

## 2022/2023 ANNUAL REPORT 年報



Incorporated in Cayman Islands with limited liability 於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司 Stock Code | 股份代號:896

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### CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson (Chairman) \*

Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart (Managing Director)

Mr. Tai Sai Ho (General Manager)

Mr. Chow Ka Fung

Dr. Lam Chat Yu \*

Mr. Chan Pak Joe #

Dr. Lau Tze Yiu, Peter #

Dr. Sun Tai Lun #

Dr. Chan Fan Cheong, Tony #

\* non-executive director

\* independent non-executive director

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Dr. Lau Tze Yiu, Peter (Chairman)

Mr. Chan Pak Joe

Dr. Sun Tai Lun

### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Chan Pak Joe (Chairman)

Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart

Mr. Tai Sai Ho

Dr. Lau Tze Yiu, Peter

Dr. Sun Tai Lun

### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Dr. Sun Tai Lun (Chairman)

Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart

Mr. Tai Sai Ho

Mr. Chan Pak Joe

Dr. Lau Tze Yiu, Peter

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. Ma Lai King

### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

P.O. Box 309, Ugland House Grand Cayman, KY1-1104

Cayman Islands

### PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

22/F., Kings Wing Plaza 1 3 On Kwan Street Shek Mun Shatin, New Territories Hong Kong

### 董事會

杳懋德先牛*(主席)\** 

王世濤先生(董事總經理)

戴世豪先生(總經理)

周嘉峯先生

林澤宇博士\*

陳伯佐先生#

劉子耀博士#

孫大倫博士#

陳繁昌博士#

\* 非執行董事

## # 獨立非執行董事

### 審核委員會

劉子耀博士(主席)

陳伯佐先生

孫大倫博士

### 提名委員會

陳伯佐先生(主席)

王世濤先生

戴世豪先生

劉子耀博士

孫大倫博士

### 薪酬委員會

孫大倫博士(主席)

王世濤先生

戴世豪先生

陳伯佐先生

劉子耀博士

### 公司秘書

馬麗琼女士

### 註冊辦事處

P.O. Box 309, Ugland House Grand Cayman, KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

### 主要營業地點

香港

新界沙田

石門

安群街3號

京瑞廣場一期22樓

### **AUDITOR**

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Certified Public Accountants Registered Public Interest Entity Auditors

### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

- Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited
- Hang Seng Bank Limited
- Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia)
   Limited
- Shanghai Commercial Bank Limited
- Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
- The Bank of East Asia, Limited
- The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

### **SHARE REGISTRARS**

Hong Kong

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

Cayman Islands

Maples Corporate Services Limited P.O. Box 309, Ugland House Grand Cayman, KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

### **LEGAL ADVISERS**

Hong Kong Law

King & Wood Mallesons Reed Smith Richards Butler LLP

 Cayman Islands Law Maples and Calder

896 (ordinary shares)

**STOCK CODE** 

### **WEBSITE**

www.hanison.com

### 核數師

德勤 ● 關黃陳方會計師行 執業會計師 註冊公眾利益實體核數師

### 主要往來銀行

- 中國銀行(香港)有限公司
- 恒生銀行有限公司
- 中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司
- 上海商業銀行有限公司
- 渣打銀行(香港)有限公司
- 東亞銀行有限公司
- 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

### 股份過戶登記處

**香港** 

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港灣仔 皇后大道東183號 合和中心17M樓

• 開曼群島

Maples Corporate Services Limited P.O. Box 309, Ugland House Grand Cayman, KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

### 法律顧問

• 香港法律

金杜律師事務所 禮德齊伯禮律師行有限法律責任合夥

• 開曼群島法律

邁普達律師事務所

### 股份代號

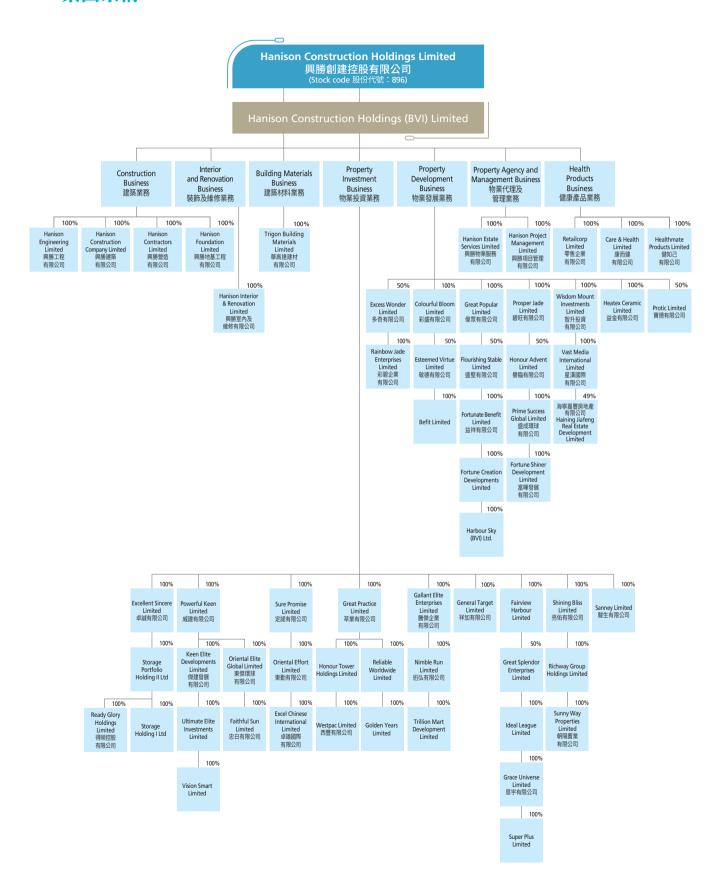
896 (普通股股份)

### 網址

www.hanison.com

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### GROUP STRUCTURE 集團架構



## REVENUE & PROFIT (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY FOR THE YEAR

收入及本公司擁有人應佔年度溢利(虧損)

For continuing and discontinued operations 持續經營及已終止經營業務



## SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AS AT THE YEAR END 於年末股東資金



### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告書

On behalf of the board of directors ("Board") of Hanison Construction Holdings Limited ("Company"), I am pleased to present to our shareholders the results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively "Group" or "Hanison") for the year ended 31 March 2023.

## RESULTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

For the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group recorded revenue of HK\$1,232.8 million, representing a decrease of approximately 14% compared with the previous financial year (2022: HK\$1,438.3 million). The consolidated loss attributable to owners of the Company was HK\$38.4 million, as opposed to a net profit of HK\$154.3 million for 2022. The net loss in the current year is mainly attributable to decrease in revaluation of investment properties and impairment loss on properties under development for sale held by the Group and joint ventures. Such losses are recognised through loss on change in fair value of investment properties, write-down of properties under development for sale and share of losses of joint ventures in the current year.

The basic loss per share and diluted loss per share for the year were HK3.5 cents and HK3.5 cents respectively, as opposed to a basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share of HK14.0 cents and HK13.9 cents recorded in the previous financial year.

As at 31 March 2023, the Group's net asset value amounted to HK\$4,072.7 million (2022: HK\$4,216.4 million). Net asset value per share as at 31 March 2023 was HK\$3.71 (2022: HK\$3.81).

### **DIVIDEND**

The Board has declared a second interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend) of HK5.0 cents per share for the year ended 31 March 2023 (2022: HK5.0 cents per share) to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 11 July 2023. This, together with the first interim dividend of HK2.5 cents per share (2022: HK2.5 cents per share) distributed during the year, results in a total dividend of HK7.5 cents per share for the year (2022: HK7.5 cents per share). The second interim dividend will be paid on 24 July 2023.

本人謹代表Hanison Construction Holdings Limited (興勝創建控股有限公司)(「本公司」)董事會(「董事會」)向各位股東提呈本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」或「興勝創建」)截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度之業績。

### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止財 政年度之業績

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,本集團錄得收入港幣1,232,800,000元,較上一財政年度減少約14%(二零二二年:港幣1,438,300,000元)。本公司擁有人應佔綜合虧損為港幣38,400,000元,而二零二二年之淨虧損為港幣154,300,000元。本年度淨虧損主要是由於本集團及合營企業持有的投資物業也值減少及發展中之待售物業減值虧損所致。該等虧損乃通過投資物業之公平值變動虧損、撇減發展中之待售物業及分佔合營企業虧損等方式於本年度確認。

本年度之每股基本虧損及每股攤薄虧損分別為港幣3.5仙及港幣3.5仙,而上一財政年度每股基本盈利及每股攤薄盈利為港幣14.0仙及港幣13.9仙。

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團之資產 淨值為港幣4,072,700,000元(二零二二年: 港幣4,216,400,000元)。於二零二三年三月 三十一日,每股資產淨值為港幣3.71元(二零 二二年:港幣3.81元)。

### 股息

董事會向於二零二三年七月十一日名列本公司股東名冊之股東宣派截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度之第二次中期股息(取代末期股息)每股港幣5.0仙(二零二二年:每股港幣5.0仙)。連同年內已派發之第一次中期股息每股港幣2.5仙(二零二二年:每股港幣7.5仙(二零二二年:每股港幣7.5仙)。第二次中期股息將於二零二三年七月二十四日派發。

### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Although the COVID-19 pandemic has finally subsided, the global economy continues to face uncertainty against a backdrop of financial sector turmoil, high inflation, the Russia-Ukraine conflict and the ongoing impact of three years of pandemic. The global economy grew by 3.4% in 2022, according to the International Monetary Fund ("IMF"). While global growth is widely expected to be slow in 2023 due to the previously mentioned factors, domestic demand in Asia has so far remained strong despite monetary tightening. The IMF forecasts that the region's contribution to global growth will exceed 70% in 2023 as the region's economic expansion accelerates to 4.6% from 3.8% last year. China's re-opening is set to provide new momentum, while elsewhere, a number of emerging economies in the region are expected to achieve solid growth. However, challenges such as public debt and the recent intensification in global financial tremors remain, as well as the persistent issue of inflation.

Mainland China's performance was uneven in 2022, with the constantly changing pandemic landscape reflected in the region's economic activity and subsequent slowed growth. Despite policy support, real GDP growth slowed to around 2.7% in 2022. With the risk of further COVID-19 outbreaks still looming large, this economic volatility could continue against the backdrop of potential new restrictions to slow the spread of the virus and the continued stress in the country's property sector. There are also risks in the form of climate change, rising geopolitical tensions and a global financial crunch, all of which could affect China's economy to some extent.

### 業務回顧

中國內地於二零二二年表現不均,疫情形勢不斷變化反映於區內經濟活動及其後的增長放緩。儘管有政策支持,但二零二二年實際國內生產總值增速仍放緩至約2.7%。由於2019冠狀病毒進一步爆發的風險仍相當大,在可能採取新限制措施減慢病毒傳播以及國內房地產行業持續承受壓力的背景下,經濟波動可能會繼續。亦存在氣候變化、地緣政治緊張局勢加劇及全球金融緊縮等形式的風險,全部均可能在一定程度上影響中國經濟。

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### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告書

In Hong Kong, the construction industry has received strong support from the Government over the past few years with significant investment in infrastructure and increased housing supply. The Government's annual capital works expenditure currently exceeds HK\$100 billion, and its 10-year housing supply target remains unchanged at 430,000 units. Public sector project approvals have also been much faster in recent years, which has contributed to the continued pipeline demand for construction work. However, the construction industry is facing ongoing problems with labour shortages and an ageing workforce. As stated in the 2023 Budget Speech, the Government will address this issue and strengthen the advantages of the construction industry by promoting the widespread use of advanced technologies in the industry to improve efficiency and productivity. In the past year, the Group has increased its focus on public sector projects and will continue to do so. It is believed that with the Group's reputation and experience in the industry, it will be able to seize the substantial opportunities that lie ahead.

在香港,建造業在過去幾年獲政府大力支持,對基礎設施進行大量投資並增加房屋供應。政府每年基本工程開支目前超過港幣1,000億元,而其10年房屋供應目標仍維持為430,000個單位。近年公營項目審批速度亦快得多,加強建築工程的持續管道需求。然而,建造續正面臨勞動力短缺及勞動力老齡化的持續問題。誠如二零二三年財政預算案所述,政府將處理該問題,並透過促進行業廣泛使用先進技術提高效率及生產力,從而加強建造,增於,並有關注公營項目。相信憑藉本集團於業內的聲譽及經驗,其將能把握未來的重大機遇。

The outlook for Hong Kong's property market has been uncertain in the last financial year, with market sentiment remaining poor due to factors such as interest rate hikes, the global economic slowdown, and increased housing supply. Data released by the Rating and Valuation Department in January 2023 showed that the index tracking residential housing prices fell by 15.6% in 2022 compared with the previous year. However, it is widely expected that the city's property market will pick up in 2023 due to the release of pent-up demand and the return of Mainland Chinese buyers following the re-opening of the border. In addition, the Government is gradually implementing policies to encourage buyers and improve sentiment; the Hong Kong Monetary Authority has relaxed mortgage stress test requirements for property buyers, and the Hong Kong Government will allow eligible entrants to apply for a refund of the additional stamp duties paid on residential property purchased in Hong Kong after becoming permanent residents. Should any suitable opportunities arise, the Group will likely stick to joint venture partnership development to minimise risk. A cautious and prudent approach to property development and investment will continue to be maintained.

上一財政年度,香港樓市前景並不明朗,受加 息、全球經濟放緩以及房屋供應增加等因素 影響,市場情緒持續低迷。差餉物業估價署二 零二三年一月公佈的數據顯示,二零二二年 追蹤住宅樓價指數較上一年度下跌15.6%。 然而,由於被壓抑的需求釋放以及重新開關 後中國內地買家回歸,普遍預期香港物業市 場將在於二零二三年回暖。此外,政府正在逐 步實施政策鼓勵買家及改善情緒;香港金融 管理局已放寬對物業買家的按揭壓力測試要 求,而香港政府將允許合資格入境人士在成 為永久居民後申請退還在香港購買住宅物業 所繳納的額外印花稅。倘出現任何合適的機 會,本集團可能會維持合營夥伴關係發展,以 將風險降至最低。本集團將繼續對物業開發 及投資保持審慎保守態度。

### HIGHLIGHTS OF CORPORATE ACTIVITIES

The Group's construction business continued to perform stably during the year. Although certain projects were delayed due to specific design and technical issues, the Group was awarded various construction contracts (particularly public works contracts and contracts from joint ventures for property development) which will contribute to sustainable revenues in the coming years. This includes a contract awarded for the construction of transitional housing units in the Kai Tak area. The Kai Tak site is expected to provide more than 10,000 units to the public, making it one of the most important transitional housing projects in the city. The Group is pleased to be involved in such a meaningful social project that provides the public with options to leave poor living conditions while waiting for public housing. Other projects from the Government and semi-government sectors include various public housing projects from the Hong Kong Housing Authority and redevelopment contracts from the Urban Renewal Authority, in support of the Government's initiatives to revitalise industrial buildings in Hong Kong. Regarding the profitability of this business, margins remained tight during the year as a result of high operating costs due to continued labour shortages and high material costs. Going forward, the Group will continue to focus on highly technically demanding projects as well as bidding for more public works contracts to maintain better profit margins. The Group is also continuously implementing cost control and efficiency improvement measures to enhance productivity and profitability.

On the property development and investment front, all six of the Group's joint venture projects progressed well during the year. Our three residential development projects are located at So Kwun Wat, Tuen Mun, with Sun Hung Kai Properties Limited; No. 57A Nga Tsin Wai Road, Kowloon Tong; and Tong Yan San Tsuen in Yuen Long. Our three industrial redevelopment projects, all of which will be redeveloped into brand new industrial properties, are Johnson Place, located at Nos. 14-16 Lee

### 公司活動摘要

本集團建造業務於年內繼續表現穩定。儘管 若干項目因特定設計及技術問題而延遲,惟 本集團仍獲授多份建造合約(尤其是公共工 程合約及來自合營企業的物業發展合約),其 將貢獻未來數年的可持續收入。其包括一份 在啟德區建造過渡性房屋單位的合約。啟德 用地預期可為公眾提供超過10,000個單位, 為市內最重要的過渡性房屋項目之一。本集 團欣然參與該富有意義的社會項目,為公眾 提供等待公共房屋時離開惡劣生活環境的選 擇。其他來自政府及半政府部門的項目包括 香港房屋委員會的多個公營房屋項目及市區 重建局的重建合約,以支持政府活化香港工 廈的倡議。就該業務的盈利能力而言,由於勞 動力持續短缺及材料成本高企導致營運成本 高,年內利潤率仍然較低。展望未來,本集團 將繼續專注於技術要求高的項目,並就更多 公共工程合約投標,以維持更佳利潤率。本集 團亦持續實施成本控制及增效措施,以提升 生產力及盈利能力。

於物業發展及投資方面,本集團的六個合營項目於年內均進展順利。我們的三個住宅發展項目位於屯門掃管笏(與新鴻基地產發展有限公司的合營項目);九龍塘衙前圍道57A號;及元朗唐人新村。我們的三個工業重建項目(全部均會重建為全新工業物業)為Johnson Place,位於柴灣利眾街14號至16號;West Castle,位於葵涌業成街22號;及柴灣利眾街18號。年內,本集團繼續以管理層認

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### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告書

Chung Street, Chai Wan; West Castle, located at No. 22 Yip Shing Street, Kwai Chung; and No. 18 Lee Chung Street, Chai Wan. During the year, the Group continued to pursue various divestments at considerations that the management believes are consistent with the objective of maximising shareholder value. The management will continue to closely monitor market conditions and make investment and divestment decisions that it believes are in the interest of its shareholders.

為符合股東價值最大化目標的考慮進行各項 資產出售。管理層將繼續密切關注市況,並做 出其認為符合股東利益的投資及資產出售決 定。

### **PROSPECTS**

According to the IMF, global growth on economic activity will decelerate in 2023 due to rising interest rates and the impact of the war in Ukraine. High inflation and banking tensions in the U.S. and Europe have only exacerbated the uncertain economic situation. As a result, the baseline forecast suggests that global growth will decline from 3.4% in 2022 to 2.8% in 2023. The slowdown is expected to be particularly evident in advanced economies, falling from 2.7% in 2022 to 1.3% in 2023. Longer term, growth is estimated to stay at around the 3% mark over the next five years, resulting in the lowest medium-term growth forecast in more than three decades and placing it well below the 3.8% average seen in the last 20 years. This is primarily due to factors such as the expected tightening of policy to reduce inflation, the war in Ukraine and the deteriorating financial situation. As for the situation in China, the country's real GDP growth is expected to rebound to 4.3% in 2023 following sluggish growth in 2022. As the World Bank has pointed out, China has sufficient fiscal space that can be used to support a stronger recovery in the coming years, especially if these efforts are focused on social spending and green investments to promote more sustainable growth in the medium term.

### 展望

根據國際貨幣基金組織的資料,由於加息及 烏克蘭戰爭的影響,二零二三年全球經濟活 動增長將會放緩。美國及歐洲的高通脹及銀 行業緊張局勢只會加劇不明朗的經濟形勢。 因此,基線預測顯示全球增長將由二零二二 年的3.4%下跌至二零二三年的2.8%。預期發 達經濟體的放緩將尤其明顯,由二零二二年 的2.7%降至二零二三年的1.3%。長遠而言, 估計未來五年的增長將保持在3%左右,令中 期增長預測為30多年來最低,遠低於過去20 年3.8%的平均水平。其主要由於預期將會收 緊政策以降低通脹、烏克蘭戰爭及金融狀況 惡化等因素所致。就中國的情況而言,於二零 二二年增長低迷後,預期二零二三年中國實 際國內生產總值增長將回升至4.3%。誠如世 界銀行所指出,中國具有足夠財政空間可用 於支持未來幾年更強勁的復甦,尤其是倘該 等努力集中於社會支出及綠色投資,以促進 中期更可持續的增長。

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Hong Kong's economy is expected to strengthen in 2023 following the re-opening of the border, supported by continued economic normalisation and peaking interest rates, both of which will help offset external uncertainty to some extent. Regarding the construction industry, in the latest Policy Address, the Government proposed a series of policies to drive economic growth, including accelerating public housing construction (including a significant increase in transitional housing), expanding transport infrastructure and developing the Northern Metropolis, all of which will provide fresh momentum to the industry. As for the property sector, after several vears of turmoil, the market expects 2023 to usher in a rebound in real estate rental and investment demand. with the hope that the re-opening of the border will help improve investment sentiment. In addition, the second half of the year should see an increase in investment volume after weak activity in the first half caused by high financing costs.

在經濟持續正常化及利率見頂(兩者均將有助抵銷一定程度的外部不確定性)的支持下,預期於重新開關後,香港經濟將於二零二三年轉強。建造業方面,在最新的施政報告中,政府提出了一系列推動經濟增長的政報告中,政府提出了一系列推動經濟增長的政報告中,包括加快公共房屋建設(包括大量增加過渡性房屋)、擴建交通基礎設施及發展北部都會區,均將為建造業提供新的動力。地產行業與數年動盪後,市場預計二零二三年將與來房地產租金及投資需求反彈,且重新開關亦有望有助於改善投資情緒。此外,融資資量應會有所增加。

In view of the Government's support and the gradual recovery of the Hong Kong market, the Group is optimistic about its development in the coming years. While focusing on securing more public sector projects for our construction-related businesses, we will maintain a cautious approach to real estate development and investment. Management will also invest more efforts in attracting and retaining talent, as the shortage of skilled workers and professionals in the industry is currently a major challenge for our business. Our people are our most valuable asset, enabling us to deliver satisfactory returns and maximum value to our stakeholders.

鑑於政府支持及香港市場逐漸復甦,本集團 對其未來數年的發展持樂觀態度。在專注於 為我們的建築相關業務爭取更多公營項目的 同時,我們將對房地產發展及投資保持審慎 態度。由於業內技術工人及專業人才短缺為 我們業務目前面臨的主要挑戰,故管理層亦 將投入更多努力吸引及挽留人才。我們的員 工為我們最寶貴的資產,令我們能夠為持份 者提供理想回報及最大價值。

### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告書

### **APPRECIATION**

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my sincere gratitude to our management team and colleagues who, thanks to their consistent hard work and dedication, have been instrumental in the Group's stable performance. I would also like to extend my appreciation to our shareholders and business partners for their continued support of Hanison. We will continue to leverage our experience and advantages to navigate the uncertainty and seize emerging opportunities.

### 致謝

本人謹代表董事會向管理團隊及同事的一貫 辛勤工作及奉獻致以謝意,對本集團的穩定 業績發揮重要作用。本人亦對股東及業務夥 伴一直以來對興勝創建的持續支持深表謝 意。我們將繼續善用我們的經驗及優勢克服 不確定性,把握新出現的機遇。

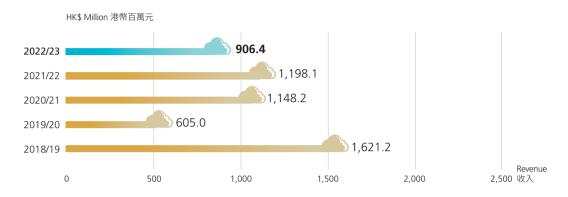
Cha Mou Daid, Johnson Chairman

查懋德

主席

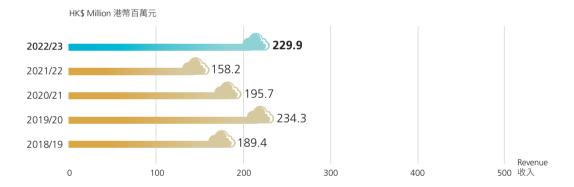
### **CONSTRUCTION DIVISION**

建築部



### INTERIOR AND RENOVATION DIVISION

裝飾及維修部

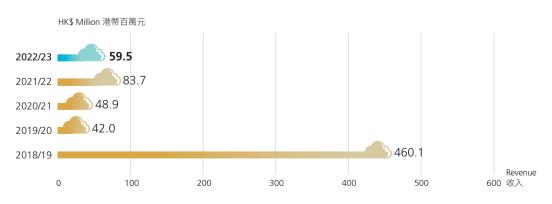


### **BUILDING MATERIALS DIVISION**

建築材料部

## For continuing and discontinued operations

持續經營及已終止經營業務



# 。建築部

## **Construction Division**



Proposed residential development at Tuen Mun Town Lot No. 516 屯門市地段第516號之建議住宅發展項目

### **CONSTRUCTION DIVISION**

The revenue for the Construction Division was HK\$906.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2023 (2022: HK\$1.198.1 million).

During the year, the Construction Division continued to work on the projects on hand. The total amount of contracts on hand as at 31 March 2023 for the Construction Division amounted to HK\$2,147.7 million.

### **Major Project Completed**

(1) Construction of the proposed residential development at Tuen Mun Town Lot No. 516, New Territories

### **Major Projects Undertaken**

(1) Construction of the proposed residential and commercial development at Nos. 33-47 Catchick Street, Kennedy Town, Hong Kong

### 建築部

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,建築部的收入為港幣906,400,000元(二零二二年:港幣1,198,100,000元)。

年內,建築部繼續進行手頭項目。於二零二三年三月三十一日,建築部的手頭合約價值總額為港幣2,147,700,000元。

### 已完成的主要工程

(1) 興建新界屯門市地段第516號之建議住 宅發展項目

### 承接的主要工程

(1) 興建香港堅尼地城吉席街33號至47號之 建議住宅及商業發展項目



Proposed residential and commercial development at Nos. 33-47 Catchick Street, Kennedy Town 堅尼地城吉席街33號至47號之建議住宅及商業發展項目

- (2) Construction of public housing development at Java Road, North Point, Hong Kong
- (3) Construction of public housing development at Hin Fat Lane, Tuen Mun, New Territories
- (4) Construction of the proposed residential development at No. 57A Nga Tsin Wai Road, Kowloon Tong, Kowloon
- (2) 興建香港北角渣華道之公共房屋發展 項目
- (3) 興建新界屯門顯發里之公共房屋發展 項目
- (4) 興建九龍九龍塘衙前圍道57A號之建議 住宅發展項目



Public housing development at Java Road, North Point 北角渣華道之公共房屋發展項目



Public housing development at Hin Fat Lane, Tuen Mun 屯門顯發里之公共房屋發展項目



Proposed residential development at No. 57A Nga Tsin Wai Road, Kowloon Tong 九龍塘衙前圍道57A號之建議住宅發展項目

- (5) Construction of the proposed industrial redevelopment at No. 22 Yip Shing Street, Kwai Chung, New Territories
- (5) 興建新界葵涌業成街22號之建議工業重 建項目
- (6) Construction of the proposed industrial redevelopment at No. 18 Lee Chung Street, Chai Wan, Hong Kong
- (6) 興建香港柴灣利眾街18號之建議工業重 建項目
- (7) Design and build contract for transitional housing at Area 1B2, Muk On Street, Kai Tak for Tung Wah Group of Hospitals
- (7) 東華三院啟德沐安街第1B2區過渡性房 屋之設計及建築合約
- (8) Construction of the proposed residential development at Lot No. 2143 in D.D. 121, Tong Yan San Tsuen, Yuen Long, New Territories
- (8) 興建新界元朗唐人新村丈量約份第121 約地段第2143號之建議住宅發展項目



Proposed industrial redevelopment at No. 22 Yip Shing Street, Kwai Chung 葵涌業成街22號之建議工業重建項目



Proposed industrial redevelopment at No. 18 Lee Chung Street, Chai Wan 柴灣利眾街18號之建議工業重建項目



Transitional housing at Area 1B2, Muk On Street, Kai Tak 啟德沐安街第1B2區過渡性房屋項目

### OPERATIONS REVIEW 業務回顧

### **Awards**

- (1) In March 2023, Hanison Construction Company Limited ("HCCL") got the "HKCA Hong Kong Construction Environmental Awards – 2022 Environmental Merit Award" organised by the Hong Kong Construction Association.
- (2) In December 2022, HCCL received the "Outstanding Metal Scaffolder in Occupational Safety and Health – Merit Award, The 23rd Construction Safety Award", co-organised by The Occupational Safety and Health Council and the Labour Department.
- (3) In October 2022, HCCL received the "HKCA Proactive Safety Contractor Award For the Year 2021" organised by the Hong Kong Construction Association.
- (4) In June 2022, HCCL got the "HKCA Hong Kong Construction Environmental Awards – 2021 Environmental Merit Award" organised by the Hong Kong Construction Association.
- (5) In June 2022, the Public Rental Housing Development at Choi Yuen Road Sites 3 & 4, Sheung Shui (Po Shek Wu Estate), in which HCCL acted as the contractor for the construction of the project, has achieved "Final Gold rating under BEAM Plus New Buildings Version 1.2" issued by the Hong Kong Green Building Council.

### 獎項

- (1) 於二零二三年三月,與勝建築有限公司 (「興勝建築」)榮獲香港建造商會頒發 的「香港建造商會香港建築環保大獎-2022環保優異獎」。
- (2) 於二零二二年十二月,與勝建築榮獲職 業安全健康局及勞工處聯合舉辦的「第 二十三屆建造業安全大獎職安健模範金 屬棚架工一優異獎」。
- (3) 於二零二二年十月,與勝建築榮獲香港 建造商會頒發的「香港建造商會積極推 動安全承建商獎2021」。
- (4) 於二零二二年六月,與勝建築榮獲香港 建造商會頒發的「香港建造商會香港建 築環保大獎-2021環保優異獎」。
- (5) 於二零二二年六月,上水彩園路3號及 4號地盤公共房屋發展項目(寶石湖邨) (由興勝建築作為興建項目的承建商) 榮獲香港綠色建築議會頒發的「綠建環 評新建建築(1.2版)最終金級」。

### **Outlook**

Hong Kong's construction industry continued to grow and present new opportunities during the year, with the Hong Kong Government firmly committed to increasing the supply of public housing and improving the city's infrastructure. Capitalising on this tide of market opportunities in the public sector, the Group leveraged its core competencies, and its Construction Division was subsequently awarded a number of contracts, including a transitional housing construction project in the Kai Tak area. There were, however, challenges in the form of an acute shortage of skilled labour and a tight supply of construction materials due to COVID-19-related shipping disruption, which ultimately led to project delays. In addition, increases in wages and costs had a negative impact on the profitability of some construction projects.

Despite the challenging market environment, there are still plenty of opportunities in Hong Kong's construction industry. Over the next decade, the Hong Kong Government plans to increase the supply of public housing to 300,000 units as it maintains the city's housing supply target of 430,000 units and a 70:30 ratio of public to private units. In addition, the vigorous promotion of the "Light Public Housing" project, as well as other development plans such as "Lantau Tomorrow" and "Northern Metropolis", will provide fresh impetus for the construction industry. Additional opportunities will come from three strategic railways and three major roads and that the Government is implementing to upgrade the city's transportation networks. In the private sector, the launch of a new pilot scheme aims to encourage private developers to build subsidised sale units and to apply for rezoning of their own land for the purpose of developing subsidised sale units. More than 19,000 private residential units are expected to be completed each year for the five years beginning in 2023.

### 展望

The Hong Kong construction industry is facing several challenges, including labour shortage and high material costs, resulting in rising wages and construction costs that are among the highest in the world. The Group will continue to closely monitor the dynamic and complex operating environment and will maintain a cautious approach during these uncertain times. It is keenly aware of the need for its Construction Division to fully comply with the stringent requirements of the Government and regulatory bodies, while taking an innovative approach to tendering procedures and cost control.

香港建造業面臨多項挑戰,包括勞動力短缺及材料成本高昂,導致工資上升及建築成本位居全球前列。本集團將繼續密切關注不斷變化而複雜的經營環境,並在此不確定時期保持審慎態度。本集團深明其建築部需要完全遵守政府及監管機構的嚴格要求,同時採取創新方法進行投標程序及成本控制。

With increased tender opportunities from both the public and private sectors, the Construction Division will become more responsive to the needs of its clients and strengthen its industry leadership. In the near term, the division will continue to employ innovative building technologies and digitalisation to further streamline operations and improve project efficiency. It will also expand its construction workforce in a variety of ways, including attracting more talent to the industry, enhancing training and human resource development, and allocating more resources to employee development.

隨著來自公營及私營領域的投標機會增加, 建築部將能夠更積極響應客戶需要,加強其 行業領導地位。在短期內,該部門將繼續採用 創新建築技術及數碼化,進一步精簡業務並 提高項目效率。其亦將以多種方式擴大其建 築勞動力,包括吸引更多人才入行,加強培訓 及人力資源開發,以及分配更多資源供員工 發展。

# 裝飾及維修部。



Renovation works at Carolina Gardens, The Peak 山頂嘉樂園之翻新工程



Interior & Renovation Division

### **INTERIOR AND RENOVATION DIVISION**

For the year ended 31 March 2023, the Interior and Renovation Division recorded a revenue of HK\$229.9 million, as compared with HK\$158.2 million last year.

The total amount of contracts on hand as at 31 March 2023 for the Interior and Renovation Division amounted to HK\$494.3 million.

### **Major Projects Completed**

- (1) Renovation works at Carolina Gardens, Nos. 20-34 Coombe Road, The Peak, Hong Kong
- (2) Builder's works term contract (2020-2023) for Hong Kong Baptist University
- (3) 2-year term tenancy works contract (2020-2022) for shopping centres, car parks, markets & cooked-food stalls for Hong Kong Island, Kowloon East, New Territories East and Tseung Kwan O (Region 2) for the Link
- (4) Improvement works for Haking Wong Building for The University of Hong Kong
- (5) Main contract for toilet improvement works at shopping centres of Chuk Yuen South, Fu Shin, Stanley, Tai Hing, Tai Wo, Yu Chui and Temple Mall for the Link

### **Major Projects Undertaken**

- (1) 3-year general building maintenance term contract (2019-2022) for the City University of Hong Kong
- (2) Façade repair works for campus buildings (2019-2022) for the City University of Hong Kong

### 裝飾及維修部

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,裝飾及維修部錄得收入為港幣229,900,000元,而 去年則為港幣158,200,000元。

於二零二三年三月三十一日,裝飾及維修部的手頭合約價值總額為港幣494,300,000元。

### 已完成的主要工程

- (1) 香港山頂甘道20號至34號嘉樂園之翻新工程
- (2) 香港浸會大學建造工程定期合約(二零 二零年至二零二三年)
- (3) 領展旗下香港島、東九龍、新界東及將 軍澳(區域2) 購物中心、停車場、街市及 熟食檔之兩年定期工程合約(二零二零 年至二零二二年)
- (4) 香港大學黃克競樓改善及加建工程
- (5) 領展旗下竹園南、富善、赤柱、大興、太 和、愉翠及黃大仙中心購物中心洗手間 改善工程之主合約

### 承接的主要工程

- (1) 香港城市大學三年期一般項目定期保養 合約(二零一九年至二零二二年)
- (2) 香港城市大學校園樓宇外牆維修工程 (二零一九年至二零二二年)

- (3) HKHA district term contract (2021-2024) for the maintenance, improvement and vacant flat refurbishment for Hong Kong Island and Islands (2)
- (4) Building works term contract (2022-2025) for shopping centres, car parks, markets & cooked-food stalls in Tin Shui Wai, Tuen Mun, New Territories North and Ma On Shan (Region 1) for the Link
- (5) 2-year term tenancy works contract (2022-2024) for shopping centres, car parks, markets & cooked-food stalls for Hong Kong Island, Kowloon East, New Territories East and Tseung Kwan O (Region 2) for the Link
- (6) Repair and maintenance term contract (2022-2025) for Hong Kong Baptist University

### **Major Projects Awarded**

- (1) AA&I project 2022-2023 renovation works to lavatories in Sir Run Run Shaw Building, Cha Chi-Ming Science Tower and Fong Shu Chuen Library, renovation works to lavatories at Level 5 of Oen Hall Building at Hong Kong Baptist University
- (2) Interior fitting out works nominated sub-contract for redevelopment of North Point Methodist Church at 11 Cheung Hong Street, North Point, Hong Kong

### **Award**

In July 2022, Hanison Interior & Renovation Limited was awarded the "Construction Industry Safety Award Scheme 2021/2022 – Renovation and Maintenance Works – Merit Award" organised by the Labour Department, for the renovation project at Carolina Gardens, The Peak.

- (3) 香港房屋委員會二零二一至二零二四年 度港島及離島區(二)保養、改善及空置 單位翻新工程的分區定期合約
- (4) 領展旗下天水圍、屯門、新界北及馬鞍山 (區域1)購物中心、停車場、街市及熟 食檔之建造工程定期合約(二零二二年 至二零二五年)
- (5) 領展旗下香港島、東九龍、新界東及將 軍澳(區域2)購物中心、停車場、街市及 熟食檔之兩年定期工程合約(二零二二 年至二零二四年)
- (6) 香港浸會大學維修保養定期合約(二零 二二年至二零二五年)

### 獲授的主要工程

- (1) 香港浸會大學邵逸夫大樓、查濟民科學大樓、方樹泉圖書館及溫仁才大樓5樓之廁所翻新工程(二零二二年至二零二三年改建及改善項目)
- (2) 香港北角長康街11號北角衛理堂重建項目之指定室內裝修分包合約

### 獎項

於二零二二年七月,與勝室內及維修有限公司就山頂嘉樂園翻新工程榮獲勞工處頒發的「建造業安全獎勵計劃2021/2022-裝修及維修工程-優異獎」。

### **Outlook**

Homeowners and property investors often carry out major renovation works prior to selling or leasing their assets in a bid to achieve the maximum return, as this usually elevates the property's market value. Likewise, operators of commercial spaces and shopping malls perform remodelling and upgrading for the purpose of asset appreciation. While these considerations certainly benefit the Group's Interior and Renovation Division, this division was impacted by the city's economic downturn during the year, with a reduction in project enquiries and approvals as owners put large-scale renovation plans on hold.

Competition remains fierce in the sector, adding to the challenges facing this division. Given the highly fragmented nature of the market, price, project length, quality of service and reputation are key considerations for owners looking for service providers in this sector.

Looking ahead, the overall outlook for the Interior and Renovation Division is expected to be positive as the construction industry continues to recover. A return to normalcy in the wake of COVID-19 is likely to lead to more optimism for businesses. Residential property owners will be more inclined to undertake renovations, upgrades and remodels as they seek to increase the value of their properties while increasing real estate activity. Commercial property owners will upgrade their facilities to meet customer demands. Against this promising backdrop, the Interior and Renovation Division will strive to establish itself as a renowned interior and renovation company, promoting a culture of continuous improvement and seeking to exceed the expectations of its clients. It will strive to achieve unique and innovative designs that balance aesthetic appeal and functionality while remaining cost competitive. In response to the growing global concern for environmental protection and green building, the Group is actively researching and implementing environmentally friendly technologies and green building materials into its processes.

### 展望

業主及物業投資者通常會在出售或出租資產之前進行大型翻新工程,以期獲得最大回報,原因為翻新通常會提高物業的市場價值。同樣,商業空間及購物中心的經營者亦以資產增值為目的進行改造及升級。儘管該等考慮肯定有利於本集團的裝飾及維修部,但此部門於年內受香港經濟低迷影響,且由於業主擱置大型翻新計劃,項目諮詢及批准有所減少。

業內競爭依然激烈,令此部門面臨更多挑戰。 鑑於市場性質屬高度分散,價格、項目時間、 服務質量及聲譽為業主在此行業尋找服務提 供商的關鍵考慮因素。

展望未來,隨著建造業持續復甦,預期裝飾及維修部的整體前景正面。在2019冠狀病毒之後恢復常態可能會令企業更加樂觀。住宅物業業主將更傾向於進行翻新、升級及改造,原因為彼等尋求在增加房地產活動的同時增增加房地產活動的同時增加物業價值。商業物業業主將升級其設施以滿足客戶需求。在此充滿希望的背景下,裝飾及維修部將致力成為知名裝飾及維修公司,推廣持續改進文化,力求超越客戶期望。其將致力實現獨特及創新設計,平衡美學吸引力及實用性,同時保持成本競爭力。為響應全球對環境保護及綠色建築的日益關注,本集團正積極研究環保技術及綠色建築材料並應用到其工程中。



### **BUILDING MATERIALS DIVISION**

The Group's Building Materials Division specialises in the supply and installation of different types of suspended ceiling system, metal cladding system, fire rated enclosure system and timber flooring.

For the year ended 31 March 2023 the revenue of the Building Materials Division was HK\$59.5 million compared with that of HK\$83.7 million last year.

The total amount of contracts on hand as at 31 March 2023 for the Building Materials Division amounted to HK\$267.9 million.

### **Major Projects Completed**

- MTR SCL Contract No.1123 Exhibition Station and Western Approach Tunnel – Design, supply and installation of suspended ceiling system
- (2) Tai Wai Station property development External ceiling system at transfer plate

### 建築材料部

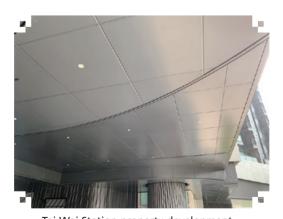
本集團的建築材料部專門供應及安裝不同種 類的假天花系統、金屬飾板系統、防火保護系 統及木地板。

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,建築材料部之收入為港幣59,500,000元,而去年則為港幣83,700,000元。

於二零二三年三月三十一日,建築材料部的 手頭合約價值總額為港幣267,900,000元。

### 已完成的主要工程

- (1) 港鐵沙中線項目合約編號1123-會展站 及西面連接隧道-設計、供應及安裝假 天花系統
- (2) 大圍站上蓋物業發展項目-轉力層之室 外天花系統



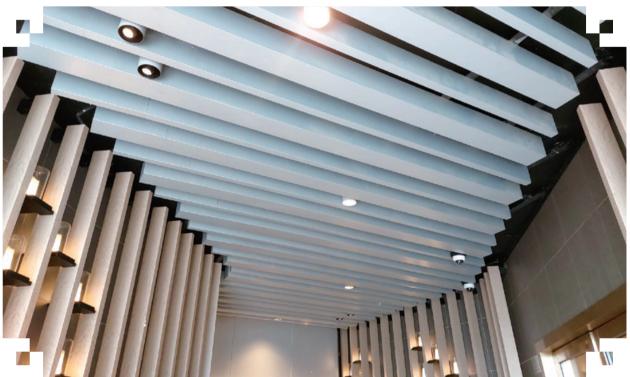
Tai Wai Station property development – External ceiling system at transfer plate 大圍站上蓋物業發展項目—轉力層之室外天花系統

- (3) Proposed residential development of Wong Chuk Hang Station Site A property development – Supply and installation of suspended ceiling system at podium level
- (3) 黃竹坑站地盤A物業發展之建議住宅發 展項目-供應及安裝平台層之假天花 系統

Proposed residential development of Wong Chuk Hang Station Site A property development – Supply and installation of suspended ceiling system at podium level 黃竹坑站地盤A物業發展之建議住宅發展項目-供應及安裝平台層之假天花系統







### **Major Projects Undertaken**

- HKIA Contract 3508 Terminal 2 expansion works Design, supply and installation of main roof baffle ceiling system
- (2) HKIA Contract 3508 Terminal 2 expansion works Design, supply and installation of lower-level baffle and external ceiling system
- (3) Construction of a swimming pool complex and open space in Area 107, Tin Shui Wai Design, supply and installation of suspended ceiling system
- (4) Proposed residential and commercial development at Nos. 33-47 Catchick Street, Kennedy Town – Supply and installation of suspended ceiling system

### 承接的主要工程

- (1) 香港國際機場合約3508二號客運大樓擴建工程一設計、供應及安裝主天幕金屬 天花系統
- (2) 香港國際機場合約3508二號客運大樓擴建工程-設計、供應及安裝低層天幕及室外天花系統
- (3) 天水圍第107區游泳池場館及休憩用地 之建築工程-設計、供應及安裝假天花 系統
- (4) 堅尼地城吉席街33號至47號之建議住 宅及商業發展項目-供應及安裝假天花 系統



HKIA Contract 3508 Terminal 2 expansion works –
Design, supply and installation of main roof baffle ceiling system
香港國際機場合約3508二號客運大樓擴建工程設計、供應及安裝主天幕金屬天花系統



HKIA Contract 3508 Terminal 2 expansion works – Design, supply and installation of lower-level baffle and external ceiling system 香港國際機場合約3508二號客運大樓擴建工程— 設計、供應及安裝低層天幕及室外天花系統

### **Major Projects Awarded**

- (1) Proposed residential development at TKOTL 70RP, Phase 11, Lohas Park, Tseung Kwan O, N.T. – Supply and installation of baffle ceiling and gypsum board ceiling system
- (2) Construction of public housing development at Java Road, North Point – Design, supply and installation of suspended ceiling system at podium level
- (3) Central Kowloon Route Building, electrical and mechanical works Design, supply and installation of suspended ceiling system
- (4) Construction of public housing development at Hin Fat Lane, Tuen Mun, N.T. – Design, supply and installation of suspended ceiling system at G/F

### Outlook

Thanks to its solid foundation and presence in the market, the Building Materials Division won several projects during the year, including the supply and installation of baffle ceilings and gypsum board ceiling systems in Lohas Park. Regarding the main roof baffle ceiling system project at Hong Kong Airport Terminal 2, there were delays in the overall progress of the project and hence it is not ready for installation of the ceiling system.

Since the development of the materials market is largely synchronised with the construction market, it is expected to see considerable growth in parallel with the launch of major construction projects driven by infrastructure spending and housing development. In addition, there are proposals to convert ageing industrial buildings in Hong Kong into modern commercial developments. This will provide additional opportunities through new construction projects and higher demand for building materials.

### 獲授的主要工程

- (1) 新界將軍澳日出康城第十一期將軍澳市 地段第70號之餘段之建議住宅發展項 目一供應及安裝條子天花及石膏板天花 系統
- (2) 興建北角渣華道之公共房屋發展項目— 設計、供應及安裝平台層之假天花系統
- (3) 中九龍幹線-大樓及機電工程-設計、供應及安裝假天花系統
- (4) 興建新界屯門顯發里之公共房屋發展項 目—設計、供應及安裝地面層之假天花 系統

### 展望

建築材料部憑藉穩健基礎及市場佔有率,於 年內贏得多個項目,包括供應及安裝日出康 城的條子天花及石膏板天花系統。就香港機 場二號客運大樓的主天幕金屬天花系統項目 而言,項目整體進度有所延誤,故尚未準備好 安裝天花系統。

由於材料市場的發展在很大程度上與建築市場同步,故預期隨著基礎設施支出及房屋發展帶動的大型建設項目啟動,將會同步出現可觀增長。此外,亦有建議將香港老化的工廈改建為現代商業發展項目。其將透過新的建築項目提供更多機遇,並令建築材料的需求增加。

In order to seize these new opportunities and improve its competitiveness in a constantly evolving business environment, the Group will continue to implement effective cost control measures. In addition to using innovative but affordable construction materials, the Group will increase its efforts to recruit and retain experienced workers and qualified subcontractors to undertake projects in a timely manner. Regarding the recently resumed Hong Kong Airport roof ceiling project, the Group will establish an improved workflow and schedule for the project and regularly monitor progress against the plan. This will help ensure that costs are effectively managed throughout the project and that the project will be completed on schedule and on budget while meeting quality standards. With its extensive expertise and proven track record in the supply and installation of suspended ceilings and flooring, the Group is confident that its Building Materials Division will be able to capitalise on the opportunities presented by Hong Kong's urban development plans.



### PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT DIVISION

The Property Development Division recorded no revenue during the year ended 31 March 2023 (2022: nil).

LUXÉAST, the Group's 49% interest in the parcel of land situated at 中華人民共和國浙江省海寧市區文苑路西側、後富亭港南側 (West of Wenyuan Road and South of Houfutinggang, Haining, Zhejiang Province, the People's Republic of China) for the development and construction of office, retail, car parking spaces and other development pertaining to the land. The respective 房屋所有權證 (Building Ownership Certificates) have been issued in March 2015. A total of 224 商品房買賣合同 (Sale and Purchase Agreement for Commodity Flat) have been signed up to the end of the reporting period in which 220 units had been delivered to customers.

For the proposed residential development project with Sun Hung Kai Properties Limited at So Kwun Wat, Tuen Mun, a land exchange application to convert the land to residential use has been completed and the land premium involved has been fully settled. The development of the site is in progress.

A piece of land at No. 57A Nga Tsin Wai Road, Kowloon Tong, Kowloon in which the Group has 50% interest with the objective of developing the property into a premium residential project, lease modification and general building plans for redevelopment have been approved and we are in the course of negotiating the land premium with Lands Department.

For the piece of land at Tong Yan San Tsuen in Yuen Long in which the Group has 50% interest with the objective of developing the property into a residential project, a land exchange application for residential use was completed in April 2021. The development of the site is in progress.

### 物業發展部

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,物業發展部並無錄得收入(二零二二年:無)。

至於本集團佔49%權益之「尚東」,位於中華 人民共和國浙江省海寧市區文苑路西側、後 富亭港南側的一幅土地(用作開發及興建辦 公室、店舖、停車位及其他相關發展),已於 二零一五年三月獲發房屋所有權證。截至報 告期末,總共簽訂了224份商品房買賣合同, 其中220個單位已交付予客戶。

與新鴻基地產發展有限公司在屯門掃管笏合作發展之建議住宅發展項目,將土地轉換為住宅用途的土地轉換申請已完成,而所涉地價均已悉數支付。地盤開發正在進行中。

本集團擁有50%權益之位於九龍九龍塘衙前 圍道57A號之一幅土地,旨在將該物業發展為 一個優質住宅項目。就重建項目申請的契約 修訂及一般建築計劃已獲批准,而我們正與 地政總署磋商補地價。

本集團擁有50%權益之位於元朗唐人新村之 土地,旨在將該物業發展為住宅項目,將土 地轉換為住宅用途的土地轉換申請已於二零 二一年四月完成。地盤開發正在進行中。

As for the joint venture project, Johnson Place, located at Nos. 14-16 Lee Chung Street, Chai Wan, Hong Kong in which the Group has 50% interest, will be redeveloped into a brand new industrial property, the planning application for bonus plot ratio has been approved. Demolition of the existing building will be commenced soon.

本集團擁有50%權益之位於香港柴灣利眾街 14號至16號之合營企業項目Johnson Place, 將重建為一項全新工業物業,就額外地積比 率提交的規劃申請已獲批准。現有建築的清 拆工作將會展開。

As for the joint venture project, West Castle, located at No. 22 Yip Shing Street, Kwai Chung in which the Group has 50% interest, will be redeveloped into a brand new industrial property with bonus plot ratio. The demolition work was completed in December 2021. The development of the site is in progress.

本集團擁有50%權益之位於葵涌業成街22號 之合營企業項目West Castle,將重建為取得 額外地積比率的全新工業物業。清拆工作已 於二零二一年十二月完成。地盤開發正在進 行中。

For the joint venture project at No. 18 Lee Chung Street, Chai Wan, Hong Kong, in which the Group has 50% interest, will be redeveloped into a brand new industrial property. Building plans for the development with bonus plot ratio have been approved and demolition work was completed in April 2022.

本集團擁有50%權益之位於香港柴灣利眾街 18號之合營企業項目,將重建為一項全新工 業物業。具有額外地積比率的開發項目的建 築計劃已獲批准,清拆工作已於二零二二年 四月完成。

### **Outlook**

### 展望

Hong Kong's property market was sluggish during the year due to significant interest rate hikes, a weak local economy and an unstable stock market. Figures from the Rating and Valuation Department showed that residential property prices fell by more than 15% in 2022, ending 13 consecutive years of price increases, and the number of transactions dropped significantly. Despite this challenging backdrop, all of the Group's property development projects progressed well during the year.

由於大幅加息、本地經濟疲弱及股市不穩定,故年內香港樓市低迷。差餉物業估價署數字顯示,二零二二年住宅物業價格下跌超過15%,結束連續13年的價格增加,成交量亦大幅下跌。儘管環境充滿挑戰,但本集團所有物業發展項目於年內均進度良好。

The Government has adopted a multi-faceted approach to ensuring a stable and healthy real estate market. This includes identifying additional land and redeveloping brownfield sites to build up a land bank; streamlining statutory and administrative procedures related to planning and development to reduce land production and building construction times; and accelerating urban renewal by lowering the ownership threshold for committing to compulsory sales of older private housing. The Government also announced a change to the 10-

政府已採取多方面措施確保房地產市場穩健。其包括物色額外土地及重新發展棕地以建立土地儲備;簡化與規劃及發展相關的法定及行政程序,以減少土地生產及建築施時間;及透過降低強制出售較舊私人房屋上零二三年初對大眾市場房屋徵收的10年期印花稅。此舉即時生效,旨在支持首次買買工作稅。此舉即時生效,旨在支持首次買家受惠,促進中小型住宅單位的銷售。近期香

year stamp duty levied on mass-market homes in early 2023. The move, effective immediately, is designed to support first-time buyers to get onto the property ladder and is expected to benefit around 37,000 buyers per year, boosting sales of small and medium-sized residential units. The recent resumption of quarantine-free travel between Hong Kong and the Mainland has also provided a more favourable market, with the local economy already on a steady path of recovery. In addition, the Government's latest talent scheme, blueprint for innovation and technology development, and other measures introduced in the latest Budget are expected to stimulate a full economic recovery. Coupled with a lower unemployment rate, this will help boost market confidence, which in turn will benefit the real estate market.

港與內地恢復免檢疫旅遊亦提供更有利的市場,本地經濟已走上穩步復甦的道路。此外,預期政府最新的人才計劃、創新科技發展藍圖及最新預算案中推出的其他措施將會刺激經濟全面復甦。加上失業率下降,將有助增強市場信心,從而令房地產市場受惠。

While there are promising prospects on the horizon, the market is also facing a number of challenges. Recent interest rate hikes have made borrowing more expensive for many developers and potential buyers, often resulting in less demand for properties as buyers are unwilling to take on higher borrowing costs. Furthermore, due to the abundant supply of new homes, individual homebuilders are lowering the prices of their new residential projects in a bid to boost sales.

儘管前景充滿希望,但市場亦面臨若干挑戰。 近期加息令許多發展商及潛在買家的借貸成 本更高,通常會導致對物業的需求減少,原因 為買家不願承擔較高的借貸成本。此外,由於 新樓供應充足,個別住宅建築商正在降低其 新住宅項目的價格以促進銷售。

The Property Development Division has built up a sizeable land bank over the years, acquiring a number of land parcels at reasonable prices. Looking ahead, the Group will continue to manage its property portfolio in a prudent manner and actively seek new opportunities for further growth. In order to maximise synergies and reduce development risks, the Group will utilise joint ventures with suitable partners to develop land parcels into properties. In undertaking land development projects, the Group will also give priority to maintaining good cash flow and a reasonable gearing ratio.

物業發展部多年來已積累龐大土地儲備,以 合理價格收購多幅地塊。展望未來,本集團將 繼續審慎管理其物業組合,並積極尋求新機 遇以實現進一步增長。為盡量發揮協同效應 及降低發展風險,本集團將與合適的合作夥 伴運用合營企業將地塊發展為物業。在承接 土地發展項目時,本集團亦會優先考慮維持 良好現金流及合理資產負債比率。



#### **PROPERTY INVESTMENT DIVISION**

The Property Investment Division recorded a revenue of HK\$64.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2023 (2022: HK\$63.4 million).

In April 2022, the Group has entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to dispose of certain units and a car parking space at Shatin Industrial Centre. The disposal was completed in October 2022.

In May 2022, the Group has entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to dispose of certain units and car parking spaces at Shatin Industrial Centre. The disposal was completed in May 2022.

In August 2022, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to dispose of certain industrial units and car parking spaces at Chaiwan Industrial Centre. The transaction was completed in September 2022.

#### 物業投資部

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,物業 投資部錄得收入港幣64,100,000元(二零二二 年:港幣63,400,000元)。

於二零二二年四月,本集團與獨立第三方訂 立買賣協議,以出售沙田工業中心的若干單 位及停車位。出售事項已於二零二二年十月 完成。

於二零二二年五月,本集團與獨立第三方訂 立買賣協議,以出售沙田工業中心的若干單 位及停車位。出售事項已於二零二二年五月 完成。

於二零二二年八月,本集團與獨立第三方訂 立買賣協議,以出售柴灣中心工業大廈的若 干工業單位及停車位。該交易已於二零二二 年九月完成。

Hollywood Hill at No. 222 Hollywood Road 位於荷李活道222號之Hollywood Hill





#### OPERATIONS REVIEW 業務回顧

Investment properties of the Group including PeakCastle in Cheung Sha Wan, The Mercer in Sheung Wan, Hollywood Hill at No. 222 Hollywood Road, No. 31 Wing Wo Street in Sheung Wan, certain industrial units and car parking spaces at Chaiwan Industrial Centre (which were disposed of in September 2022), certain units at Shatin Industrial Centre (which were partly disposed of in May 2022 and October 2022), and The Connaught at No. 138 Connaught Road West in which the Group has 50% interest, all contributed rental incomes to the Group during the financial year.

本集團的投資物業包括位於長沙灣的PeakCastle、位於上環的The Mercer、位於荷李活道222號的Hollywood Hill、上環永和街31號、柴灣中心工業大廈的若干工業單位及停車位(已於二零二二年九月售出)、沙田工業中心的若干單位(部分已於二零二二年五月及二零二二年十月售出)以及位於干諾道西138號的The Connaught (本集團擁有50%權益),於財政年度內皆為本集團帶來租金收入。

The Mercer at No. 29 Jervois Street 位於蘇杭街29號之The Mercer





OPERATIONS REVIEW 業務回顧

### Outlook

Sluggish commercial real estate rents due to sharp interest rate hikes and strict quarantine measures depressed the recovery of the investment market during the year. Indeed, market analysis showed that transaction volume of the investment market fell to its lowest level in 10 years in 2022 while turnover declined by 4% year-on-year.

The property investment market may face further challenges in the near term, as there are concerns that high interest rates are making it more difficult for investors to raise financing costs, although rates are expected to peak by mid-2023.

While the market faces challenges, there are also favourable prospects. The re-opening of the border with the Mainland is boosting investor confidence in snapping up properties as the economic recovery is likely to boost demand for Hong Kong homes. In addition, cosmetics and drugstore retailers are vying for expansion opportunities in tourist areas as Mainland tourists and other visitors return. The hotel industry also rebounded immediately after the re-opening of the border, with occupancy rates and average daily rents improving significantly in early 2023. In the long run, Hong Kong, as an international financial centre, should still have many business opportunities in terms of capital investment. As a premier location for the financial services industry and home to many financial institutions, Hong Kong will remain a dynamic and important hub providing links to Mainland and international trade as well as a base for professional services.

The Property Investment Division remains alert to local and global economic and political developments, and adjusts its strategy and operations accordingly. Going forward, the Group will continue to manage its property portfolio prudently to realise it. It will aim to ensure healthy cash flow and lower gearing ratio in order to be prepared for any market developments that may occur.

#### 展望

大幅加息及嚴格檢疫措施導致商業房地產租金低迷,於年內壓抑投資市場復甦。事實上,市場分析顯示,二零二二年投資市場成交量跌至10年來的最低水平,而成交額則按年下跌4%。

儘管利率預期將於二零二三年年中見頂,但 由於憂慮高息會令投資者更難提高融資成本,故物業投資市場可能會在短期內面臨進 一步挑戰。

市場面臨挑戰的同時亦有良好前景。與內地的邊境重新開關正增強投資者搶購物業的信心,原因為經濟復甦可能會令香港房屋需求增加。此外,隨著內地遊客及其他遊客回歸,化妝品及藥房零售商正爭奪在遊客區擴充的機會。重新開關後,酒店業亦即時反彈,入住率及平均每日租金均於二零二三年年初顯不改善。長遠而言,香港作為國際金融中心,在資本投資方面仍應有大量商機。作為金融服務業的優越地點及許多金融機構的所在地,香港將繼續作為連接內地及國際貿易的重要活躍樞紐及專業服務基地。

物業投資部對本地及全球經濟及政治發展保持警惕,並相應地調整其策略及營運。展望未來,本集團將繼續審慎管理及變現其物業組合。其將旨在確保穩健的現金流量及較低的資產負債率,以為可能發生的任何市場發展做好準備。



## PROPERTY AGENCY AND MANAGEMENT DIVISION

The revenue of the Property Agency and Management Division for the year ended 31 March 2023 was HK\$14.5 million (2022: HK\$8.5 million).

