



UTS MARKETING SOLUTIONS HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
Stock Code: 6113

2022

ANNUAL REPORT

CONTENTS

| | |
|-----------|--|
| 2 | Corporate Information |
| 3 | Chairman’s Statement |
| 4 | Management Discussion and Analysis |
| 14 | Directors and Management Profiles |
| 18 | Corporate Governance Report |
| 27 | Directors’ Report |
| 35 | Independent Auditor’s Report |
| 40 | Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income |
| 41 | Consolidated Statement of Financial Position |
| 43 | Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity |
| 44 | Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows |
| 46 | Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements |
| 91 | Five-Year Financial Summary |

CORPORATE INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Ng Chee Wai (*Chairman*)
Mr. Lee Koon Yew
Mr. Kwan Kah Yew

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Lee Shu Sum Sam
Mr. Kow Chee Seng
Mr. Chan Hoi Kuen Matthew

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive
P.O. Box 2681
Grand Cayman, KY1-1111
Cayman Islands

HEADQUARTERS IN MALAYSIA

23rd Floor, Plaza See Hoy Chan
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50200, Kuala Lumpur
Malaysia

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 1802, 18/F
Ruttonjee House
Ruttonjee Centre
11 Duddell Street
Central, Hong Kong

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Siu Chun Pong Raymond

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Kwan Kah Yew
Mr. Chan Hoi Kuen Matthew

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Kow Chee Seng (*Chairman*)
Mr. Lee Shu Sum Sam
Mr. Chan Hoi Kuen Matthew

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan Hoi Kuen Matthew (*Chairman*)
Mr. Kow Chee Seng
Mr. Lee Shu Sum Sam
Mr. Lee Koon Yew

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Lee Shu Sum Sam (*Chairman*)
Mr. Kow Chee Seng
Mr. Chan Hoi Kuen Matthew
Mr. Kwan Kah Yew

AUDITOR

RSM Hong Kong
Certified Public Accountants
Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor
29/F, Lee Garden Two
28 Yun Ping Road
Causeway Bay, Hong Kong

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited
17/F, Far East Finance Centre
16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The Bank of East Asia
CIMB Bank Berhad

STOCK CODE

6113

WEBSITE

<http://unitedteleservice.com>

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of UTS Marketing Solutions Holdings Limited (the "Company"), I am pleased to present the annual report of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2022 (the "Reporting Period").

The Group's net profit for the Reporting Period amounted to approximately RM10.14 million, representing a decrease of approximately RM9.02 million as compared to approximately RM19.16 million for the corresponding year ended 31 December 2021, which is mainly due to lower revenue from the business in Malaysia, higher staff costs and partially offset by the lower income tax.

The overall average number of workstations ordered per month increased by approximately 9.8% from 1,055 seats for the year ended 31 December 2021 to 1,159 for the year ended 31 December 2022. The revenue generated per workstation per month decreased to RM6,259 for the year ended 31 December 2022 from RM7,243 for the year ended 31 December 2021, mainly due to lower billable rate from charitable organization and other clients.

Looking forward, the Group is determined to continue to maintain its leading role in the telemarketing industry and further strengthen its market position as one of the leading outbound contact service providers in Malaysia by expanding capacity; capitalise on the potential of inbound contact services by setting up an inbound contact centre; and upgrade and enhance existing information technology system and develop a comprehensive system for billing and reconciliation services.

Last but not the least, with the rapid development in technology nowadays, the Group will continue to embrace innovations, and will try its best endeavours to turn every challenge into opportunity to provide the best services to its customers.

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my sincere gratitude to the support and recognition of all our shareholders, investors, suppliers, business partners and customers. The management team and all staff members of the Group will continue striving for better results for the Group and bringing value to the Company and returns to the shareholders in the long run.

Ng Chee Wai

Chairman and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 30 March 2023

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group is principally engaged in the provision of outbound telemarketing services and contact centre facilities for promotion of financial products and its related activities issued by authorised financial institutions, card companies or organisations worldwide.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group was operating eight contact centres located within the central business district of Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. The Group relocated its headquarters to a new premises at 23rd Floor, Plaza See Hoy Chan, Jalan Raja Chulan, 50200 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia effective from the fourth quarter of 2022 and consolidate some of the excess contact centres capacity which were set up in prior years to cater for social distancing.

The Group's net profit for the year ended 31 December 2022 amounted to approximately RM10.14 million, representing a decrease of approximately RM9.02 million as compared to approximately RM19.16 million for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The decrease in net profit was mainly attributable to the lower revenue from the business in Malaysia by approximately RM4.65 million, higher staff costs by approximately RM6.66 million and partially offset by the lower income tax expenses of approximately RM2.62 million.

RESPONSE TO THE OUTBREAK OF COVID-19 PANDEMIC

After the outbreak of COVID-19 in early 2020, a series of precautionary and control measures have been and continued to be implemented across the globe, including Hong Kong and Malaysia.

The Malaysian Government announced the implementation of Movement Control Order (the "MCO"), Conditional Movement Control Order (the "CMCO") and Recovery Movement Control Order (the "RMCO") in stages in 2020.

However, the situation of COVID-19 pandemic in Malaysia worsened again in early 2021 and the Malaysian Government implemented the MCO again in early 2021 and subsequently the CMCO and RMCO. The head of state of Malaysia declared a Proclamation of Emergency that remained in force until 1 August 2021.

To cope with the ongoing situation of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group has, in a timely manner, put in place numerous precautionary measures and procured essential protective supplies to ensure the health and safety of all its employees in different regions. At the same time, the Group has implemented various flexible working arrangements for its staff. The Group has used, and will continue to use, its best endeavors to mitigate the adverse impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Group.

The year of 2022 was still a challenging year for the Group. The COVID-19 pandemic and the emergence of new variants thereof has continued to pose significant challenges on global economic activities and financial markets and it is infeasible for the Company to totally evade from its adverse impacts. The market was dampened again by the third wave of the COVID-19 pandemic in Malaysia which directly impacted our Group's business activities.

While the daily number of COVID-19 cases has surged amid the spread of the Omicron variant since early 2022, severe cases (categories 3, 4, and 5 patients) were still relatively low at below 1% in Malaysia and the number of COVID-19 patients requiring intensive care treatment and monitoring was also under control. Besides, Malaysia's adult population has in general received two doses of COVID-19 vaccine, while some have even received their booster shots as well.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

RESPONSE TO THE OUTBREAK OF COVID-19 PANDEMIC *(continued)*

Malaysia entered into the “Transition to Endemic” phase of COVID-19 since 1 April 2022 with all restrictions on business operating hours removed and prayer activities allowed without physical distancing.

The Malaysian economy has recovered strongly from the disruptions of the COVID-19 pandemic in the second half of 2022. Malaysia has progressively reopened its economy despite the resurgence of infections by the Omicron variant in 2022. The full withdrawal of movement restrictions, the re-opened national borders for travellers and the reopening of the economy are expected to reposition Malaysia on a quicker recovery path.

The Group will continue to monitor the development of the COVID-19 pandemic closely to ensure the safety of its employees and stable operations. As and when appropriate, the Group will adjust its measures and business contingency plans for mitigating the potential impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, operations and business development accordingly.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|------------------------|---------------|--------|
| | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Industry Sector | | |
| Insurance | 61,881 | 61,304 |
| Banking and financial | 5,014 | 3,243 |
| Others | 20,154 | 27,150 |
| Total | 87,049 | 91,697 |

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group recorded revenue of approximately RM87.05 million, representing a decrease of approximately 5.07% as compared with approximately RM91.70 million for the year ended 31 December 2021.

After the relaxation of COVID-19 control measures as announced by the Malaysian Government Authority, the overall average number of workstations ordered per month increased by approximately 9.8% from 1,055 seats for the year ended 31 December 2021 to 1,159 for the year ended 31 December 2022.

However, despite the increase in seat orders, revenue generated per workstation per month decreased from RM7,243 for the year ended 31 December 2021 to RM6,259 for the year ended 31 December 2022 mainly due to lower billable rate from charitable organization and other clients.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL REVIEW *(continued)*

Other income

For the year ended 31 December 2022, other income decreased by approximately RM1.03 million as compared to prior year, mainly due to (i) lower bank deposit interest and imputed interest income from financial assets at amortised costs of RM0.43 million, (ii) non-recurring one-off insurance claims proceed and other income of RM0.34 million, and (iii) lower rental income of RM0.26 million.

Other gains and losses

For the year ended 31 December 2022, other gains increased by approximately RM1.00 million from losses of approximately RM0.42 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to gains of approximately RM0.58 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 mainly due to (i) reversal of impairment losses on financial asset at amortised cost of RM0.71 million and (ii) gain of disposal of property, plant, and equipment of RM0.34 million in current year.

Staff Costs

For the year ended 31 December 2022, staff costs increased by approximately RM6.66 million or 12.65% from approximately RM52.66 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to approximately RM59.32 million.

The average number of staff increased from a monthly average of 1,287 for the year ended 31 December 2021 to 1,318 for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Overall staff costs per staff per month increased from RM3,409 for the year ended 31 December 2021 to RM3,750 for the year ended 31 December 2022 mainly due to (i) decrease of COVID-19 related government grants and subsidies received during the year by recruiting and employing locals which have been partially offset against staff costs; and (ii) increase in minimum wages quantum of RM300 per staff with effect from May 2022 in compliance with to the Minimum Wages Order 2022.

Depreciation

For the year ended 31 December 2022, depreciation charges increased by approximately RM0.59 million or 15.7%, from approximately RM3.74 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to approximately RM4.33 million for the year ended 31 December 2022. The increase in the depreciation charges was mainly attributable to the new leases agreement for the use of office premises entered into by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2022.

Other operating expense

For the year ended 31 December 2022, other operating expenses increased slightly by approximately RM0.1 million or 0.8%, from approximately RM12.51 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to approximately RM12.61 million for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Finance costs

For the year ended 31 December 2022, finance costs decreased by approximately RM0.39 million from approximately RM0.64 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to approximately RM0.25 million for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Income tax expenses

The Group reported an income tax expense provision of RM4.02 million and RM6.65 million from the assessable profits for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 respectively.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL REVIEW *(continued)*

Net profit and net profit margin

As a result of the above factors, the Group recorded profit after tax of approximately RM10.14 million and RM19.16 million for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 respectively, with net profit margin of approximately 11.6% and 20.9% for the corresponding years.

LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

Financial resources

The Group generally meets its working capital requirements and capital expenditures on plant and equipment from its internally generated funds. For the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group generated net cash inflow from operating activities of approximately RM6.98 million (2021: approximately RM28.50 million). The Group was able to fulfill its repayment obligations when they became due. The Group has not experienced any material difficulties in rolling over its banking facilities.

Banking facilities and lease liabilities

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had available and unutilised facilities from its banks amounting to approximately RM0.17 million (2021: approximately RM5.09 million). The carrying amount of the Group's facilities are denominated in Malaysian Ringgit.

The Group's average effective interest rate for the banking facilities was 7.76% (2021: 7.60%). The banking facilities are secured by the pledged bank deposits and the corporate guarantees provided by the Company.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had an aggregate amount of current and non-current lease obligations of approximately RM8.74 million (2021: approximately RM3.91 million), denominated in Malaysian Ringgit. The average effective interest rate for the leases was 4.21% (2021: 3.85%). The carrying amount of lease obligations amounted to approximately RM2.09 million (2021: approximately RM0.22 million) is secured by the lessor's retention of title to the leased assets.

Capital Structure

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's total equity and liabilities amounted to approximately RM65.99 million and RM19.49 million respectively (2021: approximately RM78.04 million and RM12.30 million respectively).

Pledge of Assets

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's bank facilities, denominated in Malaysian Ringgit, were (i) secured by the pledged bank deposits of approximately RM1.7 million (2021: approximately RM4.38 million); and (ii) guaranteed by corporate guarantees of the Company.

Gearing Ratio

The gearing ratio of the Group as at 31 December 2022 was 20.7% (2021: 5.0%) which is calculated based on the total debt divided by equity attributable to equity holders of the Company. Total debt represents bank overdrafts and lease liabilities. The Group has a strong liquidity position to meet its operational needs.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

RISKS FACTORS AFFECTING OUR RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITIONS

The Company has identified and determined the major risks factors which may affect the operation results and financial conditions of the Group through risk management process, which include the following:

Risk in the ability to secure sufficient labour and control staff cost

Contact service industry is a service-oriented and labour intensive business. Any shortage in staff, or increase in staff costs may materially and adversely affect our business, results of operations, financial condition and prospects.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had 1,388 employees. Total staff costs incurred by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 was approximately RM59.32 million (2021: approximately RM52.66 million), representing approximately 68.1% of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: 57.4%).

To manage such risk, the Group has endeavored to attract and retain sufficient number of staff, in particular our telemarketing sales representatives by offering performance-linked commission and incentive based on pre-determined sales target.

In addition, appropriate corrective actions and re-training measures have been taken to further improve the quality of the services provided by our telemarketing sales representatives.

Delay in settlement of bills from the top five clients

The majority of the Group's revenue is derived from a limited number of clients. Sales to the five largest clients accounted for 75.4% of the total revenue for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: 71.2%). All the five largest clients are insurance companies or charitable organisation.

The Group may be subject to the risk of delay in payment from our clients. If settlements of bills are not made in full or in a timely manner, the cash position and financial conditions of the Group will be materially and adversely affected.

To manage such risk, the Group monitors the trade receivables collection status from time to time in order to ensure the outstanding amounts due from our clients can be fully recovered. As at 31 December 2022, the Group has recorded trade receivables of approximately RM17.53 million. Up to the date of this report, approximately RM16.28 million or 92.9% of the outstanding trade receivables balances have been subsequently settled.

USE OF PROCEEDS FROM THE GLOBAL OFFERING

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had fully utilised all net proceeds from its global offering in the manner set out in the prospectus of the Company dated 22 June 2017 for expanding outbound contact service business, setting up inbound contract centre, upgrading and enhancing information technology system and general working capital.

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's capital commitments contracted but not yet incurred are related to acquisition of collectively 18 office suites, which amounted to RM3.84 million (31 December 2021: RM3.96 million related to potential equity investment and acquisition of collectively 18 office suites).

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2022.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

ADVANCE TO ENTITIES

Advance to Mightyprop Sdn. Bhd.

On 31 January 2019, UTS Marketing Solutions Sdn. Bhd. (“UTSM”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an agreement with Exsim Development Sdn. Bhd. (“Exsim”) and Mightyprop Sdn. Bhd. (“Mightyprop”) to acquire 2% of the entire issued capital of Mightyprop from Exsim with a purchase consideration at nominal value of RM2. In addition, UTSM agreed to provide an advance of RM12,000,000 to Mightyprop (the “Advance”). The Advance was unsecured, bearing interest rate of 10% per annum and repayable on or before May 2020. In July 2019, an agreement was entered by UTSM with Exsim and Mightyprop, pursuant to which the proposed acquisition of 2% shareholding in Mightyprop would not be proceeded, the maturity date of the Advance was extended to June 2020 and the interest rate remained unchanged.

On 8 July 2020, UTSM, Exsim and Mightyprop entered into an extension agreement, pursuant to which Exsim has undertaken to (i) repay the advance on or before 30 June 2021 and (ii) pay the interest calculated at the rate of 10% per annum accrued from 1 July 2020 to 31 December 2020 and 30 June 2021, which shall be payable on 7 January 2021 and 7 July 2021 respectively.

On 28 June 2021, upon further negotiations between UTSM, Exsim and Mightyprop, the parties entered into a further extension agreement (the “Further Extension Agreement”), pursuant to which Exsim has undertaken to (i) repay the Advance on or before 30 June 2022 and (ii) pay the interest calculated at the rate of 10% per annum on a daily basis accrued from 4 February 2019 up to 30 June 2021 and at the rate of 11% per annum on a daily basis accrued from 1 July 2021 up to the date of repayment and UTSM agreed to such arrangement.

