

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (stock code: 1002)







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# **Corporate Profile**

V.S. International Group Limited ("Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") are principally engaged in the manufacturing and sale of plastic moulded products and parts, assembling of electronic products and moulds design and fabrication.

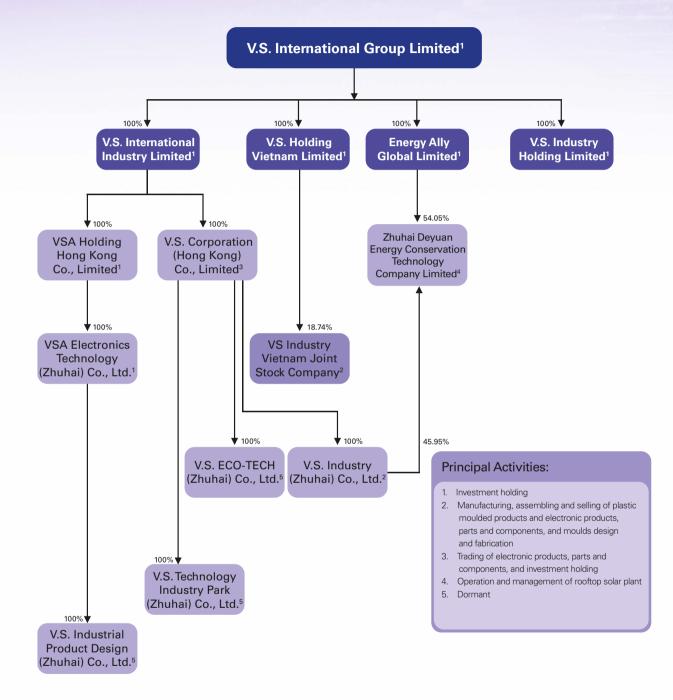
The Group commenced its business in 1997 in Shenzhen, the People's Republic of China ("PRC") and was listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") in February 2002. The Company is a subsidiary of V.S. Industry Berhad, a company incorporated in Malaysia with limited liability, the shares of which are listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

The Group's main production facility is located at Zhuhai in the PRC. In addition, it has an associated company in Hanoi, Vietnam, which is also principally engaged in the manufacturing and sale of plastic moulded products and parts, assembling of electronic products and moulds design and fabrication.

The Group is a leading integrated electronics manufacturing services ("EMS") provider, and together with its holding company, V.S. Industry Berhad has become one of the world's top 50 EMS providers.

# **Corporate Structure**

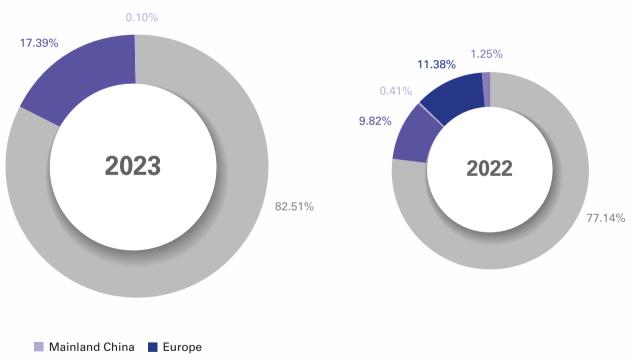
As of 25 September 2023



# **Financial Highlights**

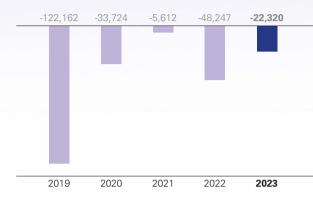
| Key Financial Data              | 2023     | 2022     | 2021    | 2020    | 2019    |
|---------------------------------|----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|
|                                 | RMB'000  | RMB'000  | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Total equity                    | 279,302  | 301,955  | 350,802 | 356,714 | 391,338 |
| Total assets                    | 331,707  | 368,536  | 491,956 | 629,340 | 727,592 |
| Total liabilities               | 52,405   | 66,581   | 141,154 | 272,626 | 336,254 |
| Net (cash)/borrowings           | (50,349) | (37,193) | (1,786) | 7,838   | 72,572  |
| Capital expenditure             | -        | 257      | 546     | 7,345   | 25,817  |
| Gearing ratio (net) (%)         | N/A      | N/A      | N/A     | 1.25%   | 9.97%   |
| Finance costs over turnover (%) | 1.19%    | 1.83%    | 2.43%   | 2.30%   | 2.43%   |

## Sales Breakdown by Geographical Locations



- Hong Kong United States of America
- South East Asia

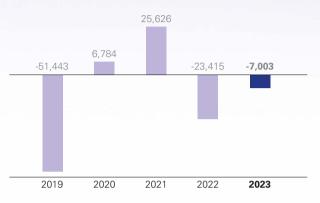
15.06



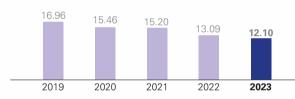
## Loss Attributable to Owners (RMB'000)

## EBITDA (RMB'000)

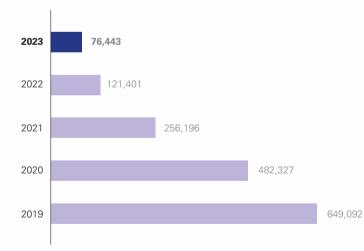
((Loss)/earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation)



## Net Tangible Assets Per Share (RMB cents)



## Sales Breakdown by Business Segments (RMB'000)



| (RMB'000)                         | 2023   | 2022   | 2021    | 2020    | 2019    |
|-----------------------------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|
| Plastic injection and moulding    | 52,247 | 88,911 | 154,099 | 158,115 | 356,006 |
| Assembling of electronic products | 20,026 | 29,430 | 95,732  | 301,160 | 250,503 |
| Mould design and fabrication      | 4,170  | 3,060  | 6,365   | 23,052  | 42,583  |

12.42

**Gross Profit Margin (%)** 



21.20

# **Chairman's Statement**

#### **Dear Shareholders**

On behalf of the board ("Board") of directors ("Directors"), I hereby present the Company's annual report ("Annual Report") together with the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the financial year ended 31 July 2023.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

During the financial year, the Group continued to implement its strategies to focus on costs control.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Group's revenue for the financial year was RMB76.44 million as compared to RMB121.40 million in the previous financial year, representing a decrease of 37.03%. The Group's gross profit increased from RMB10.17 million to RMB11.51 million and the gross profit margin increased from 8.38% to 15.06%. Loss attributable to owners of the Company recorded at RMB22.32 million as compared to loss of RMB48.25 million in the previous financial year.

#### DIVIDENDS

The Board does not recommend any payment of dividend for the financial year ended 31 July 2023 (2022: Nil) at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. The Company is not aware of any arrangement under which a shareholder has waived or agreed to waive any dividends.

## FUTURE PROSPECTS AND CHALLENGES

The rising in inflation rate and fear of global recession causing uncertainty in world economy.

The Group will continue to streamline its operation and formulate a stronger financial position with a light asset operation and lower geared structure and higher liquidity. By way of adopting a light assets and cost model, the Group should be able to improve its operational flexibility, reduce its debts and minimise the adverse impact on the business operation. In addition, the Group will look for any possible ways to optimise the utilization of the existing property, plant and equipment including leasing of the idle facilities.

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my sincere appreciation and gratitude to the Company's shareholders, bankers, customers, suppliers, business associates and regulatory authorities for their confidence and continuous support to the Group. I also wish to take this opportunity to thank my fellow directors, the management team, staff and employees for their full commitment, loyalty and dedication to the Group, which enabled us to overcome the challenges encountered during the year.

By order of the Board V.S. International Group Limited Beh Kim Ling Chairman

## **Management Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations**

#### INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

During the financial year, the Group continued to implement its strategies to focus on costs control.

#### FINANCIAL REVIEW

#### Revenue, Gross Profit and Segment Results

During the financial year, the Group recorded a revenue of RMB76.44 million, representing a decrease of RMB44.96 million or 37.03% from RMB121.40 million in the previous year. The major contributor of the Group's revenue was plastic injection and moulding division which accounted for 68.35% (2022: 73.24%) of the Group's revenue, and the remaining from assembling of electronic products division and mould design and fabrication division, which accounted for 26.19% (2022: 24.24%) and 5.46% (2022: 2.52%) of the Group's revenue respectively.

Gross profit increased by RMB1.34 million and recorded at RMB11.51 million, representing 15.06% of its revenue during the financial year as compared to gross profit of RMB10.17 million, representing 8.38% of its revenue in the previous year.

#### Plastic Injection and Moulding

The Group recorded a revenue of RMB52.25 million for this segment, representing a decrease of RMB36.66 million or 41.23% as compared to RMB88.91 million for the corresponding financial year in 2022 mainly due to the decrease in the sales orders in the PRC by two existing customers.

#### Assembling of Electronic Products

This segment recorded a revenue of RMB20.02 million, representing a decrease of RMB9.41 million or 31.97% from RMB29.43 million for the corresponding financial year in 2022. The drop in revenue was mainly due to a drop in the amount of orders in Europe and the United States of America placed by a customer that diversified its supply chain and reduced its supply from the PRC.

#### Mould Design and Fabrication

The mould design and fabrication segment recorded a revenue of RMB4.17 million, representing an increase of RMB1.11 million or 36.27% as compared to RMB3.06 million for the corresponding financial year in 2022 due to the increase in the sales orders by an existing customer.

#### Other Losses - Net

During the financial year, the Group recorded other net losses of RMB9.34 million as compared to RMB26.10 million for the corresponding financial year in 2022, which comprised mainly net foreign exchange gains of RMB0.16 million and net gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment ("PPE") and right-of-use assets ("ROU") of RMB2.00 million, which were offset by a provision of impairment of RMB6.71 million on PPE, a provision of impairment of RMB0.56 million on ROU, and net loss on PPE and ROU written off of RMB4.23 million, which mainly included the costs of disposal and written off of idle and obsolete PPE and ROU.

#### **Distribution Costs**

Distribution costs for the financial year amounted to RMB1.66 million, representing a decrease of RMB1.55 million or 48.28% from RMB3.21 million in the previous financial year. The decrease in distribution costs was mainly due to the decrease in carriage outward.

#### General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses amounted to RMB28.79 million for the financial year, representing a decrease of RMB5.90 million or 17.01% as compared to RMB34.69 million for the corresponding financial year in 2022. The decrease was primarily due to the decrease in depreciation on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets of RMB3.62 million, and lower human resources expenses of RMB2.98 million during the financial year.

#### Finance Costs – Net

The net finance costs for the year decreased by 21.55% to RMB0.91 million (2022: RMB1.16 million). The decrease was mainly due to lower interest-bearing borrowings during the financial year.

#### Share of Net Profit of an Associate Accounted for Using the Equity Method

The Group's share of net profit of an associate accounted for using the equity method of RMB2.40 million (2022: RMB2.13 million) was solely attributed to profit recorded from its associate in Vietnam.

#### LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

During the financial year, the Group financed its operations and investing activities mainly by means of internally generated operating cash flow and loans from a director. As at 31 July 2023, the Group had cash and cash equivalents and restricted bank balances of RMB85.46 million (2022: RMB74.61 million). 50.30%, 36.56% and 13.14% of cash and cash equivalents and restricted bank balances are denominated in United States dollars ("USD"), Renminbi ("RMB") and Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), respectively.

As at 31 July 2023, the Group had outstanding loans from a director of RMB35.11 million (2022: RMB37.41 million). The loans from a director were denominated in USD (60.93%) and HK\$ (39.07%), and the maturity profile is as follows:

| Repayable   | As at 31 July 2<br>RMB million | 023<br>% | As at 31 July 2<br>RMB million | 022<br>%    |
|---|--------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Within one year<br>After one year but within two years        | 35.11<br>-                     | 100.00   | _<br>37.41                     | _<br>100.00 |
| Loans from a director   | 35.11                          | 100.00   | 37.41                          | 100.00      |
| Cash and cash equivalents and restricted bank balances        | (85.46)                        |          | (74.61)                        |             |
| Net cash and cash equivalents and restricted<br>bank balances | (50.35)                        |          | (37.20)                        |             |

As at 31 July 2023, the total net cash and cash equivalents and restricted bank balances of the Group recorded at RMB50.35 million (2022: RMB37.20 million), representing 15.18% (2022: 10.09%) of total assets and 18.02% (2022: 12.32%) of total equity.

The Group monitors its capital on the basis of its gearing ratio. The gearing ratio is calculated as the Group's net borrowings at the end of the financial year divided by total capital at the end of the financial year. Net borrowings of the Group is calculated as loans from a director less cash and cash equivalents and restricted bank balances. Total capital is calculated as total equity attributable to owners of the Company plus net borrowings. Gearing ratio was not presented as the Group was at a net cash position as at 31 July 2022 and 2023.

As at 31 July 2023, the Group's net current assets were RMB69.20 million (2022: RMB105.09 million). As at 31 July 2023 and 2022, there were no bank facilities available to the Group for working capital purposes.

#### CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at 31 July 2023, the Group's total equity attributable to owners of the Company was RMB279.30 million (2022: RMB301.96 million). Total assets of the Group amounted to RMB331.71 million (2022: RMB368.54 million), 59.80% (2022: 60.94%) of which comprised PPE and ROU.

## CHARGES ON GROUP ASSETS

As at 31 July 2023 and 2022, no assets of the Group were pledged to secure loan and trade financing facilities for the Group.

# SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES, AND FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL ASSETS

The Group did not conduct any significant investments, material acquisitions or disposals. The Group has been streamlining its operation over the years with an aim to improve the Group's financial position by adopting a light asset operation and lower geared structure and higher liquidity. The Group will explore new market opportunities and expand its business portfolio, aiming to enrich its income streams and maintain steady business growth. As at the date of this report, the Group does not have any concrete plan for material investments or capital assets.

#### SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD

During the financial year, the Group did not hold any significant investment in equity interest in any other company.

#### CONTINGENT LIABILITY

The Group does not have material contingent liability as at 31 July 2023.

#### FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk primarily through sales, purchases and borrowings that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of individual group entities. The currencies giving rise to the risk was primarily USD.

During the financial year, the Group has made net foreign exchange gains of RMB0.16 million (2022: RMB1.41 million) mainly due to the unrealised and realised foreign exchange gain.

Most of the Group's sales transactions are denominated in RMB and USD and certain payments of the Group were made in RMB and USD. In view of fluctuation of the RMB against the USD during the financial year, the Group was exposed to foreign currency risk primarily in respect of trade receivables and cash and cash equivalents denominated in USD.

As at 31 July 2023, if RMB had weakened/strengthened by 5% against USD, with all other variables held constant, post-tax loss for the year would have been approximately RMB859,000 lower/higher (2022: post-tax loss for the year would have been approximately RMB1,443,000 lower/higher), mainly as a result of foreign exchange gains/losses on translation of financial assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the respective group entities.

As at 31 July 2023, if RMB had weakened/strengthened by 5% against HK\$, with all other variables held constant, post-tax loss for the year would have been approximately RMB140,000 higher/lower (2022: post-tax loss for the year would have been approximately RMB762,000 higher/lower), mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses/gains on translation of financial assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the respective group entities.

The Group will continue to monitor the Group's foreign currency risk exposure and to ensure that it is kept at an acceptable level.

### EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 31 July 2023, the Group had a total of 160 employees (2022: 253). During the financial year, the Group did not make significant changes to the Group's remuneration policies. Human resources expenses of the Group (excluding the Directors' remuneration) for the financial year amounted to RMB20.58 million (2022: RMB35.43 million). The decrease in human resources expenses was mainly due to the decrease in the number of employees during the financial year. The Group's remuneration package is updated on an annual basis and appropriate adjustments are made with reference to prevailing conditions of the human resources market and the general outlook of the economy. The Group's employees are rewarded in tandem with their performance and experience. The Group recognises that the improvement of employees' technical knowledge, welfare and wellbeing is essential to attract and retain quality and dedicated employees in support of future growth of the Group. The Group is contributing mandatory government pension scheme for its employees in the PRC.

#### SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company operated a share option scheme ("Share Option Scheme"), which was adopted on 21 September 2012, for the purpose of providing incentives or rewards to selected eligible participants for their contribution to the Group. The Share Option Scheme became effective on 21 September 2012 and had remained in force for 10 years from that date. The Share Option Scheme expired on 20 September 2022.

## Management Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations

Eligible participants of the Share Option Scheme include the following:

- (i) any employee (whether full time or part time, including any executive director but excluding any non-executive director) of the Company, any Subsidiary or any Invested Entity;
- (ii) any non-executive directors (including independent non-executive directors) of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- (iii) any supplier of goods or services to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- (iv) any customer of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- (v) any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- (vi) any shareholder of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity or any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- (vii) any adviser (professional or otherwise) or consultant to any area of business or business development of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; and
- (viii) any other group or classes of participants who have contributed or may contribute by way of joint venture, business alliance or other business arrangement to the development and growth of the Group.

As at 31 July 2023, the total number of share options available for issue was nil, which represented 0% of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 July 2023. The maximum number of Shares issuable upon exercise of the options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group (including both exercised and outstanding options) to each participant in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company for the time being. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to Shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

Share options granted to a Director, chief executive of the Company or substantial Shareholder, or to any of their respective close associates (as defined under the Listing Rules), are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive Directors (excluding independent non-executive Director who is the grantee of the options). In addition, where any grant of share options to a substantial Shareholder or an independent non-executive Director, or to any of their respective close associates, would result in the Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options already granted and to be granted (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) to such person in excess of 0.1% of the Shares in issue and with an aggregate value (based on the closing price of the Shares at the date of the grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, in a 12-month period up to and including the date of grant, such grant of share options are subject to Shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 21 days from the date of the offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 by the grantee. The exercise period for the share options granted is determined by the Board, which period may commence from the date of acceptance of the offer for the grant of share options but shall end in any event not later than 10 years from the date of the grant of the option subject to the provisions for early termination under the Share Option Scheme. The vesting period of options granted under the Share Option Scheme is from the date of grant until the commencement of the exercise period.

The subscription price for Shares under the Share Option Scheme shall be a price determined by the Board, but shall not be less than the highest of:-

- the closing price of Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange on the date of the offer of the grant, which must be a business day;
- the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer of grant; and
- (iii) the nominal value of the Shares.

As at 1 August 2022 and 31 July 2023, there was no outstanding share option under the Share Option Scheme. For the financial year ended 31 July 2023, no share option was granted, vested, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the Share Option Scheme.

## PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

#### (i) Economic climate and individual market performance

The impact of economic conditions on consumer confidence and buying habits would affect sales and results of the Group. The economic growth or decline in our geographical markets that affected consumer spending on our products would also affect our business. The Group continues to implement its strategies to develop and strengthen penetration of different geographical markets thereby reducing its dependency on specific markets.

#### (ii) Loss of key individuals or the inability to attract and retain talent

Lack of appropriately skilled and experienced human resource could result in a delay in achieving the Group's strategic goals. The risk of the loss of key personnel is mitigated by regular reviews of recruitment and retention practices, remuneration packages and succession planning within the management team.

#### (iii) Financial risks

The Group is subject to foreign exchange risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, cash flow and fair value interest-rate risk. Details of the financial risks of the Group during the financial year are set out in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

## EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

There were no other significant events affecting the Company nor any of its subsidiaries after the reporting date as at 31 July 2023 requiring disclosure in this Annual report.

## **Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Report**

#### ABOUT THIS REPORT

This Report outlines the Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") performance of V.S. International Group Limited with its philosophy, approach and achievements to create value for the stakeholders during the financial year ended 31 July 2023.

The scope of this report covers the Group's key business operations in Hong Kong and Zhuhai, which encompasses the manufacturing and the sale of plastic moulded products and parts, assembling of electronic products, moulds design and fabrication. The report is prepared in accordance with the ESG Reporting Guide as set out in Appendix 27 to the Listing Rules.

The Group gives credence to that sustainability is key to its business success and a business approach to creating long- term value. The Group's sustainability strategy is deeply rooted within its corporate value and in line with the Group's key principles. To reinforce its commitment to sustainable growth, the Group has implemented its Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") Policy across various functions and business units.

The Board addresses key ESG issues at both the Group and business levels. The Board has the responsibility for guiding the Group's ESG strategy and development, while the individual business units establish ESG programmes that are aligned with their nature and scale of operation. ESG performance is regularly quantified, reviewed, analysed and reported to senior management to reinforce oversight and drive continuous improvement.

#### **Reporting Boundaries**

The Group adopted the 'financial control' approach to define its organisation boundary for calculating environmental and social performance. The reporting boundary is defined to be performance of the Group's factories in the PRC covering the period within the calendar years of 2022 and 2023. Thus, the report provides an overview of our ESG management approach, related initiatives and environmental performance indicators during the period of 1 August 2022 to 31 July 2023.

#### **BOARD STATEMENT**

The Board of Directors is fully committed to promoting and responding to the evolving needs of sustainable development of our business and stakeholders. The Board acknowledges the persistent economic and social challenges that businesses face and have made sustainability a top priority by implementing ESG systems in every key business decision. The Board takes responsibility for leading its ESG strategy and reporting, as well as overseeing our management approach to continually monitor ESG issues. As we navigate the evolving business landscape, we remain dedicated to practicing sustainable practices and responsible leadership.

The Board regularly assesses and evaluates its ESG related risks through the implementation of effective ESG risk management and internal control systems. Our approach to green production extends beyond risk reduction to promoting sustainable development and adding value over the long term. To ensure the effectiveness of our management approach and control systems, the Board holds regular meetings and discussions to review practice outcomes and track progress against relevant ESG-related goals and targets during the year ended 31 July 2023.

Climate change has become a top global priority, with governments successively committing to achieving carbon neutrality. For example, Mainland China has set a target of achieving carbon neutrality by 2060, while Hong Kong has pledged to become carbon neutral by 2050. As society transitions to a low-carbon future, significant investments and changes in market outlooks are expected. To respond to such megatrends and to meet our stakeholders' expectations, Management is taking steps to review and monitor the Group's greenhouse gas emissions, and setting reduction targets for emission reduction.

In recent years, the Group has invested in renewable energy and installed solar panels to satisfy our energy consumption demand sustainably. Our goal is to maximise our solar energy consumption of the total electricity consumed in the Group's production. The Group also set an integrated management system to leverage operating efficiency across entire production lines to strengthen product quality, reduce waste, and foster continuous growth of employees' working capacity.

The Board places significant emphasis on promoting diversity and inclusion, safeguarding employee health and safety, providing benefits, and supporting personal development. The Group adheres to a "People first" principle and maintains rigorous standards to ensure that our workplaces are safe and secure for all. We are committed to developing a diverse and inclusive working and living community that embraces all cultures and beliefs. To encourage our employee's well-being and professional growth, we strive to offer a comprehensive range of benefits and development opportunities that align with the Group and the industry.

### STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT AND MATERIALITY ASSESSMENTS

Stakeholder engagement is a critical component of our ESG reporting process. The Group proactively engages stakeholders in transparent and timely discussions about essential ESG issues at the industry, market, and social levels. We gather information at both the Group and individual business unit levels to better understand the ESG issues that matter most to our stakeholders, and how we can address their concerns. As an integrated manufacturing services supplier and one-stop customer solution provider, the Group regularly interacts with a wide range of stakeholders, including employees, customers, regulators, suppliers, shareholders, and local communities. We engage with stakeholders through various channels, such as staff meetings, customer service channels, annual general meetings and community service. Such engagement with key stakeholders helps the Group understand their expectations and collect feedback to guide its ESG management strategies in a more focused manner. The disclosures in this ESG report reflect and prioritise the key interests and concerns of these stakeholders during the reporting period, as obtained from stakeholder engagement activities.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

The Group prioritises environmental protection and takes initiatives in response to the carbon neutrality goals set by the governments. We operate in an environmentally responsible way by reducing emission, improving resource efficiency, and adhering to major international and local environmental legislation.

#### Emissions

The Group has implemented an environmental management system that meets both international and local standards, ensuring green production at our factory facility. It obtained ISO14001:2015 certification during the reporting period and remains valid subject to satisfactory surveillance audits. Committed to reducing air emissions, we have introduced and actively applied emission control measures across all production lines. For example, we use filtering devices with activated carbon to absorb toxic gases emitted from the soldering process, preventing direct emission into the atmosphere. Those efforts have earned the Group a reputation for green production, and we have become strategic partners with many clients for sustainability purposes.