In Hong Kong, our Property Agency and Management Division acted as the marketing and project manager for Johnson Place and No. 18 Lee Chung Street in Chai Wan, West Castle at No. 22 Yip Shing Street, No. 57A Nga Tsin Wai Road, PeakCastle in Cheung Sha Wan, The Grampian at No. 11 Grampian Road, The Connaught at No. 138 Connaught Road West and The Austine Place at No. 38 Kwun Chung Street. This division also provided property management services to The Austine Place at No. 38 Kwun Chung Street, The Bedford in Tai Kok Tsui, Eight College and One LaSalle in Kowloon Tong, PeakCastle in Cheung Sha Wan, Mount Vienna at Lok Lam Road, The Connaught at No. 138 Connaught Road West, Hollywood Hill at No. 222 Hollywood Road, The Mercer at No. 29 Jervois Street and West Park in Cheung Sha Wan.

Other services of this division include rental collection and leasing agency services to 8 Hart Avenue and The Cameron in Tsim Sha Tsui.

### 物業代理及管理部

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,物業代理及管理部的收入為港幣14,500,000元(二零二二年:港幣8,500,000元)。

在香港,物業代理及管理部擔任位於柴灣的Johnson Place及利眾街18號、位於業成街22號的West Castle、衙前圍道57A號、位於長沙灣的PeakCastle、位於嘉林邊道11號的The Grampian、位於干諾道西138號的The Connaught以及位於官涌街38號的The Austine Place的市場推廣及項目經理。本部門亦向位於官涌街38號的The Austine Place、大角咀的The Bedford、九龍塘的Eight College及One LaSalle、長沙灣的PeakCastle、位於樂林路的Mount Vienna、位於干諾道西138號的The Connaught、位於荷李活道222號的Hollywood Hill、位於蘇杭街29號的The Mercer以及長沙灣的West Park提供物業管理服務。

本部門的其他服務包括向位於尖沙咀的赫德 道8號及The Cameron提供收租及租務代理 服務。



Property management services for Hollywood Hill 為Hollywood Hill提供物業管理服務



Marketing and project manager and property management services for PeakCastle 為PeakCastle擔任市場推廣及項目經理及提供物業管理服務

#### **Outlook**

The Property Agency and Management Division provides bespoke integrated solutions to meet the needs of its clients. The management services business covers a broad range of properties, including commercial, residential and industrial buildings, most of which have been developed or acquired by the Group or through its joint ventures. In order to optimise the rental income and value of these properties, the Group endeavours to maintain a smooth management process and proactive communication throughout.

Given its wealth of experience and industry knowledge, the division is confident that it will be able to continue providing quality property management services to landlords and tenants despite the difficult external environment.

#### 展望

物業代理及管理部提供定制的綜合解決方案,以滿足客戶需要。管理服務業務涵蓋多種物業,包括商業、住宅及工業大廈,其中大部分由本集團或通過其合營企業開發或收購。 為提升該等物業的租金收入及價值,本集團努力確保在整個過程中保持管理流程順暢及積極溝通。

憑藉其豐富的經驗及行業知識,該部門有信 心在艱難的外部環境下繼續為業主及租戶提 供優質的物業管理服務。



Marketing and project manager and property management services for The Connaught 為The Connaught擔任市場推廣及項目經理及提供物業管理服務

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# 。健康產品部

## Health Products Division



## 坐月調理-產後進補廿八方

### 產後分段調理身體

「產後進補廿八方」是由著名中醫藥學教授關之義於1990年精研,更是專為產婦調理身體,以「分段調理、循環進補」的方式調配出五個階段廿八包的上乘補身療效配方。「產後進補廿八方」分金裝、精裝及素食裝三種,絕對「補而不燥」,也不會影響產後修身計劃。金裝滋補強身、精裝經濟實惠,素食裝則採用純名貴中草藥材,如高麗夢,確保療效。

The renowned Chinese herbal practitioner Dr Kwan Chi Yee is well known for his expertise in Chinese traditional medicine. His "28 Chinese Herbal Soup for Postnatal Women" is specially designed for postnatal women who drink Chinese herbal soup cooking with chicken or meat for 28 days according to the daily instructions. There are three kinds of "28 Chinese herbal soup for postnatal women" - Golden Version, Ordinary Version and Vegetarian Version. For the golden version, two main ingredients including Ginseng and Deer tail are added for strengthening body functions of the women who have undergone caesarean birth or have strong demand for health improvement. For the vegetarian version, it is purely made of plant, no animal ingredients, Ginseng is added to ensure and enhance the effectiveness. Ordinary Version is economical.







#### **HEALTH PRODUCTS DIVISION**

For the year ended 31 March 2023, the division recorded revenue of HK\$11.3 million, compared to HK\$22.6 million last year.

The Health Products Division is primarily engaged in the retail and wholesale of Bu Yick Fong – 28 Chinese Herbal Soup and ganoderma spore products under the "Dr. Lingzhi" brand, and Chinese and Western nutritional supplements under the "HealthMate" brand. In addition to the e-commerce business, a brick-and-mortar store has been established in Tsim Sha Tsui to improve brand visibility and build customer relationships.

#### 健康產品部

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,本部門錄得收入港幣11,300,000元,而去年則為港幣22,600,000元。

健康產品部主要從事零售及批發補益坊產後 進補廿八方、「Dr. Lingzhi靈芝大夫」品牌旗下 之靈芝孢子產品以及「HealthMate健知己」品 牌旗下中西式營養保健產品。除電子商務業 務外,本集團亦於尖沙咀開設實體店,以提升 品牌知名度及建立客戶關係。









### 生產工場榮獲ISO 22000:2018及HACCP認證

康而健有限公司生產此產品的品質/環境管理體系, 已通過由香港品質保證局依據ISO 22000 /HACCP 標準進行認證

This product was manufactured in a plant whose quality/ environmental management systems is certified as being in conformity with ISO 22000 / HACCP standards.

#### 獲頒優質正印 "STC tested" Mark

證實產品食用安全可靠,通過農藥殘餘、重金屬、 黃曲霉素測試,符合香港及國際標準,為父母信心之選。

This product is eligible to bear the 'STC certified' Mark. The levels of Pesticides Residues, Heavy Metals and Aflatoxis meet the Hong Kong and International standards, quality is ensured and product safety is guaranteed.

#### OPERATIONS REVIEW 業務回顧

#### **Outlook**

Good health is essential to maintaining well-being and quality of life. Given the ageing population and rising disposable income, the demand for better healthcare has never been greater. This has only been exacerbated by the COVID-19 pandemic, which further highlighted the role that health plays in people's lives and has led to a greater demand for products that support healthy lifestyles.

#### 展望

身體健康對於維持幸福感及生活質素至關重要。鑑於人口老化及可支配收入增加,對更佳醫療保健的需求前所未有地高。2019冠狀病毒疫情進一步加劇此情況,其進一步凸顯了健康在人們生活中的作用,令支持健康生活方式的產品需求增加。



To capture the huge potential of health-related products, the Health Products Division will continue to focus on expanding its online sales channels and engaging in different forms of social media promotions to capture consumers based on their purchasing behaviour. In addition, the division will continue to deepen its wholesale collaboration with well-known health food chains to reach health-conscious consumers and to meet the growing demand for preventive healthcare products locally and in the Mainland. The Group will also use customer reviews and testimonials to highlight the efficacy of its products and build trust with potential customers.

為把握健康相關產品的巨大潛力,健康產品 部將繼續專注於拓展其網上銷售渠道,並參 與不同形式的社交媒體推廣活動,以根據消 費者購買行為俘獲消費者。此外,該部門將繼 續深化與知名保健食品連鎖店的批發合作, 以接觸注重健康的消費者,並滿足本地及內 地對預防保健產品日益增長的需求。本集團 亦將使用客戶評論及推薦來突出其產品的功 效,並與潛在客戶建立信任。



#### 成分

全天然提煉海豹油、膠囊(明膠、甘油、淨化水)

- · 保護心血管功能 · 預防關節勞損及舒緩 • 改善三高
  - 關節不適
- ·維持正常腦功能 ·促進兒童腦部發育

#### Omega-3脂肪酸的功效

醫學文獻已証明 Omega-3 脂肪酸對維持人體 健康,具有重要的功能。美國食物及藥物管理局 (FDA)將omega-3界定為對"心臟健康heart healthy"的食品,適量補充Omega-3對改善人體 有幫助,功效包括:

- ·加強心血管保護,回復血管暢通
- 血脂血糖

#### 高含量DPA

海豹油含有高濃度DPA,相當於深海 魚油中DPA含量的10倍。

海豹油與人類體內的Omega-3脂肪酸所 含的DPA,DHA及EPA比例非常接近, 使海豹油更容易被人體吸收。

#### 純淨品質、無污染

精彈加拿大紐芬蘭一帶牛長的海豹為 原料,水質有極嚴格的監管,確保海水 沒有受到任何工業廢料的污染。

#### 純天然成份

健知己-海豹油的產品製造過程中完全 沒有添加任何化學物質,令產品更安 全可靠,是最佳的保健選擇。



### FINANCIAL REVIEW 財務回顧

#### **SUMMARY OF RESULTS**

For the year ended 31 March 2023, Hanison Construction Holdings Limited ("Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively "Group") recorded revenue of HK\$1,232.8 million, representing a decrease of approximately 14% compared with the previous financial year (2022: HK\$1,438.3 million). The consolidated loss attributable to owners of the Company was HK\$38.4 million, as opposed to a net profit of HK\$154.3 million for 2022. The net loss in the current year is mainly attributable to decrease in revaluation of investment properties and impairment loss on properties under development for sale held by the Group and joint ventures. Such losses are recognised through loss on change in fair value of investment properties, write-down of properties under development for sale and share of losses of joint ventures in the current year.

The basic loss per share and diluted loss per share for the year were HK3.5 cents and HK3.5 cents respectively, as opposed to a basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share of HK14.0 cents and HK13.9 cents recorded in the previous financial year.

As at 31 March 2023, the Group's net asset value amounted to HK\$4,072.7 million (2022: HK\$4,216.4 million). Net asset value per share as at 31 March 2023 was HK\$3.71 (2022: HK\$3.81).

#### 業績概要

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,Hanison Construction Holdings Limited (興勝創建控股有限公司)(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)錄得收入港幣1,232,800,000元,較上一財政年度減少約14%(二零二二年:港幣1,438,300,000元)。本公司擁有人應佔綜合虧損為港幣38,400,000元。本年度淨虧損主要是由於本集團及合營企業持有的投資物業估值減少及發展中之待售物業減值虧損所致。該虧損乃通過投資物業之公平值變動虧損、撇跨方式於年內確認。

本年度之每股基本虧損及每股攤薄虧損分別為港幣3.5仙及港幣3.5仙,而上一財政年度之每股基本盈利及每股攤薄盈利為港幣14.0仙及港幣13.9仙。

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團之資產 淨值為港幣4,072,700,000元(二零二二年: 港幣4,216,400,000元)。於二零二三年三月 三十一日,每股資產淨值為港幣3.71元(二零 二二年:港幣3.81元)。

#### **Group Liquidity and Financial Resources**

The Group's liquidity and financing requirements are regularly reviewed.

For day-to-day liquidity management and to maintain flexibility in funding, the Group has access to facilities from banks with an aggregate amount of HK\$3,345.4 million (HK\$2,075.4 million was secured by first charges over certain leasehold land and buildings and investment properties of the Group), of which HK\$1,525.4 million bank loans have been drawn down and approximately HK\$98.7 million has been utilised mainly for the issuance of performance bonds as at 31 March 2023. The bank loans under these banking facilities bear interests at prevailing market interest rates.

The Group follows a prudent policy in managing its cash balance, and endeavours to maintain its sound cash flow generating capability, its ability to take on investments and acquisition projects, in order to enhance shareholder wealth. The total cash and bank balances of the Group amounted to HK\$399.5 million as at 31 March 2023 (2022: HK\$609.3 million (included the bank balances shown under assets classified as held for sale)), and accounted for 23.6% of the current assets (2022: 28.9%).

#### 本集團流動資金及財務資源

本集團定期評估其流動資金及融資需求。

為了方便日常流動資金管理及維持融資之靈活性,於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團可動用銀行之融資總額為港幣3,345,400,000元(其中港幣2,075,400,000元是以本集團之若干租賃土地及樓宇以及投資物業作第一抵押),其中港幣1,525,400,000元銀行貸款已提取,而約港幣98,700,000元已主要用作發出履約保證。該等銀行融資下之銀行貸款按現行市場利率計算利息。

本集團於管理其現金結餘時奉行審慎政策,並致力維持本集團之穩健現金產生能力、本集團參與投資和收購項目之能力,以提升股東財富。於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團之現金總額及銀行結餘為港幣399,500,000元(二零二二年:港幣609,300,000元(包括分類為持作出售資產項下所示的銀行結餘)),並佔流動資產23.6%(二零二二年:28.9%)。

#### FINANCIAL REVIEW 財務回顧

During the year, the Group has a net cash outflow of HK\$142.6 million in its operating activities (mainly due to increase in properties under development for sale. decrease in trade and other payables and payment of tax and interest), a net cash inflow of HK\$300.2 million in its investing activities (mainly due to proceeds from disposal of assets classified as held for sale and liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale and investment properties and repayment of loans to joint ventures, netting off loans to joint ventures), and a net cash outflow of HK\$367.4 million in its financing activities (mainly due to dividends paid to shareholders, repayment of bank loans and payment on repurchase of ordinary shares, netting off new bank loans raised). Net bank borrowings (total bank loans less total bank balances and cash) amounted to HK\$1,125.9 million as at 31 March 2023 (2022: net bank borrowings of HK\$1,182.1 million). Accordingly, the gearing ratio of the Group, calculated on the basis of the Group's net bank borrowings to shareholders' funds, was 27.6% (2022: 28.0%). As at year-end date, the Group was with a net current assets of HK\$774.6 million (2022: HK\$792.6 million) and the current ratio (current assets divided by current liabilities) was 1.85 times (2022: 1.6 times).

With its cash holdings and available facilities from banks, the Group's liquidity position will remain healthy in the coming year, with sufficient financial resources to meet its obligations, operation and future development requirements. 年內,本集團營運業務之現金流出淨額為港 幣142,600,000元(主要由於發展中之待售物 業增加、應付款項及其他應付款項減少以及 支付稅項及利息所致),投資業務現金流入 淨額為港幣300,200,000元(主要由於出售 分類為持作出售資產及與分類為持作出售 資產有關之負債及投資物業之所得款項以 及合營企業貸款之還款,並抵銷向合營企業 作出之貸款所致),以及融資業務現金流出 淨額為港幣367,400,000元(主要為已支付 予股東之股息、償還銀行貸款及就回購普通 股付款,並抵銷新借銀行貸款所致)。於二 零二三年三月三十一日,銀行借貸淨額(銀 行貸款總額減銀行結餘及現金總額) 為港幣 1,125,900,000元 (二零二二年:銀行借貸淨 額為港幣1,182,100,000元)。因此,本集團 根據本集團銀行借貸淨額佔股東資金之比 例計算之資本負債比率為27.6%(二零二二 年:28.0%)。本集團於年結日之流動資產淨 值為港幣774,600,000元(二零二二年:港幣 792,600,000元) 及流動比率 (流動資產除以流 動負債) 為1.85倍 (二零二二年:1.6倍)。

從可動用之手頭現金及來自銀行之融資,本 集團之流動資金狀況於來年將維持穩健,具 備充裕財務資源以應付其承擔、營運及未來 發展需要。

#### **Treasury Policy**

The aim of the Group's treasury policy is to minimise its exposure to fluctuations in the exchange rate and not to engage in any highly leveraged or speculative derivative products. Treasury transactions unrelated to underlying financial exposure are not undertaken. Foreign currency exposures of the Group arise mainly from the purchase of goods. The Group will determine if any hedging is required, on an individual basis, depending upon the size and nature of the exposure, and the prevailing market circumstances.

In order to enhance the deployment of internal funds with maximum benefit, to achieve better risk control, and to minimise cost of funds, the Group's treasury activities are centralised and scrutinised by the top management.

The surplus cash which is generally placed with reputable financial institutions is mostly denominated in Hong Kong dollar. Most of the income, expenses, assets and liabilities of the Group are denominated in Hong Kong dollars. The Group therefore does not have any significant exposure to gains or losses arising from the movement of foreign currency exchange rate against the Hong Kong dollar.

#### **Shareholders' Funds**

At the year-end date, shareholders' funds of the Group were HK\$4,072.7 million including reserves of HK\$3,963.1 million, a decrease of HK\$142.8 million from HK\$4,105.9 million at 31 March 2022. On that basis, the consolidated net asset value of the Group as at 31 March 2023 was HK\$3.71 per share, compared to the consolidated net asset value of HK\$3.81 per share as at 31 March 2022. The decrease in shareholders' funds was mainly attributable to losses for the year, payments of cash dividends and repurchase of shares.

#### 財資管理政策

本集團之財資管理政策旨在減低匯率波動之 風險及不參與任何高槓桿比率或投機性衍生 產品交易。本集團並無進行與財務風險無關 之財資交易。本集團之外幣風險,主要因購買 貨物而起。在決定是否有對沖之需要時,本集 團將按個別情況,視乎風險之大小及性質,以 及當時市況而作決定。

為最有效地運用內部資金,達致更佳之風險 監控及盡量減低資金成本,本集團之財資事 務乃由最高管理層主管,並受其嚴密監督。

現金盈餘一般會存入信譽良好之金融機構, 主要以港幣計值。本集團大部份收益、開支、 資產與負債均以港幣計值,因此本集團於外 幣兌港幣之外匯兌換率變動所產生之收益或 虧損不會有任何重大風險。

#### 股東資金

於年結日,本集團之股東資金為港幣4,072,700,000元,當中包括港幣3,963,100,000元之儲備,較於二零二二年三月三十一日之港幣4,105,900,000元減少港幣142,800,000元。以此為基準,於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團之每股綜合資產淨值為港幣3.71元,而於二零二二年三月三十一日之每股綜合資產淨值為港幣3.81元。股東資金減少主要由於年內虧損、派付現金股息及回購股份所致。

#### FINANCIAL REVIEW 財務回顧

#### **Capital Structure**

The Group intends to keep an appropriate mix of equity and debt to ensure an efficient capital structure over time. As at 31 March 2023, the Group borrowed Hong Kong dollar loans amounting to HK\$1,525.4 million from the banks (2022: HK\$1,791.4 million). The borrowings have been used as general working capital for financing the properties for development and investment purposes over the years. The maturity profile of the loans spread over a period of two years with HK\$394.4 million repayable within the first year and HK\$1,131.0 million repayable within the second year. Interest is based on Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate plus a competitive margin.

#### **Major Disposals**

On 13 April 2022, the Group has entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to dispose of certain units and a car parking space in an industrial property named "Shatin Industrial Centre" located in Hong Kong at a consideration of HK\$79.0 million. The disposal was completed on 14 October 2022.

On 3 May 2022, the Group has entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to dispose of certain units in an industrial property named "Shatin Industrial Centre" located in Hong Kong at a consideration of HK\$205.0 million. The disposal was completed on 13 May 2022.

On 25 August 2022, the Group has entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to dispose of certain units and a car parking space of an industrial property named "Chaiwan Industrial Centre" located in Hong Kong at a consideration of HK\$55.0 million. The disposal was completed on 26 September 2022.

#### 資本結構

本集團力求保持適當之股本及債務組合,以確保未來能維持一個有效之資本結構。於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團獲得來自銀行的港幣貸款達港幣1,525,400,000元(二零二二年:港幣1,791,400,000元)。此貸款乃用作一般營運資金,為歷年來物業作發展及投資用途之融資。貸款之還款期攤分兩年,於首年內須償還港幣394,400,000元,而第二年須償還港幣1,131,000,000元。利息乃根據香港銀行同業拆息附以吸引利率差幅計算。

#### 主要出售事項

於二零二二年四月十三日,本集團已與獨立第三方訂立買賣協議,以代價港幣79,000,000元出售位於香港的「沙田工業中心」的工業物業的若干單位及停車位。出售事項已於二零二二年十月十四日完成。

於二零二二年五月三日,本集團已與獨立第三方訂立買賣協議,以代價港幣205,000,000元出售位於香港的「沙田工業中心」的工業物業的若干單位。出售事項已於二零二二年五月十三日完成。

於二零二二年八月二十五日,本集團與獨立第三方訂立買賣協議,以代價港幣55,000,000元出售位於香港的「柴灣中心工業大廈」的工業物業的若干單位及停車位。出售事項已於二零二二年九月二十六日完成。

#### **Collateral**

As at 31 March 2023, certain leasehold land and buildings and investment properties of the Group, at the carrying value of approximately HK\$2,673.9 million (2022: HK\$2,704.8 million), were pledged to the banks to secure the Hong Kong dollar loans of HK\$1,425.4 million (2022: HK\$1,691.4 million).

#### **Performance Bonds**

As at 31 March 2023, the Group had outstanding performance bonds in respect of construction contracts amounting to HK\$98,652,000 (2022: HK\$136,833,000).

#### **Commitments**

The Group's share of the commitments made jointly with other joint venturers relating to the joint ventures, but not recognised at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

#### 抵押品

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團之若干 租賃土地及樓宇以及投資物業之賬面值約 為港幣2,673,900,000元(二零二二年:港幣 2,704,800,000元) 已抵押予銀行,以獲得港幣 1,425,400,000元之港幣貸款(二零二二年:港 幣1,691,400,000元)。

#### 履約保證

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團就建築 合約持有之履約保證為港幣98,652,000元(二 零二二年:港幣136,833,000元)。

#### 承擔

本集團分佔與其他合營企業夥伴就合營企業 共同作出但於報告期末尚未確認之承擔如 下:

31.3.2023	31.3.2022
二零二三年	二零二二年
三月三十一日	三月三十一日
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
港幣千元	港幣千元
1,515,461	1,907,197

Commitments to provide loans

提供貸款承擔

# **EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY**

The Group is implementing a manpower policy that aims to maximise the output of existing staff resources in order to achieve productivity gains. We believe that through improving our staff's job-related competencies, our overall operational efficiency can be improved without the need for substantial increase in headcount.

As at 31 March 2023, the Group (excluding its joint ventures) had 447 employees. Staff costs of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2023 amounted to HK\$204.8 million (excluding directors' emoluments). The Group offers competitive remuneration packages, including discretionary bonus and share option scheme, to its employees, commensurable to market level and their qualifications. The Group also provides retirement schemes, medical benefits and both in-house and external training courses for employees.

Employees and directors are remunerated according to individual and the Group's performance, industry trends, prevailing market conditions, the nature of the job and value creation. The Group recruits and promotes individuals based on their development potential, merits and competencies, and ensures that their remuneration packages are at a reasonable market level. The directors, eligible full time employees and consultants of the Group are entitled to participate in the share option scheme of the Company. The principal terms of the share option scheme are summarised in the report of the directors.

#### 僱員及薪酬政策

本集團實行一項以盡量發揮現有僱員資源, 藉此提高生產力為目的之人力政策。我們相 信透過提高僱員之工作能力,我們可以在無 需大量增加人手之情況下,加強整體之營運 效率。

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團(不包括 其合營企業)有447名僱員。截至二零二三年 三月三十一日止年度,本集團的員工成本為 港幣204,800,000元(不包括董事酬金)。本集 團參照市場水平及根據僱員之資歷,為僱員 提供具吸引力的薪酬組合,包括酌情花紅及 購股權計劃。本集團亦為僱員提供退休金計 劃、醫療福利、公司及外間的培訓課程。

僱員和董事之薪酬乃按個人及本集團之表現、行業趨勢、當時市場情況、工作性質及價值創造而定。本集團根據個別人士之發展潛能、才幹及能力作出招聘及晉升,並確保其薪酬維持於合理之市場水平。本集團之董事、合資格全職僱員及顧問均符合參與本公司之購股權計劃之資格。購股權計劃之主要條款概述於董事會報告書中。

推行優良的企業管治常規,對提高股東價值至關重要。因此,本公司的董事會(「董事會」)均致力為本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)維持有效的企業管治框架,從強調有一個高質

素的董事會,重視透明度及問責性中,可反映

Good corporate governance practices are crucial to enhancing shareholder value. With this in mind, the board of directors of the Company ("Board") is keen on maintaining an effective corporate governance framework for the Company and its subsidiaries ("Group"). This is reflected in terms of a quality board of directors and the emphasis on transparency and accountability.

## COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

Throughout the year ended 31 March 2023, the Company has complied with all applicable code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code ("CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities ("Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange"), except for Code Provision F.2.2 of the CG Code which stipulates that the chairman of the board should attend the annual general meeting. The Chairman of the Board, Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson, was unable to attend the Company's 2022 annual general meeting due to other engagement. The Managing Director took the chair of the meeting and responded to questions from the shareholders.

### 遵守企業管治守則

出來。

於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度內,本公司已遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載之企業管治守則(「企業管治守則第F.2.2條守則條文規定董事會主席應出席股東週年大會除外。董事會主席查懋德先生因需要處理其他事務,故未能出席本公司二零二二年股東週年大會。董事總經理出任該大會主席並回應股東問題。

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Corporate Culture**

The Group is committed to achieving high standards in sustainability and accountability through good teamwork and effective governance, such culture aligns with the Group's vision, mission and values.

#### **Board and Management**

The Board is responsible for leadership and control of the Company and oversees the businesses of the Group, and assumes responsibility for strategy formulation, corporate governance and performance monitoring. It develops and reviews the Group's strategies and policies, formulates business plans and evaluates performance of the operating divisions against agreed budgets and targets through regular discussion on key and appropriate issues in a timely manner. It also exercises a number of reserved powers, including (i) approval of annual and interim results and significant changes in accounting policy or capital structure, risk management and internal control systems, material transactions (in particular those which may involve conflict of interests), major capital projects; (ii) setting the Group's remuneration policy, dividend policy; (iii) appointment of directors; and (iv) supervision of management and other significant financial and operational matters.

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are delegated to the Managing Director and the senior management, who fulfill their duties within their scope of authority and responsibility. Divisional heads are responsible for different aspects of the businesses. Major functions delegated to management include preparation of annual and interim results; execution of business strategies and initiatives adopted by the Board; implementation of adequate risk management and internal control systems; and compliance with the relevant statutory requirements.

#### 董事會

#### 企業文化

本集團致力於通過良好的團隊合作及有效的 治理於可持續性及問責制方面實現高標準, 該等文化與本集團的願景、使命及價值一致。

#### 董事會及管理層

董事會負責領導及監控本公司,以及監督本集團的業務;亦負責制定策略、企業管治及監察表現;發展及檢視本集團的策略和政策;規劃業務發展計劃;透過適時及定期討論重大及合適事項檢測各營運部門能否達到議定的預算及目標。董事會亦會行使其若干保留權力,包括(i)批准全年及中期業績、會計政策或資本架構的重大變更、風險管理及內部監控系統、重大交易(尤其是可能涉及利益衝突的交易)及主要資本項目;(ii)擬定本集團薪酬政策、股息政策;(iii)委任董事;及(iv)監管管理層及其他重要財務和營運事宜。

本公司的日常管理、行政及營運事宜皆授權董事總經理及高級管理人員負責,他們在各自之權力及責任範圍內執行職務。部門主管負責處理各項業務。管理層獲委託的主要工作包括籌備全年及中期業績;執行董事會採納的業務策略及提議;推行完備的風險管理及內部監控系統;以及遵守有關法規。

All directors are kept informed of major changes that may affect the Group's businesses on a timely basis. Each director can have recourse to independent professional advice in performing his duties at the Company's expense, upon making request to the Board.

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover for directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of legal actions against its directors and senior management arising out of corporate activities.

#### **Board Composition**

The composition of the Board reflects the necessary balance of skills and experience desirable for effective leadership of the Company and independence in decision making. The biographies of the directors (and their relationships, if any) are set out in the "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" section under the "Report of the Directors" of this annual report, which demonstrate a diversity of skills, expertise, experience and qualifications.

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive directors, representing more than one-third of the Board. One of the independent non-executive directors, namely Dr. Lau Tze Yiu, Peter, possesses the appropriate professional qualifications and accounting or related financial management expertise.

所有董事均會適時知悉可能影響本集團業務 的重大變更。每名董事亦能在履行職責時向 董事會要求撥發資源,獲得獨立專業的意見, 一切費用均由本公司支付。

本公司已就董事及高級管理人員因公司活動 而可能會面對的法律行動,為董事及高級管 理人員的責任作出合適的投保安排。

#### 董事會之組成

董事會之組成反映了董事會有足夠的能力及經驗有效地領導本公司,亦能作出獨立的決定。董事的履歷(及彼等的關係,如有)已載於本年報「董事會報告書」中「董事及高級管理人員履歷」一節內,顯示他們擁有多樣的才能、專業、經驗及資格。

於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,董事會在任何時候皆可按照上市規則的規定,委任至少三名獨立非執行董事,佔董事會成員超過三分之一。其中一名獨立非執行董事劉子耀博士具備適當的專業資格及會計或相關的財務管理專長。

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告書

During the year and up to the date of this annual report, the Board comprises the following directors:

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非執行主席 查懋德先生

執行董事

董事:

王世濤先生 *(董事總經理)* 戴世豪先生 *(總經理)* 周嘉峯先生

非執行董事 林澤宇博士

獨立非執行董事

陳伯佐先生 劉子耀博士 孫大倫博士 陳繁昌博士

(於二零二三年四月十八日獲委任)

董事名單(按類別劃分)亦會依據上市規則,不時披露於本公司發出的所有公司通訊內。

於年內及截至本年報日期,董事會包括以下

非執行董事及獨立非執行董事擁有的不同業 務及專業背景,為董事會帶來豐富的專業知 識及經驗,令本集團發展更為成功。彼等藉著 積極參與董事會會議,在出現潛在利益衝突 時,發揮牽頭引導作用管理事宜,以及出任董 事委員會成員,為有效領導本公司發展帶來 眾多貢獻。

非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)之委任年期目前固定為三年,惟須遵守本公司之組織章程大綱及細則以及上市規則所載之輪值退任規定。

#### Non-executive Chairman

Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart (Managing Director)

Mr. Tai Sai Ho (General Manager)

Mr. Chow Ka Fung

#### **Non-executive Director**

Dr. Lam Chat Yu

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Chan Pak Joe Dr. Lau Tze Yiu, Peter

Dr. Sun Tai Lun

Dr. Chan Fan Cheong, Tony (appointed on 18 April 2023)

The list of directors (by category) is also disclosed in all corporate communications issued by the Company pursuant to the Listing Rules from time to time.

Coming from diverse business and professional backgrounds, the non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors bring a wealth of expertise and experience to the Board, which contributes to the success of the Group. Through active participation in Board meetings, taking the lead in managing issues involving potential conflict of interests and serving on Board committees, all of them make various contributions to the effective direction of the Company.

The term of appointment of non-executive directors (including independent non-executive directors) is currently fixed for three years, subject to the retirement by rotation provisions as set out in the Company's memorandum and articles of association and the Listing Rules.

All independent non-executive directors are free from any business or other relationships with the Company. The Company has received written annual confirmation of independence from each independent non-executive director in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company has assessed their independence and concluded that all independent non-executive directors are independent within the meaning of the Listing Rules.

所有獨立非執行董事與本公司並沒有任何業務關係或其他關係。按照上市規則第3.13條,本公司已收到每名獨立非執行董事之年度獨立性書面確認書。本公司已評估彼等之獨立性,認為所有獨立非執行董事均符合上市規則所定義之獨立性。

Dr. Lam Chat Yu is a director of C.M. Capital Advisors (HK) Limited which is an entity controlled by Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson. Save for this and the information disclosed in the "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" section under the "Report of the Directors" of this annual report, there is no other financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship among the directors and between the Chairman and the Managing Director.

林澤宇博士為C.M. Capital Advisors (HK) Limited (由查懋德先生控制的實體)之董事。除此及本年報「董事會報告書」中「董事及高級管理人員履歷」一節所披露的資料外,董事之間及主席與董事總經理之間並無任何其他財務、業務、家屬或其他重大/相關關係。

The Company has in place effective mechanisms to ensure that independent views and input are available to the Board. The Nomination Committee, a majority of which is comprised of independent non-executive directors, assesses the suitability and independence of potential candidates to be appointed as independent nonexecutive directors and reviews the independence of each independent non-executive director annually pursuant to the independence factors set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The independent non-executive directors meet with the Chairman at least once annually without the presence of other directors and they can have separate and independent access to the management through formal and informal means. Any director who has a material interest in any contract or arrangement or proposal shall not vote or be counted in the quorum on any directors' resolution approving the same. Independent professional advice is also available to all directors whenever necessary. These mechanisms are kept under regular review on an annual basis, ensuring their effectiveness. In June 2023, the Board conducted a review and considered that such mechanisms were properly implemented during the year and were effective.

本公司設有有效機制,以確保董事會可獲得 獨立看法及意見。提名委員會(大部分成員為 獨立非執行董事) 評估可能獲委任為獨立非 執行董事的候選人的適當性及獨立性,並根 據上市規則第3.13條規定的獨立性因素,每 年審查各獨立非執行董事的獨立性。獨立非 執行董事每年至少於其他董事不在場的情況 下與主席會面一次,彼等可透過正式及非正 式的方式單獨及獨立地接觸管理層。於任何 合約或安排或建議中擁有重大權益的任何董 事不得於批准該等事項的任何董事決議案中 投票或計入法定人數。如有需要,所有董事均 可獲得獨立專業意見。該等機制每年接受定 期審查,以確保其有效性。於二零二三年六 月,董事會進行一次審查,認為該等機制於年 內得到妥善實施及有效。

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告書

#### **Board Diversity**

The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development. A board diversity policy ("Board Diversity Policy") setting out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board has been adopted by the Board and the Nomination Committee will review annually whether board diversity can be achieved. When reviewing board diversity, the Nomination Committee will consider board diversity from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service, which form the measurable objectives of the Board Diversity Policy. The Nomination Committee will monitor the implementation of the Board Diversity Policy and make recommendation on any proposed revisions to the Board.

As to gender diversity, the Board currently has nine male directors, the Company targets to appoint at least one female director no later than 31 December 2024 to achieve a female representation on the Board in compliance with the requirements under the Listing Rules. The Nomination Committee will deploy various channels for identifying suitable director candidates to the Board, including referral from the Company's directors, shareholders, management and advisors or internal promotion, to achieve gender diversity.

As at 31 March 2023, 26.2% and 73.8% of the Group's workforce (including senior management) were female and male respectively. The Group has been hiring employees in the market based on suitable qualifications and relevant experience for each position being sourced. As an equal opportunity employer, the Group hires and promotes both female and male genders as a consistent policy in the talent pipeline. Further details of the Group's gender diversity in workforce are set out in the Company's environmental, social and governance report 2022/2023.

#### 董事會成員多元化

本公司明白並確信擁有多元化董事會的好處,以支持實現其戰略目標及可持續發展。董事會成員多元化政策(「董事會成員多元化政策(「董事會成員多元化政策)」已獲董事會採納,其中列明實現董事會多元化的方法,並由提名委員會每時,提名委員會會從多個方面,提名委員會會從多個方面,提名委員會會從多個方面,是名委員會所以對於一個大學的可計量指標。提名委員會會監察董事會成員多元化政策的執行,並向董事會提出任何建議修訂。

於性別多元化方面,董事會目前有九名男性 董事,為符合上市規則規定,本公司目標於二 零二四年十二月三十一日前委任至少一名女 性董事,以實現女性在董事會的代表性。提名 委員會將通過多種渠道為董事會物色合適的 董事候選人,包括本公司董事、股東、管理層 及顧問的推薦或內部晉升,以實現性別多元 化。

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團員工(包括高級管理人員)的女性及男性分別佔26.2%及73.8%。本集團一直根據各職位所需的合適資格及相關經驗於市場上招聘僱員。作為一個平等機會的僱主,本集團的一貫政策為聘用及提拔女性及男性僱員進入人才管道。有關本集團員工性別多元化的更多詳情,請參閱本公司2022/2023環境、社會及管治報告。

#### **Appointment and Re-election of Directors**

The Company established a Nomination Committee on 20 March 2012 to deal with matters in relation to the appointment and re-election of directors.

Pursuant to the policy for nomination of directors adopted by the Board on 14 March 2019, where vacancies on the Board exist, the Nomination Committee will identify suitable individuals by making reference to criteria including but not limited to character and integrity, accomplishment, educational background, professional qualifications, skills, knowledge, experience and time commitments of the proposed candidates, the Company's needs, the diversity of the Board and other relevant statutory requirements and regulations. New directors are sought mainly through referrals or internal promotion. The appointment of new directors or reelection of directors is the decision of the Board upon the recommendation of the proposed candidates by the Nomination Committee.

The Company's circular sent together with this annual report contains detailed information of the directors standing for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

#### 董事之委任及重選

本公司於二零一二年三月二十日成立提名委 員會,以處理與委任及重選董事有關的事宜。

本公司於連同本年報一併寄出之通函內,載 有本公司即將舉行的股東週年大會中接受重 選董事的詳細資料。 

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告書

#### **Chairman and Managing Director**

The positions of the Chairman and Managing Director are held by Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson and Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart respectively. The Board has adopted a set of written terms setting out the roles and duties of the Chairman and the Managing Director.

The Chairman provides leadership for the effective functioning of the Board in the overall strategic planning and development of the Group. With the support of the Managing Director and senior management, the Chairman is also responsible for ensuring that the directors receive adequate, complete and reliable information in a timely manner and appropriate briefing on issues arising at Board meetings.

The Managing Director focuses on implementing objectives, policies and strategies approved by the Board. He is in charge of the Company's day-to-day management and operations. The Managing Director is also responsible for formulating the organisational structure, control systems and internal procedures and processes for the Board's approval.

#### **Directors' Induction and Development**

Every newly appointed director is provided with necessary induction and information to ensure that he has a proper understanding of the Company's operations and businesses as well as his responsibilities under relevant statutes, laws, rules and regulations. The directors would be provided from time to time with updates on latest development and changes to the Listing Rules and other relevant legal and regulatory requirements.

#### 主席與董事總經理

主席及董事總經理分別由查懋德先生及王世 濤先生擔任。董事會已採納一份書面職權範 圍列明主席與董事總經理的角色和職責。

主席負責領導董事會,確保董事會能夠有效 地運作,統籌本集團的整體策略規劃及發展。 在董事總經理及高級管理人員的支持下,主 席亦負責確保董事適時收到足夠、完整及可 靠的資料,以及適當知悉董事會會議上所討 論的事項。

董事總經理著重執行經董事會批准的目標、 政策及策略。彼負責本公司的日常管理及營 運,同時亦負責擬定組織結構、監控系統及內 部程序和步驟,以提呈董事會批准。

#### 董事入職培訓及發展

每名新委任的董事均獲得就任須知及資訊, 以確保彼對本公司的運作及業務均有適當的 理解,以及完全知悉本身在相關法規、法律、 規則及規例下的職責。董事不時獲提供上市 規則及其他相關法律及規例要求之最新發展 及更改的最新資訊。

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#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告書

During the year ended 31 March 2023, all directors (save for the director appointed after 31 March 2023) have participated in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. A summary of training received by the directors is as follows: 於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度內, 全體董事(於二零二三年三月三十一日後獲 委任的董事除外)皆有參與持續專業發展,以 發展及更新彼等的知識及技能。董事接受培 訓的概要如下:

### Training Areas 培訓範圍

Accounting/

		Corporate Governance/ Updates on Laws, Rules & Regulations 企業管治/法律、 規則及規例的 最新資訊	Accounting/ Financial/ Management or Other Professional Skills 會計/財務/ 管理或 其他專業技能
Non-executive Chairman	非執行主席		
Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson	查懋德先生	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
<b>Executive Directors</b>	執行董事		
Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart (Managing Director)	王世濤先生 <i>(董事總經理)</i>	$\checkmark$	✓
Mr. Tai Sai Ho (General Manager)	戴世豪先生 <i>(總經理)</i>	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Mr. Chow Ka Fung	周嘉峯先生	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Non-executive Director	非執行董事		
Dr. Lam Chat Yu	林澤宇博士	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Chan Pak Joe	陳伯佐先生	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Dr. Lau Tze Yiu, Peter	劉子耀博士	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Dr. Sun Tai Lun	孫大倫博士	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Dr. Chan Fan Cheong, Tony	陳繁昌博士	N/A	N/A
(appointed on 18 April 2023)	(於二零二三年	不適用	不適用
	四月十八日獲委任)		

#### **Model Code for Securities Transactions**

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the guideline for securities transactions by directors and employees who are likely to be in possession of inside information of the Company.

Specific enquiry has been made to all directors (save for the director appointed after 31 March 2023) and the directors have confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2023.

#### **BOARD AND COMMITTEES**

#### **Board Process**

The Board held four regular meetings and adopted resolutions in writing for the year ended 31 March 2023 and the principal businesses transacted include:

- Assessing the business performance and planning the future business directions;
- Approving the Company's interim and final results and reports;
- Approving the business activities and property transactions of the Group;
- Determining the payment of dividend;
- Reviewing the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems;
- Approving the Company's corporate governance report;

#### 證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)作為有關董事及僱員(可能管有本公司內幕消息)進行證券交易的指引。

經向全體董事(於二零二三年三月三十一日後獲委任的董事除外)作出具體查詢後,董事確認,彼等於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度內均已遵守標準守則之規定。

#### 董事會及委員會

#### 董事會程序

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,董事 會共舉行了四次常規會議及採納書面決議 案,主要處理事項包括:

- 評核業務表現及規劃未來業務發展方向;
- 批准本公司中期及全年業績和報告;
- 批准本集團業務活動及物業交易;
- 整定股息之派發;
- 檢討本集團風險管理及內部監控系統的 有效性;
- 批准本公司企業管治報告書;

- Approving the Company's environmental, social and governance report;
- Approving the establishment of the Company's whistleblowing policy;
- Authorising the executive directors to exercise the power of the Board to repurchase the shares of the Company;
- Approving the amendments to the Remuneration Committee's terms of reference; and
- Approving the appointment of independent nonexecutive director of the Company.

Meeting schedules are normally made available to the directors in advance. Notices of regular Board meetings are given to all the directors at least 14 days before the meetings. For other Board and committee meetings, reasonable notice is generally given.

Board papers together with all appropriate, complete and reliable information are sent to all the directors at least 3 days (as far as practicable) before each Board meeting or committee meeting to keep the directors apprised of the latest developments and financial position of the Group and to enable them to make informed decisions. The Board and each director also have separate and independent access to the senior management whenever necessary. The directors receive regular supply of information about the business activities, financial highlights and operations review so that they are well informed prior to participation in Board meetings.

The Company's articles of association contain provisions requiring directors to abstain from voting and not to be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such directors or any of their close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) have a material interest.

- 批准本公司之環境、社會及管治報告;
- 批准制定本公司舉報政策;
- 授權執行董事行使董事會權力回購本公司股份;
- 批准薪酬委員會職權範圍的修訂;及
- 批准委任本公司獨立非執行董事。

召開會議的時間表通常會預先通知各名董事。召開董事會常規會議之通知均於會議召開前至少14天向所有董事發出,至於其他董事會及委員會會議,則一般發出合理通知。

董事會會議文件連同所有適當、完整及可靠的資料,均於各董事會或委員會會議舉行前(在可行範圍內)至少3天送呈各名董事,以令董事知悉本集團最新的發展及財政情況下作出決使彼等能夠在掌握有關資料的情況下作出決定。董事會和每名董事在有需要的時候,均有自行接觸高級管理人員的獨立途徑。各工業務回顧的資料,以讓彼等能於參與董事會會議前,已掌握公司的資料。

根據本公司的組織章程細則,倘該等董事或 任何彼等之緊密聯繫人(定義見上市規則)在 將予議決的交易事項上存有重大利益,有關 董事必須放棄表決,且不得計入該會議的法 定人數內。 

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告書

#### **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee of the Company has been established since December 2001. The Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive directors and Dr. Lau Tze Yiu, Peter is the chairman of the Audit Committee and possesses appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise as required under Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules. None of the members of the Audit Committee is a partner or former partner of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, the Company's existing external auditor. Members of the Audit Committee are as follows:

Dr. Lau Tze Yiu, Peter *(Chairman of the committee)*Mr. Chan Pak Joe

Dr. Sun Tai Lun

#

# independent non-executive director

The major duties of the Audit Committee include the following:

- Reviewing the Company's financial statements and reports and considering any significant or unusual items raised by the qualified accountant or external auditor before submission to the Board;
- Making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of external auditor, approving their remuneration and terms of engagement and reviewing and monitoring the external auditor's independence and objectivity;
- Reviewing and reporting to the Board on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems and associated procedures, with the assistance of the Risk Management Committee;

#### 審核委員會

本公司的審核委員會於二零零一年十二月成立。審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成,並由劉子耀博士出任審核委員會主席。彼具備上市規則第3.10(2)條要求的適當專業資格或會計或相關的財務管理專長。審核委員會的各成員並非本公司現任外聘核數師(德勤・關黃陳方會計師行)的合夥人或前任合夥人。審核委員會的成員如下:

劉子耀博士*(委員會主席) #* 陳伯佐先生# 孫大倫博士#

# 獨立非執行董事

審核委員會的主要職責如下:

- 審閱本公司之財務報表及報告,並在提 呈董事會前,考慮合資格會計師或外聘 核數師提出之任何重大或不尋常事項;
- 就委任、重新委任及罷免外聘核數師事宜向董事會提出建議、批准他們的薪酬及聘用條款,以及檢討和監察外聘核數師的獨立性和客觀性;
- 在風險管理委員會的協助下,檢討本集 團的財務匯報制度、風險管理及內部監 控系統,以及有關程序是否充足及有 效,並向董事會匯報;

- Reviewing the Group's operating, financial and accounting policies and practices; and
- Reporting to the Board on the matters in the CG Code

The Audit Committee held two meetings during the year ended 31 March 2023 and the major works performed are as follows:

- Reviewing and recommending for the Board's approval the Company's financial results and reports for the year ended 31 March 2022 and for the six months ended 30 September 2022;
- Recommending to the Board the re-appointment of external auditor for the year ended 31 March 2023; and
- Reviewing the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

The Company's annual results for the year ended 31 March 2023 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

#### **Nomination Committee**

The Nomination Committee of the Company was established on 20 March 2012. Members of the Nomination Committee are as follows:

Mr. Chan Pak Joe (Chairman of the committee)#

Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart

Mr. Tai Sai Ho

Dr. Lau Tze Yiu, Peter#

Dr. Sun Tai Lun#

# independent non-executive director

- 檢討本集團的營運、財務及會計政策和 慣例;及
- 就企業管治守則事官向董事會匯報。

於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,審 核委員會共舉行了兩次會議,履行的主要職 責如下:

- 檢討及建議董事會批准本公司截至二零 二二年三月三十一日止年度及截至二零 二二年九月三十日止六個月的財務業績 及報告;
- 向董事會提議重新委任截至二零二三年 三月三十一日止年度之外聘核數師;及
- 檢討本集團風險管理及內部監控系統之 有效性。

審核委員會已審閱本公司截至二零二三年三 月三十一日止年度之全年業績。

#### 提名委員會

本公司提名委員會於二零一二年三月二十日 成立,提名委員會的成員如下:

陳伯佐先生(委員會主席)# 王世濤先生 戴世豪先生 劉子耀博士# 孫大倫博士#

# 獨立非執行董事

The major duties of the Nomination Committee include the following:

- Reviewing the structure, size and composition (including skills, knowledge, experience and diversity of perspectives) of the Board at least annually and making recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- Identifying individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and selecting or making recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorship:
- Assessing the independence of independent nonexecutive directors of the Company;
- Making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors of the Company and succession planning for directors of the Company in particular the Chairman and the Managing Director; and
- Reviewing the Board Diversity Policy and the progress on achieving the objectives set for implementing the policy.

#### 提名委員會的主要職責如下:

- 至少每年檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成(包括技能、知識、經驗及觀點多元化),並就任何為配合本公司的企業策略,而擬作出的變動向董事會提出建議;
- 物色具備合適資格可擔任董事的人士, 並挑選提名有關人士出任董事,或就此 向董事會提出建議;
- 評核本公司獨立非執行董事之獨立性;
- 就本公司董事委任或重新委任,以及本公司董事(尤其是主席及董事總經理)繼任計劃向董事會提出建議;及
- 檢討董事會成員多元化政策及該政策所 制定的目標的執行進度。

The Nomination Committee held one meeting during the year ended 31 March 2023 and the major works performed are as follows: 於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,提 名委員會舉行了一次會議,履行的主要工作 如下:

- Reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board;
- 檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成;
- Assessing the independence of the independent non-executive directors of the Company;
- 評核本公司獨立非執行董事之獨立性;
- Reviewing and making recommendations to the Board on the re-appointment of directors subject to retirement from office by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company;
- 檢討及向董事會建議重新委任於本公司 即將舉行的股東週年大會上輪值退任的 董事;

- Reviewing the Board Diversity Policy; and
- 檢討董事會成員多元化政策;及
- Assessing and making recommendation to the Board on the appointment of independent nonexecutive director of the Company.
- 就委任本公司獨立非執行董事進行評估並向董事會提出建議。

#### **Remuneration Committee**

#### 薪酬委員會

The Company set up the Remuneration Committee in December 2004 which replaced the Bonus Committee established in December 2001. Members of the Remuneration Committee are as follows:

本公司於二零零四年十二月成立薪酬委員會,以取代於二零零一年十二月成立的花紅委員會。薪酬委員會的成員如下:

Dr. Sun Tai Lun (Chairman of the committee)#

孫大倫博士(委員會主席)#

Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart

王世濤先生

劉子耀博士#

Mr. Tai Sai Ho Mr. Chan Pak Joe# 戴世豪先生

Dr. Lau Tze Yiu, Peter#

親世家先生 陳伯佐先生#

# independent non-executive director

# 獨立非執行董事

The major duties of the Remuneration Committee include the following:

- Formulating remuneration policy and practices and determining the remuneration packages of the executive directors and the senior management; and
- Ensuring no director or any of his associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) participating in deciding his own remuneration.

In determining the remuneration, the Remuneration Committee reviewed background information such as key economic indicators, market/sector trend, headcount and staff costs.

The Remuneration Committee held two meetings during the year ended 31 March 2023 and the major works performed are as follows:

- Approving the maximum bonus pool and the actual bonus amount to be distributed to the executive directors, senior management and other employees of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2023;
- Approving the ex-gratia payment to a subsidiary director upon retirement;
- Reviewing and determining the salary adjustment for the executive directors, senior management and other employees of the Group for the year commenced on 1 April 2023; and
- Considering and making recommendation to the Board on the remuneration package for a newly appointed independent non-executive director.

薪酬委員會的主要職責如下:

- 擬定薪酬政策及常規,以及釐定執行董事和高級管理人員的薪酬待遇;及
- 確保並無董事或其任何聯繫人(定義見上市規則)參與釐定其本身薪酬。

薪酬委員會檢討背景資料,如主要經濟指標、 市場/行業趨勢、總員工數目及員工成本,以 釐定薪酬。

於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,薪酬委員會共舉行了兩次會議,履行的主要工作如下:

- 批准最高的花紅儲備及截至二零二三年 三月三十一日止年度,將分派給本集團 執行董事、高級管理人員和其他僱員的 實際花紅款額;
- 批准附屬公司董事退任時的特惠金;
- 檢討及釐定本集團執行董事、高級管理 人員及其他僱員於二零二三年四月一日 起計年度調薪;及
- 審議新任獨立非執行董事的薪酬方案並 向董事會提出建議。

#### **Other Board Committees**

In addition to delegating specific responsibilities to the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee, the Board also established the following Board committees:

#### 其他董事委員會

董事會除了賦予審核委員會、提名委員會及 薪酬委員會特定職責外,亦成立了以下董事 委員會:

Name of Committee 委員會名稱	Composition of Committee 委員會之組成	Role and Function of Committee 委員會之角色及職能
General Business Committee (established in April 2002) 一般事務委員會 (於二零零二年四月成立)	All the executive directors of the Company 本公司全體執行董事	To handle the Company's general business within a designated threshold 在指定範圍內處理本公司之一般事務
Property Acquisition/ Disposal Committee (established in April 2002) 收購/出售物業委員會 (於二零零二年四月成立)	All the executive directors of the Company 本公司全體執行董事	To handle the Company's acquisition/disposal of property within a designated threshold 在指定範圍內處理本公司物業之收購/出售

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the General Business Committee held one meeting and adopted resolutions in writing for approving (i) the bank loan facility to joint venture; and (ii) the transfer of shares in respect of a restructuring within a substantial shareholder's group of companies.

於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,一般事務委員會召開一次會議,並通過書面決議批准 (i) 向合資企業提供銀行貸款;及(ii)與主要股東的公司集團內的重組有關的股份轉讓。

## Attendance Record of Directors and Committee Members

### 董事及委員會成員出席記錄

The attendance record of each director at annual general meeting, Board and committee meetings held for the year ended 31 March 2023 is set out below:

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,各董事出席舉行的股東週年大會、董事會及委員 會會議的記錄載列如下:

Name of Director	董事姓名	Annual General Meeting <i>(Note i)</i> 股東週年大會 <i>(附註i)</i>	Board Meeting (Note ii) 董事會會議 (附註ii)	Audit Committee Meeting (Note iii) 審核委員會會議 (附註iii)	Nomination Committee Meeting (Note iv) 提名委員會會議 (附註iv)	Remuneration Committee Meeting (Note v) 薪酬委員會會議 (附註v)
Mr. Cha Mou Daid. Johnson*	查懋德先生*	0/1	4/4	N/A不適用△	N/A不適用△	N/A不適用△
(Chairman)	(主席)	0/1	7/7	N/A   Æ/IJ	14/1/12/13	MA ( Æ/I)
Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart (Managing Director)	王世濤先生 <i>(董事總經理)</i>	1/1	4/4	N/A不適用 <sup>△</sup>	1/1	2/2
Mr. Tai Sai Ho (General Manager)	戴世豪先生 <i>(總經理)</i>	1/1	4/4	N/A不適用△	1/1	2/2
Mr. Chow Ka Fung	周嘉峯先生	1/1	4/4	N/A不適用 <sup>△</sup>	N/A不適用△	N/A不適用 <sup>△</sup>
Dr. Lam Chat Yu*	林澤宇博士*	0/1	4/4	N/A不適用△	N/A不適用△	N/A不適用△
Mr. Chan Pak Joe#	陳伯佐先生 <del>*</del>	1/1	4/4	2/2	1/1	2/2
Dr. Lau Tze Yiu, Peter#	劉子耀博士#	1/1	4/4	2/2	1/1	2/2
Dr. Sun Tai Lun#	孫大倫博士#	1/1	4/4	2/2	1/1	2/2
Dr. Chan Fan Cheong, Tony# (Note vi)	陳繁昌博士# <i>(附註vi)</i>	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用 <sup>△</sup>	N/A不適用 <sup>△</sup>	N/A不適用△

Notes:

- 附註:
- (i) The annual general meeting was held on 23 August 2022. The auditor of the Company, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu attended such meeting.
- (ii) For the year, four regular Board meetings were held.
- (iii) Dr. Lau Tze Yiu, Peter is the chairman of the Audit Committee.
- (iv) Mr. Chan Pak Joe is the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

- (i) 該股東週年大會於二零二二年八月二十三日 舉行。本公司核數師德勤 ● 關黃陳方會計師 行出席了該大會。
- (ii) 本年度,本公司共舉行了四次常規董事會會議。
- (iii) 劉子耀博士為審核委員會主席。
- (iv) 陳伯佐先生為提名委員會主席。

- (v) Dr. Sun Tai Lun is the chairman of the Remuneration
- (vi) Dr. Chan Fan Cheong, Tony has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company with effect from 18 April 2023.
- non-executive director
- # independent non-executive director
- <sup>Δ</sup> the director is not a member of the relevant committee

## RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board oversees the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and reviews their effectiveness on an ongoing basis. During the year, the Board, as supported by the Audit Committee and the Risk Management Committee, has conducted an annual review of the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems covering all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls (including environmental and social performance, risks and reporting). The Group's risk management and internal control systems are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss; to manage rather than completely eliminate the risk of system failure; and to assist in the achievement of the Group's agreed objectives and goals. The risk management and internal control systems of the Group are considered effective and adequate.

- (v) 孫大倫博士為薪酬委員會主席。
- (vi) 陳繁昌博士獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董 事,自二零二三年四月十八日起生效。
- \* 非執行董事
- # 獨立非執行董事
- 該董事並非有關委員會成員

#### 風險管理及內部監控

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告書

During the year and subsequent to the year end, the Board engaged external consultants and professionals to assist the Company in performing risk assessment and to conduct an agreed review over the Group's internal control systems for evaluating the effectiveness of the systems. No significant risk issues were identified and appropriate measures have been taken to address the identified areas for improvement. The Company adopted a risk management policy and formed the Risk Management Committee chaired by the Managing Director and with members comprising the General Manager and various divisions' senior staff members. Systems and procedures are put in place to identify. evaluate, manage and monitor the risks of different businesses and activities. Regular monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems is mainly performed by each of the key divisions/business units who are required to conduct risk self-assessment and to submit risk assessment results and action plans to the Risk Management Committee. The Audit Committee and the Risk Management Committee monitor and assess the risk management systems and the risk management issues, support and advice from external consultants and professionals to perform independent reviews on the risk management systems are sought as and when required. Review on the risk management and internal control systems has to be performed at least annually to assess the effectiveness of the systems in monitoring and managing risks (including environmental and social risks). 於年內及於年結日後,董事會委聘外部顧問 及專業人士協助本公司進行風險評估,並對 本集團之內部監控系統進行議定審閱以評估 系統之有效性。概無發現重大風險問題,而 就已發現可改進之地方亦採取了適當措施處 理。本公司已採納風險管理政策,並成立風險 管理委員會,由董事總經理擔任主席,成員包 括總經理及各部門的高級職員。已建立系統 及程序,以供識別、評估、管理及監控各業務 以及活動之風險。風險管理及內部監控系統 定期監察主要由各關鍵部門/業務部進行, 各關鍵部門/業務部須進行風險自我評估, 並將風險評估結果及行動計劃提交予風險管 理委員會審閱。審核委員會及風險管理委員 會監察及評估風險管理系統及風險管理事 宜,並於需要時尋求外部顧問及專業人士之 支援及意見,以對風險管理系統進行獨立審 閱。就風險管理及內部監控系統須至少每年 進行審閱,以評估該等系統於監控及管理風險 (包括環境及社會風險)方面之有效性。

The Company has also maintained a tailored governance structure with clear lines of responsibility and appropriate delegation of responsibility and authority to the senior management, who are accountable for the conduct and performance of the respective business divisions under their supervision.

本公司亦已維持一個合適的管治架構,對職 責有很清楚的界定,對授予高級管理人員的 責任及權限亦有適當的規定,彼等對各自負 責監督的業務部門之經營和表現問責。

The directors review monthly management reports on the financial results, statistics and project progress of each business division. Monthly management meetings are held to review business performance against budgets, forecasts and risk management strategies. Any major variances are highlighted for investigation and control purposes. 董事亦會審閱每月的管理層報告,包括各業務部門的財務業績、統計及項目進度。每月亦舉行管理層會議,以從預算、預測及風險管理策略角度審閱業務表現,並列舉所有重要的 差異,以作調查及監控。

A centralised cash management system is maintained to oversee the Group's investment and borrowing activities. There are established guidelines and procedures for the approval and control of expenditures. The aim is to keep the expenditure level in line with the annual budget and within the cost budget of an approved project. Expenditures are subject to overall budget control with various approval levels set by reference to the level of responsibility of each manager and officer. Depending on the nature and value, procurement of certain goods and services are required to go through the tendering process. No individual in the Group, irrespective of their rank and position, are allowed to dominate the entire expenditure process from commitment to payment.