On 24 June 2022, the parties entered into a third extension agreement (the “Third Extension Agreement”), pursuant to which Exsim has undertaken to repay the advance on or before 30 June 2023 and to pay the interest calculated at the rate of 11% per annum accrued from 1 July 2022 up to the date of repayment on a daily basis and UTSM agreed to such arrangement. Apart from the aforesaid, all other terms of the agreement remained unchanged.

The Third Extension Agreement dated 24 June 2022 constituted a discloseable transaction of the Company under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the “Listing Rules”).

Advance to Arcadia Hospitality Sdn. Bhd.

On 23 April 2019, UTSM entered into a shares subscription agreement with 2 individuals, Performance Consortium Sdn. Bhd. (collectively referred as the “Arcadia’s Shareholders”) and Arcadia Hospitality Sdn. Bhd. (“Arcadia”). Pursuant to the agreement, UTSM agreed to subscribe for new shares equivalent to 10% of the enlarged issued share capital of Arcadia with a consideration of RM120,000 from Arcadia’s shareholders. In addition, UTSM agreed to provide an advance of RM14,000,000 to Arcadia. The advance was unsecured, bearing interest rate of 10% per annum and repayable on or before July 2020.

On 13 July 2020, the Arcadia’s Shareholders requested for further extension of long-stop date of the conditions precedent to complete the share subscription transaction and UTSM agreed to further extend the same to 31 December 2020. Incidental to the said extension, UTSM may refrain from demanding immediate repayment of the advance until 31 December 2020 with interest rate remains unchanged.

On 30 December 2020, upon further discussion among the parties to the said shares subscription agreement, the parties have entered into an agreement on 30 December 2020 to amend the longstop date for the fulfilment of the conditions precedent to the shares subscription agreement to 31 December 2021 and the final repayment date of the advance to Arcadia to be extended to 31 December 2021, with the interest of 11% per annum, an additional rate of 1% per annum from 10% per annum on the extended term effective from 1 January 2021.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

ADVANCE TO ENTITIES *(continued)*

Advance to Arcadia Hospitality Sdn. Bhd. *(continued)*

On 30 December 2021, the parties entered into a second supplemental agreement to extend the long-stop date for the fulfilment of the conditions precedent for the subscription of the shares in Arcadia to 31 December 2022 and the final payment date of the advance to 31 December 2022 at the interest rate fixed at 11% per annum on the extended term.

On 31 October 2022, Arcadia has delivered a notice of termination to UTSM to terminate the said shares subscription agreement due to non-fulfilment of the conditions precedent. UTSM confirmed acceptance of the termination of the agreement on 10 November 2022. In connection with the termination, it was agreed that the repayment schedule of the advance shall be amended such that Arcadia shall refund in full to UTSM of all monies advanced by UTSM (i.e. RM14,000,000.00) via few instalment payments across five (5) quarters, with the first payment becoming due and payable on 30 December 2022 and the last payment becoming due and payable on 29 December 2023 in accordance with the agreed repayment arrangement. Interest will continue to accrue on the remaining unpaid portion of the advance at the rate of 11% per annum calculated on a daily basis. The interest shall be paid on a quarterly basis on the proposed quarterly payment dates as agreed or such other period as may be mutually agreed between the parties.

The financial advances to entities under Rule 13.20 of the Listing Rules and the details of the above transactions have been disclosed in the Company's announcements dated 31 January 2019, 23 April 2019, 8 July 2019, 8 July 2020, 10 July 2020, 30 December 2020, 28 June 2021, 30 December 2021, 24 June 2022, 18 October 2022 and 10 November 2022 respectively.

As at 31 December 2022, the circumstances giving rise to the disclosure under Rule 13.13 of the Listing Rules exist and the advances by the Group to Mightyprop and Arcadia as at 31 December 2022 amounted to aggregate principal values of RM12 million and RM12 million with maturity dates on or before 30 June 2023 and 29 December 2023 respectively.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had 1,388 (31 December 2021: 1,170) employees. Total staff costs incurred by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 were approximately RM59.32 million (2021: approximately RM52.66 million).

The employees of the Group are remunerated according to their job scope and responsibilities. Performance-linked commission and allowances on top of fixed salary were given to the employees to motivate productivity and stimulate better performance. The employees are also entitled to annual discretionary performance bonus, salary increment and promotion based on timely performance reviews and annual appraisals.

INTEREST RATE RISK

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's pledged bank deposits, financial advances and lease liabilities bore interest at fixed interest rates and therefore were subject to fair value interest rate risk. The Group's exposure to cash flow interest rate risk arises from its bank deposits and bank overdrafts. These deposits and bank overdrafts bore interests at variable rates that are subject to the then prevailing market condition. The Board believes that the Group does not have significant interest rate risk exposures.

FOREIGN CURRENCY EXPOSURE

Save and except that certain bank balances are denominated in Hong Kong dollars, the Group has minimal exposure to foreign currency risk because most of the business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in Malaysian Ringgit, the functional currency of the Group. The Group currently does not have a hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The management monitors the foreign currency exposure from time to time and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT HELD

As at 31 December 2022, the Group did not hold any significant investments.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

Save as disclosed in this annual report, there was no specific plan for material investments or capital assets as at 31 December 2022.

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS OR DISPOSALS

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group did not have any material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, affiliated companies, associates or joint ventures.

OUTLOOK AND FUTURE PROSPECTS

The Group's strategic objective remains unchanged and will continue focusing on the business strategies as set out in the section headed "Business — Business Strategies" of the Prospectus.

Malaysia has entered the "Transition to Endemic" phase of COVID-19 since 1 April 2022 with all restrictions on business operating hours removed and prayer activities allowed without physical distancing. The transition to the endemic phase is an exit strategy that would allow Malaysians to return to near-normal life after two years of battling the pandemic.

Nevertheless, the Group continues to remain cautious and maintain its efforts to improve productivity and expects the overall outlook for the year 2023 to remain stable and resilient without material deviation from its existing outbound telemarketing workstations ordered from its existing clients.

In addition, the Group had also been constantly identifying potential opportunities to increase its number of workstations ordered beyond its current customer base by either working with new database owners, new insurers or takaful operators in order to improve the Group's financial performance.

DIVIDENDS

On 15 November 2022, the Board has resolved to declare a special dividend of HK4.5 cents per ordinary share (the "Special Dividend"). The Special Dividend was paid on or around 21 December 2022 to shareholders of the Company whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 6 December 2022.

The Board has resolved not to declare any final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2022.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

For determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the annual general meeting of the Company, which is scheduled to be held on Thursday, 25 May 2023 (the "AGM"), the register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 22 May 2023 to Thursday, 25 May 2023, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the AGM, all transfers of shares, accompanied by the relevant share certificates, must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrars in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 pm on Friday, 19 May 2023.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME

The Group contributes to Employees Provident Fund for their employees in accordance with the statutory requirements prescribed by the relevant Malaysian laws and regulations. The Group is required to contribute certain percentage (6%–13%) of their payroll costs to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit scheme is to make the specified contributions.

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the total amount contributed by the Group to the retirement benefit scheme was approximately RM6.50 million (2021: approximately RM6.07 million).

During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2022, the Group had no forfeited contributions under its retirement benefit scheme which may be used to reduce the existing level of contributions.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There had been no material event subsequent to 31 December 2022 up to the date of this report which requires adjustment to or disclosure in this report.

COMPETING INTERESTS

The Directors are not aware of any business or interest of the Directors or the controlling shareholders of the Company nor any of their respective close associates that compete or might compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group and any other conflicts of interest which any such person had or might have with the Group during the year ended 31 December 2022.

RECENT DEVELOPMENT AND NO MATERIAL ADVERSE CHANGE

Saved as disclosed in the paragraph headed "Response to the Outbreak of COVID-19 Pandemic", there had been no material changes on the business operation of the Group since 31 December 2022.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") on 14 June 2017 and the same became effective from 12 July 2017, the date on which the Shares were listed and commenced trading on the Stock Exchange. No option was granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed during the year ended 31 December 2022.

The Share Option Scheme is a share incentive scheme and is established to enable the Company to grant options to the eligible participants as incentives or rewards for the contribution they had or may have made to the Group. The Share Option Scheme will provide the eligible participants the opportunity to have personal stake in the Company with the view to achieve the following objectives:

- (a) motivate the eligible participants to optimise their performance efficiency for the benefit of the Group; and
- (b) attract and retain or otherwise maintain on-going business relationship with the eligible participants whose contributions are or will be beneficial to the long-term growth of the Group.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Eligible participants of the Share Option Scheme include (i) any full-time or part-time employees, executives or officers of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; (ii) any directors (including independent non-executive directors) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; (iii) any consultants or advisers (whether professional or otherwise and whether on an employment or contractual or honorary basis or otherwise and whether paid or unpaid), contractors, suppliers, service providers, agents, customers and business partners of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; and (iv) any such other persons who in the sole opinion of the Board, will contribute or have contributed to the Company and/or any of its subsidiaries. Subject to the requirements under the Listing Rules relating to the grant of share options to the Directors, chief executive or substantial shareholders, unless approved by the shareholders at general meeting in the manner prescribed in the Listing Rules, the maximum entitlement of each eligible participant is that the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the outstanding options granted and to be granted to such grantee (including both exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) under the Share Option Scheme and other scheme(s) of the Group in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of grant.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2022.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Based on the best knowledge of the Directors, the Group has complied in all material respects with all relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Group is committed to operate in compliance with the applicable environmental laws as well as protecting the environment by minimising the negative impact of the Group's existing business activities on the environment. Details of the environmental policies and performance are set out in our 2022 Environmental, Social and Governance Report which will be available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company in due course.

RELATIONSHIP WITH EMPLOYEES, CLIENTS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group recognises the importance of having good working relationships with its employees. The Group has not experienced any significant problems with its staff nor any significant labour disputes or industrial actions.

The Group understands the importance of maintaining a good relationship with its clients and suppliers in order to meet its immediate and long-term business goals. Out of our top five clients, four are in the insurance industry and one is from charitable organisation. As at 31 December 2022, all of our five largest clients and three of our five largest suppliers have a length of business relationship with our Group for more than 5 years. There were no material disputes between the Group and its clients and suppliers.

ACQUISITION OF PROPERTIES

On 24 July 2020, UTSM entered into sale and purchase agreements with Lim Legacy Development Sdn. Bhd. ("Lim Legacy") to acquire 18 office suites (the "Properties") locating at Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. The development of the Properties was completed subsequent to the Reporting Period. As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, 79% of the total consideration, amounting to approximately RM14,095,000, has been paid to Lim Legacy.

The acquisition of the Properties constituted a discloseable transaction of the Company under the Listing Rules.

Further details of the above transaction are set out in the Company's announcements dated 24 July 2020 and 28 July 2020 respectively.

DIRECTORS AND MANAGEMENT PROFILES

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Ng Chee Wai, aged 50, is the chairman of the Company (the “Chairman”) and an executive Director and is responsible for overseeing the business development of our Group, formulating overall business development strategy and soliciting new businesses.

In April 1995, Mr. Ng joined Chubb Insurance Malaysia Berhad (formerly known as ACE Synergy Insurance Bhd) and worked in direct marketing department before he left the said company in November 2008. During the said 13 years, Mr. Ng was responsible for business development and other marketing matters. After he left, Mr. Ng joined our Group in November 2011.

Mr. Ng obtained a Bachelor of International Business degree from Griffith University in September 1994.

Mr. Lee Koon Yew, aged 67, is an executive Director and the chief executive officer of our Group. Mr. Lee is responsible for formulating the overall business strategy and planning, overseeing our Group’s performance and management.

Mr. Lee has more than 27 years of experiences in the insurance industry. During the period between 1981 and 1995, he worked in Hong Leong Assurance Berhad and his last position was assistant general manager responsible for the general management of the said company.

From September 1995 to December 2006, Mr. Lee became the Country Manager & Principal Officer of Chubb Insurance Malaysia Berhad (formerly known as ACE Synergy Insurance Bhd), responsible for the overall management of the said company. After working in the said company for 11 years, he joined Tahan Insurance Berhad as the chief executive officer and was responsible for the overall management of the said company. He then joined our Group in December 2009.

Mr. Lee was the chairman of Insurance Services Malaysia from 2005 to 2009. He was also the chairman of General Insurance Association of Malaysia (PIAM), the director of Malaysian Ratings Corp. Bhd. and the director of Malaysian Insurance Institute during the period from 2008 to 2009.

Mr. Lee obtained a Bachelor of Commerce degree from the University of Canterbury in May 1980.

Mr. Kwan Kah Yew, aged 54, is an executive Director and is responsible for formulating overall business development strategy and planning, overseeing our Group’s performance and financial management.

Mr. Kwan worked in various accounting firms as audit staff during the period between January 1994 and July 1998 responsible for reviewing and preparing the consolidated accounts and fund flow statements.

From July 1998 to July 2009, Mr. Kwan worked in Chubb Insurance Malaysia Berhad (formerly known as ACE Synergy Insurance Berhad) as Chief Financial Officer, responsible for management of financial-related matters of the company. He joined our Group in June 2010.

Mr. Kwan has been a fellow of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants since September 2002.

Mr. Kwan obtained a Diploma in Commerce (Financial Accounting) from Kolej Tunku Abdul Rahman College in June 1993.

DIRECTORS AND MANAGEMENT PROFILES

DIRECTORS *(continued)*

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Lee Shu Sum Sam (李樹深), aged 51, is an independent non-executive Director.

Mr. Lee started his career in April 1994 as a customer service officer in Seapower Futures Limited, responsible for analysing and providing up-to-date market information of currency commodity and US stock market to customers. During the period between June 1996 and August 2005, Mr. Lee was the business analyst in The Hong Kong Jockey Club, responsible for the overall project management. During the period between 2005 and 2010, Mr. Lee had worked in (i) The Hong Kong Broadband Network Limited as assistant IT manager, (ii) The Hong Kong International Terminals Limited as systems analyst and (iii) The Hong Kong Economic Times Limited as project manager.

Mr. Lee obtained a Bachelor of Information Technology from Griffith University in April 1994.

Mr. Kow Chee Seng, aged 54, is an independent non-executive Director.

Mr. Kow has more than 21 years of accounting experience. He was an auditor in Lim, Tay & Co. (林鄭會計公司) during the period between January 1994 and June 2005, responsible for auditing, taxation and accounting works. He then served as an accountant in Dolomite Industrial Park Sdn. Bhd. from December 2005 to August 2006, responsible for liaising with the auditor, ensuring compliance with internal control policies, preparing the accounts of the said company. Mr. Kow joined Bintai Kinden Corporation Berhad as the accountant in 2006, responsible for management of accounts, and treasury management. He became a partner of J&K Management Consultancy Services and worked there until April 2010, providing accounting and secretarial management consultancy services. In 2010, he founded C S Kow & Associates, providing audit, taxation, accounting and company secretarial services.

Mr. Kow became a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in January 2004. He also became an approved company auditor licensed by the Ministry of Finance of Malaysia in 2010, and an approved tax agent licensed by the Ministry of Finance of Malaysia in 2014.

Mr. Kow obtained a Diploma in Commerce (Major in Financial Accounting) from College Tunku Abdul Rahman, Malaysia in July 1993.

Mr. Chan Hoi Kuen Matthew (陳海權), aged 51, is an independent non-executive Director.

Mr. Chan is currently a career representative unit manager in AIA International Limited, responsible for serving clientele in respect of their insurance coverage and wealth management. Prior to joining AIA International Limited, Mr. Chan had worked in (i) Indover Bank (Asia) Limited as assistant vice president of the commercial banking department; (ii) Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited as Manager; (iii) Calyon Corporate and Investment Bank as manager in Ship Finance Department; (iv) DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited as senior relationship manager; and (v) Indover Bank (Asia) Limited as vice president.

