipment 機器設備	電子設備及其他	Verilcles 運輸設備	Total 合計
Item	次月	厉臣及廷未彻	(返頭以用	电」以闸及共化	注	E RI
I. Original carrying amount	一、賬面原值					
1. 2021.12.31	1. 年初餘額	1,056,215,237	807,772,243	178,661,848	52,315,569	2,094,964,897
2. Increase in the period	2. 本年増加額	77,701,042	8,888,754	5,585,938	3,629,577	95,805,311
(1) Purchase	(1) 購置	75,302,568	5,085,576	5,236,492	3,629,577	89,254,213
(2) Transferred from the	(2) 在建工程轉入	7,11	.,,	., .,	-7-	11, 11, 11
construction in process	` '	2,398,474	3,803,178	349,446	_	6,551,098
(3) Transferred from the investment	(3) 投資性房地產轉入			,		
properties	` '	_	_	_	_	-
(4) Accept donations	(4) 接受捐贈	_	_	_	_	-
3. Decrease in the period	3. 本年減少	89,077	30,128,225	8,471,302	7,509,276	46,197,880
(1) Disposal or retirement	(1) 本年處置	89,077	30,128,225	8,471,302	7,509,276	46,197,880
(2) Transferred to the investment	(2) 轉入投資性房地產					
properties	.,	_	_	_	_	_
4. 2022.12.31	4. 年末餘額	1,133,827,202	786,532,772	175,776,484	48,435,870	2,144,572,328
II. Accumulative depreciation	二、累計折舊					
1. 2021.12.31	1. 年初餘額	502,740,834	638,339,506	141,434,309	43,767,733	1,326,282,382
2. Increase in the period	2. 本年増加額	39,228,830	29,338,167	13,465,088	8,362,774	90,394,859
(1) Accrual	(1) 本年計提	39,228,830	29,338,167	13,465,088	8,362,774	90,394,859
(2) Transferred from the investment	(2) 投資性房地產轉入					
properties	.,	-	_	_	-	-
3. Decrease in the period	3. 本年減少額	_	26,669,084	7,310,952	7,295,094	41,275,130
(1) Disposal or Scrap	(1) 本年處置	_	26,669,084	7,310,952	7,295,094	41,275,130
(2) Transferred to investment	(2) 轉入投資性房地產					
properties	.,	_	_	_	_	_
4. 2022.12.31	4. 年末餘額	541,969,664	641,008,589	147,588,445	44,835,413	1,375,402,111
III. Net book value	三、賬面價值					
1. Net book value as at 31 December	1. 年末賬面價值					
2022		591,857,538	145,524,183	28,188,039	3,600,457	769,170,217
2. Net book value as at 31 December	2. 年初賬面價值					
2021		553,474,403	169,432,737	37,227,539	8,547,836	768,682,515

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

11. Fixed assets (Continued)

11、固定資產(續)

(1) Details of fixed assets (Continued)

(1) 固定資產情況(續)

31 December 2021

2021年12月31日

Item	項目	Buildings 房屋及建築物	Machinery and equipment 機器設備	Electronic devices and others 電子設備及其他	Transportation vehicles 運輸設備	Total 合計
I. Original carrying amount	一、賬面原值					
1. 2020.12.31	1. 年初餘額	1,056,215,237	848,658,939	184,895,369	50,773,597	2,140,543,142
2. Increase in the period	2. 本年増加額	-	18,006,681	8,531,558	8,310,349	34,848,588
(1) Purchase	(1) 購置	-	4,348,726	6,469,269	7,963,187	18,781,182
(2) Transferred from the	(2) 在建工程轉入					
construction in process	ID Value 11 -> 4+ 3	-	13,657,955	1,287,899	347,162	15,293,016
(3) Transferred from the investment	(3) 投資性房地產轉入					
properties (4) Accept donations	(4) 接受捐贈	_	-	774,390	_	774,390
3. Decrease in the period	(4) 放义捐組 3. 本年減少	-	58,893,377	14,765,079	6,768,377	80,426,833
(1) Disposal or retirement	(1) 本年處置	_	58,893,377	14,765,079	6.768.377	80,426,833
(2) Transferred to the investment	(2) 轉入投資性房地產		00,000,011	14,100,010	0,100,011	00,420,000
properties		_	_	_	_	_
4. 2021.12.31	4.年末餘額	1,056,215,237	807,772,243	178,661,848	52,315,569	2,094,964,897
II. Accumulative depreciation	二、累計折舊		, ,			
1. 2020.12.31	1. 年初餘額	466,301,906	658,840,085	138,526,118	39,950,371	1,303,618,480
2. Increase in the period	2. 本年增加額	36,438,928	32,964,804	15,355,753	9,955,679	94,715,164
(1) Accrual	(1) 本年計提	36,438,928	32,964,804	15,355,753	9,955,679	94,715,164
(2) Transferred from the investment	(2) 投資性房地產轉入					
properties		-	-	-	-	-
3. Decrease in the period	3. 本年減少額	-	53,465,383	12,447,562	6,138,317	72,051,262
(1) Disposal or Scrap	(1) 本年處置	-	53,465,383	12,447,562	6,138,317	72,051,262
(2) Transferred to investment properties	(2) 轉入投資性房地產					
4. 2021.12.31	4. 年末餘額	502,740,834	638,339,506	141,434,309	43,767,733	1,326,282,382
III. Net book value	三、賬面價值	302,740,034	000,000,000	141,404,008	40,101,100	1,020,202,002
3. Net book value as at 31 December	1. 年末賬面價值					
2021	· 1/1////	553,474,403	169,432,737	37,227,539	8,547,836	768.682.515
4. Net book value as at 31 December	2. 年初賬面價值	555,, .50	.00, .02,101	0.,22.,000	0,0 ,000	. 00,002,010
2020		589,913,331	189,818,854	46,369,251	10,823,226	836,924,662

As at 31 December 2022, and 31 December 2021, no fixed assets were restricted as they were been pledged to secure certain of the long-term Group's bank loans.

2022年12月31日及2021年12月 31,無所有權因用作銀行長期借 款的抵押物而受到限制的固定資 產。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

11. Fixed assets (Continued)

11、固定資產(續)

(1) Details of fixed assets (Continued)

(1) 固定資產情況(續)

Fixed assets of which issued certificates of title have not been obtained as at 31 December 2022: 於2022年12月31日,未辦妥產權 證書的固定資產情況

ltem	項目	Net book value 賬面淨值	Reasons for not obtaining certificates of title 未辦妥產權 證書原因	Expected time of obtaining certificates of title 預計辦結產權 證書時間
Room3-201 Unit 13, Chenxin	大同晨馨花園13-3-201	439,945	In progress	2023
Garden, Datong	房產		正在辦理中	2023年

Fixed assets of which issued certificates of title have not been obtained as at 31 December 2021: 於2021年12月31日,未辦妥產權

證書的固定資產情況

		Net book value	Reasons for not obtaining certificates of title 未辦妥產權	Expected time of obtaining certificates of title 預計辦結產權
Item	項目	賬面淨值	證書原因	證書時間
Room3-201 Unit 13, Chenxin Garden, Datong	大同晨馨花園13-3-201 房產	446,962	In progress 正在辦理中	2022 2022年

(2) Disposal on fixed assets

(2) 固定資產清理

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Housing warehouse Equipments	房屋倉庫 設備	17,605,692 -	17,605,692 35
Total	合計	17,605,692	17,605,727

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

12. Construction in progress

12、在建工程

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Construction in progress Engineer material	在建工程 工程物資	110,406,206	152,597,710 -
Total	合計	110,406,206	152,597,710

(1) Details of construction in progress

(1) 在建工程明細如下

			2022.12.31			2021.12.31	
		二零二	二二年十二月三十	·-B		二一年十二月三十	B
ltem	項目	Carrying amount 賬面餘額	Impairment 減值準備	Net book value 賬面淨值	Carrying amount 賬面餘額	Impairment 減值準備	Net book value 賬面淨值
Shuangqiao Project (Note1) Pingfang Project (Note2) Pingfang Refrigeratory Project Logistics center renovation* System Software Project Other*	雙橋工程(註1) 平房工程(註2) 平房冷庫工程 物流中心裝改* 系統軟件工程 其他在建工程*	43,859,815 9,617,821 3,059,215 39,952,332 13,917,023	- - - - -	43,859,815 9,617,821 3,059,215 39,952,332 13,917,023	50,232,654 43,859,815 9,617,821 3,199,923 39,952,332 5,735,165	- - - - -	50,232,654 43,859,815 9,617,821 3,199,923 39,952,332 5,735,165
Total	合計	110,406,206	-	110,406,206	152,597,710	-	152,597,710

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

12. Construction in progress (Continued)

12、在建工程(續)

(2) Changes in significant construction in progress in the current period

(2) 重要在建工程項目本年變動情況

For the year ended at 31 December 2022

2022年度

					Transferred to fixed assets, intangible assets or long-term		
		Budget		Increase in	prepaid	Other	
		amount	2022.1.1	the period	expenses 轉入固定資	deduction	2022.12.31
					產、無形資產		二零二二年
			二零二二年		及長期待攤		十二月
Item	項目名稱	預算數	一月一日	本年增加	費用	其他減少	三十一日
Shuanggiao Project (Note1)	雙橋工程(註1)	108,988,036	50,232,654	_	_	50,232,654	
Pingfang Project (Note2)	平房工程(註2)	73,655,986	43,859,815	_	_	-	43,859,815
Pingfang Refrigeratory Project	平房冷庫工程	35,047,286	9,617,821	_	_	_	9,617,821
Logistics center renovation*	物流中心裝改*	4,190,926	3,199,923	280,837	421,545	_	3,059,215
System Software Project	系統軟件工程	73,739,627	39,952,332	_	_	_	39,952,332
Others*	其他在建工程*	218,023,448	5,735,165	18,328,530	8,928,445	1,218,227	13,917,023
T-1-I	∧ <u>÷</u> ⊥	E40 04E 000	450 507 740	10.000.007	0.040.000	E4 4E0 004	440 400 000
Total	合計	513,645,309	152,597,710	18,609,367	9,349,990	51,450,881	110,406,206

Project name	項目名稱	Amount injected as a proportion of budget amount (%) 工程投入佔預算 比例(%)	Construction progress (%) 工程進度(%)	Amount of accumulated capitalized interest 利息資本化累計 金額	Including: Capitalized interest in the period 其中:本年利息 資本化金額	Interest capitalization rate for the period (%) 本年利息資本化 率(%)	Source of funds 資金來源
Shuangqiao Project (Note1)	雙橋工程(註1)	40	46				Own funds and bank loans
Pingfang Project (Note2)	平房工程(註2)	46	40	_	_	_	自有資金及銀行一般借款 Own funds and bank loans
0 0 , (,		60	60	425,988	-	-	自有資金及銀行一般借款
Pingfang Refrigeratory Project	平房冷庫工程	27	27				Own funds and bank loans 自有資金及銀行一般借款
Logistics center	物流中心裝改*	21	21	_	_	_	Own funds and bank loans
renovation*		83	83	-	-	-	自有資金及銀行一般借款
System Software Project	系統軟件工程	EA	EA				Own funds and bank loans
Others*	其他在建工程*	54 11	54 11	351,767	218,118	4	自有資金及銀行一般借款
0.0.0	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	'		301,101	210,110	•	
Total	合計			777,755	218,118		

財務報表附註

(2)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

12. Construction in progress (Continued)

12、在建工程(續)

Changes in significant construction in progress in				(2)	重要在建工	程項目本年	變動情況
the current period (Continued)					(續)		
For the year ended at	31 December 20)21			2021年度		
					Transferred to fixed assets, intangible assets or long-		
			0001.1.1	Increase in the	term prepaid	011 1 1 1	0001 10 01
		Budget amount	2021.1.1	period	expenses 轉入固定資產、	Other deduction	2021.12.31
Item	項目名稱	預算數	二零二一年 一月一日	本年增加	無形資產及長期待攤費用	其他減少	二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Shuangqiao Project (Note1) * Pingfang Project (Note2) Pingfang Refrigeratory Project Logistics center renovation System Software Project Others	雙橋工程(註1)* 平房工程(註2) 平房冷庫工程 系統軟件工程 物流中心裝改 其他在建工程	108,988,036 73,655,986 35,047,286 79,400,004 7,312,464 181,969,580	50,232,654 43,859,815 9,617,821 28,542,459 3,276,959 2,476,037	- 12,258,930 3,317,419 24,069,673	- 849,057 3,394,455 18,243,970	- - - - 2,566,575	50,232,654 43,859,815 9,617,821 39,952,332 3,199,923 5,735,165
Total	合計	486,373,356	138,005,745	39,646,022	22,487,482	2,566,575	152,597,710
Project name	Amount injected as a proportion of budget amount (%) 工程投入佔預	Construction progress (%)	Amount of accumulated capitalized interest 利息資本化累	Including: Capitalized interest in the period 其中:本年利	capitalization rate for the period (%) 本年利息資本	Source of fur	nds
項目名稱	算比例(%)	工程進度(%)	計金額	息資本化金額	化率(%)	資金來源	
Shuangqiao Project (Note1) * 雙橋工程(註1)*	46	46	3,000,000	-	-	自有資金及銀	
Pingfang Project (Note2) 平房工程(註2)	60	60	425,988	-	-	Own funds a 自有資金及銀	nd bank loans 限行一般借款
Pingfang Refrigeratory Project 平房冷庫工程	27	27	-	-	-	Own funds a 自有資金及銀	nd bank loans 表行一般借款
Logistics center renovation 系統軟件工程	51	51	-	-	-		nd bank loans
System Software Project 物流中心裝改	90	90	-	-	-		nd bank loans
Others 其他在建工程	38	38	136,795	136,795	4		nd bank loans
Total	合計 -		3,562,783	136,795			

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS (Continued)

12. Construction in progress (Continued)

(2) Changes in significant construction in progress in the current period (Continued)

* According to the revised budget amount for subsequent years/periods, the project budget and the proportions of project investments of the total budget in respective periods were restated.

Note 1: On 24 November 2022, the Company signed the Land Return and Handover Record with the People's Government of Guanzhuang Township, Chaoyang District, Beijing and the Xianninghou Village Committee of Guanzhuang Township, Chaoyang District, Beijing to return the land involved in the Shuangqiao Project. Thus, Shuangqiao Project transferred from the construction in progress to other non-current assets, please refers to Note 19, Other non-current assets.

Note 2: As at 31 December 2022, the costs of Pingfang Project mainly consisted of civil engineering. The Company was in process of obtaining the builder's license and predicted to start the project in 2023. Therefore, the management believes that there is no risk of impairment for the project.

12、在建工程(續)

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

(2) 重要在建工程項目本年變動情況

- * 該等項目根據於以後年度或期間 修訂後的預算金額重述其於各有 關期間的項目預算及工程投入佔 預算的比例。
- 註1:於2022年11月24日,本公司與北京市朝陽區管莊鄉人民政府及北京市朝陽區管莊鄉咸寧侯村民委員會簽訂《土地退還交接記錄》,將雙橋工程中涉及的土地進行退還交接,此項在建工程調入其他非流動資產列示,詳見附註19、其他非流動資產。
- 註2: 截至2022年12月31日平房工程的 投入主要為土建工程。本公司正 在獲取施工許可的過程中,預計 2023年動工。管理層認為該項工 程不存在減值風險。

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VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

13. The right-of-use asset

13、使用權資產

31 December 2022

Item	項目	Buildings 房屋及建築物	Total 合計
I. Original carrying amount	一、賬面原值		
1. 2022.1.1	1. 年初金額	1,384,779,948	1,384,779,948
2. Increase in the period	2. 本年增加額	119,348,917	119,348,917
Asset lease	資產租入	119,348,917	119,348,917
3. Decrease in the period	3. 本年減少	275,370,019	275,370,019
Early termination of asset lease	資產租入提前終止	141,562,773	141,562,773
Lease expires	租賃到期	123,353,245	123,353,245
Lease change remeasurement	租賃變更重新計量	10,454,001	10,454,001
4. 2022.12.31	4. 年末餘額	1,228,758,846	1,228,758,846
II. Accumulative depreciation	二、累計折舊		
1. 2022.1.1	1. 年初金額	403,164,151	403,164,151
2. Increase in the period	2. 本年增加額	178,682,961	178,682,961
Accrual	本年計提	178,682,961	178,682,961
3. Decrease in the period	3. 本年減少額	116,710,156	116,710,156
Dispose	處置	15,959,108	15,959,108
Lease expires	租賃到期	100,585,108	100,585,108
Lease change remeasurement	租賃變更重新計量	165,940	165,940
4. 2022.12.31	4. 年末餘額	465,136,956	465,136,956
III. Net book value	三、賬面價值		
1. Net book value as at 31 December 2022	1. 年末賬面價值	763,621,890	763,621,890
2. Net book value as at 31 December 2021	2. 年初賬面價值	981,615,797	981,615,797

財務報表附註

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VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

13. The right-of-use asset (Continued)

13、使用權資產(續)

31 December 2021

Item	項目	Buildings 房屋及建築物	Total 合計
1. Original carrying amount 1. 2021.1.1 2. Increase in the period Asset lease 3. Decrease in the period Early termination of asset lease Lease expires Lease change remeasurement 4. 2021.12.31 II. Accumulative depreciation 1. 2021.1.1 2. Increase in the period Accrual 3. Decrease in the period Dispose Lease expires Lease change remeasurement 4. 2021.12.31 III. Net book value 1. Net book value as at 31 December 2021 2. Net book value as at 31 December 2020	一、1. 在	1,341,444,497 214,581,538 214,581,538 171,246,087 78,153,709 59,289,498 33,802,880 1,384,779,948 333,293,109 190,229,398 190,229,398 120,358,356 27,062,937 59,289,498 34,005,921 403,164,151 981,615,797 1,008,151,388	1,341,444,497 214,581,538 214,581,538 171,246,087 78,153,709 59,289,498 33,802,880 1,384,779,948 333,293,109 190,229,398 190,229,398 120,358,356 27,062,937 59,289,498 34,005,921 403,164,151 981,615,797 1,008,151,388

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VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

14. Intangible assets

14、無形資產

31 December 2022

	-T-0	Land use rights	Software	Operation rights of distribution network	Total
Item	項目	土地使用權	軟件	分銷網絡經銷權	合計
I. Original carrying amount	一、賬面原值				
1. 2022.1.1	1. 年初餘額	322,793,074	62,067,050	34,261,049	419,121,173
2. Increase in the period	2. 本年增加金額	25,528,460	943,113	-	26,471,573
(1) Purchase	(1) 購置	25,528,460	943,113	_	26,471,573
(2) Transferred from the construction	(2) 在建工程轉入	20,020,400	040,110		20,471,070
in process	(2) EXT (17)	_	_	_	_
(3) Transferred from the investment	(3) 投資性房地產				
properties	轉入	_	_	_	_
(4) Business mergers increase	(4) 企業合併増加	_	_	_	_
3. Decrease in the period	3. 本年減少金額	_	_	_	_
4. 2022.12.31	4. 年末餘額	348,321,534	63,010,163	34,261,049	445,592,746
II. Accumulated amortization	二、累計攤銷	0.0,02.,00.	55,515,155	0.,20.,0.0	0,002,0
1. 2022.1.1	1. 年初餘額	85,689,619	36,845,572	31,457,887	153,993,078
2. Increase in the period	2. 本年增加金額	10,344,945	5,069,411	1,781,695	17,196,051
(1) Accrual	(1) 計提	10,344,945	5,069,411	1,781,695	17,196,051
(2) Transferred from the investment	(2) 投資性房地產	1,5 ,5 .	,,,,,	, , ,,,,,	,,
properties	轉入	_	_	_	_
(3) Business mergers increase	(3) 企業合併增加	_	_	_	_
3. Decrease in the period	3. 本年減少金額	_	_	_	_
4. 2022.12.31	4. 年末餘額	96,034,564	41,914,983	33,239,582	171,189,129
III. Net book value	三、賬面價值	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
1. Net book value as at 31 December	1. 年末賬面價值				
2022		252,286,970	21,095,180	1,021,467	274,403,617
2. Net book value as at 31 December	2. 年初賬面價值		. ,	•	· '
2021		237,103,455	25,221,478	2,803,162	265,128,095

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

14. Intangible assets (Continued)

14、無形資產(續)

31 December 2021

2021年12月31日

ltem	項目	Land use rights 土地使用權	Software 軟件	Operation rights of distribution network 分銷網絡經銷權	Total 合計
I. Original carrying amount	一、賬面原值				
1. 2021.1.1	1. 年初餘額	322,649,214	60,526,562	34,254,633	417,430,409
2. Increase in the period	2. 本年增加金額	143,860	1,540,488	6,416	1,690,764
(1) Purchase	(1) 購置	143,860	1,540,488	6,416	1,690,764
(2) Transferred from the construction	(2) 在建工程轉入				
in process		-	-	-	-
(3) Transferred from the investment	(3) 投資性房地產				
properties	轉入	-	-	-	-
(4) Business mergers increase	(4) 企業合併增加	-	-	-	-
Decrease in the period	3. 本年減少金額	-	-	-	-
4. 2021.12.31	4. 年末餘額	322,793,074	62,067,050	34,261,049	419,121,173
II. Accumulated amortization	二、累計攤銷				
1. 2021.1.1	1. 年初餘額	76,644,448	31,698,440	28,936,299	137,279,187
Increase in the period	2. 本年增加金額	9,045,171	5,147,132	2,521,588	16,713,891
(1) Accrual	(1) 計提	9,045,171	5,147,132	2,521,588	16,713,891
(2) Transferred from the investment	(2) 投資性房地產				
properties	轉入	-	-	-	-
(3) Business mergers increase	(3) 企業合併增加	-	-	-	-
3. Decrease in the period	3. 本年減少金額	-	-	-	-
4. 2021.12.31	4. 年末餘額	85,689,619	36,845,572	31,457,887	153,993,078
III. Net book value	三、賬面價值				
1. Net book value as at 31 December	1. 年末賬面價值				
2021	\muscraft	237,103,455	25,221,478	2,803,162	265,128,095
2. Net book value as at 31 December	2. 年初賬面價值	0.40.004.00-	00.000.15-	= a.a.a.a.	
2020		246,004,766	28,828,122	5,318,334	280,151,222

15. Goodwill 15、商譽

Original carrying amount of goodwill

商譽賬面原值

			Increase in the period 本期增加		Decrease in the period 本期減少			
Name of the investee or item resulting in goodwill	被投資單位名稱或 形成商譽的事項	2022.1.1 年初餘額	Business combination 企業合併形成的	Others 其他	Disposal 處置	Others 其他	2022.12.31 年末餘額	
Acquisition of Shouchao Group	收購首超集團	86,673,788	-	-	-	-	86,673,788	
Total	合計	86,673,788	-	-	-	-	86,673,788	

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS (Continued)

15. Goodwill (Continued)

Original carrying amount of goodwill (Continued)

On 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, the balance was the goodwill arising from the acquisition of Shoulian Supermarket and its subsidiaries ("Shouchao Group") as well as Beijing Jingchao Commercial Company Limited (Hereinafter referred to as "Jingchao").

The impairment tests of goodwill acquired through the purchase of Shouchao Group and Jingchao were conducted on the group of assets in relation to the retailing business segment of the Shouchao Group after consolidation of Jingchao.

According to the "Asset Evaluation Report on the Recoverable Amount of the Goodwill of Beijing Jingkelong Company Limited, which is involved in the goodwill impairment test of Beijing Jingkelong Company Limited for the purpose of financial reporting" issued by Beijing Huaya Zhengxin Asset Evaluation Co., Ltd., which is engaged by the Group, and the goodwill of the relevant asset group formed by the acquisition of 100% equity of Beijing Shoulian Supermarket Co., Ltd. and 86% equity of Beijing Jingchao Commercial Group Co., Ltd (Hua Ya Zheng Xin Ping Bao Zi [2023] No. A01-0021), the recoverable amount of the asset group or combination of asset groups containing goodwill of Shouchao Group is higher than the book value of the asset group containing the overall goodwill, and there is no need to recognize the impairment loss of goodwill in the current period.

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

15、商譽(續)

商譽賬面原值(續)

於2022年12月31日及2021年12月31日,該餘額為收購首聯超市及其子公司(以下簡稱為「首超集團」)及北京京超商業有限公司(以下簡稱為「京超」)產生的商譽。

本集團收購首超集團及京超取得的商譽 以合併京超後的首超集團中與零售業務 相關的資產作為一個資產組以進行減值 測試,該資產組屬於零售分部。

根據本集團聘請的北京華亞正信資產評估有限公司出具的《北京京客隆商業集團股份有限公司以財務報告為目的商業集團股份有限公司併購北京首聯超市有限公司100%股權以及北京京超商業有限公司86%股權所形成的商譽的相關資產組可收回金額資產評估報告》(華亞正信評報字[2023]第A01-0021號),首超集團包含商譽的資產組或資產組組合可收回金額高於包含整體商譽的資產組販面價值,本期無需確認商譽減值損失。

財務報表附註

Other reduces

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

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VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

16. Long-term prepaid expenses

16、長期待攤費用

Amortization

31 December 2022

2022年12月31日

Other

		2022.1.1	period	in the period	deduction	2022.12.31 二零二二年	reasons
Item	項目	一号一二十	本年增加	本年攤銷數	其他減少	十二月三十一日	其他減少原因
Transferred from construction in progress to leasehold improvements	經營租入固定資產 改良支出	245,441,646	10,246,089	56,098,086	23,475,117	176,114,532	Disposal 處置
Total	合計	245,441,646	10,246,089	56,098,086	23,475,117	176,114,532	
31 December 2021 2021年12月31日							
31 December 2021					2021年1	2月31日	
31 December 2021		2021.1.1	Increase in the period	Amortization in the period	2021年1 Other deduction	2021.12.31	Other reduces reasons
31 December 2021	項目	2021.1.1 二零二一年 一月一日			Other deduction		

8,399,901

60,418,657

298,550,451

Increase in the

17. Deferred tax assets/deferred tax liabilities

Total

合計

17、遞延所得税資產/遞延所得税負債

1,090,049

(1) Deferred tax assets without offset

(1) 未經抵銷的遞延所得税資產明細

245,441,646

		2022.12.31		2021.	12.31
		二零二二年十	二月三十一日	二零二一年十	二月三十一日
ltem	項目	Deductible temporary differences 可抵扣暫時性差異	Deferred tax assets 遞延所得税資產	Deductible temporary differences 可抵扣暫時性差異	Deferred tax asset 遞延所得税資產
Taxable government grants	應納税政府補助	21,830,069	5,457,517	26,720,324	6,680,081
Unrealized profits from internal transactions Implementation of the new	內部交易未實現利 潤 執行新租賃準則	4,523,842	1,130,960	3,955,876	988,969
lease standard	7	71,325,862	17,831,466	71,631,828	17,907,958
Total	合計	97,679,773	24,419,943	102,308,028	25,577,008

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

17. Deferred tax assets/deferred tax liabilities (Continued)

17、遞延所得税資產/遞延所得税負債(續)

(2) Deferred tax liabilities without offset

(2) 未經抵銷的遞延所得税負債明細

		2022.12.31		2021.	12.31
		二零二二年十:	二月三十一日	二零二一年十	二月三十一日
ltem	項目	Taxable temporary differences 應納税暫時性差異	Deferred tax liabilities 遞延所得税負債	Taxable temporary differences 應納税暫時性差異	Deferred tax liabilities 遞延所得税負債
Fair value adjustment of assets arising from non-monetary asset exchange Changes on the fair value of financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss for	非貨幣內 資產公允 價值調整 以公允價值計入 其一 與動的 工 其一 與動的 公允價值 對 的 公 的 的 會 的 會 的 會 的 會 的 會 的 的 會 的 的 會 的 的 會 的 的 。 的 。	8,273,636	2,068,409	9,340,075	2,335,018
the current period Capitalized interest adjustment of borrowing	借款費用利息資本 化調整	63,110,819	15,777,704	94,279,276	23,569,819
costs Difference between the fair value and the carrying amount of subsidiary	併購子公司賬面價 值和公允價值差 異	16,000	4,000	16,000	4,000
merger and acquisition		2,004,851	501,213	2,027,598	506,900
Total	合計	73,405,306	18,351,326	105,662,949	26,415,737

(3) Net deferred tax assets or liabilities with offset

(3) 以抵銷後淨額列示的遞延所得税資 產或負債

		Offset amount of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities at the end of	deferred tax assets and deferred tax	Offset amount of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities in the	Amount after offset of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities in the
Item	項目	year 遞延所得税資產和負 債年末互抵金額	year 抵銷後遞延所得税資 產或負債年末餘額	beginning of year 遞延所得税資產和負 債年初互抵金額	beginning of year 抵銷後遞延所得税資 產或負債年初餘額
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	遞延所得税資產 遞延所得税負債	2,072,409 2,072,409	22,347,534 16,278,917	2,339,019 2,339,019	23,237,989 24,076,718

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

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VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

17. Deferred tax assets/deferred tax liabilities (Continued)

17、遞延所得税資產/遞延所得税負債(續)

(4) Details of unrecognized deferred tax assets

(4) 未確認遞延所得税資產明細

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Deductible temporary differences	可抵扣暫時性差異	53,469,985	44,837,412
Deductible losses	可抵扣虧損	643,584,288	483,253,796
Total	合計	697,054,273	528,091,208

In the view of the management of the Group, deferred tax assets are not recognized since it is not probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences or deductible losses can be utilized.