本集團維持一個中央現金管理系統,以監管 本集團的投資及借貸活動。一系列批准及控 制開支的指引及程序已經建立,目的是讓開 支的水平符合年度預算及每項經批准的的是 之預算成本。開支須受到整體預算控制的限 制,而且每名經理及主任就其職責範圍有不 同的批准權限。根據其性質及價值,購買若干 產品及服務需經投標的過程。本集團內沒 一個人(不論其等級及職名)被容許獨自決定 由承擔至付款的整個開支過程。

The Group also regulates the handling and the dissemination of inside information to the public in an equal and timely manner in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. Senior management executives of the financial control functions of the Group are delegated with responsibilities to control and monitor the proper procedures to be observed on the disclosure of inside information.

本集團亦根據適用法律及法規規範處理,並確保內幕消息公平適時地傳播予公眾人士。 本集團財務控制職能之高級管理行政人員獲 授予職責控制及監督就內幕消息披露須遵守 之適當程序。

## RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board is responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards have been adopted, appropriate accounting policies have been applied, and reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates have been made. The reporting responsibilities of the external auditor on the consolidated financial statements of the Company are set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" section of this annual report.

### 對綜合財務報表之責任

董事會負責編製綜合財務報表。在編製綜合財務報表時,董事會已採納香港財務報告準則,應用合適之會計政策,並作出合理和審慎的判斷及估計。外聘核數師於本公司綜合財務報表之報告責任載列於本年報「獨立核數師報告」一節內。

#### **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

The remuneration paid to the external auditor of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2023 is set out below:

#### 核數師薪酬

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,本公司支付外聘核數師之薪酬載列如下:

		HK <b>\$'000</b> 港幣千元
Audit Services	審核服務	3,600
Non-audit Services:	非審核服務:	
Reviewing the financial results and report	審閱截至二零二二年九月三十日	
for the six months ended 30 September 2022	止六個月之財務業績及報告	680
Taxation and other services	稅項及其他服務	457
TOTAL	總額	4,737

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Company adopted a dividend policy on 14 March 2019 setting out the principles and guidelines relating to the declaration, payment or distribution of its net profits as dividends to the Company's shareholders. In recommending or declaring dividends, the Board shall take into account the following factors of the Group:

- (i) financial results;
- (ii) cash flow situation;
- (iii) availability of distributable profits;
- (iv) business conditions and strategies;
- (v) future operations and earnings;
- (vi) cash requirements;
- (vii) expected capital requirements and expenditure plans;
- (viii) interests of shareholders as a whole;
- (ix) any restrictions on declaration and/or payment of dividends: and
- (x) any other factors that the Board may consider relevant.

The Board will review the dividend policy from time to time.

#### 股息政策

本公司於二零一九年三月十四日採納股息政策,其載列有關向本公司股東宣派、派發或分派其淨溢利作為股息之原則及指引。建議或宣派股息時,董事會將考慮本集團下列因素:

- (i) 財務業績;
- (ii) 現金流情況;
- (iii) 可分派利潤的可用情況;
- (iv) 業務狀況和策略;
- (v) 未來經營和收益;
- (vi) 現金需求;
- (vii) 預期資本要求及支出計劃;
- (viii) 股東的整體利益;
- (ix) 任何就股息宣派及/或派發的限制;及
- (x) 董事會可能認為相關的任何其他因素。

董事會將不時檢討股息政策。

#### SHAREHOLDERS ENGAGEMENT

#### **Shareholders Communication**

The Company's shareholders communication policy aims to provide the shareholders and the investment community with ready, equal and timely access to the Group's information. There are in place multiple channels of communication and engagement available.

Shareholders and the investment community may make a request for the Company's information to the extent such information is publicly available, in writing to the Company's principle office in Hong Kong at 22/F., Kings Wing Plaza 1, 3 On Kwan Street, Shek Mun, Shatin, New Territories, Hong Kong (for the attention of the company secretary). For information about their shareholdings, shareholders can contact the Company's share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at Shops 1712-1716, 17/F., Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

Information of the Company is also communicated to shareholders through the Company's corporate communications, including but not limited to annual and interim reports, announcements and circulars. Such published documents are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. Annual general meetings and other general meetings of the Company provide a forum for direct interaction between shareholders and the Company. Board members, in particular, the chairmen of board committees or their delegates, appropriate management executives and external auditors, as appropriate, will attend annual and other general meetings to answer shareholders' questions. The process of the Company's general meetings will be monitored and reviewed on a regular basis, and, if necessary, changes will be made to ensure that shareholders' needs are best served.

#### 股東參與

#### 股東通訊

本公司股東通訊政策旨在為股東及投資界提供隨時、平等和及時獲取本集團資料的途徑。 目前有多種可用的溝通及參與渠道。

股東及投資界可以書面形式向本公司於香港的主要辦事處(地址為香港新界沙田石門安群街3號京瑞廣場一期22樓)(致公司秘書)索取本公司資料(如該等資料為公開資料)。股東如欲了解其持股情況,可聯絡本公司股份過戶登記處香港中央證券登記有限公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712-1716室。

本公司的資料亦透過本公司的企業通訊傳達 予股東,包括但不限於年度及中期報告、公告 及通函。該等刊發文件可於本公司及聯交所 網站查閱。本公司股東週年大會及其他股東 大會為股東與本公司提供直接互動的平台。 董事會成員,特別是董事會委員會主席或其 代表、適當的管理人員及外部核數師(按適用 者)將出席股東週年大會及其他股東大會,以 回答股東的問題。本公司股東大會的程序將 定期受監控及審查,並於必要時進行更改,以 確保最好地滿足股東需求。

Shareholders may at any time send their enquiries to the Board in writing through the company secretary, with the contact details below:

股東可隨時將他們的查詢以書面方式透過公司秘書傳遞給董事會,有關聯絡資料如下:

Address: 22/F., Kings Wing Plaza 1, 3 On Kwan Street,

Shek Mun, Shatin, New Territories, Hong Kong

Email: sc@hanison.com Fax: (852) 2415 2080

In June 2023, the Board reviewed the Company's shareholders communication policy and considered that, with the above measures in place, the implementation of the policy was effective during the year.

Separate resolutions are proposed at general meetings on each substantial issue, including the election of individual directors.

Pursuant to the Company's articles of association, the notice of annual general meeting, the annual report and the circular containing information on the proposed resolutions will be sent to shareholders at least 21 days before the meeting. Voting at annual general meeting or other general meeting will be conducted by way of a poll. The results of the poll will be published on the day of general meeting by posting on the Stock Exchange's and the Company's websites.

地址:香港新界沙田石門安群街3號京瑞廣場

一期22樓

電郵:sc@hanison.com 傳真:(852) 2415 2080

於二零二三年六月,董事會已審閱本公司股 東通訊政策,認為於上述措施到位的情況下, 該政策於年內的實施為有效。

於股東大會上,每項重要事宜會個別提出決議案,包括個別董事之撰舉。

根據本公司組織章程細則,股東週年大會通告、年報及載有擬提呈決議案有關資料之通函將於大會舉行前至少21天向股東發送。股東週年大會或其他股東大會將以投票方式進行表決。投票結果將於股東大會當日在聯交所網站及本公司網站內公佈。

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#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告書

## Convening of Extraordinary General Meetings and Putting Forward Proposals at General Meetings

General meetings shall be convened:

- (i) on the written requisition of any one or more members of the Company deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong (22/F., Kings Wing Plaza 1, 3 On Kwan Street, Shek Mun, Shatin, New Territories, Hong Kong), specifying the objects of the meeting and the resolutions to be added to the meeting agenda and signed by the requisitionists, provided that such requisitionists held as at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the voting rights, on a one vote per share basis, in the share capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company; or
- (ii) on the written requisition of any one member of the Company which is a recognised clearing house (or its nominee) deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong (22/F., Kings Wing Plaza 1, 3 On Kwan Street, Shek Mun, Shatin, New Territories, Hong Kong), specifying the objects of the meeting and the resolutions to be added to the meeting agenda, and signed by the requisitionist, provided that such requisitionist held as at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the voting rights, on a one vote per share basis, in the share capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company.

#### 召開股東特別大會及在股東大會提出 建議

於下列情況下須召開股東大會:

- (i) 本公司任何一名或以上股東向本公司於香港的主要辦事處(香港新界沙田石門安群街3號京瑞廣場一期22樓)送達書面要求,書面要求須列明大會目的及添加至大會會議議程的決議案,並由提出要求的人士簽署,惟提出要求的人士於遞交要求當日須持有有權於本公司股東大會投票的本公司股本不少於十分之一的投票權(按每股一票計算);或
- (ii) 任何一名屬於認可結算所的本公司股東 (或其代理人)向本公司於香港的主要 辦事處(香港新界沙田石門安群街3號京 瑞廣場一期22樓)送達書面要求,書面 要求須列明大會目的及添加至大會會議 議程的決議案,並由提出要求的人士簽 署,惟提出要求的人士於遞交要求當日 須持有有權於本公司股東大會投票的本 公司股本不少於十分之一的投票權(按 每股一票計算)。

If the Board does not within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene the meeting, the requisitionist(s) themselves or any of them holding not less than one-tenth of the voting rights, on a one vote per share basis, in the share capital of the Company, may convene the general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which the meeting may be convened by the Board provided that any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of deposit of the requisition, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

倘董事會未有於接獲要求後21日內正式召開 大會,提出要求的人士或當中持有本公司股 本中不少於十分之一投票權(按每股一票計 算)的任何人士可自行以與董事會召開股東 大會同樣的方式(盡可能相近)召開大會,惟 如此召開的大會不可遲於提交要求當日起三 個月後召開,而提出要求的人士因董事會未 能完成有關要求而涉及的所有合理開支,將 由本公司向彼等作出補償。

#### **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

At the annual general meeting of the Company held on 23 August 2022, a special resolution was passed by the shareholders of the Company approving certain amendments to the Company's memorandum and articles of association ("M&A"), with the aim (i) to bring the M&A in line with the core shareholder protection standards set out in Appendix 3 of the Listing Rules which took effect on 1 January 2022; and (ii) to better align the M&A with the provisions of the Listing Rules and the applicable laws of the Cayman Islands. Details of the amendments were set out in the Company's announcement dated 14 June 2022 and circular dated 20 July 2022. The amended and restated M&A is available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

#### 章程文件

在本公司於二零二二年八月二十三日舉行的 股東週年大會上,本公司股東通過一項特別 決議案,批准對本公司組織章程大綱及細則 (「章程大綱及細則」)進行若干修訂,目的是 (i)令章程大綱及細則與二零二二年一月由 生效之上市規則附錄三所載之核心的股東 障水平一致;及(ii)令章程大綱及細則與上 障水平一致;及問)令章程大綱及細則與上市 規則及開曼群島適用法律之條文更為一致。 修訂詳情載於本公司日期為二零二二年一 日的通函。經修訂及重述的章程大綱及細則 可於聯交所及本公司網站查閱。 REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告書

The board of directors ("Board") presents its report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries ("Group") for the year ended 31 March 2023.

董事會(「董事會」)同寅呈覽本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度之報告及經審核綜合財務報表。

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries, associate and joint ventures are set out in notes 51, 19 and 20 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

#### 主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司。其附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業之主要業務分別載於綜合財務報表附註51、19及20。

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Further discussion and review on the business activities of the Group as required by Schedule 5 to the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong), including the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group and an indication of likely future development in the Group's business are set out in the Chairman's Statement (on pages 6 to 12), Operations Review (on pages 13 to 45), Financial Review (on pages 46 to 52) and the notes to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report.

#### 業務回顧

就公司條例(香港法例第622章)附表5所要求對本集團業務活動之進一步討論及回顧(包括對本集團面對之主要風險及不明朗因素之描述和本集團業務相當可能有的未來發展之揭示)載於本年報之主席報告書(第6至12頁)、業務回顧(第13至45頁)、財務回顧(第46至52頁)及綜合財務報表附註內。

An analysis of the Group's performance during the year using financial key performance indicators is provided in the Financial Highlights (on page 5) and Operations Review (on page 13) of this annual report.

Details of the Group's financial risk management are disclosed in note 49 to the consolidated financial statements.

No material event affecting the Group has occurred since the year end date. 運用財務關鍵表現指標分析本集團於年內之 表現載於本年報之財務紀要(第5頁)及業務回 顧(第13頁)內。

有關本集團財務風險管理之詳情披露於綜合 財務報表附註49。

自年結日起,概無發生對本集團造成影響之 重大事件。

#### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2023 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on page 124.

The first interim dividend of HK2.5 cents per share (2022: HK2.5 cents per share) amounting to HK\$27,692,000 were paid to the shareholders during the year.

The Board has declared a second interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend) of HK5.0 cents per share for the year ended 31 March 2023 (2022: HK5.0 cents per share) to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members on 11 July 2023. The second interim dividend will be paid on 24 July 2023.

#### **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

Details of the movements in the investment properties of the Group during the year are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **RESERVES**

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 128.

#### 業績及分配

本集團截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度 之業績載於第124頁之綜合損益表。

每股港幣2.5仙(二零二二年:每股港幣2.5仙),金額達港幣27,692,000元之第一次中期股息已於年內派付予股東。

董事會向於二零二三年七月十一日名列股東名冊之股東宣派截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度之第二次中期股息每股港幣5.0仙(取代末期股息)(二零二二年:每股港幣5.0仙)。第二次中期股息將於二零二三年七月二十四日派發。

#### 投資物業

本集團投資物業於年內之變動詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註16。

#### 物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備於年內之變動詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註17。

#### 儲備

本集團儲備於年內之變動詳情載於第128頁 之綜合權益變動表。

## DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

The Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders as at 31 March 2023 comprised the aggregate of share premium and accumulated profits of HK\$896,556,000 (2022: HK\$814,667,000).

Under the articles of association of the Company, dividends may be declared and paid out of the profits of the Company, realised or unrealised, or from any reserves set aside from profits which the directors of the Company determine is no longer needed. Dividends may also be declared and paid out of share premium account subject to a solvency test as set out in section 34 of the Companies Act (As Revised) of the Cayman Islands.

#### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL MATTERS**

The Company has established since 2013 the corporate social responsibility committee to formulate the Group's environmental and social strategies and policies as well as to oversee the implementation undertaken by the safety and environmental department, and corporate social responsibility and communications department. For more details of the Group's performance and management approach regarding the environmental and social aspects, please refer to the environmental, social and governance report 2022/2023 of the Company which is published together with this annual report.

#### 本公司可供派發儲備金

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本公司可供分配予股東的儲備,包括股份溢價及累計溢利,總共港幣896,556,000元(二零二二年:港幣814,667,000元)。

根據本公司的組織章程細則,股息可從本公司已變現或未變現的溢利,或從任何本公司董事認為不再需要的儲備金(從溢利中撥出)中宣派及支付。股息亦可從股份溢價賬(惟須通過載列於開曼群島法例公司法(修訂版)第三十四條的償債能力測試)中宣派及支付。

#### 股本

本公司股本於年內之變動詳情載於綜合財務 報表附註36。

#### 環境及社會事宜

本公司自二零一三年已成立企業社會責任委員會制定本集團的環境及社會策略及政策,並監督安全及環境部以及企業社會責任及傳訊部的實施情況。有關本集團環境及社會方面的表現及管理方法之更多詳情,請參閱本公司2022/2023環境、社會及管治報告,連同本年報一併刊載。

#### **Environmental Policy and Performance**

The Group has been adopting environmental and energy-related policies in accordance with ISO 14001 Environmental Management System certified by Hong Kong Quality Assurance Agency ("HKQAA") since 2002, and ISO 50001 Energy Management System certified by Hong Kong Certification Services International Limited since 2013. These policies have stated plainly the direction and guidelines for corresponding subsidiaries of the Company to follow on a gradual basis.

We strive for better environmental performance every year. In 2022/2023, our performances were widely recognised. The Group clinched the Sustainable Corporate (Environmental) Outstanding Award of the 2022 Standard Chartered Corporate Achievement Awards, presented by Standard Chartered Bank. Our Construction Division was awarded HKCA Hong Kong Construction Environmental Awards - 2022 Environmental Merit Award presented by the Hong Kong Construction Association ("HKCA"), and a project of the Construction Division was accredited Final Gold rating under BEAM Plus New Buildings Version 1.2 certified by the Hong Kong Green Building Council, while our head office sustained the Indoor Air Quality Certificate (Excellent Class) issued by the Environmental Protection Department.

#### **Social Policy and Performance**

The board statement on sustainability was signed by the Managing Director and issued in 2022 to demonstrate the Group's determination in committing to sustainability covering both the social and environmental aspects in view to achieving the long-term benefits of our stakeholders and the community. The statement is regularly reviewed to ensure it aligns with our Company's vision, mission and values, the up-to-date regulatory requirements and evolving stakeholders' expectations.

#### 環境政策及表現

本集團自二零零二年以來已根據香港品質保證局(「香港品質保證局」)核證之ISO 14001環境管理體系及自二零一三年以來根據香港認証服務國際有限公司核證之ISO 50001能源管理體系採納環境與能源相關政策。該等政策已明確陳述本公司相關附屬公司逐步遵循之方向及指引。

我們致力於每年取得更好的環境表現。我們於二零二二/二零二三年的表現獲得廣泛認可。本集團榮獲由渣打銀行頒發的渣打企業成就大獎2022可持續企業(環境)傑出獎。我們的建築部榮獲由香港建造商會(「香港建造商會」)頒發的香港建造商會香港建築環保人獎-2022環保優異獎,而建築部的一個項評新建建築(1.2版)最終金級,而我們的總部獲得環境保護署頒發的室內空氣質素檢定證書(卓越級)。

#### 社會政策及表現

董事總經理於二零二二年簽署並發佈的董事會可持續發展聲明,以展示本集團於社會及環境方面致力於可持續發展的決心,以期實現持份者及社區的長期利益。該聲明會定期進行檢討,以確保其與本公司願景、使命及價值、最新的法規要求以及不斷變化的持份者期望保持一致。

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告書

Safety and health stand affirmation as two top priorities in the Group's sustainability journey. The Group has been implementing safe and hygienic measures in our offices and construction sites in accordance with ISO 45001 Occupational Health and Safety Management System certified by HKQAA since 2021. The Construction Division was awarded the 1st Runner-up and 2nd Runner-up in the Team Event of the Safety Quiz 2022 organised by Hong Kong Institute of Construction Managers and HKCA.

安全及健康為本集團可持續發展之旅中的兩個首要任務。自二零二一年起,本集團根據香港品質保證局認證的ISO 45001職業健康安全管理體系,於辦公室及建築工地實施安全及衛生措施。建築部於香港營造師學會及香港建造商會合辦的「營造+安全」問答比賽2022分別獲得隊際賽亞軍及季軍。

We have been investing in the community by means of organising and participating in community activities. serving the underprivileged, elderly, teenagers, children, and schools. Sponsorship and donations in terms of financial or in-kind support are made to charity organisations or non-governmental organisations. With the support from the Group's staff and their family members, our corporate volunteer team continues to grow and make contributions to society. The Group was awarded the Social Capital Builder Logo Award of the Social Capital Builder Awards 2022-24, presented by the Community Investment and Inclusion Fund of Home and Youth Affairs Bureau. The Construction Division was awarded the Caring Company Logo presented by The Hong Kong Council of Social Service for fourteen consecutive years.

我們一直透過組織及參與服務弱勢群體、長者、青少年、兒童及學校的社區活動對社區 進行投入。我們向慈善機構或非政府機構作 出財務或實物贊助及捐贈。在本集團員工及 其家庭成員之支持下,企業義工團隊持續成 長並為社會作出貢獻。本集團榮獲由民政及 青年事務局社區投資共享基金頒發的2022-24年度社會資本動力獎的社會資本動力標誌 獎。建築部連續十四年獲頒香港社會服務聯 會頒發的商界展關懷標誌。

### COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group is committed to complying with all relevant laws and regulations imposed by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region and the People's Republic of China ("PRC"). We conduct ongoing reviews of the newly enacted or revised laws and regulations, and we provide relevant training and guidance to our staff as appropriate.

### 遵守法律及法規

本集團致力於遵守香港特別行政區政府及中華人民共和國(「中國」)所制定之所有相關法律及法規。本集團持續檢討新頒佈或修訂之法律及法規,並根據需要向員工提供相關培訓及指引。

### RELATIONSHIP WITH EMPLOYEES, BUSINESS PARTNERS AND OTHERS

The Group treasures the relationship with all stakeholders and endeavours to engage them through different initiatives and channels. In particular, we value our human capital. As our long-term talent pipeline strategy, we frequently review and deliver competitive compensation and benefits, remuneration packages, training and development, and staff engagement activities to attract, nurture, and retain talents and employees.

A long-standing relationship with business partners can bring benefits for the Group as well as for suppliers and customers. In addition to maintaining trusted business relationship, we also engage our business partners in the pursuit of better performance in business operations, environmental impact, and community investment.

The Group has been encouraging staff to serve as volunteers especially in the community where we are operating. Constructive site-community relationship is definitely our priority. We maintain close communications with the stakeholders in the community and work closely with relevant parties to initiate programmes aiming to address the community's concerns.

#### **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

The Company's former share option scheme ("2011 Share Option Scheme") was adopted by the Company on 21 September 2011 and was terminated on 25 August 2020. Share options granted prior to the termination continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the terms of the 2011 Share Option Scheme.

### 與僱員、商業夥伴及其他人士之關 係

本集團珍視與所有持份者之關係及努力透過不同措施及渠道與彼等合作。我們尤為重視人力資本。作為我們的長期人才管道戰略,我們經常審閱及提供具競爭力之酬金及福利、薪酬待遇、培訓及發展以及員工參與活動,以吸引、培養及挽留人才及僱員。

本集團與商業夥伴之持久關係可為本集團、 供應商及客戶帶來利益。除維持可信賴之業 務關係外,我們亦與業務夥伴合作以追求業 務營運、環境影響及社區投資之更佳表現。

本集團一直鼓勵員工參與義工活動(尤其是於我們所在的社區)。具建設性的站點一社區關係無疑是本集團之優先事項。我們與社區的持份者保持緊密溝通,並與有關各方密切合作,發起活動,以解決社區關注的問題。

#### 購股權計劃

本公司之原有購股權計劃(「二零一一購股權計劃」)由本公司於二零一一年九月二十一日採納並於二零二零年八月二十五日終止。終止前授出之購股權將繼續有效及可根據二零一一購股權計劃之條款予以行使。

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#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告書

The Company adopted a new share option scheme ("Existing Scheme") on 25 August 2020, all executive or non-executive directors and full-time employees of, and consultants employed on a contract basis by, any member of the Group are eligible to participate in the Existing Scheme. No options have been granted under the Existing Scheme since its adoption.

The purpose of the Existing Scheme is to provide the participants with the opportunity to acquire proprietary interest in the Company and to encourage them to work towards enhancing the value of the Company and its shares for the benefit of the Company and our shareholders as a whole.

### (a) Maximum number of shares available for issue

The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Existing Scheme and any other schemes of the Company shall not exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue on the date of the approval of the Existing Scheme, subject to renewal as approved by the shareholders of the Company. The total number of shares available for issue under the Existing Scheme is 109,092,467, which represents 9.99% of the issued shares of the Company as at the date of this annual report.

#### (b) Maximum entitlement of each participant

(1) The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the Company's shares in issue unless otherwise approved by the shareholders of the Company. 本公司於二零二零年八月二十五日採納新購股權計劃(「現行計劃」),本集團任何成員公司之所有執行或非執行董事及全職僱員以及以合約形式聘用的顧問均符合參與現行計劃之資格。自現行計劃獲採納起,其項下概無授出購股權。

現行計劃之目的是為向參與者提供購入本公司所有人權益之機會,並鼓勵參與者為本公司及我們的股東之整體利益,努力提高本公司及其股份之價值。

#### (a) 可供發行之股份數目上限

根據現行計劃及本公司任何其他計劃授出的所有購股權因行使而可予發行的股份總數,不得超過於現行計劃批准當日本公司已發行股份之10%,惟須經本公司股東批准更新。現行計劃項下可供發行之股份總數為109,092,467股,佔本公司於本年報日期已發行股份之9,99%。

#### (b) 各參與者之購股權配額上限

(1) 除非經本公司股東另作批准,否則 於任何十二個月期間,因行使已授 出購股權(包括已行使及尚未行使 之購股權)而向各參與者發行及將 予發行之股份總數,不得超過本公 司已發行股份之1%。

- (2) Where any grant of options to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or any of their respective associates (as defined in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities ("Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange"), would result in the shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options already granted and to be granted (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) to such person in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant:
  - (i) representing in aggregate over 0.1% (or such other percentage as may from time to time be specified by the Stock Exchange) of the Company's shares in issue; and
  - (ii) having an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the shares of the Company on the date of grant, in excess of HK\$5.0 million (or such other amount as may from time to time be specified by the Stock Exchange),

such grant of options shall be subject to prior approval by the shareholders of the Company, such grantee, his associates and all core connected persons of the Company shall abstain from voting at such general meeting.

#### (c) Option period

The period within which the grantee may exercise the option shall be notified by the Board to the grantee at the time of making an offer, but such period shall not expire later than ten years from the date of grant.

- (2) 倘向本公司之主要股東或獨立非執行董事或任何彼等各自之聯繫人 (定義見香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」))授出任何購股權,將會導致於截至授出日期止之任何十二個月期間(包括授出之日)向該人士已授出及將予授出之所有購股權(包括已行使、註銷及尚未行使之購股權)獲行使而已發行及將予發行之股份:
  - (i) 合共佔本公司已發行股份 0.1%(或聯交所不時指定之 其他百分比)以上;及
  - (ii) 根據本公司股份於授出日期 之收市價計算,總值超過港 幣5,000,000元(或聯交所不 時指定之其他金額),

則此等授出購股權事宜必須取得本公司股東事先批准方可進行,且該承授人、其聯繫人及所有本公司核心關連人士必須於該股東大會上放棄投票。

#### (c) 購股權期間

董事會須於作出要約時通知承授人之可 以行使購股權期間,其屆滿日期不得遲 於授出日期起計十年。

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告書

#### (d) Time of exercise of option

At the time of making an offer, the Company must specify the minimum period(s), if any, for which an option under the Existing Scheme must be held before it can be exercised in whole or in part.

#### (e) Amount payable on acceptance of offer

A payment to the Company of HK\$1 as consideration for the grant shall be paid on the acceptance of the offer by the grantee. The offer of grant of option must be accepted within 14 days (or such other period of days as determined by the Board from time to time) after the date of offer.

#### (f) Basis of determining exercise price of option

The exercise price of the option shall be no less than the highest of:

- the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant, which must be a business day;
- (ii) the average closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and
- (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company on the date of grant.

#### (g) Remaining life of Existing Scheme

The Existing Scheme has a life of ten years commencing on the adoption date and will expire on 24 August 2030 unless otherwise terminated in accordance with the terms of the Existing Scheme.

#### (d) 購股權之行使時限

本公司須於作出要約時列明根據現行計 劃授出之購股權可全部或部分行使前須 持有之最低限期(如有)。

#### (e) 接納要約之應付款項

承授人接納要約時須付以本公司港幣 1元作為授出之代價。授出購股權之要 約須於要約日期後14天(或董事會不時 釐定的其他期間)內接納。

#### (f) 釐定購股權行使價之基準

購股權之行使價必須不低於下列三者之 最高者:

- (i) 聯交所於授出日期(該日必須為營 業日)發出之日報表所述之本公司 股份收市價;
- (ii) 聯交所於緊接授出日期前五個營 業日發出之日報表所述之本公司 股份平均收市價;及
- (iii) 本公司股份於授出日期之面值。

#### (g) 現行計劃之餘下年限

除非根據現行計劃條款予以終止,否則 現行計劃之有效年限為自採納日期起計 十年,並將於二零三零年八月二十四日 屆滿。

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#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告書

Details of the movement of share options under the 2011 Share Option Scheme during the year are as follows: 年內,二零一一購股權計劃項下之購股權之 變動詳情如下:

Name or category of participants 参與者姓名或類型	Date of grant 授出日期	Exercise price per share 每股行使價	Exercise period <i>(Note i)</i> 行使期間 <i>(附註i)</i>	Balance as at 1.4.2022 於二零二二年 四月一日 之結餘	Exercised during the year (Note ii) 於年內行使 (附註ii)	Lapsed during the year 於年內失效	Balance as at 31.3.2023 於二零二三年 三月三十一日 之結餘	Approximate percentage of issued share capital (Note iv) 佔已發行股本概約百分比 (附註iv)
Directors of the Company 本公司之董事								
Cha Mou Daid, Johnson 查懋德	5.9.2017 二零一七年九月五日	HK\$1.54 港幣1.54元	5.9.2017 to 4.9.2022 二零一七年九月五日至 二零二二年九月四日	5,192,000	(5,192,000)	-	-	-
	18.10.2019 二零一九年十月十八日	HK\$1.16 港幣1.16元	18.10.2019 to 17.10.2024 二零一九年十月十八日至 二零二四年十月十七日	5,454,000	-	-	5,454,000	0.49%
Tai Sai Ho 戴世豪	18.10.2019 二零一九年十月十八日	HK\$1.16 港幣1.16元	18.10.2019 to 17.10.2024 二零一九年十月十八日至 二零二四年十月十七日	5,454,000	-	-	5,454,000	0.49%
Chow Ka Fung 周嘉峯	5.9.2017 二零一七年九月五日	HK\$1.54 港幣1.54元	5.9.2017 to 4.9.2022 二零一七年九月五日至 二零二二年九月四日	1,485,000	-	(1,485,000)	-	-
	18.10.2019 二零一九年十月十八日	HK\$1.16 港幣1.16元	18.10.2019 to 17.10.2024 二零一九年十月十八日至 二零二四年十月十七日	1,898,000	-	-	1,898,000	0.17%
Chan Pak Joe 陳伯佐	18.10.2019 二零一九年十月十八日	HK\$1.16 港幣1.16元	18.10.2019 to 17.10.2024 二零一九年十月十八日至 二零二四年十月十七日	1,090,000	-	-	1,090,000	0.09%
Lau Tze Yiu, Peter 劉子耀	18.10.2019 二零一九年十月十八日	HK\$1.16 港幣1.16元	18.10.2019 to 17.10.2024 二零一九年十月十八日至 二零二四年十月十七日	905,000	(905,000)	-	-	-
Sun Tai Lun 孫大倫	18.10.2019 二零一九年十月十八日	HK\$1.16 港幣1.16元	18.10.2019 to 17.10.2024 二零一九年十月十八日至 二零二四年十月十七日	1,090,000	-	-	1,090,000	0.09%
				22,568,000	(6,097,000)	(1,485,000)	14,986,000	
Employees of the Group in aggregate 本集團之僱員總數	5.9.2017 二零一七年九月五日	HK\$1.54 港幣1.54元	5.9.2017 to 4.9.2022 二零一七年九月五日至 二零二二年九月四日	1,321,000	-	(1,321,000)	-	-
	18.10.2019 二零一九年十月十八日	HK <b>\$</b> 1.16 港幣1.16元	18.10.2019 to 17.10.2024 二零一九年十月十八日至 二零二四年十月十七日	10,512,000	-	(338,000)	10,174,000	0.92%
				11,833,000	_	(1,659,000)	10,174,000	
Total 總計				34,401,000	(6,097,000)	(3,144,000)	25,160,000	

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告書

#### Notes:

- (i) The share options vested immediately on the respective dates of grant.
- (ii) The weighted average closing price of the Company's shares immediately before the dates of exercise of the share options was HK\$1.16 per share.
- (iii) No share options were cancelled during the year.
- (iv) The percentage is calculated based on the total number of issued shares of the Company as at 31 March 2023 (i.e. 1,096,286,676 shares).

The number of share options available for grant under the Existing Scheme mandate as at 1 April 2022 and 31 March 2023 was 109,092,467.

## CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES, WARRANTS OR SIMILAR RIGHTS

Save as disclosed above, the Company had no outstanding convertible securities, warrants or similar rights as at 31 March 2023 and there has been no issue or exercise of any convertible securities, warrants or similar rights during the year.

#### 附註:

- (i) 購股權於各自授出日期即時歸屬。
- (ii) 本公司股份於緊接購股權獲行使日期前之加 權平均收市價為每股港幣1.16元。
- (iii) 年內並無註銷購股權。
- (iv) 百分比乃根據本公司於二零二三年三月 三十一日已發行股份總數(即1,096,286,676 股股份)計算。

於二零二二年四月一日及二零二三年三月 三十一日,根據現有計劃授權可授予的購股 權數量為109,092,467股。

#### 可換股證券、認股權證或類似權利

除上述所披露者外,於二零二三年三月 三十一日,本公司並無任何尚未行使的可換 股證券、認股權證或類似權利。年內,並無發 行或行使任何可換股證券、認股權證或類似 權利。

Total

## PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Company repurchased a total of 20,644,000 shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange for a total consideration (before expenses) of HK\$23,866,520. All the shares repurchased were subsequently cancelled. The directors of the Company considered that the share repurchases would enhance the net asset value per share and/or earnings per share of the Company. Particulars of the share repurchases are as follows:

#### 購買、出售或贖回上市證券

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,本公司於聯交所回購合共20,644,000股本公司股份,總代價(未計開支前)為港幣23,866,520元。所有回購的股份其後均已註銷。本公司董事認為,股份回購將提升本公司每股資產淨值及/或每股盈利。股份回購之詳情如下:

				consideration
		Purchase p	rice per share	(before
			每股購買價	expenses)
	Number	Highest	Lowest	總代價
	of shares	最高	最低	(未計開支前)
	repurchased	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
月份	已回購股份數目	港幣	港幣	港幣
二零二二年九月	2,568,000	1.16	1.15	2,972,540
二零二二年十月	772,000	1.16	1.14	894,240
二零二二年十一月	966,000	1.12	1.06	1,056,580
二零二二年十二月	2,932,000	1.16	1.12	3,392,800
二零二三年一月	1,602,000	1.16	1.14	1,857,720
二零二三年二月	5,896,000	1.16	_	6,839,360
二零二三年三月	5,908,000	1.16	_	6,853,280
總計	20.644.000			23,866,520
	二零二二年九月 二零二二年十月 二零二二年十一月 二零二二年十二月 二零二三年一月 二零二三年二月	of shares       repurchased       月份     已回購股份數目       二零二二年九月     2,568,000       二零二二年十月     772,000       二零二二年十一月     966,000       二零二二年十二月     2,932,000       二零二三年一月     1,602,000       二零二三年二月     5,896,000       二零二三年三月     5,908,000	Number of shares of shares repurchased PHK\$       最高 PEPURCHASED PHEPURCHASED PH	Number of shares repurchased PHK\$ HK\$ HK\$ HK\$ HK\$ HK\$ 中国購股份數目技幣基幣基幣二零二二年九月 二零二二年十月 二零二二年十月 二零二二年十月 二零二二年十月 三零二二年十一月 三零二二年十一月 

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 March 2023.

除上文所披露者外,截至二零二三年三月 三十一日止年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司 概無購買、出售或贖回任何本公司之上市證 券。

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告書

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this annual report are:

#### **Non-executive Chairman**

Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart (Managing Director)

Mr. Tai Sai Ho (General Manager)

Mr. Chow Ka Fung

#### **Non-executive Director**

Dr. Lam Chat Yu

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Chan Pak Joe

Dr. Lau Tze Yiu, Peter

Dr. Sun Tai Lun

Dr. Chan Fan Cheong, Tony (appointed on 18 April 2023)

In accordance with Article 116 of the Company's articles of association, Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart, Mr. Chow Ka Fung and Dr. Lam Chat Yu shall retire from office by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting. In accordance with Article 99 of the Company's articles of association, Dr. Chan Fan Cheong, Tony who was appointed by the Board on 18 April 2023, shall hold office until the first annual general meeting of the Company after his appointment. All the retiring directors, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

None of the directors being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

#### 董事

於年內及截至本年報日期之本公司董事如 下:

#### 非執行主席

查懋德先生

#### 執行董事

王世濤先生 (董事總經理) 載世豪先生 (總經理)

周嘉峯先生

#### 非執行董事

林澤宇博士

#### 獨立非執行董事

陳伯佐先生

劉子耀博士

孫大倫博士

陳繁昌博士(於二零二三年四月十八日獲委任)

按照本公司之組織章程細則第116條規定,王世濤先生、周嘉峯先生及林澤宇博士須於應屆股東週年大會上輪值退任。根據本公司組織章程細則第99條,陳繁昌博士於二零二三年四月十八日獲董事會委任,任期至其獲委任後的本公司首次股東週年大會為止。所有退任董事符合資格且願意應選連任。

擬於應屆股東週年大會上重選連任之董事, 概無與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立本集團 不可於一年內終止而免付賠償(法定賠償除 外)之服務合約。

### DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

Details of directors' emoluments for the year ended 31 March 2023 are set out in note 12(i) to the consolidated financial statements. For the year ended 31 March 2023, the emoluments of the senior management, whose biographical details are set out in the "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" section below, fell within the following bands:

#### 董事及員工薪酬

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,有關董事酬金之詳情載列於綜合財務報表附註 12(i)。截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度, 高級管理人員之薪酬(其履歷詳情載於下文 「董事及高級管理人員履歷」一節)列入以下 組別:

Number of individuals

		人數	
		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
Emoluments of Senior Management by Bands	高級管理人員之薪酬組別	(Note) (附註)	
Not exceeding HK\$1,000,000	不超過港幣1,000,000元	_	3
HK\$1,000,001 - HK\$1,500,000	港幣1,000,001元–港幣1,500,000元	7	3
HK\$1,500,001 - HK\$2,000,000	港幣1,500,001元-港幣2,000,000元	2	2
HK\$2,000,001 - HK\$2,500,000	港幣2,000,001元-港幣2,500,000元	3	5
HK\$4,500,001 - HK\$5,000,000	港幣4,500,001元-港幣5,000,000元	1	_

Note: Including two members of the senior management retired/resigned before the date of this report.

附註: 包括於本報告日期前退任/辭任的兩名 高級管理人員。

# UPDATE ON DIRECTORS' INFORMATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13.51B(1) OF LISTING RULES

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listings Rules, the changes in the information of the directors of the Company are set out below:

(1) Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson has been appointed as a director of CCM Trust (Cayman) Limited ("CCM Trust"), a substantial shareholder of the Company discloseable under Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO"), with effect from 5 December 2022.

### 根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條披露 董事資料之最新情況

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條規定,本公司董事資料之變動載列如下:

(1) 查懋德先生已獲委任為CCM Trust (Cayman) Limited (「CCM Trust」)的董事,CCM Trust 乃根據證券及期貨條例 (「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部須予披露的本公司主要股東,自二零二二年十二月五日起生效。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告書

- (2) The monthly salaries of the executive directors, namely Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart, Mr. Tai Sai Ho and Mr. Chow Ka Fung were increased by 5%, 4.96% and 4.96% respectively, all with effect from 1 April 2023 as compared with those of the last year.
- (2) 執行董事王世濤先生、戴世豪先生及周 嘉峯先生的月薪與去年相比分別增加 5%、4.96%及4.96%,均自二零二三年 四月一日起生效。

### BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

#### **Directors**

Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson, aged 71, is the Chairman and non-executive director of the Company. He joined the Company since November 2001. Mr. Cha has over 40 years of experience in venture capital and investment management and is currently the chairman of C.M. Capital Advisors (HK) Limited. He is a non-executive director of HKR International Limited ("HKRI") and Million Hope Industries Holdings Limited ("Million Hope"). The securities of HKRI and Million Hope are listed on the Stock Exchange. He is a director of CCM Trust and LBJ Regents (PTC) Limited ("LBJ", formerly known as LBJ Regents Limited), and a non-executive director of Mingly Corporation ("Mingly"). Each of CCM Trust, LBJ and Mingly is a substantial shareholder of the Company discloseable under Part XV of the SFO. Mr. Cha is also an independent non-executive director of Shanghai Commercial Bank Limited and a director of a number of other companies in Hong Kong and overseas. He is a member in non-profit organisations including Qiu Shi Science & Technologies Foundation and Moral Education Concern Group, and a co-opted external member to the Finance Committee of the Council and a member to the University Court of The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology.

#### 董事及高級管理人員履歷

#### 董事

查懋德先生,71歲,本公司主席兼非執行董 事。彼於二零零一年十一月起加入本公司。 查先生於創業投資及投資管理方面累積逾40 年經驗,現時為C.M. Capital Advisors (HK) Limited之主席。彼為香港興業國際集團有限 公司(「香港興業」)及美亨實業控股有限公司 (「美亨」) 之非執行董事。香港興業及美亨 之證券均於聯交所上市。彼為CCM Trust、 LBJ Regents (PTC) Limited (「LBJ」, 前稱LBJ Regents Limited) 之董事及名力集團控股有 限公司(「名力」)之非執行董事。CCM Trust、 LBJ及名力均為本公司根據證券及期貨條例 第XV部須予披露的主要股東。查先生亦為上 海商業銀行有限公司之獨立非執行董事及多 間香港及海外公司之董事。彼為多間非牟利 機構之成員,包括求是科技基金會及德育關 注小組,以及香港科技大學校董會財務委員 會增選外部委員及大學顧問委員會委員。

Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart, aged 77, joined the Group in 1989 and is the Managing Director of the Company. Mr. Wong also serves as the chairman of the General Business Committee and the Property Acquisition/Disposal Committee, and a member of the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee of the Company. Mr. Wong is the chairman and non-executive director of Million Hope, whose securities are listed on the Stock Exchange. Before he joined the Group, he was a director for several listed companies and a director of HKRI (whose securities are listed on the Stock Exchange) until his resignation in December 2001. He is also a director of various subsidiaries of the Company. He has extensive experience in the construction and real estate fields. Mr. Wong holds a bachelor degree in science from San Diego State University and a master degree of science in civil engineering from Carnegie Mellon University in the United States of America. He is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Construction Managers (MHKICM).

Mr. Tai Sai Ho (Alias: David), aged 71, is an executive director and the General Manager of the Company. Mr. Tai also serves as a member/the acting chairman of the General Business Committee and the Property Acquisition/Disposal Committee; and a member of the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee of the Company. Mr. Tai joined the Group in 1989 and has extensive experience in public and private sectors of the building and civil engineering industries in Hong Kong. Mr. Tai is a non-executive director of Million Hope, whose securities are listed on the Stock Exchange. He is also a director of various subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Tai holds a master degree in business administration from Asia International Open University in Macau, a master degree in construction management from University of New South Wales in Australia and a bachelor degree in civil engineering from National Cheng Kung University in Taiwan. Mr. Tai is a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors (FHKIoD) and the Hong Kong Institute of Construction Managers (FHKICM).

王世濤先生,77歲,於一九八九年加入本集團,現任本公司董事總經理。王先生亦擔任本公司一般事務委員會及收購/出售物業委員會之主席,以及提名委員會及薪酬委員會之主席,以及提名委員會及薪酬委員之成員。王先生為美亨(其證券於聯交所上市)之董事,向時亦為香港興業等的上市公司之董事,直至彼於二等為問所屬公司之董事。彼在建築及房地產界累積豐富經驗。王先生持有美國聖地亞哥斯里富經驗。王先生持有美國聖地亞哥州立大學科學學士學位及美國Carnegie Mellon University土木工程理學碩士學位。彼為香港營造師學會之會員。

戴世豪先生(別名:David),71歲,本公司執行董事兼總經理。戴先生亦擔任本公司一般事務委員會及收購/出售物業委員會及成員。對先生於一九八九年加入本集團學之成員。戴先生於一九八九年加入本集團學之成員。戴先生於一九八九年加入本集團豐市之營及私營樓字(其證券於聯交關內董事。戴先生為美亨(其證券於聯多間附公開上屬大董事。戴先生持有澳門亞洲國際爾斯大學學建築管理學碩士學位及台灣國立成功大學學建築管理學碩士學位及台灣國立成功大學學建築管理學碩士學位沒台灣國立成功大學學大工程學士學位。戴先生為香港會及香港營造師學會之資深會員。

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告書

Mr. Chow Ka Fung (Alias: Matthew), aged 54, is an executive director of the Company since March 2021. Mr. Chow has been serving the Group from 1998. He oversees the Property Development Division, Property Investment Division as well as Property Agency and Management Division. He also serves as a member of the General Business Committee and the Property Acquisition/Disposal Committee, and is a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Chow specialises in property development, investment, marketing, management and project management in Hong Kong and the PRC. He holds a bachelor of science degree in land management from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. Mr. Chow is a Registered Professional Surveyor (General Practice) (Property and Facility Management) under the Surveyor Registration Board (RPS). He is also a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (MRICS), a member of China Institute of Real Estate Appraisers and Agents (MCIREA), a member of the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators (MCIArb) and a

the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators (MCIArb) and a member of Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors (MHKIS).

Dr. Lam Chat Yu (Alias: Chat), aged 71, has been a non-executive director of the Company since March 2021.

Dr. Lam joined the Group in November 2001 as an executive director of the Company and was re-designated as a non-executive director since August 2013 until he resigned in December 2015. Dr. Lam is specialised in the areas of direct investment, financial advisory, and asset management. He has extensive investment experience in the technology sector, including 15 years in Silicon Valley, California, and over 20 years in Asia. Dr. Lam holds a Ph.D. degree of Management Science from MIT

Sloan School of Management, M.S degree in Computer

Science from Northwestern University and a B.S degree of

周嘉峯先生(別名:Matthew),54歲,自二零二一年三月起擔任本公司執行董事。周先生自一九九八年起於本集團任職。彼負責監管理物業發展部、物業投資部以及物業代理及管理部。彼亦擔任本公司一般事務委員會及收購/出售物業委員會之成員,以及若國之物業發展、投資、推廣、管理及項目管理。彼持有香港理工大學土地管理理學士學位。周先生為香港測量師註冊管理局之註冊專業測量師(產業測量)(物業設施管理)。彼本產藥會員及香港測量師學會會員。

林澤宇博士(別名:Chat),71歲,自二零二一年三月起擔任本公司非執行董事。林博士於二零零一年十一月加入本集團擔任本公司執行董事並自二零一三年八月起調任為非執行董事,直至二零一五年十二月辭任。林博士專注致力於直接投資、財務諮詢和資產管理等領域。彼在科技界之投資方面經驗豐富,包括15年在美國加利福尼亞州矽谷以及逾20年在亞洲投資的經驗。林博士在美國麻省理工學院The Sloan School取得管理科學博士學位,同時持有美國西北大學的計算機科學碩士學位和電氣工程本科學位。

Electrical Engineering.

Mr. Chan Pak Joe, aged 70, has been an independent non-executive director of the Company since November 2001. Mr. Chan also serves as the chairman of the Nomination Committee and a member of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee of the Company. Mr. Chan has been an executive director of The Luk Hoi Tong Company, Limited since 1973. Mr. Chan is the founder of the "Li Zhi Bursary" of Tsinghua University in the PRC. He is also the Vice-Chairman of "Love Relay Grant-in-Aid" of Fudan University in the PRC since September 2005. His community services include having served as a director of YMCA and as a member of the Remuneration Committee and the Audit Committee of the Hong Kong Housing Society.

陳伯佐先生,70歲,自二零零一年十一月起擔任本公司獨立非執行董事。陳先生亦擔任本公司提名委員會之主席及審核委員會及薪酬委員會之成員。陳先生自一九七三年起出任陸海通有限公司之執行董事。陳先生為中國清華大學「勵志助學金」之創辦人,彼亦自二零零五年九月起為中國復旦大學「愛心接力助學基金」之創會副理事長。彼之社會服務包括曾出任中華基督教青年會之董事,並曾為香港房屋協會之薪酬委員會及審核委員會委員。

Dr. Lau Tze Yiu, Peter, aged 64, has been an independent non-executive director of the Company since September 2004. Dr. Lau also acts as the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee of the Company. Dr. Lau was the Associate Dean of the School of Business of the Hong Kong Baptist University. He serves as Adjunct Professor in the School of Business of the Hong Kong Baptist University. He holds a bachelor degree in commerce from Saint Mary's University in Canada, a master degree in business administration from Dalhousie University in Canada and a doctorate degree of philosophy in accounting from The Chinese University of Hong Kong. He is a member of The Chartered Professional Accountants of Ontario (CPA, CA) in Canada, a member of the Chartered Professional Accountants of British Columbia (CPA, CMA) in Canada, a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (FCPA), and an associate member of The Taxation Institute of Hong Kong (ATIHK). He was also a president (1992-1993) of the City Lions Club of Hong Kong.

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告書

Dr. Sun Tai Lun (Alias: Dennis), aged 72, has been an independent non-executive director of the Company since November 2001. Dr. Sun also serves as the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company. Dr. Sun is the chairman of China-Hongkong Photo Products Holdings Limited, whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange. Dr. Sun has extensive experience in the photographic products industry. He holds a Doctor of Pharmacy in the University of Oklahoma, USA and a Doctorate Degree in Philosophy in Business Administration from Southern California University for Professional Studies, USA. He is the Vice Patron of the Community Chest of Hong Kong since 1999, the Honorary Fellow of City University of Hong Kong and Chapter Honoree of City University of Hong Kong Chapter of Beta Gamma Sigma. Dr. Sun had served as the chairman (November 2009 - October 2015) of the Advisory Committee on Travel Agents and the Court member (January 2010 - December 2015) of City University of Hong Kong. Dr. Sun was awarded the Bronze Bauhinia Star in 1999 and appointed as The Justice of the Peace in 2002.

孫大倫博士(別名:Dennis),72歲,自二零 零一年十一月起擔任本公司獨立非執行董 事。孫博士亦擔任本公司薪酬委員會之主席 及審核委員會及提名委員會之成員。孫博士 為中港照相器材集團有限公司(其股份於聯 交所上市) 之主席。孫博士於攝影產品業擁 有豐富經驗。彼取得美國奧克拉荷馬州大學 藥劑學博士學位及美國Southern California University for Professional Studies工商管理 哲學博士學位。彼自一九九九年起為香港公 益金之副贊助人,亦為香港城市大學榮譽院 士及香港城市大學Beta Gamma Sigma分會 榮譽會員。孫博士曾擔任旅行代理商諮詢委 員會主席(二零零九年十一月至二零一五年 十月) 及香港城市大學顧問委員會成員 (二零 一零年一月至二零一五年十二月)。孫博士於 一九九九年獲頒授銅紫荊星章,並於二零零 二年獲委任為太平紳士。

Dr. Chan Fan Cheong, Tony, aged 71, has been an independent non-executive director of the Company since April 2023. He is the third president of King Abdullah University of Science and Technology ("KAUST") since September 2018. He is on the Board of Trustees/ Directors of: KAUST Investment Management Company, US; King Abdulaziz City for Science & Technology, Future Investment Initiative (FII Institute), KSA; Riyadh BioTech City, KSA; Skolkovo, Russia; The Hong Kong Academy of Sciences and Yidan Prize Foundation, Hong Kong. He is (was) on the Advisory Board/Committee of the Academic Ranking of World Universities, China; King Fahd University of Petroleum & Minerals, KSA; Korea Advanced Institute of Science & Technology, Korea; NEOM, KSA (2018-2020); Saudi Data and AI (SDAIA) Supervisory National Strategy Committee of Data and AI, Saudi Arabia; RIKEN, Japan; SUSTech, China and University of Vienna (2015-2020). Dr. Chan is the only non-Saudi member of KSA's new Research Development and Innovation Supreme Committee, an ambitious plan to restructure and upgrade KSA's RDI ecosystem. He was a co-founder, Director (2000-2001) and Board member (2009-2020) of the US NSF Math Institute IPAM.

Before KAUST, Dr. Chan was the president of The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology (2009-2018), and Assistant Director of the Mathematical and Physical Sciences Directorate at the US National Science Foundation (2006-2009). Dr. Chan taught Computer Science at Yale University before joining UCLA as Professor of Mathematics in 1986 and was the Chair of the Department of Mathematics in 1997 and Dean of Physical Sciences (1991-1996).

Dr. Chan received his BS and MS degrees in Engineering from Caltech and his Ph.D. in Computer Science from Stanford University. He is a member of US National Academy of Engineering, a Fellow of IEEE, American Association for the Advancement of Science and Society for Industrial & Applied Math. Dr. Chan was awarded the 2020 SIAM Prize for Distinguished Service to the Profession, and the Honorary Doctorates from University of Strathclyde (2015) and University of Waterloo (2022).

陳繁昌博士,71歲,自二零二三年四月起擔任 本公司獨立非執行董事。彼自二零一八年九 月起擔任阿卜杜拉國王科技大學(「KAUST」) 第三任校長。彼為以下各項的受託人委員 會/董事會成員:美國KAUST Investment Management Company;沙特阿拉伯阿卜杜 勒阿齊茲國王科技城,未來投資倡議(FII研究 所);沙特阿拉伯利雅得生物科技城;俄羅斯 Skolkovo; 香港科學院及香港一丹獎基金會。 彼為(曾擔任)以下各項的顧問委員會/委員 會成員:中國世界大學學術排名;沙特阿拉 伯法赫德國王石油礦產大學;韓國科學技術 院;沙特阿拉伯新未來城(二零一八年至二 零二零年);沙特阿拉伯沙特數據及人工智能 (SDAIA)國家數據及人工智能策略監督委員 會;日本理化學研究所;中國南方科技大學及 維也納大學(二零一五年至二零二零年)。陳 博士為沙特阿拉伯新成立的研究發展及創新 最高委員會的唯一非沙特成員,該委員會為 一項旨在重組及升級沙特阿拉伯RDI生態系 統的宏大計劃。彼為美國國家科學基金會數 學研究所IPAM的聯合創辦人、董事(二零零零 年至二零零一年) 及董事會成員 (二零零九年 至二零二零年)。

加入KAUST前,陳博士曾擔任香港科技大學校長(二零零九年至二零一八年)以及美國國家科學基金會數學及物理科學理事會助理會長(二零零六年至二零零九年)。陳博士曾於耶魯大學教授計算機科學,其後於一九八六年加入加州大學洛杉磯分校擔任數學教授,並於一九九七年擔任數學系主任及物理科學學院院長(一九九一年至一九九六年)。

陳博士於加州理工學院取得工程學學士及碩士學位,並於史丹福大學取得計算機科學博士學位。彼為美國國家工程院院士、電機電子工程師學會會士、美國科學促進會會士以及工業及應用數學學會會士。陳博士獲得二零二零年SIAM專業傑出服務獎以及斯特拉斯克萊德大學(二零一五年)及滑鐵盧大學(二零二二年)的榮譽博士學位。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告書

#### **Senior Management**

Mr. Au Yiu Man, aged 62, joined the Group in 1990. He is a director of the Interior and Renovation Division of the Group and has extensive experience in the building industry in Hong Kong. He holds a higher diploma in civil engineering (municipal) and endorsement certificate in design of reinforced concrete & steel structures from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University.

Mr. Chan Yiu Kei, Charles, aged 57, joined the Group in 2010. He is a director of the Construction Division of the Group. He has over 29 years of experience in human resources management, employee training and development, organisation development and consultation in Hong Kong. He also involves in corporate social responsibility and ESG reporting in the latest decade. He holds a Master of Social Science from The Chinese University of Hong Kong, a Master of Science in Human Resource Management and Training from University of Leicester in United Kingdom and a Postgraduate Diploma in Management Consulting and Change from The University of Hong Kong. He is a graduate of Corporate Coaching Program (CCP) of Corporate Coach U Canada, a Certified Administrator of The Myers-Briggs Type Indicator (MBTI), a Certified Behavioral Consultant (DISC) of the Institute for Motivational Living, a Certified Management Consultant (CMC) of Institute of Management Consultants, a professional member (MIHRM) of Hong Kong Institute of Human Resource Management, and a Fellow & Certified Sustainable Development Planner of World Institute of Sustainable Development Planners.

**Mr.** Cheung Hok Chuen, aged 53, joined the Group in 1999. He is a director of the Construction Division and Building Materials Division of the Group. Mr. Cheung has comprehensive experience in the building industry in Hong Kong. He holds a BSc in surveying from The University of Hong Kong.

#### 高級管理人員

區耀民先生,62歲,於一九九零年加入本集團。彼為本集團裝飾及維修部之董事,在香港建築界累積豐富經驗。彼持有香港理工大學土木工程(市政)高級文憑及鋼筋混凝土及鋼骨構造設計專修證書。

陳耀基先生,57歲,於二零一零年加入本集團。彼為本集團建築部之董事。彼在香港人力資源管理、僱員培訓與發展、組織發展及諮詢方面累積逾29年經驗。彼亦參與近十年的企業社會責任及環境、社會及管治報告。彼持有香港中文大學社會科學碩士學位、英國斯特大學人力資源管理及培訓理學碩士學位及香港大學管理顧問變革研究生文憑。彼為加拿大企業培訓大學(Corporate Coach U)的企業培訓計劃畢業生、麥爾斯-布瑞格斯人格類型指標(MBTI)的獲認證人員、Motivational Living研究所的獲認證行為顧問、管理顧問學會之註冊管理顧問、香港人力資源管理學會的專業會員及全球可持續發展規劃師。

章學全先生,53歲,於一九九九年加入本集團。彼為本集團建築部及建築材料部之董事。章先生在香港建築界擁有廣泛的經驗。彼持有香港大學測量學理學士學位。

Mr. Cheung Yiu Pan, aged 58, joined the Group in 2006. He is a director of the Interior and Renovation Division of the Group. Mr. Cheung has extensive experience in the building industry in Hong Kong. He holds a bachelor degree in quantity surveying from Edinburgh Napier University and a master degree in construction and real estate from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University.

Mr. Choi Siu Fai, aged 36, joined the Group in 2015. He oversees the Group's finance and accounting function and is a director of the Health Products Division of the Group. He has over 14 years of experience in finance and accounting. He holds a BBA in Professional Accountancy from The Chinese University of Hong Kong and is a Certified Public Accountant of The Hong Kong Institute

of Certified Public Accountants (HKICPA).

Mr. Ho Chi Tong, aged 58, joined the Group in 1998. He is a director of the Construction Division, Building Materials Division and Interior and Renovation Division of the Group. He has extensive experience in quantity surveying consultancy and construction contracting. He holds a professional diploma in quantity surveying from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He is a Registered Professional Surveyor (QS) under the Surveyor Registration Board (RPS) and a member of The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (MRICS) and Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors (MHKIS).

Mr. Kong Wing Kin, aged 49, joined the Group in 1996. He is a director of the Interior and Renovation Division of the Group and has extensive experience in the building industry in Hong Kong. He holds an associate degree in facilities management from the City University of Hong Kong, a professional diploma in occupational safety and health from the Hong Kong Baptist University and a bachelor degree in building surveying from the University of Reading/The College of Estate Management in United Kingdom. He is a member of Hong Kong Institute of Construction Managers (MHKICM), The Chartered Institute of Building (MCIOB), and Chartered Association of Building Engineers (MCABE).

張燿斌先生,58歲,於二零零六年加入本集團。彼為本集團裝飾及維修部之董事。張先生在香港建築界擁有豐富經驗。彼持有Edinburgh Napier University工料測量學士學位並取得香港理工大學建築及房地產學碩士學位。

蔡兆輝先生,36歲,於二零一五年加入本集團。彼負責監管本集團的財務及會計工作及為本集團健康產品部之董事。彼在財務及會計方面累積逾14年經驗。彼持有香港中文大學專業會計學工商管理學士學位及為香港會計師公會會計師。

何志棠先生,58歲,於一九九八年加入本集團。彼為本集團建築部、建築材料部及裝飾及維修部之董事。彼在工料測量顧問及建築合約方面累積豐富經驗。彼持有香港理工大學工料測量專業文憑。彼為香港測量師註冊管理局之註冊專業測量師(工料測量),並為英國皇家特許測量師學會及香港測量師學會會員。

江永健先生,49歲,於一九九六年加入本集團。彼為本集團裝飾及維修部之董事,在香港建築界擁有豐富經驗。彼持有香港城市大學設施管理學副學士學位,香港浸會大學職業安全及健康專業文憑及英國雷丁大學(University of Reading)/The College of Estate Management建築測量學士學位。彼為香港營造師學會、英國特許建造學會及英國特許建築工程師協會之會員。

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告書

Mr. Lam Chiu Yat, Paul, aged 59, joined the Group in 2000. He is a director of the Building Materials Division of the Group. He has over 32 years of experience in project management. He holds a Bachelor of Building from University of New South Wales.