Mr. Chan was an independent non-executive director of CBK Holdings Limited (國茂控股有限公司), a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 8428) during the period between 20 January 2017 and 31 December 2021.

Mr. Chan is a certified practising accountant since November 1997, and he became an associate of the Hong Kong Society of Accountants (currently known as "Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants") in February 2001.

Mr. Chan obtained a Bachelor of Commerce in Accounting and Finance from The University of New South Wales, Australia in October 1994 and a postgraduate diploma in Financial Policy from the University of London, United Kingdom through distance learning in December 1996.

DIRECTORS AND MANAGEMENT PROFILES

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Chang Siau Voon, aged 47, is the Chief Financial Officer of our Group, responsible for the financial management and accounting and reporting functions of our Group's business.

Mr. Chang started his career in February 1999 and had worked in (i) Global Enterprise Sdn Bhd as Finance & Administration Officer; (ii) Maruzen Nihonbashi Sdn Bhd as Accounts Assistant; and (iii) Deloitte Kassim Chan as Audit Semi Senior.

In January 2003, Mr. Chang joined AmAssurance Insurance Berhad as senior officer and promoted to manager in April 2004. He worked in the said company until September 2007, mainly responsible for preparing its accounts. In September 2007, he joined Chubb Insurance Malaysia Berhad (formerly known as ACE Synergy Insurance Bhd) as assistant manager and was promoted as manager in January 2010 and worked in that position until October 2011, mainly responsible for overseeing the reporting section for accurate and timely submission of statutory reports, assisting in the preparation of annual budget and monthly forecast and handling all reinsurance and treaty administration related matters. After that, he joined our Group in October 2011 as finance manager and was promoted to Chief Financial Officer in January 2014.

Mr. Chang is a member of Malaysian Institute of Accountants and a Certified Practising Accountant of CPA Australia since September 2009 and November 2004 respectively.

Mr. Chang obtained a Bachelor of Business degree from University of Technology, Sydney in June 1999.

Ms. Lim Soh Ting, aged 41, is the General Manager of our Group and is mainly responsible for project management and liaising with clients and their database owners on all matters related to the projects.

Ms. Lim joined Teledirect Telecommerce Sdn Bhd as a telesales executive in October 2002 and held the positions of team leader, management trainee and her last position in Teledirect Telecommerce Sdn Bhd was project executive, responsible for project management and client management. After that, Ms. Lim left Teledirect Telecommerce Sdn Bhd in February 2008 and she joined Hewlett Packard Corporation Berhad in March 2008 as an inside sales supervisor, responsible for managing inside sales team of the said company. Ms. Lim then joined our Group in April 2011 as Campaign Manager and was promoted to senior account director in January 2016. Ms. Lim was promoted to General Manager effective from April 2022.

Ms. Lim obtained a life insurance agent certificate from the Malaysian Insurance Institute in September 2004.

Mr. Woo Kai Meng, aged 48, is the Head of Information Technology of our Group, responsible for overseeing the operation and management of information technology of our Group.

Mr. Woo has more than 17 years of experience in information technology operations. Prior to joining the Group, In September 2001, Mr. Woo served as a senior executive in ACE Synergy Insurance Berhad and was promoted as an assistant manager in September 2007, responsible for project management. After that, Mr. Woo joined our Group in April 2010 as the head of information technology.

Mr. Woo obtained a Bachelor of Business degree from the University of Southern Queensland, Australia through distance learning in March 1998.

DIRECTORS AND MANAGEMENT PROFILES

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Siu Chun Pong, Raymond (蕭鎮邦), aged 43, was appointed as a joint company secretary of the Company in February 2018.

Mr. Siu has been a practising solicitor of The High Court of Hong Kong since 2005. Mr. Siu has over 17 years of experience in corporate finance and regulatory compliance. He is the founder and a partner of Raymond Siu & Lawyers. Prior to setting up and running his own solicitors' firm, he has been a partner of F. Zimmern & Co., Solicitors & Notaries from July 2012 to August 2017. Mr. Siu is now an independent non-executive director of China Wantian Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1854). Mr. Siu graduated from The University of Hong Kong with a Bachelor of Laws degree and University College London with a Master of Laws degree. Following the resignation of Mr. Wong Weng Yuen on 23 June 2022, Mr. Siu has acted as the sole company secretary of the Company.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The board (the “Board”) of directors (the “Directors”) and management of the Company are committed to achieving and maintaining high standards of corporate governance to enhance corporate performance, transparency and accountability through a set of corporate governance principles and practices.

The culture of the Group is that the directors and management of the Group are required to develop its business and operation within the boundary of the applicable laws and regulations and the general standards and expectations of the business community and society. The Group is required to operate based on sound governance and utmost integrity and prohibit all kinds of damaging, corruptive, collusive, unethical and discriminative acts.

The Directors are of the opinion that during the year ended 31 December 2022, the Company has complied with the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the “CG Code”) under Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules for the year ended 31 December 2022, save and except for code provision D2.5 of the CG Code, details of which are set out in the paragraph headed “Risk Management, Internal Control and their Effectiveness” of this section.

Furthermore, the Board has adopted the CG Code (version with effect from 1 January 2022), the requirement under which shall apply to the Company’s corporate governance report for the year ended 31 December 2022.

The Company’s corporate governance structure includes the Board and three board committees under the Board, namely the audit committee (the “Audit Committee”), the remuneration committee (the “Remuneration Committee”) and the nomination committee (the “Nomination Committee”). The Board stipulates the terms of reference of all Board committees and specifies therein clearly the powers and responsibilities of the board committees.

THE BOARD

The Board plays a central supporting and supervisory role in the Group and is responsible for promoting the success of the Group by directing and supervising its affairs in a responsible and effective manner. Each Director has a fiduciary duty towards the Company.

The Board oversees the overall management of the Company and makes decisions on important matters, including but not limited to the approval of the overall business strategies and policies, business development, risk management, annual budgets, financial results, investment proposals, material acquisition, disposals and capital transactions, internal control, material funding decisions and major commitments relating to the Group’s operations. The Board is required to make decisions in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

Decisions on the Group’s day-to-day management and operations of the Company are delegated to the management of the Group. This delegation of authority includes responsibility for operating the Group’s business within the parameters set by the Board, keeping the Board informed of material developments of the Group’s business, identifying and managing operation and other risks and implementing the policies and processes approved by the Board.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

BOARD COMPOSITION

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Board comprised 6 members, including three executive Directors, Mr. Ng Chee Wai (Chairman), Mr. Lee Koon Yew and Mr. Kwan Kah Yew and three independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Lee Shu Sum Sam, Mr. Kow Chee Seng and Mr. Chan Hoi Kuen Matthew. Other than being members of the Board, there is no other relationship between the members of the Board. The Board believes that the composition of executive and non-executive Directors is reasonable and adequate to provide sufficient checks and balances that serve to safeguard the interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

The Board comprises six Directors and all are male. Five of them are in the age group of 50–59 and the remaining one of them is in the age group 60–69.

Each Director has different professional qualifications, knowledge, skills, industry experience and expertise, which enable them to make valuable and diversified contribution and guidance to the Group's business development and operations. The Directors' biographical details are set out in the section headed "Directors and Management Profiles" of this report.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Board had at all times met the relevant requirements under the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors (representing not less than one-third of the Board), with at least one independent non-executive Director possessing appropriate accounting and related financial management expertise. The independence of the independent non-executive Directors is assessed according to the relevant rules and requirements under the Listing Rules. The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors a confirmation of his independence in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and the Company is of the view that all independent non-executive Directors meet the independence guidelines and are independent in accordance with the relevant rules and requirements.

The Nomination Committee has reviewed the Board's structure, size, diversity and composition to ensure that it has a balance of expertise, skills, independence and experience appropriate to the requirements of the Group's business development and operations.

The senior management comprises 2 male and 1 female.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

During the year under review, Mr. Ng Chee Wai, the Chairman of the Board, took a leading role in the management of the Group and was responsible for the effective functioning of the Board. He was also responsible for the overall strategic development of the Group. Mr. Lee Koon Yew acted as the chief executive officer of the Company and was responsible for managing the Group's overall daily operations. The Group's senior management team was responsible for implementation of business strategy and management of the day-to-day operations of the Group's business.

APPOINTMENT, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL

The appointment, re-election and removal of Directors are governed by the Articles. The Board may from time to time appoint a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board.

The Nomination Committee will make recommendations to the Board on the appointment of Directors and senior management. Potential new directors are selected on the basis of their qualifications, skills and experience that the Directors consider will make a positive contribution to the performance and diversity of the Board.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

APPOINTMENT, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL *(continued)*

At each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire by rotation in accordance with the Articles.

Each of the non-executive Directors was appointed for a term of three years subject to retirement by rotation at the annual general meeting of the Company.

NOMINATION POLICY

The company secretary of the Company shall call a meeting of the Nomination Committee, and invite nominations of candidates from Board members for consideration by the Nomination Committee. The Nomination Committee may also put forward candidates who are not nominated by Board members. The factors which would be used as reference by the Nomination Committee in assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate for director include, inter alia, reputation for integrity, professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience that are relevant to the Group's business and corporate strategy, willingness to devote adequate time to discharge duties as Board member, diversity of the Board, and such other perspectives appropriate to the Group's business. The Nomination Committee shall make recommendations for the Board's consideration and approval.

DIVERSITY OF THE BOARD

The Company has a board diversity policy to achieve board diversity taking into account a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. The Nomination Committee evaluates and monitors the implementation of the board diversity policy to ensure the effectiveness of the board diversity policy.

The Company will appoint at least one Director of different gender in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules on or before 31 December 2024.

NUMBER OF MEETINGS AND DIRECTORS' ATTENDANCE

During the year ended 31 December 2022, 3 Board meetings were held and 7 written resolutions of the Directors were passed. Notices of regular Board meetings for the purpose of approving the annual results and interim results were given to all Directors at least 14 days before each meeting, and all Directors were given the opportunity to include matters in the agenda for discussion at the Board meetings. The agenda and meeting materials, including relevant background information and supporting analysis, were normally sent to all Directors at least three days before the regular Board meetings (and so far as practicable for such other Board meetings) to ensure that the Directors would have sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company. Their individual attendance of the 3 Board meetings was as follows:

| | Attendance Rate |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Mr. Ng Chee Wai | 3/3 |
| Mr. Lee Koon Yew | 3/3 |
| Mr. Kwan Kah Yew | 3/3 |
| Mr. Lee Shu Sum Sam | 3/3 |
| Mr. Kow Chee Seng | 3/3 |
| Mr. Chan Hoi Kuen Matthew | 3/3 |

The annual general meeting of the Company was held on 18 May 2022. All Directors attended the annual general meeting. No extraordinary general meeting was held during the year ended 31 December 2022.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

PRACTICES AND CONDUCT OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD AND BOARD COMMITTEES

The company secretary is responsible for ensuring the proper convening and conducting of the Board and Board committee meetings, with relevant notices, agenda and all relevant Board and Board committee papers being provided to the Directors and Board committee members in a timely manner before the meetings.

The company secretary is responsible for keeping minutes of all meetings of the Board and Board committees. Board and Board committee minutes are available for inspection by Directors and Board committee members. All Directors have direct access to the company secretary who is responsible for advising the Board on corporate governance and compliance issues.

Each Director is required to make disclosure of his interests or potential conflicts of interests, if any, in any proposed transactions or issues discussed by Directors at the Board and Board committees' meetings. Any Director shall not vote on any resolution of the Board and Board committees approving any contract or arrangement or any other proposal in which he (or his associates) is materially interested nor shall he be counted in the quorum present at the meeting.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Specific enquiry has been made to all Directors, and the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with all relevant requirements as set out in the Model Code for the year ended 31 December 2022. The Company will from time to time reiterate and provide reminders to the Directors regarding the procedures, rules and requirements to be complied with by them in relation to Directors' dealings in securities.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT AND AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of the financial statements which give a true and fair presentation of the state of affairs of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2022. This responsibility has also been mentioned in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 35 to 39 of this report.

In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022, the Board (i) adopted all applicable accounting and financial reporting standards, including but not limited to the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants; (ii) selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently; (iii) made prudent and reasonable judgements and estimates; and (iv) ensured that the financial statements were prepared on a going concern basis.

The Directors are also responsible for ensuring timely publication of the Group's financial statements. The Company aims to present a clear, balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's performance and position through all its publications and communications to the public and is aware of the requirements under the applicable rules and regulations about timely disclosure of inside information. The interim results of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2022 were published within 2 months after the end of the relevant period to provide stakeholders with transparent and timely financial information of the Group.

The statement by the auditors of the Company about their responsibilities is set out on pages 35 to 39 of this annual report. The auditors of the Company received approximately (i) RM0.34 million for the provision of audit services rendered during the year ended 31 December 2022; (ii) RM56,000 for the provision of interim financial review services; and (iii) RM15,000 for the provision of taxation services rendered by the auditor of the Company during the year.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

RISK MANAGEMENT, INTERNAL CONTROL AND THEIR EFFECTIVENESS

The Board has the overall responsibility for maintaining sound and effective internal controls and risk management for the Group to safeguard the interests of its stakeholders and the assets of the Group at all times. In this connection, an internal control and risk management system has been established to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss and to manage or mitigate rather than eliminate risks of failure to achieve the Group's business objectives.

The Board is responsible for, at least annually, conducting reviews on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's internal control and risk management system, and making recommendations to the relevant department management for necessary actions.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Board had conducted reviews on the effectiveness of the internal control and risk management system covering all material factors related to financial, operational, compliance controls, various functions for risk management and asset and information security.

Code provision D.2.5 of the CG Code stipulates that an issuer should have an internal audit function. The Company does not have an internal audit function as the Board presently considers that the size, nature and complexity of the Group's business does not require such a function. The Board reviews and will continue to review the need to set up an independent internal audit function on an annual basis. At the current stage, our finance team assumes the responsibility for conducting regular review of internal control procedures. Such arrangement can be improved, but the Board is not concerned with the lack of segregation of duties taking into account the current organisational structure, lines of responsibility and authority of the management team and the risks associated with the operations of the Group. The Board considers that the internal control and risk management system is effective and adequate during the year under review.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company has adopted dividend policy (the "Dividend Policy"), pursuant to which the Company may distribute dividends to the shareholders of the Company by way of cash or shares. Any distribution of dividends shall be in accordance with the Articles and the distribution shall achieve continuity, stability and sustainability. The recommendation of the payment of any dividend is subject to the absolute discretion of the Board. In proposing any dividend pay-out, the Board shall also take into account, inter alia, the Group's earnings per share, the reasonable return in investment of the investors and the shareholders in order to provide incentive to them to continue to support the Group in their long-term development, the financial conditions and business plan of the Group, and the market sentiment and circumstances. The Dividend Policy will be reviewed from time to time and there is no assurance that a dividend will be proposed or declared in any specific periods.

CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

The Directors have been informed of the requirement under the code provision C.1.4 of the CG Code regarding the continuous professional development. A summary of the trainings received by each of the Directors during the year ended 31 December 2022 is as follows:

| | Reading journals | Attending seminars |
|---------------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Mr. Ng Chee Wai | ✓ | ✓ |
| Mr. Lee Koon Yew | ✓ | ✓ |
| Mr. Kwan Kah Yew | ✓ | ✓ |
| Mr. Lee Shu Sum Sam | ✓ | ✓ |
| Mr. Kow Chee Seng | ✓ | ✓ |
| Mr. Chan Hoi Kuen Matthew | ✓ | ✓ |

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

BOARD COMMITTEES

During the year ended 31 December 2022, there were three Board committees, namely the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee with specific terms of references to assist the Board in discharging its responsibilities.