集團管理層認為未來不是很可能產 生用於抵扣上述可抵扣虧損和可抵 扣暫時性差異的應納税所得額, 因此未確認以上項目的遞延所得税 資產。

(5) Deductible losses of unrecognized deferred tax assets will expire in the following years

(5) 未確認遞延所得税資產的可抵扣虧 損將於以下年度到期

		2022.12.31 二零二二年	2021.12.31 二零二一年
Year	年份	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
2022.12.31	2022.12.31	_	27,491,760
2023.12.31	2023.12.31	47,640,750	47,640,750
2024.12.31	2024.12.31	63,323,333	88,260,466
2025.12.31	2025.12.31	113,400,302	131,107,448
2026.12.31	2026.12.31	179,989,230	188,753,372
2027.12.31	2027.12.31	239,230,673	
Total	合計	643,584,288	483,253,796

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

18. Details of provision for asset impairment

18、資產減值準備

For the year ended at 31 December 2022

2022年度

		Decrease in the year 本年減少				
Item	項目	2022.1.1 二零二二年 一月一日	Increase in the year 本年增加	Reversal 轉回	Written-off 轉銷	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日
Credit loss allowance Impairment of financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss for the current period	信用損失準備 以公允價值計量且 其變動計入當 期損益金融資 產減值準備	44,837,412	11,735,666	3,103,093	-	53,469,985
Total	合計	44,837,412	11,735,666	3,103,093	-	53,469,985
For the year ended at	31 December 202	:1		2021年度		

Decrease in the year

本年減少

		2021.1.1 二零二一年	Increase in the year	Reversal	Written-off	2021.12.31 二零二一年
Item	項目	一月一日	本年增加	轉回	轉銷	十二月三十一日
Credit loss allowance Impairment of financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss for the current period	信用損失準備 以公允價值計量且 其變動計入當 期損益金融資 產減值準備	43,768,390	16,286,825	4,737,092	10,480,711	44,837,412
Total	合計	43,768,390	16,286,825	4,737,092	10,480,711	44,837,412

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

19. Other non-current assets

19、其他非流動資產

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Long-term receivables due from Shoulian Group (Note 1) Security deposit Prepaid construction fees (Note 2) Shuangqiao project (Note 3)	對首聯集團的長期應收款(註1) 押金保證金 預付工程款(註2) 雙橋工程(註3)	42,529,170 40,427,743 1,363,818 50,232,653	106,751,658 40,114,901 40,944,303
Total	合計	134,553,384	187,810,862

Note1:

On 31 December 2022, such long-term receivables consist of borrowings lent by Shoulian Supermarket and Lianchao Company to Shoulian Group due on 31 December 2022 as agreed upon, on 31 December 2021 Shoulian Supermarket and Lianchao Company signed supplementary agreements with Shoulian Group respectively, and the two parties agreed that the repayment date would be 31 December2024, the long-term receivables bear interest at 3.85% per annum interest will be calculated at the one-year loan market quoted rate (LPR) from 1 January 2022. Meanwhile certain buildings and land use rights of Shoulian Group with a total fair value not less than the balance of the long-term receivables have been pledged for these long-term receivables in favor of Shoulian Supermarket.

註1:於2022年12月31日,該等長期應收款 為首聯超市和聯超公司向首聯集團提 供的資金拆借,原雙方約定還款日為 2022年12月31日,2021年12月31日 首聯超市和聯超公司分別與首聯集團簽 訂補充協議,雙方約定還款日為2024 年12月31日,上述長期應收款年利率 為3.85%,自2022年1月1日起按照一 年期貸款市場報價利率(LPR)計息。同 時,該筆應收款以公允價值不低於該筆 應收款餘額的首聯集團房產及土地使用 權抵押擔保。

Note 2: On 31 December 2021, RMB40,694,040 of this amount is the 40% down payment paid by Shoulian Supermarket to Shoulian Group for the purchase of Huairou real estate.

註2:於2021年12月31日,該款項中人民幣 40,694,040元為首聯超市向首聯集團支 付的購買懷柔房地產的40%首付款。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS (Continued)

19. Other non-current assets (Continued)

Note 3: On 24 November 2022, the Company signed the Land return and handover record with the People's Government of Guanzhuang Township, Chaoyang District, Beijing and the Xianninghou Villagers' Committee of Guanzhuang Township, Chaoyang District, Beijing to return the land involved in the Shuangqiao Project. At the same time, the Company has sued the People's Government of Guanzhuang Township, Chaoyang District, Beijing and the Guanzhuang Agriculture and Industry Association, Chaoyang District, Beijing in July 2022, request the defendant to return the compensation fee of RMB45,132,000 and the interest of RMB46,248,112 during the period of the defendant's occupation of the compensation fee.

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

19、其他非流動資產(續)

20、短期借款

註3:於2022年11月24日,本公司與北京市朝陽區管莊鄉人民政府及北京市朝陽區管莊鄉人民政府及北京市朝陽區管莊鄉咸寧侯村民委員會簽訂《土地退還交接記錄》,將雙橋工程中涉及的土地進行退還交接,同時本公司已於2022年7月起訴北京市朝陽區管莊鄉人民政府、北京市朝陽區管莊農工商聯合公司,請求被告返還補償費45,132,000元及被告佔用補償費期間的利息46,248,112元。

20. Short-term borrowings

2022.12.31 2021.12.31 二零二二年 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 項目 十二月三十一日 Item Accounts receivable secured loan (Note 1) 應收賬款保理借款(註1) 7.609.413 5.775.305 Guaranteed loan (Note 2) 保證借款(註2) 1,767,347,107 1,756,868,627 Unsecured loan (Note 3) 信用借款(註3) 435,160,000 531,176,235 質押借款(註4) Pledged Loan (Note 4) 83.301.580 Undue interest payable 未到期應付利息 3,373,810 3,909,092 Total 合計 2,381,030,839 2,213,490,330

As at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, the short-term borrowings above bore annual interest rates ranging from 2.85% to 4.30% and 1.25% to 4.35% respectively without any due but unsettled ones.

於2022年12月31日及2021年12月31日,上述短期借款的年利率分別為2.85%至4.30%及1.25%至4.35%,且均不存在已到期尚未償還的借款。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS (Continued)

20. Short-term borrowings (Continued)

Note 1: As at 31 December 2022, such short-term loan was obtained by several accounts receivable factoring of the Company totaling to RMB7,609,413 (31 December 2021: RMB219,608,971), and details were referred to Note (VI) 3.

Note 2: As at 31 December 2022, such short-term loans include RMB571,781,694, which was borrowed by Chaopi Trading, a subsidiary of the Company, with a surety provided by the Company; RMB49,500,000, which was borrowed a subsidiary of the Chaopi Trading, with a surety provided by the Company; RMB596,065,413, which was borrowed by a subsidiary of Chaopi Trading with a surety offered by Chaopi Trading; RMB550,000,000 was borrowed by the Company with the surety provided by Chaopi Trading.

As at 31 December 2021, such short-term loans include RMB507,017,000, which was borrowed by Chaopi Trading, a subsidiary of the Company, with a surety provided by the Company; RMB40,000,000, which was borrowed a subsidiary of the Chaopi Trading, with a surety provided by the Company; RMB809,851,628, which was borrowed by a subsidiary of Chaopi Trading with a surety offered by Chaopi Trading; RMB400,000,000 was borrowed by the Company with the surety provided by Chaopi Trading.

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

20、短期借款(續)

註1:於2022年12月31日,該等短期借款為以本集團合計人民幣7,609,413元(2021年12月31日:人民幣219,608,971元)的若干應收賬款通過保理安排獲得,參見附註六、3。

註2:於2022年12月31日,該等短期借款中有人民幣571,781,694元為本公司之子公司朝批商貿的借款,由本公司提供保證擔保:人民幣49,500,000元為朝批商貿之子公司的借款,由本公司提供保證擔保:人民幣596,065,413元為朝批商貿之子公司的借款,由朝批商貿提供保證擔保:人民幣550,000,000元為本公司的借款,由朝批商貿提供保證擔保。

於2021年12月31日,該等短期借款中有人民幣507,017,000元為本公司之子公司朝批商貿的借款,由本公司提供保證擔保:人民幣40,000,000元為朝批商貿之子公司的借款,由本公司提供保證擔保:人民幣809,851,628元為朝批商貿之子公司的借款,由朝批商貿提供保證擔保:人民幣400,000,000元為本公司的借款,由朝批商貿提供保證擔保。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS (Continued)

20. Short-term borrowings (Continued)

Note 3:

As at 31 December 2022, the credit loans included RMB250,000,000 respectively granted by Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Co., Ltd. Beijing Chaoyang Sub-branch on an unsecured basis. The credit loans included RMB145,160,000 borrowed by the Company's subsidiary Chaopi Trading that granted by China CITIC Bank Beijing Xidan Sub-branch on an unsecured basis. The credit loans included RMB10,000,000, RMB10,000,000, RMB10,000,000 and RMB10,000,000 borrowed by the subsidiary of Chaopi Trading that granted by China Everbright Bank Co., Ltd. Beijing East Chang'an Avenue Sub-branch, China Everbright Bank Co., Ltd. Beijing Tongzhou Sub-branch, Beijing Rural Commercial Bank Business Center Sub-branch and Beijing Rural Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Nanmofang Branch on an unsecured basis.

As at 31 December 2021, the credit loans included RMB150,000,000, RMB150,000,000 respectively granted by China Bank of Communications Co., Ltd. Sanyuan Bridge Sub-branch and Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Co., Ltd. Beijing Air China Tower Subbranch on an unsecured basis. The credit loans included RMB191,000,000, RMB15,676,235 borrowed by the Company's subsidiary Chaopi Trading that granted by China CITIC Bank Beijing Xidan Sub-branch and HSBC Bank (China) Co., Ltd. Beijing Branch on an unsecured basis. The credit loans included RMB5,000,000, RMB10,000,000and RMB9,500,000 borrowed by the subsidiary of Chaopi Trading that granted by HSBC Bank (China) Co., Ltd. Beijing Branch, Bank of Beijing Jiulongshan Sub-branch, China Everbright Bank Co., Ltd. Beijing East Chang'an Avenue Sub-branch on an unsecured basis.

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

20、短期借款(續)

註3:於2022年12月31日,信用借款中有 中國工商銀行股份有限公司北京朝陽 支行向本公司發放的短期借款人民幣 250,000,000元,且未就該等借款向本 集團要求提供擔保; 有中信銀行股份 有限公司北京西單支行向本公司之子 公司朝批商貿發放的短期借款人民幣 145,160,000元,且未就該等借款向本 集團要求提供擔保;有中國光大銀行股 份有限公司北京東長安街支行、光大銀 行北京通州支行、北京農商銀行商務中 心區支行、北京農村商業銀行股份有限 公司南磨房支行向朝批之子公司發放的 短期借款人民幣10,000,000元、人民 幣10,000,000元、人民幣10,000,000 元及人民幣10,000,000元,且未就該 等借款向本集團要求提供擔保。

> 於2021年12月31日,信用借款中有中 國交通銀行股份有限公司三元橋支行 和中國工商銀行股份有限公司北京國 航大廈支行向本公司分別發放的短期 借款人民幣150.000.000元及人民幣 150.000.000元,且未就該等借款向本 集團要求提供擔保;有中信銀行北京西 單支行和滙豐銀行(中國)有限公司北京 分行向本公司之子公司朝批商貿分別發 放的短期借款人民幣191,000,000元及 人民幣15,676,235元,且未就該等借 款向本集團要求提供擔保; 有滙豐銀行 (中國)有限公司北京分行、北京銀行 九龍山支行、中國光大銀行股份有限公 司北京東長安街支行向朝批之子公司發 放的短期借款人民幣5,000,000元、人 民幣10,000,000元及人民幣9,500,000 元,且未就該等借款向本集團要求提供 擔保。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS (Continued)

20. Short-term borrowings (Continued)

Note 4: As 31 December 2022, no pledged Loan occurred.

As 31 December 2021, pledged loan is that Chaopi Trading provided a pledge guarantee to HSBC Bank (China) Co., Ltd. Beijing Branch with a time deposit certificate of RMB20,980,702 under its name for Beijing Chaopi International Trading (Hongkong), a subsidiary of Chaopi Trading, and the loan amount obtained was USD11,665,480, which was converted into RMB74,375,600 at the exchange rate of USD to RMB6.3757 on 31 December 2021, Chaopi International Trading (Hongkong), a subsidiary of Chaopi Trading, provided a pledge guarantee to Bank of Jiangsu Co., Ltd. Shanghai Branch with a time deposit certificate of RMB14,050,000 under its name, and the loan amount obtained was USD1,400,000, which was converted into RMB8,925,980 at the exchange rate of USD to RMB6.3757 on 31 December 2021.

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

20、短期借款(續)

21、應付票據

註4:於2022年12月31日,無質押借款。

於2021年12月31日,質押借款為朝批商貿以其名下金額為人民幣20,980,702元的定期存單向滙豐銀行(中國)有限公司北京分行作出質押擔保,為朝批商貿之子公司國際貿易香港取得貸款11,665,480美元,按2021年12月31日美元對人民幣匯率6.3757,折合成人民幣為74,375,600元;朝批商貿以其名下金額為人民幣14,050,000元的定期存單向江蘇銀行股份有限公司上海分行作出質押擔保,為朝批商貿之子公司國際貿易香港取得貸款1,400,000美元,按2021年12月31日美元對人民幣匯率6.3757,折合成人民幣8,925,980元。

21. Notes payable

Category	種類	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Bank acceptances	銀行承兑匯票	846,578,955	467,332,344
Total	合計	846,578,955	467,332,344

As at 31 December 2022, security deposit for the issuance of bank acceptances above amounted to RMB155,300,026 (31 December 2021: RMB72,321,243).

All of the bank acceptances of the Group will be due within one year.

於2022年12月31日,為開具上述銀行承兑匯票的保證金存款為人民幣155,300,026元(2021年12月31日:人民幣72,321,243元)。

本集團的銀行承兑匯票均將於1年之內 到期。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

22. Accounts payable

22、應付賬款

(1) Accounts payable are listed below according to the nature of the amount:

(1) 應付賬款按款項性質列示如下:

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Purchase	購貨款	857,203,456	740,337,043
Total	合計	857,203,456	740,337,043

(2) The aging of accounts payable is as follows

(2) 應付賬款賬齡如下:

		2022.12.31	2021.12.31
Item	項目	二零二二年十二月三十一日	二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Within 1 year 1 to 2 years 2 to 3 years Over 3 years	1年以內 1至2年 2至3年 3年以上	830,347,926 8,037,613 7,459,344 11,358,573	713,061,607 10,562,073 8,401,232 8,312,131
Total	合計	857,203,456	740,337,043

23. Advance payment

23、預收款項

Details of advance payment

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Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Rent received in advance	預收租金	10,860,356	9,075,871
Total	合計	10,860,356	9,075,871

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

24. Contract Liability

24、合同負債

Details of contract liability

		2022.12.31 二零二二年	2021.12.31 二零二一年
Item	項目	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
Procurements received in advance	預收貨款	406,071,621	361,858,117
Total	合計	406,071,621	361,858,117

25. Payroll payable

25、應付職工薪酬

(1) Details of payroll payable

(1) 應付職工薪酬列示

For the year ended at 31 December 2022

2022年度

		2022.1.1 二零二二年	Increase in the period	Decrease in the period	2022.12.31 二零二二年
Item	項目	—————————————————————————————————————	本年增加	本年減少	————— 十二月三十一日
Short-term remuneration Post-employment benefits-defined	1、短期薪酬 2、離職後福利-設定提存	1,545,319	654,345,208	654,177,225	1,713,302
contribution plans (Note)	計劃(註)	-	69,991,524	69,991,524	_
3. Dismissal compensation	3、辭退福利	-	4,683,747	4,683,747	_
4. Other welfare due within one year	4、一年內到期的其他福利	-	-	-	-
Total	合計	1,545,319	729,020,479	728,852,496	1,713,302

For the year ended at 31 December 2021

2021年度

		2021.1.1 二零二一年	Increase in the period	Decrease in the period	2021.12.31 二零二一年
Item	項目		本年增加	本年減少	—————————————————————————————————————
Short-term remuneration Post-employment benefits-defined	1、短期薪酬 2、離職後福利一設定提存	1,621,215	654,117,192	654,193,088	1,545,319
contribution plans (Note)	計劃(註)	-	67,076,727	67,076,727	-
Dismissal compensation Other welfare due within one year	3、辭退福利 4、一年內到期的其他福利	- -	2,811,962	2,811,962 -	
Total	合計	1,621,215	724,005,881	724,081,777	1,545,319

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

25. Payroll payable (Continued)

25、應付職工薪酬(續)

(2) Short-term remuneration

(2) 短期薪酬列示

For the year ended at 31 December 2022

2022年度

		2022.1.1 二零二二年	Increase in the period	Decrease in the period	2022.12.31 二零二二年
Item	項目	一月一日	本年增加	本年減少	+=月 =+-由
1) Wages or salaries, bonus, allowance,	一、工資、獎金、津貼和				
subsidies	補貼	_	540,060,332	540,060,332	_
2) Staff welfare	二、職工福利費	_	26,478,820	26,478,820	_
3) Social security	三、社會保險費	_	41,264,332	41,264,332	_
Including: Medical insurance	其中:醫療保險費	_	38,795,254	38,795,254	_
Work injury insurance	工傷保險費	_	1,389,220	1,389,220	_
Maternity insurance	生育保險費	_	1,079,858	1,079,858	_
4) Housing funds	四、住房公積金	_	35,383,428	35,383,428	_
5) Labor union expenses and employees'	五、工會經費和職工教育			, ,	
education expenses	經費	1,545,319	11,158,296	10,990,313	1,713,302
Total	合計	1,545,319	654,345,208	654,177,225	1,713,302

For the year ended at 31 December 2021

2021年度

		2021.1.1	Increase in the period	Decrease in the period	2021.12.31
		二零二一年	1.7.191		二零二一年
Item	項目	一月一日	本年増加	本年減少	十二月三十一日
1) Wages or salaries, bonus, allowance,	一、工資、獎金、津貼和				
subsidies	補貼	-	535,529,278	535,529,278	_
2) Staff welfare	二、職工福利費	_	25,315,761	25,315,761	_
3) Social security	三、社會保險費	_	43,141,353	43,141,353	_
Including: Medical insurance	其中:醫療保險費	-	40,704,483	40,704,483	-
Work injury insurance	工傷保險費	-	1,382,778	1,382,778	-
Maternity insurance	生育保險費	_	1,054,092	1,054,092	_
4) Housing funds	四、住房公積金	-	36,734,812	36,734,812	-
5) Labor union expenses and employees'	五、工會經費和職工教育				
education expenses	經費	1,621,215	13,395,988	13,471,884	1,545,319
Total	合計	1,621,215	654,117,192	654,193,088	1,545,319

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

25. Payroll payable (Continued)

25、應付職工薪酬(續)

(3) Details of defined contribution plan

(3) 設定提存計劃列示

For the year ended at 31 December 2022

2022年度

ltem	項目	2022.1.1 二零二二年 一月一日	Increase in the period 本年增加	Decrease in the period 本年減少	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日
Basic retirement insurance Unemployment insurance Annuity	1、基本養老保險 2、失業保險費 3、企業年金繳費	- - -	67,901,952 2,089,572	67,901,952 2,089,572	- - -
Total	合計	_	69,991,524	69,991,524	-

For the year ended at 31 December 2021

2021年度

		2021.1.1 二零二一年	Increase in the period	Decrease in the period	2021.12.31 二零二一年
Item	項目	一月一日	本年增加	本年減少	十二月三十一日
Basic retirement insurance Unemployment insurance Annuity	1、基本養老保險 2、失業保險費 3、企業年金繳費	- - -	64,657,918 2,418,809 -	64,657,918 2,418,809	- - -
Total	合計	-	67,076,727	67,076,727	-

Note: The Group participated in social security contributions and the unemployment insurance plan established by government institutions as required. According to such plan, the Group contributes 16% \cdot 0.5% monthly to such plans based on the employee's basic salary each month. Besides above monthly contributions, the Group will not take responsibility for further liabilities. Corresponding payment occurred shall be accrued in current period profit or loss or related assets cost.

註: 本集團按規定參加由政府機構設立的養老保險、失業保險計劃,根據該等計劃,本集團分別按員工基本工資的16%、0.5%每月向該等計劃繳存費用。除上述每月繳存費用外,本集團不再承擔進一步支付義務。相應的支出於發生時計入當期損益或相關資產的成本。在此等計劃下,被沒收的供款不會被本集團用作減少現有供款水平。

財務報表附註

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VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS (Continued)

25. Payroll payable (Continued)

In the current year, the Group should contribute RMB67,901,952 and RMB2,089,572 (2021: RMB64,657,918 and RMB2,418,809) to social security contributions and the unemployment insurance plan accordingly. As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, there is no unsettled retirement insurance and the unemployment insurance in the accounting period.

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

25、應付職工薪酬(續)

26、應交税費

本集團本年應分別向養老保險、失業保險計劃繳存費用人民幣67,901,952元及人民幣2,089,572元(2021年:人民幣64,657,918元及人民幣2,418,809元)。於2022年12月31日本集團無應於報告期間到期而未支付的養老保險及失業保險費用。2021年12月31日本集團無應於報告期間到期而未支付的養老保險及失業保險費用。

26. Taxes payable

2022.12.31 2021.12.31 二零二二年 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 十二月三十一日 項目 Item 增值税 Value-added tax 19,113,504 18,406,310 企業所得税 Corporate income tax 27,324,536 14.978.540 個人所得税 Personal income tax 431,779 882,193 城市維護建設税 City construction and maintenance tax 497,977 233,620 288,836 教育費附加 212.664 Education surcharge Stamp duty 印花税 1,031,842 1,065,314 地方教育費附加 Local education surcharge 187,400 141,576 Other 其他 29,513 27

27. Other payables

Total

(1) Presentation of other payables by the nature of accounts

合計

(1) 按款項性質列示

27、其他應付款

48,905,387

35,920,244

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Other payables Interest payables Dividend payables	其他應付款 應付利息 應付股利	192,885,527 - 6,956,028	193,490,916 - 5,333,891
Total	合計	199,841,555	198,824,807

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

27. Other payables (Continued)

27、其他應付款(續)

(2) Details of other payables

(2) 其他應付款情況

Presentation of other payables by nature of accounts

按款項性質列示其他應付款

ltem	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Construction fees payable Deposit Others	應付工程款 押金 其他	32,739,928 71,646,160 88,499,439	44,715,846 73,315,332 75,459,738
Total	合計	192,885,527	193,490,916

(3) Details of dividend payables

(3) 應付股利情況

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Ordinary dividends Other minority shareholders' dividend	普通股股利 其他少數股東股利	6,956,028	- 5,333,891
Total	合計	6,956,028	5,333,891

28. Non-current liabilities due within one year

28、一年內到期的非流動負債

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Bonds payable due within one	1年內到期的應付債券		
year Leases liability due within one year	1年內到期的租賃負債	189,705,641	- 167,827,272
Total	合計	189,705,641	167,827,272

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

29. Other current liabilities

29、其他流動負債

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Refund payable Accrued expenses Pending output tax	應付退貨款 預提費用 待轉銷項税額	6,300,801 13,258,086 49,883,276	9,115,785 8,715,877 42,136,815
Total	슴計	69,442,163	59,968,477

Accrued expenses

預提費用

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Accrued rent expenses Accrued audit expenses Others	預提房租 預提審計費 其他	499,556 745,283 12,013,247	212,332 1,306,604 7,196,941
Total	合計	13,258,086	8,715,877

30. Bonds payable

30、應付債券

(1) Bonds payable

(1) 應付債券

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Corporate bonds (2020.8.26-2024.8.25)	公司債券(2019.8.26- 2024.8.25)	_	403,545,776
Total	合計	-	403,545,776

Issue date Term of the bond

9,791,671

9,791,671

財務報表附註

2021.12.31 Issue in the period

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

Bonds

30. Bonds payable (Continued)

Corporate bonds

on 23 August 2022.