Mr. Lin Tai Ning, Raymond, aged 58, joined the Group in 2008. He is a director of the Property Agency and Management Division of the Group. Mr. Lin has extensive experience in project management. He holds a bachelor degree in arts (architectural studies) and a bachelor degree in architecture from The University of Hong Kong. He is a Registered Architect of The Hong Kong Institute of Architects.

Mr. Lun Tim Ho, aged 64, joined the Group in 1990 and is a director of the Construction Division and Interior and Renovation Division of the Group. Mr. Lun has extensive experience in the construction field in Hong Kong and the PRC. He holds an associateship and a higher diploma in the building technology and management from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He is a member of The Chartered Institute of Building (MCIOB), Hong Kong Institute of Construction Managers (MHKICM), Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (MRICS), The Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors (MHKIS), and The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers – Building (MHKIE).

Mr. Wong Ping Chung, aged 52, joined the Group in 1996. He oversees the Group's information technology function and is a director of the Health Products Division of the Group. He has over 24 years of experience in information technology. He holds a Master of Business Information Technology from Curtin University.

林超一先生,59歲,於二零零零年加入本集團。彼為本集團建築材料部之董事。彼在項目管理方面累積逾32年經驗。彼持有新南威爾斯大學建築學學士學位。

林泰寧先生,58歲,於二零零八年加入本集團。彼為本集團物業代理及管理部之董事。林 先生於項目管理方面擁有豐富經驗。彼持有 香港大學文學士學位(建築研究)及建築學士 學位。彼為香港建築師學會註冊建築師。

倫添浩先生,64歲,於一九九零年加入本集團,現任本集團建築部及裝飾及維修部之董事。倫先生在香港及中國建築界累積豐富經驗。彼持有香港理工大學建築工藝及管理學院士及高級文憑。彼為英國特許建造學會、香港營造師學會、英國皇家特許測量師學會、香港測量師學會及香港工程師學會建造部之會員。

黃秉中先生,52歲,於一九九六年加入本集團。彼負責監管本集團資訊科技工作及為本集團健康產品部之董事。彼在資訊科技方面累積逾24年經驗。彼持有Curtin University商業資訊科技碩士學位。

**Approximate** 

# **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT**

### **POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES**

As at 31 March 2023, the interests of the directors of the Company in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO were as follows:

### 董事於股份、相關股份及債權證之 權益與淡倉

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本公司董事於 本公司之股份及相關股份中擁有記錄於本公 司根據證券及期貨條例第352條須存置之登 記冊內之權益如下:

#### (i) Long position in the shares of the Company

#### (i) 於本公司股份之好倉

				percentage of issued share capital
Name 姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of ordinary shares held 所持普通股數目	Total number of ordinary shares held 所持普通股總數	(Note v) 佔已發行股本 概約百分比 <i>(附註v)</i>
Cha Mou Daid, Johnson 查懋德	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	14,155,500		
	Beneficiary of discretionary trusts 酌情信託之受益人	539,500,961 <i>(Note i)</i> <i>(附註i)</i>	553,656,461	50.50%
Wong Sue Toa, Stewart 王世濤	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	48,704,157		
<u> </u>	Interest of controlled corporation 受控法團之權益	4,270,975 <i>(Note ii)</i> <i>(附註ii)</i>		
	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	5,485,487 <i>(Note iii)</i> <i>(附註iii)</i>	58,460,619	5.33%
Tai Sai Ho 戴世豪	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	17,385,721	17,385,721	1.58%
Chow Ka Fung 周嘉峯	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2,394,000	2,394,000	0.21%
Lam Chat Yu 林澤宇	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	318,000		
FFCT J	Interest held jointly with another person 與其他人士共同持有之權益	2,140,000 <i>(Note iv)</i> <i>(附註iv)</i>	2,458,000	0.22%

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#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告書

Name 姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of ordinary shares held 所持普通股數目	Total number of ordinary shares held 所持普通股總數	percentage of issued share capital (Note v) 佔已發行股本 概約百分比 (附註v)
Chan Pak Joe 陳伯佐	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2,830,100	2,830,100	0.25%
Lau Tze Yiu, Peter 劉子耀	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	5,110,950	5,110,950	0.46%
Sun Tai Lun 孫大倫	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	3,078,000	3,078,000	0.28%

#### Notes:

- (i) These shares are held under certain but not identical discretionary trusts, of which Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson is among the members of the class of discretionary beneficiaries.
- (ii) Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart's corporate interests in the Company arise from the fact that he owns 50% of the share capital of Executive Plaza Limited, which holds 4,270,975 shares of the Company.
- (iii) These shares are held by Ms. Wong Lui Kwok Wai, the spouse of Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart.
- (iv) These shares are held by Dr. Lam Chat Yu jointly with his spouse Ms. Lam Elizabeth Mona.
- (v) The percentage is calculated based on the total number of issued shares of the Company as at 31 March 2023 (i.e. 1,096,286,676 shares).

#### 附註:

(i) 該等股份由若干不同酌情信託所持有,查懋德先生為若干不同酌情信託 之酌情受益人組別其中之成員。

**Approximate** 

- (ii) 王世濤先生在本公司之公司權益是透過其擁有世濤投資有限公司的50%股本而持有,該公司持有本公司4,270,975股股份。
- (iii) 該等股份由王世濤先生之配偶王雷國 慧女士持有。
- (iv) 該等股份由林澤宇博士及其配偶梅丽 卿女士共同持有。
- (v) 百分比乃根據本公司於二零二三年 三月三十一日已發行股份總數(即 1,096,286,676股股份)計算。

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#### (ii) Share options

Directors' interests in share options are set out in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" above.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2023, none of the directors and chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules. Nor any of the directors and the chief executive had any interest in, or had been granted any right to subscribe for the securities of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) or had exercised any such right during the year ended 31 March 2023.

## ARRANGEMENTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" above, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits (including debentures) of the Company or any other body corporate and none of the directors or their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any rights to subscribe for securities of the Company, or had exercised any such rights during the year.

#### (ii) 購股權

董事於購股權之權益載於上文「購股權 計劃」一節。

#### 購買股份或債權證之安排

除上文「購股權計劃」一節所披露者外,於本年度內任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬公司並無作為任何安排之訂約方,以令本公司董事取得本公司或任何其他公司之利益(包括債權證),亦無董事或彼等之配偶或未滿十八歲之子女擁有可認購本公司證券之任何權利或於年內曾行使任何該等權利。

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告書

### INTERESTS OF SHAREHOLDERS DISCLOSEABLE UNDER SFO

So far as is known to the Company, as at 31 March 2023, in addition to those interests of the directors and chief executive of the Company as disclosed above, the interests of the shareholders in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

### 根據證券及期貨條例須予披露的股 東權益

據本公司所知,於二零二三年三月三十一日,除上文所披露本公司董事及最高行政人員之該等權益外,股東於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之登記冊之權益如下:

**Approximate** 

#### Long position in the shares of the Company

#### 於本公司股份之好倉

			percentage of issued share capital (Note v)
Name 名稱/姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of ordinary shares held 所持普通股數目	佔已發行股本 概約百分比 <i>(附註v)</i>
CCM Trust	Trustee 信託人 Interest of controlled corporations 受控法團之權益	487,702,041 <i>(Note i)</i> <i>(附註i)</i>	44.48%
Mingly 名力	Interest of controlled corporation 受控法團之權益	104,243,301 <i>(Note ii)</i> <i>(附註ii)</i>	9.50%
Mingly Asia Capital Limited ("Mingly Asia")	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	104,243,301	9.50%
LBJ	Trustee 信託人 Interest of controlled corporation 受控法團之權益	67,829,571 <i>(Note iii)</i> <i>(附註iii)</i>	6.18%
Wong Lui Kwok Wai 王雷國慧	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 Interest of controlled corporation 受控法團之權益 Interest of spouse 配偶權益	58,460,619 <i>(Note iv)</i> <i>(附註iv)</i>	5.33%

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告書

#### Notes:

- (i) These share interests comprise 383,458,740 shares directly held by CCM Trust and 104,243,301 shares held indirectly through Mingly's wholly-owned subsidiary. CCM Trust is interested in 87.5% equity interest in Mingly. CCM Trust is holding the 383,458,740 shares as the trustee of certain but not identical discretionary trusts of which members of the Cha Family (comprising, inter alios, Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson (the Chairman of the Company)) are among the discretionary objects.
- (ii) These share interests are held by Mingly indirectly through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Mingly Asia.
- (iii) These share interests comprise 61,022,931 shares directly held by LBJ and 6,806,640 shares held indirectly through Bie Ju Enterprises Limited, its wholly-owned subsidiary. LBJ is holding the 61,022,931 shares as the trustee of certain but not identical discretionary trusts of which members of the Cha Family (comprising, inter alios, Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson (the Chairman of the Company)) are among the discretionary objects.
- (iv) Ms. Wong Lui Kwok Wai is the spouse of Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart and is deemed under the SFO to be interested in 48,704,157 shares beneficially owned by her spouse. Ms. Wong is personally interested in 5,485,487 shares and owns 50% equity interest in Executive Plaza Limited which is holding 4,270,975 shares of the Company.
- (v) The percentage is calculated based on the total number of issued shares of the Company as at 31 March 2023 (i.e. 1,096,286,676 shares).

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2023, the Company has not been notified by any persons (other than the directors and chief executive of the Company) who had any interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

#### 附註:

- (i) 該等股份權益包括由CCM Trust直接持有之 383,458,740股股份及透過名力之全資附屬 公司間接持有之104,243,301股股份。CCM Trust擁有名力87.5%之股權。CCM Trust 以信託人身份為若干不同酌情信託持有 383,458,740股股份,該等信託之酌情受益人 其中有查氏家族成員(當中包括查懋德先生(本公司主席))。
- (ii) 該等股份權益由名力透過其全資附屬公司 Mingly Asia間接持有。
- (iii) 該等股份權益包括由LBJ直接持有之61,022,931股股份及透過其全資附屬公司Bie Ju Enterprises Limited間接持有之6,806,640股股份。LBJ以信託人身份為若干不同酌情信託持有61,022,931股股份,該等信託之酌情受益人其中有查氏家族成員(當中包括查懋德先生(本公司主席))。
- (iv) 王雷國慧女士為王世濤先生之配偶,並根據證券及期貨條例被視為於由其配偶實益擁有之48,704,157股股份中擁有權益。王女士個人持有5,485,487股股份,並擁有世濤投資有限公司的50%股本,該公司持有本公司4,270,975股股份。
- (v) 百分比乃根據本公司於二零二三年三月 三十一日已發行股份總數(即1,096,286,676 股股份)計算。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二三年三月三十一日,本公司並不知悉任何人士(本公司董事及最高行政人員除外)於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之登記冊之任何權益或淡倉。

## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year, the interests of the directors (not being the independent non-executive directors) of the Company in businesses which compete or were likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the principal businesses of the Group as required to be disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules were as follows:

## 董事於競爭業務中之權益

本年度內,本公司董事(獨立非執行董事除外)於與本集團主要業務直接或間接具競爭性或可能具競爭性,而根據上市規則須予披露之任何業務中擁有之權益如下:

Name of director <i>(Note i)</i> 董事姓名 <i>(附註i)</i>	Name of company 公司名稱	Nature of interest 權益性質	Competing business (Note ii) 競爭性業務 (附註ii)
Cha Mou Daid, Johnson 查懋德	HKRI 香港興業	Director of HKRI and a member of the class of discretionary beneficiaries of certain but not identical discretionary trusts of which the trustees are deemed substantial shareholders of HKRI under Part XV of the SFO 香港興業董事及若干不同酌情信託之酌情受益人組別之成員,而根據證券及期貨條例第XV部,該	<ul> <li>(a) Property development and investment 物業發展及投資</li> <li>(b) Property management, leasing and marketing services 物業管理、租賃及市場推廣服務</li> </ul>
		等信託之信託人被視為香港興業主要股東	

## Notes:

- (i) Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson is a non-executive director of the Company, who is not involved in the daily management of the Group. Accordingly, the Company is capable of carrying its businesses independently of, and at arm's length from the abovementioned competing businesses.
  - In addition, Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart held share interests and directorships in certain private companies ("Private Companies") which engage in property investment and serviced apartment or hotel operation. As the Board of the Company is independent of the boards of the Private Companies and has a different board composition to the respective boards of the Private Companies (the Board of the Company comprises three executive directors, two non-executive directors and four independent non-executive directors), the Company operates its businesses independently of, and at arm's length from the businesses of the Private Companies.
- (ii) Such businesses may be made through subsidiaries, affiliated companies or by way of other forms of investments.

- 附註:
- (i) 查懋德先生為本公司非執行董事,彼並無參 與本集團日常管理工作。因此,本公司能夠 在經營其業務時獨立於上述具競爭性業務並 按公平基準經營。

此外,王世濤先生於若干私營公司(「該等私營公司」,從事物業投資及服務式公寓或酒店營運)持有股權及擔任董事職務。由於本公司董事會獨立於該等私營公司的董事會且董事會之組成與該等私營公司的各自董事會有別(本公司董事會由三名執行董事、兩名非執行董事及四名獨立非執行董事組成),本公司能獨立於該等私營公司的業務並按公平基準經營其業務。

(ii) 該等業務可透過附屬公司或聯屬公司經營, 或透過其他投資方式作出。

## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

## No transactions, arrangements or contracts that are significant in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries, its parent company or any subsidiary of its parent company was a party and in which a director of the Company or his connected entities had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

## PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION AND INSURANCE

The Company's articles of association provides that every director or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities incurred or sustained by him as a director or other officer of the Company in defending any proceedings, in which judgment is given in his favour, or in which he is acquitted. Such permitted indemnity provision is in force during the year ended 31 March 2023 and at the date of this annual report.

The Company has arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liabilities insurance coverage for directors and officers of the Company.

## **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

Save for the share option scheme described above, the Group has not entered into any equity-linked agreements during the year.

## 董事於交易、安排或合約之權益

本公司或其任何附屬公司、其母公司或其母公司之任何附屬公司概無訂立與本集團業務有關,且本公司董事或其關連實體於其中直接或間接擁有重大權益而於本年度完結之日或本年度內任何時間仍然生效之任何重大交易、安排或合約。

## 獲准許彌償條文及保險

本公司之組織章程細則規定,本公司各董事或其他高級職員有權自本公司資產中就其作為本公司董事或其他高級職員在獲判勝訴或獲判無罪之任何訴訟中進行抗辯而產生或蒙受之一切損失或責任獲得彌償。於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度內及於本年報日期,有關獲准許彌償條文一直有效。

本公司已為本公司董事及高級職員購買適當 的董事及高級職員責任保險作為保障。

### 股票掛鈎協議

除上述購股權計劃外,本集團於年內並無訂 立任何股票掛鈎協議。

### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACT**

No contract for undertaking the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of any business of the Company was entered into or existed during the year.

### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

During the year, the five largest customers of the Group accounted for about 68% of the turnover of the Group and the largest customer is an independent third party, accounted for about 42% of the turnover of the Group. Aggregate purchases for the year ended 31 March 2023 attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers were less than 30%.

None of the directors, their respective close associates, or any shareholders (which to the knowledge of the directors own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) has any interest in the five largest customers and suppliers of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2023.

## **RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES**

The Group strictly complies with the requirements of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance in making mandatory contributions for its staff. Details of charges relating to the retirement benefits schemes are set out in note 44 to the consolidated financial statements.

## 管理合約

於年內,本公司並無訂立或存在任何有關本公司全部或其中任何主要部分業務之管理及 行政合約。

## 主要客戶及供應商

於年內,本集團之五大客戶佔本集團營業額約68%,而最大客戶為獨立第三方,佔本集團營業額約42%。截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,本集團五大供應商應佔總採購額少於30%。

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,概無董事、彼等各自之緊密聯繫人或任何股東(就董事所知擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上)於本集團五大客戶及供應商中擁有任何權益。

## 退休福利計劃

本集團嚴格遵守強制性公積金計劃條例之規定,向其僱員作出強制性供款。有關退休福利計劃供款詳情載於綜合財務報表附註44。

## **DISCLOSURE UNDER RULE 13.22 OF LISTING RULES**

The financial assistance to affiliated companies of the Company, and guarantees given for banking facilities granted to affiliated companies of the Company named in the first column in the table below, in aggregate amounted to approximately HK\$3,082,000,000 which represented approximately 50.0% of the total assets of the Company at 31 March 2023. Details of which are as follows:

## 根據上市規則第13.22條作出之披

於二零二三年三月三十一日,向本公司之聯 屬公司提供之財務資助及就授予名列下表首 欄之本公司之聯屬公司之銀行融資作出之擔 保總額約為港幣3,082,000,000元,其相當於 本公司之總資產約50.0%,有關詳情如下:

Company's equity interest in affiliated company 本公司 於聯屬公司

Total amount of financial assistance given to, committed capital injection to and guarantees given for facilities granted to, affiliated company 向聯屬公司提供之 財務資助、承諾向聯屬公司 作出之注資及就授予聯屬公司

Name of affiliated company	聯屬公司名稱	之股權	之融資作出之擔保總額 分融資作出之擔保總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Great Splendor Enterprises Limited ("Great Splendor") and its subsidiaries	Great Splendor Enterprises Limited (「Great Splendor」) 及其附屬公司	50%	250,000 <i>(Note 1)</i> <i>(附註1)</i>
Flourishing Stable Limited ("Flourishing Stable ") and its subsidiaries	盛堅有限公司 (「盛堅」) 及 其附屬公司	50%	1,000,000 <i>(Note 2)</i> <i>(附註2)</i>
Hounor Advent Limited ("Honour Advent") and its subsidiaries	譽臨有限公司 (「譽臨」) 及 其附屬公司	50%	535,000 <i>(Note 3)</i> <i>(附註3)</i>
Protic Limited ("Protic")	寶德有限公司(「寶德」)	50%	500,000 <i>(Note 4)</i> <i>(附註4)</i>
Esteemed Virtue Limited ("Esteemed Virtue") and its subsidiaries	敬德有限公司 (「敬德」) 及 其附屬公司	50%	160,000 <i>(Note 5)</i> <i>(附註5)</i>
Excess Wonder Limited ("Excess Wonder") and its subsidiaries	多奇有限公司 (「多奇」) 及 其附屬公司	50%	637,000 <i>(Note 6)</i> <i>(附註6)</i>

3,082,000

### Notes:

- The total capital commitment shall be contributed by the Group in proportion to its equity interest in the joint venture in respect of any funding need arising from any payment obligation of Great Splendor concerned.
- 2. The total capital commitment shall be contributed by the Group in proportion to its equity interest in the joint venture in respect of any funding need arising from any payment obligation of Flourishing Stable concerned.
- 3. The total capital commitment shall be contributed by the Group in proportion to its equity interest in the joint venture in respect of any funding need arising from any payment obligation of Honour Advent concerned.
- 4. The total capital commitment shall be contributed by the Group in proportion to its equity interest in the joint venture in respect of any funding need arising from any payment obligation of Protic concerned.
- The total capital commitment shall be contributed by the Group in proportion to its equity interest in the joint venture in respect of any funding need arising from any payment obligation of Esteemed Virtue concerned.
- The total capital commitment shall be contributed by the Group in proportion to its equity interest in the joint venture in respect of any funding need arising from any payment obligation of Excess Wonder concerned.

### 附註:

- 1. 有關Great Splendor所涉任何付款責任產生 之任何資金需要之資本承擔總額將按其於合 營企業之股權比例由本集團出資。
- 有關盛堅所涉任何付款責任產生之任何資金 需要之資本承擔總額將按其於合營企業之股 權比例由本集團出資。
- 3. 有關譽臨所涉任何付款責任產生之任何資金 需要之資本承擔總額將按其於合營企業之股 權比例由本集團出資。
- 4. 有關寶德所涉任何付款責任產生之任何資金 需要之資本承擔總額將按其於合營企業之股 權比例由本集團出資。
- 5. 有關敬德所涉任何付款責任產生之任何資金 需要之資本承擔總額將按其於合營企業之股 權比例由本集團出資。
- 有關多奇所涉任何付款責任產生之任何資金 需要之資本承擔總額將按其於合營企業之股 權比例由本集團出資。

The proforma combined statement of financial position of the above affiliated companies at 31 March 2023 is as follows:

上述聯屬公司於二零二三年三月三十一日之 備考合併財務狀況表如下:

		HK\$'000 港幣千元
Current assets	流動資產	2,899,145
Current liabilities	流動負債	(3,703,591)
Non-current assets	非流動資產	629,232
Net liabilities	負債淨額	(175,214)

### **DONATIONS**

During the year, the Group made charitable and other donations amounting to HK\$268,400 (2022: HK\$224,958).

## SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of its directors, as at the date of this report, the Company has maintained sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the number of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules.

### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association, or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

## 捐款

於年內,本集團作出慈善及其他捐款達港幣 268,400元(二零二二年:港幣224,958元)。

## 足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司所得之公開資料及就本公司董事 所知,於本報告書之日期,本公司已根據上市 規則規定維持不少於本公司已發行股份數目 25%之足夠公眾持股量。

## 股份優先認購權

本公司之組織章程細則或開曼群島法例並無關於股份優先認購權之條文,規定本公司須按比例向現有股東發售新股份。

## **AUDITOR**

A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Wong Sue Toa, Stewart

Managing Director

20 June 2023

## 核數師

本公司將於應屆股東週年大會上提呈決議案,續聘德勤·關黃陳方會計師行為本公司核數師。

代表董事會

王世濤 *董事總經理* 二零二三年六月二十日

## Deloitte.

## 德勤

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF HANISON CONSTRUCTION HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

## **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Hanison Construction Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 124 to 287, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2023, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

致HANISON CONSTRUCTION HOLDINGS LIMITED (興勝創建控股有限公司) 全體股東 (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

## 意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載 於第124至第287頁Hanison Construction Holdings Limited (興勝創建控股有限公司) (以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱為「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此財務報表 包括於二零二三年三月三十一日的綜合財務 狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜 合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表 和綜合現金流量表以及綜合財務報表附註, 包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二三年三月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露要求妥為擬備。

### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **KEY AUDIT MATTER**

Key audit matter is the matter that, in our professional judgment, was of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. The matter was addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on this matter.

## 意見基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

## 關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為 對本期綜合財務報表的審計中最為重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報 表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這 些事項提供單獨的意見。

## **KEY AUDIT MATTER** (Continued)

## 關鍵審核事項(續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項	low our audit addressed t 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審	•
Valuation of investment properties 投資物業之估值		
We identified the valuation of investment properties as a key audit matter as they are quantitatively significant to the consolidated financial statements as a whole and the significant unobservable inputs and significant judgements associated with determination of the fair value. 鑑於投資物業對綜合財務報表具有重大量化意義以及釐定公平值涉及重大不可觀察輸入數據及重大判斷,我們將投資物業之估值識別為關鍵審核事項。	Valuers and manage about the valuation performance of the significant assumpti	ded:
As disclosed in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group's investment property portfolio comprised commercial, industrial and residential properties and was stated at fair value of HK\$3,033,980,000,	in the valuations; 了解估值師及 貴集團	管理層於作出估值時所 場表現、採納之主要假
accounting for approximately 49% of the Group's total assets as at 31 March 2023. 誠如綜合財務報表附註16所披露, 貴集團投資物業組合包括商業、工業及住宅物業且其公平值為港幣3,033,980,000元,佔 貴集團於二零二三年三月三十一日總資產約49%。	provided by the mana by comparing details basis to the respective lease agreements; 通過抽樣將租金詳情與	racy of information agement to the Valuers of rentals on a sample we underlying existing 與相關現有租賃協議進向估值師所提供之資料

的準確性;

## KEY AUDIT MATTER (Continued) 關鍵審核事項 (續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項	How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審核事項
Valuation of investment properties (Continued) 投資物業之估值 (續)	
All of the Group's investment properties are measured using the fair value model based on valuation conducted by independent property valuers (the "Valuers"). As disclosed in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements, in determining the fair values of the Group's investment properties, the Valuers applied a market value basis which involves, inter-alia, significant unobservable inputs and significant judgements, representing appropriate market rent, capitalisation rate and adjusted market price that has taken into account of property-specific adjustments including location and condition. 貴集團全部投資物業乃根據獨立物業估值師(「估值師」)作出之估值按公平值模式計量。誠如綜合財務報表附註4所披露,於釐定 貴集團投資物業之公平值時,估值師應用市值基準,當中涉及(其中包括)重大不可觀察輸入數據和重大判斷,即適當市場租金、資本化率及經調整市場價格(已考慮包括位置及條件在內的與物業相關之具體調整)。	<ul> <li>Evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the Valuers; and 評估估值師之能力、才能及客觀性;及</li> <li>Evaluating the reasonableness of significant unobservable inputs by comparing the market rent estimated by the Valuers against market data or rental of existing lease, benchmarking capitalisation rate against market data and comparing adjusted market price with comparable market transactions for comparable property in similar location and condition on a sample basis.</li> <li>透過抽樣比較估值師估計之市場租金與市場數據或現有租賃之租金、基準資本化率與市場數據或現有租賃之租金、基準資本化率與市場數據、經調整市場價格與類似地點及狀況之可比較物業的可比較市場交易,以評價重大不可觀察輸入數據的合理性。</li> </ul>

### OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## 其他信息

貴公司董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括刊載於年報內的信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及我們就此發出的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的 的監證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

## 董事及治理層就綜合財務報表須承 擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈 的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的 披露要求擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表, 並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需 的內部控制負責。

## RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if. individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

## 董事及治理層就綜合財務報表須承 擔的責任*(續)*

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴 集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露 與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營 為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤 或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

治理層須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過 程。

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳建即,並按照我們商定的業務的定條款僅向全體股東出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。除此以外,我們的報告不可用作其他用途。本行並不就本報告之內容對任何表務。付此不可,但不能保證按照《香港中)。進行的審計,在某一重大錯誤陳或時之時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任*(續)*

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中, 我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。 我們亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements.
   We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任*(續)*

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性 作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確 定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不 確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持 續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認 為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數 師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表 中的相關披露。假若有關的披露不足, 則我們應當發表非無保留意見。我們的 結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審 計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導 致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映相關交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與治理層溝通了計劃的 審計範圍、時間安排及重大審計發現等,包括 我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺 陷。

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Wong Lam Ching.

**Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu**Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong

20 June 2023

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任*(續)*

我們還向治理層提交聲明,說明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係及其他事項,以及為消除對獨立性的威脅所採取的行動或防範措施(如適用)。

從與治理層溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審核事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是 黃琳箐。

德勤◆關黃陳方會計師行 執業會計師 香港 二零二三年六月二十日

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS 綜合損益表 FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

				l
			2023	2022
			二零二三年	二零二二年
		NOTES	— ₹ — — <sup>—</sup> HK\$′000	— ↓ — — → HK\$′000
		附註	· ·	· ·
		削註	港幣千元	港幣千元
Revenue	收入	5	1,232,803	1,438,340
Cost of sales	銷售成本	-	(1,117,977)	(1,299,021)
Gross profit	毛利		114,826	139,319
Other income	其他收入	7	31,220	32,758
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損	8	123,898	27,552
(Impairment losses) reversal	預期信貸虧損模式下之			
of impairment losses under	(減值虧損)減值虧損			
expected credit loss model, net	撥回淨額	9	(27,391)	368
Marketing and distribution costs	市場推廣及分銷費用		(953)	(4,135)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(137,241)	(199,208)
(Loss) gain on change in fair value	投資物業之公平值變動之			
of investment properties	(虧損) 收益		(20,494)	207,515
Share of loss of an associate	分佔聯營公司虧損		(16)	(17)
Share of loss of joint ventures	分佔合營企業虧損		(72,547)	(8,073)
Finance costs	財務費用	10	(47,253)	(33,363)
(Loss) profit before taxation	除稅前(虧損)溢利	11	(35,951)	162,716
Taxation	稅項	13	(2,481)	(8,373)
(Loss) profit for the year	本年度(虧損)溢利		(38,432)	154,343
(Loss) earnings per share	每股(虧損)盈利			
Basic (HK cents)	基本(港仙)	15	(3.5)	14.0
Diluted (HK cents)	攤薄 (港仙)	15	(3.5)	13.9

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
(Loss) profit for the year	本年度 (虧損) 溢利	(38,432)	154,343
(expense) income:	其他全面(支出)收益: 可於其後重新分類至損益之項目:		
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	換算海外業務產生之匯兌差額	(160)	96
Share of exchange differences of a joint venture	分佔合營企業之匯兌差額	(7,197)	3,794
		(7,357)	3,890
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	本年度全面 (支出) 收益總額	(45,789)	158,233

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION **綜合財務狀況表** AT 31 MARCH 2023 於二零二三年三月三十一日

		NOTES 附註	31.3.2023 二零二三年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	31.3.2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
	1L\4-1-70 +>			
	非流動資產 	4.6		2 4 4 2 2 2 2
Investment properties	投資物業	16	3,033,980	3,140,000
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	17	302,794	293,376
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	18	1,283	3,693
Interest in an associate	聯營公司之權益	19	557	10,723
Interests in joint ventures	合營企業之權益	20	106,268	186,012
Loans to joint ventures	合營企業貸款	21	1,027,814	974,529
Deferred tax assets	遞延稅項資產	35	849	595
			4,473,545	4,608,928
Current assets ?	流動資產 發展中之待售物業			
for sale		23	932,000	907,553
Inventories	存貨	24	3,242	5,998
Contract assets	合約資產	25	238,208	265,020
Debtors, deposits and	應收款項、按金及			
prepayments	預付款項	26	105,532	148,366
Amounts due from joint ventures	應收合營企業款項	27	-	10,015
Financial assets at fair value	透過損益按公平值計算之			
through profit or loss	財務資產	28	405	346
Taxation recoverable	可退回稅項		3,814	6,383
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值	29	399,488	602,528
			1,682,689	1,946,209
Assets classified as held for sale	分類為持作出售資產	30	6,600	163,664
			1,689,289	2,109,873

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

AT 31 MARCH 2023 於二零二三年三月三十一日

		NOTES 附註	31.3.2023 二零二三年 三月三十一日 HK\$′000 港幣千元	31.3.2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Provisions Lease liabilities Taxation payable Bank loans – amounts due within one year	流動負債 應付款項及其他應付款項 撥備 租賃負債 應付稅項 銀行貸款一於一年內 應付款項	31 32 33	492,611 9,008 1,732 16,986 394,365	581,677 16,605 3,478 68,747 644,365
			914,702	1,314,872
Liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale	與分類為持作出售資產 相關的負債	30	-	2,388
			914,702	1,317,260
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		774,587	792,613
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		5,248,132	5,401,541
Non-current liabilities Bank loans – amounts due after one year Provisions Deferred tax liabilities Lease liabilities	非流動負債 銀行貸款一於一年後應付 款項 撥備 遞延稅項負債 租賃負債	34 32 35 33	1,131,069 34,560 6,377 3,444	1,147,035 27,543 6,357 4,168
			1,175,450	1,185,103
			4,072,682	4,216,438
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	資本及儲備 股本 儲備	36	109,629 3,963,053	110,559 4,105,879
			4,072,682	4,216,438

The consolidated financial statements on pages 124 to 287 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 20 June 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

第124頁至第287頁所列之綜合財務報表,經董事會於二零二三年六月二十日核准及授權發佈,並由下列董事代表簽署:

Wong Sue Toa, Stewart 王世濤 DIRECTOR 董事 Tai Sai Ho 戴世豪 DIRECTOR 董事

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

**綜合權益變動表**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

## Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔

		本公司擁有人應佔									
		Share capital 股本 HK\$*000 港幣千元	Contributed surplus 繳入盈餘 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Note 37) (附註37)	Special reserve 特別儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Note 37) (附註37)	Share- based compensation reserve 以股份支付的 酬金儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Treasury shares reserve 庫存 股份儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Property revaluation reserve 物業 重估儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Translation reserve 換算儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Goodwill reserve 商譽儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Accumulated profits 累計溢利 HK\$*000 港幣千元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2021	於二零二一年四月一日	110,212	419,183	21,941	10,837	-	26,554	(1,704)	(78)	3,550,160	4,137,105
Profit for the year Exchange differences arising on translation of	本年度溢利 換算海外業務產生之匯兌差額	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	154,343	154,343
foreign operations Share of exchange differences of a joint venture	分佔合營企業之匯兌差額	-	-	-	-	-	-	96 3,794	-	-	96 3,794
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,890	-	154,343	158,233
Dividends paid (note 14) Issue of shares upon exercise of share options (note 36) Share options lapsed	已付之股息(附註14) 行使購股權而發行之股份(附註36) 購股權失效	- 347 -	- 4,400 -	- - -	- (732) (2,550)	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	(82,915) - 2,550	(82,915) 4,015 –
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	110,559	423,583	21,941	7,555	-	26,554	2,186	(78)	3,624,138	4,216,438
Loss for the year Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	本年度虧損 換算海外業務產生之匯兌差額	-	-	-	-	-	-	(160)	-	(38,432)	(38,432)
Share of exchange differences of a joint venture	分佔合營企業之匯兌差額	-	_	-	-	-	-	(7,197)	-	_	(7,197)
Total comprehensive expense for the year	本年度全面支出總額	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,357)	-	(38,432)	(45,789)
Dividends paid (note 14) Issue of shares upon exercise of share options (note 36) Share options lapsed Reclassification to accumulated profits upon	已付之股息 (附註14) 行使購股權而發行之股份 (附註36) 購股權失效 出售物業後重新分類至累計溢利	- 610 -	9,991 -	-	(1,556) (805)	-	-	- - -	-	(82,971) - 805	(82,971) 9,045 -
disposal of properties Repurchase of shares (note 36) Transaction costs attributable to repurchase and	回購股份(附註36) 回購及註銷股份應佔之交易成本	-	-	-	-	(23,866)	(2,865)	-	-	2,865 -	(23,866)
cancellation of shares Cancellation of shares (note 36)	註銷股份 (附註36)	(1,540)	(16,372)	-	-	(175) 17,912	-	-	-	-	(175)
At 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日	109,629	417,202	21,941	5,194	(6,129)	23,689	(5,171)	(78)	3,506,405	4,072,682

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表 FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

			_
		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Operating activities	營運業務		
(Loss) profit before taxation	除稅前(虧損)溢利	(35,951)	162,716
Adjustments for:	調整:		, i
Share of loss of an associate	分佔聯營公司虧損	16	17
Share of loss of joint ventures	分佔合營企業虧損	72,547	8,073
Dividend income	股息收入	(5)	
Interest income	利息收入	(21,001)	
Interest expense	利息支出	47,253	33,363
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備之		
plant and equipment	折舊	16,929	20,248
Depreciation of	使用權資產之		
right-of-use assets	折舊	3,455	4,612
Gain on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及		
plant and equipment	設備之收益	(17,712)	(90)
Loss (gain) on change in fair	投資物業之公平值變動之		
value of investment properties	虧損(收益)	20,494	(207,515)
Write-down of properties under	撇減發展中之待售物業		
development for sale		10,411	_
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	-	(22,597)
(Gain) loss on change in fair	透過損益按公平值計算之		
value of financial assets at fair	財務資產公平值變動之		
value through profit or loss	(收益)虧損	(59)	92
Reversal of write-down	撥回存貨撇減		
of inventories		(695)	(723)
Impairment losses (reversal of	預期信貸虧損模式下之		
impairment losses) under	減值虧損(減值		
expected credit loss model, net	虧損撥回)淨額	27,391	(368)
Gain on disposal of assets classified	出售分類為持作出售		
as held for sale and liabilities	資產及與分類為持作出		
associated with assets classified	售資產相關之負債之		
as held for sale	收益	(116,619)	(4,910)

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		76.15 1 70	7513 1 70
Operating cash flows before	營運資金變動前之		
movements in working capital	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6.454	(26,020)
Decrease in inventories	存貨減少	3,451	7,582
Increase in properties under	發展中之待售物業增加	2,101	1,552
development for sale	3.2.1 ~ 19 11 13 5 13 13	(28,300)	(20,463)
Decrease (increase) in debtors,	應收款項、按金及	(=0,000,	(=0, 100,
deposits and prepayments	預付款項減少(增加)	39,366	(2,515)
Decrease (increase) in contract assets	合約資產減少(增加)	26,983	(703)
Decrease in provisions	撥備減少	(580)	(40,074)
Decrease in trade and other payables		(500)	(40,074)
becrease in trade and other payables	減少	(85,091)	(47,664)
Decrease in amounts due from	應收合營企業款項減少	(03,031)	(47,004)
joint ventures	応収口呂正未秋久成ク	78	210
Joint ventures		76	210
Cash used in operating activities	用於營運業務之現金	(37,639)	(129,647)
Hong Kong Profits Tax paid	已付香港利得稅	(51,180)	(7,910)
Interest paid	已付利息	(53,811)	(40,964)
Net cash used in operating activities	用於營運業務之現金淨額	(142,630)	(178,521)
-			

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表 FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

		NOTES 附註	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Investing activities ‡	<b>投資業務</b>			
Interest received	- 已收利息		1,918	404
Dividend received from financial	已收透過損益按公平值		1,510	707
assets at fair value through	計算之財務資產之股息			
profit or loss			5	4
Purchase of investment properties	添置投資物業		(6,601)	(29,959)
Purchase of property,	添置物業、廠房及設備			
plant and equipment			(28,913)	(1,282)
Proceeds on disposal of	出售投資物業			
investment properties	所得款項		74,637	129,200
Proceeds on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及			
plant and equipment	設備所得款項		20,090	348
Proceeds on disposal of assets	出售分類為持作出售			
classified as held for sale and	資產及與分類為持作出售			
liabilities associated with assets	資產相關之負債之所得			
classified as held for sale	款項		285,030	19,206
Direct attributable costs paid for	就出售分類為持作出售資產			
disposal of assets classified	已付之直接應佔成本			
as held for sale			(3,774)	(1,356)
Loans to joint ventures	合營企業貸款		(142,048)	(156,547)
Repayment of loans to joint ventures	合營企業償還貸款		79,739	_
Repayment of advances to	合營企業償還給予之墊款			
a joint venture			10,000	32,400
Advance to a joint venture	給予合營企業之墊款		-	(10,000)
Return of capital from an associate	聯營公司發還股本		6,061	-
Dividend received from an associate	已收聯營公司之股息		4,089	-
Net cash inflows on disposals of	因出售附屬公司之現金			
subsidiaries	流入淨額	38	-	1,227,008
Net cash from investing activities	來自投資業務之現金淨額		300,233	1,209,426

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Financing activities	融資業務		
Dividends paid	已付之股息	(82,971)	(82,915)
New bank loans raised	新借銀行貸款	500,000	2,000,400
Repayment of bank loans	償還銀行貸款	(765,966)	(3,044,500)
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	(3,515)	(4,967)
Proceeds from issue of shares upon	行使購股權而發行股份		
exercise of share options	所得款項	9,045	4,015
Payment on repurchase of	回購普通股之付款		
ordinary shares		(23,866)	_
Transaction costs attributable	回購及註銷股份應佔之		
to repurchase and cancellation	交易成本		
of share		(175)	-
Net cash used in financing activities	用於融資業務之現金淨額	(367,448)	(1,127,967)
Net decrease in cash and	現金及現金等值減少淨額		
cash equivalents		(209,845)	(97,062)
Cash and cash equivalents at	年初現金及現金等值		
the beginning of the year		609,330	706,389
Effect of foreign exchange	匯率變動之影響		
rate changes		3	3
Cash and cash equivalents at	年終現金及現金等值		
the end of the year		399,488	609,330
Analysis of balances of cash and cash equivalents:	現金及現金等值結餘之分析:		
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	399,488	602,528
Bank balances classified as	分類為持作出售資產之		, ,
assets held for sale	銀行結餘	_	6,802
		399,488	609,330

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Hanison Construction Holdings Limited (the "Company") is an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability under the Companies Law (2001 Second Revision), Chapter 22 of the Laws of Cayman Islands. Its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the corporate information section of the annual report.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is also the functional currency of the Company.

The Company is an investment holding company and the principal activities of its subsidiaries are construction, interior and renovation works, supply and installation of building materials, property investment, property development, provision of property agency and management services and sale of health products.

## 2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

## Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the Group's annual period beginning on 1 April 2022 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to HKFRS 3 Reference to the Conceptual Framework

## 1. 一般資料

Hanison Construction Holdings Limited (興勝創建控股有限公司) (「本公司」) 根據開曼群島法例第二十二章公司法 (二零零一年第二修訂版),在開曼群島註冊成立為一間獲豁免有限公司,其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」) 上市。本公司之註冊辦事處及主要營業地點之地址均於年報的公司資料一節披露。

綜合財務報表以港幣呈列,港幣亦為本公司 之功能貨幣。

本公司乃一家投資控股公司。其附屬公司之主要業務為建築、裝飾及維修工程、供應與安裝建築材料、物業投資、物業發展、物業代理及管理服務之提供及健康產品之銷售。

## 2. 採用經修訂香港財務報告準則

## 於本年度強制生效之經修訂香港財務 報告準則

於本年度,本集團首次採用由香港會計師公 會頒佈並於二零二二年四月一日開始之年度 期間強制生效之下列經修訂香港財務報告準 則,以編製綜合財務報表:

香港財務報告準則 對概念框架的引用 第三號(修訂本)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

Amendments to HKAS 16 Property, Plant and

Equipment – Proceeds

before Intended Use

Amendments to HKAS 37 Onerous Contracts – Cost of

Fulfilling a Contract

Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to

HKFRSs 2018-2020

香港會計準則 物業、廠房及設備-擬定

第十六號(修訂本) 用途前的所得款項

香港會計準則 虧損性合約-履行合約的

第三十七號 成本

(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則 二零一八年至二零二零年

(修訂本) 香港財務報告準則的

年度改進

The application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

本年度應用經修訂香港財務報告準則對本集 團於本年度及過往年度之財務狀況及表現及 /或於該等綜合財務報表所載之披露事項並 無重大影響。

## New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

## 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香 港財務報告準則

本集團並無提早應用以下已頒佈但尚未生效 之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則:

HKFRS 17 Insurance Contracts<sup>1</sup>

(including the October 2020 and February 2022 Amendments to HKFRS 17)

Amendments to Sale or Contribution of Assets
HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 between an Investor and its

Associate or Joint Venture<sup>2</sup>

Amendments to Lease Liability in a Sale and

HKFRS 16 Leaseback<sup>3</sup>

香港財務報告準則 保險合約1

第十七號(包括 香港財務報告 準則第十七號的 二零二零年十月及 二零二二年二月 修訂本)

香港財務報告準則 投資者與其聯營公司或合營 第十號及香港會計 企業之間的資產出售或

準則第二十八號 投入<sup>2</sup>

(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則 售後租回的租賃負債3

第十六號(修訂本)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) <sup>3</sup>	香港會計準則第一號 (修訂本)	負債分類為流動或非流動及 香港詮釋第五號之相關 修訂(二零二零年) <sup>3</sup>
Amendments to	Non-current Liabilities with	香港會計準則第一號	附有契諾的非流動負債³
HKAS 1	Covenants <sup>3</sup>	(修訂本)	
Amendments to	Disclosure of Accounting	香港會計準則第一號	會計政策之披露1
HKAS 1 and HKFRS	Policies <sup>1</sup>	及香港財務報告	
Practice Statement 2		準則實務報告	
		第二號(修訂本)	
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting	香港會計準則第八號	會計估計之定義1
	Estimates <sup>1</sup>	(修訂本)	
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets	香港會計準則第	與單一交易所產生之資產及
	and Liabilities arising from a	十二號 (修訂本)	負債相關之遞延稅項1
	Single Transaction <sup>1</sup>		

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023
- <sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024

Except for the amendments to HKFRSs mentioned below, the directors of the Company anticipate that the application of all other new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

1 於二零二三年一月一日或之後開始的年度期間生效

- 2 於待釐定的日期或之後開始的年度期間生效
- 3 於二零二四年一月一日或之後開始的年度期間生效

除下文所述經修訂香港財務報告準則外,本 公司董事預期於可見將來應用所有其他新訂 及經修訂香港財務報告準則不會對綜合財務 報表造成重大影響。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

Amendments to HKAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current" and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) (the "2020 Amendments") and Amendments to HKAS 1 "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants" (the "2022 Amendments")

The 2020 Amendments provide clarification and additional guidance on the assessment of right to defer settlement for at least twelve months from reporting date for classification of liabilities as current or non-current, which:

- clarify that if a liability has terms that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the transfer of the entity's own equity instruments, these terms do not affect its classification as current or non-current only if the entity recognises the option separately as an equity instrument applying HKAS 32 "Financial Instruments: Presentation".
- specify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current should be based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period. Specifically, the amendments clarify that the classification should not be affected by management intentions or expectations to settle the liability within 12 months.

香港會計準則第一號「負債分類為流動或非流動」(修訂本)及香港詮釋第五號之相關修訂(二零二零年)(「二零二零年修訂本」)及香港會計準則第一號「附有契諾的非流動負債」(修訂本)(「二零二二年修訂本」)

二零二零年修訂本對就將負債分類為流動或 非流動而評估延遲結算至自報告日期起至少 十二個月之權利提供澄請及額外指引,當中:

- 澄清倘負債之條款可以由交易方選擇, 則可以通過轉讓實體自身之權益工具來 結算,僅當該實體應用香港會計準則第 三十二號「財務工具:呈報」將選擇權單 獨確認為權益工具時,該等條款方不會 影響其分類為流動或非流動。
- 訂明將負債分類為流動或非流動應基於報告期末已存在的權利。具體而言,該等修訂本澄清分類不應受管理層意圖或期望於十二個月內清償債務所影響。

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For rights to defer settlement for at least twelve months from reporting date which are conditional on the compliance with covenants, the requirements introduced by the 2020 Amendments have been modified by the 2022 Amendments. The 2022 Amendments specify that only covenants with which an entity is required to comply with on or before the end of the reporting period affect the entity's right to defer settlement of a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date. Covenants which are required to comply with only after the reporting period do not affect whether that right exists at the end of the reporting period.

就以遵守契諾為條件的自報告日期起至少延遲十二個月結付的權利而言,二零二零年修訂本引入的規定已被二零二二年修訂本修改。二零二二年修訂本訂明,僅實體必須在報告期結束時或之前遵守的契諾方會影響實體在報告日期後至少十二個月延遲結付負債的權利。僅在報告期後方需要遵守的契諾不影響該權利在報告期末是否存在。

In addition, the 2022 Amendments specify the disclosure requirements about information that enables users of financial statements to understand the risk that the liabilities could become repayable within twelve months after the reporting period, if the entity classify liabilities arising from loan arrangements as non-current when the entity's right to defer settlement of those liabilities is subject to the entity complying with covenants within twelve months after the reporting period.

此外,二零二二年修訂本訂明,在實體推遲結 付負債的權利取決於實體在報告期後十二個 月內遵守契約時,實體將貸款安排產生的負 債分類為非流動負債的情況下,有關讓財務 報表使用者能夠了解可能在報告期後十二個 月內應付的負債風險的資料的披露規定。

The 2022 Amendments also defer the effective date of applying the 2020 Amendments to the Group's annual reporting periods beginning on 1 April 2024. The 2022 Amendments, together with the 2020 Amendments, are effective for the annual reporting periods beginning on 1 April 2024, with early application permitted. If an entity applies the 2020 Amendments for an earlier period after the issue of the 2022 Amendments, the entity should also apply the 2022 Amendments for that period.

二零二二年修訂本亦延遲將二零二零年修訂本應用於二零二四年四月一日開始的本集團年度報告期間的生效日期。二零二二年修訂本連同二零二零年修訂本對自二零二四年四月一日開始的年度報告期生效,並允許提前應用。倘實體於二零二二年修訂本發佈後的較早期間應用二零二零年修訂本。

Based on the Group's outstanding liabilities as at 31 March 2023, the application of the 2020 Amendments and 2022 Amendments will not result in reclassification of the Group's liabilities.

根據本集團於二零二三年三月三十一日之 未償還負債,應用二零二零年修訂本及二零 二二年修訂本不會導致本集團之負債重新分 類。

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## Amendments to HKAS 1 "Presentation to Financial Statements" and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"

HKAS 1 is amended to replace all instances of the term "significant accounting policies" with "material accounting policy information". Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements.

The amendments also clarify that accounting policy information may be material because of the nature of the related transactions, other events or conditions, even if the amounts are immaterial. However, not all accounting policy information relating to material transactions, other events or conditions is itself material. If an entity chooses to disclose immaterial accounting policy information, such information must not obscure material accounting policy information.

HKFRS Practice Statement 2 "Making Materiality Judgements" (the "Practice Statement") is also amended to illustrate how an entity applies the "four-step materiality process" to accounting policy disclosures and to judge whether information about an accounting policy is material to its financial statements. Guidance and examples are added to the Practice Statement.

香港會計準則第一號「財務報表呈列」及香港財務報告準則實務報告第二號「會計政策披露」(修訂本)

香港會計準則第一號經修訂,以「重大會計 政策資料」取代所有「主要會計政策」。倘會計 政策資料與實體財務報表所載其他資料一併 考慮時,可合理預期會影響一般用途財務報 表之主要使用者基於該等財務報表作出之決 定,則該等資料屬重大。

該等修訂本亦闡明,儘管該等款項並不重大,但由於相關交易、其他事項或情況之性質,會計政策資料或屬重大。然而,並非所有與重大交易、其他事項或情況有關之會計政策資料本身屬重大。倘一間實體選擇披露非重大會計政策資料,則有關資料不得掩蓋重大會計政策資料。

香港財務報告準則實務報告第二號「作出有關重要性之判斷」(「實務報告」)亦經修訂,以說明一間實體如何將其「四步法評估重要性流程」應用於會計政策披露及如何判斷有關一項會計政策之資料對其財務報表是否屬重大。實務報告已增加指導意見及實例。

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The application of the amendments is not expected to have significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group but may affect the disclosures of the Group's significant accounting policies. The impacts of application, if any, will be disclosed in the Group's future consolidated financial statements.

應用該等修訂本預期不會對本集團財務狀況 或表現產生重大影響,但或會影響本集團重 大會計政策之披露。應用的影響(如有)將於 本集團的未來綜合財務報表中披露。

## Amendments to HKAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"

# The amendments define accounting estimates as "monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty". An accounting policy may require items in financial statements to be measured in a way that involves measurement uncertainty – that is, the accounting policy may require such items to be measured at monetary amounts that cannot be observed directly and must instead be estimated. In such a case, an entity develops an accounting estimate to achieve the objective set out by the accounting policy. Developing accounting estimates involves the use of judgements or assumptions based on

## 香港會計準則第八號「會計估計之定義」 (修訂本)

該等修訂本定義會計估計為「存在計量不明朗因素之財務報表之貨幣金額」。會計政策可能規定對涉及計量不明朗因素之財務報表之項目進行計量—即會計政策可能規定按貨幣金額計量不可直接觀察之有關項目,而須予以估計。於此情況下,一間實體應編製會計估計步及運用根據最新可得之可靠資料作出之判斷或假設。

In addition, the concept of changes in accounting estimates in HKAS 8 is retained with additional clarifications.

the latest available, reliable information.

The application of the amendments is not expected to have significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

此外,香港會計準則第八號之會計估計變更 之概念予以保留,並作出進一步澄清。

預期應用該等修訂本不會對本集團之財務狀 況或表現產生重大影響。

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## 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## 3. 編製綜合財務報表之基準及主 要會計政策

3.1. 編製綜合財務報表之基準

## 3.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. For the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements, information is considered material if such information is reasonably expected to influence decisions made by primary users. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

本綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈 之香港財務報告準則而編製。就編製綜合財 務報表而言,倘合理預期有關資料將影響主 要用戶之決策,則該資料被視為重大。此外, 本綜合財務報表內所披露之內容,皆符合香 港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市 規則」)及香港公司條例之適用披露要求。

The directors of the Company have, at the time of approving the consolidated financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

於批准綜合財務報表時,本公司董事有合理的期望,即本集團有充足資源於可預見未來繼續經營。因此,彼等於編製綜合財務報表時繼續採用持續經營會計基礎。

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the investment properties and certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below. Prior year disclosures have been represented to conform with current year presentation for certain line items.

如下文會計政策所述,除投資物業及若干財務工具乃於每個報告期末以公平值計量外, 本綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本基準編製。 為符合本年度若干項目的呈列方式,上一年 度的披露已重新呈列。

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Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment", leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16 "Leases", and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 "Inventories" or value in use in HKAS 36 "Impairment of Assets".

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

For investment properties which are transacted at fair value and a valuation technique that unobservable inputs is to be used to measure fair value in subsequent periods, the valuation technique is calibrated so that at initial recognition the results of the valuation technique equals the transaction price.

歷史成本一般按交換商品及服務時所付代價 之公平值計量。

公平值指於計量日期市場參與者之間之有序 交易,就出售資產所收取之價格或轉讓負債 所支付之價格,不論該價格是否可直接觀察 或採用另一項估值技術作估計。於估計一項 資產或負債之公平值時,本集團會考慮市場 參與者於計量日期對資產或負債定價時所考 慮之該資產或負債之特性。於該等綜合財務 報表中作計量及/或披露用途之公平值乃按 此基準釐定,惟香港財務報告準則第二號「以 股份支付之款項1範圍內之以股份支付款項 之交易、根據香港財務報告準則第十六號「和 賃」入賬之租賃交易、以及與公平值存在若干 相似之處但並非公平值(例如香港會計準則 第二號「存貨」內之可變現淨值或香港會計準 則第三十六號「資產減值」內之使用價值) 之計 量除外。

非財務資產公平值之計量則參考市場參與 者可從使用該資產得到之最高及最佳效用, 或把該資產售予另一可從使用該資產得到最 高及最佳效用之市場參與者所產生之經濟效 益。

就按公平值交易的投資物業以及於其後期間 計量公平值時使用不可觀察輸入數據之估值 技術而言,估值技術會予以校準以使初始確 認時估值技術結果與交易價相等。

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In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

此外,就財務報告目的而言,公平值計量根據 公平值計量之輸入變數可觀察程度及公平值 計量之輸入變數對其整體之重要性分類為第 一、二或三級,詳情如下:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

## 3.2 Significant accounting policies

## **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

- 第一級輸入變數為實體於計量日期可獲得之相同資產或負債於活躍市場之報價 (未經調整);
- 第二級輸入變數為除第一類計入之報價 外,根據資產或負債可直接或間接觀察 之輸入變數;及
- 第三級輸入變數為資產或負債之不可觀察輸入變數。

### 3.2 主要會計政策

## 綜合基準

本綜合財務報表內包括本公司以及本公司及 其附屬公司所控制之實體之財務報表。當本 公司出現以下情況時則視為取得控制權:

- 可對被投資方行使權力;
- 參與於被投資方所帶來的各種回報的風險或權利;及
- 行使其權力以影響其回報的能力。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制權因素中 有一項或以上出現變化,本集團會重新評估 其是否對被投資方擁有控制權。

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Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

一間附屬公司於本集團取得該附屬公司之控制權時開始綜合入賬,並於本集團失去該附屬公司之控制權時終止綜合入賬。具體而言,於本年度內收購或出售一間附屬公司之收入及支出,自本集團取得控制權之日至本集團失去該附屬公司控制權之日計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

損益及其他全面收益中的各項目均分配至本公司擁有人及非控制性權益。附屬公司的全面收益總額分配至本公司擁有人及非控制性權益,即使此舉會導致非控制性權益產生赤字結餘。

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

如有需要,就附屬公司之財務報表作出調整,以使其會計政策與本集團之會計政策一致。

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

與本集團旗下成員公司間之交易的有關所有集團內部資產及負債、權益、收入、支出及現金流,會於綜合時全數撇銷。

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#### Changes in the Group's interests in existing subsidiaries

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are derecognised. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary attributable to the owners of the Company. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/ permitted by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

#### Interests in an associate and joint ventures

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

#### 本集團於現有附屬公司所有權權益之變動

倘本集團失去一間附屬公司的控制權,會終 止確認該附屬公司資產及負債。收益或虧損 於損益中確認,並以(i)所收取代價之公平值 及任何保留權益之公平值之總額與(ii)本公司 擁有人應佔附屬公司之資產(包括商譽)及負 債之賬面值之差額計算。所有先前於其他全 面收益確認並與該附屬公司有關之款項將假 設本集團已直接出售該附屬公司之有關資產 或負債而予以入賬(即按適用的香港財務報 告準則之規定/許可重新分類至損益或轉移 至另一權益類別)。於失去控制權當日,於前 附屬公司保留之任何投資之公平值將根據香 港財務報告準則第九號「財務工具」被列作初 步確認之公平值,用於其後入賬,或(如適用) 被列作初步確認時之於聯營公司或合營企業 之投資成本。

#### 於聯營公司及合營企業之權益

聯營公司為本集團對其有重大影響力之實體。重大影響指參與被投資方的財務及營運 決策的權力,而非控制或聯合控制有關政策 的權力。

合營企業指一項合營安排,對安排擁有共同 控制權的訂約方據此對合營安排的資產淨值 擁有權利。共同控制是指按照合約約定對某 項安排所共有的控制,共同控制僅在當相關 活動要求共同享有控制權的各方作出一致同 意的決定時存在。

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The results and assets and liabilities of an associate or joint ventures are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The financial statements of an associate and joint ventures used for equity accounting purposes are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate or a joint venture is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate or joint venture. Changes in net assets of the associate/joint venture other than profit or loss and other comprehensive income are not accounted for unless such changes resulted in changes in ownership interest held by the Group. When the Group's share of losses of an associate or joint venture exceeds the Group's interest in that associate or joint venture (which includes any longterm interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or joint venture), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or joint venture.

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate or a joint venture. On acquisition of the investment in an associate or a joint venture, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

聯營公司或合營企業之業績及資產與負債以 權益會計法計入該等綜合財務報表內。聯營 公司及合營企業之財務報表用於權益會計用 徐,乃採用與本集團於類似的情況下的交易 和事件一致的會計政策編製。根據權益法, 於聯營公司或合營企業之投資初始以成本計 入綜合財務狀況表及其後調整確認本集團應 佔聯營公司或合營企業之損益及其他全面收 益。損益及其他全面收益除外,聯營公司/ 合營企業的資產淨值變動不會入賬,除非該 等變動導致本集團持有的所有權權益出現變 動。當本集團所佔聯營公司或合營企業之虧 損超出本集團於該聯營公司或合營企業之權 益(包括任何實質上構成本集團於該聯營公 司或合營企業之投資淨額之長期權益)時,本 集團終止確認其所佔之進一步虧損。惟倘本 集團須向聯營公司或合營企業承擔法律或推 定義務,或已代其支付款項,則須就額外虧損 予以確認。

聯營公司或合營企業之投資自被投資方成為 聯營公司或合營企業之日起以權益法入賬。 收購聯營公司或合營企業投資時,投資成本 超出本集團應佔被投資方可識別資產與負債 公平值淨額的任何差額確認為商譽,計入投 資之賬面值。本集團應佔可識別資產與負債 公平值淨額超出投資成本的任何差額經重新 評估後於收購投資期間即時於損益確認。

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The Group assesses whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in an associate or a joint venture may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

本集團評估是否有可觀證據顯示於聯營公司或合營企業之權益或會減值。倘存在任何客觀證據,該項投資之全部賬面值(包括商譽)會根據香港會計準則第三十六號作為單一項資產進行減值測試,方法是比較其可收回金額(即使用價值與公平值減出售成本兩者中之較高者)與賬面值。任何已確認的減值虧損不會分配至構成該項投資賬面值之一部分之任何資產(包括商譽)。有關減值虧損之任何撥回乃根據香港會計準則第三十六號予以確認,惟以該項投資之可收回金額其後增加金額為限。

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate or joint control over a joint venture, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in the investee with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate or joint venture and the retained interest is a financial asset within the scope of HKFRS 9, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of the relevant interest in the associate or joint venture is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate or joint venture. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate or joint venture on the same basis as would be required if that associate or joint venture had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate or joint venture would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) upon disposal of the relevant associate or joint venture.

