ANNUAL REPORT

SAMSUNG CSI CHINA DRAGON INTERNET ETF (A SUB-FUND OF SAMSUNG ETFS TRUST II)

For the year ended 31 March 2023

And

SAMSUNG S&P HIGH DIVIDEND APAC EX NZ REITS ETF (A SUB-FUND OF SAMSUNG ETFS TRUST II)

For the year ended 31 March 2023

CONTENTS	Pages
MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION	1
REPORT OF THE MANAGER TO THE UNITHOLDERS	2
REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE TO THE UNITHOLDERS	3
STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE MANAGER AND THE TRUSTEE	4
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	5 - 8
AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	9
Statements of financial position	10
Statements of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders	11 - 12
Statements of cash flows	13 - 14
Notes to the financial statements	15 - 41
INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (UNAUDITED)	42 - 45
STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS IN INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (UNAUDITED)	46 - 49
PERFORMANCE OF THE UNDERLYING INDEX AND THE SUB-FUNDS (UNAUDITED)	50 - 51
PERFORMANCE RECORD (UNAUDITED)	52 - 53
UNDERLYING INDEX CONSTITUENT STOCKS DISCLOSURE (UNAUDITED)	54 - 55

MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

MANAGER

Samsung Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited 4513-14, Two International Finance Centre 8 Finance Street Central Hong Kong

TRUSTEE

Cititrust Limited 50/F, Champion Tower Three Garden Road Central Hong Kong

ADMINISTRATOR AND CUSTODIAN

Citibank, N.A., Hong Kong Branch 50/F, Champion Tower Three Garden Road Central Hong Kong

LISTING AGENT

Altus Capital Limited 21 Wing Wo Street Central Hong Kong

LEGAL COUNSEL TO THE MANAGER

Simmons & Simmons 30/F, One Taikoo Place 979 King's Road Hong Kong

DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGER

CHOI Sungjin (resigned on 8 September 2022) KIM Young June (appointed on 8 September 2022) KIM Minseok PARK Sungjin

CONVERSION AGENT OR SERVICE AGENT

HK Conversion Agency Services Limited 8th Floor, Two Exchange Square 8 Connaught Place Central Hong Kong

REGISTRAR

Tricor Investor Services Limited 22/F, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

AUDITOR

Ernst & Young 27/F, One Taikoo Place 979 King's Road Hong Kong

PARTICIPATING DEALERS

Please refer to the Manager's website (<u>www.samsungetfhk.com</u>) for the latest lists of Market Makers and Participating Dealers for each of the Products.

REPORT OF THE MANAGER TO THE UNITHOLDERS

The Samsung ETFs Trust II ("the Trust") is an umbrella unit trust established under Hong Kong law by a trust deed dated 17 May 2018, as amended and restated on 31 December 2019 ("the Trust Deed") between Samsung Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited ("the Manager") and Cititrust Limited ("the Trustee"). The Trust has two sub-funds which are exchange traded funds, Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF and Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF.

Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF and Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITs ETF

The units of the Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF and Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITs ETF ("the Sub-Funds") are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF commenced trading in Hong Kong dollars under stock code 2812 on 20 June 2018. Effective from 16 June 2020, USD counter is added under stock code 9812 which commenced trading in US dollars. Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITs ETF commenced trading in Hong Kong dollars under stock code 3187 and commenced trading in US dollars under stock code 9187 on 15 October 2020. The Sub-Funds are passively-managed exchange traded fund ("ETF") falling under Chapter 8.6 of the Hong Kong Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds issued by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission.

The Sub-Funds are physical ETF which invests directly in the constituent securities of the CSI Global China Internet Index and the S&P High Yield Asia Pacific-Ex New Zealand REITs Select Index. The CSI Global China Internet Index is a free float market capitalisation weighted index which is designed to track the overall performance of Chinese companies which are listed (in the PRC or overseas) and whose primary business or businesses are focused on internet and internet-related technology. The S&P High Yield Asia Pacific-Ex New Zealand REITs Select Index is a free float market capitalisation weighted index which measures the performance of 30 of the highest dividend-yielding REITs in the S&P Asia Pacific REIT Index excluding those domiciled in New Zealand. The Index includes constituents domiciled in Singapore, Hong Kong, Australia, Japan and South Korea.

For the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2023, net asset value per unit of Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF was HK\$11.1719 and there were 13,200,000 units outstanding. The net asset value was HK\$147,468,427.

For the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2023, net asset value per unit of Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF was US\$2.1801, and there were 7,600,000 units outstanding. The net asset value was US\$16,568,814.

For and on behalf of Samsung Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited 24 July 2023

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE TO THE UNITHOLDERS

We hereby confirm that, in our opinion, the Manager of the Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF and Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF (the "Sub-Funds") has, in all material respects, managed the Sub-Funds in accordance with the provisions of the trust deed dated 17 May 2018, as amended and restated by the trust deed dated 31 December 2019, for the year ended 31 March 2023.

For the year ended 31 March 2023:

- Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF
- Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITs ETF

On behalf of Cititrust Limited

24 July 2023

STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE MANAGER AND THE TRUSTEE

MANAGER'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The Manager of Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF and Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITs ETF (the "Sub-Funds") is required by the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds issued by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission and the trust deed dated 17 May 2018, as amended and restated on 31 December 2019 (the "Trust Deed") to prepare financial statements for each annual accounting period which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Sub-Funds at the end of that year and of the transactions for the year then ended. In preparing these financial statements, the Manager is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are prudent and reasonable; and
- prepare the financial statements on the basis that the Sub-Funds will continue in operation unless it is inappropriate to presume this.

The Manager is also required to manage the Sub-Funds in accordance with the Trust Deed and take reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities in relation to the Sub-Funds.

Samsung ETFs Trust II (the "Trust") is an umbrella unit trust governed by its Trust Deed. As at 31 March 2023, the Trust has established with two sub-funds, Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF and Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF.

TRUSTEE'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The Trustee of the Sub-Funds is required to:

- ensure that the Sub-Funds in all material respects are managed in accordance with the Trust Deed and that the investment and borrowing powers are complied with;
- satisfy itself that sufficient accounting and other records have been maintained;
- safeguard the property of the Sub-Funds and rights attaching thereto; and
- report to the unitholders for each annual accounting period should the Manager not managing the Sub-Funds in accordance with the Trust Deed.

Independent auditor's report

To the unitholders of Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF and Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF (Sub-funds of Samsung ETFs Trust II)

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF and Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF (collectively the "Sub-Funds") of Samsung ETFs Trust II set out on pages 9 to 41, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 March 2023, and the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statements of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and statements of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Sub-Funds as at 31 March 2023, and of their financial transactions and cash flows for the year/period then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Sub-Funds in accordance with the *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

To the unitholders of Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF and Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF (Sub-funds of Samsung ETFs Trust II)

Key audit matters (continued)

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Existence and valuation of financial assets at fa	ir value through profit or loss
The financial assets at fair value through profit and loss of the Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF comprises 30 constituent securities as at 31 March 2023, which represented more than 99% of the net asset value. The financial assets at fair value through profit and loss of the Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF comprises 30 constituent securities as at 31 March 2023, which represented more than 99% of the net asset value. Details are set out in note 10 of the financial statements.	 Our audit procedures to address the key audit matter of each Sub-Fund included: Obtained independent confirmation from the custodians of each of the investment portfolios held as at 31 March 2023 and agreed the quantity held to the accounting records of each Sub-Fund. Obtained an understanding of the valuation process of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Independently checked the valuation of all financial assets at fair value through profit or loss against third party sources as at 31 March 2023. Assessed the adequacy of the disclosures relating to the fair value of financial instruments.