Total

公司債

合計

30、應付債券(續)

Issue amount

1,742,553

1,742,553

(2) Changes in the bonds payable

Par value

(2) 應付債券的增減變動

415.080.000

415,080,000

債券名稱	面值	發行日期 債券期間	限 發行金額	二零二一年 十二月三十一日	本期發行
Corporate bonds 公司債	400,000,000	2019.8.23 5 years 5年	400,000,000	403,545,776	-
Total 合計	400,000,000		400,000,000	403,545,776	-
		Accrued interest for the period	Bond discount/ premium amortization	Paid during the period	2022.12.31 二零二二年
Bonds	債券名稱	按面值計提利息	溢折價攤銷	本期償還	—————————————————————————————————————

Pursuant to the "Approval on Issuance of Corporate Bonds of Beijing Jingkelong Company Limited" (Zheng Jian Xu Ke [2019] No. 303) issued by the CSRC, on 26 August 2019, the Company issued the corporate bonds aggregated to RMB400,000,000 with a term of maturity of 5 years. The corporate bonds were jointly secured by Beijing Chaoyang District National Capital Operating Management Center, a state-owned enterprise, bearing coupon rate at 3.77% per annum. The issuance expenses of RMB3,150,943 had been included in bonds payable, the coupon has been paid

經中國證監會《關於核准北京京客 隆商業集團股份有限公司向合格投 資者公開發行債券的批覆》(證監許 可[2019]303號)核准,於2019年 8月26日,本公司完成在中國境內 公開發行人民幣4億元的期限為五 年的公司債券。該公司債券由北 京市朝陽區國有資本經營管理中心 (一家全民所有制企業)提供全額 無條件不可撤銷的連帶責任保證擔 保,票面利率為3.77%。融資手 續費人民幣3,150,943元已計入應 付債券。該公司債券已於2022年8 月23日全部償還。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

31. Lease liability

31、租賃負債

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Lease Payments Less: Unrecognized financing	租賃付款額 減:未確認的融資費用	1,004,392,418	1,242,425,596
charges Reclassified to non-current liabilities due within one	重分類至一年內到期的非流動 負債	144,094,140	177,342,547
year Net lease liability	租賃負債淨額	189,705,641 670,592,637	167,827,272 897,255,777

32. Government grants

32、政府補助

Details of government grants

政府補助基本情況

		Amount	Presentation project	Amount included in current profit and loss 計入當期
Classification	種類	金額	列報項目	損益的金額
Government grants related to assets are amortized this year	與資產相關的政府補助 本年攤銷	8,819,956	Other income 其他收益	8,819,956
Ease the employment pressure	緩解就業壓力補貼	3,237,539	Other income 其他收益	3,237,539
Other	其他補貼	1,928,532	Other income 其他收益	1,928,532
Total	合計	13,986,027		13,986,027

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

33. Deferred income

33、遞延收益

		2022.1.1 二零二二年	Increase in the period	Decrease in the period	2022.12.31 二零二二年	Reasons
Item	項目	一月一日	本年增加	本年減少	十二月三十一日	形成原因
Government grants	政府補助	26,720,324	3,929,701	8,819,956	21,830,069	
Total	合計	26,720,324	3,929,701	8,819,956	21,830,069	

Including, the project related to Government grants:

其中,涉及政府補助的項目:

ltem	項目	2021.12.31 年初餘額	Increase in the period 本年新增補助 金額	Included non- operating income 本年計入營業 外收入金額	Included other income 本年計入其他 收益金額	Other change 其他變動	2022.12.31 年末餘額	Related to assets/ income 與資產/收益相關
Agricultural Super Matchmakin 北京市商務委員會、北京市財		1,483,886	-	-	927,363	-	556,523	Related to assets 與資產相關
Chaoyang District Finance Bur development guidance fun 朝陽區財政局生活性服務業發展	ds	2,316,501	-	-	421,182	-	1,895,319	Related to assets 與資產相關
Central Finance promotes the for the service industry (20 中央財政促進服務業發展專項資	development of special funds 15.01-2023.12)	1,373,087	-	-	840,706	-	532,381	Related to assets 與資產相關
Logistics standardization pilot 2017年收到政府補助物流標準	project in 2017	2,009,770	-	-	385,455	-	1,624,315	Related to assets 與資產相關
Logistics standardization pilot 2015年收到政府補助物流標準		1,368,199	-	-	567,073	-	801,126	Related to assets 與資產相關
Other 其他政府補助		18,168,881	3,929,701	-	5,678,177	-	16,420,405	Related to assets 與資產相關
Total	合計	26,720,324	3,929,701	-	8,819,956	-	21,830,069	

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS (Continued)

33. Deferred income (Continued)

Government grants include:

- (1) In 2014, the Company received government grants totaling RMB14,186,700 from Beijing Municipal Commission of Commerce and Beijing Finance Bureau as a special funding for agriculture-supermarket jointing program. The deferred income was recognized upon receipt of the financial allocations. The deferred income was recognized upon receipt of the financial allocations, meanwhile the deferred assets were divided by ratio of the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be amortized in the estimated useful life (11 and 5 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.
- (2) In 2014, the Company received government grants totaling RMB8,820,000 from Beijing Municipal Commission of Commerce and Beijing Finance Bureau and as a special funding for service development program. The deferred income was recognized upon receipt of the financial allocations, meanwhile the deferred assets were divided by ratio of the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be amortized in the estimated useful life (11 and 5 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

33、遞延收益(續)

政府補助包括:

(1) 本公司於2014年度收到北京市商 務委員會、北京市財政局撥款共 計人民幣14,186,700元用於農超對 接試點建設項目的專項資金。本 集團在收到該財政撥款時確認遞延 收益,按照各項相關資產的預計 使用壽命11年及5年進行攤銷,攤 銷金額計入當期及以後有關期間損 益。

(2) 本公司於2014年度收到北京市商 務委員會、北京市財政局撥款共 計人民幣8,820,000元用於促進服 務業發展項目的專項資金。本集 團在收到該財政撥款時確認遞延 收益,按照各項相關資產的預計 使用壽命11年及5年進行攤銷,攤 銷金額計入當期及以後有關期間損 益。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

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VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS (Continued)

33. Deferred income (Continued)

- (3) In 2014, Chaopi Trading, a subsidiary of the Company, received government grants totaling RMB5,000,000 from Beijing Municipal Commission of Commerce as a special funding for group building sorting equipment. The deferred income was recognized upon receipt of the financial allocations, meanwhile the deferred assets were divided by the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be evenly amortized in the estimated useful life (10 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.
- (4) In 2015, the Company received government grants totaling RMB8,310,000 from Beijing Municipal Commission of Commerce as a special funding for logistics standardization project. The deferred income was recognized upon receipt of the financial allocations, meanwhile the deferred assets were divided by ratio of the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be amortized in the estimated useful life (10 and 5 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

- (3) 本公司之子公司朝批商貿於2014 年度收到北京市商務委員會撥款 共計人民幣5,000,000元用於支 持企業購建物流分揀設備的專項 資金。本集團在收到該財政撥款 時確認遞延收益,按照各項相關 資產的預計使用壽命10年進行攤 銷,攤銷金額計入當期及以後有 關期間損益。
- (4) 本公司於2015年度收到北京 市商務委員會撥款共計人民幣 8,310,000元用於支持物流標準 化試點項目的專項資金。本集團 在收到該財政撥款時確認遞延收 益,按照各項相關資產的預計使 用壽命10年及5年進行攤銷,攤銷 金額計入當期及以後有關期間損 益。

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS (Continued)

33. Deferred income (Continued)

- (5) In 2015, the Company received government grants totaling RMB5,865,700 from Beijing Municipal Commission of Commerce as a special funding for upgrading business facilities program. The deferred income was recognized upon receipt of the financial allocations, meanwhile the deferred assets were divided by ratio of the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be amortized in the estimated useful life (10 and 5 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.
- (6) In 2015, the Company received government grants totaling RMB2,080,000 from Beijing Finance Bureau as a special funding for renovation of energy-saving lamps. The deferred income was recognized upon receipt of the financial allocations, meanwhile the deferred assets were divided by ratio of the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be amortized in the estimated useful life (10 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

- (5) 本公司於2015年度收到北京 市商務委員會撥款共計人民幣 5,865,700元用於支持商業設施升 級改造項目的專項資金。本集團 在收到該財政撥款時確認遞延收 益,按照各項相關資產的預計使 用壽命10年及5年進行攤銷,攤銷 金額計入當期及以後有關期間損 益。
- (6) 本公司於2015年度收到北京市朝 陽區財政局節能發展基金撥款共計 人民幣2,080,000元用於企業環保 節能燈具改造項目的專項資金。 本集團在收到該財政撥款時確認遞 延收益,按照各項相關資產的預 計使用壽命10年進行攤銷,攤銷 金額計入當期及以後有關期間損 益。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS (Continued)

33. Deferred income (Continued)

- (7) In 2015, Chaopi Trading, a subsidiary of the Company, received government grants totaling RMB8,730,000 from Beijing Municipal Commission of Commerce as a special funding for logistics standardization project. The deferred income was recognized upon receipt of the financial allocations, meanwhile the deferred assets were divided by the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be evenly amortized in the estimated useful life (10 and 5 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.
- (8) In 2016, the Company received government grants totaling RMB3,000,000 from Beijing Municipal Commission of Commerce as a special funding for Chaoyang district Cailanzi project. The deferred income was recognized upon receipt of the financial allocations, meanwhile the deferred assets were divided by the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be evenly amortized in the estimated useful life (10 and 5 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

- (7) 本公司之子公司朝批商貿於2015 年度收到北京市商務委員會撥款共 計人民幣8,730,000元用於支持物 流標準化試點項目的專項資金。 本集團在收到該財政撥款時確認遞 延收益,按照各項相關資產的預 計使用壽命10年及5年進行攤銷, 攤銷金額計入當期及以後有關期間 損益。
- (8) 本公司於2016年度收到北京 市商務委員會撥款共計人民幣 3,000,000元用於支持朝陽區菜籃 子工程建設項目的專項資金。本 集團在收到該財政撥款時確認遞延 收益,按照各項相關資產的預計 使用壽命10年及5年進行攤銷,攤 銷金額計入當期及以後有關期間損 益。

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS (Continued)

33. Deferred income (Continued)

- (9) In 2017, Chaopi Trading, a subsidiary of the Company, received government grants totaling RMB12,647,900 from Beijing Municipal Commission of Commerce as a special funding for logistics standardization project. The deferred income was recognized upon receipt of the financial allocations, meanwhile the deferred assets were divided by the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be evenly amortized in the estimated useful life (8 and 5 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.
- (10) In 2017, the Company received government grants totaling RMB3,140,000 from Beijing Municipal Development and Reform Commission as a special funds for Jingkelong energy-saving emission reduction technology innovation project. The deferred income was recognized upon receipt of the financial allocations, meanwhile the deferred assets were divided by the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be evenly amortized in the estimated useful life (8 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

- (9) 本公司之子公司朝批商貿於2017 年度收到北京市商務委員會撥款共 計人民幣12,647,900元用於支持物 流標準化試點項目的專項資金。 本集團在收到該財政撥款時確認遞 延收益,按照各項相關資產的預 計使用壽命8年及5年進行攤銷, 攤銷金額計入當期及以後有關期間 損益。
- (10) 本公司於2017年度收到北京市發展和改革委員會撥款共計人民幣3,140,000元用於支持京客隆節能減排技術改造項目的專項資金。本集團在收到該財政撥款時確認遞延收益,按照各項相關資產的預計使用壽命8年進行攤銷,攤銷金額計入當期及以後有關期間損益。

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(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS (Continued)

33. Deferred income (Continued)

- (11) In 2017, the Company received government grants totaling RMB4,011,200 from Beijing Municipal Commission of Commerce and Beijing Finance Bureau and as a special funding for Commercial circulation development of agricultural ultra-docking project. The deferred income was recognized upon receipt of the financial allocations, meanwhile the deferred assets were divided by the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be evenly amortized in the estimated useful life (9 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.
- (12) In 2017, the Company received government grants totaling RMB1,199,000 from Beijing Municipal Development and Reform Commission as a special funds for Jingkelong Commercial convenience service investment project. The deferred income was recognized upon receipt of the financial allocations, meanwhile the deferred assets were divided by the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be evenly amortized in the estimated useful life (7 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

33、遞延收益(續)

(11) 本公司於2017年度收到北京 市商務委員會撥款共計人民幣 4,011,200元用於商業流通發展農 超對接項目的專項資金。本集團 在收到該財政撥款時確認遞延收 益,按照各相關資產的預計使用 壽命9年進行攤銷,攤銷金額計入 當期及以後有關期間損益。

(12) 本公司於2017年度收到北京市發展和改革委員會撥款共計人民幣 1,199,000元用於商業便民服務設施投資補助項目的專項資金,本集團在收到該財政撥款時確認遞延收益,按照各相關資產預計使用壽命7年進行攤銷,攤銷金額計入當期及以後有關期間損益。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS (Continued)

33. Deferred income (Continued)

- (13) In 2018, the Company received government grants totaling RMB1,155,200 from Beijing Municipal Development and Reform Commission as a special funds for Jingkelong Store renovation project. The deferred income was recognized upon receipt of the financial allocations, meanwhile the deferred assets were divided by the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be evenly amortized in the estimated useful life (8 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.
- (14) In 2018, the Company received government grants totaling RMB3,681,500 from Beijing Municipal Development and Reform Commission as a special funds for Energy-saving technical transformation project. The deferred income was recognized upon receipt of the financial allocations, meanwhile the deferred assets were divided by the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be evenly amortized in the estimated useful life (10 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

- (13) 本公司於2018年度收到北京市發展和改革委員會撥款共計人民幣 1,155,200元用於門店裝修改造項目的專項資金,本集團在收到該財政撥款時確認遞延收益,按照各相關資產預計使用壽命8年進行攤銷,攤銷金額計入當期及以後有關期間損益。
- (14) 本公司於2018年度收到北京市發展和改革委員會撥款共計人民幣3,681,500元用於節能技改項目的專項資金,本集團在收到該財政撥款時確認遞延收益,按照各相關資產預計使用壽命10年進行攤銷,攤銷金額計入當期及以後有關期間損益。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS (Continued)

33. Deferred income (Continued)

- (15) In 2018, the Company received government grants totaling RMB4,211,820 from Beijing Municipal Commission of Commerce as a special funding for Life service industry development guidance project. The deferred income was recognized upon receipt of the financial allocations, meanwhile the deferred assets were divided by the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be evenly amortized in the estimated useful life (10 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.
- (16) In 2018, the Company received government grants totaling RMB1,471,800 from Beijing Municipal Development and Reform Commission as a special funds for Energy saving carbon reduction project. The deferred income was recognized upon receipt of the financial allocations, meanwhile the deferred assets were divided by the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be evenly amortized in the estimated useful life (10 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

- (15) 本公司於2018年度收到北京 市商務委員會撥款共計人民幣 4,211,820元用於生活性服務業發 展引導項目的專項資金,本集團 在收到該財政撥款時確認遞延收 益,按照各相關資產預計使用壽 命10年進行攤銷,攤銷金額計入 當期及以後有關期間損益。
- (16) 本公司於2018年度收到北京市發展和改革委員會撥款共計人民幣1,471,800元用於節能減碳項目的專項資金,本集團在收到該財政撥款時確認遞延收益,按照各相關資產預計使用壽命10年進行攤銷,攤銷金額計入當期及以後有關期間損益。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS (Continued)

33. Deferred income (Continued)

- (17) In 2019, the Company received government grants totaling RMB1,832,900 from Beijing Municipal Development and Reform Commission as a special funds for Energy saving carbon reduction project. The deferred income was recognized upon receipt of the financial allocations, meanwhile the deferred assets were divided by the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be evenly amortized in the estimated useful life (10 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.
- (18) In 2020, the Company received government grants totaling RMB2,000,000 from Logistics Service Center of Chaoyang District, Beijing as a special funds for Life Service Employment Development Guidance Project. The deferred income was divided by the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be evenly amortized in the estimated useful life (10 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.
- (19) In 2020, the Company received government grants totaling RMB3,566,200 from Beijing Municipal Bureau of Commerce as a special funds for Promote chain operation projects. The deferred income was divided by the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be evenly amortized in the estimated useful life (10 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

- (17) 本公司於2019年度收到北京市發展和改革委員會撥款共計人民幣 1,832,900元用於節能減碳項目的專項資金,本集團在收到該財政撥款時確認遞延收益,按照各相關資產預計使用壽命10年進行攤銷,攤銷金額計入當期及以後有關期間損益。
- (18) 本公司於2020年度收到北京市朝 陽區機關後勤服務中心撥款共計人 民幣2,000,000元用於生活性服務 就業發展引導項目的專項資金, 本集團在收到該財政撥款時確認遞 延收益,按照各相關資產預計使 用壽命10年進行攤銷,攤銷金額 計入當期及以後有關期間損益。
- (19) 本公司於2020年度收到北京市商務局撥款共計人民幣3,566,200元用於推進連鎖經營項目的專項資金,本集團在收到該財政撥款時確認遞延收益,按照各相關資產預計使用壽命5年進行攤銷,攤銷金額計入當期及以後有關期間損益。

財務報表附註

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(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS (Continued)

33. Deferred income (Continued)

- (20) In 2020, the Company received government grants totaling RMB1,783,294 from Beijing Municipal Development and Reform Commission as a special funds for Energy saving carbon reduction project. The deferred income was recognized upon receipt of the financial allocations, meanwhile the deferred assets were divided by the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be evenly amortized in the estimated useful life (10 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.
- (21) In 2021, the Company received government grants totaling RMB356,600 from Logistics Service Center of Chaoyang District, Beijing as a special funds for Promote chain operation projects. The deferred income was divided by the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be evenly amortized in the estimated useful life (4 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.
- (22) In 2021, the Company received government grants totaling RMB470,000 from Beijing Energy Conservation and Environmental Protection Center as a special funds for energy conservation and emission reduction technology transformation projects. The deferred income was divided by the initial entry value of assets. and deferred income would be evenly amortized in the estimated useful life (5 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

- (20) 本公司於2020年度收到北京市朝 陽區發展和改革委員會撥款共計人 民幣1,733,294元用於節能減碳項 目專項資金,集團在收到該財政 撥款時確認遞延收益,按照各相 關資產預計使用壽命10年進行攤 銷,攤銷金額計入當期及以後有 關期間損益。
- (21) 本公司於2021年度收到北京市朝 陽區機關後勤服務中心撥款共計人 民幣356,600元用於推進連鎖經營 項目的專項資金,本集團在收到 該財政撥款時確認遞延收益,按 照各相關資產預計使用壽命4年進 行攤銷,攤銷金額計入當期及以 後有關期間損益。
- (22) 本公司於2021年度收到北京節能 環保中心撥款共計人民幣470,000 元用於節能減排技術改造項目的專 項資金,本集團在收到該財政撥 款時確認遞延收益,按照各相關 資產預計使用壽命5年進行攤銷, 攤銷金額計入當期及以後有關期間 損益。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS (Continued)

33. Deferred income (Continued)

- (23) In 2021, the Company received government grants totaling RMB836,500 from Beijing Municipal Development and Reform Commission as a special funds for Energy saving carbon reduction project. The deferred income was recognized upon receipt of the financial allocations, meanwhile the deferred assets were divided by the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be evenly amortized in the estimated useful life (10 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.
- (24) In 2022, the Company received government grants totaling RMB870,000 from Beijing Energy Conservation and Environmental Protection Center as a special funds for energy conservation and emission reduction technology transformation projects. The deferred income was divided by the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be evenly amortized in the estimated useful life (3.83 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.
- (25) In 2022, the Company received government grants totaling RMB1,903,100 from Beijing Municipal Development and Reform Commission as a special funds for Energy saving carbon reduction project. The deferred income was recognized upon receipt of the financial allocations, meanwhile the deferred assets were divided by the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be evenly amortized in the estimated useful life (10 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

- (23) 本公司於2021年度收到北京市朝 陽區發展和改革委員會撥款共計 人民幣836,500元用於節能減碳項 目專項資金,集團在收到該財政 撥款時確認遞延收益,按照各相 關資產預計使用壽命10年進行攤 銷,攤銷金額計入當期及以後有 關期間損益。
- (24) 本公司於2022年度收到北京節能 環保中心撥款共計人民幣870,000 元用於節能減排技術改造項目的 專項資金,本集團在收到該財政 撥款時確認遞延收益,按照各相 關資產預計使用壽命3.83年進行攤 銷,攤銷金額計入當期及以後有 關期間損益。
- (25) 本公司於2022年度收到北京市朝陽區發展和改革委員會撥款共計人民幣1,903,100元用於節能減排技術改造項目的專項資金,本集團在收到該財政撥款時確認遞延收益,按照各相關資產預計使用壽命10年進行攤銷,攤銷金額計入當期及以後有關期間損益。

財務報表附註

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(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS (Continued)

33. Deferred income (Continued)

(26) In 2022, the Company received government grants totaling RMB1,156,600 from Logistics Service Center of Chaoyang District, Beijing as a special funds for Life Service Employment Development Guidance Project. The deferred income was divided by the initial entry value of assets, and deferred income would be evenly amortized in the estimated useful life (10 years) of the related assets, recorded in the profit and loss in current period and subsequent related periods.

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

33、遞延收益(續)

34、預計負債

(26) 本公司於2022年度收到北京市朝 陽區機關後勤服務中心撥款共計人 民幣1,156,600元用於生活性服務 業發展引導項目的專項資金,本 集團在收到該財政撥款時確認遞延 收益,按照各相關資產預計使用 壽命10年進行攤銷,攤銷金額計 入當期及以後有關期間損益。

34. Estimated liabilities

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Pending litigation	未決訴訟	10,018,930	_
Total	合計	10,018,930	-

Note: On 31 August, the Company received the civil judgment (2022) J0106 MC6227 served by the People's Court of Fengtai District, Beijing, which ruled that the Company should pay a penalty of RMB10,018,930 to Beijing Yuquan Xingye Investment Management Company. On September 2022, the Company has filed an appeal to the Beijing Second Intermediate People's Court, and has not yet made a second trial decision. Thus, the Company has accrued estimated liabilities of RMB10,018,930.

註: 於2022年8月31日,本公司收到北京 市豐台區人民法院送達的(2022)京0106 民初6227號民事判決書,判決本公司 向北京玉泉興業投資管理公司支付違約 金10,018,930元。於2022年9月,本 公司向北京市第二中級人民法院提起上 訴,截止2022年12月31日尚未作出二 審判決。由於該事項,本公司計提預 計負債10,018,930元。

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VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

35. Share capital

35、股本

				Cha	anges in the perior	d		
					本年變動			
					Capitalization			
		Opening	New issue of		of surplus			Closing
Item	項目	balance 年初數	shares 發行新股	Bonus issue 送股	reserves 公積金轉股	Others 其他	Subtotal 小計	balance 年末數
ILEITI	供 目	十忉数	致1] 机双	还放	ム 惧 立 特 収	共祀	اقرار	十小数
For the year ended at 31 December 2022	2022年度							
State-owned legal person shares Chaofu Company Subtotal of state-owned legal person	1. 國有法人持股 朝富公司 國有法人持股小計	167,409,808	-	-	-	-	-	167,409,808
shares 2. Other domestic-owned shares	2. 其他內資持股	167,409,808	-	-	-	-	-	167,409,808
Shares held by domestic non-state owned legal person	境內非國有法人 持股	5,210,428	_	_	_	_	_	5,210,428
Domestic individual shareholders	境內自然人股東	57,439,764	-	-	-	-	-	57,439,764
Foreign listed shares denominated in RMB	3. 境外上市的人民幣 外資股	182,160,000	_	_	_	-	-	182,160,000
Total shares	股份總數	412,220,000	-	-	-	-	-	412,220,000
For the year ended at 31 December	2021年度							
2021 1. State-owned legal person shares	1. 國有法人持股							
Chaofu Company Subtotal of state-owned legal person	朝富公司 國有法人持股小計	167,409,808	-	-	-	-	-	167,409,808
shares 2. Other domestic-owned shares	2. 其他內資持股	167,409,808	-	-	-	-	-	167,409,808
Shares held by domestic non-state	境內非國有法人	5 040 400						E 040 400
owned legal person Domestic individual shareholders	持股 境內自然人股東	5,210,428 57,439,764	_		-	_	_	5,210,428 57,439,764
3. Foreign listed shares	3. 境外上市的人民幣							
denominated in RMB	外資股	182,160,000	-		-	-	-	182,160,000
Total shares	股份總數	412,220,000	-	-	-	-	-	412,220,000

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

36. Capital reserves

36、資本公積

For the year ended at 31 December 2022

2022年度

		2022.1.1 二零二二年	Increase in the period	Decrease in the period	2022.12.31 二零二二年
Item	項目	一月一日	本年增加	本年減少	十二月三十一日
Capital premium Equity transaction with minority shareholders of	股本溢價 與子公司少數股東股 權交易	609,790,884	-	-	609,790,884
subsidiaries		(10,308,923)	_	_	(10,308,923)
Other capital reserves	其他資本公積	5,695,493	_	_	5,695,493
Total	合計	605,177,454	_	_	605,177,454

For the year ended at 31 December 2021

2021年度

		2021.1.1 二零二一年	Increase in the period	Decrease in the period	2021.12.31 二零二一年
Item	項目	一月一日	本年增加	本年減少	十二月三十一日
Capital premium Equity transaction with minority shareholders of	股本溢價 與子公司少數股東股 權交易(註)	609,790,884	-	-	609,790,884
subsidiaries (Note)		(10,443,286)	134,363	_	(10,308,923)
Other capital reserves	其他資本公積	5,695,493	-	_	5,695,493
	A ÷1				
Total	合計	605,043,091	134,363	_	605,177,454

Note: The transaction with the minority shareholders of the subsidiary increased by RMB134,363 in this year, which means that Chaopi Zhongde, a subsidiary of the Company, acquired 10% equity of the minority shareholders of its subsidiary Chaopi Fangsheng. The above amount was caused by the investment cost less than the share of the net assets of Chaopi Fangsheng

註: 本年與子公司少數股東股權交易增加人 民幣134,363元,為本公司之子公司朝 批中得收購其子公司朝批方盛之少數股 東10%股權,投資成本小於應享有朝 批方盛淨資產份額所致。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

37. Surplus reserves

37、盈餘公積

Item	項目	Opening balance 年初數	Increase in the period 本年增加	Decrease in the period 本年減少	Closing balance 年末數
For the year ended at 31 December 2022	2022年度				
Statutory surplus reserve	法定盈餘公積	169,059,880	-	-	169,059,880
For the year ended at 31 December 2021	2021年度				
Statutory surplus reserve	法定盈餘公積	169,059,880	-	-	169,059,880

In accordance with Company Law and Company's Articles of Association, the Company should appropriate 10% of net profit for the year to the statutory surplus reserve, and the Company can cease appropriation when the statutory surplus reserve accumulated to more than 50% of the paid in capital.

根據公司法、本集團章程的規定,本 集團按淨利潤的10%提取法定盈餘公積 金。法定盈餘公積累計額為本集團註冊 資本50%以上的,可不再提取。

Statutory surplus reserve can be used to make up for the loss, expanding operation or increase the paid in capital.

法定盈餘公積可用於彌補公司的虧損, 擴大公司生產經營或轉增公司資本。

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Proportion of

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

38. Undistributed profits

38、未分配利潤

Item	項目	Amount 金額	appropriation 提取或分配比例
For the year ended at 31 December 2022 Undistributed profits at the beginning of year	2022年度: 年初未分配利潤	487,060,672	
Add: Net profit attributable to the shareholders of the parent company for the year	加:本年歸屬於母公司 所有者的淨利潤	(96,070,695)	
Less: Appropriation to statutory surplus reserve Ordinary shares' dividends payable	減:提取法定盈餘公積 應付普通股股利	20,611,000	10%
Other Undistributed profits at the end of the year	其他 年末未分配利潤	370,378,977	
For the year ended at 31 December 2021 Undistributed profit at the end of last period before adjustment Add: Net profit attributable to the	2021年度: 年初未分配利潤 加:本年歸屬於母公司	550,756,039	
shareholders of the parent company for the year Less: Appropriation to statutory surplus reserve	所有者的淨利潤減:提取法定盈餘公積	(22,474,226)	10%
Ordinary shares' dividends payable Other Undistributed profits at the end of the year	應付普通股股利 其他 年末未分配利潤	41,222,000 (859) 487,060,672	1070

(1) Cash dividend approved and subject to be approved in the annual general meeting

According to the notice of the annual general meeting on 13 May 2022, a final dividend of RMB0.05 per share in respect of year ended 31 December 2021 was declared and paid to the shareholders of the Company. The aggregated amount of the final dividend declared and paid was RMB20,611,000.

(1) 股東大會已批准和需經批准的現金 股利

於2022年5月13日,根據本公司的股東會決議,本公司分配2021年度股利為每股人民幣0.05元,合計股利為人民幣20.611,000元。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS (Continued)

38. Undistributed profits (Continued)

(1) Cash dividend approved and subject to be approved in the annual general meeting (Continued)

According to the notice of the annual general meeting on 21 May 2021, a final dividend of RMB0.10 per share in respect of year ended 31 December 2020 was declared and paid to the shareholders of the Company. The aggregated amount of the final dividend declared and paid was RMB41,222,000.