Audit Committee

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Kow Chee Seng, Mr. Lee Shu Sum Sam and Mr. Chan Hoi Kuen Matthew. The Audit Committee is chaired by Mr. Kow Chee Seng, who is a certified public accountant. The principal functions of the Audit Committee are to review and supervise the Group's financial reporting processes and internal control and risk management system.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Audit Committee reviewed the Group's annual and interim results and the effectiveness of internal control and risk management system. The Audit Committee had performed the following works:

- (a) reviewed the financial report for the year ended 31 December 2021;
- (b) reviewed the financial report for the six months ended 30 June 2022;
- (c) reviewed the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and ensured the compliance with the relevant accounting standards, the Listing Rules and other statutory requirements; and
- (d) reviewed the effectiveness of the internal control and risk management system.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, two Audit Committee meetings were held. The individual attendance of its members is as follows:

| | Attendance Rate |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Mr. Kow Chee Seng | 2/2 |
| Mr. Lee Shu Sum Sam | 2/2 |
| Mr. Chan Hoi Kuen Matthew | 2/2 |

Remuneration Committee

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Remuneration Committee comprises an executive Director, Mr. Lee Koon Yew; and three independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Chan Hoi Kuen Matthew, Mr. Kow Chee Seng and Mr. Lee Shu Sum Sam. The Remuneration Committee is chaired by Mr. Chan Hoi Kuen Matthew.

The principal functions of the Remuneration Committee are (i) to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for the remuneration of all Directors and senior management in order to retain and attract talent to manage the Group effectively; (ii) to determine, with the delegated responsibility, the specific remuneration packages of all executive Directors and senior management; (iii) to assess the performance of the executive Directors; and (iv) to approve the terms of the service contracts of the executive Directors. The Directors and their associates do not participate in the decisions in relation to their own remuneration. On 30 March 2023, the Board has resolved to amend the Terms of Reference of Remuneration Committee such that the Remuneration Committee shall also be responsible for reviewing and/or approving matters relating to share schemes of the Company under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

BOARD COMMITTEES *(continued)*

Remuneration Committee *(continued)*

During the year ended 31 December 2022, one Remuneration Committee meeting was held and one written resolutions of Remuneration Committee were passed. The Remuneration Committee will meet as and when required. The individual attendance of its members is as follows:

| | Attendance Rate |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Mr. Chan Hoi Kuen Matthew | 1/1 |
| Mr. Kow Chee Seng | 1/1 |
| Mr. Lee Shu Sum Sam | 1/1 |
| Mr. Lee Koon Yew | 1/1 |

Nomination Committee

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Nomination Committee comprises an executive Director, Mr. Kwan Kah Yew and three independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Lee Shu Sum Sam, Mr. Kow Chee Seng and Mr. Chan Hoi Kuen Matthew. The Nomination Committee is chaired by Mr. Lee Shu Sum Sam.

The principal functions of the Nomination Committee are to determine the policy for the nomination of Directors, to review the structure of the Board, to assess the independence of the independent non-executive Directors and to make recommendations on relevant matters relating to the appointment or re-appointment of Directors.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, one meeting was held by the Nomination Committee. The Nomination Committee will meet as and when required. The individual attendance of its members is as follows:

| | Attendance Rate |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Mr. Lee Shu Sum Sam | 1/1 |
| Mr. Kow Chee Seng | 1/1 |
| Mr. Chan Hoi Kuen Matthew | 1/1 |
| Mr. Kwan Kah Yew | 1/1 |

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION

The Board is responsible for the corporate governance matters of the Company. The Board has established its terms of reference, pursuant to which the duties of the Board include, inter alia, (i) to develop, review and implement the policies and practices of the Company on corporate governance; (ii) to review, monitor and implement the policies and practices of the Company on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; (iii) to review, monitor and implement the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management of the Group; (iv) to develop, review, monitor and implement the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to Directors and employees; and (v) to review and implement the compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Siu Chun Pong Raymond is the company secretary of the Company. The biographical details of Mr. Siu is set out in the section headed "Directors and Management Profiles" of this report.

The company secretary took no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year ended 31 December 2022 as required by the Listing Rules.

COMMITMENT TO TRANSPARENCY

The Board puts emphasis on creating and maintaining a high level of transparency through timely disclosure of relevant information on the Group's business and activities to shareholders, investors, media and investment public through various channels including the Company's annual general meeting, analysts' briefings, press conferences following the announcements of interim and annual results, regular press releases, timely update of the Company's website as well as the availability of designated investor relationship agent to handle enquiries. The executive Directors and senior management, who together oversee our business operations, are committed to responding to enquiries from regulators, shareholders, investors and business partners.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

The Company regards high quality reporting as an essential element in building successful relationships with its shareholders. The Company always seeks to provide relevant information to existing and potential investors, not only to comply with the various requirements in force but also to enhance transparency and communications with shareholders and the investing public. The Company is committed to ensuring that all shareholders and potential investors have equal opportunities to receive and obtain publicly available information that is released by the Group. Regular disclosures about important issues, including performance, fundamental business strategy, governance and risk management are disseminated through various channels such as:

- the Company's annual general meeting
- analysts' briefings and press conferences following the announcements of interim results and annual results
- timely updates of the Group's information on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange
- meetings with shareholders and the investing public
- prompt press releases and announcements regarding major corporate actions and business initiatives

The Company maintains a website at <http://unitedteleservice.com> where the Company's announcements, circulars, notices, financial reports, business developments, press releases and other information are posted. Shareholders are encouraged to access corporate communication from the Company through its website.

The Company has reviewed its communication policy and consider it to be effective.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Company has adopted the amended and restated Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association by special resolution passed on 18 May 2022 in order to comply with the amendments to the Listing Rules regarding core shareholder protection standards.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Convening extraordinary general meeting and putting forward proposals at Shareholders' meetings

Any one or more shareholder(s) of the Company holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company secretary of the Company at Unit 1802, 18/F, Ruttonjee House, Ruttonjee Centre, 11 Duddell Street, Central, Hong Kong, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitioner(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitioner(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitioner(s) by the Company.

Enquiries to the Board

We always welcome Shareholders' view and input. Shareholders and other stakeholders may at any time raise their concerns to the company secretary, Mr. Siu Chun Pong Raymond, by mail, facsimile or email. The contact details are as follows:

Address: 23rd Floor, Plaza See Hoy Chan, Jalan Raja Chulan, 50200 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Facsimile no.: (603) 2031 9618

Email: info@unitedteleservice.com

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors are pleased to present the 2022 annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2022.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Group is principally engaged in provision of outbound telemarketing services of financial products, which include insurance products (conventional and takaful insurance products), promoting credit cards and balance transfer, and soliciting donation programmes for our clients in Malaysia. Our current clientele are mainly banks, insurance companies, takaful operators, and charitable organisations in Malaysia.

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the subsidiaries of the Company are set out in note 40 to the consolidated financial statements.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company identified and determined the major risks which may affect the operations results and financial conditions of the Group through risk management process, which include (1) the risk in securing sufficient labour and control staff costs and (2) the risk in delay in settlement of bills from the top five clients.

BUSINESS REVIEW

For the review of the business of the Group, the details on principal risks and uncertainties, compliance with laws and regulations, environmental policies and performance, relationship with employees, clients and suppliers, please refer to the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 4 to 13 of this report.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 40.

On 15 November 2022, the Directors declared a special dividend of HK4.5 cents per share (equivalent to RM0.0255 per share) (the "Special Dividend"). The Special Dividend was paid on or around 21 December 2022 to shareholders of the Company whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 6 December 2022 (the record date).

DONATION

Charitable and other donations made by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2022 amounted to approximately RM11,000.

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on pages 91 to 92 of this annual report. This summary is for information only and does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

During the year ended 31 December 2022, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2022, the Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders amounted to approximately RM60 million.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Ng Chee Wai
Mr. Lee Koon Yew
Mr. Kwan Kah Yew

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Lee Shu Sum Sam
Mr. Kow Chee Seng
Mr. Chan Hoi Kuen Matthew

Biographical details of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Directors and Management Profiles" on pages 14 to 17 of this report.

According to Article 84(1) of the Articles, Mr. Kwan Kah Yew and Mr. Chan Hoi Kuen Matthew will retire by rotation and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a contract of service which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

DIRECTORS' REPORT

DIRECTORS' INTEREST AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2022, the interests and short positions of our Directors and chief executive of our Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of our Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) which have to be notified to our Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions in which they are taken or deemed to have taken under such provisions), or required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or were required, pursuant to the Model Code, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, are as follows:

Long Positions in the shares of the Company (the "Shares")

| Name of Director | Capacity | Number of Shares | Percentage of the issued share capital |
|------------------|---|------------------|--|
| Mr. Ng Chee Wai | Interest in controlled corporation (Note 1) | 180,000,000 | 45.00% |
| Mr. Lee Koon Yew | Interest in controlled corporation (Note 2) | 66,000,000 | 16.50% |
| Mr. Kwan Kah Yew | Interest in controlled corporation (Note 3) | 54,000,000 | 13.50% |

Notes:

1. The 180,000,000 Shares were held by Marketing Intellect (UTS) Limited, a company incorporated in the BVI and is wholly-owned by Mr. Ng Chee Wai. Mr. Ng is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Marketing Intellect (UTS) Limited under the SFO.
2. The 66,000,000 Shares were held by Marketing Talent (UTS) Limited, a company incorporated in the BVI and is wholly-owned by Mr. Lee Koon Yew. Mr. Lee is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Marketing Talent (UTS) Limited under the SFO.
3. The 54,000,000 Shares were held by Marketing Wisdom (UTS) Limited, a company incorporated in the BVI and is wholly-owned by Mr. Kwan Kah Yew. Mr. Kwan is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Marketing Wisdom (UTS) Limited under the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2022, none of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company had any interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

INTERESTS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AND OTHER PERSONS IN THE SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2022, the persons or corporations other than Directors or chief executive of the Company, who had an interest or short position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which were required to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Division 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO, were as follows:

| Name of Director | Capacity | Number of Shares | Percentage of the issued share capital |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|--|
| Marketing Intellect (UTS) Limited | Beneficial owner (Note 1) | 180,000,000 | 45.00% |
| Ms. Cheong Wai Mun | Interest of spouse (Note 2) | 180,000,000 | 45.00% |
| Marketing Talent (UTS) Limited | Beneficial owner (Note 3) | 66,000,000 | 16.50% |
| Ms. Teh Swee Lee | Interest of spouse (Note 4) | 66,000,000 | 16.50% |
| Marketing Wisdom (UTS) Limited | Beneficial owner (Note 5) | 54,000,000 | 13.50% |
| Ms. Sun Bee Wah | Interest of spouse (Note 6) | 54,000,000 | 13.50% |

Notes:

1. Marketing Intellect (UTS) Limited is wholly-owned by Mr. Ng Chee Wai.
2. Ms. Cheong Wai Mun is the spouse of Mr. Ng Chee Wai.
3. Marketing Talent (UTS) Limited is wholly-owned by Mr. Lee Koon Yew.
4. Ms. Teh Swee Lee is the spouse of Mr. Lee Koon Yew.
5. Marketing Wisdom (UTS) Limited is wholly-owned by Mr. Kwan Kah Yew.
6. Ms. Sun Bee Wah is the spouse of Mr. Kwan Kah Yew.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2022, so far as is known to the Directors or chief executive of the Company, no other person (other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company) had any interest and short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company which were required to be disclosed under the provisions of Division 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or required to be recorded in the register required under section 336 of the SFO as at the date of this report.

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save and except for the Share Option Scheme (as defined below), at no time during the year was the Company, its controlling shareholders, or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, and neither the Directors nor the chief executive, nor any of their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any right to subscribe for the securities of the Company, or had exercised any such right.

DIRECTORS' OR CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to which the Company or its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director (or entity connected with a Director) or a controlling shareholder of the Company or a subsidiary of such controlling shareholder had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

DIRECTORS' PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

According to the Articles, the Directors for the time being shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them shall or may incur or sustain by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty, or supposed duty, in their respective offices.

According to Article 164(1) of the Articles, the Directors shall be indemnified out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses for acts done, concurred in or omitted in when discharging their duties in the affairs of the Company, other than any matter in respect of any fraud or dishonesty.

The Company has taken up appropriate insurance cover in respect of legal action against the Directors as at 31 December 2022.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT

There was no equity-linked agreement entered into by the Company that will or may result in the Company issuing shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares during the Reporting Period or subsisted at the end of the Reporting Period.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") on 14 June 2017 and the same became effective from 12 July 2017, the date on which the Shares were listed and commenced trading on the Stock Exchange. No option was granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed during the year ended 31 December 2022.

The Share Option Scheme is a share incentive scheme and is established to enable the Company to grant options to the eligible participants as incentives or rewards for the contribution they had or may have made to the Group. The Share Option Scheme will provide the eligible participants the opportunity to have personal stake in the Company with the view to achieve the following objectives:

- (a) motivate the eligible participants to optimise their performance efficiency for the benefit of the Group; and
- (b) attract and retain or otherwise maintain on-going business relationship with the eligible participants whose contributions are or will be beneficial to the long-term growth of the Group.

Eligible participants of the Share Option Scheme include (i) any full-time or part-time employees, executives or officers of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; (ii) any directors (including independent non-executive directors) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; (iii) any consultants or advisers (whether professional or otherwise and whether on an employment or contractual or honorary basis or otherwise and whether paid or unpaid), contractors, suppliers, service providers, agents, customers and business partners of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; and (iv) any such other persons who in the sole opinion of the Board, will contribute or have contributed to the Company and/or any of its subsidiaries. Subject to the requirements under the Listing Rules relating to the grant of share options to the Directors, chief executive or substantial shareholders, unless approved by the shareholders at general meeting in the manner prescribed in the Listing Rules, the maximum entitlement of each eligible participant is that the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the outstanding options granted and to be granted to such grantee (including both exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) under the Share Option Scheme and other scheme(s) of the Group in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of grant.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The total number of Shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme is 40,000,000, representing 10% of the entire issued shares as at the date of this report. The period during which an option may be exercised will be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion, save that no option may be exercised more than ten years after it has been granted. Unless otherwise determined by the Board, there is no vesting period stipulated under the Share Option Scheme. An offer of grant of an option shall remain open for acceptance by the Eligible Participants concerned by such period as determined by the Board, which period shall not be more than 14 days from the date of the offer. Upon acceptance of the option, the grantee shall pay HK\$1.00 to the Company as consideration for the grant. The subscription price for shares under the Share Option Scheme shall be at the absolute discretion of the Board, provided that it must be at least the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the date of offer; and (ii) the average of the closing prices of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer. The Share Option Scheme shall be valid for a period of 10 years commencing from 14 June 2017 and will expire on 13 June 2027.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Board has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code for dealings in securities transactions by the Directors. Specific enquiries have been made to all Directors and they have confirmed their compliance with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2022.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company is committed to maintaining good corporate governance standard and procedures with a view to enhance investor confidence and the Company's accountability and transparency.

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the Company has complied with the code provisions included in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules and there has been no deviation from the code provisions as set forth under the CG Code during the said period, save and except for code provision D.2.5 of the CG Code, details of which are set out in the paragraph headed "Risk Management, Internal Control and Their Effectiveness" of the section headed "Corporate Governance Report" in this annual report.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee of the Company was established on 14 June 2017 with written terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules. The committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Kow Chee Seng (Chairman of the Audit Committee), Mr. Lee Shu Sum Sam and Mr. Chan Hoi Kuen Matthew.

The annual results of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee also reviewed together with the management the accounting principles and policies adopted by the Group and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

ADVANCES TO ENTITIES

The Company has made advances to Mightyprop Sdn. Bhd. and Arcadia Hospitality Sdn. Bhd. which require disclosure under Rule 13.20 of the Listing Rules. For details, please refer to the paragraph headed "Advances to Entities" under the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

DISCLOSURE UNDER RULES 13.18 AND 13.21 OF THE LISTING RULES

Save as disclosed elsewhere in this annual report, there is no transaction which falls within the disclosure requirements under Rules 13.18 and 13.21 of the Listing Rules.

