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Under our weighted voting rights structure, our share capital comprises Class A ordinary shares and Class B ordinary shares. Each Class A ordinary share entitles the holder to exercise one vote, and each Class B ordinary share entitles the holder to exercise 10 votes, respectively, on all matters subject to the vote at general meetings of the Company. Shareholders and prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in a company with a weighted voting rights structure. Our American depositary shares, each representing eight of our Class A ordinary shares, are listed on Nasdaq in the United States under the symbol BIDU.



Baidu, Inc. 百度集團股份有限公司 (A company controlled through weighted voting rights and incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (Stock Codes: 9888 (HKD counter) and 89888 (RMB counter))

ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE 2023 SECOND QUARTER RESULTS

We hereby announce our results for the second quarter of 2023, which contains unaudited financial results for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2023 ("**2023 Second Quarter Results**"). This results announcement is also provided to shareholders as our interim report for 2023 under Rule 13.48(1) of the Listing Rules. The 2023 Second Quarter Results are available for viewing on the website of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited at www.hkexnews.hk and our website at https://ir.baidu.com.

By order of the Board Baidu, Inc. Mr. Robin Yanhong Li Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, August 22, 2023

As at the date of this announcement, the board of directors of the Company comprises Mr. Robin Yanhong Li as director, and Mr. James Ding, Mr. Brent Callinicos, Mr. Yuanqing Yang and Mr. Jixun Foo as independent directors.

Baidu Announces Second Quarter 2023 Results

BEIJING, China, August 22, 2023 — Baidu, Inc. (NASDAQ: BIDU and HKEX: 9888 (HKD Counter) and 89888 (RMB Counter), "**Baidu**" or the "**Company**"), a leading AI company with strong Internet foundation, today announced its unaudited financial results for the second quarter ended June 30, 2023.

"In the second quarter of 2023, Baidu Core accelerated revenue and profit growth, driven by the solid performance of online marketing business and operating leverage," said Robin Li, Co-founder and CEO of Baidu. "Generative AI and large language models hold immense transformative power in numerous industries, presenting a significant market opportunity for us. To stay ahead of the game, we keep upgrading our models to generate more creative responses, while improving training throughput and lowering inference costs. Our latest foundation model, ERNIE 3.5, has been well recognized by our cloud customers, AI developers, and industry experts. By adopting an AI-native mindset, we are reinventing our products and offerings for innovative experiences, and to support various enterprises to capture this opportunity. Overall, Baidu is committed to building a new engine around generative AI and LLM to drive sustainable long-term growth."

"Baidu Core non-GAAP operating profit grew by 27% from a year ago, with non-GAAP operating margin expanding to 25% from 22% a year ago and 23% a quarter ago. Baidu Core generated about RMB9.7 billion net cash from operating activities in the quarter. The improvement in profit and margins as well as strong cash generation were primarily driven by revenue acceleration and efficiency gain," said Rong Luo, CFO of Baidu. "Baidu has invested in AI for over a decade and is well-positioned to capitalize on the opportunities arising from generative AI and LLM. As we look ahead, we remain steadfast in investing in AI, in particular large language models and generative AI in the upcoming quarters."

	Baidu, Inc.										
(In millions except per ADS, unaudited)	Q2 2022	Q1 2023	Q2 2	023	YOY	QOQ					
	RMB	RMB	RMB	US\$							
Total revenues	29,647	31,144	34,056	4,697	15%	9%					
Operating income	3,400	4,980	5,210	718	53%	5%					
Operating income (non-GAAP) ²	5,493	6,428	7,334	1,011	34%	14%					
Net income to Baidu	3,637	5,825	5,210	718	43%	(11%)					
Net income to Baidu (non-GAAP) ²	5,541	5,727	7,998	1,103	44%	40%					
Diluted earnings per ADS	9.97	15.92	14.17	1.95	42%	(11%)					
Diluted earnings per ADS (non-GAAP) ²	15.79	16.10	22.55	3.11	43%	40%					
Adjusted EBITDA ²	7,054	8,145	9,116	1,257	29%	12%					
Adjusted EBITDA margin	24%	26%	27%	27%							

Second Quarter 2023 Financial Highlights¹

1 Unless otherwise noted, RMB to USD was converted at an exchange rate of RMB7.2513 as of June 30, 2023, as set forth in the H.10 statistical release of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Translations are provided solely for the convenience of the reader.

2 Non-GAAP measures are defined in the Non-GAAP Financial Measures section (see also "Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Financial Measures to the Nearest Comparable GAAP Measures" for more details).

	Baidu Core											
(In millions, unaudited)	Q2 2022	Q1 2023	Q2 20	023	YOY	QOQ						
	RMB	RMB	RMB	US\$								
Total revenues	23,160	22,998	26,407	3,642	14%	15%						
Operating income	3,246	4,091	4,568	630	41%	12%						
Operating income (non-GAAP) ²	5,121	5,363	6,516	899	27%	21%						
Net income to Baidu Core	3,716	5,513	5,012	691	35%	(9%)						
Net income to Baidu Core (non-GAAP) ²	5,449	5,268	7,694	1,061	41%	46%						
Adjusted EBITDA ²	6,597	7,003	8,229	1,135	25%	18%						
Adjusted EBITDA margin	28%	30%	31%	31%								

Operational Highlights

Corporate

- Baidu launched ERNIE 3.5 in May 2023, which is the latest foundation model powering ERNIE Bot, Baidu's conversational AI bot. According to IDC's latest report on the technological abilities of AI models, issued in July 2023, ERNIE 3.5 excels in many areas, such as algorithm, industry coverage, developer tools, and ecosystem.
- Baidu earned a position in the China edition of the S&P Global Sustainability Yearbook, in recognizing its exceptional ESG scores. The selection stems from a comprehensive evaluation of 1,600 Chinese companies as part of the S&P Global 2022 Corporate Sustainability Assessment, underscoring Baidu's sustainability practices.