As the net profit (loss) attributable to the shareholders of the parent company for the Reporting Period was RMB(96,070,695) on 30 March 2023, the Board of the Company proposed not to pay a final dividend to its shareholders. which means there will be no cash dividend distribution, nor will the capital reserves be capitalized or other forms of distribution be made in respect of the year ended 3l December 2022 in order to ensure the continuous and stable operation and the long-term interest of the shareholders of the Company, after taking into account the operation plans and capital needs of the Company in 2023. The above proposal of not distributing a final dividend is subject to the consideration and approval at the upcoming 2022 annual general meeting of the Company to be held on 17 May 2023.

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

38、未分配利潤(續)

(1) 股東大會已批准和需經批准的現金 股利(續)

於2021年5月21日,根據本公司的股東會決議,本公司分配2020年度股利為每股人民幣0.10元,合計股利為人民幣41,222,000元。

於2023年3月30日,本公司董 事會結合報告期間歸屬於母公司 所有者的淨利潤(虧損)為人民幣 (96,070,695)元,為保障本公司持 續穩定經營和全體股東的長遠割 益,綜合考慮2023年經營計劃和 資金需求,建議2022年度不服利 配,也不進行資本公積金轉增股 本和其他形式的分配。上述建構 不派發的末期股息的議案須持股 不派發的末期股息的議案有開 2022年度股東週年大會審議並批 准後,方可作實。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

38. Undistributed profits (Continued)

38、未分配利潤(續)

(2) Surplus reserves of subsidiaries

On 31 December 2022, the undistributed profits of the Group included surplus reserves of subsidies totaling in the period RMB19,457,101 (31 December 2021: RMB22,036,753).

(2) 子公司已提取的盈餘公積

2022年12月31日,本集團未分配 利潤餘額中包括子公司本年提取 的盈餘公積為人民幣19,457,101 元(2021年12月31日:人民幣 22,036,753元)。

39. Operating income and operating costs

39、營業收入和營業成本

(1) Operating income and operating costs

(1) 營業收入及成本

		202	2	202	1
		2022	F度	2021 [±]	手 度
Item	項目	Income 收入	Cost 成本	Income 收入	Cost 成本
Principal operating Other operating	主營業務 其他業務	8,661,081,792 880,272,397	7,460,838,561 33,677,978	10,100,311,991 956,243,332	8,891,142,620 42,248,127
Total	合計	9,541,354,189	7,494,516,539	11,056,555,323	8,933,390,747

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

39. Operating income and operating costs (Continued)

39、營業收入和營業成本(續)

(2) Principal operating income (classified by industry segments)

(2) 主營業務(分行業)

		20	2022)21
		202	2年度	202	1年度
Item	項目	Principal operating income 主營業務收入	Principal operating costs 主營業務成本	Principal operating income 主營業務收入	Principal operating costs 主營業務成本
Retail Wholesale Others	零售 批發 其他	3,398,362,021 5,245,553,833 17,165,938	2,819,066,691 4,630,150,734 11,621,136	3,243,962,948 6,843,854,319 12,494,724	2,671,620,921 6,211,649,311 7,872,388
Total	合計	8,661,081,792	7,460,838,561	10,100,311,991	8,891,142,620

The principal operating income mainly consists of selling food, non-staple food, daily consumer goods, beverages and wines etc.

主營業務收入主要為銷售食品、 副食品、日用消費品、飲料和酒 等取得的收入。

(3) Operating income of the Group's top five customers

(3) 公司前五名客戶的營業收入情況 2022年度

For the year ended at 31 December 2022

Proportion of the total operating income of the Group (%) Operating income 佔公司全部營業收 項目 入的比例(%) Item 營業收入 Beijing JD Century Trading 北京京東世紀貿易有限公司 Co., Ltd 1,104,498,248 12 Beijing Wumei Comprehensive 北京物美綜合超市有限公司 Supermarket Co., Ltd 511,185,175 5 Wal-Mart (China) Investment 沃爾瑪(中國)投資有限公司 Co., Ltd. 2 210,438,192 Vipshop 唯品會 151,449,308 2 Yonghui Commercial Co., Ltd. 永輝商業有限公司 147,974,773 2 Total 合計 2,125,545,696 23

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

39. Operating income and operating costs (Continued)

39、營業收入和營業成本(續)

(3) Operating income of the Group's top five customers

(Continued)

For the year ended at 31 December 2021

· (續)

公司前五名客戶的營業收入情況

Proportion of the

2021年度

total operating income of the Operating income Group (%) 佔公司全部營業收

項目 營業收入 入的比例(%) Item Beijing JD Century Trading 北京京東世紀貿易有限公司 Co., Ltd 1,504,420,845 14 Beijing Wumei Comprehensive 北京物美綜合超市有限公司 Supermarket Co., Ltd 5 571,774,052 Hong Kong Transocean 香港越洋無限有限公司 Unlimited Co., Ltd. 2 245,473,911 Wal-Mart (China) Investment 沃爾瑪(中國)投資有限公司 Co., Ltd. 237,600,428 2 浙江天貓網絡科技有限公司 Zhejiang Tmall Network Technology Co., Ltd. 2 202,243,964 合計 Total 2,761,513,200 25

40. Taxes and surcharges

40、税金及附加

Item	項目	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Consumption tax City construction and	消費税 城市維護建設税	-	1,000,975
maintenance tax		11,576,076	16,484,540
Building tax	房產税	15,033,461	16,369,172
Land tax	土地使用税	1,013,003	992,796
Vehicle and vessel use tax	車船使用税	129,399	142,769
Stamp tax	印花税	5,593,549	5,973,640
Environmental protection tax	環境保護税	18,650	14,229
Others	其他	11,697	33,447
Total	合計	33,375,835	41,011,568

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VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

41. Selling expenses

41、銷售費用

Item	項目	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Wages and salaries	職工薪酬	477,682,106	475,711,610
Depreciation and amortization	折舊及攤銷費用		
expenses		328,933,231	342,277,455
Service fee	服務費	318,150,667	210,566,361
Promotional expenses	宣傳促銷費	204,279,579	300,427,348
Utility fee	水電費	63,931,228	64,192,474
Shipping fee	運輸費	45,964,067	38,085,282
Security fee	保安費	36,175,416	35,576,111
Repair fee	修理費	28,454,474	29,970,691
Coal fee	煤柴費	15,374,209	16,819,256
Cleaning fee	保潔費	16,405,101	16,000,224
Warehousing fee	倉儲費用	8,943,694	14,452,136
Advertising fee	廣告宣傳費	8,709,540	12,071,461
Lease expenses	租賃費	7,361,294	17,007,604
Property costs	物業費	5,760,526	10,136,881
Others	其他	33,728,325	27,548,984
Total	合計	1,599,853,457	1,610,843,878

42. Administrative expenses

42、管理費用

Item	項目	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Wages and salaries Depreciation and amortization	職工薪酬 折舊及攤銷費用	250,439,655	246,776,101
expenses		11,290,276	10,758,390
Inventory count loss	存貨盤點損失	3,923,930	3,823,857
Service fee	服務費	2,911,734	3,213,434
Audit fees	審計費	3,305,066	3,170,790
Consulting fee	諮詢費	2,906,086	2,660,566
Low value consumables	低值易耗品	1,757,813	2,303,790
Repair fee	修理費	1,140,719	1,073,102
Others	其他費用	5,593,428	9,505,485
Total	合計	283,268,707	283,285,515

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

43. Financial expenses

43、財務費用

Item	項目	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Interest expenses Including: Lease liability interest	利息支出 其中:租賃負債利息支出	126,870,870	146,447,610
expense		38,671,532	49,719,757
Less: Capitalized interest	減:利息資本化金額		
expenses		218,118	101,938
Interest income	利息收入	(9,010,515)	(10,209,883)
Bank charges	銀行手續費	10,431,209	8,611,299
Exchange losses (gains)	匯兑損益	858,624	81,291
Total	合計	128,932,070	144,828,379

44. Other income

44、其他收益

(1) Details of other income

(1) 其他收益明細如下

Item	項目	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Government grants	政府補助	13,986,027	20,268,221
Total	合計	13,986,027	20,268,221

(2) Details of government grants

(2) 政府補助明細

Item	項目	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Asset-related government grants amortization for the current year	與資產相關的政府補助本年 攤銷	8,819,956	9,112,263
Ease the employment pressure Government reserve expense Other	緩解就業壓力補貼 政府儲備費用補貼 其他補貼	3,237,539 - 1,928,532	3,933,580 1,975,287 5,247,091
Total	合計	13,986,027	20,268,221

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VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

45. Investment income

45、投資收益

Item	項目	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Investment income from purchase of structured deposits Investment income from disposal	購買結構性存款投資收益處置長期股權投資產生的投資收益	2,094,958	-
of long-term equity investment Investment income from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	處置以公允價值計量且其變動計入 當期損益的金融資產取得的投資 收益	10,260,886	3,400,882 9,616,515
Investment income of financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss during the holding period	以公允價值計量且其變動計入當期 損益的金融資產在持有期間的投 資收益	1,433,830	1,382,478
Total	合計	13,789,674	14,399,875

46. Gains from changes in fair values

46、公允價值變動收益

Sources of gains from changes in fair values	產生公允價值變動收益的來源	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Trading financial assets Including: classified financial assets at fair values through profits or losses (exclude gains from changes in fair value of derivative instruments) classified financial assets at fair values through profits or losses (gains from changes in fair value of derivative instruments)	交易性金融資產 其中:分類為公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益的金融資產(衍生工具產生的公允價值變動收益除外) 分類為公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益的金融資產(衍生金融工具產生的公允價值變動收益)	(31,168,457) (31,168,457)	(25,559,594) (25,559,594)
Total	合計	(31,168,457)	(25,559,594)

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

47. Credit impairment loss

47、信用減值損失

Item	項目	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Credit loss of note receivable and accounts receivable Credit loss of other receivable	應收票據及應收款項信用損失 其他應收款信用損失	(6,855,171) (1,777,403)	(9,456,696) (2,093,027)
Total	合計	(8,632,574)	(11,549,723)

48. Gain on disposal of assets

48、資產處置收益

Item	項目	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Gain on disposal of non-current assets	非流動資產處置收益	19,549,060	5,483,155
Total	合計	19,549,060	5,483,155

49. Non-operating income

49、營業外收入

(1) Details of non-operating income

(1) 營業外收入明細如下

Item	項目	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度	The amounts included in non-recurring gains and losses for the year 計入當年非經常性損益的金額
Total gains on spoilage and obsolescence of non-current assets Including: Gains on spoilage and obsolescence of non-current assets of fixed	非流動資產毀損報廢利得 合計 其中:固定資產毀損報廢 利得	110,597	31,241	110,597
assets		110,597	31,241	110,597
Government grants	政府補助	-	898,492	-
Compensation for breach of contract		5,042,760	3,124,667	5,042,760
Tax rate adjustment underpayment	税率調整少支付款項	-	357,995	-
Disposal of waste materials	處理廢舊物資	-	-	
Others	其他	1,929,271	8,249,987	1,929,271
Total	合計	7,082,628	12,662,382	7,082,628

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

49. Non-operating income (Continued)

49、營業外收入(續)

(2) Details of government grants

(2) 政府補助明細

Item	項目	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Retirement compensation (Note)	騰退補償款(註)	_	738,492
People's livelihood subsidy (Note) Received vehicle scrap	民生補貼(註) 車輛報廢補助款(註)	-	150,000
subsidy from the Ecological Environment Bureau (Note)	→ HII TIX/33 (15 95) がくく kエ)	_	10,000
Total	슴計	_	898,492

Note: RMB738,492 was the compensation fund vacated by the People's Government of Pingfang Township, Chaoyang District, Beijing RMB150,000 was the subsidy received by Langfang from the Guangyang District Finance Bureau of Langfang City, and the other RMB10,000 was the subsidy received by Beijing Chaopi Yuli Trading Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of Chaopi Trading, for the vehicle scrapping subsidy received by the Ecological Environment Bureau.

註: 其中:人民幣738,492元為北京 市朝陽區平房鄉人民政府騰退補 償款:人民幣150,000元為廊坊 公司收到廊坊市廣陽區財政局民 生補貼:人民幣10,000元為朝批 商貿之子公司北京朝批裕利商貿 有限公司收到生態環境局車輛報 廢補助款。

50. Non-operating expenses

50、營業外支出

				The amounts included in non-recurring gains and
		2022	2021	losses for the year 計入當年非經常性
Item	項目	2022年度	2021年度	損益的金額
Losses on spoilage and obsolescence of	非流動資產毀損報廢 損失			
non-current assets		1,672,440	3,662,043	1,672,440
Fine	罰金	193,278	4,290,192	193,278
Others	其他	37,777,817	7,607,910	37,777,817
Total	合計	39,643,535	15,560,145	39,643,535

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

51. Income tax expense

51、所得税費用

(1) Details of income tax expense

(1) 所得税費用表

Item	項目	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Current income tax expense Deferred income tax expense	當期所得税費用 遞延所得税費用	51,695,078 (6,907,346)	41,105,907 (8,710,982)
Total	合計	44,787,732	32,394,925

(2) Reconciliation between income tax expenses and accounting profits is as follows:

(2) 會計利潤與所得税費用調整過程

Item	項目	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Total profit	利潤總額	(23,629,596)	43,339,407
Income tax expense calculated at appropriate tax rate Effect of subsidiary companies to	按法定/適用税率計算的所得税費 用 子公司適用不同税率的影響	(5,907,399)	10,834,852
adapt different tax rates		1,051,717	(407,862)
Effect of adjusting the previous years' income tax	調整以前期間所得税的影響	(373,235)	241,449
Effect of non-taxable income Effect of non-deductible costs,	非應税收入的影響 不可抵扣的成本、費用和損失的影	(358,457)	-
expenses and losses	響	2,822,156	1,456,730
Effect of using deductible losses of previously unrecognized	使用前期未確認遞延所得税資產的 可抵扣虧損的影響		
deferred tax assets		(12,148,101)	(26,637,253)
Effect of deductible temporary difference or deductible losses of unrecognized deferred tax	本年未確認遞延所得税資產的可抵 扣暫時性差異或可抵扣虧損的影 響		
assets in the period		59,701,051	46,907,009
Total	合計	44,787,732	32,394,925

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VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

52. Net profit

52、淨利潤

The Group's net profit is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

本集團的淨利潤乃經扣除(計入)以下 各項

Haras	福 日	Notes	2022	2021
Item	項目	附註	2022年度	2021年度
Cost of goods sold	商品銷售成本	(VI) 39	7,460,838,562	8,891,142,620
Depreciation of investment	投資性房地產折舊			
properties		(VI) 10	8,690,564	8,690,564
Depreciation of fixed assets	固定資產折舊	(VI) 11	90,394,858	94,715,164
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	(VI) 13	178,682,961	190,229,398
Amortization of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	(VI) 14	17,196,050	16,713,891
Amortization of leasehold	經營租入固定資產改良支出			
improvements	攤銷	(VI) 16	56,098,086	60,418,657
Total of depreciation and	折舊與攤銷合計			
amortization			351,062,520	370,767,674
Net losses on disposal of non-	非流動資產處置淨損失			
current assets		(VI) 48,49,50	(17,987,218)	(1,852,353)
Net rental income of investment	投資性房地產租金淨收入			
properties			(7,704,366)	(17,505,676)
Staff costs	職工薪酬費用	(VI) 25	729,020,479	724,005,881
Including: Directors and supervisors'	其中:董事、監事酬金			
emoluments			5,376,814	4,462,475
Other staff costs:	其他員工成本:			
Wages or salaries and	工資、薪金及社會保			
social security costs	障成本		656,070,770	655,235,217
Basic retirement	基本養老保險費			
insurance			67,572,895	64,308,189
Audit expenses	審計費用		3,305,066	3,170,790

Calculation process of basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share

While calculating basic earnings per share, net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders for the current year is as follows:

53、基本每股收益和稀釋每股收益的計算 過程

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計算基本每股收益時,歸屬於普通股股 東的當期淨利潤為

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Item	項目	2022年度	2021年度
Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders for the current year Including: Net profit from continuing	歸屬於普通股股東的當期淨利潤其中:歸屬於持續經營的淨利潤	(96,070,695)	(22,474,226)
operations	六·[·	(96,070,695)	(22,474,226)

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

53. Calculation process of basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share (Continued)

While calculating basic earnings per share, the denominator is the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding and its calculation process is as follows:

53、基本每股收益和稀釋每股收益的計算 過程(續)

計算基本每股收益時,分母為發行在外 普通股加權平均數,計算過程如下

Item	項目	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Number of ordinary shares outstanding	發行在外的普通股數	412,220,000	412,220,000

Earnings per share

每股收益

Item	項目	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Calculated based on net profit and net profit from continuing operations attributable to shareholders of the parent	按歸屬於母公司股東的淨利潤 及歸屬於母公司股東的持續 經營淨利潤計算:		
company: Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	基本每股收益 稀釋每股收益	(0.23) N/A	(0.05) N/A

At date of report, the Company had no dilutive potential ordinary shares.

截至報表日,公司無具有稀釋性的潛在 普通股。

54. Items in the cash flow statements

54、現金流量表項目

(1) Other cash received relating to operating activities

(1) 收到其他與經營活動有關的現金

Item	項目	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Income of rent Income of scrap sales Income of franchise Income of government grant Recovered deposit Others	租金收入 廢品收入 加盟店收入 政府補助收入 收回押金 其他	120,198,390 2,931,455 745,202 9,095,771 22,625,270 8,956,910	176,488,793 2,743,834 743,470 13,847,550 15,433,428 8,227,939
Total	合計	164,552,998	217,485,014

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VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

54. Items in the cash flow statements (Continued)

54、現金流量表項目(續)

(2) Other cash paid relating to operating activities

(2) 支付其他與經營活動有關的現金

Item	項目	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Selling expenses (except rent) Administrative expenses Rent Deposit and margin Bank charges Others	銷售費用(不含租金) 管理費用 支付租金 支付押金和保證金 銀行手續費 其他	638,786,644 22,063,446 5,713,337 18,900,371 10,431,210 3,440,617	558,623,818 25,751,024 17,007,604 487,666 8,611,299 5,365,574
Total	合計	699,335,625	615,846,985

(3) Receive other cash related to investment activities

(3) 收到其他與投資活動有關的現金

Item	項目	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Repayment of Shoulian Group	收回首聯借款	60,000,000	28,848,342
Total	合計	60,000,000	28,848,342

(4) Received other cash related to fundraising activities

(4) 收到其他與籌資活動有關的現金

Item	項目	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Bill margin Borrowing from minority shareholders	票據保證金 向少數股東借款	99,958,523	178,800,993 400,000
Total	合計	99,958,523	179,200,993

(5) Paying other cash related to fundraising activities

(5) 支付其他與籌資活動有關的現金

Item	項目	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Repayment of lease liabilities principal and interest	償還租賃負債本金及利息	186,536,025	200,251,182
Bill margin	票據保證金	70,204,269	184,533,337
Total	合計	256,740,294	384,784,519

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

55. Supplementary information to the cash flow statement

55、現金流量表補充資料

(1) Supplementary information to the cash flow statement

(1) 現金流量表補充資料

Supplementary information	補充資料	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
оприетия у ппотпалон	田儿真何	2022干及	2021-12
Reconciliation of net profits and cash flow from operating activities: Net profits Add: Provision for impairment losses on assets	1·將淨利潤調節為經營活動現金 流量: 淨利潤 加:計提的資產減值準備	(68,417,328)	10,944,482
Credit impairment loss	信用減值損失	8,632,574	11,549,723
Depreciation of fixed assets	固定資產折舊	90,394,858	94,715,164
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	178,682,961	190,229,398
Depreciation of investment	投資性房地產折舊	170,002,901	190,229,390
property		8,690,564	8,690,564
Amortization of intangible	無形資產攤銷	47.400.050	10.710.001
assets Amortization of long-term	長期待攤費用攤銷	17,196,050	16,713,891
prepaid expenses	区分门 斑 兵门 斑 蚏	56,098,086	60,418,657
Net Losses on disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and	處置固定資產、無形資產 和其他長期資產的淨損		, ,
other long-term assets Losses arising from the	失 固定資產報廢損失	(19,549,060)	(5,483,155)
scrapped fixed assets	四足其连刊级识人	1,561,843	3,630,802
Losses on Changes in fair	公允價值變動損失	1,551,515	-,,
value		31,168,457	25,559,594
Financial expenses (Exchange gains and losses)	財務費用(含匯兑損益)	125,854,006	146,345,672
Losses arising from investments	投資損失	(13,789,674)	(14,399,875)
Decrease in deferred tax assets	遞延所得税資產的減少	890,455	(2,357,864)
Increase in deferred tax	遞延所得税負債的增加	(7.707.004)	(0.050.550)
liabilities Decrease (Increase) in	存貨的減少(減増加)	(7,797,801)	(6,350,553)
inventories		21,699,029	(115,189,386)
Decrease in operating	經營性應收項目的減少		,
receivables	經營性應付項目的增加	(274,235,652)	104,577,842
Increase in operating payables Net cash flows from operating	經營活動產生的現金流量淨額	509,234,139	(137,660,299)
activities		666,313,507	391,934,657
2. Net changes in cash and cash	2 · 現金及現金等價物淨變動情況:		
equivalents: Closing balance of cash	現金的年末餘額	725 210 661	1,018,462,092
Less: Opening balance of cash	说	735,318,661 1,018,462,092	1,032,379,757
Net increase in cash and cash	現金及現金等價物淨增加(減	.,,,	
equivalents	少)額	(283,143,431)	(13,917,665)

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VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

55. Supplementary information to the cash flow

55、現金流量表補充資料(續)

statement (Continued)

(2) Cash and cash equivalents

(2) 現金及現金等價物的構成

Item	項目	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Cash Including: Cash on hand Bank deposits on	現金 其中:庫存現金 可隨時用於支付的銀行	- 7,261,238	- 7,604,708
demand Closing balance of cash and cash	存款 現金及現金等價物餘額	728,057,423	1,010,857,384
equivalents		735,318,661	1,018,462,092

56. Net current assets

56、淨流動資產

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Current assets	流動資產	4,864,324,269	4,846,982,996
Less: Current liabilities	減:流動負債	4,843,812,766	4,423,720,333
Net current assets	淨流動資產	20,511,503	423,262,663

57. Total assets less current liabilities

57、總資產減流動負債

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Total assets	資產總額	7,487,090,042	7,842,092,472
Less: Current liabilities	減:流動負債	4,843,812,766	4,423,720,333
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	2,643,277,276	3,418,372,139

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VI. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

六、合併財務報表項目註釋(續)

STATEMENTS (Continued)

58. Assets that ownership or usufruct is restricted

58、所有權或使用權受限制的資產

Item	項目	Carrying amount at 31 December 2022 年末賬面價值	Restriction reasons 受限原因
Cash and bank balances (Note) Accounts receivable	貨幣資金(註)應收賬款	155,300,026 7,609,413	作為保證金存款而受到限制
Total	合計	162,909,439	

Note: Restricted deposits are classified as deposits of RMB155,300,026 as margins of financing nature.

註: 受限制的保證金,分類為作為銀行承兑 匯票的保證金人民幣155,300,026元。

59. Foreign currency monetary items

59、外幣貨幣性項目

		2022.12.31				2021.12.311	
		二零二	二年十二月三十		_零_	一年十二月三十	<u>-</u>
		Closing balance	Evahanna	Closing	Closing balance	Cychongo	Closing
		in foreign currency	Exchange rate	balance in RMB 折算人民幣	in foreign currency	Exchange rate	balance in RMB 折算人民幣
Item	項目	外幣餘額	折算匯率	餘額	外幣餘額	折算匯率	餘額
Cash and cash balances Including: USD EUR HKD GBP	貨幣資金 其中:美元 歐元 港元 英鎊	936,082 115,889 6,746 93	6.9646 7.4229 0.8933 8.3941	7,386,469 6,519,437 860,229 6,026 777	9,003,228 115,889 12,063 93	6.3757 7.2197 0.8176 8.6064	58,249,218 57,401,874 836,684 9,863 797

VII. CHANGES IN THE CONSOLIDATION SCOPE

七、合併範圍的變更

None. mathrew

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

VIII. EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES

八、在其他主體中的權益

Equity in subsidiaries

在子公司中的權益

(1) Components of the Company

(1) 企業集團的構成

Subsidiary	Туре	Place of incorporation	Nature of business	Registered Capital	Scope of business	Proportion of ownership interests (%) 持股比例	Proportion of voting power (%) 表決權比例	Whether Consolidated or not 是否合併	Notes
子公司名稱	子公司類型	註冊地	業務性質	註冊資本	經營範圍	(%)	(%)	報表	備註
Beijing Jingkelong (Langfang) Co., Ltd.	Limited company	Langfang, PRC	Retail	80,000,000	Retail of general merchandise	100	100	Yes	
(Jingkelong Langfang) 北京京客隆(廊坊)有限公司(以下簡稱「京客 隆廊坊」)	有限責任公司	廊坊	零售業 零售業		零售百貨、日用雑品、食品、紡織品等			是	
Beijing Jingkelong Supermarket Chain Co.,	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Retail	29,000,000	Retail of general merchandise	100	100	Yes	
Ltd. (Jingkelong Tongzhou) 北京京客隆超市連鎖有限公司(以下簡稱「京 客隆通州」)	有限責任公司	北京	零售業		零售百貨、日用雑品、食品、紡織品等			是	
Beijing Xinyang Tongli Commercial Facilities Co,. Ltd. (Xinyang Tongli)	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Manufacture	10,000,000	Production of plastic packing materials and installation and maintenance of commercial equipment	55.66	55.66	Yes	
北京欣陽通力商業設備有限公司(以下簡稱 「欣陽通力」)	有限責任公司	北京	製造業		加工製造:家具、商業專用機械、塑料 包裝製品等以及設備修理			是	
Beijing Jingkelong Shouchao Commercial Co., Ltd. (Shoulian Supermarket)	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Retail	398,453,439	Retail of general merchandise	100	100	Yes	
北京京客隆首超商業有限公司(以下簡稱「首聯超市」)	有限責任公司	北京	零售業 令日来		零售百貨、日用雑品、食品、紡織品等			是	
Beijing Jingkelong Haotian Hotel	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Hospitality	5,000,000	Hotel management, food and beverage,	100	100	Yes	
Management Co., Ltd. (Haotian Hotel) 北京京客隆吴天酒店管理有限公司(以下簡 稱[吳天酒店])	有限責任公司	北京	酒店服務業		and leasing 酒店管理、餐飲管理、出租商業用房			是	
Beijing Jingkelong Vocational Training	Institutional	Beijing, PRC	Training	500,000	Training of shop assistant	100	100	Yes	
School (Training School) 北京市朝陽區京客隆職業技能培訓學校(以 下簡稱「培訓學校」)	organization 事業法人	北京	培訓		營業員培訓			是	
Beijing Lianchao Company Limited (the "Lianchao Limited")	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Retail	10,000,000	Sales of daily necessities, Wujinjiaodian, such as needle textiles	100	100	Yes	
北京聯超商業有限公司(以下簡稱「聯超公司」)	有限責任公司	北京	零售業		新售日用品、五金交電、針紡織品等			是	
Beijing Chaopi Trading Co., Ltd. (Chaopi	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Wholesale	500,000,000	Wholesale of general merchandise	79.85	79.85	Yes	
Trading) 北京朝批商貿股份有限公司(以下簡稱「朝批 商貿」)	股份有限公司	北京	批發業		批發百貨、日用雑品、食品、紡織品等			是	
Beijing Chaopi Shuanglong Alcohol Sales	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Wholesale	110,160,000	Wholesale of beverages	47.11	59.00	Yes	
Co,, Ltd. (Chaopi Shuanglong) * 北京市朝批雙隆酒業銷售有限責任公司(以 下簡稱「朝批雙隆」)*	有限責任公司	北京	批發業		批發酒類飲品			是	

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VIII. EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES (Continued)

八、在其他主體中的權益(續)

Equity in subsidiaries (Continued)