倘本集團對聯營公司失去重大影響力或於合 營企業失去共同控制權時,其入賬列作出售 被投資方的全部權益,所產生的損益於損益 確認。倘本集團保留於前聯營公司或合營企 業之權益且該保留權益為香港財務報告準則 第九號範圍內之財務資產,則本集團會於該 日按公平值計量保留權益,而該公平值被視 為於初步確認時之公平值。聯營公司或合營 企業之賬面值與任何保留權益及出售聯營公 司或合營企業之相關權益的任何所得款項公 平值間之差額,會於釐定出售該聯營公司或 合營企業之收益或虧損時入賬。此外,本集 團會將先前在其他全面收益就該聯營公司或 合營企業確認之所有金額入賬,基準與該聯 營公司或合營企業直接出售相關資產或負債 所需基準相同。因此,倘該聯營公司或合營 企業先前已於其他全面收益確認之收益或虧 損,會於出售相關資產或負債時重新分類至 損益。本集團會於出售相關聯營公司或合營 企業時將收益或虧損由權益重新分類至損益 (作為重新分類調整)。

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When a group entity transacts with an associate or a joint venture of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate or joint venture are recognised in the consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate or joint venture that are not related to the Group.

當集團實體與本集團的聯營公司或合營企業 進行交易時,則與聯營公司或合營企業交易 所產生損益僅於聯營公司或合營企業的權益 與本集團無關時,方於綜合財務報表中確認。

#### Interests in joint operations

A joint operation is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The Group accounts for the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses relating to its interest in a joint operation in accordance with the HKFRSs applicable to the particular assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses.

When a group entity transacts with a joint operation in which a group entity is a joint operator (such as a sale or contribution of assets), the Group is considered to be conducting the transaction with the other parties to the joint operation, and gains and losses resulting from the transactions are recognised in the consolidated financial statements only to the extent of other parties' interests in the joint operation.

When a group entity transact with a joint operation in which a group entity is a joint operator (such as a purchase of assets), the Group does not recognise its share of the gains and losses until it resells those assets to a third party.

#### 於合營業務之權益

合營業務乃一項合營安排,據此對該項安排 擁有共同控制權之各方就該項合營安排而對 資產擁有權利及對其負債承擔責任。共同控 制權是指按照合約約定對某項安排所共有之 控制權,共同控制權僅在相關活動要求共同 享有控制權之各方作出一致同意之決定時存 在。

本集團就其於合營業務中的權益按照適用於 特定資產、負債、收入及開支的香港財務報告 準則入賬其資產、負債、收入及開支。

當集團實體與合營業務交易而集團實體為合營運作方(如出售或貢獻資產),則本集團被視為與合營業務之其他各方進行交易,及該等交易產生之收益及虧損於綜合財務報表確認,惟限於其他各方於合營業務之權益。

當集團實體與合營業務交易而集團實體為合營運作方(如購買資產),則本集團不會確認 其攤佔之收益及虧損,直至重售該資產予第 三方為止。

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#### Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets (and disposal groups) are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such asset (or disposal group) and its sale is highly probable. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all of the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, regardless of whether the Group will retain a non-controlling interest in the relevant subsidiary after the sale.

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving disposal of an investment, or a portion of an investment, in an associate or joint venture, the investment or the portion of the investment that will be disposed of is classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, and the Group discontinues the use of the equity method in relation to the portion that is classified as held for sale from the time when the investment (or a portion of the investment) is classified as held for sale.

Non-current assets (and disposal groups) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell except for financial assets within the scope of HKFRS 9 and investment properties which continue to be measured in accordance with the accounting policies as set out in respective sections.

#### 持作出售之非流動資產

倘非流動資產(及出售組別)之賬面值將主要透過出售交易而非持續使用而收回,該資產及出售組別將分類為持作出售。只有當資產(及出售組別)可按現狀即時出售,並只受出售該類(及出售組別)資產之一般及慣常條款所限,而且達成出售的機會極高時,方會被視為已符合上述條件。管理層必須對出售作出承擔,而出售預期應可於分類日期起計一年內符合確認為已完成出售之資格。

倘若本集團承擔一項涉及失去附屬公司控制權的銷售計劃,則該附屬公司之所有資產及負債在符合上述標準時列為待出售(不論本集團於該銷售後會否保留於相關附屬公司之非控股權益)。

當本集團致力進行涉及出售於聯營公司或合營企業之投資或部分投資之出售計劃,倘符合上述條件,將予出售之該項投資或部分投資分類為持作出售,而本集團將由該項投資(或部分投資)分類為持作出售之時起,終止就該分類為持作出售之部分使用權益法。

分類為持作出售之非流動資產(及出售組別) 以其過往賬面金額及其公平值減去出售成本 後所得數額兩者中以較低額列賬,惟香港財 務報告準則第九號範圍內的金融資產及投資 物業將繼續根據各自章節所述的會計政策計 量。

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#### **Revenue from contracts with customers**

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

#### 來自客戶合約之收入

當本集團履行履約義務時確認收入,即當 貨品或服務按特定之履約義務轉移並由客戶 「控制」時。

履約義務指可明確區分的一件貨品及一項服務(或一批貨品或服務)或一系列大致相同之可明確區分的貨品或服務。

倘符合下列其中一項準則,控制權隨時間轉 移,而收入按相關履約義務完成之進度隨時 間確認:

- 於本集團履約時,客戶同時取得並耗用 本集團履約所產生之利益;
- 當本集團履約時,本集團的履約行為構成並提升客戶所控制之資產;或
- 本集團之履約並未產生對本集團有替代 用途之資產,且本集團對迄今已完成履 約之付款具有可強制執行的權利。

否則,收入會在當客戶獲得可明確區分的貨 品或服務之控制權時確認。

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A contract asset represents the Group's right to consideration in exchange for goods or services that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet unconditional. It is assessed for impairment in accordance with HKFRS 9. In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

合約資產指本集團就本集團已向客戶轉移之 貨品或服務而於交換中收取代價之權利(尚 未成為無條件)。合約資產根據香港財務報告 準則第九號評估減值。相反,應收款項指本集 團收取代價的無條件權利,即代價到期付款 前僅需時間推移。

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

合約負債指本集團因已向客戶收取代價(或 代價金額已到期),而須向客戶轉移貨品或服 務之責任。

A contract asset and a contract liability relating to the same contract are accounted for and presented on a net basis.

與相同合約有關的合約資產及合約負債按淨額基準入賬及呈列。

Over time revenue recognition: measurement of progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation

在一段時間內確認收入:計量完成履約義務之進度

#### Output method

#### 產量法

The progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured based on output method, which is to recognise revenue on the basis of direct measurements of the value of the goods or services transferred to the customer to date relative to the remaining goods or services promised under the contract, that best depict the Group's performance in transferring control of goods or services.

履約義務完成之進度乃按產量法計量,即 根據直接計量迄今向客戶轉移之貨品或服務 (相對於合約項下所承諾餘下貨品或服務的 價值)確認收入,此方法最能描述本集團轉移 貨品或服務控制權之履約行為。

As a practical expedient, if the Group has a right to consideration in an amount that corresponds directly with the value of the Group's performance completed to date, the Group recognises revenue based on surveys of the relevant services completed by the Group to date as certified by independent surveyors appointed by the customers in relation to the work completed by Group.

作為一種可行權宜方法,倘本集團有權收取 的代價金額與本集團迄今已履約部分的價值 直接相關,本集團根據本集團迄今所完成的 相關服務的測量確認收入,由客戶委任的獨 立測量師就本集團所完成的工作核證。

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#### Input method

The progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured based on input method, which is to recognise revenue on the basis of the Group's efforts or inputs to the satisfaction of a performance obligation relative to the total expected inputs to the satisfaction of that performance obligation, that best depict the Group's performance in transferring control of goods or services.

#### Variable consideration

For contracts that contain variable consideration (variation order of construction contract), the Group estimates the amount of consideration to which it will be entitled using either (a) the expected value method or (b) the most likely amount, depending on which method better predicts the amount of consideration to which the Group will be entitled.

The estimated amount of variable consideration is included in the transaction price only to the extent that it is highly probable that such an inclusion will not result in a significant revenue reversal in the future when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group updates the estimated transaction price (including updating its assessment of whether an estimate of variable consideration is constrained) to represent faithfully the circumstances present at the end of the reporting period and the changes in circumstances during the reporting period.

#### 投入法

履約義務完成之進度乃按投入法計量,乃根據本集團為完成履約義務之付出或投入(相對於預期為履行履約義務的總投入)確認收入,此方法最能描述本集團轉移貨品或服務控制權之履約行為。

#### 可變代價

就包含可變代價的合約(建築合約的變更指令)而言,本集團使用(a)預期價值法或(b)最可能金額(視乎何種方法可令本集團更好預測其有權獲得的代價金額而定)估計其有權獲得的代價金額。

可變代價的估計金額僅於當可變代價相關的 不明朗因素其後獲解決,致使有關估計金額 很大可能不會導致於未來出現重大收益撥回 時,方會計入交易價格中。

於各報告期末,本集團更新估計交易價格(包括更新其對可變代價估計是否受限的評估), 以忠實反映於報告期末存在的情況及於報告期間的情況變動。

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#### Leases

#### Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application of HKFRS 16 or arising from business combinations, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception, modification date or acquisition date, as appropriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

#### The Group as a lessee

#### Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative standalone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components, including contract for acquisition of ownership interests of a property which includes both leasehold land and non-lease building components, unless such allocation cannot be made reliably.

The Group applies practical expedient not to separate non-lease components from lease component, and instead account for the lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component.

#### 租賃

#### 租賃之定義

倘合約為換取代價而給予在一段時間內控制 可識別資產使用之權利,則該合約為租賃或 包含租賃。

就於首次應用香港財務報告準則第十六號日 期或之後訂立或修訂或因業務合併而產生之 合約而言,本集團於開始、修改日期或收購日 期(如適用)按香港財務報告準則第十六號項 下之定義評估合約是否為或是否包含租賃。 除非合約之條款及條件其後變動,否則有關 合約將不予重新評估。

#### 本集團作為承租人

#### 分配代價至合約組成部分

就包含租賃部分及一項或多項額外租賃部分 或非租賃部分的合約(包括有關收購包含租 賃土地及非租賃樓宇部分的物業之所有權權 益的合約)而言,本集團根據租賃部分之相對 獨立價格及非租賃部分之獨立價格總額將合 約代價分配至每個租賃部分,除非不能可靠 地進行該等分配。

本集團應用可行權宜法,不將非租賃部分和租賃部分分開,反而將租賃部分及任何相關 非租賃部分入賬作為單一租賃部分。

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#### Short-term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases of plant and machinery that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the lease term.

#### Right-of-use assets

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

Except for those that are classified as investment properties and measured under fair value model, right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

#### 短期和賃

對於租期自開始日期起計為十二個月或以內 且並無包含購買選擇權的廠房及機器租賃, 本集團應用短期租賃確認豁免。短期租賃的 租賃款項按直線法或另一系統性基準於租賃 期內確認為開支。

#### 使用權資產

使用權資產之成本包括:

- 租賃負債的初始計量金額;
- 於開始日期或之前所作任何租賃款項, 減任何已收取租金優惠;
- 本集團產生的任何初始直接成本;及
- 本集團拆除及移除相關資產、修復相關 資產所在場地或將相關資產恢復至租賃 條款及條件所規定狀態將會產生的成本 估計。

除分類為投資物業並按公平值模式計量者外,使用權資產按成本減任何累計折舊及減值虧損計量,並就租賃負債之任何重新計量作出調整。

使用權資產於其估計可使用年期及租期(以較短者為準)內以直線法折舊。

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The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property or properties under development for sale as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position. Right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment property and properties under development for sale are presented within "investment properties" and "properties under development for sale", respectively. 本集團將不符合投資物業或發展中之待售物業定義的使用權資產單獨呈列於綜合財務狀況表內。符合投資物業及發展中之待售物業定義的使用權資產分別呈列於「投資物業」及「發展中之待售物業」內。

#### Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

#### 可退回租賃按金

已付可退回租賃按金根據香港財務報告準則 第九號入賬並初始按公平值計量。於初始確 認時之公平值之調整被視為額外租賃款項並 計入使用權資產之成本。

#### Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

#### 租賃負債

於租賃開始日期,本集團按當日未付租賃款項現值確認及計量租賃負債。倘租賃隱含的利率難以釐定,則本集團會使用租賃開始日期的增額借款利率計算租賃款項的現值。

#### The lease payments include:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable; and
- payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate the lease.

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

#### 租賃款項包括:

- 固定付款(包括實質固定付款)減任何應 收租賃優惠;及
- 支付終止租賃的罰款(倘租賃條款反映本集團行使權利終止租賃)。

於開始日期後,租賃負債按利息增長及租賃款項調整。

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The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

本集團於綜合財務狀況表內將租賃負債作為 單獨項目呈列。

#### Lease modifications

The Group accounts for a lease modification as a separate lease if:

- the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and
- the consideration for the leases increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group remeasures the lease liability, less any lease incentives receivable, based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group accounts for the remeasurement of lease liabilities by making corresponding adjustments to the relevant right-of-use asset. When the modified contract contains one or more additional lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the modified contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component. The associated non-lease components are included in the respective lease components.

#### 租賃修訂

倘出現以下情況,則本集團將租賃修訂作為 一項單獨的租賃入賬:

- 該項修訂通過增加使用一項或多項相關 資產的權利擴大租賃範圍;及
- 增加租賃的代價,增加的金額相當於範 圍擴大對應的單獨價格及對單獨價格進 行的任何適當調整以反映特定合約的情 況。

就並不以單獨租賃入賬之租賃修訂而言,本 集團透過使用於修訂生效日期之經修訂貼現 率貼現經修訂租賃款項按經修訂租賃之租期 重新計量租賃負債(減任何應收租賃優惠)。

本集團通過對相關使用權資產進行相應調 整,對租賃負債的重新計量進行會計處理。當 修訂後的合約包含一項或多項額外租賃部分 時,本集團會根據租賃部分的相對獨立價格 額將修訂後的合約中的代價分配至各個租賃 部分。相關的非租賃組成部分計入相應的租 賃組成部分。

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#### Classification and measurement of leases

Leases for which the Group is a lessor are classified as finance or operating leases. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset, and such costs are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term except for investment properties measured under fair value model.

Rental income which are derived from the Group's ordinary course of business are presented as revenue.

#### Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits received are accounted for under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments from lessees.

#### Sublease

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for the head lease and the sublease as two separate contracts. The sublease is classified as a finance or operating lease by reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset.

#### 租賃之分類及計量

本集團為出租人的租賃分類為融資或經營租賃。倘租賃之條款將相關資產所有權所產生絕大部分風險及回報轉移予承租人,則合約分類為融資租賃。所有其他租賃均分類為經營租賃。

來自經營租賃之租金收入按直線法於相關租賃之租期內在損益內確認。因磋商及安排經營租賃所產生的初步直接成本則計入已出租資產的賬面值,且該等成本於租期內按直線法確認為支出,惟按公平值模式計量之投資物業除外。

由本集團一般業務過程中產生的租金收入乃 呈列為收入。

#### 可退回租賃按金

已收取可退回租賃按金根據香港財務報告準則第九號入賬並初始按公平值計量。於初始確認時之公平值之調整被視為來自承租人之額外租賃款項。

#### 分租

當本集團為中介出租人時,其將主租賃事項 及分租事項入賬列為兩份獨立合約。分租事 項將參考主租賃事項產生的使用權資產分類 為融資或經營租賃,而非參考相關資產。

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The Group uses the discount rate used for the head lease (adjusted for any initial direct costs associated with the sublease) to measure the net investment in the sublease if the interest rate implicit in the sublease cannot be readily determined.

倘轉租隱含的利率無法輕易釐定,本集團就 主租賃採用貼現率 (就與轉租相關的任何初 始直接成本作出調整) 以計量轉租的投資淨 額。

#### Lease modification

Changes in considerations of lease contracts that were not part of the original terms and conditions are accounted for as lease modifications, including lease incentives provided through forgiveness or reduction of rentals.

The Group accounts for a modification to an operating lease as a new lease from the effective date of the modification, considering any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to the original lease as part of the lease payments for the new lease.

#### Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. When a fair value gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognised in profit or loss. When a fair value gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

#### 租賃修訂

不屬於租賃合約原有條款及條件的代價變更 作為租賃修訂入賬,包括通過免除或減少租 金提供的租賃獎勵。

本集團自修訂生效日期起將經營租賃之修訂 入賬為新租賃,將任何與原有租賃有關之預 付或應計租賃款項視作新租賃之租賃款項之 一部分。

#### 外幣

於編製各個集團實體之財務報表時,以該實體之功能貨幣以外貨幣(外幣)進行之交易乃按交易日期之適用匯率確認。於報告期本與算。以外幣列值之貨幣項目按該日之適用匯率貨物項目,按釐定公平值當日的通行匯率重貨幣項目的公平值收益或虧損的任何匯分。當非貨幣項目的公平值收益或虧損於其他全面收益內確認。以外幣按歷史成本計算之非貨幣項目不進行換算。

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Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

由結算貨幣項目及重新換算貨幣項目產生之 匯兌差額,於該等差額產生期間在損益內確 認。

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. HK\$) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rate fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the date of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of translation reserve.

呈列綜合財務報表時,本集團業務之資產及負債均使用各報告期末適用匯率換算為本集團之呈列貨幣(即港幣),而其收入及支出則按該期間之平均匯率換算,除非匯率於該期間內出現大幅波動則作別論,於此情況下,則採用於交易當日之適用匯率。所產生之匯兌差額(如有)乃確認在其他全面收益並累計在權益中之匯兌儲備。

On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a partial disposal of an interest in a joint arrangement or an associate that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange difference accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

出售海外業務時(即出售本集團於海外業務 之全部權益、或出售涉及失去包括海外業務 之附屬公司之控制權,或出售於包含海外業 務的合營安排或聯營公司之部分權益(當中 的保留權益成為財務資產)),本公司擁有人 就該業務應佔之所有於權益累計之匯兌差額 乃重新分類至損益。

#### **Borrowing costs**

## Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

#### 借貸成本

收購、建設或生產於用作其擬定用途或出售 前須較長準備時間的合資格資產所直接產生 的借貸成本乃計入有關資產的成本,直至有 關資產已大致可作其擬定用途或銷售為止。

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Any specific borrowing that remain outstanding after the related assets is ready for its intended use or sale is included in the general borrowing pool for calculation of capitalisation rate on general borrowings. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

在相關資產準備用於其擬定用途或出售後仍 未償還的任何特定借貸都將計入一般借貸 池,以計算一般借貸的資本化率。特定借貸在 未用作合資格資產的開支前進行的短期投資 所賺取的投資收入,將從合資格資本化的借 貸成本扣除。

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

所有其他借貸成本於產牛期間於損益內確 認。

#### **Government grants**

#### Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

#### Government grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable. Such grants are presented under "other income".

#### 政府補貼

政府補貼於可合理確定本集團將會符合政府 補貼所附的條件及將會收取補貼後方予以確 認。

作為彌補已產生之開支或虧損,或向本集團 提供並無未來相關成本的即時財務援助而應 收之政府補貼相關收入,在成為應收款項期 間內於損益中確認。該等補貼於「其他收入」 項下呈列。

#### **Employee benefits**

#### Retirement benefits cost

#### Payments to the Group's defined contribution retirement benefits schemes, state-managed retirement benefit scheme and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered services entitling them to the contributions.

#### 僱員福利

#### 退休福利成本

向本集團定額供款退休福利計劃、國家管理 的退休福利計劃及強積金計劃支付之供款在 員工提供服務並有權享用該福利後可確認為 支出。

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Short-term and other long-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid as and when employees rendered the services. All short-term employee benefits are recognised as an expense unless another HKFRS requires or permit the inclusion of the benefit in the cost of an asset.

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees (such as wages and salaries and annual leave) after deducting any amount already paid.

Liabilities recognised in respect of other long-term employee benefits are measured at present value of the estimated future cash outflows expected to be made by the Group in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. Any changes in the liabilities' carrying amounts resulting from service cost, interest and remeasurements are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that another HKFRS requires or permits their inclusion in the cost of an asset.

#### **Share-based payment**

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

短期及其他長期僱員福利

短期僱員福利於僱員提供服務時就預計將支 付福利的未折現金額予以確認。所有短期僱 員福利確認為支出,除非另一項香港財務報 告準則要求或允許將有關福利納入資產成 本,則作別論。

在扣除已支付的任何金額後,對僱員應得的福利(例如工資、薪金及年假)確認為負債。

就其他長期僱員福利所確認之負債按預期將 由本集團就僱員直至報告日期所提供之服務 產生之估計未來現金流出之現值計量。因服 務成本、利息及重新計量而導致負債賬面值 之任何變動均於損益中確認,惟另一項香港 財務報告準則規定或准許將變動計入資產之 成本中除外。

#### 以股份支付之款項

以權益結算及以股份支付之款項交易

向僱員及提供同類服務的其他人士作出以權 益結算及以股份支付之款項按股本工具於授 出日期的公平值計量。

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The fair value of the equity-settled share-based payments determined at the grant date without taking into consideration all non-market vesting conditions is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity (share-based compensation reserve). At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest based on assessment of all relevant non-market vesting conditions. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the sharebased compensation reserve. For share options that vest immediately at the date of grant, the fair value of the share options granted is expensed immediately in profit or loss.

未計及所有非市場歸屬條件,於授出當日以權益結算及以股份支付之款項所釐定之公平值,基於本集團對將最終歸屬之股本工具之估計於歸屬期間以直線法列為開支,並於權益(以股份支付的酬金儲備)中作相應增加。於各報告期末,本集團根據所有相關非市場歸屬條件的評估修訂預期歸屬的股本工具數目的估計。修訂原估計之影響(如有)於損益中確認以使累計開支反映經修訂估計,並對以股份支付的酬金儲備作相應調整。對於授出當日立即歸屬的購股權,所授購股權公平值即時於損益確認。

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share-based compensation reserve will be transferred to share capital and contributed surplus. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share-based compensation reserve will be transferred to accumulated profits.

行使購股權時,先前於以股份支付的酬金儲備確認的金額會轉移至股本及繳入盈餘。倘若購股權於歸屬日期後被沒收或於到期日仍未行使,則先前於以股份支付的酬金儲備確認的金額會轉移至累計溢利。

#### **Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from (loss) profit before taxation because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

#### 稅項

所得稅支出指即期應付稅項及遞延稅項之 和。

即期應付稅項乃按本年度之應課稅溢利計算。應課稅溢利與除稅前(虧損)溢利有別,此乃由於其不包括其他年度之應課稅收入或可扣減之支出項目,以及永不需課稅或不可扣減之項目。本集團之即期稅項負債乃根據於報告期末已頒佈或實質上已頒佈之稅率計算。

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Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

遞延稅項指就綜合財務報表內資產及負債之 賬面值與計算應課稅溢利所用之相關稅基產 生之臨時差額計算予以確認之稅項。遞延稅 項負債一般就所有應課稅臨時差額而予以確 認,而遞延稅項資產一般就所有可扣減臨時 差額而予以確認,惟以當應課稅溢利可能時 規以抵銷可扣減臨時差額為限。倘於交易 可少確認資產及負債所產生之臨時差額(業 務合併除外),概不影響應課稅溢利及會計溢 利之情況下,遞延稅項資產及負債則不會予 以確認。

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, and interests in an associate and joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

除非本集團可控制臨時差額撥回及臨時差額於可見將來可能不會撥回,本集團會就於附屬公司之投資及於聯營公司及合營企業之權益所產生的應課稅臨時差額確認為遞延稅項負債。來自與該等投資及權益有關的可扣稅臨時差額的遞延稅項資產,只會於可能有足夠應課稅溢利以利用臨時差額的利益作扣減並預期於可見將來撥回時確認。

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

遞延稅項資產之賬面值於報告期末均予以檢討及減少,惟以不可能再有充足應課稅溢利可容許收回所有或部份資產為限。

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Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

遞延稅項資產及負債乃按預期於已償還負債 或變現資產期間適用的稅率計量,根據於報 告期末已頒佈或已實質頒佈的稅率(及稅法) 計算。

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

遞延稅項負債及資產的計量反映本集團於報告期末,預期將要收回或償還其資產及負債的賬面值的稅務後果。

For the purpose of measuring deferred tax for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale.

就計量以使用公平值模型計量之投資物業的 遞延稅項而言,除非有關推定被推翻,物業之 賬面值獲假定為透過出售完全收回。當有關 投資物業為可折舊及以耗盡大體上所有包含 在投資物業內的經濟得益為目的,而不是以 出售方式之商業模式持有,有關推定則可被 推翻。

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

為計量本集團確認使用權資產及相關租賃負 債之租賃交易之遞延稅項,本集團首先釐定 稅項扣減是否歸屬於使用權資產或租賃負 債。

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 requirements to the leasing transaction as a whole. Temporary differences relating to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are assessed on a net basis. Excess of depreciation on right-of-use assets over the lease payments for the principal portion of lease liabilities results in net deductible temporary differences.

就稅務扣減歸屬於租賃負債的租賃交易而言,本集團就整體租賃交易應用香港會計準則第十二號規定。與使用權資產及租賃負債相關的臨時差額按淨額基準評估。使用權資產折舊超出租賃負債主要部分的租賃款項導致產生可扣減臨時差額淨額。

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Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority.

當有法定可執行權利將即期稅項資產抵銷即 期稅項負債時,以及當它們與同一稅務機關 向同一應稅實體徵收的所得稅有關時,遞延 所得稅資產和負債均予以抵銷。

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. When current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

除與在其他全面收益中確認或直接計入權益 的項目相關外,即期及遞延稅項均在損益中 確認。如在前述的情況下,即期及遞延稅項 亦分別在其他全面收益中確認或直接計入權 益。就因對業務合併進行初始會計處理而產 生之即期稅項或遞延稅項而言,稅務影響乃 計入業務合併的會計處理。

#### **Investment properties**

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation.

Investment properties also include leased properties which are being recognised as right-of-use assets and subleased by the Group under operating leases.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value, adjusted to exclude any prepaid or accrued operating lease income.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

#### 投資物業

投資物業乃指用於賺取租金收入及/或資本 升值之物業。

投資物業亦包括確認為使用權資產之租賃物 業並由本集團根據經營租賃分租。

投資物業初始按成本(包括任何直接應佔開支)計量。於初次確認後,投資物業按公平值計量,並進行調整以扣除任何預付或應計的經營租賃收入。

因投資物業之公平值變動而產生之收益或虧 損計入該變動期間之損益內。

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An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. A leased property which is recognised as a right-of-use asset is derecognised if the Group as intermediate lessor classifies the sublease as a finance lease. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

投資物業於出售或當投資物業永久地撤銷用途及預期有關出售不會產生未來經濟利益時,方會終止確認。倘本集團作為中間出租人將分租分類為融資租賃,則確認為使用權資產之租賃物業獲終止確認。因終止確認物業而產生之任何收益或虧損(按出售該項資產之所得款項淨額與其賬面值之差額計算)於該項物業被終止確認之期間計入損益內。

#### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

When the Group makes payments for ownership interests of properties which includes both leasehold land and building elements, the entire consideration is allocated between the leasehold land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values at initial recognition. To the extent the allocation of the relevant payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land is presented as "right-of-use assets" in the consolidated statement of financial position except for those that are classified and accounted for as investment properties under the fair value model. When the consideration cannot be allocated reliably between non-lease building element and undivided interest in the underlying leasehold land, the entire properties are classified as property, plant and equipment.

#### 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備為被持作生產,或供應貨物或服務,或行政用途之有形資產。物業、廠房及設備按成本值減其後累計折舊及其後累計減值虧損(如有)於綜合財務狀況表內列賬。

當本集團就物業(包括租賃土地及樓宇部分)的擁有權權益作出付款時,全部代價按初始確認時的相對公平值比例於租賃土地及樓宇部分之間分配。倘相關付款能可靠分配,租賃土地權益於綜合財務狀況表呈列為「使用權資產」,惟根據公平值模式分類及入賬為投資物業者除外。倘代價無法可靠地於相關租賃土地的非租賃樓宇部分及未分割權益間分配,則全部物業分類為物業、廠房及設備。

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Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of the reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

折舊乃按直線法於估計可使用年期確認,以 撇銷資產之成本值減去其剩餘價值。估計可 使用年期、剩餘價值及折舊方法會在報告期 末審核,並按預期基準將任何估計轉變之影 響列賬。

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

於物業、廠房及設備出售後或當預計不會因 持續使用資產而產生未來經濟利益時,該項 物業、廠房及設備則被終止確認。因出售或報 廢物業、廠房及設備項目產生之任何收益或 虧損,乃按該項資產之所得款項淨額與賬面 值之間的差額計算,並於損益確認。

### Impairment on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產之減值

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment, and right-of-use assets to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

於報告期末,本集團審閱其物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產之賬面值,以決定是否有任何跡象顯示該等資產蒙受減值虧損。如有任何該等跡象存在,需要估計相關資產之可收回金額,以確定減值虧損之程度(如有)。

The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment, and right-of-use assets are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產的可收回 金額將單獨估計。倘不能單獨估計可收回金 額,則本集團將估計資產所屬現金產生單位 之可收回金額。

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In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, corporate assets are allocated to the relevant cash-generating unit when a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be established, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be established. The recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units to which the corporate asset belongs, and is compared with the carrying amount of the relevant cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units.

於對現金產生單位進行減值測試時,倘能建立合理一致的分配基準,企業資產獲分配至相關現金產生單位,否則會按能建立的合理一致分配基準分配至最小的現金產生單位組別。可收回金額由企業資產所屬的現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別確定,並與相關現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別的賬面值進行比較。

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or a cash-generating unit) for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

可收回金額為公平值減出售成本與使用價值 之較高者。評估使用價值時,估計未來現金流 量乃使用稅前折現率折現至其現值,該折現 率反映目前市場對資金時間值之評估以及估 計未來現金流量未經調整之資產(或現金產 生單位)之獨有風險。

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cashgenerating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cashgenerating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For corporate assets or portion of corporate assets which cannot be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to a cash-generating unit, the Group compares the carrying amount of a group of cash-generating units, including the carrying amounts of the corporate assets or portion of corporate assets allocated to that group of cash-generating units, with the recoverable amount of the group of cash-generating units. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit or the group of cash-generating units. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit or the group of cash-generating units. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

倘資產(或現金產生單位)之可收回金額估計 低於其賬面值,則資產(或現金產生單位)之 賬面值將扣減至其可收回金額。就未能按合 理一致基準分配至現金產生單位的企業資產 或一部分企業資產而言,本集團會將一組現 金產生單位的賬面值(包括分配至該現金產 生單位組別的企業資產或一部分企業資產的 賬面值) 與該組現金產生單位的可收回金額 作比較。於分配減值虧損時,以各單位或現金 產生單位組別資產的賬面值為基準,減值虧 損首先分配以減少任何商譽(如適用)之賬面 值,其後按比例分配至其他資產。資產賬面值 不會減少至低於其公平值減出售成本(如可 計量),其使用價值(如可確定)及零三者中的 最高者。已分配至資產之減值虧損之金額按 比例分配至該單位或現金產生單位組別內其 他資產。減值虧損即時於損益內確認。

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Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit or a group of cash-generating units) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit or a group of cash-generating units) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

若其後將減值虧損撥回,資產(或現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別)之賬面值將增至經修訂估計的可收回金額,惟因此而增加之賬面值不可超過假設過往年度並無就該資產(或現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別)確認減值虧損而原應釐定之賬面值。撥回之減值虧損即時於損益確認。

#### Cash and cash equivalents

# Cash and cash equivalents presented on the consolidated statement of financial position include cash, which comprises of cash on hand and demand deposits and cash equivalents, which comprises of short-term (generally with original maturity of three months or less), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

For the purposes of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above.

#### 現金及現金等值

現金及現金等值於綜合財務狀況表呈列,包括現金(包括庫存現金及活期存款)及現金等值(包括短期(原到期日一般為三個月或更短)、可隨時轉換為已知數額現金且價值變動風險不大的高流動性投資。現金等值持作滿足短期現金承擔,而非用於投資或其他目的。

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等值包括上文定義的現金及現金等值。

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#### **Inventories**

#### Properties under development for sale

Properties under development for sale which are intended to be sold upon completion of development are classified as current assets. Except for the leasehold land element which is measured at cost model in accordance with the accounting policies of right-of-use assets, properties under development for sale are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a specific identification basis including allocation of the related development expenditure incurred and where appropriate, borrowing costs capitalised. Net realisable value represent the estimated selling price for the properties less estimated cost to completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Costs necessary to make the sale include incremental costs directly attributable to the sale and non-incremental costs which the Group must incur to make the sale. Properties under development for sale are transferred to properties held for sale upon completion.

#### Others

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are determined on a weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Costs necessary to make the sale include incremental costs directly attributable to the sale and non-incremental costs which the Group must incur to make the sale.

#### 存貨

#### 發展中之待售物業

#### 其他

存貨按成本值及可變現淨值兩者之較低者列 賬。存貨之成本乃按加權平均法釐定。可變 現淨值指存貨之估計售價減所有估計完工成 本及進行銷售所須之成本。完成銷售所必需 的成本包括可直接歸屬於銷售的增量成本, 以及本集團為完成銷售而須產生的非增量成 本。

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#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

Provisions for the expected cost of rectification work under the relevant construction contracts, interior and renovation contracts and installation of building materials contracts, are recognised at the date of rendering the respective contract work, at the directors' best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the Group's obligation at the end of each reporting period.

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

#### 撥備

當本集團因過往事件而導致現時的責任(法律或推定),而本集團可能將須結清該責任,並可對該責任的金額作出可靠估計,則確認 撥備。

確認為撥備之金額按於報告期末時結清該現時責任所需的代價之最佳估計,並考慮有關責任的風險及不確定性進行計量。倘撥備使用估計結清現時責任的現金流量計量,其賬面值為該等現金流量的現值(當有關金額的時間值之影響為重大時)。

相關建築工程合約、裝飾及維修工程合約及 安裝建築材料合約項下整改工程的預期成本 於提交各自合約工程當日按董事於各報告期 末對履行本集團責任所需支出的最佳估計確 認撥備。

#### 財務工具

倘集團實體成為工具合約條文之訂約方,則 須確認財務資產及財務負債。所有日常買賣 之財務資產於交易日期確認及終止確認。日 常買賣指須根據市場規則或慣例訂立之時間 內交收資產之財務資產買賣。

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Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers". Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

財務資產及財務負債初始按公平值計量,惟 客戶合約所產生應收款項初始根據香港財務 報告準則第十五號「來自客戶合約之收入」計 量除外。因收購或發行財務資產及財務負債 (不包括透過損益按公平值計算(「透過損益 按公平值計算」)之財務資產)而直接產生之交 易成本,於初次確認時加入財務資產及財務 負債(如適用)之公平值或自財務資產或財務 負債(如適用)之公平值扣除。因收購透過損 益按公平值計算之財務資產或財務負債而直 接產生之交易成本即時於損益確認。

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

實際利率法乃計算財務資產或財務負債之攤銷成本及按相關期間攤分利息收入及利息支出之方法。實際利率為可透過財務資產或財務負債的預期年期或(如適用)較短期間將估計未來現金收入及付款(包括所有支付或收取構成整體實際利率之費用和點數、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)準確折現至初步確認時的賬面淨值的利率。

#### Financial assets

### Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

 the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and

#### 財務資產

財務資產之分類及其後計量

符合下列條件的財務資產其後按攤銷成本計量:

財務資產乃於目的為收取合約現金流量 的業務模式下持有;及

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the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

合約條款於特定日期產生純粹為支付本 金及未償還本金之利息的現金流量。

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 "Business Combinations" applies.

所有其他財務資產其後诱過捐益按公平值計 算,惟首次確認財務資產時,倘股權投資並非 持作買賣,亦非由於收購方於業務合併(符合 香港財務報告準則第3號業務合併)中確認之 或然代價,則本集團可能不可撤回地選擇於 其他全面收益呈列該股權投資之公平值的其 後變動。

A financial asset is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

In addition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that are required to be measured at the amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

在下列情況下,財務資產為持作買賣:

- 主要為於短期內出售而購入;或
- 於初始確認時屬於本集團共同管理且在 最近有實際短期獲利模式之可識別財務 工具組合;或
- 並非指定及有效作為對沖工具之衍生工 耳。

此外,本集團可能不可撤回地指定符合攤 銷成本計量或透過其他全面收益按公平值計 (「透過其他全面收益按公平值計算」) 算準則 之財務資產為透過損益按公平值計算(倘若 此舉可消除或顯著減少會計錯配)。

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#### (i) Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become credit impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer creditimpaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit-impaired.

#### (ii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI or designated as FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excluded any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the "other gains and losses" line item.

#### (i) 攤銷成本及利息收入

利息收入乃使用實際利息法予以確認其後按 攤銷成本計量的財務資產。利息收入乃對一 項財務資產賬面總值應用實際利率予以計 算,惟其後出現信貸減值(見下文)的財務資 產除外。就其後出現信貸減值的財務資產而 言,自下一報告期起,利息收入乃對財務資產而 攤銷成本應用實際利率予以確認。倘信資減值財務工具的信貸風險好轉,使財務資產不 再出現信貸減值,於釐定資產不再出現信貸 減值後,自報告期開始起利息收入乃對財務 資產賬面總值應用實際利率予以確認。

#### (ii) 透過損益按公平值計算之財務資產

不符合按攤銷成本或透過其他全面收益按公 平值計算或指定為透過其他全面收益按公平 值計算條件之財務資產均透過損益按公平值 計算。

透過損益按公平值計算之財務資產按各報告期末之公平值計量,而任何公平值收益或虧損於損益中確認。於損益中確認之收益或虧損淨額不包括財務資產所賺取之任何股息或利息,並計入「其他收益及虧損」項目。

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Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss ("ECL") model on financial assets (including trade debtors, loans to joint ventures, amounts due from joint ventures, other receivables, bank balances, and other items (including contract assets, lease receivables, financial guarantee contracts and loan commitments) which are subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade debtors, contract assets and lease receivables. The Group uses collective assessment to determine the ECL for the trade debtors and contract assets, except for trade debtors and contract assets receivable from departments of The Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("HKSAR") and credit-impaired which are assessed for ECL individually.

財務資產之減值以及須根據香港財務報告準則第九號進行減值評估之其他項目

本集團對根據預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)模式進行減值評估之財務資產(包括應收款項、合營企業貸款、應收合營企業款項、其他應收款項、銀行結餘)以及其他項目(包括合約資產、應收租賃款項、財務擔保合約及貸款承擔)須根據香港財務報告準則第九號予以減值評估。預期信貸虧損之金額會於各報告日期予以更新以反映自首次確認起的信貸風險變動。

存續期間的預期信貸虧損指於有關工具預期 年期內所有可能的違約事件將產生的預期信 貸虧損。相反,十二個月預期信貸虧損(「十二 個月預期信貸虧損」) 指於報告日期後十二個 月內可能發生的違約事件預期產生的部分存 續期間的預期信貸虧損。本集團已根據歷史 信貸虧損經驗完成評估,並就債務人特定因 素、整體經濟環境以及於報告日期當前狀況 及日後狀況預測的評估作出調整。

本集團一直就應收款項、合約資產及應收租 賃款項確認存續期間預期信貸虧損。本集團 使用集體評估以釐定應收款項及合約資產的 預期信貸虧損,惟應收香港特別行政區(「香 港特別行政區」)政府部門並出現信貸減值 的款項及合約資產單獨評估預期信貸虧損除 外。

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For financial guarantee contracts, loan commitments and all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

就財務擔保合約、貸款承擔及所有其他工具而言,本集團按十二個月預期信貸虧損計量虧損撥備,除非信貸風險自首次確認以來顯著上升,在此情況下,本集團確認存續期間的預期信貸虧損確認乃根據自首次確認以來出現違約之可能性或風險顯著上升而評估。

#### (i) Significant increase in credit risk

# In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;

#### (i) 信貸風險顯著上升

於評估自首次確認起信貸風險是否顯著上升時,本集團會將財務工具於報告日期發生違約的風險與財務工具於首次確認日期發生違約的風險進行比較。作出此項評估時,本集團會考慮合理可證實的定量及定性資料,包括過往經驗及毋須付出過度成本或努力而取得的前瞻性資料。

具體而言,評估信貸風險是否顯著上升時會 考慮以下資料:

- 財務工具之外部(如有)或內部信貸評級 的實際或預期顯著惡化;
- 信貸風險的外部市場指標顯著惡化,例如債務人的信貸息差、信用違約掉期價格顯著上升;
- 商業、金融或經濟情況目前或預期有不 利變動,預計將導致債務人履行其債務 責任的能力顯著下降;

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- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.
- Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Despite the aforegoing the Group assumes that the credit risk on a debt instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk if (1) it has a low risk of default, (2) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and (3) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

For financial guarantee contracts and loan commitments, the date that the Group becomes a party to the irrevocable commitment is considered to be the date of initial recognition for the purposes of assessing impairment. In assessing whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition of a loan commitment, the Group considers changes in the risk of a default occurring on the loan to which a loan commitment relates; for financial guarantee contracts, the Group considers the changes in the risk that the specific debtor will default on the contract.

- 債務人經營業績實際或預期顯著惡化;及
- 債務人的監管、經濟或技術環境有實際 或預計的重大不利變動,導致債務人履 行其債務責任的能力顯著下降。

不論上述評估結果如何,本集團均假設逾期 超過三十日之合約付款的信貸風險自首次確 認以來顯著上升,除非本集團有合理及可證 實的資料證明相反情況。

儘管存在上述情況,倘債務工具於報告日期被釐定為具有低信貸風險,本集團假設該債務工具的信貸風險自首次確認起並無大幅增加。債務工具會被釐定為具有低信貸風險,倘(1)其違約風險較低、(2)借款人有強大能力於短期履行其合約現金流量義務及(3)長遠而言,經濟及業務狀況存有不利變動,惟未必會降低借款人履行其合約現金流量義務的能力。

就財務擔保合約及貸款承擔而言,本集團成為不可撤銷承諾一方的日期被視為就評估減值之初始確認日期。於評估信貸風險自貸款承擔初始確認起是否有顯著增加時,本集團會考慮貸款承擔有關的貸款將違約的風險的變動;就財務擔保合約而言,本集團會考慮特定債務人違約風險的變動。

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The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

本集團定期監控用以識別信貸風險有否大幅增加的標準之效益,且修訂標準(如適當)來確保標準能在金額逾期前識別信貸風險大幅增加。

#### (ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

#### (iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;

#### (ii) 違約定義

就內部信貸風險管理而言,本集團認為,倘內 部生成或自外部來源獲得的資料顯示債務人 不太可能向其債權人(包括本集團)悉數付款 (不考慮本集團持有的任何抵押品),則發生 違約事件。

儘管以上所述,當財務資產逾期超過九十日時,本集團認為發生違約,除非本集團有合理及可證實的資料證明更滯後的違約準則屬更合適。

#### (iii) 信貸減值的財務資產

當發生一項或多項對財務資產估計未來現金 流量有不利影響的事件時,財務資產會出現 信貸減值。財務資產信貸減值的證據包括以 下可觀察事件:

- (a) 發行人或借款人出現重大財政困難;
- (b) 違約,例如拖賬或逾期事項;

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- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider; or
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.
- (iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade debtors, when the amounts are over three years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

#### (v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data and forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

- (c) 借款人的放款人因與借款人出現財務困 難有關之經濟或合約理由而給予借款人 在其他情況下放款人不予考慮之優惠條 件;或
- (d) 借款人有可能破產或進行其他財務重 組。

#### (iv) 撇銷政策

倘有資料顯示交易對手方陷入嚴重財務困難 且無實際可收回之期望(如交易對手方已進 行清盤或進入破產程序,或如屬應收款項,該 款項已逾期超過三年(以較早發生者為準)), 本集團則撇銷財務資產。經考慮法律意見(如 適用)後,已撇銷之財務資產仍可能受制於本 集團收回程序下之執法活動。撇銷構成終止 確認事件。其後的任何收回均在損益確認。

#### (v) 計量及確認預期信貸虧損

預期信貸虧損之計量為違約概率、違約虧損 (即違約虧損程度)及違約風險的函數。違約 概率及違約虧損之評估乃基於歷史數據及前 瞻性資料。預期信貸虧損的估計反映不偏不 倚及概率加權金額,以各自發生違約的風險 為權重釐定。

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Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition. For a lease receivable, the cash flows used for determining the ECL is consistent with the cash flows used in measuring the lease receivable in accordance with HKFRS 16.

一般而言,預期信貸虧損乃根據合約應付本 集團之所有合約現金流量與本集團預期收取 之現金流量(按首次確認時釐定的實際利率 折現)之間的差額。就應收租賃款項而言,用 於釐定預期信貸虧損之現金流量與用於根據 香港財務報告準則第十六號計量應收租賃款 項之現金流量一致。

For a financial guarantee contract, the Group is required to make payments only in the event of a default by the debtor in accordance with the terms of the instrument that is guaranteed. Accordingly, the ECL is the present value of the expected payments to reimburse the holder for a credit loss that it incurs less any amounts that the Group expects to receive from the holder, the debtor or any other party.

就財務擔保合約而言,根據所擔保工具的條款,本集團僅須於債務人違約時作出付款。因此,預期信貸虧損為償還持有人所產生信貸虧損的預期付款減本集團預期自持有人、債務人或任何其他方收取的所有金額的現值。

For undrawn loan commitments, the ECL is the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows that are due to the Group if the holder of the loan commitments draws down the loan, and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive if the loan is drawn down.

就未提取貸款承擔而言,預期信貸虧損為貸款承擔持有人提取貸款之情況下應付本集團 之合約現金流量與提取貸款之情況下本集團 預期將收取之現金流量間之差額之現值。

For ECL on financial guarantee or on loan commitments for which the effective interest rate cannot be determined, the Group will apply a discount rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks that are specific to the cash flows but only if, and to the extent that, the risks are taken into account by adjusting the discount rate instead of adjusting the cash shortfalls being discounted.

就實際利率無法釐定財務擔保或貸款承擔之 預期信貸虧損而言,本集團將應用反映貨幣 時間價值及現金流量特有風險的目前市場評 估的折現率,惟僅在透過調整折現率而非調 整折現現金差額的方式計及風險的情況下, 方應用有關折現率。

Lifetime ECL for certain trade debtors and contract assets are considered on a collective basis taking into consideration past due information and relevant credit information such as forward looking macroeconomic information.

經計及逾期資料及相關信貸資料(如前瞻宏觀經濟資料),若干應收款項及合約資產之存續期間預期信貸虧損乃按集體基準予以考慮。

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For collective assessment, the Group takes into consideration the following characteristics when formulating the grouping:

就集體評估而言,本集團於制定組別時考慮 以下特徵:

- Past-due status;
- Nature, size and industry of debtors; and
- External credit ratings where available.

The grouping is regularly reviewed by the management of the Group to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

Except for loan commitments, the Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of trade debtors and contract assets where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

- 逾期狀況;
- 債務人之性質、規模及行業;及
- 外部信貸評級(如有)。

本集團管理層定期檢討分組,以確保各組之 組成持續具有類似之信貸風險特徵。

利息收入根據財務資產的賬面總值計算,除 非財務資產信貸減值,在此情況下,利息收入 根據財務資產的攤銷成本計算。

除貸款承擔外,本集團透過調整其賬面值在 損益確認所有財務工具之減值收益或虧損, 惟應收款項及合約資產之相應調整則透過虧 損撥備賬確認。

#### 終止確認財務資產

本集團僅於資產收取現金流量的合約權利屆滿時,或向另一實體轉讓財務資產及該資產擁有權絕大部份風險及回報時終止確認財務資產。

於終止確認按攤銷成本計量的財務資產時, 該資產賬面值與已收及應收代價總和間之差 額於損益中確認。

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Financial liabilities and equity

財務負債及股本權益

Classification as debt or equity

分類為債務或股本權益

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

債務及股本權益工具按所訂立之合約安排的 性質,以及財務負債及股本權益工具之定義 而分類為財務負債或股本權益工具。

**Equity instruments** 

股本權益工具

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

股本權益工具指能證明於扣除所有負債後實 體資產之剩餘權益之任何合約。本公司發行 之股本權益工具乃按已收取之所得款項減直 接發行成本確認。

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

購回本公司自身股本工具直接於權益確認及 扣除。概無就購買、出售、發行或註銷本公司 自身股本工具而於損益中確認收益或虧損。

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

按攤銷成本列賬之財務負債

Financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, and bank loans are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

財務負債包括應付款項及其他應付款項及銀 行貸款,乃其後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本 計算。

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#### Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contract liabilities are measured initially at their fair values. It is subsequently measured at the higher of:

- the amount of the loss allowance determined in accordance with HKFRS 9: and
- the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised over the guarantee period.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Changes in the basis for determining the contractual cash flows as a result of interest rate benchmark reform

For changes in the basis for determining the contractual cash flows of a financial asset or financial liability to which the amortised cost measurement applies as a result of interest rate benchmark reform, the Group applies the practical expedient to account for these changes by updating the effective interest rate, such change in effective interest rate normally has no significant effect on the carrying amount of the relevant financial asset or financial liability.

#### 財務擔保合約

財務擔保合約為發行人須因指定債務人未能 根據債務工具的條款支付到期款項致使持有 人蒙受損失時,向持有人償付指定款項的合 約。財務擔保合約負債初步按其公平值計量, 其後按以下較高者計量:

- 根據香港財務報告準則第九號釐定的虧 損撥備金額;及
- 初始確認的金額減(如適用)於擔保期內確認的累計攤銷。

#### 終止確認財務負債

本集團於且僅於其責任已解除、註銷或已屆 滿時終止確認財務負債。已終止確認之財務 負債之賬面值與已付及應付代價間之差額於 損益中確認。

因利率基準改革而導致釐定合約現金流基準 之變動

就因利率基準改革而導致釐定按攤銷成本計量之財務資產或財務負債之合約現金流基準之變動而言,本集團採用可行權宜方法,以更新實際利率將該等變動入賬,此實際利率之變動一般而言對相關財務資產或財務負債之賬面值並無顯著影響。

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A change in the basis for determining the contractual cash flows is required by interest rate benchmark reform if and only if, both these conditions are met:

僅當符合下述兩個條件時,釐定合約現金流之基準須因應利率基準改革而變動:

- the change is necessary as a direct consequence of interest rate benchmark reform; and
- 該變動為利率基準改革之直接後果;及
- the new basis for determining the contractual cash flows is economically equivalent to the previous basis (i.e. the basis immediately preceding the change).
- 釐定合約現金流之新基準在經濟上等同於先前基準(即緊接變動前之基準)。

For other changes made to a financial asset or financial liability in addition to changes to the basis for determining the contractual cash flows required by interest rate benchmark reform, the Group first applies the practical expedient to the changes required by interest rate benchmark reform by updating the effective interest rate. The Group then applies the applicable requirements in HKFRS 9 on modification of a financial asset or a financial liability to the additional changes to which the practical expedient does not apply.

就除利率基準改革要求的合約現金流量的釐定基準變動外對財務資產或財務負債作出的其他變動而言,本集團首先對利率基準改革要求的變動應用可行權宜方法,更新實際利率。隨後,本集團將香港財務報告準則第九號有關修改財務資產或財務負債的適用規定應用於可行權宜方法不適用的額外變動。

# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

#### 4. 重大會計判斷及估計不明朗因 素的主要來源

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

於應用本集團的會計政策(詳情見附註3)時,本公司董事對目前無法從其他來源得悉的資產及負債的賬面值作出多項判斷、估計及假設。該等估計及相關假設乃基於過往經驗及被認為相關的其他因素決定。實際結果與該等估計可能存在差異。

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The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

估計及相關假設乃以持續基準審閱。倘對會計估計的修訂只對該期間有影響,有關修訂乃於修訂有關估計的期間確認,或倘有關修訂對本期間及未來期間均有影響,則於修訂期間及未來期間確認。

# Critical judgement in applying accounting policies

The following is the critical judgement, apart from those involving estimations, that the directors of the Company have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

#### Deferred taxation on investment properties

For the purpose of measuring deferred tax liabilities arising from investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the directors of the Company have reviewed the investment property portfolio of the Group's subsidiaries and concluded that the investment properties of the Group are not held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time, rather than through sale. Therefore, in determining the Group's deferred taxation on investment properties, the directors of the Company have determined that the presumption that the carrying amounts of investment properties measured using the fair value model are recovered entirely through sale is not rebutted. The Group has not recognised any deferred taxes on changes in fair value of investment properties as the Group are not subject to any income taxes on the fair value changes of the investment properties on disposal.

#### 應用會計政策之重大判斷

除涉及估計外,以下為本公司董事應用本集團之會計政策過程中作出並對綜合財務報表內確認之款項造成重大影響的重大判斷。

#### 投資物業之遞延稅項

就計量由使用公平值模型計量之投資物業所產生的遞延稅項負債而言,本公司董事檢視本集團附屬公司的投資物業組合及斷定本集團的投資物業是以出售方式之商業模式持有,而並非以耗盡大體上所有包含在投資司等之一。 事認為,於釐定本集團投資物業之遞延稅司時,使用公平值模型計量之投資物業賬面值乃全部透過出售予以收回之假設沒有被推翻。由於本集團於出售時毋須就投資物業之公平值變動繳付任何所得稅,因此本集團於出售時毋須就投資物業之公平值變動繳付任何所得稅,因此本集團稅項。

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#### **Key sources of estimation uncertainty**

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

#### Fair value of investment properties

Investment properties are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 March 2023 at their fair value of HK\$3,033,980,000 (2022: HK\$3,140,000,000) (note 16) based on valuation of these properties conducted by Colliers International (Hong Kong) Limited ("Colliers") and Jones Lang LaSalle Limited ("JLL") (2022: Colliers and JLL), independent property valuers (the "Valuers"). In determining the fair values of the Group's investment properties, the Valuers applied a market value basis which involves, inter-alia, significant unobservable inputs and significant judgements, representing appropriate market rent, capitalisation rate and adjusted market price that has taken into account of property-specific adjustments including location and condition.

In relying on the valuation report, the directors of the Company have exercised their judgements and are satisfied that the method of valuation is reflective of the current market conditions. Any changes to these assumptions, including the potential risk of any market violation, policy, geopolitical and social changes or other unexpected incidents as a result of change in macroeconomic environment, changes in policy direction and/or mortgage requirements, or other unexpected incidents would result in changes in the fair values of the Group's investment properties and the corresponding adjustments to the amount of gain or loss reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

#### 估計不明朗因素的主要來源

以下為有關未來的主要假設以及於報告期末 的估計不明朗因素的其他主要來源,有關假 設及不明朗因素可能有重大風險,導致須對 下一財政年度的資產及負債的賬面值進行重 大調整。

#### 投資物業之公平值

於二零二三年三月三十一日,列賬於綜合財務狀況表之投資物業的公平值為港幣3,033,980,000元(二零二二年:港幣3,140,000,000元)(附註16),乃以獨立物業估值師(「估值師」)高力國際物業顧問(香港)有限公司(「高力」)及仲量聯行有限公司(「倫力」)及仲量聯行有限公司(「一零二二年:高力及仲量聯行)所建行的相關物業估值為基準。於釐定本集團之投資物業之公平值時,估值師已應用市值基準,其涉及(其中包括)重大不可觀察輸入數據及重大判斷,即適當市場租金、資本化率及經調整市價(包括位置及條件在內的與物業相關之具體調整)。

於參照估值報告時,本公司董事已運用其判斷並信納有關估值方法可反映當前市況。該等假設(包括宏觀經濟環境變化、政策方向及/或抵押要求的變化或其他突發事件導致的任何市場違規、政策、地緣政治及社會變化或其他突發事件的潛在風險)有所變動,將會導致本集團投資物業的公平值出現變動及對綜合損益及其他全面收益表中呈報的損益金額作出相應調整。

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### Provision of ECL for trade debtors and contract assets

Trade debtors and contract assets that are credit-impaired or receivable from departments of The Government of HKSAR are assessed for ECL individually. The Group uses collective assessment to determine the ECL for the remaining trade debtors and contract assets by grouping debtors based on the Group's internal credit ratings.

As at 31 March 2023, the carrying amounts of trade debtors and contract assets were HK\$73,173,000 and HK\$238,208,000 (2022: HK\$114,299,000 and HK\$265,020,000) (net of allowance for credit losses of trade debtors and contract assets of HK\$286,000 and HK\$929,000 (2022: HK\$768,000 and HK\$1,100,000)), respectively. The provision of ECL is sensitive to changes in estimates. Details of impairment assessment are set out in note 49.

#### Provision for ECL for loans to joint ventures

Management regularly reviews the impairment assessment and evaluate the ECL for the loans to joint ventures. Appropriate impairment allowance is recognised in profit or loss.

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group regularly monitors the business performance of the joint ventures. The Group's credit risks in these balances are mitigated through the value of assets held by the joint ventures. In making this assessment, the loans to joint ventures are assessed individually by the management of the Group, based on the financial background, the risk of default occurring on the loans to joint ventures and forward-looking information that is reasonable, supportable and available without undue cost or effort.

#### 應收款項及合約資產的預期信貸虧損撥備

出現信貸減值或來自香港特別行政區政府部 門的應收款項及合約資產會個別評估其預期 信貸虧損。通過基於本集團內部信貸評級對 債務人進行分組,本集團使用集體評估以釐 定餘下應收款項及合約資產之預期信貸虧 損。

於二零二三年三月三十一日,應收款項及合約資產的賬面值分別為港幣73,173,000元及港幣238,208,000元(二零二二年:港幣114,299,000元及港幣265,020,000元(扣除應收款項及合約資產的信貸虧損撥備港幣286,000元及港幣929,000元(二零二二年:港幣768,000元及港幣1,100,000元))。預期信貸虧損撥備易受估計變動影響。減值評估之詳情載於附註49。

#### 合營企業貸款的預期信貸虧損撥備

管理層定期審查減值評估並估計合營企業貸款之預期信貸虧損。適當減值撥備於損益確認。

於評估自首次確認起信貸風險是否顯著上升時,本集團定期監察合營企業的業務表現。本集團於該等結餘的信貸風險通過合營企業所持資產的價值減輕。於進行該評估時,合營企業貸款由本集團管理層根據財務背景、合營企業貸款發生違約之風險以及毋須付出過度成本或努力即可取得合理、可證實的前瞻性資料進行個別評估。

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As at 31 March 2023, the carrying amount of loans to joint ventures was HK\$1,027,814,000 (2022: HK\$974,529,000) (net of allowance for credit losses of HK\$46,819,000 (2022: HK\$18,775,000)). Details of impairment assessment are set out in note 49.

於二零二三年三月三十一日,合營企業貸款的賬面值為港幣1,027,814,000元(二零二二年:港幣974,529,000元)(扣除信貸虧損撥備港幣46,819,000元(二零二二年:港幣18,775,000元))。減值評估之詳情載於附註49。

## Write-down of properties under development for sale

#### 撇減發展中之待售物業

Management reviews the recoverability of the Group's properties under development for sale with reference to current market environment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may exceed its net realisable value. The estimate requires judgement including the consideration of construction costs to completion based on the existing development plans and the estimation of selling prices of the properties of comparable locations and conditions. Write-down for estimated irrecoverable amounts is recognised in profit or loss when the net realisable value is below cost. Actual realised amount may differ from estimates or changes in facts and circumstances may result in downward revision of estimated net realisable value of these properties under development for sale and additional write-down may be required.