DEED OF NON-COMPETITION

Pursuant to a deed of non-competition dated 14 June 2017 (the "Deed of Non-Competition") executed by Mr. Ng Chee Wai and Marketing Intellect (UTS) Limited, the controlling shareholders of the Company (collectively referred to as the "Covenantors") in favour of the Company, the Covenantors have given certain undertakings that, inter alia, they will not engage in any business which is in competition of the Group (collectively, the "Undertakings").

The Covenantors have made an annual declaration confirming that they have fully complied with the Undertakings. The independent non-executive Directors have also reviewed as to whether the Covenantors have fully complied with the Undertakings during the year under review and they are satisfied that the Covenantors were in full compliance with the same.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emolument policy for the employees of the Group is stipulated by the Directors on the basis of the employees' individual performance, qualifications and competence. The Company has also adopted the Share Option Scheme which aims to provide incentives to its employees when appropriate.

The emoluments of the Directors are determined by the Remuneration Committee of the Board, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and market rates.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Those related party transactions as disclosed in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements which involve directors of the Company and its subsidiaries constitute fully exempted connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year, the aggregate sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 75.4% of the Group's total revenue and sales to the Group's largest customer was approximately 25.4% of the Group's total revenue.

During the year, the aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 51.4% of the Group's total operating expenses, and the purchases attributable to the Group's largest supplier was approximately 15.7% of the Group's total operating expenses.

None of the Directors, their associates or any shareholders (which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had interests in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

Other than Directors' service contracts and professional retainer contracts, no contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

TAX RELIEF

The Company is not aware of any relief from taxation available to shareholders by reason of their holding of the shares of the Company.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

To the best knowledge of the Directors and based on the information publicly available to the Company, there was sufficient public float as required by the Listing Rules throughout the year ended 31 December 2022.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles and the Cayman Companies Act which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

CHANGE OF PARTICULARS OF DIRECTORS

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Directors and Management Profiles", there are no changes of particulars of Directors during the year ended 31 December 2022 which requires disclosure in accordance with Rule 13.51B of the Listing Rules.

AUDITORS

A resolution to re-appoint RSM Hong Kong as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board

Ng Chee Wai

Chairman and Executive Director

30 March 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



**TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF
UTS MARKETING SOLUTIONS HOLDINGS LIMITED**

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of UTS Marketing Solutions Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 40 to 90, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSA") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. The key audit matter we identified is impairment assessment of financial assets at amortised cost.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

KEY AUDIT MATTERS *(continued)*

| Key Audit Matter | How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter |
|--|--|
| <p>Impairment assessment of financial assets at amortised cost</p> <p>Refer to accounting policies note 4(v), note 5(d), note 6(b) and note 24 to the consolidated financial statements.</p> <p>As at 31 December 2022, the Group has loans and interest receivables with net carrying amount of approximately RM24,921,000. Reversal of impairment losses recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year in respect of the Group's loans and interest receivables amounted to approximately RM578,000.</p> <p>The Group assessed the expected credit loss ("ECL") for each loan and interest receivable by applying the probability of default approach under Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard 9 Financial Instruments ("HKFRS 9"), with the assistance of an independent valuer. The inherent risk in relation to the impairment assessment of financial assets at amortised cost is considered significant as significant accounting judgements, and estimates and assumptions which are subjective are required in determining the expected credit losses of loans and interest receivables.</p> <p>We identified the impairment assessment of financial assets at amortised cost as a key audit matter due to the magnitude of the balance involved and the significant accounting judgements and estimates required in assessing the loss allowance for impairment of loans and interest receivables.</p> | <p>Our audit procedures in relation to the impairment assessment of financial assets at amortised cost include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Assessing the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors including subjectivity.• Understanding and evaluating key internal controls of the Group's impairment assessment of financial assets at amortised cost.• Evaluating the outcome of prior period impairment assessment of financial assets at amortised cost to assess the effectiveness of the Group's estimation process.• Obtaining an understanding from management of the approach applied to estimate ECLs on loans and interest receivables.• Assessing the reasonableness and appropriateness of the methodologies, parameters and assumptions adopted and the information used in the Group's impairment assessment of loans and interest receivables by checking to applicable external data sources, forward looking factor and other available information with the assistance of our internal specialists.• Testing the accuracy of key data sources and parameters applied in the ECL computations by checking to appropriate supporting information and the relevant loan agreements.• Evaluating the objectivity, capabilities and competence of the external valuer engaged by the Group.• Evaluating the adequacy of related disclosures on allowances for impairment of loan and interest receivables in the consolidated financial statements. |

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(continued)*

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSA's, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(continued)*

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Yam Tak Fai, Ronald.

RSM Hong Kong

Certified Public Accountants

30 March 2023
29th Floor, Lee Garden Two,
28 Yun Ping Road,
Causeway Bay, Hong Kong

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2022

| | Note | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|---|-------|---------------------|----------------|
| Revenue | 7 | 87,049 | 91,697 |
| Other income | 8 | 3,034 | 4,064 |
| Other gains and losses | 9 | 581 | (419) |
| Staff costs | | (59,317) | (52,657) |
| Depreciation | | (4,326) | (3,738) |
| Other operating expenses | 11 | (12,607) | (12,507) |
| Profit from operations | | 14,414 | 26,440 |
| Finance costs | 12 | (249) | (639) |
| Profit before tax | | 14,165 | 25,801 |
| Income tax expenses | 13 | (4,024) | (6,645) |
| Profit and total comprehensive income for the year | 14 | 10,141 | 19,156 |
| Earnings per share | | | |
| Basic | 17(a) | RM2.54 cents | RM4.79 cents |
| Diluted | 17(b) | N/A | N/A |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 31 December 2022

| | Note | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|--|------|----------------|----------------|
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 18 | 4,966 | 3,099 |
| Right-of-use assets | 19 | 8,745 | 3,165 |
| Subleasing receivables | 20 | 100 | 48 |
| Deposits paid for acquisition of properties | 21 | 14,095 | 14,095 |
| Deferred tax assets | 30 | 62 | – |
| | | 27,968 | 20,407 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Trade receivables | 22 | 17,533 | 18,725 |
| Subleasing receivables | 20 | 281 | 241 |
| Other receivables | 23 | 3,490 | 2,270 |
| Financial assets at amortised cost | 24 | 24,921 | 26,511 |
| Tax recoverable | | 1,327 | 38 |
| Pledged bank deposits | 25 | 1,700 | 4,377 |
| Bank and cash balances | 25 | 8,257 | 17,771 |
| | | 57,509 | 69,933 |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Accruals and other payables | 26 | 5,597 | 7,891 |
| Lease liabilities | 27 | 3,276 | 3,037 |
| Borrowings | 28 | 4,933 | – |
| Current tax liabilities | | 20 | 496 |
| | | 13,826 | 11,424 |
| Net current assets | | 43,683 | 58,509 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | 71,651 | 78,916 |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 31 December 2022

| | Note | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|--------------------------------|------|----------------|----------------|
| Non-current liabilities | | | |
| Lease liabilities | 27 | 5,459 | 872 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 30 | 207 | – |
| | | 5,666 | 872 |
| NET ASSETS | | | |
| | | 65,985 | 78,044 |
| Capital and reserves | | | |
| Share capital | 31 | 2,199 | 2,199 |
| Reserves | | 63,786 | 75,845 |
| TOTAL EQUITY | | | |
| | | 65,985 | 78,044 |

Approved by the Board of Directors on 30 March 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

Ng Chee Wai

Lee Koon Yew

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 December 2022

| | Share capital RM'000 | Share premium account RM'000 | Merger reserve RM'000 | Retained profits RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| At 1 January 2021 | 2,199 | 67,863 | 250 | 9,936 | 80,248 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | - | - | - | 19,156 | 19,156 |
| Dividend paid (note 16) | - | (8,560) | - | (12,800) | (21,360) |
| Changes in equity for the year | - | (8,560) | - | 6,356 | (2,204) |
| At 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022 | 2,199 | 59,303 | 250 | 16,292 | 78,044 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | - | - | - | 10,141 | 10,141 |
| Dividend paid (note 16) | - | - | - | (22,200) | (22,200) |
| Changes in equity for the year | - | - | - | (12,059) | (12,059) |
| At 31 December 2022 | 2,199 | 59,303 | 250 | 4,233 | 65,985 |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

| | Note | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|---|-------|----------------|----------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Profit before tax | | 14,165 | 25,801 |
| Adjustments for: | | | |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment | | 1,109 | 991 |
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets | | 3,217 | 2,747 |
| Finance costs | | 249 | 639 |
| Interest income on bank deposits | | (8) | (96) |
| Interest income on financial assets at amortised cost | | (2,815) | (3,156) |
| Finance income from subleasing receivables | | (10) | (12) |
| (Gain)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment | | (338) | 4 |
| Loss on derecognised of right-of-use assets upon recognition of subleasing receivables | | 93 | 233 |
| Loss/(gain) on modification of financial assets at amortised cost | | 122 | (121) |
| (Reversal of impairment losses)/impairment losses on financial assets at amortised cost | | (578) | 127 |
| Gain on modification of lease liabilities | | (10) | – |
| Other payables written back | | (65) | (58) |
| Operating profit before working capital changes | | 15,131 | 27,099 |
| Decrease in trade receivables | | 1,192 | 4,094 |
| Increase in other receivables | | (1,220) | (540) |
| (Decrease)/increase in accruals and other payables | | (2,229) | 3,568 |
| Cash generated from operations | | 12,874 | 34,221 |
| Interest on lease liabilities | 35(b) | (233) | (200) |
| Interest paid | | (16) | – |
| Income taxes paid | | (5,645) | (5,520) |
| Net cash generated from operating activities | | 6,980 | 28,501 |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

| | Note | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|---|-------|-----------------|----------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Decrease/(increase) in pledged bank deposits | | 2,677 | (474) |
| Purchases of property, plant and equipment | | (2,984) | (1,050) |
| Deposits paid for acquisition of properties | | – | (644) |
| Purchase of right-of-use assets | | (597) | – |
| Receipt of subleasing receivables | | 384 | 360 |
| Repayment of loan advances to third parties | | 2,000 | – |
| Interest received | | 2,869 | 2,760 |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment | | 346 | – |
| Net cash generated from investing activities | | 4,695 | 952 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Principal elements of lease payments | 35(b) | (3,922) | (3,448) |
| Dividend paid | | (22,200) | (21,360) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | | (26,122) | (24,808) |
| NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | (14,447) | 4,645 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 1 JANUARY | | 17,771 | 13,126 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 31 DECEMBER | | 3,324 | 17,771 |
| ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | | |
| Bank and cash balances | | 8,257 | 17,771 |
| Bank overdrafts | | (4,933) | – |
| | | 3,324 | 17,771 |

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated as an exempted company with limited liability in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands on 23 August 2016. The address of its registered office is at Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. The address of its principal place of business registered in Hong Kong is at Unit 1802, 18/F, Ruttonjee House, Ruttonjee Centre, 11 Duddell Street, Central, Hong Kong. The headquarters and principal place of business of the Group is at 23rd Floor, Plaza See Hoy Chan, Jalan Raja Chulan, 50200 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 40 to the consolidated financial statements.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"). HKFRSs comprise Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"); Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS"); and Interpretations. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622). Significant accounting policies adopted by the Group are disclosed below.

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 3 provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

(a) Application of new and revised HKFRSs

The Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2022 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

| | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Amendments to HKAS 16 | Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use |
| Amendments to HKAS 37 | Onerous Contracts — Cost of Fulfilling a Contract |
| Amendments to HKFRS 3 | Reference to the Conceptual Framework |
| Annual Improvements Project | Annual Improvements to HKFRS Standards 2018–2020 |
| Amendments to Accounting Guideline 5 | Merger Accounting for Common Control Combinations |

The Group did not change its accounting policies or make retrospective adjustments as a result of adopting the abovementioned amended standards or annual improvements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

(continued)

(b) New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not applied any new standard, amendments to standards and interpretation that have been issued but are not yet effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2022. The new standard, amendments to standards and interpretation include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

| | Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after |
|---|--|
| Amendments to HKAS 1 — Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current | 1 January 2024 |
| Amendments to HKAS 1 — Non-current Liabilities with Covenants | 1 January 2024 |
| Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 — Disclosure of Accounting Policies | 1 January 2023 |
| Amendments to HKAS 8 — Definition of Accounting Estimates | 1 January 2023 |
| Amendments to HKAS 12 — Deferred Tax Related to Assets and Liabilities Arising from a Single Transaction | 1 January 2023 |
| Amendments to HKFRS 16 — Lease Liability in a Sales and Leaseback | 1 January 2024 |
| Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 — Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture | To be determined by the HKICPA |
| Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) Presentation of Financial Statements — Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause | 1 January 2024 |

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments and new standards is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, unless mentioned otherwise in the accounting policies below.

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 5.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below.

(a) Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 December. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group has power over an entity when the Group has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. activities that significantly affect the entity's returns.

When assessing control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date the control ceases.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary that results in a loss of control represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that subsidiary and (ii) the Company's share of the net assets of that subsidiary plus any remaining goodwill and any accumulated foreign currency translation reserve relating to that subsidiary.

Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Company. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of changes in equity within equity. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between the non-controlling shareholders and owners of the Company.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling shareholders even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions (i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners). The carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

(b) Separate financial statements

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment loss, unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale). Cost includes direct attributable costs of investments. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received or receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

(c) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Malaysian Ringgit ("RM"), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances in each entity's financial statements

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. The transaction date is the date on which the company initially recognises such non-monetary assets or liabilities. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the dates when the fair values are determined.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

(d) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their cost less their residual values over the estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rates are as follows:

| | |
|-------------------------------|---------|
| Leasehold improvements | 10% |
| Computer and office equipment | 10%–50% |
| Tele-communication equipment | 20% |
| Motor vehicles | 20% |

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

(e) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

(i) The Group as a lessee

Where the contract contains lease component(s) and non-lease component(s), the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets which, for the Group are primarily laptops and photocopy machines. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

(e) Leases *(continued)*

(i) The Group as a lessee *(continued)*

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method.

Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received, and
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases held by UTS Marketing Solutions Sdn. Bhd. and Tele Response Sdn. Bhd., which does not have recent third-party financing, and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, eg term, country, currency and security.

If a readily observable amortising loan rate is available to the individual lessee (through recent financing or market data) which has a similar payment profile to the lease, then the group entities use that rate as a starting point to determine the incremental borrowing rate.

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

When the Group obtains ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term, upon exercising purchase options, the cost of the relevant right-of-use assets and the related accumulated depreciation and impairment loss are transferred to property, plant and equipment.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

(e) Leases *(continued)*

(i) The Group as a lessee *(continued)*

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The lease liability is also remeasured when there is a change in the scope of a lease or the consideration for a lease that is not originally provided for in the lease contract ("lease modification") that is not accounted for as a separate lease. In this case the lease liability is remeasured based on the revised lease payments and lease term using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification. The only exceptions are any rent concessions which arose as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and which satisfied the conditions set out in paragraph 46B of HKFRS 16. In such cases, the Group took advantage of the practical expedient not to assess whether the rent concessions are lease modifications, and recognised the change in consideration as negative lease payments in profit or loss in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the rent concessions occurred.

(ii) The Group as a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an underlying assets to the lessee. If this is not the case, the lease is classified as an operating lease.

The Group enters into arrangements to sublease an underlying asset to a third party, while the Group retains the primary obligation under the original lease. In these arrangements, the Group acts as both the lessee and lessor of the same underlying asset.

If the property lease is subleased under terms transferring substantially all remaining risks and rewards under the head lease to the lessee in the sublease, the right-of-use asset is derecognised, and a subleasing receivable is recognised and classified as a finance lease. Gain/loss on the derecognised right-of-use asset, if any, is recognised in the profit or loss account as income/expenses.