在子公司中的權益(續)

(1) Components of the Company (Continued)

Subsidiary	Type	Place of incorporation	Nature of business	Registered Capital	Scope of business	Proportion of ownership interests (%) 持股比例	Proportion of voting power (%) 表決權比例	Whether Consolidated or not 是否合併	Notes
子公司名稱	子公司類型	註冊地	業務性質	註冊資本	經營範圍	(%)	(%)	報表	備註
Beijing Chaopi Huaqing Beverage Co,. Ltd. (Chaopi Huaqing) *	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Wholesale	80,000,000	Wholesale of drinks and food	42.66	53.43	Yes	
北京朝批華清商貿有限公司(以下簡稱「朝批華清」)*	有限責任公司	北京	批發業		批發食品、飲料等(未取得專項許可的項 目除外)			是	
Beijing Chaopi Flavourings, Co,. Ltd.	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Wholesale	50,000,000	Wholesale of edible oil and food	42.03	52.63	Yes	
(Chaopi Flavouring) * 北京市朝批調味品有限責任公司(以下簡稱 「朝批調味品」) *	有限責任公司	北京	批發業		批發糧油製品、副食品、食用油、調味品、乾菜等(未取得專項許可項目除外)			是	
Beijing Chaopi Jinglong Oil Sales Co,. Ltd. (Chaopi Oil Sales) *	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Wholesale	36,000,000	Wholesale of edible oil	43.30	54.23	Yes	
北京朝北京隆油脂銷售有限公司(以下簡稱 「朝批京隆油脂銷售有限公司(以下簡稱	有限責任公司	北京	批發業		批發定行包裝食品、糧油製品及倉儲 服務			足	
Shijjazhuang Chaopi Xinlong Trading Co,. Ltd. *	Limited company	Shijiazhuang, PRC	Wholesale	5,000,000	Wholesale daily necessities, food, Wujinjiaodian, etc. (except for items that have not obtained special	79.85	100	Yes	
石家莊朝批鑫隆商貿有限公司*	有限責任公司	石家莊	批發業		permits) 批發日用百貨、食品、五金交電等(未 取得專項許可的項目除外)			是	
Qingdao Chaopi Jinlong Trading Co,, Ltd. *	Limited company	Qingdao, PRC	Wholesale	5,000,000	Wholesale daily necessities, food, Wujinjiaodian, etc. (except for items that have not obtained special permits)	79.85	100	Yes	
青島朝批錦隆商貿有限公司*	有限責任公司	書島	批發業		批發日用百貨、食品、五金交電等 (未取得專項許可的項目除外)			足	
Beijing Chaopi Zhongde Trading Co,. Ltd.	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Wholesale	93,000,000	Wholesale of consumer sanitary	79.85	100	Yes	
(Chaopi Zhongde) * 北京朝批中得商貿有限公司(以下簡稱「朝批中得」)*	有限責任公司	北京	批發業		products 批發日用品、服裝、紡織品、工藝品等 及普通貨物倉儲服務			是	
Taiyuan Chaopi Trading Co,. Ltd. (Chaopi Taiyuan) *	Limited company	Taiyuan, PRC	Wholesale	15,000,000	Wholesale of general merchandise	79.85	100	Yes	
太原朝此裔實有限公司(以下簡稱「朝批太原])*	有限責任公司	太原	批發業		批發預包裝食品、日用百貨、五金交 電、汽車配件、裝飾材料及普通貨 物倉儲服務			是	
Beijing Chaopi Yuli Trading Co,. Ltd.	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Wholesale	24,000,000	Wholesale of package service, packed	30.31	70	Yes	
(Chaopi Yuli) ** 北京朝批裕利商貿有限公司(以下簡稱「朝批 裕利」)**	有限責任公司	北京	批發業		food and storage service 批發日用百貨、倉儲服務等			是	

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VIII. EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES (Continued)

八、在其他主體中的權益(續)

Equity in subsidiaries (Continued)

在子公司中的權益(續)

(1) Components of the Company (Continued)

Subsidiary	Type	Place of incorporation	Nature of business	Registered Capital	Scope of business	Proportion of ownership interests (%) 持股比例	Proportion of voting power (%) 表決權比例	Whether Consolidated or not 是否合併	Notes ###
子公司名稱	子公司類型	註冊地	業務性質	註冊資本	經營範圍	(%)	(%)	報表	備註
Beijing Chaopi Fangsheng Trading Co,. Ltd. **	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Wholesale	20,000,000	Wholesale of general merchandise	63.88	80	Yes	Note 1
北京朝批方盛商貿有限公司**	有限責任公司	北京	批發業		批發日用百貨、洗滌用品、五金交電倉 儲服務			足	註1
Shandong Chaopi Trading Co,. Ltd.	Limited company	Jinan, PRC	Wholesale	26,000,000	Wholesale of package service, packed	51.90	65	Yes	Note 5
(Shandong Chaopi) * 山東朝批商貿有限公司(以下簡稱「山東朝 批」)*	有限責任公司	濟南	批發業		food and storage service 批發日用百貨、倉儲服務			是	註5
Beijing Chaopi Shenglong Trading Co,.	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Wholesale	20,000,000	Wholesale of package service, packed	47.11	59	Yes	
Ltd. (Chaopi Shenglong) * 北京朝批盛隆商貿有限公司(以下簡稱「朝批 盛隆」)*	有限責任公司	北京	批發業		food and storage service 批發預包裝食品、包裝服務、倉儲服務			是	
Beijing Chaopi Tianhua Trading Co,, Ltd.	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Wholesale	20,000,000	Wholesale of package service, packed	42.66	53.43	Yes	
(Chaopi Tianhua) * 北京朝批天華商貿有限公司(以下簡稱「朝批 天華」) *	有限責任公司	北京	批發業		food and storage service 批發預包裝食品、包裝服務、倉儲服務			是	
Datong Chaopi Beichen Trading Co,. Ltd.	Limited company	Datong, PRC	Wholesale	26,000,000	Wholesale of package service, packed	55.90	70	Yes	
(Chaopi Datong) * 大同朝批北辰商貿有限公司(以下簡稱「朝批 大同」) *	有限責任公司	大同	批發業		food and storage service 批發預包裝食品、包裝服務、倉儲服務			是	
Datong Chaopi Ant Trading Co,. Ltd. (Chaopi Ant) **	Limited company	Datong, PRC	Retail	5,000,000	Retail department stores, food, daily groceries, warehousing services,	55.90	100	Yes	Note 2
大同朝批螞蟻商貿有限公司(以下簡稱「朝批 螞蟻」)**	有限責任公司	大同	零售業 令告業		etc. 零售百貨、食品、日用雑品、倉儲服務 等			是	註2
Tangshan Chaopi Baishun Trading Co,, Ltd. (Chaopi Baishun) *	Limited company	Tangshan, PRC	Wholesale	30,000,000	Wholesale daily necessities, pre- packaged food, general freight, domestic conference and exhibition services, etc.	65.12	81.55	Yes	
唐山朝批百順商貿有限公司(以下簡稱「朝批 百順」)*	有限責任公司	唐山	批發業		Markets etc. 批發日用品、預包装食品、普通貨運、 國內會議及展覽服務等			是	
Beijing Chaopi Maolisheng Trading Co,. Ltd. (Chaopi Maolisheng) *	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Wholesale	75,000,000	Wholesale daily necessities, knitting textiles, clothing, Wujinjiaodian, chemical products (excluding	51.90	65	Yes	
北京朝放茂利升商貿有限公司(以下簡稱「朝 批茂利升」)*	有限責任公司	北京	批發業		hazardous chemicals), etc. 批發日用品、針紡織品、服裝、五金交電、化工產品(不含危險化學品)等			是	

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VIII. EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES (Continued)

八、在其他主體中的權益(續)

Equity in subsidiaries (Continued)

在子公司中的權益(續)

(1) Components of the Company (Continued)

Subsidiary 子公司名稱	Type 子公司類型	Place of incorporation 註冊地	Nature of business 業務性質	Registered Capital 註冊資本	Scope of business 經營範圍	Proportion of ownership interests (%) 持股比例 (%)	Proportion of voting power (%) 表決權比例 (%)	Whether Consolidated or not 是否合併 報表	Notes 備註
Hong Kong Chaopi Asia Co,. Ltd. (Chaopi Hong Kong) **	Limited company	Hong Kong,	Wholesale	HKD10,000	Merchandise trading	42.03	100	Yes	Note 3
香港朝批亞洲有限公司(以下簡稱「朝批香港」)**	有限責任公司	香港	批發業	港幣10,000	商品貿易			是	註3
Beijing Chaopi Hongchen Trading Co., Ltd. (Chaopi Hongchen) *	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Wholesale	1,000,000	Wholesale of cosmetics	51.90	65	Yes	
北京朝批鴻宸商貿有限公司(以下簡稱「朝批鴻宸」)*	有限責任公司	北京	批發業		化妝品批發等			足	
Beijing Chaopi Shengshi Trading Co,. Ltd. (Chaopi Shengshi) *	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Wholesale	25,000,000	Wholesale of cosmetics etc.	51.90	65	Yes	
北京朝批盛世商貿有限公司(以下簡稱「朝批 盛世」)*	有限責任公司	北京	批發業		化妝品批發等			是	
Beijing Chaopi Zhaoyang E-commerce Co,. Ltd. (Chaopi Zhaoyang) *	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Wholesale	72,000,000	Wholesale daily necessities, knitting textiles, clothing, Wujinjiaodian, chemical products (excluding hazardous chemicals), etc.	79.85	100	Yes	
北京朝批昭陽生活電子商務有限公司(以下 簡稱「朝批昭陽」)*	有限責任公司	北京	批發業		批發日用品、針紡織品、服裝、五金交電、化工產品(不含危險化學品)等			是	
Beijing Chaopi Xinyishangzhen Food Co., Ltd. (Xinyishanghen) *	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Wholesale	40,000,000	Sale of food, wholesale of pre- packaged food, dairy products, etc.	47.91	60	Yes	
北京朝批新乙尚珍食品有限公司(以下簡稱 「新乙尚珍」)*	有限責任公司	北京	批發業		銷售食品、批發預包裝食品、乳製品等			是	
Beijing Shangzhen Food Co., Ltd. (Shangzhen Food) **	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Wholesale	5,000,000	Production of roasted seeds and nuts products and nut products (roasted and fried), candied fruit, fruit products (dried fruit products), etc.	47.91	100	Yes	
北京尚珍食品有限公司(以下簡稱「尚珍食 品」)**	有限責任公司	北京	批發業		生產炒貨食品及堅果製品(烘炒類)、蜜 錢、水果製品(水果干製品)等			足	
Tangshan Chaopi Shangzhen Food Co., Ltd. (Tangshan shangzhen)	Limited company	Tangshan, PRC	Manufacture	4,000,000	Fruit, nut, vegetable processing; convenience and other food manufacturing, food sales; conference services; exhibition display services; design, production, road general cargo transportation, etc.	47.91	100	Yes	
唐山朝批尚珍食品有限公司(以下簡稱「唐山尚珍」)**	有限責任公司	唐山	製造業		水果和堅果、蔬菜加工;方便等食品製造、食品銷售;會議服務;展覽展示服務;設計、製作、道路普通貨物運輸等			足	

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VIII. EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES (Continued)

八、在其他主體中的權益(續)

Equity in subsidiaries (Continued)

在子公司中的權益(續)

(1) Components of the Company (Continued)

Subsidiary	Туре	Place of incorporation	Nature of business	Registered Capital	Scope of business	Proportion of ownership interests (%) 持股比例	Proportion of voting power (%)表決權比例	Whether Consolidated or not 是否合併	Notes
子公司名稱	子公司類型	註冊地	業務性質	註冊資本	經營範圍	(%)	(%)	報表	備註
Chaopi Maolisheng Hong Kong Co., Ltd. (Maolisheng Hong Kong) **	Limited company	Hong Kong, PRC	Wholesale	HKD10,000	Import and export trade, cosmetics, food, medical equipment, design, warehousing, electronic products	51.90	100	Yes	Note 4
朝批茂利升香港有限公司(以下簡稱「茂利升香港」)**	有限責任公司	香港	批發業	港幣10,000	進出口貿易、化妝品、食品、醫療器 械、設計、倉儲、電子產品			是	註4
Beijing Chaopi Tianshi Information Technology Co., Ltd. (Chaopi Tianshi) *	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Wholesale	20,000,000	Wholesale of cosmetics, food and general merchandise	79.85	100	Yes	
北京朝批天時信息科技有限公司(以下簡稱 「朝批天時」)*	有限責任公司	北京	批發業		銷售化妝品、日用品、食品等			是	
Chaopi International Trade (Shanghai) Co., Ltd (International Trade Shanghai) *	Limited company	Shanghai, PRC	Wholesale	9,800,000	Goods and technology import and export business and food circulation	79.85	100	Yes	
朝批國際貿易(上海)有限公司(以下簡稱「國際貿易上海」)*	有限責任公司	上海	批發業		從事貨物及技術的進出口業務, 食品流通等			是	
Beijing Chaopi Jiushengmingpin Trading Co., Ltd (Chaopi Jiusheng) *	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Wholesale	30,000,000	Wholesale of general merchandise	79.85	100	Yes	
北京朝批玖盛名品商貿有限公司(以下簡稱「朝批玖盛」)*	有限責任公司	北京	批發業		銷售日用品、針紡織品、服裝、文具用 品、體育用品等			是	
Beijing Chaopi Huansheng international Trading Company Limited (Chaopi Huansheng) *	Limited company	Beijing, PRC	Wholesale	15,000,000	Wholesale, retail food, health food; import and export goods; import and export agents	40.72	51	Yes	
北京朝批環盛國際貿易有限公司(以下簡稱 「朝批環盛」)*	有限責任公司	北京	批發業		批發、零售食品、保健食品;貨物進出 口;代理進出口等			是	
Baoding Chaopi Trading Co., Ltd (Baoding Chaopi) *	Limited company	Baoding, PRC	Wholesale	10,000,000	Sale of food, cosmetics, household appliances, daily sundries, etc.	55.90	70	Yes	
(以下簡稱「保定朝 大学報報」 (以下簡稱「保定朝 大学)	有限責任公司	保定	批發業		新售食品、化妝品、家用電器、日用雜品等			是	
Chaopi International Trading (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. (International Trading Hong Kono) *	Limited company	Hong Kong, PRC	Wholesale	HKD5,000,000	Engaged in the import and export of goods and technology, food distribution, etc.	79.85	100	Yes	
ROIGN 朝批國際貿易(香港)有限公司(以下簡稱[國際貿易香港])*	有限責任公司	香港	批發業	港幣5,000,000	從事貨物及技術的進出口業務,食品流 通等			足	

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VIII. EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES (Continued)

Equity in subsidiaries (Continued)

(1) Components of the Company (Continued)

Note:

- Chaopi Trading holds more than 50% of the equity interest of those companies which are deemed to be the subsidiaries. As the Company holds 79.85% of Chaopi Trading, the holding percentage is different with the voting rights percentage.
- Chaopi Trading's subsidiary holds more than 50% of the equity interest of those companies which are deemed to be the subsidiaries. As the Company holds 79.85% of Chaopi Trading, the holding percentage is different with the voting rights percentage.

The details of the movement in registered capital of subsidiaries and the proportion changes of ownership interests and of voting power held by the Company in subsidiaries during the accounting period are as follows:

Note 1: On 27 December 2021, Chaopi Zhongde, a subsidiary of the company's subsidiary Chaopi Trading, acquired 10% of the minority equity of its subsidiary Chaopi Fangsheng. After the acquisition, Chaopi Zhongde owns 80% of its equity, that is, the Company indirectly through Chaopi Trading Owns 63.88% equity interest in Chaopi Fangsheng.

八、在其他主體中的權益(續)

在子公司中的權益(續)

(1) 企業集團的構成(續)

註:

- 該等公司由朝批商貿擁有超過50%的權 益,並被認定為朝批商貿之子公司。 由於本公司直接持有朝批商貿79.85% 的權益,故本公司通過朝批商貿間接持 有該等公司的持股比例與表決權比例不 同。
- 該等公司由朝批商貿之子公司擁有超過 50%的權益,並被認定為朝批商貿之 子公司之子公司。由於本公司直接持有 朝批商貿79.85%的權益,故本公司通 過朝批商貿間接持有該等公司的持股比 例與表決權比例不同。

子公司的註冊資本以及本公司對子公司 持股及表決權比例的變動情況説明:

註1:於2021年12月27日,本公司之子公司 朝批商貿之子公司朝批中得收購其子 公司朝批方盛少數股東股權10%,收 購完成後,朝批中得擁有其80%的權 益,即本公司通過朝批商貿間接擁有朝 批方盛63.88%的權益。

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VIII. EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES (Continued)

Equity in subsidiaries (Continued)

(1) Components of the Company (Continued)

Note 2: Due to the needs of operation and management, Chaopi Ant was cancelled on 31 December 2021, and it as a whole was absorbed and merged into Datong Beichen.

Note 3: Due to the needs of operation and management, Chaopi Hong Kong was cancelled on 20 August 2021.

Note 4: Due to the needs of operation and management, Maolisheng Hong Kong will transfer the entire equity of the company to an external third-party company on 31 December 2021.

Note 5: Due to the needs of operation and management, Jinan Chaopi Linda Trading Co,. Ltd. renamed "Shandong Chaoping Trading Co,. Ltd. "

八、在其他主體中的權益(續)

在子公司中的權益(續)

(1) 企業集團的構成(續)

註2:由於經營管理需要,朝批螞蟻於2021 年12月31日註銷,公司整體被吸收合 併於大同北辰公司。

註3:由於經營管理需要,朝批香港於2021 年8月20日註銷。

註4:由於經營管理需要,茂利升香港於 2021年12月31日公司整體股權轉讓於 外部第三方公司。

註5:由於經營管理需要,濟南朝批林達商貿 有限公司於2022年3月7日更名為山東 朝批商貿有限公司。

(2) Details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries:

(2) 重要的非全資子公司詳情及主要財務資 料如下

		Proportion of minority interests (%)	Profits and loss minority	•		inority interests	Minority interests	
		少數股東持股 比例(%)	歸屬於少數股東的收益(損失)		向少數股東分配股利		少數股東權益	
Name of subsidiaries	子公司名稱		2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度	2022 年末餘額	2021 年初餘額
Chaopi Trading and its subsidiaries	朝批商貿及其子公司	20.15 (Note)	26,290,495	32,415,111	52,302,186	50,283,464	359,014,683	385,026,373

Note: The proportion of ownership interests and voting of the minority shareholders of subsidiaries are of equal.

註: 子公司少數股東的持股比例與表決權比 例相同。

財務報表附註

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VIII. EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES (Continued)

八、在其他主體中的權益(續)

Equity in subsidiaries (Continued)

在子公司中的權益(續)

(2) Details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries: (Continued)

(2) 重要的非全資子公司詳情及主要財務資 料如下(續)

Significant assets and liabilities

主要資產負債

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動資產	4,233,792,421	4,117,387,644
	非流動資產	565,381,339	636,062,774
	流動負債	3,671,134,320	3,524,508,359
	非流動負債	254,322,867	339,010,090

Financial performance and net cash flow

經營成果及現金淨流量

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Operating income Operating cost and other expenses Net profit and total	營業收入 營業成本及費用 淨利潤及綜合收益總額	6,141,379,425 6,013,219,243	7,774,026,851 7,651,959,095
comprehensive income Cash flows from operating activities	經營活動現金淨流量	60,041,791 513,225,655	71,197,970 225,859,124
Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows from financial activities	投資活動現金淨流量	(6,151,950) (612,750,977)	(13,530,466) (198,921,787)

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IX. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's financial instruments mainly comprise cash and bank balances, accounts receivable, other receivables, short-term investments, other equity instrument investments, other non-current financial assets, other non-current assets due within one year, accounts payable, other payables, bonds payable, notes payable, short-term borrowings, long-term borrowings due within one year and long-term borrowings. Details of the financial instruments are set out in Note (VI). The risks associated with these financial instruments and the risk management policies on how to mitigate these risks are detailed as below. These risk exposures are managed and monitored by the management to ensure that such risks are within a limited range.

Risk management objectives and policies

The Group engages in risk management with the aim of achieving an appropriate balance between risks and returns, where the negative effects of risks against the operating results of the Group are minimized, in order to maximize the interests of shareholders and other stakeholders. Based on such objective of risk management, the fundamental strategy of risk management of the Group is to ascertain and analyze various risks exposures, establish appropriate risk tolerance thresholds, carry out risk management procedures and monitor these risks in a timely and reliable manner, thus to confine risk exposures within a prescribed scope.

九、與金融工具相關的風險

本集團的主要金融工具包括貨幣資金、應收 賬款、其他應收款、短期投資、其他權益工 具投資、其他非流動金融資產、其他非流動 資產、一年內到期的其他非流動資產、應付 賬款、其他應付款、應付債券、應付票據、 短期借款、一年內到期的長期借款及長期借 款等。各項金融工具有關的風險,以 相關項目。與這些金融工具有關的風險,以 及本集團為降低這些風險所採取的風險管理 政策如下所述。本集團管理層對這些風險做 口進行管理和監控以確保將上述風險控制在 限定的範圍之內。

風險管理目標和政策

本集團從事風險管理的目標是在風險和收益 之間取得適當的平衡,將風險對本集團經營 業績的負面影響降低到最低水平,使股東的 利益最大化。基於該風險管理目標,本集團 風險管理的基本策略是確定和分析所面臨的 各種風險,建立適當的風險承受底線和進行 風險管理,並及時可靠地對各種風險進行監督,將風險控制在限定的範圍之內。

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IX. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT AND RISK MANAGEMENT

九、與金融工具相關的風險(續)

(Continued)

Risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

1.1 Market risk

1.1.1Exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk refers to the risk of losses due to changes in exchange rates. All transactions within the Group use RMB as the standard currency for bookkeeping. As of 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, the balance sheet of the Group was denominated in Renminbi, except that the monetary funds of approximately RMB7,386,469 and RMB58,249,218 were in foreign currencies. The management of the Group believes that exchange rate changes will not have a significant impact on the Group's total profits and shareholders' equity.

1.1.2Interest rate risk - risk of changes in cash flows

The risk of changes in fair value from financial instruments as a result of interest rate change mainly relates to fixed interest securities (see Note (VI) 30 Bonds payable). The Group's policy has not taken any action to eliminate fair value risk from fixed interest securities.

風險管理目標和政策(續)

1、 市場風險

(1) 外匯風險

外匯風險指因匯率變動產生損失的風險。本集團內所有交易均以人民幣為記賬本位幣。於2022年12月31日,本集團的資產負債表中,除約為人民幣7,386,469元及人民幣58,249,218元的貨幣資金為外幣外,均以人民幣為單位。本集團管理層認為匯率變動不會對本集團的利潤總額及股東權益產生重大影響。

(2) 利率風險-現金流量變動風險

本集團的因利率變動引起金融工具公允價值變動的風險主要與固定利率債券(詳見附註六、30應付債券)有關。本集團目前並未採取任何措施規避固定利率債券所帶來的公允價值變動風險。

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IX. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT AND RISK MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

Risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

1.1 Market risk (Continued)

1.1.2Interest rate risk – risk of changes in cash flows
(Continued)

The risk of changes in cash flows from financial instruments as a result of interest rate change mainly relates to floating-rate bank loans (see Note (VI),20 Short-term borrowings). It is the Group's policy to maintain floating interest rate of these loans in order to eliminate fair value risk due to interest rate change.

Interest rate risk sensitivity analysis is based on the assumption that a change in market interest rates would have an impact on interest income or expense of floating-rate financial instruments.

The management believes that the Group's exposure to interest rate risk in bank deposits is not significant, therefore did not disclose the sensitivity analysis of bank deposit interest rate. On the basis of the above assumption and supposing that other parameters remain constant (Without regard to the influence of capitalized interest), an 1% increase/(decrease) of interest rate would lead to a (decrease)/increase of RMB22,134,903 and RMB23,810,208 (before taxation) in current profit or loss and shareholders' equity in 2022 and 2021 respectively.

九、與金融工具相關的風險(續)

風險管理目標和政策(續)

1、 市場風險(續)

(2) 利率風險-現金流量變動風險(續)

本集團因利率變動引起金融工具現金流量變動的風險主要與浮動利率銀行借款(詳見附註六、20短期借款)有關。本集團的政策是保持這些借款的浮動利率,以消除利率變動的公允價值風險。

利率風險敏感性分析基於假設市場 利率變化影響可變利率金融工具的 利息收入或費用。

本集團管理層認為本集團所承擔銀行存款的利率風險並不重大,因此未在此披露對銀行存款的利率敏感性分析。於2022年度及2021年度在上述假設的基礎上,在其他變量不變的情況下(不考慮借款費用資本化的影響),利率增加/(減少)1%對當期損益及股東權益的稅前影響分別為(減少)/增加人民幣22,134,903元及人民幣23,810,208元。

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IX. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT AND RISK MANAGEMENT

九、與金融工具相關的風險(續)

(Continued)

Risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

1.2 Credit risk

As at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, the largest credit risk exposure related to a potential financial loss mainly derived from the failure in performance of contractual obligations by counterparty, which would result in a loss in financial assets, and the guarantees provided by the Group, including: the carrying amount of financial assets recognised in the consolidated balance sheet. The carrying amounts of the financial assets, which are recorded at fair value, represent the current risk exposure but not the maximum risk exposure that could arise in the future as a result of the change in fair values.

To reduce credit risk, the Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, balances of accounts receivable are monitored on an ongoing basis to ensure that the Group's exposure to bad debt is not significant.

風險管理目標和政策(續)

2、 信用風險

於2022年12月31日及2021年12月31 日,可能引起本集團財務損失的最大信 用風險敞口主要來自於合同另一方未能 履行義務而導致本集團金融資產產生的 損失以及本集團承擔的財務擔保,具體 包括:合併資產負債表中已確認的金融 資產的賬面金額;對於以公允價值計量 的金融工具而言, 賬面價值反映了其風 險敞口,但並非最大風險敞口,其最大 風險敞口將隨著未來公允價值的變化而 改變。

為降低信用風險本集團僅與經認可的、 信譽良好的第三方進行交易。按照本集 團的政策,需對所有要求採用信用方式 進行交易的客戶進行信用審核。另外, 本集團對應收賬款餘額進行持續監控, 以確保本集團不致面臨重大信用損失 風險。

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IX. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

1.2 Credit risk (Continued)

(Continued)

In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at each balance sheet date to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. Therefore, the management believes that the Group's exposure to credit risk has been effectively monitored and managed. The Group has adopted necessary policies to ensure that all customers have a good credit record. At 31 December 2022, except for the amounts included in account receivables top five (Note (VI) 3) and individual significant long-term receivables, the Group has no other significant concentration of credit risk.

The Group's working capital is deposited at banks with higher credit ratings, and hence the credit risk in working capital is insignificant.