當事件或情況變動表明資產的賬面值可能超過其可變現淨值時,管理層會參考當前市場環境審閱本集團發展中之待售物業的可收回性。估計需要作出判斷,包括根據現有開發計劃考慮竣工時的建築成本以及對可資比較計劃,當可變現所做本時,撇減估計不可收回金額會於成本時,撇減估計不可收回金額會於損益內確認。實際變現金額可能與估計不同,或者事件及情況變動可能導致該等發展中之待售物業的估計可變現淨值下降,並可能需要額外撇減。

As at 31 March 2023, the carrying amount of properties under development for sale was HK\$932,000,000 (2022: HK\$907,553,000), net of write-down of properties under development for sale of HK\$10,411,000 (2022: Nil) (note 23).

於二零二三年三月三十一日,發展中之待售物業的賬面值為港幣932,000,000元(二零二二年:港幣907,553,000元),扣除撇減發展中之待售物業港幣10,411,000元(二零二二年:無)(附註23)。

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#### 5. REVENUE

# Revenue represents the aggregate of the amounts received or receivable from construction contracts, interior and renovation contracts, installation of building materials, sales of health products, provision of property agency and management services, and lease income from property investment during the year, and is analysed as follows:

#### 5. 收入

收入指年內自建築工程合約、裝飾及維修工程合約、安裝建築材料、健康產品之銷售、提供物業代理及管理服務以及物業投資之租賃收入已收或應收款項總金額,分析如下:

#### **Disaggregation of revenue**

#### 收入分列

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Recognised over time:	隨時間確認:		
Revenue from construction contract work	建築工程合約之收入	904,847	1,197,468
Revenue from interior and renovation contracts	裝飾及維修工程合約之收入	190,219	86,704
Revenue from installation of building materials	安裝建築材料之收入	56,967	68,535
Property management services income	物業管理服務收入	11,159	5,076
Recognised at a point in time:	在某個時間點確認:		
Sales of health products Property agency service income	健康產品之銷售金額 物業代理服務收入	11,220 3,305	22,607 3,272
	+ + <del></del>		
Revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約之收入	1,177,717	1,383,662
Fixed-lease income from property investment	物業投資之固定租賃收入	55,086	54,678
		1,232,803	1,438,340
	was the second		
Geographical market: Hong Kong	地區市場: 香港	1,232,803	1,438,340

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### Performance obligations for contracts with customers

# Revenue from construction contracts, interior and renovation contracts, and installation of building materials

The Group provides construction contract work, interior and renovation contract work and installation of building materials contract work under long-term contracts with customers. Such contracts are entered into before the services begin. The Group's contract work enhances an asset that the external customers control as the Group performs. Revenue from provision of such contract work is therefore recognised over time. The revenue from the contract work, except for the revenue from provision of supply and installation of ceiling system (without a direct measurement of value of performance completed to date), is recognised using output method, i.e. based on surveys of the relevant services completed by the Group to date as certified by independent surveyors appointed by the customers in relation to the work completed by the Group. The directors of the Company consider that output method would faithfully depict the Group's performance towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligations in these contracts under HKFRS 15. The revenue from provision of supply and installation of ceiling system is recognised using input method. The measures of the progress is determined based on the proportion of specific costs incurred to-date to the estimated total costs for each contract.

#### 客戶合約的履約義務

#### 建築合約、裝飾及維修合約及安裝建築材 料所得收入

本集團根據長期客戶合約提供建築合約工 程、裝飾及維修合約工程及安裝建築材料合 約工程。相關合約於服務開始前訂立。本集團 之合約工程提升一項資產,而該項資產於本 集團履約時由外部客戶控制。因此提供相關 合約工程之收入隨時間確認。除提供供應及 安裝天花系統之收入(並無直接計量截至目 前已完成的履約價值)外,合約工程之收入乃 採用產量法確認,即根據本集團迄今所完成 的相關服務的測量,由客戶委任的獨立測量 師就本集團所完成的工作核證。本公司董事 認為,產量法將中肯描述本集團對香港財務 報告準則第十五號項下合約中的履約義務的 履約責任。提供供應及安裝天花系統之收入 乃採用投入法確認。進度的衡量標準是根據 迄今發生的具體費用相對每份合約估計總成 本的比例所釐定。

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#### Sales of health products

Revenue from health products is recognised at a point in time when control of health products is transferred to the customers, being at the point the customer purchases the goods at the retail shop, or when the goods have been delivered or shipped to the customers and the customer has obtained the control of the health products and the Group has present right to payment and the collection of the consideration is probable.

#### Property agency service income

For revenue from provision of property agency service, revenue is recognised at a point in time when customers sign a legally binding agreement from its counterparty and performance obligations are satisfied. Payment of the transaction is due immediately when performance obligations are satisfied.

#### Property management services income

The provision of property management services is recognised over time, as the customers simultaneously receive and consume the benefits from the Group's performance and the revenue is recognised over the property management services period as time lapses.

#### 健康產品銷售

健康產品的收入於健康產品控制權轉移至客戶,即客戶於零售店購買商品時,或當商品已經交付或運送予客戶時,且客戶於某個時間點獲得健康產品的控制權以及本集團現時有權收取付款並很可能收回代價時的某一時間點確認。

#### 物業代理服務收入

就提供物業代理服務的收入而言,收入於客 戶與對手方簽立具有法律約束力的協議並履 行履約義務時的某一時間點確認。交易付款 於履行履約義務時立即到期。

#### 物業管理服務收入

提供物業管理服務乃隨時間確認。此乃由於客戶同時取得並耗用本集團履約所產生的利益,而收入則於物業管理服務期間內隨時間推移予以確認。

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# Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation for contracts with customers

The transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at 31 March 2023 and 2022 and the expected timing of recognising revenue are as follows:

#### 分配至餘下客戶合約的履約義務之交 易價

於二零二三年及二零二二年三月三十一日, 分配至餘下未完成或部分未完成履約義務之 交易價及確認收入的預期時間如下:

		Revenue from construction contracts 建築 合約收入 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Revenue from interior and renovation contracts 裝飾及維修合約收入 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Revenue from installation of building materials 安裝建築材料 收入 HK\$'000 港幣千元
As at 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日			
Within one year	パーマニュチニカニ I ロ 一年内	1,024,362	273,961	140,012
More than one year but not	一年以上但兩年以內			·
more than two years		724,083	194,176	110,207
More than two years	兩年以上	399,296	26,210	17,714
		2447.744	404247	267.022
		2,147,741	494,347	267,933
As at 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日			
Within one year	一年內	745,815	243,263	109,328
More than one year but not	一年以上但兩年以內			
more than two years		703,227	156,000	118,031
More than two years	两年以上 ————————————————————————————————————	_	141,756	72,173
		1 440 042	E41.010	200 522
		1,449,042	541,019	299,532

Other than revenue from construction contracts, interior and renovation contracts, and installation of building materials, the revenue from other segment are for periods of one year or less. As permitted under HKFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to these unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed.

除來自建築合約、裝飾及維修合約以及建築 材料安裝的收入外,其他分類的收入期限為 一年或以下。誠如香港財務報告準則第十五 號所允許,並無披露分配至該等未履行合約 的交易價格。

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#### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group is organised into seven operating divisions: construction, interior and renovation works, design, supply and installation of building materials, sales of health products, property investment, property development and provision of property agency and management services. These divisions are the basis on which the Group reports its financial information internally and are regularly reviewed by the executive directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision makers, for the purpose of allocating resources to segments and assessing their performance.

#### (a) Segment revenues and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by operating and reportable segment:

For the year ended 31 March 2023

#### 6. 分類資料

本集團主要經營範疇分為七類:建築、裝飾及維修工程、建築材料設計、供應及安裝、健康產品之銷售、物業投資、物業發展及物業代理及管理服務之提供。本集團根據此等分類為基準報告其內部財務資料,並由本公司執行董事(為主要經營決策者)定期審閱以分配各分類間之資源及評估分類間之表現。

#### (a) 分類收入及業績

以下為本集團各經營及可呈報分類之收入及 業績之分析:

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

		Construction 建築 HK <b>\$</b> ′000 港幣千元	Interior and renovation 裝飾及維修 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Building materials 建築材料 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Health products 健康產品 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Property development 物業發展 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Property agency and management 物業代理 及管理 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Segment total 分類總計 HK\$*000 港幣千元	Eliminations 撤銷 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Consolidated 综合 HK\$'000 港幣千元
REVENUE External sales Inter-segment sales	收入 對外銷售 分類業務間之銷售 總計	904,847 1,510 906,357	190,219 39,702 229,921	56,967 2,579 59,546	11,220 97 11,317	55,086 8,971 64,057		14,464 57 14,521	1,232,803 52,916 1,285,719	- (52,916) (52,916)	1,232,803
RESULTS Segment result	業績 分類業績	12,071	(2,129)	20	(1,218)	73,031	(86,213)	135	(4,303)	-	(4,303)
Unallocated expenses	未分配支出										(31,648)
Loss before taxation	除稅前虧損										(35,95

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#### For the year ended 31 March 2022

#### 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

		Construction 建築 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Interior and renovation 裝飾及維修 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Building materials 建築材料 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Health products 健康產品 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Property development 物業發展 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Property agency and management 物業代理 及管理 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Segment total 分類總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Eliminations 撤銷 HK <b>\$</b> '000 港幣千元	Consolidated 綜合 HK <b>\$</b> *000 港幣千元
REVENUE External sales Inter-segment sales	收入 對外銷售 分類業務間之銷售	1,197,468 592	86,704 71,505	68,535 15,205	22,607 15	54,678 8,751	- -	8,348 120	1,438,340 96,188	– (96,188)	1,438,340
Total	總計	1,198,060	158,209	83,740	22,622	63,429	-	8,468	1,534,528	(96,188)	1,438,340
RESULTS Segment result	業績 分類業績	24,054	6	752	681	159,306	10,040	213	195,052	-	195,052
Unallocated expenses	未分配支出										(32,336)
Profit before taxation	除稅前溢利										162,716

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3. Segment results represent the results from each segment without allocation of interest income earned and administration costs incurred by head office and the inactive subsidiaries. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision makers for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

Inter-segment sales are charged by reference to market prices.

各經營分類間之會計政策與附註3所述的本集團之會計政策一致。分類業績代表每個分類產生之業績,並未分配已賺取利息收入及總部及業務經營不活躍之附屬公司之行政成本。此乃向主要經營決策者呈報以作資源分配及表現評估之目的。

分類業務間之銷售乃參考市價計算。

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#### (b) Segment assets and liabilities

### The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by operating and reportable segment:

#### (b) 分類資產與負債

以下為本集團各經營及可呈報分類之資產及 負債分析:

		31.3.2023 二零二三年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	31.3.2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Segment assets Construction Interior and renovation Building materials Health products Property investment Property development Property agency and management	分類資產 建築 裝飾及維修 建築材料 健康產品 物業投資 物業發展 物業代理及管理	574,245 133,138 64,306 17,265 3,330,386 1,847,707 37,538	830,173 150,747 73,443 27,289 3,516,992 1,939,948 39,969
Total segment assets Unallocated assets	分類資產總額 未分配資產	6,004,585 158,249	6,578,561 140,240
Consolidated assets	綜合資產	6,162,834	6,718,801
Segment liabilities Construction Interior and renovation Building materials Health products Property investment Property development Property agency and management	分類負債 建築 裝飾及維修 建築材料 健康產品 物業投資 物業發展 物業代理及管理	373,986 31,529 24,276 1,627 1,559,813 185 669	396,661 45,527 22,713 3,167 1,845,231 8,475 1,044
Total segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities	分類負債總額 未分配負債	1,992,085 98,067	2,322,818 179,545
Consolidated liabilities	綜合負債	2,090,152	2,502,363

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to operating segments other than central bank balances and cash of head office and other inactive subsidiaries, certain self-used properties, taxation recoverable and deferred tax assets; and
- all liabilities are allocated to operating segments other than other payables of head office and the inactive subsidiaries, taxation payable and deferred tax liabilities.

為監察分類表現及分配分類間的資源:

- 除總部及其他業務經營不活躍附屬公司的中央管有之銀行結餘及現金、若干自用物業、可退回稅項及遞延稅項資產外,所有資產均分配至經營分類;及
- 除總部及業務經營不活躍附屬公司的其 他應付款項、應付稅項及遞延稅項負債 外,所有負債均分配至經營分類。

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#### (c) Other information

#### (c) 其他資料

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		Construction 建築 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Interior and renovation 裝飾及維修 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Building materials 建築材料 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Health products 健康產品 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Property development 物業發展 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Property agency and management 物業代理 及管理 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Amounts included in the measure of segment results or segment assets:	計量分類業績或分類資產時計入之 金額:									
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備之折舊	3,962	1,698	1,319	170	1,339	_	1,795	6,646	16,929
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產之折舊	2,070	1,050	-	1,385	-		1,733	0,040	3,455
Write-down of properties under development for sale	撤減發展中之待售物業	2,070	_	_	1,303	_	10,411	_	_	10,411
Loss on change in fair value of investment properties	投資物業之公平值變動之虧損	_	_	_	_	20,494	-	_	_	20,494
Gain on change in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL	透過損益按公平值計算之					20,101				20,151
can on analys in tail tails of mishell assess at 11112	財務資產之公平值變動之收益	(59)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(59)
Reversal of write-down of inventories	機回存貨撤減	-	_	_	(149)	_	_	(546)	_	(695)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備之收益	(499)	_	_	-	(13,293)	_	(3,920)	_	(17,712)
(Reversal of impairment losses) impairment losses	預期信貸虧損模式下之	(,				( -,,		(-,,		,
under ECL model, net	(撥回減值虧損)減值虧損淨額	(670)	(58)	75	_	_	28,044	_	_	27,391
Gain on disposal of assets classified as held for sale and	出售分類為持作出售資產及與分類為	` '								-
liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale	持作出售資產相關之負債之收益	_	_	_	_	(116,619)	_	_	_	(116,619)
Interest income	利息收入	(1,487)	(194)	(106)	(6)	(97)	(19,083)	(4)	(24)	(21,001)
Share of loss of an associate	分佔聯營公司虧損	-	-	-	-	16	-	-	-	16
Share of loss of joint ventures	分佔合營企業虧損	-	-	-	-	-	72,547	-	-	72,547
Finance costs	財務費用	69	-	-	45	43,545	3,594	-	-	47,253
Additions to non-current assets (note)	添置非流動資產 (附註)	3,680	-	-	504	7,241	-	-	25,134	36,559
Interest in an associate	聯營公司之權益	-	-	-	-	557	-	-	-	557
Interests in joint ventures	合營企業之權益	-	-	-	-	-	106,268	-	-	106,268
Loans to joint ventures	合營企業貸款	-	-	-	-	218,702	809,112	-	-	1,027,814
Amounts regularly provided to the chief operating decision makers but not included in the measure of segment results:	不包括在計量分類業績但定期匯報給 主要經營決策者之金額:									
Income tax expenses (credit)	所得稅支出(抵免)	1,742	(659)	(13)	-	1,279	19	113	-	2,481

Note: Non-current assets exclude deferred tax assets, interest in an associate, interests in joint ventures and loans to joint ventures.

附註:非流動資產不包括遞延稅項資產、聯營公司之權益、合營企業之權益及合營企業貸款。

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#### 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

		Construction 建築 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Interior and renovation 装飾及維修 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Building materials 建築材料 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Health products 健康產品 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Property development 物業發展 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Property agency and management 物業代理 及管理 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Amounts included in the measure	計量分類業績或分類資產時計入之	75 ID 170	76 (17)	7610 170	78171	76 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	7810 170	75 17 17 1	76 th 1 76	76 17 17 17 1
of segment results or segment assets:	金額:									
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備之折舊	4,454	1,714	1,305	89	1,717	-	1,885	9,084	20,248
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產之折舊	3,463	-	-	1,149	-	-	-	-	4,612
Gain on change in fair value of investment properties	投資物業之公平值變動之收益	-	-	-	-	(207,515)	-	-	-	(207,515)
Loss on change in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL	透過損益按公平值計算之									
	財務資產之公平值變動之虧損	92	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	92
Reversal of write-down of inventories	撥回存貨撤減	-	-	-	(715)	-	-	(8)	-	(723)
(Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備之(收益)虧									
	損	(92)	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	(90)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	-	-	-	-	(22,597)	-	-	-	(22,597)
Impairment losses (reversal of impairment losses)	預期信貸虧損模式下之									
under ECL model, net	減值虧損 (撥回減值虧損) 淨額	381	363	28	-	8,247	(9,387)	-	-	(368)
Gain on disposal of assets classified as held for sale and	出售分類為持作出售資產及與分類									
liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale										
	之收益	-	-	-	-	-	(4,910)	-	-	(4,910)
Interest income	利息收入	(283)	(35)	(10)	-	(11)	(18,530)	-	(65)	(18,934)
Share of loss of an associate	分佔聯營公司虧損	-	-	-	-	17	-	-	-	17
Share of loss of joint ventures	分佔合營企業虧損	-	-	-	-	-	8,073	-	-	8,073
Finance costs	財務費用	137	-	-	59	31,692	1,475	-	-	33,363
Additions to non-current assets (note)	添置非流動資產 (附註)	4,166	-	279	2,093	30,153	-	-	-	36,691
Interest in an associate	聯營公司之權益	-	-	-	-	10,723	-	-	-	10,723
Interests in joint ventures	合營企業之權益	-	-	-	-	-	186,012	-	-	186,012
Loans to joint ventures	合營企業貸款	-	-	-	-	138,603	835,926	-	-	974,529
Amounts regularly provided to	不包括在計量分類業績但定期匯報									
the chief operating decision makers but not included in the measure of segment results:	給主要經營決策者之金額:									
Income tax expenses (credit)	所得稅支出(抵免)	3,734	(81)	185	-	703	3,932	(100)	-	8,373

Note: Non-current assets exclude deferred tax assets, interest in an associate, interests in joint ventures and loans to joint ventures.

附註: 非流動資產不包括遞延稅項資產、聯營公 司之權益、合營企業之權益及合營企業貸 款。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### **Geographical information**

The Group's revenue which is generated from customers located in Hong Kong, the Company's place of domicile, amounted to HK\$1,232,803,000 (2022: HK\$1,438,340,000). Accordingly, no further analysis of the Group's revenue by geographical market based on geographical location of customers has been presented.

The analysis of the Group's non-current assets by geographical location of assets is presented as follows (note):

#### 地區資料

因本集團的收入港幣1,232,803,000元(二零二二年:港幣1,438,340,000元)來自香港(本公司所在地區)的客戶,故本集團並未根據客戶之地理位置呈列以地區市場分類的收入作進一步分析。

本集團非流動資產根據資產之地理位置分析 呈報如下(附註):

		31.3.2023 二零二三年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	31.3.2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Hong Kong (place of domicile) Mainland China	香港 (所在地區) 中國內地	3,361,472 83,410	3,540,098 93,706
		3,444,882	3,633,804

Note:Interest in an associate and interests in joint ventures are analysed by geographical location of their respective operations.

Non-current assets excluded loans to joint ventures and deferred tax assets.

附註: 聯營公司之權益及合營企業之權益分別以 其各自經營的地理位置作分析。

> 非流動資產不包括合營企業貸款及遞延稅 項資產。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### Information about major customers

#### 關於主要客戶之資料

Revenue from customers of the corresponding years individually contributing over 10% of the total revenue of the Group is as follows:

於相關年度內,貢獻超過本集團總收入10% 之個別客戶之收入如下:

			1
		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Customer A	客戶甲	515,107	465,065
Customer B	客戶乙	195,011	389,147
Customer C	客戶丙	_*	163,536

The revenue is income from construction contracts within the construction segment.

來自建築分類之建築合約收益之收入。

- \* The corresponding revenue does not contribute over 10% of the total revenue of the Group during the year ended 31 March 2023.
- \* 於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,並無相應收入貢獻超過本集團總收入10%。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 7. OTHER INCOME

#### 7. 其他收入

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Interest income from joint ventures Government grants recognised (note) Bank interest income Building management fee income Dividend income from financial assets at FVTPL	來自合營企業之利息收入 已確認之政府補貼(附註) 銀行利息收入 樓宇管理費收入 透過損益按公平值計算之 財務資產之股息收入	19,083 5,308 1,918 44	18,530 300 404 696
Forfeiture of deposits received Others	沒收已收取按金 其他	- 4,862	8,489 4,335
		31,220	32,758

Note: During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group recognised government grants in respect of COVID-19-related subsidies, including subsidies from the Employment Support Scheme provided by the Hong Kong Government of HK\$5,307,600 (2022: HK\$300,000).

附註:於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度, 本集團就2019冠狀病毒相關補貼確認政府 補貼,其中包括香港政府提供之保就業計 劃補貼港幣5,307,600元(二零二二年:港幣 300,000元)。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 8. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

#### 8. 其他收益及虧損

	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 港幣千元
Gain on disposal of assets classified as 出售分類為持作出售資產及 held for sale and liabilities associated 與分類為持作出售資產相關之 with assets classified as held for sale 負債之收益 Gain on disposal of property, 出售物業、廠房及設備之收益	116,619	4,910
plant and equipment	17,712	90
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries 出售附屬公司之收益 Gain (loss) on change in fair value 透過損益按公平值計算之 of financial assets at FVTPL 財務資產之公平值變動之 收益(虧損)	- 59	22,597 (92)
Others 其他	(10,492)	47
	123,898	27,552

# 9. (IMPAIRMENT LOSSES) REVERSAL OF IMPAIRMENT LOSSES UNDER EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS MODEL, NET

# 9. 預期信貸虧損模式下之(減值虧損) 撥回減值虧損淨額

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Reversal of impairment losses (impairment losses), net, recognised on: Trade debtors	就以下各項確認撥回減值虧損 (減值虧損)淨額: 應收款項	482	(8,536)
Contract assets	合約資產	171	(483)
Loans to joint ventures	合營企業貸款	(28,044)	9,387
		(27,391)	368

Details of impairment assessment for the year ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 are set out in note 49.

截至二零二三年及二零二二年三月三十一日 止年度的減值評估詳情載於附註49。

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#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### **10. FINANCE COSTS**

#### 10. 財務費用

	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Interest on bank loans 銀行貸款之利 Interest on lease liabilities 租賃負債之利	The state of the s	40,572 392
Less: Amount capitalised in properties 減:發展中行 under development for sale 資本化		40,964 (7,601)
	47,253	33,363

#### 11. (LOSS) PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

#### 11. 除稅前(虧損)溢利

	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 港幣千元
(Loss) profit before taxation has been 除稅前(虧損)溢利已扣除(計入): arrived at after charging (crediting):		
Salaries and other benefits 薪金及其他福利	222,977	247,577
Retirement benefits scheme 退休福利計劃供款 contributions	16,417	16,749
Staff costs incurred (including 已產生之員工成本 directors' remuneration) (包括董事酬金)	239,394	264,326
Depreciation of property, plant and 物業、廠房及設備之折舊 equipment	16,929	20,248
Less: Depreciation expenses included in 減:包含於銷售成本之折舊支出 the cost of sales	(739)	(1,102)
		,
	16,190	19,146

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		他前1九	伊市1九
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產之折舊	3,455	4,612
Less: Depreciation expenses included in		3,433	7,012
the cost of sales		(2,284)	(3,677)
the cost of sales		(2,20-1)	(3,011)
		1,171	935
		.,	
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	3,600	3,500
Contract costs recognised as expenses	合約成本確認為支出	1,087,496	1,255,811
	存貨成本確認為支出	1,067,490	1,255,011
Costs of inventories recognised as	<b>仔貝</b>	40 400	22.045
expenses	松同之左作业试	18,198	23,045
Reversal of write-down of inventories	撥回之存貨撇減	(695)	(723)
Write-down of properties under	撇減發展中之待售物業		
development for sale		10,411	-
Gross rental income under operating	經營租賃租金收入總額:		
leases on:			
Investment properties	投資物業	(55,086)	(54,678)
Less: Direct operating expenses that	減:於年內因產生租金收入而	(55,555)	(3.7070)
generated rental income during			
the year	) Mendiaka	9,695	9,843
- Cric year		3,033	3,043
		(4E 204)	(44.925)
		(45,391)	(44,835)
Expenses included in cost of sales:	包含於銷售成本內之支出:		
Short-term leases expense in respect of			
plant and machinery	支出	9,955	16,109

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

# 12. DIRECTORS' AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMOLUMENTS

#### (i) Directors' emoluments

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the applicable Listing Rules and Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and the emoluments paid or payable to each of the eight (2022: nine) directors were as follows:

For the year ended 31 March 2023

#### 12. 董事及五名最高薪人士酬金

#### (i) 董事酬金

於本年度,根據適用之上市規則及香港公司條例披露之董事酬金,及已付或應付予八名 (二零二二年:九名)董事各自之酬金如下:

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

	Executive directors (Note a) 執行董事 (附註a )			Non-executive directors (Note b) 非執行董事 (附註b)		Independent non-executive directors (Note c) 獨立非執行董事 (附註c)			(Note c)			
	Wong Sue Toa, Stewart 王世濤 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Tai Sai Ho 戴世豪 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Chow Ka Fung 周嘉峯 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Subtotal 小計 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Cha Mou Daid, Johnson 查懋德 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Lam Chat Yu 林澤宇 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Subtotal 小計 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Chan Pak Joe 陳伯佐 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Lau Tze Yiu, Peter 劉子耀 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Sun Tai Lun 孫大倫 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Subtotal 小計 HK\$'000 港幣千元	總酬金 HK\$'000
Pees 柏金 Other emoluments 其他酬金 Salaries and other benefits 薪金及其他福利 Performance related incentive payments (note d) 工作表現獎勵金 (附註d) Retirement benefits scheme contributions 遗休福利計劃供款	3,772 11,200 566	2,372 5,600 356	- 1,620 3,630 243	- 7,764 20,430 1,165	4,000 - - -	150 - - -	4,150 - - -	350 - - -	350 - - -	350 - - -	1,050 - - -	7,764
	15,538	8,328	5,493	29,359	4,000	150	4,150	350	350	350	1,050	34,559

#### For the year ended 31 March 2022

#### 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

		Executive directors (Note a) 執行董事 (附註a)			Non-executive directors (Note b) 非執行董事 (附註b)			Independent non-executive directors (Note c) 獨立非執行董事 (附註c)			Note c)			
		Wong Sue Toa, Stewart 王世濤 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Tai Sai Ho 戴世豪 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Chow Ka Fung 周嘉峯 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Subtotal 小計 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Cha Mou Daid, Johnson 查懋德 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Zhang Wei* 張煒* HK\$'000 港幣千元	Lam Chat Yu 林澤宇 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Subtotal 小計 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Chan Pak Joe 陳伯佐 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Lau Tze Yiu, Peter 劉子耀 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Sun Tai Lun 孫大倫 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Subtotal 小計 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total emoluments 總酬金 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Fees Other emoluments	袍金 其他酬金	-	-	-	-	4,000	40	119	4,159	319	319	319	957	5,116
Salaries and other benefits  Performance related incentive payments (note d)	新金及其他福利 工作表現獎勵金	3,772	2,372	1,620	7,764	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,764
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	工作表現突劇並 (附註d) 退休福利計劃供款	15,000 566	7,500 356	5,000 243	27,500 1,165	- -	- -	-	-	-	-	- -	- -	27,500 1,165
		19,338	10,228	6,863	36,429	4,000	40	119	4,159	319	319	319	957	41,545

<sup>\*</sup> Dr. Zhang Wei retired as a non-executive director of the Company on 24 August 2021.

#### Notes:

- (a) The executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.
- (a) 上述執行董事酬金為與彼等對本公司及本集

附註:

<sup>\*</sup> 張煒博士於二零二一年八月二十四日退任本 公司非執行董事。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

- (b) The non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company and the Group.
- (c) The independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company.
- (d) The performance related incentive payments are determined based on the performance of the individual and the Group's performance and profitability for the year.

There was no arrangement under which the directors waived or agreed to waive any emoluments for both years.

During the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

#### (ii) Five highest paid individuals

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the five highest paid individuals included four directors and one employee (2022: four directors and one employee). The emoluments of the remaining one employee (2022: one employee) were as follows:

- (b) 上述非執行董事酬金為彼等作為本公司及本 集團董事之服務。
- (c) 上述獨立非執行董事酬金為彼等作為本公司 董事之服務。
- (d) 工作表現獎勵金是根據該年度的個人之表現 及本集團之業績及盈利能力而釐定。

於兩個年度,並無有關董事放棄或同意放棄 任何酬金的安排。

於截至二零二三年及二零二二年三月三十一 日止年度,本集團並無向任何董事支付酬金, 作為鼓勵加入本集團或加入本集團之獎勵, 或離職補償。

#### (ii) 五名最高薪人士

於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,五 名最高薪人士包括四名董事及一名僱員(二 零二二年:四名董事及一名僱員)。其餘一名 僱員(二零二二年:一名僱員)之酬金如下:

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Salaries and other benefits Performance related incentive payments Retirement benefits scheme contributions Other (note)	薪金及其他褔利 工作表現獎勵金 退休福利計劃供款 其他 (附註)	907 600 136 3,335	1,296 900 182 –
		4,978	2,378

Note: The amount represent one-off payment and is given to recognise his contribution to the Group.

附註:該金額為一次性付款,旨在表彰其對本集 團的貢獻。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

The emoluments of the employee were within the following bands:

僱員之酬金屬於下列組別:

		2023 二零二三年 Number of employee 僱員數目	2022 二零二二年 Number of employee 僱員數目
HK\$2,000,001 – HK\$2,500,000 HK\$4,500,001 – HK\$5,000,000	港幣2,000,001元— 港幣2,500,000元 港幣4,500,001元- 港幣5,000,000元	- 1	1 –

#### 13. TAXATION

#### 13. 稅項

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Hong Kong Profits Tax Current year Underprovision in prior years	香港利得稅 本年度 過往年度撥備不足	1,762 953	3,675 3,090
Deferred taxation (note 35)	遞延稅項(附註35)	2,715 (234)	6,765 1,608
		2,481	8,373

Hong Kong Profits Tax for both years is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profits for the year, except for the group entity which is a qualifying corporation under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. For this group entity, the first HK\$2 million of assessable profits are taxed at 8.25% and the remaining assessable profits are taxed at 16.5%.

兩個年度的香港利得稅均按有關年度估計應 課稅溢利之16.5%計算,惟屬於兩級制利得 稅制度項下的合資格法團的集團實體除外。 就該集團實體而言,首港幣2,000,000元之應 課稅溢利按稅率8.25%徵稅,餘下應課稅溢 利則按稅率16.5%徵稅。

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Taxation for the year can be reconciled to the (loss) profit before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss as follows: 年度稅項與綜合損益表之除稅前(虧損)溢利 對賬如下:

			ı
		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
(Loss) profit before taxation	除稅前(虧損)溢利	(35,951)	162,716
Tax at the domestic income tax rate of	324 1 277113 120 120 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
16.5% (2022: 16.5%)	(二零二二年:16.5%) 之稅項	(5,932)	26,848
Tax effect of share of loss of	分佔聯營公司虧損之稅務影響		
an associate		3	3
Tax effect of share of loss of joint	分佔合營企業虧損之		
ventures	稅務影響	11,970	1,332
Tax effect of expenses not deductible	於稅務方面不可扣減之支出之		
for tax purpose	稅務影響	21,776	20,267
Tax effect of income not taxable for	於稅務方面毋須課稅之收入之		
tax purpose	稅務影響	(30,506)	(51,583)
Utilisation of tax losses previously	已動用先前未確認之稅項虧損		
not recognised		(2,117)	(290)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認之稅項虧損之稅務影響	6,009	8,717
Tax effect of different tax rates of	附屬公司於其他司法權區運作的		
subsidiaries operating in other	不同稅率之稅務影響		
jurisdictions		325	(11)
Underprovision in prior years	過往年度撥備不足	953	3,090
Taxation for the year	年度稅項	2,481	8,373

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 14. DIVIDENDS

#### 14. 股息

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Dividends recognised as distribution during the year:	年內獲確認為分派之股息如下:		
2023 first interim dividend  - HK2.5 cents per share (2022: 2022 first interim dividend  - HK2.5 cents per share)  2022 second interim dividend  - HK5.0 cents per share (2022: 2021 second interim dividend – HK5.0 cents per share)	二零二三年第一次中期股息 一每股港幣2.5仙 (二零二二年:二零二二年 第一次中期股息 一每股港幣2.5仙) 二零二二年第二次中期股息 一每股港幣5.0仙 (二零二二年:二零二一年 第二次中期股息一 每股港幣5.0仙)	27,692 55,279	27,640 55,275
		82,971	82,915
Proposed second interim dividend for the financial year ended 31 March 2023 of HK5.0 cents per share (2022: for the financial year ended 31 March 2022 of HK5.0 cents per share)	建議截至二零二三年 三月三十一日止財政年度之 第二次中期股息每股港幣5.0仙 (二零二二年:截至二零二二年 三月三十一日止財政年度 每股港幣5.0仙)	54,552	55,279

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#### 15. (LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE

#### 15. 每股(虧損)盈利

The calculation of the basic and diluted (loss) earnings per share for the year attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data: 本公司擁有人應佔本年度每股基本及攤薄 (虧損)盈利乃根據以下數據計算:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
(Loss) earnings (Loss) earnings for the purpose of basic and diluted (loss) earnings	(虧損) 盈利 用以計算每股基本及攤薄(虧損) 盈利的(虧損) 盈利		
per share		(38,432)	154,343
		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		'000	'000
		千股	千股
Number of shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year for the purpose of calculating basic (loss) earnings per share Effect of dilutive potential	股份數目 用以計算每股基本(虧損)盈利的 年內已發行普通股之 加權平均數 攤薄潛在普通股的影響:	1,104,784	1,104,821
ordinary share: Adjustment in relation to share options granted by the Company	就本公司授出的購股權作出的 調整	-	3,750
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating diluted (loss) earnings pe	用以計算每股攤薄(虧損) 盈利的 普通股加權平均數 r		
share		1,104,784	1,108,571

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The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic and diluted loss per share for the year ended 31 March 2023 has taken into account the ordinary shares repurchased from the market during the year.

用以計算截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年 度每股基本及攤薄虧損的普通股加權平均數 已考慮年內自市場回購的普通股。

For the year ended 31 March 2023, the diluted loss per share was the same as the basic loss per share as the computation of diluted loss per share does not assume the exercise of the Company's outstanding share options because the exercise price of those options was higher than the average market price of shares for the year.

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,由於計算每股攤薄虧損時並無假設行使本公司尚未行使購股權,原因為該等購股權的行使價高於年內股份的平均市價,故每股攤薄虧損與每股基本虧損相同。

#### **16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

#### 16. 投資物業

The Group leases out various offices, service apartments, warehouses and retail stores under operating leases with rentals payable monthly. The leases of offices and warehouses contain lease payments that are fixed over the lease term. The leases typically run for a fixed period of one to four years (2022: one to three years).

本集團根據經營租賃出租多個辦公室、服務 式公寓、倉庫及零售店舖,租金須按月支付。 辦公室及倉庫的租賃包含於租賃期內固定的 租賃付款。租約一般固定為期一至四年(二零 二二年:一至三年)。

The Group is not exposed to foreign currency risk as a result of the lease arrangements, as all leases are denominated in the respective functional currencies of group entities. The lease contracts do not contain residual value guarantee and/or lessee's option to purchase the property at the end of lease term.

本集團並不因租賃安排而須承受外幣風險, 原因是所有租賃均以集團各實體之功能貨幣 計值。租賃合約並無載有剩餘價值擔保及/ 或承租人於租期結束時購買物業的選擇權。

For the year ended 31 March 2023, HK\$240,000 (2022: HK\$240,000) was paid for leased properties under subleases.

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,分租項下的租賃物業已獲付港幣240,000元(二零二二年:港幣240,000元)。

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	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 港幣千元
FAIR VALUE At the beginning of the year Additions Change in fair value Disposals of subsidiaries (note 38) Disposals Transfer to assets classified as held for sales (note 30)  CAP值變動 出售附屬公司(附註38) 出售 轉移至分類為持作出售資產 (附註30)	3,140,000 6,601 (35,884) – (74,637) (2,100)	4,943,560 29,959 207,515 (1,784,084) (129,200) (127,750)
At the end of the year 年末	3,033,980	3,140,000

All of the Group's property interests held under operating leases to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purposes are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties.

本集團所有根據經營租賃持有作賺取租金或 資本增值用途之物業權益乃使用公平值模式 計量並分類及入賬為投資物業。

The Group engages third party qualified valuers to perform the valuation. The management works closely with the qualified external valuers to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model. The management reports the findings to the board of directors of the Company every half-year to explain the cause of fluctuations in the fair value of the property.

本集團委聘第三方合資格估值師進行估值。 管理層與合資格外聘估值師密切合作,為該 模式確立適當的估值技術及輸入數據。管理 層每半年向本公司董事會報告調查結果,解 釋物業公平值波動的原因。

In estimating the fair value of the property, the highest and best use of the property is the current use. 於估計物業的公平值時,物業之最高及最佳 用途為其現時用途。

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The fair values of the Group's investment properties at 31 March 2023 have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out on that date by Colliers and JLL (2022: Colliers and JLL), independent property valuers not connected with the Group. The Valuers have appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant locations. The valuation of properties amounting to HK\$1,281,000,000 (2022: HK\$1,351,200,000) was arrived at by reference to market evidence of transaction prices of similar properties, with adjustments on adopted market prices. The valuations of other properties amounting to HK\$1,752,980,000 (2022: HK\$1,788,800,000) were arrived at by reference to the income capitalisation method which is based on the capitalisation of the net income potential by adopting an appropriate capitalisation rate, which is derived from analysis of sale transactions and interpretation of prevailing investor requirements or expectations.

本集團之投資物業於二零二三年三月三十一日之公平值乃由與本集團並無關連之獨立物業估值師高力及仲量聯行(二零二二年:高力及仲量聯行)按該日之估值釐定。估值師與備合適資格且於近期曾在相關地區就同類物業進行估值。參考同類物業之市場交易價格估值(並對已採納市價作出調整)之物業價值為港幣1,281,000,000元(二零二二年:港幣1,351,200,000元)。採用收入撥充資本方法估值之其他物業價值為港幣1,752,980,000元(二零二二年:港幣1,788,800,000元),此方法是根據採納適合的資本化比率將潛在收內時對資者之要求或預期推測而引申出來的。

### Summary of fair value hierarchy and Level 3 fair value measurements

All investment properties of the Group are valued by reference to a Level 3 fair value measurement.

There are no transfers between different levels within the fair value hierarchy during both years.

#### 公平值等級及第三級公平值計量之摘 要

本集團所有投資物業乃參考第三級公平值計 量估值。

於兩個年度內並無公平值等級間不同級別的轉移。

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#### Level 3 valuation methodologies

#### 第三級估值方法

Below is a table which presents the significant unobservable inputs:

下表呈列重大不可觀察輸入變數:

Investment properties 投資物業	Valuation method 估值方法	Fair value 公平值	Significant unobservable inputs (Note a) 重大不可觀察輸入變數 (附註a)
			Adjusted market price per square foot (Note b) 經調整的每平方呎市價 (附註b)
Commercial 商業	Direct comparison method 直接比較法	HK\$760,000,000 (2022: HK\$770,200,000) 港幣760,000,000元 (二零二二年: 港幣770,200,000元)	HK\$17,900 - HK\$19,499 (2022: HK\$18,058 - HK\$20,509) 港幣17,900元-港幣19,499元 (二零二二年:港幣18,058元-港幣20,509元)
Industrial 工業	Direct comparison method 直接比較法	Nil (2022: HK <b>\$</b> 53,000,000) 無 (二零二二年:港幣53,000,000元)	N/A (2022: HK\$6,660) 不適用 (二零二二年:港幣6,660元)
Residential 住宅	Direct comparison method 直接比較法	HK\$521,000,000 (2022: HK\$528,000,000) 港幣521,000,000元 (二零二二年: 港幣528,000,000元)	HK\$19,005 (2022: HK\$19,260) 港幣19,005元 (二零二二年:港幣19,260元)

			Significant unobservable inputs (Note a) 重大不可觀察輸入變數 (附註a)		
Investment properties	Valuation method	Fair value	Capitalisation rate	Monthly market rent (per square foot)	
上 投資物業	估值方法 	公平值		每月市值租金 (每平方呎)	
Commercial 商業	Income capitalisation approach 收入資本化法	HK\$1,739,780,000 (2022: HK\$1,753,810,000) 港幣1,739,780,000元 (二零二二年:港幣1,753,810,000 元)	2.8% - 4.5% (2022: 2.8% - 4.5%) 2.8% - 4.5% (二零二二年: 2.8% - 4.5%)	HK\$14.0 to HK\$66.5 (2022: HK\$14.0 to HK\$66.5) 港幣14.0元一港幣66.5元 (二零二二年:港幣14.0元-港幣66.5元)	
Industrial 工業	Income capitalisation approach 收入資本化法	HK\$13,200,000 (2022: HK\$34,990,000) 港幣13,200,000元 (二零二二年:港幣34,990,000元)	3.0% (2022: 3.0% – 3.3%) 3.0% (二零二二年:3.0% – 3.3%)	HK\$15.9 (2022: HK\$7.6 to HK\$15.9) 港幣15.9元 (二零二二年:港幣7.6元-港幣15.9元)	

#### Notes:

#### 附註:

- (a) The relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value are (i) the higher the capitalisation rate, the lower the fair value;(ii) the higher the market rent, the higher the fair value; and (iii) the higher the adjusted market price, the higher the fair value.
- (b) Adjusted market price has taken into account of propertyspecific adjustments including location and condition.
- (a) 不可觀察輸入變數與公平值間之關係為(i)資本化比率越高,公平值越低;(ii)市值租金越高,公平值越高;及(iii)經調整市價越高,公平值越高。
- (b) 經調整市價乃考慮到物業的特定調整,包括 位置及條件。

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### 17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 17. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold land and buildings 租賃土地及 樓宇 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Plant and equipment 廠房及設備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及裝置 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Leasehold improvements 租賃物業 裝修 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
COST At 1 April 2021 Exchange adjustments Additions Disposals Transfer to assets classified as	成本 於二零二一年四月一日 匯率調整 添置 出售 轉移至發展中之待售物業	408,684 183 - -	32,015 - - -	19,186 - 211 (158)	24,295 - 350 (1,368)	13,265 - 721 (1,406)	497,445 183 1,282 (2,932)
held for sale (note 30) Disposals of subsidiaries (note 38)	(附註30) 出售附屬公司(附註38)	(28,381) (44,465)	-	(31)	- -	<u>-</u>	(28,381) (44,496)
At 31 March 2022 Exchange adjustments Additions Disposals	於二零二二年三月三十一日 匯率調整 添置 出售	336,021 (341) 25,006 (5,299)	32,015 - 1,359 (3,218)	19,208 - 641 (672)	23,277 - 345 -	12,580 - 1,562 (918)	423,101 (341) 28,913 (10,107)
At 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日	355,387	30,156	19,177	23,622	13,224	441,566
DEPRECIATION At 1 April 2021 Exchange adjustments Provided for the year Eliminated on disposals Transfer to assets classified as	折舊 於二零二一年四月一日 匯率調整 年度撥懶 出售時撤銷	58,115 79 14,332	30,484 - 905 -	13,787 - 1,636 (155)	19,490 - 2,252 (1,368)	9,533 - 1,123 (1,151)	131,409 79 20,248 (2,674)
held for sale (note 30)  Disposals of subsidiaries (note 38)	轉移至分類為持作出售資產 (附註30) 出售附屬公司(附註38)	(6,384) (12,933)	-	_ (20)	-	-	(6,384) (12,953)
At 31 March 2022 Exchange adjustments Provided for the year Eliminated on disposals	於二零二二年三月三十一日 匯率調整 年度撥備 出售時撤銷	53,209 (153) 11,855 (2,921)	31,389 - 521 (3,218)	15,248 - 1,516 (672)	20,374 - 1,895 -	9,505 - 1,142 (918)	129,725 (153) 16,929 (7,729)
At 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日	61,990	28,692	16,092	22,269	9,729	138,772
CARRYING VALUES At 31 March 2023	<b>賬面值</b> 於二零二三年三月三十一日	293,397	1,464	3,085	1,353	3,495	302,794
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	282,812	626	3,960	2,903	3,075	293,376

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The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

以上物業、廠房及設備項目乃是依據直線法 為基準以計算折舊,年期如下:

Leasehold land and Over the unexpired term of the buildings relevant lease period from 20

to 50 years

Leasehold Over the shorter of the term of

improvements the lease period or 5 years

Other assets 2 to 5 years

租賃土地 有關租約未屆滿年期由 及樓宇 二十至五十年

租賃物業裝修有關租約屆滿年期或五年

(以較短者為準)

其他資產 二至五年

As at 31 March 2023, all the leasehold land and buildings are located in Hong Kong. As at 31 March 2022, the carrying amount of leasehold land and buildings comprised properties in Hong Kong except for a building amounting to HK\$2,459,000 which was located in the Mainland China.

於二零二三年三月三十一日,所有租賃土地及樓宇均位於香港。於二零二二年三月三十一日,租賃土地及樓宇包括於香港的物業,惟不包括位於中國內地金額為港幣2,459,000元的樓宇。

#### **18. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS**

#### 18. 使用權資產

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2022 二零二二年 HK <b>\$</b> ′000 港幣千元
Leased properties, carrying amount	租賃物業,賬面值	1,283	3,693
Depreciation charge	折舊費用	3,455	4,612
Additions to right-of-use assets	添置使用權資產	1,045	5,450
Expenses relating to short-term leases of plant and machinery	有關廠房及機器之 短期租賃的開支	9,955	16,109
Total cash outflow of leases (excluding leased properties under sublease)	租賃(不包括分租項下之租賃物業) 現金流出總額	13,777	21,468

For the year ended 31 March 2023, the cash outflow paid for leased properties under subleases amounting to HK\$240,000 (2022: HK\$240,000).

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,就分租項下之租賃物業已支付的現金流出金額為港幣240,000元(二零二二年:港幣240,000元)。

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The right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

使用權資產於其估計可使用年期及租期(以較短者為準)內以直線法折舊。

For both years, the Group leases office and a retail shop for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed terms ranging from 1 to 5 years (2022: 1 to 5 years) without any extension and termination option. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

於兩個年度,本集團租賃辦公室及零售店舖用於營運。租賃合約按介乎一至五年(二零二二年:一至五年)的固定年期訂立,概無任何續租及終止選擇權。租期均按個別情況磋商。釐定租期及評估不可撤銷期限的長度時,本集團應用合約定義並釐定可強制執行合約的期限。

The Group owns several properties including the underlying leasehold lands. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire these property interests. The leasehold land components of these owned properties are presented separately only if the payments made can be allocated reliably. Those leasehold land components of the owned properties that the payments made could not be allocated reliably are presented as leasehold land and building under property, plant and equipment.

本集團擁有多項物業(包括相關租賃土地)。本集團已就收購該等物業權益支付一次性預付款項。僅在能夠可靠分配已付款項的情況下,方會獨立呈列該等自有物業的租賃土地部分。僅在能夠可靠分配已付款項的該等自有物業中的租賃土地部分於物業、廠房及設備項下呈列為租賃土地及樓字。

The Group regularly entered into short-term leases for plant and machinery. As at 31 March 2023 and 2022, the portfolio of short-term leases is similar to the portfolio of short-term leases to which the short-term lease expense disclosed above.

本集團定期訂立廠房及機器的短期租賃。於 二零二三年及二零二二年三月三十一日,短 期租賃組合與上文披露的短期租賃開支所對 應的短期租賃組合相似。

In addition, lease liabilities of HK\$5,176,000 (2022: HK\$7,646,000) are recognised with related right-of-use assets of HK\$1,283,000 (2022: HK\$3,693,000) and an investment property of HK\$9,480,000 (2022: HK\$9,510,000) as at 31 March 2023. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

此外,於二零二三年三月三十一日,租賃 負債港幣5,176,000元(二零二二年:港 幣7,646,000元)與相關使用權資產港幣 1,283,000元(二零二二年:港幣3,693,000元) 及投資物業港幣9,480,000元(二零二二年:港 幣9,510,000元)一併確認。除出租人持有的租 賃資產的抵押權益外,租賃協議並未施加任 何契諾。租賃資產不得用作借款的抵押品。

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# 19. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

# 19. 聯營公司之權益

		31.3.2023 二零二三年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	31.3.2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Cost of unlisted investment in an associate Share of post-acquisition profits, net of dividends received	於聯營公司非上市投資之成本 分佔收購後之溢利 (扣除已收之股息)	<b>557</b> –	6,618 4,105
		557	10,723

Details of the Group's associate as at 31 March 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

於二零二三年及二零二二年三月三十一日, 本集團聯營公司之詳情如下:

Name of associate 聯營公司之名稱	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Place of incorporation and principal place of operation 註冊成立地點及 主要營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份 類別	voting held by t 本集團應佔	st and tion of	Principal activity 主要業務
				2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年	
Hoi Bun Godown Company Limited ("Hoi Bun Godown")	Limited liability company	Hong Kong	Ordinary	50%	50%	Property investment
海濱貨倉有限公司 (「海濱貨倉」)	有限公司	香港	普通股			物業投資

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associate is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in the associate's financial statements, prepared in accordance with HKFRSs.

本集團聯營公司之財務資料摘要載於下文。 下列財務資料摘要乃按照香港財務報告準則 編製之聯營公司財務報表所示金額。

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The associate is accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements. 聯營公司使用權益法於該等綜合財務報表入 賬。

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
	總資產 總負債	1,114 -	21,456 (10)
Net assets	資產淨值	1,114	21,446
Group's share of net assets of the associate	本集團分佔聯營公司資產淨值	557	10,723
Revenue	收入	-	_
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	(32)	(34)
Group's share of loss and other comprehensive expense of the associate for the year	本集團分佔聯營公司本年度虧損 及其他全面支出	(16)	(17)
Dividend received from an associate during the year	年內已收聯營公司之股息	4,089	_

The financial information of Hoi Bun Godown relating to the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 included in the consolidated financial statements do not constitute Hoi Bun Godown's statutory annual financial statements for those years but is derived from those financial statements. Further information relating to these statutory financial statements required to be disclosed in accordance with section 436 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance is as follows:

綜合財務報表所載有關截至二零二三年及二零二二年三月三十一日止年度之海濱貨倉財務資料並不構成該等年度海濱貨倉之法定年度財務報表,但源自該等財務報表。有關須根據香港公司條例第436條予以披露之該等法定財務報表之進一步資料如下:

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- (i) As Hoi Bun Godown is a private company, Hoi Bun Godown is not required to deliver its financial statements to the Registrar of Companies, and will not do so.
- (i) 由於海濱貨倉為一間私人公司,海濱貨 倉毋須且並未將其財務報表送交公司註 冊處處長。
- (ii) Hoi Bun Godown's auditor has yet to report on these financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023.
- (ii) 海濱貨倉核數師尚未就截至二零二三年 三月三十一日止年度之該等財務報表作 出報告。

# **20. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES**

# 20. 合營企業之權益

Share of post-acquisition results and 分佔收購後之業績及 other comprehensive expense, 其他全面支出	.2023 三三年 -一日 \$'000 舒千元	31.3.2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
ventures  Share of post-acquisition results and 分佔收購後之業績及 other comprehensive expense, 其他全面支出		
other comprehensive expense, 其他全面支出	2,424	242,424
TICE OF GIVING FECCIVED (JHPA DAZ IX A)	6,156)	(56,412)
	6,268	186,012

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

Details of the Group's principal joint ventures as at 31 於二零二三年及二零二二年三月三十一日, March 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

本集團主要合營企業之詳情如下:

Name of joint venture 合營企業之名稱	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Place of incorporation and principal place of operation 註冊成立地點及 主要營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份 類別	Attrib intere propor voting held by t 本集團應佔 投票權 2023 二零二三年	st and tion of power he Group 股本權益及	Principal activities 主要業務
Haining Jiafeng Real Estate Development Limited ("Haining Jiafeng") 海寧嘉豐房地產有限公司 (「海寧嘉豐」)	Limited liability company 有限公司	The People's Republic of China (the "PRC") 中華人民共和國 (「中國」)	Registered capital 註冊資本	49%	49%	Property development in Haining, the PRC 於中國海寧進行 物業發展業務
Great Splendor Enterprises Limited	Limited liability company 有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	Ordinary 普通股	50%	50%	Investment holding in Hong Kong 於香港進行投資控股業務
Ideal League Limited	Limited liability company 有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	Ordinary 普通股	50%	50%	Investment holding in Hong Kong 於香港進行投資控股業務
Grace Universe Limited 恩宇有限公司	Limited liability company 有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	Ordinary 普通股	50%	50%	Investment holding in Hong Kong 於香港進行投資控股業務
Super Plus Limited	Limited liability company 有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	50%	50%	Property investment in Hong Kong 於香港進行物業投資業務
Flourishing Stable Limited 盛堅有限公司	Limited liability company 有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	Ordinary 普通股	50%	50%	Investment holding in Hong Kong 於香港進行投資控股業務
Fortunate Benefit Limited 益祥有限公司	Limited liability company 有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	Ordinary 普通股	50%	50%	Investment holding in Hong Kong 於香港進行投資控股業務
Fortune Creation Developments Limited	Limited liability company 有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	Ordinary 普通股	50%	50%	Property development in Hong Kong 於香港進行物業發展業務
Harbour Sky (BVI) Limited	Limited liability company 有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	Ordinary 普通股	50%	50%	Investment holding in Hong Kong 於香港進行投資控股業務

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Name of joint venture 合營企業之名稱	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Place of incorporation and principal place of operation 註冊成立地點及 主要營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份 類別	intere propor voting held by t	tion of power he Group 股本權益及	Principal activities 主要業務
Honour Advent Limited 譽臨有限公司	Limited liability company 有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	Ordinary 普通股	50%	50%	Investment holding in Hong Kong 於香港進行投資控股業務
Prime Success Global Limited 盛成環球有限公司	Limited liability company 有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	Ordinary 普通股	50%	50%	Investment holding in Hong Kong 於香港進行投資控股業務
Capital Green Holdings Limited*	Limited liability company 有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	Ordinary 普通股	-	50%	Investment holding in Hong Kong 於香港進行投資控股業務
Fortune Shiner Development Limited 富暉發展有限公司	Limited liability company 有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	50%	50%	Property development in Hong Kong 於香港進行物業發展業務
Protic Limited 實德有限公司	Limited liability company 有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	50%	50%	Property development in Hong Kong 於香港進行物業發展業務
Esteemed Virtue Limited 敬德有限公司	Limited liability company 有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	Ordinary 普通股	50%	50%	Investment holding in Hong Kong 於香港進行投資控股業務
Befit Limited	Limited liability company 有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	50%	50%	Property development in Hong Kong 於香港進行物業發展業務
Excess Wonder Limited 多奇有限公司	Limited liability company 有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	Ordinary 普通股	50%	50%	Investment holding in Hong Kong 於香港進行投資控股業務
Rainbow Jade Enterprises Limited 彩碧企業有限公司	Limited liability company 有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	Ordinary 普通股	50%	50%	Property development in Hong Kong 於香港進行物業發展業務

Joint ventures which were disposed during the year ended 31 March 2023.

該等合營企業於截至二零二三年三月三十一 日止年度內被出售。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

The above table lists the joint ventures of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other joint ventures would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

上表載列本公司董事認為對本集團業績或資 產有重大影響之本集團合營企業。董事認為, 詳列其他合營企業的資料,將令本節過於冗 長。

All joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

所有合營企業使用權益法於該等綜合財務報 表入賬。

Aggregate financial information of the Group's joint ventures as at 31 March 2023 and 2022 is set out below:

於二零二三年及二零二二年三月三十一日, 本集團合營企業之匯總財務資料載列如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		7E II 70	7E m 176
Current assets	流動資產	3,220,991	3,120,392
Current assets		3,220,991	3,120,392
Current liabilities	流動負債	(3,854,868)	(3,575,214)
Non-current assets	非流動資產	629,427	659,741
Non-current assets	75/川划只压	025,427	033,741
Net (liabilities) assets	(負債) 資產淨值	(4,450)	204,919
Group's share of net assets	本集團分佔資產淨值	106,268	186,012
от определения от того высок		100,200	
		4	,,
Net loss for the year	本年度淨虧損	(194,681)	(55,645)
Other comprehensive (expense)	本年度其他全面(支出)收益		
income for the year		(14,688)	7,742
		, , , ,	,
	上 年 国 八 儿 - 上 左 应 标 坦	(72.545)	(0.073)
Group's share of loss for the year	本集團分佔之本年度虧損	(72,547)	(8,073)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
The unrecognised share of loss of joint ventures for the year	本年度未確認分佔合營 企業虧損	24,781	19,830
Cumulative unrecognised share of losses of joint ventures	累計未確認分佔合營企業虧損	109,918	85,137

# **21. LOANS TO JOINT VENTURES**

# 21. 合營企業貸款

		31.3.2023 二零二三年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	31.3.2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Loans to joint ventures	合營企業貸款	1,027,814	974,529

As at 31 March 2023, loans are granted to joint ventures engaging in property development and property investment in Hong Kong. The loans amounted to HK\$449,626,000 (2022: HK\$508,939,000) are unsecured, interest bearing at 4.25% (2022: 4.25%) per annum and repayable on demand. The remaining loans to joint ventures are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment. The Group has no intention to request for repayment of the loans amounting to HK\$1,027,814,000 (2022: HK\$974,529,000) within the twelve months from the end of the reporting period. Accordingly, the loans are classified as non-current assets.

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團授予於香港從事物業發展及物業投資之合營企業貸款港幣449,626,000元(二零二二年:港幣508,939,000元)。該款項屬無抵押,按年息4.25%(二零二二年:4.25%)計息及須按要求償還。餘下授予合營企業之貸款乃無抵押、不計息及無固定還款期。本集團無意於報告期末起計十二個月內要求償還港幣1,027,814,000元(二零二二年:港幣974,529,000元)之貸款。因此,該等貸款被分類為非流動資產。

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The Group assessed the ECL with reference to the internal credit rating of the counterparties. Impairment loss of HK\$28,044,000 (2022: a reversal of impairment loss of HK\$9,387,000) was recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 31 March 2023. Details of impairment assessment are set out in note 49.

本集團參考對方之內部信貸評級評估預期信貸虧損。截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度減值虧損港幣28,044,000元(二零二二年:撥回減值虧損港幣9,387,000元)於損益中確認。減值評估詳情載於附註49。

#### 22. JOINT OPERATION

The Company, a subsidiary of the Company and independent third parties ("Joint Operator") entered into a development agreement dated 20 December 2005 and a supplemental agreement date 8 February 2010 in respect of the joint development of a residential development project in Hong Kong (the "Project"). On 19 January 2021, the Group entered into a second supplement agreement with the Joint Operator. The details of the second supplement agreement were disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 19 January 2021. Pursuant to the agreements, the Group and the Joint Operator contributed the lots of land owned and executed of a deed of exchange to merge the ownership of the lots of land and owned in the ratio of 24.82% and 75.18%, respectively, in the merged land and the Project.

# 22. 聯合經營

本公司、本公司之附屬公司及獨立第三方 (「聯合經營者」)就於香港的住宅發展項目 (「該項目」)的聯合發展訂立一份日期為二 零零五年十二月二十日的發展協議及日期 為二零一零年二月八日的補充協議。於二零 二一年一月十九日,本集團與聯合經營者訂 立第二份補充協議。第二份補充協議之詳情 披露於本公司二零二一年一月十九日之公 告。根據該等協議,本集團及聯合經營者貢獻 所擁有的地段並簽立交換契據以合併地段的 擁有權,並於合併地塊及該項目中分別擁有 24.82%及75.18%。

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The aggregate amounts of assets and liabilities, revenue and expenses recognised in the consolidated financial statements in relation to the Group's interest in the joint operation are as follows:

於綜合財務報表中確認有關本集團於聯合經 營中的權益的資產及負債、收入及開支合共 金額如下:

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Assets	資產	932,000	907,553
Liabilities	負債	(2,659)	(10,052)
Revenue	收入	-	_
Expenses	開支	(10,543)	(25)

# 23. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE

At the end of the reporting period, total cumulative borrowing costs capitalised in the properties under development for sale were HK\$15,424,000 (2022: HK\$8,866,000). Write-downs of properties under development for sale amounted to HK\$10,411,000 (2022: Nil) for the year ended 31 March 2023.