During the term of the sublease, the Group recognises both finance income on the sublease and finance costs on the head lease.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

(f) Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Group or the counterparty.

(g) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. All recognised financial assets are measured subsequently in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Debt investments held by the Group are classified into the category of amortised cost, if the investment is held for the collection of contractual cash flows which represent solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI"). Interest income from the investment is calculated using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

(h) Trade and other receivables

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognised before the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the trade receivables with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowance for credit losses.

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for ECL.

(j) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under HKFRSs. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

(k) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

(l) Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised as a financial liability at the time the guarantee is issued. The liability is initially measured at fair value and subsequently at the higher of:

- the amount determined in accordance with the ECL model under HKFRS 9 and
- the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the principles of HKFRS 15.

The fair value of financial guarantees is determined based on the present value of the difference in cash flows between the contractual payments required under the debt instrument and the payments that would be required without the guarantee, or the estimated amount that would be payable to a third party for assuming the obligations.

Where guarantees in relation to loans or other payables of subsidiaries are provided by the parent company for no compensation, the fair values are accounted for as contributions and recognised as part of the cost of the investment.

(m) Other payables

Other payables are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

(n) Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidence a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(o) Revenue and other income

Revenue is recognised when control over a product or service is transferred to the customer, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Revenue from telemarketing services is recognised as a performance obligation satisfied over time when the related services are rendered, generally based on the negotiated monthly services fees as set out in the service arrangement and the number of days worked during the period.

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method. For financial assets measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") (recycling) that are not credit-impaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset. For credit impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the asset.

Rental income receivable under operating leases is recognised in profit or loss in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset. Lease incentives granted are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments receivable. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

(p) Employee benefits

(i) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(ii) Pension obligations

The Group contributes to defined contribution retirement schemes which are available to all employees. Contributions to the schemes by the Group and employees are calculated as a percentage of employees' basic salaries. The retirement benefit scheme cost charged to profit or loss represents contributions payable by the Group to the funds.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of the dates when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits, and when the Group recognises restructuring costs and involves the payment of termination benefits.

(q) Share-based payments

The Group issues equity-settled share-based payments to certain directors, employees and consultants. Equity-settled share-based payments to directors and employees are measured at the fair value (excluding the effect of non-market based vesting conditions) of the equity instruments at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of shares that will eventually vest and adjusted for the effect of non-market based vesting conditions.

(r) Borrowing costs

The borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(s) Government grants

A government grant is recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to it and that the grant will be received.

Government grants that become receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

(t) Taxation

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit recognised in profit or loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. Temporary differences relating to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised at initial recognition and over the lease terms due to application of the initial recognition exemption.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

(t) **Taxation** *(continued)*

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(u) **Impairment of non-financial assets**

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date for indications of impairment and where an asset is impaired, it is written down as an expense through the consolidated statement of profit or loss to its estimated recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. If this is the case, recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Recoverable amount is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal of the individual asset or the cash-generating unit.

Value in use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows of the asset/cash-generating unit. Present values are computed using pre-tax discount rates that reflect the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset/cash-generating unit whose impairment is being measured.

Impairment losses for cash-generating units are allocated first against the goodwill of the unit and then pro rata amongst the other assets of the cash-generating unit. Subsequent increases in the recoverable amount caused by changes in estimates are credited to profit or loss to the extent that they reverse the impairment.

(v) **Impairment of financial assets**

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on investments in debt instruments that are measured at amortised cost, subleasing receivables, trade and other receivables, pledged bank deposits and bank and cash balances, as well as on financial guarantee contracts. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables and subleasing receivables. The expected credit losses on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. However, if the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

(v) Impairment of financial assets *(continued)*

Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. Forward-looking information considered includes the future prospects of the industries in which the Group's debtors operate, obtained from economic expert reports, financial analysts, governmental bodies, relevant think-tanks and other similar organisations, as well as consideration of various external sources of actual and forecast economic information that relate to the Group's core operations.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk for a particular financial instrument;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor;
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

(v) Impairment of financial assets *(continued)*

Significant increase in credit risk *(continued)*

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if:

- (i) the financial instrument has a low risk of default,
- (ii) the debtor has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term; and
- (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

The Group considers a financial asset to have low credit risk when the asset has external credit rating of “investment grade” in accordance with the globally understood definition or if an external rating is not available, the asset has an internal rating of “performing”. Performing means that the counterparty has a strong financial position and there is no past due amounts.

For financial guarantee contracts, the date that the Group becomes a party to the irrevocable commitment is considered to be the date of initial recognition for the purposes of assessing the financial instrument for impairment. In assessing whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition of a financial guarantee contracts, the Group considers the changes in the risk that the specified debtor will default on the contract.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that receivables that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable.

- when there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty; or
- information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

(v) Impairment of financial assets *(continued)*

Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the counterparty;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- the lender(s) of the counterparty, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the counterparty's financial difficulty, having granted to the counterparty a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider; or
- it is becoming probable that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, including when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over two years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of expected credit losses is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information as described above. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date; for financial guarantee contracts, the exposure includes the amount drawn down as at the reporting date, together with any additional amounts expected to be drawn down in the future by default date determined based on historical trend, the Group's understanding of the specific future financing needs of the debtors, and other relevant forward-looking information.

For financial assets, the expected credit loss is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate. For a subleasing receivable, the cash flows used for determining the expected credit losses is consistent with the cash flows used in measuring the subleasing receivable in accordance with HKFRS 16.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

(v) Impairment of financial assets *(continued)*

Measurement and recognition of ECL *(continued)*

For a financial guarantee contract, as the Group is required to make payments only in the event of a default by the debtor in accordance with the terms of the instrument that is guaranteed, the expected loss allowance is the expected payments to reimburse the holder for a credit loss that it incurs less any amounts that the Group expects to receive from the holder, the debtor or any other party.

If the Group has measured the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to lifetime ECL in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the conditions for lifetime ECL are no longer met, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL at the current reporting date, except for assets for which simplified approach was used.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, for which the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve, and does not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the statement of financial position.

(w) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

(x) Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of the reporting period are adjusting events and are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when material.

(y) Dividend distribution

Dividends are recognised as liabilities when they are declared (i.e. the dividends are appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the entity). Typically, dividends are recognised as liabilities in the period in which their distribution is approved at the shareholders' annual general meeting. Interim dividends are recognised when paid.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

5. KEY ESTIMATES

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

(a) Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

Property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are stated at costs less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. In determining whether an asset is impaired, the Group has to exercise judgment and make estimation, particularly in assessing: (1) whether an event has occurred or any indicators that may affect the asset value; (2) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, in the case of value in use, the net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset; and (3) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in estimating the recoverable amounts including cash flow projections and an appropriate discount rate. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset (including right-of-use assets), the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the assets belongs. Changing the assumptions and estimates, including the discount rates or the growth rate in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the recoverable amounts.

The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets as at 31 December 2022 were RM4,966,000 (2021: RM3,099,000) and RM8,745,000 (2021: RM3,165,000) respectively.

(b) Impairment of deposits paid for acquisition of properties

Deposits paid for acquisition of properties are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. The recoverable amounts have been determined based on the higher of value-in-use calculations or fair value less costs to sell calculations. The calculations require the use of judgements and estimates. Management judgement is required in the area of asset impairment particularly in assessing:

- whether an event has occurred that may indicate that the related asset values may not be recoverable;
- whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, being the higher of fair value less costs to sell and net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset in the business; and
- the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in preparing cash flow projections including whether these cash flow projections are discounted using an appropriate rate.

Changing the assumptions selected by management in assessing impairment, including the discount rates of the growth rate assumptions in the cash flow projections, could affect the net present value used in the impairment test and as a result affect the Group's financial position and results of operations.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

5. KEY ESTIMATES *(continued)*

Key sources of estimation uncertainty *(continued)*

(c) Impairment of trade receivables

The management of the Group estimates the amount of impairment loss for ECL on trade receivables based on the credit risk of trade receivables. The amount of the impairment loss based on ECL model is measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition. Where the future cash flows are less than expected, or being revised downward due to changes in facts and circumstances, a material impairment loss may arise.

As at 31 December 2022, the carrying amount of trade receivables was approximately RM17,533,000 (net of allowance for doubtful debts of RM126,000) (2021: RM18,725,000 (net of allowance for doubtful debts of RM126,000)).

(d) Impairment of financial assets at amortised cost

The measurement of impairment loss on loan and interest receivables using the ECL model is subject to a number of key parameters and assumptions, including the identification of loss stages, estimates of probability of default, loss given default, exposure at default and interest rate, adjustments for forward-looking information and other relevant adjustment factors. The management reviews the selection of those parameters and the application of the assumptions to reduce the risk of material misstatement.

As at 31 December 2022, the carrying amount of financial assets at amortised cost was approximately RM24,921,000 (less impairment loss of approximately RM538,000) (2021: RM26,511,000 (less impairment loss of approximately RM1,116,000)).

(e) Determination of incremental borrowing rate for leases

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate ("IBR") to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar environment. The Group estimates the IBR using observable inputs (such as market interest rates) when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates.

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) Foreign currency risk

The Group has certain exposure to foreign currency risk as some of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the Group entities such as Hong Kong dollars ("HKD"). The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The Group monitors its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

The directors of the Company consider that foreign currency exposure in respect of HKD for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are insignificant to the Group and therefore no sensitivity analysis is presented thereon.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT *(continued)*

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments. The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from cash and cash equivalents is limited because the counterparties are banks and financial institutions with high credit-rating assigned by international credit-rating agencies, for which the Group considers to have low credit risk.

Trade receivables

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer rather than the industry or country in which the customers operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. At the end of the reporting period, 58.8% (2021: 53%) of the total trade receivables was due from the Group's four (2021: four) largest customers.

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Group's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade receivables are due within 30 days from the date of billing. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer bases.

Movement in the loss allowance for trade receivables during the year is as follows:

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| At 1 January and 31 December | 126 | 126 |

During the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, a specific trade receivables with gross carrying amount of approximately RM126,000 was considered in default due to indicators which showed that the Group was unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amount in full. No movement was noted during the year.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT *(continued)*

(b) Credit risk *(continued)*

Financial assets at amortised cost

At 31 December 2022, the Group had gross loan and interest receivables of approximately RM24,017,000 (2021: RM26,185,000) and RM1,442,000 (2021: RM1,442,000) respectively. Before entering into the loan agreements, the Group assesses the credit quality of borrowers and defines the terms of the loans. The Group has concentration of credit risk as the loans were made to two (2021: two) borrowers. In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue loans and interest receivables. Management reviews the loan and interest receivables at each reporting date to ensure that adequate impairment allowance is made. In these regards, management considers that the credit risk in respect of the loans and interest receivables could be monitored.

Except for the loan advances to third parties, all of the Group's remaining financial assets measured at amortised cost are considered to have low credit risk, and the loss allowance recognised during the period was therefore limited to 12-month expected losses. Management considers "low credit risk" for financial assets measured at amortised cost when they have a low of default and the issuer has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term.

Financial assets at amortised cost includes subleasing receivables, other receivables and loan advances to third parties.

Movement in the loss allowance for financial assets at amortised cost during the year is as follows:

| | Subleasing receivables RM'000 | Other receivables RM'000 | Loan advances to third parties (note 1) RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| At 1 January 2021 | – | – | 989 | 989 |
| Impairment losses recognised for the year | – | – | 127 | 127 |
| At 31 December 2021 | – | – | 1,116 | 1,116 |
| Reversal of impairment losses recognised for the year | – | – | (578) | (578) |
| At 31 December 2022 | – | – | 538 | 538 |

Note 1: Decrease in expected credit loss as determined individually after considering the financial strength and the partial repayments received from the respective borrowers resulted in the reversal of loss allowance during the year ended 31 December 2022.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT *(continued)*

(c) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The maturity analysis based on contractual undiscounted cash flows of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities is as follows:

| | On demand or within 1 year RM'000 | Between 1 and 2 years RM'000 | Between 2 and 5 years RM'000 | Over 5 years RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|-----------------------------|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| At 31 December 2022 | | | | | |
| Accruals and other payables | 5,597 | – | – | – | 5,597 |
| Lease liabilities | 3,576 | 2,689 | 2,496 | 665 | 9,426 |
| Borrowings | 4,933 | – | – | – | 4,933 |
| At 31 December 2021 | | | | | |
| Accruals and other payables | 7,891 | – | – | – | 7,891 |
| Lease liabilities | 3,137 | 885 | – | – | 4,022 |

(d) Interest rate risk

The Group's pledged bank deposits and lease liabilities bear interest at fixed interest rates and therefore are subject to fair value interest rate risk.

The Group's exposure to cash flow interest rate risk arises from its bank deposits and borrowings. These deposits and borrowings bear interests at variable rates that vary with the then prevailing market condition.

The directors of the Company consider that interest rate exposure in respect of its bank deposits and borrowings for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are insignificant to the Group and therefore no sensitivity analysis is presented thereon.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT *(continued)*

(e) Categories of financial instruments at 31 December 2022

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Financial assets: | | |
| Financial assets measured at amortised cost | 55,273 | 69,334 |
| Financial liabilities: | | |
| Financial liabilities at amortised cost | 10,530 | 7,891 |

(f) Fair values

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their respective fair values.

7. REVENUE

An analysis of the Group's revenue from contracts with customers for the year from continuing operations is as follows:

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15 | | |
| — Telemarketing services income | 87,049 | 91,697 |

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of services over time in Malaysia for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

8. OTHER INCOME

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Interest income on: | | |
| Bank deposits | 8 | 96 |
| Financial assets at amortised cost | 2,815 | 3,156 |
| Total interest income | 2,823 | 3,252 |
| Rental income | 175 | 431 |
| Finance income from subleasing receivables | 10 | 12 |
| Others | 26 | 369 |
| | 3,034 | 4,064 |

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

9. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Reversals of impairment losses/(impairment losses) on financial assets at amortised cost | 578 | (127) |
| Gain/(loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment | 338 | (4) |
| Loss on derecognised of right-of-use assets upon recognition of subleasing receivables | (93) | (233) |
| (Loss)/gain on modification of financial assets at amortised cost | (122) | 121 |
| Gain on modification of lease liabilities | 10 | – |
| Net foreign exchange losses | (195) | (234) |
| Other payables written back | 65 | 58 |
| | 581 | (419) |

10. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Operating segment information

Operating segments are identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the Group that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources to the segment and to assess its performance.

As the Group is principally engaged in the provision of telemarketing services in Malaysia, which are subject to similar business risk, and resources are allocated based on what is beneficial to the Group in enhancing the value of the Group as a whole, the Group's chief operating decision maker considers the performance assessment of the Group should be based on the profit before tax of the Group as a whole. Therefore, management considers there to be only one operating segment under the requirements of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard 8 "Operating Segments".

Geographical information

All non-current assets and the Group's revenue from external customers during the year are located in Malaysia.

Revenue from major customers

Revenue from customers individually contributing over 10% of the total revenue of the Group for the year is as follows:

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|---------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Customer A | 22,095 | 22,701 |
| Customer B | 15,126 | 13,119 |
| Customer C | 11,546 | 12,886 |
| Customer D (note 1) | 10,561 | N/A |

Note 1: Customer D did not contribute over 10% of the total revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

11. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Auditor's remuneration | 412 | 381 |
| Campaign expenses | 3,056 | 4,383 |
| Entertainment expenses | 1,186 | 476 |
| Legal and professional fees | 446 | 321 |
| Repair and maintenance expenses | 551 | 484 |
| Telephone and internet expenses | 776 | 1,351 |
| Training related expenses | 646 | 543 |
| Utilities expenses | 677 | 588 |
| Others | 4,857 | 3,980 |
| | 12,607 | 12,507 |

12. FINANCE COSTS

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Bank overdraft interests | 16 | – |
| Interest expenses on lease liabilities (note 19) | 233 | 200 |
| Imputed interest expenses on financial assets at amortised cost | – | 439 |
| | 249 | 639 |

13. INCOME TAX EXPENSES

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Current tax — Malaysian Income Tax | | |
| Provision for the year | 4,000 | 5,700 |
| Over-provision in prior years | (121) | (66) |
| | 3,879 | 5,634 |
| Deferred tax (note 30) | 145 | 1,011 |
| | 4,024 | 6,645 |

Malaysian income tax is calculated at the statutory tax rate of 24% (2021: 24%) on the estimated taxable profits for the year ended 31 December 2022.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

13. INCOME TAX EXPENSES *(continued)*

No provision of profit tax in the Cayman Islands, the British Virgin Islands and Hong Kong is required as the Group has no assessable profit arising in or derived from these jurisdictions for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

Tax charge on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates, based on existing legislation, interpretation and practices in respect thereof.