The Group has adopted a robust waste management control procedure to enable effective identification, segregation, and handling of both hazardous and non-hazardous waste. Hazardous waste generated from our manufacturing processes such as organic solvents, is transported by licensed vendors to government-designated chemical waste processing facilities. Detailed records of all hazardous waste transfers are documented and retained for a minimum of three years to ensure compliance with regulations.

The Group's waste management procedure advocates the "5Rs" principles, emphasising "Replace, Reduce, Reuse, Recover and Recycle". Examples of the Group's innovative waste management solutions include redesigning used metal mould tooling for the production of new products, as well as reusing and recycling residual plastics for packaging. Additionally, we have deployed the lean manufacturing methodology in the production floor to increase productivity by reducing waste.

#### Use of Resources

The Group is dedicated to formulating energy-saving agenda to reduce our carbon footprint. We promote the use of green energy and renewable sources to achieve our ultimate goal of energy and carbon reduction. While electricity consumption accounts for majority of the Group's energy resource use and greenhouse gas emissions, we are taking significant steps to address this issue through energy-efficient technologies and practices.

The Group has appointed a team of independent third-party specialists to perform periodic energy audits, in order to identify opportunities for adopting alternative energy source and achieving long-term cost savings. To date, over RMB80 million has been invested into developing renewable energy – solar energy. During the reporting period, the solar panels generated over 8,455,960 kWh of electricity, of which 1,096,405 kWh (2022: 1,757,993 kWh) was consumed in the Group's production process, the remaining 7,359,555 kWh of electricity was sold to the local power grid. Currently, solar energy provides over 10% of the total electricity consumed in the Group's production process.

In addition, a range of energy-efficiency measures have been implemented across all business units and departments. These include shifting to more energy-efficient LED lighting, setting air-conditioning temperatures at 26 degrees Celsius or above, and displaying signage at common areas and workstations to remind staff to save energy. The Group's senior management continuously monitors energy-saving issues and regularly discusses them in meetings.

Apart from electricity energy-efficiency measures, water conservation measures have also been adopted across the Group's operations. All business units and departments are responsible for monitoring the onsite water supply system and reporting and remediating any identified leakage in a timely manner. Although sourcing water is not an issue, we encourage employees to conserve water in their daily lives and find ways to use it more efficiently in production to instill water-saving habits. In the reporting period, the Group achieved a decrease in both water consumption and water consumption intensity; this demonstrates the effectiveness of our water conservation management.

To promote green packaging, we offered our clients a variety of environmentally friendly packaging solutions, such as biodegradable plastics for packaging and smart designs that reduce the use of non-recyclable materials. All packaging materials are also included in our Hazardous Substance Free control scope, which ensures that any hazardous materials are identified and disposed of before use.

#### THE ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

The Group remains highly conscious of its impacts on the climate and consumption of resources. We closely adhere to environmental policies and legislations, as evidenced by our new accreditation with the Environmental Management System ISO14001:2015. We are determined to continue reducing our carbon footprint, integrating sustainable practices into our operations, and involving suppliers in our sustainability approaches.

In addition, the Group has consistently invested in enhancing the resource efficiency of our facilities and equipment. We enforce stringent protocols at our production facilities to prevent accidental leakage and spillage of chemicals into the environment. We also conduct emergency planning and drills to enhance employees' awareness of chemical management and business resilience.

As a responsible corporate citizen, the Group proactively monitors the production and procurement process to minimise adverse impacts on the environment. For instance, exposure to excessive ppm of hazardous substances such as Cr, Hg and their compound elements that may be mixed in the parts procured from suppliers can cause severe health damage to employees, and improper disposal of these substances can harm the environment and the ecosystem.

## **Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Report**

Fully acknowledging the severity of the impacts of hazardous substances, the Group has implemented a Hazardous Substance Free ("HSF") control procedure (COP-058-D03) to avoid parts from being contaminated and to maintain green production to protect the environment.

In adherence to the International Hazardous Substance Process Management System Requirements, QC080000, and all other environmental protection requirements from clients, we have included all raw materials, accessories, packaging materials procured and all the products within the scope of our HSF control procedure. This procedure sets strict limits on the ppm of hazardous substances listed under the Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive and highlights usage and handling standards in the production process to prevent cross contamination. It also clearly defines the responsibilities of all business units and departments in coping with the HSF control.

An independent HSF control quality assurance team is committed to overseeing the HSF control procedure and maintaining an environmental quality assurance system. To ensure the proper implementation of the HSF control, the quality assurance team and the suppliers perform regular internal and external inspection of the control.

#### CLIMATE CHANGE

Climate change is a growing concern as human activity continues to impact the environment. The resulting climate risks, including extreme weather events, pose a significant threat to business and their operations, with consequences as severe as cessation of business. We realised Climate Change might bring following risks and opportunities to the Group and we will ensure the operation is aware of prepared for them:

#### **Nature of Risk**

#### Impact

#### **Acute Physical Risk:**

Risks that are driven by extreme weather events, such as typhoons, heavy rainfall, and floods.

#### **Chronic Physical Risk:**

Risks associated with longer-term shifts in climate patterns, such as sustained high temperature, change in precipitation patterns. The escalating magnitude and frequency of extreme meteorological phenomena could precipitate significant disturbances in our manufacturing processes.

Prolonged alterations in climatic trends bear the potential to influence our infrastructural and facility frameworks, thereby posing a risk to the continuity of our operations and overall business performance.

## **Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Report**

## Nature of Risk

#### **Policy and Legal Risk:**

Policy actions that attempt to constrain actions that contribute to the adverse effects of climate change.

#### Impact

The implementation of increasingly rigorous policy directives aimed at decarbonisation and other environmental objectives necessitates the investment of substantial efforts to ensure full compliance.

#### **Technology Risk:**

Risk associated with technologies used in the transition The integration of low-carbon technologies may result in to a lower-carbon economy.

a surge in the Group's operational expenditures

#### **Reputation Risk:**

our contributions to a lower-carbon economy.

Risk of changing customer and/or public perceptions of The Group's reputation would be adversely affected if it could not meet customers and/or public expectations.

To minimise potential losses to life, property and finances, we have formulated business contingency plans for different extreme weather scenarios, including typhoon and flooding. To assure that production is not disrupted by energy supply shortages caused by extreme weather events, the Group will ensure reliable energy supply from our solar panel system to maintain operations during such events and other disruptions triggered by climate change. The Board is firmly committed to continuously monitoring the risks and opportunities presented by climate change.

### ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE DATA TABLE

| Environmental Performance                     |                                 |           |           |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
|   | Unit                            | FY2021/22 | FY2022/23 |
| Freinigen                                     |                                 |           |           |
| Emissions                                     | K -                             | 700       | 440       |
| Nitrogen oxides (NOx) emissions               | Kg                              | 700       | 410       |
| Sulphur oxides (SOx) emissions                | Kg                              | 0         | 0         |
| Particulate Matter (PM) emissions             | Kg                              | 70        | 40        |
| Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions                | -                               |           |           |
| Total greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions          | Tonne CO <sub>2</sub> e         | 4,049     | 2,634     |
| Direct GHG emissions (scope 1)                | Tonne CO2e                      | 303       | 216       |
| Indirect GHG emissions (scope 2)              | Tonne CO2e                      | 3,746     | 2,418     |
| Waste Generated and Recycled                  |                                 |           |           |
| Total hazardous waste                         | Tonne                           | 2         | 2         |
| Total non-hazardous waste produced            | Tonne                           | 64        | 40        |
| Use of Resources                              |                                 |           |           |
| Energy Consumption                            |                                 |           |           |
| Total energy consumption                      | kWh                             | 8,671,364 | 5,549,072 |
| Total energy consumption intensity by revenue | kWh/Revenue RMB'000             | 71.43     | 72.59     |
| Direct energy consumption                     |                                 |           |           |
| Total direct energy consumption               | kWh                             | 2,651,268 | 1,663,711 |
| Direct energy consumption by type             |                                 |           |           |
| Gasoline/Petrol                               | kWh                             | 110,745   | 111,045   |
| Diesel  | kWh                             | 773,981   | 453,768   |
| LPG   | kWh                             | 8,549     | 2,493     |
| Renewable energy                              | kWh                             | 1,757,993 | 1,096,405 |
| Indirect energy consumption                   |                                 |           |           |
| Total indirect energy consumption             | kWh                             | 6,020,096 | 3,885,361 |
| Indirect energy consumption by type           |                                 |           |           |
| Purchased electricity                         | kWh                             | 6,020,096 | 3,885,361 |
| Water consumption                             |                                 |           |           |
| Total water consumption                       | m <sup>3</sup>                  | 201,163   | 130,136   |
| Water consumption intensity by revenue        | m <sup>3</sup> /Revenue RMB'000 | 1.66      | 1.70      |
| Packaging material used                       |                                 |           |           |
| Total packing material                        | Tonne                           | 309       | 76        |
| Total packing material intensity by revenue   | Tonne/Revenue RMB'000           | 0.00      | 0.00      |

Note: GHG emissions data for both years were calculated based on emissions factors with reference to sources including the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong's "How to Prepare an ESG Report Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs", the Hong Kong SAR Government's Environmental Protection Department and the Electrical and Mechanical Services Department's "Guidelines to Account for and Report on Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Removals for Buildings (Commercial, Residential or Institutional Purposes) in Hong Kong", the Greenhouse Gas Protocol's Emission Factors for Cross Sector Tools, the OECD and IEA's "CO2 Emissions from Fuel Combustion", the EPA's "Emission Factors for Greenhouse Gas Inventories" and the IEA's "Energy Statistics Manual".

#### EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR PRACTICES

#### Employment

At the core of our values is a focus on placing people first, as we believe that our employees are our greatest asset. We prioritise maintaining a safe, caring, inclusive and respectful culture among all individuals, providing favourable working and living environment, and encouraging personal development and success, while having the added benefit of maintaining the Group's competitiveness. We recognise and value the efforts made by each of our employees and their contributions to the Group's consistent delivery of quality solutions to customers, as well as our sustained business growth.

The Group's human resources policies have thus been established to stipulate relevant practices in recruitment, dismissal, promotion, working hours, holidays, equal opportunities, and compensation benefits. We provide our employees with a competitive remuneration package that includes social insurance and housing provident funds. The remuneration provided is up to industry's standards and we make solid efforts to minimise income gaps. Our remuneration package follows Zhuhai Government's minimum wages requirement, and we recommend reasonable working hours to our employees. If overtime is necessary, we have policies in place to guarantee reasonable overtime payments. To provide convenience to our employees and to cater to those in need, the Group offers free healthy meals for breakfast, lunch and dinner at the canteen for employees of all levels, and provides dormitories, for staff who need them at the factory. We also organise various recreational activities, such as monthly birthday celebrations, spring festival dinners and basketball competitions to promote work-life-balance within the organisation. These activities are important components of our employee care programs, and we will continue to promote a positive work-life balance and a supportive workplace culture.

As a business that highly depends on the contributions of its people, the Group has placed "Respect for Individuals" and "Treat all Individuals Fairly" at the heart of its value system. We are committed to embracing diversity, providing equal opportunity and fostering a collaborative workplace culture. The Group strictly enforces an anti-discrimination policy and has zero tolerance for any form of harassment. All employees are assessed, hired, and promoted based on their capabilities, without regard to age, gender, nationality, religion, cultural background, sexual orientation, or any irrelevant factor. To promote equal opportunities, racial diversity and inclusion in the workplace, we actively recruit and support racial and ethnic minorities As the first business in Zhuhai to employ such a large number of Muslim staff members, the Group has made multiple efforts to respect their religious beliefs.

#### Health and Safety

As an integrated manufacturing service provider, the Group places the health, safety, and wellbeing of our employees as our top priority. We are committed to providing a safe working environment for all our people and adhering to applicable local laws and regulations, as well as internationally recognised standards such as the OHSAS 18001 – certified Occupational Health and Safety Management Systems. In addition to our focus on regulatory compliance, we strategically invest in technology to improve occupational health and safety at our manufacturing plants. For example, the Group has proactively invested in automating the production process at our facilities in order to reduce manual workload and hence, the associated safety risks.

Our occupational health and safety procedures provide our employees with effective methodologies and tools to identify hazards and assess associated risks. We have also established a Safety Committee to handle work injury cases, monitor the maintenance of fire equipment, and organise regular fire safety training. Our extensive safety training programmes equip our employees with the adequate and necessary awareness and knowledge to carry out their jobs safely. All- rounded health and safety initiatives have been running effectively which has fostered employee satisfaction.

#### **Development and Training**

In response to the opportunities and challenges of the digital era, the Group has established a learning and developing environment that is open to all the employees who aspire to be successful in the future. We believe that the individual success of our employees is a reflection of the success of our business. By investing in our employee's growth and development, we enhance our ability to deliver premium quality services and increase our competitiveness in the industry and the market.

Both on-boarding training and regular job training are intended to support our employees' continuous learning experiences. Our on-boarding and orientation programmes are designed to help new employees quickly adapt to their positions and better understand corporate culture. Meanwhile, we have arranged a series of training courses for existing employees aimed at enhancing their technical and soft skills. These courses cover a wide range of topics, such as business knowledge, personal development, business conduct and ethics, health and safety, as well as sustainable development. For example, we launched a plastic moulding technician assessment scheme to provide tailor-made evaluation for assessing and developing plastic moulding technicians. Additionally, the Group stipulates minimum training hours requirement for all employees. For example, newly joined employees are required to complete training on plant safety and operation knowledge, while existing production employees are required to complete training to refresh their knowledge and introduce new skills. During the reporting period, the average training hours for each staff member were over 2 hours. Furthermore, the Group provides corporate sponsorship and support for employees to attend training events hosted internally and externally, including those held overseas. This initiative encourages employees to pursue new knowledge and engage in life-long learning.

To better operate and pursue continual improvement of our training programme, the Group's management has established annual training plans and keeps track of the implementation of such plans. The Group regularly reviews the adequacy and quality of our training resources. We actively seek feedback from employees to enhance training quality.

## Labour Standards

Employment of child and forced labour is strictly prohibited in all of the Group's operations, and we expect our suppliers to uphold the same standards. We believe that our responsibility extends beyond mere compliance with relevant laws and regulations to providing our employees with quality working conditions. To this end, we have robust mechanisms in place for prevention, surveillance, and reporting of practices involving child, forced or compulsory labour. The Group remain vigilant in our efforts to combat child and forced labour, and we continuously review and improve our policies and procedures to ensure that we are in line with international good practices. Policies and procedures on labour practices have been established in line with international good practices. Upon uncovering incidents related to child labour or forced labour, the Group will promptly conduct investigations and address the situations in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. During the Year, the Group was not aware of any incidents of non-compliance with all applicable laws and regulations related to anti-child and anti-forced labour practices.

#### **OPERATING PRACTICES**

#### Supply Chain Management

Given our reliance on the supply chain, as a manufacturing service provider, the Group considers its suppliers to be strategic business partners and strives to maintain close and stable relationships with them to achieve sustainable development.

The Group's supplier evaluation and selection procedure manual standardises requirements for all supplier selection, evaluation, and management. Suppliers' ESG performance is one of the prime consideration factors in our selection process, and the assessment results are reviewed and authorised by the Group's management.

Selected suppliers are subject to ongoing monitoring and annual evaluation for quality assurance. For example, the Group's HSF control procedure outlines mandatory testing procedures for procured materials from suppliers, and suppliers are required to undergo inspection if hazards are found in the supplied materials. The Group also works closely with our suppliers to meet other ESG requirements, such as ensuring the wellbeing of their employees and assists them in applying the requirements. If a supplier fails to achieve the requirements of the Group and does not take effective and timely remedial actions, the Group may cease to source products or services from the vendor in the future.

#### **Product Responsibility**

With our customer base spanning multiple countries and continents, the Group attaches great importance to the quality of our products and services. We believe that being highly responsible for the quality of our products and services is essential to fulfilling our stakeholders' interest and expectations, and maintaining our competitiveness in the industry and the market.

An integrated quality, environmental and health management system has been implemented to ensure that our solutions meet the requirements, needs and expectations of our customers and end-users. The Group has established rigorous procedures to govern quality assurance and control in every stage of the manufacturing process, from raw material procurement to the production of semi-finished products and the packaging of finished goods. Our commitment to quality is reflected in our products, which are designed and manufactured to meet the respective health and safety requirements of our target markets.

The Group's professional staff are highly trained and skilled in handling customer inquiries and complaints. We provide multiple channels, such as our hotline and email, for customers to request information or submit complaints. All complaints received are followed up and resolved in a timely manner by our designated professionals. The Group values and keeps an open mind to customer feedback and suggestions for continuous improvements for our products and services.

Managing customer satisfaction proactively is extremely important for the Group. We have implemented a customer satisfaction management procedure (COP-018-C04) to periodically enhance the quality of our products and services based on feedback collected from our customers. Through the various channels open to customers, the feedback is then quantified, analysed and transformed into enhancement plans that apply to different departments throughout the organisation. Customer feedbacks is also quantified and used as key performance indexes in corresponding business units. The management sets optimal performance levels for each business unit and requires them to meet or exceed these levels.

The Group has established recall procedures in our unqualified material and product policy to address any faulty products that are delivered to our customers. In the event of a product recall, we will promptly trace and recall the affected products and replace them as necessary. We will also conduct a thorough investigation and implement improvements in our production processes to prevent similar issues from occurring in the future.

The Group is dedicated to providing customers with accurate and complete product information and protecting them from potential dangers associated with improper use of our products. To achieve this, we have adopted standardised procedures for advertising and labelling our products that align with the regulatory requirements of our target markets.

As we collect various customer data to support our business, the Group recognises the importance of privacy and confidentiality in our business operations. We have policies and procedures in place that require all employees to treat customer data and sensitive business information with the utmost care and respect. Confidentiality and non-disclosure agreements will be signed as needed prior to doing business with the customer. Access to customer data is limited to authorised personnel only.

The Group places great value on our own research and development. We have established an Intellectual Property Maintenance and Control Policy to ensure that our Intellectual property ("IP") rights have been observed and protected. We are diligent in handling designs and strictly comply with patent requirements and royalty payments in adoption. Similarly, our policies and procedures are designed to ensure that we respect the IP rights of others while protecting our own by registration and other confidential measures.

In light of the growing importance of data privacy and cybersecurity in today's digital age, the Group has established a Computer Information System Management policy This policy sets out clear requirements for data privacy and security in accordance with the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (Chapter 486 of The Laws of Hong Kong), the Corporate Finance Consultant Code of Conduct and other relevant local laws. Our data privacy policies and requirements are communicated to all employees through a variety of channels, including staff meetings and training courses. We believe that regular training and awareness initiatives are essential to ensuring that all employees understand their role in protecting customer data privacy and maintaining data security to keep high awareness of customer data privacy and protection.

#### Anti-corruption

During the financial year, the Group was not aware of any litigation arising from violations of anti-corruption, bribery, fraud, or money laundering laws and regulations, such as the Law of the PRC on Anti-money Laundering (中華人民 共和國反洗錢法) and the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Chapter 201 of The Laws of Hong Kong). We uphold the highest standards of business ethics, conduct, and integrity and stand firmly against all forms of bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.

The Group strictly prohibits all employees, either directly or indirectly, from soliciting or receiving any gifts, rewards or advantages from any business associates. We have in place an anonymous whistle-blowing system to encourage the reporting of any misconduct, and all staff receive regular training about anti-bribery measures every year.

In addition, we require that all suppliers and customers comply with our Code of Conduct and Anti-corruption Policy to ensure that the Group's business partners are held to the same ethical standards as the Group. A corruption risk assessment is conducted prior to accepting or continuing any business relationship with a supplier or customer to mitigate any potential risks.

#### **Community Investment**

Looking forward to a sustainable future for our society, the Group is taking actions to give back to the community in every way possible. Committed to contributing to a more harmonious, prosperous, and inclusive community, the Group leverages our resources to support various social welfare activities and facilitates the creation of a society for the common good.

V.S. Charitable Foundation, recognised by the local government of the PRC and listed on the Zhuhai Charity Federation website, aims to raise funds in support of those in need. Over the years, donations have been made through the Foundation to various organisations supporting the elderly, educational institutions, and families living in poverty.

The Group also encourages our employees to actively participate in various community services. During the year, the Group continued to collaborate with Hong Kong Zhuhai Commerce Association and Zhuhai Red Cross to organise a voluntary blood donation event in the factory. Going forward, the Group will continue to support the community by engaging more employees to take part in community services.

#### **REGULATORY COMPLIANCE**

The Group recognises the importance of regulatory compliance and has established comprehensive preventive, monitoring and control measures to ensure compliance with relevant laws and regulations. We analyse and monitor the regulatory frameworks within which we operate, and prepare and update internal policies accordingly. Tailor-made workshops are also conducted to strengthen the awareness and understanding of our internal controls and compliance procedures where necessary.

We make it our responsibility to closely observe the laws and regulations relevant to our businesses and make full efforts to meet regulatory compliance. During the reporting period, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance with laws and regulations that had a significant impact on the Group relating to environmental protection, employment, labour, and operating practices.

FY2021/22

FY2022/23

## SOCIAL PERFORMANCE DATA TABLE

| Socia | Performance |  |
|-------|-------------|--|
|       |             |  |

| Employee Profile                    |               |     |     |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|-----|-----|
| Total workforce                     | No. of people | 253 | 160 |
| Total workforce by employment typ   | e             |     |     |
| Full-time                           | No. of people | 253 | 160 |
| Part-time                           | No. of people | -   | _   |
| Total workforce by gender           |               |     |     |
| Male                                | No. of people | 130 | 87  |
| Female                              | No. of people | 123 | 73  |
| Total workforce by rank             |               |     |     |
| General staff                       | No. of people | 233 | 143 |
| Middle management                   | No. of people | 12  | 9   |
| Senior management                   | No. of people | 8   | 8   |
| Total workforce by age group        |               |     |     |
| 18 – 29                             | No. of people | 11  | 4   |
| 30 – 39                             | No. of people | 52  | 28  |
| 40 – 49                             | No. of people | 116 | 78  |
| 50 – 59                             | No. of people | 70  | 45  |
| 60 or above                         | No. of people | 4   | 5   |
| Total workforce by geographic locat | ion           |     |     |
| Mainland China                      | No. of people | 248 | 155 |
| Other regions in Asia               | No. of people | 5   | 5   |
|                                     |               |     |     |

Unit

## Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Report

## **Social Performance**

|   | Unit          |           | FY2021/22 | FY2022/23      |
|---|---------------|-----------|-----------|----------------|
|   |               |           |           |                |
| Employee Turnover                             |               |           |           |                |
| Employee turnover rate                        | %             |           | 50.20%    | 37.70%         |
| Employee turnover rate by gender              |               |           |           |                |
| Male  | %             |           | 48.41%    | 34.09%         |
| Female  | %             |           | 51.95%    | 41.60%         |
| Full-time employee's turnover rate by age     |               |           |           |                |
| group   |               |           |           |                |
| 18 – 29                                       | %             |           | 75.00%    | <b>63.64</b> % |
| 30 – 39                                       | %             |           | 52.29%    | 31.71%         |
| 40 – 49                                       | %             |           | 42.29%    | 31.58%         |
| 50 – 59                                       | %             |           | 50.70%    | 46.43%         |
| 60 or above                                   | %             |           | 20.00%    | <b>28.57%</b>  |
| Employee turnover rate by geographic location |               |           |           |                |
| Mainland China                                | %             |           | 50.60%    | 38.49%         |
| Other regions in Asia                         | %             |           | 16.67%    | 0%             |
|   |               |           |           |                |
| Social Performance                            | Unit          | 2021      | 2022      | 2023           |
| Occupational Health and Safety                |               |           |           |                |
| Work-related fatalities                       | No. of people | 0         | 0         | 0              |
|   |               | C C       | C C       |                |
|   | Unit          | FY2020/21 | FY2021/22 | FY2022/23      |
| Lost day due to work injury#                  | No. of days   | 726       | 98        | 0              |

# The lost day is calculated based on sum of the number of injuries \* no. of days cannot attend to work.

## Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Report

## **Social Performance**

|  | Unit                | FY2021/22    | FY2022/23    |
|--|---------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Development and Training                     |                     |              |              |
| Total workforce trained                      | No. of people       | 253          | 154          |
| Employees trained by gender                  |                     | 200          | 104          |
| Male   | No. of people (%)   | 130 (51.4%)  | 88 (57.1%)   |
| Female                                       | No. of people (%)   | 123 (48.6%)  | 66 (42.9%)   |
| Employees trained by employee category       |                     | 120 (40.0707 | 00 (42.0 /0) |
| General staff                                | No. of people (%)   | 233 (92.1%)  | 137 (88.9%)  |
| Middle management                            | No. of people (%)   | 12 (4.7%)    | 9 (5.8%)     |
| Senior management                            | No. of people (%)   | 8 (3.2%)     | 8 (5.3%)     |
| Average training hours per employees by      |                     | 0 (0.270)    | 0 (0.0 /0)   |
| gender                                       |                     |              |              |
| Male   | Hours/employees     | 12.57        | 2.44         |
| Female                                       | Hours/employees     | 12.74        | 2.27         |
| Average training hours per employees by      | 110013/0111010/0003 | 12.74        | ,            |
| employee category                            |                     |              |              |
| General staff                                | Hours/employees     | 12.98        | 2.17         |
| Middle management                            | Hours/employees     | 8.00         | 4.00         |
| Senior management                            | Hours/employees     | 6.46         | 4.00         |
|  |                     | 0.10         |              |
| Supply Chain Management                      |                     |              |              |
| Number of suppliers by geographic location   |                     |              |              |
| Hong Kong                                    | No. of suppliers    | 10           | 6            |
| Mainland China                               | No. of suppliers    | 129          | 91           |
| Countries/regions in Asia                    | No. of suppliers    | 0            | 1            |
| Countries/regions in Europe                  | No. of suppliers    | 1            | 0            |
| Other region                                 | No. of suppliers    | 1            | 0            |
| Product Responsibility                       |                     |              |              |
| Percentage of total products sold or shipped |                     |              |              |
| subject to recalls for safety and health     |                     |              |              |
| reasons                                      | %                   | 0.01%        | 0%           |
| Number of products and service related       |                     |              |              |
| complaints received                          | No. of complaints   | 6            | 0            |
| -  |                     |              |              |

## **Directors and Senior Management Profile**

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

**Mr. BEH Kim Ling**, aged 65, is the chairman of the Company. Mr. Beh started his career in 1976 as a plastic moulding technician in Singapore. Three years later, Mr. Beh established VS Industry Pte Ltd. which was principally involved in the manufacturing of cassettes and video tapes parts in Singapore. In 1982, Mr. Beh, together with his wife, relocated the entire business operations of VS Industry Pte Ltd. from Singapore to Johor Bahru, Malaysia and set up V.S. Industry Berhad ("VS Berhad") in Johor Bahru, Malaysia. Mr. Beh has been the executive chairman of VS Berhad since then. With the vast experience in the plastic moulding injection business gained in Singapore and Malaysia, Mr. Beh founded the Group's business in the PRC in 1997. Mr. Beh has been appointed as an executive Director since 5 November 2001.