Other information included in the Annual Report

The Manager and the Trustee are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

To the unitholders of Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF and Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF (Sub-funds of Samsung ETFs Trust II)

Responsibilities of Manager and Trustee and those charged with governance for the financial statements

The Manager and the Trustee of the Sub-Funds are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs, and for such internal control as the Manager and the Trustee determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Manager and the Trustee of the Sub-Funds are responsible for assessing the Sub-Funds' ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager and the Trustee either intend to liquidate the Sub-Funds or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

In addition, the Manager and the Trustee of the Sub-Funds are required to ensure that the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed dated 17 May 2018, as amended and restated on 31 December 2019 ("Trust Deed") and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds (the "SFC Code") issued by the Securities and Futures Commission.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Sub-Funds' financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. In addition, we are required to assess whether the financial statements of the Sub-Funds have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sub-Funds' internal control.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

To the unitholders of Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF and Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF (Sub-funds of Samsung ETFs Trust II)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager and the Trustee.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's and the Trustee's use of the going concern basis
 of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists
 related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Sub-Funds' ability to continue
 as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw
 attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such
 disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence
 obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the
 Sub-Funds to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charge with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Matters under the Relevant Disclosure Provisions of the Trust Deed and the Relevant Disclosure Provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code

In our opinion, the financial statements have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Au Chi Pang Ivan.

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong 24 July 2023

STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

		Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF				<u>APAC ex NZ REITs ETF</u> For the pe from 12 Octo 2020 (dat	
	Notes	Year ended 31 March 2023 HK\$	Year ended 31 March 2022 HK\$	Year ended 31 March 2023 US\$	commencement of operations) to 31 March 2022 US\$		
INCOME Dividend income Bank interest income Net gains/(losses) on financial assets at fair	4	696,585 93	363,038 245	1,071,993 2,595	1,973,382 -		
value through profit or loss Net foreign exchange losses		1,173,956 (14,929)	(160,035,198) (51,446)	(4,306,477) (49,580)	2,594,847 (77,188)		
Net income/(expense)		1,855,705	(159,723,361)	(3,281,469)	4,491,041		
EXPENSES Management fee Trustee fee Safe custody and bank charges Establishment cost Auditor's remuneration Legal and professional fees Transaction costs Other operating expenses	4 4 8 11	(972,645) (252,173) (6,405) (95,548) (248,942) (118,162) (219,554) (1,913,429)	(1,691,361) (308,150) (5,900) (731,835) (93,175) (255,443) (154,457) (307,288) (3,547,609)	(128,768) (34,060) (957) (18,019) (11,865) (36,654) (21,486) (21,705) (273,514)	(262,793) (49,293) (191,586) (12,036) (47,864) (49,936) (21,146) (635,791)		
(LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAX		(57,724)	(163,270,970)	(3,554,983)	3,855,250		
WITHHOLDING TAX ON DIVIDEND	5	(6,914)	(7,038)	(98,865)	(254,193)		
(LOSS)/PROFIT AFTER TAX AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR/PERIOD		(64,638)	(163,278,008)	(3,653,848)	3,601,057		

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

	Nataa	Samsung CSI (Interne 2023		Samsung S&P H <u>APAC ex NZ F</u>	<u>RÉITs ETF</u>
	Notes	2023 HK\$	2022 HK\$	2023 US\$	2022 US\$
ASSETS Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	10	146,777,904	152,671,421	16,528,998	29,457,358
Due from a broker Dividend receivable Prepayments		- - 11,723	- 10,146 11,723	84,724 65,539 14,808	۔ 128,272 -
Due from Manager	4	-	1,639	-	-
Bank balances	4	998,286	1,239,275	115,041	138,787
Total assets		147,787,913	153,934,204	16,809,110	29,724,417
LIABILITIES					
Due to a broker		-	-	87,834	1
Management fee payable	4	78,211	82,687	9,249	15,991
Trustee fee payable Establishment costs payable Accrued expenses and other	4 4	15,997 38,070	15,948 316,679	2,153 115,259	2,459 137,467
payables		187,208	185,031	25,801	21,279
Total liabilities		319,486	600,345	240,296	177,197
Net assets attributable to unitholders	8	147,468,427	153,333,859	16,568,814	29,547,220

The financial statements on pages 9 to 41 were approved by the Manager on 24 July 2023 and are signed on their behalf by:

MANAGER
SAMSUNG ASSET MANAGEMENT
(HONG KONG) LIMITED

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

	Note	<u>Samsung CSI</u> <u>China Dragon</u> <u>Internet ETF</u> HK\$
Balance as at 1 April 2021		347,252,029
Loss after tax and total comprehensive income for the year		(163,278,008)
Subscription of units Redemption of units	8 8	34,108,138 (64,748,300)
		(30,640,162)
Balance as at 31 March 2022 and 1 April 2022		153,333,859
Loss after tax and total comprehensive income for the year		(64,638)
Subscription of units Redemption of units	8 8	16,725,075 (22,525,869)
		(5,800,794)
Balance as at 31 March 2023		147,468,427
	Notes	<u>Samsung S&P</u> <u>High Dividend</u> <u>APAC ex NZ</u> <u>REITs ETF</u> US\$
Balance as at 12 October 2020 (date of commencement of operations)		-
Profit after tax and total comprehensive income for the period		3,601,057
Distributions to unitholders	9	(1,652,000)
Subscription of units Redemption of units	8 8	40,860,400 (13,262,237)
		27,598,163
Balance as at 31 March 2022 and 1 April 2022		29,547,220
Loss after tax and total comprehensive income for the year		(3,653,848)
Distributions to unitholders	9	(924,000)
Subscription of units Redemption of units	8 8	4,216,899 (12,617,457)
		(8,400,558)
Balance as at 31 March 2023		16,568,814

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

The following is the subscription/(redemption) in the respective Sub-Funds:

		<u>Samsung CSI China Dragon</u> Internet ETF		Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF For the period from 12 October 2020 (date o commencemen	
		Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2023	of operations) to 31 March 2022
Number of units in issue at the beginning of the year/period Units issued Units redeemed	8 8	14,100,000 1,500,000 (2,400,000)	16,200,000 2,100,000 (4,200,000)	11,000,000 1,800,000 (5,200,000)	15,800,000 (4,800,000)
Number of units in issue at end of the year/period		13,200,000	14,100,000	7,600,000	11,000,000

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Year ended Year ended Year ended of oper	0 (date of
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	encement rations) to 31 March 2022 US\$
ACTIVITIES	
	,855,250
	,973,382) -
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital (754,402) (163,634,253) (4,629,571) 1 Decrease/(increase) in financial assets	,881,868
	,457,358) -
broker - 643,171 (84,724) Increase in prepayments - (473) (14,808) Increase in due to a broker - 87,833	- - 1
(Decrease)/increase in management fee payable (4,476) (133,959) (6,742) Increase/(decrease) in trustee fee	15,991
payable 49 (18,446) (306) (Decrease)/increase in establishment	2,459
costs payable (278,609) 316,679 (22,208) Increase/(decrease) in accrued	137,467
expenses and other payables 2,177 (35,060) 4,522	21,279
	,398,293) ,590,917 -
NET CASH FLOWS FROM/(USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES 5,559,805 27,920,555 9,300,812 (25,8)	807,376)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Proceeds from subscription of units 8 16,725,075 34,108,138 4,216,899 40 Payments on redemption of units 8 (22,525,869) (64,748,300) (12,617,457) (13,617,457)	,860,400 ,262,237) ,652,000)
NET CASH FLOWS (USED IN)/FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (5,800,794) (30,640,162) (9,324,558) 25	,946,163

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

		Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet <u>ETF</u>		Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC e <u>NZ REITs ETF</u> For the perio from 12 Octob 2020 (date commenceme	
	Notes	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2023	of operations) to 31 March 2022
NET (DECREASE)/ INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		HK\$ (240,989)	HK\$ (2,719,607)	US\$ (23,746)	US\$ 138,787
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR/PERIOD		1,239,275	3,958,882	138,787	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR/PERIOD		998,286	1,239,275	115,041	138,787
Analysis of balances of cash and cash equivalents: Bank balances	4	998,286	1,239,275	115,041	138,787

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

1. GENERAL

Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF and Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITs ETF (collectively the "Sub-Funds"), sub-funds of Samsung ETFs Trust II (the "Trust"), is established under a trust deed dated 17 May 2018, as amended and restated on 31 December 2019 (the "Trust Deed"), and governed by the laws of Hong Kong. The Trust and the Sub-Funds are authorised under Section 104 of the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO") and the Sub-Funds are falling under Chapter 8.6 of the Hong Kong Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds (the "SFC Code").