Maturity analysis of the financial assets overdue but unimpaired:

31 December 2022

67,065,885

Overdue but unimpaired

2022年12月31日

已逾期未減值

1-3 months Over 3 months 逾期1-3個月 逾期3個月以上

166,227,225

Total

合計

風險管理目標和政策(續)

九、與金融工具相關的風險(續)

2、 信用風險(續)

此外,本集團於每個資產負債表日審核 每一單項應收款的回收情況,以確保就 無法回收的款項計提充分的信用損失準 備。因此,本集團管理層認為本集團所 承擔的信用風險已經得到有效監控。本 集團採用了必要的政策確保所有客戶均 具有良好的信用記錄。於2022年12月 31日除附註六、3中披露的餘額前五名 應收賬款及單筆重大的長期應收款外, 本集團無其他重大信用集中風險。

本集團的流動資金存放在信用評級較高 的銀行,故流動資金的信用風險較低。

資產負債表日已逾期但未減值的金融資 產的期限分析如下:

Accounts receivable

應收賬款

逾期1個月內

Within 1 month

38,488,163

60,673,177

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

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IX. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT AND RISK MANAGEMENT

九、與金融工具相關的風險(續)

(Continued)

Risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

風險管理目標和政策(續)

1.2 Credit risk (Continued)

2、 信用風險(續)

31 December 2021

2021年12月31日

Overdue but unimpaired

已逾期未減值

Within 1 month 逾期1個月內 1-3 months Over 3 months 逾期1-3個月 逾期3個月以上 Total 合計

Accounts receivable

應收賬款

114.735.311

8,241,568

61.619.962

184,596,841

On 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, the accounts receivable that were past due but not impaired related to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Other receivables that were past due but not impaired related to other amounts payable to the Group as a prevailing party in litigations. Based on past experience, the Group believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

於2022年12月31日及2021年12月31日,已逾期但未減值的應收賬款與大量的和本集團有良好交易記錄的獨立客戶有關。同時,已逾期但未減值的其他應收款與本集團獲得勝訴的其他應收款項有關。根據以往經驗,由於信用質量未發生重大變化且仍被認為可全額收回,本集團認為無需對其計提減值準備。

1.3 Liquidity risk

In managing liquidity risk, the Group maintains and monitors cash and cash equivalents that are adequate in the opinion of the management, to meet the needs of the Group's operations and mitigate the impact from cash flow fluctuations. The management monitors the utilization of bank loans and ensures compliance with loan covenants. Meanwhile, the Group adopts banking instruments to meet short-term funding needs.

3、 流動風險

管理流動風險時,本集團保持管理層認 為充分的現金及現金等價物並對其進行 監控,以滿足本集團經營需要,並降低 現金流量波動的影響。本集團管理層對 銀行借款的使用情況進行監控並確保遵 守借款協議。同時,本集團採用銀行工 具來滿足短期的資金需求。

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IX. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT AND RISK MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

Risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

1.3 Liquidity risk (Continued)

The Group manages its risk to deficiency of funds using a recurring liquidity planning tool. This tool considers both the maturity of its financial instruments and the projected cash flows from the Group's operations.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's net current liabilities amounted to RMB629,630,268 (31 December 2021: RMB267,000,777). The Company uses bank loans and bonds as its major sources of funding. As at 31 December 2022, the Company had unutilized bank loan facilities of RMB1.5 billion. Based on the Company's unutilized bank loan facilities, profitability and cash flow forecast within the next 12 months, the management believes that the Company will have adequate funds in the future for timely repayment of the existing debts and maintaining its normal business activities.

The following is the maturity analysis for financial liabilities held by the Group which is based on undiscounted remaining contractual obligations:

九、與金融工具相關的風險(續)

風險管理目標和政策(續)

3、 流動風險(續)

本集團採用循環流動性計劃工具管理資金短缺風險。該工具既考慮其金融工具的到期日,也考慮本集團運營產生的預計現金流量。

於2022年12月31日,本公司淨流動負債為人民幣629,630,268元(2021年12月31日:人民幣267,000,777元)。本公司將銀行借款及債券作為主要資金來源。截止2022年12月31日,本公司尚未使用的銀行借款額度為人民幣15億元。基於本公司尚未使用的銀行借款額度、盈利能力以及未來12個月內的現金流量預測,本集團管理層認為未來可獲得足夠的資金及時償還現有負債以維持本公司正常經營活動。

本集團持有金融負債按未折現剩餘合同 義務的到期期限分析如下:

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IX. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT AND RISK MANAGEMENT

九、與金融工具相關的風險(續)

(Continued)

Risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

風險管理目標和政策(續)

1.3 Liquidity risk (Continued)

3、 流動風險(續)

31 December 2022

2022年12月31日

		Within 1 Year 1年以內	1-2 years 1至2年	2-5 years 2至5年	Over 5 years 5年以上	Total 合計
Bank loans (including	銀行借款(含利息)					
interest)		2,219,794,572	_	_	_	2,219,794,572
Notes payable	應付票據	846,578,955	_	_	_	846,578,955
Accounts payable	應付賬款	830,347,926	26,855,530	_	_	857,203,456
Bonds payable (including interest)	應付債券(含利息)	_	_		_	
Other payables (excluding	其他應付款(不含					
rent received in advance)	預收租金)	122,426,986	31,908,927	38,549,614	_	192,885,527
Lease Payments	租賃付款額	228,969,544	177,052,113	354,755,608	257,314,046	1,018,091,311
Total	合計	4,248,117,983	235,816,570	393,305,222	257,314,046	5,134,553,821

31	December	2021

2021年12月31日

		Within 1 Year 1年以內	1-2 years 1至2年	2-5 years 2至5年	Over 5 years 5年以上	Total 合計
Bank loans (including	銀行借款(含利息)					
interest)		2,381,030,839	_	_	_	2,381,030,839
Notes payable	應付票據	467,332,344	_	_	_	467,332,344
Accounts payable	應付賬款	740,337,043	_	-	_	740,337,043
Bonds payable (including	應付債券(含利息)					
interest)		_	_	403,545,776	_	403,545,776
Other payables (excluding	其他應付款(不含					
rent received in advance)	預收租金)	120,175,584	73,315,332	-	_	193,490,916
Lease Payments	租賃付款額	240,095,061	221,803,701	502,060,676	381,305,235	1,345,264,673
Total	合計	3,948,970,871	295,119,033	905,606,452	381,305,235	5,531,001,591
			· ·			

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

X. DISCLOSURE OF FAIR VALUE

The financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note (VI) 9 (Note)), fair value of which determined in accordance with quoted market price of investee's stock, are classified as Level 1, known as quoted price (unadjusted) of similar assets and liabilities in active market.

The management considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortized costs in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

十、公允價值的披露

以公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益的金融資產(附註六、9之注)以其投資單位基金產品在市場上的報價作為公允價值屬於公允價值計量的第1層級,即同類資產或負債在活躍市場上(未經調整)的報價。

本集團管理層認為,財務報表中按攤餘成本 計量的金融資產及金融負債的賬面價值接近 該等資產及負債的公允價值。

XI. RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND TRANSACTIONS

1. Parent of the Company

+-、關聯方及關聯交易

1、 本集團的母公司情況

Name of the parent company	Туре	Place of incorporation	Legal representative	Nature of business	Registered capital (10 thousand yuan)	Proportion of the entity's ownership interests held by the parent (%) 母公司對本企業的	Proportion of the entity's voting power held by the parent (%) 母公司對本企業的	The ultimate controlling party of the Company	Uniform social credit code
母公司名稱	企業類型	註冊地	法人代表	業務性質	註冊資本(萬元)	持股比例(%)	表決權比例(%)	本業最終控制方	統一社會信用代碼
Chaofu Company	Limited Liability Company (Sole proprietorship	Beijing	Zhao Yanchuan	Sales of food and oil products	72,000	40.61	40.61	Chaofu Company	9111000010163706X9
朝富公司	of legal person) 有限責任公司 (法人獨資)	北京市	趙燕川	銷售食品糧油製品				朝富公司	9111000010163706X9

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XI. RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND

TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

2. Subsidiaries of the Company

Please refer to Note (VIII) Equity in subsidiaries for the details of the subsidiaries of the Company.

+-、關聯方及關聯交易(續)

2、 本集團的子公司情況

3、 其他關聯方情況

Relationship between other related parties and

詳見附註八、在子公司中的權益。

3. Other related parties

No. 序號	Names of other related parties 其他關聯方名稱	the company 其他關聯方與本企業關係
1	Beijing Hongchaoweiye State-owned Assets Management Co., Ltd. ("Hongchaoweiye") 北京弘朝偉業國有資產經營有限責任公司 (以下簡稱「弘朝偉業」)	Controlled by the same parent company 受同一母公司控制
2	Beijing Jinchaoyang Commerce State-owned Capital Operation Company ("Jinchaoyang") 北京金朝陽國有資本運營管理有限公司(以下簡稱「金朝陽」)	Controlled by the same parent company 受同一母公司控制
3	Beijing Shoulian Commercial Group Co., Ltd. ("Shoulian Group") 北京首聯商業集團有限公司(以下簡稱「首聯集團」)	Controlled by the same parent company 受同一母公司控制

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XI. RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND

+-、關聯方及關聯交易(續)

TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

4. Related party transaction

4、 其他關聯交易情況

(1) Related party's lease transaction

(1) 關聯租賃情況

Lessor 出租方	Leasee 承租方	Type of lease 交易類型	Pricing basis of related party transaction 關聯交易定價依據	Notes 附註	2022 2022年度 Amount 金額	2021 2021年度 Amount 金額
Chaofu Company 朝富公司	The Company 本公司	Rental expenses 租金	Price negotiated 按雙方協商的價格	Note 1 註1	618,282	618,282
Hongchaoweiye	Chaopi Trading, a subsidiary of the	Rental expenses	Price negotiated	Note 1	944,521	944,521
弘朝偉業	Company 本公司之子公司朝批商貿	租金	按雙方協商的價格	註1		
Hongchaoweiye 弘朝偉業	The Company 本公司	Rental expenses 租金	Price negotiated 按雙方協商的價格	Note 1 註1	7,391,866	7,385,472
Jinchaoyang 金朝陽	The Company 本公司	Rental expenses 租金	Price negotiated 按雙方協商的價格		3,668,250	3,668,250

In 2008, the Company signed a house lease contract with Shoulian Group to lease a house on the east side of Kaiyuan Road, Huairou District, Beijing. The lease term is from 1 January 2009 to 31 December 2028, with an annual rent of RMB3 million, After the agreement is signed, a lump-sum payment of RMB45 million in rent for 15 years (including RMB15 million in rent for 2019 to 2023 in June 2009). Other rents shall be separately agreed byboth parties; On 30 November 2020, Shoulian Group and Shoulian Supermarket signed areal estate purchase contract to purchase real estate and land use rights located at No. 46Kaikai Road, Huairou Distict, Beijing. The real estate transfer was completed on 6 January2022, Beijing Jingkelong Shouchao Commercial Co., Ltd. obtained the real estate titlecertificate No. Jing (2022) Huai Real Estate No. 000091.

於2008年,本公司與首聯集團簽 訂房屋租賃合同,租賃位於北京 市懷柔區開放路東側房屋,租賃 期限從2009年1月1日至2028年12 月31日止,年租金300萬元,協 議簽訂後一次性支付十五年房租共 計4500萬元(其中2009年6月支付 2019年至2023年房租1500萬元) 其他租金由雙方另行約定;2020 年11月30日,首聯集團與首聯超 市簽訂不動產購買合同,購買坐 落於北京市懷柔區開放路丙46號 地塊的房產及土地使用權。2022 年1月6日該房地產過戶完成,首 聯超市取得編號為京(2022)懷不動 產權第000091號的不動產權證。

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XI. RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND

TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

4. Related party transaction (Continued)

(1) Related party's lease transaction (Continued)

Note 1:

On 30 April 2004, the Company and its subsidiary Chaopi Trading leased several properties in Beijing from Chaofu Company, pursuant with annual rent incremental on every five years for a term from 1 January 2004 to 31 December 2023. From 2006 to 2009, the Group entered into lease contracts or supplemental agreements on several properties. As at 30 June 2011, the annual rents under the contracts with Chaofu Company were RMB7,344,499 and RMB920,853 respectively for the Company and its subsidiary Chaopi Trading. On 30 June 2011, except for the properties used by 10 stores of the Company (including 5 properties still owned by Chaofu Company and 5 properties for which lease agreements were terminated), the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of Beijing Chaoyang District ("SASAC Chaoyang") approved the transfer of the land and properties used by the Company from Chaofu Company to Beijing Hongchao Weiye SOE Management Company Limited ("Hongchao Weiye"). The Company continued to lease the properties owned by Chaofu Company for its 5 stores at annual rent of RMB162,758 with incremental once every five years. On 18 June 2012, the Company entered into a property lease supplemental agreement with Chaofu Company, pursuant to which the annual rent for the aforesaid five properties were adjusted to RMB1,111,933 effecting from 1 July 2012 with incremental by 3% every five years; and 1 additional property was leased at annual rent of RMB214,412 with incremental by 3% every five years for a term from 1 July 2012 to 31 December 2023. According to relevant agreements and documents, from 1 January 2015, the Company's annual rental fee to Chaofu Company was restored to the lease agreement signed before 18 June 2012.

十一、關聯方及關聯交易(續)

4、 其他關聯交易情況(續)

(1) 關聯租賃情況(續)

註1:於2004年4月30日,本公司及 本公司之子公司朝批商貿向朝富 公司租入的位於北京市的若干物 業,年租金每五年遞增一次, 租賃期自2004年1月1日至2023 年12月31日。自2006年至2009 年,本集團與朝富公司陸續簽 訂幾處物業的租賃合同或補充協 議。截至2011年6月30日,本 公司與本公司之子公司朝批商貿 與朝富公司約定的合同年租金分 別為人民幣7,344,499元及人民 幣920,853元。於2011年6月30 日,北京市朝陽區國有資產監督 管理委員會批准將上述朝富公司 租賃給本公司的房地產除10處門 店所使用的房地產(其中5處仍為 朝富公司的地產,另外5處終止 租賃協議)之外的劃轉給弘朝偉 業。朝富公司持有的繼續租賃給 公司5處門店的地產的年租金為 人民幣162,758元,每五年遞增 一次。於2012年6月18日,本公 司與朝富公司簽訂房屋租賃補充 協議,自2012年7月1日起,上 述5處租賃物業的年租金調整至 人民幣1,111,933元,每五年遞 增3%;且該補充協議新增1處租 賃物業,租賃期自2012年7月1 日至2023年12月31日,年租金 為人民幣214,412元,每五年遞 增3%。根據相關協議及文件規 定,自2015年1月1日起,本公 司對朝富公司的年租金費用恢復 至2012年6月18日之前簽訂的租 賃協議。

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XI. RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND

TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

4. Related party transaction (Continued)

(1) Related party's lease transaction (Continued)

On 1 July 2011, the Company entered into lease contracts with Hongchao Weiye to renew the leasing of properties under the original contractual terms at annual rent of RMB7,344,499 effecting from 1 July 2011. On 1 July 2012, the Company entered into supplemental agreements to the aforesaid lease contracts with Hongchao Weiye, pursuant to which the annual rents for such properties were adjusted to RMB26,997,108 effecting from the same day with incremental by 3% every five years

On 1 July 2011, the Company's subsidiary Chaopi Trading entered into lease contracts with Hongchao Weiye to renew the leasing of properties under the original contractual terms at annual rent of RMB920,853 effecting from 1 July 2011. On 1 July 2012, the Company's subsidiary Chaopi Trading entered into supplemental agreements to the aforesaid lease contracts with Hongchao Weiye, pursuant to which the annual rents for such properties were adjusted to RMB2,808,259 effecting from the same day with incremental by 3% every five years

+-、關聯方及關聯交易(續)

4、 其他關聯交易情況(續)

(1) 關聯租賃情況(續)

於2011年7月1日,本公司與弘朝偉業簽訂了租賃合同,按原合同條款規定續租劃轉房產,自2011年7月1日起年租金為人民幣7,344,499元。於2012年7月1日,本公司與弘朝偉業就上述租賃合同簽訂了補充協議,自該日起上述租賃物業年租金調整為人民幣26,997,108元,每五年遞增3%。

於2011年7月1日,本公司之子公司朝批商貿與弘朝偉業簽訂了租賃合同,按原合同條款規定續租劃轉房產,自2011年7月1日起年租金為人民幣920,853元。於2012年7月1日,朝批商貿與弘朝偉業就上述租賃合同簽訂了補充協議,自該日起上述租賃物業年租金調整為人民幣2,808,259元,每五年遞增3%。

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XI. RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND

TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

4. Related party transaction (Continued)

(1) Related party's lease transaction (Continued)

On 18 December 2013, the Company entered into supplemental agreements to the aforesaid lease contracts with Hongchao Weive. Considering the Company paid relevant construction fees on the rebuild project of certain of the properties in previous years and the renovation project conducted by the Company on behalf of Hongchao Weiye, Hongchao Weiye will compensate the Company for the cost of construction costs and related taxes paid ("agent construction fees") on property renovation project and re-build project of RMB86,742,211, including RMB41,265,838 recorded in other receivables and RMB45.476.373 recorded in long-term receivables. Meanwhile, agent construction fees receivables of RMB22,197,108 recorded in other receivables will immediately offset the rent payable to Hongchao Weiye at the end of 2013 as agreed by both parties. From the 1 January 2014 to 31 December 2023, the fees on the rebuild project of certain properties in previous years and the renovation project conducted by the Company on behalf of Hongchao Weiye will offset the rent to the Hongchao Weiye at end of every year.

+-、關聯方及關聯交易(續)

4、 其他關聯交易情況(續)

(1) 關聯租賃情況(續)

於2013年12月18日,本公司與弘 朝偉業就上述租賃合同簽訂補充協 議,針對本公司以前年度對部分 租賃物業進行重建以及弘朝偉業委 託本公司代其對指定租賃物業實施 加固改造過程中本公司支付的相關 工程款項, 弘朝偉業將按照協商 價格及約定進度表償付相關加固改 造工程支出及重建工程成本支出和 代墊税金(「代建工程款」)共計人民 幣86,742,211元,分別記入其他 應收款人民幣41,265,838元及長 期應收款人民幣45,476,373元。 同時,根據雙方約定,其他應收 款中人民幣22,197,108元的應收 代建工程款及代墊加固改造工程支 出餘額,於2013年末與應付弘朝 偉業租金餘額進行一次性抵減。 2014年1月1日至2023年12月31日 期間的租賃期限內,由本公司代 弘朝偉業承擔的用於租賃物業的加 固、改造工程的支出額,可一次 性抵減本公司於每年末對弘朝偉業 的應付租金餘額。

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XI. RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND

TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

4. Related party transaction (Continued)

(1) Related party's lease transaction (Continued)

On 25 November 2014, the Company entered into supplemental agreements again to terminate the two supplemental agreements assigned on 1 July 2012 and 18 December 2013 respectively. From 1 July 2014 to 31 December 2023, the annual rents of such properties were adjusted to revert to the amount in the agreements on 1 July 2011, which were RMB7,344,499 and RMB920,853 respectively with incremental by 3% every five years. Meanwhile, for the rest of agent construction fee amounted to RMB58,164,490 on 30 June 2014, Hongchao Weiye won't take the responsibility of paying the funds back when the original agreement and supplemental agreements are executed efficiently. The aforesaid rest of agent construction fee is undertaken and amortized by the Company.

(2) Related party loans

+-、關聯方及關聯交易(續)

4、 其他關聯交易情況(續)

(1) 關聯租賃情況(續)

於2014年11月25日,本集團與弘 朝偉業就上述租賃合同再次簽訂補 充協議,終止上述2012年7月1日 及2013年12月18日分別簽訂的兩 份補充協議,自2014年7月1日至 2023年12月31日,上述租賃物業 年租金恢復成2011年7月1日簽訂 的租賃合同金額,即分別為人民 幣7,344,499元及人民幣920,853 元,每五年遞增3%。同時,針對 上述代建工程款於2014年6月30日 餘額人民幣58,164,490元,弘朝 偉業在原租賃協議及本補充協議得 到有效執行的條件下不再承擔還款 義務。上述代建工程款餘額作為 預付房租在剩餘租賃期間內進行攤 銷。

(2) 關聯方借款情況

Lessor	Leasee	Type of lease	Pricing basis of related party transaction 關聯交易定價	2022	2021
借款方	出借方	交易類型	依據	2022年度 Amount 金額	2021年度 Amount 金額
Shoulian Group 首聯集團	Shoulian Supermarket, a subsidiary of the Company 本公司之子公司首聯超市	loan 借款 Interest 利息	Price negotiated 按雙方協商的 價格	9,929,170 505,948	74,151,658 2,870,813
Shoulian Group 首聯集團	Lianchao Limited, a subsidiary of the Company 本公司之子公司聯超公司	loan 借款 Interest	Price negotiated 按雙方協商的 價格	32,600,000	32,600,000
		利息		1,151,422	1,200,502

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XI. RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND

+-、關聯方及關聯交易(續)

TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

4. Related party transaction (Continued)

4、 其他關聯交易情況(續)

(3) Compensation for key management personnel

(3) 關鍵管理人員報酬

Item	項目名稱	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Compensation for key management: Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	關鍵管理人員報酬: 短期僱員福利 退休後福利	8,159,504 546,274	6,453,992 548,917
Total	合計	8,705,778	7,002,909

Key management members are personnel having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group, including directors, supervisors and other personnel to exercise similar functions. Emolument paid to key management includes wages or salaries, bonus, allowance, subsidies.

關鍵管理人員指有權利並負責進 行計劃、指揮和控制企業活動的 人員,包括董事、監事及其他行 使類似政策職能的人員。支付給 關鍵管理人員的報酬包括基本工 資、獎金及各項補貼。

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XI. RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND

十一、關聯方及關聯交易(續)

TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

4. Related party transaction (Continued)

4、 其他關聯交易情況(續)

(3) Compensation for key management personnel

(Continued)

According to the requirements of Company Ordinance of Hong Kong and the Listing Rules of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, emoluments of directors and supervisors for the year are as follows:

(3) 關鍵管理人員報酬(續)

根據香港聯交所證券上市規則及香港公司條例,年內董事及監事酬 金如下:

(a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

(a) 獨立非執行董事薪酬 年度內支付獨立非執行董事

袍金如下

RMB'000

人民幣千元

Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Onward Choi Chen Liping Wang Liping	蔡安活 陳立平 王利平	182 42 42	155 42 42
Total	合計	266	239

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during 2022 and 2021.

於2022年度及2021年度無其 他應付酬金予獨立非執行董 事。

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XI. RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND

+-、關聯方及關聯交易(續)

TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Related party transaction (Continued)

4、 其他關聯交易情況(續)

(3) Compensation for key management personnel

(3) 關鍵管理人員報酬(續)

(Continued)

(b) Executive directors, non-executive directors, supervisors and the chief executive

(b) 執行董事、非執行董事、監 事及總經理

RMB'000

人民幣千元

			Salaries,		Post- employment	
			allowances and	Performance	benefits	
		Fees	benefits in kind	related bonuses *	contributions	Total
		1 663	薪金、獎金、津	related bolluses	Contributions	IOtal
2022	2022年度	袍金	貼及實物福利	績效獎金*	退休福利供款	總酬金
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Zhang liwei	張立偉	-	471	590	58	1,119
Li Chunyan	李春燕	-	409	560	58	1,027
Li Shenlin	李慎林	_	409	542	58	1,009
Subtotal	小計	-	1,289	1,692	174	3,155
Non-executive directors:	非執行董事:		,	,		,
Li Jianwen	李建文	-	_	_	_	_
Li Shunxiang	李順祥	-	_	_	_	_
Zhang yan	張彥	-	_	_	_	_
Subtotal	小計	-	_	_	_	_
Supervisors:	監事:	-	_	_	_	_
Liu Wenyu	劉文瑜	-	408	513	58	979
Niu Hongyan	牛紅艷	-	293	61	48	402
Li Chunyi	李春溢	-	302	153	50	505
Chen Zhong	陳鍾	35	_	_	_	35
Wang Deshan	王德山	35	_	_	_	35
Subtotal	小計	70	1,003	727	156	1,956
Total	合計	70	2,292	2,419	330	5,111

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XI. RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND

十一、關聯方及關聯交易(續)

TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(Continued)

4. Related party transaction (Continued)

- 4、 其他關聯交易情況(續)
- (3) Compensation for key management personnel

(3) 關鍵管理人員報酬(續)

(b) Executive directors, non-executive directors, supervisors and the chief executive (Continued)

(b) 執行董事、非執行董事、監 事及總經理(續)

RMB'000

人民幣千元

				Post-	
		Salaries,	Performance	employment	
		allowances and	related bonuses	benefits	
	Fees	benefits in kind	*	contributions	Total
2021年度	袍金	貼及實物福利	績效獎金*	退休福利供款	總酬金
執行董事:					
	-	390	230	44	664
李春燕	-	405	186	52	643
李慎林	_	405	186	52	643
	-	467	204	53	724
小計	_	1,667	806	201	2,674
非執行董事:					
李順祥	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	_	-	-
	-	-	_	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-
劉文瑜	-	405	231	53	689
牛紅艷	_	287	74	45	406
	-	294	72	51	417
陳鍾	35	-	_	-	35
付燕珺	3	-	_	_	3
	23				23
小計	61	986	377	149	1,573
会計	61	2 653	1 183	350	4,247
_	執李李李張小非李張小監劉牛李陳 行建春慎立計執順彥計事文紅春鍾 董文燕林偉 董祥 :瑜艷溢 :	2021年度 袍金 執行董文 - 李李慎立計 - 非執順產 - 非事主 - 李張小計 - 上數對之紅香 - 上數對之紅香 - 中本季 - 中本季 - 中本季 - 日 - - <td< td=""><td> August</td><td>allowances and benefits in kind 素金、獎金、津 2021年度 複金 財及實物福利 精效獎金* 執行董事: - 390 230 李春燕 - 405 186 李慎林 - 405 186 張立偉 - 467 204 小計 - 1,667 806 非執行董事: - - - 李順祥 - - - 張彥 - - - 小計 - - - 監事: - - - 劉文瑜 - 405 231 牛紅艷 - 287 74 李春溢 - - - 付燕珺 3 - - 任義祖 35 - - 付燕珺 3 - - 大樓祖 3 - -</td><td>Salaries, allowances and allowances and benefits in kind</td></td<>	August	allowances and benefits in kind 素金、獎金、津 2021年度 複金 財及實物福利 精效獎金* 執行董事: - 390 230 李春燕 - 405 186 李慎林 - 405 186 張立偉 - 467 204 小計 - 1,667 806 非執行董事: - - - 李順祥 - - - 張彥 - - - 小計 - - - 監事: - - - 劉文瑜 - 405 231 牛紅艷 - 287 74 李春溢 - - - 付燕珺 3 - - 任義祖 35 - - 付燕珺 3 - - 大樓祖 3 - -	Salaries, allowances and allowances and benefits in kind

^{*} Performance related bonuses of these executives and supervisors are related to the profit of the Group of last year.