AI Cloud

- PaddlePaddle developer community grew to 8 million in mid-August, 2023. PaddlePaddle is Baidu's self-developed open-source deep learning framework.
- According to IDC's 2022 report on China's public cloud market, Baidu was once again ranked the No.1 AI Cloud provider in China, maintaining this position for the fourth consecutive year.

Intelligent Driving

• Apollo Go, Baidu's autonomous ride-hailing service, provided around 714K rides in the second quarter of 2023, up 149% year over year. As of June 30, 2023, the cumulative rides provided to the public by Apollo Go reached 3.3 million.

- Apollo Go received permits to offer fully driverless ride-hailing services to the public in Shenzhen Pingshan area in June. Apollo Go has now been granted permission to provide fully driverless ride-hailing services to the public in four cities, including Beijing, Shenzhen, Wuhan and Chongqing.
- Apollo Go received permits to conduct fully driverless testing on open roads in Shanghai Pudong area in July.

Other Growth Initiatives

• Xiaodu ranked No.1 in smart display shipments and smart speaker shipments in China for the first quarter of 2023, according to IDC and Canalys.

Mobile Ecosystem

- In June 2023, Baidu App's MAUs reached 677 million, up 8% year over year.
- Managed Page accounted for 52% of Baidu Core's online marketing revenue in the second quarter of 2023.

iQIYI

iQIYI's average daily number of total subscribing members for the quarter was 111.2 million, compared to 98.3 million for the second quarter of 2022 and 128.9 million for the first quarter of 2023.

Second Quarter 2023 Financial Results

Total revenues were RMB34.1 billion (\$4.70 billion), increasing 15% year over year.

- **Revenue from Baidu Core** was RMB26.4 billion (\$3.64 billion), increasing 14% year over year; **online marketing revenue** was RMB19.6 billion (\$2.71 billion), up 15% year over year, and **non-online marketing revenue** was RMB6.8 billion (\$937 million), up 12% year over year.
- **Revenue from iQIYI** was RMB7.8 billion (\$1.08 billion), increasing 17% year over year.

Cost of revenues was RMB16.2 billion(\$2.23 billion), increasing 7% year over year, primarily due to an increase in content costs and traffic acquisition costs.

Selling, general and administrative expenses were RMB6.3 billion (\$869 million), increasing 32% year over year, primarily due to an increase in channel spending and promotional marketing expenses.

Research and development expense was RMB6.4 billion (\$880 million), increasing 1% year over year, primarily due to an increase in server depreciation expenses and cloud related expenses which support ERNIE Bot research inputs, partially offset by the decrease in personnel related expenses.

Operating income was RMB5.2 billion (\$718 million). **Baidu Core operating income** was RMB4.6 billion (\$630 million), and **Baidu Core operating margin** was 17%. **Non-GAAP operating income** was RMB7.3 billion (\$1.01 billion). **Non-GAAP Baidu Core operating income** was RMB6.5 billion (\$899 million), and **non-GAAP Baidu Core operating margin** was 25%.

Total other income, net was RMB1.4 billion (\$189 million), increasing 807% year over year, primarily due to the increase in net foreign exchange gain and net interest income, partially offset by the increase of fair value loss from long-term investments.

Income tax expense was RMB1.3 billion (\$175 million), compared to RMB25 million in the same period last year. The lower level of income tax expense in the second quarter of 2022 is primarily due to the reversal of certain tax expenses based on the 2021 tax return. Apart from the reversal, the main reason for the increase of income tax expense is the increase in profit before tax year over year.

Net income attributable to Baidu was RMB5.2 billion (\$718 million), and diluted earnings per ADS was RMB14.17 (\$1.95). **Net income attributable to Baidu Core** was RMB5.0 billion (\$691 million), and net margin for Baidu Core was 19%. **Non-GAAP net income attributable to Baidu** was RMB8.0 billion (\$1.10 billion). **Non-GAAP diluted earnings per ADS** was RMB22.55 (\$3.11). **Non-GAAP net income attributable to Baidu Core** was 29%.

Adjusted EBITDA was RMB9.1 billion (\$1.26 billion) and adjusted EBITDA margin was 27%. Adjusted EBITDA for Baidu Core was RMB8.2 billion (\$1.14 billion) and adjusted EBITDA margin for Baidu Core was 31%.

As of June 30, 2023, **cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term investments** were RMB201.5 billion (\$27.79 billion), and **cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term investments excluding iQIYI** were RMB196.9 billion (\$27.15 billion). **Free cash flow** was RMB7.9 billion (\$1.09 billion), and **free cash flow excluding iQIYI** was RMB7.1 billion (\$973 million).

Conference Call Information

Baidu's management will hold an earnings conference call at 8 AM on August 22, 2023, U.S. Eastern Time (8 PM on August 22, 2023, Beijing Time).

Please register in advance of the conference call using the link provided below. It will automatically direct you to the registration page of "Baidu Inc Q2 2023 Earnings Conference Call". Please follow the steps to enter your registration details, then click "Register". Upon registering, you will then be provided with the dial-in number, the passcode, and your unique access PIN. This information will also be emailed to you as a calendar invite.

For pre-registration, please click

https://s1.c-conf.com/diamondpass/10032710-f851qv.html

In the 10 minutes prior to the call start time, you may use the conference access information (including dial-in number(s), the passcode and unique access PIN) provided in the calendar invite that you have received following your pre-registration.

Additionally, a live and archived webcast of this conference call will be available at https://ir.baidu.com.

About Baidu

Founded in 2000, Baidu's mission is to make the complicated world simpler through technology. Baidu is a leading AI company with strong Internet foundation, trading on NASDAQ under "BIDU" and HKEX under "9888". One Baidu ADS represents eight Class A ordinary shares.