The date of commencement of operations of the Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF is 13 June 2018. The Sub-Fund has been listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited since 20 June 2018. The investment objective of Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF is to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the CSI Global China Internet Index.

On 6 October 2020, the Trust established a new sub-fund Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITs ETF. The investment objective of the sub-fund is to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the S&P High Yield Asia Pacific-Ex New Zealand REITs Select Index. The date of commencement of operations is 12 October 2020 and listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong on 15 October 2020.

The investment activities of the Trust are managed by Samsung Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited (the "Manager") and the trustee of the Trust is delegated to Cititrust Limited (the "Trustee").

The financial statements of the Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF and Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and United States dollars ("US\$") respectively, which is also the functional currencies of the Sub-Funds. The Manager considers HK\$ and US\$, respectively, as the currencies that most faithfully represents the primary economic environment in which Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF and Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF operate and the economic effects of the underlying transactions, events and conditions. All values are rounded to the nearest dollar, except when otherwise indicated.

The Manager will primarily use a full replication strategy through investing directly in constituent stocks of the CSI Global China Internet Index for and S&P High Yield Asia Pacific-Ex New Zealand REITs Select Index (collectively, the "Indices") in substantially the same weightings in which they are included in the Indices. The Sub-Funds may invest in (including but not limited to) the following PRC-related securities: A-Shares, H-Shares, N-Shares, P-Chips and Red Chips. The Sub-Funds will invest in A-Shares included in the Index through the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect and Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect (collectively the "Stock Connect"). The Manager may invest up to 100% of the net asset value of the Sub-Funds through the Stock Connect. The Sub-Funds may also invest in money market funds and in cash deposits for cash management purposes although such investments are not anticipated to exceed 5% of the net asset value of the Sub-Funds.

These financial statements are in respect of Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF and Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF on a standalone basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRSs")

Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

There are no standards and interpretations that are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2022 which, in the opinion of the Manager will clearly impact Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF and Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF applied by for the first-time.

Standards issued but not yet effective

The Sub-Funds have not early applied the following new and amendments to IFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of Accounting Policies ¹
Amendments to IAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates ¹
Amendments to IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (the "2020 Amendments") ^{2, 3}

- ¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024
- ³ As a consequence of the 2022 Amendments, the effective date of the 2020 Amendments was deferred to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024. In addition, as a consequence of the 2020 Amendments and 2022 Amendments, Hong Kong Interpretation 5 Presentation of Financial Statements -Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause was revised to align the corresponding wording with no change in conclusion

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Sub-Funds is as follows:

Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2

In February 2021, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2 *Making Materiality Judgements*, in which it provides guidance and examples to help entities apply materiality judgements to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their "significant" accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their "material" accounting policies and adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures.

The amendments to IAS 1 are applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 with earlier application permitted. Since the amendments to the Practice Statement 2 provide non-mandatory guidance on the application of the definition of material to accounting policy information, an effective date for these amendments is not necessary. The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Sub-Funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRSs")

Standards issued but not yet effective (continued)

Amendments to IAS 8

In February 2021, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 8, in which it introduces a definition of "accounting estimates". The amendments clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. Also, they clarify how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and apply to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after the start of that period. Earlier application is permitted as long as this fact is disclosed. The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Sub-Funds.

Amendments to IAS 1: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

In January 2020, the IASB issued amendments to paragraphs 69 to 76 of IAS 1 to specify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current. The amendments clarify:

- What is meant by a right to defer settlement
- That a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period
- That classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right
- That only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification

In 2022, the IASB issued the 2022 Amendments to further clarify that, among covenants of a liability arising from a loan arrangement, only those with which an entity must comply on or before the reporting date affect the classification of that liability as current or non-current. In addition, the 2022 Amendments require additional disclosures by an entity that classifies liabilities arising from loan arrangements as non-current when it has a right to defer settlement of those liabilities that are subject to the entity complying with future covenants within 12 months after the reporting period.

The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024 and shall be applied retrospectively. Earlier application is permitted. An entity that applies the 2020 Amendments early is required to apply simultaneously the 2022 Amendments, and vice versa. The Fund is currently assessing the impact of the amendments and whether existing loan agreements may require revision. The Sub-Funds are currently assessing the impact the amendments will have on current practice and whether existing loan agreements may require renegotiation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Sub-Funds have been prepared in accordance with IFRSs, the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code issued by the Securities and Futures Commission.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies set out below. For the purpose of preparation of the financial statements, information is considered material if such information is reasonably expected to influence decisions made by primary users.

The financial statements of Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF were issued for the period from 12 October 2020 (date of commencement of operations) to 31 March 2022 since it was the first period of the Sub-Fund's operation. As such, amounts presented in these financial statements and related explanatory notes for the period ended 31 March 2022 were presented for a period shorter than one year and are not entirely comparable to presented information for the year ended 31 March 2023.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Sub-Funds take into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fair value measurement (continued)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the statement of financial position when the Sub-Funds become a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income and dividend income which are derived from the Sub-Funds' ordinary course of business are presented as revenue.

Dividend income from financial assets at FVTPL is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income when the Sub-Funds' right to receive payments is established.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets of the Sub-Funds are subsequently measured at FVTPL.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Sub-Funds manage together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired. For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit-impaired.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets of the Sub-Funds that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost are measured at FVTPL. Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the "net gains/(losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss" line item.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets

The Sub-Funds recognise a loss allowance for expected credit loss ("ECL") on financial assets including bank balances, due from a broker, dividend receivable and due from Manager which are subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessment is done based on the Sub-Funds' historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

For bank balances, due from a broker, dividend receivable and due from Manager, the Sub-Funds measure the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition in which case, the Sub-Funds recognise lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

(i) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Sub-Funds compare the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Sub-Funds consider both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Sub-Funds presume that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Sub-Funds have reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

The Sub-Funds regularly monitor the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

(ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Sub-Funds consider an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Sub-Funds, in full.

Irrespective of the above, the Sub-Funds consider that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Sub-Funds have reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

(iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- (c) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- (d) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.
- (iv) Write-off policy

The Sub-Funds write off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Sub-Funds' recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data and forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Sub-Funds in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Sub-Funds expect to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

The Sub-Funds recognise an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Sub-Funds derecognise a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities and equity

Debts and units issued by the Sub-Funds are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity. Puttable financial instruments include contractual obligations for the Sub-Funds to repurchase or redeem the related instruments for cash or another financial asset on exercise of the put. As an exception to the definition of financial liability, a unit which includes such obligation is classified as equity if the unit has all the following features:

- it entitles the holder to a pro rata share of the Sub-Funds' net assets in the event of the Sub-Funds' liquidation;
- it is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments;
- all financial instruments in the class of instruments that is subordinated to all other classes of instruments have identical features;
- apart from the contractual obligation for the Sub-Funds to repurchase or redeem the instrument for cash or another financial asset, the instrument does not include any other features that would require classification as a liability; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the instrument over its life are based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognised net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognised and unrecognised net assets of the Sub-Funds over the life of the instrument.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity (continued)

In addition to the redeemable units meeting all of the above conditions, the Sub-Funds must have no other financial instrument or contract that has:

- total cash flows based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognised net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognised and unrecognised net assets of the Sub-Funds; and
- the effect of substantially restricting or fixing the residual return to the redeemable unitholders.

The Sub-Funds' redeemable units meet these conditions and are classified as equity. Units issued by the Sub-Funds are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs, if any.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities including due to a broker, management fee payable, trustee fee payable, establishment costs payable and other payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Sub-Funds derecognise a financial liability when, and only when, the Sub-Funds' obligation is discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks and bank deposits with original maturities of three months or less.

Due from and due to a broker

Due to a broker is payable for securities purchased that have been contracted for, but not yet delivered, on the reporting date.

Due from a broker includes cash held with broker and receivable for securities that have been contracted for, but not yet delivered, on the reporting date.

Expenses

All expenses are recognised in statement of comprehensive income on an accrual basis.