該等董事及關鍵管理人員 的績效獎金是根據公司上 一年的利潤確定的。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XI. RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND

十一、關聯方及關聯交易(續)

TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

4. Related party transaction (Continued)

(3) Compensation for key management personnel

(Continued)

- (b) Executive directors, non-executive directors, supervisors and the chief executive (Continued)
 In 2022 and 2021, there was no arrangement under which a director or a supervisor waived or agreed to waive any remuneration, and no remuneration was paid by the Group to a director or a supervisor as bonuses or unemployment compensations for their entry to the Group.
- (c) Five highest paid employeesDetails of the remuneration of the five highest paid employees during the year are as follows:

4、 其他關聯交易情況(續)

- (3) 關鍵管理人員報酬(續)
 - (b) 執行董事、非執行董事、監 事及總經理(續)

於2022年度及2021年度,董 事或監事概無放棄或同意放 棄任何酬金,而集團並無支 付酬金予董事、監事,以作 為加盟集團或加盟集團後的 獎勵或終止服務的補償。

(c) 五位最高薪酬的僱員的酬金 本年度內,五位最高薪僱員 薪酬詳情分析如下

RMB'000

人民幣千元

Item	項目	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、獎金、津貼及實物福利	4,243	5,452
Performance related bonuses Post-employment benefits	績效獎金 退休福利供款	17,420	8,472
contributions		295	270
Total	合計	21,958	14,194

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XI. RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND

+-、關聯方及關聯交易(續)

4、 其他關聯交易情況(續)

TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

- 4. Related party transaction (Continued)
 - (3) Compensation for key management personnel (3) 關鍵管理人員報酬(續) (Continued)
 - (c) Five highest paid employees (Continued)

The number of employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

(c) 五位最高薪酬的僱員的酬金 (續)

> 薪 酬 介 於 下 列 區 間 的 僱 員 數量

		2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
HKD1,000,001 to	1,000,001至1,500,000港元		,
HKD1,500,000 HKD1,500,001 to	1,500,001至2,000,000港元	_	1
HKD2,000,000 HKD2.000.001 to	2,000,001至2,500,000港元	1	2
HKD2,500,000		2	_
HKD2,500,001 to HKD3,000,000	2,500,001至3,000,000港元	_	_
HKD3,000,001 to HKD3,500,000	3,000,001至3,500,000港元		_
HKD3,500,001 to	3,500,001至4,000,000港元	_	
HKD4,000,000 HKD4,000,001 to	4,000,001至6,000,000港元	_	1
HKD6,000,000 HKD6,000,001 to	6,000,001至10,000,000港元	1	-
HKD10,000,000		_	1
HKD10,000,001 to HKD15,000,000	10,000,001至15,000,000港 元	1	-
Total	合計	5	5

The above related party transactions under paragraph 3 of Note (XI) constitute continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules which are fully exempt from shareholders' approval, annual review and all disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

上述附註十一、3涉及的關聯交易構成《上市規則》第14A章項下本公司的持續關聯交易,該等持續關聯交易在《上市規則》第14A章下獲全面豁免遵守股東批准、年度審閱及所有披露規定。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XI. RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND

+-、關聯方及關聯交易(續)

TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

5. Receivables and payables of related parties

本集團與關聯方應收款項餘額如下

5、 關聯方應收應付款項

The balance of accounts receivable between the Group and related parties is as follows

2022.12.31 2021.12.31 二零二二年 二零二一年 Item Nature of Payment 項目 款項性質 十二月三十一日 十二月三十一日 Other receivables 其他應收款 Shoulian Group Borrowinas 首聯集團 借款利息 4,071,315 1,657,370 Right-of-use asset 使用權資產 Hongchaoweiye Lease 弘朝偉業 租賃 7,248,469 14,105,249 Chaofu Company Lease 朝富公司 租賃 528,622 1,059,202 Jinchaoyang Lease 金朝陽 租賃 2,838,920 5,664,942 Shoulain Group Lease 首聯集團 租賃 6,000,000 Other non-current assets 其他非流動資產 Shoulain Group Loan 首聯集團 借款 42,529,170 106,751,658

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XI. RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND

+-、關聯方及關聯交易(續)

TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

5. Receivables and payables of related parties (Continued)

5、 關聯方應收應付款項(續)

The balance of payables between the Group and related parties is as follows

本集團與關聯方應付款項餘額如下

ltem 項目	Nature of Payment 款項性質	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Non-current liabilities due within one year 一年內到期的非流動負債	Logo		
Hongchaoweiye 弘朝偉業 Chaofu Company	Lease 租賃 Lease	6,976,760	7,556,216
朝富公司 Jinchaoyang	租賃 Lease	581,176	552,494
金朝陽 Lease liability 租賃負債	租賃	3,448,100	3,277,933
Hongchaoweiye 弘朝偉業 Chaofu Company	Lease 租賃 Lease	-	8,407,624
朝富公司 Jinchaoyang	租賃 Lease	-	579,568
金朝陽	租賃	-	3,400,751

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XI. RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND

TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

6. Related party commitments

The Company had signed a lease contract with Chaofu Company, Hongchaoweiye and Jinchaoyang for operation and storage.

The anticipated future rent by the Group:

6、 關聯方承諾

+-、關聯方及關聯交易(續)

本公司與朝富公司、弘朝偉業、金朝 陽簽訂了房屋租賃合同,用於門店的經 營。

本集團預計於未來年度支付的租金為

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
1st year subsequent to the balance sheet date 2nd year subsequent to the	資產負債表日後第1年 資產負債表日後第2年	12,622,919	12,622,919
balance sheet date 3rd year subsequent to the balance sheet date	資產負債表日後第3年	-	12,622,919 -
Subsequent periods	以後年度	40.000.040	05.045.000
Total	合計	12,622,919	25,245,838

The above related party transactions under paragraph 3 of Note (IX) constitute continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules which are fully exempt from shareholders' approval, annual review and all disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

上述附註九、3涉及的關聯交易構成《上市規則》第14A章項下本公司的持續關聯交易,該等持續關聯交易在《上市規則》第14A章下獲全面豁免遵守股東批准、年度審閱及所有披露規定。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度
(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XII. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

+二、承諾及或有事項

1. Significant commitments

1、 重大承諾事項

Capital commitments

資本承諾

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Acquisition of fixed assets Authorized but not contracted Contracted but not provided	購置固定資產 已授權但未簽約 已簽約但未撥備	418,185,535 114,739,418	398,955,939 202,878,444
Total	合計	532,924,953	601,834,383

2. Contingencies

Contingencies arising from pending litigation

On 8 July 2022, the Company filed a lawsuit with the People's Court of Chaoyang District, Beijing. The cause of the lawsuit was to request confirmation of the invalidity of the "Land Acquisition and Compensation Agreement" and the "Supplementary Agreement on the" Land Acquisition and Compensation Agreement "signed with the People's Government of Guanzhuang Township, Chaoyang District, Beijing and the Beijing Guanzhuang Agriculture and Industry Federation Company, and to refund the compensation fee of RMB45,132,000 paid by the Company to the defendant and the interest during the period of the defendant's occupation compensation fee. The Chaoyang District People's Court of Beijing filed a case with (2022) Jing 0106 Min Chu No. 6227, which has not yet been heard by the court.

2、 或有事項

未決訴訟形成的或有事項

2022年7月8日,本公司向北京市朝陽區人民法院提起訴訟,訴訟事由:請求確認與北京市朝陽區管莊鄉人民政府及北京市朝陽區管莊農工商聯公司簽署的《土地徵用與補償協議》《關於<土地徵用與補償協議>的補充協議》無效,並返還本公司已向其支付的補償費人民幣45,132,000元及被告佔用補償費期間的利息,北京市朝陽區人民法院以2022京0105民初60627號案件立案,截止目前該事項法院尚未審理。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XIII. SIGNIFICANTE SUBSEQUENT EVENTS AFTER BALANCE SHEET DATE

Other important non-adjusting events after the balance sheet date

On 31 August 2022, the People's Court of Fengtai District of Beijing issued a civil judgment (2022) Jing 0106 Min Chu No. 6227 on the dispute over the early termination of the contract dispute between the Company and Beijing Yuquan Xingye Investment Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Yuquan Xingye"), ordering the Company to pay a further penalty of RMB10,018,930 to Yuquan Xingye after deducting the performance bond paid by the company of RMB3,000,000. On 25 November 2022, both parties filed an appeal against the decision of the first instance, and the Beijing Second Intermediate People's Court filed a case with (2022) Jing 02 Min Zhong 14416. The Company has included the amount of financial impact of the outcome of the first instance judgment in its estimated liabilities. On 27 February 2023, the Beijing Second Intermediate People's Court made a final judgment, upholding the original judgment.

Except for the above matters and those disclosed in Notes VI (38), as at the approval date of the financial statements, the Group has no other events after the balance sheet date that need to be disclosed.

+三、資產負債表日後事項

其他重要的資產負債表日後非調整事項

2022年8月31日,北京市豐台區人民法院對本公司提前終止與北京玉泉興業投資有限公司(以下簡稱「玉泉興業」)簽訂《房屋租賃協議》合同糾紛,作出(2022)京0106民初6227號民事判決,在扣除本公司已支付的履約保證金人民幣3,000,000元後,判令本公司再向玉泉興業支付違約金人民幣10,018,930元。2022年11月25日,雙方因對一審判決不服提起上訴,北京市第二中級人民法院以(2022)京02民終14416號案件立案。本公司已將一審判決結果對財務的影響金額計入預計負債。2023年2月27日,北京市第二中級人民法院作出終審判決,維持原判。

除上述事項及附註六、38所披露事項外,截至本財務報表批准日,本集團無其他須作披露的資產負債表日後事項。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XIV. OTHER SIGNIFICANTE EVENTS

1. Disclosure of fair value

On 31 December 2022, The Group, using the assets at fair value, subscribed the fund products of Junxiang Wuliangye No.1 for subsidiary Chaopi Trading:

1.1 Assets measured at fair value

十四、其他重要事項

1、 公允價值的披露

於2022年12月31日,本集團以公允價值計量的資產為本公司之子公司朝批商 質認購的君享五糧液1號基金產品

1 以公允價值計量的資產

The end of the fair value 年末公允價值

ltem	項目	First level fair value measurement 第一層次公允 價值計量	Second level fair value measurement 第二層次公允 價值計量	Third level fair value measurement 第三層次公允 價值計量	Total 合計
Continuous fair value measurement Other non-current financial assets	持續的公允價值 計量 其他非流動金融 資產	- 72.026.699	-	-	- 72,026,699
Total assets consistently measured at fair value	持續以公允價值 計量的資產 總額	72,026,699	-	-	72,026,699

1.2 Basis for determining the market price of continuous and non-sustainable first-level fair value measurement projects

The market price of the project is determined based on the transaction statement provided by the securities company.

2 持續和非持續第一層次公允價值計 量項目市價的確定依據

項目市價的確定依據為證券公司提 供的交易對賬單。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XIV. OTHER SIGNIFICANTE EVENTS (Continued)

2. Segment reporting

For the purpose of management, the Group classified the operations into three segments according to the product and service:

- (a) The retailing segment mainly engages in the distribution of food, untagged food, daily necessities, drinks and cigarettes, hardware and household appliances;
- (b) The wholesaling segment mainly engages in the wholesale supply of daily consumer products, including food, untagged food, beverages, drinks, cigarettes and daily necessities;
- (c) The "others" segment comprises, principally, selling plastic packing products, hotel services and school training services.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately aiming at making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment.

十四、其他重要事項(續)

2、 分部報告

出於管理目的,本集團根據產品和服務 劃分成業務單元,本集團有如下三個報 告分部:

- (a) 零售分部主要為銷售食品、副食品、日用百貨、煙酒、五金家電等商品;
- (b) 商品批發分部主要為食品、副食品、飲料、酒、日用百貨等商品的批發業務:
- (c) 其他分部主要業務為銷售塑料包裝 製品、賓館客房服務、學校培訓 服務等。

管理層出於配置資源和評價業績的決策 目的,對各業務單元的經營成果分開進 行管理。分部業績,以報告的分部利潤 為基礎進行評價。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XIV. OTHER SIGNIFICANTE EVENTS (Continued)

2. Segment reporting (Continued)

The segment report information is disclosed according to the accounting policies and measurement standard adopted by each segment when reporting to the board of directors and these principles of measurement should be consistently with the accounting policy and measurement standard of this financial statement.

All the assets and liabilities have been allocated to respective segment, no unallocated asset and liability which are centrally managed by the Group.

The transfer pricing of inter-segment is based on the market price as well as the actual transaction price.

+四、其他重要事項(續)

2、 分部報告(續)

分部報告信息根據各分部向管理層報告 時採用的會計政策及計量標準披露,這 些計量基礎與編製本財務報表時的會計 政策與計量基礎保持一致。

所有資產和負債均包括在分部信息披露 中,不存在由本集團統一管理的資產和 負債。

經營分部間的轉移定價,參考市場報價 按照交易雙方約定的價格進行。

For the year ended at 31 December 2022

2022年度

Item	項目	Retailing 零售	Wholesaling 商品批發	Others 其他業務	Inter-segment offset 分部間相互抵減	Total 合計
TOTT	ян	₹ 🛱	XE OUT THE COL	只尼米伽	23 HAI 101 HT TT 187 WW	HHI
Operating income External revenue Inter-segment revenue	營業收入 對外交易收入 分部間交易收入	3,720,357,143 31,544,373	5,799,398,314 343,852,915	21,598,732 22,391,241	(397,788,529)	9,541,354,189
Total Total profit (loss) Income tax expense Net profit Total assets Total liabilities Supplementary information: Depreciation and	合利所淨資負補折 計潤得利產債充 額費 額額 額額 額額 額額 額額 額額 調額額 : 對 費 制 費 類 類 類 類 類 類 類 類 額 額 額 額 額 額 額 額 額 額 額	3,751,901,516 (125,456,387) 1,401,499 (126,857,886) 3,163,780,613 2,373,504,103	6,143,251,229 101,831,138 42,215,710 59,615,428 4,799,173,761 3,925,457,189	43,989,973 (4,347) 1,170,523 (1,174,870) 295,404,813 31,900,277	(397,788,529) - - - (771,269,145) (768,328,250)	9,541,354,189 (23,629,596) 44,787,732 (68,417,328) 7,487,090,042 5,562,533,319
amortization expenses Credit impairment loss Capital expenditures	信用減值損失資本性支出	263,689,484 - 239,857,625	81,862,365 8,632,574 21,240,502	5,510,671 - 33,139	- - -	351,062,520 8,632,574 261,131,266

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XIV. OTHER SIGNIFICANTE EVENTS (Continued)

十四、其他重要事項(續)

Segment reporting (Continued)

2、 分部報告(續)

For the year ended at 31 December 2021

2021年度

		Deteller	VA/In a La a a Pina au	OH	Inter-segment	T-4-1
lk	西口	Retailing	Wholesaling	Others	offset	Total
Item	項目	零售	商品批發	其他業務	分部間相互抵減	合計
Operating income External revenue Inter-segment revenue	營業收入 對外交易收入 分部間交易收入	3,604,465,888 28,083,273	7,432,492,779 343,532,022	19,596,656 23,231,608	- (394,846,903)	11,056,555,323
Total	合計	3,632,549,161	7,776,024,801	42,828,264	(394,846,903)	11,056,555,323
Total profit (loss)	利潤總額	(61,068,256)	104,158,347	249,316	-	43,339,407
Income tax expense	所得税費用	(998,888)	32,683,594	710,219	_	32,394,925
Net profit	淨利潤	(60,069,368)	71,474,753	(460,903)	_	10,944,482
Total assets	資產總額	3,667,995,292	4,753,450,418	299,295,068	(878,648,306)	7,842,092,472
Total liabilities	負債總額	2,763,125,238	3,863,518,451	31,529,557	(882,854,318)	5,775,318,928
Supplementary information:	補充信息:				,	
Depreciation and	折舊和攤銷費用					
amortization expenses		277,053,678	87,126,503	6,587,494	_	370,767,675
Credit impairment loss	信用減值損失	(10)	11,619,466	(69,733)	_	11,549,723
Capital expenditures	資本性支出	132,273,805	155,289,950	128,489	-	287,692,244

The Group's businesses principally comprise retail and wholesale in Beijing, the People's Republic of China. The majority identifiable assets are all located in Beijing.

本集團主要在中華人民共和國北京市經 營商品零售業和批發業,主要可辨認資 產均位於北京市。

Main customers of the Group are as follows

本集團的主要客戶情況如下

			2022 2022年)21 21年
ltem	項目	Operating income 營業收入	Proportion of the total operating income of the Group (%) 佔集團營業收入 比例(%)	Operating Income 營業收入	Proportion of the total operating income of the Group (%) 佔集團營業收入比例(%)
Customer 1	客戶 1	1,104,498,248	12	1,504,420,845	14

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XIV. OTHER SIGNIFICANTE EVENTS (Continued)

十四、其他重要事項(續)

- Transaction and balance between the Group and Shoulian Group
- 3、 本集團與首聯集團之交易及餘額
- (1) Major transaction between the Group and Shoulian Group
- (1) 本集團與首聯集團的主要交易如下

Item	項目	Notes 備註	2022 2022年	2021 2021年
Interest income from borrowings	資金拆借利息收入	Note 1 註1	1,657,195	4,071,090
Lease expenses	租賃費用	Note 2 註2	250,000	3,000,000

Note 1: Interest income from borrowing is derived from interest expenses charged on the borrowing of Shoulian with reference to loan interest rate stipulated by bank for the same period.

註1:資金拆借利息收入為本集團參考 銀行同期貸款利率對向首聯集團 提供的資金拆借款項收取利息。

Note 2: On 1 January 2009, the Company leased a property and land located at Kaifang Road, Huairou District, Beijing ("Huairou Hypermarket") from Shoulian with annual rent of RMB3,000,000 for a term from 1 January 2009 to 31 December 2028. On 30 November 2020, Shoulian Group signed a real estate purchase contract with Shoulian Supermarket to purchase the real estate and land use right located at No. 46, Kaikai Road, Huairou District, Beijing. The real estate transfer was completed on 6 January 2022, Shoulian supermarket obtained the real estate title certificate No. Jing (2022) Huai Real Estate No. 000091.

註2:於2009年1月1日,本公司向首聯集團租入位於北京市懷柔區開放路的房產及土地(以下簡稱「懷柔大賣場」),租賃期自2009年1月1日至2028年12月31日,合同年租金為人民幣3,000,000元。2020年11月30日,首聯集團與首聯超市簽訂不動產購買合同,購買坐落於北京市懷柔區開放路內46號地塊的房產及土地使用權。2022年1月6日該房地產過戶完成,首聯超市取得編號為京(2022)懷不動產權第000091號的不動產權證。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XIV. OTHER SIGNIFICANTE EVENTS (Continued)

Transaction and balance between the Group and Shoulian Group (Continued)

(1) Major transaction between the Group and Shoulian **Group** (Continued)

On 1 January 2009, Shoulian Supermarket leased a property and land located at Xihongmen Road, Daxing District, Beijing from Shoulian Group with annual rent of RMB1,134,088 for a term from 1 January 2009 to 31 December 2028. On 24 December 2010, Shoulian Supermarket was acquired by the Company and the lease contract remained valid. On 30 September 2017, the Company acquired the Lianchao Company, the subsidiary of Shoulian Group, which owned a property and land located at Xihongmen Road, Daxing District, Beijing.

For the year ended at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, the recognized lease expenses was RMB250,000 and RMB3,000,000 respectively.

十四、其他重要事項(續)

3、 本集團與首聯集團之交易及餘額(續)

(1) 本集團與首聯集團的主要交易如下 (續)

於2009年1月1日,首聯超市向首 聯集團和入北京市大興區西紅門 路的房產及土地,租賃期自2009 年1月1日至2028年12月31日,合 同年租金為人民幣1,134,088元。 於2010年12月24日,首聯超市被 本公司收購,該租賃合同繼續有 效。2017年9月30日本公司收購了 首聯集團之子公司聯超公司,聯 超公司擁有北京市大興區西紅門路 的房產及土地所有權。

於2022年度及2021年度,本集 團確認的租金費用分別為人民幣 250,000元及3,000,000元。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XIV. OTHER SIGNIFICANTE EVENTS (Continued)

+四、其他重要事項(續)

- Transaction and balance between the Group and Shoulian Group (Continued)
 - (2) Accounts receivable and accounts payable between the Group and Shoulian Group

(2) 本集團與首聯集團的應收及應付款

項如下

3、 本集團與首聯集團之交易及餘額(續)

2022.12.31 2021.12.31 二零二二年 二零二一年 Item 項目 十二月三十一日 二月三十一日 Long-term receivables (Note (VI) 19) 長期應收款(附註六、19) 42.529.170 106,751,658 Advance payment for construction 預付工程款(附註六、19) (Note (VI) 19) 40.694.040 Prepaid rents* 預付租金* 6,000,000

- * The amounts are associated with one-off prepaid rents for 15 years by the Group to Shoulian Group under the lease contract of Huairou Hypermarket. Details are referred to Note 2 of the major transactions between the Group and Shoulian Group.
- * 該等款項與本集團根據懷柔大賣場租賃合同對首聯集團一次性預付15年的房屋租金有關,請參見上述本集團與首聯集團的主要交易之註2。

4. Lease

- (1) The Group as lessee
 - Right-of-use and lease liabilities refer to Note (VI) 13,31.

4、 租賃

- (1) 本集團作為承租人
 - ① 使用權資產、租賃負債情況 參見本附註六、13、31。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XIV. OTHER SIGNIFICANTE EVENTS (Continued)

十四、其他重要事項(續)

Lease (Continued)

4、 租賃(續)

(1) The Group as lessee (Continued)

(1) 本集團作為承租人(續)

2 Details of included in the current profit and loss and related asset costs

② 計入本年損益和相關資產成 本的情況

		Included in the curre 計入本年	'	Included in related asset o 計入相關資產成本	costs
Item	項目	Presentation item 列報項目	Amount 金額	Presentation item 列報項目	Amount 金額
Short-term lease expenses (applicable to simplified) Lease fees for low-value assets	短期租賃費用(適用簡化處理) 化處理) 低價值資產租賃費用	Selling expenses 銷售費用	7,361,294	-	-
(applicable to simplified) Variable lease payments not included in lease liability measurement	(適用簡化處理) 未納入租賃負債計量 的可變租賃付款額	-	-	-	-
Income from sublease of right- of-use assets Sale and leaseback transaction	轉租使用權資產取得 的收入 售後租回交易	Other operating income 其他業務收入 -	59,513,196 -	- -	- -

Note: The "short-term lease expenses" in the table above do not include lease-related expenses with a lease term of less than one month; the "low-value asset lease expenses" do not include the short-term lease expenses of low-value assets included in the "short-term lease expenses".

註: 上表中「短期租賃費用」不 包含租賃期在1個月以內的 租賃相關費用;「低價值資 產租賃費用」不包含包括在 「短期租賃費用」中的低價 值資產短期租賃費用。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XIV. OTHER SIGNIFICANTE EVENTS (Continued)

十四、其他重要事項(續)

4. Lease (Continued)

4、 租賃(續)

(1) The Group as lessee (Continued)

(1) 本集團作為承租人(續)

3 Lease-related cash flow outflows

③ 與租賃相關的現金流量流出 情況

Item 項目	Types of cash flow 現金流量類別	Amount for the year 本年金額
Cash paid for principal and interest on lease liabilities 償還租賃負債本金和利息所支付的現金	Cash outflow of financing activities 籌資活動現金流出	186,536,025
Payments for short-term leases and low-value assets (applicable to simplified) 對短期租賃和低價值資產支付的付款額(適用於簡化處理)	Cash outflow from operating activities 經營活動現金流出	5,713,337
Variable lease payments paid that are not included in the lease liability 支付的未納入租賃負債的可變租賃付款額	Cash outflow from operating activities 經營活動現金流出	-
Total	合計	192,249,362

4 Other information

Nature of lease activity

The main leased assets in this period are houses, which are basically used in retail stores and commodity warehouses. The lease term is generally 5-20 years, and no lease renewal option is stipulated in the lease contract.

④ 其他信息

租賃活動的性質

本期主要的租入資產為房屋,基本用於零售門店和商品庫房,租賃期限一般為5-20年,租賃合同中均未約定續租選擇權。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XIV. OTHER SIGNIFICANTE EVENTS (Continued)

十四、其他重要事項(續)

Lease (Continued)

(1) The Group as lessee (Continued)

The impact of the simplified treatment of rent reductions related to the COVID-19

The Group adopts simplified treatment methods for all lease contracts that meet the applicable scope and conditions of (Cai Kuai [2020] No. 10) (Details refer to Note IV,23 "Lease").

The simplified treatment mentioned above caused that the Group's sales expenses for 2022 decreased by RMB2.706.066 and "net profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company" increased by RMB2,706,066.

The Group as lessor

Item

Rental income (Note)

of lease receipts

Information related to operating leases

Included in the current profit and loss

Revenue related to variable lease payments

that are not included in the measurement

4、 租賃(續)

(1) 本集團作為承租人(續)

新冠肺炎疫情相關租金減讓 簡化處理的影響

> 本集團對於全部符合(財會 [2020]10號)適用範圍和條 件的租賃合同,採用簡化處 理方法(詳見附註四、23「租 賃 |)。

採用上述簡化處理方法導致 本集團2022年度銷售費用減 少人民幣2,706,066元、「歸 屬於母公司股東的淨利潤」增 加人民幣2.706.066元。

(2) 本集團作為出租人

與經營租賃有關的信息

① 計入本年損益的情況

Included in the current profit and loss 計入本年損益

Presentation item 列報項目

Other operating income

154,729,643

Amount

金額

其他業務收入

Total 合計 154,729,643

與未納入租賃收款額計量的可

變租賃付款額相關的收入

項目

租賃收入(註)

Note: Which including RMB59,513,196 of income from sublease of Right-of-use asset, please refers to 'Note XIV,4, (1), 2 Details of included in the current profit and loss and related asset costs

註: 其中包括轉租使用權資 產取得的收入人民幣 59,513,196元,詳見「附註 十四、4、(1)、②計入本 年損益和相關資產成本的 情況」

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XIV. OTHER SIGNIFICANTE EVENTS (Continued)

十四、其他重要事項(續)

4. Lease (Continued)

Item

4、 租賃(續)

(2) The Group as lessor (Continued)

(2) 本集團作為出租人(續)

② Collection of lease payments

② 租賃收款額的收款情況

Amount of undiscounted lease payments to be received 將收到的未折現 租賃收款額

1st year subsequent to the balance sheet date 2nd year subsequent to the balance sheet date 3rd year subsequent to the balance sheet date 4th year subsequent to the balance sheet date 5st year subsequent to the balance sheet date Subsequent periods

資產負債表日後第1年 資產負債表日後第2年 資產負債表日後第3年 資產負債表日後第4年 資產負債表日後第5年 剩餘年度 127,666,532 71,686,220 35,118,027 21,059,411 10,689,692 7,854,932

Total 合計 274,074,814

期間

3 Other information

Nature of lease activity

The main leased assets in this period are houses (including the lease of own property and the sublet of leased property). The lease term is generally 3-10 years, and no lease renewal option is stipulated in the lease contract.