In November 2003, Mr. Beh received Honorary Doctorate from the Honolulu University in Hawaii, the United States of America. In recognition of his efforts and dedication, His Excellency, the Governor of Malacca conferred the Darjah Putra Seri Melaka ("DPSM") to him which carries the prestigious title of "Datuk" in December 2012. Currently, Mr. Beh focuses mainly on business development and formulation of the overall business strategy of the Group.

Mr. Beh is the brother-in-law of Mr. Gan Sem Yam and the father of both Mr. Beh Chern Wei and Ms. Beh Hwee Sze.

**Mr. GAN Sem Yam**, aged 67, is the managing Director. After completing his secondary education in 1975, Mr. Gan joined one of the shipyards in Singapore as an electrician. Mr. Gan joined VS Berhad in 1982 and was promoted to general manager and director of VS Berhad in February 1988. Mr. Gan was appointed as an executive Director on 16 July 2001.

In December 2012, in recognition of his efforts and dedication, he was conferred the DPSM which carries the prestigious title of "Datuk" by His Excellency, the Governor of Malacca. Mr. Gan is mainly responsible for the operations and daily management of the Group.

With effect from 1 September 2023, Mr. Gan has resigned as an executive Director and the managing Director to focus on his other business engagements.

Mr. Gan is the brother-in-law of Mr. Beh Kim Ling and the uncle of both Mr. Beh Chern Wei and Ms. Beh Hwee Sze.

**Mr. ZHANG Pei Yu**, aged 85, has been with the Group since October 2000 and has been appointed as an executive Director since 5 November 2001. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Zhang held various managerial positions with a number of large state-owned enterprises and government bureau in the PRC, including Shenyang Auto Mobile Manufacturing Factory, Shenyang Light Industry Bureau, Planning Economy Committee of Shenyang and Shenyang Jinbei Company. Mr. Zhang has gained substantial experience in corporate management and business development in the PRC.

Mr. Zhang is principally responsible for the corporate affairs of the Group in the PRC.

**Mr. BEH Chern Wei**, aged 37, was appointed as an alternate Director to Madam Gan Chu Cheng on 21 March 2015 and redesignated from an alternate Director to Madam Gan Chu Cheng to an executive Director on 16 December 2015. Mr. Beh graduated with a Bachelor of Science degree in Industrial Engineering from the State University of New York at Buffalo in 2006. Upon graduation, Mr. Beh served for a year in the business development division of VS Berhad, the parent company of the Company, whose subsidiaries are principally engaged in the manufacturing, assembly and sale of plastic moulded components and parts, and electrical products. After joining the Group, Mr. Beh served as a project manager and a business system manager in the Group's production facilities in Zhuhai, the PRC, whereby he took part in activities relating to management enterprise resource planning system, business development, sales and marketing, supply chain management, operational management and project and product development.

Mr. Beh currently is responsible for the financial management, information technology and supply chain management of the Group and is currently an executive director of VS Berhad, holding company of the Company which is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia.

Following the resignation of Mr. Gan, with effect from 1 September 2023, Mr. Beh Chern Wei has been appointed as the managing Director.

Mr. Beh Chern Wei is the son of Mr. Beh Kim Ling, the nephew of Mr. Gam Sem Yam, an executive Director and the brother of Ms. Beh Hwee Sze.

**Ms. Beh Hwee Sze**, aged 39, was appointed as an alternate Director to Mr. Zhang Pei Yu on 1 September 2023. Ms. Beh joined the Group in August 2023 as a marketing and communications manager, where she is responsible for the marketing activities and investor relations of the Group. She has also been appointed as a director of both V.S. Group (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. and V.S. Assets Management Pte. Ltd. (companies owned by Mr. Beh Kim Ling and his family members, which are not subsidiaries of the Company) since September 2020, where she co-manages the commercial and residential real estate portfolio across Southeast Asia, and provides strategic and investment recommendations to the board of directors. She graduated with a Bachelor of Science in Business Administration from Boston University School of Management in 2007, and is currently in the Global Executive MBA program at INSEAD. She was the founder of Upside Motion Pte. Ltd., a fitness studio in Singapore, and was a managing director there from December 2011 to June 2022. She was also the founder of Sprout Hospitality Pte. Ltd., a hospitality procurement consulting firm servicing new hotel openings in South East Asia, and was a consultant there from October 2010 to January 2015.

Mr. Beh Hwee Sze is the daughter of Mr. Beh Kim Ling, the niece of Mr. Gam Sem Yam and the sister of Mr. Beh Chern Wei.

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

**Mr. DIONG Tai Pew**, aged 72, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 31 August 2002. Mr. Diong graduated with a Diploma in Commerce from Tunku Abdul Rahman College, Malaysia in 1976. Mr. Diong is a Chartered Accountant of Singapore and Malaysia. He is also a fellow member of the Chartered Tax Institute of Malaysia.

Mr. Diong is a practicing accountant and has more than 40 years of experience in audit and investigation work, taxation, merger and acquisition as well as business development. Mr. Diong is the founder partner of CA Diong, an accounting and consulting group in Singapore and Malaysia. He also served as the lead independent non-executive director of Hengyang Petrochemical Logistics Limited, a company listed on the Catalist of the Singapore Exchange.

With effect from 26 September 2023, Mr. Diong has resigned as an independent non-executive Director to focus on his other personal commitments.

**Mr. TANG Sim Cheow**, aged 64, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 30 September 2004. Mr. Tang graduated from the University of Malaya with a Bachelor of Accounting degree in 1984. He is a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and a fellow member of the Chartered Tax Institute of Malaysia. Mr. Tang joined KPMG Kuala Lumpur upon graduation and was promoted to tax manager in 1988. In 1992, Mr. Tang was seconded to KPMG Johor Bahru to head the tax practice of the Johor Bahru Branch and was promoted to tax director in 1995. Since 2000, Mr. Tang operates his own accounting firm S C Tang & Associates, in Malaysia which provides assurance, tax and consultancy services.

**Ms. FU Xiao Nan**, aged 53, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 12 June 2015. Ms. Fu holds a master's degree in finance and has over 20 years of investment banking experience in the capital markets of the PRC. She has been a sponsor representative registered with China Securities Regulatory Commission since 2007.

Ms. Fu is currently a partner of Phoenix Investment Company, which was established in the PRC in March 2016. She joined Huatai United Securities Co., Ltd. in May 2011 and left in March 2016. Prior to joining Huatai United Securities Co., Ltd., Ms. Fu held senior management positions in various investment banks. From June 2008 to March 2010, Ms. Fu acted as an independent non-executive director of Blue Star Cleaning Co., Ltd. (now known as Chengdu Xingrong Environment Co., Ltd.), a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (stock code: 000598). From December 2012 to March 2023, Ms. Fu also served as an independent non-executive director of the United Laboratories International Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of Stock Exchange (stock code: 3933).

**Mr. Wan Mohd Fadzmi**, aged 57, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 1 September 2023. Mr. Fadzmi has served as an independent non-executive director and the chairman of the nomination committee of Hap Seng Consolidated Berhad (a company listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Berhad, stock code: 3034) since November 2017. Additionally, Mr. Fadzmi is currently the independent non-executive director at Zurich General Takaful Malaysia Berhad, and the independent non-executive director and chairman of the board of directors of Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation Malaysia Berhad (a subsidiary of Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation).

Mr. Fadzmi holds a bachelor of construction economics from RMIT University and attended the Advanced Management Program at The Wharton Business School, University of Pennsylvania and the Senior Executive Finance Program at the University of Oxford.

Mr. Fadzmi is a seasoned professional banker with over 25 years of extensive domestic and international experience. He held various senior management positions including the chief executive and country heads for the bank's operations in London, New York and Hong Kong.

Mr. Fadzmi was a director of global financial banking strategic business group at RHB Bank Berhad from July 2010 to June 2011 before assuming the position as the president/chief executive officer at Bank Pertanian Malaysia Berhad (Agrobank) from July 2011 to August 2017. Between 2018 and 2020, he was an independent non-executive director of Chemical Company of Malaysia Berhad (a company previously listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Berhad with stock code: 2879, which was delisted in 2021). Between 2020 and 2021, he was a non-independent and non-executive director of Malaysian Bulk Carriers Berhad (a company listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Berhad, stock code: 5077). Mr. Fadzmi has received numerous accolades, awards and recognitions for his efforts and contributions. In 2016, he was recognized as CEO of the Year by Global Islamic Finance Awards (GIFA) in Jakarta. Furthermore, in 2017, he was awarded the Islamic Retail Banking Leadership Award at the 3rd Islamic Retail Banking Awards in Dubai.

#### SENIOR MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP

**Mr. CHONG Chin Siong**, aged 56, is the corporate finance controller of the Group. Mr. Chong graduated from the University Science of Malaysia with a Bachelor of Management (majoring in finance and accounting) in year 1992. Prior to joining the Group in January 2009, Mr. Chong has gained more than 25 years of experience in internal audit, corporate finance and financial management in a number of public listed companies in Malaysia.

**Mr. LOW Hang Vow**, aged 50, is the operation finance controller of the Group. Mr. Low graduated from University of Malaya with a Bachelor of Accounting in year 1998 and joined the Group in June 2014. Mr. Low has gained more than 20 years of experience in relation to accounts, finance and taxation in Malaysia and the PRC.

**Mr. LIEW San Kim**, aged 60, is the general manager of V.S. Technology Industry Park (Zhuhai) Co., Ltd. and V.S. Industry (Zhuhai) Co., Ltd.. Mr. Liew graduated from Federal Institute of Technology with Diploma in electronics. Mr. Liew joined the Group in 2005 as a Quality Manager and was promoted to the present position in 2011.

**Ms. ZHANG Ge**, aged 53, is the human resources and administrative director of V.S. Technology Industry Park (Zhuhai) Co., Ltd. and V.S. Industry (Zhuhai) Co., Ltd.. Ms. Zhang joined the Group in May 2004 and was promoted to her current position in September 2011. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Zhang served in large state-owned enterprises in the PRC. Ms. Zhang graduated from university and has gained more than 20 years of experience in relation to finance, human resources and administrative management in the PRC.

## **Corporate Governance Report**

The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance and endeavours in following the code provisions ("Code Provisions") of the Corporate Governance Code ("CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules"). The Board considers such commitment is essential for the growth of the Group and for maximising the interest of the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders"). The Company regularly reviews its corporate governance practices to ensure that the latest development in corporate governance can be followed and observed.

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

During the financial year, the Company had complied with the Code Provisions, except for the following provision.

According to Code Provision C.2.1 under the CG Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

Mr. Beh Kim Ling and Mr. Beh Chern Wei are the chairman and the managing director of the Company respectively. Mr. Beh Kim Ling, in addition to his duties as the chairman of the Company, is also responsible for the strategic planning and overseeing all aspects of the Group's operations. This constitutes a deviation from Code Provision C.2.1 as part of his duties overlap with those of the managing Director, who is in practice the chief executive. As the founder of the Group, Mr. Beh Kim Ling has extensive experience and knowledge in the core business of the Group and his duties for overseeing the Group's operations is clearly beneficial to the Group. The Board considers that this structure will not impair the balance of power and authority between the Board and the management of the Group. Going forward, the Board will periodically review the effectiveness of this arrangement.

## DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company adopted on 30 September 2004 its securities dealing code ("SD Code") regarding the dealings of securities of the Company by the Directors and senior management of the Group, on terms no less exacting than the required standard under the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules.

The Company has made specific enquiry on all Directors regarding the dealings of securities of the Company and the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the SD Code and Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules throughout the financial year ended 31 July 2023.

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company and oversees the Group's overall strategic policies. The management is delegated the authority and responsibility by the Board for the management of the Group. The Board is currently composed of four executive Directors namely Mr. Beh Kim Ling as the chairman, Mr. Beh Chern Wei, Mr. Zhang Pei Yu and Ms. Beh Hwee Sze (an alternate Director to Mr. Zhang Pei Yu) and four independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Diong Tai Pew (resigned on 26 September 2023), Mr. Tang Sim Cheow, Ms. Fu Xiao Nan and Mr. Wan Mohd Fadzmi. The biographical details of the Directors are set out under the section headed "Directors and Senior Management Profile" of this Annual Report. All Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and may offer themselves for re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Company's articles of association.

The Board meets regularly to review and determine the corporate strategies and overall strategic policies. Each of the members of the Board has full access to relevant information at the meetings. During the financial year ended 31 July 2023, the Board has convened four meetings at which, among other things, the following activities were conducted:

- approved the annual report for the financial year ended 31 July 2022 and matters to be considered at the 2022 annual general meeting;
- (2) reviewed and approved corporate strategies of the Group for the financial year ending 31 July 2024;
- (3) approved the interim results for the six months ended 31 January 2023;
- (4) approved the announcements of the Company in relation to, among others, certain unaudited financial information of the Group provided to V.S. Industry Berhad for the compilation of its quarterly report for the three months ended 31 October 2022 and for the nine months ended 30 April 2023 respectively; and
- (5) approved connected transaction of the Group.

The Board is also responsible for determining the Company's corporate governance policies and performing corporate governance duties set out under the CG Code. Its corporate governance duties include, among others, (i) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance; (ii) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management; (iii) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal or regulatory requirements; (iv) to develop, review and monitor the company's disclosure in the ESG Report; and (vi) to review the Company's disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

### **Corporate Governance Report**

During the financial year, the Board has not held any meeting in relation to its corporate governance functions.

Apart from the regular board meetings, the Board met on other occasions when a board-level decision on a particular matter was required.

Details of the Directors' attendance records at the board meetings during the financial year ended 31 July 2023 are as follows:

### Attendance

### **Executive Directors**

| Mr. Beh Kim Ling <i>(chairman)</i> | 4/4 |
|------------------------------------|-----|
| Mr. Gan Sem Yam                    | 4/4 |
| Mr. Zhang Pei Yu                   | 4/4 |
| Mr. Beh Chern Wei                  | 4/4 |
|                                    |     |

### Independent non-executive Directors

| Mr. Tang Sim Cheow | 4/4 |
|--------------------|-----|
| Mr. Diong Tai Pew  | 4/4 |
| Ms. Fu Xiao Nan    | 4/4 |

Whilst the Board as a whole is to determine the corporate strategies and overall strategic policies, the executive Directors and senior management of the Company, as delegated by the Board, are responsible for implementing the determined strategies and policies and the day-to-day management of the Group's business.

### **Corporate Governance Report**

Details of the Directors' attendance records at the annual general meeting of the Company, being the only general meeting held during the financial year ended 31 July 2023, are as follows:

### Attendance

1/1

| Executive Directors                 |     |
|-------------------------------------|-----|
| Mr. Beh Kim Ling <i>(chairman)</i>  | 1/1 |
| Mr. Gan Sem Yam                     | 1/1 |
| Mr. Zhang Pei Yu                    | 1/1 |
| Mr. Beh Chern Wei                   | 1/1 |
|                                     |     |
| Independent non-executive Directors |     |
| Mr. Tang Sim Cheow                  | 1/1 |
| Mr. Diong Tai Pew                   | 1/1 |

Save as disclosed under the section headed "Directors and Senior Management Profile" of this Annual Report, there is no other relationship (whether financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships) among the members of the Board.

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors a written confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all the independent non-executive Directors to be independent despite the fact that each of Mr. Diong Tai Pew and Mr. Tang Sim Cheow has served as an independent non-executive Director for more than nine years.

The Board is committed to reviewing and assessing the Directors' independence annually in order to ensure that independent views and input of the independent non-executive Directors are made available to the Board, for example, by reviewing the proportion of independent non-executive Directors on the Board and the Board committees, regularly evaluating the independence of all non-executive Directors, striving to ensure that all Directors have equal opportunities and channels to communicate and express their independent views and opinions to the Board and the Board and the Board committees.

### INSURANCE ARRANGEMENT

Ms. Fu Xiao Nan

According to Code Provision C.1.8 of the CG Code, an issuer shall arrange appropriate insurance cover in respect of any legal action against its directors. During the financial year ended 31 July 2023, the Company has arranged liability insurance for its Directors and senior management.

### DIRECTORS' TRAINING

Pursuant to Code Provision C.1.4 of the CG Code, all Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. The Company shall be responsible for arranging suitable training for all Directors at the Company's expense.

During the financial year, the Company has organised a training session conducted by qualified professionals in relation to the updates of Environment, Social and Governance to ensure that the Directors fully understand their responsibilities, roles, functions and duties as Directors under the Listing Rules and other applicable laws and regulations. Each of Mr. Beh Kim Ling, Mr. Gan Sem Yam and Mr. Beh Chern Wei attended such training session. Mr. Zhang Pei Yu, Mr. Tang Sim Cheow, Mr. Diong Tai Pew and Ms. Fu Xiao Nan attended other professional training sessions separately.

### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The nomination committee of the Company ("Nomination Committee") currently consists of three members, comprising two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Diong Tai Pew (chairman) (resigned on 26 September 2023) and Mr. Tang Sim Cheow, and one executive Director, namely Mr. Beh Chern Wei. It was established by the Board with effect from 24 March 2012 and its duties are clearly defined in its terms of reference which have been prepared and adopted according to the Code Provisions.

The Nomination Committee reviews regularly the structure, size and composition of the Board and may make recommendations to the Board on the nominees for appointment as directors for their consideration and approval. To enhance the quality of the performance of the Board and to achieve diversity on the Board, the Board adopted on 30 August 2013 its board diversity policy ("Board Diversity Policy"), pursuant to which (i) differences in the skills, regional and industry experience, background, race, gender and other qualities of Directors will be taken into account in determining the optimum composition of the Board; and (ii) all Board appointments will be based on merit while taking into account diversity (including gender diversity). For the purpose of implementation of the Board Diversity Policy, the following measurable objectives were adopted:

- (A) at least 40% of the members of the Board shall be non-executive Directors or independent non-executive Directors;
- (B) at least one-third of the members of the Board shall be independent non-executive Directors;
- (C) at least two of the members of the Board shall have obtained accounting or other professional qualifications;
- (D) at least 75% of the members of the Board shall have more than seven years of experience in the industry he/ she is specialised in; and
- (E) at least two of the members of the Board shall have China-related work experience.

### **Corporate Governance Report**

The Company aims to achieve a balanced composition of the Board by ensuring appropriate balance of diversity in various aspects, including gender diversity, so as to enable the Board to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively. During the financial year, the Board consisted of six male directors and one female director. The Company considers that the composition of the Board has achieved gender diversity and has satisfied the Board Diversity Policy. The review of the Board Diversity Policy and the measurable objectives shall be carried out at least annually to ensure the continued effectiveness of the Board.

As at 31 July 2023, the Group had a total of 160 employees (including senior management), comprising of 87 male employees (i.e. about 54.4% of the workforce) and 73 female employees (i.e. about 45.6% of the workforce).

The Company will continue to take gender diversity into consideration during recruitment and increase the female proportion at all levels over time with the ultimate goal of achieving gender parity, such that there is a pipeline of female senior management and potential successors to the Board in the future. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

The Board has also adopted a nomination policy ("Nomination Policy") during the financial year ended 31 July 2023. A summary of the Nomination Policy is disclosed below:

### 1. Objective

The Nomination Policy aims to set out the relevant selection criteria and nomination procedures to help the Nomination Committee and the Board to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspective appropriate to the requirement of the Group's businesses.

### 2. Selection criteria

The selection criteria specified in the Nomination Policy include:

- commitment of available time and ability to devote sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company;
- reputation for integrity;
- accomplishment and experience in the relevant industry(ies);
- effectiveness in carrying out the responsibilities of the Board; and
- diversity in all its aspects as set out in the Board Diversity Policy of the Company.

These factors are for reference only, and not meant to be exhaustive and decisive. The Nomination Committee has the discretion to nominate any person, as it considers appropriate.

### 3. Nomination procedures

- (i) For filling a casual vacancy, the Nomination Committee shall make recommendations for the Board's consideration and approval. For proposing candidates to stand for election at a general meeting, the Nomination Committee shall make nominations to the Board for its consideration and recommendation.
- (ii) Until the publication of circular to the Shareholders, the nominated persons shall not assume that they have been proposed by the Board to stand for election at the general meeting.
- (iii) In order to provide information of the candidates nominated by the Board to stand for election at a general meeting, and to invite nominations from the Shareholders, a circular will be sent to the Shareholders. The circular will set out the lodgment period for the Shareholders to make the nominations. The names, brief biographies (including qualifications and relevant experience), independence, proposed remuneration and any other information, as required pursuant to the applicable laws, rules and regulations, of the proposed candidates will be included in the circular to the Shareholders.
- (iv) A candidate is allowed to withdraw his or her candidature at any time before the general meeting by serving a notice in writing to the company secretary of the Company.

The Board shall have the final decision on all matters relating to its recommendation of candidates to stand for election at any general meeting.

### 4. Review of the Nomination Policy

The Nomination Committee will review the Nomination Policy, as appropriate, to ensure the effectiveness of the Nomination Policy. The Nomination Committee will discuss any revisions that may be required.

During the financial year ended 31 July 2023, the Nomination Committee has met once to review the structure, size and composition of the Board and review performance of each Director who is subject to retirement by rotation.

Details of attendance of each member of the Nomination Committee during the financial year ended 31 July 2023 are as follows:

| Mr. Diong Tai Pew <i>(Chairman)</i> | 1/1 |
|-------------------------------------|-----|
| Mr. Tang Sim Cheow                  | 1/1 |
| Mr. Beh Chern Wei                   | 1/1 |

Attendance

### **Corporate Governance Report**

### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The remuneration committee of the Company ("Remuneration Committee") currently consists of three members, two independent non-executive Directors, namely Ms. Fu Xiao Nan (chairman) and Mr. Tang Sim Cheow, and one executive Director, Mr. Beh Kim Ling. The Remuneration Committee was established by the Board on 14 February 2006 and its duties are clearly defined in its terms of reference which have been prepared and adopted according to the Code Provisions. The function of the Remuneration Committee is to make recommendations to the Board on the policy and structure for all remuneration of Directors and senior management of the Company.