Establishment costs

Establishment costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Distributions to unitholders

Distributions are at the discretion of the Sub-Funds. A distribution to the Sub-Funds' unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from net assets attributable to unitholders. A distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved by the Manager.

Subscriptions and redemptions

Subscriptions and redemptions of units are recognised on the dealing date on which the subscription application or redemption application is received and accepted.

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions during the year/period are translated into the functional currency of the Sub-Funds at the exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated into the functional currency of the Sub-Funds at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the reporting date. Foreign currency exchange differences arising on translation and realised gains and losses on disposals or settlements of monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss.

Foreign currency exchange differences relating to monetary items are presented separately in statement of comprehensive income.

Segmental reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision-maker. The Manager, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the chief operating decision-maker that makes strategic decisions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Sub-Funds if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Sub-Funds;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Sub-Funds; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Sub-Funds or of a parent of the Sub-Funds;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Sub-Funds are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Sub-Funds are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Sub-Funds or an entity related to the Sub-Funds;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(ii) has significant influence over the entity or (a)(iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Sub-Funds or to the parent of the Sub-Funds.

Transaction costs

Transactions costs are costs incurred to acquire or dispose financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They include fees and commissions paid to agents, brokers and dealers. Transactions costs, when incurred, are immediately recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as an expense.

Taxation

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in the financial statements as the income of the Sub-Funds is exempt from taxation under Section 26A(1A) of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance.

In some jurisdiction, investment income and capital gains are subject to withholding tax deducted at the source of income. The Sub-Funds present the withholding tax separately from the gross investment income in the statements of profit and loss and other comprehensive income. For the purpose of the statements of cash flows, cash flows from investments are presented net of withholding taxes, when applicable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

4. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE RELATED PARTIES/CONNECTED PERSONS

The following is a summary of significant related party balances/transactions entered into during the years/period ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 between the Sub-Funds, the Manager (also a connected person), the Trustee and the holding company of the Trustee. Connected persons are defined in the SFC Code. All transactions entered into during the years/period ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 were carried out in the normal course of business and on normal commercial terms. To the best of the Manager's knowledge, the Sub-Funds do not have any other significant transactions with its related parties/connected person except for those disclosed below.

Management fee

Samsung Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited, the Manager, is entitled to receive a management fee at 0.65% per annum on the net assets value of the Sub-Funds. The management fee is calculated and accrued as at each dealing day and payable in monthly in arrears. The management fee for the years/period ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 and the management fee payable as at 31 March 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF		Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITs ETF	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	HK\$	HK\$	US\$	US\$
Management fee	972,645	1,691,361	128,768	262,793
Management fee payable	78,211	82,687	9,249	15,991

Trustee fee

Cititrust Limited, the Trustee, is entitled to receive a trustee fee at 0.10% per annum on the net assets value of the Sub-Funds, subject to a monthly minimum of US\$2,000. The trustee fee is calculated and accrued as at each dealing day and payable in monthly in arrears.

The trustee fee for the years/period ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 and the trustee fee payable as at 31 March 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF		Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITs ETF	
	2023 2022		2023	2022
	HK\$	HK\$	US\$	US\$
Trustee fee	252,173	308,150	34,060	49,293
Trustee fee payable	15,997	15,948	2,153	2,459

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

4. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE RELATED PARTIES/CONNECTED PERSONS (continued)

Bank balances

All the cash at banks were maintained with a group company of the Trustee, i.e. Citibank N.A. ("Citibank"), which carry interests at normal commercial rates. The bank balances of the Sub-Funds held with Citibank as at 31 March 2023 and 2022, the related interest income, safe custody and bank charges on these bank balances during the years/period ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	<u>Samsung CSI China</u> Dragon Internet ETF		Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF	
	2023 2022		2023	2022
	HK\$	HK\$	US\$	US\$
Bank balances	998,286	1,239,275	115,041	138,787
Bank interest income	93	245	2,595	-
Safe custody and bank charges	6,405	5,900	957	1,137

Accounting and professional fees

The Sub-Funds have engaged the Trustee for accounting and professional services. The accounting and professional fees for the years/period ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 and the accounting and professional fees payable as at 31 March 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	<u>Samsung CSI China</u> Dragon Internet ETF		Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITs ETF	
	2023 HK\$	2022 HK\$	2023 US\$	2022 US\$
Accounting and professional fees	78,553	214,317	10,000	5,000
Accounting and professional fees payable	39,042	38,982	15,000	5,000

Investments held by the Trustee's affiliates as a custodian

The investments deposited for Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF with the Citibank N.A., Hong Kong, the Trustee's affiliates, as at 31 March 2023 HK\$146,777,904 (2022: HK\$152,671,421).

The investments deposited for Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITs ETF with the Citibank N.A., Hong Kong, the Trustee's affiliates, as at 31 March 2023 US\$16,528,998 (2022: HK\$29,457,358).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

4. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE RELATED PARTIES/CONNECTED PERSONS (continued)

Outstanding balances from/to the Manager

	Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF		Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITs ETF	
	2023	2023 2022		2022
	HK\$	HK\$	US\$	US\$
Due from Manager	-	1,639	-	-
Establishment costs payable	38,070	316,679	115,259	137,467

Due from Manager is arising from the unsettled rebate from the Manager on the transaction cost for creation of units.

Establishment costs payable is arising from the unsettled establishment cost paid by the Manager on behalf of the Sub-Funds.

5. TAXATION

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made for the Sub-Funds as it is authorised as a collective investment scheme under Section 104 of the SFO and is therefore exempt from profits tax under Section 26A(1A) of the Inland Revenue Ordinance of Hong Kong.

Investment income and capital gains are subject to withholding tax ("WHT") in certain foreign jurisdictions and are subject to taxation at an applicable withholding tax rate for the year ended 31 March 2023 ranging between 0% to 30% (2022: 0% to 30%) in such jurisdictions. The Investment Manager has assessed the likelihood of the capital gain tax liability taking into account the prevailing law and ruling.

6. SOFT COMMISSION ARRANGEMENTS

The Manager confirms that there has been no soft commission arrangements existing during the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 in relation to directing transactions of the Sub-Funds through a broker or dealer.

7. INVESTMENT LIMITATIONS AND PROHIBITIONS UNDER THE SFC CODE

The SFC Code allows the Sub-Funds to invest in constituent securities issued by a single issuer for more than 10% of the Sub-Funds' net asset value provided that:

- (a) the investment is limited to any constituent securities that each accounts for more than 10% of the weighting of the tracked index; and
- (b) the Sub-Funds' holding of any such constituent securities may not exceed their respective weightings in the tracked index, except where weightings are exceeded as a result of changes in the composition of the tracked index and the excess is only transitional and temporary in nature.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

7. INVESTMENT LIMITATIONS AND PROHIBITIONS UNDER THE SFC CODE (continued)

Constituent securities that account for more than 10% of the net asset value of the Sub-Funds as at year end are disclosed in the "Underlying index constituent stocks disclosure (unaudited)" on page 54 to 55.