Contacts

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Safe Harbor Statement

This announcement contains forward-looking statements. These statements are made under the "safe harbor" provisions of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forwardlooking statements can be identified by terminology such as "will," "expects," "anticipates," "future," "intends," "plans," "believes," "estimates," "confident" and similar statements. Among other things, Baidu's and other parties' strategic and operational plans, contain forward-looking statements. Baidu may also make written or oral forward-looking statements in its periodic reports to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, in announcements made on the website of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange"), in its annual report to shareholders, in press releases and other written materials and in oral statements made by its officers, directors or employees to third parties. Statements that are not historical facts, including but not limited to statements about Baidu's beliefs and expectations, are forwardlooking statements. Forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties. A number of factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forwardlooking statement, including but not limited to the following: Baidu's growth strategies; its future business development, including development of new products and services; its ability to attract and retain users and customers; competition in the Chinese Internet search and newsfeed market; competition for online marketing customers; changes in the Company's revenues and certain cost or expense items as a percentage of its revenues; the outcome of ongoing, or any future, litigation or arbitration, including those relating to intellectual property rights; the expected growth of the Chinese-language Internet search and newsfeed market and the number of Internet and broadband users in China; Chinese governmental policies relating to the Internet and Internet search providers, and general economic conditions in China and elsewhere. Further information regarding these and other risks is included in the Company's annual report on Form 20-F and other documents filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and announcements on the website of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Baidu does not undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statement, except as required under applicable law. All information provided in this press release and in the attachments is as of the date of the press release, and Baidu undertakes no duty to update such information, except as required under applicable law.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

To supplement Baidu's consolidated financial results presented in accordance with GAAP, Baidu uses the following non-GAAP financial measures: non-GAAP operating income (loss), non-GAAP operating margin, non-GAAP net income (loss) attributable to Baidu, non-GAAP net margin, non-GAAP diluted earnings per ADS, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin and free cash flow. The presentation of these non-GAAP financial measures is not intended to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the financial information prepared and presented in accordance with GAAP.

Baidu believes that these non-GAAP financial measures provide meaningful supplemental information regarding its performance and liquidity by excluding certain items that may not be indicative of its recurring core business operating results, such as operating performance excluding non-cash charges or non-operating in nature. The Company believes that both management and investors benefit from referring to these non-GAAP financial measures in assessing its performance and when planning and forecasting future periods. These non-GAAP financial measures also facilitate management's internal comparisons to Baidu's historical performance and liquidity. The Company believes these non-GAAP financial measures are useful to investors in allowing for greater transparency with respect to supplemental information used by management in its financial and operational decision making. A limitation of using these non-GAAP financial measures is that these non-GAAP measures exclude certain items that have been and will continue to be for the foreseeable future a significant component in the Company's results of operations. These non-GAAP financial measures presented here may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies. Other companies may calculate similarly titled measures differently, limiting their usefulness as comparative measures to the Company's data.

Non-GAAP operating income represents operating income excluding share-based compensation expenses, amortization and impairment of intangible assets resulting from business combinations.

Non-GAAP net income attributable to Baidu represents net income attributable to Baidu excluding share-based compensation expenses, amortization and impairment of intangible assets resulting from business combinations, disposal gain or loss, impairment of long-term investments, fair value change of long-term investments, adjusted for related income tax effects. Baidu's share of equity method investments for these non-GAAP reconciling items, amortization and impairment of intangible assets not on the investees' books, accretion of their redeemable non-controlling interests, and the gain or loss associated with the issuance of shares by the investees at a price higher or lower than the carrying value per share, adjusted for related income tax effects, are also excluded.

Non-GAAP diluted earnings per ADS represents diluted earnings per ADS calculated by dividing non-GAAP net income attributable to Baidu, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares expressed in ADS. Adjusted EBITDA represents operating income excluding depreciation, amortization and impairment of intangible assets resulting from business combinations, and sharebased compensation expenses.

For more information on non-GAAP financial measures, please see the tables captioned "Reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to the nearest comparable GAAP measure.

Baidu, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income

(In millions except for per share (or ADS) information, unaudited)

		Three Mon	ths Ended		Six	Months End	ded		
	June 30,	March 31,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,		
	2022 RMB	2023 RMB	2023 RMB	2023 US\$ ⁽²⁾	2022 RMB	2023 RMB	2023 US\$ ⁽²⁾		
	KIVID	KIVID	RIVID	υδφ	KIVID	NIVID	050		
Revenues:									
Online marketing services	18,268	17,972	21,081	2,907	35,197	39,053	5,386		
Others	11,379	13,172	12,975	1,790	22,861	26,147	3,606		
Total revenues	29,647	31,144	34,056	4,697	58,058	65,200	8,992		
Costs and expenses:									
Cost of revenues ⁽¹⁾	15,171	15,152	16,167	2,230	30,717	31,319	4,319		
Selling, general and									
administrative ⁽¹⁾	4,784	5,589	6,298	869	9,440	11,887	1,639		
Research and development ⁽¹⁾	6,292	5,423	6,381	880	11,900	11,804	1,628		
Total costs and expenses	26,247	26,164	28,846	3,979	52,057	55,010	7,586		
Operating income	3,400	4,980	5,210	718	6,001	10,190	1,406		
Other income (loss):									
Interest income	1,525	1,915	1,948	269	2,979	3,863	533		
Interest expense	(741)	(804)	(817)	(113)	(1,451)	(1,621)	(224)		
Foreign exchange									
(loss) gain, net	(329)	(106)	1,176	162	(340)	1,070	148		
Share of losses from									
equity method investments	(603)	(48)	(383)	(53)	(1,011)	(431)	(59)		
Others, net	299	1,638	(555)	(76)	(2,987)	1,083	149		
Total other income (loss), net	151	2,595	1,369	189	(2,810)	3,964	547		
Income before income taxes	3,551	7,575	6,579	907	3,191	14,154	1,953		
Income tax expense	25	1,193	1,270	175	416	2,463	340		
Net income	3,526	6,382	5,309	732	2,775	11,691	1,613		
Net (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(111)	557	99	14	23	656	90		
Net income attributable									
to Baidu	3,637	5,825	5,210	718	2,752	11,035	1,523		