During the financial year ended 31 July 2023, the Remuneration Committee has met once to review and approve the remuneration structure of the Directors and senior management of the Company as well as discretionary bonus of the executive Directors for the financial year ended 31 July 2022.

### Remuneration of Directors and Senior Management

Pursuant to Code Provision E.1.5 of the CG Code, the remuneration of the members of the senior management by band for the year ended 31 July 2023 is set out below:

### **Remuneration band (HK\$)**

Nil to 1,000,000

Further particulars regarding Directors' emoluments and the five highest paid employees as required to be disclosed pursuant to Appendix 16 to the Listing Rules are set out in notes 11 and 12 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Details of attendance of each member of the Remuneration Committee during the financial year ended 31 July 2023 are as follows:

# Ms. Fu Xiao Nan (chairman)1/1Mr. Tang Sim Cheow1/1Mr. Beh Kim Ling1/1

### Number of individuals

4

#### Attendance

### AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee of the Company ("Audit Committee") currently comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Tang Sim Cheow (chairman), Mr. Diong Tai Pew (resigned on 26 September 2023) and Ms. Fu Xiao Nan. It was established by the Board with effect from 20 January 2002 and its duties are clearly defined in its terms of reference which have been prepared and adopted according to the Code Provisions.

The Audit Committee provides an important link between the Board and the Company's auditors in matters coming within the scope of the Group's audit. It also reviews the annual and interim reports of the Company prior to their approval by the Board, the effectiveness of the external and internal audit and of internal controls and risk evaluation.

During the financial year, the Audit Committee has convened four meetings and conducted the following activities:

- (1) reviewed the first and third quarterly results of the Company;
- (2) reviewed the interim and annual report of the Company;
- reviewed the report of internal audit department, internal control system and financial matters of the Group in pursuance of the terms of reference;
- (4) reviewed the audit findings of the external auditors of the Company;
- (5) made recommendation to the Board on the re-appointment of the external auditors; and
- (6) reviewed all ongoing connected transaction of the Group.

Details of attendance of each member of the Audit Committee during the financial year ended 31 July 2023 are as follows:

#### Attendance

| Mr. Tang Sim Cheow <i>(chairman)</i> | 4/4 |
|--------------------------------------|-----|
| Mr. Diong Tai Pew                    | 4/4 |
| Ms. Fu Xiao Nan                      | 4/4 |

There was no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee on the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of the external auditors.

### AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the financial year ended 31 July 2023, audit and non-audit services were provided to the Group by PricewaterhouseCoopers ("PwC"), the auditor of the Company, and other external auditors of the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC:

| Services Provided   | Amounts   |
|---|-----------|
|   | RMB       |
|   |           |
| Annual audit  |           |
| Audit fee for the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31      |           |
| July 2023 by PwC  | 1,332,000 |
| Audit fee for the statutory audit of the financial statements of the Company's subsidiaries |           |
|   | 101 000   |
| in the PRC for the year ended 31 December 2022 by other external auditors                   | 161,000   |
|   |           |
|   | 1,493,000 |
|   |           |
| Non-audit services  |           |
| Fee for tax consultancy services of the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC by other          |           |
| external auditors and other non-audit services  | 64,000    |
|   |           |
|   | 1,557,000 |

Advisory services fee in respect of ESG advisory service amounted to RMB158,000 is also payable to PwC's ESG servicing team which is separate from the team responsible for the Group's audit.

### RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group. In preparing the consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended 31 July 2023, the Directors have selected appropriate accounting policies and applied them consistently, and have prepared the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

The statement of the external auditors about their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report to the Shareholders on pages 60 to 64 of this Annual Report.

### INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for the risk management and internal control system of the Group and reviewing their effectiveness. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board has the overall responsibility for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks it is willing to take in achieving the Company's strategic objectives, and establishing and maintaining appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems. Highlights of the Group's risk management and internal control systems include the following:

- code of conduct the Company's code of conduct explicitly communicates to each employee its values, acceptable criteria for decision-making and its ground rules for behavior.
- process to identify and manage significant risks and material internal control defects significant risks or internal control defects identified by the management during the ordinary business operation of the Group will be reported to the Board as soon as practicable for further evaluating and management. A Board meeting will be held to conduct review and evaluation on the significant risks or internal control defects and appropriate actions will be taken to control the risks or to improve the internal control defects. During the financial year, no significant risks, or material internal control failings or weaknesses have been identified by the Board or the management.
- internal audit functions the internal audit functions of the Group have been performed by the collaboration
  of the Board's office, finance department, human resources department and administration office by regular
  financial and operational review and recommending necessary actions to the management. The works carried
  out by the aforesaid departments of the Company ensure the risk management and internal control measures
  are in place and function properly as intended. The results of the internal audit and reviews are reported to the
  executive Directors and the Audit Committee.
- compliance with the Listing Rules and relevant laws and regulations the Group will continue to monitor its compliance with relevant laws and regulations and continue to arrange for various trainings to be provided by its legal advisers or other professional parties to the Directors and management on the Listing Rules, PRC laws and regulations, etc.

### **Corporate Governance Report**

The Audit Committee assists the Board in leading the management and overseeing their design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems. The management has reported and confirmed to the Board and the Audit Committee on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems during the financial year ended 31 July 2023.

The Board, as supported by the Audit Committee as well as the management, conducted an annual review on the risk management and internal control systems, including the financial, operational and compliance controls of the Group during the financial year ended 31 July 2023, to ensure the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programs and budget of accounting, internal audit, training reporting, etc. The Board considered that such systems and the process for financial reporting and Listing Rules compliance are effective and adequate.

The Group has adopted the Management of the Regulation of Trade Secrets which provides a general guide to the Company's directors, officers, senior management and relevant employees in handling confidential information, monitoring information disclosures and responding to enquiries. The policy is to ensure potential inside information being captured and confidentiality of such information being maintained until consistent and timely disclosure is made in accordance with the Listing Rules. The policy regulates the handling and dissemination of inside information, which includes:

- designated responsible persons and departments for managing and handling the inside information;
- specified disclosure requirements under the Listing Rules; and
- stipulated disclosure procedures.

### COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Ng Ting On Polly is the company secretary of the Company. Her primary contact person of the Company is Mr. Beh Kim Ling, the chairman of the Company. In compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, Ms. Ng Ting On Polly has undertaken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training for the financial year ended 31 July 2023.

### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

### Procedures for Shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting

The following procedures for the Shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting ("EGM") of the Company are prepared in accordance with Article 64 of the articles of association of the Company:

- (1) One or more Shareholders ("Requisitionist(s)") holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings shall have the right, by written notice, to require an EGM to be called by the Directors for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition.
- (2) Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the company secretary of the Company at the following:

### Head office and principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong

| Address:   | 40th Floor, Jardine House, 1 Connaught Place, Central, Hong Kong |
|------------|--|
| Email:     | corporate@vs-ig.com  |
| Attention: | the Board of Directors/Company Secretary                         |

### Registered office of the Company

| Address:   | Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands |
|------------|--|
| Attention: | the Board of Directors/Company Secretary   |

- (3) The EGM shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition.
- (4) If the Directors fail to proceed to convene such meeting within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit, the Requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the Requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Directors shall be reimbursed to the Requisitionist(s) by the Company.

### **Corporate Governance Report**

### Procedures for Shareholders to direct enquiries to the Company

For matters in relation to the Board, the Shareholders can contact the Company at the following:

| Address:   | 40th Floor, Jardine House, 1 Connaught Place, Central, Hong Kong |
|------------|--|
| Email:     | corporate@vs-ig.com  |
| Tel:       | (852) 2511 9002  |
| Fax:       | (852) 2511 9880  |
| Attention: | the Board of Directors/Company Secretary                         |

For share registration related matters, such as share transfer and registration, change of name or address, loss of share certificates or dividend warrants, the registered Shareholders can contact:

### Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office of the Company

| Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited |   |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Address:  | Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong |  |  |
| Tel:  | (852) 2862 8555   |  |  |
| Fax:  | (852) 2529 6087   |  |  |
| Contact us:                                       | www.computershare.com/hk/contact  |  |  |

### Procedures for Shareholders to put forward proposals at Shareholders' meetings

To put forward proposals at a general meeting of the Company, a Shareholder should lodge a written notice of his/ her proposal ("Proposal") with his/her detailed contact information at the Company's principal place of business at 40th Floor, Jardine House, 1 Connaught Place, Central, Hong Kong.

The request will be verified with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong and upon their confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the Board will be asked to include the Proposal in the agenda for the general meeting.

The notice period to be given to all the Shareholders for consideration of the Proposal raised by the Shareholder concerned at the general meeting varies according to the nature of the Proposal as follows:

- (a) At least 14 days' notice in writing if the Proposal requires approval by way of an ordinary resolution of the Company.
- (b) At least 21 days' notice in writing if the Proposal requires approval by way of a special resolution of the Company in an extraordinary general meeting of the Company or an ordinary resolution of the Company in an annual general meeting of the Company.

### INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company has adopted the amended and restated memorandum and articles of association on 15 December 2022. Please refer to the circular of the Company dated 15 November 2022 for details. Save as disclosed, during the year ended 31 July 2023, there had been no significant change in the Company's constitutional documents.

The Company believes that maintaining effective communication with the investment industry is crucial to having a deeper understanding of the Company's business and its development among investors. To achieve this goal and increase transparency, the Company will continue to adopt proactive measures to foster better investor relations and communications. As such, the purpose for the Company to formulate investor relations policies is to let investors have access to information of the Group in a fair and timely manner, so that they can make an informed decision.

The Company welcomes investors to write to the Company or send their inquiries to the Company's website (www.vs-ig.com) to share their opinions with the Board. The Company's website also discloses the latest business information of the Group to investors and the public.

The Board has conducted an annual review of the implementation and effectiveness of the investor relations policies of the Company, and considered that the policies were implemented effectively during the year.

### **Report of the Directors**

The Directors have pleasure in submitting the Annual Report together with the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the financial year ended 31 July 2023.

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding and the Group is principally engaged in the manufacturing and sale of plastic moulded products and parts, assembling of electronic products and mould design and fabrication.

An analysis of the principal activities and geographical locations of the operations of the Group during the financial year is set out in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The review of the business of the Group during the year and the discussion on the Group's future business development are set out in the sections headed "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations", and the description of principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group and key financial performance indicators are set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations". The financial risk management objectives and policies of the Group are set out in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements. Except as disclosed in the sub-section headed "Events after the Reporting Date" under the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations", no important event affecting the Group has occurred since the end of the financial year ended 31 July 2023 and up to the date of this report.

### ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

We believe that our business also depends on our ability to meet our customers' requirements in respect of safety, quality and environmental aspects. To meet our customers' requirements on safety, quality and environmental aspects, we have established safety, quality and environmental management systems. Through the systematic and effective control of our operations, compliance with safety, quality and environmental requirements can be further assured.

### COMPLIANCE WITH RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group has adopted internal control and risk management policies to monitor the on-going compliance with relevant laws and regulations. As far as the Board is concerned, the Group has complied in material aspects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group.

### KEY RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group is in good relationship with its employees and some policies have been carried out to make sure the employees can acquire competitive remuneration, good welfare and continuous professional training. The Group also maintains a good relationship with its customers and suppliers, without whom the production and operation success will not be guaranteed.

### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The information in respect of the Group's sales and purchases attributable to the major customers and suppliers respectively during the financial year is as follows:

|                                     | Percentage of the<br>Group's total |           |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|
|                                     | Sales                              | Purchases |
| The largest customer                | 53%                                | _         |
| Five largest customers in aggregate | 98%                                | -         |
| The largest supplier                | _                                  | 41%       |
| Five largest suppliers in aggregate | -                                  | 65%       |

At no time during the financial year had the Directors, their close associates or any Shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in these major customers and suppliers.

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The results of the Group for the financial year ended 31 July 2023 and the state of the Group's affairs as at 31 July 2023 are set out in the consolidated financial statements of the Group on pages 65 to 132 of this Annual Report.

### DIVIDENDS

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend in respect of the financial year ended 31 July 2023 (2022: Nil).

The Board adopted a dividend policy ("Dividend Policy") during the financial year ended 31 July 2023. A summary of the Dividend Policy is disclosed as below.

The Board takes into account the following factors when considering the declaration and payment of dividends:

- the requirements of the Company's constitutional documents;
- the solvency requirements of the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands;
- there being sufficient amount of retained profits and share premium of the Company for the dividend payment;
- any financial covenants and other restrictions that exist with respect to certain of the Company's financing arrangements and other agreements by which the Company is bound from time to time;
- the earnings, financial position, results of operation, expansion plans, working capital requirements, and anticipated cash needs of the Company and its subsidiaries;
- the payment by subsidiaries of cash dividends to the Company; and
- other factors which the Board may deem appropriate.

The form and frequency of dividend declaration and payment shall be at the sole and absolute discretion of the Board. The Board will review the Dividend Policy, as appropriate, to ensure the compliance of the Dividend Policy and discuss and approve any revision as and when appropriate.

### **Report of the Directors**

### CHARITABLE DONATIONS

There was no charitable and other donations made by the Group during the financial year (2022: RMB0.01 million).

### **FIXED ASSETS**

Details of movements in fixed assets of the Group during the financial year are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

### SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in share capital of the Company during the financial year are set out in note 25 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

### OTHER DEFICITS

Details of movements in the other deficits of the Group are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity in the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Details of the movement in the reserves of the Company's individual components of equity are set out in the note 26 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

### DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 July 2023, the Company's reserves available for distribution calculated in accordance with the Companies Act, Cap. 22 (Act 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands amounted to RMB212,114,000 (2022: RMB219,057,000). These reserves may be distributed provided that immediately following the date on which the distribution is proposed to be made, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

### DIRECTORS

The Directors during the financial year and up to the date of this report were:-

#### **Executive Directors**

Beh Kim Ling Beh Chern Wei Zhang Pei Yu *(Ms. Beh Hwee Sze as his alternate)* Gan Sem Yam *(resigned on 1 September 2023)* 

### Independent non-executive Directors

Tang Sim Cheow Diong Tai Pew *(resigned on 26 September 2023)* Fu Xiao Nan Wan Mohd Fadzmi *(appointed on 1 September 2023)* 

In accordance with article 108(A) of the Company's articles of association, not less than one-third of the Directors for the time being should retire from office by rotation at each annual general meeting. Accordingly, Mr. Beh Chern Wei and Mr. Tang Sim Cheow will retire from the Board by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at such meeting.

### **DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)**

Furthermore, pursuant to article 112 of the Company's articles of association, Mr. Wan Mohd Fadzmi who was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 1 September 2023, shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer himself for re-election at such meeting.

### DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of Mr. Beh Kim Ling, Mr. Zhang Pei Yu and Mr. Beh Chern Wei, being all the executive Directors, has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing from the date of appointment, and is automatically renewable for successive terms of one year upon expiry of the then current term, until terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party to the other.

Mr. Tang Sim Cheow, Ms. Fu Xiao Nan and Mr. Wan Mohd Fadzmi are currently appointed as independent nonexecutive Directors. The appointments of Mr. Tang Sim Cheow, Ms. Fu Xiao Nan and Mr. Wan Mohd Fadzmi are for a term of one year renewable automatically for successive terms of one year until terminated by not less than two months' notice in writing served by either party to the other.

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company has an unexpired service contract which is not determinable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation, other than normal statutory obligations.

### DIRECTOR'S INTEREST IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 July 2023, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (as defined in Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) which had been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions in which they are taken or deemed to have taken under such provisions of the SFO) or which will be required pursuant to section 352 of the SFO to be entered in the register referred to therein or pursuant to the SD Code, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange were as follows:

|                  |                        |                  | Number                 | Approximate |
|------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|-------------|
|                  | The Company/name of    |                  | and class              | percentage  |
| Name of Director | associated corporation | Capacity         | of securities          | of interest |
| (Note 1)         |                        |                  | (Note 2)               |             |
|                  |                        |                  |                        |             |
| Beh Kim Ling     | The Company            | Beneficial owner | 158,904,532 Shares (L) | 6.89%       |
|                  |                        |                  |                        |             |
|                  | V.S. Corporation       | Beneficial owner | 3,750,000 non-voting   | 5.00%       |
|                  | (Hong Kong) Co.,       |                  | deferred shares of     |             |
|                  | Limited ("VSHK")       |                  | HK\$1 each (L)         |             |
|                  |                        |                  |                        |             |

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### **Report of the Directors**

DIRECTOR'S INTEREST IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS (CONTINUED)

| Name of Director | The Company/name of associated corporation | Capacity         | Number<br>and class<br>of securities                         | Approximate<br>percentage<br>of interest |
|------------------|--|------------------|--|--|
| (Note 1)         |  |                  | (Note 2)   |  |
|                  | VS Berhad                                  | Beneficial owner | 362,298,283<br>ordinary shares (L)<br>(Note 3)               | 9.43%                                    |
| Gan Sem Yam      | The Company                                | Beneficial owner | 44,671,395 Shares (L)  | 1.94%                                    |
|                  | VSHK                                       | Beneficial owner | 3,750,000 non-voting<br>deferred shares of<br>HK\$1 each (L) | 5.00%                                    |
|                  | VS Berhad                                  | Beneficial owner | 198,129,298<br>ordinary shares (L)<br>(Note 4)               | 5.16%                                    |
| Zhang Pei Yu     | The Company                                | Beneficial owner | 2,000 Shares (L)   | 0.00%                                    |
| Beh Chern Wei    | The Company                                | Beneficial owner | 37,111,960 Shares (L)  | 1.61%                                    |
|                  | VSHK                                       | Beneficial owner | 1,250,000 non-voting<br>deferred shares of<br>HK\$1 each (L) | 1.67%                                    |
|                  | VS Berhad                                  | Beneficial owner | 124,031,400<br>ordinary shares (L)<br>(Note 5)               | 3.23%                                    |
| Diong Tai Pew    | The Company                                | Beneficial owner | 1,766,411 Shares (L)   | 0.08%                                    |
| Tang Sim Cheow   | The Company                                | Beneficial owner | 639,130 Shares (L)   | 0.03%                                    |

## DIRECTOR'S INTEREST IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS (CONTINUED)

### Notes:

- 1. Mr. Beh Kim Ling is the brother-in-law of Mr. Gan Sem Yam. Mr. Beh Chern Wei is the son of Mr. Beh Kim Ling and the nephew of Mr. Gan Sem Yam.
- 2. The letter "L" represents the Director's long position interest in the shares and underlying shares of the Company or its associated corporations.
- 3. 1,320,000 of these shares would be allotted and issued upon exercise in full of the outstanding share options granted by VS Berhad at the exercise price\* of RM0.45 per share during a period of 5 years from 2 July 2020 to 11 May 2025. 1,620,000 of these shares would be allotted and issued upon exercise in full of the outstanding share options granted by VS Berhad at the exercise price RM0.87 per share during a period of 3 years from 17 May 2022 to 11 May 2025. 64,451,397 of these shares would be allotted and issued upon exercise in full of the warrants granted by VS Berhad at an initial exercise price of RM1.38 per share (subject to adjustments) during a period of 3 years from 15 June 2021 to 14 June 2024.
- 4. 1,320,000 of these shares would be allotted and issued upon exercise in full of the outstanding share options granted by VS Berhad at the exercise price\* of RM0.45 per share during a period of 5 years from 2 July 2020 to 11 May 2025. 1,320,000 of these shares would be allotted and issued upon exercise in full of the outstanding share options granted by VS Berhad at the exercise price RM0.87 per share during a period of 3 years from 17 May 2022 to 11 May 2025. 24,386,544 of these shares would be allotted and issued upon exercise in full of the warrants granted by VS Berhad at an initial exercise price of RM1.38 per share (subject to adjustments) during a period of 3 years from 15 June 2021 to 14 June 2024.
- 5. 400,000 of these shares would be allotted and issued upon exercise in full of the outstanding share options granted by VS Berhad at the exercise price\* of RM0.45 per share during a period of 5 years from 2 July 2020 to 11 May 2025. 200,050 of these shares would be allotted and issued upon exercise in full of the warrants granted by VS Berhad at an initial exercise price of RM1.38 per share (subject to adjustments) during a period of 3 years from 15 June 2021 to 14 June 2024.
  - \* VS Berhad completed its bonus issue exercise on 19 May 2021 and the option exercise price has been adjusted accordingly.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company had any interest or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which he/she was taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register maintained by the Company referred to therein, or which were required, pursuant to the SD Code, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

### **Report of the Directors**

### DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the financial year ended 31 July 2023 was the Company, any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Apart from the related party transactions as disclosed in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group, no transaction, arrangement and contract of significance to which the Company, any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party, in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the financial year or at any time during the financial year.

### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 July 2023, the following entity, other than a Director or chief executive of the Company, had an interest or a short position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO:

|                     |                   |                   | Approximate   |
|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|
|                     |                   | Nature of         | percentage of |
| Name of shareholder | Number of Shares  | interest/capacity | Interest      |
|                     | (Note)            |                   |               |
|                     |                   |                   |               |
| VS Berhad           | 1,000,109,963 (L) | Beneficial owner  | 43.34%        |

Note: The letter "L" represents the shareholder's long position interest in the shares of the Company.

### CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER'S INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

No contract of significance had been entered into between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and the controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 July 2023.

### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or in existence during the financial year ended 31 July 2023.

### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Company has arranged the appropriate insurance cover for Director's and officer's liabilities in respect of legal actions against its Directors and senior management arising out of corporate activities. The permitted indemnity provision is in force for the benefit of the Directors as required by section 470 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) when the Report of the Directors prepared by the Directors is approved in accordance with section 391(1)(a) of the Companies Ordinance.

### CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of the related party transactions for the financial year ended 31 July 2023 are set out in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group. None of those related party transactions constituted a connected transaction or continuing connected transaction which is required to be disclosed in this Annual Report in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

During the year ended 31 July 2023, the Group did not enter into any connected transactions or continuing connected transactions which are required to be disclosed in this Annual Report in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

### NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKINGS

In order to delineate the businesses of VS Berhad and its subsidiaries ("Berhad Group") and those of the Group clearly and to regulate their respective activities with their customers, VS Berhad and the Company has given each other certain non-compete undertakings under a territorial delineation agreement ("Territorial Agreement") dated 20 January 2002, particulars of which are set out under "Relationship with the Group" in the section headed "Information on VS Berhad" in the Company's prospectus dated 28 January 2002.

On 1 June 2018, the Company and VS Berhad entered into a supplemental agreement ("Supplemental Territorial Agreement") to amend the Territorial Agreement, particulars of which are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 1 June 2018 and the circular of the Company dated 16 July 2018.

The Supplemental Territorial Agreement was approved by independent Shareholders and became effective on 3 August 2018. The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the compliance of the terms of the Territorial Agreement and considered that each of the Company and VS Berhad has complied with the Territorial Agreement and the enforcement of the undertakings contained therein by the parties thereto for the financial year ended 31 July 2023.

For the financial year ended 31 July 2023, (i) there is no opportunity identified by the Group in Brunei, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand and Vietnam that has been taken up by the Group pursuant to the mechanisms as stated in the Supplemental Territorial Agreement; and (ii) there is no opportunity identified by the VS Berhad and its subsidiaries (other than the Group) (collectively, the "Berhad Group") in Hong Kong, Taiwan and the PRC that has been referred to the Group, and that the Berhad Group is allowed to take up pursuant to the mechanisms as stated in the Supplemental Territorial Agreement.

### PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association although there are no restrictions against such rights under the law in the Cayman Islands.

### **Report of the Directors**

### PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 July 2023, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities.

### FIVE YEARS SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 136 of this report.

### PROPERTY

Particulars of the major properties and property interests of the Group are shown on page 135 of this report.

### **RETIREMENT SCHEMES**

Particulars of the retirement schemes of the Group are set out in note 10 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

### AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee of the Company ("Audit Committee") was established by the Board on 20 January 2002 and was re-constituted on 30 September 2004 and 24 March 2012 respectively. The role, function and composition of the Audit Committee are set out on page 43 of this report.