8. UNITS ISSUED AND REDEEMED

	Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF		Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF For the period from 12 October 2020 (date of	
	Year ended	Year ended		commencement of operations) to
	31 March	31 March	Year ended 31	31 March
	2023	2022	March 2023	2022
	Units	Units	Units	Units
Number of units in issue at				
beginning of the year/period	14,100,000	16,200,000	11,000,000	-
Units issued Units redeemed	1,500,000 (2,400,000)	2,100,000 (4,200,000)	1,800,000 (5,200,000)	15,800,000 (4,800,000)
Units redeemed	(2,400,000)	(4,200,000)	(3,200,000)	(4,000,000)
Number of units in issue at end of the year/period	13,200,000	14,100,000	7,600,000	11,000,000
	Samsung CSI (Internet		<u>Samsung S&P Hi</u> <u>ex NZ R</u>	<u>gh Dividend APAC</u> EITs ETF
	Interne	ETF	<u>Samsung S&P Hi</u> <u>ex NZ R</u>	<u>EITs ETF</u> For the period from 12 October 2020 (date of commencement
	<u>Interne</u> Year ended	<u>ETF</u> Year ended	ex NZ R	<u>EITs ETF</u> For the period from 12 October 2020 (date of commencement of operations) to
	<u>Interne</u> Year ended 31 March	<u>ETF</u> Year ended 31 March	<u>ex NZ R</u> Year ended 31	<u>EITs ETF</u> For the period from 12 October 2020 (date of commencement of operations) to 31 March
	<u>Interne</u> Year ended	<u>ETF</u> Year ended	ex NZ R	<u>EITs ETF</u> For the period from 12 October 2020 (date of commencement of operations) to
Subscription of units	<u>Interne</u> Year ended 31 March 2023	ETF Year ended 31 March 2022	<u>ex NZ R</u> Year ended 31 March 2023	<u>EITs ETF</u> For the period from 12 October 2020 (date of commencement of operations) to 31 March 2022
Subscription of units Redemption of units	Interne Year ended 31 March 2023 HK\$	Year ended 31 March 2022 HK\$	<u>ex NZ R</u> Year ended 31 March 2023 US\$	<u>EITs ETF</u> For the period from 12 October 2020 (date of commencement of operations) to 31 March 2022 US\$
Redemption of units	Interne Year ended 31 March 2023 HK\$ 16,725,075	ETF Year ended 31 March 2022 HK\$ 34,108,138	ex NZ R Year ended 31 March 2023 US\$ 4,216,899	<u>EITs ETF</u> For the period from 12 October 2020 (date of commencement of operations) to 31 March 2022 US\$ 40,860,400
•	Interne Year ended 31 March 2023 HK\$ 16,725,075	ETF Year ended 31 March 2022 HK\$ 34,108,138	ex NZ R Year ended 31 March 2023 US\$ 4,216,899	<u>EITs ETF</u> For the period from 12 October 2020 (date of commencement of operations) to 31 March 2022 US\$ 40,860,400

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

8. UNITS ISSUED AND REDEEMED (continued)

As disclosed in note 3 to the financial statements, establishment costs are expensed as incurred. However, establishment costs of Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF and Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF are required to be amortised over the first five financial years according to the provisions of the Trust's prospectus. Accordingly, the net assets attributable to unitholders reported in the financial statements was different from the net assets attributable to unitholders calculated under the accounting basis indicated in the Trust's prospectus.

A reconciliation of the net assets attributable to unitholders is provided below:

	Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF		Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF For the period from 12 October 2020 (date of commencement	
	Year ended 31 March 2023 HK\$	Year ended 31 March 2022 HK\$	Year ended 31 March 2023 US\$	of operations) to 31 March 2022 US\$
Net assets attributable to unitholders as reported in the statement of				
financial position Adjustment for unamortised costs	147,468,427 16,127	153,333,859 96,930	16,568,814 97,157	29,547,220 132,315
Net assets value calculated under accounting basis indicated in the Trust's prospectus	147,484,554	153,430,789	16,665,971	29,679,535
Net assets attributable to unitholders per units as reported in statement of financial position	11.1719	10.8747	2.1801	2.6861
Net assets attributable to unitholders per unit calculated under accounting basis indicated in the				
Trust's prospectus	11.1731	10.8816	2.1929	2.6981

As of 31 March 2023 and 2022, the establishment costs will be fully amortised in 1 and 2 years respectively for Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF. As of 31 March 2023 and 2022, the establishment costs will be fully amortised in 3 and 4 years for Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

9. DISTRIBUTIONS TO UNITHOLDERS

Samsung Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited, the Manager, may in its absolute discretion distribute income to unitholders annually/quarterly or determine that no distribution shall be made in the financial period. The amount to be distributed to unitholders, if any, may be paid out of capital or out of gross income while all or part of fees and expenses may be charged to capital at the Manager's discretion.

During the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022, no distribution was made to the unitholders of Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF.

The following table summarises the distribution made to the unitholders of Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF for the year/period ended 31 March 2023 and 2022:

	Year ended 31 March 2023 US\$
Amount available for distribution as at 1 April 2022	1,228,406
Loss after tax and total comprehensive income for the year	(3,653,848)
Add: Unrealised losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,711,408
	285,966
Distribution on 30 June 2022 at US\$0.0210 per unit Distribution on 30 September 2022 at US\$0.0412 per unit	(180,600) (329,600)
Distribution on 30 December 2022 at US\$0.0120 per unit	(98,400)
Distribution on 31 March 2023 at US\$0.0415 per unit	(315,400)
	(924,000)
Undistributed loss at end of the year	(638,034)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

9. DISTRIBUTIONS TO UNITHOLDERS (continued)

	For the period from 12 October 2020 (date of commencement of operations) to 31 March 2022 US\$
Amount available for distribution as at 12 October 2020 (date of commencement of operations)	-
Profit after tax and total comprehensive income for the period	3,601,057
Less: Unrealised gains on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(720,651)
	2,880,406
Distribution on 29 March 2021 at US\$0.0430 per unit	(387,000)
Distribution on 30 June 2021 at US\$0.0205 per unit	(205,000)
Distribution on 30 September 2021 at US\$0.0400 per unit	(424,000)
Distribution on 30 December 2021 at US\$0.0300 per unit	(306,000)
Distribution on 31 March 2022 at US\$0.0300 per unit	(330,000)
	(1,652,000)
Amount available for distribution carried forward	1,228,406

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISKS

Categories of financial instruments

	Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF		Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITs ETF	
	2023 HK\$	2022 HK\$	2023 US\$	2022 US\$
Financial asset FVTPL Amortised cost	146,777,904 998,286	152,671,421 1,251,060	16,528,998 265,304	29,457,358 267,059
Financial liabilities Amortised cost	319,486	600,345	240,296	177,197

The Sub-Funds maintain the investment portfolio as dictated by its respective investment management strategy. The Sub-Funds' investment objectives are disclosed in note 1 to the financial statements and the Sub-Funds' investment portfolio mainly comprises equity investments.

The Sub-Funds' investing activities expose it to various types of risks that are associated with the financial instruments and markets in which it invests. The Manager and the Trustee have set out below the most important types of financial risks inherent in each type of financial instruments. The Manager and the Trustee would like to highlight that the following list of associated risks only sets out some of the risks but does not purport to constitute an exhaustive list of all the risks inherent in the investments in the Sub-Funds. Unitholders should note that additional information in respect of risks associated with financial instruments in the Sub-Funds can be found in the Trust's prospectus.

The assets allocation is determined by the Manager who manages and monitors the composition of the assets to achieve the investment objectives.

The nature and extent of the financial instruments outstanding at the reporting date and the risk management policies employed by the Sub-Funds are discussed below.

Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer or all factors affecting all instruments traded in the market.

The Sub-Funds are designated to track the performance of the Index, and therefore the exposure to market price risk in the Sub-Funds will be substantially the same as the tracked index. Market price risk is managed by the Manager on an ongoing basis in accordance with the investment objectives of the Sub-Funds.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISKS (continued)

Price risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis

As at 31 March 2023 and 2022, if the market prices of the equity instruments had been 10% higher and all other variables were held constant, the (loss)/profit for the years/period of the Sub-Funds would have been (decreased)/increased by approximately:

	Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF		Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF	
	2023	2023 2022		2022
	HK\$	HK\$	US\$	US\$
(Decrease)/increase in (loss)/profit after tax for the year/period	(14,678,000)	(15,267,000)	(1,653,000)	2,946,000

If the market prices of the equity instruments had been 10% lower and all other variables were held constant, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the Sub-Funds' (loss)/profit for the years/period.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from changes in interest rates which may affect the values of interest bearing assets and liabilities and therefore result in potential gain or loss to the Sub-Funds. The Sub-Funds' interest rate risk is managed on an ongoing basis by the Manager.

As at 31 March 2023 and 2022, the majority of the Sub-Funds' financial assets and financial liabilities are non-interest bearing. Therefore, the Manager considers that the interest rate risk is minimal.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF

The functional currency of Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF is HK\$. It is exposed to currency risk primarily through recognised financial assets or liabilities that are denominated in US\$ and Renminbi ("RMB"). The following table details the exposure to currency risk of the Sub-Fund, except for US\$, and the sensitivity analysis if HK\$ strengthened by 5% in relation to such currencies at the reporting date. For presentation purposes, the amounts of the exposure are in HK\$.