③ 其他信息

租賃活動的性質

本期主要的租出資產為房屋 (包括自有房產出租和租入房 產轉租),租賃期限一般為 3-10年,租賃合同中均未約 定續租選擇權。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XV. NOTES TO MAIN ITEMS IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY

+五、公司財務報表主要項目註釋

1. Accounts receivable

1、 應收賬款

(1) 31 December 2022

(1) 2022年12月31日

Presentation of accounts receivable by category

應收賬款分類披露

		2022.12.31 二零二二年十二月三十一日					
		Carrying amount 賬面餘額		Credit loss provision 信用損失準備			
Category	類別	Amount 金額	Proportion (%) 比例(%)	Amount 金額	Rate (%) 計提比例(%)	Net book value 賬面價值	
Accounts receivable with single provision for credit loss	單項計提信用損失 準備的應收賬款	_	_	_	_	_	
Accounts receivable with credit loss provision based on portfolio	按組合計提信用損 失準備的應收 賬款	175,125,919	100	_	_	175,125,919	
Total	合計	175,125,919	100	_	-	175,125,919	

The aging of accounts receivable is as follows

應收賬款賬齡如下

			2022.12.31 二零二二年十二月三十一日				
Aging	賬齡	Carrying amount 金額	Proportion (%) 比例(%)	Credit loss provision 信用損失準備	Net book value 賬面價值		
Within 1 year	1年以內	175,125,919	100	_	175,125,919		
1-2 years	1至2年	-	_	_	-		
2-3 years	2至3年	-	_	_	-		
3-4 years	3至4年	-	_	_	-		
4-5 years	4至5年	-	_	_	-		
Over 5 years	5年以上	-			_		
Total	合計	175,125,919	100	-	175,125,919		

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XV. NOTES TO MAIN ITEMS IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

+五、公司財務報表主要項目註釋(續)

1. Accounts receivable (Continued)

1、 應收賬款(續)

(1) 31 December 2022 (Continued)

(1) 2022年12月31日(續)

Accounts receivable of related parties:

應收關聯方的款項如下

Company name	Relationship between other related parties and the Company	Amount	Proportion of the total accounts receivable of the Company (%) 佔應收賬款
單位名稱	與本公司關係	金額	總額的比例(%)
Jingkelong Langfang 京客降廊坊	Subsidiary 子公司	42,382,697	24
Jingkelong Tongzhou 京客降通州	Subsidiary 子公司	20,435,817	12
Shouchao Group 首超集團	Subsidiary 子公司	9,236,800	5
Total	合計	72,055,314	41

In the portfolio, accounts receivable with provision for credit losses based on the aging analysis method 組合中,按賬齡分析法計提信用 損失準備的應收賬款

		二零-	2022.12.31 二零二二年十二月三十一日			
Aging	賬齡	Accounts receivables 應收賬款	Credit loss allowance 信用損失準備	Provision ratio (%) 計提比例(%)		
Within 1 year	1年以內	175,125,919	-	0		
1-2 years 2-3 years	1至2年 2至3年	_	_	3 10		
3-4 years	3至4年	_	_	25		
4-5 years	4至5年	_	-	50		
Over 5 years	5年以上	-	_	100		
Total	合計	175,125,919	-			

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XV. NOTES TO MAIN ITEMS IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

+五、公司財務報表主要項目註釋(續)

1. Accounts receivable (Continued)

1、 應收賬款(續)

(2) 31 December 2021

(2) 2021年12月31日

Presentation of accounts receivable by category

應收賬款分類披露

2021.12.31

二零二一年十二月三十一日

	Carrying a 賬面餘				provision 卡準備		
Category	類別	Amount 金額	Proportion (%) 比例(%)	Amount 金額	Rate (%) 計提比例(%)	Net book value 賬面價值	
Accounts receivable with single provision for credit loss Accounts receivable with credit loss provision based on portfolio	單項計提信用損失 準備的應收賬款 按組合計提信用損 失準備的應收	-	-	-	-	-	
	賬款	85,664,480	100	_	-	85,664,480	
Total	合計	85,664,480	100	-	-	85,664,480	

The aging of accounts receivable is as follows

應收賬款賬齡如下

2021.12.31

二零二一年十二月三十一日

Aging	賬齡	Carrying amount 金額	Proportion (%) 比例(%)	Credit loss provision 信用損失準備	Net book value 賬面價值
Within 1 year	1年以內	85,664,480	100	-	85,664,480
1-2 years	1至2年	-	-	-	-
2-3 years	2至3年	-	-	-	_
3-4 years	3至4年	-	-	-	-
4-5 years	4至5年	-	-	-	-
Over 5 years	5年以上		-		-
Total	合計	85,664,480	100	-	85,664,480

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XV. NOTES TO MAIN ITEMS IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

+五、公司財務報表主要項目註釋(續)

1. Accounts receivable (Continued)

1、 應收賬款(續)

(2) 31 December 2021 (Continued)

(2) 2021年12月31日(續)

Accounts receivable of related parties:

應收關聯方的款項如下

Company name	Relationship between other related parties and the Company	Amount	Proportion of the total accounts receivable of the Company (%) 佔應收賬款
單位名稱	與本公司關係	金額	總額的比例(%)
Jingkelong Langfang 京客降廊坊	Subsidiary 子公司	31,572,826	37
Jingkelong Tongzhou 京客降通州	Subsidiary 子公司	9,117,994	11
Shouchao Group 首超集團	Subsidiary 子公司	7,875,337	9
Total	合計	48,566,157	57

In the portfolio, accounts receivable with provision for credit losses based on the aging analysis method 組合中,按賬齡分析法計提信用 損失準備的應收賬款

2021.12.31

二零二一年十二月三十一日

Aging	賬齡	Accounts receivables 應收賬款	Credit loss allowance 信用損失準備	Provision ratio (%) 計提比例(%)
Within 1 year	1年以內	85,664,480	-	0
1-2 years	1至2年	_	-	3
2-3 years	2至3年	_	_	10
3-4 years	3至4年	_	_	25
4-5 years	4至5年	_	_	50
Over 5 years	5年以上	_		100
Total	合計	85,664,480	-	

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XV. NOTES TO MAIN ITEMS IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

+五、公司財務報表主要項目註釋(續)

1. Accounts receivable (Continued)

1、 應收賬款(續)

(3) Top five entities with the largest balances of accounts receivable

(3) 按欠款方歸集和年末餘額前五名與 應收賬款情況

31 December 2022

			Proportion of the amount to the	Closing balance
	Relationship with the		total accounts	of credit loss
Name of entity	Group	Amount	receivable (%) 佔應收賬款	allowance 信用損失準備
單位名稱	與本公司關係	金額	總額的比例(%)	年末金額
Jingkelong Langfang 京客隆廊坊	Subsidiary 子公司	42,382,697	24	-
Beijing Chaoyang District Affordable Housing Development Co., Ltd 北京市朝陽區保障性住房發展有限公司	Independent third party 獨立第三方	36,067,582	21	-
Jingkelong Tongzhou 京客隆通州	Subsidiary 子公司	20,435,817	12	-
Shouchao Group 首超集團	Subsidiary 子公司	9,236,800	5	-
Beijing Chaoyang District Detention Center	Independent third party	7,437,865	4	-
北京市朝陽區看守所	獨立第三方			
Total	合計	115,560,761	66	-

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XV. NOTES TO MAIN ITEMS IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

+五、公司財務報表主要項目註釋(續)

1. Accounts receivable (Continued)

(3) Top five entities with the largest balances of accounts receivable (Continued)

31 December 2021

1、 應收賬款(續)

(3) 按欠款方歸集和年末餘額前五名與 應收賬款情況(續)

2021年12月31日

Proportion of the

Name of entity 單位名稱	Relationship with the Group 與本公司關係	Amount 金額	amount to the total accounts receivable (%) 佔應收賬款 總額的比例(%)	Closing balance of credit loss allowance 信用損失準備 年末金額
Jingkelong Langfang 京客降廊坊	Subsidiary 子公司	31,572,826	37	-
以下, Jingkelong Tongzhou 京客隆通州	テ公司 Subsidiary 子公司	9,117,994	11	-
Shouchao Group 首超集團	Subsidiary 子公司	7,875,337	9	-
Beijing Chaoyang District Detention Center	Independent third party	5,640,402	7	-
北京市朝陽區看守所 Chaoyang Branch of Beijing Municipal Public Security Bureau 北京市公安局朝陽分局	獨立第三方 Independent third party 獨立第三方	4,060,243	5	-
Total	合計	58,266,802	69	_

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XV. NOTES TO MAIN ITEMS IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

十五、公司財務報表主要項目註釋(續)

2. Other receivables

2、 其他應收款

Item	項目	2022.12.31 二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2021.12.31 二零二一年 十二月三十一日
Other receivables Interest receivables Dividend receivables	其他應收款 應收利息 應收股利	568,169,954 - -	420,225,552 - -
Total	合計	568,169,954	420,225,552

Details of other receivables

其他應收款情況

(1) 31 December 2022

(1) 2022年12月31日

Presentation of other receivables by category:

其他應收款分類披露

		2022.12.31 二零二二年十二月三十一日				
		Carrying 賬面飽		Credit loss p 信用損失		
Category	類別	Amount 金額	Proportion (%) 比例(%)	Amount 金額	Rate (%) 計提比例(%)	Net book value 賬面價值
Other receivables for which credit loss provisions is assessed individually Other receivables with credit loss provision based on	單項計提信用損失 準備的其他應 收款 按組合計提信用損 失準備的其他應	-	-	-	-	-
portfolio	收款	568,169,954	100	_	-	568,169,954
Total	合計	568,169,954	100	_	_	568,169,954

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XV. NOTES TO MAIN ITEMS IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

+五、公司財務報表主要項目註釋(續)

2. Other receivables (Continued)

Details of other receivables (Continued)

(1) 31 December 2022 (Continued)

Aging analysis of other receivables is as follows

2、 其他應收款(續)

其他應收款情況(續)

(1) 2022年12月31日(續)

其他應收款賬齡如下

			2022.12.31 二零二二年十二月三十一日			
Aging	賬齡	Carrying amount 金額		Credit loss provision 信用損失準備	Net book value 賬面價值	
Within 1 year	1年以內	568,169,954	100	_	568,169,954	
1-2 years	1至2年	_	_	_	_	
2-3 years	2至3年	_	_	_	_	
3-4 years	3至4年	_	_	_	_	
4-5 years	4至5年	_	_	_	_	
Over 5 years	5年以上	-	-	-	-	
Total	合計	568,169,954	100	_	568,169,954	

In the portfolio, other receivables for which credit loss provisions are made based on the aging analysis method 組合中,按賬齡分析法計提信用 損失準備的其他應收款

		二零-	2022.12.31 二零二二年十二月三十一日			
			Credit loss	5 0/		
Aging	賬齡	Other receivables 其他應收款	provision 信用損失準備	Proportion% 計提比例(%)		
Within 1 year	1年以內	568,169,954	_	0		
1-2 years	1至2年	_	_	3		
2-3 years	2至3年	_	-	10		
3-4 years	3至4年	_	-	25		
4-5 years	4至5年	_	-	50		
Over 5 years	5年以上	-	_	100		
Total	合計	568,169,954	_			

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XV. NOTES TO MAIN ITEMS IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

+五、公司財務報表主要項目註釋(續)

2. Other receivables (Continued)

2、 其他應收款(續)

Details of other receivables (Continued)

其他應收款情況(續)

(1) 31 December 2022 (Continued)

(1) 2022年12月31日(續)

Provision for bad debts

壞賬準備計提情況

		The first stage 第一階段 Expected credit	The second stage 第二階段 Expected credit loss for the entire duration (no	The third stage 第三階段 Expected credit loss for the entire duration (credit	
		loss in the next 12 months	credit impairment occurred)	impairment has occurred)	Total
		未來12個月預期	整個存續期預期信 用損失(未發生	整個存續期預期信 用損失(已發生	
Bad debt provision	壞賬準備	信用損失	信用減值)	信用減值)	合計
Opening Balance	年初餘額	-	-	-	_
The beginning balance is in the current period	年初餘額在本期	_	_	_	_
- Move to the second	一轉入第二階段				
stage – Move to the third stage	一 轉入第三階段	-			_ _
 Back to the second stage 	一轉回第二階段	_	_	_	_
- Back to the first stage	—轉回第一階段	-	_	_	-
Withdrawal for this period Reversal for this period	本年計提 本年轉回	-	- -	- -	- -
Resell for this period	本年轉銷	-	-	-	_
Written off for this period Other changes	本年核銷 其他變動	-			- -
Ending balance	年末餘額	-	-	-	-

Other receivables of related parties

其他應收關聯方的款項如下

Company name 單位名稱	Relationship between other related parties and the Company 與本公司關係	Amount 金額	Proportion of the total other receivables of the Company (%) 佔其他應收賬款 總額的比例(%)
Chaopi Trading 朝批商貿	Subsidiary 子公司	500,000,000	88
Jingkelong Langfang 京客隆廊坊	Subsidiary 子公司	9,892,704	2
Jingkelong Tongzhou 京客隆通州	Subsidiary 子公司	2,000,000	
Total	合計	511,892,704	90

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別說明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XV. NOTES TO MAIN ITEMS IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

+五、公司財務報表主要項目註釋(續)

2. Other receivables (Continued)

Details of other receivables (Continued)

(2) 31 December 2021

Presentation of other receivables by category

2、 其他應收款(續)

其他應收款情況(續)

(2) 2021年12月31日

其他應收款分類披露

2021.12.31

二零二一年十二月三十一日

		Carrying amount 賬面餘額		Credit loss 信用損約		
Category	類別	Amount 金額	Proportion (%) 比例(%)	Amount 金額	Rate (%) 計提比例(%)	Net book value 賬面價值
Other receivables for which credit loss provisions is assessed individually Other receivables with credit loss provision	單項計提信用損 失準備的其他 應收款 按組合計提信用 損失準備的其	-	-	-	-	-
based on portfolio	他應收款	420,225,552	100	-	_	420,225,552
Total	合計	420,225,552	100	_	-	420,225,552

Aging analysis of other receivables is as follows

其他應收款賬齡如下

2021.12.31

二零二一年十二月三十一日

Aging	賬齡	Carrying amount 金額	Proportion% 比例(%)	Credit loss allowance 信用損失準備	Net book value 賬面價值
Within 1 year	1年以內	420,225,552	100	_	420,225,552
1-2 years	1至2年	_	_	_	_
2-3 years	2至3年	_	_	_	_
3-4 years	3至4年	_	_	_	_
4-5 years	4至5年	_	_	_	_
Over 5 years	5年以上	_	_	_	_
Total	合計	420,225,552	100	_	420,225,552

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XV. NOTES TO MAIN ITEMS IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

十五、公司財務報表主要項目註釋(續)

2. Other receivables (Continued)

Details of other receivables (Continued)

(2) 31 December 2021 (Continued)

In the portfolio, other receivables for which credit loss provisions are made based on the aging analysis method

2、 其他應收款(續)

其他應收款情況(續)

(2) 2021年12月31日(續)

組合中,按賬齡分析法計提信用 損失準備的其他應收款

2021.12.31 二零二一年十二月三十一日

Aging	賬齡	Other receivables 其他應收款	Credit loss allowance 信用損失準備	Proportion% 計提比例(%)
Within 1 year	1年以內	420,225,552	_	0
1-2 years	1至2年	_	_	3
2-3 years	2至3年	_	_	10
3-4 years	3至4年	_	_	25
4-5 years	4至5年	_	_	50
Over 5 years	5年以上		_	100
Total	合計	420,225,552	-	

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XV. NOTES TO MAIN ITEMS IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

+五、公司財務報表主要項目註釋(續)

2. Other receivables (Continued)

2、 其他應收款(續)

Details of other receivables (Continued)

其他應收款情況(續)

(2) 31 December 2021 (Continued)

(2) 2021年12月31日(續)

Provision for bad debts

壞賬準備計提情況

		The first stage 第一階段	The second stage 第二階段 Expected credit loss for the entire	The third stage 第三階段 Expected credit loss for the entire	
		Expected credit loss in the next 12	duration (no credit impairment	duration (credit impairment has	
		months	occurred) 整個存續期預期信	occurred) 整個存續期預期信	Total
		未來12個月預期	用損失(未發生	用損失(已發生	
Bad debt provision	壞賬準備	信用損失	信用減值)	信用減值)	合計
Opening Balance The beginning balance is in	年初餘額 年初餘額在本期	-	-	4,224,750	4,224,750
the current period		-	_	-	_
 Move to the second stage 	一轉入第二階段	_	_	_	_
Move to the third stageBack to the second	一轉入第三階段 一轉回第二階段	-	-	-	-
stage	++ A** BL CB	-	-	-	-
Back to the first stage Withdrawal for this period	一轉回第一階段 本年計提	-	-	-	_
Withdrawal for this period Reversal for this period	本年前佐 本年轉回	_	_	_	_
Resell for this period	本年轉銷	_	_	_	_
Written off for this period	本年核銷	_	-	4,224,750	4,224,750
Other changes	其他變動	_	-	_	_
Ending balance	年末餘額	-	-	_	_

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XV. NOTES TO MAIN ITEMS IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

+五、公司財務報表主要項目註釋(續)

2. Other receivables (Continued)

2、 其他應收款(續)

Details of other receivables (Continued)

其他應收款情況(續)

(2) 31 December 2021 (Continued)

(2) 2021年12月31日(續)

Other receivables of related parties

其他應收關聯方的款項如下

Company name	Relationship between other related parties and the Company	Amount	Proportion of the total other receivables of the Company (%) 佔其他應收賬款
單位名稱	與本公司關係	金額	總額的比例(%)
Chaopi Trading 朝批商貿	Subsidiary 子公司	370,000,000	88
朔如何貝 Jingkelong Langfang 京客降廊坊	テムリ Subsidiary 子公司	5,703,212	1
Jingkelong Tongzhou 京客隆通州	도요미 Subsidiary 子公司	2,000,000	
Total	合計	377,703,212	89

(3) Presentation of other receivables by nature

(3) 按款項性質列示其他應收款

		2022.12.31 二零二二年	2021.12.31 二零二一年
Nature of other receivables	其他應收款性質	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
Receivables of promotional activities	應收促銷費用	38,907,883	36,202,291
Receivables of related parties Others	應收關聯方款項 其他	511,892,704 17,369,367	377,703,212 6,320,049
Total	合計	568,169,954	420,225,552

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XV. NOTES TO MAIN ITEMS IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

十五、公司財務報表主要項目註釋(續)

2. Other receivables (Continued)

Details of other receivables (Continued)

其他應收款情況(續)

2、 其他應收款(續)

(4) Top five entities with the largest balances of other receivables

(4) 按欠款方歸集的年末餘額前五名的 其他應收款情況

31 December 2022

Company name 單位名稱	Nature of other receivables 款項性質	Closing balance 年末金額	Proportion of the amount to the total other receivables (%) 佔其他應收款 總額的比例(%)	of credit loss allowance
Chaopi Trading 朝批商貿	Receivables of subsidiary borrowing 子公司借款	500,000,000	88	-
Jingkelong Langfang 京客隆廊坊	Current account 往來款	9,892,704	2	-
Jingkelong Tongzhou 京客隆通州	Current account 往來款	2,000,000	-	-
JD Mall 京東商城	Current account 往來款	864,596	-	-
Beijing Dalong Asset Management Co., Ltd	Deposit	650,000	-	-
北京市大龍資產管理有限公司	押金保證金			
Total	合計	513,407,300	90	-

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XV. NOTES TO MAIN ITEMS IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

+五、公司財務報表主要項目註釋(續)

2. Other receivables (Continued)

Details of other receivables (Continued)

(4) Top five entities with the largest balances of other receivables (Continued)

31 December 2021

2、 其他應收款(續)

其他應收款情況(續)

(4) 按欠款方歸集的年末餘額前五名的 其他應收款情況(續)

Proportion of

Company name 單位名稱	Nature of other receivables	Closing balance 年末金額	the amount to the total other receivables (%) 佔其他應收款 總額的比例(%)	Closing balance of credit loss allowance 信用損失準備 年末餘額
Chaopi Trading 朝批商貿	Receivables of subsidiary borrowing 子公司借款	370,000,000	88	-
Jingkelong Langfang 京客降廊坊	Current account 往來款	5,703,212	1	-
Jingkelong Tongzhou 京客隆通州	Current account 往來款	2,000,000		-
Beijing Yuquan Xingye Investment Management Company	Current account	3,000,000	1	-
北京玉泉興業投資管理公司 Beijing Urban and Rural Housing Construction and Development Co., Ltd.	往來款 Current account	800,000	-	-
北京城鄉房屋建設開發有限責任公司	往來款			
Total	合計	381,503,212	90	-

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XV. NOTES TO MAIN ITEMS IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

+五、公司財務報表主要項目註釋(續)

3. Long-term equity investment

3、 長期股權投資

31 December 2022

Investee	Accounting methods	Initial investment cost	2022.1.1	Change in the year	2022.12.31 二零二二年
被投資單位	核算方法	初始投資成本	2022.1.1	增減變動	十二月三十一日
Long-term equity investment in subsidiaries 對子公司長期股權投資					
Jingkelong Langfang 京客隆廊坊	cost method 成本法	8,000,000	83,980,000	-	83,980,000
Chaopi Trading 朝批商貿	cost method 成本法	55,733,000	436,505,594	-	436,505,594
Xinyang Tongli 欣陽通力	cost method 成本法	832,500	5,565,775	-	5,565,775
Shoulian Supermarket 首聯超市	cost method 成本法	121,160,000	422,484,500	-	422,484,500
Jingkelong Tongzhou 京客降通州	cost method 成本法	29,000,000	29,000,000	-	29,000,000
Training School 培訓學校	cost method 成本法	500,000	500,000	-	500,000
Lianchao Limited 聯超公司	cost method 成本法	268,955,702	268,955,702	_	268,955,702
Total	合計	-	1,246,991,571	_	1,246,991,571

		Proportion of ownership interests (%)	Proportion of voting power (%)	Description of the difference between the former and the latter 在被投資單位持 股比例與 表決權比例	Provision for impairment of assets	Provision for impairment of assets in the year	Cash dividend in the year
Investee	被投資單位	持股比例(%)	決權比例(%)	不一致的説明	減值準備	減值準備	本年現金紅利
Long-term equity investment in subsidiaries	對子公司長期股權 投資						
Jingkelong Langfang	京客隆廊坊	100	100	_	_	_	-
Chaopi Trading	朝批商貿	79.85	79.85	_	_	_	23,955,540
Xinyang Tongli	欣陽通力	55.66	55.66	-	-	_	1,113,155
Shoulian Supermarket	首聯超市	100	100	-	-	-	-
Jingkelong Tongzhou	京客隆通州	100	100	-	-	-	-
Training School	培訓學校	100	100	-	-	-	-
Lianchao Limited	聯超公司	100	100		-		-
Total	合計			-	_	-	25,068,695

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XV. NOTES TO MAIN ITEMS IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

+五、公司財務報表主要項目註釋(續)

3. Long-term equity investment (Continued)

3、 長期股權投資(續)

31 December 2021

		Initial investment		Change in the	
Investee	Accounting methods	cost	2021.1.1 二零二一年	year	2021.12.31 二零二一年
被投資單位	核算方法	初始投資成本	一月一日	增減變動	十二月三十一日
Long-term equity investment in subsidiaries 對子公司長期股權投資					
Jingkelong Langfang 京客隆廊坊	cost method 成本法	8,000,000	83,980,000	-	83,980,000
Chaopi Trading 朝批商貿	cost method 成本法	55,733,000	436,505,594	-	436,505,594
Xinyang Tongli 欣陽通力	cost method 成本法	832,500	5,565,775	-	5,565,775
Shoulian Supermarket 首聯超市	cost method 成本法	121,160,000	422,484,500	-	422,484,500
Jingkelong Tongzhou 京客隆通州	cost method 成本法	29,000,000	29,000,000	-	29,000,000
Training School 培訓學校	cost method 成本法	500,000	500,000	-	500,000
Lianchao Limited 聯超公司	cost method 成本法	268,955,702	268,955,702	_	268,955,702
Total	合計		1,246,991,571	-	1,246,991,571

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度 (Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB)(除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XV. NOTES TO MAIN ITEMS IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

+五、公司財務報表主要項目註釋(續)

3. Long-term equity investment (Continued)

3、 長期股權投資(續)

31 December 2021 (Continued)

2021年12月31日(續)

				Description of		Donatalan fan	
		Proportion	Proportion of	the difference between the	Provision for	Provision for impairment of	
		of ownership	voting power	former and the	impairment of	assets in the	Cash dividend
		interests (%)	(%)	latter 在被投資單位持	assets	year	in the year
		在被投資單位	在被投資單位	股比例與 表決權比例		本年計提	
Investee	被投資單位	持股比例(%)	表決權比例(%)	不一致的説明	減值準備	減值準備	本年現金紅利
Long-term equity investment in subsidiaries	對子公司長期股權 投資						
Jingkelong Langfang	京客隆廊坊	100	100	_	_	_	_
Chaopi Trading	朝批商貿	79.85	79.85	_	_	_	23,955,540
Xinyang Tongli	欣陽通力	55.66	55.66	_	_	_	723,551
Shoulian Supermarket	首聯超市	100	100	_	_	_	-
Jingkelong Tongzhou	京客隆通州	100	100	-	-	_	-
Training School	培訓學校	100	100	_	_	_	_
Lianchao Limited	聯超公司	100	100	_			_
Total	合計			-	-	-	24,679,091

On 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, no restriction appeared on the capability of transferring fund from investee to the Company.

於2022年12月31日及2021年12月31日本公司持有的長期股權投資之被投資單位向本公司轉移資金的能力未受到限制。

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 2022年度

(Unless otherwise specified, the currency is RMB) (除特別説明外,金額單位為人民幣元)

XV. NOTES TO MAIN ITEMS IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

+五、公司財務報表主要項目註釋(續)

4. Operating income and operating cost

4、 營業收入、營業成本

		200	2022		21
		2022	2022年度		年度
Item	項目	Income 收入	Cost 成本	Income 收入	Cost 成本
Principal operating Other operating	主營業務 其他業務	3,208,362,170 314,106,632	2,730,117,424 14,045,103	3,026,845,968 327,267,363	2,554,668,516 8,955,749
Total	合計	3,522,468,802	2,744,162,527	3,354,113,331	2,563,624,265

The Company's business principally comprises retailing, so the top five customers are not disclosed. 本公司主營業務主要為零售業務,故未 披露前五大客戶。

The principal operating mainly engages in the distribution of food, untagged food, daily necessities, beverage and wine.

主營業務收入主要為銷售食品、副食品、日用消費品、飲料和酒等取得的收入。

5. Investment income

5、 投資收益

Item	項目	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Investment income from distributed dividend of subsidiaries. Investment gain from buying structured deposits	成本法核算的長期股權投資收益購買結構性存款投資收益	25,068,695 2,094,365	24,679,091
Total	合計	27,163,060	24,679,091

As at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, no significant restriction appeared on the Company's remittance of investment income.

於2022年12月31日及2021年12月31日,本公司的投資收益匯回不存在重大限制。

XVI. APPROVAL FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENT

The consolidated financial statements of the Group and the financial statements of the Company were approved by the board of directors on 30 March 2023.

┼六、財務報表之批准

本公司的合併及公司財務報表於2023年3月 30日已經本公司董事會批准。

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

財務資料概要

A summary of the published results, assets, liabilities and equity of the Group for last five financial years, as extracted from the Company's annual reports, is set out below:

以下為摘自本集團於過往五個財政年度之業績、資 產、負債及股本之摘要:

		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年	2018 二零一八年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Results Revenue	業績 主營業務收入	8,661,082	10,100,312	11,000,471	10,555,190	10,445,548
Profit before tax Income tax expense	利潤總額 所得税費用	(23,630) (44,788)	43,339 (32,395)	162,882 (80,079)	178,802 (81,716)	177,590 (71,213)
Net profit	淨利潤	(68,416)	10,944	82,803	97,086	106,377
Attributable to shareholders of the parents Minority interests	歸屬於母公司所有者 的淨利潤 少數股東損益	(96,071) 27,653	(22,474) 33,418	54,661 28,142	52,935 44,151	63,312 43,065
		(68,416)	10,943	82,803	97,086	106,377
Assets, Liabilities and Equity	資產、負債及股本					
Non-current assets	非流動資產	2,622,766	2,995,109	3,172,673	3,338,178	2,277,604
Current assets	流動資產	4,864,324	4,846,983	4,837,779	5,163,380	5,410,196
Current liabilities	流動負債	(4,843,813)	(4,423,720)	(4,481,401)	(4,893,352)	(5,444,706)
Net current assets/(liabilities)	流動資產/(負債)淨額	20,512	423,263	356,378	270,028	(34,510)
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	2,643,277	3,418,372	3,529,051	3,608,206	2,243,094
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(718,721)	(1,351,599)	(1,378,531)	(1,423,848)	(66,094)
Net assets	淨資產	1,924,558	2,066,774	2,150,520	2,184,358	2,177,000
Equity attributable to shareholders of the parents	歸屬於母公司股東權益	1,556,836	1,673,518	1,737,388	1,728,563	1,708,378
Minority interests	少數股東權益	367,720	393,256	413,132	455,794	468,622
Total equity	總股本	1,924,557	2,066,773	2,150,520	2,184,358	2,177,000

Standard for Business Enterprise.

Note: The data of 2018 to 2022 is prepared in accordance with Accounting 註: 2018-2022年度的數據·公司按照企業會計準則編 製。