The Audit Committee has reviewed the Group's financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2023 and is of the opinion that such statements comply with the applicable accounting standards, the Listing Rules and the requirements of applicable laws, codes and regulations and that adequate disclosure pursuant thereto have been made.

### INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received from each of its independent non-executive Directors confirmation of his/her independence from the Group and the Company considers each of them to be independent pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules despite the fact that each of Mr. Diong Tai Pew and Mr. Tang Sim Cheow has served as an independent non-executive Director for more than nine years.

### PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the best knowledge of the Directors at the date of this report, there was a sufficient prescribed public float of the issued Shares under the Listing Rules at any time during the financial year ended 31 July 2023.

### TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION

The Directors are not aware of any tax relief and exemption available to the shareholders of the Company by reason of their holding of the Company's listed securities.

### AUDITORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. A resolution for the re-appointment of PricewaterhouseCoopers as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. There has been no change in the auditors of the Company in any of the preceding three years.

By order of the Board

**Beh Kim Ling** *Chairman* Johor Bahru, Malaysia 25 September 2023

## **Independent Auditor's Report**



羅兵咸永道

### TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF V.S. INTERNATIONAL GROUP LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

### OPINION

### What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of V.S. International Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), which are set out on pages 65 to 132, comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 July 2023;
- the consolidated income statement for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### **Our opinion**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 July 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, 22/F Prince's Building, Central, Hong Kong

• Tel: +852 2289 8888, Fax: +852 2810 9888, www.pwchk.com

### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter identified in our audit is as follows:

Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

### **Key Audit Matter**

### Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

Refer to Note 4(a) and Note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group had RMB185,289,000 and RMB13,065,000 property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets ("PPE and ROU") as at 31 July 2023, respectively. Management carried out an impairment assessment on its PPE and ROU. The carrying amounts of the PPE and ROU were written down to its recoverable amount when the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

For the year ended 31 July 2023, impairment losses of PPE and ROU of RMB6,708,000 and RMB558,000, respectively, were recognised in the consolidated income statement.

### How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

Our key procedures in relation to management's assessment of the impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets included:

 Obtained an understanding of the management's internal control and assessment process of impairment of PPE and ROU and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement;

For machinery and equipment:

- Evaluated management's identification of cash generating unit ("CGU") and whether the assets generate cash inflows that are largely independent, based on our understanding of the Group's business;
- Obtained management's impairment assessment and the budget adopted in the cashflow forecast. We evaluated the budget and the reasonableness of key assumptions (such as percentage changes in revenue, gross profit and pre-tax discount rate) applied in value-in-use calculations by comparing them to historical information and our understanding of latest market conditions;

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

### Key Audit Matter (Continued)

For the PPE and ROU used in business operation with a carrying value of RMB15,453,000, the recoverable amounts of the cash generating units are determined based on the fair value less costs of disposal by making reference to price quotation obtained from a third-party.

For the PPE of solar power generating units with a carrying value of RMB32,024,000, the recoverable amounts were determined based on value-in-use calculation using discount cash flow of the relevant cash generating units based on the financial projections prepared by management, with major assumptions such as percentage changes in revenue and gross profit as well as pre-tax discount rate.

Other than the above mentioned PPE and ROU, management identified certain machinery and equipment (included in PPE and ROU) with a carrying amount of RMB5,630,000 which are not expected to be used in production in the future. Management estimated the recoverable amount based on their fair value less costs of disposal by making reference to price quotation obtained from a third-party buyer.

For land and buildings of RMB152,638,000, management assessed the recoverable amount based on its fair value less of costs of disposal with reference to the fair value of the land and buildings assessed by an independent professional valuer.

We focused on this area because significant judgement and estimation were involved in determining the recoverable amounts of the PPE and ROU.

### How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter (Continued)

For machinery and equipment (Continued):

- Compared the actual results in current year with the budget used in the prior year impairment assessment and evaluated the sensitivity analysis to consider the impact on the impairment loss with reasonably possible changes of key assumptions and considered whether the judgements made in determining the budget and key assumptions are subject to possible management bias;
- Compared the price quotation from the third party buyer to the carrying value of the in-use and idle PPE and ROU; and
- Compared the historical disposal price to the price quotation obtained for the in-use and idle PPE and ROU.

For land and buildings:

 Evaluated the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the independent valuer and obtained an understanding of their scope of work. We involved our internal specialist, obtained an understanding and evaluated the basis and methodology of the valuation, as well as the reasonableness of major assumptions adopted.

Based on our work performed, we found the impairment provision made by management to be supported by available audit evidence.

### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
  sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
  resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional
  omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguard applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Yuen Kwok Kin Andrew.

**PricewaterhouseCoopers** *Certified Public Accountants* 

Hong Kong, 25 September 2023

## **Consolidated Income Statement**

For the year ended 31 July 2023

|   | Note   | 2023<br>RMB′000  | 2022<br>RMB'000  |
|---|--------|------------------|------------------|
| Revenue   | 5      | 76,443           | 121,401          |
| Cost of sales   |        | (64,932)         | (111,227)        |
| Gross profit  |        | 11,511           | 10,174           |
| Other income  | 6      | 4,517            | 4,563            |
| Other losses – net  | 6      | (9,337)          | (26,098)         |
| Distribution costs  |        | (1,659)          | (3,209)          |
| General and administrative expenses                                       |        | (28,789)         | (34,694)         |
| Net impairment losses on financial assets                                 |        | (27)             | (12)             |
| Operating loss  | 7      | (23,784)         | (49,276)         |
| Finance income<br>Finance costs   | 11.0.0 | 921<br>(1,831)   | 1,056<br>(2,218) |
| Finance costs – net   | 8      | (910)            | (1,162)          |
| Share of net profit of an associate accounted for using the equity method |        | 2,402            | 2,130            |
| Loss before income tax  |        | (22,292)         | (48,308)         |
| Income tax (expense)/credit   | 9      | (28)             | 61               |
| Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company                   |        | (22,320)         | (48,247)         |
|   |        | 2023<br>RMB cent | 2022<br>RMB cent |
| Loss per share attributable to owners of the Company during the year      |        |                  |                  |
| Basic and diluted   | 13     | (0.97)           | (2.09)           |

# Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

|  | Note | 2023<br>RMB'000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|--|------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Loss for the year  |      | (22,320)        | (48,247)        |
| Other comprehensive loss for the year  |      |                 |                 |
| Item that may be reclassified to profit or loss:<br>Currency translation differences |      | 467             | _               |
| Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:                   |      |                 |                 |
| Fair value loss on financial asset at fair value through other                       |      |                 |                 |
| comprehensive income   | 15   | (800)           | (600)           |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year and attributable to                            |      |                 |                 |
| owners of the Company  |      | (22,653)        | (48,847)        |

# **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

As at 31 July 2023

|  |       | As at<br>31 July 2023 | As at<br>31 July 2022 |
|--|-------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
|  | Note  | RMB'000               | RMB'000               |
| ASSETS   |       |                       |                       |
| Non-current assets   |       |                       |                       |
| Property, plant and equipment                                    | 14(a) | 185,289               | 209,655               |
| Right-of-use assets  | 14(b) | 13,065                | 14,947                |
| Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income | 15    | 2,300                 | 3,100                 |
| Investment accounted for using the equity method                 | 17    | 10,365                | 7,496                 |
|  |       | 211,019               | 235,198               |
| Current assets   |       |                       |                       |
| Inventories  | 18    | 8,057                 | 16,445                |
| Contract assets  | 19    | -                     | 597                   |
| Trade and other receivables, deposits and prepayments            | 20    | 26,226                | 41,027                |
| Amounts due from related parties                                 | 29(b) | 948                   | 663                   |
| Restricted bank balances   | 21    |                       | 6,000                 |
| Cash and cash equivalents  | 22    | 85,457                | 68,606                |
|  |       | 120,688               | 133,338               |
| Total assets   |       | 331,707               | 368,536               |
| EQUITY   |       |                       |                       |
| Capital and reserves   |       |                       |                       |
| Share capital  | 25    | 105,013               | 105,013               |
| Share premium  | 25    | 306,364               | 306,364               |
| Other deficits   | 26    | (132,075)             | (109,422)             |
| Total equity attributable to owners of the Company               |       | 279,302               | 301,955               |

### **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

As at 31 July 2023

| l equity and liabilities 33                  | 1,707 | 368,536                          |
|--|-------|----------------------------------|
| l liabilities 5                              | 2,405 | 66,581                           |
| 5  | 1,485 | 28,252                           |
| payables                                     | -     | 93                               |
| unts due to related parties 29               | 429   | 570                              |
|  | 5,108 | _                                |
| ent liabilities<br>e and other payables 23 1 | 5,948 | 27,589                           |
|  | 920   | 38,329                           |
|  |       |                                  |
| rred income tax liabilities 24               | 920   | 916                              |
| s from a director 29                         |       | 37,413                           |
| 31 July                                      |       | As at<br>31 July 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|  |       | As at                            |

The consolidated financial statements on pages 65 to 132 were approved by the Board and Directors on 25 September 2023 and were signed on its behalf.

Beh Kim Ling Chairman Beh Chern Wei Managing Director

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 31 July 2023

|  | Note | Share<br>capital<br>RMB'000<br>(Note 25) | Share<br>premium<br>RMB'000<br>(Note 25) | Other<br>deficits<br>RMB'000<br>(Note 26) | <b>Total</b><br>equity<br>RMB'000 |
|--|------|--|--|---|-----------------------------------|
| Balance at 1 August 2021   |      | 105,013                                  | 306,364                                  | (60,575)                                  | 350,802                           |
| Comprehensive loss<br>Loss for the year<br>Other comprehensive loss  |      |  |  | (48,247)                                  | (48,247)                          |
| Change in value on financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income  | 15   | -  | -  | (600)                                     | (600)                             |
| Total comprehensive loss   |      |  |  | (48,847)                                  | (48,847)                          |
| Balance at 31 July 2022  |      | 105,013                                  | 306,364                                  | (109,422)                                 | 301,955                           |
| Balance at 1 August 2022   |      | 105,013                                  | 306,364                                  | (109,422)                                 | 301,955                           |
| Comprehensive loss<br>Loss for the year<br>Other comprehensive loss  |      |  | activation of the                        | (22,320)                                  | (22,320)                          |
| Change in value on financial asset at fair value<br>through other comprehensive income<br>Currency translation differences | 15   |  |  | (800)<br>467                              | (800)<br>467                      |
| Total comprehensive loss   |      |  |  | (22,653)                                  | (22,653)                          |
| Balance at 31 July 2023  |      | 105,013                                  | 306,364                                  | (132,075)                                 | 279,302                           |

# **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

For the year ended 31 July 2023

|  | Note  | 2023<br>RMB'000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities                       |       |                 |                 |
| Cash generated from operations                             | 30(a) | 13,683          | 38,240          |
| Income tax paid  |       | (116)           | (786)           |
| Net cash generated from operating activities               |       | 13,567          | 37,454          |
| Cash flows from investing activities                       |       |                 |                 |
| Payments for the purchase of property, plant and equipment |       | -               | (257)           |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment        | 30(b) | 2,671           | 780             |
| Interest received  |       | 921             | 1,056           |
| Net cash generated from investing activities               |       | 3,592           | 1,579           |
| Cash flows from financing activities                       |       |                 |                 |
| Decrease in loans from a director                          | 30(c) | (4,477)         | -               |
| Repayment of bank loans                                    | 30(c) | -               | (21,876)        |
| Net decrease in trust receipt loans                        | 30(c) | -               | (31,749)        |
| Decrease in restricted bank balances                       |       | 6,000           | 42,435          |
| Principal and interest elements of lease payments          | 30(c) | 이 아이는 것은 것 같아.  | (222)           |
| Borrowing costs paid                                       |       | (1,831)         | (2,211)         |
| Net cash used in financing activities                      |       | (308)           | (13,623)        |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents                  |       | 16,851          | 25,410          |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year             |       | 68,606          | 43,196          |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year                   | 22    | 85,457          | 68,606          |

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

V.S. International Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") are principally engaged in the manufacturing and sales of plastic moulded products and parts, assembling of electronic products, and mould design and fabrication. The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 9 July 2001 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands.

The Company is ultimately owned by V.S. Industry Berhad, a company incorporated in Malaysia with limited liability, the shares of which are listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

The Company has its primary listing on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), unless otherwise stated.

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### 2.1 Basis of preparation

Ctondordo

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance Cap. 622. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis, except for financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income, which is measured at fair value.

(a) New standards, amendments to existing standards and interpretations adopted by the Group

The Group has applied the following new amendments to existing standards for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing 1 August 2022:

Subject of emendment

| Standards                           | Subject of amendment                              |
|-------------------------------------|---|
|                                     |   |
| HKAS 16 (Amendments)                | Property, Plant and Equipment:                    |
|                                     | Proceeds before intended use                      |
| HKAS 37 (Amendments)                | Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract |
| HKFRS 3 (Amendments)                | Reference to the Conceptual Framework             |
| Accounting Guideline 5 (Amendments) | Revised accounting guideline 5 merger accounting  |
|                                     | for common control combinations (AG 5)            |
| Annual Improvements Project         | Annual Improvements to HKFRS 2018-2020            |
|                                     |   |

The adoption of these amended standards did not have any significant impact on the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

## 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

(b) New standards, amendments to existing standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Certain new accounting standards, amendments to existing standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 31 July 2023 reporting periods and have not been early adopted by the Group.

| Standards   | Subject of amendment   | Effective date   |
|---|--|------------------|
| HKAS 12 (Amendment)                                   | Deferred Tax related to Assets and<br>Liabilities arising from a Single<br>Transaction   | 1 January 2023   |
| HKAS 8 (Amendment)                                    | Definition of Accounting Estimates   | 1 January 2023   |
| HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice<br>Statement 2 (Amendments) | Disclosure of Accounting Policies  | 1 January 2023   |
| HKFRS 17  | Insurance Contracts  | 1 January 2023   |
| Amendments to HKFRS 17                                | Initial Application of HKFRS 17 and HKFRS<br>9 – Comparative information   | 1 January 2023   |
| HKAS 1 (Amendments)                                   | Classification of liabilities as current or non-<br>current and Non-current Liabilities with<br>Covenants                                | 1 January 2024   |
| HKFRS 16 (Amendments)                                 | Lease Liability in a Sales and leaseback   | 1 January 2024   |
| Hong Kong Interpretation 5<br>(Revised)               | Presentation of Financial Statements –<br>Classification by the Borrower of a Term<br>Loan that Contains a Repayment on<br>Demand Clause | 1 January 2024   |
| HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28<br>(Amendments)                  | Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture  | To be determined |

The above new standards and amendments to existing standards do not expect to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. The Group will adopt the new standards and amendments to existing standards when they become effective.

#### 2.2 Principles of consolidation and equity accounting

#### (a) Business Combination

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the:

- (i) fair values of the assets transferred,
- (ii) liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquired business,
- (iii) equity interests issued by the Group,
- (iv) fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, and
- (v) fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The excess of the:

- (i) consideration transferred,
- (ii) amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity, and
- (iii) acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquired entity

over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the business acquired, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss as a bargain purchase.

Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently remeasured to fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date. Any gains or losses arising from such remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2.2 Principles of consolidation and equity accounting (Continued)

#### (b) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of financial position respectively.

(c) Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control or joint control. This is generally the case where the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting (see (d) below), after initially being recognised at cost.

#### (d) Equity accounting

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit or loss, and the Group's share of movements in other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from associates are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

When the Group's share of losses in an equity-accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in these entities. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of equity accounted investees have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

The carrying amount of equity-accounted investments is tested for impairment in accordance with the policy described in Note 2.6.

#### 2.2 Principles of consolidation and equity accounting (Continued)

#### (e) Changes in ownership interests

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control as transactions with equity owners of the Group. A change in ownership interest results in an adjustment between the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests to reflect their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount of the adjustment to non-controlling interests and any consideration paid or received is recognised in a separate reserve within equity attributable to owners of the Company.

When the Group ceases to consolidate or equity account for an investment because of a loss of control, joint control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. This fair value becomes the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs.

If the ownership interest in a joint venture or an associate is reduced but joint control or significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

#### (f) Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

#### 2.3 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the most senior executive management who make strategic decisions.

#### 2.4 Foreign currency translation

#### (a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). These consolidated financial statements are presented in RMB, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

#### (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated income statement.

#### (c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- (ii) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

#### 2.4 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

#### (d) Disposal of foreign operation and partial disposal

On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the currency translation differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to consolidated income statement.

In the case of a partial disposal that does not result in the Group losing control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the proportionate share of accumulated currency translation differences are re-attributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in consolidated income statement. For all other partial disposals (that is, reductions in the Group's ownership interests in associates that do not result in the Group losing significant influence) the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange difference is reclassified to consolidated income statement.

#### 2.5 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the consolidated income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate cost of each asset to their residual values (if any) over their estimated useful lives as follows:

| Leasehold land and buildings             | the shorter of the unexpired term of lease and 50 years |
|--|---|
| Leasehold improvements                   | the shorter of the unexpired term of lease and 10 years |
| Plant, moulds and machinery              | 3 to 10 years   |
| Power generating machinery and equipment | 15 years  |
| Office equipment, furniture and fixtures | 3 to 5 years  |
| Motor vehicles                           | 5 years   |

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

## 2.5 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Construction-in-progress represents buildings, plant and machinery under construction or pending installation and is stated at cost. Cost includes the costs of construction of buildings, the costs of plant and machinery, installation, testing and other direct costs. No depreciation is made on construction-in-progress until such time as the relevant assets are completed and ready for intended use. When the relevant assets are brought into use, the costs are transferred to property, plant and equipment and depreciated in accordance with the policy as stated above.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 2.6).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

#### 2.6 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life, for example, goodwill, are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

#### 2.7 Investments and other financial assets

#### (a) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

(b) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

(c) Measurement

#### Equity Instruments

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in "other losses – net" in the consolidated income statement as applicable. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

#### 2.7 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

#### (d) Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables and contract assets, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables, see Note 3.1(b) for further details.

#### 2.8 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or the counterparty. There are no offsetting financial instruments as at 31 July 2023 (2022: same).

## 2.9 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined by using the first in, first out method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

## 2.10 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the trade receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. See Note 3.1 for a description of the Group's impairment policies.

## 2.11 Contract assets and contract liabilities

A contract asset is an entity's right to consideration in exchange for goods or services that the entity has transferred to a customer. A contract asset becomes a receivable when the entity's right to consideration is unconditional, which is the case when only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due. The impairment of contract assets is measured, presented and disclosed on the basis set out in Note 2.7(d). A contract liability is an entity's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the entity has received consideration.

## 2.12 Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks less bank overdrafts. In the consolidated statement of financial position, bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

## 2.13 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

## 2.14 Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade payables, other payables and accruals are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade payables, other payables and accruals are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 2.15 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

## 2.15 Borrowings (Continued)

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the consolidated statement of financial position when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss as other income or finance costs.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

#### 2.16 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in the consolidated income statement in the period in which they are incurred.

Borrowing costs include interest expense, finance charges in respect of lease liabilities and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs. The exchange gains and losses that are an adjustment to interest costs include the interest rate differential between borrowing costs that would be incurred if the entity had borrowed funds in its functional currency, and the borrowing costs actually incurred on foreign currency borrowings. Such amounts are estimated based on forward currency rates at the inception of the borrowings.

When the construction of the qualifying assets takes more than one accounting period, the amount of foreign exchange differences eligible for capitalisation is determined on a cumulative basis based on the cumulative amounts of interest expenses that would have been incurred had the entity borrowed in its functional currency. The total amount of foreign exchange differences capitalised cannot exceed the amount of total net foreign exchange differences incurred on a cumulative basis at the end of the reporting period.

#### 2.17 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the consolidated income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in the other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in the other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

## (a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period in the countries where the Group operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

#### (b) Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 2.18 Employee benefits

#### (a) Pension obligations

The Group participates in various defined contribution retirement benefit plans which are available to all relevant employees. These plans are generally funded through payments to schemes established by government or trustee-administered funds. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays contributions on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefit relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

All contributions to pension plans are fully and immediately vested and the Group had no unvested benefits available to reduce its future contributions.

#### (b) Bonus plan

The expected cost of bonus payments is recognised as a liability when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of services rendered by employees and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. Liabilities of bonus plan are expected to be settled within twelve months and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when they are settled.

#### (c) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

#### 2.19 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense within "finance costs" in the consolidated income statement.

#### 2.20 Leases

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value in a similar economic environment with similar terms and conditions.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs, and
- restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option or the Group will obtain the ownership at the end of the lease term, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases is recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

## 2.21 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied, stated net of discounts returns and value added taxes. The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities, as described below. The Group bases its estimates of return on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

#### (a) Sales of goods

Revenue is recognised when or as the control of the products is transferred to the customer. Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws that apply to the contract, control of the products may be transferred over time or at a point in time.

Control of the goods is transferred over time if the Group's performance:

- provides all of the benefits received and consumed simultaneously by the customer;
- creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If control of the goods transfers over time, revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, control of the goods is transferred at a point in time, being products are delivered to the customers, the customers have full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customers' acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specified location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customers.

(b) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time basis on the principal outstanding at the applicable interest rate.

## 2.22 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

#### 2.23 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred government grants and are credited to the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.

## 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

## 3.1 Financial risk factors

This note explains the Group's exposure to financial risks and how these risks could affect the Group's future financial performance. Current year profit and loss information has been included where relevant to add further context.

The Group's risk management is predominantly controlled by senior management of the Group under policies approved by the board of directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units. The board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas. The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign exchange risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, and cash flow and fair value interest-rate risks. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

#### (a) Foreign exchange risk

The Group mainly operates in Mainland China with most of the transactions settled in United States dollars ("US\$"), RMB and Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"). Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions or recognised assets or liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency. The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to US\$.

The Group enters into forward foreign exchange contracts to manage its foreign exchange risks, where appropriate.

## 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (a) Foreign exchange risk (Continued)

The following table details the Group's exposure at the end of the reporting period to currency risk arising from recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate.

|                                  | US\$     |          | E E      | -IK\$    |
|----------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
|                                  | 2023     | 2022     | 2023     | 2022     |
|                                  | RMB'000  | RMB'000  | RMB'000  | RMB'000  |
| Trade and other receivables      | 6,670    | 13,734   | 622      | 743      |
| Contract assets                  | -        | 597      | -        | _        |
| Bank deposits                    | 3,922    | _        | 5,486    | _        |
| Amounts due from related parties | 648      | 324      | -        | _        |
| Cash and cash equivalents        | 39,063   | 51,732   | 5,747    | 261      |
| Trade and other payables         | (4,168)  | (5,685)  | (1,243)  | (1,698)  |
| Loans from a director            | (21,392) | (20,231) | (13,716) | (17,182) |
| Amounts due to related parties   | (250)    | (236)    | (180)    | (296)    |
| Overall net exposure             | 24,493   | 40,235   | (3,284)  | (18,172) |

At 31 July 2023, if RMB had weakened/strengthened by 5% against US\$, with all other variables held constant, post-tax loss for the year would have been approximately RMB859,000 lower/higher (2022: post-tax loss for the year would have been approximately RMB1,443,000 lower/higher), mainly as a result of foreign exchange gains/losses on translation of financial assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the respective group entities.

At 31 July 2023, if RMB had weakened/strengthened by 5% against HK\$, with all other variables held constant, post-tax loss for the year would have been approximately RMB140,000 higher/lower (2022: post-tax loss for the year would have been approximately RMB762,000 higher/lower), mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses/gains on translation of financial assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the respective group entities.

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash at banks, trade receivables, contract assets, deposits and other receivables, and amounts due from related parties.

(i) Risk Management

The carrying amounts of cash at banks, restricted bank balances, bank deposits, trade receivables, contract assets, deposits and other receivables, and amounts due from related parties included in the consolidated statement of financial position represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to its financial assets. As at 31 July 2023, 60% (2022: 61%) and 100% (2022: 94%) of the trade receivables are due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers, respectively.

To manage its credit risk, the Group has policies in place to ensure that products are sold to customers with an appropriate credit history and the Group performs periodic credit evaluations of its customers. Normally the Group does not require collaterals from trade debtors.