		Three Mon	ths Ended		Six Months Ended						
	June 30, 2022	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2023				
	RMB	RMB	RMB	US \$ ⁽²⁾	RMB	RMB	US \$ ⁽²⁾				
Earnings per ADS											
(1 ADS representing 8											
Class A ordinary shares):											
— Basic	10.06	16.17	14.34	1.98	7.23	30.55	4.21				
— Diluted	9.97	15.92	14.17	1.95	7.15	30.05	4.14				
Earnings per share for											
Class A and Class B ordinary											
shares:											
— Basic	1.26	2.02	1.79	0.25	0.91	3.82	0.53				
— Diluted	1.25	1.99	1.77	0.24	0.89	3.76	0.52				
Weighted average number of											
Class A and Class B ordinary											
shares outstanding											
(in millions):											
— Basic	2,780	2,798	2,804	2,804	2,773	2,801	2,801				
— Diluted	2,811	2,837	2,834	2,834	2,806	2,836	2,836				
(1) Includes share-based compen	sation expen	ses as follows:									
Cost of revenues	85	98	194	27	167	292	40				
Selling, general and											
administrative	443	463	446	62	820	909	124				
Research and development	1,493	828	1,403	193	2,357	2,231	309				
Total share-based											
compensation expenses	2,021	1,389	2,043	282	3,344	3,432	473				

(2) All translations from RMB to U.S. dollars are made at a rate of RMB7.2513 to US\$1.00, the exchange rate in effect as of June 30, 2023 as set forth in the H.10 statistical release of The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Baidu, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (In millions, unaudited)

	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2023
	RMB	RMB	US\$
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	53,156	42,060	5,800
Restricted cash	11,330	11,325	1,562
Short-term investments, net	120,839	148,095	20,423
Accounts receivable, net	11,733	11,624	1,603
Amounts due from related parties	5,432	4,806	663
Other current assets, net	10,360	10,864	1,498
Total current assets	212,850	228,774	31,549
Non-current assets:			
Fixed assets, net	23,973	24,312	3,353
Licensed copyrights, net	6,841	6,463	891
Produced content, net	13,002	12,722	1,754
Intangible assets, net	1,254	1,064	147
Goodwill	22,477	22,586	3,115
Long-term investments, net	55,297	53,153	7,330
Long-term time deposits and			
held-to-maturity investments	23,629	24,147	3,330
Amounts due from related parties	60	176	24
Deferred tax assets, net	2,129	1,906	263
Operating lease right-of-use assets	10,365	10,446	1,441
Other non-current assets	19,096	20,573	2,837
Total non-current assets	178,123	177,548	24,485
Total assets	390,973	406,322	56,034

	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2023
	RMB	RMB	US\$
LIABILITIES, REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS AND EQUITY Current liabilities:			
Short-term loans	5,343	8,479	1,169
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	38,014	36,046	4,971
Customer deposits and deferred revenue	13,116	14,588	2,012
Deferred income	72	138	19
Long-term loans, current portion	_	31	4
Convertible senior notes, current portion	8,305	23	3
Notes payable, current portion	6,904	13,410	1,849
Amounts due to related parties	5,067	5,067	699
Operating lease liabilities	2,809	2,916	402
Total current liabilities	79,630	80,698	11,128
Non-current liabilities:			
Deferred income	159	106	15
Deferred revenue	331	423	58
Amounts due to related parties	99	88	12
Long-term loans	13,722	14,421	1,989
Notes payable	39,893	35,745	4,929
Convertible senior notes	9,568	11,447	1,579
Deferred tax liabilities	2,898	2,992	413
Operating lease liabilities	4,810	4,794	661
Other non-current liabilities	2,058	2,154	297
Total non-current liabilities	73,538	72,170	9,953
Total liabilities	153,168	152,868	21,081
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	8,393	9,088	1,253
Equity			
Total Baidu shareholders' equity	223,478	235,643	32,497
Noncontrolling interests	5,934	8,723	1,203
Total equity	229,412	244,366	33,700
Total liabilities, redeemable noncontrolling			
interests, and equity	390,973	406,322	56,034

Baidu, Inc. Selected Information (In millions, unaudited)

			nths end 022 (RM		Three months ended March 31, 2023 (RMB)			Three months ended June 30, 2023 (RMB)				Three months ended June 30, 2023 (US\$)				
	Baidu Core	iQIYI	$\mathop{\rm Elim}_{\rm adj^{(2)}}\&$	Baidu, Inc.	Baidu Core	iQIYI	Elim & adj ⁽²⁾	Baidu, Inc.	Baidu Core	iQIYI	Elim & adj ⁽²⁾	Baidu, Inc.	Baidu Core	iQIYI	Elim & adj ⁽²⁾	Baidu, Inc.
Total revenues YOY QOQ	23,160	6,657	(170)	29,647	22,998	8,349	(203)	31,144	26,407 14% 15%	7,802 17% (7%)	(153)	34,056 15% 9%	3,642	1,076	(21)	4,697
Costs and expenses: Cost of revenues ⁽¹⁾ Selling, general and	10,114	5,248	(191)	15,171	9,379	5,956	(183)	15,152	10,553	5,774	(160)	16,167	1,456	796	(22)	2,230
administrative ⁽¹⁾ Research and	3,990	801	(7)	4,784	4,533	1,106	(50)	5,589	5,344	979	(25)	6,298	737	135	(3)	869
development ⁽¹⁾	5,810	482		6,292	4,995	428		5,423	5,942	439		6,381	819	61		880
Total costs and expenses	19,914	6,531	(198)	26,247	18,907	7,490	(233)	26,164	21,839	7,192	(185)	28,846	3,012	992	(25)	3,979
YOY Cost of revenues Selling, general and administrative									4% 34%	10% 22%		7% 32%				
Research and development Costs and expenses									2% 10%	(9%) 10%		1% 10%				
Operating income YOY QOQ	3,246	126	28	3,400	4,091	859	30	4,980	4,568 41% 12%	610 384% (29%)	32	5,210 53% 5%	630	84	4	718
Operating margin	14%	2%		11%	18%	10%		16%	17%	8%		15%				
Add: total other income (loss), net Less: income tax	442	(291)	_	151	2,803	(208)	_	2,595	1,603	(234)	_	1,369	221	(32)	_	189
(benefit) expense Less: net (loss) income	(11)	36	—	25	1,168	25	—	1,193	1,262	8	—	1,270	174	1	—	175
attributable to NCI	(17)	13	(107) ⁽³⁾	(111)	213	8	336(3)	557	(103)	3		99	(14)		28^{(3)}	14
Net income (loss) attributable to Baidu	3,716	(214)	135	3,637	5,513	618	(306)	5,825	5,012	365	(167)	5,210		51	(24)	
YOY QOQ Net margin	16%	(3%)		12%	24%	7%		19%	35% (9%) 19%	(41%) 5%		43% (11%) 15%				