The reconciliation between the income tax expenses and the product of profit before tax multiplied by the weighted average tax rate is as follows:

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Profit before tax | 14,165 | 25,801 |
| Tax at the weighted average tax rate of 25.0% (2021: 24.5%) | 3,536 | 6,320 |
| Tax effect of income that are not taxable | (815) | (118) |
| Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible | 1,534 | 686 |
| Tax effect of temporary differences not recognised | (110) | (46) |
| Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses not previously recognised | – | (131) |
| Over-provision in prior years | (121) | (66) |
| Income tax expenses | 4,024 | 6,645 |

14. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

The Group's profit for the year is stated after charging/(crediting) the following:

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Auditor's remuneration | 412 | 381 |
| Depreciation on property, plant and equipment | 1,109 | 991 |
| Depreciation on right-of-use assets | 3,217 | 2,747 |
| Loss/(gain) on modification of financial assets at amortised cost | 122 | (121) |
| (Reversal of impairment losses)/impairment losses on financial assets at amortised cost | (578) | 127 |
| Staff costs (including directors' emoluments) (note 1) | | |
| — Salaries, bonuses and allowances | 52,031 | 45,912 |
| — Retirement benefit scheme contributions | 6,498 | 6,065 |
| — Social insurance contributions | 788 | 680 |
| | 59,317 | 52,657 |

Note 1: For the year ended 31 December 2022, COVID-19 related government grants amounted to approximately RM1,271,000 (2021: RM3,281,000) have been offset against staff costs.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

15. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

(a) Directors' emoluments

Pursuant to the Listing Rules and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, the emoluments of each director are as follows:

| Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|----------|------------|-----------------------|---|--------------------------------|--------|
| | Fees | Salaries | Allowances | Discretionary bonuses | Retirement benefit scheme contributions | Social insurance contributions | Total |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| For the year ended 31 December 2022 | | | | | | | |
| Executive Directors | | | | | | | |
| Mr. Ng Chee Wai | - | 1,056 | 101 | - | 201 | 1 | 1,359 |
| Mr. Lee Koon Yew (Chief Executive Officer) | - | 1,056 | 101 | - | 201 | 1 | 1,359 |
| Mr. Kwan Kah Yew | - | 1,056 | 101 | - | 201 | 1 | 1,359 |
| | - | 3,168 | 303 | - | 603 | 3 | 4,077 |
| Independent Non-Executive Directors | | | | | | | |
| Mr. Lee Shu Sum Sam | 101 | - | - | - | - | - | 101 |
| Mr. Kow Chee Seng | 101 | - | - | - | - | - | 101 |
| Mr. Chan Hoi Kuen Matthew | 101 | - | - | - | - | - | 101 |
| | 303 | - | - | - | - | - | 303 |
| For the year ended 31 December 2021 | | | | | | | |
| Executive Directors | | | | | | | |
| Mr. Ng Chee Wai | - | 1,056 | 96 | 418 | 280 | 1 | 1,851 |
| Mr. Lee Koon Yew (Chief Executive Officer) | - | 1,056 | 96 | 418 | 280 | 1 | 1,851 |
| Mr. Kwan Kah Yew | - | 1,056 | 96 | 418 | 280 | 1 | 1,851 |
| | - | 3,168 | 288 | 1,254 | 840 | 3 | 5,553 |
| Independent Non-Executive Directors | | | | | | | |
| Mr. Lee Shu Sum Sam | 96 | - | - | - | - | - | 96 |
| Mr. Kow Chee Seng | 96 | - | - | - | - | - | 96 |
| Mr. Chan Hoi Kuen Matthew | 96 | - | - | - | - | - | 96 |
| | 288 | - | - | - | - | - | 288 |

Neither the chief executive nor any of the directors waived any emoluments during the year (2021: Nil).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

15. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS *(continued)*

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five highest paid individuals in the Group during the year included three (2021: three) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments of the remaining two (2021: two) individuals are set out below:

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Salaries and allowances | 664 | 571 |
| Discretionary bonuses | 46 | 171 |
| Retirement benefit scheme contributions | 87 | 81 |
| Social insurance contributions | 2 | 2 |
| | 799 | 825 |

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

| | Number of individuals | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|------|
| | 2022 | 2021 |
| HK\$500,001 to HK\$1,000,000 | 2 | 2 |

No emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors or the highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the year (2021: Nil).

(c) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company and the director's connected party has a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

16. DIVIDENDS

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| First interim dividend — HK\$0.060 (equivalent to RM0.032) per ordinary share | – | 12,800 |
| Final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2020 approved and paid — HK\$0.040 (equivalent to RM0.0214) per ordinary share | – | 8,560 |
| Second interim dividend for the year ended 31 December 2021 approved and paid — HK\$0.055 (equivalent to RM0.03) per ordinary share | 12,000 | – |
| Special dividend for the year ended 31 December 2022 approved and paid — HK\$0.045 (equivalent to RM0.0255) per ordinary share | 10,200 | – |
| | 22,200 | 21,360 |

The Board did not recommend payment of a final dividend for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 respectively.

Second interim dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2021 of HK\$0.055 per ordinary share totalling HK\$22,000,000 (equivalent to RM12,000,000) has been declared by the directors of the Company subsequent to the end of reporting period of year 2021.

17. EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings per share

The calculation of the basic earnings per share is based on the following:

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Earnings | | |
| Earnings for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share | 10,141 | 19,156 |

| | 2022 '000 | 2021 '000 |
|--|----------------|--------------|
| Number of shares | | |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share | 400,000 | 400,000 |

(b) Diluted earnings per share

No diluted earnings per share are presented as the Company did not have any dilutive potential ordinary shares during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

| | Leasehold improvements RM'000 | Computer and office equipment RM'000 | Tele-communication equipment RM'000 | Motor vehicles RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|--|----------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------|-----------------|
| Cost | | | | | |
| As at 1 January 2021 | 2,638 | 10,713 | 2,041 | – | 15,392 |
| Transfer from right-of-use assets | – | – | – | 410 | 410 |
| Additions | 282 | 768 | – | – | 1,050 |
| Disposals | – | (35) | – | – | (35) |
| As at 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022 | 2,920 | 11,446 | 2,041 | 410 | 16,817 |
| Transfer from right-of-use assets | – | – | – | 476 | 476 |
| Additions | 1,560 | 1,424 | – | – | 2,984 |
| Disposals | – | (214) | – | (886) | (1,100) |
| As at 31 December 2022 | 4,480 | 12,656 | 2,041 | – | 19,177 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | | | |
| As at 1 January 2021 | 1,348 | 9,017 | 1,983 | – | 12,348 |
| Transfer from right-of-use assets | – | – | – | 410 | 410 |
| Charge for the year | 231 | 721 | 39 | – | 991 |
| Disposals | – | (31) | – | – | (31) |
| As at 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022 | 1,579 | 9,707 | 2,022 | 410 | 13,718 |
| Transfer from right-of-use assets | – | – | – | 476 | 476 |
| Charge for the year | 369 | 733 | 7 | – | 1,109 |
| Disposals | – | (206) | – | (886) | (1,092) |
| As at 31 December 2022 | 1,948 | 10,234 | 2,029 | – | 14,211 |
| Carrying amount | | | | | |
| As at 31 December 2022 | 2,532 | 2,422 | 12 | – | 4,966 |
| As at 31 December 2021 | 1,341 | 1,739 | 19 | – | 3,099 |

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

19. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

| | Leased properties RM'000 | Leased motor vehicles RM'000 | Leased office equipment RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|--|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| At 1 January 2021 | 3,488 | – | 397 | 3,885 |
| Additions | 2,540 | – | – | 2,540 |
| Derecognition | (513) | – | – | (513) |
| Depreciation | (2,668) | – | (79) | (2,747) |
| At 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022 | 2,847 | – | 318 | 3,165 |
| Additions | 5,277 | 2,752 | – | 8,029 |
| Derecognition | (559) | – | – | (559) |
| Lease modification | 1,327 | – | – | 1,327 |
| Depreciation | (2,946) | (192) | (79) | (3,217) |
| At 31 December 2022 | 5,946 | 2,560 | 239 | 8,745 |

Lease liabilities of approximately RM8,735,000 (2021: RM3,909,000) are recognised with related right-of-use assets of approximately RM8,745,000 as at 31 December 2022 (2021: RM3,165,000). The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Depreciation expenses on right-of-use assets | 3,217 | 2,747 |
| Interest expense on lease liabilities (included in finance costs) | 233 | 200 |
| Expenses relating to short-term lease (included in other operating expenses) | 750 | 558 |
| Expenses relating to leases of low value assets (included in other operating expenses) | 255 | 253 |

Details of total cash outflow for leases is set out in note 35(c).

For both years, the Group leases various offices for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed term of 2 to 3 years (2021: 2 to 3 years), but may have extension options as described below. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

19. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS *(continued)*

Some leases include an option to renew the lease for an additional period after the end of the contract term. Where practicable, the Group seeks to include such extension options exercisable by the Group to provide operational flexibility. The Group assesses at lease commencement date whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the extension options. If the Group is not reasonably certain to exercise the extension options, the future lease payments during the extension periods are not included in the measurement of lease liabilities. The potential exposure to these future lease payments is summarised below:

| | Lease liabilities recognised (discounted) | | Potential future lease payments under extension options not included in lease liabilities (undiscounted) | |
|----------------------------|--|--------|---|--------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Office premises — Malaysia | 2,238 | 1,181 | 4,405 | 2,903 |

In addition, the Group reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, upon the occurrence of either a significant event or a significant change in circumstances that is within the control of the lessee. During the year ended 31 December 2022, there has been no such triggering event.

20. SUBLEASING RECEIVABLES

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|------------|--------|
| | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Undiscounted lease payments analysed as: | | |
| Recoverable after 12 months | 100 | 48 |
| Recoverable within 12 months | 288 | 244 |
| | 388 | 292 |
| Net investment in the subleasing receivables analysed as: | | |
| Recoverable after 12 months | 100 | 48 |
| Recoverable within 12 months | 281 | 241 |
| | 381 | 289 |

The Group entered into leasing arrangements as a lessor to sublease certain leased properties to its customer. The average term of finance leases entered are consistent with the lease term of the head leases (i.e. two years). Generally, these contracts do not include extension or early termination options.

The Group is not exposed to foreign currency risk as a result of the lease arrangements, as all leases are denominated in Malaysian Ringgit ("RM").

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

20. SUBLEASING RECEIVABLES *(continued)*

Amounts receivable under finance leases:

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Within one year | 288 | 244 |
| In the second year | 100 | 48 |
| Undiscounted lease payments | 388 | 292 |
| Less: unearned finance income | (7) | (3) |
| Present value of minimum lease payments | 381 | 289 |

The following table presents the amounts included in profit or loss:

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Loss on derecognised of right-of-use assets upon recognition of subleasing receivables | (93) | (233) |
| Finance income from subleasing receivables | 10 | 12 |
| Income relating to variable lease payments not included in the net investment in the subleasing receivables (included in other income) | 175 | 431 |

The average effective interest rate contracted is approximately 2.90% (2021: 2.90%) per annum.

21. DEPOSITS PAID FOR ACQUISITION OF PROPERTIES

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Deposits for properties | 14,095 | 14,095 |

The amounts represent unsecured deposits paid for acquisition of properties with total purchase consideration of approximately RM17,935,000 (the "Consideration"). The deposit is non-interest bearing and will form part of the consideration upon the completion of properties.

On 24 July 2020, UTS Marketing Solutions Sdn. Bhd. ("UTSM"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into sale and purchase agreements with Lim Legacy Development Sdn. Bhd. ("Lim Legacy") to acquire 18 office suites (the "Properties") locating at Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. The development of the Properties was completed subsequent to the reporting period. As at 31 December 2022, 79% (2021: 79%) of the total Consideration, amounting to approximately RM14,095,000 (2021: RM14,095,000), has been paid to Lim Legacy.

Further details of the above transaction are set out in the Company's announcements dated 24 July 2020 and 28 July 2020 respectively.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

22. TRADE RECEIVABLES

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Trade receivables | 17,659 | 18,851 |
| Allowance for doubtful debts | (126) | (126) |
| | 17,533 | 18,725 |

The Group's trade receivables represent receivables from customers. The general credit term of trade receivables is 30 days. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by directors.

The aging analysis of trade receivables, based on the invoice date and net of allowance, is as follows:

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 0 to 30 days | 6,706 | 8,664 |
| 31 to 60 days | 5,856 | 5,765 |
| 61 to 90 days | 2,678 | 1,574 |
| 91 to 120 days | 1,278 | 391 |
| 121 to 180 days | 1,015 | 970 |
| Over 180 days | - | 1,361 |
| | 17,533 | 18,725 |

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade receivables are denominated in RM.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

23. OTHER RECEIVABLES

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|-------------|----------------|----------------|
| Deposits | 2,447 | 1,601 |
| Prepayments | 1,009 | 609 |
| Others | 34 | 60 |
| | 3,490 | 2,270 |

The carrying amounts of the Group's other receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|
| RM | 3,299 | 2,108 |
| Hong Kong dollars | 132 | 112 |
| United States dollars | 59 | 50 |
| | 3,490 | 2,270 |

24. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Loan receivables | 24,017 | 26,185 |
| Interest receivables | 1,442 | 1,442 |
| | 25,459 | 27,627 |
| Less: Impairment loss | (538) | (1,116) |
| | 24,921 | 26,511 |

The amounts represent loan advanced to independent third parties with aggregated principal values of RM24,000,000 (2021: RM26,000,000).

On 31 January 2019, UTSM entered into a shares sale agreement with Exsim Development Sdn. Bhd. ("Exsim") and Mightyprop Sdn. Bhd. ("Mightyprop") to acquire 2% of Mightyprop issued ordinary shares from Exsim with a purchase consideration of RM2. In addition, UTSM agreed to provide an advance of RM12,000,000 to Mightyprop. In July 2019, an agreement was entered by UTSM with Exsim and Mightyprop in which the proposed transfer of 2% shareholding in Mightyprop by Exsim to UTSM will not be proceeded due to non-fulfillment of certain conditions precedent. On 24 June 2022, UTSM, Exsim and Mightyprop entered into a third extension agreement, the repayment date of the loan was extended one year to 30 June 2023 with no change in interest rate. The advance is unsecured, bearing interest rate of 11% per annum and repayable on or before 30 June 2023.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

24. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST *(continued)*

On 23 April 2019, UTSM entered into a shares subscription agreement with 2 individuals, Performance Consortium Sdn. Bhd. (collectively referred as "Arcadia's Shareholders") and Arcadia Hospitality Sdn. Bhd. ("Arcadia"). Pursuant to the agreement, UTSM agreed to subscribe equivalent to 10% of the enlarged issued share capital of Arcadia with a purchase consideration of RM120,000 from Arcadia's Shareholders. In addition, UTSM agreed to provide an advance of RM14,000,000 to Arcadia. The advance is unsecured, bearing interest rate of 11% per annum and repayable on or before December 2022. On 31 October 2022, Arcadia has delivered a notice of termination to UTSM to terminate the share subscription agreement due to non-fulfilment of the conditions precedent. UTSM has confirmed the acceptance of the notice of termination on 10 November 2022. In connection with the termination, the loan advance to Arcadia will be settled by 5 instalments, with the first payment of RM2,000,000 being settled on 30 December 2022 and the last payment becoming due and payable on 29 December 2023 in accordance with the agreed repayment schedule.