Management makes periodic collective assessment as well as individual assessment on the recoverability of trade and other receivables and amounts due from related parties based on historical payment records, the length of the overdue period, the financial strength of the trade and other debtors, and whether there are any disputes with the relevant debtors. The Group believes that adequate provision for doubtful debts has been made in the consolidated financial statements.

Cash and cash equivalents and restricted bank balances are also subject to the impairment requirements under HKFRS 9, yet the identified impairment loss is immaterial because the Group only transacts with state-owned or reputable financial institutions in the PRC and reputable international financial institutions outside of the PRC with credit rating ranges from AA- to AAA.

#### (ii) Impairment of financial assets and contract assets

#### Trade receivables and contract assets

Trade receivables and contract assets of the Group are subject to the expected credit loss model. The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for trade receivables and contract assets.

To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables and contract assets have been grouped based on the nature of customer accounts, shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The contract assets relate to unbilled work in progress and have substantially the same risk characteristics as the trade receivables for the same types of contracts. The Group has therefore concluded that the expected loss rates for trade receivables are a reasonable approximation of the loss rates for the contract assets.

## 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
  - (ii) Impairment of financial assets and contract assets (Continued)

#### Trade receivables and contract assets (Continued)

The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of sales over 12 months and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables. The Group has identified the gross domestic product index of China, export index and consumer price index to be the most relevant factors, and accordingly adjusts the historical loss rate based on expected changes of these factors.

On that basis, the loss allowances for both trade receivables and contract assets as at 31 July 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

| As at 31 July 2023                            | Current<br>RMB'000 | 1-30 days<br>past due<br>RMB′000 | 31-90 days<br>past due<br>RMB′000 | Over 90 days<br>past due<br>RMB′000 | Total<br>RMB′000 |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| Expected loss rate<br>Gross carrying amount – | 0.03%              | 2.01%                            | -                                 | -                                   |                  |
| Trade receivables                             | 10,306             | 2,040                            | _                                 | _                                   | 12,346           |
| Loss allowance                                | 3                  | 41                               | -                                 | -                                   | 44               |
|   |                    |                                  |                                   |                                     |                  |
|   |                    | 1-30 days past                   | 31-90 days                        | Over 90 days                        |                  |
| As at 31 July 2022                            | Current            | due                              | past due                          | past due                            | Total            |
|   | RMB'000            | RMB'000                          | RMB'000                           | RMB'000                             | RMB'000          |
| Expected loss rate<br>Gross carrying amount – | 0.03%              | 2.01%                            | -                                 | 100.00%                             |                  |
| Trade receivables                             | 17,717             | 448                              | _                                 | 300                                 | 18,465           |
| Loss allowance                                | , 6                | 9                                | -                                 | 300                                 | 315              |
| Gross carrying amount –                       |                    |                                  |                                   |                                     |                  |
| Contract assets                               | 598                |                                  | -                                 |                                     | 598              |
| Loss allowance                                | 1                  | _                                | _                                 | _                                   | 1                |

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
  - (ii) Impairment of financial assets and contract assets (Continued)

#### Trade receivables and contract assets (Continued)

The loss allowances for trade receivables and contract assets as at 31 July reconcile to the opening loss allowances as follows:

|                              | Contract assets |         | Trade re | ceivables |
|------------------------------|-----------------|---------|----------|-----------|
|                              | 2023            | 2022    | 2023     | 2022      |
|                              | RMB'000         | RMB'000 | RMB'000  | RMB'000   |
| Opening loss allowance       |                 |         |          |           |
| at 1 August                  | 1               | 5       | 315      | 325       |
| (Decrease)/increase in loss  |                 |         |          |           |
| allowance recognised in      |                 |         |          |           |
| profit or loss during the    |                 |         |          |           |
| year                         | (1)             | (4)     | 28       | 16        |
| ,<br>Receivables written off |                 |         |          |           |
| during the year as           |                 |         |          |           |
| uncollectible                | _               | _       | (299)    | (26)      |
|                              |                 |         | (2007    | (20)      |
|                              |                 |         |          |           |
| Closing loss allowance       |                 |         |          |           |
| at 31 July                   | -               | 1       | 44       | 315       |

## Other financial assets at amortised costs

Other financial assets at amortised cost include the amounts due from related parties and other receivables excluding prepayments. The credit quality of other financial assets at amortised cost has been assessed with reference to historical information about the counterparties default rates and financial position of the counterparties.

## Other receivables

Other receivables include deposits and other receivables excluding prepayments etc. The Group accounts for their credit risk by appropriately providing for expected credit losses on a timely basis. In calculating the expected credit loss rates, the Group considers historical loss rates for each category of debtors and adjusts for forward-looking information on index variances of both gross domestic product and consumer price index at the end of each reporting period. The identified impairment loss was immaterial.

## 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
  - (ii) Impairment of financial assets and contract assets (Continued)

Other financial assets at amortised costs (Continued)

Other receivables (Continued)

The directors of the Company believe that there was no material credit risk inherent in the Group's outstanding balance of deposits and other receivables.

#### Amounts due from related parties

The directors are of the opinion that the risk of default by these counterparties is not significant and does not expect any losses from non-performance by the counterparties. Therefore, expected credit loss rate of amounts due from related parties is assessed to be close to zero and no loss allowance was provided as at 31 July 2023 and 2022.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

While cash and cash equivalents are also subject to the impairment requirements of HKFRS 9, the Group performed impairment assessment on bank balances and concluded that the probability of defaults of the counterparty banks are insignificant and accordingly, no allowance for credit losses is provided.

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity management, after considering the expected market conditions and the global health issues, implies maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities, and funds generated from operating activities.

The Group's primary cash requirements have been for additions to and upgrades on property, plant and equipment, settlement of borrowings, payment for trade and other payables and payment for operating expenses. The Group mainly finances its working capital requirements through a combination of internal resources and loans from a director, as necessary.

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure it maintains sufficient cash and cash equivalents and adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and long term.

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows, including interest payments computed using contractual rates, based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay.

| <b>On</b><br>demand<br>RMB'000 |                    |   | Between<br>1 and<br>2 years<br>RMB'000   | <b>Total</b><br>RMB'000  |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|---|--|--|
| -<br>-<br>429                  | 762<br>13,204<br>– | 35,737<br>-<br>-  | -  | 36,499<br>13,204<br>429  |
|                                | 874<br>15,343      | 860   | 38,999<br>–  | 40,733<br>15,343<br>570  |
|                                | demand<br>RMB'000  | demand         6 months           RMB'000         RMB'000           -         762           -         13,204           429         -           -         874           -         15,343 | On<br>demand<br>RMB'000         Within<br>6 months<br>RMB'000         6 months<br>and 1 year<br>RMB'000           -         762         35,737           -         13,204         -           429         -         -           -         874         860           -         15,343         - | On<br>demand<br>(mand<br>RMB'000         Within<br>6 months<br>RMB'000         6 months<br>and 1 year<br>RMB'000         1 and<br>2 years<br>RMB'000           -         762         35,737         -           -         13,204         -         -           429         -         -         -           429         -         -         -           -         13,204         -         -           429         -         -         -           -         13,204         -         -           429         -         -         -           -         13,204         -         -           429         -         -         -           -         13,204         -         -           -         13,204         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         13,204         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         - |

#### (d) Cash flow and fair value interest-rate risk

The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. The Group has no significant interest-bearing assets except for the restricted bank balances and cash and cash equivalents, details of which are disclosed in Note 21 and 22. The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates is mainly attributable to its loans from a director, details of which are disclosed in Note 29. Borrowings carried at floating rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk while those carried at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest-rate risk. The Group has not used any interest rate swaps to hedge its exposure to interest rate risk.

As at 31 July 2023, the Group has no borrowings carried at floating rates. As at 31 July 2022, if the interest rates on borrowings had been 50 basis points higher/lower, with all other variables held constant, post-tax loss for the year would have been RMB342,000 higher/lower), mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate borrowings.

#### 3.2 Fair value estimation

The Group adopts the amendments to HKFRS 7 for financial instruments that are measured in the consolidated statement of financial position at fair value, this requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy.

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to estimate the fair value of an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

The carrying amounts of the Group's other current financial assets, including cash and cash equivalents, restricted bank balances, trade and other receivables and amounts due from related parties, and the Group's current financial liabilities including trade and other payables, amounts due to related parties and borrowings, approximate their fair values due to their short maturities. Non-current financial liabilities, including loans from a director approximate to their fair value as the interest rates approximately equal to market interest rates.

## 3.2 Fair value estimation (Continued)

There was no transfer of financial assets and liabilities in the fair value hierarchy classifications for the years ended 31 July 2023 and 2022.

The following table presents the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value at 31 July 2023 and 2022.

|                                       | 2023               |                    |                    |                  |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|--|--|
|                                       | Level 1<br>RMB'000 | Level 2<br>RMB'000 | Level 3<br>RMB'000 | Total<br>RMB'000 |  |  |
| Asset                                 |                    |                    |                    |                  |  |  |
| Financial asset at fair value through |                    |                    |                    |                  |  |  |
| other comprehensive income            | -                  | -                  | 2,300              | 2,300            |  |  |
|                                       |                    |                    |                    |                  |  |  |
|                                       |                    | 2022               | 2                  |                  |  |  |
|                                       | Level 1            | Level 2            | Level 3            | Total            |  |  |
|                                       | RMB'000            | RMB'000            | RMB'000            | RMB'000          |  |  |
|                                       |                    |                    |                    |                  |  |  |
| Asset                                 |                    |                    |                    |                  |  |  |
| Financial asset at fair value through |                    |                    |                    |                  |  |  |
| other comprehensive income            | -                  | -                  | 3,100              | 3,100            |  |  |

## 3.3 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The Group manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividend payments to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or obtain new bank borrowings.

The Group also monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including current and non-current borrowings as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position), finance lease liabilities and loans from a director less cash and cash equivalents and restricted bank balances. Total capital is calculated as "equity", as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position, plus net debt.

## 3.3 Capital risk management (Continued)

The table below analyses the Group's capital structure as at 31 July 2023 and 2022:

|  | 2023<br>RMB'000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Loans from a director (Note 29(d))       | 35,108          | 37,413          |
| Less: Restricted bank balances (Note 21) | _               | (6,000)         |
| Cash and cash equivalents (Note 22)      | (85,457)        | (68,606)        |
| Net cash                                 | (50,349)        | (37,193)        |
| Total equity                             | 279,302         | 301,955         |
| Total capital                            | 228,953         | 264,762         |
| Gearing ratio                            | N/A             | N/A             |

## 4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgement in applying the Group's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

## (a) Estimated impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets including property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets comprise a significant portion of the Group's total assets. They are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The recoverable amounts have been determined and based on fair value less costs of disposal or value-in-use calculations as appropriate. To determine the recoverable amount based on fair value less costs of disposal, the Group obtained quoted market prices when available or used independent appraisals. To determine the recoverable amount based on value-in-use calculations, the Group used cash flow projection discounted at an appropriate pre-tax discount rate. The pre-tax discount rate reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset, which requires significant judgement. The cash flow projection also requires the use of judgement and estimation regarding the financial forecasts prepared by management with major assumptions. Management derives the required cash flow projection from historical results, internal business plans, the prevailing market conditions and the expected remaining useful lives of the relevant assets. Changes to major assumptions and estimation could affect the fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use calculations and as a result affecting the Group's reported financial condition and results of operations. Additional information for the impairment assessment of PPE and ROU is disclosed in Note 14.

## 4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

## (b) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and selling expenses. In assessing the net realisable value and making appropriate allowances, management considers their physical conditions, age, market conditions and market price for similar items. Management reassesses these estimates at the end of each reporting period.

## (c) Estimation of provision for impairment of receivables from third parties and related companies

The loss allowances for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. Details of the key assumptions and inputs used are disclosed in the tables in Note 3.1(b).

## 5 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The chief operating decision-maker ("CODM") has been identified as the most senior executive management of the Company. The CODM reviews the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources. Management has determined the operating segments based on these reports.

The CODM assesses the performance of single operating segment based on a measure of profit/loss adjusted for items not specifically attributed to individual segments, such as head office or corporate administration costs. The CODM assesses the performance of the following three reportable segments and regards them being the reportable segments. No operating segments have been aggregated to form the following reportable segments.

Plastic injection and moulding Assembling of electronic products manufacturing and sale of plastic moulded products and parts assembling and sale of electronic products, including processing fees generated from assembling of electronic products

Mould design and fabrication

: manufacturing and sale of plastic injection moulds

Revenue for the year consists of the following:

|                                   | 2023<br>RMB'000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Revenue                           |                 |                 |
| Plastic injection and moulding    | 52,247          | 88,911          |
| Assembling of electronic products | 20,026          | 29,430          |
| Mould design and fabrication      | 4,170           | 3,060           |
|                                   | 76,443          | 121,401         |
| Timing of revenue recognition     |                 |                 |
| At a point in time                | 63,289          | 103,163         |
| Over time                         | 13,154          | 18,238          |
|                                   | 76,443          | 121,401         |

The Group has a customer base which includes four (2022: three) customers with whom transactions have individually exceeded 10% of the Group's aggregate revenue for the year ended 31 July 2023. These customers individually contributed 53%, 17%, 13% and 11% of the Group's revenue (2022: 44%, 27% and 13%), respectively.

## (i) Segment results, assets and liabilities

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's CODM monitors the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Segment assets include all tangible and current assets other than financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income, investment accounted for using the equity method and other corporate assets. Segment liabilities include trade and other payables attributable to the individual segments.

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments or which otherwise arise from the depreciation or amortisation of assets attributable to those segments. The measure used for reporting segment profit/ loss is "segment result". To arrive at "segment result", the Group's earnings are further adjusted for items not specifically attributed to individual segments, such as head office or corporate administration costs.

In addition to receiving segment information regarding "segment result", CODM is provided with other segment information in relation to depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses and additions to non-current segment assets used by the segments in their operations.

## (i) Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued)

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's CODM for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the years ended 31 July 2023 and 2022 is set out below.

|   | Plastic in and mo |                 | Assem!<br>electronic | •               | Mould de<br>fabric | •               | Consol          | idated          |
|---|-------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
|   | 2023<br>RMB'000   | 2022<br>RMB'000 | 2023<br>RMB'000      | 2022<br>RMB'000 | 2023<br>RMB'000    | 2022<br>RMB'000 | 2023<br>RMB'000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
| Revenue from external customers                     | 52,247            | 88,911          | 20,026               | 29,430          | 4,170              | 3,060           | 76,443          | 121,401         |
| Reportable segment result                           | (6,260)           | 9,078           | 3,764                | (8,580)         | 559                | 182             | (1,937)         | 680             |
| Other segment information                           |                   |                 |                      |                 |                    |                 |                 |                 |
| Year ended 31 July<br>Depreciation and amortisation |                   |                 |                      |                 |                    |                 |                 |                 |
| for the year  | 6,521             | 6,719           | 307                  | 2,973           | _                  | 63              | 6,828           | 9,755           |
| Impairment on property,                             | 0,011             | 0,710           |                      | 2,070           |                    | 00              | 0,010           | 0,700           |
| plant and equipment                                 | 6,628             | 16,110          | -                    | 412             | 80                 | 118             | 6,708           | 16,640          |
| Impairment on right-of-use assets                   | 558               | 1,415           | -                    | -               | -                  | 822             | 558             | 2,237           |
| (Reversal of provision)/provision                   |                   |                 |                      |                 |                    |                 |                 |                 |
| for impairment of inventories                       | (183)             | 318             | (216)                | 4,424           | -                  | -               | (399)           | 4,742           |
| Addition to non-current assets                      |                   |                 |                      |                 |                    |                 |                 |                 |
| during the year                                     | -                 | 257             | -                    | -               | -                  | -               | -               | 257             |
| As at 31 July                                       |                   |                 |                      |                 |                    |                 |                 |                 |
| Reportable segment assets                           | 123,945           | 161,753         | 1,756                | 3,861           | 5,985              | 9,914           | 131,686         | 175,528         |
| Reportable segment liabilities                      | 8,172             | 6,835           | 2,194                | 13,177          | 638                | 443             | 11,004          | 20,455          |

## (ii) Reconciliations of reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities

|   | 2023<br>RMB′000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
|   |                 |                 |
| Revenue   |                 |                 |
| Reportable segment revenue                                  | 76,443          | 121,401         |
| Consolidated revenue  | 76,443          | 121,401         |
| Profit or loss  |                 |                 |
| Reportable segment (loss)/profit                            | (1,937)         | 680             |
| Finance income  | 921             | 1,056           |
| Finance costs   | (1,831)         | (2,218)         |
| Share of net profit of an associate accounted for using the |                 |                 |
| equity method   | 2,402           | 2,130           |
| Unallocated depreciation and amortisation                   | (6,630)         | (13,026)        |
| Unallocated head office and corporate expenses              | (15,217)        | (36,930)        |
| Consolidated loss before income tax                         | (22,292)        | (48,308         |
| Assets  |                 |                 |
| Reportable segment assets                                   | 131,686         | 175,528         |
| Investment accounted for using the equity method            | 10,365          | 7,496           |
| Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive   |                 |                 |
| income  | 2,300           | 3,100           |
| Unallocated head office and corporate assets                | 187,356         | 182,412         |
| Consolidated total assets                                   | 331,707         | 368,536         |
| Liabilities   |                 |                 |
| Reportable segment liabilities                              | 11,004          | 20,455          |
| Deferred income tax liabilities                             | 920             | 916             |
| Unallocated head office and corporate liabilities           | 40,481          | 45,210          |
| Consolidated total liabilities                              | 52,405          | 66,581          |

Revenue from external customers by economic environments is analysed as follows:

|                          | 2023    | 2022    |
|--------------------------|---------|---------|
|                          | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| Mainland China           | 63,076  | 93,647  |
| Hong Kong                | 13,294  | 11,921  |
| South East Asia          | 73      | 495     |
| Europe                   | -       | 13,817  |
| United States of America | -       | 1,521   |
|                          | 76,443  | 121,401 |

Analysis of the Group's carrying amounts of segment non-current assets has not been presented as all of the non-current assets are located in the PRC.

Revenue recognised was included in the contract liabilities balance at the beginning of the year with amount of RMB8,396,000 (2022: Nil).

# 6 OTHER INCOME AND OTHER LOSSES - NET

|  | 2023<br>RMB′000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Other income   |                 |                 |
| Sales of scrap materials   | 214             | 468             |
| Government grants  | 3,290           | 3,542           |
| Sundry income  | 1,013           | 553             |
|  | 4,517           | 4,563           |
| Other losses – net   |                 |                 |
| Impairment on property, plant and equipment (Note 14(a))         | (6,708)         | (16,640)        |
| Impairment on right-of-use assets (Note 14(b))                   | (558)           | (2,237)         |
| Net foreign exchange gains                                       | 158             | 1,406           |
| Net gain/(loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment and |                 |                 |
| right-of-use assets  | 2,001           | (4,807)         |
| Net loss on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use       |                 |                 |
| assets written off   | (4,230)         | (8,833)         |
| Reversal of accruals   | _               | 5,013           |
|  | (9,337)         | (26,098)        |

# 7 OPERATING LOSS

The Group's operating loss is arrived at after charging/(crediting) the following:

|  | 2023    | 2022    |
|--|---------|---------|
|  | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
|  |         |         |
| Auditors' remuneration                                     |         |         |
| – Audit services   | 1,493   | 1,602   |
| – Non-audit services                                       | 64      | 111     |
| Legal and professional fee                                 | 2,422   | 1,848   |
| Cost of sales (Note)                                       | 64,932  | 111,227 |
| Net impairment losses on financial assets (Note 3.1(b))    | 27      | 12      |
| Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (Note 14(a)) | 12,810  | 22,096  |
| Depreciation on right-of-use assets (Note 14(b))           | 648     | 685     |
| Expenses relating to short-term leases                     | 1,495   | 1,492   |
| (Reversal of provision)/provision for impairment           |         |         |
| of inventories (Note 18)                                   | (399)   | 4,742   |
| Staff costs (Note 10)                                      | 26,013  | 40,613  |

# Note:

Cost of sales included staff costs, depreciation, provision for impairment of inventories and expenses relating to short-term leases, amounting to RMB12,408,000 (2022: RMB40,895,000) in aggregate, which are also included in the respective total amounts disclosed separately above for each type of the expenses.

## 8 FINANCE COSTS – NET

|  | 2023<br>RMB′000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Finance income                         |                 |                 |
| Bank interest income                   | (921)           | (1,056)         |
| Finance costs                          |                 |                 |
| Interest on bank borrowings            | -               | 854             |
| Interest on loans from a director      | 1,764           | 1,251           |
| Interest expenses on lease liabilities | -               | 7               |
|  | 1,764           | 2,112           |
| Other finance charges                  | 67              | 106             |
|  | 1,831           | 2,218           |
| Finance costs – net                    | 910             | 1,162           |

## 9 INCOME TAX (EXPENSE)/CREDIT

|   | 2023<br>RMB′000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
|   |                 |                 |
| Current income tax  |                 |                 |
| Current PRC corporate income tax                            | (51)            | (818)           |
| Adjustment to provision in respect of prior years           | 27              | _               |
|   |                 |                 |
|   | (24)            | (818)           |
| Deferred income tax   |                 |                 |
| Origination and reversal of temporary differences (Note 24) | (4)             | 879             |
|   | (28)            | 61              |

No provision has been made for Hong Kong profits tax as the Group did not earn income subject to Hong Kong profits tax during the years ended 31 July 2023 and 2022.

The Group's subsidiaries established in the PRC are subject to a corporate income tax rate of 25%.

Pursuant to the relevant corporate income tax rules and regulations, withholding tax is imposed on dividends in respect of profits earned by the Company's PRC subsidiaries from 1 January 2008 onwards.

The Group is not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands.

The tax charge on the Group's loss before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the weighted average tax rate applicable to results of the consolidated companies as follows:

|  | 2023<br>RMB′000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Loss before income tax                             | (22,292)        | (48,308)        |
| Tax calculated at the applicable domestic tax rate |                 |                 |
| of respective companies                            | (2,523)         | (11,852)        |
| Tax effect of non-deductible expenses              | 1,706           | 8,429           |
| Tax effect of tax losses not recognised            | 868             | 5,269           |
| Tax effect on withholding tax of retained profits  |                 |                 |
| in the PRC subsidiaries                            | 4               | (1,907)         |
| Over provision in prior years                      | (27)            | -               |
|  | 28              | (61)            |

## 10 STAFF COSTS

|  | 2023<br>RMB′000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Salaries, wages and allowances             | 21,224          | 32,881          |
| Contribution to retirement benefit schemes | 1,587           | 2,856           |
| Termination benefits                       | 3,202           | 4,876           |
|  | 26,013          | 40,613          |

Staff costs include directors' remuneration totalling RMB5,464,000 (2022: RMB5,181,000) (Note 11).

Subsidiaries of the Company operating in the PRC participate in a government pension scheme whereby the subsidiaries are required to pay annual contributions at rates from 13% to 21% of the standard wages of employees as determined by the relevant authorities in the PRC. Under the scheme, retirement benefits of existing and former employees are payable by the relevant authorities and the Group has no further obligations beyond the annual contributions. No forfeited contributions were utilised during the year ended 31 July 2023 (2022: nil) and no balance is available as at 31 July 2023 (2022: nil) to reduce future contributions.

The Group did not operate nor participate in any other scheme for retirement benefits provided to the Group's employees during the year.