			nths ende 022 (RMF		Three months ended March 31, 2023 (RMB))	Three months ended June 30, 2023 (RMB)				Three months ended June 30, 2023 (US\$)			
	Baidu Core	iQIYI	Elim & 1 adj ⁽²⁾	Baidu, Inc.	Baidu Core	iQIYI	Elim & Ba adj ⁽²⁾	idu, Inc.	Baidu Core	iQIYI	Elim & adj ⁽²⁾	Baidu, Inc.	Baidu Core	iQIYI	Elim & adj ⁽²⁾	Baidu, Inc.
Non-GAAP financial measures:																
Operating income (non-GAAP) YOY QOQ Operating margin	5,121	344		5,493	5,363	1,035		,428	6,516 27% 21%	786 128% (24%)		7,334 34% 14%	899	108		1,011
(non-GAAP)	22%	5%		19%	23%	12%		21%	25%	10%		22%				
Net income attributable to Baidu (non-GAAP) YOY QOQ	5,449	79 1%		5,541 19%	5,268 23%	940 11%		,727 18%	7,694 41% 46% 29%	595 653% (37%) 8%		7,998 44% 40% 23%	1,061	82		1,103
Net margin (non-GAAP)	24%												1 1 2 5	110		1
Adjusted EBITDA YOY QOQ	6,597	429		7,054	7,003	1,112		,145	8,229 25% 18%	855 99% (23%)		9,116 29% 12%	1,135	118		1,257
Adjusted EBITDA margin	28%	6%		24%	30%	13%		26%	31%	11%		27%				
(1) Includes share-	based	compe	nsation a	as folle	ows:											
Cost of revenues Selling, general	49	36		85	65	33		98	160	34		194	22	5		27
and administrative	339	104		443	377	86		463	356	90		446	50	12		62
Research and development	1,431	62		1,493	778	50	_	828	1,358	45		1,403	187	6		193
Total share-based compensation	1,819	202		2,021	1,220	169	1	,389	1,874	169		2,043	259	23		282

(2) Relates to intersegment eliminations and adjustments.

(3) Relates to the net income/(loss) attributable to iQIYI noncontrolling interests.

Baidu, Inc. **Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

(In millions, unaudited)

	Three months ended June 30, 2022 (RMB)			Three months ended March 31, 2023 (RMB)				months 0, 2023 (Three months ended June 30, 2023 (US\$)		
	Baidu excl. iQIYI	iQIYI	Baidu, Inc.	Baidu excl. iQIYI	iQIYI	Baidu, Inc.	Baidu excl. iQIYI	iQIYI	Baidu, Inc.	Baidu excl. iQIYI	iQIYI	Baidu, Inc.
Net cash provided by operating activities Net cash (used in) provided	7,658	48	7,706	4,838	1,002	5,840	9,746	886	10,632	1,344	122	1,466
by investing activities Net cash provided by (used in)	(3,027)	(653)	(3,680)	(32,816)	167	(32,649)	7,309	(421)	6,888	1,008	(58)	950
financing activities Effect of exchange rate changes	877	(334)	543	1,055	(3,357)	(2,302)	1,908	(1,176)	732	263	(162)	101
on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	1,230	75	1,305	(96)	(9)	(105)	496	128	624	68	18	86
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and												
restricted cash Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	6,738	(864)	5,874	(27,019)	(2,197)	(29,216)	19,459	(583)	18,876	2,683	(80)	2,603
At beginning of period At end of period	43,924 50,662	3,883 3,019	47,807 53,681	57,374 30,355	7,862 5,665	65,236 36,020	30,355 49,814	5,665 5,082	36,020 54,896	4,186 6,869	781 701	4,967 7,570
Net cash provided by operating activities	7,658	48	7,706	4,838	1,002	5,840	9,746	886	10,632	1,344	122	1,466
Less: Capital expenditures	(2,124)	(66)	(2,190)	(1,295)		(1,295)	(2,693)	(13)	(2,706)	(371)	(2)	(373)
Free cash flow	5,534	(18)	5,516	3,543	1,002	4,545	7,053	873	7,926	973	120	1,093

Note: Baidu excl. iQIYI represents Baidu, Inc. minus iQIYI's consolidated cash flows.

Baidu, Inc.

Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Financial Measures to the Nearest Comparable GAAP Measures

(In millions except for per ADS information, unaudited)

	Three months ended June 30, 2022 (RMB)			Three months ended March 31, 2023 (RMB)				months 0, 2023 (Three months ended June 30, 2023 (US\$)		
	Baidu Core	iQIYI	Baidu, Inc.	Baidu Core	iQIYI	Baidu, Inc.	Baidu Core	iQIYI	Baidu, Inc.	Baidu Core	iQIYI	Baidu, Inc.
Operating income Add: Share-based compensation	3,246	126	3,400	4,091	859	4,980	4,568	610	5,210	630	84	718
expenses Add: Amortization and impairment of intangible	1,819	202	2,021	1,220	169	1,389	1,874	169	2,043	259	23	282
assets ⁽¹⁾	56	16	72	52	7	59	74	7	81	10	1	11
Operating income (non-GAAP)	5,121	344	5,493	5,363	1,035	6,428	6,516	786	7,334	899	108	1,011
Add: Depreciation of fixed assets	1,476	85	1,561	1,640	77	1,717	1,713	69	1,782	236	10	246
Adjusted EBITDA	6,597	429	7,054	7,003	1,112	8,145	8,229	855	9,116	1,135	118	1,257
Net income (loss) attributable to	2.51((014)	2 (25	E E10	(10	5 005	E 010	265	E 010	(01	51	=10
Baidu Add: Share-based compensation	3,716	(214)	3,637	5,513	618	5,825	5,012	365	5,210	691	51	718
expenses	1,815	202	1,916	1,220	169	1,297	1,872	169	1,949	258	23	269
Add: Amortization and impairment of intangible		202	1,910	,	107	1,277	1,072	10)	,	250	23	20)
assets ⁽¹⁾	50	16	59	49	7	53	61	7	65	8	1	9
Add: Disposal (gain) Add: Impairment of long-term	(25)	—	(25)	(217)		(217)	(919)	(89)	(959)	(127)	(12)	(132)
investments Add: Fair value (gain) loss of	222	11	228	31	119	85	270	155	340	38	21	47
long-term investments Add: Reconciling items on equity	(547)	2	(546)	(1,312)	10	(1,307)	1,239	(4)	1,237	171	(1)	171
method investments ⁽²⁾	403	60	455	(122)	18	(114)	296	(9)	292	41	(1)	40
Add: Charitable donation from Baidu ⁽⁴⁾	136	_	136	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Add: Tax effects on non-GAAP adjustments ⁽³⁾	(321)	2	(319)	106	(1)	105	(137)	1	(136)	(19)		(19)
Net income attributable to Baidu (non-GAAP)	5,449	79	5,541	5,268	940	5,727	7,694	595	7,998	1,061	82	1,103

	Three months ended June 30, 2022 (RMB)			months 31, 2023		• •	months 60, 2023		Three months ended June 30, 2023 (US\$)			
	Baidu Core	iQIYI	Baidu, Inc.	Baidu Core	iQIYI	Baidu, Inc.	Baidu Core	iQIYI	Baidu, Inc.	Baidu Core	iQIYI	Baidu, Inc.
Diluted earnings per ADS Add: Accretion of the redeemable			9.97			15.92			14.17			1.95
noncontrolling interests Add: Non-GAAP adjustments			0.39			0.46			0.50			0.07
to earnings per ADS			5.43			(0.28)			7.88			1.09
Diluted earnings per ADS (non-GAAP)			15.79			16.10			22.55			3.11

(1) This represents amortization and impairment of intangible assets resulting from business combinations.

(2) This represents Baidu's share of equity method investments for other non-GAAP reconciling items, amortization and impairment of intangible assets not on the investee's books, accretion of their redeemable noncontrolling interests, and the gain or loss associated with the issuance of shares by the investees at a price higher or lower than the carrying value per share.

(3) This represents tax impact of all non-GAAP adjustments.

(4) This represents non-recurring charitable donation to discrete events.

Reconciliation between U.S. GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards

Ernst & Young was engaged by the Company to conduct limited assurance engagement in accordance with International Standards on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" ("ISAE 3000 (Revised)") issued by the International Federation of Accountants ("IFAC") on the 'Reconciliation between U.S. GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards' as set out on pages 20 to 25 of the 2023 Second Quarter Results (together, the "GAAP Difference Reconciliation").

Ernst & Young's engagement did not involve independent examination of any of the underlying financial information. The work carried out in accordance with ISAE 3000 (Revised) is different in scope from an audit or a review conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing or International Standards on Review Engagements issued by the IFAC and consequently, Ernst & Young did not express an audit opinion nor a review conclusion on the GAAP Difference Reconciliation. Ernst & Young's engagement was intended solely for the use of the Directors in connection with the above purpose for this 2023 Second Quarter Results and may not be suitable for another purpose.

The procedures performed by Ernst & Young were based on their professional judgment, having regard to their understanding of the management's process on preparing the GAAP Difference Reconciliation, nature, business performance and financial information of the Company and its subsidiaries ("**the Group**"). Given the circumstances of the engagement, the procedures performed included:

- (i) Comparing the relevant financial information in the columns "Amounts as reported under U.S. GAAP" as disclosed in the GAAP Difference Reconciliation with the respective line items in the Group's unaudited interim condensed consolidated statement of income for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as at June 30, 2023 (the "Interim Financial Statements") prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (the "U.S. GAAP"), as appropriate;
- (ii) Evaluating the assessment made by the board of directors in identifying the differences between the accounting policies in accordance with the U.S. GAAP and the International Financial Reporting Standards (the "IFRSs"), and the evidence supporting the adjustments made in arriving at the "Amounts under IFRSs" as disclosed in the GAAP Difference Reconciliation; and
- (iii) Checking the arithmetic accuracy of the computation of the Group's financial information in the columns "Amounts under IFRSs" as disclosed in the GAAP Difference Reconciliation.