The carrying amount of leasehold lands amounting to HK\$882,267,000 (2022: HK\$877,998,000) is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The residual values are determined as the estimated disposal value of the leasehold land component. No depreciation charge is made on the leasehold lands taking into account the estimated residual values as at 31 March 2023 and 2022. During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group made payment of HK\$4,269,000 (2022: nil) for the acquisition of additional parcel of leasehold lands.

# 23. 發展中之待售物業

於報告期末,發展中之待售物業資本化之累計借款成本總額為港幣15,424,000元(二零二二年:港幣8,866,000元)。截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,撇減發展中之待售物業為港幣10,411,000元(二零二二年:無)。

租賃土地的賬面值港幣882,267,000元 (二零二二年:港幣877,998,000元) 按成本減任何累計折舊及任何減值虧損計量。剩餘價值釐定為租賃土地部分的估計處置價值。考慮到二零二三年及二零二二年三月三十一日的估計剩餘價值,並無就租賃土地計提折舊費用。截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,本集團就收購額外租賃土地支付港幣4,269,000元(二零二二年:無)。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

The properties under development for sale located in Hong Kong, is classified under current assets as it is expected to be realised in the Group's normal operating cycle. The entire amount is expected to be recovered after twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

由於位於香港的發展中之待售物業預期可於本集團正常營運週期內變現,故分類為流動資產。全部金額預期於報告期末起計十二個月後才可收回。

# **24. INVENTORIES**

# 24. 存貨

	31.3.2023 二零二三年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	31.3.2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Health products – finished goods 健康產品-製成品 Others – finished goods 其他-製成品	3,242 -	3,630 2,368
	3,242	5,998

# **25. CONTRACT ASSETS**

# 25. 合約資產

	31.3.2023 二零二三年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	31.3.2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Construction contracts 建築工程合約 Less: Allowance for credit losses 減:信貸虧損撥備	239,137 (929)	266,120 (1,100)
	238,208	265,020

As at 1 April 2021, contract assets amounted to HK\$264,800,000.

Contract assets arise when the Group has right to consideration for completion of construction contract, interior and renovation contract and installation of building materials contract and not yet billed under the relevant contracts, and their right is conditioned on factors other than passage of time. Any amount previously recognised as a contract asset is reclassified to trade debtors when such right becomes unconditional.

於二零二一年四月一日,合約資產為港幣 264,800,000元。

合約資產於本集團完成建築工程合約、裝飾 及維修工程合約及安裝建築材料工程合約並 擁有收取代價的權利而有關代價尚未根據相 關合約開單收取時產生,而彼等是否擁有權 利取決於時間推移以外的因素。先前已確認 為合約資產的任何款項乃於有關權利成為無 條件時重新分類至應收款項。

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Included in carrying amount of contract assets was retention money amounted to HK\$124,190,000 (2022: HK\$152.035.000) as at 31 March 2023. Retention money is unsecured and interest-free and represented the monies withheld by customers of contract works to be fully recoverable within 1 to 2 years from the date of completion of construction contracts, in accordance with the terms specified in the relevant contracts. Upon satisfactory completion of contract work as set out in the contract, the architect for the building project will issue a practical completion certificate. Generally, upon the issuance of the practical completion certificate, half of the retention money of such contract work will be released to the Group, while the remaining half will be released to the Group upon the issuance of the certificate that identified defects in respect of the entire building project have been made good.

於二零二三年三月三十一日,合約資產的賬面值包括保固金港幣124,190,000元(二零二二年:港幣152,035,000元)。保固金為無抵押及免息,且代表客戶就合約工程所預留的款項,其可根據有關合約規定之條款於建築工程合約完成日期起計一至兩年內全數收回。於合約所列出之合約工程圓滿完成後,樓宇項目之建築師將發出實際竣工證書。一般而言,發出實際竣工證書後,此類合約工程之一半保固金將發放予本集團,而剩餘一半將沒有關全部樓宇項目所發現之缺陷已獲修復之證書發出後發放予本集團。

The retention money would be settled, based on the expiry of the defect liability period, at the end of the reporting period as follows:

保固金將於報告期末基於缺陷責任期的到期 結清,詳情如下:

	31.3.2023	31.3.2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	三月三十一日	三月三十一日
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	港幣千元	港幣千元
Amount receivable within one year   一年內應收金額	81,258	31,716
Amount receivable after one year   一年後應收金額	42,932	120,319
	124,190	152,035

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Included in the above contract assets are amounts due from related parties of trading nature as follows:

以上合約資產內包括應收關聯人士具貿易性 質之款項列明如下:

	31.3.2023 二零二三年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	31.3.2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Joint ventures	20,915 1,071	5,881 1,064

Note: Million Hope is regarded as a related company in which CCM Trust (Cayman) Limited ("CCM Trust"), a substantial shareholder of the Company, and certain discretionary trusts, of which certain directors of the Company are among the members of the class of discretionary beneficiaries, have beneficial interests.

附註:美亨被視為關聯公司,而本公司 主要股東CCM Trust (Cayman) Limited (「CCM Trust」)及若干酌情信託(本公司若 干董事為其酌情受益人組別中之成員)於其 中擁有實益權益。

As part of the internal credit risk management, the Group applies internal credit rating for its customers in relation to construction contract, interior and renovation contract and installation of building materials contract. The exposure to credit risk and ECL for contract assets are assessed based on collective assessment, except for contract assets that are credit-impaired or receivable from departments of The Government of HKSAR which are assessed individually.

作為內部信貸風險管理之一部分,本集團就 建築工程合約、裝飾及維修工程合約及安裝 建築材料工程合約為其客戶採用內部信貸評 級。就合約資產所承擔之信貸風險及預期信 貸虧損基於集體評估進行評估,惟存在信貸 減值的合約資產或應收香港特別行政區政府 部門款項進行個別評估除外。

Details of impairment assessment are set out in note 49.

減值評估詳情載於附註49。

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# 26. DEBTORS, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

# 26. 應收款項、按金及預付款項

		31.3.2023 二零二三年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	31.3.2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Trade debtors  - contracts with customers  - lease receivables  Less: Allowance for credit losses	應收款項 一客戶合約 一租賃應收款項 減:信貸虧損撥備	73,156 303 (286)	114,548 519 (768)
Other receivables Escrow deposits for investment properties classified as held for sale Deposits Prepayments	其他應收款項 分類為持作出售投資物業的 託管按金 按金 預付款項	73,173 7,375 - 4,232 20,752	114,299 6,693 3,950 4,268 19,156
		105,532	148,366

As at 1 April 2021, trade debtors from contracts with customers, net of allowance for credit losses, amounted to HK\$101,267,000.

For the business of construction services and others, the Group generally allows a credit period of 30 to 90 days and not more than 90 days (2022: 30 to 90 days and not more than 90 days), respectively, to its customers. Before accepting any new customer, the Group will internally assess the credit quality of the potential customers and define appropriate credit limit. Other receivables are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

於二零二一年四月一日,來自客戶合約之應收款項(扣除信貸虧損撥備)為港幣101,267,000元。

至於建築服務及其他業務,本集團一般給予其客戶分別三十至九十日及不多於九十日 (二零二二年:三十至九十日及不多於九十日)之信貸期。在接納新客戶之前,本集團將 對潛在客戶之信貸質素作內部評估,並釐訂 合適信貸限額。其他應收款項乃無抵押、免息 及於要求時償還。

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Management closely monitors the credit quality of trade debtors. 96% (2022: 82%) of the trade debtors are past due and considered to have good credit quality based on their historical repayments. Included in the trade debtors balance are trade debtors with aggregate carrying amount of HK\$1,587,000 (2022: HK\$8,955,000) which are past due over 90 days at the end of the reporting period for which the Group does not consider them to be creditimpaired as the directors of the Company considered there has no default occurred as these trade debtors are still considered fully recoverable due to long term/on-going relationship and good repayment record from these debtors. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. There are no balances included in other receivables which are past due.

管理層會密切監察應收款項之信貸質素, 其中96%(二零二二年:82%)應收款項已 逾期,而根據彼等之還款歷史而言,被視為 信貸質素良好。包含於應收款項結餘賬面 值總額港幣1,587,000元(二零二二年:港 8,955,000元)之應收款項於報告期末已 適九十日而本集團認為該等款項由於與 實 資虧損,原因為本公司董事認為,由於與 實 情務人的長期/持續關係及其良好的還款記 錄,故該等應收款項仍被視為可全數收回 。本集團概無就該等記 此並無發生任何違約。本集團概無就該 餘持有任何抵押品。其他應收款項並無包括 已逾期之結餘。

The aged analysis of trade debtors, net of allowance for credit losses, presented based on the invoice date, as appropriate, at the end of the reporting period is as follows: 應收款項(扣除信貸虧損撥備)之賬齡分析乃根據報告期末之發票日期或(如適用)現呈列如下:

	HK\$'000	三月三十一日 HK\$'000
	港幣千元	港幣千元
Within 30 days 三十日內 31-60 days 三十一至六十日 61-90 days 六十一至九十日 Over 90 days 超過九十日	66,850 4,637 99 1,587	100,834 2,844 1,385 9,236
	73,173	114,299

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Included in the above trade debtors are amounts due from related parties of trading nature as follows:

在以上應收款項內包括應收關聯人士具貿易 性質之款項列明如下:

		31.3.2023 二零二三年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	31.3.2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Joint ventures	合營企業	12,204	7,240
Subsidiaries of Million Hope	美亨之附屬公司	–	19

As part of the internal credit risk management, the Group applies internal credit rating for its customers in relation to construction contract, interior and renovation contract and installation of building materials contract. The exposure to credit risk and ECL for trade debtors are assessed based on collective assessment, except for trade debtors that are credit-impaired or receivable from departments of The Government of HKSAR which are assessed individually.

作為內部信貸風險管理之一部分,本集團就 建築工程合約、裝飾及維修工程合約及安裝 建築材料工程合約為其客戶採用內部信貸評 級。就應收款項所承擔之信貸風險及預期信 貸虧損基於集體評估進行評估,惟存在信貸 減值的應收款項或應收香港特別行政區政府 部門的款項進行個別評估除外。

Details of impairment assessment are set out in note 49.

減值評估詳情載於附註49。

# 27. AMOUNTS DUE FROM JOINT VENTURES

The amounts were unsecured with interest rate at 0.77% (2022: 0.77%) per annum, non-trade nature and repayable on demand.

The Group assessed the ECL with reference to the internal credit rating of the counterparties.

# 27. 應收合營企業款項

該等款項乃無抵押、按年利率0.77% (二零二二年:0.77%)計息、非貿易性質及於要求時償還。

本集團參考對方之內部信貸評級評估預期信 貸虧損。

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# 28. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

The amounts represent investments in equity securities listed on the Stock Exchange whose fair value amounted to HK\$405,000 (2022: HK\$346,000) as at 31 March 2023.

# 29. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include demand deposits and short-term bank deposits for the purpose of meeting the Group's' short-term cash commitments, with an original maturity of three months or less at interest rate at a range from 0.01% to 1.50% (2022: 0.01% to 0.25%) per annum as at 31 March 2023.

At 31 March 2023, bank balances and cash of HK\$6,967,000 (2022: HK\$1,009,000) were denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") which is not a freely convertible currency in the international market. The exchange rate of RMB is regulated by the PRC government and the remittance of these funds out of the PRC is subject to exchange restrictions imposed by the PRC government.

The Group's bank balances that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below.

# 28. 透過損益按公平值計算之財務 資產

該等款項指於聯交所上市之股本證券投資, 於二零二三年三月三十一日,其公平值為港 幣405,000元(二零二二年:港幣346,000元)。

# 29. 現金及現金等值

現金及現金等值包括用於滿足本集團短期 現金承諾的活期存款及短期銀行存款,原定 期限為三個月或以下,於二零二三年三月 三十一日的年利率為0.01%至1.50%(二零 二二年:0.01%至0.25%)。

於二零二三年三月三十一日,港幣6,967,000元 (二零二二年:港幣1,009,000元)之銀行結餘 及現金按人民幣列值,人民幣不能於國際市 場自由兌換。人民幣匯率受中國政府規管及 從中國匯出有關資金須受中國政府實施的外 匯限制規限。

本集團以有關集團實體之功能貨幣以外之貨 幣列值之銀行結餘載列如下。

	31.3.2023 二零二三年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	31.3.2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Euro 歐元 Macau Pataca ("MOP") 澳門幣 RMB 人民幣 United States Dollar ("USD") 美元	13 - 833 18	13 33 899 18

Details of impairment assessment are set out in note 49.

減值評估詳情載於附註49。

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# 30. ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE AND LIABILITIES ASSOCIATED WITH ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

# 30. 分類為持作出售資產及分類為 持作出售資產相關之負債

The major classes of assets classified as held for sale and liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale are as follows:

分類為持作出售資產及分類為持作出售資產 相關之負債之主要類別如下:

			1
		31.3.2023	31.3.2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		三月三十一日	三月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Investment properties	投資物業	6,600	134,050
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	-	21,997
Debtors, deposits and prepayments	應收款項、按金及預付款項	-	220
Taxation recoverable	可退回稅項	-	595
Bank balances	銀行結餘	_	6,802
Assets classified as held for sale	分類為持作出售資產	6,600	163,664
Trade and other payables	應付款項及其他應付款項	-	1,258
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	-	1,130
Liabilities associated with assets	分類為持作出售資產相關之		
classified as held for sale	負債	-	2,388

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During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Group entered into a provisional sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to dispose of its 100% equity interest in Emwell Limited, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, at an aggregate consideration of HK\$205,000,000, subject to adjustments. Emwell Limited directly held the legal and beneficial ownership of certain units and car parking spaces in an industrial property located in Hong Kong. The directors of the Company considered that the held-forsale criteria as set out in HKFRS 5 were met, by taking into account the fact that the subject equity interest was immediately available for sale, and the sale was to be highly probable as appropriate level of management had committed to a plan to sell the equity interest. Accordingly, the respective assets and liabilities were classified as assets held for sale and liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale as at 31 March 2022 and included in the property investment segment for segment reporting purposes. The disposal was completed during the year ended 31 March 2023. A gain on change in fair value of investment properties amounting to HK\$14,990,000 (2022: Nil). The final consideration amounting to HK\$210,835,000 and a gain on disposal of assets classified as held for sale and liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale amounting to HK\$48,550,000 (2022: Nil) was recognised during the year ended 31 March 2023.

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,本 集團與獨立第三方訂立臨時買賣協議,以出 售其於本公司之間接全資附屬公司興偉有限 公司的全部股權,總代價為港幣205,000,000 元(可予調整)。興偉有限公司直接持有一棟 位於香港的工業物業的若干單位及停車位之 法定及實益所有權。經計及該股權即時可供 出售及因適當級別的管理層已承諾出售股權 的計劃以致出售的可能性極高,本公司董事 認為符合香港財務報告準則第五號所載持作 出售標準。因此,於二零二二年三月三十一 日,相關資產及負債被分類為持作出售資產 及與分類為持作出售資產有關之負債,並就 分類報告目的而計入物業投資分類。該出售 事項已於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年 度內完成。投資物業之公平值變動收益為港 幣14,990,000元 (二零二二年:零)。於截至二 零二三年三月三十一日止年度,已確認最終 代價港幣210,835,000元及出售分類為持作出 售資產及與分類為持作出售資產相關之負債 之收益港幣48,550,000元(二零二二年:零)。

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During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Group also entered into a provisional sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to dispose of certain units and a car parking space in an industrial property located in Hong Kong with carrying amount of HK\$10,931,000 as at 31 March 2022, at an aggregate consideration of HK\$79,000,000. The directors of the Company considered that the held-for-sale criteria as set out in HKFRS 5 were met, by taking into account the fact that the subject assets were immediately available for sale, and the sale was to be highly probable as appropriate level of management had committed to a plan to sell the equity interest or assets. Accordingly, the respective assets were classified as assets held for sale as at 31 March 2022 and included in the property investment segment for segment reporting purposes. The disposal was completed during the year ended 31 March 2023. A gain on disposal of assets classified as held for sale amounting to HK\$68,069,000 was recognised during the year ended 31 March 2023.

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,本 集團亦與獨立第三方訂立臨時買賣協議,以 出售其一棟位於香港的工業物業的若干單 位及停車位,於二零二二年三月三十一日的 賬面值為港幣10,931,000元,總代價為港幣 79,000,000元。經計及該資產即時可供出售 及因適當級別的管理層已承諾出售股權或資 產的計劃以致出售的可能性極高,本公司董 事認為符合香港財務報告準則第五號所載 持作出售標準。因此,截至二零二二年三月 三十一日,相關資產被分類為持作出售資產, 並就分類報告目的而計入物業投資分類。該 出售事項已於截至二零二三年三月三十一 日止年度內完成。於截至二零二三年三月 三十一日止年度,已確認出售分類為持作出 售資產之收益港幣68,069,000元。

The Group launched certain car parking spaces located in Hong Kong for sale in the market in prior years. For the car parking spaces without sale and purchase agreements and offered for sales, the directors of the Company considered that the held-for-sale criteria as set out in HKFRS 5 were met, by taking into account the fact that the subject investment properties were immediately available for sale, and the sale was highly probable as appropriate level of management had committed to a plan to sell the investment properties. Accordingly, the subject investment properties were classified as assets held for sale and included in the property investment segment for segment reporting purposes. During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group entered into an agreement with an independent third party to dispose of one car parking space at a consideration of HK\$2,200,000. The disposal was completed in March 2023. A gain on change in fair value of investment properties amounting to HK\$400,000 (2022: Nil) was recognised during the year. The car parking spaces with carrying amount of HK\$4,500,000 (2022: HK\$6,300,000) remain unsold as at 31 March 2023.

於過往年度,本集團推出位於香港的若干停 車位於市場上出售。就並無簽訂買賣協議但 在售的車位而言,經計及該投資物業即時可 供出售及因適當級別的管理層已承諾出售投 資物業的計劃以致出售的可能性極高,本公 司董事認為符合香港財務報告準則第五號所 載持作出售標準。因此,該投資物業已分類為 持作出售資產,並就分類報告目的而計入物 業投資分類。於截至二零二三年三月三十一 日止年度,本集團與獨立第三方訂立協議,以 代價港幣2,200,000元出售一個停車位。該出 售事項已於二零二三年三月完成。年內,投資 物業之公平值變動收益港幣400,000元(二零 二二年:零)。於二零二三年三月三十一日, 賬面值為港幣4,500,000元(二零二二年:港幣 6.300.000元) 的停車位仍未售出。

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During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group also entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to dispose of certain car parking spaces in an industrial property located in Hong Kong with carrying amount of HK\$2,100,000, at an aggregate consideration of HK\$2,100,000. The directors of the Company considered that the held-for-sale criteria as set out in HKFRS 5 were met, by taking into account the fact that the subject assets were immediately available for sale, and the sale is to be highly probable as appropriate level of management had committed to a plan to sell the equity interest or assets. Accordingly, the respective assets were classified as assets held for sale as at 31 March 2023 and included in the property investment for segment reporting purposes. The disposal was completed in April 2023.

於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,本集團亦與獨立第三方訂立買賣協議,以出售位於香港的工業物業的若干停車位,賬面值為港幣2,100,000元。經計及該資產即時可供出售及因適當級別的管理層已承諾出售股權或資產的計劃以致出售的可能性極高,本公司董事認為符合香港財務報告準則第五號所載持作出售標準。因此,於二零二三年三月三十一日,相關資產被分類為持作出售資產,並就分類報告目的而計入物業投資分類。該出售事項已於二零二三年四月完成。

As at 31 March 2023, fair value of the investment properties classified as held for sale amounting to HK\$6,600,000 (2022: HK\$134,050,000) were determined by Colliers, an independent property valuer, taking into consideration the contracted selling price, if any. A gain on change in fair value of investment properties amounting to HK\$15,390,000 (2022: nil) is recognised in profit or loss during the year ended 31 March 2023.

於二零二三年三月三十一日,分類為持作出售投資物業之公平值港幣6,600,000元(二零二二年:港幣134,050,000元)乃由獨立物業估值師高力經計及訂約售價(如有)釐定。於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,投資物業之公平值變動收益港幣15,390,000元(二零二二年:零)已於損益確認。

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# **31. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES**

# 31. 應付款項及其他應付款項

Trade payables 應付款項 Retention payable – amount payable 應付保固金一 within one year —年內應付金額 Retention payable – amount payable 應付保固金一 after one year —年後應付金額		
,	59,994 119,981	79,925 41,581
Accrued operating costs and charges 應計營運成本及費用 Accrued costs for construction work Temporary receipts 臨時收取之款項 Deposits received from disposal of 來自出售分類為持作出售資產之已	30,245 109,077 153,538 2,633	112,241 176,936 146,424 3,008
assets classified as held for sale 收取按金 Deposits received 已收取按金	- 17,143 492,611	3,950 17,612 581,677

The credit period on purchase of goods and payment for subcontractors' works is ranged from 30 to 90 days.

The aged analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period is as follows: 購買商品及支付分包商工程款項之信貸期介 乎三十至九十日。

應付款項之賬齡分析乃根據報告期末之發票 日期現呈列如下:

		31.3.2023 二零二三年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	31.3.2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Within 30 days Over 90 days	三十日內 超過九十日	59,330 664	79,494 431
		59,994	79,925

As at 31 March 2023, the retention payable balances included retention payable to subsidiaries of Million Hope amounting to HK\$200,000 (2022: HK\$218,000).

於二零二三年三月三十一日,應付保固金結餘包括應付美亨之附屬公司港幣200,000元 (二零二二年:港幣218,000元)之保固金。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

# **32. PROVISIONS**

# 32. 撥備

The Group's provisions are analysed for reporting 本集團作呈報用途的撥備分析如下: purposes as:

			1
		31.3.2023	31.3.2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		三月三十一日	三月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
	<u>'</u>		
Current liabilities	流動負債	9,008	16,605
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	34,560	27,543
		43,568	44,148

The movement of the Group's provisions are as follows:

本集團撥備變動如下:

		Provision for rectification
		work
		整改工程
		撥備
		HK\$'000
		港幣千元
At 1 April 2021	於二零二一年四月一日	84,222
Provision	撥備	20,837
Utilisation	動用	(60,911)
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	44,148
Provision	撥備	16,205
Utilisation	動用	(16,785)
At 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日	43,568

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The provision for rectification work as at 31 March 2023 and 2022 relates to the cost of work to be carried out in relation to construction contracts, interior and renovation contracts and supply and installation of ceiling system supplied to the Group's customers during the defects liability period, mainly for a period of maximum of 2 years, based on relevant correspondence and contracts with customers and management's prior experience with the consideration of the rectification work claim in the past. These amounts have not been discounted for the purpose of measuring the provision for rectification work because the effect is not material.

於二零二三年及二零二二年三月三十一日,整改工程撥備涉及本集團於缺陷責任期內就向客戶提供之建築工程合約、裝飾及維修工程合約以及供應及安裝天花板系統的施工成本,基於與客戶的相關函件及合約以及管理層對過往整改工程索賠的經驗,缺陷責任期主要為一段最長達兩年的期間。由於相關影響並不重大,故該等金額並未就計算整改工程撥備進行折現。

# 33. LEASE LIABILITIES

# 33. 租賃負債

	31.3.2023 二零二三年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	31.3.2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Lease liabilities payable: 應付租賃負債: Within one year —年內	1,732	3,478
Within a period of more than one year 超過一年但不多於兩年期間內 but not more than two years Within a period of more than two years 超過兩年但不多於五年期間內	336	1,029
Within a period of more than two years超過兩年但不多於五年期間內 but not more than five years  More than five years 超過五年	202 2,906	169 2,970
Less: Amount due for settlement within 減:於十二個月內到期結算 12 months shown under current 分類為流動負債之金額	5,176	7,646
liabilities	(1,732)	(3,478)
Amount due for settlement after 於十二個月後到期結算 12 months shown under non-current 分類為非流動負債之金額 liabilities	3,444	4,168
nasinces	3,444	٦,١٥٥

The weighted average incremental borrowing rates applied to lease liabilities is 4.0% to 6.0% (2022: 4.0% to 6.0%).

適用於租賃負債的加權平均增量借款利率為 4.0%至6.0%(二零二二年:4.0%至6.0%)。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

# **34. BANK LOANS**

# 34. 銀行貸款

	31.3.2023 二零二三年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	31.3.2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Bank loans (note a) 銀行貸款 (附註a) Less: Amount shown under current liabilities (including bank loans with a repayable on demand clause) 銀行貸款 (包括須按要求償還 之銀行貸款)	1,525,434 (394,365)	1,791,400 (644,365)
Amount shown under 分類為非流動負債之金額 non-current liabilities	1,131,069	1,147,035
The carrying amounts of the above borrowings are repayable: 下列期間償還: 一年內 within a period of more than one year but not exceeding two years within a period of more than two years but not exceeding five years  五年期間內	15,965 1,131,069 –	15,965 15,965 1,131,070
The carrying amount of bank loans 包含須按要求償還條款之 that contain a repayable on demand lause (shown under current liabilities	1,147,034 378,400	1,163,000 628,400
	1,525,434	1,791,400
Secured (note b) 已抵押 (附註b) Unsecured 無抵押	1,425,434 100,000	1,691,400 100,000
	1,525,434	1,791,400

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#### Notes:

- (a) The Group's bank loans are floating-rate borrowings which carry interest at market rates ranging from HIBOR + 0.75% to HIBOR + 1.84% per annum (2022: from HIBOR + 0.75% to HIBOR + 1.64% per annum).
- (b) The bank loans are secured by charges over certain assets of the Group, which are disclosed in note 40.
- (c) The weighted average effective interest rates on the Group's bank loans range from 3.78% to 4.87% (2022: 1.07% to 1.96%) per annum.

# 35. DEFERRED TAXATION

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

#### 附註:

- (a) 本集團銀行貸款乃以市場利率計息的浮動 利率貸款,年利率由香港銀行同業拆息加 0.75%至香港銀行同業拆息加1.84%計算(二 零二二年:由香港銀行同業拆息加0.75%至 香港銀行同業拆息加1.64%)。
- (b) 該等銀行貸款以本集團若干資產抵押,詳情 於附註40中披露。
- (c) 本集團銀行貸款之加權平均實際年利率 為3.78%至4.87%(二零二二年:1.07%至 1.96%)。

# 35. 遞延稅項

呈列綜合財務狀況表時,若干遞延稅項資產 及負債已互相抵銷。以下為就財務報告目的 而言之遞延稅項結餘之分析:

			_
		31.3.2023	31.3.2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		三月三十一日	三月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Deferred tax assets	遞延稅項資產	849	595
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	(6,377)	(6,357)
		(5,528)	(5,762)

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The followings are the major deferred tax liabilities (assets) of the Group and movements thereon during the current and prior years:

本集團主要遞延稅項負債(資產)及於本年度及過往年度由此而產生之變動如下:

		Accelerated tax depreciation 加速 稅務折舊 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Tax losses 稅項虧損 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Provision for ECL 預期信貸 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2021 Transfer to assets classified as	於二零二一年四月一日 轉移至分類為持作出售資產	31,506	(25,245)	(977)	5,284
held for sale (note 30) Charge (credit) to consolidated statement of profit or loss	(附註30) 於本年度綜合損益表中支出 (計入)	(1,130)	-	-	(1,130)
for the year	(1177)	1,519	(580)	669	1,608
At 31 March 2022 Charge (credit) to consolidated statement of profit or loss	於二零二二年三月三十一日 於本年度綜合損益表中支出 (計入)	31,895	(25,825)	(308)	5,762
for the year	(HIVV)	6,092	(6,434)	108	(234)
At 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日	37,987	(32,259)	(200)	5,528

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately HK\$373,541,000 (2022: HK\$310,829,000) available for offset against future profit. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of approximately HK\$195,507,000 (2022: HK\$156,517,000) of such losses. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining approximately HK\$178,034,000 (2022: HK\$154,312,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. All the unrecognised tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

於報告期末,本集團未用之稅項虧損約為港幣373,541,000元(二零二二年:港幣310,829,000元),,可用作抵銷未來之溢利。已就稅項虧損約港幣195,507,000元(二零二二年:港幣156,517,000元)確認遞延稅項資產。由於不能估計未來之溢利,概無就其餘稅項虧損約港幣178,034,000元(二零二二年:港幣154,312,000元)確認遞延稅項資產。所有未確認之稅項虧損可能無限期結轉。

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# **36. SHARE CAPITAL**

# 36. 股本

~4.2~ .		
法定:		
· · · · ·		
二零二三年三月三十一日之		
結餘	1,500,000,000	150,000
口發行及鄉口:		
	1 102 124 676	110,212
	1,102,124,070	110,212
	3 461 000	347
(N) bT1)	3,401,000	347
於二零二二年三月三十一日		
之結餘	1,105,585,676	110,559
行使購股權而發行之股份		
(附註i)	6,097,000	610
已回購及註銷(附註ii)		
	(15,396,000)	(1,540)
ひー示=ニケニロニム_ロラは鈴	1 006 386 676	109,629
	結餘 已發行及繳足: 每股港幣0.10元之股份 於二零二一年四月一日之 結餘 行使購股權而發行之股份 (附註i)  於二零二二年三月三十一日 之結餘 行使購股權而發行之股份 (附註i)	於二零二一年四月一日、 二零二二年三月三十一日及 二零二三年三月三十一日之 結餘 1,500,000,000  已發行及繳足: 每股港幣0.10元之股份 於二零二一年四月一日之 結餘 1,102,124,676 行使購股權而發行之股份 (附註i) 3,461,000  於二零二二年三月三十一日 之結餘 1,105,585,676 行使購股權而發行之股份 (附註i) 6,097,000 已回購及註銷(附註ii) (15,396,000)

#### Notes:

- (i) The new shares issued rank pari passu in all respects with the existing shares in issue.
- (ii) During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Company repurchased 20,644,000 shares (2022: Nil) on the market for an aggregated consideration paid of approximately HK\$23,866,000 (2022: Nil), in which 15,396,000 shares (2022: Nil) were cancelled during the year ended 31 March 2023 and 5,248,000 shares (2022: Nil) were cancelled after the reporting date.

# 附註:

- (i) 已發行新股份與現有已發行股份於各方面享 有相同權利。
- (ii) 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,本公司於市場上購回20,644,000股股份(二零二二年:無),已付總代價約為港幣23,866,000元(二零二二年:無),其中15,396,000股(二零二二年:無)已於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度註銷以及5,248,000股(二零二二年:無)已於報告日期後註銷。

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During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Company repurchased 20,644,000 ordinary shares through the Stock Exchange as follows:

於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,本公司透過聯交所回購 20,644,000股普通股,詳情如下:

		No. of ordinary share of	Price per s 每股價		Aggregate consideration
		HK\$0.10 each 每股港幣 0.10元之	Highest	Lowest	paid
		普通股數目	最高	最低	已付總代價
Month of repurchase	回購月份		HK\$ 港幣元	HK\$ 港幣元	HK\$'000 港幣千元
September 2022	二零二二年九月	2,568,000	1.16	1.15	2,973
October 2022	二零二二年十月	772,000	1.16	1.14	894
November 2022	二零二二年十一月	966,000	1.12	1.06	1,056
December 2022	二零二二年十二月	2,932,000	1.16	1.12	3,393
January 2023	二零二三年一月	1,602,000	1.16	1.14	1,858
February 2023	二零二三年二月	5,896,000	1.16	N/A	6,839
March 2023	二零二三年三月	5,908,000	1.16	N/A	6,853

None of the Company's subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

年內,本公司之附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖 回任何本公司之上市證券。

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#### 37. RESERVES

Contributed surplus of the Group mainly represents the difference between the aggregate share capital of the subsidiaries at the date on which they were acquired by the Company and the nominal amount of the Company's shares issued at the time of the group corporate reorganisation, less the par value of the bonus shares issued by the Company, and the difference between market price and the nominal value of the shares of the Company issued upon exercise of share options.

Special reserve of the Group represents the aggregate of contributions from the then shareholders of the companies comprising the Group and other subsidiaries of HKR International Limited ("HKRI") before the group corporate reorganisation in prior years.

#### 38. DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES

# For the year ended 31 March 2022

# (i) Disposal of 50% interest in Esteemed Virtue Limited

On 31 May 2021, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to dispose of its 50% equity interest in Esteemed Virtue Limited, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, and the shareholder's loan at an aggregation consideration of HK\$130,000,000, adjusted for net asset value excluding investment properties, property, plant and equipment and shareholder's loan. The whollyowned subsidiary of Esteemed Virtue Limited holds the legal and beneficial ownership of an industrial property in Hong Kong. The disposal was completed on 30 June 2021.

# 37. 儲備

本集團之繳入盈餘,主要指於本公司收購附屬公司當日,該等附屬公司之股本總額及於本集團重組時本公司已發行股份面值之差額,減去本公司已發行紅股之面值,及行使購股權後本公司已發行股份之市價及面值之差額。

本集團之特別儲備是指於本集團重組前組成本集團之公司及香港興業國際集團有限公司 (「香港興業」)的其他附屬公司的當時股東於 過往年度之投入資金總額。

# 38. 出售附屬公司

# 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

# (i) 出售敬德有限公司50%權益

於二零二一年五月三十一日,本集團與獨立第三方訂立買賣協議,以出售敬德有限公司(本公司之間接全資附屬公司)之50%權益及股東貸款,總代價為港幣130,000,000元(經資產淨值作調整,惟不包括投資物業、物業、廠房及設備以及股東貸款)。敬德有限公司之全資附屬公司持有位於香港一間工業物業的法定及實益擁有權。出售事項已於二零二一年六月三十日完成。

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截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

The assets and liabilities of Esteemed Virtue Limited and its subsidiary on the date of disposal were as follows:

敬德有限公司及其附屬公司於出售日期的資 產及負債如下:

		HK\$'000 港幣千元
Investment properties	投資物業	261,960
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	11
Debtors, deposits and prepayments	應收款項、按金及預付款項	3,308
Bank balances	銀行結餘	1,719
Other payables	其他應付款項	(181)
Amount due to a group company	應付集團公司款項	(116,550)
Bank loans	銀行貸款	(105,000)
		45,267
		HK\$'000 港幣千元
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary:	出售附屬公司之虧損:	
Fair value of retained interest in	合營企業保留權益公平值	
a joint venture (included in	(包含於合營企業之權益)	
interests in joint ventures)		22,633
Total consideration received	已收總代價	80,903
Disposal of shareholder's loan	出售股東貸款	(58,275)
Net assets disposed of	出售淨資產	(45,267)
		(6)
Satisfied by:	支付:	
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	80,903
Net cash inflows on disposal:	出售時現金流入淨額:	
Consideration received	已收代價	80,903
Bank balances disposed	已出售銀行結餘	(1,719)
		79,184

2021.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

# (ii) Disposal of 100% interest in Great Virtue Ventures Limited

# On 22 October 2021, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to dispose of its entire equity interests in Great Virtue Ventures Limited, and the shareholder's loan at an aggregate consideration of HK\$628,000,000, adjusted for net asset value excluding investment properties. Great Virtue Ventures Limited directly holds the legal and beneficial ownership of an industrial property located in

The assets and liabilities of Great Virtue Ventures Limited on the date of disposal:

Hong Kong. The disposal was completed on 1 December

# (ii) 出售達德創投有限公司100%權益

於二零二一年十月二十二日,本集團與獨立 第三方訂立買賣協議,以出售達德創投有限 公司之全部權益及股東貸款,總代價為港幣 628,000,000元(經資產淨值作調整,惟不包括 投資物業)。達德創投有限公司直接持有位於 香港一間工業物業的法定及實益擁有權。出 售事項已於二零二一年十二月一日完成。

達德創投有限公司於出售日期的資產及負債 如下:

		HK\$'000 港幣千元
Investment properties	投資物業	628,000
Debtors, deposits and prepayments	應收款項、按金及預付款項	1,227
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	1,529
Tax payables	應付稅項	, (559)
Other payables	其他應付款項	(2,674)
		627,523
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	出售附屬公司之虧損	(65)
		627,458
Satisfied by:	支付:	
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	627,458
Net cash inflows on disposal:	出售時現金流入淨額:	
Consideration received	已收代價	627,458
Bank balances and cash disposed	已出售銀行結餘及現金	(1,529)
		625,929

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# (iii) Disposal of 50% interest in Excess Wonder Limited

# On 30 July 2021, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to dispose of its 50% equity interest in Excess Wonder Limited, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, and the shareholder's loan at an aggregate consideration of HK\$305,000,000, adjusted for net asset value excluding investment properties and shareholder's loan. Excess Wonder Limited indirectly holds the legal and beneficial ownership of an industrial property located in Hong Kong. The disposal was completed on 26

The assets and liabilities of Excess Wonder Limited and its subsidiary on the date of disposal were as follows:

January 2022.

# (iii) 出售多奇有限公司50%權益

於二零二一年七月三十日,本集團與獨立第三方訂立買賣協議,以出售多奇有限公司(本公司之間接全資附屬公司)之50%權益及股東貸款,總代價為港幣305,000,000元(經資產淨值作調整,惟不包括投資物業以及股東貸款)。多奇有限公司間接持有位於香港一間工業物業的法定及實益擁有權。出售事項已於二零二二年一月二十六日完成。

多奇有限公司及其附屬公司於出售日期的資 產及負債如下:

		港幣千元
I and the second	+n -∞ +m +v	614.124
Investment properties	投資物業	614,124
Debtors, deposits and prepayments	應收款項、按金及預付款項	8,720
Bank balances	銀行結餘	3,812
Other payables	其他應付款項	(66)
Amount due to a group company	應付集團公司款項	(343,862)
Bank loans	銀行貸款	(244,000)

38,728

111/4/000

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

Н	K\$	0	00
<b>±</b>	米ケ	-	_

		港幣千元
Result on disposal of a subsidiary:	出售附屬公司之結果:	
Fair value of retained interest in	合營企業保留權益公平值	
a joint venture (included in	(包含於合營企業之權益)	
interests in joint ventures)		19,364
Total consideration received	已收總代價	191,295
Disposal of shareholder's loan	出售股東貸款	(171,931)
Net assets disposed of	出售淨資產	(38,728)
Satisfied by:	支付:	
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	191,295
Net cash inflows on disposal:	出售時現金流入淨額:	
Consideration received	已收代價	191,295
Bank balances disposed	已出售銀行結餘	(3,812)
		197 /192

# 187,483

# (iv) Disposal of 100% interest in Regal Prosper Limited

On 15 February 2022, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to dispose of its 100% equity interest and the shareholder's loan in Regal Prosper Limited, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, at an aggregate consideration of HK\$280,000,000, adjusted for net asset value excluding investment properties. Regal Prosper Limited directly holds the legal and beneficial ownership of a commercial property located in Hong Kong. The disposal was completed on 15 March 2022.

# (iv) 出售昇興有限公司100%權益

於二零二二年二月十五日,本集團與獨立第三方訂立買賣協議,以出售昇興有限公司(本公司之間接全資附屬公司)之100%權益及股東貸款,總代價為港幣280,000,000元(經資產淨值作調整,惟不包括投資物業)。昇興有限公司直接持有位於香港一間商業物業的法定及實益擁有權。出售事項已於二零二二年三月十五日完成。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

The assets and liabilities of Regal Prosper Limited on the date of disposal:

昇興有限公司於出售日期的資產及負債如 下:

		HK\$'000
		港幣千元
Investment properties	投資物業	280,000
Bank balances	銀行結餘	51
Deposits	按金	237
Other payables	其他應付款項	(41)
		280,247
Satisfied by:	支付:	
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	280,248
Consideration refundable	可退回代價	(1)
		280,247
Net cash inflows on disposal:	出售時現金流入淨額:	
Consideration received	已收代價	280,248
Bank balances disposed	已出售銀行結餘	(51)
		280,197

# (v) Disposal of 100% interest in Superior Future Limited

On 22 February 2022, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party to dispose of its 100% equity interest and the shareholder's loan in Superior Future Limited, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, at an aggregate consideration of HK\$54,200,000, adjusted for net asset value excluding property, plant and equipment. Superior Future Limited directly holds the legal and beneficial ownership of certain units in an industrial property located in Hong Kong. The disposal was completed on 15 March 2022.

# (v) 出售特高有限公司100%權益

於二零二二年二月二十二日,本集團與獨立第三方訂立買賣協議,以出售特高有限公司(本公司之間接全資附屬公司)之100%權益及股東貸款,總代價為港幣54,200,000元(經資產淨值作調整,惟不包括物業、廠房及設備)。特高有限公司直接持有位於香港一間工業物業的法定及實益擁有權。出售事項已於二零二二年三月十五日完成。

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The assets and liabilities of Superior Future Limited on the date of disposal: 特高有限公司於出售日期的資產及負債如 下:

		HK\$'000 港幣千元
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	31,532
Deposits	按金	22
Other payables	其他應付款項	(7)
		31,547
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售附屬公司之收益	22,668
		54,215
Satisfied by:	支付:	
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	54,215
Net cash inflows on disposal:	出售時現金流入淨額:	
Consideration received	已收代價	54,215

# **39. SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

The Company's former share option scheme ("2011 Share Option Scheme") was adopted by the Company on 21 September 2011 and was terminated on 25 August 2020. Share options granted prior to the termination continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the terms of 2011 Share Option Scheme.

The Company adopted a new share option scheme ("Existing Scheme") on 25 August 2020, all executive or non-executive directors and full-time employees of, and consultants employed on a contract basis by, any member of the Group are eligible to participate in the Existing Scheme. No options have been granted under the Existing Scheme since its adoption.

# 39. 購股權計劃

本公司之原有購股權計劃(「二零一一購股權計劃」)由本公司於二零一一年九月二十一日採納並於二零二零年八月二十五日終止。終止前授出之購股權將繼續有效及可根據二零一一購股權計劃之條款予以行使。

本公司於二零二零年八月二十五日採納新購股權計劃(「現行計劃」),本集團任何成員公司之所有執行或非執行董事及全職僱員以及以合約形式聘用的顧問均符合參與現行計劃之資格。自現行計劃獲採納起,其項下概無授出購股權。

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The purpose of the Existing Scheme is to provide the participants with the opportunity to acquire proprietary interest in the Company and to encourage them to work towards enhancing the value of the Company and its shares for the benefit of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

現行計劃之目的為向參與者提供購入本公司 所有人權益之機會,並鼓勵參與者為本公司 及其股東之整體利益,努力提高本公司及其 股份之價值。

# (a) Maximum number of shares available for issue

The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Existing Scheme and any other schemes of the Company shall not exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue on the date of approval of the Existing Scheme, subject to renewal as approved by the shareholders of the Company. The total number of shares available for issue under the Existing Scheme is 109,092,467.

# (a) 可供發行之股份數目上限

根據現行計劃及本公司任何其他計劃授出的所有購股權因行使而可予發行的股份總數,不得超過於現行計劃批准當日本公司已發行股份之10%,惟須經本公司股東批准更新。現行計劃項下可供發行之股份總數為109,092,467股。

# (b) Maximum entitlement of each participant

- (1) The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the Company's shares in issue unless otherwise approved by the shareholders of the Company.
- (2) Where any grant of options to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or any of their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules), would result in the shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options already granted and to be granted (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) to such person in the 12-month period up to and including the date of the grant:

# (b) 各參與者之購股權配額上限

- (1) 除非經本公司股東另作批准,否則於任何十二個月期間,因行使已授出購股權(包括已行使及尚未行使之購股權)而向各參與者發行及將予發行之股份總數,不得超過本公司已發行股份之1%。
- (2) 倘向本公司之主要股東或獨立非執行董事或任何彼等各自之聯繫人(定義見上市規則)授出任何購股權,將會導致於截至授出日期止之十二個月期間(包括授出之日)向該人士已授出及將予授出之所有購股權(包括已行使、註銷及尚未行使之購股權)獲行使而已發行及將予發行之股份:

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- representing in aggregate over 0.1% (or such other percentage as may from time to time be specified by the Stock Exchange) of the Company's shares in issue; and
- (i) 合共佔本公司已發行股份0.1%(或聯交 所不時指定之其他百分比)以上;及
- (ii) having an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the shares of the Company on the date of grant in excess of HK\$5.0 million (or such other amount as may from time to time be specified by the Stock Exchange), such grant of options shall be subject to prior approval of the shareholders of the Company, such grantee, his associates and all core connected persons of the Company shall abstain from voting at such general meeting.
- (ii) 根據本公司股份於授出日期之收市價計算,總值超過港幣5,000,000元(或聯交所不時指定之其他金額),則此等授出購股權事宜必須取得本公司股東事先批准方可進行,且該承授人、其聯繫人及所有本公司核心關連人士必須於該股東大會上放棄投票。

Such grant of options shall be subject to prior approval by the shareholders of the Company, such grantee, his associates and all core connected persons of the Company shall abstain from voting at such general meeting. 此等授出購股權事宜必須取得本公司股東事 先批准方可進行,且該承授人、其聯繫人及所 有本公司核心關連人士必須於該股東大會上 放棄投票。

#### (c) Option period

#### (c) 購股權期間

The period within which the grantee may exercise the option shall be notified by the Board to the grantee at the time of making an offer, but such period shall not expire later than ten years from the date of grant.

董事會須於作出要約時通知承授人之可以行 使購股權期間,其屆滿日期不得遲於授出日 期起計十年。

#### (d) Time of exercise of option

#### (d) 購股權之行使時限

At the time of making an offer, the Company must specify the minimum period(s), if any, for which an option under the Existing Scheme must be held before it can be exercised in whole or in part.

本公司須於作出要約時列明根據現行計劃授 出之購股權可全部或部分行使前須持有之最 低限期(如有)。

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#### (e) Amount payable on acceptance of offer

A payment to the Company of HK\$1 as consideration for the grant shall be paid upon on the acceptance of the offer by the grantee. The offer of grant of option must be accepted within 14 days (or such other period of days as determined by the Board from time to time) after the date of offer.

#### (f) Basis of determining exercise price of option

The exercise price of the option shall be no less than the highest of:

- the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant, which must be a business day;
- (ii) the average closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and
- (iii) the nominal value of the shares of the Company on the date of grant.

#### (g) Remaining life of the Existing Scheme

The Existing Scheme has a life of ten years commencing on the adoption date and will expire on 24 August 2030 unless otherwise terminated in accordance with the terms of the Existing Scheme.

At 31 March 2023, the number of shares in respect of which options had been granted and remained outstanding under the 2011 Share Option Scheme was 25,160,000 (2022: 34,401,000), representing approximately 2.30% (2022: 3.11%) of the shares of the Company in issue at that date.

#### (e) 接納要約之應付款項

承授人接納要約時須付以本公司港幣1元作為授出之代價。授出購股權之要約須於要約日期後14天(或董事會不時釐定的其他期間)內接納。

#### (f) 釐定購股權行使價之基準

購股權之行使價必須不低於下列三者之最高 者:

- (i) 聯交所於授出日期(該日必須為營業日) 發出之日報表所述之本公司股份收市 價;
- (ii) 聯交所於緊接授出日期前五個營業日發 出之日報表所述之本公司股份平均收市 價;及
- (iii) 本公司一股股份於授出日期之面值。

#### (g) 現行計劃之餘下年限

除非根據現行計劃條款予以終止,否則現行計劃之有效年限為自採納日期起計十年,並 將於二零三零年八月二十四日屆滿。

於二零二三年三月三十一日,根據二零一年購股權計劃已授出但尚未行使之購股權之股份數目為25,160,000股(二零二二年:34,401,000股),佔該日期本公司已發行股份之約2.30%(二零二二年:3.11%)。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

Details of the movements of the share options granted are as follows:

已授出購股權之變動詳情如下:

#### For the year ended 31 March 2023

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

Category of participants	Date of grant	Exercise period	Exercise price per share	Outstanding as at 1 April 2022 於二零二二年	Exercised during the year (Note a)	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding as at 31 March 2023 於二零二三年
參與者類型	授出日期	行使期間	每股行使價 HK <b>\$</b> 港幣元	四月一日 尚未行使	於年內行使 (附註a)	於年內失效	三月三十一日 尚未行使
Directors 董事	5 September 2017 二零一七年九月五日	5 September 2017 to 4 September 2022 二零一七年九月五日至 二零二二年九月四日	1.54	6,677,000	(5,192,000)	(1,485,000)	-
	18 October 2019 二零一九年十月十八日	18 October 2019 to 17 October 2024 二零一九年十月十八日至 二零二四年十月十七日	1.16	15,891,000	(905,000)	-	14,986,000
				22,568,000	(6,097,000)	(1,485,000)	14,986,000
Employees 僱員	5 September 2017 二零一七年九月五日	5 September 2017 to 4 September 2022 二零一七年九月五日至 二零二二年九月四日	1.54	1,321,000	-	(1,321,000)	-
	18 October 2019 二零一九年十月十八日	18 October 2019 to 17 October 2024 二零一九年十月十八日至 二零二四年十月十七日	1.16	10,512,000	-	(338,000)	10,174,000
				11,833,000	-	(1,659,000)	10,174,000
Total 總計				34,401,000	(6,097,000)	(3,144,000)	25,160,000
Exercisable at the end of the reporting period 於報告期末可行使							25,160,000
Weighted average exercise price 加權平均行使價				1.25	1.48	1.50	1.16

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#### For the year ended 31 March 2022

#### 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

Category of participants	Date of grant	Exercise period	Exercise price per share	Outstanding as at 1 April 2021 於二零二一年 四月一日	Exercised during the year (Note a) 於年內行使	Lapsed during the year	Reclassified during the year (Note b) 於年內 重新分類	Outstanding as at 31 March 2022 於二零二二年 三月三十一日
参與者類型	授出日期	行使期間	每股行使價 HK\$ 港幣元	尚未行使	(附註a)	於年內失效	(附註b)	尚未行使
Directors 董事	5 September 2017 二零一七年九月五日	5 September 2017 to 4 September 2022 二零一七年九月五日至 二零二二年九月四日	1.54	6,677,000	-	-	-	6,677,000
	18 October 2019 二零一九年十月十八日	18 October 2019 to 17 October 2024 二零一九年十月十八日至 二零二四年十月十七日	1.16	15,991,000	-	-	(100,000)	15,891,000
				22,668,000	-	-	(100,000)	22,568,000
Employees 僱員	5 September 2017 二零一七年九月五日	5 September 2017 to 4 September 2022 二零一七年九月五日至 二零二二年九月四日	1.54	1,545,000	-	(224,000)	-	1,321,000
	18 October 2019 二零一九年十月十八日	18 October 2019 to 17 October 2024 二零一九年十月十八日至 二零二四年十月十七日	1.16	11,493,000	(189,000)	(792,000)	-	10,512,000
				13,038,000	(189,000)	(1,016,000)	-	11,833,000
Other participants (Note c) 其他參與者(附註c)				14,181,000	(3,272,000)	(11,009,000)	100,000	-
Total 總計				49,887,000	(3,461,000)	(12,025,000)	-	34,401,000
Exercisable at the end of the reporting period 於報告期末可行使								34,401,000
Weighted average exercise price 加權平均行使價				1.22	1.16	1.17	N/A 不適用	1.25

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#### Notes:

- (a) In respect of the share options exercised during the year, the weighted average closing price of the shares immediately before the dates of exercise is HK\$1.160 (2022: HK\$1.295) per share.
- (b) Several employees were retired as employees of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2023, their entitlement of 1,472,000 shares was reclassified from the category of employees of the Company to the category of other participants during the year ended 31 March 2023.
- (c) Dr. Zhang Wei was retired as a non-executive director of the Company on 24 August 2021. Pursuant to the 2011 Share Option Scheme, he was entitled within a period of 3 months from the date of retirement to exercise his remaining 100,000 share options. His entitlement of 100,000 share options was reclassified from the category of director of the Company to the category of other participants during the year ended 31 March 2022. The share options were lapsed during the year ended 31 March 2022.

Mr. Lo Kai Cheong, a former executive director of the Company, passed away on 18 July 2020. Pursuant to the 2011 Share Option Scheme, his personal representative(s) was entitled within a period of 12 months from the date of death to exercise his remaining 3,272,000 share options. The share options were exercised during the year ended 31 March 2022.

Mr. Cha Mou Sing, Payson, the former non-executive Chairman of the Company, passed away on 6 November 2020 (PST). Pursuant to the 2011 Share Option Scheme, his personal representative(s) was entitled within a period of 12 months from the date of death to exercise his remaining 10,909,000 share options. The share options were lapsed during the year ended 31 March 2022.

During the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022, the Group did not recognised equity-settled share-based payments in relation to share options granted by the Company to the directors and employees of the Group.

#### 附註:

- (a) 就於年內已行使之購股權而言,於緊接行使 日期前股份之加權平均收市價為每股港幣 1.160元(二零二二年:港幣1.295元)。
- (b) 多名僱員於截至二零二三年三月三十一日 止年度內退任本公司僱員,彼等有權享有 的1,472,000股股份於截至二零二三年三月 三十一日止年度內由本公司僱員類別重新分 類至其他參與者類別。
- (c) 張煒博士於二零二一年八月二十四日退任本公司非執行董事。根據二零一一年購股權計劃,彼有權於其退任之日起計三個月期間內行使其餘下100,000份購股權。於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,其購股權配額100,000份購股權由本公司董事類別重新分類至其他參與者類別。該等購股權於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度已失效。

本公司前任執行董事老啟昌先生於二零二零年七月十八日辭世。根據二零一一年購股權計劃,其遺產代理人有權於其身故之日起計十二個月期間內行使其餘下3,272,000份購股權。該等購股權已於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度獲行使。

本公司前任非執行主席查懋聲先生於二零二零年十一月六日(太平洋標準時間)辭世。根據二零一一年購股權計劃,其遺產代理人有權於其身故之日起計十二個月期間內行使其餘下10,909,000份購股權。該等購股權已於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度失效。

於截至二零二三年及二零二二年三月三十一 日止年度,本集團並無就本公司授予本集團 董事及僱員之購股權確認以權益結算及以股 份支付之款項。

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#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### **40. PLEDGE OF ASSETS**

## At the end of the reporting period, the Group's bank loans were secured by the Group's assets as follows:

#### 40. 資產抵押

於報告期末,本集團之銀行貸款乃以本集團 之如下資產作抵押:

	31.3.2023 二零二三年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	31.3.2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Investment properties 投資物業 Property, plant and equipment 物業、廠房及設備	2,409,300 264,630 2,673,930	2,429,300 275,543 2,704,843

#### **41. PERFORMANCE BONDS**

As at 31 March 2023, the Group had outstanding performance bonds in respect of construction contracts amounting to HK\$98,652,000 (2022: HK\$136,833,000).

#### **42. COMMITMENTS**

The Group's share of the commitments made jointly with other joint venturers relating to the joint ventures, but not recognised at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

#### 41. 履約保證

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團就建築 合約持有之履約保證為港幣98,652,000元(二 零二二年:港幣136,833,000元)。

#### 42. 承擔

本集團分佔與其他合營企業夥伴就合營企業 共同作出但於報告期末尚末確認之承擔如 下:

	31.3.2023 二零二三年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	31.3.2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Commitments to provide loans 提供貸款承擔	1,515,461	1,907,197

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#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

#### 43. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

#### 43. 經營租賃安排

#### The Group as lessor

#### 本集團作為出租人

At the end of the reporting period, minimum lease payments receivable on leases are as follows:

於報告期末,本集團就租賃應收之最低租金 如下:

		三月	81.3.2023 零二三年 三十一日 HK\$′000 港幣千元	31.3.2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Within one year In the second year In the third year In the fourth year	一年內 第二年 第三年 第四年		45,245 20,159 7,042 2,625	31,252 15,629 1,532
			75,071	48,413

Leases are negotiable for lease term ranging from one to four years (2022: one to four years).

租約可磋商,租期介乎一至四年(二零二二年:一至四年)。

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#### **44. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES**

#### **Defined contribution plan**

With the implementation of Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme in Hong Kong on 1 December 2000, the Group has maintained the defined contribution scheme registered under the Occupational Retirement Schemes Ordinance and has obtained an exemption satisfying the requirements of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance ("MPFO").

To comply with the MPFO, a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF Scheme") with voluntary contributions has been established. New employees must join the MPF Scheme since its commencement on 1 December 2000. The Group contributes 5% to 15% of the relevant payroll costs for each employee to the MPF Scheme.

The amounts charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss represent contributions paid and payable to the schemes by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the schemes less forfeitures arising from employees leaving the Group prior to completion of qualifying service period. The amount for the year is as follows:

#### 44. 退休福利計劃

#### 界定供款計劃

隨著於二零零零年十二月一日香港實行強制性公積金計劃,本集團已維持根據職業退休計劃條例註冊設立之界定供款計劃,並已獲豁免遵守強制性公積金計劃條例(「強積金條例」)之規定。

為遵守強積金條例,本集團已設立具自願性供款特性之強積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。於二零零零年十二月一日開始實行強積金計劃後,新僱員必須加入強積金計劃。本集團就每名僱員按相關工資成本的5%至15%向強積金計劃供款。

在綜合損益表內扣除之款項指本集團按該等計劃規則所指定之比率向該等計劃已付及應付之供款,減去因於達到服務年資領取僱主供款前離開本集團之僱員而產生之沒收供款。本年度之款項如下:

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 港幣千元
Contributions paid and payable Forfeiture	已付及應付供款 沒收供款	16,663 (246)	17,024 (275)
		16,417	16,749

At 31 March 2023 and 2022, there is no forfeited contribution arose upon employees leaving the retirement benefits schemes and which were available to reduce contributions payable.

於二零二三年及二零二二年三月三十一日, 本集團並無因僱員退出退休福利計劃而產生 及可用以減低應付供款之沒收供款。

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#### **Defined benefit plan**

Pursuant to the Employment Ordinance, Chapter 57, the Group has the obligation to pay Long Service Payment ("LSP") to qualifying employees in Hong Kong upon retirement, subject to a minimum of 5 years employment period, based on the following formula:

- Last monthly wages (before termination of employment) × 2/3 × Years of service
- Last monthly wages are capped at HK\$22,500 while the amount of long service payment shall not exceed HK\$390,000. This obligation is accounted for as a post –employment defined benefit plan.

Furthermore, the MPFO permits the Group to utilise the Group's mandatory and voluntary MPF contributions, plus/minus any positive/negative returns thereof (collectively, the "Eligible Offset Amount"), for the purpose of offsetting LSP payable to an employee (the "Offsetting Arrangement'). The LSP obligation, if any, is presented on a net basis.

The Employment & Retirement Schemes Legislation (Offsetting Arrangement) (Amendment) Ordinance 2022 was gazetted on 17 June 2022, which will eventually abolish the Offsetting Arrangement. The Amendment will come into effect prospectively from a date to be determined by the Hong Kong SAR Government, which is expected to be in 2025 (the "Transition Date"). Under the amended Ordinance, the Eligible Offset Amount after the Transition Date can only be applied to offset the pre-Transition Date LSP obligation but no longer eligible to offset the post-Transition Date LSP obligation. Furthermore, the LSP obligations before the Transition Date will be grandfathered and calculated based on the last monthly wages immediately preceding the Transition Date.