# 11 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS

## (a) Directors' emoluments

The remuneration of directors for the year ended 31 July 2023 is set out below:

|                           |                 |                     |                    |                      |                     | Employer's<br>contribution<br>to a | Remunerations<br>paid or<br>receivable<br>in respect | Other<br>emoluments<br>paid or<br>receivable<br>in respect<br>of director's<br>other services<br>in connection<br>with the<br>management<br>of the affairs<br>of the |                  |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|------------------|
|                           |                 |                     | Discretionary      | Housing              | Share-based         | retirement<br>benefit              | of accepting<br>office as                            | Company or<br>its subsidiary   |                  |
|                           | Fees<br>RMB'000 | Salaries<br>RMB'000 | bonuses<br>RMB'000 | allowance<br>RMB'000 | payments<br>RMB'000 | scheme<br>RMB'000                  | director<br>RMB'000                                  | undertakings<br>RMB'000  | Total<br>RMB'000 |
| Executive directors       |                 |                     |                    |                      |                     |                                    |  |  |                  |
| Beh Kim Ling              | - 1             | 3,211               | -                  | -                    | -                   | -                                  |  | -  | 3,211            |
| Beh Chern Wei             | -               | 758                 | -                  | -                    | -                   | -                                  | -  | -  | 758              |
| Gan Sem Yam               | -               | 367                 | -                  | -                    | -                   | -                                  | -  | -  | 367              |
| Zhang Pei Yu              | -               | 736                 | -                  | -                    | -                   | -                                  | -  | -  | 736              |
|                           | -               | 5,072               |                    | -                    | -                   |                                    |  | -  | 5,072            |
| Independent non-executive |                 |                     |                    |                      |                     |                                    |  |  |                  |
| directors                 |                 |                     |                    |                      |                     |                                    |  |  |                  |
| Diong Tai Pew             | 125             | -                   | -                  | -                    | -                   | -                                  | -  | -  | 125              |
| Fu Xiao Nan               | 125             | -                   | -                  | -                    | -                   | -                                  | -  | -  | 125              |
| Tang Sim Cheow            | 142             | -                   | -                  | -                    | -                   | -                                  | -  | -  | 142              |
|                           | 392             | -                   |                    | -                    |                     |                                    |  |  | 392              |
|                           | 392             | 5,072               | -                  | -                    | -                   | -                                  | -  | -  | 5,464            |

# 11 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

## (a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

The remuneration of directors for the year ended 31 July 2022 is set out below:

|                           |         |          |               |           |             |              |                  | Other          |         |
|---------------------------|---------|----------|---------------|-----------|-------------|--------------|------------------|----------------|---------|
|                           |         |          |               |           |             |              |                  | emoluments     |         |
|                           |         |          |               |           |             |              |                  | paid or        |         |
|                           |         |          |               |           |             |              |                  | receivable     |         |
|                           |         |          |               |           |             |              |                  | in respect     |         |
|                           |         |          |               |           |             |              |                  | of director's  |         |
|                           |         |          |               |           |             |              |                  | other services |         |
|                           |         |          |               |           |             |              |                  | in connection  |         |
|                           |         |          |               |           |             |              |                  | with the       |         |
|                           |         |          |               |           |             | Employer's   | Remunerations    | management     |         |
|                           |         |          |               |           |             | contribution | paid or          | of the affairs |         |
|                           |         |          |               |           |             | to a         | receivable in    | of the         |         |
|                           |         |          |               |           |             | retirement   | respect of       | Company or     |         |
|                           |         |          | Discretionary | Housing   | Share-based | benefit      | accepting office | its subsidiary |         |
|                           | Fees    | Salaries | bonuses       | allowance | payments    | scheme       | as director      | undertakings   | Total   |
|                           | RMB'000 | RMB'000  | RMB'000       | RMB'000   | RMB'000     | RMB'000      | RMB'000          | RMB'000        | RMB'000 |
| Executive directors       |         |          |               |           |             |              |                  |                |         |
| Beh Kim Ling              | -       | 2,981    | -             | -         | -           | -            | -                | -              | 2,981   |
| Beh Chern Wei             | -       | 758      | -             | -         | -           | -            | -                | -              | 758     |
| Gan Sem Yam               | -       | 341      | -             | -         | -           | -            | -                | -              | 341     |
| Zhang Pei Yu              | -       | 736      | -             | -         | -           | -            | -                | -              | 736     |
|                           |         | 4,816    | -             | -         |             |              | -                | -              | 4,816   |
| Independent non-executive |         |          |               |           |             |              |                  |                |         |
| directors                 |         |          |               |           |             |              |                  |                |         |
| Diong Tai Pew             | 116     | -        | -             | -         | -           | -            | -                | -              | 116     |
| Fu Xiao Nan               | 116     | -        | -             | -         | -           | -            | -                | -              | 116     |
| Tang Sim Cheow            | 133     | -        | -             | -         | -           | -            | -                | -              | 133     |
|                           | 365     | -        | _             | -         | _           | -            | _                | -              | 365     |
|                           |         |          |               |           |             |              | 1-11-1           | Lines -        |         |
|                           | 365     | 4,816    | -             | -         |             | -            | -                | -              | 5,181   |
|                           |         |          |               |           |             |              |                  |                |         |

#### 11 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

|                                 | Aggregate<br>emoluments paid<br>to or receivable<br>by directors<br>in respect of<br>their services as<br>directors, whether<br>of the Company<br>or its subsidiary<br>undertakings<br>RMB'000 | Aggregate<br>emoluments paid<br>to or receivable<br>by directors in<br>respect of their<br>other services in<br>connection with<br>the management<br>of the affairs of<br>the Company<br>or its subsidiary<br>undertakings<br>RMB'000 | <b>Total</b><br>RMB'000 |
|---------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------|
| For the year ended 31 July 2023 | 392  | 5,072   | 5,464                   |
| For the year ended 31 July 2022 | 365  | 4,816   | 5,181                   |

Salary paid to a director is generally an emolument paid or receivable in respect of that person's other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary undertakings.

### (b) Directors' retirement benefits

None of the directors receive any retirement benefits during the year (2022: Nil).

#### (c) Directors' termination benefits

None of the directors receive or will receive any termination benefits during the year (2022: Nil).

#### (d) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the year ended 31 July 2023, the Company did not pay consideration to any third parties for making available directors' services (2022: Nil).

# (e) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

During the year ended 31 July 2023, there were no loans, quasi-loans and other dealing arrangements in favour of the directors, or controlled body corporates and connected entities of such directors (2022: Nil).

## (f) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2022: Nil).

#### 12 INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments three (2022: three) are directors whose emoluments are disclosed in Note 11. The aggregate emoluments in respect of the remaining two (2022: two) individuals are as follows:

|                               | 2023<br>RMB′000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Salaries and other emoluments | 1,397           | 1,397           |

The emoluments of the two (2022: two) individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following band:

|                     | Number of individuals<br>2023 | 2022 |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Nil – HK\$1,000,000 | 2                             | 2    |

There were no amounts paid during the year ended 31 July 2023 (2022: Nil) to the directors or any of the five highest paid individuals as inducement to join or upon joining the Company or the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

There was no arrangement under which any directors of the Company waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year (2022: Nil)

#### 13 LOSS PER SHARE

#### Basic loss per share

The calculation of basic loss per share is based on the loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company of RMB22,320,000 (2022: RMB48,247,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year as follows:

|  | 2023<br>RMB′000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company    | (22,320)        | (48,247)        |
|  | 2023            | 2022            |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000) | 2,307,513       | 2,307,513       |
| Basic and diluted loss per share (RMB cents)               | (0.97)          | (2.09)          |

For the years ended 31 July 2023 and 2022, diluted loss per share equals to basic loss per share as there were no potential dilutive ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

#### 14 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, AND LAND USE RIGHTS AND LEASES

(a) Property, plant and equipment, and land use rights

|   | <b>Buildings</b><br>RMB'000 | Leasehold<br>improvements<br>RMB'000 | Plant, moulds<br>and machinery<br>RMB'000 | Power<br>generating<br>machinery and<br>equipment<br>RMB'000 | Office<br>equipment,<br>furniture and<br>fixtures<br>RMB'000 | Motor<br>vehicles<br>RMB'000 | <b>Total</b><br>RMB'000 |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|------------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | NIVID UUU                   |                                      |   | NIVID UUU  | NIVID UUU  | NIVID UUU                    |                         |
| Cost  |                             |                                      |   |  |  |                              |                         |
| At 1 August 2021  | 251,143                     | 27,261                               | 479,836                                   | 68,118   | 37,556   | 10,776                       | 874,690                 |
| Additions   | -                           | -                                    | 248                                       | -  | 9  | -                            | 257                     |
| Disposals<br>Written off                                    | -<br>(1,415)                | -<br>(14,751)                        | (110,690)<br>(23,350)                     | -  | (13,260)   | (1,680)                      | (125,630)<br>(39,516)   |
|   | (1,413)                     | (14,701)                             | (23,330)                                  |  |  |                              | (39,310)                |
| At 31 July 2022   | 249,728                     | 12,510                               | 346,044                                   | 68,118   | 24,305   | 9,096                        | 709,801                 |
| At 1 August 2022  | 249,728                     | 12,510                               | 346,044                                   | 68,118   | 24,305   | 9,096                        | 709,801                 |
| Disposals   |                             | -                                    | (11,498)                                  | -  | ,  | -                            | (11,498)                |
| Written off   | (4,217)                     | -                                    | (143)                                     | -  | (300)  | -                            | (4,660)                 |
| At 31 July 2023   | 245,511                     | 12,510                               | 334,403                                   | 68,118   | 24,005   | 9,096                        | 693,643                 |
| Accumulated depreciation,<br>amortisation and<br>impairment |                             |                                      |   |  |  |                              |                         |
| At 1 August 2021  | 93,061                      | 23,862                               | 432,148                                   | 19,046   | 32,959   | 10,560                       | 611,636                 |
| Charge for the year   | 6,441                       | 702                                  | 9,173                                     | 5,043  | 737  | -                            | 22,096                  |
| Disposals   | -                           | -                                    | (106,064)                                 | _  | (11,827)   | (1,652)                      | (119,543)               |
| Written off   | (1,270)                     | (12,257)                             | (17,156)                                  | - 0.142  | 1 200  | _                            | (30,683)                |
| Impairment  |                             |                                      | 7,217                                     | 8,143  | 1,280  |                              | 16,640                  |
| At 31 July 2022   | 98,232                      | 12,307                               | 325,318                                   | 32,232   | 23,149   | 8,908                        | 500,146                 |
| At 1 August 2022  | 98,232                      | 12,307                               | 325,318                                   | 32,232   | 23,149   | 8,908                        | 500,146                 |
| Charge for the year   | 6,541                       | 39                                   | 2,123                                     | 4,029  | 65   | 13                           | 12,810                  |
| Disposals   | -                           | -                                    | (10,880)                                  | -  | -  | -                            | (10,880)                |
| Written off   | -                           | -                                    | (130)                                     | -  | (300)  | -                            | (430)                   |
| Impairment  | -                           | -                                    | 6,420                                     |  | 199  | 89                           | 6,708                   |
| At 31 July 2023   | 104,773                     | 12,346                               | 322,851                                   | 36,261   | 23,113   | 9,010                        | 508,354                 |
| Net book value<br>At 31 July 2023                           | 140,738                     | 164                                  | 11,552                                    | 31,857   | 892  | 86                           | 185,289                 |
|   | 140,730                     | 104                                  | 11,002                                    | 51,007   | 032  | 00                           | 100,200                 |
| At 31 July 2022   | 151,496                     | 203                                  | 20,726                                    | 35,886   | 1,156  | 188                          | 209,655                 |
|   |                             |                                      |   |  |  |                              |                         |

#### 14 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, AND LAND USE RIGHTS AND LEASES (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Property, plant and equipment, and land use rights (Continued)

Depreciation incurred during the year is attributable to the following:

|                                     | 2023<br>RMB′000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Cost of sales                       | 6,434           | 11,470          |
| Distribution costs                  | 1               | 2               |
| General and administrative expenses | 6,375           | 10,624          |
|                                     | 12,810          | 22,096          |

The impairment on property, plant and equipment amounting to RMB6,708,000 (2022: RMB16,640,000) was charged to "other losses – net".

#### (b) Right-of-use assets

The consolidated statement of financial position shows the following amounts relating to the leases:

|                           | As at<br>31 July<br>2023<br>RMB′000 | As at<br>31 July<br>2022<br>RMB'000 |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Right-of-use assets       |                                     |                                     |
| Land use rights           | 11,736                              | 12,139                              |
| Machineries               | 1,329                               | 2,808                               |
|                           |                                     |                                     |
| Total right-of-use assets | 13,065                              | 14,947                              |

#### 14 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, AND LAND USE RIGHTS AND LEASES (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Right-of-use assets (Continued)

The consolidated statement of comprehensive income shows the following amounts relating to the leases:

|  | Year ended<br>31 July<br>2023<br>RMB′000 | Year ended<br>31 July<br>2022<br>RMB'000 |
|--|--|--|
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets                        |  |  |
| Land-use rights  | 403                                      | 403                                      |
| Machineries  | 245                                      | 282                                      |
|  | 648                                      | 685                                      |
| Interest expense (included in finance cost)                | -  | 7  |
| Expense relating to short-term leases (included in cost of |  |  |
| sales, distribution costs and general and administrative   | 1,495                                    | 1,492                                    |
| expenses)  |  |  |
| expenses)  |  |  |

Note:

For the year ended 31 July 2023, depreciation of right-of-use assets of RMB648,000 (2022: RMB685,000) was included in cost of sales.

The impairment on right-of-use assets amounting to RMB558,000 (2022: RMB2,237,000) was charged to "other losses - net".

For the year ended 31 July 2023, the Group disposed right-of-use assets with carrying amount of RMB676,000 (2022: RMB6,681,000).

For the year ended 31 July 2023, the total cash outflow for leases was RMB1,495,000 (2022: RMB1,714,000).

#### 14 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, AND LAND USE RIGHTS AND LEASES (CONTINUED)

#### (c) Impairment on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

The unstable trading relationship between China and the US continues to adversely impact the Group's business performance. Management ceased operation of certain manufacturing lines in previous year in which, certain machinery and equipment (included in PPE and ROU) with a carrying amount of RMB5,630,000 (before impairment provision made in the current year) were not expected to be used in production in the future. Therefore, there is no future economic benefit arisen from these machinery and equipment and the related value-in-use is neglectable. For these machinery and equipment, management estimated the recoverable amount of RMB3,088,000 based on their fair value less costs of disposal by making reference to price quotation obtained from a third-party buyer. Accordingly, for the year ended 31 July 2023, impairment losses of PPE and ROU of RMB2,492,000 and RMB50,000, respectively, were further recognised in the consolidated income statement (2022: RMB4,801,000 and RMB1,210,000).

For the remaining of PPE and ROU (excluding land and buildings) with carrying value of RMB47,517,000 (before impairment provision made in the current year), management performed impairment assessment by CGUs as at 31 July 2023. The Group regarded the machinery and equipment used in business operation, and solar power generating machinery and equipment as attributable to separately identifiable CGUs. For the machinery and equipment used in business operation, the recoverable amounts of the CGUs are determined based on the fair value less costs of disposal as it is higher than the value-in-use calculations. For the year ended 31 July 2023, impairment losses of PPE and ROU of RMB4,216,000 and RMB508,000, respectively, were recognised in the consolidated income statement (2022: RMB3,696,000 and RMB1,027,000).

For the solar power generating machinery and equipment, in estimating the present value of future net cash flows of the CGU, after considering the historical results, the prevailing price of electricity and government policies and the expected remaining useful lives of the relevant PPE, the management has made key assumptions and estimation on the financial forecasts with major assumptions such as estimated electricity generating from the solar power generating machinery and equipment of the remaining useful life as well as pre-tax discount rate of 12%. Accordingly, for the year ended 31 July 2023, no impairment losses of such PPE were recognised in the consolidated income statement (2022: RMB8,143,000).

If the discount rate had been increased to 14% for the solar power generating machinery and equipment for the forecasted projection period, an impairment of PPE of approximately RMB592,000 would have been resulted.

If the forecast revenue growth rate had been lowered by 20 basis point for the solar power generating machinery and equipment used in business operation for the forecasted projection period, an impairment of PPE of approximately RMB1,653,000 would have been resulted.

For land and buildings of RMB152,638,000, management has assessed the recoverable amount based on its fair value less costs of disposal with reference to fair value of the land and buildings assessed by independent professional valuer through market approach. The fair value of land and buildings is categorised in level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. No impairment provision was made for the land and buildings as its recoverable amount was higher than the carrying value.

#### 15 FINANCIAL ASSET AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income includes the following:

|  | 2023<br>RMB′000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Unlisted equity investment in the PRC (Note (a)) | 2,300           | 3,100           |

Movements of the carrying amount of financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income is as follows:

|   | 2023<br>RMB′000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Beginning of the year<br>Change in fair value | 3,100<br>(800)  | 3,700<br>(600)  |
| End of the year                               | 2,300           | 3,100           |

Notes:

- (a) The balance represented fair value of the Group's 10% equity interest in Qingdao GS Electronics Plastics Co., Ltd., a company incorporated in the PRC, and is denominated in RMB.
- (b) Valuation of financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income

The fair value of the unlisted equity investment that is not traded in an active market is determined by an independent qualified valuer, Asset Appraisal Limited.

The valuation of financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income is determined using discounted cash flow projections and are within level 3 of fair value hierarchy. The significant unobservable inputs are revenue growth rate of 2.0% and the discount rate of 16.17%. The lower the discount rate, the higher the fair value of the investment. The higher the revenue growth rate, the higher the fair value of the investment.

#### 16 SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the Group's subsidiaries at 31 July 2023 are set out below.

|   | Place of  |   |   | Proporti<br>Group's | on of ownersh          | ip interest          |  |
|---|---|---|---|---------------------|------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Name of company   | incorporation and kind of legal entity                          | Principal activities<br>and place of operation  | Particulars of issued and paid up capital   | effective interest  | Held by the<br>Company | Held by subsidiaries |  |
| V.S. International Industry Limited ("VSIIL")                                   | British Virgin Islands<br>("BVI"), limited liability<br>company | Investment holding in the PRC   | US\$100   | 100%                | 100%                   | -                    |  |
| V.S. Corporation (Hong Kong) Co. Limited<br>("VSHK")                            | Hong Kong, limited liability<br>company                         | Trading of electronic<br>products, parts and<br>components, and<br>investment holding in<br>the PRC | HK\$75,000,002<br>(HK\$75,000,000 non-<br>voting deferred shares<br>and HK\$2 ordinary<br>shares (Note (iii)) | 100%                | -                      | 100%                 |  |
| V.S. Technology Industry Park (Zhuhai) Co. Ltd<br>威士茂科技工業園(珠海)有限公司 (Note (i))   | PRC, limited liability company                                  | Property investments  | US\$18,820,000  | 100%                | -                      | 100%                 |  |
| VSA Holding Hong Kong Co., Limited  | Hong Kong, limited liability company                            | Investment holding in the PRC   | HK\$15,600,000  | 100%                | -                      | 100%                 |  |
| Energy Ally Global Limited  | BVI, limited liability company                                  | Investment holding in the PRC   | US\$10,000  | 100%                | 100%                   | -                    |  |
| VSA Electronics Technology (Zhuhai) Co Ltd.<br>威士茂安商住電子科技(珠海)有限公司<br>(Note (i)) | PRC, limited liability company                                  | Investment holding in the PRC   | US\$15,250,000  | 100%                | -                      | 100%                 |  |
| V.S. Industry (Zhuhai) Co., Ltd. 威士茂電子塑膠<br>(珠海)有限公司 (Note (i))                 | PRC, limited liability company                                  | Manufacturing and selling<br>of plastic moulded<br>products and parts in<br>the PRC                 | US\$9,540,000   | 100%                | -                      | 100%                 |  |

#### 16 SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Details of the Group's subsidiaries at 31 July 2023 are set out below. (Continued)

|   | Place of                               |   |   | Proportio<br>Group's  | on of ownersh          | ip interest          |
|---|--|---|---|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| Name of company   | incorporation and kind of legal entity | Principal activities<br>and place of operation        | Particulars of issued and paid up capital | effective<br>interest | Held by the<br>Company | Held by subsidiaries |
| V.S. Holding Vietnam Limited  | BVI, limited liability company         | Investment holding in<br>Vietnam                      | US\$100                                   | 100%                  | 100%                   | -                    |
| V.S. Industry Holding Limited   | Hong Kong, limited liability company   | Investment holding in the PRC                         | HK\$100                                   | 100%                  | 100%                   | -                    |
| V.S. ECO-TECH (Zhuhai) Co., Ltd. 威士茂環保<br>科技(珠海)有限公司 (Note (i))   | PRC, limited liability company         | Inactive  | RMB7,250,000                              | 100%                  | -                      | 100%                 |
| V.S. Industrial Product Design (Zhuhai) Co.<br>Ltd. 珠海市威士茂工業產品設計有限公司  | PRC, limited liability company         | Inactive  | RMB15,000,000                             | 100%                  | -                      | 100%                 |
| (Note (iii))<br>Zhuhai Deyuan Energy Conservation<br>Technology Company Limited 珠海德源節<br>能科技有限公司 (Note (iii)) | PRC, limited liability<br>company      | Operation and<br>management of<br>rooftop solar plant | RMB74,000,000                             | 100%                  | -                      | 100%                 |

#### Notes:

(i) These are wholly foreign owned enterprises established in the PRC.

- (ii) In accordance with the articles of association of VSHK, any shareholder holding the 75,000,000 non-voting deferred shares is not entitled to any dividend or any participation in the profits or assets of VSHK and is also not entitled to vote at any general meeting.
- (iii) The English names of the companies established in the PRC represent the best effort by the directors in translating their Chinese names as they do not have an official English names.

#### 17 INVESTMENT ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

|  | 2023<br>RMB′000       | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Beginning of the year<br>Share of profit of an associate<br>Currency translation differences | 7,496<br>2,402<br>467 | 5,366<br>2,130  |
| End of the year  | 10,365                | 7,496           |

The particulars of the Group's associate as at 31 July 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

| Name of company   | Place of<br>incorporation and<br>kind of legal entity | Principal activities<br>and place of operation  | Particulars of capital             | % of attributat<br>held indi<br>2023 |        | Measurement<br>method |
|---|---|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|-----------------------|
| VS Industry Vietnam Joint Stock<br>Company ("VS Vietnam") | Vietnam, Limited liability<br>company                 | Manufacturing and selling<br>of plastic moulded<br>products and parts,<br>assembling of<br>electronic products<br>and moulds design and<br>fabrication in Vietnam | Legal capital of<br>US\$21,291,213 | 18.74%                               | 18.74% | Equity method         |

VS Vietnam is a private company and there is no quoted market price available for its shares.

There are no contingent liabilities relating to the Group's interest in the associate.

#### 17 INVESTMENT ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD (CONTINUED)

Set out below are the summarised financial information for VS Vietnam which is accounted for using the equity method.

#### Summarised statement of financial position

|                         | 2023<br>RMB′000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Current assets          | 192,145         | 269,721         |
| Non-current assets      | 64,116          | 63,316          |
| Current liabilities     | (176,193)       | (262,631)       |
| Non-current liabilities | (24,760)        | (30,404)        |
| Net assets              | 55,308          | 40,002          |

#### Summarised statement of comprehensive income

|                            | 2023      | 2022      |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|
|                            | RMB'000   | RMB'000   |
| Revenue                    | 388,158   | 514,484   |
| Expenses                   | (375,346) | (504,773) |
| Profit for the year        | 12,812    | 9,711     |
| Other comprehensive income |           | 1,655     |
| Total comprehensive income | 12,812    | 11,366    |

Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented to the carrying amount of its interest in VS Vietnam is as follows:

| Currency translation differences2,494Total comprehensive income12,812Closing net assets55,30840, |                            | 2023<br>RMB′000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|--|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Closing net assets 55,308 40,  |                            |                 | 28,636<br>–     |
|  | Total comprehensive income | 12,812          | 11,366          |
| Effective interest in an associate 18.74% 18.7   |                            |                 | 40,002          |
| Carrying value 10,365 7,   |                            |                 | 18.74%<br>7,496 |

#### 18 INVENTORIES

Inventories included in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise:

| Inventories – net        | 8,057   | 16,445   |
|--------------------------|---------|----------|
| Provision for impairment | (9,320) | (13,014) |
| Inventories – gross      | 17,377  | 29,459   |
| Finished goods           | 12,726  | 15,339   |
| Work-in-progress         | 510     | 1,378    |
| Raw materials            | 4,141   | 12,742   |
|                          | RMB'000 | RMB'000  |
|                          | 2023    | 2022     |

During the year ended 31 July 2023, reversal of write-downs of inventories amounted to RMB399,000 (2022: write-downs of inventories to net realisable value amounted to RMB4,742,000) was recognised as an income (2022: expense) and included in "cost of sales" in the consolidated income statement.