The procedures performed by Ernst & Young in this limited assurance engagement vary in nature and timing from, and are less in extent than for a reasonable assurance engagement. Consequently, the level of assurance obtained in a limited assurance engagement is substantially lower than the assurance that would have been obtained had a reasonable assurance engagement been performed. Accordingly, Ernst & Young do not express a reasonable assurance opinion. Based on the procedures performed and evidence obtained, Ernst & Young has concluded that nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe:

- (i) the amounts in the columns "Amounts as reported under U.S. GAAP" as disclosed in the GAAP Difference Reconciliation for the six months ended June 30, 2023 are not, in all material respects, in agreement with the respective line items in the Interim Financial Statements prepared in accordance with the U.S. GAAP;
- (ii) the IFRSs adjustments as disclosed in the GAAP Difference Reconciliation, do not reflect, in all material respects, the different accounting treatments according to the Group's accounting policies in accordance with the U.S. GAAP and the IFRSs of the relevant period; and
- (iii) The computation of the amounts in the columns "Amounts under IFRSs" as disclosed in the GAAP Difference Reconciliation are not arithmetically accurate.

Reconciliation between U.S. GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards

The condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, which differ in certain respects from IFRSs. The effects of material differences on each financial statements line items affected between the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group prepared under U.S. GAAP and IFRSs are as follows.

Reconciliation of Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Extract)

		For the six months ended June 30, 2022									
	Amounts as			IF	RS adjustment	s					
	reported	Investments	Investments	Equity		Redeemable					
	under U.S.	in debt	measured at	method	Operating	preferred	Share-based	Convertible	Amounts		
	GAAP	securities	fair value	investments	leases	shares	compensation	senior notes	under IFRSs		
		(Note (i))	(Note (ii))	(Note (iii))	(Note (iv))	(Note (v))	(Note (vi))	(Note (vii))			
				(R	MB in millions	;)					
Cost of revenues	30,717	—	_	_	(100)	_	(9)	_	30,608		
Selling, general and administrative	9,440	_	_	_	(16)	_	(18)	_	9,406		
Research and development	11,900	_	_	_	(21)	_	(275)	_	11,604		
Other income (loss):											
- Interest income	2,979	(1,101)	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,878		
— Interest expense	(1,451)	_	_	_	(153)	_	_	223	(1,381)		
- Others, net/Share of losses from											
equity method investments	(3,998)	1,119	(122)	(122)		(548)		(702)	(4,373)		
Income before income taxes	3,191	18	(122)	(122)	(16)	(548)	302	(479)	2,224		
Income taxes	416	11	(10)	30	(2)	32	38		515		
Net income	2,775	7	(112)	(152)	(14)	(580)	264	(479)	1,709		
Less: net income (loss) attributable to											
noncontrolling interests	23		(38)	32	5	1	71	(239)	(145)		
Net income attributable to Baidu, Inc.	2,752	7	(74)	(184)	(19)	(581)	193	(240)	1,854		

Reconciliation of Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Extract)

		For the six months ended June 30, 2023							
	Amounts as reported under U.S. GAAP	IFRS adjustments							
		Investments in debt securities	Investments measured at fair value	Equity method investments	Operating leases	Redeemable preferred shares	Share-based compensation	Convertible senior notes	Amounts under IFRSs
		(Note (i))	(Note (ii))	(Note (iii))	(Note (iv))	(Note (v))	(Note (vi))	(Note (vii))	
				(R	MB in millions))			
Cost of revenues	31,319	_	_	_	(63)	_	(87)	_	31,169
Selling, general and administrative	11,887	_	_	_	(46)	_	(50)	_	11,791
Research and development	11,804	—	—	_	(25)	_	(423)	_	11,356
Other income (loss):									
- Interest income	3,863	(950)	—	_	_	—	—	_	2,913
- Interest expense	(1,621)	_	—	_	(208)	—	—	470	(1,359)
- Others, net/Share of losses from									
equity method investments	652	1,185	239	(873)		(368)		(5,067)	(4,232)
Income before income taxes	14,154	235	239	(873)	(74)	(368)	560	(4,597)	9,276
Income taxes	2,463	40	19	—	(48)	15	15	_	2,504
Net income	11,691	195	220	(873)	(26)	(383)	545	(4,597)	6,772
Less: net income (loss) attributable to									
noncontrolling interests	656		36	28	3	_	49	(2,509)	(1,737)
Net income attributable to Baidu, Inc.	11,035	195	184	(901)	(29)	(383)	496	(2,088)	8,509

Reconciliation of Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Extract)

		As of December 31, 2022 IFRS adjustments							
	Amounts as								
	reported under U.S. GAAP	Investments in debt securities	Investments measured at fair value	Equity method investments	Operating leases	Redeemable preferred shares	Share-Based compensation	Convertible senior notes	Amounts under IFRSs
		(Note (i))	(Note (ii))	(Note (iii))	(Note (iv))	(Note (v))	(Note (vi))	(Note (vii))	
				(R	RMB in millions	5)			
Short-term investments, net	120,839	38	_	_	_	—	-	_	120,877
Long-term investments, net	55,297	—	1,280	(2,009)	—	—	—	—	54,568
Long-term time deposits and									
held-to-maturity investments	23,629	(111)	_	—	—	—	_	_	23,518
Operating lease right-of-use assets	10,365	_	_	—	(179)	_	_	_	10,186
Deferred tax assets, net	2,129						64		2,210
Total assets	390,973	(73)	1,280	(2,009)	(162)		64		390,073
Redeemable preferred shares	_	_	_	_	_	7,813	_	_	7,813
Convertible senior notes	17,873	_	_	_	_	_	_	(3,897)	13,976
Deferred tax liabilities	2,898	(10)	88	(10)		83			3,049
Total liabilities	153,168	(10)	88	(10)		7,896		(3,897)	157,235
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	8,393	_	_	_	_	(8,393)	_	_	_
Total Baidu, Inc. shareholders' equity	223,478	(63)	1,012	(1,973)	(140)	336	64	1,953	224,667
Noncontrolling interests	5,934		180	(26)	(22)	161		1,944	8,171
Total equity	229,412	(63)	1,192	(1,999)	(162)	497	64	3,897	232,838

Reconciliation of Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Extract)