Further details of the above transaction are set out in the Company's announcement dated 31 January 2019, 23 April 2019, 8 July 2019, 8 July 2020, 10 July 2020, 30 December 2020, 28 June 2021, 30 December 2021, 24 June 2022, 18 October 2022 and 10 November 2022 respectively.

The Group holds the loan receivables to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise to cash flows on specified dates which are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amounts outstanding. The Group applies expected credit loss model to measure the impairment of financial assets at amortised cost. Reversal of impairment losses of approximately RM578,000 (2021: impairment losses of RM127,000) was recognised for the year ended 31 December 2022.

25. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS AND BANK AND CASH BALANCES

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Pledged bank deposits | 1,700 | 4,377 |
| Bank and cash balances | 8,257 | 17,771 |
| | 9,957 | 22,148 |

The carrying amounts of the Group's bank and cash balances are denominated in the following currencies:

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|
| RM | 9,089 | 19,209 |
| Hong Kong dollars | 866 | 2,937 |
| United States dollars | 2 | 2 |
| | 9,957 | 22,148 |

The Group's pledged bank deposits represent deposits pledged to banks to secure banking facilities granted to the Group as set out in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements. The deposits are denominated in RM and bear interest at fixed rate of 2.7% per annum (2021: ranging from 1.25% per annum to 3.38% per annum) for the year ended 31 December 2022 and therefore are subject to fair value interest rate risk.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

26. ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Accruals | 1,427 | 2,016 |
| Commission payables | 684 | 290 |
| Salaries and welfare payables | 3,276 | 4,412 |
| Others | 210 | 1,173 |
| | 5,597 | 7,891 |

The carrying amounts of the Group's accruals and other payables are denominated in the following currencies:

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------|
| RM | 5,160 | 7,446 |
| Hong Kong dollars | 437 | 445 |
| | 5,597 | 7,891 |

27. LEASE LIABILITIES

| | Minimum lease payments | | Present value of minimum lease payments | |
|--|------------------------|----------------|---|----------------|
| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
| Within one year | 3,576 | 3,137 | 3,276 | 3,037 |
| More than one year, but not exceeding two years | 2,689 | 885 | 2,506 | 872 |
| More than two years, but not more than five years | 2,496 | – | 2,326 | – |
| More than five years | 665 | – | 627 | – |
| | 9,426 | 4,022 | 8,735 | 3,909 |
| Less: Future finance charges | (691) | (113) | N/A | N/A |
| Present value of lease obligations | 8,735 | 3,909 | 8,735 | 3,909 |
| Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (shown under current liabilities) | | | (3,276) | (3,037) |
| Amount due for settlement after 12 months | | | 5,459 | 872 |

The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities as at 31 December 2022 was 4.21% (2021: 3.85%).

All lease liabilities are denominated in RM.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

28. BORROWINGS

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Bank overdrafts, secured and repayable on demand | 4,933 | – |

The carrying amounts of the Group's borrowings are denominated in RM.

At 31 December 2022, the Group's average interest rates for the bank overdrafts is 7.76%.

The Group's bank overdrafts are arranged at floating rates, thus exposing the Group to cash flow interest rate risk.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's bank overdrafts are secured by the pledged bank deposits and the corporate guarantees provided by the Company.

29. BANKING FACILITIES

At 31 December 2022, the Group has available and unutilised facilities from banks amounting to RM167,205 (2021: RM5,089,000). These facilities are secured by:

- (a) the Group's pledged bank deposits of approximately RM1,700,000 (2021: RM4,377,000); and
- (b) corporate guarantees provided by the Company.

30. DEFERRED TAX

The following are the deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the Group:

| | Accelerated tax depreciation RM'000 | Provision for expected credit losses RM'000 | Right-of-use assets RM'000 | Subleasing receivables RM'000 | Tax losses RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|---|--|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| At 1 January 2021 | – | – | – | – | (1,011) | (1,011) |
| Charge to profit or loss for the year (note 13) | – | – | – | – | 1,011 | 1,011 |
| At 31 December 2021 | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| Charge/(Credit) to profit or loss for the year (note 13) | 207 | (30) | (16) | (16) | – | 145 |
| At 31 December 2022 | 207 | (30) | (16) | (16) | – | 145 |

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

30. DEFERRED TAX *(continued)*

The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances (after offset) for consolidated statement of financial position purposes:

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Deferred tax liabilities | 207 | – |
| Deferred tax assets | (62) | – |
| | 145 | – |

31. SHARE CAPITAL

| | Number of shares | Amount HK\$'000 |
|--|---------------------|--------------------|
| Authorised: | | |
| Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each | | |
| At 1 January 2021, 31 December 2021, 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022 | 10,000,000,000 | 100,000 |

| | Number of shares | Amount HK\$'000 | Equivalents to amount RM'000 |
|---|---------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| Issued and fully paid: | | | |
| Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each | | | |
| At 1 January 2021, 31 December 2021, 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022 | 400,000,000 | 4,000 | 2,199 |

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maximise the return to the shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The Group sets the amount of capital in proportion to risk. The Group manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the payment of dividends, issue new shares, buy back shares, raise new debts, redeem existing debts or sell assets to reduce debts.

The Group monitors its capital structure with reference to its debt position. The Group's strategy is to maintain the equity and debt in a balanced position and ensure there are adequate working capital to service its debt obligations. The Group's debt to asset ratio, being the Group's total liabilities over its total assets, at 31 December 2022 is 23% (2021: 14%).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

31. SHARE CAPITAL *(continued)*

The externally imposed capital requirement for the Group are: (i) in order to maintain its listing on the Stock Exchange it has to have a public float at least 25% of the issued shares; and (ii) to meet financial covenants attached to the banking facilities.

The Group receives a report from the share registrars regularly on substantial share interests showing the non-public float and it demonstrates continuing compliance with the 25% limit throughout the year. As at 31 December 2022, 25% (2021: 25%) of the shares were in public hands.

Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing borrowings for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

32. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

The Group conditionally adopted a share option scheme on 14 June 2017 ("Share Option Scheme"). The purpose of Share Option Scheme is to provide any directors and full-time or part-time employees, executive, consultants or any members of the Group who have contributed or will contribute to the Group ("Eligible Participants") with the opportunity to acquire proprietary interests in the Company and to motivate Eligible Participants to optimise their performance efficiency and to maintain business relationship with the Eligible Participants for the benefits of the Group.

Pursuant to the Share Option Scheme, the directors of the Company may invite Eligible Participants to take up options at a price determined by the board of directors provided that it shall be at least the highest of (a) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant; and (b) a price being the average of the closing prices of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date of grant.

The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Company shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the total number of shares in issue unless the Company obtains a fresh approval from the shareholders to refresh the limit.

The maximum entitlement for any one Eligible Participant is that the total number of the shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the Share Option Scheme to each Eligible Participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of shares in issue unless otherwise approved by the shareholders at a general meeting of the Company.

The option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time during the option period which would be determined and notified by the board of directors to the grantee at the time of making an offer.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, no share options have been granted by the Group under the Share Option Scheme (2021: Nil).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

33. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

(a) Statement of financial position of the Company

| | Note | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|-----------------------------|-------|----------------|----------------|
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Investment in a subsidiary | | 250 | 250 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Other receivables | | 174 | 148 |
| Due from subsidiaries | | 61,460 | 70,863 |
| Bank and cash balances | | 864 | 2,935 |
| | | 62,498 | 73,946 |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Accruals and other payables | | 437 | 445 |
| | | 62,061 | 73,501 |
| NET ASSETS | | | |
| | | 62,311 | 73,751 |
| Capital and reserves | | | |
| Share capital | | 2,199 | 2,199 |
| Reserves | 33(b) | 60,112 | 71,552 |
| TOTAL EQUITY | | | |
| | | 62,311 | 73,751 |

Approved by the Board of Directors on 30 March 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

Ng Chee Wai

Lee Koon Yew

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

33. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

(continued)

(b) Reserve movement of the Company

| | Share premium account RM'000 | Merger reserve RM'000 | Retained Profits RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| At 1 January 2021 | 67,863 | 250 | 96 | 68,209 |
| Profit for the year | – | – | 24,703 | 24,703 |
| Dividend paid | (8,560) | – | (12,800) | (21,360) |
| At 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022 | 59,303 | 250 | 11,999 | 71,552 |
| Profit for the year | – | – | 10,760 | 10,760 |
| Dividend paid | – | – | (22,200) | (22,200) |
| At 31 December 2022 | 59,303 | 250 | 559 | 60,112 |

34. RESERVES

(a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and movements therein are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and consolidated statement of changes in equity.

(b) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Share premium account

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account of the Company are distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

Share premium represents premium arising from the issue of shares at a price in excess of their par value per share and after deduction of capitalisation issue and issuance costs of shares.

(ii) Merger reserve

The merger reserve of the Company represents the difference between the cost of investment in a subsidiary pursuant to the Reorganisation over the nominal value of the share capital of the Company issued in exchange therefor.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

35. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Major non-cash transactions

During the year, the Group had non-cash additions to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of approximately RM7,432,000 (2021: RM2,540,000), in respect of lease arrangements for office premises and motor vehicles.

(b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

| | 1 January 2022 RM'000 | Recognition of lease liabilities RM'000 | Cash flows RM'000 | Interest expenses RM'000 | 31 December 2022 RM'000 |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|----------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Lease liabilities (note 27) | 3,909 | 8,748 | (4,155) | 233 | 8,735 |
| Borrowings | - | - | 4,917 | 16 | 4,933 |
| | 3,909 | 8,748 | 762 | 249 | 13,668 |

| | 1 January 2021 RM'000 | Recognition of lease liabilities RM'000 | Cash flows RM'000 | Interest expenses RM'000 | 31 December 2021 RM'000 |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|----------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Lease liabilities (note 27) | 4,817 | 2,540 | (3,648) | 200 | 3,909 |

(c) Total cash outflow for leases

Amounts included in the cash flow statements for leases comprise the following:

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|-----------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Within operating cash flows | 1,238 | 1,011 |
| Within financing cash flows | 3,922 | 3,448 |
| | 5,160 | 4,459 |

These amounts relate to the following:

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Lease rental paid | 5,160 | 4,459 |

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

36. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments contracted for at the end of the reporting period but not yet incurred are as follows:

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Acquisition of properties | 3,840 | 3,840 |
| Capital commitments on potential equity investment | – | 120 |
| | 3,840 | 3,960 |

37. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

The Group as lessee

At 31 December 2022, the Group entered into a new lease for office premises is not yet commenced, with non-cancellable period of 2 years (2021: Nil), the total future undiscounted cash flows over the non-cancellable period amounted to RM310,000 (2021: Nil).

The Group entered into a short-term lease for office premises in Malaysia. As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the portfolio of short-term lease is similar to the portfolio of short-term leases to which the short-term lease expense disclosed in note 19.

As at 31 December 2022, the outstanding lease commitments relating to these office premises is approximately RMNil (2021: RM57,000).

38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Compensation of key management personnel of the Group:

| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Short term employee benefits | 7,287 | 8,990 |
| Retirement benefit scheme contributions | 1,028 | 1,260 |
| Social insurance contributions | 15 | 15 |
| Total compensation paid to key management personnel | 8,330 | 10,265 |

39. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME

The employees of the Group are required by the law to make contributions to the Employees Provident Fund, a post-employment plan. The Group is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit plan is to make the specified contributions.

The Group's contributions under the scheme for the year ended 31 December 2022 amounted to approximately RM6,498,000 (2021: RM6,065,000).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022

40. SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the subsidiaries as at 31 December 2022 are as follows:

| Name | Place of incorporation/ registration and operations | Particular of issued share capital | Percentage of ownership interest/voting power/ profit sharing | | Principal activities |
|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|----------|--|
| | | | Direct | Indirect | |
| UTS Marketing Solutions (BVI) Limited | British Virgin Islands | US\$200 | 100% | – | Investment holding |
| UTS Marketing Solutions Sdn. Bhd. | Malaysia | RM250,000 | – | 100% | Provision of outbound marketing services of financial products and its related activities issued by authorised financial institutions, cards companies or organisation worldwide |
| Tele Response Sdn. Bhd. | Malaysia | RM252,000 | – | 100% | Provision of workstations and its related services for promotion of financial products and its related activities issued by authorised financial institutions, cards companies or organisation worldwide |

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years are as follows.

| Results | Year ended 31 December | | | | |
|---|------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 | 2019 RM'000 | 2018 RM'000 |
| Revenue | 87,049 | 91,697 | 83,904 | 79,470 | 83,140 |
| Other income | 3,034 | 4,064 | 3,655 | 3,607 | 774 |
| Other gains and losses | 581 | (419) | (263) | (716) | 1,004 |
| Staff costs | (59,317) | (52,657) | (56,464) | (55,783) | (56,271) |
| Depreciation | (4,326) | (3,738) | (2,986) | (2,635) | (1,064) |
| Other operating expenses | (12,607) | (12,507) | (9,907) | (9,584) | (12,377) |
| Profit from operations | 14,414 | 26,440 | 17,939 | 14,359 | 15,206 |
| Finance costs | (249) | (639) | (513) | (993) | (75) |
| Profit before tax | 14,165 | 25,801 | 17,426 | 13,366 | 15,131 |
| Income tax expenses | (4,024) | (6,645) | (1,352) | (4) | (4) |
| Profit and total comprehensive income for the year | 10,141 | 19,156 | 16,074 | 13,362 | 15,127 |
| Profit and total comprehensive income attributable to: | | | | | |
| Owners of the Company | 10,141 | 19,156 | 16,074 | 13,362 | 15,127 |
| Non-controlling interests | - | - | - | - | - |
| | 10,141 | 19,156 | 16,074 | 13,362 | 15,127 |

| Assets and liabilities | As at 31 December | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2022 RM'000 | 2021 RM'000 | 2020 RM'000 | 2019 RM'000 | 2018 RM'000 |
| Non-current assets | 27,968 | 20,407 | 21,490 | 5,964 | 3,086 |
| Current assets | 57,509 | 69,933 | 68,300 | 77,813 | 99,604 |
| Non-current liabilities | (5,666) | (872) | (2,158) | (1,845) | (599) |
| Current liabilities | (13,826) | (11,424) | (7,384) | (8,038) | (6,875) |
| Net assets | 65,985 | 78,044 | 80,248 | 73,894 | 95,216 |
| Equity attributable to: | | | | | |
| Owners of the Company | 65,985 | 78,044 | 80,248 | 73,894 | 95,216 |
| Non-controlling interests | - | - | - | - | - |
| | 65,985 | 78,044 | 80,248 | 73,894 | 95,216 |

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

| | Year ended 31 December | | | | |
|--|------------------------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
| Profitability ratios | | | | | |
| Return on equity (%) | 15.4 | 24.5 | 20.0 | 18.1 | 15.9 |
| Return on total assets (%) | 11.9 | 21.2 | 17.9 | 15.9 | 14.7 |
| Net profit margin (%) | 11.6 | 20.9 | 19.2 | 16.8 | 18.2 |
| | | | | | |
| | As at 31 December | | | | |
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
| Current ratio | 4.2 | 6.1 | 9.2 | 9.7 | 14.5 |
| Gearing ratio (%) | 20.7 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 0.8 |
| Lease liabilities/finance lease payables | 8,735 | 3,909 | 4,817 | 3,931 | 782 |
| Bank overdrafts/borrowing | 4,933 | – | – | 387 | – |
| Total debt | 13,668 | 3,909 | 4,817 | 4,318 | 782 |