Movements in the Group's provision for impairment of inventories are as follows:

|  | 2023<br>RMB′000  | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|--|------------------|-----------------|
| Beginning of the year<br>(Reversed of provision)/provision for impoirment for the year | 13,014           | 8,361           |
| (Reversal of provision)/provision for impairment for the year<br>Write-off             | (399)<br>(3,295) | 4,742<br>(89)   |
| End of the year  | 9,320            | 13,014          |

#### 19 CONTRACT ASSETS

|   | 2023<br>RMB'000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Contract assets – gross<br>Less: Loss allowance | -               | 598<br>(1)      |
| Contract assets – net                           |                 | 597             |

Contract assets related to sales consisted of unbilled amounts resulting from sales of goods when revenue recognised over time exceeds the amounts billed to the customers.

The carrying amounts of the contract assets are denominated in US\$.

#### 20 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

|   | 2023<br>RMB'000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Trade receivables<br>Less: Loss allowance                             | 12,346<br>(44)  | 18,465<br>(315) |
| Trade receivables – net   | 12,302          | 18,150          |
| Other receivables, deposits and prepayments                           | 13,924          | 22,877          |
| Total trade and other receivables, deposits and prepayments (current) | 26,226          | 41,027          |

Notes:

(a) Other receivables, deposits and prepayments primarily included government subsidy receivable.

(b) The ageing analysis of the Group's trade receivables by invoice date is as follows:

|                | 2023<br>RMB'000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Up to 3 months | 11,845          | 15,717          |
| 3 to 6 months  | 501             | 2,448           |
| Over 6 months  | -               | 300             |
|                | 12,346          | 18,465          |

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amounts of each class of receivables mentioned above.

(c) The carrying amounts of the trade and other receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

|      | 2023<br>RMB′000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|------|-----------------|-----------------|
|      |                 |                 |
| US\$ | 6,670           | 13,734          |
| RMB  | 18,934          | 26,550          |
| HK\$ | 622             | 743             |
|      |                 |                 |
|      | 26,226          | 41,027          |

#### 21 RESTRICTED BANK BALANCES

|   | 2023<br>RMB′000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Deposits with banks (Note (a))<br>Other restricted bank balances (Note (b)) |                 | 5,000<br>1,000  |
|   |                 | 6,000           |

Notes:

- (a) As at 31 July 2022, the deposits were pledged to banks as security for certain banking facilities and the deposits was subsequently released from restriction in September 2022. The interest rate of these pledged bank deposits ranged from 0.10% to 1.55% per annum.
- (b) As at 31 July 2022, bank balance of approximately RMB1,000,000 was restricted for a pending legal dispute with an ex-employee as ordered by the court in the PRC. The legal dispute was settled and the bank balance was subsequently released from restriction in October 2022.

#### 22 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

| 76,049 | 41,631 |
|--------|--------|
| 9,408  | 26,975 |
| 85,457 | 68,606 |
|        | 85,457 |

Note:

As at 31 July 2023, the interest rate for short term bank deposits range from 4.83% to 5.25% per annum, and is denominated in US\$ with original maturity of not more than 3 months.

#### 22 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Note: (Continued)

The carrying amounts of the cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

|      | 2023<br>RMB'000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|------|-----------------|-----------------|
| US\$ | 42,985          | 51,732          |
| RMB  | 31,239          | 16,613          |
| HK\$ | 11,233          | 261             |
|      | 85,457          | 68,606          |

The Group's cash and bank balances of RMB31,183,000 (2022: RMB16,598,000) were denominated in RMB and were deposited with banks in the PRC. The conversion of these RMB denominated balances into foreign currencies and remittance of these deposits out of the PRC is subject to the rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC government.

#### 23 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

|  | 2023<br>RMB'000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Trade payables   | 7,456           | 7,876           |
| Accrued expenses and other payables (Note (a))             | 8,329           | 11,154          |
| Payables for the purchase of property, plant and equipment | 38              | 38              |
| Contract liabilities (Note (b))                            |                 | 8,396           |
| Deposit received   | 125             | 125             |
|  |                 |                 |
| Trade and other payables                                   | 15,948          | 27,589          |

Notes:

- (a) The accrued expenses and other payables primarily include accrued staff costs, accrued transportation costs, interest payables and value-added tax payables.
- (b) Contract liabilities include receipts in advance from customers.

#### 23 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (CONTINUED)

The ageing analysis of trade payables based on invoice date is as follows:

|                    | 2023<br>RMB′000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Less than 1 month  | 3,275           | 2,910           |
| 1 to 3 months      | 3,327           | 3,284           |
| More than 3 months | 854             | 1,682           |
|                    | 7,456           | 7,876           |

The carrying amounts of the trade and other payables are denominated in the following currencies:

|      | 2023<br>RMB′000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|------|-----------------|-----------------|
| RMB  | 10,537          | 20,207          |
| US\$ | 4,167           | 5,684           |
| HK\$ | 1,244           | 1,698           |
|      | 15,948          | 27,589          |

#### 24 DEFERRED INCOME TAX

The analysis of deferred tax liabilities is as follows:

|  | 2023<br>RMB'000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Deferred tax liabilities:<br>– to be recovered after more than 12 months | (920)           | (916)           |

#### 24 DEFERRED INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

The components of deferred tax liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movement during the year are as follows:

|   | Deferred tax on<br>the impairment<br>losses of trade<br>receivables and | Withholding<br>tax on future<br>dividend income<br>from PRC |         |
|---|---|---|---------|
|   | inventories   | subsidiaries  | Total   |
|   | RMB'000   | RMB'000   | RMB'000 |
| At 1 August 2021                              | 1,027   | (2,823)   | (1,796) |
| (Charged)/credited to profit or loss (Note 9) | (1,027)   | 1,907   | 880     |
| At 31 July 2022                               |   | (916)   | (916)   |
| At 1 August 2022                              | _   | (916)   | (916)   |
| Charged to profit or loss (Note 9)            |   | (4)   | (4)     |
| At 31 July 2023                               | -   | (920)   | (920)   |

The Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets of RMB19,911,000 (2022: RMB25,029,000) in respect of tax losses amounting to RMB118,426,000 (2022: RMB124,614,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The tax losses can be carried forward against future taxable income, which will expire between 2024 and 2029 (2022: 2023 and 2028).

#### 25 SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE PREMIUM

|                                      |                               | 2023                       |                            |                               | 2022                       |                            |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
|                                      | Number of<br>shares<br>(′000) | Share<br>capital<br>(′000) | Share<br>premium<br>(′000) | Number of<br>shares<br>('000) | Share<br>capital<br>('000) | Share<br>premium<br>('000) |
| Authorised:                          |                               |                            |                            |                               |                            |                            |
| Ordinary shares of HK\$0.05<br>each  | 4,000,000                     | 200,000                    | -                          | 4,000,000                     | 200,000                    | -                          |
| Issued and fully paid:               |                               |                            |                            |                               |                            |                            |
| (RMB'000)<br>At beginning and end of |                               |                            |                            |                               |                            |                            |
| year                                 | 2,307,513                     | 105,013                    | 306,364                    | 2,307,513                     | 105,013                    | 306,364                    |

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

#### 26 OTHER DEFICITS

|  | Note | Capital<br>reserves<br>RMB'000 | Statutory<br>reserve fund<br>RMB'000 | Foreign<br>currency<br>translation<br>reserve<br>RMB'000 | Financial asset<br>at fair value<br>through other<br>comprehensive<br>income reserve<br>RMB'000 | Accumulated<br>losses<br>RMB'000 | <b>Total</b><br>RMB'000 |
|--|------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Balance at 1 August 2021   |      | 11,752                         | 61,995                               | -  | (4,498)   | (129,824)                        | (60,575)                |
| Comprehensive loss<br>Loss for the year<br>Other comprehensive loss<br>Changes in value on financial                                       |      |                                | -                                    | -  |   | (48,247)                         | (48,247)                |
| asset at fair value through other comprehensive income   | 15   | -                              | -                                    | -  | (600)   | -                                | (600                    |
| Total comprehensive loss   |      | -                              | -                                    | -  | (600)   | (48,247)                         | (48,847)                |
| Balance at 31 July 2022 and 1<br>August 2022   |      | 11,752                         | 61,995                               | _  | (5,098)   | (178,071)                        | (109,422)               |
| Comprehensive loss<br>Loss for the year<br>Other comprehensive loss<br>Changes in value on financial                                       |      | -                              | -                                    | -  | -   | (22,320)                         | (22,320                 |
| asset at fair value of minancial<br>asset at fair value through other<br>comprehensive income<br>Currency translation differences          | 15   | -                              | -<br>-                               | -<br>467   | (800)<br>-  | -<br>-                           | (800)<br>467            |
| Total comprehensive loss   |      | -                              | -                                    | 467  | (800)   | (22,320)                         | (22,653                 |
| Reclassification of statutory reverse<br>fund to accumulated loses upon the<br>derecognized of PRC subsidiaries<br>Balance at 31 July 2023 |      | -<br>11,752                    | (18)<br>61,977                       | -<br>467   | -<br>(5,898)  | 18<br>(200,373)                  | -<br>(132,075)          |

#### 27 DIVIDENDS

No dividend has been paid or declared by the Company for the years ended 31 July 2023 and 2022.

#### 28 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

There were no capital commitments outstanding at 31 July 2023 and 2022 not provided for in the consolidated financial statements.

#### 29 SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

For the purposes of the consolidated financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Group if the parties have the ability, directly or indirectly, to exercise significant influence over the Group in making financial and operating decisions. Related parties may be individuals (being members of key management personnel, significant shareholders and/or their close family members) or other entities and include entities which are under the significant influence of related parties of the Group where those parties are individuals. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control.

### (a) In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group entered into the following significant related party transactions:

|  | 2023<br>RMB′000                         | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|--|---|-----------------|
| Sales of goods to an associate   | 100000000000000000000000000000000000000 | 689             |
| Sales of goods to a company controlled by the family member of a director                                      | 77                                      | _               |
|  |   |                 |
| Sales of machineries to a company controlled by a family<br>member of a director                               | 624                                     | 538             |
| Expense relating to leases paid and payable to a company controlled by a director                              | 1,462                                   | 1,462           |
|  |   |                 |
| Technical service fee received and receivable from a company controlled by the family member of a director     | -                                       | 423             |
| Technical service fee paid and payable to a company controlled by the family member of a director              | 555                                     |                 |
|  |   |                 |
| Repair and maintenance services paid and payable to a<br>company controlled by the family member of a director | 186                                     | 315             |

The transactions described above were entered into at terms and prices mutually agreed between the relevant parties.

#### 29 SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Amounts due from related parties were detailed as follows:

|   | 2023<br>RMB′000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Amount due from a company controlled by a director<br>Amount due from a company controlled by a family member | 301             | 339             |
| of a director   | 647             |                 |
| Amount due from an associate  | -               | 324             |
|   | 948             | 663             |

Amounts due from related parties other than an associate are interest-free, unsecured and repayable on demand.

As at 31 July 2022, the entire amount due from an associate arise from trading transactions are interest-free and unsecured.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is the fair value of the above receivables.

The carrying amounts of the amounts due from related parties are denominated in the following currencies:

|             | 2023<br>RMB′000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| US\$<br>RMB | 647<br>301      | 324<br>339      |
|             | 948             | 663             |

#### 29 SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

#### (c) Amounts due to related parties were detailed as follows:

|   | 2023<br>RMB′000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Amount due to a company controlled by a family member |                 |                 |
| of a director   | _               | 38              |
| Amounts due to directors                              | 429             | 532             |
|   | 429             | 570             |

The amounts due to related parties are interest-free, unsecured and repayable on demand.

The carrying amounts of the amounts due to related parties are denominated in the following currencies:

|      | 2023<br>RMB′000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|------|-----------------|-----------------|
| RMB  | -               | 38              |
| HK\$ | 179             | 296             |
| US\$ | 250             | 236             |
|      | 429             | 570             |

#### (d) Loans from a director

As at 31 July 2023, loans from a director were unsecured, interest-bearing at the rate of 4.57% (2022: 3.03% - 4.57%) per annum and due for repayment on 30 June 2024 (2022: 30 June 2024). The carrying amount of the loans from a director approximated their fair value.

The carrying amounts of loans from a director are denominated in the following currencies:

|              | 2023<br>RMB′000  | 2022<br>RMB'000  |
|--------------|------------------|------------------|
| US\$<br>HK\$ | 21,392<br>13,716 | 20,231<br>17,182 |
|              | 35,108           | 37,413           |

#### 29 SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

#### (e) Key management personnel remuneration

The Group has not identified any person, other than the directors of the Company, having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group. Details of the remuneration of the directors of the Company are set out in Note 11.

#### 30 NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### (a) Cash generated from operations

|       | 2023                                     | 2022   |
|-------|--|--|
| Note  | RMB'000                                  | RMB'000  |
|       | (22,292)                                 | (48,308)   |
|       |  |  |
| 8     | 1,831                                    | 2,218  |
| 8     | (921)                                    | (1,056)  |
| 7     | 12,810                                   | 22,096   |
| 7     | 648                                      | 685  |
| 6     | 6,708                                    | 16,640   |
| 6     | 558                                      | 2,237  |
|       |  |  |
| 30(b) | (2,001)                                  | 4,807  |
|       |  |  |
| 6     | 4,230                                    | 8,833  |
| 7     | 27                                       | 12   |
|       | -  | (5,013)  |
|       |  |  |
|       | (2,402)                                  | (2,130)  |
|       |  |  |
|       | (399)                                    | 4,742  |
|       | (1,203)                                  | 5,763  |
|       |  |  |
|       | 8,787                                    | 3,248  |
|       | 14,773                                   | 26,220   |
|       | 598                                      | 14,446   |
|       | 339                                      | 2,409  |
|       | (141)                                    | (63)   |
|       | (9,470)                                  | (13,783)   |
|       | 13,683                                   | 38,240   |
|       | 8<br>8<br>7<br>7<br>6<br>6<br>30(b)<br>6 | Note         RMB'000           (22,292)         8           8         1,831           8         (921)           7         12,810           7         648           6         6,708           6         558           30(b)         (2,001)           6         4,230           7         27           -         (2,402)           (399)         (1,203)           8,787         14,773           598         339           (141)         (9,470) |

#### 30 NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

(b) (Gain)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets is arrived at as follows:

|  | 2023<br>RMB′000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Net book amount disposed of            | 1,294           | 12,768          |
| Amount due from a related party (Note) | (624)           | -               |
| Amount due from a third party          | _               | (7,181)         |
| Proceeds received                      | (2,671)         | (780)           |
| (Gain)/loss on disposals               | (2,001)         | 4,807           |

#### Note:

For the year ended 31 July 2023, the Group disposed of certain machineries to a related party at consideration of RMB624,000 (2022: RMB538,000).

#### (c) Liabilities from financing activities

|  | Lease<br>liabilities due<br>within 1 year<br>RMB'000 | Bank<br>borrowings<br>due within<br>1 year<br>RMB′000 | Loans from<br>a director<br>RMB'000 | <b>Total</b><br>RMB'000 |
|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| As at 1 August 2021                      | (215)  | (53,625)  | (36,005)                            | (89,845)                |
| Net cash flows – financing<br>activities | 222  | 53,625  |                                     | 53,847                  |
| Non-cash transactions                    | (7)  | _   | -                                   | (7)                     |
| Exchange difference                      | -  | -   | (1,408)                             | (1,408)                 |
| As at 31 July 2022                       |  | _   | (37,413)                            | (37,413)                |
| As at 1 August 2022                      | -  | -   | (37,413)                            | (37,413)                |
| Net cash flows – financing               |  |   | 4 477                               | 4 477                   |
| activities                               |  | _   | 4,477                               | 4,477                   |
| Exchange difference                      |  |   | (2,172)                             | (2,172)                 |
| As at 31 July 2023                       | _  | -   | (35,108)                            | (35,108)                |

#### 31 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

|   | 2023<br>RMB'000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Assets  |                 |                 |
| Financial assets at amortised cost                                |                 |                 |
| <ul> <li>Trade and other receivables and deposits</li> </ul>      | 25,995          | 39,932          |
| – Amounts due from related parties                                | 948             | 663             |
| - Restricted bank balances  | -               | 6,000           |
| – Cash and cash equivalents                                       | 85,457          | 68,606          |
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | 2,300           | 3,100           |
|   |                 |                 |
|   | 114,700         | 118,301         |
| Liabilities   |                 |                 |
| Liabilities at amortised cost                                     |                 |                 |
| <ul> <li>Trade payables and other payables</li> </ul>             | 10,252          | 10,343          |
| <ul> <li>Amounts due to related parties</li> </ul>                | 429             | 570             |
| - Loans from a director   | 35,108          | 37,413          |
|   | 45,789          | 48,326          |

| 32 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE |
|--|
|--|

|  | 2023<br>RMB′000 | 2022<br>RMB'000 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| ASSETS   |                 |                 |
| Non-current assets                                 |                 |                 |
| Investments in subsidiaries                        | 308,844         | 308,844         |
| Current assets                                     |                 |                 |
| Amounts due from subsidiaries                      | 112,275         | 117,491         |
| Cash and cash equivalents                          | 17              | 16              |
|  | 112,292         | 117,507         |
| Total assets                                       | 421,136         | 426,351         |
| EQUITY   |                 |                 |
| Capital and reserves                               |                 |                 |
| Share capital                                      | 105,013         | 105,013         |
| Share premium (Note)                               | 306,364         | 306,364         |
| Other deficits (Note)                              | (94,250)        | (87,307)        |
| Total equity attributable to owners of the Company | 317,127         | 324,070         |
| LIABILITIES  |                 |                 |
| Current liabilities                                |                 |                 |
| Other payables                                     | 1,150           | 1,522           |
| Amounts due to subsidiaries                        | 102,859         | 100,759         |
| Total liabilities                                  | 104,009         | 102,281         |
| Total equity and liabilities                       | 421,136         | 426,351         |

#### 32 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

Note:

Equity movement of the Company

|   | Contributed<br>surplus<br>RMB'000<br>(Note) | Accumulated<br>losses<br>RMB'000 | Total<br>RMB'000 |
|---|---|----------------------------------|------------------|
| Balance at 1 August 2021<br>Comprehensive loss                  | 148,621                                     | (229,473)                        | (80,852)         |
| Loss for the year   | _   | (6,455)                          | (6,455)          |
| Balance at 31 July 2022 and 1 August 2022<br>Comprehensive loss | 148,621                                     | (235,928)                        | (87,307)         |
| Loss for the year   | -   | (6,943)                          | (6,943)          |
| Balance at 31 July 2023   | 148,621                                     | (242,871)                        | (94,250)         |

Notes:

Share premium and contributed surplus

- (a) Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account and contributed surplus account of the Company are distributable to the shareholders provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.
- (b) Pursuant to a reorganisation, the Company became the holding company of the Group on 20 January 2002. The excess of the consolidated net assets represented by the shares acquired over the nominal value of shares issued by the Company in exchange under the reorganisation was transferred to contributed surplus. In the consolidated financial statements, capital reserves represents the difference between (a) the nominal value of shares of the subsidiaries acquired; and (b) the nominal value of the shares issued by the Company in exchange under the reorganisation of the Group on 20 January 2002.

## **Corporate Information**

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

*Executive Directors* Beh Kim Ling *(Chairman)* Beh Chern Wei *(Managing Director)* Zhang Pei Yu *(Beh Hwee Sze as his alternated Director)* 

Independent non-executive Directors Tang Sim Cheow Diong Tai Pew Fu Xiao Nan Wan Mohd Fadzmi

#### AUDIT COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD

Tang Sim Cheow *(Chairman of the Audit Committee)* Diong Tai Pew Fu Xiao Nan

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD**

Fu Xiao Nan *(Chairman of the Remuneration Committee)* Tang Sim Cheow Beh Kim Ling

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD

Diong Tai Pew (Chairman of the Nomination Committee) Tang Sim Cheow Beh Chern Wei

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ng Ting On, Polly

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

#### PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

40th Floor, Jardine House 1 Connaught Place Central, Hong Kong

#### PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

#### HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

#### LEGAL ADVISERS AS TO HONG KONG LAWS

Chiu & Partners 40th Floor, Jardine House 1 Connaught Place Central, Hong Kong

#### AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants and Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor 22nd Floor, Prince's Building Central, Hong Kong

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

United Overseas Bank (China) Limited Malayan Banking Berhad Hong Kong Branch Industrial & Commercial Bank of China Ltd.

#### **SUBSIDIARIES**

V.S. International Industry Limited V.S. Holding Vietnam Limited Energy Ally Global Limited Vistra Corporate Services Central Wickhams Cay II, Road Town, Tortola VG1110, British Virgin Islands

#### **Corporate Information**

V.S. Corporation (Hong Kong) Co., Limited VSA Holding Hong Kong Co., Limited V.S. Industry Holding Limited RM4018, 40/F, Jardine House 1 Connaught Place Central, Hong Kong Tel. No: (852) 2511 9002 Fax No: (852) 2511 9880

V.S. Technology Industry Park (Zhuhai) Co., Ltd.
V.S. Industry (Zhuhai) Co., Ltd.
VSA Electronics Technology (Zhuhai) Co., Ltd.
V.S. ECO-TECH (Zhuhai) Co., Ltd.
V.S. Industrial Product Design (Zhuhai) Co., Ltd.
Zhuhai Deyuan Energy Conservation Technology Company Limited
Beisha Village, Tangjia Wan Town
Xiangzhou District
519085 Zhuhai
Guangdong Province
The People's Republic of China
Tel. No: (86) 756 6295 888
Fax No: (86) 756 3385 691/681

#### ASSOCIATED COMPANY

VS Industry Vietnam Joint Stock Company Quevo Industrial Park, Vanduong Commune Quevo District Bacninh Province Vietnam Tel. No: (84) 241 3634 300 Fax No: (84) 241 3634 308

## **Group Property**

#### MAJOR PROPERTY HELD FOR OWN USE

| Location  | Existing<br>use | Term of<br>lease | Group's<br>interest<br>(%) |
|---|-----------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| Outside Hong Kong   |                 |                  |                            |
| Phase I, II, III, IV, V and VI of an industrial<br>complex situated at Beisha Village<br>Tangjia Wan Town<br>Xiangzhou District<br>Zhuhai<br>Guangdong Province<br>The People's Republic of China | Industrial      | Medium           | 100                        |

# Five Years Summary

|  | 2023<br>RMB′000    | 2022<br>RMB'000      | 2021<br>RMB'000       | 2020<br>RMB'000       | 2019<br>RMB'000       |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Results  |                    |                      |                       |                       |                       |
| Revenue  | 76,443             | 121,401              | 256,196               | 482,327               | 649,092               |
| Operating loss   | (23,784)           | (49,276)             | (3,933)               | (23,126)              | (107,427)             |
| Finance costs – net<br>Share of profit of an associate | (910)<br>2,402     | (1,162)<br>2,130     | (5,705)<br>4,447      | (10,263)<br>–         | (14,181)<br>–         |
| Loss before income tax<br>Income tax (expense)/credit  | (22,292)<br>(28)   | (48,308)<br>61       | (5,191)<br>(421)      | (33,389)<br>(335)     | (121,608)<br>(554)    |
| Loss for the year                                      | (22,320)           | (48,247)             | (5,612)               | (33,724)              | (122,162)             |
| Attributable to:<br>Owners of the Company              | (22,320)           | (48,247)             | (5,612)               | (33,724)              | (122,162)             |
| Assets and liabilities                                 |                    |                      |                       |                       |                       |
| Non-current assets<br>Current assets                   | 211,019<br>120,688 | 235,198<br>133,338   | 297,697<br>194,259    | 334,774<br>294,566    | 403,190<br>324,402    |
| Total assets   | 331,707            | 368,536              | 491,956               | 629,340               | 727,592               |
| Current liabilities<br>Non-current liabilities         | (51,485)<br>(920)  | (28,252)<br>(38,329) | (102,326)<br>(38,828) | (230,584)<br>(42,042) | (311,314)<br>(24,940) |
| NET ASSETS   | 279,302            | 301,955              | 350,802               | 356,714               | 391,338               |
| Share capital  | 105,013            | 105,013              | 105,013               | 105,013               | 105,013               |
| Reserves   | 174,289            | 196,942              | 245,789               | 251,701               | 286,325               |
| TOTAL EQUITY   | 279,302            | 301,955              | 350,802               | 356,714               | 391,338               |
| Loss per share<br>Basic                                | (0.97) cent        | (2.09) cents         | (0.24) cent           | (1.46) cents          | (5.29) cents          |
| Diluted  | (0.97) cent        | (2.09) cents         | (0.24) cent           | (1.46) cents          | (5.29) cents          |