		As of June 30, 2023							
	Amounts as	IFRS adjustments							
	reported under U.S. GAAP	Investments in debt securities	Investments measured at fair value	Equity method investments	Operating leases	Redeemable preferred shares	Share-Based compensation	Convertible senior notes	Amounts under IFRSs
		(Note (i))	(Note (ii))	(Note (iii))	(Note (iv))	(Note (v))	(Note (vi))	(Note (vii))	
				(R	RMB in millions	5)			
Short-term investments, net	148,095	135	_	_	_	_	-	_	148,230
Long-term investments, net	53,153	—	1,507	(1,775)	—	—	—	—	52,885
Long-term time deposits and									
held-to-maturity investments	24,147	29	_	—	—	—	_	_	24,176
Operating lease right-of-use assets	10,446	_	_	—	(254)	—	_	_	10,192
Deferred tax assets, net	1,906				64		49		2,019
Total assets	406,322	164	1,507	(1,775)	(190)		49		406,077
Redeemable preferred shares	_	_	_	_	_	8,556	_	_	8,556
Convertible senior notes	11,470	_	_	_	_	_	_	700	12,170
Deferred tax liabilities	2,992	32	107			128			3,259
Total liabilities	152,868	32	107			8,684		700	162,391
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	9,088	_	_		_	(9,088)		_	_
Total Baidu, Inc. shareholders' equity	235,643	132	1,147	(1,775)	(166)	242	49	(318)	234,954
Noncontrolling interests	8,723		253		(24)	162		(382)	8,732
Total equity	244,366	132	1,400	(1,775)	(190)	404	49	(700)	243,686

Notes:

(i) Investments in debt securities

Under U.S. GAAP, the classification and measurement of debt securities are based on the entity's investment intent. Debt securities that the Group has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity (HTM) and measured at amortized cost. Debt securities that are bought and held principally for the purpose of selling them in the near term are classified as trading securities and measured at fair value through profit or loss. Debt securities that are not classified as trading or as HTM are classified as available-for-sale (AFS) and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (loss).

Under IFRSs, the classification and measurement of debt instruments, including debt securities, depends on the instrument's contractual cash flow (CCF) characteristics and the business model under which they are managed. The assessment of the CCF determines whether the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Debt securities are measured at amortized cost if they pass the CCF characteristics test and are held with the objective of collecting CCF. Debt securities are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (loss) if they pass the CCF characteristics test and are held with the objective of at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income (loss) is measured at fair value through profit or loss.

(ii) Investments measured at fair value

Under U.S. GAAP, for equity securities without a readily determinable fair value and does not qualify for the net asset value per share practical expedient, the Group elected to use the measurement alternative to measure these investments at cost, less any impairment, plus or minus changes resulting from observable price changes in orderly transactions for identical or a similar investment of the same issuer, if any.

Available-for-sale debt investments are convertible debt instruments issued by private companies and investments in preferred shares that are currently redeemable at the Group's option. Under U.S. GAAP, these available-for-sale debt investments are measured at fair value. Interest income is recognized in earnings. All other changes in the carrying amount of these debt investments are recognized in other comprehensive income (loss).

Under IFRSs, these investments were classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized through profit or loss.

(iii) Equity method investments

The Group as the investor has equity method investees with their financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Under IFRS, the accounting policies of the equity method investees must be the same as those of the investor. Therefore, adjustments were made to the financial statements of the investees, from U.S. GAAP to IFRSs, to conform with the accounting policies of the Group.

(iv) Operating leases

Under U.S. GAAP, at lease commencement date, the Group classifies a lease as a finance lease or an operating lease. For operating leases, the subsequent measurement of the lease liability is based on the present value of the remaining lease payments using the discount rate determined at lease commencement, while the right-of-use asset is remeasured at the amount of the lease liability, adjusted for the remaining balance of any lease incentives received, cumulative prepaid or accrued rents, unamortized initial direct costs and any impairment. This treatment under US GAAP generally results in expenses being incurred on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Under IFRSs, all leases are accounted for like finance leases under U.S. GAAP where right-of-use assets are generally depreciated on a straight-line basis while lease liabilities are measured under the effective interest method, which results in higher expenses at the beginning of the lease term and lower expenses towards the end of the lease term.

(v) Redeemable preferred shares

Under U.S. GAAP, the Group classified the redeemable preferred shares in redeemable noncontrolling interests (mezzanineequity), in the consolidated balance sheets, initially recorded at fair value, net of issuance costs. The Group elects to use the effective interest method to account for the changes of redemption value over the period from the date of issuance to the earliest redemption date of the preferred shares.

Under IFRSs, these investments were classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized through profit or loss. The amounts of changes in fair value of the redeemable preferred shares that were attributed to changes in credit risk of the redeemable preferred shares were recognized in other comprehensive income (loss).

(vi) Share-based compensation

Under U.S. GAAP, the Group has elected to recognize share-based compensation using the straight-line method for all sharebased awards issued with no performance obligations. Under U.S. GAAP, the Group has elected to determine the total fair value of the share options by estimating the value of the option subject to graded vesting as a single award using an average expected life.

Under IFRSs, the accelerated method is required to recognize compensation expense for all employee equity awards granted with graded vesting. Under IFRSs, the total fair value of the share options is required to be determined by estimating the value of each vesting tranche separately using a separate expected life.

(vii) Convertible senior notes

Under U.S. GAAP, the convertible debts are measured at amortized cost, with any difference between the initial carrying value and the repayment amount recognized as interest expenses using the effective interest method over the period from the issuance date to the maturity date.

Under IFRSs, the convertible debts were designated as at fair value through profit or loss such that the convertible debts were initially recognized at fair values. Subsequent to initial recognition, the amounts of changes in fair value of the convertible debts were generally recognized in the profit or loss, other than the portion that were attributable to changes in credit risk of the convertible debts recognized in other comprehensive income (loss).