In view of the HK\$ pegged system to the US\$, the Manager considers that the currency risk exposure is insignificant and no foreign currency sensitivity analysis is presented accordingly.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISKS (continued)

Currency risk (continued)

Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF (continued)

	2023	2023		2
	Net exposure	Impact on	Net exposure	Impact on
	to foreign	loss for the	to foreign	profit for the
	currencies	year	currencies	year
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
Net assets exposed to RMB	11,373,234	569,000	11,522,426	576,000

Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF

The functional currency of Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF is US\$. It is exposed to currency risk primarily through recognised financial assets or liabilities that are denominated in HK\$, Australian Dollars ("AUD"), Japanese Yen ("JPY"), South Korean Won ("KRW") and Singapore Dollars ("SGD"). The following table details the exposure to currency risk of the Sub-Fund, except for HK\$, and the sensitivity analysis if US\$ strengthened by 5% in relation to such currencies at the reporting date. For presentation purposes, the amounts of the exposure are in US\$.

In view of the HK\$ pegged system to the US\$, the Manager considers that the currency risk exposure is insignificant and no foreign currency sensitivity analysis is presented accordingly.

	2023	}	202	2
	Net exposure to foreign	Impact on loss for the	Net exposure to foreign	Impact on profit for the
	currencies US\$	year US\$	currencies US\$	year US\$
Net assets exposed to AUD	4,721,813	236,000	8,811,414	441,000
Net assets exposed to JPY	5,044,045	252,000	9,063,282	453,000
Net assets exposed to KRW	14,644	1,000	-	-
Net assets exposed to SGD	5,176,212	259,000	8,957,589	448,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISKS (continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment

The Sub-Funds' maximum exposure to credit risk in the event of the counterparties' failure to perform their obligations in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as stated in the statement of financial position.

Credit risk arising from transactions with brokers relates to transactions awaiting settlements and deposits placed in brokers. The risk relating to unsettled transactions and deposits placed in brokers is considered low due to the short settlement period and high credit ratings of brokers assigned by international credit rating agencies.

Other than concentration of credit risk on liquid funds which are deposited with a bank and brokers with high credit ratings, the Sub-Funds do not have any other significant concentration of credit risk.

All of the cash held by the Sub-Funds are deposited with a bank. Bankruptcy or insolvency of the banks may cause the Sub-Funds' rights with respect to the cash at banks to be delayed or limited. As the bank and the brokers have credit ratings at or above investment grade, the Manager considers that the credit risk is minimal.

Substantially all of the assets of the Sub-Funds are held by Cititrust Limited (the "Custodian"). Bankruptcy or insolvency of the Custodian may cause the Sub-Funds' rights with respect to assets held by the Custodian to be delayed or limited. The Manager monitors the credit quality and financial position of the Custodian on an ongoing basis. The Custodian is a group company of the Citibank, which has a credit rating at or above investment grade. As such, the Manager considers the credit risk is considered insignificant.

For the years/period ended 31 March 2023 and 2022, the Manager considers that no impairment was made on the Sub-Funds' financial assets carried at amortised cost as the ECL is immaterial.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Sub-Funds will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations arising from its respective financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset, or that such obligations will have to be settled in a manner disadvantageous to the Sub-Funds. The Sub-Funds are exposed to daily liquidity risk on redemption of units.

The Sub-Funds' policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and deposits placed in brokers to meet their liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The Sub-Funds' investments are considered to have insignificant exposure to liquidity risk as they are all readily realisable under normal market conditions.

As at 31 March 2023 and 2022, the Sub-Funds' financial liabilities are either repayable on demand or due within three months.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISKS (continued)

Capital management

The Sub-Funds' capital as at the end of the reporting period is represented by their net assets attributable to unitholders.

The Sub-Funds' objective in managing the capital is to ensure a stable and strong base to maximise returns to all unitholders, and to manage liquidity risk arising from the redemptions. The Manager manages the capital of the Sub-Funds in accordance with the Sub-Funds' investment objectives and policies stated in the offering documents. Under certain circumstance, the Manager may suspend the issuance and redemption of units of the Sub-Funds as currently disclosed in the Trust's prospectus.

Fair value

The financial instruments held by the Sub-Funds are measured at their fair values on the reporting date. Fair value estimates are made at a specified point in time, based on market conditions and information about the financial instruments. Fair values can usually be reliably determined within a reasonable range of estimates.

Valuation of financial instruments

The accounting policy of the Sub-Funds on fair value measurements is detailed in the significant accounting policies in note 3 to the financial statements.

In estimating the fair value, the Sub-Funds uses market-observable data to the extent it is available.

The following analyses the Sub-Funds' investments measured at FVTPL on the reporting date by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised.

At 31 March 2023

Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF	Level 1 HK\$	<u>Level 2</u> HK\$	<u>Level 3</u> HK\$	<u>Total</u> HK\$
Assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL - Listed equities	146,777,904	<u> </u>		146,777,904
Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITs ETF	Level 1 US\$	Level 2 US\$	<u>Level 3</u> US\$	<u>Total</u> US\$
Assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL - Listed equities	16,528,998			16,528,998

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISKS (continued)

Fair value (continued)

Valuation of financial instruments (continued)

At 31 March 2022

Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF	<u>Level 1</u> HK\$	Level 2 HK\$	<u>Level 3</u> HK\$	<u>Total</u> HK\$
Assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL - Listed equities	152,671,421	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	152,671,421
Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITs ETF	<u>Level 1</u> US\$	Level 2 US\$	Level 3 US\$	<u>Total</u> US\$
Assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL - Listed equities	29,457,358			29,457,358

For the years/period ended 31 March 2023 and 2022, there were no transfers of financial instruments between fair value hierarchy levels. The fair values of above financial assets are based on quoted market prices in an active market at the end of reporting period.

As at 31 March 2023 and 2022, except for financial assets at FVTPL as disclosed in the financial statements, all other financial assets and financial liabilities are carried at amortised cost. The carrying values of all other financial assets and liabilities carried at amortised cost are considered by the Manager to approximate to their fair values.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISKS (continued)

Offsetting

The disclosures set out in the tables below include financial assets and financial liabilities that:

- are offset in the Sub-Funds' statement of financial position; and/or
- are subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement that covers similar financial instruments, irrespective of whether they are offset in the Sub-Funds' statement of financial position.

The Sub-Fund currently has a legally enforceable right to set off due from a broker and due to a broker that are due to be settled on the same date and the Sub-Funds intends to settle these balances on net basis.

Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF

<u>As at 31 March 2023</u> Financial assets Due from a broker	Gross amounts of recognised <u>financial assets</u> US\$	Gross amounts of recognised financial liabilities offset in the statement of <u>financial position</u> US\$	Net amounts of financial assets presented in the statement of financial position US\$	Related amounts not offset in the statement of financial position Financial Collateral instruments pledged US\$ US\$	Net <u>amount</u> US\$
As at 31 March 2023 Financial liabilities	Gross amounts of recognised <u>financial liabilities</u> US\$	Gross amounts of recognised financial assets offset in the statement of <u>financial position</u> US\$	Net amounts of financial liabilities presented in the statement of <u>financial position</u> US\$	Related amounts not offset in the statement of financial position Financial Collateral <u>instruments pledged</u> US\$ US\$	Net <u>amount</u> US\$
Due to a broker	(87,834)	<u> </u>	(87,834)	84,724	(3,110)

11. TRANSACTION COSTS

The transaction costs pertain to the fees incurred during the transactions of purchase or sell investments. The transaction costs are paid to brokers or other service providers.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2023

12. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Manager makes the strategic resource allocations on behalf of the Sub-Funds and has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed which are used to make strategic decisions.

The Manager considers that the Sub-Funds are single operating segment which is investments in equity instruments. The investment objectives of the Sub-Funds are disclosed in note 1 to the financial statements.

The internal financial information used by the Manager for the Sub-Funds assets, liabilities and performance is the same as that disclosed in the statement of financial position and statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

The Sub-Funds are domiciled in Hong Kong. The Sub-Funds have no non-current assets.

13. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 7 June 2023, the Manager of Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF announced that the distribution shall be allocated to the unitholders of the Sub-Fund in accordance with the number of units held by each unitholder on the Sub-Fund's Register of Unit Holders on 23 June 2023.

On 12 June 2023, the Manager announced that the distribution per unit is US\$0.0145.

Subsequent to 31 March 2023 up to 20 July 2023, Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF recorded subscription of 200,000 units.

Other than those disclosed above, no subsequent events requiring adjustment to or disclosure in the financial statements.

14. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved by the Manager on 24 July 2023.

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (UNAUDITED)

	Holding <u>shares/units</u>	<u>Market value</u> HK\$	% of total net assets attributable to <u>unitholders</u>
Listed equities (99.53%)			
China			
360 Security Technology Inc 37 Interactive Entertainment Network Technology	70,400	1,403,315	0.95
Group Co Ltd	35,200	1,143,963	0.78
East Money Information Co Ltd	268,400	6,141,161	4.16
Hithink RoyalFlush Information Network Co Ltd	4,400	1,026,852	0.70
Mango Excellent Media Co Ltd	17,600	748,703	0.51
Zhejiang Century Huatong Group Co Ltd	132,000	907,732	0.61
		11,371,726	7.71
Hann Kann			
Hong Kong Alibaha Graup Halding Ltd	224 000	22 200 752	15 70
Alibaba Group Holding Ltd Alibaba Health Information Technology Ltd	231,880 136,400	23,280,752 774,752	15.79 0.52
Baidu Inc	70,400	10,468,480	7.10
Bilibili Inc	7,040	1,334,784	0.90
China Literature Ltd	8,800	356,400	0.90
JD Health International Inc	33,000	1,927,200	1.31
JD.com Inc	63,360	10,897,920	7.39
Kingsoft Corp Ltd	26,400	1,020,360	0.69
Kuaishou Technology	66,000	3,989,700	2.71
Meituan	123,200	17,679,200	11.99
NetEase Inc	49,720	6,861,360	4.65
Ping An Healthcare and Technology Co Ltd	13,200	262,152	0.18
Tencent Holdings Ltd	68,200	26,311,560	17.84
Trip.com Group Ltd	17,600	5,170,880	3.51
Xiaomi Corp	440,000	5,324,000	3.61
		115,659,500	78.43

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (UNAUDITED) (continued)

Listed equities (00.52%) (continued)	Holding <u>shares/units</u>	<u>Market value</u> HK\$	% of total net assets attributable to <u>unitholders</u>
Listed equities (99.53%) (continued)			
United States			
Full Truck Alliance Co Ltd	27,896	1,666,433	1.13
iQIYI Inc	10,076	575,812	0.39
Kanzhun Ltd	8,756	1,307,994	0.89
KE Holdings Inc	12,760	1,887,091	1.28
Lufax Holding Ltd	23,100	369,916	0.25
PDD Holdings Inc	15,928	9,489,958	6.44
Tencent Music Entertainment Group	42,724	2,776,921	1.88
Vipshop Holdings Ltd	10,780	1,284,552	0.87
Weibo Corp	2,464	388,001	0.26
		19,746,678	13.39
Total investments		146,777,904	99.53
Other net assets		690,523	0.47
Net assets attributable to unitholders		147,468,427	100.00
Total investments, at cost		213,192,414	

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (UNAUDITED)

	Holding <u>shares/units</u>	<u>Market value</u> US\$	% of total net assets attributable to <u>unitholders</u>
Listed equities (99.76%)			
Australia			
Charter Hall Long Wale REIT	62,396	174,642	1.06
Charter Hall Retail REIT	49,628	124,650	0.75
Dexus	103,170	517,573	3.12
GPT Group/The	183,730	520,384	3.14
Mirvac Group	378,480	525,878	3.17
National Storage REIT	179,132	300,348	1.81
Region RE Ltd	110,200	172,993	1.05
Scentre Group	497,838	914,533	5.52
Stockland	228,988	608,799	3.68
Vicinity Ltd	575,092	747,197	4.51
Waypoint REIT Ltd	64,448	111,503	0.67
		4,718,500	28.48
Hong Kong			
Link REIT	254,600	1,637,891	9.89
		1,637,891	9.89
Japan	450	404 007	0.04
Activia Properties Inc	152	431,627	2.61
	1,064	1,195,766	7.22
Kenedix Retail REIT Corp	494	871,732	5.26
NIPPON REIT Investment Corp	380	913,496	5.51
NTT UD REIT Investment Corp Sekisui House Reit Inc	1,178 722	1,193,796	7.20 2.35
	122	389,977	2.35
		4,996,394	30.15

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (UNAUDITED) (continued)

Listed equities (99.76%) (continued)	Holding <u>shares/units</u>	<u>Market value</u> US\$	% of total net assets attributable to <u>unitholders</u>
Singapore			
CapitaLand Ascendas REIT	444,600	956,632	5.77
CapitaLand Ascott Trust	228,000	170,674	1.03
CapitaLand Integrated Commercial Trust	687,800	1,024,559	6.18
Frasers Centrepoint Trust	148,200	255,325	1.54
Frasers Logistics & Commercial Trust	395,200	389,491	2.35
Keppel DC REIT	178,600	276,795	1.67
Keppel REIT	269,800	179,637	1.09
Lendlease Global Commercial REIT	254,600	130,250	0.79
Mapletree Industrial Trust	262,200	467,510	2.82
Mapletree Logistics Trust	440,800	567,084	3.42
Mapletree Pan Asia Commercial Trust	315,400	427,114	2.58
Suntec Real Estate Investment Trust	307,800	331,142	2.00
		5,176,213	31.24
Total investments		16,528,998	99.76
Other net assets		39,816	0.24
Net assets attributable to unitholders		16,568,814	100.00
Total investments, at cost		18,519,756	

STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS IN INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (UNAUDITED)

	Holdings as at			Holdings as at
Investments	<u>1 April 2022</u>	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	31 March 2023
Listed equities				
China				
360 Security Technology Inc 37 Interactive Entertainment Network	94,000	9,000	32,600	70,400
Technology Group Co Ltd	-	41,600	6,400	35,200
East Money Information Co Ltd Hithink RoyalFlush Information Network	267,900	108,100	107,600	268,400
Co Ltd Manga Excellent Madia Co Ltd	4,700 23,500	500 2,500	800 8,400	4,400
Mango Excellent Media Co Ltd		2,500	-	17,600
Suning.com Co Ltd	122,200	- 154,800	122,200 22,800	-
Zhejiang Century Huatong Group Co Ltd	-	154,000	22,800	132,000
Hong Kong				
Alibaba Group Holding Ltd Alibaba Health Information Technology	-	277,440	45,560	231,880
Ltd	188,000	17,720	69,320	136,400
Baidu Inc	-	107,738	37,338	70,400
Bilibili Inc	-	9,360	2,320	7,040
China Literature Ltd	-	20,800	12,000	8,800
JD Health International Inc	42,300	6,300	15,600	33,000
JD.com Inc	-	82,100	18,740	63,360
Kingsoft Corp Ltd	-	27,600	1,200	26,400
Kuaishou Technology	51,700	31,500	17,200	66,000
Meituan	124,550	28,774	30,124	123,200
NetEase Inc Ping An Healthcare and Technology Co	-	71,470	21,750	49,720
Ltd	18,800	1,500	7,100	13,200
Tencent Holdings Ltd	64,860	14,780	11,440	68,200
Trip.com Group Ltd	-	20,800	3,200	17,600
Xiaomi Corp	564,000	54,000	178,000	440,000
United States				
Alibaba Group Holding Ltd	30,127	-	30,127	-
Autohome Inc	2,444	-	2,444	-
Baidu Inc	11,233	-	11,233	-
Bilibili Inc	6,204	-	6,204	-
Full Truck Alliance Co Ltd	35,015	3,665	10,784	27,896
Gaotu Techedu Inc	2,209	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2,209	,
iQIYI Inc	12,643	1,291	3,858	10,076
JD.com Inc	30,033	-	30,033	
Kanzhun Ltd	13,160	1,396	5,800	8,756
	,	,	,	-,

STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS IN INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (UNAUDITED) (continued)

Investments	Holdings as at <u>1 April 2022</u>	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	Holdings as at <u>31 March 2023</u>
Listed equities (continued)				
United States (continued)				
KE Holdings Inc	19,176	5,408	11,824	12,760
Lufax Holding Ltd	23,594	6,225	6,719	23,100
NetEase Inc	12,972	-	12,972	-
PDD Holdings Inc	20,210	2,057	6,339	15,928
TAL Education Group	16,638	1,105	17,743	-
Tencent Music Entertainment Group	21,808	27,405	6,489	42,724
Trip.com Group Ltd	20,539	-	20,539	-
Vipshop Holdings Ltd	15,275	1,352	5,847	10,780
Weibo Corp	2,209	911	656	2,464

STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS IN INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (UNAUDITED)

	Holdings			Holdings
Investments	as at <u>1 April 2022</u>	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	as at <u>31 March 2023</u>
Listed equities				
Australia				
Abacus Property Group	-	57,053	57,053	-
Centuria Industrial REIT	141,900	22,995	164,895	-
Charter Hall Long Wale REIT	161,150	30,368	129,122	62,396
Charter Hall Retail REIT	137,500	22,311	110,183	49,628
Dexus	283,800	45,094	225,724	103,170
GPT Group/The	504,900	81,195	402,365	183,730
HomeCo Daily Needs REIT	-	212,452	212,452	-
Mirvac Group	-	547,891	169,411	378,480
National Storage REIT	-	192,172	13,040	179,132
Region RE Ltd	-	148,178	37,978	110,200
Scentre Group	-	721,139	223,301	497,838
Shopping Centres Australasia Property				
Group	294,250	40,234	334,484	-
Stockland	629,200	101,216	501,428	228,988
Vicinity Ltd	-	624,320	49,228	575,092
Waypoint REIT Ltd	190,300	28,129	153,981	64,448
Hong Kong				
Link REIT	321,750	107,580	174,730	254,600
Japan				
Activia Properties Inc	-	160	8	152
Frontier Real Estate Investment Corp	165	18	183	-
Hulic Reit Inc	440	1,007	383	1,064
Ichigo Office REIT Investment Corp	-	1,437	1,437	-
Japan Metropolitan Fund Invest	2,365	301	2,666	-
Kenedix Retail REIT Corp	220	476	202	494
Mirai Corp	605	66	671	-
Mori Trust Reit Inc	330	36	366	-
NIPPON REIT Investment Corp	165	337	122	380
Nomura Real Estate Master Fund Inc	1,595	174	1,769	-
NTT UD REIT Investment Corp	495	1,103	420	1,178
Sekisui House Reit Inc	-	760	38	722
United Urban Investment Corp	1,045	114	1,159	-
Korea				
JR Global Reit	-	137,675	137,675	-

STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS IN INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (UNAUDITED) (continued)

<u>Investments</u>	Holdings as at <u>1 April 2022</u>	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	Holdings as at <u>31 March 2023</u>
Listed equities (continued)				
Singapore		400.000	05 400	444.000
CapitaLand Ascendas REIT	-	480,000	35,400	444,600
CapitaLand Ascott Trust CapitaLand China Trust	-	244,000	16,000	228,000
CapitaLand Integrated Commercial Trust	291,500 1,314,500	65,700 272,400	357,200 899,100	- 687,800
ESR-LOGOS REIT	1,314,300	1,229,800	1,229,800	
Frasers Centrepoint Trust	275,000	58,400	185,200	148,200
Frasers Logistics & Commercial Trust	753,500	154,200	512,500	395,200
Keppel DC REIT	341,000	69,500	231,900	178,600
Keppel REIT	511,500	106,100	347,800	269,800
Lendlease Global Commercial REIT	-	413,700	159,100	254,600
Mapletree Industrial Trust	500,500	351,500	589,800	262,200
Mapletree Logistics Trust	830,500	167,400	557,100	440,800
Mapletree North Asia Commercial Trust	561,000	10,200	571,200	-
Mapletree Pan Asia Commercial Trust	566,500	137,000	388,100	315,400
Suntec Real Estate Investment Trust	566,500	123,900	382,600	307,800

PERFORMANCE OF THE UNDERLYING INDEX AND THE SUB-FUND (UNAUDITED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

	Performance 2023 2022	
Sub-Fund		
Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF	2.47%	-49.14%
Index		
CSI Global China Internet Index	0.88%	-49.00%

Source: Unit-prices are provided by Cititrust Limited. The performance information of Samsung CSI China Dragon Internet ETF which is calculated with reference to the unit-prices is provided by the Manager. Index information is provided by China Securities Index.

Investors should note that all investment involves risks (including the possibility of loss of the capital invested), prices of fund units may go up as well as down and past performance is not indicative of future performance. Investors should read the relevant fund's offering documents (including the full text of the risk factors stated therein) in detail before making any investment decision.

PERFORMANCE OF THE UNDERLYING INDEX AND THE SUB-FUND (UNAUDITED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

	Performance	
Sub-Fund	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITs ETF	-14.34%	14.59%
Index		
S&P High Yield Asia Pacific-Ex New Zealand REITs Select Index	-13.76%	16.54%

Source: Unit-prices are provided by Cititrust Limited. The performance information of Samsung S&P High Dividend APAC ex NZ REITS ETF is provided by the Manager. Index information is provided by S&P Dow Jones Indices.

Investors should note that all investment involves risks (including the possibility of loss of the capital invested), prices of fund units may go up as well as down and past performance is not indicative of future performance. Investors should read the relevant fund's offering documents (including the full text of the risk factors stated therein) in detail before making any investment decision.

PERFORMANCE RECORD (UNAUDITED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

(a) Price record (Net assets value per unit)

	Lowest	<u>Highest</u>
	HK\$	HK\$
Year ended 31 March 2023	7.0307	12,7494
Year ended 31 March 2022	8.3615	22.2835
Year ended 31 March 2021	11.7829	28.3922
Year ended 31 March 2020	9.9033	13.9929
For the period from 13 June 2018 (date of commencement		
of operations) to 31 March 2019	9.4830	15.9885

Note: The net assets value per unit is calculated under the accounting basis indicated in the Trust's prospectus.

(b) Net assets value

	<u>Net asset value</u> HK\$
As at 31 March 2023	147,468,427
As at 31 March 2022 As at 31 March 2021	153,333,859 347,252,029
As at 31 March 2020 As at 31 March 2019	100,606,940 108,195,802

(c) Net assets value per unit

	Net asset <u>value per unit</u> HK\$
As at 31 March 2023	11.1719
As at 31 March 2022	10.8747
As at 31 March 2021	21.4353
As at 31 March 2020	11.9770
As at 31 March 2019	12.0218

PERFORMANCE RECORD (UNAUDITED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

(a) Price record (Net assets value per unit)

	Lowest US\$	<u>Highest</u> US\$
Year ended 31 March 2023 For the period from 12 October 2020 (date of	2.7216	1.9227
commencement of operations) to 31 March 2022	2.3194	2.9791

Note: The net assets value per unit is calculated under the accounting basis indicated in the Trust's prospectus.

(b) Net assets value

(C)

	<u>Net asset value</u> US\$
As at 31 March 2023	16,568,814
As at 31 March 2022	29,547,220
Net assets value per unit	
	Net asset
	value per unit
	US\$
As at 31 March 2023	2.1801
As at 31 March 2022	2.6861

UNDERLYING INDEX CONSTITUENT STOCKS DISCLOSURE (UNAUDITED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

The following are those constituent stocks that accounted for more than 10% of the weighting of the CSI Global China Internet Index.

Constituent stock

Weighting of the Index (%)

Tencent Holdings Ltd Alibaba Group Holding Ltd Meituan 17.922% 15.807% 12.009%

UNDERLYING INDEX CONSTITUENT STOCKS DISCLOSURE (UNAUDITED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

As at 31 March 2023

There are no constituent stocks that accounted for more than 10% of the weighting of the S&P High Yield Asia Pacific-Ex New Zealand REITs Select Index as at 31 March 2023.