#### 界定福利計劃

根據僱傭條例第57章,本集團有責任向香港 合資格僱員退休時支付長期服務金(「長期服 務金」),惟受僱期須最少為5年,計算公式如 下:

- 最後一個月的工資(終止僱傭前)× 2/3 ×服務年限
- 最後一個月工資上限為港幣22,500元,而長期服務金金額不得超過港幣390,000元。該責任作為離職後界定福利計劃入賬。

此外,一九九五年通過的《強制性公積金計劃條例》允許本集團動用本集團的強制性及自願性強積金供款,加上/減去任何正/負回報(統稱「合資格抵銷額」),以抵銷應付予僱員的長期服務金(「抵銷安排」)。長期服務金責任(如有)按淨額基準呈列。

《二零二二年僱傭及退休計劃法例(抵銷安排)(修訂)條例》於二零二二年六月十七日刊憲,最終將廢除抵銷安排。該修訂將自由香港特別行政區政府釐定的日期(預計將為於二零二五年)(「過渡日期」)提前生效。根據經修訂的條例,過渡日期後的合資格抵銷額只能用於抵銷過渡日期前的長期服務金責任,惟不再合資格抵銷過渡日期後的長期服務金責任將不受此限,並將根據過渡日期前的最後一個月工資計算。

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The Group's LSP obligation, taking into consideration the Offsetting Arrangement, is considered to be insignificant and no additional provision has been recognised as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

考慮到抵銷安排,於二零二三年三月三十一 日及二零二二年三月三十一日,本集團的合 資格抵銷額責任被認為並不重大,且並無確 認額外撥備。

#### **45. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS**

#### In addition to the balances with related parties as disclosed in the consolidated statement of financial position and notes 21, 25, 26, 27 and 31, the Group has the following transactions and balances with related parties:

#### 45. 關聯人士結餘及交易

除於綜合財務狀況表及附註21、25、26、27及 31所披露之關聯人士結餘外,本集團與關聯 人士有以下交易及結餘:

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Subsidiaries of HKRI (note c):  – Interior and renovation income (note a)	香港興業之附屬公司(附註c): 一裝飾及維修收入 (附註a)	140	935
Joint ventures of the Group:  - Construction income (note b)  - Interior and renovation income (note b)	本集團之合營企業: 一建築收入(附註b) 一裝飾及維修收入 (附註b)	130,416	36,778 2,189
<ul><li>Project management income (note b)</li><li>Interest income (note b)</li></ul>	-項目管理收入 (附註b) -利息收入(附註b)	6,224 19,083	116 18,530
Subsidiaries of Million Hope (note c):  - Building materials income (note a)  - Rental income (note a)	美亨之附屬公司 (附註c): 一建築材料收入 (附註a) 一租金收入 (附註a)	810 7	2,226 60

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#### Notes:

- (a) These related party transactions constitute connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules but are exempted from disclosure and other requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.
- (b) These related party transactions do not constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.
- (c) HKRI and Million Hope are regarded as related companies in which CCM Trust, a substantial shareholder of the Company, and certain discretionary trusts have beneficial interests.

#### **Compensation of key management personnel**

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year are as follows:

#### 附註:

- (a) 此等關聯人士交易構成上市規則第14A章定 義之關連交易,惟已獲豁免遵守上市規則第 14A章項下的披露及其他規定。
- (b) 此等關聯人士交易不構成上市規則第14A章 定義之關連交易或持續關連交易。
- (c) 香港興業與美亨被視為本公司主要股東CCM Trust及若干酌情信託於其中擁有實益權益之 關聯公司。

#### 主要管理人員之薪酬

本年度董事及其他主要管理人員之薪酬如 下:

			-
		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Fees	袍金	5,200	5,116
Salaries and other benefits	薪金及其他福利	22,479	21,217
Performance related incentive	工作表現獎勵金		
payments		25,200	33,686
Retirement benefits schemes	退休福利計劃供款		
contributions		2,990	2,867
Ex-gratia payments	特惠款項	3,335	_
		59,204	62,886

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#### 46. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 47. 本公司之財務狀況表及儲備 **OF THE COMPANY AND RESERVES**

		31.3.2023 二零二三年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	31.3.2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Non-current assets Investment in a subsidiary Amounts due from subsidiaries	非流動資產 投資於一間附屬公司 應收附屬公司款項	326,740 594,583	326,740 527,880
		921,323	854,620
Current assets Other receivables Amounts due from subsidiaries Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 其他應收款項 應收附屬公司款項 現金及現金等值	60 82,971 5,293	- 82,919 1,273
		88,324	84,192
Current liability Other payables and accrued charges	流動負債 其他應付款項及應計費用	4,397	6,031
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	83,927	78,161
		1,005,250	932,781
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves (note)	資本及儲備 股本 儲備 (附註)	109,629 895,621 1,005,250	110,559 822,222 932,781
		1,003,230	332,701

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Note: Movements in reserves of the Company:

附註:本公司儲備之變動:

		Share premium	Share- based compensation reserve 以股份 支付的	Treasury shares reserve	Accumulated profits	Total
		股份溢價 HK\$'000	酬金儲備 HK\$'000	庫存股份儲備 HK\$'000	累計溢利 HK\$'000	總計 HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
At 1 April 2021 Profit and total comprehensive	於二零二一年四月一日 本年度溢利及全面收益總額	683,522	10,837	-	17,811	712,170
income for the year		-	_	_	189,299	189,299
Dividends paid Issue of shares upon exercise	已付股息 行使購股權而發行之股份	-	-	_	(82,915)	(82,915)
of share options		4,400	(732)	-	-	3,668
Share options lapsed	購股權失效 ————————————————————————————————————	-	(2,550)	-	2,550	
At 31 March 2022 Profit and total comprehensive	於二零二二年三月三十一日 本年度溢利及全面收益總額	687,922	7,555	-	126,745	822,222
income for the year		-	-	-	87,465	87,465
Issue of shares upon exercise	行使購股權而發行之股份		()			
of share options	마= 미지 보는 사는 수는	9,991	(1,556)	-	-	8,435
Share options lapsed	購股權失效 同聯 IV (2)	-	(805)	(22.000)	805	(22.055)
Repurchase of shares Transaction costs attributable to	回購股份	-	-	(23,866)	_	(23,866)
repurchase	回購股份應佔之交易成本	_	_	(175)	_	(175)
Cancellation of shares	註銷股份	(16,372)	_	17,912	_	1,540
At 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日	681,541	5,194	(6,129)	215,015	895,621

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#### **47. FINANCIAL GUARANTEE CONTRACTS**

As at 31 March 2023, the Group and the other shareholders of the joint ventures of the Company issued financial guarantees jointly and severally to certain banks in respect of banking facilities granted to joint ventures. The aggregate amounts that could be required to be paid is HK\$1,396,496,000 (2022: HK\$1,194,200,000) if the guarantees were called upon in entirety, of which partial amount of the relevant banking facilities, amounting to HK\$491,906,000 (2022: HK\$644,049,000) has been utilised by these joint ventures. The Group considers the fair value of the contract is nil at initial recognition and the loss allowance as at 31 March 2023 and 2022 are insignificant. Details of the credit risk assessment of the financial guarantee contracts are set out in note 49.

#### **48. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balances. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt, which includes lease liabilities and bank loans disclosed in notes 33 and 34, respectively, net of cash and cash equivalents, and equity, comprising issued share capital, reserves and accumulated profits.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure on a regular basis. As part of this review, the directors of the Company consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors of the Company, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends and new share issues, as well as the issue of new debts and the redemption of existing debts.

#### 47. 財務擔保合約

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團及本公司合營企業的其他股東就授予合營企業的銀行融資共同及個別向若干銀行提供財務擔保。倘擔保遭要求悉數償還,則可能需要支付的總金額為港幣1,396,496,000元(二零二二年:港幣1,194,200,000元),其中相關銀行融資的部分金額港幣491,906,000元(二零二二年:港幣644,049,000元)已被該等合營企業動用。本集團認為,該合約於初始確認時的公平值為零,且於二零二三年及二零二二年三月三十一日的虧損撥備並不重大。財務擔保合約的信貸風險評估詳情載於附註49。

#### 48. 資金風險管理

本集團管理其資金,以確保本集團內各實體 能夠以持續經營方式營運,同時亦透過達致 債務與權益的最佳平衡而為股東爭取最大回 報。本集團的整體策略自去年起維持不變。

本集團的資本架構由淨債務(包括分別披露於附註33及34之租賃負債及銀行貸款)(扣除現金及現金等值)及權益(包含已發行股本、儲備及累計溢利)組成。

本公司董事定期檢討資本架構。作為此檢討 之一部分,本公司董事考慮資金成本及與各 類資金的相關風險。根據本公司董事的建議, 本集團將透過派付股息及發行新股,以及發 行新債務及贖回現有債務以平衡其整體資本 架構。

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#### **49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

#### 49. 財務工具

#### **Categories of financial instruments**

#### 財務工具類別

		31.3.2023 二零二三年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	31.3.2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Financial assets Financial assets at FVTPL Financial assets at amortised cost	財務資產 透過損益按公平值計算之 財務資產 按攤銷成本計量的財務資產	405 1,507,641	346 1,713,187
Financial liabilities At amortised cost	財務負債 按攤銷成本計量	1,752,797	2,042,759

## Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include loans to joint ventures, trade debtors, other receivables, amounts due from joint ventures, cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at FVTPL, trade and other payables, lease liabilities and bank loans.

Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要財務工具包括合營企業貸款、 應收款項、其他應收款項、應收合營企業款 項、現金及現金等值、透過損益按公平值計算 之財務資產、應付款項及其他應付款項、租賃 負債以及銀行貸款。

有關該等財務工具之詳情於相關附註披露。 與該等財務工具有關之風險及有關如何減輕 該等風險之政策載於下文。管理層管理及監 察該等風險,以確保及時和有效地採取妥善 措施。

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#### **Market risk**

#### (i) Currency risk

The functional currency of the group entities is mainly HK\$, the currency in which most of the transactions are denominated.

The carrying amounts of the foreign currency denominated monetary assets which are debtors and cash and cash equivalents, of the group entities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

#### 市場風險

#### (i) 貨幣風險

本集團各實體之功能貨幣主要為港幣,大部份交易均以港幣計值。

本集團各實體於報告期末以外幣計值之貨幣 資產為應收款項及現金及現金等值,其賬面 值如下:

		31.3.2023 二零二三年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	31.3.2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Euro	歐元	13	13
MOP	澳門幣	-	33
RMB	人民幣	833	937
USD	美元	20	18

The management of the Group considers that the currency risk of the above monetary assets is not significant to the Group. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

本集團管理層認為上述貨幣資產之貨幣風險 對本集團而言並不重大。本集團現時並無外 幣對沖政策。然而,管理層監察外匯風險,並 將於有需要時考慮對沖重大外幣風險。

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#### (ii) Interest rate risk

The cash flow interest rate risk relates primarily to the Group's variable-rate bank loans which are linked to the HIBOR and bank balances at the prevailing market deposit rate. The Group is also exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixed-rate loans to joint ventures and amounts due from joint ventures (see notes 21 and 27 for details) and lease liabilities. The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

A fundamental reform of major interest rate benchmarks has been undertaken globally to replace some interbank offered rates with alternative nearly risk-free rates. Details of the impacts on the Group's risk management strategy arising from the interest rate benchmark reform and the progress towards implementation of alternative benchmark interest rates are set out under "interest rate benchmark reform" in this note.

The directors of the Company consider the Group's exposure of bank balances to interest rate risk is not significant as interest bearing bank balances are within short maturity period. The Group's sensitivity to interest rate risk has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for variable-rate bank loans at the end of the reporting period. The analysis is prepared assuming the amounts outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. The Group's sensitivity to interest rate risk at the end of the reporting period while all other variables were held constant is as follows:

#### (ii) 利率風險

現金流利率風險主要與本集團之浮息銀行貸款(該等貸款與香港銀行同業拆息掛鈎)及按現行市場存款利率計息之銀行結餘有關。本集團亦承受與向合營企業作出之固定利率貸款及應收合營企業款項(詳情請參閱附註21及27)及租賃負債有關之公平值利率風險。本集團現時並無利率對沖政策。然而,管理層會監察利率風險,並將於有需要時考慮對沖重大利率風險。

全球已就主要利率基準進行根本性改革,以接近無風險的替代利率取代部分銀行同業拆息。有關利率基準改革對本集團風險管理策略的影響及替代基準利率的實施進度的詳情,載於本附註「利率基準改革」。

本公司董事認為,本集團之銀行結餘所承受的利率風險並不重大,原因是計息銀行結餘只是短期存款。本集團對利率風險之敏感度已根據於報告期末之浮息銀行貸款利率風險釐定。分析乃假設於報告期末的未償還金額於整個年度仍為未償還而編製。假設所有其他變量保持不變,本集團於報告期末對利率風險之敏感度如下:

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		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
Reasonably possible change in interest rate	利率可能出現之 合理變動	50 basis points 50個基點 HK\$′000 港幣千元	50 basis points 50個基點 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Increase in post-tax loss for the year (2022: Decrease in post-tax profit for the year) as a result of an increase in the interest rate  Decrease in post-tax loss for the year (2022: Increase in post-tax profit for the year) as a result of a decrease in the interest rate	本年度除稅後虧損由於 利率上升而增加(二零二二年: 本年度除稅後溢利減少) 本年度除稅後虧損由於 利率下降而減少(二零二二年: 本年度除稅後溢利增加)	(6,369) 6,369	(7,479) 7,479

#### (iii) Equity price risk

The Group's financial assets at FVTPL include listed equity securities in Hong Kong. These listed equity securities are subject to market price risk. The management manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk profiles. Details of the financial assets at FVTPL are set out in note 28. The management of the Group considers that the market price risks of these investments are not significant to the Group.

#### (iii) 股本價格風險

本集團透過損益按公平值計算之財務資產包括香港上市股本證券。該等上市股本證券須承受市場價格風險。管理層以設立不同風險水平的投資組合來管理有關風險。透過損益按公平值計算之財務資產詳情載於附註28。本集團管理層認為該等投資之市場價格風險對本集團而言並不重大。

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#### Credit risk and impairment assessment

# Credit risk refers to the risk that the Group's counterparties default on their contractual obligations resulting in the financial losses to the Group. The Group's credit risk exposures are primarily attributable to financial assets at amortised cost, lease receivables and contract assets. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements to cover its credit risks associated with its financial assets, lease receivables and contract assets.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In this regards, the management of the Group considers that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group's internal credit risk grading assessment comprises the following categories:

#### 信貸風險及減值評估

信貸風險指本集團交易方違反其合約責任而 導致本集團遭受財務損失的風險。本集團信 貸風險主要來自按攤銷成本計量的財務資 產、應收租賃款項及合約資產。本集團並無持 有任何抵押品或其他信貸增強措施以抵銷與 其財務資產、應收租賃款項及合約資產相關 的信貸風險。

為了盡量降低信貸風險,本集團管理層已委任一組人員負責釐定信貸限額、信貸批核及其他監控程序,以確保已採取跟進行動收回逾期欠款。就此而言,本集團管理層認為本集團之信貸風險已大幅降低。

本集團之內部信貸風險級別評估包括以下類 別:

Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級	Description 說明	Trade debtors/ contract assets 應收款項/合約資產	Other financial assets/ other items 其他財務資產/其他項目
Low risk	The counterparty has a low risk of default	Lifetime ECL	12m ECL
LOW HISIK	and does not have any past-due amounts	<ul> <li>not credit-impaired</li> </ul>	
低風險	交易方違約風險低,且並無任何逾期款項	存續期間之預期信貸虧損 -無信貸減值	十二個月預期信貸虧損
Watch list	Debtor frequently repays after due dates but usually settle in full or requires the Group's closer monitoring		12m ECL
觀察名單	債務人頻繁於到期日後還款但通常悉數結清或 需要本集團更密切監控	存續期間之預期信貸虧損 -無信貸減值	十二個月預期信貸虧損

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Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級	Description 說明	Trade debtors/ contract assets 應收款項/合約資產	Other financial assets/ other items 其他財務資產/其他項目
Doubtful	There have been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition through information developed internally or external		Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired
可疑	resources 通過內部所得資料或外部資源得知信貸風險自 初始確認起顯著增加	存續期間之預期信貸虧損 一無信貸減值	存續期間之預期信貸虧損 一無信貸減值
Loss	There is evidence indicating the asset is credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL – credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL – credit-impaired
虧損	有證據顯示資產已出現信貸減值	存續期間之預期信貸虧損 一已出現信貸減值	存續期間之預期信貸虧損 一已出現信貸減值
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group	Amount is written off	Amount is written off
撇銷	has no realistic prospect of recovery 有證據顯示債務人陷入嚴重財政困難,而本集 團無實際收回款項的可能	款項已經撇銷	款項已經撇銷

In addition, the Group has applied different loss rates to the internal credit rating category according to the classification and nature of respective financial assets. 此外,本集團已根據各財務資產之分類及性質而對內部信貸評級類別應用不同虧損率。

#### Trade debtors and contract assets

For trade debtors and contract assets, the Group has applied the simplified approach in HKFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. In addition, the Group performs impairment assessment under ECL model on trade debtors and contract assets individually or based on collective assessment.

As part of the Group's credit risk management, the Group applies internal credit rating for its customers. As at 31 March 2023, the ECL for trade debtors and contract assets that are credit-impaired or receivable from departments of The Government of HKSAR with gross carrying amounts of HK\$18,836,000 (2022: HK\$4,329,000) and HK\$95,697,000 (2022: HK\$104,106,000) are assessed individually and the carrying amounts are HK\$18,836,000 (2022: HK\$4,329,000) and HK\$95,697,000 (2022: HK\$104,106,000), respectively.

#### 應收款項及合約資產

就應收款項及合約資產而言,本集團應用香港財務報告準則第九號內的簡化法按存續期間預期信貸虧損計量虧損撥備。此外,本集團單獨就應收款項及合約資產根據預期信貸虧損模式或基於集體評估進行減值評估。

作為本集團信貸風險管理的一部分,本集團 為其客戶應用內部信貸評級。於二零二三 年三月三十一日,賬面總值分別為港幣 18,836,000元(二零二二年:港幣4,329,000 元)及港幣95,697,000元(二零二二年:港幣 104,106,000元)之信貸減值或應收香港特 別行政區政府部門之款項及合約資產的預 期信貸虧損被單獨評估,賬面值分別為港幣 18,836,000元(二零二二年:港幣4,329,000 元)及港幣95,697,000元(二零二二年:港幣 104,106,000元)。

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The following table provides information about the exposure to credit risk for trade debtors and contract assets which are assessed based on collective assessment within lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired).

下表提供有關屬存續期間之預期信貸虧損 (無信貸減值)且已根據集體評估進行評估 之應收款項及合約資產之信貸風險之資料。

Gross carrying amount

賬面總值

Internal credit rating	內部信貸評級	Average loss rate 平均虧損率	Trade debtors 應收款項 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Contract assets 合約資產 HK\$'000 港幣千元
As at 31 March 2023 Low risk Watch list	於二零二三年三月三十一日 低風險 觀察名單	0.51% - 0.65% 0.60%	52,824 1,799	143,440 -
As at 31 March 2022 Low risk Watch list	於二零二二年三月三十一日 低風險 觀察名單	0.68% - 0.73% 0.80%	89,734 21,004	162,014 -

The estimated loss rates are estimated based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of the debtors and are adjusted for forward-looking information that is reasonable, supportable and available without undue cost or effort. Management performs review regularly to ensure relevant information about specific debtors is updated.

估計虧損率乃根據債務人預期年期的過往可 觀察違約率估計,並就毋須耗費過多成本或 努力即可取得的合理可證實持前瞻性資料作 出調整。管理層定期進行審查,以確保更新有 關特定債務人的相關資料。

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The following table shows the movement in lifetime ECL that has been recognised for trade debtors and contract assets under the simplified approach.

下表列示已按簡化法就應收款項及合約資產確認的存續期間之預期信貸虧損的變動情況。

	_	Trade debtors 應收款項			Contract assets 合約資產	
		Lifetime ECL (credit- impaired) 存續期間之 預期信貸虧損 (已出現信貸 減(00) HK\$'000 港幣千元	Lifetime ECL (not credit- impaired) 存續期間之 預期信貸虧損 (並無信貸 減值) HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Lifetime ECL (not credit- impaired) 存續期間之 預期信貸虧損 (並無信貸 減值) HK\$'000 港幣千元	
At 1 April 2021 Changes due to financial instruments, lease receivables or contract assets as at 1 April 2021:	於二零二一年四月一日 於二零二一年四月一日因財務工 具、應收租賃款項或合約資產產 生的變動:	4,828	479	5,307	617	
– Impairment loss recognised (reversed) New financial assets, lease receivables or	一已確認 (已撥回) 減值虧損 新產生或購買的財務資產、應收租	8,247	(470)	7,777	(315)	
contract assets originated or purchased Written-off	賃款項或合約資產 撤銷	– (13,075)	759 -	759 (13,075)	798 	
At 31 March 2022 Changes due to financial instruments, lease receivables or contract assets as at 1 April 2022:	於二零二二年三月三十一日 於二零二二年四月一日因財務工 具、應收租賃款項或合約資產產 生的變動:	-	768	768	1,100	
Impairment loss reversed  New financial assets, lease receivables or	一已撥回減值虧損 一已撥回減值虧損 新產生或購買的財務資產、應收租	-	(768)	(768)	(494)	
contract assets originated or purchased	看款項或合約資產 (重款項或合約資產	-	286	286	323	
At 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日	-	286	286	929	

The Group writes off a trade debtor when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or when the trade debtors are over three years past due, whichever occurs earlier.

As at 31 March 2023, the Group has concentration of credit risk with 26% (2022: 4%) and 40% (2022: 39%) of the total gross trade debtors from contracts with customers and contract assets was due from the Group's largest customer, departments of The Government of HKSAR. In view of their credit standings, good repayment record in the past and long term relationships with the Group and taking into consideration of forward-looking information, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is not material.

當有資料顯示債務人陷入嚴重財政困難,且 並無實際收回款項的可能時(如債務人被清 盤或進入破產程序,或當應收款項已逾期超 過三年(以較早發生者為準)),本集團會撇銷 應收款項。

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團面臨集中信貸風險,26%(二零二二年:4%)及40%(二零二二年:39%)的來自客戶合約及合約資產之總應收款項總額為應收本集團最大客戶香港特別行政區政府部門的款項。鑒於彼等的信用狀況、過往良好的還款記錄及與本集團的長期關係並計及前瞻性資料,本公司董事認為本集團的信貸風險並不重大。

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During the year ended 31 March 2023, no impairment loss has been recognised on trade debtors which were assessed individually. During the year ended 31 March 2022, impairment loss of HK\$8,247,000 was recognised on a trade debtor which was individually assessed as the trade debtor was in significant financial difficulty. The gross carrying amount from this debtor was HK\$13,075,000 and the amount was written off and the forfeiture of rental deposit of HK\$4,040,000 received in the prior year was recognised as other income during the year ended 31 March 2022.

於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,並無就個別評估的應收款項確認減值虧損。 於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度, 由於貿易債務人陷入重大財務困難而進行 個別評估,確認貿易債務人減值虧損港幣 8,247,000元。來自該債務人的賬面總值為港 幣13,075,000元,有關金額已被撇銷,而於去 年已收取的所沒收的租賃按金港幣4,040,000 元則於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度 確認為其他收入。

The table below details the credit risk exposures of the Group's other financial assets, which are subject to ECL assessment:

下表詳列本集團其他財務資產之信貸風險, 有關風險須接受預期信貸虧損評估:

	External credit rating 外部信貸評級	Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級	12m or lifetime ECL 十二個月或 存續期間之 預期信貸虧損	Gross carrying amount as at 31 March 2023 於二零二三年 三月三十一日 的賬面總值 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Gross carrying amount as at 31 March 2022 於二零二二年 三月三十一日 的賬面總值 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Financial assets at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量的財務資產					
Loans to joint ventures 合營企業貸款	N/A 不適用	Low risk 低風險	12m ECL 十二個月預期 信貸虧損	710,653	651,173
	N/A 不適用	Watch list 觀察名單	12m ECL 十二個月預期 信貸虧損	363,980	342,131
Amounts due from joint ventures 應收合營企業款項	N/A 不適用	Low risk 低風險	12m ECL 十二個月預期 信貸虧損	-	10,015
	N/A 不適用	Loss 虧損	Lifetime ECL 存續期間之 預期信貸虧損	847*	847*
Other receivables 其他應收款項	N/A 不適用	Low risk 低風險	12m ECL 十二個月預期 信貸虧損	7,469	11,327
Bank balances 銀行結餘	A or above A或以上	N/A 不適用	12m ECL 十二個月預期 信貸虧損	399,091	603,017

<sup>\*</sup> The amount is considered as credit-impaired and full provision is made on that amounts due from a joint venture.

該金額被視為已發生信貸減值,並對應收一 間合營企業款項計提全額撥備。

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For the purpose of internal credit risk management, the Group uses reasonable and supportable forward-looking information to assess whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition.

為進行內部信貸風險管理,本集團使用合理 及可證實前瞻性資料評估信貸風險是否已自 初始確認起大幅增加。

			Not past due/	
			no fixed	
			repayment	
		Past due	terms	Total
			未逾期/	
			無固定還款	
		逾期	期限	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
	\\- <del></del>			
As at 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日			
Loans to joint ventures	合營企業貸款	_	1,074,633	1,074,633
Amounts due from	應收合營企業款項			
joint ventures		_	847	847
Other receivables	其他應收款項	-	7,469	7,469
As at 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日			
Loans to joint ventures	合營企業貸款	_	993,304	993,304
Amounts due from	應收合營企業款項			
joint ventures		_	10,862	10,862
Other receivables	其他應收款項	_	11,327	11,327

Loans to joint ventures and amounts due from joint ventures

For the purpose of internal credit risk management, the Group regularly monitors the business performance of joint ventures. Before granting the loans to joint ventures, the management of the Group has obtained understanding to the financial background and business performance of the joint ventures. The Group's credit risks in these balances are mitigated through monitoring the value of the assets held by the joint ventures. As at 31 March 2023, the gross carrying amounts of loans to joint ventures and amounts due from joint ventures are HK\$1,074,633,000 (2022: HK\$993,304,000) and HK\$847,000 (2022: HK\$10,862,000), respectively.

合營企業貸款及應收合營企業款項

為進行內部信貸風險管理,本集團定期監察合營企業的業務表現。授予合營企業貸款前,本集團管理層已了解合營企業的財務背景及業務表現。本集團於該等結餘的信貸風險通過監察合營企業所持資產的價值減輕。於二零二三年三月三十一日,合營企業貸款及應收合營企業款項的賬面總值分別為港幣1,074,633,000元(二零二二年:港幣993,304,000元)及港幣847,000元(二零二二年:港幣10,862,000元)。

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The following table shows the movement in 12m ECL (not credit-impaired) that has been recognised for loans to joint ventures which are assessed individually.

下表所示為已就合營企業貸款(經單獨評估)確認的十二個月預期信貸虧損(無信貸減值)的變動情況。

Loans to joint ventures 合營企業貸款

46,819

HK\$'000 港幣千元 於二零二一年四月一日 At 1 April 2021 28,162 於二零二一年四月一日 Changes due to financial instruments 因財務工具產生的變動: as at 1 April 2021: - Impairment loss reversed 一已撥回減值虧損 (9,387)於二零二二年三月三十一日 At 31 March 2022 18,775 於二零二二年四月一日 Changes due to financial instruments as at 1 April 2022: 因財務工具產生的變動: 一已確認減值虧損 - Impairment loss recognised 28,044

#### Other receivables

At 31 March 2023

As part of the Group's credit risk management, the management of the Group has obtained understanding to the credit background of the debtors and undertaken the internal credit approval process. The Group applies internal credit rating for its debtors. No allowance for impairment was made since the management of the Group considers that the probability of default is minimal after considering the counterparties' repayment history.

#### 其他應收款項

於二零二三年三月三十一日

作為本集團信貸風險管理的一部分,本集團 管理層已了解債務人的信貸背景並進行了內 部信貸審批程序。本集團對債務人應用內部 信貸評級。由於經考慮交易方之償還記錄後, 本集團管理層認為違約的可能性甚微,故並 無計提減值撥備。

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#### Bank balances

For the purpose of internal credit risk management, the Group mainly transacts with banks with high credit ratings and regularly monitors the international credit rating of the counterparties. No allowance for impairment was made since the management of the Group consider that the probability of default is negligible as such amounts are receivable from or placed in banks with good reputation.

#### Financial guarantee contracts and loan commitments

No allowance for impairment was made since the management of the Group considers that the exposure at default was minimal as the management of the Group has obtained understanding of the financial background and business performance of the joint ventures and concluded that there has been no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Group's credit risks in financial guarantee contracts and loan commitments to joint ventures are mitigated through the value of the assets held by the joint ventures. Accordingly, the loss allowance for financial guarantee contracts and loan commitments is measured at an amount equal to 12m ECL and the loss allowance was considered as insignificant.

#### 銀行結餘

為進行內部信貸風險管理,本集團主要與信貸評級較高的銀行交易,並定期監察交易方的國際信貸評級。由於有關款項為應收聲譽良好之銀行之款項或存放於該等銀行之款項,本集團管理層認為違約的可能性可忽略不計,故並無計提減值撥備。

#### 財務擔保合約及貸款承擔

由於本集團管理層認為其已了解合營企業的 財務背景及業務表現,並得出結論認為自初 始確認以來信貸風險並未顯著增加,相關違 約風險甚微,故並無計提減值撥備。本公司董 事認為,本集團向合營企業提供的財務擔保 合約及貸款承擔的信貸風險通過合營企業所 持資產的價值減輕。因此,財務擔保合約及貸 款承諾的虧損撥備按等同十二個月預期信貸 虧損的金額計量,虧損撥備被視為並不重大。

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#### **Liquidity risk**

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management monitors the utilisation of bank loans and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The Group relies on bank loans as a significant source of liquidity. As at 31 March 2023, the Group has unutilised borrowing facilities of approximately HK\$1,220,000,000 (2022: HK\$970,000,000) as at 31 March 2023. Details of bank loans are set out in note 34.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities and lease liabilities based on the agreed repayment terms. For non-derivative financial liabilities and lease liabilities, the table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities and lease liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. Specifically, bank loans with a repayment on demand clause are included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the banks choosing to exercise their rights. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities and lease liabilities are based on the agreed repayment dates. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

#### 流動資金風險

在管理流動資金風險時,本集團監控及維持管理層認為屬充足的現金及現金等值水平,以為本集團之營運提供資金及減輕現金流波動所帶來的影響。管理層監控銀行貸款之動用情況並確保遵守貸款承諾。

本集團依賴銀行貸款作為重要的流動資金來源。於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團於二零二三年三月三十一日的未動用借貸融資約為港幣1,220,000,000元(二零二二年:港幣970,000,000元)。銀行貸款之詳情載於附註34。

下表詳述本集團基於協定還款條款的財務負債及租賃負債之合約剩餘到期日。就非衍生財務負債及租賃負債而言,此表乃根據本集團可能需要支付的最早日期之財務負債及租賃負債未折現現金流編製。特別是,含按要求償還條款之銀行貸款計入最早時間段,不論銀行是否可能選擇行使其權利。其他非衍生財務負債及租賃負債之到期日根據協定還款日期釐定。該表包括利息及本金現金流。

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#### **Liquidity tables**

#### 流動資金表

As at 31 March 2023								
於二零二三年三月三十一日		Weighted	On demand					
ドーキーニャニガニ   一口		average	or				Total	
		effective	less than	1 – 2	2 –5	Over	undiscounted	Carrying
		interest rate	1 year	years	years	5 years	cash flow	amount
		加權平均	按要求或				未折現	
		實際利率	不足1年	1-2年	2-5年	5年以上	現金流總額	賬面值
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		百分比	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生財務負債							
Trade and other payables	應付款項及其他應付款項	-	197,118	30,245	-	-	227,363	227,363
Bank loans – variable rate*	銀行貸款-浮動息率*	4.57	394,365	1,182,736	-	-	1,577,101	1,525,434
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	5.44	1,949	530	742	5,200	8,421	5,176
			593,432	1,213,511	742	5,200	1,812,885	1,757,973
As at 31 March 2022		Weighted	On demand					
於二零二二年三月三十一日		average	or				Total	
		effective	less than	1 – 2	2 –5	Over	undiscounted	Carrying
		interest rate	1 year	years	years	5 years	cash flow	amount
		加權平均	按要求或				未折現	
		實際利率	不足1年	1-2年	2-5年	5年以上	現金流總額	賬面值
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		百分比	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生財務負債							
Trade and other payables	應付款項及其他應付款項	-	139,118	112,241	-	-	251,359	251,359
Bank loans – variable rate*	銀行貸款-浮動息率*	1.64	644,365	34,779	1,149,621	-	1,828,765	1,791,400
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	5.13	3,809	1,231	720	5,440	11,200	7,646
			707.202	440.254	4.450.244	F 440	2.004.224	2.050.405
			787,292	148,251	1,150,341	5,440	2,091,324	2,050,405

<sup>\*</sup> The interest rates applied to projected undiscounted cash flows of variable rate bank loans are the interest rates at the end of the reporting period.

The amounts above for variable interest rate instruments for non-derivative financial liabilities are subject to change if changes in variable interest rate differ to those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period. 上述計入非衍生財務負債浮息工具之金額, 將於浮動利率之變動與於報告期末釐定之估 計利率有異時作出變動。

<sup>\*</sup> 浮動息率銀行貸款之預計未折現現金流所採 用的利率為報告期末之利率。

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Bank loans with a repayment on demand clause are included in the "on demand or less than 1 year" time band in the above maturity analysis. As at 31 March 2023, the aggregate undiscounted principal amounts of these bank loans amounted to HK\$378,400,000 (2022: HK\$628,400,000). Taking into account the Group's financial position, the directors of the Company do not believe that it is probable that the banks will exercise their discretionary rights to demand immediate repayment. The directors of the Company believe that such bank loans as at 31 March 2023 will be repaid within one (2022: one) year after the reporting date in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements, details of which are set out in the table below:

在以上到期分析中,包含須按要求償還條款之銀行貸款乃列入「按要求或不足一年」時間組別。於二零二三年三月三十一日,該等銀行貸款之未折現本金總額為港幣378,400,000元(二零二二年:港幣628,400,000元)。經計及本集團之財務狀況,本公司董事並不認為有關銀行會行使其酌情權要求即時還款。本公司董事相信,根據有關貸款協議所載之預設還款日期,該等於二零二三年三月三十一日的銀行貸款將於報告日期起一年(二零二二年:一年)內償還,有關詳情載於下表:

		Less than 1 year 不足1年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	<b>1 –2 years</b> 1 <b>–2</b> 年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	<b>2 –5 years</b> <b>2–5</b> 年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Cash outflows 現金流出量 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Carrying amount 賬面值 HK\$'000 港幣千元
31 March 2023	二零二三年三月三十一日	395,685	-	-	395,685	378,400
31 March 2022	二零二二年三月三十一日	638,707	-	-	638,707	628,400

#### Interest rate benchmark reform

As listed in note 34, several of the Group's HIBOR bank loans has been subject to the interest rate benchmark reform. The Group is closely monitoring the market and managing the transition to new benchmark interest rates, including announcements made by the relevant IBOR regulators.

#### **HIBOR**

While the Hong Kong Dollar Overnight Index Average ("HONIA") has been identified as an alternative to HIBOR, there is no plan to discontinue HIBOR. The multirate approach has been adopted in Hong Kong, whereby HIBOR and HONIA will co-exist. The Group's bank loan linked to HIBOR will continue till maturity and hence, not subject to transition.

#### 利率基準改革

誠如附註34所列,本集團之若干香港銀行同業拆息銀行貸款已受到利率基準改革的影響。本集團正在密切監察市場,並管理向新基準利率的過渡,包括有關銀行同業拆息監管機構作出的公告。

#### 香港銀行同業拆息

儘管港元隔夜平均指數(「港元隔夜平均指數」)已被識別為香港銀行同業拆息的替代方案,惟並無終止香港銀行同業拆息的計劃。香港採用多利率方式,香港銀行同業拆息及港元隔夜平均指數將並存。本集團與香港銀行同業拆息掛鈎的銀行貸款將持續至到期日,因此無須過渡。

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#### Fair value

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded in active markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices;
- the fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

#### Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

Some of the Group's financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined (in particular, the valuation technique(s) and inputs used).

#### 財務資產 Financial assets a securities in Ho 透過損益按公平 財務資產-香港

**Financial assets** 

There was no transfer among Level 1, 2 and 3 during the current and prior years.

#### 公平值

財務資產及財務負債之公平值乃按下列方式 釐定:

- 有標準條款及條件及在交投活躍市場買 賣的財務資產及財務負債之公平值參照 市場所報買入價釐定;
- 其他財務資產及財務負債之公平值根據 基於折現現金流分析的公認定價模式釐 定。

本公司董事認為,於綜合財務報表按攤銷成 本列賬之財務資產及財務負債之賬面值與其 公平值相若。

#### 按經常性基準以公平值計量之本集團 財務資產的公平值

本集團部分財務資產於各報告期末按公平值 計量。下表闡述有關釐定該等財務資產公平 值之方法(尤其是所用之估值技術及輸入數 據)。

Valuation technique(s)

and key input(s)

	於二零二三年 三月三十一日之公平值	公平值等級	估值技術及主要輸入數據
at FVTPL – Listed equity	HK\$405,000 (2022:	Level 1	Quoted bid prices in an
long Kong	HK\$346,000)		active market.
-值計算之	港幣405,000元	第一級	於活躍市場所報之買入
港上市股本證券	(二零二二年:		價。
	港幣346,000元)		

Fair value

hierarchy

Fair value as at

31 March 2023

於本年度及過往年度,第一級、第二級及第三 級之間並無轉移。

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## 50. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

## The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

#### 50. 融資業務產生之負債對賬

下表詳列本集團融資業務產生的負債變動情況,包括現金及非現金變動。融資業務產生的 負債為將於本集團綜合現金流量表中分類為 融資業務現金流的現金流或未來現金流。

		Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Dividend payable 應付股息 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Bank loans 銀行貸款 HK\$'000 港幣千元 (Note 34) (附註34)	Total 總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2021	於二零二一年四月一日	7,163	_	3,184,500	3,191,663
Financing cash flows	融資現金流	(4,967)	(82,915)	(1,044,100)	(1,131,982)
Dividend declared	宣派股息	_	82,915	_	82,915
Non-cash changes:	非現金變動:				
Addition of lease liabilities Disposal of subsidiaries (note	租賃負債增加 38) 出售附屬公司	5,450	-	-	5,450
	(附註38)	-	-	(349,000)	(349,000)
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	7,646	_	1,791,400	1,799,046
Financing cash flows	融資現金流	(3,515)	(82,971)	(265,966)	(352,452)
Dividend declared	宣派股息	-	82,971	_	82,971
Non-cash change:	非現金變動:		,-		,,
Addition of lease liabilities	租賃負債增加	1,045	_	-	1,045
At 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日	5,176	_	1,525,434	1,530,610

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### 51. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

#### 51. 主要附屬公司詳情

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries at 31 March 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

本公司於二零二三年及二零二二年三月三十一日之主要附屬公司詳情如下:

			31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日		h 2022 月三十一日	
		Issued and fully	Effective equity interest	Issued and fully	Effective equity interest	
Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ registration/operation	paid ordinary share capital	attributable to the Group	paid ordinary share capital	attributable to the Group	Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	成立/註冊/營業地點	已發行及繳足 普通股本	本集團應佔 有效股本權益	已發行及 繳足普通股本	本集團應佔 有效股本權益	主要業務
Care & Health Limited 康而健有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK <b>\$</b> 2 港幣2元	100%	HK <b>\$</b> 2 港幣2元	100%	Trading of health products 健康產品貿易
Clear Profit Holdings Limited 顯利控股有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US\$1 1美元	100%	US\$1 1美元	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Emwell Limited* 興偉有限公司*	Hong Kong 香港	-	-	HK <b>\$</b> 2 港幣2元	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Exceed Advance Limited 越晉有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US\$1 1美元	100%	US\$1 1美元	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Excel Chinese International Limited 卓雄國際有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK <b>\$</b> 1 港幣1元	100%	HK <b>\$</b> 1 港幣1元	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Excellent Delight Limited 悅傑有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US <b>\$1</b> 1美元	100%	US\$1 1美元	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Excellent Sincere Limited 卓誠有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US\$1 1美元	100%	US <b>\$</b> 1 1美元	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Fairview Harbour Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US <b>\$</b> 2 2美元	100%	US\$2 2美元	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Faithful Sun Limited 忠日有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 港幣1元	100%	HK <b>\$</b> 1 港幣1元	100%	Property holding 物業持有

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

		31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日		31 March 2022 二零二二年三月三十一日		
Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration/operation 成立/註冊/營業地點	Issued and fully paid ordinary share capital 已發行及繳足 普通股本	Effective equity interest attributable to the Group 本集團應佔 有效股本權益	Issued and fully paid ordinary share capital 已發行及 繳足普通股本	Effective equity interest attributable to the Group 本集團應佔 有效股本權益	Principal activities 主要業務
Gallant Elite Enterprises Limited 騰傑企業有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US\$2 2美元	100%	US\$2 2美元	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
General Target Limited 祥加有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK <b>\$1</b> 0,000 港幣10,000元	100%	HK <b>\$</b> 10,000 港幣10,000元	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Golden Years Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 港幣1元	100%	HK <b>\$</b> 1 港幣1元	100%	Licence holding 持有執照
Great Popular Limited 偉眾有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US\$1 1美元	100%	US\$1 1美元	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Hanison Construction Company Limited 興勝建築有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary shares HK\$1,000 Deferred shares HK\$60,000,000 (Note a) 普通股 港幣1,000元 遞延股 港幣60,000,000元 (附註a)	100%	Ordinary shares HK\$1,000 Deferred shares HK\$60,000,000 (Note a) 普通股 港幣1,000元 遞延股 港幣60,000,000元 (附註a)	100%	Property construction 物業建築
Hanison Construction Holdings (BVI) Limited (note b)(附註b)	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US <b>\$2</b> 2美元	100%	US <b>\$</b> 2 2美元	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Hanison Contractors Limited 興勝營造有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000,000 港幣10,000,000元	100%	HK\$10,000,000 港幣10,000,000元	100%	Property construction 物業建築
Hanison Engineering Limited^ 興勝工程有限公司^	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000,000 港幣10,000,000元	100%	HK\$10,000,000 港幣10,000,000元	100%	Property construction 物業建築
Hanison Estate Services Limited 興勝物業服務有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK <b>\$</b> 2 港幣2元	100%	HK <b>\$</b> 2 港幣2元	100%	Provision of property management services 提供物業管理服務

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

		31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日		31 March 2022 二零二二年三月三十一日		
Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration/operation 成立/註冊/營業地點	Issued and fully paid ordinary share capital 已發行及繳足 普通股本	Effective equity interest attributable to the Group 本集團應佔 有效股本權益	Issued and fully paid ordinary share capital 已發行及 繳足普通股本	Effective equity interest attributable to the Group 本集團應佔 有效股本權益	Principal activities 主要業務
Hanison Foundation Limited 興勝地基工程有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK <b>\$</b> 1 港幣1元	100%	HK <b>\$</b> 1 港幣1元	100%	Property construction 物業建築
Hanison Interior & Renovation Limited 興勝室內及維修有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$14,800,000 港幣14,800,000元	100%	HK <b>\$</b> 14,800,000 港幣14,800,000元	100%	Provision of interior and renovation services 提供裝飾及維修服務
Hanison Project Management Limited 興勝項目管理有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK <b>\$2</b> 港幣2元	100%	HK <b>\$</b> 2 港幣2元	100%	Provision of property leasing and marketing services and project management 提供物業租賃及市場推廣服務 以及項目管理
Hantex Engineering Limited 興達工程有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK <b>\$1</b> 港幣1元	100%	HK <b>\$</b> 1 港幣1元	100%	Plant maintenance and servicing 廠房維修及修理
Health Products Trading Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK <b>\$</b> 2 港幣2元	100%	HK <b>\$</b> 2 港幣2元	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Healthmate Products Limited 健知己有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 港幣1元	100%	HK <b>\$</b> 1 港幣1元	100%	Trading of health products 健康產品貿易
Heatex Ceramic Limited 益金有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$400,000 港幣400,000元	100%	HK\$400,000 港幣400,000元	100%	Property development 物業發展
Nimble Run Limited 迅弘有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	HK <b>\$</b> 1 港幣1元	100%	HK <b>\$</b> 1 港幣1元	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Oriental Effort Limited 東勤有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US\$1 1美元	100%	US\$1 1美元	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Precise Leader Limited 輝信有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK <b>\$</b> 1 港幣1元	100%	HK <b>\$</b> 1 港幣1元	100%	Property holding 物業持有
Ready Glory Holdings Limited 得榮控股有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US\$1 1美元	100%	US\$1 1美元	100%	Property investment 物業投資

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

		31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日		31 March 2022 二零二二年三月三十一日		
Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration/operation 成立/註冊/營業地點	Issued and fully paid ordinary share capital 已發行及繳足 普通股本	Effective equity interest attributable to the Group 本集團應佔 有效股本權益	Issued and fully paid ordinary share capital 已發行及 繳足普通股本	Effective equity interest attributable to the Group 本集團應佔 有效股本權益	Principal activities 主要業務
Retailcorp Limited 零售企業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK <b>\$</b> 2 港幣2元	100%	HK <b>\$</b> 2 港幣2元	100%	Sales of health product 銷售健康產品
Sanney Limited 駿生有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK <b>\$1</b> 港幣1元	100%	HK <b>\$</b> 1 港幣1元	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Storage Holding   Ltd	Cayman Islands/Hong Kong 開曼群島/香港	US\$19,934 19,934美元	100%	US\$19,934 19,934美元	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Storage Portfolio Holding II Ltd	Cayman Islands/Hong Kong 開曼群島/香港	US\$243,375 243,375美元	100%	US\$243,375 243,375美元	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Sunny Way Properties Limited 朝陽置業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 港幣1元	100%	HK <b>\$</b> 1 港幣1元	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Tai Kee Pipes Limited 泰記有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2,000,000 港幣2,000,000元	100%	HK\$2,000,000 港幣2,000,000元	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Trigon Building Materials Limited 華高達建材有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK <b>\$</b> 2 港幣2元	100%	HK <b>\$</b> 2 港幣2元	100%	Supply and installation of building materials 供應及安裝建築材料
Trillion Mart Development Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 港幣10,000元	100%	HK <b>\$</b> 10,000 港幣10,000元	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Vast Media International Limited 星漢國際有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 港幣1元	100%	HK <b>\$</b> 1 港幣1元	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Vision Smart Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$100 港幣100元	100%	HK\$100 港幣100元	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Westpac Limited 西豐有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 港幣1元	100%	HK <b>\$</b> 1 港幣1元	100%	Property investment 物業投資

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

- \* Subsidiary which were disposed of during the year ended 31 March 2023.
- Subsidiary which were incorporated during the year ended 31 March 2022.

#### Notes:

- (a) The deferred shares are shares whose shareholders are neither entitled to receive notices, attend, vote at any general meetings nor to receive any dividend out of operating profit and have very limited rights on return of capital of the subsidiary.
- (b) Other than Hanison Construction Holdings (BVI) Limited, which is directly held by the Company, all other companies are indirectly held by the Company.

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities during the year or outstanding at the end of the year.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results or assets and liabilities of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, result in particulars of excessive length.

- \* 於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度出售 之附屬公司。
- ^ 於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度註冊 成立之附屬公司。

#### 附註:

- (a) 遞延股是其持有人無權接收任何股東大會通告、無權出席任何股東大會及在會上投票,亦無權收取自經營溢利派發之任何股息及在附屬公司發還股本時僅擁有非常有限權利的股份。
- (b) 除本公司直接持有之Hanison Construction Holdings (BVI) Limited外,所有其他公司均由本公司間接持有。

並無任何附屬公司於本年度發行任何債務證券或於本年度末有未償付債務證券。

本公司董事認為,上表所列的本公司附屬公司對本集團的業績或資產與負債有重大影響。本公司董事認為,載列其他附屬公司的詳情將令本報告過於冗長。

#### FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務概要

For continuing and discontinued operations 持續經營及已終止經營業務

#### Year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度

		既王二万二十 日北十皮				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
		二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
	W /±					
RESULTS	業績		_			
Revenue	收入	1,232,803	1,438,340	1,451,560	958,245	2,315,007
(Loss) profit before taxation	除稅前(虧損)溢利	(35,951)	162,716	273,190	231,752	645,734
Taxation	稅項	(2,481)	(8,373)	1,796	(10,376)	(67,712)
(Loss) profit for the year	年度(虧損)溢利	(38,432)	154,343	274,986	221,376	578,022

#### As at 31 March 松二日二十二日

			J	於二月二十一日		
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
		二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債					
Total assets	資產總值	6,162,834	6,718,801	8,130,161	6,519,444	5,269,714
Total liabilities	負債總額	(2,090,152)	(2,502,363)	(3,993,056)	(2,595,798)	(1,490,270)
		4,072,682	4,216,438	4,137,105	3,923,646	3,779,444
Equity attributable to:	下列人士應佔權益:					
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	4,072,682	4,216,438	4,137,105	3,923,646	3,779,444

#### Note:

On 1 April 2019, the Group has applied HKFRS 16. Accordingly, certain information for the year ended 31 March 2019 which was prepared under HKAS 17 may not be comparable to the years ended 31 March 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023.

#### 附註:

於二零一九年四月一日,本集團已應用香港財務報告準則第十六號。因此,截至二零一九年三月三十一日止年度根據香港會計準則第十七號編製的若干資料或不可與截至二零二零年、二零二一年、二零二二年及二零二三年三月三十一日止年度的資料比較。

#### A. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES HELD FOR **RENTAL INCOME PURPOSES**

#### A. 持有投資物業作為租金收入用 涂

Descrip 概況	otions	Area (sq.ft.) 面積 (平方呎)	Nature of property 物業性質	Attributable interest of the Group 本集團 應佔權益	Category of lease 租約類別
1.	Workshop 7, 1/F, Block A, Car Parking Spaces V31 & V50 Shatin Industrial Centre, Nos. 5-7 Yuen Shun Circuit, Shatin, New Territories	1,153 (excluding area of car parking spaces) (Saleable area)	Industrial	100%	Medium-term lease
	新界沙田源順圍5號至7號 沙田工業中心A座1樓7號工作間, 車位V31及V50	1,153 (不包括車位 之面積) (實用面積)	工業	100%	中期租約
2.	Leasehold interest in the Head-Lease for the residual term of 30 years commencing from 1 December 1989 with an option to renew for a further term of 30 years of whole of No. 31 Wing Wo Street,	2,701 (Saleable area)	Commercial	100%	Medium-term lease
	Sheung Wan, Hong Kong 香港上環 永和街31號整幢之 總租賃契約之租賃權益 租賃年期由一九八九年 十二月一日開始,為期三十年 (並有續訂另外三十年租期之 權利)	2,701 (實用面積)	商業	100%	中期租約

				Attributable	
		Area		interest of	
Danasis	-41- u -	(sq.ft.)	Nature of	the Group	Category of
Descrip 概況	otions	面積 (平方呎)	property 物業性質	本集團 應佔權益	lease 租約類別
19元 7几		(十万呎)	彻未让貝	<b>怎怕惟</b> 鱼	作品和认为并为
3.	Shop on G/F, Shop on 1/F,	4,029	Commercial	100%	Medium-term
	Shop on 2/F, Signage Area A	(excluding			lease
	and Signage Area B	area of			
	of West Park	signage)			
	Nos. 256-258 Tung Chau Street,	(saleable			
	Kowloon	area)			
	九龍	4,029	商業	100%	中期租約
	通州街256號至258號	(不包括廣告			
	West Park	牌面積)			
	地下舖、1樓舖、2樓舖、	(實用面積)			
	廣告牌A及廣告牌B				
4.	Shops 1, 2, 3 on G/F, and	11,366	Commercial	100%	Long lease
	shop 5 on G/F and 1/F,	(Marketing			
	The Austine Place,	gross floor			
	No. 38 Kwun Chung Street,	area)			
	Kowloon				
	九龍	11,366	商業	100%	長期租約
	官涌街38號	(可售建築			
	The Austine Place	面積)			
	地下1號舖、2號舖、3號舖及				
	地下連1樓5號舖				
5.	Hollywood Hill	27,414	Residential	100%	Long lease
	No. 222 Hollywood Road,	(Gross floor			
	Sheung Wan, Hong Kong	area)			
	香港上環	27,414	住宅	100%	長期租約
	荷李活道222號	(建築面積)			
	Hollywood Hill				

Descri 概況	ptions	Area (sq.ft.) 面積 (平方呎)	Nature of property 物業性質	Attributable interest of the Group 本集團 應佔權益	Category of lease 租約類別
6.	PeakCastle	145,394	Commercial	100%	Medium-term
0.	No. 476 Castle Peak Road,	(Gross floor	commercial	100 / 0	lease
	Kowloon	area)			
	九龍	145,394	商業	100%	中期租約
	青山道476號	(建築面積)			
	PeakCastle				
7.	The Mercer	37,933	Commercial	100%	Long lease
	No. 29 Jervois Street,	(Gross floor			
	Hong Kong	area)			
	香港	37,933	商業	100%	長期租約
	蘇杭街29號	(建築面積)			
	The Mercer				

#### B. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT B. 於香港之發展中之待售物業 FOR SALE IN HONG KONG

Descriptio 概況	ns	Site area (sq.ft.) 地盤面積 (平方呎)	Gross floor area (sq.ft.) 建築面積 (平方呎)	Stage of completion 完成階段	Expected completion date 預計 完工日期	Nature of property 物業性質	Attributable interest of the Group 本集團 應佔權益	Category of lease 租約類別
1.	No. 57A Nga Tsin Wai Road,	8,092	Not yet	Planning in	No definite	Residential	50%	Medium-
	Kowloon Tong, Kowloon 九龍九龍塘 衙前圍道57A號	8,092	determined 尚未確定	progress 按計劃進行中	plan 無具體計劃	住宅	50%	term lease 中期租約
2.	Johnson Place, Nos. 14-16 Lee Chung Street, Chai Wan, Hong Kong	10,516	Not yet determined	Planning in progress	No definite plan	Industrial	50%	Long lease
	香港柴灣利眾街 14號至16號德昌大廈	10,516	尚未確定	按計劃進行中	無具體計劃	工業	50%	長期租約
3.	Lot No. 2143 in Demarcation District No. 121, Tong Yan San Tsuen, Yuen Long, New Territories	81,053	Not yet determined	Planning in progress	No definite plan	Residential	50%	Medium- term lease
	新界元朗 唐人新村 丈量約份121號第2143地段	81,053	尚未確定	按計劃進行中	無具體計劃	住宅	50%	中期租約
4.	Tuen Mun Town Lot No. 496, So Kwun Wat, Tuen Mun, New Territories	235,990	Not yet determined	Planning in progress	No definite plan	Residential	24.82%	Medium- term lease
	新界 屯門掃管笏 屯門市地段第496號	235,990	尚未確定	按計劃進行中	無具體計劃	住宅	24.82%	中期租約
5.	West Castle No. 22 Yip Shing Street, Kwai Chung, New Territories	5,727	Not yet determined	Planning in progress	No definite plan	Industrial	50%	Medium- term lease
	新界葵涌 業成街22號 West Castle	5,727	尚未確定	按計劃進行中	無具體計劃	工業	50%	中期租約
6.	No. 18 Lee Chung Street,	6,685	Not yet determined	Planning in	No definite	Industrial	50%	Long lease
	Chai Wan, Hong Kong 香港柴灣 利眾街18號	6,685		progress 按計劃進行中	plan 無具體計劃	工業	50%	長期租約

#### C. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE/PROPERTIES HELD FOR **SALE IN MAINLAND CHINA**

#### C. 於中國內地之發展中之待售物 業/持作待售物業

Descriptions 概況	Site area (sq. m.) 地盤面積 (平方米)	Gross floor area (sq. m.) 建築面積 (平方米)	Stage of completion 完成階段	Expected completion date 預計 完工日期	Nature of property 物業性質	Attributable interest of the Group 本集團 應佔權益	Category of lease 租約類別
A development project located at the west of Wenyuan Road and south of Houfutinggang, Haining City, Zhejiang Province, The PRC (including sold but not yet handover units and unsold units of Phase 1 and land for Phase 2 and Phase 3	35,680	132,255	Phase 1 – Completed Phase 2 and 3 – Planning in progress	Phase 2 and 3 – No definite plan	Commercial	49%	Medium– term lease
development) 位於中國浙江省 海寧市區文苑路西側、 後富亭港南側的一項發展項目 (包括第一期已出售 但並未交收之單位及未出售單位 以及第二期及第三期發展之土地)	35,680	132,255	第一期- 已完工 第二期及 第三期- 按計劃進行中	第二期及 第三期一 無具體計劃	商業	49%	中期租約

#### D. SELF-USED PROPERTIES

#### D. 自用物業

Descriptic 概況	ons	Area (sq.ft.) 面積 (平方呎)	Nature of property 物業性質	Attributable interest of the Group 本集團 應佔權益	Category of lease 租約類別
1.	Various lots in Demarcation District No. 77, Ping Che, Fanling, New Territories 新界粉嶺坪輋 丈量約份77號若干地段	45,518 (Site area) 45,518 (地盤面積)	Agricultural 農地	100%	Medium-term lease 中期租約
2.	Lot No. 735 s.B in Demarcation District No. 129, Deep Bay Road, Yuen Long, New Territories	4,356 (Site area)	Agricultural	100%	Medium-term lease
	新界元朗 深灣路丈量約份129號 地段第735號B分段	4,356 (地盤面積)	農地	100%	中期租約
3.	Offices A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, J, K, L, M, N & P on 22/F and Car Parking Space Nos. P44, P45 and P46 on Basement Floor, Kings Wing Plaza 1, 3 On Kwan Street, Shek Mun, Shatin, New Territories	15,175 (excluding area of car parking spaces) (Marketing gross floor	Commercial	100%	Medium-term lease
	新界沙田石門 安群街3號京瑞廣場一期22樓之 辦公室A、B、C、D、E、F、G、H、J、K、L、M、N及P 及地庫P44號、P45號及P46號車位	area) 15,175 (不包括車位 之面積) (可售建築面積)	商業	100%	中期租約

Descriptions 概況	i	Area (sq.ft.) 面積 (平方呎)	Nature of property 物業性質	Attributable interest of the Group 本集團 應佔權益	Category of lease 租約類別
4.	Offices A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, J, K, L, M, N & P on 21/F and Car Parking Space No. P47, P48 and P49 on Basement Floor, Kings Wing Plaza 1, 3 On Kwan Street,	15,073 (excluding area of car parking spaces) (Marketing	Commercial	100%	Medium-term lease
	Shek Mun, Shatin, New Territories 新界沙田石門 安群街3號京瑞廣場一期21樓之 辦公室A、B、C、D、E、F、G、H、J、K、L、M、N及 及地庫P47號、P48號及P49號車位	gross floor area 15,073 (不包括車位 P 之面積) (可售建築面積)	商業	100%	中期租約
5.	The Connaught No. 138 Connaught Road West, Hong Kong	41,704 (Gross floor area)	Commercial	50%	Long lease
	香港 干諾道西138號 The Connaught	41,704 (建築面積)	商業	50%	長期租約
6.	4/F and Flat Roof, Victory Industrial Building, Nos 151-157 Wo Yi Hop Road, Kwai Chung, New Territories	7,790 (Saleable area)	Industrial	100%	Medium-term lease
	新界葵涌 和宜合道151-157號 勝利工業大廈 4樓及平台	7,790 (實用面積)	工業	100%	中期租約

#### E. ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR E. 分類為持作出售資產 SALE

Description 概況	ns	Area (sq.ft.) 面積 (平方呎)	Nature of property 物業性質	Attributable interest of the Group 本集團 應佔權益	Category of lease 租約類別
1.	Unsold car parking spaces of West Park,	No. of	Residential	100%	Medium-term
	Nos. 256-258 Tung Chau Street, Kowloon	car parking spaces: 2			lease
	九龍通州街256號至258號	車位數目:	住宅	100%	中期租約
	West Park未出售車位	2個			
2.	Lorry Carpark Nos. L7 & L8 on G/F,	No. of	Industrial	100%	Medium-term
	Kin Wing Industrial Building,	car parking			lease
	No. 33 Kin Wing Street,	spaces: 2			
	Tuen Mun, New Territories				
	新界屯門	車位數目:	工業	100%	中期租約
	建榮街33號建榮工業大廈 地下L7號及L8號車位	2個			